

WING HING INTERNATIONAL (HOLDINGS) LIMITED 永興國際(控股)有限公司*

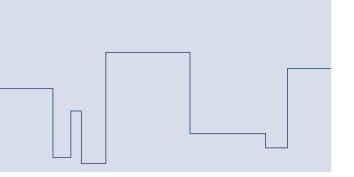
(Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability) (於百慕達註冊成立之有限公司) (Stock Code 股份代號: 621)



2008 ANNUAL REPORT 年報



^{*} For identification purpose only 僅供識別



Contents

	Page
Corporate information	2
Chairman's statement	4
Report of the directors	8
Corporate governance report	19
Independent auditors' report	26
Audited financial statements	
Consolidated:	
Income statement	28
Balance sheet	29
Statement of changes in equity	32
Cash flow statement	34
Company:	
Balance sheet	31
Notes to the consolidated financial statements	36
Particulars of investment property	112

Corporate Information

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Executive directors

Mr. Ng Tat Leung, George
(Chairman and Managing Director)
Mr. Wong Teck Ming
(Deputy Chairman)
Mr. Lui Siu Yee, Samuel
Ms. Leung Pui Kwan

Independent non-executive directors

Mr. Wong Lit Chor, Alexis Dr. Leung Wai Cheung Mr. Hui Wah Tat, Anthony

QUALIFIED ACCOUNTANT

Mr. Ngan Chi Keung, Mike

COMPANY SECRETARY

Ms. Chan Yuen Bik, Jane

PRINCIPAL BANKERS

DBS Bank (Hong Kong) Limited 16/F, The Center 99 Queen's Road Central Central, Hong Kong Wing Hang Bank, Limited 161 Queen's Road Central, Hong Kong

Industrial and Commercial Bank of China (Asia) Limited 1/F, ICBC Tower 122-126 Queen's Road Central Hong Kong

The Bank of East Asia, Limited 24/F, Bank of East Asia Harbour View Centre 56 Gloucester Road Wanchai, Hong Kong

AUDITORS

HLB Hodgson Impey Cheng Chartered Accountants Certified Public Accountants 31/F, Gloucester Tower The Landmark 11 Pedder Street Central, Hong Kong

LEGAL ADVISERS ON HONG KONG LAW

Leung Chan & Pang Suite 1203, 12/F Wing On House 71 Des Voeux Road Central Hong Kong

Corporate Information

LEGAL ADVISERS ON BERMUDA LAW

Appleby
8/F, Bank of America Tower
12 Harcourt Road
Central
Hong Kong

REGISTERED OFFICE

Canon's Court 22 Victoria Street Hamilton, HM12 Bermuda

PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRARS AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Butterfield Fund Services (Bermuda) Limited Rosebank Centre 14 Bermudiana Road Pembroke Bermuda

HONG KONG BRANCH SHARE REGISTRARS AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Tricor Tengis Limited 26/F, Tesbury Centre 28 Queen's Road East Wanchai Hong Kong

HEAD OFFICE AND PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS

14/F, Yau Lee Centre 45 Hoi Yuen Road Kwun Tong, Kowloon Hong Kong

RESULTSDuring the

Chairman's Statement

During the financial year 2007/2008, the Group recorded a profit attributable to equity holders of the Company of approximately HK\$8,104,000 or earnings of HK14.74 cents per share basic, compared with a profit attributable to equity holders of the Company for the year 2006/2007 of approximately HK\$9,519,000 or earnings of HK18.97 cents per share basic.

DIVIDEND

The Directors do not recommend the payment of any dividend in respect of the year ended 31 March 2008 (2007: Nil).

BUSINESS REVIEW

During the year under review, the Group has recorded a turnover of HK\$513 million which represents an increase of 6.9% compared with the turnover recorded in the corresponding period of last year. The Group recorded a net profit from ordinary activities attributable to equity holders of approximately HK\$8.1 million compared with a net profit from ordinary activities attributable to equity holders of approximately HK\$9.5 million for the corresponding period of last year.

Construction and Building

The Group has secured several contracts during the last financial year, which include the Astounding Asia at Ocean Park, an industrial development at No.37-39 Wing Hong Street, Lai Chi Kok, a commercial development at No.7 Shing Yip Street, Kwun Tong, a new annex and swimming pool building for Tsung Tsin Christian Academy at No.8 Lai Hong Road, Cheung Sha Wan and a water mains replacement and rehabilitation contract in joint venture with China Harbour Engineering Company Limited. Together with contracts previously secured, the total value of current contracts on hand amounted to about HK\$675 million.

As regards major completed projects, the Group has satisfactorily completed the through-train school development at Shek Mun, Shatin, 3 minor contracts for an international theme park, a foundation contract for an annex and swimming pool building at Tsung Tsin Christian Academy at No.8 Lai Hong Road, Cheung Sha Wan and the third golf course at Kau Sai Chau which is undertaken through joint venture with China Harbour Engineering Company Limited.

In the leisure market, the Group's associated company, Hypsos Leisure Asia Limited, has secured the project management and implementation of an exhibition building for Johnson & Johnson in Beijing which is designed especially for the forthcoming Beijing Olympic Games.

Due to the continuous fierce competition in the construction market, a net loss of approximately HK\$12,000,000 has been recorded during the period under review arising from the construction sector and joint-ventures in this area.

Chairman's Statement

Wastewater Treatment and Property Development

During the year under review, the Group has signed a Sale and Purchase Agreement for the disposal of certain properties and investments and the wastewater treatment facility project in Zhuhai, China. The details of the disposal can be found in the Company's circular on the "Very Substantial Disposal and Connected Transaction" dated 26 March 2008. The said Sale and Purchase Agreement and the transaction contemplated thereunder were subsequently approved by the shareholders at the special general meeting dated 14 April 2008. Through the disposal, the Group will realize a reasonable return which will be reflected in the 2008/2009 financial year.

PROSPECTS

Looking ahead, in the medium term, it is anticipated that the construction market in both the private and public sectors will steadily recover in tandem with Hong Kong's rising economic activities and the recent government commitment to increase public expenditures in infrastructure developments in the coming financial years. In the short term, as a result of the steady property prices, the construction market arising from property development projects will remain stable. The Group will focus on the high-end and professional construction markets, in particular the leisure areas like theme parks and institutional works. Due to the recent substantial fluctuations in construction materials and oil prices, the Group will continue to adopt a prudent tendering approach and to increase competitiveness by consolidation of the operations.

In China, the Group will prudently explore new investment opportunities. During the year under review, the Group has signed a Sale and Purchase Agreement for the acquisition of three parcels of agricultural land of total area of 54.69 square kilometers in Inner Mongolia Autonomous Region of PRC. The farmland is intended to be used as a plantation base for cultivating kudouzi (as raw material for Chinese medicine) and oil crop (producing feedstock for biodiesel refinery). The details of the acquisition can be found in the Company's circular on the "Very Substantial Acquisition" dated 22 February 2008. The said Sale and Purchase Agreement and the transaction contemplated thereunder were subsequently approved by the shareholders at the special general meeting dated 10 March 2008. The Group believe that due to the recent sharp increase in oil prices, biodiesel will be a viable alternative energy source and the said investment will provide good opportunity for the Group to secure long-term steady income.

In Hong Kong, the Group will concentrate on a few other areas on top of the traditional construction activities. Hypsos Leisure Asia Limited, an associated company established with two European partners, has been actively tendering for works in the leisure construction markets and it is expected that further new projects in this area are forthcoming.

The Group anticipates to evolve gradually from a traditional low-value construction group to a diversified conglomerate comprising construction, environmental engineering and investment, and high-value specialist construction in various areas related to leisure markets. Although the performance in the construction sector has not been satisfactory, the Group has recorded an overall net profit for the year under review. As a result, the Group is seriously considering reducing its participation in the construction market and will put more focus on other investment opportunities.

6

Chairman's Statement

POST BALANCE SHEET EVENTS

(i) Disposal of subsidiaries

On 4 March 2008, the Company announced that, on 28 February 2008, the Company entered into a conditional sale and purchase agreement (the "Disposal Agreement") with Heart Ace Limited (a connected person of the Company) to dispose of the entire equity interests in Wing Hing Group (BVI) Limited (a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company) and its shareholder's loan for a total consideration of HK\$171,000,000 (the "Disposal").

Pursuant to the Disposal Agreement, a reorganization of the Group shall be conducted prior to completion of the Disposal. Upon completion of the reorganization, Wing Hing Group (BVI) Limited will directly hold the entire issued share capital of Sunny Engineering Limited and CSP (HK) Limited and indirectly hold 35% of the issued share capital of King Fine Development Limited, 8% of the issued share capital of Wealthy Star Development Limited, 39% of the registered and paid up capital of Veolia Water (Zhuhai) Wastewater Treatment Operations Company Limited and 40% of the registered and paid up capital of Veolia Water (Zhuhai) Wastewater Treatment Company Limited.

The Disposal constitutes a very substantial disposal and a connected transaction on the part of the Company under the Listing Rules. Further details of the Disposal are set out in the Company's circular dated 26 March 2008. The resolutions in respect of the transaction were duly passed by the Company's shareholders at the special general meeting of the Company held on 14 April 2008.

(ii) Acquisition of subsidiaries

On 8 July 2008, the Company announced that Bless Luck International Limited (a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company which was formed by the Company on 2 April 2008) entered into a conditional sale and purchase agreement dated 20 June 2008 with an independent third party to acquire 70% of the entire issued share capital of Union Sense Development Limited for a consideration of HK\$210,000,000. The acquisition constitutes a very substantial acquisition on the part of the Company under the Listing Rules and is subject to the approval of the Company's shareholders at a special general meeting to be convened. Further details of the acquisition are set out in the Company's announcement dated 8 July 2008. The aforesaid acquisition has not been completed as of the date of approval of these consolidated financial statements.

EMPLOYEES

During the year under review, the Group employed approximately 190 staff, excluding workers under exclusive sub-contracting arrangement.

Chairman's Statement

LIQUIDITY AND FINANCIAL RESOURCES

As at 31 March 2008, the Group's had no outstanding bank borrowings. As at 31 March 2008, the Group's banking facilities were supported by (i) legal charges over the Group's leasehold land and buildings, which are all situated in Hong Kong, with carrying value of approximately HK\$10,630,000, (ii) legal charges over the Group's investment property, which is situated in Hong Kong, with carrying value of approximately HK\$6,500,000, (iii) pledged deposits of approximately HK\$21,860,000 of the Group; (iv) corporate guarantees to the extent of approximately HK\$44.6 million in aggregate executed by the Company in respect of the banking facilities granted to certain subsidiaries of the company; and (v) cross guarantees amongst certain subsidiaries of the Company.

The Group's gearing ratio as at 31 March 2008 was 0.168 (2007: 0.014), calculated based on the Group's total borrowings of HK\$98,280,000 (2007: HK\$3,504,000) over the Group's total assets of HK\$584,731,000 (2007: HK\$250,588,000).

The Group continues to adopt a policy of dealing principally with clients with whom the Group has enjoyed a long working relationship so as to minimize risks in its business.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE EXPOSURE

Since the functional currencies of the Group's operations are mainly Hong Kong dollars, United States dollars and Renminbi, the directors consider that the potential foreign exchange exposure of the Group is limited.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF LISTED SECURITIES

There was no purchase, sale or redemption of shares or other listed securities of the Company or by any of its subsidiaries during the year.

On behalf of the Board of Directors, I would like to express my sincere gratitude to all our customers, shareholders, fellow Board members, senior management and employees for placing their trust in our Company and for the continued support and commitment.

On behalf of the Board

Ng Tat Leung, George

Chairman and Managing Director

Hong Kong SAR, 16 July 2008

The directors present their report and the audited financial statements of the Company and the Group for the year ended 31 March 2008.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding. The principal activities of the subsidiaries comprise (i) the undertaking of superstructure construction, foundation piling, substructure works, slope improvement, special construction projects, interior decoration and landscaping works in the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region ("Hong Kong SAR") during the year; and (ii) the development and management of a series of sophora products and of biological vegetable oil in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC").

RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

The Group's results for the year ended 31 March 2008 and the state of affairs of the Company and of the Group at that date are set out in the financial statements on pages 28 to 111.

The directors do not recommend the payment of any dividend in respect of the year ended 31 March 2008.

SUMMARY FINANCIAL INFORMATION

A summary of the published results and of the assets, liabilities and minority interests of the Group for the last five financial years, as extracted from the audited financial statements, is set out below:

RESULTS

	Year ended 31 March				
	2008 HK\$'000	2007 HK\$*000	2006 HK\$*000	2005 HK\$'000 (Restated)	2004 HK\$'000
Net profit/(loss) from ordinary activities attributable to Equity holders	8,104	9,519	(22,336)	14.176	(2.862)

ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND MINORITY INTERESTS

	31 March				
	2008 HK\$'000	2007 HK\$'000	2006 HK\$*000	2005 HK\$'000 (Restated)	2004 HK\$'000
TOTAL ASSETS	584,731	250,588	271,510	293,920	262,456
TOTAL LIABILITIES	280,653	86,826	134,988	155,413	145,396
MINORITY INTERESTS	103,003	2,951	5,087	4,265	3,018
	201,075	160,811	131,435	134,242	114,042

Note: The HKICPA has issued a number of new and revised HKFRSs that are effective or available for early adoption for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2005. Information on the changes in accounting policies resulting from initial application of these new and revised HKFRSs is provided in note 2 to the financial statements. Figures for the year 2005 have been adjusted. However, it is not practicable to restate earlier years for comparison purpose.

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of movements in the property, plant and equipment of the Company and of the Group during the year are set out in note 16 to the financial statements.

INVESTMENT PROPERTY

Details of movements in the investment property of the Group during the year are set out in note 18 to the financial statements. Further details of the Group's investment property are set out on page 74 of this annual report.

SHARE CAPITAL AND SHARE OPTIONS

Details of the Company's share capital and share options are set out in notes 31 and 41 to the financial statements respectively.

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Company's Bye-laws or the laws of Bermuda which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro rata basis to existing shareholders.

PURCHASE, REDEMPTION OR SALE OF LISTED SECURITIES OF THE COMPANY

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, redeemed or sold any of the Company's listed securities during the year.

RESERVES

Details of movements in the reserves of the Company and of the Group during the year are set out in note 32 to the financial statements and in the consolidated statement of changes in equity, respectively.

DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES

At 31 March 2008, the Company's reserves available for distribution calculated in accordance with the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda amounted to HK\$15,778,000, the contributed surplus may only be distributed in certain circumstances which the Company is presently unable to meet. In addition, the Company's share premium account with a balance of HK\$50,044,000 as at 31 March 2008 may be distributed in the form of fully paid bonus shares.

CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Details of the Group's contingent liabilities during the year are set out in note 38 to the financial statements.

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

In the year under review, sales to the Group's five largest customers accounted for approximately 77% of the Group's total sales for the year. Purchases from the Group's five largest suppliers accounted for approximately 18% of the Group's total purchases for the year. In arriving at the relevant percentage, purchases during the year not yet charged to the income statement have been included.

None of the directors of the Company or any of their associates or any shareholders (which, to the best knowledge of the directors, own more than 5% of the Company's issued share capital) had any beneficial interest in the Group's five largest customers or five largest suppliers.

DIRECTORS

The directors of the Company during the year were:

Report of the Directors

Executive directors:

Mr. Ng Tat Leung, George (Chairman and Managing Director)

Mr. Wong Teck Ming (Deputy Chairman)

Mr. Lui Siu Yee. Samuel

Mr. Chan Wai Keung, Ivan (Resigned on 29 April 2008)

Mr. Lo Chung Sun, Simon (Resigned on 7 March 2008)

Ms. Leung Pui Kwan (Appointed on 7 March 2008)

Independent non-executive directors:

Mr. Wong Lit Chor, Alexis

Dr. Leung Wai Cheung

Mr. Lo Ka Wai (Resigned on 7 March 2008)

Mr. Hui Wah Tat, Anthony (Appointed on 7 March 2008)

In accordance with the Bye-law 98 of the Company's Bye-laws, Mr. Lui Siu Yee and Dr. Leung Wai Cheung shall retire from office, and being eligible, offer themselves for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Executive directors

Mr. Ng Tat Leung, George, aged 49, is the Chairman and Managing Director of the Company and has the responsibility for the marketing and business development of the Group, including overseeing the progress of all of the Group's projects and liaison with its suppliers, sub-contractors and clients. Mr. Ng holds a bachelor of science degree in civil engineering from the University of Hong Kong and a master of business administration degree from the Chinese University of Hong Kong. He has more than 26 years of experience in the construction industry. Mr. Ng joined the Group in 1984.

Mr. Wong Teck Ming, aged 50, is the Deputy Chairman of the Company. He holds a bachelor of science degree in civil engineering and a master of science degree in civil and structural engineering from the University of Hong Kong. He is a corporate member of the Institution of Civil Engineers in the United Kingdom. Mr. Wong has more than 26 years of experience in the construction industry and specialises in design and site formation. He is in charge of the piling and foundation work, structural design and the quality control of the Group's projects. He joined the Group in 1992.

П

Mr. Lui Siu Yee, Samuel, aged 48, is the Finance Director of the Company. Mr. Lui has more than 26 years of finance and accounting experience. Prior to joining the Group in December 1994, he was the Financial Controller of Len Shing (Holdings) Company Limited, a Hong Kong property investment and development group.

Ms. Leung Pui Kwan, aged 40, is an Executive Director of the Company. She is the Financial Advisor of Tak Lee Metal Manufactory (HK) Co., Ltd. Ms. Leung is also a MPF Consultant. Ms. Leung was appointed as an Executive Director of the Company on 7 March 2008.

Independent non-executive directors

Mr. Wong Lit Chor, Alexis, aged 50, graduated from University of Toronto, Canada in 1981 with a bachelor's degree in arts and obtained a master of business administration degree from The Chinese University of Hong Kong in 1987. Mr. Wong has over 24 years of experience in banking, investment, corporate finance and securities dealing and has served as senior executives in a number of listed financial services companies in Hong Kong and the PRC financial services companies. Mr. Wong was appointed as an Independent Non-Executive Director of the Company on 30 October 2003.

Dr. Leung Wai Cheung, aged 43, is an Independent Non-Executive Director and Audit Committee Member of the Company. He is currently the Chief Financial Officer of FlexSystem Holdings Limited and Independent Non-Executive Director of Mobicon Group Limited, Sino Prosper Holdings Limited, China Metal Resources Holdings Limited and Far East Pharmaceutical Technology Company Limited which are listed companies in Hong Kong. Dr. Leung is a qualified accountant and chartered secretary with over 20 years of experience in accounting, auditing and financial management. He graduated from Curtin University with a Bachelor of Commence degree majoring in accounting and subsequent obtained a postgraduate diploma in corporate administration, Master of Professional Accounting from the Hong Kong Polytechnic University, Doctor of Philosophy degree in Management from the Empresavial University of Costa Risa and Doctor of Education in Educational Management from Bulcan State University. He is an associate member of each of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants, The Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales, CPA Australia, and Institute of Certified Secretaries and Administration, the Hong Kong Institute of Company Secretaries and the Taxation Institute of Hong Kong and a fellow member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants. Dr. Leung is also a visiting lecturer of the Open University of Hong Kong (LiPACE) and Hong Kong University (SPACE). He is also a professor of European University. Dr. Leung was appointed as an Independent Non-Executive Director of the Company on 10 June 2003.

