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(於開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司) (Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

股份代號 Stock Code: 1313





本年報的英文及中文文本已登載於本公司企業通訊的官方網站www.irasia.com/listco/hk/crcement/index.htm(「本公司官方網站」)。

已選擇或被視為同意透過本公司官方網站收取本公司的公司通訊(「公司通訊」)的股東,如因任何理由有困難收取或下載於本公司官方網站登載的年報,只要提出要求,均可立刻獲免費發送年報的印刷本。

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This annual report, in both English and Chinese versions, is available on the Company's official website for corporate communications at www.irasia.com/listco/hk/crcement/index.htm (the "Company's Official Website").

Shareholders who have chosen or have been deemed consented to receive the corporate communications of the Company (the "Corporate Communications") via the Company's Official Website and who for any reason have difficulty in receiving or gaining access to the annual report posted on the Company's Official Website will promptly upon request be sent the annual report in printed form free of charge.

Shareholders may at any time change their choice of the means of receipt (either in printed form or via the Company's Official Website) of Corporate Communications.

Shareholders may send their request to receive this annual report in printed form, and/or to change their choice of the means of receipt of Corporate Communications by notice in writing to the Share Registrar of the Company, Tricor Investor Services Limited, at 26th Floor, Tesbury Centre, 28 Queen's Road East, Wanchai, Hong Kong or by sending an email to the Share Registrar of the Company at crcement1313-ecom@hk.tricorglobal.com.



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公司資料 CORPORATE INFORMATION

主席及執行董事 CHAIRMAN AND EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

周俊卿

執行董事及行政總裁

周龍山

執行董事及首席財務官

劉忠國

非執行董事

杜文民 魏斌

獨立非執行董事

葉澍堃 石禮謙 徐永學 劉 林 智遠

公司秘書

羅志力

合資格會計師

劉忠國

審核委員會

林智遠(*主席)* 葉澍堃 石禮謙 徐永模 曾學敏

ZHOU Junqing

EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

ZHOU Longshan

EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR AND CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

LAU Chung Kwok Robert

NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

DU Wenmin WEI Bin

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

IP Shu Kwan Stephen SHEK Lai Him Abraham XU Yongmo ZENG Xuemin LAM Chi Yuen

COMPANY SECRETARY

LO Chi Lik Peter

QUALIFIED ACCOUNTANT

LAU Chung Kwok Robert

AUDIT COMMITTEE

LAM Chi Yuen *(Chairman)* IP Shu Kwan Stephen SHEK Lai Him Abraham XU Yongmo ZENG Xuemin



薪酬委員會

石禮謙(*主席)* 葉澍堃 林智遠 周龍山 劉忠國

提名委員會

葉澍堃(*主席)* 石禮謙 林智遠 周俊卿

法律顧問

富而德律師事務所(香港法律及美國法律)

共和律師事務所(中華人民共和國法律) Maples and Calder(開曼群島法律)

合規顧問

英高財務顧問有限公司

獨立核數師

德勤•關黃陳方會計師行

主要往來銀行

中國農業銀行 澳洲及紐西蘭銀行 中國銀行 交通銀行 中國建設銀行 招商銀行 星展銀行 恒生銀行 中國工商銀行 瑞穗實業銀行 南洋商業銀行 華僑銀行 渣打銀行 三井住友銀行 香港上海滙豐銀行 大華銀行

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

SHEK Lai Him Abraham *(Chairman)* IP Shu Kwan Stephen LAM Chi Yuen ZHOU Longshan LAU Chung Kwok Robert

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

IP Shu Kwan Stephen *(Chairman)* SHEK Lai Him Abraham LAM Chi Yuen ZHOU Junqing

LEGAL ADVISERS

Freshfields Bruckhaus Deringer

(as to laws of Hong Kong and laws of the United States of America) Concord & Partners (as to laws of The People's Republic of China) Maples and Calder (as to laws of the Cayman Islands)

COMPLIANCE ADVISER

Anglo Chinese Corporate Finance, Limited

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR

Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu

PRINCIPAL BANKERS

Agricultural Bank of China Australia and New Zealand Banking Group Limited Bank of China Limited Bank of Communications Co., Ltd. China Construction Bank Corporation China Merchants Bank DBS Bank Ltd. Hang Seng Bank Limited Industrial and Commercial Bank of China Ltd. Mizuho Corporate Bank, Ltd Nanyang Commercial Bank Limited Overseas-Chinese Banking Corporation Limited Standard Chartered Bank (Hong Kong) Limited Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation The Hong Kong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited United Overseas Bank Limited

股份登記處

卓佳證券登記有限公司 香港灣仔皇后大道東28號 金鐘匯中心26樓

註冊辦事處

PO Box 309, Ugland House, Grand Cayman, KY1-1104, Cayman Islands

香港總部及主要營業地點

香港灣仔港灣道26號 華潤大廈44樓 電話:(852)31186800 傳真:(852)31186830 電郵:crcement@crc.com.hk

於香港聯合交易所有限公司的 股份代號

1313

本公司企業通訊的官方網站

www.irasia.com/listco/hk/crcement/index.htm

本公司網站

www.crcement.com

SHARE REGISTRAR

Tricor Investor Services Limited 26th Floor, Tesbury Centre 28 Queen's Road East, Wanchai, Hong Kong

REGISTERED OFFICE

PO Box 309, Ugland House, Grand Cayman, KY1-1104, Cayman Islands

HEAD OFFICE AND PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

44/F, China Resources Building 26 Harbour Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong Telephone : (852) 3118 6800 Fax : (852) 3118 6830 E-mail : crcement@crc.com.hk

STOCK CODE ON THE STOCK EXCHANGE OF HONG KONG LIMITED

1313

COMPANY'S OFFICIAL WEBSITE FOR CORPORATE COMMUNICATIONS

www.irasia.com/listco/hk/crcement/index.htm

COMPANY'S WEBSITE

www.crcement.com



釋義 DEFINITIONS

於本年報內,除文義另有所指外,下列詞語具有 以下涵義:

In this annual report, the following expressions shall have the following meanings unless the context indicates otherwise:

「相聯法團」	指	具有證券及期貨條例所提 供的相同意思	"associated corporation"	has the same meaning as provided in the SFO
「董事會」	指	董事會	"Board"	board of Directors
「華潤集團」	指	華潤(集團)及其附屬公 司	"China Resources Group"	CR Holdings and its subsidiaries
「中國內地」	指	中國,不包括香港及澳門 特別行政區	"Chinese Mainland"	PRC excluding Hong Kong and Macau Special Administrative Region
「本公司」	指	華潤水泥控股有限公司	"Company"	China Resources Cement Holdings Limited
「華潤(集團)」	指	華潤(集團)有限公司,一 家於香港註冊成立的有限 公司	"CR Holdings"	China Resources (Holdings) Company Limited, a company incorporated in Hong Kong with limited liability
「水泥可持續 發展倡議 行動組織」	指	水泥可持續發展倡議行動 組織	"CSI"	Cement Sustainability Initiative
「董事」	指	本公司董事	"Director(s)"	director(s) of the Company
「固定資產投資」	指	固定資產投資	"FAI"	Fixed asset investments
「福建」	指	中國福建省	"Fujian"	Fujian Province, China
「國內生產總值」	指	國內生產總值	"GDP"	Gross domestic products
「本集團」	指	本公司及其附屬公司	"Group"	the Company and its subsidiaries
「廣東」	指	中國廣東省	"Guangdong"	Guangdong Province, China
「廣西」	指	中國廣西壯族自治區	"Guangxi"	Guangxi Zhuang Autonomous Region, China
「海南」	指	中國海南省	"Hainan"	Hainan Province, China
「香港」	指	中國香港特別行政區	"Hong Kong"	the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region of the PRC
「首次公開發售」	指	於二零零九年九月二十一 日的首次公開發售股份	"IPO"	the initial public offering of the Shares on 21 September 2009
「上市規則」	指	香港聯交所證券上市規則	"Listing Rules"	The Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange



釋義 DEFINITIONS

「標準守則」	指	上市規則附錄十所載的上 市公司董事進行證券交易 的標準守則	"Model Code"	Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Companies set out in Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules
「新型乾法」	指	製造水泥的新型乾法技術	"NSP"	New Suspension Preheater technology in the manufacture of cement
「中國」	指	中華人民共和國	"PRC" or "China"	The People's Republic of China
「招股説明書」	指	本公司日期為二零零九年 九月二十一日的招股説明 書	"Prospectus"	a prospectus of the Company dated 21 September 2009
「該計劃」	指	本公司董事於二零零九年 九月二日採納的股份激勵 計劃,並經董事於二零一 零年十一月十七日修改為 一項現金獎勵計劃	"Scheme"	the share award scheme of the Company adopted by the Directors on 2 September 2009 and amended by the Directors as a cash award scheme on 17 November 2010
「證券及期貨條 例」	指	香港法例第571章證券及 期貨條例	"SFO"	Securities and Futures Ordinance (Chapter 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong)
「山西」	指	中國山西省	"Shanxi"	Shanxi Province, China
「股份」	指	本公司股本中每股面值 0.10港元的股份	"Share(s)"	share(s) of HK\$0.10 each in the share capital of the Company
「中國華南地區」	指	包括廣東、廣西、福建及 海南	"Southern China"	encompasses Guangdong, Guangxi, Fujian and Hainan
「香港聯交所」	指	香港聯合交易所有限公司	"Stock Exchange"	The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited
「港元」	指	港元,香港法定貨幣	"HK\$"	Hong Kong Dollars, the lawful currency of Hong Kong
「人民幣」	指	人民幣元·中國法定貨幣	"RMB"	Renminbi Yuan, the lawful currency of China
「美元」	指	美元·美國法定貨幣	"US\$"	United States Dollars, the lawful currency of the United States of America
「%」	指	百分比	"%"	per cent
「立方米」	指	立方米	"m³"	cubic meter



公司歷史 CORPORATE HISTORY

華潤水泥控股有限公司於二零零三年三月十三日 根據開曼群島公司法在開曼群島註冊成立為一家 獲豁免的有限公司,並為華潤集團所有水泥及混 凝土業務的控股公司。

本公司曾於二零零三年七月二十九日以介紹形式 在香港聯合交易所有限公司主板上市,當時並無 籌集任何資金。

本公司被華潤(集團)有限公司私有化成為順創 投資有限公司(其後更名為華潤水泥投資控股有 限公司)的全資附屬公司,並於二零零六年七月 二十六日撤銷其股份在香港聯交所的上市地位。

本公司於二零零九年十月六日以全球發售形式重 新於香港聯交所主板上市。自完成全球發售以來及 於本年報日期,本公司已發行股份總數維持不變, 仍為6,519,255,462股每股面值0.10港元的股份,其 中華潤集團持有本公司已發行股份約73.34%。 China Resources Cement Holdings Limited was incorporated on 13 March 2003 in the Cayman Islands as an exempted company with limited liability under the Cayman Companies Law and is the holding company of all the cement and concrete operations of the China Resources Group.

The Company was listed on the main board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited on 29 July 2003 by way of introduction and no funds were raised by the Company as part of the listing.

The Company was privatised as a wholly-owned subsidiary of Smooth Concept Investments Limited (subsequently renamed as China Resources Cement Investment Group Limited) by China Resources (Holdings) Company Limited and the listing of the Company's shares on the Stock Exchange was withdrawn on 26 July 2006.

The Company was re-listed on the main board of the Stock Exchange on 6 October 2009 by way of a Global Offering. Since the completion of the Global Offering and as at the date of this annual report, the total number of issued shares of the Company has remained unchanged at 6,519,255,462 shares of HK\$0.10 each, of which China Resources Group is holding approximately 73.34% of the issued shares of the Company.

業務概覽 BUSINESS OVERVIEW

華潤水泥控股有限公司為中國華南地區領先的水 泥及混凝土生產商之一,並為中國政府機構支持 的大型水泥生產商之一。我們於二零一零年以產 能計為華南地區最大的新型乾法熟料及水泥生產 商(根據中國水泥網的數據),以銷量計為華南地 區最大的混凝土生產商。

我們的業務涵蓋石灰石開採,以及水泥、熟料及混 凝土的生產、銷售及分銷。我們的產品主要用於 修建基建工程如水電站、水壩、港口、橋樑、機場 及道路、市郊發展及高層建築。我們透過完善的 水路、鐵路及公路物流網絡主要在廣東、廣西、海 南、福建及山西銷售產品。於二零一零年十二月 三十一日,我們經營56條水泥粉磨線及25條熟料 生產線,水泥及熟料的年產能分別為47,800,000噸 及32,700,000噸。我們亦經營49座混凝土攪拌站, 其年產能為28,800,000立方米。該等生產設施位於 下表所載之中國內地多個省份及香港: China Resources Cement Holdings Limited is one of the leading cement and concrete producers in Southern China and is one of the large-scale cement producers supported by Chinese Government authorities. We were the largest NSP clinker and cement producer in Southern China by production capacity in 2010 according to the China Cement Net and the largest concrete producer in Southern China by sales volume in 2010.

Our operations range from the excavation of limestone to the production, sale and distribution of cement, clinker and concrete. Our products are primarily used in the construction of infrastructure projects such as hydroelectric power stations, dams, ports, bridges, airports and roads, suburban development and high-rise buildings. Our products are mainly sold in Guangdong, Guangxi, Hainan, Fujian and Shanxi through our well-established waterway, railway and road logistics network. As at 31 December 2010, we had 56 cement grinding lines and 25 clinker production lines in operations, with annual production capacity of 47.8 million tons of cement and 32.7 million tons of clinker respectively. We also operate 49 concrete batching plants with annual production capacity of 28.8 million m³ of concrete. These production facilities are located in the various provinces of the Chinese Mainland and Hong Kong as follows:

		水泥		痜	料	混凝土	
		生產線數量	百萬噸	生產線數量	百萬噸	生產基地數量	百萬立方米
省份/特別行政區	Province/SAR	Cem	ent	Clin	ker	Cone	crete
		No. of lines	million tons	No. of lines	million tons	No. of plants	million m ³
廣東	Guangdong	16	13.4	5	6.4	19	11.5
廣西	Guangxi	29	25.4	14	20.4	15	9.0
福建	Fujian	4	3.0	2	1.4	9	5.1
海南	Hainan	5	4.0	3	3.3	1	0.6
山西	Shanxi	2	2.0	1	1.2	_	_
浙江	Zhejiang	-	_	_	_	2	1.1
香港	Hong Kong					3	1.5
總計	Total	56	47.8	25	32.7	49	28.8



此外,我們亦於三家共同控制實體(該等實體在 廣東經營八條水泥粉磨線、兩條新型乾法熟料生 產線及兩座營運中的混凝土攪拌站,而水泥、熟料 及混凝土的年產能分別為8,100,000噸、3,700,000 噸及1,100,000立方米)擁有50%直接股權。

我們非常重視公司的企業社會責任,是中國為數 不多的擁有100%新型乾法熟料生產線(絕大部份 已安裝有餘熱發電設備(可回收利用熟料生產過 程中產生的熱量))的水泥生產商之一。這可令我 們減少能耗、實現較高生產效率、減少污染及提 升產品質量。我們策略性地將熟料生產設施設立 於供應熟料生產所需的石灰石的石灰石礦附近。 In addition, we have 50% direct equity interest in three jointly controlled entities which control eight cement grinding lines, two NSP clinker production lines and two concrete batching plants in operations in Guangdong, with annual production capacity of 8.1 million tons of cement, 3.7 million tons of clinker and 1.1 million m³ of concrete, respectively.

We place strong emphasis on corporate social responsibility and are one of the few cement producers in China that owns 100% NSP clinker production lines which are mostly installed with residual heat recovery generators that recycle the heat generated during the clinker production process, enabling us to reduce energy consumption, achieve high production efficiency, minimise pollution and improve product quality. Our clinker production facilities are strategically located near our limestone quarries, which supply the limestone required for our clinker production. 我們的主要水泥粉磨線、熟料生產線及混凝土攪 拌站位於以下地點:

Our principal cement grinding facilities, clinker production lines and concrete batching plants are situated at the following locations:



	運營中設有水泥粉磨線及熟料生產線的生產基地 The production plants with cement grinding facilities and clinker production lines in operation				
1 4 9 12	田陽 Tianyang 2 賓陽 Bingyang 6 昌江 Changjiang 10 陽春 Yangchun 14	南寧 Nanning 貴港 Guigang 富川 Fuchuan 曹溪 Caoxi	3 7 1) 16	上思 Shangsi 平南 Pingnan 封開 Fengkai 柳林 Liulin	
•	在建中設有水泥粉磨線及熟料生產線 The production plants with cement grin		n lines	under construction	
5 15	武宣 Wuxuan 8 龍岩 Longyan 17	陸川 Luchuan 忻州 Xinzhou	13 18	永定 Yongding 長治 Changzhi	
	運營中的水泥粉磨站 The cement grinding plants in operation	1			
1	防城港 Fangchenggang 2 東莞 Dongguan 4	湛江 Zhanjiang 汕頭 Shantou			
*	運營中的混凝土攪拌站				

The concrete batching plants in operation

日期	事件	DATE	EVENT
二零一零年 二月二十七日	本公司加入水泥可持續發展 倡議行動組織的申請獲世界 可持續發展工商理事會批准	27 February 2010	The Company's application as a member of the CSI was approved by the World Business Council for Sustainable Development
二零一零年 三月八日	本公司獲恒生指數有限公司 納入恒生綜合指數和恒生香 港中資企業指數及恒生中國 內地100指數兩個主題指數成 份股	8 March 2010	The Company was included as a constituent stock of the Hang Seng Composite Index and two Thematic Hang Seng Indexes, namely the Hang Seng China-Affiliated Corporations Index and the Hang Seng Mainland 100 Index by Hang Seng Indexes Company Limited
二零一零年 四月九日	廣西上思縣的第一條日產 5000噸 (年產能為1,600,000 噸)的新型乾法熟料生產線投 產	9 April 2010	Commencement of operation of the first 5000 tons per day (annual production capacity of 1.6 million tons) NSP clinker production line in Shangsi County, Guangxi
二零一零年 四月十五日	簽訂協議以收購()一個位於福 建龍岩市曹溪鎮的水泥生產 基地連同所有與運營相關的 資產及負債;及(ii)三德有限公 司及其附屬公司持有的泉州 三德建材有限公司(其後更 名為華潤水泥(泉州)有限公 司)的全部股權,總代價為人 民幣830,000,000元。所收購 的總年產能為熟料1,400,000 噸及水泥3,000,000噸	15 April 2010	Signed an agreement to acquire (i) a cement production plant together with all its assets and liabilities associated with its operations in Caoxi Town, Longyan City, Fujian; and (ii) 100% equity interest of San Teh (Quanzhou) Building Materials Co. Ltd. (subsequently renamed as China Resources Cement (Quanzhou) Limited) held by San Teh Ltd. and its subsidiary at the total consideration of RMB830 million. Total annual production capacity acquired was 1.4 million tons of clinker and 3.0 million tons of cement
二零一零年 四月二十日	廣東封開縣的第二條日產 5000噸 (年產能為1,600,000 噸)的新型乾法熟料生產線投 產	20 April 2010	Commencement of operation of the second 5000 tons per day (annual production capacity of 1.6 million tons) NSP clinker production line in Fengkai County, Guangdong
二零一零年 五月十七日	廣西富川縣的第一條日產 5000噸(年產能為1,600,000 噸)的新型乾法熟料生產線投 產	17 May 2010	Commencement of operation of the first 5000 tons per day (annual production capacity of 1.6 million tons) NSP clinker production line in Fuchuan County, Guangxi



日期	事件	DATE	EVENT
二零一零年 六月一日	簽訂(i)協議以收購一名獨 立第三方持有的Guardwise Investments Limited的72% 已發行股本,總代價為72.0 美元;及(ii)股東協議以按各 自於Guardwise Investments Limited的持股比例不時向 Guardwise Investments Limited 及/或其全資附屬公司山西 福龍水泥有限公司(其後更 名為山西華潤福龍水泥有 限公司)提供總額不超過人 民幣2,110,000,000元的股東 貸款。Guardwise Investments Limited及其附屬公司於山西 柳林縣擁有在建的兩條總年 產能為2,700,000噸的新型乾 法熟料生產線及四條總年產 能為4,000,000噸的水泥粉磨 線	1 June 2010	Signed (i) an agreement to acquire 72% issued share capital of Guardwise Investments Limited held by an independent third party at the total consideration of US\$72.0 and (ii) a shareholders' agreement which provides, from time to time, shareholders' loans pro-rata to the respective shareholding in Guardwise Investments Limited to Guardwise Investments Limited and/or its wholly owned subsidiary, Shanxi Fulong Cement Limited (subsequently renamed as Shanxi China Resources Fulong Cement Limited), with a total amount of not exceeding RMB2,110.0 million. Guardwise Investments Limited and its subsidiary have two NSP clinker production lines with total annual production capacity of 2.7 million tons and four cement grinding lines with total annual production capacity of 4.0 million tons under construction in Liulin County, Shanxi
二零一零年 六月九日	本公司獲委任為水泥可持續 發展倡議行動組織的中國地 區聯席主席	9 June 2010	The Company was appointed the co- chairman of CSI in China
二零一零年 六月二十一日	簽訂框架協議以收購環球水 泥股份有限公司的附屬公司 持有的六家公司的全部股 權,總代價為820,000,000港 元(根據盡職調查的結果, 其隨後減少至810,000,000港 元)。該六家公司於中國廣東 惠州市及浙江省寧波市擁有 一條總年產能為1,000,000噸 的新型乾法熟料生產線、三 條總年產能為3,500,000噸的 水泥粉磨線及四座總年產能 為2,300,000立方米的混凝土 攪拌站	21 June 2010	Signed a framework agreement to acquire 100% equity interest in six companies held by subsidiaries of Universal Cement Corporation at the total consideration of HK\$820.0 million (which was subsequently reduced to HK\$810.0 million pursuant to the findings of the due diligence review). The six companies own a NSP clinker production line with total annual production capacity of 1.0 million tons, three cement grinding lines with total annual production capacity of 3.5 million tons and four concrete batching plants with total annual production capacity of 2.3 million m ³ in Huizhou City, Guangdong and Ningbo City, Zhejiang

Province, the PRC

日期	事件	DATE	EVENT
二零一零年 七月八日	廣東陽春縣的一條日產2500 噸 (年產能為775,000噸) 的 新型乾法熟料生產線投產	8 July 2010	Commencement of operation of a 2500 tons per day (annual production capacity of 775,000 tons) NSP clinker production line in Yangchun County, Guangdong
二零一零年 八月十八日	山西柳林縣的一條日產4000 噸 (年產能為1,200,000噸) 的 新型乾法熟料生產線投產	18 August 2010	Commencement of operation of a 4000 tons per day (annual production capacity of 1.2 million tons) NSP clinker production line in Liulin County, Shanxi
二零一零年 十二月五日	簽訂協議以自越秀企業(集 團)有限公司的一間附屬公 司收購於廣州市及香港從事 熟料、水泥及混凝土業務的 若干共同控制實體的50%股 權,代價為618,300,000港元 (以支付股權)及622,300,000 港元(以支付該等共同控制 實體結欠越秀企業(集團)有 限公司的債務)。該等共同控 制實體於廣東廣州市控制兩 條總年產能為3,700,000噸的 新型乾法熟料生產線、八條 總年產能為8,100,000噸的水 泥粉磨線及兩座總年產能為 1,100,000立方米的混凝土攪 拌站	5 December 2010	Signed an agreement to acquire from a subsidiary of Yue Xiu Enterprises (Holdings) Limited 50% equity interest in several jointly controlled entities that engage in clinker, cement and concrete operations in Guangzhou City and Hong Kong at the consideration of HK\$618.3 million for the equity interest and HK\$622.3 million for the debts owed by the jointly controlled entities to Yue Xiu Enterprises (Holdings) Limited. The jointly controlled entities control two NSP clinker production lines with total annual production capacity of 3.7 million tons, eight cement grinding lines with total annual production capacity of 8.1 million tons and two concrete batching plants with total annual production capacity of 1.1 million m ³ in Guangzhou City, Guangdong
二零一零年 十二月十七日	廣東封開縣的第三條日產 5000噸 (年產能為1,600,000 噸)的新型乾法熟料生產線投 產	17 December 2010	Commencement of operation of the third 5000 tons per day (annual production capacity of 1.6 million tons) NSP clinker production line in Fengkai County,



Guangdong

日期	事件	DATE	EVENT
二零一零年 十二月二十三日	簽訂協議以自獨立第三方收 購山西耀華水泥有限公司的 52.4%股權,代價為人民幣 90,700,000元,並將進一步注 入現金人民幣220,000,000元 作為山西耀華水泥有限公司 的額外註冊資本,以將本集 團於山西耀華水泥有限公司 的股權增至89.8%。山西耀 華水泥有限公司計劃於山西 解小市建設一條日產4500噸 (年產能為1,400,000噸)的新 型乾法熟料生產線及兩條總 年產能為2,000,000噸的水泥 粉磨線,該等生產線預期將 於二零一二年底投產	23 December 2010	Signed an agreement to acquire 52.4% equity interest in Shanxi Yaohua Cement Limited from independent third parties at the consideration of RMB90.7 million and will further inject cash of RMB220 million as additional registered capital of Shanxi Yaohua Cement Limited to increase our Group's equity interest in Shanxi Yaohua Cement Limited to 89.8%. Shanxi Yaohua Cement Limited plans to build a 4500 tons per day (annual production capacity of 1.4 million tons) NSP clinker production line and two cement grinding lines with total annual production capacity of 2.0 million tons in Xinzhou City, Shanxi, which are expected to commence operation by the end of 2012
二零一零年 十二月二十八日	獨立股東於本公司的股東特 別大會上批准戰略合作協議 項下的貸款總協議	28 December 2010	Independent shareholders approved the Master Lending Agreements under the Strategic Cooperation Agreement at the Company's extraordinary general meeting
二零一零年 十二月二十九日	就華潤水泥(長治)有限公 司的72%股權與一名獨立第 三方訂立協議,總代價為人 民幣201,600,000元。華潤水 泥(長治)有限公司已訂立協 ,以自華潤水泥(長治)有 限公司的合營夥伴的全資附 屬公司收購一條日產1200噸 (年產能為372,000噸)的新型 乾法熟料生產線及兩條總年 產能為600,000噸的水泥粉 磨線(均於山西長治市營運), 代價約為人民幣139,500,000 元。此外,華潤水泥(長治) 有限公司計劃於山西長治 市建設一條日產4500噸(年 產能為1,400,000噸)的新型 乾法熟料生產線及兩條總年 產能為2,000,000噸的水泥粉 磨線,該等生產線將於二零 一二年底投產	29 December 2010	Entered into an agreement with an independent third party for 72% equity interest of China Resources Cement (Changzhi) Limited at the total consideration of RMB 201.6 million. China Resources Cement (Changzhi) Limited has entered into an agreement to acquire from a wholly owned subsidiary of the joint venture partner of China Resources Cement (Changzhi) Limited a 1200 tons per day (annual production capacity of 372,000 tons) NSP clinker production line and two cement grinding lines with total annual production capacity of 600,000 tons, which are in operation in Changzhi City, Shanxi, at a consideration of approximately RMB139.5 million. In addition, China Resources Cement (Changzhi) Limited plans to build a 4500 tons per day (annual production capacity of 1.4 million tons) NSP clinker production line and two cement grinding lines with total annual production capacity of 1.4 million tons) NSP clinker production line and two cement grinding lines with total annual production capacity of 2.0 million tons in Changzhi City Shanxi

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million tons in Changzhi City, Shanxi, which will commence operation by the

end of 2012

日期	事件	DATE	EVENT
二零一零年 十二月三十日	廣西田陽縣的第一條日產 5000噸(年產能為1,600,000 噸)的新型乾法熟料生產線投 產	30 December 2010	Commencement of operation of the first 5000 tons per day (annual production capacity of 1.6 million tons) NSP clinker production line in Tianyang County, Guangxi
二零一一年 一月二十四日	成功以代價約人民幣 405,800,000元收購若干由廣 州越秀水泥控股有限公司及 其附屬公司擁有且於廣州市 及香港從事熟料、水泥及混 凝土業務的公司的額外非控 股權益。該等公司由本集團 於二零一零年十二月五日收 購50%股權的若干共同控制 實體控制	24 January 2011	Successfully acquired additional non- controlling equity interest in certain companies that engage in clinker, cement and concrete operations in Guangzhou City and Hong Kong, which were owned by Guangzhou Yuexiu Cement Holdings Limited and its subsidiaries, at the consideration of approximately RMB405.8 million. These companies were controlled by several jointly controlled entities in which the Group acquired 50% equity interest on 5 December 2010
二零一一年 一月二十七日	簽訂協議以收購一名獨立第 三方擁有的於福建龍岩市 在建中的水泥生產基地連 同與該基地有關的所有資 產及負債,總代價為人民幣 277,200,000元。預計將進一 步投資人民幣520,000,000元 以完成建設一條日產4500噸 (年產能為1,400,000噸)的新 型乾法熟料生產線及兩條總 年產能為2,000,000噸的水泥 粉磨線	27 January 2011	Signed an agreement to acquire a cement production plant under construction in Longyan City, Fujian, together with all the assets and liabilities associated with the plant owned by an independent third party at the total consideration of RMB277.2 million. Further amount of RMB520.0 million is expected to be invested to complete the construction of one 4500 tons per day (annual production capacity of 1.4 million tons) NSP clinker production line and two cement grinding lines with total annual production capacity

6 6

of 2.0 million tons

財務摘要 **FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS**

				二零一零年	二零零九年	二零零八年
				2010	2009	2008
營業額(百萬港元) 未計利息、税項、折舊及攤銷	Turnover (HK\$ mil EBITDA (HK\$ milli			14,141.5	6,906.9	5,781.3
前盈利(百萬港元)				3,318.3	1,640.1	1,270.5
年度盈利(百萬港元) 本公司擁有人應佔盈利	Profit for the year Profit attributable			2,133.8	1,027.3	783.7
(百萬港元)	the Company	(HK\$ mill	lion)	2,040.8	1,010.2	760.9
每股盈利-基本(港元)	Earnings per share	e – basic	(HK\$)	0.313	0.400	0.973
				於二零一零年	於二零零九年	於二零零八年
				十二月	(二) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1	(二) マンパー 十二月
				三十一日	三十一日	三十一日
				As at	As at	As at
				31/12/2010	31/12/2009	31/12/2008
資產總額(百萬港元) 本公司擁有人應佔權益	Total assets (HK\$) Equity attributable	,	ers of the	35,327.9	24,233.9	10,693.5
(百萬港元)	Company (HK\$ million)		14,776.3	12,257.6	4,366.6	
非控股權益(百萬港元)	Non-controlling in	nterests (H	HK\$ million)	469.0	373.0	34.6
借款淨額(百萬港元) <i>(註1)</i>	Net borrowings (H	HK\$ millic	on) <i>(note 1)</i>	9,095.7	3,225.2	4,124.8
借貸率 <i>(註2)</i>	Gearing ratio (not	'e 2)		89.5%	76.5%	103.0%
淨借貸率 <i>(註3)</i> 每股資產淨值-賬面(港元)	Net gearing ratio Net assets per sha		Г (ПК¢)	61.6%	26.3%	94.5%
	(note 4)	iie – Dooi	к (пкр)	2.27	1.88	5.59
註:		notes:				
 借款淨額等於負債總額減現金) 銀行存款。 	及銀行結餘以及已質押	1.	Net borrowing bank deposits.	s equal total indebted	ness less cash and bar	ik balances and pledged
 借貸率乃以負債總額除以本公 算。 	:司擁有人應佔權益計	2.	Gearing ratio is owners of the		the total indebtedness	by equity attributable to
 淨借貸率乃以借款淨額除以本: 算。 	公司擁有人應佔權益計	3.	Net gearing ra owners of the	-	viding net borrowings	by equity attributable to
 每股資產淨值一賬面乃以本公司 年末時的已發行股份數目計算 		4.			ted by dividing equity and shares at the end of	attributable to owners of the year.



主席報告 CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT



我們希望成為全國領乞的水泥及混凝土 生產商之一····· 寶現這一目標, 任重道遠。

We have a desire to grow as one of the leading national cement and concrete producers The road to this destination is long and we have to shoulder heavy responsibilities.

年度業績

FINAL RESULTS

截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度的綜合 營業額及本公司擁有人應佔綜合盈利分別為 14,141,500,000港元及2,040,800,000港元·較去年 分別增長104.7%及102.0%。突出表現主要因(i)完 成自建生產線及自二零零九年起進行的收購帶來 的額外產能所導致的產品銷量增加:及(ii)因中國 華南地區對本公司產品的強勁需求令本公司產品 售價上升從而令利潤率得以改善所致。截至二零 一零年十二月三十一日止年度的每股基本盈利為 0.313港元。 The consolidated turnover and the consolidated profit attributable to owners of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2010 amounted to HK\$14,141.5 million and HK\$2,040.8 million, representing respective increases of 104.7% and 102.0% when comparing to last year. The remarkable performance was mainly attributable to (i) the increase in sales volume of our products resulting from additional production capacity through the completion of self constructed production lines and also from the acquisitions made since 2009; and (ii) improved profit margin due to increase in selling prices of our products due to strong demand for our products in Southern China. Basic earnings per share for the year ended 31 December 2010 was HK\$0.313.

股息

董事會建議就截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止 年度派付末期股息每股0.045港元(二零零九年: 無)。待本公司股東於應屆股東週年大會上批准 後,末期股息將於二零一一年五月二十日或前後 分派予於二零一一年五月六日名列本公司股東名 冊的股東。有關末期股息將毋須繳納任何香港預 扣税。

董事會並無宣佈派發任何中期股息,而截至二零 一零年十二月三十一日止年度的分派總額為每股 0.045港元(二零零九年:無)。

DIVIDEND

The Board recommends the payment of a final dividend of HK\$0.045 per share for the year ended 31 December 2010 (2009: Nil). Subject to approval by shareholders of the Company at the forthcoming annual general meeting, the final dividend will be distributed on or about 20 May 2011 to shareholders whose names appear on the Register of Members of the Company on 6 May 2011. Such final dividend will not be subject to any withholding tax in Hong Kong.

The Board did not declare any interim dividend and total distribution for the year ended 31 December 2010 is HK\$0.045 per share (2009: Nil).

營商環境

中國政府於二零零九年年初宣佈的經濟刺激政 策於年內繼續拉動強勁的經濟活動,並促使中國 經濟的健康及可持續發展。根據國家統計局發 佈的數據,儘管中國國內生產總值增長於本年 度下半年放緩,二零一零年的國內生產總值仍 以10.3%的高增長率增長至人民幣39.8萬億元, 較二零零九年增加1.6個百分點。中國內地於本 年度的固定資產投資達人民幣27.8萬億元,較 二零零九年增長23.8%。根據相關省份統計局 發佈的數據,廣東、廣西、福建、海南及山西二 零一零年的國內生產總值分別為人民幣45,473 億元、人民幣9,502億元、人民幣13,800億元、人 民幣2,052億元及人民幣9,088億元,分別較二零 零九年增長12.2%、14.2%、13.8%、15.8%及 13.9%,而上述省份各自的固定資產投資分別約 為人民幣16,113億元、人民幣7,850億元、人民 幣8,273億元、人民幣1,331億元及人民幣6,353 億元,分別較二零零九年增長20.7%、37.7%、 30.0%、32.8%及29.6%。

國家級的長期發展計劃(包括廣東珠江三角洲地 區改革發展規劃、廣西北部灣經濟區發展規劃、 福建海峽西岸經濟區發展規劃、海南國際旅遊 島規劃及促進中部地區(包括山西)崛起規劃) 已於二零一零年進入第一個或第二個建設階段 年度,並預期將繼續在我們經營所在的市場上 發揮重要作用。儘管政府推出控制房地產價格 過快增長的政策,房地產建設仍然活躍,而二零 一零年已竣工的房地產總面積約為760,000,000 平方米,較二零零九年增加4.5%。政府發放更 多土地以供興建保障性住房。於二零一零年, 開始興建及改進合共5,900,000套保障性住房, 其中4.800.000套已竣工。為控制高檔房地產的 過度熾熱價格及加速二、三線城市的城鎮化進 程,於二零一一年將興建約10,000,000套保障性 住房。預期保障性住房的興建將維持高水平因 而將於本期間對水泥產品產生穩定的需求。

二零一一年標誌著十二五規劃的開始。各級政府已制定未來五年的發展計劃,預期二零一一年的經濟活動將表現活躍以確保該五年期間的經濟目標能順利達致。透過採用財政、貨幣及行政政策,中國政府將於集中控制通貨膨脹並避免資產泡沫的形成的同時容許經濟快速擴張。

THE BUSINESS ENVIRONMENT

The economic stimulus policies announced by the Chinese Government in early 2009 has continued to encourage strong economic activities and foster the healthy and sustainable economic development of China during the year. According to the National Bureau of Statistics, albeit a slow down in the Chinese national GDP growth in the second half of the year, the GDP for 2010 still grew at a high rate of 10.3% to RMB39.8 trillion, which was 1.6 percentage points higher than that of 2009. The FAI of the Chinese Mainland reached RMB27.8 trillion for the year, representing an increase of 23.8% over 2009. According to the respective provincial Bureau of Statistics, the GDP of Guangdong, Guangxi, Fujian, Hainan and Shanxi for 2010 were RMB4,547.3 billion, RMB950.2 billion, RMB1,380.0 billion, RMB205.2 billion and RMB908.8 billion, representing increases of 12.2%, 14.2%, 13.8%, 15.8% and 13.9% over 2009 respectively, and the FAI in these provinces were approximately RMB1,611.3 billion, RMB785.0 billion, RMB827.3 billion, RMB133.1 billion and RMB635.3 billion, representing increases of 20.7%, 37.7%, 30.0%, 32.8% and 29.6% respectively over 2009.

The national level long term development plans, including the Pearl River Delta Region Development Plan in Guangdong, the North Bay Economic Zone Development Plan in Guangxi, the West Coast of Taiwan Straits Economic Zone Development Plan in Fujian, the International Tourism Island Plan in Hainan and the Plan to Promote the Rise of the Central Region embracing Shanxi, have entered their first or second year of construction stage in 2010 and are expected to continue to play a significant role in the markets that we operate. Despite the government policies to control the rapid increase in property prices, the construction of property remained active with a total area of approximately 760 million square meters being completed in 2010, representing an increase of 4.5% over 2009. More land was released by the governments for the construction of affordable houses. During 2010, the construction and upgrade of a total of 5.9 million affordable houses commenced, of which 4.8 million were completed. In order to control the overly heated high end property prices and accelerate the urbanisation of the second and third tier cities, approximately 10.0 million affordable houses will be constructed in 2011. It is expected that construction of affordable houses will be maintained at a high level and therefore will generate a steady demand for cement products during this period.

Year 2011 marks the beginning of the Twelfth Five-Year Plan. The various levels of governments have laid out their development plan for the next five years and it is expected that economic activities would be strong in 2011 to ensure that the economic targets during this five year period can be achieved smoothly. Through the use of fiscal, monetary and administrative policies, the Chinese Government will allow rapid economic expansion while focusing on controlling inflation and avoiding asset bubbles being developed.

行業

二零一零年市場對水泥產品需求強勁。儘管二 零一零年最後一個季度期間若干省級政府實施 限電政策,年內中國內地的水泥總產量增至約 18.7億噸,較二零零九年增加15.5%。年內廣 東、廣西、福建、海南及山西的水泥總產量分別 約為115,000,000噸、75,000,000噸、58,000,000 噸、13,000,000噸及33,000,000噸、分別較二零 零九年增長約14.5%、16.7%、6.1%、38.9%及 29.6%。根據中國水泥協會的資料,於二零一零 年期間,有203條新型乾法熟料生產線投產,使 中國熟料總年產能增加243,000,000噸。於二零 一零年十二月三十一日,中國內地約有1,316條 新型乾法熟料生產線正在運作,總年產能約為 12億噸。

於二零零九年九月,國家發展和改革委員會宣 佈其欲處理若干行業(包括水泥行業)出現的產 能供應過剩以及重複建設問題。所有當時已獲 批准但仍未開工建設的水泥項目須重新取得批 准方可實際開工建設。自此,僅有有限的項目重 新取得批准。於二零一零年十一月三十日,工 業和信息化部發佈「水泥行業准入條件」文件, 文件規定省級政府批准水泥項目的各項條件, 自二零一一年一月一日起生效。該等條件包括 (其中包括)限制省級人均熟料產能、同時等量 或減量淘汰立窰、充足的石灰石資源保證、生產 工藝、能耗、包括排放量的環境保護規定、產品 質量、衛生安全等。該文件亦表達政府鼓勵水泥 行業重組,以便更有效使用國家資源的政策。

於二零一零年五月,中國國務院發佈其於中國內 地關閉91,600,000噸低效水泥產能的目標。於二 零一零年八月,工業和信息化部宣佈於二零一零 年九月前,關閉762家擁有約107,000,000噸落後 水泥產能的公司,其中5,400,000噸、4,500,000 噸、3,400,000噸、1,700,000噸及8,400,000噸分 別位於廣東、廣西、福建、海南及山西。根據國 家發展和改革委員會頒佈的國發(2010)第7號文 件,所有直徑3米以下的立窰將於二零一二年年 底前淘汰。中國政府進一步表示將於二零一五 年前淘汰所有低效窰。為確保該等政策的執行, 中國政府多個部委於二零一零年十二月召開工 作會議並制定了淘汰落後窰的計劃。

THE INDUSTRY

The demand for cement products was strong in 2010. Despite the power cut policy of certain provincial governments during the last quarter of 2010, the total cement production in the Chinese Mainland for the year increased to approximately 1.87 billion tons, representing an increase of 15.5% over 2009. The total cement productions in Guangdong, Guangxi, Fujian, Hainan and Shanxi for the year were approximately 115 million tons, 75 million tons, 58 million tons, 13 million tons and 33 million tons, representing increases of approximately 14.5%, 16.7%, 6.1%, 38.9% and 29.6% respectively over 2009. According to the China Cement Association, there were 203 NSP production lines commenced operation in 2010 which have increased total annual clinker production capacity in China by 243 million tons. As at 31 December 2010, there were about 1,316 NSP clinker production lines with total annual production capacity of approximately 1.2 billion tons in operation in the Chinese Mainland.

In September 2009, the National Development and Reform Commission announced its desire to deal with the over-supply and duplicate construction of production capacity of certain industries which include the cement industry. All the then previously approved cement projects that have not commenced construction were required to obtain re-approval for the actual commencement of construction. Since then, only limited projects have obtained re-approval. On 30 November 2010, the Ministry of Industry and Information Technology issued the document on "Entry Conditions for Cement Industry" which stipulated the various conditions on approval of cement projects by the provincial level governments with effect from 1 January 2011. These conditions include, among others, the limit on provincial per capita clinker capacity, the simultaneous closure of vertical kiln capacity resulting in equivalent or less net capacity, sufficiency of limestone reserves, production technology, energy consumption, environmental protection standards including emission, product guality, health and safety, etc.. This document also expressed the government policy to encourage the consolidation of the cement industry so that the resources of the country will be used more effectively.

In May 2010, the State Council of China released targets on the closure of 91.6 million tons of inefficient cement production capacity in the Chinese Mainland. In August 2010, the Ministry of Industry and Information Technology announced the closure of 762 companies having approximately 107 million tons of cement production capacity with outdated technology by September 2010, of which 5.4 million tons, 4.5 million tons, 3.4 million tons, 1.7 million tons and 8.4 million tons were located in Guangdong, Guangxi, Fujian, Hainan and Shanxi respectively. In accordance with a document Guofa (2010) Number 7 issued by the National Development and Reform Commission, all vertical kilns with diameter of 3 meter and below shall be closed by the end of 2012. The Chinese Government has further indicated that all inefficient kilns will be eliminated by 2015. In order to ensure that these policies will be enforced, various ministries and departments of the Chinese Government met in December 2010 and worked out plans to eliminate the kilns with outdated technology.

上述所有有關建設新水泥基地及淘汰低效水泥 窰的政策將有利於中國水泥行業的長期健康發展,並將為具有高度社會責任感的水泥生產商 的未來擴展創造更多機會。

社會責任

作為中國政府重點支持的大型水泥企業之一, 本公司長期實踐循環經濟、節能減排以及其他 有利於社會及環境的倡議行動。世界可持續發 展工商理事會的水泥可持續發展倡議行動組織 為世界水泥行業持續發展的方向標。於年內,本 公司獲准加入水泥可持續發展倡議行動組織並 成為其中國地區聯席主席。透過加入水泥可持 續發展倡議行動組織,本公司將不單滿足於符 合中國國內環境標準的規定,更堅持實行國際 標準的排放監控,立志成為可持續發展、受人尊 重的長青企業,使股東價值最大化並成為「綠色 水泥」先鋒。

於年內,我們在中國華南地區已捐贈價值 1,000,000港元的3,100噸水泥及3,700,000港元 現金作慈善用途。

策略目標及前景

於年內,我們於山西進行多項收購以策略性地 進軍山西,作為我們踏出中國華南地區的第一 步。於本年報日期,我們在山西擁有營運中的兩 條新型乾法熟料生產線及四條水泥粉磨線(熟料 及水泥總年產能分別為1,600,000噸及2,600,000 噸)及在建中的三條新型乾法熟料生產線及六 條水泥粉磨線(熟料及水泥總年產能分別約為 4,300,000噸及6,000,000噸)。我們旨在於未來 兩年內透過收購將我們在山西的水泥總年產能 增至15,000,000噸以上,屆時相當於25%以上的 市場份額。 All these policies on the construction of new cement plants and the closure of inefficient cement kilns will be beneficial to the long term and healthy development of the cement industry in China and will create more opportunities for the future expansion of cement manufacturers with high sense of social responsibility.

SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

As one of the key large-scale cement manufacturing enterprises supported by the Chinese Government, the Company adopts longterm practice on recycled economy, energy conservation and emission reduction, and other initiatives that are beneficial to society and the environment. CSI of the World Business Council for Sustainable Development is the indicator in sustainable development of worldwide cement industry. During the year, the Company was admitted as a member of the CSI and became the co-chairman of CSI in China. By joining the CSI, the Company will not only be satisfied with compliance with the Chinese national environmental standards, but will persist in implementing emission controls of the international standards, so as to become a sustainable, respectable, long lasting enterprise, maximising shareholders' value and becoming a pioneer in "green cement".

During the year, we donated 3,100 tons of cement worth of HK\$1.0 million and cash amounting to HK\$3.7 million for charity purpose in Southern China.

STRATEGIC OBJECTIVES AND PROSPECTS

During the year, we have made a number of acquisitions in Shanxi to strategically enter Shanxi, as our first move outside the Southern China. As at the date of this annual report, we have two NSP clinker production lines and four cement grinding lines with total annual clinker and cement production capacity of 1.6 million tons and 2.6 million tons respectively in operation, and three NSP clinker production lines and six cement grinding lines with total annual clinker and six cement grinding lines with total annual clinker and cement production capacity of 4.3 million tons and 6.0 million tons respectively under construction in Shanxi. We aim to increase our total annual cement production capacity in Shanxi by way of acquisition to over 15 million tons in the next two years, representing a then market share of over 25%.

於二零一零年十二月三十一日,我們的水泥、 熟料及混凝土的年產能分別為47,800,000噸、 32,700,000噸及28,800,000立方米。此外,我們 於廣州市三間共同控制實體(其所控制的水泥、 熟料及混凝土的年產能分別為8,100,000噸、 3,700,000噸及1,100,000立方米)擁有50%直接 股權。根據我們的現時建設規劃,於二零一一年 底,我們的水泥、熟料及混凝土的年產能將分別 增至61,800,000噸、43,800,000噸及37,200,000 立方米,並進一步於二零一二年底分別增至 77,800,000噸、58,900,000噸及44,400,000立方 米。此等擴展目標將透過目前在建中的新水泥 基地、於營運中的現有水泥基地加入新生產線、 已獲批項目及已收購項目達成。

我們的目標為達致我們營運所在地區約25%的 市場份額。實現上述擴展目標將使本公司維持 其中國華南地區及山西最具影響力的水泥及混 凝土生產商的領導地位。我們將根據「系統成本 最低」的擴展策略繼續尋求於中國華南地區、山 西及我們認為具有戰略價值的中國其他地區的 產能擴展,且將主要透過併購進行。根據十二五 規劃,中國經濟將繼續快速地增長,而於水利及 相關項目、高速公路、鐵路及住宅建設的投資將 仍維持強勁。於本期間內,我們希望於此等投資 方面獲益並增長成為全國領先的水泥及混凝土 生產商之一。我們深知實現這一目標,任重道 遠,未來五年,我們將通過不懈努力,達成這一 光榮使命。 As at 31 December 2010, our annual production capacities for cement, clinker and concrete amounted to 47.8 million tons, 32.7 million tons and 28.8 million m³ respectively. In addition, we have 50% direct equity interest in three jointly controlled entities which control annual production capacity for cement, clinker and concrete in Guangzhou City amounting to 8.1 million tons, 3.7 million tons and 1.1 million m³ respectively. According to our current construction plan, our annual production capacities for cement, clinker and concrete will be increased to 61.8 million tons, 43.8 million tons and 37.2 million m³ respectively at the end of 2011 and further to 77.8 million tons, 58.9 million tons and 44.4 million m³ respectively at the end of 2012. These expansion targets will be met by the new cement plants currently under construction, the new production lines to be added at our existing cement plants in operation, approved projects and projects already acquired.

We are aiming at a market share of approximately 25% in the areas we operate. The achievement of the above expansion targets will enable us to maintain our leading position as the most influential cement and concrete producer in Southern China and Shanxi. We will continue to look for capacity expansion in Southern China, Shanxi and other parts of China where we consider having strategic value in accordance with our "Lowest Total Cost" expansion strategy, which will be achieved principally through mergers and acquisitions. According to the Twelfth Five-Year Plan, the Chinese economy will continue to grow rapidly and investment in the area of water conservation and related projects, highway and railways, and residential buildings will remain strong. We have a desire to capitalise on these investments and grow as one of the leading national cement and concrete producers during this period. The road to this destination is long and we have to shoulder heavy responsibilities. We will keep on working hard in the next five years to realise this honourable mission.

致謝

本人謹藉此機會代表董事會衷心感謝股東的持 續支持以及管理層及全體僱員所作貢獻及辛勤 努力。 On behalf of the Board, I would like to express my heartfelt thanks to our shareholders for their continuing support and to the management and all the employees for their contribution and dedication to their work.

周俊卿

主席

香港,二零一一年三月四日

ZHOU Junqing Chairman

APPRECIATION

Hong Kong, 4 March 2011



行政總裁報告 REPORT FROM CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER



2010年公司取得輝煌的業绩,全賴全體員 工上下一心,本人謹此表示衷心感謝。

The Company achieved remarkable performance in 2010 resulting from the dedication to work of all employees. I would like to express my gratitude in this regard.

收購

於二零一零年四月十五日,本公司批准收購一個 位於福建的水泥生產基地連同其業務相關的全 部資產及負債以及由三德有限公司及其附屬公 司(均為本公司的獨立第三方)持有的泉州三德 建材有限公司(其後更名為華潤水泥(泉州)有限 公司)的全部股權,總代價為人民幣830,000,000 元(相當於約943,000,000港元)。有關該收購的 詳情,請參閱本公司日期為二零一零年四月十五 日的公告。該收購已於二零一零年七月完成。

ACQUISITIONS

On 15 April 2010, the Company approved the acquisition of a cement production plant together with all the assets and liabilities associated with its operations in Fujian and 100% equity interest of San Teh (Quanzhou) Building Materials Co. Ltd. (subsequently renamed as China Resources Cement (Quanzhou) Limited) held by San Teh Ltd. and its subsidiary, which are independent third parties of the Company, at the total consideration of RMB830 million (equivalent to approximately HK\$943.0 million). Please refer to the Company's announcement dated 15 April 2010 for details of the acquisitions. The acquisitions were completed in July 2010.



柳林水泥生產基地 Liulin cement production plant

於二零一零年六月一日,本公司批准收購由 一名獨立第三方持有的Guardwise Investments Limited已發行股本的72%,總代價為72.0美 元,並簽署一份股東協議,規定以按各自於 Guardwise Investments Limited的持股比例向 Guardwise Investments Limited及/或其全資附屬 公司山西福龍水泥有限公司(其後更名為山西 華潤福龍水泥有限公司)提供股東貸款,惟總額 不得超過人民幣2.110.000.000元。本集團將予 提供的股東貸款最多為人民幣1,519,200,000元 (相當於約1,726,400,000港元)。該等資金擬用 作於山西柳林縣興建年產能分別為1,200,000噸 及1,500,000噸的兩條新型乾法熟料生產線及總 年產能約為4,000,000噸的四條水泥粉磨線。有 關該收購的詳情,請參閱本公司日期為二零一 零年六月一日的公告。該收購已於二零一零年 六月二日完成。年產能為1,200,000噸的新型乾 法熟料生產線已於二零一零年八月投產。

於二零一零年十二月五日,本公司批准以代價 618,300,000港元自越秀企業(集團)有限公司的 一間附屬公司收購於廣州市及香港從事熟料、 水泥及混凝土業務的若干共同控制實體的50% 股權及按面值收購該等共同控制實體結欠越秀 企業(集團)有限公司的債務合計622,300,000 港元。該等共同控制實體於廣東廣州市控制兩 條總年產能為3,700,000噸的新型乾法熟料生產 線、八條總年產能為8,100,000噸的水泥粉磨線 及兩座總年產能為1,100,000立方米的混凝土攪 拌站。有關該收購的詳情,請參閱本公司日期為 二零一零年十二月六日的公告。該收購已於二 零一零年十二月三十一日完成。 On 1 June 2010, the Company approved the acquisition of 72% issued share capital of Guardwise Investments Limited held by an independent third party at the total consideration of US\$72.0 and a shareholders' agreement was signed which provides shareholders' loans pro-rata to the respective shareholding in Guardwise Investments Limited to Guardwise Investments Limited and/or its wholly owned subsidiary, Shanxi Fulong Cement Limited (subsequently renamed as Shanxi China Resources Fulong Cement Limited), with a total amount of not exceeding RMB2,110.0 million. The maximum amount of the shareholder's loan to be provided by the Group is RMB1,519.2 million (equivalent to approximately HK\$1,726.4 million). The funds are intended for the construction of two NSP clinker production lines with annual production capacity of 1.2 million tons and 1.5 million tons, and four cement grinding lines with total annual capacity of approximately 4.0 million tons in Liulin County, Shanxi. Please refer to the announcement of the Company dated 1 June 2010 for details of the acquisition. The acquisition was completed on 2 June 2010. The NSP clinker production line with annual production capacity of 1.2 million tons has commenced operation in August 2010.

On 21 June 2010, the Company approved the acquisition of the entire equity interest in six subsidiaries of Universal Cement Corporation, an independent third party of the Company, from three subsidiaries of Universal Cement Corporation for a total consideration of HK\$820.0 million (which was subsequently reduced to HK\$810.0 million pursuant to the findings of the due diligence review). The six companies collectively engage in the production of clinker, cement and concrete and own a NSP clinker production line with annual clinker production capacity of approximately 1.0 million tons, three cement grinding lines with total annual production capacity of approximately 3.5 million tons and two concrete batching plants with total annual production capacity of 1.2 million m³ in Huizhou City, Guangdong; and two concrete batching plants with total annual production capacity of 1.1 million m³ in Ningbo, Zhejiang Province, the PRC. Please refer to the announcement of the Company dated 21 June 2010 for details of the acquisitions. The acquisitions were completed in September 2010.

On 5 December 2010, the Company approved the acquisitions of 50% equity interest in several jointly controlled entities that engage in clinker, cement and concrete operations in Guangzhou City and Hong Kong from a subsidiary of Yue Xiu Enterprises (Holdings) Limited at the consideration of HK\$618.3 million and the debts totalling HK\$622.3 million owed by the jointly controlled entities to Yue Xiu Enterprises (Holdings) Limited at par. The jointly controlled entities control two NSP clinker production lines with total annual production capacity of 3.7 million tons, eight cement grinding lines with total annual production capacity of 8.1 million tons and two concrete batching plants with total annual production capacity of 1.1 million m³ in Guangzhou City, Guangdong. Please refer to the announcement of the Company dated 6 December 2010 for details of the acquisitions. The acquisitions were completed on 31 December 2010.

