(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

1. Significant accounting policies

(a) **Basis of preparation**

This interim financial report is unaudited, but has been reviewed by KPMG in accordance with Statement of Auditing Standards 700 "Engagements to review interim financial reports", issued by the Hong Kong Society of Accountants ("HKSA"). KPMG's independent review report to the board of directors is included in page 5. In addition, this interim financial report has been reviewed by the Company's Audit Committee.

The interim financial report has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited ("The Stock Exchange") ("the Listing Rules"), including compliance with Statement of Standard Accounting Practice ("SSAP") 25 "Interim financial reporting" issued by the HKSA except that comparative figures for the cash flow statement have not been prepared as the Company has taken advantage of the transitional provisions set out in the Listing Rules.

The financial information relating to the financial year ended 31st December, 2000 included in the interim financial report does not constitute the Company's statutory accounts for that financial year but is derived from those accounts. Statutory accounts for the year ended 31st December, 2000 on which the auditors have expressed an unqualified opinion on those accounts in their report dated 9th April, 2001, are available from the Stock Exchange's website.

The same accounting policies adopted in the 2000 annual accounts have been applied to the interim financial report except as disclosed under notes 1(b), 1(c), 1(d) and 1(e) below.

The notes on the interim financial report include an explanation of events and transactions that are significant to an understanding of the changes in financial position and performance of the Group since the 2000 annual accounts.

(b) Goodwill arising on acquisition

In prior years, goodwill or negative goodwill arising on the acquisition of subsidiaries and associates, was charged or credited to reserves in the year in which it arises. With effect from 1st January, 2001, in order to comply with SSAP 30 "Business combinations", issued by HKSA, goodwill arising on consolidation is being carried forward and amortised on a straight-line basis over its estimated useful life of a period of not more than 20 years. Goodwill arising on consolidation prior to 1st January, 2001, which was previously eliminated directly against reserves, has been restated as a result of the change of accounting policy.

As a result of this new accounting policy, the Group's net assets at 30th June, 2001 have been increased by \$47,755,000 (at 31st December, 2000: \$49,834,000), of which \$45,682,000 (at 31st December, 2000: \$47,618,000) is attributable to interest in associates, and the Group's profit attributable to shareholders for the period decreased by \$2,068,000 (2000: \$2,068,000). The new accounting policy has been adopted retrospectively, with the opening balance of retained profits and the comparative information adjusted for the amounts relating to prior periods.

(Continued) (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

1. Significant accounting policies (Continued)

(c) Dividends

In prior years, dividends proposed or declared after the balance sheet date in respect of an accounting period were recognised as liabilities at the balance sheet date. With effect from 1st January, 2001, in order to comply with SSAP 9 (revised) "Events after the balance sheet date", issued by HKSA, the Company recognises a liability for dividends in the accounting period in which they are declared or proposed and approved by shareholders.

As a result of this new accounting policy, the Group's net assets at 30th June, 2001 have been increased by \$11,813,000 (at 31st December, 2000: \$26,579,000). There is no impact on the Group's profit attributable to shareholders for the periods presented. The new accounting policy has been adopted retrospectively, with the opening balance of retained profits and the comparative information adjusted for the amounts relating to prior periods.

(d) **Provisions and contingent liabilities**

Provisions are recognised for liabilities of uncertain timing or amount when the Group has a legal or constructive obligation arising as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made. Where the time value of money is material, provisions are stated at the present value of the expenditures expected to settle the obligation.

Where it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is disclosed as a contingent liability, unless the probability of outflow is remote. Possible obligations, whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more future events are also disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the probability of outflow is remote.

In prior years, no provision was made for the eventual costs that relate to the restoration of the alterations made to the premises leased from third parties. With effect from 1st January, 2001, in order to comply with SSAP 28 "Provisions, contingent liabilities and contingent assets" issued by HKSA, the best estimates of the eventual restoration costs are provided for and charged to profit and loss account on a straight-line basis over the lease terms. The effect of adopting the SSAP has been adjusted to the opening balance of retained earnings for the period. No restatement of other comparative information has been made.

