



Contents

| Corporate Information | 2 |
|---|----|
| Chairman's Statement | 3 |
| Management Discussion and Analysis | 5 |
| Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management | 9 |
| Report of the Directors | 12 |
| Corporate Governance Report | 22 |
| Independent Auditors' Report | 31 |
| Audited Financial Statements | |
| Consolidated Income Statement | 33 |
| Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income | 34 |
| Consolidated Balance Sheet | 35 |
| Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity | 37 |
| Consolidated Cash Flow Statement | 38 |
| Balance Sheet | 40 |
| Notes to Financial Statements | 41 |

Corporate Information

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Chen Hong (Chairman) Sun Jun (Managing Director) Xiong Guangyang[#] Ho Lam Lai Ping, Theresa[#] Qiao Jiankang[#] Fung Lak* Choi Kam Fai, Thomas* Chan Cheong Tat*

Non-Executive Director

* Independent Non-Executive Director

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Fung Lak *(Chairman)* Choi Kam Fai, Thomas Chan Cheong Tat

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Choi Kam Fai, Thomas *(Chairman)* Fung Lak Chan Cheong Tat

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Chen Hong *(Chairman)* Fung Lak Choi Kam Fai, Thomas Chan Cheong Tat

COMPANY SECRETARY

Lo Sze Sze

AUDITORS

Ernst & Young

REGISTERED OFFICE

29th Floor, Guangdong Investment Tower 148 Connaught Road Central Hong Kong

| Telephone | : | (852) 2308 1013 |
|-----------|---|--------------------------|
| Facsimile | : | (852) 2789 0451 |
| Website | : | http://www.gdtann.com.hk |

SHARE REGISTRAR

Tricor Tengis Limited 26th Floor, Tesbury Centre 28 Queen's Road East Hong Kong

SHARE INFORMATION

| Place of Listing | : | Main Board of |
|--------------------|---|-----------------------|
| | | The Stock Exchange of |
| | | Hong Kong Limited |
| Stock Code | : | 1058 |
| Board Lot | : | 2,000 shares |
| Financial Year End | : | 31 December |

Chairman's Statement

RESULTS

I would like to present to the shareholders that the consolidated profit attributable to the shareholders of Guangdong Tannery Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") for 2012 was HK\$1,033,000 (2011: HK\$1,189,000), representing a decrease of 13.1% compared with last year. Basic earnings per share was HK0.19 cent (2011: HK0.22 cent), representing a decrease of 13.6% compared with last year.

DIVIDEND

The board of directors of the Company (the "Board") does not recommend the payment of a final dividend for the year ended 31 December 2012 (2011: Nil).

REVIEW

In 2012, the competition in the tannery industry intensified further as the overall leather market was on the wane while production costs continued to surge. To cope with constant market change and uphold the core value of its corporate culture, the Group stepped up its efforts to enhance the establishment of fundamentals, to strengthen the comprehensive budget management system and bring out its merit with the aims of providing practical solutions to the actual difficulties faced by the Group, improving corporate governance and minimising production costs. Meanwhile, the Group has also rigorously promoted brand-building and achieved strategic successes. The Group's immediate holding company, GDH Limited, has authorised the Group to use "GDH" as its corporate and product logo, thereby promoting the Group's corporate image, influence and appeal in Jiangsu Province as well as the whole industry. Furthermore, in view of imperfect operation in the industry, the Group puts the spotlight on its systematic operations as a new selling point, and positioned itself as a model enterprise in the industry with "formality, integrity and reliability" so as to elicit greater cooperation from renowned shoe brands. During the year, General Administration of Quality Supervision, Inspection and Quarantine of the People's Republic of China (the "PRC") approved the Group's plan to expand its capacity as a designated processor of imported hide. This approval paved the way for the Group's scale expansion in the future.

The footwear leather market remained uncertain during the year amidst the plunge in sales of footwear leather in both domestic and international markets, thus making the forecasts and analysis of the leather market more difficult and hindering the Group's operation plans. Coupled with the persistent surge in labour cost, increasing shortage of hide supply and the unprecedented and dramatic rise in raw material prices, such uncertainties have intensified competition in the market and exerted rising pressure on the Group's operation. Facing the aforementioned hardship, the Group closely monitored the domestic and overseas primary supply of hide and reduced its costs at the source. It also actively visited modernised factories in advanced countries so as to adopt their forward thinking and enhance its production automation and competitiveness. Moreover, the Group has also reduced its inventory by carrying on its balanced demand-oriented approach in production and procurement while securing stable sales through strengthening its alliances with strategic customers with strong financial background by encouraging them to build up their stocks. As a result, the Group was able to maintain its operating efficiency in the time of a flagging industry. At the same time, it has minimised its operational risks through promoting budget management, pursuing strategic corporate targets, optimising resource allocation, improving corporate governance, reducing production costs, and reinforcing internal control and risk management.

Chairman's Statement (Continued)

PROSPECTS

2013 presents an opportunity to remodel the international political and economic status quo. A new Chinese government is inaugurated this year amidst the inextricably intertwined financial, debt and geopolitical crises. In light of the unfavourable circumstances brought by the general slowdown of the Chinese economy and the shrinking demand in the leather industry, the operating environment will subject to an unprecedented degree of uncertainties, and it is expected that the waning trend of the leather industry will continue. Building on the scale development of its footwear business and the improvement in basic management, the Group will continue to pursue future development. The Group will adhere to the principles of "pragmatism, steady advancement and keeping a watchful eye on business opportunities". The Group will enhance product research, development and marketing while adopting a conservative procurement strategy, and will continue to strengthen risk control in order to improve future profitability. The Group will also continue to nurture its workforce, improve its training system and enhance production safety in order to lay the foundations for its sustainable development.

Chen Hong Chairman

Hong Kong, 26 March 2013

Management Discussion and Analysis

RESULTS

The Group's consolidated profit attributable to shareholders for the year ended 31 December 2012 was HK\$1,033,000, representing a decrease of HK\$156,000 or 13.1% as compared to the profit of HK\$1,189,000 for last year.

The net asset value of the Group as at 31 December 2012 was HK\$329,573,000, representing an increase of HK\$1,163,000 and HK\$6,866,000 as compared to those as at 31 December 2011 and 30 June 2012, respectively.

The Board does not recommend the payment of a final dividend for the year ended 31 December 2012.

BUSINESS REVIEW

Since 2012, profits of large industrial enterprises have been dwindling, and the gross domestic product (GDP) growth target was set below 8% for the first time in eight years. In view of the general economic environment, the footwear leather market experienced plunge in sales in the international market and sluggish sales in the domestic market. In the meantime, footwear leather manufacturing enterprises had a hard time to make ends meet due to a tumble in the prices of finished products and rising labour and energy costs as well as surging raw hide prices. All the above factors suggest that the overall market was on the wane. Facing such unfavourable environment, the Group has stepped up efforts to improve its turnover by developing new products and expanding markets. On the other hand, the Group strictly adhered to comprehensive budget management and adjusted its operating strategies with the aim of lowering production cost. Capitalising on risk control under a strengthened internal control system and a mature management team, the Group managed to significantly mitigate the negative impacts of the unfavorable factors and sustain its operating profit. Moreover, the Group has also vigorously promoted brand building, as proved by the title of "Eco-Leather Mark" awarded by the State in April 2012. Being the first tannery enterprise in Jiangsu Province to receive such recognition marked a milestone in the corporate development history of the Group.

During the year, the total production volume of cowhides was 26,538,000 sq. ft., representing an increase of 145,000 sq. ft. or 0.5% as compared to 26,393,000 sq. ft. for last year. The production volume of grey hides was 14,422 tons, representing an increase of 489 tons or 3.5% as compared to 13,933 tons for last year.

Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

BUSINESS REVIEW (CONTINUED)

The consolidated turnover of the Group for 2012 was HK\$622,869,000, representing an increase of HK\$35,849,000 or 6.1% from HK\$587,020,000 for last year, of which the sales value of cowhides amounted to HK\$538,234,000 (2011: HK\$510,038,000), representing an increase of 5.5%, and that of grey hides and other products amounted to HK\$84,635,000 (2011: HK\$76,982,000), representing an increase of 9.9%. During the year, raw material prices showed no signs of decline, while energy and transportation costs and labour costs grew inexorably. The Group's development was further hindered by higher spending on the upgrade and acquisition of equipment. To cope with the adversity, the Group has paid close attention to the changes in the international and domestic markets and the State's tightening measures on the market, and has adroitly adjusted its operating strategies, strengthened internal control system, developed new products and new technologies as well as lowered production cost. By maximising production efficiency, the Group was able to achieve the goal set at the beginning of the year. On the sales front, the Group adhered to its credit control policy, under which customers without credit ratings were subject to a cash-on-delivery requirement, so as to secure the Group's assets. Furthermore, the Group strengthened its alliances with strategic customers with strong financial background by encouraging customers to build up their stocks to ensure a stable operation in the time of a flagging industry. In response to market demand, the Group has applied new techniques to the expansion of research and development capability and development of new products. Meanwhile, market expansion has also taken place to create greater demand for the Group's products and to boost the Group's market share.

In terms of purchase, the Group has adopted a balanced demand-oriented approach in production and procurement. Apart from enhancing the purchase of cowhides, the Group also increased application of obsolete chemicals, reduced stocks in raw cowhides, reduced inventory on chemicals and controlled inventory level to avoid surplus. To guarantee product quality, the Group has implemented stringent supplier assessment and product examination policy. During the year, total purchases amounted to HK\$568,148,000, representing an increase of 2.7% as compared to that of last year.

As at 31 December 2012, the Group's consolidated inventory amounted to HK\$200,679,000 (31 December 2011: HK\$185,092,000), representing an increase of HK\$15,587,000 or 8.4% over that of 31 December 2011. It was mainly due to the increase in stock level. During the year, the Group devoted extra efforts to expanding the markets and product mix, and consuming stockpiles by optimising them for better use.

General Administration of Quality Supervision, Inspection and Quarantine of the PRC has approved the Group's plan to expand its capacity as a designated processor of imported hide. This approval paved the way for the Group's scale expansion in the future. The Group will continue its prudent and pragmatic strategies in new product development and market expansion, and make better allocation of its resources, in order to reduce production cost, sustain profit growth and create greater value for the shareholders.

Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

FINANCIAL REVIEW

Liquidity and Financial Resources

As at 31 December 2012, the Group's cash and cash equivalents amounted to HK\$44,513,000 (31 December 2011: HK\$81,672,000), representing a decrease of HK\$37,159,000 or 45.5% as compared to the same as at 31 December 2011, which were denominated in Hong Kong dollars (2.2%), Renminbi (96.4%) and United States dollars (1.4%), respectively. During the year, net cash outflow from operating activities was HK\$55,439,000, which was mainly attributable to the increase in cash outflow as a result of the repayment of trust receipt loans. The net cash inflow from investing activities was HK\$18,403,000, which mainly represented the decrease in pledged bank deposits.

As at 31 December 2012, the Group's interest-bearing borrowings amounted to HK\$196,110,000 (31 December 2011: HK\$232,736,000), of which interest-bearing borrowings of HK\$65,000,000 were denominated in Hong Kong dollars and interest-bearing borrowings of HK\$131,110,000 were denominated in United States dollars. The Group's borrowings mainly consisted of: (1) balances of short-term loans of HK\$53,731,000 provided by banks, which were secured by bank deposits of RMB10,545,000; and (2) balances of short-term unsecured intra-group borrowings of HK\$142,379,000. The above interest-bearing borrowings were charged at floating interest rates.

As at 31 December 2012, the Group's gearing ratio of the interest-bearing borrowings to shareholders' equity plus interest-bearing borrowings was 37.3% (31 December 2011: 41.5%). During the year, the annual interest rate of the borrowings was approximately 1.5% to 6.1%. All the Group's borrowings were repayable within one year. The Group's interest expenses during the year amounted to HK\$5,923,000, representing an increase of 10.0% as compared to last year.

As at 31 December 2012, the total banking facilities of the Group were HK\$341,661,000 (31 December 2011: HK\$251,160,000), of which HK\$53,731,000 (31 December 2011: HK\$90,357,000) were utilised and HK\$287,930,000 (31 December 2011: HK\$160,803,000) were unutilised. Taking into account of the existing cash resources and available credit facilities, the Group had adequate financial resources to meet its day-to-day operational requirements.

Capital Expenditure

As at 31 December 2012, the net value of non-current assets including prepaid land lease payments, property, plant and equipment amounted to HK\$117,812,000, representing a decrease of HK\$5,721,000 as compared to the net value as at 31 December 2011 of HK\$123,533,000. The total capital expenditure for the year amounted to HK\$6,609,000 (2011: HK\$9,625,000), which mainly represented the payment for the acquisition of machinery and equipment to meet the Group's production requirements.

Pledge of Assets

As at 31 December 2012, the Group's total bank deposits of HK\$13,005,000 (31 December 2011: HK\$33,490,000) were pledged to secure the general banking facilities granted to the Group.

Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

FINANCIAL REVIEW (CONTINUED)

Foreign Exchange Exposure

The assets, liabilities and transactions of the Group are generally denominated in Hong Kong dollars, United States dollars or Renminbi. During the year, the exchange rates of Hong Kong dollars and United States dollars were relatively stable and did not constitute any material foreign exchange risk to the Group. As to the appreciation of Renminbi, since the sales of the Group were settled in Renminbi, whereas the purchases were made in Renminbi and United States dollars, the Group was not subject to any material exposure to foreign exchange risk.

Remuneration Policy for Employees

As at 31 December 2012, the Group had 730 employees (31 December 2011: 759). The remuneration policy is based on the Group's operating results and the employees' performance. The Group has adopted a performance-based appraisal scheme for its employees focusing on "accountability and performance". The bonuses to the management, key officers and staff with outstanding performance under the incentive scheme are determined by reference to the Group's net operating cash flow and profit after tax, and are calculated by various profit rankings and by applying a measure that takes into account of the individual performance of the staff concerned with the aim of motivating the employees. In addition, the Group offered social and medical insurance and provident fund to all employees in different areas. The Company adopted a new share option scheme in November 2008 with the purpose to provide incentives to the senior management to contribute to the Group, and to enable the Group to recruit and retain quality employees to serve the Group on a long-term basis.

Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management

(A) EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Chen Hong (Age: 57)

Mr. Chen was appointed an Executive Director and the Chairman of the Company in October 2009. He is an economist in the People's Republic of China ("the PRC"). He worked with the Company and its subsidiaries from 2003 to 2005 and was appointed the Managing Director of the Company during the period from February 2004 to June 2005. He was then appointed the chairman of 粤海(湛江)中纖板有限公司 (GD Zhang Jiang MDF Board Co., Ltd.) from June 2005 to September 2007. 粤海(湛江)中纖板有限公司 (GD Zhang Jiang MDF Board Co., Ltd.) from June 2005 to September 2007. 粤海(湛江)中纖板有限公司 (GD Zhang Jiang MDF Board Co., Ltd.) was the then wholly-owned subsidiary of GDH Limited ("GDH"), the immediate controlling shareholder of the Company. Mr. Chen was also appointed a director and executive officer of certain subsidiaries of 廣東粤海控股 有限公司 (Guangdong Holdings Limited) ("Guangdong Holdings"), the ultimate controlling shareholder of the Company, from September 2007 to October 2009, including, inter alia, a director and the general manager of both GDH Real Estates (China) Ltd. (粤海房地產開發(中國)有限公司) and 廣東粵港投資開發有限公司 (Guangdong Yue Gang Investment Development Limited*). Mr. Chen was appointed as the chief operating officer of Guangdong Holdings and GDH respectively in October 2012. He is the chairman of Supertime Development Limited, a wholly-owned subsidiary of GDH. Mr. Chen currently acts as the chairman of wholly-owned subsidiaries of the Company namely 徐州南海皮廠有限公司 (Xuzhou Nanhai Leather Factory Co., Ltd.), 徐州港威皮革有限公 司 (Xuzhou Gangwei Leather Co., Ltd.) and 粤海制革(徐州)有限公司 (Guangdong Tannery (Xuzhou) Limited).

