



(incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability) Stock Code: 8001

CHARACTERISTICS OF THE GROWTH ENTERPRISE MARKET ("GEM") OF THE STOCK EXCHANGE OF HONG KONG LIMITED (THE "STOCK EXCHANGE")

GEM has been positioned as a market designed to accommodate companies to which a higher investment risk may be attached than other companies listed on the Stock Exchange. Prospective investors should be aware of the potential risks of investing in such companies and should make the decision to invest only after due and careful consideration. The greater risk profile and other characteristics of GEM mean that it is a market more suited to professional and other sophisticated investors.

Given the emerging nature of companies listed on GEM, there is a risk that securities traded on GEM may be more susceptible to high market volatility than securities traded on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange and no assurance is given that there will be a liquid market in the securities traded on GEM.

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This report, for which the directors (the "Directors") of Orient Securities International Holdings Limited (the "Company") collectively and individually accept full responsibility, includes particulars given in compliance with the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the GEM (the "GEM Listing Rules") for the purpose of giving information with regard to the Company. The Directors, having made all reasonable enquiries, confirm that to the best of their knowledge and belief the information contained in this report is accurate and complete in all material respects and not misleading or deceptive, and there are no other matters the omission of which would make any statement herein or this report misleading.

CONTENTS

	Page
Corporate Information	2
Chairman's Statement	3
Management Discussion and Analysis	5
Corporate Governance Report	10
Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management	21
Report of Directors	24
Independent Auditor's Report	33
Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income	35
Consolidated Statement of Financial Position	36
Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity	37
Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows	38
Notes to the Financial Statements	39
Financial Summary	82



CORPORATE INFORMATION

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

Mr. Lam Shu Chung (Chairman)
Ms. Fung Yuk Chun Emily

Mr. Chu Sung Hei

Ms. Lee Nga Ching

Independent non-executive Directors

Mr. Choy Sze Chung Jojo

Mr. Lee Siu Leung

Mr See Lee Seng Reason

AUTHORISED REPRESENTATIVES

Mr. Lam Shu Chung

Mr. Law Fei Shing

AUDIT COMMITTEE MEMBERS

Mr. Lee Siu Leung (Chairman)

Mr. Choy Sze Chung Jojo

Mr. See Lee Seng Reason

NOMINATION COMMITTEE MEMBERS

Mr. Lee Siu Leung (Chairman)

Mr. Choy Sze Chung Jojo

Mr. See Lee Seng Reason

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE MEMBERS

Mr. Lee Siu Leung (Chairman)

Mr. Choy Sze Chung Jojo

Mr. See Lee Seng Reason

COMPLIANCE OFFICER

Mr. Chu Sung Hei

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. Law Fei Shing, AICPA, HKICPA (Practising)

AUDITOR

BDO Limited Certified Public Accountants 25/F, Wing On Centre 111 Connaught Road Central

Hong Kong

COMPLIANCE ADVISER

Altus Capital Limited 21 Wing Wo Street

Central

Hong Kong

REGISTERED OFFICE

Codan Trust Company (Cayman) Limited Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive PO Box 2681, Grand Cayman

KY1-1111, Cayman Islands

HEADQUARTERS AND PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

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PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Codan Trust Company (Cayman) Limited

Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive

PO Box 2681, Grand Cayman

KY1-1111 Cayman Islands

HONG KONG BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Tricor Investor Services Limited Level 22, Hopewell Centre

183 Queen's Road East

Hong Kong

PRINCIPAL BANKERS

Chong Hing Bank Limited

Chong Hing Bank Centre

24 Des Voeux Road Central

Hong Kong

STOCK CODE

8001

WEBSITE OF THE COMPANY

www.orientsec.com.hk

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

Dear Shareholders,

On behalf of the board of Directors (the "Board") of the Company, I am delighted to present to you the annual report of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively the "Group") for the year ended 31 December 2015.

REVIEW

In the 2015 financial year, the Group achieved an increase in turnover of approximately HK\$8.3 million or 19.3% to approximately HK\$51.7 million compared with the 2014 financial year. Such growth was mainly attributable to the increase in commission income on brokerage services of approximately HK\$7.0 million, and the interest income from money lending service, a new business segment commenced during the year, of approximately HK\$2.5 million. In line with such increase and in the absence of listing expense, the profit before tax is increased by approximately HK\$9.1 million to HK\$ 32.2 million, respresenting an increase of approximately 39.5% as compared the 2014 financial year.

From the liquidity perspective, the Directors and senior management are of the view that the current working capital level is adequate to operate the current business at the current scale. The Group did not have any loan from financial institution at the moment.

The Directors and senior management will review the working capital level on an on-going basis in order to maximise the return to shareholders. At the same time, we are mindful of the regulatory reporting and compliance requirements, and will continue to keep abreast of their development in additional to change of general business environment.

OUTLOOK

Going forward, besides developing the brokerage service and underwriting and placing service by utilising the resources and opportunities available at the moment and in future time, including but not limited to potential Shenzhen-Hong Kong Stock Connect program, the Group will additionally focus on money lending business which we have just started in 2015 as mentioned above. The Directors and senior management are of the view that money lending business has a better yield as compared to margin financing services. Comparatively, the prospect of money lending business is also better than the brokerage service and underwriting and placing service given that the global economic environment and interest rate is uncertain in the coming year. The new money lending services will help the Group to diversify and generate another source of income for the Group.

At the same time, the Group will seek to minimise credit risk exposure. The Directors and the senior management will continue to adopt a prudent approach in assessing and reviewing new and existing customers' portfolios and keep the outstanding balances of individual customers at a minimum level.



CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

Looking ahead, in order to maximise returns to our shareholders over the longer term, the Group will also keep seeking and developing new business strategies and plans for expanding its core businesses, including provision of new services and products to customers.

On behalf of the Board, I would like to take this opportunity to express my sincere gratitude to the Group's shareholders, bankers, customers and business partners for their continuous support, and to our management and staff members for their diligence, dedication and contribution to the growth of the Group.

On behalf of the Board,

Lam Shu Chung *Chairman and Executive Director*

Hong Kong, 24 March 2016



BUSINESS REVIEW AND OUTLOOK

The Group is principally engaged in the provision of (i) brokerage service; (ii) underwriting and placing service; (iii) margin financing service; and (iv) money lending service. During 2015, the Group commenced the money lending business and kept developing the securities-related services by exploring opportunities available under the existing risk management framework.

Given that the global economic environment and interest rate movement are uncertain, revenue from securities-related services may be adversely affected. Even so, the Group is now positioned to have an option to divert resources to the money lending business with a view to maximize the returns to shareholders. Apart from the money lending business, and after having evaluated the Group's business objectives as stated in the Prospectus, the Group and the Directors considered that no modification of the business objectives or the business plans as stated in the Prospectus is required.

FINANCIAL REVIEW

Revenue

The Group's revenue is mainly generated from (i) commission income from the brokerage service; (ii) commission income from the underwriting and placing service; (iii) interest income from the margin financing service; and (iv) interest income from the money lending service.

The total revenue for 2015 was approximately HK\$51.7 million (2014: HK\$43.4 million) which represents a HK\$8.3 million or 19.3% growth compared with 2014. Such growth was attributable to (i) a net increase of approximately HK\$5.2 million in commission income from the brokerage service and from the underwriting and placing service; and (ii) the interest income of approximately HK\$2.5 million from money lending service. The increase in commission income from the brokerage service was in line with the increase in the trading volume under the Main Board and GEM of the Stock Exchange in 2015. And the interest income from money lending service was a new source of revenue commenced in 2015.

	2015	2014
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Commission income from brokerage services	20,804	13,832
Commission income from underwriting and placing service	20,449	22,208
Interest income from margin financing service	7,945	7,316
Interest income from money lending service	2,526	_
Total	51,724	43,356



MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Other income

The total other income for 2015 was approximately HK\$0.3 million (2014: HK\$0.2 million) which represents a 43.1% growth compared with 2014.

	2015 HK\$'000	2014 HK\$'000
Interest income from bank deposits and employee's loan	62	49
Sundry income	250	169
Total	312	218

Staff costs

Staff costs is a major expense item of the Group which accounted for approximately 54.0% of the total expenses of the Group for 2015 (2014: 38.6%). The total staff costs for 2015 was approximately HK\$10.7 million (2014: HK\$7.9 million) and represented an increase of approximately HK\$2.8 million or 35.6% compared with 2014. The increase was mainly attributable to the increase in staff salaries and allowances by HK\$1.7 million which was due to recruitment of additional staff to support the operations, plus the increase in discretionary bonus. In addition, the commission paid to staff was also increased by approximately HK\$0.6 million which was in line with the increase in the Group's income from brokerage services. As at 31 December 2015, the Group had a total of 32 employees including Directors (2014: 27).

	2015	2014
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Commission paid to staff	1,045	397
Directors' emoluments	2,348	1,981
Staff salaries and allowances	6,860	5,118
Other staff costs including MPF and insurance	459	409
Total	10,712	7,905



Administrative expenses

Administrative expenses accounted for approximately 45.9% of the total expenses of the Group for 2015 (2014: 42.0%). The total administrative expenses for 2015 was approximately HK\$9.1 million (2014: HK\$8.6 million) and represents an increase of HK\$0.5 million. Such increase was mainly attributable to the increase in stock information subscription fees and CCASS charges which was in line with the increase in the Group's income from brokerage services.

	2015 HK\$'000	2014 HK\$'000
Rent and rates and management fee for office	3,547	3,598
Stock information subscription fees and CCASS charges	2,071	1,772
Legal and professional fees, listing and compliance fees of the Company	1,400	1,419
Other office expenses excluding staff costs	2,081	1,823
Total	9,099	8,612

Finance costs

The total finance costs were HK\$23,000 in 2015 (2014: HK\$76,000) and the decrease was due to the cancellation of one of the credit facility which was available in 2014. The Group did not draw down on the standby credit facility in 2015.

Income tax expense

The income tax expense for 2015 was approximately HK\$6.1 million (2014: HK\$5.2 million) and such growth was consistent with the increase in profits assessable under Hong Kong Profits tax.

Profit for the year

The Group recorded a net profit attributable to equity shareholders of approximately HK\$26.1 million (2014: HK\$17.9 million) and represents a growth of HK\$8.2 million or 45.6%. Such growth was due to the increase in total revenue of approximately HK\$8.4 million or 19.3% and the absence of listing expenses in 2015 compared with 2014.



MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

COMPARISON BETWEEN BUSINESS OBJECTIVES AND ACTUAL BUSINESS PROGRESS

As set out in the Prospectus of the Group, the overall business objective of our Group is to become a prominent player in the securities brokerage industry in Hong Kong with a focus on our brokerage service, underwriting and placing service, and financing service. The Group plans to achieve this objective by expanding the financing service and developing the underwriting and placing service of the Group.

Business Objectives as stated in the Prospectus

Expanding finance services

31 December 2015

Actual Business Progress during the year ended

During the year ended 31 December 2015, to continue the practice of 2014, in order to manage the risk by not heavily rely on a single customer or single securities, the Group generally did not grant much loans with high principals and long duration. As customers usually repaid outstanding amount within a short period of time, the interest income did not grow as much as we would have anticipated.

The number of customers was similar to 2014 and there were over 870 active cash and margin securities accounts as reported pursuant to Securities and Futures (Financial Resources) Rules (Cap 571N) ("active securities accounts") at the end of 2015. In line with the overall increase in trading volume in the Stock Exchange's Main Board and GEM, the relevant commission income from brokerage services has increased by HK\$7.0 million or 50.4%.

Saved as disclosed in the "Business Review" section, except for the revenue from brokerage service may be affected due to global economic environment and trading volume fluctuation, the Directors do not envisage material change in business risk in brokerage and financing services.

During the year ended 31 December 2015, the Group participated in provision of underwriting and placing services of larger scale. The commission income from underwriting and placing services decreased by HK\$1.8 million or 7.9%. Such decrease was mainly due to the number of placing transactions attractive to the Group was not as many as in 2014.

As underwriting and placing transactions are non-recurring, the Group will continue to identify suitable customers for this service by sourcing customers while being vigilant of changes in market trends and needs.

Developing underwriting and placing services

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

LIQUIDITY, FINANCIAL RESOURCES AND CAPITAL STRUCTURE

During the year ended 31 December 2015, the Group financed its operations by cash flow from operating activities. As at 31 December 2015, the Group had net current assets of approximately HK\$232.6 million (2014: HK\$246.9 million), including cash of approximately HK\$180.3 million (2014: HK\$121.3 million). The current ratio, being the ratio of current assets to current liabilities, was approximately 3.1 times as at 31 December 2015 (2014: 3.9 times). The drop in the current ratio was mainly attributable to the lower balances of trade receivables in 2015 compared to 2014.

The capital of the Group comprises only ordinary shares. Total equity attributable to owners of the Company amounted to approximately HK\$273.8 million as at 31 December 2015 (2014: HK\$247.7 million).

EMPLOYEE INFORMATION

Total remuneration for the year ended 31 December 2015 (including directors' emoluments and commission paid to staff and directors excluding MPF contributions) was approximately HK\$10.2 million (2014: HK\$7.5 million). Such increase was mainly due to the increase in staff salaries and allowances and commission paid to staff as mentioned under the Staff Costs section above. The Group's remuneration policies are formulated on the basis of performance, qualifications and experience of individual employee and make reference to the prevailing market conditions. Our remuneration packages comprise monthly fixed salaries and discretionary year-end bonuses based on individual performance, which are paid to employees as recognition of, and reward for, their contributions.

CHARGES ON THE GROUP'S ASSETS

The Group did not have any charge arranged with any financial institution in Hong Kong in 2015 (2014: Nil).

FOREIGN EXCHANGE EXPOSURE

The revenue and business costs of the Group were principally denominated in Hong Kong dollars, and as such the exposure to the risk of foreign exchange rate fluctuations for the Group was minimal. Hence, no financial instrument for hedging was employed.

CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

No material contingent liability had come to the attention of the Directors in 2015 and up to the date of results announcement and annual report issuance of the Company.

EVENT AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

Up to the date of this report, there was no significant event relevant to the business or financial performance of the Group that come to the attention of the Directors after the year ended 31 December 2015.



Pursuant to Rule 18.44 of the GEM Listing Rules, the Board is pleased to present this corporate governance report for the year ended 31 December 2015. This report highlights the key corporate governance practices of the Company.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

The Group is committed to promoting high standards of corporate governance. The Directors of the Company believe that sound and reasonable corporate governance practices are essential for the growth of the Group and for safeguarding the shareholders' interests and the Group's assets.

The Company's corporate governance practices are based on the principles and code provisions as set out in the Corporate Governance Code (the "CG Code") in Appendix 15 of the GEM Listing Rules. Throughout the year ended 31 December 2015 and up to the date of this report, to the best knowledge of the Board, the Company has complied with all the code provisions set out in the CG Code, save for the deviation as mentioned in the following section headed "Chairman and Chief Executive Officer" in this report.

DIRECTORS' SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has adopted Rules 5.48 to 5.67 of the GEM Listing Rules as the code of conduct for dealing in securities of the Company by the Directors (the "Required standard of Dealing"). Having made specific enquiries of all the Directors, each of them have confirmed that they have complied with the Required Standard of Dealings throughout the year ended 31 December 2015. No incident of non-compliance was noted by the Company during the year.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Composition of the Board

Up to the date of this annual report, the Board comprises seven directors, including four executive Directors and three independent non-executive Directors. Details of their composition by category are as follows:

Executive Directors

Mr. Lam Shu Chung (Chairman)

Ms. Fung Yuk Chun Emily

Mr. Chu Sung Hei

Ms. Lee Nga Ching

Independent non-executive Directors

Mr. Choy Sze Chung Jojo

Mr. Lee Siu Leung

Mr. See Lee Seng Reason

The biographical details of the Directors of the Company are set out under the section headed "Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management" in this report.

