1 PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these consolidated accounts are set out below:

(a) Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong and comply with accounting standards issued by the Hong Kong Society of Accountants ("HKSA"). They have been prepared under the historical cost convention except that, as disclosed in the accounting policies below, certain property, plant and equipment, investment properties and investments in securities are stated at fair value.

In the current year, the Group adopted the following Statements of Standard Accounting Practice ("SSAPs") issued by the HKSA which are effective for accounting periods commencing on or after 1 January 2002:

SSAP 1 (revised) : Presentation of financial statements

SSAP 11 (revised) : Foreign currency translation

SSAP 15 (revised) : Cash flow statements SSAP 34 : Employee benefits

These new or revised SSAPs do not have material impact to the accounting policies and financial results of the Group except that certain comparative figures have been reclassified to conform with the new disclosure requirements.

(b) Group accounting

(i) Consolidation

The consolidated accounts include the accounts of the Company and its subsidiaries made up to 31 December. Subsidiaries are those entities in which the Company, directly or indirectly, controls the composition of the board of directors, controls more than half of the voting power or holds more than half of the issued share capital, or by way of having the power to govern the financial and operating policies so that the Group obtains benefits from these activities.

The results of subsidiaries acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated profit and loss account from the effective date of acquisition or up to the effective date of disposal, as appropriate.

All significant intercompany transactions and balances within the Group are eliminated on consolidation.

The gain or loss on the disposal of a subsidiary represents the difference between the proceeds of the sale and the Group's share of its net assets together with any unamortised goodwill or negative goodwill and the related accumulated foreign currency exchange fluctuation reserve.

1 PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(b) Group accounting (Continued)

(i) Consolidation (Continued)

Minority interests represent the interests of outside shareholders in the operating results and net assets of subsidiaries.

In the Company's balance sheet the investments in subsidiaries are stated at cost less provision for impairment losses. The results of subsidiaries are accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividends received and receivable.

(ii) Associated companies

An associated company is a company, not being a subsidiary, in which an equity interest is held for the long-term and significant influence is exercised in its management.

The consolidated profit and loss account includes the Group's share of the results of associated companies for the year, and the consolidated balance sheet includes the Group's share of the net assets of the associated companies.

In the Company's balance sheet the investments in associated companies are stated at cost less provision for impairment losses. The results of associated companies are accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividends received and receivable.

(c) Revenue recognition

- (i) Hotel revenue from rooms rental, food and beverage sales and other ancillary services is recognised when the services are rendered.
- (ii) Revenue in respect of hotel management and related services is recognised when the services are rendered.
- (iii) Rental revenue from properties is recognised on a straight line basis over the periods of the respective leases.
- (iv) Interest income is recognised on a time proportion basis, taking into account the principal amounts outstanding and the interest rates applicable.
- (v) Dividend income from other investments is recognised when the right to receive payment is established.

1 PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(d) Deferred taxation

Deferred taxation is accounted for at the current taxation rate in respect of timing differences between profit as computed for taxation purposes and profit as stated in the accounts to the extent that a liability or an asset is expected to be payable or recoverable in the foreseeable future.

(e) Fixed assets

(i) Hotel properties

Hotel properties are interests in land and buildings and their integral fixed plant, and are stated at valuations in the balance sheet except for newly opened hotels which have not completed two full years of operation and are stated at cost. Independent valuations are performed at intervals not exceeding three years on an open market for existing use basis as fully operational business units. In the intervening years the Directors review the carrying value of each property and independent valuation is performed where there are indications of a material change. Changes in the value of hotel properties are dealt with as movements in the hotel properties revaluation reserve. If the total of this reserve is insufficient to cover a deficit on an individual basis, the excess of the deficit is charged to the profit and loss account. No depreciation is provided on hotel properties held on leases (including land use rights) of more than 20 years. It is the Group's practice to maintain the properties in a continual state of sound repair and maintenance, and accordingly the Directors consider that depreciation is not necessary due to their high residual values. The related maintenance expenditure is dealt with in the profit and loss account in the year of expenditure.

Hotel properties held on leases (including land use rights) of which the unexpired term is 20 years or less are depreciated on the straight line basis over the unexpired period of the leases.

(ii) Investment properties

Investment properties are interests in land and buildings in respect of which construction work and development have been completed, and which are held for their long-term investment potential, any rental income being negotiated at arm's length. Investment properties are stated at annual professional valuations at the balance sheet date. Changes in the value of investment properties are dealt with as movements in the investment properties revaluation reserve. If the total of this reserve is insufficient to cover a deficit on a portfolio basis, the excess of the deficit is charged to the profit and loss account. Investment properties are not depreciated except where the unexpired term of the lease is 20 years or less, in which case depreciation is provided on the straight line basis over the unexpired period of the leases.

1 PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(e) Fixed assets (Continued)

(ii) Investment properties (Continued)

The gain or loss on disposal of an investment property, representing the difference between the net sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the relevant asset together with any revaluation reserve balance remaining attributable to the relevant asset, is recognised in the profit and loss account.

(iii) Properties under development

Properties under development are investments in land and buildings under construction. These properties are stated at cost, which comprises land costs, fees for land use rights and development costs including attributable interest and professional charges capitalised during the development period less any accumulated impairment losses. No depreciation is provided on properties under development.

(iv) Other tangible fixed assets

Other tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. Depreciation of other tangible fixed assets is calculated to write off their cost, less accumulated impairment losses and residual value, on the straight line basis over their expected useful lives to the Group. The principal annual rates used for this purpose are:

Other land and buildings 2.5% Furniture, fixtures and equipment 10% to $33^1/_3\%$ Motor vehicles 25% Plant and machinery 5% to 10%

(v) Gain or loss on disposal of fixed assets

The gain or loss on disposal of a fixed asset other than investment properties is the difference between the net sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the relevant asset, and is recognised in the profit and loss account. Any revaluation reserve balance remaining attributable to the relevant asset is transferred to retained profits and is shown as a movement in reserves.

(vi) Cost of restoring and improving other tangible fixed assets

Major costs incurred in restoring other tangible fixed assets to their normal working condition are charged to the profit and loss account. Improvements are capitalised and depreciated over their expected useful lives to the Group.

1 PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(e) Fixed assets (Continued)

(vii) Impairment

At each balance sheet date, both internal and external sources of information are considered to assess whether there is any indication that assets included in properties under development, other properties and other fixed assets are impaired. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated and where relevant, an impairment loss is recognised to reduce the asset to its recoverable amount. Such impairment losses are recognised in the profit and loss account except where the asset is carried at valuation and the impairment loss does not exceed the revaluation surplus for that same asset, in which case it is treated as a revaluation decrease.

(f) Operating leases

Leases where substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of assets remain with the leasing company are accounted for as operating leases. Payment made under operating leases net of any incentives received from the leasing company are charged to profit and loss on a straight-line basis over the lease periods.

(g) Intangibles

(i) Goodwill/Negative goodwill

Goodwill/Negative goodwill represents the excess/deficit of the cost of an acquisition over the fair value of the Group's share of the net assets of the acquired subsidiary or associated company at the date of acquisition.

Goodwill on acquisitions is included in intangible assets and is amortised using the straight-line method over its estimated useful life of 15 years from date of acquisition, while the negative goodwill is presented in the same balance sheet classification as goodwill. To the extent that negative goodwill relates to expectations of future losses and expenses that are identified in the Group's plan for the acquisition and can be measured reliably, but which do not represent identifiable liabilities at the date of acquisition, that portion of negative goodwill is recognised in the income statement when the future losses and expenses are recognised. Any remaining negative goodwill, not exceeding the fair values of the non-monetary assets acquired, is recognised in the income statement over the remaining weighted average useful life, which is 15 years, of those assets; negative goodwill in excess of the fair values of those non-monetary assets is recognised in the profit and loss account immediately.

(ii) Impairment of intangible assets

Where an indication of impairment exists, the carrying amount of any intangible asset is assessed and written down immediately to its recoverable amount.

1 PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(h) Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost, being cost of purchase, is determined on a weighted average basis.

Net realisable value is the price at which inventories can be sold or realised in the normal course of business after allowing for the costs of realisation.

(i) Investments in securities

(i) Long-term investments

Long-term investments are stated at cost less any provision for impairment losses.

The carrying amounts of individual investments are reviewed at each balance sheet date to assess whether the fair values have declined below the carrying amounts. When a decline other than temporary has occurred, the carrying amount of such securities is reduced to its fair value. The impairment loss is recognised as an expense in the profit and loss account.

This impairment loss is written back to profit and loss account when the circumstances and events that led to the write-downs or write-offs cease to exist and there is persuasive evidence that the new circumstances and events will persist for the foreseeable future.

(ii) Other investments

Trading securities are carried at fair value. At each balance sheet date, the net unrealised gains or losses arising from the changes in fair value of other investments are recognised in the profit and loss account. Profits or losses on disposal of other investments, representing the difference between the net sales proceeds and the carrying amounts, are recognised in the profit and loss account as they arise.

Held-to-maturity securities are stated in the balance sheet at cost. The discount or premium is amortised over the period to maturity and included as interest income/expense in the profit and loss account. Provision is made when there is a diminution in value other than temporary.

(j) Accounts receivable

Provision is made against accounts receivable to the extent they are considered to be doubtful. Accounts receivable in the balance sheet are stated net of such provision.



1 PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(k) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are carried in the balance sheet at cost. For the purposes of the cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand, deposits held at call with banks, cash investments with a maturity of three months or less from date of investment and bank overdrafts.

(l) Pre-operating expenditure

Pre-operating expenditure is charged to profit and loss account in the year in which it is incurred.

(m) Contingent liabilities

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events and whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Group. It can also be a present obligation arising from past events that is not recognised because it is not probable that outflow of economic resources will be required or the amount of obligation cannot be measured reliably.

A contingent liability is not recognised but is disclosed in the notes to the accounts. When a change in the probability of an outflow occurs so that outflow is probable, they will then be recognised as a provision.

(n) Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalised as part of the cost of that asset. All other borrowing costs are charged to the profit and loss account in the year in which they are incurred.

