



# 中國白銀集團

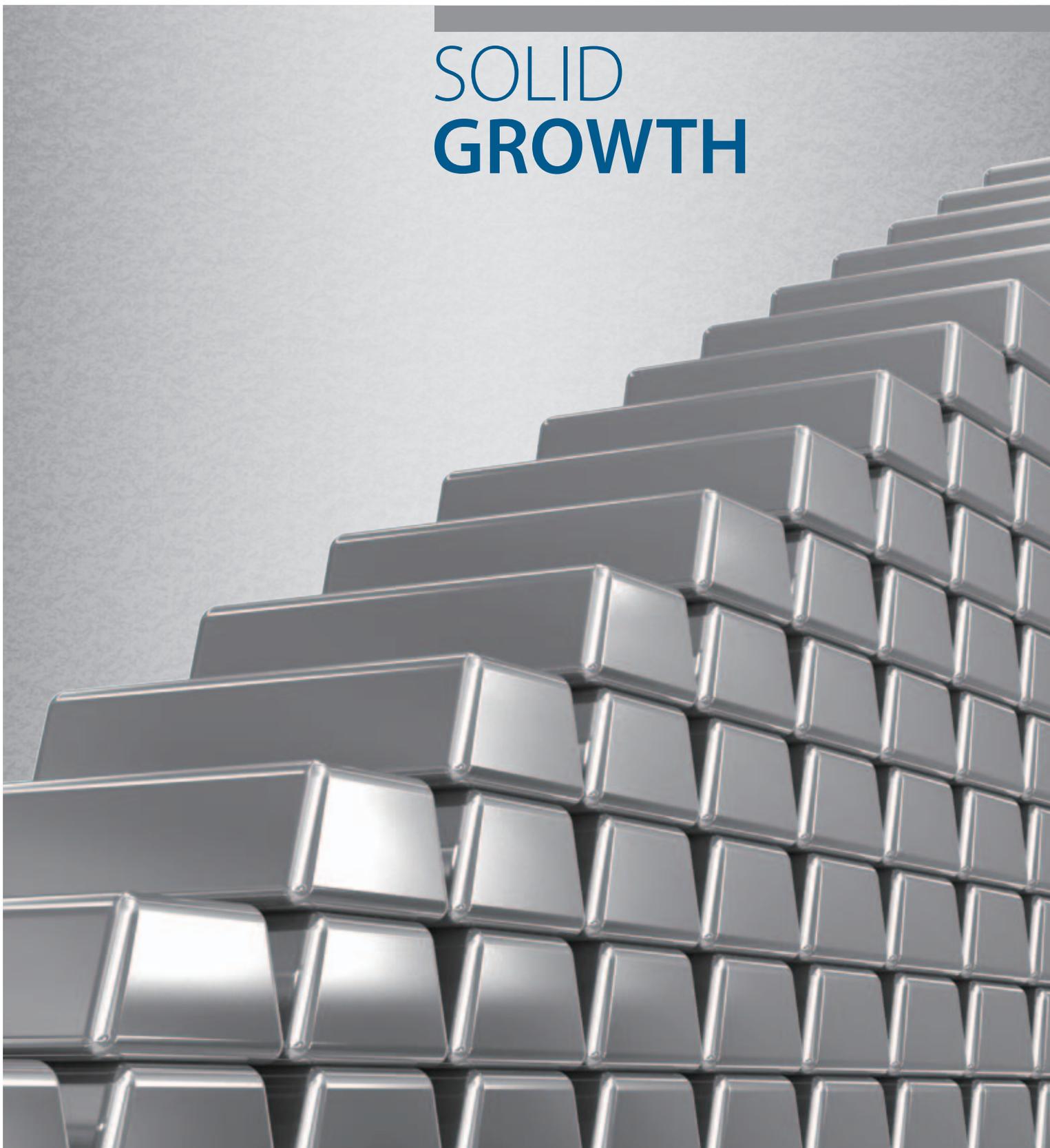
## CHINA SILVER GROUP

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

Stock Code: 815

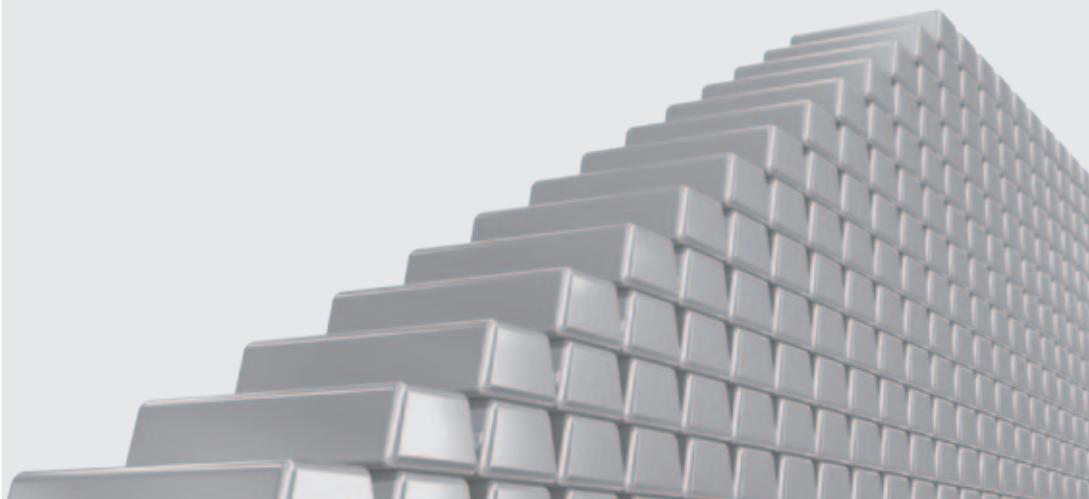
ANNUAL REPORT 2012

SOLID  
GROWTH



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# Corporate Information

## Executive directors

Chen Wantian (陳萬天)  
Song Guosheng (宋國生)  
Chen Guoyu (陳國裕)

## Independent non-executive directors

Li Haitao (李海濤)  
Jiang Tao (姜濤)  
Zeng Yilong (曾一龍)

## Audit committee

Zeng Yilong (Chairman)  
Jiang Tao  
Li Haitao

## Remuneration committee

Li Haitao (Chairman)  
Chen Wantian  
Jiang Tao

## Nomination committee

Chen Wantian (Chairman)  
Jiang Tao  
Li Haitao

## Company secretary

Moy Yee Wo, Matthew (梅以和), *HKICPA*

## Authorized representatives

Chen Wantian  
Moy Yee Wo, Matthew

## Cayman Islands share registrar and transfer office

Codan Trust Company (Cayman) Limited  
Cricket Square  
Hutchins Drive  
P.O. Box 2681  
Grand Cayman  
KY1-1111  
Cayman Islands

## Hong Kong share registrar

Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited  
Shops 1712-1716, 17th Floor  
Hopewell Centre  
183 Queen's Road East  
Wanchai, Hong Kong

## Registered office

Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive  
PO Box 2681  
Grand Cayman, KY1-1111  
Cayman Islands

## Headquarters in the PRC

Western Industrial Park  
Yongfeng County  
Ji An City  
Jiangxi Province  
PRC

## Place of business in Hong Kong

35/F, Bank of China Tower  
1 Garden Road  
Central  
Hong Kong

## Company's website

[www.chinasilver.hk](http://www.chinasilver.hk)

## Place of listing and stock code

The Main Board of The Stock Exchange of  
Hong Kong Limited  
815

## Principal bankers

Bank of Ganzhou  
Agricultural Bank of China

## Auditor

Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu  
*Certified Public Accountants*

## Legal advisors

**Hong Kong law:**  
Stephenson Harwood

## Cayman Islands law:

Conyers Dill & Pearman (Cayman) Limited

## PRC Law:

Jingtian & Gongcheng

## Compliance Advisor

CCB International Capital Limited

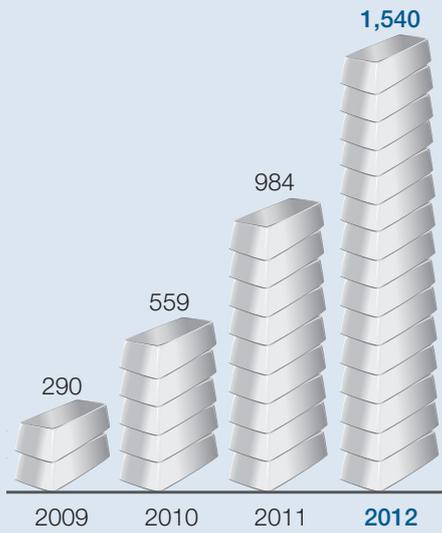
## Investors and media relations

Hill and Knowlton Strategies

# Financial Highlights

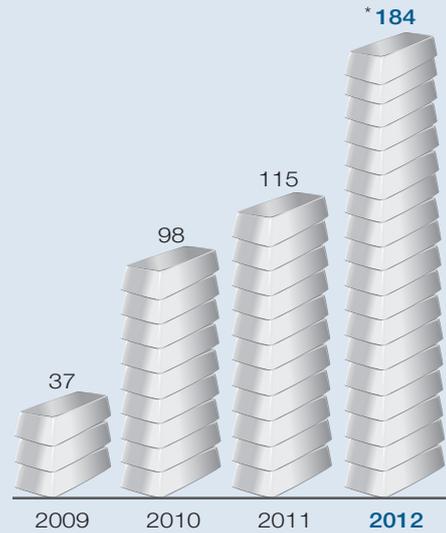
## Revenue

RMB million



## Adjusted Profit for the Year

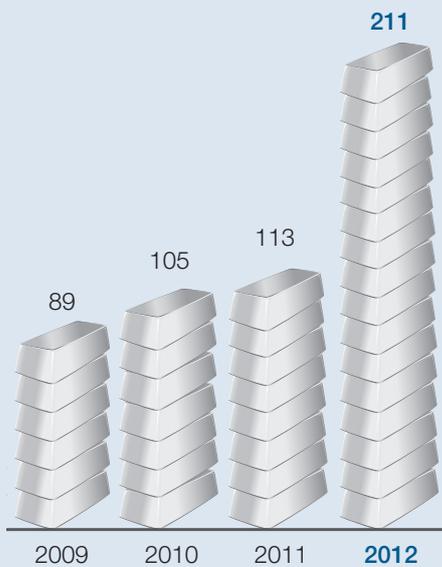
RMB million



\* Excluding one-off listing expenses

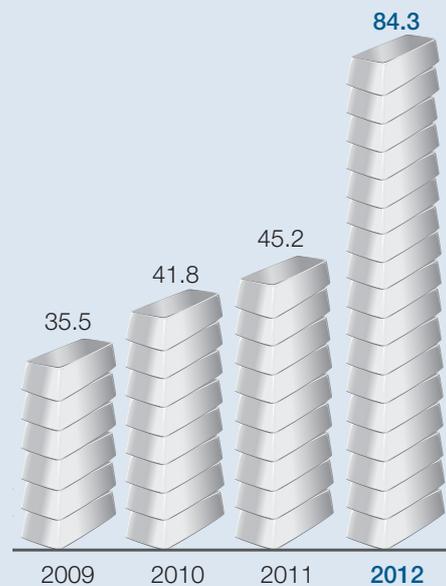
## Sales Volume of Silver Ingots

Tonne



## Utilization Rate of Production Capacity

Percentage



# Chairman's Statement



The year 2012 was an amazing year for the Group.

First of all, 2012 marked the 10th anniversary of the Group. Ever since we began our operations in 2002, we managed to grow and develop to become one of the leading silver producers in China. Our well-recognized silver brand, Longtianyong, has ranked as one of the 20 most popular silver brands for 8 consecutive years since 2005. In addition, we are the only private company to be accepted by the LBMA Good Delivery List, the de-facto international standard for both silver and gold.

Furthermore, despite the global economic downturn, both our consolidated revenue and net profit reached historical highs of RMB1,540 million and RMB158 million, respectively, for the year ended 31 December 2012, which is a tremendous achievement, given the backdrop of a slowing Chinese economy that worked against us.

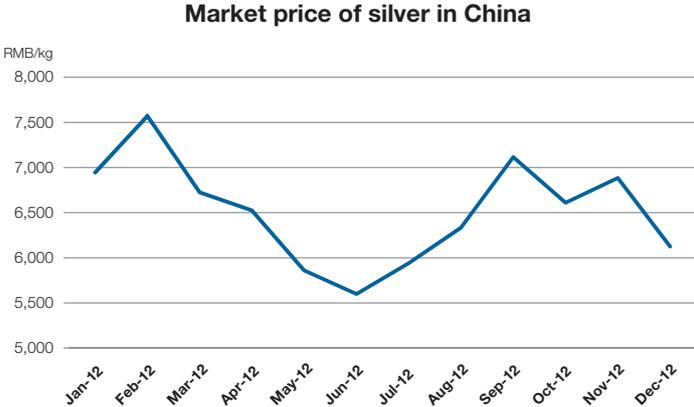
Last but not least, despite the volatility in the Hong Kong capital market in 2012, we have successfully completed our initial public offering, raising net proceeds of HK\$101 million, and our shares commenced trading on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange on 28 December 2012. Our successful listing marks a new chapter for the Group with an expanded shareholder base and increased equity, which form a strong foundation for the future development of the Group.



**Market review**

The global commodity market was volatile in 2012. The world economy continued to be troubled by a number of issues such as the European debt crisis, the US debt ceiling crisis and the slowdown in the Chinese economy. As such, the commodity market and commodity prices had experienced some extreme fluctuations during the year.

Below is a graph showing the change in the domestic market price (value-added tax (“VAT”) inclusive) of No.1 international silver quoted on the Shanghai White Platinum & Silver Exchange, China’s only officially designated silver exchange, throughout 2012:



## Chairman's Statement



Photo taken at the listing ceremony

was launched on the Stock Exchange. We believe all these developments will increase the popularity of silver products and stimulate positive sentiment for silver investment in the future.

### Business review

Despite market volatility in the macro-economic environment, the Group still managed to record outstanding growth.

For the year ended 31 December 2012, the Group's revenue reached approximately RMB1,540 million (2011: RMB984 million), representing an increase of approximately 56.5% over the previous year. Profit attributable to owners of the Company was approximately RMB158 million (2011: RMB115 million), representing an increase of approximately 36.7% over the previous year. Excluding one-off listing expenses which is non-operational in nature, the adjusted net profit for the year would be approximately RMB184 million, representing a substantial surge of approximately 59.1% over the previous year.

Our key product, silver ingot under our popular Longtianyong brand, continues to be our major source of revenue, representing over 70% of our total revenue. We are the only company listed in Hong Kong enjoying such a high percentage of revenue generated from sales of silver ingots.

As a result of the European debt crisis, the price of silver retreated from RMB7,570 per kg (VAT inclusive) by the end of February 2012 to RMB5,600 per kg by the end of June 2012. Subsequently, the price of silver recovered to RMB6,885 per kg by the end of November 2012 as a result of the adoption of the quantitative easing measures by the U.S. Federal Reserve in mid-September 2012 while the financial markets began to stabilize.

On the other hand, several new developments concerning silver as an investment in 2012 have been encouraging. In May 2012, the Shanghai Future Exchange introduced silver futures in China for the first time, generating remarkable response from domestic investors. By the end of 2012, the first silver Exchange Traded Fund

## Chairman's Statement

Silver is a precious metal that has a very special nature. It not only possesses superior characteristics that make it suitable for the use in a wide range of industrial applications, but at the same time, carries unique investment value, comparable to gold.

Due to the continued increase in disposable incomes in China, demand for silver in China has grown rapidly in the past few years. Notably, China has transformed from a net exporter of silver into a net importer. As we are confident in the consumption power of Chinese consumers, we therefore are optimistic about the long-term outlook for silver demand going forward, particularly in the area of silver for investment.

Nevertheless, due to several economic issues discussed earlier, the commodity market was volatile during the year and our profitability was inevitably affected by short-term market fluctuations. However, thanks to our proprietary production model through which we produce high quality silver and other non-ferrous metals which have commercial value, we managed to largely offset market volatility and continued to record strong growth in both our revenue and profit on a yearly basis.