Mr. Sun Jun (Age: 39)

Mr. Sun was appointed an Executive Director and the Managing Director of the Company in February 2010. He is an economist in the PRC. He graduated from 西安公路學院 (Xian Highway College*) (now known as 長安大 學 (Chang'an University)) and obtained a bachelor degree in 工程機械與起重運輸(Mechanical Engineering and Lifting Transportation Program*). Mr. Sun worked with certain companies of GDH from November 2002 to August 2003. He then worked with the Company and its subsidiaries in September 2003 and was appointed certain posts, including, inter alia, acting as assistant general manager and deputy general manager of the Company from March 2004 to December 2005 and from July 2007 to February 2010 respectively. Mr. Sun currently acts as certain posts of wholly-owned subsidiaries of the Company, including a director and the general manager of 徐州南海皮廠有限公司 (Xuzhou Nanhai Leather Factory Co., Ltd.), 徐州港威皮革有限公司 (Xuzhou Gangwei Leather Co., Ltd.) and 粤海制革(徐州)有限公司 (Guangdong Tannery (Xuzhou Nanhai Leather Factory Co., Ltd.).

* The English translation of the Chinese name of the company/the college/the program is prepared by the Company for reference only, and such translation may not be accurate and such company/college//program may not have an official English translation/ version of these Chinese names.

Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management (Continued)

(B) NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Xiong Guangyang (Age: 59)

Mr. Xiong was appointed a Director of the Company in June 2002. He is a senior economist in the PRC. He graduated from Jilin University and obtained a master degree in Economics from the Graduate School of The People's Bank of China. Mr. Xiong joined GDH in October 2000 and was appointed a director of GDH in May 2001. He is currently the chief strategic development officer of Guangdong Holdings and GDH. Prior to joining GDH, Mr. Xiong was mainly engaged in management and operations works in banks. From 1986 to 1996, he was the assistant governor of The People's Bank of China, Guangdong Branch and the governor of The People's Bank of China, Shantou Branch. From 1996 to September 2000, Mr. Xiong was with China Everbright Bank in a number of positions including executive deputy president of its Guangzhou Branch.

Mrs. Ho Lam Lai Ping, Theresa (Age: 57)

Mrs. Ho was appointed a Director of the Company in July 2000. She has been the Company Secretary of Guangdong Investment Limited ("GDI") since December 1992. Mrs. Ho acted as a deputy general manager of GDI during the period from September 2011 to November 2012 and was appointed the executive deputy general manager of GDI in November 2012. GDI, a subsidiary of GDH, is listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited. Mrs. Ho graduated from Hong Kong Polytechnic and is an associate of both The Institute of Chartered Secretaries and Administrators in the United Kingdom and The Hong Kong Institute of Chartered Secretaries.

Mr. Qiao Jiankang (Age: 48)

Mr. Qiao was appointed a Director of the Company in September 2009. He graduated from China University of Political Science and Law and obtained a master degree in Economical Law. He possesses the professional qualifications as both lawyer and enterprise legal adviser in the PRC. Since 2000, Mr. Qiao has acted as a director and in other positions of certain subsidiaries of GDH. He is currently the deputy general manager of the legal departments of Guangdong Holdings and GDH respectively. He also acts as a director of 徐州南海皮廠有限公司 (Xuzhou Nanhai Leather Factory Co., Ltd.) and 粤海制革(徐州)有限公司 (Guangdong Tannery (Xuzhou) Limited), both of which are subsidiaries of the Company. Mr. Qiao has over 15 years' experience in enterprise legal works.

Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management (Continued)

(C) INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Fung Lak (Age: 65)

Mr. Fung was appointed an Independent Non-Executive Director of the Company in November 2002. He holds a bachelor degree in Science (Economics) major in Accounting and Finance from the London School of Economics and Political Science of University of London. He is also a fellow member of Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants, an associate member of the Institution of Chartered Accountants in the United Kingdom, a fellow member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants and a member of the Taxation Institute of Hong Kong. Mr. Fung was the former president of the Society of Chinese Accountants and Auditors. Mr. Fung has over 20 years' experience in the accounting and finance and is a director of Lak & Associates C.P.A. Limited.

Mr. Choi Kam Fai, Thomas (Age: 67)

Mr. Choi was appointed an Independent Non-Executive Director of the Company in October 2004. He is a Certified Management Accountant with the Society of Management Accountants of Canada. He holds a bachelor degree in Commerce and Business Administration from the University of Alberta, Canada and completed the Executive Development Program organized by J.L. Kellogg Graduate School of Management of the Northwestern University, U.S.A. Mr. Choi is the General Manager of the Internal Audit Department of Henderson Land Development Company Limited. He has worked for the audit departments of various private, public and governmental bodies in Hong Kong and Canada for 30 years.

Mr. Chan Cheong Tat (Age: 63)

Mr. Chan was appointed an Independent Non-Executive Director of the Company in March 2006. He is a fellow member of Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants, Chartered Association of Certified Accountants and CPA Australia. He is also an associate member of The Institute of Chartered Secretaries and Administrators in the United Kingdom and The Hong Kong Institute of Chartered Secretaries. Mr. Chan obtained his master's degree in Financial Management from Central Queensland University. He served in the Inland Revenue Department of the Hong Kong Government for 33 years and left the government service in early 2005. Mr. Chan is now a director of a tax consultancy company. He had acted as an independent non-executive director of Noble Jewelry Holdings Limited (now known as "Zhong Fa Zhan Holdings Limited") (stock code: 00475) and resigned in December 2011.

(D) SENIOR MANAGEMENT

The senior management of the Group comprises the Executive Directors above (namely Mr. Chen Hong and Mr. Sun Jun) and Ms. Lee Wai Mei, the Chief Financial Officer of the Company.

Ms. Lee Wai Mei (Age: 38)

Ms. Lee was appointed the Chief Financial Officer of the Company in May 2005. She has over 17 years of experience in auditing and accounting. She is an associate member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and a fellow member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants.

Report of the Directors

The directors (the "Directors") of Guangdong Tannery Limited (the "Company") herein present their report and the audited financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries (together the "Group") for the year ended 31 December 2012.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The Company acts as an investment holding company and provides corporate management services to its subsidiaries. The Group is principally engaged in the processing and sale of semi-finished and finished leather. The activities of the principal subsidiaries of the Company are set out in note 14 to the financial statements. There were no significant changes in the nature of the Group's principal activities during the year.

RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

The results of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2012 and the state of affairs of the Company and the Group at that date are set out in the financial statements on pages 33 to 96.

No interim dividend was paid during the year and the Directors do not recommend the payment of a final dividend in respect of the year ended 31 December 2012.

FINANCIAL SUMMARY

The following is a summary of the published results and assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five financial years, as extracted from the audited financial statements and reclassified as appropriate and adjusted to reflect the change in accounting policies. The summary does not form part of the audited financial statements.

Results

| | Year ended 31 December | | | | | | |
|---|------------------------|------------------|-------------------|--------------------|------------------|--|--|
| | 2012 | 2011 | 2010 | 2009 | 2008 | | |
| | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$′000 | | |
| Revenue | 622,869 | 587,020 | 520,737 | 467,259 | 525,480 | | |
| Profit from operating activities | 12,014 | 10,592 | 19,061 | 33,084 | 20,898 | | |
| Finance costs | (5,923) | (5,385) | (4,781) | (6,731) | (13,224) | | |
| Profit before tax Income tax expense | 6,091 (5,058) | 5,207 (4,018) | 14,280 (8,068) | 26,353 (11,653) | 7,674 (4,624) | | |
| Profit for the year | 1,033 | 1,189 | 6,212 | 14,700 | 3,050 | | |

FINANCIAL SUMMARY (CONTINUED)

Assets and liabilities

| | | As a | t 31 December | | |
|--------------------------------|----------|----------|---------------|----------|----------|
| | 2012 | 2011 | 2010 | 2009 | 2008 |
| | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$′000 |
| Assets | | | | | |
| Property, plant and equipment, | | | | | |
| investment property and | | | | | |
| prepaid land lease payments | 117,812 | 123,533 | 111,652 | 100,376 | 72,413 |
| Current assets | 494,652 | 522,978 | 468,771 | 436,421 | 455,954 |
| Total assets | 612,464 | 646,511 | 580,423 | 536,797 | 528,367 |
| Liabilities | | | | | |
| Current liabilities | 282,582 | 317,468 | 221,985 | 177,932 | 78,507 |
| Long term liabilities | 309 | 633 | 55,317 | 77,841 | 182,624 |
| Total liabilities | 282,891 | 318,101 | 277,302 | 255,773 | 261,131 |
| Net assets | 329,573 | 328,410 | 303,121 | 281,024 | 267,236 |

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of movements in the property, plant and equipment of the Company and the Group during the year are set out in note 12 to the financial statements.

INTEREST-BEARING BANK AND OTHER BORROWINGS

Details of the interest-bearing bank and other borrowings of the Company and the Group as at 31 December 2012 are set out in notes 19 and 21 to the financial statements.

SHARE CAPITAL

Details of movements in the Company's ordinary share capital during the year are set out in note 24 to the financial statements.

PURCHASE, REDEMPTION OR SALE OF LISTED SECURITIES OF THE COMPANY

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, redeemed or sold any of the Company's listed securities during the year.

RESERVES

Details of movements in the reserves of the Company and the Group during the year are set out in note 26 to the financial statements and in the consolidated statement of changes in equity.

DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES

At 31 December 2012, no reserves, calculated in accordance with the provisions of Section 79B of the Companies Ordinance, is available for cash distribution.

CHARITABLE CONTRIBUTIONS

The Group did not make any charitable contributions during the year (2011: Nil).

DIRECTORS

The Directors during the year and up to the date of this report were:

Chen Hong *(Chairman)* Sun Jun *(Managing Director)* Xiong Guangyang[#] Ho Lam Lai Ping, Theresa[#] Qiao Jiankang[#] Fung Lak^{*} Choi Kam Fai, Thomas^{*} Chan Cheong Tat^{*}

Non-Executive Director

* Independent Non-Executive Director

Mr. Chen Hong, Mr. Sun Jun, Mr. Qiao Jiankang and Mr. Fung Lak will retire by rotation in accordance with Articles 82 to 84 of the Company's Articles of Association at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company. Being eligible, Mr. Chen Hong, Mr. Sun Jun, Mr. Qiao Jiankang and Mr. Fung Lak will offer themselves for re-election.

DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

No Director proposed for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting has a service contract with the Group which is not determinable within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN CONTRACTS OF SIGNIFICANCE

None of the Directors had a material beneficial interest, whether directly or indirectly, in any significant contract to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries, its holding companies or its fellow subsidiaries was a party during the year or as at 31 December 2012.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN COMPETING BUSINESS

As at 31 December 2012, none of the Directors was interested in any business, apart from the Group's business, which competes or is likely to compete, either directly or indirectly, with the business of the Group.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SECURITIES

As at 31 December 2012, the interests and short positions of the Directors and the chief executive of the Company in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company and its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO")) which were required to be (i) notified to the Company and The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Hong Kong Stock Exchange") pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests and short positions which the Directors and the chief executive were taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO); (ii) entered in the register kept by the Company pursuant to section 352 of the SFO; or (iii) notified to the Company and the Hong Kong Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers ("Model Code") as set out in Appendix 10 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange ("Listing Rules"), were as follows:

(I) INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN THE COMPANY

| Name of Director | Capacity/ nature of interests | Number of ordinary shares held | Long/short position | Approximate percentage of interests held (Note) |
|--------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------------|--|
| Sun Jun | Personal | 40,000 | Long position | 0.01% |
| Xiong Guangyang | Personal | 230,000 | Long position | 0.04% |
| Ho Lam Lai Ping, Theresa | Personal | 200,000 | Long position | 0.04% |
| Fung Lak | Personal | 1,380,000 | Long position | 0.26% |
| Choi Kam Fai, Thomas | Personal | 60,000 | Long position | 0.01% |

(1) Interests in ordinary shares

Note: The approximate percentage of interests held was calculated on the basis of 538,019,000 ordinary shares of the Company in issue as at 31 December 2012.

(2) Interests in share options relating to ordinary shares (long positions)

| | | | Number of share options | | | | | | | Price of ordinary shares | Price of ordinary shares |
|------------------|---|----------------------|-------------------------|---|---------------------------------|--|---------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Name of Director | Date of grant of share options (dd.mm.yyyy) | 5 | At 1 January 2012 | | Exercised during the year | Cancelled/ lapsed during the year | At 31 December 2012 | Total consideration paid for share options granted HK\$ | Exercise price of share options* HK\$ (per share) | at date immediately before date of grant** HK\$ (per share) | at date immediately before the exercise date** HK\$ (per share) |
| Chen Hong | 14.07.2010 | 5,110,000 | 5,110,000 | _ | _ | (2,044,000) | 3,066,000 | _ | 0.435 | 0.435 | _ |
| Sun Jun | 24.11.2008 14.07.2010 | 200,000 1,260,000 | 60,000 1,260,000 | - | - | (20,000) (504,000) | , | - | 0.278 0.435 | 0.27 0.435 | |
| Xiong Guangyang | 24.11.2008 14.07.2010 | | 345,000 4,320,000 | _ | - | (115,000) (1,728,000) | , | | 0.278 0.435 | 0.27 0.435 | |
| Qiao Jiankang | 14.07.2010 | 1,780,000 | 1,780,000 | _ | _ | (712,000) | 1,068,000 | - | 0.435 | 0.435 | _ |

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SECURITIES (CONTINUED)

(I) INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN THE COMPANY (CONTINUED)

(2) Interests in share options relating to ordinary shares (long positions) (Continued)

Notes to the above share options granted pursuant to the share option scheme adopted by the Company on 24 November 2008 ("2008 Scheme"):

- (a) The option period of all the share options is 5.5 years from the date of grant.
- (b) Any share option is only exercisable during the option period after it has become vested.
- (c) The normal vesting scale of the share options is as follows:

| Date | Percentage vesting |
|--|--------------------|
| The date two years after the date of grant | 40% |
| The date three years after the date of grant | 30% |
| The date four years after the date of grant | 10% |
| The date five years after the date of grant | 20% |

- (d) The vesting of the share options is further subject to the achievement of such performance targets as determined by the Board upon grant and stated in the offer of grant.
- (e) The leaver vesting scale of the share options that would apply in the event of the grantee ceasing to be an eligible person under certain special circumstances (less the percentage which has already vested under the normal vesting scale or lapsed) is as follows:

| Date on which event occurs | Percentage vesting |
|---|--|
| On or before the date which is four months after the date of grant | 0% |
| After the date which is four months after but before the date which is one year after the date of grant | 10% |
| On or after the date which is one year after but before the date which is two years after the date of grant | 25% |
| On or after the date which is two years after but before the date which is three years after the date of grant | 40% |
| On or after the date which is three years after but before the date which is four years after the date of grant | 70% |
| On or after the date which is four years after the date of grant | 80% |
| | The remaining 20% also vests upon passing the overall performance appraisal for those four years |

- * The exercise price of the share options is subject to adjustment in the case of rights or bonus issues, or other similar changes in the Company's share capital.
- ** The price of the Company's ordinary shares disclosed as "at date immediately before date of grant" of the share options is the closing price on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange on the business day prior to which the options were granted.

The price of the Company's ordinary shares disclosed as "at date immediately before the exercise date" of the share options is the weighted average of the Hong Kong Stock Exchange closing prices immediately before the dates on which the options were exercised by each of the directors or all other participants as an aggregate whole.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SECURITIES (CONTINUED)

(II) INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN GUANGDONG INVESTMENT LIMITED ("GDI")

(1) Interests in ordinary shares

| Name of Director | Capacity/ nature of interests | Number of ordinary shares held | Long/short position | Approximate percentage of interests held (Note) |
|--------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------------|--|
| Ho Lam Lai Ping, Theresa | Personal | 1,760,000 | Long position | 0.03% |

Note: The approximate percentage of interests held was calculated on the basis of 6,234,205,071 ordinary shares of GDI in issue as at 31 December 2012.