(o) Employee benefits

(i) Employee leave entitlements

Employee entitlements to annual leave are recognised when they accrue to employees. A provision is made for the estimated liability for annual leave as a result of services rendered by employees up to the balance sheet date.

Employee entitlements to sick leave and maternity or paternity leave are not recognised until the time of leave.

1 PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(o) Employee benefits (Continued)

(ii) Pension obligations

The Group operates a number of defined benefit and defined contribution plans, most of the assets of which are generally held in separate trustee administered funds. The pension plans are generally funded by payments from employees and by the relevant Group companies, taking account of the recommendations of independent qualified actuaries for defined benefit plans.

The Group's contributions to the defined contribution retirement scheme are expensed as incurred and are reduced by contributions forfeited by those employees who leave the scheme prior to vesting fully in the contributions.

For defined benefit plans, pension costs are assessed using the project unit credit method: the cost of providing pensions is charged to the profit and loss account so as to spread the regular cost over the service lives of employees in accordance with the advice of the actuaries who carry out a full valuation of the plans every 3 years. The pension obligation is measured as the present value of the estimated future cash outflows. Actuarial gains and losses arising from funded plans are recognised over the average remaining service lives of employees. Past service costs are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the average period until the benefits become vested.

The Group's contributions to defined benefits pension plans are charged to the profit and loss account in the period to which the contributions relate.

(p) Segment reporting

In accordance with the Group's internal financial reporting the Group has determined that geographical segment be presented as the primary reporting format and business segment as the secondary reporting format.

Unallocated costs represent corporate expenses. Segment assets consist primarily of fixed assets, inventories, receivables and operating cash, and mainly exclude negative goodwill, investments in securities and properties under development. Segment liabilities comprise operating liabilities and exclude items such as taxation and all borrowings. Capital expenditure comprises additions to fixed assets.

In respect of geographical segment reporting, sales are based on the country in which the asset is located. Total assets and capital expenditure are where the assets are located.



1 PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(q) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate of an amount can be made.

(r) Translation of foreign currencies

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated at exchange rates ruling at the transaction dates. Monetary assets and liabilities expressed in foreign currencies at the balance sheet date are translated at rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences arising in these cases are dealt with in the profit and loss account.

The balance sheet of subsidiaries and associated companies expressed in foreign currencies are translated at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date whilst the profit and loss account is translated at an average rate. Exchange differences are dealt with as a movement in reserves.

2 TURNOVER, REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Group owns and operates hotels and associated properties and provides hotel management and related services. Revenues recognised during the year are as follows:

	Group		
	2002	2001	
	US\$'000	US\$'000	
Turnover			
Hotel operation:			
Room rentals	289,119	288,849	
Food and beverage sales	239,046	235,886	
Rendering of ancillary services	48,245	49,812	
Hotel management and related service fees	9,180	8,809	
Property rentals	14,931	16,205	
	600,521	599,561	
Other revenues			
Interest income	3,549	7,353	
Dividend income	1,757	3,537	
Other income	1,562	1,235	
	6,868	12,125	
Total revenues	607,389	611,686	

2

TURNOVER, REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

Primary reporting format - geographical segments

The Group is managed on a worldwide basis in six main geographical areas:

Hong Kong – hotel ownership, operation and management
Mainland China – hotel ownership, operation and management

- ownership and leasing of office, commercial and serviced

apartments

Philippines – hotel ownership, operation and management Singapore – hotel ownership, operation and management

- ownership and leasing of office, commercial and serviced

apartments

Thailand - hotel ownership, operation and management

- ownership and leasing of office and commercial

Malaysia – hotel ownership, operation and management, golf club ownership

and operation

- ownership and leasing of office, commercial and serviced

apartments

Other countries - hotel ownership, operation and management

Secondary reporting format - business segments

The Group is organised on a worldwide basis into three main business segments:

Hotel operation - ownership and operation of hotel business

Hotel management - provision of hotel management and related services

Property rentals - ownership and leasing of office, commercial and serviced

apartments



2 TURNOVER, REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

Primary reporting format – geographical segments

		eople's of China							
	Hong Kong 2002 <i>US\$'000</i>	Mainland China 2002 US\$'000	Philippines 2002 US\$'000	Singapore 2002 US\$'000	Thailand 2002 US\$'000	Malaysia 2002 US\$'000	Other 2002 US\$'000	Elimination 2002 US\$'000	Grou 200 <i>US\$'00</i>
Turnover	40==40	450 405				40.040	A= //A		
External sales Inter-segment sales	137,740 4,059	179,197 7,835	72,631 4,119	87,101 2,226	34,132 1,945	62,310 1,886	27,410 728	(22,798)	600,52
Total	141,799	187,032	76,750	89,327	36,077	64,196	28,138	(22,798)	600,52
Result									
Segment results	15,999	58,654	18,450	34,107	13,211	6,271	4,955		151,64
Interest income Dividend income Net realised gains on other investments Net unrealised losses on									3,549 1,759 1,069
other investments Provision for impairment losses on properties									(6,84
under development Provision for impairment	-	(13,276)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(13,27
losses on long-term inve Unallocated corporate expe Amortisation of negative g Deficit on valuation of hot	enses oodwill	-	-	-	(35)	-	-	-	(3) (5,87) 16,49
and investment propertie Loss on disposal of partial interest in a subsidiary	es -	(3,417)	-	(10,183)	-	-	-	-	(13,60 (78
Operating profit before finance costs Finance costs									134,08 (41,02
Operating profit Share of results of associated companies Taxation Minority interests	-	36,365	-	2,331	-	805	1,128	-	93,06 40,62 (30,36 (10,24
Profit attributable to shareholders									93,07

2 TURNOVER, REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

Primary reporting format - geographical segments (Continued)

		eople's							
	Republi	of China							
		Mainland							
	Hong Kong	China	Philippines	Singapore	Thailand	Malaysia	Other	Elimination	Group
	2002	2002	2002	2002	2002	2002	2002	2002	2002
	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000
Segment assets Investments in	729,306	1,042,999	544,078	607,811	163,921	384,138	128,589	(4,561)	3,596,281
associated companies	-	733,763	-	60,682	-	32,988	24,466	-	851,899
Unallocated assets									357,112
Negative goodwill									(212,418
Total assets									4,592,874
Segment liabilities	(39,398)	(30,730)	(14,304)	(15,873)	(7,440)	(16,498)	(11,582)	4,561	(131,264
Unallocated liabilities									(1,251,528
Total liabilities									(1,382,792
Capital expenditure	13,141	37,719	9,929	421	9,801	19,627	2,119	_	92,757
Depreciation	(6,026)	(15,749)	(3,528)	2,364	(2,677)	(4,609)	(4,223)	-	(34,448
Amortisation of negative goodwill	, ,	, ,	, ,		(' '	(. ,	, ,		16,490
Provision for									
impairment losses	-	(13,276)	-	-	(35)	-	-	-	(13,311



2 TURNOVER, REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

Primary reporting format - geographical segments (Continued)

		eople's of China							
	керивис	Mainland							
	Hong Kong 2001	China 2001	Philippines 2001	Singapore 2001	Thailand 2001	Malaysia 2001	Other 2001	Elimination 2001	Group 200
	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'00
Turnover									
External sales	141,178	172,220	74,617	90,292	32,245	67,056	21,953	-	599,56
Inter-segment sales	4,304	8,240	3,826	2,249	1,612	1,916	505	(22,652)	
Total	145,482	180,460	78,443	92,541	33,857	68,972	22,458	(22,652)	599,56
Result									
Segment results	18,456	49,610	21,478	27,582	13,741	10,413	4,363		145,64
Interest income									7,35
Dividend income Net realised losses on									3,53
other investments									(10,13
Net unrealised losses on other investments									(14,43
Provision for impairment									(11)13
losses on properties		((, 000)							/ (00
under development Provision for impairment	-	(6,000)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(6,00
losses on long-term inve	stments -	_	_	_	(67)	_	_	_	(6
Unallocated corporate expe					, ,				(5,09
Amortisation of negative go	oodwill								16,70
(Deficit)/surplus on									
valuation of hotel and									
investment properties	-	(8,022)	-	(2,191)	-	-	894	-	(9,31
Operating profit									
before finance costs									128,18
Finance costs									(64,88
Operating profit									63,29
Share of results of associated companies	_	40,600	_	2,094	_	472	(8,069)	_	35,09
Taxation		.0,000		-/**			(0,000)		(27,04)
Minority interests									(12,56)
Profit attributable to									
shareholders									58,79

2 TURNOVER, REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

Primary reporting format - geographical segments (Continued)

		eople's							
	Republic	of China							
	11 1/2	Mainland	NI III I	C'	T I 'I I		0.1	FI. 1	
	Hong Kong	China	Philippines	Singapore	Thailand	Malaysia	Other	Elimination	Group
	2001	2001	2001	2001	2001	2001	2001	2001	2001
	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000
Segment assets Investments in	752,532	1,045,279	553,659	585,524	143,165	373,066	127,514	(5,296)	3,575,443
associated companies	-	850,530	-	53,981	-	13,281	23,879	-	941,671
Unallocated assets									271,400
Negative goodwill									(223,188
Total assets									4,565,326
Segment liabilities	(31,429)	(33,507)	(12,615)	(19,434)	(6,471)	(14,945)	(9,942)	5,296	(123,047
Unallocated liabilities									(1,237,437
Total liabilities									(1,360,484
Capital expenditure	8,006	29,519	15,119	14,987	4,282	8,124	4,960	_	84,997
Depreciation	(7,279)	(21,296)	(3,150)	(8,665)	(2,768)	(4,648)	(1,965)	-	(49,771
Amortisation of negative goodwill	, ,	, , ,	, , ,	, , , ,		, ,	, , ,		16,706
Provision for									
impairment losses	-	(6,000)	-	-	(67)	-	-	-	(6,067