Furthermore, in order to offset the fluctuations in the price of silver, we are committed to improving our production efficiency and utilization rate. Since July 2012, we produced approximately 20 tonnes of silver ingots per month, and achieved full utilization of our current production capacity. We also gradually improved our production efficiency by reducing our inventory of raw materials, shortening our production lead time, and cutting our average inventory turnover days.

### Prospects

Looking ahead, despite the uncertainty in the global economic conditions, China's GDP is expected to continue to grow steadily. The Chinese Government is widely expected to reinforce its economic restructuring policies to expand domestic demand. Riding on the sustained growth in China's consumption power, fabrication consumption of silver is expected to maintain a healthy growth. Moreover, the demand for silver for investment purposes will continue to drive strong growth for silver products in China. Leveraging our well-known brand and our unique proprietary production process, and with the strengthened financial position subsequent to the Listing, we are determined to capture the opportunities brought by these healthy market trends.

We plan to expand our production capacity of silver ingots from the current designed capacity of 250 tonnes per annum to 400 tonnes per annum in 2013 and further to 550 tonnes and 650 tonnes per annum in 2014 and 2015, respectively. We will also continue to improve our research and development capabilities to develop new non-ferrous metal by-products.

Furthermore, we will look for suitable merger and acquisition opportunities. We are particularly interested in high-quality upstream opportunities that can help us secure raw materials so as to enhance production stability and bring strategic and economic long-term value to the Group. We are determined to become one of the leading integrated silver producers in the world.

### Chen Wantian

*Chairman*

Hong Kong, 11 March 2013

# Management Discussion and Analysis

## REVENUE

The revenue of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2012 was approximately RMB1,540 million (2011: RMB984 million), representing an increase of approximately 56.5% from that of last year. The Group's revenue is primarily derived from the sale of our major product, silver ingot, which accounted for 75.2% (2011: 73.1%) of our total revenue. During the production process of silver ingot, we also recover and refine other metal by-products such as lead ingot, bismuth ingot and antimony ingot. The revenue breakdown by product categories is set out in the table below:

|                | Year ended 31 December, |                 |                      |                 |
|----------------|-------------------------|-----------------|----------------------|-----------------|
|                | 2012                    |                 | 2011                 |                 |
|                | Revenue<br>(RMB'000)    | % of<br>revenue | Revenue<br>(RMB'000) | % of<br>revenue |
| Silver ingot   | <b>1,157,574</b>        | <b>75.2%</b>    | 719,448              | 73.1%           |
| Lead ingot     | <b>206,679</b>          | <b>13.4%</b>    | 137,060              | 13.9%           |
| Bismuth ingot  | <b>93,754</b>           | <b>6.1%</b>     | 68,856               | 7.0%            |
| Antimony ingot | <b>60,399</b>           | <b>3.9%</b>     | 40,473               | 4.1%            |
| Others         | <b>21,633</b>           | <b>1.4%</b>     | 18,335               | 1.9%            |
| Total          | <b>1,540,039</b>        | <b>100%</b>     | 984,172              | 100%            |

Sales of silver ingot increased from RMB719 million to RMB1,158 million for the year ended 31 December 2012, representing an increase of RMB438 million, or 60.9%, from that of last year. The increase was mainly driven by the increase in sales volume from 113 tonnes to 211 tonnes, and was partially offset by a decrease in the average selling price of RMB6.4 million per tonne (VAT exclusive) to RMB5.5 million per tonne. The drop in average selling price was primarily due to the persistent European debt crisis which caused a general decline in commodity prices in the first half of 2012.

Since metal by-products such as lead ingot, bismuth ingot and antimony ingot are produced during the production of our silver ingot, the increase in sales volume of the by-products was in line with that of our silver ingot. However, the increase was also partially offset by the general decline in the average selling prices of the by-products caused by the downturn in the global economy.

## COST OF SALES, GROSS PROFIT AND GROSS PROFIT MARGIN

We recorded gross profit of RMB279 million (2011: RMB188 million) for the year ended 31 December 2012, an increase of 48.6% as compared to that of last year.

Our cost of sales mainly represents the cost of raw materials consumed, direct labor and manufacturing overhead. Cost of raw materials consumed accounted for approximately 96% of our cost of sales. The purchase cost of raw material is determined by the content levels of silver and lead at market prices at the time of purchase; other types of minerals or metals are not taken into account when determining purchase price.

The increase in gross profit was mainly due to the increase in sales revenue as a result of increased sales volume. Gross profit margin dropped slightly from 19.1% to 18.1% was due to the decrease in commodity prices discussed above.

## Management Discussion and Analysis

### OTHER INCOME

Other income primarily consists of bank interest income, exchange gain and income from sales of scrap metals.

### ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

Administrative expenses increased by approximately 28.7% from RMB15.8 million to RMB20.4 million for the year ended 31 December, 2012. The increase was mainly due to the additional staff costs in association with the Listing.

### SELLING AND DISTRIBUTION EXPENSES

Selling and distribution expenses primarily consist of transportation costs and staff costs. The increase was mainly due to the increase in transportation costs, which was in line with the increase in sales volume.

### RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT EXPENSES

Research and development expenses decreased by approximately 53.8% from RMB10.2 million to RMB4.7 million and was mainly due to the completion of the non-recurring research projects during the year.

### LISTING EXPENSES

Listing expenses represent expenses incurred for the Listing. The listing expenses were non-recurring and non-operational in nature.

### FINANCE COSTS

Finance costs increased by approximately 18.8% to approximately RMB6.3 million primarily due to the increase in average bank borrowing to support our expansion.

### INCOME TAX

Income tax expenses increased by approximately 59.2% to RMB62.8 million. The effective tax rate rose from 25.5% to 28.5% as the listing expenses were non-deductible for tax purpose.

### PROFIT ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF THE COMPANY

Profit attributable to owners of the Company increased from RMB115 million for the year ended 31 December 2011 to RMB158 million for the year ended 31 December 2012 primarily due to the reasons as discussed above. Net profit margin dropped slightly from 11.7% to 10.2% mainly due to the listing expenses.

### **INVENTORIES, TRADE RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES TURNOVER CYCLE**

The Group's inventories mainly comprise of raw materials of ore powder and smelting slag. For the year ended 31 December 2012, inventory turnover days was approximately 46.4 days (2011: 64.1 days). There was a significant decrease in inventory turnover days due to the continual improvement of operational efficiency.

The turnover days for trade receivables for the year ended 31 December 2012 was approximately 2.1 days (2011: 1.2 days). The Group generally requires customers to prepay 60% to 90% of the purchase price of the products before delivery. The balance will normally be settled within 10 days after delivery. As a result, the Group did not have significant balance of trade receivables.

The turnover days for trade payables was approximately 3.6 days (2011: 6.4 days). The Group generally required by its suppliers to prepay 30-50% of the purchase price of our raw materials prior to delivery, with the balance to be settled within one month after delivery.

### **BORROWINGS**

As of 31 December 2012, the Group's bank borrowings balance amounted to RMB110 million (As of 31 December 2011: RMB100 million). The amounts are carried at fixed interest rates and will be due for repayment within one year.

The Group's net gearing ratio was calculated on the basis of total bank borrowings less bank balances and cash as a percentage of shareholder equity. As of 31 December 2012, the Group is in a net cash position with a net gearing ratio of -28.4% (2011: 23.8%). The increase in cash was mainly due to the net proceeds raised by the Listing.

### **PLEDGE OF ASSETS**

As of 31 December 2012, the Group pledged property ownership rights in respect of buildings, land use rights and inventories with total carrying value of RMB62.4 million, RMB11.7 million and RMB82.1 million, respectively, (As of 31 December 2011: RMB66.0 million, RMB11.9 million and RMB48.5 million) to secure the general banking facilities or bank borrowings granted to the Group.

### **CAPITAL EXPENDITURES**

For the year ended 31 December 2012, the Group invested RMB16.3 million (2011: RMB10.1 million) in purchase of property, plant and equipment, prepayments for leasehold land and acquisition of an intangible asset.

## Management Discussion and Analysis

### EMPLOYEES

As at 31 December 2012, the Group employed 668 staff (2011: 677 staff) and the total remuneration for the year ended 31 December 2012 amounted to approximately RMB34.2 million (2011: RMB29.9 million). The Group's remuneration packages are in line with current legislation in relevant jurisdictions, the experience and qualifications of individual employees and general market conditions. Bonuses are linked to the Group's financial results as well as to individual performances. The Group ensures that adequate training and professional development opportunities are provided to all employees so as to satisfy their career development needs.

### LIQUIDITY AND FINANCIAL RESOURCES

The Group maintained a healthy liquidity position during the year under review. The Group was principally financed by internal resources and bank borrowings. The Group's principal financial instruments comprise cash and cash equivalents, trade and other receivables, trade and other payables and bank borrowings. As at 31 December 2012, the cash and cash equivalents, net current assets and total assets less current liabilities were RMB222 million (2011: RMB41 million), RMB234 million (2011: RMB76 million) and RMB404 million (2011: RMB255 million), respectively. As at 31 December 2012, the Group has bank borrowings amounting to RMB110 million (2011: RMB100 million).

### SIGNIFICANT INVESTMENT HELD, MATERIAL ACQUISITION AND DISPOSAL

During the year, the Group did not hold any significant investment or carried out any material acquisition and disposal.

### DIVIDEND

The Company has neither paid nor declared any dividend since its incorporation. However, prior to the Reorganisation, Longtianyong Nonferrous Metals, an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, paid dividends amounting to RMB44 million for the year ended 31 December 2012 (2011: RMB121 million).

No dividend has been proposed by the Company since the end of the reporting period in respect of the year ended 31 December 2012.

### CLOSURE OF REGISTER OF MEMBERS

The register of members of the Company will be closed from 23 April 2013 to 25 April 2013 (both days inclusive) during which period no transfer of shares will be effected. In order to qualify for attending and voting at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company, all transfer documents accompanied by the relevant share certificates must be lodged with the Company's branch share registrar in Hong Kong, Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited at Shops 1712-1716, 17th Floor, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Wanchai, Hong Kong, not later than 4:30 p.m. on 22 April 2013.

# Directors and Senior Management

## EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

**Mr. Chen Wantian (陳萬天)**, aged 39, is the chairman, the chief executive officer, and an executive Director of the Company. He is a co-founder of the Group and was appointed to the Board on 19 July 2012. Mr. Chen Wantian has approximately ten years of experience in the nonferrous metal mining and processing industry. Since May 2002, Mr. Chen Wantian has served as director and deputy general manager of Longtianyong Nonferrous Metals. He is responsible for the overall corporate strategies, management, planning and business development of the Group.

Mr. Chen Wantian is the vice-president of Shanghai City Putuo District Silver Institute (上海市普陀區白銀協會). Mr. Chen Wantian obtained a diploma of economic management in Hangzhou University (杭州大學) (now known as Zhejiang University (浙江大學)) and has been undertaking the Executive Master of Business Administration program at Huazhong University of Science & Technology (華中科技大學) since 2009.

As at 31 December 2012, Mr. Chen Wantian had an interest in the shares of the Company, the details of which are set out in the paragraph headed “Directors’ and Chief Executives’ Interests and Short Positions in Shares, Underlying Shares and Debentures” in the Report of the Directors contained in this annual report.

**Mr. Song Guosheng (宋國生)**, aged 50, is the vice president and an executive Director of the Company. Mr. Song joined the Group in 2002 and was appointed to the Board on 16 August 2012. Mr. Song has approximately 17 years of experience in the production management in the non-ferrous metallurgical industry. He is responsible for production management of the Group.

Mr. Song graduated from Suzhou University of Science and Technology Trade Unions (蘇州職工科技大學) in July 2004 with a diploma of business management.

**Mr. Chen Guoyu (陳國裕)**, aged 64, is the vice president and an executive Director of the Company. Mr. Chen joined the Group in 2011 and was appointed to the Board on 16 August 2012. He is responsible for strategic and development planning, management and human resources development of the Group.

Mr. Chen graduated at Zhejiang University (浙江大學) with a master’s degree in philosophy.

### INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

**Dr. Li Haitao (李海濤)**, age 43, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 5 December 2012. Dr. Li has extensive research experience in area of hedging, derivatives and risk management. Dr. Li is currently appointed as Sparks Whirlpool Corporation Professor at Stephen M. Ross School of Business, University of Michigan.

Dr. Li undertook the Ph.D program in geophysics at Yale University between 1991 and 1992. He received his Ph.D in finance from Yale University in 1998.

**Dr. Jiang Tao (姜濤)**, aged 49, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 5 December 2012. Dr. Jiang has more than 20 years of experience in mineral processing and chemical metallurgy study and research. He is the dean of the School of Minerals Processing and Bioengineering at Central South University (中南大學).

Dr. Jiang obtained his bachelor's degree, master's degree and doctoral degree in Engineering at Central South University (中南大學) in 1983, 1986 and 1990 respectively.

**Dr. Zeng Yilong (曾一龍)**, aged 41, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 5 December 2012. Dr. Zeng has over 17 years of experience in accounting, auditing and financial management. Dr. Zeng is the vice chief accountant of Datang Telecom Technology & Industry Group (大唐電信科技產業集團), a state-owned enterprise principally engaged in the production of high technology electronic information system components.

Dr. Zeng obtained his master's degree in Business Administration and a doctoral degree in Business Administration (Accounting) from Xiamen University (廈門大學) in July 2000 and December 2006, respectively.

### SENIOR MANAGEMENT

**Mr. Moy Yee Wo, Matthew (梅以和)**, aged 34, is the chief financial officer and company secretary of the Company. Mr. Moy joined the Group in 2012 and is responsible for the supervision of financial management, investor relations and company secretarial functions of the Company. Mr. Moy has over 10 years of experience in the financial industry.

Mr. Moy graduated with a bachelor's degree in business administration in accounting and obtained a master's degree in business administration at the Hong Kong University of Science and Technology. Mr. Moy is a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants.

## Directors and Senior Management

**Mr. Jiang Pengzhan (姜鵬展)**, aged 33, is the chief financial officer of Longtianyong Nonferrous Metals. Mr. Jiang joined the Group in 2007 and is responsible for the financial management of our operating subsidiary in the PRC. He has over eight years of experience in audit, accounting and management.

Mr. Jiang obtained a bachelor's degree in management from Sun Yat-sen University (中山大學) in 2001. He is a member of The Chinese Institute of Certified Public Accountants.

**Mr. Lu Chaohui (盧潮輝)**, aged 38, is the secretary of the Board. Mr. Lu joined the Group in 2011 and is responsible for the handling of secretarial and administrative functions.

Mr. Lu obtained a bachelor's degree and a master's degree in economics from Xiamen University (廈門大學) in 1996 and 2001, respectively. He completed a board secretary qualification training programme at Shanghai Stock Exchange in 2005.

**Mr. Chen Beihai (陳北海)**, aged 29, is the assistant of the chief executive officer of the Company. Mr. Chen joined the Group in 2007 and is responsible for managing research and development, quality control, safety and environmental protection functions of the Group.

Mr. Chen received his bachelor's degree in metallurgical engineering from Jiangxi University of Science and Technology (江西理工大學) and has been undertaking the Executive Master of Business Administration program at Xiamen University (廈門大學) since 2011.

# Corporate Governance Report

## CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICE

The Group is committed to maintaining high standards of corporate governance to safeguard the interests of shareholders and to enhance corporate value and accountability. The Company has adopted the Corporate Governance Code (the “Code”) contained in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules as its own code of corporate governance. Save for the deviation disclosed in this report, the Company has complied with the code provisions as set out in the Code since 28 December 2012 (the “Listing Date”) and up to the date of this annual report. The Company will continue to review and enhance its corporate governance practices to ensure compliance with the Code.

## MODEL CODE FOR SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the “Model Code”) as set out in Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules as the code of conduct for Directors in their dealings in the securities of the Company. Having made specific enquiry to all the Directors, all the Directors confirmed that they have complied with the required standard of dealings as set out in the Model Code since the Listing Date and up to the date of this annual report.

## BOARD OF DIRECTORS

### (i) Board Composition

As at the date of this annual report, the board of Directors (“Board”) comprised a combination of three executive Directors and three independent non-executive Directors as follows:

#### **Executive directors**

Mr. Chen Wantian (Chairman)  
Mr. Song Guosheng  
Mr. Chen Guoyu

#### **Independent non-executive directors**

Dr. Li Haitao  
Dr. Jiang Tao  
Dr. Zeng Yilong

To the best knowledge of the Company, there is no other financial, business or family relationship among the members of the Board.