(2) Interests in share options relating to ordinary shares (long positions)

| | | | | Number of | share optio | ons | | Total | | Price of ordinary shares | Price of ordinary shares |
|-----------------------------|---|---------------------|-------------------------|------------|-------------|-----|---------------------------|---|----------------------------------|--|-----------------------------|
| Name of Director | Date of grant of share options (dd.mm.yyyy) | At date of grant | At 1 January 2012 | during the | | | At 31 December 2012 | consideration Exercise paid for price of share options share granted options* HK\$ HK\$ (per share) | at date immediately before | at date immediately before the exercise date** HK\$ (per share) | |
| Ho Lam Lai Ping, Theresa | 24.10.2008 | 2,400,000 | 1,440,000 | _ | _ | _ | 1,440,000 | _ | 1.88 | 1.73 | _ |

Notes to the above share options granted pursuant to the share option scheme adopted by GDI:

- (a) The option period of all the share options is 5.5 years from the date of grant.
- (b) Any share option is only exercisable during the option period after it has become vested.

(c) The normal vesting scale of the share options is as follows:

| Date | Percentage vesting |
|--|--------------------|
| The date two years after the date of grant | 40% |
| The date three years after the date of grant | 30% |
| The date four years after the date of grant | 10% |
| The date five years after the date of grant | 20% |

(d) The vesting of the share options is further subject to the achievement of such performance targets as determined by the board of directors of GDI upon grant and stated in the offer of grant.

- . .

.. .

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SECURITIES (CONTINUED)

(II) INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN GUANGDONG INVESTMENT LIMITED ("GDI") (CONTINUED)

(2) Interests in share options relating to ordinary shares (long positions) (Continued)

Notes to the above share options granted pursuant to the share option scheme adopted by GDI (Continued):

(e) The leaver vesting scale of the share options that would apply in the event of the grantee ceasing to be an eligible person under certain special circumstances (less the percentage which has already vested under the normal vesting scale or lapsed) is as follows:

| Date on which event occurs | Percentage vesting |
|---|------------------------|
| On or before the date which is four months after the date of grant | 0% |
| After the date which is four months after but before the date which is one year after the date of grant | 10% |
| On or after the date which is one year after but before the date which is two years after the date of grant | 25% |
| On or after the date which is two years after but before the date which is three years after the date of grant | 40% |
| On or after the date which is three years after but before the date | |
| which is four years after the date of grant | 70% |
| On or after the date which is four years after the date of grant | 80% |
| | The remaining 20% also |
| | vests upon passing the |
| | overall performance |
| | appraisal for those |
| | four years |

- * The exercise price of the share options is subject to adjustment in the case of rights or bonus issues, or other similar changes in the share capital of GDI.
- ** The price of the ordinary shares of GDI disclosed as "at date immediately before date of grant" of the share options is the closing price on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange on the business day prior to which the options were granted.

The price of the ordinary shares of GDI disclosed as "at date immediately before the exercise date" of the share options is the weighted average of the Hong Kong Stock Exchange closing prices immediately before the dates on which the options were exercised by each of the directors of GDI or all other participants as an aggregate whole.

(III) INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN KINGWAY BREWERY HOLDINGS LIMITED ("KINGWAY")

| Name of Director | Capacity/ nature of interests | Number of ordinary shares held | Long/short position | Approximate percentage of interests held (Note) |
|--------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------------|--|
| Ho Lam Lai Ping, Theresa | Personal | 98,000 | Long position | 0.01% |

Note: The approximate percentage of interests held was calculated on basis of 1,711,536,850 ordinary shares of Kingway in issue as at 31 December 2012.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SECURITIES (CONTINUED)

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2012, to the knowledge of the Company, none of the Directors or the chief executive of the Company had any interests or short positions in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) which are required to be: (i) notified to the Company and the Hong Kong Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests and short positions which the Directors and the chief executive are taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO); (ii) entered in the register kept by the Company pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO; or (iii) notified to the Company and the Hong Kong Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code.

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS

As at 31 December 2012, so far as is known to any Director or the chief executive of the Company, the following persons (other than a Director or the chief executive of the Company) had, or were deemed or taken to have interests or short positions in the shares or underlying shares which would fall to be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO, or which were recorded in the register kept by the Company pursuant to section 336 of the SFO:

| Name of Shareholder | Capacity/nature of interests | Number of ordinary shares held | Long/short position | Approximate percentage of interests held (Note 1) |
|---|--|--------------------------------------|------------------------|--|
| 廣東粵海控股有限公司 (Guangdong Holdings Limited) <i>(Note 2)</i> | Interests of controlled corporation | 383,820,000 | Long position | 71.34% |
| GDH Limited | Beneficial owner | 383,820,000 | Long position | 71.34% |

Notes:

1. The approximate percentage of interests held was calculated on the basis of 538,019,000 ordinary shares of the Company in issue as at 31 December 2012.

2. The attributable interest which 廣東粵海控股有限公司 (Guangdong Holdings Limited) has in the Company is held through its 100% direct interest in GDH Limited.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2012, so far as is known to any Director or the chief executive of the Company, there were no other persons (other than a Director or the chief executive of the Company) who had, or were deemed or taken to have interests or short positions in the shares or underlying shares of the Company which would fall to be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO, or which were recorded in the register kept by the Company pursuant to section 336 of the SFO.

SHARE OPTIONS OF THE COMPANY

As at 31 December 2012, save as disclosed in the section of "DIRECTORS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SECURITIES" of this report, certain eligible persons (other than Directors) had the following interests in rights to subscribe for shares of the Company granted under the 2008 Scheme. Each option gives the holder the right to subscribe for one share of par value HK\$0.10 each of the Company. Further details are set out in note 25 to the financial statements.

| | | | | Number of s | share options | | | Total | | Price of ordinary shares | Price of ordinary shares |
|-----------------------------|---|----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|---------------------------|---|---|---|---|
| Category of Participants | Date of grant of share options (dd.mm.yyyy) | At date of grant | At 1 January 2012 | Granted during the year | Exercised during the year | Cancelled/ lapsed during the year | At 31 December 2012 | consideration paid for share options granted HK\$ | Exercise price of share options* HK\$ | at date immediately before date of grant** HK\$ | at date immediately before the exercise date** HK\$ |
| | | | | | | | | | (per share) | (per share) | (per share) |
| Senior Management | 24.11.2008 14.07.2010 | 650,000 2,980,000 | 195,000 2,980,000 | | - | (65,000) (1,192,000) | 130,000 1,788,000 | - | 0.278 0.435 | 0.27 0.435 | |
| Employee | 14.07.2010 | 570,000 | 570,000 | _ | _ | (228,000) | 342,000 | _ | 0.435 | 0.435 | _ |
| Other participant | 14.07.2010 | 2,040,000 | 2,040,000 | _ | _ | (816,000) | 1,224,000 | _ | 0.435 | 0.435 | _ |

Notes: Additional information regarding the above share options granted under the 2008 Scheme is set out in the notes under "Interests in share options relating to ordinary shares (long positions)" in the "INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN THE COMPANY" section of this report on page 16.

SIGNIFICANT CONTRACTS WITH CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDER OR ITS SUBSIDIARIES

Save as disclosed in notes 21 and 31 to the financial statements, the Company and the controlling shareholders of the Company or its subsidiaries had not entered into any other contracts of significance during the year.

ARRANGEMENTS TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

Save as disclosed in the sections headed "DIRECTORS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SECURITIES" and "SHARE OPTIONS OF THE COMPANY" of this report, and in note 25 to the financial statements, at no time during the year was the Company, or any of its subsidiaries, its holding companies or its fellow subsidiaries a party to any arrangements to enable the Directors or their spouse or children under 18 years of age to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate.

CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

Details of the connected transactions are disclosed in note 31 to the financial statements.

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

For the year ended 31 December 2012, the amount of purchases attributable to the Group's largest supplier represented 28% of the Group's total purchases; and the aggregate amount of purchases (excluding the purchases of items of a capital nature) attributable to the Group's five largest suppliers represented 65% of the Group's total purchases. In addition, the amount of turnover attributable to the Group's largest customer represented 23% of the Group's total turnover; and the aggregate amount of the turnover attributable to the Group's five largest customers represented 37% of the Group's total turnover. None of the Directors or their associates, or any shareholders (which, to the best knowledge of the Directors, owns more than 5% of the Company's issued share capital) had any beneficial interest in the Group's five largest suppliers or customers.

PUBLIC FLOAT

As at the date of this report, the Company has maintained the prescribed public float under the Listing Rules based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors.

AUDITORS

A resolution will be proposed at the forthcoming annual general meeting for the reappointment of Messrs. Ernst & Young as the auditors of the Company.

By order of the Board Chen Hong Chairman

Hong Kong, 26 March 2013

Corporate Governance Report

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

The Group recognizes the importance of achieving and monitoring the highest standard of corporate governance consistent with the needs and requirements of its business and the best interest of all of its stakeholders and is fully committed to doing so. It is also with these objectives in mind that the Group has applied the principles of the Code on Corporate Governance Practices (effective until 31 March 2012) and Corporate Governance Code (effective from 1 April 2012) (collectively the "CG Code") as set out in Appendix 14 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules").

In the opinion of the directors of the Company ("the Directors"), the Company complied with the code provisions set out in the CG Code throughout the year ended 31 December 2012, save for new code provision A.6.7 of the CG Code as two Non-Executive Directors were unable to attend the annual general meeting of the Company held on 30 May 2012 as they were out of town or they had other engagements.

DIRECTORS' SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") as set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules as its own code of conduct regarding Directors' securities transactions. All Directors confirmed, upon specific enquiry by the Company, that they had complied with the required standard as set out in the Model Code during the year.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The board of Directors (the "Board") currently comprises two Executive Directors, being Mr. Chen Hong and Mr. Sun Jun, three Non-Executive Directors, being Mr. Xiong Guangyang, Mrs. Ho Lam Lai Ping, Theresa, and Mr. Qiao Jiankang and three Independent Non-Executive Directors, being Mr. Fung Lak, Mr. Choi Kam Fai, Thomas and Mr. Chan Cheong Tat.

The Board is responsible for the leadership and control of the Company and oversees the Group's businesses, strategic decisions and performances. The management is delegated with the authority and responsibility by the Board for the day-to-day management of the Group. Major corporate matters that are specifically delegated by the Board to the management include the preparation of interim and annual reports and announcements for Board approval before publishing, execution of business strategies and initiatives adopted by the Board, implementation of adequate systems of internal controls and risk management procedures, and compliance with relevant statutory and regulatory requirements and rules and regulations.

The Board members do not have any financial, business, family or other material/relevant relationships with each other. Such balanced Board composition ensures that strong independence exists across the Board. The biographies of the Directors are set out in pages 9 to 11 of this annual report, which demonstrate a diversity of skills, expertise, experience and qualifications.

The Board meets regularly to discuss the overall strategy as well as the operation and financial performance of the Company, and to review and approve the Company's annual and interim results. During the financial year ended 31 December 2012, five Board meetings were held and attendance of each Director at the Board meetings is set out in the section headed "Board and Committee Meetings" of this report.

CHAIRMAN AND MANAGING DIRECTOR

The Chairman of the Board is Mr. Chen Hong and the Managing Director is Mr. Sun Jun. Their roles are clearly defined and segregated to ensure independence and proper checks and balances. Mr. Chen Hong as the Chairman has executive responsibilities, provides leadership to the Board and ensures the proper and effective functioning of the Board in the discharge of its responsibilities. Mr. Sun Jun as the Managing Director is accountable to the Board for the overall implementation of the Company's strategies and the co-ordination of overall business operations.

NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

All Directors, including Non-Executive Directors, appointed to fill a causal vacancy or as an addition to the existing Board, shall hold office only until the first general meeting after his appointment and shall then be eligible for re-election. Moreover, all Non-Executive Directors (including Independent Non-Executive Directors) are appointed for a term of not more than approximately three years expiring on the earlier of either (i) the conclusion of the annual general meeting of the Company in the year of the third anniversary of the appointment or re-election of that Director, or (ii) the expiration of the period within which the annual general meeting of the Company is required to be held in the year of the third anniversary of the appointment or re-election and in any event, subject to earlier determination in accordance with the Articles of Association of the Company and/or applicable laws and regulations.

INDEPENDENCE OF INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

During the year under review and up to the date of this Report, the Company has complied with the requirements under Rules 3.10(1), 3.10(2) and 3.10A of the Listing Rules. The Company has received confirmation of independence from the three Independent Non-Executive Directors, namely Mr. Fung Lak, Mr. Choi Kam Fai, Thomas and Mr. Chan Cheong Tat, in accordance with Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Company has assessed their independence and concluded that all the Independent Non-Executive Directors are independent within the definition of the Listing Rules.

Mr. Fung Lak served the Board for more than nine years; he has clearly demonstrated his willingness to exercise independent judgment and to provide objective challenges to the management. There is no evidence that length of tenure is having an adverse impact on his independence. The Board therefore considers that Mr. Fung remains independent, notwithstanding the length of his tenure.

DIRECTORS' CONTINUOUS PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT

The Directors are regularly briefed on the amendments to or updates on the relevant laws, rules and regulations. In addition, the Company encourages the Directors to enroll in a wide range of professional development courses and seminars relating to the Listing Rules, Hong Kong ordinances and corporate governance practices so that they can continuously update and further improve their relevant knowledge and skills. Some Directors attended seminars and conferences organized by government authorities, professional bodies and industrial organizations in relation to corporate governance, updates on laws, rules and regulations, accounting, financial, management or other professional skill. The Company organized a training course on directors' duties and general securities laws and regulations in August 2012 and provides training materials to the Directors to develop and refresh their professional skill.

DIRECTORS' CONTINUOUS PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT (CONTINUED)

According to the records kept by the Company, the current Directors received the following training with an emphasis on the roles, functions and duties of a director of a listed company in compliance with the new requirement of the CG Code on continuous professional development during the year ended 31 December 2012.

| | Seminars and | Reading | |
|-------------------------------------|--------------|--------------|--|
| Name of Director | Conferences | Materials | |
| Executive Directors | | | |
| Chen Hong | \checkmark | \checkmark | |
| Sun Jun | \checkmark | \checkmark | |
| Non-Executive Directors | | | |
| Xiong Guangyang | \checkmark | \checkmark | |
| Ho Lam Lai Ping, Theresa | \checkmark | \checkmark | |
| Qiao Jiankang | \checkmark | \checkmark | |
| Independent Non-Executive Directors | | | |
| Fung Lak | \checkmark | \checkmark | |
| Choi Kam Fai, Thomas | \checkmark | \checkmark | |
| Chan Cheong Tat | \checkmark | \checkmark | |

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE FUNCTIONS

It is the responsibility of the Board to determine the appropriate corporate governance practices applicable to the Company's circumstances and to ensure processes and procedures are in place to achieve the Company's corporate governance objectives.

The duties of the Board performing corporate governance functions are set out below:

- 1. to develop and review the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance;
- 2. to review and monitor the training and continuous professional development of Director and senior management of the Company;
- 3. to review and monitor the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements;
- 4. to develop, review and monitor the code of conduct and compliance manual (if any) applicable to employees and Directors of the Company; and
- 5. to review the Company's compliance with the CG Code and disclosure in the Corporate Governance Report.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE FUNCTIONS (CONTINUED)

During the year under review, the Board considered the following corporate governance issues:

- (i) adopted the revised Terms of References of the Audit Committee, the Nomination Committee and the Remuneration Committee;
- (ii) adopted the Shareholders' Communication Policy and Procedures for Shareholders to propose a person for election as a Director;
- (iii) adopted the Policy for the employees to raise concerns about possible improprieties; and
- (iv) reviewed the effectiveness of the internal controls and risk management systems of the Company through the Audit Committee.

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

The Company established a remuneration committee (the "Remuneration Committee") in June 2005. Terms of reference of the Remuneration Committee detailing the authority and duties are available on the Company's website.

The Remuneration Committee comprises three Independent Non-Executive Directors, being Mr. Choi Kam Fai, Thomas, Mr. Fung Lak and Mr. Chan Cheong Tat. Mr. Choi Kam Fai, Thomas is the Chairman of the Remuneration Committee.

During the financial year ended 31 December 2012, the Remuneration Committee held three meetings to approve the annual review of the remuneration packages and performance bonuses for the Executive Directors and senior management of the Company. The attendance of each member of the Remuneration Committee is set out in the section headed "Board and Committee Meetings" of this report.

Details of the amount of Directors' remuneration for the year 2012 are set out in note 8 to the financial statements.

