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# CORPORATE INFORMATION

As at 17 March 2009



#### Board of Directors **Executive Directors**

Mr KUOK Khoon Ean (Chairman) Mr KUOK Khoon Loong, Edward (President and Chief Executive Officer) Mr LUI Man Shing (Deputy Chairman) Mr Madhu Rama Chandra RAO Mr Giovanni ANGELINI

#### Non-Executive Directors

Mr HO Kian Guan Madam KUOK Oon Kwong Mr Roberto V. ONGPIN Mr Alexander Reid HAMILTON\* Mr Timothy David DATTELS\* Mr WONG Kai Man, BBS, JP\* Mr Michael Wing-Nin CHIU\* Mr HO Kian Hock (Alternate to Mr HO Kian Guan)

\* Independent Non-Executive Directors

#### Remuneration Committee

Mr KUOK Khoon Ean (Chairman) Mr Alexander Reid HAMILTON Mr WONG Kai Man, BBS, IP

#### Audit Committee

Mr Alexander Reid HAMILTON (Chairman) Mr HO Kian Guan Mr WONG Kai Man. BBS. IP

# Company Secretary

Ms TEO Ching Leun

#### Auditor

PricewaterhouseCoopers Certified Public Accountants 22nd Floor Prince's Building Central Hong Kong

#### Registered Address

Canon's Court 22 Victoria Street Hamilton HM12 Bermuda

### Head Office and Principal Place of Business

21st Floor CITIC Tower No. I Tim Mei Avenue Central Hong Kong

### Principal Share Registrar

Butterfield Fulcrum Group (Bermuda) Limited Rosebank Centre II Bermudiana Road Pembroke Bermuda

## Branch Share Registrar in Hong Kong

Tricor Abacus Limited 26th Floor, Tesbury Centre 28 Queen's Road East Wanchai Hong Kong

## Key Dates

Closure of Registers of Members 25 May 2009 to 27 May 2009, both dates inclusive

# Annual General Meeting

27 May 2009

## Payment of 2008 Final Dividend#

5 June 2009

#### Stock Code

The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited 00069

# Subject to shareholders' approval of the final dividend at the Annual General Meeting

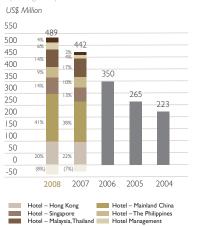
Company's website: www.shangri-la.com Financial information: www.ir.shangri-la.com

# FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

	2008 US\$ Million	<b>2007</b> US\$ Million	<b>2008/2007</b> % Change	<b>2006</b> US\$ Million	<b>2005</b> US\$ Million	2004 US\$ Million
CONSOLIDATED				·		
Sales	1,353	1,219	11%	1,003	842	726
EBITDA	489	442	11%	350	265	223
Profit attributable to equity holders of the Company	166	341	-51%	202	151	114
Dividends	89	100	-11%	76	65	58
Total equity	4,251	4,185	2%	2,975	2,630	2,165
Net assets attributable to the Company's equity holders	3,953	3,882	2%	2,699	2,381	1,978
Net borrowings to total equity ratio	34.5%	20.5%	-68%	41.0%	33.0%	40.2%
Earnings per share (in US cents)	5.76	12.76	-55%	7.97	6.14	4.85
Dividends per share (in HK cents)	24.00	27.00	-11%	23.00	20.00	19.00
Net assets per share attributable to the Company's equity holders (in US dollars)	1.37	1.35	2%	1.05	0.94	0.82
Net assets (total equity) per share (in US dollars)	1.47	1.45	1%	1.16	1.04	0.90

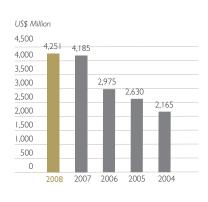
#### EBITDA

(earnings before interest, tax, depreciation, amortization and non-operating items)

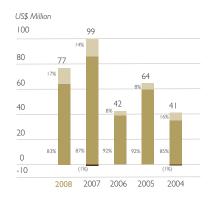


and Others Corporate Expenses

### **Total Equity**

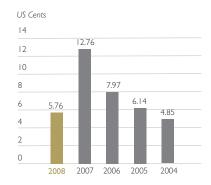


# Share of Profit of Associates by Geographical Area



# Mainland China Singapore and Malaysia Other Areas

#### Earnings Per Share



# CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT 2008

On behalf of the Board I am pleased to present the Annual Report of Shangri-La Asia Limited covering the financial year 2008.

The year started on a strong note with most hotels maintaining their performance levels achieved through 2007. However from the second quarter of the year the progressive deterioration in the world financial markets started to affect the regional economies of Asia as well as a decline in visitor arrivals and travel spending in the region.

Whilst Group revenue increased in 2008 to U\$\$1,353,271,000 (2007: U\$\$1,219,248,000), net profit attributable to shareholders in 2008 declined to U\$\$165,940,000 (2007: U\$\$340,863,000). This was after providing for minority interests as well as exceptional items (losses) of U\$\$82,915,000 which comprised mainly of fair value year end adjustments on financial investment and interest rate hedging commitments.

Earnings per share declined to US5.76 cents per share (2007: US12.76 cents per share).

A final dividend of HK\$0.10 per ordinary share has been proposed for FY2008. Together with the interim dividend of HK\$0.14 per ordinary share, the total dividend for FY2008 will be HK\$0.24 per ordinary share.

The Group operated 60 hotels at the end of 2008 up from 57 hotels at the end of 2007 with equity invested in 45 hotels and the remaining 15 hotels under management.

We were extremely fortunate in early May to have avoided any casualties or significant damage to hotel property when fierce storms and floods swept through parts of Myanmar and an earthquake erupted in Sichuan province. Despite the dangerous and demanding circumstances surrounding each disaster, our hotel management and staff continued to watch over the safety and provided comfort and care to all our hotel guests as well as to the local community.

In August Beijing celebrated its hosting of the Olympic Games. Much excitement and anticipation built up in the months preceding this event. However, as a result of strict visa issuance controls due to mounting public security issues, the budgeted foreign visitor arrivals and subsequent high hotel room occupancies failed to materialize.

The outlook in 2009 for the global economy and for the hotel industry remains depressed. However, with uncertainty, there lies opportunity. The Group will continue to focus on improving our product as well as service offerings whilst prudently looking for new investment opportunities.

The Group has opened four new hotels so far this year and has plans to open another six hotels before the end of 2009.

I would like to thank the management and staff for their hard work and dedication during the year and my fellow board members for their support and guidance throughout.

/PD

KUOK Khoon Ean

Chairman

17 March 2009

# DIRECTORS AND COMPANY SECRETARY

#### **Executive Directors**



KUOK Khoon Ean Aged 53, Chairman

Mr KUOK has been the Chairman and an Executive Director of the Company since April 2008. He is also a director of a number of companies within the Shangri-La Asia Group as well as of several listed companies: SCMP Group Limited (listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited ("HKSE")), The Bank of East Asia, Limited (listed on the HKSE), The Post Publishing Public Company Limited (listed on the Stock Exchange of Thailand ("Thai-SE")) and Wilmar International Limited (listed on the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited ("SGX-ST")). Mr KUOK is also a director of Kerry Group Limited and Kerry Holdings Limited, substantial shareholders of the Company. He holds a Bachelor's degree in Economics from Nottingham University. He is the cousin of Mr KUOK Khoon Loong, Edward, Madam KUOK Oon Kwong and Ms TEO Ching Leun.



KUOK Khoon Loong, Edward Aged 56, President and Chief Executive Officer

Mr KUOK was appointed as an Executive Director of the Company in March 2003 and was appointed as the President and Chief Executive Officer of the Company in April 2008. He was previously the Chairman of the Company and of Kerry Properties Limited (listed on the HKSE) and a Director of Allgreen Properties Limited (listed on the SGX-ST). He is also a director of a number of companies within the Shangri-La Asia Group, and the Vice Chairman of Kerry Holdings Limited, a substantial shareholder of the Company, and the Chairman of Shang Properties, Inc. (listed on the Philippine Stock Exchange, Inc. ("PSE")). He has a Master's degree in Economics from the University of Wales. Mr KUOK is the brother of Madam KUOK Oon Kwong and the cousin of Mr KUOK Khoon Ean and Ms TEO Ching Leun.

# DIRECTORS AND COMPANY SECRETARY



LUI Man Shing Aged 65, Deputy Chairman

Mr LUI was appointed as an Executive Director of the Company in March 2002 and was elected as the Deputy Chairman of the Company in March 2007. He is a director of a number of companies within the Shangri-La Asia Group. He is the Vice Chairman of Shangri-La Hotel Public Company Limited ("SHPCL") (listed on the Thai-SE) and was the Managing Director of SHPCL from February 2007 to February 2009. He is also a director of Kerry Holdings Limited, a substantial shareholder of the Company.



Madhu Rama Chandra RAO Aged 57, Executive Director

Mr RAO was appointed in December 2008. He joined Shangri-La International Hotel Management Limited in May 1988 as group financial controller. He was appointed chief financial officer of the Company in 1997. He is a director of a number of companies within the Shangri-La Asia Group. He was previously with a leading chartered accountancy practice in Mumbai India for 17 years, including 12 years as partner. Mr RAO graduated from the University of Mumbai and is a fellow member of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.



Giovanni ANGELINI Aged 63, Executive Director

Mr ANGELINI joined the Shangri-La Asia Group in August 1993 and was appointed as an Executive Director of the Company in June 1999. He is a director of a number of companies within the Shangri-La Asia Group as well as of Kerry Holdings Limited, a substantial shareholder of the Company. Previously, he was the Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer of Shangri-La International Hotel Management Limited, the Vice President, Operations, of Shangri-La Hotels and Resorts and the General Manager of Island Shangri-La, Hong Kong.

#### Non-Executive Directors



HO Kian Guan
Aged 63, Non-Executive Director

Mr HO was appointed in May 1993. He is the Executive Chairman of the Keck Seng Group of companies including Keck Seng (Malaysia) Berhad (listed on the Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad ("BMSB")) and Keck Seng Investments (Hong Kong) Limited (listed on the HKSE). Mr HO is a Director of Parkway Holdings Limited (listed on the SGX-ST). He also serves on the board of Shangri-La Hotel Public Company Limited, a subsidiary of the Company. He is the brother of Mr HO Kian Hock.



KUOK Oon Kwong Aged 62, Non-Executive Director

Madam KUOK was appointed in November 1999. She was the Company Secretary of Shangri-La Hotel Limited ("SHL"), Singapore, now a subsidiary of the Company, from 1986 – 1988. In 1988, she joined the Board of SHL and is currently its Executive Chairman. She was appointed as a Director of Allgreen Properties Limited (listed on the SGX-ST) in 1986. Madam KUOK is also a Director of a number of companies within the Shangri-La Asia Group. She is an Advocate & Solicitor (Barrister-at-Law) from Gray's Inn, London. Madam KUOK is the sister of Mr KUOK Khoon Loong, Edward, and the cousin of Mr KUOK Khoon Ean and Ms TEO Ching Leun.



Roberto V. ONGPIN Aged 72, Non-Executive Director

Mr ONGPIN was appointed in August 2003. He is also the Deputy Chairman of SCMP Group Limited, listed on the HKSE, and the Chairman of PhilWeb Corporation and ISM Communications Corporation, Vice Chairman of Philex Mining Corporation and Director of Petron Corporation, all of which are listed on the PSE. He is also a Director of Araneta Properties, Inc. and Chairman of the following companies: Eastern Telecommunications Philippines, Inc. (ETPI), Alphaland Corporation, Developing Countries Investment Corp. and La Flor de La Isabela, Inc. Prior to 1979, Mr ONGPIN was the Chairman and Managing Partner of the SGV Group, the largest accounting and consulting firm in Asia. He was the Minister of Trade and Industry of the Republic of the Philippines from 1979 to 1986. He has an MBA from Harvard University and is a Certified Public Accountant (Philippines).

# DIRECTORS AND COMPANY SECRETARY

# Independent Non-Executive Directors



Alexander Reid HAMILTON Aged 67, Independent Non-Executive Director

Mr HAMILTON was appointed in November 2001. He is an Independent Non-Executive Director of a number of companies including CITIC Pacific Limited, China COSCO Holdings Company Limited and Esprit Holdings Limited (all listed on the HKSE), JF China Region Fund, Inc. (a USA registered closed end fund quoted on the New York Stock Exchange) and China Central Properties Limited (listed on the AIM of London Stock Exchange). He is a member of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Scotland, a fellow member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and a fellow member of the Institute of Directors. He was a Partner in Price Waterhouse for 16 years and has more than 20 years of audit and accounting experience. Mr HAMILTON is the Chairman of the Board's Audit Committee.



Timothy David DATTELS Aged 51, Independent Non-Executive Director

Mr DATTELS was appointed in February 2004. Mr DATTELS is currently a Partner for TPG Capital, L.P., based in San Francisco with a focus on Asian investing. He serves as a Director of Parkway Holdings Limited (listed on the SGX-ST) and Sing Tao News Corporation Limited (listed on the HKSE). He has held various management positions at Goldman Sachs and was elected Partner in 1996. He was Head of Investment Banking for all Asian countries outside of Japan from 1996 to 2000 where he advised several of Asia's leading entrepreneurs and governments. He holds a BA (Honors) from The University of Western Ontario and an MBA from Harvard Business School.



WONG Kai Man, BBS, IP Aged 58, Independent Non-Executive Director

Mr WONG was appointed in July 2006. He is an accountant with 32 years of audit, initial public offer and computer audit experience. He was a member of the Growth Enterprise Market Listing Committee of the HKSE from 1999 to 2003. He retired as an audit partner from PricewaterhouseCoopers, Hong Kong on 30 June 2005. He is also a director of SUNeVision Holdings Ltd. (listed on the Growth Enterprise Market of the HKSE) and SCMP Group Limited and China Construction Bank Corporation, both listed on the Main Board of the HKSE. He obtained his Bachelor of Science degree in Physics from the University of Hong Kong and Master of Business Administration degree from the Chinese University of Hong Kong.



Michael Wing-Nin CHIU Aged 64, Independent Non-Executive Director

Mr CHIU was appointed in June 2007. Mr CHIU is currently the owner, president and chairman of Prima Donna Development Corporation, Prima Hotels Corporation and several wholly owned companies focused on the development, ownership and management of hotels and other real estate assets and interests in California. Oregon and Washington, District of Columbia. He has extensive experience in the hotel and the real estate industries. Prior to settling in the United States in 1975, Mr CHIU held various management positions in a number of hotels in London, Seattle, Singapore, Penang, Fiji, Las Vegas, San Francisco, some of which are part of the Shangri-La Asia Group. Mr CHIU obtained his Bachelor of Science in Hotel Administration in 1966 from Cornell University and is a graduate of the Lausanne Hotel School.



HO Kian Hock Aged 61, Alternate Director

Mr HO was appointed as an Alternate Director to Mr HO Kian Guan in November 2004. He is a Director and Deputy Chairman of Keck Seng Investments (Hong Kong) Limited (listed on the HKSE) and Managing Director of Keck Seng (Malaysia) Berhad (listed on the BMSB). He is an Alternate Director of Parkway Holdings Limited (listed on the SGX-ST). He is the brother of Mr HO Kian Guan.

## Company Secretary



TEO Ching Leun Aged 48, Company Secretary

Ms TEO was appointed as the Company Secretary of the Company in March 2008. Ms TEO holds an LL.B. (Honours) Degree from the National University of Singapore and an LL.M. Degree in Laws from the University of London. She is a Solicitor qualified in Hong Kong and has been admitted as a Solicitor of the Supreme Court of England and Wales and as an Advocate & Solicitor of the Supreme Court of Singapore. Ms TEO is the cousin of Mr KUOK Khoon Ean, Mr KUOK Khoon Loong, Edward and Madam KUOK Oon Kwong.

# SENIOR MANAGEMENT



## Chief Operating Officer

Mr Greg DOGAN, aged 44, was previously vice president and general manager of Makati Shangri-La, Manila following his post as regional vice president – China, in Shanghai. He was formerly area manager and general manager based at Shangri-La Hotel, Dalian, China. He has also held senior management posts at Shangri-La Hotel, Jakarta and Shangri-La's Mactan Resort and Spa, Cebu. Prior to joining Shangri-La Asia Group in 1997, Mr DOGAN held managerial positions at luxury hotels in Spain, Dubai and China.



#### Chief Information Officer

Mr Anand RAO, aged 50. Mr RAO has been chief information officer at Shangri-La Hotels and Resorts since 1989, except for a few years as chief executive officer of Kerry Technology Limited, the Kuok Group's IT investment arm. Before joining Shangri-La, Mr RAO was a partner of a firm of chartered accountants in Bombay. He is a graduate from the Indian Institute of Technology, Mumbai and holds an MBA from the Indian Institute of Management, Ahmedabad. He is also a fellow member of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.



### Group Director of Human Resources

Ms June NG, aged 52. Prior to joining Shangri-La, Ms NG was the head of human resources, Greater China and group head of talent management of DBS Bank. Previously, she held senior human resources management positions with various organizations including Standard Chartered Bank, CitiBank and Bayer, in the United Kingdom, Canada and her native Hong Kong. She holds two master degrees, one in business administration and the other in professional development.



Group Director of Sales and Marketing Mr Kent ZHU, aged 45, was formerly vice president – China as well as vice president – sales and marketing for China hotels. He began his career with the Group as deputy director of sales at China World Hotel and Traders Hotel, Beijing, in 1989, and served as Director of Sales and Marketing in several other leading hotels in the Group.



**Group Financial Controller** Mr S.S. Mohan RAM, aged 58. Mr RAM was previously vice president - finance, following a

position as regional financial controller for Shangri-La hotels in Singapore, Thailand, Indonesia and Myanmar. Mr RAM joined Shangri-La in 1989 as director of finance for China World Hotel, Traders Hotel and Trade Centre Restaurants. Beijing. Previously, he spent 15 years with a leading luxury hotel group in India, culminating in a position as controller of accounts, northern India region. He is a fellow member of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.



**Group Director of Projects** 

Mr NG Si Fong, Alan, aged 55, joined Shangri-La Hotels and Resorts in 2002, and prior that Mr NG was project director of Kerry Properties (H.K.) Limited and a director of Kerry Project Management (H.K.) Limited. He is a chartered engineer with more than 25 years of experience.

### I. Performance Review

The Group's main business comprises the ownership, operation and management of hotels. It also has ownership interests in investment properties i.e. office properties, service apartments and retail spaces. The Group also manages hotels for third party owners. Hotel operations continued to be the Group's main source of revenue and operating profits. The luxury hotel market in Asia, in particular Mainland China, continues to be the Group's main focus.

As at 31 December 2008, the Group has equity interests in 45 operating hotels (2007: 44) comprising 23,309 available guest rooms (2007: 22,292). This includes the Portman Ritz-Carlton Hotel, Shanghai (the "Portman") and the Hotel JEN, Hong Kong (the "Hotel JEN") which were not managed by the Group.

Performance of the Group's hotels in the first quarter of 2008 started off strong. However beginning in the second quarter, the effect of the economic slow down in the United States of America (USA), the increase in airfares caused by the high fuel prices, the natural disasters that struck Mainland China and the tightening of visa regulations for visits to Mainland China in the run-up to the Beijing Olympics, resulted in a drop in occupancies at the Group's hotels in Mainland China, Hong Kong, the Philippines and Singapore. The last quarter witnessed unprecedented volatility in the global financial markets. With the USA and European economies in recession and increasing global unemployment, both luxury leisure travel and business travel have declined substantially.

The operating performance of the Group's investment properties showed slight improvement across the board, save for the serviced apartments in Kuala Lumpur and Bangkok.

### (a) Revenues

#### Hotel Operation

On an unconsolidated basis, room revenues accounted for over 54% while food and beverage revenues accounted for over 39% of the total revenues from hotel operation. Room revenues at US\$935.2 million represented an 8% year on year growth while food and beverage revenues at US\$677.3 million represented a 12% year on year growth.

Room revenues increased due to the marginal growth in room yields (Revenue Per Available Room or RevPAR) of 1% and the effect of full year operation of hotel rooms of new hotels/extensions which opened for business in the year 2007.

Key performance indicators of the Group on an unconsolidated basis are:

# Geographical analysis

	W	2008 eighted Average Transient		W	2007 eighted Average Transient	
Country	Occupancy	Room Rate	RevPAR	Occupancy	Room Rate	RevPAR
	(%)	(US\$)	(US\$)	(%)	(US\$)	(US\$)
The People's Republic of China						
Hong Kong	72	292	206	77	280	211
Mainland China	57	161	91	67	140	92
Singapore	76	227	174	83	186	152
The Philippines	75	163	119	81	147	117
Malaysia	65	125	88	72	110	77
Thailand	49	168	79	74	153	108
Fiji	69	155	104	69	135	92
Indonesia	64	117	66	62	114	62
Myanmar	56	51	28	50	40	21
Subsidiaries and Associates	62	171	106	71	152	105

Note: The RevPAR of hotels under renovation has been computed by excluding the number of rooms under renovation.

Comments on performance by geography:

#### The People's Republic of China

Hong Kong

Despite a 6% increase in weighted average room rates, the two Shangri-La hotels recorded a 2% decrease in weighted average RevPAR as weighted average occupancy decreased by 5 percentage points.

#### Mainland China

In the aggregate, the hotels recorded a marginal decrease in RevPAR of 1%. Weighted average occupancy was affected by the adverse weather conditions in Southern China in the first guarter of 2008, the effect of the earthquake in Sichuan in May and the reduction in foreign visitor arrivals in the second quarter. While some rebound in occupancies was envisaged after the Olympics, overall demand softened due to the adverse global economic environment in the last quarter of the year. In addition, occupancy was also affected by rooms renovation at the Pudong Shangri-La, Shanghai and the increased number of rooms at the Shangri-La Hotel, Qingdao with the opening on 12 March 2008 of additional 196 guest rooms and 13 serviced apartments.

Most hotels recorded an increase in room rates, both due to a general increase in rates quoted in Renminbi and the effect of the appreciation of the currency against the US dollar. Combined revenues increased by 16% during the year.

The Futian Shangri-La, Shenzhen which comprises 548 guest rooms and 53 serviced apartments opened for business on 23 October 2008.

#### Singapore

Weighted average room rates increased by 22% as room rates quoted in Singapore dollars continued to improve due to buoyant market conditions, and the effect of the currency appreciation against the US dollar, in the first three quarters of 2008. Combined revenues increased by 13%.

#### The Philippines

The performance of the Group's hotels continued to improve in line with the overall economic environment of the country.

#### Malaysia

Overall, the Group's hotels and resorts benefited from a strong improvement in demand during the year. Weighted average occupancy decreased by 7 percentage points mainly due to the renovation programmes at the Shangri-La Hotel, Kuala Lumpur which commenced in April 2008 and the effect of the 90-room extension of Shangri-La's Rasa Ria Resort, Kota Kinabalu (the "Rasa Ria Resort") which opened in late December 2007. However, the RevPAR of the Rasa Ria Resort which increased by 15%, benefited from the contribution from the newly commissioned rooms. The RevPAR of Shangri-La's Rasa Sayang Resort & Spa, Penang increased by 23% with increased leisure arrivals.

#### Thailand

The performance of the Shangri-La Hotel, Bangkok was affected by the renovations of most outlets and function rooms and the negative effects from the political turmoil in the last quarter of the year. Occupancy and RevPAR of the hotel decreased by 15 percentage point and 10%, respectively. Overall weighted average RevPAR for the Group's hotels decreased by 28%, also affected by the newly opened Shangri-La Hotel, Chiang Mai.

#### Fiji, Indonesia and Myanmar

Performance of the Group's hotels in these countries continued to record year on year improvement supported by increases in their room rates and RevPAR.

#### Hotel Management

Except for the Hotel JEN and the Portman, all the other 43 hotels in which the Group has equity interests are managed by the Group's management arm, SLIM International Limited and its subsidiaries ("SLIM"). In addition, SLIM also had hotel management agreements in respect of 15 operating hotels (5,477 available rooms) owned by third parties as at 31 December 2008. Overall weighted average RevPAR and room rates of these 15 hotels increased by 11% and 15%, respectively. SLIM recorded a 12% increase in revenues on consolidation.

For managed hotels, the 419-room Traders Upper East Hotel, Beijing in Mainland China and the 336-room Shangri-La's Far Eastern Plaza Hotel, Tainan in Taiwan opened for business in 2008. The 119-room Shangri-La Hotel, Vancouver in Canada opened for business on 24 January 2009. Development work of 2 hotels in Macau has suspended temporarily. SLIM has also terminated the management contracts for hotel projects in Urumqi, Mainland China and Chicago due to the suspension of works on these projects by the developers. In March 2009, SLIM signed a new hotel management agreement for the 301-room Traders Hotel, Abu Dhabi which will be opened for business in mid 2009.

## **Property Rentals**

Most of the properties recorded double digit increment in yields for their retail and office space save for the retail space in the Shanghai Kerry Centre and the retail and office space in the Chao Phya Tower in Bangkok, which recorded increases of 4%, 4% and 9%, respectively. Notably, the office tower at the Shangri-La Centre, Chengdu in Mainland China which opened for business in August 2007, recorded an increase in yields of 433%.

In terms of serviced apartments, save for the yields in the Shanghai Centre (increased by 6%), Changchun (remained flat), Kuala Lumpur (decreased by 4%) and Bangkok (decreased by 27%), all the properties recorded double digit increase in yields.

#### Sales analysis

	2008	2007	Change
Subsidiaries	US\$ million	US\$ million	%
Hotel Operations			
Hong Kong	233.0	230.3	1%
Mainland China	506.3	416.8	21%
Singapore	176.6	156.6	13%
The Philippines	153.5	149.1	3%
Malaysia, Thailand, Fiji and			
Yangon	211.3	206.3	2%
	1,280.7	1,159.1	10%
Hotel Management	92.4	80.7	15%
Properties			
Mainland China, Singapore,			
Malaysia and Thailand	36.3	27.7	31%
Less: Elimination	(56.1)	(48.3)	
Total sales for subsidiaries	1,353.3	1,219.2	11%

### (b) Consolidated Profits

At the subsidiary level, the gross profit margin of the hotels was marginally lower by less than I percentage point as a result of increase in food costs and labour costs, while the gross profit margin for the properties increased by around I percentage point. As a result of the increase in revenues of the hotels and properties, EBITDA (earnings before interest, tax, depreciation, amortization and non-operating items) increased by 11%. EBITDA is net of the pre-opening expenses of US\$35.6 million (2007: US\$22.1 million).

In terms of the associates, share of profit after tax and before nonoperating items increased by 36%, mainly contributed by the improved results of the investment properties. In 2008, net charge for share of non-operating items is US\$4 million. There was a net credit of US\$39.6 million for non-operating items in 2007 which included the share of associates' taxation for the reversal of provision for deferred tax liabilities of US\$30.3 million due to a reduction of income tax rate in Mainland China from 33% to 25% effective I January 2008.

Consolidated profits of the Group for the year were favourably affected by the increase in exchange gains of US\$50.6 million due to appreciation of the Renminbi and other Asian currencies against the US dollar in the first three quarters. Interest expenses after capitalization of all subsidiaries decreased by US\$14.2 million, following a reduction in bank borrowings in the first half of 2008 consequent to the rights issue in September 2007 and the reduction in borrowing rates. Income tax expenses for subsidiaries in 2007 included a credit of US\$9.9 million for the reversal of provision for deferred tax liabilities due to a reduction of income tax rate in Mainland China.

# EBITDA of the Group and Reconciliation to Operating Profit

EBITDA 488.8 442.1 11%  Less: Depreciation (166.8) (134.9)  Amortization of leasehold land and land use rights (11.2) (8.3)  Amortization of trademark and website development (1.2) (0.9)  Net foreign exchange	For the year ended 31 December	2008	2007	Change
Hong Kong       97.0       95.6       1%         Mainland China       198.7       167.9       18%         Singapore       67.7       59.1       15%         The Philippines       44.8       44.2       1%         Malaysia, Thailand, Fiji       70.8       74.6       (5%)         479.0       441.4       9%         Hotel Management       30.4       17.8       71%         Properties         Mainland China, Singapore,       40.1       11.7       77%         Less: Corporate expenses       (41.3)       (28.8)       (43%)         EBITDA       488.8       442.1       11%         Less:       Depreciation       (166.8)       (134.9)         Amortization of leasehold land and land use rights       (11.2)       (8.3)         Amortization of trademark and website development       (1.2)       (0.9)         Net foreign exchange       (1.2)       (0.9)		US\$ million	US\$ million	%
Mainland China       198.7       167.9       18%         Singapore       67.7       59.1       15%         The Philippines       44.8       44.2       1%         Malaysia, Thailand, Fiji       70.8       74.6       (5%)         479.0       441.4       9%         Hotel Management       30.4       17.8       71%         Properties         Mainland China, Singapore,       Mainland       20.7       11.7       77%         Less: Corporate expenses       (41.3)       (28.8)       (43%)         EBITDA       488.8       442.1       11%         Less:       Depreciation       (166.8)       (134.9)         Amortization of leasehold land and land use rights       (11.2)       (8.3)         Amortization of trademark and website development       (1.2)       (0.9)         Net foreign exchange       (1.2)       (0.9)	Hotel Operations			
Singapore The Philippines Add.8 Alaysia, Thailand, Fiji and Yangon  To.8 Aryo.0	Hong Kong	97.0	95.6	1%
The Philippines Malaysia, Thailand, Fiji and Yangon  70.8 74.6 75%  479.0 441.4 9%  Hotel Management  70.8 71%  Properties Mainland China, Singapore, Malaysia and Thailand  20.7 11.7 77%  Less: Corporate expenses  EBITDA  488.8 442.1 11%  Less: Depreciation Amortization of leasehold land and land use rights Amortization of trademark and website development Net foreign exchange	Mainland China	198.7	167.9	18%
Malaysia, Thailand, Fiji and Yangon  70.8  74.6  (5%)  479.0  441.4  9%  Hotel Management  30.4  17.8  71%  Properties  Mainland China, Singapore, Malaysia and Thailand  20.7  11.7  77%  Less: Corporate expenses  (41.3)  (28.8)  (43%)  EBITDA  488.8  442.1  11%  Less:  Depreciation  Amortization of leasehold land and land use rights  Amortization of trademark and website development  Net foreign exchange  (10.9)	Singapore	67.7	59.1	15%
and Yangon 70.8 74.6 (5%) 479.0 441.4 9%  Hotel Management 30.4 17.8 71%  Properties Mainland China, Singapore, Malaysia and Thailand 20.7 11.7 77%  Less: Corporate expenses (41.3) (28.8) (43%)  EBITDA 488.8 442.1 11%  Less: Depreciation (166.8) (134.9)  Amortization of leasehold land and land use rights (11.2) (8.3)  Amortization of trademark and website development (1.2) (0.9)  Net foreign exchange	The Philippines	44.8	44.2	1%
Hotel Management 30.4 17.8 71%  Properties Mainland China, Singapore, Malaysia and Thailand 20.7 11.7 77%  Less: Corporate expenses (41.3) (28.8) (43%)  EBITDA 488.8 442.1 11%  Less: Depreciation (166.8) (134.9)  Amortization of leasehold land and land use rights (11.2) (8.3)  Amortization of trademark and website development (1.2) (0.9)  Net foreign exchange	Malaysia, Thailand, Fiji			
Hotel Management  Properties Mainland China, Singapore, Malaysia and Thailand  Less: Corporate expenses  EBITDA  Less: Depreciation Amortization of leasehold land and land use rights Amortization of trademark and website development Net foreign exchange  30.4  17.8  71%  71%  (28.8) (43%)  (43%)  (43%)  (11.2) (134.9)  (11.2) (8.3)	and Yangon	70.8	74.6	(5%)
Properties Mainland China, Singapore, Malaysia and Thailand  20.7 11.7 77%  Less: Corporate expenses (41.3) (28.8) (43%)  EBITDA 488.8 442.1 11%  Less: Depreciation (166.8) (134.9)  Amortization of leasehold land and land use rights (11.2) (8.3)  Amortization of trademark and website development (1.2) (0.9)  Net foreign exchange		479.0	441.4	9%
Properties Mainland China, Singapore, Malaysia and Thailand  20.7 11.7 77%  Less: Corporate expenses (41.3) (28.8) (43%)  EBITDA 488.8 442.1 11%  Less: Depreciation (166.8) (134.9)  Amortization of leasehold land and land use rights (11.2) (8.3)  Amortization of trademark and website development (1.2) (0.9)  Net foreign exchange				
Mainland China, Singapore, Malaysia and Thailand  20.7  Less: Corporate expenses  (41.3)  (28.8)  (43%)  EBITDA  488.8  442.1  11%  Less: Depreciation  Amortization of leasehold land and land use rights  Amortization of trademark and website development  Net foreign exchange  (11.2)  (0.9)	Hotel Management	30.4	17.8	71%
Mainland China, Singapore, Malaysia and Thailand  20.7  Less: Corporate expenses  (41.3)  (28.8)  (43%)  EBITDA  488.8  442.1  11%  Less: Depreciation  Amortization of leasehold land and land use rights  Amortization of trademark and website development  Net foreign exchange  (11.2)  (0.9)				
Malaysia and Thailand  20.7 11.7 77%  Less: Corporate expenses  (41.3) (28.8) (43%)  EBITDA  488.8 442.1 11%  Less: Depreciation (166.8) (134.9)  Amortization of leasehold land and land use rights (11.2) (8.3)  Amortization of trademark and website development (1.2) (0.9)  Net foreign exchange	•			
Less: Corporate expenses  (41.3)  (28.8)  (43%)  EBITDA  488.8  442.1  11%  Less:  Depreciation  Amortization of leasehold land and land use rights  Amortization of trademark and website development  Net foreign exchange  (41.3)  (28.8)  (43%)  (43%)  (11%)  (11%)  (11%)  (134.9)  (11.2)  (11.2)  (11.2)  (1.2)  (0.9)	9 1			
EBITDA 488.8 442.1 11%  Less: Depreciation (166.8) (134.9)  Amortization of leasehold land and land use rights (11.2) (8.3)  Amortization of trademark and website development (1.2) (0.9)  Net foreign exchange	Malaysia and Thailand	20.7	11.7	77%
Less: Depreciation (166.8) (134.9)  Amortization of leasehold land and land use rights (11.2) (8.3)  Amortization of trademark and website development (1.2) (0.9)  Net foreign exchange	Less: Corporate expenses	(41.3)	(28.8)	(43%)
Less: Depreciation (166.8) (134.9)  Amortization of leasehold land and land use rights (11.2) (8.3)  Amortization of trademark and website development (1.2) (0.9)  Net foreign exchange	EBITDA		442.1	
Depreciation (166.8) (134.9)  Amortization of leasehold land and land use rights (11.2) (8.3)  Amortization of trademark and website development (1.2) (0.9)  Net foreign exchange				
Amortization of leasehold land and land use rights (11.2) (8.3)  Amortization of trademark and website development (1.2) (0.9)  Net foreign exchange	Less:			
and land use rights  Amortization of trademark and website development  Net foreign exchange  (11.2)  (8.3)  (0.9)	Depreciation	(166.8)	(134.9)	
Amortization of trademark and website development (1.2) Net foreign exchange	Amortization of leasehold land			
website development (1.2) Net foreign exchange	and land use rights	(11.2)	(8.3)	
Net foreign exchange	Amortization of trademark and			
	·	(1.2)	(0.9)	
transaction gains $(50.6)$ $(32.8)$	o o			
	transaction gains	(50.6)	(32.8)	
Expenses on share options granted (0.5) (2.5)	Expenses on share options granted	(0.5)	(2.5)	

For the year ended 31 December	2008	2007	Change
	US\$ million	US\$ million	%
Losses on disposal of property,			
plant and equipment and			
partial replacement of			
investment properties	(2.5)	(2.4)	
Discarding of property, plant			
and equipment due to			
renovation of hotels	(9.9)	(0.7)	
Add: Other (losses)/gains			
Net fair value (losses)/gains on			
investment properties	(0.9)	59.1	
(Losses)/gains on financial assets			
held for trading	(33.4)	21.1	
Fair value losses on interest-rate			
swap contracts	(61.1)	(10.4)	
Gains on disposal of partial			
interests in subsidiaries	_	9.1	
Interest income	7.7	10.3	
Dividend income	0.9	0.9	
Tax refund on reinvestment of			
dividend from a subsidiary			
and an associate	_	3.2	
Waiver of debt by a			
non-controlling shareholder	_	4.7	
Fair value gains on loans from			
non-controlling shareholders	1.3	10.7	
Penalty on relinquishment of			
rights to acquire project sites	(0.6)	_	
Other non-operating gains	3.2	5.0	
Operating profit before finance			
costs	163.2	373.3	

## 2. Corporate Debt and Financial Conditions

During the year, the Group executed new 5-year term unsecured bank loan agreements aggregating to equivalent US\$354.9 million, a 5.5-year term unsecured bank loan agreement of equivalent US\$29 million and a 9-year term unsecured bank loan agreement of equivalent US\$13.6 million. A subsidiary has also contracted a 6-month term working capital loan agreement of equivalent US\$3.7 million.

The Group has also extended a matured HK\$300 million (approximately US\$38.7 million) unsecured bilateral bank loan agreement for another year.

The Group has not encountered any difficulty when drawing down loans from committed banking facilities. None of the banking facilities were cancelled by the banks during or after the close of the financial year.