(e) Impairment of assets

Internal and external sources of information are reviewed at each balance sheet date to identify indications that the following assets may be impaired:

- property, plant and equipment (other than investment properties carried at revalued amounts);
- investments in subsidiaries and associates; and
- goodwill.

(Continued) (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

1. Significant accounting policies (Continued)

(e) Impairment of assets (Continued)

If any such indication exists, recoverable amount of the asset is estimated. An impairment loss is recognised whenever the carrying amount of an asset or its cash-generating unit exceeds its recoverable amount.

(i) Calculation of recoverable amount

The recoverable amount of an asset is the greater of its net selling price and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. Where there are assets that do not generate cash flows largely independent of those from other assets, recoverable amounts are determined for the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows independently (ie a cash-generating unit).

(ii) Reversals of impairment losses

In respect of assets other than goodwill, an impairment loss is reversed if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. Impairment loss in respect of goodwill is reversed only if the loss was caused by a specific external event of an exceptional nature that is not expected to recur, and the increase in recoverable amount relates clearly to the reversal of the effect of that specific event.

A reversal of impairment loss is limited to the carrying amount of the asset that would have been determined had no impairment loss has been recognised in prior years. Reversals of impairment losses are credited to the profit and loss account in the year in which the reversals are recognised, except where the assets are carried at revalued amounts, in which case the reversal of impairment loss is treated as a revaluation movement.

2. Turnover and segmental information

The principal activities of the Group for the period are operation of department stores and property investments.

Group turnover for the period comprises the invoiced value of goods sold to customers less returns and income from property investments.

(Continued) (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

2. Turnover and segmental information (Continued)

The analysis of the principal activities and geographical locations of the operations of the Group for the period are as follows:

	Six m	up turnover onths ended 30th June,	profit from Six mo	nths ended 30th June,
	2001 \$'000	2000 \$'000	2001 \$'000	2000 \$'000 restated
Principal activities				
Department stores (notes (a), (b) and (c)(i)) Property investments	782,847	666,767	(65,801)	(94,971)
(note (c))	157,676	165,033	133,059	152,689
	940,523	831,800	67,258	57,718
Other Group expenses net of other income			(10,460)	(14,113)
			56,798	43,605

Notes:

- (a) Operating loss incurred by department stores for the period ended 30th June, 2000 included preoperating expenses amounted to \$19,633,000 in respect of the opening of a new department store trading under the name of wing on *Plus* on Nathan Road in July 2000.
- (b) Operating loss incurred by department stores includes impairment loss amounted to \$11,897,000 (2000: Nil) in respect of the fixed assets of the department store operation in Tianjin.
- (c) Operating profit contributed from property investments includes:
 - (i) Net rental income receivable of \$35,126,000 (2000: \$36,948,000) from the department store operation.
 - (ii) Impairment loss amounted to \$5,800,000 (2000: Nil) in respect of land use rights in the People's Republic of China.

(Continued) (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

2. Turnover and segmental information (Continued)

		oup turnover nonths ended 30th June,	profit from	ributions to operations onths ended 30th June,
	2001	2000	2001	2000
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000 restated
Geographical locations of operations				
Hong Kong	820,400	696,493	29,688	(17,050)
The People's Republic of China	40,185	41,502	(28,486)	(9,655)
Australia	65,942	78,643	60,003	77,474
United States of America	12,824	12,350	5,151	4,772
Others	1,172	2,812	902	2,177
=	940,523	831,800	67,258	57,718
Other Group expenses net				
of other income			(10,460)	(14,113)
			56,798	43,605

3. Income

	Six months ended 30th June,	
	2001	2000
	\$'000	\$'000
Other revenue		
Dividend and interest income from securities	3,260	7,766
Restaurant operation income	_	4,676
Hotel revenue	4,888	8,009
Other interest income	6,129	7,600
Others	2,062	2,259
=	16,339	30,310
Other net losses		
Net gain/(loss) on disposal of fixed assets	465	(1,114)
Net exchange loss	(10,630)	(9,727)
Net realised gain on trading securities	1,735	3,837
Net unrealised loss on trading securities	(4,284)	(11,775)
Write-back of impairment loss on non-trading securities	2,324	3,436
=	(10,390)	(15,343)

