



TUNGTEX

(Holdings) Company Limited

同得仕（集團）有限公司

Stock Code 股份代號: 00518



Annual Report 年報
2008

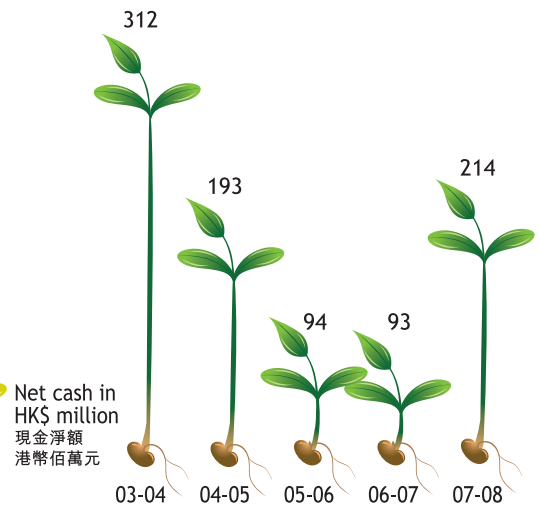
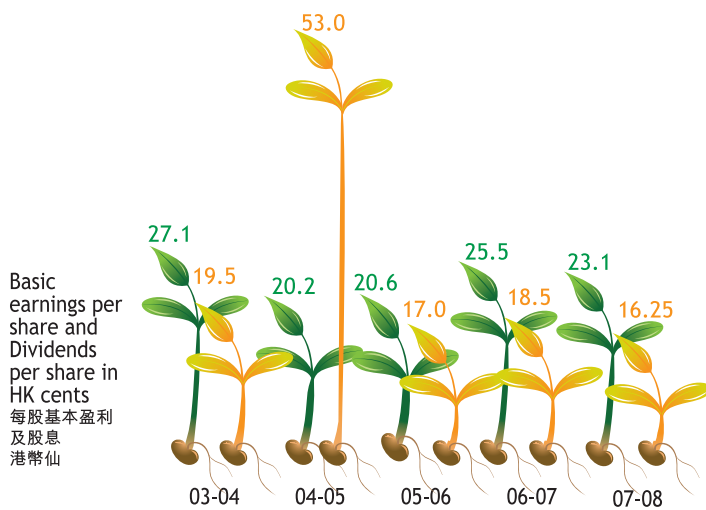
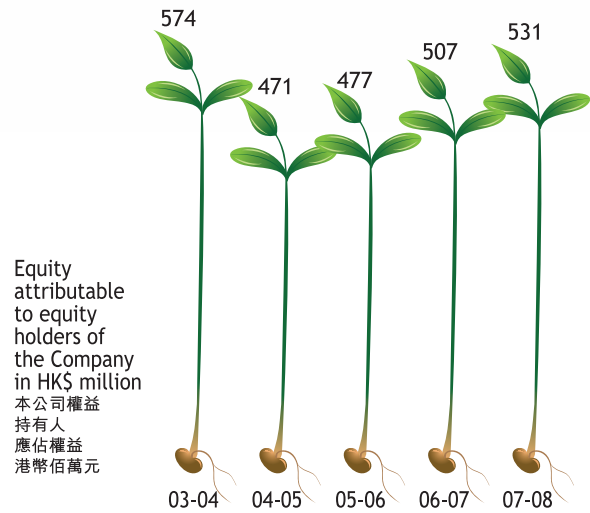
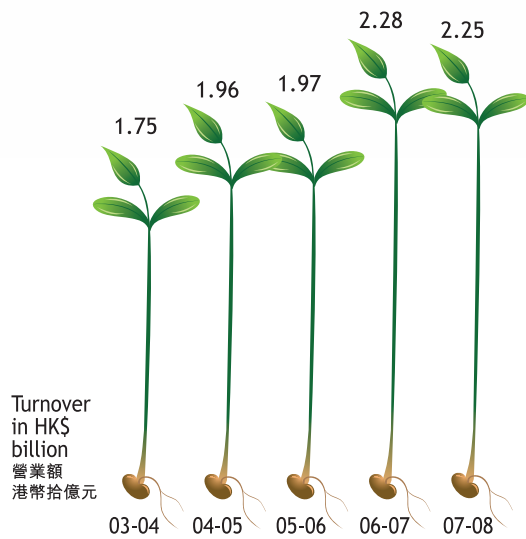
*Flourishing on the
HK Stock Exchange
since 1988*



Anniversary

Financial Highlights

財務資料概要



- Basic earnings per share 每股基本盈利
- Dividends per share 每股股息



TUNGTEX (HOLDINGS) COMPANY LIMITED • ANNUAL REPORT 2008

Contents

Corporate Information	2-3
Chairman's Statement	6-9
Profile of Directors and Senior Management	12-16
Management Discussion and Analysis	18-19
Corporate Governance Report	20-26
Directors' Report	27-34
Independent Auditor's Report	35-36
Consolidated Income Statement	37
Consolidated Balance Sheet	38-39
Balance Sheet	40
Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity	41
Consolidated Cash Flow Statement	42-43
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements	44-99
Financial Summary	100



Corporate Information

DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

Benson Tung Wah Wing (*Chairman*)
Alan Lam Yiu On (*Managing Director*)
Raymond Tung Wai Man

Non-Executive Directors

Tung Siu Wing
Kevin Lee Kwok Bun

Independent Non-Executive Directors

Johnny Chang Tak Cheung
Tony Chang Chung Kay
Joseph Wong King Lam
Robert Yau Ming Kim

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Joseph Wong King Lam (*Chairman*)
Tony Chang Chung Kay
Robert Yau Ming Kim

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Benson Tung Wah Wing (*Chairman*)
Joseph Wong King Lam
Tony Chang Chung Kay

COMPANY SECRETARY

Lee Siu Mei

QUALIFIED ACCOUNTANT

Lee Siu Mei

REGISTERED OFFICE

12th Floor, Tungtex Building
203 Wai Yip Street
Kwun Tong
Kowloon
Hong Kong
Telephone: 2797 7000
Fax: 2343 9668

AUDITORS

Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu
Certified Public Accountants

PRINCIPAL BANKERS

Citibank N.A.
Standard Chartered Bank
The Hongkong & Shanghai Banking
Corporation Limited

SHARE REGISTRARS AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Tricor Secretaries Limited
26/F, Tesbury Centre
28 Queen's Road East
Hong Kong

WEBSITE

<http://www.tungtex.com>
<http://www.irasia.com/listco/hk/tungtex>

TUNGTEX

HEAD OFFICE & MAJOR FACTORIES



Head Office -
Hong Kong



Shenzhen - China



Shenzhen - China



Panyu - China



Hangzhou - China



Hangzhou - China



Zhongshan - China



Philippines



Thailand



Malaysia



Chairman's Statement

RESULTS

I am pleased to report the result of Tungtex for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2008.

During the year under review, the operating environment for manufacturing sector was under strain due to global economic volatility. The sub-prime mortgage induced deterioration of the U.S. economy and the persistent growth in costs undermined the performance of most manufacturers in the region. Such situation was particularly prominent in the second half fiscal year when a number of the negative factors were worsening even quicker, including the appreciation of RMB and the growing costs in China in general, the persistently weak USD, and the surge in oil prices. All these untoward events were attributable to the downturn in our performance in the second half fiscal year, which outweighed the growth recorded in the first half.

As a result, the Group's profit before tax dropped by 14.7% to HK\$133 million for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2008 despite the fact that annual sales only dropped by 1.1% to HK\$2,252 million. Both profit attributable to equity holders of the Company and earnings per share came down by 9.7% to HK\$81 million and HK23.1 cents respectively. Return on average equity decreased from 18.3% to 15.6%.

As for the Group's Mainland China retail business, it was developing satisfactorily with the pace of expansion accelerated. It was not only a reflection of the respectable economic growth in China during the period, but also an affirmation of our business strategy and dedication. Our USA wholesale business was rather stable and its business volume remained insignificant.

FINAL DIVIDEND

The Board of Directors has resolved to recommend at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting a final dividend of HK10 cents per share (2007: HK12.5 cents per share), payable on September 9, 2008 to shareholders whose names appear on the Register of Members on September 2, 2008. Together with an interim dividend of HK6.25 cents per share (2007: interim dividend HK6.0 cents per share), the total dividends for the year will be HK16.25 cents per share (2007: HK18.5 cents per share).

BUSINESS REVIEW

Manufacture and export business

The Group's manufacture and export business was under the threats of extensive growth in costs. As our major production facilities are based in China, the persistent appreciation of RMB and the growing labour costs in China are most relevant to our cost structure. Meanwhile, the weak USD against most other Asian currencies had also impaired the competitiveness of our supplementary production capacity in Thailand and the Philippines. On demand side, the impact of the slowing U.S. economy was emerging as evidenced by the unimpressive consumer sentiment index and the less aggressive buying budget of our overseas buyers. While buyers were more inclined to working with well-established vendors where we benefited from the consolidation process, the pressure on our business growth remained and our turnover recorded a slight drop of 1.1% on a full year basis.



Chairman's Statement

To dilute the impact, on top of stringent cost control, we had been stepping up our effort in process re-engineering and productivity advancement. In certain factories, we realigned the traditional production flow that raised the productivity remarkably. In addition, we had been revamping the product development and logistics functions in order to shorten the time to market. These initiatives are particularly important for staying competitive amid the volatile market environment.

In terms of geographical distribution, the sales to North America dropped by 3.8% to HK\$1,947 million, which accounted for 86.5% of the Group's turnover. Export sales to Europe and other markets achieved 21.7% growth to HK\$136 million, representing about 6% of the turnover of the Group.

Mainland China retail business

Riding on the persistent growth of the China economy and our dedication in implementing our growth strategy, the performance of "Betu" continued to see improvements. We were expanding well during the year, with the number of shop increased from 83 to 125. The development of franchisee business was growing satisfactorily. Besides the growth in distribution network, we had been advancing the width and depth of our product lines, and we did see greater market receptiveness and penetration.

Total retail sales amount in Mainland China grew by double-digit percentage point and accounted for approximately 5% of the Group's turnover.

USA wholesale label business

The negative developments of the US economy have a direct impact on this line of business, while a small profit was still reported during the year. We were putting effort in enlarging the customer groups of "Zelda" brand by introducing more product series. The result was being closely monitored.

PROSPECTS

Without doubt the manufacturing sector in the region is experiencing greater challenges. Costs elevation in the recent months is aggravating remarkably, such as the surge of oil and commodity prices, record-making RMB appreciation, higher costs associated with new labour law in China, etc. On the other hand, the deterioration of the export markets condition added to the adversity as the buyers' buying budget would become more conservative. In such unfavourable operating environment, we anticipate market competition to become stiffer and the process of consolidation to accelerate. Orders will be consolidated toward manufacturers with economy of scale and with broader role to play along the value chain. Room for smaller and less efficient players will further dwindle.

To seize the opportunities in tougher market, we strive to position ourselves as a solution provider, providing extraordinary and reliable fashion sourcing experience to our buyers. We set our focus on generating value and customer satisfaction through professional customer services, dedication in quality and delivery commitment, as well as innovation. Along with the customer-centric process refinement, we are increasing our investment in technology for facilitating quick and fine response to our customers at any point in time. We are also realigning our internal business units to ensure the power of synergy and economy of scale is to be fully unlocked. As for cost control, we will introduce more robust cost analytics to ensure all expenses are well-monitored and generating maximum value.



North America

New York 

Europe

London 

On the Mainland China retail front, we are cautiously optimistic about the development. Although the local consumption will continue to be promising in the long term, the macroeconomic measures being imposed in China for regulating the economic growth will inevitably cool off some of the income effect and slow down of the consumption growth in the near term. Having said that, after years of strategic advancement, we are now better prepared to tap the market opportunities and to cope with market changes. As at the report date, there are 137 “Betu” shops across Mainland China.

Our USA wholesale label business is expanding its product series for covering wider customer groups. We will closely monitor the market dynamics and fine tune our marketing strategy as appropriate.

To conclude, the market will continue to be fraught with challenges and uncertainties and we foresee a tougher market environment in the year ahead. Based on the current evaluation, the weak performance of the second half fiscal year is likely to spill over into the first half of the fiscal year 08/09. That said, we also see opportunities in times of volatility and challenge, and we are confident in the resilience of our business model.

Asia



Major Factories/Offices



Wholesale Label in the United States



Retail Stores in China

HUMAN RESOURCES

Our employees are the most important asset of the Group, and are the core element of our continued success. Building a strong and coherent team has always been our management priority. We incentivize our outstanding employees on performance-linked basis in order to ensure their interests aligned with that of the group. Meanwhile, through offering job satisfaction and empowerment, we aim to instil in all our employees a sense of ownership of the corporate goals.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

Finally, I would like to thank our management team and staff for their hard work and contribution. The long-term prosperity of the Group could not have been achieved without their drive and dedication. I would also like to express my sincere gratitude to our valued customers, shareholders, and the members of the Board for their generous support throughout the year.

Benson Tung Wah Wing
Chairman

Hong Kong, July 10, 2008



BETU

www.betu.com.hk





Profile of Directors and Senior Management

DIRECTORS

Executive Directors:

Benson Tung Wah Wing

Chairman

Chairman of Remuneration Committee

Aged 57, is the principal founder of the Group and has been involved in the garment industry since 1967. Under his leadership, the Group was listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited in 1988. He is the brother of Mr. Tung Siu Wing, the uncle of Mr. Raymond Tung and the father of Mr. Martin Tung and Mr. Billy Tung. He has an equity interest of 100% in Corona Investments Limited which is the substantial shareholder of the Company (as disclosed in the section headed "SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS" in the Directors' Report).

Alan Lam Yiu On

Managing Director

Aged 46, was appointed as an executive director in 1995, the deputy managing director in 2001 and then the managing director in 2003. Prior to joining the Company in 1988, he worked for an international accounting firm for over 3 years. He holds a Professional Diploma in Accountancy from the Hong Kong Polytechnic University.

Raymond Tung Wai Man

Aged 43, joined the Group in 1988 and was appointed as an executive director in 2000. He is also an executive director of Tungtex Trading Company Limited. He is a nephew of Mr. Benson Tung and Mr. Tung Siu Wing. He holds a Post-experience Certificate in Engineering Business Management from the University of Warwick.

Non-executive Directors:

Tung Siu Wing

Aged 59, is a co-founder of the Group. He was redesignated as a non-executive director of the Company in 2002. He has been involved in the garment industry for over 42 years. He is a brother of Mr. Benson Tung and the uncle of Mr. Raymond Tung.

Kevin Lee Kwok Bun

Aged 58, was appointed as an executive director of the Company in 1987. He was redesignated as a non-executive director of the Company in 1995. Prior to joining the Company, he worked for an international accounting firm for 10 years and held the position of chief financial officer at two local listed companies. He is a fellow member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants, a member of the Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants and the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. He holds a Bachelor of Social Science Degree from the University of Hong Kong.



Profile of Directors and Senior Management

Independent Non-executive Directors:

Johnny Chang Tak Cheung

Aged 65, has been a non-executive director of the Company since the listing of the Company's shares in 1988. He was redesignated as an independent non-executive director of the Company in 1995. He is the uncle of Mr. Tony Chang. He has 40 years' experience in the garment business and is currently a director of a famous shirt making private company.

Tony Chang Chung Kay

Member of Audit Committee and Remuneration Committee

Aged 52, was appointed as a non-executive director of the Company in 1994. He was redesignated as an independent non-executive director of the Company in 1995. He is the nephew of Mr. Johnny Chang. He is a director of a famous shirt making private company and has 31 years' experience in the garment industry. He holds a Bachelor of Science Degree from the McGill University.

Joseph Wong King Lam

Chairman of Audit Committee

Member of Remuneration Committee

Aged 56, was appointed as an independent non-executive director of the Company in 2004. He had been the company secretary of the Company from 1987 to 1991 and had been the financial controller of the Company from 1987 to 1992. He has more than 28 years' extensive experience in auditing, corporate and financial management with a number of companies in different business sectors which include an international accounting firm and a local listed company. He is a fellow member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants and the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants.

