NOTES TO THE CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the six months ended 31 December 2005

1. BASIS OF PREPARATION

The condensed financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the applicable disclosure requirements of Appendix 16 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited and with Hong Kong Accounting Standard 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the "HKICPA").

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The condensed financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for certain financial instruments, which are measured at fair values on initial recognition.

The accounting policies adopted in the condensed financial statements are consistent with those followed in the preparation of the annual financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries (the "Group") for the year ended 30 June 2005 except as described below.

In the current period, the Group has applied, for the first time, a number of new Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs"), Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKASs") and Interpretations (hereinafter collectively referred to as "new HKFRSs") issued by the HKICPA that are effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2005. The application of the new HKFRSs has resulted in a change in the presentation of the income statement, balance sheet and the statement of changes in equity. The changes in presentation have been applied retrospectively. The adoption of the new HKFRSs has resulted in changes to the Group's accounting policies in the following areas that have an effect on how the results for the current or prior accounting periods are prepared and presented.

Financial Instruments

In the current period, the Group has applied HKAS 32 "Financial Instruments: Disclosure and Presentation" and HKAS 39 "Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement". HKAS 32 requires retrospective application. HKAS 39, which is effective for annual periods beginning on a fiter 1 January 2005, generally does not permit to recognise, derecognise or measure financial assets and liabilities on a retrospective basis. The principal effects resulting from the implementation of HKAS 32 and HKAS 39 are summarised below:

Convertible bonds

Previously, the convertible bonds were classified as liabilities and recorded at the proceeds received, net of premium payable on redemption and unamortised deferred expenditures, on the balance sheet. Convertible bonds are currently regarded as compound instruments, consisting of a liability component and an equity component, or in the case of the conversion options which are not settled by the exchange of a fixed amount for fixed number of equity instrument, the accounting standard requires the issuer to recognise the compound financial instrument in the form of financial liability with embedded derivatives. Derivatives embedded

in a financial instrument are treated as separated derivatives when their economic risks and characteristics are not closely related to those of the host contract (the liability component) and the host contract is not carried at fair value through profit or loss.

On 1 July 2005, the Group has elected to designate its convertible bonds with embedded derivatives as a whole as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss on initial recognition. At each balance sheet date subsequent to initial recognition, the entire convertible bonds are measured at fair value, with changes in fair value recognised directly in profit or loss in the period in which they arise. In accordance with relevant transitional provisions of HKAS 39, convertible bonds as at 1 July 2005 was increased by approximately HK\$11,010,000 with a corresponding decrease in retained profits, being the fair value adjustment on 1 July 2005 (see Note 3 for the financial impact). The equity component of the subscription rights amounting to HK\$1,850,000, represented by the option to subscribe the ordinary shares of the Company and a subsidiary, will remain in convertible bonds reserve until the embedded option is exercised (in which case the balance stated in convertible bonds reserve will be transferred to share premium). Where the option remains unexercised at the expiry date, the balance stated in convertible bonds reserve will be released to the retained earnings. No gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss upon conversion or expiration of the option.

Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the issue of the convertible bonds designated as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Classification and measurement of financial assets and financial liabilities

The Group has applied the relevant transitional provisions in HKAS 39 with respect to classification and measurement of financial assets and financial liabilities that are within the scope of HKAS 39.

By 30 June 2005, the Group classified and measured its debt and equity securities in accordance with the benchmark treatment of Statement of Standard Accounting Practice 24 (SSAP 24). Under SSAP 24, investments in debt or equity securities are classified as "investment securities", "other investments" or "held-to-maturity investments" as appropriate. "Investment securities" are carried at cost less impairment losses (if any) while "other investments" are measured at fair value, with unrealised gains or losses included in the profit or loss. Held-to-maturity investments are carried at amortised cost less impairment losses (if any). From 1 July 2005 onwards, the Group classifies and measures its debt and equity securities in accordance with HKAS 39. Under HKAS 39, financial assets are classified as "financial assets at fair value through profit or loss", "available-for-sale financial assets", "loans and receivables", or "held-to-maturity financial assets". "Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss" and "available-for-sale financial assets" are carried at fair value, with changes in fair values recognised in profit or loss and equity respectively. Available-for-sale equity investments that do not have quoted market prices in an active market and whose fair value cannot be reliably measured and derivatives that are linked to and must be settled by delivery of such unquoted equity instruments are measured at cost less impairment after initial recognition. "Loans and receivables" and "held-to-maturity financial assets" are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

On 1 July 2005, the Group classified and measured its debt and equity securities in accordance with the requirements of HKAS 39. As a result of the adoption of HKAS 39, the Group reclassified "Interest in e-commerce projects", "Interest in telecommunications projects" and "Investments" recorded in the consolidated balance sheet at 1 July 2005 amounting to HK\$256,076,000, HK\$233,233,000 and HK\$975,985,000 respectively as "Available-for-sale investments". The changes have not had any significant impact on the results for the current or prior periods. No prior period adjustments were required.