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

The Company established a nomination committee (the "Nomination Committee") in June 2005. Terms of reference of the Nomination Committee detailing the authority and duties are available on the Company's website.

The Nomination Committee comprises one Executive Director, being Mr. Chen Hong and three Independent Non-Executive Directors, being Mr. Fung Lak, Mr. Choi Kam Fai, Thomas and Mr. Chan Cheong Tat. Mr. Chen Hong is the Chairman of the Nomination Committee.

The Nomination Committee is responsible for reviewing the structure, size and composition of the Board, identifying individuals suitably qualified to become Board members, assessing the independence of its Independent Non-executive Directors in accordance with the criteria prescribed under the Listing Rules and the CG Code, considering the re-appointment of the Directors and succession planning for Directors and making recommendations to the Board in respect of the aforesaid matters.

NOMINATION COMMITTEE (CONTINUED)

During the financial year ended 31 December 2012, the Nomination Committee held one meeting (i) to review the structure, size and composition of the Board; (ii) to assess the independence of Independent Non-Executive Directors; and (iii) to recommend to the Board the proposed re-election of Mr. Xiong Guangyang and Mr. Chan Cheong Tat as Directors at 2012 annual general meeting of the Company. The attendance of each member of the Nomination Committee is set out in the section headed "Board and Committee Meetings" of this report.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

An audit committee of the Company (the "Audit Committee") was established in September 1998. Terms of reference of the Audit Committee detailing the authority and duties are available on the Company's website.

The Audit Committee comprises three Independent Non-Executive Directors, being Mr. Fung Lak, Mr. Choi Kam Fai, Thomas and Mr. Chan Cheong Tat who all possess the required experience and knowledge in the accounting profession. Mr. Fung Lak is the Chairman of the Audit Committee.

During the financial year ended 31 December 2012, the Audit Committee held three meetings. It reviewed the 2011 annual results and the 2012 interim results of the Company before their submission to the Board and monitored the integrity of such financial statements. The Audit Committee oversees matters concerning the external auditors including making recommendations to the Board regarding the appointment of the external auditors, reviewing the scope of their audit and work and approving their fees. In addition to its three meetings as aforesaid, the Audit Committee also had a private meeting with the external auditors without the presence of the management to discuss any area of concern. The Audit Committee further ensures that the management has put in place an effective system of internal control and maintains an overview of the Group's risk assessment, control and management processes. It reviews the adequacy of resources, qualifications and experience of staff of the Group's accounting and financial reporting function and their training programmes and budget. In addition, it reviews the internal audit schedules of the Group, considers the Group's internal audit reports and monitors the effectiveness of the internal audit function. The attendance of each member of the Audit Committee is set out in the section headed "Board and Committee Meetings" of this report.

AUDITORS' REMUNERATION

During the year under review, the remuneration paid/payable to the Company's auditors, Messrs. Ernst & Young, is set out as follows:

| Services rendered | Fee paid/payable HK\$'000 |
|---------------------------|------------------------------|
| Audit of Final Results | 1,190 |
| Review of Interim Results | 291 |

BOARD AND COMMITTEES MEETINGS

The individual attendance records of each Director at the meetings of the Board, Remuneration Committee, Nomination Committee, Audit Committee and general meeting of the Company during the year ended 31 December 2012 are set out below:

| | | | | | Annual |
|------------------------------------|---------|--------------|------------|-----------|---------|
| | Board | Remuneration | Nomination | Audit | General |
| Name of Director | Meeting | Committee | Committee | Committee | Meeting |
| Executive Directors | | | | | |
| Chen Hong | 5/5 | — | 1/1 | | 1/1 |
| Sun Jun | 5/5 | — | — | — | 1/1 |
| Non-Executive Directors | | | | | |
| Xiong Guangyang | 4/5 | _ | _ | | 0/1 |
| Ho Lam Lai Ping, Theresa | 5/5 | _ | _ | | 1/1 |
| Qiao Jiankang | 5/5 | — | _ | — | 0/1 |
| Independent Non-Executive Director | s | | | | |
| Fung Lak | 5/5 | 3/3 | 1/1 | 3/3 | 1/1 |
| Choi Kam Fai, Thomas | 5/5 | 3/3 | 1/1 | 3/3 | 1/1 |
| Chan Cheong Tat | 5/5 | 3/3 | 1/1 | 3/3 | 1/1 |

ACCOUNTABILITY AND AUDIT

The Board is responsible for overseeing the preparation of financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2012, which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group and of the results and cash flows for that financial year. In preparing the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2012, the Board has selected appropriate accounting policies, applied them consistently in accordance with the Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards and Hong Kong Accounting Standards which are pertinent to its operations and relevant to the financial statements and, made judgements and estimates that are prudent and reasonable, and have prepared the financial statements on the going concern basis.

The Group endeavours to present a balanced, clear and comprehensible assessment of the Group's performance, position and prospects. The annual and interim results of the Company are announced in a timely manner within the limit of 3 months and 2 months respectively after the end of the relevant periods in accordance with the Listing Rules.

The Directors have acknowledged their responsibility for preparing all information and representations contained in the financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2012.

Annual

INTERNAL CONTROL

The Board is responsible for the Group's system of internal controls and its effectiveness. The internal control system has been designed to mitigate the Group's risk exposure; to facilitate the effectiveness and efficiency of operations; to safeguard the assets against loss and misappropriation; to maintain proper accounting records for producing reliable financial information and ensuring compliance with applicable laws and regulations.

The system is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance against material misstatement or loss, and to manage rather than eliminate risks of failure in the Group's operational systems and in the achievement of the Group's business objectives.

The internal control system of the Group comprises a well-established organisational structure and comprehensive policies and standards. The Board has clearly defined the authorities and key responsibilities of each operational unit to ensure adequate checks and balances. The management assists the Board in the implementation of the Board's policies and procedures on risk and control by identifying and assessing the risks faced, and involving in the design, operation and monitoring of suitable internal controls to mitigate and control these risks. The key processes that have been established in reviewing the adequacy and integrity of the system of internal controls include the following:

The Audit Committee is established to, inter alia, review internal control issues identified by the internal audit department, external auditors, regulatory authorities and management, and evaluate the adequacy and effectiveness of the Group's risk management and internal control systems.

The internal audit department monitors compliance with policies and procedures and the effectiveness of the internal control systems, and highlight significant findings in respect of any non compliance. It plays an important role in the Group's internal control framework, and provides objective assurance to the Board that a sound internal control system is maintained and operated in compliance with the established processes and standards by performing periodic checking. Using a risk-based approach, the internal audit department plans its internal audit schedules annually with audit resources being focused on higher risk areas. To preserve the audit independence, the head of internal audit department of the Company reports directly to the Board.

The Board has conducted an annual review of the effectiveness of the Group's system of internal control covering all material controls, including financial, operational and compliance controls and risk management systems. The Board is satisfied that the system of internal controls in place for the year under review and up to the date of issuance of the annual report and accounts is reasonably effective and adequate.

COMPANY SECRETARY

Ms. Lo Sze Sze, the Company Secretary of the Company, is not a full time employee of the Company. She reports to the Chairman of the Company and is responsible for advising the Board on corporate governance matters. The primary contact person of the Company with Ms. Lo is Ms. Lee Wai Mei, the Chief Financial Officer of the Company. Ms. Lo has confirmed that she has taken no less than 15 hours of relevant professional training during the year under review.

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

Shareholders Convening an Extraordinary General Meeting

Pursuant to Section 113 of the Companies Ordinance (Chapter 32 of the Laws of Hong Kong), shareholders of the Company (the "Shareholders") holding not less than one-twentieth of such of the paid-up capital of the Company may request the Board to convene an extraordinary general meeting. The requisition must state the objects of the meeting, such as election of director, and must be signed by the requisitionists and deposited at the registered office of the Company, and may consist of several documents in like form, each signed by one or more requisitionists. If the Board fails to convene a meeting within 21 days from the date of the deposit of the requisition, the requisitionists may themselves convene a meeting within 3 months from the said date. The extraordinary general meeting convened by the Board under this section shall be held not more than 28 days after the date of the notice of meeting.

Procedures for Putting Forward Proposals at a General Meeting

Pursuant to Section 115A of the Companies Ordinance, Shareholders holding not less than one-fortieth of the total voting rights of all members having at the date of the requisition a right to vote at the meetings to which the requisition relates; or not less than 50 members holding shares in the Company on which there has been paid up an average sum, per member, of not less than HK\$2,000, may, at their own expense, move a resolution (such as election of director) at an annual general meeting by written request. Such written request must (i) state the resolution and signed by all the requisitionists in one or more documents in like form; and (ii) be deposited at the registered office of the Company for the attention of the Company Secretary not less than 1,000 words with respect to the matter referred to in the proposed resolution and they must also deposit or tender a sum reasonably sufficient to meet the Company's expenses in respect thereof.

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS (CONTINUED)

Shareholders' Enquiries

Shareholders may direct their enquiries about their shareholdings to the Company's share registrar, Tricor Tengis Limited.

Shareholders may also send written enquiries to the Company, for the attention of the Chief Financial Officer/Company Secretary by mail or by fax. The contact details of the Company are set out in the "Contact Us" section of the Company's website at www.gdtann.com.hk. In addition, the Company is committed to maximizing the use of its website as a channel to provide updated information in a timely manner and to strengthen the communications with both Shareholders and the public. The Company has formulated the "Shareholders Communication Policy" which enables Shareholders to exercise their rights in an informed manner.

CONSTITUTIONAL DOCUMENTS

During the year under review, there are no changes in the Company's Memorandum and Articles of Association. An up-to-date consolidated version of the Company's Memorandum and Articles of Association is available on the Company's website.

By order of the Board Chen Hong Chairman

Hong Kong, 26 March 2013

Independent Auditors' Report



To the shareholders of **Guangdong Tannery Limited** (Incorporated in Hong Kong with limited liability)

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Guangdong Tannery Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (together, the "Group") set out on pages 33 to 96, which comprise the consolidated and company balance sheets as at 31 December 2012, and the consolidated income statement, the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated cash flow statement for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

AUDITORS' RESPONSIBILITY

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit. Our report is made solely to you, as a body, in accordance with Section 141 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Independent Auditors' Report (Continued)

OPINION

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the Group as at 31 December 2012, and of the Group's profit and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

Ernst & Young Certified Public Accountants

22/F CITIC Tower 1 Tim Mei Avenue Central, Hong Kong

26 March 2013

Consolidated Income Statement

Year ended 31 December 2012

| | Notes | 2012 <i>HK\$'000</i> | 2011 <i>HK\$'000</i> |
|--|---------|--------------------------------|--------------------------|
| REVENUE | 5 | 622,869 | 587,020 |
| Cost of sales | | (592,478) | (558,823) |
| Gross profit | | 30,391 | 28,197 |
| Other income and gains Selling and distribution expenses | 5 | 13,235 (2,125) | 6,843 (1,956) |
| Administrative expenses Impairment on items of property, plant and equipment Finance costs | 12 6 | (24,187) (5,300) (5,923) | (22,492) — (5,385) |
| PROFIT BEFORE TAX | 6 | 6,091 | 5,207 |
| Income tax expense | 7 | (5,058) | (4,018) |
| PROFIT FOR THE YEAR | 10 | 1,033 | 1,189 |
| EARNINGS PER SHARE — Basic | 11 | HK0.19 cent | HK0.22 cent |
| — Diluted | | HK0.19 cent | HK0.22 cent |

Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income

Year ended 31 December 2012

| | Notes | 2012 <i>HK\$'000</i> | 2011 <i>HK\$'000</i> |
|---|-------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| PROFIT FOR THE YEAR | | 1,033 | 1,189 |
| OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME Surplus on revaluation of buildings | 12 | 529 | 184 |
| Income tax effect | 23 | (132) | (46) |
| Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations | | 397 (48) | 138 22,404 |
| OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR, NET OF TAX | | 349 | 22,542 |
| TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR | | 1,382 | 23,731 |

Consolidated Balance Sheet

31 December 2012

| | Notes | 2012 HK\$'000 | 2011 <i>HK\$'000</i> |
|--|--------|------------------|-------------------------|
| NON-CURRENT ASSETS | | | |
| Property, plant and equipment | 12 | 103,560 | 108,967 |
| Prepaid land lease payments | 13 | 14,252 | 14,566 |
| Total non-current assets | | 117,812 | 123,533 |
| CURRENT ASSETS | | | |
| Inventories | 15 | 200,679 | 185,092 |
| Receivables, prepayments and deposits | 16 | 236,455 | 220,874 |
| Pledged bank balances | 17 | 13,005 | 33,490 |
| Restricted bank balances | 17 | — | 1,850 |
| Cash and bank balances | 17 | 44,513 | 81,672 |
| Total current assets | | 494,652 | 522,978 |
| CURRENT LIABILITIES | | | |
| Trade payables | 18 | 39,995 | 48,722 |
| Other payables and accruals | 18 | 37,212 | 30,149 |
| Interest-bearing bank borrowings | 19 | 53,731 | 90,357 |
| Due to a PRC joint venture partner | 20 | 1,131 | 1,131 |
| Loans from the immediate holding company | 19, 21 | 142,379 | 142,379 |
| Provision | 22 | 3,934 | 3,934 |
| Tax payable | | 4,200 | 796 |
| Total current liabilities | | 282,582 | 317,468 |
| NET CURRENT ASSETS | | 212,070 | 205,510 |
| TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES | | 329,882 | 329,043 |

Consolidated Balance Sheet (Continued)

31 December 2012

| | Notes | 2012 <i>HK\$'000</i> | 2011 <i>HK\$'000</i> |
|-------------------------------|-------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES | | | |
| Deferred tax liabilities | 23 | 309 | 633 |
| Total non-current liabilities | | 309 | 633 |
| Net assets | | 329,573 | 328,410 |
| EQUITY | | | |
| Issued capital | 24 | 53,802 | 53,802 |
| Reserves | 26(a) | 275,771 | 274,608 |
| Total equity | | 329,573 | 328,410 |

Chen Hong *Director* Sun Jun Director

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

Year ended 31 December 2012

| | Notes | capital | Share premium account HK\$'000 | Equity component of convertible notes HK\$'000 | General reserve fund HK\$'000 (Note 26(a)(i)) | Reserve funds HK\$'000 (Note 26(a)(iii)) | reserve HK\$'000 | Capital redemption reserve HK\$'000 | Exchange translation reserve HK\$'000 | | reserve | Accumulated losses HK\$'000 | Total HK\$'000 |
|--|------------|---------|---|--|---|---|---------------------|--|--|---------|---------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------|
| At 1 January 2011 | | 53,762 | 413,995 | 5,545 | 167,746 | 14,144 | 905 | 445 | 73,036 | 1,694 | _ | (428,151) | * 303,121 |
| Profit for the year Other comprehensive income for the year: | | - | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | - | - | _ | 1,189 | 1,189 |
| Changes in fair value of buildings, net of tax Exchange differences on | | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 138 | _ | _ | 138 |
| translation of foreign operations | | _ | _ | - | _ | - | _ | _ | 22,404 | _ | _ | _ | 22,404 |
| Total comprehensive income | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| for the year | | - | - | - | - | - | _ | _ | 22,404 | 138 | - | 1,189 | 23,731 |
| Issue of shares | 24 | 40 | 136 | - | - | - | (65) | - | - | - | - | - | 111 |
| Equity-settled share option arrangements | 25 | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | 1,447 | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | 1,447 |
| Share premium reduction | 26(a)(ii) | _ | (393,346) | _ | _ | _ | | _ | _ | _ | _ | 393,346 | - |
| Transfer from accumulated losses | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| in accordance with the | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| undertaking | 26(a)(ii) | _ | _ | - | - | - | - | - | _ | - | 2,415 | (2,415) | _ |
| Transfer to accumulated losses upon | 20(+)/::) | | | | | | | | | | (71) | 71 | |
| issue of new ordinary shares Transfer from retained profits | 26(a)(ii) | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | (71) | 71 | _ |
| of subsidiaries established | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| in the PRC | 26(a)(iii) | _ | _ | _ | _ | 1,843 | _ | _ | _ | _ | - | (1,843) | _ |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| At 31 December 2011 and | | F2 002 | 20 705+ | E FAFA | 407 740 | 45 007 | 2 207 | • | * 05 440 | * 4000 | | ÷ (27.002). | + 220 440 |
| 1 January 2012 Profit for the year | | 53,802 | 20,785* | 5,545* | 167,746' | 15,987* | 2,287 | * 445 | * 95,440 | * 1,832 | * 2,344 | | * 328,410 1,033 |
| Other comprehensive income | | | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | 1,033 | 1,055 |
| for the year: | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Changes in fair value of buildings, | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| net of tax | | - | | | | | | | | 397 | | | 397 |
| Exchange differences on | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| translation of foreign operations | | | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | (48) | _ | | _ | (48) |
| | | | | | | | | | (40) | | | | (40) |
| Total comprehensive income | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| for the year | | - | | | | | | | (48) | 397 | | 1,033 | 1,382 |
| Equity-settled share option | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| arrangements | 25 | - | | | | | (219) | | | | | | (219) |
| Transfer to accumulated losses in accordance with the undertaking | 26(2)/// | | | | | | | | | | (15) | | |
| Transfer from retained profits | 26(a)(ii) | | | | | | | | | | (1) | 15 | |
| of subsidiaries established | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| in the PRC | 26(a)(iii) | - | | | | 1,534 | | | | | | (1,534) | |
| At 31 December 2012 | | 53,802 | 20 205+ | 5,545* | 167 746 | 47 534 | 2,068* | 445 | 95,392* | 2 220+ | 2,329' | (20.200) | * 329,573 |
| ACST December 2012 | | 55,802 | 20,785* | 5,5457 | 167,746* | 17,521* | 2,068 | 445' | 95,392 | 2,229* | 2,329 | (38,289) | 529,573 |

* These reserve accounts comprise the consolidated reserves of HK\$275,771,000 (2011: HK\$274,608,000) in the consolidated balance sheet.