The net borrowings (total of bank loans and overdrafts less cash and bank balances) to total equity ratio increased from 20.5% as at 31 December 2007 to 34.5% as at 31 December 2008.

The Group has satisfactorily complied with all covenants under its borrowing agreements.

The analysis of borrowings outstanding as at 31 December 2008 is as follows:

	Contracted as at 31 December 2008  Repayment  In the				
	Within	In the	3rd to	After	
(US\$ million)	l year	2nd year	5th year	5 years	Total
Borrowings					
Corporate bank loans	_	539.2	551.3	_	1,090.5
Project bank loans					
and overdrafts	39.0	78.4	659.4	61.0	837.8
Total	39.0	617.6	1,210.7	61.0	1,928.3
Undrawn but					
committed facilities					
Bank loans and					
overdrafts	175.7	231.2	589.1	0.1	996.1

Maturities of Borrowings

In February 2009, a non-wholly owned subsidiary in Maldives executed a 5-year US\$50 million project loan agreement with International Finance Corporation. A subsidiary in Mainland China executed a new 5-year US\$40 million unsecured bank loan agreement in the same month.

Except for the bank loans of a non-wholly owned subsidiary of Renminbi 177 million and HK\$200 million (approximately equivalent total US\$51.7 million) maturing in 2010 which are secured by the rights and benefits of the insurance policies on the hotel property owned by that subsidiary, all other loans are unsecured.

The currency-mix of the borrowings and cash and bank balances as at 31 December 2008 is as follows:

		Cash and
(US\$ million)	Borrowings	Bank Balances
In Hong Kong dollars	988.6	16.9
In US dollars	512.5	148.4
In Renminbi	165.6	193.0
In Singapore dollars	_	28.0
In Philippine Pesos	59.4	13.0
In Malaysian Ringgit	44.8	6.6
In Thai Baht	0.4	19.2
In Fiji dollars	_	6.2
In Euros	112.7	16.2
In Japanese Yen	44.3	6.3
In Maldive Rufiyaa	_	8.3
In other currencies	_	0.9
	1,928.3	463.0

Excepting the loans in Renminbi which carry interest at rates specified by The People's Bank of China from time to time, all the borrowings are at floating interest rates.

Details of the financial guarantees and contingent liabilities of the Company and the Group as at 31 December 2008 are provided in Note 36 to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

# 3. Treasury Policies

Treasury policies aimed at minimizing interest and currency risk have been consistently followed by the Group:

#### (a) Minimize Interest Risk

Intragroup financing between subsidiaries in Mainland China by way of entrusted loan agreements through local banks amounted to Renminbi 174 million (approximately US\$25 million) as at 31 December 2008.

The Group has also endeavoured to hedge its medium term interest rate risk by entering into HIBOR and LIBOR interest-rate swap contracts. As at 31 December 2008, the Group had outstanding contracts for a total value of HK\$4,760 million (approximately US\$614.2 million) at fixed interest rates ranging between 4.28% and 4.63% per annum and US\$100 million at a fixed interest rate of 4.70% per annum. The interest cover continues through January 2014. Taking into account these interest-rate swap contracts and the Renminbi loans, the Group has fixed its interest liability on 46% of its loans outstanding.

### (b) Minimize Currency Risk

There is a natural economic hedge to the extent that all the Group's business units in Hong Kong, Mainland China, the Philippines, Singapore and Malaysia and Thailand derive their revenues (and most of the expenses associated therewith) in local currencies. The Group's hotels are quoting room tariffs in the local currency in view of the general

appreciation of the Asian currencies against US dollar. It is the Group's endeavour, wherever and to the extent possible, to quote tariffs in the stronger currency and maintain bank balances in that currency, if legally permitted. Also, to the extent legally permitted, the Group's subsidiaries in Mainland China contracted for new bank loans in US dollars.

The Group has not felt it appropriate to substantially hedge against currency risks through forward exchange contracts upon consideration of the currency risks involved and the cost of obtaining such cover.

# 4. Investment Properties Valuations

Investment properties continue to be stated at fair value. All changes in the fair value of investment properties from one balance sheet date to the next will be reported in the income statement. Investment properties are stated at professional valuations carried out by the following independent firms of professional valuers as at 31 December 2008:

CB Richard Ellis Limited. : For properties in Mainland China

DTZ Debenham Tie Leung Limited and Chesterton Petty Limited

Colliers International : For properties in Singapore

Consultancy & Valuation (Singapore) Pte Ltd, and Vigers Appraisal & Consulting Limited

W.M. Malik & Kamaruzaman : For properties in Malaysia

# 5. Financial Assets Held for Trading – Trading Securities

The portfolio of these securities was reduced substantially to US\$13.3 million as at 31 December 2008 after reclassification of 10,867,055 ordinary shares in the Company as treasury shares during the year.

These ordinary shares in the Company are held by a wholly owned subsidiary of Shangri-La Hotel Public Company Limited, one of the principal subsidiaries of the Group, before the Company acquired a controlling interest in it in late 1999.

The market value of these ordinary shares in the Company as at 30 June 2008 was written off against the retained earnings of the Group.

In 2008, the Group charged a total unrealized losses on financial assets held for trading of US\$33.4 million before non-controlling interests for the year (US\$31.0 million after non-controlling interests) to the income statement.

# 6. Development Programmes (a) Existing Programmes

In Mainland China, the extension to the Shangri-La Hotel, Qingdao and the Futian Shangri-La, Shenzhen opened for business on 12 March 2008 and 23 October 2008, respectively. Both hotels are wholly owned subsidiaries of the Company. On 16 January 2009, the 409-room Shangri-La Hotel, Wenzhou (a 75% owned hotel) opened for business.

The 202-room Shangri-La Hotel, Tokyo, a hotel under operating lease, opened for business on 2 March 2009, while the 219-room Shangri-La's Boracay Resort & Spa, Philippines also opened on the same day.

Development work on the following projects is on-going:

	Group's interest as at 31 December 2008	Hotel Rooms	Serviced Apartments	Projected Opening
Hotels in Mainland China				
Shangri-La Hotel, Ningbo	95%	564	60	Mid 2009
Shangri-La Hotel, Guilin	100%	430	_	Late 2009
Shangri-La Hotel, Manzhouli	100%	201	16	Late 2009
Hotels in other countries				
Shangri-La's Villingili Resort				
& Spa, Maldives	70%	142	_	Mid 2009
Shangri-La Hotel, Paris, France	100%	108	-	Early 2010
Shangri-La's Mactan Resort				
& Spa, Cebu – extension	100%	112	_	Late 2010
Traders Hotel, Malé, Maldives	100%	205	_	Late 2011
Shangri-La Hotel, Vienna,	O	202		M. 1 3010
Austria	Operating lease	202	_	Mid 2010
Other projects and composite				
developments				
Office Tower, Ulaanbaatar,				
Republic of Mongolia	51%	N/A	N/A	Mid 2009
Office Tower, Qingdao	100%	N/A	130	Mid 2009
China World Trade Center				
Phase III – Grand Tower				
(including a deluxe hotel),	40.070/	270		M. 1 3000
Beijing Pudang Kama Cantra	40.07%	278	_	Mid 2009
Pudong Kerry Centre (with Shangri-La's Pudong				
Kerry Centre Hotel), Shanghai	23.20%	574	4	End 2010
Tianjin Kerry Centre	25.2070	371	111	LIIU ZUTU
(with Shangri-La Hotel, Tianjin)	20%	450	18	2012
Jing An Kerry Centre (with	20,0	150	10	2012
Jing An Shangri-La), Shanghai	49%	400	_	2012
, 0 0 // 0 "				

In July 2008, the Group completed the acquisition of the entire equity interest of a local company in Paris which owns the building adjacent to the site of the Shangri-La Hotel, Paris, at a net consideration of Euro 20.9 million (approximately US\$31 million). The building will be refurbished as an extension of the hotel currently under development.

At the special general meeting held on 17 December 2008, the independent shareholders of the Company approved the discloseable and connected transactions in relation to the entering into the Supplemental Agreement relating to the joint acquisition, ownership and development of the land sites in Jingan District, Shanghai, pursuant to which the Company (holding 49% equity interest) and Kerry Properties Limited ("KPL") (holding 51% equity interest) agreed that the maximum total commitment shall be increased from US\$700 million to Renminbi 7,600 million (approximately US\$1,111.9 million at the exchange rate as at 31 December 2008). The rise in the development costs of the project was mainly attributable to changes in the development plans, increase in construction costs and inflation, increase in land costs and interest costs.

The Group's wholly owned subsidiaries have acquired land use rights in certain provincial cities in Mainland China including Sanya and Qinhuangdao and Ulaanbaatar in the Republic of Mongolia for hotel development and the Group is now reviewing the development scale and roll-out schedule.

The Group has a 25.9% interest in the project companies which own a piece of land in the Midtown Manhattan, New York. The joint venture parties are reviewing the investment of this project.

The Group has also carried out design and concept planning for a 195-room Shangri-La Hotel at London Bridge Tower, London in the United Kingdom. This hotel under operating lease is scheduled to open for business in 2012.

#### (b) New Projects

During the year, the Group entered into certain connected transactions for new development projects in the following cities:

- A composite development in Nanchang City, Mainland China.
- A composite development in the Bonifacio Global City located at Taguig, Metro Manila, The Philippines.
- A composite development in Tangshan City, Mainland China.
- A composite development in Nanjing City, Mainland China.

Details of these transactions are provided in items 1, 2, 5 and 6 under the section headed "Connected Transactions" of the Report of the Directors.

The estimated incremental funding required directly by the subsidiaries and the Group's share of the funding obligations of its associates for all the existing and new projects (including item 7 below relating to the acquisition and the restructuring of certain property interests in the Philippines) and other renovations involving fund commitments is currently estimated at US\$2,159 million as of 31 December 2008 which included US\$42.4 million guarantees to be executed by the Group in favour of bank loans granted to associates.

On 16 March 2009, the Group entered into a novation deed pursuant to which the rights, title and interests of APL under and in the master joint venture agreement for the Nanjing development project (including but not limited to all APL Group's 15% rights, title and interests in and under part of the land deposit payment of Renminbi 4.5 million already contributed by APL Group for land use rights of a piece of land) will be transferred and assigned by novation to the Group at a cash consideration of approximately HK\$5.2 million (approximately US\$0.7 million). The Group's interest in the master joint venture agreement will be increased to 55% following the completion of the novation and

the Group's 55% share of the maximum total investment in the project will be increased to Renminbi 825 million (approximately US\$121 million). The transactions are subject to the Company's independent shareholders' approval.

## 7. Disposals and Acquisitions

On 18 January 2008, the non-controlling shareholder of the Company's subsidiary Shangri-La Mongolia Limited ("SML") exercised its option under the shareholders' agreement to acquire from the Group an additional 9% equity interest and proportionate shareholder's loans in SML which owns the office tower development project in Ulaanbaatar, the Republic of Mongolia through its wholly owned subsidiary. The total consideration for the transfer was approximately US\$1,935,000, yielding the Group a nominal gain on this transaction. The Group holds 51% equity interest in SML after this dilution.

On 30 May 2008, the Group acquired an additional 23% shareholding interest, together with proportionate shareholder's loan, in Shangri-La Hotels (Shenzhen) Limited ("Shangri-La Shenzhen"), an indirect 57% owned subsidiary, from a substantial shareholder of this indirect owned subsidiary at a total consideration of approximately Renminbi 135.1 million (approximately US\$20 million). Shangri-La Shenzhen is the registered owner of 90% interest in a joint venture company established in the PRC which owns and operates the Shangri-La Hotel, Shenzhen. Following completion of the acquisition, the Group owns a 72% effective interest in the Shangri-La Hotel, Shenzhen. The amount of US\$11,284,000 being the difference between the value of the 23% interest and the consideration was charged to the Group's retained earnings.

On 2 January 2009, the Group entered into connected transactions in relation to the acquisition of the entire issued share capital of certain Philippines property holding companies and related loans; and proposed to enter into other agreements to dispose of approximately 6.05% equity interest in Mactan Shangri-La Hotel & Resort, Inc. ("MSH") (a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company which owns the Shangri-La's Mactan

Resort & Spa, Cebu ("Shangri-La Mactan")). Details of these transactions are provided in Note 42(b) to the Consolidated Financial Statements. As at the date of this report, these transactions for the dilution of interest in MSH have not been wholly completed. In accordance with the accounting standard, the difference between the consideration received for the dilution of interest in MSH and the corresponding share of the net asset value in MSH will be recorded as movement of equity in the 2009 consolidated financial statements.

## 8. Management Contracts

As at the date of this report, the Group has 16 management agreements in respect of operating hotels owned by third parties and the Group has agreements on hand for development of 14 new hotels. The development projects are located in Doha (Qatar), Toronto, Las Vegas, Miami, Kuwait, Seychelles, Bangalore, Mumbai, Macau and Abu Dhabi.

# 9. Prospects

With the melt down of the financial market in the USA, the financial contagion which engulfed the global economies during the last quarter of 2008 continued through early 2009. This period witnessed unprecedented volatility in the financial markets of most countries. With recession in the USA, Europe and Japan and the uncertainty created by the political situation in Thailand, it is envisaged that the sentiment triggered by these developments will dampen both business and leisure travel and spending through the first half of 2009 at a minimum. In preparing for a difficult and weakening market environment, the Group's hotels have initiated various cost containment measures without compromising on standards and level of service. The Group believes that maintenance of product and service quality in these difficult times, is key to the long term success of the business.

## 10.Corporate Social Responsibility

Through Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR), the Group remains committed to operating in an economically, socially and environmentally sustainable manner whilst balancing the interests of diverse stakeholders. In 2008, hotels continued to deliver on the Group's commitment based on the five areas of CSR priorities.

#### The Environment

Efficient resource management remains a priority across the Group. Hotels have been working on energy consumption reduction of 12% from 2006 levels. Water management systems such as graywater recycling have been put in place along with a campaign to reduce landfill-bound waste.

Environment Management Systems are steered by a cross-section of the staff in every property. By the end of 2008, 38 managed hotels and resorts had the ISO 14001 certification. Soon, the group will work towards overall reduction of carbon dioxide emissions.

Beyond biodiversity conservation, the Group aims to restore habitats and promote environmental education. At the Shangri-La's Mactan Resort and Spa, Cebu, the marine protected area spans five hectares from the beachfront with a restoration of over 50 species of fish, clams and coral. At Shangri-La's Barr Al Jissah Resort and Spa in the Sultanate of Oman, a dedicated turtle ranger has provided turtle hatcheries for the rare green turtle and the hawksbill turtle that nest along Oman's coastline.

### Stakeholder Engagement

Jobs creation becomes a key objective in every locality that a Shangri-La Group hotel opens in. This CSR strategy, among others, is likewise encouraged by the Group's business partners. In some hotels, key corporate accounts and client groups already attend CSR seminars and are offered green meeting packages.

While Care for Children (CFC) remains the biggest partner in Mainland China for overall child welfare, other properties leverage partnerships with NGOs in order to best address local social needs. Care for the elderly, environmental conservation, health & sanitation and child development are some of the many causes that various hotels support.

#### Supply Chain

The Group seeks to maintain the highest of standards in hygiene, safety, labour and environmental practice amongst its suppliers. More products are sourced from the best practitioners in eco-friendly products such as biodegradable plastic, non-MSG and least GMO-food items. More non profit organizations, community trade or organic growers for food products are also made business partners.

#### Health and Safety

The Group is committed to protecting the health and safety of its customers, employees, suppliers and the public by providing a safe and healthy environment. Each property has a dedicated Fire/Life/Safety Manager thoroughly trained for emergency and unpredictable situations.

The Group has seen the growing interest in and value for OHSAS 18001: a standard and planning tool for hazard identification, risk assessment and control altogether seeking to minimize accidents and casualties to employees given their working environment. Shangri-La Hotel, Kuala Lumpur and Shangri-La Hotel, Singapore lead the Group in OHSAS certification. In due course, an efficient integrated management system, along with the ISO 9001, 14001 and HACCP will be implemented across the Group.

As a leader in food safety management system, 19 more properties were certified under the Hazard Analysis and Critical Control Point System (HACCP) in 2008 bringing the total to 45. In 2009, all the training programmes will be further cascaded to business partners. Waste Management and food safety seminars are to be conducted in local organizations, even with tour operators. As well, some of the properties have commenced working with consultants towards making the hotels a friendlier destination for Persons With Disabilities (PWD) and children.

## **Employees**

The Group regards its people as its greatest asset, and remains committed to providing a safe and healthy working environment. The Group maintains the highest standards for its employees, who are its partners delivering the promise of true Asian hospitality.

As an industry leader and an employer of choice, the Group ensures that it remains committed to ensuring the welfare of its employees, offering competitive compensation packages and applicable minimum wage requirements in every country and region where it operates. It espouses equal gender rights, the ability to join employee organizations, freedom of expression and work-life balance programmes. From wellness/sports & recreation programmes to nutritious meals in the staff dining halls and volunteer opportunities, the staff can choose from a wide range of activities to engage in.

## Going Forward

In 2008, the Group accelerated its commitment to CSR by recognizing the need for better accountability and management of its programmes. The first Area CSR and Sustainability Manager was hired for the Philippine properties with this precise objective in mind. CSR Champions and committees have been set up in every single property, with various departments steering best practices across the five key strategic areas of Environment, Supply Chain, Health and Safety, Employees and Stakeholder Engagement. A training module on the importance of CSR as well as the localized impacts of climate change will be cascaded throughout the Group in order to inspire a personal lifestyle change along with company mandate and policy. This module has been completed in the Philippine hotels and will be cascaded to over 20 more hotels within 2009.

### **II.**Human Resources

As of 31 December 2008, the Company and its subsidiaries had approximately 25,000 employees. The headcount of all the Group's managed hotels and resorts totaled 37,000. Salaries and benefits, including provident fund, insurance and medical cover, housing and share option schemes were maintained at competitive levels. Bonuses were awarded based on individual performance as well as the financial performance of business units.

The Company has two share options scheme. Details of these two schemes are provided in the section headed "Share Options" of the Report of the Directors. The Group has not granted any new options in 2007 and 2008. The Group charged US\$454,000 in its 2008 income statement for options granted in 2005 and 2006.

The Group's total employee benefit expenses (excluding directors' emoluments) amount to US\$358,033,000 (2007: US\$320,379,000).

The Board's remuneration committee reviews matters relating to the compensation and the incentives proposed for senior management and executive directors.

The Group remains committed to developing its human capital. In 2008, seventy high potential employees were selected to the group's core talent development programmes which provide both on the job and classroom learning over durations of twelve to eighteen months. Thirteen employees were certified in the Hospitality for Housekeeping Executive Programme (CHHE) offered by the American Hotel and Lodging Association. A three year agreement of understanding was signed with the Spanish Foreign Trade Institute (ICEX) in China and three of our chefs from China are currently undergoing a nine months culinary training in Spain. In addition, a number of corporate programmes were launched across the Group during the year including a self-paced leadership development programme targeting hotel general manager successors, and a new module "Delighting Customers" for all employees.

The Shangri-La Academy continues to accelerate and intensify employee training in keeping with the Group's expansion. Since its opening in December 2004, it has trained more than 3,500 employees through its four core certificate programmes, its diploma programmes and its various management development programmes. In December 2008, the Academy fitted with state of the art facilities has moved to its new location at the Sun Yat-Sen University Campus in Zhuhai.

In 2008, the company received the American Society of Training and Development (ASTD) BEST award which recognizes those exceptional companies that create a culture of learning at all levels of the organization. This was the first time an Asian hotel company was conferred this award since its inception in 2003.

# CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

The Company recognizes the importance of transparency in governance and accountability to shareholders. The Board of Directors (the "Board") believes that shareholders can maximize their benefits from good corporate governance. Therefore, the Company continuously reviews its corporate governance framework to ensure alignment with generally acceptable practices and standards.

During the year under report, the Company has met the code provisions as set out in the Code on Corporate Governance Practices contained in Appendix 14 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "HK Listing Rules"), except that the Company did not appoint a chief executive officer prior to 2 April 2008. On 2 April 2008, Mr KUOK Khoon Ean was appointed as the Chairman of the Board and having, among other things, the responsibilities as set out in the HK Listing Rules, and Mr KUOK Khoon Loong, Edward was appointed as the President and Chief Executive Officer of the Company.

#### The Board of Directors

The Board is accountable to the shareholders for leading the Group in a responsible and effective manner. The current Board comprises 5 Executive Directors, 4 Non-Executive Directors (one of whom is an Alternate Director) and 4 Independent Non-Executive Directors, whose biographical details and relationship between members of the Board are set out on pages 5 to 9. The Board has a majority of Non-Executive Directors, thereby improving management control and ensuring that the Board takes into account the interests of all shareholders.

The Board meets at least four times a year at quarterly intervals and meets more frequently as and when required. At the Board meetings, the Directors actively participate and hold informed discussions. The Board held four meetings in 2008 and meetings attended by each of the Directors during the year 2008 were as follows:

Name of Director	Meetings attended/ eligible to attend
	eligible to attend
Executive Directors	
Mr KUOK Khoon Ean (Chairman)	3/3
(appointed as Director on 1 April 2008 and	
elected as Chairman of the Board on 2 April 2008)	
Mr KUOK Khoon Loong, Edward	4/4
(appointed as the President and	
Chief Executive Officer on 2 April 2008)	
Mr LUI Man Shing	4/4
Mr Giovanni ANGELINI	3/4
Mr Madhu Rama Chandra RAO	0/0
(appointed on 18 December 2008)	
Mr NG Si Fong, Alan (retired on 23 May 2008)	1/1
Non-Executive Directors	
Madam KUOK Oon Kwong	4/4
Mr HO Kian Guan	4/4
Mr Roberto V. ONGPIN	4/4
Mr Alexander Reid HAMILTON*	4/4
Mr WONG Kai Man, BBS, JP*	4/4
Mr Timothy David DATTELS*	4/4
Mr Michael Wing-Nin CHIU*	4/4
Mr LEE Yong Sun (retired on 23 May 2008)	1/1

<sup>\*</sup> Independent Non-Executive Directors

# CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

To facilitate the decision-making process, the Directors have unrestricted access to the management to make enquiries and obtain further information, when required. In addition, all Directors have unrestricted access to the advice and services of the Company Secretary to ensure that the Board procedures and all applicable rules and regulations are followed. The Board has adopted the procedures for the Directors to obtain independent professional advice at the Company's expense.

Minutes of the Board meetings kept by the Company Secretary are sent to the Directors for record and are open for inspection by the Directors.

The Company has arranged appropriate insurance cover for the Directors.

The Board has appointed Board committees to oversee particular aspects of the Company's affairs. Each Board committee is appointed with written terms of reference. Certain matters are reserved to the full Board for decision including matters relating to the following:

- constitution and share capital
- corporate objectives and strategy
- corporate policies relating to securities transactions by Directors and senior management
- · interim and annual results
- significant investments
- major financings, borrowings and guarantees
- corporate governance and internal controls
- risk management
- major acquisitions and disposals
- material contracts
- · board members and auditor
- any other significant matters that will affect the operations of the Group as a whole

The day-to-day running of the Company is delegated to the management, with divisional heads responsible for different aspects of the business.

# Directors' Appointment, Re-election and Removal

The Company has not established a nomination committee. The Board as a whole is responsible for approving the appointment of its members and nominating them for election and re-election by the shareholders of the Company.

The Board has adopted the procedures for appointment of new Directors to ensure that the Board consists of members with the range of skills and qualities to meet its principal responsibilities in a way which ensures that the interests of shareholders are protected and promoted and the requirements of the HK Listing Rules are complied with. The procedures and criteria to select candidates are as follows:

- I. The Company Secretary shall forthwith inform the Board as soon as the number of Directors (executive or non-executive) falls below the minimum required by the HK Listing Rules or the Company's Bye-Laws or if there are unfilled positions in any Board committees required to be constituted by the HK Listing Rules.
- The Board identifies the need for a new Director based on whether or not the Company has an appropriate number of Directors to allow for effective decision-making.

- 3. The Board identifies potential candidates who may fill the role. Potential candidates should:
  - a. complement the existing Board composition to ensure that there is an appropriate mix of Directors with different abilities and experiences;
  - b. have the required skills, knowledge and expertise to add value to the Board: and
  - c. be able to commit the necessary time to their position.
- 4. Suitable candidate(s) are appointed in accordance with the Company's Bye-Laws and the HK Listing Rules. All Directors should be appointed subject to re-election and to the HK Listing Rules, the Company's Bye-Laws and laws concerning removal of a Director.

All Non-Executive Directors are appointed for a specific term and are also subject to the retirement provision in accordance with the Company's Bye-Laws. Under the Company's Bye-Laws, every Director is subject to retirement no later than the third Annual General Meeting ("AGM") after he/she was last elected or re-elected. Besides, one-third of the Directors shall retire from office at each AGM. The retiring Directors shall be eligible for re-election.

# Independence of Independent Non-Executive Directors

The Board has received from each of the Independent Non-Executive Directors confirmation of his independence according to the guidelines set out in Rule 3.13 of the HK Listing Rules. The Board is of the view that all Independent Non-Executive Directors of the Company are independent and is grateful for the contribution and independent advice and guidance that they have been giving to the Board and for their participation in the Board committees.

#### Remuneration Committee

A Remuneration Committee was set up on 17 October 1997 to make recommendations to the Board on the Company's policy and structure for all remuneration of Directors and senior management and on the establishment of a formal and transparent procedure for developing policy on such remuneration. The Committee comprises three members including the Chairman and two Independent Non-Executive Directors. The current Committee members are Messrs KUOK Khoon Ean (who acts as chairman of the Committee), Alexander Reid HAMILTON and WONG Kai Man, BBS, JP. The Remuneration Committee met one time in 2008 and meeting attended by each of the members during the year 2008 was as follows:

	Meeting attended/
Name of Member	eligible to attend
Mr KUOK Khoon Ean (Chairman)	0/0
(appointed as member and Chairman on	
2 April 2008)	
Mr Alexander Reid HAMILTON	1/1
Mr WONG Kai Man, BBS, JP	1/1
Mr KUOK Khoon Loong, Edward	1/1
(ceased to be a member on 2 April 2008)	

The Remuneration Committee assessed the performance of the Executive Directors in the context of the financial performance of the Group and its development strategy in the medium term. In approving the terms of remuneration of the Executive Directors, including the grant of share options, the Committee considered the financial results of the Group, its growth plans, the competitive environment in the hotel industry for obtaining competent management talent and the need to adequately reward outstanding performances.

The terms of reference of the Remuneration Committee are available in the Group's corporate website (www.ir.shangri-la.com).

# CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

## Directors' Remuneration

The remuneration for the Executive Directors comprises salary, annual bonus, pensions, housing and annual leave fare for expatriate Executive Directors. Salaries are reviewed annually. Salary increases are made where the Remuneration Committee believes that adjustments are appropriate to reflect performance, contribution, increased responsibilities and/or by reference to market/sector trends. In addition to salary, Executive Directors and employees of the Company and its subsidiaries are eligible to receive a discretionary bonus taking into consideration factors such as market conditions as well as corporate and individual performances. In order to attract, retain and motivate executives and key employees serving any member of the Group or other persons contributing to the Group, the Company has adopted share option schemes. Such incentive schemes enable the eligible persons to obtain an ownership interest in the Company and thus will motivate them to optimize their contributions to the Group.

The Directors' emoluments paid or payable to the Directors during the year are set out on an individual and named basis, in Note 28 to the consolidated financial statements of this Annual Report and details of the share option schemes are set out in the Report of the Directors.

#### Audit Committee

The Company set up an Audit Committee on 25 August 1998. The Committee comprises three Non-Executive Directors, two of them being independent. The current Committee members are Messrs Alexander Reid HAMILTON (who acts as chairman of the Committee), HO Kian Guan and WONG Kai Man, BBS, JP. The Committee members have professional qualifications and experience in financial matters that enable the Committee to exercise its powers effectively and provide the Board with independent views and recommendations in relation to financial matters.

The main duties of the Audit Committee include the following:

- (i) reviewing the interim and annual financial statements before they are submitted to the Board for approval;
- (ii) making recommendations to the Board on, the appointment, reappointment and removal of the external auditor, and approving the remuneration and terms of engagement of the external auditor, and any questions of resignation or dismissal of that auditor;
- (iii) reviewing and monitoring the external auditor's independence and objectivity and the effectiveness of the audit process in accordance with applicable standards;
- (iv) reviewing and monitoring the integrity of the interim and annual financial statements, reports of the Company, and reviewing significant financial reporting judgments contained in them, before submission to the Board;
- (v) reviewing the Company's financial controls, internal control and risk management systems;
- (vi) reviewing the Group's financial and accounting policies and practices;
- (vii) reviewing the internal audit programme, ensuring co-ordination between the internal and external auditors, and reviewing and monitoring the effectiveness of the internal audit function.

The Audit Committee met four times in 2008 and meetings attended by each of the members during the year 2008 were as follows:

	Meetings attended/
Name of Member	eligible to attend
Mr Alexander Reid HAMILTON	4/4
Mr HO Kian Guan	4/4
Mr WONG Kai Man, BBS, JP	3/4

Special meetings may be convened at the discretion of the chairman of the Committee to review significant control or financial issues.

The Audit Committee focused on the review of the Group's financial controls and in particular the conduct of the internal audit at various operational units in the Group. They recommended the appointment and remuneration payable to the Company's external auditor and satisfied themselves on the external auditor's independence and objectivity. They also reviewed the interim and annual financial statements before these were submitted to the Board for approval and in the context of the new accounting and financial reporting standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants, they reviewed the compliance of these new standards by the Group.

In addition, the Committee members reviewed the reports issued by the internal audit team and discussed the risk and internal control of the Group.

The terms of reference of the Audit Committee are available at the Group's corporate website.

# Financial Reporting

The Directors acknowledge their responsibility for the preparation of the financial statements of the Group. In preparing the financial statements, the generally accepted accounting standards in Hong Kong have been adopted, appropriate accounting policies have been used and applied consistently, and reasonable and prudent judgments and estimates have been made.

The Board is not aware of any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions which may cast significant doubt over the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. Accordingly, the Board has continued to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

The statement of the auditor of the Company about its reporting responsibilities on the financial statements of the Group is set out in the Independent Auditor's Report on page 61.

## Internal Control

The Board has overall responsibility for maintaining sound and effective internal control systems in the Group. Internal control policies and procedures are designed to identify and manage the risks that the Group may be exposed to, thereby providing reasonable assurance regarding the achievement of corporate objectives. Internal financial systems also allow the Board to monitor the Group's overall financial position, to protect the Group's assets and to mitigate against material financial misstatement or loss. Through the Audit Committee of the Company, the Board has conducted reviews of the effectiveness of the system of internal control of the Company and its subsidiaries. The reviews cover all material controls, including financial, operational and compliance controls and risk management functions.

# CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

## Internal Audit

The Board also monitors its internal financial control systems through management reviews and a programme of internal audits. The internal audit team reviews the major operational and financial systems of the Group on a continuing basis and aims to cover all major operations within every division on a rotational basis. The scope of its review and the audit programme is determined and approved by the Audit Committee at the beginning of each financial year in conjunction with the external auditors. The internal audit function reports directly to the Audit Committee and submits regular reports for its review in accordance with the approved programme.

#### **External Auditors**

The Company's external auditor is PricewaterhouseCoopers, Hong Kong.

During the year, PricewaterhouseCoopers, Hong Kong and its other member firms provided the following audit and non-audit services to the Group:

Services	Fees charged
	US\$'000
Audit services (including interim review)	622
Non-audit services	
(a) Tax services	143
(b) Other advisory services	105

Total fees for audit services provided by other external auditors to the subsidiaries of the Group were approximately US\$446,000.

PricewaterhouseCoopers, Hong Kong will retire and offer themselves for reappointment at the AGM of the Company to be held in May 2009.

#### Investor Relations

The Board and senior management recognize their responsibility to look after the interests of the shareholders of the Company.

With a view to developing and maintaining continuing good relations with the Group's shareholders and investors, various communication channels have been established.

The Company reports on its financial and operating performance to shareholders through interim and annual reports. At the AGM, shareholders can raise any questions relating to the performance and future direction of the Company with the Directors.

In addition, press conferences and analysts briefings are held at least twice a year subsequent to the interim and final results announcements at which appropriate senior management or Executive Directors are available to answer queries on the Group. Shareholders and investors may visit our website for up-to-date financial and other information about the Group and its activities.

As at 31 December 2008 and based on information that is publicly available to the Directors, there is a sufficient public float of the Company's shares as required by the HK Listing Rules.

## Securities Transactions by Directors

The Board has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers as set out in Appendix 10 of the HK Listing Rules as the Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of the Company (the "Directors' Securities Dealing Code").

The Directors who had securities transactions in the Company's shares during the year had informed the Chairman of their intention of dealing prior to the transactions and provided the Company with details of the transactions thereafter in compliance with the Directors' Securities Dealing Code. Interests in the Company's shares and share options held by the Directors as at 31 December 2008 are set out in the Report of Directors section of this Annual Report.

The Company has made specific enquiry of all the Directors who confirmed compliance with the required standard set out in the Directors' Securities Dealing Code throughout the year.

## Securities Transactions by Relevant Employees

The Board has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Relevant Employees (the "Employees' Securities Dealing Code") setting out the guidelines for relevant employees (the "Relevant Employees") in respect of their dealings in the securities of the Company. The requirements under the Employees' Securities Dealing Code are the same as those under the Directors' Securities Dealing Code.

The Relevant Employees who had securities transactions in the Company's shares during the year had informed the Chairman or the Chief Financial Officer of their intention of dealing prior to the transactions and provided the Company with details of the transactions thereafter in compliance with the Employees' Securities Dealing Code.

The Company has made specific enquiry of all the Relevant Employees who confirmed compliance with the required standard set out in the Employees' Securities Dealing Code throughout the year.

# REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

The Directors submit their report together with the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2008.

# Principal Activities and Geographical Analysis of **Operations**

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding.

The principal activities of the Company's subsidiaries are the ownership and operation of hotels and associated properties and the provision of hotel management and related services. The Company's subsidiaries are also the registered proprietors of various trademarks and service marks in various countries, including the brand names "Shangri-La", "Traders", "Rasa", "Summer Palace" and "Shang Palace" and related devices and logos.

The principal activities of the Company's associates are the leasing of office, commercial, residential and exhibition hall space and serviced apartments as well as the ownership and operation of hotels.

An analysis of the Group's performance for the year by geographical and business segments is set out in Note 5 to the consolidated financial statements.

## Results and Appropriations

The results for the year are set out in the consolidated income statement on page 64.

The Board has declared an interim dividend of HK14 cents per share for the year.

The details of dividends paid and proposed during the year are set out in Note 34 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### Reserves

The details of movements in reserves during the year are set out in Notes 18 and 19 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### **Donations**

Charitable donations and other donations made by the Group during the year amounted to US\$1,454,000.

### Fixed Assets

The details of movements in fixed assets during the year are set out in Notes 7 and 8 to the consolidated financial statements.

## Principal Properties

The details of the hotel properties and investment properties are set out in Notes 40 and 41 to the consolidated financial statements respectively.

## Share Capital

The details of share capital are set out in Note 18 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### Subsidiaries and Associates

The details of the Company's principal subsidiaries and associates are set out in Note 39 to the consolidated financial statements.

## Particulars of Bank Loans and Overdrafts

The particulars of bank loans and overdrafts as at 31 December 2008 are set out in Note 20 to the consolidated financial statements.

# Results, Assets and Liabilities

The results, assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five financial years are set out on page 148.

#### **Directors**

The Directors who held office during the year and up to the date of this report were:

Mr KUOK Khoon Ean (appointed as Director on 1 April 2008 and as Chairman on 2 April 2008)

Mr KUOK Khoon Loong, Edward (resigned as Chairman and appointed as President and Chief Executive Officer on 2 April 2008)

Mr LUI Man Shing (Deputy Chairman)

Mr Giovanni ANGELINI

Mr Madhu Rama Chandra RAO (appointed on 18 December 2008)

- # Madam KUOK Oon Kwong
- # Mr HO Kian Guan
- # Mr Roberto V. ONGPIN
- Mr Alexander Reid HAMILTON
- + Mr WONG Kai Man, BBS, IP
- <sup>+</sup> Mr Timothy David DATTELS
- <sup>+</sup> Mr Michael Wing-Nin CHIU
- # Mr HO Kian Hock (Alternate to Mr HO Kian Guan) Mr NG Si Fong, Alan (retired on 23 May 2008)
- # Mr LEE Yong Sun (retired on 23 May 2008)
- # Non-Executive Directors
- + Independent Non-Executive Directors

Mr LUI Man Shing, Mr Giovanni ANGELINI, Madam KUOK Oon Kwong and Mr WONG Kai Man, BBS, IP retire by rotation in accordance with Bye-Law 99 of the Company's Bye-Laws. All retiring Directors, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election.

# REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

# Directors' Interests and Short Positions in Shares, Underlying Shares and Debentures

As at 31 December 2008, the interests and short positions of the Directors in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company and its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO")) (the "Associated Corporations") as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 352 of the SFO or as otherwise notified to the Company and the HKSE pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") set out in Appendix 10 of the HK Listing Rules were as follows:

> Percentage of Total Issued

## (a) Long positions in shares of the Company and Associated Corporations

	Name of Director		Number of Shares Held					Share Capital of the Relevant Company as at
Name of Company		Class of Shares	Personal Interests (Note 1)	Family Interests	Corporate Interests	Other Interests	Total	31 December 2008
(i) The Company	Mr KUOK Khoon Ean	Ordinary	438,240	79,693 (Note 2)	1,808,240 (Note 3)	_	2,326,173	0.08%
	Mr KUOK Khoon Loong, Edward	Ordinary	1,032,222		_	_	1,032,222	0.04%
	Mr LUI Man Shing	Ordinary	833,333	-	_	_	833,333	0.03%
	Mr Giovanni ANGELINI	Ordinary	316,666		_	_	316,666	0.01%
	Mr Madhu Rama Chandra RAO	Ordinary	30,000	_	_	_	30,000	0.00%
	Madam KUOK Oon Kwong	Ordinary	168,197	213,345 (Note 2)	120,747 (Note 4)	_	502,289	0.02%
	Mr HO Kian Guan	Ordinary	628,750	_	117,832,393 (Note 5)	_	118,461,143	4.11%
	Mr HO Kian Hock (Alternate to Mr HO Kian Guan)	Ordinary	_	_	117,832,393 (Note 5)	_	117,832,393	4.08%
(ii) Associated Corporations								
Shangri-La Hotels (Malaysia) Berhad	Madam KUOK Oon Kwong	Ordinary	_	_	10,000 (Note 4)	_	10,000	0.00%
Shangri-La Hotel Public Company Limited	Mr LUI Man Shing	Ordinary	10,000	_	_	_	10,000	0.01%

#### Notes:

- 1. These shares were held by the relevant Directors as beneficial owners.
- 2. These shares were held by the spouse of the relevant Directors.
- 3. These shares were held through a company which was controlled as to 100% by Mr KUOK Khoon Ean and his spouse.
- 4. These shares were held through a company which was controlled as to 50% by Madam KUOK Oon Kwong.
- 5. 77,164,807 shares were held through companies which were controlled as to 50% by each of Mr HO Kian Guan and Mr HO Kian Hock.
  - 4.628,719 shares were held through a company which was controlled as to 25% by each of Mr HO Kian Guan and Mr HO Kian Hock.
  - 4,323,268 shares were held through a company which was controlled as to 13.33% and 7.08% by Mr HO Kian Guan and Mr HO Kian Hock respectively.
  - 31,715,599 shares were held through companies which were controlled as to 6.7% and 6.81% by Mr HO Kian Guan and Mr HO Kian Hock respectively.

## (b) Long positions in underlying shares of the Company and **Associated Corporations**

As at 31 December 2008, details of share options granted under the Executive Option Scheme and the New Option Scheme to the Directors of the Company who held office during the year were stated in the section headed "SHARE OPTIONS" of this report.

Save as mentioned above, as at 31 December 2008, none of the Directors had any interests or short positions in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any of its Associated Corporations which had been recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 352 of the SFO or as otherwise notified to the Company and the HKSE pursuant to the Model Code.

### Directors' Interests in Contracts

No contracts of significance in relation to the Group's business to which the Company or its subsidiaries was a party, and in which any Director had a material interest, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

# Directors' Interests in Competing Business

Pursuant to Rule 8.10 of the HK Listing Rules, the Company disclosed below that during the year and up to the date of this report, the following Directors are considered to have interests in the businesses which compete or are likely to compete, either directly or indirectly, with the businesses of the Group, other than those businesses where the Directors of the Company have been appointed/were appointed as Directors to represent the interests of the Company and/or the Group:

(i) Madam KUOK Oon Kwong is a Non-Executive Director of Allgreen Properties Limited ("APL"), a company listed on the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited.

APL Group of companies ("APL Group") has a diversified portfolio of properties in Singapore including serviced apartments. Shangri-La Hotel Limited, Singapore ("SHL"), a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, also owns a serviced apartment and condominium development in Singapore. While SHL and the APL Group may compete with each other in the area of serviced apartment business, the Directors believe that this competition does not pose any material threat to SHL's business prospects because:

- SHL is principally engaged in the hotel business;
- the serviced apartment business is an ancillary part of SHL's hotel business:
- the Group's hotel business is effectively marketed on the strength of Shangri-La International Hotel Management Limited's ("SLIM's") renowned position in the hotel industry worldwide built on its strong brands, brand recognition and high-quality services;
- SHL's serviced apartment business is effectively marketed on the strength of SLIM's renowned and high-quality services; and
- Madam KUOK Oon Kwong is only a Non-Executive Director of APL.
- (ii) Messrs HO Kian Guan and HO Kian Hock are substantial shareholders and Directors of the company which holds River View Hotel, Singapore. Messrs HO Kian Guan and HO Kian Hock are substantial shareholders of the company which holds Holiday Inn Riverside Wuhan (the "Holiday Inn Holding Company"). Mr HO Kian Guan is a Director of the Holiday Inn Holding Company.

While such businesses may compete with the Group's hotel businesses in Singapore and Wuhan, the Directors believe that this competition does not pose any material threat to the Group's hotel business prospects because:

- the hotels operated by the Group and those by the Directors with competing interests are targeting different segments or groups of customers in the market and the differentiation of the clientele segments is based on a combination of factors, such as the geographical locations of the hotels, the breadth of services and amenities available. the positioning of the hotels in the local market, the level of room rates, the size and scale of the hotel and the guest recognition programme; and/or
- the Group's hotel business is effectively marketed on the strength of SLIM's renowned position in the hotel industry worldwide built on its strong brands, brand recognition and high-quality services.

The abovementioned competing businesses are operated and managed by companies with independent management and administration. In addition, the Board is independent of the boards of the abovementioned companies carrying on the competing businesses. Accordingly, the Group is capable of carrying on its business independent of, and at arm's length from, the competing businesses mentioned above.

### Share Options **Executive Share Option Scheme**

The executive share option scheme of the Company was approved by the shareholders of the Company (the "Shareholders") on 16 December 1997 (the "Executive Option Scheme").

The Executive Option Scheme is designed to give Executive Directors of, managers of or other employees holding an executive, managerial, supervisory or similar position in the Company or any of its subsidiaries an interest in preserving and maximizing shareholder value in the longer term, to enable the Company to attract and retain individuals with experience and ability, and to provide individuals with incentives for future performance.

A summary of the Executive Option Scheme has been disclosed in the Company's 2001 Annual Report.

In September 2001, the HKSE amended the requirements for share option schemes under the HK Listing Rules. These new requirements make some of the provisions of the Executive Option Scheme no longer applicable.

At the Special General Meeting of the Company held on 24 May 2002 (the "Adoption Date"), the Shareholders approved the adoption of a new share option scheme (the "New Option Scheme") (details of which are set out below) and the termination of the operation of the Executive Option Scheme (such that no further options shall thereafter be offered under the Executive Option Scheme but in all other respects the provisions of the Executive Option Scheme shall remain in full force and effect).

#### New Option Scheme

The purpose of the New Option Scheme is to motivate Eligible Persons Note | to optimize their future contributions to the Company, its Subsidiaries Note 2 and Associates Note 2, and Invested Entities Note 2 (collectively referred to as the "Enlarged Group") and/or to reward them for their past contributions, to attract and retain or otherwise maintain on-going relationships with such Eligible Persons who are significant to and/or whose contributions are or will be beneficial to the performance, growth or success of the Enlarged Group, and additionally in the case of Executives Note 2, to enable the Enlarged Group to attract and retain individuals with experience and ability and/or to reward them for their past contributions.

The maximum number of shares in the Company (the "Shares") in respect of which options may be granted under the New Option Scheme (and under any other share option scheme) shall not in aggregate exceed 10 per cent. of the Shares in issue as at the Adoption Date (the "Scheme Mandate Limit"). Shares which may be issued upon the exercise of all options granted under the Executive Option Scheme and outstanding as at the Adoption Date shall not be included in the calculation of the Scheme Mandate Limit as at the Adoption Date. The Company may from time to time as the Board may think fit seek approval from the Shareholders to refresh the Scheme Mandate Limit, save that the maximum number of Shares which may be issued upon exercise of all options to be granted under the New Option Scheme (and any other share option scheme) shall not exceed 10 per cent. of the Shares in issue as at the date of approval by the Shareholders in the general meeting where such limit is refreshed. Notwithstanding the above, the maximum number of Shares which may be issued upon exercise of all outstanding options granted and yet to be exercised under the New Option Scheme (and under any other share option scheme) shall not exceed 30 per cent. of the Shares in issue from time to time.

As at the date of this report, a total of 178,278,491 Shares (representing approximately 6.18% of the existing issued share capital thereof) are available for issue under the New Option Scheme.

The maximum number of Shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of the options granted to any one Eligible Person (including exercised and outstanding options) in any 12-month period shall not exceed one per cent. of the Shares in issue from time to time.

The period under which an option must be exercised shall be such period as the Board may in its absolute discretion determine at the time of grant, save that such period shall not be more than 10 years commencing on the date of grant of an option. The minimum period for which an option must be held before it can be exercised is determined by the Board upon the grant of an option. The amount payable on acceptance of an option is HK\$1. The full amount of the exercise price for the subscription of Shares must be paid upon exercise of an option.

The exercise price for any particular option shall be such price as the Board of the Company may in its absolute discretion determine at the time of grant of the relevant option (and shall be stated in the letter containing the offer of the grant of the option) but the exercise price shall not be less than whichever is the highest of (a) the nominal value of a Share; (b) the closing price of the Shares as stated in the HKSE's daily quotation sheets on the date of the Board resolution approving the grant of options (the "Offer Date"), which must be a day on which the HKSE is open for the business of dealing in securities (the "Business Day"); and (c) the average of the closing prices of the Shares as stated in the HKSE's daily quotation sheets for the five Business Days immediately preceding the Offer Date.

The New Option Scheme will expire on 23 May 2012.

#### Notes:

- 1. "Eligible Person" means any of the following persons:
  - (a) an Executive;
  - (b) a Director or proposed Director (including an Independent Non-Executive Director) of any member of the Enlarged Group;
  - (c) a direct or indirect shareholder of any member of the Enlarged Group;
  - (d) a supplier of goods or services to any member of the Enlarged Group;
  - (e) a customer, consultant, business or joint venture partner, franchisee, contractor, agent or representative of any member of the Enlarged Group;
  - (f) a person or entity that provides research, development or other technological support or any advisory, consultancy, professional or other services to any member of the Enlarged
  - (g) a landlord or tenant (including a sub-tenant) of any member of the Enlarged Group;
  - (h) any person approved by the shareholders of the Company; and
  - (i) an Associate of any of the foregoing persons.
- 2. The terms "Associates", "Executives", "Invested Entities" and "Subsidiaries" are defined under the circular to Shareholders dated 17 April 2002.

Details of the outstanding option shares as at 31 December 2008 which have been granted under the Executive Option Scheme are as follows:

	Date of grant	Tranche	No. of option shares held as at I January 2008	No. of option shares granted during the year	Transfer from other category during the year	Transfer to other category during the year	No. of option shares exercised during the year (Note 1)	No. of option shares lapsed during the year	No. of option shares held as at 31 December 2008	Exercise price per option share HK\$	Exercisable Period
I. Continuous	l May 1998	[	77,408	_	_	_	(77,408)	_	_	8.26	1 May 1999 – 30 April 2008
Contract	1 May 1998	II	94,168	_	-	_	(94,168)	_	_	8.26	I May 2000 – 30 April 2008
Employees	l May 1998	III	154,816	_	_	_	(154,816)	_	_	8.26	1 May 2001 – 30 April 2008
	15 January 2000	1	285,887	_	_	_	(72,684)	_	213,203	8.82	15 January 2001 – 14 January 2010
	15 January 2000		285,885	_	_	_	(72,682)	_	213,203	8.82	15 January 2002 – 14 January 2010
	15 January 2001	1	33,961	-	-	-	-	-	33,961	8.18	15 January 2002 – 14 January 2011
	15 January 2001		33,960	_	_	_	-	-	33,960	8.18	15 January 2003 – 14 January 2011
2. Other	1 May 1998	I	116,112	_	_	_	(116,112)	_	_	8.26	1 May 1999 – 30 April 2008
Participants	1 May 1998		116,112	-	-	_	(116,112)	-	-	8.26	1 May 2000 – 30 April 2008
	1 May 1998	III	206,392	_	_	_	(206,392)	_	_	8.26	1 May 2001 – 30 April 2008
	15 January 2000	1	270,262	_	_	_	(63,220)	_	207,042	8.82	15 January 2001 – 14 January 2010
	15 January 2000	II	368,260		_	_	(87,219)	_	281,041	8.82	15 January 2002 – 14 January 2010
Total:			2,043,223	_		_	(1,060,813)	_	982,410		

Details of the outstanding option shares as at 31 December 2008 which have been granted under the New Option Scheme are as follows:

	Date of grant	Tranche	No. of option shares held as at I January 2008	No. of option shares granted during the year	Transfer from other category during the year	Transfer to other category during the year	No. of option shares exercised during the year (Note 1)	No. of option shares lapsed during the year	No. of option shares held as at 31 December 2008	Exercise price per option share  HK\$	Exercisable Period
I. Directors							(11000-1)				
Mr KUOK Khoon Loong, Edward	16 June 2006	II	100,000	-	-	-	-	-	100,000	14.60	16 June 2008 – 15 June 2016
Mr LUI Man Shing	16 June 2006	II	60,000	-	-	-	-	-	60,000	14.60	16 June 2008 – 15 June 2016
Mr Giovanni	28 April 2005	1	500,000	-	-	-	(500,000)	-	-	11.60	28 April 2006 – 27 April 2015
ANGELINI	28 April 2005	II .	500,000	_	-	_	(500,000)	_	-	11.60	28 April 2007 – 27 April 2015
	16 June 2006 16 June 2006		100,000	-	-	_	_	_	100,000	14.60 14.60	16 June 2007 – 15 June 2016 16 June 2008 – 15 June 2016
Mr Madhu Rama	28 April 2005	II	_	_	250,000	_	_	_	250,000	11.60	28 April 2007 – 27 April 2015
Chandra RAO	16 June 2006	 I	_	_	50,000	_	_	_	50,000	14.60	16 June 2007 – 15 June 2016
(Note 2)	16 June 2006		_	-	50,000	_	_	-	50,000	14.60	16 June 2008 – 15 June 2016
Mr NG Si Fong,	29 May 2002		60,000	_	_	(60,000)	_	_	_	6.81	29 May 2003 – 28 May 2012
Alan (Note 3)	29 May 2002		60,000	_	_	(60,000)	_	_	_	6.81	29 May 2004 – 28 May 2012
	28 April 2005	-	150,000	-	-	(150,000)		-		11.60	28 April 2006 – 27 April 2015
	28 April 2005	II	150,000	_	-	(150,000)	_	-	_	11.60	28 April 2007 – 27 April 2015
	16 June 2006	-	50,000	-	-	(50,000)	_	_	_	14.60	16 June 2007 – 15 June 2016
	16 June 2006	II	50,000	_	-	(50,000)	_	_	_	14.60	16 June 2008 – 15 June 2016

	Date of grant	Tranche	No. of option shares held as at I January 2008	No. of option shares granted during the year	Transfer from other category during the year	Transfer to other category during the year	No. of option shares exercised during the year (Note 1)	No. of option shares lapsed during the year	No. of option shares held as at 31 December 2008	Exercise price per option share HK\$	Exercisable Period
I. Directors (Continue	ed)										
Madam KUOK	28 April 2005		150,000		_	_	_	_	150,000	11.60	28 April 2006 – 27 April 2015
Oon Kwong	28 April 2005		150,000	_	_	_	_	_	150,000	11.60	28 April 2007 – 27 April 2015
	16 June 2006	1	60,000	_	_	_	_	_	60,000	14.60	16 June 2007 – 15 June 2016
	16 June 2006		60,000	_	_	_	_	_	60,000	14.60	16 June 2008 – 15 June 2016
Mr HO Kian Guan	16 June 2006	II	30,000	-	_	-	(30,000)	_	-	14.60	16 June 2008 – 15 June 2016
Mr LEE Yong Sun (Note 3)	16 June 2006	II	30,000	-	-	(30,000)	-	_	-	14.60	16 June 2008 – 15 June 2016
Mr Roberto V.	28 April 2005		75,000	_	_	_	_	_	75,000	11.60	28 April 2006 – 27 April 2015
ONGPIN	28 April 2005		75,000	_	_	_	_	_	75,000	11.60	28 April 2007 – 27 April 2015
	16 June 2006	1	30,000	_	_	_	_	_	30,000	14.60	16 June 2007 – 15 June 2016
	16 June 2006		30,000	-	_	_	_	-	30,000	14.60	16 June 2008 – 15 June 2016
Mr Alexander	16 June 2006		30,000	_	_	_	_	_	30,000	14.60	16 June 2007 – 15 June 2016
Reid HAMILTON	16 June 2006	II	30,000	-	-	_	-	_	30,000	14.60	16 June 2008 – 15 June 2016

	Date of grant	Tranche	No. of option shares held as at I January 2008	No. of option shares granted during the year	Transfer from other category during the year	Transfer to other category during the year	No. of option shares exercised during the year (Note 1)	No. of option shares lapsed during the year	No. of option shares held as at 31 December 2008	Exercise price per option share HK\$	Exercisable Period
I. Directors (Continu	ued)										
Mr Timothy David	28 April 2005	1	75,000	_	_	_	_	-	75,000	11.60	28 April 2006 – 27 April 2015
DATTELS	28 April 2005		75,000	-	_	_	-	_	75,000	11.60	28 April 2007 – 27 April 2015
	16 June 2006	1	30,000	-	_	_	-	_	30,000	14.60	16 June 2007 – 15 June 2016
	16 June 2006		30,000	_	_	_	_	-	30,000	14.60	16 June 2008 – 15 June 2016
2. Continuous	29 May 2002	1	249,500	_	60,000	_	(40,000)	-	269,500	6.81	29 May 2003 – 28 May 2012
Contract	29 May 2002	II	180,500	-	60,000		(90,000)	-	150,500	6.81	29 May 2004 – 28 May 2012
Employees	28 April 2005	1	3,198,000	-	150,000	(25,000)	(295,000)	(80,000)	2,948,000	11.60	28 April 2006 – 27 April 2015
	28 April 2005	II	4,284,000	-	150,000	(275,000)	(365,000)	(80,000)	3,714,000	11.60	28 April 2007 – 27 April 2015
	16 June 2006	1	2,122,500	-	50,000	(70,000)	(190,000)	(37,500)	1,875,000	14.60	16 June 2007 – 15 June 2016
	16 June 2006		2,372,500	_	50,000	(87,500)	(81,500)	(75,000)	2,178,500	14.60	16 June 2008 – 15 June 2016
3. Other	29 May 2002	I	375,000	_	_	_	(100,000)	-	275,000	6.81	29 May 2003 – 28 May 2012
<b>Participants</b>	29 May 2002	II	385,000	-	-		(100,000)	-	285,000	6.81	29 May 2004 – 28 May 2012
	28 April 2005	1	540,000	-	25,000		(140,000)	-	425,000	11.60	28 April 2006 – 27 April 2015
	28 April 2005		540,000	-	25,000	_	(140,000)	_	425,000	11.60	28 April 2007 – 27 April 2015
	28 April 2005		50,000	-	-	_	(50,000)	_	_	11.60	28 April 2007 – 2 May 2008
	16 June 2006	- 1	457,500	-	20,000	-	(127,500)	_	350,000	14.60	16 June 2007 – 15 June 2016
	16 June 2006	II	37,500	-	_	-	(37,500)	_	_	14.60	16 June 2008 – 30 June 2008
	16 June 2006	II	477,500	_	67,500	_	(27,500)	_	517,500	14.60	16 June 2008 – 15 June 2016
Total:			18,109,500	_	1,007,500	(1,007,500)	(2,814,000)	(272,500)	15,023,000		

#### Notes:

- 1. The weighted average closing price of the shares immediately before the dates on which the options were exercised was HK\$21.60.
- 2. Mr Madhu Rama Chandra RAO was appointed as Director of the Company on 18 December 2008.
- 3. Mr NG Si Fong, Alan and Mr LEE Yong Sun retired by rotation as Directors of the Company on 23 May 2008.
- 4. At the Special General Meeting of the Company held on 24 May 2002, the shareholders of the Company approved the adoption of the New Option Scheme and the termination of the operation of the Executive Option Scheme such that no further options shall thereafter be offered under the Executive Option Scheme but in all other respects the provision of the Executive Option Scheme shall remain in full force and effect.
- 5. No options were cancelled under the Executive Option Scheme and the New Option Scheme during the year and subsequent to 31 December 2008 and up to the date of this report.
- 6. Options on 210,000 shares were lapsed under the New Option Scheme and no options were lapsed under the Executive Option Scheme subsequent to 31 December 2008 and up to the date of this report.
- 7. No options were exercised under the Executive Option Scheme and the New Option Scheme subsequent to 31 December 2008 and up to the date of this report.

### Directors' Rights to Acquire Shares or Debentures

As at 31 December 2008, details of options granted under the Executive Option Scheme and the New Option Scheme to the Directors of the Company who held office during the year were stated in the previous section headed "SHARE OPTIONS" of this report.

Apart from the aforesaid, at no time during the year was the Company or its subsidiaries a party to any arrangements to enable the Directors or their spouses or children under 18 years of age to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in or debentures of the Company or any other body corporate.

#### Connected Transactions

During the financial year ended 31 December 2008 and in the normal course of business, the Company and its subsidiaries had various commercial transactions with certain connected persons. These transactions are considered to be connected transactions under the HK Listing Rules. Details of these transactions are as follows:

1. On 10 March 2008, a consortium formed between Kerry Properties (China) Limited ("KPCL"), an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of Kerry Properties Limited ("KPL"), an associate of Kerry Holdings Limited ("KHL") which is a substantial shareholder of the Company, and Shangri-La China Limited ("SACL"), an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, won a bid at an open bidding to acquire the land use rights of the project site in Nanchang City, Jiangxi Province, PRC ("Nanchang Project Site") at a consideration of approximately RMB258,000,000 (equivalent to US\$36,000,000).

KPCL and SACL, in the proportions of 80% and 20% respectively, established a wholly foreign-owned enterprise in Nanchang City, Jiangxi Province, PRC ("JVCO") in May 2008 for the purpose of acquiring, holding and developing the Nanchang Project Site. The maximum total investment amount of the JVCO is approximately RMB2,200,000,000 (equivalent to US\$310,000,000). The Group's share of the maximum funding commitment is approximately RMB440,000,000 (equivalent to US\$62,000,000). SACL has contributed proportional equity of RMB55,748,000 (equivalent to US\$8,200,000) to the IVCO during the year. KPL is a connected person of the Company by virtue of it being an associate of KHL. Accordingly, the entering into of the transactions as described above constituted connected transactions for the Company.

2. On 7 May 2008, Oceans Growth Limited ("OGL"), an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, Shang Properties, Inc. ("SPI"), an associate of KHL, and Alphaland Corporation ("ALI") entered into a shareholders' agreement for the formation of a joint venture company (the "Landowning JVCO") relating to the acquisition and ownership of a parcel of land (the "Land"), with a maximum permissible gross floor area of approximately of 160,000 square metres, within a development area known as the Bonifacio Global City located in Metro Manila in the Philippines at a total cost of approximately Pesos 2,621,500,000 (approximately US\$62,078,000). The Landowning IVCO is owned by OGL, SPI and ALI as to 40%, 40% and 20% respectively. The maximum funding commitment of the Company's 40% interest in the Landowning IVCO is approximately US\$27,000,000 which is mainly for funding the purchase of the Land and the payment of miscellaneous expenses.

On 30 June 2008, OGL, SPI, ALI and Shang Fort Bonifacio Holdings, Inc. ("SFBHI"), a wholly owned subsidiary of SPI, entered into a shareholders' agreement for forming another joint venture company (the "Developer JVCO") in the proportions of 40%, 40% and 20% respectively. The Developer IVCO and the Landowning IVCO will enter into an unincorporated joint venture for the construction of a five-star hotel and high-end development on the Land. The maximum funding commitment of the Company's 40% interest in the Developer IVCO is approximately US\$18,400,000 (whether equity, loan, financial assistance or otherwise). SPI is an associate of KPL, and KPL is in turn a subsidiary of KHL, a substantial shareholder of the Company. Hence, such transactions constituted connected transactions of the Company.

- 3. On 29 May 2008, the Company and its direct wholly owned subsidiary, Seanoble Assets Limited ("Seanoble"), entered into a sale and purchase agreement with COFCO (Hong Kong) Limited ("COFCO (HK)"), Promptwell Limited ("Promptwell") and Pearl Treasure Limited ("Pearl Treasure"), indirect wholly owned subsidiaries of COFCO (HK), for the acquisition (the "Acquisition") from Promptwell of 23% of the entire issued share capital of Shangri-La Hotels (Shenzhen) Limited ("Shangri-La Shenzhen") in which Seanoble owned a 57% interest before the Acquisition, and an interest-free loan of HK\$9,535,616 from Pearl Treasure at an aggregate cash consideration of RMB135,115,251 (approximately HK\$150,783,000). Following completion of the Acquisition, Shangri-La Shenzhen has become an indirect 80% owned subsidiary of the Company. Immediately prior to the entering into of the sale and purchase agreement, Shangri-La Shenzhen was owned as to 23% by Promptwell and Promptwell was therefore a substantial shareholder of Shangri-La Shenzhen. COFCO (HK) and Pearl Treasure were associates of Promptwell and hence each of Promptwell, Pearl Treasure and COFCO (HK) was a connected person of the Company. Accordingly, the entering into of the sale and purchase agreement constituted a connected transaction for the Company.
- 4. On 18 June 2008, Shangri-La Ulaanbaatar Hotel LLC ("Mongolian JV"), a project company formed by the wholly owned subsidiaries of the Company and MCS Holding LLC ("MCS Holding") for owning and developing a hotel in Ulaanbaatar (the "Development"), entered into a consultancy agreement with MCS Estates LLC ("MCS Estates"), a direct wholly owned subsidiary of MCS Holding. Pursuant to the consultancy agreement, MCS Estates undertakes to provide management support services in relation to the development of the project during the term commencing from the date of the agreement until 31 December 2009 at a fixed fee of US\$2,500,000. As at 31 December 2008, the Mongolian IV is wholly owned by Intense Power

- Limited, a joint venture company in which the Company and MCS Holding own 75% and 25% indirect interest respectively. As MCS Holding is holding 49% equity interest in a non-wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, it is a connected person of the Company. MCS Estates, being a wholly owned subsidiary of MCS Holding, is an associate of a connected person of the Company. Such transaction constituted connected transaction of the Company.
- 5. On 21 July 2008, SACL, KPCL, Jeston Investments Pte Ltd ("JIPL"), a direct wholly owned subsidiary of APL, and Winson Terrace International Limited ("WTIL"), an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of Kuok Brothers Sdn. Bhd. ("KB"), jointly won the bids at the open biddings to acquire the land use rights of three sites in Tangshan City, Hebei Province, PRC ("Tangshan Project Sites") at a cash consideration of RMB1,705,000,000 (approximately HK\$1,960,000,000). The Tangshan Project Sites have a gross area of approximately 295,013.83 square metres and are designated for hotel and residential uses with ancillary commercial use. Following the successful bidding of the Tangshan Project Sites, the Company, KPL, APL and KB entered into a master joint venture agreement with respect to the establishment of one or more wholly foreign-owned enterprise(s) ("Tangshan JVCO(s)") in Tangshan City, PRC for the purpose of acquiring, holding and developing the Tangshan Project Sites. The shareholdings of the respective subsidiaries of the Company, KPL, APL and KB in Tangshan IVCO(s) shall be in the proportions of 20%, 40%, 25% and 15%, respectively. The maximum total investment amount of the Tangshan IVCO(s) shall be approximately RMB7,300,000,000 (approximately HK\$8,391,000,000) and the maximum funding commitment of the Company's 20% interest in the Tangshan JVCO(s) is expected to be approximately RMB1,460,000,000 (approximately HK\$1,678,000,000).
- KPL is an associate of KHL and therefore a connected person of the Company. APL's subsidiary is a substantial shareholder interested in 25% of the issued shares of an indirect 75% owned subsidiary of the Company and therefore APL is a connected person of the Company. Accordingly, the entering into of the transactions as described above constituted connected transactions for the Company under the HK Listing Rules and were approved by the independent shareholders of the Company at the Special General Meeting held on 10 September 2008. Subsequent to 31 December 2008, there are changes to the development plan for the Tangshan Project Sites. Details of the changes are provided in Note 42 to the consolidated financial statements.
- 6. On 23 September 2008, SACL, KPCL and Belfin Investments Pte Ltd ("BIPL"), a direct wholly owned subsidiary of APL, jointly won the bid at the open bidding to acquire the land use rights of a project site in Nanjing City, Jiangsu Province, PRC ("Nanjing Project Site") at a cash consideration of RMB200,000,000 (approximately HK\$230,000,000). The Nanjing Project Site has a gross area of 17,014.4 square metres and is designated for hotel, commercial and office use. Following the successful bidding of the Nanjing Project Site, the Company, KPL and APL entered into a master joint venture agreement with respect to the establishment of a wholly foreignowned enterprise in Nanjing City, Jiangsu Province, PRC ("Nanjing IVCO") for the purpose of acquiring, holding and developing the Nanjing Project Site. The Nanjing IVCO shall be owned by the Company, KPL and APL as to 40%, 45% and 15%, respectively. The maximum total investment amount of the Nanjing IVCO is approximately RMB1,500,000,000 (approximately HK\$1,724,000,000). The maximum contributions of the Group is approximately RMB600,000,000 (approximately HK\$690,000,000). KPL is an associate of KHL and therefore a connected person of the Company. APL's subsidiary is a substantial shareholder interested in 25% of the issued shares of an indirect 75% owned subsidiary of the Company and therefore APL is a connected person of the Company. Accordingly, the entering into of the transactions as described above constituted connected transactions for the Company.

7. At the special general meeting of the Company held on 29 June 2004, the independent shareholders of the Company approved the master agreement made between the Company and KPL on 13 April 2004 ("Jingan Master Agreement") in relation to the joint acquisition, ownership and development of the sites in Jingan District, Shanghai, PRC ("Jingan Sites") and the relevant transactions contemplated thereunder. As set out in the Jingan Master Agreement and disclosed in the Company's circular dated 31 May 2004, the total costs of the acquisition, ownership, construction and development of the lingan Sites ("lingan Project") (including the cost of the acquisition of the Jingan Sites and related costs) were then estimated to be not more than US\$600,000,000 and no party shall be required to commit further funding if the cost of the Jingan Project exceeds US\$700,000,000.

However, as the development costs have risen since the date of the lingan Master Agreement, it is currently anticipated that the total costs of the Jingan Project will exceed US\$700,000,000 and may reach RMB7,022,000,000. On 28 October 2008, the Company and KPL entered into a supplemental agreement for the purpose of amendment of the maximum aggregate funding commitment for the Jingan Project from US\$700,000,000 to RMB7,600,000,000. As a result, the maximum funding commitment of the Company's 49% interest in the Jingan Project is increased to RMB3,724,000,000.

KHL is the substantial shareholder of the Company. KPL is an associate of KHL and therefore KPL is a connected person of the Company. Accordingly, the transactions as described above constituted connected transactions for the Company under the HK Listing Rules and were approved by the independent shareholders of the Company at the Special General Meeting held on 17 December 2008.

### 8. Unsecured shareholders' loans and guarantees

The Group provided financial assistance to certain companies in prior years and in 2008. The balances of these financial assistance as at the respective year end date of 2008 and 2007 are listed below:

### (A) Unsecured shareholders' loansi

	Loan b	alance
	2008	2007
	US\$'000	US\$'000
a. Non-wholly owned subsidiaries		
<ul><li>Traders Yangon Company Limited ("TYCL")</li></ul>		
: interest bearing portion <sup>ii</sup>	32,604	34,134
: non-interest bearing portion	34,021	34,021
<ul> <li>Shangri-La Yangon Company Limited</li> </ul>		
: interest bearing portion <sup>ii</sup>	1,992	1,992
: non-interest bearing portion	23,732	23,732
<ul> <li>Traders Square Company Limited</li> </ul>		
: non-interest bearing	4,406	4,406
<ul><li>Shangri-La Mongolia Limited ("SML")</li></ul>		
: interest bearing at 6-month LIBOR		
+ 1% per annum <sup>iii</sup>	6,406	8,737
<ul> <li>Shangri-La International Hotels (Chengdu) Ltd. ("SLHCL")</li> </ul>		
: non-interest bearingiv	63,817	63,817

#### Loan balance 2008 2007 US\$'000 US\$'000 b. Associates Cuscaden Properties Pte Ltd ("CPPL") : non-interest bearing 15,068 15,390 : interest bearing at SWAP + 0.5% 20,903 21,350 per annum<sup>v</sup> - Shanghai Ji Xiang Properties Co., Ltd. ("SIXP") 336 : non-interest bearingvi 336 : interest bearing at 6-month HIBOR + 2% per annum<sup>vii</sup> 29,210 29.210 Expert Vision Holdings Limited ("EVHL") : non-interest bearingviii 13,644 23,709 Happy Day Holdings Limited ("HDHL") : non-interest bearingix 4.300 Shine Up Holdings Limited ("SUHL") : non-interest bearingix 11,534 11.134 - Tianjin Kerry Real Estate Development Co., Ltd. ("TKRED") : non-interest bearing\* 2,537 2.537 - Shang Global City Properties., Inc ("SGPI") 29,432 : non-interest bearingxi c. Investee company P.T. Saripuri Permai Hotel ("PTSPH") 495 695 : non-interest bearing

### (B) Guarantees executed in favour of banks for securing bank loans/facilities grantedxii

### Amount of guarantees given

	2008 US\$'000	<b>2007</b> US\$'000
a. Non-wholly owned subsidiaries		
<ul> <li>Shangri-La Hotel (Guangzhou Pazhou)</li> <li>Co., Ltd. ("SLPG")xiii</li> <li>Shangri-La Ulaanbaatar LLC ("SUL")xiv</li> <li>Shangri-La Hotel (Chengdu) Co., Ltd. ("SLCD")xv</li> </ul>	77,328 11,220 64,000	77,328 3,600 64,000
b. Associates		
<ul> <li>Beijing Jia Ao Real Estate Development</li> <li>Co., Ltd. ("Beijing Jia Ao")<sup>xvi</sup></li> <li>Shanghai Xin Ci Hou Properties Co.,</li> </ul>	7,006	9,856
Ltd.xvii – Fine Winner Holdings Limited	4,918	7,090
("FWHL")×/iii	12,000	9,484

#### Notes:

- i. Please refer to 2000 annual report for other details of the financial assistance provided. Terms of such financial assistance (except those set out in Note ii below) remain unchanged as at year end of 2008.
- ii. Under a supplemental agreement, the loan interest rate has been changed to 2.5% per annum commencing I April 2002 and further changed to I year LIBOR per annum commencing I April 2007 under another supplemental agreement.

- iii. The proportionate shareholder's loans were granted pursuant to a shareholder loan agreement dated 20 April 2006 between Lion Strength Limited ("Lion Strength"), 100% indirectly owned by the Company, and SML. The minority shareholder of SML exercised its option, under the subscription and shareholders agreement to acquire from Lion Strength an additional 9% equity interest and proportionate shareholders' loans in January 2008. After the exercise of option, the maximum amount of loan to be granted by Lion Strength is US\$8,956,000. The loan is unsecured, bearing interest at 6-month LIBOR plus 1% per annum and wholly repayable on 20 April 2009.
- iv. The proportionate shareholder's loan was granted by Seanoble to SLHCL, an 80% owned subsidiary of Seanoble and Fast Action Associates Limited ("FAAL") owns the remaining 20% interest. The loan is unsecured, interest-free and has no fixed terms of repayment.
- v. The original interest bearing loan bearing interest at 1.25% per annum was split into non-interest portion and interest portion bearing interest at SWAP + 0.5% per annum effective I January 2006 as agreed by all shareholders of CPPL.
- vi. The proportionate shareholder's loan was granted by Kerry Shanghai (Jingan Nanli) Ltd ("KSIN"), an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, to SIXP, a company owned as to 49% by KSJN and 51% by an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of KPL, pursuant to the master agreement executed on 13 April 2004. Pursuant to the master agreement, Shanghai Ming Cheng Real Estate Development Co., Ltd. ("SMC") and Shanghai Jin Ci Hou Properties Company Limited ("SJC"), companies owned as to 49% by KSIN and 51% by an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of KPL, were merged with SIXP in 2007.
- vii. The proportionate shareholder's loan granted by KSIN to SMC under a shareholder loan agreement dated I December 2005 with a maximum amount of loan to be granted by KSJN of HK\$34,153,000 (equivalent to US\$4,407,000) was absorbed by SIXP in 2007 pursuant to the master agreement. The proportionate shareholder's loan granted by KSIN to SIC under a shareholder loan agreement dated 8 December 2005 with a maximum amount of loan to be granted by KSJN of HK\$245,000,000 (equivalent to US\$31,613,000) was absorbed by SIXP in 2007 pursuant to the master agreement. These loans were unsecured, bearing interest at 6-month HIBOR plus 2% per annum and wholly repayable on 31 December 2015.
- viii. The proportionate shareholders' loan was granted by Seanoble to EVHL which is 30% owned by Seanoble, 30% owned by an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of KPL and 40% owned by KHL, pursuant to the shareholders' agreement dated 29 September 2006. EVHL owns 100% interest in FWHL. The loan is unsecured, non-interest bearing and has no fixed terms of repayment.

