Annual Report 2005



# **SMI CORPORATION LIMITED** (Provisional Liquidators Appointed)

星美國際集團有限公司\* (已委任臨時清盤人)

(Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability) (Stock Code: 198)

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## **Corporate Information**

## **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

## **Executive Directors**

Mr. Liu Xianbo Ms. Horfuangfung Wei Ho Mr. Li Kai *(Deputy Chairman)* Mr. Hao Bin

## Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. Lam Tak Shing, Harry Mr. Pang Hong Mr. Qiao Zhen Pu

## AUDIT COMMITTEE MEMBERS

Mr. Pang Hong Mr. Qiao Zhen Pu

## JOINT AUDITORS

Messrs. Ting Ho Kwan & Chan *Certified Public Accountants* and Messrs. Cheung & Siu *Certified Public Accountants* 

## **REGISTERED OFFICE**

Clarendon House, Church Street, Hamilton HM 11, Bermuda

## PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

Room 2502, 25th Floor, Sino Plaza, 255-257 Gloucester Road, Causeway Bay, Hong Kong

## SHARE REGISTRARS

Principal Share Registrar in Bermuda Butterfield Fund Services (Bermuda) Limited Rosebank Centre, 11 Bermudiana Road, Pembroke, Bermuda

Branch Share Registrar in Hong Kong Tricor Progressive Limited 26th Floor, Tesbury Centre, 28 Queen's Road East, Wanchai, Hong Kong

## STOCK CODE

198

## WEBSITE

www.equitynet.com.hk/smi

SMI Corporation Limited (Provisional Liquidators Appointed) (the "Company") is an investment holding company and its subsidiaries (collectively the "Group") are principally engaged in (i) theme restaurant operation; and (ii) entertainment business in relation to the production, distribution and licensing of content for movies, television programs and documentaries. For the year ended 31 March 2005, approximately 75.80% (2004: approximately 59.65%) of the Group's turnover was derived mainly from these two business activities.

## APPOINTMENT OF PROVISIONAL LIQUIDATORS

On 18 February 2008, the Bank of China (Hong Kong) Limited ("BOCHK") presented a winding-up petition to the Court of First Instance of the High Court (the "High Court") of Hong Kong Special Administrative Region to wind up the Company because it was unable to pay its debts. On 19 February 2008, BOCHK made an application to the High Court for the appointment of provisional liquidators of the Company.

By order of the Honourable Justice Barma of the High Court dated 20 February 2008 (the "Order"), Mr. Liu Yiu Keung, Stephen and Ms. Chan Wai Hing, both of Ernst & Young Transactions Limited, were appointed the joint and several provisional liquidators (the "Provisional Liquidators") of the Company. Pursuant to the Order, the Provisional Liquidators would, inter alia, take into their custody and protect all the assets of the Group and manage the Group until such time as further order is made.

The Provisional Liquidators initiated steps to have in place a proposal for the application for resumption of trading of the Company's shares on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange").

## **OPERATING PERFORMANCE**

The Group's turnover for the year ended 31 March 2005 was approximately HK\$117,005,000, an increase of approximately HK\$11,191,000 or 11% compared with the turnover for the previous years which was approximately HK\$105,814,000.

It is impracticable to present the Group's segment results for the year ended 31 March 2005 because segment information was not available. An analysis of the Group's turnover is as follows:

	2005 HK\$'000	2004 HK\$'000	Increase/ (Decrease)
			(Decrease)
Entertainment complex and theme restaurant franchising			
income	924	2,149	(57%)
Income from investment in marketable securities	20,945	13,072	60%
Interest income from provision of finance	4,252	4,023	6%
Investment income	-	3,637	(100%)
Movies, television, dramas and documentary production,			
distributing and licensing income	39,343	7,872	400%
Music production income	408	1,250	(67%)
Property income	1,792	18,569	(90%)
Theme restaurant income	49,341	55,242	(11%)
	117,005	105,814	11%

Entertainment complex and theme restaurant franchising income had reduced following the reduction of the number of the Group's restaurant operation. The Group's property income during the year dropped significantly because of the previous deterioration of the property market. However, the Group's movies, television, dramas and documentary production operation had been a success during the year due to the recovery of the economy. The Group had also recorded a loss in its theme restaurant operation in Japan during the year.

The leisure and entertainment industry is highly volatile because it is very much dependent on the economic condition and consumers' willingness to spend. Therefore, the Group's performance would fluctuate vigorously in accordance with changes in market condition. However, it is the Group's long term strategy to diversify its business operations within the leisure and entertainment industry in order to minimise the impacts due to such unstable market environment.

Loss attributable to the Company's shareholders for the year ended 31 March 2005 was approximately HK\$87,871,000, an increase of approximately HK\$73,387,000 or 5.07 times compared to the loss of the previous year which amounted to approximately HK\$14,484,000 for the previous year. The substantial increase in loss for the year was due to increases in cost of sales and administrative expenses and a decrease in other income and gains, net.

The reported loss has also included impairment losses on deposit paid on acquisition of an investment of approximately HK\$22,882,000 (2004: HK\$20,000,000) and impairment losses on interests in associates of approximately HK\$19,779,000 (2004: Nil).

For the year ended 31 March 2005, the loss per share was approximately 28.1 Hong Kong cents (2004: 6.7 Hong Kong cents).

### MATERIAL ACQUISITIONS, DISPOSALS AND IMPAIRMENTS

The Group had the following material acquisitions, disposals and impairments during the year ended 31 March 2005:

- (a) On 24 October 2004, Maximum Choice Limited ("Maximum Choice"), a wholly owned subsidiary of the Group, entered into an agreement with Paul Y. Properties Group Limited, a wholly owned subsidiary of Paul Y.-ITC Construction Holdings Limited which securities are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange, for the disposals of the entire issued share capital of Redcliff Property Corporation ("Redcliff") owned by Maximum Choice together with the non-interest bearing shareholder's loan in the sum of approximately to HK\$72 million extended by Maximum Choice to Redcliff, for a total cash consideration of HK\$12 million.
- (b) On 1 February 2005, Stepwise Investments Limited ("Stepwise"), a wholly owned subsidiary of the Group, entered into an agreement (effective from 2 February 2005) with Alfresco Gold Limited ("Alfresco"), an independent third party owning 65% of Alfaway International Limited ("Alfaway"), for the disposals of Stepwise's 35% of Alfaway together with the shareholder's loan and interest amounting approximately to HK\$22 million as at 31 December 2004 extended by Stepwise to Alfaway to Alfresco, for considerations of HK\$30 million and HK\$18 million respectively.
- (c) 成都星美數碼信息產業有限公司, an associate which was 50% owned by the Group, ceased business in early of 2006 and full impairment against the carrying value of the Group's net investment in 成都星美數碼信息產 業有限公司 in the total sum of approximately HK\$14,069,000 had been made.

- (d) 深圳有生軟件技術有限公司, an associate which was 50% owned by the Group, incurred persistent loss and encountered shortage of working capital. Full impairment against the carrying value of the Group's net investment in 深圳有生軟件技術有限公司 in the total sum of approximately HK\$5,710,000 had been made.
- (e) On 25 August 2004, 星美影院發展有限公司("星美影院發展"), an associate which was 25% owned by the Group, entered into an acquisition agreement (the "Acquisition") with 星美傳媒集團有限公司("星美傳媒") to acquire the latter's 60% equity interest in 中影星美電影院線有限公司("中影星美"), a PRC domestic company engaged in film distribution business in Mainland China, at a consideration of RMB55,000,000 (the "Acquisition"). During the year ended 31 March 2005, 星美影院發展 paid a sum of RMB55,000,000 to 星美傳媒 as deposit for the Acquisition (the "Deposit"). So far, the legal title on 中影星美 has not yet been transferred to the Group because of an existing regulation in the PRC restricting foreign enterprises from holding equity interest in domestic company carrying on film distribution business. By a supplementary agreement signed on 30 April 2008, 星美傳媒 has agreed to refund the Deposit to 星美影院發展 if the Acquisition could not be completed within two years. Further details of the recoverability of this deposit are set out in note 16 to the financial statements.
- (f) On 14 March 2005, Sino Logic Limited ("Sino Logic"), a wholly owned subsidiary of the Group, entered into an agreement (the "Agreement") with 星美傳媒 for the acquisition of 35% additional equity interest in 星美影 院發展 held by 星美傳媒, for a consideration of RMB42 million (the "Additional Acquisition"). In 2005, a sum of approximately HK\$15,555,000 was paid to 星美傳媒 as down payment for the Additional Acquisition (the "Down Payment"). As conditions precedent stipulated in the Agreement had not been fulfilled, the Agreement was declared as no effect on 31 December 2005. On 14 February 2008, a memorandum was signed between Sino Logic and 星美傳媒 for resuming the negotiation for completing the Additional Acquisition.

Apart from the above material disposals and impairments, the Group had the following additional disposals after 31 March 2005:

- (a) On 20 May 2005, Global Step Limited ("Global Step"), a wholly owned subsidiary of the Group, entered into an agreement with Town Health Medical and Dental Services Limited, a wholly owned subsidiary of Town Health International Holdings Company Limited which securities are listed on the Growth Enterprises Market of the Stock Exchange, for the disposal of Global Step's 100% interest in the property situated at Shop 1D, 1st Floor, Fou Wah Centre, 210 Castle Peak Road, Tsuen Wan, New Territories, Hong Kong, for a consideration of HK\$12.8 million.
- (b) On 6 July 2005, Star East Far East Limited ("Star East"), a wholly owned subsidiary of the Group, entered into an agreement with Ultra Way Limited ("Ultra Way"), an independent third party, for the disposals of the entire issued share capital of Cheerfame Limited ("Cheerfame") owned by Star East together with the shareholder's loan amounting approximately to HK\$22 million extended by Star East to Cheerfame, for a total consideration of HK\$5 million.

# FINANCIAL RESOURCES, LIQUIDITY, CAPITAL STRUCTURE, GEARING RATIO AND FOREIGN CURRENCY EXPOSURE

On 3 May 2004, the Company placed 355,000,000 ordinary shares of HK\$0.005 each, through a placing agent, to independent investors at a price of HK\$0.055 per share to provide funding for the existing investments and for future investment opportunities of the Group.

As at 31 March 2005, the Group did not maintain sufficient liquid funds and had net current liabilities of approximately HK\$3,718,000 (2004: net current assets of approximately HK\$85,239,000). If all pledged bank deposits are excluded, the net current liabilities as at 31 March 2005 would amount to approximately HK\$36,380,000 (2004: net current assets of approximately HK\$47,529,000). The net current liabilities as at 31 March 2005 comprises cash and bank balances of approximately HK\$1,402,000 (2004: approximately HK\$40,078,000).

The capital structure of the Group consists of borrowings, cash and cash equivalents and equity attributable to equity holders of the Company, comprising issued share capital and reserves. The Group monitors its liquidity requirements on a short to medium term basis and arranges refinancing of the Group's borrowings when appropriate.

As at 31 March 2005, the Group's total loans and borrowings amounted approximately to HK\$84,422,000 (2004: approximately HK\$178,572,000), of which, approximately HK\$66,341,000 (2004: approximately HK\$136,988,000) was bank loans and borrowings and approximately HK\$18,081,000 (2004: approximately HK\$41,584,000) was other loans and borrowings. The Group's borrowings are principally on a floating rate basis. There was no fixed rate or equity linked bonds and notes issued by the Group.

The Group's gearing ratio as at 31 March 2005 was approximately 45% (2004: 44%), which is calculated on the basis of the Group's total interest bearing debts net of cash and bank balances, pledged deposit and short-term marketable securities over the total equity interest as at 31 March 2005.

The Group has minimal exposure to foreign currency risk as most of its business transactions, assets and liabilities are principally denominated in the functional currencies of the Group entities or United States dollars for Hong Kong dollar functional currency Group entities. The Group currently does not have a foreign currency hedging policy in respect of foreign currency assets and liabilities. The Group will monitor its foreign currency exposure closely and will consider hedging significant foreign currency exposure should the need arise.

When appropriate and at times of interest rate or exchange rate uncertainty or volatility, hedging instruments including swaps and forwards are used by the Group in the management of exposure to interest rate and foreign exchange rate fluctuations.

There has not been any change in the Group's funding and treasury policies and the Group will continue to follow the practice of prudent cash management.

### PROSPECTS

Upon their appointment on 20 February 2008, the Provisional Liquidators, through their financial adviser, have been in discussion with various potential investors while liaising with Strategic Media International Limited, the controlling shareholder of the Company (the "Controlling Shareholder") with a view to restructure the Company and to apply for the resumption of trading of the Company's shares on the Stock Exchange. On 11 March 2008, the Company submitted a resumption proposal to the Listing Division of the Stock Exchange, setting out the principal terms of the proposed restructuring and requesting the Stock Exchange's approval for the resumption of trading of the Company's shares on the Stock Exchange. Subsequently, one set of supplementary information for the resumption proposal was submitted to the Stock Exchange on 9 May 2008.

The proposed restructuring, if successfully implemented, will amongst other things, result in the following:

- (a) an acquisition of a cinema business to be settled by way of the issuance of consideration shares of the Company;
- (b) an open offer giving rise to gross proceeds of approximately HK\$94.2 million;
- (c) the setting up of café bars in the PRC;
- (d) an increase in the authorised share capital of the Company;
- (e) all the creditors of the Company being repaid in full;
- (f) reorganisation of the Group's operations by disposing part of its inactive subsidiaries; and
- (g) trading of the Company's shares on the Stock Exchange being resumed upon completion of the proposed restructuring.

The Company also intends to streamline its business and concentrate its activities in areas where growth opportunities exist for the Group.

### **BUSINESS OUTLOOK**

Looking ahead, the Group will concentrate on the businesses of (i) theme restaurant operation; and (ii) entertainment business in relation to the production, distribution and licensing of content for movies, television programs and documentaries.

Apart from the continuous efforts to monitor the market development, restructure and streamlining the business operations so as to improve the financial status of the Group and enhance its business performance, the management of the Company is actively looking for business opportunities to expand the Group's businesses and to widen the Group's income streams.

## PLEDGE OF ASSETS

As at 31 March 2005:

- (a) the Group's investment property with an aggregate carrying value of approximately HK\$12,800,000 was pledged to banks to secure credit facilities granted to the Group; and
- (b) the Group's bank deposits of approximately HK\$32,662,000 (2004: HK\$37,710,000) were pledged to banks to secure credit facilities granted to the Group.

On 15 November 2004, the Group entered into a share mortgage agreement (the "Share Mortgage Agreement") with ITC Management Limited ("ITC"). Pursuant to the Share Mortgage Agreement, the Group has agreed to pledge its 100% interest in Fung Ming Venture Limited, 50% interest in Canaria Holding Limited, 40% interest in Applause Holdings Limited and 100% interest in Cheerfame Limited held by the Company's subsidiaries in favour of ITC as security (the "Share Mortgage") to secure a loan of HK\$15,000,000 granted by ITC to the Group. Subsequent to 31 March 2005, the Share Mortgage was discharged on 23 October 2006 with all the shares pledged being released.

### **CONTINGENT LIABILITIES**

On 9 April 2008, Planet Hollywood International, Inc. (the "PHI") obtained a declaratory judgement (the "Declaratory Judgement") against the Company in the Circuit Court of the Ninth Judicial Circuit In and For Orange County, Florida (the "US Court") for damages based on a breach of the settlement agreement, namely, the term sheet dated 7 February 2005 (the "Term Sheet") entered into between, amongst others, PHI and the Company. Pursuant to the Declaratory Judgement, the US Court ordered the Company to pay to PHI damages including, but not limited to actual damages, lost profits, loss business opportunities, interest, attorneys' fees and costs in the total sum of US\$6,173,497.61 ("the Claim").

According to a legal opinion obtained by the Company, the likelihood of PHI eventually making a successful recovery of an amount of damages from the Company based on the breach of the Term Sheet is slim, given the nature of the Claim upon which the Notice of Claim was filed and given the legal requirements for PHI in applying for leave to issue proceedings against a company being wound up.

## COMMITMENTS

The Group had no significant capital commitment as at 31 March 2005.

Details of the Group's operating lease commitments as at 31 March 2005 are set out in note 35 to the financial statements.

### EMPLOYEES AND REMUNERATION POLICIES

As at 31 March 2005, the Group had 39 employees (2004: 242). Employee remuneration, excluding directors' remuneration, for the year ended 31 March 2005 was approximately HK\$36,380,000 (2004: approximately HK\$34,167,000). The pay scale of the Group's employees is maintained at a competitive level and the employees are rewarded on a performance-related basis within the general framework of the Group's salary and bonus system, which is reviewed annually.

### SUSPENSION OF TRADING

At the request of the Company, trading in the shares of the Company was suspended from 11:04 a.m. on 28 April 2005 and will remain suspended until further notice.

## **Biographical Information of Directors**

### **EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS**

**Mr. Liu Xianbo**, aged 44, is currently a lawyer of China Commercial Law Co. Mr. Liu has been qualified as a lawyer for 20 years and as law consultant for hundreds of enterprises, listed companies and financial institutions. Mr Liu also took part in strategy planning and drafting of legal documents of investment decision, initial listing merging, reorganization, financing and bankruptcy. He has extensive experience in corporate management.

**Ms. Horfuangfung Wei Ho**, aged 45, is currently the financial director-general of Hopsang Holdings Limited in charge of the financial operation of the company's subsidiaries. Ms. Ho had been the manager of the financial and trading department of 泰國五邑國際貿易公司 for 4 years. She graduated from South China University of Technology. Ms. Ho has extensive experience in property development, capital organization, debt reorganization, corresponding legal regulation, tax policies and the operation of listed companies.

**Mr. Li Kai**, aged 47, graduated from the Post-graduate School of the Chinese Institute of Social Science. Mr. Li has over 15 years of experience in corporate management both in the PRC and in the USA. Prior to joining the Company, he was the President of Dongfeng Hongtai Investments Holdings Limited, a property investment company in Beijing, PRC.

**Mr. Hao Bin**, aged 44, graduated in the faculty of News in the Beijing Broadcasting College. Mr. Hao has been engaged as the general manager in an enterprise carrying on media business in Beijing.

## INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

**Mr. Lam Tak Shing, Harry**, aged 47, joined the Company as an independent non-executive director in December 1998. Mr. Lam holds a bachelor's degree and a master's degree in Business Administration. He has over 27 years' experience in the accounting and finance field, with wide exposure to businesses of different nature.

**Mr. Pang Hong**, aged 54, has over 28 years of experience working for enterprises in the PRC as well as PRC government authorities. Mr. Pang was a deputy general manager of Beijing Electrical Industry Corporation and deputy director of the Liaison Office of Taiwan, Hong Kong, Macao Compatriot and Overseas Chinese Affairs of the National Committee of the Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference (CPPCC). After finishing further studies for three years in the USA, Mr. Pang moved to, and started his career in Hong Kong in 1991. He is well versed with the investment environments in Hong Kong and in the PRC and has extensive experience in the management of both Hong Kong and PRC corporations. He has been a director of numerous Sino-foreign joint venture companies in the PRC.

**Mr. Qiao Zhen Pu**, aged 50, graduated from University of Shanghai for Science and Technology and has over 14 years' experience in the real estate industry in the PRC. Mr. Qiao is a director of Beijing Real Estate Association and a researcher of Western China Economics Institute.

The directors of the Company present their annual report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2005.

## CHANGE OF COMPANY NAME

Pursuant to a special resolution passed at the special general meeting held on 14 April 2004, the name of the Company was changed from Star East Holdings Limited to SMI Corporation Limited, and the Chinese name adopted by the Company for identification purpose was changed from 東方魅力集團有限公司 to 星美國際集團有限公司.

## **PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES**

The Company is an investment holding company. The activities of its principal subsidiaries, associates and jointly controlled entities are respectively set out in notes 40, 16 and 17 to the financial statements.

## RESULTS

The loss of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2005 and the state of the Group's affairs as at that date are set out in the financial statements on pages 32 to 100.

## DIVIDEND

No dividend was paid during the year. The directors do not recommend the payment of a final dividend in respect of the year ended 31 March 2005.

## TRANSFER TO RESERVES

At a special general meeting of the Company held on 30 September 2004, resolutions approving a capital reorganisation were passed and the following took effect on 4 October 2004:

- (a) the share premium account of the Company had been reduced by HK\$200,000,000 and transferred to contributed surplus; and
- (b) the transfer of the credit arising from the reduction of share premium account as mentioned in (a) above and an appropriate amount from the contributed surplus account to set-off the deficit of the Company by approximately HK\$315,750,000.

Details of the movements in share premium and other reserves of the Group during the year are set out in note 28 to the financial statements.

### MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

The aggregate sales and purchases attributable to the Group's five largest customers and suppliers respectively during the year were less than 30% of the Group's turnover and cost of sales.

### FIXED ASSETS

Details of the movements in fixed assets of the Group during the year are set out in note 13 to the financial statements.

#### **INVESTMENT PROPERTIES**

During the year, the Group revalued its investment property at the balance sheet date and the loss arising on revaluation of HK\$200,000 has been recognized in the income statement.

Details of the movements in investment properties of the Group during the year are set out in note 14 to the financial statements.

Particulars of the Group's property interests as at 31 March 2005 are set out on page 102 in this annual report.

## BANK LOANS AND OTHER BORROWINGS

Particulars of bank loans and other borrowings of the Group as at 31 March 2005 are set out in note 29 to the financial statements.

## SHARE CAPITAL

Details of the movements in share capital of the Company during the year are set out in note 26 to the financial statements.

There were no purchases, sales or redemptions of the Company's listed securities by the Company or any of its subsidiaries during the year.