2 TURNOVER, REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

Secondary reporting format - business segments

	Turnover 2002 <i>US\$'000</i>	Segment results 2002 <i>US\$'000</i>	Total assets 2002 <i>US\$'000</i>	Capital expenditure 2002 <i>US\$'000</i>
Hotel operation	576,410	138,347	3,271,966	67,979
Hotel management	31,978	8,331	18,412	302
Property rentals	14,931	4,969	310,464	791
Elimination	(22,798)	-	(4,561)	
	600,521	151,647	3,596,281	69,072
Investments in associated				
companies			851,899	-
Unallocated assets			357,112	23,685
Negative goodwill			(212,418)	
Total			4,592,874	92,757
	2001	2001	2001	2001
	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000
Hotel operation	574,548	131,802	3,251,723	61,286
Hotel management	31,460	7,668	16,929	324
Property rentals	16,205	6,173	312,087	809
Elimination	(22,652)	_	(5,296)	
	599,561	145,643	3,575,443	62,419
Investments in associated				
companies			941,671	-
Unallocated assets			271,400	22,578
Negative goodwill			(223,188)	
Total			4,565,326	84,997

3

OPERATING PROFIT BEFORE FINANCE COSTS

	Gro	oup
	2002	2001
	US\$'000	US\$'000
Operating profit before finance costs is stated after crediting and cl	narging:	
Crediting		
Dividend income from other investments	1,757	3,53
Amortisation of negative goodwill	16,490	16,706
Net realised gains on other investments	1,063	
Charging		
Depreciation of fixed assets (net of amount capitalised		
of US\$45,000 (2001: US\$34,000))	34,403	49,737
Cost of inventories sold or consumed in operation	73,655	72,038
Auditors' remuneration	623	509
Deficit on valuation of hotel and investment properties	13,600	9,319
Operating lease rental in respect of land and buildings	8,982	10,167
Staff costs excluding emoluments of directors (note 4)	168,620	164,819
Net realised losses on other investments	_	10,132
Net unrealised losses on other investments	6,848	14,439
Provision for impairment losses on long-term investments	35	67
Provision for impairment losses on properties under development	13,276	6,000
Loss on disposals of fixed assets	2,280	2,748
Discarding of fixed assets due to properties renovations	2,969	1,056
Loss on disposal of partial interest in a subsidiary		
including the realisation of investment properties		
revaluation reserve and unamortised negative	=00	
goodwill derecognised on disposal	788	-

4 STAFF COSTS

	Group		
	2002	2001	
	US\$'000	US\$'000	
Wages and salaries (including unutilised annual leave)	130,417	126,560	
Pension costs	10,141	10,547	
Other welfare	28,062	27,712	
	168,620	164,819	



5 FINANCE COSTS

6

	Gro	up
	2002	2001
	US\$'000	US\$'000
Exchange differences	(1,088)	716
Interest on bank loans and overdrafts	42,902	63,418
Interest on other borrowings wholly repayable within five years	269	16
	43,171	63,434
Less: amounts capitalised	(1,667)	
	41,504	63,434
Interest on loans from minority interests with		
no fixed repayment term	610	736
Total charged to the profit and loss account	41,026	64,886
SHARE OF RESULTS OF ASSOCIATED COMPANIES		
	Group	
	2002	2001
	US\$'000	US\$'000

7 TAXATION

	Group		
	2002	2001	
	US\$'000	US\$'000	
Hong Kong profits tax			
- Provision for the year	4,817	5,983	
- Deferred (note 28(c))	650	(261)	
Taxation outside Hong Kong			
- Provision for the year	14,512	11,343	
- Deferred (note 28(c))	946	2,647	
Share of taxation attributable to associated companies	9,442	7,328	
	30,367	27,040	

- (a) Hong Kong profits tax is provided at a rate of 16% (2001: 16%) on the estimated assessable profits of group companies operating in Hong Kong.
- (b) Taxation outside Hong Kong includes withholding tax paid on dividends from a subsidiary and tax provided at the prevailing rates on the estimated assessable profits of group companies operating outside Hong Kong.
- (c) Taxation attributable to associated companies represents share of overseas tax provided at the prevailing rates on the estimated assessable profits.

8 PROFIT ATTRIBUTABLE TO SHAREHOLDERS

The profit attributable to shareholders is dealt with in the accounts of the Company to the extent of US\$39,367,000 (2001: US\$73,305,000).

9 DIVIDENDS

Group		
2002 <i>US\$'000</i>	2001 US\$'000	
19,530	20,140	
13,972	22,325	
33,502	42,465	
	2002 <i>US\$'000</i>	



9 DIVIDENDS (Continued)

Notes:

- (a) Amounts shown in respect of the interim dividend for the year ended 31 December 2002 reflected the cash dividend of HK7 cents (2001: HK7 cents) per ordinary share. A scrip dividend alternative to the 2002 interim dividend was also offered, with the result that only US\$16,835,000 (2001: US\$20,140,000) of the 2002 interim dividend was paid in cash.
- (b) At a meeting held on 21 March 2003, the directors recommended a final dividend of HK5 cents per ordinary share. A scrip dividend alternative was also offered. This proposed dividend is not reflected as a dividend payable in these accounts, but will be reflected as an appropriation of retained earnings for the year ending 31 December 2003.

10 EARNINGS PER SHARE

- (a) Basic earnings per share of US4.28 cents (2001: US2.63 cents) is calculated based on profit attributable to shareholders of US\$93,078,000 (2001: US\$58,793,000) and the weighted average number of 2,176,761,192 shares (2001: 2,236,166,337 shares) in issue during the year.
- (b) Diluted earnings per share is same as the basic earnings per share as there is no dilution effect arising from the share options (note 23) granted by the Company.

11 EMOLUMENTS OF DIRECTORS AND HIGHEST PAID INDIVIDUALS

(a) Directors

The aggregate amounts of the Directors' emoluments pursuant to the disclosure requirements under Sections 161 and 161A of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance are as follows:

	Group		
	2002	2001	
	US\$'000	US\$'000	
As directors	147	179	
For management			
- basic salaries, housing allowances, other allowances			
and other benefits in kind	2,248	3,497	
Discretionary bonus	553	518	
Directors' pensions	68	124	
	3,016	4,318	

Apart from the aforesaid, during the years ended 31 December 2002 and 2001, no other emoluments have been paid.

11 EMOLUMENTS OF DIRECTORS AND HIGHEST PAID INDIVIDUALS (Continued)

(a) Directors (Continued)

The number of Directors whose emoluments fell within the following bands is:

	Number of directors			
	Execu	tive	Non-exe	cutive
	2002	2001	2002	2001
HK\$ nil - HK\$1,000,000	3	_	7	6
HK\$1,500,000 - HK\$2,000,000	-	_	-	1
HK\$2,000,001 - HK\$2,500,000	2	_	_	-
HK\$2,500,001 - HK\$3,000,000	-	1	-	-
HK\$3,000,001 - HK\$3,500,000	1	2	-	-
HK\$4,000,001 - HK\$4,500,000	_	1	_	_
HK\$4,500,001 - HK\$5,000,000	1	1	_	_
HK\$5,000,001 - HK\$5,500,000	_	1	_	_
HK\$6,500,001 - HK\$7,000,000	1	_	_	_
HK\$7,000,001 - HK\$7,500,000	_	1	-	-

Total emoluments payable to the independent non-executive Directors amounted to US\$57,692 (2001: US\$69,752).

No Directors have waived emoluments for the years ended 31 December 2002 and 2001.

During the year, 4,550,000 options were granted to the Directors under a new share option scheme (the "New Option Scheme") approved by the shareholders at the Special General Meeting on 24 May 2002. Details of the options granted and exercised during the year are stated on the section headed "Share Options" in the Report of the Directors.

11 EMOLUMENTS OF DIRECTORS AND HIGHEST PAID INDIVIDUALS (Continued)

(b) Highest paid individuals

The five individuals whose emoluments were the highest in the Group for the year include three (2001: four) Directors whose emoluments have been reflected in the analysis presented above. The total emoluments payable to the five highest paid individuals during the year are as follows:

	Group	
	2002	2001
	US\$'000	US\$'000
For management		
- basic salaries, housing allowances,		
other allowances and other benefits in kind	2,217	2,804
Discretionary bonus	449	348
Pensions	97	113
	2,763	3,265

The emoluments of the individuals who are not Directors fell within the following bands:

	Number of individuals		
	2002	2001	
HK\$3,000,001 - HK\$3,500,000	1	_	
HK\$3,500,001 - HK\$4,000,000	_	1	
HK\$4,000,001 - HK\$4,500,000	1		

12 PENSION SCHEME ARRANGEMENTS

The Group operates and participates in a number of pension and retirement schemes of both the defined contribution and defined benefit types. Principal schemes are as follows:

(a) The defined contribution schemes (including the Mandatory Provident Fund ("MPF") in Hong Kong) participated by the Group, other than those in the PRC, Singapore and Malaysia, require employers to contribute 5% to 10% of the employees' basic salaries and some of these schemes permit employees' contributions on a discretionary basis. The MPF requires both the employers and employees in Hong Kong to contribute 5% of their monthly gross earnings with a ceiling of HK\$1,000 (equivalent US\$128) per month. Under these schemes with the exception of MPF, the unvested benefits of employees terminating employment can be utilised by employers to reduce their future levels of contributions. The assets of these schemes are held separately from those of the Group in independently administered funds. The amounts of unvested benefits so utilised by employers during the year and available for the future reduction of employers' contributions as at 31 December 2002 were not material.

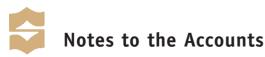


12 PENSION SCHEME ARRANGEMENTS (Continued)

The Group's subsidiaries in the PRC, Singapore and Malaysia participate in defined contribution schemes managed by the respective local governments in these countries. Contributions are made based on a percentage, ranging from 7% to 26%, of the employee's salaries and bonus, if applicable, and are charged to the profit and loss account as incurred. The maximum contributions for each employee for the Group's subsidiaries in Singapore are fixed at S\$960 (equivalent US\$552) per month for monthly salaries and bonus payment by Singapore government. The employees of the Group's subsidiaries in Singapore and Malaysia are also required to contribute 20% and 11% of their gross salaries and bonus, if applicable, to such fund respectively.