The updated list of Directors and their role and function are published at the GEM website and the Company's website (www.orientsec.com.hk).

The Company has arranged for appropriate insurance cover in respect of legal action against the Directors since 18 February 2014.

Independent non-executive Directors

In compliance with Rules 5.05(1) and (2), and 5.05A of the GEM Listing Rules, the Company has appointed three independent non-executive Directors representing more than one-third of the Board, and with at least one of them possessing the appropriate professional qualifications or accounting or related financial management expertise. The independent non-executive Directors, together with the executive Directors, ensure that the Board prepares its financial and other mandatory reports in strict compliance with the relevant standards. The Company has received an annual confirmation of independence from each of the independent non-executive Directors and believes that their independence is in compliance the Rule 5.09 of the GEM Listing Rules.

The Board

The Board has the responsibility for leadership and control of the Group. They are collectively responsible for promoting the success of the Group by directing and supervising the Groups' affairs. The Board is accountable to shareholders for the strategic development of the Group with the goal of maximizing long-term shareholder value, while balancing broader stakeholder interests. The Board has delegated the day-to-day responsibility to the Executive Directors and senior management of the Company who meet on a regular basis to review the financial results and performance of the Group and make financial and operational decisions for the implementation of strategies and plans approved by the Board. The Board also communicates with shareholders and regulatory bodies and makes recommendations to shareholders on final dividends and the declaration of any interim dividend.

Board Meetings and Attendance

The Board meets in person or through other electronic means of communication to determine overall strategic direction and objectives and approve quarterly, interim and annual results, and other significant matters. The Board held 9 meetings during the year ended 31 December 2015. Individual attendance records of each Director at the respective Board and committee meetings are set out in the table on page 16 of this report.

The Board meets regularly on a quarterly basis. Notice of at least 14 days is given to all Directors for a regular Board meeting. Apart from the regular Board meetings of the year, the Board also meets on other occasions when a Board-level decision on a particular matter is required. For such, reasonable notice is generally given. All Directors have full and timely access to all relevant information as well as the advice and services of the Company Secretary, senior management and Compliance Officer who are responsible for ensuring the compliance of the Company with the GEM Listing Rules and advising the Board on compliance matters. Directors are also provided with access to independent professional advice, where necessary, in carrying out their obligations as Directors of the Company. Any Directors and their associates who are considered to have conflict of interests or material interests in the proposed transactions or issues to be discussed in the Board meetings shall abstain from voting on the relevant resolutions and are not to be counted in the quorum at meetings.



At least 3 days (or such other period as agreed in advance) before each Board meeting, a draft agenda is sent out to all Directors in order to allow the Directors to include any other matters in the agenda that are required for discussion and resolution in the meeting. To enable the Directors to make informed decisions, Board papers together with all appropriate and relevant information in relation to the matters of the meeting are sent to all Directors 3 days or such other period as agreed before each Board meeting such that the Directors have sufficient time to review the related documents and be adequately prepared for the meeting.

The Company Secretary is responsible to keep minutes of all Board meetings and committees meetings. Draft minutes are normally circulated to all Directors for comments within a reasonable time after each meeting and the final versions are open for Directors' inspection.

Relationships between the Board

There was no financial, business, family or other material relationship among the Directors. The biographical details of each of the Directors are set out in the section headed "Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management" of this annual report.

Directors' Continuing Professional Development Programme

Each Director receives comprehensive and formal induction and orientation to ensure he/she adequately understand the operations and business of the Group. The Company also provided detailed director's responsibilities and obligations statement pursuant to the GEM Listing Rules for the Director to review and study. In addition, materials in relation to regularly update on latest development in relation to the GEM Listing Rules, other applicable regulatory requirements and the Group's business and governance policies (the "Reading Materials in relation to Continuous Professional Developments") were circulated to the Directors. Continuing briefings and seminars for the directors will be arranged as necessary. The Directors are encouraged to participate in continuous professional developments to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills periodically.

During the year ended 31 December 2015 the Directors participated in the continuous professional developments in the following manner:

Name	Reading Materials in relation to Continuous Professional Developments	Attending seminars/ courses/conferences in relation to Continuous Professional Developments	
Executive Directors			
Mr. Lam Shu Chung	✓		
Ms. Fung Yuk Chun Emily	✓	✓	
Mr. Chu Sung Hei	✓	✓	
Ms. Lee Nga Ching	✓	✓	
Independent non-executive Directors			
Mr. Choy Sze Chung Jojo	✓	✓	
Mr. Lee Siu Leung	✓	✓	
Mr. See Lee Seng Reason	✓	✓	

CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER ("CEO")

The Company has not yet adopted A.2.1 of the CG Code. Pursuant to A.2.1 of the CG Code, the roles of Chairman and CEO should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual. The division of responsibilities between the Chairman and CEO should be clearly established and set out in writing.

Mr. Lam Shu Chung is the Chairman of the Board and is responsible for formulation of corporate strategy, overseeing the management of the Group and business development. The Chairman also takes the lead to ensure that the Board works effectively and acts in the best interest of the Company by encouraging the Directors to make active contributions to the Board's affairs and promoting a culture of openness and debate.

The Company has no such position as the CEO and therefore the daily operation and management of the Company is monitored by the executive Directors as well as the senior management.

The Board is of the view that although there is no CEO, the balance of power and authority is ensured by the operation of the Board, which comprises experienced individuals who would meet from time to time to discuss issues affecting operation of the Company and the Group.

APPOINTMENT AND RE-ELECTION OF DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

Each of Mr. Lam Shu Chung, Ms. Fung Yuk Chun Emily and Mr. Chu Sung Hei, being all the executive Directors, has entered into a service agreement with the Company on 25 March 2013 for an initial fixed term of three years commencing from 15 January 2014 (the "Listing Date") and shall continue thereafter until terminated by either party by giving 3 months' notice in writing to the other.

Ms. Lee Nga Ching, the executive Directors has entered into a service agreement with the Company for an initial fixed term of three years commencing from 8 June 2015 and shall continue thereafter until terminated by either party by giving 3 months' notice in writing to the other.

Each of these executive Directors is entitled to the respective director's fee. In addition, each of the executive Directors is also entitled to a discretionary bonus determined by the Board.



Independent non-executive Directors

Each of Mr. Choy Sze Chung Jojo, Mr. Lee Siu Leung and Mr. See Lee Seng Reason, the independent non-executive Directors has entered into a letter of appointment with our Company on 25 March 2013. Each letter of appointment is for a term of 3 years commencing from the Listing Date and 9 January 2015 respectively, provided that either our Company or our independent non-executive Directors may terminate such appointment at any time by giving at least three months' notice in writing to the other. Each of our independent non-executive Directors is entitled to a director's fee. Our independent non-executive Directors are entitled to receive a discretionary bonus to be determined by our Board in its absolute discretion in respect of each financial year of our Company.

In accordance with the articles 84 of the Articles, one-third of the Directors are subject to retirement by rotation or, if their number is not three or a multiple of three, then the number nearest to but not less than one-third shall retire from the office and being eligible offer themselves for re-election provided that every Director shall be subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years. The Directors to be retired by rotation shall be those who have been longest in office since their last appointment or re-appointment.

BOARD COMMITTEES

The Board has established the Audit Committee, the Nomination Committee and the Remuneration Committee in order to maintain high standard of corporate governance of the Company.

Audit Committee

The Audit Committee has been established with written terms of reference in compliance with Rules 5.28 and 5.29 of the GEM Listing Rules and code provision C.3.3 of the CG Code. The Audit Committee currently comprises three independent non-executive Directors and is chaired by Mr. Lee Siu Leung. The other members are Mr. Choy Sze Chung Jojo and Mr. See Lee Seng Reason.

The primary duty of the Audit Committee are mainly to make recommendations to the Board on the appointment, re-appointment and removal of external auditor to approve their remuneration and terms of engagement, to review and monitor the external auditor's independence and objectivity and effectiveness of the audit process in accordance with applicable standards, to review the financial statements and material advice in respect of financial reporting; and oversee financial reporting system, internal control and risk management systems of the Group and the monitor continuing connected transactions. All members of the Audit Committee are appointed by the Board.

The Audit Committee has met its responsibilities to review the Group's quarterly reports for the three months and nine months ended 31 March 2015 and 30 September 2015 respectively, interim report for the six months ended 30 June 2015 and the Group's audited annual results for the year ended 31 December 2015 and provided advice and comments thereon. The Audit Committee also made recommendations to the Board and the management of the Company in respect of the Group's financial reporting and internal control procedures.

The Audit Committee held 5 meetings during the year ended 31 December 2015. Individual attendance records of each member of the Audit Committee are set out in the table on page 16 of this report.

Nomination Committee

The Nomination Committee has been established with written terms of reference in compliance with code provision A.5.2 of the CG Code. The Nomination Committee currently comprises three independent non-executive Directors and is chaired by Mr. Lee Siu Leung. The other members are Mr. Choy Sze Chung Jojo and Mr. See Lee Seng Reason.

The primary duties of the Nomination Committee are to review the structure, size and composition of the Board on regular basis; identify individuals suitably qualified to become Board members, to access the independence of the independent non-executive Directors and to make recommendations to the Board on relevant matters relating to the appointment or re-appointment of Directors. All members of the Nomination Committee are appointed by the Board.

During the financial year, the Nomination Committee reviewed and discussed the structure, size and composition of the Board and determined the policy for the nomination of Directors. The Nomination Committee is responsible for identifying potential directors, reviewing the credentials of the potential director base on his/her qualifications, skills, experience, credibility and reputation. Once the Nomination Committee confirmed the potential director(s) is/are qualified to be the Director(s) and his/her appointments are in the interests of the Company and the Shareholders as a whole, it will make recommendations to the Board for approval. The Nomination Committee held 5 meetings during the year ended 31 December 2015. Individual attendance records of each member of the Nomination Committee are set out in the table on page 16 of this report.

Remuneration Committee

The Remuneration Committee has been established with written terms of reference in compliance with code provision B.1.1 of the CG Code. The Remuneration Committee currently comprises three independent non-executive Directors and is chaired by Mr. Lee Siu Leung. The other members are Mr. Choy Sze Chung Jojo and Mr. See Lee Seng Reason.

The primary duty of the Remuneration Committee is to review and make recommendations to the Board on the remuneration policy and other remuneration related matters, including benefits-in-kind and other compensation payable to the Directors and senior management and to ensure none of the Directors determine their own remuneration. All members of the Remuneration Committee are appointed by the Board.

During the year ended 31 December 2015, the Remuneration Committee determined the policy for the remuneration of executive Directors, assessed the performance of executive Directors and approved the terms of executive Director's services contracts. The Remuneration Committee adopted the model which is described in the code provision B.1.2 (c) (ii) of the CG Code and Report, it makes recommendations to the Board on the remuneration packages of individual executive Directors and senior management. The Remuneration Committee held 5 meetings during the year ended 31 December 2015. Individual attendance records of each member of the Remuneration committee are set out in the table on page 16 of this report.



Directors' Attendance Record at Meetings

Details of the attendance of the Directors at the meetings of the Board and its respective committees during the year ended 31 December 2015 are as follows:

		Audit	Nomination	Remuneration	
	Board	Committee	Committee	Committee	General
	Attended/Eligible Attended/Eligi	Meeting	Meeting	Meeting	Meeting
Name of Director		Attended/Eligible	Attended/Eligible to attend	Attended/Eligible to attend	Attended/Eligible to attend
		o attend to attend			
Executive Directors					
Mr. Lam Shu Chung	8/9	N/A	N/A	N/A	1/1
Ms. Fung Yuk Chun Emily	9/9	N/A	N/A	N/A	1/1
Mr. Chu Sung Hei	8/9	N/A	N/A	N/A	1/1
Ms. Lee Nga Ching (Appointed on 8 June 2015)	3/5	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Non-executive Director					
Mr. Lum Pak Sum (Resigned on 1 July 2015)	4/5	N/A	N/A	N/A	1/1
Independent non-executive Directors					
Mr. Choy Sze Chung Jojo	6/9	4/5	4/5	5/5	1/1
Mr. Lee Siu Leung	8/9	4/5	5/5	5/5	1/1
Mr. See Lee Seng Reason	9/9	5/5	5/5	5/5	1/1
Dr. Fong Ping Wah (Appointed on 9 January 2015 and resigned on 14 July	2015) 5/6	2/2	2/3	2/2	1/1

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE FUNCTION

The Board is responsible for performing the corporate governance duties in accordance with code provision D.3.1 to the CG Code which are included to develop and review the Company policies and practices on corporate governance, to review and monitor the training and continuous professional development of Directors and senior management of the Company, the issuer's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements and reviewing the issuer's compliance with the CG Code and disclosure in the Corporate Governance Report.

During the year ended 31 December 2015, the Board has performed the corporate governance duties stated in code provision D.3.1 of the CG Code.

NON-COMPETITION UNDERTAKING

Pursuant to the Deed of Non-competition entered into among Mr. Lam Shu Chung ("Mr. Lam") and Time Era Limited ("Time Era") have agreed to and undertaken with the Company (for itself and on behalf of its subsidiaries) that for so long as the Deed of Non-competition remains in effect, other than through the Group and subject as provided below, he/it will not and will procure that none of his/its associates will, engage or be interested, directly or indirectly, in any business which may be in any aspect in competition with or similar to the businesses as may from time to time be carried on by the Group in Hong Kong (other than, in respect of Mr. Lam and Time Era, as a holder of not more than 5% of the issued shares or stock of any class or debentures of any company listed on any recognised stock exchange). Mr. Lam and Time Era have further agreed to and undertaken with our Company (for itself and on behalf of its subsidiaries) that Mr. Lam and Time Era will, jointly and severally, indemnify and keep indemnified our Group against any damage, loss or liability suffered by our Group arising out of or in connection with any breach of covenants and undertakings and/or any of the obligations of Mr. Lam and Time Era under the Deed of Non-competition, including any costs and expenses incurred as a result of such breach.

The Deed of Non-competition remains effective in relation to Mr. Lam so long as the Shares are listed and traded on GEM or other recognised stock exchanges and Mr. Lam,

- (i) is a Director;
- (ii) is a shareholder (whether directly or indirectly) of Time Era for so long as Time Era holds (whether directly or indirectly) 30% or more of the issued Shares (for the avoidance of doubt, this condition (ii) shall be inapplicable in the event Time Era holds (whether directly or indirectly) less than 30% of the issued Shares); and
- (iii) together with his associates, holds or has control (directly or indirectly) in 5% or more of the issued Shares.

As stated in the paragraph headed "DISPOSAL OF SHARES BY MR. LAM SHU CHUNG AND CHANGE IN SHAREHOLDING OF A SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDER" in the Report of Directors, Mr. Lam had ceased to be a shareholder of Time Era and a substantial shareholder of the Company (as defined in the GEM Listing Rules) and does not have any shareholding interest in the Company since 30 September 2015, the Deed of Non-competition ceases to have effect.

The Company has received a confirmation from Mr. Lam that each of Mr. Lam and Time Era confirmed that other than their respective interests in our Group, none of them is engaged in, or interested in any business which, directly or indirectly, competes or may compete with the business of our Group during the period from 1 January 2015 to 30 September 2015.

The Independent Non-Executive Directors reviewed the compliance with the non-competition undertaking of Mr. Lam and Time Era under the Deed of Non-competition during the period from 1 January 2015 to 30 September 2015. No incident of non-compliance was noted by the Company and the Independent Non-Executive Directors during the period from 1 January 2015 to 30 September 2015.