Mr. Hui Wah Tat, Anthony, aged 46, is an Independent Non-Executive Director of the Company. He is a member of The Hong Kong Institute of Directors. He is vice-chairman of Hong Kong Hunan Youth Exchange Promotion Association Limited and a consultant of City Junior Chamber. Mr. Hui is also a committee member of Hunan Province Youth Federation (湖南省青年聯合會), Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference Guangxi Fang Cheng Gang City Committee (廣西省防城港市政協) and Vice President of Guangxi Fang Cheng Gang City Overseas Friendship Association (廣西省防城港市海外聯誼會副會長). Mr. Hui was appointed as an Independent Non-Executive Director of the Company on 7 March 2008.

SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Mr. Lo Chung Sun, Simon, aged 54, is responsible for the undertaking of piling project works of the Group. Mr. Lo holds a master degree in science from the University of Wales in the United Kingdom. He has more than 27 years of experience in the construction industry, and is a member of the Hong Kong Institution of Engineers and the Institution of Structural Engineers of the United Kingdom, as well as being a chartered engineer of the Engineering Council of the United Kingdom and a Registered Structural Engineer with the Building Authority in Hong Kong. He joined the Group in May 1994.

Mr. Kam Kwai Wa, aged 47, is the Senior Project Manager of CWF Piling & Civil Engineering Company Limited, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, and is responsible for site planning and the supervision of foundation piling and superstructural works. Mr. Kam holds a higher certificate in civil engineering from the Hong Kong Polytechnic University and has more than 25 years of experience in the construction industry. He joined the Group in April 1994.

Mr. Chu Lok Yin, aged 52, is the Project Director and has worked in both consultancy and contractor firms during his 26 years of experience in the construction industry. With his architectural background, he can always assist consultants in solving on-site detailing problems and ensure good workmanship. His responsibilities include overseeing all aspects of superstructural projects. He joined the Group in 1998.

Mr. Lui Kwok Keung, aged 41, is the Quantity Surveying and Commercial Manager. He started on site as a Q.S. trainee and gradually promoted to the position of Quantity Surveying and Commercial Manager. He has acquired vast experience in both fitting out and superstructure works. His responsibilities include overall co-ordination of construction, site management, and overseeing project accounts. He joined the Group in 1996.

Mr. Ngan Chi Keung, Mike, aged 33, is the qualified accountant of the Company and the Financial Controller of the Group. Mr Ngan holds a Bachelor of Business Administration degree from the Hong Kong Baptist University. He is also a fellow member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants and Certified Public Accountant of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. He has over 9 years of experience in audit, accounting and finance. He joined the Group in 2007.

DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

Each of Messrs. Ng Tat Leung, George, Wong Teck Ming and Lui Siu Yee, Samuel has entered into a service contract with the Company for an initial term of two years commencing from 1 September 1995. On their initial expiry, these service contracts provide that they will continue until terminated by not less than three months' written notice served by either party.

Apart from the foregoing, no director proposed for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting has a service contract with the Company which is not determinable by the Company within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN CONTRACTS

No director had a material interest, either directly or indirectly, in any contract of significance to the business of the Group to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries was a party during the year.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN SHARE CAPITAL

At 31 March 2008, the interests and short positions of the directors in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance ("SFO")), as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO, or as otherwise notified to the Company and The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO were as follows:

(1) Long positions in ordinary shares of the Company

	Personal	Corporate		Percentage of issued ordinary shares as at 31
Name of directors	interests	interests	in shares	March 2008
Mr. Ng Tat Leung, George	4,917,369	10,772,700 (note (a))	15,690,069	22.74%
Mr. Wong Teck Ming	30,000	_	30,000	0.04%
Mr. Lui Siu Yee, Samuel	30,600	-	30,600	0.04%

Number of ordinary shares held

Note:

- (a) These 10,772,700 shares are beneficially owned by Total Success Worldwide Limited, the entire issued share capital of which is owned as to approximately 46.46% by Mr. Chan Mo Yan, deceased, 46.46% by Mr. Ng Tat Leung, George and the remaining 7.08% by Mr. Wong Teck Ming. Accordingly, Mr. Ng Tat Leung, George, is deemed to be interested in all the shares in which Total Success Worldwide Limited is interested pursuant to the SFO.
- (2) Long positions in underlying shares and debentures and short positions in shares, underlying shares and debentures

There were no long positions in the underlying shares and debentures or any short positions in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company and its associated corporations, which were recorded in the register as required to be kept under Section 352 of Part XV of the SFO.

Save as disclosed herein, neither the directors nor any of their associates had any interests or short positions in shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations as at 31 March 2008 as defined in Section 352 of the SFO.

DIRECTORS' RIGHTS TO ACQUIRE SHARES

Save as disclosed under the heading "Directors' interests in share capital" above and in the share option scheme disclosures in note 41 to the financial statements, at no time during the year were rights to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in or debentures of the Company or any other body corporate granted to any director or their respective spouse or minor children, or were any such rights exercised by them; or was the Company or any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangement to enable the directors to acquire such rights in any other body corporate.

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS IN SHARE CAPITAL

At 31 March 2008, the following companies were interested in 5% or more of the issued share capital of the Company which were recorded in the register of interests required to be kept by the Company pursuant to Section 336 of the SFO, or to be disclosed under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO and the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the "Listing Rules"):

(1) Long positions in ordinary shares and underlying shares of the Company

	Number of ordinary	Underlying shares of equity derivatives	Total	Percentage of issued ordinary shares as at
Name of shareholders	shares held	(i.e. warrant)		31 March 2007
Grand Legend Limited (note 1)	10,775,081	-	10,775,081	15.62%
Total Success Worldwide	10,772,700	_	10,772,700	15.61%
Limited (note 2)				
Liu Pui Lan	14,700,000	_	14,700,000	21.3%

Notes:

- (1) The entire issued share capital of Grand Legend Limited is owned by Mr. Lo Chun Yang. Ms. Loh Siu Yin, Lulu is the spouse of Mr. Lo Chun Yang. Accordingly, Mr. Lo Chun Yang and Ms. Loh Siu Yin, Lulu are deemed to be interested in all the shares in which Grand Legend Limited is interested pursuant to the SFO.
- (2) Total Success Worldwide Limited owns 10,772,700 shares of the Company. The entire issued share capital of Total Success Worldwide Limited is owned as to approximately 46.46% by Mr. Chan Mo Yan, deceased, 46.46% by Mr. Ng Tat Leung, George and the remaining 7.08% by Mr. Wong Teck Ming. Accordingly, Mr. Chan Mo Yan, deceased and Mr. Ng Tat Leung, George are deemed to be interested in all the shares in which Total Success Worldwide Limited is interested pursuant to the SFO.

(2) Short positions in shares and underlying shares

There were no short positions in the shares and underlying shares of the Company and its associated corporations, which were recorded in the register as required to be kept under Section 336 of Part XV of the SFO.

Save as disclosed herein, as at 31 March 2008, no person, other than the directors of the Company, whose interests are set out in the section "Directors' interests in share capital" above, had registered an interest or short position in the shares or underlying shares of the Company that was required to be recorded pursuant to Section 336 of the SFO.

POST BALANCE SHEET EVENTS

Details of the significant subsequent events of the Group are set out in note 45 to the financial statements.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Company has applied the principles and complied with all the applicable code provisions of the Code on Corporate Governance Practices (the "Code") as set out in Appendix 14 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited for the year ended 31 March 2008, except for the deviation from provision A.2.1 of the Code in respect of the roles of chairman and chief executive officer of the Company. Corporate Governance Report is set out in pages 19 to 25 of this annual report.

The Company has established an Audit Committee (*AC*) with specific terms of reference explaining its role and authorities delegated by the Board. The AC consists of three Independent Non-executive Directors, Mr. Wong Lit Chor, Alexis, Dr. Leung Wai Cheung and Mr. Hui Wah Tat, Authony, who together have sufficient accounting and financial management expertise and business experience to discharge their duties and none of them is a former partner of the external auditors of the Company. Dr. Leung Wai Cheung is the Chairman of the AC.

The AC's principal duties include reviewing the Group's financial controls, internal control and risk management systems, reviewing and monitoring integrity of financial statements and reviewing annual and interim financial statements and reports before submission to the Board. During the year, the AC has reviewed the annual and interim results of the Company for the year ended 31 March 2008 and was content that the accounting policies of the Group are in accordance with the generally accepted accounting practices in Hong Kong.

PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the directors of the Company, as at the date of this report, there is sufficient public float of not less than 25% of the Company's issued shares as required under the Listing Rules.

ANNUAL CONFIRMATION OF INDEPENDENCE

The Company has received annual confirmation from each of the independent non-executive directors as regards their independence to the Company and considers that each of the independent non-executive directors is independent to the Company.



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

The financial statements have been audited by HLB Hodgson Impey Cheng who retire and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-appointment.

A resolution for the reappointment of HLB Hodgson Impey Cheng as independent auditors of the Company will be proposed at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

On behalf of the Board

Ng Tat Leung, George

Chairman and Managing Director

Hong Kong 16 July 2008

The Board of Directors (the "Board") of Wing Hing International (Holdings) Limited (the "Company") considers that good corporate governance of the Company can protect and safeguard the interests of the shareholders and to enhance the performance of the Company. The Board is committed to maintaining and ensuring high standards of corporate governance. The Company has applied the principles and complied with all the applicable code provisions of the Code on Corporate Governance Practices (the "Code") as set out in Appendix 14 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited ("Listing Rules") for the year ended 31 March 2008, except for the deviation from provision A.2.1 of the Code in respect of the roles of chairman and chief executive officer of the Company. The Board will continuously review and improve the corporate governance practices and standards of the Company to ensure that business activities and decision making processes are regulated in a proper and prudent manner.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

The Board assumes overall responsibilities for leadership and control of the Company and is collectively responsible for promoting the success of the Company and its business by directing and supervising the Company's affairs. The Board focuses on overall corporate strategies and policies with attention particularly paid to the financial performance of the Company.

To maximise the effectiveness of the Board, the Company has established audit committee, nomination committee and remuneration committee with specific written terms of reference respectively to assist in the execution of their duties. The terms of reference of each of the committees are reviewed and amended (if necessary) from time to time to enhance the corporate governance practices of the Company.

There is a clear division of the responsibilities of the Board and the management. The Board delegated its responsibilities to directors and senior management to deal with day-to-day operations and review those arrangements on a periodic basis. Management has to report back to the Board and obtain prior approval before making decisions for key matters or entering into any commitments on behalf of the Company. The Board has a balance of skill and experience appropriate for the requirements of the business of the Company.

The Board regularly meets in person to discuss and formulate overall strategic direction and objectives and also approve annual and interim results as well as other significant matters of the Company. Execution of daily operational matters is delegated to management.

The Company Secretary assists the Chairman in preparing notice and agenda for the meetings, and ensures that the Company complied with the corporate governance practices and other compliance matters. At least 14 days notice of all board meetings were given to all directors, who were all given an opportunity to include matters in the agenda for discussion.

All directors have access to the Company Secretary who is responsible for the Company's compliance with the continuing obligations of the Listing Rules, Code on Takeover and Mergers and Share Repurchases, Companies Ordinance, Securities and Futures Ordinance and other applicable laws, rules and regulations etc.

Minutes of the board/committee meetings are recorded in significant detail for any decision and recommendation made during the meetings. Draft and final versions of minutes are circulated to directors or committee members within a reasonable time after the meetings are held and taken as the true records of the proceedings of such meetings. All minutes are kept by the Company Secretary and are open for inspection at any reasonable time on reasonable notice by any director. All directors are entitled to have access to board papers and related materials unless there are legal or regulatory restrictions on disclosure due to regulatory requirements.

If a substantial shareholder or a director has a conflict of interest in a matter to be considered by the Board which the Board has determined to be material, the matter will be dealt with by way of a board/committee meeting and the interested shareholder or director shall not vote nor shall he/she be counted in the quorum present at the relevant meeting. Non-executive Director and Independent Non-executive Director who, and whose associates, have no material interest in the transaction, should be present at such a board meeting.

DIRECTORS' SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has established written guidelines for the required standard of dealings in securities (the "Written Guideline") by directors of the Company. Having made specific enquiries of directors of the Company, the Board is pleased to confirm that they have fully complied with the required standard with respect to the securities dealings of the Company and there was no event of non-compliance. The Written Guideline also applies to other specified senior management of the Company.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The Board currently comprises seven members as follows:

Executive Directors:

Mr. Ng Tat Leung, George (Chairman and Managing Director)

Mr. Wong Teck Ming (Deputy Chairman)

Mr. Lui Siu Yee, Samuel

Ms. Leung Pui Kwan

Independent Non-executive Directors:

Mr. Wong Lit Chor, Alexis

Dr. Leung Wai Cheung

Mr. Hui Wah Tat, Anthony

The principal focus of the Board is on the overall strategic development of the Company. The Board also monitors the financial performance and the internal controls of the Company's business operations.

With a wide range of expertise and a balance of skills, the Independent Non-executive Directors bring independent judgment on issues of strategic direction, development, performance and risk management through their contribution at board meetings and committee work.

The Independent Non-executive Directors also serve the important function of ensuring and monitoring the basis for an effective corporate governance framework. The Board considers that each Independent Non-executive Director is independent in character and judgment and that they all meet the specific independence criteria as required by the Listing Rules. The Company has received from each Independent Non-executive Director an annual confirmation regarding his independence, and the Board considered their independence to the Company. The Independent Non-executive Directors are explicitly identified in all corporate communications of the Company.

There is no relationship between members of the Board.

The Board held thirteen meetings during the financial year ended 31 March 2008. Details of attendance of individual director at board meetings are set out as below:

Name of Directors	Number of meetings held	Number of meetings attended
Mr. Ng Tat Leung, George	13	13
Mr. Wong Teck Ming	13	13
Mr. Lui Siu Yee, Samuel	13	13
Ms. Leung Pui Kwan (Note 1)	13	0
Mr. Chan Wai Keung, Ivan <i>(Note 2)</i>	13	3
Mr. Lo Chung Sun, Simon (Note 3)	13	3
Mr. Wong Lit Chor, Alexis	13	5
Dr. Leung Wai Cheung	13	3
Mr. Hui Wah Tat, Anthony (Note 4)	13	0
Mr. Lo Ka Wai <i>(Note 5)</i>	13	1

Note

- 1. Appointed on 7 March 2008
- 2. Resigned on 29 April 2008
- 3. Resigned on 7 March 2008
- 4. Appointed on 7 March 2008
- 5. Resigned on 7 March 2008

CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

Mr. Ng Tat Leung, George is the Chairman and managing director of the Company and the Company does not appoint Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") during the year under review. Mr. Ng assumes the role of both the Chairman and CEO of the Company.

Mr. Ng Tat Leung, George is responsible for overseeing strategic planning and leadership of the Company and exercising control over the quality, quantity and timeliness of the flow of information between the management of the Company and the Board that would allow them to effectively discharge their responsibilities. Mr. Ng is also responsible for coordinating the Company's business and to market and locate potential business opportunities and execute the policy of the Company.

The duties of Chairman and CEO rests on the same individual which deviates from the Code provision as set out in Appendix 14 of the Listing Rules. The Company does not appoint CEO and is not considering to appoint one in view of the strong leadership from Chairman which allows configuration of resources of the Company in order to focus on the Company's business. Chairman has more than 26 years of experience in the construction industry. The Board considers that Chairman is capable to guide discussions and brief the Board in a timely manner on pertinent issues with balance of power and authority delegated to the Board and senior management.

REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS

The Company has established a Remuneration Committee (*RC") with specific terms of reference which deal clearly with its authorities and duties. The majority of RC members are Independent Non-executive Directors which consists of Mr. Wong Lit Chor, Alexis, Dr. Leung Wai Cheung and Mr. Hui Wah Tat, Anthony, all are Independent Non-executive Directors; and Mr. Ng Tat Leung, George and Mr. Lui Siu Yee, Samuel, both are Executive Directors of the Company. Mr. Wong Lit Chor, Alexis is the Chairman of the RC.

The RC advises the Board on the Company's overall policy and structure for the remuneration of directors and senior management, determine the remuneration packages of all directors and senior management, review and approve their performance-based remuneration, review and approving compensation to directors and senior management in connection with any loss or termination of their office or appointment. The RC also ensures that no director or any of his associate is involved in deciding his own remuneration.

In determining the emolument payable to directors, the RC takes into consideration factors such as salaries paid by comparable companies, time commitment and responsibilities of the directors, employment and market conditions.

The RC is also authorized to investigate any matter within its terms of reference and seek any information it requires from any employee and obtain outside legal or other independent professional advice at the cost of the Company if necessary.

No RC meeting has been held during the financial year ended 31 March 2008 to review the remuneration packages of directors and senior management, which are nominal by market standards and the Company's performance. The Board considered that the existing remuneration packages to each director and senior management are reasonable and appropriate with reference to the financial performance of the Company, employment and market conditions as a whole.

APPOINTMENT, RE-ELECTION AND REMOVAL OF DIRECTORS

The Company has established a Nomination Committee (*NC*) with specific terms of reference which deal clearly with its authorities and duties. The majority of NC members are Independent Non-executive Directors which consists of Mr. Wong Lit Chor, Alexis, Dr. Leung Wai Cheung and Mr. Hui Wah Tat, Anthony, all are Independent Non-executive Directors; and Mr. Ng Tat Leung, George and Mr. Lui Siu Yee, Samuel, both are Executive Directors of the Company. Mr. Hui Wah Tat, Anthony is the Chairman of the NC.

The NC is responsible for the appointment of its own members, identifying appropriate candidate and recommending qualified candidate to the Board for consideration. The Board will review profiles of the candidates recommended by the NC and make appointment if appropriate. Candidates are appointed to the Board on the basis of their integrity, independent mindedness, experience, skill and the ability to commit time and effort to carry out his duties and responsibilities effectively.

The NC also assesses the independence of Independent Non-executive Directors and marking recommendations to the Board on such appointments or re-election.

All directors are also subject to re-election by shareholders at the annual general meeting pursuant to the Bye-laws of the Company.

No NC meeting has been held during the financial year ended 31 March 2008 to make recommendations to the Board regarding the Board appointment. In accordance with the Company's Articles of Association, one-third of the directors who have been longest in office since their last election or re-election are subject to retirement by rotation. All retiring directors are eligible for re-election.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Company has established an Audit Committee (*AC*) with specific terms of reference explaining its role and authorities delegated by the Board. The AC consists of three Independent Non-executive Directors, Mr. Wong Lit Chor, Alexis, Dr. Leung Wai Cheung and Mr. Hui Wah Tat, Anthony, who together have sufficient accounting and financial management expertise and business experience to discharge their duties and none of them is a former partner of the external auditors of the Company. Dr. Leung Wai Cheung is the Chairman of the AC.

The AC's principal duties include reviewing the Group's financial controls, internal control and risk management systems, reviewing and monitoring integrity of financial statements and reviewing annual and interim financial statements and reports before submission to the Board and considering and recommending the appointment, re-appointment and removal of external auditors of the Company. The AC meets with the external auditors and the management of the Group to ensure that the audit findings are addressed properly. The Audit Committee is authorized to take independent professional advice at Company's expense, if necessary.

The AC meets regularly to review the financial results and other information to shareholders, the system of internal control and risk management. The AC also provides an important link between the Board and the Company's auditors in matters within the scope of its terms of reference and keeps under review the independence of auditors. During the year, the AC has reviewed the annual and interim results of the Company for the year ended 31 March 2008 and was content that the accounting policies of the Group are in accordance with the generally accepted accounting practices in Hong Kong.

The financial statements of the Company for the year have been audited by HLB Hodgson Impey Cheng ("HLB"). During the year, remuneration of approximately HK\$800,000 was charged by HLB for provision of audit services. In addition, approximately HK\$760,000 was charged by HLB for other non-audit services. The non-audit services mainly consisted of consultancy services during the year.