Robert Yau Ming Kim

Member of Audit Committee

Aged 69, was appointed as an independent non-executive director of the Company in 2006. He has extraordinary and extensive experience in the textile and clothing industry. Before his retirement as managing director of a renowned international apparel buying office in Hong Kong in August 2004, he had held senior positions including chief executive or managing director of various major international and local apparel companies since 1971. From 1998 to 2004, he served as vice chairman of Hong Kong Exporters' Association, member of the Executive Committee of The Hong Kong Shippers' Council and member of the Garment Advisory Committee of the Hong Kong Trade Development Council. Graduated at Wah Yan College, he first served as trade officer in the Hong Kong Government in 1964. In 1970, he was seconded by the Hong Kong Government to the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade ("GATT") Secretariat (now known as the World Trade Organization) in Geneva, Switzerland and was awarded GATT Fellowship after his attachment.



Profile of Directors and Senior Management

SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Martin Tung Hau Man

Aged 33, is an assistant director of the Company and the managing director of Sing Yang Trading Limited. He joined the Company in 2000 and has about 8 years' experience in the garment industry. He is a son of Mr. Benson Tung and the brother of Mr. Billy Tung. He holds a Bachelor of Arts Degree in Economics from the Simon Fraser University and a Master of Science Degree in Engineering Business Management from the University of Warwick.

Billy Tung Chung Man

Aged 31, is an assistant director of the Company and a director of the Group's retail operation. He joined the Company in 2001 and has about 7 years' experience in the garment industry. He is a son of Mr. Benson Tung and the brother of Mr. Martin Tung. He holds a Bachelor of Engineering Degree in Civil Engineering from the University of Warwick and a Master of Science Degree in Information Technology from the University College London.

Vincent Lui Siu Ping

Aged 62, is an assistant director of the Company. Prior to joining the Group, he held senior position at a number of buying offices of renowned US apparel retailers and importers, and had been posted overseas. He has over 40 years' experience in the garment industry.

Frankie Kwok Yan Chi

Aged 55, is the president of Tungtex (U.S.A.) Inc.. Prior to joining the Group in 1989, he held senior position at a number of garment companies. He has 32 years' experience in the garment industry. He holds a Higher Diploma in Textile Technology from the Hong Kong Polytechnic University.

Peter Kan Mui

Aged 55, is the minority partner of Yellow River, Inc.. He is a well known fashion designer in the United States and has 30 years' experience in the garment industry. He holds a Bachelor of Arts Degree from the Trinity University.

Tammy Wong Ming Hung

Aged 50, is a director of Yellow River, Inc.. Prior to joining Yellow River, Inc. in 1986, she worked for Do Do Fashion Limited for 9 years. She has 31 years' experience in the garment industry.

Miranda H.Y. Tsao – Yau

Aged 54, is the chief executive officer of West Pacific Enterprises Corporation. Prior to re-joining the Group in 2005, she worked in this subsidiary for 15 years. She has 30 years' experience in the garment industry.



Profile of Directors and Senior Management

Dixon Ng Po Chuen

Aged 53, is the managing director of Golden Will Fashions Limited. He joined the Group in 1991 and has 33 years' experience in the garment industry. He holds a Certificate in Clothing from the Institute of Vocational Education (Kwun Tong).

Eugene Cheng Kam Fai

Aged 48, is an assistant general manager of the Company and the group human resources manager. He joined the Company in 2003 and has 19 years' experience in professional human resources management in various industries, including banking, manufacturing and service. He holds a Bachelor of Arts Degree and a Master of Business Administration Degree from the Executive MBA programme at the Chinese University of Hong Kong.

Ray Chan Pui Wai

Aged 38, is the general manager of the Company and the group treasurer. Prior to joining the Company in 2004, he worked for an international bank for over 10 years. He holds a Bachelor of Social Science Degree from the University of Hong Kong and a Certificate in International Cash Management from the Association of Corporate Treasurers.

Lee Siu Mei

Aged 34, is the company secretary of the Company and the group financial controller. She is a fellow member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants and a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Prior to joining the Company in 1999, she worked for an international accounting firm for about 3 years. She holds a Bachelor of Business Administration Degree in Professional Accountancy from the Chinese University of Hong Kong and a Master of Science Degree in Engineering Business Management from the University of Warwick.

Cathy Lam Wong Siu Kuen

Aged 59, is the general manager – marketing of the Company. She joined the Group in 2005 and has 35 years' experience in the garment industry.

Lydia So Siu Chun

Aged 47, is the general manager – production of the Group. She joined the Group in 2000 and has 27 years' experience in the garment industry.

Roger Kan Wai Sing

Aged 47, is the general manager – production of the Group. He joined the Group in 1997 and has 24 years' experience in the garment industry. He holds a Higher Diploma in Fashion and Clothing Technology from the Hong Kong Polytechnic University.



Profile of Directors and Senior Management

Chan Chung Choi

Aged 63, is an in-house consultant on quality production management of the Group. He joined the Company in 2002 and has 37 years' experience in the garment industry. He holds a Certificate in Apparel Engineering from Kurt Salmon Associates Inc. and a Bachelor of Social Science Degree from the Chinese University of Hong Kong.

Amy Kwok Yiu Hung

Aged 45, is the general manager of the Hong Kong office of Yellow River Inc. She joined the Group in 1988 and has 24 years' experience in the garment industry. She holds a Higher Diploma in Fashion and Clothing from the Hong Kong Polytechnic University.

Joe Hui Siu Ngor

Aged 45, is the general manager of Do Do Fashion Limited in charge of Sales and Marketing. She joined the Group in 1987 and has 21 years' experience in the garment industry.

Monnie Tong Lai Ying

Aged 48, is the general manager of Do Do Fashion Limited in charge of Finance and Administration. She joined the Group in 1988 and has 24 years' experience in the garment industry.

Dong Zhong Hui

Aged 54, is the assistant general manager of China operation and a director of Sing Yang (Overseas) Limited. He joined the Group in 1983 and has 28 years' experience in the garment industry. He graduated from the Physics Department of Shanghai Fudan University.

Fiona Cheung Fung Kwan

Aged 42, is the general manager of the Group's retail operation. Prior to joining the Group in 2007, she worked for a listed global company for managing its retail and wholesale business in both Hong Kong and Asian market. She has 19 years' experience in different retail sectors and apparel industry. She holds a Bachelor of Arts Degree from The University of Hong Kong and a Master of Business Administration in International Management from The University of London.



ZELDA



Management Discussion and Analysis

OPERATING RESULTS

The Group's turnover for the year ended March 31, 2008 decreased by 1.1% to HK\$2,252 million. Profit attributable to equity holders of the Company and earnings per share decreased by 9.7% to HK\$81 million and HK23.1 cents respectively. The drop was a result of the worsened US market and the upward pressure on costs. The 3.8% drop in sales to North America was partly made up by the 21.7% growth in sales to the Europe and other markets. The pre-tax contribution from North America segment and Europe and other market segment were HK\$164 million and HK\$13 million respectively. Asia segment remained profitable with a profit of HK\$8 million recorded this year.

During the year under review, a number of adverse factors prevailed. They included, inter alia, high oil price, growing costs in China in addition to the appreciation of RMB, persistently weak USD against other Asian currencies. These all could eat into our bottom line. While we managed to contain the consolidated costs of sales at 77.6% of total sales (2007: 77.3%), selling expenses and administrative expenses went up by 6.8% and 2.1% respectively, after taking all the cost impact into account. Finance costs were however cut down by 21.5% as a result of improved working capital management and lowered interest rates.

Thanks to the growing property market, valuation gain of HK\$17.1 million on investment property was recorded (2007: HK\$17.9 million).

CAPITAL EXPENDITURE

During the year, the Group has incurred HK\$19.6 million capital expenditure (2007: HK\$23.5 million). It mainly represented regular replacement and small scale expansion in production capacity.

LIQUIDITY AND FINANCIAL RESOURCES

The Group's financial position was healthy and became stronger. As at the balance sheet date, the Group's cash level was recorded at HK\$260 million as compared to HK\$180 million of last year. Most of the cash balance was placed in USD and HKD short-term deposits with major banks in HK earning inter-bank based deposit interest. Total bank borrowings of HK\$45 million (last year HK\$86 million) included HK\$14 million discounted bills. The remaining balance comprised trust receipt loans, bank overdraft and short-term loans. The borrowings were mainly denominated in USD and HKD and the bank borrowings represented 8.6% of the shareholders' funds at the year end date. With the net cash balance of HK\$214 million and abundant banking facilities available, the Group has sufficient liquidity and financial resources to meet the operational and investment needs.

Working capital cycle continued to be under stringent control. Inventory turnover shortened from last year's 37 days to 31 days was due to the quickened production cycle and lower year-end inventory level. Trade receivable turnover of this year was 48 days, 2 days longer than last year. Current ratio and quick ratio were stable at 1.8 and 1.4 respectively, as compared to the last year's 1.8 and 1.2.



Management Discussion and Analysis

As at March 31, 2008, certain land and buildings with an aggregate net book value of approximately HK\$13 million (2007: HK\$16 million) and certain investment properties with an aggregate carrying value of approximately HK\$29 million (2007: HK\$15 million) were pledged to banks to secure general banking facilities granted to the Group. No additional tangible security was given to banks during the year.

TREASURY POLICY

The Group continued to adopt prudent policies to hedge exchange rate and interest rate risks associated with our core business. It is our Group's policy not to engage in speculative activities. The majority of our export sales are denominated in USD while a tiny portion destined for the European markets is denominated in EURO. As a substantial portion of the purchases and overheads are denominated in RMB, the Group entered into forward contracts to hedge the risks as deemed appropriate.

HUMAN RESOURCES

As at March 31, 2008, the Group has approximately 8,900 employees globally, as compared to 9,800 as at March 31, 2007. The decrease was mainly production workers for factories in Asian countries.

The Group puts high emphasis on human resource management. We strive to attract and retain talented people in the industry by offering career development opportunities and competitive remuneration package with reference to the market practice.



Corporate Governance Report

The Board of Directors and Management are committed to uphold a high standard of corporate governance with an aim to safeguard the interest of shareholders and the Company as a whole.

The Company complied with all requirements set out in the Code on Corporate Governance Practices (the “Code”) contained in Appendix 14 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the “Listing Rules”) throughout the review year.

A. DIRECTORS

A.1 The Board

The Board is accountable to the shareholders for leading the Group in a responsible and effective manner. Every director is charged with acting in the best interest of the Group and contributing to the Group with their expertise and knowledge. The Board decides on overall Group strategies and monitors the Group’s performance on behalf of the shareholders.

During the year ended March 31, 2008, the Board held five regular meetings at approximately quarterly intervals according to the Code. The attendance of each director is set out as follows:

Name of director	Number of attendance
Mr. Benson Tung Wah Wing	5/5
Mr. Alan Lam Yiu On	5/5
Mr. Raymond Tung Wai Man	5/5
Mr. Tung Siu Wing	5/5
Mr. Kevin Lee Kwok Bun	5/5
Mr. Johnny Chang Tak Cheung	5/5
Mr. Tony Chang Chung Kay	5/5
Mr. Joseph Wong King Lam	5/5
Mr. Robert Yau Ming Kim	5/5

To provide an opportunity to directors to include matters for discussion in the agenda, at least 14 days’ notice of a Board meeting is normally given to all directors. Every director is entitled to have access to the advice and services of the company secretary with a view to ensuring that the Board procedures, and all applicable rules and regulations, are followed. All minutes are kept by the company secretary and are open for inspection by any director with reasonably advance notice. Minutes of Board meetings and meetings of Board committees should record in sufficient detail the matters considered by the Board/Board Committees and decisions reached. Draft and final versions of minutes of Board meetings will be sent to all directors for their comments and records respectively within a reasonable time after the Board meeting is held.



Corporate Governance Report

Directors have been advised that the Company Secretary can arrange independent professional advice at the expense of the Company should such advice be considered necessary by any director. If a substantial shareholder or a director has a conflict of interest in a matter to be considered material by the Board, the matter will be dealt with in accordance with applicable rules and regulations and, if appropriate, an independent Board committee will be set up to deal with the matter.

A.2 Chairman and Managing Director

The positions of the Chairman and the Managing Director of the Company are currently held by separated individuals, with Mr. Benson Tung Wah Wing being the Chairman and Mr. Alan Lam Yiu On being the Managing Director. The Chairman is responsible for ensuring that the Board is functioning properly, with good corporate governance practices and procedures. He also steers the Board and the Company towards corporate goals. The Managing Director is responsible for effective implementation of the overall strategies and initiatives adopted by the Board.

With the support of the Managing Director and the Company Secretary, the Chairman seeks to ensure that all directors are properly briefed on issues arising at Board meetings and receive adequate and reliable information on a timely basis.

A.3 Board composition

The Board consists of three executive directors, two non-executive directors and four independent non-executive directors:

Executive directors:

Mr. Benson Tung Wah Wing (*Chairman*)
Mr. Alan Lam Yiu On (*Managing Director*)
Mr. Raymond Tung Wai Man

Non-executive directors:

Mr. Tung Siu Wing
Mr. Kevin Lee Kwok Bun

Independent non-executive directors:

Mr. Johnny Chang Tak Cheung
Mr. Tony Chang Chung Kay
Mr. Joseph Wong King Lam
Mr. Robert Yau Ming Kim



Corporate Governance Report

More than one-third of the Board are independent non-executive directors and each of the independent non-executive directors has made an annual confirmation of independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. Mr. Johnny Chang Tak Cheung is the uncle of Mr. Tony Chang Chung Kay. They declare the relationship does not affect their independence as they make decision independently and vote in their own accord. The Company considers that all independent non-executive directors meet the independence guidelines set out in Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules and are independent.

The relationship among members of the Board is disclosed in “Profile of Directors and Senior Management” of this annual report.

A.4 Appointment, re-election and removal

In accordance with the Code and the Company’s Articles of Association, all directors (including independent non-executive directors) are subject to retirement by rotation once every three years. Composition of the Board will be reviewed regularly to ensure that it covers a balance of expertise, skills and experience appropriate for the requirements of the business of the Company. The directors’ profile is set out on pages 12 to 16.

The structure, size and composition of the Board are reviewed from time to time to ensure the Board has a balanced composition of skills, knowledge and experience appropriate for the requirements of the businesses of the Group. Since the full Board is involved in the appointment of new directors, the Company has not established a Nomination Committee.

A.5 Responsibilities of directors

The directors are continually updated with the regulatory requirements, business activities and development of the Company to facilitate the discharge of their responsibilities. Through regular Board meetings, all directors are kept abreast of the conduct, business activities and development of the Company.

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Companies (the “Model Code”) as set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules as its own code of conduct regarding securities transactions by the directors. Confirmation has been sought from all directors that they have complied with the required standards set out in the Model Code throughout the year ended March 31, 2008. The Board has also adopted the Model Code as guidelines for relevant employees in respect of their dealings in the securities of the Company.



Corporate Governance Report

A.6 Supply of and access to information

In respect of regular Board meetings, an agenda and accompanying board papers of the meeting are sent in full to all directors at least 3 days before the intended date of a meeting.

The management has the obligation to supply the Board and the various Committees with adequate information in a timely manner to enable the members to make informed decisions. Each director has separate and independent access to the Company's senior management to acquire more information than is volunteered by management and to make further enquiries if necessary.

B. REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

B.1 The level and make-up of remuneration and disclosure

A Remuneration Committee was established by the Company in 2005. The Committee is chaired by Mr. Benson Tung Wah Wing and its majority members are independent non-executive directors. The primary function of the Remuneration Committee is to make recommendations to the Board on the Company's policy and structure for all remuneration of directors and senior management. The director's emoluments are determined, among other things, by reference to his duties and responsibilities with the Company, his experience for the industry, prevailing market conditions and the Company's performance. The full terms of reference are available on the Company's website: <http://www.tungtex.com>

During the year ended March 31, 2008, the Remuneration Committee held three meetings, with attendance record as follows:

Name of member	Number of attendance
Mr. Benson Tung Wah Wing (<i>Chairman</i>)	3/3
Mr. Tony Chang Chung Kay	3/3
Mr. Joseph Wong King Lam	3/3

In order to attract and retain suitable and high-calibre personnel, to incentive them to contribute to the future development and growth of the Group and any Invested Entity, a share option scheme was adopted by the Company on September 5, 2006. Details of the share option scheme are set out in note 31 to the consolidated financial statements.



