

VANTAGE INTERNATIONAL (HOLDINGS) LIMITED 盈 信 控 股 有 限 公 司

Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability 於百慕達註冊成立之有限公司 Stock code 股份代號:15

2010/11 Annual Report 年度報告





CONTENTS

目錄

Corporate Information 公司資料	2
Five-Year Financial Summary 五年財務概要	5
Chairman's Statement 主席報告	6
Summary of Properties 物業概要	13
Summary of Significant Contracts on Hand 重大手頭合約概要	18
Management Discussion and Analysis 管理層討論及分析	22
Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management 董事及高級管理層履歷	28
Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告	36
Report of the Directors 董事會報告	42
Independent Auditors' Report 獨立核數師報告	56
Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income 綜合全面收入表	58
Consolidated Statement of Financial Position 綜合財務狀況表	59
Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity 綜合權益變動表	61
Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows 綜合現金流量表	62
Statement of Financial Position 財務狀況表	64
Notes to Financial Statements 財務報表附註	65



Registered office Clarendon House, 2 Church Street Hamilton HM 11, Bermuda

Head office and principal place of business No. 155 Waterloo Road, Kowloon Tong Kowloon, Hong Kong

Executive Directors

Mr. NGAI Chun Hung (Chairman)

Mr. YAU Kwok Fai

(Deputy Chairman and Chief Executive Officer)

Mr. LI Chi Pong

Mr. MAK Hon Kuen Peter

Non-executive Director

Mr. SHEK Yu Ming Joseph

Independent Non-executive Directors
Professor KO Jan Ming
The Hon. IP Kwok Him, GBS, JP
Mr. FUNG Pui Cheung, Eugene

註冊辦事處

Clarendon House, 2 Church Street Hamilton HM 11, Bermuda

總辦事處兼主要營業地點 香港九龍 九龍塘窩打老道155號

執行董事 魏振雄先生(主席) 游國輝先生 (副主席及行政總裁) 李治邦先生 麥漢權先生

非執行董事石雨明先生

獨立非執行董事 高贊明教授 葉國謙議員(金紫荊星章、太平紳士) 馮培漳先生

CORPORATE INFORMATION 公司資料

Audit Committee

Professor KO Jan Ming

The Hon. IP Kwok Him, GBS, JP

Mr. FUNG Pui Cheung, Eugene

Remuneration Committee

Professor KO Jan Ming

The Hon. IP Kwok Him, GBS, JP

Mr. FUNG Pui Cheung, Eugene

Mr. YAU Kwok Fai

Company Secretary

Ms. PANG Fung Ming

Bermuda principal share registrar and transfer office

The Bank of Bermuda Limited

Bank of Bermuda Building, 6 Front Street

Hamilton HM 11, Bermuda

Hong Kong branch share registrar and transfer office

Tricor Tengis Limited

26/F, Tesbury Centre,

28 Queen's Road East, Wanchai, Hong Kong

Auditors

Ernst & Young

Ordinary share listing

Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited

(stock code: 15)

Website

www.vantageholdings.com

審核委員會

高贊明教授

葉國謙議員(金紫荊星章、太平紳士)

馮培漳先生

薪酬委員會

高贊明教授

葉國謙議員(金紫荊星章、太平紳士)

馮培漳先生

游國輝先生

公司秘書

彭鳳鳴小姐

百慕達主要股份過戶登記處

The Bank of Bermuda Limited

Bank of Bermuda Building, 6 Front Street

Hamilton HM 11, Bermuda

香港股份過戶登記分處

卓佳登捷時有限公司

香港灣仔皇后大道東28號

金鐘匯中心26樓

核數師

安永會計師事務所

普通股上市

香港聯合交易所有限公司主板

(股票代號:15)

網址

www.vantageholdings.com

五年財務概要

FIVE-YEAR FINANCIAL SUMMARY





FIVE-YEAR FINANCIAL SUMMARY 五年財務概要

RESULTS

業績

Year ended 31 March 截至三月三十一日止年度

		2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
		二零一一年	二零一零年	二零零九年	二零零八年	二零零七年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
TURNOVER	營業額					
Contract revenue	合約收入	2,581,906	2,038,850	2,140,998	2,064,944	1,510,651
Property gross rental income	物業租金收入總額	18,551	15,943	11,687	13,314	18,545
		2,600,457	2,054,793	2,152,685	2,078,258	1,529,196
Contract costs	合約成本	(2,390,991)	(1,901,867)	(2,024,350)	(1,940,307)	(1,447,906)
Property expenses	物業開支	(1,085)	(894)	(1,561)	(1,283)	(1,441)
Gross profit	毛利	208,381	152,032	126,774	136,668	79,849
Other income and gains	其他收入及收益	181,179	129,601	16,387	40,609	36,322
Administrative and other expenses	行政及其他開支	(55,437)	(45,911)	(213,655)	(50,611)	(42,613)
Finance costs	財務費用	(5,617)	(7,319)	(18,808)	(33,160)	(30,504)
Share of profits and losses of	應佔共同控制實體					
jointly-controlled entities	之溢利及虧損	10,993	152	106	_	_
Income tax	税項	(55,163)	(36,386)	9,947	(17,408)	(5,914)
NET PROFIT/(LOSS)	溢利/(虧損)淨額	284,336	192,169	(79,249)	76,098	37,140

FINANCIAL POSITION 財務狀況

At 31 March 於三月三十一日

	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
	二零一一年	二零一零年	二零零九年	二零零八年	二零零七年
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	千港元	千港元	<i>千港元</i>	<i>千港元</i>	<i>千港元</i>
		(Restated)	(Restated)	(Restated)	(Restated)
		(經重列)	(經重列)	(經重列)	(經重列)
投資物業	859,674	692,226	471,892	613,104	412,810
物業、機器及設備	274,555	262,300	132,121	135,965	22,169
持有作發展之物業	251,806		127,000	115,500	115,586
於共同控制實體					
的投資	11,251	258	106	_	_
流動資產	663,771	667,769	678,182	700,160	650,613
負債	(1,162,742)	(1,012,289)	(991,236)	(1,070,212)	(892,601)
資產淨值	898,315	610,264	418,065	494,517	308,577
 已發行股本	37,419	37.187	37.182	37.132	23,519
储備	860,896	573,077	380,883	457,385	285,058
總權益	898,315	610,264	418,065	494,517	308,577
	物業、機器及設備持有信控制實體的投資流動債 資產 淨值 已储備	工零一一年	二零一年 HK\$'000 千港元 二零一零年 HK\$'000 千港元 (Restated) (經重列) 投資物業 物業、機器及設備 持有作發展之物業 於共同控制實體 的投資 流動資產 負債 859,674 274,555 262,300 251,806 - 692,226 262,300 - 放弃间控制實體 的投資 (1,1251 (1,162,742) 258 663,771 (1,012,289) 資產淨值 898,315 610,264 已發行股本 儲備 37,419 860,896 37,187 573,077	二零一一年	二零一一年



FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

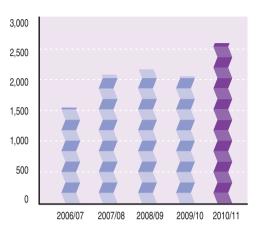
- Turnover increased to HK\$2,600 million by 26.6% from HK\$2,055 million for the previous year
- Net profit increased notably by 48.0% to HK\$284 million from HK\$192 million for the previous year
- Basic earnings per share increased to HK19.0 cents by 47.3% from HK12.9 cents for the previous year

財務摘要

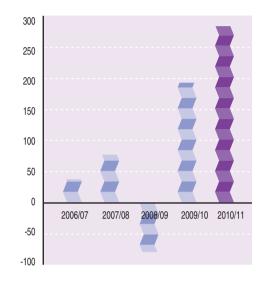
- 營業額為26.00億港元,較去年度的20.55億 港元增加26.6%
- 溢利淨額為2.84億港元,較去年度的1.92億 港元顯著增加48.0%
- 每股基本盈利為19.0港仙,較去年度的12.9 港仙增加47.3%

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT 主席報告

Turnover (HK\$ million) 營業額 (百萬港元)



Profit (loss) (HK\$ million) 盈利(虧損)(百萬港元)



PERFORMANCE

During the year under review, Hong Kong has seen a buoyant economy underlined by soaring property prices and rising consumer prices. Amid these robust market conditions, I am pleased to report that the Group has posted a net profit attributable to shareholders of HK\$284,336,000 for the year under review, increased by 48% from HK\$192,169,000 for the previous year. Our contract works segment has maintained a strong growth and continued to report sound performance. With the climbing values of Hong Kong's properties, our properties segment has also recorded satisfactory results.

Basic earnings per share was HK19.0 cents for the year under review, increased by 47.3% from HK12.9 cents for the previous year.

The Board does not recommend the payment of a final dividend (2010: Nil).

業績表現

於回顧年內,在樓價飆升及物價高漲下,香港的經濟一片繁盛。在此蓬勃的市場環境中,本人欣然報告本集團錄得股東應佔溢利淨額284,336,000港元,較去年之192,169,000港元上升48%。本集團之工程分部繼續錄得強勁的增長及穩健的業績。隨著香港物業價格之攀升,本集團物業分部亦錄得令人滿意的業績。

於回顧年度內,每股基本盈利為19.0港仙,較去年之12.9港仙上升47.3%。

董事會不建議派發末期股息(二零一零年:無)。

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT 主席報告

BUSINESS REVIEW

Contract Works – Construction, Maintenance and Engineering Contracts

Turnover from our contract works segment increased remarkably by 26.6% to HK\$2,582 million for the year under review from HK\$2,039 million for the previous year. In addition, our contract works segment's gross profit margin has continued to make improvement and increased to 7.4% for the year under review from 6.7% for the previous year. These encouraging results have reflected our management's efforts in keeping up our quality of works whilst containing costs against inflation.

During the year under review, we satisfactorily completed a number of significant contracts including, among others, the construction of a swimming pool complex in Tung Chung and the term contracts for the conversion of aqua privies into flushing toilets for the Architectural Services Department ("ASD") and the term contract for civil engineering works for PCCW.

We are glad that our works are well regarded by the Water Supplies Department ("WSD") and, in addition to two contracts under stage 3 for Wanchai District and Hong Kong Island East, we have further obtained from WSD a new contract for the replacement and rehabilitation of water mains, stage 4, phase 1 – mains in West Kowloon, Kwai Tsing and Tsuen Wan with a contract sum of HK\$616 million.

To sustain our profitability and growth, we seek to expand the scope of our contract works and grasp every opportunity to bid for different types of works. Recently, we have secured from ASD a term contract for the maintenance of slopes in the areas of Kowloon and Lantau Islands with a contract value of approximately HK\$108 million, which is of a new nature from the term contracts for minor works or maintenance and repair of buildings we have previously been working on. Furthermore, we have secured a new contract for the provision of integrated field work for field services of telephone and broadband installation in Wanchai and Southern District for PCCW with a contract sum of approximately HK\$72 million.

Meanwhile, our contracts on hand are all progressing smoothly and on schedule. At 31 March 2011, the gross and outstanding values of the Group's substantial contracts on hand amounted to approximately HK\$6,321 million and HK\$3,636 million respectively.

業務回顧 工程-建築、保養及工程合約

本集團來自工程分部之營業額由去年之2,039,000,000港元顯著上升26.6%至2,582,000,000港元。同時,本集團之工程分部之毛利率持續改善,由去年之6.7%上升至回顧年度之7.4%,這些令人鼓舞的業績在在反映管理層於維持工程質素及面對通貨膨脹仍能控制成本方面所作出之努力。

於回顧年度內,本集團完成多項工程,其中包括 為建築署於東涌興建游泳池綜合場館及鄉村旱廁 改建為沖水式廁所的定期合約,以及一份電訊盈 科的土木工程定期合約。

本集團之工程深受水務署高度評價,除兩份有關 灣仔區及港島東第三階段之合約外,本集團進一 步獲水務署批出總值616,000,000港元之更換及修 復水管工程第四階段第一期-西九龍、葵青及荃 灣水管工程。

為了維持盈利及增長,本集團致力拓展工程業務之範圍,並爭取不同類型工程之投標機會。最近,本集團獲建築署批出一份總值約108,000,000港元斜坡的保養工程定期合約(合約指定區一九龍及大嶼山),這份新合約有別於本集團以往承接之樓宇小型工程或保養及維修工程。此外,本集團並取得一份總值約72,000,000港元之新合約,向電訊盈科提供灣仔及南區之綜合網絡鋪設及客户電話、寬頻安裝服務。

與此同時,本集團之手頭合約均順利地並按時進行。於二零一一年三月三十一日,本集團之重大手頭合約總值及未完成合約價值分別為6,321,000,000港元及3,636,000,000港元。

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT 主席報告

Property Investment and Development

Our investment properties were valued at an aggregate value of HK\$859,674,000 as of 31 March 2011 by independent professional valuers.

As a result of the annual revaluation, we posted an aggregate gain of HK\$160,001,000 on changes in fair value of investment properties.

The projects for the redevelopment of the sites at Nos. 92A-C Pokfulam Road, Hong Kong into residences and Nos. 123-127 Tung Choi Street, Kowloon into a hotel are progressing as scheduled.

In January 2011, we completed the acquisition of 27 units in a block of building at No. 1 and 1A, Wood Road, Wanchai for an aggregate consideration of HK\$241,664,000. These 27 units comprise approximately 84.4% of the undivided shares in the building and are currently held for investment purposes. Depending on market conditions, we may acquire the remaining units in the building for redevelopment purposes in future. As the building is located in the prime Wanchai district on Hong Kong Island, the acquisition was an exceptional opportunity that enabled the Group to enlarge and strengthen its property portfolio with high quality assets.

To better tap its potential, we have decided to redevelop the site at No. 9 Belfran Road, Ho Man Tin, Kowloon and has submitted the relevant application with the Buildings Department, now pending its reply.

物業投資及發展

於二零一一年三月三十一日,本集團之投資物 業經獨立專業估值師評估,總值達859,674,000港 元。

經年度重估後,本集團錄得有關投資物業公平值 變動之收益合共160,001,000港元。

位於香港薄扶林道92A至92C號之重建住宅項目及九龍旺角通菜街123-127號之重建酒店項目如期進行。

於二零一年一月,本集團以合共241,664,000港元之代價,完成收購位於灣仔活道1號及1A號一幢大廈之27個單位。此27個單位合共佔該大廈不可分割業權之84.4%。本集團現時持有此等單位作投資用途。視乎市況,本集團可能於未來收購該大廈餘下單位作重新發展。由於該大廈位於香港島優越的灣仔地區,我們認為這是一個難得的機會讓本集團以高質量之資產擴大及加強物業組合。

為取得較高利益,本集團決定重新發展九龍何文 田巴芬道9號之地盤,並已向屋宇處提交有關申 請,正等候回覆。

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT 主席報告

PROSPECT

Recent economic figures reveal the economy in Hong Kong has remained buoyant and property prices, especially in the residential and retail shop sectors, have continued to soar. In addition, unemployment rates have sustained a declining trend from 2010 and towards the first quarter of 2011. Against this backdrop of a booming economy of Hong Kong, management is vigilant of increasing risks of a property market bubble, rising wages and inflation. Therefore, management will keep up the prudent approach in project management and cost control.

On the other hand, the Group has made strides into expanding to the property markets in Mainland China by entering into a sale and purchase agreement ("S&P Agreement") on 26 August 2010, with the aim of acquiring a property located in Tianjin. The relevant property is a 31-storey complex, consisting of shopping arcade, commercial and residential units, which is under construction on a parcel of land located in the Binhai New Area, Tianjin. Upon completion of the construction, the complex is expected to have a total gross floor area of approximately 76,839 square meters. It is estimated that the construction will be completed before the end of 2012. Tianjin Municipal is one of the major cities in Mainland China. In particular, the Binhai New Area is the focal developing area in Tainjin with an immense potential for economic growth. The Outline of the 11th Five-Year Plan for the Development of National Economy and Society in the People's Republic of China approved in 2006 has indicated that the development of Tianjin Binhai New Area is part of the overall national development strategy of China. This important decision will surely provide great momentum and favorable conditions to boost the development of Tianjin. Therefore, we consider the transactions contemplated under the S&P Agreement will provide a good opportunity for the Group to expand its property development and investment horizon to Mainland China.

前景

近期之經濟數據顯示香港之經濟保持蓬勃,物業價格(尤以住宅及零售商舗為甚)不斷飆升。此外,自二零一零年起並朝向二零一一年第一季,失業率持續下滑。面對香港一片景氣,管理層對樓市泡沫、工資上漲及通貨膨脹之風險保持警覺。因此,管理層將會在工程管理及成本控制方面貫徹謹慎的做法。

另方面,本集團向擴展至中國內地物業市場邁進 一步,於二零一零年八月二十六日簽訂一份買賣 協議(「該買賣協議」),目的為收購一個位於天 津之物業。有關物業為一幢位於天津市濱海新區 內一幅地皮上興建中共31層,包括商場、商業及 住宅單位之綜合樓宇。樓宇落成後,預計建築面 積合共76,839平方米。預計建築工程於二零一二 年底前完成。天津直轄市為中國內地主要城市之 一。其中,濱海新區為重點發展中區域,具有巨 大經濟增長之潛力。根據第十一個五年計劃及二 零零六年第十屆全國人大批准之政府工作報告, 中國中央政府將促進天津濱海新區之發展及建設 以帶動地區經濟增長。這項重要的決策肯定會為 天津之發展提供強大之動力和優勢。因此,我們 認為該買賣協議擬進行之交易將為本集團擴展物 業發展及投資領域至中國內地帶來良好機會。

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT 主席報告

APPRECIATION

On behalf of the Directors, I would like to extend our gratitude and sincere appreciation to all management and staff members of the Group for their hard work and dedication and all the shareholders of the Company for their support.

On behalf of the Board

Ngai Chun Hung

Chairman

Hong Kong, 25 June 2011

鳴謝

本人謹代表董事會對本集團全體管理人員及員工 作出的努力與貢獻及本公司全體股東的支持致以 萬分謝意。

承董事會命

魏振雄

主席

香港,二零一一年六月二十五日



物業與重大手頭合約概要

SUMMARY OF PROPERTIES & SIGNIFICANT CONTRACTS ON HAND



37號B花園套房及A平台78號泊車位

物業概要

	Address 地址	Use 用途	Tenure 年期	Percentage held by the Group 本集團持有 百分比
АТ	OPERTIES HELD BY THE GROUP `31 MARCH 2011 集團於二零一一年三月三十一日持有之物業			
I.	Properties in Hong Kong 於香港之物業			
1.	Shop Nos. G29A2, G28, G65, G64A and G64B, G27A and G27B, G26A and G26B on Ground Floor of Portion B, Argyle Centre, Phase 1, No. 688 Nathan Road, No. 65 Argyle Street, Mongkok, Kowloon 九龍旺角彌敦道688號,亞皆老街65號, 旺角中心一期B段地下G29A2、G28、G65、G64A、G64B、G27A、G27B、G26A及G26B號舖	Shops 商舗	Medium term lease 中期租約	100%
2.	Shop Nos. 5 and 6 and Storeroom 3, 1st Floor, Fou Wah Centre, No. 210 Castle Peak Road, Tsuen Wan, New Territories 新界荃灣青山道210號富華中心 1樓5及6號舖及3號貯物室	Shops 商舗	Medium term lease 中期租約	100%
3.	No. 155 Waterloo Road, Kowloon Tong, Kowloon, Hong Kong 香港九龍九龍塘窩打老道155號	Office 辦公室	Medium term lease 中期租約	100%
4.	No. 157 Waterloo Road, Kowloon Tong, Kowloon, Hong Kong 香港九龍九龍塘窩打老道157號	Office 辦公室	Medium term lease 中期租約	100%
5.	Garden Suite No. 37B of House 37 and Car Parking Space No. 78 on Platform A of Forest Hill, No. 31 Lo Fai Road, Tai Po, New Territories 新界大埔露輝路31號倚龍山莊37座	Residential 住宅	Medium term lease 中期租約	100%



Percentage held

SUMMARY OF PROPERTIES

物業概要

	Address	Use	Tenure	by the Group 本集團持有
	地址	用途	年期	百分比
AT	OPERTIES HELD BY THE GROUP 31 MARCH 2011 (continued) 集團於二零一一年三月三十一日持有之物業(續)			
I.	Properties in Hong Kong (continued) 於香港之物業(續)			
6.	Flat E, 17th Floor, Tower 2, The Greenwood (Phase 1), Laguna Verde, No. 8 Laguna Verde Avenue, Hung Hom, Kowloon 九龍紅磡海逸道8號海逸豪園 綠庭軒 (第1期)第2座17樓E室	Residential 住宅	Medium term lease 中期租約	100%
7.	Car Parking Space Nos. 54 and 56 on Ground Floor, Oxford Court, Nos. 24-26 Braemar Hill Road, North Point, Hong Kong 香港北角寶馬山道24-26號豐林閣地下54號 及56號泊車位	Car park 泊車位	Long term lease 長期租約	100%
8.	Unit B including carport(s) and garden, Riverain Bayside, No. 3985 Tai Po Road Yuen Chau Tsai, Tai Po, New Territories 新界大埔大埔公路元洲仔段3985號御泓居B單位連車位及花園	Residential 住宅	Medium term lease 中期租約	100%
9.	No. 3987 Tai Po Road Yuen Chau Tsai, Tai Po, New Territories 新界大埔大埔公路元洲仔段3987號	Residential 住宅	Medium term lease 中期租約	100%
10.	No. 9 Belfran Road, Ho Man Tin, Kowloon 九龍何文田巴芬道9號	Residential 住宅	Long term lease 長期租約	100%



物業概要

Percentage held
Address
Use Tenure by the Group
本集團持有
地址 用途 年期 百分比

Residential

住宅

PROPERTIES HELD BY THE GROUP AT 31 MARCH 2011 (continued) 本集團於二零一一年三月三十一日持有之物業(續)

 Properties in Hong Kong (continued) 於香港之物業(續)

11. Front Portions on G/F to 6/F and 7/F and Roof of No. 1 Wood Road:

Rear Portions on G/F to 4/F and 7/F and Roof of

No. 1 Wood Road;

Front Portions on 1/F to 5/F and 7/F including the Roof of

No. 1A, Wood Road and

Rear Portions on 1/F to 6/F and 7/F including the Roof of

No. 1A, Wood Road, Hong Kong

香港灣仔活道1號前座地下至6樓及7樓及天台;

活道1號後座地下至4樓及7樓及天台;

活道1號A前座1樓至5樓及7樓連天台及

活道1號A後座1樓至6樓及7樓連天台

II. Property in the People's Republic of China 於中華人民共和國之物業

Block M-K39, Sunshine Holiday Villas
 Yingchengzi Village, Badaling Town, Yangqing Country,
 Beijing, People's Republic of China
 中華人民共和國北京延慶縣
 八達嶺鎮營城子村陽光假日別墅M-K39座

Residential N/A* 100% 住宅 不適用*

Long term lease

長期租約

100%

- * The real estate title certificate has yet to be obtained
- * 仍有待取得房產證

物業概要

Percentage held Address Use Tenure by the Group 本集團持有 地址 用途 年期 百分比

PROPERTIES HELD BY THE GROUP AT 31 MARCH 2011 (continued) 本集團於二零一一年三月三十一日持有之物業(續)

III. Properties under development in Hong Kong 於香港之發展中物業

Nos. 123, 125, 127 Tung Choi Street,

Hotel Long term lease

酒店 長期租約 100%

Mongkok, Kowloon

(The Remaining Portion of Kowloon Inland Lot Nos.

1702, 1703 and 1704)

Total gross floor area: 2,240 square meter Stage of development: Plan for development as

a hotel approved by Town Planning Development; demolition work completed; piling work in progress.

Expected completion date: 2012 九龍旺角通菜街123、125及127號

(九龍內地段第1702、1703及1704號餘段) 總建築面積: 2,240平方米

發展階段: 建議用途規劃已獲城市

> 規劃委員會批准;拆卸 工程完成; 打椿工程正

在進行

預計竣工日期: 二零一二年



物業概要

Percentage held Address Use Tenure by the Group 本集團持有 地址 用途 年期 百分比

PROPERTIES HELD BY THE GROUP AT 31 MARCH 2011 (continued)

本集團於二零一一年三月三十一日持有之物業(續)

III. Properties under development in Hong Kong (continued) 於香港之發展中物業(續)

2. Nos. 92A-C, Pokfulam Road, Hong Kong Residential 100% Medium term

(Inland Lot No. 7551) 住宅

Total gross floor area: 1,877.83 square meter 中期租約

Stage of development: Modification of lease approved by District Lands Office; demolition work

completed; site preparation

work in hand.

Expected completion date: 2012

香港薄扶林道92A至92C號

(內地段第7551號)

總建築面積: 1,877.83平方米

發展階段: 土地租約之修改已取得地政處

> 之批准;拆卸工程完成; 地盤整理工程正在進行中

二零一二年 預計竣工日期:

lease



At 31 March 2011, the gross and outstanding values of the Group's substantial contracts on hand amounted to approximately HK\$6,321 million and HK\$3,636 million respectively. Details of these substantial contracts are set out below:

於二零一一年三月三十一日,本集團之重大 手頭合約總值及未完成合約價值分別約為 6,321,000,000港元及3,636,000,000港元。此等重 大手頭合約之詳細資料載列如下:

Projects 項目	Contract value 合約價值 HK\$ million 百萬港元
Building Construction 樓宇建築	
Main Contract for the Proposed Rehabilitation of Yue Kwong Chuen Phase 1 at 26 Aberdeen Reservoir Road, Aberdeen 香港仔水塘道26號漁光村第一期修復工程	103
Supply & Installation of Primary Structure and Provision of Attendance for Construction of Guan Yin Statue, Tsz Shan Monastery Development at Ting Kok, Tai Po 為於大埔汀角的慈山寺發展計劃建造觀音像供應及安裝主結構及提供配套設施	52
Design and Construction of a General Outpatient Clinic and an Integrated Community Mental Health Support Services Centre and a Long Stay Care Home in Tin Shui Wai Area 109 天水園109區普通科門診診所及精神病康復者綜合社區支援服務中心暨長期護理院興建工程	320
Conversion of Yau Ma Tei Theatre and Red Brick Building into a Xiqu Activity Centre 改建油麻地戲院及紅磚屋成為戲曲活動中心	113
Carcass Work Contract for Proposed Residential Development at Ma On Shan Area 77, S.T.T.L. No. 548, New Territories 馬鞍山77區住宅發展項目之主體建築興建工程	545
Construction of District Open Space in Area 37, Tseung Kwan O and Local Open Space in Area 25, Fanling/Sheung Shui 將軍澳第37區地區休憩用地及粉嶺/上水第25區鄰舍休憩用地之興建工程	137
Construction of a Secondary Boundary Fence and New Section of Primary Boundary Fence and Boundary Patrol Road from Lok Ma Chau Control Point to Ng Tung River 輔助邊界圍網及主圍網和邊界巡邏通路新段(由落馬洲管制站至梧桐河)建造工程	179
Construction of Columbarium and Garden of Remembrance at Kiu Tau Road, Wo Hop Shek, Fanling, New Territories 新界粉嶺和合石橋頭路骨灰靈灰安置所和紀念花園興建工程	428



Projects 項目	Contract value 合約價值 HK\$ million 百萬港元
Building Construction (Continued) 樓宇建築(續)	
Design and Construction of North Lantau Hospital, Phase 1 (note) 設計及興建北大嶼山醫院第一期(註)	833
Proposed Redevelopment of Yuen Long Sports Complex 重建元朗運動場館	70
Construction of a Special School for the Physically Disabled in Area 16, Tuen Mun於屯門第16區興建一所傷殘人士特殊學校	221
Construction of an Integrated Teaching Building, CUHK 於中文大學興建一所綜合教學大樓	152
Main Contract for Proposed Temporary Market at T.K.O.T.L. No. 70 at No. 1 Lohas Park Road, Tseung Kwan O, N.T. 於新界將軍澳市地段第70號康城路1號興建臨時市場	27
Note: Project with a contract sum of HK\$1,700 million being undertaken by 註: 由禮頓-安保聯	營承建之項目,合約總值17億港

Leighton-Able Joint Venture, an unincorporated company in which

49% is attributable to the Group.

元,本集團於禮頓-安保聯營佔49%權益。



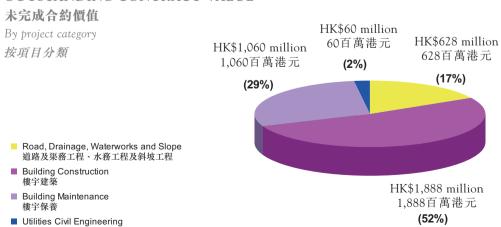
Projects 項目	Contract value 合約價值 HK\$ million 百萬港元
Building Maintenance	
樓字保養 Term Contract for Design and Construction of Alterations, Additions and Improvement Works for Hospitals 設計及興建醫院之改建、加建及改善工程之定期合約	375
Term Contract for the Alterations, Additions, Maintenance and Repair of Buildings and Lands and Other Properties for which the Architectural Services Department is Responsible (Designated Area: Kwun Tong, Mongkok and Yaumatei) (2008-2011) 改建、加建、保養及維修建築署負責之樓字、土地及其他物業之定期合約 (指定地區:觀塘、旺角及油麻地)(二零零八年至二零一一年)	328
Term Contract for the Alterations, Additions, Maintenance & Repair of Buildings and Lands and Other Properties for which the Architectural Services Department is Responsible (Designated Area: Sham Shui Po, Tsuen Wan & Kwai Tsing) (2008-2011) 改建、加建、保養及維修建築署負責之樓字、土地及其他物業之定期合約 (指定地區:深水埗、荃灣及葵青)(二零零八年至二零一一年)	408
Term Contract for the Alterations, Additions, Maintenance and Repair of Aided Schools, Buildings and Lands and Other Properties for which the Education Bureau is Responsible 改建、加建、保養及維修教育局負責之資助學校、樓宇、土地及其他物業之定期合約	331
Hospital Authority Term Contract for Minor Works 2011 for Kowloon East and Kowloon Central Clusters	130
醫院管理局九龍東及九龍中聯網小型工程之定期合約(二零一一年)	
Term Contract for the Design and Construction of Minor Works to Government and	258
Subvented Properties for which the Architectural Services Department is Responsible (Designated Contract Area: Hong Kong Island, Lantau Island and Outlying Islands (South)) 設計及興建建築署負責之樓宇、土地及其他物業之小型工程定期合約 (指定地區:香港島、大嶼山及離島南)	
Main Contract for Upgrading of Electricity Supply to Lok Man Sun Chuen 樂民新邨提升電力供應合約	76
Road and Drainage Works, Waterworks and Slope Works 道路及渠務工程、水務工程及斜坡工程	
Replacement and Rehabilitation of Water Mains, Stage 2 – Mains in Tsuen Wan 更換及修復水管計劃第2階段-荃灣水管工程	45
Improvement to Hong Kong Central Mid-level and High Level Areas Water Supply - Remaining Works, Construction of Service Reservoirs, Pumping Stations and Associated Main Laying 港島中區半山及以上地區供水改善計劃-餘下工程-興建配水庫和抽水站及相關水管敷設	334
69~6190020600000000000000000000000000000000	



Projects 項目	Contract value 合約價值 HK\$ million 百萬港元
Road and Drainage Works, Waterworks and Slope Works (Continued) 道路及渠務工程、水務工程及斜坡工程(續) Replacement and Rehabilitation of Water Mains Stage 3 - Mains in Wanchai District 更換及修復水管計劃第3階段—灣仔區水管工程	348
Replacement and Rehabilitation of Water Mains Stage 3 – Mains on Hong Kong Island East 更換及修復水管計劃第3階段-港島東水管工程	362
Provision of External Cable Construction Works and Outside Telecommunication Plant Maintenance Services for PCCW 向電訊盈科提供戶外電纜建設及維修保養	70
I.L. 9018(H15) Lee Tung Street/McGregor Street, Wanchai, Hong Kong – Road Works 香港灣仔利東街/麥加力歌街I.L. 9018(H15)地段重建之道路改善工程	12
Proposed Slope Remedial Works at No. 50 Tai Hang Road, Hong Kong 香港大坑道50號斜坡修葺工程	4
Utilities Civil Engineering 公共土木工程 Civil Engineering Works Term Contract No. CWT E31 for PCCW 電訊盈科土木工程定期合約編號CWT E31	60

OUTSTANDING CONTRACT VALUE

公共土木工程





REVIEW OF OPERATIONS

Our construction and engineering works are principally carried out by the Company's major subsidiaries, Able Engineering Company Limited ("Able"), Excel Engineering Company Limited ("Excel") and Gadelly Construction Company Limited ("Gadelly").

Able Engineering Company Limited

Substantial contracts completed by Able during the year under review included:

- Redecoration Works in Lower Wong Tai Sin (II) Estate
- Replumbing of the Fresh Water Supply System to Lek Yuen Estate
- Construction of Swimming Pool Complex in Area 2, Tung Chung
- Term Contract for Conversion of Aqua Privies into Flushing Toilets for which the Architectural Services Department is Responsible

業務回顧

本集團的建築及工程合約主要由本公司之附屬公司安保工程有限公司(「安保」)、怡益工程有限公司(「怡益」)及加德利建築有限公司(「加德利」)推行。

安保工程有限公司

於回顧年度內,安保完成之重大合約包括:

- ▶ 黄大仙下邨(二區)的重新粉飾工程
- 瀝源邨之食水供應系統更換工程
- 於東涌第二區興建游泳池綜合場館
- 建築署負責之鄉村旱廁改建為沖水式廁所之 定期合約

During the year under review, Able was awarded the following substantial contract with an aggregate contract value of approximately HK\$858 million:

於回顧年度內,安保取得下列重大合約,工程總值約858,000,000港元:

- Proposed Redevelopment of Yuen Long Sports Complex
- Construction of a Special School for the Physically Disabled in Area 16, Tuen Mun
- Construction of an Integrated Teaching Building, CUHK
- Main Contract for Proposed Temporary Market at T.K.O.T.L. No. 70 at No. 1 Lohas Park Road, Tseung Kwan O
- Hospital Authority Term Contract for Minor Works 2011 for Kowloon East and Kowloon Central Clusters
- Term Contract for the Design and Construction of Minor Works to Government and Subvented Properties for which the Architectural Services Department is Responsible (Designated Area: Hong Kong Island, Lantau Island and Outlying Island (South))

Subsequent to the financial reporting date and up to the date of this report, Able was awarded several contracts including the Term Contract for the Maintenance of Slopes for which the Architectural Services Department (Property Services Bureau) is Responsible for the Government of the HKSAR (Designated Area: Kowloon and Lantau Island) with a contract sum of approximately HK\$108 million.

- 重建元朗運動場館
- 於屯門第16區興建一所傷殘人士特殊學校
- 於中文大學興建綜合教學大樓
- 於新界將軍澳市地段第70號康城路1號興建 臨時市場
- 醫院管理局九龍東及九龍中聯網小型工程之 定期合約(二零一一年)
- 設計及興建建築署負責之樓字、土地及其他物業之小型工程定期合約(指定地區:香港島、大嶼山及離島南)

於財務報告日後及截至本報告日期,安保取得數份工程合約,其中包括由建築署批出為建築署物業事務處負責的斜坡的保養工程定期合約(合約指定區-九龍及大嶼山),合約價值約108,000,000港元。

Excel Engineering Company Limited and Gadelly Construction Company Limited Substantial contracts completed by Excel and Gadelly during the year under review included:

 Road, Utilities & External Works in Lamma Power Station and Its Extension and Miscellaneous Improvement Works

- Replacement and Rehabilitation of Water Mains Stage 4,
 Mains in Kowloon Condition Survey of Water Mains
- Civil Engineering Works Term Contract No. CWT E/30/2008 for PCCW

During year under review, Excel was awarded the following substantial contracts with an aggregate contract value of approximately HK\$76 million:

- I.L. 9018(H15) Lee Tung Street/McGregor Street, Wanchai, Hong Kong – Road Works
- Proposed Slope Remedial Works at No. 50 Tai Hang Road, Hong Kong
- Civil Engineering Works Term Contract No. CWT E31 for PCCW

Subsequent to the financial reporting date and up to the date of this report, Excel was awarded the following substantial contracts with an aggregate contract sum of approximately HK\$688 million:

- Replacement and Rehabilitation of Water Mains, Stage 4
 Phase 1 Mains in West Kowloon, Kwai Tsing and Tsuen
 Wan
- Provision of Integrated Field Work for Field Services of Telephone and Broadband Installation (Phase II) for PCCW – Wanchai and Southern District

怡益工程有限公司及加德利建築有限公司

於回顧年度內,恰益及加德利完成之重大合約包括:

- 南丫發電廠及其擴建部份的道路、改善設施 及外圍工程
- 更換及修復水管工程第4階段-九龍水管工程-水管狀況勘察
- 電訊盈科土木工程定期合約編號CWT E/30/2008

於回顧年度內,恰益取得下列重大合約,工程總值約76,000,000港元:

- 香港灣仔利東街/麥加力歌街I.L.
 9018(H15)地段重建之道路改善工程
- 香港大坑道50號斜坡修葺工程
- 電訊盈科土木工程定期合約編號CWT E31

於財務報告日後及截至本報告日期,恰益取得下列重大合約,工程總值約688,000,000港元:

- 更換及修復水管計劃第4階段第1期-西九 龍、葵青及荃灣水管工程
- 向電訊盈科提供綜合網絡鋪設及客户電話、 寬頻安裝服務(第二期)-灣仔及南區

Property investment

For the year under review, the Group recorded a gross rental income of HK\$18,551,000, up 16% from HK\$15,943,000 for the previous year. The increase was primarily in line with the general rising property market conditions in Hong Kong.

In January 2011, the Group completed the acquisition of 27 units in a block of building at No. 1 and 1A, Wood Road, Wanchai for an aggregate consideration of HK\$241,664,000 (which included cash of HK\$28,834,000 paid and capital obligations of HK\$212,830,000 taken up). These properties are currently held for investment purposes. This acquisition constituted a discloseable transaction of the Company and details of this transaction are disclosed in the Company's announcement dated 25 January 2011.

FINANCIAL REVIEW

Liquidity and Financial Resources

At 31 March 2011, the Group's cash and bank balances amounted to HK\$283,886,000 (excluding pledged deposits of HK\$1,075,000), representing an increase by 35.8% from 2010 of HK\$209,022,000 (excluding pledged deposits of HK\$1,075,000).

Due to the change in accounting policy upon the adoption of HK Interpretation 5 Presentation of Financial Statements – Classification by the Borrower of a Term Loan that Contains a Repayment on Demand Clause, the Group reclassified certain term loans with a repayment on demand clause entirely as a current liability instead of classifying separately into current and non-current liabilities based on the loan's maturity dates of repayment. As a result, the Group reported net current liabilities of HK\$29,867,000 as of 31 March 2011 (2010 as restated: HK\$313,888,000). Nevertheless, assuming the Group had continued to classify those term loans based on the maturity dates of repayment, the Group would have reported net current assets of HK\$54,084,000 and a positive current ratio of 1.1 as of 31 March 2011. Current ratio is measured as total current assets divided by total current liabilities.