Pursuant to code provision A.2.1 of the Code, the responsibilities between the chairman and the chief executive officer should be segregated and should not be performed by the same individual. However, the Company does not have a separate chairman and chief executive officer and Mr. Chen Wantian currently performs these two roles. The Board believes that vesting the roles of both chairman and chief executive officer in the same person has the benefit of ensuring consistent leadership within the Group and enables more effective and efficient overall strategic planning for the Group. The Board considers that the balance of power and authority for the present arrangement will not be impaired and this structure will enable the Company to make and implement decisions promptly and efficiently. The Board will continue to review and consider splitting the roles of chairman of the Board and chief executive officer of the Company at a time when it is appropriate and suitable by taking into account the circumstances of the Group as a whole.

The executive Directors, with assistance from the senior management, form the core management team of the Company. The executive Directors have the overall responsibility of formulating the business strategies and development plan of the Group and the senior management are responsible for supervising and executing the plans of the Company and its subsidiaries.

### **(ii) Board Functions and Duties**

The principal functions and duties conferred to the Board include:

- convening general meetings and reporting the Board's work at general meetings;
- implementing resolutions passed by the Shareholders in general meetings;
- deciding on business plans and investment plans;
- preparing annual financial budgets and final reports;
- formulating proposals for profit distributions, recovery of losses and for increases or reductions in the registered capital; and
- exercising other powers, functions and duties conferred by Shareholders in general meetings.

### **(iii) Management Functions and Duties**

The management is responsible for implementing the strategies and plans adopted by the Board. Executive Directors and management personnel meet regularly to review the performance of the business of the Group as a whole, co-ordinate overall resources and make financial and operational decisions.

## (iv) Board Meetings

Since the Listing Date and up to the date of this report, there were two board meetings held, at which the Directors approved, among other things, the annual result of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2012.

Prior notices convening the board meeting were despatched to the Directors at least 14 days before the board meetings setting out the matters to be discussed. At the meetings, the Directors were provided with the relevant documents to be discussed and approved to enable the Directors to make informed decisions. The company secretary of the Company had been responsible for ensuring the procedures of the board meetings are observed and keeping minutes for the board meetings which were sent to the Directors for records and are open for inspection at any reasonable time by any Director on reasonable notice.

## (v) Attendance Record

The following is the attendance record of the board meetings held by the Board:

| <b>Executive directors</b>  | <b>Attendance at meetings</b> |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Mr. Chen Wantian (Chairman) | 2/2                           |
| Mr. Song Guosheng           | 2/2                           |
| Mr. Chen Guoyu              | 2/2                           |

| <b>Independent non-executive directors</b> | <b>Attendance at meetings</b> |
|--|-------------------------------|
| Dr. Li Haitao                              | 2/2                           |
| Dr. Jiang Tao                              | 2/2                           |
| Dr. Zeng Yilong                            | 2/2                           |

## (vi) Independent Non-executive Directors

In compliance with Rules 3.10(1) and 3.10A of the Listing Rules, the Company has appointed three independent non-executive Directors. The Board considers that all independent non-executive Directors have appropriate and sufficient industry or finance experiences and qualifications to carry out their duties so as to protect the interests of the Shareholders. Among the three independent non-executive Directors, one of them have appropriate professional qualifications in accounting or related financial management expertise as required by Rule 3.10(2) of the Listing Rules.

The Company has also received a written annual confirmation from each of the independent non-executive Directors in respect of their independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Company, based on such confirmations, considers that all independent non-executive Directors are independent with reference to the factors stated in the Listing Rules.

### **(vii) Appointment and Re-election of Directors**

Each of the executive Directors has entered into a service agreement with the Company for a term of three years commencing from the Listing Date, which is terminable by not less than three months' notice in writing.

Under Code provision A.4.1, all the non-executive Directors should be appointed for a specific term, subject to re-election. Each of the independent non-executive Directors has signed a letter of appointment with the Company for a term of three years commencing from the Listing Date, which is terminable by not less than three months' notice in writing.

None of the Directors has a service contract which is not determinable by the Group within one year without payment of compensation (other than statutory compensation).

In accordance with the articles of association of the Company (the "Articles"), all Directors are subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years and any new Director appointed to fill a causal vacancy shall submit himself/herself for re-election by shareholders at the first general meeting of the Company after appointment and new Directors appointed as an addition to the Board shall submit himself/herself for re-election by shareholders at the next following annual general meeting of the Company after appointment.

The procedures and process of appointment, re-election and removal of Directors are set out in the Articles. The nomination committee of the Company is responsible for reviewing the Board composition, monitoring the appointment, re-election and succession planning of Directors.

### **(viii) Directors' Remuneration**

The remuneration committee of the Company makes recommendations to the Board on the remuneration packages of the Directors and senior management personnel. It is the Company's policy that the remuneration package of each Director and senior management personnel shall be determined by taking reference to, inter alia, their duties, responsibilities, experiences and qualifications.

## AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Company established an audit committee (“Audit Committee”) on 5 December 2012 with written terms of reference in compliance with the Code. The Audit Committee comprises all three independent non-executive Directors namely, Dr. Zeng Yilong (Chairman), Dr. Li Haitao and Dr. Jiang Tao. The primary responsibilities of the Audit Committee are to review and supervise financial reporting processes and internal control system of the Group.

Since the Listing Date and up to the date of this report, the Audit Committee held one meeting. The members of Audit Committee reviewed and discussed with the external auditor of the Company the Group’s audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2012. They were of the opinion that these financial statements had complied with the applicable accounting standards, the Listing Rules and legal requirements, and that adequate disclosures had been made. Additional meeting may also be held by the Audit Committee from time to time to discuss special projects or other issues which it considers necessary. The external auditor of the Company may request a meeting of the Audit Committee to be convened if they consider that is necessary.

The main duties of the Audit Committee are as follows:

- To consider the appointment of the external auditors, the audit fee, and any question of resignation or dismissal.
- To discuss with the external auditors the nature and scope of the audit.
- To review and monitor the external auditors’ independence and objectivity and the effectiveness of the audit process in accordance with applicable standard.
- To develop and implement policy on the engagement of an external auditors to supply non-audit services.
- To review the Group’s interim and annual financial statements before submission to the Board.
- To discuss problems and reservations arising from the interim and final audits and any matters that the external auditors may wish to discuss.
- To review the external auditors’ management letter and the management’s response.
- To review the Group’s statement on internal control system prior to endorsement by the Board.
- To consider the major findings of any internal investigation and the management’s response.
- To consider other topics, as defined by the Board.

The following is the attendance record of the committee meeting held by the audit committee.

### Attendance at meeting

|                            |     |
|----------------------------|-----|
| Dr. Zeng Yilong (Chairman) | 1/1 |
| Dr. Li Haitao              | 1/1 |
| Dr. Jiang Tao              | 1/1 |

## AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

For the year ended 31 December 2012, the total fee paid/payable in respect of audit services to the external auditor of the Group, Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu, was approximately RMB1.3 million. The Company incurred approximately RMB6.5 million for services provided by external auditor in connection with the Initial Public Offering of the Company's shares. In addition, approximately RMB24,000 was charged for non-audit services.

The Audit Committee is responsible for making recommendations to the Board as to the appointment, re-appointment and removal of the external auditor, which is subject to the approval by the Board and at general meetings of the Company by the shareholders.

## DIRECTOR'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR FINANCIAL REPORTING IN RESPECT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Directors acknowledge that it is their responsibility to prepare accounts of the Group and other financial disclosures required under the Listing Rules and the management will provide information and explanation to the Board to enable it to make informed assessments of the financial and other decisions.

## INTERNAL CONTROL

The internal control system has been designed to safeguard the assets of the Company, maintaining proper accounting records, execution with appropriate authority and compliance of the relevant laws and regulations.

The Board is responsible for maintaining and reviewing the effectiveness of the internal control system of the Company.

The Board has carried out an annual review of the implemented system and procedures, including areas covering financial, operational and legal compliance controls and risk management functions. The internal control system is implemented to minimise risk to which the Group is exposed and used as a management tool for the day-to-day operations of our businesses. The system can only provide reasonable but not absolute assurance against misstatements or losses.

The Board is responsible for implementing the internal control system and reviewing its effectiveness. For the year ended 31 December 2012, the Board considered that the internal control system of the Group was adequate and effective.

## NOMINATION COMMITTEE

The Company established a nomination committee (“Nomination Committee”) on 5 December 2012 with written terms of reference in compliance with the Code. Under the recommended best practices A.4.4 of the Code, a majority of the members of the nomination committee should be independent non-executive directors. The Nomination Committee comprised Mr. Chen Wantian (Chairman), Dr. Li Haitao and Dr. Jiang Tao, with the latter two being independent non-executive Directors.

The Nomination Committee considers and recommends to the Board suitably qualified persons to become Directors and is responsible for reviewing the structure, size and composition of the Board at least annually and making recommendations on any proposed changes to the board to complement the Company’s corporate strategies.

Before a prospective Director’s name is formally proposed, the opinions of the existing Directors (including the independent non-executive Directors) are sought. The selection criteria of the qualified candidates are mainly based on assessments of their qualifications, experiences and expertise as well as the requirements under the Listing Rules. The Nomination Committee selects and recommends candidates for directorship with regards to balancing skills and experiences appropriate to the Group’s businesses.

Since the Listing Date up and up to the date of this report, the Nomination Committee held one meeting. The members of Nomination Committee reviewed and discussed the current structure, size and composition of the Board and the remuneration of the senior management personnel.

The following is the attendance record of the committee meeting held by the nomination committee.

### Attendance at meeting

|                             |     |
|-----------------------------|-----|
| Mr. Chen Wantian (Chairman) | 1/1 |
| Dr. Li Haitao               | 1/1 |
| Dr. Jiang Tao               | 1/1 |

## REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

The Company established a remuneration committee (“Remuneration Committee”) on 5 December 2012 with written terms of reference in compliance with the Code. A majority of the members of the remuneration committee should be independent non-executive directors. The Remuneration Committee comprised Dr. Li Haitao (Chairman), Mr. Chen Wantian and Dr. Jiang Tao in which Dr. Li Haitao and Dr. Jiang Tao are independent non-executive Directors.

The primary responsibilities of the Remuneration Committee are to make recommendations to the Board on the remuneration packages of the Directors and senior management personnel of the Group and to ensure that no Director or any of his associates is involved in deciding his own remuneration.

## EMOLUMENT POLICIES

The emolument policies of the Group are formulated on performance of individual employees and on the basis of salary trends in Hong Kong and the PRC, and will be reviewed regularly. Subject to the profitability of the Group, the Group may also distribute discretionary bonuses to its employees as incentives for their contributions to the Group.

Since the Listing Date and up to the date of this report, the Remuneration Committee held one meeting. The members of Remuneration Committee reviewed and discussed the policies for the remuneration of executive Directors, the performances of executive Directors during the period under review.

The following is the attendance record of the committee meeting held by the Remuneration Committee.

### Attendance at meeting

|                          |     |
|--------------------------|-----|
| Dr. Li Haitao (Chairman) | 1/1 |
| Mr. Chen Wantian         | 1/1 |
| Dr. Jiang Tao            | 1/1 |

## COMMUNICATION WITH SHAREHOLDERS

The Company endeavors to develop and maintain continuing relationships and effective communications with its shareholders and investors. In an effort to facilitate and enhance the relationships and communication, the Company has established the following various channels:

1. The annual general meeting provides a forum for shareholders of the Company to raise comments and exchange views with the Board. The Chairman and the Directors are available at the annual general meetings of the Company to address shareholders' queries;
2. Separate resolutions are proposed at the general meetings on each substantially separate issue and procedures for demanding a poll in general meetings are included in the circulars to the shareholders of the Company to facilitate enforcement of shareholders' rights;
3. Interim and annual results are announced as early as possible, to keep shareholders of the Company informed of the Group's performances and operations; and
4. Updated key information of the Group is available on the Company's website to enable shareholders of the Company and investors to have timely access to information about the Group.

## THE WAY BY WHICH SHAREHOLDERS CAN CONVENE AN EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING ("EGM")

The Directors, notwithstanding anything in the Articles shall, on the requisition of shareholders holding at the date of the deposit of the requisition not less than one-tenth of such of the paid-up capital of the Company having the right of voting at general meetings of the Company, forthwith proceed duly to convene an EGM.

The requisition must state the purposes of the meeting, and must be signed by the requisitionists and deposited at the Company Secretary at the Company's principal place of business at 35th Floor, Bank of China Tower, 1 Garden Road, Central, Hong Kong and may consist of several documents in like form each signed by one or more requisitionists.

The request will be verified with the Company's Share Registrars and upon their confirmation that the request is proper and in order, the Company Secretary will ask the Board to include the resolution in the agenda for the EGM.

If the Directors do not within twenty-one days from the date of the deposit of the requisition proceed duly to convene a meeting, the requisitionists may themselves convene a meeting, but any meeting so convened shall not be held after the expiration of two months from the said date.

### **THE PROCEDURES FOR SENDING ENQUIRIES TO THE BOARD**

The enquiries must be in writing with contact information of the requisitionists and deposited at the Company Secretary at the Company's principal place of business at 35th Floor, Bank of China Tower, 1 Garden Road, Central, Hong Kong.

### **THE PROCEDURES FOR MAKING PROPOSALS AT SHAREHOLDERS' MEETINGS**

To put forward proposals at an annual general meeting or EGM, the shareholders should submit a written notice of those proposals with detailed contact information to the Company Secretary at the Company's principal place of business at 35th Floor, Bank of China Tower, 1 Garden Road, Central, Hong Kong. The request will be verified with the Company's Share Registrars and upon their confirmation that the request is proper and in order, the Company Secretary will ask the Board to include the resolution in the agenda for the general meeting.

# Report of the Directors

The directors of our Company (the “Directors”) are pleased to report the audited consolidated financial statements of our Company and its subsidiaries (the “Group”) for the year ended 31 December 2012.

## REORGANIZATION AND GLOBAL OFFERING

Our Company was incorporated in the Cayman Islands as an exempted company with limited liability on 19 July 2012 under the Companies Law Chapter 22 (Law 3 of 1961, as consolidated and revised) of the Cayman Islands. Pursuant to a group reorganisation, as fully explained in the section of “History, Reorganization and Group Structure” in the prospectus of the Company dated 14 December 2012 (the “Prospectus”) in connection with the proposed listing of the Company’s shares (the “Shares”) on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the “Stock Exchange”), the Company became the holding company of the companies now comprising the Group. The Shares were listed on the Stock Exchange on 28 December 2012 (the “Listing”).

China Silver Co., Limited (“China Silver Hong Kong”), an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, established Zhejiang Fuyin Silver Co., Ltd. (“Zhejiang Fuyin”) as its wholly owned enterprise on 28 March 2012 with a registered capital of US\$8 million, of which US\$1.6 million has been paid up as of 26 June 2012. Pursuant to the articles of association of Zhejiang Fuyin, the remaining registered capital is to be fully paid up within two years from the date of issuance of Zhejiang Fuyin’s business licence, i.e. on or before 27 March 2014. The balance of the registered capital of Zhejiang Fuyin has been paid up on 17 January 2013.

## PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The Company is an investment holding company. The principal activity of the Group is the manufacture of silver and other non-ferrous metals for sale in the People’s Republic of China (the “PRC”).

## RESULTS AND APPROPRIATIONS

The results of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2012 are set out in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income on page 38 of this report.

The Directors do not recommend a payment of a dividend.

## FINANCIAL SUMMARY

A financial summary of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2012 and the previous three financial years is set out on page 84 of this report. This summary does not form part of the audited consolidated financial statements.

### USE OF NET PROCEEDS FROM THE LISTING

The net proceeds from the Listing (after deducting underwriting fees and related expenses) amounted to approximately HK\$101 million, which are intended to be applied in the manner consistent with that set out in the Prospectus. That is, approximately 44% of the net proceeds for construction of new production units and approximately 56% for purchase of additional production machineries and equipment. As of 31 December 2012, the proceeds from the Listing has not been utilized.

### MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

For the year ended 31 December 2012, the Group's sales to its five largest customers accounted for 73.0% (2011: 68.1%) of the Group's total sales.

For the year ended 31 December 2012, the Group's five largest suppliers accounted for 60.3% (2011: 56.2%) of the Group's total purchases.

None of the Directors or any of their associates or any shareholders (which, to the best knowledge of the Directors, own more than 5% of the Company's issued share capital) had any interest in the Group's five largest customers and suppliers.

### PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Movements in the property, plant and equipment of the Group are set out in note 15 to the consolidated financial statements.

### SHARE CAPITAL

Details of the share capital of the Company are set out in note 27 to the consolidated financial statements.

### RESERVES

Movements in reserves of the Group during the year ended 31 December 2012 are set out on page 41 of this report.

As of 31 December 2012, the reserves of our Company available for distribution to shareholders amounted to RMB79,558,000.

## Report of the Directors

Under the Companies Law (Revised) Chapter 22 of the Cayman Islands, the share premium of the Company is available for paying distributions or dividends to shareholders subject to the provisions of its memorandum and articles of association and provided that immediately following the distribution or dividend, the Company is able to pay its debts as they fall due in the ordinary course of business. In accordance with the Company's articles of association, dividends shall be distributed out of the retained profits or other reserve, representing the share premium account of the Company.

### BORROWINGS

Details of bank borrowings of the Group as of 31 December 2012 are set out in note 26 to the consolidated financial statements.

### DIRECTORS

The Directors during the year ended 31 December 2012 and up to the date of this report were:

#### Executive Directors:

|   |                               |
|---|-------------------------------|
| Mr. Chen Wantian (Chairman and Chief Executive Officer) | (appointed on 19 July 2012)   |
| Mr. Song Guosheng                                       | (appointed on 16 August 2012) |
| Mr. Chen Guoyu  | (appointed on 16 August 2012) |

#### Independent Non-Executive Directors:

|                 |                                |
|-----------------|--------------------------------|
| Dr. Li Haitao   | (appointed on 5 December 2012) |
| Dr. Jiang Tao   | (appointed on 5 December 2012) |
| Dr. Zeng Yilong | (appointed on 5 December 2012) |

### BOARD OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Biographical details of the Directors and senior management of the Group are set out on pages 12 to 14 of this annual report.

### CONFIRMATION OF INDEPENDENCE OF INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

The Company has received an annual confirmation of independence pursuant to rule 3.13 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the "Listing Rules") from each of the independent non-executive Directors and the Company, based on such confirmations, considers such Directors to be independent from the date of appointment to 31 December 2012.

### **DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS AND LETTER OF APPOINTMENTS**

Each of the executive Directors has entered into a service agreement with the Company for a term of three years commencing from the date of Listing. Each of the independent non-executive Directors has signed a letter of appointment with the Company for a term of three years commencing from the date of Listing. None of the Directors has a service contract which is not determinable by the Group within one year without payment of compensation (other than statutory compensation).

### **DIRECTORS' INTEREST IN CONTRACTS OF SIGNIFICANCE**

No Director had a material interest in, either directly or indirectly, in any contract of significance to the business of the Group to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries was a party during the year ended 31 December 2012.

### **MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS**

No contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company were entered into or existed during the year ended 31 December 2012.

### **EMOLUMENT POLICY**

A remuneration committee was set up for reviewing the Group's emolument policy and structure for all remuneration of the directors and senior management of the Group, having regard to the Group's operating results, individual performance of the directors and senior management and comparable market practices.

The Company has adopted a share option scheme as incentive to eligible employees, details of the scheme are set out in the section headed "Share Option Scheme" below.

### **REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS, CHIEF EXECUTIVE AND FIVE INDIVIDUALS WITH HIGHEST EMOLUMENTS**

Details of the emoluments of the directors, chief executive and five highest paid individuals are set out in note 12 to the consolidated financial statements.

### DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES

As of 31 December 2012, the interests and short positions of the Directors and the chief executive of the Company in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance ("SFO")) (i) which were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests and short positions which were taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO), or (ii) which were required, pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, to be entered into the register maintained by the Company, or (iii) which were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") were as follows:

| Name of director | Capacity/Nature of interest   | Number of Shares | Approximate percentage of interest in our Company |
|------------------|-------------------------------|------------------|---|
| Mr. Chen Wantian | Beneficial Owner <sup>1</sup> | 397,080,000(L)   | 45.00%  |
|                  |                               | 23,826,000(S)    | 2.70%   |

Notes:

1. Mr. Chen Wantian is one of the beneficiaries of the Chen Family Trust and is deemed to be interested in the Shares held by Rich Union Enterprises Limited.
2. "L" denotes long position; "S" denotes short position.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2012, none of the Directors and the chief executive of the Company had or was deemed to have any interest or short position in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) that was required to be recorded in the register of the Company required to be kept under Section 352 of the SFO, or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code.

### DIRECTORS' RIGHTS TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

Save as otherwise disclosed in this report, no time during the year ended 31 December 2012 were rights to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in or debentures of the Company granted to any Director or their respective spouse or children under 18 years of age, or were any such rights exercised by them; or was the Company and any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangement to enable the Directors, or their respective spouse or children under 18 years of age, to acquire such rights in any other body corporate.

### SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES

The register of substantial shareholders required to be kept by our Company under Section 336 of Part XV of the SFO shows that as of 31 December 2012, in addition to the interests disclosed under the paragraph headed "Directors' and Chief Executives' Interests and Short Positions in Shares, Underlying Shares and Debentures", our Company was notified of the following substantial shareholders' interests and short positions in the Shares and underlying Shares, being interests of 5% or more.

| Name                             | Capacity/Nature of interest                     | Number of Shares | Approximate percentage of shareholding |
|----------------------------------|---|------------------|--|
| Best Conduct Investments Limited | Beneficial interest <sup>1</sup>                | 123,520,000      | 14.00%                                 |
| Richwise Capital Group Limited   | Interest in controlled corporation <sup>1</sup> | 123,520,000      | 14.00%                                 |
| Shi Jinlei                       | Interest in controlled corporation <sup>1</sup> | 123,520,000      | 14.00%                                 |
| Easy Eight Guernsey Limited      | Beneficial interest <sup>2</sup>                | 93,840,000       | 10.64%                                 |
| Easy Eight Limited               | Interest in controlled corporation <sup>2</sup> | 93,840,000       | 10.64%                                 |

Note 1: Richwise Capital Group Limited is deemed to be interested in the Shares owned by Best Conduct Investments Limited as the legal owner of the entire issued share capital of Best Conduct Investments Limited. Mr. Shi Jinlei owns 70% of the entire issued share capital of Richwise Capital Group Limited.

Note 2: Easy Eight Guernsey Limited is deemed to be interested in the Shares owned by Easy Eight Limited as the legal owner of the entire issued share capital of Easy Eight Limited. Easy Eight Guernsey Limited is controlled by Credit Suisse Trust Limited which is the trustee of the WWY Trust.

Except as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2012, our Company has not been notified by any person or corporation who had interests or short positions in the Shares or underlying Shares as recorded in the register required to be kept by our Company under Section 336 of Part XV of the SFO.

### **PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE LISTED SECURITIES OF OUR COMPANY**

During the period from the date of Listing to 31 December 2012, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries has purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities.

### **PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS**

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Company's articles of association or the Companies Law, Chapter 22 (Law 3 of 1961, as consolidated and revised) of the Cayman Islands where the Company was incorporated, which would oblige the Company to offer new Shares on a pro rata basis to existing shareholders.

### **NON-COMPETITION UNDERTAKING**

As disclosed in the Prospectus, each of Mr. Chen Wantian, Ms. Zhou Peizhen and Rich Union Enterprises Limited (the "Controlling Shareholders") has executed a deed of noncompetition through which they have irrevocably and unconditionally warranted and undertaken to the Company not to, whether directly or indirectly or as principal or agent, and whether on his/her/its own account or with each other or in conjunction with or on behalf of any person, firm or company or through any entities (except in or through any subsidiary of the Company), (a) directly or indirectly engage, participate or hold any right or interest in or otherwise be involved in any business in competition with or likely to be in competition with our existing business activity or any principal business activity of any member of the Group or be in competition with us in any business activities which we may undertake in the future (the "Restricted Business") save for (i) the holding of not more than 5% shareholding interests (individually or any of the Controlling Shareholders with their associates collectively) in any listed company in Hong Kong; or (ii) the holding of shares in any listed company in Hong Kong where the Restricted Business conducted or engaged in by such company accounts for less than 10% of the relevant company's consolidated turnover or consolidated assets, or (iii) where the Controlling Shareholders are already, directly or indirectly, interested or invested in the operations of companies which are engaging in Restricted Business and details of which have been specifically disclosed in the Prospectus, or (b) take any direct or indirect action which constitutes an interference with or a disruption to our business activities including, but not limited to, solicitation of our customers, suppliers or staff.

The Controlling Shareholders have confirmed in writing to the Company of their compliance with the deed of noncompetition for disclosure in this annual report during the period from the date of Listing to 31 December 2012.

### **DIRECTORS' INTEREST IN COMPETING BUSINESS**

Save as disclosed in this report, as of 31 December 2012, none of the Directors or their respective associates had engaged in or had any interest in any business which competes or may compete with the business of the Group.

### CONNECTED TRANSACTION

During the period from the date of Listing to 31 December 2012, the Group had not entered into any connected transactions or continuing connected transactions which are required to be disclosed in this report pursuant to the Listing Rules.

### SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The Company adopted a share option scheme (the "Share Option Scheme") on 5 December 2012.

#### 1. Purpose

The purpose of the Share Option Scheme is to reward participants who have contributed to our Group and to encourage participants to work towards enhancing the value of our Company and its Shares for the benefit of our Company and its Shareholders as a whole.

#### 2. Participants

The Board are authorized, at their discretion, to grant options to subscribe the shares of the Company to, any Directors or any employees (full-time and part-time) of the Company or any consultants of any member of our Group whom the Board considers, in its sole discretion, has contributed or will contribute to the Group.

#### 3. Maximum number of Shares

The maximum number of shares in respect of which options may be granted under the Share Option Scheme shall not in aggregate exceed 10% of the issued share capital of the Company as of the Listing Date, i.e. 88,236,000 Shares.

#### 4. Maximum entitlement of each participant

The total number of Shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of options granted to any grantee (including both exercised and outstanding options) under the Share Option Scheme, in any 12-month period up to the date of grant shall not exceed 1% of the Shares in issue.

### 5. Offer period and amount payable for options

An offer of the grant of an option shall remain open for acceptance by the eligible person concerned for a period of 28 days from the offer date provided that no such grant of an option may be accepted after the expiry of the effective period of the Share Option Scheme. An option shall be deemed to have been granted and accepted by the eligible person and to have taken effect when the duplicate offer letter comprising acceptance of the offer of the option duly signed by the grantee together with a remittance in favour of our Company of HK\$1.00 by way of consideration for the grant thereof is received by our Company on or before the date upon which an offer of an option must be accepted by the relevant eligible person, being a date not later than 28 days after the offer date. Such remittance shall in no circumstances be refundable.

To the extent that the offer of the grant of an option is not accepted by the acceptance date, it will be deemed to have been irrevocably declined.

### 6. Minimum period for which an option must be held before it can be exercised

The Board may in its absolute discretion set a minimum period for which an option must be held and performance targets that must be achieved before an option can be exercised.

### 7. Basis of determining the subscription price

The subscription price shall be determined by our Board in its absolute discretion but in any event shall not be less than the higher of:

- (i) the closing price of the Shares as stated in the daily quotations sheets issued by the Stock Exchange on the Date of Grant which must be a business day;
- (ii) the average closing price of the Shares as stated in the daily quotations sheets issued by the Stock Exchange for the five business days immediately preceding the date of grant; and
- (iii) the nominal value of the Shares.

### 8. Life of the Share Option Scheme

Subject to the terms of this Scheme, the Scheme shall be valid and effective for a period of 10 years from the date on which it becomes unconditional, after which no further options will be granted or offered but the provisions of the Share Option Scheme shall remain in full force and effect to the extent necessary to give effect to the exercise of any subsisting Options granted prior to the expiry of the 10-years period or otherwise as may be required in accordance with the provisions of the Scheme.

As of 31 December 2012, no option under the Share Option Scheme has been granted by the Company.

### CHARITABLE DONATIONS

During the year ended 31 December 2012, the Group did not make any charitable and other donations.

### EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

Subsequent to 31 December 2012, there were no significant events occurred.

### AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Audit Committee had reviewed together with the management and external auditor the accounting principles and policies adopted by the Group and the audited consolidated financial statements for the year.

### CODE OF CONDUCT REGARDING DIRECTORS' SECURITIES AND SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has adopted a code of conduct regarding Directors' securities transactions on terms no less exacting than the required standard set out in the Model Code contained in the Listing Rules. Specific enquiry has been made to all the Directors and the Directors have confirmed that they had complied with such code of conduct during the period from the date of Listing to 31 December 2012.

### CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Company is committed to maintaining the highest standard of corporate governance practices. Information on the corporate governance practices adopted by the Company is set out in the Corporate Governance Report on pages 15 to 24 of this annual report.

### SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on information publicly available to the Company and to the knowledge of the Directors, at least 25% of the Company's total issued share capital, the prescribed minimum percentage of public float approved by the Stock Exchange and permitted under the Listing Rules, are held by the public at all times as of the date of this report.

### AUDITOR

A resolution will be submitted to the annual general meeting of the Company to re-appoint Messrs. Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu as our auditor.

On behalf of the Board

**Mr. Chen Wantian**

*Chairman*

Hong Kong, 11 March 2013

# Deloitte.

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### TO THE MEMBERS OF CHINA SILVER GROUP LIMITED

中國白銀集團有限公司

*(incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)*

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of China Silver Group Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") set out on pages 38 to 83, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2012, and the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

### DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITY

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit and to report our opinion solely to you, as a body, in accordance with our agreed terms of engagement, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

## Independent Auditor's Report

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

### OPINION

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group as at 31 December 2012, and of its profit and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards and have been properly prepared in accordance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

**Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu**

*Certified Public Accountants*

Hong Kong

11 March 2013

## Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income

For the year ended 31 December 2012

|  | Notes | 2012<br>RMB'000    | 2011<br>RMB'000 |
|--|-------|--------------------|-----------------|
| Revenue  | 6     | <b>1,540,039</b>   | 984,172         |
| Cost of sales                                      |       | <b>(1,260,865)</b> | (796,260)       |
| Gross profit                                       |       | <b>279,174</b>     | 187,912         |
| Other income                                       | 7     | <b>390</b>         | 196             |
| Administrative expenses                            |       | <b>(20,352)</b>    | (15,818)        |
| Selling and distribution expenses                  |       | <b>(1,331)</b>     | (1,179)         |
| Research and development expenses                  | 8     | <b>(4,709)</b>     | (10,194)        |
| Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment  |       | <b>(490)</b>       | (647)           |
| Other expenses                                     |       | <b>(11)</b>        | (121)           |
| Listing expenses                                   |       | <b>(25,834)</b>    | –               |
| Finance costs                                      | 9     | <b>(6,285)</b>     | (5,291)         |
| Profit before tax                                  |       | <b>220,552</b>     | 154,858         |
| Income tax expense                                 | 10    | <b>(62,810)</b>    | (39,448)        |
| Profit and total comprehensive income for the year | 11    | <b>157,742</b>     | 115,410         |
|  |       | <b>RMB</b>         | RMB             |
| Earnings per share                                 | 14    |                    |                 |
| Basic  |       | <b>0.22</b>        | 0.17            |
| Diluted  |       | <b>0.22</b>        | N/A             |

## Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

At 31 December 2012

|   | Notes | 2012<br>RMB'000 | 2011<br>RMB'000 |
|---|-------|-----------------|-----------------|
| <b>NON-CURRENT ASSETS</b>                                 |       |                 |                 |
| Property, plant and equipment                             | 15    | <b>142,757</b>  | 147,297         |
| Prepaid lease payments                                    | 16    | <b>19,872</b>   | 18,460          |
| Intangible asset  | 17    | <b>5,668</b>    | –               |
| Deposits for acquisition of property, plant and equipment |       | –               | 5,700           |
| Deposit for acquisition of an intangible asset            | 17    | –               | 4,800           |
| Deferred tax asset  | 18    | <b>2,500</b>    | 2,000           |
|   |       | <b>170,797</b>  | 178,257         |
| <b>CURRENT ASSETS</b>                                     |       |                 |                 |
| Prepaid lease payments                                    | 16    | <b>432</b>      | 394             |
| Inventories   | 19    | <b>168,672</b>  | 151,765         |
| Trade receivables and prepayments                         | 20    | <b>14,009</b>   | 4,486           |
| Trade deposits  | 21    | <b>11,987</b>   | 2,757           |
| Amounts due from related parties                          | 22    | –               | 233             |
| Bank balances and cash                                    | 23    | <b>221,908</b>  | 41,200          |
|   |       | <b>417,008</b>  | 200,835         |
| <b>CURRENT LIABILITIES</b>                                |       |                 |                 |
| Trade and other payables                                  | 24    | <b>47,728</b>   | 15,775          |
| Customer receipts in advance                              | 25    | <b>600</b>      | 1,844           |
| Income tax payable  |       | <b>25,173</b>   | 6,931           |
| Bank borrowings   | 26    | <b>110,000</b>  | 100,000         |
|   |       | <b>183,501</b>  | 124,550         |
| <b>NET CURRENT ASSETS</b>                                 |       | <b>233,507</b>  | 76,285          |
| <b>TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES</b>              |       | <b>404,304</b>  | 254,542         |

## Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

At 31 December 2012

|   | Notes | 2012<br>RMB'000 | 2011<br>RMB'000 |
|---|-------|-----------------|-----------------|
| <b>CAPITAL AND RESERVES</b>                   |       |                 |                 |
| Share capital/paid-in capital                 | 27    | <b>7,172</b>    | 110,338         |
| Share premium and reserves                    |       | <b>387,132</b>  | 136,204         |
| <b>TOTAL EQUITY</b>                           |       | <b>394,304</b>  | 246,542         |
| <b>NON-CURRENT LIABILITY</b>                  |       |                 |                 |
| Deferred income                               | 28    | <b>10,000</b>   | 8,000           |
| <b>TOTAL EQUITY AND NON-CURRENT LIABILITY</b> |       | <b>404,304</b>  | 254,542         |

The consolidated financial statements on pages 38 to 83 were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 11 March 2013 and are signed on its behalf by:

\_\_\_\_\_  
*DIRECTOR*

\_\_\_\_\_  
*DIRECTOR*

## Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

For the year ended 31 December 2012

|   | <b>Paid-in<br/>capital/<br/>share<br/>capital</b> | <b>Share<br/>premium</b> | <b>Capital<br/>reserve</b> | <b>Statutory<br/>reserve</b> | <b>Retained<br/>profits</b> | <b>Total</b>   |
|---|---|--------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------|
|   | RMB'000   | RMB'000                  | RMB'000<br>(note i)        | RMB'000<br>(note ii)         | RMB'000                     | RMB'000        |
| At 1 January 2011   | 110,000   | –                        | –                          | 16,207                       | 125,587                     | 251,794        |
| Profit and total comprehensive<br>income for the year               | –   | –                        | –                          | –                            | 115,410                     | 115,410        |
| Acquisition of China Silver BVI                                     | 338   | –                        | –                          | –                            | –                           | 338            |
| Transfer  | –   | –                        | –                          | 13,017                       | (13,017)                    | –              |
| Dividend paid (note 13)   | –   | –                        | –                          | –                            | (121,000)                   | (121,000)      |
| <b>At 31 December 2011</b>  | <b>110,338</b>                                    | <b>–</b>                 | <b>–</b>                   | <b>29,224</b>                | <b>106,980</b>              | <b>246,542</b> |
| Profit and total comprehensive<br>income for the year               | –   | –                        | –                          | –                            | 157,742                     | 157,742        |
| Issue of shares by China Silver BVI                                 | 316   | –                        | 31,487                     | –                            | –                           | 31,803         |
| Issue of shares by the Company                                      | 1   | –                        | –                          | –                            | –                           | 1              |
| Reorganisation  | (110,654)   | –                        | 654                        | –                            | –                           | (110,000)      |
| Capitalisation Issue (note 27(iv))                                  | 6,096   | (6,096)                  | –                          | –                            | –                           | –              |
| Issue of new shares pursuant to<br>the Global Offering (note 27(v)) | 1,075   | 125,879                  | –                          | –                            | –                           | 126,954        |
| Shares issue expenses   | –   | (14,738)                 | –                          | –                            | –                           | (14,738)       |
| Transfer  | –   | –                        | –                          | 18,476                       | (18,476)                    | –              |
| Dividend paid (note 13)   | –   | –                        | –                          | –                            | (44,000)                    | (44,000)       |
| <b>At 31 December 2012</b>  | <b>7,172</b>                                      | <b>105,045</b>           | <b>32,141</b>              | <b>47,700</b>                | <b>202,246</b>              | <b>394,304</b> |

Notes:

- (i) The capital reserve represents the sum of (a) RMB31,487,000 being the excess of the consideration paid by an independent investor to subscribe for 10% share capital in China Silver BVI (as defined in note 2) over the par value of such share capital; and (b) RMB654,000 being the excess of the share capital of China Silver BVI acquired by the Company over the nominal consideration of US\$1 paid as part of the Reorganisation (as defined in note 2).
- (ii) According to the relevant requirements in the memorandum of association of Longtianyong Nonferrous Metals (as defined in note 2), a wholly owned subsidiary of the Group established in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC"), a portion of its profits after taxation has to be transferred to the statutory reserve. The transfer to this reserve must be made before the distribution of a dividend to the equity owners. The reserve can be applied either to set off accumulated losses or to increase capital.

## Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended 31 December 2012

|  | 2012<br>RMB'000 | 2011<br>RMB'000 |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|
| <b>OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>                                    |                 |                 |
| Profit before tax  | <b>220,552</b>  | 154,858         |
| Adjustments for:   |                 |                 |
| Amortisation of intangible asset                               | <b>332</b>      | –               |
| Bank interest income   | <b>(259)</b>    | (176)           |
| Depreciation of property, plant and equipment                  | <b>12,381</b>   | 11,960          |
| Exchange differences   | <b>–</b>        | 21              |
| Finance costs  | <b>6,285</b>    | 5,291           |
| Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment              | <b>490</b>      | 647             |
| Release of prepaid lease payments                              | <b>428</b>      | 291             |
| Operating cash flows before movements in working capital       | <b>240,209</b>  | 172,892         |
| Increase in inventories  | <b>(16,907)</b> | (23,657)        |
| Increase in trade receivables and prepayments                  | <b>(9,523)</b>  | (2,444)         |
| (Increase) decrease in trade deposits                          | <b>(9,230)</b>  | 4,400           |
| Decrease in amounts due from related parties                   | <b>233</b>      | –               |
| Increase (decrease) in trade and other payables                | <b>31,953</b>   | (11,754)        |
| Decrease in customer receipts in advance                       | <b>(1,244)</b>  | (8,065)         |
| Cash generated from operations                                 | <b>235,491</b>  | 131,372         |
| Income tax paid  | <b>(45,068)</b> | (50,405)        |
| <b>NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>                      | <b>190,423</b>  | 80,967          |
| <b>INVESTING ACTIVITIES</b>                                    |                 |                 |
| Purchase of property, plant and equipment                      | <b>(2,717)</b>  | (7,329)         |
| Prepayments for leasehold land                                 | <b>(1,878)</b>  | (6,944)         |
| Acquisition of an intangible asset                             | <b>(1,200)</b>  | –               |
| Government grant received                                      | <b>2,000</b>    | 8,000           |
| Interest received  | <b>259</b>      | 176             |
| Proceeds on disposal of property, plant and equipment          | <b>86</b>       | 14              |
| Deposits paid for acquisition of property, plant and equipment | <b>–</b>        | (5,700)         |
| <b>NET CASH USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES</b>                   | <b>(3,450)</b>  | (11,783)        |

## Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended 31 December 2012

|  | Notes | 2012<br>RMB'000 | 2011<br>RMB'000 |
|--|-------|-----------------|-----------------|
| <b>FINANCING ACTIVITIES</b>  |       |                 |                 |
| Repayment of consideration payable   | 33    | (110,000)       | –               |
| Repayment of loan from a controlling shareholder   | 33    | (110,000)       | –               |
| Repayment of bank borrowings   |       | (100,000)       | (50,000)        |
| Dividend paid  |       | (44,000)        | (121,000)       |
| Shares issue expenses in relation to issue of new shares to the public                     |       | (14,738)        | –               |
| Interest paid  |       | (6,285)         | (5,291)         |
| Proceeds from issue of new shares to the public  |       | 126,954         | –               |
| Loan from a controlling shareholder  | 33    | 110,000         | –               |
| New bank borrowings raised   |       | 110,000         | 100,000         |
| Proceeds from issue of shares by China Silver BVI  |       | 31,803          | –               |
| Proceeds from issue of shares by the Company   |       | 1               | –               |
| Repayment to related parties   |       | –               | (1,602)         |
| <b>NET CASH USED IN FINANCING ACTIVITIES</b>   |       | <b>(6,265)</b>  | (77,893)        |
| <b>NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS</b>                                |       | <b>180,708</b>  | (8,709)         |
| <b>CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF THE YEAR</b>                                  |       | <b>41,200</b>   | 49,909          |
| <b>CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF THE YEAR, represented by bank balances and cash</b> |       | <b>221,908</b>  | 41,200          |

# Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2012

## 1. GENERAL

The Company was incorporated and registered as an exempted company with limited liability in the Cayman Islands under the Companies Law Chapter 22 (Law 3 of 1961, as consolidated and revised) of the Cayman Islands on 19 July 2012 and its shares are listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the “Stock Exchange”) (the “Listing”) with effect from 28 December 2012 (the “Listing Date”).

The Company’s immediate parent is Rich Union Enterprises Limited (“Rich BVI”), a limited liability company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands (the “BVI”), and its ultimate parent is Rich Union Guernsey Limited, a limited liability company incorporated in Guernsey. The addresses of the registered office and principal place of business of the Company are disclosed in the “Corporate Information” section to the annual report.

The Company is an investment holding company. The principal activity of its subsidiaries (together with the Company collectively referred to as the “Group”) is the manufacture of silver and other non-ferrous metals for sale in the PRC. Details of the principal activities of its subsidiaries are set out in note 36.

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Renminbi (“RMB”), which is also the functional currency of the Company.

## 2. REORGANISATION AND BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

In the preparation for the Listing, the Group underwent a reorganisation (the “Reorganisation”) to rationalise the holding structure of the companies now comprising the Group.

Prior to the Reorganisation, Jiangxi Longtianyong Nonferrous Metals Co., Ltd. (“Longtianyong Nonferrous Metals”) was owned by certain individuals, including Mr. Chen Wantian, a director of the Company, and his spouse (collectively the “Longtianyong Shareholders”).

The Reorganisation principally involves the following steps:

- (i) Incorporation of Rich BVI on 13 July 2010. By 28 March 2012, Rich BVI became the holding company of China Silver Holdings Limited (“China Silver BVI”), China Silver Co., Limited (“China Silver Hong Kong”) and Zhejiang Fuyin Silver Co., Ltd. (“Zhejiang Fuyin”). Rich BVI is beneficially owned by the Longtianyong Shareholders. China Silver BVI and China Silver Hong Kong are shell companies acquired by the Group on 1 November 2011 and 14 November 2011 and were incorporated in the BVI and Hong Kong, respectively. Zhejiang Fuyin was established in the PRC on 28 March 2012;

# Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2012

## 2. REORGANISATION AND BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

- (ii) On 27 April 2012, the Longtianyong Shareholders transferred their equity interest in Longtianyong Nonferrous Metals to Zhejiang Fuyin, whereby a sum of RMB110 million was payable by Zhejiang Fuyin to the Longtianyong Shareholders (note 33);
- (iii) On 13 July 2012, an independent investor, Richwise Capital Group Limited (“Richwise Capital”) became a 20% shareholder of China Silver BVI by means of (a) subscription of new shares therein to the extent of 10% and (b) acquiring existing shares therein from the Longtianyong Shareholders to the extent of another 10%, at an aggregate consideration of US\$10 million; and
- (iv) Interspersing the Company between China Silver BVI and its shareholders on 14 August 2012.

Upon completion of the Reorganisation on 15 August 2012, the Company became a holding company of the companies now comprising the Group.

The consolidated statement of comprehensive income and consolidated statement of cash flows which include the results and cash flows of the companies now comprising the Group for the years ended 31 December 2011 and 2012 have been prepared as if the Company had always been the holding company of the Group and the current group structure had been in existence throughout the years, or since their respective dates of establishment/incorporation or acquisition where this is a shorter period.

The consolidated statement of financial position at 31 December 2011 has been prepared to present the assets and liabilities of the companies now comprising the Group as if the current group structure had been in existence at that date, taking into account the effective date of establishment/incorporation or acquisition.

## 3. APPLICATION OF INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (“IFRSs”)

The International Accounting Standards Board has issued a number of revised International Accounting Standards (“IASs”), IFRSs, amendments and interpretations (“IFRICs”) which are effective for the Group’s financial year beginning on 1 January 2012 (hereinafter collectively referred to as the “New IFRSs”). For the purpose of preparing and presenting these consolidated financial statements, the Group has consistently adopted the New IFRSs throughout the years ended 31 December 2011 and 31 December 2012.

# Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2012

## 3. APPLICATION OF INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (“IFRSs”) (Continued)

The Group has not early applied the following new and revised standards, amendments and interpretations that have been issued but not yet effective.

|  |   |
|--|---|
| Amendments to IFRSs                        | Annual Improvements to IFRSs 2009-2011 Cycle <sup>1</sup>   |
| Amendments to IFRS 1                       | Government Loans <sup>1</sup>   |
| Amendments to IFRS 7                       | Disclosures – Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities <sup>1</sup>  |
| Amendments to IFRS 9 and IFRS 7            | Mandatory Effective Date of IFRS 9 and Transition Disclosures <sup>2</sup>  |
| Amendments to IFRS 10, IFRS 11 and IFRS 12 | Consolidated Financial Statements, Joint Arrangements and Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities: Transition Guidance <sup>1</sup> |
| Amendments to IFRS 10, IFRS 12 and IAS 27  | Investment Entities <sup>4</sup>  |
| IFRS 9                                     | Financial Instruments <sup>2</sup>  |
| IFRS 10                                    | Consolidated Financial Statements <sup>1</sup>  |
| IFRS 11                                    | Joint Arrangements <sup>1</sup>   |
| IFRS 12                                    | Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities <sup>1</sup>  |
| IFRS 13                                    | Fair Value Measurement <sup>1</sup>   |
| Amendments to IAS 1                        | Presentation of Items of Other Comprehensive Income <sup>3</sup>  |
| IAS 19 (as revised in 2011)                | Employee Benefits <sup>1</sup>  |
| IAS 27 (as revised in 2011)                | Separate Financial Statements <sup>1</sup>  |
| IAS 28 (as revised in 2011)                | Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures <sup>1</sup>   |
| Amendments to IAS 32                       | Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities <sup>4</sup>  |
| IFRIC 20                                   | Stripping Costs in the Production Phase of a Surface Mine <sup>1</sup>  |

<sup>1</sup> Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013

<sup>2</sup> Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2015

<sup>3</sup> Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2012

<sup>4</sup> Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2014

The directors of the Company anticipate that the application of these new and revised standards, amendments and interpretations will have no material impact on the results and the financial position of the Group.

## 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with IFRSs. In addition, the consolidated financial statements include applicable disclosures required by the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange and by the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

# Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2012

## 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as explained in the accounting policies set out below. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods. The principal accounting policies are set out below.

### Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the companies now comprising the Group.

Subsidiaries are entities controlled by the Group. Control exists when the Group has the power, directly or indirectly, to govern the financial and operating policies of an entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities. The financial statements of subsidiaries are included in the consolidated financial statements from the date that control commences until the date that control ceases.