Financial assets and financial liabilities other than debt and equity securities

From 1 July 2005 onwards, the Group classifies and measures its financial assets and financial liabilities other than debt and equity securities (which were previously outside the scope of Statement of Standard Accounting Practice 24) in accordance with the requirements of HKAS 39. Financial assets under HKAS 39 are classified as "financial assets at fair value through profit or loss", "available-for-sale financial assets", "loans and receivables" or "held-to-maturity financial assets". Financial liabilities are generally classified as "financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss" or "financial liabilities other than financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss (other financial liabilities)". "Other financial liabilities" are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Except for the convertible bonds mentioned above, the adoption of HKAS 39 has had no material effect on the Group's results for current and prior accounting periods.

Owner-occupied leasehold land

In previous years, owner-occupied leasehold land and buildings were included in property, plant and equipment and measured using the cost model. In the current period, the Group has applied HKAS 17 "Leases". Under HKAS 17, the land and buildings elements of a lease of land and buildings are considered separately for the purposes of lease classification, unless the lease payments cannot be allocated reliably between the land and buildings elements, in which case, the entire lease is generally treated as a finance lease. The adoption of this standard has had no material effect on how the results for the current or prior accounting periods are prepared and presented.

Business Combinations

In the current period, the Group has applied HKFRS 3 "Business Combinations" which is effective for business combinations for which the agreement date is on or after 1 January 2005. The principal effect of the application of HKFRS 3 to the Group is summarized below.

Goodwill

In previous periods, goodwill arising on acquisitions prior to 1 July 2001 was held in reserves and goodwill arising on acquisitions after 1 July 2001 was capitalised and amortised over its estimated useful life. The Group has applied the relevant transitional provisions in HKFRS 3. Goodwill previously recognised in reserves of approximately HK\$396,184,000 has been transferred to the Group's retained earnings on 1 July 2005 (see Note 3 for the financial impact).

Goodwill arising on the acquisition after 1 January 2005 is measured at cost less accumulated impairment losses (if any) after initial recognition. As a result of this change in accounting policy, no amortisation of goodwill has been charged in the current period.

In the current period, the Group has also applied HKAS 21 "The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates" which requires goodwill to be treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign operation and translated at closing rate at each balance sheet date. Previously, goodwill arising on acquisitions of foreign operations was reported at the historical rate at each balance sheet date. In accordance with the relevant transitional provisions in HKAS 21, goodwill arising on acquisitions prior to 1 January 2005 is treated as a non-monetary foreign currency item. Therefore, no prior period adjustment has been made. In the current period, the Group acquired a foreign operation, and goodwill arose on the acquisition of that foreign operation has been translated at the closing rate at 31 December 2005, which has insignificant effect in the balance of translation reserves as 31 December 2005.

Potential Impact on New HKFRSs Not Yet Effective

The Group has commenced considering the potential impact of the following new standards or interpretations that have been issued but are not yet effective, but is not yet in a position to determine whether these standards or interpretations would have a significant impact on how its results of operations and financial position are prepared and presented. These standards and interpretations may result in changes in the future as to how the results and financial position are prepared and presented.

HKAS 1 (Amendment)	Capital Disclosures ¹
HKAS 19 (Amendment)	Actuarial Gains and Losses, Group Plans and
	Disclosures ²
HKAS 21 (Amendment)	Net Investment in a Foreign Operation ²
HKAS 39 (Amendment)	Cash Flow Hedge Accounting of Forecast Intragroup
	Transactions ²
HKAS 39 (Amendment)	The Fair Value Option ²
HKAS 39 & HKFRS 4 (Amendments)	Financial Guarantee Contracts ²
HKFRS 6	Exploration for and Evaluation of Mineral
	Resources ²
HKFRS 7	Financial Instruments: Disclosures ¹
HK(IFRIC) – INT 4	Determining whether an Arrangement Contains a
	Lease ²
HK(IFRIC) – INT 5	Rights to Interests Arising from Decommissioning,
	Restoration and Environmental Rehabilitation Funds ²
HK(IFRIC) – INT 6	Liabilities Arising from Participating in a Specific
	Market – Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment ³
HK(IFRIC) – INT 7	Applying the Restatement Approach under HKAS 29
	Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary Economies ⁴
	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

- 1 Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2007.
- 2 Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2006.
- 3 Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 December 2005.
- 4 Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 March 2006.