於二零一零年十二月二十三日,本公司批准以代 價人民幣90,700,000元(相當於約106,600,000 港元)自多名獨立第三方收購山西耀華水泥有限 公司的52.4%股權並將進一步注入現金人民幣 220,000,000元(相當於約258,500,000港元)作 為山西耀華水泥有限公司的額外註冊資本,此舉 將令本集團於山西耀華水泥有限公司的股權增 至89.8%。山西耀華水泥有限公司計劃於山西忻 州市建立一條日產4500噸(年產能為1,400,000 噸)的新型乾法熟料生產線及兩條總年產能為 2,000,000噸的水泥粉磨線,該等生產線預期於 二零一二年底投產。於二零一一年一月,已支付 訂金人民幣20,000,000元(相當於約23,500,000 港元)。

於二零一零年十二月二十九日,本公司批准 以總代價人民幣201.600.000元(相當於約 236,900,000港元)自一名獨立第三方收購華潤 水泥(長治)有限公司的72%股權。華潤水泥 (長治)有限公司已訂立一份協議,以按代價約 人民幣139,500,000元(相當於約163,900,000港 元)自華潤水泥(長治)有限公司的合營夥伴的 一間全資附屬公司收購於山西長治市營運中的 一條日產1200噸(年產能為372,000噸)的新型 乾法熟料生產線及兩條總年產能為600,000噸 的水泥粉磨線。此外,華潤水泥(長治)有限公 司計劃於山西長治市興建一條日產4500噸(年 產能為1,400,000噸)的新型乾法熟料生產線及 兩條總年產能為2,000,000噸的水泥粉磨線,該 等生產線將於二零一二年底投產。於二零一零 年十二月三十一日,已支付人民幣90,000,000元 (相當於約105,800,000港元)。

於年結後的二零一一年一月二十七日,本公司 批准以總代價人民幣277,200,000元(相當於約 325,800,000港元)收購一名獨立第三方擁有的 於福建龍岩市在建中的水泥生產基地連同與基 地有關的所有資產及負債。預期將進一步投資 人民幣520,000,000元(相當於約611,100,000港 元),以於該基地完成建設一條日產4500噸(年 產能為1,400,000噸)的新型乾法熟料生產線及 兩條總年產能為2,000,000噸的水泥粉磨線。於 本年報日期,已支付訂金人民幣170,000,000元 (相當於約199,800,000港元)。 On 23 December 2010, the Company approved the acquisition of 52.4% equity interest in Shanxi Yaohua Cement Limited from independent third parties at the consideration of RMB90.7 million (equivalent to approximately HK\$106.6 million) and will further inject cash of RMB220 million (equivalent to approximately HK\$258.5 million) as additional registered capital of Shanxi Yaohua Cement Limited, which will increase our Group's equity interest in Shanxi Yaohua Cement Limited to 89.8%. Shanxi Yaohua Cement Limited plans to build one 4500 tons per day (annual production capacity of 1.4 million tons) NSP clinker production line and two cement grinding lines with total annual production capacity of 2.0 million tons in Xinzhou City, Shanxi, which are expected to commence operation by the end of 2012. A deposit of RMB20.0 million (equivalent to approximately HK\$23.5 million) has been made in January 2011.

On 29 December 2010, the Company approved the acquisition of 72% equity interest of China Resources Cement (Changzhi) Limited from an independent third party at the total consideration of RMB 201.6 million (equivalent to approximately HK\$236.9 million). China Resources Cement (Changzhi) Limited has entered into an agreement to acquire from a wholly owned subsidiary of the joint venture partner of China Resources Cement (Changzhi) Limited a 1200 tons per day (annual production capacity of 372,000 tons) NSP clinker production line and two cement grinding lines with total annual production capacity of 600,000 tons, which are in operation in Changzhi City, Shanxi, at a consideration of approximately RMB139.5 million (equivalent to approximately HK\$163.9 million). In addition, China Resources Cement (Changzhi) Limited plans to build one 4500 tons per day (annual production capacity of 1.4 million tons) NSP clinker production line and two cement grinding lines with total annual production capacity of 2.0 million tons in Changzhi City, Shanxi, which will commence operation by the end of 2012. As at 31 December 2010, a payment of RMB90.0 million (equivalent to approximately HK\$105.8 million) has been made.

Subsequent to the year end on 27 January 2011, the Company approved the acquisition of a cement production plant under construction in Longyan City, Fujian, together with all the assets and liabilities associated with the plant owned by an independent third party at a total consideration of RMB277.2 million (equivalent to approximately HK\$325.8 million). Further amount of RMB520.0 million (equivalent to approximately HK\$611.1 million) is expected to be invested to complete the construction of one 4500 tons per day (annual production capacity of 1.4 million tons) NSP clinker production line and two cement grinding lines with total annual production capacity of 2.0 million tons at this plant. As at the date of this annual report, a deposit of RMB170.0 million (equivalent to approximately HK\$199.8 million) has been made.

新生產基地

除上文所述收購令產能增加外,本集團的熟料 年產能自六條自建生產線落成起已於年內增加 8,500,000噸。該等生產線為四月落成的上思第 一條生產線(日產5000噸)及封開第二條生產 線(日產5000噸)、五月落成的富川第一條生產 線(日產5000噸)、七月落成的陽春第一條生產 線(日產2500噸)及十二月落成的封開第三條生 產線(日產5000噸)及田陽第一條生產線(日產 5000噸)。於二零一零年,亦有十一條水泥粉磨 線及二十座混凝土攪拌站落成或被收購,將水 泥及混凝土總年產能分別提高10,800,000噸及 11,700,000立方米。於二零一零年十二月三十一 日,我們的熟料、水泥及混凝土的年產能分別 為32,700,000噸、47,800,000噸及28,800,000立 方米。儘管產能於二零一零年迅速擴張,我們 仍可維持高水平的生產活動,二零一零年水 泥·熟料及混凝土生產線設備使用率分別為 85.7%、111.4%及51.5%,而二零零九年則分別 為83.0%、114.8%及49.9%。

NEW PRODUCTION PLANTS

Other than the addition of production capacity resulting from the above mentioned acquisitions, the Group's annual clinker production capacity increased by 8.5 million tons during the year from the completion of six self-constructed production lines. They were Shangsi 1st line (5000 tons per day) and Fengkai 2nd line (5000 tons per day) in April, Fuchuan 1st line (5000 tons per day) in May, Yangchun 1st line in July (2500 tons per day), and Fengkai 3rd line (5000 tons per day) and Tianyang 1st line (5000 tons per day) in December. There were also eleven cement grinding lines and twenty concrete batching plants being completed or acquired during the year 2010, increasing our total annual cement production capacity and annual concrete production capacity by 10.8 million tons and 11.7 million m³ respectively. As at 31 December 2010, our annual production capacities for clinker, cement and concrete amounted to 32.7 million tons, 47.8 million tons and 28.8 million m³ respectively. Notwithstanding the rapid expansion of our production capacity during the year 2010, we managed to maintain production activities at high level and the utilisation rates of our cement, clinker and concrete production lines were 85.7%, 111.4% and 51.5% respectively for year 2010 as compared with 83.0%, 114.8% and 49.9% for year 2009.



封開水泥生產基地的皮帶廊 The conveyor belts at Fengkai cement production plant

西江的水位

西江的水位自二零零九年最後一季度以來一直 處於歷史最低位,並對西江的運輸產生重大影 響,但於接近二零一零年四月底時已回復至正常 水平。於該低水位期間,我們已將受影響的水路 運輸路線以陸路運送部份水泥產品。二零一零年 一月至四月所產生的額外運輸成本約52,700,000 港元已轉嫁予客戶並反映在售價中。於自二零 一零年最後一季度起直至本年報日期止的低水 位季節,水位一直處於正常水平,且西江的運輸 並未中斷。

WATER LEVEL OF THE XIJIANG RIVER

The water level of the Xijiang River, which had been historically low since the last quarter of 2009 and had significantly affected the traffic along the Xijiang River, has resumed to normal level near the end of April 2010. During this period of low water level, delivery of some of our cement products for the affected section of water transportation route was made by truck. Additional freight costs of approximately HK\$52.7 million incurred from January to April 2010 were transferred to customers and reflected in the selling prices. In the low water level season from the last quarter of 2010 until the date of this annual report, water level has been normal and traffic on Xijiang River has not been interrupted.

物流部門

為便於水泥產品的銷售及運輸、確保西江可有足夠的航運設施並穩定於西江的物流運輸成本, 我們已設立物流部門,沿西江建立高效及策略 性的物流及分銷網絡。於二零一零年六月四日, 我們與一名獨立第三方共同成立廣西潤桂船運 有限責任公司目前擁有四艘船隻(年噸位約為 240,000噸),且預期將於二零一四年底前建立 一支由100艘船隻組成的年總噸位為6,500,000 噸的船隊。於二零一零年十二月三十一日,我們 已沿西江及其支流主要於廣東珠江三角洲地區 建立28個中轉庫(年總中轉能力約為20,000,000 噸),以方便銷售水泥產品。我們亦正於廣東尋 找適合地點,以建立一個集水泥產品的粉磨、包 裝、分銷及儲存於一體的綜合基地。

LOGISTICS DEPARTMENT

With a view to facilitate the sale and transportation of our cement products, to ensure availability of adequate transportation facility along the Xijiang River and to stabilise the freight cost of logistical movement on the Xijiang River, we have set up our Logistics Department which aims at establishing an efficient and strategic logistics and distribution network along the Xijiang River. On 4 June 2010, we have established Guangxi Rungui Water Transportation Limited with an independent third party, holding 49% equity interest. Guangxi Rungui Water Transportation Limited currently owns 4 vessels with annual tonnage of approximately 240,000 tons and is expected to establish a fleet of 100 vessels with total annual tonnage of 6.5 million tons by the end of 2014. As at 31 December 2010, we have established 28 silo terminals with total annual transshipment capacity of approximately 20 million tons along the Xijiang River and its branches substantially in the Pearl River Delta area of Guangdong to facilitate the sale of our cement products. We are also seeking adequate location for setting up a comprehensive plant embracing the grinding, packing, distribution and storage of our cement products in Guangdong.



封開水泥生產基地的碼頭設施 The berths at Fengkai cement production plant

採購

於二零一零年整個年度內,煤炭價格因經濟快 速增長令煤炭需求強勁而維持在高水平。為控 制煤炭供應風險,我們已重整供應商名單並納 入18個新煤炭供應商,以使煤炭採購多元化。我 們可就煤炭質量追溯至個別供應商,以確保所 採購煤炭質量符合協定標準,此舉導致二零一 零年有三名煤炭供應商自供應商名單內被取消 資格。在二零一零年的煤炭採購量中,約有71% 源自越南(二零零九年為86%)。

PROCUREMENT

Throughout 2010, coal prices were maintained at high levels due to strong demand for coal as the result of rapid economic growth. In order to control the risk of coal supply, we have streamlined the supplier list and diversified coal purchases to include 18 new coal suppliers. Performance of coal has been traced to the individual suppliers to ensure that the quality of coal purchased is in accordance with agreed standards, which has led to disqualification of 3 coal suppliers from our supplier list in 2010. Of the coal purchases in 2010, approximately 71% in volume were originated from Vietnam (86% in 2009).

人力資源

為準備本集團的快速擴展及滿足對所有級別的 管理人員的需求,我們持續加強人才儲備。除 聘用更多人才外,我們亦已聘請專業人士及專 家協助我們培訓中高級管理人員,以確保現有 及未來各營運單位有適當的候選人繼任計劃。 於二零一零年三月,我們開展了合資格總經理 計劃,該計劃旨在幫助準備出任本集團內更多 高層職位的中級管理人員。一組42人已入選參 與包括十個培訓課程的該計劃。我們將於二零 一一年為中初級管理團隊成員安排更多合資格 培訓項目。

HUMAN CAPITAL

In order to prepare for the rapid expansion of our Group and to fulfill the need for management personnel at all levels, we have continued to enhance our human capital reserve. In addition to hiring more talents, we have also engaged professionals and specialists to assist us in training our middle to senior management to ensure that there is adequate pool of candidates for the succession plan of each of our existing and future operating units. In March 2010, we commenced the Qualified General Managers Program which aimed at helping the middle managerial staff to be prepared for more senior positions within the Group. A group of 42 people were selected to participate in this program which consisted of 10 training sessions. More qualified training programs will be arranged for junior to middle management team members in 2011.

管理層討論及分析

更多有關本集團表現的詳情載於本報告「管理層 討論及分析」一節。 There are more details regarding our Group's performance in the section on Management Discussion and Analysis in this report.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

周龍山

行政總裁

香港,二零一一年三月四日

ZHOU Longshan *Chief Executive Officer*

Hong Kong, 4 March 2011



管理層討論及分析 MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

業務回顧

營業額

截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度的綜合營 業額達14,141,500,000港元,較去年6,906,900,000 港元增加104.7%。按產品劃分的分部營業額分析 如下:

REVIEW OF OPERATIONS

Turnover

The consolidated turnover for the year ended 31 December 2010 amounted to HK\$14,141.5 million, representing an increase of 104.7% over HK\$6,906.9 million for the previous year. An analysis of segmental turnover by product is as follows:

			二零-零年			二零零九年	
		銷量	平均售價	營業額	銷量	平均售價	營業額
		千噸/			千噸/		
		立方米	港元	千港元	立方米	港元	千港元
			2010			2009	
			Average			Average	
		Volume	selling price	Turnover	Volume	selling price	Turnover
		' 000			'000		
		tons/m ³	HK\$	HK\$'000	tons/m ³	HK\$	HK\$'000
水泥	Cement	29,586	336.0	9,939,832	16,446	272.9	4,488,004
熟料	Clinker	3,146	274.7	864,315	2,757	211.3	582,674
混凝土	Concrete	10,770	309.9	3,337,390	6,308	291.1	1,836,247
總計	Total			14,141,537			6,906,925

二零一零年銷量增長反映出對本集團產品的強 勁需求。本集團因自二零零九年起自建的生產 線及於二零零九年及二零一零年收購而新增的 產能令本集團提升生產規模。於二零一零年,本 集團所出售的水泥產品中約77.9%的等級為42.5 或更高等級(二零零九年為78.2%),而本集團 所出售的水泥產品中約30.4%為以袋裝銷售(二 零零九年為30.6%)。用於本集團混凝土生產 的內部水泥銷量為2,033,000噸(二零零九年為 1,321,000噸),佔水泥總銷量的6.4%(二零零 九年為7.4%)。集團內公司間交易703,202,000 港元(二零零九年為347,623,000港元)已於二零 一零年綜合時自營業額中撇銷。 The increase in volume sold in 2010 reflected the strong demand for our products. Our new production capacities from self-constructed production lines since 2009 and from the acquisitions of production capacities made in 2009 and 2010 enabled us to improve our production scale. For the year 2010, approximately 77.9% of the cement products we sold were of 42.5 or higher grades (78.2% in 2009) and approximately 30.4% of our cement products were sold in bags (30.6% in 2009). Internal sales volume of cement for our concrete production was 2,033,000 tons (1,321,000 tons in 2009), representing 6.4% of the total volume of cement sold (7.4% in 2009). The intra-group transactions of HK\$703,202,000 were eliminated from turnover on consolidation in 2010 (HK\$347,623,000 in 2009).

二零一零年水泥、熟料及混凝土的平均售價分 別為每噸336.0港元、每噸274.7港元及每立方 米309.9港元,分別較二零零九年增加23.1%、 30.0%及6.5%。二零一零年水泥及熟料平均售 價的增加主要反映:

- (1) 市場供需:經濟活動活躍令本年度水泥 需求強勁,從而我們可將成本增加轉嫁 予市場。此外,季節性波動而導致的第四 季度供應短缺(在若干省份因限電政策 進一步加劇)推動售價進一步上升。
- (2) 年內煤炭價格上升:如下文主要生產成本一節所述,煤炭平均價格較去年上升 26.4%。本集團已調整售價以反映煤炭 成本上升。
- (3) 若干客戶的付款基準變動:年內,更多 廣東客戶要求變更付款條款,將出廠價 基準改為成本加運費基準,導致運費總 額達致238,700,000港元(二零零九年為 47,900,000港元),並已包含於售價內。

二零一零年混凝土平均售價上升反映水泥價格 上升而令生產成本增加。

於二零一零年,本集團按地區劃分的水泥銷量 如下: The average selling prices of cement, clinker and concrete in 2010 were HK\$336.0 per ton, HK\$274.7 per ton and HK\$309.9 per m³ respectively, representing increases of 23.1%, 30.0% and 6.5% respectively over 2009. The increases in average selling prices of cement and clinker in 2010 primarily reflected:

- (1) Market demand and supply: The demand for cement was strong during the year due to robust economic activities such that we were able to pass on cost increases to the market. In addition, the shortage in supply in the fourth quarter as the result of seasonal fluctuation which was magnified by the power cut policy in certain provinces has driven up the selling prices further.
- (2) Increased coal price for the year: As mentioned in the next section on major production costs, average coal price increased by 26.4% over that of the previous year. We adjusted our selling prices to reflect the increase in coal cost.
- (3) Change of payment basis for certain customers: During the year, more customers in Guangdong requested change of payment terms from an ex-factory basis to a cost-plus-freight basis leading to total freight charges of HK\$238.7 million which has been included as part of the selling price (HK\$47.9 million in 2009).

The increase in average selling price of concrete in 2010 reflected the increase in cost of production due to the increase in cement prices.

Our cement sales by geographical areas in 2010 were as follows:

		二零一零年			二零零九年		
		銷量	平均售價	營業額	銷量	平均售價	營業額
		千噸	港元	千港元	千噸	港元	千港元
			2010			2009	
			Average			Average	
		Volume	selling price	Turnover	Volume	selling price	Turnover
		'000 tons	HK\$	HK\$'000	'000 tons	HK\$	HK\$'000
廣東	Guangdong	11,702	353.0	4,130,232	7,734	270.4	2,090,807
廣西	Guangxi	13,173	305.4	4,022,429	7,937	267.4	2,122,615
福建	Fujian	1,300	353.8	459,947	118	279.6	33,119
海南	Hainan	3,398	389.1	1,322,157	657	367.4	241,463
山西	Shanxi	13	389.8	5,067			
總計	Total	29,586	336.0	9,939,832	16,446	272.9	4,488,004



主要生產成本

Major production costs

本集團於二零一零年採購的煤炭的平均價格約 為每噸742港元,較二零零九年的平均價格每噸 587港元增加26.4%,而煤炭質量有所下降,其平 均發熱量下降2.8%至每公斤4,712千卡。煤炭價 格因二零一零年年初嚴冬刺激對發電用煤的需 求而攀升,亦由於渤海港口結冰而導致煤炭供 應混亂。煤炭價格因多宗嚴重煤礦事故導致煤 炭供應減少而自二零一零年四月起逐漸上升, 且一直處於高位。年內,熟料生產過程中單位煤 耗由二零零九年平均每噸熟料160.8公斤增至每 噸熟料165.3公斤,上升2.8%。本集團的標準煤 耗由二零零九年每噸熟料108.5公斤增至年內每 噸熟料108.9公斤。上升主要由於年內收購的生 產線仍有待升級及新生產線已投產所致。除該 等生產線外,於年初營運的生產線標準煤耗降 至年內的每噸熟料108.1公斤。由於煤炭價格上 升,本集團於年內每噸熟料的平均煤炭牛產成本 上升30.0%至每噸122.7港元。煤炭成本佔年內 水泥銷售成本約43.4%(二零零九年為42.0%) 及年內本集團的總銷售成本約35.1%(二零零 九年為33.5%)。

由於電費自二零零九年十一月起整體上調,以 及在電費高於廣西的廣東及海南的生產活動增 加,年內本集團每噸水泥的電力成本增加9.8% 至41.5港元(二零零九年為37.8港元)。我們成 功改善電耗,年內生產的每噸水泥的電耗下降至 88.7千瓦時(二零零九年為91.6千瓦時),相當 於節省成本約54,700,000港元。我們的餘熱發電 設備的表現令人滿意,年內共發電764,000,000 千瓦時,較二零零九年發電477,200,000千瓦時 增加60.1%,所產生的電力佔本集團所需電耗約 25%,節省成本約416,600,000港元。年內,電力 成本佔本集團的銷售成本總額約14.9%(二零 零九年為16.0%)。 The average price of coal we purchased in 2010 was around HK\$742 per ton, representing an increase of 26.4% from the average price of HK\$587 per ton in 2009, while the guality of coal was lowered with average thermal value decreased by 2.8% to 4,712 KCal per Kg. Coal prices went up during the extremely cold winter in early 2010 which stimulated the demand of coal for electricity generation and also created chaos in coal supply due to the frozen Bohai port. Coal price has gone up gradually since April 2010 due to reduced supply as a result of several serious coal mine accidents and has remained at a high level. During the year, our unit coal consumption in the clinker production process increased to 165.3 Kg per ton of clinker, representing an increase of 2.8% from the average of 160.8 Kg per ton of clinker for 2009. Our standard coal consumption increased from 108.5 Kg per ton of clinker in 2009 to 108.9 Kg per ton of clinker for the year. This is due to the production plants obtained from the acquisitions that are yet to be upgraded and the new production lines that commenced operations during the year. Excluding these production lines, the standard coal consumption for the production lines operating at the beginning of the year decreased to 108.1 Kg per ton of clinker for the year. Due to the increase in coal price, our average coal cost of production for the year increased by 30.0% to HK\$122.7 per ton of clinker produced. Coal cost represented approximately 43.4% of the cost of sales of cement for the year (42.0% in 2009) and approximately 35.1% of the Group's total cost of sales for the year (33.5% in 2009).

Our electricity cost increased by 9.8% to HK\$41.5 per ton of cement for the year (HK\$37.8 in 2009) due to general increase in electricity tariffs since November 2009 and more production activities being carried out in Guangdong and Hainan where tariffs are higher than that in Guangxi. We managed to improve our electricity consumption to 88.7 KWh per ton of cement produced for the year (91.6 KWh in 2009), representing a cost saving of approximately HK\$54.7 million. Our residual heat recovery generators performed satisfactorily and generated 764.0 million KWh of electricity in the year, representing an increase of 60.1% over 477.2 million KWh of electricity generated in 2009. The electricity generated in the year accounted for approximately 25% of our required electricity consumption and we achieved a cost saving of approximately HK\$416.6 million for the year. Electricity cost represented approximately 14.9% of the Group's total cost of sales for the year (16.0% in 2009).

毛利及毛利率

於二零一零年,綜合毛利為4,463,300,000港元, 較二零零九年2,042,100,000港元增加118.6%, 而綜合毛利率為31.6%,較二零零九年的29.6% 增長2.0個百分點。二零一零年綜合毛利增長主 要由於水泥產品銷量及售價增長所致。於二零 一零年,水泥、熟料及混凝土的毛利率分別為 35.6%、17.2%及23.3%,而二零零九年則分別 為31.4%、17.5%及29.0%。

其他收益

二零一零年其他收益為219,600,000港元,較 二零零九年的76,800,000港元增加185.9%,主 要由於因人民幣兑港元升值致使以港元計值 的銀行貸款淨額產生48,200,000港元的匯兑收 益、較高級別的銀行存款賺取的利息收益增加 46,100,000港元以及根據已付增值税計算所收 到的政府獎勵增加37,400,000港元所致。

銷售及分銷費用

於二零一零年,銷售及分銷費用為989,700,000 港元,較二零零九年的474,400,000港元增加 108.6%。銷售及分銷費用佔綜合營業額的百 分比由二零零九年的6.9%增至二零一零年的 7.0%。本年度銷售及分銷費用包括就廣東已售 水泥產品約6,700,000噸將付款基準由出廠價基 準改為成本加運費基準而產生運費238,700,000 港元(二零零九年為47,900,000港元)。倘剔除 更改付款基準的影響,二零一零年銷售及分銷 費用佔綜合營業額的百分比將降至5.4%,而二 零零九年則為6.2%。

一般及行政費用

於二零一零年,一般及行政費用為1,211,700,000 港元,較二零零九年的469,500,000港元增加 158.1%。一般及行政費用佔綜合營業額的百 分比由二零零九年的6.8%增至二零一零年的 8.6%。該增長乃由於與業務拓展同步的僱員 人數上升從而導致員工成本增加、績效獎金的 額外準備204,600,000港元、固定資產減值虧損 59,700,000港元及撇銷呆壞賬64,200,000港元所 致。

Gross profit and gross margin

The consolidated gross profit for 2010 was HK\$4,463.3 million, representing an increase of 118.6% over HK\$2,042.1 million for 2009 and the consolidated gross margin was 31.6%, representing an increase of 2.0 percentage points over 29.6% for 2009. The increase in consolidated gross profit for year 2010 was mainly attributable to the increase in sales volume and selling prices of our cement products. The gross margins of cement, clinker and concrete for 2010 were 35.6%, 17.2% and 23.3%, as compared with 31.4%, 17.5% and 29.0% respectively for 2009.

Other income

Other income for 2010 was HK\$219.6 million, representing an increase of 185.9% over HK\$76.8 million for 2009, mainly attributable to an exchange gain of HK\$48.2 million derived from net bank loans denominated in HK\$ as a result of the appreciation of RMB against HK\$, increased interest income of HK\$46.1 million earned on higher level of bank deposits and increase in government incentive received of HK\$37.4 million calculated based on value added taxes paid.

Selling and distribution expenses

Selling and distribution expenses for 2010 were HK\$989.7 million, which were 108.6% over HK\$474.4 million for 2009. As a percentage to consolidated turnover, selling and distribution expenses increased to 7.0% in 2010 from 6.9% in 2009. The current year's selling and distribution expenses included freight charges of HK\$238.7 million resulting from the change of payment basis from an ex-factory basis to a cost-plus-freight basis for approximately 6.7 million tons of cement products sold in Guangdong (HK\$47.9 million in 2009). Had the effect of the change of payment basis been excluded, selling and distribution expenses as a percentage to consolidated turnover would have been decreased to 5.4% for 2010 compared with 6.2% for 2009.

General and administrative expenses

General and administrative expenses for 2010 were HK\$1,211.7 million, representing an increase of 158.1% over HK\$469.5 million for 2009. As a percentage to consolidated turnover, general and administrative expenses increased to 8.6% for 2010 from 6.8% for 2009. This was attributable to the increase in staff costs as the result of increased number of employees in line with our expanded operations and additional provision for performance related bonus of HK\$204.6 million, impairment loss on fixed assets of HK\$59.7 million and the write off of doubtful debts of HK\$64.2 million.

税項

Taxation

本集團二零一零年的實際税率為4.4%,較二零 零九年的2.5%增加1.9個百分點。此乃由於較大 部份的盈利乃來自須繳付25%中國內地企業所 得税率的附屬公司。

淨利率

由於上述變動的共同影響,於二零一零年,本集 團的淨利率為15.1%,較二零零九年的14.9%高 出0.2個百分點。 The effective tax rate of the Group for 2010 was 4.4%, representing an increase of 1.9 percentage points from 2.5% of 2009. This was because a higher portion of the profit was generated from subsidiaries which are subject to the Chinese Mainland Enterprise Income Tax rate of 25%.

Net margin

As the combination of the impact from the above changes, net margin of the Group for 2010 was 15.1%, which was 0.2 percentage points higher than that of 14.9% for 2009.

流動資金及財務資源

於二零一零年十二月三十一日,本集團的現金及 銀行結餘以及已質押銀行存款包括以下款項: As at 31 December 2010, the Group's cash and bank balances and

LIQUIDITY AND FINANCIAL RESOURCES

pledged bank deposits included the following amounts:

		二零一零年	二零零九年
		十二月三十一日	十二月三十一日
		千	Ŧ
		31 December	31 December
		2010	2009
		'000	'000
港元	HK\$	2,396,547	4,835,930
人民幣	RMB	1,451,496	1,143,546
美元	US\$	2,849	2,276

於二零一零年十二月三十一日,本集團的銀行 融資額度為130,000,000美元、5,655,000,000 港元及人民幣10,656,500,000元,其中人民幣 5,246,000,000元尚未動用並可供提用。根據合 計達5,715,800,000港元等值金額的若干銀行融 資協議(將於二零一一年五月至二零一四年十二 月到期)的條款,本公司的控股公司華潤(集團) 須持有本公司不少於51%具投票權的股本。根 據合計達5,545,800,000港元等值金額的若干銀 行融資協議的條款,本公司的淨借貸率(可予以 調整以排除若干非有形資產)須不超過180%。 本公司於二零一零年十二月三十一日的淨借貸 率為61.6%(於二零零九年十二月三十一日為 26.3%),此乃按借款淨額除以本公司擁有人應 佔權益計算。 As at 31 December 2010, the Group's banking facilities amounted to US\$130.0 million, HK\$5,655.0 million and RMB10,656.5 million, of which RMB5,246.0 million was unutilised and remained available for draw down. Under the terms of certain agreements for total banking facility of HK\$5,715.8 million equivalent which will expire from May 2011 to December 2014, CR Holdings, the Company's holding company, is required to hold not less than 51% of the voting share capital in the Company. Under the terms of certain agreements for total banking facility of HK\$5,545.8 million equivalent, the net gearing ratio of the Company (as may be adjusted to exclude certain non-tangible assets) shall not exceed 180%. The net gearing ratio of the Company as at 31 December 2010, calculated by dividing net borrowings by equity attributable to owners of the Company, was 61.6% (26.3% as at 31 December 2009).

於二零一零年十二月三十一日,本集團的銀行 貸款總額為13,024,100,000港元(於二零零九年 十二月三十一日為9,377,600,000港元)等值金 額,該等貸款包括按以下貨幣計值的貸款: As at 31 December 2010, the total bank loans of the Group amounted to HK\$13,024.1 million (HK\$9,377.6 million as at 31 December 2009) equivalent and they comprised loans in the following currencies:

		二零一零年	二零零九年
		十二月三十一日	十二月三十一日
		千	Ŧ
		31 December	31 December
		2010	2009
		'000	'000
美元	US\$	130,000	18,060
港元	HK\$	5,655,000	2,192,000
人民幣	RMB	5,410,500	6,203,500

於此等以人民幣計值的銀行貸款中,共計 440,600,000港元等值金額乃以本集團的固定 資產作抵押(於二零零九年十二月三十一日為 936,800,000港元乃以銀行存款及固定資產作抵 押),而12,583,500,000港元等值金額(於二零 零九年十二月三十一日為8,440,800,000港元)則 無抵押。

以 定 息 及 浮 息 計 算 的 銀 行 貸 款 分 別 為 822,600,000港元及12,201,500,000港元,於二 零零九年十二月三十一日則分別為681,400,000 港元及8,696,200,000港元。

本集團的業務交易主要以港元及人民幣進行。 本集團所面臨的貨幣風險乃因以有關實體的與 該等銀行結餘及銀行貸款相關的功能貨幣以外 的貨幣列值的銀行結餘及銀行貸款而產生。現 時,本集團並無與外幣風險有關的外幣對沖政 策。然而,管理層密切監察有關外幣涉及的風 險,並將於必要時考慮對沖重大的貨幣風險。於 二零一零年十二月三十一日,本集團為償還美 元銀行貸款訂立金額為100,000,000美元的對沖 合約。

資產抵押

於二零一零年十二月三十一日,本公司的附屬 公司賬面值共計345,500,000港元(於二零零九 年十二月三十一日為844,600,000港元)的若干 資產已質押予銀行,以獲取該等附屬公司所使 用的銀行融資。 Among these bank loans denominated in RMB, total amount of HK\$440.6 million equivalent was secured by fixed assets of the Group (HK\$936.8 million as at 31 December 2009 was secured by bank deposits and fixed assets) and HK\$12,583.5 million equivalent (HK\$8,440.8 million as at 31 December 2009) was unsecured.

Bank loans which carried interests at fixed and variable rates amounted to HK\$822.6 million and HK\$12,201.5 million respectively as compared to HK\$681.4 million and HK\$8,696.2 million as at 31 December 2009.

The Group's business transactions were mainly carried out in Hong Kong dollars and Renminbi. The Group's exposure to currency risk was attributable to the bank balances and bank loans which were denominated in currencies other than the functional currency of the entity to which these bank balances and bank loans were related. The Group currently does not have a foreign currency hedging policy in respect of foreign currency exposure. However, the management monitors the related foreign currency exposure closely and will consider hedging significant currency exposure should the need arise. As at 31 December 2010, the Group was engaged in a hedging contract in the amount of US\$100,000,000 for the purpose of the settlement of a US\$ bank loan.

CHARGES ON ASSETS

As at 31 December 2010, certain assets of the subsidiaries of the Company with an aggregate carrying value of HK\$345.5 million (HK\$844.6 million as at 31 December 2009) were pledged with banks for banking facilities used by these subsidiaries.



或然負債

CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

於二零一零年十二月三十一日,本集團並無任 何重大或然負債。

所得款項用途

誠如招股説明書所述,本集團已計劃首次公開 發售所得的所得款項用途及於二零一零年十二 月三十一日將予使用的剩餘款項載列如下: As at 31 December 2010, the Group did not have any significant contingent liabilities.

USE OF PROCEEDS

As stated in the Prospectus, the Group had plans to use the proceeds obtained from the IPO and the residual amount to be used as at 31 December 2010 were as follows:

擴展計劃	Expansion Plan	於二零零九年 十二月三十一日 將予使用的 剩餘款項 百萬港元 Residual balance to be used as at 31/12/2009 HK\$ million	本年度已 使用款項 百萬港元 Used during the year HK\$ million	 於二零一零年 十二月三十一日 將予使用的 剩餘款項 百萬港元 Residual balance to be used as at 31/12/2010 HK\$ million
興建位於廣東封開縣的 生產線(水泥及熟料的 總產能分別為4,000,000噸	Construction of production lines in Fengkai County, Guangdong with a total capacity of 4.0 million tons of			
及6,200,000噸) 興建位於廣西富川縣的 生產線(水泥及熟料的 總產能分別為1,900,000噸	cement and 6.2 million tons of clinker Construction of production lines in Fuchuan County, Guangxi with a total capacity of 1.9 million tons of cement	2,039.5	2,039.5	-
及1,600,000噸) 興建位於廣西上思縣的 生產線(水泥及熟料的 總產能分別為1,900,000噸	and 1.6 million tons of clinker Construction of production lines in Shangsi County, Guangxi with a total capacity of 1.9 million tons of cement	227.9	227.9	-
及1,600,000噸) 興建位於廣西田陽縣的 生產線(水泥及熟料的 總產能分別為1,900,000噸	and 1.6 million tons of clinker Construction of production lines in Tianyang County, Guangxi with a total capacity of 1.9 million tons of cement	153.5	153.5	-
及1,600,000噸) 興建位於廣西武宣縣的 生產線(水泥及熟料的 總產能分別為1,900,000噸	and 1.6 million tons of clinker Construction of production lines in Wuxuan County, Guangxi with a total capacity of 1.9 million tons of cement	685.3	551.5	133.8
及1,600,000噸) 興建位於廣東汕頭市的 生產線(水泥的總產能	and 1.6 million tons of clinker Construction of production lines in Shantou City, Guangdong with a total	721.3	505.4	215.9
為1,800,000噸) 償還銀行貸款	capacity of 1.8 million tons of cement Repayment of bank loans	27.1 420.0	27.1 420.0	
		4,274.6	3,924.9	349.7

未動用結餘乃以現金存放於銀行。

Unused balance was kept as cash at bank.

未來計劃及資本支出

於本年度,本公司已批准興建以下項目:

- (1) 在福建龍岩市興建一條年產1,600,000噸 的熟料生產線及兩條總年產1,900,000 噸的水泥粉磨線,興建的成本達約 1,300,900,000港元;
- (2) 在山西柳林縣興建兩條年產2,700,000噸 的熟料生產線及四條總年產4,000,000噸 的水泥粉磨線(請參閱行政總裁報告所 述的於二零一零年六月一日的收購),興 建成本達約2,480,400,000港元;
- (3) 在廣西上思縣增建一條年產1,600,000噸 的熟料生產線及兩條總年產2,000,000 噸的水泥粉磨線,興建的成本達約 601,500,000港元;
- (4) 在山西忻州市興建一條年產1,400,000噸 (4) 的熟料生產線及兩條總年產2,000,000噸 的水泥粉磨線(請參閱行政總裁報告所 述的於二零一零年十二月二十三日的收 購),興建成本達約940,100,000港元;
- (5) 在山西長治市興建一條年產1,400,000噸 的熟料生產線及兩條總年產2,000,000噸 的水泥粉磨線(請參閱行政總裁報告所 述的於二零一零年十二月二十九日的收 購),興建成本達約940,100,000港元;及
- (6) 興建十四座總年產能為8,400,000立 (6) 方米的混凝土攪拌站,興建成本達約
 493,600,000港元。

FUTURE PLAN AND CAPITAL EXPENDITURE

During the year, the Company approved the following construction:

- one clinker production line with annual capacity of 1.6 million tons and two cement grinding lines with total annual capacity of 1.9 million tons in Longyan City, Fujian, with the cost of construction amounting to approximately HK\$1,300.9 million;
- (2) two clinker production lines with annual capacity of 2.7 million tons and four cement grinding lines with total annual capacity of 4.0 million tons in Liulin County, Shanxi, with the cost of construction amounting to approximately HK\$2,480.4 million (Please refer to the acquisition on 1 June 2010 mentioned in the Report from Chief Executive Officer);
- (3) one additional clinker production line with annual capacity of 1.6 million tons and two additional cement grinding lines with total annual capacity of 2.0 million tons in Shangsi County, Guangxi, with the cost of construction amounting to approximately HK\$601.5 million;
 - one clinker production line with annual capacity of 1.4 million tons and two cement grinding lines with total annual capacity of 2.0 million tons in Xinzhou City, Shanxi, with the cost of construction amounting to approximately HK\$940.1 million (Please refer to the acquisition on 23 December 2010 mentioned in the Report from Chief Executive Officer);
- (5) one clinker production line with annual capacity of 1.4 million tons and two cement grinding lines with total annual capacity of 2.0 million tons in Changzhi City, Shanxi, with the cost of construction amounting to approximately HK\$940.1 million (Please refer to the acquisition on 29 December 2010 mentioned in the Report from Chief Executive Officer); and
 - fourteen concrete batching plants with total annual capacity of 8.4 million m³, with the cost of construction amounting to approximately HK\$493.6 million.



於二零一零年十二月三十一日,本集團尚未 支付的資本支出為8,052,900,000港元,其中約 6,741,500,000港元預期將於二零一一年支出。該 等項目的詳情如下: As at 31 December 2010, the Group has outstanding capital expenditure in the amount of HK\$8,052.9 million of which approximately HK\$6,741.5 million is expected to be expended in 2011. Details of these projects are as below:

項目	Projects	有關 項目的資本 支出總額 百萬港元 Total capital expenditure for the project HK\$ million	於二零零九年 十二月三十一日 已付款項 百萬港元 Expended as at 31/12/2009 HK\$ million	於本年度 已付款項 百萬港元 Expended during the year HK\$ million	於二零一零年 十二月三十一日 尚餘資本支出 百萬港元 Outstanding capital expenditure at 31/12/2010 HK\$ million
興建位於廣東封開縣的 生產線(水泥及熟料的	Construction of production lines in Fengkai County, Guangdong with				
總產能分別為4,000,000噸 及6,200,000噸) 興建位於廣西富川縣的 生產線(水泥及熟料的 總產能分別為1,900,000噸	a total capacity of 4.0 million tons of cement and 6.2 million tons of clinker Construction of production lines in Fuchuan County, Guangxi with a total capacity of 1.9 million tons of	6,084.2	2,954.3	2,062.4	1,067.5
减度能分别為1,900,000噸 及1,600,000噸) 興建位於廣西上思縣的	cement and 1.6 million tons of clinker Construction of production lines in	1,114.3	641.8	308.5	164.0
生產線(水泥及熟料的 總產能分別為1,900,000噸 及1,600,000噸) 興建位於廣西田陽縣的	Shangsi County, Guangxi with a total capacity of 1.9 million tons of cement and 1.6 million tons of clinker Construction of production lines in	1,430.0	890.6	346.4	193.0
生產線(水泥及熟料的 總產能分別為1,900,000噸 及1,600,000噸) 興建位於廣西武宣縣的 生產線(水泥及熟料的	Tianyang County, Guangxi with a total capacity of 1.9 million tons of cement and 1.6 million tons of clinker Construction of production lines in	1,031.2	157.3	551.5	322.4
總產能分別為1,900,000噸 及1,600,000噸) 興建位於廣東汕頭市的	Wuxuan County, Guangxi with a total capacity of 1.9 million tons of cement and 1.6 million tons of clinker Construction of production lines in	988.3	98.2	505.4	384.7
生產線(水泥的總產能 為1,800,000噸) 興建位於廣西陸川縣的	Shantou City, Guangdong with a total capacity of 1.8 million tons of cement Construction of production lines in	243.4	191.0	31.1	21.3
生產線(水泥及熟料的 總產能分別為1,900,000噸 及1,600,000噸) 興建位於福建永定縣的	Luchuan County, Guangxi with a total capacity of 1.9 million tons of cement and 1.6 million tons of clinker Construction of production lines in	995.7	75.3	407.9	512.5
生產線(水泥及熟料的 總產能分別為1,900,000噸 及1,600,000噸) 興建位於廣東陽春縣的 生產線(水泥及熟料的	Yongding County, Fujian, with a total capacity of 1.9 million tons of cement and 1.6 million tons of clinker Construction of production lines in Yangchun County, Guangdong with	1,176.1	83.6	404.9	687.6
總產能分別為1,000,000噸 及800,000噸)	a total capacity of 1.0 million tons of cement and 0.8 million tons of clinker	330.8	2.7	241.8	86.3

管理層討論及分析 MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

項目	Projects	有關 項目的資本 支出總額 百萬港元 Total capital expenditure for the project HK\$ million	於二零零九年 十二月三十一日 已付款項 百萬港元 Expended as at 31/12/2009 HK\$ million	於本年度 已付款項 百萬港元 Expended during the year HK\$ million	於二零一零年 十二月三十一日 尚餘資本支出 百萬港元 Outstanding capital expenditure at 31/12/2010 HK\$ million
(續)	(continued)				
興建位於福建龍岩市的 生產線(水泥及熟料的 總產能分別為1,900,000噸 及1,600,000噸) 興建位於山西柳林縣的	Construction of production lines in Longyan City, Fujian, with a total capacity of 1.9 million tons of cement and 1.6 million tons of clinker Construction of production lines in Liulin	1,300.9	_	497.1	803.8
生產線(水泥及熟料的 總產能分別為4,000,000噸 及2,700,000噸) 興建位於廣西上思縣的 第二套生產線(水泥及熟料	County, Shanxi, with a total capacity of 4.0 million tons of cement and 2.7 million tons of clinker Construction of the second set of production lines in Shangsi County,	2,480.4	-	1,982.8	497.6
總產能分別為2,000,000噸 及1,600,000噸) 興建位於山西忻州市的	Guangxi with a total capacity of 2.0 million tons of cement and 1.6 million tons of clinker Construction of production lines in	601.5	_	119.3	482.2
生產線(水泥及熟料的 總產能分別為2,000,000噸 及1,400,000噸) 興建位於山西長治市的	Xinzhou City, Shanxi, with a total capacity of 2.0 million tons of cement and 1.4 million tons of clinker Construction of production lines in	940.1	_	-	940.1
生產線(水泥及熟料的 總產能分別為2,000,000噸 及1,400,000噸) 收購位於山西長治市的 生產線(水泥及熟料的	Changzhi City, Shanxi, with a total capacity of 2.0 million tons of cement and 1.4 million tons of clinker Acquisition of production lines in Changzhi City, Shanxi, with a total	940.1	-	-	940.1
總產能分別為600,000噸 及372,000噸) 興建14座混凝土攪拌站	capacity of 600,000 tons of cement and 372,000 tons of clinker Construction of 14 concrete batching	163.9	-	105.7	58.2
(混凝土的總產能為 8,400,000立方米) 技術改進項目及購買其他	plants with a total capacity of 8.4 million m ³ of concrete Technological upgrade projects and	493.6	-	-	493.6
72%1以進項日及購員共他 固定資產	other purchases of fixed assets	398.0			398.0
		20,712.5	5,094.8	7,564.8	8,052.9

除上述者外,本集團於二零一零年十二月三十一 日並無其他重大資本支出計劃或承諾。上述已 計劃及預定資本支出及承諾將以上文「所得款 項用途」一節所述的首次公開發售所得款項 349,700,000港元撥付,餘額將由銀行貸款及內 部產生的資金撥付。 Apart from the foregoing, the Group had no other significant planned capital expenditure or commitment as at 31 December 2010. The above planned and intended capital expenditures and commitments will be financed by IPO proceeds of HK\$349.7 million as stated in the section on "Use of Proceeds" above and the remaining balance will be financed by bank loans and internally generated funds.

僱員

於二零一零年十二月三十一日,本集團共聘用 了17,183名全職僱員,其中115名在香港工作, 其餘17,068名在中國內地工作。按職能劃分的僱 員明細載列如下:

管理層 財務及行政 生產及技術 品質控制 銷售及市場推廣

總計

As at 31 December 2010, our Group employed a total of 17,183 full time employees of whom 115 were based in Hong Kong and the remaining 17,068 were based in the Chinese Mainland. A breakdown of our employees by functions is stated as follows:

EMPLOYEES

241
2,476
12,508
1,545
413
17,183

在本公司241名高中級管理人員中,60%持有大 學學位,31%曾接受大專教育,且其平均年齡約 為41歲。我們主要根據僱員個人表現與經驗,並 考慮業內慣常做法給予薪酬待遇,其中包括基 本工資、生產單位津貼、績效獎金及其他員工福 利。本公司已設立股份激勵計劃,據此,本集團 合資格僱員可能獲授受託人根據股份激勵計劃 所收購的本公司股份計算及支付的現金福利。 於二零一零年十一月十七日,本公司變更股份 激勵計劃的條款,所獎勵的福利將以現金而非 本公司的股份支付。該計劃的詳情載於董事會 報告中的長期激勵計劃一節。 Among our 241 senior and middle managerial staff, 60% possess university degrees, 31% have received post-secondary education and their average age is about 41. We offer our employees remuneration packages mainly on the basis of individual performance and experience and also having regard to industrial practice, which include basic wages, production unit allowance, performance related bonuses and other staff benefits. The Company has established a share award scheme whereby eligible employees of the Group may be granted cash benefits calculated and paid according to shares of the Company acquired by the trustee under the share award scheme. On 17 November 2010, the Company changed the terms of the share award scheme to the extent that benefits awarded will be paid in cash rather than shares of the Company. Details of the Scheme are stated in the section on Long Term Award Scheme in the Report of Directors.



執行董事

周俊卿女士,57歲,自二零零三年六月 起擔任執行董事,並自二零零八年八月 起擔任本公司主席。彼於二零零六年九 月至二零零八年八月期間擔任本公司 行政總裁。彼於一九七九年獲中國清華 大學無線電技術學士學位,於一九八六 年加入華潤集團,擁有二十四年國際貿 易及企業管理經驗,現時擔任中國水泥 協會的副會長。



周龍山先生,50歲,自二零零三年三月 起擔任執行董事,並自二零零八年八月 起擔任本公司行政總裁。周先生於二零 零八年三月至二零零八年十一月期間 擔任華潤燃氣控股有限公司(一家在聯 交所上市的公司)的主席、行政總裁兼 執行董事。彼於一九八三年獲中國吉林 財貿學院經濟學學士學位,於一九八四 年加入華潤集團,擁有二十六年國際貿 易及企業管理經驗,現為廣東省水泥行 業協會第五屆副會長、廣東省建築材料 行業協會第二屆副會長及中國混凝土 與水泥製品協會第七屆理事會副會長。

劉忠國先生,54歲,於二零零三年五月 加入本公司擔任首席財務官,並自二零 零八年四月起擔任執行董事。劉先生於 一九七九年獲香港大學社會科學學士 學位,曾在多家國際會計師事務所從事 重組、審計和顧問諮詢服務工作,及擔 任上市公司的財務總監及首席財務官, 擁有二十九年經驗。彼為香港會計師公 會及特許公認會計師公會的資深會員, 及為加拿大特許會計師公會會員。

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Madam ZHOU Junqing, aged 57, has been an executive Director since June 2003 and has been the Chairman of our Company since August 2008. She was the Chief Executive Officer of our Company from September 2006 to August 2008. She obtained a bachelor's degree in wireless technology from the Tsinghua University, China in 1979. She joined China Resources Group in 1986 and has 24 years of experience in international trade and corporate management. She is the Vice Chairman of the China Cement Association.

Mr. ZHOU Longshan, aged 50, has been an executive Director since March 2003 and has been the Chief Executive Officer of our Company since August 2008. Mr. ZHOU was the Chairman, the Chief Executive Officer and an executive director of China Resources Gas Group Limited (a listed company on the Stock Exchange) from March 2008 to November 2008. Mr. ZHOU obtained a bachelor's degree in economics from the Jilin Finance and Trade Institute, China in 1983. He joined China Resources Group in 1984 and has 26 years of experience in international trade and corporate management. He is the Vice Chairman of the 5th Session of the Guangdong Province Cement Industry Association, the Vice President of the 2nd Session of the Guangdong Building Materials Industry Association and the Vice President of the 7th Session of the China Concrete and Cement Products Association.

Mr. LAU Chung Kwok Robert, aged 54, joined our Company in May 2003 as the Chief Financial Officer and has been an executive Director since April 2008. Mr. LAU obtained a bachelor's degree in social sciences from the University of Hong Kong in 1979 and has 29 years of experience in reorganisation, assurance and advisory services with international accounting firms and in serving as financial controllers and chief financial officers of listed companies. He is a fellow member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants and a member of the Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants.

非執行董事

杜文民先生,47歲,於二零零八年八月獲委任為 非執行董事。彼於一九八五年加入華潤集團,現 為華潤(集團)人力資源總監。彼分別自二零零七 年九月、二零零七年八月、二零一零年七月、二零 零八年三月及二零零八年三月起一直擔任五家在 香港聯交所上市的公司(即華潤創業有限公司、 華潤置地有限公司、華潤電力控股有限公司、華 潤燃氣控股有限公司及華潤微電子有限公司)的 非執行董事。杜先生於一九九三年獲美國舊金山 大學工商管理學碩士學位。

魏斌先生,41歲,於二零零八年八月獲委任為非 執行董事。彼於二零零一年加入華潤集團,現為 華潤(集團)財務部總經理。彼分別自二零一零年 十一月、二零一零年十月、二零一零年七月、二零 零八年十一月及二零一零年八月起一直擔任五家 在香港聯交所上市的公司(即華潤創業有限公司、 華潤置地有限公司、華潤電力控股有限公司、華 潤燃氣控股有限公司及華潤微電子有限公司)的非 執行董事。彼持有審計學的學士學位及金融學碩 士學位,為中國高級會計師及高級審計師,亦為 中國註冊會計師協會的非執業會員。

NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. DU Wenmin, aged 47, was appointed a non-executive Director in August 2008. He joined China Resources Group in 1985 and is currently the Chief Human Resources Officer of CR Holdings. He has been a nonexecutive director of five listed companies on the Stock Exchange, namely, China Resources Enterprise, Limited, China Resources Land Limited, China Resources Power Holdings Company Limited, China Resources Gas Group Limited and China Resources Microelectronics Limited since September 2007, August 2007, July 2010, March 2008 and March 2008, respectively. Mr. DU obtained a master's degree in business administration from the University of San Francisco, USA in 1993.

Mr. WEI Bin, aged 41, was appointed a non-executive Director in August 2008. He joined the China Resources Group in 2001 and is the General Manager of the Finance Department of CR Holdings. He has been a non-executive director of five listed companies on the Stock Exchange, namely, China Resources Enterprise, Limited, China Resources Land Limited, China Resources Power Holdings Company Limited, China Resources Gas Group Limited, and China Resources Microelectronics Limited since November 2010, October 2010, July 2010, November 2008 and August 2010 respectively. He holds a bachelor's degree in auditing and a master's degree in finance. He is a Senior Accountant and a Senior Auditor in the PRC. He is also a non-practicing member of The Chinese Institute of Certified Public Accountants.

獨立非執行董事

葉澍堃先生,59歲,自二零零八年八月起擔任獨 立非執行董事。葉先生於一九七三年畢業於香港 大學,持有社會科學學位。葉先生於一九十三年 十一月加入香港政府, 並於一九九十年四月晉升 為局長。彼於一九九七年七月至二零零七年六月 期間擔任香港政府的主要官員。葉先生曾經出任 的高層職位包括:保險監理專員、勞工處處長、經 濟局局長及財政事務局局長。葉先生於二零零二 年七月擔任經濟發展及勞工局局長。彼有關經濟 發展的職務涵蓋航空及海上運輸、物流發展、旅 遊、能源、郵政、氣象服務、競爭及消費者保護。 彼亦負責勞工政策,包括就業服務、勞工關係及僱 員權利的相關事宜。葉先生擔任經濟發展及勞工 局局長期間,曾為香港機場管理局董事會、強制 性公積金計劃管理局董事會、香港國際主題公園 公司董事會的成員及物流發展局、港口發展局、 航運發展局及航空發展諮詢委員會的主席。葉先 生於二零零七年七月從香港政府退休。葉先生於 二零零一年榮獲香港政府頒發的金紫荊星章,並 為非官守太平紳士。葉先生為六家上市公司之董 事:自二零零八年二月起擔任於英國上市的公司 Yangtze China Investment Limited的董事, 自二零一 零年六月起擔任於聯交所創業板上市非凡中國控 股有限公司的董事、自二零零八年九月起擔任新 昌管理集團有限公司的董事、自二零零九年十二 月起擔任麗新發展有限公司的董事、自二零一零 年十月起擔任大益控股有限公司的董事及自二零 一一年一月起擔任中國人民財產保險股份有限公 司的董事(四家公司均在香港聯交所主板上市)。

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. IP Shu Kwan Stephen, aged 59, has been an independent nonexecutive Director since August 2008. Mr. IP graduated from the University of Hong Kong with a degree in social sciences in 1973. Mr. IP joined the Hong Kong Government in November 1973 and was promoted to the rank of Director of Bureau in April 1997. He worked in the Hong Kong Government as a Principal Official from July 1997 to June 2007. Senior positions held by Mr. IP in the past include Commissioner of Insurance, Commissioner for Labour, Secretary for Economic Services and Secretary for Financial Services. Mr. IP took up the position of Secretary for Economic Development and Labour in July 2002. His portfolio in respect of economic development covered air and sea transport, logistics development, tourism, energy, postal services, meteorological services, competition and consumer protection. He was also responsible for labor policies including matters relating to employment services, labour relations and employees rights. In his capacity as Secretary for Economic Development and Labour, Mr. IP was a member of the Hong Kong Airport Authority Board, the Mandatory Provident Fund Authority Board, the Hong Kong International Theme Parks Company Board as well as the Chairman of the Logistics Development Council, Port Development Board, Maritime Industry Council and Aviation Development Advisory Committee. Mr. IP retired from the Hong Kong Government in July 2007. Mr. IP received the Gold Bauhinia Star award from the Hong Kong Government in 2001, and is an unofficial Justice of the Peace. Mr. IP has been appointed a director of six publicly listed companies, namely Yangtze China Investment Limited, a company listed in the UK, since February 2008, Viva China Holdings Limited since June 2010, a company listed on the GEM board of the Stock Exchange; Synergis Holdings Limited since September 2008, Lai Sun Development Company Limited since December 2009, Time Infrastructure Holdings Limited since October 2010 and PICC Property and Casualty Company Limited since January 2011, all are companies listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange.

石禮謙先生,65歲,自二零一一年一月起擔任獨 立非執行董事。石先生於一九九五年獲委任為太 平紳士並於二零零七年獲頒授銀紫荊星章。自二 零零零年起石先生擔任香港政府立法會地產及建 造界功能界別議員。

石先生擔任多家於香港聯交所上市之公司的獨立 非執行董事,包括勤達集團國際有限公司、百利 保控股有限公司、利福國際集團有限公司、莊士 機構國際有限公司、新創建集團有限公司、泰山 石化集團有限公司、德祥企業集團有限公司、寿 桂園控股有限公司、香港鐵路有限公司、新昌營 造集團有限公司、莊士中國投資有限公司、奇興 集團控股有限公司、沖門博彩控股有限公司、高興 悦酒店集團有限公司及德祥地產集團有限公司、 鷹君資產管理(冠君)有限公司、冠君產業信託及 富豪產業信託的管理人、富豪資產管理有限公司 的管理人。

石先生亦為中國人民政治協商會議廣東省深圳市 第五屆委員會委員、香港按揭證券有限公司的董 事、香港政府中央政策組策略發展委員會委員、 香港獨立監察警方處理投訴委員會副主席、香港 科技大學及香港大學顧問委員會成員。石先生畢 業於澳洲悉尼大學,持有文學學士學位及教育文 憑。

徐永模先生,54歲,自二零一零年七月起擔任獨 立非執行董事。徐先生獲委任為三家上市公司的 獨立董事:自二零零四年十二月起擔任中材科技 股份有限公司(一家在深圳證券交易所上市的公 司)的獨立董事,自二零零八年八月起擔任北京 金隅股份有限公司(一家在香港聯交所上市的公 司)的獨立董事及自二零零九年四月起擔任並京 水泥股份有限公司(一家在上海證券交易所上市 的公司)的獨立董事。徐先生現時擔任中國建築材 料聯合會專職副會長、中國混凝土與水泥製品協 會會長、中國建築砌塊協會理事長及中國水泥協 會副會長。徐先生於一九九七年畢業於倫敦南岸 大學,持有哲學博士學位,主修土木工程材料。 **Mr. SHEK Lai Him Abraham**, aged 65, has been an independent non-executive Director since January 2011. Mr. SHEK was appointed as a Justice of the Peace in 1995 and awarded Silver Bauhinia Star in 2007. Mr. SHEK is a member of the Legislative Council for Hong Kong representing the real estate and construction functional constituency since 2000.