WING ON COMPANY INTERNATIONAL LIMITED

INTERIM REPORT 2001

(Continued)

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

4. Profit from ordinary activities before taxation

Profit from ordinary activities before taxation is arrived at after charging/(crediting):

		Six months ended 30th June,	
		2001	2000
		\$'000	\$'000
(a)	Finance cost:		
	Interest on bank advances and other borrowings		
	repayable within five years	34,025	46,237
	Finance charges on obligations under finance leases		69
		34,025	46,306
(b)	Other items:		
	Cost of inventories	554,425	474,079
	Operating lease charges		
	– rentals on land and buildings	55,530	55,397
	Depreciation and impairment loss on fixed assets	53,724	30,365
	Amortisation of goodwill	(33)	(34)
	Rentals receivable from investment properties net	~ /	
	of direct outgoings of \$32,504,000		
	(2000: \$28,793,000)	(124,647)	(135,527)

5. Taxation

	Six months ended 30th June,	
	2001 \$'000	2000 \$'000
Provision for Hong Kong Profits Tax for the period	8,015	7,992
Overseas taxation Deferred taxation	2,630 3,692	1,892 6,790
Share of associates' taxation	14,337 20,664	16,674 14,698
	35,001	31,372

The provision for Hong Kong Profits Tax is calculated at 16% (2000: 16%) of the estimated assessable profits for the period. Taxation for overseas subsidiaries is similarly charged at the appropriate current rates of taxation ruling in the relevant countries.

(Continued) (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

6. Basic earnings per share

The calculation of basic earnings per share is based on the profit attributable to shareholders for the period of \$38,493,000 (2000 restated: \$1,174,000) divided by 295,326,000 shares (2000: 295,326,000 shares) in issue during the period.

There were no outstanding potential ordinary shares throughout the periods presented.

7. Dividends

(a) Dividends attributable to the interim period:

	Six months ended 30th June,	
	2001 \$'000	2000 \$'000
Interim dividend declared after the interim period end of 4 cents per share (2000: Nil per share)	11,813	

The interim dividend declared after the interim period end has not been recognised as a liability at the interim period end date.

(b) Dividends attributable to the previous financial year, approved and payable/paid during the interim period/year:

	30th June, 2001 \$'000	31st December, 2000 \$'000
Final dividends in respect of the previous financial year proposed and approved by shareholders during the interim period		
of 9 cents per share (2000: 4 cents per share)	26,579	11,813
Less: Dividends paid during the period/year		11,813
Dividends payable at period/year end date	26,579	

(Continued) (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

8. Interest in associates

	30th June, 2001 \$'000	31st December, 2000 \$'000 restated
Unlisted shares		
Share of net assets other than goodwill	390,426	356,616
 Share of unamortised goodwill: as previously reported prior period adjustment with respect to change in accounting policy (note 1(b)) 		51,484
Share of unamortised goodwill (2000: as restated)	49,372	51,484
Goodwill on acquisition* – as previously reported – prior period adjustment with respect to change in accounting policy (note 1(b))		(3,866)
Goodwill on acquisition (2000: as restated)	(3,690)	(3,866)
Amounts due from associates less provision	13,524	13,152
	449,632	417,386

* Goodwill on acquisition is being recognised in the profit and loss account over a period of 20 years.

Additional information in respect of the Group's material associate, WL Investments Limited, extracted from its unaudited accounts, is given as follows:

	Six months ended 30th June,	
	2001 \$'000	2000 \$'000
Operating results		
Turnover	4,520,093	4,282,524
Profit before taxation	109,008	78,065
Profit after taxation	65,042	46,793
Group's share of profit after taxation		
attributable to the material associate	30,570	21,993

(Continued) (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

8. Interest in associates (Continued)

	30th June, 2001 \$'000	31st December, 2000 \$'000 restated
Non-current assets: As previously reported Prior period adjustment arising from change in accounting policy for goodwill (note 1(b))		977,690 109,541
Non-current assets (2000: as restated) Current assets*	1,176,161 1,309,638	1,087,231 1,318,131
Total assets	2,485,799	2,405,362
Current liabilities Non-current liabilities	958,941 563,874	1,007,410 504,933
Total liabilities	1,522,815	1,512,343
Net assets	962,984	893,019
Group's share of net assets attributable to the material associate	452,603	419,719

* Current assets comprise mainly inventories of motor vehicles.