During the financial year ended 31 March 2008, two AC meetings were held and the individual attendance of each member is set out below:

	Number of	Number of
Name of Directors	meetings held	meetings attended
Mr. Wong Lit Chor, Alexis	2	2
Dr. Leung Wai Cheung	2	2
Mr. Hui Wah Tat, Anthony (Note 1)	2	0
Mr. Lo Ka Wai <i>(Note 2)</i>	2	1

Note

- 1. Appointed on 7 March 2008
- 2. Resigned on 7 March 2008

ACCOUNTABILITY AND AUDIT

The directors are responsible for the preparation of financial statements for each financial period which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group and of the results and cash flow for that period. In preparing the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2008, the directors have selected suitable accounting policies and applied them consistently, adopted appropriate Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards and Hong Kong Accounting Standards, made adjustments and estimates that are prudent and reasonable, and have prepared the financial statements on the going concern basis. The directors are also responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company.

INTERNAL CONTROLS

The Board has overall responsibility for the system of internal controls of the Company and for reviewing its effectiveness. The Board is committed to implementing an effective internal controls system to protect and safeguard the interest of shareholders and assets of the Company. The controls are to provide reasonable assurance (but not absolute guarantee) that assets are adequately safeguard, operational controls are in place, business risks are suitably protected and proper accounting records are maintained.

The Board reviews the internal control system of the Group annually and will take any necessary and appropriate action to maintain adequate internal control system to protect and safeguard the interest of shareholders and assets of the Company. The effectiveness of the internal control system was discussed on an annual basis with the Audit Committee.

COMMUNICATION WITH SHAREHOLDERS

The Company maintains a high level of transparency in communicating with shareholders and is committed to continue to maintain an open and effective investor communication policy and to update investors on relevant information in a timely manner, subject to relevant regulatory requirements. In order to ensure effective, clear and accurate communications with the shareholders, all corporate communications are arranged and handled by executive directors and designated persons.

The Company aims to provide its shareholders with high standards of disclosure and financial transparency through the publication of annual and interim reports, press announcements and circulars made through Stock Exchange's websites. The Company has announced its annual results and interim results in a timely manner during the year under review. Separate resolutions are proposed at the general meetings on each substantially separate issue, including the election of individual directors. In addition, procedures for demanding a poll are included in the circular to shareholders as required under the Listing Rules.

The Board also maintains an on-going dialogue with shareholders and use general meeting to communicate with shareholders. The Company encourages all shareholders to attend general meeting which provides a useful forum for shareholders to exchange views with the Board. The Chairman of the Board and members of relevant committees and senior management of the Company are also available to answer the shareholders' questions.

Annual Report 2008

Independent Auditors' Report



Chartered Accountants
Certified Public Accountants

31/F, Gloucester Tower The Landmark 11 Pedder Street Central Hong Kong

TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF WING HING INTERNATIONAL (HOLDINGS) LIMITED

(Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability)

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Wing Hing International (Holdings) Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") set out on pages 28 to 111, which comprise the consolidated and company balance sheets as at 31 March 2008, and the consolidated income statement, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated cash flow statement for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation and the true and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. This responsibility includes designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to the preparation and the true and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies; and making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances.

AUDITORS' RESPONSIBILITY

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit and to report our opinion solely to you, as a body, in accordance with section 90 of the Companies Act of Bermuda, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance as to whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

Independent Auditors' Report

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and true and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

OPINION

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group and of the Company as at 31 March 2008 and of the Group's profit and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards and have been properly prepared in accordance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

HLB Hodgson Impey Cheng

Chartered Accountants
Certified Public Accountants

Hong Kong, 16 July 2008

Consolidated Income Statement

For the year ended 31 March 2008

	Notes	2008 HK\$'000	2007 HK\$'000
Revenue	5	513,387	480,292
Cost of sales		(490,108)	(425,548)
Gross profit		23,279	54,744
Other income	7	8,735	43,829
Other gains and losses	8	(5,642)	5,713
Administrative and operating expenses		(34,919)	(68,816)
Share of profits/(losses) of associates		21,484	(3,497)
Share of losses of jointly-controlled entities		(4,847)	(19,467)
Finance costs	9	(484)	(1,007)
Profit before tax		7,606	11,499
Income tax expense	10	(1,585)	(734)
Profit for the year	7 7	6,021	10,765
Attributable to:			
Equity holders of the Company Minority interests		8,104 (2,083)	9,519 1,246
		6,021	10,765
Earnings per share			
Basic and diluted (HK cents per share)	14	14.74	18.97

Consolidated Balance Sheet

At 31 March 2008

	Notes	2008 HK\$'000	2007 HK\$'000
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	16	16,594	21,198
Prepaid lease payments	17	190,318	675
Investment property	18	6,500	4,800
Goodwill	19	89,829	1,943
Interests in associates	21	22,253	21,039
Interests in jointly-controlled entities	22	14,792	9,309
Available-for-sale investment Amount due from an investee entity	23 23	53,796	16,604
Contract retention receivables	26	10,484	2,154
Deferred tax assets	24	189	104
		404,756	77 007
		404,750	77,827
Current assets			
Loan receivable	25	1,000	_
Trade and other receivables	26	98,496	122,344
Pledged bank deposits Bank balances and cash	27, 43 27	21,860	16,675
bank balances and cash	2/	58,619	33,742
		179,975	172,761
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	28	179,217	81,494
Current tax liabilities		669	-
Bank borrowing, secured	29		846
		179,886	82,340
Net current assets		89	90,421
Total assets less current liabilities		404,845	168,248



At 31 March 2008

	Notes	2008 HK\$′000	2007 HK\$'000
Capital and reserves			
Share capital	31	69,000	54,300
Reserves		132,075	106,511
Equity attributable to the equity holders			
of the Company		201,075	160,811
Minority interests		103,003	2,951
Total equity		304,078	163,762
Non-current liabilities			
Deferred tax liabilities	24	2,487	1,828
Bank borrowing, secured	29	-	2,658
Promissory note	30	98,280	
		100,767	4,486
		404,845	168,248

The consolidated financial statements on pages 28 to 111 were approved and authorized for issue by the Board of Directors on 16 July 2008 and were signed on its behalf by:

Ng Tat Leung, George

Director

Lui Siu Yee, Samuel
Director

Balance Sheet

At 31 March 2008

	Notes	2008 HK\$′000	2007 HK\$'000
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	16	138	205
Interests in subsidiaries	20	276,423	98,890
		276,561	99,095
Current assets			
Amounts due from subsidiaries	20	44,262	58,580
Amounts due from associates		1,262	59
Other receivables		1,476	755
Bank balances and cash		38	544
		47,038	59,938
Current liabilities			
Amounts due to subsidiaries	20	6,037	2,204
Other payables		31,898	703
		37,935	2,907
Net current assets		9,103	57,031
Total assets less current liabilities		285,664	156,126
Capital and reserves			
Share capital	31	69,000	54,300
Reserves	32	118,384	101,826
Total equity		187,384	156,126
Non-current liabilities			
Promissory note	30	98,280	
		<u>285,664</u>	156,126

Consolidated Statement Of Changes In Equity

For the year ended 31 March 2008

Attributable to	the equit	holdore	of tha	Company
Allibulable id) Ine eauli	v Holaels (JI II IE	COHIDAHV

		ATTRIDUTABLE TO THE EQUITY HOLDERS OF THE COMPANY								
	Share capital HK\$'000	Share premium HK\$'000	Contributed surplus HK\$'000	Assets revaluation reserve HK\$'000	Warrant reserve HK\$'000	Convertible loan note equity reserve HK\$'000	Retained profits HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000	Minority interests HK\$'000	Total equity HK\$'000
At 1 April 2006	36,200	35,491	1,781	18,488	1,000		38,475	131,435	5,087	136,522
Gain on fair value changes of property, plant and equipment Loss on fair value changes of	-	-	-	2,882	-	-	-	2,882	-	2,882
property, plant and equipment Deferred tax (note 24) Release upon disposal of property,	-	-	-	(7) (1,040)	-	-	-	(7) (1,040)	-	(7) (1,040)
plant and equipment				(585)			585			
Net income recognized directly in equity Profit for the year	- -	- 	- -	1,250	- -		585 9,519	1,835 9,519	1,246	1,835 10,765
Total income and expenses recognized for the year				1,250			10,104	11,354	1,246	12,600
Issue of ordinary shares (note 31)	18,100	=	-	-	-	-	-	18,100	-	18,100
Release upon disposal of a subsidiary (note 37)				(78)				(78)	(3,382)	(3,460)
At 31 March 2007	54,300	35,491	1,781	19,660	1,000		48,579	160,811	2,951	163,762

Consolidated Statement Of Changes In Equity

For the year ended 31 March 2008

	Attributable to the equity holders of the Company									
	Share capital HK\$'000	Share premium HK\$'000	Contributed surplus HK\$'000	Assets revaluation reserve HK\$'000	Warrant reserve HK\$'000	Convertible loan note equity reserve HK\$'000	Retained profits HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000	Minority interests HK\$'000	Total equity HK\$'000
At 1 April 2007	54,300	35,491	1,781	19,660	1,000		48,579	160,811	2,951	163,762
Gain on fair value changes of property, plant and equipment Deferred tax (note 24) Release upon disposal of property,				2,176 487				2,176 487		2,176 487
plant and equipment				(4,849)			4,849			
Net income recognized directly in equity Profit for the year	_ :			(2,186) 			4,849 8,104	2,663 8,104	(2,083)	2,663 6,021
Total income and expenses recognized for the year				(2,186)			12,953	10,767	(2,083)	8,684
Recognition of equity component of convertible loan note (note 33)						1,653		1,653		1,653
Early redemption of convertible loan note (note 33)						(1,653)	244	(1,409)		(1,409)
Acquisition of subsidiaries (note 36)	-								105,086	105,086
Shares issued on acquisition of subsidiaries (note 31 and 36)	14,700	14,553						29,253		29,253
Release upon disposal of a subsidiary (note 37)									(2,951)	(2,951)
At 31 March 2008	69,000	50,044	1,781	17,474	1,000		61,776	201,075	103,003	304,078

The contributed surplus of the Group arose as a result of the Group reorganization completed on 2 October 1995 and represents the difference between the nominal value of the aggregate share capital of the subsidiaries acquired pursuant to the Group reorganization, over the nominal value of the share capital of the Company issued in exchange therefor.

Consolidated Cash Flow Statement

For the year ended 31 March 2008

			l
	.	2008	2007
	Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Operating activities			
Profit for the year		6,021	10,765
Adjustments for:			
Amortization of prepaid lease payments		4,642	17
Depreciation for property, plant and equipment		4,480 2,791	4,888
Loss/(Gain) on disposal of subsidiaries Gain on fair value changes of		2,791	(3,843)
an investment property		(1,700)	(400)
Loss on fair value changes of property,		(1)100)	(100)
plant and equipment		5	11
Impairment loss recognized in			
respect of trade receivables		1,185	989
Impairment loss reversed in respect			
of trade receivables		(1,155)	(2,246)
Impairment loss recognized in respect of		4 100	
amounts due from associates Interest income		6,198 (1,809)	(785)
(Gain)/Loss on disposal of property,		(1,007)	(700)
plant and equipment		(1,365)	165
Gain on disposal of an associate		(2)	-
Loss on disposal of a jointly-controlled entity			111
Gain on early redemption of convertible loan note		(48)	-
Bad debt recovery		(19)	-
Write off of other receivables		599	- (071)
Write back of long outstanding payables		(847)	(371)
Share of (profits)/losses of associates Share of losses of jointly-controlled entities		(21,484) 4,847	3,497 19,467
Finance costs		484	1,007
Income tax expense		1,585	734
Operating cash flows before movements			
in working capital		4,408	34,006
Trade receivables		2,525	6,236
Balances with jointly-controlled entities		1,435	(3,523)
Balances with associates		56,427	(2,372)
Balances with minority shareholders		(601)	144
Prepayments, deposits and other receivables		(1,844)	(693)
Trade payables Other payables and accruals		35,519 954	(10,630) (478)
Other payables and accruais		754	(4/0)
Cash generated from operations		98,823	22,690
Interest paid		(192)	(1,007)
Hong Kong Profits Tax paid			(48)
Net cash generated by operating activities		98,631	21,635
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			

Consolidated Cash Flow Statement

For the year ended 31 March 2008

	Notes	2008 HK\$'000	2007 HK\$'000
Investing activities			
Interest received Dividends received from jointly-controlled entities Purchase of property, plant and equipment Acquisition of subsidiaries Disposal of subsidiaries Amounts advanced to associates Amounts advanced to a jointly-controlled entity Amounts advanced to an investee entity	36 37	1,809 - (372) (21,475) (536) (1,000) (10,330) (37,192)	785 3,560 (291) - (14,009) - - (3,440)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment (Increase)/Decrease in pledged bank deposits		4,031 (5,185)	269 4,269
Net cash used in investing activities		(70,250)	(8,857)
Financing activities			
Proceeds from issue of ordinary shares Repayment of bank borrowing Proceeds from new trust receipt loans Repayment of trust receipt loans Repayment of term loan Proceeds from issue of convertible loan note Payment for early redemption of convertible loan note		(3,504) 5,960 (5,960) - 15,000	18,100 (801) 24,363 (37,479) (1,620) –
Net cash (used in)/generated by financing activities		(3,504)	2,563
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		24,877	15,341
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial year		33,742	18,401
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the financial year		58,619	33,742
Analysis of balances of cash and cash equivale Bank balances and cash	nts	58,619	33,742

For the year ended 31 March 2008

1. GENERAL

Wing Hing International (Holdings) Limited (the "Company") was incorporated in Bermuda as an exempted company with limited liability under the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda (as amended) and its shares are listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange"). The Company's registered office is situated at Canon's Court, 22 Victoria Street, Hamilton HM12, Bermuda. The Company's principal place of business in Hong Kong is situated at 14th Floor, Yau Lee Centre, 45 Hoi Yuen Road, Kwun Tong, Kowloon, Hong Kong.

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars, which is the same as the functional currency of the Company.

The Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") are principally engaged in (i) the undertaking of superstructure construction, foundation piling, substructure works, slope improvement, special construction projects, interior decoration and landscaping works in Hong Kong; and (ii) the development and management of a series of sophora products and of biological vegetable oil in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC").

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs")

In the current year, the Group has applied, for the first time, the following new standard, amendment and interpretations ("new HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA"), which are effective for the Group's financial year beginning 1 April 2007.

HKAS 1 (Amendment) Capital Disclosures

HKFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures

HK(IFRIC)-Int 8 Scope of HKFRS 2

HK(IFRIC)-Int 9 Reassessment of Embedded Derivatives
HK(IFRIC)-Int 10 Interim Financial Reporting and Impairment
HK(IFRIC)-Int 11 HKFRS 2 - Group and Treasury Share Transactions

The adoption of the new HKFRSs had no material effect on how the results and financial position for the current or prior accounting periods have been prepared and presented. Accordingly, no prior period adjustment has been required.

The Group has applied the disclosure requirements under HKAS 1 (Amendment) and HKFRS 7 retrospectively. Certain information presented in prior year under the requirements of HKAS 32 has been removed and the relevant comparative information based on the requirements of HKAS 1 (Amendment) and HKFRS 7 has been presented for the first time in the current year.

For the year ended 31 March 2008

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (CONTINUED)

The Group has not early applied the following new and revised standards, amendments or interpretations that have been issued but are not yet effective.

HKAS 1 (Revised) Presentation of Financial Statements¹

HKAS 23 (Revised) Borrowing Costs¹

HKAS 27 (Revised) Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements²

HKAS 32 & HKAS 1 (Amendment) Puttable Financial Instruments and Obligations

Arising on Liquidation ¹

HKFRS 2 (Amendment) Vesting Conditions and Cancellations¹

HKFRS 3 (Revised)

Business Combinations²

HKFRS 8

Operating Segments ¹

HK(IFRIC)-Int 12 Service Concession Arrangements³ HK(IFRIC)-Int 13 Customer Loyalty Programmes⁴

HK(IFRIC)-Int 14 HKAS 19 - The Limit on a Defined Benefit Asset,

Minimum Funding Requirements and their Interaction³

Notes:

- 1. Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2009
- 2. Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2009
- 3. Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2008
- 4. Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2008

The directors of the Company anticipate that the application of these standards, amendments or interpretations will have no material impact on the results and the financial position of the Group.

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for certain properties, plant and equipment and financial instruments, which are measured at revalued amounts or fair values, as explained in the accounting policies set out below.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the HKICPA. In addition, the consolidated financial statements include applicable disclosures required by the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the "Listing Rules") and by the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

For the year ended 31 March 2008

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and entities (including special purpose entities) controlled by the Company (its subsidiaries). Control is achieved where the Company has the power to govern the financial and operating policies of an entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities.

The results of subsidiaries acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated income statement from the effective date of acquisition or up to the effective date of disposal, as appropriate.

Where necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies into line with those used by other members of the Group.

All intra-group transactions, balances, income and expenses are eliminated on consolidation.

Minority interests in the net assets of consolidated subsidiaries are presented separately from the Group's equity therein. Minority interests in the net assets consist of the amount of those interests at the date of the original business combination and the minority's share of changes in equity since the date of the combination. Losses applicable to the minority in excess of the minority's interest in the subsidiary's equity are allocated against the interests of the Group except to the extent that the minority has a binding obligation and is able to make an additional investment to cover the losses.

Business combinations

The acquisition of businesses is accounted for using the purchase method. The cost of the acquisition is measured at the aggregate of the fair values, at the date of exchange, of assets given, liabilities incurred or assumed, and equity instruments issued by the Group in exchange for control of the acquiree, plus any costs directly attributable to the business combination. The acquiree's identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities that meet the conditions for recognition under HKFRS 3 Business Combinations are recognized at their fair values at the acquisition date, except for non-current assets (or disposal groups) that are classified as held for sale in accordance with HKFRS 5 Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations, which are recognized and measured at fair value less costs to sell.

Goodwill arising on acquisition is recognized as an asset and initially measured at cost, being the excess of the cost of the business combination over the Group's interest in the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities recognized. If, after reassessment, the Group's interest in the net fair value of the acquiree's identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities exceeds the cost of the business combination, the excess is recognized immediately in profit or loss.

The interest of minority shareholders in the acquiree is initially measured at the minority's proportion of the net fair value of the assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities recognized.

For the year ended 31 March 2008

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Goodwill

Goodwill arising on an acquisition of a business represents the excess of the cost of acquisition over the Group's interest in the fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of the relevant business at the date of acquisition. Such goodwill is carried at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

Capitalized goodwill arising on an acquisition of a business is presented separately in the consolidated balance sheet.

For the purposes of impairment testing, goodwill arising from an acquisition is allocated to each of the relevant cash-generating units, or groups of cash-generating units, that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the acquisition. A cash-generating unit to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment annually, and whenever there is an indication that the unit may be impaired. For goodwill arising on an acquisition in a financial year, the cash-generating unit to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment before the end of that financial year. When the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit is less than the carrying amount of the unit, the impairment loss is allocated to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the unit first, and then to the other assets of the unit pro rata on the basis of the carrying amount of each asset in the unit. Any impairment loss for goodwill is recognized directly in the consolidated income statement. An impairment loss for goodwill is not reversed in subsequent periods.

On subsequent disposal of a relevant cash-generating unit, the attributable amount of goodwill capitalized is included in the determination of the amount of profit or loss on disposal.

Investments in associates

An associate is an entity over which the investor has significant influence and that is neither a subsidiary nor an interest in a joint venture.