Mr. Lam remains as an Executive Director and Chairman of the Group, and is therefore under director obligation and shall not engage or interested in any business which competes or may compete with the business of the Group.



EMOLUMENTS TO THE DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

The emoluments paid to the 9 (2014: 7) Directors and 3 (2014: 5) senior management whose details are disclosed in the section headed "Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management" were within the following bands:

	2015	2014
Nil to HK\$1,000,000	12	12

AUDITOR AND THEIR REMUNERATION

For the year ended 31 December 2015, remuneration paid and payable to the auditor of the Group (the "Auditor") are approximately HK\$420,000 (2014: HK\$500,000) for audit services. There was no significant non-audit service provided by the auditor of the Group for the year.

Director's Acknowledgement

The Directors acknowledge their responsibility for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements which give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group. The Directors are not aware of any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions which may cast significant doubt upon the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

Auditor's Statement

The statement of the Auditor about their reporting responsibilities on the Company's financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2015 is set out in the section "Independent Auditor's Report" of this report.

Financial Reporting

The Management has provided to all Directors quarterly updates with quarterly consolidated financial statement of the Company's performance, position and prospects in sufficient details during the regular Board meetings. In addition, the Management has provided all members of the Board, in a timely manner, updates on any material changes to the performance, position and prospects of the Company and sufficient information for matters brought before the Board. The Management will spare no effort to provide all members of the board with more detailed and promptly monthly updates giving a balanced and understandable assessment of the issuer's performance, position and prospects in sufficient detail in coming future.

Compliance with Relevant Laws and Regulations

The Group recognises the importance of compliance with regulatory requirements and the risk of non-compliance with relevant requirements could lead to adverse impact on business operation and financial position of the Group.

The Board as a whole is responsible to ensure the Group is in compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the Group. To the best of knowledge of the Board, the Group has complied with relevant laws and regulations during the year ended 31 December 2015.

INTERNAL CONTROL

The Board has overall responsibilities for the establishment and maintenance of an adequate and effective internal control system to safeguard the Group's assets against unauthorized use or disposition, and to protect the interests of the shareholders of the Company. During the year ended 31 December 2015, a review of the effectiveness of the Group's internal control systems was conducted and the results were summarized and reported to the Audit Committee and the Board. The Board will continue to assess the effectiveness of internal controls by considering reviews performed by the audit committee and executive management.

The Group has engaged external auditors to conduct independent internal control review for the year ended 31 December 2015 and the review is completed up to the latest practicable date.

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. Law Fei Shing has been engaged by the Company as its external company secretary. Its primary contact person at the Company is Ms. Fung Yuk Chun Emily, executive director of the Company.

Mr. Law Fei Shing joined the Company on 12 February 2009 on a part-time basis and has been the Company Secretary since 25 March 2013. The biographical details of the Company Secretary are set out under the section headed "Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management" of this annual report. In accordance with the Rule 5.15 of the GEM Listing Rule, the Company Secretary has taken no less than 15 hours of relevant professional training during the year ended 31 December 2015.

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHT

Procedures for the Shareholders to convene an extraordinary general meeting

Pursuant to article 58 of the Articles of Association of the Company, any one or more members holding at the date of deposit of the requisition not less than one-tenth of the paid up capital of the Company carrying the right of voting at general meetings of the Company shall at all times have the right, by written requisition to the Board or the Secretary of the Company, to require an extraordinary general meeting (the "EGM") to be called by the Board for the transaction of any business specified in such requisition.

Such meeting shall be held within two (2) months after the deposit of such requisition. If within twenty-one (21) days of such deposit the Board fails to proceed to convene such meeting the requisitionist(s) himself (themselves) may do so in the same manner, and all reasonable expenses incurred by the requisitionist(s) as a result of the failure of the Board shall be reimbursed to the requisitionist(s) by the Company.



Procedures for the Shareholders to put their enquiries to the board

The Company endeavor to maintain two way communications with the Shareholders through various channels. The Shareholders are encouraged to send their enquiries about the Group to the Company's email at info@orientsec.com. hk or by mail to the principle address of the Company at Rooms 2801-04, 28/F., Dah Sing Financial Centre, No. 108 Gloucester Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong. All the enquiries are dealt with in a timely manner. The Shareholders are also encouraged to attend annual general meeting (the "AGM") and EGM of the Company and to put their enquiries to the Board directly. Notices are duly being circulated to the Shareholders in order to ensure each Shareholder is informed to attend the AGM and the EGM. The Chairman of the Board, chairmen of each of the Remuneration Committee, Nomination Committee and Audit Committee and the senior management attend the aforesaid meetings and respond proactively to the Shareholders' enquiries. The detailed procedures for conducting a poll are set out in the proxy forms and will be explained by the chairmen of the AGM and EGM orally in the beginning of the aforesaid meetings.

Procedures for putting forward proposals by Shareholders at Shareholders' meetings

Shareholders may include a resolution to be considered at an EGM. The requirements and procedures are set out above in the paragraph headed "Procedures for the Shareholders to convene an extraordinary general meeting".

INVESTOR RELATIONS

The Company believes that maintaining a high level of transparency is a key to enhance investor relations. It is committed to a policy of open and timely disclosure of corporate information to its shareholders and investment public.

The Company strengthens its communications with shareholders and investors through various channels including publication of interim and annual reports, press releases and announcements regarding the latest developments of the Company in its corporate website at www.orientsec.com.hk at a timely manner.

CONSTITUTIONAL DOCUMENTS

Pursuant to Rule 17.102 of the GEM Listing Rules, the Company has published on the respective websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company its Memorandum and Articles of Association. During the year ended 31 December 2015, there had not been any changes in the Company's constitutional documents.



EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Lam Shu Chung (林樹松), aged 59, is an Executive Director and the Chairman of the Company. He was appointed as a Director on 5 January 2009 and re-designated as an Executive Director on 12 February 2009. He is responsible for the formulation of corporate strategy, overseeing the management and business development. Further, Mr. Lam has been a director of Orient Securities Limited since July 2004 and has been responsible for overseeing the company's management and business development. Mr. Lam has about 22 years of experience in the Hong Kong financial market, ranging from the field of securities brokerage, foreign exchange to foreign banking.

Ms. Fung Yuk Chun Emily (馮玉珍), aged 46, was appointed as an Executive Director on 4 April 2011. She joined the Group in 2000. Ms. Fung has approximately 12 years of experience in the securities brokerage industry. Ms. Fung has been a director of Orient Securities Limited (formerly known as TradingGuru.com Securities Limited) since 2000. Ms. Fung is responsible for overseeing the general administration, human resources and operating system development of the Group. Ms. Fung completed the certificate programme for company secretaries (Part I) from the Hong Kong Management Association in August 2004.

Mr. Chu Sung Hei (朱崇希), aged 57, has been a Responsible Officer of Orient Securities Limited to carry on Type 1 (dealing in securities) and Type 4 (advising on securities) regulated activities under the SFO since March 2010. He joined the Group in 2009. Mr. Chu was appointed as an Executive Director on 26 February 2013. He possesses over 16 years of experience in securities and fund management business from January 1988 to September 2008. He is responsible for business operations, compliance of the Group, supervising Licensed Representatives in carrying out regulated activities and the Group's internal control. Mr. Chu obtained a bachelor's degree in commerce and a master's degree in business administration from the University of Windsor in 1981 and 1982 respectively.

Ms. Lee Nga Ching (李雅貞), aged 38, was appointed as an Executive Director on 8 June 2015. She obtained a bachelor's degree in Business Administration in Accounting from City University of Hong Kong in 2004. She also obtained certificates of the Insolvency Preparatory I and II courses in 2005 and 2007 respectively. Ms. Lee possesses over 11 years of experience in financial due diligence, fraud and bribery investigations, internal control and insolvency administrations. She was employed by different institution, such as Baker Tilly Hong Kong, BDO McCabe Lo Limited, John Lees & Associates Limited, Kroll Associates (Asia) Limited and The Red Flag Group. The roles and responsibility of Ms. Lee are (i) to participate in the formation of corporate strategy and policy of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively, the "Group"); (ii) to oversee business operation and financial performance of the Group; and (iii) to ensure adequate internal control and risk management procedures and compliance with relevant legislation, rules and quidelines of the Group.



BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Choy Sze Chung Jojo (蔡思聰), aged 56, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 18 March, 2010. Mr. Choy has about 20 years of experience in the securities brokerage industry and business management. Mr. Choy is a director and responsible officer of National Resources Securities Limited, a company licensed to carry on Type 1 (dealing in securities), Type 4 (advising on securities) and Type 9 (asset management) regulated activities under the SFO. He was also admitted by the Institute of Public Accountants, one of the three legally recognized professional bodies for accountants in Australia, as a fellow member on 1 April 2015.

Mr. Choy is the vice-chairman of the Institute of Securities Dealers Limited. He is also a fellow of the Hong Kong Institute of Directors, a fellow member of Institute of Financial Accountants, a fellow member of Institute of Public Accountants, a fellow member of the Institute of Compliance Officers, a member of Society of Registered Financial Planners, a member of the Election Council for Hong Kong Deputies to the 12th National People's Congress of the People's Republic of China and a member of the 12th Shantou Committee of Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference. In December 2011, Mr. Choy was elected as a member of 4th term Chief Executive Election Committee of Hong Kong.

Mr. Choy was an independent non-executive director of Wison Engineering Services Co. Ltd. (Stock Code: 2236), the shares of which are listed on the Stock Exchange, for the period from November 2012 to September 2013.

Currently, he is an independent non-executive director of Chengdu Putian Telecommunications Cable Company Limited (Stock Code: 1202), Zhaojin Mining Industry Company Limited (Stock Code: 1818), Sparkle Roll Group Limited (Stock Code: 0970) and Luye Pharma Group Ltd. (Stock Code: 2186), all of which are listed companies in Hong Kong.

Mr. Lee Siu Leung (李兆良), aged 49, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 18 March 2010. Mr. Lee has about 26 years of accounting experience. Mr. Lee obtained a bachelor's degree in social sciences from The University of Hong Kong in 1989. Mr. Lee is a certified public accountant (practising) and a fellow member of The Association of Chartered Certified Accountants. He is also certified as an associate of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales in 2008, an associate of The Institute of Chartered Secretaries and Administrators in 2004, an associate of the Hong Kong Institute of Company Secretaries in 2004 and an associate of The Taxation Institute of Hong Kong in 1996.

Mr. See Lee Seng Reason (史理生), aged 57, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 26 February 2013. Mr. See has over 32 years of experience in the finance and investment profession covering securities and commodities dealing, direct investment, portfolio management and corporate finance. Mr. See obtained a master's degree of science in corporate governance and directorship from the Baptist University Hong Kong in 2006. Currently, Mr. See is the Vice Chairman of Corporate Governance and Directorship (HKBU) Society. He is also a committee member of the council of the Hong Kong Securities Professionals Association.



SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Mr. Wong Kwan Lok (黃君諾), aged 37, joined the Group in 2004 and is currently a senior vice president. Mr. Wong mainly focuses on sales and marketing and assists in business development. Mr. Wong has been licensed with SFC since 1998 and has been a Licensed Representative since joining Orient Securities Limited in 2004. He possesses over 12 years of experience in the securities brokerage industry and is licensed to carry on Type 1 regulated activity (dealing in securities). Mr. Wong was employed by Young Champion Management Services Limited (now known as Success International Management Services Limited) as a dealer of Young Champion Securities Limited for the period from November 2000 to September 2004.

Mr. Lau Wai Man (劉偉文**)**, aged 51, joined the Group in 2008 and is currently a Responsible Officer. He is a licensed person since August 1995. Mr. Lau is responsible for supervising in-house account executives in carrying out regulated activities. Mr. Lau possesses over 17 years of experience in the securities brokerage industry and his work experience includes acting as a sales representative, floor trader and account executive in various securities brokerage companies since 1995.

Mr. Law Fei Shing (羅輝城), aged 56, is the company secretary of the Company. He was appointed as company secretary of the Company on 12 February 2009 on a part-time basis. He is responsible for overseeing the company secretary functions of the Company. Mr. Law graduated from the Hong Kong Polytechnic (now known as Hong Kong Polytechnic University) in 1985. He is a member of American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA), an associate member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (HKICPA) and a practising certified public accountant in Hong Kong.



The Directors are pleased to present their report and the audited consolidated financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively, the "Group") for the year ended 31 December 2015.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The Company was incorporated and registered as an exempted company with limited liability on 5 January 2009 under the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands.

The principal activities of the Group are the provision of its (i) brokerage service; (ii) underwriting and placing service; (iii) securities and initial public offering financing service and (iv) money lending service.

BUSINESS REVIEW

A review of the Group's business during the year and a discussion on the Group's future development are provided in the Chairman's Statement. An analysis of the Group's performance during the year and a description of possible risks and uncertainties that the Group may be facing can be found under Management Discussion and Analysis. Also, the financial risk factors and capital management of the Group can be found in note 35 and note 38 to the consolidated financial statements, respectively. In addition, discussions on the Group's environmental policies and performance, key relationships with its employees, customers and suppliers are contained in the Directors' Report. The Group's compliance with relevant laws and regulations which have a significant impact on the Group are contained in the Corporate Governance Report.

RESULTS

The Group's results for the year ended 31 December 2015 and the financial position of the Group at that date are set out in the consolidated financial statements from pages 35 to 81 of this annual report.

The Directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend for the year.

FINANCIAL SUMMARY

A summary of the results and of the assets and liabilities of the Group for the past five years is set out in the section headed "Financial Summary" on page 82 of this annual report. The summary does not form part of the audited consolidated financial statements.

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of movements in the Group's property, plant and equipment during the year are set out in note 16 to the consolidated financial statements.

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Company's Articles of Association or the laws of the Cayman Islands, the jurisdiction in which the Company was incorporated, which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro rata basis to existing Shareholders.

RESERVES

Details of movements in the reserves of the Company and the Group during the year are set out in note 27 to the consolidated financial statements and in the consolidated statement of changes in equity, respectively.

DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES

As at 31 December 2015, the Company's reserves available for distribution to the Shareholders amounted to approximately HK\$84,180,000.

USE OF PROCEEDS

Among the net proceeds of approximately HK\$58.2 million from the placing transaction conducted in October 2014, up to the latest practicable date for the purpose of this report, approximately HK\$6.8 million has been used as general working capital of the Group, comprising (i) approximately HK\$4.7 million as Directors' remuneration and salary payment, and (ii) approximately HK\$2.1 million as compliance and professional fee including auditors' remuneration. In addition, HK\$50.0 million was lent to a wholly-owned subsidiary for conducting money lending business. The remaining balance of approximately HK\$1.4 million is kept in the Company's bank account and the Directors intend to utilize such remaining balance as general working capital of the Group as stated in the announcement of the Company dated 29 September 2014.

CHARITABLE DONATIONS

During the year, no charitable donations were made by the Group (2014: Nil).

DIRECTORS

The Directors of the Company during the year ended 31 December 2015 and up to the date of the report were:

Executive Directors

Mr. Lam Shu Chung (Chairman)

Ms. Fung Yuk Chun Emily

Mr. Chu Sung Hei

Ms. Lee Nga Ching (Appointed on 8 June 2015)

Non-executive Director

Mr. Lum Pak Sum (Resigned on 1 July 2015)

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. Choy Sze Chung Jojo

Mr. Lee Siu Leung

Mr. See Lee Seng Reason

Dr. Fong Ping Wah (Appointed on 9 January 2015 and resigned on 14 July 2015)

In accordance with articles 83(3) and 84 (1) of the Company's Articles of Association, Ms. Lee Nga Ching, Mr. Choy Sze Chung Jojo and Mr. See Lee Seng Reason will retire as Directors by rotation and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting (the "AGM").