At the balance sheet date, the Group has an equity interest of 50% in WL Investments Limited ("WL") Group. Due to the existence of a phantom stock plan for the benefit of the WL Group's key employees, the Group's effective share of the results and net assets of the WL Group is 47%.

9. Securities

	30th June, 2001 \$'000	31st December, 2000 \$'000
Non-trading securities		
Equity securities		
Listed outside Hong Kong, at market value	20,536	18,212
Unlisted	117,057	107,146
	137,593	125,358

(Continued) (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

9. Securities (Continued)

	30th June, 2001 \$'000	31st December, 2000 \$'000
Trading securities		
Debt securities Listed outside Hong Kong, at market value	105,300	108,941
Equity securities Listed		
– in Hong Kong, at market value	47,089	51,168
- outside Hong Kong, at market value	24,005	22,739
	71,094	73,907
	176,394	182,848

10. Goodwill

	Positive goodwill \$'000	Negative goodwill \$'000	Total \$'000
Cost:			
– as restated			
At 1st January, and at 30th June, 2001	178,553	(2,558)	175,995
Amortisation:			
– as restated			
At 1st January, 2001	176,337	(2,558)	173,779
Charge for the period	143		143
At 30th June, 2001	176,480	(2,558)	173,922
Carrying amount:			
At 30th June, 2001	2,073		2,073
At 31st December, 2000	2,216		2,216

(Continued) (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

11. Debtors, deposits and prepayments

Included in debtors, deposits and prepayments are trade and other debtors (net of provisions for doubtful debts) with the following ageing analysis:

	30th June, 2001	31st December, 2000
	\$'000	\$'000
Current	27,619	28,629
1 to 3 months overdue	1,462	1,370
More than 3 months overdue	585	801
Total trade and other debtors (note (a))	29,666	30,800
Deposits and prepayments (note (b))	88,340	101,545
	118,006	132,345

Notes:

(a) Debts are normally due within 30 days from the date of billing.

(b) All deposits and prepayments, apart from certain rental deposits of \$29,927,000 (2000: \$33,118,000), are expected to be recovered within one year.

12. Cash and cash equivalents

	30th June, 2001 \$'000	31st December, 2000 \$'000
Deposits with banks Cash at bank and in hand	212,664 60,535	257,879 79,734
	273,199	337,613

13. Creditors and accrued charges

Included in creditors and accrued charges are trade and other creditors with the following ageing analysis:

	30th June, 2001 \$'000	31st December, 2000 \$'000
Amounts not yet due On demand or overdue for less than 1 month 1 month to 3 months overdue 3 months to 12 months overdue	163,321 21,788 2,133 8,207	212,829 67,141 5,249 6,152
Total trade and other creditors Accrued charges	195,449 73,199 268,648	291,371 73,601 364,972

WING ON COMPANY INTERNATIONAL LIMITED

(Continued) (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

14. Reserves

	Investment property revaluation reserve \$'000	Land and building revaluation reserve \$'000	Investment revaluation reserve \$`000	Exchange reserve \$`000	Other capital reserves \$'000	Contributed surplus \$`000	Retained profits \$'000	Total \$'000
At 1st January, 2001 – as previously reported – changes in accounting policies with respect to: – goodwill arising on	1,441,511	204,249	82,773	(167,679)	41,931	754,347	2,085,296	4,442,428
acquisition (note 1(b))	_	_	_	(210)	246,987	_	(196,943)	49,834
- dividends (note 1(c))	-	_	-	-		_	26,579	26,579
Adjustment on the opening balance of retained profits: – provision for restoration costs on premises lease	1,441,511	204,249	82,773	(167,889)	288,918	754,347	1,914,932	4,518,841
from third parties (note 1(d))	_	_	_	_	_	_	(3,059)	(3,059)
(note 1(d))							(3,057)	(3,057)
- as restated	1,441,511	204,249	82,773	(167,889)	288,918	754,347	1,911,873	4,515,782
Dividends payable (note 7) Revaluation deficit transferred to the profit and loss account on disposal	-	-	_	_	-	_	(26,579)	(26,579)
of investment property	3,119	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,119
Surplus on revaluation of non-trading securities			9,917					9,917
Share of increase in capital	_	_),)17	_	_	_	_),)17
reserves of associates Exchange differences arising	-	-	-	-	2,394	-	-	2,394
on consolidation	-	-	_	(74,812)	-	-	-	(74,812)
Profit for the period							38,493	38,493
At 30th June, 2001	1,444,630	204,249	92,690	(242,701)	291,312	754,347	1,923,787	4,468,314