Where necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies in line with those used by other members of the Group.

All intra-group transactions, balances, income and expenses are eliminated in full on consolidation.

### Revenue recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable and represents amounts receivable for goods sold in the normal course of business, net of discounts and sales related taxes.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the goods are delivered and titles have passed, at which time all the following conditions are satisfied:

- the Group has transferred to the buyer the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods;
- the Group retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold;
- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Group; and
- the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

# Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2012

## 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### Revenue recognition (Continued)

Interest income from a financial asset is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the amount of income can be measured reliably. Interest income is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount on initial recognition.

### Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment including buildings held for use in the production or supply of goods, or for administrative purposes are stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost, less subsequent accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost of items of property, plant and equipment less their residual values over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in profit or loss.

### Leasing

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownerships to the lessee. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

### Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is calculated using the weighted average method. Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price for inventories less all estimated costs of completion and costs necessary to make the sales.

# Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2012

## 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### Foreign currencies

In preparing the financial statements of each individual group entity, transactions in currencies other than the functional currency of that entity (foreign currencies) are recorded in the respective functional currency (i.e. the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates) at the rates of exchanges prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At the end of the reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

Exchange differences on arising on the settlement of monetary items, and on the retranslation of monetary items, are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

### Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

### Government grants

Government grants are not recognised until there is reasonable assurance that the Group will comply with the conditions attaching to them and that the grants will be received.

Government grants whose primary condition is that the Group should purchase, construct or otherwise acquire non-current assets are recognised as deferred income in the consolidated statement of financial position and transferred to profit or loss over the useful lives of the related assets.

# Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2012

## 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### Intangible assets

#### *Intangible assets acquired separately*

Intangible assets with finite useful lives acquired separately are carried at costs less accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses (see the accounting policy in respect of impairment of tangible and intangible assets below). Amortisation for intangible assets with finite useful lives is recognised on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives. The estimated useful life and amortisation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate being accounted for on a prospective basis.

An intangible asset is derecognised on disposal, or when no future economic benefits are expected from use or disposal. Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset are measured at the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognised in profit or loss in the period when the asset is derecognised.

#### *Research and development expenditure*

Expenditure on research activities is recognised as an expense in the period in which it is incurred.

An internally-generated intangible asset arising from development activities (or from the development phase of an internal project) is recognised if, and only if, all of the following have been demonstrated:

- the technical feasibility of completing the intangible asset so that it will be available for use or sale;
- the intention to complete the intangible asset and use or sell it;
- the ability to use or sell the intangible asset;
- how the intangible asset will generate probable future economic benefits;
- the availability of adequate technical, financial and other resources to complete the development and to use or sell the intangible asset; and
- the ability to measure reliably the expenditure attributable to the intangible asset during its development.

# Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2012

## 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### Intangible assets (Continued)

#### *Research and development expenditure (Continued)*

The amount initially recognised for internally-generated intangible assets is the sum of the expenditure incurred from the date when the intangible asset first meets the recognition criteria listed above. Where no internally-generated intangible asset can be recognised, development expenditure is recognised to profit or loss in the period in which it is incurred. Subsequent to initial recognition, internally-generated intangible asset is measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses (if any), on the same basis as intangible assets acquired separately.

### Retirement benefit costs

Payments to defined contribution schemes are recognised as an expense when employees have rendered service entitling them to the contributions. Payments made to state-managed retirement benefit schemes and the Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme are dealt with as payments to defined contribution scheme where the Group's obligations under the schemes are equivalent to those arising in a defined contributed retirement benefit plan.

### Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit before tax as reported in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax base used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary difference to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

# Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2012

## 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### Taxation (Continued)

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences associated with such investments are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that there will be sufficient taxable profits against which to utilise the benefits of the temporary differences and they are expected to reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of the reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset is realised, based on tax rate (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current and deferred tax are recognised in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

### Impairment of tangible and intangible assets

At the end of the reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets with finite useful lives to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss, if any. When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. When a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation can be identified, corporate assets are also allocated to individual cash-generating units, or otherwise they are allocated to the smallest group of cash-generating units for which a reasonable and consistent allocation basis can be identified.

# Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2012

## 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### Impairment of tangible and intangible assets (Continued)

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or a cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or a cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

When an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (or a cash-generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised as income immediately.

### Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position when a group entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition.

#### Financial assets

The Group's financial assets are classified as loans and receivables.

#### *Effective interest method*

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a debt instrument and of allocating interest income over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts (including all fees paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the debt instrument, or, where appropriate, a shorter period to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Interest income is recognised on an effective interest basis for debt instruments.

# Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2012

## 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### Financial instruments (Continued)

#### Financial assets (Continued)

##### *Loans and receivables*

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. Subsequent to initial recognition, loans and receivables (including trade receivables, amounts due from related parties, bank balances and cash) are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment (see accounting policy on impairment of loans and receivables below).

##### ***Impairment of loans and receivables***

Loans and receivables are assessed for indicators of impairment at the end of the reporting period. Loans and receivables are considered to be impaired where there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition, the estimated future cash flows of the loans and receivables have been affected.

Objective evidence of impairment could include:

- significant financial difficulty of the issuer or counterparty; or
- breach of contract, such as default or delinquency in interest or principal payments; or
- it becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or financial re-organisation.

For certain categories of loans and receivables, such as trade receivables, assets that are assessed not to be impaired individually are, in addition, assessed for impairment on a collective basis. Objective evidence of impairment for a portfolio of receivables could include the Group's past experience of collecting payments, an increase in the number of delayed payments in the portfolio past the credit period of 30 days and observable changes in national or local economic conditions that correlate with default on receivables.

The amount of the impairment loss recognised is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate.

# Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2012

## 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### Financial instruments (Continued)

#### Financial assets (Continued)

##### *Impairment of loans and receivables (Continued)*

The carrying amount of the loan and receivable is reduced by the impairment loss directly with the exception of trade receivables, where the carrying amount is reduced through the use of an allowance account. Changes in the carrying amount of the allowance account are recognised in profit or loss. When a trade receivable is considered uncollectible, it is written off against the allowance account. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited to profit or loss.

If, in a subsequent period, the amount of impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss to the extent that the carrying amount of the asset at the date the impairment is reversed does not exceed what the amortised cost would have been had the impairment not been recognised.

#### Financial liabilities and equity instruments

Debt and equity instruments issued by a group entity are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Group after deducting all of its liabilities.

#### *Effective interest method*

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial liability and of allocating interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments (including all fees paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial liability, or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Interest expense is recognised on an effective interest basis.

# Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2012

## 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### Financial instruments (Continued)

#### Financial liabilities and equity instruments (Continued)

##### *Financial liabilities*

Financial liabilities (including trade and other payables and bank borrowings) are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method.

##### *Equity instruments*

Equity instruments issued by the Group are recognised at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

#### Derecognition

The Group derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity. If the Group neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and continues to control the transferred asset, the Group continues to recognise the asset to the extent of its continuing involvement and recognises an associated liability.

On derecognition of a financial asset in its entirety, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable is recognised in profit or loss.

The Group derecognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the Group's obligations are discharged, cancelled or expire. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable is recognised in profit or loss.

## 5. KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

The key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period that may have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets within the next twelve months are disclosed below.

# Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2012

## 5. KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (Continued)

### Allowance for inventories

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. The Group regularly reviews its inventory levels in order to identify slow-moving inventories. When the Group identifies items of inventories which have a market price that is lower than its carrying amount, the Group estimates the amount of write-down of inventories as allowance for inventories.

### Estimated allowance for trade receivables

Management regularly reviews the recoverability of trade receivables. Allowance for these receivables is made based on evaluation of collectability and on management's judgment by reference to the estimation of the future cash flows discounted at an effective interest rate to calculate the present value. A considerable amount of judgment is required in assessing the ultimate realisation of these debtors, including their current creditworthiness. If the actual future cash flows were less than expected, allowance may be required.

### Estimated useful life of property, plant and equipment

Plant and machinery included in property, plant and equipment are depreciated over their useful economic lives. The assessment of estimated useful lives is a matter of judgment based on the experience of the Group's management, taking into account factors such as technological progress, conditions of the plant and machinery and changes in market demand. Useful lives are periodically reviewed for continued appropriateness.

## 6. REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Group is principally engaged in the manufacture of silver and other non-ferrous metals for sale in the PRC. The Group's chief operating decision maker, being the executive directors of the Company, regularly reviews the revenue analysis by products and the Group's consolidated profit for the year prepared based on the accounting policies set out in note 4 for the purposes of resources allocation and performance assessment. Accordingly, it is not necessary to analyse the Group's revenue, results, assets and liabilities by operating segment.

### Geographical information

The Group's revenue is derived from the PRC, based on the location of customers, and all of its non-current assets are located in the PRC, based on the location of assets. Therefore, no geographical information is presented.

## Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2012

### 6. REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

#### Analysis of revenue by products

An analysis of revenue by products is as follows:

|                   | 2012<br>RMB'000  | 2011<br>RMB'000 |
|-------------------|------------------|-----------------|
| Silver ingot      | 1,157,574        | 719,448         |
| Lead ingot        | 206,679          | 137,060         |
| Bismuth ingot     | 93,754           | 68,856          |
| Antimony ingot    | 60,399           | 40,473          |
| Zinc oxide        | 11,591           | 10,477          |
| Non-standard gold | 9,536            | 7,712           |
| Others            | 506              | 146             |
|                   | <b>1,540,039</b> | 984,172         |

#### Information about major customers

An analysis of revenue from customers contributing over 10% of the Group's total revenue is as follows:

|            | 2012<br>RMB'000 | 2011<br>RMB'000 |
|------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Customer A | 377,166         | 298,852         |
| Customer B | 292,457         | 181,002         |
| Customer C | 276,335         | 99,827          |

### 7. OTHER INCOME

|                      | 2012<br>RMB'000 | 2011<br>RMB'000 |
|----------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Bank interest income | 259             | 176             |
| Scrap sales          | 15              | 20              |
| Exchange gain        | 116             | -               |
|                      | <b>390</b>      | 196             |

## Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2012

### 8. RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT EXPENSES

Research and development expenses mainly represent expenses for specific research, staff costs and technical consultation fees incurred for the enhancement of production techniques.

### 9. FINANCE COSTS

|  | 2012<br>RMB'000 | 2011<br>RMB'000 |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|
| Interest on bank borrowings wholly repayable within five years | <b>6,285</b>    | 5,291           |

### 10. INCOME TAX EXPENSE

|  | 2012<br>RMB'000 | 2011<br>RMB'000 |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|
| PRC Enterprise Income Tax ("EIT")          |                 |                 |
| – current year                             | <b>63,023</b>   | 41,159          |
| – underprovision in respect of prior years | <b>287</b>      | 289             |
|  | <b>63,310</b>   | 41,448          |
| Deferred taxation for the year (note 18)   | <b>(500)</b>    | (2,000)         |
|  | <b>62,810</b>   | 39,448          |

The Group had no assessable profit subject to tax in any jurisdictions other than the PRC for both years.

Under the Law of the PRC on EIT (the "EIT Law") and its related implementation regulations, the Group's PRC subsidiaries are subject to PRC EIT at the statutory rate of 25%.

## Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2012

### 10. INCOME TAX EXPENSE (Continued)

The tax charge for the year can be reconciled to the profit before tax per the consolidated statement of comprehensive income as follows:

|   | 2012<br>RMB'000 | 2011<br>RMB'000 |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|
| Profit before tax                                     | <b>220,552</b>  | 154,858         |
| Tax at the domestic income tax rate of 25%            | <b>55,138</b>   | 38,715          |
| Tax effect of expenses not deductible for tax purpose | <b>7,385</b>    | 444             |
| Underprovision in respect of prior years              | <b>287</b>      | 289             |
| Tax charge for the year                               | <b>62,810</b>   | 39,448          |

Under the EIT Law, withholding tax is imposed on dividends payable to non-PRC shareholders which is declared in respect of profits earned by PRC subsidiaries from 1 January 2008 onwards. Deferred taxation has not been provided for in the consolidated financial statements in respect of temporary differences attributable to retained profits of the PRC subsidiaries amounting to approximately RMB230.3 million as at 31 December 2012 as the Group is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future. As at 31 December 2011, there were no such temporary differences as the Group's PRC subsidiaries were owned by the Longtianyong Shareholders without an offshore holding structure prior to the Reorganisation.

Details of deferred tax asset recognised are set out in note 18.

# Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2012

## 11. PROFIT AND TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR

|   | 2012<br>RMB'000  | 2011<br>RMB'000 |
|---|------------------|-----------------|
| Profit and total comprehensive income for the year<br>has been arrived at after charging: |                  |                 |
| Directors' emoluments (note 12)   | <b>2,015</b>     | 2,024           |
| Other staff costs   |                  |                 |
| – salaries and wages  | <b>26,897</b>    | 22,938          |
| – retirement benefit scheme contributions   | <b>5,330</b>     | 4,979           |
| Total staff costs   | <b>34,242</b>    | 29,941          |
| Auditor's remuneration  | <b>1,479</b>     | 12              |
| Amortisation of intangible asset  | <b>332</b>       | –               |
| Cost of inventories recognised as expenses  | <b>1,260,865</b> | 796,260         |
| Depreciation of property, plant and equipment   | <b>12,381</b>    | 11,960          |
| Exchange losses   | <b>22</b>        | 21              |
| Release of prepaid lease payments   | <b>428</b>       | 291             |
| Rental expenses   | <b>27</b>        | –               |

# Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2012

## 12. DIRECTORS', CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S AND EMPLOYEES' EMOLUMENTS

### Directors' and Chief Executive's emoluments

|  | Directors'<br>fees<br>RMB'000 | Salaries and<br>allowances<br>RMB'000 | Retirement<br>benefit<br>scheme<br>contributions<br>RMB'000 | Total<br>RMB'000 |
|--|-------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---|------------------|
| <b>Year ended 31 December 2012</b>         |                               |                                       |   |                  |
| <b>Executive directors</b>                 |                               |                                       |   |                  |
| Mr. Chen Wantian                           | -                             | 1,022                                 | 8   | 1,030            |
| Mr. Song Guosheng                          | -                             | 457                                   | 8   | 465              |
| Mr. Chen Guoyu                             | -                             | 516                                   | 4   | 520              |
|  | -                             | 1,995                                 | 20  | 2,015            |
| <b>Independent non-executive directors</b> |                               |                                       |   |                  |
| Dr. Li Haitao                              | -                             | -                                     | -   | -                |
| Dr. Jiang Tao                              | -                             | -                                     | -   | -                |
| Dr. Zeng Yilong                            | -                             | -                                     | -   | -                |
|  | -                             | -                                     | -   | -                |
| <b>Total</b>                               | -                             | 1,995                                 | 20  | 2,015            |
| <b>Year ended 31 December 2011</b>         |                               |                                       |   |                  |
| <b>Executive directors</b>                 |                               |                                       |   |                  |
| Mr. Chen Wantian                           | -                             | 1,066                                 | 8   | 1,074            |
| Mr. Song Guosheng                          | -                             | 482                                   | 7   | 489              |
| Mr. Chen Guoyu                             | -                             | 457                                   | 4   | 461              |
| <b>Total</b>                               | -                             | 2,005                                 | 19  | 2,024            |

# Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2012

## 12. DIRECTORS', CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S AND EMPLOYEES' EMOLUMENTS (Continued)

### Directors' and Chief Executive's emoluments (Continued)

Mr. Chen Wantian, who is also the Chief Executive of the Company, was appointed as an executive director of the Company on 19 July 2012 while Mr. Song Guosheng and Mr. Chen Guoyu were appointed as executive directors of the Company on 16 August 2012. Their emoluments (including those for services rendered by Mr. Chen Wantian as the Chief Executive) before the appointment are also included in the above directors' emoluments tables for presentation.

All the independent non-executive directors were appointed on 5 December 2012.