物業投資

於回顧年度內,本集團錄得總租金收入 18,551,000港元,較去年之15,943,000港元上升 16%。總租金收入上升大致與香港物業市場普遍 向上情況一致。

於二零一一年一月,本集團以合共241,664,000港元之代價(其中包括支付現金28,834,000港元及承擔212,830,000港元之資本責任),完成收購位於灣仔活道1號及1A號一幢大廈之27個單位。本集團現時持有此等單位作投資用途。此收購構成本公司之須予披露交易,詳情載於本公司日期為二零一一年一月二十五日之公告。

財務回顧

流動資金及財務資源

於二零一一年三月三十一日,本集團之現金及現金等值物達283,886,000港元(不包括已抵押之存款1,075,000港元),較二零一零年之209,022,000港元(不包括已抵押之存款1,075,000港元)增加35.8%。

由於會計政策之改變,於採用香港詮釋第5號「財務報表之呈列一借款人對包含隨時要求償還條文之定期貸款之分類」時,本集團已重新將包含隨時要求償還條文之定期貸款全數分類為流動負債,而不是按還款到期日分別分類為流動及非流動負債。因此,本集團於二零一一年三月三十一日錄得流動負債淨值29,867,000港元(二零一零年重列:313,888,000港元)。然而,假設本集團繼續按還款到期日分類該等定期貸款,本集團於二零一一年三月三十一日則會錄得流動資產淨值54,084,000港元及流動比率正數1.1。流動比率以總流動資產除以總流動負債計算。

Meanwhile, bank loans at 31 March 2011 increased by 11% to approximately HK\$641,326,000, as compared to 2010 of HK\$576,877,000. The increase was primarily caused by the new mortgage loan obtained to finance the acquisition of the properties at Wood Road, Wanchai. At 31 March 2011, the Group's net gearing has further reduced to 40%, as compared to 60% for 2010. Net gearing ratio was measured as total bank borrowings less pledged deposits and cash and cash equivalents, divided by total shareholders' equity.

At 31 March 2011 and 2010, the Group's bank borrowings were primarily denominated in Hong Kong dollars and on a floating rate basis. Due to the general decrease in market rates, interest paid and payable (before capitalisation) for the year under review decreased by 9% to HK\$8,472,000 for the year under review (2010: HK\$9,356,000). Interest of HK\$2,855,000 was capitalised and included in the carrying amount of properties under development during the year under review (2010: HK\$2,037,000). As a result, interest expense for the year under review was HK\$5,617,000, down 23% from HK\$7,319,000 for the previous year.

Our banking facilities, comprising primarily bank loans and overdrafts, amounted to approximately HK\$1,333 million at 31 March 2011 (2010: HK\$1,289 million), of which approximately HK\$603 million (2010: HK\$687 million) was unutilised.

Charges on Assets

At 31 March 2011, bank balance and fixed deposits of HK\$1,075,000 (2010: HK\$1,075,000), investment properties with an aggregate carrying value of HK\$849,850,000 (2010: HK\$689,250,000), land and buildings and hotel under construction with net carrying amounts of HK\$118,204,000 (2010: HK\$121,477,000) and HK\$148,762,000 (2010: HK\$132,719,000) respectively, properties held for development of HK\$251,806,000 (2010: Nil) and property held for sale of HK\$41,166,000 (2010: HK\$40,833,000) were pledged in favour of certain banks to secure the banking facilities granted by those banks to the Group. In addition, accounts receivable of certain construction contracts of the Group were assigned in favour of certain banks to secure the banking facilities at 31 March 2011.

與此同時,於二零一一年三月三十一日,銀行貸款增加11%至約641,326,000港元,二零一零年則為576,877,000港元。增加之主要原因乃因收購灣仔活道之物業而取得之新按揭貸款。於二零一一年三月三十一日,本集團之淨資本負債比率(以銀行借款總額減已抵押存款及現金及現金等值物,除以總股東權益計算)進一步由二零一零年之60%減少至40%。

於二零一一及二零一零年三月三十一日,本集團的銀行借款主要以港元計價,並按浮動利率計算利息。由於市場利率普遍降低,回顧年度內未計算資本化前的利息開支減少9%至8,472,000港元(二零一零年:9,356,000港元)。於回顧年度內,利息2,855,000港元(二零一零年:2,037,000港元)已資本化而包括在發展中物業之賬面值內。因此,回顧年度內的利息支出為5,617,000港元,較去年7,319,000港元減少23%。

於二零一一年三月三十一日,本集團之銀行信貸額(主要包括銀行貸款及透支)總額合共約1,333,000,000港元(二零一零年:1,289,000,000港元),其中約603,000,000港元(二零一零年:687,000,000港元)尚未動用。

資產抵押

於二零一一年三月三十一日,銀行結餘與定期存款1,075,000港元 (二零一零年:1,075,000港元)、賬面總值849,850,0000港元 (二零一零年:689,250,000港元)之投資物業、賬面淨值分別118,204,000港元(2010:121,477,000港元)及148,762,000港元(2010:132,719,000港元)之土地及樓宇和發展中酒店、251,806,000港元(二零一零年:無)之持有作發展之物業及41,166,000港元(二零一零年:40,833,000港元)之持有作出售之物業已抵押予若干銀行,以取得該等銀行授予本集團的若干銀行信貸額。此外,於二零一一年三月三十一日,本集團若干建築合約的應收賬款已轉讓予若干銀行,以取得銀行信貸額。

Contingent liabilities

At 31 March 2011, the guarantees given to banks in respect of performance bonds in favour of contract customers by the Group amounted to HK\$32,102,000 (2010: HK\$24,525,000).

In the ordinary course of the Group's construction business, the Group has been subject to a number of claims due to personal injuries suffered by employees of the Group or the Group's subcontractors in accidents arising out of and in the course of their employment. The directors are of the opinion that such claims are well covered by insurance and would not result in any material adverse impact on the financial position or results and operations of the Group.

STAFF AND REMUNERATION POLICY

At 31 March 2011, the Group employed 464 full-time staff in Hong Kong. The Group remunerates its staff based on their performance and work experience and the prevailing market rates. Staff benefits include mandatory provident fund, medical insurance and training programmes.

The Company also maintains a share option scheme. The purposes of the share option scheme are to provide incentives for the full-time employees and executives, to recognise their contributions to the growth of the Group and to provide more flexibility for the Group in formulating its remuneration policy.

或然負債

於二零一一年三月三十一日,本集團就給予合約客戶之履約保證而給予銀行的擔保為數約32,102,000港元(二零一零年:24,525,000港元)。

在本集團之日常建造業務過程中,數名本集團或 本集團承辦商之僱員因受僱期間遭遇意外以致受 傷而向本集團索償。董事認為有關索償屬於保險 之受保範圍,故有關索償不會對本集團之財政狀 況或業績及經營業務構成任何重大負面影響。

員工及薪酬政策

於二零一一年三月三十一日,本集團於香港聘用 464名全職員工。本集團根據員工之表現、工作 經驗及參考現行市場價格以釐定員工薪酬。員工 福利包括強制性公積金、醫療保險及培訓計劃。

此外,本公司並已採納購股權計劃,旨在獎勵全 職僱員及行政人員,確認彼等對本集團發展之貢 獻,並使本集團於制訂其薪酬政策時有更大彈性。

DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

Mr. NGAI Chun Hung, aged 48, is the Chairman of the Company. Mr. Ngai has extensive experience in the construction industry. He is responsible for the management of the Board and the strategic planning of the Group. Mr. Ngai and Mr. Yau Kwok Fai, Deputy Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of the Company, are brothers-in-law.

Mr. YAU Kwok Fai, aged 45, is the Deputy Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of the Company. Mr. Yau graduated with First Class Honours Degree in Civil Engineering from the Hong Kong Polytechnic and obtained a Master of Science Degree with Distinction in Structural Steel Design from the University of London and a Diploma of the Imperial College of the United Kingdom. He is a Chartered Engineer and a corporate member of the Institution of Civil Engineers, the Institution of Structural Engineers and the Hong Kong Institution of Engineers, a Registered Professional Engineer (Civil & Structural) and a Registered Structural Engineer. Mr. Yau is responsible for formulating the policy and overall development and the day-to-day management and administration of the Group's operations. Mr. Yau and Mr. Ngai, Chairman of the Company, are brothers-in-law.

Mr. LI Chi Pong, aged 54, is an Executive Director of the Company. Mr. Li is the Managing Director of Excel Engineering Company Limited and is responsible for its overall management and operation. He graduated from the Hong Kong Polytechnic with a Higher Diploma in Civil Engineering in 1979. He has worked in the construction industry for 30 years and gained extensive experience in the executive role in construction companies. He is the Authorized Signatory for foundation, site formation works and general building contractor of the Buildings Department. Mr. Li is a member of the Contractors Registration Committee Panel.

董事

執行董事

魏振雄先生,48歲,本公司主席。魏先生在建築 界積逾豐富經驗。魏先生負責董事會之管理及本 集團之策略性規劃工作。魏先生乃本公司副主席 及行政總裁游先生之大舅。

游國輝先生,45歲,本公司副主席及行政總裁。 彼持有香港理工學院土木工程學一級榮譽學士學 位,其後以優異成績取得英國倫敦大學結構鋼材 設計理科碩士學位,以及獲帝國學院頒發文憑。 彼為英國特許工程師、土木工程師學會、結構工 程師學會及香港工程師學會之正式會員,並為註 冊專業工程師(土木及結構)及註冊結構工程師。 游先生負責制訂政策及本集團整體業務之發展及 管理。游先生乃本公司主席魏先生之妹夫。

李治邦先生,54歲,本公司執行董事。彼為怡益 工程有限公司董事總經理,負責該公司之整體管 理及運作。李先生於一九七九畢業於香港理工學 院,持有土木工程系高級文憑。彼從事建造業逾 三十年並擁有廣泛之建築公司行政職務經驗。目 前為屋宇署之基礎、地盤平整工程及一般建築承 建商之授權簽署人。李先生現為承建商註冊事務 委員會委員團。

Mr. MAK Hon Kuen Peter, aged 34, was appointed an Executive Director of the Company on 1 April 2008. Mr. Mak has over 9 years' experience in investment management. Previously, he has held various positions with investment banks and hedge fund, including Merrill Lynch, Credit Suisse, DKR Oasis. He holds a bachelor's degree in commerce, with dean's honour, from The University of British Columbia, Canada. He is principally responsible for capital finance matters of the Company.

麥漢權先生,34歲,由二零零八年四月一日起獲委任為本公司之執行董事,麥先生於投資管理積逾九年經驗。彼曾於投資銀行及對沖基金(包括美林、瑞信、DKR Oasis)擔任不同職務。彼持有加拿大The University of British Columbia商務系榮譽學士學位。麥先生主要負責本公司之資本財務事宜。

Non-executive Directors

Mr. SHEK Yu Ming Joseph, aged 66, is a Non-executive Director of the Company. He is the Business Consultant of the Company. Mr. Shek holds a Bachelor Degree in Civil Engineering from the University of Hong Kong. He is a Fellow of the Hong Kong Institution of Engineers, a Fellow of the Institution of Civil Engineers, an Authorised Person (Engineer) and a Registered Structural Engineer. He has over 20 years experience in the executive role in construction companies and has completed a large number of contracts for the Hong Kong Government and the private sector. Mr. Shek is a member of the Appeal Tribunal (Buildings Ordinance Chapter 123), a member of the Registered Contractors' Disciplinary Board (2002-2008), a member of Review Panel under the Land (Miscellaneous Provisions) (Amendment) Ordinance (2007-2010), a member of the Planning Sub-Committee of the Land and Building Advisory Committee of the Development Bureau (2007-2009), a Council Member (1997-2008) and Chairman of Environmental Committee (1995-2003) of the Hong Kong Construction Association.

非執行董事

石兩明先生,66歲,本公司非執行董事。彼為本公司之業務顧問。石先生持有香港大學土木工程系學士學位。彼為香港工程師學會及土木工程師學會資深會員、認可人士(工程師)及註冊結構工程師。彼於建築公司之行政職務方面積逾二十年經驗,並曾承造香港政府及私營機構多項大型工程。石先生現為建築物條例(香港法例第123章)上訴審裁小組之委員、註冊承建商紀律小組之成員(2007-2008)、土地(雜項條文)覆核團成員(2007-2010)、發展局轄下土地及建設諮詢委員會規劃小組成員(2007-2009)及香港建造商會理事(1997-2008)及環保委員會主席(1995-2003)。

Independent Non-executive Directors

Professor KO Jan Ming, aged 68, is an Independent Non-executive Director of the Company. Professor Ko is the former Vice President and Chair Professor of Structural Engineering of The Hong Kong Polytechnic University, and currently an Emeritus Professor of the University and Senior Advisor of its Faculty of Construction and Land Use. Professor Ko holds a Bachelor Degree in Civil Engineering and a Doctorate Degree in Structural Engineering from the University of Hong Kong. He is a Fellow of the Hong Kong Institution of Engineers, the Institution of Structural Engineers of United Kingdom, the American Society of Civil Engineers and the Hong Kong Academy of Engineering Sciences.

Professor Ko was Chairman of the Accreditation Board (2001-2006) of The Hong Kong Institution of Engineers, and the Chairman of Hong Kong Economic Cooperation (APEC) and Engineering Mobility Forum (EMF) Monitoring Committees (2006-2009). He is a Member of Construction Industry Council (2007-2013), a Member of the Commission on Strategic Development (2009-2012) and the Advisor of the Beijing-Hong Kong Academic Exchange Centre. He was a Governing Council Member of Construction Industry Institute (Hong Kong) (2002-2008), a Council Member of The Hong Kong Institution of Science (2002-2006), the President of The Hong Kong Society of Theoretical and Applied Mechanics (1999/2000), the President of The Hong Kong Association for the Advancement of Science and Technology (2000/01) and a Panel Member of the Appeal Tribunal in Buildings of the HKSAR (1997-2004),

Professor Ko is a Guest Professor of the Southeast University, Beijing Polytechnic University, Zhejiang University, Huaqiao University, Hohai University, an Advisory Professor of the Beijing University of Aeronautics & Astronautics, PRC and a Chair Professor, National Chung Hsing University, Taiwan (2006-2009). He is a Co-chair of the Scientific Committee of the Joint Research Laboratory on Earth Observation (2005-2008), Co-chair of the Scientific Steering Committee, State Key Laboratory on Structural Dynamics in Bridge Engineering, Chongqing Communications Research and Design Institute (2008-2012), and a Member of the Scientific Steering Committee, State Key Laboratory on Disaster Reduction in Civil Engineering, Tongji University (2009-2013).

獨立非執行董事

高贊明教授,68歲,本公司獨立非執行董事。彼 為香港理工大學前副校長及結構工程講座教授、 現為香港理工大學榮休教授及地政及建設學院高 級顧問。高教授畢業於香港大學,先後獲頒授土木 工程理學士及結構工程哲學博士學位,是香港工 程師學會、英國結構工程師學會、美國土木工程 師學會及香港工程科學院資深會員。

高教授是前任香港工程師學會學術評審政策委員會主席(2001至2006)及香港工程師流動論壇監察委員會及香港亞太工程師監察委員會主席(2006至2009)。他是建造業議會成員(2007至2013)、策略發展委員會(2009至2012)以及京港學術交流中心顧問。他曾是香港建造業研究學會監事會成員(2002至2008)、香港科學會理事(2002至2006)、香港力學學會會長(1999至2000)、香港科技協進會會長(2000至2001)、及建築物上訴審裁處上訴審裁小組委員(1997至2004)。

高教授是東南大學、北京工業大學、浙江大學、華僑大學及河海大學的客座教授,北京航空航天大學的顧問教授以及國立中興大學防災科技講座教授(2006至2009)。他是"對地觀測聯合實驗室"第一屆學術委員會副主任委員(2005至2008)、重慶交科院橋樑工程結構力學國家重點實驗室科學指導委員會副主席(2008至2012)及同濟大學土木工程防災國家重點實驗室科學指導委員會成員(2009至2013)。



Professor Ko is the Editor-in-Chief of an International Journal - Advances in Structural Engineering (1997-2003), Editor-in-Chief (Asia-Pacific), International Journal – Smart Structures and Systems, the Senior Consultant of the Editorial Board of the Journal of Spatial Structures, a member of the Editorial Boards of the Journal of Engineering Mechanics, Journal of Earthquake and Engineering Vibration and Journal of Hazards Prevention and Mitigation Engineering. He was the President of Asian-Pacific Network of Centres for Earthquake Engineering (2005-2007), a Vice President (2004-2007) and Council Member of the International Society for Structural Health Monitoring of Intelligent Infrastructures, and a Management Board Member of the Asian-Pacific Network of Centres for Research in Smart Structures Technology. He was the Vice President of the Board of Directors of Structural Engineers World Congress 2002, the Chairman of the International Conference on Advances in Building Technology (2002), the Co-Chair of the International Conference on Advances and New Challenges in Earthquake Engineering Research (2002), and the Annual International Symposium on Smart Structures and Materials (2003 to 2005). 高教授是國際期刊《結構工程進展》的主任編輯(1997至2003)、國際期刊《智能結構與系統》的亞太區主任編輯、《空間結構》期刊編輯委員會高級顧問,也是《工程力學》期刊、《地震工程與工程震動學報》及《防災減災工程學報》編輯委員會委員。他曾是亞太區地震工程研究中心網絡主席(2005至2007)、國際結構健康監測協會副主席(2004-2007)、理事會成員及亞太區智能結構科技研究中心網絡督導委員會成員。他曾於2002年擔任世界結構工程師大會的董事會副主席、建築科技進展國際會議革席、地震工程學新進展與新挑戰國際會議聯席主席,並於2003至2005年出任智能結構與材料國際年會聯席主席。

Professor Ko's research interests are Structural Dynamics, Vibration Monitoring & Control, System Identification, and Damage Detection. 高教授的學術研究範圍包括結構動力學、振動監 測和控制、系統識別、利用結構動力特性的變化 進行破損檢測。

The Hon IP Kwok Him, GBS, JP, aged 59, is an Independent Non-executive Director of the Company. Mr. Ip is a member of the Legislative Council representing the District Council functional constituency. He is presently a Deputy to the 11th National People's Congress of PRC for HKSAR, Chairman of Panel on Home Affairs, Legislative Council, Advisor to the Democratic Alliance for Betterment and Progress of Hong Kong, Member of Central & Western District Council (Kwun Lung). He is also Deputy Chairman of Hon Wah Edaucational Organisation. He also serves on number of committees and is now a member of the Hong Kong Housing Authority, The member of Court of Hong Kong University. Mr. Ip has been a member of the Legislative Council between 1995-1997, a member of the Provisional Legislative Council between 1997-1998, a member of the Legislative Council of the Hong Kong SAR Government representing the district council functional constituency between 2000-2004 and an elected member of the Central and Western District Council between 1992-2003. 葉國謙議員(金紫荊星章、太平紳士),59歲,本公司獨立非執行董事。葉先生現為立法會議員(區議會功能界別)。現任香港特別行政區第十一屆全國人民代表大會代表、立法會民政事務委員會主席、民建聯會務顧問、中西區區議員(觀龍選區)、漢華教育機構副主席。葉先生亦服務於政府諮詢委員會,現為香港房屋委員會委員,香港大學校董會成員。葉先生分別於1995至1997年擔任香港立法局議員,1997至1998年擔任臨時立法會議員(區議會功能界別),而1992至2003年歷任中西區區議會民選議員。

Mr. FUNG Pui Cheung, Eugene, aged 62, is an Independent Non-executive Director of the Company. Mr. Fung is a Certified Public Accountant, a fellow member of Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and a member of both The Institute of Chartered Accountants in England & Wales and The Certified General Accountants' Association of Canada. He holds a Master of Arts Degree from Antioch University of USA. Presently, Mr. Fung is a director of Pan-China (HK) CPA Limited (formerly known as NCN CPA Limited) as well as practicing as a sole proprietor in the name of P. C. Fung & Company, Certified Public Accountants. Previously, he served in senior and managerial positions in large local and international accounting firms. In addition, Mr. Fung is currently an Honorary Adviser of The Hong Kong Chinese Importers' & Exporters' Association, a Standing Committee member of Democratic Alliance for the Betterment and Progress of Hong Kong and a Standing Committee member of the Jiangxi Provincial Overseas Liaison Association. Mr. Fung is also appointed a member of the Financial Reporting Review Panel, under the Financial Reporting Council and a member of the IRD Users Committee.

SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Mr. POON Yan Min, aged 49, is a Director of Excel Engineering Company Limited, a major subsidiary of the Company. Mr. Poon holds a Bachelor Degree in Civil Engineering from the University of Hong Kong and a Master Degree in Engineering Management from City University of Hong Kong. He is a corporate member of the Hong Kong Institution of Engineers and a Registered Professional Engineer (Civil). He has over 24 years' experience in the construction of road and drainage, site formation, waterworks and building works including 10 years working in Mass Transit Railway Corporation for tunnel and railway works. Mr. Poon is responsible for the Construction Department on implementation of works and the overall management of contracts. He is the Authorized Signatory for general building contractor of the Buildings Department. He is also the Engineer Supervisor of the HKIE Scheme A Training for Graduate Engineers.

Mr. YAM Kui Hung, aged 52, is a Director of Able Engineering Company Limited, a major subsidiary of the Company. Mr. Yam graduated with a Higher Certificate in Building Studies from the Hong Kong Polytechnic and a Postgraduate Diploma in Construction Management from the Construction Industry Training Authority. He is a corporate member of the Hong Kong Institution of Engineers, a Registered Professional Engineer (Building) and has over 30 years' experience in the construction field. He is responsible for overall management and operations of building projects.

高級管理層

潘潤棉先生,49歲,恰益工程有限公司之董事, 恰益工程有限公司為本公司之主要附屬公司。彼 持有香港大學土木工程系學士學位及香港城市大 學工程管理碩士學位。彼為香港工程師學會會員 及已註冊為專業註冊工程師(土木工程)。彼於香 港之建築業包括道路及渠務、地盆平整、水水務及 樓宇建造工程等積逾二十四年經驗,其中包括於 地鐵有限公司負責隧道及鐵路工程十年之工作。 彼現負責建造部門之施工運作及合約管理工作。 目前為屋宇署之一般建築承建商之授權簽署人。 此外,潘先生為香港工程師學會見習工程師訓練 計劃甲類之工程師導師。

任鉅鴻先生,52歲,安保工程有限公司之董事, 安保工程有限公司為本公司之主要附屬公司。彼 持有香港理工學院建築系高級證書及建造業訓練 局建築管理文憑。彼為香港工程師學會之正式會 員。彼已註冊為專業註冊工程師(建築),在建造 業積逾三十年經驗。任先生負責樓宇建造項目之 整體管理及運作。

Mr. HO Chi Ming Wilson, aged 49, is the Project Manager of Able Engineering Company Limited. Mr. Ho holds a Bachelor Degree in Construction Management and Economic from the Curtin University of Technology, a National Diploma in Building Studies from the Business & Technician Education Council and a Higher Certificate in Building Studies and Proficiency Certificate in Industrial Safety from the Hong Kong Polytechnic. Mr. Ho is a corporate member of the Chartered Institute of Building, has registered as an Authorized Signatory from the Buildings Department and has over 28 years' experience in the project management in the construction field and a wide background of working experience in residential, commercial and institutional developments. He is responsible for providing full range of building project management and contract administration works of contracts.

何志明先生,49歲,安保工程有限公司之項目經理。彼持有Curtin University of Technology建築管理及經濟學士學位、英國工商教育委員會之建築學國際文憑、香港理工學院建築系高級證書及工業安全修業證書。彼為英國特許建築學會會員及香港屋宇署認可人士。彼於建築業積逾二十八年有關私人樓宇、商業大廈及公營樓宇之豐富經驗,何先生負責樓宇建造項目之管理及行政工作。

Mr. NG Kai Chow, aged 43, is the Project Manager of Able Engineering Company Limited. Mr. Ng holds a Post-graduated Diploma in Construction Law & Arbitration and a Diploma in Construction (CEM) in the College of Estate Management. He is an incorporate member of the Chartered of Building, a member of the Chartered Institute of Arbitrators and Authorized Signatory from Buildings Department. He also has over 26 years' experience in construction field and working in different positions in the construction industry. He is responsible for providing full range of building project management and contract administration works of contracts.

吳啟洲先生,43歲,安保工程有限公司之項目經理。彼持有建築法律及仲裁深造文憑和物業管理學院建築文憑。彼為英國特許建築學會、英國特許佛裁學會會員及香港屋宇署認可人士。彼於建築業積逾二十六年工作經驗,同時曾經在建築行業中擔當不同崗位。吳先生負責樓宇建造項目之管理及行政工作。

Mr. NG Wing Yuk Philip, aged 53, is the Project Manager of Able Engineering Company Limited. Mr. Ng graduated with Bachelor Degree in Administration from the Newport University of United States of America and a Diploma in Construction Management from the Hong Kong Construction Industry Training Authority. He is a corporate member of the Hong Kong Institution of Construction Engineers and has over 31 years' experience in the project management in the construction field and a wide background of working experience in residential, commercial and institutional developments. He is responsible for providing full range of building project management and contract administration works of contracts.

吳榮旭先生,53歲,安保工程有限公司之項目經理。彼持有Newport University of United States of America行政學士學位及建造業訓練局建築管理文憑。彼為香港建造業工程師學會會員,並於建築業積逾三十一年有關私人樓字、商業大廈及公營樓字之豐富經驗,彼負責樓字建造項目之管理及行政工作。

Mr. LAU Chi Fai Daniel, aged 43, is the Project Manager of Able Engineering Company Limited. Mr. Lau holds a Bachelor Degree in Construction Management from the South Bank University of United Kingdom and a Higher Diploma in Building Technology and Management from the Hong Kong Polytechnic. He is a corporate member of the Hong Kong Institute of Construction Managers and has over 18 years' experience in construction field and working in different positions in the construction industry. He is responsible for providing full range of building project management and contract administration works of contracts.

劉志輝先生,43歲,安保工程有限公司之項目 經理。彼持有South Bank University of United Kingdom建築管理學士學位及香港理工學院建築 科技及管理學高級文憑。彼為香港營造師學會會 員,並於建築業積逾十八年豐富經驗,同時曾經 在建築業中擔當不同崗位。彼負責樓宇建造項目 之管理及行政工作。

Mr. KAN Kwok Kit, aged 48, is the Technical Manager of Able Engineering Company Limited. Mr. Kan graduated with Master Degree of Science in Engineering Business Management and is an Accredited Mediator. He is a Registered Professional Engineer in Building Services Discipline and corporate member of the Chartered Institute of Building. He is also a fellow member and Branch Honorary Secretary of the Chartered Institute of Plumbing & Heating Engineering, and a member of the Guangzhou Haizhu District Standing Committee of The CPPCC National. He has over 23 years experience in Construction Industry and Building Services Engineering. Mr. Kan is responsible to lead the Technical Department to provide support for tendering, building project management and contract administration work. He is also the Head of the Building Services Department that responsible for all matters relating to Building Services/ Electrical & Mechanical provisions for all projects.

簡國傑先生,48歲,安保工程有限公司之技術經理。彼持有工商管理碩士學位及為認可調解員。彼為專業註冊工程師(屋宇設備),亦為英國特許建築學會會員、英國特許水務學會資深會員及香港分會義務秘書,並為廣州市海珠區政協委員。彼從事建築及屋宇設備工程工作逾二十三年。簡先生負責領導技術部支援投標、樓宇建造項目之管理及合約行政工作,亦為屋宇設備裝置部門的主管,負責各項目之屋宇設備工程的統籌及管理。

Ms. PANG Fung Ming, aged 41, is the Financial Controller and Company Secretary of the Company. Ms. Pang is a fellow member of both the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants of the U.K. She has over 20 years' accounting and related experience. She holds a Bachelor Degree in Business Administration from the Chinese University of Hong Kong.

彭鳳鳴小姐,41歲,本公司之財務總監及公司秘書。彼為香港會計師公會及英國特許會計師公會 之資深會員,積逾二十年會計及有關經驗。彼持 有香港中文大學工商管理學士學位。

Mr. WONG Kei Leung, aged 60, is the Accounting Manager of the Group and the Chief Accountant of Able Engineering Company Limited. He has over 33 years' accounting experience. Mr. Wong holds a Bachelor Degree in Commercial Science and Business Administration from Chu Hai College.

黄杞良先生,60歲,本集團之會計經理兼安保 工程有限公司之總會計師。彼在會計方面積逾 三十三年經驗。黃先生持有珠海書院商業科學及 工商管理學士學位。

The Group recognises the importance in maintaining high standards of corporate governance and believes that good corporate governance is fundamental to enhancing the confidence of the investors and minimising our exposure to risks.

本集團認同維持高水平的企業管治的重要性,並 相信良好企業管治乃提高投資者信心及減低本集 團所面對風險的基本要素。

COMPLIANCE WITH CODE ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

The Company has complied with the code provisions of the Code on Corporate Governance Practices (the "Code") as set out in Appendix 14 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited ("Listing Rules") throughout the year ended 31 March 2011.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The Board is composed of eight Directors, including four Executive Directors, one Non-executive Director and three Independent Non-executive Directors.

The Board has a balance of skills and experience appropriate for the requirements of the Group's business. All Directors have separate and independent access to the advice and services of the senior management and the company secretary with a view to ensuring that board procedures, and all applicable rules and regulations, are followed.

Independent Non-executive Directors are appointed for a fixed specific term. The Company confirmed that it has received from each of its Independent Non-executive Directors an annual confirmation of his independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules, and they are considered to be independent.

The types of decisions which are to be taken by the Board include those relating to:

- the strategic plans and directions, and financial objectives of the Group;
- monitoring the performance of the management;
- implementing and monitoring an effective framework of internal controls and risk management;
- ensuring that the Company has good corporate governance and is in compliance with applicable laws and regulations.

遵守《企業管治常規守則》

於截至二零一一年三月三十一日止年度整年內, 本公司已遵守香港聯合交易所有限公司《證券上 市規則》(「上市規則」)附錄14所載《企業管治常規 守則》(「該守則」)的守則條文。

董事會

董事會由八名董事組成,包括四名執行董事、一 名非執行董事及三名獨立非執行董事。

董事會具備本集團業務所需之適當技巧和經驗。 所有董事均可分別獨立取得高級管理層及公司秘 書的意見和享用他們的服務,目的是為了確保董 事會程序及所有適用規則及規例均獲得遵守。

獨立非執行董事均有指定任期。本公司確認已收 到每名獨立非執行董事根據《上市規則》第3.13條 須每年作出的獨立性確認,並認為彼等確屬獨立 人士。

董事會所作的決策類型包括以下各項:

- 制定本集團的策略性計劃和方向,以及財務 目標;
- 監察管理層的表現;
- 實行及監察有效的內部監控及風險管理框 架;
- 確保本公司企業管治良好,並符合適用法律 及規例的規定。

Responsibilities over day-to-day operations are delegated to the management under the leadership of the Executive Directors.

在執行董事的領導下,管理層負責日常運作。

The Board meets regularly to review the overall strategy and to monitor the operation as well as the financial performance of the Group. For all of the Board meetings, proper and sufficient notices, adequate information including agenda and accompanying board papers are supplied and sent to all Directors in reasonable time.

董事會定期舉行會議,以檢討本集團的整體策略,並監察其經營及財務表現。就所有董事會會議,所有董事均會在合理時間收到妥善及充足的通告、足夠的資料(包括議程及相關董事會文件)。

Directors' Attendance at Board and Committee Meetings for Year 2010/11

二零一零/一一年度董事於董事會及委員會會議 的出席率

Directors 番事 Meetings attended/held 出席/舉行之會議

里争		山				
			Remuneration	Audit		
		Board	Committee	Committee		
		董事會	薪酬委員會	審核委員會		
Executive Directors	執行董事					
Mr. Ngai Chun Hung	魏振雄先生	4/4				
Mr. Yau Kwok Fai	游國輝先生	4/4	1/1			
Mr. Li Chi Pong	李治邦先生	4/4				
Mr. Mak Hon Kuen Peter	麥漢權先生	4/4				
Non-executive Director	非執行董事					
Mr. Shek Yu Ming Joseph	石雨明先生	4/4				
Independent Non-Executive Directors	獨立非執行董事					
Professor Ko Jan Ming	高贊明教授	4/4	1/1	2/2		
The Hon. Ip Kwok Him, GBS, JP	葉國謙議員	4/4	1/1	2/2		
	(金紫荊星章、太平紳士)					
Mr. Fung Pui Cheung, Eugene	馮培漳先生	4/4	1/1	2/2		

APPOINTMENT OF DIRECTORS

Pursuant to the Company's existing bye-laws, all directors (including those appointed for a specific term, chairman and managing director) are subject to retirement by rotation and re-election at each annual general meeting at least once every three years. In addition, directors appointed during the year as an addition to the Board or to fill a casual vacancy on the Board are subject to retirement and election by shareholders at the first general meeting following their appointment.

CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

The roles of Chairman and Chief Executive Officer (CEO) of the Company are separately performed by Mr. Ngai Chun Hung and Mr. Yau Kwok Fai respectively. Mr. Ngai Chun Hung and Mr. Yau Kwok Fai are brothers-in-law.

This segregation ensures a clear division of the Chairman's responsibilities for the management of the Board and the CEO's responsibilities for the day-to-day management of the Company's business.

The Chairman is responsible for providing leadership for the Board, and ensuring that all Directors are properly briefed on issues arising at board meetings and that Directors receive adequate, complete and reliable information in a timely manner. The Chairman has an additional or casting vote in the event of an equality of votes on any matter to be decided by the Board.

The CEO is appointed by the Board and is responsible for providing leadership for the management, implementing and reporting to the Board on the Group's strategy, overseeing the day-to-day operations of the Group and providing all such information to the Board as is necessary to enable the Board to monitor the performance of the management.

委任董事

根據本公司之現有公司細則,在每年的股東週年 大會上,每名董事(包括有指定任期的董事、主 席及董事總經理)須至少每三年一次輪換卸任及 重選。此外,於年度內為增加現有董事的名額或 填補某臨時空缺而獲委任的董事,須於其獲委任 後首次股東大會上卸任及由股東選舉。

主席及行政總裁

本公司主席及行政總裁的角色分別由魏振雄先生 及游國輝先生擔任。游國輝先生為魏振雄先生的 妹夫。

主席及行政總裁分開委任之安排確保主席負責管 理董事會而行政總裁負責本公司業務的日常管理 的清晰區分。

主席負責領導董事會,並確保董事會會議上所有 董事均適當知悉當前的事項,且董事均及時收到 充分的資訊,而有關資訊亦必須完備可靠。由董 事會決定的任何事項,如票數均等,主席有權投 額外一票或決定票。

行政總裁由董事會委任,負責領導管理層、實行本集團策略及就此向董事會匯報、監督本集團的 日常運作,並於有需要時向董事會提供一切有關 資料,讓董事會能監督管理層的表現。

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Company's Audit Committee was established on 8 September 2000 with written terms of reference in compliance with Rule 3.21 of the Listing Rules. The Audit Committee's terms of reference are available on the Company's website.

The Audit Committee is now made up of three Independent Non-executive Directors, namely Professor Ko Jan Ming, the Hon. Ip Kwok Him, GBS, JP, and Mr. Fung Pui Cheung, Eugene. Professor Ko Jan Ming is currently the chairman of the Audit Committee. Mr. Fung Pui Cheung, Eugene is a certified public accountant and possesses the appropriate accounting qualifications and experiences in financial matters.

The Audit Committee holds regular meetings at least twice a year to review the Company's annual and interim reports and accounts. The Audit Committee meets with the Company's external auditors at least once a year to review the Company's annual report and accounts.

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

The Company's Remuneration Committee was established on 16 December 2005 with written terms of reference and consists of a majority of Independent Non-executive Directors. The purpose of the Remuneration Committee is to set policy on executive directors' remuneration and for fixing remuneration packages for all directors. The Remuneration Committee's terms of reference are available on the Company's website.

The Remuneration Committee is now made up of three Independent Non-executive Directors, namely Professor Ko Jan Ming, the Hon. Ip Kwok Him, GBS, JP, and Mr. Fung Pui Cheung, Eugene, and one Executive Director, namely Mr. Yau Kwok Fai. Professor Ko Jan Ming is currently the chairman of the Remuneration Committee.

The Remuneration Committee meets at least once a year to reviewed the remuneration of Executive Directors and make recommendations to the Board.

審核委員會

本公司於二零零零年九月八日成立審核委員會, 其書面職權範圍符合《上市規則》第3.21條的規 定。審核委員會的職權範圍於本公司網站上可供 查閱。

審核委員會現由三名獨立非執行董事組成,即高 贊明教授、葉國謙議員(金紫荊星章、太平紳士)及 馮培漳先生。高贊明教授現為審核委員會主席。 馮培漳先生為執業會計師,並具有合適的會計資 格及財務事宜的經驗。

審核委員會每年舉行最少兩次定期會議,以審閱本公司的年度及中期報告及賬目。審核委員會與本公司外聘核數師每年舉行最少一次會議,以審閱本公司的年度報告及賬目。

薪酬委員會

本公司已於二零零五年十二月十六日成立具有特定成文職權範圍的薪酬委員會,其大部份成員為獨立非執行董事。成立薪酬委員會的目的乃制定執行董事的薪酬政策,及釐定全體董事的薪酬待遇。薪酬委員會的職權範圍於本公司網站上可供查閱。

薪酬委員會現由三名獨立非執行董事(即高贊明 教授、葉國謙議員(金紫荊星章、太平紳士)及馮培 漳先生),以及一名執行董事(即游國輝先生)組 成。高贊明教授現為薪酬委員會主席。

薪酬委員會每年舉行會議最少一次,以審閱執行 董事的酬金,並向董事會提出建議。

DIRECTORS' SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has adopted the Model Code as set out in Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules as the code of conduct regarding the Directors' securities transactions. Following specific enquiry made by the Company, the Directors have confirmed that they had complied with the required standard set out in the Model Code throughout the year ended 31 March 2011.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS

Full details of the Directors' interests in the shares of the Company are set out in the Report of the Directors on pages 48 to 50.

AUDITORS' REMUNERATION

In respect of the year ended 31 March 2011, the remuneration paid to the Company's external auditors, Ernst & Young, is set out below:

Audit services Non-audit services: Taxation services

INTERNAL CONTROL

The Board recognises its responsibility for maintaining a sound and effective system of internal control to safeguard the shareholders' investment and the Company's assets, and for reviewing its effectiveness.

The Board reviews the effectiveness of the Company's internal control system, including the adequacy of resources, qualifications and experience of staff of the Company's accounting and financial reporting function, and their training programmes and budget, on a continuous and regular basis.

董事進行證券交易

本公司已採納《上市規則》附錄10載列的《標準守 則》作為有關董事進行證券交易的守則。在本公 司作出特定查詢後,董事確認,於截至二零一一 年三月三十一日止年度,彼等已遵守《標準守則》 所訂的標準。

番事權益

有關董事於本公司股份中權益的全部詳情,載於 第48至50頁董事會報告內。

核數師酬金

截至二零一一年三月三十一日止年度,本公司之 外聘核數師安永會計師事務所的酬金如下:

> HK\$'000 千港元

> > 1,820

核數服務 非核數服務:

税務服務 181

內部監控

董事會承認其有責任確保內部監控系統穩健妥善 而且有效,以保障股東的投資及本公司的資產, 並檢討其是否有效。

董事會持續地定期檢討本公司的內部監控系統是 否有效,包括本公司在會計及財務匯報職能方面 的資源、員工資歷及經驗是否足夠,以及員工所 接受的培訓課程及有關預算是否充足。

COMMUNICATIONS WITH SHAREHOLDERS

The Company endeavours to maintain a high level of transparency in communication with shareholders and investors in general. The various channels via which the Company communicates with its shareholders include interim and annual reports, information on the Stock Exchange's and the Company's website, and general meetings.

Shareholders are encouraged to attend the Company's general meetings where the Chairman and the Executive Directors of the Board are available to answer questions. Separate resolutions are proposed at the general meetings on each substantially separate issue, including the election of individual directors.

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

The Company's bye-laws provide that shareholders holding not less than one-tenth of the Company's paid-up capital carrying voting rights have at all times the right to request the Board to call a special general meeting to discuss specified business transactions. The Board is required to call such meeting within two months after the deposit of a written notice by such shareholders.

Pursuant to Rule 13.39(4) of the Listing Rules, all votes of the shareholders at general meetings of the Company must be taken by poll. The Chairman will therefore demand a poll for every resolution put to the vote of general meetings of the Company.

RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT IN RESPECT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Directors acknowledge their responsibility for preparing the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2011, which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group and of the results and cash flows for that year.

The external auditors of the Company acknowledge their reporting responsibilities in their auditors' report on the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2011 as set out in the Report of the Auditors on pages 56 to 57.