## DIRECTORS

The directors of the Company during the year and up to the date of this report were:

## **Executive directors:**

Mr. Liu Xianbo	(appointed as executive director on 5 July 2007)
Ms. Horfuangfung Wei Ho	(appointed as executive director on 5 July 2007)
Mr. Li Kai <i>(Deputy Chairman)</i>	(appointed as executive director and deputy chairman on 30 September 2004)
Mr. Hao Bin	(appointed as executive director on 24 May 2005)
Mr. Xing Jing	(resigned as chairman and appointed as deputy chairman on 19 October 2004, resigned as executive director and deputy chairman on 13 December 2005)
Mr. Tsang Chi Wai, Eric	(resigned as executive director and deputy chairman on 12 June 2006)
Mr. Chan Pak Cheung, Natalis	(resigned as executive director and deputy chairman on 22 August 2005)
Mr. Wong Kun To	(resigned as executive director and managing director on 1 July 2005)
Mr. Li Wei	(resigned as executive director on 6 May 2005)
Mr. Ren Jian Hong	(resigned as executive director on 16 September 2005)
Mr. Wu Jia Hong	(appointed as executive director on 6 October 2004 and resigned as executive director on 6 January 2005)
Mr. Qin Hong	(appointed as executive director and chairman on 19 October 2004 and resigned as executive director and chairman on 18 June 2007)
Non-executive directors:	
Mr. Jiang Kun	(resigned as non-executive director on 30 September 2004)
Ms. Dong Fang Fang	(resigned as non-executive director on 30 September 2004)
Independent non-executive direct	ors:
Mr. Au Chun Kwok, Augustus Mr. Lam Tak Shing, Harry	(resigned as independent non-executive director on 20 October 2004)
Mr. Pang Hong	(appointed as independent non-executive director and audit committee member on 28 September 2004)

member on 28 September 2004)

(appointed as independent non-executive director and audit committee

Mr. Qiao Zhen Pu

## **DIRECTORS** (Continued)

In accordance with bye-laws 86(2), 87(1) and 87(2) of the Company's bye-laws, Ms. Horfuangfung Wei Ho, Messrs. Liu Xianbo, Li Kai, Hao Bin, Lam Tak Shing, Harry, Pang Hong and Qiao Zhen Pu will retire and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

The following directors have service contracts with the Company:

		Annual
Name	Position	remuneration
		HK\$
Mr. Qin Hong	Chairman	1,440,000
Mr. Xing Jing	Deputy chairman	600,000
Mr. Li Kai	Deputy chairman	720,000
Mr. Tsang Chi Wai, Eric	Deputy chairman and chief content officer	600,000

All of the above service contracts have no fixed term, continue on a month-to-month basis and can be terminated by either party by giving, in the case of Messrs. Qin Hong, Xing Jing and Li Kai, three months' notice and in the case of Mr. Tsang Chi Wai, one month notice. All annual remuneration packages were determined on arm's length negotiations between the parties based on their respective contribution to and responsibilities in the Company.

No director proposed for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting has an unexpired service contract which is not determinable by the Company or any of its subsidiaries within one year without payment of compensation, other than normal statutory compensation.

# DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES

The directors of the Company who held office at 31 March 2005 had the following interests in the shares of the Company, its holding company, subsidiaries and other associated corporations (within the meaning of the Securities and Futures Ordinance ("SFO")) at that date as recorded in the register of directors' and chief executives' interests and short positions required to be kept under section 352 of the SFO:

## (a) Interests in issued shares

		Ordinary shares of HK\$0.10 each					
	Personal interests	Family interests	Corporate interests	Trustee interests	Total number of shares held	% of total issued shares	
Beneficial interests							
Mr. Tsang Chi Wai, Eric	19,700	_	_	_	19,700	0.06%	
Mr. Chan Pak Cheung, Natalis	19,700	_	_	_	19,700	0.06%	

# DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES (Continued)

## (b) Interests in underlying shares

The directors of the Company have been granted options under the Company's share option scheme, details of which are set out under "Share Option Scheme" below.

Apart from the foregoing, none of the directors of the Company or any of their spouses or children under eighteen years of age has interests or short positions in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company, or any of its holding company, subsidiaries and other associated corporations, as recorded in the register required to be kept under section 352 of the SFO or as otherwise notified to the Company pursuant to Appendix 10: "Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers" (the "Model Code") of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules").

### SHARE OPTION SCHEME

On 28 August 2002, the Company adopted a share option scheme (the "Scheme") under which the directors of the Company may at its discretion offer to any director (including non-executive director), employee and contracted celebrity, consultant, adviser or agent of any member of the Group or any entity in which the Group holds an equity interests (the "Eligible Person(s)") of the Company and/or its subsidiaries options to subscribe for shares in the Company in accordance with the terms of the Scheme. The principal purpose of the Scheme is to recognise the significant contributions of the eligible persons to the growth of the Group.

The total number of shares which may be issued upon exercise of all options to be granted under the Scheme and any other share option schemes of the Company cannot exceed 10% of the issued share capital as at 28 August 2002, i.e. 245,137,515 shares unless a fresh approval from the shareholders of the Company has been obtained. However, the maximum number of shares which may be issued upon exercise of all outstanding options granted and yet to be exercised under the Scheme and any other share option schemes of the Company cannot in aggregate exceed 30% of the issued share capital of the Company from time to time.

The total number of shares issued and may be issued upon exercise of the options granted to each Eligible Person under the Scheme and any other share option schemes of the Company (including exercised, cancelled and outstanding options) in any 12-month period must not exceed 1% of the issued share capital of the Company.

Options granted under the Scheme must be accepted within 28 days from the date of grant. Upon acceptance, the grantee is required to pay HK\$1 to the Company as consideration for the grant.

The subscription price for the shares under the Scheme must be a price determined by the directors of the Company at its absolute discretion but cannot be less than the highest of: (i) the closing prices of the shares of the Company as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheet on the offer date; (ii) the average closing price of the shares of the Company as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheets for the five business days immediately preceding the offer date; and (iii) the nominal value of a share of the Company.

### SHARE OPTION SCHEME (Continued)

The Scheme will remain in force for a period of 10 years commencing on 28 August 2002, after which no further options shall be granted but the options which are granted during the life of the Scheme may continue to be exercisable in accordance with their terms of issue and, in all other respects, the provisions of the Scheme shall remain in full force and effect.

At 31 March 2005, the directors of the Company had the following interests in options to subscribe for shares of the Company (market value per share at 31 March 2006 was HK\$0.90) granted under the Scheme. The options are unlisted. Each option gives the holder the right to subscribe for one ordinary share of HK\$0.10 (after consolidation) each of the Company.

					Number of underlying share comprised in the options		
Name of director	Date of option granted	Exercisable period	Exercise price HK\$	Consolidated exercise price HK\$	Number of shares Outstanding as at 1.4.2004	consolidated during the year	Outstanding as at 31.3.2005
Mr. Xing Jing	26.7.2003	28.1.2004 to 27.1.2007	0.033	0.33	43,000,000	(40,850,000)	2,150,000
Mr. Tsang Chi Wai, Eric	26.7.2003	28.1.2004 to 27.1.2007	0.033	0.33	35,000,000	(33,250,000)	1,750,000
Mr. Chan Pak Cheung, Natalis	13.2.2004	13.8.2004 to 12.8.2007	0.067	0.67	10,000,000	(9,500,000)	500,000
Mr. Wong Kun To	28.7.2003	28.1.2004 to 27.1.2007	0.033	0.33	33,000,000	(31,350,000)	1,650,000
Mr. Li Wei	28.7.2003	28.1.2004 to 27.1.2007	0.033	0.33	43,000,000	(40,850,000)	2,150,000
Mr. Ren Jian Hong	13.2.2004	13.8.2004 to 12.8.2007	0.067	0.67	18,000,000	(17,100,000)	900,000
					182,000,000	(172,900,000)	9,100,000

The options granted to the directors are registered under the names of the directors who are also the beneficial owners.

No share option granted to the above directors under the Scheme was exercised, lapsed or cancelled during the year. In addition, no new share option was granted to any directors of the Company under the Scheme during the year.

No charge is recognised in the consolidated income statement in respect of the value of options granted under the Scheme.

At 31 March 2005, there were a total of 12,250,000 shares (after consolidated on the basis of every twenty ordinary shares being consolidated into one ordinary share of HK\$0.10), representing 3.9% of the shares of the Company in issue at that date, in respect of outstanding share options which were granted under the Scheme.

## SHARE OPTION SCHEME (Continued)

Apart from the foregoing, at no time during the year was the Company, or any of its holding company, subsidiaries or fellow subsidiaries a party to any arrangement to enable the directors of the Company to acquire benefits by means of acquisition of shares in or debentures of the Company or any other body corporate.

# SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' AND OTHER PERSONS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES

The Company has been notified of the following interests in the Company's issued shares at 31 March 2005 amounting to 5% or more of the ordinary shares in issue:

			Total numb ordinary shar	% of total	
Substantial shareholders	Registered shareholders	Corporate interests	long position	short position	issued shares
Mr. Qin Hui	_	153,244,526	153,244,526 <sup>(Note)</sup>	_	48.79%
Strategic Media International Limited ("SMIL")	153,244,526	_	153,244,526	_	48.79%

Note: Mr. Qin Hui owned the entire interest in SMIL and was accordingly deemed to be having the same interests in the shares as SMIL.

Apart from the foregoing, no other interests required to be recorded in the register kept under section 336 of the SFO have been notified to the Company.

## DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN COMPETING BUSINESS

Interests of the directors of the Company in competing businesses required to be disclosed pursuant to Rule 8.10 of the Listing Rules are as follows:

Name of director	Name of company	Nature of competing business	Nature of interest
Mr. Qin Hong	Stellar Megamedia Group Limited and its subsidiaries	Movies, television dramas and documentary production, distribution and licensing in the PRC Talent management in the PRC	As chairman and executive director

## DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN COMPETING BUSINESS (Continued)

Name of director	Name of company	Nature of competing business	Nature of interest
Mr. Xing Jing	Stellar Megamedia Group Limited and its subsidiaries	Movies, television dramas and documentary production, distribution and licensing in the PRC Talent management in the PRC	As executive director
Mr. Li Wei	Stellar Film & Television Culture Investment Co., Limited	Movies, television dramas and documentary production, distribution and licensing in the PRC	As executive director
	Beijing Stellar Talent Management Co., Limited	Talent management in the PRC	As executive director
	Beijing Huaxia Culture Co., Limited	Movies, television dramas and documentary production, distribution and licensing in the PRC	As executive director
Mr. Ren Jian Hong	China Film & Stellar Theater Chain Co., Limited	Theater management in the PRC	As chairman and executive director
	Shanghai Stellar Zhenda Cineplex Co., Limited	Theater management in the PRC	As chairman and executive director
Mr. Hao Bin	Stellar Megamedia Group Limited and its subsidiaries	Movies, television dramas and documentary production, distribution and licensing in the PRC Talent management in the PRC	As executive director
	China Film & Stellar Theater Chain Co., Limited	Theater management in the PRC	As executive director

### DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN COMPETING BUSINESS (Continued)

Having considered (i) the nature, scope and size of the above businesses as compared to those of the Group; and (ii) the nature and extent of the above-named directors' respective interest in these businesses, the directors of the Company believe that there is unlikely to be any significant competition with the businesses of the Group.

Apart from the foregoing, none of the directors of the Company is interested in any business which competes or is likely to compete, either directly or indirectly, with the businesses of the Group.

## CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

For the purpose of realigning the Group's business interests, subsidiaries of the Group had entered into sale and purchase agreements with the Controlling Shareholder on 26 March 2004 to dispose of the Group's 18.36% and 26.91% interest in SMI Publishing Group Limited (formerly known as Leadership Publishing Limited) and M Channel Corporation Limited, respectively, to the Controlling Shareholder, together with the shareholder's loan advanced by the Group to M Channel, at a total consideration of approximately HK\$27.3 million. These transactions were duly approved by the shareholders of the Company in a special general meeting held on 11 May 2004.

## SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the directors of the Company as at the date of this annual report, the Company has maintained the prescribed public float under the Listing Rules.

### **DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN CONTRACTS**

No contract of significance to which the Company, or any of its holding company, subsidiaries or fellow subsidiaries was a party, and in which a director of the Company had a material interest, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

## DISCLOSURE UNDER RULE 13.22 OF THE LISTING RULES

The total value of the amounts due from the Group's affiliated companies in respect of advances made by the Group was approximately HK\$58,763,000 as at 31 March 2005, representing more than 8% of the percentage ratios defined under the Listing Rules. Details of these amounts are set out in notes 16 and 17 to the financial statements.

It is not practicable to prepare the combined balance sheet of the Group's affiliated companies as information of certain affiliated companies is not available to the Group.

### **PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS**

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Company's bye-laws, or the laws of Bermuda which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro-rata basis to existing shareholders.

### FIVE YEAR SUMMARY

A summary of the results of the assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five financial years is set out on page 101 of the annual report.

### **RETIREMENT BENEFITS SCHEMES**

Details of the Group's retirement benefit schemes are set out in note 33 to the financial statements.

### POST BALANCE SHEET EVENTS

Details of significant events occurred after the balance sheet date are set out in note 41 to the financial statements.

### CONFIRMATION OF INDEPENDENCE

The Company has received from Mr. Pang Hong, an independent non-executive director of the Company, an annual confirmation of independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules and considers him to be independent.

The Company has not received from each of Messrs. Lam Tak Shing, Harry and Qiao Zhen Pu, independent nonexecutive directors of the Company, an annual confirmation of independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules and are unable to consider whether they are independent.

## AUDITORS

The financial statements were jointly audited by Messrs. Ting Ho Kwan & Chan and Messrs. Cheung & Siu.

By order of the Board

Pang Hong Executive Director

Hong Kong, 4 July 2008

The Company is committed to maintaining good corporate governance standard and procedures to ensure the integrity, transparency and quality of disclosure in enhancing the shareholders' value.

## CODE ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

During the year ended 31 March 2005, the Company was in compliance with the principles of good governance (the "Principles") and code provisions (the "Code Provisions") set out in Appendix 14: "Code on Corporate Governance Practices" (the "Code") of the Listing Rules, except for the following:

- 1. Due to practical reasons, 14 days' advanced notifications have not been given to all meetings of the board of directors of the Company (the "Board"). Reasons have not been given in the notifications in respect of those meetings of the Board where it is not practical to give 14 days' advanced notification. The directors of the Company will give 14 days' advanced notifications of regular Board meeting to give all directors of the Company an opportunity to attend and use its best endeavour to give reasonable notices for all other Board meetings (Code Provisions A.1.3);
- 2. Non-executive directors of the Company were not appointed for a specific term but were subject to retirement by rotation at the Company's annual general meeting in accordance with the bye-law of the Company (Code Provision A.4.1);
- 3. No remuneration committee was established to review directors' remuneration policy and other remuneration related matters. The directors of the Company will, as soon as practicable, establish a remuneration committee with specific written reference which deal clearly with its authorities and duties (Code Provision B.1.1); and
- 4. The directors of the Company did not maintain sound and effective internal controls to safeguard the Company's shareholders' investment and the Company's assets. In this regard, the directors of the Company will at least annually conduct a review of the effectiveness of the system of internal control of the Group (Code Provision C.2.1).

Save as those mentioned above, in the opinion of the directors of the Company, the Company had met with the Code Provisions during the year ended 31 March 2005.

### COMPLIANCE WITH THE MODEL CODE

The directors of the Company have not adopted a code of conduct regarding directors' securities transactions on terms no less exacting than the required standard set out in the Model Code. However, the directors of the Company will, as soon as practicable, adopted such code of conduct and request all directors of the Company to comply with it.

## **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

The Board is responsible for the leadership and control of the Company and oversee the Group's businesses, strategic decisions and performance. The senior management were delegated with the authorities and responsibilities by the Board for the day-to-day operations of the Group while reserving certain key matters for the approval of the Board. In addition, the Board has also delegated various responsibilities to committees of the Board. Further details of these committees are set out in this corporate governance report.

The Board currently consist of seven directors including four executive directors and three independent non-executive directors:

### **Executive directors**

Mr. Liu Xianbo Ms. Horfuangfung Wei Ho Mr. Li Kai *(Deputy Chairman)* Mr. Hao Bin

### Independent non-executive directors

Mr. Lam Tak Shing, Harry Mr. Pang Hong Mr. Qiao Zhen Pu

The Board members have no financial, business, family or other material or relevant relationships with each other. A balanced composition of directors is formed to ensure the existence of a strong independency across the Board and to meet with the recommended practice under the Code for the Board to have at least one-third of its members comprises independent non-executive directors of the Company. The biographical information of the directors of the Company is set out on page 9 of this annual report under the section "Biographical Information of Directors".

## Chairman and chief executive officer

The two positions are held separately by two individuals to ensure their respective independencies, accountabilities and responsibilities. While the chairman is in-charge with the leadership of the directors of the Company and strategies planning of the Group, the chief executive officer is responsible for the day-to-day management of the Group's business.

As at the date of this annual report, the directors of the Company have not yet appointed a chairman.

### Independent non-executive directors

The three independent non-executive directors of the Company are persons of high calibre. With their experiences gained from various sectors, they provide strong supports towards the effective discharge of their duties and responsibilities of the directors of the Company. Each independent non-executive director is required to give an annual confirmation of his/her independence to the Company for the Company's consideration of his/her independency under Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules.

The independent non-executive directors of the Company were not appointed for a specific term but were subject to retirement by rotation at the Company's annual general meeting in accordance with the bye-law of the Company.

### **BOARD MEETINGS**

Board minutes are kept by the secretary of the Company (the "Secretary") and are open for inspection by the directors of the Company. Every director is entitled to have access to Board papers and related materials and has unrestricted access to the advice and services of the Secretary, and has the liberty to seek external professional advice if so required.

### **INTERNAL CONTROL**

The directors of the Company are entrusted with an overall responsibility of devising the Company's system of internal controls and conducting an annual review of its effectiveness. This ensures that the directors of the Company oversee and monitor the Group's overall financial position so that the interests of the shareholders are well protected and covered. The system of internal controls covers the areas of financial, operational, compliance and risk management of the Group's business.

In March 2008, the Company engaged an independent consultant to conduct a review of the Company's system of internal controls in order to assist the Company to design appropriate internal control policies and procedures with a view to ensure compliance of the Listing Rules as well as the Principles and Code Provision. The review is still in progress.

With respect to procedures and internal controls for the handling of and dissemination of price-sensitive information:

- the Company is fully aware of its obligations under the Listing Rules;
- the Company conducts its affairs with close regards to the "Guide on disclosure of Price-sensitive information" issued by the Stock Exchange; and
- through channels such as financial reporting and public announcements, the Company has implemented and disclosed its policy on fair disclosure by pursuing broad, non-exclusionary distribution of information to the public.

### AUDIT COMMITTEE

The main functions of an audit committee is to recommend to the Board on the appointment, reappointment and removal of the external auditors; to approve the remuneration and terms of engagement of the external auditors as well as any questions of resignation or dismissal of such auditors; to review the interim and annual reports and accounts of the Group; and to oversee the Company's financial reporting system and internal control procedures.

Since the directors of the Company have not appointed sufficient members to constitute an audit committee, the Company's audited financial results for the year ended 31 March 2005 have not been reviewed by an audit committee. However, the directors of the Company will, as soon as practicable, establish an audit committee with clear terms of reference pursuant to the Listing Rules.

#### NOMINATION OF DIRECTORS

In considering the nomination of new directors of the Company, the Board will take into account the qualification, ability, working experience, leadership and professional ethics of the candidates, especially their experience in the media industry and/or other professional area.

As the full Board is responsible for the selection and approval of candidate for appointment as director of the Company, the Company has not established a nomination committee for the time being.

### **REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS**

A remuneration committee, the majority of its members should be independent non-executive directors of the Company, is mainly responsible for making recommendations to the Board on the remuneration system of the Company. The remuneration committee should consult the chairman and/or chief executive officer of the Company about their proposals relating to the remuneration of other executive directors of the Company and have access to professional advice of considered necessary.

As the Company has not established a remuneration committee, the directors of the Company will, as soon as practicable, establish a remuneration committee with specific terms of reference which deal clearly with its authorities and duties.

The Company adopted a share option scheme on 28 August 2002. The purpose of the share option scheme is to enable the Board, at its discretion, to grant options to eligible participants, including the directors of the Company, as incentives or rewards for their contributions to the Group.

Details of the share option scheme are set out in the directors' report on pages 10 to 19 of this annual report and note 27 to the financial statements.

### AUDITORS' REMUNERATION

During the year ended 31 March 2005, the remuneration in respect of audit services provided by the Company's auditors, is set out below:

Services rendered	Fee paid/ payable HK\$
Audit services	2,685,000

## DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company acknowledges its responsibility to prepare the Company's financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and in representing the interim and annual financial statements, and announcements to shareholders, the directors of the Company aim at presenting a balanced, cleared and comprehensive assessment of the Company's performance, position and prospects.

The respective responsibilities of the directors and auditors of the Company in preparing the financial statements are set out in the independent auditors' report on pages 25 to 31 of this annual report.

## TING HO KWAN & CHAN

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS (PRACTISING)





## To the members of SMI Corporation Limited (Provisional Liquidators Appointed)

(Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability)

We were engaged to audit the consolidated financial statements of SMI Corporation Limited (Provisional Liquidators Appointed) (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") set out on pages 32 to 100, which comprise the consolidated balance sheet as at 31st March, 2005, and the consolidated income statement and the consolidated statement of changes in equity for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes.

## DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation and the true and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRS") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. This responsibility includes designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to the preparation and the true and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies; and making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances.

### AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITY

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit and to report our opinion solely to you, as a body, in accordance with Section 90 of the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. Except for the limitation in the scope of our work as explained below, we conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing issued by the HKICPA. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance as to whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement. However, because of the matters described in the basis for disclaimer of opinion paragraphs, we were not able to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence to provide a basis for an audit opinion.

# BASIS FOR DISCLAIMER OF OPINION AND QUALIFIED OPINION ARISING FROM DISAGREEMENT ABOUT ACCOUNTING TREATMENTS

- (i) As explained in note 2(b) to the financial statements:
  - the financial statements do not contain a statement of cash flows for the year ended 31st March, 2005. This is not in accordance with the requirements of Hong Kong Accounting Standard ("HKAS") 7 "Cash Flow Statements" issued by the HKICPA.
  - the financial statements do not contain the financial information by segments for the year ended 31st March, 2005. This is not in accordance with the requirements of HKAS 14 "Segment Reporting" issued by the HKICPA.
  - the financial statements do not present and disclose information relating to the discontinued operations and disposals of non-current assets (or disposal groups). This is not in accordance with the requirements of HKFRS 5 "Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations" issued by the HKICPA.
  - the following disclosures have not been made in the financial statements:
    - i Information about the extent and nature of the financial instruments as required by HKAS 32: "Financial Instruments: Disclosure and Presentation";
    - ii Details of the Group's policy in respect of the financial risk management as required by HKAS 32: "Financial Instruments: Disclosure and Presentation";
    - iii Information of Deferred taxation and taxation charge reconciliation as required by HKAS 12: "Income Taxes";
    - iv Details of directors' and employees' emoluments as required by The Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange and the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance;
    - v Details for the unrecognised share of losses of associates as required by HKAS 28: "Investments in Associates";
    - vi Comparative figures for summarised financial information of associates as required by HKAS 28: "Investments in Associates"; and
    - vii Comparative figures for summarised financial information of jointly controlled entities as required by HKAS 31: "Interests in Joint Ventures".

- (ii) Included in the consolidated balance sheet as at 31st March, 2005, there was an investment in associate, 成 都星美數碼信息產業有限公司("成都星美數碼"), which was acquired by the Group in 2004, with carrying value of approximately HK\$14,069,000. We are informed by the directors that 成都星美數碼 was ceased business in early of 2006 and all the books and records could not be located due to the managements have left. As explained in note 16(a)(i) to the financial statements, in the opinion of the directors, full allowance for impairment against this investment was considered necessary for the reasons stated therein. Because of the above limitation, we are unable to comment on whether the amount of impairment loss made is appropriate, and the carrying value of this investment was fairly stated in the consolidated balance sheet.
- (iii) As explained in note 16(a)(2) to the financial statements, and included in the Group's interests in associates is the Group's share of net assets of an associate, Applause Holdings Limited ("Applause"), of HK\$5,142,000 as stated in the consolidated balance sheet as at 31st March, 2005 and the Group's share of its net profit of HK\$664,000 as shown in the consolidated income statement for the year then ended, which were derived from the unaudited management accounts of Applause. However, no management accounts have been provided to us by the Group. In the absence of all necessary information and documentary evidence from the associate, we have not been able to perform audit procedures that we consider necessary to satisfy ourselves as to the carrying amount of the Group's interest in Applause of approximately HK5,142,000 as at 31st March, 2005 and the Group's share of its net profit of HK\$664,000 for the year then ended. Accordingly, we are also unable to obtain sufficient reliable evidence to satisfy ourselves as to whether any impairment on the goodwill arising from the acquisition of Applause with carrying value of HK\$2,010,000 is necessary and whether the goodwill is fairly stated in the consolidated financial statements as at 31st March 2005.

In addition, because of the above limitation, we are unable to satisfy ourselves as to the recoverability of the amount due from Applause of approximately HK\$15,002,000 as at 31st March, 2005. There were no other satisfactory audit procedures that we could adopt to satisfy ourselves that the amounts referred to the above were free from material misstatement.

- (iv) Included in the Group's interests in associates as at 31st March, 2005 is the Group's share of net assets of 星 美影院發展有限公司 and its subsidiaries (collectively the "Stellar Cinema Group") of HK\$22,194,000. We have reviewed the financial statements of Stellar Cinema Group and found that there are possible effects of scope limitations in respect of the following:-
  - (a) the recoverability of deposit paid by the Stellar Cinema Group of RMB55,000,000 (approximately equivalent to HK51,838,000) for the acquisition of 60% equity interest in 中影星美電影院線有限公司 as detailed in note 16(b)(i) to the financial statements;
  - (b) the necessity of provision for the possible non-recovery of the counterclaim amount of RMB9,799,000 (approximately equivalent to HK\$9,236,000) for damages as a result of providing a performance guarantee as detailed in note 16(b)(ii) to the financial statements; and
  - (c) the recoverability of the long outstanding accounts receivable of approximately RMB351,000 (approximately equivalent to HK\$331,000) as at 31st March, 2005.

As explained in note 16(b)(i) to the financial statements, in the opinion of the Company's directors, no allowance for impairment of these deposit, counterclaim and receivables was considered necessary for the reasons stated therein. We are unable either to obtain sufficient reliable information or to carry out any alternative auditing procedures to satisfy ourselves as to the carrying value of the Group's share of net assets of the Stellar Cinema Group included in the consolidated balance sheet as at 31st March, 2005.

- (v) As explained in note 18 to the financial statements and included in the consolidated balance sheet as at 31st March, 2005 is a deposit of approximately HK\$42,882,000 paid for acquisition of an investment. An allowance of HK\$20,000,000 had been made in previous year and an additional allowance of approximately HK\$22,882,000 has been made during the year and included in the consolidated income statement for the year ended 31st March, 2005. We are unable to obtain any documentary evidence or explanations for the appropriateness of this full amount of allowance made against the deposit as at the balance sheet date. There were no other satisfactory audit procedures that we could adopt to satisfy ourselves that the amount referred to above was free from material misstatement. Furthermore, we have not been able to obtain documentary evidence to substantiate the validity and existence in relation to this deposit as at 31st March, 2005.
- (vi) The operation of 上海東魅餐飲娛樂有限公司 ("上海東魅"), a former subsidiary of the Group, was subcontracted to a third party during the year. According to the subcontracting agreements, the Group forfeited its rights to exercise significant influence over the financial and operating policy decisions of 上海東 魅 in return for fixed guaranteed annual subcontracting fee of approximately RMB6,000,000. The Directors considered that the current year subcontracting fee income receivable of RMB6,000,000 is unlikely to be recovered based on the reason stated in note 19 to the financial statements and therefore has not been recognised in the consolidated income statement. However, we are unable to obtain sufficient information and explanations so as to assess the appropriateness of the accounting treatment adopted by the Group.
- (vii) As explained in note 21 to the financial statements and included in the consolidated balance sheet as at 31st March, 2005 is consideration receivable on disposal of available-for-sale financial assets of approximately HK\$38,000,000. The outstanding balance of this receivable up to the date of this report is HK\$2,995,000 and the directors opined that no allowance for bad debt is considered necessary. It was not possible for us to obtain sufficient evidence and explanation to ensure whether the outstanding balance can be recovered in full amount and allowance for bad debt is necessary. There were no other satisfactory audit procedures that we could adopt to confirm that the abovementioned balances are fairly stated in the financial statements.
- (viii) As disclosed in the note 22 to the financial statements are loans and interest receivables of approximately HK\$426,278,000. We have not been able to obtain documentary evidence to substantiate the validity and existence in relation to these loans and interest receivables of approximately HK\$426,278,000 as at 31st March, 2005. Allowance for bad debts of approximately HK\$423,375,000 has been made as at 31st March, 2005 of which HK\$420,660,000 was brought forward from 31st March, 2004. It was not possible for us to obtain sufficient evidence and explanation in relation to the total amount of allowance for bad debts made against the amount of loans and interest receivables as at 31st March, 2005. Therefore, we are unable to comment on whether the amounts of allowances made are appropriate and adequate.

- (ix) Included in the consolidated balance sheet as at 31st March, 2005 were balances with a debtor 星美傳媒集團 有限公司 ("星美傳媒"), in respect of the followings:
  - i. an other receivable of HK1,509,000 due from 星美傳媒; and
  - ii. a deposit of HK\$9,555,000 paid to 星美傳媒 for the acquisition of 35% additional equity interest in an associate, 星美影院發展有限公司.

For the receivable mentioned (i), although the balance is still outstanding as at year end date and up to the date of this report, the directors opined that no allowance for impairment is considered necessary. It was not possible for us to obtain sufficient evidence and explanation to ensure whether the amount can be recovered in full.

The deposit of HK\$9,555,000 mentioned in above was paid by the Group in 2005 to 星美傳媒 for the acquisition of 35% additional equity interest in an associate, 星美影院發展有限公司 based on an agreement for the above acquisition which was then declared as no effect on 31st December, 2005. As explained in note 25(a) to the financial statements, negotiation for completing the acquisition was resumed in 2008 and no allowance for impairment of bad debts had been made. However, we were unable to obtain sufficient documentary evidence to satisfy ourselves as to the ability to complete this acquisition and the recoverabilitiy of the deposit in case the completion of this acquisition failed. Furthermore, we were unable to assess whether any impairment loss is required to be recognised in respect of this deposit.

- (x) As explained in note 25(b) to the financial statements and included in trade and other receivables of the consolidated balance sheet as at 31st March, 2005 was an advance payment to a jointly controlled operation of approximately HK\$6,000,000 made by a subsidiary of the Group, Wide Treasure Limited ("Wide Treasure"), to a jointly controlled operation (the "Operation") in which Wide Treasure is a joint venturer. We are informed by the directors that the Group has not been provided with the books and records of the Operation so that they are unable to assess the performance of the joint venture. Full allowance had been made in current year. There were no other satisfactory audit procedures that we could adopt to satisfy ourselves to the validity of the above statement made by the directors. In view of the above, we are unable to comment on whether the amount of impairment loss made is adequate but not excessive, and the carrying value of this advance to the jointly controlled operation was fairly stated in the consolidated balance sheet.
- (xi) Included in the consolidated balance sheet as at 31st March, 2005 are trade and other payables of HK\$24,095,000. We have not obtained evidence from these creditors in respect of their outstanding amounts due by the Group at 31st March, 2005. There were no other satisfactory audit procedures that we could adopt to ensure that the abovementioned trade and other payables balances are fairly stated in the financial statements.

- (xii) Included in interests in jointly controlled entities as at 31st March, 2005, is an investment in 北京星魅彩色信息 技術有限公司 (the "JCE") with carrying value of approximately HK\$3,939,000 indirectly owned by the Group through a subsidiary, Star East Music Group Limited, which has been disposed of during the year. Details of the disposal are explained in paragraph (xiii) below. Full allowance for impairment against this investment had been made before the disposal. We are unable to obtain sufficient evidence and explanation in relation to the amount of impairment made during the year and included in consolidated income statement. Therefore, we are unable to comment on whether the amount of provision made is adequate but not excessive.
- (xiii) During the year, the Group had disposed of its entire interests in two subsidiaries, Star East Music Group Limited and its subsidiaries, Redcliff Property Corp and its subsidiaries and 50% interest in another subsidiary, Star East Holdings (North America) Limited (collectively the "disposed subsidiaries"). The total assets and liabilities of the disposed subsidiaries of approximately HK\$39,887,000 and HK\$102,227,000 respectively at the date of disposal and the gain on disposal of the disposed subsidiaries of HK\$1,329,000 as shown in the consolidated income statement for the year then ended were derived from the unaudited management accounts of the disposed subsidiaries. In the absence of all necessary information and documentary evidence, we have not been able to perform audit procedures that we consider necessary to satisfy ourselves as to the truth and fairness of the financial information of the disposed subsidiaries so consolidated in the financial statements of the Company. For the above same reasons, we have been unable to satisfy ourselves that certain disclosures which had incorporated the financial information in relation to the disposed subsidiaries as set out in notes 7, 8, 9 and 10 to the financial statements.
- (xiv) As detailed in note 2(b) to the financial statements, there have been several changes to the Board of directors subsequent to 1st April, 2005, the present directors do not represent as to the completeness of recording of transactions entered into by the Group for the year ended 31st March, 2005 and of the completeness of the disclosure of claims, commitments, contingent liabilities and related party transactions and balances in the financial statements as at 31st March, 2005. Therefore we have been unable to establish whether all transactions entered into in the name of the Company and its subsidiaries during the years have been appropriately included in the financial statements.
- (xv) In forming our opinion, we have considered the adequacy of the disclosures made in the financial statements concerning the basis of their preparation by the directors. As more fully explained in note 2(a) to the financial statements, the Group's financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, the validity of which is dependent upon the successful outcome of the measures currently taken by the directors to ensure that adequate cash resources are available to the Group to enable it to meet its future working capital and financial requirements. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that would result from the failure of such measures.

There are no detailed projections or relevant information made available to us for inspection so as to determine the appropriateness of adopting the going concern basis of presentation of these financial statements therefore we have disclaimed our opinion in this respect.

Any adjustment that might have been found to be necessary in respect of the matters set out in the above would have a consequential effects on the net assets of the Group as at 31st March, 2005 and the result for the year then ended and the related disclosures in the financial statements.

### Disclaimer of opinion: disclaimer on view given by financial statements

Because of the significance of the matters described in the basis for disclaimer of opinion paragraphs, we do not express an opinion on the financial statements as to whether they give a true and fair view of the state of the Group's affairs as at 31st March, 2005 and of the Group's loss for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards. In all other respects, in our opinion the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

In respect alone of the limitations on our work as set out in the basis for disclaimer of opinion paragraphs of this report:

- (i) we have not obtained all the information and explanations that we considered necessary for the purpose of our audit; and
- (ii) we were unable to determine whether proper books of account had been kept.

### **Emphasis of matter**

Without qualifying our opinion, we draw attention to note 37 to the financial statements, which describes the major uncertainty related to the outcome of the claim filed against the Company by Planet Hollywood International, Inc. The Company's management considers that this fundamental uncertainty has been adequately disclosed in the financial statements.

### Ting Ho Kwan & Chan

Certified Public Accountants 9/F., Tung Ning Building, 249-253 Des Voeux Road Central, Hong Kong, 4th July, 2008 **Cheung & Siu** *Certified Public Accountants* Room A, 15/F., Fortis Bank Tower, 77-79 Gloucester Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong, 4th July, 2008