The three hotels in the Philippines have adopted a funded non-contributory defined benefit pension plan covering all their regular employees. The benefits are based on years of service and the employee's final covered compensation. The plan requires periodic contributions by the participating subsidiaries as determined by periodic actuarial reviews. An actuarial valuation was performed by Orlando J. Manalang, a qualified actuary, at 1 September 2001 using the Projected Unit Credit Actuarial Cost Method. The principal assumptions used in the actuarial valuation are that scheme assets will earn a yield of 10% per annum and salaries will increase by 6% per annum. According to this report, the market value of the plan assets and actuarial accrued liabilities on the valuation date amounted to Peso 123,608,000 (equivalent US\$2,310,000) and Peso 81,138,000 (equivalent US\$1,517,000). The report recommended that the three hotels temporarily suspend making contributions to the plan until such time that another actuarial valuation is done which must be undertaken within the next three years.

(b) Total pension cost including charges for directors charged to the profit and loss account for the year under all pension schemes was US\$10,209,000 (2001: US\$10,661,000).



13 FIXED ASSETS

				Gr	oup			
			Other	Properties	Furniture,			
	Hotel	Investment	land and	under	fixtures and	Motor	Plant and	
	properties	properties	buildings	development	equipment	vehicles	machinery	Total
	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000
Cost or valuation								
At 1 January 2002	2,880,431	295,826	61,700	211,024	406,200	13,368	71,457	3,940,006
Exchange differences	20,203	10,976	322	(1,094)	3,619	97	2,462	36,585
Additions	5,392	791	664	64,801	17,305	1,965	1,839	92,757
Transfer	56,846	(12,302)	(1,944)	(41,039)	(7,258)	359	5,338	-
(Deficit)/surplus on revaluation	n (45,319)	618	-	-	-	-	-	(44,701
Disposals	(2,137)	(11)	(467)	(1,227)	(14,218)	(3,037)	(5,277)	(26,374
At 31 December 2002	2,915,416	295,898	60,275	232,465	405,648	12,752	75,819	3,998,273
At cost	_	_	60,275	232,465	405,648	12,752	75,819	786,959
At valuation	2,915,416	295,898	-	-	-	-	-	3,211,314
	2,915,416	295,898	60,275	232,465	405,648	12,752	75,819	3,998,273
Accumulated depreciation								
At 1 January 2002	-	-	6,094	-	291,420	9,513	49,110	356,137
Exchange differences	-	-	25	-	1,984	70	1,667	3,746
Charge for the year	-	-	952	-	29,136	1,858	2,502	34,448
Transfer	-	-	(504)	-	873	142	(511)	-
Disposals	-	-	(3)	-	(12,818)	(2,950)	(4,629)	(20,400
At 31 December 2002	-	<u>-</u>	6,564	<u>-</u>	310,595	8,633	48,139	373,931
Accumulated impairment losses								
At 1 January 2002	-	-	-	6,000	-	-	-	6,000
Provision for the year	-	-	-	13,276	-	-	-	13,276
At 31 December 2002	<u>-</u>	-	-	19,276	-	-	<u>-</u>	19,276
Net book value								
At 31 December 2002	2,915,416	295,898	53,711	213,189	95,053	4,119	27,680	3,605,066
At 31 December 2001	2,880,431	295,826	55,606	205,024	114,780	3,855	22,347	3,577,869

⁽a) Hotel and investment properties of the Group are stated at professional valuations, valued on the basis of their market value as a fully operational entity for existing use.

13 FIXED ASSETS (Continued)

(b) The net book values of hotel properties, investment properties, other land and buildings and properties under development of the Group comprised:

Total	Outside Hong Kong	Outside Hong Kong	Hong Kong	Outside Hong Kong	Outside Hong Kong	Hong Kong	
US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	
							Freehold
40,316	20,421	19,895	-	-	-	-	At cost
905,112	-	-	-	245,398	659,714	-	At valuation
							Long lease (not less than 50 years)
60,630	44,029	14,155	2,446	-	-	-	At cost
640,440	-	-	-	-	342,783	297,657	At valuation
							Medium lease (less than 50 years but more than 10 years)
163,964	148,739	12,616	2,609	-	-	-	At cost
1,665,762	-	-	-	50,500	1,252,468	362,794	At valuation
							Short lease (less than 10 years)
1,990	_	1,990	_	_	_	_	At cost
-,,,,,	_	-,,,,,	_	_	_	_	At valuation

The carrying amount of hotel properties and investment properties that would have been included in the accounts had these assets been carried at cost is US\$2,591,237,000 (2001: US\$2,524,541,000). No depreciation is provided for the above hotel properties and investment properties which are all held on leases of more than 20 years under the Company's accounting policies.

(c) Details of hotel and investment properties of the Company's subsidiaries are summarised in note 34.



13 FIXED ASSETS (Continued)

(d) Details of movements in fixed assets of the Company are as follows:

	Furniture, fixtures and equipment US\$'000	Motor vehicles <i>US\$'000</i>	Total <i>US\$'000</i>
Cost			
At 1 January 2002	765	293	1,058
Additions	4	_	4
Disposals	(8)	(42)	(50)
At 31 December 2002	761	251	1,012
Accumulated depreciation			
At 1 January 2002	736	293	1,029
Charge for the year	15	_	15
Disposals	(6)	(42)	(48)
At 31 December 2002	745	251	996
Net book value			
At 31 December 2002	16	-	16
At 31 December 2001	29	-	29

NEGATIVE GOODWILL

	Group	
	2002	2001
	US\$'000	US\$'000
Cost		
At 1 January	(264,101)	(234,632)
Acquisition of additional interests in subsidiaries and		
a new associated company	(6,454)	(29,469)
Released upon disposal of partial interest in a subsidiary	917	
At 31 December	(269,638)	(264,101)
Accumulated amortisation		
At 1 January	40,913	24,207
Amortised during the year	16,490	16,706
Released during the year upon disposal of partial		
interest in a subsidiary	(183)	
At 31 December	57,220	40,913
Net book value at 31 December	(212,418)	(223,188)

15 SUBSIDIARIES

	Con	ipany
	2002	2001
	US\$'000	US\$'000
Unlisted shares, at cost	1,698,366	1,698,366
Amounts due from subsidiaries	675,395	659,771
Amounts due to subsidiaries	(155,474)	(125,971)
	2,218,287	2,232,166

- (a) Details of principal subsidiaries are set out in note 33(a).
- (b) Amounts due from subsidiaries are unsecured, interest-free and with no fixed repayment terms except for an amount of US\$15,600,000 (2001: US\$15,600,000) due from a subsidiary which was interest bearing at HIBOR plus 1% per annum.
- (c) Amounts due to subsidiaries as at 31 December 2002 and 2001 are unsecured, interest-free and with no fixed repayment terms.

16 ASSOCIATED COMPANIES

	Group	
	2002	2001
	US\$'000	US\$'000
Share of net assets	731,023	734,623
Amounts due from associated companies	120,876	207,048
	851,899	941,671

Amounts due from associated companies are unsecured, interest-free and with no fixed repayment terms except for the total amount of US\$80,510,000 (2001: US\$86,991,000) due from two associated companies which is interest bearing at LIBOR plus 2% per annum and US\$30,631,000 (2001: US\$28,832,000) due from an associated company which is interest bearing at 1.25% per annum. Details of principal associated companies are set out in note 33(b).

17 LONG-TERM INVESTMENTS

	Group	
	2002 <i>US\$'000</i>	2001 US\$'000
Overseas unlisted shares, at cost	1,916	1,916
Exchange differences	(242)	(31
Provision for impairment losses	(332)	(297
	1,342	1,588
Loans	550	1,174
	1,892	2,762

The loans are unsecured, interest-free and with no fixed repayment terms.

18 ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE, PREPAYMENTS AND DEPOSITS

At 31 December 2002, the ageing analysis of the trade debtors was as follows:

	Gro	oup
	2002 US\$'000	2001 US\$'000
0 - 3 months	28,634	25,043
4 - 6 months	1,239	750
over 6 months	531	381
	30,404	26,174

The Group has a defined credit policy. The general credit term is 30 days.

19 OTHER INVESTMENTS

	Group	
	2002	2001
	US\$'000	US\$'000
Equity securities, at market value		
Shares listed in Hong Kong	23,547	33,641
Shares listed outside Hong Kong	12,687	19,493
	36,234	53,134
Unlisted securities, at market value		
Outside Hong Kong	1,257	1,242
Held-to-maturity securities, at cost		
Unquoted outside Hong Kong		2,004
	37,491	56,380

Equity securities listed in Hong Kong included shares in the Company ("such SA shares") with a carrying value of US\$8,628,000 (2001: US\$10,319,000) held by Shangri-La Hotel Public Company Limited, Thailand ("SHPCL"). Such SA shares, representing approximately 0.6% (2001: 0.6%) of the issued share capital of the Company as at 31 December 2002, were held by SHPCL before the Company acquired the controlling interests in it in late 1999. The Company has undertaken, subject to market conditions, to use its reasonable endeavours to procure SHPCL to dispose of all such SA shares to parties independent of the Kuok Group. In view of the temporary nature of this holding in such SA shares, they have been classified as other investments in these accounts.

20 ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUALS

At 31 December 2002, the ageing analysis of the trade creditors was as follows:

	Group	
	2002	2001
	US\$'000	US\$'000
Accounts payable in the next:		
0 - 3 months	22,765	18,448
4 - 6 months	429	488
over 6 months	1,614	1,190
	24,808	20,126

21 BANK LOANS AND OVERDRAFTS AND OTHER BORROWINGS

	Group		
	2002	2001	
	US\$'000	US\$'000	
Overdrafts - unsecured	538	305	
Bank loans - secured (note 32(b))	17,446	35,747	
Bank loans - unsecured	1,105,723	1,073,773	
Other borrowings – unsecured	17,261	16,247	
	1,140,968	1,126,072	

The above bank loans and overdrafts are repayable as follows:

	Bank loans and overdrafts		fts Other borrowin	
	2002	2001	2002	2001
	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000
Within one year	130,099	619,796	_	_
In the second year	21,096	5,137	17,261	_
In the third to fifth years inclusive	933,487	483,090	_	16,247
After five years	39,025	1,802	_	
	993,608	490,029	17,261	16,247
	1,123,707	1,109,825	17,261	16,247

Other borrowings represented S\$30,000,000 unsecured Floating Rate Notes (the "Notes") due in 2004 issued at face value by Shangri-La Hotel Limited, Singapore ("SHL") on 13 December 2001. As at 31 December 2002, the interest rate is 1.45% (2001: 1.7886%). The interest rate will be re-fixed at every 6 monthly interval based on an agreed formula set out in the issuing documents. Unless previously redeemed or purchased and cancelled, the Notes will be redeemed at the face value of S\$30,000,000 on the maturity date.