與股東的溝通

在與股東及一般投資者的溝通而言,本公司盡力 維持高水平的透明度。本公司與其股東溝通的渠 道包括中期及年度報告、載於聯交所及本公司網 站的資料,以及股東大會。

本公司鼓勵股東出席本公司股東大會,董事會主席及執行董事在會上回答提問。在股東大會上, 會就每項實際獨立的事宜(包括選舉個別董事)個別提出決議案。

股東權利

本公司的公司細則規定,持有本公司附有表決權 的繳足股款股本不少於十分之一的股東,於任何 時間均有權要求董事會召開股東特別大會,以商 討指明業務交易。董事會須於有關股東交存書面 通知後兩個月內召開有關大會。

根據《上市規則》第13.39(4)條,本公司股東大會上,股東所作的任何表決必須以投票方式進行。 因此,主席將要求交由本公司股東大會表決的每項決議案,均以投票方式進行表決。

有關財務報表的責任聲明

董事承認他們有編製截至二零一一年三月三十一 日止年度財務報表的責任,其真實而公平地反映 本集團於該日的事務狀況及於該年度的業績及現 金流量。

本公司之外聘核數師在第56至57頁的核數師報告 所載他們有關截至二零一一年三月三十一日止年 度財務報表的核數師報告中,承認他們的申報責 任。

The directors present their report and the audited financial statements of the Company and the Group for the year ended 31 March 2011.

董事謹此提呈本公司及本集團截至二零一一年三 月三十一日止年度之報告及經審核財務報表。

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activities of the Company are investment holding and the provision of corporate management services. Details of the principal activities of the principal subsidiaries are set out in note 18 to the financial statements. There were no significant changes in the nature of the Group's principal activities during the year.

RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

The Group's profit for the year ended 31 March 2011 and the state of affairs of the Company and the Group at that date are set out in the financial statements on pages 58 to 168.

The directors do not recommend the payment of any dividend for the year.

SUMMARY FINANCIAL INFORMATION

A summary of the published results and financial positions of the Group for the last five financial years, as extracted from the audited financial statements and restated/reclassified as appropriate, is set out on page 5 of the annual report. This summary does not form part of the audited financial statements.

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT AND INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

Details of movements in the property, plant and equipment, and investment properties of the Group during the year are set out in notes 14 and 16 to the financial statements. Further details of the Group's investment and other properties are set out on pages 13 to 17.

BANK LOANS AND BORROWINGS

Particulars of bank loans and borrowings of the Group as at 31 March 2011 are set out in note 27 to the financial statements.

主要業務

本公司之主要業務為投資控股及提供企業管理服務。主要附屬公司之主要業務詳情載於財務報表 附註18。於本年度內,本集團主要業務的性質並 無重大變動。

業績及股息

本集團截至二零一一年三月三十一日止年度之溢 利及本公司和本集團於當日之經營狀況載於財務 報表第58至168頁。

董事不建議就本年度派發任何股息。

財務資料概要

本集團截至過往五個財政年度之已刊發業績以及 財務狀況概要(摘錄自經審核財務報表)載於本年 報第5頁。此概要並不構成經審核財務報表之一 部份。

物業、機器及設備及投資物業

於本年度內,本集團之物業、機器及設備及投資物業變動詳情載於財務報表附註14及16。本集團 投資及其他物業之進一步詳情載於第13至17頁。

銀行貸款及借款

本集團於二零一一年三月三十一日之銀行貸款及 借款之詳情,載於財務報表附註27。

SHARE CAPITAL AND SHARE OPTIONS

There was no movement in the Company's authorised share capital during the year. Movements in the Company's issued share capital of the Company and share options and the reasons therefor are set out in notes 29 and 30 to the financial statements.

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Company's bye-laws or the laws of Bermuda which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro rata basis to existing shareholders.

PURCHASE, REDEMPTION OR SALE OF LISTED SECURITIES OF THE COMPANY

Neither the Company, nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, redeemed or sold any of the Company's listed securities during the year.

RESERVES

Details of movements in the reserves of the Company and the Group during the year are set out in note 31 to the financial statements and in the consolidated statement of changes in equity, respectively.

DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES

At 31 March 2011, the Company's reserves available for distribution, calculated in accordance with the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda (as amended), amounted to approximately HK\$70,300,000. In addition, the Company's share premium account, in the amount of approximately HK\$173,379,000 at 31 March 2011, may be distributed in the form of fully paid bonus shares.

DONATIONS

During the year, the Group made donations for charitable and other purposes of approximately HK\$207,000 (2010: HK\$36,000).

股本及購股權

於本年度內,本公司之法定股本無任何變動。本 公司已發行股本及購股權的變動及其原因,載於 財務報表附註29及30。

優先購買權

本公司之公司細則或百慕達法例並無優先購買權 之規定,故此本公司無須按比例向現有股東發售 新股。

購買、贖回或出售本公司之上市證券

於本年度內,本公司或其任何附屬公司概無購買、贖回或出售本公司之任何上市證券。

儲備

於本年度內,本公司及本集團之儲備變動詳情分 別載於財務報表附註31及綜合權益變動表。

可供分派儲備

於二零一一年三月三十一日,根據百慕達一九八一年公司法(經修訂)之規定所計算,本公司之可供分派儲備約70,300,000港元。此外,本公司可以繳足紅股之方式分派之股份溢價賬於二零一一年三月三十一日約173,379,000港元。

捐款

於本年度內,本集團作出之慈善及其他捐款約207,000港元(二零一零年:36,000港元)。

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

During the year, contract revenue earned from the Group's five largest customers accounted for approximately 83% (2010: 95%) of the total contract revenue for the year and contract revenue earned from the largest customer included therein accounted for approximately 64% (2010: 81%).

Subcontracting charges paid to the Group's five largest suppliers accounted for approximately 21% (2010: 37%) of the total subcontracting charges and material costs incurred for the year. Subcontracting charges paid to the largest supplier included therein accounted for approximately 6% (2010: 12%).

None of the directors of the Company or any of their associates or any shareholders (which, to the best knowledge of the directors, own more than 5% of the Company's issued share capital) had any beneficial interest in the Group's five largest customers or five largest suppliers.

DIRECTORS

The directors of the Company during the year and up to the date of this report were:

Executive Directors:

Mr. Ngai Chun Hung (Chairman) ("Mr. Ngai")

Mr. Yau Kwok Fai

(Deputy Chairman and Chief Executive Officer)

Mr. Li Chi Pong

Mr. Mak Hon Kuen Peter

Non-executive Director:

Mr. Shek Yu Ming Joseph

Independent Non-executive Directors:

Professor Ko Jan Ming

The Hon. Ip Kwok Him, GBS, JP

Mr. Fung Pui Cheung, Eugene

In accordance with the Company's bye-laws, Mr. Ngai Chun Hung, Mr. Yau Kwok Fai, Mr. Mak Hon Kuen Peter and Mr. Fung Pui Cheung, Eugene will retire by rotation, and being eligible, offer themselves for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

主要客戶及供應商

於本年度內,自本集團五大客戶賺取之合約收入佔本年度合約收入總額約83%(二零一零年:95%),其中來自最大客戶賺取之合約收入約佔64%(二零一零年:81%)。

本集團支付五位最大供應商之分包支出佔本年度 發生之分包支出及材料成本總額約21%(二零一 零年:37%)。其中支付最大供應商之分包支出 約佔6%(二零一零年:12%)。

本公司董事或彼等各自之任何聯繫人士或任何股 東(就董事所知其擁有5%以上之本公司已發行股 本)並無於本集團五大客戶或五大供應商擁有任 何實益權益。

董事

於本年度及直至此報告日期期間內,本公司之董 事如下:

執行董事:

魏振雄先生(主席)(「魏先生」)

游國輝先生

(副主席兼行政總裁)

李治邦先生

麥漢權先生

非執行董事:

石雨明先生

獨立非執行董事:

高贊明教授

葉國謙議員(金紫荊星章、太平紳士)

馮培漳先生

根據本公司之公司細則,魏振雄先生、游國輝先 生、麥漢權先生及馮培漳先生將於應屆股東週年 大會上輪流退任,而彼等均符合資格並願意在應 屆股東週年大會膺選連任。

DIRECTORS (continued)

The appointment of each of Professor Ko Jan Ming, the Hon. Ip Kwok Him, GBS, JP, and Mr. Fung Pui Cheung, Eugene, as extended based on the respective agreement between them and the Company, was for a term of two years expiring on 31 August 2012.

CONFIRMATION OF INDEPENDENCE OF INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

The Company has received from each of Professor Ko Jan Ming, the Hon. Ip Kwok Him, GBS, JP, and Mr. Fung Pui Cheung, Eugene an annual confirmation of his independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules"), and the Company considers all of the independent non-executive directors to be independent.

DIRECTORS' AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT'S BIOGRAPHIES

Biographical details of the directors of the Company and the senior management of the Group are set out on pages 28 to 35 of the annual report.

DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

Mr. Ngai and Mr. Yau Kwok Fai have respectively entered into a service contract with the Company for an initial period of three years commencing from 1 September 2000 and such contracts continue thereafter until terminated by either party by giving a six-month written notice.

Mr. Li Chi Pong has entered into a service contract with the Group that commenced from 17 May 2004 and continue without a fixed period until terminated by either party by giving a six-month written notice.

Mr. Mak Hon Kuen Peter has entered into a service contract with the Company for an initial period of one year, which commenced on 1 April 2008 and has been extended to 31 March 2012.

Mr. Shek Yu Ming Joseph has entered into a continuous service contract with the Company in respect of his service as a Non-executive Director commencing from 1 January 2007.

董事(續)

高贊明教授、葉國謙議員(金紫荊星章、太平紳士) 及馮培漳先生各自之委任任期,按彼等各自與 本公司訂立之協議為期兩年至二零一二年八月 三十一日。

獨立非執行董事之獨立性之確認

本公司已收到高贊明教授、葉國謙議員(金紫荊星章、太平紳士)及馮培漳先生各自就其獨立性而根據香港聯合交易所有限公司證券上市規則(「上市規則」)第3.13條作出的年度確認函,本公司認為彼等均屬獨立人士。

董事及高級管理人員之履歷

本公司董事及本集團高級管理人員之履歷載於本 年報第28至35頁。

董事之服務合約

魏先生及游國輝先生分別與本公司訂立服務合 約,均由二零零零年九月一日起生效,初步為期 三年,並在其後一直有效,直至由其中一方給予 六個月書面通知予以終止為止。

李治邦先生與本集團訂立之服務合約於二零零四 年五月十七日起生效,並在其後一直有效,並無 固定期限,直至其中一方給予六個月書面通知予 以終止為止。

麥漢權先生與本公司已訂立服務合約,初步由二 零零八年四月一日開始為期一年,並已延長至二 零一二年三月三十一日。

石雨明先生與本公司就其非執行董事職務而訂立 連續性服務合約,由二零零七年一月一日開始生 效。

DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS (continued)

Apart from the foregoing, no director proposed for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting has a service contract with the Company which is not determinable by the Company within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS

The directors' emoluments are set out in note 8 to the financial statements.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN CONTRACTS

On 26 August 2010, Profit Chain Investments Limited (a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company) entered into a conditional sale and purchase agreement ("SP Agreement") with Golden More Limited (a company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands and wholly owned by Mr. Ngai). Pursuant to the SP Agreement, the Group has agreed to acquire from Golden More Limited the entire issued share capital and shareholder's loan of Golden Lux Holdings Limited ("Target Company"), a company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands, for an aggregate consideration of HK\$320,000,000, comprising HK\$20,000,000 payable in cash and HK\$300,000,000 by the issuance of 300,000,000 new ordinary shares to be issued at an issue price of HK\$1 each by the Company. The Target Company is engaged in investment holding and, through its wholly-owned subsidiary, has entered into an acquisition agreement ("Acquisition Agreement") to acquire a company ("Tianjin Company") which holds a property project in Tianjin. Up to the date of this report, the SP Agreement and the Acquisition Agreement have not been completed pending the fulfillment of certain conditions precedent including, among others, the obtaining of the presale permit from the relevant PRC government authority for its property by the Tianjin Company. The SP Agreement constituted a discloseable and connected transaction of the Company, details of which are disclosed in the Company's circular dated 16 September 2010.

Except as disclosed in the above, no director had a material interest, either directly or indirectly, in any contract of significance to the business of the Group to which the Company, its holding company, or any of its subsidiaries or fellow subsidiaries was a party during the year.

董事之服務合約(續)

除上述者外,擬在應屆股東週年大會上膺選連任 之董事概沒有與本公司訂有任何本公司不可在一 年內終止而毋須支付賠償(法定賠償除外)之服務 合約。

董事酬金

董事酬金載於財務報表附註8。

董事之合約權益

於二零一零年八月二十六日, Profit Chain Investments Limited (本公司之全資附屬公司)與 金進有限公司(於英屬維爾京群島註冊成立、由 魏先生全資擁有之公司)簽訂有條件買賣協議 (「買賣協議」)。根據買賣協議,本集團同意收購 金力控股有限公司(「目標公司」)之所有已發行股 本及股東貸款,總代價為320,000,000港元,將以 20,000,000港元現金及由本公司發行300,000,000 股新普通股(每股作價1港元)支付。目標公司乃 從事投資控股,並透過其全資附屬公司簽訂收購 協議(「收購協議」) 收購一間持有一個位於中國 天津的物業項目之公司(「天津公司」)。直至本報 告日期,買賣協議及收購協議均未完成,有待某 些先決條件達成,方可完成,先決條件包括天津 公司須就其物業從有關中國政府部門取得預售許 可證。買賣協議構成本公司之須予披露及關連交 易,詳情載於本公司二零一零年九月十六日發出 之通函。

除上述外,本公司、其控股公司或其任何附屬公司或同系附屬公司於本年度內並無參與訂立任何 重大合約,而本公司董事於其中直接或間接擁有 重大權益。

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN A COMPETING BUSINESS

Mr. Ngai is a director and substantial shareholder of Winflower Investment Limited, Win Source Investment Limited, Key Fame Limited and Key Fund Limited, which are companies incorporated in Hong Kong and engaged in property investment.

In addition, Mr. Ngai's son, Mr. Ngai Wing Yin, who is aged over 18, holds a controlling beneficial interest in Lanon Development Limited, a company incorporated in Hong Kong and engaged in construction, maintenance and engineering contract works.

The power to make material business decisions for the Group is vested in the Board. Whenever the Board considers that there may be a conflict of interest between the Group and any Director, such Director (including Mr. Ngai who is the Chairman of the Board and a substantial shareholder of the Company) will be required to abstain from voting. Therefore, the Board is capable of carrying on the Group's business independently of, and at arm's length, from the business of Mr. Ngai.

Save as disclosed above, none of the Directors or their respective associates is interested in any business which are considered to compete or are likely to compete, either directly or indirectly, with the businesses of the Group.

董事於競爭性業務中的權益

魏先生為旋花投資有限公司、源捷投資有限公司、敦翹有限公司及智穎有限公司之董事兼主要 股東,該等公司均於香港註冊成立,並從事物業 投資。

此外,魏先生之兒子魏穎然先生(已超過18歲)於 亮雅發展有限公司持有控制性實益權益,亮雅發 展有限公司為一家於香港註冊成立之有限公司, 主要從事建築、維修及土木工程工作。

本集團作出重大業務決策的權力歸於董事會。每 當董事會認為本集團與任何董事之間可能有利益 衝突時,有關董事(包括作為本公司董事會主席 兼主要股東之魏先生)須放棄表決。因此,董事 會在經營本集團之業務時,能與魏先生的業務保 持獨立性和正常業務距離。

除上文所披露者外,董事及彼等各自之聯繫人士 並無於視為直接或間接與本集團業務構成競爭或 可能構成競爭的業務中擁有任何權益。

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES

At 31 March 2011, the interests and short positions of the directors in the share capital of the Company or its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO")), as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO, or as otherwise notified to the Company and The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code"), were as follows:

董事於股份及相關股份中之權益及淡倉

於二零一一年三月三十一日,根據證券及期貨條例(「證券及期貨條例(「證券及期貨條例」)第352條之規定而存置之本公司權益登記冊所記錄,或根據上市公司董事進行證券交易之標準守則(「標準守則」)而須知會本公司及香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)之規定,各董事擁有本公司或其相聯法團(見證券及期貨條例第十五部之定義)之股本中之權益及淡倉如下:

Long positions in ordinary shares of the Company:

有關本公司普通股之好倉:

Name of director 董事姓名	Notes 附註	Capacity and nature of interests 身份及權益性質	Number of ordinary shares held 所持普通股 數目	Percentage of issued share capital of the Company 佔本公司已發行 股份百分比
Ngai Chun Hung 魏振雄	(a)	As founder and beneficiary of a trust 作為一信託成立人及受益人	838,760,400	56.0%
		Personal 個人	5,406,000	0.4%
	(b)	Through controlled corporation 透過受控制法團持有	300,000,000	20.0%
			1,144,166,400	76.4%
Yau Kwok Fai 游國輝	(c)	Through controlled corporation 透過受控制法團持有	30,888,000	2.1%
Li Chi Pong 李治邦		Personal 個人	7,347,200	0.5%
Shek Yu Ming Joseph 石雨明		Personal 個人	8,448,000	0.6%
Ko Jan Ming 高贊明		Personal 個人	840,000	0.06%
Ip Kwok Him 葉國謙		Personal 個人	4,800	0.0003%
Fung Pui Cheung Eugene 馮培漳		Personal 個人	364,800	0.02%

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES (continued)

Notes:

- (a) These shares are legally and beneficially owned by Winhale Ltd., which is a company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands with limited liability and is ultimately beneficially, wholly owned by the Xyston Trust. The Xyston Trust is a discretionary family trust set up by Mr. Ngai for the benefits of himself and his family members.
- (b) The interest in these shares are attributable to Golden More Limited, which is a company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands with limited liability and is ultimately beneficially, wholly owned by Mr. Ngai. These shares are issuable to Golden More Limited (as the vendor) as part of the consideration for the sale and purchase agreement dated 26 August 2010 subject to the completion of the agreement.
- (c) These shares are legally and beneficially owned by Business Success Limited, the entire issued share capital of which is legally and beneficially owned by Mr. Yau Kwok Fai.

Share options of the Company:

董事於股份及相關股份中之權益及淡倉 (續)

附註:

- (a) 此等股份由Winhale Ltd.法定及實益擁有,該公司 乃於英屬維爾京群島註冊成立之有限公司,並由 Xyston Trust最終實益全資擁有。Xyston Trust乃 由魏先生設立之全權家族信託,受益人為魏先生 本人及其家族成員。
- (b) 此等股份之權利屬於金進有限公司。有待二零一 零年八月二十六日簽訂之買賣協議完成,此等股 份將會作為部份代價而須發行予金進有限公司(作 為賣方),該公司乃於英屬維爾京群島註冊成立 之有限公司,並由魏先生實益全資擁有。
- (c) 此等股份由Business Success Limited法定及實益擁有,該公司之全部已發行股本乃由游國輝先生法定及實益擁有。

本公司購股權:

		At			At		Exercise
	Date of grant	31 March	During	the year	31 March	Exercise period	price
	(d/m/y)	2010	於生	丰内	2011	(d/m/y)	(HK\$)
Director	授予日期	於二零一零年	Granted	Exercised	於二零一一年	行使期	行使價
董事	(日/月/年)	三月三十一日	授予	行使	三月三十一日	(日/月/年)	(港元)
Ngai Chun Hung 魏振雄	31/08/2007	844,800	-	-	844,800	03/09/2007 - 02/09/2012	0.40
Yau Kwok Fai 游國輝	31/08/2007	8,448,000	-	_	8,448,000	03/09/2007 - 02/09/2012	0.40
Shek Yu Ming Joseph 石雨明	31/08/2007	8,448,000	-	(8,448,000)	-	03/09/2007 - 02/09/2012	0.40
Li Chi Pong 李治邦	31/08/2007	8,448,000	_	_	8,448,000	03/09/2007 - 02/09/2012	0.40
Ko Jan Ming 高贊明	31/08/2007	844,800	_	(840,000)	4,800	03/09/2007 - 02/09/2012	0.40
Mak Hon Kuen Peter 麥漢權	02/06/2008	7,500,000	-	-	7,500,000	02/12/2008 - 01/12/2013	0.79

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES (continued)

In addition to the above, certain directors have non-beneficial personal equity interests in certain subsidiaries held for the benefit of the Company solely for the purpose of complying with the previous minimum company membership requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. Certain directors also have beneficial interests in non-voting deferred shares in a subsidiary which practically carry no rights to dividends or to receive notice of or to attend or vote at any general meeting or to participate in any distribution on the winding-up of the subsidiary.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 March 2011, none of the directors had registered an interest or short position in the shares or underlying shares of the Company or any of its associated corporations that was required to be recorded pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO, or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code.

DIRECTORS' RIGHTS TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

Save as disclosed under the heading "Directors' interests in contract" and "Directors' interests and short positions in shares and underlying shares" above, at no time during the year were rights to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in or debentures of the Company granted to any director or their respective spouses or minor children, or were any such rights exercised by them; or was the Company, its holding company, or any of its subsidiaries or fellow subsidiaries a party to any arrangement to enable the directors to acquire such rights in any other body corporate.

SHARE OPTION SCHEMES

At the annual general meeting of the Company held on 5 August 2002, the shareholders of the Company approved the adoption of a new share option scheme ("2002 Option Scheme") and the termination of the share option scheme adopted by the Company on 17 August 2000.

Particulars of the share option schemes of the Company are disclosed in note 30 to the financial statements.

董事於股份及相關股份中之權益及淡倉 (續)

除上文所述者外,若干董事代表本公司持有若干 附屬公司之非實益個人股份權益,此舉純粹為遵 守香港公司條例中過往有關公司股東數目之最低 規定。若干董事亦擁有附屬公司之無投票權遞延 股份之實益權益,該等股份實際上無權享有股息 或收取任何股東大會通告或出席股東大會或於股 東大會上投票或在附屬公司清盤時參與任何分 派。

除上文所披露者外,於二零一一年三月三十一日,根據證券及期貨條例第352條之規定作紀錄或根據標準守則而須知會本公司及聯交所之規定,並無董事登記有本公司或其任何相聯法團中之股份或相關股份中擁有權益或淡倉。

董事收購股份或債務證券之權益

除「董事之合約權益」及「董事於股份及相關股份中之權益及淡倉」兩節所披露者外,在本年度任何時間內,本公司之任何董事、彼等各自之配偶或未成年子女,概無獲授予任何權利致使其可藉著購入本公司股份或債務證券而獲取利益,彼等亦無行使該等任何權益,而本公司、其控股公司或其任何附屬公司或同系附屬公司亦無參與任何安排,致使董事可於任何其他法人團體中獲取該等權益。

購股權計劃

於二零零二年八月五日舉行之本公司股東週年大會上,本公司股東批准採納新購股權計劃(「二零零二年購股權計劃」)及終止本公司於二零零零年八月十七日採納之購股權計劃。

本公司購股權計劃之詳情於財務報表附註30中披露。

OUTSTANDING SHARE OPTIONS

Details of options outstanding at 31 March 2011 to subscribe for shares of the Company granted pursuant to the 2002 Option Scheme are set out below:

尚未行使的購股權

於二零一一年三月三十一日,按照二零零二年購 股權計劃授予而可認購本公司股份的尚未行使購 股權詳情列載如下:

Grantees 承授人	Date of grant (d/m/y) 授予日期 (日/月/年)	At 31 March 2010 於二零一零年 三月三十一日	Granted 授予	During the yea 於年內 Exercised 行使	r Lapsed 失效	At 31 March 2011 於二零一一年 三月三十一日	Exercise period (d/m/y) 行使期 (日/月/年)	Exercise price (HK\$) 行使價 (港元)
承双八	(日/月/午)	⇒д ⇒1 Н	1X 1,	11 1%	大双	—Д— I Н	(日/月/午)	(18 JL)
Directors 董事								
Ngai Chun Hung 魏振雄	31/08/07	844,800	-	-	-	844,800	03/09/07 - 02/09/12	0.400
Yau Kwok Fai 游國輝	31/08/07	8,448,000	-	-	-	8,448,000	03/09/07 - 02/09/12	0.400
Shek Yu Ming Joseph 石雨明	31/08/07	8,448,000	_	(8,448,000)	-	-	03/09/07 - 02/09/12	0.400
Li Chi Pong 李治邦	31/08/07	8,448,000	-	-	-	8,448,000	03/09/07 - 02/09/12	0.400
Ko Jan Ming 高贊明	31/08/07	844,800	-	(840,000)	-	4,800	03/09/07 - 02/09/12	0.400
Mak Hon Kuen Peter 麥漢權	02/06/08	7,500,000	-	-	-	7,500,000	02/12/08 - 01/12/13	0.790
Employees 員工								
In aggregate 總額	07/12/06	360,000	-	-	-	360,000	07/06/07 – 06/06/12	0.165

Further details of the Company's outstanding share options are given in note 30 to the financial statements.

有關本公司尚未行使購股權之進一步詳情,載於 財務報表附註30。

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' AND OTHER PERSONS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES

At 31 March 2011, according to the register of interests kept by the Company under section 336 of the SFO, and so far as was known to the directors or chief executives of the Company, the following persons, other than directors or chief executives of the Company, had an interest or short position in the shares or underlying shares which would require to be disclosed by the Company under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO, or who was directly or indirectly interested in 5% or more of the nominal value of any class of share capital carrying rights to vote in all circumstances at general meeting of the Company.

主要股東及其他人士於股份及相關股份中之權益及淡倉

於二零一一年三月三十一日,根據《證券及期貨條例》第336條之規定本公司須備存的權益登記冊所記錄,就本公司任何董事或最高行政人員所知,除本公司的董事或最高行政人員以外,下列人士擁有股份或相關股份的權益或淡倉而須根據《證券及期貨條例》第XV部第2及第3分部向本公司披露,或直接或間接擁有面值5%或以上的任何類別股本(附有在一切情况下在本公司的股東大會上投票的權利)。

Long positions:

好倉:

Name of shareholder 股東姓名/名稱	Notes 附註	Capacity and nature of interest 身份及權益性質	Number of ordinary shares held 所持有普通股 股份數目	Percentage of the Company's issued share capital 佔本公司已發行 股本百份比
Winhale Ltd. ("Winhale")	(a)	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	838,760,400	56.07%
Braveway Limited	(b)	As a trustee 作為信託人	838,760,400	56.07%
HSBC International Trustee Limited	(b)	As a trustee 作為信託人	838,760,400	56.07%
Dragon Gate Development Limited	(c)	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	166,742,000	11.15%
Chiu Koon Ming Andy 趙冠銘	(c)	Through a controlled corporation 透過受控制法團	166,742,000	11.15%
Golden More Limited 金進有限公司	(d)	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	300,000,000	20.05%

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' AND OTHER PERSONS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES (continued)

Notes:

- (a) The above interest in the name of Winhale was also disclosed as interest of Mr. Ngai under the heading "Directors' interests and short positions in shares and underlying shares" above. In addition, these shares are ultimately beneficially owned by Xyston Trust.
- (b) Braveway Limited and HSBC International Trustee Limited are deemed to be interested in the shares of the Company held by Winhale Ltd. by virtue of the fact that Winhale Ltd. is wholly owned by the trusts of which Braveway Limited and HSBC International Trustee Limited are the trustee.
- (c) 100% interest in Dragon Gate Development Limited are controlled by Mr. Chiu Koon Ming Andy.
- (d) The interest in the name of Golden More Limited is also disclosed as interests of Mr. Ngai under the heading "Directors' Interests in Securities".

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 March 2011, no person, other than the directors of the Company, whose interests are set out in the section headed "Directors' interests and short positions in shares and underlying shares" above, had registered an interest or short position in the shares or underlying shares of the Company that was required to be recorded pursuant to Section 336 of the SFO.

主要股東及其他人士於股份及相關股份中之權益及淡倉(續)

附註:

- (a) Winhale名義持有之上述權益亦於上文「董事於股份及相關股份中之權益及淡倉」一節中披露為魏先生之權益。此外,此等股份由Xyston Trust最終實益擁有。
- (b) Braveway Limited及HSBC International Trustee Limited被視為擁有由Winhale Ltd.持有之本公司 股份之權益。Winhale Ltd.事實上乃由Braveway Limited及HSBC International Trustee Limited作為信託人之信託全資擁有。
- (c) Dragon Gate Development Limited之所有權益乃 由趙冠銘先生控制。
- (d) 以金進有限公司名義持有之權益亦於「董事之證 券權益」一節中披露為魏先生之權益。

除上文所披露者外,於二零一一年三月三十一日,並無人士(本公司董事除外(其權益載於上文 「董事於股份及相關股份中之權益及淡倉」一節)) 在本公司股份或相關股份中擁有根據證券及期貨 條例第336條之規定須記錄之權益或淡倉。

CONNECTED AND RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

On 28 May 2010, the Company's wholly-owned subsidiary (as the landlord) and Lanon Development Limited (a company incorporated in Hong Kong, the controlling interest in which being beneficially owned by Mr. Ngai Wing Yin, the son of Mr. Ngai) (as the tenant) entered into a tenancy agreement for the lease of the Group's property at No. 157 Waterloo Road, Kowloon Tong, Kowloon, Hong Kong for a term of 3 years from 1 June 2010 to 31 May 2013 at a monthly rental of HK\$142,000. The tenancy agreement constituted a continuing connected transaction of the Company, details of which are disclosed in the Company's announcement dated 28 May 2010.

As disclosed in the section headed "Directors' interests in contracts" above, on 26 August 2010, the Company's whollyowned subsidiary entered into the SP Agreement with Golden More Limited, which is wholly-owned by Mr. Ngai. The SP Agreement constituted a discloseable and connected transaction of the Company, details of which are disclosed in the Company's circulated dated 16 September 2010.

Details of the related party transactions undertaken in the normal course of business but not constituting any discloseable transaction of the Company are disclosed in note 36 to the financial statements.

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the directors, at least 25% of the Company's total issued share capital was held by the public as at the date of this report.

關連及關聯方交易

於二零一零年五月二十八日,本公司全資附屬公司(作為業主)與亮雅發展有限公司(一家於香港註冊成立之有限公司,由魏先生之兒子魏穎然先生實益擁有其控制性之權益)(作為租戶)就本集團之物業香港九龍九龍塘窩打老道157號訂立一項租賃協議,租期為三年,由二零一零年六月一日至二零一三年五月三十一日,租金為每月142,000港元。租賃協議構成本公司之持續關連交易,詳情載於本公司二零一零年五月二十八日發出之公告。

如上文「董事之合約權益」一節所述,於二零一零年八月二十六日,本公司之全資附屬公司與由魏 先生全資擁有之金進有限公司簽訂買賣協議。買 賣協議構成本公司之須予披露及關連交易,詳情 載於本公司二零一零年九月十六日發出之通函。

在正常業務過程中進行而不構成任何本公司須予 披露的交易載於財務報表附註36。

足夠的公眾持股量

根據本公司可得的公眾資訊,並在董事所知範圍內,於本報告日期,本公司已發行股本總額最少有25%由公眾人士持有。

AUDITORS

The financial statements have been audited by Ernst & Young, who retire and, being eligible, offer themselves for reappointment at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD

核數師

財務報表已經由安永會計師事務所審核,其任滿 退任,符合資格,並願意在應屆股東週年大會上 獲續聘。

承董事會命

Ngai Chun Hung

Chairman

Hong Kong 25 June 2011 魏振雄

主席

香港

二零一一年六月二十五日

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

獨立核數師報告

型 Ernst & Young 安 永

To the shareholders of Vantage International (Holdings) Limited (Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability)

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Vantage International (Holdings) Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (together, the "Group") set out on pages 58 to 168, which comprise the consolidated and company statements of financial position as at 31 March 2011, and the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

AUDITORS' RESPONSIBILITY

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit. Our report is made solely to you, as a body, in accordance with Section 90 of the Bermuda Companies Act 1981, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

致盈信控股有限公司 全體股東

(於百慕達註冊成立之有限公司)

本核數師(以下簡稱「我們」) 已審核載於第58頁至168頁之盈信控股有限公司(「貴公司」) 及其附屬公司(統稱為「貴集團」) 的綜合財務報表,此綜合財務報表包括於二零一一年三月三十一日的綜合財務狀況表和公司財務狀況表與截至該日止年度的綜合全面收入表、綜合權益變動表、綜合現金流量表,以及主要會計政策概要和其他解釋資料。

董事就綜合財務報表須承擔的責任

貴公司董事須負責根據香港會計師公會頒佈的香港財務報告準則和《香港公司條例》的披露規定編製真實而公平的綜合財務報表,及落實其認為編製綜合財務報表所必要的內部控制,以確保綜合財務報表不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述。

核數師的責任

我們的責任是根據我們的審核對該等綜合財務報 表作出意見。我們的報告依據百慕達一九八一年 《公司法》第九十條僅為全體股東編製,而並不可 作其他目的。我們概不就本報告的內容對其他任 何人士負責或承擔責任。

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

獨立核數師報告

AUDITORS' RESPONSIBILITY (continued)

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

OPINION

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the Group as at 31 March 2011, and of the Group's profit and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards and have been properly prepared in accordance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

Ernst & Young
Certified Public Accountants
18th Floor, Two International Finance Centre
8 Finance Street, Central
Hong Kong

25 June 2011

核數師的責任(續)

我們已根據香港會計師公會頒佈的香港審核準則 的規定執行審核。這些準則要求我們遵守職業道 德規範,並規劃及執行審核,從而獲得合理確定 此等綜合財務報表是否不存有任何重大錯誤陳 述。

審核涉及執行程序以獲取有關綜合財務報表所載金額和披露資料的審核證據。所選定的程序取決於核數師的判斷,包括評估由於欺詐或錯誤而流發綜合財務報表存有重大錯誤陳述的風險。在討然等風險時,核數師考慮與該公司編製綜合計務報表以作出真實而公平的反映相關的內內調整制,以設計適當的審核程序,但並非對公司的對控制的有效性發表意見。審核亦包括評例的會計政策的合適性及作出的會計估計的合理性,以及評價綜合財務報表的整體列報方式。

我們相信,我們所獲得的審核證據充足且適當地 為我們的審核意見提供基礎。

意見

我們認為,該等綜合財務報表已根據香港財務報告準則真實而公平地反映 貴公司和 貴集團於二零一一年三月三十一日的財務狀況及 貴集團截至該日止年度的溢利和現金流量,並已按照《香港公司條例》的披露規定妥為編製。

安永會計師事務所 熱業會計師 香港 中環金融街8號 國際金融中心二期18樓

二零一一年六月二十五日



CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME 綜合全面收入表

Year ended 31 March 2011 截至二零一一年三月三十一日止年度

Tear chaca 31 March 2011 #4				
			2011	2010
			二零一一年	二零一零年
		Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元
REVENUE	收入	5	2,600,457	2,054,793
Contract costs	合約成本		(2,390,991)	(1,901,867)
Property expenses	物業開支		(1,085)	(894)
Gross profit	毛利		208,381	152,032
Cross prone	247		200,301	132,032
Other income and gains	其他收入及收益	5	181,179	129,601
Administrative expenses	行政開支		(55,437)	(45,897)
Other expenses	其他開支		_	(14)
Finance costs	財務費用	7	(5,617)	(7,319)
Share of profits and losses of	應佔共同控制實體溢利			
jointly-controlled entities	及虧損	19	10,993	152
PROFIT BEFORE TAX	除税前溢利	6	339,499	228,555
Income tax expense	税項支出	10	(55,163)	(36,386)
PROFIT AND TOTAL	年度溢利及			
COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	全面收入總額			
FOR THE YEAR	T 1nd 104/4 with 104		284,336	192,169
	对 // 马棒 // 1 座 //.			
Profit and total comprehensive income	母公司擁有人應佔 溢利及全面收入總額	1.1	204.226	102.170
attributable to owners of the parent	一位刊及至 田 牧八總領	11	284,336	192,169
EARNINGS PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO ORDINARY	母公司普通權益持有人 應佔每股盈利			
EQUITY HOLDERS OF THE PAREN		13		
(HK cents)	(港仙)			
Basic	基本		19.0	12.9
Diluted	攤薄		18.9	12.8
-				

Details of dividends are disclosed in note 12 to the financial 有關股息的詳情在財務報表附註12內披露。statements.



CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION 綜合財務狀況表

31 March 2011 於二零一一年三月三十一日

TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES	資產總值減流動負債		1,367,419	640,896	429,158
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES	流動負債淨值		(29,867)	(313,888)	(301,961)
Total current liabilities	流動負債總值		693,638	981,657	980,143
Interest-bearing bank loans	計息銀行貸款	27	230,983	576,877	583,150
Amount due to a jointly-controlled entity	恶刊	19	14,313	_	_
Other payables and accruals Amount due to a jointly-controlled	其他應付款及預提費用 應付共同控制實體款項	26	15,029	12,985	13,476
Tax payables and accruels	應付税項 其他確付執及預提费用	26	13,135	6,354	4,374
for contract work	工程款總額	20	77,630	84,171	140,657
Gross amount due to customers	應付客戶之合約	22		04.454	140.655
Accounts payable	應付賬款	25	342,548	301,270	238,486
CURRENT LIABILITIES	流動負債				
Total current assets	流動資產總值		663,771	667,769	678,182
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等值物	24	283,886	209,022	206,591
Pledged deposits	已抵押存款	24	1,075	1,075	5,512
Tax recoverable	可收回税項		417	447	629
entities	心 医八八甲亚甲基 医柳果	19	960	8,598	90
other receivables Amounts due from jointly-controlled	其他應收款 應收共同控制實體款項	23	35,314	57,381	43,866
Prepayments, deposits and	預付款項、按金及				
Accounts receivable	應收賬款	22	233,100	278,156	208,133
Properties held for sale	持有作出售之物業	21	82,124	81,116	40,833
Properties under development	發展中物業		_	-	30,338
for contract work	工程款總額	20	26,895	31,974	142,190
CURRENT ASSETS Gross amount due from customers	流動資產 應收客戶之合約				
Total non-current assets	非流動資產總值		1,397,286	954,784	731,119
T . 1	北达禹次文响片				721 110
Investments in jointly-controlled entities	於共同控制實體的投資	19	11,251	258	106
Investment properties	投資物業	16	859,674	692,226	471,892
Properties held for development	持有作發展之物業	15	251,806	_	127,000
NON-CURRENT ASSETS Property, plant and equipment	非流動資產 物業、機器及設備	14	274,555	262,300	132,121
				(經重列)	(經重列)
				(Restated)	(Restated)
		附註	千港元	千港元	千港元
		Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
			三月三十一日	三月三十一日	四月一日
			二零一一年	二零一零年	二零零九年
			2011	2010	2009
			31 March	31 March	1 April



CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

綜合財務狀況表

31 March 2011 於二零一一年三月三十一日

			31 March	31 March	1 April
			2011	2010	2009
			二零一一年	二零一零年	二零零九年
			三月三十一日	三月三十一日	四月一日
		Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元	千港元
				(Restated)	(Restated)
				(經重列)	(經重列)
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES	非流動負債				
Interest-bearing bank loans	計息銀行貸款	27	410,343	_	_
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債	28	58,761	30,632	11,093
Total non-current liabilities	非流動負債總值		469,104	30,632	11,093
Net assets	資產淨值		898,315	610,264	418,065
EQUITY	權益				
Equity attributable to owners of	母公司擁有者				
the parent	應佔權益				
Issued capital	已發行股本	29	37,419	37,187	37,182
Reserves	儲備	31(a)	860,896	573,077	380,883
Total equity	總權益		898,315	610,264	418,065

Ngai Chun Hung
Director
魏振雄
董事

Yau Kwok Fai

Director

游國輝
董事

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

綜合權益變動表

Year ended 31 March 2011 截至二零一一年三月三十一日止年度

		Issued capital 已發行 股本 HK\$'000	Share premium account 股份 溢價賬 HK\$'000 千港元	Contributed surplus 缴入 盈餘 HK\$'000 千港元	Goodwill reserve 商譽 儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	Share option reserve 購股權 儲備 HK\$'000	Retained profits 保留溢利 HK\$'000	Total equity 權益 總計 HK\$'000
At 1 April 2009	於二零零九年四月一日	37,182	168,454	11,421	(5,035)	6,098	199,945	418,065
Profit and total comprehensive income for the year	本年度溢利及全面 收入總額	-	_	-	-	-	192,169	192,169
Issue of shares (note 29)	發行股份(<i>附註29</i>)	5	25	-	-	-	-	30
Transfer upon exercise of share options (note 29)	因購股權獲行使而結轉 (附註29)	-	8	-	-	(8)	-	_
At 31 March 2010 and 1 April 2010	於二零一零年三月三十一日 及二零一零年四月一日	37,187	168,487*	11,421*	(5,035)*	6,090*	392,114*	610,264
Profit and total comprehensive income for the year	本年度溢利及全面 收入總額	-	-	-	-	-	284,336	284,336
Issue of shares (note 29)	發行股份(<i>附註29</i>)	232	3,483	-	-	-	-	3,715
Transfer upon exercise of share options (note 29)	因購股權獲行使而結轉 (附註29)	-	1,409	-	-	(1,409)	-	_
At 31 March 2011	於二零一一年三月三十一日	37,419	173,379*	11,421*	(5,035)*	4,681*	676,450*	898,315

^{*} These reserve accounts comprise the consolidated reserves of HK\$860,896,000 (2010: HK\$573,077,000) in the consolidated statement of financial position.