- ix. The proportionate shareholders' loans were granted by Forever Up Investments Limited ("FUIL"), an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, to each of HDHL and SUHL (in which FUIL has 25% interest), pursuant to the joint venture agreements dated 17 July 2007 and the amended and reiterated joint venture agreement dated 10 October 2007. The loans were unsecured, interest-free and have no fixed terms of repayment.
- x. The proportionate shareholders' loan was granted by Kerry (Tianjin) Ltd to TKRED pursuant to the shareholder's loan agreement dated 22 October 2005 and the shareholder's loan assignment agreement dated 29 May 2007. The loan is unsecured, interest-free and wholly repayable on 31 December 2020 and was subsequently assigned to SACL pursuant to the loan assignment agreement dated 15 February 2008. The Group's proportionate equity and shareholders' loan in TKRED have been transferred to SACL in year 2008.
- xi. The proportionate shareholder's loan was granted by OGL to SGPI which is 40% owned by OGL. The loan is unsecured, interest-free and has no fixed terms of repayment.
- xii. The amount of guarantees disclosed is stated with reference to the utilized bank loans/facilities balance.
- xiii. On 12 October 2006, the Company executed a guarantee in favour of The Bank of East Asia Limited, Guangzhou Branch ("BEA Guangzhou") guaranteeing the full repayment of the monies (up to US\$60,000,000) owed by SLPG to BEA Guangzhou under the loan facilities of US\$60,000,000 made available by BEA Guangzhou to SLPG (the "BEA Guangzhou Facility"), and related interests and expenses. The BEA Guangzhou Facility was granted to SLPG for meeting operating funding requirement and for financing the repayment of shareholder's loans. On 28 June 2007, the Company executed another guarantee in favour of Bank of China Ltd., Guangdong Branch ("BOC Guangdong") guaranteeing the full repayment of the monies (up to US\$36,660,000) used by SLPG to BOC Guangdong under the loan facilities of US\$36,660,000 made available by BOC Guangdong to SLPG (the "BOC Facility"), and related interests and expenses. The BOC Facility was granted to SLPG for the repayment of shareholder's loans. Pursuant to the equity transfer agreement signed by Kerry Industrial Company Limited, an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, FAAL, Bangkok Mercantile (Hong Kong) Co., Limited ("BMCL") and Robinson Enterprise Limited ("REL") in the ratio of 10%, 5% and 5% regarding the guaranteed liabilities of the Company in respect of the BEA Guangzhou Facility and the BOC Facility. On 31 March 2008, FAAL, BMCL and REL executed two Deeds indemnifying the Company for such proportion of interest in SLPG directly or indirectly held by FAAL, BMCL and REL from time to time of all and any amounts due and owing by FAAL, BMCL and REL under the guarantees in respect of the BEA Guangzhou Facility and the BOC Facility.

- xiv. The guarantee was provided to a bank for securing loan facilities granted to SUL in 2007 and was stated after deducting the amount of counter indemnity provided by MCS Holding.
- xv. On 30 October 2006, the Company executed a guarantee in favour of the Bank of East Asia, Limited (Chengdu Branch) ("BEA Chengdu") guaranteeing the repayment of 80% of the monies (up to US\$48,000,000) owed by SLCD, a wholly owned subsidiary of SLHCL, (in which the Company has an indirect 80% interest and which is a 20% owned company of FAAL) to BEA Chengdu under the loan facilities of US\$60,000,000 made available by BEA Chengdu to SLCD (the "BEA Chengdu Facility"), and the related interests and expenses. On 18 October 2007, the Company executed another guarantee in favour of the Bank of East Asia, Limited (Shanghai Branch) ("BEA Shanghai") guaranteeing the repayment of 80% of the monies (up to US\$16,000,000) owed by SLCD to BEA Shanghai under the loan facilities of US\$20,000,000 made available by BEA Shanghai to SLCD (the "BEA Shanghai Facility"), and the related interests and expenses. Both the BEA Chengdu Facility and BEA Shanghai Facility were granted to SLCD for meeting operating funding requirement and for financing the repayment of shareholder's loans.
- xvi. The guarantees were provided to a bank for securing loan facilities granted to Beijing Jia Ao and Beijing Kerry Centre Hotel Co., Ltd. ("BKC") in 2004 (the "2004 Guarantees") and for securing loan facilities granted to Beijing lia Ao during the year of 2006 (the "2006 Guarantee"). Please refer to 2004 and 2006 annual reports for details of the 2004 Guarantees and the 2006 Guarantee provided. The guarantee for BKC in 2004 was terminated following the maturity of the banking facilities. Terms of such financial assistance remain unchanged as at year end of 2008.
- xvii. Please refer to 2005 annual report for details of the guarantees provided. Terms of such financial assistance remain unchanged as at year end of 2008.
- xviii. The guarantee was provided to a bank for securing loan facilities granted to FWHL in 2007

### Continuing Connected Transactions

During the financial year ended 31 December 2008, there were continuing connected transactions of the Group in effect as set out below:

1. On 28 January 1995, the Company entered into a discloseable and connected transaction to acquire various hotel interests from certain parties, including connected persons of the Company. Included in these hotel interests are (i) Shangri-La's Edsa Plaza Hotel, Manila (now known as Edsa Shangri-La, Manila) ("Edsa Shangri-La Hotel"), and (ii) Shangri-La's Mactan Island Resort, Cebu (now known as Shangri-La's Mactan Resort & Spa, Cebu) ("Mactan Resort"). Edsa Shangri-La Hotel is built on land leased from Shangri-La Properties Inc. (now known as Shang Properties, Inc. ("SPI")) (an associate of KPL) under a 25-year lease commencing in 1992, with an option to renew the lease for a further term of 25 years. Upon expiration of the further term, SPI agrees to grant to Edsa Shangri-La Hotel & Resort, Inc. (the owner of Edsa Shangri-La Hotel) a new lease term of 25 years subject to the prevailing Philippines laws. Mactan Resort is built on land leased from Brown Swallow Development Corporation ("BSDC") and Green Mangrove Realty Inc. ("GMRI") (both of which were associates of Kerry Group Limited ("KGL") as at 31 December 2008) under a 25-year lease commencing in 1990, with an option to renew the lease for an additional 25 years. Further information regarding these leases are set out in the Company's circular dated 13 February 1995.

SPI, BSDC and GMRI are connected persons of the Company by virtue of them being associates of KGL, a substantial shareholder of the Company. Accordingly these leases constitute continuing connected transactions of the Company under the HK Listing Rules. BSDC and GMRI ceased to be connected persons of the Company on 2 January 2009.

For the year ended 31 December 2008, an aggregate amount of US\$1,632,000 (2007: US\$1,791,000) was paid to SPI and an aggregate amount of US\$1,476,000 (2007: US\$1,442,000) was paid to BSDC and GMRI.

2. Shangri-La International Hotel Management Limited ("SLIM") and its fellow subsidiaries provided hotel management, marketing, communication and reservation services ("Hotel Management Services") to five hotels/clubs which are owned by certain connected persons of the Company (as set out in the table below) pursuant to hotel management, marketing and related agreements entered into between various SLIM entities and the relevant connected persons of the Company. SLIM is an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of the Company.

CPPL is the owner of Traders Hotel, Singapore. CPPL is owned as to 55.4% by APL and as to 40.75% by the Group. As CPPL is a substantial shareholder of a subsidiary of the Company, both CPPL and APL (being the holding company of CPPL) are regarded as connected persons of the Company at the subsidiaries' level under the HK Listing Rules.

TYCL is the owner of Traders Hotel, Yangon. TYCL is owned as to 11.76% by Kuok (Singapore) Limited ("KSL"), as to 11.76% by Jenko Properties Limited ("|PL") and as to 59.16% by the Group. KSL is a substantial shareholder of certain subsidiaries of the Company and is regarded as a connected person of the Company at the subsidiaries' level. JPL is an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of KGL, a substantial shareholder of the Company, and is regarded as a connected person of the Company at the issuer's level. By virtue of the interest of IPL in TYCL (a 59.16% indirectly owned subsidiary of the Company), TYCL is also regarded as a connected person of the Company.

PTSPH is the owner of Shangri-La Hotel, Surabaya. PTSPH is indirectly owned as to 30% by KGL and is an associate of the Company's substantial shareholder. Hence, PTSPH is regarded as a connected person of the Company under the HK Listing Rules.

BKC is the owner of Shangri-La's Kerry Centre Hotel, Beijing. BKC is a connected person of the Company by virtue of it being a subsidiary of KPL which, in turn, is a subsidiary of KGL, a substantial shareholder of the Company.

Aberdeen Marina Holdings Limited ("AMHL") is the owner of Aberdeen Marina Club, Hong Kong. It is an indirect 79.17% owned subsidiary of KGL and is regarded as a connected person of the Company by virtue of it being a subsidiary of the substantial shareholder of the Company.

Accordingly, the provision of the Hotel Management Services by SLIM and its fellow subsidiaries to those hotels/clubs as described above constitutes continuing connected transactions of the Company under the HK Listing Rules.

Details of these transactions are set out below:

Aggregate amount received by SLIM and its fellow subsidiaries for the year ended 31 December

Name of property	Date of transaction	Nature of agreement	Counterparty	2008 (US\$)	<b>2007</b> (US\$)
Traders Hotel, Singapore	Principal agreement signed on 1 March 1994.  Various related agreements signed on various dates in 1994.	Management Agreement, Marketing and Reservations Agreement and Licence Agreements	CPPL	1,759,000	1,599,000
Traders Hotel, Yangon	24 June 1995	Management Agreement, Marketing and Reservations Agreement and Licence Agreements	TYCL	256,000	216,000
Shangri-La Hotel, Surabaya	27 October 1994	Management Agreement, Marketing and Reservations Agreement and Licence Agreement	PTSPH	571,000	563,000
Shangri-La's Kerry Centre Hotel, Beijing	30 June 1998	Management and Marketing Services Agreement	ВКС	2,281,000	2,085,000
Aberdeen Marina Club, Hong Kong	20 February 1993	Operators Agreement	AMHL	279,000	246,000

3. Central Laundry Pte Ltd ("CLPL"), a 75% owned subsidiary of the Company in Singapore, operates a commercial laundry. The other 25% of CLPL is owned by CPPL which is, in turn, 55.4% owned by APL and 40.75% owned by the Group.

As CPPL is a substantial shareholder of CLPL, both CPPL and APL are regarded as connected persons of the Company at the subsidiaries' level. Accordingly, the provision of commercial laundry services by CLPL to those properties owned by CPPL and APL pursuant to the master agreements signed between CLPL and the relevant entities owning or operating those properties constitutes continuing connected transactions of the Company under the HK Listing Rules.

Details of the transactions are set out below:

Aggregate amount received by CLPL for the year ended 31 December

				ended 31	December
Name of property	Date of transaction	Nature of agreement	Counterparty	2008 (US\$)	<b>2007</b> (US\$)
Great World Serviced Apartments#	<ul> <li>(a) 15 October 1997, as supplemented by the supplemental agreements dated 15 April 2005 and 11 February 2008; and</li> <li>(b) 15 October 1997, as supplemented by the supplemental agreement dated 11 February 2008; and 16 October 1997, as supplemented by the supplemental agreements dated 15 April 2005 and 11 February 2008. Pursuant to a deed of novation between CLPL, Midpoint Properties Limited ("Midpoint") and Worldwide Apartment Services Pte Ltd ("Worldwide") dated 1 December 2005, Worldwide was released</li> </ul>	Master Agreements for laundry services	(a) Great World Serviced Apartments; and (b) Midpoint	296,000	295,000
Traders Hotel, Singapore##	and discharged from the master agreements and Midpoint has assumed all the terms and conditions of the master agreements in place of Worldwide with effect from 1 January 2006.  I April 1995, as supplemented by the supplemental agreements dated 15 April 2005 and 11 February 2008	Master Agreement for laundry services	Traders Hotel, Singapore	816,000	843,000

<sup>#</sup> Owned by a member of the APL Group

<sup>##</sup> Owned by CPPL

Taking into account (i) the historical amounts received by CLPL in respect of each of these properties, (ii) the potentially achievable occupancy and utilization projections in respect of these properties, (iii) adjustments for inflation and buffer for unexpected price hikes, and (iv) the possible appreciation of Asian currencies against the US Dollar, the Company has set the following annual caps for each of the three financial years ending respectively 31 December 2008, 2009 and 2010:

	Financial ye	ar ended 31 D	ecember
Property	2008	2009	2010
	(US\$)	(US\$)	(US\$)
Great World Serviced			
Apartments	500,000	580,000	680,000
Traders Hotel, Singapore	1,200,000	1,400,000	1,600,000

4. On 27 June 2005, Addu Investments Private Limited ("AIPL"), which is 70% indirectly owned by the Company and 30% owned by the Government of the Republic of Maldives (the "Maldivian Government"), entered into a lease agreement (the "Lease") with the Maldivian Government for the lease of the whole of an island located in Villingili, Addu Atoll, Republic of Maldives (the "Island") for 25 years. The Lease was entered into to enable AIPL to construct, develop, own and operate a luxury tourist resort on the Island (the "Resort"). The Maldivian Government is a connected person of the Company by virtue of it being a substantial shareholder of AIPL. Hence, the execution of the Lease constitutes a non-exempt continuing connected transaction of the Company under the HK Listing Rules.

During the first ten years of the term of the Lease, starting from the date of commencement of the operation of the Resort or 18 months from the date of approval by all the relevant Maldivian Government departments of all detailed drawings, designs and work plan with respect to the Resort,

- whichever is the earlier, annual rent shall be paid as agreed between the parties with reference to the number of beds available in the Resort. The annual rent payable on a per bed basis has been agreed between the parties. In accordance with the method of calculation as set out in the Lease and with reference to the anticipated number of beds to be built in the Resort, the amount of annual rent payable during the first ten years of the Lease is expected to be less than US\$4,050,000. The annual rent for the second ten years and the annual rent for the last five years of the Lease shall be determined by the Maldivian Government, in consultation with AIPL, six months prior to the commencement of the respective periods. In determining the annual rent for the subsequent periods, the Maldivian Government shall take into account the factors as mentioned in the Lease. The annual rent shall be paid upon commencement of operation of the Resort by quarterly installments in advance before the commencement of the quarter for which such payment is due. Accordingly, no lease rental was paid for the years ended 31 December 2007 and 2008.
- 5. SLIM entered into a tenancy agreement with MegaBox Development Company Limited ("MegaBox Development"), an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of KPL, on 5 June 2008, pursuant to which MegaBox Development has agreed to lease certain floors of office premises to SLIM at a monthly rental of HK\$770,036 (exclusive of management fee which amounts to HK\$104,212 per month, government rates and other taxes and charges (if any)) for a fixed term of twenty nine months and twenty six days from 5 June 2008 and expiring on 30 November 2010 (both days inclusive) with an option to extend the tenancy agreement for not more than six months after the expiry of the tenancy agreement. On 12 June 2008, SLIM also entered into two licence agreements with MegaBox Development, pursuant to which MegaBox Development has agreed to grant licences to SLIM at a monthly licence fee of HK\$10,500 for five floating carparking spaces and HK\$9,300 for three fixed carparking spaces during the period from 27 July 2008 until the expiry of the term of the

tenancy agreement. MegaBox Development is an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of KPL. KPL is an associate of KHL (a substantial shareholder of the Company) and therefore MegaBox Development is a connected person of the Company. For the year ended 31 December 2008, an aggregate amount of US\$747,000 (2007: Nil) was paid to MegaBox Development.

Based on the rental amount and the management fee payable under the tenancy agreement, the licence fees payable under the licence agreements and taking into account of the additional cost for extra air-conditioning supply after normal office hours and any possible adjustment to the management fee and/or the licence fees as a result of inflation, the Company has set the following annual caps for each of the financial years ending respectively 31 December 2008, 2009, 2010 and 2011:

		Equivalent
Financial Year Ending	Annual Cap	Amount in US\$
31 December 2008	HK\$6,500,000	839,000
31 December 2009	HK\$11,500,000	1,484,000
31 December 2010	HK\$11,500,000	1,484,000
31 December 2011	HK\$5,300,000	684,000

The continuing connected transactions mentioned in (1) to (5) above have been reviewed by the Independent Non-Executive Directors of the Company. The Independent Non-Executive Directors of the Company have confirmed that the transactions have been entered into:

- a. in the ordinary and usual course of business of the Company;
- b. either on normal commercial terms or, if there are not sufficient comparable transactions to judge whether they are on normal commercial terms, on terms no less favourable to the Company than terms available to or from (as appropriate) independent third parties;

- c. in accordance with the relevant agreements governing such transactions; and
- d. on terms which are fair and reasonable and in the interests of the shareholders of the Company as a whole.

In accordance with Rule 14A.38 of the HK Listing Rules, the Board engaged the auditor of the Company to perform certain agreed upon procedures on the above continuing connected transactions in accordance with Hong Kong Standard on Related Services 4400 "Engagements to Perform Agreed-Upon Procedures Regarding Financial Information" issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The auditor has reported to the Board that:

- A. In relation to the transactions set out in (1) to (5) above, the transactions:
  - a. have received the approval of the Board;
  - b. involving the provision of goods and services by the Group, are in accordance with the pricing policies of the Group (for the samples selected); and
  - c. have been entered into in accordance with the relevant agreements governing the transactions (for the samples selected).
- B. In relation to the transactions set out in (3) to (5) above, the transactions have not exceeded the relevant annual caps, as disclosed in the announcements dated 15 November 2005, 13 February 2008 and 12 June 2008.

# Substantial Interests in the Share Capital of the Company

As at 31 December 2008, the interests and short positions of those persons (other than the Directors) in the shares and underlying shares of the Company as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 336 of the SFO were as follows:

### (a)Long positions in shares and underlying shares of the Company

Name	Capacity in which Shares were Held	Number of Ordinary Shares Held	Percentage of Total Issued Share Capital of the Company as at 31 December 2008
Substantial Shareholders			
Kerry Group Limited ("KGL")	Interest of controlled corporations	1,398,207,352	48.46%
Kerry Holdings Limited ("KHL") (Notes 1 and 2)	Beneficial owner	70,460,697	48.46%
	Interest of controlled corporations	1,327,746,655	
Caninco Investments Limited (Notes 2 and 3)	Beneficial owner	500,582,400	21.75%
	Interest of a controlled corporation	127,034,035	
Paruni Limited (Notes 2 and 3)	Beneficial owner	309,269,059	10.80%
	Interest of a controlled corporation	2,305,154	
Persons other than Substantial Shareholders			
Darmex Holdings Limited (Notes 2 and 3)	Beneficial owner	265,892,194	9.22%
JPMorgan Chase & Co.	Beneficial owner	442,906	6.99%
	Investment manager	280,600	
	Lending pool	201,223,364	

### (b) Short positions in shares and underlying shares of the Company

			Percentage of Total
		Number of	Issued Share Capital of
		Ordinary Shares	the Company as at
Name	Capacity in which Shares were Held	Held	31 December 2008
Person other than Substantial Shareholders			
JPMorgan Chase & Co.	Beneficial owner	82,106	0.00%

#### Notes:

- 1. Out of KHL's corporate interest in 1,327,746,655 shares, 1,303,492,308 shares were held through its wholly owned subsidiaries, 13,387,292 shares were held through companies in which KHL controls more than one third of the voting power (other than those wholly owned subsidiaries as aforementioned) and 10,867,055 shares were held through a wholly owned subsidiary of Shangri-La Hotel Public Company Limited, a 73.61% owned subsidiary of the Company.
- 2. These companies are wholly owned subsidiaries of KGL, and their interests in the shares of the Company are included in the interests held by KGL.
- 3. These companies are wholly owned subsidiaries of KHL, and their interests in the shares of the Company are included in the interests held by KHL.

Save as mentioned above, as at 31 December 2008, the Company had not been notified of any interests and short positions in the shares and underlying shares of the Company which had been recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 336 of the SFO.

Properties Under Development
Details of the Group's properties under development are as follows:

	up's properties under develoed by the Group (Total 13 developments)	Group's Effective Interest as at	Approximate Total Site Area (square meter)	Approximate Total Gross Floor Area (square meter)	Projected Rooms	No. of Apartments	Stage of Completion	Projected Opening	Address
Wenzhou, Mainland China	Shangri-La Hotel	75%	31,565	74,434	409	10	Opened for business	opened on 16 January 2009	I Xiangyuan Road, Wenzhou 325000, Zhejiang Province, The People's Republic of China
Ningbo, Mainland China	Shangri-La Hotel	95%	22,516	132,492	564	60	Interior finishing work in progress	Mid 2009	88 Yuyuan Road, Ningbo 315040, Zhejiang Province, The People's Republic of China
Beijing, Mainland China	Hotel in China World Trade Center (part of Grand Tower)	40.07%	N/A	69,602	278		Interior finishing work in progress	Mid 2009	The People's Republic of China
Manzhouli, Inner Mongolia, Mainland China	Shangri-La Hotel	100%	25,000	48,400	201	16	Curtain wall installation work in progress	Late 2009	No. 99 Liu Dao Jie Manzhouli Inner Mongolia, The People's Republic of China
Guilin, Mainland China	Shangri-La Hotel	100%	48,285	77,100	430		Curtain wall installation and interior finishing work in progress	Late 2009	III, Head of Yushan Bridge, North of the Second Ring Road, Guilin 541001, Guangxi Province, The People's Republic of China
Shanghai, Mainland China	Shangri-La's Pudong Kerry Centre Hotel (part of composite development of Pudong Kerry Centre)	23.20%	N/A	70,000	574	141	Piling work completed and superstructure work for phase I in progress		No. 1039 Fangdian Road, Adjacent to the Shanghai New International Expo Centre, Pudong, Shanghai, The People's Republic of China
	Jing An Shangri-La (part of composite development of Jing An Kerry Centre)	49%	N/A	67,887	400		Foundation work in progress	2012	1238 & 1288 Yanan Zhong Road, 1537 & 1565 Nanjing Xi Road Jing An District, Shanghai, The People's Republic of China
Tianjin, Mainland China	Shangri-La Hotel (part of composite development of Tianjin Kerry Centre)	20%	N/A	78,620	450	18	Foundation work in progress	2012	Junction of Liuwei Road and Liujin Road, Hedong District, Tianjin, The People's Republic of China
The Philippines	Shangri-La's Boracay Resort & Spa	100%	160,890	39,399	219		Opened for business	opened on 2 March 2009	
	Shangri-La's Mactan Resort & Spa — Extension	100%	13,816	18,793	112		Design and concept planning stage	Late 2010	Punta Engano Road, Lapu Lapu City, Cebu, The Philippines
Maldives	Shangri-La's Villingili Resort & Spa	70%	536,447	46,225	142		Superstructure work completed	Mid 2009	Villingili Island, Addu Atoll, Republic of Maldives
	Traders Hotel, Malé	100%	3,400	15,058	205		Design and concept planning stage	Late 2011	Ameenee Magu, Malé, Republic of Maldives
Paris, France	Shangri-La Hotel	100%	3,953	18,375	108		Conversion work in progress	Early 2010	10 Avenue d'Iena, 75116 Paris, France
	Total				4,092	245			
b. Hotels under operating I (Total 3 projects)	ease and managed by the Group		Approximate Total Site Area (square meter)		s 1 Projected	No. of Apartments	Stage of Completion	Projected Opening	Address
Tokyo, Japan	Shangri-La Hotel	N/A	N/A	22,75		-	Opened for business	opened on 2 March 2009	Marunouchi Trust Tower Main, 1-8-3 Marunouchi, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo, 100-8283, Japan
Vienna	Shangri-La Hotel	N/A	N/A	15,760	202		Superstructure work in progress		Schubertring, Bezirk, Vienna, Austria
London, United Kingdom	Shangri-La Hotel at London Bridge Tower	N/A	N/A	16,932	195		Design and concept planning stage	2012	32 London Bridge Street, Southwark, London SEI, United Kingdom
	Total	,		,	599				

# Properties Under Development

c. Investment properties own	ed by the Group (Total 6 projects)	Group's Effective Interest as at 31 December 2008	Approximate Total Site Area (square meter)	Approximate Total Gross Floor Area (square meter)	Stage of Completion	Projected Opening	Address
Qingdao, Mainland China	Office Tower	100%	6,550		Superstructure work completed	Mid 2009	9 Xiang Gang Zhong Lu, Qingdao 266071, The People's Republic of China
	Office Commercial			31,591 10,581	work completed		The recipies republic of entita
Beijing, Mainland China	China World Trade Center Phase III (Grand Tower) Office Commercial Carpark	40.07%	24,593	141,028 55,113 31,826	Superstructure work completed	Mid 2009	l Jian Guo Men Wai Avenue, Beijing 100004, The People's Republic of China
Shanghai, Mainland China	Composite development of Pudong Kerry Centre  Office Commercial Serviced apartment Entrance hall	23.20%	58,949	92,000 45,000 34,000 4,000	Piling work completed and superstructure work for phase I in progress	End 2010	No. 1039 Fangdian Road, Adjacent to the Shanghai New International Expo Centre, Pudong, Shanghai, The People's Republic of China
	Composite development of Jing An Kerry Centre Office Commercial	49%	45,867	76,261 55,892	Foundation work in progress	2012	1238 & 1288 Yanan Zhong Road, 1537 & 1565 Nanjing Xi Road, Jing An District, Shanghai, The People's Republic of China
Tianjin, Mainland China	Composite development of Tianjin Kerry Centre Residential Office Commercial	20%	86,164	180,000 124,730 117,650	Foundation work in progress	2012	Junction of Liuwei Road and Liujin Road, Hedong District, Tianjin, The People's Republic of China
	Serviced apartment			27,700			
Ulaanbaatar, Mongolia	Office Tower	51%	4,400	34,925	Superstructure work completed	Mid 2009	Sukhbaatar District, Khoroo I, Ulaanbaatar, Mongolia

# Properties Under Development

d. Properties under concept planning (Total 8 projects)	Purpose	Effective Interest	Address
Sanya, Mainland China	Hotel	100%	Lot 8, Haitang Wan, Sanya, Hainan, The People's Republic of China
Qinhuangdao, Mainland China	Hotel	100%	West Section of Hebei Street, Haigang District, Qinghuangdao, Hebei Province, The People's Republic of China
Nanchang City, Mainland China	Composite Development	20%	Lot No. B-7, Honggutan Central, Nanchang, The People's Republic of China
Tangshan City, Mainland China	Composite Development	20%	Da Li Road, Changhong Street, Chaoyang Street, Feng Huang Xin Cheng, Tangshan, The People's Republic of China
Nanjing City, Mainland China	Composite Development	40%	No. 331 Zhong Yang Road, Gu Lou District, Nanjing, The People's Republic of China
Ulaanbaatar, Mongolia	Hotel	75%	North East of National Amusement Park Place, Khoroo I of Sukhbaatar District, Ulaanbaatar, Mongolia
New York, USA	Hotel	25.9%	108 East 53rd Street at Park Avenue, New York City, United States
Taguig, Metro Manila, The Philippines	Composite Development	40%	Northern portion of the West Super Block, Bonifacio Global City at Taguig, Metro Manila, The Philippines

### Purchase, Sale or Redemption of the Company's Listed **Securities**

During the year and up to the date of this report, the Company has not redeemed any of its shares, and neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries has purchased or sold any of the Company's listed securities.

### Pre-emptive Rights

There is no provision for pre-emptive rights under the Company's Bye-Laws or the laws in Bermuda.

#### Service Contracts

There is no service contract, which is not determinable by the Company within one year without payment of compensation (other than statutory compensation), in respect of any Director proposed for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

# Management Contracts

No contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company were entered into or existed during the year.

# Major Customers and Suppliers

The percentages of the five largest customers combined and the five largest suppliers combined are less than 10% of the Group's total turnover and purchases respectively.

#### Public Float

As at the date of this report, the Company has maintained the prescribed public float under the HK Listing Rules, based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors of the Company.

#### Remuneration Committee

A Remuneration Committee of the Board was set up on 17 October 1997. The Committee currently comprises three members including the Chairman and two Independent Non-Executive Directors. The Committee acts in accordance with written terms of reference. The current Committee members are Mr KUOK Khoon Ean, Mr Alexander Reid HAMILTON and Mr WONG Kai Man, BBS, JP.

#### Audit Committee

The Company set up an Audit Committee of the Board on 25 August 1998. The Committee comprises three Non-Executive Directors, two of them being independent. The Committee acts in accordance with written terms of reference. The current Committee members are Mr Alexander Reid HAMILTON, Mr HO Kian Guan and Mr WONG Kai Man, BBS, IP. The Committee reviewed the Group's 2008 audited financial statements before they were tabled for the Board's review and approval.

#### Auditor

The financial statements have been audited by PricewaterhouseCoopers who retire and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-appointment.

On behalf of the Board

KUOK Khoon Ean

Director

Hong Kong, 17 March 2009

KUOK Khoon Loong, Edward Director

# Independent Auditor's Report

# PRICEWATERHOUSE COPERS 18

羅兵咸永道會計師事務所

PricewaterhouseCoopers 22nd Floor Prince's Building Central Hong Kong Telephone (852) 2289 8888 Facsimile (852) 2810 9888

### Independent Auditor's Report To the Shareholders of Shangri-La Asia Limited

(incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability)

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Shangri-La Asia Limited ("the Company") and its subsidiaries (together, the "Group") set out on pages 62 to 147, which comprise the consolidated and Company balance sheets as at 31 December 2008, the consolidated income statement, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated cash flow statement for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes.

#### Director's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation and the true and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. This responsibility include designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to the preparation and the true and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies; and making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances.

### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit and to report our opinion solely to you, as a body, in accordance with Section 90 of the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance as to whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and true and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the Directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the Group as at 31 December 2008 and of the Group's profit and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards and have been properly prepared in accordance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

PricewaterhouseCoopers Certified Public Accountants

Hong Kong, 17 March 2009

# CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

As	at	31	December

	Note	2008 US\$'000	<b>2007</b> US\$'000
ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	7	3,789,324	3,260,931
Investment properties	8	524,309	523,633
Leasehold land and land use rights	9	520,794	416,749
Intangible assets	10	95,452	87,172
Interest in associates	12	1,270,364	1,118,992
Deferred income tax assets	23	1,117	2,294
Available-for-sale financial assets	13	4,158	4,191
Other receivables	14	3,683	5,091
		6,209,201	5,419,053
Current assets			
Inventories		31,805	28,215
Accounts receivable, prepayments			
and deposits	15	191,108	171,428
Due from associates	12	14,244	23,920
Financial assets held for trading	16	13,326	71,710
Cash and bank balances	17	463,027	386,684
		713,510	681,957
Total assets		6,922,711	6,101,010

KUOK Khoon Ean

Director

KUOK Khoon Loong, Edward

Director

### As at 31 December

	Note	2008	2007
		US\$'000	US\$'000
EQUITY			
Capital and reserves attributable to			
the Company's equity holders			
Share capital	18	1,940,997	1,934,577
Other reserves	19	1,334,921	1,309,274
Retained earnings			
<ul> <li>Proposed final dividend</li> </ul>	34	37,090	44,631
- Others		640,323	593,388
		3,953,331	3,881,870
Non-controlling interests	22	298,057	303,458
Total equity		4,251,388	4,185,328
LIABILITIES			
Non-current liabilities			
Bank loans	20	1,889,273	1,153,939
Derivative financial instruments	21	65,916	20,708
Due to non-controlling shareholders	22	27,012	20,603
Deferred income tax liabilities	23	220,044	213,288
		2,202,245	1,408,538
Current liabilities			
Accounts payable and accruals	24	404,380	377,405
Due to non-controlling shareholders	22	6,355	10,355
Current income tax liabilities		19,330	27,456
Bank loans and overdrafts	20	39,013	91,928
		469,078	507,144
Total liabilities		2,671,323	1,915,682
Total equity and liabilities		6,922,711	6,101,010
Net current assets		244,432	174,813
Total assets less current liabilities		6,453,633	5,593,866

# BALANCE SHEET

Ac at	3 I	Decem	hor
AS at		Decem	ber

A	s at	31	December
A	s at	3 I	December

	Note	2008 US\$'000	<b>2007</b> US\$'000
ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	7	115	36
Investments in subsidiaries	11	3,228,630	3,019,436
Club debentures		840	840
		3,229,585	3,020,312
Current assets			
Amounts due from subsidiaries	11	122,542	367,174
Dividends receivable, prepayments			
and deposits		283,374	231,304
Cash and bank balances	17	12,662	16,468
		418,578	614,946
Total assets		3,648,163	3,635,258
Total assets		3,070,103	3,033,230

	Note	2008 US\$'000	<b>2007</b> US\$'000
EQUITY			
Capital and reserves attributable to			
the Company's equity holders			
Share capital	18	1,940,997	1,934,577
Other reserves	19	1,541,742	1,542,357
Retained earnings			
<ul> <li>Proposed final dividend</li> </ul>	34	37,230	44,631
– Others		29,339	55,796
Total equity		3,549,308	3,577,361
LIABILITIES			
Non-current liabilities			
Derivative financial instruments	21	65,916	20,708
Current liabilities			
Accounts payable and accruals		9,069	8,948
Amounts due to subsidiaries	11	23,870	28,241
		32,939	37,189
Total liabilities		98,855	57,897
Total equity and liabilities		3,648,163	3,635,258
Net current assets		385,639	577,757
Total assets less current liabilities		3,615,224	3,598,069

KUOK Khoon Ean

Director

KUOK Khoon Loong, Edward

Director

# CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT

#### Year ended 31 December

	Note	2008 US\$'000	<b>2007</b> US\$'000
Sales	.5	1,353,271	1,219,248
Cost of goods sold	25	(551,249)	(493,970)
Gross profit		802,022	725,278
Other (losses)/gains – net	26	(82,915)	113,726
Marketing costs	25	(45,065)	(44,086)
Administrative expenses	25	(102,954)	(94,033)
Other operating expenses	25	(407,923)	(327,541)
Operating profit		163,165	373,344
Finance gain/(costs)	29	12,851	(19,128)
Share of profit of associates	30	76,867	98,901
Profit before income tax		252,883	453,117
Income tax expense	31	(69,416)	(78,892)
Profit for the year		183,467	374,225
Attributable to:			
Equity holders of the Company		165,940	340,863
Non-controlling interests		17,527	33,362
		183,467	374,225
Earnings per share for profit attributable to the equity holders of the Company during the year (expressed in US cents per share)			
- basic	33	5.76	12.76
- diluted	33	5.75	12.71
Dividends	34	89,213	100,323

# Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

		Attributable to equity holders of the Company					
	Note	Share capital US\$'000	Other reserves US\$'000	Retained earnings US\$'000	<b>Total</b> US\$'000	Non-controlling interests US\$'000	<b>Total</b> US\$'000
Balance at 1 January 2008		1,934,577	1,309,274	638,019	3,881,870	303,458	4,185,328
Currency translation differences		_	26,262	_	26,262	(9,530)	16,732
Net income/(expenses) recognized directly in equity Profit for the year			26,262	_ 165,940	26,262 165,940	(9,530) 17,527	16,732 183,467
Total recognized income for the year ended 31 December 2008		_	26,262	165,940	192,202	7,997	200,199
Exercise of share options – allotment of shares Exercise of share options – transfer from option	18	5,351	_	-	5,351	_	5,351
reserve to share premium	18, 19 19	1,069	(1,069) 454	_	_ 454	_	_ 454
Granting of share options – value of employee service Payment of 2007 final dividend	19	-	_	(44,644)	(44,644)	-	(44,644)
Payment of 2008 interim dividend Transferred from financial assets held for trading	16	_		(52,123) (18,785)	(52,123) (18,785)	(6,735)	(52,123) (25,520)
Difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration arising from changes							
in the Company's ownership interest in subsidiaries		_	_	(10,994)	(10,994)		(10,994)
Dividend paid and payable to non-controlling shareholders Equity acquired from non-controlling shareholders		_		_	_	(14,384) (7,109)	(14,384) (7,109)
Equity injected and acquired by non-controlling shareholders Net change in equity loans due to		_	_	_	_	15,283	15,283
non-controlling shareholders			_		_	(453)	(453)
		6,420	(615)	(126,546)	(120,741)	(13,398)	(134,139)
Balance at 31 December 2008		1,940,997	1,334,921	677,413	3,953,331	298,057	4,251,388
The Group's retained earnings comprised: Company and subsidiaries Associates				276,057 401,356			
			_	677,413			

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

	Attributable to equity holders of the Company						
	Note	Share capital US\$'000	Other reserves US\$'000	Retained earnings US\$'000	Total US\$'000	Non-controlling interests US\$'000	<b>Total</b> US\$'000
Balance at I January 2007		1,224,810	1,088,174	386,195	2,699,179	276,145	2,975,324
Currency translation differences Disposal of partial interests in subsidiaries		- -	226,37 l (3,088)	- -	226,37 l (3,088)	16,108	242,479 (3,088)
Net income recognized directly in equity Profit for the year		_ _	223,283 —	- 340,863	223,283 340,863	16,108 33,362	239,39 l 374,225
Total recognized income for the year ended 31 December 2007		-	223,283	340,863	564,146	49,470	613,616
Issue of shares upon conversion of convertible bonds Exercise of share options – allotment of shares Exercise of share options – transfer from option	18, 19 18	35,334 9,617	(2,623)	-	32,711 9,617	_ _	32,711 9,617
reserve to share premium  Granting of share options – value of employee service	18, 19 19	2,044	(2,044) 2,484	_ _	- 2,484		_ 2,484
Rights issue Payment of 2006 final dividend Payment of 2007 interim dividend		662,772 _ _	- - -	- (33,347) (55,692)	662,772 (33,347) (55,692)		662,772 (33,347) (55,692)
Dividend paid and payable to non-controlling shareholders Equity injected and acquired by non-controlling shareholders		_ _	_ _	(33,672) - -	(33,072)	(17,728) 14,290	(17,728) 14,290
Net change in equity loans due to non-controlling shareholders				_	_	(18,719)	(18,719)
Balance at 31 December 2007		709,767 1,934,577	(2,183) 1,309,274	(89,039) 638,019	618,545 3,881,870	(22,157) 303,458	596,388 4,185,328
The Group's retained earnings comprised: Company and subsidiaries Associates		173 11577		283,309 354,710 638,019	3,001,070	3031,130	1,133,320

Included in the retained earnings of subsidiaries and associates are statutory funds of approximately US\$3,436,000 and US\$27,076,000 respectively (2007: US\$2,178,000 and US\$22,722,000). These funds are set up by way of appropriation from the profit after taxation of the respective companies, established and operating in the PRC, in accordance with the relevant laws and regulations.

# CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT

V		2 1	
rear	enaea	3 I	December

	Note	2008	2007
		US\$'000	US\$'000
Cash flows from operating activities		,	
Cash generated from operations	35	460,074	474,542
Interest paid		(68,097)	(78,161)
Hong Kong profits tax paid		(15,381)	(11,475)
Overseas tax paid		(61,940)	(62,028)
Net cash generated from operating activities		314,656	322,878
Cash flows from investing activities			
Purchase of property, plant and equipment		(121,169)	(78,753)
Expenditure on properties under development		(530,078)	(474,327)
Purchase of leasehold land and land use rights		(100,947)	(28,031)
Purchase of investment properties		(4,981)	(45,865)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and			
equipment; leasehold land and land use			
rights; and investment properties		1,138	957
Expenditure on website development costs		_	(405)
Deposit payments for land use rights and lease		(29,056)	(7,421)
Acquisition of interest/additional interest and			
loan in subsidiaries	35	(49,893)	(1,347)
Proceeds from disposal of partial interests in			
subsidiaries		_	98,995
Proceeds received from dilution of interest in			
a subsidiary		1,935	_
Capital contribution to associates		(43,212)	(35,589)
Net increase in loans to associates		(15,589)	(23,310)
Interest received		7,654	10,040
Dividends received from associates		44,524	39,160
Dividends received from listed securities		382	378
Increase in short-term bank deposits			
more than 3 months maturity		(26,802)	(9,885)
Net cash used in investing activities		(866,094)	(555,403)

#### Year ended 31 December

	Note	2008 US\$'000	<b>2007</b> US\$'000
Cash flows from financing activities			
Dividends paid to the Company's equity			
holders		(96,767)	(89,039)
Dividends paid to non-controlling shareholders		(17,763)	(15,676)
Proceeds from issuance of ordinary shares		5,351	672,389
Net increase/(decrease) in loans from			
non-controlling shareholders		4,805	(30,876)
Capital injection from non-controlling			
shareholders		14,949	11,423
Repayment of bank loans		(239,908)	(1,016,470)
Bank loans drawn down		923,621	733,227
Net cash generated from financing activities		594,288	264,978
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		42,850	32,453
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning			
of the year		357, <del>4</del> 05	310,689
Exchange gains on cash and cash equivalents		6,101	14,263
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year	17	406,356	357,405

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2008

#### I. General information

Shangri-La Asia Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (together the "Group") own and operate hotels and associated properties; and provide hotel management and related services.

The Company is a limited liability company incorporated in Bermuda. The address of its registered office is Canon's Court, 22 Victoria Street, Hamilton HM12. Bermuda.

The Company has its primary listing on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited with secondary listing on the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited.

#### 2. Summary of significant accounting policies

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

#### 2. I Basis of preparation

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRS") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the "HKICPA"). They have been prepared under the historical cost convention except that, as disclosed in the accounting policies below, financial assets, financial liabilities (including derivative financial instruments) and investment properties are stated at fair value.

The following amendments to standards and new interpretations are relevant to the Group's operation and are mandatory for financial year ended 31 December 2008:

Financial Instruments: Recognition and HKAS 39 (Amendment)

Measurement

Financial Instruments: Disclosure HKFRS 7 (Amendment)

- Reclassification of Financial Assets

HK(IFRIC)-Int II HKFRS 2 – Group and Treasury Share

Transactions

HKAS 19 – The Limit on a Defined Benefit HK(IFRIC)-Int 14

Asset, Minimum Funding Requirements

and their Interaction

These amendments to standards and new interpretations had no material effect on the Group's accounting policies.

In addition, the Group has early adopted the following amendments to standards which are relevant to the Group's operation for financial period beginning I January 2008:

Consolidated and Separate Financial HKAS 27 Revised

Statements

HKFRS 3 Revised **Business Combinations** 

#### 2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

#### 2.1 Basis of preparation (continued)

The adoption of the above amendments to standards does not have a significant impact on the Group's financial statements except as follows:

Under HKAS 27 Revised, changes in the parent's ownership interest in a subsidiary that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received shall be recognized directly in equity and attributed to the owners of the Company. This was effected prospectively from I January 2008 and the effect on the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2008 is that the Group charged a net amount of US\$10,994,000 to the retained earnings during the year instead of crediting US\$290,000 to the consolidated income statement as gain on disposal of partial interest in a subsidiary and recording US\$11,284,000 in the balance sheet as goodwill acquired upon acquisition of additional equity interest in a subsidiary.

The following new interpretation to standards is mandatory for accounting periods beginning on or after I January 2008 but is not relevant to the Group's operations:

HK(IFRIC)-Int 12 Service Concession Arrangements

The following new standards, amendments to standards and new interpretations, and the HKICPA's improvements to HKFRS published in October 2008 are relevant to the Group's operation but are not effective for 2008 and have not been early adopted:

HKAS | Revised Presentation of Financial Statements

HKAS 23 Revised **Borrowing Costs** 

HKAS 32 (Amendment) Financial Instruments: Presentation

Share-based Payment HKFRS 2 (Amendment) HKFRS 8 Operating Segments

HK(IFRIC)-Int 13 Customer Loyalty Programmes HK(IFRIC)-Int 16 Hedges of a Net Investment in a

Foreign Operation

The Group believes that the adoption of the above new standards, amendments to standards and interpretations are unlikely to have material impact on the presentation of the Group's financial statements except as follows:

HKAS | Revised - Presentation of Financial Statements will prohibit the presentation of items of income and expenses (that is, 'non-owner changes in equity') in the statement of changes in equity, requiring 'non-owner changes in equity' to be presented separately from owner changes in equity. Entities can choose to present one statement of comprehensive income or two statements (the consolidated income statement and statement of comprehensive income). The Group will apply HKAS | Revised from | January 2009.

HKFRS 8 Operating Segments replaces HKAS 14 Segment Reporting. The new standard requires a 'management approach', under which segment information is presented on the same basis as that used for internal reporting purposes. This will result in the segments being reported in a manner that is more consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker. The Company will apply HKFRS 8 Operating Segments from 1 January 2009.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2008

### 2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

#### 2.2 Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements included the financial statements of the Company and all its subsidiaries made up to 31 December.

#### (a) Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are entities (including special purpose entities) over which the Group has the power to govern the financial and operating policies generally accompanying a shareholding of more than one half of the voting rights. The existence and effect of potential voting rights that are currently exercisable or convertible are considered when assessing whether the Group controls another entity.

Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are de-consolidated from the date that control ceases.

The acquisition method of accounting is used to account for business combinations by the Group. The consideration transferred for the acquisition of a subsidiary is the fair values of the assets transferred, the liabilities incurred and the equity interests issued by the Group. The consideration transferred includes the fair value of any asset or liability resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement. Acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred. Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date. On an acquisition-by-acquisition basis, the Group recognizes any non-controlling interest in the acquiree either at fair value or at the non-controlling interest's proportionate share of the acquiree's net assets.

The excess of the consideration transferred, the amount of any noncontrolling interest in the acquiree and the acquisition-date fair value of any previous equity interest in the acquiree over the fair value of the Group's share of the identifiable net assets acquired is recorded as goodwill. If this is less than the fair value of the net assets of the subsidiary acquired in the case of a bargain purchase, the difference is recognized directly in the consolidated income statement.

Inter-company transactions, balances and unrealized gains on transactions between group companies are eliminated. Unrealized losses are also eliminated. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

In the Company's balance sheet the investments in subsidiaries are stated at cost less provision for impairment losses, if any. The results of subsidiaries are accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividend received and receivable.

#### (b) Transactions and non-controlling interests

The Group treats transactions with non-controlling interests as transactions with equity owners of the Group. For purchases of additional interest in subsidiaries from non-controlling interests, the difference between any consideration paid and the relevant share acquired of the carrying value of net assets of the subsidiary is recorded in equity. Gains or losses on disposals of partial interest in subsidiaries to non-controlling interests are also recorded in equity.

# 2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

#### 2.2 Consolidation (continued)

#### (c) Associates

Associates are all entities over which the Group has significant influence but not control, generally accompanying a shareholding of between 20% and 50% of the voting rights. Investments in associates are accounted for by the equity method of accounting and are initially recognized at cost. The Group's investment in associates includes goodwill (net of any accumulated impairment losses) identified on acquisition (Note 2.8).

The Group's share of its associates' post-acquisition profits or losses is recognized in the income statement, and its share of postacquisition movements in reserves is recognized in reserves. The cumulative post-acquisition movements are adjusted against the carrying amount of the investment. When the Group's share of losses in an associate equals or exceeds its interest in the associate, including any other unsecured receivables, the Group does not recognize further losses, unless it has incurred obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate.

Unrealized gains on transactions between the Group and its associates are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the associates. Unrealized losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of associates have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

In the Company's balance sheet the investments in associates are stated at cost less provision for impairment losses, if any. The results of associates are accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividend received and receivable.

#### 2.3 Segment reporting

A business segment is a group of assets and operations engaged in providing products or services that are subject to risks and returns that are different from those of other business segments. A geographical segment is engaged in providing products or services within a particular economic environment that are subject to risks and returns that are different from those of segments operating in other economic environments.

In accordance with the Group's internal financial reporting, the Group has determined that geographical segment be presented as the primary reporting format and business segment as the secondary reporting format.

Unallocated costs represent corporate expenses. Segment assets consist primarily of fixed assets, leasehold land and land use rights, interest in associates, inventories, receivables and operating cash, and mainly exclude intangible assets and investments in securities. Segment liabilities comprise operating liabilities and exclude items such as taxation, derivative financial instruments and all borrowings. Capital expenditure comprises additions to fixed assets, leasehold land and land use rights.

For the year ended 31 December 2008

### 2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

#### 2.4 Foreign currency translation

#### (a) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's principal subsidiaries are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates ('the functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in US dollars, which is the Company's functional and presentation currency.

#### (b) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognized in the income statement.

Foreign exchange gains and losses that related to borrowings and cash and bank balances are presented in the consolidated income statement within finance gain/(costs).

Translation differences on non-monetary items, such as financial assets held for trading held at fair value through profit or loss, are reported as part of the fair value gain or loss. Translation differences on non-monetary items, such as equities classified as available-forsale financial assets, are included in the equity.

#### (c) Group companies

The results and financial position of all the group entities (none of which has the currency of a hyperinflationary economy) that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

- (i) assets and liabilities for each balance sheet presented are translated at the closing rate at the date of that balance sheet;
- (ii) income and expenses for each income statement are translated at average exchange rates (unless this average is not a reasonable approximation of the cumulative effect of the rates prevailing on the transaction dates, in which case income and expenses are translated at the dates of the transactions); and
- (iii) all resulting exchange differences are recognized as a separate component of equity.

On consolidation, exchange differences arising from the translation of the net investment in foreign entities, and of borrowings, are taken to shareholders' equity. When a foreign operation is sold, such exchange differences are recognized in the income statement as part of the gain or loss on sale.

Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on the acquisition of a foreign entity are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign entity and translated at the closing rate.

### 2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

#### 2.5 Property, plant and equipment

Buildings comprise mainly hotel properties. All properties, plant and equipment are stated at historical cost less depreciation and impairment losses, if any. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are expensed in the income statement during the financial period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation is calculated to write off the cost to their residual value on a straight-line basis over the expected useful lives. The useful lives or principal annual rates used are:

Hotel buildings and other buildings Lower of underlying land lease

term or 50 years

Furniture, fixtures and equipment 10% to 33½% Motor vehicles 20% to 25% Plant and machinery 5% to 10%

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each balance sheet date.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

Properties under development and freehold land for hotel properties are not subject to depreciation and are stated at cost less accumulated impairment, if any.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognized within other operating expenses in the income statement.

#### 2.6 Investment properties

Property that is held for long-term rental yields or for capital appreciation or both, and that is not occupied by the companies in the consolidated Group, is classified as investment property.

Investment property comprises land held under operating lease or freehold and buildings.

Land held under operating leases are classified and accounted for as investment property without amortization when the rest of the definition of investment property is met.

Investment property is measured initially at its cost, including related transaction costs.

After initial recognition, investment property is carried at fair value reviewed annually by external professional valuers. Changes in fair values are recognized in the income statement.

Subsequent expenditure is charged to the asset's carrying amount only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance costs are expensed in the income statement during the financial period in which they are incurred.

For the year ended 31 December 2008

### 2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

#### 2.7 Leasehold land and land use rights

Prepaid leasehold land premiums or land use rights for hotel properties or for development of hotel properties are classified and accounted for as leasehold land and land use rights and are stated at cost and amortized over the period of the lease on a straight-line basis to the income statement.

#### 2.8 Intangible assets

#### (a) Goodwill

Goodwill represents the excess of the cost of an acquisition over the fair value of the Group's share of the net identifiable assets of the acquired subsidiary/associate at the date of acquisition. Goodwill on acquisitions of subsidiaries is included in intangible assets. Goodwill on acquisitions of associates is included in investments in associates. Goodwill on acquisitions of subsidiaries is tested annually for impairment and carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses, if any. Gains and losses on the disposal of an entity include the carrying amount of goodwill relating to the entity sold.

Goodwill is allocated to cash-generating units for the purpose of impairment testing.

#### (b) Trademarks and licences

Trademarks and licences are shown at historical cost. Trademarks and licences have a definite useful life and are carried at cost less accumulated amortization and impairment, if any. Amortization is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate the cost of trademarks and licences over their estimated useful lives of 20 years.

#### (c) Website development costs

Website development costs that are directly associated with the development of identifiable and unique products controlled by the Group, and that will probably generate economic benefits exceeding costs beyond one year, are recognized as intangible assets. Such development costs are carried at cost less accumulated amortization and impairment, if any. Amortization is calculated using the straightline method to allocate the cost over their estimated useful lives of 3 years upon commencement of operation.

### 2.9 Impairment of investments in subsidiaries, associates and non-financial assets

Assets that have an indefinite useful life are not subject to amortization, but are at least tested annually for impairment and are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. Assets that are subject to amortization are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognized for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (cash-generating units). Non-financial assets other than goodwill that suffered an impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at each reporting date.

### 2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued) 2.10 Investments

The Group classifies its investments in the following categories: financial assets held for trading, loans and receivables and available-for-sale financial assets. The classification depends on the purpose for which the investments were acquired. Management determines the classification of its investments at initial recognition and re-evaluates this classification at every reporting date.

#### (a) Financial assets held for trading

A financial asset is classified in this category if acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the short term. Assets in this category are classified as current assets if they are either held for trading or are expected to be realized within 12 months of the balance sheet date.

#### (b) Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. They arise when the Group provides money, goods or services directly to a debtor with no intention of trading the receivable. They are included in current assets, except for maturities greater than 12 months after the balance sheet date which are classified as noncurrent assets. Loans and receivables are included in trade and other receivables in the balance sheet (Note 2.13).

### (c) Available-for-sale financial assets

Available-for-sale financial assets are non-derivatives that are either designated in this category or not classified in any of the other categories. They are included in non-current assets unless management intends to dispose of the investment within 12 months of the balance sheet date. The non-derivatives are stated at cost less impairment as the fair value of these unlisted financial assets cannot be reliably measured.

Purchases and sales of investments are recognized on trade-date the date on which the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset. Investments are initially recognized at fair value for all financial assets. Investments are derecognized when the rights to receive cash flows from the investments have expired or have been transferred and the Group has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership. Financial assets held for trading are subsequently carried at fair value based on current market closing bid prices with realized and unrealized gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value included in the income statement in the period in which they arise. Loans and receivables are carried at amortized cost using the effective interest method less impairment with changes in carrying value to be recognized in the income statement. Unlisted equity as included in available-forsale financial assets are stated at cost less impairment (which is charged to the income statement) as the fair value of these unlimited financial assets cannot be reliably measured. Club debentures held for long-term investment purpose and included in available-for-sale financial assets are stated at fair value and the changes in fair value are recognized in equity.

The Group assesses at each balance sheet date whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired. In the case of available-for-sale financial assets, a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value below its cost is considered as an indicator whether the asset is impaired. If any such evidence exists for available-for-sale financial assets, the cumulative loss (measured as the difference between the acquisition cost and the current fair value, less any impairment loss on that financial asset previously recognized in the income statement) is removed from equity and recognized in the income statement. Impairment testing of loans and receivables is the same as trade and other receivables as disclosed in Note 2.13.

For the year ended 31 December 2008

### 2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

#### 2.11 Derivative financial instruments

Derivatives are initially recognized at fair value on the date a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured at their fair value. Derivative financial instruments that do not qualify for hedge accounting are categorized as derivatives at fair value through profit or loss and changes in the fair value of these derivative instruments are recognized immediately in the consolidated income statement within 'Other (losses)/gains - net'.

#### 2.12 Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value.

Cost, being cost of purchase, is determined on a weighted average basis. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less applicable variable selling expense.

#### 2.13 Trade and other receivables

Trade and other receivables are recognized initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for impairment of trade and other receivables is established when there is objective evidence that the Group will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of receivables. The amount of the provision is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the effective interest rate. The carrying amount of the assets is reduced through the use of an allowance account, and the amount of loss is recognized in the income statement within administrative expenses. When a trade receivable is uncollectible, it is written off against the allowance account for trade receivables. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited against administrative expenses in the income statement.

#### 2.14 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within bank loans in current liabilities on the balance sheet.

#### 2.15 Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity.

Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

Where any group company purchases the Company's equity share capital, the consideration paid, including any directly attributable incremental costs (net of income taxes) is deducted from the consolidated equity attributable to the Company's equity holders until the shares are cancelled or resold. Where such shares are subsequently resold, any consideration received, net of any directly attributable incremental transaction costs and the related income tax effects, will increase the consolidated equity attributable to the Company's equity holders.

The dividends on these own shares held are excluded from the dividend distribution to the Company's equity holders recognized in the consolidated financial statements.

#### 2.16 Trade payables

Trade payables are recognized initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

### 2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued) 2.17 Borrowings

Borrowings are recognized initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. The difference between the proceeds received and fair value at inception (fair value gain/loss) is recognized in the income statement. Transaction costs are incremental costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, issue or disposal of a financial asset or financial liability, including fees and commissions paid to agents, advisers, brokers and dealers, levies by regulatory agencies and securities exchanges, and transfer taxes and duties. Borrowings are subsequently stated at amortized cost; any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognized in the income statement over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the balance sheet date.

### 2.18 Pre-operating expenditure

Pre-operating expenditure is charged to the income statement in the year in which it is incurred.

#### 2.19 Deferred income tax

Deferred income tax is provided in full, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements. However, if the deferred income tax arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss, it is not accounted for. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realized or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

Deferred income tax assets are recognized to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilized.

Deferred income tax is provided on temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries, associates and jointly controlled entities, except where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference is controlled by the Group and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

For the year ended 31 December 2008

### 2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued) 2.20 Employee benefits

#### (i) Employee leave entitlements

Employee entitlements to annual leave are recognized when they accrue to employees. A provision is made for the estimated liability for annual leave as a result of services rendered by employees up to the balance sheet date.

Employee entitlements to sick leave and maternity leave are not recognized until the time of leave.

#### (ii) Pension obligations

The Group operates a number of defined benefit and defined contribution plans, most of the assets of which are generally held in separate trustee administered funds. The pension plans are generally funded by payments from employees and by the relevant Group companies, taking account of the applicable laws and regulations at different jurisdiction and the recommendations of independent qualified actuaries for defined benefit plans.

For the Group's defined contribution plans, the Group pays contributions to publicly or privately administered pension insurance plans on a mandatory, contractual or voluntary basis. The Group has no further payment obligations once the contributions have been paid. The contributions are recognized as employee benefit expense when they are due and are reduced by contributions forfeited by those employees who leave the scheme prior to vesting fully in the contributions, where applicable. Prepaid contributions are recognized as an asset to the extent that a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments is available.

For defined benefit plans, pension costs are assessed using the project unit credit method: the cost of providing pensions is charged to the income statement so as to spread the regular cost over the service lives of employees in accordance with the advice of the actuaries who carry out a full valuation of the plans at least every 3 years. The pension obligation is measured as the present value of the estimated future cash outflows. Actuarial gains and losses arising from funded plans are recognized over the average remaining service lives of employees. Past service costs are recognized as an expense on a straight-line basis over the average period until the benefits become vested.

#### 2.21 Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate of an amount can be made. Provisions are not recognized for future operating losses.

### 2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

#### 2.22 Revenue recognition

Revenue comprises the fair value for the sale of goods and services, net of value-added tax, rebates and discounts and after eliminating sales within the Group. Revenue is recognized as follows:

#### Sales:

- (i) Hotel revenue from rooms rental, food and beverage sales and other ancillary services is recognized when the services are rendered.
- (ii) Revenue in respect of hotel management and related services is recognized when the services are rendered.
- (iii) Rental revenue from investment properties is recognized on a straight-line basis over the periods of the respective leases.

#### Other revenue:

- (iv)Interest income is recognized on a time-proportion basis using the effective interest method. When a receivable is impaired, the Group reduces the carrying amount to its recoverable amount, being the estimated future cash flow discounted at original effective interest rate of the instrument, and continues unwinding the discount as interest income. Interest income on impaired loans is recognized either as cash is collected or on a cost-recovery basis as conditions warrant.
- (v) Dividend income from other investments is recognized when the right to receive payment is established.

#### 2.23 Operating leases (as the lessee)

Leases in which a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases (net of any incentives received from the lessor) are expensed in the income statement on a straightline basis over the period of the leases.

#### 2.24 Dividend distribution

Dividend distribution to the Company's shareholders is recognized as a liability in the Group's financial statements in the period in which the dividends are approved by the Company's shareholders.

#### 2.25 Share-based compensation

The Group operates two equity-settled, share-based compensation plans. For options granted on or before 7 November 2002, the Group has taken advantage of the transitional provisions in HKFRS 2 under which the fair value recognition and measurement policies have not been applied. For options granted after 7 November 2002, the fair value of the employee services received in exchange for the grant of the options is recognized as an expense. The total amount to be expensed over the vesting period is determined by reference to the fair value of the options granted, excluding the impact of any non-market vesting conditions (for example, profitability and sales growth targets) and performance vesting conditions. Non-market vesting conditions are included in assumptions about the number of options that are expected to become exercisable. At each balance sheet date, the entity revises its estimates of the number of options that are expected to become exercisable. It recognizes the impact of the revision of original estimates, if any, in the income statement, and a corresponding adjustment to equity over the remaining vesting period.

For the year ended 31 December 2008

### 2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

#### 2.25 Share-based compensation (continued)

The proceeds received net of any directly attributable transaction costs are credited to share capital (nominal value) and share premium when the options are exercised. The related balance previously recognized in the option reserve is also credited to the share premium.

#### 2.26 Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalized as part of the cost of that asset. All other borrowing costs are charged to the income statement in the year in which they are incurred.

### 3. Financial risk management

#### 3.1 Financial risk factors

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including foreign exchange risk and price risk), credit risk, liquidity risk and interest-rate risk. The Group's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimize potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance. The Group uses derivative financial instruments to hedge certain risk exposures.

Risk management is carried out by the Group Treasury under guidance of the Board of Directors. Group Treasury identifies, evaluates and hedges financial risks in close co-operation with the Group's operating units. The Board provides principles for overall risk management and covering specific areas, such as foreign exchange risk, interest-rate risk, credit risk, use of derivative financial instruments and investing excess liquidity.

#### (a) Market risk

### (i) Foreign exchange risk

The Group operates internationally and is exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from various currency exposures. Foreign exchange risk arises from future commercial transactions, recognized assets and liabilities and net investments in foreign operations. The Group has investments in different foreign operations, whose net assets are exposed to foreign currency translation risk.

There is a natural economic hedge to the extent that all the Group's business units in Hong Kong, Mainland China, the Philippines, Singapore, Malaysia and Thailand derive their revenues (and most of the expenses associated therewith) in local currencies. The Group's hotels are quoting room tariffs in the local currency in view of the general appreciation of the Asian currencies against US dollar. It is the Group's endeavour, wherever and to the extent possible, to quote tariffs in the stronger currency and maintain bank balances in that currency, if legally permitted. Also, to the extent legally permitted, the Group's subsidiaries in Mainland China contracted for new bank loans in US dollars.

The Group has not felt it appropriate to substantially hedge against currency risks through forward exchange contracts upon consideration of the currency risk involved and the cost of obtaining such cover.

### 3. Financial risk management (continued)

- 3. I Financial risk factors (continued)
  - (a) Market risk (continued)
    - (i) Foreign exchange risk (continued)

The Group analyzes its exchange exposure based on the financial position at year end. The Group's exchange risk at the unit level mainly arises from long-term bank borrowings and shareholders' loans and the Group calculates such impact on the income statement. The Group calculates the impact on exchange fluctuation reserve of the exchange risk on consolidation arising from the translation of the net investment in foreign entities. At 31 December 2008, if US dollar and Hong Kong dollar has weakened/strengthened by 5% against all other currencies with all other variables held constant, the Group's profit attributable to the equity holders of the Company and exchange fluctuation reserve would have been increased/decreased by US\$35,414,000 (2007: US\$31,706,000) and US\$212,079,000 (2007: US\$183,540,000), respectively. Exchange rate between US dollar and Hong Kong dollar is only allowed to fluctuate in a narrow range under the Hong Kong's linked exchange rate system.

### (ii) Price risk

The Group is exposed to equity securities price risk because investments held by the Group are classified on the consolidated balance sheet as financial assets held for trading and are stated at fair value through profit or loss. Available-for-sale financial assets are investments in unquoted shares and not subject to price risk. The Group is not exposed to commodity price risk.

Equity security price risk is the risk that the fair values of the trading securities decrease as a result of changes in the value of individual securities which are also affected by the change in the level of equity indices.

For every 5% decrease in the fair value of the trading securities classified under financial assets held for trading, the carrying value of the trading securities will decrease by US\$666,000 (2007: US\$3,586,000) while the Group's profit attributable to the equity holders of the Company will decrease by US\$648,000 (2007: US\$3,090,000) assuming that no account is given for factors such as impairment which may have additional impact on the income statement.

Based on the market value of all the trading securities as at 31 December 2008, 89.4% (2007: 97.8%) of the Group's trading securities are listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited and are valued at closing market bid prices at the balance sheet date. The market equity index for the Hong Kong stock exchange, at the close of business of the nearest trading day in the year to the balance sheet date, and the highest and lowest points during the year were as follows:

	31 December	High/Low	31 December	High/Low
	2008	2008	2007	2007
Hong Kong – Hang Seng Index	14,387	27,854/ 10,676	27,812	31,638/ 18,664

For the year ended 31 December 2008

### 3. Financial risk management (continued)

#### 3.1 Financial risk factors (continued)

#### (b) Credit risk

The Group has no significant concentrations of credit risk. It has policies in place to ensure that sale of rooms to wholesalers are made to customers with an appropriate credit history. Sales to retail customers are made via credit cards to a significant extent. Sales to corporate customers are made to customers with good credit history. The Group has policies that limit the amount of global credit exposure to any customer. Cash and bank deposits are mainly placed in major international and local banks.

The maximum exposure of credit risk at the reporting date in respect of each class of financial assets is disclosed in the notes to the consolidated financial statements of the relevant financial assets.

### (c) Liquidity risk

Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and marketable securities, the availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities and the ability to close out market positions. Due to the dynamic nature of the underlying businesses, the Group Treasury aims to maintain flexibility in funding by keeping committed credit lines available.

The analysis of the Group's financial liabilities showing the contractual maturities is as follows:

		Between	Between	
	Less than	3 months	I and	Over
	3 months	and I year	2 years	2 years
	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000
At 31 December 2008				
Bank overdrafts	624	_	_	_
Bank loans	_	38,389	617,536	1,271,737
Interest payable for bank loans	10,510	31,290	35,873	64,419
Derivative financial instruments	3,378	16,893	15,993	29,652
Due to non-controlling				
shareholders	_	6,355	_	37,965
Accounts payable and accruals	49,480	354,900	_	_
At 31 December 2007				
Bank overdrafts	34		-	_
Bank Ioans	_	91,894	18,118	1,135,821
Interest payable for bank loans	13,555	39,597	50,611	58,568
Derivative financial instruments	816	4,080	4,897	10,915
Due to non-controlling				
shareholders	_	10,355	_	31,318
Accounts payable and accruals	60,687	316,718	_	_

The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows which are equal to their carrying balances in the respective consolidated balance sheet except that the amount due to non-controlling shareholders with maturities over two years included in the consolidated balance sheet as at 31 December 2008 is US\$27,012,000 (31 December 2007: US\$20,603,000) and that the estimated amount of interest payable for bank loans are arrived based on the principal loan balance and prevailing interest rates at year end date up to the final maturity date of the loan agreements.

### 3. Financial risk management (continued)

#### 3. I Financial risk factors (continued)

#### (d) Cash flow and fair value interest-rate risk

As the Group has no significant interest-bearing assets, the Group's income and operating cash inflows are substantially independent of changes in market interest rates.

The Group's interest-rate risk mainly arises from long-term bank borrowings and derivative financial instrument of interest-rate swap contracts.

Bank borrowings issued at variable rates expose the Group to cash flow interest-rate risk. Group policy is to maintain at around 50% of its borrowings at fixed rate, considering Renminbi bank borrowings are fixed rate in nature and taking into account the principal amount of interest-rate swap contracts executed. At as 31 December 2008, 46% (31 December 2007: 61%) of borrowings were at fixed rates on that basis.

The Group analyzes its interest rate exposure on bank borrowings based on the assumption that the loan position at year end could be wholly refinanced and/or renewed. The Group calculates the impact on income statement of a defined interest rate shift. The same interest rate shift is used for all currencies. The scenario is run only for bank borrowings that represent the major interest bearing portion. Based on the simulation performed, the impact on income statement of a one percentage point increase would be a maximum decrease of the Group's profit attributable to the equity holders of the Company of US\$13,560,000 (2007: US\$11,064,000) after interest capitalization for properties under development.

The Group manages its cash flow interest-rate risk by using floatingto-fixed interest-rate swap contracts. Such interest-rate swap contracts have the economic effect of converting borrowings from floating rates to fixed rates. Generally, the Group raises long-term bank borrowings at floating rates. The Group closely monitors the movement of interest rates from time to time and enters into interest-rate swap contracts. Under the interest-rate swap contracts, the Group agrees with other parties to exchange, at monthly intervals, the difference between fixed contract rates and floatingrate interest amounts calculated by reference to the agreed notional principal amounts. However, these interest-rate swap contracts do not qualify for hedge accounting. Changes in the fair value of any contracts are recognized immediately in the income statement.

The Group analyzes its interest rate exposure on interest-rate swap contracts based on the principal value and underlying terms of the contracts at year end. At 31 December 2008, if interest rate is one percentage point higher with all other variables held constant, the Group's profit attributable to the equity holders of the Company would have been increased by US\$23,681,000 (2007: US\$28,296,000) as a result of increase in fair value of these contracts. If interest rate is 0.1 percentage point lower, the Group's profit attributable to the equity holders of the Company would have been decreased by US\$2,420,000 (2007: US\$2,903,000).

#### 3.2 Financial risk management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

For the year ended 31 December 2008

### 3. Financial risk management (continued)

#### 3.2 Financial risk management (continued)

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt.

The Group monitors capital on the basis of the gearing ratio. This ratio is calculated as net debt divided by total capital. Net debt is calculated as total borrowings (including current and non-current bank borrowings as shown in the balance sheet) less cash and bank balances. Total capital is calculated as 'equity', as shown in the balance sheet.

The gearing ratios at 31 December 2008 and 2007 were as follows:

	2008 US\$'000	<b>2007</b> US\$'000
Total borrowings	1,928,286	1,245,867
Less: Cash and bank balances		
(Note 17)	(463,027)	(386,684)
Net debt	1,465,259	859,183
Total equity	4,251,388	4,185,328
Gearing ratio		
(net debt over total equity)	34.5%	20.5%

The Group's bank borrowing facilities require it to meet certain ratios based on adjusted consolidated capital and reserves attributable to the Company's equity holders and adjusted consolidated total equity. The Group monitors compliance with these ratios on a monthly basis. The Group has satisfactorily complied with all covenants under its borrowing agreements.

#### 3.3 Accounting for interest rate swap contracts

The Group has sought to reduce its interest rate exposure by entering into interest rate swap contracts.

Interest rate swap contracts, a kind of derivative financial instruments, are set up for the purpose of managing risk (since the Group's policy does not permit speculative transactions). Interest rate swap contracts are initially recognized at fair value on the date a contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured at their fair value.

The Group's interest rate swap contracts do not qualify for hedge accounting. Changes in the fair value of any contracts that do not qualify for hedge accounting are recognized immediately in the income statement.

#### 3.4 Fair value estimation

The fair value of financial instruments traded in active markets (such as publicly traded derivatives, and trading and available-for-sale securities) is based on quoted market prices at the balance sheet date. The quoted market price used for financial assets held by the Group is the current bid price; the appropriate quoted market price for financial liabilities is the current ask price.

The fair value of financial instruments not traded in active markets are stated at cost less impairment (which is charged to the income statement) as the fair value of these financial assets cannot be reliably measured.

The nominal value less estimated credit adjustments of trade receivables and payables are assumed to approximate their fair values. The fair value of financial liabilities for disclosure purposes is estimated by discounting the future contractual cash flows at the current market interest rate that is available to the Group for similar financial instruments.

### 4. Critical accounting estimates and judgements

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

#### 4.1 Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

The Group makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below.

#### (a) Estimated impairment of goodwill

The Group tests annually whether goodwill has suffered any impairment, in accordance with the accounting policy stated in Note 2.8. The recoverable amounts of cash-generating units have been determined based on value-in-use calculations. These calculations require the use of estimates.

### (b) Income taxes

The Group is subject to income taxes in numerous jurisdictions. Significant judgment is required in determining the worldwide provision for income taxes. There are certain transactions and calculations for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain during the ordinary course of business. The Group recognizes liabilities for anticipated tax audit issues based on estimates of whether additional taxes will be due in accordance with local tax practice and professional advice. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will impact the income tax and deferred tax provisions in the period in which such determination is made.

#### (c) Estimate of fair value of investment properties

The best evidence of fair value is current prices in an active market for similar lease and other contracts or valuation carried out by independent firms of valuers annually. The Group's investment properties are stated at professional valuations at year end.

### 4.2 Critical judgements in applying the entity's accounting policies Distinction between investment properties and owner-occupied properties

The Group determines whether a property qualifies as investment property. In making its judgement, the Group considers whether the property generates cash flows largely independently of the other assets held by an entity. Owner-occupied properties generate cash flows that are attributable not only to property but also to other assets used in the production or supply process.

Some properties comprise a portion that is held to earn rentals or for capital appreciation and another portion that is held for use in the production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes. If these portions can be sold separately (or leased out separately under a finance lease), the Group accounts for the portions separately. If the portions cannot be sold separately, the property is accounted for as investment property only if an insignificant portion is held for use in the production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes. Judgement is applied in determining whether ancillary services are so significant that a property does not qualify as investment property. The Group considers each property separately in making its judgement.

# Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2008

### 5. Sales and segment information

The Group owns and operates hotels and associated properties and provides hotel management and related services. Sales recognized during the year were as follows:

	2008	2007
	US\$'000	US\$'000
Sales		
Hotel operation:		
Room rentals	674,247	622,644
Food and beverage sales	519,430	457,250
Rendering of ancillary services	87,075	79,251
Hotel management and related		
service fees	36,254	32,369
Property rentals	36,265	27,734
	1,353,271	1,219,248

### Primary reporting format – geographical segments

The Group is managed on a worldwide basis in six main geographical areas:

Hong Kong	_	hotel ownership, operation and management
Mainland China	_	hotel ownership, operation and management
	_	ownership and leasing of office, commercial
		and serviced apartments
The Philippines	_	hotel ownership, operation and management
Singapore	_	hotel ownership, operation and management
	_	ownership and leasing of office, commercial
		and serviced apartments
Thailand	_	hotel ownership, operation and management
	_	ownership and leasing of office, commercial
		and serviced apartments
Malaysia	_	hotel ownership, operation and management,
		golf club ownership and operation
	_	ownership and leasing of office, commercial
		and serviced apartments
Other countries	_	hotel ownership, operation and management

### Secondary reporting format - business segments

The Group is organized on a worldwide basis into three main business segments:

Hotel operation	_	ownership and operation of hotel business
Hotel management	_	provision of hotel management and
		related services
Property rentals	_	ownership and leasing of office, commercial
		and serviced apartments

## 5. Sales and segment information (continued)

Primary reporting format – geographical segments Segment income statement For year ended 31 December 2008 (US\$ million)

	Republic	Mainland	I The						
	Hong Kong	China	Philippines	Singapore	Thailand	Malaysia	Other	Elimination	Group
Sales									
External sales	233.6	531.8	153.9	193.3	56.0	127.3	57.4	_	1,353.3
Inter-segment sales	7.1	24.8	8.8	5.9	2.7	3.8	3.0	(56.1)	
Total	240.7	556.6	162.7	199.2	58.7	131.1	60.4	(56.1)	1,353.3
Result									
Segment results	38.5	76.3	29.2	68.8	11.5	30.1	11.6	_	266.0
Interest income									7.7
Dividend income									0.9
Net unrealized losses on financial assets held for trading									(33.4)
Fair value losses on investment properties									(0.9)
Fair value losses on derivative financial instruments									
<ul> <li>interest-rate swap contracts</li> </ul>									(61.1)
Fair value gains on loans from non-controlling									
shareholders									1.3
Penalty on relinquishment of rights to acquire land									(0.4)
use rights of project sites									(0.6)
Unallocated corporate expenses								_	(16.7)
Operating profit									163.2
Finance gain									12.8
Share of profit of associates	(0.9)	63.9	0.2	10.4	_	2.4	0.9		76.9
Profit before income tax								_	252.9

# Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2008

### 5. Sales and segment information (continued)

Primary reporting format – geographical segments (continued)

Segment income statement (continued)

For year ended 31 December 2008 (US\$ million)

### The People's Republic of China

	·	Mainland	The						
	Hong Kong	China	Philippines	Singapore	Thailand	Malaysia	Other E	limination	Group
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	(14.4)	(86.7)	(22.1)	(13.8)	(13.5)	(12.5)	(3.8)	_	(166.8)
Amortization of leasehold land and land use rights	(1.9)	(8.5)	_	(0.3)	_	(0.3)	(0.2)	_	(11.2)
Capital expenditures, excluding intangible assets	8.3	432.2	81.3	8.4	10.8	29.7	234.0	_	804.7

Inter-segment sales or transactions are entered into under the normal commercial terms and conditions that would also be available to unrelated third parties.

### Segment balance sheet

As at 31 December 2008 (US\$ million)

	Hong Kong	Mainland China	The Philippines	Singapore	Thailand	Malaysia	Other	Elimination	Group
Segment assets Interest in associates Unallocated assets Intangible assets	267.1 24.3	2,618.1 1,043.1	536.7 28.2	795.6 92.4	213.9	402.2 29.6	672.4 52.8	(13.8)	5,492.2 1,270.4 64.6 95.5
Total assets Segment liabilities Unallocated liabilities Total liabilities	(80.0)	(189.6)	(32.5)	(27.9)	(16.1)	(23.7)	(44.9)	13.8	6,922.7 (400.9) (2,270.4) (2,671.3)

## 5. Sales and segment information (continued)

Primary reporting format – geographical segments (continued)

Segment income statement

For year ended 31 December 2007 (US\$ million)

	Hong Kong	Mainland China	The Philippines	Singapore	Thailand	Malaysia	Other	Elimination	Group
Sales				0 1		,			
External sales	230.8	436.9	149.4	170.6	60.3	121.8	49.4	_	1,219.2
Inter-segment sales	7.1	19.3	8.8	4.9	2.8	3.7	1.7	(48.3)	-
Total	237.9	456.2	158.2	175.5	63.1	125.5	51.1	(48.3)	1,219.2
Result									
Segment results	32.7	86.3	30.0	55.8	21.6	36.9	17.3		280.6
Interest income									10.3
Dividend income									0.9
Net unrealized gains on financial assets held for trading									21.1
Fair value gains on investment properties									59.1
Fair value losses on derivative financial instruments  – interest-rate swap contracts									(10.4)
Fair value gains on loans from non-controlling shareholders									10.7
Unallocated corporate expenses									(16.0)
Tax refund on reinvestment of dividend from									, ,
a subsidiary and an associate									3.2
Gain on disposal of partial interests in subsidiaries									9.1
Waiver of debt by a non-controlling shareholder								_	4.7
Operating profit									373.3
Finance costs									(19.1)
Share of profit of associates	(0.2)	85.7	_	11.9	_	2.3	(0.8)	_	98.9
Profit before income tax	, ,						, ,	_	453.1
								_	

# Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2008

### 5. Sales and segment information (continued)

Primary reporting format – geographical segments (continued)

Segment income statement (continued)

For year ended 31 December 2007 (US\$ million)

### The People's Republic of China

		Mainland	The						
	Hong Kong	China	Philippines	Singapore	Thailand	Malaysia	Other E	Elimination	Group
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	(14.5)	(61.5)	(21.9)	(12.9)	(9.0)	(11.4)	(3.7)	_	(134.9)
Amortization of leasehold land and land use rights	(1.9)	(5.6)	_	(0.2)	_	(0.3)	(0.3)	_	(8.3)
Capital expenditures, excluding intangible assets	8.0	414.6	47.5	13.3	43.2	22.0	105.2	_	653.8

Inter-segment sales or transactions are entered into under normal commercial terms and conditions that would also be available to unrelated third parties.

### Segment balance sheet

As at 31 December 2007 (US\$ million)

	Hong Kong	Mainland China	The Philippines	Singapore	Thailand	Malaysia	Other	Elimination	Group
Segment assets Interest in associates Unallocated assets Intangible assets	301.4 39.3	2,088.8 918.8	507.8 -	804.6 86.9	232.3	418.0 28.7	429.2 45.3	(13.2)	4,768.9 1,119.0 125.9 87.2
Total assets								-	6,101.0
Segment liabilities Unallocated liabilities Total liabilities	(80.7)	(157.2)	(39.0)	(30.8)	(26.0)	(25.6)	(31.7)	13.2 -	(377.8) (1,537.9) (1,915.7)

## 5. Sales and segment information (continued)

Secondary reporting format – business segments For the year ended/as at 31 December 2008 (US\$ million)

	Sales	Segment results	Total assets	Capital expenditures
Hotel operation		'		
– Room rentals	674.2			
<ul> <li>Food and beverage sales</li> </ul>	519.4			
<ul> <li>Renderings of ancillary</li> </ul>				
services	87.1			
	1,280.7	217.2	4,870.8	797.1
Hotel management	92.4	29.5	51.8	2.6
Property rentals	36.3	19.3	583.4	5.0
Elimination	(56.1)	_	(13.8)	_
	1,353.3	266.0	5,492.2	804.7
Interest in associates	,		1,270.4	
Unallocated assets			64.6	
Intangible assets			95.5	
Total		_	6,922.7	-

For the year ended/as at 31 December 2007 (US\$ million)

	Sales	Segment results	Total assets	Capital expenditures
Hotel operation				
– Room rentals	622.6			
<ul> <li>Food and beverage sales</li> </ul>	457.3			
<ul> <li>Renderings of ancillary</li> </ul>				
services	79.2			
	1,159.1	252.7	4,151.5	605.4
Hotel management	80.7	11.3	65.8	2.5
Property rentals	27.7	16.6	564.8	45.9
Elimination	(48.3)	_	(13.2)	_
	1,219.2	280.6	4,768.9	653.8
Interest in associates			1,119.0	
Unallocated assets			125.9	
Intangible assets		_	87.2	_
Total			6,101.0	
		_		-

# Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2008

## 6. Financial instruments by category

The accounting policies for financial instruments have been applied to the line items below:

### Group

	Loans and receivables US\$'000	Assets at fair value through income statement US\$'000	Available- for-sale assets US\$'000	Total US\$'000
Assets as per consolidated balance sheet				
31 December 2008				
Available-for-sale financial assets (Note 13)	_	-	4,158	4,158
Other receivables (Note 14)	3,683	_	_	3,683
Accounts receivable (Note 15)	116,566	_	-	116,566
Due from associates (Note 12)	82,267	-	-	82,267
Financial assets held for trading (Note 16)	_	13,326	-	13,326
Cash and bank balances (Note 17)	463,027	_	_	463,027
Total	665,543	13,326	4,158	683,027
31 December 2007				
Available-for-sale financial assets (Note 13)	_	_	4,191	4,191
Other receivables (Note 14)	5,091	_	-	5,091
Accounts receivable (Note 15)	111,404	-	-	111,404
Due from associates (Note 12)	84,783	-	_	84,783
Financial assets held for trading (Note 16)	_	71,710	-	71,710
Cash and bank balances (Note 17)	386,684	-		386,684
Total	587,962	71,710	4,191	663,863

	Liabilities at fair value through income statement US\$'000	Derivatives not qualifying for hedge accounting US\$'000	Other financial liabilities US\$'000	<b>Total</b> US\$'000
Liabilities as per consolidated balance sheet				
31 December 2008  Bank loans and overdrafts (Note 20)  Derivative financial instruments (Note 21)  Due to non-controlling shareholders (Note 22)  Accounts payable and accruals (Note 24)	- - 33,367 -	- 65,916 - -	1,928,286 - - 404,380	1,928,286 65,916 33,367 404,380
Total	33,367	65,916	2,332,666	2,431,949
31 December 2007  Bank loans and overdrafts (Note 20)  Derivative financial instruments (Note 21)  Due to non-controlling shareholders (Note 22)  Accounts payable and accruals (Note 24)	- 30,958 -	20,708 - -	1,245,867 - - 377,405	1,245,867 20,708 30,958 377,405
Total	30,958	20,708	1,623,272	1,674,938

# 6. Financial instruments by category (continued) Company

		Available-	
	Loans and	for-sale	<b>T</b>
	receivables	assets	Total
	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000
Assets as per balance sheet			
31 December 2008			
Amount due from subsidiaries			
(Note 11)	122,542	_	122,542
Club debentures	_	840	840
Dividend receivable	276,329	_	276,329
Cash and bank balances			
(Note 17)	12,662		12,662
Total	411,533	840	412,373
31 December 2007			
Amount due from subsidiaries			
(Note 11)	367,174	_	367,174
Club debentures	_	840	840
Dividend receivable	227,650	_	227,650
Cash and bank balances			
(Note 17)	16,468		16,468
_Total	611,292	840	612,132

	Derivatives not qualifying for hedge accounting US\$'000	Other financial liabilities	<b>Total</b> US\$'000
Liabilities as per balance sheet			
31 December 2008  Derivative financial instruments  (Note 21)	65,916	_	65,916
Amounts due to subsidiaries		23,870	23,870
Total	65,916	23,870	89,786
31 December 2007 Derivative financial instruments (Note 21) Amounts due to subsidiaries	20,708	_ 28,241	20,708 28,241
Total	20,708	28,241	48,949

# Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2008

# 7. Property, plant and equipment

Group

Group	Freehold land and buildings US\$'000	Vehicles & machinery US\$'000	Furniture, fixtures & equipment US\$'000	Properties under development US\$'000	<b>Total</b> US\$'000
At I January 2007 Cost	2,628,248	153,757	489,222	505,178	3,776,405
Accumulated depreciation	(712,049)	(102,790)	(301,705)	-	(1,116,544)
Net book amount	1,916,199	50,967	187,517	505,178	2,659,861
Year ended 31 December 2007					
Opening net book amount	1,916,199	50,967	187,517	505,178	2,659,861
Exchange differences	120,170	2,737	9,315	35,930	168,152
Additions	29,620	8,319	40,859	496,332	575,130
Disposals	(3,253)	(185)	(1,171)	(201)	(4,810)
Disposal through selling of partial					
interest in a subsidiary	-	-	(55)	(60)	(115)
Transfer	364,221	53,655	62,642	(480,518)	-
Transfer to investment properties				(2.250)	(2.250)
(Note 8)	- (/0.2E0)	(15.017)	(E0 771)	(2,250)	(2,250)
Depreciation	(68,350)	(15,916)	(50,771)		(135,037)
Closing net book amount	2,358,607	99,577	248,336	554,411	3,260,931
At 31 December 2007					
Cost	3,171,927	220,593	612,043	554,411	4,558,974
Accumulated depreciation	(813,320)	(121,016)	(363,707)		(1,298,043)
Net book amount	2,358,607	99,577	248,336	554,411	3,260,931

	Freehold land and	Vehicles &	Furniture, fixtures &	Properties under	
	buildings	machinery	equipment	development	Total
	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000
Year ended 31 December 2008					
Opening net book amount	2,358,607	99,577	248,336	554,411	3,260,931
Exchange differences	(2,628)	3,669	4,002	5,299	10,342
Additions	58,419	8,870	53,880	546,748	667,917
Acquisition of a subsidiary	22,114	-	-	8,698	30,812
Disposals	(10,686)	(423)	(1,977)	(294)	(13,380)
Transfer	229,048	42,529	25,775	(297,352)	-
Depreciation	(77,329)	(22,318)	(67,651)	_	(167,298)
Closing net book amount	2,577,545	131,904	262,365	817,510	3,789,324
At 31 December 2008					
Cost	3,461,116	262,894	678,415	817,510	5,219,935
Accumulated depreciation	(883,571)	(130,990)	(416,050)	_	(1,430,611)
Net book amount	2,577,545	131,904	262,365	817,510	3,789,324

- (a) All depreciation expenses (net of amount capitalized of US\$471,000 in 2008 (2007: US\$185,000)) have been included as part of the other operating expenses.
- (b) For year 2008 and 2007, there is no bank borrowings secured on fixed asset.
- (c) Buildings comprise mainly hotel properties. Details of the hotel properties of the Company's subsidiaries are summarized in Note 40(a).
- (d) Properties under development included construction work in progress in respect of the renovation of certain hotel properties.

### 7. Property, plant and equipment (continued)

(e) Details of movements in property, plant and equipment of the Company are as follows:

	Furniture, fixtures & equipment  US\$'000	Motor vehicles US\$'000	<b>Total</b> US\$'000
At I January 2007	·	·	·
Cost	843	221	1,064
Accumulated depreciation	(817)	(221)	(1,038)
Net book amount	26	_	26
Year ended 31 December 2007			
Opening net book amount	26	_	26
Additions	31	_	31
Depreciation	(21)		(21)
Closing net book amount	36	_	36
At 31 December 2007			
Cost	874	221	1,095
Accumulated depreciation	(838)	(221)	(1,059)
Net book amount	36	_	36
Year ended 31 December 2008			
Opening net book amount	36	_	36
Additions	120	_	120
Depreciation	(41)		(41)
Closing net book amount	115	_	115
At 31 December 2008			
Cost	994	221	1,215
Accumulated depreciation	(879)	(221)	(1,100)
Net book amount	115	_	115

### 8. Investment properties

	2008 US\$'000	<b>2007</b> US\$'000
At I January	523,633	385,125
Exchange differences	(3,044)	27,039
Additions	4,981	45,865
Derecognition cost for replaced part	(309)	(254)
Transfer from property, plant and		
equipment (Note 7)	_	2,250
Transfer from leasehold land and		
land use rights (Note 9)	_	4,469
Fair value (losses)/gains (included in		
other (losses)/gains - net)		
(Note 26)	(952)	59,139
At 31 December	524,309	523,633

- (a) The investment properties were revalued at 31 December 2008 by independent professionally qualified valuers on the basis of their market value as a fully operational entity for existing use.
- (b) The fair values of investment properties comprised:

	2008	2007
	US\$'000	US\$'000
Outside Hong Kong, held on:		
Freehold	386,782	400,430
Leases of between 10 to 50 years	137,527	123,203
	524,309	523,633

(c) Details of investment properties of the Company's subsidiaries are summarized in Note 41(a).

# Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2008

## 9. Leasehold land and land use rights

	2008 US\$'000	<b>2007</b> US\$'000
At I January	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u> </u>
Cost	513,142	467,277
Accumulated amortization	(96,393)	(86,135)
Net book amount	416,749	381,142
Opening net book amount	416,749	381,142
Exchange differences	14,313	15,600
Additions	100,947	28,960
Acquisition of a subsidiary	_	3,842
Transfer to investment properties		
(Note 8)	_	(4,469)
Amortization of prepaid operating		, ,
lease payment	(11,215)	(8,326)
Closing net book value	520,794	416,749
At 31 December		
Cost	630,475	513,142
Accumulated amortization	(109,681)	(96,393)
Net book amount	520,794	416,749

All amortization expenses in 2008 and 2007 have been included as part of the other operating expenses.

The Group's interests in leasehold land and land use rights represent prepaid operating lease payments and their net book values are analyzed as follows:

	2008	2007
	US\$'000	US\$'000
In Hong Kong held on:		
Leases of between 10 to 50 years	81,388	83,327
Outside Hong Kong, held on:		
Leases of over 50 years	85,452	97,520
Leases of between 10 to 50 years	353,954	235,902
	520,794	416,749

### 10.Intangible assets

	Goodwill US\$'000	Trademark & licences US\$'000	Website development US\$'000	<b>Total</b> US\$'000
At I January 2007				
Cost	75,791	10,958	1,625	88,374
Accumulated amortization	_	(665)		(665)
Net book amount	75,791	10,293	1,625	87,709
Year ended 31 December 2007				
Opening net book amount	75,791	10,293	1,625	87,709
Addition	-	-	405	405
Amortization expenses	_	(548)	(394)	(942)
Closing net book amount	75,791	9,745	1,636	87,172
At 31 December 2007				
Cost	75,791	10,958	2,030	88,779
Accumulated amortization	_	(1,213)	(394)	(1,607)
Net book amount	75,791	9,745	1,636	87,172
Year ended 31 December 2008				
Opening net book amount	75,791	9,745	1,636	87,172
Addition (Note 35)	9,943	-	_	9,943
Exchange difference	(438)	-	_	(438)
Amortization expenses	_	(548)	(677)	(1,225)
Closing net book amount	85,296	9,197	959	95,452
At 31 December 2008		·		· .
Cost	85,296	10,958	2,030	98,284
Accumulated amortization	_	(1,761)	(1,071)	(2,832)
Net book amount	85,296	9,197	959	95,452

The principal component of goodwill represented the excess of cost of acquisition of the hotel management group, SLIM International Limited, over the fair value of the identified net assets acquired. Due to the synergies of the combination of the hotel operation and hotel management subgroups, the goodwill impairment assessment is based on the future cashflow generated from the hotel management group. The future cashflow is based on the recent forecasts taking into account the terms and final maturities of all existing management agreements, the past performance of the hotels and the prevailing market conditions. A growth rate of 5% per annum from 2012 and 5% discount rate have been applied to the cashflow projection. In view of the cashflow projection, provision for impairment losses is not considered necessary.

# Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2008

### 11.Investments in and amounts due from subsidiaries

(a) Investment in subsidiaries

	2008 US\$'000	<b>2007</b> US\$'000
Company	·	· ·
Investments, at cost Unlisted shares	1,711,540	1,701,321 1,318,115
Equity loans	1,517,090 3,228,630	3,019,436

Equity loans are unsecured, interest-free with no fixed repayment terms.

(b) Amounts due from subsidiaries – unsecured

	2008 US\$'000	<b>2007</b> US\$'000
Current – interest free and repayable on demand	122,542	367,174

- (c) Amounts due to subsidiaries as at 31 December 2008 and 2007 are unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand.
- (d) Details of principal subsidiaries are set out in Note 39(a).

### 12.Interest in associates and due from associates

	2008	2007
	US\$'000	US\$'000
Interest in associates		
At I January	875,333	708,638
Share of associates' results		
<ul> <li>profit before taxation</li> </ul>	108,281	108,554
_ taxation	(31,414)	(9,654)
	76,867	98,900
Exchange difference	53,904	52,087
Interest cost capitalized	_	5,540
Capital contribution to associates	43,212	35,589
Dividend declared by associates	(33,529)	(40,528)
Disposal of partial interest in a subsidiary	_	15,107
Reclassification from equity loan	40,264	_
Investment in associates under		
equity method	1,056,051	875,333
Equity loans (Note (a))	146,290	182,796
Other long term shareholder loans		
(Note (b))	68,023	60,863
	1,270,364	1,118,992
Due from associates (Note (c))	14,244	23,920

# 12.Interest in associates and due from associates (continued)

- (a) Equity loans are unsecured, interest-free and with no fixed repayment terms.
- (b) Other long term shareholder loans are interest bearing at:

	2008 US\$'000	<b>2007</b> US\$'000
<ul><li>HIBOR plus 2% per annum (in Hong Kong dollars)</li><li>SIBOR plus 0.217% per annum</li></ul>	29,210	29,210
(in United States dollars)	_	10,303
<ul><li>SIBOR plus 1% per annum (in United States dollars)</li><li>SWAP cost plus 0.5% per annum</li></ul>	17,910	_
(in Singapore dollars)	20,903	21,350
	68,023	60,863

Other long term shareholder loans are unsecured and not repayable within twelve months including a loan to an associate of US\$29,210,000 (2007: US\$29,210,000) which will be wholly repayable by 31 December 2015. The fair values of other long term shareholder loans are not materially different from their carrying amounts.

- (c) Due from associates are unsecured, interest-free and repayable within one year.
- (d) The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date is the fair value of the long term shareholder loans of US\$68,023,000 (2007: US\$60,863,000) and amount due from associates of US\$14,244,000 (2007: US\$23,920,000).

(e) The Group's interests in its associates, all of which are unlisted, pursuant to HKAS 28 "Investments in Associates", after making appropriate adjustments to conform with the Group's accounting policies, were as follows:

Name	Paid up capital US\$'000	Country of incorporation	Assets US\$'000	Liabilities US\$'000	Revenues US\$'000	Profit US\$'000	% interest held
2008							
China World Trade Center Ltd.	240,000	The People's Republic of China	1,160,225	597,692	124,908	44,317	50
Others	-	_ '	984,811	276,980	148,982	32,550	-
			2,145,036	874,672	273,890	76,867	
2007							
China World Trade Center Ltd.	240,000	The People's Republic of China	932,291	423,343	114,482	61,468	50
Others	-	- '	821,267	211,223	130,259	37,433	-
			1,753,558	634,566	244,741	98,901	

#### 13. Available-for-sale financial assets

	2008 US\$'000	<b>2007</b> US\$'000
Equity securities:		
Overseas unlisted shares, at cost	1,916	1,916
<ul> <li>Exchange differences</li> </ul>	127	207
<ul> <li>Provision for impairment losses</li> </ul>	_	(14)
	2,043	2,109
Club debentures, at fair value	2,115	2,082
	4,158	4,191

There were no disposals on available-for-sale financial assets in 2008 and 2007.

The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date is the fair value of the club debentures mentioned above.

For the year ended 31 December 2008

#### 14.Other receivables

	2008 US\$'000	<b>2007</b> US\$'000
Loans to a managed hotel Other loan	3,683	4,620 47 l
	3,683	5,091

Loans to a managed hotel were granted to a managed hotel in Australia owned by an independent third party under the provision of the hotel management agreement. The loans are secured by a second mortgage over that hotel property and wholly repayable by 2012 according to a fixed repayment schedule. These loans are interest-free except for a fixed amount of A\$2,000,000 (equivalent to US\$1,384,000) (2007: A\$2,000,000 (equivalent to US\$1,799,000)) which is interest bearing at LIBOR plus 1% per annum. The effective interest rate applied to calculate the fair value upon initial recognition of the interest free portion is 5.74% per annum.

For year 2007, an interest free loan of Euro 416,000 (equivalent to US\$613,000) was granted to a former officer by a wholly owned subsidiary according to the terms of the employment contract. The loan is wholly repayable by 2018 according to a fixed repayment schedule. The effective interest rate applied to calculate the fair value upon initial recognition of the loan is 3.87% per annum. This loan is grouped under accounts receivable in current assets in 2008 as the officer has left the Group.

The fair values of these other receivables are not materially different from their carrying values.

The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date is the fair value of other receivables mentioned above.

### 15.Accounts receivable, prepayments and deposits

	2008	2007
	US\$'000	US\$'000
Trade receivables	54,771	73,027
Less: provision for impairment of		
receivables	(547)	(1,321)
Trade receivables – net	54,224	71,706
Prepayments and deposits	74,542	60,024
Other receivables	62,342	39,698
Current portion	191,108	171,428

There is no concentration of credit risk with respect to trade receivables, as the Group has a large number of customers, internationally dispersed.

- (a) The fair values of the trade and other receivables are not materially different from their carrying values.
- (b) A significant part of the Group's sales are by credit cards or against payment of deposits. The remaining amounts are with general credit term of 30 days. The Group has a defined credit policy. The ageing analysis of the trade receivables after provision of impairment is as follows:

	2008	2007
	US\$'000	US\$'000
0 – 3 months	51,803	69,676
4-6 months	1,696	1,546
Over 6 months	725	484
	54,224	71,706

### 15. Accounts receivable, prepayments and deposits (continued)

#### (b) (continued)

Trade receivables that are less than three months past due are not considered impaired. As of 31 December 2008, trade receivables of US\$25,346,000 (2007: US\$20,849,000) were past due but not impaired. These relate to a number of independent customers for whom there is no recent history of default. The ageing analysis of these trade receivables is as follows:

	2008	2007
	US\$'000	US\$'000
Up to 3 months	22,925	18,822
4 – 6 months	1,696	1,543
Over 6 months	725	484
	25,346	20,849

As of 31 December 2008, trade receivables of US\$547,000 (2007: US\$1,321,000) were considered impaired. These receivables were all overdue for more than three months.

The carrying amounts of the Group's trade and other receivables are denominated in the following currencies:

	2008 US\$'000	<b>2007</b> US\$'000
Hong Kong dollars	31,939	21,461
United States dollars	3,077	4,159
Renminbi	21,539	24,300
Singapore dollars	12,993	14,731
Malaysian Ringgit	6,966	6,732
Thai Baht	2,376	4,458
Philippines Pesos	18,025	15,914
Euros	7,592	3,519
Other currencies	12,059	16,130
	116,566	111,404

Movements on the Group's provision for impairment of trade receivables are as follows:

	2008 US\$'000	<b>2007</b> US\$'000
At I January	1,321	1,696
Exchange differences	17	86
Provision for receivables impairment	413	1,273
Receivables written off during		
the year as uncollectible	(529)	(421)
Unused amounts reversed	(675)	(1,313)
At 31 December	547	1,321

For the year ended 31 December 2008

### 15. Accounts receivable, prepayments and deposits (continued)

#### (b) (continued)

The creation and release of provision for impaired receivables have been included in 'administrative expenses' in the income statement. Amounts charged to the allowance account are generally written off when there is no expectation of recovering additional cash.

The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date is the fair value of each class of receivables mentioned above.

### 16. Financial assets held for trading

	2008	2007
	US\$'000	US\$'000
Equity securities, at market value		
Shares listed in Hong Kong	11,917	70,131
Shares listed outside Hong Kong	1,409	1,579
	13,326	71,710

On I July 2008, the Group adjusted 10,867,055 ordinary shares in the Company with a carrying value of US\$25,520,000, previously accounted for as financial assets held for trading, to equity. Such shares were held by a wholly owned subsidiary of Shangri-La Hotel Public Company Limited, Thailand ("SHPCL") before the Company acquired a controlling interest in SHPCL in late 1999.

#### 17. Cash and bank balances

	Gro	up	Comp	any	
	2008	2007	2008	2007	
	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	
Cash at bank and in hand	256,749	248,751	1,812	16,468	
Short-term bank deposits	206,278	137,933	10,850		
Cash and bank balances	463,027	386,684	12,662	16,468	
Maximum exposure to credit risk					
for all balances at bank	458,902	382,758	12,660	16,467	

The effective interest rate on short-term bank deposits was 2.3% (2007: 2.9%); these deposits have an average maturity of 4 months (2007: 5 months).

Cash and cash equivalents include the following for the purposes of the consolidated cash flow statement:

	Group		
	2008	2007	
	US\$'000	US\$'000	
Cash and bank balances (as above)	463,027	386,684	
Less: Bank overdrafts (Note 20)	(624)	(34)	
Short-term bank deposits more			
than 3 months maturity	(56,047)	(29,245)	
Cash and cash equivalents	406,356	357,405	

### 18.Share capital

oriar o capitar		Amount				
	No. of shares	Ordinary shares US\$'000	Share premium US\$'000	Total US\$'000		
Authorized - Ordinary shares of HK\$1 each		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	·	·		
At 31 December 2007 and 31 December 2008	5,000,000	646,496	_	646,496		
Issued and fully paid  - Ordinary shares of  HK\$1 each						
At 1 January 2007 Exercise of share options – allotment of shares	2,560,753	330,676	894,134	1,224,810		
(Note (a))	6,796	877	8,740	9,617		
– transfer from option reserve	_	_	2,044	2,044		
Issue of shares upon conversion						
of convertible bonds	26,252	3,387	31,947	35,334		
Rights issue	287,687	37,121	625,651	662,772		
At 31 December 2007						
and I January 2008	2,881,488	372,061	1,562,516	1,934,577		
Exercise of share options						
<ul> <li>allotment of shares</li> </ul>						
(Note (a))	3,875	500	4,851	5,351		
– transfer from option reserve		_	1,069	1,069		
At 31 December 2008	2,885,363	372,561	1,568,436	1,940,997		

The following option shares at various exercise prices granted to option holders of the Company under the Executive Option Scheme and the New Option Scheme were exercised:

	Number of option shares issued						
	At HK\$8.26 per option share	At HK\$8.82 per option share	At HK\$8.18 per option share	At HK\$6.81 per option share	At HK\$11.60 per option share	At HK\$14.60 per option share	Total consideration US\$'000
In year 2008							
January	_	48,911	_	_	40,000	15,000	144
February	30,000	_	_	50,000	165,000	10,000	342
March '	57,084	96,911	-	80,000	250,000	110,000	823
April	500,560	-	-	-	105,000	-	690
May	177,364	-	-	-	100,000	20,000	376
June	-	48,455	-	-	1,075,000	189,500	2,021
July	-	24,000	-	200,000	225,000	117,500	762
August	-	-	-	-	30,000	32,000	105
September	_	77,528	-	-	-	-	88
For the year ended 31 December 2008	765,008	295,805	_	330,000	1,990,000	494,000	5,351
In year 2007							
lanuary	327,084	_	67,921	-	150,000	-	645
February	_	_	67,921	50,000	125,000	-	303
March '	_	48,000	195,648	60,000	376,000	_	877
April	_	_	_	20,000	152,000	_	245
May	_	77,528	-	40,000	984,000	-	1,596
June	-	-	-	-	375,000	75,000	702
July	29,028	-	-	60,000	1,005,000	292,500	2,139
August	133,000	-	-	-	225,000	50,000	573
September	75,028	-	-	-	159,000	25,000	365
October	136,308	125,983	67,921	-	527,000	115,000	1,366
November	-	224,439	-	-	255,000	30,000	694
December				-	50,000	20,000	112
For the year ended 31 December 2007	700,448	475,950	399,411	230,000	4,383,000	607,500	9,617

The weighted average closing price of the shares immediately before the dates on which the options were exercised was HK\$21.60 (2007: HK\$21.20).

For the year ended 31 December 2008

### 18. Share capital (continued)

#### Share options

Share options are granted to directors and to key employees. The exercise price of the granted options is equal to/higher than the closing price of the shares on the date of the grant. Options are conditional on the directors and employees completing one year's service (the vesting period). The options are exercisable starting one year from the grant date and the options have a contractual option term of ten years. The Group has no legal or constructive obligation to repurchase or settle the options in cash.

The Company has two share option schemes: the Executive Option Scheme and the New Option Scheme.

Movements in the number of outstanding option shares and their related weighted average exercise prices are as follows:

	•	For the year ended 31 December 2008 Average		ear ended nber 2007
	exercise price in HK\$ per option share	Number of option shares	Average exercise price in HK\$ per option share	Number of option shares
At I January Exercised	11.92 10.70	20,152,723 (3,874,813)	11.69 10.97	27,141,532 (6,796,309)
Lapsed	12.84	(272,500)	13.04	(192,500)
At 31 December	12.20	16,005,410	11.92	20,152,723

Outstanding option shares at the end of the year have the following expiry dates and exercise prices:

	Exercise price in		ber of ares as at
Expiry date	HK\$ per option share	31 December 2008	31 December 2007
Executive Option Scheme	option share	2000	2007
30 April 2008	8.26	_	765,008
14 January 2010	8.82	914,489	1,210,294
14 January 2011	8.18	67,921	67,921
		982,410	2,043,223
New Option Scheme			
2 May 2008	11.60	_	50,000
30 June 2008	14.60	_	37,500
28 May 2012	6.81	980,000	1,310,000
27 April 2015	11.60	8,362,000	10,462,000
_15 June 2016	14.60	5,681,000	6,250,000
		15,023,000	18,109,500

There was no option granted during the year ended 31 December 2008.

No options have been exercised subsequent to 31 December 2008 and up to the approval date of the financial statements. Options on 150,000 shares and 60,000 shares with exercise price of HK\$11.60 and HK\$14.60 per share, respectively have lapsed subsequent to 31 December 2008 and up to the approval date of the financial statements.

## 19.Other reserves

	Option US\$'000	Convertible bonds US\$'000	Capital redemption US\$'000	Exchange fluctuation US\$'000	<b>Capital</b> US\$'000	<b>Other</b> US\$'000 ( <i>Note</i> (a))	Contributed surplus US\$'000 (Note (b))	<b>Total</b> US\$'000
Group								
Balance at 1 January 2007	7,020	2,623	10,666	75,266	601,490	1,368	389,741	1,088,174
Currency translation differences	_	_	_	226,371	_	_	_	226,371
Transfer to income statement on disposal								
of partial interests in subsidiaries	_	_	_	(3,088)	_	_	_	(3,088)
Issue of shares upon conversion of								
convertible bonds	_	(2,623)	_	_	_	_	_	(2,623)
Granting of share options	2,484	_	_	_	_	_	_	2,484
Exercise of share options								
<ul> <li>transfer to share premium</li> </ul>	(2,044)					_		(2,044)
Balance at 31 December 2007								
and I January 2008	7,460	_	10,666	298,549	601,490	1,368	389,741	1,309,274
Currency translation differences	_	_	_	26,262	_	_	_	26,262
Exercise of share options								
<ul> <li>transfer to share premium</li> </ul>	(1,069)	_	_	_	_	_	_	(1,069)
Granting of share options	454	_	_	_	_	_	_	454
Balance at 31 December 2008	6,845	_	10,666	324,811	601,490	1,368	389,741	1,334,921
Company								
Balance at I January 2007	7,020	_	10,666	_	_	_	1,524,231	1,541,917
Granting of share options	2,484	_	_	_	_	_	_	2,484
Exercise of share options								
<ul> <li>transfer to share premium</li> </ul>	(2,044)	_	_	_	_	_	_	(2,044)
Balance at 31 December 2007								
and I January 2008	7,460	_	10,666	_	_	_	1,524,231	1,542,357
Exercise of share options								
– transfer to share premium	(1,069)	_	_	_	_	_	_	(1,069)
Granting of share options	454	_	_	_	_	_	_	454
Balance at 31 December 2008	6,845	_	10,666	_	_	_	1,524,231	1,541,742

For the year ended 31 December 2008

### 19. Other reserves (continued)

- (a) A subsidiary is required by local law to appropriate a certain percentage of its annual net profits as other reserve until the reserve reaches 10 percent of its registered share capital. This reserve is not available for dividend distribution.
- (b) The contributed surplus of the Company arises when the Company issues shares in exchange for the share of companies being acquired, and represents the difference between the nominal value of the Company's share issued and the value of net assets of the companies acquired. Under the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda (as amended), the contributed surplus is distributable to the shareholders. At the Group level, the contributed surplus is reclassified into its components of reserves of the underlying subsidiaries, whenever appropriate.
- (c) As at 31 December 2008, the Group's distributable reserves comprised:

	2008	2007
	US\$'000	US\$'000
The Company		
Distributable retained earnings	66,569	100,427
Contributed surplus	1,524,231	1,524,231
	1,590,800	1,624,658
Subsidiaries (Notes (i) and (ii))		
Distributable retained earnings	863,586	899,692
Associates (Notes (i) and (ii))		
Distributable retained earnings	147,905	207,267

#### Notes:

- (i) The distributable retained earnings of subsidiaries and associates are the corresponding share of retained earnings which are distributable as shown in the statutory financial statements of those companies after deducting appropriate withholding tax.
- (ii) There are differences between the retained earnings included in the Group financial statements of certain subsidiaries and associates, and those in their statutory financial statements, as the former have been adjusted for the purpose of complying with the Group's accounting policies.