The results and assets and liabilities of associates are incorporated in these consolidated financial statements using the equity method of accounting. Under the equity method, investments in associates are carried in the consolidated balance sheet at cost as adjusted for post-acquisition changes in the Group's share of the net assets of the associate, less any identified impairment loss. When the Group's share of losses of an associate equals or exceeds its interest in that associate (which includes any long-term interests that, in substance, form part of the Group's net investment in the associate), the Group discontinues recognizing its share of further losses. An additional share of losses is provided for and a liability is recognized only to the extent that the Group has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of that associate.

For the year ended 31 March 2008

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Investments in associates (Continued)

Any excess of the cost of acquisition over the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of the associate recognized at the date of acquisition is recognized as goodwill. The goodwill is included within the carrying amount of the investment and is assessed for impairment as part of the investment.

Any excess of the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities over the cost of acquisition, after reassessment, is recognized immediately in profit or loss.

Where a group entity transacts with an associate of the Group, profits and losses are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the relevant associate.

Jointly-controlled entities

Joint venture arrangements that involve the establishment of a separate entity in which venturers have joint control over the economic activity of the entity are referred to as jointly-controlled entities.

The results and assets and liabilities of jointly-controlled entities are incorporated in the consolidated financial statements using the equity method of accounting. Under the equity method, investments in jointly-controlled entities are carried in the consolidated balance sheet at cost as adjusted for post-acquisition changes in the Group's share of the net assets of the jointly-controlled entities, less any identified impairment loss. When the Group's share of losses of a jointly-controlled entity equals or exceeds its interest in that jointly-controlled entity (which includes any long-term interests that, in substance, form part of the Group's net investment in the jointly-controlled entity), the Group discontinues recognizing its share of further losses. An additional share of losses is provided for and a liability is recognized only to the extent that the Group has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of that jointly-controlled entity.

Any excess of the cost of acquisition over the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of the jointly-controlled entity recognized at the date of acquisition is recognized as goodwill. The goodwill is included within the carrying amount of the investment and is assessed for impairment as part of the investment.

Any excess of the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities over the cost of acquisition, after reassessment, is recognized immediately in profit or loss.

When a group entity transacts with a jointly-controlled entity of the Group, unrealized profits or losses are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the jointly-controlled entity.

40

For the year ended 31 March 2008

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Revenue recognition

Revenue from construction contracts is recognized in accordance with the Group's accounting policy on construction contracts (see below).

Revenue for sales of goods is recognized when the goods are delivered and title has passed.

Service income is recognized when services are provided.

Interest income from a financial asset is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount.

Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost or fair value less subsequent accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Buildings held for use in the production or supply of goods or services, or for administrative purposes, are stated in the consolidated balance sheet at their revalued amounts, being the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and any subsequent accumulated impairment losses. Revaluations are performed with sufficient regularity such that the carrying amount does not differ materially from that which would be determined using fair values at the balance sheet date.

Any revaluation increase arising on revaluation of buildings is credited to the asset revaluation reserve, except to the extent that it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognized as an expense, in which case the increase is credited to the consolidated income statement to the extent of the decrease previously charged. A decrease in net carrying amount arising on revaluation of an asset is dealt with as an expense to the extent that it exceeds the balance, if any, on the asset revaluation reserve relating to a previous revaluation of that asset. On the subsequent sale or retirement of a revalued asset, the attributable revaluation surplus is transferred to retained profits.

Depreciation is provided to write off the cost or fair value of items of property, plant and equipment over their estimated useful lives and after taking into account of their estimated residual value, using the straight-line method.

Assets held under finance leases are depreciated over their expected useful lives on the same basis as owned assets or, where shorter, the term of the relevant lease.

42

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 March 2008

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Property, plant and equipment (Continued)

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the item) is included in the consolidated income statement in the year in which the item is derecognized.

Investment properties

Investment properties are properties held to earn rentals and/or for capital appreciation. On initial recognition, investment properties are measured at cost, including any directly attributable expenditure. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are measured using the fair value model. Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of investment property are included in profit or loss for the period in which they arise.

An investment property is derecognized upon disposal or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use or no future economic benefits are expected from its disposals. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in the consolidated income statement in the year in which the item is derecognized.

Construction contracts

Where the outcome of a construction contract can be estimated reliably, revenue and costs are recognized by reference to the stage of completion of the contract activity at the balance sheet date, as measured by the proportion that contract costs incurred for work performed to date bear to the estimated total contract costs, except where this would not be representative of the stage of completion. Variations in contract work, claims and incentive payments are included to the extent that they have been agreed to the customer.

Where the outcome of a construction contract cannot be estimated reliably, contract revenue is recognized to the extent of contract costs incurred that it is probable will recoverable. Contract costs are recognized as expenses in the period in which they are incurred.

When it is probable that total contract costs will exceed total contract revenue, the expected loss is recognized as expense immediately.

For the year ended 31 March 2008

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Construction contracts (Continued)

Where contract costs incurred to date plus recognized profits less recognized losses exceed progress billings, the surplus is shown as amounts due from customers for contract work. For contracts where progress billings exceed contract costs incurred to date plus recognized profits less recognized losses, the surplus is shown as amounts due to customers for contract work. Amounts received before the related work is performed are included in the consolidated balance sheet, as a liability, as advances received. Amounts billed for work performed but not yet paid by the customer are included in the consolidated balance sheet under trade and other receivables.

Leasing

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

The Group as lessor

Rental income from operating leases is recognized in the consolidated income statement on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease.

The Group as lessee

Assets held under finance leases are recognized as assets of the Group at their fair value at the inception of the lease or, if lower, at the present value of the minimum lease payments. The corresponding liability to the lessor is included in the consolidated balance sheet as a finance lease obligation. Lease payments are apportioned between finance charges and reduction of the lease obligation so as to achieve a constant rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Finance charges are charged directly to profit or loss, unless they are directly attributable to qualifying assets, in which case they are capitalized in accordance with the Group's general policy on borrowing costs (see below).

Rentals payable under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease. Benefits received and receivable as an incentive to enter into an operating lease are recognized as a reduction of rental expense over the lease term on a straight-line basis.

Leasehold land

Interest in leasehold land is accounted for as operating leases and amortized over the lease term on a straight-line basis.

For the year ended 31 March 2008

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Foreign currencies

In preparing the financial statements of each individual group entity, transactions in currencies other than the functional currency of that entity (foreign currencies) are recorded in the respective functional currency (i.e. the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates) at the rates of exchanges prevailing on the dates of the transactions. At each balance sheet date, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the balance sheet date. Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the date when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items, and on the translation of monetary items, are recognized in profit or loss in the period in which they arise, except for exchange differences arising on a monetary item that forms part of the Company's net investment in a foreign operation, in which case, such exchange differences are recognized in equity in the consolidated financials statements. Exchange differences arising on the retranslation of non-monetary items carried at fair value are included in profit or loss for the period except for differences arising on the retranslation of non-monetary items in respect of which gains and losses are recognized directly in equity, in which cases, the exchange differences are also recognized directly in equity.

For the purposes of presenting the consolidated financial statements, the assets and liabilities of the Group's foreign operations are translated into the presentation currency of the Group (i.e. Hong Kong dollars) at the rate of exchange prevailing at the balance sheet date, and their income and expenses are translated at the average exchange rates for the year, unless exchange rates fluctuate significantly during the period, in which case, the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of transactions are used. Exchange differences arising, if any, are recognized as a separate component of equity (the translation reserve). Such exchange differences are recognized in profit or loss in the period in which the foreign operation is disposed of.

Goodwill and fair value adjustments on identifiable assets acquired arising on an acquisition of a foreign operation on or after 1 January 2005 are treated as assets and liabilities of that foreign operation and translated at the rate of exchange prevailing at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences arising are recognized in the translation reserve.

Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, are capitalized as part of the cost of those assets. Capitalization of such borrowing costs ceases when the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. To the extent that fixed-rated bank borrowings are used to finance a qualifying asset and are hedged in an effective fair value hedge of interest rate risk, the capitalized borrowing costs reflected the hedged interest rate.

For the year ended 31 March 2008

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Borrowing costs (Continued)

Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalization.

All other borrowing costs are recognized in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

Retirement benefit costs

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit plans are charged as an expense when employees have rendered service entitling them to the contributions.

Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the consolidated income statement because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax is recognized on differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit, and is accounted for using the balance sheet liability method. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognized for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognized to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences can be utilized. Such assets and liabilities are not recognized if the temporary difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for taxable temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries, associates and jointly controlled entities, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each balance sheet date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.



For the year ended 31 March 2008

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Taxation (Continued)

Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset realized, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date. Deferred tax is charged or credited to profit or loss, except when it relates to items charged or credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in equity.

Impairment of tangible assets other than goodwill

At each balance sheet date, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If the recoverable amount of an asset is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognized as an expense immediately, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount under another standard, in which case the impairment loss is treated as revaluation decrease under the standard.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognized as income immediately, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount under another standard, in which case the reversal of the impairment loss is treated as revaluation increase under that standard.

Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized on the balance sheet when a group entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognized immediately in profit or loss.

For the year ended 31 March 2008

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets

The Group's financial assets are classified into one of the three categories, including financial assets at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL"), loans and receivables and available-for-sale financial assets. All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognized and derecognized on a trade date basis. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the marketplace.

Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortized cost of a financial asset and of allocating interest income over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts (including all fees on points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial asset, or, where appropriate, a shorter period.

Income is recognized on an effective interest basis for debt instruments other than those financial assets designated as at FVTPL, of which interest income is included in net gains or losses.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets at FVTPL has two subcategories, including financial assets held for trading and those designated as at FVTPL on initial recognition.

A financial asset is classified as held for trading if:

- it has been acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the near future; or
- it is a part of an identified portfolio of financial instruments that the Group manages together and has a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking; or
- it is a derivative that is not designated and effective as a hedging instrument.

For the year ended 31 March 2008

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (Continued)

A financial asset other than a financial asset held for trading may be designated as at FVTPL upon initial recognition if:

- such designation eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency that would otherwise arise; or
- the financial asset forms part of a group of financial assets or financial liabilities or both, which is managed and its performance is evaluated on a fair value basis, in accordance with the Group's documented risk management or investment strategy, and information about the grouping is provided internally on that basis; or
- it forms part of a contract containing one or more embedded derivatives, and HKAS 39 permits the entire combined contract (asset or liability) to be designated as at FVTPL.

At each balance sheet date subsequent to initial recognition, financial assets at FVTPL are measured at fair value, with changes in fair value recognized directly in profit or loss in the period in which they arise. The net gain or loss recognized in profit or loss includes any dividend or interest earned on the financial assets.

Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. At each balance sheet date subsequent to initial recognition, loans and receivables (including amount due from an investee entity, loan receivable, trade receivables, other receivables, pledged bank deposits, and bank balances and cash) are carried at amortized cost using the effective interest method, less any identified impairment losses (see accounting policy in respect of impairment loss on financial assets below).

Available-for-sale financial assets

Available-for-sale financial assets are non-derivatives that are either designated or not classified as financial assets at FVTPL, loans and receivables or held-to-maturity investments. The Group designated certain unlisted equity securities as available-for sale financial assets.

For the year ended 31 March 2008

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Available-for-sale financial assets (Continued)

At each balance sheet date subsequent to initial recognition, available-for-sale financial assets are measured at fair value. Changes in fair value are recognized in equity, until the financial asset is disposed of or is determined to be impaired, at which time, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognized in equity is removed from equity and recognized in profit or loss (see accounting policy in respect of impairment loss on financial assets below).

For available-for-sale equity investments that do not have a quoted market price in an active market and whose fair value cannot be reliably measured and derivatives that are linked to and must be settled by delivery of such unquoted equity instruments, they are measured at cost less any identified impairment losses at each balance sheet date subsequent to initial recognition (see accounting policy in respect of impairment loss on financial assets below).

Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets, other than those at FVTPL, are assessed for indicators of impairment at each balance sheet date. Financial assets are impaired where there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial asset, the estimated future cash flows of the financial assets have been impacted.

For an available-for sale equity investment, a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of that investment below its cost is considered to be objective evidence of impairment.

For all other financial assets, objective evidence of impairment could include:

- significant financial difficulty of the issuer or counterparty; or
- default or delinquency in interest or principal payments; or
- it becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or financial re-organization.

For certain categories of financial asset, such as trade receivables, assets that are assessed not to be impaired individually are subsequently assessed for impairment on a collective basis. Objective evidence of impairment for a portfolio of receivables could include the Group's past experience of collecting payments, an increase in the number of delayed payments in the portfolio past the average credit period, observable changes in national or local economic conditions that correlate with default on receivables.

For the year ended 31 March 2008

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

For financial assets carried at amortized cost, an impairment loss is recognized in profit or loss when there is objective evidence that the asset is impaired, and is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the original effective interest rate.

For financial assets carried at cost, the amount of the impairment loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the current market rate of return for a similar financial asset. Such impairment loss will not be reversed in subsequent periods.

The carrying amount of the financial asset is reduced by the impairment loss directly for all financial assets with the exception of trade receivables, where the carrying amount is reduced through the use of an allowance account. Changes in the carrying amount of the allowance account are recognized in profit or loss. When a trade receivable is considered uncollectible, it is written off against the allowance account. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited to profit or loss.

For financial assets measured at amortized cost, if, in a subsequent period, the amount of impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment losses was recognized, the previously recognized impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss to the extent that the carrying amount of the asset at the date the impairment is reversed does not exceed what the amortized cost would have been had the impairment not been recognized.

Impairment losses on available-for-sale equity investments will not be reversed in profit or loss in subsequent periods. Any increase in fair value subsequent to impairment loss is recognized directly in equity. For available-for-sale debt investments, impairment losses are subsequently reversed if an increase in the fair value of the investment can be objectively related to an event occurring after the recognition of the impairment loss.

Financial liabilities and equity

Financial liabilities and equity instruments issued by a group entity are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

For the year ended 31 March 2008

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial liabilities and equity (Continued)

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the group after deducting all of its liabilities. The Group's financial liabilities are generally classified into financial liabilities at FVTPL and other financial liabilities.

Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortized cost of a financial liability and of allocating interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments through the expected life of the financial liability, or, where appropriate, a shorter period.

Interest expense is recognized on an effective interest basis other than those financial liabilities designated as at FVTPL, of which the interest expense is included in net gains or losses.

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities at FVTPL has two subcategories, including financial liabilities held for trading and those designated as at FVTPL on initial recognition.

A financial liability is classified as held for trading if:

- it has been incurred principally for the purpose of repurchasing in the near future; or
- it is a part of an identified portfolio of financial instruments that the Group manages together and has a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking; or
- it is a derivative that is not designated and effective as a hedging instrument.

A financial liability other than a financial liability held for trading may be designated as at FVTPL upon initial recognition if:

- such designation eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency that would otherwise arise; or
- the financial liability forms part of a group of financial assets or financial liabilities or both, which is managed and its performance is evaluated on a fair value basis, in accordance with the Group's documented risk management or investment strategy, and information about the grouping is provided internally on that basis; or

For the year ended 31 March 2008

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial liabilities and equity (Continued)

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss (Continued)

• it forms part of a contract containing one or more embedded derivatives, and HKAS 39 permits the entire combined contract (asset or liability) to be designated as at FVTPL.

At each balance sheet date subsequent to initial recognition, financial liabilities at FVTPL are measured at fair value, with changes in fair value recognized directly in profit or loss in the period in which they arise. The net gain or loss recognized in profit or loss includes any interest paid on the financial liability.

Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities (including trade payables, other payables and promissory note) are subsequently measured at amortized cost, using the effective interest method.

Convertible loan notes

Convertible loan notes issued by the Company that contain both the liability and conversion option components are classified separately into respective items on initial recognition. Conversion option that will be settled by the exchange of a fixed amount of cash or another financial asset for a fixed number of the Company's own equity instruments is an equity instrument.

On initial recognition, the fair value of the liability component is determined using the prevailing market interest rate of similar non-convertible debts. The difference between the gross proceeds of the issue of the convertible loan notes and the fair value assigned to the liability component, representing the conversion option for the holder to convert the loan notes into equity, is included in equity (convertible loan notes equity reserve).

In subsequent periods, the liability component of the convertible loan notes is carried at amortized cost using the effective interest method. The equity component, representing the option to convert the liability component into ordinary shares of the Company, will remain in convertible loan notes equity reserve until the conversion option is exercised (in which case the balance stated in convertible loan notes equity reserve will be transferred to share premium). Where the option remains unexercised at the expiry date, the balance stated in convertible loan notes equity reserve will be released to retained profits. No gain or loss is recognized in profit or loss upon conversion or expiration of the option.

Transaction costs that relate to the issue of the convertible loan notes are allocated to the liability and equity components in proportion to the allocation of the gross proceeds. Transaction costs relating to the equity component are charged directly to equity. Transaction costs relating to the liability component are included in the carrying amount of the liability component and amortized over the period of the convertible loan notes using the effective interest method.

For the year ended 31 March 2008

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the Company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

Repurchase of the Company's own equity instruments is recognized and deducted directly in equity. No gain or loss is recognized in profit or loss on the purchase, sale, issue or cancellation of the Company's own equity instruments.

Financial guarantee contracts

A financial guarantee contract is a contract that requires the issuer to make specified payments to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because a specified debtor fails to make payment when due in accordance with the original or modified terms of a debt instrument. A financial guarantee contract issued by the Group and not designated as at fair value through profit or loss is recognized initially at its fair value less transaction costs that are directly attributable to the issue of the financial guarantee contract. Subsequent to initial recognition, the Group measures the financial guarantee contact at the higher of: (i) the amount determined in accordance with HKAS 37 *Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets*; and (ii) the amount initially recognized less, when appropriate, cumulative amortization recognized in accordance with HKAS 18 *Revenue*.

Derecognition

Financial assets are derecognized when the rights to receive cash flows from the assets expire or, the financial assets are transferred and the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial assets. On derecognition of a financial asset, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable and the cumulative gain or loss that had been recognized directly in equity is recognized in profit or loss. If the Group retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a transferred financial asset, the Group continues to recognize the financial asset and also recognizes a collateralized borrowing for the proceeds received.

Financial liabilities are derecognized when the obligation specified in the relevant contract is discharged, cancelled or expires. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognized and the consideration paid and payable is recognized in the profit or loss.



For the year ended 31 March 2008

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Group has a present obligation as a result of a past event, and it is probable that the Group will be required to settle that obligation. Provisions are measured at the directors' best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the obligation at the balance sheet date, and are discounted to present value where the effect is material.

Share-based payment transactions

Equity-settled share-based payment transactions

Share options granted to employees

For grants of share options which are conditional upon satisfying specified vesting conditions, the fair value of services received determined by reference to the fair value of share options granted at the grant date is expensed on a straight-line basis over the vesting period, with a corresponding increase in equity (share options reserve). The impact of the revision of the original estimates during the vesting period, if any, is recognized in profit or loss with a corresponding adjustment to share options reserve.

For share options which are vested at the date of grant, the fair value of the share options granted is expensed immediately to profit or loss.

At the time when the share options are exercised, the amount previously recognized in share options reserve will be transferred to share premium. When the share options are forfeited after the vesting date or are still not exercised at the expiry date, the amount previously recognized in share options reserve will be transferred to retained profits.

Share options granted to suppliers

For share options granted to suppliers in exchange for goods or services, they are measured at the fair value of the goods or services received. The fair values of the goods or services are recognized as expenses immediately, unless the goods or services qualify for recognition as assets. Corresponding adjustments have been made to equity (share options reserve).

Cash-settled share-based payment transactions

For cash-settled share-based payments, the Group measures the goods or services acquired and the liability incurred at the fair value of the liability. At each balance sheet date, the liability is remeasured at its fair value until the liability is settled, with any changes in fair value recognized in profit or loss.