Consolidated Cash Flow Statement

Year ended 31 December 2012

| | Notes | 2012 <i>HK\$'000</i> | 2011 <i>HK\$'000</i> |
|--|-------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES | | | |
| Profit before tax | | 6,091 | 5,207 |
| Adjustments for: | | | |
| Finance costs | 6 | 5,923 | 5,385 |
| Interest income | 5 | (327) | (1,066) |
| Depreciation | 6 | 8,687 | 8,542 |
| Reversal of provision for inventories | 6 | (1,159) | (12,667) |
| Loss/(gain) on disposal of items of property, plant and | | | |
| equipment | 6 | 184 | (38) |
| Impairment on items of property, plant and equipment | 12 | 5,300 | |
| Provision/(reversal of provision) on trade and other receivables | 6 | (1,060) | 331 |
| Deficit/(surplus) on revaluation of buildings | 6 | (1,688) | 521 |
| Amortisation of prepaid land lease payments | 6 | 311 | 232 |
| Recognition/(forfeiture) of equity-settled share options | 25 | (219) | 1,447 |
| | | | |
| | | 22,043 | 7,894 |
| Increase in inventories | | (14,410) | (12,405) |
| Increase in receivables, prepayments and deposits | | (14,507) | (43,623) |
| Decrease in trade payables | | (8,692) | (186) |
| Increase/(decrease) in other payables and accruals | | 4,339 | (15,783) |
| Increase/(decrease) in interest-bearing bank borrowings | | (36,495) | 48,293 |
| Cash used in operations | | (47,722) | (15,810) |
| Interest received | | 327 | 1,066 |
| Interest paid | | (5,923) | (4,726) |
| PRC tax paid | | (2,121) | (2,833) |
| | | (_// | (2,000) |
| Net cash flows used in operating activities | | (55,439) | (22,303) |
| CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES | | | |
| Purchases of items of property, plant and equipment | | (7,285) | (9,625) |
| Purchases of prepaid land lease payments | 13 | | (6,250) |
| Decrease in restricted bank balances | | 1,844 | 6,464 |
| Decrease in pledged bank balances | | 20,415 | 418 |
| Receipt of government grants | 30 | 3,392 | |
| Proceeds from disposal of items of property, plant and equipment | | 37 | 465 |
| Net cash flows from/(used in) investing activities | | 18,403 | (8,528) |

Consolidated Cash Flow Statement (Continued)

Year ended 31 December 2012

| Notes | 2012 <i>HK\$'000</i> | 2011 <i>HK\$'000</i> |
|--|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES | | |
| Increase in loans from the immediate holding company | _ | 54,600 |
| Decrease in a loan from a fellow subsidiary | | (54,600) |
| Proceeds from issue of shares 24 | — | 111 |
| Net cash flows from financing activities | _ | 111 |
| NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS | (37,036) | (30,720) |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year | 81,672 | 107,718 |
| Effect of foreign exchange rate changes, net | (123) | 4,674 |
| | | 04.672 |
| CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR | 44,513 | 81,672 |
| ANALYSIS OF BALANCES OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS | | |
| Cash and bank balances 17 | 44,513 | 81,672 |

Balance Sheet

31 December 2012

| | Notes | 2012 HK\$′000 | 2011 <i>HK\$'000</i> |
|--|-------------|------------------|-------------------------|
| NON-CURRENT ASSETS | | | |
| Property, plant and equipment | 12 | 25 | 8 |
| Interests in subsidiaries | 14 | 311,229 | 319,373 |
| Total non-current assets | | 311,254 | 319,381 |
| CURRENT ASSETS | | | |
| Prepayments and deposits | | 163 | 163 |
| Cash and bank balances | 17 | 1,172 | 3,328 |
| Total current assets | | 1,335 | 3,491 |
| CURRENT LIABILITIES | | | |
| Other payables and accruals | | 1,224 | 1,180 |
| Loans from the immediate holding company | 19, 21 | 87,779 | 142,379 |
| Total current liabilities | | 89,003 | 143,559 |
| NET CURRENT LIABILITIES | | (87,668) | (140,068) |
| Net assets | | 223,586 | 179,313 |
| FOURTY | | | |
| EQUITY Issued capital | 24 | 53,802 | 53,802 |
| Reserves | 24 26(b) | 169,784 | 125,511 |
| Total equity | | 223,586 | 179,313 |

Chen Hong *Director* **Sun Jun** Director

Notes to Financial Statements

31 December 2012

1. CORPORATE INFORMATION

Guangdong Tannery Limited is a limited liability company incorporated in Hong Kong. The registered office of the Company is located at 29/F, Guangdong Investment Tower, 148 Connaught Road Central, Hong Kong.

During the year, the Group is principally engaged in the processing and sale of semi-finished and finished leather.

GDH Limited ("GDH"), a company incorporated in Hong Kong, is the immediate holding company of the Company. In the opinion of the directors, the ultimate holding company of the Company is 廣東粵海控股有限公司 (Guangdong Holdings Limited), a company established in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC" or "Mainland China").

2.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") (which include all Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards, Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKASs") and Interpretations) issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants, accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong and the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. They have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except for buildings classified as property, plant and equipment, which have been measured at fair value as further explained in note 2.4 to the financial statements. These financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$") and all values are rounded to the nearest thousand (HK\$'000) except when otherwise indicated.

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") for the year ended 31 December 2012. The financial statements of the subsidiaries are prepared for the same reporting period as the Company, using consistent accounting policies. The results of subsidiaries are consolidated from the date of acquisition, being the date on which the Group obtains control, and continue to be consolidated until the date that such control ceases. All intra-group balances, transactions, unrealised gains and losses resulting from intra-group transactions and dividends are eliminated on consolidation in full.

Total comprehensive income within a subsidiary is attributed to the non-controlling interest even if it results in a deficit balance.

A change in the ownership interest of a subsidiary, without a loss of control, is accounted for as an equity transaction.

If the Group loses control over a subsidiary, it derecognises (i) the assets (including goodwill) and liabilities of the subsidiary, (ii) the carrying amount of any non-controlling interest and (iii) the cumulative translation differences recorded in equity; and recognises (i) the fair value of the consideration received, (ii) the fair value of any investment retained and (iii) any resulting surplus or deficit in profit or loss. The Group's share of components previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified to profit or loss or retained profits, as appropriate.

31 December 2012

2.2 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICY AND DISCLOSURES

The Group has adopted the following revised HKFRSs for the first time for the current year's financial statements.

| HKFRS 1 Amendments | Amendments to HKFRS 1 First-time Adoption of Hong Kong Financial Reporting |
|--------------------|---|
| | Standards — Severe Hyperinflation and Removal of Fixed Dates for First-time |
| | Adopters |
| HKFRS 7 Amendments | Amendments to HKFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures — Transfers of |
| | Financial Assets |
| HKAS 12 Amendments | Amendments to HKAS 12 Income Taxes — Deferred Tax: Recovery of |
| | Underlying Assets |

Other than as further explained below regarding the impact of amendments to HKFRS 7, the adoption of the revised HKFRSs has had no significant financial effect on these financial statements.

Amendments to HKFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures — Transfers of Financial Assets

The HKFRS 7 Amendments require additional disclosures about financial assets that have been transferred but not derecognised to enable users of the Group's financial statements to understand the relationship of those assets that have not been derecognised with their associated liabilities. In addition, the amendments require disclosures about the entity's continuing involvement in derecognised assets to enable users to evaluate the nature of, and risks associated with, such involvement.

31 December 2012

2.3 ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS

The Group has not applied the following new and revised HKFRSs, that have been issued but are not yet effective, in these financial statements.

| HKFRS 1 Amendments | Amendments to HKFRS 1 First-time Adoption of Hong Kong Financial Reporting |
|--|---|
| | Standards — Government Loans ² |
| HKFRS 7 Amendments | Amendments to HKFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures — Offsetting |
| | Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities ² |
| HKFRS 9 | Financial Instruments ⁴ |
| HKFRS 10 | Consolidated Financial Statements ² |
| HKFRS 11 | Joint Arrangements ² |
| HKFRS 12 | Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities ² |
| HKFRS 10, HKFRS 11 and | Amendments to HKFRS 10, HKFRS 11 and HKFRS 12 — Transition Guidance ² |
| HKFRS 12 Amendments | |
| HKFRS 10, HKFRS 12 and | Amendments to HKFRS 10, HKFRS 12 and HKAS 27 (2011) — Investment |
| HKAS 27 (2011) | Entities ³ |
| Amendments | |
| HKFRS 13 | Fair Value Measurement ² |
| HKAS 1 Amendments | Amendments to HKAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements — Presentation of Items of Other Comprehensive Income ¹ |
| HKAS 19 (2011) | Employee Benefits ² |
| HKAS 27 (2011) | Separate Financial Statements ² |
| HKAS 28 (2011) | Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures ² |
| HKAS 32 Amendments | Amendments to HKAS 32 Financial Instruments: Presentation — Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities ³ |
| HK(IFRIC)-Int 20 | Stripping Costs in the Production Phase of a Surface Mine ² |
| Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2009–2011 Cycle | Amendments to a number of HKFRSs issued in June 2012 ² |

- ¹ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2012
- ² Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013
- ³ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2014
- ⁴ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2015

The Group is in the process of making an assessment of the impact of these new and revised HKFRSs upon initial application. So far, the Group considers that these new and revised HKFRSs are unlikely to have a significant impact on the Group's results of operations and financial position.

31 December 2012

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Subsidiaries

A subsidiary is an entity in which the Company, directly or indirectly, controls more than half of its voting power or issued share capital or controls the composition of its board of directors; or over which the Company has a contractual right to exercise a dominant influence with respect to that entity's financial and operating policies.

The results of subsidiaries are included in the Company's income statement to the extent of dividends received and receivable. The Company's interests in subsidiaries are stated at cost less any impairment losses.

Joint ventures

A joint venture is an entity set up by contractual arrangement, whereby the Group and other parties undertake an economic activity. The joint venture operates as a separate entity in which the Group and the other parties have an interest.

The joint venture agreement between the venturers stipulates the capital contributions of the joint venture parties, the duration of the joint venture and the basis on which the assets are to be realised upon its dissolution. The profits or losses from the joint venture's operations and any distributions of surplus assets are shared by the venturers, either in proportion to their respective capital contributions, or in accordance with the terms of the joint venture agreement.

A joint venture is treated as:

- (a) a subsidiary, if the Group/Company, directly or indirectly, controls more than half of its voting power or issued share capital or controls the composition of its board of directors; or over which the Company has a contractual right to exercise a dominant influence with respect to the joint venture's financial and operating policies;
- (b) a jointly-controlled entity, if the Group/Company does not have unilateral control, but has joint control, directly or indirectly, over the joint venture;
- (c) an associate, if the Group/Company does not have unilateral or joint control, but holds, directly or indirectly, generally not less than 20% of the joint venture's registered capital and is in a position to exercise significant influence over the joint venture; or
- (d) an equity investment accounted for in accordance with HKAS 39, if the Group/Company holds, directly or indirectly, less than 20% of the joint venture's registered capital and has neither joint control of, nor is in a position to exercise significant influence over, the joint venture.

31 December 2012

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Impairment of non-financial assets

Where an indication of impairment exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required (other than inventories and financial assets), the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of the asset's or cash-generating unit's value in use and its fair value less costs to sell, and is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets, in which case the recoverable amount is determined for the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

An impairment loss is recognised only if the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. An impairment loss is charged to the income statement in the period in which it arises in those expense categories consistent with the function of the impaired asset, unless the asset is carried at revaluated amount, in which the case the impairment loss is accounted for in accordance with the relevant accounting policy for that revaluated asset.

An assessment is made at each balance sheet date as to whether there is an indication that previously recognised impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased. If such an indication exists, the recoverable amount is estimated. A previously recognised impairment loss of an asset other than goodwill is reversed only if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount of that asset, but not to an amount higher than the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of any depreciation) had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of such an impairment loss is credited to the income statement in the period in which it arises, unless the asset is carried at revaluated amount, in which case the reversal of the impairment loss is accounted for in accordance with the relevant accounting policy for that revaluated asset.

Related parties

A party is considered to be related to the Group if:

- (a) the party is a person or a close member of that person's family and that person
 - (i) has control or joint control over the Group;
 - (ii) has significant influence over the Group; or
 - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Group or of a parent of the Group;

or

31 December 2012

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Related parties (Continued)

- (b) the party is an entity where any of the following conditions applies:
 - (i) the entity and the Group are members of the same group;
 - (ii) one entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or of a parent, subsidiary or fellow subsidiary of the other entity);
 - (iii) the entity and the Group are joint ventures of the same third party;
 - (iv) one entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity;
 - (v) the entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group;
 - (vi) the entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a); and
 - (vii) a person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity).

Property, plant and equipment and depreciation

Property, plant and equipment, other than construction in progress, are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses. The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment comprises its purchase price and any directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to its working condition and location for its intended use.

Expenditure incurred after items of property, plant and equipment have been put into operation, such as repairs and maintenance, is normally charged to the income statement in the period in which it is incurred. In situations where the recognition criteria are satisfied, the expenditure for a major inspection is capitalised in the carrying amount of the asset as a replacement. Where significant parts of property, plant and equipment are required to be replaced at intervals, the Group recognises such parts as individual assets with specific useful lives and depreciates them accordingly.

Valuations are performed frequently enough to ensure that the fair value of a revalued asset does not differ materially from its carrying amount. Changes in the values of property, plant and equipment are dealt with as movements in the property revaluation reserve. If the total of this reserve is insufficient to cover a deficit, on an individual asset basis, the excess of the deficit is charged to the income statement. Any subsequent revaluation surplus is credited to the income statement to the extent of the deficit previously charged. On disposal of a revalued asset, the relevant portion of the property revaluation reserve realised in respect of previous valuations is transferred to retained profits as a movement in reserves.

31 December 2012

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Property, plant and equipment and depreciation (Continued)

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis to write off the cost or valuation of each item of property, plant and equipment to its residual value over its estimated useful life. The principal annual rates used for this purpose are as follows:

| Buildings | 2% to 10% |
|-----------------------------------|--------------|
| Leasehold improvements | 4% to 20% |
| Plant and machinery | 10% to 12.5% |
| Electronic equipment | 20% |
| Furniture, fixtures and equipment | 15% to 20% |
| Motor vehicles | 15% to 20% |

Where parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, the cost or valuation of that item is allocated on a reasonable basis among the parts and each part is depreciated separately.