Corporate Governance Report

C. ACCOUNTABILITY AND AUDIT

C.1 Financial reporting

The management provides such explanation and information to the Board to facilitate an informed assessment of the financial and other information put before the Board for approval.

The directors acknowledge their responsibility to prepare the financial statements that give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group. Meanwhile, the directors are responsible for ensuring that appropriate accounting policies are selected and applied consistently; and that judgments and estimates made are prudent and reasonable. In preparing the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2008, the accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong have been adopted and the requirements of the Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards (which also include Statements of Standard Accounting Practice and Interpretations) issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the applicable laws were complied with.

The Board was not aware of any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that might cast significant doubt upon the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. The Board has prepared the financial statements on a going concern basis.

The reporting responsibilities of external auditors of the Company are disclosed in "Independent Auditor's Report".

C.2 Internal controls

The Board has overall responsibilities for maintaining a sound and effective internal control system of the Group. The system includes a defined management structure with limits of authority, safeguards its assets against unauthorized use or disposition, ensures the maintenance of proper accounting records for the provision of reliable financial information for internal use or for publication, and ensures compliance with relevant laws and regulations. The system is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance against material misstatement or loss, and to manage the risks of failure in the Group's operational systems and in the achievement of the Group's objectives.

The Board periodically conducts review of the effectiveness of the system of internal controls, covering all material controls including financial, operational and compliance controls and risk management functions.



Corporate Governance Report

C.3 Audit Committee

The Audit Committee was established in 1999 and comprises the three independent non-executive directors. The Committee is chaired by Mr. Joseph Wong King Lam who possesses recognized professional qualifications in accounting and extensive experience in audit and accounting. The Audit Committee is to oversee the Group's financial reporting system and internal control procedures, and to review and monitor the external auditor's independence and objectivity and the effectiveness of the audit process in accordance with applicable standard. The full terms of reference are available on the Company's website: <http://www.tungtex.com>

During the year ended March 31, 2008 the Audit Committee held three meetings with attendance record as follows:

Name of member	Number of attendance
Mr. Joseph Wong King Lam (<i>Chairman</i>)	3/3
Mr. Tony Chang Chung Kay	3/3
Mr. Robert Yau Ming Kim	3/3

At the meetings, the Audit Committee has reviewed the audited financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2008 and the interim accounts for six months ended September 30, 2007 respectively with senior management and the Company's external auditors. The Audit Committee has also reviewed the Group's accounting principles and practices, listing rules and statutory compliance, and financial reporting matters.

C.4 Remuneration to the external auditors of the Company

The remuneration to the external auditors of the Company for the year ended March 31, 2008 is set out as follows:

Services rendered	Fee HK\$'000
Audit services	1,894
Non-audit services	
– taxation services	290
– other services	368



Corporate Governance Report

D. DELEGATION BY THE BOARD

D.1 Management functions

Executive directors are in charge of different business and functional divisions in accordance with their respective areas of expertise. The Board, led by the Chairman, is responsible for setting overall corporate strategies; evaluation of the performance of the Group and the management; and approval of matters that are of a material or substantial nature. Supported by senior management members, the Managing Director is responsible for effective implementation of the Board's decisions and the day-to-day operations of the Group.

D.2 Board committees

Audit Committee and Remuneration Committee have been established to oversee specific aspects of the Company's affairs. Each of these committees has specific written terms of reference which deal clearly with their authority and duties.

E. COMMUNICATION WITH SHAREHOLDERS

E.1 Effective communication

The Company discloses relevant information to shareholders through the Company's annual report and financial statements, the interim report, as well as the Annual General Meeting ("AGM"). The sections under "Chairman's Statement" and "Management Discussion and Analysis" of the annual reports facilitate the shareholders' understanding of the Company's activities. The AGM allows the directors to meet and communicate with shareholders. The Company's financial statements and each of the required disclosure of information are dispatched within the prescribed period imposed by laws and regulations.

To further promote effective communication, the corporate website is maintained to disseminate Company announcements and other relevant financial and non-financial information electronically on a timely basis.

E.2 Voting by poll

The right to demand a poll was set out in the circular containing the notice of year 2007 annual general meeting. The Chairman of the AGM exercised his power under the Articles of Association of the Company to put each resolution set out in the notice to be voted by way of a poll.



Directors' Report

The directors present their annual report and the audited financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") for the year ended March 31, 2008.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The Company acts as an investment holding company. The principal activity of its subsidiaries is the manufacture and sale of garments, which contributed for more than 90% of the Group's turnover and profit for the year. The activities of its principal subsidiaries and associates are set out in notes 19 and 20 to the consolidated financial statements, respectively.

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

The aggregate sales attributable to the Group's largest and five largest customers were 21% and 50%, respectively. The aggregate purchases attributable to the Group's largest and five largest suppliers were 19% and 33% respectively.

At no time during the year did a director, an associate of a director or a shareholder of the Company (which to the knowledge of the directors owns more than 5% of the Company's share capital) have an interest in any of the Group's five largest customers.

RESULTS AND APPROPRIATIONS

The results of the Group for the year ended March 31, 2008 are set out in the consolidated income statement on page 37 of the annual report.

An interim dividend of HK6.25 cents per share amounting to HK\$22,009,000 was paid to the shareholders during the year. The directors now recommend the payment of a final dividend of HK10 cents per share to the shareholders on the register of members on September 2, 2008, amounting to HK\$35,214,000.

DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES OF THE COMPANY

The Company's reserves available for distribution to shareholders as at March 31, 2008 represented the retained profits of HK\$190,518,000 (2007: HK\$158,435,000).



Directors' Report

FINANCIAL SUMMARY

A summary of the results and of the assets and liabilities of the Group for the past five financial years is set out on page 100 of the annual report.

INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

The Group revalued all of its investment properties at March 31, 2008. The increase in fair value of investment properties of HK\$17,099,000 is credited to the consolidated income statement. Details of the movements in the investment properties of the Group during the year are set out in note 15 to the consolidated financial statements.

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Certain of the Group's buildings and prepaid lease payments were transferred to investment properties at March 31, 2008. The transfer resulted in a revaluation surplus over carrying amounts amounting to HK\$7,339,000 which has been credited directly to the asset revaluation reserve.

During the year, the Group spent HK\$19,568,000 on the acquisition of property, plant and equipment for the purpose of expanding the Group's business.

Details of these and other movements in the property, plant and equipment of the Group and the Company during the year are set out in note 16 to the consolidated financial statements.

SHARE CAPITAL

Details of the share capital of the Company are set out in note 30 to the consolidated financial statements.

During the year, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed shares.



Directors' Report

DIRECTORS

The directors of the Company during the year and up to the date of this report were:

Executive directors:

Benson Tung Wah Wing (*Chairman*)
Alan Lam Yiu On (*Managing Director*)
Raymond Tung Wai Man

Non-executive directors:

Tung Siu Wing
Kevin Lee Kwok Bun

Independent non-executive directors:

Johnny Chang Tak Cheung
Tony Chang Chung Kay
Joseph Wong King Lam
Robert Yau Ming Kim

Pursuant to Article 84(A) of the Company's Articles of Association, at each annual general meeting one-third of the Directors for the time being, or, if their number is not three or a multiple of three, then the number nearest to but not less than one-third shall retire from office by rotation, provided that every director (including those appointed for a specific term or holding office as Chairman or Managing Director) shall be subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years or within such other period as The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") may from time to time prescribe. Accordingly, Messrs. Benson Tung Wah Wing, Kevin Lee Kwok Bun and Joseph Wong King Lam retire by rotation and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election.

None of the directors being proposed for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting has any unexpired service contract with the Company or any of its subsidiaries which is not determinable by the Group within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.



Directors' Report

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES

At March 31, 2008, the interests of the directors and their associates in the shares and underlying shares of the Company and its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO")) which have been notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO, as recorded in the register required to be kept pursuant to section 352 of the SFO or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Companies (the "Model Code") of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities (the "Listing Rules") on the Stock Exchange were as follows:

Long positions in shares and underlying shares of the Company

Name of director	Capacity	Number of issued ordinary shares held	Number of share options held	Total interests	Percentage of the issued share capital of the Company
Benson Tung Wah Wing	Interest of controlled corporation (<i>note a</i>)/ Beneficial owner	125,049,390	1,500,000	126,549,390	35.93%
Alan Lam Yiu On	Beneficial owner	350,000	1,500,000	1,850,000	0.52%
Raymond Tung Wai Man	Beneficial owner	400,000	1,000,000	1,400,000	0.39%
Kevin Lee Kwok Bun	Beneficial owner	9,000,000	–	9,000,000	2.55%
Johnny Chang Tak Cheung	Beneficial owner/ Beneficiary of a trust (<i>note b</i>)	1,941,680	–	1,941,680	0.55%
Tony Chang Chung Kay	Beneficial owner	3,494,760	–	3,494,760	0.99%
Joseph Wong King Lam	Beneficial owner	1,390	–	1,390	0.000395%

Notes:

- (a) Mr. Benson Tung Wah Wing has an equity interest of 100% in Corona Investments Limited, which owned 125,049,390 ordinary shares in the Company as at March 31, 2008, representing 35.51% of the issued share capital of the Company.
- (b) Mr. Johnny Chang Tak Cheung is the beneficiary owner who owned 231,680 ordinary shares in the Company as at March 31, 2008. He is also a beneficiary of a trust, Chaco International Limited, which owned 1,710,000 ordinary shares in the Company as at March 31, 2008.



Directors' Report

Save as disclosed above, as at March 31, 2008, none of the directors or their associates had any interests or short positions in any shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any of its associate corporations which had to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO, as recorded in the register required to be kept, pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, or which were required, pursuant to the Model Code, to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange.

SHARE OPTIONS

Particulars of the share option scheme and the movements in share options of the Company are set out in note 31 to the consolidated financial statements.

During the year, the movements in the share options to subscribe for the Company's shares were as follows:

	Date of grant	Exercisable period	Exercisable price per share HK\$	Number of share options			
				Outstanding at April 1, 2007	Granted during the year	Cancelled during the year	Outstanding at March 31, 2008
Category 1: Directors							
Benson Tung Wah Wing	November 9, 2006	November 9, 2009 – November 8, 2014	1.80	1,500,000	-	-	1,500,000
Alan Lam Yiu On	November 9, 2006	November 9, 2009 – November 8, 2014	1.80	1,500,000	-	-	1,500,000
Raymond Tung Wai Man	November 9, 2006	November 9, 2009 – November 8, 2014	1.80	1,000,000	-	-	1,000,000
Total for directors				4,000,000	-	-	4,000,000
Category 2: Employees							
	November 9, 2006	November 9, 2009 – November 8, 2014	1.80	11,800,000	-	(800,000)	11,000,000
	June 8, 2007	June 8, 2010 – June 7, 2015	2.08	-	200,000	-	200,000
	December 19, 2007	December 19, 2010 – December 18, 2015	2.08	-	200,000	-	200,000
Total for employees				11,800,000	400,000	(800,000)	11,400,000
Total for all categories				15,800,000	400,000	(800,000)	15,400,000

The closing prices of the Company's shares on the trading days immediately before June 8, 2007 and December 19, 2007, being the dates of grants of the 2007 options were HK\$2.05 and HK\$2.07, respectively.



Directors' Report

ARRANGEMENTS TO PURCHASE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

Other than disclosed under the section of "Share Options" above, at no time during the year was the Company or its subsidiaries a party to any arrangements to enable the directors of the Company to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN CONTRACTS OF SIGNIFICANCE

No contracts of significance to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries was a party and in which a director of the Company had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS

At March 31, 2008, shareholders who had interests and short positions in the shares and underlying shares of the Company, other than those mentioned in directors' interest, which have been disclosed to the Company under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO, or which were recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under section 336 of the SFO were as follows:

Name of shareholder	Capacity	Number of issued ordinary shares held	Percentage of the issued share capital of the Company
Corona Investments Limited (note a)	Beneficial owner	125,049,390	35.51%
Veer Palthe Voûte NV (note b)	Investment manager	38,675,000	10.98%
Dresdner Bank Aktiengesellschaft (note b)	Interest of controlled corporation	38,675,000	10.98%
Allianz SE (note b)	Interest of controlled corporation	38,675,000	10.98%

Notes:

- (a) These shares have been disclosed in the section headed "DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES" above.
- (b) Veer Palthe Voûte NV is 100% indirectly owned by Dresdner Bank Aktiengesellschaft, which is in turn 81.1% indirectly owned by Allianz SE.

Other than as disclosed above, the Company has not been notified of any other interests representing 5% or more of the Company's issued share capital as at March 31, 2008.



Directors' Report

CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

Details of the discloseable connected transactions for the year are set out in note 39 to the consolidated financial statements.

Pursuant to Rule 14A.38 of the Listing Rules, the Board of Directors engaged the auditor of the Company to perform certain agreed upon procedures in respect of the continuing connected transactions of the Group in respect of fabric print and artwork services from Fine Print Studio Inc.

The auditor has reported the factual findings on these procedures to the Board of Directors.

The independent non-executive directors of the Company have reviewed the transactions and the findings, and confirmed that the transactions are:

- a. in the ordinary and usual course of business of the Group;
- b. on normal commercial terms; and
- c. in accordance with the relevant agreement governing them on terms that are fair and reasonable and in the interests of the shareholders of the Company as a whole.

APPOINTMENT OF INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

The Company has received, from each of the independent non-executive directors, an annual confirmation of his independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Company considers all of the independent non-executive directors are independent.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Company has an audit committee consisting of three independent non-executive directors of the Company. The committee meets regularly with the external auditors and management to review the interim and yearly financial statements of the Group.

Pursuant to Appendix 23 of the Listing Rules, details of Corporate Governance Report are set out on pages 20 to 26 of the Annual Report.

SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS BY DIRECTORS

The Company has adopted the Model Code as set out in Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules. Having made specific enquiry of all directors, the Company confirmed that all directors have complied with the required standard set out in the Model Code.



Directors' Report

EMOLUMENT POLICY

The emoluments of the directors of the Company are determined, among other things, with reference to their duties and responsibilities in the Company, their experience in the industry, prevailing market conditions and the Company's performance.

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

The Company has maintained a sufficient public float of not less than 25% of the Company's issued shares as required under the Listing Rules throughout the year ended March 31, 2008.

DONATIONS

During the year, the Group made charitable and other donations amounting to HK\$40,000.

AUDITOR

A resolution will be submitted to the annual general meeting to re-appoint Messrs. Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu as auditor of the Company.

On behalf of the Board
Benson Tung Wah Wing
Chairman

Hong Kong, July 10, 2008



Independent Auditor's Report

Deloitte.

德勤

TO THE MEMBERS OF TUNGTEX (HOLDINGS) COMPANY LIMITED

(incorporated in Hong Kong with limited liability)

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Tungtex (Holdings) Company Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") set out on pages 37 to 99, which comprise the consolidated and Company balance sheets as at March 31, 2008, and the consolidated income statement, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated cash flow statement for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation and the true and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. This responsibility includes designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to the preparation and the true and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies; and making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITY

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit and to report our opinion solely to you, as a body, in accordance with section 141 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance as to whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.