Mr. SHEK acts as an independent non-executive director of several companies which are listed on the Stock Exchange, including Midas International Holdings Limited, Paliburg Holdings Limited, Lifestyle International Holdings Limited, Chuang's Consortium International Limited, NWS Holdings Limited, Titan Petrochemicals Group Limited, ITC Corporation Limited, Country Garden Holdings Company Limited, MTR Corporation Limited, Hsin Chong Construction Group Ltd., Chuang's China Investments Limited, Hop Hing Group Holdings Limited, SJM Holdings Limited, Kosmopolito Hotels International Limited and ITC Properties Group Limited, Eagle Asset Management (CP) Limited, the manager of Champion Real Estate Investment Trust and Regal Portfolio Management Limited, the manager of Regal Real Estate Investment Trust.

Mr. SHEK is also a committee member of the 5th Shenzhen Committee of Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference of the PRC, a director of the Hong Kong Mortgage Corporation Limited, a member of the Committee on Strategic Development of the Central Policy Unit of the Government of Hong Kong, the Vice-Chairman of the Independent Police Complaints Council in Hong Kong, a Court member of the Hong Kong University of Science and Technology and the University of Hong Kong. Mr. SHEK graduated from the University of Sydney, Australia with a Bachelor of Arts Degree and a Diploma in Education.

Mr. XU Yongmo, aged 54, has been an independent non-executive Director since July 2010. Mr. XU has been appointed an independent director of three publicly listed companies, namely, Sinoma Science & Technology Co., Ltd., a company listed on the Shenzhen Stock Exchange, since December 2004; BBMG Corporation, a company listed on the Stock Exchange, since August 2008, and Huaxin Cement Co., Ltd., a company listed on the Shanghai Stock Exchange, since April 2009. Mr. XU is currently the Vice President of China Building Materials Federation, the President of China Concrete and Cement Products Association, the President of China Construction Units Association, and the Vice President of China Cement Association. Mr. XU graduated from London South Bank University in 1997 with a doctoral degree in philosophy majoring in civil engineering materials.

曾學敏女士,66歲,自二零零八年八月起擔任獨立 非執行董事。曾女士獲國家經貿委評為教授級高級 工程師,以及獲國家發展和改革委員會評為註冊 諮詢工程師(投資)。彼自一九六三年至一九六八 年就讀於北京建築工程學院,並於一九六九年至 一九八三年開始就業及擔任本溪工源水泥廠的技 術人員及實驗室主任。於一九八四年至二零零一 年三月期間,彼任職於國家建材局生產及策劃司 並曾任各部及各司的副主任及主任。自二零零一 年四月至今,彼一直擔任中國水泥協會的副主席。 曾女士專注於管理建設投資的發展及規劃,及科 學提升、政策、法律及規例相關的事宜,並專注於 建立適用於建材行業的相關標準及配額。彼曾率 領團隊制訂第七個五年計劃、第八個五年計劃、 第九個五年計劃及第十個五年計劃內相關的建材 行業發展計劃,並建立各種不同的建材行業建設 標準及配額,包括水泥工廠的設計標準。在工程 及建設管理方面,彼曾多次榮獲省級一等及二等 遐。

林智遠先生,42歲,自二零零八年八月起擔任獨 立非執行董事。彼為自二零零五年二月起開始營 運的遠景會計師事務所(執業會計師)的獨資經營 者。彼於香港專業會計方面擁有豐富經驗,尤其 擅長就與香港及其他亞洲城市的國際及香港財務 報告準則有關的問題提供顧問意見及發表演講。 彼於一九九二年獲香港浸會大學工商管理學士學 位、於一九九八年獲香港科技大學工商管理碩士 學位,以及於二零零一年獲香港中文大學財務學 碩士學位。

林先生為香港特許公認會計師公會資深會員、特 許公認會計師公會資深會員以及澳洲、美國及英 國多個專業協會(包括澳洲會計師會、美國註冊會 計師協會及英格蘭及威爾斯特許會計師公會)的 會員。彼亦為特許財務分析師特許資格持有人,並 為香港董事學會資深會員。彼於二零零六年十二 月成為香港華人會計師公會理事會成員,並自二 零一零年十二月起擔任其副會長,自二零零八年 十月起,彼亦獲聘為北京師範大學一香港浸會大 學聯合國際學院的客座副教授。 Madam ZENG Xuemin, aged 66, has been an independent nonexecutive Director since August 2008. Madam ZENG is a senior engineer at professor level accredited by the State Economic and Trade Commission and a registered consulting engineer (investment) accredited by the National Development and Reform Commission. She studied at the Beijing Architecture and Industrial Institute from 1963 to 1968 and started her career and served at Benxi Gongyuan Cement Factory as a technician and director of the laboratory between 1969 and 1983. From 1984 to March 2001, she worked at the Production Division and the Planning Division of the State Building Materials Bureau and served as the deputy director and the director of the various departments and divisions. She has been serving as the Vice President of the China Cement Association from April 2001 to date. Madam ZENG is specialised in managing matters in respect of the development and planning for, and the scientific advancement, policies and laws and regulations, construction investment in connection with as well as setting up the relevant standards and quotas applicable to, the building materials industry. She took the lead in formulating the relevant building materials industry development plans for the Seventh Five-Year Plan, Eighth Five-Year Plan, Ninth Five-Year Plan and Tenth Five-Year Plan and in setting up a wide spectrum of construction standards and guotas for the building materials industry, including the Standards of Design for a Cement Factory. For engineering and construction management, she was awarded with a number of the Grade 1 and Grade 2 prizes at the provincial level.

Mr. LAM Chi Yuen, aged 42, has been an independent non-executive Director since August 2008. He is the sole proprietor of Nelson and Company, Certified Public Accountants which has been in operation since February 2005. He has extensive experience in professional accountancy in Hong Kong, in particular in advising and speaking on issues relating to International and Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards in Hong Kong and other Asian cities. He obtained a bachelor's degree in business administration from the Hong Kong Baptist University in 1992, a master degree of business administration from the Hong Kong University of Science and Technology in 1998 and a master of science in finance from the Chinese University of Hong Kong in 2001.

Mr. LAM is a practicing fellow member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants, a fellow member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants and a member of several professional bodies in Australia, the USA and the United Kingdom, including CPA Australia, the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the Institute of Chartered Accountants of England and Wales. He is also a CFA charter holder and a fellow member of the Hong Kong Institute of Directors. In December 2006 Mr. LAM became a Council Member of the Society of Chinese Accountants and Auditors and since December 2010, he has served as its Vice President. He has also been appointed as Visiting Associate Professor in the Beijing Normal University–Hong Kong Baptist University United International College since October 2008.



高級管理人員

孫明權女士,55歲,自二零零八年九月 起獲委任為廣東地區的總經理。彼於 一九八四年加入華潤集團,並於二零零 三年六月至二零零八年八月期間擔任 本公司執行董事。孫女士於一九八三年 獲中國對外經濟貿易大學經濟學學士 學位。彼在國際貿易及企業管理方面擁 有逾二十年經驗。

SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Madam SUN Mingquan, aged 55, has been appointed the Guangdong regional general manager since September 2008. She joined China Resources Group in 1984 and was an executive director of our Company from June 2003 to August 2008. Madam SUN obtained a bachelor's degree in economics from the University of International Business and Economics, China in 1983. She has over 20 years of experience in international trade and corporate management.

潘永紅先生,40歲,自二零零八年九月 起獲委任為廣西地區的總經理。潘先生 於二零零三年八月加入本集團,並於二 零零七年二月至二零零八年二月期間 擔任華潤水泥投資的執行董事。潘先生 於一九九八年獲中國濟南大學財務學 碩士學位。彼在財務管理方面擁有十六 年經驗。



曾繁榮先生,47歲,於二零零五年一月 加入本集團擔任平南水泥的總經理, 並自二零一零年二月起獲委任為海南 地區的總經理及自二零一一年一月起 獲委任為併購總監。彼於二零零八年二 月至二零一零年二月期間獲委任為本 公司的運營總監。彼於一九八四年獲中 國四川建築材料工業學院電子自動工 程學位。彼在水泥行業擁有逾二十年經 驗。

鄭青宏先生,45歲,於二零零零年四月 加入本集團。彼擔任多個管理職務,並 自二零零九年十二月起獲委任為福建 地區的副總經理。彼於一九九三年取得 中國武漢理工大學建築材料專業碩士 學位。彼在水泥行業擁有逾十年經驗。 **Mr. PAN Yonghong**, aged 40, has been appointed the Guangxi regional general manager since September 2008. Mr. PAN joined our Group in August 2003 and was formerly an executive director of CRC Investments from February 2007 to February 2008. Mr. PAN obtained a master's degree in finance from the Jinan University, China in 1998. He has 16 years' experience in financial management.

Mr. ZENG Fanrong, aged 47, joined our Group as the general manager of Pingnan Cement in January 2005. He has been appointed the Hainan regional general manager since February 2010 and the Merger and Acquisition Controller since January 2011. He was appointed the chief operations controller of our Company from February 2008 to February 2010. He obtained a degree in electrical automation engineering from the Sichuan Institute of Building Materials, China in 1984. He has over 20 years of experience in the cement industry.

Mr. ZHENG Qinghong, aged 45, joined our Group in April 2000. He had occupied various managerial positions and has been appointed the Fujian deputy regional general manager since December 2009. He obtained a master's degree in building materials in 1993 from the Wuhan University of Technology, China. He has over 10 years of experience in the cement industry.



余忠良先生,45歲,於二零零三年七月 加入本公司擔任投資部經理,並自二 零零八年二月起獲委任為戰略發展總 監,負責本集團的戰略發展。彼於二零 零三年獲加拿大約克大學工商管理碩 士學位,在財務會計及業務分析方面擁 有逾二十年經驗。



紀友紅先生,45歲,於二零零三年十月 加入本集團,負責管理本集團混凝土業 務,彼於二零零八年十一月獲委任為銷 售及市場總監。紀先生於一九八八年 畢業於中國南京工學院(現名東南大 學),獲無機及非金屬材料碩士學位。 彼在建築材料工程方面擁有逾二十年 經驗。



張應中先生,44歲,於二零零七年九月 加入本集團擔任平南水泥的總經理,並 自二零一零年二月起獲委任為本公司 的運營總監,負責本公司的整體業務運 營及項目開發管理。彼於一九九三年修 畢中國武漢理工大學硅酸鹽工藝證書 課程,在水泥行業擁有逾二十年經驗。 **Mr. YU Zhongliang**, aged 45, joined our Company as a manager of the investment department in July 2003 and has been appointed the strategic development controller since February 2008 to be responsible for the strategic development of our Group. He obtained a master's degree in business administration from the York University, Canada in 2003. He has over 20 years of experience in finance accounting and business analysis.

Mr. JI Youhong, aged 45, joined our Group in October 2003 and has been responsible for the management of our Group's concrete operations. He has been appointed the sales and marketing controller since November 2008. He graduated from the Nanjing Industrial College (now Southeast University), China in 1988 with a master's degree in inorganic and non-metallic materials. He has over 20 years of experience in construction material engineering.

Mr. ZHANG Yingzhong, aged 44, joined our Group as the general manager of Pingnan Cement in September 2007 and has been appointed the chief operations controller of our Company from February 2010 to be responsible for the overall business operations and project development administration of our Company. He completed a certificate course in ceramic technology from the Wuhan University of Technology, China in 1993. He has over 20 years of experience in the cement industry.





王軍祥先生,42歲,於二零零三年七月 加入本公司,並於二零零八年二月獲委 任為本公司財務總監,負責本集團的財 務事宜。於二零零九年二月,王先生亦 獲委任為本公司採購總監,負責本集團 原材料及煤炭採購。王先生於一九八九 年加入華潤集團。彼於二零零四年獲南 澳大利亞大學工商管理碩士學位。彼在 財務管理方面擁有十五年經驗。 **Mr. WANG Junxiang**, aged 42, joined our Company in July 2003 and has been appointed the financial controller of our Company since February 2008 to be responsible for our Group's financial affairs. He has also been appointed the procurement controller of our Company since February 2009 to be responsible for our Group's purchases of raw materials and coal. Mr. WANG joined China Resources Group in 1989. He obtained a master's degree in business administration from the University of South Australia in 2004 and has 15 years of experience in financial management.



丁遠奎先生,36歲,於二零零八年四月 加入本公司,並於二零零八年十一月獲 委任為本公司人力資源總監,負責本集 團的人力資源事務。彼於一九九六年獲 中國中南財經政法大學工商管理學士 學位,並於二零零三年獲中國清華大學 工商管理碩士學位,且於二零零四年獲 得美國國際培訓協會頒發專業培訓證 書。彼在企業人力資源管理及市場管理 方面擁有十三年經驗。 **Mr. DING Yuankui**, aged 36, joined our Company in April 2008 and has been appointed the human resources controller since November 2008 to be responsible for our Group's human resources affairs. He obtained a degree in business administration from the Zhongnan University of Economics, China in 1996 and a master's degree in business administration from the Tsinghua University, China in 2003 and a professional training certificate from the American International Training Association in 2004. He has 13 years of experience in corporate human resources management and marketing management.



唐俊先生,55歲,於二零零七年十一月 加入本公司擔任人力資源及行政部總 經理,並自二零零八年二月起獲委任為 行政總裁辦公室主任,以協助本公司行 政總裁履行其職責。彼於一九八二年獲 中國四川大學中文系文學學士學位。唐 先生之前受聘於中國商務部,擔任主任 (司長)一職。 **Mr. TANG Jun**, aged 55, joined our Company as the general manager of the human resources and administration department in November 2007 and has been appointed the controller of the CEO's office since February 2008 to assist the Chief Executive Officer of our Company in discharging his responsibilities. He obtained a bachelor's degree in Chinese language and literature from the Sichuan University, China in 1982. Mr. TANG was formerly employed at the Ministry of Commerce, China, where he served as a director.



王麗玲女士,48歲,於二零零八年十一 月加入本公司內部審計部,並自二零一 零年一月起獲委任本公司內部核數師。 彼於一九八六年加入華潤集團,並自 二零零一年五月起至二零零八年十一 月止在華潤(集團)內部審計監察部工 作。王女士於一九八三年持有中國山西 財經大學財務會計學士學位。彼為中國 高級會計師及中國註冊會計師協會非 執業會員。彼在財務會計及內部審計方 面擁有逾二十五年經驗。 **Madam WANG Liling**, aged 48, joined the Internal Audit Department of our Company in November 2008 and has been appointed the Internal Auditor of the Company since January 2010. She joined China Resources Group in 1986 and worked in the Internal Audit and Supervision Department of CR Holdings from May 2001 to November 2008. Madam WANG obtained a bachelor's degree in financial accounting from the Shanxi University of Finance and Economics in China in 1983. She is a Senior Accountant and a nonpracticing member of The Chinese Institute of Certified Public Accountants in the PRC. She has over 25 years of experience in financial accounting and internal auditing.



吴昶先生,41歲,自二零零八年八月起 加入本公司擔任本公司行政總裁助理。 彼於一九九零年畢業於中國北京工業 大學,獲營銷學學士學位。吳先生在國 際貿易及企業管理方面擁有十九年經 驗。 **Mr. NG Chong**, aged 41, joined our Company as an assistant to the Chief Executive Officer since August 2008. He graduated from the Beijing University of Technology, China in 1990 with a bachelor's degree in marketing. Mr. NG has 19 years of experience in international trade and corporate management.

邱蘇浩先生,50歲,於本公司於二零零 九年九月收購國投海南水泥有限責任 公司(隨後更名為華潤水泥(昌江)有 限公司)的控股權益時加入本公司。彼 自二零零四年八月至二零零九年十二 月擔任國投海南水泥有限責任公司(隨 後更名為華潤水泥(昌江)有限公司)的 董事長,並自二零零九年十二月起獲委 任為行政總裁助理。彼於一九八三年畢 業於中國武漢理工大學,獲電氣自動化 學士學位。邱先生在建築材料及項目管 理方面擁有逾二十五年經驗。 **Mr. QIU Suhao**, aged 50, joined our Company when we acquired the controlling interests in SDIC Hainan Cement Co. Ltd. (subsequently renamed as China Resources Cement (Changjiang) Limited) in September 2009. He was the Chairman of SDIC Hainan Cement Co. Ltd. (subsequently renamed as China Resources Cement (Changjiang) Limited) from August 2004 to December 2009 and has been appointed an assistant to the Chief Executive Officer since December 2009. He graduated from the Wuhan University of Technology, China in 1983 with a bachelor's degree in electrical automation. Mr. QIU has over 25 years of experience in building materials and project management.



董事會報告 REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

董事欣然呈列其年報連同本公司截至二零一零年 十二月三十一日止年度的經審核財務報表。

主要業務

本公司為一家投資控股公司。其附屬公司乃主要 從事水泥、混凝土及相關產品和服務的生產及銷 售。附屬公司主要業務的詳情載於綜合財務報表 附註45。

業績

本年度的集團業績載於第90頁的綜合全面收益表。

股息

董事會建議就截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止 年度派付末期股息每股0.045港元(二零零九年: 無)。待本公司股東於應屆股東週年大會上批准 後,末期股息將於二零一一年五月二十日或前後 分派予於二零一一年五月六日名列本公司股東名 冊的股東。有關末期股息將毋須繳納任何香港預 扣税。

董事會並無宣佈派發任何中期股息,而截至二零 一零年十二月三十一日止年度之分派總額為每股 0.045港元(二零零九年:無)。

暫停辦理過戶登記手續

本公司將由二零一一年五月三日(星期二)至二零 一一年五月六日(星期五)(包括首尾兩日)暫停 辦理股份過戶登記手續,於該期間內本公司將概 不會辦理股份過戶手續。為符合資格收取末期股 息及出席股東週年大會,所有過戶文件連同有關 股票必須不遲於二零一一年四月二十九日(星期 五)下午四時三十分送達本公司的股份過戶登記 處卓佳證券登記有限公司,地址為香港灣仔皇后 大道東28號金鐘匯中心26樓。

固定資產及投資物業

本集團於本年度內的固定資產及投資物業的變動 詳情載於綜合財務報表附註15及17。 The Directors are pleased to present their annual report together with the audited financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2010.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The Company acts as an investment holding company. Its subsidiaries are principally engaged in the production and sale of cement, concrete and related products and services. Details of the principal activities of the subsidiaries are set out in Note 45 to the consolidated financial statements.

RESULTS

The results of the Group for the year are set out in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income on page 90.

DIVIDEND

The Board recommends the payment of a final dividend of HK\$0.045 per share for the year ended 31 December 2010 (2009: Nil). Subject to approval by shareholders of the Company at the forthcoming annual general meeting, the final dividend will be distributed on or about 20 May 2011 to shareholders whose names appear on the Register of Members of the Company on 6 May 2011. Such final dividend will not be subject to any withholding tax in Hong Kong.

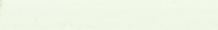
The Board did not declare any interim dividend and total distribution for the year ended 31 December 2010 is HK\$0.045 per share (2009: Nil).

CLOSURE OF REGISTER OF MEMBERS

The Register of Members of the Company will be closed from Tuesday, 3 May 2011 to Friday, 6 May 2011, both days inclusive, during which period no transfer of shares of the Company will be effected. In order to qualify for the final dividend and attendance at the annual general meeting, all transfers accompanied by the relevant share certificates must be lodged with the Company's Share Registrar, Tricor Investor Services Limited at 26th Floor, Tesbury Centre, 28 Queen's Road East, Wanchai, Hong Kong not later than 4:30 p.m. on Friday, 29 April 2011.

FIXED ASSETS AND INVESTMENT PROPERTY

Details of the movements in fixed assets and investment property of the Group during the year are set out in Notes 15 and 17 to the consolidated financial statements.



附屬公司

本公司附屬公司的詳情載於綜合財務報表附註 45。

股本

本年度本公司的法定及已發行股本變動詳情載於 綜合財務報表附註34。

慈善捐助

於本年度內,本集團以現金及水泥成品方式作出的慈善捐助總額約為**4,733,000**港元。

優先購買權

本公司的組織章程細則或開曼群島法律並無優先 購買權使本公司有責任須按比例向現有股東發售 新股份的規定。

税務寬減

根據開曼群島法例,現時並無因持有本公司股份 而對個人或公司的利潤、收入、收益或增值徵收 任何税項,亦無繼承税及遺產税性質的税項。

儲備

本集團於本年度內的儲備變動詳情載於第93頁的 綜合權益變動表。

於二零一零年十二月三十一日,本公司可供分派 予股東的儲備金額約為8,886,400,000港元。

SUBSIDIARIES

Particulars of the Company's subsidiaries are set out in Note 45 to the consolidated financial statements.

SHARE CAPITAL

Details of the movements in the authorised and issued share capital of the Company for the year are set out in Note 34 to the consolidated financial statements.

CHARITABLE DONATION

During the year, the Group made donations in cash and in form of cement finished goods in the total amount of approximately HK\$4,733,000.

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There is no provision for pre-emptive rights under the Company's Articles of Association or the laws of the Cayman Islands which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro-rata basis to existing shareholders.

TAXATION RELIEF

According to the laws of the Cayman Islands, there is currently no taxes levied on individuals or corporations by reason of holding of the Company's shares based upon profits, income, gains or appreciations and there is no taxation in the nature of inheritance tax or estate duty.

RESERVES

Details of the movements in the reserves of the Group during the year are set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity on page 93.

As at 31 December 2010, the Company's reserves available for distribution to shareholders amounted to approximately HK\$8,886.4 million.



董事

DIRECTORS

	report are:				
執行董事	Executive Directors				
周俊卿 周龍山 劉忠國	ZHOU Junqing ZHOU Longshan LAU Chung Kwok Robert				
非執行董事	Non-executive Directors				
李福祚 (於二零一零年七月三十一日辭任) 杜文民 魏斌	LI Fuzuo (Resigned on 31 July 2010) DU Wenmin WEI Bin	1			
獨立非執行董事	Independent Non-executive Directors				
葉澍堃 石禮謙 (於二零一一年一月一日獲委任) 徐永模 (於二零一零年七月一日獲委任) 曾學敏 林智遠	IP Shu Kwan Stephen SHEK Lai Him Abraham (Appointed on 1 January 24 XU Yongmo (Appointed on 1 July 2010) ZENG Xuemin LAM Chi Yuen				

根據本公司組織章程細則第16.2條,徐永模先生 及石禮謙先生須於應屆股東週年大會上告退,惟 符合資格膺選連任。

下列為本年度及截至本報告日期止的在任董事:

根據本公司組織章程細則第16.18條,周俊卿女 士、杜文民先生、魏斌先生及葉澍堃先生須於應 屆股東週年大會上告退,惟符合資格膺選連任。 In accordance with Article 16.2 of the Company's Articles of Association, Mr. XU Yongmo and Mr. SHEK Lai Him Abraham shall retire from office at the forthcoming annual general meeting and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election.

The Directors who held office during the year and up to the date of this

In accordance with Article 16.18 of the Company's Articles of Association, Madam. ZHOU Junqing, Mr. DU Wenmin, Mr. WEI Bin and Mr. IP Shu Kwan Stephen shall retire from office at the forthcoming annual general meeting and, being eligible, offer themselves for reelection.

獨立性確認書

本公司已從每位獨立非執行董事接獲彼等根據上 市規則第3.13條發出的年度獨立性確認書,且仍 然認為全體獨立非執行董事乃獨立於本公司。

董事的服務合約

於應屆股東週年大會上建議膺選連任的董事概無 與本公司或其任何附屬公司訂立僱主不可於一年 內免付賠償(法定賠償除外)而予以終止的服務合 約。

董事薪酬

所有董事有權獲得由董事會經參考現行市況後批 准的袍金。執行董事有權獲得由董事會經考慮本 集團的業績及現行市況後釐定並經薪酬委員會批 准的薪金、津貼及酌情花紅。董事薪酬詳情載列 於綜合財務報表附註9。

董事於合約中的權益

於本年度末或於本年度內任何時間,本公司、其 控股公司、其任何同系附屬公司或附屬公司概無 訂立或存在重大合約,而董事於其中擁有直接或 間接重大權益。

CONFIRMATION OF INDEPENDENCE

The Company has received from each of the independent non-executive Directors an annual confirmation of independence pursuant to rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules and still considers all the independent non-executive Directors to be independent to the Company.

DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

None of the Directors proposed for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting has a service contract with the Company or any of its subsidiaries which is not determinable by the employing company within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

DIRECTORS' REMUNERATIONS

All Directors are entitled to fees approved by the Board by reference to the prevailing market conditions. The executive Directors are entitled to salaries, allowances and discretionary bonuses determined by the Board having regard to the Group's performance and the prevailing market condition and approved by the Remuneration Committee. Details of Directors' remuneration are stated in Note 9 to the consolidated financial statements.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN CONTRACTS

There were no contracts of significance to which the Company, its holding companies, any of its fellow subsidiaries or subsidiaries was a party and in which a Director had a material interest, either directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year.



董事及主要行政人員於證券的 權益

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S INTERESTS IN SECURITIES

於二零一零年十二月三十一日,根據證券及期貨 條例第352條須由本公司存置的登記冊中所記錄 有關董事、本公司主要行政人員或彼等的聯繫人 士於本公司及其相聯法團的股份及相關股份中擁 有的若干權益如下: As at 31 December 2010, the Directors, chief executive of the Company or their associates held certain interests in the shares and underlying shares of the Company and its associated corporations as recorded in the register maintained by the Company pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO as follows:

(a) 本公司 (a) The Company

董事姓名	身份		所持股份數目	(%) Aggregate long position in Shares and underlying Shares to issued share
Name of Directors	Capacity		Number o Shares held	
				(%)
周俊卿 ZHOU Junqing	實益擁有人 Beneficial owner		2,098,000	0.03
周龍山	配偶權益		1,000,000	0.02
ZHOU Longshan	Interest of spouse			
註:		note:		
1. 根據本公司於二零一 有6,519,255,462股已發		1.	Based on 6,519,255,462 shares of th 31 December 2010.	ne Company in issue as at

華潤創業有 團)	限公司 (本公司的相聯法	(b)	China Resources Enterprise, Limited, ar corporation of the Company	associated
				於股份及相關 股份的好倉總數 佔華潤創業有限 公司已發行股本的
董事姓名	身份		所持股份數目	比例(註1) (%) Aggregate long position in shares and underlying shares to issued share capital of China Resources
			Number of	Enterprise,
Name of Di	rector Capacity		shares held	Limited (note 1) (%)
杜文民 DU Wenmin	實益擁有 <i>)</i> Beneficial o		100,000	0.01
註:			note:	
	i潤創業有限公司於二零一零年十二 一日有2,398,276,120股已發行股份計		1. Based on 2,398,276,120 shares of China Re issue as at 31 December 2010.	sources Enterprise, Limited in



(c)	華潤電力控股有限 法團)	≹公司 (本公司的相聯	(c) China Re associate	y Limited, an		
						於股份及相關 股份的好倉總數 佔華潤電力控股 有限公司已發行 股本的比例
	董事姓名	身份	所持股份數目	相關股份	總計	(註1) (%) Aggregate long position in shares and underlying shares to issued share capital of China Resources Power Holdings
	Name of Directors	Capacity	Number of shares held	Underlying shares	Total	Company Limited (note 1) (%)
	周俊卿 ZHOU Junqing	實益擁有人 Beneficial owner	70,864	_	70,864	0.01
		配偶權益 Interest of spouse	20,000	_	20,000	0.01
	周龍山 ZHOU Longshan	實益擁有人 Beneficial owner	-	48,864	48,864	0.01
		配偶權益 Interest of spouse	_	12,216	12,216	0.01
	劉忠國 LAU Chung Kwok Robert	實益擁有人 Beneficial owner	31,032	-	31,032	0.01
	杜文民 DU Wenmin	實益擁有人 Beneficial owner	297,000	183,240	480,240	0.01

根據華潤電力控股有限公司的購股權計 劃,可認購華潤電力控股有限公司普通股 的尚未行使購股權所涉及的相關股份如 下: Underlying shares represented by share options outstanding under the share option scheme of China Resources Power Holdings Company Limited to subscribe for ordinary shares in China Resources Power Holdings Company Limited are as follows:

董事姓名	授出日期	屆滿日期	行使價 (港元)	於二零一零年 一月一日 尚未行使	購股權數目 於年內 已行使 ber of share op	於二零一零年 十二月三十一日 尚未行使	於相關股份的 好倉總數佔 華潤電力控股 有限公司已發行 股本的比例(<i>註1</i>) (%) Aggregate long position in underlying shares to issued share capital of	
Name of Direc	tors Date of grant	Date of expiry	Exercise price (HK\$)	Outstanding at 1/1/2010	Exercised during the year	Outstanding at 31/12/2010	China Resources Power Holdings Company Limited (note 1) (%)	_
周龍山 ZHOU Longshai	二零零三年十月六日 n 6/10/2003	二零一三年十月五日 5/10/2013	2.75	61,080	-	61,080	0.01	(註2) (note 2)
杜文民 DU Wenmin	二零零三年十一月十二日 12/11/2003	二零一三年十月五日 5/10/2013	2.75	183,240	-	183,240	0.01	
註:			notes:					
+	據華潤電力控股有限公司 二月三十一日有4,719,501 份計算。		1.			shares of Chin s at 31 Decemb	a Resources Pov er 2010.	ver Holdings
的權	華潤電力控股有限公司的 該等購股權中,有12,216 由周龍山先生的配偶持考 被視為於該等購股權中擁	股股份的購股 f·因此·周先	2.	Company Lim Longshan's sp	Out of these options for 61,080 shares in China Resources Power Holdings Company Limited, options for 12,216 shares are held by Mr. ZHOU Longshan's spouse, and therefore Mr. ZHOU is deemed to be interested in these share options.			
3. 上	述購股權可於屆滿日期前	隨時行使。	3.	The above sha	re options are	e exercisable any	time until the da	te of expiry.
4. 上	述授出的代價均為1.00港	元。	4.	Consideration	for each of tl	he above grants	is HK\$1.00.	



董事會報告 **REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS**

(d)	華潤置地有限公司 (本公司的相聯法 團)				China Res the Comp	ed corporation of			
	董事姓名		身份		股份數目 imber of	相關股份 Underlying		總計	於股份及相關 股份的好倉總數 佔華潤置地有限 公司已發行股本 的比例(註1) (%) Aggregate long position in shares and underlying shares to issued share capital of China Resources Land Limited
	Name of Direc	tors	Capacity	sha	ares held	shares		Total	(note 1) (%)
	周俊卿 實益擁有人 ZHOU Junqing Beneficial owner			30,000			30,000	0.01	
	杜文民 DU Wenmin	實益擁有人 min Beneficial owner			790,000	250,000 1,040,00		040,000	0.02
		有限公司	司的購股權計劃, 司普通股的尚未行 股份如下:		under the	share option s be for ordinary	scheme of C	China Reso	tions outstanding urces Land Limited urces Land Limited
	***				/- t- m	於二零一零年 一月一日	購股權數目	於二零一零 ⁴ 十二月三十一日	日 有限公司已發行
	董事姓名	授出日期	屆滿日其	ð	行使價 (港元)	尚未行使	於年內授出	尚未行使	(%) Aggregate long position in underlying shares to issued
	Name of Director	Date of a	rant Date of	evnin	Exercise	Outstanding at	ber of share optio Granted during the year	Outstandin	t Land Limited

				Num	ber of share optio	ons	share capital of
Name of Director	Date of grant	Date of expiry	Exercise price (HK\$	e 1/1/2010	Granted during the year	Outstanding at 31/12/2010	China Resources Land Limited (note 1, (%)
杜文民 DU Wenmin	二零零五年六月一日 1/6/2005	二零一五年五月三十一日 31/5/2015	1.23	3 250,000	-	250,000	0.01
註:			notes:				
 根據華潤置地有限公司於二零一零年十二 月三十一日有5,387,240,447股已發行股份 計算。 			Based on 5,387,240,4 as at 31 December 20		China Resources La	and Limited in issu	
2. 上述購	股權可於屆滿日期前	造時行使 。	2.	The above share optic	ons are exercisat	ole any time until	the date of expiry.
3. 上述授	出的代價為1.00港元。		3. (Consideration for the	above grant is	HK\$1.00.	
				=	零一零年年	報 Annual Re	port 2010 5

華潤 聯法	Ⅰ燃氣控股有限公司 €團)	(本公司的相	(e)		a Resources Gas Group Limited, a oration of the Company	n associated	
董事	₩	身份			所持股份數目	於股份及相關 股份的好倉總數 佔華潤燃氣控股 有限公司已發行 股本的比例 (註1) (%) Aggregate long position in shares and underlying	
						shares to issued share capital of China Resources	:
					Number of	Gas Group)
Nam	ne of Directors	Capacity			shares held	Limited (note 1) (%)	
周俊 ZHO	卿 U Junqing	賓益擁有人 Beneficial own	ler		34,800	0.01	
周龍 ZHO	山 U Longshan	實益擁有人 Beneficial own	er		6,000	0.01	
杜文		實益擁有人			54,000	0.01	
DU V	Venmin	Beneficial own	er				
註:				note:			
1.	根據華潤燃氣控股有函 十二月三十一日有1,83 份計算。			1.	Based on 1,831,094,933 shares of China Reissue as at 31 December 2010.	esources Gas Group Limited	d in



華潤微電子有限公 法團)	≿司(本公司的相聯 (f)		Resources Microelectronics Limite ration of the Company	ed, an associated
				於股份及相關
				股份的好倉總數
				佔華潤微電子
				有限公司已發行
				股本的比例
董事姓名	身份		所持股份數目	(註1)
				(%)
				Aggregate
				long position
				in shares and
				underlying
				shares to issued
				share capital of
				China Resources
			Number of	Microelectronics
Name of Directors	Capacity		shares held	Limited (note 1)
				(%)
周俊卿	實益擁有人		1,539,600	0.02
ZHOU Junqing	Beneficial owner			
杜文民	實益擁有人		1,458,000	0.02
DU Wenmin	Beneficial owner			
註:		note:		
	有限公司於二零一零年十二	1.	Based on 8,789,552,708 shares of China	Resources Microelectronics
万二十一口有8,	789,552,708股已發行股份計		Limited in issue as at 31 December 2010.	

質。

除上文所披露者外,於二零一零年十二月三十一 日,就董事所知,董事或本公司的主要行政人員或 彼等各自的聯繫人士概無根據證券及期貨條例第 XV部持有或視為或當作擁有本公司或其任何相聯 法團(定義見證券及期貨條例第XV部)須根據證 券及期貨條例第XV部第7及第8分部規定或根據標 準守則須知會本公司及香港聯交所,或須列入根 據證券及期貨條例第352條所規定須記錄於該條 例所指的登記冊的股份、相關股份及債券的權益 及淡倉。於二零一零年十二月三十一日,董事及 主要行政人員(包括彼等的配偶及未滿十八歲的 子女)亦無擁有或獲授權認購本公司及其相聯法 團(定義見證券及期貨條例)的證券及購股權,且 並無行使任何該等權利。

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2010, so far as is known to the Directors, no interests and short positions were held or deemed or taken to be held under Part XV of the SFO by any Director or chief executive of the Company or their respective associates in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any of it associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) which were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO or pursuant to the Model Code or which were required pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO to be recorded in the register referred to therein. Nor any of the Directors and the chief executive (including their spouses and children under the age of 18) had, as at 31 December 2010, any interest in, or had been granted any right to subscribe for the securities and options of the Company and its associated corporations within the meaning of the SFO, or had exercised any such rights.

擁有須申報權益的股東

SHAREHOLDERS WITH NOTIFIABLE INTERESTS

於二零一零年十二月三十一日,就董事所知,下 列人士(並非董事或本公司主要行政人員)擁有須 記錄於本公司根據證券及期貨條例第336條存置 的登記冊的本公司的股份及相關股份的權益或淡 倉: As at 31 December 2010, so far as is known to the Directors, the following persons, not being a Director or chief executive of the Company, had interests or short positions in the shares and underlying shares of the Company as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 336 of the SFO as follows:

擁有權益人士名稱	好倉/淡倉	股份數目	股權概約百分比 (%)
Name of interested party	Long position/Short position	No. of Shares	Approximate shareholding (%)
中國華潤總公司(註) China Resources National Corporation <i>(note)</i>	好倉 Long position	4,781,051,462	73.34
華潤股份有限公司 <i>(註)</i> China Resources Co., Limited <i>(note)</i>	好倉 Long position	4,781,051,462	73.34
CRC Bluesky Limited (註) CRC Bluesky Limited <i>(note)</i>	好倉 Long position	4,781,051,462	73.34
華潤(集團) <i>(註)</i> CR Holdings <i>(note)</i>	好倉 Long position	4,781,051,462	73.34
華潤水泥投資控股有限公司(註) China Resources Cement Investment Group Limited (note)	好倉 Long position	4,781,051,462	73.34

note:

註: 中國華潤總公司乃擁有華潤股份有限公司全部已發行股本的實益擁有人,而後者為CRC Bluesky Limited全部已發行股本的實益擁有人,CRC Bluesky Limited亦為華潤(集團)全部已發行股本的實益擁有人,而華潤(集團)則為華潤水泥投資控股有限公司(前稱順創投資有限公司)全部已發行股本的實益擁有人。華潤水泥投資控股有限公司直接持有4,781,051,462股股份,佔本公司已發行股本約73.34%。

除上文所披露者外,就董事所知,於二零一零年 十二月三十一日,概無其他人士擁有按照證券及 期貨條例第XV部第2及3分部的規定須知會本公司 或聯交所或須記錄於本公司根據證券及期貨條例 第336條存置的登記冊的本公司的股份及相關股 份的權益或淡倉。 China Resources National Corporation is the beneficial owner of the entire issued share capital of China Resources Co., Limited, which in turn is the beneficial owner of the entire issued share capital of CRC Bluesky Limited, which in turn is the beneficial owner of the entire issued share capital of CR Holdings, which in turn is the beneficial owner of the entire issued share capital of CR Holdings, which in turn is the beneficial owner of the entire issued share capital of CR Holdings, which in turn is the beneficial owner of the entire issued share capital of CR Holdings, which in turn is the beneficial owner of the entire issued share capital of CR Holdings, which in turn is the beneficial owner of the entire issued share capital of China Resources Cement Investment Group Limited directly held 4,781,051,462 Shares representing approximately 73.34% of the issued share capital of the Company.

Save as disclosed above, so far as is known to the Directors, as at 31 December 2010, no other person had interests or short positions in the shares and underlying shares of the Company which were required to be disclosed to the Company or the Stock Exchange under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO, or which were recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 336 of the SFO.

持續關連交易

CONTINUING CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

根據上市規則的定義,綜合財務報表附註43所披 露的若干關連方交易亦構成持續關連交易。年內, 本公司若干附屬公司與關連方進行的有關交易的 詳情概述如下: Certain related party transactions as disclosed in Note 43 to the consolidated financial statements also constituted continuing connected transactions within the meaning of the Listing Rules. Details of such transactions conducted by certain subsidiaries of the Company with connected parties during the year are summarised below:

				金額 千港元 Amount HK\$'000	聯交所所授予 豁免的年度上限 千港元 Annual cap under the waiver granted by the Stock Exchange HK\$'000
1	向華潤電力控股有限公司 (同系附屬公司)的若干附 屬公司銷售水泥	1	Sale of cement to certain subsidiaries of China Resources Power Holdings Company Limited, a fellow subsidiary	15,427	29,400
2	向華潤(集團)的附屬公司 華潤營造有限公司銷售混凝 土	2	Sale of concrete to China Resources Construction Company Limited, a subsidiary of CR Holdings	13,160	44,500
3	向廣州華潤熱電有限公司 (華潤電力控股有限公司的 附屬公司)銷售石灰石粉	3	Sale of limestone powder to Guangzhou China Resources Thermal Power Company Limited, a subsidiary of China Resources Power Holdings Company Limited	4,383	7,920
4	向華潤(集團)的若干附屬 公司提供測試服務	4	Provision of testing service to certain subsidiaries of CR Holdings	376	3,300
5	自廣州華潤熱電有限公司購 買脱硫石膏	5	Purchase of de-sulphur gypsum from Guangzhou China Resources Thermal Power Company Limited	6,185	8,379
6	自廣州華潤熱電有限公司購 買煤灰及煤渣	6	Purchase of ash and slag from Guangzhou China Resources Thermal Power Company Limited	24,442	31,450
7	自華潤電力物流(天津)有 限公司購買煤炭	7	Purchase of coal from China Resources Power Logistics (Tianjin) Company Limited	218,374	1,377,362

1. 向華潤電力控股有限公司銷售水泥

1.

2.

本公司與華潤(集團)於二零零八年一月 一日就向華潤(集團)若干附屬公司供應 水泥產品訂立水泥供應框架協議,為期三 年,並於二零零九年八月一日訂立補充協 議將年期延長至二零一一年十二月三十一 日。水泥供應框架協議,收取的價格乃參 考現行市價,經相關各方公平磋商後釐 定。

年內,本集團已向華潤電力控股有限公司 的若干附屬公司供應水泥以修建電站。

2. 向華潤營造有限公司銷售混凝土

中港混凝土有限公司(本公司的全資附屬 公司)就由中港混凝土有限公司及其附屬 公司向華潤(集團)的一家附屬公司華潤 營造有限公司銷售商品混凝土用於其香港 施工項目而於二零零九年一月一日訂立協 議。該協議有效期自協議簽訂日期起計至 二零一一年十二月三十一日止,並可由任 何一方提前發出三個月書面通知而予以提 早終止。根據該協議,收取的價格乃參考 現行市價,經相關各方公平磋商後釐定。

Sale of Cement to China Resources Power Holdings Company Limited

The Company entered into a Cement Supply Framework Agreement with CR Holdings on 1 January 2008 for the supply of cement products to certain subsidiaries of CR Holdings with a term of three years and a supplemental agreement on 1 August 2009 to extend the term to 31 December 2011. Under the Cement Supply Framework Agreement, the prices charged will be negotiated on an arm's length basis between the relevant parties with reference to the prevailing market prices.

During the year, the Group supplied cement to certain subsidiaries of China Resources Power Holdings Company Limited for the construction of power plants.

Sale of Concrete to China Resources Construction Company Limited

Redland Concrete Limited, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, entered into an agreement dated 1 January 2009 for the sale of ready mixed concrete by Redland Concrete Limited and its subsidiaries to China Resources Construction Company Limited, a subsidiary of CR Holdings, for its construction projects in Hong Kong. The agreement has a term commencing from the date of the agreement to 31 December 2011 and may be terminated earlier by either party giving three months' prior written notice. Under the agreement, the prices charged will be negotiated on an arm's length basis between the parties with reference to the prevailing market prices.

向廣州華潤熱電有限公司銷售石灰石 3. 粉

華潤水泥投資有限公司(本公司的全資附 屬公司)代表本公司的若干於中國從事水 泥及混凝土生產的全資附屬公司)就向廣 州華潤熱電有限公司(本公司的同系附屬 公司華潤電力控股有限公司的間接擁有附 屬公司)銷售石灰石粉用於其發電業務而 於二零零九年十一月二日訂立協議。該協 議有效期自協議簽訂日期起計至二零一一 年十二月三十一日止。根據該協議,石灰 石粉的單位售價為每噸人民幣115.0元,並 須進行季度審查以及參考石灰石粉的現行 市價進行調整。

6. 向華潤(集團)的若干附屬公司提供測 4. 試服務

品質管制顧問有限公司(本公司的全資附 屬公司)就向華潤(集團)多家附屬公司 (包括中威預製混凝土有限公司、華潤營造 有限公司及創進貿易有限公司)提供信貸 期為30天的測試服務而於二零零九年一月 一日訂立協議。該協議為期三年,自協議 簽訂日期起計至二零一一年十二月三十一 日止,並可由任何一方提前發出三個月書 面通知而予以提早終止。就測試服務收取 的費用乃經參考當前市價釐定。市價乃經 與本集團的客戶磋商後釐定。

Sale of limestone powder to Guangzhou China Resources Thermal Power Company Limited

China Resources Cement Investments Limited, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, entered into an agreement dated 2 November 2009 on behalf of certain wholly owned subsidiaries of the Company which are engaged in the production of cement and concrete in the PRC for the sale of limestone powder to Guangzhou China Resources Thermal Power Company Limited, an indirectly owned subsidiary of China Resources Power Holdings Company Limited, a fellow subsidiary of the Company, for its power generating business. The agreement has a term commencing from the date of the agreement to 31 December 2011. Under the agreement, the unit selling price of limestone powder is RMB115.0 per ton subject to quarterly review and adjustment with reference to the prevailing market prices of limestone powder.

Provision of testing service to certain subsidiaries of CR Holdings

Quality Control Consultants Limited, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, entered into an agreement dated 1 January 2009 for the provision of testing services with a credit term of 30 days to a number of subsidiaries of CR Holdings, including Redland Precast Concrete Products Limited, China Resources Construction Limited and Strong Progress Limited. The agreement has a term of three years commencing on the date of the agreement and ending on 31 December 2011 and may be terminated earlier by either party giving three months' prior written notice. The fees charged for the testing services were determined with reference to the prevailing market prices. Market prices are determined during negotiations with our customers.

5. 自廣州華潤熱電有限公司購買脱硫石 5. 膏

華潤水泥投資有限公司與廣州華潤熱電有限公司就購買脱硫石膏(一種用於生產水 泥的原材料)而於二零零九年十一月二日 訂立協議。該等脱硫石膏將為本公司若干 在中國生產水泥的全資附屬公司所用。該 協議有效期自協議簽訂日期起計至二零 一一年十二月三十一日止。根據該協議, 脱硫石膏的單位售價為每噸人民幣73.0 元,並須進行季度審查以及參考脱硫石膏 的現行市價進行調整。

自廣州華潤熱電有限公司購買煤灰及 6. 煤渣

華潤水泥投資有限公司與廣州華潤熱電有限公司就購買煤灰及煤渣而於二零零九年 十一月二日訂立協議。煤灰為生產水泥及 混凝土的其中一種原材料而煤渣為生產水 泥的其中一種原材料。該等煤灰及煤渣將 為本公司若干生產水泥及混凝土的全資附 屬公司所用。該協議有效期自協議簽訂日 期起計至二零一一年十二月三十一日止。 根據該協議,煤灰及煤渣的單位購買價分 別為每噸人民幣88.0元及每噸人民幣12.0 元,並須進行季度審查以及參考煤灰及煤 渣的現行市價進行調整。

自華潤電力物流(天津)有限公司購買 7. 煤炭

華潤水泥投資有限公司與華潤電力物流 (天津)有限公司就購買煤炭而於二零一 零年四月九日訂立協議。煤炭將為本公司 若干生產熟料的全資附屬公司所用。該協 議有效期自協議簽訂日期起計至二零一一 年十二月三十一日止。根據該協議,有關 煤炭的單位價格將會由相關訂約方根據當 時的市價公平磋商釐定。

Purchase of de-sulphur gypsum from Guangzhou China Resources Thermal Power Company Limited

China Resources Cement Investments Limited entered into an agreement dated 2 November 2009 with Guangzhou China Resources Thermal Power Company Limited for the purchase of de-sulphur gypsum which is a type of raw material used in the production of cement. The de-sulphur gypsum will be used by certain wholly owned subsidiaries of the Company which are engaged in the production of cement in the PRC. The agreement has a term commencing from the date of the agreement to 31 December 2011. Under the agreement, the unit selling price of de-sulphur gypsum is RMB73.0 per ton subject to quarterly review and adjustment with reference to the prevailing market prices of de-sulphur gypsum.

Purchase of ash and slag from Guangzhou China Resources Thermal Power Company Limited

China Resources Cement Investments Limited entered into an agreement dated 2 November 2009 with Guangzhou China Resources Thermal Power Company Limited for the purchase of ash and slag. Ash is a type of raw material that is used in the production of cement and concrete and slag is a type of raw material used in the production of cement. The ash and slag will be used by certain wholly owned subsidiaries of the Company which are engaged in the production of cement and concrete. The agreement has a term commencing from the date of the agreement to 31 December 2011. Under the agreement, the respective unit purchase prices of ash and slag are RMB88.0 per ton and RMB12.0 per ton respectively, subject to quarterly review and adjustment with reference to the prevailing market prices of ash and slag.

Purchase of coal from China Resources Power Logistics (Tianjin) Company Limited

China Resources Cement Investments Limited entered into an agreement dated 9 April 2010 with China Resources Power Logistics (Tianjin) Company Limited for the purchase of coal. The coal will be used by certain subsidiaries of the Company which are engaged in the production of clinker. The agreement has a term commencing from the date of the agreement to 31 December 2011. Under the agreement, the respective unit price of coal will be negotiated on an arm's length basis between the relevant parties based on the then prevailing market prices.

獨立非執行董事已審閱該等交易並確認該 等交易乃:

- (a) 於本集團的一般及日常業務過程中訂立;
- (b) 按一般商業條款訂立,或倘無足夠的可資比較交易以判斷是否是按一般商業條款訂立,則按不遜於獨立第三方可獲或開出的條款(視情況而定)與本集團訂立;及
- (c) 根據規管該等交易的有關協議按 公平合理及符合本公司股東整體 利益的條款訂立。

根據已開展的工作,獨立核數師德勤●關 黃陳方會計師行已於致董事會的函件中確 認有關上述交易:

- (a) 已獲得董事會批准;
- (b) 符合本公司的定價政策(第1至第 4項交易涉及由本公司提供商品或 服務);
- (c) 已根據規管該等交易的有關協議 訂立;及
- (d) 並無超過招股章程以及先前公告 中披露的上限。

主要客戶及供應商

於本年度,本集團的五大客戶的銷售總額佔本集團的銷售總額少於30%。

於本年度,本集團的五大供應商的採購總額佔本 集團採購總額少於30%。 The independent non-executive Directors have reviewed these transactions and confirmed that the transactions have been entered into:

- (a) in the ordinary and usual course of business of the Group;
- (b) either on normal commercial terms or, if there are not sufficient comparable transactions to judge whether they are on normal commercial terms, on terms no less favourable to the Group than terms available to or from (as appropriate) independent third parties; and
- (c) in accordance with the relevant agreements governing them on terms that are fair and reasonable and in the interests of the shareholders of the Company as a whole.

Based on work performed, Deloitte Touche Tohmastu, our independent auditor, has confirmed in a letter to the Board to the effect that the above transactions:

- (a) have received the approval of the Board;
- (b) are in accordance with the pricing policies of the Company (transactions 1 to 4 which involved provision of goods or services by the Company);
- (c) have been entered into in accordance with the relevant agreements governing the transactions; and
- (d) have not exceeded the caps disclosed in the Prospectus and previous announcements.

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

During the year, the aggregate sales attributable to the Group's five largest customers accounted for less than 30% of the Group's total sales.

During the year, the aggregate purchases attributable to the Group's five largest suppliers accounted for less than 30% of the Group's total purchases.



長期激勵計劃

本公司於二零零九年九月二日採納一項股份激勵 計劃。根據上市規則第17章,股份激勵計劃並不構 成一項購股權計劃且為本公司的一項酌情計劃。 股份激勵計劃旨在確認本集團員工及僱員(不包 括任何本公司董事)過去為本集團的發展作出的 貢獻,或為鼓勵經甄選承授人為本集團實現超越 目標的盈利及將經甄選承授人的利益與本集團的 持續增長及穩定發展掛鈎。

根據股份激勵計劃購買的股份總額不得超過本公 司所有已發行股份的2.5%。根據股份激勵計劃獎 勵予經甄選承授人的股份數目總額不得超過本公 司已發行股本的0.1%。本公司已成立一項信託而 中銀國際英國保誠信託有限公司已獲委任為受託 人。根據股份激勵計劃,受託人可使用本公司不 時出資的現金從公開市場購買股份。根據股份激 勵計劃購買的股份將為合資格僱員以信託形式持 有,直至該等股份根據與股份激勵計劃相關規則 的條文歸屬為止。股份激勵計劃的有效期為十年, 直至二零一九年九月二日屆滿,除非董事會於較 早日期酌情終止。

於二零一零年十一月十七日,本公司修訂股份激勵 計劃的條款以將董事納入合資格承授人並令該計 劃項下的付款將以現金方式而非股份方式作出。 根據該計劃,本公司可動用來自出售受託人購買 並持有的股份的所得款項作為將根據該計劃作出 的獎勵。

於截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止整個年度, 受託人一直以信託方式持有160,000,000股股份。 於本年度,受託人以信託方式持有的股份及該計 劃項下的現金福利概無授予任何合資格承授人。

LONG TERM AWARD SCHEME

The Company adopted a share award scheme on 2 September 2009. The share award scheme does not constitute a share option scheme pursuant to Chapter 17 of the Listing Rules and is a discretionary scheme of the Company. The purpose of the share award scheme is to recognise the contributions of officers and employees of our Group, excluding any director of the Company, towards the development of our Group in the past or as incentives to selected grantees to achieve higher than target profits for our Group and to align the interests of the selected grantees with sustainable growth and development of our Group.

The aggregate number of Shares purchased under the share award scheme shall not exceed 2.5% of all issued shares of the Company. The aggregate number of Shares which may be awarded to a selected grantee under the share award scheme shall not exceed 0.1% of the issued share capital of the Company. A trust has been set up and BOCI-Prudential Trustee Limited has been appointed as the trustee. Pursuant to the share award scheme, the trustee may purchase Shares from the public market out of cash contributed by the Company from time to time. Shares purchased under the share award scheme will be held in trust for the eligible employees until such Shares are vested in accordance with the provisions of the rules relating to the share award scheme. The share award scheme will be effective for a term of 10 years until 2 September 2019 unless terminated at the discretion of the Board at an earlier date.

On 17 November 2010, the Company amended the terms of the share award scheme to include Directors as eligible grantees and such that payments under the Scheme will be made in form of cash rather than Shares. According to the Scheme, the Company can utilise the proceeds generated from the disposal of the Shares purchased and held by the trustee for awards to be made under the Scheme.

The trustee has been holding 160,000,000 Shares on trust throughout the year ended 31 December 2010. None of the Shares held on trust by the trustee and cash benefits under the Scheme has been granted to any eligible grantee during the year.



購買、出售或贖回本公司的上市 證券

本公司或其任何附屬公司概無於本年度購買、出 售或贖回本公司的任何上市證券。

標準守則

董事會已採納董事進行證券交易的操守守則,其 條款不遜於標準守則所載的有關標準。經向全體 董事作出具體查詢後,本公司確認全體董事已於 本年度遵守本公司操守守則及標準守則所載列的 有關彼等進行證券交易的相關標準。

企業管治常規守則

於本年度,本公司已遵守香港聯合交易所有限公司證券上市規則附錄14所載企業管治常規守則的所有守則條文以及大部分推薦最佳常規,惟全體非執行董事並無獲特定年期的委任則除外。根據本公司的組織章程細則,由於全體董事須由股東於股東週年大會上重選且至少約每三年輪選一次,故有充足措施確保本公司的企業管治符合企業管治常規守則所規定的同一水平。

請參閱本報告第69至87頁的企業管治報告。

公眾持股量

根據本公司可公開獲得的資料並就董事所知悉, 於本報告日期,本公司維持充足公眾持股量,即 不少於本公司已發行股份的25%,符合上市規則 的規定。

財務概要

本集團過去五年的業績及其資產及負債概要載列 於第**204**頁。

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE COMPANY'S LISTED SECURITIES

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities during the year.

MODEL CODE

The Board has adopted a code of conduct regarding Directors' securities transactions on terms no less exacting than the required standard set out in the Model Code. Having made specific enquiry of all Directors, the Company confirmed that all Directors have complied with the required standards set out in the Company's code of conduct and the Model Code regarding their securities transactions during the year.

CODE ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

During the year, the Company complied with all code provisions as well as most of the recommended best practices of the Code on Corporate Governance Practices set out in Appendix 14 of The Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited except that all non-executive Directors were not appointed for a specific term. Since all Directors are subject to re-election by shareholders at annual general meetings and at least about once every three years on a rotation basis in accordance with the Articles of Association of the Company, there are sufficient measures to ensure the corporate governance of the Company complies with the same level to that required under the Code on Corporate Governance Practices.

Please refer to the Corporate Governance Report on pages 69 to 87 of this report.

PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors, as at the date of this report, there is sufficient public float of not less than 25% of the Company's issued shares as required under the Listing Rules.

FINANCIAL SUMMARY

A summary of the Group's results and its assets and liabilities for the past five years is set out on page 204.



核數師

本公司本年度的財務報表已經由德勤 • 關黃陳方 會計師行審核。

本公司將於應屆股東週年大會上提呈一項決議 案,重新委任德勤•關黃陳方會計師行為本公司 的獨立核數師。

承董事會命

周俊卿

主席

香港,二零一一年三月四日

AUDITOR

The financial statements of the Company for the year have been audited by Messrs. Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu.

A resolution will be submitted at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company to re-appoint Messrs. Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu as independent auditor of the Company.