^{*} 此等儲備賬目包括於綜合財務狀況表中之綜合儲 備860,896,000港元(二零一零年:573,077,000港 元)。



CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

綜合現金流量表

Year ended 31 March 2011 截至二零一一年三月三十一日止年度

			2011	2010
			二零一一年	二零一零年
		NT .		
		Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元
				(Restated)
				(經重列)
				(12227)
CACH ELOWIC EDOM ODED ATINIC	颁然张政 子用 众			
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING	經營業務之現金流量			
ACTIVITIES				
Profit before tax	除税前溢利		339,499	228,555
Adjustments for:	就下列項目作出調整:			
Finance costs	財務費用	7	5,617	7,319
	應佔共同控制實體溢利	1	3,011	1,517
Share of profits and losses of		4.0	((1.72)
jointly-controlled entities	及虧損	19	(10,993)	(152)
Interest income	利息收入	5	(16,212)	(5,966)
Depreciation	折舊	6	8,688	7,418
(Gain)/loss on disposal of items	出售物業、機器及設備		'	.,.
	項目之(收益)/虧損	6	(26)	1.4
of property, plant and equipment		6	(36)	14
Changes in fair value of investment	投資物業公平值			
properties, net	變動,淨額	5	(160,001)	(117,798)
			166,562	119,390
			100,502	117,570
/T	应收 44 日 校 40			
(Increase)/decrease in amounts due from	應收共同控制			
jointly-controlled entities	實體款項(增加)/減少		7,638	(8,508)
Decrease in gross amount due from	應收客戶之合約工程款			
customers for contract work	總額減少		5,079	110,216
Increase in properties under development	發展中物業增加		_	(9,908)
	持有作出售之物業增加		(904)	(7,700)
Increase in properties held for sale			, , ,	(52.222)
(Increase)/decrease in accounts receivable	應收賬款(增加)/減少		45,056	(70,023)
(Increase)/decrease in prepayments,	預付款項、按金及其他			
deposits and other receivables	應收款(增加)/減少		22,067	(13,515)
Increase in accounts payable	應付賬款增加		41,278	62,784
Decrease in gross amount due to customers	應付客戶之合約工程款		11,210	02,101
_			(6.5.41)	(56.406)
for contract work	總額減少		(6,541)	(56,486)
Increase/(decrease) in other payables	其他應付款及預提費用			
and accruals	增加/(減少)		2,044	(491)
Increase in amount due to	應付共同控制實體款項			
a jointly-controlled entity	增加		14,313	_
a jointry controlled entity	~ H //H		17,515	
0.1	本 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		201701	100 150
Cash generated from operations	來自營運之現金		296,592	133,459
Interest received	已收利息		16,212	5,966
Interest paid	已付利息		(8,472)	(9,356)
Hong Kong profits tax paid	已付香港利得税		(20,223)	(14,685)
			(,==3)	(-1,3)
N . 1 (1 . (颁然张政玄小 子			
Net cash flows from operating	經營業務產生之			
activities	現金流量淨額		284,109	115,384



CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

綜合現金流量表

Year ended 31 March 2011 截至二零一一年三月三十一日止年度

10a. chaca 21 11a.ch 2011	1 = 1 11 11 12			
		Notes 附註	2011 二零一一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2010 二零一零年 HK\$'000 <i>千港元</i> (Restated) (經重列)
Net cash flows from operating activities	經營業務產生之 現金流量淨額		284,109	115,384
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING	投資業務之現金流量			
ACTIVITIES Additions of items of property, plant and equipment Additions to properties held	增加物業、機器及 設備項目 增加持進作發展		(19,783)	(4,917)
for development Additions to investment properties Proceeds from disposal of items of property,	之物業 增加投資物業 出售物業、機器及設備項目		(222,972) (5,856)	(4,768) (101,487)
plant and equipment Decrease in pledged deposits Acquisition of a subsidiary that	之所得款項 抵押存款減少 收購並非業務		36 -	25 3,336
is not a business	的附屬公司	32	(28,834)	
Net cash flows used in investing activities	投資業務使用之現金 流量淨額		(277,409)	(107,811)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	融資業務之現金流量			
Proceeds from exercise of share options New bank loans Repayment of bank loans	購股權獲行使的所得款項 新增銀行貸款 償還銀行貸款	29	3,715 482,045 (417,596)	30 388,819 (391,610)
Net cash flows from/(used in) financing activities	融資業務產生/(使用)之 現金流量淨額		68,164	(2,761)
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND	現金及現金等值物 増加淨額		74 964	4 012
CASH EQUIVALENTS Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	年初之現金及現金等值物		74,864	4,812 205,285
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR	年末之現金及現金等值物		284,961	210,097
ANALYSIS OF BALANCES OF CASH	現金及現金等值物結餘之			
AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Cash and bank balances Non-pledged time deposits with original	分析 現金及銀行結餘 購買用日子於	24	230,442	164,860
maturity of less than three months when acquired	三個月之無抵押 定期存款	24	53,444	44,162
Cash and cash equivalents as stated in the consolidated statement of financial position	綜合財務狀況表內所述的 現金及現金等值物		283,886	209,022
Time deposits with original maturity of less than three months when acquired, pledged as security against bank	已抵押作為銀行透支額及 購買時原有到期日少於 三個月之定期存款		203,000	207,022
overdraft facilities	一門月~仁翔竹孫	24	1,075	1,075
Cash and cash equivalents as stated in the consolidated statement of cash flows	綜合現金流量表內所述的 現金及現金等值物		284,961	210,097



STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION 財務狀況表

31 March 2011 於二零一一年三月三十一日

			2011	2010
		Notes	二零一一年	二零一零年
		Notes 附註	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附着土	千港元	千港元
NON-CURRENT ASSETS	非流動資產			
Investments in subsidiaries	於附屬公司的投資	18	285,795	280,568
CURRENT ASSETS	流動資產			
Tax recoverable	可收回税項		_	387
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等值物	24	365	493
Total current assets	流動資產總值		365	880
CURRENT LIABILITIES	流動負債			
Other payables	其他應付款	26	208	208
Tax payable	應付税項		173	
Total current liabilities	流動負債總值		381	208
NET CURRENT ASSETS/(LIABILITIE	ES) 流動資產/(負債)淨值		(16)	672
Net assets	資產淨值		285,779	281,240
EQUITY	權益			
Issued capital	已發行股本	29	37,419	37,187
Reserves	儲備	31(b)	248,360	244,053
Total equity	總權益		285,779	281,240

Ngai Chun Hung
Director
魏振雄
董事

Yau Kwok Fai Director 游國輝 董事

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一目

1. CORPORATE INFORMATION

Vantage International (Holdings) Limited (the "Company") is a limited liability company incorporated in Bermuda. The registered office of the Company is located at Clarendon House, 2 Church Street, Hamilton HM 11, Bermuda. The principal place of business of the Company is located at No. 155 Waterloo Road, Kowloon Tong, Kowloon, Hong Kong.

During the year, the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") engaged in the following principal activities:

- a wide range of construction, civil engineering, maintenance and other contract works in public and private sectors in Hong Kong
- property investment and development

The Company is a public company with its shares listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange").

In the opinion of the directors, the parent and the ultimate holding company of the Company is Winhale Ltd. ("Winhale"), which is incorporated in the British Virgin Islands.

2.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") (which include all Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards, Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKASs") and Interpretations) issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the "HKICPA"), accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. They have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except for investment properties, which have been measured at fair value. These financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$") and all values are rounded to the nearest thousand except when otherwise indicated.

1. 公司資料

盈信控股有限公司(「本公司」)為一家於百慕達註冊成立之有限公司。本公司之註冊辦事處位於Clarendon House, 2 Church Street, Hamilton HM 11, Bermuda。本公司之主要營業地點位於香港九龍九龍塘窩打老道155號。

於本年度內,本公司及其附屬公司(統稱為 「本集團」)從事下列主要業務:

- 於香港承辦各類公營及私營機構之建 造、土木工程、保養及其他合約工程
- 物業投資及發展

本公司為一家公眾公司,其股份在香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)主板上市。

董事認為,本公司之母公司及最終控股公司為於英屬維爾京群島註冊成立之Winhale Ltd.(「Winhale」)。

2.1 編製基準

本財務報表乃遵照香港會計師公會(「香港會計師公會」)頒佈之香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報告準則(「香港會計準則」)(包括所有香港財務報告準則、香港會計準則(「香港會計準則」)及詮釋)、香港普遍採納之會計原則及香港公司條例之披露規定而編製。本財務報表乃遵照歷史成本法而編製,惟投資物業按公平值計量除外。本財務報表以港元(「港元」)列報,除另有説明者外,所有價值均準確至千位。

財務報表附註

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一目

2.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION (continued)

Basis of consolidation

Basis of consolidation from 1 April 2010

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries for the year ended 31 March 2011. The financial statements of the subsidiaries are prepared for the same reporting period as the Company, using consistent accounting policies. The results of subsidiaries are consolidated from the date of acquisition, being the date on which the Group obtains control, and continue to be consolidated until the date that such control ceases. All intra-group balances, transactions, unrealised gains and losses resulting from intra-group transactions and dividends are eliminated on consolidation in full.

A change in the ownership interest of a subsidiary, without a loss of control, is accounted for as an equity transaction.

If the Group loses control over a subsidiary, it derecognises (i) the assets (including goodwill) and liabilities of the subsidiary, (ii) the carrying amount of any non-controlling interest and (iii) the cumulative translation differences recorded in equity; and recognises (i) the fair value of the consideration received, (ii) the fair value of any investment retained and (iii) any resulting surplus or deficit in profit or loss. The Group's share of components previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified to profit or loss or retained profits, as appropriate.

2.1 編製基準(續)

綜合基準

綜合基準,由二零一零年四月一日起

綜合財務報表包括本公司及其附屬公司截至 二零一一年三月三十一日止年度的財務報 表。附屬公司的財務報表採用與本公司一致 的會計政策及報告期間編制。附屬公司的致 營成果自購買之日起綜合,該收購日是本集 團取得控制權之日期,並繼續綜合附屬公司 直至控制權終止。本集團內部各公司之間的 所有結餘、交易、因集團內交易而產生的未 實現損益以及股息於綜合賬目時全部抵銷。

附屬公司中不導致喪失控制權的所有者權益 變動作為權益交易核算。

如果本集團失去了對附屬公司的控制權,將 終止確認:(i)附屬公司資產(包括商譽)和負 債;(ii)非控制性權益的賬面金額;及(iii)計 入權益的累計折算差異;並確認:(i)收到代 價的公平價值;(ii)剩餘投資的公平價值; 以及(iii)在損益中確認由此產生的損益。本 集團之前確認的其他全面收益構成部分應適 當地重分類計入損益或保留溢利。

財務報表附註

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一目

2.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION (continued)

Basis of consolidation (continued)

Basis of consolidation prior to 1 April 2010

Certain of the above-mentioned requirements have been applied on a prospective basis. The following differences, however, are carried forward in certain instances from the previous basis of consolidation:

- Acquisitions of non-controlling interests (formerly known as minority interests), prior to 1 April 2010, were accounted for using the parent entity extension method, whereby the differences between the consideration and the book value of the share of the net assets acquired were recognised in goodwill.
- Losses incurred by the Group were attributed to the non-controlling interest until the balance was reduced to nil. Any further excess losses were attributable to the parent, unless the non-controlling interest had a binding obligation to cover these. Losses prior to 1 April 2010 were not reallocated between non-controlling interest and the parent shareholders.

2.2 NET CURRENT LIABILITIES

As at 31 March 2011, the current liabilities of the Group exceeded its current assets by HK\$29,867,000. The Group finances its operations by revenue generated in the normal course of business, obtaining credit terms from suppliers and interest-bearing bank borrowings.

As further explained in note 2.3 below, during the year, the Group adopted HK Interpretation 5, following which the Group's term bank loans with an aggregate carrying amount of HK\$83,951,000 as at 31 March 2011 were reclassified as current liabilities. This in turn has impacted on the amount of net current liabilities presented in the Group's consolidated statement of financial position. Further details about the effect on the financial statements and the directors' assessment of the impact on the Group's liquidity arising from this change are included in notes 2.3 and 37 to the financial statements, respectively.

2.1 編製基準(續)

綜合基準(續)

綜合基準,於二零一零年四月一日前

本集團對上述的某些要求已經採用未來適用 法。但是,以下源自以前年度綜合基準的差 異在某些情況下予以遞延:

- 在二零一零年四月一日之前,對收購非控制性權益(前稱為少數股東權益)採用母公司實體延伸法進行會計處理,根據該方法,收購淨資產的代價和股份應佔賬面價值之間的差額確認為商譽。
- 本集團產生的虧損會歸屬於非控制性權益,直至餘額為零。其他任何超額的虧損由母公司承擔,除非非控股股東有具約束力義務承擔該虧損。在二零一零年四月一日之前產生的虧損不再於母公司股東和非控股股東之間重新分配。

2.2 流動負債淨值

於二零一一年三月三十一日,本集團之流動 負債比流動資產超出29,867,000港元。本集 團之營運資金來自正常業務過程中產生的收 入、供應商提供信貸及計息銀行貸款。

如以下附註2.3所述,於本年度內,本集團因採用香港詮釋第5號而將於二零一一年三月三十一日的賬面值合共83,591,000港元之有期銀行貸款重列為流動負債,於是影響到本集團之綜合財務狀況表上所列的流動負債淨值。有關此變動對財務報表的影響以及董事有關此項變更對本集團資金流動性之影響的評估的進一步詳情,分別載於財務報表附註2.3及37。

財務報表附註

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一日

2.2 NET CURRENT LIABILITIES (continued)

On the other hand, as at 31 March 2011, the Group had unutilised credit facilities from banks of HK\$602,767,000. The directors of the Company are not aware of any banks having the intention to reduce the credit facilities granted to the Group. Moreover, the Group has complied with all loan covenants and made all scheduled payments on time up to the date of approval of these financial statements.

Accordingly, the directors of the Company are of the opinion that, taking into account the presently available banking facilities and internal financial resources of the Group, the Group has sufficient working capital for its present requirements. Hence, these financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

2.3 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICY AND DISCLOSURES

The Group has adopted the following new and revised HKFRSs for the first time for the current year's financial statements.

HKFRS 1 (Revised) First-time Adoption of Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards HKFRS 1 Amendments Amendments to HKFRS 1 First-time Adoption of Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards - Additional Exemptions for First-time Adopters HKFRS 2 Amendments Amendments to HKFRS 2 Share-based Payment - Group Cash-settled Share-based Payment Transactions HKFRS 3 (Revised) **Business Combinations** HKAS 27 (Revised) Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements HKAS 32 Amendment Amendment to HKAS 32 Financial Instruments: Presentation - Classification of Right Issues

2.2 流動負債淨值(續)

另一方面,本集團於二零一一年三月三十一 日共有602,767,000港元之銀行信貸額尚未動 用。本公司董事並未察覺有任何銀行有意調 低已給予本集團之信貸額。此外,至本財務 報表批准日,本集團一直遵守所有貸款契 約,且依時還款。

根據上述,考慮到集團目前可動用的銀行信貸及內部財務資源,本公司董事認為本集團 有充裕營運資金應付目前需要。因此,本財 務報表按持續經營之基準編製。

2.3 會計政策及披露之變動

本集團編製本年度財務報表時首次採用以下新制訂和經修訂的香港財務報告準則。

香港財務報告準則第1號 (經修訂)	「首次採納香港財務報告準則」
香港財務報告準則	香港財務報告準則第1號
第1號(修訂)	「首次採納香港財務報告
	準則」的修訂一首次
	採納者之額外豁免
香港財務報告準則第2號	香港財務報告準則第2號
(修訂)	「以股份為基礎的付款」的
	修訂一集團內以現金結算的
	以股份為基礎的支付交易
香港財務報告準則第3號	「企業合併」
(經修訂)	
香港會計準則第27號	「綜合及單獨財務報表」
(經修訂)	
香港會計準則第32號(修訂)	香港會計準則第32號
	「金融工具:列報」的修訂
	一供股之分類

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

財務報表附註

2.3 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICY AND DISCLOSURES (continued)

DISCLUSURES (continued)		
HKAS 39 Amendment	Amendment to HKAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement – Eligible Hedged Items	
HK(IFRIC)-Int 17	Distributions of Non-cash Assets to Owners	
HKFRS 5 Amendments included in Improvements to HKFRSs issued in October 2008	Amendments to HKFRS 5 Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations – Plan to sell the controlling interest in a subsidiary	
Improvements to HKFRSs 2009	Amendments to a number of HKFRSs issued in May 2009	
HK Interpretation 4 Amendment	Amendment to HK Interpretation 4 Leases— Determination of the Length of Lease Term in respect of Hong Kong Land Leases	
HK Interpretation 5	Presentation of Financial Statements – Classification by the Borrower of a Term Loan that Contains a Repayment on Demand Clause	

Other than as further explained below regarding the impact of HKFRS 3 (Revised), HKAS 27 (Revised), amendments to HKAS 7 and HKAS 17 included in Improvements to HKFRSs 2009, HK Interpretation 4 (Revised in December 2009) and HK Interpretation 5, the adoption of the new and revised HKFRSs has had no significant financial effect on these financial statements.

2.3 會計政策及披露之變動(續)

香港會計準則第39號(修訂)	香港會計準則第39號
	「金融工具:確認和計量」
	的修訂一合資格套期項目
香港(國際財務報告詮釋	向擁有人分派非現金資產
委員會) 詮釋第17號	
載於二零零八年十月	香港財務報告準則第5號
發出的香港財務報告	「持有待售的非流動資產和
準則改善內香港財務	已終止經營業務」的修訂
報告準則第5號(修訂)	一計劃出售附屬公司的
	控制權益
香港財務報告準則的改善	對若干於二零零九年五月
(二零零九年度)	發出的香港財務報告準則
	的修訂
香港詮釋第4號(修訂)	對香港詮釋第4號的
	修訂「租賃一就香港土地
	租賃釐定租賃期長短」
香港詮釋第5號	財務報表的列報一借款人
	對含有按要求隨時付還條文

除下文就香港財務報告準則第3號(經修 訂)、香港會計準則第27號(經修訂)、對香 港會計準則第7號及香港會計準則第17號的 修訂(包含在改善香港財務報告準則(二零 零九年度)中)、香港詮釋第4號(二零零九年 十二月經修訂)及香港詮釋第5號的影響所進 一步解釋者外,採用這些新制訂和經修訂的 香港財務報告準則對這些財務報表無重大財 務影響。

的定期貸款的分類

財務報表附註

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一目

2.3 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICY AND DISCLOSURES (continued)

The principal effects of adopting these new and revised HKFRSs are as follows:

(a) HKFRS 3 (Revised) Business Combinations and HKAS 27 (Revised) Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements

HKFRS 3 (Revised) introduces a number of changes in the accounting for business combinations that affect the initial measurement of non-controlling interests, the accounting for transaction costs, the initial recognition and subsequent measurement of a contingent consideration and business combinations achieved in stages. These changes will impact the amount of goodwill recognised, the reported results in the period that an acquisition occurs, and future reported results.

HKAS 27 (Revised) requires that a change in the ownership interest of a subsidiary without loss of control is accounted for as an equity transaction. Therefore, such a change will have no impact on goodwill, nor will it give rise to a gain or loss. Furthermore, the revised standard changes the accounting for losses incurred by the subsidiary as well as the loss of control of a subsidiary. Consequential amendments were made to various standards, including, but not limited to HKAS 7 Statement of Cash Flows, HKAS 12 Income Taxes, HKAS 21 The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates, HKAS 28 Investments in Associates and HKAS 31 Interests in Joint Ventures.

The changes introduced by these revised standards are applied prospectively and affect the accounting of acquisitions, loss of control and transactions with non-controlling interests after 1 April 2010.

2.3 會計政策及披露之變動(續)

採用這些新制定和經修訂的香港財務報告準 則的主要影響如下:

(a) 香港財務報告準則第3號(經修訂)「企 業合併」和香港會計準則第27號(經修 訂)「綜合及單獨財務報表」

> 香港財務報告準則第3號(經修訂)引進 了企業合併會計處理的多項變更,這些 變更涉及非控制性權益的初始計量,交 易費用的會計處理,或有代價的初始確 認和後續計量,以及分步合併。這些變 更會影響商譽的確認金額,某項收購發 生期間及未來的損益報告業績。

> 香港會計準則第27號(經修訂)要求對未失去控股權的附屬公司所有者權益變更作為權益性交易原則進行會計處理。因此,這種變更對商譽無影響,也不產生損益。而且,經修訂的準則修改了對附屬公司的虧損以及對附屬公司的虧損以及對附屬公司的虧損以及對附屬公司喪失控制權的會計處理。隨後的修訂涉及至數權的會計處理。隨後的修訂涉及多個準則,包括但不限於香港會計準則第21號「所得稅」、香港會計準則第21號「所得稅」、香港會計準則第21號「匯率變動的影響」、香港會計準則第28號「對聯營公司投資」和香港會計準則第31號「合營中權益」。

這些經修訂的準則變更應用未來適用法 並影響發生在二零一零年四月一日之後 的收購、喪失控制權以及與非控制性權 益的交易的會計處理。



31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一目

- 2.3 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICY AND DISCLOSURES (continued)
 - (b) Improvements to HKFRSs 2009 and HK
 Interpretation 4 Amendment: Leases –
 Determination of the Length of Lease Term in
 respect of Hong Kong Land Leases
 Improvements to HKFRSs 2009 issued in May 2009
 sets out amendments to a number of HKFRSs. There
 are separate transitional provisions for each standard.
 While the adoption of some of the amendments
 results in changes in accounting policies, none of
 these amendments has had a significant financial
 impact on the Group. Details of the key amendments
 most applicable to the Group are as follows:
 - HKAS 7 Statement of Cash Flows: Requires that
 only expenditures that result in a recognised
 asset in the statement of financial position
 can be classified as a cash flow from investing
 activities.
 - HKAS 17 Leases: Removes the specific guidance on classifying land as a lease. As a result, leases of land should be classified as either operating or finance leases in accordance with the general guidance in HKAS 17.

Amendment to HK Interpretation 4 is revised as a consequence of the amendment to HKAS 17 Leases included in *Improvements to HKFRSs* 2009. Following this amendment, the scope of HK Interpretation 4 has been expanded to cover all land leases, including those classified as finance leases. As a result, this interpretation is applicable to all leases of property accounted for in accordance with HKAS 16, HKAS 17 and HKAS 40.

2.3 會計政策及披露之變動(續)

(b) 香港財務報告準期的改善(二零零九年 度)及香港詮釋第4號的修訂「租賃—就 香港土地租賃釐定租賃期長短」

> 二零零九年五月發布的「改善香港財務 報告準則(二零零九年度)」包括對多項 香港財務報告準則的修訂。每項準則都 存在各自的過渡條款。雖然採用其中的 一些修訂會導致會計政策的變更,但這 些修訂對於本集團並沒有重大財務影 響。最適用於本集團的關鍵變更詳細列 示如下:

- 香港會計準則第7號「現金流量 表」:要求只有能夠於財務狀況表 上可確認為資產的支出才可以被 分類為投資活動的現金流。
- 香港會計準則第17號「租賃」:取消 將土地分類為租賃的特定指引。因 此土地租賃根據香港會計準則第 17號的一般指引可以分類為經營 租賃或融資租賃。

香港詮釋第4號因「改善香港財務 報告準則(二零零九年度)」所載對 香港會計準則第17號「租賃」的修 改而修訂。修訂後,香港詮釋第4 號的範圍已經擴大至覆蓋所有土 地租賃。包括分類為融資租賃的土 地租賃。因此,該詮釋適用於按照 香港會計準則第16號、香港會計準 則第17號及香港會計準則第40號核 算的所有物業租賃。

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一目

2.3 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICY AND DISCLOSURES (continued)

(b) Improvements to HKFRSs 2009 and HK
 Interpretation 4 Amendment: Leases –
 Determination of the Length of Lease Term in respect of Hong Kong Land Leases (continued)

The Group has reassessed its leases in Hong Kong, previously classified as operating leases, upon the adoption of the amendments. As substantially all the risks and rewards associated with the leases in Hong Kong have been transferred to the Group, the leases in Hong Kong have been reclassified from operating leases under "prepaid land lease payments" to finance leases under "property, plant and equipment". The corresponding amortisation has also been reclassified to depreciation. The effects of the above changes are summarised below:

2.3 會計政策及披露之變動(續)

(b) 香港財務報告準期的改善(二零零九年 度)及香港詮釋第4號的修訂「租賃—就 香港土地租賃釐定租賃期長短」(續)

> 於採用修訂後,本集團重新評估了 以前被分類為經營租賃的租賃。 於與位於香港的租賃有關的租赁 部份風險和回報已經轉移到租赁 國,因此,該等位於香港的租賃 經由「預付土地租賃付款額」項 之經營租賃,重分類為「物業、相關 攤銷亦已經重分類為折舊。上述變 動的影響概述如下:

		2011	2010
		二零一一年	二零一零年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Consolidated statement of comprehensive income for the year ended 31 March	截至三月三十一日止年度的 綜合全面收入表		
Decrease in amortisation of prepaid land lease payments	預付土地租賃付款額 攤銷減少	(3,015)	(3,015)
Increase in depreciation of property, plant and equipment	物業、機器及設備 折舊增加	3,015	3,015
		_	_

財務報表附註

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一目

- 2.3 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICY AND DISCLOSURES (continued)
 - (b) Improvements to HKFRSs 2009 and HK Interpretation 4 Amendment: Leases – Determination of the Length of Lease Term in respect of Hong Kong Land Leases (continued)
- 2.3 會計政策及披露之變動(續)
 - (b) 香港財務報告準則的改善(二零零九年 度)及香港詮釋第4號的修訂「租賃—就 香港土地租賃釐定租賃期長短」(續)

於三月三十一日的 綜合財務狀況表	2011 二零一一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2010 二零一零年 HK\$'000 千港元
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		'
	千港元	千港元
綜合財務狀況表		
預付土地租賃付款額		
淨額減少	(108,955)	(111,970)
物業、機器及設備		
淨額增加	108,955	111,970
	_	_
	淨額減少 物業、機器及設備	淨額減少 (108,955) 物業、機器及設備

2009 二零零九年 HK\$'000 千港元

Consolidated statement of 於四月一日的 financial position at 1 April 綜合財務狀況表

Decrease in prepaid land lease payments, net
Increase in property, plant and equipment, net

預付土地租賃付款額 淨額減少 物業、機器及設備 淨額增加

(114,985)

114,985

Due to the retrospective application of the amendments which has resulted in the restatement of items in the consolidated statement of financial position, a consolidated statement of financial position as at 1 April 2009, and the related notes affected by the amendments have been presented in these financial statements.

由於須追溯應用以上修訂而須重列 綜合財務狀況表內的項目,故本集 團在本綜合財務報表內載有經重列 之二零零九年四月一日綜合財務 狀況表及受修訂影響的相關附註。

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一目

2.3 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICY AND DISCLOSURES (continued)

(c) HK Interpretation 5: Presentation of Financial Statements – Classification by the Borrower of a Term Loan that Contains a Repayment on Demand Clause

HK Interpretation 5 requires that a loan that contains a clause that gives the lender the unconditional right to call the loan at any time shall be classified in total by the borrower as current in the statement of financial position. This is irrespective of whether a default event has occurred and notwithstanding any other terms and maturity stated in the loan agreement.

Prior to the adoption of this interpretation, the Group's term loans were classified in the consolidated statement of financial position separately as to the current and non-current liability portions based on the maturity dates of repayment. Upon the adoption of the interpretation, the term loans that contain a repayment on demand clause have been reclassified entirely as current liabilities. The interpretation has been applied by the Group retrospectively and comparative amounts have been restated. In addition, as a result of this change and as required by HKAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements, these financial statements also include a consolidated statement of financial position as at 1 April 2009.

2.3 會計政策及披露之變動(續)

(c) 香港詮釋第5號「財務報表的列報:借款 人對含有按要求隨時付選條文的有期 貸款的分類」

香港詮釋第5號要求如果貸款的條款包括給予貸款人無附帶條件的權利以隨時召回貸款,不論有否發生失責事件,亦不論貸款協議所載任何其他條款及到期日,借款人均須將貸款全數在財務狀況表上分類為流動負債。

於採用該詮釋前,在綜合財務狀況表內,本集團的有期貸款根據到期還款日分別分類為流動及非流動負債部分。於採用該詮釋後,含有可隨時要求還款條文的有期貸款已經全數重分類為流動負債。本集團已經追溯應用該詮釋,並負重列比較數字。此外,由於此項變動,並按香港會計準則第1號「財務報表的列報」的要求,本集團已在本綜合財務報表內載有經重列之二零零九年四月一日綜合財務狀況表。

財務報表附註

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一日

- 2.3 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICY AND DISCLOSURES (continued)
 - (c) HK Interpretation 5: Presentation of Financial Statements Classification by the Borrower of a Term Loan that Contains a Repayment on Demand Clause (continued)

The above change has had no effect on the consolidated statement of comprehensive income. The effect on the consolidated statement of financial position is summarised as follows:

2.3 會計政策及披露之變動(續)

(c) 香港詮釋第5號/財務報表的列報:借款 人對含有按要求隨時付選條文的有期 貸款的分類/(續)

> 上述變動對綜合全面收入表並無影響。 對綜合財務狀況表的影響概述如下:

	31 March	31 March	At 1 April
	2011	2010	2009
	二零一一年	二零一零年	二零零九年
	三月三十一日	三月三十一日	四月一日
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	千港元	千港元	千港元
CURRENT LIABILITIES 流動負債 Increase in interest-bearing bank loans ***	83,951	398,773	381,483
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES 非流動負債 Decrease in interest-bearing 計息銀行貸款減少 bank loans	(83,951)	(398,773)	(381,483)

There was no impact on the net assets of the Group.

本集團的資產淨值並沒有受到影響。

Further details of the loans are disclosed in note 27 to the financial statements.

有關貸款的進一步詳情在財務報表附註 27內披露。

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一日

2.4 ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE HKFRSs

The Group has not applied the following new and revised HKFRSs, that have been issued but are not yet effective, in these financial statements. Among the new and revised HKFRSs, the following are expected to be relevant to the Group's financial statements upon becoming effective.

HKFRS 7 Amendments Amendments to HKFRS 7 Financial

Instruments: Disclosures - Transfers

of Financial Assets 2

HKFRS 9 Financial Instruments ⁴

HKAS 12 Amendments Amendments to HKAS 12 Income Taxes:

Deferred tax – Recovery of Underlying Assets ³

HKAS 24 (Revised) Related Party Disclosures ¹

Apart from the above, the HKICPA has issued *Improvements to HKFRSs 2010* which sets out amendments to a number of HKFRSs primarily with a view to removing inconsistencies and clarifying wording. The amendments to HKFRS 3 and HKAS 27 are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2010, whereas the amendments to HKFRS 1, HKFRS 7, HKAS 1, HKAS 34 and HK(IFRIC)-Int 13 are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2011 although there are separate transitional provisions for each standard.

- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2011
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2011
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2012
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013

2.4 已頒布但尚未生效的香港財務報告 進則

本集團在這些財務報表尚未採用下列已發布 但尚未生效的新制訂和經修訂的香港財務報 告準則。在新制訂和經修訂的香港財務報告 準則當中,預期以下各項將於生效後與本集 團的財務報表有關。

香港財務報告準則 香港財務報告準則第7號

第7號(修訂) 「金融工具:披露」的

修訂:轉讓金融資產2

香港財務報告準則第9號 金融工具 4

香港會計準則 香港會計準則第12號 第12號(修訂) *「所得税 | 的修訂:差*

「所得税」的修訂: 遞延 税項:收回相關資產³

香港會計準則 關聯方披露 1

第24號(經修訂)

除上文所述者外,香港會計師公會亦已經 頒布「改善香港財務報告準則(二零一零年 度)」,其載有對若干香港財務報告準則所 作的修訂,主要旨在除去不一致情況及使文 字更清晰。對香港財務報告準則第3號及香 港會計準則第27號的修訂適用於二零一 七月一日或以後開始的年度期間,而對 財務報告準則第1號、香港財務報告 對務報告準則第1號、香港會計準則第 34號及香港(國際財務報告詮釋委員會)設 釋第13號的修訂則適用於二零一年一月一 日或以後開始的年度期間,儘管個別準則有 各自的過渡性規定。

- ¹ 適用於二零一一年一月一日或以後開始的年 度期間
- ² 適用於二零一一年七月一日或以後開始的年 度期間
- 適用於二零一二年一月一日或以後開始的年度期間
- 4 適用於二零一三年一月一日或以後開始的年 度期間

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一日

2.4 ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE HKFRSs (continued)

Further information about those changes that are expected to significantly affect the Group is as follows:

HKFRS 9 issued in November 2009 is the first part of phase 1 of a comprehensive project to entirely replace HKAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement. This phase focuses on the classification and measurement of financial assets. Instead of classifying financial assets into four categories, an entity shall classify financial assets as subsequently measured at either amortised cost or fair value, on the basis of both the entity's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets. This aims to improve and simplify the approach for the classification and measurement of financial assets compared with the requirements of HKAS 39.

In November 2010, the HKICPA issued additions to HKFRS 9 to address financial liabilities (the "Additions") and incorporated in HKFRS 9 the current derecognition principles of financial instruments of HKAS 39. Most of the Additions were carried forward unchanged from HKAS 39, while changes were made to the measurement of financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss using the fair value option ("FVO"). For these FVO liabilities, the amount of change in the fair value of a liability that is attributable to changes in credit risk must be presented in other comprehensive income ("OCI"). The remainder of the change in fair value is presented in profit or loss, unless presentation of the fair value change in respect of the liability's credit risk in OCI would create or enlarge an accounting mismatch in profit or loss. However, loan commitments and financial guarantee contracts which have been designated under the FVO are scoped out of the Additions.

2.4 已頒布但尚未生效的香港財務報告 準則(續)

預期會對本集團構成重大影響的變更的進一 步資料如下:

二零零九年十一月發出的香港財務報告準則第9號作為整體替代香港會計準則第39號「金融工具:確認和計量」的綜合項目的第一階段的第一步,關注於金融資產的分類和計量。企業應該根據企業管理金融資產的角電業模型和該金融資產的合同現金流特徵,將金融資產按其後按攤餘成本或公平值計量而進行分類,而非將金融資產分為四類。這樣的目的是與香港會計準則第39號相比在金融資產分類和計量上有所改進和簡化。

於二零一零年十一月,香港會計師公會就金 融負債發出香港財務報告準則第9號的新增 規定(「新增規定」),並將目前香港會計準 則第39號有關金融工具的終止確認原則納入 香港財務報告準則第9號內,大部分新增規 定均承自香港會計準則第39號而沒有改變, 但更改了使用公平值選擇權(「公平值選擇 權」)對指定為以公平值計量且變動計入損益 的金融負債的計量。有關該等公平值選擇權 負債,歸因於信貸風險變動的負債公平值變 動金額,必須列於其他全面收入(「其他全面 收入」)中。其餘公平值變動金額列於損益, 除非於其他全面收入中就負債的信貸風險列 報公平值變動會於損益中產生或擴大會計差 異,則作別論。然而,新增規定的範圍並不 包括按公平值選擇權指定的貸款承諾及財務 擔保合同。

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一目

2.4 ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE HKFRSs (continued)

HKAS 39 is aimed to be replaced by HKFRS 9 in its entirety. Before this entire replacement, the guidance in HKAS 39 on hedge accounting and impairment of financial assets continues to apply. The Group expects to adopt HKFRS 9 from 1 April 2013.

Amendments to HKAS 12 were issued in December 2010 which introduce a rebuttable presumption that deferred tax on investment property measured using the fair value model in HKAS 40 should be determined on the basis that its carrying amount will be recovered through sale. The amendments also require that deferred tax on nondepreciable assets measured using the revaluation model in HKAS 16 should always be measured on a sale basis. As a result of the amendments, HK(SIC)-21 Income Taxes - Recovery of Revalued Non-depreciable Assets, will be superseded once the amendments become effective. The Group expects to adopt the Amendments to HKAS 12 retrospectively from 1 April 2012. The Group has previously provided deferred tax on the fair value gains on its investment properties assuming that the carrying amount of these properties will be recovered through use. The Group expects the adoption of these amendments will result in changes in the accounting policy and the Group's deferred tax liabilities and income tax charges will be reduced respectively.

HKAS 24 (Revised) clarifies and simplifies the definition of related parties. It also provides for a partial exemption of related party disclosure to government-related entities for transactions with the same government or entities that are controlled, jointly controlled or significantly influenced by the same government. The Group expects to adopt HKAS 24 (Revised) from 1 April 2011.

While the adoption of HKAS 24 (Revised) will result in changes in the accounting policy, the revised standard is unlikely to have any impact on the related party disclosures as the Group currently does not have any significant transactions with government-related entities.

2.4 已頒布但尚未生效的香港財務報告 準則(續)

香港會計準則第39號將會被香港財務報告準 則第9號全面替代。在此之前,香港會計準 則第39號關於套期會計和金融資產減值的規 定繼續適用。本集團預計在二零一三年四月 一日起採用香港財務報告準則第9號。

於二零一零年十二月發出的香港會計準則第 12號的修訂引入可推翻推定,使用香港會計 準則第40號的公平值模式計量的投資物業的 遞延税項應按其賬面金額將會透過銷售收回 的基礎釐定。修訂亦要求,使用香港會計準 則第16號的重估模式計量的非折舊資產的遞 延税項應永遠按銷售基礎計量。由於該等修 訂,於修訂生效後,香港(常設詮釋委員會) 詮釋第21號「所得税—已重估非折舊資產的 收回」將會被取代。本集團預期將會由二零 一二年四月一日起追溯採用香港會計準則第 12號的修訂。本集團以前就其投資物業的公 平價收益計提遞延税項時,假設了該等物業 的賬面金額會透過使用收回。本集團預期, 採用該等修訂將會導致會計政策變更,而本 集團的遞延税項負債及所得税費用均將會減 少。

香港會計準則第24號(經修訂)澄清及簡化關聯方的定義,亦向政府相關實體與同一政府或同一政府所控制、共同控制或重大影響的實體進行交易的關聯方披露提供部分豁免。本集團預期將由二零一一年四月一日起採納香港會計準則第24號(經修訂)。

由於本集團目前並無與政府相關實體進行任何重大交易,因此,儘管採用香港會計準則第24號(經修訂)會使會計政策發生改變,但是修訂版準則預計不會對本集團的關聯方披露產生任何影響。

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一目

2.4 ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE HKFRSs (continued)

Improvements to HKFRSs 2010 issued in May 2010 sets out amendments to a number of HKFRSs. The Group expects to adopt the amendments from 1 April 2011. There are separate transitional provisions for each standard. While the adoption of some of the amendments may result in changes in accounting policies, none of these amendments are expected to have a significant financial impact on the Group. Those amendments that are expected to have a significant impact on the Group's policies are as follows:

(a) HKFRS 3 Business Combinations: Clarifies that the amendments to HKFRS 7, HKAS 32 and HKAS 39 that eliminate the exemption for contingent consideration do not apply to contingent consideration that arose from business combinations whose acquisition dates precede the application of HKFRS 3 (as revised in 2008).