Residual values, useful lives and the depreciation method are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at least at each financial year end.

An item of property, plant and equipment including any significant part initially recognised is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss on disposal or retirement recognised in the income statement in the year the asset is derecognised is the difference between the net sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the relevant asset.

Construction in progress represents buildings, machinery and equipment under construction. It is stated at cost less any impairment losses, and is not depreciated. Cost comprises the direct costs of construction during the period of construction. Construction in progress is reclassified to the appropriate category of property, plant and equipment when completed and ready for use.

Operating leases

Leases where substantially all the rewards and risks of ownership of assets remain with the lessor are accounted for as operating leases. Where the Group is the lessee, rentals payable under operating leases are charged to the income statement on the straight-line basis over the lease terms.

Prepaid land lease payments under operating leases are initially stated at cost and subsequently recognised on the straight-line basis over the lease terms.

31 December 2012

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Investments and other financial assets

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets within the scope of HKAS 39 are classified as loans and receivables. The Group determines the classification of its financial assets at initial recognition. When financial assets are recognised initially, they are measured at fair value plus transaction costs.

All regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on the trade date, that is, the date that the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the period generally established by regulation or convention in the marketplace.

Subsequent measurement

The subsequent measurement of loans and receivables is as follows:

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. After initial measurement, such assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method less any allowance for impairment. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and includes fees or costs that are an integral part of the effective interest rate. The effective interest rate amortisation is included in other income and gains in the income statement. The loss arising from impairment is recognised in the income statement in finance costs for loans and in other operating expenses for receivables.

Derecognition of financial assets

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is derecognised when:

- the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired; or
- the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a "pass-through" arrangement; and either (a) the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the Group has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, it evaluates if and to what extent it has retained the risk and rewards of ownership of the asset, when it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset nor transferred control of the asset, the asset is recognised to the extent of the Group's continuing involvement in the asset. In that case, the Group also recognises an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Group has retained.

31 December 2012

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Derecognition of financial assets (Continued)

Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Group could be required to pay.

Impairment of financial assets

The Group assesses at each balance sheet date whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired. A financial asset or a group of financial assets is deemed to be impaired if, and only if, there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the asset (an incurred "loss event") and that loss event has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or the group of financial assets that can be reliably estimated. Evidence of impairment may include indications that a debtor or a group of debtors is experiencing significant financial difficulty, default or delinquency in interest or principal payments, the probability that they will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation and observable data indicating that there is a measurable decrease in the estimated future cash flows, such as changes in arrears or economic conditions that correlate with defaults.

Financial assets carried at amortised cost

For financial assets carried at amortised cost, the Group first assesses individually whether objective evidence of impairment exists for financial assets that are individually significant, or collectively for financial assets that are not individually significant. If the Group determines that no objective evidence of impairment exists for an individually assessed financial asset, whether significant or not, it includes the asset in a group of financial assets with similar credit risk characteristics and collectively assesses them for impairment. Assets that are individually assessed for impairment and for which an impairment loss is, or continues to be, recognised are not included in a collective assessment of impairment.

If there is objective evidence that an impairment loss has been incurred, the amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows (excluding future credit losses that have not yet been incurred). The present value of the estimated future cash flows is discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate (i.e., the effective interest rate computed at initial recognition). If a loan has a variable interest rate, the discount rate for measuring any impairment loss is the current effective interest rate.

The carrying amount of the asset is reduced through the use of an allowance account and the loss is recognised in the income statement. Interest income continues to be accrued on the reduced carrying amount and is accrued using the rate of interest used to discount the future cash flows for the purpose of measuring the impairment loss. Loans and receivables together with any associated allowance are written off when there is no realistic prospect of future recovery and all collateral has been realised or has been transferred to the Group.

If, in a subsequent period, the amount of the estimated impairment loss increases or decreases because of an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is increased or reduced by adjusting the allowance account. If a future write-off is later recovered, the recovery is credited to administrative expenses in the income statement.

31 December 2012

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Financial liabilities

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities within the scope of HKAS 39 are classified as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, loans and borrowings, or as derivatives designated as hedging instruments in an effective hedge, as appropriate. The Group determines the classification of its financial liabilities at initial recognition.

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

The Group's financial liabilities include trade and other payables and accruals, an amount due to a PRC joint venture partner, interest-bearing bank borrowings, and loans from the immediate holding company.

Subsequent measurement

The subsequent measurement of loans and borrowings is as follows:

After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost. Gains and losses are recognised in the income statement when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the effective interest rate amortisation process.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the effective interest rate. The effective interest rate amortisation is included in finance costs in the income statement.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled, or expires.

When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and a recognition of a new liability, and the difference between the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the income statement.

Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

31 December 2012

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined on the weighted average basis and, in the case of work in progress and finished goods, comprises direct materials, direct labour and an appropriate proportion of overheads. Net realisable value is based on estimated selling prices less any estimated costs to be incurred to completion and disposal.

Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of the consolidated cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and demand deposits, and short term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash, are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and have a short maturity of generally within three months when acquired, less bank overdrafts which are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management.

For the purpose of the balance sheet, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and at banks which are not restricted as to use.

Provisions

A provision is recognised when a present obligation (legal or constructive) has arisen as a result of a past event and it is probable that a future outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, provided that a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

When the effect of discounting is material, the amount recognised for a provision is the present value at the balance sheet date of the future expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation. The increase in the discounted present value amount arising from the passage of time is included in finance costs in the income statement.

Provisions for staff redundancy payments and compensation to a PRC joint venture partner for early termination of a joint venture agreement are determined based on the relevant employment contracts and the terms of the joint venture agreement.

Income tax

Income tax comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss, either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current tax assets and liabilities for the current and prior periods are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date, taking into consideration interpretations and practices prevailing in the jurisdictions in which the Group operates.

31 December 2012

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Income tax (Continued)

Deferred tax is provided, using the liability method, on all temporary differences at the balance sheet date between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences, except:

- when the deferred tax liability arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; and
- in respect of taxable temporary differences associated with interests in subsidiaries, when the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, the carryforward of unused tax credits and any unused tax losses. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, the carryforward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilised, except:

- when the deferred tax asset relating to the deductible temporary differences arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; and
- in respect of deductible temporary differences associated with interests in subsidiaries, deferred tax assets are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that the temporary differences will reverse in the foreseeable future and taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each balance sheet date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are reassessed at each balance sheet date and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of and are or part of the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

31 December 2012

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Government grants

Government grants are recognised at their fair value where there is reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and all attaching conditions will be complied with. When the grant relates to an expense item, it is recognised as income on a systematic basis over the periods that the costs, which it is intended to compensate, are expensed.

Where the grant relates to an asset, the fair value is deducted from the carrying amount of the asset and released to the income statement by way of a reduced depreciation charge.

Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and when the revenue can be measured reliably, on the following bases:

- (a) from the sale of goods, when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred to the buyer, provided that the Group maintains neither managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership, nor effective control over the goods sold;
- (b) rental income, on a time proportion basis over the lease terms; and
- (c) interest income, on an accrual basis using the effective interest method by applying the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash receipts over the expected life of the financial instrument to the net carrying amount of the financial asset.

Employee benefits

Share-based payments

The Company operates a share option scheme for the purpose of providing incentives and rewards to eligible participants who contribute to the success of the Group's operations. Employees (including directors) of the Group receive remuneration in the form of share-based payments, whereby employees render services as consideration for equity instruments ("equity-settled transactions").

The cost of equity-settled transactions with employees for grants after 7 November 2002 is measured by reference to the fair value at the date at which they are granted. The fair value is determined by an external valuer using a binomial model, further details of which are given in note 25 to the financial statements.

The cost of equity-settled transactions is recognised, together with a corresponding increase in equity, over the period in which the performance and/or service conditions are fulfilled. The cumulative expense recognised for equity-settled transactions at each balance sheet date until the vesting date reflects the extent to which the vesting period has expired and the Group's best estimate of the number of equity instruments that will ultimately vest. The charge or credit to the income statement for a period represents the movement in the cumulative expense recognised as at the beginning and end of that period.

31 December 2012

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Employee benefits (Continued)

Share-based payments (Continued)

No expense is recognised for awards that do not ultimately vest, except for equity-settled transactions where vesting is conditional upon a market or non-vesting condition, which are treated as vesting irrespective of whether or not the market or non-vesting condition is satisfied, provided that all other performance and/or service conditions are satisfied.

Where the terms of an equity-settled award are modified, as a minimum an expense is recognised as if the terms had not been modified, if the original terms of the award are met. In addition, an expense is recognised for any modification that increases the total fair value of the share-based payments, or is otherwise beneficial to the employee as measured at the date of modification.

Where an equity-settled award is cancelled, it is treated as if it had vested on the date of cancellation, and any expense not yet recognised for the award is recognised immediately. This includes any award where non-vesting conditions within the control of either the Group or the employee are not met. However, if a new award is substituted for the cancelled award, and is designated as a replacement award on the date that it is granted, the cancelled and new awards are treated as if they were a modification of the original award, as described in the previous paragraph.

The dilutive effect of outstanding options is reflected as additional share dilution in the computation of earnings per share.

Other employee benefits

Pension schemes

The Group operates a defined contribution Mandatory Provident Fund retirement benefit scheme (the "MPF Scheme") under the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance for those employees who are eligible to participate in the MPF Scheme. Contributions are made based on a percentage of the employees' basic salaries and are charged to the income statement as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the MPF Scheme. The assets of the MPF Scheme are held separately from those of the Group in an independently administered fund. The Group's employer contributions vest fully with the employees when contributed into the MPF Scheme.

The employees of the Group's subsidiaries which operate in Mainland China are required to participate in a central pension scheme (the "PRC Scheme") operated by the local municipal government. These subsidiaries are required to contribute a certain percentage of their payroll costs to the PRC Scheme. The contributions are charged to the income statement as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the PRC Scheme.

31 December 2012

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Foreign currencies

These financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars, which is the Company's functional and presentation currency. Each entity in the Group determines its own functional currency and items included in the financial statements of each entity are measured using that functional currency. Foreign currency transactions recorded by the entities in the Group are initially recorded using their respective functional currency rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the functional currency rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Differences arising on settlement or translation of monetary items are recognised in the income statement.

Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions. Non-monetary items measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was determined. The gain or loss arising on translation of a non-monetary item measured at fair value is treated in line with the recognition of the gain or loss on change in fair value of the item (i.e., translation differences on the item whose fair value gain or loss is recognised in other comprehensive income or profit or loss is also recognised in other comprehensive income or profit or loss, respectively).

The functional currencies of certain overseas subsidiaries are currencies other than the Hong Kong dollar. As at the balance sheet date, the assets and liabilities of these entities are translated into the presentation currency of the Company at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date and their income statements are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the weighted average exchange rates for the year.

The resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the exchange translation reserve. On disposal of a foreign operation, the component of other comprehensive income relating to that particular foreign operation is recognised in the income statement.

For the purpose of the consolidated cash flow statement, the cash flows of overseas subsidiaries are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the exchange rates ruling at the dates of the cash flows. Frequently recurring cash flows of overseas subsidiaries which arise throughout the year are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the weighted average exchange rates for the year.

31 December 2012

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES

The preparation of the Group's financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and their accompanying disclosures, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that could require a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of the assets or liabilities affected in the future.

Estimation uncertainty

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the balance sheet date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are described below.

Provision for inventories

Management reviews the condition of inventories of the Group at each balance sheet date and makes provision for obsolete and slow-moving inventory items. Management estimates the net realisable value for such inventories based primarily on the latest invoice prices and current market conditions. Management reassesses the estimation at each balance sheet date.

Impairment of trade receivables

The Group maintains an allowance for the estimated loss arising from the inability of its customers to make the required payments. The Group makes its estimates based on the ageing of its trade receivable balances, customers' creditworthiness, and historical write-off experience. If the financial condition of its customers was to deteriorate so that the actual impairment loss might be higher than expected, the Group would be required to revise the basis of making the allowance and its future results would be affected.

Useful lives and residual values of items of property, plant and equipment

In determining the useful lives and residual values of items of property, plant and equipment, the Group periodically reviews the changes in market conditions, expected physical wear and tear, and the maintenance of the assets. The estimation of the useful life of the asset is based on experience of the Group with similar assets that are used in a similar way. Additional depreciation is made if the estimated useful lives and/or the residual values of items of property, plant and equipment are different from previous estimation. Useful lives and residual values are reviewed, at each balance sheet date, based on changes in circumstances.

31 December 2012

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES (CONTINUED)

Estimation uncertainty (Continued)

Deferred tax assets

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all unused tax losses to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the losses can be utilised. Significant management judgement is required to determine the amount of deferred tax assets that can be recognised, based upon the likely timing and level of future taxable profits together with future tax planning strategies. The amount of unrecognised tax losses at 31 December 2012 was HK\$66,838,000 (2011: HK\$66,838,000). Further details are contained in note 23 to the financial statements.

Impairment of property, plant and equipment

The Group assesses at the end of each balance sheet date whether there is an indication that property, plant and equipment may be impaired. If any indication exists, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the property, plant and equipment. The Group measures the recoverable amount of the property, plant and equipment with reference to their value-in-use. The value-in-use calculation requires the Group to estimate the future cash flows expected to arise from property, plant and equipment and a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value. As at 31 December 2012, the carrying amount of property, plant and equipment was approximately HK\$103,560,000 (2011: HK\$108,967,000) (note 12).

4. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION

No separate analysis of operating segment information is presented by the Group as over 90% of the Group's revenue, results and assets related to the processing and sale of semi-finished and finished leather in Mainland China during the year.

Information about a major customer

Revenue of approximately HK\$140,133,000 (2011: HK\$111,570,000) was derived from sales to a single customer, which constituted 22.5% (2011: 19.0%) of the total revenue, during the year ended 31 December 2012.

31 December 2012

5. REVENUE, OTHER INCOME AND GAINS

Revenue, which is also the Group's turnover, represents the net invoiced value of goods sold during the year, after allowances for returns and trade discounts and value-added tax.

An analysis of revenue, other income and gains is as follows:

| | Gro | Group | | |
|--|-------------------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | 2012 <i>HK\$'000</i> | 2011 <i>HK\$'000</i> | | |
| Revenue | | | | |
| Processing and sale of leather | 622,869 | 587,020 | | |
| Other income | | | | |
| Interest income | 327 | 1,066 | | |
| Sale of scrap materials | 2,771 | 2,761 | | |
| Government grants* | 6,881 | _ | | |
| Others | 249 | 1,088 | | |
| | 10,228 | 4,915 | | |
| Gains | | | | |
| Surplus on revaluation of buildings | 1,688 | _ | | |
| Foreign exchange gain, net | 1,319 | 1,890 | | |
| Gain on disposal of items of property, plant and equipment | <u> </u> | 38 | | |
| | 3,007 | 1,928 | | |
| | 13,235 | 6,843 | | |

* During the year ended 31 December 2012, the Group received HK\$6,881,000 from the PRC local government to support the Group's PRC operations.

31 December 2012

6. PROFIT BEFORE TAX

The Group's profit before tax is arrived at after charging/(crediting):

| No | tes | 2012 <i>HK\$'000</i> | 2011 <i>HK\$'000</i> |
|--|-----|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Cost of inventories sold | | 593,637 | 571,490 |
| Auditors' remuneration | | 1,190 | 1,150 |
| Depreciation 1. | 2 | 8,687 | 8,542 |
| Interest on: | | | |
| Bank loans and discounting bills receivable to banks | | 2,347 | 2,314 |
| Loans from the immediate holding company | | 3,576 | 1,798 |
| Loan from a fellow subsidiary | | | 1,273 |
| | | 5,923 | E 29E |
| | | 5,925 | 5,385 |
| Employee benefit expense | | | |
| (excluding directors' remuneration (note 8)): | | | |
| Wages and salaries | | 33,708 | 29,917 |
| Pension scheme contributions (defined contribution schemes)* | | 3,008 | 2,331 |
| Recognition/(forfeiture) of equity-settled share options | | (69) | 447 |
| | | (, | |
| | | 36,647 | 32,695 |
| Reversal of provision for inventories** | | (1,159) | (12,667) |
| Minimum lease payments under operating leases in respect | | (1,159) | (12,007) |
| of land and buildings | | 768 | 756 |
| Amortisation of prepaid land lease payments | 3 | 311 | 232 |
| Deficit/(surplus) on revaluation of buildings 1. | - | (1,688) | 521 |
| Loss/(gain) on disposal of items of property, plant and equipment | 2 | 184 | (38) |
| Provision/(reversal of provision) for trade and other receivables, net | | (1,060) | 331 |

* At the balance sheet date, the Group had no forfeited contributions available to reduce its contributions to the pension schemes in future years.