## **Consolidated Income Statement**

For the year ended 31st March 2005

Zoos         Zoo4           Notes         HKS'000         HKS'000           Turnover         7         117,005         105,814           Cost of sales         (44,785)         (53,289)           Direct expenses         (44,785)         (53,289)           Other income and gains, net         7         49,899         99,066           Distribution costs         (913)         (1,340)           Administrative expenses         (21,203)         (27,617)           Other operating expenses         (21,203)         (27,617)           (Loss)/profit from operations         8         (36,804)         24,326           Finance costs         9         (3,042)         (7,087)           Impairment losses on properties held for resale         -         (5,548)           Impairment losses on nitrests in associates         (19,779)         -           Losses on disposal of interests in associates         -         (2,203)           Losses on disposal of interest in a jointly controlled entity         -         (19,14)           Share of results of jointly controlled entities         (3,328)         (24,24)           Loss before taxation         10         2,359         (480)           Loss before taxation         (87,915)				As restated
Turnover       7       117,005       105,814         Cost of sales       (76,966)       (48,776)         Direct expenses       (4,769)       3,749         Other income and gains, net       7       49,899       99,066         Distribution costs       (913)       (1,340)         Administrative expenses       (59,841)       (49,532)         Other operating expenses       (59,841)       (49,532)         Other operating expenses       (21,203)       (27,617)         (Loss)/profit from operations       8       (36,804)       24,326         Finance costs       9       (3,042)       (7,087)         Impairment losses on properties held for resale       -       (5,548)         Impairment losses on interests in associates       (19,779)       -         Losse on disposal of interests in associates       -       (2,203)         Losse on disposal of interest in a jointly controlled entity       -       (1,914)         Share of results of associates       (3,828)       752         Share of results of jointly controlled entities       (3,828)       752         Loss for the year       (87,915)       (14,578)         Attributable to:       Equity holders of the Company       11       (87,871)			2005	2004
Cost of sales         (76,966)         (48,776)           Direct expenses         (44,785)         (53,289)           (4,746)         3,749           Other income and gains, net         7         49,899         99,066           Distribution costs         (913)         (1,340)           Administrative expenses         (59,841)         (49,532)           Other operating expenses         (21,203)         (27,617)           (Loss/profit from operations         8         (36,804)         24,326           Finance costs         9         (3,042)         (7,087)           Impairment losses on properties held for resale         -         (5,548)           Impairment losses on interests in associates         -         (2,203)           Losses on disposal of interest in associates         -         (2,203)           Losses on disposal of interest in a jointly controlled entity         -         (1,914)           Share of results of associates         (3,828)         752           Share of results of jointly controlled entities         (3,939)         (2,424)           Loss before taxation         (90,274)         (14,098)           Taxation         10         2,359         (480)           Loss for the year         (87,915)		Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Direct expenses         (44,785)         (53,289)           Other income and gains, net         7         49,899         99,066           Distribution costs         (913)         (1,340)           Administrative expenses         (59,841)         (49,532)           Other operating expenses         (59,841)         (49,532)           Other operating expenses         (21,203)         (27,617)           (Loss)/profit from operations         8         (36,804)         24,326           Finance costs         9         (3,042)         (7,087)           Impairment losses on properties held for resale         -         (5,548)           Impairment losses on disposal of interest in associates         -         (2,203)           Losses on disposal of interest in associates         -         (2,203)           Losse on disposal of interest in a jointly controlled entity         -         (1,914)           Share of results of jointly controlled entities         (3,828)         752           Share of results of jointly controlled entities         (3,939)         (2,424)           Loss before taxation         (90,274)         (14,098)           Taxation         10         2,359         (480)           Loss for the year         (87,915)         (14,578)	Turnover	7	117,005	105,814
(4,746)         3,749           Other income and gains, net         7         49,899         99,066           Distribution costs         (913)         (1,340)           Administrative expenses         (59,841)         (49,532)           Other operating expenses         (21,203)         (27,617)           (Loss)/profit from operations         8         (36,804)         24,326           Finance costs         9         (3,042)         (7,087)           Impairment losses on properties held for resale         -         (5,548)           Impairment losses on interest in associates         (19,779)         -           Losses on disposal of interest in associates         -         (2,203)           Losses on disposal of interest in associates         -         (2,203)           Loss before taxation         (19,979)         -           Loss before taxation         (90,274)         (14,098)           Taxation         10         2,359         (480)           Loss for the year         (87,915)         (14,578)           Attributable to:         Equity holders of the Company         11         (87,915)         (14,578)           Attributable to:         Equity holders of the Company         (14,494)         (44)         (94)	Cost of sales		(76,966)	(48,776)
Other income and gains, net       7       49,899       99,066         Distribution costs       (913)       (1,340)         Administrative expenses       (21,203)       (27,617)         Other operating expenses       8       (36,804)       24,326         Finance costs       9       (3,042)       (7,087)         Impairment losses on properties held for resale       -       (5,548)         Impairment losses on interests in associates       (19,779)       -         Losses on disposal of interests in associates       -       (2,203)         Losses on disposal of interest in a jointly controlled entity       -       (1,914)         Share of results of associates       -       (2,203)         Loss before taxation       (090,274)       (14,098)         Taxation       10       2,359       (480)         Loss for the year       (87,915)       (14,578)         Attributable to:       -       (87,915)       (14,484)         Minority interests       (44)       (94)         Minority interests       -       (87,915)       (14,578)	Direct expenses		(44,785)	(53,289)
Other income and gains, net       7       49,899       99,066         Distribution costs       (913)       (1,340)         Administrative expenses       (21,203)       (27,617)         Other operating expenses       8       (36,804)       24,326         Finance costs       9       (3,042)       (7,087)         Impairment losses on properties held for resale       -       (5,548)         Impairment losses on interests in associates       (19,779)       -         Losses on disposal of interests in associates       -       (2,203)         Losses on disposal of interest in a jointly controlled entity       -       (1,914)         Share of results of associates       -       (2,203)         Loss before taxation       (090,274)       (14,098)         Taxation       10       2,359       (480)         Loss for the year       (87,915)       (14,578)         Attributable to:       -       (87,915)       (14,484)         Minority interests       (44)       (94)         Minority interests       -       (87,915)       (14,578)			(4.746)	3 749
Distribution costs(913)(1,340)Administrative expenses(59,841)(49,532)Other operating expenses(21,203)(27,617)(Loss)/profit from operations8(36,804)24,326Finance costs9(3,042)(7,087)Impairment losses on properties held for resale–(5,548)Impairment losses on deposit paid on acquisition of an investment(22,882)(20,000)Impairment losses on disposal of interests in associates–(2,203)Losses on disposal of interest in a jointly controlled entity–(1,9779)Share of results of jointly controlled entities(3,828)752Share of results of jointly controlled entities(3,939)(2,424)Loss before taxation(90,274)(14,098)Taxation102,359(480)Loss for the year(87,915)(14,578)Attributable to:(87,915)(14,578)Basic loss per share attributable to the equity holders of5			(1), 10)	5,715
Administrative expenses(59,841)(49,532)Other operating expenses(21,203)(27,617)(Loss)/profit from operations8(36,804)24,326Finance costs9(3,042)(7,087)Impairment losses on properties held for resale-(5,548)Impairment losses on deposit paid on acquisition of an investment(22,882)(20,000)Impairment losses on interests in associates(19,779)-Losses on disposal of interests in associates-(2,203)Losses on disposal of interest in a jointly controlled entity-(1,914)Share of results of asociates(3,828)752Share of results of jointly controlled entities(3,939)(2,424)Loss before taxation(09,274)(14,098)Taxation102,359(480)Loss for the year(87,915)(14,578)Attributable to:(44)(94)Equity holders of the Company11(87,915)Minority interests(14,578)Basic loss per share attributable to the equity holders of-	Other income and gains, net	7	49,899	99,066
Other operating expenses(21,203)(27,617)(Loss)/profit from operations8(36,804)24,326Finance costs9(3,042)(7,087)Impairment losses on properties held for resale-(5,548)Impairment losses on interests in associates(19,779)-Losses on disposal of interest in associates-(2,203)Losses on disposal of interest in a jointly controlled entity-(1,914)Share of results of associates(3,828)752Share of results of jointly controlled entities(3,939)(2,2424)Loss before taxation102,359(480)Loss for the year(87,915)(14,578)Attributable to:(44)(94)Equity holders of the Company11(87,871)Minority interests(44)(94)Basic loss per share attributable to the equity holders of14,578)	Distribution costs		(913)	(1,340)
(Loss)/profit from operations8(36,804)24,326Finance costs9(3,042)(7,087)Impairment losses on properties held for resale-(5,548)Impairment losses on deposit paid on acquisition of an investment(22,882)(20,000)Impairment losses on interests in associates(19,779)-Losses on disposal of interests in associates-(2,203)Losses on disposal of interest in a jointly controlled entity-(1,914)Share of results of jointly controlled entities(3,828)752Share of results of jointly controlled entities(3,939)(2,424)Loss before taxation(90,274)(14,098)Taxation102,359(480)Loss for the year(87,915)(14,578)Attributable to:(44)(94)Equity holders of the Company11(87,871)(14,484)Minority interests(44)(94)Basic loss per share attributable to the equity holders of5	Administrative expenses		(59,841)	(49,532)
Finance costs9(3,042)(7,087)Impairment losses on properties held for resale-(5,548)Impairment losses on deposit paid on acquisition of an investment(22,882)(20,000)Impairment losses on interests in associates(19,779)-Losses on disposal of interests in associates-(2,203)Losses on disposal of interest in a jointly controlled entity-(1,914)Share of results of associates(3,828)752Share of results of jointly controlled entities(3,939)(2,424)Loss before taxation(90,274)(14,098)Taxation102,359(480)Loss for the year(87,915)(14,578)Attributable to:Equity holders of the Company11(87,871)Equity holders of the Company11(87,915)(14,578)Basic loss per share attributable to the equity holders of55	Other operating expenses		(21,203)	(27,617)
Impairment losses on properties held for resale-(5,548)Impairment losses on deposit paid on acquisition of an investment(22,882)(20,000)Impairment losses on interests in associates-(2,203)Losses on disposal of interest in a jointly controlled entity-(1,914)Share of results of associates(3,828)752Share of results of jointly controlled entities(3,939)(2,424)Loss before taxation(90,274)(14,098)Taxation102,359(480)Loss for the year(87,915)(14,578)Attributable to:-(44)(94)Equity holders of the Company11(87,871)(14,578)Basic loss per share attributable to the equity holders of(14,578)(14,578)	(Loss)/profit from operations	8	(36,804)	24,326
Impairment losses on deposit paid on acquisition of an investment(22,882)(20,000)Impairment losses on interests in associates(19,779)-Losses on disposal of interests in associates-(2,203)Losses on disposal of interest in a jointly controlled entity-(1,914)Share of results of associates(3,828)752Share of results of jointly controlled entities(3,339)(2,424)Loss before taxation(90,274)(14,098)Taxation102,359(480)Loss for the year(87,915)(14,578)Attributable to:-(44)(94)Equity holders of the Company11(87,871)(14,484)Minority interests(44)(94)Basic loss per share attributable to the equity holders of-(14,578)	Finance costs	9	(3,042)	(7,087)
Impairment losses on interests in associates(19,779)-Losses on disposal of interests in associates-(2,203)Losses on disposal of interest in a jointly controlled entity-(1,914)Share of results of associates(3,828)752Share of results of jointly controlled entities(3,939)(2,424)Loss before taxation(90,274)(14,098)Taxation102,359(480)Loss for the year(87,915)(14,578)Attributable to:Equity holders of the Company11(87,871)Minority interests(44)(94)(87,915)(14,578)Basic loss per share attributable to the equity holders of5	Impairment losses on properties held for resale		-	(5,548)
Losses on disposal of interests in associates-(2,203)Losses on disposal of interest in a jointly controlled entity-(1,914)Share of results of associates(3,828)752Share of results of jointly controlled entities(3,939)(2,424)Loss before taxation(90,274)(14,098)Taxation102,359(480)Loss for the year(87,915)(14,578)Attributable to:Equity holders of the Company11(87,871)Minority interests(44)(94)Basic loss per share attributable to the equity holders of(14,578)	Impairment losses on deposit paid on acquisition of an investment		(22,882)	(20,000)
Losses on disposal of interest in a jointly controlled entity-(1,914)Share of results of associates(3,828)752Share of results of jointly controlled entities(3,939)(2,424)Loss before taxation(90,274)(14,098)Taxation102,359(480)Loss for the year(87,915)(14,578)Attributable to:(87,871)(14,484)Equity holders of the Company11(87,871)Minority interests(44)(94)Basic loss per share attributable to the equity holders of(14,578)	Impairment losses on interests in associates		(19,779)	-
Share of results of associates(3,828)752Share of results of jointly controlled entities(3,939)(2,424)Loss before taxation(90,274)(14,098)Taxation102,359(480)Loss for the year(87,915)(14,578)Attributable to:(87,871)(14,484)Equity holders of the Company11(87,871)Minority interests(44)(94)Basic loss per share attributable to the equity holders of(44)	Losses on disposal of interests in associates		-	(2,203)
Share of results of jointly controlled entities(3,939)(2,424)Loss before taxation(90,274)(14,098)Taxation102,359(480)Loss for the year(87,915)(14,578)Attributable to:(87,871)(14,484)Equity holders of the Company11(87,871)Minority interests(44)(94)(87,915)(14,578)Basic loss per share attributable to the equity holders of(87,915)	Losses on disposal of interest in a jointly controlled entity		_	(1,914)
Loss before taxation(90,274)(14,098)Taxation102,359(480)Loss for the year(87,915)(14,578)Attributable to: Equity holders of the Company11(87,871)(14,484)Minority interests11(87,915)(14,578)Basic loss per share attributable to the equity holders of(14,578)(14,578)	Share of results of associates		(3,828)	752
Taxation102,359(480)Loss for the year(87,915)(14,578)Attributable to: Equity holders of the Company Minority interests11(87,871) (14,484) (94)Basic loss per share attributable to the equity holders of(14,578)	Share of results of jointly controlled entities		(3,939)	(2,424)
Taxation102,359(480)Loss for the year(87,915)(14,578)Attributable to: Equity holders of the Company Minority interests11(87,871) (14,484) (94)Basic loss per share attributable to the equity holders of(14,578)	Loss before taxation		(90,274)	(14.098)
Attributable to:       11       (87,871)       (14,484)         Minority interests       (44)       (94)         (87,915)       (14,578)         Basic loss per share attributable to the equity holders of		10		
Equity holders of the Company       11       (87,871)       (14,484)         Minority interests       (44)       (94)         (87,915)       (14,578)         Basic loss per share attributable to the equity holders of       5	Loss for the year		(87,915)	(14,578)
Equity holders of the Company       11       (87,871)       (14,484)         Minority interests       (44)       (94)         (87,915)       (14,578)         Basic loss per share attributable to the equity holders of       5				
Minority interests       (44)       (94)         (87,915)       (14,578)         Basic loss per share attributable to the equity holders of       (14,578)			<i>(</i> )	(
(87,915) (14,578) Basic loss per share attributable to the equity holders of		11	,	
Basic loss per share attributable to the equity holders of	Minority interests		(44)	(94)
			(87,915)	(14,578)
	Basic loss per share attributable to the equity holders of			
		12	(28.1) cents	(6.7) cents

The notes on pages 30 to 100 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

## **Consolidated Balance Sheet**

As at 31st March 2005

			As restated
		2005	2004
	Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	13	19,441	29,280
Investment properties	14	12,800	48,200
Intangible assets	15	36	1,109
Interests in associates	16	53,303	37,067
Interests in jointly controlled entities	17	32,797	17,391
Deposits paid on acquisition of interests in associates		-	17,302
Deposit paid on acquisition of an investment	18	-	21,998
Available-for-sale financial asset	19	-	-
Investments in securities	20	-	8,297
Consideration receivable on disposal of			
available-for-sale financial asset	21	18,000	_
Loans and interest receivables			
– due after one year	22		12,608
	-	136,377	193,252
Current assets			
Properties held for resale		_	22,700
Inventories	23	16,898	22,610
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	24	3,377	
Investments in securities	20	_	24,774
Trade and other receivables	25	45,772	87,247
Tax refundable	23	2,390	
Pledged bank deposits	32	32,662	37,710
Cash and bank balances		1,402	40,078
		102,501	235,119
	-		
Total assets		238,878	428,371
Equity			
Capital and reserves attributable			
to the Company's equity holders:			
Share capital	26	31,407	29,632
Share premium	28	44,150	226,925
Other reserves	28	27,658	142,960
Retained profits/(accumulated losses)	-	2,227	(226,408)
		105,442	173,109
Minority interests	-	-	82
Total equity		105,442	173,191
	-		

## **Consolidated Balance Sheet**

As at 31st March 2005

	Notes	2005 HK\$'000	As restated 2004 HK\$'000
Non-current liabilities			
Bank and other borrowings			
– due after one year	29	27,217	105,300
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	30	47,019	72,886
Tax payable		1,995	3,722
Bank and other borrowings			
– due within one year	29	57,205	73,272
		106,219	149,880
Total liabilities		133,436	255,180
Total equity and liabilities		238,878	428,371
Net (current liabilities)/assets		(3,718)	85,239
Total assets less current liabilities		132,659	278,491

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of directors on 4th July, 2008.

Pang Hong DIRECTOR Hao Bin DIRECTOR

The notes on pages 30 to 100 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

## **Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity**

For the year ended 31st March 2005

	Equity attributable to the Company's equity holder							
	Share	Share	Other	Minority		_		
	capital	premium	reserves	Deficit	interests	Total		
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000		
Balance at 1st April, 2003	12,257	109,031	148,700	(211,924)	176	58,240		
Exchange adjustment and loss not recognised								
in the consolidated income statement	-	-	(1,189)	-	-	(1,189)		
Issue of shares	17,375	121,625	-	_	-	139,000		
Share issue expenses	-	(3,731)	-	-	-	(3,731)		
Realised on dilution and disposal of interest in subsidiaries	_	_	(4,551)	_	_	(4,551)		
Loss for the year	_	_	(-,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	(14,484)	(94)	(14,578)		
Balance at 1st April, 2004 Opening adjustment for the adoption of	29,632	226,925	142,960	(226,408)	82	173,191		
HKFRS 3				756		756		
Balance at 1st April, 2004, as restated	29,632	226,925	142,960	(225,652)	82	173,947		
Exchange adjustment and gain not recognised								
in the consolidated income statement	-	-	396	_	-	396		
Issue of shares	1,775	17,750	-	_	-	19,525		
Shares issue expenses	-	(525)	_	-	-	(525)		
Arising from capital reorganisation Acquisition of additional interest	_	(200,000)	(115,750)	315,750	-	_		
in a subsidiary	-	-	_	_	(38)	(38)		
Released upon deconsolidation of			(-)					
a subsidiary	-	-	(7)	-	_	(7)		
Released upon deemed disposal of a subsidiary	_	_	59	_	_	59		
Loss for the year	_	_	_	(87,871)	(44)	(87,915)		
					<u>(++)</u>			
Balance at 31st March, 2005	31,407	44,150	27,658	2,227		105,442		

The notes on pages 30 to 100 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

For the year ended 31st March 2005

#### 1 GENERAL

The Company is incorporated in Bermuda as an exempted company with limited liability. The Company's shares are listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange"). The Company's shares have been suspended for trading on the Stock Exchange since 28th April, 2005.

The Company is an investment holding company. The address of its registered office is Room 2502, 25th Floor, Sino Plaza, 255-257 Gloucester Road, Causeway Bay, Hong Kong. The principal activities of its principal subsidiaries are set out in note 40 to the financial statements.

The financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars, which is the functional currency of the Company as the Company is a public company incorporated in Bermuda with the shares listed in the Stock Exchange, where most of its investors are located in Hong Kong. The majority of the Company's subsidiaries are operated in Hong Kong and Japan with Hong Kong dollars and Japanese Yen as their functional currency.

The Company was struck off in the Register of Companies by the Registrar of Companies in Bermuda on 7th September, 2007 due to non-payment of its annual government fees and late penalties. The Provisional Liquidators are in the course of restating the Company's status in Bermuda.

On 28th September, 2007, the Company was placed at the third stage of the delisting procedures. If no viable resumption proposal is submitted at least 10 business days before 27th March 2008, the listing status of the Company will be cancelled.

On 18th February 2008, the Bank of China (Hong Kong) Limited (the "BOCHK") presented a windingup petition to the Court of First Instance of the High Court (the "High Court") of Hong Kong Special Administrative Region to wind up the Company because the Company was unable to pay its debts. On 19th February, 2008, BOCHK made an application to the High Court for the appointment of provisional liquidators of the Company.

By Order (the "Order") of the Honourable Justice Barma of the Hign Court dated 20th February, 2008, Mr. Liu Yiu Keung, Stephen and Ms. Chan Wai Hing, both of Ernst & Young Transactions Limited, have been appointed as the joint and several provisional liquidators (the "Provisional Liquidators") of the Company. By the Order, the Provisional Liquidators will, inter alia, take into their custody and protect all the assets of the Group and manage the Group until such time as further order is made.

For the year ended 31st March 2005

### 1 GENERAL (Continued)

The Provisional Liquidators are taking necessary procedures for an application for resumption of trading of the Company's shares on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange, including the submission of a viable resumption proposal to the Stock Exchange.

On 7th March, 2008, the Provisional Liquidators, the Company, Cenith Capital Limited ("Cenith"), P.C. Woo & Co. ("the Escrow Agent") and Strategic Media International Limited ("the Controlling Shareholder") (collectively as "the Parties") entered into an escrow agreement. The Parties agreed that Cenith to deposit to the Escrow Agent a maximum of HK\$15 million for the expenses to be incurred by the Provisional Liquidators during the implementation of the resumption proposal. It was also agreed that a sum of HK\$5 million will be deposited in the Escrow Agent's account as escrow money to the creditors ("Escrow Money to Creditors"), in the event that the proposed restructuring could not proceed further due to the action done or not done by the Controlling Shareholder.

A supplemental agreement dated 13th March, 2008 was executed by the Parties to extend the deposit of HK\$3 million as Escrow Money to Creditors.

As at the date of this report, the Escrow Agent has received the deposits according to the above agreements.

On 11th March, 2008, a Memorandum of Understanding ("MOU") was signed between the Provisional Liquidators, the Company and the Controlling Shareholder. The purpose of the MOU is to record the agreement and arrangements of the parties regarding the proposed restructuring of the Company for the purpose of resuming the trading of the shares of the Company on the Stock Exchange.

On 28th March, 2008, the Company, the Provisional Liquidators, the Controlling Shareholder and Mr. Qin Hui entered into a formal agreement ("the Formal Agreement") in relation to the proposed restructuring of the Company to supersede the MOU. The Company will publish the relevant details of the Formal Agreement by public announcement.

On 11th March, 2008, a resumption proposal ("the Resumption Proposal") was submitted to the Stock Exchange requesting the resumption of trading of the Company's Shares.

As at the date of this report, the Stock Exchange is still in the process of reviewing and assessing the Resumption Proposal submitted and has yet delisted the listing status of the Company.

For the year ended 31st March 2005

#### 2 BASIS OF PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### (a) Going concern

The Group had net current liabilities of approximately HK\$3,718,000 as at 31st March, 2005 and incurred a significant loss of approximately HK\$87,915,000 for the year ended 31st March, 2005. The Group's liquidity position significantly deteriorated during the year. Bank loans from BOCHK had not been repaid in accordance with the relevant terms. In view of the above, the directors consider that it is appropriate to reclassify the indebtedness of HK\$33,680,000 due to BOCHK as current liabilities.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors have given consideration to the current and anticipated future liquidity of the Group. As part of the measures to improve the Group's immediate liquidity and cash flows, a financial adviser has been retained by the Provisional Liquidators with a view to restructure the Company and has submitted a resumption proposal to the Stock Exchange on 11th March, 2008. In the opinion of the directors, the Group will have sufficient working capital for its current financial requirements and future development after restructuring. Accordingly, the directors are satisfied that it is appropriate to prepare these financial statements on a going concern basis, notwithstanding the Group's financial position and liquidity position as at 31st March, 2005.

If the going concern basis were not to be appropriate, adjustments would have to be made to restate the values of the Group's assets to their recoverable amounts, to provide for any further liabilities which might arise, and to reclassify non-current assets and liabilities as current assets and liabilities.

#### (b) Books and records

The financial statements have been prepared based on available books and records of the Company and its subsidiaries. Although the present directors (the "directors"), appointed after 1st April, 2005 and did not take part in the daily management of the Company and its subsidiaries, had used their best endeavors to locate all the financial and business records of the Group, the directors could not establish as to the correctness of the opening balances of the financial statements and as to whether all transactions entered into in the name of the Company and its subsidiaries during the year ended 31st March, 2005 had been appropriately included in the financial statements because most of the Company's former directors, the Group's former senior management and accounting personnel responsible for the operation in 2004 to 2007 had left the Group. Therefore the directors do not have sufficient information to enable them:

 to determine as to whether all material related party transactions entered into by the Group have been included in the financial statements in accordance with the disclosures requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and HKAS 24 "Related Party Disclosures";

For the year ended 31st March 2005

### 2 BASIS OF PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

#### (b) Books and records (Continued)

- (ii) to prepare:
  - (a) a cash flow statement in accordance with the requirements of HKAS 7 "Cash Flow Statements" issued by the HKICPA; and
  - (b) financial information by segment in accordance with the requirements of HKAS 14 "Segment Reporting" issued by the HKICPA;
- to present and disclose information relating to the discontinued operations and disposals of noncurrent assets (or disposal groups). This is not in accordance with the requirements of HKFRS 5 " Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations" issued by the HKICPA; and
- (iv) to represent as to the completeness of identification and appropriateness of disclosures of the following:
  - post balance sheet events;
  - commitments;
  - contingent liabilities;
  - information about the extent and nature of the financial instruments;
  - details of the Group's policy in respect of the financial risk management;
  - information of deferred taxation and taxation charge reconciliation;
  - details of directors' and employees' emoluments;
  - other disclosures under Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

For the year ended 31st March 2005

### 3 APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HKFRSs

In the year ended 31st March, 2005, the Group has early adopted, for the first time, the following new HKFRSs, HKASs and their amendments and Interpretations ("Ints") (collectively the "New HKFRSs") issued by the HKICPA which are relevant to its operations, they are either effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1st January, 2005, 1st December, 2005, 1st January, 2006 or 1st March, 2006.

HKAS 1	Presentation of Financial Statements
HKAS 2	Inventories
HKAS 7	Cash Flow Statements
HKAS 8	Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors
HKAS 10	Events after the Balance Sheet Date
HKAS 12	Income Taxes
HKAS 14	Segment Reporting
HKAS 16	Property, Plant and equipment
HKAS 17	Leases
HKAS 18	Revenue
HKAS 19	Employee Benefits
HKAS 21	The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates
HKAS 23	Borrowing Costs
HKAS 24	Related Party Disclosures
HKAS 27	Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements
HKAS 28	Investments in Associates
HKAS 31	Interests in Joint Ventures
HKAS 32	Financial Instruments: Disclosures and Presentation
HKAS 33	Earnings Per Share
HKAS 36	Impairment of Assets
HKAS 37	Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets
HKAS 38	Intangible Assets
HKAS 39	Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement
HKAS 40	Investment Property
HKAS – Int 12	Consolidation – Special Purpose Entities
HKAS – Int 15	Operating Leases – Incentives
HKAS – Int 21	Income Taxes – Recovery of Revalued Non-Depreciated Assets
HKFRS 2	Share-based Payment
HKFRS 3	Business Combinations
HKFRS 5	Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations
HKAS 19 (Amendment)	Actuarial Gains and Losses, Group Plans and Disclosures
HKAS 21 (Amendment)	Net Investment in a Foreign Operation
HKAS 27 (Amendment)	Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements
HKAS 39 (Amendment)	Cash Flow Hedge Accounting of Forecast Intra-group Transactions
HKAS 39 (Amendment)	The Fair Value Option
HKAS 39 and HKFRS 4	Financial Guarantee Contracts
(Amendment)	
HKAS – Int 4	Lease – Determination of the Length of Lease Term in respect of Hong Kong Land Leases

For the year ended 31st March 2005

### 3 APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HKFRSs (Continued)

The adoption of new/revised HKASs 1, 2, 7, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 17, 18, 19, 21, 23, 24, 27, 28, 31, 33, 37, 38 and HK(SIC) – Ints 12, 15 and 21 and HKFRSs 2 and 5 did not result in substantial changes to the Group's accounting policies. In summary:

HKAS 1 affects certain presentation in these financial statements, including the following:

- minority interests are now presented in the consolidated income statement and within the equity in the consolidated balance sheet separately from results/equity attributable to equity holders of the Company;
- taxes of associates attributable to the Group, which were previously included in tax charge in the consolidated income statement, are now included in the Group's share of profits and losses of associates; and
- the Group is no longer permitted to not disclose comparative information for movements in property, plant and equipment.