For the year ended 31 March 2008

4. KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

In the application of the Group's accounting policies, which are described in note 3, management is required to make judgments, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The following are the key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the balance sheet date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

Impairment of goodwill

Determining whether goodwill is impaired requires an estimation of the value in use of the cashgenerating units to which goodwill has been allocated. The value in use calculation requires the Group to estimate the future cash flows expected to arise from the cash-generating unit and a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value.

Impairment loss of trade and other receivables

The Group's policy for doubtful receivables is based on the on-going evaluation of the collectability and aging analysis of the trade and other receivables and on management's judgments. Considerable judgment is required in assessing the ultimate realization of these receivables, including the current creditworthiness and the past collection history of each debtor, and the present values of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the effective interest rates. If the financial conditions of the Group's debtors were to deteriorate, resulting in an impairment of their ability to make payments, additional impairment loss of trade and other receivables may be required.

Impairment loss on amounts due from an investee entity, associates and jointly-controlled entities

Management regularly reviews the recoverability of the amounts due from an investee entity, associates and jointly-controlled entities. Appropriate impairment for estimated irrecoverable amount is recognized in profit and loss when there is objective evidence that the amount is not recoverable. Specific allowance is only made for the amounts due from an investee entity, associates and jointly-controlled entities that the management assessed that the recovery of the amounts is doubtful. As at 31 March 2008, the amounts due from an investee entity, associates and jointly-controlled entities amounted to approximately HK\$53,796,000 (2007: HK\$16,604,000), HK\$7,932,000 (2007: HK\$31,243,000) and HK\$15,014,000 (2007: HK\$8,652,000), respectively.

56

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 March 2008

4. KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (CONTINUED)

Outcome of construction contracts

The Group determines whether outcome of a construction contract can be estimated reliably. This requires a continuous estimation of the total contract revenue and costs and stage of completion with reference to work certified by architects and the assessment of the probability of the future economic flows to the Group.

5. REVENUE

An analysis of the Group's revenue for the year is as follows:

	2008 HK\$'000	2007 HK\$'000
Construction contract revenue Revenue from sales of goods	493,829 19,558	447,385 32,907
	513,387	480,292

6. BUSINESS AND GEOGRAPHICAL SEGMENTS

Business segments

For management purposes, the Group is currently organized into six operating divisions:

- (a) Superstructure construction;
- (b) Foundation piling, substructure works and slope improvement;
- (c) Special construction projects;
- (d) Interior decoration and landscaping works;
- (e) Energy-related investments, including the development and management of a series of sophora products and of biological vegetable oil in the PRC; and
- (f) Corporate and others segment, which comprises the Group's investment holding, and trading of construction machines and plastic products.

These divisions are the basis on which the Group reports its primary segment information.

Segment information about these businesses is presented below.

For the year ended 31 March 2008

6. BUSINESS AND GEOGRAPHICAL SEGMENTS (CONTINUED)

Business segments (Continued)

2008								
	Superstructure construction HK\$'000	Foundation pilling, substructure works and slope improvement HK\$'000	Special construction projects HK\$'000	Interior decoration and landscaping works HK\$'000	Energy- related investments HK\$'000	Corporate and others HK\$'000	Eliminations <i>HK\$</i> ′000	Consolidated HK\$'000
REVENUE External sales Inter-segment sales	484,139 	9,609 19,489		81 46,887		19,558	- (66,376)	513,387
Total	484,139	29,098		46,968		19,558	(66,376)	513,387
Intersegment sales are charged at prevailing market rates.								
RESULT Segment result	<u>18,889</u>	6,915		3,276		1,136	(11)	30,205
Unallocated income Unallocated corporate								(5,197)
expenses Share of profits/								(33,555)
(losses) of - associates								21,484
- jointly-controlled entities Finance costs								(4,847) (484)
Profit before tax Income tax expense								7,606 (1,585)
Profit for the year								6,021
BALANCE SHEET								
ASSETS Segment assets Interests in associates Interests in jointly-	99,290 -	13,205 -		192 -	279,488 -	74,322 22,253	521 -	467,018 22,253
controlled entities Unallocated corporate assets	646	1,927	(7,012)			19,231		14,792 80,668
Consolidated total assets								<u>584,731</u>

For the year ended 31 March 2008

6. BUSINESS AND GEOGRAPHICAL SEGMENTS (CONTINUED)

Business segments (Continued)

2008								
	Superstructure construction HK\$'000	Foundation piling, substructure works and slope improvement HK\$'000	Special construction projects HK\$'000	Interior decoration and landscaping works HK\$'000	Energy- related investments HK\$'000	Corporate and others HK\$'000	Eliminations HK\$'000	Consolidated HK\$'000
LIABILITIES Segment liabilities Unallocated corporate liabilities	93,494	6,916	-	7,565	23	71,219	-	179,217 101,436
Consolidated total liabilities								280,653
OTHER INFORMATION								
Capital additions		53			284,114	319		284,486
Depreciation and amortization	237	2,457		3	4,625	1,800		9,122
Loss on fair value changes of property, plant		2,107			1,1020	1,000		7,1==
and equipment		5						5
Impairment losses on trade receivables Impairment losses	144	775		221		45		1,185
reversed on trade receivables Impairment losses on amounts due from	(420)	(30)		(705)				(1,155)
associates Gain on disposal of property, plant	6,198							6,198
and equipment	12	132				(1,509)		(1,365)
Loss on disposal of subsidiaries		(932)				3,723		2,791
Gain on disposal of an associate						(2)		(2)
Gain on fair value changes of								
investment property Write back of long-						(1,700)		(1,700)
outstanding payables	(847)							(847)
Write off of other receivables	599							599

For the year ended 31 March 2008

6. BUSINESS AND GEOGRAPHICAL SEGMENTS (CONTINUED)

Business segments (Continued)

2007	Superstructure construction <i>HK\$</i> '000	Foundation piling, substructure works and slope improvement HK\$'000	Special construction projects <i>HK\$</i> '000	Interior decoration and landscaping works HK\$'000	Corporate and others HK\$*000	Eliminations <i>HK\$</i> '000	Consolidated HK\$'000
REVENUE External sales Inter-segment sales	400,745 	31,466 1,704	1,653	13,521 32,082	32,907 	(33,786)	480,292
Total	400,745	33,170	1,653	45,603	32,907	(33,786)	480,292
Inter-segment sales o	ire charged at p	revailing market	rates.				
Segment result	43,720	46,466	(2,034)	7,672	2,014	(50)	97,788
Unallocated income Unallocated corpora	te						6,663
expenses Share of losses of							(68,981)
- associates - jointly-controlled							(3,497)
entities Finance costs							(19,467) (1,007)
Profit before tax Income tax expense							11,499 (734)
Profit for the year							10,765
BALANCE SHEET							
ASSETS Segment assets Interests in associates Interests in jointly-	100,740	15,313 -	-	3,697 702	47,505 20,337	521 -	167,776 21,039
controlled entities Unallocated corpora assets	646 te	1,621	(14,323)	-	21,365	-	9,309
Consolidated total assets							250,588

Annual Report 2008

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 March 2008

6. BUSINESS AND GEOGRAPHICAL SEGMENTS (CONTINUED)

Foundation

Business segments (Continued)

2007

	Superstructure construction <i>HK\$</i> '000	piling, substructure works and slope improvement <i>HK\$</i> '000	Special construction projects HK\$'000	Interior decoration and landscaping works HK\$*000	Corporate and others HK\$'000	Eliminations HK\$'000	Consolidated HK\$'000
LIABILITIES							
Segment liabilities Unallocated corporat	61,390 e	14,043	-	3,313	2,748	-	81,494
liabilities							5,332
Consolidated total liabilities							86,826
OTHER INFORMATION	1						
Capital additions	208	-	-	39	44	-	291
Depreciation and amortization	225	275	-	76	4,329	-	4,905
Loss on fair value changes of proper	ly,						
plant and equipme	ent 11	-	-	-	-	-	11
Impairment losses on trade receivables	130	649	-	210	_	-	989
Impairment losses reversed on							
trade receivables	(2,246)	-	-	-	-	-	(2,246)
Loss on disposal of property, plant and							
equipment	100	33	-	32	-	-	165
Loss on disposal of a jointly controlled							
entity	-	-	111	-	-	-	111
Gain on fair value							
changes of investment property	/ -	_	_	_	(400)	_	(400)
Gain on disposal					(100)		(100)
of subsidiaries	-	-	-	(3,843)	-	-	(3,843)
Write back of long- outstanding payab	les (74)	(187)	-	(110)	-	-	(371)
- · · · ·				` /			, ,

For the year ended 31 March 2008

6. BUSINESS AND GEOGRAPHICAL SEGMENTS (CONTINUED)

Geographical segments

As over 90% of the Group's revenue is derived from customers based in Hong Kong, no further analysis of the Group's segment revenue by geographical area is presented.

The following is an analysis of the carrying amount of segment assets, and additions to property, plant and equipment, land use right and intangible assets, analyzed by the geographical area in which the assets are located:

	2008 HK\$′000	2007 HK\$'000
Assets located in - Hong Kong - PRC	268,194 279,492	220,240
Interests in associates Interests in jointly-controlled entities	547,686 22,253 14,792	220,240 21,039 9,309
Capital expenditure - Hong Kong - PRC	584,731 372 284,114	<u>250,588</u> 291
	284,486	291

For the year ended 31 March 2008

7. OTHER INCOME

	2008 HK\$′000	2007 HK\$'000
Service fee income from:		
- jointly-controlled entities	1,549	40,366
- associates	2,045	370
- independent third parties	972	765
	4,566	41,501
Interest income on bank deposits	1,796	785
Interest income on loan to an associate	13	-
Rental income from investment property	22	128
Rental income from machinery held for		
operating lease purposes	1,308	167
Others	1,030	1,248
	8,735	43,829

For the year ended 31 March 2008

8. OTHER GAINS AND LOSSES

	2008 HK\$'000	2007 HK\$'000
Gain/(Loss) on disposal of property,		
plant and equipment	1,365	(165)
Gain on early redemption of convertible loan note	48	-
(Loss)/Gain on disposal of subsidiaries	(2,791)	3,843
Gain on disposal of an associate	2	-
Loss on disposal of a jointly-controlled entity	-	(111)
Loss on fair value changes of		
property, plant and equipment	(5)	(11)
Impairment losses recognized in respect of		
trade receivables	(1,185)	(989)
Impairment losses reversed in respect of		
trade receivables	1,155	2,246
Impairment losses recognized in respect of		
amounts due from associates	(6,198)	-
Write off of other receivables	(599)	-
Write back of long outstanding payables	847	371
Gain on fair value changes of an investment property	1,700	400
Bad debt recovery	19	-
Others	-	129
	(5,642)	5,713

9. FINANCE COSTS

	2008 HK\$'000	2007 HK\$*000
Interest on bank borrowing wholly repayable within five years Effective interest expense on convertible loan note	192 292	1,007
	484	1,007

No borrowing costs were capitalized during the year ended 31 March 2008 (2007: Nil).

For the year ended 31 March 2008

10. INCOME TAX EXPENSE

	2008 HK\$'000	2007 HK\$'000
Current tax Hong Kong Deferred tax (note 24)	669 916	547 187
Tax charge for the year	1,585	734

Hong Kong Profits Tax is calculated at 17.5% (2007: 17.5%) of the estimated assessable profit for the year.

No PRC income tax has been provided in respect of the Group's PRC subsidiary since the PRC subsidiary had no taxable profit for the year.

The tax charge for the year can be reconciled to the profit per the consolidated income statement as follows:

	2008 HK\$'000	2007 HK\$'000
Profit before tax	7,606	11,499
Tax at Hong Kong Profits Tax rate of 17.5% (2007: 17.5%) Tax effect of income not taxable for tax purpose Tax effect of expenses not deductible for tax purpose Utilization of tax losses previously not recognized Others	1,331 (2,181) 4,593 (2,093) (65)	2,012 (1,977) 1,028 (5,011) 4,682
Tax charge for the year	1,585	734

For the year ended 31 March 2008

11. PROFIT FOR THE YEAR

Profit for the year has been arrived at after charging/(crediting):

	2008 HK\$'000	2007 HK\$'000
Depreciation for property, plant and equipment Less: Amounts capitalized in construction contracts	4,480 (2,358)	4,888 (3,677)
Amortization of prepaid lease payments	2,122 4,642	1,211
Total depreciation and amortization	6,764	1,228
Auditors' remuneration	<u>834</u>	610
Net foreign exchange losses	233	81
Gross rental income from investment property Less: Direct operating expenses from	(22)	(128)
investment property that generated rental income during the year	25	32
	3	(96)
Minimum lease payments paid under operating leases during the period: Leasehold land and buildings Less: Amounts capitalized in	437	1,115
construction contracts		(442)
	437	673
Plant and machinery	676	3,117
Less: Amounts capitalized in construction contracts	(676)	(3,117)
	437	673

For the year ended 31 March 2008

11. PROFIT FOR THE YEAR (CONTINUED)

	2008 HK\$'000	2007 HK\$'000
Employee benefits expense		
(including directors' remuneration): Wages and salaries	46,950	81,685
Contributions to retirement benefits schemes	1,462	3,035
Less: Amounts capitalized in construction contracts	48,412 (13,955) 34,457	84,720 (23,860) 60,860
Cost of services and inventories recognized as an expense	490,108	425,548
Share of tax of associates (included in share of results of associates)	4,722	90
Share of tax of a jointly-controlled entity (included in share of results of jointly-controlled entities)	158	155

For the year ended 31 March 2008

12. DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS

The emoluments paid or payable to each of the 10 (2007: 11) directors were as follows:

For the year ended 31 March 2008

	Fees <i>HK\$'000</i>	Salaries and other benefits HK\$'000	Contributions to retirement benefits schemes HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
Executive directors				
Mr. Ng Tat Leung, George	_	1,569	12	1,581
Mr. Wong Teck Ming	-	1,246	12	1,258
Mr. Lui Siu Yee, Samuel	-	770	12	782
Mr. Chan Wai Keung, Ivan	-	803	12	815
Mr. Lo Chung Sun, Simon				
(resigned on 7 March 2008)	-	1,089	- 11	1,100
Ms. Leung Pui Kwan				
(appointed on 7 March 2008)	-			
Independent non-executive directors Mr. Wood, Lit Char, Alexis	100			100
Mr. Wong Lit Chor, Alexis Mr. Lo Ka Wai	100			100
(resigned on 7 March 2008)	120	_	_	120
Dr. Leung Wai Cheung	100			100
Mr. Hui Wah Tat, Anthony				
(appointed on 7 March 2008)	_			
,				
Total	320	5,477		5,856



For the year ended 31 March 2008

12. DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS (CONTINUED)

For the year ended 31 March 2007

			Contributions	
		Salaries	to retirement	
		and other	benefits	
	Fees	benefits	schemes	Total
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Executive directors				
Mr. Ng Tat Leung, George	_	1,435	12	1,447
Mr. Wong Teck Ming	_	1,113	12	1,125
Mr. Chen Jinkui		, -		
(resigned on 9 November 2006)	_	_	_	_
Mr. Sun Haichao				
(resigned on 9 November 2006)	_	_	_	- 1
Mr. Lui Siu Yee, Samuel	_	568	12	580
Mr. Chan Wai Keung, Ivan	_	883	12	895
Mr. Lo Chung Sun, Simon	-	1,062	12	1,074
Non-executive directors				
Mr. Wang Xianzhang				
(resigned on 29 August 2006)	_	_	_	_
Independent non-executive directors				
Mr. Wong Lit Chor, Alexis	80	_	_	80
Mr. Lo Ka Wai	80	_	_	80
Dr. Leung Wai Cheung	80			80
Total	240	5,061	60	5,361

During both years, no emoluments were paid by the Group to the directors as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office. None of the directors has waived any emoluments during both years.

The amount of directors' emoluments which is directly attributable to construction activities and capitalized in construction contracts amounted to approximately HK\$1,108,000 (2007: HK\$716,000).

For the year ended 31 March 2008

12. DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS (CONTINUED)

The directors' emoluments shown above do not include the estimated monetary value of the Group's owned premises provided rent-free to a director. The estimated rental value of such accommodation was approximately HK\$96,000 (2007: HK\$96,000) for the year ended 31 March 2008.

13. EMPLOYEES' EMOLUMENTS

Of the five individuals with the highest emoluments in the Group, four (2007: four) were directors of the Company whose emoluments are included in the disclosures in note 12 above. The emoluments of the remaining one (2007: one) individual were as follows:

	2008 HK\$′000	2007 HK\$'000
Salaries and other benefits Contributions to retirement benefits schemes	1,060 12	2,650
	1,072	2,655

Their emoluments were within the following bands:

Number of individuals

	2008	2007
HK\$1,000,001-HK\$1,500,000	1	-
HK\$2,500,001-HK\$3,000,000		1

For the year ended 31 March 2008

14. EARNINGS PER SHARE

The calculation of the basic earnings per share attributable to the ordinary equity holders of the Company is based on the following data:

	2008 HK\$'000	HK\$'000
<u>Earnings</u>		
Earnings for the purpose of basic earnings per share (profit for the year attributable to equity holders of the Company)	<u>8,104</u>	9,519
Number of shares		
	2008 ′000	2007 <i>'000</i>
Weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purpose of calculating basic earnings per share	54,983	50,184

The computation of diluted earnings per share did not assume the exercise of the Company's outstanding warrants as their exercise price was higher than the average market price for shares for the years ended 31 March 2007 and 2008.

15. PROFIT ATTRIBUTABLE TO EQUITY HOLDERS OF THE COMPANY

The profit attributable to equity holders of the Company is dealt with in the financial statements of the Company to the extent of approximately HK\$1,761,000 (2007: HK\$8,011,000) (note 32).

For the year ended 31 March 2008

16. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Group

Стоир	Leasehold buildings HK\$'000	Plant and machinery HK\$'000	Furniture and equipment HK\$'000	Motor vehicles HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
Cost or valuation At 1 April 2006 Additions	9,700 -	11,928 39	9,601 46	1,245 206	32,474 291
Disposals Disposal of subsidiaries Revaluation	300	(2) (469) (1,580)	(1,045)	(432) (154) (195)	(434) (1,668) (1,475)
At 31 March 2007 Additions	10,000	9,916	8,602 26	670 346	29,188 372
Disposals Disposal of subsidiaries Revaluation	- (29)	(2,491) - (1,832)	(35)	(175) - (120)	(2,666) (35) (1,981)
At 31 March 2008	9,971	5,593	8,593	721	24,878
Comprising At cost At valuation	- 9,971	- 5,593	8,593 	- 721	8,593 16,285
	9,971	5,593	8,593	721	24,878
Depreciation and impairment At 1 April 2006 Provided for the year	- 242	- 3,763	8,477 484	- 399	8,477 4,888
Eliminated on disposal of subsidiaries Eliminated on revaluation	(242)	(48) (3,715 <u>)</u>	` ′	(17) (382)	(1,036) (4,339)
At 31 March 2007 Provided for the year Eliminated on	- 250	3,612	7,990 328	- 290	7,990 4,480
disposal of subsidiaries Eliminated on revaluation	(250)	-) <u>(3,612</u>)	(34)	(290)	(34) (4,152)
At 31 March 2008			8,284		8,284
Carrying amounts At 31 March 2008	9,971	5,593	309	721	16,594
At 31 March 2007	10,000	9,916	612	670	21,198



For the year ended 31 March 2008

16. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONTINUED)

Company

	Furniture and equipment HK\$*000
Cost	
At 1 April 2006	2,329
Additions	44
At 31 March 2007	2,373
Additions	26
At 31 March 2008	2,399
Depreciation and impairment	
At 1 April 2006	1,935
Provided for the year	233
At 31 March 2007	2,168
Provided for the year	93
At 31 March 2008	2,261
Carrying amounts	
At 31 March 2008	<u> 138</u>
At 31 March 2007	205

The above items of property, plant and equipment are depreciated on a straight-line basis at the following rates per annum:

Leasehold buildings: Over the lease terms

Plant and machinery: 10% Furniture and equipment: 20% Motor vehicles: 20%

At 31 March 2008, the Group's leasehold buildings were situated in Hong Kong and held under medium-term leases, which were pledged to secure general banking facilities granted to the Group (note 43).