BOARD OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Biographical information of Directors and senior management of the Group are set out from pages 21 to 23 of this annual report.



DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

Executive Directors have entered into service contracts with the Company for an initial term of three years and be thereafter continuous unless and until (i) the termination by either party thereto giving no less than three months' prior written notice; or (ii) the Director not being re-elected as a Director in accordance with the Articles of Association of the Company.

The non-executive Director and Independent Non-executive Directors are appointed for a fixed term of three years and either party may terminate such appointment at any time by giving at least three months' notice in writing to the other.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN CONTRACTS

Save as disclosed above and in notes 31 and 32 to the financial statements, no Director had material interest, either directly or indirectly, in any contract of significance to the business of the Group to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries was a party during the year.

MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

No contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company were entered into or existed during the year.

EMOLUMENT POLICY

The remuneration committee was established for reviewing and determining the remuneration and compensation packages of the Directors with reference to their responsibilities, workload, the time devoted to the Group and the performance of the Group. The Directors may also receive options to be granted under a share option scheme. The Company has conditionally adopted a share option scheme. The details of the share option scheme are set out in the paragraph headed "Share Option Scheme" below.

Details of the emoluments of the Directors and the five highest paid individuals of the Group are set out in note 15 to the consolidated financial statements.

INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS OF THE DIRECTORS AND CHIEF EXECUTIVES OF THE COMPANY IN THE SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES OF THE COMPANY OR ANY ASSOCIATED CORPORATION

As at 31 December 2015, none of the Directors or chief executives of the Company (the "Chief Executives") had any interests or short positions in the Shares, underlying Shares or debentures of the Company or any associated corporation (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO"))) as recorded in the register required to be kept under section 352 of the SFO, or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the required standard of dealings by directors of listed issuer as referred to in rule 5.46 of the GEM Listing Rules (the "Required Standard of Dealings").

INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS OF SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS OF THE COMPANY IN THE SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES

As at 31 December 2015, so far as is known to the Directors and the Chief Executives and based on the public records filed on the website of the Stock Exchange and records kept by the Company, the interests and short positions of the persons or corporations (other than the Directors and the Chief Executives) in the Shares or underlying Shares as recorded in the register required to be kept under section 336 of the SFO were as follows:



Name	Capacity/Nature of interests	Number of share held	Approximate percentage of issued share capital (Note 3)
Time Era Limited (Note 1)	Beneficial interest	75,000,000	20.83%
Mr. Guo Jinkun (Note 1)	Interest of controlled corporation	75,000,000	20.83%
Ms. Shen Rongfang (Note 2)	Family interest	75,000,000	20.83%

Notes:

- 1. 75,000,000 Shares are owned by Time Era Limited, the entire issued share capital of which is legally and beneficially owned by Mr. Guo Jinkun ("Mr. Guo"). Therefore, Mr. Guo is deemed to be interested in the shares held by Time Era Limited by virtue of Time Era Limited being controlled by Mr. Guo.
- 2. Ms. Shen Rongfang is the spouse of Mr. Guo. Under the SFO, Ms. Shen Rongfang is deemed, or taken to be interested in all the shares in which Mr. Guo is interested.
- 3. The percentage is calculated on the basis of 360,000,000 shares of the Company in issue as at 31 December 2015.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2015, there was no person or corporation (other than the Directors and the Chief Executives) who had any interest or short position in the Shares or underlying Shares as recorded in the register of interests required to be kept by the Company under section 336 of the SFO.

OTHER INTERESTS DISCLOSEABLE UNDER THE SFO

Save as disclosed above, so far as is known to the Directors, there was no other person who had interest or short position in the Shares and underlying Shares that is discloseable under section 336 of the SFO.

RIGHTS TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

Save as disclosed under the paragraphs headed "INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS OF THE DIRECTORS AND CHIEF EXECUTIVES OF THE COMPANY IN THE SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES OF THE COMPANY OR ANY ASSOCIATED CORPORATION" and "SHARE OPTION SCHEME" in this report, at no time during the year ended 31 December 2015 was the Company or any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangements to enable the Directors to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of Shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate.

Save as disclosed above, at no time during the year ended 31 December 2015 had the Directors and the Chief Executives (including their spouses and children under 18 years of age) any interest in, or been granted, or exercised any rights to subscribe for the Shares (or warrants or debentures, if applicable) and its associated corporations (within the meaning of the SFO).



PURCHASE, REDEMPTION OF LISTED SECURITIES OF THE COMPANY

During the year ended 31 December 2015, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries had purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities.

SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The share option scheme enables the Company to grant options to any full-time or part-time employee of the Company or any member of the Group (the "Eligible Participant") as incentives or rewards for their contributions to the Group, the Company conditionally adopted a share option scheme (the "Scheme") on 19 December 2013 whereby the Board are authorised, at their absolute discretion and subject to the terms of the Scheme, to grant options to subscribe for the shares of the Company to the Eligible Participant. The Scheme will be valid and effective for a period of ten years commencing from the date of adoption of the Scheme which shall last until December 2023.

As at the date of this report, the total number of shares available for issue under the Scheme is 30,000,000 shares, representing 8.33% of the issued share capital of the Company.

Upon acceptance of an option to subscribe for shares granted pursuant to the Scheme (the "Option"), the Eligible Participant shall pay HK\$1.00 to the Company by way of consideration for the grant. The Option will be offered for acceptance for a period of 28 days from the date on which the Option is granted. The subscription price for the shares subject to Options will be a price determined by the Board and notified to each participant and shall be the highest of: (i) the closing price of the shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheet on the date of grant of the Options, which must be a day on which trading of shares take place on the Stock Exchange (the "Trading Day"); (ii) the average closing price of the shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheets for the 5 Trading Days immediately preceding the date of grant of the Options; and (iii) the nominal value of a share. For the purpose of calculating the subscription price, in the event that on the date of grant, the Company has been listed on the Stock Exchange for less than 5 Trading Days, the placing price shall be used as the closing price for any Trading Day falling within the period before the Listing Date. The Company shall be entitled to issue options, provided that the total number of shares which may be issued upon exercise of all options to be granted under the Scheme does not exceed 10% of the shares in issue from the Listing Date.

The Company may at any time refresh such limit, subject to the shareholders' approval and issue of a circular in compliance with the GEM Listing Rules, provided that the total number of shares which may be issued upon exercise of all outstanding options granted and yet to be exercised under all the share option schemes of the Company does not exceed 30% of the shares in issue at the time. The maximum number of shares in respect of which options may be granted to any individual in any 12-month period shall not exceed 1% of the shares in issue on the last date of such 12-month period unless approval of the shareholders of the Company has been obtained in accordance with the GEM Listing Rules. An option may be exercised in accordance with the terms of the Scheme at any time during a period as the Board may determine which shall not exceed ten years from the date of grant subject to the provisions of early termination thereof.

As at the date of this report and since the adoption of the Scheme, no share option has been granted by the Company.



REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS, SENIOR MANAGEMENT AND FIVE INDIVIDUALS WITH HIGHEST EMOLUMENTS

Details of the emoluments of the Directors, senior management and five individuals with highest emoluments are set out in note 15 to the consolidated financial statements.

COMPETING INTERESTS

The Directors are not aware of any business that they themselves are currently conducting or is being conducted by connected or related parties during the year.

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

During the year ended 31 December 2015, the Company monitored brokerage and margin financing transactions with (i) each of the executive Director, and (ii) two shareholders of the ultimate holding company (until 30 September 2015) of the Company. Since the applicable ratios of the aggregated annual caps of brokerage services and margin financing services for each of them is less than 5% and less than HK\$3,000,000, these transactions fall within the exemption under Rule 20.74(1) of the GEM Listing Rules and no reporting, announcement and independent shareholders' approval are required. Further information for income generated from brokerage and financing services for the aforesaid parties is set out in notes 31 and 32 to the consolidated financial statements.

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

During the year ended 31 December 2015, the largest customer of the Group contributes approximately 17% of the revenue of the Group. The total revenue of the 5 largest customers accounted for 46% of the revenue of the Group.

As far as the Directors aware, neither the Director nor their associates nor any shareholder (which to the knowledge of Directors own more than 5% of the Company's issued share capital) had any interest in these 5 largest customers of the Group.

Due to the nature of the Group's business activities, the Group has no suppliers.

CONFIRMATION OF INDEPENDENCE

The Company has received from each of the independent non-executive Directors an annual confirmation of independence pursuant to Rule 5.09 of the GEM Listing Rules and considers all the Independent Non-executive Directors to be independent.

INTEREST OF COMPLIANCE ADVISER

As notified by Altus Capital Limited ("Altus"), the Company's compliance adviser, neither Altus nor any of its directors or employees or associates had any interest in the share capital of the Company or any member of the Group (including options or rights to subscribe for such securities) as at 31 December 2015.



FINAL DIVIDEND

The Directors do not recommend the payment of a final dividend for the year ended 31 December 2015.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Board is of the view that the Company has met the code provisions set out in the Corporate Governance Code and Corporate Governance Report contained in Appendix 15 to the GEM Listing Rules. A report on the principal corporate governance practices adopted by the Company is set out from pages 10 to 20 of this annual report.

DISPOSAL OF SHARES BY MR. LAM SHU CHUNG AND CHANGE IN SHAREHOLDING OF A SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDER

On 30 September 2015, Mr. Lam Shu Chung ("Mr. Lam", the Chairman and an executive director of the Company), Mr. Lam Shing Wan ("Mr. SW Lam") and Mr. Wong Kwan Lok ("Mr. Wong") entered into a sale and purchase agreement pursuant to which Mr. Lam, Mr. SW Lam and Mr. Wong agreed to sell their respective 75%, 15% and 10% equity interest in Time Era Limited to Mr. Guo Jinkun (the "Purchaser"), who is a third party independent of the Group (as defined in the GEM Listing Rules), at a total consideration of HK\$80,000,000 (the "Sale").

As at 30 September 2015, Time Era Limited held 75,000,000 shares of the Company, representing approximately 20.83% of the issued share capital of the Company.

Following the Sale, Mr. Lam had ceased to be a substantial shareholder of the Company (as defined in the GEM Listing Rules) and does not have any shareholding interest in the Company. The Purchaser thereby becomes a substantial shareholder of the Company. Details of the disposal of shares by Mr. Lam and change in shareholding of a substantial shareholder are set out in the announcement of the Company dated 30 September 2015.

NON-COMPETITION UNDERTAKING

Details of Non-Competition Undertaking of Mr. Lam Shu Chung and Time Era Limited under the Deed of Non-competition during the period from 1 January 2015 to 30 September 2015 are set out in the paragraph headed "Non-Competition Undertaking" in the Corporate Governance Report of this annual report.

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and to the knowledge of the Directors, at least 25% of the Company's total issued share capital was held by the public as at the date of this report.

ENVIRONMENTAL POLICIES AND PERFORMANCES

As a supporter of environmental protection, the Group strives for efficient and effective use of energy and resources in operation and management level of the Group. Energy conservation is a priority under environmental protection and energy-saving devices are used when applicable to reduce power consumption. To enhance environmental awareness and encourage daily participation among the staff, there are recommendations to them to reduce energy wastage including:

- 1) Lights and electronic appliances in office premise will be turned off when not in use.
- 2) Every staff will turn off the power for each department's computers, photocopy machines, printers and facsimile machines when they are off duty or on leave.
- 3) Other than formal documents that require the use of papers, each department is advised to handle documents electronically. When the use of paper is required, double-sided printing or using recycle paper is recommended except for formal and confidential documents.

KEY RELATIONSHIPS WITH EMPLOYEES

Human resources are the most valuable asset of the Group. Developing and retaining talents are vital to our success.

The Group is committed to providing them with a safe, pleasant and healthy working environment. The Group rewards and recognises employees by competitive remuneration package and promote career development and progression by providing opportunities for career advancement.

In addition, each department of the Group is responsible for determining its training needs for employee in its department and any suggested applicable training courses either arranged internally or by external service providers shall be submitted to the senior management of the Group for approval. Knowledge, skills and capacities of employees are vital to continuous business growth and success of the Group. The Group strives to ensure that all employees can fulfill the relevant job requirements in terms of education, training, technical and work experience.

KEY RELATIONSHIPS WITH CUSTOMERS

The Group has over 870 active securities accounts and money borrowers at the end of 2015.

In order to maintain relationships with customers, various means have been established to strengthen the communications between the customers including direct conservation to promote investment opportunities and invitation to casual business development events. In addition, the Group will continue to develop the customer base by utilising the network we have and referrals from existing customers.

KEY RELATIONSHIPS WITH SUPPLIERS

The Group does not have any supplier during 2015 and up to the date of this report.

AUDITORS

CCIF CPA Limited has retired and ceased to act as the auditors of the Company with effect from the conclusion of the annual general meeting of the company held on 19 May 2015.

BDO Limited has been appointed as the auditors of the Company with effect from 21 July 2015 to fill the casual vacancy following the retirement of CCIF CPA Limited and to hold office until the conclusion of the next annual general meeting of the Company.



The consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2015 have been audited by the Company's auditor, BDO Limited, who shall retire and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-appointment at the AGM. A resolution for the re-appointment of BDO Limited as auditor of the Company will be proposed at the AGM.

On behalf of the board

Lam Shu Chung Chairman

Hong Kong, 24 March 2016

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF ORIENT SECURITIES INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS LIMITED

(incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Orient Securities International Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (together the "Group") set out on pages 35 to 81, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2015, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITY

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit. This report is made solely to you, as a body, in accordance with the terms of our engagement, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

OPINION

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2015 and of its financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

BDO Limited
Certified Public Accountants
Au Yiu Kwan
Practising Certificate Number P05018

Hong Kong, 24 March 2016



		2015	2014
	Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Revenue	6	51,724	43,356
Other income	7	31,724	218
Employee costs	9	(10,712)	(7,905
Administrative expenses		(9,099)	(8,612
Finance costs	10	(23)	(76
Listing expenses		_	(3,901
Profit before income tax	11	32,202	23,080
Income tax expense	12	(6,097)	(5,150
Profit for the year, attributable to owners of the Company		26,105	17,930
Other comprehensive income for the year		_	_
Total comprehensive income for the year,			
attributable to owners of the Company		26,105	17,930
Earnings per share for profit attributable to			
owners of the Company for the year			
— Basic and diluted (HK cents)	14	7.25	5.78



CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

As at 31 December 2015

		2015	2014
	Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
ASSETS AND LIABILITIES			
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	16	242	105
Other assets	17	957	700
Loan receivables	20	39,980	_
		41,179	805
Current assets			
Trade receivables	19	52,234	145,809
Loan receivables	20	7,282	_
Prepayments, deposits and other receivables	21	1,307	1,44
Trust bank balances held on behalf of clients	22	100,171	62,26
Cash and cash equivalents	23	180,299	121,299
		341,293	330,816
Current liabilities			
Trade payables	24	105,177	80,720
Accruals and other payables	25	1,226	1,08
Tax payables		2,254	2,10
		108,657	83,91
Net current assets		232,636	246,905
Net assets		273,815	247,710
EQUITY			
Equity attributable to owners of the Company			
Share capital	26	3,600	3,600
Reserves	27	270,215	244,110
Total equity		273,815	247,710

On behalf of the Board

Lam Shu Chung
Director

Fung Yuk Chun Emily

Director



	Equity a	ttributable to	owners of th	e Company	
	Share	Share	Merger	Retained	
	capital	premium	reserve	profits	Total
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	(note 26)	(note 27)	(note 27)		
At 1 January 2014	_	_	8	132,658	132,666
Profit for the year	_	_	_	17,930	17,930
Other comprehensive income					_
Total comprehensive income for the year	_	_	_	17,930	17,930
Issuance of new shares by way of placing	1,350	102,450	_	_	103,800
Share issue expenses		(6,686)		_	(6,686
Capitalisation issue	2,250	(2,250)	_	_	_
At 31 December 2014 and 1 January 2015	3,600	93,514*	8*	150,588*	247,710
Profit for the year	_			26,105	26,105
Other comprehensive income	_				
Total comprehensive income for the year	_			26,105	26,105
At 31 December 2015	3,600	93,514*	8*	176,693*	273,815

^{*} These reserve accounts comprise the consolidated reserves of HK\$270,215,000 (2014: HK\$244,110,000) in the consolidated statement of financial position.



CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the year ended 31 December 2015

		2015	2014
	Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Cash flows from anarating assisting			
Cash flows from operating activities Profit before income tax		32,202	23,080
Adjustments for:		32,202	23,080
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	11	181	86
Interest income	7	(62)	(49
Operating profit before working capital changes		32,321	23,117
(Increase)/Decrease in other assets		(257)	557
Decrease/(Increase) in trade receivables		93,575	(39,472
Increase in loan receivables		(47,262)	_
Decrease in prepayments, deposits and other receivables		134	3,616
Increase in trust bank balances held on behalf of clients		(37,904)	(35
Increase in trade payables		24,457	1,57!
Increase/(Decrease) in accruals and other payables		142	(26.
Cash generated from/(used in) operations		65,206	(11,22
Hong Kong profits tax paid		(5,950)	(5,03
Interest received		62	49
Net cash generated from/ (used in) operating activities		59,318	(16,205
Cash flows from investing activities			
Purchases of property, plant and equipment		(318)	(84
		(5.15)	(2
Net cash used in investing activities		(318)	(84
Cash flows from financing activities			
Proceeds from issuance of shares upon listing		_	45,000
Proceeds from issuance of shares by way of placing		_	58,800
Transaction costs directly attributable to the issuance of sh	ares	_	(6,68
Net cash generated from financing activities		_	97,114
			22.22
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		59,000	80,82
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		121,299	40,474
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	23	180,299	121,29



1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Orient Securities International Holdings Limited (the "Company") was incorporated and registered as an exempted company with limited liability on 5 January 2009 under the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands and acts as an investment holding company. Its shares were listed on the Growth Enterprise Market ("GEM") of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") on 15 January 2014. The address of its registered office is Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive, P.O. Box 2681, Grand Cayman, KY1-1111, Cayman Islands and its principal place of business is Room 2801-2804, 28th Floor, Dah Sing Financial Centre, No.108 Gloucester Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong.

The Company and its subsidiaries (together the "Group") are principally engaged in the provision of:

- brokerage services
- underwriting and placing services
- securities, initial public offering financing services
- money lending services
- investment holding

2. ADOPTION OF HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs")

2.1 Adoption of new/revised HKFRSs — effective 1 January 2015

HKFRSs (Amendments)

Annual Improvements 2010-2012 Cycle
HKFRSs (Amendments)

Annual Improvements 2011-2013 Cycle

The adoption of these amendments has no material impact on the Group's financial statements.



For the year ended 31 December 2015

2. ADOPTION OF HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs")

2.2 New and revised HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective

The following new/revised HKFRSs, potentially relevant to the Group's financial statements, have been issued, but are not yet effective and have not been early adopted by the Group.

HKFRSs (Amendments)

Annual Improvements 2012-2014 Cycle¹

Amendments to HKAS 1 Disclosure Initiative¹

Amendments to HKAS 16 Clarification of Acceptable Methods of Depreciation

and HKAS 38 and Amortisation¹ HKFRS 9 (2014) Financial Instruments²

HKFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers²

¹ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016

² Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018

Amendments to HKAS 1 — Disclosure Initiative

The amendments are designed to encourage entities to use judgement in the application of HKAS 1 when considering the layout and content of their financial statements.

An entity's share of other comprehensive income from equity accounted interests in associates and joint ventures will be split between those items that will and will not be reclassified to profit or loss, and presented in aggregate as a single line item within those two groups.

Amendments to HKAS 16 and HKAS 38 — Clarification of Acceptable Methods of Depreciation and Amortisation

The amendments to HKAS 16 prohibit the use of a revenue-based depreciation method for items of property, plant and equipment. The amendments to HKAS 38 introduce a rebuttable presumption that amortisation based on revenue is not appropriate for intangible assets. This presumption can be rebutted if either the intangible asset is expressed as a measure of revenue or revenue and the consumption of the economic benefits of the intangible asset are highly correlated.

HKFRS 9 (2014) — Financial Instruments

HKFRS 9 (2014) introduces new requirements for the classification and measurement of financial assets. Debt instruments that are held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets in order to collect contractual cash flows (the business model test) and that have contractual terms that give rise to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding (the contractual cash flow characteristics test) are generally measured at amortised cost. Debt instruments that meet the contractual cash flow characteristics test are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income if the objective of the entity's business model is both to hold and collect the contractual cash flows and to sell the financial assets. Entities may make an irrevocable election at initial recognition to measure equity instruments that are not held for trading at fair value through other comprehensive income. All other debt and equity instruments are measured at fair value through profit or loss.



2. ADOPTION OF HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs")

2.2 New and revised HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective (Continued)

HKFRS 9 (2014) — **Financial Instruments** (Continued)

HKFRS 9 (2014) includes a new expected loss impairment model for all financial assets not measured at fair value through profit or loss replacing the incurred loss model in HKAS 39 and new general hedge accounting requirements to allow entities to better reflect their risk management activities in financial statements.

HKFRS 9 (2014) carries forward the recognition, classification and measurement requirements for financial liabilities from HKAS 39, except for financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss, where the amount of change in fair value attributable to change in credit risk of the liability is recognised in other comprehensive income unless that would create or enlarge an accounting mismatch. In addition, HKFRS 9 (2014) retains the requirements in HKAS 39 for derecognition of financial assets and financial liabilities.

HKFRS 15 — Revenue from Contracts with Customers

The new standard establishes a single revenue recognition framework. The core principle of the framework is that an entity should recognise revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods and services. HKFRS 15 supersedes existing revenue recognition guidance including HKAS 18 Revenue, HKAS 11 Construction Contracts and related interpretations.

HKFRS 15 requires the application of a 5 steps approach to revenue recognition:

- Step 1: Identify the contract(s) with a customer
- Step 2: Identify the performance obligations in the contract
- Step 3: Determine the transaction price
- Step 4: Allocate the transaction price to each performance obligation
- Step 5: Recognise revenue when each performance obligation is satisfied

HKFRS 15 includes specific guidance on particular revenue related topics that may change the current approach taken under HKFRS. The standard also significantly enhances the qualitative and quantitative disclosures related to revenue.

The Group has already commenced an assessment of the impact of adopting the above standards and amendments to existing standards to the Group. The Group is not yet in a position to state whether these new pronouncements will result in substantial changes to the Group's accounting policies and financial statements.



For the year ended 31 December 2015

2. ADOPTION OF HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs")

2.3 New Hong Kong Companies Ordinance relating to the presentation of financial statements

The Group has adopted the amendments to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the GEM issued by the Stock Exchange relating to the disclosure of financial information with reference to the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622) during the current financial year.

The directors consider that there is no impact on the Group's financial position or performance, however the new Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, Cap. 622, impacts on the presentation and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. For example, the statement of financial position of the Company is now presented in the notes to the financial statements rather than as a primary statement and related notes to the statement of financial position of the Company are generally no longer presented.

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION

3.1 Statement of compliance

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with all applicable HKFRSs, Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKASs") and Interpretations (hereinafter collectively referred to as the "HKFRS") and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance which concern the preparation of financial statements. In addition, the financial statements include applicable disclosures required by the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the GEM of the Stock Exchange.

3.2 Basis of measurement

The significant accounting policies that have been used in the preparation of these financial statements are summarised below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented unless otherwise stated. The adoption of new and amended HKFRSs and the impact on the Group's financial statements, if any, are disclosed in note 2 to the financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared under historical cost convention. The measurement bases are fully described in the accounting policies below.

It should be noted that accounting estimates and assumptions are used in preparation of the financial statements. Although these estimates are based on management's best knowledge and judgement of current events and actions, actual results may ultimately differ from those estimates. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements, are disclosed in note 5 to the financial statements.

3.3 Functional and presentation currency

The financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$"), which is also the functional currency of the Company. All values are rounded to the nearest thousand except when otherwise indicated.



4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

4.1 Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries. Inter-company transactions and balances between group companies together with unrealised profits are eliminated in full in preparing the consolidated financial statements. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of impairment on the asset transferred, in which case the loss is recognised in profit or loss.

The results of subsidiaries acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income from the effective dates of acquisition or up to the effective dates of disposal, as appropriate. Where necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies into line with those used by the Group.

4.2 Subsidiaries

A subsidiary is an investee over which the Company is able to exercise control. The Company controls an investee if all three of the following elements are present: power over the investee, exposure, or rights, to variable returns from the investee, and the ability to use its power to affect those variable returns. Control is reassessed whenever facts and circumstances indicate that there may be a change in any of these elements of control.

The results of subsidiaries are accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividends received and receivable at the reporting date.

4.3 Revenue recognition

Revenue comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the rendering of services and the use by others of the Group's assets yielding interest and dividends. Revenue is recognised, when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and when the revenue and costs, if applicable, can be measured reliably, on the following bases:

(a) Commission income

- Brokerage income is recognised on a trade date basis when the relevant transactions are executed
- Underwriting, sub-underwriting, placing and sub-placing commission income are recognised in accordance with the terms of the underlying agreements or deal mandates when the relevant significant acts have been completed.

(b) Interest income

- Interest income from bank deposit is accrued using effective interest method by reference to the principal deposited and at the rate applicable.
- Interest income from client and employee is accrued using effective interest method by reference to the outstanding balance and at the rate applicable.



For the year ended 31 December 2015

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

4.4 Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs incurred for the acquisition, construction or production of any qualifying asset are capitalised as part of the cost of that asset during the period of time that is required to complete and prepare the asset for its intended use. A qualifying asset is an asset which necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale. Other borrowing costs are expensed when incurred.

4.5 Intangible assets (other than goodwill)

Acquired intangible assets

Intangible assets represent trading rights of the Stock Exchange, with which the holders have the right to trade on the Stock Exchange. Intangible assets acquired separately are measured initially at cost. After initial recognition, intangible assets with finite useful lives are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and any impairment losses.

Amortisation of intangible assets

Amortisation of trading rights is provided on straight-line method over the estimated useful lives which are five years.

Amortisation commence when the intangible assets are available for use. The asset's amortisation method and estimated useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each reporting date.

Impairment of intangible assets

Intangible assets with finite lives are tested for impairment when there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. Intangible assets are tested for impairment by comparing their carrying amounts with their recoverable amounts (see note 4.7).

4.6 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are carried at cost less any accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation on property, plant and equipment is provided to write off the cost less their estimated residual value, if any, over their estimated useful lives, using straight-line method. The depreciation rates per annum are as follow:

Computer equipment 20%-50%
Office equipment 20%-33.33%
Furniture and fixtures 30%-33.33%
Motor vehicles 33.33%

The assets' estimated residual value, depreciation method and estimated useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each reporting date.



4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

4.6 Property, plant and equipment (Continued)

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other costs, such as repairs and maintenance, are charged to profit or loss of the financial period in which they are incurred.

Gain or loss arising on retirement or disposal is determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds, if any, and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in profit or loss.

4.7 Impairment of non-financial assets

At the end of each reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of the following assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss or an impairment loss previously recognised no longer exists or may have decreased:

- property, plant and equipment; and
- intangible assets

If the recoverable amount (i.e. the higher of the fair value less costs of disposal and value-in-use) of an asset is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised as an expense immediately.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, to the extent that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised as income immediately.

Value-in-use is based on the estimated future cash flows expected to be derived from the asset, discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset.

4.8 Leases

An arrangement, comprising a transaction or a series of related transactions, is or contains a lease if the Group determines that the arrangement conveys a right to use a specific asset or assets for an agreed period of time in return for a payment or series of payments. Such a determination is made based on the substance of the arrangement and is regardless of whether the arrangement takes the legal form of a lease.

Classification of assets leased to the Group

Assets that are held by the Group under leases which transfer to the Group substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as being held under finance leases. Leases which do not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the Group are classified as operating leases.



For the year ended 31 December 2015

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

4.8 Leases (Continued)

Operating lease charges as lessee

Where the Group has the right to use of assets held under operating leases, payments made under the leases are charged to profit or loss on straight-line basis over the lease terms unless another systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern of benefits to be derived from the leased assets. Lease incentives received are recognised in profit or loss as an integral part of the aggregate net lease payments made.

4.9 Financial assets

The Group classifies its financial assets at initial recognition, depending on the purpose for which the asset was acquired. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are initially measured at fair value and all other financial assets are initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial assets. Regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognised and derecognised on a trade date basis. A regular way purchase or sale is a purchase or sale of a financial asset under a contract whose terms require delivery of the asset within the time frame established generally by regulation or convention in the marketplace concerned.

The Group de-recognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the future cash flows in relation to the financial asset expire or when the financial asset has been transferred and the transfer meets the criteria for de-recognition in accordance with HKAS 39.

Loans and receivables

These assets are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. They arise principally through the provision of services to customers (trade debtors), and also incorporate other types of contractual monetary asset. Subsequent to initial recognition, they are carried at amortised cost using effective interest method, less any identified impairment losses.

Impairment loss on financial assets

The Group assesses, at the end of each reporting period, whether there is any objective evidence that financial asset is impaired. Financial asset is impaired if there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that has occurred after the initial recognition of the asset and that event has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset that can be reliably estimated. Evidence of impairment may include:

- (a) significant financial difficulty of the debtor;
- (b) a breach of contract, such as a default or delinquency in interest or principal payments;
- (c) it becoming probable that the debtor will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation; or
- (d) granting concession to a debtor because of the debtor's financial difficulty.



4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

4.9 Financial assets (Continued)

For loans and receivables

An impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss and directly reduces the carrying amount of financial asset when there is objective evidence that the asset is impaired, and is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the original effective interest rate. The carrying amount of financial asset is reduced through the use of an allowance account. When any part of financial asset is determined as uncollectible, it is written off against the allowance account for the relevant financial asset.

If in a subsequent period the amount of an impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be linked objectively to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognised, the impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss. A reversal of an impairment loss shall not result in the asset's carrying amount exceeding that which would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised in prior years.

4.10 Financial liabilities

The Group classifies its financial liabilities, depending on the purpose for which the liabilities were incurred. Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are initially measured at fair value and financial liabilities at amortised costs are initially measured at fair value, net of directly attributable costs incurred.

The Group's financial liabilities include trade and other payables. They are included in line items in the consolidated statement of financial position as "Trade payables" and "Accruals and other payables". They are measured at amortised cost, using effective interest method. The related interest expense is recognised in profit or loss.

Gains or losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the amortisation process.

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the obligation specified in the relevant contract is discharged, cancelled or expired.

Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables include trade payables and accruals and other payables. These are recognised initially at their fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost, using effective interest method.

Effective interest method

Effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset or financial liability and of allocating interest income or interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts or payments through the expected life of the financial asset or liability, or where appropriate, a shorter period.



For the year ended 31 December 2015

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

4.11 Accounting for income taxes

Income taxes comprise current tax and deferred tax.