SHARE CAPITAL

	2002		2001	
	No. of		No. of	
	shares		shares	
	(′000)	US\$'000	('000)	US\$'000
Authorised — Ordinary shares of HK\$1 each				
At 1 January and 31 December	5,000,000	646,496	5,000,000	646,496
Issued and fully paid — Ordinary shares of HK\$1 each				
At 1 January	2,176,660	281,406	2,214,014	286,270
Issue of scrip dividend shares				
(note (a))	4,738	607	_	-
Issue of shares for acquisition of additional interests in SHL				
(note (b))	_	_	32,350	4,148
Repurchase of shares (note (c))	(1,742)	(225)	(69,704)	(9,012)
At 31 December	2,179,656	281,788	2,176,660	281,406

- (a) On 23 August 2002, the Company declared an interim dividend on its ordinary shares for the year ended 31 December 2002. The Company offered to its shareholders a scrip dividend alternative under which the shareholders could elect to receive ordinary shares in lieu of a cash dividend. 4,738,270 ordinary shares of HK\$1 each were issued on 19 November 2002 under this scheme.
- (b) As at the close of the delisting exit offer to the remaining shareholders of SHL on 22 February 2001, the Company acquired a further 9.61% of the share capital of SHL from unrelated shareholders and thus increased its interest in SHL to 99.11%. The total consideration was US\$34,674,000 including the issuance of 32,349,764 new ordinary shares of par value of HK\$1 each at HK\$8.31 per share on 27 February 2001 by the Company and cash payment of associated acquisition costs of US\$209,000. The issued new shares rank pari passu with the existing shares.

22 SHARE CAPITAL (Continued)

(c) During the year, the Company repurchased a total of 1,742,000 (2001: 2,758,000) fully paid shares on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "HKSE"), all of which have been duly cancelled, as follows:

	No. of shares	Total	Purchase price	e per share
Month of purchase	repurchased	consideration	Highest	Lowest
		US\$	HK\$	HK\$
August	196,000	128,084	5.20	4.975
September	570,000	361,614	5.15	4.60
October	976,000	562,648	4.60	4.30
	1,742,000	1,052,346		

In last year, the Company also repurchased 66,945,522 fully paid shares which were previously held indirectly by SHL. These shares were repurchased from SHL through private arrangement at a price of HK\$6.85 per share on 11 December 2001 and all these shares have been duly cancelled on the same date.

23 SHARE OPTIONS

At the Special General Meeting of the Company held on 24 May 2002, the shareholders of the Company approved the adoption of a new share option scheme (the "New Option Scheme") and the termination of the operation of the executive share option scheme adopted by the shareholders of the Company on 16 December 1997 (the "Executive Option Scheme") (such that no further options shall thereafter be offered under the Executive Option Scheme but in all other respects the provisions of the Executive Option Scheme shall remain in full force and effect).

During the year, the Company granted a total of 17,140,000 option shares under the New Option Scheme at an exercise price of HK\$6.81 per share.

Pursuant to the terms of the Executive Option Scheme, the Company adjusted the respective exercise prices per option share of the unexercised options and the respective number of option shares on 30 December 2002 following the change in the Company's issued share capital arising from the various repurchases of the Company's own shares and the issue of the scrip dividend shares on 19 November 2002.

23 SHARE OPTIONS (Continued)

The movements in share options granted pursuant to the Executive Option Scheme during the year were as follows:

	Number of option shares granted on			
	1 May	15 January	15 January	
	1998	2000	2001	
	(Note (a))	(Note (b))	(Note (c))	
Balance at 1 January 2002	13,110,000	8,360,000	4,900,000	
Granted during the year	_	_	_	
Lapsed during the year	(150,000)	(170,000)	(100,000)	
Adjustment made on the number of option shares				
on 30 December 2002	(419,887)	(253,009)	(142,558)	
Balance as at 31 December 2002	12,540,113	7,936,991	4,657,442	
Exercise price per option share before the				
adjustment on 30 December 2002 (HK\$)	8.00	8.55	7.94	
Exercise price per option share immediately after the				
adjustment on 30 December 2002 (HK\$)	8.26	8.82	8.18	

The movements in share options granted pursuant to the New Option Scheme during the year were as follows:

	Number of option shares granted on 29 May 2002 (Note(d))
Balance at 1 January 2002	-
Granted during the year	17,140,000
Lapsed during the year	(270,000)
Balance as at 31 December 2002	16,870,000
Exercise price per option share (HK\$)	6.81



23 SHARE OPTIONS (Continued)

Notes:

- (a) The share options are exercisable based on an approved three-year vesting scale from 1 May 1999 to 30 April 2008.
- (b) The share options are exercisable based on an approved two-year vesting scale from 15 January 2001 to 14 January 2010.
- (c) The share options are exercisable based on an approved two-year vesting scale from 15 January 2002 to 14 January 2011.
- (d) The share options are exercisable based on an approved two-year vesting scale from 29 May 2003 to 28 May 2012.

No options were cancelled under the Executive Option Scheme and the New Option Scheme during the year (2001: Nil).

According to the terms of the Executive Option Scheme and the New Option Scheme, no options have lapsed subsequent to the year end and up to the date of this report.



24 RESERVES

		Capital	Hotel properties	Shar revaluatio in associate	n reserves	Exchange				
	Share premium US\$'000	redemption reserve US\$'000	revaluation reserve US\$'000	Hotel properties US\$'000	Investment properties US\$'000	fluctuation reserve US\$'000	Capital reserve US\$'000	Other reserve US\$'000	Contributed surplus US\$'000	Total US\$'000
Group										
At 1 January 2002	530,725	10,441	563,947	95,797	182,197	(182,119)	601,490	557	389,741	2,192,776
Deficit on valuation	-	-	(27,060)	(28,846)	(6,437)	-	-	-	-	(62,343)
Arising from issue of scrip dividend										
(note 22(a))	2,087	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,087
Transfer to retained profits										
on disposal of partial										
interest in a subsidiary	-	-	(205)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(205)
Realised on disposal of										
partial interest in a subsidiary	-	-	-	-	(27)	-	-	-	-	(27)
Arising from repurchase of shares										
(note 22(c))	(836)	225	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(611)
Exchange differences	-	-	-	-	-	20,983	-	-	-	20,983
Other movements	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	500	-	500
At 31 December 2002	531,976	10,666	536,682	66,951	175,733	(161,136)	601,490	1,057	389,741	2,153,160
Company										
At 1 January 2002	530,725	10,441	-	_	-	_	_	_	1,524,231	2,065,397
Arising from issue of scrip dividend										
(note 22(a))	2,087	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,087
Arising from repurchase of shares										
(note 22(c))	(836)	225	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(611)
At 31 December 2002	531,976	10,666	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,524,231	2,066,873
Group										
At 1 January 2001	583,181	1,429	613,556	98,158	175,646	(153,654)	601,490	459	359,424	2,279,689
(Deficit)/surplus on valuation	_	_	(49,609)	(2,361)	6,551	-	· -	_	_	(45,419)
Arising from issue of shares			(,)	(/ /	.,					(,,
(note 22(b))	_	_	-	_	-	_	_	_	30,317	30,317
Arising from repurchase of shares										
(note 22(c))	(52,456)	9,012	_	_	-	-	_	-	_	(43,444)
Exchange differences	-	-	_	_	-	(28,465)	_	-	_	(28,465)
Other movements	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	98	-	98
At 31 December 2001	530,725	10,441	563,947	95,797	182,197	(182,119)	601,490	557	389,741	2,192,776
Company										
At 1 January 2001	583,181	1,429	-	_	_	_	_	_	1,493,914	2,078,524
Arising from issue of shares	303,101	1,127							-,,,,,,,	2,010,027
(note 22(b))	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	30,317	30,317
Arising from repurchase of shares									30,311	30,317
(note 22(c))	(52,456)	9,012		-	-	-	-		-	(43,444)
At 31 December 2001	530,725	10,441			_	_	-	-	1,524,231	2,065,397
We 21 December FAA1	JJ0,112)	10,441							1,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	£,00J,J7/



24 RESERVES (Continued)

- (a) The revaluation reserves of hotel and investment properties are not available for distribution other than in a dissolution.
- (b) A subsidiary is required by local law to appropriate a certain percentage of its annual net profits as other reserve. This reserve is not available for dividend distribution.
- (c) The contributed surplus of the Company arises when the Company issues shares in exchange for the shares of companies being acquired, and represents the difference between the nominal value of the Company's share issued and the value of net assets of the companies acquired. Under the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda (as amended), the contributed surplus is distributable to the shareholders. At Group level, the contributed surplus is reclassified into its components of reserves of the underlying subsidiaries, wherever appropriate.