3. SUMMARY OF THE EFFECTS OF THE CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(i) The effects of the changes in the accounting policies described above on the Group's results for the current and prior period are as follows:

	Six months ended 31 December	
	2005	2004
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Change in fair value of convertible bonds carried at fair value through profit or loss Interest paid for convertible bonds	(25,116) 323	_ _
Decrease in profit for the period	(24,793)	

(ii) The cumulative effects of the application of the new HKFRSs as at 30 June 2005 and 1 July 2005 are summarised below:

	As at 30.6.2005 (originally stated) HK\$'000	Effect of HKFRS 3 HK\$'000	Effect of HKAS 39 HK\$'000	Total effect HK\$'000	As at 1.7.2005 (restated) <i>HK\$</i> '000
Available-for-sale investments			1,465,294	1,465,294	1,465,294
Interest in	=	_	1,403,294	1,403,294	1,405,294
e-commerce projects	256,076	-	(256,076)	(256,076)	_
Interest in telecommunications					
projects	233,233	_	(233,233)	(233,233)	-
Investments	975,985	-	(975,985)	(975,985)	_
Convertible bonds	(124,800)		(11,010)	(11,010)	(135,810)
Total effects on assets					
and liabilities	1,340,494	_	(11,010)	(11,010)	1,329,484
G 1 111	(206.104)	206.104		206.104	
Goodwill reserve	(396,184)	396,184	-	396,184	-
Convertible bonds reserve	_	_	1,850	1,850	1,850
Retained profits	2,266,534	(396,184)	(9,240)	(405,424)	1,861,110
Minority interests	458,344		(3,620)	(3,620)	454,724
Total effects on equity	2,328,694		(11,010)	(11,010)	2,317,684

4. TURNOVER AND SEGMENT INFORMATION

For management purposes, the Group is currently organised into six main operating business – sales of general systems products, provision of services and software licensing, leasing of systems products, investments in telecommunication projects, investments in e-commerce projects and holding strategic investments in advanced technology product development companies. These businesses are the basis on which the Group reports its primary segment information.

Investments

		Provision of services and software licensing HK\$'000	Leasing of systems products HK\$'000	in telecomm- unication projects HK\$'000	Investments in e-commerce projects HK\$'000	Strategic investments HK\$'000	Consolidated HK\$'000
Six months ended 31 December 2005							
TURNOVER External and total revenue	917,895	477,849	8,294	11,662	12,804	30,317	1,458,821
RESULTS Segment result	135,943	156,062	5,641	11,039	11,970	23,125	343,780
Gain on deemed disposal of interests in subsidiaries Interest income Unallocated corporate expenses Change in fair value of convertible bonds carried at							26,528 10,561 (5,045)
fair value through profit and loss Finance costs							(25,116) (4,384)
Profit before taxation Taxation							346,324 (268)
Profit for the period							346,056
Six months ended 31 December 2004							
TURNOVER External and total revenue	726,582	359,778	7,826	14,991	16,162	28,845	1,154,184
RESULTS Segment result	111,304	111,870	5,791	14,668	15,356	25,080	284,069
Interest income Unallocated corporate expenses Finance costs							7,682 (1,768) (4,212)
Profit before taxation Taxation							285,771 (339)
Profit for the period							285,432

Six months ended

5. DEPRECIATION AND AMORTISATION

	Six months ended 31 December	
	2005 HK\$'000	2004 HK\$'000
Amortisation of systems and networks Depreciation and amortisation of property, plant and equipment and amortisation of	176,298	82,455
prepaid lease payments	7,280	9,748
	183,578	92,203

6. TAXATION

	31 December		
	2005	2004	
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
The charge comprises:			
Hong Kong Profits Tax			
- current year	_	77	
 underprovision in prior years 	12	_	
Taxation in other jurisdictions	256	262	
	268	339	

Hong Kong Profits Tax is calculated at 17.5% (2004: 17.5%) on the estimated assessable profits derived from Hong Kong. Taxation in other jurisdictions is calculated at the rates prevailing in the respective jurisdictions.