For the year ended 31 March 2008

16. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONTINUED)

The Group's leasehold buildings were revalued on 31 March 2008 at HK\$9,971,000 (2007: HK\$10,000,000) by Asset Appraisal Limited, independent qualified professional valuers not connected with the Group. Asset Appraisal Limited is a member of Hong Kong Institute of Surveyors, and has appropriate qualifications and recent experiences in the valuation of similar properties in the relevant locations. The valuation was arrived at by reference to market evidence of transaction prices for similar properties. The gain on revaluation of approximately HK\$221,000 (2007: HK\$542,000) was credited to the asset revaluation reserve.

The fair value of the Group's plant and machinery at 31 March 2008 of approximately HK\$5,593,000 (2007: HK\$9,916,000) was arrived at on the basis of a valuation carried out on that date by Asset Appraisal Limited, on a fair market value, continued use basis. The gain on revaluation of approximately HK\$1,780,000 (2007: HK\$2,135,000) was credited to the asset revaluation reserve.

The fair value of the Group's motor vehicles at 31 March 2008 of approximately HK\$721,000 (2007: HK\$670,000) was arrived at on the basis of a valuation carried out on that date by Asset Appraisal Limited, on a fair market value, continued use basis. The gain on revaluation of approximately HK\$175,000 (2007: HK\$198,000) was credited to the asset revaluation reserve and a loss on revaluation of approximately HK\$5,000 (2007: HK\$11,000) was charged to the income statement.

The directors consider that the carrying value of furniture and equipment at 31 March 2008 of approximately HK\$309,000 (2007: HK\$612,000) approximates their fair values and, in view of the immateriality of the individual amount involved, a professional valuation has not been carried out on these assets.

Had the Group's property, plant and equipment been measured on a historical cost basis, the carrying amounts of leasehold buildings, plant and machinery, and motor vehicles at 31 March 2008 would have been approximately HK\$5,187,000, HK\$2,408,000 and HK\$468,000, respectively.

17. PREPAID LEASE PAYMENTS

The Group's prepaid lease payments comprise:

	2008 HK\$′000	2007 HK\$'000
Land in Hong Kong Medium term lease Land outside Hong Kong	659	675
Medium term lease	189,659	
	190,318	675

For the year ended 31 March 2008

18. INVESTMENT PROPERTY

	Group <i>HK\$'000</i>
FAIR VALUE	
At 1 April 2006	4,400
Net increase in fair value	400
At 31 March 2007	4,800
Net increase in fair value	1,700
At 31 March 2008	6,500

The fair value of the Group's investment property at 31 March 2008 has been arrived at on the basis of a valuation carried out on that date by Asset Appraisal Limited. The valuation was arrived at by reference to market evidence of transaction prices for similar properties.

All of the Group's property interests held under operating leases to earn rentals purposes are measured using the fair value model and are classified and accounted for as investment properties.

At 31 March 2008, the Group's investment property was located in Hong Kong and held under medium-term lease, which was pledged to secure general banking facilities granted to the Group (note 43).

19. GOODWILL

	Group
	HK\$'000
Cost and carrying amounts	
At 1 April 2006	2,308
Eliminated on disposal of a subsidiary (note 37)	(365)
At 31 March 2007	1,943
Eliminated on disposal of a subsidiary (note 37)	(1,943)
Acquired on acquisition of subsidiaries (note 36)	89,829
At 31 March 2008	89,829

For the year ended 31 March 2008

19. GOODWILL (CONTINUED)

For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill has been allocated to the following cash generating units (CGU):

	2008 HK\$'000	2007 HK\$'000
Trading of plastic products Development and management of a series of sophora products and of biological	-	1,943
vegetable oil in the PRC	89,829	
	89,829	1,943

The recoverable amount of the CGU which is engaged in the development and management of a series of sophora products and of biological vegetable oil in the PRC is determined based on a value in use calculation which uses cash flow projections based on financial budgets approved by management covering a five-year period, and a discount rate of 4% per annum. Cash flows beyond that five-year period have been extrapolated using a steady 3% per annum growth rate, which is determined by management based on its expectation of market development.

20. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES

	Company		
	2008	2007	
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
Unlisted shares, at cost	53,662	53,662	
Amounts due from subsidiaries	382,150	219,471	
	435,812	273,133	
Less: accumulated impairment	(115,127)	(115,663)	
	320,685	157,470	
Amounts due from subsidiaries classified as current	(44,262)	(58,580)	
	276,423	98,890	

The amounts due from and due to subsidiaries are unsecured, interest-free and have no fixed terms of repayment.

For the year ended 31 March 2008

20. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (CONTINUED)

Particulars of the Company's subsidiaries at 31 March 2008 are as follows:

Name of subsidiary	Place of incorporation and operations	Form of business structure	Issued share capital/paid up capital	Percentage of equity attributable to the Company	Principal activities
Directly held					
Wing Hing Group (BVI) Limited	British Virgin Islands	Limited liability company	Ordinary HK\$320,000	100%	Investment holding
CWS International Trading Limited	British Virgin Islands	Limited liability company	Ordinary US\$10	100%	Investment holding
Club Ace Holdings Limited	British Virgin Islands	Limited liability company	Ordinary US\$1	100%	Investment holding
Indirectly held					
W. Hing Construction Company Limited	Hong Kong	Limited liability company	Ordinary HK\$102,300,100 Deferred HK\$2,380,000 (<i>Note (i</i>))	100%	Superstructure construction
CWF Piling & Civil Engineering Company Limited	Hong Kong	Limited liability company	Ordinary HK\$48,500,000 Deferred HK\$1,500,000 (Note (i))	100%	Foundation piling
Sunny Engineering Limited	Hong Kong	Limited liability company	Ordinary HK\$1,000	100%	Property investment and investment holding

Percentage

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 March 2008

20. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (CONTINUED)

Particulars of the Company's subsidiaries at 31 March 2008 are as follows:

Name of subsidiary	Place of incorporation and operations	Form of business structure	Issued share capital/paid up capital	of equity attributable to the Company	Principal activities
W H China (Holdings) Limited	Hong Kong	Limited liability company	Ordinary HK\$2	100%	Investment holding
W H Interior Design and Contracting Company Limited	Hong Kong	Limited liability company	Ordinary HK\$2	100%	Interior decoration
JCL Engineering Limited	Hong Kong	Limited liability company	Ordinary HK\$10,000	91%	Environmental engineering
CSP (HK) Limited	Hong Kong	Limited liability company	Ordinary HK\$10	100%	Investment holding
TCL Piling Specialist Limited	Hong Kong	Limited liability company	Ordinary HK\$1,920,002	100%	Foundation piling
Farrell Global Limited	British Virgin Islands	Limited liability company	Ordinary US\$1	100%	Investment holding
Asia Biodiesel and Renewable Energy (Mongolia) Company Limited	Hong Kong	Limited liability company	Ordinary HK\$1	100%	Investment holding
內蒙古蒙威生物油 環保制品有限公司 (Transliterated as Inner Mongolia Meng Wei Biodiesel and Environmental Protection Products Company Limited)	PRC	Sino-foreign co-operative joint venture	Registered capital US\$25,017,500	55%	Development and management of a series of sophora products and of biological vegetable oil

78

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 March 2008

20. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (CONTINUED)

Note:

(i) The deferred shares carry no rights to dividends and no rights to receive notice of or to attend or vote at any general meeting of the company. In the winding-up of a company, holders of the deferred shares are entitled to receive amounts paid-up or credited as paid-up on shares after the holders of the ordinary shares of the company have received a total return of HK\$1,000,000,000 per share. At 31 March 2008, all these deferred shares were owned by Wing Hing Group (BVI) Limited.

21. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES

	Group		
	2008	2007	
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
Cost of investments in associates			
Unlisted	4,787	4,787	
Share of post-acquisition results,			
net of dividends received	17,466	(3,913)	
	22,253	874	
Amounts due from associates	15,007	32,120	
Less: accumulated impairment	(7,075)	(877)	
	7,932	31,243	
Amounts due from associates classified as current	(7,932)	(11,078)	
		20,165	
	22,253	21,039	

For the year ended 31 March 2008

21. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES (CONTINUED)

Particulars of the Group's principal associates at 31 March 2008 are as follows:

Name of entity	Form of business structure	Place of incorporation and operations	Proportion of nominal value of issued capital held by the Group	Principal activities
Design Landscapes International (HK) Company Limited (note (i))	Limited liability company	Hong Kong	50%	Provision of landscaping services
Design Landscapes International (Group) Company Limited	Limited liability company	Hong Kong	50%	Provision of landscaping services
King Fine Development Limited	Limited liability company	Hong Kong	35%	Property development
Hypsos Leisure Asia Limited	Limited liability company	Hong Kong	42.5%	Exhibition project management

Notes:

- (i) On 13 July 2006, W. Hing Construction Company Limited ("WH Construction"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, entered into a conditional subscription agreement dated 13 July 2006 with Design Landscapes International (HK) Company Limited ("Design Landscapes"), pursuant to which WH Construction agreed to subscribe for 42,711 new shares of Design Landscapes for an aggregate cash consideration of HK\$93,110. On the same day, Mr. Keith Jeferey Dood, an independent third party, entered into another conditional subscription agreement dated 13 July 2006 with Design Landscapes, pursuant to which Mr. Dood agreed to subscribe for 67,511 new shares of Design Landscapes for an aggregate cash consideration of HK\$147,174. Upon completion of the aforesaid subscription agreements, the interest of WH Construction in Design Landscapes was reduced from 51% to approximately 50%. Accordingly, the results of Design Landscapes were consolidated up to August 2006 and accounted for as an associate of the Group thereafter.
- (ii) The above table lists the associates of the Group which, in the opinion of the directors, principally affected the results or assets of the Group. To give details of other associates would, in the opinion of the directors, result in particulars of excessive length.

For the year ended 31 March 2008

21. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES (CONTINUED)

The summarized financial information in respect of the Group's associates is set out below:

	2008 HK\$'000	2007 HK\$'000
Total assets Total liabilities	261,716 (207,023)	196,507 (196,326)
Net assets	54,693	181
Group's share of net assets of associates	22,253	874
Revenue	176,358	71,110
Profit/(Loss) for the year	50,564	(8,945)
Group's share of profits/(losses) of associates for the year	21,484	(3,497)

22. INTERESTS IN JOINTLY-CONTROLLED ENTITIES

	Group		
	2008	2007	
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
Cost of investments in jointly-controlled entities			
Unlisted	34,639	34,639	
Share of post-acquisition results,			
net of dividends received	(30,177)	(25,330)	
	4,462	9,309	
Amounts due from jointly-controlled entities	15,014	8,652	
	19,476	17,961	
Amounts due from jointly-controlled entities			
classified as current	(4,684)	(8,652)	
	14,792	9,309	

For the year ended 31 March 2008

22. INTERESTS IN JOINTLY-CONTROLLED ENTITIES (CONTINUED)

Particulars of the Group's principal jointly-controlled entities at 31 March 2008 are as follows:

Name of entity	Form of business structure	Place of incorporation/ registration and operations	Proportion of voting power held	Proportion of nominal value of issued capital held by the Group	Principal activities
Costain-China Harbour Joint Venture	Unincorporated	Hong Kong	33-1/3%	40%	Foundation piling
CHEC-CWF Limited	Limited liability company	Hong Kong	30%	30%	Highway maintenance
China Harbour- Transfield Joint Venture	Unincorporated	Hong Kong	25%	15.3%	Drainage improvement
China Harbour-CWF Joint Venture	Unincorporated	Hong Kong	50%	49%	Foundation piling
MLL-CWF Joint Venture	Unincorporated	Hong Kong	50%	40%	Foundation piling
Excel-China Harbour Joint Venture	Unincorporated	Hong Kong	15%	15%	Fresh Water Plumbing Work
Veolia Water (Zhuhai) Wastewater Treatment Company Limited	Sino-foreign co-operative joint venture	PRC	50%	40%	Provision of wastewater treatment service
Veolia Water (Zhuhai) Wastewater Treatment Operations Company Limited	Sino-foreign co-operative joint venture	PRC	20%	39%	Provision of wastewater treatment management service

The above table lists the jointly-controlled entities of the Group which, in the opinion of the directors, principally affected the results or assets of the Group. To give details of other jointly-controlled entities would, in the opinion of the directors, result in particulars of excessive length.



For the year ended 31 March 2008

22. INTERESTS IN JOINTLY-CONTROLLED ENTITIES (CONTINUED)

The summarized financial information in respect of the Group's jointly-controlled entities is set out below:

	2008 HK\$'000	2007 HK\$'000
Total assets Total liabilities	378,486 (391,847)	378,923 (365,967)
Net (liabilities)/assets	(13,361)	12,956
Group's share of net assets of jointly-controlled entities	4,462	9,309
Revenue	549,233	412,994
Loss for the year	(31,202)	(68,134)
Group's share of losses of jointly-controlled entities for the year	(4,847)	(19,467)

23. AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE INVESTMENT

	Group	
	2008	2007
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Unlisted equity securities	1	

Notes:

- (i) The unlisted equity securities represent the Group's investment in 8% of the issued share capital of Wealthy Star Development Limited, a private limited liability company incorporated in Hong Kong which is engaged in property development. The investment is measured at cost less impairment at each balance sheet date because the range of reasonable fair value estimates is so significant that the directors of the Company are of the opinion that its fair value cannot be measured reliably.
- (ii) The amount due from an investee entity, Wealthy Star Development Limited, at 31 March 2008 of approximately HK\$53,796,000 (2007: HK\$16,604,000) is unsecured, interest-free and has no fixed terms of repayment.

For the year ended 31 March 2008

24. DEFERRED TAXATION

The following are the major deferred tax balances recognized and movements thereon during the current and prior year:

Deferred tax liabilities

	Accelerated tax	Revaluation of	
	depreciation	assets	Total
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
At 1 April 2006	(140)	1,772	1,632
Charge to consolidated income			
statement for the year (note 10)	140	-	140
Charge to equity for the year		1,040	1,040
At 31 March 2007	-	2,812	2,812
Charge to consolidated income			
statement for the year (note 10)	818	-	818
Credit to equity for the year	 .	(487)	(487)
At 31 March 2008	818	2,325	3,143

Deferred tax assets

	Tax Iosses	Decelerated tax depreciation	Revaluation of assets	Total
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
At 1 April 2006 Credit/ (Charge) to consolidated income statement for	1,011	-	124	1,135
the yea <i>r (note 10)</i>	(403)	356		(47)
At 31 March 2007 Released on disposal of	608	356	124	1,088
a subsidiary (note 37) Credit/ (Charge) to consolidated income statement for the year	(144)	(1)	_	(145)
(note 10)	381	(355)	(124)	(98)
At 31 March 2008	845			845

For the year ended 31 March 2008

24. DEFERRED TAXATION (CONTINUED)

For the purpose of balance sheet presentation, certain deferred tax assets and liabilities have been offset. The following is the analysis of the deferred tax balances for financial reporting purposes:

	2008 HK\$'000	2007 HK\$'000
Deferred tax liabilities Deferred tax assets	2,487 (189)	1,828 (104)
	2,298	1,724

At the balance sheet date, the Group has unused tax losses of approximately HK\$31,735,000 (2007: HK\$40,091,000) available for offset against future profits that may be carried forward indefinitely. A deferred tax asset has been recognized in respect of approximately HK\$4,830,000 (2007: HK\$3,474,000) of such losses. No deferred tax asset has been recognized in respect of the remaining tax losses of approximately HK\$26,905,000 (2007: HK\$36,617,000) due to the unpredictability of future profit streams.

25. LOAN RECEIVABLE

	2008 HK\$′000	2007 HK\$'000
Loan to an associate	1,000	

The Group has provided a short-term loan to an associate which is unsecured and has no fixed terms of repayment. The effective interest for the current year is 12% per annum.

For the year ended 31 March 2008

26. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

	Group	
	2008	2007
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Accounts receivable	68,998	75,214
Less: Allowance for doubtful debts	(27,491)	(27,333)
	41,507	47,881
Contract retention receivables	35,344	33,606
Less: Allowance for doubtful debts	(9,444)	(9,859)
	25,900	23,747
Less: contract retention receivables classified as		
non-current assets	(10,484)	(2,154)
Retentions held by contract customers		
included in trade receivables under current assets	15,416	21,593
Amounts due from contract customers	26,603	25,883
Total trade receivables as shown under current assets	83,526	95,357
Prepayments, deposits and other receivables	2,354	2,794
Amounts due from jointly-controlled entities	4,684	8,652
Amounts due from associates	7,932	11,078
Amounts due from minority shareholders		4,463
	14,970	26,987
	98,496	122,344

The Group's credit terms for its contracting business are negotiated with contract customers. Accounts receivable of a non-retention nature are generally due within 30 days of certification by independent architects as to the value of the contract works performed and claimed by the Group in its interim applications for progress payment.

For the year ended 31 March 2008

26. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (CONTINUED)

Retentions are due on the expiration of contract maintenance/defects liability period, which is determined in accordance with relevant contract terms and generally stipulated as 181 days to 365 days from the date of practical completion of the contract works.

Included in trade receivables are amounts due from contract customers which represent the excess of contract costs incurred to date by the Group plus recognized profits (less recognized losses) over progress billings raised by the Group for respective contracts at the balance sheet date:

	2008 HK\$′000	2007 HK\$*000
Contract costs incurred plus recognized profits less recognized losses Less: progress billings	591,047 (564,444)	844,087 (818,204)
Amounts due from contract customers	26,603	25,883

Included in the Group's trade receivables at 31 March 2008 are amounts due from associates and a jointly-controlled entity of the Group of approximately HK\$1,775,000 (2007: HK\$6,087,000) and HK\$541,000 (2007: HK\$1,163,000) respectively, which are unsecured, interest-free and payable on similar credit terms to those offered to other major customers of the Group. The receivables arose from the undertaking of construction contract works during the year.

The amounts due from jointly-controlled entities, associates and minority shareholders are unsecured, interest-free and have no fixed terms of repayment.

An aged analysis of accounts receivable net of allowance for doubtful debts at the balance sheet date, based on the invoice date, is as follows:

	Group	
	2008	2007
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
0-90 days	40,619	45,153
91-180 days	24	276
181-365 days	644	70
Over 365 days	220	2,382
	41,507	47,881

For the year ended 31 March 2008

26. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (CONTINUED)

An aged analysis of contract retention receivables net of allowance for doubtful debts at the balance sheet date, based on the invoice date, is as follows:

	Group	
	2008	2007
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
0-90 days	3,487	4,135
91-180 days	3,351	2,639
181-365 days	10,533	4,500
Over 365 days	8,529	12,473
	25,900	23,747

An aged analysis of accounts receivable that are not considered to be impaired is as follows:

	Gro	Group	
	2008 HK\$'000	2007 HK\$'000	
Neither past due nor impaired Past due but not impaired	39,798	45,343	
1-90 days 91-180 days	933	144 13	
181-365 days	644	-	
Over 365 days	132	2,381	
	<u>41,507</u>	47,881	

For the year ended 31 March 2008

26. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (CONTINUED)

An aged analysis of contract retention receivables that are not considered to be impaired is as follows:

	Group	
	2008	2007
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Neither past due nor impaired	25,012	23,747
Past due but not impaired		
1-90 days	888	
	25,900	23,747

Receivables that were neither past due nor impaired relate to a large number of diversified customers for whom there was no recent history of default.