Independent Auditor's Report

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and true and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

OPINION

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the Group as at March 31, 2008 and of the Group's profit and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu

Certified Public Accountants

Hong Kong, July 10, 2008



Consolidated Income Statement

For the year ended March 31, 2008

	NOTES	2008 HK\$'000	2007 HK\$'000
Revenue	6	2,252,055	2,276,176
Cost of sales		(1,746,727)	(1,760,161)
Gross profit		505,328	516,015
Other income	7	10,679	8,096
Increase in fair value of investment properties	15	17,099	17,932
Selling and distribution costs		(109,779)	(102,777)
Administrative expenses		(283,542)	(277,692)
Finance costs	8	(4,503)	(5,736)
Share of (losses) profits of associates		(2,244)	184
Profit before tax	9	133,038	156,022
Income tax expense	12	(35,834)	(49,910)
Profit for the year		97,204	106,112
Attributable to:			
Equity holders of the Company		81,233	89,913
Minority interests		15,971	16,199
		97,204	106,112
Dividends	13	66,026	61,624
Earnings per share	14	HK cents	HK cents
– Basic		23.1	25.5
– Diluted		22.9	25.5



Consolidated Balance Sheet

At March 31, 2008

	NOTES	2008 HK\$'000	2007 HK\$'000
Non-current assets			
Investment properties	15	68,491	68,284
Property, plant and equipment	16	132,240	132,382
Prepaid lease payments	17	24,828	27,230
Intangible assets	18	325	398
Interests in associates	20	3,224	7,919
Deferred tax assets	21	68	1,031
		229,176	237,244
Current assets			
Inventories	22	190,698	231,799
Trade and other receivables	23	379,788	374,818
Prepaid lease payments	17	687	731
Amount due from an associate	39	4,644	5,231
Tax recoverable		1,445	2,123
Derivative financial instruments	24	3,167	–
Pledged bank deposits	25	–	262
Bank balances and cash	26	259,761	179,637
		840,190	794,601
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	27	373,750	329,334
Amount due to a minority shareholder of a subsidiary	39	4,000	–
Tax liabilities		38,344	35,467
Obligations under finance leases – due within one year	28	437	305
Bank borrowings	29	45,484	86,186
		462,015	451,292
Net current assets		378,175	343,309
Total assets less current liabilities		607,351	580,553
Non-current liabilities			
Obligations under finance leases – due after one year	28	88	344
Deferred tax liabilities	21	13,837	14,281
		13,925	14,625
		593,426	565,928



Consolidated Balance Sheet

At March 31, 2008

	<i>NOTE</i>	2008 HK\$'000	2007 <i>HK\$'000</i>
Capital and reserves			
Share capital	30	70,428	70,428
Reserves		460,620	436,773
Equity attributable to equity holders of the Company		531,048	507,201
Minority interests		62,378	58,727
		593,426	565,928

The consolidated financial statements on pages 37 to 99 were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on July 10, 2008 and are signed on its behalf by:

Benson Tung Wah Wing
Director

Alan Lam Yiu On
Director



Balance Sheet

At March 31, 2008

	NOTES	2008 HK\$'000	2007 HK\$'000
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	16	2,699	2,750
Investments in subsidiaries	19	115,222	117,624
Investment in an associate	20	1,686	1,686
Deferred tax assets	21	16	19
		119,623	122,079
Current assets			
Other receivables		3,404	3,353
Amounts due from subsidiaries	39	277,419	231,706
Tax recoverable		–	530
Bank balances and cash	26	1,112	1,793
		281,935	237,382
Current liabilities			
Other payables		6,639	6,046
Amounts due to subsidiaries	39	44,419	10,536
Tax liabilities		229	–
Bank borrowings	29	220	25,181
		51,507	41,763
Net current assets		230,428	195,619
		350,051	317,698
Capital and reserves			
Share capital	30	70,428	70,428
Reserves	32	279,623	247,270
		350,051	317,698

Benson Tung Wah Wing
Director

Alan Lam Yiu On
Director



Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

For the year ended March 31, 2008

	Attributable to equity holders of the Company									
	Share capital HK\$'000	Share premium HK\$'000	Capital redemption reserve HK\$'000	Translation reserve HK\$'000	Share option reserve HK\$'000	Asset revaluation reserve HK\$'000	Retained profits HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000	Minority interests HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
At April 1, 2006	70,428	84,880	3,848	(6,026)	-	-	323,929	477,059	56,042	533,101
Exchange differences arising on translation of foreign operations	-	-	-	1,419	-	-	-	1,419	243	1,662
Share of reserves of associates	-	-	-	327	-	-	-	327	61	388
Net income recognised directly in equity	-	-	-	1,746	-	-	-	1,746	304	2,050
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	89,913	89,913	16,199	106,112
Total recognised income and expenses for the year	-	-	-	1,746	-	-	89,913	91,659	16,503	108,162
Equity-settled share based payments	-	-	-	-	107	-	-	107	-	107
Dividends recognised as distribution (note 13)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(61,624)	(61,624)	-	(61,624)
Dividends paid to minority interests	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(13,818)	(13,818)
At March 31, 2007	70,428	84,880	3,848	(4,280)	107	-	352,218	507,201	58,727	565,928
Exchange differences arising on translation of foreign operation	-	-	-	2,230	-	-	-	2,230	249	2,479
Revaluation surplus arising on transfer of properties to investment properties	-	-	-	-	-	7,339	-	7,339	-	7,339
Deferred tax liability arising on revaluation of properties	-	-	-	-	-	(1,284)	-	(1,284)	-	(1,284)
Share of reserves of associates	-	-	-	281	-	-	-	281	85	366
Net income recognised directly in equity	-	-	-	2,511	-	6,055	-	8,566	334	8,900
Realised on disposal of an associate	-	-	-	(196)	-	-	-	(196)	-	(196)
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	81,233	81,233	15,971	97,204
Total recognised income and expenses for the year	-	-	-	2,315	-	6,055	81,233	89,603	16,305	105,908
Equity-settled share based payments	-	-	-	-	270	-	-	270	-	270
Dividends recognised as distribution (note 13)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(66,026)	(66,026)	-	(66,026)
Dividends paid to minority interests	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(12,654)	(12,654)
At March 31, 2008	70,428	84,880	3,848	(1,965)	377	6,055	367,425	531,048	62,378	593,426



Consolidated Cash Flow Statement

For the year ended March 31, 2008

	2008 HK\$'000	2007 HK\$'000
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Profit before tax	133,038	156,022
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	24,991	27,873
Finance costs	4,503	5,736
Write-down of inventories	3,654	1,909
Share of losses (profits) of associates	2,244	(184)
Amortisation of prepaid lease payments	724	731
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	277	198
Share-based payment expense	270	107
Amortisation of intangible assets	73	73
Increase in fair value of investment properties	(17,099)	(17,932)
Bank interest income	(4,565)	(3,113)
Gain on fair value changes of derivative financial instruments	(3,167)	-
Gain on disposal of interest in an associate	(657)	-
Gain on disposal of investment properties	-	(948)
Gain on disposal of available-for-sale investments	-	(171)
Dividend income from available-for-sale investments	-	(55)
Operating cash flows before movements in working capital	144,286	170,246
Decrease in inventories	37,447	4,250
Increase in trade and other receivables	(4,970)	(65,840)
Decrease (increase) in amount due from an associate	587	(4,496)
Increase in trade and other payables	36,087	19,902
Decrease in amount due to an associate	-	(3,332)
Cash generated from operations	213,437	120,730
Hong Kong Profits Tax paid	(18,580)	(17,512)
Taxation in other jurisdictions paid	(15,676)	(10,987)
Hong Kong Profits Tax refunded	622	-
Taxation in other jurisdictions refunded	485	-
NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	180,288	92,231



Consolidated Cash Flow Statement

For the year ended March 31, 2008

	2008 HK\$'000	2007 HK\$'000
INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds on disposal of investment properties	25,891	6,148
Interest received	4,565	3,113
Proceeds on disposal of interest in an associate	3,474	–
Proceeds on disposal of property, plant and equipment	1,955	372
Proceeds on disposal of prepaid lease payments	482	–
Decrease (increase) in pledged bank deposits	262	(27)
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	(19,339)	(22,828)
Proceeds on disposal of available-for-sale investments	–	1,601
Dividend income received from available-for-sales investments	–	55
NET CASH FROM (USED IN) INVESTING ACTIVITIES	17,290	(11,566)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Bank borrowings raised	45,246	119,447
Advance from a minority shareholder of a subsidiary	4,000	–
Repayment of bank borrowings	(86,203)	(82,687)
Dividends paid	(66,026)	(61,624)
Dividends paid to minority shareholders of subsidiaries	(12,654)	(13,818)
Interest paid	(4,503)	(5,736)
Repayment of obligations under finance leases	(353)	(311)
NET CASH USED IN FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(120,493)	(44,729)
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	77,085	35,936
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF THE YEAR	179,456	142,987
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes	2,982	533
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF THE YEAR	259,523	179,456
ANALYSIS OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS:		
Bank balances and cash	259,761	179,637
Bank overdrafts	(238)	(181)
	259,523	179,456



Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended March 31, 2008

1. GENERAL

The Company is a public limited company incorporated in Hong Kong and its shares are listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the “Stock Exchange”). The address of the registered office and the principal place of business of the Company is disclosed in the Corporate Information section of the annual report.

The functional currency of the Company is United States dollars (“USD”). The consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars (“HKD”) for the convenience of the shareholders as the Company is listed in Hong Kong.

The Company is an investment holding company. The activities of its principal subsidiaries and associates are set out in notes 19 and 20, respectively.

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS

In the current year, the Group has applied, for the first time, the following new standard, amendment and interpretations (the “new HKFRSs”) issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the “HKICPA”), which are effective for the Group’s financial year beginning April 1, 2007.

HKAS 1 (Amendment)	Capital Disclosures
HKFRS 7	Financial Instruments: Disclosures
HK(IFRIC) – Int 8	Scope of HKFRS 2
HK(IFRIC) – Int 9	Reassessment of Embedded Derivatives
HK(IFRIC) – Int 10	Interim Financial Reporting and Impairment
HK(IFRIC) – Int 11	HKFRS 2: Group and Treasury Share Transactions

The Group has applied the disclosure requirements under HKAS 1 (Amendment) and HKFRS 7 retrospectively. Certain information presented in prior year under the requirements of HKAS 32 has been removed and the relevant comparative information based on the requirements of HKAS 1 (Amendment) and HKFRS 7 has been presented for the first time in the current year.

Except this, the adoption of the new HKFRSs had no material effect on how the results and financial position for the current or prior accounting periods have been prepared and presented. Accordingly, no prior period adjustment has been required.



Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended March 31, 2008

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (continued)

The Group has not early applied the following new, revised or amended standards and interpretations that have been issued but are not yet effective.

HKAS 1 (Revised)	Presentation of Financial Statements ¹
HKAS 23 (Revised)	Borrowing Costs ¹
HKAS 27 (Revised)	Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements ²
HKAS 32 & HKAS 1 (Amendments)	Puttable Financial Instruments and Obligations Arising on Liquidation ¹
HKFRS 2 (Amendment)	Vesting Conditions and Cancellations ¹
HKFRS 3 (Revised)	Business Combinations ²
HKFRS 8	Operating Segments ¹
HK(IFRIC) – Int 12	Service Concession Arrangements ³
HK(IFRIC) – Int 13	Customer Loyalty Programmes ⁴
HK(IFRIC) – Int 14	HKAS 19 – The Limit on a Defined Benefit Asset, Minimum Funding Requirements and their Interaction ³

¹ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2009

² Effective for annual periods beginning on or after July 1, 2009

³ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2008

⁴ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after July 1, 2008

The adoption of HKFRS 3 (Revised) may affect the accounting for business combination for which the acquisition date is on or after the beginning of the first annual reporting period beginning on or after July 1, 2009. HKAS 27 (Revised) will affect the accounting treatment for changes in a parent's ownership interest in a subsidiary that do not result in a loss of control, which will be accounted for as equity transactions.

The directors of the Company anticipate that the application of other new, revised or amended standards and interpretations will have no material impact on the results and the financial position of the Group.



Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended March 31, 2008

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for certain properties and financial instruments, which are measured at fair values, as explained in accounting policies set out below.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the HKICPA and included applicable disclosures required by the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the "Listing Rules") and by the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and entities controlled by the Company (its subsidiaries). Control is achieved where the Company has the power to govern the financial and operating policies of an entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities.

The results of subsidiaries acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated income statement from the effective date of acquisition or up to the effective date of disposal, as appropriate.

Where necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies in line with those used by other members of the Group.

All intra-group transactions, balances, income and expenses are eliminated on consolidation.

Minority interests in the net assets of consolidated subsidiaries are presented separately from the Group's equity therein. Minority interests in the net assets consist of the amount of those interests at the date of the original business combination and the minority's share of changes in equity since the date of the combination. Losses applicable to the minority in excess of the minority's interest in the subsidiary's equity are allocated against the interests of the Group except to the extent that the minority has a binding obligation and is able to make an additional investment to cover the losses.

Investment properties

Investment properties are properties held to earn rental or for capital appreciation.

On initial recognition, investment properties are measured at cost, including any directly attributable expenditure. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are measured at their fair values using the fair value model. Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of investment property are included in profit or loss for the period in which they arise.



Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended March 31, 2008

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Investment properties (continued)

Transfer from property, plant and equipment to investment properties will be made when there is a change of use, evidenced by end of owner occupation. Any difference between the carrying amount and fair value of that property at the date of transfer is recognised in asset revaluation reserve. On the subsequent sale or retirement of a revalued asset, the attributable revaluation surplus is transferred to retained profits.

An investment property is derecognised upon disposal or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefits are expected from its disposals. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in the consolidated income statement in the year in which the item is derecognised.

Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment including buildings held for use in the production or supply of goods or for administrative purposes are stated at cost less subsequent accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. Freehold land is stated at cost less accumulated impairment losses.

Depreciation is provided to write off the cost of items of property, plant and equipment other than freehold land over their estimated useful lives and after taking into account of their estimated residual value, using the straight-line method.

Assets held under finance leases are depreciated over their expected useful lives on the same basis as owned assets or, where shorter, the term of the relevant lease.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the item) is included in the consolidated income statement in the year in which the item is derecognised.

Intangible assets

Intangible assets acquired separately and with finite useful lives are carried at costs less accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses. Amortisation for intangible assets with finite useful lives is provided on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives.

Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset are measured at the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognised in the consolidated income statement when the asset is derecognised.



Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended March 31, 2008

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(continued)*

Investments in subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiaries are included in the balance sheet of the Company at cost less any identified impairment loss.

Investments in associates

An associate is an entity, over which the investor has significant influence and that is neither a subsidiary nor an interest in a joint venture.

The results and assets and liabilities of associates are incorporated in these consolidated financial statements using the equity method of accounting. Under the equity method, investments in associates are carried in the consolidated balance sheet at cost as adjusted for post-acquisition changes in the Group's net assets of the associates, less any identified impairment loss. When the Group's share of losses of an associate equals or exceeds its interest in that associate, the Group discontinues recognising its share of further losses. An additional share of losses is provided for and a liability is recognised only to the extent that the Group has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of that associate.

Any excess of the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities over the cost of acquisition, after reassessment, is recognised immediately in consolidated income statement.

Where a group entity transacts with an associate of the Group, profits and losses are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the relevant associate.

The results of associates are accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividends received and receivable during the year. In the balance sheet of the Company, investments in associates are stated at cost, as reduced by any identified impairment loss.

Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is calculated using the first-in, first-out method.



Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended March 31, 2008

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(continued)*

Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised on the balance sheet when a group entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL")) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets at FVTPL are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Financial assets

The Group's financial assets are classified into one of the two categories, including loans and receivables and financial assets at FVTPL. All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognised and derecognised on a trade date basis. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the marketplace.

Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset and of allocating interest income over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts (including all fees on points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial asset or, where appropriate, a shorter period.

Income is recognised on an effective interest basis.

Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. At each balance sheet date subsequent to initial recognition, loans and receivables (including trade and other receivables, amount due from an associate, amounts due from subsidiaries, pledged bank deposits and bank balances and cash) are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any identified impairment losses (see accounting policy on impairment on loans and receivables below).



Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended March 31, 2008

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Financial instruments (continued)

Financial assets (continued)

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

The Group's financial assets classified as financial assets at FVTPL are derivatives that are not designated and effective as a hedging instrument.