By order of the Board **ZHOU Junqing** *Chairman*

Hong Kong, 4 March 2011



企業管治報告 CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

由於董事會認為有效的企業管治常規在提升股東 價值及保障本集團股東及其他利益相關人士的權 益實屬必要,故本公司與董事會致力達致及保持 最高標準的企業管治。因此,本公司已採取合理 的企業管治原則,以突顯董事會質素、有效的內 部控制、嚴格的披露規定及所有利益相關人士的 透明度及問責性。

於本年度,本公司已遵守上市規則附錄14所載企 業管治常規守則的所有守則條文以及大部分推薦 最佳常規,惟全體非執行董事並無獲特定年期的 委任則除外。下文概述本公司的企業管治常規:

董事會

董事會負責指引本公司的策略性目標及監管業務 的管理。董事負責促進本公司業務順利進展及客 觀地作出符合本公司最佳利益的決策。

為保持高效運作和經營決策的靈活與迅捷,董事 會必要時亦將其管理及行政權力轉授予管理層, 並就授權行為提供清晰的指引,以避免嚴重妨礙 或削弱董事會整體履行其職權的能力。

董事會應具備平衡的技巧及經驗以切合本公司業務所需。執行董事及非執行董事的平衡架構有助於確保董事會的獨立性並可令董事會作出有效的獨立判斷。董事會的運作及管理及本公司業務的日常管理應在董事會的層面清晰劃分以確保權力及授權的平衡,而該權力將會不集中在任何個人。

The Company and the Board are devoted to achieve and maintain the highest standards of corporate governance as the Board believes that effective corporate governance practices are fundamental to enhancing shareholder value and safe guarding interests of our shareholders and other stakeholders. Accordingly, the Company has adopted sound corporate governance principles that emphasise a quality Board, effective internal control, stringent disclosure practices and transparency and accountability to all stakeholders.

During the year, the Company complied with all code provisions as well as most of the recommended best practices of the Code on Corporate Governance Practices set out in Appendix 14 of the Listing Rules except that all non-executive Directors were not appointed for a specific term. The following summarises the Company's corporate governance practices:

THE BOARD

The Board is responsible for directing the strategic objectives of the Company and overseeing the management of the business. The Directors are accountable for promoting the success of the Company and making decisions objectively in the best interest of the Company.

In order to maintain a highly efficient operation, as well as flexibility and swiftness in operational decision-making, the Board, when necessary, may delegate its managing and administrative powers to the management, and provide clear guidance regarding such delegation so as to avoid seriously impeding or undermining the overall capabilities of the Board in exercising its powers.

The Board should have a balance of skills and experience appropriate for the requirements of the business of the Company. A balanced composition of executive Directors and non-executive Directors helps to ensure the independence of the Board and enables the Board to make independent judgments effectively. The operation and management of the Board and the day-to-day management of the Company's business should be clearly divided at the Board level to ensure that there is a balance of power and authority and that power will not be concentrated in any one individual. 自二零一零年一月一日起至二零一零年六月三十 日止整個期間,董事會由九名董事組成,包括三 名執行董事周俊卿女士、周龍山先生及劉忠國先 生,三名非執行董事李福祚先生、杜文民先生及 魏斌先生,及三名獨立非執行董事葉澍堃先生、 曾學敏女士及林智遠先生。自二零一零年七月一 日起,徐永模先生獲委任為獨立非執行董事。於 二零一零年七月三十一日,李福祚先生辭任非執 行董事職務。於截至二零一零年十二月三十一日 止整個年度,獨立非執行董事的代表性符合上市 規則的最低規定。董事的詳情載列於第40至48頁 的董事及高級管理人員履歷一節及本公司的網站 內。

就考慮一名董事是否獨立而言,董事會須信納該 董事並無與本集團有任何直接或間接重大關係。 於決定董事的獨立性時,董事會遵守上市規則所 載的規定並視所有獨立非執行董事均為獨立。

主席與行政總裁的職權乃分開的。主席及執行董 事周俊卿女士負責批准及監管本公司的策略及政 策、年度預算及業務規劃,評估本公司的表現及 監督本公司的管理。高級管理團隊在本公司執行 董事及行政總裁周龍山先生的領導下負責本集團 的日常業務運作。

該等責任的劃分亦有助加強其獨立性及問責性。 主席周俊卿女士負責領導及監察董事會的職能以 確保其表現符合本集團的最佳利益,及董事會會 議已預先計劃及有效地舉行。主席亦負責為每次 董事會會議設定議程,當中已考慮過(如適用)董 事及公司秘書所建議的事宜以載入議程內。在執 行董事適時獲悉於董事會會議上列舉的問題和及時 拉獲得足夠及準確的資料。主席亦積極鼓勵本公 司董事着手處理董事會的事務及促進董事會的職 能。在主席的領導下,董事會已遵守如下文董事 會會議資料的提供及使用一節所概述的企業管治 常規及程序,並已採取適當措施為本集團股東及 其他利益相關人士提供有效的溝通方式。 Throughout the period from 1 January 2010 to 30 June 2010, the Board comprised 9 Directors, including 3 executive Directors, namely, Madam ZHOU Junqing, Mr. ZHOU Longshan and Mr. LAU Chung Kwok Robert, three non-executive Directors, namely, Mr. LI Fuzuo, Mr. DU Wenmin and Mr. WEI Bin, and three independent non-executive Directors, namely, Mr. IP Shu Kwan Stephen, Madam ZENG Xuemin and Mr. LAM Chi Yuen. With effect from 1 July 2010, Mr. XU Yongmo has been appointed an independent non-executive Director. On 31 July 2010, Mr. LI Fuzuo resigned from the position of non-executive Director. The representation of independent non-executive Directors fulfilled the minimum requirement of the Listing Rules throughout the year ended 31 December 2010. A description of the Directors are set out in the Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management Section on pages 40 to 48 and on the Company's website.

For a Director to be considered independent, the Board must be satisfied that the Director does not have any direct or indirect material relationship with the Group. In determining the independence of Directors, the Board follows the requirements set out in the Listing Rules and considers all of the independent non-executive Directors as independent.

The roles of the Chairman are segregated from the Chief Executive Officer. The Chairman and an executive Director, Madam ZHOU Junqing, approves and monitors the Company's strategies and policies, annual budgets and business plans, evaluates the performance of the Company, and supervises the management of the Company. The senior management team is responsible for the day-to-day operations of the Group under the leadership of Mr. ZHOU Longshan, an executive Director and the Chief Executive Officer of the Company.

Such division of responsibilities also helps to reinforce their independence and accountability. The Chairman, Madam ZHOU Junging, is responsible for providing leadership to, and overseeing the functioning of, the Board to ensure that it acts in the best interests of the Group and that Board meetings are planned and conducted in an effective manner. The Chairman is also responsible for setting the agenda for each Board meeting, taking into consideration, where appropriate, matters proposed by the Directors and the Company Secretary for inclusion in the agenda. With the support of executive Directors and the Company Secretary, the Chairman seeks to ensure that all Directors are properly informed of issues arising at Board meetings and provided with adequate and accurate information in a timely manner. The Chairman also actively encourages the directors of the Company to be engaged in the Board's affairs and contribute to the Board's functions. The Board, under the leadership of the Chairman, has complied with the corporate governance practices and procedures and has taken appropriate steps to provide effective communication with our shareholders and other stakeholders, as outlined in the latter section headed Supply of and Access to Information for Board Meeting.

行政總裁周龍山先生負責管理本集團的業務,協 調整體業務運作、參與制定及成功實施董事會所 批准的集團政策及策略及就所有本集團的日常運 作向董事會承擔全部責任。

行政總裁直接負責維持本集團的經營表現。彼亦 與首席財務官劉忠國先生及高級管理團隊共事並 向董事會提呈年度預算以供考慮及批准,並確保 董事會獲得有關本集團在業務方面的資金需求的 所有必要資料。彼亦將確保業務的資金需求得到 滿足並亦將密切監控業務的營運及財務業績以比 對有關的規劃及預算,如有必要會採取補救行動。 彼與主席及全體董事會定期溝通以令彼等能盡量 知悉所有主要業務的發展及事項。

董事會會議資料的提供及使用

董事會預期定期會晤且每年至少四次。於定期的 會議中,本集團的高級管理層會就本集團業務的 活動及發展定期向董事提供資料。在董事認為有 必要的任何時候,董事可隨時獲取本集團的資料 及獨立專業意見。

就董事會的定期會晤而言,董事將至少提前十四 天獲得書面會議通知及在會議前不少於三天獲得 董事會議程及所需文件。就其他會議而言,在合理 及切實的情況下,董事會盡量獲予最早的通知。 除本公司的組織章程細則所容許的該等情況外, 已於任何合約、交易、安排或向董事會提呈以供批 准的任何其他類別建議中擁有重大權益的董事, 將須就相關決議案放棄投票且有關董事不會被計 入為決定法定人數的數目內。 The Chief Executive Officer, Mr. ZHOU Longshan, is responsible for managing the businesses of the Group, coordinating overall business operations, attending to the formulation and successful implementation of Group policies and strategies approved by the Board and assuming full accountability to the Board for all the Group's day-to-day operations.

The Chief Executive Officer is directly responsible for maintaining the operational performance of the Group. He also works with the Chief Financial Officer, Mr. LAU Chung Kwok Robert, and the senior management team and presents annual budgets to the Board for consideration and approval, and ensures that the Board is provided with all the necessary information relating to the funding requirements of the businesses of the Group. He will also ensure that the funding requirements of the business are met and closely monitors the operating and financial results of the businesses against plans and budgets, taking remedial action if necessary. He communicates regularly with the Chairman and all Directors to keep them fully informed of all major business development and issues.

SUPPLY OF AND ACCESS TO INFORMATION FOR BOARD MEETINGS

The Board is expected to meet regularly and at least four times a year. Between scheduled meetings, the senior management of the Group provides information to Directors on a regular basis regarding the activities and development in the businesses of the Group. The Directors have full access to information on the Group and independent professional advice at all times whenever deemed necessary by the Directors.

With respect to regular meetings of the Board, the Directors will be given written notice of the meeting at least 14 days in advance and an agenda with supporting Board papers no less than three days prior to the meeting. For other meetings, Directors are given as much notice as is reasonable and practicable in the circumstances. Except for those circumstances permitted by the Articles of Association of the Company, a Director who has a material interest in any contract, transaction, arrangement or any other kind of proposal put forward to the Board for consideration abstains from voting on the relevant resolution and such Director is not counted for quorum determination purposes.

企業管治報告 CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

於二零一零年,董事會舉行十七次會議(包括以 傳閱書面決議案召開的十三次會議)。該等會議 的出席情況如下: During 2010, seventeen meetings (including thirteen meetings by way of circulation of written resolutions) were held by the Board. The attendances of these meetings are as follows:

		會議	書面決議案 Written	總計
		Meeting	Resolution	Total
執行董事	Executive Directors			
周俊卿	ZHOU Junqing	3	13	16
周龍山	ZHOU Longshan	3	13	16
劉忠國	LAU Chung Kwok Robert	3	13	16
非執行董事	Non-Executive Directors			
李福祚(於二零一零年	LI Fuzuo (resigned on 31 July 2010)			
七月三十一日辭任)		1	11	12
杜文民	DU Wenmin	3	13	16
魏斌	WEI Bin	3	13	16
獨立非執行董事	Independent Non-executive			
	Directors			
葉澍堃	IP Shu Kwan Stephen	4	13	17
徐永模(於二零一零年	XU Yongmo			
七月一日獲委任)	(appointed on 1 July 2010)	3	5	8
曾學敏	ZENG Xuemin	4	13	17
林智遠	LAM Chi Yuen	4	13	17

於二零一零年五月,兩名獨立非執行董事葉澍堃 先生及曾學敏女士在兩名執行董事周俊卿女士及 劉忠國先生的陪同下組成四日團參觀本集團廣西 的若干水泥及混凝土基地,以加深了解本集團的 業務營運。 In May 2010, two independent non-executive Directors, Mr. IP Shu Kwan Stephen and Madam ZENG Xuemin, accompanied by two executive Directors, Madam ZHOU Junqing and Mr. LAU Chung Kwok Robert, had a four day tour and visited certain cement and concrete plants of the Group in Guangxi for a deeper understanding of the Group's business operations.



董事委任、重選及輪值

概無董事(包括非執行董事)已與本公司訂立服務 合約,故彼等的委任並無特定期限。然而,根據本 公司的組織章程細則,全體董事須由股東於股東 週年大會上重選且至少約每三年輪選一次。退任 董事有資格重選及於股東週年大會上重選退任董 事乃按個別決議案單獨進行。本公司有充足措施 確保本公司的企業管治符合企業管治常規守則所 規定的同一水平。誠如下文提名委員會一節更全 面的列述,倘董事會產生空缺,候選人會由提名 委員會向董事會建議及提呈。

獲委任加入董事會後,董事將收到一份本集團的 簡介材料,並將獲高級行政人員全面介紹本集團 的業務。董事會定期獲提供持續進修及資料,以 確保彼等掌握本集團經營業務的商業、法律與監 管環境的最新變化。

董事會已採納有關董事進行證券交易的行為守 則,其條款不會較標準守則所載的規定標準寬鬆。 全體董事確認,彼等於年內已遵守本公司有關彼 等進行證券交易的行為守則及標準守則所載的規 定標準。

董事委員會

本公司於二零零九年九月二日成立審核委員會、 薪酬委員會及提名委員會。本公司亦於二零一零 年一月十三日成立執行委員會。

APPOINTMENTS, RE-ELECTION AND ROTATION OF DIRECTORS

None of the Directors, including the non-executive Directors, has a service contract with the Company and there are no specific terms of their appointments. However, all Directors are subject to re-election by shareholders at annual general meetings and at least about once every three years on a rotation basis in accordance with the Articles of Association of the Company. A retiring Director is eligible for re-election and re-election of retiring Directors at annual general meetings is dealt with by separate individual resolutions. There are sufficient measures to ensure the corporate governance of the Company complies with the same level to that required under the Code on Corporate Governance Practices. Where vacancies arise at the Board, candidates are proposed and put forward to the Board by the Nomination Committee as more fully explained below under the section on Nomination Committee.

Upon appointment to the Board, the Directors receive a package of orientation materials about the Group and are provided with a comprehensive induction to the Group's businesses by senior executives. Continuing education and information are provided to the Directors regularly to help ensuring that the Directors are apprised of the latest changes in the commercial, legal and regulatory environment in which the Group conducts its businesses.

The Board has adopted a code of conduct regarding Directors' securities transactions on terms no less exacting than the required standard set out in the Model Code. All Directors confirmed that they have complied with the required standards set out in the Company's code of conduct and the Model Code regarding their securities transactions for the year.

BOARD COMMITTEES

The Company established an Audit Committee, a Remuneration Committee and a Nomination Committee on 2 September 2009. The Company also established an Executive Committee on 13 January 2010.

執行委員會

執行委員會由三名執行董事(周俊卿女士、周龍 山先生及劉忠國先生)組成,並由周俊卿女士擔任 主席。執行委員會的職責如下:

- (a) 監察本公司策略的執行與業務運作;
- (b) 委任與罷免本公司業務單位之董事及總經 (b) 理(「營運管理人員」);
- (c) 批准本公司營運管理人員及職能部室主管 (c) (「企業管理人員」)授權範圍的變更;
- (d) 批准企業管理人員及營運管理人員授權範 (d) 圍的擴大;
- (e) 在董事會休會期間,行使董事會的職能與 (e) 職責,其權力限制包括以下被董事會視為 重大事項而該事項乃關乎本公司政策及業 務發展方向的制定:
 - (1) 本公司整體業務發展戰略方向及 規劃的政策;
 - (2) 本公司主要業務及財務目標的政策;
 - (3) 被董事會視為主要或須予披露的 交易如:訂約、收購、投資、分拆、 資產出售,或任何資本開支。「主 要交易」或「須予披露交易」的界 定,委員會需參照上市規則的百 分比比率。
- (f) 設立並授權執行委員會轄下的委員會處理
 (f) 一般日常業務或突發事項(如認為合適);

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

The Executive Committee comprises three executive Directors, Madam ZHOU Junqing, Mr. ZHOU Longshan and Mr. LAU Chung Kwok Robert, and is chaired by Madam ZHOU Junqing. The duties of the Executive Committee are as follows:

- (a) To monitor the execution of the Company's strategic plans and the operations of all business units;
 - To appoint and remove the directors and general managers of the business units of the Company (the "Operating Management");
 - To approve any changes to the scope of authority delegated to the Operating Management and the functional department heads of the Company (the "Corporate Management");
 - To approve any excess in authority delegated to the Corporate Management and the Operating Management;
 - To exercise the functions and responsibilities of the Board between regular Board meeting, with its power restricted to the following areas that are considered by the Board as material and related to the formulation of the policy and business development direction of the Company:
 - the policy of the entire strategic business development direction and planning of the Company;
 - (2) the main business policy and financial achievement policy of the Company;
 - (3) transactions being considered by the Board as major or discloseable. e.g. entering into agreements, acquisitions, investments, spin-off, disposal of assets or any capital expenditures. To determine whether a transaction is "major transaction" or "discloseable transaction", the committee should consider the percentage ratios set out in the Listing Rules.
 - To establish and authorise committees to deal with daily business operations or ad-hoc projects if consider appropriate;



(g) 審閱及批准:

To review and approve:

(q)

- (1) 因應本集團的需要而授予本公司 或由本公司發出的銀行貸款額度 及/或金融工具;
- (2) 向本公司的附屬公司及/或聯營 公司授予任何貸款或其他財務援 助;
- (3) 本公司向其附屬公司及/或聯營公司提供的企業擔保、承諾賠償及/ 或信心保證書;
- (4) 開立銀行或與證券相關的賬戶及 其他有關事宜(包括委任簽字人及 批准該等戶口的條款及授權書); 及
- (5) 在任何與上述事項有關的任何票 據或文件上加蓋本公司的鋼印及 批准任何一名或多名董事簽署該 票據或文件。
- (h) 處理由董事會授權執行委員會的任何其他 (h) 特定事項。

於二零一零年內,執行委員會舉行了二十四次會議 (包括以傳閱書面決議案方式舉行的一次會議)。 該等會議的出席情況如下: banking facilities and/or financial instruments to be granted to or issued by the Company for the needs of the Group;

- (2) the grant of any loan or other financial assistance to the Company's subsidiaries and/or associates;
- the provision of corporate guarantees, indemnity and/or letters of comfort by the Company for its subsidiaries and/ or associates;
- (4) the opening of bank or securities related accounts and other ancillary matters including appointing the signatories and approving the terms and mandate for such accounts; and
- (5) to affix the Company's seal on any instrument or document related to the above items and approve any one or more of the Directors to sign the instrument or document.
- Any other specific business authorised by the Board to be dealt with by this Committee.

During 2010, twenty four meetings (including one meeting by way of circulation of written resolution) were held by the Executive Committee. The attendances of these meetings are as follows:

		會議	書面決議案 Written	合計
		Meeting	Resolution	Total
周俊卿	ZHOU Junqing	22	1	23
周龍山	ZHOU Longshan	16	1	17
劉忠國	LAU Chung Kwok Robert	23	1	24

審核委員會

自二零一零年一月一日起,審核委員會由三名獨 立非執行董事(葉澍堃先生、曾學敏女士及林智 遠先生)組成並由林智遠先生擔任主席。於二零一 零年七月一日,新任獨立非執行董事徐永模先生 已獲委任為審核委員會的額外成員。審核委員會 的職責如下:

與本集團核數師的關係

- (a) 主要負責就外部核數師的委任、重新委任 及罷免向董事會提供建議、及批准外部核 數師的薪酬及聘用條款,及考慮任何有關 該核數師辭職或辭退該核數師的問題;
- (b) 按適用的標準審閱及監察外部核數師是否 (b) 獨立客觀及核數程序是否有效;
- (c) 就外部核數師提供非核數服務制定政策, 並予以執行,及向董事會作出報告,指出 其認為有需要採取行動或作出改善的任何 事項,並就應採取的步驟提出建議;
- (d) 於核數工作開始前先與外部核數師討論核 (d) 數的性質及範疇,並確保當涉及超過一間 核數師行時作出協調;及
- (e) 商討中期及年終核數出現的問題及保留 (e)
 意見,以及外部核數師希望能商討的事項
 (如有需要,可要求高級管理層避席);

AUDIT COMMITTEE

From 1 January 2010, the Audit Committee comprises three independent non-executive Directors, Mr. IP Shu Kwan Stephen, Madam ZENG Xuemin and Mr. LAM Chi Yuen and is chaired by Mr. LAM Chi Yuen. On 1 July 2010, Mr. XU Yongmo, the newly appointed independent non-executive Director, has been appointed as an additional member of the Audit Committee. The duties of the Audit Committee are as follows:

Relationship with the Group's auditors

(c)

- (a) being primarily responsible for making recommendations to the Board on the appointment, reappointment and removal of the external auditor, and to approve the remuneration and terms of engagement of the external auditor, and to consider any questions of resignation or dismissal of that auditor;
 - reviewing and monitoring the external auditor's independence and objectivity and the effectiveness of the audit process in accordance with applicable standards;
 - developing and implementing policy on the engagement of an external auditor to supply non-audit services and reporting to the Board, identifying any matters in respect of which it considers that action or improvement is needed and making recommendations as to the steps to be taken;
 - discussing with the external auditor before the audit commences, the nature and scope of the audit, and ensure co-ordination where more than one audit firm is involved; and
 - discussing problems and reservations arising from the interim and final audits, and any matters the external auditor may wish to discuss (in the absence of the senior management where necessary);

審閲本集團的財務資料

Review of financial information of the Group

- (f) 監察本集團財務報表、年報及賬目、中期 (f) 報告及季度報告(倘編製供刊發之用)的 完整性,並審核其中的重大財務報告判 斷。就此而言,於本集團的年報及賬目、中 期報告及季度報告(倘編製供刊發之用) 呈交董事會之前先行審核,審核委員會須 特別針對下列事項:(i)會計政策及常規的 任何更改;(ii)涉及重要判斷的地方;(iii)因 核數而出現的重大調整:(w)企業持續經營 的假設及任何保留意見;(v)遵守會計準則 的情況;及(vi)遵守聯交所作出的任何規定 及其他與財務申報有關的法規;及
- (g) 如上文(f)所述:(i)與董事會及高級管理層 (聯絡:(ii)至少每年與本公司的核數師會晤 一次:及(iii)考慮於該等財務報表、報告及 賬目中所反映或需反映的任何重大或不尋 常事項,並適當考慮任何由本集團負責會 計及財務申報職能的員工、監查主任或核 數師提出的事項;

監察本集團的財務申報制度及內部監控程序

- (h) 審閱本集團的財務監控、內部監控及風險 (h) 管理制度;
- (i) 與本集團的管理層討論有關本公司內部監(i) 控系統的事項,並確保高級管理層已履行 職責建立及維持有效的內部監控系統,包 括本集團會計及財務申報職責方面的員 工、監查主任或核數師的資源、資歷及經 驗是否足夠;
- (j) 應董事會的委派或主動就有關內部監控事(j) 宜的任何重要調查結果作出考慮及就高級
 管理層的回應進行研究;

- monitoring integrity of the Group's financial statements, annual reports and accounts, half-year reports and, if prepared for publication, quarterly reports, and reviewing significant financial reporting judgments contained in them. In this regard, in reviewing the Group's annual reports and accounts, halfyear reports and, if prepared for publication, quarterly reports before submission to the Board, the Audit Committee shall focus particularly on: (i) any changes in accounting policies and practices; (ii) major judgmental areas; (iii) significant adjustments resulting from audit; (iv) the going concern assumptions and any qualifications; (v) compliance with accounting standards; and (vi) compliance with any requirements from the Stock Exchange and other legal requirements in relation to financial reporting; and
- (g) in respect of (f) above: (i) liaising with the Board and the senior management; (ii) meeting, at least once a year, with the Company's auditors; and (iii) considering any significant or unusual items that are, or may need to be, reflected in such financial statements, reports and accounts and giving due consideration to any matters that have been raised by the Group's staff responsible for the accounting and financial reporting function, compliance officer or auditors;

Oversight of the Group's financial reporting system and internal control procedures

- reviewing the Group's financial controls, internal control and risk management systems;
- discussing with the management of the Group any matters in relation to the Company's internal control system and ensuring that the senior management has discharged its duties in establishing and maintaining an effective internal control system including adequacy of resources, qualifications and experience of staff of the Group's accounting and financial reporting function, compliance officer or auditors;
- considering any findings of major investigations of internal control matters as delegated by the Board or on its own initiative and the response of the senior management;



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- (k) 如有內部審核功能,確保內部與外部核數 (k) 師之間的有效協調,及確保內部審核職能 有足夠資源及在本集團內有適當地位,並 審核及監查內部審核職能是否有效;
- () 審閱本集團的財務及會計政策及常規;

(I)

(r)

- (m) 審閱外部核數師的管理改善報告書,核數 (m) 師就會計紀錄、財務賬目或監控系統向高 級管理層所提出的任何重大疑問及高級管 理層的回應等;
- (n) 確保董事會對外部核數師在管理改善報告 (n) 書內所提出的問題作出及時回應;
- (o) 就該等職權範圍所載的事宜向董事會匯 (o) 報;
- (p) 審閱有關安排,據此本集團僱員可就財務 申報、內部監控或其他事宜中可能出現的 不適當地方秘密提出疑問,並確保有適當 的安排,以供對該等事宜進行公平及獨立 的調查及進行適當的跟進行動;
- (q) 擔當監察本集團與外部核數師關係的主要 (q)代表:及
- (r) 審議董事會可能界定的其他議題。

- where an internal audit function exists, ensuring co-ordination between the internal and external auditors, ensuring that the internal audit function is adequately resourced and has appropriate standing within the Group, and reviewing and monitoring the effectiveness of the internal audit function;
- reviewing the Group's financial and accounting policies and practices;
- reviewing the external auditor's management letter, any material queries raised by the auditor to the senior management in respect of the accounting records, financial accounts or systems of control and the response of the senior management;
 - ensuring that the Board will provide a timely response to the issues raised in the external auditor's management letter;
- reporting to the Board on the matters set out in these terms;
- (p) reviewing arrangements by which employees of the Group may, in confidence, raise concerns about possible improprieties in financial reporting, internal control or other matters and ensuring that proper arrangements are in place for the fair and independent investigation of such matters and for appropriate follow-up action;
 - acting as the key representative body for overseeing the Group's relationship with the external auditor; and
 - considering any other topics, as defined by the Board.



年內審核委員會舉行了兩次會議以批准本公司截 至二零零九年十二月三十一日止年度及截至二零 一零年六月三十日止六個月期間的財務報表。年 內,董事會就本公司及其附屬公司的內部監控系 統的有效性進行檢討,其中包涵所有重大財務、 營運及法規監控及風險管理職能。本公司已舉行 審核委員會會議,以檢討本公司內部審核部門呈 交的內部監控報告及獨立核數師呈交的內部弱點 報告,並滿意有關系統為有效且適當。該等會議 的出席情況如下: Two meetings of the Audit Committee were held during the year to approve the financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2009 and for the six months period ended 30 June 2010. During the year, the Board conducted a review of the effectiveness of the system of internal control of the Company and its subsidiaries covering all material financial, operational and compliance controls and risk management functions. An Audit Committee meeting was held to review this internal control report submitted by the Internal Audit Department of the Company and the internal weakness report submitted by the independent auditor, and was satisfied that such systems are effective and adequate. The attendances of these meetings are as follows:

		會議	合計
		Meeting	Total
林智遠	LAM Chi Yuen	2	2
葉澍堃	IP Shu Kwan Stephen	2	2
徐永模	XU Yongmo	1	1
曾學敏	ZENG Xuemin	2	2

薪酬委員會

薪酬委員會由三名獨立非執行董事(葉澍堃先生、 曾學敏女士及林智遠先生)及兩名執行董事(周龍 山先生及劉忠國先生)組成,並由曾學敏女士擔任 主席。薪酬委員會的職責如下:

- (a) 就本公司所有董事及高級管理層的薪酬政策及架構向董事會提供建議,及就該等薪酬政策的制訂建立正式及具透明度的程序;
- (b) 負責釐定所有執行董事及高級管理層的特 (b) 定薪酬福利,及就非執行董事的薪酬向董 事會提供建議。薪酬委員會所考慮的因素 包括可比較的公司所支付的薪金、董事及 高級管理層所能投入的時間及職責,本集 團內薪酬水平及與表現掛鈎薪酬的可行 性;

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

The Remuneration Committee comprises three independent nonexecutive Directors, Mr. IP Shu Kwan, Stephen, Madam ZENG Xuemin and Mr. LAM Chi Yuen, and two executive Directors, Mr. ZHOU Longshan and Mr. LAU Chung Kwok Robert, and is chaired by Madam ZENG Xuemin. The duties of the Remuneration Committee are as follows:

- (a) making recommendations to the Board on the Company's policy and structure for all remuneration of the Directors and the senior management and on the establishment of a formal and transparent procedure for developing such remuneration policy;
 - being responsible for determining the specific remuneration packages of all executive Directors and the senior management and to make recommendations to the Board of the remuneration of non-executive Directors. The Remuneration Committee shall consider factors such as salaries paid by comparable companies, time commitment and responsibilities of the Directors and the senior management, remuneration levels within the Group and desirability of performance-based remuneration packages;

(c) 參考董事會不時議決的企業目標及宗旨, 審核及批准本集團提供的任何按表現釐定 的酬金;

(c)

- (d) 就任何喪失或終止職務或聘任,審閱及批 (d) 准應付執行董事及高級管理層的賠償,以 確保該等賠償乃按有關合約條款釐定,及 該等賠償乃屬公平合理及對本公司而言並 非超額支付;
- (e) 審閱及批准董事因不當行為而被免職或罷 (e) 免的賠償安排,以確保該等安排按有關合約條款釐定,及任何賠償付款均屬合理及適當;
- (f) 確保概無任何董事或其任何聯繫人參與決 (f) 定其本身薪酬;
- (g) 就根據上市規則須獲股東批准的任何董事 (g) 服務合約向股東建議如何投票;及
- (h) 審閱本集團有關補回董事及高級管理層開 支的政策。

於履行其職權範圍內的職責時,薪酬委員會應:

- (a) 就有關執行董事薪酬的建議,諮詢董事會
 主席及/或行政總裁的意見,及如認為必要可聽取專業意見;
- (b) 提供吸引、挽留及激勵執行董事所需水平的薪酬福利,惟應避免為此支付過多的酬金;
- (c) 判斷相對其他公司而言本集團的薪酬水平 (c) 狀況。彼等應知悉可比較的公司目前薪金 水平並應考慮相關表現;

- reviewing and approving any performance-based remuneration offered by the Group with reference to corporate goals and objectives resolved by the Board from time to time;
- reviewing and approving the compensation payable to the executive Directors and the senior management in connection with any loss or termination of their office or appointment in order to ensure that such compensation is determined in accordance with the relevant contractual terms and that such compensation is otherwise fair and not excessive for the Company;
- reviewing and approving compensation arrangements relating to dismissal or removal of Directors for misconduct in order to ensure that such arrangements are determined in accordance with relevant contractual terms and that any compensation payment is otherwise reasonable and appropriate;
 - ensuring that no Director or any of his associates is involved in deciding his own remuneration;
- advising the shareholders on how to vote with respect to any service contracts of the Directors that require shareholders' approval under the Listing Rules; and
- (h) reviewing the Group's policy on expense reimbursements for the Directors and the senior management.

In carrying out its duties under these terms of reference, the Remuneration Committee should:

- (a) consult the chairman of the Board and/or the chief executive officer about their proposals relating to the remuneration of the executive Directors and have access to professional advice if considered necessary;
- (b) provide the packages needed to attract, retain and motivate executive Directors of the quality required, but avoid paying more than is necessary for this purpose;
 - judge where to position the Group relative to other companies. They should be aware what comparable companies are paying and should take account of relative performance;



be sensitive to the wider scene, including pay and employment

conditions within the Group and elsewhere, especially when

ensure that the performance-related elements of remuneration

form a significant proportion of the total remuneration package

of executive Directors and are designed to align their interests

with those of shareholders and to give the Directors incentives to

ensure that share options offered by the Company to its Directors

or senior management (if any) are in accordance with Chapter 17

determining annual salary increases;

perform at the highest levels; and

of the Listing Rules, as applicable.

- (d) 維持更廣潤的敏感度,包括本集團及其他 (d) 公司內的薪金及僱用條件,特別是釐定年 度薪金上調決定時;
- (e) 確保薪酬的績效相關部份為構成執行董事 (e)
 薪酬福利的主要部份,並使彼等的利益與
 該等股東一致,激勵董事以最高水平發揮
 所長;及
- (f) 確保本公司向其董事或高級管理層提供的 (f) 購股權計劃(如有)乃遵照上市規則第17 章(如適用)進行。

薪酬委員會應:

The Remuneration Committee shall:

- (a) 管理適用於本公司的股份激勵計劃或其他 (a) 獎勵計劃(如有),並就股東大會上將向董事及/或高級管理層授出獎勵提供建議。薪酬委員會應就任何授予僱員的總數額 (董事會酌情釐定授予個人的具體獎勵)向董事會提供建議,並修訂該等計劃的條款 (受有關修訂的計劃條文的規限);
- (b) 與本公司為僱員、高級管理層或董事的利 (b) 益而設立的任何僱員購股計劃的受託人進 行聯絡;
- (c) 不時審閱執行董事服務合約的條款;及 (c)
- (d) 就編製董事會致股東的薪酬報告(如有) (d) 向董事會提供建議。

- operate the Company's share award schemes or other incentives schemes (if any) as they apply to, and recommend to the general meeting of shareholders grants of awards to be made to Directors and/or senior management. It shall recommend to the Board the total aggregate amount of any grants to employees (with the specific grants to individuals to be at the discretion of the Board) and make amendments to the terms of such schemes (subject to the provisions of the schemes relating to amendment);
- liaise with the trustee of any employee share scheme which is created by the Company for the benefit of employees, senior management or Directors;
- review the terms of executive Directors' service contracts from time to time; and
- advise the Board in relation to the preparation of the Board's remuneration report (if any) to shareholders.

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二零一零年期間,薪酬委員會以傳閱書面決議案 方式舉行兩次會議以批准於本年度加薪及向執行 董事及高級管理人員支付酌情花紅。該等會議的 出席情況如下: During 2010, two meetings were held by way of circulation of written resolutions of the Remuneration Committee to approve the increase in salaries and payment of discretionary bonus to executive Directors and senior management during the year. The attendances of these meetings are as follows:

		書面決議案	合計
		Written	
		Resolution	Total
曾學敏	ZENG Xuemin	2	2
葉澍堃	IP Shu Kwan Stephen	2	2
林智遠	LAM Chi Yuen	2	2
周龍山	ZHOU Longshan	2	2
劉忠國	LAU Chung Kwok Robert	2	2

提名委員會

提名委員會由三名獨立非執行董事(葉澍堃先生、 曾學敏女士及林智遠先生)以及一名執行董事(周 俊卿女士)組成,由葉澍堃先生擔任主席。提名委 員會的職責如下:

- (a) 定期審閲董事會所規定的架構、人數及組 成(包括專長、知識及經驗)及就任何變動 向董事會提供建議;
- (b) 對董事日常工作的繼任計劃作出全面考慮,包括本公司所面臨的挑戰及機會,以及董事會未來所需的技能和專門知識;
- (c) 物色合資格成為董事的人選,並就董事提 (c) 名選擇向董事會作出挑選或提供建議;

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

The Nomination Committee comprises three independent non-executive Directors, Mr. IP Shu Kwan Stephen, Madam ZENG Xuemin and Mr. LAM Chi Yuen, and one executive Director, Madam ZHOU Junqing, and is chaired by Mr. IP Shu Kwan Stephen. The duties of the Nomination Committee are as follows:

- regularly reviewing the structure, size and composition (including the skills, knowledge and experience) required of the Board and making recommendations to the Board with regard to any changes;
- (b) giving full consideration to succession planning for Directors in the course of its work, taking into account the challenges and opportunities facing the Company and what skills and expertise are therefore needed on the Board in the future;
 - identifying individuals suitably qualified to become Directors and selecting or making recommendations to the Board on the selection of individuals nominated for directorship;



評估獨立非執行董事的獨立性; (d)

(d)

- 在董事會作出委任前,評估董事會的技 (e) (e) 能、知識和經驗的均衡性,並參考該等評 估而編製一份説明符合成為該特定委任 人所需的職責和能力。於物色合適候選人 時,提名委員會須:
 - (i) 使用公共廣告或外部顧問服務幫 助物色安排;
 - (ii) 考慮不同背景的候選人;及
 - 按才能而非主觀判斷考慮候選人, (iii) 並確保獲委任人十擁有充裕時間 為該職位服務;
- (f) 不時審閱組織的領導(執行及非執行)需 (f) 求,確保組織在市場上具備有效競爭的可 持續能力;
- (q) 隋時更新及完全了解影響本公司及其經營 (q) 所在市場的策略性問題及商業動向;
- 每年審閱非執行董事需投入的時間。應用 (h) (h) 表現評估以評測非執行董事是否有投入足 夠時間履行其職責;及
- 確保在委任入董事會前,非執行董事獲得 (i) (i) 正式委任書,當中清楚地註明對彼等在時 間承擔、委員會服務及董事會會議以外所 涉及的事宜的期望。

提名委員會亦須就以下事項向董事會提供建議:

- (a) 制訂執行及非執行董事的繼任計劃;
- 獨立非執行董事職位的合適候選人; (b)

- assessing the independence of independent non-executive Directors;
- before appointments are made by the Board, evaluating the balance of skills, knowledge and experience on the Board, and, in the light of this evaluation preparing a description of the role and capabilities required for a particular appointment. In identifying suitable candidates, the Nomination Committee shall:
 - (i) use open advertising or the services of external advisers to facilitate the search;
 - (ii) consider candidates from a wide range of backgrounds; and
 - (iii) consider candidates on merit and against objective criteria, taking care that appointees have enough time available to devote to the position;

keeping under review the leadership needs of the organisation, both executive and non-executive, with a view to ensuring the continued ability of the organisation to compete effectively in the marketplace;

- keeping up to date and fully informed about strategic issues and commercial changes affecting the company and the market in which it operates;
- reviewing annually the time required from non-executive Directors. Performance evaluations should be used to assess whether the non-executive Directors are spending enough time in fulfilling their duties; and
- ensuring that on appointment to the Board, non-executive Directors receive a formal letter of appointment setting out clearly what is expected of them in terms of time commitment, committee service and involvement outside board meetings.

The Nomination Committee shall also make recommendation to the Board concerning:

- formulating plans for succession for both executive and non-(a) executive Directors:
- suitable candidates for the role of independent non-executive (b) Directors;



- (c) 經諮詢審核及薪酬委員會主席後,釐定該 (c) 等委員會的成員資格;
- (d) 考慮到彼等的表現及繼續為董事會服務的 (d) 能力,並鑑於彼等具備所需的知識、技能 和經驗,任何非執行董事在指定任期結束 後可能獲重新委任;
- (e) 延續(或終止)任何年屆70歲董事的服務 (e) 合約;
- (f) 在法律條文及彼等服務合約的規限下,任 何有關任何董事於任何時間的延任事宜, 包括暫停或終止執行董事(作為本公司僱 員)職務;及
- (g) 委任任何董事擔任行政人員或其他職位 (主席及行政總裁除外),有關建議將在全 體董事會會議上予以考慮。

二零一零年期間,提名委員會共舉行兩次會議(包括以傳閱書面決議案方式舉行的一次會議),會上,徐永模先生及石禮謙先生獲委任為獨立非執行董事,分別自二零一零年七月一日及二零一一年一月一日生效。會議出席情況如下:

membership of the Company's audit and Remuneration committees, in consultation with the chairmen of those committees;

the re-appointment of any non-executive Director at the conclusion of their specified term of office having given due regard to their performance and ability to continue to contribute to the Board in the light of the knowledge, skills and experience required;

the continuation (or not) in service of any Director who has reached the age of 70;

any matters relating to the continuation in office of any Director at any time including the suspension or termination of service of an executive Director as an employee of the company subject to the provisions of the law and their service contract; and

(g) the appointment of any Director to executive or other office, other than to the positions of chairman and chief executive, the recommendation for which would be considered at a meeting of the full board.

During 2010, two meetings (including one meeting by way of circulation of written resolution) of the Nomination Committee were held at which Mr. XU Yongmo and Mr. SHEK Lai Him Abraham have been appointed as independent non-executive Director with effect from 1 July 2010 and 1 January 2011 respectively. The attendances of these meetings are as follows:

		會議	書面決議案 Written	合計
		Meeting	Resolution	Total
葉澍堃	IP Shu Kwan Stephen	1	1	2
曾學敏	ZENG Xuemin	1	1	2
林智遠	LAM Chi Yuen	1	1	2
周俊卿	ZHOU Junqing	1	1	2

(f)



問責性與審核

財務報告

董事確認其有責任為本公司編製年報及財務報 表,以確保此等財務報表能根據香港財務報告準 則真實而公平地呈列資料。核數師就彼等的申報 青仟而作出的聲明載於第88至89頁的獨立核數師 報告。

ACCOUNTABILITY AND AUDIT

Financial Reporting

The Directors acknowledge their responsibility for the preparation of the Annual Report and financial statements of the Company to ensure that these financial statements give a true and fair presentation in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards. The statement by the auditor about their reporting responsibilities is set out in the Independent Auditor's Report on pages 88 to 89.

Independent Auditor

The Audit Committee reviews and monitors the independent auditor's independence and objectivity and effectiveness of the audit process. It receives each year the letter from the independent auditor confirming their independence and objectivity and holds meetings with representatives of the independent auditor to consider the scope of its audit, approve its fees, and the scope and appropriateness of non-audit services, if any, to be provided by it. The Audit Committee also makes recommendations to the Board on the appointment and retention of the independent auditor.

The Group's policy regarding the engagement of Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu for the various services listed below is as follows:

- Audit services include audit services provided in connection with the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the Company and the financial statements of the individual subsidiaries. All such services are to be provided by independent auditor.
- Audit related services include services that would normally be provided by an independent auditor but not generally included in audit fees, for example, due diligence and accounting advice relating to mergers and acquisitions and internal control reviews of systems and/or processes. The independent auditor is to be invited to undertake those services that it must or is best placed to undertake in their capacity as auditor.
- Taxation related services include all tax compliance and tax planning services, except for those services which are provided in connection with the audit. The Group uses the services of the independent auditor where it is best suited. All other significant taxation related work is undertaken by other parties as appropriate.

獨立核數師

審核委員會審閱及監測獨立核數師的獨立性以及 審核程序的客觀性及有效性。審核委員會每年接 獲獨立核數師函件,確認其獨立性及客觀性,並 與獨立核數師的代表舉行會議以考慮將由其提供 的審核範圍、審批其收取的費用以及非審核服務 (如有)的範圍及適當性。審核委員會亦就獨立核 數師的委任及留任向董事會提供建議。

本集團就委聘德勤•關黃陳方會計師行提供下文 所述各類服務的政策如下:

- 審核服務一包括與審核本公司綜合財務報 表及個別附屬公司財務報表有關的審核 服務,所有有關服務均須由獨立核數師提 供。
- 與審核有關的服務一包括普遍由獨立核數 師提供,但一般不包括在審核費用內的服 務,例如,與併購活動有關的盡職審查及 會計意見及對制度及/或程序進行內部監 控審查。本集團將邀請獨立核數師提供其 作為核數師必須或最能勝任的服務。
- 與税務有關的服務一包括所有税務遵規及 税務規劃服務,但不包括與審核有關的服 務。本集團委聘獨立核數師提供其最勝任 的服務,而所有其他重要的税務相關工作 則由其他適當人士負責。



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- 其他服務-包括例如風險管理分析及評估,以及不涉及財務制度的諮詢服務等。 獨立核數師亦獲准協助管理層及本集團內 部核數師就疑似違規事項進行內部調查及 實情調查。該等服務須由審核委員會特別 批准,方可進行。
- 一般諮詢服務一外聘核數師不符合資格提供一般諮詢服務。

德勤•關黃陳方會計師行及其他獨立核數師的費 用分析載於綜合財務報表附註8。截至二零一零 年十二月三十一日止年度,就審核服務及非審核 服務而支付予德勤•關黃陳方會計師行的費用及 支出分別為2,600,000港元及2,600,000港元。

內部監控及風險管理

董事會全權負責本集團的內部監控系統以及風險 評估與管理。為履行其職責,董事會力求提升本 集團旗下各業務單位的風險意識,並透過制訂政 策和程序,包括界定授權的基準,藉以建立一個 有助確立與管理風險的架構。董事會亦審閱及監 察內部監控系統的成效,以確保所設立的政策及 程序為足夠的。

匯報與審閱工作包括由執行董事與董事會審批的 區域管理層提交的詳盡營運與財務報告、預算和 業務計劃:由董事會對照預算案以審核實際業績; 由審核委員會審閱本集團的內部審核及風險管理 職能所持續進行的工作:以及由執行董事定期進 行的業務回顧。

儘管上述程序旨在確定與管理可能對本集團在實 現其業務目標時存有不利影響的風險,但並不能 保證絕對不會出現重大失實陳述、錯誤、損失或 詐騙。

- Other services include, for example, risk management diagnostics and assessments, and non-financial systems consultations. The independent auditor is also permitted to assist management and the Group's internal auditor with internal investigations and fact-finding into alleged improprieties. These services are subject to specific approval by the Audit Committee.
- General consulting services the external auditor is not eligible to provide services involving general consulting work.

An analysis of the fees of Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu and other independent auditor is shown in Note 8 to the consolidated financial statements. In the year ended 31 December 2010, the fees and disbursements paid to Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu for audit services and those for non-audit services amounted to HK\$2.6 million and HK\$2.6 million respectively.

INTERNAL CONTROL AND RISK MANAGEMENT

The Board has overall responsibility for the Group's system of internal control and assessment and management of risks. In meeting its responsibility, the Board seeks to increase risk awareness across the Group's business operations and has put in place policies and procedures, including parameters of delegated authority, which provide a framework for the identification and management of risks. It also reviews and monitors the effectiveness of the systems of internal control to ensure that the policies and procedures in place are adequate.

Reporting and review activities include review by the executive Directors and the Board and approval of detailed operational and financial reports, budgets and plans provided by the regional management, review by the Board of actual results against the budgets, review by the Audit Committee of the ongoing work of the Group's internal audit function and risk management function, as well as regular business reviews by the executive Directors.

Whilst these procedures are designed to identify and manage risks that could adversely impact the achievement of the Group's business objectives, they do not provide absolute assurance against material misstatement, errors, losses or fraud.

內部監控環境

Internal Control Environment

董事會負責監察本集團旗下業務的整體運作。本 集團的內部監控程序包括一個全面的報告系統, 以向執行董事匯報資料。業務計劃與預算案由區 域管理層按年編製,並須經執行董事審批,作為本 集團三年企業計劃週期的一部分。本集團在每月 均會修訂本年度的業務預測,並與原來的預算案 作出比較及重新審批。在編製預算案與作出預測 時,管理層將確定、評估與匯報業務蒙受重大風 險的可能性與其潛在的財務影響。執行董事審閱 涵蓋每項業務的財務業績與主要營運統計數字的 月度管理報告,並且每月與行政管理隊伍舉行會 議,以審閱此等報告、業務表現與預算案的比較、 業務預測、重大業務風險的敏感因素與策略。

本集團為其附屬公司的運作維持集中性現金管理 系統。財務總監已為開支的批准與控制訂立指引 與程序。營業支出均須根據整體預算案作出監管, 並由各個業務單位按各行政人員及主任的職責輕 重相對的審批水平進行內部監控。資本性支出須 按照已審批的年度預算案及批核程序進行全面監 控,而未列入預算案的開支則須於承諾撥出之前 由執行董事作出更具體的監管與批准。

內部審核部門負責評估集團內部監控系統,就系 統提供不偏不倚的意見,並將其評估結果向審核 委員會、主席與高級管理層匯報,同時負責跟進 所有報告,以確保所有問題已獲得圓滿解決。此 外,內部審核部門還會與本集團的外部核數師定 期溝通,讓雙方了解可能影響其相關工作範圍的 重大因素。視乎個別業務單位的業務性質與承受 的風險,內部審核職能的工作範圍包括財務與營 運審閱、經常性與突擊性審核、詐騙調查,以及生 產力效率審核等。

集團風險管理

本集團已制定董事及高級職員責任保險,以保障 本集團的董事及高級職員不會負上潛在的法律責 任。 The Board is responsible for monitoring the overall operations of the businesses within the Group. The Group's internal control procedures include a comprehensive system for reporting information to the executive Directors. Business plans and budgets are prepared annually by the regional management and subject to review and approval by the executive Directors as part of the Group's three-year corporate planning cycle. Forecasts for the current year are prepared on a monthly basis, reviewed for variances to the budget and for approval. When setting budgets and forecasts, management identifies, evaluates and reports on the likelihood and potential financial impact of significant business risks. The executive Directors review the monthly management reports on the financial results and key operating statistics of each business and hold monthly meetings with the executive management team to review these reports, business performance against budgets, forecasts, significant business risk sensitivities and strategies.

The Group maintains a centralised cash management system for its subsidiaries' operations. The Chief Financial Officer has established guidelines and procedures for the approval and control of expenditures. Operating expenses are subject to overall budget control and are controlled within each business with approval levels set by reference to the level of responsibility of each executive and officer. Capital expenditures are subject to overall control within the annual budget review and approval process, and more specific control and approval prior to commitment by the executive Directors are required for unbudgeted expenditures.

Internal audit is responsible for assessing the Group's internal control system, formulating an impartial opinion on the system, and reporting its findings to the Audit Committee, the Chairman and the senior management concerned as well as following up on all reports to ensure that all issues have been satisfactorily resolved. In addition, a regular dialogue is maintained with the Group's external auditor so that both are aware of the significant factors which may affect their respective scope of work. Depending on the nature of business and risk exposure of individual business units, the scope of work performed by the internal audit function includes financial and operations reviews, recurring and surprise audits, fraud investigations and productivity efficiency reviews.

Group Risk Management

Directors and Officers Liability Insurance is in place to protect Directors and officers of the Group against their potential legal liabilities.