In addition, the amendments limit the measurement choice of non-controlling interests at fair value or at the proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets to components of non-controlling interests that are present ownership interests and entitle their holders to a proportionate share of the entity's net assets in the event of liquidation. Other components of non-controlling interests are measured at their acquisition date fair value, unless another measurement basis is required by another HKFRS.

The amendments also added explicit guidance to clarify the accounting treatment for non-replaced and voluntarily replaced share-based payment awards.

2.4 已頒布但尚未生效的香港財務報告 準則(續)

於二零一零年五月發出的「改善香港財務報告準則(二零一零年度)」列明多項對香港財務報告準則的修訂。本集團預計自二零一一年四月一日起採用這些修訂。每項準則都存在各自的過渡條款。雖然採用其中的一些修訂會導致會計政策的變更,但這些修訂對於本集團並沒有重大財務影響。那些預期會對本集團會計政策造成重大影響的修訂如下:

(a) 香港財務報告準則第3號「企業合併」: 明確了對香港財務報告準則第7號、香 港會計準則第32號和香港會計準則第39 號的修訂取消了收購日在採用香港財務 報告準則第3號(二零零八年修訂版)之 前的企業合併產生的或有代價不適用的 豁免。

> 另外,該修訂限制了非控制性權益以公 平值計量或是按非控制性權益佔被收購 方可辨認淨資產的比例(代表所有者權 益及賦予其持有人權利可在被收購企業 清算時所享有的份額)計量的選擇權。 其他非控制性權益組成部分按收購日的 公平值計量,除非另外的香港財務報告 準則要求其他的計量基礎。

> 該修訂明確規定了非替代性和自願替代 性的以股份支付獎勵的指引。

財務報表附註

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一目

2.4 ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE HKFRSs (continued)

- (b) HKAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements: Clarifies that an analysis of other comprehensive income for each component of equity can be presented either in the statement of changes in equity or in the notes to the financial statements.
- (c) HKAS 27 Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements: Clarifies that the consequential amendments from HKAS 27 (as revised in 2008) made to HKAS 21, HKAS 28 and HKAS 31 shall be applied prospectively for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2009 or earlier if HKAS 27 is applied earlier.

2.5 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Subsidiaries

A subsidiary is an entity whose financial and operating policies the Company controls, directly or indirectly, so as to obtain benefits from its activities.

The results of subsidiaries are included in the Company's statement of comprehensive income to the extent of dividends received and receivable. The Company's investments in subsidiaries are stated at cost less any impairment losses.

2.4 已頒布但尚未生效的香港財務報告 準則(續)

- (b) 香港會計準則第1號「財務報表的列報」:明確規定了對每個權益構成部分的其他全面收入分析,既可以在權益變動表中列示,也可以在財務報表附註中列示。
- (c) 香港會計準則第27號「綜合及單獨財務報表」:明確規定如果香港會計準則第27號被提前執行的話,從香港會計準則第27號(二零零八年修訂版)導致的對香港會計準則第21號、香港會計準則第28號和香港會計準則第31號的修訂應該於二零零九年七月一日或之後起開始的全年期間或更早採用未來使用法執行。

2.5 主要會計政策概要

附屬公司

附屬公司乃指本公司直接或間接控制其財務 及營運政策之實體,致使本公司可從其業務 中獲益。

附屬公司之業績載於本公司之全面收入表, 以已收及應收股息為限。本公司於附屬公司 的投資乃按原值減任何減值虧損列賬。

財務報表附註

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一目

2.5 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Joint ventures

A joint venture is an entity set up by contractual arrangement, whereby the Group and other parties undertake an economic activity. The joint venture operates as a separate entity in which the Group and the other parties have an interest.

The joint venture agreement between the venturers stipulates the capital contributions of the joint venture parties, the duration of the joint venture and the basis on which the assets are to be realised upon its dissolution. The profits or losses from the joint venture's operations and any distributions of surplus assets are shared by the venturers, either in proportion to their respective capital contributions, or in accordance with the terms of the joint venture agreement.

A joint venture is treated as:

- (a) a subsidiary, if the Group has unilateral control, directly or indirectly, over the joint venture;
- (b) a jointly-controlled entity, if the Group does not have unilateral control, but has joint control, directly or indirectly, over the joint venture;
- (c) an associate, if the Group does not have unilateral or joint control, but holds, directly or indirectly, generally not less than 20% of the joint venture's registered capital and is in a position to exercise significant influence over the joint venture; or
- (d) an equity investment accounted for in accordance with HKAS 39, if the Group holds, directly or indirectly, less than 20% of the joint venture's registered capital and has neither joint control of, nor is in a position to exercise significant influence over, the joint venture.

2.5 主要會計政策概要(續)

合營企業

合營企業乃本集團及其他公司因某項經濟活動而訂立之合約性安排而成立之實體。合營企業以獨立實體之形式運作,而本集團及其他公司均擁有其權益。

合營者之間訂立之合營協議訂明合營各方之 出資額、合營企業之期限及合營企業解散時 資產之變現基準。合營企業業務之溢利或虧 損及剩餘資產之任何分派,按各合營者之出 資額百份比或合營協議之條款分配。

合營企業被視作:

- (a) 附屬公司,倘本集團直接或間接擁有該 合營企業之單方控制權;
- (b) 共同控制實體,倘本集團對該合營企業 均無單方控制權,惟直接或間接擁有共 同控制權;
- (c) 聯營公司,倘本集團對該合營企業並無 單方面或共同控制控制權,但一般直接 或間接持有合營企業註冊資本不少於 20%權益,且能對合營企業行使重大影 響力;或
- (d) 一項根據香港會計準則第39號入賬的權益性投資,倘本集團直接或間接持有合營企業註冊資本少於20%權益,及無權共同控制合營企業或對合營企業行使重大影響力。

財務報表附註

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一目

2.5 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Jointly-controlled entities

A jointly-controlled entity is a joint venture that is subject to joint control, resulting in none of the participating parties having unilateral control over the economic activity of the jointly-controlled entity.

The Group's investments in jointly-controlled entities are stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at the Group's share of net assets under the equity method of accounting, less any impairment losses. The Group's share of the post-acquisition results and reserves of jointly-controlled entities is included in profit or loss and other comprehensive income of the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, respectively.

Unrealised gains and losses resulting from transactions between the Group and its jointly-controlled entities are eliminated to the extent of the Group's investments in the jointly-controlled entities, except where unrealised losses provide evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred.

Business combinations and goodwill

Business combinations from 1 April 2010

Business combinations are accounted for using the acquisition method. The consideration transferred is measured at the acquisition date fair value which is the sum of the acquisition date fair values of assets transferred by the Group, liabilities assumed by the Group to the former owners of the acquiree and the equity interests issued by the Group in exchange for control of the acquiree. For each business combination, the acquirer measures the non-controlling interest in the acquiree either at fair value or at the proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. Acquisition costs are expensed as incurred.

2.5 主要會計政策概要(續)

共同控制實體

共同控制實體是一家受共同控制的合營企業,致使參予各方概無擁有對該共同控制實體的經濟活動之單一控制權。

本集團於共同控制實體的投資乃按權益法核 算,按本集團所佔資產淨值扣減任何減值虧 損列於綜合財務狀況表中。本集團分佔共同 控制實體之收購後業績及儲備乃分別列入綜 合全面收入表的損益及其他全面收入。

本集團與其共同控制實體進行交易而出現的 未實現損益會互相抵消,金額以本集團於共 同控制公司的投資為限,但如果未實現虧損 證明所轉讓資產發生減值則除外。

企業合併與商譽

企業合併,由二零一零年四月一日起

企業合併採用購買法進行核算。企業合併所 轉移的代價按收購日公平價值計量,其為本 集團為換取被收購方控制權而轉讓給被收購 方前擁有人的資產、本集團所承擔的負債及 本集團發行的股本權益於收購日的公平價值 的總和。每次企業合併,收購方用被收購企 業可辨認淨資產的公平價值或佔被收購企業 可辨認淨資產的比例來計量非控制性權益。 收購成本於發生時支銷。

財務報表附註

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一日

2.5 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Business combinations and goodwill (continued) Business combinations from 1 April 2010 (continued)

When the Group acquires a business, it assesses the financial assets and liabilities assumed for appropriate classification and designation in accordance with the contractual terms, economic circumstances and pertinent conditions as at the acquisition date. This includes the separation of embedded derivatives in host contracts by the acquiree.

If the business combination is achieved in stages, the acquisition date fair value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree is remeasured to fair value as at the acquisition date through profit or loss.

Any contingent consideration to be transferred by the acquirer is recognised at fair value at the acquisition date. Subsequent changes to the fair value of the contingent consideration which is deemed to be an asset or liability is recognised in accordance with HKAS 39 either in profit or loss or as a change to other comprehensive income. If the contingent consideration is classified as equity, it shall not be remeasured until it is finally settled within equity.

Goodwill is initially measured at cost being the excess of the aggregate of the consideration transferred, the amount recognised for non-controlling interests and any fair value of the Group's previously held equity interests in the acquiree over the net identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed. If the sum of this consideration and other items is lower than the fair value of the net assets of the subsidiary acquired, the difference is, after reassessment, recognised in profit or loss as a gain on bargain purchase.

2.5 主要會計政策概要(續)

企業合併與商譽(續)

企業合併,由二零一零年四月一日起(續) 當本集團收購一個企業,會在收購日根據合 同條款、經濟狀況以及相關狀況來評估對金 融資產和承擔的負債進行合適分類或指定, 包括將被收購企業嵌入衍生工具從主合同中 進行分離。

如果企業合併是通過多次交易分步實現,收 購方在此次收購之前已持有的被收購方的股 權,應當按照該股權在購買日的公平價值進 行重新計量並計入損益。

將由收購方轉讓的任何或有代價都應按照購買日的公平價值進行確認。對於視同為資產或負債的或有代價,後續的公平價值變動應按照香港會計準則第39號在損益中確認或作為其他全面收益變動確認。如果或有代價分類為權益,在權益內最終結算之前不能被重新計量。

商譽初始按成本計量,即是所轉移的代價、確認的非控制性權益金額以及本集團原先持有的被收購方的股本權益的公平價值總和超過所收購可辨認淨資產和所承擔負債的部分。如果該代價和其他項目的總金額低於所收購附屬公司淨資產的公平價值,其差額在再次評估後在損益確認為廉價購買收益。

財務報表附註

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一目

2.5 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT

ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Business combinations and goodwill (continued) Business combinations from 1 April 2010 (continued)

After initial recognition, goodwill is measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is tested for impairment annually or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may be impaired. The Group performs its annual impairment test of goodwill as at 31 December. For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the Group's cash-generating units, or groups of cash-generating units, that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the Group are assigned to those units or groups of units.

Impairment is determined by assessing the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit (group of cash-generating units) to which the goodwill relates. Where the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit (group of cash-generating units) is less than the carrying amount, an impairment loss is recognised. An impairment loss recognised for goodwill is not reversed in a subsequent period.

Where goodwill forms part of a cash-generating unit (group of cash-generating units) and part of the operation within that unit is disposed of, the goodwill associated with the operation disposed of is included in the carrying amount of the operation when determining the gain or loss on disposal of the operation. Goodwill disposed of in this circumstance is measured based on the relative values of the operation disposed of and the portion of the cash-generating unit retained.

2.5 主要會計政策概要(續)

企業合併與商譽(續)

企業合併,由二零一零年四月一日起(續) 初始確認之後,商譽以成本減去累計減值虧 損來計量。商譽的賬面價值需每年進行評估 是否發生減值,如果事件或情況的改變表類 賬面價值可能出現減值,則需要進行更與類 的複查。本集團在每年十二月三十一日進行 年度減值測試。為了進行減值測試,企業團 併取得的商譽自收購日起,分配給本集團的 每一個預期能從企業合併協同獲益的更 出單元或現金產出單元組,無論本集團的 也資產或負債是否被分配給上述單元或單元 組。

減值虧損以評估與商譽相關的現金產出單元 (現金產出單元組)的可收回金額來確定。如 果現金產出單元(現金產出單元組)的可收 回金額少於其賬面價值,則確認減值。已確 認的商譽減值虧損在後續期間不可轉回。

如果商譽構成現金產出單元(現金產出單元 組)的一部分,且該單元業務的一部分被處 置,在確定該被處置業務的損益時,與被處 置業務相關的商譽將包括在該業務的賬面金 額。在這種情況下處置的商譽以被處置的業 務和被保留的現金產出單元的相對值為基礎 計量。

財務報表附註

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一目

2.5 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Business combinations and goodwill (continued) Business combinations prior to 1 April 2010 but after 1 January 2005

In comparison to the above-mentioned requirements which were applied on a prospective basis, the following differences applied to business combinations prior to 1 April 2010:

Business combinations were accounted for using the purchase method. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition formed part of the acquisition costs. The non-controlling interest was measured at the proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets.

Business combinations achieved in stages were accounted for as separate steps. Any additional acquired share of interest did not affect previously recognised goodwill.

When the Group acquired a business, embedded derivatives separated from the host contract by the acquiree were not reassessed on acquisition unless the business combination resulted in a change in the terms of the contract that significantly modified the cash flows that otherwise would have been required under the contract.

Contingent consideration was recognised if, and only if, the Group had a present obligation, the economic outflow was more likely than not and a reliable estimate was determinable. Subsequent adjustments to the contingent consideration were recognised as part of goodwill.

2.5 主要會計政策概要(續)

企業合併與商譽(續)

發生在二零一零年四月一日之前但在二零零 五年一月一日之後的企業合併

與上述採用未來適用法的要求相比,以下的 差異適用於二零一零年四月一日之前發生的 企業合併:

企業合併採用購買法進行核算。可直接歸屬 於收購的交易費用形成部分收購成本。非控 制性權益依據佔被收購企業可辨認淨資產的 比例份額計量。

通過多次交易分步實現的企業合併按照分步 進行會計處理。任何額外收購的股權份額不 影響之前確認的商譽。

當本集團收購企業,被收購方從主合同分離 出來的嵌入衍生工具不再進行重估,除非該 合併會導致合同條款的重大變更,從而顯著 影響合同要求的現金流。

或有代價當且僅當本集團負有現時義務,經濟流出比不流出的機會大並且可以可靠估計,才予以確認。後續對或有代價的調整均被確認為商譽的一部分。

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一目

2.5 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Impairment of non-financial assets

Where an indication of impairment exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required (other than properties under development, properties held for sale, construction contract assets, deferred tax assets, financial assets, investment properties and goodwill), the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of the asset's or cashgenerating unit's value in use and its fair value less costs to sell, and is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets, in which case the recoverable amount is determined for the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

An impairment loss is recognised only if the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. An impairment loss is charged to profit or loss of the statement of comprehensive income in the period in which it arises, unless the asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the impairment loss is accounted for in accordance with the relevant accounting policy for that revalued asset.

2.5 主要會計政策概要(續)

非金融資產減值

如果存在減值跡象,或當資產須進行週年減值測試時(發展中物業、持有作出售之物業、建造合約資產、遞延稅項資產、金融資產、投資物業及商譽除外),會估計資產的可收回金額。資產的可收回金額以資產或現金產生單位的使用價值與其公平值減出售成本兩者中的較高者計算,並以個別資產產成本兩者中的較高者計算,並以個別資產產組合產生現金流入,在此情況下,可收回金額乃以資產所屬現金產生單位釐定。

只有當資產賬面值超過其可收回金額時,方 會確認減值虧損。估計使用價值時,會採用 反映對貨幣時間價值和該資產特有風險的當 時市場評價的稅前折現率對該估計未來現金 流量進行折現為現值。減值虧損會在其出現 期間在全面收入表的損益扣除,除非資產按 重估值列值,在該情況下,減值虧損會根據 重估資產的有關會計政策入賬。

財務報表附註

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一目

2.5 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT

ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Impairment of non-financial assets (continued)

An assessment is made at the end of each reporting period as to whether there is any indication that previously recognised impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased. If such an indication exists, the recoverable amount is estimated. A previously recognised impairment loss of an asset other than goodwill is reversed only if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount of that asset, but not to an amount higher than the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of any depreciation/ amortisation) had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of such an impairment loss is credited to profit or loss of the statement of comprehensive income in the period in which it arises, unless the asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the reversal of the impairment loss is accounted for in accordance with the relevant accounting policy for that revalued asset.

Related parties

A party is considered to be related to the Group if:

- (a) the party, directly or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, (i) controls, is controlled by, or is under common control with, the Group; (ii) has an interest in the Group that gives it significant influence over the Group; or (iii) has joint control over the Group;
- (b) the party is an associate;
- (c) the party is a jointly-controlled entity;
- (d) the party is a member of the key management personnel of the Group or its parent;

2.5 主要會計政策概要(續)

非金融資產減值(續)

於各報告期末均會評估是否有任何跡象顯示於過往確認的減值虧損可能不再存在或可能已減少。如出現有關跡象,則會估計可以自金額。只有在確定資產的可收回金額中已,才能轉回以前已會產減值虧損(不包括商譽),然而可以有應不包括商譽),然而可值的實產減值虧損的轉回而增加的資產賬值虧損於全面收數。有關的轉回在其出現期間貸記於全面收賬。的損益中,除非資產是以重估金額入賬。

關聯方

以下會被視為本集團的關聯方:

- (a) 該人士直接或間接透過一個或多個中介方:(i)控制本集團、受本集團控制、或與本集團受到共同控制;(ii)擁有本集團權益,使其能對本集團行使重大影響力;或(iii)擁有對本集團的共同控制權;
- (b) 聯營公司;
- (c) 共同控制實體;
- (d) 本集團或母公司的主要管理人員之一;

財務報表附註

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一日

2.5 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Related parties (continued)

- (e) the party is a close member of the family of any individual referred to in (a) or (d);
- (f) the party is an entity that is controlled, jointly controlled or significantly influenced by or for which significant voting power in such entity resides with, directly or indirectly, any individual referred to in (d) or (e); or
- (g) the party is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of the employees of the Group, or of any entity that is a related party of the Group.

Property, plant and equipment and depreciation

Property, plant and equipment, other than hotel under construction, are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses. The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment comprises its purchase price and any directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to its working condition and location for its intended use. Expenditure incurred after items of property, plant and equipment have been put into operation, such as repairs and maintenance, is normally charged to profit or loss of the statement of comprehensive income in the period in which it is incurred. In situations where the recognition criteria are satisfied, the expenditure for a major inspection is capitalised in the carrying amount of the asset as a replacement. Where significant parts of property, plant and equipment are required to be replaced at intervals, the Group recognises such parts as individual assets with specific useful lives and depreciation.

2.5 主要會計政策概要(續)

關聯方(續)

- (e) 該人士為(a)或(d)所述的任何個人的近親;
- (f) 該人士為(d)或(e)所述的任何個人直接 或間接控制、共同控制或能行使重大影 響力的實體,或該人士直接或間接擁有 該實體的重大表決權;或
- (g) 本集團或作為本集團關聯方的任何實體 的僱員的福利而設的離職後福利計劃。

物業、機器及設備及折舊

除在建中酒店以外,物業、機器及設備乃按 原值減累計折舊及任何減值虧損列賬。資產 之原值包括其購買價及任何將資產達致其。 有運作狀況及地點作擬定用途之直接成本生 有運作狀況及地點作擬定用途之直接成本生 在物業、機器及設備項目投入運作後產生己 支出,如維修與保養等,一般於支出問確之 全面收入表的損益中扣除。如果符合確化於 資產販面值。如果物業、機器及設備的主 資產 類定期替換,則本集團確認有關部分為 獨立資產,其具有特定的使用年限及折舊。

財務報表附註

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一目

2.5 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Property, plant and equipment and depreciation (continued)

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis to write off the cost of each item of property, plant and equipment to its residual value over its estimated useful life. The principal annual rates used for this purpose are as follows:

Leasehold land under	Over the lease terms
finance leases	
Buildings	Over the shorter of the
	remaining term of the
	land lease and 40 years
Leasehold improvements	Over the shorter of the
	lease term and 20%
Machinery and equipment	20% to 24%
Furniture, fixtures and	20% to 24%
office equipment	
Motor vehicles	24% to 30%

Where parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, the cost of that item is allocated on a reasonable basis among the parts and each part is depreciated separately.

Residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at least at each financial year end.

An item of property, plant and equipment and any significant part initially recognised is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss on disposal or retirement recognised in profit or loss of the statement of comprehensive income in the year the asset is derecognised is the difference between the net sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the relevant asset.

2.5 主要會計政策概要(續)

物業、機器及設備及折舊(續)

折舊乃以直線法按其估計可使用年期撤銷各 項物業、機器及設備項目的成本至其殘值。 就此而言所採用之主要年率如下:

分類為融資租賃的 租賃土地	按租賃期
樓宇	按尚餘租賃土地租約 年期或40年 (以較短者為準)
租賃物業裝修	按租賃期或20% (以較短者為準)
機器及設備	20%至24%
傢俬、固定裝置及	20%至24%
辦公室設備	
車輛	24%至30%

當一項物業、機器及設備的各部份具有不同 的可使用年期,該項目的成本依照合理的基 準分配予各部份,而每部份會分開折舊。

殘值、可使用年期及折舊方法會最少於各財 政年度結算日檢討及調整(如合適)。

一項物業、機器及設備或初始確認的任何重 大部分在出售時或預期不會從其使用或出售 獲得未來經濟利益時終止確認。任何出售或 報廢損益會於資產終止確認年度按相當於有 關資產的出售所得款項淨額與賬面值的差額 在全面收入表的損益中確認。

財務報表附註

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一日

2.5 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Property, plant and equipment and depreciation (continued)

Hotel under construction is stated at cost less any impairment losses, and is not depreciated. Cost comprises the direct costs of construction and capitalised borrowing costs on related borrowed funds during the period of construction. Hotel under construction is reclassified to the appropriate category of property, plant and equipment when completed and ready for use.

Investment properties

Investment properties are interests in land and buildings (including the leasehold interest under an operating lease for a property which would otherwise meet the definition of an investment property) held to earn rental income and/or for capital appreciation, rather than for use in the production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes; or for sale in the ordinary course of business. Such properties are measured initially at cost, including transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are stated at fair value, which reflects market conditions at the end of the reporting period.

Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair values of investment properties are included in profit or loss of the statement of comprehensive income in the year in which they arise.

Any gains or losses on the retirement or disposal of an investment property are recognised in profit or loss of the statement of comprehensive income in the year of the retirement or disposal.

2.5 主要會計政策概要(續)

物業、機器及設備及折舊(續)

在建中酒店按成本減去減值虧損計量且不計提折舊。成本包括建築期內的直接建築成本及資本化的相關借款的借款成本。在建中酒店竣工且可供使用時,將重分類至物業、機器及設備的恰當類別。

投資物業

投資物業為於持有作賺取租金收入及/或資本增值,而非作生產或供應貨品或服務或作行政用途,亦非作通常業務運作過程中出售的土地及樓宇權益(包括物業經營租賃的租賃權益,而有關物業如非根據經營租賃租出,則符合投資物業的定義)。該等物業初始按成本(包括交易費用)計量。於初始確認後,投資物業按反映報告期末市場狀況的公平值列值。

投資物業公平值變動所產生的損益包括在出 現年度的全面收入表的損益中。

報廢或出售投資物業的任何損益於報廢或出 售年度的全面收入表的損益中確認。

財務報表附註

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一目

2.5 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Properties held for development

Properties held for development are stated at cost less impairment losses. These properties are reclassified as properties under development or hotel under construction, as appropriate, when development commences.

Properties under development

Properties under development for re-sale are included under current assets and are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost comprises acquisition costs, construction costs, interest and other direct attributable costs. Net realisable value is determined by reference to the estimated selling price less estimated total cost of the development and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale of the properties.

Properties held for sale

Properties held for sale are stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

Leases

Leases that transfer substantially all the rewards and risks of ownership of assets to the Group, other than legal title, are accounted for as finance leases. At the inception of a finance lease, the cost of the leased asset is capitalised at the present value of the minimum lease payments and recorded together with the obligation, excluding the interest element, to reflect the purchase and financing. Assets held under capitalised finance leases, including prepaid land lease payments under finance leases, are included in property, plant and equipment, and depreciated over the shorter of the lease terms and the estimated useful lives of the assets. The finance costs of such leases are charged to profit or loss of the statement of comprehensive income so as to provide a constant periodic rate of charge over the lease terms.

2.5 主要會計政策概要(續)

持作發展之物業

持作發展之物業以成本減去減值虧損列值。 該等物業於發展開始時恰當地重新分類為發 展中物業或在建中酒店。

發展中物業

擬轉售的發展中物業將會計入流動資產項下,並按成本與可變現淨值(兩者以較低者為準)列賬。成本包括收購成本、建築成本、利息及其他的直接成本。可變現淨值乃參考估計售價減估計發展成本總額及估計用以銷售物業的必要成本後釐定。

持有作出售之物業

持有作出售之物業在財務狀況表內按成本與 可變現淨值兩者中的較低者列值。可變現淨 值相當於在通常業務運作過程中的估計售價 減估計用以銷售的必要成本。

租賃

凡將資產所有權之絕大部份回報及風險(法定所有權除外)轉移至本集團之租約,均視作融資租賃。融資租賃開始時,租賃資產之成本即按最低應付租金之現值資本化,並反連同負債(不計利息部份)一併記錄,以賃持官產(包括融資租賃的預付土地租賃付款額)會列入物業、機器及設備,並按該等資產之租賃期和估計可用年期兩者中較短有效進行折舊。該等租約之融資成本自全面收入表的損益中扣除,以得出一個於租約期間內之固定週期支銷率。

財務報表附註

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一目

2.5 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Leases (continued)

Leases where substantially all the rewards and risks of ownership of assets remain with the lessor are accounted for as operating leases. Where the Group is the lessor, assets leased by the Group under operating leases are included in non-current assets, and rentals receivable under the operating leases are credited to profit or loss of the statement of comprehensive income on the straight-line basis over the lease terms. Where the Group is the lessee, rentals payable under the operating leases net of any incentives received from the lessor are charged to profit or loss of the statement of comprehensive income on the straight-line basis over the lease terms.

Investments and other financial assets

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets within the scope of HKAS 39 are classified as loans and receivables. The Group determines the classification of its financial assets at initial recognition. When financial assets are recognised initially, they are measured at fair value, plus, in the case of investments not at fair value through profit or loss, directly attributable transaction costs.

All regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on the trade date, that is, the date that the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the period generally established by regulation or convention in the marketplace.

The Group's financial assets include cash and bank balances, accounts and other receivables, deposits and amounts due from jointly-controlled entities.

2.5 主要會計政策概要(續)

租賃(續)

凡資產所有權之絕大部份回報及風險仍由出租人承擔之租約,均視為經營租賃。倘本集團為出租人,本集團根據經營租賃出租之資產列入非流動資產內,而經營租賃之應收租金,乃按租賃期以直線法列入全面收入表的損益內;倘本集團為承租人,經營租賃之應付租金扣除出租人提供的任何優惠在租賃期內乃按直線法計入全面收入表的損益內。

投資及其他金融資產

初始確認和計量

在香港會計準則第39號範疇內的金融資產分類為貸款。本集團在初始確認時決定其金融資產的分類。當金融資產初始確認時,以其公平價值,及直接應佔交易費用(如並非以公平價值計量且變動計入損益的投資)計量。

凡以常規方式購買及出售金融資產,均按交易日(即本集團承諾購買資產的日期)方法進行確認。以常規方式買賣指要求在相關市場中的規則或慣例通常約定的期間內交付該項資產的金融資產買賣。

本集團的金融資產包括現金及銀行結餘、貿 易及其他應收款項、按金,以及應收共同控 制實體款項。

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一日

2.5 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Investments and other financial assets (continued)

Subsequent measurement

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. After initial measurement, such assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method less any allowance for impairment. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and includes fees or costs that are an integral part of the effective interest rate. The effective interest rate amortisation is included in finance income in profit or loss of the statement of comprehensive income. The loss arising from impairment is recognised in profit or loss of the statement of comprehensive income in other expenses.

Derecognition of financial assets

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is derecognised when:

- the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired; or
- the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a "pass-through" arrangement; and either (a) the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the Group has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

2.5 主要會計政策概要(續)

投資及其他金融資產(續)

後續計量

貸款及應收款項為付款額固定或可以釐定, 而在活躍市場上沒有市場報價的非衍生金 融資產。初始計量後,該等資產按實際利率 法以攤餘成本減任何減值準備列值。計算攤 餘成本時,應考慮購買產生的任何折價或溢 價,且包括作為實際利率不可或缺的費用和 交易費用。實際利率攤銷包括在全面收入表 的損益中的財務收入。減值產生的虧損在全 面收入表的損益中的其他開支確認。

終止確認金融資產

當以下情況出現時,金融資產(或(倘適用) 金融資產的一部份或一組類似金融資產的一 部份)將終止確認:

- 從資產收取現金流量的權利已到期;或
- 本集團已轉讓其從資產收取現金流量的權利,或根據「轉移」安排,承擔向第三者在無嚴重延緩的情況下全數支付獲取的現金流量的義務;並:(a)本集團已轉讓資產絕大部份風險和報酬,或(b)本集團並無轉讓或保留資產絕大部份風險和報酬,但已轉讓資產控制權。

財務報表附註

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一目

2.5 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT

ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Derecognition of financial assets (continued)

When the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, and has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset nor transferred control of the asset, the asset is recognised to the extent of the Group's continuing involvement in the asset. In that case, the Group also recognises an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Group has retained.

Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Group could be required to repay.

Impairment of financial assets

The Group assesses at the end of each reporting period whether there is any objective evidence that a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired. A financial asset or a group of financial assets is deemed to be impaired if, and only if, there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that has occurred after the initial recognition of the asset (an incurred "loss event") and that loss event has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or the group of financial assets that can be reliably estimated. Evidence of impairment may include indications that a debtor or a group of debtors is experiencing significant financial difficulty, default or delinquency in interest or principal payments, the probability that they will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation and observable data indicating that there is a measurable decrease in the estimated future cash flows, such as changes in arrears or economic conditions that correlate with defaults.

2.5 主要會計政策概要(續)

終止確認金融資產(續)

凡本集團轉讓其從資產收取現金流量的權 利或已經訂立轉移安排,但並無轉讓或保留 資產絕大部份風險和報酬,且並無轉讓資產 控制權,該項資產會以本集團持續參予該項 資產的程度為限予以確認。在該情況下,本 集團亦確認相關負債。轉讓的資產及相關負 債按反映本集團保留的權利和義務的基準計量。

如以擔保形式持續參予所轉讓資產,則按資 產原賬面值與本集團或須償還的代價最高金 額兩者之中的較低者計量。

金融資產減值

財務報表附註

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一目

2.5 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Impairment of financial assets (continued)

Financial assets carried at amortised cost

For financial assets carried at amortised cost, the Group first assesses individually whether objective evidence of impairment exists for financial assets that are individually significant, or collectively for financial assets that are not individually significant. If the Group determines that no objective evidence of impairment exists for an individually assessed financial asset, whether significant or not, it includes the asset in a group of financial assets with similar credit risk characteristics and collectively assesses them for impairment. Assets that are individually assessed for impairment and for which an impairment loss is, or continues to be, recognised are not included in a collective assessment of impairment.

If there is objective evidence that an impairment loss has been incurred, the amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows (excluding future credit losses that have not yet been incurred). The present value of the estimated future cash flows is discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate (i.e., the effective interest rate computed at initial recognition). If a loan has a variable interest rate, the discount rate for measuring any impairment loss is the current effective interest rate.

2.5 主要會計政策概要(續)

金融資產減值(續)

以攤餘成本列值的金融資產

有關以攤餘成本列值的金融資產,本集團首先要評估是否有客觀證據表明重大的個別金融資產發生減值或個別不重大的金融資產單獨或整體發生減值。如果本集團確定沒有客觀證據表明評估的個別金融資產,無論重大與否,發生減值,則該資產計入具有相似信用風險特徵的金融資產組,並對整個小組進行減值評估。已進行減值評估並確認或繼續確認減值損失的個別資產,不計入整體減值評估中。

如存在客觀證據表明發生減值虧損,虧損的 金額按資產的賬面值及對預期未來現金流 量進行折現後的現值(不包括未發生的未來 信貸虧損)兩者之間的差額計量。對預期未 來現金流量進行折現後的現值以金融資產最 初的實際利率(即初始確認時計算的實際利 率)計算。如果貸款屬浮動利率,則量度任 何減值虧損的折現率為當時的實際利率。

財務報表附註

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一目

2.5 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Impairment of financial assets (continued)

Financial assets carried at amortised cost (continued)

The carrying amount of the asset is reduced either directly or through the use of an allowance account and the amount of the loss is recognised in profit or loss of the statement of comprehensive income. Interest income continues to be accrued on the reduced carrying amount and is accrued using the rate of interest used to discount the future cash flows for the purpose of measuring the impairment loss. Loans and receivables together with any associated allowance are written off when there is no realistic prospect of future recovery and all collateral has been realised or has been transferred to the Group.

If, in a subsequent period, the amount of the estimated impairment loss increases or decreases because of an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is increased or reduced by adjusting the allowance account. If a future write-off is later recovered, the recovery is credited to profit or loss of the statement of comprehensive income.

Financial liabilities

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities within the scope of HKAS 39 are classified as loans and borrowings. The Group determines the classification of its financial liabilities at initial recognition.

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and in the case of loans and borrowings, plus directly attributable transaction costs.

The Group's financial liabilities include accounts and other payables, amounts due to a jointly-controlled entity and interest-bearing bank loans.

2.5 主要會計政策概要(續)

金融資產減值(續)

以攤餘成本列值的金融資產(續)

資產賬面值直接沖減或透過使用準備賬抵減 資產賬面值。減值虧損金額在全面收入表的 損益中確認。利息收入繼續按減少後的賬面 值累計,累計的利率為量度減值虧損時用以 將未來現金流量折現的利率。當並無實際希 望可於未來收回,而所有抵押品已經變賣或 轉讓給本集團時,貸款及應收款項及任何相 關準備會一併撤銷。

在後續期間,如果估計減值虧損金額增加或減少,且其與確認減值之後發生的事件有關,則先前確認的減值虧損會透過調整備抵賬戶而增加或減少。如果撤銷金額其後收回,則收回金額會貸記於全面收入表的損益中。

金融負債

初始確認和計量

在香港會計準則第39號範疇內的金融負債分類為貸款和借款。本集團在初始確認時決定 其金融負債的分類。

初始確認所有金融負債時,按公平價值確認,如屬貸款和借款,則加上直接歸屬的交易費用。

本集團的金融負債包括應付賬款和其他應付 款、應付共同控制實體款項,以及計息貸款 和借款。

財務報表附註

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一目

2.5 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Financial liabilities (continued)

Subsequent measurement

The measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification as follows:

Loans and borrowings

After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss of the statement of comprehensive income when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the effective interest rate method amortisation process.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the effective interest rate. The effective interest rate amortisation is included in finance costs in profit or loss of the statement of comprehensive income.

Financial guarantee contracts

Financial guarantee contracts issued by the Group are those contracts that require a payment to be made to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because the specified debtor fails to make a payment when due in accordance with the terms of a debt instrument. A financial guarantee contract is recognised initially as a liability at its fair value, adjusted for transaction costs that are directly attributable to the issuance of the guarantee. Subsequent to initial recognition, the Group measures the financial guarantee contract at the higher of: (i) the amount of the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period; and (ii) the amount initially recognised less, when appropriate, cumulative amortisation.

2.5 主要會計政策概要(續)

金融負債(續)

後續計量

金融負債的計量視乎其分類如下:

貸款和借款

初始確認後,計息貸款和借款後續採用實際 利率法按攤餘成本計量,除非折現的影響不 重大,這種情況下,它們按成本計量。在負 債終止確認時及在實際利率法攤銷過程中, 產生的收益和損失在全面收入表的損益中確 認。

攤銷成本計算時會考慮任何收購折讓或溢價 以及構成實際利率整體部分的費用或成本。 實際利率法攤銷包括在全面收入表的損益內 的財務費用。

財務擔保合同

本集團所發行的財務擔保合同指指明債務人 未有根據債務工具的條款於到期時付款,則 須就持有人所招致的損失向其付款以補還持 有人的合同。一份財務擔保合同初始計量按 其公平價值減直接歸屬於發出該等財務擔保 合同的交易費用確認。初始確認後,本集團 按以下兩者中的較高者計量財務擔保合同: (i)於報告期末對結算現有義務所需支出的最 佳估計金額;及(ii)初始確認的金額減(若適 用)累計攤銷額後的餘額。

財務報表附註

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一目

2.5 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Financial liabilities (continued)

Derecognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled, or expires.

When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and a recognition of a new liability, and the difference between the respective carrying amounts is recognised in profit or loss of the statement of comprehensive income.

Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and demand deposits, and short term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash, are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and have a short maturity of generally within three months when acquired, less bank overdrafts which are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management.

For the purpose of the statements of financial position, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and at banks, including term deposits, which are not restricted as to use.

2.5 主要會計政策概要(續)

金融負債(續)

終止確認金融負債

當負債義務解除、取消或到期時,金融負債 將終止確認。

當現有金融負債被由同一貸款人的另一項條 款實質上不同的負債代替,或現有負債的條 款經大幅修訂,有關交換或修改會作為終止 確認原有負債及確認新負債處理,各自的賬 面值差額在全面收入表的損益中確認。

現金及現金等值物

就綜合現金流量表而言,現金及現金等值物 指手頭現金及活期存款及短期高度流通而可 以隨時兑換成已知數額之現金,而該筆現金 須承受價值改變之風險較低,並為較短期之 投資項目(一般為於購入後三個月內到期), 減去須即期償還之銀行透支,而成為本集團 現金管理之主要部份。

就財務狀況表而言,現金及現金等值物包括 並無限定用途之手頭現金及銀行現金(包括 定期存款)。

財務報表附註

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一日

2.5 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Income tax

Income tax comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss, either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current tax assets and liabilities for the current and prior periods are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period, taking into consideration interpretations and practices prevailing in the countries in which the Group operates.