25 RETAINED PROFITS

Group		Company		
2002	2001	2002	2001	
US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	
406,555	400,050	33,990	12,875	
93,078	58,793	39,367	73,305	
(22,325)	(23,038)	(22,325)	(23,038)	
(19,530)	(20,140)	(19,530)	(20,140)	
(225)	(9,012)	(225)	(9,012)	
(500)	(98)	_	-	
205	-	-		
457,258	406,555	31,277	33,990	
13,972	22,325	13,972	22,325	
443,286	384,230	17,305	11,665	
457,258	406,555	31,277	33,990	
217.828	187,789	31.277	33,990	
239,430	218,766			
457,258	406,555	31,277	33,990	
	2002 US\$'000 406,555 93,078 (22,325) (19,530) (225) (500) 205 457,258 13,972 443,286 457,258 217,828 239,430	2002 2001 US\$'000 US\$'000 406,555 400,050 93,078 58,793 (22,325) (23,038) (19,530) (20,140) (225) (9,012) (500) (98) 205 - 457,258 406,555 13,972 22,325 443,286 384,230 457,258 406,555 217,828 187,789 239,430 218,766	2002 2001 2002 US\$'000 US\$'000 US\$'000 406,555	

25 RETAINED PROFITS (Continued)

- (a) Included in the retained profits of subsidiaries and associated companies are statutory funds of approximately US\$197,000 and US\$15,947,000, respectively (2001: US\$147,000 and US\$15,561,000). These funds are set up by way of appropriation from the profit after taxation of the respective companies, established and operating in the PRC, in accordance with the relevant laws and regulations.
- (b) The repatriation of retained earnings of subsidiaries operating in the Philippines and Thailand is subject to withholding tax of 15% and 10% respectively. The amount of retained earnings attributable to the Group was US\$60,309,000 (2001: US\$56,559,000) and US\$7,202,000 (2001: US\$2,401,000), respectively for subsidiaries operating in the Philippines and Thailand as at 31 December 2002.

The repatriation of retained earnings of a subsidiary owned by a Group's wholly owned subsidiary operating in Singapore is subject to Singapore Income Tax at 22%. The amount of retained earnings attributable to the Group was US\$31,405,000 (2001: US\$39,409,000).

The Group provides for withholding/income tax only upon repatriation of dividends from these subsidiaries as it is its policy to use a significant portion of the earnings in the respective countries to finance the local business needs of the respective subsidiaries for refurbishment, expansion, working capital and repayment of loans and because the tax is only due upon eventual remittances.

26 DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES

As at 31 December 2002, the Group's distributable reserves comprised:

	2002	2001
	US\$'000	US\$'000
The Company		
Distributable retained profits	31,277	33,990
Contributed surplus	1,524,231	1,524,231
	1,555,508	1,558,221
Subsidiaries (notes (a) and (b))		
Distributable retained profits	390,198	323,640
Associated companies (notes (a) and (b))		
Distributable retained profits	231,410	236,063

- (a) The distributable profits of subsidiaries and associated companies are the corresponding share of profits which are distributable as shown in the statutory accounts of those companies.
- (b) There are differences between the profits included in the Group accounts of certain subsidiaries and associated companies, and those in their statutory accounts, as the former have been adjusted for the purpose of complying with the Group's accounting policies.

27 MINORITY INTERESTS AND LOANS

	Group		
	2002	2001	
	US\$'000	US\$'000	
Share of equity	317,876	324,105	
Loans from minority shareholders	88,334	88,762	
	406,210	412,867	

The loans from minority shareholders are unsecured and interest-free except for a total amount of US\$27,203,000 (2001: US\$22,473,000) which is interest bearing at various interest rates ranging from HIBOR plus 1% per annum to 2.5% per annum.

28 DEFERRED TAXATION

(a) An analysis of the full potential deferred taxation liabilities and the provision made in the accounts is as follows:

Group						
2002		20	001			
Full		Full Full		Full		
potential	Provision	potential	Provision			
liabilities made US\$'000 US\$'000		liabilities	made			
		US\$'000	US\$'000			
29,841	13,091	19,806	11,108			
(10,085)	(872)	(1,037)	(1,098)			
19,756	12,219	18,769	10,010			
	Full potential liabilities US\$'000	2002 Full potential Provision liabilities made US\$'000 US\$'000 29,841 13,091 (10,085) (872)	Provision potential liabilities made liabilities US\$'000 US\$'000 US\$'000 29,841 13,091 19,806 (10,085) (872) (1,037)			

Others are mainly due to unrealised exchange differences on long-term loans and available tax losses.

(b) No provision has been made for deferred taxation liability in respect of the timing differences not expected to reverse in the foreseeable future and the timing differences relating to the surplus arising from the revaluation of properties of subsidiaries and associated companies. The revaluation does not constitute a timing difference for taxation purposes because the management of the Group intends to operate these properties on a long-term basis. In addition, certain countries in which the Group operates do not levy a capital gains tax.

28 DEFERRED TAXATION (Continued)

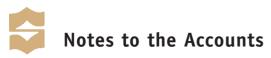
(c) Movements of the provision for deferred tax liabilities of the Group are as follows:

	Group		
	2002 <i>US\$'000</i>	2001 US\$'000	
At 1 January	10,010	8,013	
Transferred from profit and loss account (note 7)	1,596	2,386	
Exchange differences	613	(389)	
At 31 December	12,219	10,010	

29 NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT

(a) Reconciliation of profit before taxation to net cash generated from operations

	2002 US\$'000	2001 US\$'000
Profit before taxation	133,689	98,396
Share of results of associated companies	(40,629)	(35,097)
Deficit on valuation of hotel and investment properties	13,600	9,319
Provision for impairment losses on properties under development	t 13,276	6,000
Depreciation	34,403	49,737
Amortisation of negative goodwill	(16,490)	(16,706)
Interest on bank loans and overdrafts and other borrowings	42,114	64,170
Interest income	(3,549)	(7,353)
Dividend received from other investments	(1,757)	(3,537)
Loss on disposal of fixed assets and discarding of fixed assets	, ,	(. ,
due to properties renovations	5,249	3,804
Net realised and unrealised losses on other investments	5,785	24,571
Provision for impairment losses on long-term investments	35	67
Loss on disposal of partial interest in a subsidiary	788	
Operating profit before working capital changes	186,514	193,371
(Increase)/decrease in inventories	(623)	3,037
(Increase)/decrease in accounts receivable, prepayments	` ,	
and deposits	(8,543)	10,499
Increase/(decrease) in accounts payable and accruals	15,001	(19,645)
(Decrease)/increase in amounts due to minority shareholders	(107)	101
Increase in amounts due from associated companies	(2,333)	(1,074)
Increase in amounts due from minority shareholders		(363)
Net cash generated from operations	189,909	185,926



29 NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT (Continued)

(b) Analysis of changes in financing during the year

	Share capital (including premium)	Bank loans and other borrowings (including loans from minority shareholders)
	2	2002
Note	e US\$'000	US\$'000
At 1 January 2002	812,131	1,214,529
Issue of shares for scrip dividend 22(a	2,694	_
Net cash (outflow)/inflow from financing	(1,052)	6,669
Exchange differences	(9)	7,566
At 31 December 2002	813,764	1,228,764
		2001
	US\$'000	US\$'000
At 1 January 2001 Issue of shares for acquisition of additional interest in	869,451	1,275,674
a subsidiary	4,148	_
Net cash outflow from financing	(2,163)	(51,847)
Cancellation of own shares repurchased from a subsidia	, ,	-
Exchange differences	(513)	(9,298)
At 31 December 2001	812,131	1,214,529
Analysis of the balances of cash and cash equivalent	s	
	2002	2001
	US\$'000	US\$'000
Cash and bank balances	127,261	103,697
Bank overdrafts	(538)	(305)
	126,723	103,392

At 31 December 2002, the Group's cash and bank balances of US\$79,853,000 (2001: US\$55,550,000) were kept in the PRC, Malaysia, Thailand, the Philippines and Myanmar. The remittance of funds out of these countries is subject to rules and regulations of foreign exchange control promulgated by the governments of the respective countries.

(c)

30 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

In addition to those connected transactions disclosed in the Report of the Directors, during the year and in the normal course of business, the Group had received hotel management and related services and royalty fees totalling US\$4,750,000 (2001: US\$4,148,000) from associated companies of the Group. The fees are charged by the Group at either a fixed amount or a certain percentage of the gross operating revenue/profit of the relevant companies.

31 COMMITMENTS

As at 31 December 2002, the Group and the Company had the following commitments:

(a) The Group's commitments for hotel and associated property development and renovation projects amount to approximately:

	2002 US\$'000	2001 US\$'000
Contracted but not provided for	86,958	21,390
Authorised by Directors but not contracted for	354,612	436,610
	441,570	458,000

- (b) As at 31 December 2002, the Group has no commitments in associated companies in respect of property development projects (2001: US\$12,229,000).
- (c) The Group's commitments under operating leases to make future aggregate minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases in respect of land and buildings are as follows:

	2002 <i>US\$'000</i>	2001 US\$'000
Not later than one year	6,895	5,629
Later than one year and not later than five years	19,009	15,504
Later than five years	134,621	86,490
	160,525	107,623

(d) At 31 December 2002, the Group had future aggregate minimum lease rental receivable under non-cancellable operating leases in respect of land and buildings as follows:

	2002 US\$'000	2001 US\$'000
Not later than one year	5,859	4,771
Later than one year and not later than five years	1,747	1,297
	7,606	6,068

31 COMMITMENTS (Continued)

(e) The Company had entered into HIBOR interest rate swap contracts for an aggregate principal amount of HK\$5,416,000,000 at fixed interest rates between 3.735% to 5.74% per annum to reduce its interest rate exposure. These contracts will be maturing in November 2004 through December 2006.

32 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND CHARGES OVER ASSETS

(a) Contingent liabilities

As at 31 December 2002, contingent liabilities of the Group and the Company were as follows:

- (i) The Company executed proportionate guarantees in favour of banks for securing banking facilities granted to certain subsidiaries and associated companies. The utilised amount of such facilities covered by the Company's guarantees for the subsidiaries and associated companies, and which also represented the financial exposure of the Company at the balance sheet date, amounts to US\$943,729,000 (2001: US\$979,826,000) and US\$29,759,000 (2001: US\$29,759,000), respectively.
- (ii) The Group executed guarantees in favour of banks for securing banking facilities granted to certain associated companies. The utilised amount of such facilities covered by the Group's guarantees for these associated companies at the balance sheet date amounts to US\$44,764,000 (2001: US\$47,382,000).