獨立核數師報告 INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT



致: 華潤水泥控股有限公司 列位股東

(於開曼群島註冊成立的有限公司)

吾等已審核載列於第90頁至第203頁的華潤水泥控 股有限公司(「貴公司」)及其附屬公司(統稱「貴 集團」)的綜合財務報表,此綜合財務報表包括於 二零一零年十二月三十一日的綜合財務狀況表, 及截至該日止年度的綜合全面收益表、綜合權益 變動表及綜合現金流量表,以及主要會計政策概 要及其他解釋資料。

董事就綜合財務報表須承擔的責任

貴公司董事須負責根據香港會計師公會頒佈的香 港財務報告準則及香港公司條例的披露規定編製 真實及公平的綜合財務報表,以及對董事釐定的 就編製不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致重大錯誤陳 述的綜合財務報表而言屬必要的有關內部控制負 責。

TO THE MEMBERS OF CHINA RESOURCES CEMENT HOLDINGS LIMITED

(incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of China Resources Cement Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") set out on pages 90 to 203, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2010, and the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Directors' Responsibility for the Consolidated Financial Statements

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

核數師的責任

吾等的責任乃根據吾等的審核對該等綜合財務報 表作出意見,並根據吾等協定的委聘條款,僅向 股東(作為一個團體)報告,除此以外,本報告不 可用作其他用途。吾等不對任何其他人士就本報 告內容承擔或負上任何責任。吾等乃按照香港會 計師公會頒佈的香港審計準則進行審核工作。該 等準則規定,吾等須按照道德操守規範規劃及進 行審核工作,以合理確定綜合財務報表是否不存 在任何重大錯誤陳述。

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit and to report our opinion solely to you, as a body, in accordance with our agreed terms of engagement and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

審核涉及執行程序以獲取綜合財務報表所載金額 及披露事項的審核憑證。所選用的程序取決於核 數師的判斷,包括評估由於欺詐或錯誤導致綜合 財務報表存在重大錯誤陳述的風險。於作出該等 風險評估時,核數師會考慮與該公司編製真實與 公平呈列的綜合財務報表相關的內部監控,以設 計在有關情況下屬適當的審核程序,但並非就該 公司的內部監控成效發表意見。審核亦包括評價 董事所採用的會計政策的適當性及所作出的會計 估計的合理性,以及評價綜合財務報表的整體呈 報方式。

吾等相信,吾等已取得充足且適當的審核憑證, 為吾等的審核意見提供基礎。

意見

吾等認為,該等綜合財務報表乃根據香港財務報 告準則真實與公平地反映 貴集團於二零一零年 十二月三十一日的事務狀況及 貴集團截至該日 止年度的盈利及現金流量,並已按照香港公司條 例的披露規定妥為編製。 An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group as at 31 December 2010 and of the Group's profit and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards and have been properly prepared in accordance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

德勤●關黃陳方會計師行 執業會計師

香港 二零一一年三月四日

Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu *Certified Public Accountants*

Certified Public Accountants

Hong Kong 4 March 2011

综合全面收益表 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

		附註 NOTES	二零一零年 千港元 2010 HK \$' 000	二零零九年 千港元 2009 HK \$ '000
營業額 銷售成本	Turnover Cost of sales	5	14,141,537 (9,678,190)	6,906,925 (4,864,817)
毛利	Gross profit		4,463,347	2,042,108
其他收入 出售一家附屬公司	Other income Gain on disposal of a subsidiary	6	219,646	76,845
所得收益 投資物業公平價值變動	Change in fair value of	39	-	22,399
銷售及分銷費用	an investment property Selling and distribution expenses	17	18,000 (989,731)	(1,000) (474,446)
一般及行政費用 財務費用 應佔聯營公司業績	General and administrative expenses Finance costs Share of results of associates	7	(1,211,650) (268,042) (188)	(469,537) (149,059) 6,822
除税前盈利	Profit before taxation	8	2,231,382	1,054,132
税項	Taxation	11	(97,537)	(26,807)
年度盈利	Profit for the year		2,133,845	1,027,325
其他全面收入 換算外幣業務 所產生的匯兑差額	Other comprehensive income Exchange differences arising on translation of foreign operations		491,954	(625)
年度其他全面收入	Other comprehensive income for the year		491,954	(625)
年度全面收入總額	Total comprehensive income for the year		2,625,799	1,026,700
年度以下人士應佔盈利: 本公司擁有人 非控股權益	Profit for the year attributable to: Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests		2,040,833 93,012	1,010,176 17,149
			2,133,845	1,027,325
以下人士應佔全面收入 總額:	Total comprehensive income attributable to:			
本公司擁有人 非控股權益	Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests		2,512,337 113,462	1,009,342 17,358
			2,625,799	1,026,700
每股基本盈利	Basic earnings per share	14	HK\$0.313 港元	HK\$0.400港元



綜合財務狀況表

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

At 31 December 2010 於二零一零年十二月三十一日

固定資產 Fixed assets 15 21,862,718 14,264,055 預付租貢款項 Prepaid lease payments 16 1,631,597 443,284 投資物業 Investment property 17 52,000 34,000 点形資產 Intangible assets 18 632,639 347,612 於聯營公司的權益 Interests in associates 20 20,142 8,511 於共同控制實體的權益 Interests in jointly controlled entities 21 894,669 - 購買固定資產訂金 Deposits for acquisition of 14,34,851 645,755 透延税項資產 Deferred tax assets 22 106,483 22,421 長期應收款項 Long term receivables 23 336,284 264,842 空傷男子 Inventories 24 1,182,024 602,380 應收其同控制 Amounts due from 373 20,991 264,799 實體款項 jointly controlled entities 26 345,901 - 可或現項 Taxaton recoverable 373 20,991 20 429,348 現金及銀行論該 Z7 9,220				二零一零年	二零零九年
NOTES HKS'000 HKS'000 非Ks102 Fixed assets 15 21,862,718 14,264,055 預付租賃款项 Prepaid lease payments 16 1,631,597 443,284 投資物業 Investment property 17 52,000 34,000 無形資產 Intangible assets 18 632,639 347,612 於裝鬱營公司的確益 Interests in associates 20 20,142 8,511 於共同控制實體的権益 Interests in associates 20 20,142 8,511 防運度資產訂金 Deposits for acquisition of 1,434,851 645,755 減延税項資產 Deferred tax assets 22 106,483 22,421 長期應收款項 Long term receivables 23 336,284 264,842 定後項易應款 Trade receivables 1,182,024 602,833 16,030,480 應收貿易賬款 Trade receivables 1,221,782 624,799 應收貿易賬款 Trade receivables 1,221,782 624,799 原水目回 jointly controlled entities 26 345,901 - 可是就項			附註	千港元	千港元
非流動資産 Non-current assets 固定資産 Fixed assets 15 21,862,718 14,264,055 預付租賃款項 Prepaid lease payments 16 1,631,597 443,284 投資物業 Investment property 17 52,000 34,000 無形資産 Intangible assets 18 632,639 347,612 於聯營公司的權益 Interests in associates 20 20,142 8,511 が共同控制賞體的確益 Interests in associates 20 20,142 8,511 が共同控制賞體的確益 Interests in jointly controlled entities 21 894,669 - 購買加定資產訂金 Deposits for acquisition of 16 1643,755 遞延税項資產 Deferred tax assets 22 106,483 22,421 長期應收 Long term receivables 23 336,284 264,842 定修算易購款 Inventories 24 1,182,024 602,380 應收收見同控制 Amounts due from 1221,782 624,799 應收集同控制 Amounts due from 373 20,991 可量規定業が項 <td< th=""><th></th><th></th><th></th><th>2010</th><th>2009</th></td<>				2010	2009
固定資產 Fixed assets 15 21,862,718 14,264,055 預付租貢款項 Prepaid lease payments 16 1,631,597 443,284 投資物案 Investment property 17 52,000 34,000 点形資產 Intangible assets 18 632,639 347,612 於聯營公司的權益 Interests in associates 20 20,142 8,511 於共同控制實體的權益 Interests in jointly controlled entities 21 894,669 - 備買固定資產訂金 Deposits for acquisition of 14,34,851 645,755 52.2 106,483 22,421 長期應收款項 Long term receivables 23 336,284 264,842 定長971,383 16,030,480 333 22,421 長期應收款可 Long term receivables 25 1,484,851 642,739 加速收共同控制 Amounts due from 1,221,782 624,799 変化現有 Tacte receivables 27 9,220 429,348 現金及銀行結終 Cash and bank balances 26 345,901 - 雪腊歌項 jointly controlled enti			NOTES	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
預付租賃款項 Prepaid lease payments 16 1,631,597 443,284 投資物案 Investment property 17 52,000 34,000 無形資產 Intangible assets 18 632,639 347,612 於聯營公司的權益 Interests in associates 20 20,142 8,511 於共同控制質體的權益 Interests in associates 21 894,669 購買固定資產訂金 Deposits for acquisition of 1,434,851 645,755 延延稅項資產 Deferred tax assets 22 106,483 22,421 長期應收款項 Long term receivables 23 336,284 264,842 定6,971,383 16,030,480 32,421 602,380 應收買易賬款 Trade receivables 25 1,481,868 802,833 其他應收買局控制 Amounts due from 373 20,991 可超稅項 Taxation recoverable 373 20,991 可提款項 jointly controlled entities 26 345,901 可退稅項 Taxation recoverable 373 20,991 現金及銀行結約 <td>非流動資產</td> <td>Non-current assets</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	非流動資產	Non-current assets			
投資物業 Investment property 17 52,000 34,000 無形資產 Intangible assets 18 632,639 347,612 於聯督公司的權益 Interests in associates 20 20,142 8,511 於共同控制質體的權益 Interests in jointly controlled entities 21 894,669 - 購買固定資產訂金 Deposits for acquisition of 1 1434,851 645,755 遞近极項資產 Deferred tax assets 22 106,483 22,421 長期應收款項 Long term receivables 23 336,284 264,842 定動資產 Current assets 24 1,182,024 602,380 應收買易應款 Trade receivables 25 1,481,868 802,383 其他應收款項 Other receivables 26 345,901 - 可邊就項 Taxation recoverable 373 20,991 可邊城項 Taxation recoverable 373 20,991 夏爾號項 jointly controlled entities 26 345,901 - 可邊影項項 Taxation recoverable 373 20,91,48 3,2	固定資產	Fixed assets	15	21,862,718	14,264,055
無形資產 Intangible assets 18 632,639 347,612 於聯營公司的權溢 Interests in associates 20 20,142 8,511 於共同控制實體的權益 Interests in jointly controlled entities 21 894,669 - 萬貫固定資產訂金 Deposits for acquisition of 1434,851 645,755 遞延税項資產 Deferred tax assets 22 106,483 22,421 長期應收款項 Long term receivables 23 336,284 264,842 26,971,383 16,030,480 336,284 264,842 26,971,383 16,030,480 流動資產 Current assets 24 1,182,024 602,380 802,833 其他應收貿易應款 Trade receivables 25 1,481,868 802,833 140,808 802,833 其他應收影項 Other receivables 26 345,901 - - 可退稅項 jainty controlled entities 26 345,901 - - 可退稅項 Taxation recoverable 373 20,991 - - - 可見有形 Trade payables	預付租賃款項	Prepaid lease payments	16	1,631,597	443,284
於聯營公司的權益 Interests in associates 之の 我共同控制其體的權益 Interests in jointly controlled entities 27 894,669 - Bequipite Interests in jointly controlled entities 27 894,669 - Bequipite Interests inced assets 1,434,851 645,755 336,284 22,421 長期應收款項 Long term receivables 23 336,284 26,971,383 16,030,480 rewg g mw entories 24 1,182,024 602,380 me wg g me wg g me wg g me wg may and other receivables 25 1,481,868 802,833 其他應 w家項 Other receivables 25 1,481,868 802,833 其他應 w 家項 Other receivables 25 1,481,868 802,833 其他 way anounts due from g g	投資物業	Investment property	17	52,000	34,000
於共同控制實體的權益 購買固定資產訂金 Interests in jointly controlled entities 21 894,669 - 購買固定資產訂金 Deposits for acquisition of fixed assets 1,434,851 645,755 透延税項資產 Deferred tax assets 22 106,483 22,421 長期應收款項 Long term receivables 23 336,284 264,842 26,971,383 16,030,480 26,971,383 16,030,480 流動資產 Current assets 24 1,182,024 602,380 應收貿易賬款 Trade receivables 25 1,481,868 802,333 其他應收款項 Other receivables 1,221,782 624,799 應收貨易賬款 Trade receivables 26 345,901 - 可退稅項 Taxation recoverable 373 20,991 直賀排銀行存款 Pledged bank deposits 27 9,220 429,348 現金及銀行結餘 Current liabilities 28 4,115,340 5,723,061 應付貿易賬款 Trade payables 29 1,836,221 950,590 其他應付款項 Other payables 30 4,051 3,915	無形資產	Intangible assets	18	632,639	347,612
購買固定資產訂金 Deposits for acquisition of fixed assets 1,434,851 645,755 遞延税項資產 Deferred tax assets 22 106,483 22,421 長期應收款項 Long term receivables 23 336,284 226,4842 26,971,383 16,030,480 26,971,383 16,030,480 席勤資產 Current assets 24 1,182,024 602,380 應收貿易賬款 Trade receivables 25 1,481,868 802,833 其他應收款項 Other receivables 26 345,901 - 可退税項 Jointly controlled entities 26 345,901 - 可退税項 Tack receivables 27 9,220 429,348 現金及銀行結鈴 Cash and bank balances 28 4,115,340 5,723,061 處什貿易賬款 Trade payables 29 1,836,221 950,590 其他應付沒易賬款項 Other payables 29 1,836,221 950,590 其他應付沒項 Tack payables 30 4,051 3,915 應付沒項 Tack payables 30 4,051 3,915	於聯營公司的權益	Interests in associates	20	20,142	8,511
fixed assets 1,434,851 645,755 選延税項資產 Deferred tax assets 22 106,483 22,421 長期應收款項 Long term receivables 23 336,284 264,842 26,971,383 16,030,480 流動資產 Current assets 24 1,182,024 602,380 應收貿易賬款 Trade receivables 25 1,481,868 802,833 其他應收款項 Other receivables 1,221,782 624,799 應收貿易賬款 Trade receivables 26 345,901 - 可退税項 jointly controlled entities 26 345,901 - 可退税項 Taxation recoverable 373 20,991 20 實用銀行存款 Pledged bank deposits 27 9,220 429,348 現金及銀行結餘 Cash and bank balances 28 4,115,340 5,723,061 憲計量 Edf貿易賬款 Trade payables 29 1,836,221 950,590 其他應付款項 Other payables 27 9,250 4,933,088 1,140,828 準備 Provisions <td>於共同控制實體的權益</td> <td>Interests in jointly controlled entities</td> <td>21</td> <td>894,669</td> <td>-</td>	於共同控制實體的權益	Interests in jointly controlled entities	21	894,669	-
逓延税項資產 長期應收款項 Deferred tax assets 22 106,483 22,421 長期應收款項 Long term receivables 23 336,284 264,842 26,971,383 16,030,480 流動資產 Current assets 24 1,182,024 602,380 應收貿易賬款 Trade receivables 25 1,481,868 802,833 其他應收款項 Other receivables 1,221,782 624,799 應收其同控制 Amounts due from 1,221,782 624,799 實體款項 jointly controlled entities 26 345,901 - 可退税項 Taxation recoverable 373 20,991 - 回貨稅項 Taxation recoverable 373 20,991 - 回貨稅項 Taxation recoverable 373 20,9348 - 現金及銀行結除 Cash and bank balances 28 4,115,340 5,723,061 應付貿易賬款 Trade payables 29 1,836,221 950,590 其他應付款項 Other payables 4,838,088 1,140,828 準備 Provisions 30 4,	購買固定資產訂金	Deposits for acquisition of			
長期應收款項 Long term receivables 23 336,284 264,842 26,971,383 16,030,480 流動資產 Current assets 74 1,182,024 602,880 腐收貿易賬款 Trade receivables 25 1,481,868 802,833 其他應收款項 Other receivables 25 1,481,868 802,833 實體軟項 Ointly controlled entities 26 345,901 - 可退税項 Taxation recoverable 373 20,991 已質押銀行客款 Pledged bank deposits 27 9,220 429,348 現金及銀行結款 Carrent liabilities 30 4,051 3,915 應付貿勇賬款 Trade payables 29 1,836,221 950,590 其他應付税項 Other pa		fixed assets		1,434,851	645,755
26,971,383 16,030,480 流動資產 Current assets 24 1,182,024 602,380 應收貿易賬款 Trade receivables 25 1,481,868 802,833 其他應收款項 Other receivables 25 1,481,868 802,833 其他應收款項 Other receivables 1,221,782 624,799 應收共同控制 Amounts due from 373 20,991 實體款項 jointly controlled entities 26 345,901 - 可退税項 Taxation recoverable 373 20,991 已質押銀行存款 Pledged bank deposits 27 9,220 429,348 現金及銀行結餘 Cash and bank balances 28 4,115,340 5,723,061 應付貿易賬款 Trade payables 29 1,836,221 950,590 其他應付款項 Other payables 29 1,836,221 950,590 其他應付款項 Taxation payable 52,508 6,556 來自一名非控股股東貸款 Loan from a non-controlling 54,556 6,556 成百貨款一於一年內到期 Bank loans – amount due 31 196,129	遞延税項資產	Deferred tax assets	22	106,483	22,421
流動資産 Current assets 存貨 Inventories 24 1,182,024 602,380 應收貿易賬款 Trade receivables 25 1,481,868 802,833 其他應收款項 Other receivables 1,221,782 624,799 應收共同控制 Amounts due from 1,221,782 624,799 實體款項 jointly controlled entities 26 345,901 - 可退税項 Taxation recoverable 373 20,991 20 已質押銀行存款 Pledged bank deposits 27 9,220 429,348 現金及銀行結餘 Cash and bank balances 28 4,115,340 5,723,061 應付貿易賬款 Trade payables 29 1,836,508 8,203,412 流動負債 Current liabilities 6 5 5 應付貿易賬款 Trade payables 29 1,836,221 950,590 其他應付款項 Other payables 30 4,051 3,915 應付稅項 Taxation payable 52,508 6,556 來自一名非控股股東貸款 Loan from a non-controlling shareholder 31	長期應收款項	Long term receivables	23	336,284	264,842
存貨 Inventories 24 1,182,024 602,380 應收貿易賬款 Trade receivables 25 1,481,868 802,833 其他應收款項 Other receivables 1,221,782 624,799 應收共同控制 Amounts due from 7 624,799 應收共同控制 Amounts due from 373 20,991 可退税項 Taxation recoverable 373 20,991 已質押銀行存款 Pledged bank deposits 27 9,220 429,348 現金及銀行結餘 Cash and bank balances 28 4,115,340 5,723,061 8,356,508 8,203,412 流動負債 Current liabilities 29 1,836,221 950,590 其他應付款項 Other payables 29 1,836,221 950,590 其他應付我項 Taxation payable 52,508 6,555 來自一名非控股股東貸款 Loan from a non-controlling 52,508 6,556 來自一名非控股股東貸款 Loan from a non-controlling 5,201,111 1,886,789 5,201,111 流動(負債)資產产淨值 Net current (liabilities) assets 32 4,959,792 3,092,222 〔1,111 (3,530,281) <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>26,971,383</td> <td>16,030,480</td>				26,971,383	16,030,480
應收貿易賬款 Trade receivables 25 1,481,868 802,833 其他應收款項 Other receivables 1,221,782 624,799 應收共同控制 Amounts due from 7 320,991 可退税項 Taxation recoverable 373 20,991 已質押銀行存款 Pledged bank deposits 27 9,220 429,348 現金及銀行結餘 Cash and bank balances 28 4,115,340 5,723,061 應付貿易賬款 Trade payables 29 1,836,508 8,203,412 流動負債 Current liabilities 8 5,723,061 8,356,508 8,203,412 流動負債 Current liabilities 8 8,356,508 8,203,412 流動負債 Current liabilities 9 1,836,221 950,590 其他應付款項 Other payables 29 1,836,221 950,590 其他應付款項 Other payables 30 4,051 3,915 應付税項 Taxation payable 52,508 6,556 來自一名非控股股東質款 Loan from a non-controlling shareholder 31 196,129 - <td>流動資產</td> <td>Current assets</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	流動資產	Current assets			
其他應收款項 應收共同控制 實體款項 可退稅項 可調求 jointly controlled entities 實體款項 可基稅項 可素axation recoverable1,221,782 (242,799)高調稅項 可選稅項 	存貨	Inventories	24	1,182,024	602,380
應收共同控制Amounts due from實體款項jointly controlled entities26345,901-可退税項Taxation recoverable37320,991已質押銀行存款Pledged bank deposits279,220429,348現金及銀行結餘Cash and bank balances284,115,3405,723,061應付貿易賬款Trade payables291,836,2508,203,412流動負債Current liabilities應付貿易賬款Trade payables294,838,0881,140,828準備Provisions304,0513,915應付稅項Taxation payable52,5086,556來自一名非控股股東貸款Loan from a non-controlling shareholder31196,129-銀行貸款-於一年內到期Bank loans - amount due within one year324,959,7923,099,222流動(負債)資產淨值Net current (liabilities) assets(3,530,281)3,002,301	應收貿易賬款	Trade receivables	25	1,481,868	802,833
賞體款項 可退税項 可退税項jointly controlled entities26345,901-可退税項 百數稅項 日質押銀行存款Taxation recoverable37320,991已質押銀行存款 現金及銀行結餘Pledged bank deposits279,220429,348現金及銀行結餘Cash and bank balances284,115,3405,723,061憲動負債Current liabilities8,356,5088,203,412遮付貿易賬款 非de payables291,836,221950,590其他應付款項 準備 化時仁 payables291,836,221950,590其他應付税項 應付税項 面 Taxation payable304,0513,915應付稅項 和Taxation payable52,5086,556來自一名非控股股東貸款 銀行貸款一於一年內到期 Bank loans - amount due within one year31196,129-二11,886,7895,201,111流動(負債)資產淨值 Net current (liabilities) assets(3,530,281)3,002,301	其他應收款項	Other receivables		1,221,782	624,799
可退税項 日質押銀行存款 現金及銀行結餘Taxation recoverable (249,348)373 20,99120,991 20,200已質押銀行存款 現金及銀行結餘Pledged bank deposits (2ash and bank balances)27 289,220 4,29,348429,348 4,315,340第356,508Cash and bank balances284,115,340 4,8356,5085,723,061 8,356,508應付貿易賬款 其他應付款項 化 化 其他應付就項 化 有 大中 payables29 4,838,0881,40,828 4,838,088準備 解 中rovisions29 4,838,0881,140,828 4,838,088準備 解 中rovisions30 4,0514,051 3,915應付稅項 來自一名非控股股東貸款 銀行貸款一於一年內到期 Bank loans – amount due within one year31 32 4,959,792 4,959,792 3,099,222 11,886,789 5,201,111流動(負債)資產淨值 Net current (liabilities) assets(3,530,281) 3,002,301	應收共同控制	Amounts due from			
已質押銀行存款 現金及銀行結餘Pledged bank deposits Cash and bank balances279,220429,348現金及銀行結餘Cash and bank balances284,115,3405,723,061憲,356,5088,203,412流動負債Current liabilities應付貿易賬款 其他應付款項 律備Trade payables291,836,221950,590其他應付款項 準備Other payables304,0513,915應付稅項 來自一名非控股股東貸款 銀行貸款一於一年內到期Taxation payable Bank loans – amount due within one year31196,129-銀行貸款一於一年內到期 流動(負債)資產淨值Net current (liabilities) assets324,959,7923,099,22211,886,7895,201,111	實體款項	jointly controlled entities	26	345,901	_
現金及銀行結餘Cash and bank balances284,115,3405,723,061腐,356,5088,203,412流動負債Current liabilities應付貿易賬款Trade payables291,836,221950,590其他應付款項Other payables4,838,0881,140,828準備Provisions304,0513,915應付税項Taxation payable52,5086,556來自一名非控股股東貸款Loan from a non-controlling shareholder31196,129銀行貸款一於一年內到期Bank loans – amount due within one year324,959,7923,099,22211,886,7895,201,111流動(負債)資產淨值Net current (liabilities) assets(3,530,281)3,002,301	可退税項	Taxation recoverable		373	20,991
流動負債Current liabilities應付貿易賬款Trade payables291,836,221950,590其他應付款項Other payables4,838,0881,140,828準備Provisions304,0513,915應付税項Taxation payable52,5086,556來自一名非控股股東貸款Loan from a non-controlling shareholder31196,129銀行貸款一於一年內到期Bank loans – amount due within one year324,959,7923,099,22211,886,7895,201,111流動(負債)資產淨值Net current (liabilities) assets(3,530,281)3,002,301	已質押銀行存款	Pledged bank deposits	27	9,220	429,348
流動負債Current liabilities應付貿易賬款Trade payables291,836,221950,590其他應付款項Other payables4,838,0881,140,828準備Provisions304,0513,915應付税項Taxation payable52,5086,556來自一名非控股股東貸款Loan from a non-controlling shareholder31196,129-銀行貸款一於一年內到期Bank loans – amount due within one year324,959,7923,099,22211,886,7895,201,111流動(負債)資產淨值Net current (liabilities) assets(3,530,281)3,002,301	現金及銀行結餘	Cash and bank balances	28	4,115,340	5,723,061
應付貿易賬款 其他應付款項Trade payables291,836,221950,590其他應付款項Other payables4,838,0881,140,828準備Provisions304,0513,915應付税項Taxation payable52,5086,556來自一名非控股股東貸款Loan from a non-controlling shareholder31196,129-銀行貸款一於一年內到期Bank loans – amount due within one year324,959,7923,099,22211,886,7895,201,111流動(負債)資產淨值Net current (liabilities) assets(3,530,281)3,002,301				8,356,508	8,203,412
其他應付款項 Other payables 4,838,088 1,140,828 準備 Provisions 30 4,051 3,915 應付税項 Taxation payable 52,508 6,556 來自一名非控股股東貸款 Loan from a non-controlling shareholder 31 196,129 - 銀行貸款一於一年內到期 Bank loans – amount due within one year 32 4,959,792 3,099,222 11,886,789 5,201,111 流動 (負債)資產淨值 Net current (liabilities) assets (3,530,281) 3,002,301	流動負債	Current liabilities			
準備 Provisions 30 4,051 3,915 應付税項 Taxation payable 52,508 6,556 來自一名非控股股東貸款 Loan from a non-controlling shareholder 31 196,129 - 銀行貸款-於一年內到期 Bank loans – amount due within one year 32 4,959,792 3,099,222 11,886,789 5,201,111 流動(負債)資產淨值 Net current (liabilities) assets (3,530,281) 3,002,301	應付貿易賬款	Trade payables	29	1,836,221	950,590
應付税項 Taxation payable 52,508 6,556 來自一名非控股股東貸款 Loan from a non-controlling shareholder 31 196,129 - 銀行貸款一於一年內到期 Bank loans – amount due within one year 32 4,959,792 3,099,222 11,886,789 5,201,111 流動 (負債)資產淨值 Net current (liabilities) assets (3,530,281) 3,002,301	其他應付款項	Other payables		4,838,088	1,140,828
來自一名非控股股東貸款 Loan from a non-controlling shareholder 31 196,129 - 銀行貸款一於一年內到期 Bank loans – amount due within one year 32 4,959,792 3,099,222 11,886,789 5,201,111 流動(負債)資產淨值 Net current (liabilities) assets (3,530,281) 3,002,301	準備	Provisions	30	4,051	3,915
shareholder 31 196,129 – 銀行貸款-於一年內到期 Bank loans – amount due within one year 32 4,959,792 3,099,222 11,886,789 5,201,111 流動(負債)資產淨值 Net current (liabilities) assets (3,530,281) 3,002,301	應付税項	Taxation payable		52,508	6,556
銀行貸款一於一年內到期 Bank loans – amount due within one year 32 4,959,792 3,099,222 11,886,789 5,201,111 流動 (負債)資產淨值 Net current (liabilities) assets (3,530,281) 3,002,301	來自一名非控股股東貸款	Loan from a non-controlling			
within one year324,959,7923,099,22211,886,7895,201,111流動(負債)資產淨值Net current (liabilities) assets(3,530,281)3,002,301		shareholder	31	196,129	-
11,886,789 5,201,111 流動(負債)資產淨值 Net current (liabilities) assets (3,530,281) 3,002,301	銀行貸款-於-年內到期	Bank loans – amount due			
流動(負債)資產淨值 Net current (liabilities) assets (3,530,281) 3,002,301		within one year	32	4,959,792	3,099,222
				11,886,789	5,201,111
資產總值減流動負債 Total assets less current liabilities 23,441,102 19,032,781	流動(負債)資產淨值	Net current (liabilities) assets		(3,530,281)	3,002,301
	資產總值減流動負債	Total assets less current liabilities		23,441,102	19,032,781



綜合財務狀況表 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

At 31 December 2010 於二零一零年十二月三十一日

		附註 NOTES	二零一零年 千港元 2010 HK\$′000	二零零九年 千港元 2009 HK\$'000
非流動負債	Non-current liabilities			
銀行貸款	Bank loans – amount due			
一於一年後到期	after one year	32	8,064,356	6,278,373
準備	Provisions	30	38,957	42,695
長期應付款項	Long term payable	33	22,967	27,011
遞延税項負債	Deferred tax liabilities	22	69,533	54,048
			8,195,813	6,402,127
			15,245,289	12,630,654
股本及儲備	Capital and reserves			
股本	Share capital	34	651,926	651,926
儲備	Reserves		14,124,328	11,605,699
本公司擁有人應佔權益	Equity attributable to owners of			
	the Company		14,776,254	12,257,625
非控股權益	Non-controlling interests		469,035	373,029
權益總額	Total equity		15,245,289	12,630,654

第90頁至第203頁的綜合財務報表已於二零一一 年三月四日獲董事會批准及授權刊發,並由下 列人士代表簽署: The consolidated financial statements on pages 90 to 203 were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 4 March 2011 and are signed on its behalf by:

周龍山 ZHOU LONGSHAN 董事 DIRECTOR 劉忠國 LAU CHUNG KWOK ROBERT





综合權益變動表 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

		本公司擁有人應佔權益									
		股本	股份溢價	為股份激勵 計劃而持有 的股份	而持有 物業			總計	非控股權益	權益總額	
		千港元	放切准員 千港元	千港元 (<i>附註44)</i>	千港元	里旧闢隔 千港元	浜昇 禰禰 千港元	千港元	千港元	升江政権血 千港元	椎血感破 千港元
				Equity a	ttributable to	owners of the O	Company				
		ShareSharecapitalpremiumHK\$'000HK\$'000		Shares held for share award	Property ward Merger revaluation Translation neme reserve reserve reserve \$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000		lation Retained		Non- controlling	Total	
				scheme HK\$'000 <i>(Note 44)</i>					Total HK\$'000	interests HK\$'000	equity HK\$'000
於二零零九年一月一日	At 1 January 2009	78,179	2,541,996		(35,193)	17,810	481,555	1,282,250	4,366,597	34,647	4,401,244
其他全面收入 一匯兑差額 年度盈利	Other comprehensive income — exchange differences Profit for the year	-	-	-		-	(834)	- 1,010,176	(834)	209 17,149	(625) 1,027,325
年度全面收入及 支出總額	Total comprehensive income and expenses for the year						(834)	1,010,176	1,009,342	17,358	1,026,700
發行新股份以獲得現金 (附註34) 根據超額配股權發行 新股份以獲得現金	Issue of new shares for cash (<i>Note 34)</i> Issue of new shares for cash under over-allotment	563,800	6,824,400	-	-	-	-	-	7,388,200	-	7,388,200
(附註34)	option (Note 34)	9,947	377,978	-	-	-	-	-	387,925	-	387,925
新股份發行成本 根據股份激勵計劃	Issue costs of new shares Purchase of shares under share	-	(264,143)	-	-	-	-	-	(264,143)	-	(264,143)
購買股份 收購附屬公司 <i>(附註38)</i>	award scheme Acquisition of subsidiaries (Note 38)	-	-	(630,296)	-	-	-	-	(630,296)	- 321,024	(630,296) 321,024
於二零零九年 十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2009	651,926	9,480,231	(630,296)	(35,193)	17,810	480,721	2,292,426	12,257,625	373,029	12,630,654
其他全面收入	Other comprehensive income										
一匯兑差額 年度盈利	 exchange differences Profit for the year 	-	-	-	-	-	471,504 -	- 2,040,833	471,504 2,040,833	20,450 93,012	491,954 2,133,845
年度全面收入總額	Total comprehensive income for the year						471,504	2,040,833	2,512,337	113,462	2,625,799
收購附屬公司 <i>(附註38)</i>	Acquisition of subsidiaries (Note 38)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(7,345)	(7,345)
收購現有附屬公司的 額外權益	Acquisition of additional interest of an existing subsidiary	_	_	_	_	_	_	6,292	6,292	(10,111)	(3,819)
於二零一零年	At 31 December 2010										
十二月三十一日		651,926	9,480,231	(630,296)	(35,193)	17,810	952,225	4,339,551	14,776,254	469,035	15,245,289

综合現金流量表 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

			二零一零年	二零零九年
		附註	千港元	千港元
			2010	2009
		NOTE	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
來自經營活動的現金流量	Cash flows from operating activities			
除税前盈利	Profit before taxation		2,231,382	1,054,132
就下列各項作出調整:	Adjustments for:		2,231,302	1,054,152
固定資產折舊	Depreciation of fixed assets		807,148	432,638
其他應收款項	Impairment loss on		,	,
減值虧損	other receivables		14,661	_
就固定資產確認的	Impairment loss recognised		.,	
減值虧損	in respect of fixed assets		65,350	5,671
採礦權攤銷	Amortisation of mining rights		11,738	4,225
投資物業公平價值	(Gain) loss on change in fair		,	, -
變動(收益)虧損	value of an investment property		(18,000)	1,000
預付租賃款項攤銷	Release of prepaid lease		(.,
	payments		28,323	8,683
利息收入	Interest income		(57,234)	(11,119)
利息開支	Interest expenses		268,042	149,059
應佔聯營公司業績	Share of results of associates		188	(6,822)
呆壞賬備抵	Allowance (reversal of allowance)			
(備抵撥回)	for doubtful debts		29,055	(20,533)
出售固定資產虧損	Loss on disposal of fixed assets		18,533	872
出售一家附屬公司收益		39	-	(22,399)
匯兑虧損	Exchange loss		38,100	892
營運資金變動前的	Operating cash inflows before			
經營現金流入	movements in working capital		3,437,286	1,596,299
存貨增加	Increase in inventories		(479,018)	(112,094)
應收貿易賬款增加	Increase in trade receivables		(507,756)	(130,391)
其他應收款項增加	Increase in other receivables		(118,515)	(44,099)
應付貿易賬款增加	Increase in trade payables		780,868	113,249
其他應付款項增加(減少)	Increase (decrease) in		700,000	113,245
	other payables		499,725	(11,611)
準備(減少)增加	(Decrease) increase in provisions		(3,602)	2,161
經營活動產生的現金	Cash generated from operations		3,608,988	1,413,514
已付香港利得税	Hong Kong Profits Tax paid		(13,714)	(17,976)
已付中國內地企業所得税	Chinese Mainland Enterprise			
	Income Tax paid		(55,850)	(8,273)
已付利息	Interest paid		(402,740)	(318,007)
經營活動產生的現金淨額	Net cash generated from operating			
	activities		3,136,684	1,069,258



綜合現金流量表

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

		附註 NOTES	二零一零年 千港元 2010 HK\$′000	二零零九年 千港元 2009 HK\$'000
來自投資活動的現金流量 就收購固定資產而支付的	· · ·			
購置款項及按金 已質押銀行存款減少	acquisition of fixed assets Decrease (increase) in pledged		(6,803,349)	(5,543,454)
(增加) 預付地方政府款項	bank deposits		425,016 (228,694)	(413,870)
來自地方政府於還款	Advances to local governments Repayments from			(258,574)
投資一家聯營公司	local governments Investment in an associate		164,525 (11,517)	(237,064)
收購附屬公司(扣除現金	Acquisition of subsidiaries (net of		(,	(,,
及現金等價物) 預付租賃款項增加	cash and cash equivalents) Additions to prepaid lease	38	(32,266)	(439,530)
山井村市市	payments		(1,012,145)	(57,597)
收購採礦權 出售一家附屬公司 (扣除現金及現金	Acquisition of mining rights Disposal of a subsidiary (net of cash and cash equivalents)		(123,291)	(6,132)
等價物)		39	-	(7)
已收利息 出售固定資產所得款項	Interest received Proceeds from disposal of		57,234	11,119
山台回足負座川侍派視	fixed assets		19,509	7,593
收購共同控制實體	Acquisition of jointly controlled entities		(110,398)	
机次迁和矿田石			(110,396)	
於投資活動所用的 現金淨額	Net cash used in investing activities		(7,655,376)	(6,937,516)
來自融資活動的現金流量	Cash flows from financing activities			
新增銀行貸款	Bank loans raised		9,830,007	12,006,562
支付長期應付款項 發行股份所得款項	Settlement of long term payable Proceeds from issue of shares		(6,602)	(6,381)
(扣除發行成本)	net of issue costs		_	7,511,982
償還銀行貸款	Repayments of bank loans		(7,027,883)	(7,642,731)
償還來自一名非控股 股東貸款	Repayment of loan from a non-controlling shareholder		(37,332)	_
收購現有附屬公司的	Acquisition of additional interest of		(37,332)	
額外權益	an existing subsidiary		(3,819)	_
股份激勵計劃付款 視作分派予一家間接	Payment of share award scheme Deemed distribution to an		-	(630,296)
控股公司	intermediate holding company		-	(10,916)
融資活動產生的現金淨額	Net cash generated from			
	financing activities		2,754,371	11,228,220
F度現金及現金等價物	Net (decrease) increase in cash and			5 250 062
淨值(減少)增加 F初現金及現金等價物	cash equivalents for the year Cash and cash equivalents		(1,764,321)	5,359,962
口的公面这名面引度的	at beginning of the year		5,723,061	363,889
基率變動對現金及	Effect of foreign exchange rate		456 600	(700)
銀行結餘的影響	changes on cash and bank balances		156,600	(790)
王末現金及現金等價物, 指現金及銀行結餘	Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year,			
	representing cash and bank balances		4,115,340	5,723,061
				an and a second second

綜合財務報表附註 NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2.

For the year ended 31 December 2010 截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度

1. 一般資料

本公司於二零零三年三月十三日根據開曼 群島公司法(二零零二年修訂版)在開曼 群島註冊成立為一間獲豁免有限公司,其 股份於二零零九年十月六日在香港聯合 交易所有限公司上市。本公司的直接控股 公司是在英屬處女島註冊成立的華潤水泥 投資控股有限公司(前稱順創投資有限公 司)。本公司的最終控股公司是於中國內 地成立的中國華潤總公司(「中國華潤總 公司」)。

本公司為一間投資控股公司,而其附屬 公司(於本報告內與本公司統稱為「本集 團」)主要從事生產及銷售水泥、混凝土及 其他相關產品及服務。

綜合財務報表以港元呈列,而本公司的功 能貨幣為人民幣。本公司選擇港元為其呈 列貨幣,原因是管理層認為其更有利於綜 合財務報表的使用者。

採用新訂及經修訂香港財 務報告準則(「香港財務報 告準則」)

於本年度,本集團已應用下列由香港會計師公會(「香港會計師公會」)頒佈的新訂 及經修訂準則、修訂及詮釋(「新訂及經修 訂香港財務報告準則」)。

香港財務報告準則第2號	以集團現金結算的股份
(修訂本)	為基礎的付款交易
香港財務報告準則第3號	業務合併
(二零零八年經修訂)	
香港會計準則第24號	有關第25至27段部分
(經修訂)	豁免政府相關實體
	的關連方披露

1. **GENERAL**

The Company was incorporated in the Cayman Islands as an exempted company with limited liability under the Company Law (2002 Revision) of the Cayman Islands on 13 March 2003 and its shares are listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited on 6 October 2009. Its immediate holding company is China Resources Cement Investment Group Limited (formerly known as Smooth Concept Investments Limited), a company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands. Its ultimate holding company is China Resources National Corporation ("CRNC"), a company established in the Chinese Mainland.

The Company is an investment holding company and its subsidiaries (together with the Company hereinafter collectively referred to as the "Group") are principally engaged in the manufacture and sale of cement, concrete and other related products and services.

The consolidated financial statements are presented in HK\$ while the functional currency of the Company is Renminbi. The Company has selected HK\$ as its presentation currency because the management considered it is more beneficial to the users of the consolidated financial statements.

APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRS")

In the current year, the Group has applied the following new and revised standards, amendments and interpretations issued by Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") ("new and revised HKFRSs").

HKFRS 2 (Amendments)	Group cash-settled share-based
	payment transactions
HKFRS 3	Business combinations
(as revised in 2008)	
HKAS 24 (Revised)	Related party disclosures in
	relation to the partial exemption
	in paragraphs 25 to 27 for

government-related entities



採用新訂及經修訂香港財 2 務報告準則(「香港財務報 告準則」)(續)

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRS") (Continued)

香港會計準則第27號	綜合及獨立財務報表
(二零零八年經修訂)	
香港會計準則第39號	合資格對沖項目
(修訂本)	
香港財務報告準則	於二零零九年頒佈的
(修訂本)	香港財務報告準則
	的改善
香港財務報告準則	香港財務報告準則
(修訂本)	第5號修訂本作為於
	二零零八年頒佈的
	香港財務報告準則
	的改善的一部份
香港(國際財務報告詮釋	向擁有人分派非現金
委員會)一詮釋第17號	資產
香港-詮釋第5號	財務報表的呈列一借款
	人對包含可按要求
	償還條款的定期貸
	款的分類

除下文所述者外,於本年度採納新訂及經 修訂香港財務報告準則對該等綜合財務報 表內所報告金額及/或該等綜合財務報表 所載的披露並無重大影響。

香港財務報告準則第3號(二零零八年經 修訂)業務合併

香港財務報告準則第3號(二零零八年經 修訂)已於本年度根據相關過渡條文就收 購日期為二零一零年一月一日或之後的業 務合併作出相應應用。應用該準則影響本 年度的收購的會計處理(誠如附註38所披 露)。

HKAS 27 (as revised in 2008) HKAS 39 (Amendments)	Consolidated and separate financial statements Eligible hedged items
HKFRSs (Amendments)	Improvements to HKFRSs issued in 2009
HKFRSs (Amendments)	Amendments to HKFRS 5 as part of Improvements to HKFRSs issued in 2008
HK(IFRIC) – INT 17	Distributions of non-cash assets to owners
HK – INT 5	Presentation of financial statements – Classification by the borrower of a term loan that contains a repayment on demand clause

Except as described below, the application of the new and revised HKFRSs in the current year has had no material effect on the amounts reported in these consolidated financial statements and/ or disclosures set out in these consolidated financial statements.

HKFRS 3 (as revised in 2008) Business combinations

HKFRS 3 (as revised in 2008) has been applied in the current year prospectively to business combinations of which the acquisition date is on or after 1 January 2010 in accordance with the relevant transitional provisions. Its application has affected the accounting for acquisition as disclosed in Note 38 in the current year.

採用新訂及經修訂香港財 務報告準則(「香港財務報 告準則」)(續)

- 香港財務報告準則第3號(二零零 八年經修訂)容許按每項交易基準 以公平價值或非控股權益分佔被 收購公司的已確認可識別資產淨 值計量於收購日期的非控股權益 (前稱「少數股東權益」)。於本年 度,本集團於將收購一家現有附屬 公司及附屬公司的額外權益(誠如 附註38所披露)時已選擇按分佔已 確認可識別資產淨值計量於收購 日期的非控股權益。
- 香港財務報告準則第3號(二零零 八年經修訂)更改或然代價的確認 及其後的會計處理規定。此前,或 然代價僅於可能支付或然代價及 能夠可靠計量時於收購日期確認; 或然代價的任何其後調整總是與 收購成本對銷。根據經修訂準則, 或然代價乃按收購日期的公平價 值計量;代價的其後調整僅於收購 日期公平價值的計量期間(最長為 自收購日期起計12個月)內所獲取 新資料中產生時方會與收購成本 對銷後確認。獲分類為資產或負債 的或然代價的所有其他其後調整 乃於損益中確認。
- 香港財務報告準則第3號(二零零 八年經修訂)規定收購相關的成本 將與業務合併分開入賬,通常導致 該等成本於產生時在損益中確認 為支出,而該等成本此前乃作為收 購成本的一部份入賬。

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRS") (Continued)

- HKFRS 3 (as revised in 2008) allows a choice on a transaction-by-transaction basis for the measurement of non-controlling interests at the date of acquisition (previously referred to as "minority interests") either at fair value or at the non-controlling interests' share of recognised identifiable net assets of the acquiree. In the current year, in accounting for the acquisition of additional interests of an existing subsidiary and subsidiaries disclosed in Note 38, the Group has elected to measure the non-controlling interests at share of recognised identifiable net assets at the date of acquisition.
- HKFRS 3 (as revised in 2008) changes the recognition and subsequent accounting requirements for contingent consideration. Previously contingent consideration was recognised at the acquisition date only if payment of the contingent consideration was probable and it could be measured reliably; any subsequent adjustments to the contingent consideration were always made against the cost of the acquisition. Under the revised standard, contingent consideration is measured at fair value at the acquisition date; subsequent adjustments to the consideration are recognised against the cost of acquisition only to the extent that they arise from new information obtained within the measurement period (a maximum of 12 months from the acquisition date) about the fair value at the acquisition date. All other subsequent adjustments to the contingent consideration classified as an asset or a liability are recognised in profit or loss.
- HKFRS 3 (as revised in 2008) requires acquisition-related costs to be accounted for separately from the business combination, generally leading to those costs being recognised as an expense in profit or loss as incurred, whereas previously they were accounted for as part of the cost of the acquisition.

採用新訂及經修訂香港財 2. 務報告準則(「香港財務報 告準則」)(續)

於本年度,採用香港財務報告準則第3號 (二零零八年經修訂)並無對綜合財務報 表產生重大影響。

香港會計準則第27號(二零零八年經 修訂)綜合及獨立財務報表

應用香港會計準則第27號(二零零八年經 修訂)導致本集團有關於本集團附屬公司 的擁有權權益變動的會計政策有所變動。

特別是,該經修訂準則影響本集團關於本 集團於其附屬公司擁有權權益變動(不會 導致失去控制權)的會計政策。於過往年 度,在香港財務報告準則並無具體規定的 情況下,於現有附屬公司的權益增加以與 收購附屬公司相同方式處理,並確認商譽 或議價收購收益(如適用);至於並無導致 失去控制權的現有附屬公司權益減少的 情況,所收代價與非控股權益調整間的差 額於損益確認。根據香港會計準則第27號 (二零零八年經修訂),所有有關增減均於 權益中處理,對商譽或損益並無影響。

如果因某項交易、事件或其他情況而失去 附屬公司的控制權,該經修訂準則規定本 集團須終止按賬面值確認所有資產、負債 及非控股權益,而確認所收代價的公平價 值。於原附屬公司保留的任何權益按失去 控制權當日的公平價值確認。有關差額於 損益內確認為收益或虧損。

APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRS") (Continued)

In current year, the application of HKFRS 3 (as revised in 2008) has no significant impact on the consolidated financial statements.

HKAS 27 (as revised in 2008) Consolidated and separate financial statements

The application of HKAS 27 (as revised in 2008) has resulted in changes in the Group's accounting policies for changes in ownership interests in subsidiaries of the Group.

Specifically, the revised standard has affected the Group's accounting policies regarding changes in the Group's ownership interests in its subsidiaries that do not result in loss of control. In prior years, in the absence of specific requirements in HKFRSs, increases in interests in existing subsidiaries were treated in the same manner as the acquisition of subsidiaries, with goodwill or a bargain purchase gain being recognised, when appropriate; for decreases in interests in existing subsidiaries that did not involve a loss of control, the difference between the consideration received and the adjustment to the non-controlling interests was recognised in profit or loss. Under HKAS 27 (as revised in 2008), all such increases or decreases are dealt with in equity, with no impact on goodwill or in profit or loss.

When control of a subsidiary is lost as a result of a transaction, event or other circumstance, the revised standard requires the Group to derecognise all assets, liabilities and non-controlling interests at their carrying amounts and to recognise the fair value of the consideration received. Any retained interest in the former subsidiary is recognised at its fair value at the date the control is lost. The resulting difference is recognised as a gain or loss in profit or loss.

採用新訂及經修訂香港財 務報告準則(「香港財務報 告準則」)(續)

此外,本集團亦應用因頒佈香港財務報告 準則第3號(二零零八年經修訂)及香港會 計準則第27號(二零零八年經修訂)而對 其他香港財務報告準則的相應修訂。尤其 是應用香港會計準則第31號「於合營公司 的權益」於本年度收購的共同控制實體。 採用相應修訂對綜合財務報表並無重大影響。

該等變動已根據相關過渡條文於二零一零 年一月一日起相應應用。於本年度,本集 團收購一家現有附屬公司的額外權益。已 付代價與非控股權益之差額6,292,000港元 直接於權益而非損益內確認。

香港會計準則第17號「租賃」修訂本

作為二零零九年頒佈的「香港財務報告準則的改善」的一部分,香港會計準則第17號「租賃」就租賃土地的分類作出修訂。在 香港會計準則第17號修訂本前,本集團須將租賃土地分類為經營租賃並於綜合財務 狀況表呈列為預付租賃款項。香港會計準 則第17號修訂本已刪除此項規定。有關修 訂本要求租賃土地應按香港會計準則第17 號所載的一般原則分類,即以租賃資產所 有權的所有風險及回報是否已絕大部份轉 嫁予承租人為基準。

根據香港會計準則第17號修訂本所載過渡 條文,本集團根據其訂立租約時存在的資 料對於二零一零年一月一日尚未到期的租 賃土地的分類作重新評估。採納香港會計 準則第17號「租賃」修訂本對綜合財務報 表並無重大影響。

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRS") (Continued)

In addition, the Group also applied the consequential amendments of the other HKFRSs resulting from the issuance of HKFRS 3 (Revised 2008) and HKAS 27 (Revised 2008). Particularly HKAS 31 "Interest in joint ventures" for the acquisition of jointly controlled entities in the current year. The adoption of the consequential amendments had no material impact on the consolidated financial statements.

These changes have been applied prospectively from 1 January 2010 in accordance with the relevant transitional provisions in current year, the Group acquired additional interest of an existing subsidiary. The difference of HK\$6,292,000 between the consideration paid and the non-controlling interests being recognised directly in equity, instead of profit or loss.

Amendments to HKAS 17 Leases

As part of "Improvements to HKFRSs" issued in 2009, HKAS 17 "Leases" has been amended in relation to the classification of leasehold land. Before the amendments to HKAS 17, the Group was required to classify leasehold land as operating leases and to present leasehold land as prepaid lease payments in the consolidated statement of financial position. The amendments to HKAS 17 have removed such requirement. The amendments require that the classification of leasehold land should be based on the general principles set out in HKAS 17, that is, whether or not substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of a leased asset have been transferred to the lessee.

In accordance with the transitional provisions set out in the amendments to HKAS 17, the Group reassessed the classification of unexpired leasehold land as at 1 January 2010 based on information that existed at the inception of the leases. The adoption of amendment to HKAS 17 "Leases" had no material impact on the consolidated financial statements.



2. 務報告準則(「香港財務報 告準則)(續)

香港會計準則第24號(經修訂)關連方披 露

香港會計準則第24號(經修訂)「關連方披 露」第25至27段豁免有關政府相關實體的 若干披露。本集團已於綜合財務報表內應 用該項披露豁免。

已頒佈但尚未生效的新訂及經修訂準 則及詮釋

本集團並無提早應用下列已頒佈但尚未生 效的新訂及經修訂準則及詮釋,惟根據香 港會計準則第24號(經修訂) [關連方披 露」部分豁免政府相關實體的披露規定除 外:

香港財務報告準則 (修訂本)	二零一零年頒佈 的香港財務報 告準則的改善 惟對香港財務 報告準則第3號 (二零零八年經
	修訂)、香港會 計準則第1號及 香港會計準則 第28號的修訂 除外 ¹
香港財務報告準則 第7號(修訂本) 香港財務報告準則 第9號	披露−轉讓金融 資產 ³ 金融工具 ⁵
香港會計準則第12號 (修訂本) 香港會計準則第24號 (二零零九年	遞延税項:收回 相關資產 ⁶ 關連人士披露 ⁴
經修訂) 香港會計準則 第 32 號(修訂本)	供股分類7

採用新訂及經修訂香港財 2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING **STANDARDS ("HKFRS")** (Continued)

HKAS 24 (Revised) Related party disclosures

Paragraphs 25 to 27 of HKAS 24 (Revised) "Related party disclosures" exempt certain disclosures in relation to the government-related entities. The Group has applied this disclosure exemption in the consolidated financial statements.

New and revised standards and interpretations issued but not yet effective

The Group has not early applied the following new and revised standards and interpretations that have been issued but are not yet effective, except for partial exemption from disclosure requirements for government-related entities in accordance with HKAS 24 (Revised) "Related party disclosures".

零一零年頒佈 的香港財務報 告準則的改善, 惟對香港財務 報告準則第3號 (二零零八年經 修訂)、香港會 計準則第1號及 香港會計準則 第28號的修訂 除外'	HKFRSs (Amendments)	Improvements to HKFRSs issued in 2010 except for the amendments to HKFRS 3 (as revised in 2008), HKAS 1 and HKAS 28 ¹
了了。 了了一轉讓金融 資產 ³	HKFRS 7 (Amendments)	Disclosures – Transfers of financial assets ³
融工具5	HKFRS 9	Financial instruments ⁵
延税項:收回 相關資產 ⁶]連人士披露 "	HKAS 12 (Amendments) HKAS 24 (as revised in 2009)	Deferred tax: Recovery of underlying assets ⁶ Related party disclosures ⁴
股分類7	HKAS 32 (Amendments)	Classification of rights issues ⁷



務報告準則(「香港財務報 告準則)(續)

香港(國際財務報告 最低資金要求的 **詮釋委員會**) 預付款項4 一詮釋第14號 (修訂本) 香港(國際財務報告 以股本工具撇減 詮釋委員會) 金融負債2 一詮釋第19號

- 1 於二零一零年十月一日或二零一一年一月 一日(如適用)或之後起的年度期間生效。
- 2 於二零一零年七月一日或之後起的年度期 間生效。
- 3 於二零一一年七月一日或之後起的年度期 間生效。
- 4 於二零一一年一月一日或之後起的年度期 間生效。
- 5 於二零一三年一月一日或之後起的年度期 間生效。
- 6 於二零一二年一月一日或之後起的年度期 間生效。
- 於二零一零年二月一日或之後起的年度期 間生效。

本公司董事估計採用新訂及經修訂準則、 修訂或詮釋將不會對綜合財務報表產生重 大影響。

重大會計政策 3.

综合財務報表乃按歷史成本基準編製,惟 投資物業按公平價值計量除外(請參閱下 文所載會計政策)。

3.

綜合財務報表已根據香港會計師公會頒佈 的香港財務報告準則編製。此外,綜合財 務報表包括香港聯合交易所有限公司證券 上市規則所規定的適用披露事項。

2. 採用新訂及經修訂香港財 2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING **STANDARDS ("HKFRS")** (Continued)

`	C) – INT 14 endments)	Prepayments of a minimum funding requirement ⁴
HK(IFRI	C) — INT 19	Extinguishing financial liabilities with equity instruments ²
1 2	2011, as appropriate.	beginning on or after 1 July 2010 or 1 Januar beginning on or after 1 July 2010.
3	Effective for annual periods	beginning on or after 1 July 2011.
4	Effective for annual periods	beginning on or after 1 January 2011.

- 5 Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013.
- 6 Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2012.
- 7 Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 February 2010.

The directors of the Company anticipate that the application of the new and revised standards, amendments or interpretations will have no material impact on the consolidated financial statements.

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for investment property, which is measured at fair value, as explained in the accounting policies set out below.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with HKFRS issued by the HKICPA. In addition, the consolidated financial statements include applicable disclosures required by the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited.

3. 重大會計政策(續)

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and entities controlled by the Company (its subsidiaries). Control is achieved where the Company has the power to govern the financial and operating policies of an entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities.

The results of subsidiaries acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income from the effective date of acquisition or up to the effective date of disposal (except for subsidiaries under common control which are accounted for using the principles of merger accounting), as appropriate.

Where necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies in line with those used by the Group.

All intra-group transactions, balances, income and expenses are eliminated on consolidation.

Non-controlling interests in subsidiaries are presented separately from the Group's equity therein.

Allocation of total comprehensive income to noncontrolling interests

Total comprehensive income and expense of a subsidiary is attributed to the owners of the Company and to the noncontrolling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance. Prior to 1 January 2010, losses applicable to the non-controlling interests in excess of the noncontrolling interests in the subsidiary's equity were allocated against the interests of the Group except to the extent that the non-controlling interests had a binding obligation and were able to make an additional investment to cover the losses.

綜合基準

綜合財務報表包括本公司及本公司控制實 體(其附屬公司)的財務報表。倘本公司有 權規管實體的財務及經營政策,自其業務 得益,則本公司已可控制該實體。

於年內所收購或出售的附屬公司的業績自 收購生效日期起或直至出售生效日期止計 入綜合全面收益表(惟共同控制下的附屬 公司採用合併會計原則入賬除外)(如適 用)。

倘必要時,本集團會對附屬公司的財務報 表作出調整,使其會計政策與本集團所採 用的保持一致。

所有集團內部交易、結餘、收入及費用均 於綜合賬目時對銷。

於附屬公司的非控股權益乃與本集團於其 中的權益分開呈列。

分配全面收益總額至非控股權益

附屬公司的全面收益及開支總額乃歸屬於 本公司擁有人及非控股權益,即使將導致 非控股權益呈現虧損。於二零一零年一月 一日前,惟非控股權益有約束性責任及有 能力作額外投資以彌補虧損除外,非控股 權益所適用的虧損超過於該附屬公司權益 中的非控股權益將分配至抵銷本集團的權 益。 3.

3. 重大會計政策(續)

綜合基準(續)

本集團於現有附屬公司的所有權權益的 變動

於二零一零年一月一日或之後本集團於 現有附屬公司的所有權權益的變動

本集團於附屬公司的所有權權益的變動如 不導致本集團對其喪失控制權,將列作權 益交易核算。本集團的權益與非控股權益 的賬面金額應予調整以反映彼等於附屬公 司的相關權益的變動。調整非控股權益的 金額與所付或所收代價的公平價值之間的 差額直接計入權益並歸屬於本公司的擁有 人。

倘本集團失去附屬公司控制權,則出售產 生的損益按())所收代價的公平價值及仟何 保留權益的公平價值與(ii)該附屬公司的資 產(包括商譽)及負債以及任何非控股權 益先前的賬面金額兩者之間的差額計算。 倘附屬公司的若干資產乃按重估金額或公 平價值計量,而相關累計損益已於其他全 面收益中確認並累計入權益中,則先前於 其他全面收益確認並累計入權益的款額, 會按猶如本公司已直接出售相關資產入賬 (即重新分類至損益或直接轉撥至保留盈 利)。於失去控制權當日在前附屬公司保 留的任何投資的公平價值,會根據香港會 計準則第39號金融工具:確認及計量,在 其後入賬時被列作首次確認的公平價值, 或(如適用)首次確認於聯營公司或共同 控制實體的投資的成本。

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of consolidation (Continued)

Changes in the Group's ownership interests in existing subsidiaries

Changes in the Group's ownership interests in existing subsidiaries on or after 1 January 2010

Changes in the Group's ownership interests in subsidiaries that do not result in the Group losing control over the subsidiaries are accounted for as equity transactions. The carrying amounts of the Group's interests and the non-controlling interests are adjusted to reflect the changes in their relative interests in the subsidiaries. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognised directly in equity and attributed to owners of the Company.

When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, the profit or loss on disposal is calculated as the difference between (i) the aggregate of the fair value of the consideration received and the fair value of any retained interest and (ii) the previous carrying amount of the assets (including goodwill), and liabilities of the subsidiary and any non-controlling interests. Where certain assets of the subsidiary are measured at revalued amounts or fair values and the related cumulative gain or loss has been recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity, the amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity are accounted for as if the Company had directly disposed of the related assets (i.e. reclassified to profit or loss or transferred directly to retained earnings). The fair value of any investment retained in the former subsidiary at the date when control is lost is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition for subsequent accounting under HKAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement or, when applicable, the cost on initial recognition of an investment in an associate or a jointly controlled entity.



3. 重大會計政策(續)

綜合基準(續)

本集團於現有附屬公司的所有權權益 的變動(續)

於二零一零年一月一日之前本集團於 現有附屬公司的所有權權益的變動

於現有附屬公司權益增加以與收購附屬公司相同方式處理,並確認商譽或議價收購 收益(如適用)。就於附屬公司權益減少而 言,不論出售是否會導致本集團失去附屬 公司控股權,所收代價與非控股權益調整 之間的差額均會於損益確認。

業務合併

於二零一零年一月一日或之後進行的 業務合併

收購業務採用收購法入賬。業務合併的所 轉讓代價按公平價值計量,而計算方法為 向本集團轉讓的資產、本集團產生的對被 收購方前股東的負債及本集團為換取被收 購方的控制權而發行的股權於收購日期的 公平價值的總額。有關收購的成本一般於 產生時於損益中確認。

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

Basis of consolidation (Continued)

Changes in the Group's ownership interests in existing subsidiaries (Continued)

Changes in the Group's ownership interests in existing subsidiaries prior to 1 January 2010

Increases in interests in existing subsidiaries were treated in the same manner as the acquisition of subsidiaries, with goodwill or a bargain purchase gain being recognised where appropriate. For decreases in interests in subsidiaries, regardless of whether the disposals would result in the Group losing control over the subsidiaries, the difference between the consideration received and the adjustment to the non-controlling interests was recognised in profit or loss.

Business combinations

Business combinations that took place on or after 1 January 2010

Acquisitions of businesses are accounted for using the acquisition method. The consideration transferred in a business combination is measured at fair value, which is calculated as the sum of the acquisition-date fair values of the assets transferred to the Group, liabilities incurred by the Group to the former owners of the acquiree and the equity interests issued by the Group in exchange for control of the acquiree. Acquisition-related costs are generally recognised in profit or loss as incurred.

3. 重大會計政策(續)

業務合併(續)

於二零一零年一月一日或之後進行的 業務合併(續)

於收購日期,所收購的可識別資產及所承 擔的負債乃於收購日期按公平價值確認, 惟以下情況除外:

- 遞延税項資產或負債及與僱員福
 利安排相關的負債或資產分別按
 香港會計準則第12號所得税及香
 港會計準則第19號僱員福利確認
 及計量;
- 與被收購方以股份為基礎的付款 交易有關或以本集團以股份為基礎的付款交易取代被收購方以股份為基礎的付款交易取代被收購方以股份為基礎的付款交易有關的負債 或權益工具,乃於收購日期按香港 財務報告準則第2號以股份為基礎的付款計量;及
- 根據香港財務報告準則第5號持作 出售的非流動資產及已終止經營
 業務分類為持作出售的資產(或出 售組別)根據該準則計量。

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Continued)

Business combinations (Continued)

Business combinations that took place on or after 1 January 2010 (Continued)

At the acquisition date, the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed are recognised at their fair value at the acquisition date, except that:

- deferred tax assets or liabilities and liabilities or assets related to employee benefit arrangements are recognised and measured in accordance with HKAS 12 Income Taxes and HKAS 19 Employee Benefits respectively;
- liabilities or equity instruments related to share-based payment transactions of the acquiree or the replacement of an acquiree's share-based payment transactions with share-based payment transactions of the Group are measured in accordance with HKFRS 2 Share-based Payment at the acquisition date; and
- assets (or disposal groups) that are classified as held for sale in accordance with HKFRS 5 Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations are measured in accordance with that Standard.