Deferred tax is provided, using the liability method, on all temporary differences at the end of the reporting period between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences, except:

- where the deferred tax liability arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; and
- in respect of taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and joint ventures, where the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

2.5 主要會計政策概要(續)

所得税

所得税包括當期税項及遞延税項。有關在損益以外確認的項目的所得税,在損益以外(在其他全面收益或直接在權益中)確認。

當期和以前期間形成的當期稅項資產及負債,以在報告期末已執行的或實質上已執行的稅率(和稅法)為基礎,根據本集團經營所在國家的現行詮釋和相關常規,按預期從稅務機關返還或支付稅務機關的金額計量。

在報告期末時資產及負債之計税基礎與其在 財務報表之賬面值之間的所有暫時性差異, 須按負債法計提遞延税項。

所有應課税暫時性差異均會確認為遞延税項 負債,惟:

- 倘若遞延稅項負債是由於商譽或資產或 負債在一宗非屬業務合併的交易中初步 確認所產生,與及在交易時,對會計利 潤或應課稅利潤或虧損均無影響,則屬 例外;及
- 對於涉及附屬公司及合營企業的投資的應課稅暫時性差異而言,倘若撥回暫時性差異的時間可以控制,以及暫時性差異不甚可能在可見將來撥回,則屬例外。

財務報表附註

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一目

2.5 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Income tax (continued)

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, carryforward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses, to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carryforward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilised, except:

- where the deferred tax asset relating to the deductible temporary differences arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; and
- in respect of deductible temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and joint ventures, deferred tax assets are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that the temporary differences will reverse in the foreseeable future and taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are reassessed at the end of each reporting period and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

2.5 主要會計政策概要(續)

所得税(續)

所有可於稅務上扣減之暫時性差異、承前未 用稅項抵扣及未用稅務虧損均會確認為遞延 稅項資產,但以日後有可能出現應課稅利潤 用以抵扣該等可扣減暫時性差異、承前未用 稅項抵扣及未用稅務虧損的金額為限,惟:

- 倘若有關可扣減暫時性差異的遞延稅項 資產是由於在一宗非屬業務合併的交易 中初步確認資產或負債所產生,而且在 交易時,對會計利潤或應課稅利潤或虧 損均無影響,則屬例外;及
- 對於涉及附屬公司及合營企業的投資的 可扣減暫時性差異而言,只有在暫時性 差異有可能在可見將來撥回,而且日後 有可能出現應課稅利潤,可用以抵扣該 等暫時性差異時,方會確認遞延稅項資 產。

遞延稅項資產之賬面值於各個報告期末均會 進行檢討,而倘預期將不會出現充裕之應課 稅溢利以動用遞延稅項資產之全部或部份 時,則會調低其賬面值。尚未確認之遞延稅 項資產會在每個報告期末重新評估,並在預 期出現充裕之應課稅溢利以收回遞延稅項資 產之全部或部份時確認。

財務報表附註

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一目

2.5 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Income tax (continued)

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

Government grants

Government grants are recognised at their fair value where there is reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and all attaching conditions will be complied with. When the grant relates to an expense item, it is recognised as income over the periods necessary to match the grant on a systematic basis to the costs that it is intended to compensate.

Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and when the revenue can be measured reliably, on the following bases:

- (a) from construction, renovation and other contracts, based on the percentage of completion basis, as further explained in the accounting policy for "Construction, renovation and other contracts" below;
- (b) from work orders of contracts for alterations, additions, repairs and maintenance, based on the value of individual work orders certified by relevant employers;

2.5 主要會計政策概要(續)

所得税(續)

遞延稅項資產與負債乃根據當時已實施之稅率(及稅例)或於報告期末主要實施之稅率為基礎,按預期在償還負債或變現資產之期間適用之稅率計算。

如存在法律上可執行的權利將當期稅項資產 與當期稅項負債互相抵銷,而遞延稅項乃關 於同一應課稅實體及同一稅務機關,則遞延 稅項資產與遞延稅項負債會互相抵銷。

政府補助

倘有合理保證可取得政府補助,並可符合所 有附帶條件,則會按有關補助金額之公平值 確認政府補助。倘有關補助乃與開支項目有 關,則補助金額將配合計劃補助之成本,按 有系統之基準在可合理獲授有關補助之期間 確認為收入。

收入確認

收入乃於本集團大有可能獲得經濟利益及有 關收入能夠可靠計算時按下列基準確認:

- (a) 建造、翻新及其他工程合約,按完工百份比基準入賬。有關詳情載於下文「建造、翻新及其他工程合約」之會計政策;
- (b) 改建、加建、維修及保養之工程訂單合 約,按經有關僱主確認個別工程訂單價 值入賬;

財務報表附註

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一目

2.5 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Revenue recognition (continued)

- (c) rental income, on a time proportion basis over the lease terms;
- (d) interest income, on an accrual basis using the effective interest method by applying the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial instrument or a shorter period, when appropriate, to the net carrying amount of the financial asset; and
- (e) dividend income, when the shareholders' right to receive payment has been established.

Construction, renovation and other contracts

Contract revenue comprises the agreed contract amount and appropriate amounts from variation orders, claims and incentive payments. Contract costs incurred comprise direct materials, the costs of subcontracting, direct labour and an appropriate proportion of variable and fixed contract overheads.

Revenue from fixed price contracts is recognised on the percentage of completion method, measured by reference to the percentage of certified value of work performed to date to the total contract sum of the relevant contract.

Provision is made for foreseeable losses as soon as they are anticipated by management. Where contract costs incurred to date plus recognised profits less recognised losses exceed progress billings, the surplus is treated as an amount due from customers for contract work. Where progress billings exceed contract costs incurred to date plus recognised profits less recognised losses, the surplus is treated as an amount due to customers for contract work.

2.5 主要會計政策概要(續)

收入確認(續)

- (c) 租金收入,按租賃期以時間比例計算;
- (d) 利息收入,按預提基準以實際利率法計算,利率為在金融工具的預期壽命或更短期間(如適用)將估計未來現金收入準確折現至金融資產賬面淨值;及
- (e) 股息收入,在股東收取股息之權利確定 時確認入賬。

建造、翻新及其他工程合約

合約收入包括已協定之合約金額及改建或附加工程、索償額及獎勵金之適量款額。合約成本則包括直接材料、分包成本、直接工資及適當比例之可變及固定合約間接成本。

固定價格合約之收入乃按完工百份比方法計 算入賬,並會在計算時參考至今已施工之經 核定價值佔有關合約之總金額百份比。

倘管理層預計到於可見未來出現虧損,即會 提取準備。迄今所產生之合約成本另加已確 認溢利減去已確認虧損若超逾進度賬單款 項,則有關結餘被視為應收客戶之合約工程 款項。倘進度賬單款項超逾迄今所產生之合 約成本另加已確認溢利減去已確認虧損,則 有關結餘被視為應付客戶之合約工程款項。

財務報表附註

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一目

2.5 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Employee benefits

Share-based payment transactions

The Company operates a share option scheme for the purpose of providing incentives and rewards to eligible participants who contribute to the success of the Group's operations. Employees (including directors) of the Group receive remuneration in the form of share-based payment transactions, whereby employees render services as consideration for equity instruments ("equity-settled transactions").

The cost of equity-settled transactions with employees for grants after 7 November 2002 is measured by reference to the fair value at the date at which they are granted. The fair value is determined by an external valuer using a binomial model, further details of which are given in note 30 to the financial statements.

The cost of equity-settled transactions is recognised, together with a corresponding increase in equity, over the period in which the performance and/or service conditions are fulfilled. The cumulative expense recognised for equity-settled transactions at the end of each reporting period until the vesting date reflects the extent to which the vesting period has expired and the Group's best estimate of the number of equity instruments that will ultimately vest. The charge or credit to profit or loss of the statement of comprehensive income for a period represents the movement in the cumulative expense recognised as at the beginning and end of that period.

2.5 主要會計政策概要(續)

僱員福利

以股份為基礎的付款交易

本公司設有購股權計劃,其目的在於向為本 集團的成功營運作出貢獻的合資格參與人給 予激勵及回報。本集團僱員(包括董事)按以 股份為基礎的付款交易方式收取報酬,僱員 則提供服務作為收取權益性工具的代價(「以 權益結算的交易」)。

於二零零二年十一月七日後授予而與僱員進行以權益結算的交易的成本,參照於授出日的公平值計量。公平價值由外部評估師採用 二項式期權定價模式確定,詳情請見本財務 報表附註30。

以權益結算的交易的成本,在表現及/或服務條件履行期間確認並相應增加權益。在歸屬日前,於每個報告期末確認的以權益結算的交易的累計開支,反映歸屬期已到期部份及本集團對最終將會歸屬的權益性工具數目的最佳估計。在某一期間內在全面收入表的損益中扣除或計入的金額,為於該期間期初及期終確認的累計開支之變動。

財務報表附註

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一目

2.5 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Employee benefits (continued)

Share-based payment transactions (continued)

No expense is recognised for awards that do not ultimately vest, except for equity-settled transactions where vesting is conditional upon a market or non-vesting condition, which are treated as vesting irrespective of whether or not the market or non-vesting condition is satisfied, provided that all other performance and/or service conditions are satisfied.

Where the terms of an equity-settled award are modified, as a minimum an expense is recognised as if the terms had not been modified, if the original terms of the award are met. In addition, an expense is recognised for any modification that increases the total fair value of the share-based payment transaction, or is otherwise beneficial to the employee as measured at the date of modification.

Where an equity-settled award is cancelled, it is treated as if it had vested on the date of cancellation, and any expense not yet recognised for the award is recognised immediately. This includes any award where non-vesting conditions within the control of either the Group or the employee are not met. However, if a new award is substituted for the cancelled award, and is designated as a replacement award on the date that it is granted, the cancelled and new awards are treated as if they were a modification of the original award, as described in the previous paragraph. All cancellations of equity-settled transaction awards are treated equally.

The dilutive effect of outstanding options is reflected as additional share dilution in the computation of earnings per share.

2.5 主要會計政策概要(續)

僱員福利(續)

以股份為基礎的付款交易(續)

對於並未最終歸屬的獎勵,不會確認任何開 支,惟須視乎市場或不歸屬條件而決定歸屬 與否的以權益結算的交易則除外,在該情況 下,只要所有其他表現及/或服務條件已經 達到,不論市場或不歸屬條件是否達到,均 會被視為已歸屬。

如以權益結算的獎勵的條款有所修改,所確 認開支最少須達到假設條款並無任何修改下 的金額,如果獎勵的原條款獲履行。此外, 如任何修改導致以股份為基礎的付款交易的 總公平值有所增加,或為僱員帶來其他利益 (於修改日計量),則應就該等修改確認開 支。

如以權益結算的獎勵被註銷,應被視為猶如已於註銷日歸屬,任何尚未確認的獎勵開支應即時確認。這包括在本集團或僱員控制範圍以內的不歸屬條件未能獲履行的任何獎勵。然而,如以新獎勵代替所註銷的獎勵,並於授出日指定為代替獎勵,則所註銷的獎勵與新獎勵會如前段所述被視為原先獎勵的修訂。以權益結算的交易獎勵的一切註銷均以相同方式處理。

發行在外的購股權的攤薄效應通過每股盈利 計算中的額外股份的攤薄反映出來。

財務報表附註

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一目

2.5 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Other employee benefits

Paid leave carried forward

The Group provides paid annual leave to its employees under their employment contracts on a calendar year basis. Under certain circumstances, such leave which remains untaken as at the end of the reporting period is permitted to be carried forward and utilised by the respective employees in the following year. An accrual is made at the end of the reporting period for the expected future cost of such paid leave earned during the year by the employees and carried forward.

Pension schemes

The Group operates a defined contribution Mandatory Provident Fund retirement benefits scheme (the "MPF Scheme") under the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance for those employees who are eligible to participate in the MPF Scheme. Contributions are made based on a percentage of the employees' basic salaries and are charged to profit or loss of the statement of comprehensive income as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the MPF Scheme. The assets of the MPF Scheme are held separately from those of the Group in an independently administered fund. The Group's employer contributions vest fully with the employees when contributed into the MPF Scheme.

The Group also operates a Mandatory Provident Fund Exempted Occupational Retirement Schemes Ordinance ("ORSO") retirement benefits scheme for those employees who are eligible to participate in the ORSO scheme. This scheme operates in a way similar to the MPF Scheme, except that when an employee leaves the scheme prior to his/her interest in the Group's employee contributions vesting fully, the ongoing contributions payable by the Group are reduced by the relevant amount of forfeited employer's contributions.

2.5 主要會計政策概要(續)

其他僱員福利

結轉有薪假期

本集團根據聘用合約按公曆年的基準向其僱 員提供有薪年假。在若干情況下,於報告期 末,該等尚未使用的假期可結轉,而有關僱 員可在下一年度使用。於報告期末,本集團 就該等在年度內產生及結轉的有薪假期涉及 的預期未來費用撥作預提費用。

退休福利計劃

本集團已按照強制性公積金計劃條例為所有 合資格參與強積金計劃之僱員設有定額供 款強制性公積金退休福利計劃(「強積金計 劃」)。供款乃按照僱員底薪百份比計算,當 需要按照強積金計劃條款規定供款時,即在 全面收入表的損益中扣除有關供款。強積金 計劃資產乃由獨立管理基金持有並與本集團 資產分開管理。當向強積金計劃供款時,本 集團之僱主強制供款將全數歸於僱員所得。

本集團亦為合資格參與強制性公積金豁免職業退休計劃條例(「職業退休計劃條例」)計劃之僱員設有職業退休計劃條例計劃。該計劃以類似強積金計劃之方式經營,惟當僱員於符合資格全數享有本集團僱員供款前離職,則本集團須持續支付之供款可扣除被沒收僱主供款之有關款額。

財務報表附註

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一日

2.5 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, i.e., assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are capitalised as part of the cost of those assets. The capitalisation of such borrowing costs ceases when the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs capitalised. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred. Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds.

Foreign currencies

These financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars, which is the Company's functional and presentation currency. Each entity in the Group determines its own functional currency and items included in the financial statements of each entity are measured using that functional currency. Foreign currency transactions recorded by the entities in the Group are initially recorded using their respective functional currency rates ruling at the dates of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the functional currency rates of exchange ruling at the end of the reporting period. All differences are taken to profit or loss of the statement of comprehensive income. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions. Non-monetary items measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was determined.

2.5 主要會計政策概要(續)

借貸成本

直接與收購、建築或製造合資格資產(即資產必須經過一段相當時間以準備作擬定用途或銷售)有關的借貸成本,將資本化為該等資產成本的一部份。倘資產已大致可作擬定用途或銷售,則停止資本化該借貸成本。待用於合資格資產的借貸於暫時性投資時所產生之投資收入,則於已資本化的借貸成本中扣除。所有其他借貸成本在發生當期確認為費用。借貸成本包括實體就借用資金而發生的利息及其他成本。

外幣

財務報表以本公司的功能及列報貨幣港元列報。本集團各實體決定其本身的功能貨幣,各實體的財務報表的項目乃使用該功能貨幣計量。本集團實體記錄的外幣交易初始按交易日它們各自的功能貨幣之匯率記賬。以外幣為單位的貨幣性資產與負債會按報告記入。 全面收入表的損益。以外幣歷史成本計量的非貨幣性資產,按初始交易日的匯率換算。 按外幣公平值計量的非貨幣性項目,按公平值釐定日的匯率換算。

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一目

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES

The preparation of the Group's financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities, at the end of the reporting period. However, uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that could require a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of the assets or liabilities affected in the future.

Judgements

In the process of applying the Group's accounting policies, management has made the following judgements, apart from those involving estimations, which have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements:

Operating lease commitments – Group as lessor

The Group has entered into commercial property leases on its investment property portfolio. The Group has determined, based on an evaluation of the terms and conditions of the arrangements, that it retains all the significant risks and rewards of ownership of these properties which are leased out on operating leases.

3. 主要會計判斷及估計

編製本集團的財務報表要求管理層於報告期 末作出會影響收入、開支、資產和負債的報 告金額的判斷、估計和假設,並作出或然負 債披露。然而,有關該等假設和估計的不確 定性可能導致可能須於未來對受影響資產或 負債的賬面值作出重大調整的結果。

判斷

於應用本集團之會計政策的過程中,管理層 作出以下對於財務報表中已確認的金額構成 最重大影響之判斷(除涉及估計者外):

經營租賃承諾-本集團作為出租人

本集團就旗下的投資物業組合簽定了商業租 賃合同。本集團認為,根據對有關安排的條 款及條件的評估,本集團保留了透過經營租 賃出租的這些房地產的所有權的所有重大風 險和回報。

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一日

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES (continued)

Judgements (continued)

Classification between investment properties and owneroccupied properties

The Group determines whether a property qualifies as an investment property, and has developed criteria in making that judgement. Investment property is a property held to earn rentals or for capital appreciation or both. Therefore, the Group considers whether a property generates cash flows largely independently of the other assets held by the Group. Some properties comprise a portion that is held to earn rentals or for capital appreciation and another portion that is held for use in the production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes. If these portions could be sold separately (or leased out separately under a finance lease), the Group accounts for these portions separately. If the portions could not be sold separately, the property is an investment property only if an insignificant portion is held for use in the production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes. Judgement is made on an individual property basis to determine whether ancillary services are so significant that a property does not qualify as an investment property.

3. 主要會計判斷及估計(續)

判斷(續)

投資物業和自用房地產的劃分

本集團決定房地產是否符合投資物業的條 件,並制定出此類判斷的標準。投資物業指 為賺取租金或資本升值或同時為這兩個目的 而持有的房地產。憑此,本集團考慮一項房 地產產生的現金流是否大部分獨立於本集團 持有的其他資產。有些房地產的一部分是為 賺取租金或資本升值而持有,而另一部分是 為用於生產或提供商品或服務或行政用途而 持有。如果這些部分可以分開出售(或按融 資租賃分開出租),則本集團對這些部分分 開進行會計處理。如果這些部分不能分開出 售,則只有在為用於生產或提供商品或服務 或行政用途而持有的部分不重大的情况下, 該房地產才是投資物業。判斷是對各單項房 地產作出,以確定配套服務是否如此重要而 使房地產不符合投資物業。

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一目

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES (continued) Judgements (continued)

Valuation of properties under development and properties held for sale

Properties under development and properties held for sale are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. The cost of each unit in each phase of development is determined using the weighted average method. The estimated net realisable value is the estimated selling price less selling expenses and the estimated cost of completion (if any), which are estimated based on the best available information.

If there is an increase in costs to completion or a decrease in net sales value, the net realisable value will decrease and this may result in a provision for properties under development and properties held for sale. Such provision requires the use of judgement and estimates. Where the expectation is different from the original estimate, the carrying value and provision for properties in the periods in which such estimate is changed will be adjusted accordingly.

Estimation uncertainty

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are discussed below.

3. 主要會計判斷及估計(續)

判斷(續)

發展中物業及持有作出售之物業的估價

發展中物業及持有作出售之物業按成本與可 變現淨值兩者中的較低者列賬。每期發展中 每個單位的成本使用加權平均數法釐定。估 計可變現淨值指估計售價減銷售費用及估計 完工成本(如有),其則根據最佳可得資料估 計。

如果完工成本增加或銷售淨值減少,則可變 現淨值將會減少,而這可能導致就發展中物 業及持有作出售之物業計提準備。有關準備 需要使用判決和估計。倘若預期與原來估計 有別,則在有關估計改變的期間,物業的賬 面值及準備會相應調整。

估計數字的不確定性

可能引致資產負債之賬面值於下個財政年度 須予以重大調整,且有關未來的主要假設, 以及於報告期末存在之估計不確定性的其他 主要來源載列於下文。

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一目

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES (continued)

Estimation uncertainty (continued)

Construction, renovation and other contracts

As further explained in note 2.5 to the financial statements, revenue and profit recognition on contract work is dependent on the estimation of the total outcome of the construction contract, as well as the work performed to date. Based on the Group's past experience and the nature of the contract activities undertaken by the Group, the Group makes estimates of the point at which it considers the work is sufficiently advanced such that the costs to complete and the revenue can be reliably estimated. As a result, until this point is reached, the amount due from customers for contract work as disclosed in note 20 to the financial statements will not include profit which the Group may eventually realise from the work performed to date. In addition, actual outcomes in terms of total contract costs and/or revenue may be higher or lower than those estimated at the end of the reporting period, which would affect the revenue and profit recognised in future years.

Significant assumptions are required to estimate the total contract costs and the recoverable variation works that will affect whether any provision is required for foreseeable losses. The estimates are made based on past experience and knowledge of the project management.

3. 主要會計判斷及估計(續)

估計數字的不確定性(續)

建造、翻新及其他工程合約

如財務報表附註2.5所進一步解釋,合約工程 的收入及溢利確認須視乎所估計的建造合約 之總結果,以及迄今已進行工程量。根據本 集團以往的經驗及本集團所進行合約活動, 性質,本集團估計工程進度至那一程度 足以讓本集團可靠地估計完成成本及收入。 因此,在到達該程度前,財務報表附註20所 披露應收客戶之合約工程款並不包括本集團 最終可能從迄今已進行工程實現的溢利。所 數合約成本及/或收入的實際結果可能 外,總合約成本及/或收入的實際結果可能 有於或低於報告期末的估計,而影響到未來 年度確認的收入及溢利。

估計總合約成本以及會影響到是否須就可預 見損失計提任何準備的可收回改建工程,需 要重大假設。估計乃根據項目管理的以往經 驗及知識而作出。

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一日

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES (continued)

Estimation uncertainty (continued)

Impairment of non-financial assets

The Group assesses whether there are any indicators of impairment for all non-financial assets at the end of each reporting period. Non-financial assets are tested for impairment when there are indicators that the carrying amounts may not be recoverable. An impairment exists when the carrying value of an asset or a cash-generating unit exceeds its recoverable amount, which is the higher of its fair value less costs to sell and its value in use. The calculation of the fair value less costs to sell is based on available data from binding sales transactions in an arm's length transaction of similar assets or observable market prices less incremental costs for disposing of the asset. When value in use calculations are undertaken, management must estimate the expected future cash flows from the asset or cash-generating unit and choose a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value of those cash flows.

Estimation of fair value of investment properties

As disclosed in note 16 to the financial statements, investment properties including completed investment properties and investment properties under construction are revalued at the end of the reporting period on market value, existing use basis or on residual basis by independent professionally qualified valuers. Such valuations were based on certain assumptions and estimates, which are subject to uncertainty and might materially differ from the actual outcomes. In making the judgement for valuation of investment properties under market value, existing use basis, information from current prices in an active market for similar properties is considered and assumptions that are mainly based on market conditions existing at the end of the reporting period are used, while the use of the residual basis to value investment properties under construction requires considering the significant risks which are relevant to the development process, including but not limited to construction and letting risks.

3. 主要會計判斷及估計(續)

估計數字的不確定性(續)

非金融資產減值

於每一報告期末,本集團評估所有非金融資產是否有任何減值跡象。當有跡象表明未被則實產會進行減值跡象。當有跡象表明減值測式。當資產或現金產生單位的賬面金額時,非金融資產會進行額超過其可收回金額(即其公平價值減出售費用價值減出售費用是根據按公平價值減出售費用是根據按公平得數據可觀察市場價格減出售資產的增量不應要估計預期未來來自資產或現金產生單位的現金流量的現值。

投資物業公平價值的估計

如財務報表附註16所披露,投資物業(包括已落成投資物業及在建中投資物業)於報告期末由獨立專業合格估值師按市場價值及現有用途基準或按餘值基準重估。有關估值。有關估值。有關。 假設及估計可能與實際結果有很大出入。以現有用途基準根據市值就投資物業進行。以明時會作出判斷,而有關判斷已考慮到活躍,以明末存在的市場狀況為基礎的假沒考慮以報告期末存在的市場狀況為基礎的假沒考慮到與發展過程有關的重大風險,包括(但不限於)建造及出租風險。

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一目

4. SEGMENT INFORMATION

For management purposes, the Group is organised into business units based on their products and services and has two reportable operating segments as follows:

- (a) the contract works segment engages in contract works as a main contractor or subcontractor, primarily in respect of building construction, renovation, repairs and maintenance and civil engineering works; and
- (b) the property investment and development segment engages in investment in retail, commercial and residential premises for their rental income potential and the development of properties.

Management monitors the results of the Group's operating segments separately for the purpose of making decisions about resources allocation and performance assessment. Segment performance is evaluated based on reportable segment profit, which is a measure of adjusted profit before tax. The adjusted profit before tax is measured consistently with the Group's profit before tax except that interest income, finance costs, share of profits and losses of jointly-controlled entities as well as head office and corporate expenses are excluded from such measurement.

Intersegment sales and transfers are transacted with reference to the selling prices used for sales made to third parties at the then prevailing market prices.

4. 分部資料

出於管理目的,本集團根據產品和服務的性質來劃分業務單元,本集團有以下兩個可匯報經營分部:

- (a) 工程分部乃擔任總承建商或分包商,主 要承接樓宇建築、翻新、維修及保養及 土木工程合約;及
- (b) 物業投資及發展分部乃投資於具有租金 收入潛力的零售、商用或住宅物業,以 及從事物業發展。

管理層監察各經營分部之業績以分配資源及 評核表現。分部之表現按可匯報分部之盈利 (即經調整稅前盈利)評核。經調整稅前盈利 之計算與本集團之稅前盈利一致,唯計算經 調整稅前盈利或虧損時不包括利息收入、財 務費用、應佔共同控制實體溢利及虧損,亦 不包括總辦事處及企業費用。

分部間的銷售和轉讓,參照向第三方銷售所 採用的售價,按照當時現行的市場價格進行 交易。



財務報表附註

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一目

4. SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

4. 分部資料(續)

Group 本集團

			et works 工程	and deve	nvestment elopment 資及發展		nation .銷		lidated 습
		2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010
		二零一一年	二零一零年	二零一一年	二零一零年	二零一一年	二零一零年	二零一一年	二零一零年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Segment revenue:	分部收入:								
Sales to external customers	銷售予外來客戶	2,581,906	2,038,850	18,551	15,943	_	_	2,600,457	2,054,793
Intersegment sales	分部間銷售		3,830	-	-	_	(3,830)	-	-
Total	總額	2,581,906	2,042,680	18,551	15,943	-	(3,830)	2,600,457	2,054,793
Segment results	分部業績	190,916	136,984	177,466	131,359	-	-	368,382	268,343
Interest and unallocated	利息及未分配之								
income and gains	收入及收益							21,178	11,803
Unallocated expenses	未分配之開支							(55,437)	(44,424)
Finance costs	財務費用							(5,617)	(7,319)
Share of profits and losses	應佔共同控制實體								
of jointly-controlled entities	溢利及虧損	10,993	152	-	-	-	-	10,993	152
Profit before tax	除税前溢利							339,499	228,555
Income tax expense	所得税支出							(55,163)	(36,386)
Profit for the year	年度溢利							284,336	192,169
Other segment information:	其他分部資料:								
Depreciation on unallocated	未分配資產之折舊								
assets (restated)	(經重列)							8,688	7,418
Gain on changes in fair value	投資物業公平值變動								
of investment properties, net	收益,淨額	-	-	(160,001)	(117,798)	-	-	(160,001)	(117,798)

財務報表附註

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一目

4. SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

Geographical information

(a) Revenue from external customers
All of the Group's revenue is derived from customers based in Hong Kong.

(b) Non-current assets

4. 分部資料(續)地區資料

(a) 來自外來客戶的收入 本集團所有收入均得自以香港為基地的 客戶。

(b) 非流動資產

		2011	2010
		二零一一年	二零一零年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
			(Restated)
			(經重列)
Hong Kong	香港	1,393,962	952,168
Mainland China	中國大陸	3,324	2,616
		1,397,286	954,784

The non-current asset information above is based on the location of assets and excludes deferred tax assets.

Information about major customers

For the year ended 31 March 2011, revenue from two (2010: one) customers of the contract works segment accounted for more than 10% of the Group's total revenue individually. Revenue from these two (2010: one) customers was HK\$1,661,847,000 (2010: HK\$1,626,594,000) and HK\$370,664,000 (2010: Nil), respectively.

Government bureaux and departments of the government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region ("HKSAR Government") are considered a single customer. Except for the aforesaid, no other single external customer accounted for 10% or more of the Group's revenue.

上述非流動資產資料以資產位置為基 礎,並不包括遞延稅項資產。

主要客戶資料

於截至二零一一年三月三十一日止年度內,來自合約工程分部兩位(二零一零年:一位)客戶的收入個別佔本集團總收入超過10%。來自該兩位(二零一零年:一位)客戶的收入分別為1,661,847,000港元(二零一零年:1,626,594,000港元)及370,664,000港元(二零一零年:無)。

香港特別行政區政府(「香港特區政府」)各政府政策局及部門視為單一客戶。除上文所述者外,概無其他單一外來客戶佔本集團收入10%或以上。



財務報表附註

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一日

4. SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)
Information about products and services

4. 分部資料(續) 產品及服務資料

		2011	2010
		二零一一年	二零一零年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Revenue from external customers:	來自外來客戶之收入:		
Contract works for building construction	樓宇建造合約工程	867,528	472,539
Contract works for renovation, repairs	翻新、維修及保養		
and maintenance	合約工程	1,444,256	1,268,570
Contract works for civil engineering works	土木工程合約工程	270,122	297,741
Property gross rental income	物業租金收入總額	18,551	15,943
		2,600,457	2,054,793

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一日

5. REVENUE, OTHER INCOME AND GAINS

Revenue, which is also the Group's turnover, represents the appropriate proportion of contract revenue from construction, renovation and other contracts, and the gross rental income received and receivable from investment properties during the year.

An analysis of revenue, other income and gains is as follows:

5. 收入、其他收入及收益

收入(亦即本集團的營業額)乃指年度內建 造、翻新及其他工程合約中佔適當比例之合 約收入,及投資物業的已收及應收租金收入 總額。

收入、其他收入及收益之分析如下:

Group 水集團

			平果閩		
			2011	2010	
			二零一一年	二零一零年	
		Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
		附註	千港元	千港元	
Revenue	收入				
Contract revenue	合約收入		2,581,906	2,038,850	
Property gross rental income	物業租金收入總額		18,551	15,943	
			2,600,457	2,054,793	
Other income and gains	其他收入及收益				
Interest income	利息收入		16,212	5,966	
Net interest received on derivative financial	就衍生金融工具而收取				
instruments – transactions not qualifying	的利息淨額-不符合				
as hedges	套期條件的交易		_	504	
Management fee income received and	從一共同控制實體				
receivable from a jointly-controlled	收取之管理費收入				
entity		36	2,220	3,295	
Gain on changes in fair value of	投資物業公平值變動				
investment properties, net	收益,淨額	16	160,001	117,798	
Gain on disposal of items of property,	出售物業、機器及				
plant and equipment	設備項目的收益		36	-	
Sundry income, net	雜項收入,淨額		2,710	2,038	
			181,179	129,601	

財務報表附註

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一日

6. PROFIT BEFORE TAX

The Group's profit before tax is arrived at after charging/(crediting):

6. 除税前溢利

本集團之除稅前溢利已扣除/(計入)下列 各項:

			Group 本集團	
		Notes 附註	2011 二零一一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2010 二零一零年 HK\$'000 千港元 (Restated)
Depreciation Auditors' remuneration	折舊 核數師酬金	14	8,688 1,820	(經重列) 7,418 1,680
Employee benefits expense (exclusive of directors' remuneration— note 8):	僱員福利開支 (不包括董事酬金 -附註8):			
Wages and salaries Pension scheme contributions (defined contribution schemes)	工資及薪金 退休金計劃供款 (界定供款計劃)		91,299 3,088	72,741 2,214
			94,387	74,955
Minimum lease payments under operating leases: Land and buildings Equipment	支付最低之經營 租賃租金: 土地及樓宇 設備		7,040 12,639	6,763 7,604
			19,679	14,367
(Gain)/loss on disposal of items of property, plant and equipment* Government subsidies** Net rental income	出售物業、機器及設備 項目之(收益)/虧損: 政府資助** 租金收入淨額	k	(36) (548) (17,466)	14 (525) (15,049)

- * These items are included in "Other income and gains" or "Other expenses", as appropriate, on the face of the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.
- ** Subsidies have been received from the Hong Kong Vocational Training Council and the Construction Industry Council, institutions established by the HKSAR Government, for providing on-the-job training for graduate engineers and trainees, respectively. There are no unfulfilled conditions or contingencies relating to these subsidies.
- * 該等項目已適當地列於綜合全面收入表內之 「其他收入及收益」或「其他開支」。
- ** 分別就向已畢業之工程師及學徒提供在職培 訓取得香港職業訓練局及建造業議會(香港 特區政府設立之機構)之資助。目前並無有 關該等資助之未履行條件或或然事件。

財務報表附註

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一日

7. FINANCE COSTS

7. 財務費用

		Gro 本集	=
		2011	2010
		二零一一年	二零一零年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Interest on bank loans	銀行貸款之利息	8,472	9,356
Less: Interest capitalised	減:已資本化的利息	(2,855)	(2,037)
		5,617	7,319

8. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION

Directors' remuneration for the year, disclosed pursuant to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules") and Section 161 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, is as follows:

8. 董事酬金

根據香港聯合交易所有限公司證券上市規則 (「上市規則」)及香港公司條例第161條披露 之本年度董事酬金詳情如下:

		Group			
		本集	本集團		
		2011	2010		
		二零一一年	二零一零年		
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000		
		千港元	千港元		
Fees	袍金	573	540		
Other emoluments:	其他薪酬:				
Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind	薪金、津貼及實物利益	8,745	8,221		
Discretionary performance-related bonuses	與表現相關之酌情花紅	13,228	8,667		
Pension scheme contributions	退休金計劃供款				
(defined contribution schemes)	(界定供款計劃)	97	104		
		22,070	16,992		
		22,643	17,532		

財務報表附註

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一日

8. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION (continued)

(a) Independent non-executive directors

The fees paid to independent non-executive directors during the year were as follows:

8. 董事酬金(續)

(a) 獨立非執行董事

於年度內支付予獨立非執行董事的袍金 如下:

		2011 二零一一年	2010 二零一零年
		Fees	Fees
		袍金	袍金
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Professor Ko Jan Ming	高贊明教授	191	180
The Hon. Ip Kwok Him, GBS, JP	葉國謙議員(金紫荊星章、太平紳士)	191	180
Mr. Fung Pui Cheung, Eugene	馮培漳先生	191	180
		573	540

There were no other emoluments payable to the independent non-executive directors during the year (2010: Nil).

於本年度內,並無應付獨立非執行董事 之其他酬金(二零一零年:無)。

財務報表附註

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一日

- 8. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION (continued) 8. 董事酬金(續)
 - (b) Executive directors and a non-executive director
- - (b) 執行董事及非執行董事

2011 二零一一年

		Salaries,	Discretionary		
		allowances	performance-	Pension	
		and benefits	related	scheme	Total
		in kind	bonuses	contributions	remuneration
		薪金、津貼	與表現相關	退休金	
		及實物利益	之酌情花紅	計劃供款	總酬金
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Executive directors:	執行董事:				
Mr. Ngai Chun Hung	魏振雄先生	3,556	7,500	12	11,068
Mr. Yau Kwok Fai	游國輝先生	2,616	2,500	12	5,128
Mr. Li Chi Pong	李治邦先生	1,323	728	61	2,112
Mr. Mak Hon Kuen Peter	麥漢權先生	600	_	12	612
		8,095	10,728	97	18,920
Non-executive director:	非執行董事:				
Mr. Shek Yu Ming Joseph	石雨明先生	650	2,500	_	3,150
		8,745	13,228	97	22,070

財務報表附註

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一日

- 8. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION (continued)
 - (b) Executive directors and a non-executive director (continued)

2010

二零一零年

- 8. 董事酬金(續)
 - (b) 執行董事及非執行董事(續)

		Salaries	Discretionary		
		allowances	performance-	Pension	
		and benefits	related	scheme	Total
		in kind	bonuses	contributions	remuneration
		薪金、津貼	與表現相關	退休金	
		及實物利益	之酌情花紅	計劃供款	總酬金
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Executive directors:	執行董事:				
Mr. Ngai Chun Hung	魏振雄先生	3,201	4,000	12	7,213
Mr. Yau Kwok Fai	游國輝先生	2,486	2,500	12	4,998
Mr. Li Chi Pong	李治邦先生	1,284	667	59	2,010
Mr. Mak Hon Kuen Peter	麥漢權先生	600	_	12	612
		7,571	7,167	95	14,833
Non-executive director:	非執行董事:				
Mr. Shek Yu Ming Joseph	石雨明先生	650	1,500	9	2,159
		8,221	8,667	104	16,992

There was no arrangement under which a director waived or agreed to waive any remuneration during the year (2010: Nil).

本公司並無於本年度內作出任何安排, 致使董事可據此放棄或同意放棄任何酬 金(二零一零年:無)。

財務報表附註

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一目

9. FIVE HIGHEST PAID EMPLOYEES

The five highest paid employees during the year included four (2010: four) directors, details of whose remuneration are set out in note 8 above. Details of the remuneration of the remaining one (2010: one) non-director, highest paid employee for the year are as follows:

9. 五名最高薪酬僱員

於本年度內五名最高薪酬僱員包括四名(二 零一零年:四名)董事,彼等之酬金詳情已 載列於上文附註8。年內其餘一名(二零一零 年:一名)最高薪酬而非董事之僱員之酬金 詳情如下:

		Gr	Group		
		本组	本集團		
		2011	2010		
		二零一一年	二零一零年		
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000		
		千港元	<i>千港元</i>		
Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind	薪金、津貼及實物利益	1,051	928		
Discretionary performance-related bonuses	與表現相關之酌情花紅	432	465		
Pension scheme contributions	退休金計劃供款	48	46		
		1,531	1,439		

The remuneration of the remaining one (2010: one) non-director, highest paid employee for the year fell within the band of HK\$1,500,001 to HK\$2,000,000 (2010: HK\$1,000,001 to HK\$1,500,000).

年內其餘一名(二零一零年:一名)非董事的最高薪僱員之薪酬屬1,500,001港元至2,000,000港元(二零一零年:1,000,001港元至1,500,000港元)的等級。

10. INCOME TAX

Hong Kong profits tax has been provided at the rate of 16.5% (2010: 16.5%) on the estimated assessable profits arising in Hong Kong during the year.

10. 所得税

香港利得税乃根據本年度內在香港產生之估計應課税溢利按税率16.5% (二零一零年: 16.5%) 作出撥備。

		Gre	Group		
		本集	本集團		
		2011	2010		
		二零一一年	二零一零年		
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000		
		千港元	千港元		
Current – Hong Kong	當期-香港				
Charge for the year	本年度費用	26,999	16,902		
Underprovision/(overprovision)	以前年度撥備不足/				
in prior years	(超額撥備)	35	(55)		
Deferred (note 28)	遞延(附註28)	28,129	19,539		
Total tax charge for the year	本年度税項支出總額	55,163	36,386		

財務報表附註

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一日

10. INCOME TAX (continued)

A reconciliation of the tax expense applicable to profit before tax at the statutory rate to the tax expense at the effective tax rate is as follows:

10. 所得税(續)

適用於利用法定税率計算除税前溢利之税項 支出與利用實際税率計算之税項支出的對照 表如下:

			Group 本集團		
		2011	2010		
		二零一一年	二零一零年		
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000		
		千港元	千港元		
Profit before tax	除税前溢利	339,499	228,555		
Tax at the Hong Kong statutory tax rate	按香港法定税率16.5%				
of 16.5% (2010: 16.5%)	(二零一零年:16.5%)				
	計算之税項	56,017	37,712		
Adjustments in respect of current tax	因以前期間對本期間之				
of previous periods	税務調整	35	(55)		
Profits and losses attributable to	歸屬於共同控制實體的				
jointly-controlled entities	溢利及虧損	(1,814)	(26)		
Income not subject to tax	毋須課税收入	(16)	(2)		
Expenses not deductible for tax	不可扣税之開支	720	527		
Tax losses utilised from previous periods	利用以前期間的税務虧損	_	(53)		
Tax losses not recognised	未確認之税務虧損	47	52		
Recognition of tax losses brought forward	確認結轉自以前年度的				
from prior years	税務虧損	_	(1,802)		
Others	其他	174	33		
Tax charge at the Group's effective rate	本集團按實際税率計算之				
-	税項支出	55,163	36,386		

The share of tax attributable to jointly-controlled entities amounting to HK\$2,232,000 (2010: HK\$31,000) is included in "Share of profits and losses of jointly-controlled entities" on the face of the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

歸屬於共同控制實體的税項為2,232,000港元 (二零一零年:31,000港元),已計入綜合全 面收入表表上的「應佔共同控制實體溢利及 虧損」。

財務報表附註

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一目

11. PROFIT ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF THE PARENT

The consolidated profit attributable to owners of the parent for the year ended 31 March 2011 includes a profit of HK\$824,000 (2010: HK\$760,000) which has been dealt with in the financial statements of the Company (note 31(b)).

12. DIVIDENDS

The directors do not recommend the payment of any dividends in respect of the year (2010: Nil).

13. EARNINGS PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO ORDINARY EQUITY HOLDERS OF THE PARENT

The calculation of basic earnings per share is based on the profit for the year attributable to ordinary equity holders of the parent, and the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year.