HKAS 21 had no material effect on the Group's policy. The functional currency of each of the consolidated entities has been re-evaluated based on the guidance to the revised standard. All the Group entities have the same functional currency as the presentation currency for respective entity financial statements.

HKAS 24 has affected the identification of related parties and some other related party disclosures.

HKFRS 5 affects certain presentation and disclosure of the accounts and changes the timing of the classification of an operation as discontinued. In accordance with HKFRS 5, the Company classifies an operation as discontinued at the date as the Group has disposed of the operation.

The adoption of HKASs 32 and 39 has resulted in a change in the accounting policy for recognition, measurement, derecognition and disclosure of financial instruments.

Until 31st March, 2004 investments of the Group were classified into long term investments and/or short term investments, which were stated in the consolidated balance sheet at cost less any accumulated impairment losses and at fair value, respectively, and any impairment losses on long term investments and changes in fair value of the short term investments were recognised in the consolidated income statement in the period in which they arise.

For the year ended 31st March 2005

### 3 APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HKFRSs (Continued)

In accordance with the provisions of HKAS 39, the investments have been classified into available-for-sale financial assets and financial assets at fair value through profit or loss. The classification depends on the purpose for which the investments were held.

As a result of the adoption of HKAS 39, all the investments are now stated at fair value in the consolidated balance sheet, except for certain available-for-sale financial assets that do not have a quoted market price in an active market and whose fair value cannot be reliably measured, when they are measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. In addition, all the investments as at 31st March, 2004 that should be measured at fair value on adoption of HKAS 39 should be remeasured at 1st April, 2004 and any adjustment of the previous carrying amount should be recognised as an adjustment of the balance of retained profits as at 1st April, 2004. However the adoption of HKAS 39 has had no material effect on the Group's results and equity.

The effect of the changes in accounting policies on these financial statements as a result of the adoption of HKAS 32 and HKAS 39 is summarised as follows:

- All investment securities of the Group as at 31st March, 2004 were redesignated into available-for-sale financial assets on 1st April, 2004;
- The aggregate difference between the respective carrying values of each investment as at 31st March, 2004 and the respective fair values at 1st April, 2004 is insignificant and hence, no adjustment has been made against the retained profits at 1st April, 2004.

The adoption of revised HKAS 40 has resulted in a change in the accounting policy of which the changes in fair values are recorded in the consolidated income statement as part of other income. In prior years, the increases in fair values were credited to the investment properties revaluation reserve. Decreases in fair values were first set off against increases on earlier valuations on a portfolio basis and thereafter expensed in the consolidated income statement. However, since the Group has continued to adopt the fair value model, there is no requirement for the Group to restate the comparative information. The adoption of HKAS 40 has no impact to the opening equity as at 31st March, 2004.

In accordance with the provisions of HKFRS 3 and HKAS 36:

- the Group ceased amortisation of goodwill from 1st April, 2004;
- accumulated amortisation as at 31st March 2004, has been eliminated with a corresponding decrease in the cost of goodwill;
- from the year ended 31st March, 2005 onwards, goodwill is tested annually for impairment, as well as when there is indication of impairment;

For the year ended 31st March 2005

### 3 APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HKFRSs (Continued)

- any excess of the Group's interest in the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities acquired as at the date of acquisition over the cost of business combination is recognised immediately in the consolidated income statement. In addition, following the transitional provisions of HKFRS 3, the carrying amounts of the negative goodwill recognised on the consolidated balance sheet or remained credited to the consolidated capital reserve as at 1st April, 2004 were derecognised by way a corresponding adjustment to the opening retained profits as at 1st April, 2004; and
- On disposal of subsidiaries or associates, any attributable goodwill previously eliminated against the consolidated capital reserve at the time of acquisition is transferred to the consolidated retained profits as a movement in reserves and is not included in the calculation of the gain or loss on disposal.

These changes in accounting policy have decreased the opening balance of deficits as of 1st April, 2004 by approximately HK\$756,000 to include the carrying amounts of the negative goodwill arising on acquisition of associate.

In prior years, leasehold land and buildings held for own use were stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses.

Upon the adoption of HKAS 17, the Group's leasehold interest in land and buildings is separated into leasehold land and leasehold buildings. The Group's leasehold land is classified as an operating lease, because the title of the land is not expected to pass to the Group by the end of the lease term, and is classified as prepaid land premium for land, while leasehold buildings will be classified as part of property, plant and equipment. Prepaid land premium for land under operating leases are initially stated at cost and subsequently amortised on the straight-line basis over the lease term. When the lease payments cannot be allocated reliably between the land and buildings elements, the entire lease payments are included in the cost of the land and buildings as a finance lease in property, plant and equipment. The directors consider that no reliable source of such allocation of lease payments could be obtained and accordingly, the other land and buildings have not been separated. This change in accounting policy has had no effect on the consolidated income statement and retained profits.

For the year ended 31st March 2005

### 4 IMPACT OF ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE HKFRSs

The Group has not applied in these financial statements the following new and revised HKFRSs, that have been issued but are not yet effective:

HKFRS 7	Financial Instruments: Disclosures <sup>1</sup>
HKFRS 8	Operating Segments <sup>2</sup>
HKAS 1 (Revised)	Presentation of Financial Statements <sup>2</sup>
HKFRS 3 (Revised)	Business Combinations <sup>8</sup>
HKAS 23 (Revised)	Borrowing Costs <sup>2</sup>
HKAS 27 (Revised)	Consolidated and Separate Financial Statement <sup>8</sup>
HKAS 1 Amendment	Capital Disclosures <sup>1</sup>
HKFRS 2 Amendment	Share-based Payment: Vesting Conditions and Cancellations <sup>2</sup>
HK(IFRIC) – Int 8	Scope of HKFRS 2 <sup>3</sup>
HK(IFRIC) – Int 9	Reassessment of Embedded Derivatives <sup>4</sup>
HK(IFRIC) – Int 10	Interim Financial Reporting and Impairment <sup>5</sup>
HK(IFRIC) – Int 11	HKFRS 2 – Group and Treasury Share Transactions <sup>6</sup>
HK(IFRIC) – Int 12	Service Concession Arrangements <sup>10</sup>
HK(IFRIC) – Int 13	Customer Loyalty Programmes <sup>9</sup>
HK(IFRIC) – Int 14	HKAS 19 – The Limit on a Defined Benefit Asset, Minimum Funding
	Requirements and their Interaction <sup>10</sup>

- <sup>1</sup> Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2007
- <sup>2</sup> Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2009
- <sup>3</sup> Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 May 2006
- <sup>4</sup> Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 June 2006
- <sup>5</sup> Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 November 2006
- <sup>6</sup> Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 March 2007
- <sup>7</sup> Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2008
- <sup>8</sup> Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2009
- <sup>9</sup> Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2008
- <sup>10</sup> Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2008

For the year ended 31st March 2005

### 5 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The significant accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

### (a) Statement of compliance with HKFRSs

The consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2005 of the Group have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. These financial statements also comply with the applicable disclosure provisions of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules"). The consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and financial liabilities and investment properties, which are carried at fair value.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with HKFRSs requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires the Company's management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements, are disclosed in note 6 to the financial statements.

### (b) Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company and all its subsidiaries made up to 31st March.

### (i) Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are all entities over which the Group has the power to govern the financial and operating policies generally accompanying a shareholding of more than one half of the voting rights.

Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are de-consolidated from the date that control ceases.

The purchase method of accounting is used to account for the acquisition of subsidiaries by the Group. The cost of an acquisition is measured as the fair value of the assets given, equity instruments issued and liabilities incurred or assumed at the date of exchange, plus costs directly attributable to the acquisition. Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date, irrespective of the extent of any minority interests. The excess of the cost of acquisition over the fair value of the Group's share of the identifiable net assets acquired is recorded as goodwill. If the cost of acquisition is less than the fair value of the net assets of the subsidiary acquired, the difference is recognised directly in the income statement.

For the year ended 31st March 2005

### 5 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (b) Basis of consolidation (Continued)

#### (i) Subsidiaries (Continued)

Inter-company transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between group companies are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

Minority interests represent the interests of outside shareholders in the results and net assets of the Company's subsidiaries.

#### (ii) Associates

Associates are all entities, not being a subsidiary or a jointly controlled entity, over which the Group has significant influence but not control, generally accompanying a shareholding of between 20% and 50% of the voting rights. Investments in associates are accounted for by the equity method of accounting and are initially recognised at cost. The Group's investments in associates include goodwill (net of any accumulated impairment loss) identified on acquisition (see Note 5(h)).

The Group's share of its associates' post-acquisition results is recognised in the income statement, and its share of post-acquisition movements in reserves is recognised in reserves. The cumulative post-acquisition movements are adjusted against the carrying amount of the investment. When the Group's share of losses in an associate equals or exceeds its interest in the associate, including any other unsecured receivables, the Group does not recognise further losses, unless it has incurred obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate.

Unrealised gains on transactions between the Group and its associates are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interests in the associates. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of associates have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

For the year ended 31st March 2005

### 5 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (b) Basis of consolidation (Continued)

#### (iii) Jointly controlled entities

Joint venture arrangements which involve the establishment of a separate entity in which each venturer has an interest are referred to as jointly controlled entities.

The results and assets and liabilities of jointly controlled entities are incorporated in the consolidated financial statements using the equity method of accounting. Under the equity method, investments in jointly controlled entities are carried in the consolidated balance sheet at cost as adjusted for post acquisition changes in the Group's share of the profit or loss and of changes in equity of the jointly controlled entities, less any identified impairment losses.

When the Group's share of losses of a jointly controlled entity equals or exceeds its interest in that jointly controlled entity (which includes any longterm interests that, in substance, form part of the Group's net investment in the jointly controlled entity), the Group discontinues recognising its share of further losses. An additional share of losses is provided for and a liability is recognised only to the extent that the Group has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of that jointly controlled entity.

When a group entity transacts with a jointly controlled entity of the Group, unrealised profits and losses are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the jointly controlled entity, except to the extent that unrealised losses provide evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred, in which case, the full amount of losses is recognised.

#### (c) Foreign currency translation

#### (i) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates ("the functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in HK dollars, which is the Company's functional and presentation currency.

For the year ended 31st March 2005

### 5 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (c) Foreign currency translation *(Continued)*

#### (ii) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the income statement, except when deferred in equity as qualifying cash flow hedges or qualifying net investment hedges.

Translation differences on non-monetary items, such as equity instruments held at fair value through profit or loss, are reported as part of the fair value gain or loss. Translation differences on non-monetary items, such as equities classified as available-for-sale financial assets, are included in the fair value reserve in equity.

### (iii) Group companies

The results and financial position of all the group entities (none of which has the currency of a hyperinflationary economy) that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

- (1) assets and liabilities for each balance sheet presented are translated at the closing rate at the date of that balance sheet;
- (2) income and expenses for each income statement are translated at average exchange rates (unless this average is not a reasonable approximation of the cumulative effect of the rates prevailing on the transaction dates, in which case income and expenses are translated at the dates of the transactions); and
- (3) all resulting exchange differences are recognised as a separate component of equity.

On consolidation, exchange differences arising from the translation of the net investment in foreign entities, and of borrowings and other currency instruments designated as hedges of such investments, are taken to shareholders' equity. When a foreign operation is sold, such exchange differences are recognised in the income statement as part of the gain or loss on sale.

Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on the acquisition of a foreign entity are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign entity and translated at the closing rate.

For the year ended 31st March 2005

### 5 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (d) Property, plant and equipment

All property, plant and equipment are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items. Cost may also include transfers from equity of any gains/losses on qualifying cash flow hedges of foreign currency purchases of property, plant and equipment.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are expensed in the income statement during the financial period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation and amortisation are provided to write off the cost of other property, plant and equipment to their residual values (if there are any) over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method, at the following rates per annum:

Leasehold land	Over the term of the lease
Buildings	2% or the term of the lease, if shorter
Leasehold improvements	20% or the term of the lease, if shorter
Furniture and equipment	20% to 33 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>3</sub> %
Motor vehicles	20%
Operating equipment	20%

The assets' residual values (if any) and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each balance sheet date. An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. The gain or loss on derecognition of the asset, calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the item, is included in the income statement in the period the item is derecognised.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount (Note 5(h)).

#### (e) Investment properties

Property that is held for long-term rental yields or for capital appreciation or both, and that is not occupied by the companies in the consolidated group, is classified as investment property.

Investment property comprises land held under operating leases and buildings held under finance leases.

Land held under operating leases are classified and accounted for as investment property when the rest of the definition of investment property is met. The operating lease is accounted for as if it was a finance lease.

Investment property is measured initially at its cost, including related transaction costs.

For the year ended 31st March 2005

### 5 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (e) Investment properties (Continued)

After initial recognition, investment property is carried at fair value. Fair value is based on active market prices, adjusted, if necessary, for any difference in the nature, location or condition of the specific asset. If this information is not available, the Group uses alternative valuation methods such as recent prices on less active markets or discounted cash flow projections. These valuations are performed in accordance with the guidance issued by the international Valuation Standards Committee. These valuations are reviewed annually by external valuers. Investment property that is being redeveloped for continuing use as investment property, or for which the market has become less active, continues to be measured at fair value.

The fair value of investment property reflects, among other things, rental income from current leases and assumptions about rental income from future leases in the light of current market conditions.

The fair value also reflects, on a similar basis, any cash outflows that could be expected in respect of the property. Some of those outflows are recognised as a liability, including finance lease liabilities in respect of land classified as investment property, others, including contingent rent payments, are not recognised in the financial statements.

Subsequent expenditure is charged to the asset's carrying amount only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance costs are expensed in the income statement during the financial period in which they are incurred.

Changes in fair values are recognised in the income statement.

If an investment property becomes owner-occupied, it is reclassified as property, plant and equipment and its fair value at the date of reclassification becomes its cost for accounting purposes. Property that is being constructed or developed for future use as investment property is classified as property, plant and equipment and stated at cost until construction or development is complete, at which time it is reclassified and subsequently accounted for as investment property.

If an item of property, plant and equipment becomes an investment property because its use has changed, any difference resulting between the carrying amount and the fair value of this item at the date of transfer is recognised in equity as a revaluation of property, plant and equipment under HKAS 16. However, if a fair value gain reverses a previous impairment loss, the gain is recognised in the income statement.

An investment property is derecognised upon disposal or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefits are expected from its disposal. The gain or loss arising from the retirement or disposal of investment property, calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the investment property, is recognised in the income statement in the period of the retirement or disposal.

For the year ended 31st March 2005

### 5 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (f) Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, i.e., assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are capitalised as part of the cost of those assets. Capitalisation of such borrowing costs ceases when the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs capitalised.

#### (g) Intangible assets

#### Goodwill

Goodwill represents the excess of the cost of an acquisition over the fair value of the Group's share of the net identifiable assets of the acquired subsidiary/associate/jointly controlled entity at the date of acquisition. Goodwill on acquisitions of subsidiaries is included in intangible assets. Goodwill on acquisitions of associates and jointly controlled entities is included in investments in associates and jointly controlled entities respectively. Goodwill is tested annually for impairment and carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses. Gains and losses on the disposal of an entity include the carrying amount of goodwill relating to the entity sold.

Goodwill is allocated to cash-generating units for the purpose of impairment testing.

#### Negative goodwill

On acquisition of subsidiary/associate/jointly controlled entity, if the Group's interest in the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of an entity being acquired recognised as at the date of acquisition exceeds the cost of the business combination ("Negative goodwill"), the Group shall reassess the identification and measurement of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of that entity and the measurement of the cost of the business combination; and recognise immediately in the consolidated income statement any excess remaining after that reassessment.

Intangible asset other than goodwill is stated at cost less amortisation and any identified impairment loss. The cost of the intangible asset is amortised over the estimated useful life of the intangible asset on a straight line basis unless such life is indefinite where it tested for impairment annually.

For the year ended 31st March 2005

### 5 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### (h) Impairment of assets

### (1) Impairment of investments in debt and equity securities and other receivables

Investment in debt and equity securities and other current and non-current receivables that are stated at cost or amortised cost or are classified as available-for-sale financial assets are reviewed at each balance sheet date to determine whether there is objective evidence of impairment. If any such evidence exists, any impairment loss is determined and recognised as follows:

- For unquoted equity securities carried at cost, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between the carrying amount of the financial asset and the estimated future cash flows, discounted at the current market rate of return for a similar financial asset where the effect of discounting is material. Impairment losses for equity securities are not reversed.
- For trade and other current receivables and other financial assets carried at amortised cost, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate (i.e. the effective interest rate computed at initial recognition of these assets), where the effect of discounting is material.

If in a subsequent period the amount of an impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be linked objectively to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognised, the impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss. A reversal of an impairment loss shall not result in the asset's carrying amount exceeding that which would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised in prior years.

For available-for-sale financial assets, the cumulative loss that has been recognised directly in equity is removed from equity and is recognised in profit or loss. The amount of the cumulative loss that is recognised in profit or loss is the difference between the acquisition cost (net of any principal repayment and amortisation) and current fair value, less any impairment loss on that asset previously recognised in profit or loss.

Impairment losses recognised in profit or loss in respect of available-for-sale equity financial assets are not reversed through profit or loss. Any subsequent increase in the fair value of such assets is recognised directly in equity.

Impairment losses in respect of available-for-sale debt securities are reversed if the subsequent increase in fair value can be objectively related to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognised. Reversals of impairment losses in such circumstances are recognised in profit or loss.

For the year ended 31st March 2005

### 5 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (h) Impairment of assets (Continued)

### (2) Impairment of other assets

Internal and external sources of information are reviewed at each balance sheet date to identify indicators that the following assets may be impaired or, except in the case of goodwill, an impairment loss previously recognised no longer exists or may have decreased:

- property, plant and equipment (other than properties carried at revalued amounts);
- intangible assets;
- investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures (except for those classified as held for sale or included in a disposal group that is classified as held for sale); and
- goodwill.

If any such indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. In addition, for goodwill, intangible assets that are not yet available for use and intangible assets that have indefinite useful lives, the recoverable amount is estimated annually whether or not there is any indication of impairment.

- Calculation of recoverable amount

The recoverable amount of an asset is the greater of its net selling price and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. Where an asset does not generate cash flows largely independent of those from other assets, the recoverable amount is determined for the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows independently (i.e. cash-generated unit).

- Recognition of impairment losses

An impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss whenever the carrying amount of an asset, or the cash-generating unit to which it belongs, exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment losses recognised in respect of cash-generating units are allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the cash-generated units (or group of units) and then, to reduce the carrying amount of the other assets in the unit (or group of units) on a pro rata basis, except that the carrying value of an asset will not be reduced below its individual fair value less costs to sell, or value in use, if determinable.

For the year ended 31st March 2005

### 5 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (h) Impairment of assets (Continued)

#### (2) Impairment of other assets (Continued)

- Reversals of impairment losses

In respect of assets other than goodwill, an impairment loss is reversed if there has been a favourable change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. An impairment loss in respect of goodwill is not reversed.

A reversal of an impairment loss is limited to the asset's carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised in prior years. Reversals of impairment losses are credited to profit or loss in the year in which the reversals are recognised.

#### (i) Investments

From 1st April, 2003 to 31st March, 2004:

The Group classified its investment in securities, other than subsidiaries and associates as investment securities.

#### Investment securities

Investment securities are stated at cost less any impairment losses.

The carrying amounts of individual investments are reviewed at each balance sheet date to assess whether the fair values have declined below the carrying amounts. When a decline other than temporary has occurred, the carrying amounts of such investments will be reduced to its fair value. The impairment loss is recognised as an expense in the profit and loss account. This impairment loss is written back to profit and loss when the circumstances and events that led to the write-downs or writeoffs cease to exist and there is persuasive evidence that the new circumstances and events will persist for the foreseeable future.

From 1st April, 2004 onwards:

The Group classified its investments in the following categories: financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, loans and receivables, and available-for-sale financial assets. The classification depends on the purpose for which the investments were acquired. Management determines the classification of its investments at initial recognition and re-evaluates this designation at every reporting date.

For the year ended 31st March 2005

### 5 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (i) Investments (Continued)

### Investment securities (Continued)

#### *(i) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss*

This category has two sub-categories: financial assets held for trading, and those designated at fair value through profit or loss at inception. A financial asset is classified in this category if acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the short term or if so designated by management. Derivatives are also categorised as held for trading unless they are designated as hedges. Assets in this category are classified as current assets if they are either held for trading or are expected to be realised within 12 months of the balance sheet date.

#### *(ii) Loans and receivables*

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. They arise when the Group provides money, goods or services directly to a debtor with no intention of trading the receivable. They are included in current assets, except for maturities greater than 12 months after the balance sheet date which are classified as non-current assets. Loans and receivables are included in trade and other receivables in the balance sheet (Note 5(I)).

#### (iii) Available-for-sale financial assets

Available-for-sale financial assets are non derivatives that are either designated in this category or not classified in any of the other categories. They are included in non-current assets unless management intends to dispose of the investment within 12 months of the balance sheet date.

Purchases and sales of investments are recognised on trade-date – the date on which the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset. Investments are initially recognised at fair value plus transaction costs for all financial assets not carried at fair value through profit or loss. Investments are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the investments have expired or have been transferred and the Group has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership. Available-for-sale financial assets and financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are subsequently carried at fair value. Loans and receivables and held-to-maturity investments are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Realised and unrealised gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value of the "financial assets at fair value through profit or loss" category are included in the income statement in the period in which they arise. Unrealised gains and losses arising from changes are recognised in equity. When securities classified as available-for-sale are recognised in equity. When securities classified as available-for-sale are recognised in equity. The accumulated fair value adjustments are included in the income statement as gains or losses from investment securities.