At each balance sheet date subsequent to initial recognition, financial assets at FVTPL are measured at fair value, with changes in fair value recognised directly in profit or loss in the period in which they arise. The net gain or loss recognised in profit or loss excludes any dividend or interest earned on the financial assets.

Impairment of loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are assessed for indicators of impairment at each balance sheet date. Loans and receivables are impaired where there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial asset, the estimated future cash flows of the financial assets have been impacted.

Objective evidence of impairment could include:

- significant financial difficulty of the issuer or counterparty; or
- default or delinquency in interest or principal payments; or
- it becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or financial re-organisation.

For certain categories of financial asset, such as trade receivables, assets that are assessed not to be impaired individually are subsequently assessed for impairment on a collective basis. Objective evidence of impairment for a portfolio of receivables could include the Group's past experience of collecting payments, an increase in the number of delayed payments in the portfolio past the average credit period, observable changes in national or local economic conditions that correlate with default on receivables.

An impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss when there is objective evidence that the asset is impaired, and is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the original effective interest rate.



Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended March 31, 2008

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Financial instruments (continued)

Financial assets (continued)

Impairment of loans and receivables (continued)

The carrying amount of the financial asset is reduced by the impairment loss directly for all financial assets with the exception of trade receivables and, where the carrying amount is reduced through the use of an allowance account. Changes in the carrying amount of the allowance account are recognised in profit or loss. When a trade receivable is considered uncollectible, it is written off against the allowance account. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited to profit or loss.

If, in a subsequent period, the amount of impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment losses was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss to the extent that the carrying amount of the asset at the date the impairment is reversed does not exceed what the amortised cost would have been had the impairment not been recognised.

Financial liabilities and equity instruments

Financial liabilities and equity instruments issued by a group entity are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definition of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Group after deducting all of its liabilities.

Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial liability and of allocating interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments through the expected life of the financial liability or, where appropriate, a shorter period.

Interest expense is recognised on an effective interest basis.

Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities (including trade and other payables, amount due to a minority shareholder of a subsidiary, amounts due to subsidiaries and bank borrowings) are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method.



Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended March 31, 2008

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(continued)*

Financial instruments *(continued)*

Financial liabilities and equity instruments (continued)

Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the Company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

Derivative financial instruments

Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value at the date a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured to their fair value at each balance sheet date. The resulting gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately.

Derecognition

Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the assets expire or, the financial assets are transferred and the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial assets. On derecognition of a financial asset, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable is recognised in profit or loss.

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the obligation specified in the relevant contract is discharged, cancelled or expires. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable is recognised in profit or loss.

Impairment losses on tangible and intangible assets

At each balance sheet date, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If the recoverable amount of an asset is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised as an expense immediately.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, to the extent that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised as income immediately.



Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended March 31, 2008

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(continued)*

Revenue recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable and represents amounts receivable for goods sold in the normal course of business, net of discounts and sales related taxes.

Revenue from sales of goods are recognised when goods are delivered and title has passed.

Interest income from a financial asset is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount.

Dividend income from investments is recognised when the shareholders' rights to receive payment have been established.

Retirement benefit costs

Payments to the Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme (the "MPF Scheme") and state-managed retirement benefit scheme, which are defined contribution schemes, are charged as an expense when employees have rendered service entitling them to the contributions.

Equity-settled share-based payment transactions

The fair value of services received determined by reference to the fair value of share options granted at the grant date is expensed on a straight-line basis over the vesting period, with a corresponding increase in equity (share option reserve).

At each balance sheet date, the Group revises its estimates of the number of options that are expected to ultimately vest. The impact of the revision of the original estimates during the vesting period, if any, is recognised in profit or loss, with a corresponding adjustment to share option reserve.

At the time when the share options are exercised, the amount previously recognised in share option reserve will be transferred to share premium. When the share options are forfeited after the vesting date or are still not exercised at the expiry date, the amount previously recognised in share option reserve will be transferred to retained profits.



Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended March 31, 2008

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(continued)*

Leasing

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

The Group as lessor

Rental income from operating leases is recognised in the consolidated income statement on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

The Group as lessee

Assets held under finance leases are recognised as assets of the Group at their fair value at the inception of the lease or, if lower, at the present value of the minimum lease payments. The corresponding liability to the lessor is included in the consolidated balance sheet as a finance lease obligation. Lease payments are apportioned between finance charges and reduction of the lease obligation so as to achieve a constant rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Finance charges are charged directly to profit or loss.

Rentals payable under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease. Benefits received and receivable as an incentive to enter into an operating lease are recognised as a reduction of rental expense over the lease term on a straight-line basis.

Leasehold land

Interest in leasehold land is accounted for as operating leases and amortised over the lease term on a straight-line basis.

Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, are capitalised as part of the cost of those assets. Capitalisation of such borrowing costs ceases when the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

All borrowing costs are recognised as and included in finance costs in the consolidated income statement in the period in which they are incurred.



Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended March 31, 2008

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the consolidated income statement because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years, and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax is recognised on differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax base used in the computation of taxable profit, and is accounted for using the balance sheet liability method. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries and associates except when the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each balance sheet date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised. Deferred tax is charged or credited to profit or loss, except when it relates to items charged or credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in equity.



Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended March 31, 2008

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(continued)*

Foreign currencies

In preparing the financial statements of each individual group entity, transactions in currencies other than the functional currency of that entity (“foreign currencies”) are recorded in its functional currency (i.e. the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates) at the rates of exchanges prevailing on the dates of the transactions. At each balance sheet date, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the balance sheet date. Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the date when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items, and on the translation of monetary items, are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

For the purposes of presenting the consolidated financial statements, the assets and liabilities of the Group’s foreign operations are translated into the presentation currency of the Group (i.e. HKD) at the rate of exchange prevailing at the balance sheet date, and their income and expenses are translated at the average exchange rates for the year, unless exchange rates fluctuate significantly during the period, in which case, the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of transactions are used. Exchange differences arising, if any, are recognised as a separate component of equity (translation reserve). Such exchange differences are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which the foreign operation is disposed of.

4. CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group manages its capital to ensure that entities in the Group will be able to continue as a going concern while maximising the return to stakeholders through the optimisation of the debt and equity balance. The Group’s overall strategy remains unchanged from prior year.

The capital structure of the Group consists of debt, which includes the borrowings disclosed in note 29, and equity attributable to equity holders of the Company, comprising issued share capital and various reserves.

The directors of the Company review the capital structure on an on-going basis. As part of this review, the directors consider the cost of capital and the risks associates with each class of capital. Based on recommendations of the directors, the Group will balance its overall capital structure through the payment of dividends, new share issues and share buy-backs as well as the issue of new debt or the redemption of existing debt.



Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended March 31, 2008

5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

(a) Categories of financial instruments

	THE GROUP		THE COMPANY	
	2008 HK\$'000	2007 HK\$'000	2008 HK\$'000	2007 HK\$'000
Financial assets				
At fair value through profit or loss	3,167	-	-	-
Loans and receivables (including cash and cash equivalents)	564,436	476,285	281,286	236,181
	567,603	476,285	281,286	236,181
Financial liabilities				
Amortised cost	319,454	325,473	45,546	36,605

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies

The major financial instruments of the Group and the Company include trade and other receivables, amount due from an associate, amounts due from subsidiaries, bank balances and cash, trade and other payable, amount due to a minority shareholder of a subsidiary, amounts due to subsidiaries, obligations under finance leases and bank borrowings. Details of the financial instruments are disclosed in respective notes. The risks associated with certain of these financial instruments include market risk (represented by currency risk and interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The policies on how to mitigate these risks are set out below. Management manages and monitors these exposures to ensure appropriate measures are implemented on a timely and effective manner.

Market risk

(i) *Currency risk*

Certain entities in the Group have foreign currency transactions and foreign currency borrowings, which expose the Group to foreign currency risk.

The Company has foreign currency amounts due from (to) subsidiaries, which expose the Company to foreign currency risk.



Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended March 31, 2008

5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (continued)

Market risk (continued)

(i) Currency risk (continued)

The Group manages and monitors foreign exchange exposures to ensure appropriate measures are implemented on a timely and effective manner. The Group will enter into foreign currency forward contracts to mitigate the risks as deemed appropriate.

The carrying amounts of foreign currency denominated monetary assets and monetary liabilities of the Group and the Company at the reporting date that are considered significant by management are as follows:

	THE GROUP				THE COMPANY			
	Liabilities		Assets		Liabilities		Assets	
	2008	2007	2008	2007	2008	2007	2008	2007
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
HKD	123,822	144,379	21,721	27,394	45,546	36,605	278,394	233,251
Renminbi ("RMB")	54,112	30,737	74,640	56,992	-	-	-	-

As at March 31, 2008, the derivative financial instruments of the Group represent foreign currency forward contracts with aggregate notional amounts of US\$2,300,000 and HK\$50,000,000. Details of which are set out in note 24 to the consolidated financial statements. Upon the maturity of the foreign currency forward contracts, the Group will buy RMB amounting to RMB62,881,000 in total.



Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended March 31, 2008

5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (continued)

Market risk (continued)

(i) Currency risk (continued)

Sensitivity analysis

As HKD is pegged with USD, currency risk in relation to HKD denominated monetary assets/liabilities is expected to be minimal.

The following table details the sensitivity of the Group to a 5% increase and decrease in USD against RMB. 5% is the sensitivity rate used when reporting foreign currency risk internally to key management personnel and represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in foreign exchange rates. The sensitivity analysis includes only outstanding foreign currency denominated monetary items and adjusts their translation at the year end for a 5% change in foreign currency rates. On this basis, there will be a decrease in profit for the year where USD strengthens against RMB by 5%, and vice versa.

	THE GROUP	
	RMB Impact	
	2008	2007
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Decrease in profit for the year	613	926

For the outstanding foreign currency forward contracts, if the market bid forward foreign exchange rate of RMB against USD or HKD had been 5% higher/lower, profit for the year would increase/decrease by HK\$2,741,000.

(ii) Interest rate risk

The Group and the Company are exposed to cash flow interest rate risk primarily in relation to the floating-rate bank balances and borrowings. It is the Group's policy to keep its borrowings at floating rate of interests so as to minimise the fair value interest rate risk. Management monitors interest rate exposure and will consider hedging significant interest rate exposure should the need arise.



Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended March 31, 2008

5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (continued)

Market risk (continued)

(ii) *Interest rate risk (continued)*

Sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analysis below have been determined based on the exposure to interest rates for floating-rate bank balances and borrowings. The analysis is prepared assuming the amount of asset and liability outstanding at the balance sheet date was outstanding for the whole year. A 50 basis point increase or decrease is used when reporting interest rate risk internally to key management personnel and represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in interest rates.

If interest rates had been 50 basis points higher/lower and all other variables were held constant, the Group's and the Company's profits for the year ended March 31, 2008 would increase/decrease by HK\$888,000 (2007: increase/decrease by HK\$205,000) and increase/decrease by HK\$491,000 (2007: increase/decrease by HK\$102,000), respectively.

Credit risk

As at March 31, 2008, the maximum exposure to credit risk by the Group and the Company which will cause a financial loss due to failure to discharge an obligation by the counterparties and financial guarantees provided is arising from:

- the carrying amounts of the recognised financial assets as stated in the balance sheet; and
- the amount of contingent liabilities in relation to financial guarantee issued by the Company as disclosed in note 36.

In order to minimise the credit risk, management of the Group has delegated a team responsible for determination of credit limits, credit approvals and other monitoring procedures to ensure that follow-up action is taken to recover overdue debts. The Group only extends credit to customer based on careful valuation of the customers' financial conditions and credit history. Credit sales of products are made to customers with an appropriate credit history. In addition, the Group reviews the recoverable amount of debt on a collective and on-going basis to ensure that adequate impairment losses are made for irrecoverable amounts. In this regard, the directors of the Company consider that the Group's credit risk is significantly reduced.



Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended March 31, 2008

5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS *(continued)*

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies *(continued)*

Credit risk (continued)

The Group's concentration of credit risk on trade receivables by geographical locations is mainly in the United States of America (the "USA"). The Group also has concentration of credit risk on its five largest customers which represent 51% (2007: 58%) of the total trade receivables balance and of which the largest customer represents 22% (2007: 26%) of the total trade receivables balance.

The credit risk on liquid funds of the Group and the Company is limited because the counterparties are banks with high credit ratings assigned by international credit-rating agencies.

Liquidity risk

In management of the liquidity risk, the Group monitors and maintains a level of cash and cash equivalents deemed adequate by management to finance the Group's operations and mitigate the effects of fluctuations in cash flows. Management monitors the utilisation of bank borrowings and ensures compliance with the relevant loan covenant.

Other than equity, the Group relies on bank borrowings as a significant source of liquidity. As at March 31, 2008, the Group has available unutilised banking facilities of approximately HK\$843,313,000 (2007: HK\$563,008,000).

The following table details the Group's remaining contractual maturity for its financial liabilities. The table has been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of the financial liabilities based on the earliest date on which the Group can be required to pay. The table includes both interest and principle cash flows.

Derivative financial instruments require gross settlement, the undiscounted gross inflow and outflows on these derivatives are shown in the table.



Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended March 31, 2008

5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (continued)

Liquidity risk (continued)

THE GROUP

2008

	Weighted average effective interest rate %	Less than 1 month HK\$'000	1-3 months HK\$'000	3 months to 1 year HK\$'000	Over 1 year HK\$'000	Total undiscounted cash flows HK\$'000	Carrying amount at March 31, 2008 HK\$'000
Non-derivative financial liabilities							
Trade and other payables	-	167,307	84,154	18,509	-	269,970	269,970
Amount due to a minority shareholder of a subsidiary	4.0	-	-	4,053	-	4,053	4,000
Obligations under finance leases	9.5	40	81	369	100	590	525
Bank borrowings							
- floating-rate	4.93	27,833	9,956	7,951	-	45,740	45,484
		195,180	94,191	30,882	100	320,353	319,979
Derivative financial instruments							
- gross settlement							
Foreign currency forward contracts							
- inflow	-	(16,149)	(29,862)	(25,004)	-	(71,015)	(71,015)
- outflow	-	15,432	28,536	23,880	-	67,848	67,848
		(717)	(1,326)	(1,124)	-	(3,167)	(3,167)

2007

	Weighted average effective interest rate %	Less than 1 month HK\$'000	1-3 months HK\$'000	3 months to 1 year HK\$'000	Over 1 year HK\$'000	Total undiscounted cash flows HK\$'000	Carrying amount at March 31, 2008 HK\$'000
Non-derivative financial liabilities							
Trade and other payables	-	173,105	66,108	74	-	239,287	239,287
Obligations under finance leases	9.9	30	60	276	409	775	649
Bank borrowings							
- floating-rate	5.91	24,854	20,392	42,083	-	87,329	86,186
		197,989	86,560	42,433	409	327,391	326,122



Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended March 31, 2008

5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (continued)

Liquidity risk (continued)

THE COMPANY

2008

	Weighted average effective interest rate %	Less than 1 month HK\$'000	1-3 months HK\$'000	3 months to 1 year HK\$'000	Over 1 year HK\$'000	Total undiscounted cash flows HK\$'000	Carrying amount at March 31, 2008 HK\$'000
Non-derivative financial liabilities							
Other payables	-	907	-	-	-	907	907
Amounts due to subsidiaries	-	44,419	-	-	-	44,419	44,419
Bank borrowings							
- floating-rate	3.84	221	-	-	-	221	220
		45,547	-	-	-	45,547	45,546

2007

	Weighted average effective interest rate %	Less than 1 month HK\$'000	1-3 months HK\$'000	3 months to 1 year HK\$'000	Over 1 year HK\$'000	Total undiscounted cash flows HK\$'000	Carrying amount at March 31, 2008 HK\$'000
Non-derivative financial liabilities							
Other payables	-	888	-	-	-	888	888
Amounts due to subsidiaries	-	10,536	-	-	-	10,536	10,536
Bank borrowings							
- floating-rate	5.06	181	-	25,416	-	25,597	25,181
		11,605	-	25,416	-	37,021	36,605



Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended March 31, 2008

5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS *(continued)*

(c) Fair value

The fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities are determined as follows:

- the fair values of derivative financial instruments are calculated in accordance with generally accepted pricing models based on discounted cash flow analysis using prices from the financial institution.
- the fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities (excluding derivative financial instruments) are determined in accordance with generally accepted pricing models based on discounted cash flow analysis using prices from observable current market transactions. The directors consider that the carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded at amortised cost in the consolidated financial statements approximate their fair values.



Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended March 31, 2008

6. SEGMENT INFORMATION

Business segments

The Group is principally engaged in the manufacture and sale of garments. Accordingly, no business segments analysis of financial information is provided.

Geographical segments

The Group's manufacture and sale of garments business is principally located in the USA, Canada, Asia and Europe and others.

The Group reports its primary segment information on geographical location of its customers and the segment information about these geographical markets is presented below:

For the year ended March 31, 2008:

	USA HK\$'000	Canada HK\$'000	Asia HK\$'000	Europe and others HK\$'000	Consolidated HK\$'000
REVENUE					
Sales of goods – external	1,905,459	41,465	169,065	136,066	2,252,055
SEGMENT RESULTS					
	161,132	3,025	8,136	13,217	185,510
Unallocated corporate income					27,778
Unallocated corporate expense					(78,006)
Share of losses of associates					(2,244)
Profit before tax					133,038
Income tax expense					(35,834)
Profit for the year					97,204
OTHER INFORMATION					
Write-down of inventories	3,654	-	-	-	3,654



Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended March 31, 2008

6. SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

Geographical segments (continued)

For the year ended March 31, 2008: (continued)

The following is an analysis of the carrying amount of segment assets and segment liabilities, analysed by the geographical location of the Group's customers, as at March 31, 2008:

	USA HK\$'000	Canada HK\$'000	Asia HK\$'000	Europe and others HK\$'000	Consolidated HK\$'000
ASSETS					
Segment assets	398,529	10,705	48,742	32,269	490,245
Interests in associates					3,224
Unallocated corporate assets					575,897
Consolidated total assets					1,069,366
LIABILITIES					
Segment liabilities	206,389	4,805	23,444	16,753	251,391
Unallocated corporate liabilities					224,549
Consolidated total liabilities					475,940

For the year ended March 31, 2007:

	USA HK\$'000	Canada HK\$'000	Asia HK\$'000	Europe and others HK\$'000	Consolidated HK\$'000
REVENUE					
Sales of goods – external	1,993,895	30,109	140,408	111,764	2,276,176
SEGMENT RESULTS	182,608	2,133	8,443	12,988	206,172
Unallocated corporate income					26,028
Unallocated corporate expense					(76,362)
Share of profits of associates					184
Profit before tax					156,022
Income tax expense					(49,910)
Profit for the year					106,112
OTHER INFORMATION					
Write-down of inventories	1,909	–	–	–	1,909



Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended March 31, 2008

6. SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

Geographical segments (continued)

For the year ended March 31, 2007: (continued)

The following is an analysis of the carrying amount of segment assets and segment liabilities, analysed by the geographical location of the Group's customers, as at March 31, 2007:

	USA HK\$'000	Canada HK\$'000	Asia HK\$'000	Europe and others HK\$'000	Consolidated HK\$'000
ASSETS					
Segment assets	456,482	7,849	34,176	24,443	522,950
Interests in associates					7,919
Unallocated corporate assets					500,976
<hr/>					
Consolidated total assets					1,031,845
LIABILITIES					
Segment liabilities	200,450	3,036	13,977	12,689	230,152
Unallocated corporate liabilities					235,765
<hr/>					
Consolidated total liabilities					465,917

In addition to the analysis by the geographical location of the Group's customers, the following is an analysis of the carrying amount of assets, and additions to property, plant and equipment analysed by the geographical area in which the assets are located:

	Carrying amount of segment assets		Additions to property, plant and equipment	
	2008 HK\$'000	2007 HK\$'000	2008 HK\$'000	2007 HK\$'000
USA	41,147	63,868	191	2,969
Hong Kong	234,677	212,736	1,813	1,601
People's Republic of China, other than Hong Kong ("PRC")	203,450	232,141	16,433	15,958
Others	10,971	14,205	1,131	2,994
<hr/>				
	490,245	522,950	19,568	23,522



Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended March 31, 2008

7. OTHER INCOME

	2008 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2007 <i>HK\$'000</i>
Bank interest income	4,565	3,113
Gain on fair value changes of derivative financial instruments	3,167	–
Rental income from properties under operating leases, net of outgoings of HK\$157,000 (2007: HK\$166,000)	2,290	3,809
Gain on disposal of interest in an associate	657	–
Gain on disposal of investment properties	–	948
Gain on disposal of available-for-sale investments	–	171
Dividend income from available-for-sale investments	–	55
	10,679	8,096

8. FINANCE COSTS

	2008 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2007 <i>HK\$'000</i>
Interest on borrowings wholly repayable within five years:		
Bank borrowings and bills discounted	4,432	5,672
Finance leases	71	64
	4,503	5,736



Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended March 31, 2008

9. PROFIT BEFORE TAX

	2008 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2007 <i>HK\$'000</i>
Profit before tax has been arrived at after charging:		
Employee benefit expense, including those of directors:		
Salaries, allowances and bonus	376,775	355,551
Contributions to retirement benefit schemes	9,806	7,756
Share-based payment expense	270	107
Total employee benefit expense	386,851	363,414
Amortisation of intangible assets (included in cost of sales)	73	73
Amortisation of prepaid lease payments	724	731
Auditor's remuneration	2,030	2,113
Cost of inventories recognised as an expense	1,746,727	1,758,179
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	24,991	27,873
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	277	198
Write-down of inventories (included in cost of sales)	3,654	1,909



Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended March 31, 2008

10. DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS

The emoluments paid or payable to each of the nine (2007: ten) directors of the Company were as follows:

2008

	Benson Tung Wah Wing HK\$'000	Alan Lam Yiu On HK\$'000	Raymond Tung Wai Man HK\$'000	Tung Siu Wing HK\$'000	Kevin Lee Kwok Bun HK\$'000	Johnny Chang Tak Cheung HK\$'000	Tony Chang Chung Kay HK\$'000	Joseph Wong King Lam HK\$'000	Robert Yau Ming Kim HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
Fees	-	-	-	60	60	60	100	100	80	460
Other emoluments:										
Salaries and other benefits	4,550	2,552	1,541	-	936	-	-	-	-	9,579
Contributions to retirement benefit schemes	12	12	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	36
Performance related incentive payments (<i>note</i>)	-	820	1,295	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,115
Share-based payment expense	26	26	17	-	-	-	-	-	-	69
Total emoluments	4,588	3,410	2,865	60	996	60	100	100	80	12,259

2007

	Benson Tung Wah Wing HK\$'000	Alan Lam Yiu On HK\$'000	Raymond Tung Wai Man HK\$'000	Tung Siu Wing HK\$'000	Kevin Lee Kwok Bun HK\$'000	Johnny Chang Tak Cheung HK\$'000	Tony Chang Chung Kay HK\$'000	Woo Wong King Lam HK\$'000	Joseph Wong Ming Kim HK\$'000	Robert Yau Ming Kim HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
Fees	-	-	-	60	60	60	100	80	100	80	540
Other emoluments:											
Salaries and other benefits	4,550	2,461	1,485	-	936	-	-	-	-	-	9,432
Contributions to retirement benefit schemes	12	12	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	36
Performance related incentive payments (<i>note</i>)	-	908	960	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,868
Share-based payment expense	10	10	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	27
Total emoluments	4,572	3,391	2,464	60	996	60	100	80	100	80	11,903

Note: The performance related incentive payment is determined by the Group's operating results, individual performance and prevailing market conditions.

No directors waived any emoluments in the years ended March 31, 2008 and 2007.



Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended March 31, 2008

11. EMPLOYEES' EMOLUMENTS

Of the five individuals with the highest emoluments in the Group, three (2007: three) were directors of the Company whose emoluments are included in the disclosures in note 10 above. The emoluments of the remaining two (2007: two) individuals were as follows:

	2008 HK\$'000	2007 HK\$'000
Salaries and other benefits	8,356	8,246
Contributions to retirement benefit schemes	147	181
Performance related incentive payments (<i>note</i>)	2,842	2,032
Share-based payment expense	14	5
	11,359	10,464

Their emoluments were within the following bands:

	Number of employees	
	2008	2007
HK\$3,000,001 to HK\$3,500,000	–	1
HK\$4,500,001 to HK\$5,000,000	1	–
HK\$6,500,001 to HK\$7,000,000	1	–
HK\$7,000,001 to HK\$7,500,000	–	1

During both years, no emoluments were paid by the Group to any of the directors or the five highest paid individuals (including directors and employees) as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office.

Note: The performance related incentive payment is determined by the Group's operating results, individual performance and prevailing market conditions.



Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended March 31, 2008

12. INCOME TAX EXPENSE

	2008 HK\$'000	2007 HK\$'000
Current tax:		
Hong Kong	13,747	16,498
PRC	1,654	1,972
Other jurisdictions	17,546	10,869
	32,947	29,339
Underprovision in prior years	3,652	18,460
	36,599	47,799
Deferred taxation (<i>note 21</i>)	(765)	2,111
	35,834	49,910

Hong Kong Profits Tax is calculated at 17.5% (2007: 17.5%) of the estimated assessable profit for the year.

Taxation arising in other jurisdictions is calculated at the rates prevailing in the relevant jurisdictions.

Pursuant to the relevant laws and regulations in the PRC, certain of the Group's PRC subsidiaries were exempted from PRC Enterprise Income Tax for two years starting from their first profit-making year, followed by a 50% reduction for the next three years. During the year, two (2007: Nil) of the PRC subsidiaries were exempted from PRC Enterprise Income Tax for the first year of assessment.

On March 16, 2007, the PRC promulgated the Law of the PRC on Enterprise Income Tax (the "Tax Law") by Order No. 63 of the President of the PRC. On December 6, 2007, the State Council of the PRC issued Implementation Regulations of the Tax Law. The Tax Law and Implementation Regulations changed the tax rates of the Group's PRC subsidiaries progressively, from 15% and 33%, to 25% before January 1, 2013.



Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended March 31, 2008

12. INCOME TAX EXPENSE (continued)

Two subsidiaries of the Company had received protective/additional profits tax assessment from Inland Revenue Department (the "IRD") of approximately HK\$5.8 million and HK\$25.5 million, respectively, relating to the years of assessment 1998/99 to 2006/07, that is, for the financial years ended March 31, 1999 to 2007. The protective/additional profits tax assessment relates mainly to the subsidiaries' income derived from their manufacturing operations in the PRC. The subsidiaries lodged objections with the IRD and the IRD agreed to holdover the tax claimed subject to tax reserve certificates in the amount of HK\$5.4 million and HK\$24.5 million being purchased by the subsidiaries, respectively. In respect of the protective/additional profits tax assessment for the years of assessment 1998/99 to 2006/07, a provision of HK\$31.3 million has been provided.

In the opinion of the directors and the advice from the Group's tax advisors, the subsidiaries' income derived from their manufacturing activities in the PRC is not arising in or derived from Hong Kong, and that sufficient tax provision has been made in the accounts in this regard.

The income tax expense can be reconciled to the profit before tax per the consolidated income statement as follows:

	2008 HK\$'000	2007 HK\$'000
Profit before tax	133,038	156,022
Tax at the Hong Kong Profits Tax rate of 17.5% (2007: 17.5%)	23,282	27,304
Tax effect of expenses not deductible for tax purpose	2,573	1,549
Tax effect of income not taxable for tax purpose	(2,901)	(3,499)
Tax effect of proceed on disposal of investment properties not taxable for tax purpose	(4,255)	(1,008)
Tax effect of share of results of associates	393	(32)
Underprovision in prior years	3,652	18,460
Tax effect of tax losses not recognised	3,339	4,217
Utilisation of tax losses previously not recognised	(120)	(3,211)
Effect of different tax rates of subsidiaries operating in other jurisdictions	9,871	6,130
Income tax expense	35,834	49,910

Details of deferred taxation for the year are set out in note 21.



Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended March 31, 2008

13. DIVIDENDS

	2008 HK\$'000	2007 HK\$'000
Dividends recognised as distribution during the year:		
2008 interim of HK6.25 cents (2007: HK6.0 cents) per share	22,009	21,128
2007 final of HK12.5 cents (2006: HK11.5 cents) per share	44,017	40,496
	66,026	61,624

The final dividend of HK10 cents (2007: HK12.5 cents) per share for the year ended March 31, 2008 has been proposed by the board of directors (the "Board") and is subject to approval by the shareholders in general meeting.

14. EARNINGS PER SHARE

The calculation of the basic and diluted earnings per share attributable to the equity holders of the Company is based on the following data:

	2008 HK\$'000	2007 HK\$'000
Profit for the year attributable to equity holders of the Company	81,233	89,913

	2008	2007
Weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purpose of basic earnings per share	352,137,298	352,137,298
Effect of dilutive potential ordinary shares in respect of share options	1,921,593	576,532
Weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purpose of diluted earnings per share	354,058,891	352,713,830



Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended March 31, 2008

15. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

	THE GROUP <i>HK\$'000</i>
FAIR VALUE	
At April 1, 2006	55,552
Disposals	(5,200)
Increase in fair value recognised in the consolidated income statement	17,932
At March 31, 2007	68,284
Transfer from prepaid lease payments and buildings	8,999
Disposal	(25,891)
Increase in fair value recognised in the consolidated income statement	17,099
At March 31, 2008	68,491

The fair values of the Group's investment properties at March 31, 2008 and 2007 have been arrived at on the basis of a valuation carried out on that date by DTZ Debenham Tie Leung Limited, independent qualified professional valuers not connected with the Group. The valuation was arrived at by capitalising the rental income derived from the existing tenancies with due provision for the reversionary income potential of the property or where appropriate by direct comparison approach assuming sale of the property in its existing state with the benefit of immediate vacant possession and by making reference to comparable sales transactions as available in the relevant market.

All of the Group's property interests held under operating leases to earn rentals are measured using the fair value model and are classified and accounted for as investment properties.

The carrying value of the Group's investment properties shown above comprises:

	2008 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2007 <i>HK\$'000</i>
Land in Hong Kong held under medium-term leases	65,271	65,564
Land in the PRC held under medium-term land use rights	3,220	2,720
	68,491	68,284



Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended March 31, 2008

16. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	Freehold land <i>HK\$'000</i>	Buildings <i>HK\$'000</i>	Leasehold improvements, plant and machinery, furniture and fixtures <i>HK\$'000</i>	Motor vehicles <i>HK\$'000</i>	Total <i>HK\$'000</i>
THE GROUP					
COST					
At April 1, 2006	3,606	101,940	260,381	5,875	371,802
Exchange adjustments	–	1,161	5,450	172	6,783
Additions	–	–	21,920	1,602	23,522
Disposals	–	–	(10,614)	(486)	(11,100)
At March 31, 2007	3,606	103,101	277,137	7,163	391,007
Exchange adjustments	848	4,954	13,408	312	19,522
Additions	–	70	19,019	479	19,568
Transfer to investment properties	–	(1,726)	–	–	(1,726)
Disposals	–	(328)	(9,870)	(844)	(11,042)
At March 31, 2008	4,454	106,071	299,694	7,110	417,329
DEPRECIATION					
At April 1, 2006	–	36,296	196,642	4,007	236,945
Exchange adjustments	–	87	4,151	99	4,337
Provided for the year	–	3,958	23,185	730	27,873
Eliminated on disposals	–	–	(10,085)	(445)	(10,530)
At March 31, 2007	–	40,341	213,893	4,391	258,625
Exchange adjustments	–	1,009	10,449	171	11,629
Provided for the year	–	4,103	20,078	810	24,991
Eliminated on transfer to investment properties	–	(1,346)	–	–	(1,346)
Eliminated on disposals	–	(189)	(7,920)	(701)	(8,810)
At March 31, 2008	–	43,918	236,500	4,671	285,089
CARRYING VALUES					
At March 31, 2008	4,454	62,153	63,194	2,439	132,240
At March 31, 2007	3,606	62,760	63,244	2,772	132,382



Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended March 31, 2008

16. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (continued)

The carrying value of the Group's land and buildings as at the balance sheet date comprises:

	2008 HK\$'000	2007 HK\$'000
Building in Hong Kong held under medium-term leases	4,624	5,732
Buildings in the PRC held under medium-term land use rights	45,408	46,544
Building in Malaysia held under medium-term leases	1,988	1,897
Freehold land and buildings in Thailand	14,587	12,193
	66,607	66,366

During the year, the Group transferred certain buildings and prepaid lease payments with net carrying amount of HK\$380,000 and HK\$1,280,000 respectively to investment properties. The fair value of the buildings and prepaid lease payments, which had been transferred to investment properties, at March 31, 2008, the date of transfer, was HK\$8,999,000, which has been arrived at on a basis of a valuation carried out on that date by DTZ Debenham Tie Leung Limited, independent qualified professional valuers not connected with the Group. The valuation was arrived at by capitalising the rental income derived from the existing tenancies with due provision for the reversionary income potential of the property or where appropriate by direct comparison approach assuming sale of the property in its existing state with the benefit of immediate vacant possession and by making reference to comparable sales transactions as available in the relevant market. The excess of the fair value over the net carrying amount, amounting to HK\$7,339,000, has been credited to asset revaluation reserve as a revaluation surplus.