#### 20.Bank loans and overdrafts

	Group		
	2008	2007	
	US\$'000	US\$'000	
Overdrafts – unsecured (Note 17)	624	34	
Bank loans – secured (Note 36)	51,702	52,774	
Bank loans – unsecured	1,875,960	1,193,059	
	1,928,286	1,245,867	

The maturity of bank loans and overdrafts is as follows:

	2008 US\$'000	<b>2007</b> US\$'000
AAPal : 1	·	
Within I year	39,013	91,928
Between I and 2 years	617,536	18,118
Between 2 and 5 years	1,210,714	1,119,822
Wholly repayable within 5 years	1,867,263	1,229,868
Over 5 years	61,023	15,999
	1,928,286	1,245,867

### 20.Bank loans and overdrafts (continued)

The effective interest rates at the balance sheet date were as follows:

	31 December 2008				31 December 2007										
	HK\$	RMB	MYR	US\$	JPY	Pesos	Euros	Baht	HK\$	RMB	MYR	US\$	S\$	JPY	Pesos
Bank overdrafts	5.0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	8.20%	6.75%	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bank borrowings	0.92%	6.27%	4.05%	2.51%	1.20%	6.94%	3.55%	_	3.69%	6.35%	4.19%	5.52%	2.36%	1.2%	4.93%

The carrying amounts of the bank loans and overdrafts approximate their fair value and are denominated in the following currencies:

	2008 US\$'000	<b>2007</b> US\$'000
Hong Kong dollars	988,607	739,724
Renminbi	165,618	48,209
Malaysian Ringgit	44,808	44,069
Singapore dollars	_	2,761
United States dollars	512,460	391,460
Japanese Yen	44,321	446
Philippines Pesos	59,321	19,198
Euros	112,739	_
Thai Baht	412	_
	1,928,286	1,245,867

The Group has the following undrawn borrowing facilities:

	2008	2007
	US\$'000	US\$'000
Floating rate		
<ul> <li>expiring within one year</li> </ul>	175,747	170,020
– expiring beyond one year	820,393	1,147,772
Fixed rate		
<ul> <li>expiring beyond one year</li> </ul>	_	45,600
	996,140	1,363,392

As at 31 December 2008, an undrawn floating rate borrowing facility of Thai Baht 800 million (31 December 2007: Thai Baht 800 million) expiring beyond one year is secured by a freehold land with net book value of US\$7,064,000 (31 December 2007: US\$7,337,000).

#### 21. Derivative financial instruments

	Group and Company			
	2008	2007		
	US\$'000	US\$'000		
Non-Current Liabilities				
Interest-rate swaps contracts				
– non hedging	65,916	20,708		

The notional principal amounts of the outstanding HIBOR and LIBOR interest-rate swap contracts at 31 December 2008 were HK\$4,760,000,000 and US\$100,000,000, respectively (31 December 2007: HK\$4,760,000,000 and US\$100,000,000 respectively).

At 31 December 2008, the fixed interest rates vary from 4.28% to 4.70% per annum (31 December 2007: 4.28% to 4.70% per annum).

For the year ended 31 December 2008

### 22. Non-controlling interests and balances with non-controlling shareholders

	2008 US\$'000	<b>2007</b> US\$'000
Non-controlling interests		_
Share of equity	255,348	260,298
Equity loans (a)	42,709	43,160
	298,057	303,458

#### Notes:

(a) Equity loans are unsecured, with no fixed repayment terms and bearing interest

	2008 US\$'000	<b>2007</b> US\$'000
<ul><li>LIBOR per annum</li><li>LIBOR plus 1% per annum</li></ul>	10,799 6,155	11,269 5,824
- Interest free	25,755	26,067
	42,709	43.160

(b) Due to non-controlling shareholders (non-current portion) are unsecured and with the following terms:

	2008 US\$'000	<b>2007</b> US\$'000
<ul> <li>LIBOR plus 2.5% per annum and wholly repayable on 30 June 2015</li> <li>Interest free and not payable within 12</li> </ul>	772	693
months	26,240	19,910
	27,012	20,603

The effective interest rate of the interest free portion of the amounts due to non-controlling shareholders at the balance sheet date is 4.1% (2007: 4.4%) per annum.

(c) Due to non-controlling shareholders (current portion) are unsecured and with the following terms:

	2008 US\$'000	<b>2007</b> US\$'000
<ul> <li>Interest free with no fixed repayment terms</li> </ul>	6,355	10,355

The fair value of the amounts due to non-controlling shareholders (both current and non-current portion under Notes (b) and (c) above) are not materially different from their carrying values.

#### 23.Deferred income tax

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are calculated in full on temporary differences under the liability method using a principal taxation rate of 16.5% (2007: 17.5%) for subsidiaries operating in Hong Kong. Deferred income tax assets and liabilities of overseas subsidiaries are calculated at the rates of taxation prevailing in the countries in which the respective subsidiaries operate.

The movement on the deferred income tax account is as follows:

	Group		
	2008	2007	
	US\$'000	US\$'000	
At I January	210,994	211,386	
Exchange differences	(272)	4,182	
Disposal of partial interest in a subsidiary	_	(6,168)	
Acquisition of a subsidiary	9,278	_	
Deferred taxation (credit)/charged to			
income statement (Note 31)	(1,073)	1,594	
At 31 December	218,927	210,994	

Deferred income tax assets are recognized for tax loss carry forwards to the extent that realization of the related tax benefit through the future taxable profits is probable. As at 31 December 2008, the Group has the following unrecognized tax losses to carry forward against future taxable income.

	Group		
	2008		
	US\$'000	US\$'000	
With no expiry date	12,644	3,553	
Lapsed within the next five years	31,189	27,089	
	43,833	30,642	

For the year ended 31 December 2008

### 23.Deferred income tax (continued)

The movement in deferred income tax assets and liabilities (prior to offsetting of balances within the same taxation jurisdiction) during the year is as follows:

	Accelera	ted tax	Properties	valuation	Divid	end		
Deferred income tax liabilities	depreci	ation	surplus/(	deficit)	withhold	ing tax	Tot	al
	2008	2007	2008	2007	2008	2007	2008	2007
	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000
At I January	188,636	187,918	4,355	7,494	25,919	19,600	218,910	215,012
Charged/(credited) to income statement	(8,523)	(3,683)	277	2,509	5,581	5,981	(2,665)	4,807
Acquisition/(disposal) of subsidiaries	9,278	_	_	(6,168)	_	_	9,278	(6,168)
Exchange differences	(4,168)	4,401	4,103	520	(378)	338	(443)	5,259
At 31 December	185,223	188,636	8,735	4,355	31,122	25,919	225,080	218,910

Deferred income tax assets	Provision	of assets	Tax Ic	osses	Othe	ers	Tot	al
	2008	2007	2008	2007	2008	2007	2008	2007
	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000
At I January	(1,166)	(599)	(1,062)	(128)	(5,688)	(2,899)	(7,916)	(3,626)
Charged/(credited) to income statement	(762)	92	384	(866)	1,970	(2,439)	1,592	(3,213)
Exchange differences	(91)	(659)	65	(68)	197	(350)	171	(1,077)
At 31 December	(2,019)	(1,166)	(613)	(1,062)	(3,521)	(5,688)	(6,153)	(7,916)

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the deferred income taxes relate to the same fiscal authority.

## 23.Deferred income tax (continued)

The following amounts which are expected only to be substantially recovered/settled after more than twelve months from the balance sheet date, determined after appropriate offsetting, are shown in the consolidated balance sheet.

	2008 US\$'000	<b>2007</b> US\$'000
Deferred income tax assets	(1,117)	(2,294)
Deferred income tax liabilities	220,044	213,288
	218,927	210,994

## 24. Accounts payable and accruals

	2008	2007
	US\$'000	US\$'000
Trade payables	54,219	64,374
Construction cost payable and		
accrued expenses	350,161	313,031
	404,380	377,405

At 31 December 2008, the ageing analysis of the trade payables is as follows:

	2008	2007
	US\$'000	US\$'000
0 – 3 months	49,480	60,687
4 – 6 months	2,092	1,526
Over 6 months	2,647	2,161
	54,219	64,374

## 25.Expenses by nature

Expenses included in cost of goods sold, marketing costs, administrative expenses and other operating expenses are analyzed as follows:

	2008 US\$'000	<b>2007</b> US\$'000
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment (net of amount capitalized of US\$471,000 (2007: US\$185,000))		
(Note 7)	166,827	134,852
Amortization of leasehold land		
and land use rights (Note 9)	11,215	8,326
Amortization of trademark and website		
development (Note 10)	1,225	942
Employee benefit expenses (Note 27)	358,033	320,379
Cost of inventories sold or consumed		
in operation	171,597	146,299
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment and partial replacement of		
investment properties	2,453	2,407
Discarding of property, plant and		
equipment due to renovation of hotels	9,950	630
Operating lease expenses	19,005	16,644
Pre-opening expenses	35,605	22,101
Expenses on share options granted	454	2,484
Auditors' remuneration	1,068	941

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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### 26.Other (losses)/gains - net

	2008 US\$'000	<b>2007</b> US\$'000
Fair value (losses)/gains on investment properties (Note 8)	(952)	59,139
Reversal of impairment/ (impairment losses) on	()	,
available-for-sale financial assets	14	(14)
Net unrealized (losses)/gains on financial assets held for trading	(33,403)	21,085
Fair value losses on derivative financial instruments – interest-rate swap		
contracts	(61,095)	(10,424)
Gains on disposal of partial interests		
in subsidiaries	_	9,101
Interest income	7,705	10,339
Dividend income	922	908
Tax refund on reinvestment of dividend		
from a subsidiary and an associate	_	3,206
Waiver of debt by a non-controlling		
shareholder	_	4,674
Fair value gains on loans from		
non-controlling shareholders	1,309	10,715
Penalty on relinquishment of rights to		
acquire land use rights of project sites	(614)	_
Others	3,199	4,997
	(82,915)	113,726

### 27. Employee benefit expenses

(excluding directors' emoluments) 2008 2007 US\$'000 US\$'000 Wages and salaries (including unutilized annual leave) 266,653 248.953 Pension costs 20.832 17.687 Other welfare 70.548 53,739 358.033 320,379

#### Pension Scheme Arrangement

The Group operates and participates in a number of pension and retirement schemes of both the defined contribution and defined benefit types. Principal schemes are as follows:

The defined contribution schemes (including the Mandatory Provident Fund ("MPF") in Hong Kong) participated by the Group, other than those in the PRC, Singapore and Malaysia, require employers to contribute 5% to 10% of the employees' basic salaries and some of these schemes permit employees' contributions on a discretionary basis. The MPF requires both the employers and employees in Hong Kong to contribute 5% of their monthly gross earnings with a ceiling of HK\$1,000 (equivalent to US\$129) per month. Under these schemes with the exception of MPF, the unvested benefits of employees terminating employment can be utilized by employers to reduce their future levels of contributions. The assets of these schemes are held separately from those of the Group in independently administered funds. The amounts of unvested benefits so utilized by employers during the year and available for the future reduction of employers' contributions as at 31 December 2008 were not material.

### 27. Employee benefit expenses (continued)

#### Pension Scheme Arrangement (continued)

The Group's subsidiaries in the PRC, Singapore and Malaysia participate in defined contribution schemes managed by the respective local governments in these countries. Contributions are made based on a percentage, ranging from 12% to 22.5%, of the employee's salaries and bonuses, as applicable, and were charged to the income statement account as incurred. The maximum contributions by the subsidiaries for each employee for the Group's subsidiaries in Singapore are fixed by the Singapore government at \$\$653 (equivalent to US\$441) per month for monthly salaries and bonus payment. The employees of the Group's subsidiaries in Singapore and Malaysia are also required to contribute 20% and 12%, respectively of their gross salaries and bonus, if applicable, to such fund.

The three hotels in the Philippines have adopted a funded non-contributory defined benefit pension plan covering all their regular employees. The benefits are based on years of service and the employees' final covered compensation. The plan requires periodic contributions by the participating subsidiaries as determined by periodic actuarial reviews. An actuarial valuation was performed by Orlando J. Manalang, a qualified actuary at 31 December 2008 using the Projected Unit Credit Actuarial Cost Method. The principal assumptions used in the actuarial valuation are that scheme assets will earn a yield of 6% per annum and salary will increase by 5% per annum. Based on this report, Makati Shangri-La Hotel & Resort, Inc., Edsa Shangri-La Hotel & Resort, Inc. and Mactan Shangri-La Hotel & Resort, Inc. have unrecognized actuarial gains of Peso 62,800,000 (equivalent to US\$1,309,000), Peso 56,787,000 (equivalent to US\$1,184,000) and Peso 33,600,000 (equivalent to US\$701,000) respectively.

Total pension cost including charges for directors charged to the income statement for the year under all pension schemes was US\$21,298,000 (2007: US\$17,802,000).

For the year ended 31 December 2008

## 28.Directors' and senior management's emoluments

The remuneration received from the Group by every Director of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2008 is set out below:

Name of Director	<b>Fees</b> US\$'000	<b>Salary</b> US\$'000	Discretionary bonuses US\$'000	Inducement fees US\$'000	Other benefits <sup>(6)</sup> US\$'000	Employer's contribution to pension schemes US\$'000	director	<b>Total</b> US\$'000
Mr KUOK Khoon Ean <sup>(1)</sup>	_	406	1,290	_	14	9	_	1,719
Mr KUOK Khoon Loong, Edward	_	418	1,290	_	250	16	_	1,974
Mr LUI Man Shing	5	527	774	_	15	14	_	1,335
Mr Giovanni ANGELINI	109	446	774	_	96	72	_	1,497
Mr Madhu Rama Chandra RAO <sup>(2)</sup>	_	18	30	_	6	2	_	56
Mr NG Si Fong, Alan <sup>(3)</sup>	_	90	68	_	54	6	_	218
Madam KUOK Oon Kwong	33	209	355	_	_	2	_	599
Mr HO Kian Guan	67	_	_	_	_	_	_	67
Mr LEE Yong Sun <sup>(3)</sup>	10	_	_	_	_	_	_	10
Mr Roberto V. ONGPIN	26	_	_	_	_	_	_	26
Mr Alexander Reid HAMILTON	45	_	_	_	_	_	_	45
Mr WONG Kai Man, BBS, JP	45	_	_	_	_	_	_	45
Mr Timothy David DATTELS	26	_	_	_	_	_	_	26
Mr Michael Wing-Nin CHIU	26	_	_	_	_	_	_	26
Mr HO Kian Hock <sup>(4)</sup>	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_

## 28.Directors' and senior management's emoluments (continued)

The remuneration received from the Group by every Director of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2007 is set out below:

Name of Director	<b>Fees</b> US\$'000	<b>Salary</b> US\$'000	Discretionary bonuses US\$'000	Inducement fees US\$'000	Other benefits <sup>(6)</sup> US\$'000	Employer's contribution to pension schemes US\$'000	Compensation for loss of office as director US\$'000	<b>Total</b> US\$'000
Mr KUOK Khoon Loong, Edward	201	164	3,226	_	239	8	_	3,838
Mr LUI Man Shing	5	_	2,581	_	_	_	_	2,586
Mr Giovanni ANGELINI	146	427	3,226	_	104	89	_	3,992
Mr NG Si Fong, Alan <sup>(3)</sup>	_	217	250	_	126	8	_	601
Madam KUOK Oon Kwong	25	177	291	_	_	10	_	503
Mr HO Kian Guan	59	_	_	_	_	_	_	59
Mr LEE Yong Sun <sup>(3)</sup>	19	_	_	_	_	_	_	19
Mr Roberto V. ONGPIN	19	_	_	_	_	_	_	19
Mr Alexander Reid HAMILTON	39	_	_	_	_	_	_	39
Mr WONG Kai Man, BBS, JP	39	_	_	_	_	_	_	39
Mr Timothy David DATTELS	19	_	_	_	_	_	_	19
Mr Michael Wing-Nin CHIU		_	_	_	_	_	_	
Mr HO Kian Hock <sup>(4)</sup>	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Mr YE Longfei <sup>(5)</sup>	_	110	_	_	5	_	_	115

#### Notes:

- (I) Mr KUOK Khoon Ean was appointed as Director on I April 2008.
- (2) Mr Madhu Rama Chandra RAO was appointed as Director on 18 December 2008.
- (3) Mr NG Si Fong, Alan and Mr LEE Yong Sun retired on 23 May 2008.
- (4) Mr HO Kian Hock is Alternate Director to Mr HO Kian Guan.
- (5) Mr YE Longfei resigned as Director on 27 March 2007.
- (6) Other benefits include housing, holiday warrant, medical expenses and insurance premium. Pursuant to the Executive Option Scheme and the New Option Scheme of the Company (Note 18), the Company granted to the Directors options to subscribe for shares in the Company subject to terms and conditions stipulated therein. The fair values of option shares granted to the Directors in 2005 and 2006 were included in the total expenses on share options granted (Note 25).

For the year ended 31 December 2008

## 28.Directors' and senior management's emoluments (continued)

Movement of option shares granted to the Directors for the year ended 31 December 2008 are as follows:

#### Under the New Option Scheme

	Date of grant	Tranche	Closing price per share on the business day immediately before date of grant	No. of option shares held as at I January 2008	No. of option shares granted during the year	Transfer from other category during the year	Transfer to other category during the year	No. of option shares exercised during the year	No. of option shares lapsed during the year	held as at	Exercise price per option share HK\$	Excess of weighted average closing price per share on exercise date over exercise price	Exercisable Period
Mr KUOK Khoon Loong, Edward	16 June 2006		14.00	100,000	-	-	-	-	-	100,000	14.60	-	16 June 2008 – 15 June 2016
Mr LUI Man Shing	16 June 2006		14.00	60,000	-	-	-	-	-	60,000	14.60	-	16 June 2008 – 15 June 2016
Mr Giovanni	28 April 2005	1	11.75	500,000	_	_	_	(500,000)	_	_	11.60	10.75	28 April 2006 – 27 April 2015
ANGELINI	28 April 2005		11.75	500,000	-	-	-	(500,000)	_	-	11.60	10.75	28 April 2007 – 27 April 2015
	16 June 2006	1	14.00	100,000	-	-	-	-	_	100,000	14.60	-	16 June 2007 – 15 June 2016
	16 June 2006		14.00	100,000	-	-	-	-	-	100,000	14.60	-	16 June 2008 – 15 June 2016
Mr Madhu Rama	28 April 2005		11.75	-	-	250,000	_	-	-	250,000	11.60	-	28 April 2007 – 27 April 2015
Chandra RAO	16 June 2006		14.00	-	-	50,000	-	-	-	50,000	14.60	-	16 June 2007 – 15 June 2016
	16 June 2006		14.00	-	-	50,000	-	-	-	50,000	14.60	-	16 June 2008 – 15 June 2016
Mr NG Si Fong,	29 May 2002	1	6.80	60,000	_	_	(60,000)	_	_	_	6.81	_	29 May 2003 – 28 May 2012
Alan	29 May 2002		6.80	60,000	-	_	(60,000)	-	-	-	6.81	-	29 May 2004 – 28 May 2012
	28 April 2005		11.75	150,000	-	-	(150,000)	-	-	-	11.60	-	28 April 2006 – 27 April 2015
	28 April 2005		11.75	150,000	-	-	(150,000)	-	-	-	11.60	-	28 April 2007 – 27 April 2015
	16 June 2006		14.00	50,000	-	-	(50,000)	-	-	-	14.60	-	16 June 2007 – 15 June 2016
	16 June 2006		14.00	50,000	-	-	(50,000)	-	-	-	14.60	-	16 June 2008 – 15 June 2016

## 28.Directors' and senior management's emoluments (continued)

Under the New Option Scheme (continued)

	Date of grant	Tranche	Closing price per share on the business day immediately before date of grant	No. of option shares held as at I January 2008	No. of option shares granted during the year	Transfer from other category during the year	Transfer to other category during the year	No. of option shares exercised during the year	No. of option shares lapsed during the year	1	Exercise price per option share HK\$	Excess of weighted average closing price per share on exercise date over exercise price HK\$	Exercisable Period
Madam KUOK Oon	28 April 2005	1	11.75	150,000	-	-	-	-	-	150,000	11.60	-	28 April 2006 – 27 April 2015
Kwong	28 April 2005		11.75	150,000	-	-	-	-	-	150,000	11.60	-	28 April 2007 – 27 April 2015
	16 June 2006	- 1	14.00	60,000	-	-	-	-	-	60,000	14.60	-	16 June 2007 – 15 June 2016
	16 June 2006	II	14.00	60,000	-	-	-	-	-	60,000	14.60	-	16 June 2008 – 15 June 2016
Mr HO Kian Guan	16 June 2006	II	14.00	30,000	-	-	-	(30,000)	-	-	14.60	5.00	16 June 2008 – 15 June 2016
Mr LEE Yong Sun	16 June 2006	II	14.00	30,000	-	-	(30,000)	-	-	-	14.60	-	16 June 2008 – 15 June 2016
Mr Roberto V.	28 April 2005	1	11.75	75,000	-	_	_	_	_	75,000	11.60	_	28 April 2006 – 27 April 2015
ONGPIN	28 April 2005	II	11.75	75,000	-	-	-	-	-	75,000	11.60	-	28 April 2007 – 27 April 2015
	16 June 2006	-	14.00	30,000	-	_	-	-	-	30,000	14.60	-	16 June 2007 – 15 June 2016
	16 June 2006	II	14.00	30,000	-	-	-	-	-	30,000	14.60	-	16 June 2008 – 15 June 2016
Mr Alexander Reid	16 June 2006	1	14.00	30,000	-	_	_	-	-	30,000	14.60	_	16 June 2007 – 15 June 2016
HAMILTON	16 June 2006	II	14.00	30,000	-	-	-	-	-	30,000	14.60	-	16 June 2008 – 15 June 2016
Mr Timothy David	28 April 2005	1	11.75	75,000	_	_	_	_	_	75,000	11.60	_	28 April 2006 – 27 April 2015
DATTELS	28 April 2005	II	11.75	75,000	-	-	-	-	-	75,000	11.60	-	28 April 2007 – 27 April 2015
	16 June 2006	- 1	14.00	30,000	-	-	-	-	-	30,000	14.60	-	16 June 2007 – 15 June 2016
	16 June 2006		14.00	30,000	-	-	-	-	-	30,000	14.60	-	16 June 2008 – 15 June 2016

For the year ended 31 December 2008

## 28.Directors' and senior management's emoluments (continued)

Movement of option shares granted to the Directors for the year ended 31 December 2007 are as follows:

### (i) Under the Executive Option Scheme

			Closing price							Excess of	
			per share							weighted	
			on the	No. of		average closing					
			business day	option shares		price per share					
			immediately	held as at	granted	lapsed	exercised	held as at	Exercise	on exercise	
			before date	l January	during	during	during	31 December	price per	date over	
	Date of grant	Tranche	of grant	2007	the year	the year	the year	2007	option share	exercise price	Exercisable Period
			HK\$						HK\$	HK\$	
Mr YE Longfei	15 January 2001		7.80	79,212	-	-	(79,212)	_	8.18	10.22	15 January 2003 – 14 January 2011

### (ii) Under the New Option Scheme

	Date of grant	Tranche	Closing price per share on the business day immediately before date of grant HK\$	No. of option shares held as at I January 2007	No. of option shares granted during the year	No. of option shares lapsed during the year	No. of option shares exercised during the year	No. of option shares held as at 31 December 2007	Exercise price per option share	Excess of weighted average closing price per share on exercise date over exercise price HK\$	Exercisable Period
Mr KUOK Khoon	28 April 2005	-	 11.75	20,000	_	_	(20,000)	_	11.60	8.80	28 April 2006 – 27 April 2015
Loong, Edward	28 April 2005	II	11.75	250,000	_	_	(250,000)	_	11.60	8.80	28 April 2007 – 27 April 2015
Ü	16 June 2006		14.00	100,000	_	-	(100,000)	_	14.60	5.80	16 June 2007 – 15 June 2016
	16 June 2006		14.00	100,000	_	_	_	100,000	14.60	-	16 June 2008 – 15 June 2016
Mr LUI Man Shing	28 April 2005		11.75	150,000	_	_	(150,000)	_	11.60	8.30	28 April 2007 – 27 April 2015
0	16 June 2006	-	14.00	60,000	_	-	(60,000)	_	14.60	5.30	16 June 2007 – 15 June 2016
	16 June 2006		14.00	60,000	-		_	60,000	14.60	-	16 June 2008 – 15 June 2016

## 28.Directors' and senior management's emoluments (continued)

## (ii) Under the New Option Scheme (continued)

	Date of grant	Tranche	Closing price per share on the business day immediately before date of grant HK\$	No. of option shares held as at I January 2007	No. of option shares granted during the year	No. of option shares lapsed during the year	No. of option shares exercised during the year	No. of option shares held as at 31 December 2007	Exercise price per option share HK\$	Excess of weighted average closing price per share on exercise date over exercise price HK\$	Exercisable Period
Mr Giovanni	28 April 2005	1	11.75	500,000	-	-	-	500,000	11.60	_	28 April 2006 – 27 April 2015
ANGELINI	28 April 2005		11.75	500,000	_	_	_	500,000	11.60	_	28 April 2007 – 27 April 2015
	16 June 2006		14.00	100,000	-	-	-	100,000	14.60	-	16 June 2007 – 15 June 2016
	16 June 2006		14.00	100,000	-	-	-	100,000	14.60	_	16 June 2008 – 15 June 2016
Mr NG Si Fong,	29 May 2002	1	6.80	60,000	_	_	_	60,000	6.81	-	29 May 2003 – 28 May 2012
Alan	29 May 2002		6.80	60,000	_	-	_	60,000	6.81	-	29 May 2004 – 28 May 2012
	28 April 2005		11.75	150,000	_	_	_	150,000	11.60	-	28 April 2006 – 27 April 2015
	28 April 2005		11.75	150,000	-	_	-	150,000	11.60	_	28 April 2007 – 27 April 2015
	16 June 2006		14.00	50,000	_	_	_	50,000	14.60	_	16 June 2007 – 15 June 2016
	16 June 2006		14.00	50,000	_	-	_	50,000	14.60	_	16 June 2008 – 15 June 2016
Madam KUOK	28 April 2005	1	11.75	150,000	_	_	_	150,000	11.60	_	28 April 2006 – 27 April 2015
Oon Kwong	28 April 2005		11.75	150,000	_	-	_	150,000	11.60	-	28 April 2007 – 27 April 2015
	16 June 2006		14.00	60,000	_	_	_	60,000	14.60	-	16 June 2007 – 15 June 2016
	16 June 2006		14.00	60,000	_	-	_	60,000	14.60	_	16 June 2008 – 15 June 2016
Mr HO Kian Guan	28 April 2005	1	11.75	75,000			(75,000)	-	11.60	8.18	28 April 2006 – 27 April 2015
	28 April 2005		11.75	75,000	-	-	(75,000)	_	11.60	8.18	28 April 2007 – 27 April 2015
	16 June 2006	-	14.00	30,000	-	-	(30,000)	_	14.60	6.35	16 June 2007 – 15 June 2016
	16 June 2006		14.00	30,000	-	-	_	30,000	14.60	_	16 June 2008 – 15 June 2016

For the year ended 31 December 2008

## 28.Directors' and senior management's emoluments (continued)

(ii) Under the New Option Scheme (continued)

			Closing price per share on the business day	No. of option shares	No. of option shares	Transfer to other	No. of option shares	No. of option shares	No. of option	_	Excess of weighted average closing price per share	
			immediately before date	held as at I January	granted during	category during	lapsed during	exercised	shares held as at 31 December	Exercise price per	on exercise date over	
	Date of grant	Tranche	of grant	2007	the year	the year	the year	the year	2007	option share	exercise price	Exercisable Period
	6		HK\$		/	/	/	/		HK\$	HK\$	
Mr LEE Yong Sun	28 April 2005		11.75	75,000	_	_	_	(75,000)	_	11.60	5.92	28 April 2007 – 27 April 2015
	16 June 2006		14.00	30,000	_	-	_	(30,000)	_	14.60	2.92	16 June 2007 – 15 June 2016
	16 June 2006		14.00	30,000	-	-	-	-	30,000	14.60	-	16 June 2008 – 15 June 2016
Mr Roberto V.	28 April 2005		11.75	75,000	_	_	_	_	75,000	11.60	_	28 April 2006 – 27 April 2015
ONGPIN	28 April 2005		11.75	75,000	_	_	_	_	75,000	11.60	_	28 April 2007 – 27 April 2015
	16 June 2006		14.00	30,000	_	_	-	-	30,000	14.60	_	16 June 2007 – 15 June 2016
	16 June 2006		14.00	30,000	-	-	-	-	30,000	14.60	-	16 June 2008 – 15 June 2016
Mr Alexander Reid	28 April 2005	1	11.75	75,000	_	_	_	(75,000)	_	11.60	7.68	28 April 2006 – 27 April 2015
HAMILTON	28 April 2005		11.75	75,000	_	_	-	(75,000)	_	11.60	7.68	28 April 2007 – 27 April 2015
	16 June 2006		14.00	30,000	_	-	-	-	30,000	14.60	_	16 June 2007 – 15 June 2016
	16 June 2006		14.00	30,000	-	-	-	-	30,000	14.60	-	16 June 2008 – 15 June 2016
Mr Timothy David	28 April 2005		11.75	75,000	_	_	_	_	75,000	11.60	_	28 April 2006 – 27 April 2015
DATTELS	28 April 2005		11.75	75,000	_	_	_	_	75,000	11.60	_	28 April 2007 – 27 April 2015
	16 June 2006		14.00	30,000	_	-	-	-	30,000	14.60	_	16 June 2007 – 15 June 2016
	16 June 2006		14.00	30,000	-	-	-	-	30,000	14.60	-	16 June 2008 – 15 June 2016
Mr YE Longfei	28 April 2005	1	11.75	250,000	_	_	_	(250,000)	_	11.60	6.80	28 April 2006 – 27 April 2015
-	28 April 2005		11.75	250,000	_	(250,000)	_	_	_	11.60	-	28 April 2007 – 27 April 2015
	16 June 2006	1	14.00	100,000	_	(100,000)	_	-	_	14.60	-	16 June 2007 – 15 June 2016
	16 June 2006	II	14.00	100,000	-	(100,000)	-	-	-	14.60	-	16 June 2008 – 15 June 2016

## 28. Directors' and senior management's emoluments (continued) Five highest paid individuals

The five highest paid individuals in the Group for the year are all directors of the Company (2007: three) taking into account the emolument of US\$1,355,000 paid to one of the directors before his appointment of directorship during the year. The emoluments payable to the remaining two individuals in 2007 are as follows:

	<b>2007</b> US\$'000
Basic salaries, housing allowances, other allowances and	
benefits in kind	1,544
Employer's contribution to pension schemes	466
Discretionary bonuses	793
Inducement fee to join the Group	369
Compensation for loss of office	
	3,172

Pursuant to the Executive Option Scheme and the New Option Scheme of the Company (Note 18), the Company granted to four directors (2007: three directors and an individual) options to subscribe for shares in the Company subject to terms and conditions stipulated therein. The fair values of option shares granted to these persons were included in the total expense on share options granted in both 2007 and 2008 (Note 25).

The emoluments fell within the following bands:

Less: amount capitalized

Net foreign exchange transaction gains

		Number of individuals 2007
Emolument bands HK\$14,000,001 - HK\$14,500,000 HK\$10,000,001 - HK\$10,500,000		 
29.Finance gain/(costs)	2008	2007
	US\$'000	US\$'000
Interest expense:		
<ul> <li>bank loans and overdrafts</li> </ul>	(52,142)	(77,440)
<ul> <li>other loans interest</li> </ul>	(1,831)	(1,456)
<ul> <li>convertible bonds wholly repayable</li> </ul>		
within five years	_	(401)
	(53,973)	(79,297)

The effective capitalization rate used to determine the amount of borrowing costs eligible for capitalization is 3.4% per annum (2007: 5.4%).

16,198

(37,775)

50,626

12,851

27,360

(51,937)

32,809

(19,128)

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2008

## 30. Share of profit of associates

Share of profit of associates in 2008 included US\$10,016,000 (2007: US\$17,543,000) share of the fair value gains of investment properties after provision for deferred tax liabilities in the income statement; and the share of losses of US\$8,873,000 (2007: Nil) on write off of the net book value of a building upon demolition for the development of an extension project of an associate and the relevant taxes arising from a building swap transaction within group companies of the associate.

Share of associates' taxation for 2007 included a reversal of provision for deferred tax liabilities of US\$30,268,000 due to reduction of income tax rate in Mainland China from 33% to 25% effective I January 2008.

#### 31.Income tax expense

	2008	2007
	US\$'000	US\$'000
Current income tax		
<ul> <li>Hong Kong profits tax</li> </ul>	13,955	13,583
<ul><li>Overseas taxation</li></ul>	56,534	63,715
Deferred income tax (Note 23)	(1,073)	1,594
	69,416	78,892

Share of associates' taxation for the year ended 31 December 2008 of US\$31,414,000 (2007: US\$9,654,000) is included in the income statement as share of profits of associates.

The taxation on the Group's profit before taxation differs from the theoretical amount that would arise using the taxation rate of the home country of the Company as follows:

	2008	2007
	US\$'000	US\$'000
Profit before income tax	252,883	453,117
Calculated at a taxation rate of 16.5%		
(2007: 17.5%)	41,726	79,295
Effect of different taxation rates of		
subsidiaries operating in		
other countries	9,240	19,354
Income not subject to taxation	(16,950)	(42,678)
Expenses not deductible for taxation		
purposes	39,236	27,909
Tax effect on unrecognized tax losses	537	2,733
Utilization of previously unrecognized		
tax losses	(2,570)	(5)
Effect on opening net deferred taxation		
resulting from a decrease in tax rate	(300)	(6,594)
(Over)/under provision in prior year	(2,185)	1,481
Withholding tax	2,996	3,004
Recognition of deferred tax assets		
by subsidiaries	(147)	(1,964)
Tax incentive	(1,807)	(2,884)
Others	(360)	(759)
Taxation charge	69,416	78,892

(a) Hong Kong profits tax is provided at a rate of 16.5% (2007: 17.5%) on the estimated assessable profit of group companies operating in Hong Kong.

#### 31.Income tax expense (continued)

(b) Taxation outside Hong Kong includes withholding tax paid and payable on dividends from subsidiaries and tax provided at the prevailing rates on the estimated assessable profits of group companies operating outside Hong Kong.

## 32. Profit attributable to equity holders and retained earnings of the Company

The profit attributable to equity holders is dealt with in the financial statements of the Company to the extent of US\$62,909,000 (2007: US\$107,782,000).

#### Movement of retained earnings of the Company

	2008 US\$'000	<b>2007</b> US\$'000
Balance at I January Profit for the year	100,427 62,909	81,684 107,782
2007/2006 final dividend paid 2008/2007 interim dividend paid	(44,644)	(33,347)
(Note 34)	(52,123)	(55,692)
Balance at 31 December	66,569	100,427
Representing 2008/2007 final dividend proposed		
(Note 34)	37,230	44,631
Retained earnings	29,339	55,796
Balance at 31 December	66,569	100,427

#### 33. Earnings per share

#### Basic

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to equity holders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year.

	2008	2007
Profit attributable to equity holders of the Company (US\$'000)	165,940	340,863
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue (thousands)	2,878,485	2,671,209
Basic earnings per share (US cents per share)	5.76	12.76

#### Diluted

Diluted earnings per share is calculated by adjusting the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding to assume conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares. For the share options a calculation is done to determine the number of shares that could have been acquired at fair value (determined as the average annual market share price of the Company's shares) based on the monetary value of the subscription rights attached to outstanding share options. The number of shares calculated as above is increased by the number of shares that would have been issued assuming the exercise of the share options.

For the year ended 31 December 2008

## 33. Earnings per share (continued)

Diluted	(continued)

	2008	2007
Profit attributable to equity holders of the Company (US\$'000)	165,940	340,863
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue (thousands) Adjustments for – share options	2,878,485	2,671,209
(thousands)	5,026	10,360
Weighted average number of ordinary shares for diluted earnings per share (thousands)	2,883,511	2,681,569
Diluted earnings per share (US cents per share)	5.75	12.71

#### 34.Dividends

	Gro	up	Comp	any
	2008	2007	2008	2007
	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000
Interim dividend paid of HK14 cents (2007: HK15 cents) per ordinary share	52,123	55,692	52,123	55,692
Proposed final dividend of HK10 cents (2007: HK12 cents) per ordinary share	37,090	44,631	37,230	44,631
	89,213	100,323	89,353	100,323

At a meeting held on 17 March 2009, the Board proposed a final dividend of HKIO cents per ordinary share for the year ended 31 December 2008, this proposed dividend is not reflected as a dividend payable in these financial statements but will be reflected as an appropriation of retained earnings for the year ending 31 December 2009.

The proposed final dividend for 2008 on the 10,867,055 ordinary shares in the Company held by a subsidiary of the Company with the amount of US\$140,000 is eliminated on consolidation and is excluded from the proposed final dividend attributable to the Company's equity holders recognized in the consolidated financial statements.