** This item is included in the "cost of sales" on the face of the consolidated income statement.

31 December 2012

7. INCOME TAX

No provision for Hong Kong profits tax has been made as the Group did not generate any assessable profits arising in Hong Kong during the year (2011: Nil). Taxes on profits assessable in Mainland China have been calculated at the rate of tax prevailing in Mainland China in which the Group operates.

| | 2012 <i>HK\$'000</i> | 2011 <i>HK\$'000</i> |
|--|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Group: Current — Mainland China | | |
| Charge for the year Under/(over)-provision in prior years | 5,534 (20) | 3,668 480 |
| Deferred (note 23) | (456) | (130) |
| Total tax charge for the year | 5,058 | 4,018 |

A reconciliation of the tax expense/(credit) applicable to profit/(loss) before tax at the statutory rates for the jurisdictions in which the Company and the majority of its subsidiaries are domiciled to the tax expense at the effective tax rates is as follows:

Group — 2012

| | Hong Kong <i>HK\$'000</i> | Mainland China <i>HK\$'000</i> | Total <i>HK\$'000</i> |
|--|------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------|
| Profit/(loss) before tax | (11,408) | 17,499 | 6,091 |
| Tax at the statutory tax rate Adjustments in respect of current tax | (1,882) | 4,374 | 2,492 |
| of previous periods | | (20) | (20) |
| Income not subject to tax | (9,045) | (829) | (9,874) |
| Expenses not deductible for tax | 10,917 | 1,336 | 12,253 |
| Tax losses not recognised | 10 | 197 | 207 |
| Tax charge at the Group's effective rate | | 5,058 | 5,058 |

31 December 2012

7. INCOME TAX (CONTINUED)

Group — 2011

| | | Mainland | |
|---|-----------|----------|----------|
| | Hong Kong | China | Total |
| | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| Profit/(loss) before tax | (11,445) | 16,652 | 5,207 |
| Tax at the statutory tax rate | (1,888) | 4,163 | 2,275 |
| Adjustments in respect of current tax | | | |
| of previous periods | _ | 480 | 480 |
| Income not subject to tax | (5) | (3,665) | (3,670) |
| Expenses not deductible for tax | 607 | 1,387 | 1,994 |
| Tax losses utilised from previous periods | _ | (50) | (50) |
| Tax losses not recognised | 1,286 | 1,703 | 2,989 |
| Tax charge at the Group's effective rate | _ | 4,018 | 4,018 |

8. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION

Directors' remuneration for the year, disclosed pursuant to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules") and Section 161 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, is as follows:

| | Group | | |
|--|-------------------------|-------------------------|--|
| | 2012 <i>HK\$'000</i> | 2011 <i>HK\$'000</i> | |
| Fees | 450 | 450 | |
| Other emoluments: | | | |
| Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind | 1,047 | 963 | |
| Performance related bonuses* | 809 | 211 | |
| Recognition/(forfeiture) of equity-settled share options | (150) | 1,000 | |
| Pension scheme contributions | 269 | 262 | |
| | 1,975 | 2,436 | |
| | 2,425 | 2,886 | |

* Certain executive directors of the Company are entitled to bonus payments which are determined as a percentage of the profit after tax of the Group.

In prior years, certain directors were granted share options, in respect of their services to the Group, under the share option scheme of the Group, further details of which are set out in note 25 to the financial statements. The fair value of such options, which has been recognised in the income statement over the vesting period was determined as at the date of grant and the amount included in the financial statements for the current year is included in the above directors' remuneration disclosures.

31 December 2012

8. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION (CONTINUED)

(a) Independent non-executive directors

The fees paid to independent non-executive directors during the year were as follows:

| | 2012 <i>HK\$'000</i> | 2011 <i>HK\$'000</i> |
|--------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Mr. Fung Lak | 150 | 150 |
| Mr. Choi Kam Fai, Thomas | 150 | 150 |
| Mr. Chan Cheong Tat | 150 | 150 |
| | 450 | 450 |

There were no other emoluments payable to the independent non-executive directors during the year (2011: Nil).

(b) Executive directors and non-executive directors

| | Fees <i>HK\$'000</i> | Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind <i>HK\$'000</i> | Performance related bonuses <i>HK\$'000</i> | Equity- settled share options forfeited <i>HK\$</i> '000 | Pension scheme contributions HK\$'000 | Total remuneration <i>HK\$'000</i> |
|---|-------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|
| 2012 | | | | | | |
| Executive directors: | | | | | | |
| Mr. Chen Hong | | 654 | 379 | (55) | 241 | 1,219 |
| Mr. Sun Jun | | 393 | 430 | (16) | 28 | 835 |
| | | 1,047 | 809 | (71) | 269 | 2,054 |
| <i>Non-executive directors:</i> Mr. Xiong Guangyang Mrs. Ho Lam Lai Ping, | | | | (60) | | (60) |
| Theresa | | | | | | <u> </u> |
| Mr. Qiao Jiankang | | | | (19) | | (19) |
| | | | | (79) | | (79) |
| | _ | 1,047 | 809 | (150) | 269 | 1,975 |

31 December 2012

8. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION (CONTINUED)

(b) Executive directors and non-executive directors (Continued)

| | | Salaries, | | Equity- | | |
|---|-------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| | | allowances | Performance | settled | Pension | |
| | | and benefits | related | share option | scheme | Total |
| | Fees <i>HK\$'000</i> | in kind <i>HK\$'000</i> | bonuses <i>HK\$'000</i> | expense <i>HK\$'000</i> | contributions <i>HK\$'000</i> | remuneration <i>HK\$'000</i> |
| 2011 | | | | | | |
| Executive directors: | | | | | | |
| Mr. Chen Hong | _ | 603 | 115 | 425 | 239 | 1,382 |
| Mr. Sun Jun | | 360 | 96 | 99 | 23 | 578 |
| | | 963 | 211 | 524 | 262 | 1,960 |
| Non-executive directors: Mr. Xiong Guangyang | _ | _ | _ | 328 | _ | 328 |
| Mrs. Ho Lam Lai Ping, | | | | | | |
| Theresa Mr. Qiao Jiankang | _ | _ | | 148 | _ | 148 |
| | _ | _ | _ | 476 | | 476 |
| | _ | 963 | 211 | 1,000 | 262 | 2,436 |

There was no arrangement under which a director waived or agreed to waive any remuneration during the year.

31 December 2012

9. FIVE HIGHEST PAID EMPLOYEES

The five highest paid employees of the Group during the year included two (2011: two) directors, details of whose remuneration are set out in note 8 above. Details of the remuneration for the year of the remaining three (2011: three) highest paid employees who are not the directors of the Company, are as follows:

| | Group | | |
|--|-------------------------|-------------------------|--|
| | 2012 <i>HK\$'000</i> | 2011 <i>HK\$'000</i> | |
| Salaries and allowances Pension scheme contributions Equity-settled share option expense | 1,648 38 (22) | 1,410 43 170 | |
| | 1,664 | 1,623 | |

The number of non-director highest paid employees whose remuneration fell within the following band is as follows:

| | Number of employees | | |
|----------------------|---------------------|------|--|
| | 2012 | 2011 | |
| Nil to HK\$1,000,000 | 3 | 3 | |

In prior years, share options were granted to a non-director highest paid employee in respect of his services to the Group, further details of which are included in the disclosures in note 25 to the financial statements. The fair value of such options, which has been recognised in the income statement over the vesting period, was determined as at the date of grant and the amount included in the financial statements for the current year is included in the above non-director highest paid employees' remuneration disclosures.

10. LOSS FOR THE YEAR

Loss of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2012 of HK\$10,033,000 (2011: HK\$8,454,000) has been dealt with in the consolidated profit attributable to equity holder of the Company for the year.

31 December 2012

11. EARNINGS PER SHARE

The calculation of basic earnings per share amounts is based on the profit for the year and the weighted average number of ordinary shares of 538,019,000 (2011: 537,829,411) in issue during the year.

The calculation of diluted earnings per share amounts is based on the profit for the year. The weighted average number of ordinary shares used in the calculation is the number of ordinary shares in issue during the year, as used in the basic earnings per share calculation, and the weighted average number of ordinary shares assumed to have been issued at no consideration on the deemed exercise of all dilutive potential ordinary share options into ordinary shares.

The calculations of basic and diluted earnings per share are based on:

| | 2012 HK\$'000 | 2011 <i>HK\$'000</i> |
|---|------------------|-------------------------|
| Earnings | | |
| Profit for the year, used in the basic earnings per share calculation | 1,033 | 1,189 |

| | Number o | of shares |
|--|-------------|-------------|
| | 2012 | 2011 |
| Shares Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year used in the basic earnings per share calculation | 538,019,000 | 537,829,411 |
| Effect of dilution — weighted average number of ordinary shares: Share options | 141,865 | 503,943 |
| | 538,160,865 | 538,333,354 |

31 December 2012

12. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Group

| | Buildings HK\$'000 | Leasehold improve- ments HK\$'000 | Plant and machinery <i>HK\$'</i> 000 | Electronic equipment <i>HK\$'000</i> | Furniture, fixtures and equipment <i>HK\$'000</i> | Motor vehicles HK\$'000 | Construction in progress HK\$'000 | Total <i>HK\$'000</i> |
|--|-----------------------|--|--|--|---|-------------------------------|---|--------------------------|
| 31 December 2012 | | | | | | | | |
| At 1 January 2012: | | | | | | | | |
| Cost or valuation | 49,599 | 15,776 | 98,979 | 3,994 | 666 | 6,784 | 6,166 | 181,964 |
| Accumulated depreciation | | | | | | | | |
| and impairment | - | (7,969) | (56,644) | (2,290) | (657) | (5,437) | | (72,997) |
| Net carrying amount | 49,599 | 7,807 | 42,335 | 1,704 | 9 | 1,347 | 6,166 | 108,967 |
| At 1 January 2012, net of accumulated depreciation | | | | | | | | |
| and impairment | 49,599 | 7,807 | 42,335 | 1,704 | | 1,347 | 6,166 | 108,967 |
| Additions | 182 | 1,205 | 2,292 | 118 | 22 | | 2,790 | 6,609 |
| Disposals | <u> </u> | | (25) | (4) | | (22) | (170) | (221) |
| Surplus on revaluation (note (a)) | 2,217 | | | | | | | 2,217 |
| Depreciation provided during | (2.462) | (4.250) | (4.255) | (522) | | (475) | | (0, 0, 0, 0) |
| the year | (2,163) | (1,256) | (4,255) | (533) | (5) | (475) | — (F 969) | (8,687) |
| Transfers Impairment (note (b)) | | 3,380 (1,053) | 2,459 (4,043) | 29 (124) | | — (80) | (5,868) | (5,300) |
| Exchange realignment | (13) | (1,055) 9 | (4,043) | (124) | _ | (80) | (11) | (5,300) |
| | | | | | | | | |
| At 31 December 2012, net of accumulated depreciation | | | | | | | | |
| and impairment | 49,822 | 10,092 | 38,757 | 1,188 | 26 | 768 | 2,907 | 103,560 |
| At 31 December 2012: | | | | | | | | |
| Cost or valuation | 49,822 | 20,373 | 103,419 | 4,096 | 687 | 6,566 | 2,907 | 187,870 |
| Accumulated depreciation | | | | | | | | |
| and impairment | — | (10,281) | (64,662) | (2,908) | (661) | (5,798) | | (84,310) |
| Net carrying amount | 49,822 | 10,092 | 38,757 | 1,188 | 26 | 768 | 2,907 | 103,560 |
| Analysis of cost or valuation: | | | | | | | | |
| Analysis of cost or valuation: At cost | | 20,373 | 103,419 | 4,096 | 687 | 6,566 | 2,907 | 138,048 |
| At 31 December 2012 valuation | 49,822 | | - 105,415 | 4,090 | | | | 49,822 |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | 49,822 | 20,373 | 103,419 | 4,096 | 687 | 6,566 | 2,907 | 187,870 |

31 December 2012

12. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONTINUED)

| Group | | | | | | | | |
|---|-----------------------|---|---|--|--|-------------------------------|---|--------------------------|
| | Buildings HK\$'000 | Leasehold improve- ments <i>HK\$'000</i> | Plant and machinery <i>HK\$'000</i> | Electronic equipment <i>HK\$'000</i> | Furniture, fixtures and equipment <i>HK\$'000</i> | Motor vehicles HK\$'000 | Construction in progress HK\$'000 | Total <i>HK\$'000</i> |
| 31 December 2011 | | | | | | | | |
| At 1 January 2011: | | | | | | | | |
| Cost or valuation | 42,168 | 12,362 | 84,670 | 2,745 | 666 | 7,999 | 20,741 | 171,351 |
| Accumulated depreciation and impairment | | (6,974) | (52,484) | (1,672) | (643) | (6,059) | _ | (67,832) |
| Net carrying amount | 42,168 | 5,388 | 32,186 | 1,073 | 23 | 1,940 | 20,741 | 103,519 |
| At 1 January 2011, net of accumulated depreciation | | | | | | | | |
| and impairment | 42,168 | 5,388 | 32,186 | 1,073 | 23 | 1,940 | 20,741 | 103,519 |
| Additions | 516 | 943 | 591 | 139 | — | 6 | 7,430 | 9,625 |
| Disposals | — | — | (286) | _ | — | (141) | — | (427) |
| Deficit on revaluation (note (a)) | (337) | — | — | _ | — | — | — | (337) |
| Depreciation provided during | (| () | (| () | () | () | | () |
| the year | (2,110) | (727) | (4,604) | (530) | (14) | (557) | | (8,542) |
| Transfers | 7,271 | 1,794 | 12,661 | 955 | — | — | (22,681) | |
| Exchange realignment | 2,091 | 409 | 1,787 | 67 | | 99 | 676 | 5,129 |
| At 31 December 2011, net of accumulated depreciation | | | | | | | | |
| and impairment | 49,599 | 7,807 | 42,335 | 1,704 | 9 | 1,347 | 6,166 | 108,967 |
| At 31 December 2011: | | | | | | | | |
| Cost or valuation | 49,599 | 15,776 | 98,979 | 3,994 | 666 | 6,784 | 6,166 | 181,964 |
| Accumulated depreciation and impairment | _ | (7,969) | (56,644) | (2,290) | (657) | (5,437) | _ | (72,997) |
| Net carrying amount | 49,599 | 7,807 | 42,335 | 1,704 | 9 | 1,347 | 6,166 | 108,967 |
| Analysis of cost or valuation: | | | | | | | | |
| At cost | _ | 15,776 | 98,979 | 3,994 | 666 | 6,784 | 6,166 | 132,365 |
| At 31 December 2011 valuation | 49,599 | | | | _ | | | 49,599 |
| | 49,599 | 15,776 | 98,979 | 3,994 | 666 | 6,784 | 6,166 | 181,964 |
| | | | | | | | | |

31 December 2012

12. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONTINUED)

Company

| | Furniture, fixtures and equipment HK\$'000 |
|--|---|
| 31 December 2012 | |
| At 1 January 2012: | |
| Cost Accumulated depreciation | 384 (376) |
| Net carrying amount | 8 |
| At 1 January 2012, net of accumulated depreciation | 8 |
| Additions | 22 |
| Depreciation provided during the year | (5) |
| At 31 December 2012, net of accumulated depreciation | 25 |
| At 31 December 2012: | |
| Cost | 406 (381) |
| Accumulated depreciation | (100) |
| Net carrying amount | 25 |
| 31 December 2011 | |
| At 1 January 2011: | |
| Cost | 384 |
| Accumulated depreciation | (362) |
| Net carrying amount | 22 |
| At 1 January 2011, net of accumulated depreciation | 22 |
| Depreciation provided during the year | (14) |
| At 31 December 2011, net of accumulated depreciation | 8 |
| At 31 December 2011: | |
| Cost | 384 |

Cost384Accumulated depreciation(376)Net carrying amount8

31 December 2012

12. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONTINUED)

Notes:

(a) Certain of the Group's buildings were revalued individually at the balance sheet date by Asset Appraisal Limited, independent professionally qualified valuers, at an aggregate open market value of HK\$49,822,000 (2011: HK\$49,599,000) based on their existing use, with a net revaluation surplus of HK\$2,217,000 (2011: net revaluation deficit of HK\$337,000), consisting of a revaluation surplus of HK\$529,000 (2011: HK\$184,000) credited to other comprehensive income and a revaluation surplus of HK\$1,688,000 (2011: revaluation deficit of HK\$521,000) included in the income statement (note 6).