3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

業務合併(續)

於二零一零年一月一日或之後進行的 業務合併(續)

商譽是以所轉讓的代價、任何非控股權益 於被收購方中所佔金額及收購方先前持有 的被收購方的股權的公平價值(如有)的 總和,超出所收購的可識別資產及所承擔 的負債於收購日期的淨額的差額計值。倘 經過重新評估後,所收購的可識別資產與 所承擔負債於收購日期的淨額高於轉讓的 代價及任何非控股權益於被收購方中所佔 金額的總和,則差額即時於損益內確認為 議價收購收益。

屬現時擁有權權益且於清盤時讓持有人有 權按比例分佔實體資產淨值的非控股權 益,可按逐項交易基準初步以公平價值或 非控股權益應佔被收購方可識別資產淨值 的已確認金額比例計量。 Business combinations (Continued)

Business combinations that took place on or after 1 January 2010 (Continued)

Goodwill is measured as the excess of the sum of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree, and the fair value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree (if any) over the net of the acquisition-date amounts of the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed. If, after re-assessment, the net of the acquisition-date amounts of the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed exceeds the sum of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree, the excess is recognised immediately in profit or loss as a bargain purchase gain.

Non-controlling interests that are present ownership interests and entitle their holders to a proportionate share of the entity's net assets in the event of liquidation may be initially measured either at fair value or at the non-controlling interests' proportionate share of the recognised amounts of the acquiree's identifiable net assets on a transaction by transaction basis.

業務合併(續)

於二零一零年一月一日之前進行的業 務合併

收購附屬公司乃以購買法入賬(涉及受共 同控制的實體的集團重組除外)。收購成 本乃按為換取被收購方控制權而於收購日 期所給予資產、所產生或所承擔的負債及 本集團發行的權益工具的公平價值總和, 加上業務合併的直接應佔成本計算。被收 購方符合有關確認條件的可識別資產、負 債及或然負債一般於收購日期按其公平價 值確認。

收購所產生的商譽(即收購成本超出本 集團於已確認數額的可識別資產、負債及 或然負債的所佔權益的部分)乃確認為資 產,並初步按成本計量。倘於評估後,本集 團於被收購方可識別資產、負債及或然負 債的已確認數額的所佔權益超出收購成 本,則該超出部分即時於損益確認。

被收購方少數股東所佔權益初步按少數股 東權益所佔被收購方的資產、負債及或然 負債的已確認數額的比例計算。

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

3.

Business combinations (Continued)

Business combinations that took place prior to 1 January 2010

Acquisition of subsidiaries other than under the Group reorganisation involving entities under common control, was accounted for using the purchase method. The cost of the acquisition was measured at the aggregate of the fair values, at the date of acquisition, of assets given, liabilities incurred or assumed, and equity instruments issued by the Group in exchange for control of the acquiree, plus any costs directly attributable to the business combination. The acquiree's identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities that met the relevant conditions for recognition were generally recognised at their fair value at the acquisition date.

Goodwill arising on acquisition was recognised as an asset and initially measured at cost, being the excess of the cost of the acquisition over the Group's interest in the recognised amounts of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities recognised. If, after assessment, the Group's interest in the recognised amounts of the acquiree's identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities exceeded the cost of the acquisition, the excess was recognised immediately in profit or loss.

The interest of minority shareholders in the acquiree was initially measured at the minority interest's proportionate share of the recognised amounts of the assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of the acquiree.



3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

Goodwill

Goodwill arising on an acquisition of a business is carried at cost less any accumulated impairment loss and is included in the carrying amount of intangible assets for presentation in the consolidated statement of financial position.

For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill is allocated to each of the Group's cash-generating units that is expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination.

Cash generating units to which goodwill has been allocated are tested for impairment annually, or more frequently whenever there is an indication that the unit may be impaired. For goodwill arising on acquisition in a reporting period, the cashgenerating unit to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment before the end of that reporting period. If the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit is less than the carrying amount of the unit, the impairment loss is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the unit, and then to the other assets of the unit pro-rata on the basis of the carrying amount of each asset in the unit. Any impairment loss for goodwill is recognised directly in profit or loss in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income. An impairment loss recognised for goodwill is not reversed in subsequent periods.

On disposal of the relevant cash-generating unit, the attributable amount of goodwill is included in the determination of the amount of profit or loss on disposal.

商譽

收購業務產生的商譽乃以成本減任何累計 減值虧損列賬並計入於綜合財務狀況表內 呈列的無形資產的賬面金額。

就減值測試而言,商譽分配至預期會受惠 於合併的協同效益的本集團現金產生單 位。

獲分配商譽的現金產生單位須每年,或在 該單位出現可能減值的跡象時更頻密地進 行減值測試。就於報告期間的收購所產生 的商譽而言,已獲分配商譽的現金產生單 位於該報告期末前進行減值測試。倘現金 產生單位的可收回金額少於該單位的賬面 值,則會先將減值虧損分配至該單位的賬面 值,則會先將減值虧損分配至該單位以減 少該單位獲分配的商譽的賬面值,其後以 該單位內各資產的賬面值為基準按比例分 配至該單位的其他資產。商譽的任何減值 虧損直接於綜合全面收益表的損益確認。 就商譽確認的減值虧損於其後期間不予撥 回。

於出售相關現金產生單位時,商譽的應佔 金額於出售時計入釐定損益的金額。

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固定資產

(除在建工程外)固定資產包括生產或供 應貨品或服務,或作行政用途持作使用的 土地及建築物,乃按成本減累計折舊及累 計減值虧損(如有)列賬。

除在建工程外,固定資產折舊乃以直線法 按估計可使用年期撇銷其成本值減其剩餘 價值計算。估計可使用年期、剩餘價值及 折舊方法於各報告期末進行審閱,而任何 估計變動的影響按相應基準入賬。各固定 資產按以下年限計算折舊:

土地及建築物	按未屆滿租賃期限
廠房及設備	3至40年
物流設備	10至40年
其他	3至35年

在建工程包括正在建設中的用作生產建設 或行政用途的固定資產,並按成本減累計 減值虧損(如有)列賬。在建工程於完成並 準備投入預定用途時分類為適當類別的固 定資產。該等資產按其他物業資產的相同 基準於該等資產準備投入預定用途時開始 折舊。

固定資產項目於出售或預期持續使用該資 產不會產生未來經濟利益時取消確認。出 售或報廢一項固定資產產生的任何收益或 虧損釐定為該項目的銷售所得款項與其賬 面值的差額,並於損益內確認。

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Fixed assets

3.

Fixed assets including land and buildings held for use in the productions or supply of goods or services, or for administrative purpose, other than construction in progress are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Depreciation is provided so as to write off the cost of items of fixed assets (other than construction in progress) less their residual values over their estimated useful lives, using the straightline method. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis. They are as follows:

Land and buildings	Over the unexpired lease terms
Plant and machinery	3 to 40 years
Logistic equipment	10 to 40 years
Others	3 to 35 years

Construction in progress includes fixed assets in the course of construction for production or administrative purposes. Construction in progress is carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses, if any. Construction in progress is classified to the appropriate category of fixed asset when completed and ready for intended use. Depreciation of these assets, on the same basis as other property assets, commences when the assets are ready for their intended use.

An item of fixed asset is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of fixed assets is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the item and is recognised in profit or loss.



投資物業

投資物業指持有以賺取租金及/或資本增 值的物業。

投資物業於初步確認時按成本值計量,包括任何直接應佔支出。初步確認後,投資物業即採用公平價值模式計量。投資物業 公平價值變動產生的收益或虧損於其產生的年度於損益內確認。

投資物業於出售,或當投資物業永久不再 使用,且預期自其出售中不會產生未來經 濟利益時取消確認。該資產取消確認所產 生的任何盈虧(按該資產出售所得款項淨 值與該資產的賬面值之間的差額計算)於 取消確認該項目的年度計入綜合全面收益 表的損益內。

採礦權

單獨收購或於業務合併中收購具備有限可 使用年期的採礦權分別按於收購日的成本 及其公平價值,減累計攤銷及累計減值虧 損列賬。具備有限可使用年期的採礦權於 其估計可使用年期以直線法攤銷。

取消確認採礦權所產生的盈虧按出售所得 款項淨值與資產賬面值的差額計量,並於 取消確認資產期間在綜合全面收益表的損 益內確認。

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Investment properties

3.

Investment properties are properties held to earn rentals and/or for capital appreciation.

On initial recognition, investment properties are measured at cost, including any directly attributable expenditure. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are measured using the fair value model. Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of investment properties are included in profit or loss for the year in which they arise.

An investment property is derecognised upon disposal or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefits are expected from its disposals. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the assets (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in profit or loss in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income in the year in which the item is derecognised.

Mining rights

Mining rights acquired separately or acquired in a business combination and with finite useful lives are carried at cost and at their fair value at the acquisition date respectively, less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Amortisation for mining rights with finite useful lives is provided on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives.

Gain or loss arising from derecognition of mining right is measured at the difference between the net disposal proceed and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in profit or loss in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income in the period when it is derecognised. 3.

3. 重大會計政策(續)

於聯營公司的權益

聯營公司為本集團擁有重大影響力而並非 為附屬公司或於共同控制實體的權益的實 體。重大影響力乃有權參與被投資公司的 財務及經營政策決定而非控制或共同控制 該等政策。

聯營公司的業績、資產及負債乃按會計權 益法計入該等綜合財務報表。根據權益 法,於聯營公司的權益乃初步按成本於綜 合財務狀況表確認,並於其後就確認本集 團應佔該聯營公司的損益及其他全面收益 而作出調整。倘本集團所佔聯營公司的虧 損等於或超出其於聯營公司的權益(包括 實際上構成本集團於聯營公司的權益(包括 實際上構成本集團於聯營公司的投資淨值 一部分的任何長期權益),則本集團取消 確認其所佔的進一步虧損。只有當本集團 產生法定或推定責任或代表聯營公司付款 時,方會確認額外虧損。

收購成本超出本集團於收購當日確認的分 佔聯營公司可識別資產、負債及或然負債 公平淨值的任何差額,乃確認為商譽並計 入該投資的賬面值。

本集團應佔可識別資產、負債及或然負債 的公平淨值超出收購成本的任何差額,於 重新評估後即時於損益確認。

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Interests in associates

An associate is an entity over which the Group has significant influence and that is neither a subsidiary nor an interest in a jointly controlled entity. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but is neither control nor joint control over those policies.

The results and assets and liabilities of an associate are incorporated in these consolidated financial statements using the equity method of accounting. Under the equity method, interests in associates are initially recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost and adjusted thereafter to recognise the Group's share of the profit or loss and other comprehensive income of the associates. When the Group's share of losses of an associate equals or exceeds its interest in that associate (which includes any long-term interests that, in substance, form part of the Group's net investment in the associate), the Group discontinues recognising its share of further losses. Additional losses are recognised only to the extent that the Group has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of that associate.

Any excess of the cost of acquisition over the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of an associate recognised at the date of acquisition is recognised as goodwill, which is included within the carrying amount of the investment.

Any excess of the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities over the cost of acquisition, after reassessment, is recognised immediately in profit or loss.



SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

3.

於聯營公司的權益(續)

香港會計準則第39號的規定被應用以釐定 是否需要就本集團於聯營公司的投資確認 任何減值虧損。於需要時,該項投資的全 部賬面值(包括商譽)會根據香港會計準 則第36號「資產減值」以單一資產的方式 進行減值測試,方法是比較其可收回金額 (即使用價值與公平價值減出售成本的較 高者)與其賬面值。任何已確認的減值虧 損構成該項投資的賬面值的一部份,有關 減值虧損的任何撥回乃於該項投資的可收 回金額其後增加的情況下根據香港會計準 則第36號確認。

倘一集團實體與其聯營公司交易,與該聯 營公司交易所產生的損益僅會在有關聯營 公司的權益與本集團無關的情況下,才會 在本集團的綜合財務報表確認。

於合營企業的權益

合營企業安排涉及成立獨立實體,而當中 各經營方對該實體的經濟活動擁有共同控 制權者,乃列作共同控制實體。

Interests in associates (Continued)

The requirements of HKAS 39 are applied to determine whether it is necessary to recognise any impairment loss with respect to the Group's investment in an associate. When necessary, the entire carrying amount of the investment (including goodwill) is tested for impairment in accordance with HKAS 36 Impairment of Assets as a single asset by comparing its recoverable amount (higher of value in use and fair value less costs to sell) with its carrying amount. Any impairment loss recognised forms part of the carrying amount of the investment. Any reversal of that impairment loss is recognised in accordance with HKAS 36 to the extent that the recoverable amount of the investment subsequently increases.

When a group entity transacts with its associate, profits and losses resulting from the transactions with the associate are recognised in the Group' consolidated financial statements only to the extent of interests in the associate that are not related to the Group.

Interests in joint ventures

Joint venture arrangements that involve the establishment of a separate entity in which venturers have joint control over the economic activity of the entity are referred to as jointly controlled entities.

3.

於合營公司的權益(續)

共同控制實體的業績及資產與負債乃按會 計權益法列入綜合財務報表內。根據權益 法,於共同控制實體的投資初步按成本於 綜合財務狀況表確認,並於其後就確認本 集團應佔該等共同控制實體的損益及其他 全面收益而作出調整。當本集團所佔共同 控制實體的虧損相等於或超出其於該共同 控制實體的權益(包括實質上構成本集團 於該共同控制實體的投資淨值的一部分的 任何長期權益)時,則本集團取消確認其 應佔的進一步虧損。只有當本集團產生法 定或推定責任或代表該共同控制實體付款 時,方會確認額外虧損。

收購成本超出本集團於收購當日確認的分 佔共同控制實體可識別資產、負債及或然 負債公平淨值的任何差額,乃確認為商譽 並計入該投資的賬面值。

本集團應佔可識別資產、負債及或然負債 的公平淨值超出收購成本的任何差額,於 重新評估後即時於損益確認。

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Interests in joint ventures (Continued)

The results and assets and liabilities of jointly controlled entities are incorporated in the consolidated financial statements using the equity method of accounting. Under the equity method, investments in jointly controlled entities are initially recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost and adjusted thereafter to recognise the Group's share of the profit or loss and other comprehensive income of the jointly controlled entities. When the Group's share of losses of a jointly controlled entity equals or exceeds its interest in that jointly controlled entity (which includes any long-term interests that, in substance, form part of the Group's net investment in the jointly controlled entity), the Group discontinues recognising its share of further losses. Additional losses are recognised only to the extent that the Group has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of that jointly controlled entity.

Any excess of the cost of acquisition over the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of a jointly controlled entity recognised at the date of acquisition is recognised as goodwill, which is included within the carrying amount of the investment.

Any excess of the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities over the cost of acquisition, after reassessment, is recognised immediately in profit or loss.



SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

3.

於合營公司的權益(續)

香港會計準則第39號的規定被應用以釐定 是否需要就本集團於共同控制實體的投資 確認任何減值虧損。於需要時,該項投資 的全部賬面值(包括商譽)會根據香港會 計準則第36號資產減值以單一資產的方式 進行減值測試,方法是比較其可收回金額 (即使用價值與公平價值減出售成本的較 高者)與其賬面值。任何已確認的減值虧 損構成該項投資的賬面值的一部份。有關 該減值虧損的任何撥回乃於該項投資的可 收回金額其後增加的情況下根據香港會計 準則第36號確認。

當某集團實體與其共同控制實體交易時, 與該共同控制實體交易所產生的損益只會 在有關共同控制實體的權益與本集團無關 的情況下,方會於本集團的綜合財務報表 確認。

預付租賃款項

倘租約包括土地及樓宇部份,則本集團根 據對各部份的擁有權所附帶的絕大部份風 險及回報是否已轉讓予本集團的評估,獨 立將各部份分類評估為融資或經營租賃。 具體而言,最低租賃付款(包括任何一次 過預付款項)乃按租賃土地部份及樓宇部 份於租約開始時的租賃權益相對公平價值 比例於土地及樓宇部份之間分配。

Interests in joint ventures (Continued)

The requirements of HKAS 39 are applied to determine whether it is necessary to recognise any impairment loss with respect to the Group's investment in a jointly controlled entity. When necessary, the entire carrying amount of the investment (including goodwill) is tested for impairment in accordance with HKAS 36 Impairment of Assets as a single asset by comparing its recoverable amount (higher of value in use and fair value less costs to sell) with its carrying amount. Any impairment loss recognised forms part of the carrying amount of the investment. Any reversal of that impairment loss is recognised in accordance with HKAS 36 to the extent that the recoverable amount of the investment subsequently increases.

When a group entity transacts with its jointly controlled entity, profits and losses resulting from the transactions with the jointly controlled entity are recognised in the Group' consolidated financial statements only to the extent of interests in the jointly controlled entity that are not related to the Group.

Prepaid lease payments

When a lease includes both land and building elements, the Group assesses the classification of each element as a finance or an operating lease separately based on the assessment as to whether substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of each element have been transferred to the Group. Specifically, the minimum lease payments (including any lump-sum upfront payments) are allocated between the land and the building elements in proportion to the relative fair values of the leasehold interests in the land element and building element of the lease at the inception of the lease.

預付租賃款項(續)

倘能可靠分配租賃款項,作為經營租賃入 賬的租賃土地權益於綜合財務狀況表內 呈列為「預付租賃款項」並按直線法於租 賃期內攤銷(被分類及按公平價值模式計 作投資物業除外)。當租賃款項未能於土 地及樓宇部份之間可靠分配時,整份租約 一般分類為融資租約並作為物業、廠房及 設備入賬,除非明顯兩個部份均為經營租 約,在該情況下,整份租約分類為經營租 約。

獲得土地租賃權益而提前支付的款項視為 經營租賃,以成本入賬,並於租賃期以直 線法攤銷。

減值(不包括商譽)

本集團於報告期末均會檢討有形資產及無 形資產的賬面值,以決定有否任何跡象顯 示該等資產出現減值虧損。倘估計某項資 產的可收回數額低於其賬面值,則會將該 資產的賬面值削減至其可收回數額。減值 虧損即時予以確認為開支。

倘減值虧損其後撥回,則該資產的賬面值 將增加至經修訂的估計可收回數額,惟所 增加後的賬面值不得超過倘於過往期間並 無就該資產確認減值虧損而釐定的賬面 值。所撥回的減值虧損即時予以確認為收 入。

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Prepaid lease payments (Continued)

To the extent the allocation of the lease payments can be made reliably, interest in leasehold land that is accounted for as an operating lease is presented as "prepaid lease payments" in the consolidated statement of financial position and is amortised over the lease term on a straight-line basis except for those that are classified and accounted for as investment properties under the fair value model. When the lease payments cannot be allocated reliably between the land and building elements, the entire lease is generally classified as a finance lease and accounted for as property, plant and equipment, unless it is clear that both elements are operating leases, in which case the entire lease is classified as an operating lease.

The up-front payments to acquire leasehold interest in land are accounted for as operating leases and are stated at cost and released over the lease term on a straight-line basis.

Impairment (other than goodwill)

At the end of the reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If the recoverable amount of an asset is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised as an expense immediately.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount but to the extent that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior periods. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised as income immediately.



存貨

存貨按成本與可變現淨值兩者的較低者入 賬。成本按加權平均成本法計算。

收入確認

收入或營業額按已收或應收代價的公平價 值計量,即於日常業務過程中所提供貨品 及服務的應收金額(扣除折扣、增值税及 其他銷售相關税項)。

貨物銷售於貨物運送及所有權移交時確 認。

服務性收入於提供服務時確認。

來自金融資產的利息收入按未償還本金額 及適用的實際利率以時間比例計算。有關 利率指將金融資產的估計未來所收現金在 估計可使用期內折現至初步確認時資產賬 面淨值的利率。

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

3.

Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is calculated using the weighted average cost method.

Revenue recognition

Revenue or turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable and represents amounts receivable for goods and services provided in the normal course of business, net of discounts, value added tax and other sales related taxes.

Sale of goods is recognised when goods are delivered and title has passed.

Service income is recognised when services are rendered.

Interest income from a financial asset is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount on initial recognition.

借貸成本

借貸成本可直接分配至購買、建造或生產 合資格資產(為須耗用大量時間以達至其 擬定用途或可供出售的資產),其可作為 該等資產的部分成本被資本化。當資產已 預備妥當作其預定用途或出售時,借貸成 本資本化將會停止。尚未用於合資格資產 的特定借貸作短期投資賺取的投資收入, 於合資格資本化的借貸成本中扣除。

所有其他借貸成本乃於其產生的年度在損 益內確認。

税項

所得税開支指即期應付税項及遞延税項的 總和。

即期應付税項乃按年內應課税利潤計算。 應課税利潤不包括其他年度的應課税或應 扣減的收入及開支項目,亦不包括從未課 税及可扣減的收入及開支項目,故與綜合 全面收益報表所列利潤不同。本集團的即 期税項負債乃按已於各報告期末頒佈或實 質上已頒佈的税率計算。

遞延税項乃按綜合財務狀況表內資產及負 債的賬面值與計算應課税利潤所採用相應 税率基準之間的暫時差異確認。遞延税項 負債一般就所有應課税暫時差額而予以確 認,而遞延税項資產一般乃於有可能為應 課税利潤抵銷將可動用可扣減暫時差額時 予以確認。倘若暫時差額由商譽或一項不 影響應課税利潤或會計利潤的交易中初次 確認的(業務合併除外)其他資產及負債 所產生,則不會確認有關資產及負債。

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Borrowing costs

3.

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale are capitalised as part of the cost of those assets. Capitalisation of such borrowing costs ceases when the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the year in which they are incurred.

Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income because it excludes items of income and expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes income and expense items that are never taxable and deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of each reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the consolidated statement of financial position and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences, and deferred tax assets are generally recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continue

税項(續)

遞延税項負債乃因於附屬公司、聯營公司 及共同控制實體的投資而引致的應課税暫 時差異而確認,惟若本集團可控制臨時差 額回撥,以及臨時差額可能不會於可見將 來撥回的情況除外。

遞延税項資產的賬面值乃於各報告期末進 行檢討,並予以相應扣減,直至不再有足 夠應課税利潤可允許收回全部或部份資產 為止。

遞延税項資產及負債乃按償還負債或變 現資產期內預期適用的税率,根據報告期 未已實施或實際實施的税率(及税法)計 算。遞延税項負債及資產的計量反映了按 照本集團預期於報告期末可收回或結算的 其資產及負債的賬面值方式而得出的税務 結果。遞延税項於損益內確認,惟當其與 在其他全面收益表確認或直接於權益確認 的項目有關時除外,於此情況下,遞延税 項亦分別於其他全面收益或直接於權益確 認。

政府補助金

在合理地保證本集團會遵守政府補助的附 帶條件以及將會得到補助金後,政府補助 金方會予以確認。

Taxation (Continued)

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries, associates and jointly controlled entities, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset is realised, based on tax rate (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities. Deferred tax is recognised in profit or loss, except when it relates to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case the deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

Government grants

Government grants are not recognised until there is reasonable assurance that the Group will comply with the conditions attaching to them and that the grants will be received.

政府補助金(續)

政府補助金乃於本集團確認相關成本(補助金用以補償該成本)為開支期間內以系統基準於損益中確認。有關折舊資產的政府補助金於綜合財務狀況表確認為相關資產賬面值的減少,並於相關資產可用年期內轉撥至損益。其他政府補助金於需要將擬作補償的成本與補助金進行配對期內有系統地確認為收益。用作補償本集團已產生支出或虧損或旨在為本集團提供即時財務資助(而無未來相關成本)的應收政府補助金,乃於應收期間於損益內確認。

外幣換算

在編製個別集團實體的財務報表時,以該 實體的功能貨幣(即該實體經營的主要經 濟環境的貨幣)以外的貨幣(外幣)所進行 的交易乃按交易日期的通行匯率入賬。於 各報告期末,以外幣為單位的貨幣項目均 按該日通行的匯率重新換算。以外幣為單 位按公平價值入賬的非貨幣項目,按釐定 公平價值日期通行的匯率重新換算。以外 幣歷史成本釐定的非貨幣項目則不會重新 換算。

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

3.

Government grants (Continued)

Government grants are recognised in profit or loss on a systematic basis over the periods in which the Group recognises the related costs for which the grants are intended to compensate as expenses. Government grants related to depreciable assets are recognised as a deduction from the carrying amount of the relevant asset in the consolidated statement of financial position and transferred to profit or loss over the useful lives of the related assets. Other government grants are recognised as revenue over the periods necessary to match them with the costs for which they are intended to compensate, on a systematic basis. Government grants that are receivable as compensation for expenses or losses already incurred or for the purpose of giving immediate financial support to the Group with no future related costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they become receivable.

Foreign currencies

In preparing the financial statements of each individual group entity, transactions in currencies other than the functional currency of that entity (foreign currencies) are recorded in its functional currency (i.e. the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates) at the rates of exchanges prevailing on the dates of the transactions. At the end of the reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date. Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the date when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.



外幣換算(續)

結算貨幣項目及換算貨幣項目所產生匯兑 差額於產生年內於損益中確認。重新換算 以公平價值列賬的非貨幣項目所產生匯兑 差額會計入年內損益,惟重新換算非貨幣 項目所產生差額的盈虧於其他全面收益內 直接確認,在此情況下,匯兑差額亦於其 他全面收益內直接確認。

就呈列綜合財務報表而言,本集團海外業 務的資產及負債均按報告期末的通行匯 率換算為本集團的呈列貨幣,且收入及支 出項目則按年內的平均匯率換算,惟若匯 率於該年內大幅波動除外,在此情況下, 則以交易日期的通行匯率換算。匯率差額 (如有)將確認為一個獨立股本項目(匯兑 儲備)。

自二零一零年一月一日起,出售境外業 務(例如出售本集團於境外業務的全部權 益,或出售涉及失去一間附屬公司(包括 境外業務)控制權、失去一間共同控制實 體(包括境外業務)的共同控制權、或失去 對一間聯營公司(包括境外業務)的重大 影響力)時有關本公司擁有人應佔境外業 務的所有於權益中的累計匯兑差額將重 新分類為損益。此外,就部分出售(即並不 引致本集團失去控制權)一間附屬公司而 言,按比例所佔的累計匯兑差額乃重新計 入非控股權益且不會在於損益中確認。就 所有其他部分出售(即部分出售聯營公司 或共同控制實體並不引致本集團失去重大 影響力或共同控制權)而言,按比例所佔 的累計匯兑差額將重新分類至損益。

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

3.

Foreign currencies (Continued)

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items, and on the translation of monetary items, are recognised in profit or loss in the year in which they arise. Exchange differences arising on the retranslation of non-monetary items carried at fair value are included in profit or loss for the year except for differences arising on the retranslation of non-monetary items in respect of which gains and losses are recognised directly in other comprehensive income, in which cases, the exchange differences are also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

For the purposes of presenting the consolidated financial statements, the assets and liabilities of the Group's foreign operations are translated into the presentation currency of the Group at the exchange rate prevailing at the end of the reporting period, and their income and expenses are translated at the average exchange rates for the year, unless exchange rates fluctuate significantly during the year, in which case, the exchange prevailing at the dates of transactions are used. Exchange differences arising, if any, are recognised as a separate component of equity (the translation reserve).

From 1 January 2010 onwards, on the disposal of a foreign operation (i.e. a disposal of the Group's entire interest in a foreign operation, or a disposal involving loss of control over a subsidiary that includes a foreign operation, a disposal involving loss of joint control over a jointly controlled entity that includes a foreign operation, or a disposal involving loss of significant influence over an associate that includes a foreign operation), all of the exchange differences accumulated in equity in respect of that foreign operation attributable to the owners of the Company are reclassified to profit or loss. In addition, in relation to a partial disposal of a subsidiary that does not result in the Group losing control over the subsidiary, the proportionate share of accumulated exchange differences are re-attributed to noncontrolling interests and are not recognised in profit or loss. For all other partial disposals (i.e. partial disposals of associates or jointly controlled entities that do not result in the Group losing significant influence or joint control), the proportionate share of the accumulated exchange differences is reclassified to profit or loss.

外幣換算(續)

因收購境外業務而產生的所收購可認別資 產的商譽及公平價值調整乃視作該境外業 務的資產與負債,並按各報告期末的通行 匯率重新換算。所產生的匯兑差額在匯兑 儲備中確認。

租賃

倘租賃條款將所有權絕大部份風險及回報 轉嫁予本集團,則租賃分類為融資租賃。 所有其他租賃分類為經營租賃。

本集團作為租賃人

經營租賃產生的租金收入於有關租期內以 直線法在損益內確認。磋商及安排經營租 賃所產生的初步直接成本計入出租資產的 賬面值,並在租賃期內按直線法確認為開 支。

本集團作為承租人

經營租賃付款在有關租賃期內按直線法確 認為開支。作為訂立經營租賃誘因的已收 及應收利益於租賃期內按直線法確認為租 金開支減少。

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

3.

Foreign currencies (Continued)

Goodwill and fair value adjustments on identifiable assets acquired arising on acquisitions of foreign operations are treated as assets and liabilities of that foreign operation and retranslated at the rate of exchange prevailing at the end of the reporting period. Exchange differences arising are recognised in the translation reserve.

Leases

Leases are classified as finance leases when the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the Group. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

The Group as lessor

Rental income from operating leases is recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised as an expense over the lease term on a straight-line basis.

The Group as lessee

Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant leases. Benefits received and receivable as an incentive to enter into an operating lease are recognised as a reduction of rental expense over the lease term on a straight-line basis.



3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position when a group entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Financial assets

The Group's financial assets are classified as loans and receivables and available-for-sale financial assets.

Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset and of allocating interest income over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts (including all fees and interests paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial asset, or, where appropriate, a shorter period to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

金融工具

金融資產及金融負債乃當集團實體成為工 具合約條文的訂約方時,在綜合財務狀況 表中確認。金融資產及金融負債於初次入 賬時按公平價值計算。收購或發行金融資 產及金融負債而直接產生的交易成本(於 損益中按公平價值處理的金融資產及金融 負債除外)於初次確認時加入金融資產公 平價值內或自金融負債公平價值內扣除 (如適用)。收購於損益中按公平價值處理 的金融資產或金融負債所直接產生的交易 成本,即時於損益中確認。

金融資產

本集團的金融資產分類為貸款及應收款項以及可供出售金融資產。

實際利率法

實際利率法乃計算金融資產的攤銷成本及 按有關期間攤分利息收入的方法。實際利 率乃將估計日後現金收入(包括所有支付 或收取的其整體可構成實際利率、交易成 本及其他溢價或折價的費用和利息)按金 融資產的預期使用年期,或較短期間(倘 合適)實際折現至初步確認時的賬面淨值 的利率。

3.	重大會計政策 (續)	3.	SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)
	金融工具 (續)		Financial instruments (Continued)
	金融資產 (續)		Financial assets (Continued)
	實際利率法(續)		Effective interest method (Continued)
	就債務工具而言,收入按實際利率基準確 認。		Income is recognised on an effective interest basis for debt instruments.
	貸款及應收賬款		Loans and receivables

貸款及應收賬款為附帶固定或可釐定付款 的非衍生金融資產,而其在活躍市場並無 報價。於初步確認後的各報告期末,貸款 及應收賬款(包括應收貿易賬款及其他應 收款項、長期應收款項、已質押銀行存款 及銀行結餘)採用實際利息法攤銷成本, 減任何已識別減值虧損列賬(見下文有關 金融資產減值的會計政策)。

金融資產減值

金融資產於各報告期末被評估是否有減值 跡象。倘有客觀證據證明初步確認金融資 產後發生的一項或多項事件令金融資產的 估計未來現金流量受到影響,則金融資產 屬已減值。

fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. At the end of each reporting period, subsequent to initial recognition, loans and receivables (including trade and other receivables, long term receivables, pledged bank deposits and bank balances) are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any identified impairment losses (see accounting policy on impairment of financial assets below).

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with

Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets are assessed for indicators of impairment at the end of each reporting period. Financial assets are impaired where there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occur after the initial recognition of the financial asset, the estimated future cash flows of the financial assets have been impacted.



金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

金融資產減值(續)

難;或

減值的客觀證據可包括:

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

Objective evidence of impairment could include:

- significant financial difficulty of the issuer or counterparty; or
- default or delinquency in interest or principal payments; or
- it becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or financial re-organisation.

For certain categories of financial assets, such as trade receivables, assets that are assessed not to be impaired individually are subsequently assessed for impairment on a collective basis. Objective evidence of impairment for a portfolio of receivables could include the Group's past experience of collecting payments, an increase in the number of delayed payments in the portfolio past the average credit period as well as observable changes in national or local economic conditions that correlate with default on receivables.

For financial assets carried at amortised cost, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss when there is objective evidence that the asset is impaired, and is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the original effective interest rate.

For financial assets carried at cost, the amount of the impairment loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the current market rate of return for a similar financial asset. Such impairment loss will not be reversed in subsequent periods.

逾期或拖欠利息或本金還款;或

發行人或對手方遇到嚴重財政困

* 借款人有可能破產或進行財務重 組。

就若干類金融資產而言,例如應收貿易賬 款及被評估為非個別減值的資產,其後按 整體基準進行減值評估。應收款項組合的 客觀減值證據可包括本集團的過往收款經 驗、組合內超逾平均信貸期的延遲還款次 數增加,以及與應收款項逾期有關的全國 或地方經濟狀況明顯改變。

就按攤銷成本列賬的金融資產而言,減值 虧損乃於有客觀證據證明資產出現減值時 於損益內確認,並按該資產的賬面值與按 原先實際利率折現的估計未來現金流量的 現值間的差額計量。

就按成本列賬的金融資產而言,減值虧損 按資產的賬面值與按類似金融資產於當前 市場回報率折現的估計未來現金流量的現 值間的差額計量。該等減值虧損將不會於 隨後期間撥回。

3. 重大會計政策(續) 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

金融資產減值(續)

就所有金融資產而言,金融資產的賬面 值直接按減值虧損減少,惟應收貿易賬 款除外,其賬面值乃透過使用撥備賬目而 減少。撥備賬目的賬面值變動於損益內確 認。倘應收貿易賬款被視為無法收回,則 於撥備賬目撇銷。其後收回過往撇銷的款 項計入損益內。

就按攤銷成本計量的金融資產而言,倘於 往後期間,減值虧損金額減少,而該減少 客觀地與確認減值虧損後發生的事件有 關,則先前確認的減值虧損透過損益撥 回,惟該資產於撥回減值日期的賬面值不 得超過在並無確認減值的情況下應有的攤 銷成本。

金融負債及股本

集團實體發行的金融負債及股本工具乃根 據所簽訂合約安排的性質與金融負債及股 本工具的定義分類。

股本工具乃證明本集團於扣減所有負債後 的資產中擁有剩餘權益的任何合約。本集 團的金融負債一般列為其他金融負債。

(Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

The carrying amount of the financial asset is reduced by the impairment loss directly for all financial assets with the exception of trade receivables, where the carrying amount is reduced through the use of an allowance account. Changes in the carrying amount of the allowance account are recognised in profit or loss. When a trade receivable is considered uncollectible, it is written off against the allowance account. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited to profit or loss.

For financial assets measured at amortised cost, if, in a subsequent period, the amount of impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss to the extent that the carrying amount of the asset at the date the impairment is reversed does not exceed what the amortised cost would have been had the impairment not been recognised.

Financial liabilities and equity

Financial liabilities and equity instruments issued by a group entity are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Group after deducting all of its liabilities. The Group's financial liabilities are generally classified into other financial liabilities.



金融工具(續)

金融負債及股本(續)

實際利息法

實際利息法是一種在相關期間內用於計算 金融負債的攤銷成本以及分配利息開支的 方法。實際利率是一種在金融負債的預期 期限或(如適當)更短期間內能夠將估計 未來現金付款精確折現至初步確認時的賬 面淨值的利率。

利息開支按實際利率基準確認。

金融負債

金融負債(包括應付貿易賬款及其他應 付款項、來自一名非控股股東貸款及銀行 貸款)其後按攤銷成本採用實際利息法計 量。

權益工具

本公司所發行的權益工具按已收所得款項減直接發行成本列賬。

取消確認

若從資產收取現金流的權利已到期,或金 融資產已轉讓及本集團已將其於金融資產 擁有權的絕大部份風險及回報轉移,則金 融資產將被取消確認。於取消確認金融資 產時,資產賬面值與已收及應收代價及已 於其他全面收益中確認的累計損益總和的 差額,將於損益中確認。若本集團保留其 已轉移資產擁有權的絕大部份風險及回 報,則本集團持續確認該金融資產及將已 收所得款項確認為一項有抵押的借貸。

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

3.

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial liabilities and equity (Continued)

Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial liability and of allocating interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments through the expected life of the financial liability, or, where appropriate, a shorter period to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Interest expenses is recognised on an effective interest basis.

Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities including trade and other payables, loan from a non-controlling shareholder and bank loans are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method.

Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the Company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

Derecognition

Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the assets expire or, the financial assets are transferred and the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial assets. On derecognition of a financial asset, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable and the cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in other comprehensive income is recognised in profit or loss. If the Group retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a transferred asset, the Group continues to recognise the financial asset and recognise a collateralised borrowing for proceeds received.

金融工具(續)

取消確認(續)

倘於有關合約的特定責任獲解除、取消或 到期,金融負債將被取消確認。取消確認 的金融負債賬面值與已付及應付代價的差 額乃於損益中確認。

員工福利

定額供款退休福利計劃、政府管理退休福 利計劃及強制性公積金計劃的供款於員工 提供享有供款的服務時列為開支。

其他員工福利的準備於本集團須承擔現時 義務向其員工提供該等福利時進行確認, 並按董事對未來義務的最佳估計進行計 量,倘影響重大,則貼現至其現值。

準備

本集團在因過往事件而承擔現有責任及可 能須履行該項責任時確認準備。於報告期 末,準備乃按結清現有責任所需支出的代 價的最佳估計進行計量,並已考慮責任所 附帶的風險及不明朗因素。倘準備採用結 清現有責任的估計現金流量計量,其賬面 值為該等現金流量的現值。

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Continued)

3.

Financial instruments (Continued)

Derecognition (Continued)

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the obligation specified in the relevant contract is discharged, cancelled or expires. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable is recognised in profit or loss.

Employee benefits

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit plans, government-managed retirement benefit schemes and the Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme are charged as an expense when employees have rendered service entitling them to the contributions.

Provision for other employee benefits are recognised when the Group has a present obligation to provide such benefits to its employee and is measured at the directors' best estimate of the future obligations discounted to its present value where the effect is material.

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present obligation as a result of a past event, and it is probable that the Group will be required to settle that obligation. Provisions are measured at the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. Where a provision is measured using cash flows estimated to settle the present obligation, its carrying amount is the present value of those cash flows.



4. 估計不明朗因素的主要來 **4.** 源

商譽估計減值

釐定商譽是否減值須估計獲分配商譽的現 金產生單位的使用價值。計算使用價值要 求本集團估計預期由現金產生單位(「現金 產生單位」)產生的未來現金流量及適當的 貼現率以計算現值。於二零一零年及二零 零九年十二月三十一日,商譽的賬面值分 別為325,570,000港元及186,789,000港元。 可收回金額計算的詳情披露於附註19。

遞延税項資產

遞延税項資產的可變現能力主要取決於未 來可否獲得足量的利潤或應課税暫時差 額。在實際產生的未來利潤低於預期的情 況下,遞延税項資產撥回可於撥回年度的 綜合全面收益表損益內確認。於二零一零 年及二零零九年十二月三十一日,遞延税 項資產的賬面值分別為106,483,000港元及 22,421,000港元。

應收貿易賬款估計減值

當出現減值虧損的客觀憑據,本集團將考 慮估計未來現金流量。減值虧損的金額按 資產的賬面值與以金融資產的原始實際 利率(即初步確認時推算的實際利率)貼 現的估計未來現金流量(不包括尚未發 生的未來信貸虧損)的現值之間的差額計 量。於二零一零年及二零零九年十二月 三十一日,應收貿易賬款的賬面值分別 為1,481,868,000港元(經扣除呆壞賬備抵 73,326,000港元)及802,833,000港元(經扣 除呆壞賬備抵47,672,000港元)(參見附註 25)。

KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

Estimated impairment of goodwill

Determining whether goodwill is impaired requires an estimation of the value in use of the cash generating units to which goodwill has been allocated. The value in use calculation requires the Group to estimate the future cash flows expected to arise from the cash generating unit ("CGU") and a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value. As at 31 December 2010 and 2009, the carrying amount of goodwill are HK\$325,570,000 and HK\$186,789,000, respectively. Details of the recoverable amount calculation are disclosed in Note 19.

Deferred tax assets

The realisability of the deferred tax asset mainly depends on whether sufficient future profits or taxable temporary differences will be available in the future. In cases where the actual future profits generated are less than expected, a reversal of deferred tax assets would be recognised in profit or loss in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income for the year in which such a reversal takes place. As at 31 December 2010 and 2009, the carrying amount of deferred tax assets is HK\$106,483,000 and HK\$22,421,000, respectively.

Estimated impairment of trade receivables

Where there is objective evidence of impairment loss, the Group takes into consideration the estimation of future cash flows. The amount of impairment loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows (excluding future credit losses that have not been incurred) discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate (i.e. the effective interest rate computed at initial recognition). As at 31 December 2010 and 2009, the carrying amount of trade receivables are HK\$1,481,868,000 (net of allowance for doubtful debts of HK\$73,326,000) and HK\$802,833,000 (net of allowance for doubtful debts of HK\$47,672,000), respectively (*see Note 25*).

5. 營業額及分部資料

分部資料已按內部管理報告內不同產品 區分,有關內部管理報告乃按與香港財 務報告準則一致的會計政策編製,並定 期由首席執行官進行審核以向可報告分 部配置資源及評估彼等的表現。

根據香港財務報告準則第8號,本集團的 經營及可報告分部如下:

水泥一水泥及相關產品的生產與銷售

混凝土--混凝土及相關產品的生產與銷 售

營業額指向外部客戶出售貨物的已收及 應收款項。

分部業績指各分部所得盈利(未抵扣分 配的中央行政費用、董事薪酬、應佔聯營 公司業績、利息收入及財務費用以及税 項)。

5. TURNOVER AND SEGMENT INFORMATION

Segment information has been identified on the basis of different products in internal management reports which are prepared in accordance with accounting policies conformed with HKFRS, that are regularly reviewed by the chief executive officer in order to allocate resources to the reportable segments and to assess their performance.

The Group's operating and reportable segments under HKFRS 8 are as follows:

Cement – manufacture and sale of cement and related products

Concrete – manufacture and sale of concrete and related products

Turnover represents the amount received and receivable for goods sold to outside customers.

Segment results represent the profits earned by each segment without allocation of central administration costs, directors' salaries, share of results of associates, interest income and finance costs and taxation.



5. 營業額及分部資料(續) 5. TURNOVER AND SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

The information of segment results are as follows:

截至二零一零年十二	截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度 For th		led 31 Deceml	per 2010	
		水泥 千港元 Cement	混凝土 千港元 Concrete	對銷 千港元 Elimination	總額 千港元 Total
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
營業額-分部收益	TURNOVER – SEGMENT REVENUE				
對外銷售	External sales	10,804,147	3,337,390	-	14,141,537
分部之間銷售	Inter-segment sales	703,202	30	(703,232)	
		11,507,349	3,337,420	(703,232)	14,141,537

分部之間銷售乃按現行市場價格計算。

分部業績資料載列如下:

Inter-segment sales are charged at prevailing market prices.

業績	RESULTS			
分部業績	Segment results	2,388,886	158,755	 2,547,641
利息收入	Interest income			57,234
財務費用	Finance costs			(268,042)
未分配公司開支	Unallocated corporate expenses			(105,263)
應佔聯營公司業績	Share of results of associates			(188)
除税前盈利	Profit before taxation			2,231,382

5. 營業額及分部資料(續) 5. TURNOVER AND SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

截至二零零九年十二	二月三十一日止年度	For the year ended 31 December 2009			
		水泥 千港元	混凝土 千港元	對銷 千港元	總額 千港元
		Cement	Concrete	Elimination	Total
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
營業額-分部收益	TURNOVER – SEGMENT REVENUE				
對外銷售	External sales	5,070,678	1,836,247	-	6,906,925
分部之間銷售	Inter-segment sales	347,623	86	(347,709)	
		5,418,301	1,836,333	(347,709)	6,906,925

分部之間銷售乃按現行市場價格計算。

Inter-segment sales are charged at prevailing market prices.

業績	RESULTS			
分部業績	Segment results	1,012,795	225,123	 1,237,918
利息收入	Interest income			11,119
財務費用	Finance costs			(149,059)
未分配公司開支	Unallocated corporate expenses			(52,668)
應佔聯營公司業績	Share of results of associates			6,822
除税前盈利	Profit before taxation			1,054,132



5. 營業額及分部資料(續)

5. TURNOVER AND SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

分部資產與分部負債的資料截列如下:

Information of segment assets and segment liabilities are as follows:

		於十二月	三十一日
		二零一零年	二零零九年
		千港元	千港元
		As at 31 D	ecember
		2010	2009
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
資產	Assets		
分部資產	Segment assets		
一水泥	– Cement	26,783,226	16,285,498
一混凝土	– Concrete	2,637,836	1,397,44
		29,421,062	17,682,94
於聯營公司的權益	Interests in associates	29,421,002	8,51
於共同控制實體的權益	Interests in jointly	20, 142	10,0
	controlled entities	894,669	
遞延税項資產	Deferred tax assets	106,483	22,42
可退税項	Taxation recoverable	373	20,99
未分配公司資產(<i>附註a</i>)	Unallocated corporate		,
	assets (note a)	4,885,162	6,499,02
綜合資產總額	Consolidated total assets	35,327,891	24,233,89
負債	Liabilities		
分部負債	Segment liabilities		
一水泥	– Cement	4,815,498	1,711,65
一混凝土	– Concrete	903,510	435,15
		5,719,008	2,146,81
税項負債	Tax liabilities	122,041	60,60
未分配公司負債 <i>(註b)</i>	Unallocated corporate		
	liabilities (note b)	14,241,553	9,395,82
综合負債總額	Consolidated total liabilities	20,082,602	11,603,23
注:	notes:		
a 未分配公司資產指現金及銀行結餘、已質押 銀行存款及總部資產。	a Unallocated corporate assets bank deposits and assets of		ank balances, plec
b 未分配公司負債指銀行貸款及總部的其他 應付款項。由於銀行貸款由本集團財務部門 集中管理,故將該等款項劃分為未分配公司	b Unallocated corporate liabili of the headquarters. The bar liabilities because they are n	nk loans are classified as	unallocated corpo

the Group.



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5. 營業額及分部資料(續) 5. TURNOVER AND SEGMENT

. TURNOVER AND SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

其他資料

Other information

截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度

For the year ended 31 December 2010

		水泥 千港元	混凝土 千港元	公司 千港元	綜合總額 千港元
				Corporate	Consolidated
		Cement	Concrete	level	total
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
添置固定資產	Additions to fixed assets	5,359,826	505,739	294	5,865,859
採礦權增加	Additions to mining rights	123,291	-	-	123,291
預付租賃款項增加	Additions to prepaid lease				
	payments	967,897	44,248	-	1,012,145
商譽增加	Additions to goodwill	116,550	16,626	-	133,176
購買固定資產訂金增加	Increase (decrease) in deposits				
(減少)	for acquisition of fixed assets	799,075	(9,979)	-	789,096
固定資產折舊	Depreciation of fixed assets	708,958	97,552	638	807,148
呆壞賬(備抵撥回)	(Reversal of) allowance for				
備抵	doubtful debts	(847)	29,902	-	29,055
採礦權攤銷	Amortisation of mining rights	11,738	-	-	11,738
預付租賃款項攤銷	Release of prepaid lease				
	payments	26,328	1,995	-	28,323
投資物業公平價值變動	Gain on change in fair value of				
產生的收益	an investment property	-	(18,000)	-	(18,000)
出售固定資產虧損	Loss (gain) on disposal of				
(收益)	fixed assets	18,871	(341)	3	18,533
固定資產減值虧損	Impairment loss on fixed assets	61,020	4,330	-	65,350

5. 營業額及分部資料(續) 5. TURNOVER AND SEGMENT

. TURNOVER AND SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

其他資料(續)

Other information (Continued)

截至二零零九年十二月三十一日止年度

For the year ended 31 December 2009

		水泥 千港元	混凝土 千港元	公司 千港元	綜合總額 千港元
		Cement	Concrete	Corporate level	Consolidated total
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
添置固定資產	Additions to fixed assets	5,023,455	235,787	1,850	5,261,092
採礦權增加	Additions to mining rights	6,132	_	-	6,132
預付租賃款項增加	Additions to prepaid lease				
	payments	49,307	8,290	-	57,597
商譽增加	Additions to goodwill	123,950	_	-	123,950
購買固定資產訂	Increase in deposits for				
金增加	acquisition of fixed assets	550,431	22,299	_	572,730
固定資產折舊	Depreciation of fixed assets	377,184	54,994	460	432,638
呆壞賬備抵撥回	Reversal of allowance for				
	doubtful debts	(1,146)	(19,387)	-	(20,533)
採礦權攤銷	Amortisation of mining rights	4,225	_	-	4,225
預付租賃款項攤銷	Release of prepaid lease				
	payments	8,264	419	-	8,683
投資物業公平價值	Loss on change in fair value of				
變動產生的虧損	an investment property	_	1,000	-	1,000
出售固定資產虧損	Loss (gain) on disposal of				
(收益)	fixed assets	792	133	(53)	872
固定資產減值虧損	Impairment loss on fixed assets	5,671	_		5,671

地區資料

本集團的所有非流動資產(不包括遞延税 項資產)均位於中國內地及香港。

Geographical information

All non-current assets of the Group excluding deferred tax assets are located in the Chinese Mainland and Hong Kong.

综合財務報表附註 NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 December 2010 截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度

6. 其他收入 6. OTHER INCOME

		二零一零年	二零零九年
		千港元	千港元
		2010	2009
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
利息收入	Interest income	57,234	11,119
匯兑收益	Exchange gain	48,173	_
政府獎勵	Government incentives	70,482	33,061
出售廢料	Sales of scrap materials	9,294	6,440
來自保險的賠償	Compensation received		
	from insurance	5,983	3,290
服務收入	Service income	768	3,038
租金收入	Rental income	13,834	10,247
其他	Others	13,878	9,650
		219.646	76.845

7. 財務費用

7. FINANCE COSTS

		二零一零年	二零零九年
		千港元	千港元
		2010	2009
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
以下各項的利息:	Interests on:		
五年內須悉數償還的銀行貸款	Bank loans wholly		
	repayable within five		
	years	393,017	318,007
五年後須悉數償還的銀行貸款	Bank loans wholly		
	repayable after five		
	years	9,723	_
長期應付款項	Long term payable	1,855	156
		404,595	318,163
<i>減:</i> 已資本化為固定資產的金額	Less: Amount capitalised to		
	fixed assets	(136,553)	(169,104)
		268,042	149,059

合資格資產開支的借貸成本的資本化率約為4.7%(二零零九年:5.0%)。

Capitalisation rate of borrowing costs to expenditure on qualifying assets is approximately 4.7% (2009: 5.0%).



8. 除税前盈利

8. **PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION**

		二零一零年 千港元 2010 HK\$′000	二零零九年 千港元 2009 HK\$'000
除税前盈利已扣除(計入)以下各項:	Profit before taxation has been arrived at after charging (crediting):		
董事酬金 <i>(附註9)</i>	Directors' emoluments	0.044	0.400
退休金成本及強制性公積金供款 (不包括董事)	<i>(Note 9)</i> Pension costs and mandatory provident fund contributions	8,011	8,488
其他員工成本	excluding directors Other staff costs	57,620 954,731	50,282 448,862
員工成本總額	Total staff costs	1,020,362	507,632
呆壞賬備抵(備抵撥回) 採礦權攤銷	Allowance (reversal of allowance) for doubtful debts Amortisation of	29,055	(20,533)
(已計入一般及行政費用)	mining rights (included in general and		
	administrative expenses)	11,738	4,225
核數師薪酬 固定資產折舊	Auditor's remuneration	3,995	3,452
回足貝座灯 昏 匯兑虧損	Depreciation of fixed assets Exchange loss	807,148	432,638 342
些 元	Impairment loss	-	542
兴间总权派领时舰迫推顶	on other receivables	14,661	_
就固定資產確認的減值虧損	Impairment loss recognised	1 1/00 1	
(已計入一般及行政費用)	in respect of fixed assets (included in general and		
	administrative expenses)	65,350	5,671
出售固定資產虧損	Loss on disposal of		
	fixed assets	18,533	872
就以下各項的經營租約付款	Operating lease payments in respect of		
一租借物業	- rented premises	24,039	23,698
一汽車	– motor vehicles	62,696	27,891
預付租賃款項攤銷	Release of prepaid lease	20.222	0 (0)
	payments	28,323	8,683

综合財務報表附註 NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 December 2010 截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度

9. 董事酬金 9. DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS

董事酬金

Directors' emoluments

截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2010

				退休金成本		
				及強制性		
		董事袍金	薪金及津貼	公積金供款	酌情花紅	總計
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
				Pension		
				costs and		
			Salaries	mandatory		
		Directors'	and	provident	Discretionary	
董事姓名	Name of director	fees	allowances	fund	bonus	Total
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
周俊卿	ZHOU Junqing	50	1,937	163	650	2,800
周龍山	ZHOU Longshan	50	1,410	106	1,063	2,629
劉忠國	LAU Chung Kwok Robert	50	1,041	104	775	1,970
李福祚	LI Fuzuo	29	-	-	-	29
杜文民	DU Wenmin	50	-	-	-	50
魏斌	WEI Bin	50	-	-	-	50
葉澍堃	IP Shu Kwan Stephen	138	-	-	-	138
曾學敏	ZENG Xuemin	138	-	-	-	138
林智遠	LAM Chi Yuen	138	-	-	-	138
徐永模	XU Yongmo	69				69
		762	4,388	373	2,488	8,011



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9. 董事酬金 (續) 9. DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS (Continued)

董事酬金(續)	Directors	s' emolument	ts (Continued))		
截至二零零九年十二月三十一日止年度		For the ye	For the year ended 31 December 2009				
		董事袍金 千港元	薪金及津貼 千港元	退休金成本 及強制性 公積金供款 千港元 Pension costs and	酌情花紅 千港元	總計 千港元	
董事姓名	Name of director	Directors' fees HK\$'000	Salaries and allowances HK\$'000	mandatory provident fund HK\$'000	Discretionary bonus HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000	
周俊卿	ZHOU Junqing	13	1,773	129	1,446	3,361	
周龍山	ZHOU Longshan	13	1,300	97	1,325	2,735	
劉忠國	LAU Chung Kwok Robert	13	991	92	843	1,939	
李福祚	LI Fuzuo	13	-	-	-	13	
杜文民	DU Wenmin	13	-	-	-	13	
魏斌	WEI Bin	13	-	-	-	13	
葉澍堃	IP Shu Kwan Stephen	138	-	-	-	138	
曾學敏	ZENG Xuemin	138	-	-	-	138	
林智遠	LAM Chi Yuen	138		_		138	
		492	4,064	318	3,614	8,488	

10. 僱員薪酬

於二零一零年,本集團五名最高薪酬個人 並無包括任何董事。於二零零九年,五名 最高薪個人包括三名本公司的董事,彼等 的薪酬均納入上文附註9的披露內。五名 (二零零九年:餘下兩名)個人的薪酬如 下:

10. EMPLOYEES' EMOLUMENTS

The five highest paid individuals in the Group in 2010 do not include any director. The five highest paid individuals in 2009 included three directors of the Company whose emoluments are included in the disclosures in Note 9 above. The emoluments of the five (2009: remaining two) individuals were as follows:

		二零一零年 千港元 2010 HK\$′000	二零零九年 千港元 2009 HK \$ '000
薪金及津貼 退休金成本及強制性公積金供款	Salaries and allowances Pension costs and mandatory provident	26,485	3,789
	fund contributions	363	199
		26,848	3,988

彼等的薪酬介乎以下範圍:

Their emoluments were within the following bands:

		二零一零年 千港元 2010 HK\$'000	二零零九年 千港元 2009 HK\$'000
1,000,001港元至2,000,000港元	HK\$1,000,001 to		
	HK\$2,000,000	-	1
2,000,001港元至3,000,000港元	HK\$2,000,001 to		
	HK\$3,000,000	-	1
3,000,001港元至4,000,000港元	HK\$3,000,001 to		
	HK\$4,000,000	1	_
4,000,001港元至5,000,000港元	HK\$4,000,001 to		
	HK\$5,000,000	1	_
5,000,001港元至6,000,000港元	HK\$5,000,001 to		
	HK\$6,000,000	1	_
6,000,001港元至7,000,000港元	HK\$6,000,001 to		
	HK\$7,000,000	2	
		5	2

11. 税項

11. TAXATION

	二零一零年	二零零九年
	千港元	千港元
	2010	2009
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Current taxation		
Hong Kong Profits Tax	15,928	15,186
Chinese Mainland		
Enterprise Income Tax	118,932	20,291
Underprovision		
in prior years		1,954
	134,860	37,431
Deferred taxation (Note 22)		
Hong Kong	4,936	2,335
Chinese Mainland	(42,259)	(12,959)
	(37,323)	(10,624)
	97,537	26,807
	Hong Kong Profits Tax Chinese Mainland Enterprise Income Tax Underprovision in prior years Deferred taxation <i>(Note 22)</i> Hong Kong	千港元 2010 HK\$'000Current taxation Hong Kong Profits Tax15,928 15,928 Chinese Mainland Enterprise Income TaxEnterprise Income Tax118,932 118,932 Underprovision in prior years134,860134,860Deferred taxation (Note 22) Hong Kong4,936 (42,259) (37,323)

香港利得税乃按兩年內的估計應課税利潤 以16.5%的税率計算。 Hong Kong Profits Tax was calculated at 16.5% of the estimated assessable profit for both years.