Receivables that were past due but not impaired relate to a number of independent customers that have a good track record with the Group. Based on past experience, the directors of the Company are of the opinion that no provision for impairment is necessary in respect of these balances as there has not been a significant change in credit quality and the balances are still considered fully recoverable. The Group does not hold any collateral or other credit enhancements over these balances.

The movement in the allowance for doubtful debts on accounts receivable is as follows:

	Group		
	2008	2007	
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
Balance at beginning of the year	27,333	28,712	
Impairment losses recognized	975	501	
Amounts written off as uncollectible	(67)	(1,035)	
Impairment losses reversed	(750)	(845)	
Balance at end of the year	27,491	27,333	

For the year ended 31 March 2008

26. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (CONTINUED)

The movement in the allowance for doubtful debts on contract retention receivables is as follows:

	Group		
	2008	2007	
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
Balance at beginning of the year	9,859	12,549	
Impairment losses recognized	210	488	
Amounts written off as uncollectible	(220)	(1,777)	
Impairment losses reversed	(405)	(1,401)	
Balance at end of the year	9,444	9,859	

Included in the allowances for doubtful debts are individually impaired accounts receivable and contract retention receivables with balances of HK\$27,491,000 and HK\$9,444,000 (2007: HK\$27,333,000 and HK\$9,859,000) respectively. The individually impaired receivables related to customers that were in dispute or in delinquency in payments and the management assessed that the recovery of the amounts is doubtful. The Group does not hold any collateral over these balances.

An aged analysis of impaired accounts receivable is as follows:

	Group	
	2008	2007
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Over 365 days	27,491	27,333

An aged analysis of impaired contract retention receivables is as follows:

	Group	
	2008 HK\$'000	2007 HK\$'000
Over 365 days	9,444	9,859

90



For the year ended 31 March 2008

27. PLEDGED BANK DEPOSITS AND BANK BALANCES AND CASH

The pledged bank deposits and bank balances carried interest at prevailing market rates.

Pledged bank deposits represent deposits pledged to banks to secure banking facilities granted to the Group. Pledged bank deposits were mainly denominated in Hong Kong dollars. Further details are set out in note 43 to the financial statements.

28. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

	Group		
	2008 HK\$'000	2007 HK\$'000	
Accounts payable Amounts due to contract customers	67,923 37,333	61,727	
Total trade payables as shown under current liabilities	105,256	73,583	
Other payables and accruals Amount due to an associate	34,485 39,207	4,278 -	
Amounts due to jointly-controlled entities Amounts due to minority shareholders	59 210	2,592 1,041	
	73,961	7,911	
	179,217	81,494	

An aged analysis of accounts payable at the balance sheet date is as follows:

	Gro	Group		
	2008 HK\$'000	2007 HK\$'000		
0-90 days 91-180 days 181-365 days Over 365 days	37,982 2,257 8,166 19,518	32,515 3,646 4,746 20,820		
	<u>67,923</u>	61,727		

For the year ended 31 March 2008

28. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES (CONTINUED)

Included in trade payables are amounts due to contract customers which represent the excess of progress billings raised by the Group for the respective contracts over the contract costs incurred to date by the Group plus recognized profits (less recognized losses) at the balance sheet date:

	2008 HK\$'000	2007 HK\$'000
Contract costs incurred plus recognized profits less recognized losses Less: progress billings	849,294 (886,627)	308,331 (320,187)
Amounts due to contract customers	(37,333)	(11,856)

The amounts due to an associate, jointly-controlled entities and minority shareholders are unsecured, interest-free and have no fixed terms of repayment.

29. BANK BORROWING, SECURED

	Group		
	2008 HK\$'000	2007 HK\$'000	
Mortgage Ioan		3,504	
Carrying amount repayable:			
On demand or within one year		846	
More than one year, but not exceeding two years		848	
More than two years, but not more than five years		1,810	
Less: Amounts due within one year shown under		3,504	
current liabilities		(846)	
		2,658	

The mortgage loan at 31 March 2007 was denominated in Hong Kong dollars and its effective interest rate was 6.41% per annum.

For the year ended 31 March 2008

29. BANK BORROWING, SECURED (CONTINUED)

At 31 March 2007, the bank borrowing was secured by the followings:

- (i) legal charges over the Group's leasehold land and buildings situated in Hong Kong, with carrying value of approximately HK\$10,675,000 at 31 March 2007;
- (ii) legal charges over the Group's investment property situated in Hong Kong, with carrying value of approximately HK\$4,800,000 at 31 March 2007; and
- (iii) corporate guarantee to the extent of approximately HK\$4.5 million executed by the Company.

In the opinion of the directors, no material liabilities will arise from the above corporate guarantee which arose in the ordinary course of business and the fair value of the corporate guarantee granted by the Company is immaterial.

30. PROMISSORY NOTE

On 26 March 2008, the Company issued a promissory note with a principal amount of HK\$120,000,000 to the vendor as part of the purchase consideration for the acquisition of the entire equity interests in Farrell Global Limited (note 36). The promissory note is transferable, unsecured, interest-free and has a fixed term of five years from the date of issue.

92

For the year ended 31 March 2008

31. SHARE CAPITAL

		Number	
		of share	Share capital
	Notes		HK\$'000
Authorized			
At 1 April 2006			
Ordinary shares of HK\$0.1 each		1,000,000,000	100,000
Share consolidation	(b)	(900,000,000)	
At 1 April 2007 and 31 March 2008			
Ordinary shares of HK\$1 each		100,000,000	100,000
Issued and fully paid			
At 1 April 2006			
Ordinary shares of HK\$0.1 each		362,000,000	36,200
Share consolidation	(b)	(325,800,000)	-
Rights issue	(C)	18,100,000	18,100
At 1 April 2007			
Ordinary shares of HK\$1 each		54,300,000	54,300
Shares issued on acquisition of subsidiaries	(d)	14,700,000	14,700
At 31 March 2008			
Ordinary shares of HK\$1 each		69,000,000	69,000

Notes:

- (a) On 30 August 2005, the Company issued 5,000,000 unlisted warrants to Complete Success Limited at HK\$0.20 each as part of the purchase consideration for acquisition of additional interest in a subsidiary. The warrants were issued to Complete Success Limited in registered form and constituted by a warrant instrument, and rank pari passu in all respects among themselves. Each warrant carries the right to subscribe for one share of HK\$1.00 each in the capital of the Company at an adjusted subscription price of HK\$2.64 per share. The exercise in full of the outstanding warrants would, with the capital structure of the Company at 31 March 2008, result in the issue of additional 5,681,818 shares of HK\$1.00 each in the capital of the Company.
- (b) Pursuant to the resolutions passed by the Company's shareholders at the special general meeting of the Company held on 22 May 2006, every 10 then existing ordinary shares of HK\$0.10 each in the issued and unissued share capital of the Company were consolidated into one consolidated share of HK\$1.00.

For the year ended 31 March 2008

31. SHARE CAPITAL (CONTINUED)

Notes: (Continued)

Annual Report 2008

- (c) In June 2006, the Company completed a rights issue by issuing 18,100,000 shares of HK\$1.00 each at the subscription price of HK\$1.00 per share.
- (d) Pursuant to a sale and purchase agreement dated 10 January 2008, the Company issued 14,700,000 consideration shares to the vendor as part of the purchase consideration for the acquisition of the entire equity interests in Farrell Global Limited (note 36).

Convertible

32. RESERVES

Company

			O	loan note		
	Share C	ontributed	Warrant	equity	Retained	
	premium HK\$'000	surplus HK\$'000	reserve HK\$'000	reserve HK\$'000	profits HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
At 1 April 2006	35,491	51,562	1,000	-	5,762	93,815
Profit for the year					8,011	8,011
At 31 March 2007	35,491	51,562	1,000	-	13,773	101,826
Profit for the year	-	=	-	-	1,761	1,761
Recognition of equity component of convertible loan note (note 33)	-	-	-	1,653	-	1,653
Early redemption of convertible loan note (note 33)	-	-	-	(1,653)	244	(1,409)
Shares issued on acquisition of subsidiaries (note 36)	14,553					14,553
At 31 March 2008	50,044	51,562	1,000		15,778	118,384

For the year ended 31 March 2008

32. RESERVES (CONTINUED)

The contributed surplus of the Company arose as a result of the Group reorganization scheme and represents the excess of the then combined net assets of the subsidiaries acquired, over the nominal value of the Company's shares issued in exchange therefor. In accordance with the laws of Bermuda, the contributed surplus is distributable in certain circumstances.

33. CONVERTIBLE LOAN NOTE

On 7 May 2007, the Company issued an unsecured convertible loan note with a principal amount of HK\$15,000,000 (the "Convertible Note") to Best Time International Limited. The Convertible Note bore interest at 1% per annum payable half yearly in arrears, with a maturity date of 6 May 2009. The Convertible Note was, at the option of the holder, convertible into ordinary shares of the Company at an initial conversion price of HK\$1.50 per share (subject to adjustment) at any time between the date of issue and the maturity date. The Company had the option to redeem the Convertible Note at any time after the expiry of three calendar months after the date of issue.

The directors had assessed the fair value of the embedded derivative representing the early redemption option and considered that its fair value was insignificant.

On 29 August 2007, the entire Convertible Note was early redeemed by the Company for a consideration of HK\$15.000.000.

The Convertible Note contains the liability and equity components. The equity component is presented in equity heading "Convertible loan note equity reserve". The effective interest rate of the liability component is 7% per annum.

The movement of the liability component of the convertible loan note for the year is set out below:

	HK\$'000
Proceed of issue	15,000
Equity component	(1,653)
Liability component at date of issue	13,347
Interest charged during the year	292
Interest payable during the year	(48)
Early redemption by the Company	(13,591)
Liability component at 31 March 2008	

For the year ended 31 March 2008

34. CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group manages its capital to ensure that entities in the Group will be able to continue as a going concern while maximizing the return to stakeholders through the optimization of the debt and equity balance. The Group's overall strategy remains unchanged from prior year.

The capital structure of the Group consists of debt (which includes trade and other payables, bank borrowing and promissory note), cash and cash equivalents and equity attributable to equity holders of the Company, comprising issued share capital, reserves and retained profits.

Gearing ratio

	2008 HK\$'000	2007 HK\$*000
Debt (i) Cash and cash equivalents	277,497 (58,619)	84,998 (33,742)
Net debt Equity (ii)	218,878 304,078	51,256 163,762
Net debt to equity ratio		31%

Notes:

- (i) Debt comprises trade and other payables, bank borrowing and promissory note as detailed in notes 28, 29 and 30 respectively.
- (ii) Equity includes all capital and reserves of the Group.

For the year ended 31 March 2008

35. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

(a) Categories of financial instruments

	Notes	2008 HK\$'000	2007 HK\$'000
Financial assets	7 10703	71K\$ 666	1 III Q 000
Loans and receivables:			
- Amount due from an investee entity	23	53,796	16,604
- Loan receivable	25	1,000	-
- Trade and other receivables	26	91,572	118,780
- Pledged bank deposits	27	21,860	16,675
- Bank balances and cash	27	58,619	33,742
		226,847	185,801
Available-for-sale financial asset:			
- Available-for-sale investment	23	1	
Financial liabilities			
Amortized cost:			
- Trade and other payables	28	141,884	69,638
- Bank borrowing, secured	29	-	3,504
- Promissory note	30	98,280	
		240,164	73,142

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Group's major financial instruments include available-for-sale investment, loan receivable, trade and other receivables, pledged bank deposits, bank balances and cash, trade and other payables, bank borrowing and promissory note. Details of these financial instruments are disclosed in the respective notes. The risks associated with these financial instruments and the policies on how to mitigate these risks are set out below. The management manages and monitors these exposures to ensure appropriate measures are implemented on a timely and effective manner.



For the year ended 31 March 2008

35. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Market risk

There has been no change to the Group's exposure to market risk or the manner in which it manages and measures the risk.

Foreign currency risk

During the year ended 31 March 2008, the Group mainly operated in Hong Kong and the majority of the Group's transactions and balances as at and for the year ended 31 March 2008 were denominated in Hong Kong dollars. The directors consider that the currency risk is not significant and the Group currently does not have a foreign currency hedging policy. However, the management monitors foreign exchange exposure and will consider hedging significant foreign currency exposure should the need arise.

Interest rate risk

The Group is not exposed to significant fair value interest rate risk and cash flows interest rate risk. The Group currently does not have an interest rate hedging policy. However, the management monitors interest rate exposure and will consider hedging significant interest rate exposure should the need arise.

Price risk

As the Group has no significant investments, the Group is not subject to significant price risk.

Credit risk

The Group's maximum exposure to credit risk which will cause a financial loss to the Group due to failure to discharge an obligation by the counterparties is arising from the carrying amount of the respective recognized financial assets as stated in the consolidated balance sheet.

In order to minimize the credit risk, the management of the Group has delegated a team responsible for monitoring procedures to ensure that follow-up action is taken to recover overdue debts. In addition, the Group reviews the recoverable amount of each individual receivable at each balance sheet date to ensure that adequate impairment losses are made for irrecoverable amounts. In this regard, the management considers that the Group's credit risk is significantly reduced.

The credit risk on liquid funds is limited because the counterparties are banks with high credit ratings.

For the year ended 31 March 2008

35. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Credit risk (Continued)

The Group's concentration of credit risk by geographical locations is mainly in Hong Kong, which accounted for over 90% (2007: over 90%) of the total trade receivables as at 31 March 2008. In addition, the Group has concentration risk on the amounts due from an investee entity, a jointly-controlled entity and an associate amounted to approximately HK\$53,796,000 (2007: HK\$16,604,000), HK\$12,506,000 (2007: HK\$4,212,000) and HK\$14,000,000 (2007: HK\$10,900,000) respectively. The Group has no significant concentration of credit risk by customers, with exposure spread over a number of counterparties and customers.

Liquidity risk

In the management of the liquidity risk, the Group monitors and maintains a level of cash and cash equivalents deemed adequate by the management to finance the Group's operations and mitigate the effects of fluctuations in cash flows. The management monitors the utilization of borrowings and ensures compliance with loan covenants.

The following tables detail the Group's remaining contractual maturity for its financial liabilities which are included in the maturity analysis provided internally to the key management personnel for the purpose of managing liquidity risk. The tables have been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities based on the earliest date on which the Group can be required to pay. The tables include both interest and principal cash flows.

		Less			Total	Total		
	On	than	3 months	undiscounted		s months undiscour	indiscounted	carrying
	demand	3 months	to 1 year	1-5 years	cash flows	amount		
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000		
2008								
Non-derivative								
financial liabilities								
Trade and other								
payables	63,314	39,094	39,476	-	141,884	141,884		
Promissory note				120,000	120,000	98,280		
	63,314	39,094	39,476	120,000	261,884	240,164		

For the year ended 31 March 2008

35. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Liquidity risk (Continued)

		Less			Total	Total
	On	than	3 months	U	ındiscounted	carrying
	demand	3 months	to 1 year	1-5 years	cash flows	amount
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
2007						
Non-derivative						
financial liabilities						
Trade and other						
payables	34,187	31,818	3,633	-	69,638	69,638
Bank borrowing,						
secured	-	263	788	2,890	3,941	3,504
	34,187	32,081	4,421	2,890	73,579	73,142

(c) Fair value of financial instruments

The fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities are determined as follows:

- (i) The fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities with standard terms and conditions and traded on active liquid markets are determined with reference to quoted market bid prices and ask prices respectively;
- (ii) The fair values of other financial assets and financial liabilities are determined in accordance with generally accepted pricing models based on discounted cash flow analysis using prices or rates from observable current market transactions as input. For an option-based derivative, the fair value is estimated using option pricing model.

The directors of the Company consider that the carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded in the consolidated financial statements approximate their fair values.

100

For the year ended 31 March 2008

36. ACQUISITION OF SUBSIDIARIES

Pursuant to a sale and purchase agreement dated 10 January 2008, the Group acquired the entire equity interests in Farrell Global Limited and its shareholder's loan for an aggregate consideration of HK\$250,000,000.

The net assets acquired in the transaction and the goodwill arising are as follows:

Acquirees' carrying amount before combination and fair value

	HK\$'000
Net assets acquired:	
Prepaid lease payments	194,285
Bank balances and cash	5
Other payables	(20)
Minority interests	(105,086)
	89,184
Goodwill	89,829
	179,013



For the year ended 31 March 2008

36. ACQUISITION OF SUBSIDIARIES (CONTINUED)

HK\$'000
1,480
20,000
30,000
29,253
98,280
179,013
(21,480)
5
(21,475)

Notes:

- (i) The fair value of the 14,700,000 consideration shares issued was determined by reference to the published share price at the date of exchange.
- (ii) The fair value of the promissory note issued was determined by discounting the amounts payable to their present value at the date of exchange.

The goodwill arising on acquisition of Farrell Global Limited was attributable to the anticipated profitability of its business.

Farrell Global Limited and its subsidiaries contributed a loss of approximately HK\$4,629,000 to the Group's profit for the period between the date of acquisition and 31 March 2008. If the acquisition had been completed on 1 April 2007, total group revenue for the year ended 31 March 2008 would have been approximately HK\$513,387,000 and profit for the year would have been approximately HK\$5,909,000. This pro forma information is for illustrative purpose only and is not necessarily an indication of revenue and results of the Group that actually would have been achieved had the acquisition been completed on 1 April 2007, nor is it intended to be a projection of future results.