Current tax is based on the profit or loss from ordinary activities adjusted for items that are non-assessable or disallowable for income tax purposes and is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the end of reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the corresponding amounts used for tax purposes. Except for goodwill and recognised assets and liabilities that affect neither accounting nor taxable profits, deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates appropriate to the expected manner in which the carrying amount of the asset or liability is realised or settled and that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the end of reporting period.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Income taxes are recognised in profit or loss except when they relate to items recognised in other comprehensive income in which case the taxes are also recognised in other comprehensive income or when they relate to items recognised directly in equity in which case the taxes are also recognised directly in equity.

The carrying amount of a deferred tax asset is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and is reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow the related tax benefit to be utilised. Any such reduction is reversed to the extent that it becomes probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available.

The Group presents deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities in net if, and only if, (a) the Group has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities; and (b) the deferred tax assets and the deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either (i) the same taxable entity; or (ii) different taxable entities which intend either to settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously, in each future period in which significant amounts of deferred tax liabilities or assets are expected to be settled or recovered.

4.12 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.



4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

4.13 Share capital and share premium

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Share capital is determined using the nominal value of shares that have been issued.

Share premium includes any premiums received on the issue of share capital. Any transaction costs associated with the issuing of shares are deducted from share premium to the extent that they are incremental costs directly attributable to the equity transaction.

4.14 Employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits

Short term employee benefits are employee benefits (other than termination benefits) that are expected to be settled wholly before twelve months after the end of the annual reporting period in which the employees render the related service. Short term employee benefits are recognised in the year when the employees render the related service.

Defined contribution retirement plan

The Group operates a Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme (the "MPF scheme") under the Hong Kong Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance for employees employed under the jurisdiction of the Hong Kong Employment Ordinance. The MPF scheme is a defined contribution retirement scheme administered by independent trustees. Under the MPF scheme, the Group and its employees are each required to make contributions to the scheme at 5% of the employees' relevant income, subject to a cap of monthly relevant income of HK\$30,000 (HK\$25,000 prior to June 2014). Contributions to the scheme vest immediately.

Contributions to defined contribution retirement plans are recognised as an expense in profit or loss when the services are rendered by the employees.

Termination benefits

Termination benefits are recognised on the earlier of when the Group can no longer withdraw the offer of those benefits and when the Group recognises restructuring costs involving the payment of termination benefits.

4.15 Provisions and contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognised for liabilities of uncertain timing or amount when the Group has a legal or constructive obligation arising as a result of a past event, which it is probable will result in an outflow of economic benefits that can be reliably estimated.

Where it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is disclosed as a contingent liability, unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote. Possible obligations, the existence of which will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more future events, are also disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote.



For the year ended 31 December 2015

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

4.16 Foreign currency

Transactions entered into by the Company and the Group in currencies other than the currency of the primary economic environment in which it/they operate(s) (the "functional currency") are recorded at the rates ruling when the transactions occur. Foreign currency monetary assets and liabilities are translated at the rates ruling at the end of reporting period. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items, and on the translation of monetary items, are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise. Exchange differences arising on the retranslation of non-monetary items carried at fair value are included in profit or loss for the period except for differences arising on the retranslation of non-monetary items in respect of which gains and losses are recognised in other comprehensive income, in which case, the exchange differences are also recognised in other comprehensive income.

On consolidation, income and expense items of foreign operations are translated into the presentation currency of the Group (i.e. Hong Kong dollars) at the average exchange rates for the year, unless exchange rates fluctuate significantly during the period, in which case, the rates approximating to those ruling when the transactions took place are used. Exchange differences recognised in profit or loss of group entities' separate financial statements on the translation of long-term monetary items forming part of the Group's net investment in the foreign operation concerned are reclassified to other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity as foreign exchange reserve.

4.17 Related parties

- (a) A person or a close member of that person's family is related to the Group if that person:
 - (i) has control or joint control of the Group;
 - (ii) has significant influence over the Group; or
 - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Group or of the Company's parent.
- (b) An entity is related to the Group if any of the following conditions applies:
 - (i) the entity and the Group are members of the same group.
 - (ii) one entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member).



4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

4.17 Related parties (Continued)

- (b) (Continued)
 - (iii) both entities are joint ventures of the same third party.
 - (iv) one entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity.
 - (v) the entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group.
 - (vi) the entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a).
 - (vii) a person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity).
 - (viii) the entity, of any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the Group or to the Group's parent.

Close family members of a person are those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by, that person in their dealings with the entity and include (a) that person's children and spouse or domestic partner; (b) children of that person's spouse or domestic partner; and (c) dependants of that person or that person's spouse or domestic partner.

4.18 Segment reporting

Operating segments, and the amounts of each segment item reported in the financial statements, are identified from the financial information provided regularly to the Group's most senior executive management for the purposes of allocating resources to, and assessing the performance of, the Group's various lines of business and geographical locations.

Individually material operating segments are not aggregated for financial reporting purposes unless the segments have similar economic characteristics and are similar in respect of the nature of products and services, the nature of production processes, the type or class of clients, the methods used to distribute the products or provide the services, and the nature of the regulatory environment. Operating segment which are not individually material may be aggregated if they share a majority of these criteria.



For the year ended 31 December 2015

5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

In the application of the Group's accounting policies, the directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Provision for impairment of receivables

The Group makes provision for impairment of trade and other receivables and loan receivables (collectively the "Receivables") based on an assessment of the recoverability of the Receivables. Provisions are applied to the Receivables where events or changes in circumstances indicate that the balances may not be collectible. The identification of doubtful debts requires the use of judgement and estimates based on the credit history of the clients and the current market conditions. Where the expectation is different from the original allowance in the period in which such estimate has been changed. The carrying amount of the Receivables as at 31 December 2015 was HK\$99,625,000 (2014: HK\$146,028,000).

Income tax

The Group is mainly subjected to income tax in Hong Kong. Significant judgement is required in determining the amount of the provision and the timing of payment. There are many transactions and calculations for which the ultimate tax expense is uncertain during the ordinary course of business. The Group recognises taxes based on estimates of the likely outcome with reference to current tax laws and practices. Where the final outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were originally estimated, such differences will impact the provision for income tax and deferred tax in the period in which such determination is made.

6. REVENUE

The Group's revenue represents:

	2015	2014
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Commission income from brokerage services	20,804	13,832
Commission income from underwriting and placing services	20,449	22,208
Interest income from margin financing services	7,945	7,316
Interest income from money lending services	2,526	_
	51,724	43,356



7. OTHER INCOME

	2015 HK\$'000	2014 HK\$'000
Interest income on bank deposits	57	37
Interest income on employee's loan	5	12
Total interest income on financial assets that are		
not fair value through profit or loss	62	49
Sundry income	250	169
	312	218

8. OPERATING SEGMENT

The Group manages its businesses by business lines. In a manner consistent with the way in which information is reported internally to the Group's most senior executive management, being the chief operating decision maker, for the purposes of resource allocation and performance assessment, the Group has presented the following four reportable segments. No operating segments have been aggregated to form any of the following reportable segments.

Brokerage — Provision of brokerage services

Underwriting and placing — Provision of underwriting and placing services

Margin financing — Provision of securities and initial public offering financing services

Money lending — Provision of money lending services

For the purposes of assessing segment performance and allocating resources between segments, the Group's most senior executive management monitors the revenue, results, assets and liabilities attributable to each reportable segment on the following bases:

Segment assets include all non-current and current assets. Segment liabilities include all current liabilities with the exception of current tax payable.

Revenue and expenses are allocated to the reportable segments with reference to revenue generated by those segments and the expenses incurred by those segments or which otherwise arise from the depreciation and amortisation of assets attributable to those segments.

The accounting policies of the operating segments are the same as the Group's accounting policies described in note 4.18. Segment profit represents the profit earned by each segment without allocation of interest income on employee's loan, sundry income, listing expenses and income tax expense.



For the year ended 31 December 2015

8. OPERATING SEGMENT (Continued)

The segment revenue, results and capital expenditure for the year ended 31 December 2015 and the segment assets and liabilities as at 31 December 2015 are as follows:

2015	Brokerage HK\$'000	Underwriting and placing HK\$'000	Margin financing HK\$'000	Money lending HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
Reportable segment revenue from external clients	20,804	20,449	7,945	2,526	51,724
Reportable segment profit	12,315	12,844	4,662	2,126	31,947
Interest income on bank deposits Depreciation of property, plant	57	_	_		57
and equipment Reportable segment assets	(90) 287,830	(35)	(54) 47,380	(2) 47,262	(181) 382,472
Additions to non-current segment assets	156	63	94		318
Reportable segment liabilities	77,761	_	28,255	387	106,403

The segment revenue, results and capital expenditure for the year ended 31 December 2014 and the segment assets and liabilities as at 31 December 2014 were as follows:

2014	Brokerage HK\$'000	Underwriting and placing HK\$'000	Margin financing HK\$'000	Money lending HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
Reportable segment revenue					
from external clients	13,832	22,208	7,316	_	43,356
Reportable segment profit	8,426	13,939	4,435	_	26,800
Interest income on bank deposits Depreciation of property,	37	_	_	_	37
plant and equipment	(43)	(17)	(26)	_	(86)
Reportable segment assets	189,844	21	141,756	_	331,621
Additions to non-current segment assets	42	17	25	_	84
Reportable segment liabilities	57,556	_	24,248	_	81,804



8. OPERATING SEGMENT (Continued)

The totals presented for the Group's operating segments are reconciled to the Group's key financial figures as presented in the financial statements as follows:

	2015	2014
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Reportable segment profit	31,947	26,800
Other income	255	181
Listing expenses	_	(3,901)
Consolidated profit before income tax	32,202	23,080
Reportable segment assets	382,472	331,621
Consolidated total assets	382,472	331,621
Reportable segment liabilities	106,403	81,804
Tax payables	2,254	2,107
Consolidated total liabilities	108,657	83,911

All activities of the Group are carried out in Hong Kong and all its revenue for the years ended 31 December 2015 and 2014 are derived from Hong Kong. Accordingly, no analysis of geographical information is presented.

Revenue from client contributing 10% or more of the total revenue of the Group during the year as follow:

	2015 HK\$'000	2014 HK\$'000
Contributed by underwriting and placing segment		
Client A	8,831	_
Client B	7,818	_
Client C	_	9,122
	16,649	9,122



For the year ended 31 December 2015

roi th	e year ended 31 December 2015		
9.	EMPLOYEE COSTS		
		2015	2014
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	Directors' emoluments (note 15)		
	— Fees, salaries, allowances and bonuses	2,284	1,927
	— Retirement benefits scheme contributions	64	54
		2,348	1,981
	Other staff		
	— Commissions paid	1,045	397
	— Salaries, allowances and bonuses	6,860	5,118
	— Retirement benefits scheme contributions	270	235
	— Medical and insurance	162	158
	— Staff welfare and recruitment	27	16
	Total employee costs	10,712	7,905
10.	FINANCE COSTS		
		2045	2014
		2015	2014
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	Facility away gament food	20	76
	Facility arrangement fees	20 3	70
	Interest expenses on bank overdrafts	5	
		23	76
44	DDOCIT DEFODE INCOME TAV		
11.	PROFIT BEFORE INCOME TAX		
		2015	2014
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	Profit before income tax is arrived at after charging:		
	Auditor's remuneration	420	500
	Depreciation for property, plant and equipment	181	86
	Operating lease charges in respect of office premises	2,996	2,996
	. 3 3 1 2 2 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2		,



12. INCOME TAX EXPENSE

For the years ended 31 December 2015 and 2014, Hong Kong Profits Tax was provided at the rate of 16.5% on the estimated assessable profits arising in Hong Kong.

	2015	2014
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Current tax — Hong Kong Profits Tax		
— Current year	6,117	5,150
— Overprovision in prior year	(20)	_
Total income tax expense	6,097	5,150

Reconciliation between income tax expense and accounting profit at applicable tax rate is as follows:

	2015	2014
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Profit before income tax	32,202	23,080
Tax calculated at Hong Kong Profits Tax rate of 16.5% (2014: 16.5%)	5,313	3,808
Tax effect of non-deductible expenses	839	1,355
Tax effect of non-taxable income	(8)	(5)
Tax effect of prior years' unrecognised tax losses utilised this year		2
Tax effect of unrecognised temporary differences	(27)	(10)
Overprovision in prior year	(20)	_
Income tax expense	6,097	5,150

The Group had no significant unprovided deferred tax assets or liabilities during the year and at the end of the reporting period (2014: Nil).

13. DIVIDENDS

The directors of the Company do not recommend the payment of any dividend for the years ended 31 December 2015 and 2014.



For the year ended 31 December 2015

14. EARNINGS PER SHARE

The calculation of basic and diluted earnings per share for the year ended 31 December 2015 is based on profit attributable to owners of the Company for the year of HK\$26,105,000 (2014: HK\$17,930,000) and on the weighted average number of 360,000,000 (2014: 310,109,589) ordinary shares in issue during the year, calculated as follows:

Weighted average number of ordinary shares

	2015	2014
For purpose of basic and diluted earnings per share	360,000,000	310,109,589

Diluted earnings per share equals to basic earning as there were no dilutive potential ordinary shares outstanding during the years ended 31 December 2015 and 2014.

15. EMOLUMENTS OF DIRECTORS, FIVE HIGHEST PAID INDIVIDUALS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Directors' emoluments

The aggregate amounts of emoluments paid and payable to the directors of the Company are as follows:

		Salaries,		Retirement	
		allowances		benefits	
		and benefits	Discretionary	scheme	
	Fees	in kind	bonuses	contributions	Total
2015	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Executive Directors					
Lam Shu Chung	480		80	18	578
Fung Yuk Chun, Emily	420		70	18	508
Chu Sung Hei	420		70	18	508
Lee Nga Ching (note (i))	237		20		267
Non-Executive Directors					
Lum Pak Sum (note (ii))	150				150
Independent Non-Executive Directors					
Choy Sze Chung	96				96
Lee Siu Leung	96				96
Fong Ping Wah (note (iii))	49				49
See Lee Seng, Reason	96				96
	2,044		240	64	2,348



15. EMOLUMENTS OF DIRECTORS, FIVE HIGHEST PAID INDIVIDUALS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT (Continued)

Directors' emoluments (Continued)

		Salaries,		Retirement	
		allowances		benefits	
		and benefits	Discretionary	scheme	
	Fees	in kind	bonuses	contributions	Total
2014	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Executive Directors					
Lam Shu Chung	463	9	20	18	510
Fung Yuk Chun, Emily	404	10	23	18	455
Chu Sung Hei	404	9	20	18	451
Non-Executive Directors					
Lum Pak Sum (note (ii))	289	_	_	_	289
Independent Non-Executive Directors					
Choy Sze Chung	92	_	_	_	92
Lee Siu Leung	92	_	_	_	92
See Lee Seng, Reason	92	_	_	_	92
	1,836	28	63	54	1,981

Notes:

- (i) Ms. Lee Nga Ching was appointed on 8 June 2015.
- (ii) Mr. Lum Pak Sum resigned on 1 July 2015.
- (iii) Mr. Fong Ping Wah was appointed on 9 January 2015 and resigned on 14 July 2015.

There was no arrangement under which a director waived or agreed to waive any emoluments in respect of the years ended 31 December 2015 and 2014.

During the years ended 31 December 2015 and 2014, no emolument was paid by the Group to the directors as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group, or as compensation for loss of office.