中國內地企業所得税指中國內地的所得 税,根據中國內地集團實體的應課税收益 按現行税率計算所得。 Chinese Mainland Enterprise Income Tax represents the income tax in the Chinese Mainland which is calculated at the prevailing tax rate on the taxable income of the group entities in the Chinese Mainland.

11. 税項(續)

根據中國內地的税法及法規,在中國內地 成立的若干附屬公司在抵銷過去五年的累 計虧損後,自其首個盈利年度起計的首兩 年獲豁免繳納中國內地外商企業所得税 (「外商企業所得税」),隨後三年則享有外 商企業所得税50%的減免(「免税期」)。

根據中國內地企業所得税法(「企業所得 税法」)及企業所得税法實施條例,二零零 九年及二零一零年中國內地附屬公司的税 率為25%,惟若干於二零零八年一月一日 前享有優惠税率的附屬公司除外,該等附 屬公司將於二零零八年一月一日起計五年 內逐步過渡至新税率。過去享有免税期的 若干附屬公司可繼續享有該等税務優惠直 至前述規定的期限屆滿。

由於本集團現能控制臨時差額的撥回時 間,且臨時差額可能不會於可預見的未來 撥回,故中國內地成立的附屬公司於二零 一零年十二月三十一日所賺取的未分派保 留盈利應佔的臨時差額4,704,204,000港 元(二零零九年:2,303,142,000港元),並 無於綜合財務報表中以遞延税項負債作出 撥備。

11. TAXATION (Continued)

According to the Chinese Mainland tax laws and regulations, certain subsidiaries, which are established in the Chinese Mainland, are exempted from Chinese Mainland Foreign Enterprise Income Tax (the "FEIT") for the first two years starting from their first profit-making year after offsetting the accumulated losses brought forward from previous five years, followed by a 50% reduction on the FEIT for the next three years ("Tax Holiday").

Under the Law of the Chinese Mainland on Enterprise Income Tax (the "EIT Law") and Implementation Regulation of the EIT Law, the tax rate of the subsidiaries in the Chinese Mainland is 25% in respect of 2009 and 2010, except for certain subsidiaries that previously enjoyed a preferential tax rate prior to 1 January 2008, which will be gradually transited to the new tax rate over five years from 1 January 2008 and certain subsidiaries that previously enjoyed the Tax Holiday will continue to enjoy such preferential tax treatment until the expiry of such prescribed period.

No deferred tax liabilities has been provided for in the consolidated financial statements in respect of the temporary differences attributable to the undistributed retained profits of HK\$4,704,204,000 as at 31 December 2010 (2009: HK\$2,303,142,000) earned by the subsidiaries established in the Chinese Mainland as the Group is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

11. 税項(續)

11. TAXATION (Continued)

本年度的開支可與除税前綜合盈利對賬如 下: The charge for the year can be reconciled to the consolidated profit before taxation as follows:

. .

		二零一零年	二零零九年
		千港元	千港元
		2010	2009
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
除税前盈利	Profit before taxation	2,231,382	1,054,132
按中國內地企業所得税税率	Tax at the Chinese		
25%繳税	Mainland Enterprise		
	Income Tax rate of 25%	557,845	263,533
釐定應課税盈利時未扣除的費用的税務影響	Tax effect of expenses		
	that are not deductible		
	in determining taxable		
	profit	67,481	21,469
釐定應課税盈利時不予	Tax effect of income		
課税的收入的税務影響	that are not taxable in		
	determining taxable		
	profit	(34,140)	(8,570)
免税期税率下降的	Tax effect of reduced tax		
税務影響	rate under Tax Holiday	(533,750)	(267,987)
未確認税務虧損的	Tax effect of tax losses not		
税務影響	recognised	64,920	28,348
動用過去未確認的税務	Tax effect of utilisation of		
虧損的税務影響	tax losses not previously		
	recognised	(16,064)	(731)
分佔聯營公司業績的	Tax effect of share of		
税務影響	results of associates	47	(1,706)
在其他司法權區經營的	Effect of different tax rates		
附屬公司的不同税率的影響	of subsidiaries operating		
	in other jurisdictions	(8,802)	(9,503)
於過往年度撥備不足	Underprovision in prior		
	years		1,954
本年度的税務開支	Taxation expense for the		
	year	97,537	26,807

12. 退休福利計劃

香港僱員可參與本集團的界定供款退休計 劃或參加強制性公積金計劃(「強制性公 積金計劃」)。界定供款退休計劃的資產由 獨立管理基金單獨持有。供款的金額乃以 僱員基本薪金的特定百分比為基準,並於 綜合全面收益表內損益中扣除。離職僱員 無權享有的任何沒收供款則用以減低本集 團的供款。於各報告期末,並無重大金額 的未動用沒收供款。強制性公積金計劃下 的資產與本集團的資產在受託人的控制下 由基金分別持有。本集團及各僱員每月向 強制性公積金計劃供款。

本集團在中國內地的僱員均屬於中國內地 各自地方政府經營的政府管理退休福利計 劃的成員。本集團須向退休福利計劃支付 工資特定百分比的供款作為福利資金。本 集團於該等計劃中的唯一責任為支付特定 供款。

13. 股息

12. RETIREMENT BENEFIT SCHEMES

Employees in Hong Kong may be offered to participate in the Group's defined contribution retirement schemes or to join the Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme ("MPF"). The assets of the defined contribution retirement scheme are held separately in independently administered funds. The amount of contributions is based on a specified percentage of the basic salaries of employees and is charged to profit or loss in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income. Any forfeited contributions in respect of unvested benefits of staff leavers will be used to reduce the Group's contributions. There was no significant amount of unutilised forfeited contributions at the end of each reporting period. The assets under the MPF are held separately from those of the Group in funds under the control of the trustee. The Group and each of the employees make monthly contributions to the MPF.

The employees of the Group in the Chinese Mainland are members of government-managed retirement benefit schemes operated by the respective local government in the Chinese Mainland. The Group is required to contribute a specified percentage of payroll cost to the retirement benefit schemes to fund the benefits. The only obligation of the Group with respect to these schemes is to make the specified contributions.

13. DIVIDEND

		二零一零年	二零零九年
		千港元	千港元
		2010	2009
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
建議末期股息	Proposed final dividend	293,366	-

董事會並無就本年度宣佈派付任何中期 股息(二零零九年:無)。於二零一一年三 月四日舉行的會議上,董事會建議就本年 度派發末期股息每股0.045港元(二零零九 年:無)。根據本公司於本年報日期的已發 行股份數目計算而建議的末期股息總額並 無於綜合財務報表內確認為一項負債。 The Board did not declare the payment of any interim dividend for the year (2009: Nil). At the meeting held on 4 March 2011, the Board proposed a final dividend of HK\$0.045 per share for the year (2009: Nil). The total amount of the proposed final dividend, calculated on the Company's number of shares issued as at the date of this annual report, is not recognised as a liability in the consolidated financial statements.

14. 每股盈利

14. EARNINGS PER SHARE

本公司擁有人應佔每股基本盈利乃基於以 下數據計算而成:

The calculation of the basic earnings per share attributable to the owners of the Company is based on the following data:

		二零一零年	二零零九年
		千港元	千港元
		2010	2009
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
盈利	Earnings		
本公司擁有人應佔盈利	Earnings attributable to		
一每股基本盈利	owners of the Company		
	for the purpose of		
	basic earnings per share	2,040,833	1,010,176
		於十二月	三十一日
		二零一零年	二零零九年
		As at 31	December
		2010	2009
股份數目	Number of shares		
股份的加權平均數	Weighted average number of		
一每股基本盈利	shares for the purpose of		
	basic earnings per share	6,519,255,462	2,523,517,029
由於本公司並無擁有任何未發行潛在普	No diluted earnings per sha	re is presented as	the Company did
通职, 执光年只可复职搬落及利。	not have any notantial ordine	an charac autotana	ling

通股,故並無呈列每股攤薄盈利。

not have any potential ordinary shares outstanding.

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15. 固定資產

15. FIXED ASSETS

		土地及 建築物 千港元 Land and buildings HK\$'000	廠房及 設備 千港元 Plant and machinery HK\$'000	物流設備 千港元 Logistic equipment HK\$'000	其他 千港元 Others HK\$'000	在建工程 千港元 Construction in progress HK\$'000	總額 千港元 Total HK\$′000
	COST						
於二零零九年一月一日	At 1 January 2009	1,191,913	4,665,912	734,551	326,805	2,637,297	9,556,478
添置 收購附屬公司 <i>(附註38)</i>	Additions Acquisition of subsidiaries	71,939	312,933	135,489	22,769	4,717,962	5,261,092
在建工程竣工後轉撥	<i>(Note 38)</i> Transfer upon completion of	371,104	325,693	9,289	48,951	571,905	1,326,942
	construction in progress	697,552	2,056,780	59,222	49,466	(2,863,020)	-
出售	Disposals	(2,578)	(10,925)	(2,427)	(2,605)	-	(18,535)
匯兑調整	Exchange adjustments	(135)	(641)	(95)	(44)	(370)	(1,285)
於二零零九年 十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2009	2,329,795	7,349,752	936,029	445,342	5,063,774	16,124,692
→	Additions	184,659	962,926	358,735	83,598	4,275,941	5,865,859
收購附屬公司	Acquisition of subsidiaries				,	.,,	-,,
(<i>附註38)</i> 去决工现给工作转换	(Note 38)	143,088	326,478	41,549	41,021	1,576,005	2,128,141
在建工程竣工後轉撥	Transfer upon completion of construction in progress	1,949,014	4,479,090	302,957	138,720	(6,869,781)	_
出售	Disposals	(10,814)	(56,594)	(29,506)	(4,331)	(0,005,701)	(101,245)
匯兑調整	Exchange adjustments	74,474	255,567	30,724	15,122	214,699	590,586
於二零一零年	At 31 December 2010						
十二月三十一日		4,670,216	13,317,219	1,640,488	719,472	4,260,638	24,608,033
累計折舊與減值	ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION AND IMPAIRMENT						
於二零零九年一月一日	At 1 January 2009	164,522	959,721	216,934	91,038	-	1,432,215
年度開支	Charge for the year	41,317	312,740	56,156	22,425	-	432,638
出售 於損益內確認的減值虧損	Disposals Impairment loss recognised in	(277)	(6,293)	(2,249)	(1,251)	-	(10,070)
	profit or loss (note)	2,611	3,060	_	_	_	5,671
匯兑調整	Exchange adjustments	17	136	22	8	-	183
於二零零九年	At 31 December 2009						
十二月三十一日		208,190	1,269,364	270,863	112,220	-	1,860,637
年度開支	Charge for the year	84,324	580,593	103,800	38,431	-	807,148
出售 於損益內確認的減值虧損	Disposals Impairment loss recognised	(4,855)	(43,913)	(10,916)	(3,519)	-	(63,203)
	in profit or loss (note)	10,840	48,829	_	5,681	-	65,350
匯兑調整	Exchange adjustments	7,280	54,435	9,564	4,104	-	75,383
於二零一零年 十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2010	305,779	1,909,308	373,311	156,917	_	2,745,315
賬面凈值	CARRYING VALUES						
於二零一零年	At 31 December 2010						
十二月三十一日		4,364,437	11,407,911	1,267,177	562,555	4,260,638	21,862,718
於二零零九年 十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2009	2,121,605	6,080,388	665,166	333,122	5,063,774	14,264,055
		,,	., -,			.,,	, ,

For the year ended 31 December 2010 截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度

15. 固定資產(續)

15. FIXED ASSETS (Continued)

其他主要包括傢俬、設備及租賃資產裝 修。

註: 截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度,本
 公司董事對本集團的生產性資產進行審核,
 釐定若干附屬公司的資產由於出現損害及
 老化已悉數減值。因此,就該等固定資產已
 確認的減值虧損為65,350,000港元(二零零
 九年:5,671,000港元)。

Others mainly comprise furniture and equipment and leasehold improvements.

note: During the year ended 31 December 2010, the directors of the Company conducted a review of the Group's production assets and determined that the assets of certain subsidiaries were fully impaired due to damage and obsolescence. Accordingly, impairment losses of HK\$65,350,000 (2009: HK\$5,671,000) have been recognised in respect of those fixed assets.

		二零一零年 千港元 2010 HK\$′000	二零零九年 千港元 2009 HK\$'000
本集團的土地及樓宇的賬面值包括:	Carrying values of the land and buildings of the Group comprise:		
所持香港物業	Properties in Hong Kong held on		
一中期租約 所持中國內地物業	 medium-term leases Properties in the Chinese Mainland held on 	173,124	177,886
一中期租約	– medium-term leases	4,191,257	1,943,662
一短期租約	- short-term leases	56	57
		4,364,437	2,121,605

於二零一零年十二月三十一日計入在建工 程的資本化權益約為65,009,000港元(二 零零九年:129,445,000港元)。 Included in construction in progress at 31 December 2010 is interest capitalised of approximately HK\$65,009,000 (2009: HK\$129,445,000).

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16. 預付租賃款項

16. PREPAID LEASE PAYMENTS

		二零一零年 千港元 2010 HK\$′000	二零零九年 千港元 2009 HK\$'000
預付租賃款項總額:	Total prepaid lease		
	payments:		
中國內地的中期租賃土地	Medium-term leasehold		
	land in the Chinese		
	Mainland	1,667,584	454,570
<i>減:</i> 於一年內於損益中扣除的款項	Less: Amount which will be		
(計入其他應收款項內)	charged to profit or		
	loss within one year		
	(included in other		
	receivables)	(35,987)	(11,286)
		1,631,597	443,284
預付租賃款項的變動如下:	Movements of prepaid lease p	ayments are as fol	lows:
		二零一零年	二零零九年
		千港元	千港元
		2010	2009

		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
年初結餘	Balance at beginning of		
	the year	454,570	300,679
添置	Additions	1,012,145	57,597
收購附屬公司 <i>(附註38)</i>	Acquisition of subsidiaries		
	(Note 38)	210,773	105,025
年內攤銷	Release for the year	(28,323)	(8,683)
匯兑調整	Exchange adjustments	18,419	(48)
年末結餘	Balance at end of the year	1,667,584	454,570

預付租賃款項攤銷的租期介於35年至50年 不等。 The lease terms over which the prepaid lease payments are amortised ranged from 35 years to 50 years.



17. 投資物業

17. INVESTMENT PROPERTY

		二零一零年	二零零九年
		千港元	千港元
		2010	2009
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
年初結餘	Balance at beginning of		
	the year	34,000	35,000
公平價值變動	Change in fair value	18,000	(1,000)
年末結餘	Balance at end of the year	52,000	34,000

於二零一零年及二零零九年十二月三十一日,公平價值分別為52,000,000港元及 34,000,000港元的投資物業僅包括位於香 港的一項租賃物業。該投資物業乃由獨立 合資格專業估值師戴德梁行有限公司參考 市場銷售比較法進行估值。

本集團根據經營租約持有以賺取租金的所 有土地的租賃權益,乃被分類為投資物業 並以投資物業入賬。

上述投資物業的賬面值包括:

Investment property with fair values of HK\$52,000,000 and HK\$34,000,000 as at 31 December 2010 and 2009 respectively, comprised solely a leasehold property in Hong Kong. This investment property was valued by an independent qualified professional valuer, DTZ Debenham Tie Leung Limited, by reference to the market sales comparable approach.

All of the Group's leasehold interests in land held under operating leases to earn rental are classified and accounted for as investment property.

The carrying value of investment property shown above comprises:

		二零一零年 千港元 2010 HK\$′000	二零零九年 千港元 2009 HK\$'000
根據長期租約持有位於香港的物業	Properties in Hong Kong held on long lease	52,000	34,000

综合財務報表附註 NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 December 2010 截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度

18. 無形資產

18. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

		商譽 千港元	採礦權 千港元 Mining	總計 千港元
		Goodwill HK\$'000	rights HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
成本	COST			
於二零零九年一月一日	At 1 January 2009	62,841	85,405	148,246
添置 收購附屬公司	Additions Acquisition of subsidiaries	-	6,132	6,132
(附註38)	(Note 38)	123,950	83,962	207,912
匯兑調整	Exchange adjustments	(2)	(11)	(13)
於二零零九年	At 31 December 2009			
十二月三十一日		186,789	175,488	362,277
添置 收購附屬公司	Additions Acquisition of subsidiaries	-	123,291	123,291
(附註38)	(Note 38)	133,176	28,683	161,859
匯兑調整	Exchange adjustments	5,605	6,817	12,422
於二零一零年	At 31 December 2010			
十二月三十一日		325,570	334,279	659,849
累計攤銷	ACCUMULATED AMORTISATION			
於二零零九年一月一日	At 1 January 2009	_	10,439	10,439
年度開支	Charge for the year	-	4,225	4,225
匯兑調整	Exchange adjustments		1	1
於二零零九年	At 31 December 2009			
十二月三十一日		-	14,665	14,665
年度開支	Charge for the year	-	11,738	11,738
匯兑調整	Exchange adjustments		807	807
於二零一零年 十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2010	_	27,210	27,210
賬面凈值	CARRYING VALUES			
於二零一零年	At 31 December 2010			
十二月三十一日		325,570	307,069	632,639
於二零零九年	At 31 December 2009			
十二月三十一日		186,789	160,823	347,612

採礦權的可使用年期介於10年至50年不等。

The useful lives of mining rights are ranged from 10 years to 50 years.

19. 商譽減值測試

管理層定期決定其任何包含商譽的現金產 生單位是否存在減值。

為進行減值測試,商譽已分配至由水泥 經營分部及混凝土經營分部組成的現 金產生單位組。分配至水泥及混凝土 的現金產生單位組的商譽賬面值分別 約為286,773,000港元(二零零九年: 164,898,000港元)及38,797,000港元(二 零零九年:21,891,000港元)。

水泥及混凝土現金產生單位組的可收回金 額按使用價值基準釐定,並根據管理層批 准的財務預算預測的現金流量分別按五 年期間3%(二零零九年:3%)的增長率及 11%(二零零九年:11%)的折現率計算。 該增長率乃基於行業增長預測釐定,不超 過有關行業的平均長期增長率。五年期後 的現金流量採用零增長率估算。計算使用 價值的主要假設乃預算毛利率,該毛利率 按單位的過往表現及管理層對市場發展的 預期而釐定。

管理層相信,該等假設如有任何合理的可 能發生的變動不會使水泥及混凝土分部的 賬面總值超逾其可收回總額。

19. IMPAIRMENT TESTING ON GOODWILL

The management regularly determines if there is impairment of any of its CGUs containing goodwill.

For the purposes of impairment testing, goodwill has been allocated to the groups of CGUs comprising the cement operating segment and concrete operating segment. The carrying amounts of goodwill allocated to the group of CGUs of cement and concrete are approximately HK\$286,773,000 (2009: HK\$164,898,000) and HK\$38,797,000 (2009: HK\$21,891,000), respectively.

The recoverable amounts of the group of CGUs of cement and concrete have been determined based on the value in use calculation. That calculation uses cash flow projections based on financial budgets approved by the management covering a fiveyear period with growth rate of 3% (2009: 3%), and discount rate of 11% (2009: 11%). This growth rate is based on the industry growth forecasts and does not exceed the average long-term growth rate for the relevant industry. The cash flows beyond the five year period are extrapolated using zero growth rate. The key assumption for the value in use calculation is the budgeted gross margin, which is determined based on the unit's past performance and management's expectations for the market development.

Management believes that any reasonably possible change in any of these assumptions would not cause the aggregate carrying amount of cement and concrete segments to exceed the aggregate recoverable amount of cement and concrete segments.

20. 於聯營公司的權益 20

20. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES

		二零一零年	二零零九年
		千港元	千港元
		2010	2009
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
非上市股份,按成本	Unlisted shares, at cost	65,243	53,424
<i>減:</i> 已確認減值虧損	Less: Impairment loss		
	recognised	(45,000)	(45,000)
佔收購後的盈利及其他全面收益	Share of post-acquisition		
	profits and other		
	comprehensive income	(101)	87
		20,142	8,511
		20,142	8,511

於二零零九年,本集團以人民幣 269,000,000元(相當於305,218,000港元) 的代價收購一間聯營公司國投海南水泥 有限責任公司(其後更名為華潤水泥(昌 江)有限公司)(「海南水泥」)的29.31% 股權,並於二零零八年十二月三十一日支 付招標訂金人民幣60,000,000元(相當於 68,154,000港元),該訂金以其他應收款 項入賬。於二零零九年九月,本集團以人 民幣324,846,000元(相當於368,941,000港 元)的代價收購該聯營公司額外34.14%股 權,使其成為本公司擁有63.45%權益的附 屬公司。因此,本集團於該聯營公司的權 益的賬面值已於二零零九年轉作收購一間 附屬公司的部份代價(*見附註38*)。 During the year 2009, the Group acquired 29.31% equity interest in an associate, SDIC Hainan Cement Co. Ltd. (subsequently renamed as China Resources Cement (Changjiang) Limited) ("Hainan Cement"), for a consideration of RMB269,000,000 (equivalent to HK\$305,218,000) and a tender deposit of RMB60,000,000 (equivalent to HK\$68,154,000) was made by the Group as at 31 December 2008 and included as other receivables. In September 2009, the Group acquired additional 34.14% equity interest for the consideration of RMB324,846,000 (equivalent to HK\$368,941,000) in this associate, which then became a 63.45% owned subsidiary of the Company. Accordingly, the carrying amount of the Group's interest in this associate had been transferred as part of consideration for acquisition of a subsidiary in 2009 (*see Note 38*).



20. 於聯營公司的權益(續) 20. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES (Continued)

本集團聯營公司的詳情如下:

Details of the Group's associates are as follows:

聯營公司名稱	註冊成立地點	已發行及 繳足股本/註冊資本 Issued and fully	Proportion o	7 比例 二零零九年 f nominal	主要業務
Name of associate	Place of incorporation	paid share capital/ registered capital	value of issu capital held by		Principal activity
Name of associate	incorporation		2010	2009	Fincipal activity
文華石礦有限公司	香港	100,000港元	50% (註)	50% (註)	暫無業務
Man Wah Quarry Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$100,000	50% (note)	50% <i>(note)</i>	Inactive
廣西潤桂船運 有限責任公司	中國內地	人民幣20,000,000元	49%	不適用	運輸
Guangxi Rungui Water Transportation Limited	Chinese Mainland	RMB20,000,000	49%	N/A	Transportation
海南海島混凝土 有限責任公司	中國內地	人民幣20,000,000元	30%	30%	混凝土生產與銷售
Hainan Haidao Concrete Co., Ltd.	Chinese Mainland	RMB20,000,000	30%	30%	Manufacture and sale of concrete

註: 本集團持有文華石礦有限公司已發行股本 的50%。本公司董事認為,本集團僅可對文 華石礦有限公司行使重大影響力,因此,於 文華石礦有限公司的權益被分類為本集團 於一家聯營公司的權益。

The Group holds 50% of the issued capital of Man Wah Quarry Limited. note: The directors of the Company consider that the Group only has significant influence over Man Wah Quarry Limited and hence the interest in Man Wah Quarry Limited is classified as interest in an associate of the Group.

20. 於聯營公司的權益(續) 20. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES (Continued)

有關本集團聯營公司的財務資料概要載列 如下:

The summarised financial information in respect of the Group's associates is set out below:

		二零一零年	二零零九年
		千港元	千港元
		2010	2009
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
資產總值	Total assets	82,627	58,961
負債總值	Total liabilities	(29,731)	(30,647)
資產淨值	Net assets	52,896	28,314
本集團應佔聯營公司的資產淨值	Group's share of net assets of associates	20,142	8,511
營業額	Turnover	81,712	197,945
年度盈利	Profit for the year	54	23,279
本集團應佔聯營公司的年度業績	Group's share of results of	(400)	C 022
	associates for the year	(188)	6,822



21. 於共同控制實體的權益

下列共同控制實體中擁有權益:

於二零一零年十二月三十一日,本集團於

21. INTERESTS IN JOINTLY CONTROLLED ENTITIES

As at 31 December 2010, the Group had interests in the following jointly controlled entities:

公司名稱	註冊成立地點	已發行普通股 賬面值 Nominal value	本集團持有 已發行股本 賬面值的比例 Proportion of nominal value of	主要業務
	Place of	of issued	issued share capital	
Name of company	incorporation	ordinary shares	held by the Group	Principal activity
中國世紀水泥有限公司	百慕達	26,290美元	50%	水泥及混凝土產品 生產與銷售
China Century Cement Limited	Bermuda	US\$26,290	50%	Manufacture and sale of cement and concrete products
順峯實業有限公司	香港	5,000港元	50%	提供管理服務
Easy Point Industrial Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$5,000	50%	Provision of management services
方正水泥有限公司	香港	10,000港元	50%	水泥生產與銷售
Squareal Cement Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$10,000	50%	Manufacture and sale of cement

共同控制實體採用會計權益法入賬。

Jointly controlled entities are accounted for using the equity method of accounting.

21. 於共同控制實體的權益

(續)

21. INTERESTS IN JOINTLY CONTROLLED ENTITIES (Continued)

二零一零年 二零零九年 千港元 千港元 2010 2009 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 於共同控制實體的非上市投資成本 Cost of unlisted investments in jointly controlled entities 617,731 授予一家共同控制實體的貸款 Loan to a jointly controlled entity 276,938 894,669

於二零一零年十二月三十一日,共同控制 實體的投資成本中包括於本年度因收購 共同控制實體所產生的商譽141,235,000 港元。收購共同控制實體及向其受讓貸 款的代價總額為1,240,570,000港元。代 價包括於共同控制實體的權益的收購成 本617,731,000港元及支付622,839,000港 元的賣方股東貸款。於二零一零年十二 月三十一日,尚未支付的代價總額為 1,130,172,000港元並已計入其他應付款 項。

授予共同控制實體的貸款為無抵押、按現 行市場借貸利率計息及須於自二零二零年 起按十次等額分期償還。

有關本集團於共同控制實體的權益(採用 會計權益法入賬)的財務資料概要載列如 下: As 31 December 2010, included in the cost of investment in jointly controlled entities is goodwill of HK\$141,235,000 arising on acquisitions of jointly controlled entities during the year. The aggregate consideration of the acquisitions of interests in, and assignment of the loans to the jointly controlled entities is HK\$1,240,570,000. The consideration included the acquisition cost of HK\$617,731,000 for the interests in the jointly controlled entities and settlement of HK\$622,839,000 for loans from the selling shareholders. As at 31 December 2010, an aggregate amount of HK\$1,130,172,000 had not been settled and included in other payables.

The loan to a jointly controlled entity was unsecured, bear interest at prevailing market borrowing rate and repayable from 2020 onwards by ten equal instalments.

The summarised financial information in respect of the Group's interests in the jointly controlled entities which are accounted for using equity method is set out below:

		千港元 HK \$ ′000
流動資產	Current assets	719,367
非流動資產	Non-current assets	1,306,510
流動負債	Current liabilities	568,318
非流動負債	Non-current liabilities	732,291
非控股權益	Non-controlling interests	248,772



21. 於共同控制實體的權益 (續)

由於本集團於二零一零年十二月三十一日 完成對共同控制實體的收購,故截至二零 一零年十二月三十一日止年度並無於損益 及其他全面收益中確認收支。

22. 遞延税項

以下為本集團所確認的主要遞延税項資產 (負債)及於本年度內的變動。

21. INTERESTS IN JOINTLY CONTROLLED ENTITIES (Continued)

During the year ended 31 December 2010, there is no income or expenses recognised in profit or loss and other comprehensive income as the Group completed its acquisitions of the jointly controlled entities on 31 December 2010.

22. DEFERRED TAXATION

The following are the major deferred tax assets (liabilities) recognised by the Group and movements thereon during the year.

		加速税 項折舊 千港元 Accelerated tax depreciation HK\$'000	業務合併時 公平價值 調整 千港元 Fair value adjustments on business combinations HK\$'000	投資物業 公平價值 變動 千港元 Change in fair value of investment property HK\$'000	税項虧損 千港元 Tax losses HK\$'000	總計 千港元 Total HK\$'000
於二零零九年一月一日	At 1 January 2009	(26,852)	(4,263)	-	9,616	(21,499)
本年度(扣除)計入 (附註 11) 收購附屬公司	(Charge) credit for the year (Note 11) Acquisition of subsidiaries	(2,335)	164	-	12,795	10,624
收開的廣公司 (附註38)	(Note 38)	-	(20,763)	-	-	(20,763)
匯兑調整	Exchange adjustments		1		10	11
於二零零九年十二月 三十一日	At 31 December 2009	(29,187)	(24,861)	_	22,421	(31,627)
本年度計入(扣除) (附註11)	Credit (charge) for the year (Note 11)	642	5,961	(5,579)	36,299	37,323
收購附屬公司 <i>(附註38)</i>	Acquisition of subsidiaries (Note 38)	-	(16,176)	-	46,696	30,520
匯兑調整	Exchange adjustments		(333)		1,067	734
於二零一零年 十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2010	(28,545)	(35,409)	(5,579)	106,483	36,950

22. 遞延税項(續)

22. DEFERRED TAXATION (Continued)

		二零一零年	二零零九年
		千港元	千港元
		2010	2009
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
遞延税項資產	Deferred tax assets	106,483	22,421
遞延税項負債	Deferred tax liabilities	(69,533)	(54,048)
		36,950	(31,627)

於二零一零年十二月三十一日,本集 團可供抵銷未來盈利的未動用税項 虧損為1,072,646,000港元(二零零 九年:493,890,000港元)。就該等虧 損411,278,000港元(二零零九年: 113,593,000港元)已確認遞延税項資產。 餘下的税項虧損661,368,000港元(二 零零九年:380,297,000港元)由於未來 盈利來源無法預測,並無確認任何遞延 税項資產。計入未確認税項虧損的虧 損約242,963,000港元(二零零九年: 168,800,000港元)將於自產生年度起五年 到期。其他虧損可能無限期結轉。

23. 長期應收款項

As at 31 December 2010, the Group has unused tax losses of HK\$1,072,646,000 (2009: HK\$493,890,000) available to offset against future profits. A deferred tax asset has been recognised in respect of HK\$411,278,000 (2009: HK\$113,593,000) of such losses. No deferred tax assets have been recognised in respect of the remaining tax losses of HK\$661,368,000 (2009: HK\$380,297,000) due to the unpredictability of future profit streams. Included in unrecognised tax losses are losses of approximately HK\$242,963,000 (2009: HK\$168,800,000) which will expire 5 years from the year of origination. Other losses may be carried forward indefinitely.

23. LONG TERM RECEIVABLES

		二零一零年 千港元	二零零九年 千港元
		2010	2009
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
於年初	At the beginning of		
	the year	377,473	118,916
年內墊款	Advances during the year	228,694	258,574
年內還款	Repayment during the year	(164,525)	_
收購附屬公司	Acquisition of subsidiaries	43,253	_
匯兑調整	Exchange adjustments	13,690	(17)
		498,585	377,473
<i>減:</i> 一年內到期的款項 (計入其他應收款項)	<i>Less:</i> Amount due within one year (included		
	in other receivables)	(162,301)	(112,631)
於年末	At the end of the year	336,284	264,842



23. 長期應收款項(續)

該墊款乃付予當地政府以加速本集團的土 地轉讓,以興建生產線。該墊款為無抵押 且按中國人民銀行釐定的現行市場借貸利 率計息。

23. LONG TERM RECEIVABLES (Continued)

The advances were made to the local governments to facilitate the transfer of land for the Group for construction of production lines. The advances were unsecured and carried interest at the prevailing market borrowing rates determined by The People's Bank of China.

24. 存貨 24. INVENTORIES

		二零一零年	二零零九年
		千港元	千港元
		2010	2009
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
原材料及消耗品	Raw materials and		
	consumables	833,891	402,606
在製品	Work in progress	146,086	67,555
製成品	Finished goods	202,047	132,219
		1,182,024	602,380

25. 應收貿易賬款

25. TRADE RECEIVABLES

		二零一零年	二零零九年
		千港元	千港元
		2010	2009
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
應收第三方的貿易款項	Trade receivables from		
	third parties	1,471,460	799,999
應收同系附屬公司的貿易款項	Trade receivables from		
	fellow subsidiaries	10,408	2,834
		1,481,868	802,833

本集團有給予其客戶自發出發票日期起計 介於0至60日的平均信貸期的政策。 The Group has a policy of allowing an average credit period to its customers ranging from 0 to 60 days from the date of issuance of invoices.

25. 應收貿易賬款(續) **25.** TRADE RECEIVABLES (Continued)

以下為於各報告期末根據發票日期列示的 應收貿易賬款(扣除呆壞賬備抵)的賬齡 分析。

The following is an aged analysis of trade receivables (net of allowance for doubtful debts) presented based on the invoice date at the end of each reporting period.

		二零一零年	二零零九年
		千港元	千港元
		2010	2009
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
0至90日	0 to 90 days	1,311,824	727,022
91至180日	91 to 180 days	136,886	44,138
181至365日	181 to 365 days	33,158	31,673
		1,481,868	802,833

逾期但未減值的應收貿易賬款的賬齡

Ageing of trade receivables which are past due but not impaired

		二零一零年	二零零九年
		千港元	千港元
		2010	2009
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
逾期1至90日	Past due 1 to 90 days	336,517	365,378
逾期91至180日	Past due 91 to 180 days	72,748	46,519
逾期181至365日	Past due 181 to 365 days	28,464	26,730
		437,729	438,627

本集團並無就該等逾期結餘持有任何抵押 品。

The Group does not hold any collateral over the balances which are past due.



25. 應收貿易賬款(續)

25. TRADE RECEIVABLES (Continued)

呆壞賬備抵的變動

Movement in the allowance for doubtful debts

		二零一零年	二零零九年
		千港元	千港元
		2010	2009
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
年初結餘	Balance at beginning of		
	the year	47,672	72,169
呆壞賬備抵(備抵撥回)	Allowance (reversal of		
	allowance) for doubtful		
	debts	29,055	(20,533)
撇銷為不可收回款項	Amount written off as		
	uncollectible	(6,465)	(3,947)
匯兑調整	Exchange adjustments	3,064	(17)
年末結餘	Balance at end of the year	73,326	47,672

在釐定應收貿易賬款的可收回性時,本集 團會考慮自初次授出信貸日期起直至報告 日期止的各個應收貿易賬款的信貸質素 的任何變動。由於客戶基礎龐大且概無關 連,故信貸風險的集中程度有限。因此,本 公司董事認為,毋須就超逾現時呆壞賬備 抵的金額作出進一步備抵。

26. 應收共同控制實體款項

應收共同控制實體款項為無抵押、按現行 市場借貸利率計息且須應要求償還。

27. 已質押銀行存款

所有9,220,000港元的銀行存款(二零零 九年:7,961,000港元)已質押以取得客戶 銷售合約。概無銀行存款(二零零九年: 421,387,000港元)已質押以取得銀行融資 額度。 In determining the recoverability of trade receivables, the Group considers any changes in the credit quality of individual trade receivables from the date credit was initially granted up to the reporting date. The concentration of credit risk is limited due to the customer base being large and unrelated. Accordingly, the directors of the Company believe that there is no further allowance required in excess of the current amount of allowance for doubtful debts.

26. AMOUNTS DUE FROM JOINTLY CONTROLLED ENTITIES

The amounts due from jointly controlled entities were unsecured, bear interest at prevailing market borrowing rate and repayable on demand.

27. PLEDGED BANK DEPOSITS

All bank deposits of HK\$9,220,000 (2009: HK\$7,961,000) have been pledged to secure sales contracts with customers. No bank deposits have been pledged to secure banking facilities (2009: HK\$421,387,000).

28. 現金及銀行結餘

現金及銀行結餘包括本集團持有的現金及 銀行結餘(包括自初次存款起計三個月內 到期的短期銀行存款)。

28. CASH AND BANK BALANCES

Cash and bank balances comprise cash held by the Group and bank balances (including short-term bank deposits with maturity within three months from initial inception).

		二零一零年	二零零九年
		%	%
		2010	2009
		%	%
銀行存款的利率範圍	Range of interest rates of the bank balances	0.01 – 2.23	0.01 – 3.60
計入銀行結餘的以所涉及實體的功能貨幣 以外的貨幣計值的款項如下。	Included in bank balanc denominated in currencies o		5

denominated in currencies other than the functional currency of the entity to which they are related.

	二零一零年	二零零九年
	千港元	千港元
	2010	2009
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
港元 HK\$	1,557,377	4,718,666
美元 US\$	22,176	17,659



29. 應付貿易賬款

29. TRADE PAYABLES

		二零一零年	二零零九年
		千港元	千港元
		2010	2009
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
應付第三方的貿易賬款	Trade payables to		
	third parties	1,752,126	950,509
應付同系附屬公司的貿易賬款	Trade payables to		
	fellow subsidiaries	84,095	81
		1,836,221	950,590

本集團通常從其供應商取得30日至90日信 貸期。以下為於各報告期末根據發票日期 列示的應付貿易賬款的賬齡分析。 The Group normally receives credit period of 30 days to 90 days from its suppliers. The following is an aged analysis of trade payables presented based on the invoice date at the end of each reporting period.

		二零一零年	二零零九年
		千港元	千港元
		2010	2009
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
0至90日	0 to 90 days	1,709,505	882,766
91至180日	91 to 180 days	92,176	30,291
181至365日	181 to 365 days	16,706	13,636
超過365日	Over 365 days	17,834	23,897
		1,836,221	950,590

綜合財務報表附註 NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 December 2010 截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度

30. 準備

30. PROVISIONS

	千港元 2010 HK\$′000	千港元 2009
	HK\$'000	111/4/000
		HK\$'000
Balance at beginning of		
the year	46,610	44,449
Charge for the year	-	6,894
Paid during the year	(3,602)	(4,733)
Balance at end of the year	43,008	46,610
Analysed for reporting		
purposes as:		
Non-current liabilities	38,957	42,695
Current liabilities	4,051	3,915
	43,008	46,610
	the year Charge for the year Paid during the year Balance at end of the year Analysed for reporting purposes as: Non-current liabilities	the year46,610Charge for the year-Paid during the year(3,602)Balance at end of the year43,008Analysed for reporting purposes as:38,957Non-current liabilities38,957Current liabilities4,051

該等撥備與支付予退休僱員或離職僱員的 款項有關。該等付款包括養老保險、退休 補助金及社會醫療保險等各種福利。 The provisions relate to payments to retired or laid-off employees. Such payments comprise various benefits including old age benefits, subsidies for retirement and social medical benefits.

31. 來自一名非控股股東貸款

來自一名非控股股東貸款乃為無抵押、按 現行市場借貸利率計息且須應要求償還。 31. LOAN FROM A NON-CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDER

> The loan from a non-controlling shareholder was unsecured and bear interest at the prevailing market borrowing rate and repayable on demand.

32. 銀行貸款

32. BANK LOANS

		二零一零年 千港元 2010 HK\$′000	二零零九年 千港元 2009 HK \$ ′000
	Bank loans are repayable		
一年內 一年後但兩年內	as follows: Within one year After one year but	4,959,792	3,099,222
兩年後但三年內	within two years After two years but	2,118,063	2,488,809
三年後但四年內	within three years After three years but	3,591,859	2,329,002
四年後但五年內	within four years After four years but	1,138,123	843,855
五年以上	within five years More than five years	1,069,414 146,897	417,952 198,755
		13,024,148	9,377,595
減:計入流動負債於一年內到期的款項	<i>Less:</i> Amount due within one year included		
	in current liabilities	(4,959,792)	(3,099,222)
一年後到期的款項	Amount due after one year	8,064,356	6,278,373
已抵押(註)	Secured (note)	440,693	936,762
無抵押	Unsecured	12,583,455	8,440,833
		13,024,148	9,377,595

銀行貸款乃按定息及浮息安排。截至二零 一零年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團 銀行貸款的實際利率的範圍介於0.70% 至6.40%之間(二零零九年:1.03%至 6.72%)。 Bank loans were arranged at fixed rates as well as variable rates. The effective interest rates of the Group's bank loans ranged from 0.70% to 6.40% for the year ended 31 December 2010 (2009: 1.03% to 6.72%).

銀行貸款條款的分析如下:

The analysis of the terms of the bank loans were as follows:

		二零一零年	二零零九年
		千港元	千港元
		2010	2009
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
定息借款	Fixed rate borrowings	822,626	681,444
浮息借款	Variable rate borrowings	12,201,522	8,696,151
		13,024,148	9,377,595



32. 最行貸款(續) **32. BANK LOANS** (Continued)

銀行貸款由如下資產作抵押: note: The

note: The bank loans were secured by the following assets:

		二零一零年	二零零九年
		千港元	千港元
		2010	2009
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
土地及建築物	Land and buildings	136,028	145,281
廠房及設備	Plant and machinery	75,440	190,785
預付租賃款項	Prepaid lease payments	6,251	8,008
採礦權	Mining rights	127,825	79,146
銀行存款	Bank deposits		421,360
		345,544	844,580

計入銀行貸款的以所涉及實體的功能貨幣 以外的貨幣計值的款項如下: Included in bank loans were the following amounts denominated in currencies other than the functional currency of the entity to which they are related:

二零零九年	二零一零年		
千港元	千港元		
2009	2010		
HK\$'000	HK\$'000		
2,192,000	5,655,000	HK\$	港元
140,032	1,010,837	US\$	美元
2,332,032	6,665,837		

33. 長期應付款項

請‡ :

誠如附註38所載,海南水泥於二零零九年 成為本公司的附屬公司。於海南水泥成為 附屬公司的日期,其擁有一項採礦權,該 採礦權於二零零七年以人民幣56,180,000 元(相當於66,022,000港元)的代價收 購,其中人民幣39,326,000元(相當於 46,215,000港元)按直至二零一五年止 分七年每年人民幣5,618,000元(相當於 6,602,000港元)支付。於二零一零年十二 月三十一日,應付尚未償還的金額的貼 現現值為27,925,000港元(二零零九年: 31,532,000港元),其中4,958,000港元 (二零零九年:4,521,000港元)需於一年 內支付並計入本集團的其他應付款項, 而餘下22,967,000港元(二零零九年: 27,011,000港元)的結餘則以長期應付款 項呈列。

33. LONG TERM PAYABLE

As set out in Note 38, Hainan Cement became a subsidiary of the Company in 2009. As at the date when Hainan Cement became a subsidiary, it owned a mining right which was acquired in 2007 for a consideration of RMB56,180,000 (equivalent to HK\$66,022,000) and of which RMB39,326,000 (equivalent to HK\$46,215,000) was payable in seven annual payments of RMB5,618,000 each (equivalent to HK\$6,602,000) until 2015. As at 31 December 2010, the discounted present value of the outstanding amount payable amounted to HK\$27,925,000 (2009: HK\$31,532,000) of which HK\$4,958,000 (2009: HK\$4,521,000) was payable within one year and was included in other payables of the Group and the remaining balance of HK\$22,967,000 (2009: HK\$27,011,000) was presented as long term payable.

34. 股本

34. SHARE CAPITAL

			股份數目	金額 千港元
			Number of shares	Amounts HK\$'000
每股面值0.10港元的普通 股:	Ordinary shares c	of HK\$0.10 each:		
法定:	Authorised:			
於二零零九年一月一日	,		1,000,000,000	100,000
於二零零九年 八月三十一日增加	Increase on 31	August 2009	9,000,000,000	900,000
於二零零九年及 二零一零年	At 31 Decemb	er 2009 and 2010		<u>.</u>
十二月三十一日			10,000,000,000	1,000,000
已發行及繳足: 於二零零九年一月一日 於二零零九年	Issue of shares		781,787,462	78,179
八月三十一日 發行股份 <i>(註a)</i> 於二零零九年十月五日	(note a)	on 5 October 2009	4,000,000,000	400,000
於二零零九年十万五日 發行股份(<i>註b)</i> 於二零零九年	(note b)	on 23 October 2009	1,638,000,000	163,800
十月二十三日 發行股份 <i>(註c)</i>	(note c)		99,468,000	9,947
於二零零九年及	At 31 Decemb	er 2009 and 2010		
二零一零年 十二月三十一日			6,519,255,462	651,926
註:		notes:		
a 於二零零九年八月三十 0.25港元的價格發行4,00 0.10港元的股份予華潤2 司(前稱順創投資有限2	0,000,000股每股面值 K泥投資控股有限公	HK\$0.10 ea	gust 2009, the Company issued 4,0 ach for cash to China Resources Cen merly known as Smooth Concept Inve 50.25 each.	nent Investment Group
b 於二零零九年十月五 次公開發售按每股3.9 1,638,000,000股每股面1 以收取現金。	0港元的價格發行		ber 2009, the Company issued 1,6 ch for cash pursuant to the IPO at the p	
c 於二零零九年十月二十. 次公開發售項下的超額 港元的價格發行99,468, 港元的股份,以收取現金	配股權,按每股3.90 000股每股面值0.10		ber 2009, the Company issued 99,468, sh under the over-allotment option pur 53.90 each.	
			二零一零年年報 Annual	Report 2010 167

34. 股本(續)

該等股份在股息、股本及隨附的投票權方 面與當時現有已發行股份享有同等地位。

35. 資本風險管理

本集團管理其資本,以確保本集團的實體 可以持續經營,並透過優化債務及權益結 餘為股東帶來最大回報。於兩個年度,本 集團的整體策略維持不變。

本集團的資本架構包括債務(包括附註32 披露的銀行貸款)及本公司擁有人應佔權 益(其中包括已發行股本及儲備)。

本公司管理層每半年審核一次資本架構。 作為此審核的一部分,管理層會考慮資本 成本及與各類別資本相關的風險。本集團 將根據管理層的建議,透過支付股息、發 行新股、購回股份以及發行新債券或贖回 現有債券來平衡其整體資本架構。

34. SHARE CAPITAL (Continued)

These shares ranked pari passu with the then existing issued shares in respect of ranking for dividends, capital and voting rights attached thereto.

35. CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group manages its capital to ensure that entities in the Group will be able to continue as a going concern while maximising the return to stakeholders through the optimisation of the debt and equity balance. The Group's overall strategy remains unchanged in both years.

The capital structure of the Group consists of debts, which includes the bank loans disclosed in Note 32 and equity attributable to owners of the Company, comprising issued share capital and reserves.

The management of the Company review the capital structure on a semi-annual basis. As part of this review, the management considers the cost of capital and the risks associates with each class of capital. Based on recommendations of the management, the Group will balance its overall structure through the payment of dividends, new share issues and share buy-backs as well as the issue of new debt or the redemption of existing debts.

36. 金融工具

36. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

金融工具的類別

Categories of financial instruments

		二零一零年 千港元	二零零九年 千港元
		2010	2009
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
金融資產 貸款及應收款項(包括現金及現金等價物)	Financial assets Loans and receivables (including cash and cash equivalents)	6,132,050	7,353,459
金融負債 攤銷成本	Financial liabilities Amortised cost	16,970,880	11,137,859

金融風險管理的目標及政策

本集團的主要金融資產及負債包括應收 貿易賬款及其他應收款項、應收共同控制 實體款項、長期應收款項、已質押銀行存 款、現金及銀行結餘、應付貿易賬款及其 他應付款項、來自一名非控股股東貸款及 銀行貸款。該等金融工具的詳情已於相關 附註內披露。與該等金融工具相關的風險 及如何減低該等風險的政策載於下文。管 理層管理及監控該等風險,以確保能及時 有效地採取適當的措施。

利率風險

本集團的利率風險主要來自其銀行結餘、 長期及短期借款。固定和浮動利率的借款 使本集團分別面臨公平價值利率風險及現 金流量利率風險。現時本集團並無利率對 沖政策。然而,管理層會監控利率風險,並 將於必要時考慮對沖重大的利率風險。

Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Group's major financial assets and liabilities include trade and other receivables, amounts due from jointly controlled entities, long term receivables, pledged bank deposits, cash and bank balances, trade and other payables, loan from a non-controlling shareholder and bank loans. Details of these financial instruments are disclosed in the respective notes. The risks associated with these financial instruments and the policies about how to mitigate these risks are set out below. The management manages and monitors these exposures to ensure appropriate measures are implemented on a timely and effective manner.

Interest rate risk

The Group is exposed to interest rate risk mainly from its bank balances, long term and short term borrowings. Borrowings at fixed and variable interest rates expose the Group to fair value interest rate risk and cash flow interest rate risk respectively. The Group currently does not have an interest rate hedging policy. However, the management monitors interest rate exposure and will consider hedging significant interest rate exposure should the need arise.

36.	金融工具(續)	36.	FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)
	金融風險管理的目標及政策(續)		Financial risk management objectives and policies

Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Interest rate risk (Continued)

Sensitivity analysis

The Group's sensitivity to interest rate risk has been determined based on the exposure to interest rates for bank balances and bank loans outstanding at the end of each of the reporting period.

If interest rate had been 50 basis points higher/lower and all other variables were held constant, the Group's profit for the year ended 31 December 2010 would be decreased/increased by approximately HK\$29,479,000 (2009: decreased/increased by HK\$12,032,000).

Currency risk

The Group's exposure to currency risk is attributable to the bank balances and bank loans which are denominated in the currencies other than the functional currency of the entity to which they are related (see Notes 28 and 32 for details). The Group currently does not have a foreign currency hedging policy in respect of foreign currency exposure. However, management monitors the related foreign currency exposure closely and will consider hedging significant currency exposure should the need arise.



風險而釐定。 倘利率上升/下降50個基點而所有其他

變量維持不變,則本集團截至二零一零年 十二月三十一日止年度盈利將減少/增加 約29,479,000港元(二零零九年:減少/增 加12,032,000港元)。

本集團利率風險的敏感度分析乃按各報告

期末的銀行結餘及未償還銀行貸款的利率

貨幣風險

利率風險(續)

敏感度分析

本集團面臨以有關實體功能貨幣以外的貨幣列值的銀行結餘及銀行貸款所帶來的 貨幣風險(詳情見附註28及32)。現時本集 團並無與外幣風險有關的外幣對沖政策。 然而,管理層密切監察有關外幣涉及的風 險,並將於必要時考慮對沖重大的貨幣風 險。 36. 金融工具(續)

金融風險管理的目標及政策(續)

貨幣風險(續)

敏感度分析

下表詳列本集團對人民幣兑港元及美元升 值或減值5%的敏感度。敏感度分析僅包括 以外幣計值的貨幣項目結餘,並按於年末 外滙匯率增減5%調整有關換算。下列正數 或負數表示人民幣兑港元及美元升值5% 所導致的除税後盈利增加或減少。倘人民 幣兑港元及美元貶值5%,則會對除税後 盈利造成等值的相反影響。

36. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Currency risk (Continued)

Sensitivity analysis

The following table details the Group's sensitivity to a 5% exchange difference in RMB against HK\$ and US\$. The sensitivity analysis includes only outstanding foreign currency denominated monetary items and adjusts their translation at year end for a 5% change in foreign currency rates. A positive or negative number below indicates an increase or a decrease in post-tax profit where the RMB strengthens 5% against HK\$ and US\$. For a 5% weakening of RMB against HK\$ and US\$, there would be an equal and opposite impact on the post-tax profit.

		二零一零年	二零零九年
		千港元	千港元
		2010	2009
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
倘人民幣兑港元升值	if RMB strengthens		
	against HK\$	226,666	(120,217)
倘人民幣兑美元升值	if RMB strengthens		
	against US\$	9,825	5,823

36. 金融工具(續)

金融風險管理的目標及政策(續)

信貸風險

倘交易對手於各報告期末未能履行有關各 類已確認金融資產的義務,則本集團須承 受的最大信貸風險為綜合財務狀況表所載 列的該等資產的賬面值。為使信貸風險最 小化,本集團管理層已制定一項已界定的 固定信貸政策並委派一支團隊負責釐定信 貸限額、信貸審批及其他監控程序,以確 保後續行動的執行以收回過期債務。本集 團亦定期於各報告期末檢討各筆應收貿易 賬款的可收回金額,以確保就不可收回金 額計提足夠的減值虧損。就此而言,本公 司董事認為本集團應收貿易賬款的信貸風 險可大為減低。

本集團的信貸風險分散於多個交易對手及 客戶,故並無重大集中的信貸風險。

36. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Credit risk

The Group's maximum exposure to credit risk in the event of the counterparties failure to perform their obligations at the end of each reporting period in relation to each class of recognised financial assets is the carrying amount of those assets as stated in the consolidated statement of financial position. In order to minimise the credit risk, the management of the Group has formulated a defined fixed credit policy and delegated a team responsible for determination of credit limits, credit approvals and other monitoring procedures to ensure that follow-up action is taken to recover overdue debts. The Group also reviews the recoverable amount of each individual trade receivable regularly at the end of each reporting period to ensure that adequate impairment losses are made for irrecoverable amounts. In this regard, the directors of the Company consider that the Group's credit risk on trade receivables is significantly reduced.

The Group has no significant concentration of credit risk, with exposure spread over a number of counterparties and customers.



36. 金融工具(續)

金融風險管理的目標及政策(續)

流動資金風險

於管理流動資金風險時,本集團會進行監 控並將現金及現金等價物維持在管理層認 為充足的水平,以為本集團的營運提供資 金並減低現金流量波動的影響。管理層會 監控銀行借貸的動用情況,並確保遵守貸 款協議。於二零一零年十二月三十一日, 可供本集團使用的尚未動用銀行額度約為 6,165,000,000港元,其亦用作滿足本集團 的未來擴展的需要及應付其現有負債。管 理層亦正與銀行進行磋商,以將其短期銀 行貸款額度再融資至長期,以為本集團的 未來投資現金流出提供資金。

為減低流動資金風險,管理層會定期監管 本集團的營運現金流量,以滿足其短期及 長期流動資金需求。

下表詳列本集團非衍生金融負債的剩餘合約期限。下表乃根據以本集團須償還金融 負債的最早日期釐定的金融負債的未貼現 現金流量編製。特別是,具有按要求償還 條款的銀行貸款已計入最早時段(無論銀 行是否有可能選擇行使其權利)。其他非 衍生金融負債的到期日乃根據協定償還日 期釐定。

36. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Liquidity risk

In the management of the liquidity risk, the Group monitors and maintains a level of cash and cash equivalents deemed adequate by the management to finance the Group's operations and mitigate the effects of fluctuations in cash flows. The management monitors the utilisation of bank borrowings and ensures compliance with loan covenants. As at 31 December 2010, the Group has available unutilised banking facilities of approximately HK\$6,165,000,000 which are also to meet the Group's future expansion and satisfy its existing liabilities. The management is also in the process of negotiating with the banks to refinance its short term banking facilities to long term in order to satisfy the Group's future investing cash outflow.

In order to mitigate the liquidity risk, the management regularly monitors the operating cash flow of the Group to meet its liquidity requirements in short and long term.

The following table details the Group's remaining contractual maturity for its non-derivative financial liabilities. The table has been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities based on the earliest date on which the Group can be required to pay. Specifically, bank loans with a repayment on demand clause are included in the earliest time band regardless of the probability of the banks choosing to exercise their rights. The maturity dates for other non-derivative financial liabilities are based on the agreed repayment dates.

36. 金融工具(續) 36. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

金融風險管理的目標及政策(續)

Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

流動資金風險(續)

Liquidity risk (Continued)

流動資金及利率風險表

Liquidity and interest risk tables

				一年以上但	兩年以上但		合約未貼現	
		平均利率	一年內	不超過兩年	不超過五年	超過五年	現金流量總額	賬面值
		%	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
				More than	More than		Total	
				1 year but	2 years but		contractual	
		Average	Within	less than	less than	More than	undiscounted	Carrying
		interest rate	1 year	2 years	5 years	5 years	cash flow	amount
		%	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
於二零一零年	As at 31 December							
十二月三十一日								
應付貿易賬款	Trade payables	-	1,836,221	-	_	-	1,836,221	1,836,221
其他應付款項	Other payables	-	2,110,511	-	-	-	2,110,511	2,110,511
銀行貸款	Bank loans							
一固定利率	– Fixed rate	3.9	822,626	-	-	-	822,626	822,626
一浮動利率	– Variable rate	3.7	4,547,230	2,387,154	6,118,604	156,299	13,209,287	12,201,522
			9,316,588	2,387,154	6,118,604	156,299	17,978,645	16,970,880
			- 1 1					
於二零零九年	As at 31 December							
十二月三十一日	2009							
應付貿易賬款	Trade payables	-	950,590	-	-	-	950,590	950,590
其他應付款項	Other payables	-	809,674	-	-	-	809,674	809,674
銀行貸款	Bank loans							
一固定利率	– Fixed rate	1.9	681,444	-	-	-	681,444	681,444
一浮動利率	– Variable rate	3.9	2,755,665	2,780,128	4,033,053	306,094	9,874,940	8,696,151
			5,197,373	2,780,128	4,033,053	306,094	12,316,648	11,137,859



37. 金融資產及金融負債的公 **3** 平價值

本集團金融資產及金融負債的公平價值乃 按基於貼現現金流量分析的公認定價模 式,採用當前市場可供觀察交易的價格或 利率而釐定。

本公司董事認為,按攤銷成本列入綜合財 務報表中的金融資產及金融負債的賬面值 與其公平價值大致相等。

37. FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL ASSETS AND FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

The fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities of the Group are determined in accordance with generally accepted pricing models based on discounted cash flow analysis using prices or rates from observable current market transactions as inputs.