For the year ended 31 March 2008

37. DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARIES

During the year ended 31 March 2008, CHEC-CWF Joint Venture, a 51% owned subsidiary of the Group, was deregistered on 2 January 2008 upon cessation of business. On 3 January 2008, the Group disposed of its entire equity interests in Supertact Plastics Company Limited for a cash consideration of HK\$5. The net assets of CHEC-CWF Joint Venture and Supertact Plastics Company Limited at the respective dates of disposal were as follows:

Net assets / (liabilities) disposed of:		2008 HK\$′000	2007 HK\$'000
Deferred tax assets	Net assets/(liabilities) disposed of:		
Trade receivables 965 16,026 Other receivables 1,685 219 Bank balances and cash 536 13,916 Trade payables (3,754) (16,337) Other payables and accruals (12) (201) Amounts due to associates - (10,009) Amounts due from/(to) minority shareholders - (1,156) Current tax liabilities - (1,156) Minority interests (2,951) (3,382) Attributable goodwill 1,943 3,365 Release of assets revaluation reserves - (78) Loss)/Gain on disposal of subsidiaries 2,791 (7) (Loss)/Gain on disposal of subsidiaries 2,791 (7) (Loss)/Gain on disposal of subsidiaries 2,791 3,843 Satisfied by: - - 3,836 Satisfied by: - - - - Cash consideration - - - - - Interest in associates - 3,929 - -<	Property, plant and equipment	1	632
Other receivables 1,685 219 Bank balances and cash 536 13,916 Trade payables (3,754) (16,337) Other payables and accruals (12) (201) Amounts due to associates - (10,009) Amounts due from/(to) minority shareholders 4,233 (2) Current tax liabilities - (1,156) Minority interests (2,951) (3,382) Attributable goodwill 1,943 3.65 Release of assets revaluation reserves - (78) Loss)/Gain on disposal of subsidiaries 2,791 (7) (Loss)/Gain on disposal of subsidiaries 2,791 (7) (Loss)/Gain on disposal of subsidiaries 3,836 Satisfied by: - - Cash consideration - - Interest in associates - 3,929 Cash consideration paid for acquisition of new shares of an associate - (93)	Deferred tax assets	145	-
Bank balances and cash 536 13,916 Trade payables (3,754) (16,337) Other payables and accruals (12) (201) Amounts due to associates - (10,009) Amounts due from/(to) minority shareholders 4,233 (2) Current tax liabilities - (1,156) Minority interests (2,951) (3,382) Attributable goodwill 1,943 365 Release of assets revaluation reserves - (78) (Loss)/Gain on disposal of subsidiaries 2,791 (7) (Loss)/Gain on disposal of subsidiaries 2,791 (7) (Loss)/Gain on disposal of subsidiaries - 3,836 Satisfied by: - - - Cash consideration - - - Interest in associates - 3,929 Cash consideration paid for acquisition of new shares of an associate - (93)	Trade receivables	965	16,026
Trade payables (3,754) (16,337) Other payables and accruals (12) (201) Amounts due to associates - (10,009) Amounts due from/(to) minority shareholders 4,233 (2) Current tax liabilities - (1,156) Minority interests (2,951) (3,382) Attributable goodwill 1,943 365 Release of assets revaluation reserves - (78) (Loss)/Gain on disposal of subsidiaries 2,791 (7) (Loss)/Gain on disposal of subsidiaries 2,791 (7) (Loss)/Gain on disposal of subsidiaries - 3,836 Satisfied by: - - - Cash consideration - - - Interest in associates - 3,929 Cash consideration paid for acquisition of new shares of an associate - (93)	Other receivables		
Other payables and accruals Amounts due to associates Amounts due from/(to) minority shareholders Current tax liabilities Minority interests Attributable goodwill Release of assets revaluation reserves Attributable goodwill Release of assets revaluation reserves Cash consideration Interest in associates Cash consideration paid for acquisition of new shares of an associate (12) (201) (10,009) 4,233 (2) (1,156) (2,951) (3,382) 848 (294) 1,943 365 - (78) 2,791 (2,791) 3,843 - 3,836	Bank balances and cash		13,916
Amounts due to associates Amounts due from/(to) minority shareholders Current tax liabilities Minority interests 4,233 (2) (1,156) Minority interests (2,951) (3,382) Attributable goodwill Release of assets revaluation reserves - (78) (Loss)/Gain on disposal of subsidiaries Satisfied by: Cash consideration Interest in associates Cash consideration paid for acquisition of new shares of an associate - (93)			` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` `
Amounts due from/(to) minority shareholders Current tax liabilities Minority interests (2) (1,156) Minority interests (2,951) (3,382) 848 (294) Attributable goodwill Release of assets revaluation reserves - (78) (1,156) (2,951) (3,382) 848 (294) 1,943 365 - (78) 2,791 (7) (2,791) 3,843 Satisfied by: Cash consideration Interest in associates Cash consideration paid for acquisition of new shares of an associate - (93)		(12)	` ′
Current tax liabilities Minority interests (1,156) Minority interests (2,951) (3,382) 848 (294) Attributable goodwill Release of assets revaluation reserves - (78) (Loss)/Gain on disposal of subsidiaries 2,791 (2,791) (2,791) 3,843 Satisfied by: Cash consideration Interest in associates Cash consideration paid for acquisition of new shares of an associate - (93)		-	(10,009)
Minority interests (2,951) (3,382) 848 (294) Attributable goodwill Release of assets revaluation reserves - (78) (Loss)/Gain on disposal of subsidiaries 2,791 (2,791) (3,382) 2,791 (7) (2,791) 3,843 - 3,836 Satisfied by: Cash consideration Interest in associates Cash consideration paid for acquisition of new shares of an associate - (93)		4,233	` ′
Attributable goodwill Release of assets revaluation reserves 2,791 (Loss)/Gain on disposal of subsidiaries 2,791 (2,791) 3,843 Satisfied by: Cash consideration Interest in associates Cash consideration paid for acquisition of new shares of an associate - (93)		-	` ′
Attributable goodwill Release of assets revaluation reserves 2,791 (Loss)/Gain on disposal of subsidiaries 2,791 (2,791) 3,843 Satisfied by: Cash consideration Interest in associates Cash consideration paid for acquisition of new shares of an associate - (93)	Minority interests	(2,951)	(3,382)
Attributable goodwill Release of assets revaluation reserves 2,791 (Loss)/Gain on disposal of subsidiaries 2,791 (2,791) 3,843 Satisfied by: Cash consideration Interest in associates Cash consideration paid for acquisition of new shares of an associate - (93)			
Release of assets revaluation reserves - (78) 2,791 (7) (Loss)/Gain on disposal of subsidiaries - 3,836 Satisfied by: Cash consideration Interest in associates Cash consideration paid for acquisition of new shares of an associate - (93)		848	(294)
2,791 (7) (Loss)/Gain on disposal of subsidiaries - 3,836 Satisfied by: Cash consideration Interest in associates Cash consideration paid for acquisition of new shares of an associate - (93)	Attributable goodwill	1,943	365
(Loss)/Gain on disposal of subsidiaries (2,791) 3,843 - 3,836 Satisfied by: Cash consideration Interest in associates Cash consideration paid for acquisition of new shares of an associate (93)	Release of assets revaluation reserves		(78)
(Loss)/Gain on disposal of subsidiaries (2,791) 3,843 - 3,836 Satisfied by: Cash consideration Interest in associates Cash consideration paid for acquisition of new shares of an associate (93)			
(Loss)/Gain on disposal of subsidiaries (2,791) 3,843 - 3,836 Satisfied by: Cash consideration Interest in associates Cash consideration paid for acquisition of new shares of an associate (2,791) 3,843		2,791	(7)
Satisfied by: Cash consideration Interest in associates Cash consideration paid for acquisition of new shares of an associate - (93)	(Loss)/Gain on disposal of subsidiaries	(2,791)	
Satisfied by: Cash consideration Interest in associates Cash consideration paid for acquisition of new shares of an associate - (93)			
Satisfied by: Cash consideration Interest in associates Cash consideration paid for acquisition of new shares of an associate - (93)		_	3 836
Cash consideration 3,929 Interest in associates - 3,929 Cash consideration paid for acquisition of new shares of an associate - (93)			
Cash consideration 3,929 Interest in associates - 3,929 Cash consideration paid for acquisition of new shares of an associate - (93)	Catiofical by		
Interest in associates - 3,929 Cash consideration paid for acquisition of new shares of an associate - (93)			
Cash consideration paid for acquisition of new shares of an associate (93)		_	3 020
new shares of an associate (93)		_	5,729
		_	(03)
3,836	riew strates of all associate		(90)
3,836			0.007
			3,836

For the year ended 31 March 2008

37. DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARIES (CONTINUED)

Net cash outflow arising on disposal:

	2008 HK\$′000	2007 HK\$1000
Cash consideration	-	-
Cash consideration paid for acquisition of		
new shares of an associate	-	93
Bank balances and cash disposed of	536	13,916
	536	14,009

38. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

(i) At 31 March 2008, the Group had executed guarantees in respect of performance bonds in favor of contract customers of approximately HK\$25,143,000 (2007:HK\$54,138,000). In addition, at 31 March 2008, the Company had executed guarantees in favor of contract customers in respect of the performance of obligation under contracts by a jointly-controlled entity, China Harbour-CWF Joint Venture, with original contract sum of approximately HK\$85,392,000 (2007: HK\$84,938,000). China Harbour-CWF Joint Venture is jointly-controlled by China Harbour Engineering Company Limited, an independent third party, and CWF Piling & Civil Engineering Co., Ltd., a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company.

At 31 March 2008, the Company had executed guarantees for approximately HK\$36,000,000 in respect of the general banking facilities granted to CHEC-CWF Limited (a jointly-controlled entity in which the Group has 30% equity interests).

At 31 March 2008, the Company had executed guarantees for approximately HK\$73,760,000 in respect of the general banking facilities granted to Wealthy Star Development Limited (an investee entity in which the Group has 8% equity interests).

At 31 March 2008, the Company had executed guarantees for approximately HK\$44,620,000 (2007: HK\$42,800,000) in respect of the general banking facilities granted to W. Hing Construction Company Limited and CWF Piling & Civil Engineering Company Limited (whollyowned subsidiaries of the Company).

104

For the year ended 31 March 2008

38. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

(i) (Continued)

In the opinion of the directors, no material liabilities will arise from the above corporate guarantees which arose in the ordinary course of business and the fair value of the corporate guarantees granted by the Company is immaterial.

- (ii) At 31 March 2008, certain subsidiaries of the Company had provided undertakings of financial support to certain of the Group's jointly-controlled entities in proportion to their equity interests in these entities, in order that these entities could meet their obligations and liabilities as and when they fall due. The Group's share of the net deficiency in assets of these jointly-controlled entities at 31 March 2008 in the amount of approximately HK\$17,342,000 (2007: HK\$14,372,000) has already been accounted for in presenting these financial statements.
- (iii) The Group was previously engaged in early 2000 in the undertaking of a piling work contract, which was terminated by the contract customer during 2001 prior to the completion of contract works as a result of the allegation of non-conforming piles. In the previous year, the contract customer demanded from the Group the retrenchment of HK\$5 million of the contract fees received by the Group, as compensation for early termination of the contract works. In prior years, the contract customer was in the process of undergoing a court compulsory winding-up and the provisional liquidator of the contract customer requested payment of HK\$8 million from the Group. Having considered legal counsel's advice, the directors are of the opinion that the claim is unlikely to succeed. Accordingly, no provision has been made in these financial statements.
- (iv) The Group has a contingent liability in respect of possible future long service payments to employees under the Hong Kong Employment Ordinance, with a maximum possible amount of HK\$2.6 million at 31 March 2008. The contingent liability has arisen because, at the balance sheet date, a number of current employees have achieved the required number of years of service to the Group in order to be eligible for long service payments under the Hong Kong Employment Ordinance if their employment is terminated under certain circumstances. A provision has not been recognized in respect of such possible payments, as it is not considered probable that the situation will result in a material future outflow of resources from the Group.



For the year ended 31 March 2008

38. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

- (v) The Group was previously engaged in early 2000 in the undertaking of a piling work contract. In 2001, the Group made a claim against the main contractor of HK\$7 million for variation orders in addition to the original contract sum. In prior years, the main contractor submitted a counterclaim of HK\$44 million for additional costs incurred due to wrongful repudiation of the subcontract. Having considered the legal counsel's advice, the directors are of the opinion that the Group has a good chance of defending the counterclaim. Accordingly, the directors consider that a provision for the counterclaim is not necessary.
- (vi) A number of claims have been brought against the Group in respect of compensation for alleged personal injuries sustained by construction workers during the execution of contract works. The directors believe that any liabilities of the Group in respect of such claims will be covered either by the Group's insurance policies, or that the Group has a meritorious defense against such claims. Accordingly, the directors do not believe that these claims will have any material adverse impact on the Group and, therefore no provisions have been made in respect thereof.

39. OPERATING LEASES

The Group as lessee

At the balance sheet date, the Group and the Company had commitments for future minimum lease payments under non-cancelable operating leases which fall due as follows:

	2008	2007
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Within one year		28

The Group as lessor

Property rental income earned during the year was HK\$22,000. The investment property of the Group is held for rental purpose.

At the balance sheet date, the Group had contracted with tenants for the following future minimum lease payments:

	2008 HK\$'000	2007 HK\$'000
Within one year In the second to fifth year inclusive	264 242	_
	506	

For the vear ended 31 March 2008

40. COMMITMENT

	2008 HK\$′000	2007 HK\$'000
Capital commitment of US\$4,932,500		
to the registered capital of a PRC subsidiary		
payable by the Group	38,474	

41. SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The Company operates a share option scheme (the "Scheme") for the purpose of providing incentives or rewards to eligible participants for their contribution to the Group and/or to enable the Group to recruit and retain high-caliber employees and attract human resources that are valuable to the Group and any entity in which the Group holds an equity interest (the "Invested Entity"). Eligible participants of the Scheme include the directors and employees of the Company, its subsidiaries or any Invested Entity, suppliers and customers of the Group or any Invested Entity, any technical, financial and legal professional advisers engaged by the Group or any Invested Entity, and any shareholder of any member of the Group or any Invested Entity. The Scheme became effective on 28 August 2002 and unless otherwise terminated or amended, will remain in force for 10 years from that date.

The maximum number of shares which may be issued upon exercise of all outstanding share options granted and yet to be exercised under the Scheme and any other share option schemes of the Company must not exceed 30% of the total number of shares in issue from time to time. The total number of shares which may be issued upon exercise of all share options to be granted under the Scheme and any other share option schemes of the Company shall not in aggregate exceed 10% of the total number of shares in issue on 28 August 2002. Share options which lapse in accordance with the terms of the Scheme or any other share option schemes of the Company will not be counted for the purpose of calculating the 10% limit. The Company may seek approval of the shareholders in a general meeting for refreshing the 10% limit under the Scheme, save that the total number of shares which may be issued upon exercise of all share options to be granted under the Scheme and any other share option schemes of the Company under the limit as refreshed shall not exceed 10% of the total number of shares in issue as at the date of approval of the limit as refreshed. Share options previously granted under the Scheme or any other share option schemes of the Company (including share options outstanding, cancelled, lapsed or exercised in accordance with the terms of the Scheme or any other share option schemes of the Company) will not be counted for the purpose of calculating the limit as refreshed. The total number of shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of the share options granted to each eligible participant (including both exercised and outstanding options) in any 12-month period shall not exceed 1% of the total number of shares in issue.

108

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 March 2008

41. SHARE OPTION SCHEME (CONTINUED)

Each grant of the share options to a director, chief executive or substantial shareholder of the Company, or to any of their associates, under the Scheme must comply with the requirements of Rule 17.04 of the Listing Rules and must be subject to approval by independent non-executive directors to whom share options have not been granted. In addition, any grant of share options to a substantial shareholder or an independent non-executive director of the Company, or to any of their associates, which would result in the shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of all share options already granted and to be granted (including share options exercised, cancelled and outstanding) to such person in the 12-month period up to and including the date of such grant in excess of 0.1% of the shares of the Company in issue and with an aggregate value (based on the closing price of the Company's shares at the date of each grant) in excess of HK\$5 million, are subject to prior shareholders' approval in a general meeting.

The offer of a grant of share options shall be accepted within 28 days from the date of the offer, upon payment of a nominal consideration of HK\$1 in total by the grantee. The exercise period of the share options granted is determinable by the directors, save that such period shall not be more than 10 years from the date of the offer of the share options, subject to the provisions for early termination set out in the Scheme. There is no minimum period for which an option must be held before the exercise of the subscription right attaching thereto, except as otherwise imposed by the board of directors.

The exercise price of the share options is determinable by the directors, but may not be less than the highest of (i) the closing price of the Company's shares as quoted on the daily quotation sheets of the Stock Exchange on the date of the offer of the share options; (ii) the average closing price of the Company's shares as quoted on the daily quotation sheets of the Stock Exchange for the five trading days immediately preceding the date of the offer; and (iii) the nominal value of the Company's shares.

Share options do not confer rights on the holders to dividends or to vote at shareholders' meetings.

The Company has not granted any share options during the year ended 31 March 2008 (2007: Nil). At 31 March 2008, there were no outstanding share options.

For the year ended 31 March 2008

42. RETIREMENT BENEFIT PLANS

The Group operates a Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme for all qualifying employees in Hong Kong. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the Group in funds under the control of trustees. The Group contributes 5% of relevant payroll costs to the scheme, which contribution is matched by employees. During the year under review, the total amount contributed by the Group to the scheme and charged to the consolidated income statement amounted to approximately HK\$1,462,000 (2007: HK\$3,035,000). At 31 March 2008, there were no forfeited contributions available for the Group to offset contributions payable in future years (2007: Nil).

43. PLEDGED OF ASSETS

Assets with the following carrying amounts have been pledged to secure general bank facilities granted to the Group:

	2008 HK\$′000	2007 HK\$'000
Investment property (note 18) Leasehold land and buildings (note 16 and 17) Bank deposits (note 27)	6,500 10,630 21,860	4,800 10,675 16,675
	38,990	32,150

44. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

During the year, the Group entered into the following significant related party transactions:

	Notes	2008 HK\$′000	2007 HK\$'000
Service fee income from jointly-controlled entities	(1)	1,549	40,366
Service fee income from associates	(i)	2,045	371
Sales of materials to a jointly-controlled entity	(ii)	6,522	12,123
Purchases of finished goods from a jointly-controlled entity	(ii)	12,325	18,473
Contract sum received and receivable from an associate	(iii)	7,088	685

For the year ended 31 March 2008

44. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

Notes:

- (i) The service fee income was charged in relation to the provision of management and consultancy services and labors in respect of the undertaking of construction works. The service charge was made on a cost recovery basis.
- (ii) The sales of materials and purchases of finished goods were made in accordance with terms mutually agreed between the parties involved.
- (iii) The contract sum was received for construction contracts subcontracted to the Group. The contract fees were charged in accordance with terms mutually agreed between the parties involved.

The directors of the Company consider that they are the only key management personnel of the Group and details of their compensation are set out in note 12.

45. POST BALANCE SHEET EVENTS

(i) Disposal of subsidiaries

On 4 March 2008, the Company announced that, on 28 February 2008, the Company entered into a conditional sale and purchase agreement (the "Disposal Agreement") with Heart Ace Limited (a connected person of the Company) to dispose of the entire equity interests in Wing Hing Group (BVI) Limited (a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company) and its shareholder's loan for a total consideration of HK\$171,000,000 (the "Disposal").

Pursuant to the Disposal Agreement, a reorganization of the Group shall be conducted prior to completion of the Disposal. Upon completion of the reorganization, Wing Hing Group (BVI) Limited will directly hold the entire issued share capital of Sunny Engineering Limited and CSP (HK) Limited and indirectly hold 35% of the issued share capital of King Fine Development Limited, 8% of the issued share capital of Wealthy Star Development Limited, 39% of the registered and paid up capital of Veolia Water (Zhuhai) Wastewater Treatment Operations Company Limited and 40% of the registered and paid up capital of Veolia Water (Zhuhai) Wastewater Treatment Company Limited.

The Disposal constitutes a very substantial disposal and a connected transaction on the part of the Company under the Listing Rules. Further details of the Disposal are set out in the Company's circular dated 26 March 2008. The resolutions in respect of the transaction were duly passed by the Company's shareholders at the special general meeting of the Company held on 14 April 2008.

110

For the year ended 31 March 2008

45. POST BALANCE SHEET EVENTS (CONTINUED)

(ii) Acquisition of subsidiaries

On 8 July 2008, the Company announced that Bless Luck International Limited (a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company which was formed by the Company on 2 April 2008) entered into a conditional sale and purchase agreement dated 20 June 2008 with an independent third party to acquire 70% of the entire issued share capital of Union Sense Development Limited for a consideration of HK\$210,000,000. The acquisition constitutes a very substantial acquisition on the part of the Company under the Listing Rules and is subject to the approval of the Company's shareholders at a special general meeting to be convened. Further details of the acquisition are set out in the Company's announcement dated 8 July 2008. The aforesaid acquisition has not been completed as of the date of approval of these consolidated financial statements.

Annual Report 2008

Particulars of Investment Property

31 March 2008

INVESTMENT PROPERTY

Location	Interest in property attributable to the Group	Type of lease	Existing use
3rd Floor, Lee Chau Commercial Building No.11 Hart Avenue Tsim Sha Tsui, Kowloon	100%	Medium term lease	Commercial building held for rental purpose



WING HING INTERNATIONAL (HOLDINGS) LIMITED 永與國際(控股)有限公司

14/F., Yau Lee Centre, 45 Hoi Yuen Road Kwun Tong, Kowloon, Hong Kong

香港九龍官塘開源道45號有利中心14樓