(b) Charges over assets

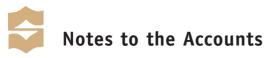
As at 31 December 2002, bank loan and banking facility of a subsidiary amounting to US\$12,371,000 (2001: US\$35,047,000 for two subsidiaries) were secured by charges over certain hotel properties and other fixed assets of that subsidiary with net book values totalling US\$57,537,000 (2001: US\$87,346,000 for two subsidiaries) and other assets totalling US\$2,917,000 (2001: US\$7,166,000 for two subsidiaries). Bank loan of a subsidiary amounting to US\$5,075,000 (2001: US\$700,000) was secured by charges over other investment of this subsidiary with net book values totalling US\$8,628,000 (2001: US\$6,948,000).

Apart from the aforesaid, neither the Group nor the Company had any material contingent liabilities or charges as at 31 December 2002.

33 GROUP STRUCTURE - PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES AND ASSOCIATED COMPANIES

(a) At 31 December 2002, the Company held interests in the following principal subsidiaries:

Name	Place of establishment/ operation	Paid up/ issued capital	holdin	entage g in the g shares Indirect	Nature of business	Notes
Seanoble Assets Limited	The British Virgin Islands	Ordinary HK\$578,083,745	100	-	Investment holding	1
Shangri-La Asia Treasury Limited	The British Virgin Islands	Ordinary HK\$780	100	-	Group financing	1
Kerry Industrial Company Limited	Hong Kong	Ordinary HK\$2 Non-voting deferred HK\$10,000,000	-	100	Investment holding	1
Shangri-La Hotel (Kowloon) Limited	Hong Kong	Ordinary HK\$2 Non-voting deferred HK\$10,000,000	-	100	Hotel ownership and operation	1
Shangri-La International Hotels (Pacific Place) Limited	Hong Kong	Ordinary HK\$5,000 Non-voting deferred HK\$10,000,000	-	80	Hotel ownership and operation	1
Shenzhen Shangri-La Hotel Limited	The People's Republic of China	Registered capital US\$32,000,000	-	51.30	Hotel ownership and operation	5
Beihai Shangri-La Hotel Ltd.	The People's Republic of China	Registered capital US\$16,000,000	-	97	Hotel ownership and operation	5
Shanghai Pu Dong New Area Shangri-La Hotel Co., Ltd.	The People's Republic of China	Registered capital US\$47,000,000	-	100	Hotel ownership and operation	2, 4
Shenyang Traders Hotel Ltd.	The People's Republic of China	Registered capital US\$28,334,000	-	97	Hotel ownership and operation	5
Changchun Shangri-La Hotel Co., Ltd.	The People's Republic of China	Registered capital RMB167,000,000	-	90	Hotel ownership and operation and real estate operation	5



33 GROUP STRUCTURE - PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES AND ASSOCIATED COMPANIES (Continued)

(a) At 31 December 2002, the Company held interests in the following principal subsidiaries: (continued)

Name	Place of establishment/ operation	Paid up/ issued capital	holdin	entage g in the shares Indirect	Nature of business	Notes
Jilin Province Kerry Real Estate Development Ltd	The People's Republic of China	Registered capital RMB25,000,000	-	90	Real estate development and operation	5
Qingdao Shangri-La Hotel Co., Ltd.	The People's Republic of China	Registered capital US\$18,334,000	-	100	Hotel ownership and operation	6
Dalian Shangri-La Hotel Co., Ltd.	The People's Republic of China	Registered capital US\$36,666,670	-	90	Hotel ownership and operation	5
Dalian Kerry Real Estate Development Co., Ltd.	The People's Republic of China	Registered capital US\$18,666,670	-	100	Real estate development and operation	6
Xian Shangri-La Golden Flower Hotel Co., Ltd	The People's Republic of China	Registered capital US\$12,000,000	-	100	Hotel ownership and operation	4
Harbin Shangri-La Hotel Co., Ltd.	The People's Republic of China	Registered capital US\$21,860,000	-	95	Hotel ownership and operation	5
Wuhan Kerry Real Estate Development Co., Ltd.	The People's Republic of China	Registered capital US\$6,000,000	-	92	Real estate development and operation	5
Wuhan Shangri-La Hotel Co., Ltd.	The People's Republic of China	Registered capital US\$26,667,000	-	92	Hotel ownership and operation	5
Fujian Kerry World Trade Centre Co., Ltd.	The People's Republic of China	Registered capital HK\$180,000,000	-	100	Real estate development	3, 6
Fuzhou Shangri-La Hotel Co., Ltd.	The People's Republic of China	Registered capital US\$12,600,000	-	100	Hotel ownership and operation	3, 4

33 GROUP STRUCTURE - PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES AND ASSOCIATED COMPANIES (Continued)

(a) At 31 December 2002, the Company held interests in the following principal subsidiaries: (continued)

	Place of establishment/	····· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		Nature of		
Name	operation	issued capital	Direct	Indirect	business	Notes
Zhongshan Shangri-La Hotel Co., Ltd.	The People's Republic of China	Registered capital US\$16,310,000	-	51	Hotel ownership and operation	3, 5
Shanghai Ji Xiang Properties Co., Ltd.	The People's Republic of China	Registered capital US\$76,000,000	-	99	Real estate development and operation	2, 3, 5
Tianjin Kerry Real Estate Development Co., Ltd.	The People's Republic of China	Registered capital US\$11,707,000	-	90	Real estate development and operation	3, 5
Shenyang Kerry Real Estate Development Co., Ltd.	The People's Republic of China	Registered capital US\$6,844,017	-	90	Real estate development and operation	3, 5
Makati Shangri-La Hotel & Resort, Inc.	Philippines	Common Peso 921,948,400	-	100	Hotel ownership and operation	
Edsa Shangri-La Hotel & Resort, Inc.	Philippines	Common Peso 792,128,700	-	100	Hotel ownership and operation	
Mactan Shangri-La Hotel & Resort, Inc.	Philippines	Common Peso 272,630,000 Preferred Peso 170,741,500	-	100	Hotel ownership and operation	
Fiji Mocambo Limited	Fiji	Ordinary F\$751,459	-	71.64	Hotel ownership and operation	2
Yanuca Island Limited	Fiji	Ordinary F\$1,262,196	-	71.64	Hotel ownership and operation	2



33 GROUP STRUCTURE - PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES AND ASSOCIATED COMPANIES (Continued)

(a) At 31 December 2002, the Company held interests in the following principal subsidiaries: (continued)

Name	Place of establishment/ operation	Paid up/ issued capital	holdin	entage g in the shares Indirect	Nature of business	Notes
Shangri-La Hotel Limited	Singapore	Ordinary \$\$164,663,560	-	100	Investment holding, hotel ownership and operation and leasing of residential and serviced apartments	2
Sentosa Beach Resort Pte Ltd	Singapore	Ordinary S\$30,000,000	-	100	Hotel ownership and operation	2
Shangri-La Hotels (Malaysia) Berhad	Malaysia	Ordinary RM440,000,000	-	54.37	Investment holding and hotel ownership and operation	
Shangri-La Hotel (KL) Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	Ordinary RM150,000,000	-	54.37	Hotel ownership and operation	
Golden Sands Beach Resort Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	Ordinary RM6,000,000	-	54.37	Hotel ownership and operation	
Komtar Hotel Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	Ordinary RM6,000,000	-	32.62	Hotel ownership and operation	
Pantai Dalit Beach Resort Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	Ordinary RM135,000,000	-	65.78	Hotel and golf club ownership and operation	
UBN Tower Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	Ordinary RM500,000	-	54.37	Property investment and office management	
UBN Holdings Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	Ordinary RM45,000,000	-	54.37	Investment holding and property investment	

33 GROUP STRUCTURE - PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES AND ASSOCIATED COMPANIES (Continued)

(a) At 31 December 2002, the Company held interests in the following principal subsidiaries: (continued)

	Place of establishment/	Paid up/	holdin	Percentage holding in the voting shares Nature of		
Name	operation	issued capital	Direct	Indirect	business	Notes
Traders Yangon Company Limited	Myanmar	Ordinary Kyat 21,600,000	-	56.22	Hotel ownership and operation	
Shangri-La Hotel Public Company Limited	Thailand	Common Baht 1,300,000,000	-	73.61	Hotel and office ownership and operation	
SLIM International Limited	Cook Islands	Ordinary US\$1,000	100	-	Investment holding	1
Shangri-La International Hotel Management Limited	Hong Kong	Ordinary HK\$10,000,000	-	100	Hotel management, marketing, consultancy and reservation services	1
Shangri-La International Hotel Management B.V.	The Netherlands	Ordinary EUR18,151	-	100	Licensing use of intellectual property rights	1

Notes:

- Subsidiaries audited by PricewaterhouseCoopers, Hong Kong.
- 2 Subsidiaries audited by other member firms of PricewaterhouseCoopers, Hong Kong.
- 3 Subsidiaries which are under various stages of real estate and hotel development and have not yet commenced business operations as at the balance sheet date.
- 4 Co-operative Joint Venture.
- 5 Equity Joint Venture.
- 6 Wholly Foreign Owned Enterprise.