The fair values of quoted investments are based on current bid prices. If the market for a financial asset is not active (and for unlisted securities), the Group establishes fair value by using valuation techniques. These include the use of recent arm's length transactions, reference to other instruments that are substantially the same, discounted cash flow analysis, and option pricing models refined to reflect the issuer's specific circumstances.

For the year ended 31st March 2005

### 5 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (j) Financial guarantees issued, provisions and contingent liabilities

#### (i) Financial guarantees issued

Financial guarantees are contracts that require the issuer (i.e. the guarantor) to make specified payments to reimburse the beneficiary of the guarantee (the "holder") for a loss the holder incurs because a specified debtor fails to make payment when due in accordance with the terms of a debt instrument.

Where the Group issues a financial guarantee, the fair value of the guarantee (being the transaction price, unless the fair value can otherwise be reliably estimated) is initially recognised as deferred income within trade and other payables. Where consideration is received or receivable for the issuance of the guarantee, the consideration is recognised in accordance with the Group's policies applicable to that category of asset. Where no such consideration is received or receivable, an immediate expense is recognised in profit or loss on initial recognition of any deferred income.

The amount of the guarantee initially recognised as deferred income is amortised in profit or loss over the term of the guarantee as income from financial guarantees issued. In addition, provisions are recognised in accordance with note 5(j)(iii) if and when (i) it becomes probable that the holder of the guarantee will call upon the Group under the guarantee, and (ii) the amount of that claim on the Group is expected to exceed the amount currently carried in trade and other payables in respect of that guarantee i.e. the amount initially recognised, less accumulated amortisation.

#### (ii) Contingent liabilities acquired in business combinations

Contingent liabilities acquired as part of a business combination are initially recognised at fair value, provided the fair value can be reliably measured. After their initial recognition at fair value, such contingent liabilities are recognised at the higher of the amount initially recognised, less accumulated amortisation where appropriate, and the amount that would be determined in accordance with note 5(j)(iii). Contingent liabilities acquired in a business combination that cannot be reliably fair valued are disclosed in accordance with note 5(j)(iii).

For the year ended 31st March 2005

### 5 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (j) Financial guarantees issued, provisions and contingent liabilities (Continued)

#### (iii) Other provisions and contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognised for other liabilities of uncertain timing or amount when the Group or the Company has a legal or constructive obligation arising as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made. Where the time value of money is material, provisions are stated at the present value of the expenditure expected to settle the obligation.

Where it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is disclosed as a contingent liability, unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote. Possible obligations, whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more future events are also disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote.

#### (k) Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is calculated using the weighted average method.

Work in progress represents movie, television drama and documentary production still in progress and is stated at production costs incurred to date, less foreseeable losses and applicable royalty income and progress payments received and receivable.

Production costs are carried forward as work in progress and are transferred to film stocks upon completion and released film stocks are amortised over the period of the expected total income being generated from film distribution. Fully amortised film stocks are carried forward at HK\$100 each.

#### (I) Trade and other receivables

Trade and other receivables are initially measured at fair value and, after initial recognition, at amortised cost less impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts (see note 5(h)(1)), except for the following receivables:

- interest-free loans made to related parties without any fixed repayment terms or the effect of discounting being immaterial, that are measured at cost less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts; and
- short term receivables with no stated interest rate and the effect of discounting being immaterial, that are measured at their original invoiced amount less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

For the year ended 31st March 2005

### 5 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (m) Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity.

Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

#### (n) Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables are initially measured at fair value. Trade and other payables are subsequently stated at amortised cost, except for the following payables:

- short-term payables with no stated interest rate and the effect of discounting being immaterial, that are measured at their original invoiced amount.
- interest free loans from related parties without any fixed repayment terms or the effect of discounting being immaterial, that are measured at cost.
- financial guarantee measured in accordance with note 5(j)(i).

#### (o) Bank and other borrowings

Bank and other borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Transaction costs are incremental costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, issue or disposal of a financial asset or financial liability, including fees and commissions paid to agents, advisers, brokers and dealers, levies by regulatory agencies and securities exchanges, and transfer taxes and duties. Bank and other borrowings are subsequently stated at amortised cost; any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognised in the income statement over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

Bank and other borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the balance sheet date.

For the year ended 31st March 2005

### 5 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (p) Income tax

Income tax comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax is recognised in the income statement or in equity if it relates to items that are recognised in the same or a different period, directly in equity.

Deferred tax is provided in full, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements. However, if the deferred tax arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss, it is not accounted for. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply when the related deferred tax asset is realised or the deferred tax liability is settled.

Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

At each balance sheet date, the Group reviews and assesses the recognised and unrecognised deferred tax assets and the future taxable profit to determine whether any recognised deferred tax assets should be derecognised and any unrecognised deferred tax assets should be derecognised and any unrecognised.

Deferred tax is provided on temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries, associates and jointly controlled entities, except where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference is controlled by the Group and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

For the year ended 31st March 2005

### 5 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### (q) Employee benefits

### (i) Retirement benefit costs

Payments to defined contribution plans under the mandatory provident fund scheme and statemanaged retirement benefits scheme are charged as expenses as they fall due.

### (ii) Share-based compensation

The Group operates an equity-settled, share-based compensation plan. The fair value of the employee services received in exchange for the grant of the options is recognised as an expense. The total amount to be expensed over the vesting period is determined by reference to the fair value of the options granted, excluding the impact of any non-market vesting conditions (for example, profitability and sales growth targets). Non-market vesting conditions are included in assumptions about the number of options that are expected to become exercisable. At each balance sheet date, the entity revises its estimates of the number of options that are expected to become statement, and a corresponding adjustment to equity over the remaining vesting period.

The proceeds received net of any directly attributable transaction costs are credited to share capital (nominal value) and share premium when the options are exercised.

### (r) Revenue recognition

Revenue comprises the fair value for the sale of goods and services, net of value-added tax, rebates and discounts and after eliminating sales within the Group. Revenue is recognised as follows:

- (i) Revenue from movies and television dramas produced for third parties is recognised as income when the relevant production is completed and released.
- (ii) Income from movies, television dramas and documentary distribution is recognised when the movies, television dramas and documentary production is completed, released and the amount can be measured reliably.
- (iii) Revenue from the operations of the entertainment complex, including theme restaurants, is recognised when the services are rendered to customers.

For the year ended 31st March 2005

### 5 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (r) Revenue recognition (Continued)

- (iv) Non-refundable fixed franchise income is recognised when the right to use the Group's trademark has been assigned to the franchisee. Other franchise income is recognised on an accrual basis in accordance with the terms of the relevant franchising agreement and when the Group's entitlement to payments has been established.
- (v) Rental income, including rental invoiced in advance from properties let under operating leases, is recognised on a straight line basis over the period of the respective leases.
- (vi) Interest income is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the interest rate applicable.
- (vii) Sales of investments in securities are recognised when the sales contract becomes unconditional.
- (viii) Sales of goods are recognised when goods are delivered and title has passed.
- (ix) Services income is recognised when the services are rendered.
- (x) Dividend income from investments is recognised when the shareholders' right to receive payment has been established.

#### (s) Leases

#### (i) Operating lease (both as the lessee or the lessor)

Leases in which a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Where the Group is the lessee, payments made under operating leases (net of any incentives received from the lessor) are expensed in the income statement on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease. Where the Group is the lessor, assets leased by the Group under operating leases are included in non current assets and rentals receivable under the operating leases are credited to the income statement in a straight line basis over the lease period.

For the year ended 31st March 2005

### 5 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (s) Leases (Continued)

#### (ii) Finance lease (as the lessee)

Leases of assets where the Group has substantially obtained all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as finance leases. Finance leases are capitalised at the lease's commencement at the lower of the fair value of the leased property and the present value of the minimum lease payments. Each lease payment is allocated between the liability and finance charges so as to achieve a constant rate on the finance balance outstanding. The corresponding rental obligations, net of finance charges, are included in current and non current bank and other borrowings. The interest element of the finance cost is recognised in the income statement over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability for each period. The investment properties acquired under finance leases are carried at their fair value, while the property, plant and equipment acquired under finance leases are depreciated over the shorter of the useful lives of the assets or the lease terms.

#### (t) Related parties

For the purposes of these financial statements, a party is considered to be related to the Group if:

- (i) directly, or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, the party:
  - (1) controls, is controlled by, or is under common control with, the Group;
  - (2) has an interest in the Group that gives its significant influence over the Group; or
  - (3) has joint control over the Group;
- (ii) the party is a jointly-controlled entity;
- (iii) the party is an associate;
- (iv) the party is a member of the key management personnel of the Company or its parent;
- (v) the party is a close member of the family of any individual referred to in (i) or (iv);
- the party is an entity that is controlled, jointly-controlled or significantly influenced by or for which significant voting power in such entity resides with, directly or indirectly, any individual referred to in (iv) or (v); or
- (vii) the party is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of the Group, or of any entity that is a related party of the Group.

For the year ended 31st March 2005

### 6 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

### (a) Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

The Group makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal to the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below.

### (i) Estimated impairment of goodwill

The Group tests annually whether goodwill has suffered any impairment, in accordance with the accounting policy stated in Note 5(h)(2). The recoverable amounts of cash-generating units have been determined based on value-in use calculations. These calculations require the use of estimates.

### (ii) Impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts

The Group makes provision for impairment of doubtful debts based on an assessment of the recoverability of trade receivables and other receivables. Provisions are applied to trade and other receivables where events or changes in circumstances indicate that the balances may not be collectible. The identification of impairment of doubtful debts requires the use of judgement and estimates. Where the expectation is different from the original estimate, such difference will impact carrying value of receivables and provision for impairment losses in the period in which such estimate has been changed.

For the year ended 31st March 2005

#### 7 TURNOVER, OTHER INCOME AND GAINS, NET

Turnover represents the aggregate of net amounts received and receivable from third parties during the year. An analysis of the Group's turnover, other income and gains, net is as follows:

	2005 HK\$'000	2004 HK\$'000
Turnover		
Entertainment complex and theme restaurant franchising income	924	2,149
Income from investment in marketable securities	20,945	13,072
Interest income from provision of finance	4,252	4,023
Investment income	-	3,637
Movies, television and dramas and documentary production,		
distributing and licensing income	39,343	7,872
Music production income	408	1,250
Property income	1,792	18,569
Theme restaurant income	49,341	55,242
	117,005	105,814
Other income		
Bank interest income	57	446
Interest income, other than from loan receivables	698	1,061
	755	1,507
Exchange gain	-	14
Reversal of allowances for doubtful loans and interest receivables, net Release of excess of fair value of net assets acquired over cost of	-	15,051
acquisition of interest in an associate	1,121	_
Recovery of loans and interest receivables	460	_
Recovery of amounts due from jointly controlled entities	-	2,689
Reversal of allowance for amounts due from jointly controlled entities	19,737	_
Recovery on settlement of investments in debt securities	-	33,323
Surplus arising on revaluation of investment properties	-	17,700
Sundry income	1,540	2,280
	23,613	72,564
Gains, net		
Gains on dilution and disposal of interest in subsidiaries	1,329	26,502
Gains on disposal of available-for-sale financial assets	22,367	_
Gains on disposal of investment properties	2,590	
	26,286	26,502
	49,899	99,066
	166,904	204,880

For the year ended 31st March 2005

### 8 (LOSS)/PROFIT FROM OPERATIONS

	2005 HK\$'000	2004 HK\$'000
(Loss)/profit from operations has been arrived at after charging:		
Staff costs		
– wages and salaries	36,104	33,710
<ul> <li>retirement benefits scheme contributions</li> </ul>	276	457
	36,380	34,167
Auditors' remuneration		
– current year	2,685	1,354
– under provision in previous years	-	761
Amortisation of intangible assets	563	751
Depreciation	9,857	14,855
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	5	-
Loss on disposal of investment properties	-	974
Intangible assets written off	537	_
Allowance for bad debts	28,841	3,338
Deficit arising on revaluation of investment properties	200	-
Unrealised losses on other investments	-	11,727
Loss on fair value change of financial assets at fair value		
through profit or loss	221	-
Impairment loss for consideration receivable		
on disposal of interest in an associate	1,176	3,527
Losses on disposal of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	529	-
Losses on disposal of other investments	-	903
Impairment loss on investment in securities	-	12,001
Impairment loss on available-for-sale financial asset	3,936	_
Impairment loss on properties held for resale	-	5,548
and crediting:		
Property rental income, net of direct outgoings HK\$896,000	000	704
(2004: HK\$1,200,000)	896	701

For the year ended 31st March 2005

### 9 FINANCE COSTS

10

	2005 HK\$'000	2004 HK\$'000
Interest on:		
Borrowings wholly repayable within five years		
<ul> <li>bank loans and overdrafts</li> </ul>	1,228	1,998
– other loans	1,682	5,089
Other interest expense	132	
	3,042	7,087
TAXATION		
	2005	2004
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Hong Kong Profits Tax		
– overprovision in prior year	(2,390)	_
Taxation outside Hong Kong		
– current year income tax	31	480
Taxation (credit)/charge	(2,359)	480

No provision for Hong Kong profits tax has been made in the financial statements as the companies within the Group have either no assessable profits for both years or have their profits wholly absorbed by tax losses brought forward.

Taxation on overseas profits has been calculated on the estimated assessable profits for the year at the rates of taxation prevailing in the countries in which the Group operates.

For the year ended 31st March 2005

#### 10 TAXATION (Continued)

The taxation on the Group's loss before taxation differs from the theoretical amount that would arise using the domestic taxation rates applicable to losses of the consolidated companies as follows:

	2005 HK\$'000	2004 HK\$'000
Loss before taxation	*	(14,098)
Tax at the domestic income tax rate of 17.5% (2004: 17.5%) Tax effect of expenses that are not deductible	*	(2,467)
in determining taxable profit	*	14,542
Tax effect of income that are not taxable in determining taxable profit	*	(13,938)
Tax effect of deferred tax assets not recognised	*	419
Tax effect of tax losses previously not recognised	*	5,884
Utilisation of tax losses previously not recognised	*	(4,273)
Effect of different tax rates of operations in other jurisdictions	*	313
Taxation (credit)/charge	*	480

\* Information is not available

### 11 LOSS ATTRIBUTABLE TO EQUITY HOLDERS OF THE COMPANY

The loss attributable to equity holders of the Company is dealt with in the financial statements of the Company to the extent of profit of HK\$8,555,000. (2004: loss of HK\$95,207,000).

#### 12 LOSS PER SHARE

The calculation of basic loss per ordinary share is based on the Group's loss attributable to equity holders of the Company divided by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year.

		As restated
	2005	2004
	HK\$	HK\$
Loss for the year	87,871,000	14,484,000
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year	312,512,593	215,355,643

The weighted average number of ordinary shares for the year ended 31st March, 2004 for the purpose of calculating the basic earnings per share has been adjusted to reflect the effect of the share consolidation in May 2004.

Since the outstanding share options are anti-dilutive to the loss per share, no diluted loss per share is presented for both years.

For the year ended 31st March 2005

### 13 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	Leasehold Land and buildings HK\$'000	Leasehold improvements HK\$'000	Furniture and equipment HK\$'000	Motor vehicles HK\$'000	Operating equipment HK\$'000	<b>Total</b> HK\$'000
COST						
At 1st April, 2003	1,580	49,538	13,267	1,457	6,319	72,161
Exchange realignment	-	4,952	108	-	330	5,390
Additions	-	1,035	504	44	21	1,604
Disposal of subsidiaries	-	(139)	(1,615)	-	-	(1,754)
Disposals	(1,580)	(830)	(1)		(1,507)	(3,918)
At 1st April, 2004	_	54,556	12,263	1,501	5,163	73,483
Exchange realignment	-	(783)	(32)	-	(53)	(868)
Additions	-	309	957	-	39	1,305
Deconsolidation of a subsidiary	-	(11,702)	(1,067)	-	(1,550)	(14,319)
Disposal of subsidiaries	-	-	(160)	(42)	-	(202)
Disposals		(35)	(164)	(165)	(35)	(399)
At 31st March, 2005		42,345	11,797	1,294	3,564	59,000
DEPRECIATION AND IMPAIRMENT						
At 1st April, 2003	79	17,829	9,327	532	2,874	30,641
Exchange realignment	-	1,731	69	-	116	1,916
Provided for the year	16	12,413	1,376	270	780	14,855
Eliminated on disposal of subsidiaries	-	(29)	(1,354)	-	-	(1,383)
Eliminated on disposals	(95)	(374)	(191)		(1,166)	(1,826)
At 1st April, 2004	-	31,570	9,227	802	2,604	44,203
Exchange realignment	-	(323)	(13)	-	(22)	(358)
Provided for the year	-	7,305	1,477	262	813	9,857
Eliminated on deconsolidation of						
a subsidiary	-	(11,702)	(773)	-	(1,134)	(13,609)
Eliminated on disposal of subsidiaries	-	-	(139)	(42)	-	(181)
Eliminated on disposals		(33)	(137)	(152)	(31)	(353)
At 31st March, 2005		26,817	9,642	870	2,230	39,559
NET BOOK VALUES						
At 31st March, 2005		15,528	2,155	424	1,334	19,441
At 31st March, 2004		22,986	3,036	699	2,559	29,280

For the year ended 31st March 2005

#### 14 INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

	HK\$'000
VALUATION	
Carrying amount at 1st April, 2003	30,500
Changes in fair value of investment properties	17,700
	10.000
Carrying amount at 1st April, 2004	48,200
Disposals	(35,200)
Changes in fair value of investment properties	(200)
Carrying amount at 31st March, 2005	12,800

The Group's investment property are situated in Hong Kong and held under medium-term leases. The investment property of the Group was revalued on the open market existing use basis by RHL Appraisal Limited, an independent firm of professional property valuers. The fair value losses of approximately HK\$200,000 had been debited to the income statement for the year ended 31st March, 2005.

For the year ended 31st March 2005

### 15 INTANGIBLE ASSETS

	Franchise right HK\$'000	<b>Trademark</b> HK\$'000	<b>Others</b> HK\$'000	<b>Total</b> HK\$'000
COST				
At 1st April, 2003	15,606	3,355	477	19,438
Exchange realignment	_	_	27	27
Additions		148		148
At 1st April, 2004	15,606	3,503	504	19,613
Additions	_	87	_	87
Deemed disposal of a subsidiary	_	_	(149)	(149)
Written off		(3,434)	(355)	(3,789)
At 31st March, 2005	15,606	156		15,762
AMORTISATION AND IMPAIRMENT				
At 1st April, 2003	15,606	1,738	398	17,742
Exchange realignment	_	_	11	11
Provided for the year		716	35	751
At 1st April, 2004	15,606	2,454	444	18,504
Provided for the year	_	563	_	563
Deemed disposal of a subsidiary	_	_	(89)	(89)
Eliminated on write-off		(2,897)	(355)	(3,252)
At 31st March, 2005	15,606	120		15,726
NET BOOK VALUES				
At 31st March, 2005		36		36
At 31st March, 2004		1,049	60	1,109

Trademark of the Group represents initial fees paid for the registration of the trademark in the respective country/place of registration.

Franchise right of the Group represents the cost incurred for obtaining the right to operate the theme restaurant in Japan. Full impairment had been made in 2002.

For the year ended 31st March 2005

### 15 INTANGIBLE ASSETS (Continued)

Intangible assets are amortised over the following periods on a straight line basis:

Trademark

5 years

### 16 INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES

	2005 HK\$'000	2004 HK\$'000
Share of net assets Less: impairment losses on investment cost	44,693 19,779	9,170
	24,914	9,170
Excess of fair value of net assets acquired over consideration at 1st April, as previously reported Effect on adopting HKFRS 3	(756) 756	(1,805)
	-	(1,805)
Arising from acquisition of associates Release of excess of fair value of net assets acquired over consideration	(1,121) 1,121	1,049
At 31st March		(756)
Goodwill At 1st April Arising from acquisition of an associate Less: Amortisation	2,010 413 _	2,644 - (634)
At 31st March	2,423	2,010
	27,337	10,424
Amounts due from associates, less impairment losses Less: classified as current assets and included in other receivables and	25,966	33,118
prepayments (note 25)		(6,475)
	53,303	37,067
Market value of listed associates		7,423

For the year ended 31st March 2005

#### 16 INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES (Continued)

The amounts due from associates are unsecured, interest-free and have no fixed repayment terms. In the opinion of the directors, the amounts will not be repayable within twelve months of the balance sheet date and are accordingly classified as non-current.

(a) Details of the Group's principal associates which are held indirectly by the Company are as follows:

Name of associate	Place of incorporation	Form of business structure	Attributable proportion of nominal value of issued capital	Principal activity
星美影院發展有限公司 ("星美影院發展")	PRC	Equity joint venture	25%	Movies distribution and exhibition
Polyco Development Limited#*	Hong Kong	Incorporated	20%	Property investment
成都星美數碼信息產業有限公司 ("成都星美數碼")(note (1))	PRC	Equity joint venture	50%	Cyber cafes operation
Applause Holdings Limited ("Applause") (note (2))	British Virgin Islands	Incorporated	40%	Movie production and distribution
深圳有生軟件技術有限公司** ("深圳有生")(note (3))	PRC	Equity joint venture	50%	Software development

<sup>#</sup> This associate has a financial year ending 31st December which is not co-terminous with that of SMI Corporation Limited.

\* The financial statements of the company have been audited by a firm other than the joint auditors.

The above associates are limited companies incorporated in their respective jurisdictions.

The above table lists the associates of the Group which, in the opinion of the directors, would principally affect the results of the year or form a substantial portion of the net assets of the Group. To give details of other associates would, in the opinion of the directors, result in particulars of excessive length.