The carrying value of the Group's furniture and fixtures and motor vehicles includes amounts of HK\$575,000 and HK\$189,000 (2007: HK\$378,000 and HK\$279,000) in respect of assets held under finance leases, respectively. The Group has pledged buildings having a carrying value of HK\$3,048,000 (2007: HK\$3,920,000) to secure general banking facilities granted to the Group.



Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended March 31, 2008

16. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (continued)

	Leasehold improvements, plant and machinery, furniture and fixtures <i>HK\$'000</i>	Motor vehicles <i>HK\$'000</i>	Total <i>HK\$'000</i>
THE COMPANY			
COST			
At April 1, 2006	10,787	355	11,142
Additions	116	456	572
Disposals	(1,113)	(355)	(1,468)
At March 31, 2007	9,790	456	10,246
Additions	908	-	908
At March 31, 2008	10,698	456	11,154
DEPRECIATION			
At April 1, 2006	7,739	355	8,094
Provided for the year	826	30	856
Eliminated on disposals	(1,099)	(355)	(1,454)
At March 31, 2007	7,466	30	7,496
Provided for the year	868	91	959
At March 31, 2008	8,334	121	8,455
CARRYING VALUES			
At March 31, 2008	2,364	335	2,699
At March 31, 2007	2,324	426	2,750

The above items of property, plant and equipment are depreciated on a straight-line basis, after taking into account of their estimated residual values, at the following rates per annum:

Freehold land	Nil
Buildings	4%
Leasehold improvements	Over the shorter of the term of the lease, or five years
Plant and machinery, furniture and fixtures	12.5% – 20%
Motor vehicles	12.5% – 20%



Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended March 31, 2008

17. PREPAID LEASE PAYMENTS

	2008 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2007 <i>HK\$'000</i>
The Group's prepaid lease payments comprise leasehold land:		
– in Hong Kong held under medium-term leases	11,707	13,307
– in overseas held under medium-term leases	592	566
– in the PRC held under medium-term land use rights	13,216	14,088
	25,515	27,961
Analysed for reporting purposes as:		
Non-current assets	24,828	27,230
Current assets	687	731
	25,515	27,961

At March 31, 2008, prepaid lease payments with a carrying value of HK\$1,280,000 were transferred to investment properties, and the details are set out in note 16.



Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended March 31, 2008

18. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

	Trademark <i>HK\$'000</i>
THE GROUP	
COST	
At April 1, 2006, March 31, 2007 and March 31, 2008	774
AMORTISATION	
At April 1, 2006	303
Provided for the year	73
At March 31, 2007	376
Provided for the year	73
At March 31, 2008	449
CARRYING VALUES	
At March 31, 2008	325
At March 31, 2007	398

The trademark was acquired from a third party.

The trademark has a definite useful life and is amortised on a straight-line basis over ten years.



Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended March 31, 2008

19. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES

	THE COMPANY	
	2008 HK\$'000	2007 HK\$'000
Unlisted shares/investments, at cost	115,222	117,624

Particulars of the Company's principal subsidiaries at March 31, 2008 and 2007 are as follows:

Name of subsidiary	Place of incorporation/ registration and operation	Paid up issued share capital/ common stock/ registered capital (HK\$ unless otherwise indicated)	Class of shares held	Proportion ownership interest held by the Company		Principal activities
				Directly %	Indirectly %	
Do Do Fashion Limited	Hong Kong (a)	720,000	Ordinary	100	-	Garment manufacture
Dorcash Industrial Limited	Hong Kong (a)	20	Ordinary	100	-	Property holding
Golden Fountain Industrial Company Limited	Hong Kong (a)	500,000	Ordinary	100	-	Property holding
Golden Will Fashions Limited	Hong Kong (a)	10,000	Ordinary	-	60	Garment trading
Golden Will Fashions Phils., Inc.	The Philippines (a)	Peso 30,000,000	Ordinary	-	60	Garment manufacture
Sing Yang (Overseas) Limited	Hong Kong* (a)	100,000	Ordinary	100	-	Garment manufacture
Sing Yang Trading Limited	Hong Kong (a)	100,000	Ordinary	100	-	Garment trading
THL Inc.	USA (a)	US\$10,000	Ordinary	-	100	Garment trading
Tung Thai Fashions Limited	Thailand (a)	Baht 100,000,000	Ordinary	100	-	Garment manufacture
Tungtex Trading Company Limited	Hong Kong (a)	6,000,000	Ordinary	100	-	Garment manufacture
Tungtex (U.K.) Limited	United Kingdom (a)	£10,000	Ordinary	100	-	Provision of agency services in garments
Tungtex (U.S.A.) Inc.	USA (a)	US\$838,802	Ordinary	100	-	Investment holding
West Pacific Enterprises Corporation	USA (a)	US\$90,000	Ordinary	-	100	Garment design and trading
Yellow River, Inc.	USA (a)	US\$80,000	Ordinary	-	51	Garment design and trading
中山同得仕絲綢服裝有限公司	PRC (b)	37,800,000	Registered capital	-	90	Garment manufacture
華裳服裝(深圳)有限公司	PRC (c)	8,000,000	Registered capital	-	100	Garment manufacture
深圳百多爾時裝有限公司	PRC (c)	RMB2,500,000	Registered capital	-	100	Garment manufacture
同得仕(杭州)有限公司	PRC (c)	US\$5,000,000	Registered capital	100	-	Garment manufacture
杭州金譽時裝有限公司	PRC (c)	US\$1,000,000	Registered capital	-	60	Garment manufacture

* Sing Yang (Overseas) Limited operates in the PRC.

Notes:

- (a) These companies are private limited companies.
- (b) This company is a sino-foreign equity joint venture.
- (c) These companies are wholly foreign owned enterprises.



Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended March 31, 2008

19. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (continued)

During the year ended March 31, 2008, Hang Seng Knitting Factory Limited, a subsidiary which had been inactive, was deregistered.

The above table lists the subsidiaries of the Company which, in the opinion of the directors, principally affected the results or assets of the Group. To give details of other subsidiaries would, in the opinion of the directors, result in particulars of the excessive length.

None of the subsidiaries had any debt securities outstanding at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

20. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES

	2008 HK\$'000	2007 HK\$'000
THE GROUP		
Cost of investment in associates – unlisted	8,683	10,425
Share of post-acquisition losses and reserves	(5,459)	(2,506)
	3,224	7,919
THE COMPANY		
Capital contribution, at cost	1,686	1,686

As at March 31, 2008 and 2007, the Group had interests in the following associates, which are registered and operate in the PRC as sino-foreign equity enterprises:

Name of entity	Class of capital held	Proportion of registered capital held by the Company				Principal activity
		Directly		Indirectly		
		2008	2007	2008	2007	
		%	%	%	%	
番禺市金源時裝有限公司	Registered capital	–	–	30	30	Garment manufacture
嵊州同泰絲服飾有限公司	Registered capital	30	30	–	–	Garment manufacture
德清華高時裝有限公司 (Note)	Registered capital	–	–	–	25	Garment manufacture

Note: 德清華高時裝有限公司 was disposed of during the year.



Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended March 31, 2008

20. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES (continued)

The summarised financial information in respect of the Group's associates is set out below:

	2008 HK\$'000	2007 HK\$'000
Total assets	51,563	109,364
Total liabilities	(29,151)	(70,656)
Net assets	<u>22,412</u>	<u>38,708</u>
The Group's share of net assets of associates	<u>3,224</u>	<u>7,919</u>
Revenue	<u>32,205</u>	<u>137,229</u>
(Loss) profit for the year	<u>(7,480)</u>	<u>880</u>
The Group's share of (losses) profits of associates for the year	<u>(2,244)</u>	<u>184</u>

21. DEFERRED TAXATION

THE GROUP

The followings are the major deferred tax (liabilities) assets recognised and movements thereon during the current and prior years:

	Revaluation of properties HK\$'000	Accelerated tax depreciation HK\$'000	Tax losses HK\$'000	Others HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
At April 1, 2006	(5,712)	(6,567)	853	287	(11,139)
(Charge) credit to consolidated income statement for the year	(2,200)	287	(353)	155	(2,111)
At March 31, 2007	(7,912)	(6,280)	500	442	(13,250)
Credit (charge) to consolidated income statement for the year	1,626	430	(500)	(791)	765
Charge to equity for the year	(1,284)	-	-	-	(1,284)
At March 31, 2008	(7,570)	(5,850)	-	(349)	(13,769)



Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended March 31, 2008

21. DEFERRED TAXATION (continued)

For the purpose of balance sheet presentation, certain deferred tax assets and liabilities have been offset. The following is the analysis of the deferred tax balances for financial reporting purposes:

	2008 HK\$'000	2007 HK\$'000
Deferred tax assets	68	1,031
Deferred tax liabilities	(13,837)	(14,281)
	(13,769)	(13,250)

At March 31, 2008, the Group has unused tax losses of approximately HK\$174 million (2007: HK\$158 million) available for offset against future profits. At March 31, 2008, no deferred tax asset has been recognised in respect of such losses due to the unpredictability of future profit streams. At March 31, 2007, a deferred tax asset had been recognised in respect of approximately HK\$3 million of such losses and no deferred tax asset had been recognised in respect of the remaining losses of approximately HK\$155 million due to the unpredictability of future profit streams. Included in unrecognised tax losses are losses of approximately HK\$115 million (2007: HK\$99 million) that can be carried forward for five years and losses of approximately HK\$45 million (2007: HK\$42 million) that can be carried forward for twenty years. Other unrecognised tax losses may be carried forward indefinitely.

THE COMPANY

	Accelerated tax depreciation HK\$'000	Others HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
At April 1, 2006	49	(13)	36
(Charge) credit to income statement for the year	(30)	13	(17)
At March 31, 2007	19	–	19
Charge to income statement for the year	(3)	–	(3)
At March 31, 2008	16	–	16



Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended March 31, 2008

22. INVENTORIES

	THE GROUP	
	2008	2007
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Raw materials	48,396	84,136
Work in progress	92,193	79,880
Finished goods	50,109	67,783
	190,698	231,799

23. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

	THE GROUP	
	2008	2007
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Trade receivables	294,903	285,920
Deposits, prepayments and other receivables	84,885	88,898
	379,788	374,818

The Group allows an average credit period ranging from 30 days to 90 days to its trade customers, with a significant portion of 30 days. Included in trade and other receivables are trade receivables, mainly denominated in USD, with the following aging analysis:

	2008	2007
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Up to 30 days	220,541	208,437
31 – 60 days	58,482	55,189
61 – 90 days	15,880	21,211
More than 90 days	–	1,083
	294,903	285,920

Before accepting any new customer, the Group will understand the potential customer's credit quality and defines its credit limits. Credit sales are made to customers with an appropriate credit history. Credit limits attributed to customers and credit term granted to customers are reviewed regularly. The trade receivables of HK\$251,925,000 (2007: HK\$231,464,000) that is neither past due nor impaired have good credit quality with reference to the track records of these customers under internal assessment by the Group.



Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended March 31, 2008

23. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (continued)

Included in the Group's trade receivables balance are debtors with aggregate carrying amount of HK\$42,978,000 (2007: HK\$54,456,000) which are past due at the reporting date for which the Group has not provided for impairment loss, as the Group considered such balance could be recovered based on historical experience. The Group does not hold any collateral over these balances.

The following is an aged analysis of trade receivables which are past due but not impaired at the reporting date:

	2008 HK\$'000	2007 HK\$'000
31 – 60 days	33,436	42,038
61 – 90 days	9,542	11,371
More than 90 days	–	1,047
	42,978	54,456

During the year, the Group discounted certain bill receivables to financial institutions with recourse. The Group continues to recognise the full carrying amount of the receivables as the Group is still exposed to credit risk on these receivables. At March 31, 2008, the carrying amount of the bills discounted is HK\$13,681,000 (2007: HK\$19,755,000). The carrying amount of the associated liability which represented the cash received from discounted bills (see note 29) is HK\$13,681,000 (2007: HK\$19,755,000).

The trade and other receivables that are denominated in currencies other than the functional currencies of the relevant group entities are set out below:

	THE GROUP		THE COMPANY	
	2008 HK\$'000	2007 HK\$'000	2008 HK\$'000	2007 HK\$'000
HKD	3,032	5,146	348	352
RMB	41,228	26,504	–	–
	44,260	31,650	348	352



Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended March 31, 2008

24. DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

At balance sheet date, major terms of outstanding foreign currency forward contracts are as follows:

Notional amount	Currency conversion
16 contracts to sell HK\$50,000,000 in total	HKD1: RMB0.90 to 0.95
4 contracts to sell US\$2,300,000 in total	USD1: RMB7.0 to 7.2

The above contracts will mature within one to seven months and will be settled in gross amount.

As at March 31, 2008, a fair value gain of HK\$3,167,000 (2007: Nil) has been credited to the consolidated income statement. The above foreign currency forward contracts are measured at fair value at balance sheet date, determined based on the prices quoted from the counterparty financial institutions with reference to estimated cash flows with appropriate yield curve for equivalent instruments at the balance sheet date.

25. PLEDGED BANK DEPOSITS

At March 31, 2007, pledged bank deposits represented deposits which had been used as collateral for letter of guarantee issued by an overseas bank for the consumption of electricity by the Group. The bank deposits carried market interest rate of 2.85% per annum.

26. BANK BALANCES AND CASH

Bank balances and cash of the Group and of the Company comprises bank balances and cash held by the Group and the Company and short-term bank deposits with an original maturity of three months or less. The bank deposits carried market interest rates ranging from 3.1% to 5.5% (2007: 4.6% to 5.2%) per annum.

The bank balances and cash that are denominated in currencies other than the functional currencies of the relevant group entities are set out below:

	THE GROUP		THE COMPANY	
	2008 HK\$'000	2007 HK\$'000	2008 HK\$'000	2007 HK\$'000
HKD	14,045	18,660	627	1,193
RMB	33,412	29,593	–	–
	47,457	48,253	627	1,193



Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended March 31, 2008

27. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

	THE GROUP	
	2008 HK\$'000	2007 HK\$'000
Trade payables	250,866	229,503
Other payables and accrued charges	122,884	99,831
	373,750	329,334

The aged analysis of the Group's trade payables as at the balance sheet date are as follows:

	THE GROUP	
	2008 HK\$'000	2007 HK\$'000
Up to 30 days	118,936	113,985
31 – 60 days	88,010	87,962
61 – 90 days	18,527	14,015
More than 90 days	25,393	13,541
	250,866	229,503

The average credit period on purchases of goods is ranging from 30 days to 60 days. The Group has financial risk management policies in place to ensure that all payables are within the credit timeframe.