(Continued) (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

14. **Reserves** (Continued)

	Investment property revaluation reserve \$`000	Land and building revaluation reserve \$'000	Investment revaluation reserve \$'000	Exchange reserve \$`000	Other capital reserves \$'000	Contributed surplus \$`000	Retained profits \$'000	Total \$'000
At 1st January, 2000 – as previously reported – changes in accounting policies with respect to: – goodwill arising on	1,373,592	204,249	38,805	(76,308)	37,271	754,347	2,061,595	4,393,551
acquisition (note 1(b)) – dividends (note 1(c))	-	-		(399)	243,032		(193,998) 11,813	48,635 11,813
- as restated	1,373,592	204,249	38,805	(76,707)	280,303	754,347	1,879,410	4,453,999
Surplus on revaluation after minority interests Share of revaluation deficit	71,641	-	-	_	-	-	-	71,641
of associates Surplus on revaluation of	(3,722)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(3,722)
non-trading securities Transfer to the profit and loss account on disposal of	-	-	55,005	-	-	-	-	55,005
non-trading securities Exchange differences arising	-	-	(11,037)	-	-	-	-	(11,037)
on consolidation Share of increase in capital	-	-	-	(91,182)	-	-	-	(91,182)
reserves of associates Dividends paid during	-	-	-	-	8,615	-	-	8,615
the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	(11,813)	(11,813)
Profit for the year (as restated)					_		47,335	47,335
At 31st December, 2000	1,441,511	204,249	82,773	(167,889)	288,918	754,347	1,914,932	4,518,841

(Continued) (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

15. Capital commitments

Group capital commitments at 30th June, 2001, not provided for in the accounts were as follows:

	30th June,	31st December,	
	2001	2000	
	\$'000	\$'000	
Authorised and contracted for	3,099	2,274	

16. Contingent liabilities

The Company has undertaken to guarantee certain loans and other facilities granted to certain subsidiaries to the extent of \$1,073,762,000 (at 31st December, 2000: \$1,198,091,000) of which \$892,466,000 (at 31st December, 2000: \$1,034,266,000) were utilised at 30th June, 2001.

17. Material related party transactions

Material related party transactions are as follows:

- (a) A fellow subsidiary rents retail premises to a subsidiary. Rental and management fees payable to this fellow subsidiary amounted to \$7,190,000 (2000: \$7,190,000) during the period. The amounts due to the fellow subsidiary at 30th June, 2001 amounted to \$9,365,000 (at 31st December, 2000: \$10,406,000).
- (b) A subsidiary rents office premises to a fellow subsidiary. Rental and management fees receivable from this fellow subsidiary amounted to \$1,175,000 (2000: \$1,844,000) during the period. The amounts had been fully settled by the period end date.
- (c) A fellow subsidiary, engaging in securities practice, deals in securities for certain subsidiaries of the Group. Commission of \$46,000 (2000: \$46,000) was payable to the fellow subsidiary during the period. The amounts due from the fellow subsidiary at 30th June, 2001 amounted to \$10,484,000 (at 31st December, 2000: \$2,973,000).

18. Comparative figures

Comparative figures have been restated based on the changes in accounting policies as set out in note 1 in the interim financial report.

19. Approval of interim financial report

The interim financial report was approved by the Board on 17th September, 2001.