For the year ended 31st March 2005

#### 16 INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES (Continued)

Notes:

- 1. 成都星美數碼 has ceased business in early of 2006 and all its books and records could not be located due to the management has left. In the opinion of the Company's directors, full impairment against the carrying value of the Group's net investment in 成都星美數碼 approximately of HK\$14,069,000 was considered necessary.
- 2. The information for the Group's net investment in Applause as at 31st March, 2005 of HK\$5,142,000 of was derived from the unaudited management accounts of Applause.
- 3. As 深圳有生 has incurred persistent loss and encountered shortage of working capital, the Company's directors opined that full impairment against the carrying value of the Group's net investment in 深圳有生 approximately of HK\$5,710,000 was necessary.
- (b) Summarised financial information in respect of the Group's associates, 星美影院發展有限公司, 成都星 美數碼信息產業有限公司 and Polyco Development Limited as at 31st March, 2005, are set out below:

	2005	2004
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Total assets (notes (i) and (ii))	284,115	*
Total liabilities	(171,141)	*
Net assets	112,974	*
Revenue	13,520	*
Loss for the year	(14,794)	*

Financial information for other Group's associates has not been disclosed as they are either fully impaired or their financial information is not available.

\* Information is not available

For the year ended 31st March 2005

#### 16 INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES (Continued)

Notes:

- (i) On 25th August, 2004, 星美影院發展有限公司("星美影院發展"), an associate of which 25% owned by the Group, entered into an acquisition agreement (the "Acquisition") with 星美傳媒集團有限公司("星美 傳媒") to acquire its 60% equity interest in 中影星美電影院線有限公司("中影星美"), a PRC domestic company engaged in film distribution business in Mainland China at a consideration of RMB55,000,000. During the year ended 31st March, 2005, 星美影院發展 had paid a deposit of RMB55,000,000 to 星美傳 媒 for the Acquisition. However, the legal title on 中影星美 has still not yet been passed to the Group since 2005. It was explained by the management that there is a restriction on foreign enterprise to hold equity interest in domestic company carrying on the business as mentioned above according to PRC regulation. By a supplementary agreement signed on 30th April, 2008, 星美傳媒 has agreed to refund the deposit to 星美影 院發展 if the Acquisition could not be completed within two years. Mr. Qin Hui, the sole owner of Strategic Media International Limited and the controlling shareholder of the Company, has given an indemnity to 星美 影院發展 for the settlement of the above mentioned deposit. The indemnity is irrevocable and subject to the following conditions:
  - with the assistance from Mr. Qin Hui, action shall be taken by 星美影院發展 to demand 星美傳媒 for the refund of the deposit paid; and
  - the Company's shares will be resumed for trading on the Stock Exchange.

The Company's directors consider that the deposit can be recovered in full based on the successfully outcome of the obligation implemented under the indemnity.

The directors were informed that during the year of 2004, 星美影院發展, 深圳名翔實業發展有限公司 (ii) ("深圳名翔") and 星美傳媒 have entered an agreement. According to this agreement, 星美影院 has unconditionally pledged all its assets established in its branch named 星美影院發展有限公司北京星美國 際影城 ("北京星美國際影城" ) to provide a performance guarantee to an independent third party, 深圳名 翔 to secure the obligations conducted by 星美傳媒, in accordance with a co-operation agreement signed between 深圳名翔 and 星美傳媒. The guaranteed amount was RMB40 million. However, 星美傳媒 had failed to fully comply with its obligations as stipulated in the above mentioned co-operation agreement and 深圳名翔 had through legal action to enforce a claim amount of RMB15 million. Subsequently, 深圳名 翔 had executed the performance guarantee provided by 星美影院發展 for the settlement of the claim. As agreed by all the parties involved, a 民事調解書 has been issued by a district court in Beijing dated 26th December, 2006. According to the settlement terms as set out in this 民事調解書, 星美影院發展 agreed to surrender its interest in 北京星美國際影城 at a net book value of RMB9,799,000 to 深圳名翔 to discharge all its liabilities suffered under the guarantee. The Company's directors confirmed that 星美影院發展 will issue a counterclaim of RMB9,799,000 to 星美傳媒 to compensate the interest in the branch so surrendered therefore all the assets and liabilities of the branch were removed from the books of 星美影院發展 and a receivable of RMB9,799,000 was recorded correspondingly as at 31st March, 2007. In the opinion of the Company's directors the amount counterclaimed will be recovered in full and no allowance for impairment is required.

For the year ended 31st March 2005

#### 17 INTERESTS IN JOINTLY CONTROLLED ENTITIES

	2005 HK\$'000	2004 HK\$'000
Share of net assets Amounts due from jointly controlled entities, less impairment loss	32,797	3,939 13,452
	32,797	17,391

Detail of the Group's principal jointly controlled entity which is held indirectly by the Company is as follows:

		Attributable proportion of	
Name of jointly controlled entity	Place of incorporation	nominal value of issued capital	Principal activity
Earn Elite Development Limited**	Hong Kong	50%	Property investment

<sup>#</sup> This jointly controlled entity has a financial year ending 31st December which is not co-terminous with that of SMI Corporation Limited.

\* The financial statements of the company have been audited by a firm other than the joint auditors.

The above jointly controlled entity is a limited company incorporated in Hong Kong.

The balances are unsecured, interest-free and have no fixed repayment terms.

The above table lists the jointly controlled entity of the Group which, in the opinion of the directors, principally affected the results of the year or formed a substantial portion of the net assets of the Group. To give details of other jointly controlled entities would, in the opinion of the directors, result in particulars of excessive length.

For the year ended 31st March 2005

#### 17 INTERESTS IN JOINTLY CONTROLLED ENTITIES (Continued)

Summarised financial information on jointly controlled entities related to the Group's interests is set out as below:

	2005 HK\$'000	2004 HK\$'000
Non-current assets Current assets Non-current liabilities Current liabilities	41,250 282 (74,095) (161)	* * *
Net liabilities	(32,724)	*
Income Expenses Tax charge	4,386 (766) (604)	* * *
Profit for the year	3,016	*

\* Information is not available

#### 18 DEPOSIT PAID ON ACQUISITION OF AN INVESTMENT

	2005 HK\$′000	2004 HK\$'000
Deposit paid Less: Impairment loss	42,882 42,882	41,998 20,000
		21,998

Impairment losses of HK\$20,000,000 and HK\$22,882,000 have been made during the years ended 31st March, 2004 and 31st March, 2005 respectively. At 31st March, 2005, the Directors opined that the deposit paid has been fully impaired.

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#### 19 AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE FINANCIAL ASSET

	2005 HK\$'000
Unlisted equity securities, at cost	
At the beginning of the year	8,297
Addition	674
Reclassification from a subsidiary (note below)	3,936
Disposal	(8,971)
	3,936
Less: impairment loss recognised in current year and balance c/f	3,936
	_

Unlisted securities of the Group are not stated at fair value but at cost less any accumulated impairment losses, because they do not have a quoted market price on active market, the range of reasonable fair value estimates is significant and the probabilities of the various estimates cannot be reasonably assessed.

The operation of 上海東魅餐飲娛樂有限公司("上海東魅"), a former subsidiary of the Company, was subcontracted to other parties since 2004. According to the subcontracting agreements, the Group forfeited its rights to exercise significant influence over the financial and operating policy decisions of 上海東魅 in return for fixed guaranteed annual subcontracting fee of approximately RMB6,000,000.

According to the legal opinion given by PRC lawyer, the subcontracting fee outstanding more than two years has been statutory barred. The Directors considered that the current year subcontracting fee income receivable of RMB6,000,000 is unlikely to be recovered and therefore has not been recognised in the consolidated income statement.

Since the entity lost its status as a subsidiary of the Group, it was reclassified to available-for-sale financial assets in previous year.

The Group's interest in the entity is held on a long term basis and is stated at the Group's share of the net assets, as at the date when the Group's forfeiture of its control became effective, less any provisions for diminutions in values other than those considered to be temporary deemed necessary by the directors.

The Directors were informed that 上海東魅 has ceased its catering business and moved out from the rented restaurant premise in early 2008. Accordingly, the directors considered that full impairment loss should be made against the investment in 上海東魅.

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#### 20 INVESTMENTS IN SECURITIES

	Investment	Other	
	Securities	investments	Total
	2004	2004	2004
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Equity securities:			
Listed – Hong Kong	_	24,774	24,774
Unlisted	8,297		8,297
	8,297	24,774	33,071
Classified under			
Current	_	24,774	24,774
Non-current	8,297		8,297
	8,297	24,774	33,071
Market value of listed securities		24,774	24,774

Other investment was reclassified to financial assets at fair value through profit or loss at 1st April, 2004 under HKAS 39.

Investment security was reclassified to available-for-sale financial assets at 1st April, 2004 under HKAS 39.

The carrying value of the unlisted equity securities at 31st March, 2004 represents investment in Alfaway International Limited ("Alfaway"), a company incorporated in Hong Kong.

During the year ended 31st March, 2005, the Group acquired additional 17.5% interest in Alfaway and disposed of all of its 35% interest in Alfaway (note 21).

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#### 21 CONSIDERATION RECEIVABLE ON DISPOSAL OF AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE FINANCIAL ASSET

	2005 HK\$'000
Balance of consideration receivable on disposal of available-for-sale financial asset Less: classified as current assets and included	38,000
in other receivables and prepayments (note 25)	20,000
Amounts due after one year	18,000

On 1st February, 2005, an agreement ("Agreement") was made between Stepwise Investments Limited ("Stepwise"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company and Alfresco Gold Limited ("Alfresco") for the disposal of 70 shares (the "Sale Shares"), which representing 35% of the entire issued share capital of Alfaway International Limited ("Alfaway") and four loans (the "Sale Loans") amounting to HK\$22 million in aggregate due and owing by Alfaway to Stepwise at an aggregate consideration was HK\$48 million. The sum of HK\$30 million was satisfied in cash by five instalments and the last instalment was payable within 9 months from the date of the Agreement.

The sum of HK\$18 million was paid by Alfresco to Stepwise within 18 months from the date of the Agreement, of which HK\$15 million was satisfied in cash or by HK\$15 million worth of broadcasting rights of films or television programmes and the remaining HK\$3 million was satisfied by HK\$3 million worth of broadcasting rights of films or television programmes or advertising air-time.

Pursuant to the above Agreement, 40% of the issued share capital in Alfaway was pledged by Alfresco to Stepwise through escrow agent to secure the payment of the consideration. At 31st March, 2005, the Consideration Receivable, from Alfresco stated in the balance sheet of the Group was HK\$38,000,000.

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#### 22 LOANS AND INTEREST RECEIVABLES

	2005 HK\$′000	2004 HK\$'000
Loans and interest receivables	426,278	463,602
Less: Impairment loss	423,375	420,660
	2,903	42,942
Loans and interest receivables Less: Amount due within one year included	2,903	42,942
under current assets (note 25)	2,903	30,334
Amounts due after one year		12,608

#### 23 INVENTORIES

	2005 HK\$'000	2004 HK\$'000
Good held for resale	290	634
Food and beverage	419	533
Film stocks	4,877	9,414
Work in progress	11,312	12,029
	16,898	22,610

All goods held for resale were carried at net realisable values.

The cost of inventories recognised as an expense during the year and included in 'cost of sales' amounted to HK\$50,916,000. (2004: HK\$19,416,000)

The cost of inventories recognised as an expense includes HK\$8,057,000 (2004: nil) in respect of writedowns of inventory to net realisable value and has been reduced by HK\$79,000 in 2004 in respect of the reversal of such write-downs which has been included in 'cost of sale' in the income statement.

During the year, the work in progress related to the advance payment for film production of HK\$1,398,000 has been written off as the Directors opined that the Group is unable to provide appropriate funding to ensure its completion.

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#### 24 FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

	2005 HK\$'000
Equity securities listed in Hong Kong held for trading at fair value	3,377
Market value of listed securities	3,377

#### 25 TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

	2005 HK\$'000	2004 HK\$'000
Trade receivables, net	4,678	3,537
Loans and interest receivables	2 002	20.224
– due within one year (note 22)	2,903	30,334
Consideration receivable on disposal of interest in an associate	-	4,410
Amount due from a related company	-	149
Amount due from an associate (note 16)	-	6,475
Other receivables and prepayments	8,636	42,342
Deposits paid on acquisition of interest in an associate (note 25a)	9,555	_
Advance to a jointly controlled operation (note 25b)	-	-
Consideration receivable on disposal of available-for-sale financial asset		
(note 21)	20,000	
	45,772	87,247

The directors consider that the carrying amounts of trade and other receivables approximate to their fair values.

For the year ended 31st March 2005

#### 25 TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (Continued)

The Group allows an average credit period of 30 days to 60 days to its trade customers. The ageing analysis of the Group's trade receivables (net of impairment loss) at the balance sheet date is as follows:

	2005 HK\$'000	2004 HK\$'000
Up to 30 days	3,413	2,404
31 to 60 days	68	202
Over 60 days	1,197	931
	4,678	3,537

- (a) A deposit of HK\$15,555,000 was paid to 星美傳媒集團有限公司 for the acquisition of 35% additional equity interest in an associate, 星美影院發展有限公司, by Sino Logic Limited, a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company. As conditions precedent stipulated in the agreement for the above acquisition (the "Agreement") have not been fulfilled, the Agreement was declared as no effect on 31st December, 2005. On 14th February, 2008, a memorandum was signed between Sino Logic Limited and 星美傳 媒集團有限公司 for resuming the negotiation for completing the Acquisition. In the opinion of the Company's directors, no allowance for impairment of bad debts is considered necessary.
- (b) An advance payment of approximately HK\$6,000,000 made by a subsidiary of the Group, Wide Treasure Limited ("Wide Treasure"), to a jointly controlled operation (the "Operation") in which Wide Treasure is a joint venturer. Full allowance had been made in previous years.

For the year ended 31st March 2005

#### 26 SHARE CAPITAL

	Number of shares	<b>Amount</b> HK\$'000
Authorised:		
Ordinary shares of HK\$0.005 each at 1st April, 2003 and		
31st March, 2004	10,000,000,000	50,000
Increased during the year	10,000,000,000	50,000
Share consolidation during the year	(19,000,000,000)	
Ordinary shares of HK\$0.10 each at 31st March, 2005	1,000,000,000	100,000
Issued and fully paid:		
Ordinary shares of HK\$0.005 each at 1st April, 2003	2,451,375,155	12,257
Issue of new shares during the year	3,475,000,000	17,375
Ordinary shares of HK\$0.005 each at 1st April, 2004	5,926,375,155	29,632
Placing of shares during the year	355,000,000	1,775
Share consolidation during the year	(5,967,306,398)	
Ordinary shares of HK\$0.10 each at 31st March, 2005	314,068,757	31,407

The movements in share capital in last year are as follows:

(i) Pursuant to a special resolution passed at the special general meeting on 14th April, 2004, the authorised share capital of the Company was increased to HK\$100,000,000 by the creation of 10,000,000,000 ordinary shares of HK\$0.005 each.

For the year ended 31st March 2005

#### 26 SHARE CAPITAL (Continued)

- (ii) On 3rd May, 2004, the Company placed 355,000,000 ordinary shares of HK\$0.005 each, through a placing agent, to independent investors at a price of HK\$0.055 per share to provide funding for the existing investments and for future investment opportunities of the Group.
- (iii) At a special general meeting of the Company held on 30th September, 2004, resolutions approving the capital reorganisation were passed and the following took effect on 4th October, 2004:
  - (a) the share premium account of the Company be reduced by HK\$200,000,000 and transferred to contributed surplus;
  - (b) the transfer of the credit arising from the reduction of share premium account as mentioned in
     (a) above and an appropriate amount from the contributed surplus account to set-off the deficit of the Company by approximately HK\$315,750,000;

and

(c) the issued and unissued ordinary shares of HK\$0.005 each in the capital of the Company be consolidated on the basis of every twenty ordinary shares being consolidated into one ordinary share of HK\$0.10.

Shares issued in current year rank pari passu with the then existing shares in all respects.

#### 27 SHARE OPTION SCHEMES

#### The 1996 Scheme

The Company's share option scheme, adopted on 29th April, 1996 (the "1996 Scheme") was for the primary purpose of providing incentives to directors and eligible employees. Under the 1996 Scheme, the board of directors of the Company may grant options to executive directors and employees of the Company and its subsidiaries to subscribe for shares in the Company. Options granted must be accepted within 28 days and are exercisable not earlier than half year nor later than three and a half years from the date of grant. Upon acceptance of the option, the grantee shall pay HK\$1 to the Company by way of consideration of the grant.

The total number of shares in respect of which options may be granted under the 1996 Scheme was not permitted to exceed 10% of the total number of the issued shares of the Company from time to time excluding any shares issued pursuant to the 1996 Scheme. No individual could be granted an option which, if exercised in full, would result in such individual becoming entitled to subscribe for such number of shares, as when aggregated with the total number of shares already issued or was issuable under all the options previously granted to him, exceeding 25% of the aggregate number of shares for the time being issued and issuable under the 1996 Scheme. The exercise price was determined by the board of directors of the Company, and would not be less than the highest of 80% of the average closing price of the shares for the five business days immediately preceding the date of grant and the nominal value of a share.

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#### 27 SHARE OPTION SCHEMES (Continued)

#### The 1996 Scheme (Continued)

Pursuant to the special resolution passed by shareholders of the Company on 28th August, 2002, the Company adopted a new share option scheme (the "2002 Scheme") and terminated the 1996 Scheme. Upon termination of the 1996 Scheme, no further options could be granted thereafter, but all outstanding options granted prior to such termination continued to be valid and exercisable in accordance with their terms of issue and, in all other respects, the provisions of the 1996 Scheme remained in force.

At 31st March 2005, the number of shares in respect of outstanding share options which were granted under the 1996 Scheme was 250,000, after consolidated on the basis of every twenty ordinary shares being consolidated into one ordinary share of HK\$0.10, representing approximately 0.08% of the shares of the Company in issue at that date.

The share options which have been granted under the 1996 Scheme to certain directors/former directors and employees of the Group to subscribe for shares in the Company are as follow:

						Number of	share options		
Date of grant	Exercisable period	Exercise price HK\$	Consolidated exercise price HK\$	Outstanding at 1.4.2004	Share consolidation during the year	Granted during the year	durin	g during	Outstanding at 31.3.2005
03.11.2000	03.05.2001 to 02.05.2004	0.2680	5.36	5,000,000	(4,750,000)	-	(250,00	0)	
				5,000,000	(4,750,000)	_	(250,00	0)	
						Number of	share optior	IS	
			<b>F</b>		Gran		Lapsed	Cancelled	
Date of gran	t Exercisable period		Exercise price HK\$	Outstandin at 1.4.200	5	5	during the year	during the year	Outstanding at 31.3.2004
20.12.1999	20.06.2000 to 19.06.2003	}	1.7400	20,000,00	0	- (20	,000,000)	_	_
17.03.2000	17.09.2000 to 16.09.2003	3	1.1600	18,000,00	0	- (18	,000,000)	_	-
03.11.2000	03.05.2001 to 02.05.2004	1	0.2680	7,000,00	0	-	-	(2,000,000)	5,000,000
23.12.2000	23.06.2001 to 22.06.2004	1	0.2256	10,000,00	0	-	-	(10,000,000)	-
13.06.2001	13.12.2001 to 12.12.2004	1	0.1700	19,500,00	0			(19,500,000)	
				74,500,00	0	- (38	,000,000)	(31,500,000)	5,000,000

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#### 27 SHARE OPTION SCHEMES (Continued)

#### The 1996 Scheme (Continued)

Included above are share options granted to directors/former directors of the Company as follows:

					Number of share options				
Date of grant	Exercisable period	Exercise price HK\$	Consolidated exercise price HK\$	Outstanding at 01.4.2004	Share consolidation during the year	Granted during the year	Lapsed during the year	Cancelled during the year	Outstanding at 31.3.2005
03.11.2000	03.05.2001 to 02.05.2004	0.2680	5.36	5,000,000	(4,750,000)		(250,000)		
				5,000,000	(4,750,000)	-	(250,000)	-	-

			Number of share options				
Date of grant	Exercisable period	Exercise price HK\$	Outstanding at 1.4.2003	Granted during the year	Lapsed during the year	Cancelled during the year	Outstanding at 31.3.2004
20.12.1999	20.06.2000 to 19.06.2003	1.7400	20,000,000	_	(20,000,000)	-	_
17.03.2000	17.09.2000 to 16.09.2003	1.1600	18,000,000	-	(18,000,000)	-	-
03.11.2000	03.05.2001 to 02.05.2004	0.2680	7,000,000	-	-	(2,000,000)	5,000,000
23.12.2000	23.06.2001 to 22.06.2004	0.2256	10,000,000	-	-	(10,000,000)	-
13.6.2001	13.12.2001 to 12.12.2004	0.1700	18,000,000			(18,000,000)	
			73,000,000	_	(38,000,000)	(30,000,000)	5,000,000

No share options were exercised by any director or employee during both years.

No charge is recognised in the consolidated income statement in respect of the value of options granted under the 1996 Scheme for both years.

For the year ended 31st March 2005

#### 27 SHARE OPTION SCHEMES (Continued)

#### The 2002 Scheme

On 28th August 2002, the Company adopted the 2002 Scheme under which the board of directors may at its discretion offer to any director (including non-executive director), employee and contracted celebrity, consultant, adviser or agent of any member of the Group or any entity in which the Group holds an equity interests (the "Eligible Person(s)") of the Company and/or its subsidiaries options to subscribe for shares in the Company in accordance with the terms of the 2002 Scheme. The principal purpose of the 2002 Scheme is to recognise the significant contributions of the eligible persons to the growth of the Group.