### Employees

The Group's five highest paid individuals for the year ended 31 December 2012 included 2 (2011: 3) directors of the Company. The emoluments of the remaining 3 (2011: 2) highest paid individuals for the year ended 31 December 2012 are as follows:

|   | <b>2012</b>    | 2011    |
|---|----------------|---------|
|   | <b>RMB'000</b> | RMB'000 |
| Salaries and allowances                 | <b>1,402</b>   | 1,093   |
| Retirement benefit scheme contributions | <b>22</b>      | 15      |
| Bonus                                   | <b>813</b>     | –       |
|   | <b>2,237</b>   | 1,108   |

Their emoluments were within the following bands:

|                                | <b>Number of<br/>individuals<br/>2012</b> | Number of<br>individuals<br>2011 |
|--------------------------------|---|----------------------------------|
| Nil to HK\$1,000,000           | <b>2</b>                                  | 2                                |
| HK\$1,000,001 to HK\$1,500,000 | <b>1</b>                                  | –                                |
|                                | <b>3</b>                                  | 2                                |

No emoluments were paid by the Group to any of the directors of the Company or the five highest paid individuals as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office during the both years. None of the directors waived any emolument during both years.

## Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2012

### 13. DIVIDENDS

The Company has neither paid nor declared any dividend since its incorporation. However, prior to the Reorganisation, Longtianyong Nonferrous Metals paid the following dividends to its then equity holders during the year:

|                                      | <b>2012</b>    | 2011    |
|--------------------------------------|----------------|---------|
|                                      | <b>RMB'000</b> | RMB'000 |
| Dividends recognised as distribution | <b>44,000</b>  | 121,000 |

No dividend has been proposed by the Company since the end of the reporting period in respect of the year ended 31 December 2012.

### 14. EARNINGS PER SHARE

The calculation of the basic and diluted earnings per share is based on the following data:

|  | <b>2012</b>    | 2011        |
|--|----------------|-------------|
|  | <b>RMB'000</b> | RMB'000     |
| <b>Earnings</b>  |                |             |
| Profit for the year  | <b>157,742</b> | 115,410     |
|  | <b>2012</b>    | 2011        |
|  | <b>'000</b>    | <b>'000</b> |
| <b>Number of shares</b>  |                |             |
| Weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purpose of basic earnings per share   | <b>711,692</b> | 675,000     |
| Effect of dilutive potential ordinary shares:  |                |             |
| Over-allotment option granted in relation to the Listing                                 | <b>37</b>      | N/A         |
| Weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purpose of diluted earnings per share | <b>711,729</b> | N/A         |

The weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purpose of basic earnings per share has been determined assuming the capitalisation issue completed on 28 December 2012 and as detailed in note 27 occurred on 1 January 2011 and taking into account the effect of acquisition of 10% equity interest in the Group on 13 July 2012 through subscription of new shares by Richwise Capital as detailed in note 2.

## Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2012

### 15. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

|                       | <b>Buildings</b><br>RMB'000 | <b>Plant and<br/>machinery</b><br>RMB'000 | <b>Office<br/>equipment</b><br>RMB'000 | <b>Motor<br/>vehicles</b><br>RMB'000 | <b>Total</b><br>RMB'000 |
|-----------------------|-----------------------------|---|--|--------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| <b>COST</b>           |                             |   |  |                                      |                         |
| At 1 January 2011     | 97,289                      | 72,518                                    | 1,170                                  | 6,109                                | 177,086                 |
| Additions             | –                           | 2,609                                     | 489                                    | 98                                   | 3,196                   |
| Disposals             | –                           | (869)                                     | (19)                                   | –                                    | (888)                   |
| At 31 December 2011   | 97,289                      | 74,258                                    | 1,640                                  | 6,207                                | 179,394                 |
| Additions             | 8,136                       | 244                                       | 37                                     | –                                    | 8,417                   |
| Disposals             | (58)                        | (659)                                     | (41)                                   | (100)                                | (858)                   |
| At 31 December 2012   | 105,367                     | 73,843                                    | 1,636                                  | 6,107                                | 186,953                 |
| <b>DEPRECIATION</b>   |                             |   |  |                                      |                         |
| At 1 January 2011     | 7,779                       | 8,551                                     | 413                                    | 3,621                                | 20,364                  |
| Provided for the year | 4,621                       | 6,108                                     | 296                                    | 935                                  | 11,960                  |
| Disposals             | –                           | (215)                                     | (12)                                   | –                                    | (227)                   |
| At 31 December 2011   | 12,400                      | 14,444                                    | 697                                    | 4,556                                | 32,097                  |
| Provided for the year | 4,910                       | 6,320                                     | 306                                    | 845                                  | 12,381                  |
| Disposals             | (12)                        | (169)                                     | (29)                                   | (72)                                 | (282)                   |
| At 31 December 2012   | 17,298                      | 20,595                                    | 974                                    | 5,329                                | 44,196                  |
| <b>CARRYING VALUE</b> |                             |   |  |                                      |                         |
| At 31 December 2012   | 88,069                      | 53,248                                    | 662                                    | 778                                  | 142,757                 |
| At 31 December 2011   | 84,889                      | 59,814                                    | 943                                    | 1,651                                | 147,297                 |

The Group's buildings are erected on land held under medium-term land use rights in the PRC.

## Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2012

### 15. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (Continued)

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of items of property, plant and equipment less their residual values, over their estimated useful lives using the straight-line method, at the following rates per annum:

|                     |  |
|---------------------|--|
| Buildings           | 5% or over the term of the relevant land lease, whichever is shorter |
| Plant and machinery | 10%  |
| Office equipment    | 20%  |
| Motor vehicles      | 20%  |

### 16. PREPAID LEASE PAYMENTS

The Group's prepaid lease payments comprise leasehold land interests in the PRC held under medium-term land use rights.

|                                     | <b>2012</b>    | 2011    |
|-------------------------------------|----------------|---------|
|                                     | <b>RMB'000</b> | RMB'000 |
| Analysed for reporting purposes as: |                |         |
| Non-current asset                   | <b>19,872</b>  | 18,460  |
| Current asset                       | <b>432</b>     | 394     |
|                                     | <b>20,304</b>  | 18,854  |

# Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2012

## 17. INTANGIBLE ASSET

The Group completed the acquisition of an intangible asset from an independent third party during the year at a consideration of RMB6,000,000, out of which RMB4,800,000 had been paid in the year ended 31 December 2010 as a deposit. The intangible asset represents a patent for certain production techniques with a registered life up to August 2028. The intangible asset is amortised on a straight-line basis over the remaining useful life, i.e. 16.5 years.

|  | RMB'000 |
|--|---------|
| <b>COST</b>                            |         |
| At 1 January 2011 and 31 December 2011 | –       |
| Addition                               | 6,000   |
| At 31 December 2012                    | 6,000   |
| <b>AMORTISATION</b>                    |         |
| At 1 January 2011 and 31 December 2011 | –       |
| Provided for the year                  | 332     |
| At 31 December 2012                    | 332     |
| <b>CARRYING VALUE</b>                  |         |
| At 31 December 2012                    | 5,668   |
| At 31 December 2011                    | –       |

## 18. DEFERRED TAX ASSET

The deferred tax asset is attributable to the deferred income as detailed in note 28 and movements thereon during the current and prior year:

|                            | RMB'000 |
|----------------------------|---------|
| At 1 January 2011          | –       |
| Credited to profit or loss | 2,000   |
| At 31 December 2011        | 2,000   |
| Credited to profit or loss | 500     |
| At 31 December 2012        | 2,500   |

## Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2012

### 19. INVENTORIES

|                  | 2012<br>RMB'000 | 2011<br>RMB'000 |
|------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Raw materials    | 77,963          | 63,119          |
| Work in progress | 85,384          | 71,501          |
| Finished goods   | 5,325           | 17,145          |
|                  | <b>168,672</b>  | 151,765         |

### 20. TRADE RECEIVABLES AND PREPAYMENTS

|                   | 2012<br>RMB'000 | 2011<br>RMB'000 |
|-------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Trade receivables | 13,162          | 4,486           |
| Prepaid expenses  | 847             | –               |
|                   | <b>14,009</b>   | 4,486           |

Before accepting any new customer, the Group assesses the potential customer's credit quality and defines its credit limits based on reputation of the customer in the industry. The Group generally grants its customers a credit period of 30 days and requires advance deposits from its customers before delivery of goods.

The aged analysis of the Group's trade receivables by invoice date at the end of the reporting period, which approximated the respective revenue recognition date, is as follows:

|             | 2012<br>RMB'000 | 2011<br>RMB'000 |
|-------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| 0 – 30 days | 13,162          | 4,486           |

The above trade receivables were neither past due nor impaired at the end of the reporting period. These receivables relate to customers that have a good repayment record with the Group.

The Group does not hold any collateral over the above balances, but management considers that no impairment loss is necessary in view of the financial background of these customers and their subsequent repayments.

# Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2012

## 21. TRADE DEPOSITS

|                                  | 2012<br>RMB'000 | 2011<br>RMB'000 |
|----------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Trade deposits paid to suppliers | 11,987          | 2,757           |

## 22. AMOUNTS DUE FROM RELATED PARTIES

|                            | 2012<br>RMB'000 | 2011<br>RMB'000 |
|----------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Mr. Chen Wantian (note i)  | -               | 210             |
| Mr. Chen Wanlong (note ii) | -               | 23              |
|                            | -               | 233             |

Notes:

- (i) Mr. Chen Wantian is a director of the Company and Longtianyong Nonferrous Metals and also has beneficial interest in the Group.
- (ii) Mr. Chen Wanlong is a director of Longtianyong Nonferrous Metals and also has beneficial interest in the Group.

The above balances were non-trade in nature, unsecured, non-interest bearing and fully settled during the year.

## 23. BANK BALANCES AND CASH

Bank balances and cash of the Group comprise cash and saving bank deposits. The bank balances carry interest at prevailing market rates as follows:

|                          | 2012           | 2011          |
|--------------------------|----------------|---------------|
| Interest rates per annum | 0.001% – 0.50% | 0.36% – 0.50% |

## Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2012

### 23. BANK BALANCES AND CASH (Continued)

The above bank balances and cash that are denominated in currencies other than functional currencies of the relevant group entities are set out below:

|                      | <b>2012</b><br><b>RMB'000</b> | 2011<br>RMB'000 |
|----------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------|
| Hong Kong dollar     | <b>111,980</b>                | –               |
| United States dollar | <b>64</b>                     | –               |
|                      | <b>112,044</b>                | –               |

### 24. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

|  | <b>2012</b><br><b>RMB'000</b> | 2011<br>RMB'000 |
|--|-------------------------------|-----------------|
| Trade payables                           | <b>16,734</b>                 | 7,984           |
| Value-added tax and other taxes payables | <b>8,904</b>                  | 2,533           |
| Listing expenses payables                | <b>13,500</b>                 | –               |
| Other payables and accrued expenses      | <b>8,590</b>                  | 5,258           |
|  | <b>30,994</b>                 | 7,791           |
|  | <b>47,728</b>                 | 15,775          |

## Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2012

### 24. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES (Continued)

The following is an aged analysis of the Group's trade payables present based on invoice date at the end of the reporting period:

|             | <b>2012</b>    | 2011    |
|-------------|----------------|---------|
|             | <b>RMB'000</b> | RMB'000 |
| 0 – 30 days | <b>16,734</b>  | 7,984   |

The credit period of purchase of goods ranges from 20 to 30 days. The Group has financial management policies in place to ensure that all payables are settled within credit time frame.

### 25. CUSTOMER RECEIPTS IN ADVANCE

The amounts represent deposits received in advance of delivery of goods to customers.

### 26. BANK BORROWINGS

|   | <b>2012</b>    | 2011    |
|---|----------------|---------|
|   | <b>RMB'000</b> | RMB'000 |
| Secured bank borrowings repayable within one year | <b>110,000</b> | 100,000 |

All the Group's bank borrowings are denominated in RMB and they carry interest at fixed rates. The effective interest rates of the bank borrowings (which are also equal to contracted interest rates) during the year are as follows:

|                                    | <b>2012</b>          | 2011          |
|------------------------------------|----------------------|---------------|
| Effective interest rates per annum | <b>7.50% – 8.20%</b> | 6.64% – 8.20% |

The bank borrowings are secured by the Group's buildings, leasehold land interests and inventories, details of which are set out in note 32.

# Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2012

## 27. SHARE CAPITAL/PAID-IN CAPITAL

The share capital as at 31 December 2012 represents the issued share capital of the Company, details of which are set out below:

|                                      | Number of<br>shares | Share capital |         |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------|---------------|---------|
|                                      |                     | HK\$'000      | RMB'000 |
| Ordinary share of HK\$0.01 each:     |                     |               |         |
| <b>Authorised</b>                    |                     |               |         |
| On incorporation (note i)            | 39,000,000          | 390           | 316     |
| Additions (note ii)                  | 2,961,000,000       | 29,610        | 24,070  |
| At 31 December 2012                  | 3,000,000,000       | 30,000        | 24,386  |
| <b>Issued</b>                        |                     |               |         |
| On incorporation (note i)            | 1                   | –             | –       |
| Issued on 19 July 2012 (note iii)    | 99,999              | 1             | 1       |
| Issued on 28 December 2012 (note iv) | 749,900,000         | 7,499         | 6,096   |
| Issued on 28 December 2012 (note v)  | 132,360,000         | 1,324         | 1,075   |
| At 31 December 2012                  | 882,360,000         | 8,824         | 7,172   |

Notes:

- (i) The Company was incorporated on 19 July 2012 with an authorised share capital of HK\$390,000 divided into 39,000,000 shares of HK\$0.01 each. At the time of incorporation, 1 ordinary share of HK\$0.01 was issued at par to the subscriber to provide the initial capital to the Company.
- (ii) Pursuant to the resolutions in writing of the shareholders of the Company passed on 5 December 2012, the authorised share capital of the Company was increased from HK\$390,000 to HK\$30,000,000 by the creation of an additional 2,961,000,000 shares of HK\$0.01 each.
- (iii) On 19 July 2012, 99,999 ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each were allotted and issued at par to Rich BVI pursuant to the Reorganisation. These new shares rank pari passu with the existing share in all respects.
- (iv) On 28 December 2012 and immediately prior to the Listing, the Company effected a capitalisation issue and allotted and issued a total of 749,900,000 ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each, credited as fully paid at par, to the then existing shareholders of the Company in proportion of their shares held, by way of capitalisation of a sum of HK\$7,499,000 (equivalent to RMB6,096,000) standing to the credit of the Company's share premium account (the "Capitalisation Issue"). The new shares rank pari passu in all respects with the existing shares in issue.

# Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2012

## 27. SHARE CAPITAL/PAID-IN CAPITAL (Continued)

Notes: (Continued)

- (v) On the Listing Date, the Company allotted and issued a total of 132,360,000 new ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each to the public at a price of HK\$1.18 per share pursuant to a global offering (the "Global Offering"). These new shares rank pari passu in all respects with the existing shares in issue.
- (vi) An over-allotment option as referred to in the prospectus of the Company dated 14 December 2012 has been granted by the Company during the Listing. Pursuant to the over-allotment option, the Company could be required to issue an aggregate of 23,826,000 additional new ordinary shares at the offer price (i.e. HK\$1.18) upon exercise. Subsequently on 23 January 2013, the over-allotment option was exercised.

The balance as at 1 January 2011 represented the paid-in capital of Longtianyong Nonferrous Metals of RMB110,000,000.

The balance as at 31 December 2011 represented the paid-in capital of Longtianyong Nonferrous Metals of RMB110,000,000 and the issued share capital of China Silver BVI of RMB338,000.

## 28. DEFERRED INCOME

Since 2008, for the purpose of enhancing production efficiency and implementing more environmental friendly production technologies, the Group invested approximately RMB137 million in a project for comprehensive use of scarce metal resources (稀有金屬資源綜合利用項目) in the form of buildings, warehouses, plant and machineries which are classified as property, plant and equipment of the Group (collectively referred to as the "PPE Investment").

The PPE Investment was a qualified project under a government-sponsored scheme and accordingly Jiangxi Development and Reform Commission (江西省發展和改革委員會) has agreed to grant a government subsidy of RMB10,000,000, of which RMB8,000,000 and RMB2,000,000 were received by Longtianyong Nonferrous Metals during the years ended 31 December 2011 and 31 December 2012, respectively. The subsidy will become unconditional and be recognised as income over the useful lives of the related assets upon fulfillment of two conditions as follows:

- (i) The amount of PPE Investment would not be less than RMB128 million; and
- (ii) Satisfactory final inspection by Jiangxi Development and Reform Commission.