The calculation of diluted earnings per share is based on the profit for the year attributable to ordinary equity holders of the parent. The weighted average number of ordinary shares used in the calculation is the number of ordinary shares in issue during the year, as used in the basic earnings per share calculation, and the weighted average number of ordinary shares deemed to have been issued for no consideration on the assumed exercise or conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares into ordinary shares.

11. 母公司擁有人應佔溢利

於截至二零一一年三月三十一日止年度內, 母公司擁有人應佔綜合溢利中,包括824,000 港元(二零一零年:760,000港元)的溢利已 於本公司財務報表記賬(附註31(b))。

12. 股息

董事不建議就本年度派發任何股息(二零一零年:無)。

13. 母公司普通權益持有人應佔每股 盈利

每股基本盈利乃根據本年度母公司普通權益 持有人應佔溢利計算,並按年度內已發行普 通股之加權平均數計算。

每股攤薄盈利乃根據本年度母公司普通權益 持有人應佔溢利計算,計算時所採用的普通 股加權平均數包括計算每股基本盈利時所採 用的年度內已發行普通股數目,以及假設所 有具有潛在攤薄效應的普通股視作獲行使或 轉換為普通股而按零代價發行的普通股的加 權平均數。

財務報表附註

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一日

13. EARNINGS PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO ORDINARY EQUITY HOLDERS OF THE PARENT (continued)

The calculations of basic and diluted earnings per share are based on:

13. 母公司普通權益持有人應佔每股盈利(續)

每股基本及攤薄盈利乃根據以下數據計算:

		2011	2010
		二零一一年	二零一零年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Earnings	盈利		
Profit attributable to ordinary equity	計算每股基本及攤薄		
holders of the parent, used in the basic	盈利時所採用		
and diluted earnings per share	的母公司普通權益持有人		
calculation	應佔溢利	284,336	192,169

Number of shares 股份數目

		AX IA	30X FI
		2011	2010
		二零一一年	二零一零年
Shares	股份		
Weighted average number of ordinary	計算每股基本盈利時		
shares in issue during the year, used	所採用的年度內		
in the basic earnings per	已發行普通股		
share calculation	加權平均數	1,495,575,403	1,487,418,559
Weighted average number of ordinary	假設具有攤薄效應之購股權		
shares deemed to be issued for no	行使時以零代價發行的		
consideration on assumed exercise	普通股的加權平均數		
of dilutive share options		12,019,289	11,012,920
Weighted average number of ordinary	計算每股攤薄盈利		
shares, used in the diluted earnings per	時所採用的普通股		
share calculation	加權平均數	1,507,594,692	1,498,431,479

The calculation of diluted earnings per share for the year ended 31 March 2010 did not include share options underlying 7,500,000 shares issuable upon exercise of those options because their effect would be anti-dilutive.

截至二零一零年三月三十一日止年度每股攤 薄盈利之計算不包括若干購股權,該等購股 權如獲行使而發行之股數為7,500,000股,原 因是該等購股權有反攤薄效應。

財務報表附註

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一月

14. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT 14. 物業、機器及設備

Group

本集團

				26.1	Furniture,			
		T 1 1	T 1 11	Machinery	fixtures		77 1 1	
		Land and	Leasehold	and	and office	Motor	Hotel under	m 1
		buildings in	nprovements	equipment	equipment 傢俬、	vehicles	construction	Total
			租賃	機器	固定裝置及			
		土地及樓宇	物業裝修	及設備	辦公室設備	車輛	在建中酒店	總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
2011	二零一一年							
At 31 March 2010 and	於二零一零年三月三十一日							
1 April 2010:	及二零一零年四月一日:							
Cost (restated)	成本(經重列)	129,950	4,426	4,332	11,210	8,053	167,640	325,611
Accumulated depreciation and	累計折舊及減值							
impairment (restated)	(經重列)	(8,473)	(3,534)	(3,588)	(8,331)	(4,464)	(34,921)	(63,311)
Net carrying amount (restated)	賬面淨值(經重列)	121,477	892	744	2,879	3,589	132,719	262,300
Net carrying amount at	於二零一零年四月一日							
1 April 2010 (restated)	之賬面淨值(經重列)	121,477	892	744	2,879	3,589	132,719	262,300
Additions	添置	_	_	280	780	3,840	16,043	20,943
Depreciation provided during the year	年度內折舊	(3,273)	(885)	(397)	(1,381)	(2,752)	-	(8,688)
Net carrying amount	於二零一一年三月三十一日							
at 31 March 2011	之賬面淨值	118,204	7	627	2,278	4,677	148,762	274,555
At 31 March 2011:	於二零一一年三月三十一日:							
Cost	成本	129,950	4,426	4,612	11,990	10,336	183,683	344,997
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊及減值	•			-			-
and impairment		(11,746)	(4,419)	(3,985)	(9,712)	(5,659)	(34,921)	(70,442)
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值	118,204	7	627	2,278	4,677	148,762	274,555



財務報表附註

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一月

14. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT 14. 物業、機器及設備(續)

(continued)

Group

本集團

Net carrying amount	賬面淨值	121,477	892	744	2,879	3,589	132,719	262,300
impairment	邓川川自 及 四 旧	(8,473)	(3,534)	(3,588)	(8,331)	(4,464)	(34,921)	(63,311)
At 31 March 2010: Cost Accumulated depreciation and	於二零一零年三月三十一日: 成本 累計折舊及減值	129,950	4,426	4,332	11,210	8,053	167,640	325,611
Net carrying amount at 31 March 2010	於二零一零年三月三十一日 之賬面淨值	121,477	892	744	2,879	3,589	132,719	262,300
Transfer from properties held for development (note 15)	由持有作發展之物業轉入 (附註15)	-	-	-	-	-	132,719	132,719
Depreciation provided during the year	年度內折舊	(3,274)	(885)	(418)	(1,307)	(1,534)	-	(7,418)
Disposals	出售	-	-	-	_	(39)	-	(39)
Additions	添置	-	-	478	1,298	3,141	-	4,917
Net carrying amount at 1 April 2009	於二零零九年四月一日 之賬面淨值	124,751	1,777	684	2,888	2,021	_	132,121
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值	124,751	1,777	684	2,888	2,021	-	132,121
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	累計折舊及減值	(5,199)	(2,649)	(3,170)	(7,024)	(3,869)	-	(21,911)
At 1 April 2009: Cost	於二零零九年四月一日: 成本	129,950	4,426	3,854	9,912	5,890	-	154,032
2010	二零一零年							
		(Restated) (經重列)						(Restated) (經重列)
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		土地及樓宇	租賃 物業裝修	機器及設備	傢俬、 固定裝置及 辦公室設備	車輛	在建中酒店	總計
		buildings	improvements	equipment	equipment	vehicles	construction	Total
		Land and	Leasehold	Machinery and	fixtures and office	Motor	Hotel under	
					Furniture,			

財務報表附註

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一日

14. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (continued)

At 31 March 2011, the Group's land and buildings and hotel under construction with net carrying amounts of HK\$118,204,000 (2010 (restated): HK\$121,477,000) and HK\$148,762,000 (2010: HK\$132,719,000), respectively, were pledged to secure general banking facilities granted to the Group (note 27).

The Group's leasehold land included in land and buildings with a net carrying amount of HK\$108,955,000 (2010: HK\$111,970,000) is situated in Hong Kong and is held under a medium term lease.

The Group's leasehold land included in hotel under construction is situated in Hong Kong and is held under a long term lease.

15. PROPERTIES HELD FOR DEVELOPMENT

At 31 March 2011, all of the Group's properties held for development were pledged to secure certain bank loans and general banking facilities granted to the Group (note 27).

During the year ended 31 March 2010, properties held for development with an aggregate carrying amount of HK\$132,719,000 were reclassified to hotel under construction (note 14) upon the commencement of construction work.

The Group's leasehold land included in properties held for development is situated in Hong Kong and is held under a long term lease.

14. 物業、機器及設備(續)

於二零一一年三月三十一日,本集團賬面淨值分別為118,204,000港元(二零一零年(經重列):121,477,000港元)及148,762,000港元(二零一零年:132,719,000港元)的土地及樓字以及在建中酒店已被抵押,作為授予本集團一般銀行融資的擔保(附註27)。

本集團土地及樓宇所包括賬面淨額為 108,955,000港元(二零一零年:111,970,000 港元)的租賃土地位於香港,且以中期租賃 形式持有。

本集團在建中酒店所包括的租賃土地位於香港,且以長期租賃形式持有。

15. 持有作發展之物業

於二零一一年三月三十一日,所有本集團持 有作發展之物業均已質押,以取得本集團獲 授若干銀行貸款及一般銀行融資(附註27)。

於截至二零一零年三月三十一日止年度內, 賬面值合共132,719,000港元的持有作發展之 物業已經於建造工程開始時重分類至在建中 酒店(附註14)。

本集團持有作發展之物業所包括的租賃土地 位於香港,且以長期租賃形式持有。

財務報表附註

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一日 16. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

16. 投資物業

Group 本集團

			2011			2010	
			二零一一年			二零一零年	
			Investment			Investment	
		Completed	properties		Completed	properties	
		investment	under		investment	under	
		properties	construction	Total	properties	construction	Total
		已落成	在建中		已落成	在建中	
		投資物業	投資物業	合計	投資物業	投資物業	合計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Carrying amount at beginning of year	於年初的賬面值 轉自已落成	496,226	196,000	692,226	471,892	-	471,892
Transfers from completed investment properties#	投資物業#	_	_	_	(127,000)	127,000	-
Additions	添置	_	7,447	7,447	79,725	22,811	102,536
Gain on fair value changes, net	公平值變動的收益,淨額	108,448	51,553	160,001	71,609	46,189	117,798
Carrying amount at end of year	於年終的賬面值	604,674	255,000	859,674	496,226	196,000	692,226

[#] In the prior year, certain completed investment properties with an aggregate carrying amount of HK\$127,000,000 were demolished and transferred to investment properties under construction for redevelopment into new investment properties.

An analysis of the Group's investment properties is as follows:

本集團的投資物業分析如下:

		2011	2010
		二零一一年	二零一零年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Hong Kong:	香港:		
Long term leases	長期租約	500	212,360
Medium term leases	中期租約	855,850	477,250
		856,350	689,610
Elsewhere*	其他地區*	3,324	2,616
		859,674	692,226

[#] 去年, 賬面值合共127,000,000港元的若干已 落成投資物業被拆卸及轉至在建中投資物 業,以供重新發展為新投資物業。

財務報表附註

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一日

16. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (continued)

* At the end of the reporting period, whilst the application is in progress, the certificate of ownership with respect to one of the Group's investment properties with a carrying value of HK\$3,324,000 (2010: HK\$2,616,000) at 31 March 2011 had not been issued by the relevant government authorities.

The Group's completed investment properties and investment properties under construction were revalued on 31 March 2011 by DTZ Debenham Tie Leung Limited, independent professionally qualified valuers, at HK\$604,674,000 (2010: HK\$496,226,000) on market value, existing use basis and at HK\$255,000,000 (2010: HK\$196,000,000) on residual basis, respectively. The use of the residual basis to value investment properties under construction requires considering the significant risks which are relevant to the development process, including but not limited to construction and letting risks.

Certain of the Group's investment properties are leased to third parties under operating leases, further details of which are included in note 34(a) to the financial statements. The gross rental income received and receivable by the Group and the related expenses in respect of these investment properties are summarised as follows:

16. 投資物業(續)

* 於報告期末,由於有關申請手續仍在處理 中,有關政府當局尚未發出有關本集團上述 其中一項於二零一一年三月三十一日之賬面 值為3,324,000港元(二零一零年:2,616,000 港元)之投資物業的房產證。

於二零一年三月三十一日,本集團的已落成投資物業及在建中投資物業乃經獨立專業合資格估值師戴德梁行有限公司分別按市值及現有用途基準重新估價為604,674,000港元(二零一零年:496,226,000港元),以及依據餘值基準重新估價為255,000,000港元(二零一零年:196,000,000港元)。以餘值基準對在建中投資物業估價須考慮到與發展過程有關的重大風險,包括(但不限於)建造及出租風險。

本集團若干投資物業按照經營租約租予第 三者,有關之進一步詳情載於財務報表附註 34(a)。本集團就此等投資物業所收取及應 收取之租金收入總額及有關支出概要如下:

Group 本集團

		2011	2010
		二零一一年	二零一零年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Gross rental income	租金收入總額	18,311	15,943
Direct expenses	直接開支	(1,078)	(894)
Net rental income	租金收入淨額	17,233	15,049

財務報表附註

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一目

16. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (continued)

At 31 March 2011, the Group's investment properties with an aggregate carrying amount of HK\$849,850,000 (2010: HK\$689,250,000) were pledged to secure general banking facilities granted to the Group (note 27).

Further particulars of the Group's investment properties are included in the "Summary of properties" section of the annual report.

17. GOODWILL

The amount of the goodwill capitalised as an asset in the consolidated statement of financial position, arising from the acquisition of non-controlling interests of certain subsidiaries after 1 April 2001 is as follows:

16. 投資物業(續)

於二零一一年三月三十一日,本集團賬面值總額849,850,000港元(二零一零年:689,250,000港元)的投資物業已被抵押,作為授予本集團一般銀行融資的擔保(附註27)。

有關本集團投資物業的進一步詳情,載於年報「物業概要」部分中。

17. 商譽

於二零零一年四月一日後因收購若干附屬公司之非控制性權益而產生之商譽已撥充資本 作為綜合財務狀況表一項資產之款項如下:

Chaun

			Group		
			本集團		
			2011	2010	
		二零	:一一年	二零一零年	
		Н	K\$'000	HK\$'000	
			千港元	千港元	
At beginning and end of year:	於年初及年終:				
Cost	成本		14,717	14,717	
Accumulated impairment	累計減值	((14,717)	(14,717)	
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值		-		

There was no movement in goodwill during the current and prior years.

於本年度及上一年度內,商譽並無變動。

財務報表附註

18. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES

18. 於附屬公司的投資

Company 本公司

		本名	本公司		
		2011	2010		
		二零一一年	二零一零年		
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000		
		千港元	千港元		
Unlisted shares, at cost	非上市股份,按原值	64,147	64,147		
Due from subsidiaries	附屬公司欠款	221,648	216,421		
		285,795	280,568		

The amounts due from subsidiaries are unsecured, interest-free and have no fixed terms of repayment.

附屬公司欠款乃無抵押、免息及無固定還款期。

The carrying amounts of the amounts due from subsidiaries approximate to their fair values.

附屬公司欠款的賬面值接近其公平價值。

Particulars of the principal subsidiaries are as follows:

主要附屬公司資料如下:

Name	Place of incorporation and operations 註冊成立	Nominal value of issued and paid-up capital 已發行及	Percentage of equity attributable to the Company 本公司應佔		Principal activities
名稱	及經營地點	繳足股本面值		百份比 Indirect 間接	主要業務
Profit Chain Investments Limited 英	British Virgin Islands/ Hong Kong 英屬維爾京群島/ 香港	US\$70,000 Ordinary 70,000美元 普通股	100	-	Investment holding 投資控股



財務報表附註

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一日

18. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES

18. 於附屬公司的投資(續)

(continued)

Name 名稱	Place of incorporation and operations 註冊成立 及經營地點	Nominal value of issued and paid-up capital 已發行及 繳足股本面值	Percentage of equity attributable to the Company 本公司應佔 股權百份比 Direct Indirect 直接 間接		Principal activities 主要業務
Able Engineering Company Limited 安保工程有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$4,789,000 Ordinary HK\$11,211,000 Non-voting deferred (<i>Note</i>) 4,789,000港元普通股 11,211,000港元 無投票權遞延股 (<i>附註</i>)	-	100	Building construction, maintenance and civil engineering works 樓宇建造、維修及土木工程
Gold Vantage Limited 鋭盈有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$100 Ordinary 100港元普通股	_	100	Property holding 物業持有
Excel Engineering Company Limited 恰益工程有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$16,000,000 Ordinary 16,000,000港元 普通股	_	100	Building construction, maintenance and civil engineering works 樓字建造、維修及土木工程
Gadelly Construction Company Limited 加德利建築有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$4,200,000 Ordinary 4,200,000港元 普通股	-	100	Building construction and engineering works 樓宇建造 及工程

財務報表附註

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一月

18. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (continued)

18. 於附屬公司的投資(續)

Name 名稱	Place of incorporation and operations 註冊成立 及經營地點	Nominal value of issued and paid-up capital 已發行及 繳足股本面值	Perce of ec attribut the Co 本公章 股權了 Direct 直接	quity table to mpany 可應佔	Principal activities 主要業務
Able Contracting Limited 安保建業有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$1 Ordinary 1港元普通股	-	100	Building maintenance works 樓宇維修工程
Able Contractors Limited 安保建築有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$10,000 Ordinary 10,000港元普通股	-	100	Building construction 樓宇建造
Able Maintenance Company Limited 安保維修有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$10,000 Ordinary 10,000港元普通股	-	100	Building construction and maintenance works 樓宇建造及 維修工程
Covalla Limited 鋭雅有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$10,000 Ordinary 10,000港元普通股	-	100	Property development 物業發展
Good Trader Limited 業佳有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$1 Ordinary 1港元普通股	-	100	Property development 物業發展
Great Business Limited 業廣有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$1 Ordinary 1港元普通股	-	100	Property holding 物業持有
Comfort Home Properties Limited 安豪置業有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$1 Ordinary 1港元普通股	-	100	Property development 物業發展

財務報表附註

18. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (continued)

18. 於附屬公司的投資(續)

	Place of	Nominal value of		entage quity	
Name	incorporation and operations 註冊成立	issued and paid-up capital 已發行及	the Co	table to ompany 可應佔	Principal activities
名稱	及經營地點	缴足股本面值	股權 Direct 直接	百份比 Indirect 間接	主要業務
Win Glories Limited 紳榮有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$9,600 Ordinary 9,600港元普通股	-	100	Property holding 物業持有
Hobol Limited 巧邦有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$1 Ordinary 1港元普通股	-	100	Property holding 物業持有
Win Extra Limited 卓協有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$1 Ordinary 1港元普通股	-	100	Property holding 物業持有
Frason Holdings Limited 輝信控股有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$10,000 Ordinary 10,000港元普通股	-	100	Property holding 物業持有
Keeprich Limited	British Virgin Islands/ Hong Kong 英屬維爾京群島/ 香港	US\$1 Ordinary 1美元普通股	-	100	Property development 物業發展

Note: The non-voting deferred shares carry no rights to dividends or to receive notice of or to attend or vote at any general meeting of the company or to participate in any distribution on winding-up.

The above table lists the subsidiaries of the Company which, in the opinion of the directors, principally affected the results for the year or formed a substantial portion of the net assets of the Group. To give details of other subsidiaries would, in the opinion of the directors, result in particulars of excessive length.

附註:無投票權遞延股份無權收取股息,亦無權 獲發各有關公司之任何股東大會通告或出 席大會或在會上投票,或於公司清盤時獲 得任何分派。

上表列出董事認為對本年度業績有重大影響 或組成本集團資產淨值主要部份之本公司附 屬公司。董事認為,列出其他附屬公司之資 料將導致資料過份冗長。

財務報表附註

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一日

19. INVESTMENTS IN JOINTLY-CONTROLLED ENTITIES

19. 於共同控制實體的投資

			oup 集團
		2011	2010
		二零一一年	二零一零年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Share of net assets	應佔淨資產份額	11,251	258

The amounts due from/to jointly-controlled entities included in the Group's current assets/liabilities are unsecured, interest-free and have no fixed terms of repayment.

包括在本集團的流動資產/負債的應收/應付共同控制實體款項乃無抵押、免息及無固定還款期。

Particulars of the jointly-controlled entities are as follows:

共同控制實體之資料如下:

Percentage of

		recentage of				
				所佔百份比	•	
	Business	Place of	Ownership	Voting	Profit	Principal
Name	structure	incorporation	interest	power	sharing	activity
		註冊		•		•
名稱	業務架構	成立地點	擁有權益	投票權	盈利分配	主要業務
11 111	未切不怕	从业地制	沙斯 月 1年 100	以不惟	1111 77 FL	工女未切
Excel-China Harbour	Body	Hong Kong	70	50	70	Engineering
	,		10	30	10	
Joint Venture	unincorporate	香港				works
怡益中國港灣聯營	並非法團的團體					contractor
						工程承包商
Able E&M Engineering	Limited	Hong Kong	50	50	50	Engineering
Limited	company	香港				works
安寶機電工程有限公司	= :	7 16				
女員機电工性有限公司	有限公司					contractor
						工程承包商
Leighton-Able Joint	Body	Hong Kong	49	50	49	Building
Venture	unincorporate	香港				construction
禮頓-安保聯營	並非法團的團體					contractor
						樓宇建造
						承包商
						承也间

The above investments in jointly-controlled entities are indirectly held by the Company.

上述所有於共同控制實體的投資均間接由本公司持有。

財務報表附註

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一日

19. INVESTMENTS IN JOINTLY-CONTROLLED ENTITIES (continued)

The following table illustrates the summarised financial information of the Group's jointly-controlled entities:

19. 於共同控制實體的投資(續)

下表顯示本集團共同控制實體的概要財務資料:

		Gr	Group		
		本组	集團		
		2011	2010		
		二零一一年	二零一零年		
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000		
		千港元	千港元		
Share of the jointly-controlled entities'	分佔共同控制實體的				
assets and liabilities:	資產負債:				
Current assets	流動資產	77,370	43,276		
Current liabilities	流動負債	(66,119)	(43,018)		
Net assets	資產淨值	11,251	258		
Share of the jointly-controlled	分佔共同控制實體				
entities' results:	業績:				
Revenue	收入	192,175	90,288		
Other income	其他收入	2,226	3,290		
		194,401	93,578		
Total expenses	總開支	(181,176)	(93,395)		
Income tax expense	税項支出	(2,232)			
Profit after tax	除税後溢利	10,993	152		

財務報表附註

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一日

20. CONSTRUCTION, RENOVATION AND 20. 建築、翻新及其他工程合約 OTHER CONTRACTS

			Group 本集團		
		2011 二零一一年	2010 二零一零年		
		HK\$'000 <i>千港元</i>	HK\$'000 千港元		
Gross amount due from customers for contract work Gross amount due to customers	應收客戶之合約工程款 總額 應付客戶之合約工程款	26,895	31,974		
for contract work	總額	(77,630)	(84,171)		
		(50,735)	(52,197)		
Contract costs incurred plus recognised profits less recognised losses to date Less: Progress billings	合約成本加現時已確認之溢利 減現時已確認之虧損 減:進度賬單款項	5,600,395 (5,651,130)	4,417,233 (4,469,430)		
		(50,735)	(52,197)		

財務報表附註

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一目

21. PROPERTIES HELD FOR SALE

At 31 March 2011, the Group's properties held for sale with an aggregate carrying amount of HK\$41,166,000 (2010: HK\$40,833,000) were pledged to secure general banking facilities granted to the Group (note 27).

In the prior year, properties held for sale with an aggregate carrying amount of HK\$40,283,000 were transferred from properties under development upon the completion of construction work.

An analysis of the Group's properties held for sale is as follows:

21. 持有作出售之物業

於二零一一年三月三十一日,本集團賬面值合共41,166,000港元(二零一零年:40,833,000港元)的持有作出售之物業已經抵押,以獲取授予本集團的一般銀行信貸融資(附註27)。

去年,賬面值合共40,283,000港元的持有作出售之物業乃於建造工程完成時轉自發展中物業。

本集團持有作出售之物業分析如下:

Group 本集團

		本:	米岡
		2011	2010
		二零一一年	二零一零年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Hong Kong:	香港:		
	長期租賃	41 166	10 022
Long term lease	下 为但貝	41,166	40,833
Medium term lease	中期租賃	40,958	40,283
		82,124	81,116

The Group's properties held for sale as at 31 March 2011 and 2010 are expected to be recovered after more than twelve months from the end of the reporting period.

於二零一一年及二零一零年三月三十一日, 本集團持有作出售之物業預期將於報告期末 起計超過十二個月後套現。

財務報表附註

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一日

22. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Accounts receivable consist of receivables for contract work and rentals under operating leases. The payment terms of contract work receivables are stipulated in the relevant contracts. Rentals are normally payable in advance.

At 31 March 2011, retentions receivable included in accounts receivable amounted to HK\$108,851,000 (2010: HK\$90,922,000), which are repayable on terms ranging from two to three years.

At 31 March 2011, the Group assigned its financial benefits under certain contract works to secure general banking facilities granted to the Group (note 27) and as at 31 March 2011, the aggregate amount of accounts receivable related to such contract works pledged to secure the relevant banking facilities amounted to HK\$44,847,000 (2010: HK\$59,194,000).

The aged analysis of the accounts receivable as at the end of the reporting period is as follows:

22. 應收賬款

應收賬款包括合約工程及經營租賃租金之 應收款項。合約工程應收款項之支付條款於 有關建造合約中訂明。租金一般須於期初支 付。

於二零一一年三月三十一日,應收賬款中包括應收保留款項108,851,000港元(二零一零年:90,922,000港元),償還年期條款為二至三年不等。

於二零一一年三月三十一日,本集團將其於若干合約工程的財務利益轉讓,以取得授予本集團的一般銀行融資(附註27);於二零一一年三月三十一日,有關該等合約工程而予以質押以取得有關銀行融資的應收賬款總額為44,847,000港元(二零一零年:59,194,000港元)。

於報告期末之應收賬款的賬齡分析如下:

Gro	up
本集	事

		2011	2010
		二零一一年	二零一零年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Current – 3 months	即期-3個月	174,504	216,621
4 – 6 months	4-6個月	3,657	2,997
Over 6 months	超過6個月	54,939	58,538
		233,100	278,156

財務報表附註

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一目

22. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE (continued)

The aged analysis of the accounts receivable that are not individually nor collectively considered to be impaired is as follows:

22. 應收賬款(續)

並無個別或集體認定為減值的應收款項賬齡 分析如下:

			Group 本集團		
		2011	2010		
		二零一一年	二零一零年		
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000		
		千港元	千港元		
Past due but not impaired:	逾期但並無減值:				
One to three months past due	逾期1至3個月	15,057	731		
Four to six months past due	逾期4至6個月	34	467		
Over six months past due	逾期超過6個月	1,689	9,437		
		16,780	10,635		
Neither past due nor impaired	既無逾期亦無減值	216,320	267,521		
		233,100	278,156		

Accounts receivable that were past due but not impaired relate to a number of independent customers that have a good track record with the Group. Based on past experience, the directors of the Company are of the opinion that no allowance for impairment is necessary in respect of these balances as there has not been a significant change in credit quality and the balances are still considered fully recoverable. The Group does not hold any collateral or other credit enhancement over these balances.

Accounts receivable that are neither past due nor impaired relate to a number of independent customers for whom there was no recent history of default.

逾期但並無減值的應收賬款乃有關若干獨立 客戶,彼等與本集團交易的記錄良好。根據 以往經驗,本公司董事認為,該等結餘無須 計提減值準備,因有關信用質素並無重大改 變,且仍然認為可全數收回有關結餘。本集 團並無就該等結餘持有任何抵押品或其他信 用增級。

既無逾期亦無減值的應收款項與為數眾多的 獨立客戶相關,彼等並無近期欠繳記錄。

財務報表附註

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一日

23. PREPAYMENTS, DEPOSITS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

23. 預付款項、按金及其他應收款

		Gr	Group		
		本红	本集團		
		2011	2010		
		二零一一年	二零一零年		
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000		
		千港元	<i>千港元</i>		
			(Restated)		
			(經重列)		
Prepayments	預付款項	17,702	28,677		
Deposits and other receivables	按金及其他應收款	17,612	28,704		
		35,314	57,381		

None of the above assets is either past due or impaired. The financial assets included in the above balances relate to receivables for which there was no recent history of default.

上述資產既無逾期亦無減值。上述結餘所包 括的金融資產乃有關並無近期欠繳記錄的應 收款項。

財務報表附註

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一目

24. PLEDGED DEPOSITS AND CASH AND CASH 24. 已抵押存款及現金及現金等值物 EQUIVALENTS

		Gr 本生	oup 全面	Com 本名	pany S. at
		2011	2010	2011	2010
		二零一一年	二零一零年	二零一一年	二零一零年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Pledged time deposits against bank overdraft facilities	為銀行透支額度作 抵押的定期存款	1,075	1,075	-	-
Cash and cash equivalents:	現金及現金等值物				
Cash and bank balances	現金及銀行結餘	230,442	164,860	365	493
Non-pledged time deposits	無抵押定期存款	53,444	44,162	_	-
		283,886	209,022	365	493

The time deposits pledged to banks were to secure general banking facilities granted to the Group (note 27).

Cash at banks earns interest at floating rates based on daily bank deposit rates. Short term time deposits are made for varying periods of between one day and three months depending on the immediate cash requirements of the Group, and earn interest at the respective short term time deposit rates. The bank balances and pledged deposits are deposited with banks with high credit ratings and no recent history of default.

定期存款抵押予若干銀行,作為本集團獲授 一般銀行融資之擔保(附註27)。

銀行現金按根據每日銀行存款利率釐定的 浮動利率賺取利息。短期定期存款的期間不 定,由一天至三個月不等,視乎本集團的即 時現金需要,讓本集團按各短期定期存款利 率賺取利息。銀行結餘及已抵押存款乃存放 在並無近期失責記錄的、信用評級高的銀 行。

財務報表附註

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一日

25. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE

An ageing analysis of the accounts payable as at the end of the reporting period is as follows:

25. 應付賬款

於報告期末之應付賬款賬齡分析如下:

			Group 本集團	
			2011	2010
		二零-	一一年	二零一零年
		НК	\$'000	HK\$'000
			F港元	千港元
Current – 3 months	即期-3個月	24	3,229	216,470
4-6 months	4-6個月	1	2,827	18,699
Over 6 months	超過6個月	8	86,492	66,101
		34	2,548	301,270

At 31 March 2011, retentions payable included in accounts payable amounted to HK\$73,241,000 (2010: HK\$66,012,000), which are normally settled with terms ranging from two to three years.

Included in the accounts payable as at 31 March 2010 are trade payables of HK\$181,000 due to related parties who are family members of a director of the Company, which are unsecured, interest-free and have no fixed terms of repayment.

Accounts payable are non-interest-bearing. The payment terms are stipulated in the relevant contracts.

於二零一一年三月三十一日,應付賬款中包括應付保留款額73,241,000港元(二零一零年:66,012,000港元),一般償還期為二至三年。

於二零一零年三月三十一日,計入應付賬款 內之應付關連方,彼等為本公司一名董事的 家族成員之賬款181,000港元乃無抵押、免息 及無固定還款期。

應付賬款為免計利息。付款條款於有關合約中訂明。



財務報表附註

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一日

26. OTHER PAYABLES AND ACCRUALS

26. 其他應付款及預提費用

		Gro		Comp	
		本身	基團	本公	司
		2011	2010	2011	2010
		二零一一年	二零一零年	二零一一年	二零一零年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	<i>千港元</i>	千港元	千港元
Other payables	其他應付款	12,278	10,606	208	208
Accruals	預提費用	2,751	2,379	_	_
		15,029	12,985	208	208

Other payables are non-interest-bearing and are expected to be settled within one year.

其他應付款不計息,並預期在一年內清償。

27. INTEREST-BEARING BANK LOANS

27. 計息銀行貸款

NK LOANS	27. 計息銀行]	貞	
		Group 本集團	
			1 April 2009
	2011 二零一一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2010 二零一零年 HK\$'000 <i>千港元</i> (Restated) (經重列)	二零零九年 四月一日 HK\$'000 <i>千港元</i> (Restated) (經重列)
流動			
銀行透支-有抵押及 按浮動利率計算利息	_	-	3,482
銀行貸款-有抵押及 按浮動利率計算利息	147,032	178,104	198,185
應要求償還的長期銀行貸款 -有抵押及按浮動利率	欠		
計算利息(附註)	83,951	398,773	381,483
	230,983	576,877	583,150
非流動			
銀行貸款-有抵押及按 浮動利率計算利息	410,343	_	_
	641,326	576,877	583,150
	流動 銀行透支-有抵押及 按對動利率計算利息 銀行貸款-有抵押及 接對動利率計算利息 應要有抵押負 機類與銀利率 計算利息(附註) 非流動 銀行貸款-有抵押及按	2011 二零一一年 HK\$'000 千港元 流動 銀行透支-有抵押及 按浮動利率計算利息 銀行貸款-有抵押及 按浮動利率計算利息 147,032 應要求償還的長期銀行貸款 -有抵押及按浮動利率 計算利息(附註) 83,951 230,983 非流動 銀行貸款-有抵押及按 浮動利率計算利息 410,343	2011 2010 2010 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 2

財務報表附註

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一目

27. INTEREST-BEARING BANK LOANS (continued)

27. 計息銀行貸款(續)

Group 水焦團

		本果	
		2011	2010
		二零一一年	二零一零年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
			(Restated) (經重列)
Analysed into:	分析為:		
Bank loans repayable:	銀行貸款,償還期如下:		
Within one year or	一年內或按要求而償還(附註)		
on demand (note)		230,983	576,877
In the second year	第二年內	121,037	_
In the third to fifth years,	第三至五年內(包括首尾兩年)		
inclusive		135,800	_
Beyond five years	五年以上	153,506	
		641,326	576,877

Note: As further explained in notes 2.3 and 37 to the financial statements, due to the adoption of HK Interpretation 5 in the current year, the Group's term loans with an aggregate amount of HK\$83,951,000 (2010: HK\$398,773,000) containing an ondemand clause have been reclassified as current liabilities. For the purpose of the above analysis, the loans are included within current interest-bearing bank loans and analysed into bank loans repayable within one year or on demand.

Based on the maturity terms of the loans, the amounts repayable in respect of the loans are:

附註: 誠如財務報表附註2.3及37內所進一步解釋,由於在本年度內採用香港詮釋第5號,本集團總額為83,951,000港元(二零一零年:398,773,000港元)的定期貸款(載有按要求隨時付還條款)已經重列為流動負債。就上述分析而言,貸款包括在流動計息銀行貸款內,並分析為一年內或按要求償還的銀行貸款。

根據貸款的到期條款,就貸款應償還的金額為:

Group 本集團

		2011 二零一一年	2010 二零一零年
		HK\$'000 <i>千港元</i>	HK\$'000 <i>千港元</i>
Within one year or on demand In the second year In the third to fifth years, inclusive	一年內或按要求而償還 第二年內 第三至五年內(包括首尾兩年)	147,032 135,264 177,610	178,104 33,856 103,288
Beyond five years	五年以上	181,420	261,629
		641,326	576,877

財務報表附註

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一目

27. INTEREST-BEARING BANK LOANS

(continued)

The interest rates of the Group's bank loans are primarily repriced every month based on prime rate or HIBOR or LIBOR changes.

The Group's secured bank loans are secured by:

- (i) legal charges over the Group's investment properties, which had an aggregate carrying amount at the end of the reporting period of HK\$849,850,000 (2010: HK\$689,250,000);
- (ii) legal charges over the Group's land and buildings, which had an aggregate carrying amount at the end of the reporting period of HK\$118,204,000 (2010 (restated): HK\$121,477,000);
- (iii) legal charges over the Group's hotel under construction, which had an aggregate carrying amount at the end of the reporting period of HK\$148,762,000 (2010: HK\$132,719,000);
- (iv) legal charges over the Group's properties held for development, which had an aggregate carrying amount at the end of the reporting period of HK\$251,806,000 (2010: Nil);
- (v) legal charges over the Group's properties held for sale, which had a carrying value at the end of the reporting period of HK\$41,166,000 (2010: HK\$40,833,000);
- (vi) the pledge of certain of the Group's time deposits amounting to HK\$1,075,000 (2010: HK\$1,075,000) at the end of the reporting period; and
- (vii) the assignment of the Group's financial benefits under certain contract works with an aggregate accounts receivable amounted to HK\$44,847,000 (2010: HK\$59,194,000) as at 31 March 2011.

27. 計息銀行貸款(續)

本集團銀行貸款的利率乃根據最優惠利率或 香港銀行同業拆息或倫敦銀行同業拆息變動 而每個月重新定價。

本集團有抵押銀行貸款以下列項目作抵押:

- (i) 於報告期末總賬面值為849,850,000港元 (二零一零年:689,250,000港元)之本集 團投資物業的法定押記;
- (ii) 本集團土地及樓宇的法定押記,於報告期末,其總賬面值為118,204,000港元 (二零一零年(經重列):121,477,000港元);
- (iii) 於報告期末總賬面值為148,762,000港元 的本集團在建中酒店的法定押記(二零 一零年:132,719,000港元);
- (iv) 本集團持有作發展之物業的法定押記,其於報告期末的賬面金額合計為251,806,000港元(二零一零年:無);
- (v) 於報告期末賬面值為41,166,000港元 (二零一零年:40,833,000港元)的本集 團持有作出售之物業的法定押記;
- (vi) 於報告期末為數1,075,000港元(二零一零年:1,075,000港元)之本集團若干定期存款的質押;及
- (vii) 轉讓有關本集團若干建築工程合約之 財務利益,於二零一一年三月三十一 日,有關應收賬款合計為44,847,000港 元(二零一零年:59,194,000港元)。

財務報表附註

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一目

27. INTEREST-BEARING BANK LOANS

(continued)

Euro

Hong Kong dollar

In addition, the Company has provided corporate guarantees against certain of the Group's banking facilities to the extent of HK\$1,590,167,000 (2010: HK\$1,410,667,000) as at 31 March 2011.

The Group's bank loans are denominated in the following currencies:

27. 計息銀行貸款(續)

此外,於二零一一年三月三十一日,本公司 為本集團若干銀行融資提供約1,590,167,000 港元(二零一零年:1,410,667,000港元)之公 司擔保。

本集團的銀行貸款以下列貨幣為單位:

本集團

• •	• • • •
2011	2010
二零一一年	二零一零年
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
3,274	_
638,052	576,877

In the opinion of the directors, the carrying amounts of the Group's bank loans approximate to their fair values.

歐元

港元

董事認為,本集團銀行貸款的賬面值與其公 平值相若。

財務報表附註

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一目

28. DEFERRED TAX

The components of net deferred tax (assets)/liabilities with the net balance recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position and the movements during the year are as follows:

28. 遞延税項

於本年度內在綜合財務狀況表中確認的遞延 税項(資產)/負債淨額部份及淨結餘以及 有關變動如下:

Group 本集團

allowance in		f	
(1 . 1		for offsetting	
excess of related	Revaluation	against future	
depreciation 超過	of properties	taxable profits 可抵銷未來	Total
	壬巳临兆		bila dus
	******		總額
·			HK\$'000
十港元	十港元	十港元	千港元
2,999	12,066	(3,972)	11,093
840	19,372	(673)	19,539
3,839	31,438	(4,645)	30,632
703	26,460	966	28,129
4 547	57 898	(3 679)	58,761
	depreciation 超過 相關折舊的 折舊免稅額 HK\$'000 千港元 2,999	depreciation 超過 相關折舊的 折舊免稅額	depreciation 超過 相關折舊的 折舊免稅額 重估物業 應課稅溢利 日

The Group has tax losses arising in Hong Kong of HK\$88,390,000 (2010: HK\$93,965,000). Subject to the final assessment of the Hong Kong Inland Revenue Department, these tax losses are available indefinitely for offsetting against future taxable profits of the companies in which the losses arose. Deferred tax assets have been recognised in respect of HK\$22,294,000 (2010: HK\$28,152,000) of such losses. Deferred tax assets have not been recognised in respect of the remaining amount of HK\$66,096,000 (2010: HK\$65,813,000) as it is not considered probable that there would be sufficient future taxable profits to utilise such amount.