The total number of shares which may be issued upon exercise of all options to be granted under the 2002 Scheme and any other share option schemes of the Company cannot exceed 10% of the issued share capital as at 28th August 2002, i.e. 245,137,515 shares unless a fresh approval from the shareholders of the Company has been obtained. However, the maximum number of shares which may be issued upon exercise of all outstanding options granted and yet to be exercised under the 2002 Scheme and any other share option schemes of the Company cannot in aggregate exceed 30% of the issued share capital of the Company from time to time.

The total number of shares issued and may be issued upon exercise of the options granted to each Eligible Person under the 2002 Scheme and any other share option schemes of the Company (including exercised, cancelled and outstanding options) in any 12-month period must not exceed 1% of the issued share capital of the Company.

Options granted under the 2002 Scheme must be accepted within 28 days from the date of grant. Upon acceptance, the grantee is required to pay HK\$1 to the Company as consideration for the grant.

The subscription price for the shares under the 2002 Scheme must be a price determined by the board of directors of the Company at its absolute discretion but cannot be less than the highest of: (i) the closing prices of the shares of the Company as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheet on the offer date; (ii) the average closing price of the shares of the Company as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheets for the five business days immediately preceding the offer date; and (iii) the nominal value of a share of the Company.

The 2002 Scheme will remain in force for a period of 10 years commencing on 28th August 2002, after which no further options shall be granted but the options which are granted during the life of 2002 Scheme may continue to be exercisable in accordance with their terms of issue and, in all other respects, the provisions of the 2002 Scheme shall remain in full force and effect.

For the year ended 31st March 2005

#### SHARE OPTION SCHEMES (Continued) 27

#### The 2002 Scheme (Continued)

The share options which have been granted under the 2002 Scheme to certain Eligible Persons of the Group to subscribe for shares in the Company are as follows:

				Number of share options				
Date of grant	Exercisable period	Exercise price HK\$	Consolidated exercise price HK\$	Outstanding at 1.4.2004	Share consolidation during the year	Granted during the year	Lapsed during the year	Outstanding at 31.3.2005
28.7.2003 13.2.2004	28.1.2004 to 27.1.2007 13.8.2004 to 12.8.2007	0.0330 0.0670	0.0660 1.3400	154,000,000 91,000,000	(146,300,000) (86,450,000)	-	-	7,700,000 4,550,000
13.2.2004	15.6.2004 to 12.6.2007	0.0070	1.5400	245,000,000	(232,750,000)			12,250,000

. .

					Number of share options					
Date of grant	Exercisable period	Exercise price HK\$	Consolidated exercise price HK\$	Outstanding at 1.4.2005	Share consolidation during the year	Granted during the year	Lapsed during the year	Outstanding at 31.3.2006		
28.7.2003 13.2.2004	28.1.2004 to 27.1.2007 13.8.2004 to 12.8.2007	0.0330 0.0670	0.0660 1.3400	7,700,000 4,550,000	-	-	-	7,700,000 4,550,000		
				12,250,000				12,250,000		

For the year ended 31st March 2005

#### 27 SHARE OPTION SCHEMES (Continued)

#### The 2002 Scheme (Continued)

Included above are share options granted to directors of the Company as follows:

						Number of sh	are options	
			 Consolidated		consoli	Share dation Gra	inted Laps	ed
Date of		Exercise	exercise C	Outstanding		during d	uring durii	ng Outstanding
grant	Exercisable period	price HK\$	price HK\$	at 1.4.2004	th	e year the	year the ye	ar at 31.3.2005
28.7.2003	28.1.2004 to 27.1.2007	0.0030	0.0660	154,000,000	(146,3	00,000)	_	- 7,700,000
13.2.2004	13.8.2004 to 12.8.2007	0.0670	1.3400	28,000,000	(26,6	00,000)		- 1,400,000
			-	182,000,000	(172,9	900,000)		- 9,100,000
						Number of	share options	
						Granted	Lapsed	
Date of			Exercise	Outstar	nding	during	during	Outstanding
grant	Exercisable perio	od	price HK\$		2003	the year	the year	at 31.3.2004
28.7.2003	28.1.2004 to 27.	1.2007	0.0330		_	154,000,000	-	154,000,000
13.2.2004	13.8.2004 to 12.8	8.2007	0.0670		_	28,000,000		28,000,000
					_	182,000,000	_	182,000,000

No share options were exercised by any Eligible Persons in both years.

No charge is recognised in the consolidated income statement in respect of the value of options granted under the 2002 Scheme for both years.

At 31st March 2005, the number of shares in respect of outstanding share options which were granted under the 2002 Scheme was 12,250,000, after consolidated on the basis of every twenty ordinary shares being consolidated into one ordinary share of HK\$0.10, representing 3.9% of the shares of the Company in issue at that date.

For the year ended 31st March 2005

#### 28 SHARE PREMIUM AND OTHER RESERVES

	Other reserves				
	Exchange Contributed				
	reserve	surplus	Total		
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000		
Balance at 31st March, 2003	1,778	146,922	148,700		
Exchange adjustment and loss not recognised					
in the consolidated income statement	(1,189)	_	(1,189)		
Realised on dilution and disposal of interest					
in subsidiaries	(4,551)		(4,551)		
Balance at 1st April, 2004	(3,962)	146,922	142,960		
Currency translation differences	396	_	396		
Arising from capital reorganisation	_	(115,750)	(115,750)		
Released on a subsidiary not consolidated	(7)	_	(7)		
Released upon deemed disposal of a subsidiary	59		59		
Balance at 31st March, 2005	(3,514)	31,172	27,658		

The contributed surplus of the Group represented the balance of credit arising from the reduction of share capital and the cancellation of share premium in relation to the capital reorganisation in 1996 less the amount transferred to accumulated losses in relation to another capital reorganisation in the years ended 31st March, 2003 and 2005 and the amount released from disposal of certain associates and distribution of dividends in prior years.

	Share Premium
	HK\$'000
At 1st April, 2003	109,031
Issue of shares	121,625
Share issue expenses	(3,731)
At 1st April, 2004	226,925
Issue of shares	17,750
Share issue expenses	(525)
Arising from capital reorganisation (Note 26(iii)(a))	(200,000)
At 31st March, 2005	44,150

For the year ended 31st March 2005

#### 28 SHARE PREMIUM AND OTHER RESERVES (Continued)

Under the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda (as amended), the contributed surplus account of the Company is available for distribution. However, the Company cannot declare or pay a dividend, or make a distribution out of contributed surplus if:

- (a) the Company is, or would after the payment be, unable to pay its liabilities as they become due; or
- (b) the realisable value of the Company's assets would thereby be less than the aggregate of its liabilities and its issued share capital and share premium account.

In the opinion of the directors, the Company had no reserves available for distribution to shareholders at 31st March, 2004 and 31st March, 2005.

#### 29 BANK AND OTHER BORROWINGS

	2005 HK\$'000	2004 HK\$'000
Non-current		
Bank borrowings – secured	27,217	105,300
Current		
Bank borrowings – secured – unsecured	39,124	17,550 14,138
	39,124	31,688
Other borrowings		
– secured – unsecured	15,000 3,081	41,584
	18,081	41,584
	57,205	73,272
Total borrowings	84,422	178,572

For the year ended 31st March 2005

#### 29 BANK AND OTHER BORROWINGS (Continued)

The maturity of borrowings is as follows:

	2005 HK\$'000	2004 HK\$'000
Within one year	57,205	73,272
Between one and two years	5,443	17,550
Between two and five years	21,774	80,350
	84,422	171,172
Wholly repayable with five years		7,400
	84,422	178,572

### 30 TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

	2005 HK\$'000	2004 HK\$'000
Trade payables	11,807	20,490
Other creditors, accrued charges and deposits	34,737	48,466
Amount due to a related company (note 31)	-	3,930
Amount due to an investee company	475	
	47,019	72,886

The directors consider that the carrying amounts of trade and other payables approximate to their fair values.

The ageing analysis of the Group's trade payables at the balance sheet date is as follows:

	2005 HK\$′000	2004 HK\$'000
Up to 30 days	2,596	3,645
31 to 60 days	1,519	6,559
Over 60 days	7,692	10,286
	11,807	20,490

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#### 31 AMOUNT DUE TO A RELATED COMPANY

	2005 HK\$'000	2004 HK\$'000
Gold Picture Management Limited		3,930

Gold Picture Management Limited is a company in which certain directors of the Company have beneficial interests.

The amount is unsecured, interest-free and fully repaid during the year.

#### 32 PLEDGE OF ASSETS

At 31st March, 2005,

- (a) the Group's investment property with an aggregate carrying value of approximately HK\$12,800,000 was pledged to banks to secure credit facilities granted to the Group; and
- (b) the Group's bank deposits of approximately HK\$32,662,000 (2004: HK\$37,710,000) were pledged to banks to secure credit facilities granted to the Group.

On 15th November, 2004, the Group entered into a share mortgage agreement (the "Share Mortgage Agreement") with ITC Management Limited (the "ITC"). Pursuant to the Share Mortgage Agreement, the Group has agreed to pledge their 100% interest in Fung Ming Venture Limited, 50% interest in Canaria Holding Limited, 40% in interest Applause Holdings Limited and 100% interest in Cheerfame Limited held the Company's subsidiaries in favour of ITC as security to secure a loan of HK\$15,000,000 granted by ITC to the Group.

#### **33 RETIREMENT BENEFITS SCHEME**

The Group operates a Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme for all qualifying employees in Hong Kong. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the Group, in funds under the control of trustees. The Group contributes 5% of relevant payroll costs to the scheme, which contribution is matched by employees.

The amount of contribution payable to pension scheme required by respective jurisdictions other than Hong Kong is also charged to the income statement.

For the year ended 31st March 2005

#### 34 NET GAIN ON DECONSOLIDATION, DILUTION, DISPOSAL, DEEMED DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARIES

During the year ended 31st March, 2005, the Group disposed of the entire interest in its subsidiaries, Star East Music Group Limited and Redcliff Property Corporation and their subsidiaries, and 50% interest in Star East Holdings (North America) Limited at an aggregate consideration of HK\$12,000,000. The net gain on disposal and deemed disposal of subsidiaries was amounted to approximately HK\$1,329,000.

The Group has not retained the accounting records for those disposed subsidiaries after disposals. The total assets and liabilities of the disposed subsidiaries of HK\$71,822,000 and HK\$133,908,000 respectively at the date of disposal were derived from the unaudited management accounts of those disposed subsidiaries. Accordingly, no details of net liabilities deconsolidated, diluted, disposed of and deemed disposed of for the year ended 31st March, 2005 has been disclosed.

2004

Net liabilities deconsolidated, diluted, disposed of for the year ended 31st March, 2004:

	2004
	HK\$'000
Net liabilities diluted and disposed of:	
Property, plant and equipment	371
Inventories	1,005
Debtors, deposits and prepayments	4,349
Bank balances and cash	647
Creditors, accrued charges and deposits	(21,792)
Provision for restructuring costs	(1,635)
Taxation	(1,382)
Amounts due to related companies	(470)
Other borrowings	(1,498)
Other long-term payable	(1,536)
Net liabilities	(21,941)
Exchange reserve	(4,551)
	(26,492)
Gain on deconsolidation, dilution and disposal of interest in subsidiaries	26,502
	10
Satisfied by:	
Cash consideration received	10

For the year ended 31st March 2005

#### 35 OPERATING LEASE ARRANGEMENTS

The Group as lessee

	2005 HK\$'000	2004 HK\$'000
Minimum lease payments paid under operating leases	14.000	10 771
in respect of rented premises during the year	14,886	13,771

At the balance sheet date, the Group had total commitments for future minimum lease payments under noncancellable operating leases which fall due as follows:

	2005	2004
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Within one year	10,243	14,787
In the second to fifth year inclusive	37,161	41,687
Over five years	108,323	23,766
	155,727	80,240

#### The Group as lessor

The Group had no operating lease commitments at both year end dates.

#### **36 OTHER COMMITMENTS**

The Group has no significant capital and other commitments at both year end dates.

#### 37 CONTINGENT LIABILITY

On 9th April 2008, Planet Hollywood International, Inc. (the "PHI") obtained a declaratory judgement (the "Declaratory Judgement") against the Company in the Circuit Court of the Ninth Judicial Circuit In and For Orange County, Florida (the "US Court") for damages based on a breach of the settlement agreement, namely, the term sheet dated 7th February 2005 (the "Term Sheet") entered into between, amongst others, PHI and the Company. Pursuant to the Declaratory Judgement, the US Court has ordered the Company to pay to PHI damages, including but not limited to actual damages, lost profits, loss business opportunities, interest, attorneys' fees and costs in the total sum of US\$6,173,497.61 ("the Claim").

According to a legal opinion obtained by the Company that given the nature of the claim upon which a notice of claim is filed and the necessary legal requirements for PHI to apply for a leave to issue proceedings against a company being wound up, the likelihood of PHI eventually making a successful recovery of the Claim against the Company is slim.

For the year ended 31st March 2005

#### 38 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES

(a) In addition to the transaction detailed elsewhere in these financial statements, the Group had the following material transaction with related party during the year:

	2005 HK\$'000	2004 HK\$'000
Substantial shareholder and its subsidiaries:		
Company connected with certain directors		
Rental and building management expenses paid (note i)	-	2,252
Interest expense paid (note ii)	-	4,568
Management service fee paid (note i)	72	-
Associates:		
Advertising and promotion expenses paid (note i)	-	120
Interest income (note ii)	58	418
Artistes performance fee received (note i)	102	57
Franchise fee income received (note i)	924	100
Agency fee paid (note i)	60	_
Management service fee received (note i)	291	_
Purchase of fixed assets (note i)	693	-
Jointly controlled entities:		
Purchase of property, plant and equipment (note i)	-	235
Purchase of film stock (note i)	-	2,300
Interest income received (note ii)	640	643
Franchise fee and royalty income received (note i)	-	167
Waiver of obligation due by the Group (note i)	-	28,041

#### Notes:

(i) The transactions were entered on terms determined by the Group and the relevant party.

(ii) Interest was charged at prevailing market rate in accordance with the respective loan agreements.

Details of balances with related parties as at the balance sheet date are set out in the consolidated balance sheet and in notes 16, 17 and 25.

For the year ended 31st March 2005

#### 39 SUMMARISED BALANCE SHEET OF THE COMPANY

The summarised balance sheet of the Company as at 31st March, 2005 is as follows:

		2005	2004
	Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Total assets		181,619	191,046
Total liabilities	-	(61,504)	(98,486)
		120,115	92,560
Capital and reserves			
Share capital		31,407	29,632
Share premium and reserves	(a)	88,708	62,928
		120,115	92,560

#### (a) Share premium and reserves

	Share Premium HK\$'000	Contributed surplus HK\$'000	Retained profits/ (accumulated losses) HK\$'000	<b>Total</b> HK\$'000
THE COMPANY				
Balance at 1st April, 2003	109,031	151,753	(220,543)	40,241
Issue of shares	121,625	_	-	121,625
Share issue expenses	(3,731)	-	-	(3,731)
Loss for the year			(95,207)	(95,207)
Balance at 1st April, 2004	226,925	151,753	(315,750)	62,928
Arising from capital reorganisation – cancellation of share premium to	(200,000)	200.000		
contributed surplus Elimination of accumulated losses as at	(200,000)	200,000	-	_
1st April, 2004 to contributed surplus	_	(315,750)	315,750	_
Issue of shares	17,750	(= · - /· /	_	17,750
Share issue expenses	(525)	_	_	(525)
Profit for the year			8,555	8,555
Balance at 31st March, 2005	44,150	36,003	8,555	88,708

For the year ended 31st March 2005

#### 40 PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES

Details of the Company's principal subsidiaries at 31st March, 2005 and 2004 are as follows:

Name of subsidiary	Place of incorporation/ registration/ operation	Nominal value of issued and fully paid share capital/ registered capital	Attributable proportion of nominal value of issued capital held by the Company		Principal activity
			Directly	Indirectly	
Anytime Pictures Company Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$2	_	100%	Movies production and distribution
Asiacreation Management Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$2	-	100%	Investment holding
Best Thought Entertainment Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$100	-	71%	Provision of artistes agency and talent management services
Cornhill Development Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$2	-	100%	Provision of finance
Discover China Production Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$2	-	100%	Film and documentary production and distribution
Extra Wealth Investment Limited	British Virgin Islands	US\$1	-	100%	Property investment
Global Step Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$2	-	100%	Property investment
Jumbo Field Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$2	_	100%	Property investment
Lane Smart Holdings Limited	British Virgin Islands	US\$100	_	100%	Investment holding
Lucky Cosmos Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$2	-	100%	Securities investment

For the year ended 31st March 2005

#### 40 PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

Name of subsidiary	Place of incorporation/ registration/ operation	Nominal value of issued and fully paid share capital/ registered capital	Attributable proportion of nominal value of issued capital held by the Company		Principal activity
			Directly	Indirectly	
Planet Hollywood (Japan) K. K.	Japan	JPY25,000,000	-	80%	Operation of theme restaurant
Star East Management Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$100	-	100%	Provision of corporate management services
Star East Talent Management Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$10,000	-	100%	Provisions of artistes agency and talent management services
Well Bright (Asia) Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$2	-	100%	Property investment

Notes:

The above subsidiaries are limited companies incorporated in their respective jurisdictions.

The above table lists the subsidiaries of the Company which, in the opinion of the directors, would principally affect the results or assets of the Group. To give details of other subsidiaries would, in the opinion of the directors, result in particulars of excessive length.

None of the subsidiaries had any debt securities outstanding at the end of the year, or at any time during the year.

#### 41 SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

(a) On 27th December, 2006, the Group entered into a new share mortgage agreement (the "New Share Mortgage Agreement") and a loan assignment agreement (the "Loan Assignment Agreement") with Sunday Inn Limited (the "Lender"). Pursuant to the New Share Mortgage Agreement, the Company has agreed to pledge the Group's 50% interest (held by a subsidiary, namely, Fung Ming Venture Limited) in Canaria Holding Limited (which in turn own 100% interest in Earn Elite Development Limited) to the Lender. Pursuant to the Loan Assignment Agreement, the Group has agreed to assign to the Lender absolutely all its right, title, interest and benefit in and to the assigned monies of loans in the principal amount of approximately HK\$54,324,000 and HK\$9,500,000 due by Canaria Holding Limited and its subsidiary, Earn Elite Development Limited, respectively. Both of the New Mortgage Agreement and Loan Assignment Agreement have been entered into as the security to secure a loan of HK\$11,000,000 granted by the Lender to the Company.

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#### 41 SUBSEQUENT EVENTS (Continued)

- (b) The Company was struck off in the Register of Companies by the Registrar of Companies in Bermuda on 7th September, 2007 due to non-payment of its annual government fees and late penalties. The Provisional Liquidators are in the course of restating the Company's status in Bermuda.
- (c) On 28th September, 2007, the Company has been placed into the third stage of the delisting procedures. If no viable resumption proposal is submitted at least 10 business days before 27th March, 2008, the listing status of the Company will be cancelled.
- (d) By a Power of Attorney dated 11th January, 2008, the Lender has appointed an attorney to take steps to realise the securities provided to the Lender including the exercising of the power of sale.
- (e) By order of the Honourable Justice Barma of the High Court dated 20th February 2008, Mr. Liu Yiu Keung, Stephen and Ms. Chan Wai Hing, both of Ernst & Young Transactions Limited, have been appointed as the Provisional Liquidators of the Company.
- (f) On 11th March 2008, a Memorandum of Understanding ("MOU") was signed between the Provisional Liquidators, the Company and Strategic Media International Limited (the "Controlling Shareholder"). The purpose of the MOU is to record the agreement and arrangements of the parties regarding the proposed restructuring of the Company.
- (g) On 11th March 2008, a resumption proposal (the "Resumption Proposal") was submitted to the Stock Exchange requesting the resumption of trading in the Company's shares. The Resumption Proposal includes, amongst other things: (i) a proposed open offer to be underwritten by the Controlling Shareholder; (ii) a proposed acquisition of a cinema business in the People's Republic of China; and (iii) proposed full repayment of the liabilities of the Company subject to the completion of the proposed restructuring.
- (h) On 28th March 2008, the Company, the Provisional Liquidators, the Controlling Shareholder and Mr. Qin Hui entered into a formal agreement in relation to the proposed restructuring of the Company.

#### 42 COMPARATIVE AMOUNTS

Certain comparative figures have been reclassified to conform to the current year's presentation.

# **Financial Summary**

	2001 HK\$'000	2002 HK\$'000	2003 HK\$'000	2004 HK\$'000	2005 HK\$'000
Results					
Turnover	239,183	179,797	139,913	105,814	117,005
Loss before taxation Taxation	(467,681) (1,038)	(479,736) 17,726	(129,154) (1,356)	(14,098) (480)	(90,274) 2,359
Loss before minority interests Minority interests	(468,719) 23	(462,010) <u>320</u>	(130,510) 101	(14,578) 94	(87,915) 44
Net loss for the year	(468,696)	(461,690)	(130,409)	(14,484)	(87,871)
Assets and liabilities					
Total assets Total liabilities Minority interests	909,435 (449,047) (427)	596,238 (454,504) (277)	377,091 (318,851) (176)	428,371 (255,180) (82)	238,878 (133,436) 
Shareholders' funds	459,961	141,457	58,064	173,109	105,442

# **Particulars of Property Interests**

#### At 31 March 2005

Particulars of the Group's property interests at 31 March 2005 are as follows:

### **INVESTMENT PROPERTIES**

Location	Term of lease/land use rights	Purpose	Gross floor area	Site area	Saleable area	Group's interest
Shop 1D on First Floor, Fou Wah Centre, No. 210 Castle Peak Road, Tsuen Wan, New Territories, Hong Kong	Medium-term	Retail	_	_	181 sq.ft.	100%