For the year ended 31 December 2015

15. EMOLUMENTS OF DIRECTORS, FIVE HIGHEST PAID INDIVIDUALS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT (Continued)

Emoluments of five highest paid individuals

The five individuals whose emoluments were the highest in the Group for the year included three (2014: three) directors whose emoluments are reflected in the analysis presented above. The emoluments payable to the remaining two (2014: two) individuals during the year are as follows:

	2015	2014
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Salaries, commission, allowances and benefits in kind	837	840
Discretionary bonuses	100	24
Retirement benefits scheme contributions	27	34
	964	898

The emoluments of these remaining two (2014: two) highest paid individuals fell within the following bands:

	Number of individuals		
	2015	2014	
Nil — HK\$1,000,000	2	2	

During the years ended 31 December 2015 and 2014, no emolument was paid by the Group to the five highest paid individuals as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group, or as compensation for loss of office.

Emoluments of senior management

Senior management of the Group included one (2014: two) individuals whose emoluments are reflected in the analysis presented above. The emoluments paid or payable to other members of senior management fell within the following bands:

Marinahau	٦.	:		باحديا	_
Number	ОТ	ına	IIVIC	ıuaı	5

	2015	2014
Below HK\$1,000,000	3	5



16. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	Computer equipment	Office equipment	Furniture and fixtures HK\$'000	Motor vehicles HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
	11114 000	111(\$ 000	11114 000	11114 000	111(\$ 000
At 1 January 2014					
Cost	3,307	664	1,624	371	5,966
Accumulated depreciation	(3,200)	(664)	(1,624)	(371)	(5,859)
Net carrying amount	107	_		_	107
Year ended 31 December 2014					
Opening net carrying amount	107	_	_	_	107
Additions	10	33	41	_	84
Depreciation	(62)	(10)	(14)		(86)
Closing net carrying amount	55	23	27	_	105
At 31 December 2014					
Cost	3,317	697	1,665	371	6,050
Accumulated depreciation	(3,262)	(674)	(1,638)	(371)	(5,945)
Net carrying amount	55	23	27	_	105
Year ended 31 December 2015					
Opening net carrying amount	55	23	27		105
Additions	279	5	34		318
Depreciation	(150)	(13)	(18)		(181)
Closing net carrying amount	184	15	43		242
At 31 December 2015					
Cost	3,596	673	1,671	371	6,311
Accumulated depreciation	(3,412)	(658)	(1,628)	(371)	(6,069)
Net carrying amount	184	15	43	_	242



For the year ended 31 December 2015

17. OTHER ASSETS

The balances represent statutory and other deposits which are placed with various exchanges and clearing houses at the end of the reporting period. These balances are non interest-bearing.

18. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

The intangible assets represent the trading rights of the Stock Exchange. The cost of the intangible assets is HK\$3,680,000 and the said amount had been fully amortised in prior years.

19. TRADE RECEIVABLES

	Notes	2015 HK\$'000	2014 HK\$'000
	Notes	1112 000	111(\$ 000
Trade receivables arising from the business of			
dealing in securities:			
— Cash clients	(a),(c)	225	3,216
— Clearing house	(a)	4,629	869
— Margin finance loans	(b), (c)	47,380	141,724
Trade receivables, net		52,234	145,809

Notes:

- (a) These balances are required to be settled on the settlement dates of their respective transactions (normally one or two business days after the respective trade dates). The trade receivables from cash clients bear interest at commercial rates (normally at HK\$ Prime Rate plus a spread).
- (b) These are secured by clients' pledged securities, repayable on demand and bear interest at variable commercial rates. No ageing analysis is disclosed, as in the opinion of the directors of the Company, this analysis does not give additional value in view of the nature of business of securities margin financing.
 - As at 31 December 2015, total market value of securities pledged as collaterals in respect of the margin finance loans were approximately HK\$412,882,000 (2014: HK\$684,603,000). The collateral held can be repledged and can be sold at the Group's discretion to settle any outstanding amounts due from margin clients. The amount of credit facilities granted to them is determined based on a discount on the market value of securities accepted by the Group. Any excess in the lending ratio will trigger a margin call which the clients have to make good the shortfall.
- (c) Included in the Group's margin finance loans and cash client receivables as at 31 December 2015 was an amount due from a shareholder of the ultimate holding company of nil (2014: HK\$7,000). The balance as at 31 December 2015 also included an amount due from a director of the Company of nil (2014: HK\$351,000). Details of the above balances are set out in note 31 to the financial statements.



19. TRADE RECEIVABLES (Continued)

Notes: (Continued)

(d) Movement in the provision for impairment of trade receivables is as follows:

	2015 HK\$'000	2014 HK\$'000
At the beginning of the year Amount written off	=	400 (400)
At the end of the year	_	_

The Group has a policy on allowance of doubtful debts which is based on the evaluation of collectability and ageing of accounts and management's judgement including the current credit worthiness, collaterals and the past collection history of each client.

(e) Trade receivables arising from cash clients and clearing house (net of allowance for doubtful debts), if any, with the following ageing analysis, presented based on the trade date which is the revenue recognition date, as at the end of the reporting period:

	2015	2014
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Current	4,854	4,057
Less than 1 month past due	_	27
More than 3 months but less than 12 months past due	_	1
	4,854	4,085

(f) Ageing analysis of trade receivables arising from cash clients and clearing house that are neither individually nor collectively considered to be impaired is as follows:

	2015 HK\$'000	2014 HK\$'000
Neither past due nor impaired 0-30 days past due 91-180 days past due	4,854 — —	4,057 27 1
	4,854	4,085

Trade receivables that were neither past due nor impaired related to a large number of diversified clients for whom there was no recent history of default.

In determining the recoverability of trade receivables, the Group considers any change in the credit quality of the trade receivables from the date credit was initially granted and subsequent settlement up to the end of the reporting period. In the opinion of the directors of the Company, there is no further credit provision required in excess of the allowance for doubtful debts. The Group does not hold any collateral over these balances.



For the year ended 31 December 2015

20. LOAN RECEIVABLES

	2015	2014
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Money lending services		
Gross loan receivables	47,262	_
Less: Portion due within one year included under current assets	(7,282)	_
Non-current portion included under non-current assets	39,980	

Notes:

- (a) The amounts are unsecured, interest bearing at an effective interest rate of 13.94% (2014: Nil) per annum and with repayment periods of five years.
- (b) Ageing analysis of loan receivables that are neither individually nor collectively considered to be impaired is as follows:

	2015 HK\$'000	2014 HK\$'000
Within one year In the second year to fifth years	7,282 39,980	_ _
	47,262	_

The amounts that were neither past due nor impaired related to several borrowers that had good track record with no recent history of default.

21. PREPAYMENTS, DEPOSITS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

	2015 HK\$'000	2014 HK\$'000
Other receivables	129	219
Prepayments	253	292
Rental and other deposits	925	930
	1,307	1,441



22. TRUST TIME DEPOSITS AND TRUST BANK BALANCES HELD ON BEHALF OF CLIENTS

The Group maintains segregated trust accounts with authorised institutions to hold clients' monies in accordance with the Securities and Futures (Client Money) Rules under the Securities and Futures Ordinance. These clients' monies are maintained in three trust bank accounts, bear interest at commercial rate with original maturity of three months or less. In the consolidated statement of financial position, the Group has classified the clients' monies as bank balances held on behalf of clients in current assets and recognised the corresponding accounts payable to the respective clients and other institutions in current liabilities as it is liable for any loss or misappropriation of clients' monies. The Group is not allowed to use the clients' monies to settle its own obligations.

23. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

		2015	2014
	Note	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Cash at bank Cash on hand	(a)	180,299 —	121,297 2
Cash and bank balances		180,299	121,299

Note:

(a) During the year, interest rates on the cash at bank and deposits with banks of the Group ranged from Nil to 0.02% (2014: Nil to 0.02%) per annum.

24. TRADE PAYABLES

	2015	2014
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Trade payables arising from the business of dealing in securities:		
— Cash clients	76,872	40,671
— Clearing house	_	15,801
— Margin clients	28,255	24,248
— Clients' deposits	50	_
	105,177	80,720



For the year ended 31 December 2015

24. TRADE PAYABLES (Continued)

Notes:

- (a) The settlement terms of trade payables arising from the business of dealing in securities are two days after trade date. Trade payables to clients bear variable interest at commercial rates.
- (b) Trade payables included HK\$100,171,000 as at 31 December 2015 (2014: HK\$62,267,000) payable to clients and other institutions in respect of the trust and segregated bank balances received and held for clients in the course of conducting the regulated activities. However, the Group currently does not have an enforceable right to offset these payables with the deposits placed.
- (c) Included in above as at 31 December 2015 were amounts due to three directors of the Company of HK\$982,000 (2014: HK\$592,000).
- (d) No ageing analysis in respect of trade payables attributable to dealings in securities transactions is disclosed as, in the opinion of the directors, this analysis does not give additional value in view of the nature of business of dealing in securities.

25. ACCRUALS AND OTHER PAYABLES

	2015	2014
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Accruals	1,006	778
Commissions rebate to clients	77	27
Stamp duties, levy fee, trading fees,		
clearing fees and CCASS fee payables	143	279
	1,226	1,084

26. SHARE CAPITAL

	Number of ordinary shares of HK\$0.01		
	Notes	each	нк\$
Authorised			
At 1 January 2014, 31 December 2014			
and 31 December 2015		20,000,000,000	200,000,000
Issued and fully paid			
At 1 January 2014		10,000	100
Capitalisation issue	(a)	224,990,000	2,249,900
Issuance of shares upon listing	(b)	75,000,000	750,000
Issuance of new shares by way of placing	(c)	60,000,000	600,000
At 31 December 2014			
and 31 December 2015		360,000,000	3,600,000



26. SHARE CAPITAL (Continued)

Notes:

- (a) Pursuant to the resolution of the sole shareholder of the Company on 19 December 2013, it was approved to issue 224,990,000 ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each to Time Era Limited, which was substantially held by the sole shareholder of the Company, by way of capitalisation of HK\$2,249,900 from the share premium account upon listing of the Company's shares on the Stock Exchange. Such shares were issued on 15 January 2014.
- (b) On 15 January 2014, 75,000,000 ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each of the Company were issued at HK\$0.60 by way of placing. On the same date, the Company's shares were listed on the GEM of the Stock Exchange.
- (c) The Company had completed further placing of its 60,000,000 new shares to independent third parties on 14 October 2014 at the placing price of HK\$0.98 per placing share and raised HK\$58.2 million after deducting all direct costs including commission.

The holders of ordinary shares are entitled to receive dividends as declared from time to time and are entitled to one vote per share at meetings of the Company. All ordinary shares rank equally with regard to the Company's residual assets and in all other respects.

27. RESERVES

Reconciliation between the opening and closing balances of each component of the Group's consolidated equity is set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity.

Details of the changes in the Company's individual components of equity between the beginning and the end of the year are set out below:

		Retained profits/	
	Share	(Accumulated	
	premium	losses)	Total
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
At 1 January 2014	_	20	20
Loss for the year	_	(4,293)	(4,293)
Other comprehensive income		_	
Total comprehensive income for the year	_	(4,293)	(4,293)
Issuance of new shares by way of placing	102,450	_	102,450
Share issue expenses	(6,686)		(6,686)
Capitalisation issue	(2,250)	_	(2,250)
At 31 December 2014 and 1 January 2015	93,514	(4,273)	89,241
Loss for the year	_	(5,061)	(5,061)
Other comprehensive income	_		
Total comprehensive income for the year	_	(5,061)	(5,061)
At 31 December 2015	93,514	(9,334)	84,180



For the year ended 31 December 2015

27. RESERVES (Continued)

Notes:

- (a) Merger reserve of the Group represents the difference between the nominal value of the share capital of Capital Business International Limited acquired pursuant to the group reorganisation in preparation for the listing of the Company and the nominal value of share capital of the Company issued in exchange thereof.
- (b) Under the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands, the share premium of the Company is distributable to the owners of the Company provided that immediately following the date on which the dividend is proposed to be distributed, the Company will be in a position to pay off its debts as they fall due in the ordinary course of business.

28. OPERATING LEASE COMMITMENTS

At the reporting date, the total future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases, in respect of office premises, are payable as follows:

	2015 HK\$'000	2014 HK\$'000
Within one year In the second to fifth years, inclusive	2,246 —	2,996 2,246
	2,246	5,242

Operating leases relate to office premises with lease term of three years. The Group does not have an option to purchase the leased asset and will renegotiate the terms and renew the leases at the expiry dates or at dates as mutually agreed between the Group and respective lessor. None of the leases include contingent rentals.



For the year ended 31 December 2015

29. COMPANY LEVEL STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

	Notes	2015 HK\$'000	2014 HK\$'000
	Notes	1112 000	111(\$ 000
ASSETS AND LIABILITIES			
Non-current assets			
Investments in subsidiaries			_
Amount due from a subsidiary		_	32,000
			22.000
		_	32,000
Current assets			
Prepayments		101	12
Amounts due from subsidiaries		82,395	236
Cash and cash equivalents		8,884	64,132
		91,380	64,380
Current liabilities			
Accruals and other payables		638	570
Amounts due to a subsidiary		2,962	2,969
		3,600	3,539
		07.700	
Net current assets		87,780	60,841
Net assets		87,780	92,841
EQUITY			
Share capital	26	3,600	3,600
Reserves	27	84,180	89,241
Total equity		87,780	92,841

On behalf of the Board

Lam Shu Chung
Director

Fung Yuk Chun Emily

Director



For the year ended 31 December 2015

30. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES

Particulars of the principal subsidiaries as at 31 December 2015 are as follows:

Name	Place of incorporation/ operation	Particulars of issued capital	Percentage of issued capital held by the Company Directly Indirectly		Principal activities and place of operations
Capital Business International Limited	British Virgin Islands/ Hong Kong	Ordinary shares of US\$1,000	100	_	Investment holding
Orient Securities Holdings Limited	Hong Kong/ Hong Kong	Ordinary shares of HK\$18,832	_	100	Investment holding
Orient Securities Limited	Hong Kong/ Hong Kong	Ordinary shares of HK\$20,000,000	_	100	Provision of brokerage service, underwriting and placing service and securities and initial public offering margin financing service
Orient Securities Finance Limited	Hong Kong/ Hong Kong	Ordinary shares of HK\$10,000	_	100	Provision of money lending service



31. LOANS TO OFFICERS

Name/ Relationship	Notes	Nature of account	At 31 December 2015 Debit/ (Credit) HK\$'000	Maximum outstanding during the year HK\$'000	At 1 January 2015 Debit/ (Credit) HK\$'000
Directors					
Fung Yuk Chun, Emily	(a), (b)	Margin and cash account	(560)	19	(212)
Chu Sung Hei	(a), (b)	Margin account	(21)	659	(380)
Lam Shu Chung	(a), (b)	Margin account	(401)	_	351
Shareholder of ultimate holding company	() () () () ()				
Wong Kwan Lok	(a), (b) and (c)	Margin account	N/A	9,938	7

Notes:

- (a) On normal commercial terms and at rates no more favourable than those available to other independent third parties.
- (b) Trade receivables arising from securities brokerage transactions via margin accounts (except those settled within two days after relevant securities brokerage transactions) during the year were secured by pledged securities under the margin account, repayable on demand and bear interest at 8.25% (2014: 8.25%) per annum. The settlement terms of the relevant securities brokerage transactions were two days after trade date and the trade receivable was non-interest bearing before settlement date.
- (c) Wong Kwan Lok ceased to be shareholder of the ultimate holding company effective from 30 September 2015.