The trade and other payables that are denominated in currencies other than the functional currencies of the relevant group entities are set out below:

	THE GROUP		THE COMPANY	
	2008 HK\$'000	2007 HK\$'000	2008 HK\$'000	2007 HK\$'000
HKD	119,584	117,834	907	888
RMB	41,028	28,717	–	–
	160,612	146,551	907	888



Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended March 31, 2008

28. OBLIGATIONS UNDER FINANCE LEASES

	THE GROUP			
	Minimum lease payments		Present value of minimum lease payments	
	2008	2007	2008	2007
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Amounts payable under finance leases:				
Within one year	490	366	437	305
More than one year but not exceeding two years	100	311	88	258
More than two years but not exceeding three years	–	98	–	86
	590	775		
Less: Future finance charges	(65)	(126)		
Present value of lease obligations	525	649	525	649
Less: Amount due within one year shown under current liabilities			(437)	(305)
Amount due after one year			88	344

It is the Group's policy to lease certain of its furniture and fixtures and motor vehicles under finance leases. The average lease term is three years. For the year ended March 31, 2008, the effective borrowing rate was 9.5% (2007: 9.9%) per annum. Interest rates are fixed at the contract date. All leases are on a fixed repayment basis and no arrangements have been entered into for contingent rental payments.



Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended March 31, 2008

29. BANK BORROWINGS

	THE GROUP		THE COMPANY	
	2008 HK\$'000	2007 HK\$'000	2008 HK\$'000	2007 HK\$'000
Floating-rate borrowings:				
Bank overdrafts	238	181	220	181
Trust receipt loans	18,481	39,230	–	–
Bills discounted with full recourse	13,681	19,755	–	–
Bank loans	13,084	27,020	–	25,000
	45,484	86,186	220	25,181

All the bank borrowings of the Group and of the Company are secured. All the bank borrowings at the balance sheet date are repayable within one year or upon demand and are included under current liabilities.

The range of effective interest rates (which are also equal to contracted interest rates) on the Group's and the Company's borrowings is 2.85% to 6.3% (2007: 4.88% to 6.62%) per annum.

The bank borrowings that are denominated in currencies other than the functional currencies of the relevant group entities are set out below:

	THE GROUP		THE COMPANY	
	2008 HK\$'000	2007 HK\$'000	2008 HK\$'000	2007 HK\$'000
HKD	238	26,545	220	25,181
RMB	13,084	2,020	–	–
	13,322	28,565	220	25,181



Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended March 31, 2008

30. SHARE CAPITAL

	Number of shares	Amount <i>HK\$'000</i>
Authorised:		
Ordinary shares of HK\$0.20 each		
At April 1, 2006, March 31, 2007 and 2008	500,000,000	100,000
Issued and fully paid:		
Ordinary shares of HK\$0.20 each		
At April 1, 2006, March 31, 2007 and 2008	352,137,298	70,428

31. SHARE-BASED PAYMENT TRANSACTIONS

The Company's share option scheme (the "Scheme") was adopted pursuant to a resolution passed on September 5, 2006 for the primary purpose of attracting and retaining suitable and high-calibre personnel, incentivising them to contribute to the future development and growth of the Group and any invested entity by sharing in the equity interests of the Company, and will expire on September 4, 2016. Under the Scheme, the Board of the Company may grant options to full time employees, including executive directors of the Company, its subsidiaries or any invested entity ("Participants"), to subscribe for shares in the Company.

At March 31, 2008, the number of shares in respect of which options had been granted and remained outstanding under the Scheme was 15,400,000 (2007: 15,800,000), representing 4.37% (2007: 4.49%) of the shares of the Company in issue at that date. The total number of shares in respect of which options may be granted under the Scheme is not permitted to exceed 5% of the shares of the Company in issue at any point in time, without prior approval from the Company's shareholders. The total number of shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of the options granted to each Participant (including both exercised and outstanding options) in any 12-month period shall not exceed 1% of the total number of shares in issue at any point in time, without prior approval from the Company's shareholders.

The Scheme shall be valid and effective for a period of ten years. The Scheme does not contain any minimum period(s) for which an option must be held before it can be exercised. However, at the time of grant of the options, the Board may specify any vesting period.



Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended March 31, 2008

31. SHARE-BASED PAYMENT TRANSACTIONS (continued)

Options granted must be taken up within twenty-eight days of the date of grant upon payment of HK\$1 per grant. The exercise price in respect of any particular option shall be such price as determined by the Board at its absolute discretion at the time of the making of the offer but in any case the exercise price shall not be lower than the highest of (i) the closing price of the shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheet on the date of grant, which must be a trading day; (ii) the average closing price of the shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheets for the five trading days immediately preceding the date of grant; and (iii) the nominal value of a share.

The following table discloses the movement of the Scheme held by the directors and employees of the Company or the Group and movements in such holdings during the year:

Category	Date of grant	Vesting period	Exercisable period	Exercisable price per share HK\$	Number of share options			
					Granted during the year ended March 31, 2007 and at March 31, 2007	Granted during the year	Cancelled during the year	At March 31, 2008
Directors	November 9, 2006	3 years	November 9, 2009 – November 8, 2014	1.80	4,000,000	-	-	4,000,000
Employees	November 9, 2006	3 years	November 9, 2009 – November 8, 2014	1.80	11,800,000	-	(800,000)	11,000,000
	June 8, 2007	3 years	June 8, 2010 – June 7, 2015	2.08	-	200,000	-	200,000
	December 19, 2007	3 years	December 19, 2010 – December 18, 2015	2.08	-	200,000	-	200,000
					15,800,000	400,000	(800,000)	15,400,000
Weighted average exercise price					HK\$1.80	HK\$2.08	HK\$1.80	HK\$1.81

No options are exercisable at March 31, 2008 and 2007.

The options granted to the above directors and employees are because of their services to the Group.



Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended March 31, 2008

31. SHARE-BASED PAYMENT TRANSACTIONS (continued)

Total consideration received by the Group during the year from the above directors and employees for taking up the options granted amounted to HK\$2 (2007: HK\$40).

During the year ended March 31, 2008, options were granted on June 8, 2007 and December 19, 2007. The estimated fair values of the options granted were HK\$40,000 and HK\$37,000, respectively. During the year ended March 31, 2007, options were granted on November 9, 2006. The estimated fair value of the options granted was HK\$823,000.

The fair value was calculated using the Binomial Option Pricing model. The inputs into the model were as follows:

	June 8, 2007	December 19, 2007
Closing share price at date of grant	HK\$2.0400	HK\$2.0600
Exercise price	HK\$2.0800	HK\$2.0800
Expected volatility	26.40%	27.06%
Expected life	8 years	8 years
Risk-free rate	4.877%	3.347%
Expected dividend yield	9.07%	8.98%
Fair value per option	HK\$0.2000	HK\$0.1850

Expected volatility was determined by using the historical volatility of the Company's share price over the previous 250 trading days. The expected life used in the model has been adjusted, based on management's best estimate for the effects of non transferability, exercise restrictions and behavioral considerations.

The Binomial Option Pricing model has been used to estimate the fair value of the options. The variables and assumptions used in computing the fair value of the share options are based on the directors' best estimate. The value of an option varies with different variables of certain subjective assumptions.

The Company recognised the total expense of HK\$270,000 (2007: HK\$107,000) for the year ended March 31, 2008 in relation to share options granted by the Company, of which HK\$201,000 (2007: HK\$80,000) was related to options granted to the Group's employees which has been included in total employee benefit expense as set out in note 9, and the remaining balance of HK\$69,000 (2007: HK\$27,000) was related to options granted to directors which has been included in director's remuneration set out in note 10.



Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended March 31, 2008

32. RESERVES

	Share premium account <i>HK\$'000</i>	Capital redemption reserve <i>HK\$'000</i>	Share option reserve <i>HK\$'000</i>	Retained profits <i>HK\$'000</i>	Total <i>HK\$'000</i>
THE COMPANY					
At April 1, 2006	84,880	3,848	-	167,343	256,071
Profit for the year	-	-	-	52,716	52,716
Dividends (<i>note 13</i>)	-	-	-	(61,624)	(61,624)
Equity-settled share based payments	-	-	107	-	107
At March 31, 2007	84,880	3,848	107	158,435	247,270
Profit for the year	-	-	-	98,109	98,109
Dividends (<i>note 13</i>)	-	-	-	(66,026)	(66,026)
Equity-settled share based payments	-	-	270	-	270
At March 31, 2008	84,880	3,848	377	190,518	279,623

33. MAJOR NON-CASH TRANSACTIONS

During the year, the Group entered into finance lease arrangements in respect of assets with a total capital value at the inception of the lease contracts of HK\$229,000 (2007: HK\$694,000).

34. OPERATING LEASE ARRANGEMENTS

The Group as lessee

During the year, the Group made minimum lease payments under operating leases of HK\$21,729,000 (2007: HK\$21,206,000) in respect of rented premises.

At the balance sheet date, the Group had commitments for future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases in respect of rental premises, which fall due as follows:

	THE GROUP	
	2008	2007
	<i>HK\$'000</i>	<i>HK\$'000</i>
Within one year	18,006	18,868
In second to fifth year inclusive	28,549	32,449
Over five years	12,726	16,775
	59,281	68,092



Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended March 31, 2008

34. OPERATING LEASE ARRANGEMENTS (continued)

The Group as lessee (continued)

Operating lease payments represent rentals payable by the Group for certain of its office premises, factories and retail shops. Leases are negotiated for a term ranging from one to six years and rentals are fixed.

The Group as lessor

Property rental income earned during the year was HK\$2,447,000 (2007: HK\$3,975,000). The properties held have committed tenants for an average term of two years.

At the balance sheet date, the Group had contracted with tenants for the following future minimum lease payments:

	THE GROUP	
	2008	2007
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Within one year	1,754	1,621
In second to fifth year inclusive	700	220
	2,454	1,841

35. CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

At the balance sheet date, the Group and the Company had capital expenditure committed as follows:

	THE GROUP AND THE COMPANY	
	2008	2007
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Capital expenditure contracted for but not provided in the consolidated financial statements in respect of acquisition of property, plant and equipment	–	144



Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended March 31, 2008

36. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

At March 31, 2008, the Company has issued guarantees to banks to secure general banking facilities granted to certain subsidiaries to the extent of HK\$288 million (2007: HK\$186 million) and has also issued unlimited guarantees to banks to secure banking facilities granted to certain subsidiaries. The extent of the above facilities utilised by the subsidiaries at March 31, 2008 amounted to HK\$45 million (2007: HK\$89 million).

37. PLEDGE OF ASSETS

At the balance sheet date, the following assets have been pledged to banks to secure general banking facilities granted to the Group:

	2008	2007
	<i>HK\$'000</i>	<i>HK\$'000</i>
Prepaid lease payments	10,295	11,873
Investment properties	28,723	15,254
Buildings	3,048	3,920
Pledged bank deposits	–	262

38. RETIREMENT BENEFIT SCHEMES

The Group operates the MPF Scheme for all qualifying employees in Hong Kong. The assets of the MPF Scheme are held separately from those of the Group, in funds under the control of trustees. The Group contributes the lower of 5% or HK\$1,000 of the relevant payroll costs, for each of the employees every month, to the MPF Scheme, which contribution is matched by employees.

The employees in the Group's subsidiaries in the PRC are members of the state-managed retirement benefit scheme operated by the government in the PRC. The subsidiaries in the PRC are required to contribute a certain percentage of their payroll to the retirement benefit scheme to fund the benefit. The only obligation of the Group with respect to the retirement benefit scheme is to make the required contributions under the scheme.

In addition, certain subsidiaries of the Group are required to contribute amounts based on employees' salaries to the retirement benefit scheme as stipulated by relevant local authorities. The employees are entitled to the Group's contributions subject to the regulations of the relevant local authorities.

The total cost charged to the consolidated income statement of HK\$9,806,000 (2007: HK\$7,756,000) represents contributions payable to these schemes by the Group in respect of the current accounting year.



Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended March 31, 2008

39. CONNECTED AND RELATED PARTIES DISCLOSURES

- (a) During the year, details of transactions with connected persons, as defined in Rule 14A.11 of the Listing Rules, and related parties are set out as follows:

(i) Connected transactions

	2008 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2007 <i>HK\$'000</i>
Fabric print and artwork services expenses paid to Fine Print Studio Inc. ("Fine Print")	1,875	3,526
Rental income received from Fine Print	98	293

Fine Print is wholly owned by Mr. Peter Kan Mui, a minority shareholder that has significant influence over a subsidiary of the Company, and his associates (as defined in the Listing Rules).

(ii) Related party transactions

	2008 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2007 <i>HK\$'000</i>
Purchase of raw materials and finished goods from the Group's associate	38,233	34,896
Sales of finished goods to the Group's associate	1,740	1,262



Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended March 31, 2008

39. CONNECTED AND RELATED PARTIES DISCLOSURES (continued)

- (b) The Group and the Company had the following balances with related parties at the balance sheet date:

The Group

Amount due from an associate of HK\$4,644,000 (2007: HK\$5,231,000) is unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand. The Group allows an average credit period of 30 days to its associate and the amount due from an associate is aged within 30 days. None of the amount due from an associate is past due or impaired and this amount has a good quality attributable under the internal assessment by the Group.

The amount due from an associate that is denominated in currencies other than the functional currencies of the relevant group entities are set out below:

	2008 HK\$'000	2007 HK\$'000
HKD	4,644	3,588
RMB	–	895
	4,644	4,483

Amount due to a minority shareholder of a subsidiary of HK\$4,000,000 (2007: Nil) is unsecured, bearing interest at Hong Kong Interbank Offered Rate plus 0.85% per annum, repayable within one year and denominated in HKD, foreign currency of a subsidiary of the Company having USD as functional currency.

The Company

- (i) Amounts due from subsidiaries of HK\$277,419,000 (2007: HK\$231,706,000) are unsecured and repayable on demand. Included in the amount is a balance of HK\$97,788,000 (2007: HK\$44,303,000) which bears interest at Hong Kong Prime Rate and the remaining balances are interest-free.
- (ii) Amounts due to subsidiaries of HK\$44,419,000 (2007: HK\$10,536,000) are unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand.

The amounts due from/to subsidiaries are denominated in HKD, foreign currency of the Company.



Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended March 31, 2008

39. CONNECTED AND RELATED PARTIES DISCLOSURES (continued)

(c) Compensation of key management personnel

The remuneration of key management personnel, including amounts paid to the Company's executive directors as disclosed in note 10 and certain highest paid employees as disclosed in note 11, during the year was as follows:

	2008 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2007 <i>HK\$'000</i>
Short-term benefits	21,956	20,642
Post-employment benefits (<i>note</i>)	183	217
Share-based payment expense	83	32
	22,222	20,891

Note: The amount represents contributions to retirement benefit schemes and has been included in the amount disclosed in notes 9 and 38.

The emoluments are determined, among other things, by reference to their duties and responsibilities, their experience for the industry, prevailing market conditions and the Group's performance.



Financial Summary

RESULTS

	For the year ended March 31,				
	2004 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2005 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2006 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2007 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2008 <i>HK\$'000</i>
Revenue	1,745,660	1,962,598	1,974,483	2,276,176	2,252,055
Profit before tax	128,429	98,056	118,246	156,022	133,038
Profit for the year attributable to equity holders of the Company	95,540	71,209	72,393	89,913	81,233
	<i>HK cents</i>	<i>HK cents</i>	<i>HK cents</i>	<i>HK cents</i>	<i>HK cents</i>
Earnings per share					
– Basic	27.1	20.2	20.6	25.5	23.1
– Diluted	N/A	N/A	N/A	25.5	22.9

ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

	As at March 31,				
	2004 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2005 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2006 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2007 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2008 <i>HK\$'000</i>
Total assets	930,705	855,033	927,353	1,031,845	1,069,366
Total liabilities	(293,006)	(319,386)	(394,252)	(465,917)	(475,940)
	637,699	535,647	533,101	565,928	593,426
Equity attributable to equity holders of the Company	573,618	470,813	477,059	507,201	531,048
Minority interests	64,081	64,834	56,042	58,727	62,378
	637,699	535,647	533,101	565,928	593,426