As at 31 December 2012, final inspection by Jiangxi Development and Reform Commission has not yet been initiated. Accordingly, the Group has not started releasing the amount to income.

## Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2012

### 29. CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

|   | 2012<br>RMB'000 | 2011<br>RMB'000 |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|
| Capital expenditure contracted for but not provided in the consolidated financial statements in respect of acquisition of |                 |                 |
| – property, plant and equipment   | –               | 4,314           |
| – an intangible asset   | –               | 1,200           |
|   | –               | 5,514           |
| Capital expenditure authorised but not contracted for in respect of acquisition of property, plant and equipment          | <b>196,450</b>  | –               |

### 30. RETIREMENT BENEFIT PLAN

The Group operates a Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme (“MPF Scheme”) for all qualifying employees in Hong Kong under the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance. The assets of the MPF Scheme are held separately from those of the Group in funds under the control of an independent trustee. Under the rule of the MPF Scheme, the employer and its employees are each required to make contributions to the scheme at rates specified in the rules. The only obligation of the Group with respect of MPF Scheme is to make the required contributions under the scheme.

The employees of the Group’s subsidiaries in the PRC are members of a state-managed retirement benefit scheme operated by the local government in the PRC. The Group is required to contribute a specified percentage of the payroll costs to the retirement benefit scheme to fund the benefits. The only obligation of the Group with respect to this scheme is to make the specified contributions.

The total costs charged to the profit or loss are as follows:

|  | 2012<br>RMB'000 | 2011<br>RMB'000 |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|
| Contributions to the retirement benefit plans for the year | <b>5,350</b>    | 4,998           |

It represents contributions paid or payable to the above schemes by the Group during the year.

# Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2012

## 31. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

### (i) Related party transactions

Other than the transactions relating to the Reorganisation, the Group had not entered into any transactions with related parties during both years.

### (ii) Related party balances

Details of the related party balances are set out in note 22.

### (iii) Compensation of key management personnel

The emoluments of the members of key management of the Group are as follows:

|                          | <b>2012</b><br><b>RMB'000</b> | 2011<br>RMB'000 |
|--------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------|
| Short-term benefits      | <b>3,950</b>                  | 2,502           |
| Post-employment benefits | <b>50</b>                     | 35              |
|                          | <b>4,000</b>                  | 2,537           |

## 32. PLEDGE OF ASSETS

At the end of the reporting period, assets with the following carrying amounts were pledged to secure the general banking facilities granted to the Group.

|  | <b>2012</b><br><b>RMB'000</b> | 2011<br>RMB'000 |
|--|-------------------------------|-----------------|
| Buildings                                | <b>62,374</b>                 | 65,971          |
| Prepaid lease payments – land use rights | <b>11,687</b>                 | 11,944          |
| Inventories                              | <b>82,124</b>                 | 48,548          |
|  | <b>156,185</b>                | 126,463         |

## Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2012

### 33. LOAN FROM A CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDER

Pursuant to the Reorganisation, the Longtianyong Shareholders transferred the entire equity interest in Longtianyong Nonferrous Metals to Zhejiang Fuyin at a total consideration of RMB110 million based on the registered capital of Longtianyong Nonferrous Metals on 27 April 2012. On 19 July 2012, the Group settled the full amount of the consideration payable by obtaining a loan of the same amount from Mr. Chen Wantian, which was unsecured, interest-free and subsequently repaid on 5 December 2012.

### 34. CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group manages its capital to ensure that the companies comprising the Group will be able to continue as a going concern while maximising the return to shareholders through the optimisation of the debt and equity balance. The Group's overall strategy remains unchanged from prior year.

The capital structure of the Group consists of bank borrowings as disclosed in note 26 and equity, comprising share capital/paid-in capital and various reserves.

The directors of the Company review the capital structure regularly. As part of this review, the directors consider the cost of capital and the risks associated with each class of capital, and will take appropriate actions to balance its overall capital structure.

### 35. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

#### (a) Categories of financial instruments

|  | 2012<br>RMB'000 | 2011<br>RMB'000 |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|
| <b>Financial assets</b>  |                 |                 |
| Loans and receivables<br>(including cash and cash equivalents) | <b>235,070</b>  | 45,919          |
| <b>Financial liabilities</b>                                   |                 |                 |
| Amortised cost   | <b>140,234</b>  | 108,127         |

# Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2012

## 35. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

### (b) Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Group's financial instruments include trade receivables, amounts due from related parties, bank balances and cash, trade and other payables and bank borrowings. Details of these financial instruments are disclosed in the respective notes. The risks associated with these financial instruments include market risk (currency risk and interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The policies on how to mitigate these risks are set out below. The management manages and monitors these exposures to ensure appropriate measures are implemented on a timely and effective manner.

#### Market risk

##### Currency risk

As at 31 December 2012, the Group had significant bank balances of RMB111,980,000 (2011: Nil) denominated in Hong Kong dollar, a currency other than the functional currency of the relevant group entity, which exposed the Group to foreign currency risk. The Group currently does not have a foreign currency hedging policy. However, management closely monitors foreign exchange exposure and will consider hedging significant foreign currency exposure should the need arise.

##### Sensitivity analysis

The following table details the Group's sensitivity to a 5% increase or decrease in Hong Kong dollar against RMB. 5% is the sensitivity rate used when reporting foreign currency risk internally to key management personnel and represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in foreign exchange rate. The sensitivity analysis includes bank balances denominated in Hong Kong dollar, and adjusts their translation at the end of the reporting period for a 5% change in foreign currency rate. A positive number below indicates an increase in post-tax profit where Hong Kong dollar strengthens 5% against RMB. For a 5% weakening of Hong Kong dollar against RMB, there would be an equal and opposite impact on the post-tax profit and the balance would be negative.

|                 | 2012<br>RMB'000 | 2011<br>RMB'000 |
|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Post-tax profit | 5,599           | -               |

# Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2012

## 35. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

### (b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

#### Market risk (Continued)

##### *Interest rate risk*

The Group is exposed to fair value interest rate risk in relation to its fixed-rate bank borrowings.

The Group is also exposed to cash flow interest rate risk in relation to variable-rate bank balances because these balances carry interest at prevailing market rates.

The Group currently does not have an interest rate hedging policy. However, the management monitors interest rate exposure and will consider hedging significant interest rate exposure should the need arise.

The directors of the Company consider that the exposure to the Group arising from cash flow interest rate risk is limited and no sensitivity analysis is therefore prepared.

#### Credit risk

At the end of the reporting period, the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk which will cause a financial loss to the Group due to failure to perform an obligation by the counterparties is arising from the carrying amount of the respective recognised financial assets as stated in the consolidated statement of financial position.

The Group has concentration of credit risk in relation to its trade receivables as follows:

|   | 2012 | 2011 |
|---|------|------|
| Amount due from the largest debtor as a percentage to total trade receivables             | 76%  | 38%  |
| Total amount due from the five largest debtors as a percentage to total trade receivables | 91%  | 99%  |

# Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2012

## 35. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

### (b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

#### Credit risk (Continued)

The Group has implemented the following procedures to minimise its credit risk:

- (i) A delegated team is responsible for determination of credit limits, credit approvals and other monitoring procedures to ensure that follow-up action is taken to recover overdue debts.
- (ii) Because of the nature of the Group's products, the Group generally requires a substantial amount of customer deposit in advance of delivery of goods.
- (iii) Management regularly visits the Group's key customers to understand their latest financial position and to ensure that there is no dispute on the amounts due.
- (iv) Management reviews the recoverable amount of each individual trade debt at the end of each reporting period to ensure that adequate impairment losses are made for irrecoverable amounts.

In this regard, the directors of the Company consider that the Group's credit risk on trade receivables is significantly reduced. In addition, the Group keeps exploring new customers to diversify and strengthen its customer base and thus, reduce the concentration of credit risk.

The credit risk on liquid funds is limited because the counterparties are banks with good reputation.

#### Liquidity risk

In the management of the liquidity risk, the Group monitors and maintains a level of cash and cash equivalents deemed adequate by management to finance the Group's operations and mitigate the effects of fluctuations in cash flows. Management monitors the utilisation of borrowings and ensures compliance with loan covenants.

The following tables detail the Group's contractual maturity for its financial liabilities. The tables have been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities based on the earliest dates on which the Group can be required to pay. The tables include both interest and principal cash flows.

# Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2012

## 35. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

### (b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

#### Liquidity risk (Continued)

##### Liquidity and interest risk tables

|                               | Weighted<br>average<br>effective<br>interest rate<br>% | On<br>demand<br>or less than<br>1 month<br>RMB'000 | 1 – 3<br>months<br>RMB'000 | 3 months<br>to<br>1 year<br>RMB'000 | Total<br>undiscounted<br>cash flows<br>RMB'000 | Carrying<br>amount<br>RMB'000 |
|-------------------------------|--|--|----------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------|
| <b>As at 31 December 2012</b> |  |  |                            |                                     |  |                               |
| Trade and other payables      | -  | 30,234   | -                          | -                                   | 30,234   | 30,234                        |
| Bank borrowings – fixed rate  | 7.69   | -  | -                          | 116,136                             | 116,136  | 110,000                       |
|                               |  | 30,234   | -                          | 116,136                             | 146,370  | 140,234                       |
| <b>As at 31 December 2011</b> |  |  |                            |                                     |  |                               |
| Trade and other payables      | -  | 8,127  | -                          | -                                   | 8,127  | 8,127                         |
| Bank borrowings – fixed rate  | 7.98   | -  | -                          | 103,641                             | 103,641  | 100,000                       |
|                               |  | 8,127  | -                          | 103,641                             | 111,768  | 108,127                       |

### (c) Fair value

The fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities are determined in accordance with generally accepted pricing models based on discounted cash flow analysis.

The directors consider that the carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded at amortised cost in the consolidated financial statements approximate their fair values.

# Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2012

## 36. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES

The Company has equity interests in the following subsidiaries:

| Name of subsidiary  | Place of incorporation/<br>establishment | Issued and fully paid share capital/<br>registered capital | Attributable equity interest held by the Company |      | Principal activities                                  | Form of company      |
|---|--|--|--|------|---|----------------------|
|   |  |  | 2012   | 2011 |   |                      |
| <i>Directly owned</i>   |  |  |  |      |   |                      |
| China Silver BVI <sup>^</sup>   | The BVI                                  | Ordinary shares<br>US\$100,000                             | 100%   | 100% | Investment holding                                    | Limited liability    |
| <i>Indirectly owned</i>   |  |  |  |      |   |                      |
| China Silver Hong Kong <sup>^</sup><br>中國白銀有限公司   | Hong Kong                                | Ordinary shares<br>HK\$10,000                              | 100%   | 100% | Investment holding                                    | Limited liability    |
| China Silver Group Co., Limited <sup>-</sup><br>中國白銀集團有限公司                              | Hong Kong                                | Ordinary shares<br>HK\$10,000                              | -  | 100% | Inactive  | Limited liability    |
| China Silver Mining Limited <sup>-</sup><br>中國白銀礦業有限公司                                  | Hong Kong                                | Ordinary shares<br>HK\$10,000                              | -  | N/A  | Inactive  | Limited liability    |
| Zhejiang Fuyin*<br>浙江富銀白銀有限公司   | The PRC                                  | Registered capital<br>US\$8,000,000 <sup>#</sup>           | 100%   | N/A  | Investment holding                                    | Wholly foreign owned |
| Longtianyong Nonferrous Metals*<br>江西龍天勇有色金屬有限公司  | The PRC                                  | Registered capital<br>RMB110,000,000                       | 100%   | 100% | Manufacture of silver and non-ferrous metals for sale | Wholly foreign owned |
| Yongfeng Cheng Nan Waste Materials Recycling Co., Ltd.* <sup>*</sup><br>永豐縣城南廢舊物資回收有限公司 | The PRC                                  | Registered capital<br>RMB1,000,000                         | -  | 100% | Inactive  | Wholly foreign owned |
| Yongfeng Longtianyong Waste Materials Recycling Co., Ltd.*<br>永豐縣龍天勇廢舊物資回收有限公司          | The PRC                                  | Registered capital<br>RMB5,000,000                         | 100%   | 100% | Inactive  | Wholly foreign owned |

# Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2012

## 36. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

- ^ China Silver BVI and China Silver Hong Kong were acquired by the Group on 1 November 2011 and 14 November 2011, respectively.
- ~ China Silver Group Co., Limited and China Silver Mining Limited were disposed of on 5 July 2012.
- \* English translated name is for identification only.
- # As at 31 December 2012, the unpaid capital amounted to US\$6,400,000. The outstanding capital has been fully paid up in January 2013.
- ' This company was deregistered on 30 July 2012.

None of the subsidiaries had any debt securities outstanding at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

## 37. FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY

|  | Notes | 2012<br>RMB'000 |
|--|-------|-----------------|
| <b>NON-CURRENT ASSET</b>                     |       |                 |
| Investment in a subsidiary                   | (a)   | –               |
| <b>CURRENT ASSETS</b>                        |       |                 |
| Amount due from a subsidiary                 | (b)   | 1               |
| Prepayment                                   |       | 813             |
| Bank balances                                |       | 111,370         |
|  |       | <b>112,184</b>  |
| <b>CURRENT LIABILITIES</b>                   |       |                 |
| Other payables                               |       | 14,841          |
| Amount due to a subsidiary                   | (b)   | 10,613          |
|  |       | <b>25,454</b>   |
| <b>NET CURRENT ASSETS</b>                    |       | <b>86,730</b>   |
| <b>TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES</b> |       | <b>86,730</b>   |
| <b>CAPITAL AND RESERVES</b>                  |       |                 |
| Share capital (note 27)                      |       | 7,172           |
| Share premium and reserve                    | (c)   | 79,558          |
| <b>TOTAL EQUITY</b>                          |       | <b>86,730</b>   |

# Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2012

## 37. FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY (Continued)

Notes:

- (a) Investment in a subsidiary

|                   |     |
|-------------------|-----|
|                   | RMB |
| Unlisted, at cost | 6   |

- (b) Amount due from (to) a subsidiary

The amount due from (to) a subsidiary is unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand.

- (c) Movements in share premium and reserve:

|   | <b>Share<br/>premium</b> | <b>Accumulated<br/>loss</b> | <b>Total</b> |
|---|--------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------|
|   | RMB'000                  | RMB'000                     | RMB'000      |
| At 19 July 2012 (date of incorporation)             | –                        | –                           | –            |
| Loss and total comprehensive expense for the period | –                        | (25,487)                    | (25,487)     |
| Capitalisation Issue                                | (6,096)                  | –                           | (6,096)      |
| Issue of new shares pursuant to the Global Offering | 125,879                  | –                           | 125,879      |
| Shares issue expenses                               | (14,738)                 | –                           | (14,738)     |
| At 31 December 2012                                 | 105,045                  | (25,487)                    | 79,558       |

## Financial Summary

A summary of the results and the assets and liabilities of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2012 and the previous three financial years, as extracted from the audited consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2012 and the prospectus of the Company dated 14 December 2012 issued in connection with its global offering, is set out below:

### RESULTS

|                     | 2009     | 2010     | 2011     | 2012             |
|---------------------|----------|----------|----------|------------------|
|                     | RMB'000  | RMB'000  | RMB'000  | RMB'000          |
| Revenue             | 289,727  | 559,291  | 984,172  | <b>1,540,039</b> |
| Profit before tax   | 50,885   | 131,640  | 154,858  | <b>220,552</b>   |
| Income tax expense  | (13,754) | (33,354) | (39,448) | <b>(62,810)</b>  |
| Profit for the year | 37,131   | 98,286   | 115,410  | <b>157,742</b>   |

### ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

|                   | 2009     | 2010      | 2011      | 2012             |
|-------------------|----------|-----------|-----------|------------------|
|                   | RMB'000  | RMB'000   | RMB'000   | RMB'000          |
| Total assets      | 237,148  | 360,855   | 379,092   | <b>587,805</b>   |
| Total liabilities | (61,640) | (109,061) | (132,550) | <b>(193,501)</b> |
| Total equity      | 175,508  | 251,794   | 246,542   | <b>394,304</b>   |