For the year ended 31 December 2015

32. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

In addition to the transactions and balances detailed elsewhere in these financial statements, the Group had the following material transactions with the directors and key management personnel during the year:

		2015	2014
	Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Directors			
Fung Yuk Chun, Emily			
— Brokerage commission income received	(b)	18	4
Chu Sung Hei			
 Brokerage commission income received 	(b)	95	101
— Interest income from margin financing	(a)	13	14
Lam Shu Chung			
— Brokerage commission income received	(b)	40	40
Shareholders of ultimate holding company			
Wong Kwan Lok			
 Brokerage commission income received 	(b), (c)	1,672	651
 Interest income from margin financing 	(a), (c)	230	3
Lam Shing Wan			
 Brokerage commission income received 	(b), (c)	1,407	_
— Interest income from margin financing	(a), (c)	30	

Notes:

- (a) The interest income was calculated at variable rate which ranged from 8.25% to 11.25% (2014: 8.25% to 11.25%) per annum.
- (b) The commission income was calculated at staff rates which ranged from 0.025% to 0.1% (subject to minimum charge of HK\$100).
- (c) Wong Kwan Lok and Lam Shing Wan ceased to be shareholders of the ultimate holding company effective from 30 September 2015.

Compensation of key management personnel

	2015 HK\$'000	2014 HK\$'000
Short-term employee benefits Post employment benefits	3,241 120	2,302 69
	3,361	2,371



33. CREDIT FACILITIES

As at 31 December 2015 and 2014, the Group had a bank overdraft facility with Chong Hing Bank Limited to the extent of HK\$20,000,000 (2014: HK\$20,000,000). Interest is charged at prime lending rate as quoted by Chong Hing Bank Limited per annum. The bank overdraft facility is subject to repayable on demand clause.

As at 31 December 2014, the Group also had standby loan facilities with Sun Hung Kai Structured Finance Limited, to the extent of HK\$30,000,000. Interest was charged at prime lending rate offered by Standard Chartered Bank plus 5% per annum and the standby loan facilities were unsecured.

As at 31 December 2015 and 2014, the banking facilities were secured/guaranteed by the following:

- pledge over listed securities owned by the margin clients of the Group. No listed securities were pledged as at 31 December 2015 and 2014; and
- corporate guarantee to the extent of HK\$20,000,000 (2014: HK\$20,000,000) executed by the Company.

As at 31 December 2015 and 2014, the Group had not utilised any of the above credit facilities.

34. SUMMARY OF FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES BY CATEGORY

The carrying amounts of the Group's financial assets and liabilities as recognised at the reporting dates are categorised as follows. See notes 4.9 and 4.10 to the financial statements for explanations about how the category of financial instruments affects their subsequent measurement.

	2015 HK\$'000	2014 HK\$'000
Financial assets		
Loan and receivables		
— Other assets	957	700
— Trade receivables	52,234	145,809
— Loan receivables	47,262	_
— Other receivables	129	219
— Trust bank balances held on behalf of clients	100,171	62,267
— Cash and cash equivalents	180,299	121,299
	381,052	330,294
Financial liabilities		
Financial liabilities measured at amortised costs		
— Trade payables	105,177	80,720
— Accruals and other payables	1,226	1,084
		<u> </u>
	106,403	81,804



For the year ended 31 December 2015

35. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The Group's major financial instruments include statutory and other deposits, loan receivables, trade and other receivables, and trade and other payables. Details of these financial instruments are disclosed in respective notes. The risks associated with these financial instruments and the policies on how to mitigate these risks are set out below. Management manages and monitors these risk exposures to ensure appropriate measures are implemented on a timely and effective manner.

35.1 Market risk

(a) Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk of losses due to adverse changes in foreign exchange rates mainly relating to bank deposits and trade payables to margin and cash clients denominated in foreign currency. The management monitors foreign exchange exposure and will consider hedging significant foreign exchange exposure should the need arises. The policies to manage foreign currency risk have been followed by the Group since prior years and are considered to be effective.

It is the Group's policy for each subsidiary to transact business in local currencies as far as possible to minimise currency risk. Most of the Group's principal business are conducted and recorded in HK\$, the functional currency of the companies now comprising the Group, with certain bank deposits and trade payables to margin and cash client mainly denominated in United States Dollars ("US\$") and Renminbi ("RMB"). As HK\$ is pegged to US\$, there is no significant exposure expected on US\$ transactions and balances. For presentation purpose, the following tables summarise the Group's financial assets and liabilities denominated in currencies other than the functional currency of the entities to which they relate, as at 31 December 2015 and 2014.

	Expressed in HK\$'000		
	RMB	US\$	
As at 31 December 2015			
Cash and cash equivalents	558	175	
Trade payables	(313)	(4)	
Overall net exposure	245	171	
As at 31 December 2014			
Cash and cash equivalents	245	99	
Overall net exposure	245	99	



35. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

35.1 Market risk (Continued)

(a) Foreign currency risk (Continued)

The following tables indicate the approximate changes in the Group's profit or loss for the year and equity in response to reasonably possible changes in other foreign exchange rates to which the Group has significant exposure as at the reporting date. As US\$ is pegged to HK\$, the Group does not expect any significant changes in US\$/HK\$ exchange rates. No sensitivity analysis in respect of the Group's financial assets and liabilities denominated in US\$ is disclosed as in the opinion of the directors, such sensitivity analysis does not give additional value in view of insignificant change in the US\$/HK\$ exchange rates as at the reporting date.

	•	ase/(Decrease) in Increase/(Decrease) in Increase/(Decrease) gn exchange rates profit for the year in equity				
	2015 %	2014 %	2015 HK\$'000	2014 HK\$'000	2015 HK\$'000	2014 HK\$'000
RMB	5	5	12	12	12	12

Decrease in the above foreign exchange rates at each reporting date would have the equal but opposite effect to the amounts shown above, on the basis that all other variables were held constant.

The sensitivity analysis has been determined by assuming that the changes in foreign exchange rates had occurred at the reporting date and that all other variables were held constant.

The stated changes represent management's assessment of reasonably possible changes in foreign exchange rates over the period until the next annual reporting date. In the management's opinion, the sensitivity analysis is unrepresentative of the inherent foreign currency risk as the exposure at the end of the reporting period does not reflect the exposure during the year.



For the year ended 31 December 2015

35. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

35.1 *Market risk* (Continued)

(b) Interest rate risk

The Group is exposed to interest rate risk primarily through the impact of interest rate changes on bank balances, margin and cash client receivables and trade payables carrying interests at variable rates.

The following table illustrates the sensitivity of the profit or loss for the year to a change in interest rates of +1% and -1% (2014: +1% and -1%). The calculations are based on the Group's bank balances, margin and cash client receivables held at each reporting date. All other variables are held constant. In the management's opinion, the sensitivity analysis is unrepresentative of the inherent interest rate risk as the exposure at the end of the reporting period does not reflect the exposure during the year.

	2015 HK\$'000	2014 HK\$'000
If interest rates were 1% (2014: 1%) higher Increase in profit or loss for the year	3,281	2,360
If interest rates were 1% (2014: 1%) lower Decrease in profit or loss for the year	(3,281)	(2,360)

35.2 Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that the counterparty to a financial instrument would fail to discharge its obligation under the terms of the financial instrument and cause a financial loss to the Group.

The Group's credit risk is primarily attributable to trade receivables due from clients and clearing house and loan receivables from clients. Management has a credit policy in place and the exposure to the credit risk is monitored on an on-going basis.

In respect of trade receivables due from clients, individual credit evaluations are performed on all clients including cash and margin clients. Cash clients are required to place deposits as prescribed by the Group's credit policy before execution of any purchase transaction. Receivables due from cash clients are due within the settlement period commonly adopted by the relevant market convention, which is usually within two days from the trade date. Because of the prescribed deposit requirements and the short settlement period involved, credit risk arising from the trade receivables due from cash clients is considered small. The Group normally obtains liquid securities and/or cash deposits as collateral for providing margin financing to its clients. Margin finance loans due from margin clients are repayable on demand. Market conditions and adequacy of securities collateral and margin deposits of each margin account are monitored by management on a daily basis. Margin calls and forced liquidation are made where necessary.



35. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

35.2 Credit risk (Continued)

In respect of trade receivables due from clearing house, credit risk is considered low as the Group normally enters into transactions with clearing house which are registered with regulatory bodies and with sound reputation in the industry.

In respect of loan receivables from clients, the objective of the Group's measures to manage credit risk is to control potential exposure to recoverability problem. It is the Group's policy that all clients who wish to obtain loans from the Group are subject to management review. Receivables balances are monitored on an ongoing basis, management makes periodic collective assessment as well as individual assessment on the recoverability of loans, loans receivables based on historical payment records, the length of the overdue period, the financial strength of the debtors and any other qualitative factors and ensure that follow-up action is taken to recover overdue debts. In this regard, management considers that the Group's credit risk is significantly reduced.

The Group's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristics of each client rather than the industry or country in which the clients operate and therefore significant concentrations of credit risk primarily arise when the Group has significant exposure to individual clients. As at 31 December 2015, 14% (2014: 15%) and 55% (2014: 55%) of the total trade and loan receivables due from clients were from the Group's largest client and the five largest clients.

Further quantitative data in respect of the collaterals and the Group's exposure to credit risk arising from trade and loan receivables are disclosed in notes 19 and 20 to the financial statements, respectively.

Bank balances are placed in various authorised institutions and the directors of the Company consider the credit risk for such is minimal.

The credit policies have been followed by the Group since prior years and are considered to be effective in limiting the Group's exposure to credit risk to a desirable level.

35.3 Liquidity risk

Internally generated cash flows is the source of funds to finance the operations of the Group. The Group's liquidity risk management includes making available standby banking facilities and diversifying the funding sources. The Group regularly reviews the major funding positions to ensure adequate financial resources are available to meet their respective financial obligations.

As at 31 December 2015, the Group has available banking facilities of approximately HK\$20,000,000 (2014: HK\$50,000,000), which were not utilised (note 33).

The liquidity policies have been followed by the Group since prior years and are considered to be effective in managing liquidity risks.

The maturity profile of the Group's financial liabilities as at the reporting date, based on the contractual undiscounted cash flows, is as follows:



For the year ended 31 December 2015

35. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

35.3 Liquidity risk (Continued)

		Total	
		contractual	On demand
	Carrying	undiscounted	or within
	amount	cash flow	1 year
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
As at 31 December 2015			
Trade payables	105,177	105,177	105,177
Accruals and other payables	1,226	1,226	1,226
	106,403	106,403	106,403
As at 31 December 2014			
Trade payables	80,720	80,720	80,720
Accruals and other payables	1,084	1,084	1,084
	81,804	81,804	81,804

36. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT

36.1 Fair value of financial instruments measured at amortised cost

The carrying amounts of the financial assets and financial liabilities measured at amortised cost as disclosed under non-current assets, current assets and current liabilities, respectively, approximate their fair value.



37. OFFSETTING FINANCIAL ASSETS AND FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

The Group currently has a legally enforceable right to set off the Continuous Net Settlement (CNS) money obligations receivables and payables with a clearing house, Hong Kong Securities Company Limited ("HKSCC") and it intends to settle on a net basis as trade receivables from or trade payables to HKSCC. For the net amounts of CNS money obligations receivables or payables and other receivables and payables (such as deposits included under other assets), they do not meet the criteria for offsetting in the consolidated financial statements since the right to set-off of the recognised amount is only enforceable following an event of default and the Group does not intended to settle the balance on a net basis.

(a) Financial assets subject to offsetting, enforceable master netting arrangement and similar arrangements

	Amounts du	e from HKSCC
	2015	2014
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Gross amount of recognised		
financial assets (net of impairment)	65,341	225,632
Gross amount of recognised		
financial liabilities offset in the		
consolidated statement of financial position	(60,712)	(224,763)
Net amounts of financial assets included		
in the consolidated statement		
of financial position	4,629	869
Net amounts	4,629	869

(b) Financial liabilities subject to offsetting, enforceable master netting arrangement and similar arrangements

	Amounts	to HKSCC
	2015	2014
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Gross amount of recognised		
financial liabilities	60,712	240,564
Gross amount of recognised financial		
assets offset in the consolidated		
statement of financial position	(60,712)	(224,763)
Net amounts of financial liabilities included in the consolidated		
statement of financial position	_	15,801
Net amounts	_	15,801



For the year ended 31 December 2015

37. OFFSETTING FINANCIAL ASSETS AND FINANCIAL LIABILITIES (Continued)

(c) Reconciliation to trade receivables and trade payables as presented in the consolidated statement of financial position

	2015	2014
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Trade receivables		
Net amounts of financial assets		
included in the consolidated		
statement of financial position	4,629	_
Trade receivables not within the		
scope of offsetting disclosure	47,605	145,809
Trade receivables presented in the		
consolidated statement of financial position	52,234	145,809
Trade payables		
Net amounts of financial liabilities		
included in the consolidated		
statement of financial position	_	15,801
Trade payables not within the		
scope of offsetting disclosure	105,177	64,919
Trade payables presented in the		
consolidated statement of		
financial position	105,177	80,720

38. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Group manages its capital to ensure that entities in the Group will be able to continue as a going concern while maximising the return to shareholders through the optimisation of the debt and equity balance. The capital structure of the Group consists of capital and reserves, which include issued share capital and reserves as set out on the consolidated statement of financial position, consolidated statement of changes in equity and respective notes. The Group's overall strategy remains unchanged from 2014.

The management reviews the capital structure by considering the cost of capital and the risks associated with each class of capital. In view of this, the Group manages its overall capital structure through the drawdown and repayment of bank borrowings, payment of dividends and issuance of share capital.



38. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT (Continued)

A subsidiary of the Group, Orient Securities is licensed with Securities and Futures Commission ("SFC") for the business it operates in. Orient Securities is subject to liquid capital requirements under Securities and Futures (Financial Resources) Rules ("SF(FR)R") adopted by the SFC. Under the SF(FR)R, Orient Securities must maintain a liquid capital (assets and liabilities adjusted as determined by SF(FR)R) in excess of HK\$3 million or 5% of its total adjusted liabilities, whichever is higher. The required information is filed with the SFC on a monthly basis.

Orient Securities has complied to maintain the required amount of liquid capital throughout the year.

39. APPROVAL OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2015 were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 24 March 2016.



FINANCIAL SUMMARY

RESULTS					
		Year e	ended 31 Dece	ember	
	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
REVENUE	29,096	28,634	36,150	43,356	51,724
Other income	92	30	46	218	312
Employee costs	(8,912)	(7,398)	(5,743)	(7,905)	(10,712)
Administrative expenses	(6,757)	(5,596)	(5,923)	(8,612)	(9,099
Finance costs	(50)	(50)	(50)	(76)	(23)
Listing expenses	(952)	(2,771)	(7,653)	(3,901)	_
PROFIT BEFORE INCOME TAX	12,517	12,849	16,827	(23,080)	32,202
Income tax	(2,288)	(2,744)	(4,037)	(5,150)	(6,097)
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR ATTRIBUTABLE					
TO OWNERS OF THE COMPANY	10,229	10,105	12,790	17,930	26,105
TO OVINERS OF THE COMMAND	10,223	10,103	12,750	17,550	20,103
Other comprehensive income for the year					_
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF THE COMPANY	10,229	10,105	12,790	17,930	26,105
OF THE COMPANT	10,229	10,105	12,790	17,950	20,105
EARNINGS PER SHARE					
Basic and diluted	4.55 cents	4.49 cents	5.68 cents	5.78 cents	7.25 cents
ASSETS AND LIABILITIES					
		As	at 31 Decemb	oer	
	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Total assets	164,629	173,060	215,148	331,621	382,472
Total liabilities	(42,858)	(53,184)	(82,482)	(83,911)	(108,657)
Net assets	121,771	119,876	132,666	247,710	273,815
	121,771	1.5,070	152,000	2 17,7 10	