The low effective tax rate is attributable to the fact that a substantial portion of the Group's profit neither arises in, nor is derived from, Hong Kong and is accordingly not subject to Hong Kong Profits Tax and such profit is either exempted or not subject to taxation in any other jurisdictions.

7. DIVIDENDS

Dividends represents interim dividend of HK2.2 cents (2004: HK1.7 cents) per share, in scrip form with a cash option.

The interim dividend is based on 1,278,121,376 shares in issue at 31 December 2005.

8. EARNINGS PER SHARE

The calculation of the basic and diluted earnings per share is based on the following data:

	Six months ended 31 December	
	2005	2004
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Earnings:		
Earnings for the purposes of calculating basic earnings per share	276,550	230,981
Effect of dilutive potential ordinary shares in respect of convertible bonds	(786)	240
Earnings for the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share	275,764	231,221
Number of shares:		
W. L. L. L. C. L. C. L. C. L. C. C. L. C.	'000	'000
Weighted average number of shares for the purposes of calculating basic earnings per share	1,256,215	1,197,196
Effect of dilutive potential ordinary shares in respect of convertible bonds	38,854	37,683
Weighted average number of shares for the purposes of calculating diluted earnings per share	1,295,069	1,234,879

The conversion of the outstanding convertible bonds of a subsidiary of the Company did not have dilution effect on earnings per share for the period since the conversion would result in an increase in profit per share.

The adjustment to basic and diluted earnings per share, arising from the changes in accounting policies is as follows:

	Basic HK cents	Diluted <i>HK cents</i>
Reconciliation of earnings per share for the six months ended 31 December 2005:		
Before adjustment Adjustments arising from the changes in accounting policies:	24.0	22.8
Convertible bonds	(2.0)	(1.5)
As restated	22.0	21.3

9. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT AND PREPAID LEASE PAYMENTS

	HK\$'000
Net book value at 1 July 2005	70,447
Currency realignment	(1,719)
Acquired on acquisition of subsidiaries	1,627
Addition	3,359
Disposals	(122)
Depreciation	(7,280)
Net book value at 31 December 2005	66,312

At 31 December 2005, certain land and buildings of the Group with a net book value of HK\$9,719,000 (30 June 2005: HK\$10,277,000) were pledged to a bank as security for banking facilities granted to the Group. Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment of the Group amounted to HK\$33,000 for the period.

10. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

The aging analysis of trade debtors at the balance sheet date is as follows:

	31 December	30 June
	2005	2005
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
0-60 days	477,967	553,277
61-90 days	47,497	52,400
91-180 days	1,016	1,750
> 180 days	30,762	33,204
	557,242	640,631

The Group allows an average credit period ranging from 30 days to 180 days to its trade customers dependent on their credit worthiness, nature of services and condition of the market.

11. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

The aging analysis of trade payables at the balance sheet date is as follows:

	31 December 2005 <i>HK\$</i> '000	30 June 2005 <i>HK</i> \$'000
0-60 days 61-90 days 91-180 days > 180 days	2,882 4,096 510 3,411	5,984 622 1,301 2,833
	10,899	10,740
WARRANTY PROVISION		

12.

WARRANTT PROVISION	
	HK\$'000
At 1 July 2005	1,716
Currency realignment	(73)
Additional provision	797
Utilisation of provision	(758)
At 31 December 2005	1,682

The warranty provision represents the management's best estimate of the Group's liability under 12-month warranties granted on manufactured products, based on prior experience and industry average for defective products.

CONVERTIBLE BONDS 13.

	31 December	30 June
	2005 HK\$'000	2005 HK\$'000
1% convertible bonds – unlisted 1.5% convertible bonds – unlisted	67,620	62,400 62,400
	67,620	124,800

On 28 April 2005, the Company issued additional tranche 1 convertible bonds of US\$8,000,000 due November 2005 (the "Additional Tranche 1 Convertible Bonds"). The Additional Tranche 1 Convertible Bonds bear interest at the rate of 1.5% per annum payable in arrear in June 2005 and upon maturity. During the period, US\$4,900,000 of the Additional Tranche 1 Convertible Bonds were converted into 35,727,987 shares of HK\$0.1 each of Champion at a price ranged from HK\$1.0378 to HK\$1.1068 per share. On 22 November 2005, US\$3,100,000 of the Additional Tranche 1 Convertible Bonds was redeemed on maturity.