本集團在香港產生之稅務虧損為88,390,000 港元(二零一零年:93,965,000港元)。待香 港稅務局最後評稅後,此等稅務虧損可供無 限期抵銷產生該稅務虧損之公司之未來應 課稅溢利。本公司已就該等虧損22,294,000 港元(二零一零年:28,152,000港元)確認遞 延稅項資產。由於認為不太可能於未來有足 夠應課稅利潤以抵銷餘額,故並無就餘款 66,096,000港元(二零一零年:65,813,000港 元)確認遞延稅項資產。

財務報表附註

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一日

28. DEFERRED TAX (continued)

At 31 March 2011 and 2010, there was no significant unrecognised deferred tax liability for taxes that would be payable on the unremitted earnings of certain of the Group's subsidiaries or joint ventures as the Group has no liability to additional tax should such amounts be remitted.

There are no income tax consequences attaching to the payment of dividends by the Company to its shareholders.

29. SHARE CAPITAL

Shares

28. 遞延税項(續)

於二零一一年及二零一零年三月三十一日, 本集團附屬公司及合營企業之未滙繳利潤未 有為本集團帶來重大未確認遞延稅項負債, 因滙繳該等利潤不會致使本集團產生額外的 稅項負債。

本公司向其股東支付股息不會產生所得税後 果。

29. 股本

股份

		2011	2010
		二零一一年	二零一零年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Authorised: 4,000,000,000 (2010: 4,000,000,000) ordinary shares of HK\$0.025 each	法定股本: 4,000,000,000股(二零一零年: 4,000,000,000股)每股面值 0.025港元之普通股	100,000	100,000
Issued and fully paid: 1,496,751,600 (2010: 1,487,463,600) ordinary shares of HK\$0.025 each	已發行及繳足股本: 1,496,751,600股(二零一零年: 1,487,463,600股)每股面值 0.025港元之普通股	37,419	37,187

During the year, the subscription rights attaching to 9,288,000 (2010: 180,000) share options were exercised at the subscription price of HK\$0.400 (2010: HK\$0.165) per share (note 30), resulting in the issue of 9,288,000 (2010: 180,000) shares of HK\$0.025 each for a total cash consideration, before expenses, of HK\$3,715,000 (2010: HK\$30,000). During the year, an amount of HK\$1,409,000 (2010: HK\$8,000) was transferred from the share option reserve to the share premium account upon the exercise of the share options.

本年度,附於9,288,000份(二零一零年: 180,000份)購股權上的認購權按照每股0.400港元(二零一零年: 0.165港元)的認購價行使(附註30),因此發行每股面值為0.025港元的股份9,288,000股(二零一零年: 180,000股),未扣除費用的總現金代價為3,715,000港元(二零一零年: 30,000港元)。於本年度內,於購股權獲行使時,金額1,409,000港元(二零一零年: 8,000港元)由購股權儲備轉入股份溢價賬。

財務報表附註

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一日

29. SHARE CAPITAL (continued)

Shares (continued)

A summary of the transactions during the year with reference to the above movement in the Company's issued ordinary share capital is as follows:

29. 股本(續)

股份(續)

本年度上述交易對本公司已發行普通股本的 變動概括如下:

		Number of shares in issue 已發行股份 的數目	Issued capital 已發行 股本 HK\$'000	Share premium account 股份 溢價賬 HK\$'000	Total 合計 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 April 2009	於二零零九年四月一日	1,487,283,600	37,182	168,454	205,636
Share options exercised	已行使的購股權	180,000	5	25	30
Transfer from share option reserve	購股權儲備轉入	-	_	8	8
At 31 March 2010 and 1 April 2010	於二零一零年三月三十一日 及二零一零年四月一日	1,487,463,600	37,187	168,487	205,674
Share options exercised	已行使的購股權	9,288,000	232	3,483	3,715
Transfer from share option reserve	購股權儲備轉入	-	-	1,409	1,409
At 31 March 2011	於二零一一年三月三十一日	1,496,751,600	37,419	173,379	210,798

Share options

Details of the Company's share option scheme are included in note 30 to the financial statements.

購股權

本公司購股權計劃的詳情見本財務報表附註 30。

財務報表附註

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一目

30. SHARE OPTION SCHEME

Pursuant to an ordinary resolution passed on 5 August 2002, the shareholders of the Company approved the adoption of a share option scheme (the "Share Option Scheme").

The purpose of the Share Option Scheme is to provide incentives and rewards to eligible participants who contribute to the success of the Group's operations. Eligible participants of the Share Option Scheme include full-time employees, including any executive and non-executive directors of the Group. The Share Option Scheme became effective on 8 September 2002 and, unless otherwise cancelled or amended, will remain in force for 10 years from that date.

The maximum number of unexercised share options currently permitted to be granted under the Share Option Scheme is an amount equivalent, upon their exercise, to 10% of the total number of shares of the Company in issue as at the date when the Share Option Scheme was approved by the shareholders of the Company in a general meeting. The maximum number of shares issuable under share options to each eligible participant in the Share Option Scheme within any 12-month period is limited to 1% of the shares of the Company in issue at any time. Any further grant of share options in excess of this limit is subject to shareholders' approval in a general meeting.

Share options granted to a director, chief executive, officer or substantial shareholder of the Company, or to any of their associates, are subject to approval in advance by the independent non-executive directors. In addition, any share options granted to a substantial shareholder or an independent non-executive director of the Company, or to any of their associates, in excess of 0.1% of the shares of the Company in issue at any time or with an aggregate value (based on the price of the Company's shares at the date of the grant) in excess of HK\$5 million, within any 12-month period, are subject to shareholders' approval in advance in a general meeting.

30. 購股權計劃

根據於二零零二年八月五日通過之普通決議 案,本公司股東批准採納購股權計劃(「購股權計劃」)。

購股權計劃之目的,旨在對本集團業務運作 之成功作出貢獻之合資格參與者給予加許 和獎勵。購股權計劃之合資格參與者包括本 集團之全職僱員,包括任何執行及非執行董 事。購股權計劃於二零零二年九月八日生 效,除另有決定註銷或修訂外,該計劃將自 該日起生效,有效期為十年。

根據購股權計劃目前允許授出之未行權購股權涉及之最高股份數目,為一筆相等於在股東大會上獲本公司股東批准購股權計劃之日本公司已發行股份總數10%之款額。在任何十二個月期間內根據購股權,可向購股權計劃之每位合資格參與者授出可予發行股份之最高股份數目,以本公司於不時之已發行股份1%為限。任何再進一步授出超逾此限制之購股權須獲股東於股東大會上批准。

授予本公司董事、主要行政人員或主要股東或彼等各自之任何聯繫人士之購股權,須事先獲獨立非執行董事批准。此外,在任何十二個月期間內,授予本公司主要股東或獨立非執行董事或彼等各自之任何聯繫人士之任何購股權,超逾本公司不時之已發行股份0.1%或總值超逾5,000,000港元(根據本公司於授出日期之股價計算)者,須事先獲股東於股東大會上批准。

財務報表附註

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一日

30. SHARE OPTION SCHEME (continued)

The offer of a grant of share options may be accepted within seven days from the date of the offer, upon payment of a nominal consideration of HK\$1 in total by the grantee. The exercise period of the share options granted is determinable by the directors and ends on a date which is not later than 10 years from the date of the offer of the share options.

The exercise price of the share options is determinable by the directors, but should not be less than the highest of (i) the closing price of the shares of the Company as stated in the Stock Exchange daily quotation sheet on the date of grant of the share options; (ii) the average closing price of the shares of the Company as stated in the Stock Exchange for the five trading days immediately preceding the date of the offer; or (iii) the nominal value of the shares of the Company.

Share options do not confer rights on the holders to dividends or to vote at shareholders' meetings.

The following share options were outstanding under the Share Option Scheme during the year:

30. 購股權計劃(續)

授出之購股權可於授出日期起計七日內獲接納,惟承授人須支付總計1港元之名義代價。授出之購股權之行使期間須由董事釐定,而該期間之終止日期,不得遲於購股權授出日期後起計十年。

購股權之行使價由董事釐定,惟不得低於下列三者之最高者:(i)本公司股份於購股權授出日期於聯交所每日報價表所列之收市價;(ii)本公司股份緊接授出日期前五個交易日於聯交所所報之平均收市價;或(iii)本公司股份面值。

購股權並無賦予持有人享有股息或於股東大 會上投票之權利。

按照購股權計劃,本年度尚未行使的購股權 如下:

2010

		二零	一一年	二零-	一零年
		Weighted		Weighted	
		average	Number	average	Number
		exercise price	of options	exercise price	of options
		行使價	購股權	行使價	購股權
		加權平均數	的數目	加權平均數	的數目
		HK\$	'000	HK\$	'000
		per share		per share	
		每股港元	千份	每股港元	千份
At beginning of year	於年初	0.481	34,894	0.480	35,074
Exercised during the year	年度內行使	0.400	(9,288)	0.165	(180)
At end of year	於年末	0.511	25,606	0.481	34,894

2011

The weighted average share price at the date of exercise for share options exercised during the year was HK\$0.355 (2010: HK\$0.362).

於本年度內獲行使的購股權於行使日期的加權平均股份價格為0.355港元(二零一零年: 0.362港元)。

財務報表附註

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一日

30. SHARE OPTION SCHEME (continued)

The exercise prices and exercise periods of the share options outstanding as at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

30. 購股權計劃(續)

於報告期末,尚未行使購股權的行使價及行 使期如下:

2011 二零一一年

Exercise period 行使期	Exercise price* 行使價* per share HK\$ 每股港元	Number of options 購股權數目
07/06/2007 to 06/06/2012	0.165	360,000
03/09/2007 to 02/09/2012	0.400	17,745,600
02/12/2008 to 01/12/2013	0.790	7,500,000
		25,605,600

2010

二零一零年

Exercise period	Exercise price*	Number of options
行使期	行使價*	購股權數目
	per share	
	HK\$	
	每股港元	
07/06/2007 to 06/06/2012	0.165	360,000
03/09/2007 to 02/09/2012	0.400	27,033,600
02/12/2008 to 01/12/2013	0.790	7,500,000

^{*} The exercise price of the share options is subject to adjustment in case of rights or bonus issues, or other similar changes in the Company's share capital.

No other feature of the options granted was incorporated into the measurement of fair value.

計量公平價值時,未考慮所授予購股權的其 他特徵。

^{*} 如果有供股或紅股發行,或者本公司股本發 生其他類似變動,購股權的行使價格需要進 行調整。

財務報表附註

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一日

30. SHARE OPTION SCHEME (continued)

At the end of the reporting period, the Company had 25,605,600 share options outstanding under the Share Option Scheme. The exercise in full of the outstanding share options would, under the present capital structure of the Company, result in the issue of 25,605,600 additional ordinary shares of the Company and additional share capital of HK\$640,000 and share premium of HK\$12,443,000 (before issue expenses).

At the date of approval of these financial statements, the Company had 25,605,600 share options outstanding under the Share Option Scheme, which represented approximately 1.71% of the Company's shares in issues as at that date.

31. RESERVES

(a) Group

The amounts of the Group's reserves and the movements therein for the current and prior years are presented in the consolidated statement of changes in equity.

The Group's contributed surplus represents the excess of the nominal value of the shares and the share premium account of the subsidiaries acquired pursuant to the Group reorganisation prior to the listing of the Company's shares, over the nominal value of the Company's shares issued in exchange therefor.

30. 購股權計劃(續)

於報告期末,購股權計劃下本公司發行在外的購股權為25,605,600份。基於公司當前資本結構,如果發行在外的購股權完全行權,本公司將發行25,605,600股額外普通股,增加股本為640,000港元和股本溢價為12,443,000港元(未扣除發行費用)。

於財務報表之批准日,購股權計劃下本公司 發行在外的購股權達25,605,600份,約為本 公司當日所發行股份的1.71%。

31. 儲備

(a) 本集團

本集團於本年度及以前年度之儲備款額及儲備變動已呈列於綜合權益變動表。

本集團之繳入盈餘乃指在本公司股份上 市前根據本集團重組收購之附屬公司之 股份面值及股份溢價賬超過為交換該等 附屬公司之股份而發行之本公司股份面 值的部分。

財務報表附註

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一日

31. RESERVES (continued)

(b) Company

31. 儲備(續)

(b) 本公司

			Share		Share		
			premium	Contributed	option	Retained	
			account	surplus	reserve	profits	Total
			股份溢價賬	繳入盈餘	購股權儲備	保留溢利	總額
		Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
At 1 April 2009	於二零零九年四月一日		168,454	63,948	6,098	4,768	243,268
Total comprehensive income	本年度全面收入總額						
for the year			_	_	_	760	760
Issue of shares	發行股份	29	25	_	_	-	25
Transfer upon exercise	因購股權獲行使而結轉						
of share options		29	8	_	(8)	_	_
At 31 March 2010 and	於二零一零年三月三十一日						
1 April 2010	及二零一零年四月一日		168,487	63,948	6,090	5,528	244,053
Total comprehensive income	本年度全面收入總額		,	,	,	,	,
for the year			_	_	_	824	824
Issue of shares	發行股份	29	3,483	_	_	_	3,483
Transfer upon exercise	因購股權獲行使而結轉						
of share options		29	1,409	_	(1,409)	_	_
At 31 March 2011	於二零一一年三月三十一日		173,379	63,948	4,681	6,352	248,360

The contributed surplus of the Company represents the excess of the nominal value of the shares of the subsidiaries acquired pursuant to the Group reorganisation prior to the listing of the Company's shares, over the nominal value of the Company's shares issued in exchange therefor. Under the Bermuda Companies Act 1981, the Company may make distributions to its members out of the contributed surplus in certain circumstances.

公司之繳入盈餘乃指於本公司股份上市前根據本集團重組收購之附屬公司股份之面值超過為交換該等附屬公司之股份而發行之本公司股份面值之部分。根據百慕達一九八一年公司法,本公司可於若干情況下自繳入盈餘中向其股東作出分派。

財務報表附註

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一日

31. RESERVES (continued)

(b) Company (continued)

The share option reserve comprises the fair value of share options granted which are yet to be exercised, as further explained in the accounting policy for share-based payment transactions in note 2.5 to the financial statements. The amount will either be transferred to the share premium account when the related options are exercised, or be transferred to retained profits should the related options expire or be forfeited.

32. ACQUISITION OF A SUBSIDIARY THAT IS NOT A BUSINESS

On 25 January 2011, the Group entered into a sale and purchase agreement with Mr. So Kwok Keung ("Mr. So"), an independent third party of the Group, for the acquisition of the entire issued share capital of Keeprich Limited ("Keeprich") and its shareholders' loans (the "Properties Acquisition") at a cash consideration of HK\$28,834,000. The Properties Acquisition was completed on 26 January 2011 and Keeprich became a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Group.

Up to the completion date of the Properties Acquisition, Keeprich had not carried out any significant business activities except for the entering into of certain provisional sale and purchase agreements for the acquisition of certain units in a block of building at Wood Road, Hong Kong. Accordingly, the Properties Acquisition has been accounted for by the Group as an acquisition of assets as the activities of Keeprich did not constitute a business.

31. 儲備(續)

(b) 本公司(續)

購股權儲備由已授予、尚未行使的購股權之公平價值構成,詳見本財務報表附註2.5對以股份為基礎的支付交易會計政策的解釋。相關購股權行權後,相應金額轉入股份溢價賬,或者相關購股權到期或被棄權後,轉入保留溢利。

32. 收購並非業務的附屬公司

於二零一一年一月二十五日,本集團與蘇國強先生(「蘇先生」)(本集團的獨立第三者)訂立買賣協議,以收購Keeprich Limited (「Keeprich」)的全部已發行股本及其股東貸款(「物業收購事項」),有關現金代價為28,834,000港元。物業收購事項已經於二零一一年一月二十六日完成,而Keeprich已經成為本集團的全資附屬公司。

截至物業收購事項完成日期為止,除訂立若 干臨時買賣合約以收購香港活道一座樓宇的 若干單位外,Keeprich並無進行任何重大業 務活動。由於Keeprich的運作並不構成一項 業務,因此,本集團將物業收購事項作為資 產收購入賬。

財務報表附註

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一日

32. ACQUISITION OF A SUBSIDIARY THAT IS NOT A BUSINESS (continued)

The assets and liabilities acquired by the Group on the date of completion were as follows:

32. 收購並非業務的附屬公司(續)

於完成日期,本集團所收購的資產和負債如 下:

HK\$'000

		千港元
Deposits	訂金	28,834
Loans from Mr. So	蘇先生提供的貸款	(28,890)
Net liabilities	淨負債	(56)
Settlement of loans owed by Keeprich to Mr. So	償還Keeprich應付蘇先生的貸款	28,890
Satisfied by cash	以現金支付	28,834
Net outflow of cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等值物的淨流出,	
included in cash flows from investing activities	包括在投資業務之現金流量	(28,834)
activities		(20,031)

33. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

- (a) At 31 March 2011, the guarantees given by the Group to certain banks in respect of performance bonds in favour of certain contract customers amounted to HK\$32,102,000 (2010: HK\$24,525,000).
 - At 31 March 2011, the Company has given guarantees in favour of certain banks to the extent of HK\$1,590,167,000 (2010: HK\$1,410,667,000) in respect of banking facilities granted by those banks to certain subsidiaries of the Company, of which HK\$730,448,000 (2010: HK\$601,402,000) was utilised.
- (b) In the ordinary course of the Group's construction business, the Group has been subject to a number of claims due to personal injuries suffered by employees of the Group or the Group's subcontractors in accidents arising out of and in the course of their employment. The directors are of the opinion that such claims are well covered by insurance and would not result in any material adverse impact on the financial position or results and operations of the Group.

33. 或然負債

(a) 於二零一一年三月三十一日,本集團就 給予合約客戶之履約保證而給予若干銀 行的擔保為數32,102,000港元(二零一 零年:24,525,000港元)。

於二零一一年三月三十一日,本公司就若干銀行給予本公司若干附屬公司之銀行信貸額為數約1,590,167,000港元(二零一零年:1,410,667,000港元)向該等銀行作出擔保,有關附屬公司已動用其中之銀行信貸額730,448,000港元(二零一零年:601,402,000港元)。

(b) 在本集團之日常建造業務過程中,數名 本集團或本集團承辦商之僱員因受僱期 間遭遇意外以致受傷而向本集團索償。 董事認為有關索償屬於保險之受保範 圍,故有關索償不會對本集團之財政狀 況或業績及經營業務構成任何重大負面 影響。

財務報表附註

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一目

34. OPERATING LEASE ARRANGEMENTS

(a) As lessor

The Group leases its investment properties (note 16) under operating lease arrangements, with leases negotiated for terms ranging from one to three years. The terms of the leases generally also require the tenants to pay rental deposits.

At 31 March 2011, the Group had total future minimum lease receivables under non-cancellable operating leases with its tenants falling due as follows:

34. 經營租賃安排

(a) 作為出租人

本集團根據經營租賃安排出租其投資物 業(附註16),商定之租賃期為一年至 三年。租賃條款一般規定租戶須支付租 賃按金。

於二零一一年三月三十一日,本集團根 據與其承租人簽訂的不可撤銷經營租賃 而擁有之日後應收最低租賃付款總額如 下:

		Group 本集團		
	2011 二零一一年	2010 二零一零年		
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000		
	千港元	<i>千港元</i>		
Within one year — 年內 In the second to fifth years, 第二至第五年	12,712	15,698		
inclusive (包括首尾兩年)	2,037	10,131		
	14,749	25,829		

(b) As lessee

The Group leases certain of its office properties under operating lease arrangements. Leases for properties are negotiated for terms ranging from one to four years.

At 31 March 2011, the Group had total future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases falling due as follows:

(b) 作為承租人

本集團根據經營租賃安排承租若干辦公 室物業。租賃物業所商定之租賃期介乎 一至四年。

於二零一一年三月三十一日,本集團根據不可撤銷經營租賃而擁有之日後應付最低租賃付款總額如下:

		Group 本集團		
	2011 二零一一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2010 二零一零年 HK\$'000 千港元		
Within one year — 年內 In the second to fifth years, 第二至第五年	3,375	3,714		
inclusive (包括首尾兩年)	702	2,056		
	4,077	5,770		

財務報表附註

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一目

35. CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

In addition to the operating lease commitments detailed in note 34(b) above, the Group had the following capital commitments at the end of the reporting period:

35. 資本承諾

除上文附註34(b)詳述的經營租賃承諾外, 於報告期末,本集團作出以下資本承諾:

		Group		
		本集	[图	
		2011	2010	
		二零一一年	二零一零年	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
		千港元	千港元	
Expenditure for development or	就以下物業已簽約			
redevelopment projects,	但未撥備之發展或			
contracted, but not provided for,	重建項目之開支:			
in respect of:				
Hotel under construction	在建中酒店	5,353	2,088	
Properties held for sale	持有作出售之物業	95	_	
Investment properties	投資物業	3,268	6,187	
Acquisition of a property	收購物業持有公司*			
holding company *		320,000	_	
		328,716	8,275	

- On 26 August 2010, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company entered into a conditional sale and purchase agreement ("SP Agreement") with a company wholly owned by Mr. Ngai Chun Hung, the chairman of the board and a substantial shareholder of the Company. Pursuant to the SP Agreement, the Group has agreed to acquire the entire issued share capital and shareholder's loan of Golden Lux Holdings Limited ("Target Company") for an aggregate consideration of HK\$320,000,000, comprising HK\$20,000,000 payable in cash and HK\$300,000,000 by the issuance of 300,000,000 new ordinary shares to be issued at an issue price of HK\$1 each by the Company. The Target Company is engaged in investment holding and, through its whollyowned subsidiary, has entered into an acquisition agreement ("Acquisition Agreement") to acquire a company ("Tianjin Company") which holds a property project in Tianjin, China. Up to the date of approval of these financial statements, the SP Agreement and the Acquisition Agreement have not been completed pending the fulfillment of certain conditions precedent including, among others, the obtaining of the pre-sale permit from the relevant PRC government authority for its property by the Tianjin Company. The SP Agreement constituted a discloseable and connected transaction of the Company, details of which are disclosed in the Company's circular dated 16 September 2010.
- 於二零一零年八月二十六日,本公司一間全 資附屬公司與一間由本公司主要股東及董事 會主席魏振雄先生全資擁有之公司簽訂有 條件買賣協議(「買賣協議」)。根據買賣協 議,本集團同意收購金力控股有限公司(「目 標公司|)之所有已發行股本及股東貸款, 總代價為320,000,000港元,將以20,000,000 港元現金及300,000,000港元由本公司發行 300,000,000股新普通股(每股作價1港元)支 付。目標公司乃從事投資控股,並誘過其全 資附屬公司簽訂收購協議(「收購協議」),以 收購一間持有一個位於中國天津的物業項目 之公司(「天津公司」)。直至本財務報表批准 日期,買賣協議及收購協議均未完成,有待 某些先決條件達成,方可完成,先決條件包 括天津公司須就其物業從有關中國政府部門 取得預售許可證。買賣協議構成本公司之須 予披露及關連交易,詳情載於本公司二零一 零年九月十六日發出之通函。

財務報表附註

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一目

36. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

(a) In addition to the transactions and balances detailed elsewhere in the financial statements, the Group had the following transactions with related parties during the year:

36. 關連方交易

(a) 除於本財務報表其他部份所詳述之該等 交易及結餘外,本集團於本年度內曾與 關連方進行下列交易:

Croun

		本集團		
			2011 二零一一年	2010 二零一零年
		Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元
Reimbursement receivable from Leighton-Able Joint Venture, a jointly-controlled				
entity of the Group		(i)	-	8,568
Rental income from Lanon Development Limited ("Lanon")	從亮雅發展有限公司 (「亮雅」) 收取之 租金收入	(ii)	1,420	_
Management fee income received and receivable from Excel-China Harbour Joint Venture, a jointly-controlled	從本集團一共同控制 實體: 怡益中國 港灣聯營收取及 應收之管理費收入			
entity of the Group		(iii)	2,220	3,295

Notes:

- (i) These charges were related to the reimbursement of costs incurred by the Group for the benefit of Leighton-Able Joint Venture in tendering of a construction project.
- (ii) Mr. Ngai Wing Yin, the son of Mr. Ngai Chun Hung, who is the chairman of the board of directors of the Company and a controlling shareholder of the Company, has a controlling interest in Lanon. The rental income was determined at a rate mutually agreed between the Group and Lanon by reference to the prevailing market rate.
- (iii) The management fee income is determined with reference to the costs incurred.

附註:

- (i) 該等費用乃有關補還本集團就建造項目投標時為禮頓-安保聯營的利益而招致的成本。
- (ii) 本公司董事會主席及本公司控股股東 魏振雄先生的兒子魏穎然先生於亮雅 中擁有控制性權益。租金收入乃經本 集團與亮雅在參考現行市值租金後, 按相互同意之租金釐定。
- (iii) 管理費收入乃參照所發生成本而釐定。

財務報表附註

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一目

36. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

(continued)

(b) Compensation of key management personnel of the Group

36. 關連方交易(續)

(b) 本集團主要管理人員的補償

本集	 圏
2011	2010
二零一一年	二零一零年
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
29,410	19,660
418	166

Group

Short term employee benefits	短期僱員福利	29,410	
Post-employment benefits	離職後福利	418	
Total compensation paid to key management personnel	支付予主要管理人員 的總補償	29,828	

Further details of directors' emoluments are included in note 8 to the financial statements.

有關董事酬金的進一步詳情,載於財務 報表附註8。

19,826

37. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The Group's principal financial instruments include borrowings, accounts and other receivables, accounts and other payables and bank balances. Details of these financial instruments are disclosed in the respective notes to the financial statements.

As at 31 March 2011, the aggregate carrying amounts of the Group's and the Company's financial assets categorised as loans and receivables amounted to HK\$536,633,000 (2010: HK\$525,555,000) and HK\$222,013,000 (2010: HK\$216,914,000), respectively.

As at 31 March 2011, the aggregate carrying amounts of the Group's and the Company's financial liabilities categorised as financial liabilities measured at amortised cost amounted to HK\$1,010,465,000 (2010: HK\$888,753,000) and HK\$208,000 (2010: HK\$208,000), respectively.

37. 財務風險管理目標及政策

本集團的主要金融工具包括借款、應收賬款 及其他應收款項、應付賬款及其他應付款 項,以及銀行結餘。有關該等金融工具的詳 情,在財務報表內各有關附註內披露。

於二零一一年三月三十一日,本集團及本公司分類為貸款及應收款項的金融資產賬面金額合共分別為536,633,000港元(二零一零年:525,555,000港元)及222,013,000港元(二零一零年:216,914,000港元)。

於二零一一年三月三十一日,本集團及本公司分類為按攤餘成本計量的金融負債的金融負債販面金額合共分別為1,010,465,000港元(二零一零年:888,753,000港元)及208,000港元(二零一零年:208,000港元)。

財務報表附註

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一目

37. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)

The Group's ordinary activities expose it to various financial risks, including interest rate risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The risks associated with financial instruments and the policies on how to mitigate these risks are described below. The management monitors closely the Group's exposures to financial risks to ensure appropriate measures are implemented in a timely and effective manner.

Interest rate risk

The Group's exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates relates primarily to the Group's debt obligations with floating interest rates.

At 31 March 2011, it is estimated that an increase/decrease of 25 basis points in interest rates, with all other variables held constant, would decrease/increase the Group's profit after tax and retained profits by HK\$1,339,000, arising as a result of higher/lower interest expense on the Group's floating-rate borrowings. At 31 March 2010, this would result in a decrease/increase in the Group's profit after tax and retained profits by HK\$1,204,000. There would be no impact on other components of the Group's equity.

The sensitivity analysis above has been determined assuming that the change in interest rates had occurred at the end of the reporting period. For the purposes of the analysis, it is assumed that the amount of variable-rate borrowings outstanding at the end of the reporting period was outstanding throughout the whole year. The 25 basis point increase or decrease represents management assessment of a reasonably possible change in interest rates over the period until the reporting date of next financial year. The analysis was performed on the same basis for the year ended 31 March 2010.

37. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

本集團的通常活動使其須面對多種財務風險,包括利率風險、信用風險及流動性風險。有關金融工具的風險以及如何減低該等風險的政策,在下文描述。管理層嚴密監察本集團所面對的財務風險,以確保適時及有效地採取適當措施。

利率風險

本集團所面對有關市場利率變動的風險主要 有關本集團附有浮動利率的債務責任。

於二零一一年三月三十一日,估計倘若利率增加/減少25個基點,所有其他變項保持不變,則由於本集團浮動利率借款的利息開支增加/減少,本集團的除稅後溢利及保留溢利減少/增加1,339,000港元。於二零一零年三月三十一日,這會使本集團的除稅後溢利及保留溢利減少/增加1,204,000港元。本集團權益的其他組成部分不會受到影響。

上述敏感度分析乃假設利率變動於報告期末發生。為進行分析,假設於報告期末尚未 償還的浮動利率借款金額在全年內均尚未償 還。增減25個基點為管理層對利率於直至下 一個財政年度報告日期之期間內的合理可能 變動的評估。截至二零一零年三月三十一日 止年度亦以相同基準進行分析。

財務報表附註

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一目

37. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)

Credit risk

The Group's credit risk is primarily attributable to bank balances and time deposits, accounts and other receivables. The Group's maximum credit risk exposure at 31 March 2011 in the event of other parties failing to perform their obligations is represented by the carrying amount of each financial asset as stated in the consolidated statement of financial position.

Management monitors the creditworthiness and payment patterns of each debtor closely and on an on-going basis. The Group's accounts receivable from contract work represent interim payments or retentions certified by the customers under terms as stipulated in the contracts and the Group does not hold any collateral over these receivables. As the Group's customers in respect of contract work primarily consist of government departments and developers or owners with strong financial backgrounds, management considers that the risk of irrecoverable receivables from contract work is not significant. In respect of rentals receivable, to limit the credit risk exposure, deposits are required of each tenant upon inception of the leases and monthly rentals are received in advance. Payments from each tenant are monitored and collectibility is reviewed closely.

At 31 March 2011, the Group had certain concentrations of credit risk as 24% (2010: 29%) and 76% (2010: 62%) of the total accounts receivable were due from the Group's largest external customer and the Group's five largest external customers, respectively, within the contract works segment.

Further quantitative data in respect of the Group's exposure to credit risk arising from accounts and other receivables are disclosed in notes 22 and 23, respectively, to the financial statements.

37. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

信貸風險

本集團的信貸風險主要來自銀行結餘及定期 存款、應收賬款及其他應收款項。倘若其他 方不能履行其義務,本集團於二零一一年三 月三十一日面對的最高信貸風險相當於各金 融資產在綜合財務狀況表中所列的賬面值。

管理層緊密並持續監察各債務人的信貸可靠 性及還款模式。本集團應收之合約工程程 為內別定條款支付的中期付款或 戶核實的保留款。就這些應收款,本集團 的保留款。就這些應收款,本集團 的保留款。就這些應收款,本集團 主要包括政府問及具有強大財務背回 展內 之合約工程款的風險不大。有關應收租 之合約工程款的風險所,各租戶均須於取 之合減低面對的信貸風險,各租戶均須於取 之合減低面對的信貸風險,, 為減低或 類 類 數 等 等 的 付款情況,亦會密切檢 對 是 否可以收回。

於二零一一年三月三十一日,由於在合約工程分部中,總應收賬款中的24%(二零一零年:29%)及76%(二零一零年:62%)分別應收本集團的最大外來客戶及本集團的五大外來客戶,因此本集團有若干信貸集中風險。

有關本集團因應收賬款及其他應收款項而面 對的信貸風險的進一步量化數據,分別在財 務報表附註22及23內披露。

財務報表附註

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一目

37. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)

Liquidity risk

The Group's policy is to monitor regularly the current and expected liquidity requirements to ensure that it maintains sufficient reserves of cash and adequate committed lines of funding from major financial institutions to meet its liquidity requirements in the short and long term. In addition, banking facilities have been put in place for contingency purposes.

The following table details the remaining contractual maturities at the end of the reporting period of the Group's financial liabilities, which are based on contractual undiscounted cash flows (including interest payments computed using contractual rates, or if floating, based on rates current at the end of the reporting period) and the earliest date that the Group could be required to repay:

37. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

流動資金風險

本集團的政策為定期監察現時及預期流動資 金需要,以確保其維持足夠現金儲備及來自 主要財務機構並已承諾的足夠資金融資,以 滿足其短期及長期流動資金需要。此外,本 集團亦已安排銀行融資額,以備不時之需。

下表詳列本集團的金融負債於報告期末的剩餘合約期。下表乃根據合約未折現現金流量(包括以合約利率或如屬浮動利率,根據於報告期末的通行利率計算的利息付款)而開列,該等金融負債乃根據本集團可能須付款的最早日期分類:

Group 本集團

		Within 1 year or on demand 1年内 或按要求 HK\$'000 千港元	Between 1 and 2 years 1至2年 HK\$'000 千港元	Between 2 and 5 years 2至5年 HK\$'000 千港元	Over 5 years 5年後 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總額 HK\$'000 千港元
At 31 March 2011	於二零一一年三月三十一日					
Interest-bearing bank	計息銀行貸款					
loans (note)	(附註)	239,117	126,040	145,111	164,574	674,842
Accounts payable	應付賬款	342,548	_	_	_	342,548
Other payables (note 26) Amount due to a	其他應付款(附註26) 應付共同控制	12,278	_	_	_	12,278
jointly-controlled entity	實體款項	14,313	_	_	_	14,313
		608,256	126,040	145,111	164,574	1,043,981
At 31 March 2010	於二零一零年三月三十一日					
Interest-bearing bank	計息銀行貸款					
loans (restated)	(經重列)	617,484	_	_	_	617,484
Accounts payable	應付賬款	301,270	_	_	_	301,270
Other payables (note 26)	其他應付款(附註26)	10,606	_	_	_	10,606
		929,360	_	_	_	929,360

財務報表附註

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一日

37. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)

Liquidity risk (continued)

Group (continued)

本集團(續)

Note: Included in interest-bearing bank loans are certain term loans in the aggregate amount of HK\$98,058,000. The loan agreements contain a repayment on-demand clause giving the bank the unconditional right to call in the loan at any time and therefore, for the purpose of the above maturity profile, the total amount is classified as "on demand".

Notwithstanding the above clause, the directors do not believe that the related loans will be called in their entirety within 12 months, and they consider that the loans will be repaid in accordance with the maturity dates as set out in the loan agreements. This evaluation was made considering: the financial position of the Group at the date of approval of the financial statements; the Group's compliance with the loan covenants; the lack of events of default, and the fact that the Group has made all previously scheduled repayments on time. In accordance with the terms of the loans, the contractual undiscounted payments are as follows:

37. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

流動資金風險(續)

附註:計息銀行貸款包括若干定期貸款為數合共 98,058,000港元。貸款協議載有按要求隨 時付還條款,給予銀行無條件權利,可隨 時召回貸款,因此,就上述到期日狀況而 言,總額分類為「按要求」。

儘管有上述條款,董事相信,有關貸款將不會於12個月內全部召回,彼等認為,有關貸款將會根據貸款協議內所載的到期日償還。評估乃考慮到:本集團於財務報表批准日期的財務狀況、本集團有否遵守貸款契諾、並無失責事項,以及本集團準時償還所有先前到期款項。根據貸款的條款,合約未折現付款如下:

		2011
		二零一一年
		HK\$'000
		千港元
Within one year or on demand	1年內或按要求	155,091
Between 1 and 2 years	1至2年	140,992
Between 2 and 5 years	2至5年	188,279
Over 5 years	5年後	193,263
		677,625

In addition, as disclosed in note 33, at the reporting date, the Group has given financial guarantees to banks in respect of performance bonds issued in favour of contract customers on behalf of certain subsidiaries of the Group to the extent of HK\$32,102,000 (2010: HK\$24,525,000). In the event of the failure of those subsidiaries to fulfill their obligations under the relevant contracts, the Group may be required to pay up to the guaranteed amounts to the banks upon demand. Management considers it is not probable that the Group will be required to pay for any claim under these financial guarantees for the performance bonds.

此外,誠如附註33所披露,於報告日期,本集團就代表本集團若干附屬公司向合約客戶出具之履約保證而給予銀行的財務擔保達32,102,000港元(二零一零年:24,525,000港元)。倘若該等附屬公司未能履行本身於有關合約的責任,本集團可能須應要求而向銀行支付已保證的金額。管理層認為,不大可能有任何申索要求本集團就履約保證而對於根據上述財務擔保支付申索。

財務報表附註

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一日

37. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)

Liquidity risk (continued)

Company

All of the Company's financial liabilities at the end of the reporting period are repayable within one year or on demand.

In addition, as disclosed in note 33, the Company has given financial guarantees to banks in respect of banking facilities granted to subsidiaries of the Company, of which HK\$730,448,000 (2010: HK\$601,402,000) was utilised at the reporting date. In the event of the failure of those subsidiaries to fulfill their obligations under these banking facilities, the Company may be required to pay up to the guaranteed amounts to the banks upon demand. Management considers it is not probable that the Company will be required to pay for any claim under these financial guarantees.

Capital management

The primary objective of the Group's capital management policy is to ensure that the Group will be able to continue as a going concern while maximising the return to stakeholders through the optimisation of the debt and equity balance.

The directors of the Company review the capital structure on a periodical basis. As part of this review, the directors of the Company consider the cost of capital and the risks associated with each class of capital and will balance the Group's overall capital structure through new share issues as well as raising new debts or repayment of existing debts.

37. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

流動資金風險(續)

本公司

於報告期末,本公司所有金融負債均須於1 年內或按要求隨時付還。

此外,誠如附註33所披露,本公司就本公司附屬公司獲提供之銀行信貸額向銀行作出財務擔保,於報告日期,有關附屬公司已動用其中之銀行信貸額730,448,000港元(二零一零年:601,402,000港元)。倘若該等附屬公司未能履行本身於有關銀行信貸額的責任,本公司可能須應要求而向銀行支付已保證的金額。管理層認為,不大可能有任何申索要求本公司就根據上述財務擔保支付申索。

資金管理

本集團資金管理政策的主要目標,是以透過 在債項與股本權益之間作出最佳平衡,確保 本集團能持續經營,同時儘量增加股東的回 報。

本公司的董事定期檢討資本架構。本公司董 事會以資金的成本及各類資金的相關風險作 為其檢討的一部分,並將透過發行新股份以 及籌集新債項或償還現有債項來平衡本集團 整體資本架構。

財務報表附註

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一目

37. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)

Capital management (continued)

The Group monitors capital using a net gearing ratio derived from the consolidated statement of financial position. The following table analyses the Group's capital structure as at 31 March 2011:

37. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

資金管理(續)

本集團根據來自綜合財務狀況表數據計算的 淨槓桿比率來監察資金。下表為本集團於二 零一一年三月三十一日的資本架構之分析:

		2011	2010
		二零一一年	二零一零年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
T 1	Ma 2-1 + 1 Na ((22) + 1.		556.055
Total interest-bearing bank loans	總計息銀行貸款	641,326	576,877
Less: Pledged time deposits	減:已抵押定期存款	(1,075)	(1,075)
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等值物	(283,886)	(209,022)
Net borrowings	淨借款	356,365	366,780
Total equity	總權益	898,315	610,264
Net gearing ratio	淨槓桿比率	40%	60%

38. COMPARATIVE AMOUNTS

As further explained in note 2.3 to the financial statements, due to the adoption of new and revised HKFRSs during the current year, the accounting treatment and presentation of certain items and balances in the financial statements have been revised to comply with the new requirements. Accordingly, certain prior year adjustments have been made, certain comparative amounts have been reclassified and restated to conform with the current year's presentation and accounting treatment, and a third consolidation statement of financial position as at 1 April 2009 has been presented.

39. APPROVAL OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 25 June 2011.

38. 比較數字

如本財務報表附註2.3的詳述,由於本年度 採用新制訂和經修訂的香港財務報告準則, 所以本財務報表對部分項目和結餘的會計處 理和列報進行了修改,以滿足新的要求。因 此,為了與本年度的列報及會計處理保持一 致,進行了部分以前年度調整,並且對部分 比較數字作重新分類和重報,以及列報了二 零零九年四月一日的第三份綜合財務狀況 表。

39. 財務報表之批准

本財務報表已於二零一一年六月二十五日經 由董事會批准並授權發佈。