The directors of the Company consider that the carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded at amortised cost in the consolidated financial statements approximate their fair values.

38. 收購附屬公司 :

截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年 度

 (a) 於二零一零年六月,本集團從 一名獨立第三方收購Guardwise Investments Limited (「Guardwise Investments」)72%股權,代價 為72美元(相當於562港元)。 Guardwise Investments為一家投資 控股公司,其唯一資產為於一間主 要業務為生產及銷售水泥的全資 附屬公司的投資。該收購已使用會 計收購法入賬。

38. ACQUISITION OF SUBSIDIARIES

For the year ended 31 December 2010

In June 2010, the Group acquired 72% equity interest of Guardwise Investments Limited ("Guardwise Investments") from an independent third party for a consideration of US\$72 (equivalent to HK\$562). Guardwise Investments is an investment holding company and its sole asset is an investment in a wholly owned subsidiary whose principal activity is manufacture and sale of cement. The acquisition has been accounted for using the acquisition method of accounting.

38. 收購附屬公司(續) 38. ACQUISITION OF SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

(a)

截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年	
度 (續)	

(a)

(續)

For the year ended 31 December 2010 (Continued)

(Continued)

交易中所收購的負債淨值總額以 及收購產生的商譽如下: The aggregate net liabilities acquired in the transaction and the goodwill arising on the acquisition are as follows:

		被收購方於 收購日期的 公平價值 千港元 Acquirees' fair value at acquisition date HK\$'000
	Net assets acquired:	
固定資產	Fixed assets	1,225,539
預付租賃款項	Prepaid lease payments	51,135
無形資產	Intangible assets	18,734
購買固定資產訂金	Deposits for acquisition of	
	fixed assets	206,572
遞延税項資產	Deferred tax assets	17,312
其他應收款項	Other receivables	72,004
現金及銀行結餘	Cash and bank balances	4,087
其他應付款項	Other payables	(1,273,140)
銀行貸款	Bank loans	(114,039)
來自一名非控股股東貸款	Loan from a non-controlling	
	shareholder	(234,436)
所收購負債淨值	Net liabilities acquired	(26,232)
收購所產生的商譽:	Goodwill arising on acquisition:	
已轉讓代價	Consideration transferred	1
<i>加:</i> 所收購負債淨值	Add: Net liabilities acquired	26,232
<i>減:</i> 非控股權益	Less: Non-controlling interests	(7,345)
收購所產生的商譽	Goodwill arising on acquisition	18,888
支付方式:	Satisfied by:	
現金代價	Cash consideration	(1)
收購產生的現金流入淨額:	Net cash inflow arising on	
	acquisition:	
現金代價	Cash consideration	(1)
已收購現金及銀行結餘	Cash and bank balances	
	acquired	4,087
		4,086



38. 收購附屬公司(續)

截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年 度(續)

(a) (續)

收購Guardwise Investments及其附 屬公司所產生的商譽,其價值可令 本集團擴大其於山西省的水泥市 場份額及享有合併所帶來的協同 效應。

Guardwise Investments及其附屬 公司由其被收購成為附屬公 司當日起至二零一零年十二月 三十一日止期間為本集團營業 額貢獻22,437,000港元並對本公 司擁有人應佔本集團盈利帶來 23,054,000港元的虧損。倘收購 Guardwise Investments及其附屬公 司已於二零一零年一月一日完成, 則對本集團截至二零一零年十二 月三十一日止年度的營業額及盈 利的影響甚微。

(b) 於二零一零年九月,本集團從一名 獨立第三方收購六家目標公司的全 部股權,代價為810,000,000港元。 目標公司於惠州及寧波從事生產及 銷售熟料、水泥及混凝土的業務。 該收購已使用會計收購法入賬。

38. ACQUISITION OF SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2010 (Continued)

(a) (Continued)

Goodwill arising on acquisition of Guardwise Investments and its subsidiary allows the Group to extend its market presence in Shanxi Province with respect to cement operation and the anticipated future operating synergies from the combination.

Guardwise Investments and its subsidiary has contributed HK\$22,437,000 to the Group's turnover and HK\$23,054,000 loss to the Group's profit attributable to owners of the Company for the period from the date of its being acquired as subsidiary to 31 December 2010. If the acquisition of Guardwise Investments and its subsidiary had been completed on 1 January 2010, there would be insignificant effect on the Group's turnover and profit for the year ended 31 December 2010.

(b) In September 2010, the Group acquired 100% equity interest of six Target Companies from an independent third party for a consideration of HK\$810,000,000. The Target Companies are engaged in the manufacture and sale of clinker, cement and concrete in Huizhou and Ningbo. The acquisition has been accounted for using the acquisition method of accounting.

38. 收購附屬公司(續) 38. ACQUISITION OF SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年 度(續)

(b) (續)

六家目標公司如下:

- () 惠州華潤通運有限公司
 (前稱惠州環球通運有限公司)
- (ii) 華潤混凝土(惠州)有限公司(前稱惠州環球混凝土 有限公司)
- (iii) 惠州華潤建材有限公司
 (前稱惠州環球建材有限公司)
- (w) 華潤水泥(惠州)有限公司 (前稱惠州環球水泥有限公 司)
- (v) 寧波應氏環球建築材料有
 限公司
- (vi) 寧波北侖應氏環球建材有 限公司

For the year ended 31 December 2010 (Continued)

(b) (Continued)

The six Target Companies are as follows:

- Huizhou China Resources Transportation
 Company Limited (formerly known as Huizhou
 Universal Transportation Company Limited)
- (ii) China Resources Concrete (Huizhou) Limited (formerly known as Huizhou Universal Concrete Co., Ltd.)
- (iii) Huizhou China Resources Jiancai Limited (formerly known as Huizhou Universal Construction Material Co., Ltd.)
- (iv) China Resources Cement (Huizhou) Limited (formely known as Huizhou Universal Cement Company Limited)
- (v) Ningbo Ying's Universal Building Material Co., Ltd.
- (vi) Ningbo Beilun Ying's Universal Architecture Material Co., Ltd.



截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年 Fo

- **度**(續)
- (b) (續)

交易中所收購的資產淨值總額以 及收購產生的商譽如下:

38. ACQUISITION OF SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2010 (Continued)

(b) (Continued)

The aggregate net assets acquired in the transaction and the goodwill arising on the acquisition are as follows:

		被收購方於
		收購日期的 公平價值
		五千值值 千港元
		Acquirees' fair
		value at
		acquisition date
		HK\$'000
已收購資產淨值:	Net assets acquired:	
固定資產	Fixed assets	804,526
預付租賃款項	Prepaid lease payments	124,159
無形資產	Intangible assets	9,949
購買固定資產訂金	Deposits for acquisitions of	
	fixed assets	9,696
長期應收款項	Long term receivables	43,253
遞延税項資產	Deferred tax assets	23,668
存貨	Inventories	58,307
應收貿易賬款	Trade receivables	149,893
其他應收款項	Other receivables	40,997
現金及銀行結餘	Cash and bank balances	61,847
應付貿易賬款	Trade payables	(37,580)
其他應付款項	Other payables	(86,211)
銀行貸款	Bank loans	(457,062)
遞延税項負債	Deferred tax liabilities	(9,512)
已收購資產淨值	Net assets acquired	735,930
收購產生的商譽	Goodwill arising on acquisition	74,070
總代價	Total consideration	810,000
支付方式:	Satisfied by:	
現金代價	Cash consideration	(810,000)
收購產生的現金流入淨額:	Net cash inflow arising on acquisition:	
現金代價	Cash consideration	(810,000)
减:計入其他應付款項的金額	Less: Amounts included in	,
	other payables	767,952
已收購現金及銀行結餘	Cash and bank balances	
	acquired	61,847
		19,799



截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年 度(續)

(b) (續)

收購六間目標公司產生的商譽指 上述新收購的附屬公司與本集團 所產生的協同效益及本集團可運 用其專業知識開拓中國內地地區 的商機所獲取的價值。

六間目標公司於收購日期起至二零 一零年十二月三十一日止期間為 本集團的營業額貢獻225,458,000 港元及為本公司擁有人應佔本集團 盈利帶來1,808,000港元的盈利。 倘收購六間目標公司已於二零一零 年一月一日完成,則本集團於本年 度的營業額將應為14,559,582,000 港元而本公司擁有人應佔本年度 盈利將應為2,045,751,000港元。

(c) 於二零一零年,本集團從獨立第 三方收購若干水泥及混凝土附 屬公司的全部股權,總代價為 117,818,000港元。所收購的附屬 公司主要從事生產及銷售水泥及 混凝土的業務。該等收購已按會計 收購法入賬。

38. ACQUISITION OF SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2010 (Continued)

(b) (Continued)

The goodwill on acquisition of the six Target Companies represents value obtainable from synergies with the Group and opportunities for the Group to bring its expertise to the proposition and access to the region of the Chinese Mainland that are provided by the above newly acquired subsidiaries.

The six Target Companies contributed HK\$225,458,000 to the Group's turnover and HK\$1,808,000 profit to the Group's profit attributable to owners of the Company for the period from the date of acquisition to 31 December 2010. If the acquisition of the six Target Companies had been completed on 1 January 2010, the Group's turnover for the year would have been HK\$14,559,582,000 and profit attributable to owners of the Company for the year would have been HK\$2,045,751,000.

(c) During 2010, the Group acquired 100% equity interest of several cement and concrete subsidiaries from independent third parties for a total consideration of HK\$117,818,000. The acquired subsidiaries are principally engaged in manufacture and sale of cement and concrete. These acquisitions have been accounted for using the acquisition method of accounting.

38. ACQUISITION OF SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年 度(續)

(c) (續)

所收購的水泥及混凝土公司如下:

- (i) 華潤水泥(江門)有限公司
 (前稱江門市滘頭龍成貿易
 有限公司)
- (ii) 華潤水泥(泉州)有限公司
 (前稱泉州三德建材有限公司)
- (iii) 華潤混凝土(陽江)有限公司(前稱陽江市鵬港混凝 土有限公司)
- (iv) 華潤混凝土(廈門)有限公司(前稱廈門京歧混凝土 有限公司)
- (v) 河源華潤輝達混凝土有限
 公司
- (vi) 湛江華潤鵬源混凝土有限 公司(前稱湛江鵬源混凝 土有限公司)

For the year ended 31 December 2010 (Continued)

(c) (Continued)

The acquired cement and concrete companies are as follows:

- China Resources Cement (Jiangmen) Limited (formerly known as Jiangmen Jiaotou Longchen Trading Ltd.)
- (ii) China Resources Cement (Quanzhou) Limited (formerly known as San Teh (Quanzhou) Building Materials Co. Ltd.)
- (iii) China Resources Concrete (Yangjiang) Limited (formerly known as Yangjiang Penggang Concrete Limited)
- (iv) China Resources Concrete (Xiamen) Limited (formerly known as Xiamen Jingqi Concrete Limited)
- (v) Heyuan China Resources Huida Concrete Limited
- (vi) Zhanjiang China Resources Pengyuan Concrete Limited (formerly known as Zhanjiang Pengyuan Concrete Limited)

38. 收購附屬公司(續) 38. ACQUISITION OF SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止	年
度 (續)	

(C)

(續)

For the year ended 31 December 2010 (Continued)

(c) (Continued)

於該等交易中收購的資產淨值總 額以及收購產生的商譽如下: The aggregate net assets acquired in these transactions and the goodwill arising on the acquisition are as follows:

		被收購方於 收購日期的 公平價值 千港元 Acquirees' fair value at acquisition date HK\$'000
	Net assets acquired:	
固定資產	Fixed assets	98,076
預付租賃款項	Prepaid lease payments	35,479
購買固定資產訂金	Deposits for acquisitions of	· · · , · ·
	fixed assets	500
遞延税項資產	Deferred tax assets	74
存貨	Inventories	7,646
應收貿易賬款	Trade receivables	7,704
其他應收款項	Other receivables	8,205
現金及銀行結餘	Cash and bank balances	7,117
應付貿易賬款	Trade payables	(13,211)
其他應付款項	Other payables	(67,359)
應付税項	Taxation payables	(1,015)
銀行貸款	Bank loans	(4,594)
遞延税項負債	Deferred tax liabilities	(1,022)
已收購資產淨值	Net assets acquired	77,600
收購產生的商譽	Goodwill arising on acquisition	40,218
代價總額	Total consideration	117,818
支付方式:	Satisfied by:	
現金代價	Cash consideration	(117,818)
收購產生的現金流出淨額:	Net cash outflow arising on	
	acquisition	
現金代價	Cash consideration	(117,818)
<i>減</i> :計入其他應付款項	Less: Amounts included in	
	other payables	54,550
已收購現金及銀行結餘	Cash and bank balances	
	acquired	7,117



(56,151)

截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年 度(續)

(c) (續)

收購多間水泥及混凝土附屬公司 產生的商譽指上述新近收購的附 屬公司與本集團所產生的協同效 益及本集團可運用其專業知識開 拓中國內地地區的商機所獲取的 價值。

該等多間水泥及混凝土附屬公司 於收購日期起至二零一零年十二 月三十一日止期間為本集團的營 業額貢獻24,937,000港元及為本 公司擁有人應佔本集團盈利帶來 4,813,000港元的盈利。倘收購該等 多間水泥及混凝土附屬公司已於 二零一零年一月一日完成,則對本 集團截至二零一零年十二月三十一 日止年度的營業額及盈利的影響 甚微。

備考資料僅供説明用途,而並非倘收購已 於二零一零年一月一日完成,為本集團實 際達致經營活動的營業額及業績的指示, 亦不擬作未來業績估計。

截至二零零九年十二月三十一日止年 度

於二零零九年七月,本集團以代價人民 幣269,000,000元(相當於305,218,000港 元)收購海南水泥29.31%股權。於二零 零九年九月,本集團以現金代價人民幣 324,846,000元(相當於368,941,000港元) 及相等於貸款本金的現金代價轉讓貸款人 民幣234,652,000元(相當於266,504,000 港元)收購海南水泥的額外34.14%股權。 海南水泥的主營業務為生產及銷售水泥。 完成收購海南水泥的額外34.14%股權後, 海南水泥已成為本公司擁有63.45%權益的 附屬公司。該交易已按會計收購法入賬。

38. ACQUISITION OF SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2010 (Continued)

(c) (Continued)

The goodwill on acquisition of the several cement and concrete subsidiaries represents value obtainable from synergies with the Group and opportunities for the Group to bring its expertise to the proposition and access to the region of the Chinese Mainland that are provided by the above newly acquired subsidiaries.

The several cement and concrete subsidiaries contributed HK\$24,937,000 to the Group's turnover and HK\$4,813,000 profit to the Group's profit attributable to owners of the Company for the period from the date of acquisition to 31 December 2010. If the acquisition of the several cement and concrete subsidiaries had been completed on 1 January 2010, there would be insignificant effect on the Group's turnover and profit for the year ended 31 December 2010.

The above proforma information is for illustrative purpose only and is not necessarily an indication of turnover and results of operations of the Group that actually would have been achieved had the acquisition been completed on 1 January 2010, nor is it intended to be projection of future results.

For the year ended 31 December 2009

In July 2009, the Group acquired 29.31% equity interest of Hainan Cement for a consideration of RMB269,000,000 (equivalent to HK\$305,218,000). In September 2009, the Group acquired an additional 34.14% equity interest in Hainan Cement for the cash consideration of RMB324,846,000 (equivalent to HK\$368,941,000) and assignment of Ioan of RMB234,652,000 (equivalent to HK\$266,504,000) for cash consideration equal to principal amount of the Ioan. The principal activity of Hainan Cement is the manufacture and sale of cement. Upon the completion of the acquisition of the additional 34.14% equity interest in Hainan Cement, Hainan Cement has become a 63.45% owned subsidiary of the Company. This transaction has been accounted for using the acquisition method of accounting.

38. 收購附屬公司(續) 38. ACQUISITION OF SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2009 (Continued)

截至二零零九年十二月三十一日止年 **度**(續)

於該交易中收購的資產淨值總額以及收購 產生的商譽如下:

The aggregate net assets acquired in the transaction and the goodwill arising on the acquisition are as follows:

		被收購方於 收購日期的 公平價值 千港元 Acquirees' fair value at acquisition date HK\$'000
	Net assets acquired:	
固定資產	Fixed assets	1,326,942
預付租賃款項	Prepaid lease payments	105,025
無形資產	Intangible assets	83,962
於一間聯營公司的權益	Interest in an associate	8,424
購買固定資產訂金	Deposits for acquisition of	0,121
	fixed assets	2,313
存貨	Inventories	110,582
應收貿易賬款	Trade receivables	13,860
其他應收款項	Other receivables	54,582
質押銀行存款	Pledged bank deposits	6,367
現金及銀行結餘	Cash and bank balances	195,915
應付貿易賬款	Trade payables	(52,283)
其他應付款項	Other payables	(140,108)
前股東貸款	Loan from an ex-shareholder	(266,504)
銀行貸款	Bank loans	(516,762)
長期應付款項	Long term payable	(33,235)
遞延税項負債	Deferred tax liabilities	(20,763)
已收購資產淨值	Net assets acquired	878,317
非控股股東權益	Non controlling interests	(321,024)
海南水泥應付的轉讓予本集團的款項	Amount due by Hainan Cement	
	assigned to the Group	266,504
收購所產生的商譽	Goodwill arising on acquisition	123,950
總代價	Total consideration	947,747
支付方式:	Satisfied by:	
現金代價	Cash consideration	635,445
轉讓於聯營公司的權益	Transfer from interests in associates	312,302
		947,747
收購產生的現金流出淨額:	Net cash outflow arising on acquisition:	
現金代價	Cash consideration	(635,445)
已收購現金及銀行結餘	Cash and bank balances acquired	195,915
		(120 520)



(439,530)

截至二零零九年十二月三十一日止年 度(續)

收購海南水泥所產生的商譽,其價值來自 本集團進軍上述新近收購的附屬公司所在 的中國內地地區所帶來的商機。

海南水泥於自收購為附屬公司日期起至二 零零九年十二月三十一日期間,為本公司 擁有人應佔本集團盈利貢獻39,379,000港 元。

倘海南水泥的收購已於二零零九年一月 一日完成,本集團於該年度的營業額則為 7,440,600,000港元,而本公司擁有人應佔 該年度盈利為1,034,200,000港元。備考資 料僅供説明用途,而並非倘收購已於二零 零九年一月一日完成,為本集團實際達致 經營活動的營業額及業績的指示,亦不擬 作未來業績估計。

39. 出售一家附屬公司

截至二零零九年十二月三十一日止年 度

於二零零九年四月六日,本集團出售 於廣西華潤紅水河碼頭倉儲有限公司 (「紅水河碼頭」)的全部股權,代價為人 民幣138,000,000元(相當於156,754,000 港元),出售紅水河碼頭產生的收益 22,399,000港元於年內確認。

38. ACQUISITION OF SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2009 (Continued)

The goodwill on acquisition of Hainan Cement represents value obtainable from the opportunities for the Group to obtain access to the region of the Chinese Mainland that are provided by the above newly acquired subsidiary.

Hainan Cement has contributed HK\$39,379,000 to the Group's profit attributable to owners of the Company for the period from the date of its being acquired as subsidiary to 31 December 2009.

If the acquisition of Hainan Cement had been completed on 1 January 2009, the Group's turnover for that year would have been HK\$7,440,600,000 and profit attributable to owners of the Company for that year would have been HK\$1,034,200,000. The pro forma information is for illustrative purpose only and is not necessarily an indication of turnover and results of operations of the Group that actually would have been achieved had the acquisition been completed on 1 January 2009, nor is it intended to be a projection of future results.

39. DISPOSAL OF A SUBSIDIARY

For the year ended 31 December 2009

On 6 April 2009, the Group disposed of the entire equity interest in Guangxi China Resources Hongshuihe Pier Limited (the "Hongshuihe Pier") at a consideration of RMB138,000,000 (equivalent to HK\$156,754,000) and the gain on disposal of Hongshuihe Pier of HK\$22,399,000 was recognised during the year.

39. 出售一家附屬公司(續) 39. DISPOSAL OF A SUBSIDIARY (Continued)

截至二零零九年十二月三十一日止年 度(續)

於年內出售的紅水河碼頭的資產淨值如

下:

The net assets of Hongshuihe Pier disposed of during the year were as follows:

For the year ended 31 December 2009 (Continued)

		千港元 HK\$′000
已出售資產淨值:	Net assets disposed of:	
投資物業	Investment properties	156,754
現金及銀行結餘	Cash and bank balances	7
遞延税項負債	Deferred tax liabilities	(22,406)
		134,355
出售收益	Gain on disposal	22,399
代價總額	Total consideration	156,754
支付方式:	Satisfied by:	
計入其他應付款項的已收現金代價以作為已 於二零零八年十二月三十一日列為持作出 售的資產有關的預收款項	Cash consideration received and included in other payables as advanced receipts in respect of assets classified as held for sale as	
	at 31 December 2008	156,754
出售產生的現金流出淨值:	Net cash outflow arising on disposal:	
已出售現金及銀行結餘	Cash and bank balances disposed of	7

截至二零零九年十二月三十一日止年度, 紅水河碼頭為本公司擁有人應佔本集團盈 利帶來少量的虧損,並為本集團的經營現 金流量貢獻少量現金流量。

40. 重大非現金交易

於二零一零年十二月三十一日,興建及收 購固定資產的應付款項1,621,023,000港 元(二零零九年:610,676,000港元)尚未支 付,但已計入其他應付款項。 Hongshuihe Pier contributed insignificant losses to the Group's profit attributable to owners of the Company and contributed insignificant cash flows to the Group's operating cash flows for the year ended 31 December 2009.

40. MAJOR NON-CASH TRANSACTIONS

As at 31 December 2010, payables of HK\$1,621,023,000 (2009: HK\$610,676,000) for the construction and acquisition of fixed assets had not been paid and had been included in other payables.



41. 經營租約承擔

41. OPERATING LEASE COMMITMENTS

本集團作為出租人

於各報告期末,本集團已與租戶簽訂下列 未來最低租賃款項的合約: At the end of each reporting period, the Group has contracted for the following future minimum lease payments:

		二零一零年 千港元	二零零九年 千港元
		2010 HK\$'000	2009 HK\$'000
一年以內 第二年至第五年(包括首尾兩年)	Within one year In the second to fifth year	9,215	9,215
	inclusive	19,198	28,413
		28,413	37,628

The Group as lessor

投資物業已按固定預先釐定金額出租予外 部各方,未屆滿租期少於五年。 The investment property has been rented to outside parties at fixed predetermined amounts with unexpired tenancy of less than 5 years.

本集團作為承租人

於各報告期末,本集團根據不可撤銷的經 營租約的未履行承擔須於下列期間到期:

The Group as lessee

At the end of each reporting period, the Group had outstanding commitments under non-cancellable operating leases which fall due as follows:

		二零一零年 千港元	二零零九年 千港元
		2010	2009
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
一年以內	Within one year	22,570	20,364
第二年至第五年(包括首尾兩年)	In the second to fifth year		
	inclusive	49,915	39,609
超過五年	Over five years	81,313	44,941
		153,798	104,914
由以下方式承擔:	Represented by:		
土地及建築物	Land and buildings	151,617	98,184
汽車	Motor vehicles	2,181	6,730
		153,798	104,914

經營租約的租約期平均商定為八年。

Operating leases are negotiated for an average term of eight years.



42. 資本承擔

42. CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

就購置及興建固定資產而於各報告期末尚 未履行的資本承擔如下: Capital commitments for purchase and construction of fixed assets outstanding at the end of each reporting period are as follows:

		二零一零年	二零零九年
		千港元	千港元
		2010	2009
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
已訂約但未撥備	Contracted but not		
	provided for	3,537,194	2,366,132
已授權但未訂約	Authorised but not		
	contracted for	4,287,185	4,841,814
		7,824,379	7,207,946

43. 關連人士交易

(a) 除綜合財務狀況表所披露與關連人士的結餘詳情外,本集團於本年度亦已與關連人士進行以下交易:

43. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

(a) Apart from details of the balances with related parties disclosed in the consolidated statement of financial position, the Group entered into the following transactions with related parties during the year:

	二零一零年 千港元	二零零九年 千港元
	2010	2009
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Sale of goods to fellow		
subsidiaries	32,970	31,317
Purchase of goods from		
fellow subsidiaries	249,001	5,517
Rent paid to fellow		
subsidiaries	2,775	2,019
Testing services provided to		
fellow subsidiaries	376	1,266
	subsidiaries Purchase of goods from fellow subsidiaries Rent paid to fellow subsidiaries Testing services provided to	千港元 2010 HK\$'000 Sale of goods to fellow subsidiaries 32,970 Purchase of goods from fellow subsidiaries 249,001 Rent paid to fellow subsidiaries 2,775 Testing services provided to



- **43. 關連人士交易**(續)
 - (b) 主要管理層人員僅包括本公司的 董事,支付予彼等的薪酬於附註9 中披露。

與其他國有企業進行的交易/結餘

本集團本身乃為中國華潤總公司(該公司 由中國內地政府控制)旗下一大型集團公 司的組成部分。除綜合財務報表其他附註 所披露的與母公司及其附屬公司進行的交 易外,本集團亦於正常業務過程中與中國 內地政府直接或間接擁有或控制的實體進 行業務往來。董事認為,就本集團迄今與 該等實體進行的業務交易而言,該等實體 (除中國華潤總公司集團外)均為獨立第 三方。本集團於與其他國有實體建立交易 定價戰略及審批程序過程中並無分辨對手 方是否為國有實體。本集團認為,據其所 深知,已於綜合財務報表內就關連方交易 作出充足適當的披露。

本集團已於本年度與其他國有企業訂立 多項各自不屬重大的交易(包括銷售、 購買、借款及其他經營費用)。

44. 為股份激勵計劃而持有的 **44** 股份

於二零零九年九月二日(「採納日期」),本 公司採納一項股份激勵計劃(「計劃」),自 採納日期起計10年期間合法有效。根據計 劃的條款,本公司設立信託,委託中銀國 際英國保誠信託有限公司作為受託人,以 管理計劃及持有股份。

43. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

(b) The key management personnel includes solely the directors of the Company and the compensation paid to them is disclosed in Note 9.

Transactions/balances with other state-controlled entities

The Group itself is part of a larger group of companies under CRNC, which is controlled by the government of the Chinese Mainland. Apart from the transactions with the parent company and its subsidiaries which have been disclosed in other notes to the consolidated financial statements, the Group also conducts businesses with entities directly or indirectly owned or controlled by the Chinese Mainland government in the ordinary course of business. The directors consider those entities other than the CRNC group are independent third parties as far as the Group's business transactions with them are concerned. In establishing its pricing strategies and approval process for transactions with other state-controlled entities, the Group does not differentiate whether the counter-party is a state-controlled entity or not. The Group is of the opinion that it has provided, in the best of its knowledge, adequate and appropriate disclosure of related party transactions in the consolidated financial statements.

The Group has entered into various transactions, including sales, purchases, borrowings and other operating expenses with other state-controlled entities which individually were insignificant during the year.

44. SHARES HELD FOR SHARE AWARD SCHEME

On 2 September 2009 (the "Adoption Date"), a Share Award Scheme (the "Scheme") was adopted by the Company. The Scheme shall be valid and effective for a period of 10 years commencing from the Adoption Date. Pursuant to the rules of the Scheme, the Company has set up a trust through a trustee, BOCI – Prudential Trustee Limited, for the purpose of administering the Scheme and holding the shares.

44. 為股份激勵計劃而持有的 股份(續)

於二零一零年十一月十七日,本公司修訂 股份激勵計劃的條款以將董事納入合資格 承授人並令該計劃項下的付款將以現金方 式而並非股份方式作出。根據該計劃,本 公司可動用來自出售受託人購買並持有的 股份的所得款項作為根據該計劃作出的獎 勵。

截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止整 個年度,受託人一直以信託方式持有 160,000,000股股份。於本年度,受託人以 信託方式持有的股份及該計劃項下的現金 福利概無授予任何合資格承授人。

45. 主要附屬公司

本公司於二零一零年及二零零九年十二月 三十一日的主要附屬公司的詳情如下:

44. SHARES HELD FOR SHARE AWARD SCHEME (Continued)

On 17 November 2010, the Company amended the terms of the share award scheme to include Directors as eligible grantees and such that payments under the Scheme will be made in form of cash rather than Shares. According to the Scheme, the Company can utilise the proceeds generated from the disposal of the Shares purchased and held by the trustee for awards to be made under the Scheme.

The trustee has been holding 160,000,000 Shares on trust throughout the year ended 31 December 2010. None of the Shares held on trust by the trustee and cash benefits under the Scheme has been granted to any eligible grantee during the year.

45. PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES

Details of the Company's principal subsidiaries at 31 December 2010 and 2009 are as follows:

附屬公司名稱 Name of subsidiary	註冊成立地點 Place of incorporation	已發行及繳足股本/ 註冊資本 Issued and fully paid share capital/ registered capital		なつ司持有所有 一零年 『旧接 Proportio ownership held by the	二零零 直接 n of the o interest		主要業務 Principal activities
			2	010	20	09	
			Directly	Indirectly	Directly	Indirectly	
華潤水泥控股(香港)有限公司	香港	10,000港元	100%	-	100%	-	持有多家附屬公司投資
China Resources Cement Holdings (Hong Kong) Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$10,000					Holding investments in subsidiaries
華潤水泥投資有限公司 ⁽¹⁾	中國內地	221,951,972美元	-	100%	-	100%	持有多家附屬公司投資
China Resources Cement Investments Limited (?)	Chinese Mainland	US\$221,951,972					Holding investments in subsidiaries
華潤水泥(昌江)有限公司 (前稱國投海南水泥 有限責任公司) ²⁰	中國內地	人民幣520,750,000元	-	63.45%	-	63.45%	水泥生產與銷售
China Resources Cement (Changjiang) Limited (formerly known as SDIC Hainan Cement Co. Ltd.) ⁽²⁾	Chinese Mainland	RMB520,750,000					Manufacture and sale of cement



綜合財務報表附註 NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2010 截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度

45. 主要附屬公司(續)

45. PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

附屬公司名稱	註冊成立地點	已發行及繳足股本/ 註冊資本		公司持有所有			主要業務
			二 苓 直接	一零年 間接	二零零 直接	§刀牛 間接	
		Issued and fully	且汝	回按 Proportic		间汝	
	Place of	paid share capital/		ownershi			
Name of subsidiary	incorporation	registered capital	2	held by the			Principal activities
			20 Directly	010 Indirectly	20 Directly	09 Indirectly	
	中國內地	15,000,000港元		100%		100%	水泥生產與銷售
China Resources Cement	Chinese Mainland	HK\$15,000,000		,		,.	Manufacture and sale of
(Fangchenggang) Limited (1)							cement
華潤水泥(封開)有限公司(1)	中國內地	136,145,900美元	-	100%	_	100%	水泥生產與銷售
China Resources Cement (Fengkai)	Chinese Mainland	US\$136,145,900					Manufacture and sale of
Limited (1)							cement
華潤水泥(富川)有限公司"	中國內地	255,560,000港元	-	100%	-	100%	水泥生產與銷售
China Resources Cement (Fuchuan)	Chinese Mainland	HK\$255,560,000					Manufacture and sale of
Limited ⁽¹⁾							cement
華潤水泥(貴港)有限公司(1)	中國內地	55,104,000美元	-	100%	-	100%	水泥生產與銷售
China Resources Cement (Guigang)	Chinese Mainland	US\$55,104,000					Manufacture and sale of
Limited (1)							cement
華潤水泥(惠州)有限公司	中國內地	70,000,000美元	-	100%	-	_	水泥生產與銷售
(前稱惠州環球水泥有限公司)の							
China Resources Cement (Huizhou)	Chinese Mainland	US\$70,000,000					Manufacture and sale of
Limited (formerly known as							cement
Huizhou Universal Cement							
Company Limited) (1)							
華潤水泥(江門)有限公司	中國內地	120,000,000港元	-	100%	-	-	水泥生產與銷售
(前稱江門市滘頭龍成貿易							
有限公司)の							
China Resources Cement (Jiangmen)	Chinese Mainland	HK\$120,000,000					Manufacture and sale of
Limited (formerly known as							cement
Jiangmen Jiaotou Longchen							
Trading Ltd.) (1)							



附屬公司名稱	註冊成立地點	已發行及繳足股本/ 註冊資本		≤公司持有所有 一零年 間接	「 權權益的比 二零零 直接		主要業務
Name of subsidiary	Place of incorporation	Issued and fully paid share capital/ registered capital	20 Directly	Proportio ownership held by the 010 Indirectly	o interest	09 Indirectly	Principal activities
華潤水泥(龍岩)有限公司 ⁽¹⁾	中國內地	33,280,000美元	-	100%		100%	水泥生產與銷售
China Resources Cement (Longyan) Limited ⁽¹⁾	Chinese Mainland	US\$33,280,000					Manufacture and sale of cement
華潤水泥 (龍岩曹溪)有限公司(*) China Resources Cement (Longyan Caoxi) Limited (*)	中國內地 Chinese Mainland	480,000,000港元 HK\$480,000,000	-	100%	-	-	水泥生產與銷售 Manufacture and sale of cement
華潤水泥 (陸川)有限公司/// China Resources Cement (Luchuan) Limited ///	中國內地 Chinese Mainland	人民幣243,980,000元 RMB243,980,000	-	100%	-	100%	水泥生產與銷售 Manufacture and sale of cement
華潤水泥(南寧)有限公司(1)	中國內地	55,200,000美元	-	100%	-	100%	水泥生產與銷售
China Resources Cement (Nanning) Limited ⁽⁷⁾	Chinese Mainland	US\$55,200,000					Manufacture and sale of cement
華潤水泥(平南)有限公司(1)	中國內地	人民幣1,080,780,000元	-	100%	-	100%	水泥生產與銷售
China Resources Cement (Pingnan) Limited (?)	Chinese Mainland	RMB1,080,780,000					Manufacture and sale of cement
華潤水泥(泉州)有限公司 (前稱泉州三德建材有限公司)の	中國內地	3,280,000美元	-	100%	-	-	水泥生產與銷售
China Resources Cement (Quanzhou) Limited (formerly known as San Teh (Quanzhou) Building	Chinese Mainland	US\$3,280,000					Manufacture and sale of cement
Limited (formerly known as	Chinese Mainland	US\$3,280,000					



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45. 主要附屬公司(續)

45. PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

附屬公司名稱	註冊成立地點	已發行及繳足股本/ 註冊資本		∽公司持有所有 一零年	列 ?九年	主要業務	
	Place of	Issued and fully paid share capital/	直接	間接 Proportic ownershi	直接 In of the	間接	
Name of subsidiary	incorporation	registered capital	20	held by the 010	Company 200)9	Principal activities
			Directly	Indirectly	Directly	Indirectly	
華潤水泥(上思)有限公司(1)	中國內地	人民幣220,440,000元	-	100%	-	100%	水泥生產與銷售
China Resources Cement (Shangsi) Limited ⁽¹⁾	Chinese Mainland	RMB220,440,000					Manufacture and sale of cement
華潤水泥(汕頭)有限公司()	中國內地	人民幣210,000,000元	-	100%	_	100%	水泥生產與銷售
China Resources Cement (Shantou) Limited ^(I)	Chinese Mainland	RMB210,000,000					Manufacture and sale of cement
華潤水泥(田陽)有限公司()	中國內地	254,660,000港元	-	100%	_	100%	水泥生產與銷售
China Resources Cement (Tianyang) Limited ⁽¹⁾	Chinese Mainland	HK\$254,660,000					Manufacture and sale of cement
華潤水泥(武宣)有限公司()	中國內地	257,266,000港元	-	100%	-	100%	水泥生產與銷售
China Resources Cement (Wuxuan) Limited ⁽⁷⁾	Chinese Mainland	HK\$257,266,000					Manufacture and sale of cement
華潤水泥(陽春)有限公司の	中國內地	250,000,000港元	-	100%	_	100%	水泥生產與銷售
China Resources Cement (Yangchun) Limited ⁽⁷⁾	Chinese Mainland	HK\$250,000,000					Manufacture and sale of cement
華潤水泥(永定)有限公司()	中國內地	35,000,000美元	-	100%	-	100%	水泥生產與銷售
China Resources Cement (Yongding) Limited ^(I)	Chinese Mainland	US\$35,000,000					Manufacture and sale of cement
華潤水泥(湛江)有限公司()	中國內地	22,000,000港元	-	100%	_	100%	水泥生產與銷售
China Resources Cement (Zhanjiang) Limited (1)	Chinese Mainland	HK\$22,000,000					Manufacture and sale of cement

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附屬公司名稱	註冊成立地點	已發行及繳足股本/ 註冊資本	二零	▲公司持有所有 一零年 □□□=	主要業務		
Name of subsidiary	Place of incorporation	Issued and fully paid share capital/ registered capital	直接 2(Directly	間接 Proportic ownershij held by the 010 Indirectly	o interest	間接 09 Indirectly	Principal activities
- 華潤混凝土 (百色)有限公司 ⁽⁷⁾ China Resources Concrete (Baise) Limited ⁽⁷⁾	中國內地 Chinese Mainland	20,000,000港元 HK\$20,000,000	-	100%	-	100%	混凝土生產與銷售 Manufacture and sale of concrete
華潤混凝土 (北海)有限公司 ^{(//} China Resources Concrete (Beihai) Limited ^{(//}	中國內地 Chinese Mainland	40,000,000港元 HK\$40,000,000	-	100%	-	100%	混凝土生產與銷售 Manufacture and sale of concrete
東莞華潤豐誠混凝土有限公司(*) China Resources Concrete (Dongguan Fengcheng) Limited (*)	中國內地 Chinese Mainland	20,000,000港元 HK\$20,000,000	-	100%	-	100%	混凝土生產與銷售 Manufacture and sale of concrete
華潤混凝土 (防城港)有限公司 ⁽¹⁾ China Resources Concrete (Fangchenggang) Limited ⁽¹⁾	中國內地 Chinese Mainland	25,000,000港元 HK\$25,000,000	-	100%	-	100%	混凝土生產與銷售 Manufacture and sale of concrete
華潤混凝土(封開)有限公司 (前稱封開華潤混凝土有限公司)‴	中國內地	人民幣3,000,000元	-	100%	-	100%	混凝土生產與銷售
China Resources Concrete (Fengkai) Limited (formerly known as Fengkai China Resources Concrete Limited) ⁽⁷⁾	Chinese Mainland	RMB3,000,000					Manufacture and sale of concrete



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45. 主要附屬公司(續)

45. PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

附屬公司名稱	註冊成立地點	已發行及繳足股本/ 註冊資本		∝公司持有所有 一零年 間接	主要業務		
Name of subsidiary	Place of incorporation	Issued and fully paid share capital/ registered capital	Proportion of the ownership interest held by the Company 2010 2009				Principal activities
華潤混凝土 (佛山) 有限公司 ^{(//} China Resources Concrete (Foshan) Limited ^{(//}	中國內地 Chinese Mainland	20,000,000港元 HK\$20,000,000	Directly -	Indirectly	Directly –	Indirectly 100%	混凝土生產與銷售 Manufacture and sale of concrete
華潤混凝土 (福建)有限公司 ⁽⁷⁾ China Resources Concrete (Fujian) Limited ⁽⁷⁾	中國內地 Chinese Mainland	26,000,000港元 HK\$26,000,000	-	100%	-	100%	混凝土生產與銷售 Manufacture and sale of concrete
華潤混凝土 (福清)有限公司 ⁽⁷⁾ China Resources Concrete (Fuqing) Limited ⁽⁷⁾	中國內地 Chinese Mainland	20,000,000港元 HK\$20,000,000	-	100%	-	100%	混凝土生產與銷售 Manufacture and sale of concrete
福州開發區華潤混凝土有限公司(*/ China Resources Concrete (Fuzhou Development Zone) Limited (*/	中國內地 Chinese Mainland	20,000,000港元 HK\$20,000,000	-	100%	-	100%	混凝土生產與銷售 Manufacture and sale of concrete
華潤混凝土(福州)有限公司/// China Resources Concrete (Fuzhou) Limited ///	中國內地 Chinese Mainland	21,000,000港元 HK\$21,000,000	-	100%	-	100%	混凝土生產與銷售 Manufacture and sale of concrete
華潤混凝土 (高要)有限公司(?) China Resources Concrete (Gaoyao) Limited ^(?)	中國內地 Chinese Mainland	20,000,000港元 HK\$20,000,000	-	100%	-	100%	混凝土生產與銷售 Manufacture and sale of concrete



附屬公司名稱	註冊成立地點	已發行及繳足股本/ 註冊資本		≤公司持有所有 一零年 間接		例 零九年 間接	主要業務
Name of subsidiary	Place of incorporation	Para state capital			109	Principal activities	
			Directly	Indirectly	Directly	Indirectly	
華潤混凝土 (廣西)有限公司 ^{(//} China Resources Concrete (Guangxi) Limited ^{(//}	中國內地 Chinese Mainland	34,000,000港元 HK\$34,000,000	-	100%	-	100%	混凝土生產與銷售 Manufacture and sale of concrete
華潤混凝土 (貴港)有限公司 ^{(//} China Resources Concrete (Guigang) Limited ^{(//}	中國內地 Chinese Mainland	25,000,000港元 HK\$25,000,000	-	100%	-	100%	混凝土生產與銷售 Manufacture and sale of concrete
華潤混凝土 (賀州)有限公司(1) China Resources Concrete (Hezhou) Limited (1)	中國內地 Chinese Mainland	25,000,000港元 HK\$25,000,000	-	100%	-	100%	混凝土生產與銷售 Manufacture and sale of concrete
華潤混凝土(惠州)有限公司 (前稱惠州環球混凝土 有限公司)の	中國內地	7,000,000美元	-	100%	-	-	混凝土生產與銷售
China Resources Concrete (Huizhou) Limited (formerly known as Huizhou Universal	Chinese Mainland	US\$7,000,000					Manufacture and sale of concrete
Concrete Co. Ltd.) ⁽¹⁾							
江門華潤混凝土棠下有限公司 ^{(//} China Resources Concrete (Jiangmen Tangxia) Limited ^{(//}	中國內地 Chinese Mainland	20,000,000港元 HK\$20,000,000	-	100%	-	100%	混凝土生產與銷售 Manufacture and sale of concrete



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45. 主要附屬公司(續)

45. PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

附屬公司名稱	註冊成立地點	已發行及繳足股本/ 註冊資本		公司持有所有 一零年 間接	主要業務		
Name of subsidiary	Place of incorporation	Issued and fully paid share capital/ registered capital	2(Directly	Proportio ownership held by the 010 Indirectly	o interest	09 Indirectly	Principal activities
華潤混凝土 (江門) 有限公司 ^{(//} China Resources Concrete (Jiangmen) Limited ^{(//}	中國內地 Chinese Mainland	20,000,000港元 HK\$20,000,000	-	100%	–	100%	混凝土生產與銷售 Manufacture and sale of concrete
華潤混凝土 (揭東)有限公司 ⁽¹⁾ China Resources Concrete (Jiedong) Limited ⁽¹⁾	中國內地 Chinese Mainland	24,000,000港元 HK\$24,000,000	-	100%	-	100%	混凝土生產與銷售 Manufacture and sale of concrete
華潤混凝土 (晋江) 有限公司 ^(/) China Resources Concrete (Jinjiang) Limited ^(/)	中國內地 Chinese Mainland	25,000,000港元 HK\$25,000,000	-	100%	-	100%	混凝土生產與銷售 Manufacture and sale of concrete
華潤混凝土 (來賓) 有限公司(*) China Resources Concrete (Laibin) Limited ^(*)	中國內地 Chinese Mainland	20,000,000港元 HK\$20,000,000	-	100%	-	100%	混凝土生產與銷售 Manufacture and sale of concrete
華潤混凝土 (柳州)有限公司 ⁽⁷⁾ China Resources Concrete (Liuzhou) Limited ⁽⁷⁾	中國內地 Chinese Mainland	20,000,000港元 HK\$20,000,000	-	100%	-	100%	混凝土生產與銷售 Manufacture and sale of concrete
華潤混凝土 (龍岩)有限公司(?) China Resources Concrete (Longyan) Limited (?)	中國內地 Chinese Mainland	24,000,000港元 HK\$24,000,000	-	100%	-	-	混凝土生產與銷售 Manufacture and sale of concrete



附屬公司名稱	註冊成立地點	已發行及繳足股本/ 註冊資本		- 零年	主要業務		
Name of subsidiary	Place of incorporation	Issued and fully paid share capital/ registered capital	直接	ownershi	間接 直接 Proportion of the ownership interest eld by the Company		Principal activities
·		. .)10	20		·
			Directly	Indirectly	Directly	Indirectly	
華潤混凝土 (南寧)有限公司 ^{(//} China Resources Concrete (Nanning)	中國內地 Chinese Mainland	20,000,000港元 HK\$20,000,000	-	100%	-	100%	混凝土生產與銷售 Manufacture and sale of
Limited ⁽⁷⁾							concrete
南寧華潤青秀混凝土有限公司	中國內地	34,000,000港元	-	100%	-	100%	混凝土生產與銷售
China Resources Concrete (Nanning Qingxiu) Limited ⁽¹⁾	Chinese Mainland	HK\$34,000,000					Manufacture and sale of concrete
南寧華潤西鄉塘混凝土有限公司 ⁽¹⁾	中國內地	20,000,000港元	-	100%	_	100%	混凝土生產與銷售
China Resources Concrete (Nanning Xixiangtang) Limited ^(I)	Chinese Mainland	HK\$20,000,000					Manufacture and sale of concrete
華潤混凝土(欽州)有限公司(1)	中國內地	40,000,000港元	-	100%	-	100%	混凝土生產與銷售
China Resources Concrete (Qinzhou) Limited ⁽⁷⁾	Chinese Mainland	HK\$40,000,000					Manufacture and sale of concrete
深圳華潤混凝土有限公司(1)	中國內地	人民幣25,000,000元	-	100%	_	100%	混凝土生產與銷售
China Resources Concrete (Shenzhen) Company Limited ⁽¹⁾	Chinese Mainland	RMB25,000,000					Manufacture and sale of concrete
華潤混凝土(萬寧)有限公司(1)	中國內地	24,000,000港元	-	100%	-	100%	混凝土生產與銷售
China Resources Concrete (Wanning)	Chinese Mainland	HK\$24,000,000					Manufacture and sale of
Limited ⁽¹⁾							concrete
華潤混凝土(廈門)有限公司 (前稱廈門京歧混凝土有限公司)の	中國內地	人民幣20,000,000元	-	100%	-	-	混凝土生產與銷售
China Resources Concrete (Xiamen) Limited (formerly known as	Chinese Mainland	RMB20,000,000					Manufacture and sale of concrete
Xiamen Jingqi Concrete Limited) (1)							



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45. 主要附屬公司(續)

45. PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

附屬公司名稱	註冊成立地點	已發行及繳足股本/ 註冊資本		公司持有所有 ─零年 間接	權權益的比(二零零 直接		主要業務
Name of subsidiary	Place of incorporation	Issued and fully paid share capital/ registered capital	20 Directly	Proportio ownership held by the 110 Indirectly	interest)9 Indirectly	Principal activities
華潤混凝土(陽江)有限公司 (前稱陽江市鵬港混凝土 有限公司) ⁽¹⁾	中國內地	人民幣10,000,000元	-	100%	-	-	混凝土生產與銷售
China Resources Concrete (Yangjiang) Limited (formerly known as Yangjiang Penggang Concrete Limited) ⁽⁷⁾	Chinese Mainland	RMB10,000,000					Manufacture and sale of concrete
華潤混凝土 (玉林)有限公司 ^{(//} China Resources Concrete (Yulin) Limited ^{(//}	中國內地 Chinese Mainland	24,000,000港元 HK\$24,000,000	-	100%	-	-	混凝土生產與銷售 Manufacture and sale of concrete
華潤混凝土 (漳州)有限公司(¹⁾ China Resources Concrete (Zhangzhou) Limited ⁽¹⁾	中國內地 Chinese Mainland	24,000,000港元 HK\$24,000,000	-	100%	-	100%	混凝土生產與銷售 Manufacture and sale of concrete
華潤混凝土(湛江)有限公司()	中國內地	20,000,000港元	-	100%	-	100%	混凝土生產與銷售
China Resources Concrete (Zhanjiang) Limited ⁽⁷⁾	Chinese Mainland	HK\$20,000,000					Manufacture and sale of concrete
華潤混凝土 (肇慶) 有限公司(**) China Resources Concrete (Zhaoqing) Limited (**)	中國內地 Chinese Mainland	20,000,000港元 HK \$ 20,000,000	-	100%	-	100%	混凝土生產與銷售 Manufacture and sale of concrete



附屬公司名稱	註冊成立地點	已發行及繳足股本/ 註冊資本		公司持有所有 一零年 間接	主要業務		
Name of subsidiary	Place of incorporation	Issued and fully paid share capital/ registered capital	Proportion of the ownership interest held by the Company 2010 2009 Directly Indirectly Directly Indirectly				Principal activities
華潤東莞水泥廠控股有限公司 China Resources Dongguan Cement Manufactory Holdings Limited	香港 Hong Kong	150,000,000港元 HK\$150,000,000	_	100%		100%	水泥貿易 Trading of cement
東莞華潤混凝土有限公司(// China Resources Dongguan Concrete Co., Limited (//	中國內地 Chinese Mainland	20,000,000港元 HK\$20,000,000	-	100%	-	100%	混凝土生產與銷售 Manufacture and sale of concrete
東莞華潤水泥廠有限公司 ^(//) Dongguan Huarun Cement Manufactory Co., Limited ^(//)	中國內地 Chinese Mainland	199,000,000港元 HK\$199,000,000	-	100%	-	100%	混凝土生產與銷售 Manufacture and sale of cement
鋭致有限公司 First Route Limited	香港 Hong Kong	2港元 HK \$ 2	-	100%	-	100%	持有物業 Property holding
佛山華潤順安混凝土有限公司// Foshan China Resources Shunan Concrete Limited ///	中國內地 Chinese Mainland	2,420,000美元 US\$2,420,000	-	100%	-	100%	混凝土生產與銷售 Manufacture and sale of concrete
金得旺有限公司 General Perfect Limited	香港 Hong Kong	2港元 HK\$2	-	100%	-	100%	持有物業 Property holding
廣西華潤紅水河水泥有限公司 ²² Guangxi China Resources Hongshuihe Cement Co., Ltd. ²²	中國內地 Chinese Mainland	人民幣200,000,000元 RMB200,000,000	-	93.8%	-	91.8%	混凝土生產與銷售 Manufacture and sale of cement



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45. 主要附屬公司(續)

45. PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

附屬公司名稱	註冊成立地點	已發行及繳足股本/ 註冊資本		≤公司持有所有 一零年 間接	主要業務		
Name of subsidiary	Place of incorporation	Issued and fully paid share capital/ registered capital	直接 間接 直接 間接 Proportion of the ownership interest held by the Company 2010 2009			1.024	Principal activities
			Directly	Indirectly	Directly	Indirectly	
廣西紅水河水泥股份有限公司 ²² Guangxi Hongshuihe Cement Joint Stock Company Limited ²²	中國內地 Chinese Mainland	人民幣305,256,700元 RMB305,256,700	-	79.4%	-	72.8%	持有一家聯營公司投資 Holding investment in an associate
河源華潤輝達混凝土有限公司 ⁽⁷⁾ Heyuan China Resources Huida Concrete Limited ⁽⁷⁾	中國內地 Chinese Mainland	24,000,000港元 HK\$24,000,000	-	100%	-	-	混凝土生產與銷售 Manufacture and sale of concrete
河源華潤鵬源混凝土有限公司 ⁽⁷⁾ Heyuan China Resources Pengyuan Concrete Limited ⁽⁷⁾	中國內地 Chinese Mainland	人民幣22,000,000元 RMB22,000,000	-	100%	-	100%	水泥生產與銷售 Manufacture and sale of concrete
惠州華潤建材有限公司 (前稱惠州環球建材 有限公司)の	中國內地	8,000,000美元	-	100%	-	-	混凝土生產與銷售
Huizhou China Resources Jiancai Limited (formerly known as	Chinese Mainland	US\$8,000,000					Manufacture and sale of concrete
Huizhou Universal Construction Material Co., Ltd.) ⁽¹⁾							
江門華潤混凝土睦洲有限公司(// Jiangmen China Resources Concrete Muzhou Limited (//	中國內地 Chinese Mainland	24,000,000港元 HK\$24,000,000	-	100%	-	-	混凝土生產與銷售 Manufacture and sale of concrete

附屬公司名稱	註冊成立地點	已發行及繳足股本/ 註冊資本		公司持有所有 ─零年 間接	權權益的比伯 二零零 直接		主要業務
Name of subsidiary	Place of incorporation	Issued and fully paid share capital/ registered capital		Proportion ownership held by the 110 Indirectly	n of the interest		Principal activities
ー 寧波北侖應氏環球建材有限公司 ^(/) Ningbo Beilun Ying's Universal Architecture Material Co., Ltd. ^(/)	中國內地 Chinese Mainland	7,200,000美元 US\$7,200,000	-	100%	-	-	混凝土生產與銷售 Manufacture and sale of concrete
寧波應氏環球建築材料有限公司 ^{(//} Ningbo Ying's Universal Building Material Co., Ltd. ^(//)	中國內地 Chinese Mainland	7,000,000美元 US\$7,000,000	-	100%	-	-	混凝土生產與銷售 Manufacture and sale of concrete
貴就發展有限公司 Profit Success Development Limited	香港 Hong Kong	10,000港元 HK \$ 10,000	-	100%	-	100%	物業持有 Property holding
品質管制顧問有限公司 Quality Control Consultants Limited	香港 Hong Kong	200,000港元 HK\$200,000	-	100%	-	100%	混凝土測試與諮詢服務 Concrete testing and consultancy services
中港煤灰有限公司 Redland Ash Limited	香港 Hong Kong	2港元 HK \$ 2	-	100%	-	100%	粉煤灰貿易 Trading of fly ash
中港水泥系列有限公司 Redland Cement Connections Limited	香港 Hong Kong	2港元 HK \$ 2	-	100%	-	100%	水泥貿易 Trading of cements
中港混凝土有限公司 Redland Concrete Limited	香港 Hong Kong	10港元 HK \$ 10	-	100%	-	100%	混凝土生產與銷售 Manufacture and sale of concrete
中港物料供應有限公司 Redland Construction Materials Limited	香港 Hong Kong	2港元 HK \$ 2	-	100%	-	100%	建築材料貿易 Trading of construction materials
中港沙漿有限公司 Redland Mortars Limited	香港 Hong Kong	2港元 HK \$ 2	-	100%	_	100%	沙漿貿易 Trading of mortars



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For the year ended 31 December 2010 截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度

45. 主要附屬公司(續)

45. PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

附屬公司名稱	註冊成立地點	已發行及繳足股本/ 註冊資本	二零	≤公司持有所有 一零年 	主要業務		
Name of subsidiary	Place of incorporation	Issued and fully paid share capital/ registered capital	直接 2(Directly	間接 Proportio ownership held by the 010 Indirectly	o interest	間接 09 Indirectly	Principal activities
中港噴漿有限公司	香港	2港元	Directly	100%	Directly	100%	
中心嗅察有限公司 Redland Shotcrete Limited	首心 Hong Kong	Z/密ル HK\$2	-	100 %	_	100%	噴浆貝勿 Trading of shotcrete
山西華潤福龍有限公司 (前稱山西福龍水泥有限公司)の	中國內地	90,000,000美元	-	72%	-	-	水泥生產與銷售
Shanxi China Resources Fulong Cement Limited (formerly known as Shanxi Fulong Cement Limited) ⁽⁷⁾	Chinese Mainland	US\$90,000,000					Manufacture and sale of cement
大盈利投資有限公司	香港	2港元	-	100%	_	100%	持有物業
Standard Wealth Investment Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$2					Property holding
註:		notes:					
(1) 該等公司在中國內地以 式成立。	外商獨資企業的方			nies were est n-owned ente		he Chinese	Mainland in the form of
(2) 該等公司在中國內地以式成立。	中外合資企業的方	(2) Th	ese compa		ablished in t		Mainland in the form of

本公司董事認為上表列出的本公司的附屬 公司,對本集團的業績、資產及負債有重 要影響。載列其他附屬公司的詳情會過於 冗長。

於本年度末,概無附屬公司已發行任何債 務證券。 In the opinion of the directors of the Company, the subsidiaries of the Company listed in the above table principally affected the results, assets and liabilities of the Group. To give details of other subsidiaries would result in particulars of excessive length.

None of subsidiaries had issued any debt securities at the end of the year.



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