## 35. Notes to the consolidated cash flow statement

## (a) Cash generated from operations

Cash generated from operations	2008 US\$'000	<b>2007</b> US\$'000
Profit before income tax	252,883	453,117
Share of results of associates	(76,867)	(98,900)
Fair value losses/(gains) on		
investment properties	952	(59,139)
Depreciation	166,827	134,852
Amortization of leasehold land		
and land use rights, trademark and		
website development	12,440	9,268
Interest on bank loans and overdrafts		
and convertible bonds	37,775	51,937
Interest income	(7,705)	(10,339)
Dividend income	(922)	(908)
Loss on disposal of fixed assets and		
discarding of fixed assets due to		
properties renovations and		
impairment loss	12,403	3,037
Net unrealized losses/(gains) on		
financial assets held for trading	33,403	(21,085)
(Reversal of impairment)/impairment		
losses on available-for-sale		
financial assets	(14)	14
Expenses on share options granted	454	2,484
Fair value losses on derivative financial		
instruments — interest-rate swap		
contracts	61,095	10,424
Gains on disposal of partial interests		
in subsidiaries	_	(9,101)
Fair value gains on loans from		
non-controlling shareholders	(1,309)	(10,715)
Net foreign exchange		
transaction gains	(50,626)	(32,809)

	2008 US\$'000	<b>2007</b> US\$'000
Operating profit before working		
capital changes	440,789	422,137
Increase in inventories	(3,590)	(6,196)
Increase in accounts receivable,		
prepayments and deposits	(2,389)	(42,581)
Increase in amounts due from		
associates	(299)	(1,552)
Increase in accounts payable and		
accruals	25,563	103,347
An interest-free loan granted to		
an officer by a subsidiary	_	(613)
Net cash generated from operations	460,074	474,542

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2008

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#### 35. Notes to the consolidated cash flow statement (continued)

#### (b) Acquisition of interest/additional interest in subsidiaries

(i) On 30 May 2008, the Group acquired additional 23% of the share capital and shareholder's loan of Shangri-La Hotels (Shenzhen) Limited ("Shangri-La Shenzhen"), which owns 90% interest in Shangri-La Hotel, Shenzhen, from a non-controlling shareholder of Shangri-La Shenzhen at a cash consideration of RMB135,115,000 (approximately US\$19.6 million). Immediately prior to the acquisition, Shangri-La Shenzhen was a 57% owned subsidiary of the Group. Following completion of the acquisition, Shangri-La Shenzhen has become a 80% owned subsidiary of the Group. Details of net assets and loan acquired are as follows:

	US\$'000
Purchase consideration	19,624
Less: effective interest of carrying amount of	
net assets acquired	(7,109)
principal amount of shareholder's loan in	
Shangri-La Shenzhen acquired	(1,231)
Difference between the amount by which the	
non-controlling interests are adjusted and the	
fair value of the consideration paid which	
has been recognized directly in equity	11,284

The carrying amount of consolidated assets and liabilities of Shangri-La Shenzhen at the date of acquisition are as follows:

	US\$'000
Fixed assets	42,416
Land use rights	2,937
Current assets	5,687
Current liabilities	(10,759)
Loans advanced from shareholders	(5,350)
Non-controlling interests	(4,022)
Net assets	30,909
Share of net assets acquired	7,109

(ii) In July 2008, the Group completed the acquisition of the entire equity interest of a local company in Paris which owns the building adjacent to the site of the Shangri-La Hotel, Paris, at a net consideration of Euro 20.9 million (approximately US\$31 million). The building will be refurbished as an extension of the hotel currently under development.

	US\$'000
Purchase consideration	30,850
Less: fair value of net assets acquired	(20,907)
Goodwill on acquisition	9,943

#### 35. Notes to the consolidated cash flow statement (continued)

- (b) Acquisition of interest/additional interest in subsidiaries (continued)
  - (ii) (continued)

The fair value of assets and liabilities of the local company at the date of acquisition are as follows:

	US\$'000
Fixed assets	30,812
Cash and cash equivalents	581
Other current assets	205
Current liabilities	(1,413)
Deferred tax liabilities	(9,278)
Net assets acquired	20,907

### 36. Financial guarantees, contingencies and other charges

(a) Financial guarantees

As at 31 December 2008, financial guarantees of the Company and the Group were as follows:

(i) The Company executed proportionate guarantees in favour of banks for securing banking facilities granted to certain subsidiaries and associates. The utilized amount of such facilities covered by the Company's guarantees and which also represented the financial exposure of the Company at the balance sheet date amounts to US\$1,537,809,000 (2007: US\$1,025,367,000) for the subsidiaries and US\$23,924,000 (2007: US\$26,430,000) for associates.

- (ii) The Company executed guarantees in favour of banks for securing certain banking facilities granted to four non-wholly owned subsidiaries while the non-controlling shareholders provided proportionate counter guarantee to the Company under the joint venture agreements. The utilized amount of such facilities covered by the Company's guarantee after setting off the amount of counter guarantee from the non-controlling shareholders and which also represented the net financial exposure of the Company at the balance sheet date amounts to US\$113,420,000 (2007: US\$100,260,000 for two subsidiaries).
- (iii) The Company executed guarantees in favour of banks for securing certain banking facilities granted to an associate while the major shareholder of the associate provided a counter indemnity to the Company under the joint venture agreement. The utilized amount of such facilities covered by the Company's guarantees after setting off the amount of counter indemnity from the major shareholder and which also represented the net financial exposure of the Company and the Group at the balance sheet date amounts to US\$32,692,000 (2007: US\$29,517,000).
- (iv)The Group executed proportionate guarantees in favour of banks for securing banking facilities granted to certain associates. The Group also executed a counter guarantee in favour of the major shareholder of an associate which had provided full guarantee in favour of a bank for securing banking facilities granted to the associate. The utilized amount of such facilities covered by the Group's guarantees for these associates amounts to US\$42,416,000 (2007: US\$46,332,000).

Guarantees are stated at their respective contracted amounts. The Board is of the opinion that it is not probable that such guarantees will be called upon.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2008

## 36. Financial guarantees, contingencies and other charges (continued)

#### (b) Contingent liabilities

As at 31 December 2008, contingent liabilities of the Group were as follows:

- (i) The Group executed a performance guarantee in favour of the owner of a hotel in Sydney for the financial performance of the hotel under a management contract. The maximum cumulative amount of liability under such guarantee is A\$2,425,000 (equivalent to US\$1,678,000) (2007: A\$4,537,000 (equivalent to US\$4,080,000)).
- (ii) The Group executed a performance guarantee in favour of the Government of the Republic of Maldives for the development of a resort in Maldives in accordance with an agreed work plan. The guarantee is valid until 31 May 2009 and will be discharged no later than 30 days following the date of completion of the resort in accordance with the agreement. The maximum cumulative amount of liability under such guarantee is US\$4,375,000 (2007: US\$4,375,000).

(iii) The Group executed guarantees for securing standby documentary credit granted by banks in favour of certain building contractors relating to the execution of construction works for hotel buildings with the amount of US\$39,845,000 (2007: US\$20,000,000 in favour of a local government authority in Mainland China for the acquisition of the land use rights of a site). The Group also executed guarantees for securing standby documentary credit granted by a bank in favour of an associate of up to US\$16,500,000 (2007: US\$22,000,000) as capital commitment to the development project. These facilities are undrawn as at 31 December 2008.

#### (c) Other charges

As at 31 December 2008, bank borrowings of a subsidiary of US\$51,702,000 (2007: US\$52,774,000) are secured by the rights and benefits of the insurance policies on the subsidiary's hotel building, vehicles, machinery; and furniture, fixture and equipment with net book amount of US\$57,751,000 (2007: US\$58,613,000).

#### 37.Commitments

(a) The Group's capital expenditure at the balance sheet date but not yet incurred is as follows:

	2008 US\$'000	<b>2007</b> US\$'000
Existing properties – Property, plant and equipment and investment properties		
Contracted but not provided for	80,813	18,624
Authorized but not contracted for	73,552	56,424
Development projects		
Contracted but not provided for	431,397	590,652
Authorized but not contracted for	1,573,282	1,628,916
	2,159,044	2,294,616

(b) The Group's commitments under operating leases to make future aggregate minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases in respect of land and buildings are as follows:

Not later than one year	US\$'000 26,348	US\$'000 11,190
Later than one year and not later		
than five years	102,944	33,589
Later than five years	531,011	128,475
	660,303	173,254

(c) At 31 December 2008, the Group had future aggregate minimum lease rental receivable under non-cancellable operating leases in respect of land and buildings as follows:

	2008 US\$'000	<b>2007</b> US\$'000
Not later than one year	24,938	19,225
Later than one year and not later		
than five years	23,343	15,269
Later than five years	_	617
	48,281	35,111

(d) The Company had entered into HIBOR and LIBOR interest-rate swap contracts for an aggregate principal amount of HK\$4,760,000,000 and US\$100,000,000 (2007: HK\$4,760,000,000 and US\$100,000,000) at fixed interest rates between 4.28% to 4.70% per annum (2007: between 4.28% to 4.70% per annum) to reduce its interest rate exposure. These contracts will be maturing between March 2010 through January 2014.

#### 38. Related party transactions

Kerry Group Limited ("KGL"), which owns approximately 48.46% of the Company's issued ordinary shares as recorded in the register required to be kept under Section 336 of the Securities and Futures Ordinance as at 31 December 2008, has significant influence over the Company.

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2007

2008

## 38.Related party transactions (continued)

The following transactions were carried out w	with related parti	es:		US\$'000	US\$'000
	2008 US\$'000	<b>2007</b> US\$'000	(c) Financial assistance provided to subsidiaries of KGL as at 31 December (other than		
(a) Transactions with subsidiaries of KGL during the year (other than		_	subsidiaries of the Company)		
subsidiaries of the Company)			Balance of loan to associates of the Group	83,455	93,520
Receipt of hotel management and			Balance of guarantees executed in		,
related services and royalty fees Payment of project management	2,560	2,330	favour of banks for securing bank loans/facilities granted to associates		
service and project consultancy service fees	3,550	4,177	of the Group	23,924	26,430
Reimbursement of office expenses and payment of administration and	3,330	1,177	(d) Financial assistance provided to associates of the Group as at		
related expenses Payment of office rental,	2,545	1,662	31 December (excluding item (c) above)		
management fees and rates	1,422	254	450.0)		
Purchase of edible oil	_	359	Balance of loan to associates of the Group	97,383	74,748
(b) Transactions with associates of the Group during the year (other than a subsidiary of KGL included under			Balance of guarantees executed in favour of banks for securing bank loans/facilities granted to	,	,
item (a) above)			an associate of the Group	18,491	19,903
Receipt of hotel management and related services and royalty fees	11,566	9,920	There are no material changes to the terms of the above transactions		
Receipt for laundry services	816	843	during the year.		
			(e) Key management compensation		
			Fees, salaries and other short-term	7 277	11.520
			employee benefits Post employment benefits	7,277 121	11,520 115

## 39. Group structure – principal subsidiaries and associates

	Place of establishment/	Paid up/	in the vo	ge holding ting shares		
Name	operation	issued capital	Direct	Indirect	Nature of business	Notes
Seanoble Assets Limited	The British Virgin Islands	Ordinary HK\$578,083,745	100	_	Investment holding	1
Shangri-La Asia Treasury Limited	The British Virgin Islands	Ordinary HK\$780	100	_	Group financing	1
Shangri-La China Limited	Hong Kong	Ordinary HK\$10,000,000	_	100	Investment holding	1
Kerry Industrial Company Limited	Hong Kong	Ordinary HK\$2 Non-voting deferred HK\$10,000,000	_	100	Investment holding	I
Shangri-La Hotel (Kowloon) Limited	Hong Kong	Ordinary HK\$2 Non-voting deferred HK\$10,000,000	_	100	Hotel ownership and operation	1
Shangri-La International Hotels (Pacific Place) Limited	Hong Kong	Ordinary HK\$5,000 Non-voting deferred HK\$10,000,000	_	80	Hotel ownership and operation	1
Shenzhen Shangri-La Hotel Limited	The People's Republic of China	US\$32,000,000	_	72	Hotel ownership and operation	2,5,7
Beihai Shangri-La Hotel Ltd.	The People's Republic of China	US\$16,000,000	_	100	Hotel ownership and operation	6,7
Shanghai Pudong New Area Shangri-La Hotel Co., Ltd.	The People's Republic of China	US\$47,000,000	_	100	Hotel ownership and operation	2,4,7

For the year ended 31 December 2008

## 39. Group structure - principal subsidiaries and associates (continued)

Name	Place of establishment/	Paid up/		ge holding ting shares Indirect	Nature of business	Notes
Shenyang Traders Hotel Ltd.	operation  The People's Republic  of China	US\$28,334,000		100	Hotel ownership and operation	6,7
Changchun Shangri-La Hotel Co., Ltd.	The People's Republic of China	RMB167,000,000	-	90	Hotel ownership and operation and real estate operation	5,7
Jilin Province Kerry Real Estate Development Ltd	The People's Republic of China	RMB25,000,000	_	90	Real estate development and operation	5,7
Qingdao Shangri-La Hotel Co., Ltd.	The People's Republic of China	US\$79,000,000	-	100	Hotel ownership and operation and real estate development and operation	6,7
Dalian Shangri-La Hotel Co., Ltd.	The People's Republic of China	US\$51,666,670	_	100	Hotel ownership and operation and real estate development and operation	6,7
Xian Shangri-La Golden Flower Hotel Co., Ltd	The People's Republic of China	US\$12,000,000	_	100	Hotel ownership and operation	4,7
Harbin Shangri-La Hotel Co., Ltd.	The People's Republic of China	US\$20,767,000	-	100	Hotel ownership and operation	6,7
Wuhan Kerry Real Estate Development Co., Ltd.	The People's Republic of China	US\$6,000,000	_	92	Real estate development and operation	5,7

## 39. Group structure – principal subsidiaries and associates (continued)

	Place of establishment/	Paid up/	in the vot			.,
Name	operation	issued capital	Direct	Indirect	Nature of business	Notes
Wuhan Shangri-La Hotel Co., Ltd.	The People's Republic of China	US\$26,667,000	_	92	Hotel ownership and operation	5,7
Fujian Kerry World Trade Centre Co., Ltd.	The People's Republic of China	HK\$180,000,000	_	100	Real estate development	3,6,7
Fuzhou Shangri-La Hotel Co., Ltd.	The People's Republic of China	US\$22,200,000	_	100	Hotel ownership and operation	6,7
Zhongshan Shangri-La Hotel Co., Ltd.	The People's Republic of China	US\$23,710,000	_	51	Hotel ownership and operation	5,7
Shangri-La Hotel (Chengdu) Co., Ltd.	The People's Republic of China	US\$53,340,000	_	80	Hotel ownership and operation and real estate development and operation	6,7
Shangri-La Hotel (Guangzhou Pazhou) Co., Ltd.	The People's Republic of China	US\$60,340,000	_	80	Hotel ownership and operation	6,7
Shangri-La Hotel (Shenzhen Futian) Co., Ltd.	The People's Republic of China	US\$71,000,000	_	100	Hotel ownership and operation	6,7
Shangri-La Hotel (Ningbo) Co., Ltd.	The People's Republic of China	US\$74,000,000	_	95	Hotel ownership and operation	3,6,7
Shangri-La Hotel (Wenzhou) Co., Ltd.	The People's Republic of China	US\$22,499,985	_	75	Hotel ownership and operation	3,6,7

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## 39. Group structure - principal subsidiaries and associates (continued)

	Place of establishment/	Paid up/		ge holding ting shares		
Name	operation	issued capital	Direct	Indirect	Nature of business	Notes
Shangri-La Hotel (Xian) Co., Ltd.	The People's Republic of China	US\$36,800,000	_	100	Hotel ownership and operation	6,7
Shangri-La Hotel (Guilin) Co., Ltd.	The People's Republic of China	US\$27,670,000	_	100	Hotel ownership and operation	3,6,7
Shangri-La Hotel (Baotou) Co., Ltd.	The People's Republic of China	US\$24,400,000	-	100	Hotel ownership and operation	6,7
Shangri-La Hotel (Huhhot) Co., Ltd.	The People's Republic of China	US\$30,670,000	_	100	Hotel ownership and operation	6,7
Shangri-La Hotel (Manzhouli) Co., Ltd.	The People's Republic of China	US\$21,492,000	_	100	Hotel ownership and operation	3,6,7
Shangri-La Hotel (Zhoushan) Co., Ltd.	The People's Republic of China	RMB25,747,720	_	100	Hotel ownership and operation	3,6,7
Shangri-La Hotel (Hefei) Co., Ltd.	The People's Republic of China	US\$7,300,000	_	100	Hotel ownership and operation	3,6,7
Shangri-La Hotel (Taiyuan) Co., Ltd.	The People's Republic of China	US\$3,750,010	-	100	Hotel ownership and operation	3,6,7
Glory Cheer Development (Qinhuangdao) Co., Ltd.	The People's Republic of China	RMB32,569,645	_	100	Hotel ownership and operation	3,6,7
Shangri-La Hotel (Ordos City) Co., Ltd.	The People's Republic of China	US\$6,000,000	_	100	Hotel ownership and operation	3,6,7

## 39. Group structure – principal subsidiaries and associates (continued)

	Place of establishment/	Paid up/		ge holding ting shares	•		
Name	operation	issued capital	Direct	Indirect	Nature of business	Notes	
Sanya Shangri-La Hotel Co., Ltd.	The People's Republic of China	RMB680,927,400	_	100	Hotel ownership and operation	3,6,7	
Haikou Shangri-La Hotel Co., Ltd.	The People's Republic of China	US\$3,700,000	_	100	Hotel ownership and operation	3,6,7	
Shangri-La Hotel (Lhasa) Co., Ltd.	The People's Republic of China	US\$11,000,000	_	100	Hotel ownership and operation	3,6,7	
Shangri-La Ulaanbaatar LLC	Republic of Mongolia	US\$5,000,000	_	51	Property Investment	3	
Shangri-La Ulaanbaatar Hotel LLC	Republic of Mongolia	US\$5,680,000	_	75	Hotel ownership and operation	3	
Makati Shangri-La Hotel & Resort, Inc.	The Philippines	Common Peso 921,948,400	_	100	Hotel ownership and operation		
Edsa Shangri-La Hotel & Resort, Inc.	The Philippines	Common Peso 792,128,700	_	100	Hotel ownership and operation		
Mactan Shangri-La Hotel & Resort, Inc.	The Philippines	Common Peso 272,630,000 Preferred Peso 170,741,500	-	100	Hotel ownership and operation		
Boracay Shangri-La Hotel & Resort, Inc.	The Philippines	Common Peso 10,825,000	_	100	Hotel ownership and operation	3	

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## 39. Group structure - principal subsidiaries and associates (continued)

Name	Place of establishment/ operation	Paid up/ issued capital		ge holding ting shares Indirect	Nature of business	Notes
Addu Investments Private Limited	Maldives	Rufiyaa 640,000,000	_	70	Hotel ownership and operation	3
Yanuca Island Limited	Fiji	Ordinary F\$1,262,196	_	71.64	Hotel ownership and operation	2
Shangri-La Hotel Limited	Singapore	Ordinary S\$164,663,560	-	100	Investment holding, hotel ownership and operation and leasing of residential and serviced apartments	
Sentosa Beach Resort Pte Ltd	Singapore	Ordinary \$\$30,000,000	_	100	Hotel ownership and operation	
Shangri-La Hotels (Malaysia) Berhad	Malaysia	Ordinary RM440,000,000	_	52.78	Investment holding and hotel ownership and operation	
Shangri-La Hotel (KL) Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	Ordinary RM150,000,000	_	52.78	Hotel ownership and operation	
Golden Sands Beach Resort Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	Ordinary RM6,000,000	_	52.78	Hotel ownership and operation	
Komtar Hotel Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	Ordinary RM6,000,000	_	31.67	Hotel ownership and operation	

## 39. Group structure – principal subsidiaries and associates (continued)

	Place of establishment/	Paid up/		ge holding ting shares		
Name	operation	issued capital	Direct	Indirect	Nature of business	Notes
Pantai Dalit Beach Resort Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	Ordinary RM135,000,000	_	64.59	Hotel and golf club ownership and operation	
UBN Tower Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	Ordinary RM500,000	_	52.78	Property investment and office management	
UBN Holdings Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	Ordinary RM45,000,000	_	52.78	Investment holding and property investment	
Traders Yangon Company Limited	Myanmar	Ordinary Kyat 21,600,000	-	59.16	Hotel ownership and operation	
Shangri-La Hotel Public Company Limited	Thailand	Common Baht 1,300,000,000	_	73.61	Hotel, serviced apartments and office ownership and operation	
Shangri-La Hotels (Paris) SARL	France	EUR 40,010,000	-	100	Hotel ownership and operation	2,3
Shangri-La Hotels Japan K.K.	Japan	YEN 305,000,000	_	100	Hotel ownership and operation	3
SLIM International Limited	Cook Islands	Ordinary US\$1,000	100	_	Investment holding	1

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### 39. Group structure – principal subsidiaries and associates (continued)

(a) At 31 December 2008, the Company held interests in the following principal subsidiaries: (continued)

	Place of establishment/	Paid up/	Percentage holding in the voting shares			
Name	operation	issued capital	Direct	Indirect	Nature of business	Notes
Shangri-La International Hotel Management Limited	Hong Kong	Ordinary HK\$10,000,000	-	100	Hotel management, marketing, consultancy and reservation services	I
Shangri-La Hotel Management (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.	The People's Republic of China	US\$140,000	-	100	Hotel management, marketing and consultancy services	6,7
Shangri-La International Hotel Management B.V.	The Netherlands	Ordinary EUR 18,151	_	100	Licensing use of intellectual property rights	

#### Notes:

- 1. Subsidiaries audited by PricewaterhouseCoopers, Hong Kong.
- 2. Subsidiaries audited by other member firms of PricewaterhouseCoopers, Hong Kong.
- 3. Subsidiaries which are under various stages of real estate and hotel development and have not yet commenced business operations as at the balance sheet date.
- 4. Co-operative Joint Venture.
- 5. Equity Joint Venture.
- 6. Wholly Foreign Owned Enterprise.
- 7. The amount of paid up/issued capital for subsidiaries incorporated in The People's Republic of China represented the amount of paid in registered capital.

## 39. Group structure – principal subsidiaries and associates (continued)

(b) At 31 December 2008, the Group held interests in the following principal associates:

	Place of	Percentage holding in the		
Name	establishment/ operation	registered capital by the Group	Nature of business	Notes
China World Trade Center Ltd.	The People's Republic of China	50	Hotel ownership and operation and property investment	2
Beijing Shangri-La Hotel Ltd.	The People's Republic of China	38	Hotel ownership and operation	
Hangzhou Shangri-La Hotel Ltd.	The People's Republic of China	45	Hotel ownership and operation	
Seacliff Limited	The People's Republic of China	30	Hotel ownership and operation and property investment	1
Beijing Jia Ao Real Estate Development Co., Ltd.	The People's Republic of China	23.75	Real estate development and operation	2
Beijing Kerry Centre Hotel Co., Ltd.	The People's Republic of China	23.75	Hotel ownership and operation	2
Shanghai Xin Ci Hou Properties Co., Ltd.	The People's Republic of China	24.75	Real estate development and operation	2
Shanghai Ji Xiang Properties Co., Ltd.	The People's Republic of China	49	Hotel ownership and operation and property investment	3
Shanghai Pudong Kerry City Properties Co., Ltd.	The People's Republic of China	23.20	Hotel ownership and operation and property investment	3
Tianjin Kerry Real Estate Development Co., Ltd.	The People's Republic of China	20	Hotel ownership and operation and property investment	3
Kerry Real Estate (Nanchang) Co., Ltd.	The People's Republic of China	20	Hotel ownership and operation and property investment	3

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#### 39. Group structure – principal subsidiaries and associates (continued)

(b) At 31 December 2008, the Group held interests in the following principal associates: (continued)

Name	Place of establishment/operation	Percentage holding in the registered capital by the Group	Nature of business	Notes
Cuscaden Properties Pte Ltd	Singapore	40.75	Hotel ownership and operation and property investment	
Tanjong Aru Hotel Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia	40	Hotel ownership and operation	
PT Swadharma Kerry Satya	Indonesia	25	Hotel ownership and operation	2
Fine Winner Holdings Limited	Hong Kong	30	Hotel ownership and operation	1
Shine Up Holdings Limited	Samoa	25	Aircraft ownership	
Park Avenue Hotel Investors, LLC	United States of America	25.90	Hotel ownership and operation	2,3
Shang Global City Properties, Inc.	The Philippines	40	Land ownership	3

#### Notes:

- 1. Associates audited by PricewaterhouseCoopers, Hong Kong.
- 2. Associates audited by other member firms of PricewaterhouseCoopers, Hong Kong.
- 3. Associates which are under various stages of real estate and hotel development and have not yet commenced business operations as at the balance sheet date.
- (c) The above tables list out the subsidiaries and associates of the Company as at 31 December 2008 which, in the opinion of the Directors, principally affected the results for the year or form a substantial portion of the net assets of the Group. To give details of other subsidiaries and associates would, in the opinion of the Directors, result in particulars of excessive length.

## 40. Hotel properties of subsidiaries and associates

(a) Details of hotel properties of the Company's subsidiaries are as follows:

Address	Existing use	Lease term
Kowloon Shangri-La, Hong Kong 64 Mody Road, Tsimshatsui East, Kowloon, Hong Kong	Hotel operation	Medium lease
Island Shangri-La, Hong Kong Pacific Place, 88 Queensway, Central, Hong Kong	Hotel operation	Medium lease
Shangri-La Hotel, Shenzhen East Side, Railway Station, 1002 Jianshe Road, Shenzhen 518001, The People's Republic of China	Hotel operation	Medium lease
Shangri-La Hotel, Beihai 33 Chating Road, Beihai, Guangxi 536007, The People's Republic of China	Hotel operation	Medium lease
Pudong Shangri-La, Shanghai 33 Fu Cheng Lu, Pudong New Area, Shanghai 200120, The People's Republic of China	Hotel operation	Medium lease
Traders Hotel, Shenyang 68 Zhong Hua Road, He Ping District, Shenyang 110001, The People's Republic of China	Hotel operation	Long lease

Address	Existing use	Lease term
Shangri-La Hotel, Changchun 569 Xian Road, Changchun 130061, The People's Republic of China	Hotel operation and commercial and residential rental	Medium lease
Shangri-La Hotel, Qingdao 9 Xiang Gang Zhong Lu, Qingdao 266071, The People's Republic of China	Hotel operation	Medium lease
Shangri-La Hotel, Dalian 66 Renmin Road, Dalian 116001, The People's Republic of China	Hotel operation	Medium lease
Golden Flower Hotel, Xian 8 Chang Le Road West, Xian 710032, Shaanxi, The People's Republic of China	Hotel operation	Medium lease
Shangri-La Hotel, Harbin 555 You Yi Road, Dao Li District, Harbin 150018, The People's Republic of China	Hotel operation	Medium lease
Shangri-La Hotel, Wuhan No. 700, Jianshe Avenue, Hankou, Wuhan 430015, The People's Republic of China	Hotel operation	Medium lease

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## 40. Hotel properties of subsidiaries and associates (continued)

(a) Details of hotel properties of the Company's subsidiaries are as follows: (continued)

Address	Existing use	Lease term
Shangri-La Hotel, Zhongshan 16 Qi Wan Road North, Eastern Area, Zhongshan 528403, The People's Republic of China	Hotel operation	Long lease
Shangri-La Hotel, Fuzhou No. 9 Xin Quan Nan Road, Fuzhou 350005, The People's Republic of China	Hotel operation	Long lease
Shangri-La Hotel, Guangzhou I Hui Zhan Dong Road, Hai Zhu District, Guangzhou 510308, The People's Republic of China	Hotel operation	Medium lease
Shangri-La Hotel, Chengdu 9 Binjiang Dong Road, Chengdu, Sichuan 610021, The People's Republic of China	Hotel operation	Medium lease
Shangri-La Hotel, Xian 38B Keji Road, Xian 710075, The People's Republic of China	Hotel operation	Medium lease

Address	Existing use	Lease term
Shangri-La Hotel, Baotou 66 Min Zu East Road, Qing Shan District, Baotou 014030 Inner Mongolia The People's Republic of China	Hotel operation	Medium lease
Shangri-La Hotel, Huhhot 5 Xi Lin Guo Le South Road, Huhhot 010020, Inner Mongolia, The People's Republic of China	Hotel operation	Medium lease
Futian Shangri-La, Shenzhen 4088 Yi Tian Road Futian District Shenzhen 518048 The People's Republic of China	Hotel operation	Medium lease
Makati Shangri-La, Manila Ayala Avenue, corner Makati Avenue, Makati City, Metro Manila 1200, The Philippines	Hotel operation	Medium lease
Edsa Shangri-La, Manila I Garden Way, Ortigas Center, Mandaluyong City 1650, Metro Manila, The Philippines	Hotel operation	Medium lease

## 40. Hotel properties of subsidiaries and associates (continued)

(a) Details of hotel properties of the Company's subsidiaries are as follows: (continued)

Address	Existing use	Lease term
Shangri-La's Mactan Resort & Spa, Cebu Punta Engano Road, Mactan Island, Cebu, The Philippines	Hotel operation	Medium lease
Shangri-La's Fijian Resort & Spa, Yanuca Yanuca Island, Sigatoka, Nadroga, Fiji	Hotel operation	Long lease
Shangri-La Hotel, Singapore 22 & 28 Orange Grove Road, Singapore 258350	Hotel operation	Freehold
Rasa Sentosa Resort, Singapore 101 Siloso Road, Sentosa, Singapore 098970	Hotel operation	Long lease
Shangri-La Hotel, Kuala Lumpur II Jalan Sultan Ismail, 50250 Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia	Hotel operation	Freehold
Shangri-La's Rasa Sayang Resort & Spa, Penang Batu Feringgi Beach, III00 Penang, Malaysia	Hotel operation	Freehold

Address	Existing use	Lease term
Traders Hotel, Penang Magazine Road, 10300 Penang, Malaysia	Hotel operation	Long lease
Golden Sands Resort, Penang Batu Feringgi Beach, III00 Penang, Malaysia	Hotel operation	Freehold
Shangri-La's Rasa Ria Resort, Dalit Bay Golf Club & Spa, Sabah Pantai Dalit, 89208 Tuaran, Sabah, Malaysia	Hotel and golf club operation	Long lease
Traders Hotel, Yangon 223 Sule Pagoda Road, Yangon, Myanmar	Hotel operation	Medium lease
Shangri-La Hotel, Bangkok 89 Soi Wat Suan Plu, New Road, Bangrak, Bangkok 10500, Thailand	Hotel operation, residential and office rental	Freehold

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## 40. Hotel properties of subsidiaries and associates (continued)

(a) Details of hotel properties of the Company's subsidiaries are as follows: (continued)

Address	Existing use	Lease term
Shangri-La Hotel, Chiang Mai 89/8 Chang Klan Road, Muang Chiang Mai 50100 Thailand	Hotel operation	Freehold

(b) Details of hotel properties of the operating associates are as follows:

Address	Existing use	Lease term
China World Hotel, Beijing I Jian Guo Men Wai Avenue, Beijing 100004, The People's Republic of China	Hotel operation	Medium lease
Traders Hotel, Beijing I Jian Guo Men Wai Avenue, Beijing 100004, The People's Republic of China	Hotel operation	Medium lease
Shangri-La's Kerry Centre Hotel, Beijing I Guanghua Road, Chaoyang District, Beijing 100020, The People's Republic of China	Hotel operation	Medium lease

Address	Existing use	Lease term
Shangri-La Hotel, Beijing 29 Zizhuyuan Road, Beijing 100089, The People's Republic of China	Hotel operation	Medium lease
Shangri-La Hotel, Hangzhou 78 Beishan Road, Hangzhou 310007, The People's Republic of China	Hotel operation	Medium lease
Traders Hotel, Singapore IA Cuscaden Road, Singapore 249716	Hotel operation	Long lease
Shangri-La's Tanjung Aru Resort & Spa, Kota Kinabalu 20 Jalan Aru, Tanjung Aru, 88100 Kota Kinabalu, Sabah, Malaysia	Hotel operation	Long lease
Shangri-La Hotel, Jakarta Kota BNI, Jalan Jend Sudirman Kav. I Jakarta 10220, Indonesia	Hotel operation	Medium lease
Hotel JEN, Hong Kong No. 508 Queen's Road West, Western District, Hong Kong	Hotel operation	Long lease

## 41.Investment properties of subsidiaries and associates

(a) Details of investment properties of the subsidiaries are as follows:

Address	Existing use	Lease term
Shangri-La Residences, Dalian 66 Renmin Road, Dalian 116001, The People's Republic of China	Residential rental	Medium lease
The Office Tower at Shangri-La Centre, Chengdu 9 Binjiang Dong Road Chengdu, Sichuan 610021, The People's Republic of China	Office and commercial rental	Medium lease
Shangri-La Apartments, Singapore I Anderson Road, Singapore 259983	Residential rental	Freehold
Shangri-La Residences, Singapore No. IA Lady Hill Road, Singapore 258685	Residential rental	Freehold
UBN Tower, Kuala Lumpur UBN Complex, 10 Jalan P. Ramlee, 50250 Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia	Office and commercial rental	Freehold
UBN Apartments, Kuala Lumpur UBN Complex, 10 Jalan P. Ramlee, 50250 Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia	Residential rental	Freehold

(b) Details of investment properties of the operating associates are as follows:

Address	Existing use	Lease term	
China World Trade Center I Jian Guo Men Wai Avenue, Beijing 100004, The People's Republic of China	Hotel operation and office, commercial, residential and exhibition hall space rental	Medium lease	
Century Towers, Beijing 18 Guang Qu Men Wai Avenue, Beijing 100022, The People's Republic of China	Residential rental	Long lease	
Shanghai Centre 1376 Nanjing Xi Lu, Shanghai 200040, The People's Republic of China	Hotel operation and office, commercial, residential and exhibition hall space rental	Medium lease	
Beijing Kerry Centre I Guanghua Road, Chaoyang District, Beijing 100020, The People's Republic of China	Hotel operation and office, commercial and residential rental	Medium lease	
Shanghai Kerry Centre No. 1515 Nanjing Road West, Jingan District, Shanghai 200040, The People's Republic of China	Office, commercial and residential rental	Medium lease	

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2008

#### 41.Investment properties of subsidiaries and associates (continued)

(b) Details of investment properties of the operating associates are as follows: (continued)

Address	Existing use	Lease term	
Tanglin Mall, Singapore 163 Tanglin Road, Singapore 247933	Commercial rental	Long lease	
Tanglin Place, Singapore 91 Tanglin Road, Singapore 247918	Office and commercial rental	Freehold	

#### 42. Events after the balance sheet date

- (a) In February 2009, a non-wholly owned subsidiary executed a fiveyear US\$50 million project loan agreement with International Finance Corporation. A wholly owned subsidiary also executed a new five-year US\$40 million unsecured bank loan agreement in the same month.
- (b) On 2 January 2009, the Group entered into connected transactions with Kerry Holdings Limited ("KHL") (a substantial shareholder of the Company) and Shang Properties, Inc. ("SPI") (a connected person of the Company) by entering into the Sale and Purchase Agreement to acquire from KHL and its subsidiaries the entire issued share capital of certain property holding companies and related loans; and proposed to enter into other agreements to dispose of approximately 6.05% equity interest in Mactan Shangri-La Hotel & Resort, Inc. ("MSH") (a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company which owns the Shangri-La's Mactan Resort & Spa, Cebu ("Shangri-La Mactan")) to SPI and its subsidiaries. Upon completion of all the agreements, the Group's equity interest in MSH will be reduced to approximately 93.95% and the Group will be entitled to approximately 93.95% economic interests in certain Philippines

property holding companies which own the land sites where the Shangri-La Mactan is built in order to provide an economic hedge in the land leasing expenses to be paid by the Group and to secure sufficient land space in adjacent sites for future expansion and development of Shangri-La Mactan. Under these transactions, the Group will need to make a total payment of approximately US\$29.4 million and MSH will receive approximately US\$8.7 million new capital funds. The Group has already paid approximately US\$29.4 million to acquire the share capital and loans in the property holding companies subsequent to the year end. The transactions for the proposed dilution of approximately 6.05% equity interest in MSH have not been completed as at the approval date of these financial statements.

(c) On 15 January 2009, the Group and the other joint venture parties (Kerry Properties Limited and Allgreen Properties Limited ("APL") (both being connected persons to the Company); and Kuok Brothers Sdn. Bhd.) entered into a cancellation agreement to relinquish their rights to acquire the land use rights of all the acquired sites in Tangshan City in Mainland China. A consortium was formed by the joint venture parties and jointly won the bids at the open bidding to acquire the land use rights of three sites in 2008. The joint venture parties will need to share a total penalty of Renminbi 21 million (approximately US\$3.1 million). On 11 February 2009, the same joint venture parties successfully won the bids at another open bidding to acquire the land use rights of two sites in the same city and entered into a new master joint venture agreement relating to the establishment of joint venture for the acquisition, holding and development of the land sites and terminated the original master joint venture agreement. The maximum total investment shall be Renminbi 2,136 million (approximately US\$312.5 million) and the Group's 20% share is approximately US\$62.5 million. The acquired sites are designated for hotel and residential with ancillary commercial use.

#### 42. Events after the balance sheet date (continued)

(d) On 16 March 2009, the Group entered into a novation deed pursuant to which the rights, title and interests of APL under and in the master joint venture agreement (including but not limited to all APL Group's 15% rights, title and interests in and under part of the land deposit payment of Renminbi 4.5 million already contributed by APL Group for land use rights of a piece of land) in relation to the acquisition, holding and development of a land site in Nanjing City in Mainland China will be transferred and assigned by novation to the Group at a cash consideration of approximately HK\$5.2 million (approximately US\$0.7 million). Pursuant to the master joint venture agreement entered in 2008, each of the Group and APL has 40% and 15% proposed shareholdings in the proposed joint venture respectively. The Group's interest in the master joint venture agreement will be increased to 55% following the completion of the novation and the Group's 55% share of the maximum total investment in the project will be increased to Renminbi 825 million (approximately US\$121 million). The transactions are subject to the Company's independent shareholders' approval.

#### 43. Approval of financial statements

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 17 March 2009.

# FIVE YEAR SUMMARY

The financial summary of the Group for the last five years are as follows:

	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004
	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000
Results					
Profit attributable to:					
Equity holders	165,940	340,863	202,173	150,990	113,518
Non-controlling interests	17,527	33,362	17,156	16,541	9,005
Assets and liabilities					
Total assets	6,922,711	6,101,010	5,075,678	4,263,067	3,720,141
Total liabilities	2,671,323	1,915,682	2,100,354	1,632,853	1,554,697
Total equity	4,251,388	4,185,328	2,975,324	2,630,214	2,165,444