On 1 April 2005, Kantone Holdings Limited ("Kantone"), a 52.44% owned subsidiary of the Company issued the original tranche 1 convertible bonds of US\$8,000,000 due 2008 (the "Original Tranche 1 Convertible Bonds"). The Original Tranche 1 Convertible Bonds bear interest at the rate of 1% per annum and interest will be payable semi-annually in arrears in June and December each year. During the period, US\$3,400,000 of the Original Tranche 1 Convertible Bonds were converted into 74,160,000 shares of HK\$0.1 each of Kantone at a price ranged from HK\$0.3274 to HK\$0.3637 per share. At 31 December 2005, US\$4,600,000 of the Original Tranche 1 Convertible Bonds remained outstanding.

Following the adoption of HKAS 39 on 1 July 2005, the Convertible Bonds were redesignated as financial liabilities through profit or loss on initial recognition. There was no such redesignation on 30 June 2005 as retrospective application of HKAS39 is not required.

The fair value change during the period is HK\$25,116,000, including coupon payment of HK\$323,000.

14. SHARE CAPITAL

14.	SHARE CAPITAL	Number of shares '000	Amount HK\$'000
	Ordinary shares of HK\$0.10 each		
	Authorised: At 1 July 2005 and 31 December 2005	30,000,000	3,000,000
	Issued and fully paid: At 1 July 2005 Issue of shares upon conversion of convertible bonds Issue of shares on exercise of warrants	1,242,387 35,728 6	124,239 3,572 1
	At 31 December 2005	1,278,121	127,812
15.	CAPITAL COMMITMENTS		
		31 December 2005 <i>HK\$</i> '000	30 June 2005 <i>HK</i> \$'000
	Capital expenditure in respect of property, plant and equipment, and systems and networks		
	Contracted but not provided in the financial statements Authorised but not contracted for	20 465,500	69 388,000
		465,520	388,069

16. OPERATING LEASE ARRANGEMENTS

The Group as lessee

The Group had future minimum lease payments payable under non-cancellable operating leases in respect of rented premises and machinery and equipment which fall due as follows:

	As at 31 December 2005		As at 30 June 2005	
	Land and buildings HK\$'000	Machinery and equipment HK\$'000	Land and buildings <i>HK</i> \$'000	Machinery and equipment HK\$'000
Within one year In the second to fifth	2,005	873	2,295	274
years inclusive	3,460	4,720	2,416	1,238
	5,465	5,593	4,711	1,512

Leases are negotiated for terms of one to four years and rentals are fixed for terms of one to four years.

The Group as lessor

	As at	As at
	31 December	30 June
	2005	2005
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Within one year	15,090	11,236
In the second to fifth years inclusive	16,296	18,855
Over five year	1,422	2,017
	32,808	32,108

11126,000

17. ACQUISITION OF SUBSIDIARIES

On 4 October 2005, the Group acquired 60% of the issued share capital of Aspire Management Limited and its subsidiaries (the "AML Group") for cash consideration of HK\$70 million. This transaction has been accounted for using the purchase method of accounting.

The book value and fair value of net assets of subsidiaries acquired and the goodwill during the period are as follows:

	HK\$'000
Net assets acquired:	
Property, plant and equipment	
and prepaid lease payments	1,627
Systems and networks	4,775
Inventories	203
Trade and other receivables	1,459
Bank and cash balances	33,520
Trade and other payables	(2,898)
Taxation payable	(16)
	38,670
Minority interests	(18,426)
Goodwill	49,756
Total consideration, satisfied by cash	70,000
Net cash outflow arising on acquisition:	
Cash consideration paid	(70,000)
Cash and cash equivalents acquired	33,520
	(36,480)

The goodwill arising on the acquisition of the AML Group is attributable to the anticipated profitability of the growing e-lottery business in the People's Republic of China and the anticipated future operating synergies from the combination.

AML Group contributed HK\$1.7 million to the Group's revenue and HK\$0.4 million to the Group's profit after tax for the period between the date of acquisition and the balance sheet date.

If the acquisition had been completed on 1 July 2005, total group revenue for the period would have been HK\$661 million, and profit for the year would have been HK\$346.3 million. The proforma information is for illustrative purposes only and is not necessarily an indication of revenue and results of operations of the Group that actually would have been achieved had the acquisition been completed on 1 July 2005, nor is intended to be a projection of future results.