33 GROUP STRUCTURE - PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES AND ASSOCIATED COMPANIES (Continued)

(b) At 31 December 2002, the Group held interests in the following principal associated companies:

Name	Place of establishment/ operation	Percentage holding in the registered capital by the Group	Nature of business	Notes
China World Trade Center Ltd.	The People's Republic of China	50	Hotel ownership and operation and property investment	2
Beijing Shangri-La Hotel Ltd.	The People's Republic of China	49	Hotel ownership and operation	
Hangzhou Shangri-La Hotel Ltd.	The People's Republic of China	45	Hotel ownership and operation	
Seacliff Limited	The People's Republic of China	30	Hotel ownership and operation and property investment	1
PT Swadharma Kerry Satya	Indonesia	25	Hotel ownership and operation	
Beijing Jia Ao Real Estate Development Co., Ltd.	The People's Republic of China	23.75	Real estate development and operation	2
Beijing Kerry Centre Hotel Co., Ltd.	The People's Republic of China	23.75	Hotel ownership and operation	2
Shanghai Xin Ci Hou Properties Co., Ltd	The People's Republic of China	24.75	Real estate development and operation	2
Cuscaden Properties Pte Ltd	Singapore	40.75	Hotel ownership and operation and property investment	
Johdaya Karya Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	36.31	Property investment	
Tanjong Aru Hotel Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	40	Hotel ownership and operation	

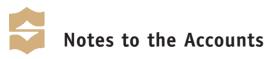
33 GROUP STRUCTURE - PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES AND ASSOCIATED COMPANIES (Continued)

(b) At 31 December 2002, the Group held interests in the following principal associated companies: (continued)

Notes:

- 1 Associated company audited by PricewaterhouseCoopers, Hong Kong.
- 2 Associated companies audited by other member firms of PricewaterhouseCoopers, Hong Kong.
- (c) The above tables list out the subsidiaries and associated companies of the Company as at 31 December 2002 which, in the opinion of the Directors, principally affected the results for the year or form a substantial portion of the net assets of the Group. To give details of other subsidiaries and associated companies would, in the opinion of the Directors, result in particulars of excessive length.
- (d) Details of a material associated company, China World Trade Center Ltd., as at 31 December 2002 pursuant to SSAP 10 "Accounting for investments in associates", after making appropriate adjustments to conform with the Group's accounting policies, are as follows:
 - (i) Summarised profit and loss account

	Year ended 31 December	
	2002	2001
	US\$'000	US\$'000
Turnover	139,630	147,449
Profit before taxation	51,861	72,733
Taxation	(12,683)	(11,658)
Profit after taxation	39,178	61,075
Minority interests	(6,888)	(6,788)
Profit attributable to shareholders	32,290	54,287
Depreciation and amortisation	2,676	1,850
Profit after taxation attributable to the Group	16,145	27,144



33 GROUP STRUCTURE - PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES AND ASSOCIATED COMPANIES (Continued)

(d) (ii) Summarised assets and liabilities

	As at 31 Decembe	
	2002	2001
	US\$'000	US\$'000
Fixed assets	1,257,115	1,305,009
Deferred tax assets	5,133	6,472
Current assets	108,653	116,261
Current liabilities	(260,894)	(265,278)
Net current liabilities	(152,241)	(149,017)
Long-term liabilities	(1,232)	_
Net assets and minority interests	1,108,775	1,162,464

34 HOTEL AND INVESTMENT PROPERTIES OF SUBSIDIARIES AND ASSOCIATED COMPANIES

(a) Details of hotel and investment properties of the Company's subsidiaries are as follows:

Address	Existing use	Lease term
Kowloon Shangri-La, Hong Kong 64 Mody Road, Tsimshatsui East, Kowloon, Hong Kong	Hotel operation	Long lease
Island Shangri-La, Hong Kong Pacific Place, 88 Queensway, Central, Hong Kong	Hotel operation	Medium lease
Shangri-La Hotel, Shenzhen Shenzhen East Side, Railway Station, Jianshe Road, Shenzhen 518001, The People's Republic of China	Hotel operation	Medium lease
Shangri-La Hotel, Beihai 33 Chating Road, Beihai, Guangxi 536007, The People's Republic of China	Hotel operation	Medium lease

34 HOTEL AND INVESTMENT PROPERTIES OF SUBSIDIARIES AND ASSOCIATED COMPANIES (Continued)

(a) Details of hotel and investment properties of the Company's subsidiaries are as follows: (continued)

Address	Existing use	Lease term
Pudong Shangri-La, Shanghai 33 Fu Cheng Lu, Pudong New Area, Shanghai 200120, The People's Republic of China	Hotel operation	Medium lease
Traders Hotel, Shenyang 68 Zhong Hua Road, He Ping District, Shenyang 110001, The People's Republic of China	Hotel operation	Long lease
Shangri-La Hotel, Changchun 9 Xian Road, Changchun 130061, The People's Republic of China	Hotel operation and commercial and residential rental	Long lease
Shangri-La Hotel, Qingdao 9 Xiang Gang Zhong Lu, Qingdao 266071, The People's Republic of China	Hotel operation	Medium lease
Shangri-La Hotel, Dalian 66 Renmin Road, Dalian 116001, The People's Republic of China	Hotel operation	Medium lease
Dalian Century Tower Apartments 66 Renmin Road, Dalian 116001, The People's Republic of China	Residential rental	Medium lease
Shangri-La Golden Flower Hotel, Xian 8 Chang Le Road West, Xian 710032, Shaanxi, The People's Republic of China	Hotel operation	Medium lease
Shangri-La Hotel, Harbin 555 You Yi Road, Dao Li District, Harbin 150018, The People's Republic of China	Hotel operation	Medium lease
Shangri-La Hotel, Wuhan No. 700, Jianshe Avenue, Hankou, Wuhan 430015, The People's Republic of China	Hotel operation	Medium lease



34 HOTEL AND INVESTMENT PROPERTIES OF SUBSIDIARIES AND ASSOCIATED COMPANIES (Continued)

(a) Details of hotel and investment properties of the Company's subsidiaries are as follows: (continued)

Address	Existing use	Lease term
Makati Shangri-La, Manila Ayala Avenue, corner Makati Avenue, Makati City, Metro Manila 1200, The Philippines	Hotel operation	Medium lease
Edsa Shangri-La, Manila 1 Garden Way, Ortigas Center, Mandaluyong City 1650, Metro Manila, The Philippines	Hotel operation	Medium lease
Shangri-La's Mactan Island Resort, Cebu Punta Engano Road, Mactan Island, Cebu, The Philippines	Hotel operation	Medium lease
Shangri-La's Fijian Resort, Yanuca Island Yanuca Island, Sigatoka, Nadroga, Fiji	Hotel operation	Long lease
Fiji Mocambo, Nadi Namaka Hill, Nadi, Fiji	Hotel operation	Long lease
Shangri-La Hotel, Singapore 22 & 28 Orange Grove Road, Singapore 258350	Hotel operation	Freehold
Shangri-La Apartments, Singapore 1 Anderson Road, Singapore 259983	Residential rental	Freehold
Shangri-La Residences, Singapore No.1A Lady Hill Road, Singapore 258685	Residential rental	Freehold
Shangri-La's Rasa Sentosa Resort, Singapore 101 Siloso Road, Sentosa, Singapore 098970	Hotel operation	Long lease
Shangri-La Hotel, Kuala Lumpur UBN Complex, 11 Jalan Sultan Ismail, 50250 Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia	Hotel operation	Freehold

34 HOTEL AND INVESTMENT PROPERTIES OF SUBSIDIARIES AND ASSOCIATED COMPANIES (Continued)

(a) Details of hotel and investment properties of the Company's subsidiaries are as follows: (continued)

Address	Existing use	Lease term
Shangri-La Hotel, Penang Magazine Road, 10300 Penang, Malaysia	Hotel operation	Long lease
Shangri-La's Golden Sands Resort, Penang Batu Feringgi Beach, 11100 Penang, Malaysia	Hotel operation	Freehold
Shangri-La's Rasa Sayang Resort, Penang Batu Feringgi Beach, 11100 Penang, Malaysia	Hotel operation	Freehold
Shangri-La's Rasa Ria Resort, Dalit Bay Golf & Country Club, Sabah Pantai Dalit, 89208 Tuaran, Sabah, Malaysia	Hotel and golf club operation	Long lease
UBN Tower, Kuala Lumpur UBN Complex, 10 Jalan P Ramlee, 50250 Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia	Office and commercial rental	Freehold
UBN Apartments, Kuala Lumpur UBN Complex, 10 Jalan P Ramlee, 50250 Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia	Residential rental	Freehold
Traders Hotel, Yangon 223 Sule Pagoda Road, Yangon, Myanmar	Hotel operation	Medium lease
Shangri-La Hotel, Bangkok 89 Soi Wat Suan Plu, New Road, Bangrak, Bangkok 10500, Thailand	Hotel operation and office rental	Freehold



34 HOTEL AND INVESTMENT PROPERTIES OF SUBSIDIARIES AND ASSOCIATED COMPANIES (Continued)

(b) Details of hotel and investment properties of the operating associated companies are as follows:

Address	Existing use	Lease term
China World Trade Center 1 Jian Guo Men Wai Avenue, Beijing 100004, The People's Republic of China	Hotel operation and office, commercial, residential and exhibition hall space rental	Medium lease
Shangri-La Hotel, Beijing 29 Zizhuyuan Road, Beijing 100089, The People's Republic of China	Hotel operation	Short lease
Shangri-La Hotel, Hangzhou 78 Beishan Road, Hangzhou 310007, The People's Republic of China	Hotel operation	Medium lease
Shanghai Centre 1376 Nanjing Xi Lu, Shanghai 200040, The People's Republic of China	Hotel operation and office, commercial, residential and exhibition hall space rental	Medium lease
Beijing Kerry Centre 1 Guanghua Road, Chaoyang District, Beijing 100020, The People's Republic of China	Hotel operation and office, commercial and residential rental	Medium lease
Shanghai Kerry Centre No. 1515 Nanjing Road West, Jingan District, Shanghai 200040, The People's Republic of China	Office, commercial and residential rental	Medium lease
Traders Hotel, Singapore 1A Cuscaden Road, Singapore 249716	Hotel operation	Long lease

34 HOTEL AND INVESTMENT PROPERTIES OF SUBSIDIARIES AND ASSOCIATED COMPANIES (Continued)

(b) Details of hotel and investment properties of the operating associated companies are as follows: (continued)

Address	Existing use	Lease term
Tanglin Mall, Singapore 163 Tanglin Road, Singapore 247933	Commercial rental	Long lease
Tanglin Place, Singapore 91 Tanglin Road, Singapore 247918	Commercial rental	Freehold
Part of City Square Johor Bahru, Johor, Malaysia	Commercial rental	Long lease
Shangri-La's Tanjung Aru Resort, Kota Kinabalu 88995 Kota Kinabalu, Sabah, Malaysia	Hotel operation	Long lease
Shangri-La Hotel, Jakarta Kota BNI, Jalan Jend Sudirman Kav. 1, Jakarta 10220, Indonesia	Hotel operation	Medium lease

35 APPROVAL OF ACCOUNTS

The accounts were approved by the Board of Directors on 21 March 2003.