Had these buildings been carried at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, their carrying amounts as at 31 December 2012 would have been approximately HK\$45,018,000 (2011: HK\$47,012,000).

(b) In light of the business activity and the future performance of the manufacture and sale of the leather business, the directors reassessed the recoverable amounts of property, plant and equipment as at 31 December 2012 by reference to a valuation as at 31 December 2012 (the "Valuation") performed by Asset Appraisal Limited, independent professionally qualified valuers. Based on the Valuation, an impairment loss of HK\$5,300,000 was recognised in the consolidated income statement during the year.

According to the Valuation, the recoverable amount was determined based on a value-in-use calculation which is derived from the present value of expected future cash flows to be generated from the sale of semi-finished and finished leather. The discount rate applied to the projected cash flows is 15.24%.

| | Group | | |
|---|------------------|-------------------------|--|
| | 2012 HK\$'000 | 2011 <i>HK\$'000</i> | |
| Carrying amount at 1 January | 14,878 | 8,308 | |
| Additions | — | 6,250 | |
| Recognised during the year <i>(note 6)</i> | (311) | (232) | |
| Exchange realignment | (3) | 552 | |
| Carrying amount at 31 December | 14,564 | 14,878 | |
| Current portion included in receivables, prepayments and deposits | (312) | (312) | |
| Non-current portion | 14,252 | 14,566 | |

13. PREPAID LAND LEASE PAYMENTS

The Group's leasehold land is held under medium term leases and is situated in Mainland China.

As at 31 December 2011, the Group had applied for and had not received the land use right certificate in respect of a leasehold land situated in Mainland China with a net carrying amount of HK\$6,341,000. The land use right certificate had been obtained during the year ended 31 December 2012.

31 December 2012

14. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES

| | Company | | |
|---|-------------------------|-------------------------|--|
| | 2012 <i>HK\$'000</i> | 2011 <i>HK\$'000</i> | |
| Unlisted shares, at cost Loans to subsidiaries | 220,008 242,345 | 220,008 305,014 | |
| Impairments# | 462,353 (151,124) | 525,022 (205,649) | |
| | 311,229 | 319,373 | |

Impairments were recognised for certain unlisted investments and loans to subsidiaries with a total carrying amount of HK\$185,550,000 (before deducting the impairments) (2011: HK\$240,080,000) because these subsidiaries had been making losses persistently.

Movements in the impairments of interests in subsidiaries are as follows:

| | 2012 <i>HK\$'000</i> | 2011 <i>HK\$'000</i> |
|--|--------------------------|-------------------------|
| At 1 January Impairment losses recognised Impairment losses reversed | 205,649 — (54,525) | 150,518 55,131 — |
| At 31 December | 151,124 | 205,649 |

The loans to subsidiaries are unsecured, interest-free and are not repayable within one year from 31 December 2012. In the opinion of the Company's directors, these advances are considered as quasi-equity loans to the subsidiaries.

31 December 2012

14. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (CONTINUED)

Particulars of the principal subsidiaries are as follows:

| | Place of registration and | Nominal value of issued ordinary/ registered | attrib | ercentage of equity utable to Company | |
|--|---------------------------|---|--------|--|--|
| Name | operations | share capital | Direct | Indirect | Principal activities |
| | | | (%) | (%) | |
| 徐州港威皮革有限公司 (Xuzhou Gangwei Leather Co., Ltd.)* | PRC/Mainland China | RMB18,000,000 | 100 | _ | Leather trading and lease of plant and machinery |
| 徐州南海皮廠有限公司 (Xuzhou Nanhai Leather Factory Co., Ltd.)* ("Xuzhou Tannery") | PRC/Mainland China | US\$10,450,000 | 100 | _ | Processing of cowhides and leather trading |
| 粵海制革(徐州)有限公司 (Guangdong Tannery (Xuzhou) Limited)⁺ | PRC/Mainland China | US\$9,000,000 | 100 | _ | Lease of plant and machinery |

* Registered as wholly-foreign-owned enterprises under PRC law.

The above table lists the subsidiaries of the Company which, in the opinion of the directors, principally affected the results for the year and formed a substantial portion of the net assets of the Group. To give details of other subsidiaries would, in the opinion of the directors, result in particulars of excessive length.

15. INVENTORIES

| | Group | Group | | |
|---|-----------------------------|----------------------------|--|--|
| | 2012 <i>HK\$'0</i> 00 | 2011 <i>HK\$'000</i> | | |
| Raw materials Work in progress Finished goods | 49,111 122,229 29,339 | 46,075 99,447 39,570 | | |
| | 200,679 | 185,092 | | |

31 December 2012

16. RECEIVABLES, PREPAYMENTS AND DEPOSITS

As at 31 December 2012, included in the Group's receivables, prepayments and deposits were trade and bills receivables with a net balance of HK\$232,532,000 (2011: HK\$216,780,000) due from the Group's customers.

The Group's trading terms with customers are mainly on credit, except for new customers, where payment in advance is normally required. Invoices are normally payable within 30 days of issuance, except for certain wellestablished customers, where the terms are extended to two to three months. Each customer has a maximum credit limit. The Group seeks to maintain tight control over its outstanding receivables in order to minimise credit risk. Overdue balances are reviewed regularly by senior management. In view of the aforementioned and the fact that the Group's trade receivables relate to a large number of diversified customers, there is no significant concentration of credit risk. The Group does not hold any collateral or other credit enhancements over its trade receivable balances. Trade receivables are non-interest-bearing. The carrying amounts of trade receivables approximate their fair values.

An aged analysis of the trade and bills receivables as at the balance sheet date, based on the settlement due date, is as follows:

| | Group | | |
|---|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|--|
| | 2012 <i>HK\$'000</i> | 2011 <i>HK\$'000</i> | |
| Current Less than 3 months 3 to 6 months Over 6 months | 231,787 845 7 166 | 216,042 1,096 409 695 | |
| Impairment | 232,805 (273) 232,532 | 218,242 (1,462) 216,780 | |

Movements in the provision for impairment of trade receivables are as follows:

| | Group | | |
|--|-------------------------|-------------------------|--|
| | 2012 <i>HK\$'000</i> | 2011 <i>HK\$'000</i> | |
| At 1 January Impairment losses recognised Impairment losses reversed | 1,462 | 1,054 1,051 (703) | |
| Bad debt written off Exchange realignment | (125) (4) | 60 | |
| At 31 December | 273 | 1,462 | |

31 December 2012

16. RECEIVABLES, PREPAYMENTS AND DEPOSITS (CONTINUED)

The above provision for impairment of trade receivables is a provision for individually fully impaired trade receivables. The individually fully impaired trade receivables relate to customers that were in default or delinquency payments.

The aged analysis of the trade and bills receivables that are not considered to be impaired is as follows:

| | Group | | |
|--|-------------------------|-------------------------|--|
| | 2012 <i>HK\$'000</i> | 2011 <i>HK\$'000</i> | |
| Neither past due nor impaired Less than 3 months past due | 231,787 745 | 216,042 738 | |
| | 232,532 | 216,780 | |

Receivables that were neither past due nor impaired relate to a large number of diversified customers for whom there was no recent history of default.

Receivables that were past due but not impaired relate to a number of independent customers that have a good track record with the Group. Based on past experience, the directors of the Company are of the opinion that no provision for impairment is necessary in respect of these balances as there has not been a significant change in the credit quality and the balances are still considered fully recoverable.

17. CASH AND BANK BALANCES, RESTRICTED BANK BALANCES AND PLEDGED BANK BALANCES

| | Group | | Company | |
|--|-------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------|-------------------------|
| | 2012 <i>HK\$'000</i> | 2011 <i>HK\$'000</i> | 2012 HK\$'000 | 2011 <i>HK\$'000</i> |
| Cash and bank balances Less: Pledged bank balances* Restricted bank balances | 57,518 (13,005) — | 117,012 (33,490) (1,850) | 1,172 — — | 3,328 — — |
| | (13,005) | (35,340) | | |
| Cash and bank balances | 44,513 | 81,672 | 1,172 | 3,328 |

* These bank balances were pledged to banks for banking facilities granted to the Group (note 32).

31 December 2012

17. CASH AND BANK BALANCES, RESTRICTED BANK BALANCES AND PLEDGED BANK BALANCES (CONTINUED)

At the balance sheet date, the cash and bank balances of the Group denominated in Renminbi ("RMB") amounted to HK\$55,903,000 (2011: HK\$111,807,000). The RMB is not freely convertible into other currencies; however, under Mainland China's Foreign Exchange Control Regulations and Administration of Settlement, Sale and Payment of Foreign Exchange Regulations, the Group is permitted to exchange RMB for other currencies through banks authorised to conduct foreign exchange business.

Cash at banks earns interest at floating rates based on daily bank deposit rates. Short term time deposits are made for varying periods of between one day and three months depending on the immediate cash requirements of the Group, and earn interest at the respective short term time deposit rates. The bank balances and pledged bank balances are deposited with creditworthy banks with no recent history of default. The carrying amounts of cash and bank balances approximate their fair values.

The restricted bank balances at 31 December 2011 represented bank balances frozen by court orders in relation to a pending litigation for which adequate provision had been accrued to cover the exposure. The balance was released during the year ended 31 December 2012.

18. TRADE PAYABLES, OTHER PAYABLES AND ACCRUALS

An aged analysis of the trade payables as at the balance sheet date, based on the date of receipt of goods is as follows:

| | Gro | Group | | |
|---|--------------------------|---------------------------|--|--|
| | 2012 <i>HK\$'000</i> | 2011 <i>HK\$'000</i> | | |
| Within 3 months 3 to 6 months Over 6 months | 30,267 6,808 2,920 | 24,486 20,234 4,002 | | |
| | 39,995 | 48,722 | | |

The trade payables of the Group are non-interest-bearing and are normally settled on terms of 60 to 90 days. Other payables of the Group and the Company are non-interest-bearing and have an average term of three months. The carrying amounts of trade and other payables approximate their fair values.

31 December 2012

19. INTEREST-BEARING BANK AND OTHER BORROWINGS

| | | 2012 | | | 2011 | |
|--|-----------------------|----------|---------------------------|-----------------------|----------|---------------------------|
| | Effective interest | | | Effective interest | | |
| | rate (%) | Maturity | Amount <i>HK\$'000</i> | rate (%) | Maturity | Amount <i>HK\$'000</i> |
| Group | | | | | | |
| Current Trust receipt loans, secured Loans from the immediate holding | 2.01–2.50 | 2013 | 53,731 | 3.10-5.24 | 2012 | 90,357 |
| company (note 21) | 2.81–2.90 | 2013 | 142,379 | 1.30–2.58 | 2012 | 142,379 |
| | | | 196,110 | | | 232,736 |
| Company | | | | | | |
| Current Loans from the immediate holding | | | | | | |
| company (note 21) | 2.86–2.90 | 2013 | 87,779 | 1.30–2.58 | 2012 | 142,379 |

| | Group | | Comp | any |
|--|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| | 2012 <i>HK\$'000</i> | 2011 <i>HK\$'000</i> | 2012 <i>HK\$'000</i> | 2011 <i>HK\$'000</i> |
| Analysed into: Trust receipt loans repayable within | | | | |
| one year Other borrowings repayable within | 53,731 | 90,357 | | _ |
| one year | 142,379 | 142,379 | 87,779 | 142,379 |
| | 196,110 | 232,736 | 87,779 | 142,379 |

The Group's trust receipt loan facilities which are denominated in United States dollars and amounted to HK\$341,661,000 (2011: HK\$251,160,000) are secured by the pledge of certain of the Group's bank balances and supported by corporate guarantees executed by the Company (2011: pledge of certain of the Group's bank balances and supported by corporate guarantees executed by the Company). The balance of HK\$53,731,000 had been utilised at 31 December 2012 (2011: HK\$90,357,000).

Details of the pledge of assets are included in note 32 to the financial statements.

The carrying amounts of the Group's interest-bearing bank and other borrowings approximate their fair values.

31 December 2012

20. DUE TO A PRC JOINT VENTURE PARTNER

The Group's amount due to a PRC joint venture partner is unsecured, interest-free and has no fixed terms of repayment. The carrying amount approximates its fair value.

21. LOANS FROM THE IMMEDIATE HOLDING COMPANY

The following table illustrates the loans from GDH, the Company's immediate holding company:

| | Group | | Company | |
|-------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| | 2012 | 2011 | 2012 | 2011 |
| Notes | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| | | | | |
| (a) | 22,779 | 22,779 | 22,779 | 22,779 |
| (b) | 65,000 | 65,000 | 65,000 | 65,000 |
| (c) | 54,600 | 54,600 | | 54,600 |
| | | | | |
| | 142,379 | 142,379 | 87,779 | 142,379 |

Notes:

- (a) The balance represents an unsecured loan of US\$2,920,000 (2011: US\$2,920,000), which bears interest at 3-month LIBOR + 2.5% (2011: 3-month LIBOR + 1%) and is repayable on 31 July 2013 (2011: repayable on 31 July 2012).
- (b) The balance represents an unsecured loan of HK\$65,000,000 (2011: HK\$65,000,000), which bears interest at 3-month HIBOR + 2.5% (2011: 3-month HIBOR + 2%) and is repayable on 9 August 2013 (2011: repayable on 9 August 2012).
- (c) The balance represents an unsecured loan of US\$7,000,000 (2011: US\$7,000,000), which bears interest at 3-month LIBOR + 2.5% (2011: 3-month LIBOR + 2%) and is repayable on 30 December 2013 (2011: repayable on 30 December 2012).

The carrying values of the loans approximate their fair values.

31 December 2012

22. PROVISION

Group

| | Early |
|--|-----------------------|
| | termination of |
| | a joint venture |
| | agreement HK\$'000 |
| At 1 January 2011 | 3,748 |
| Exchange realignment | 186 |
| At 31 December 2011, 1 January 2012 and 31 December 2012 | 3,934 |

With respect to the Group's decision in August 2001 to curtail the operations of 青島南海皮廠有限公司 (Qingdao Nanhai Tannery Co., Ltd.) ("Qingdao Tannery"), a subsidiary of the Group, due to its continuous losses, provisions of RMB3,000,000 were made for (a) staff redundancy payments of RMB2,000,000; and (b) compensation of RMB1,000,000 to the PRC joint venture partner for early termination of the joint venture agreement with Qingdao Tannery. These provisions were determined based on the relevant employment contracts and the terms of the joint venture agreement.

Qingdao Tannery is a Sino-foreign co-operative joint venture. Pursuant to the joint venture agreement, the registered capital of Qingdao Tannery was solely contributed by the Company. The PRC joint venture partner contributed its plant and equipment for the operations of Qingdao Tannery. The Company is entitled to all its distributable profits after the payment of an agreed annual fee to the PRC joint venture partner.

During the year ended 31 December 2004, the arbitration proceedings undertaken by the Group and the PRC joint venture partner were concluded by the China International Economic and Trade Arbitration Commissions in Shenzhen and Beijing. These proceedings determined that (i) the joint venture agreement of Qingdao Tannery was terminated with effect from 23 August 2001; (ii) Qingdao Tannery should be liquidated in accordance with the joint venture agreement and the relevant laws and regulations in the PRC; and (iii) the PRC joint venture partner's claim against the Company for an economic loss of RMB15 million due to the termination of the joint venture agreement was revoked.

As the liquidation of Qingdao Tannery has not been completed, no payment for the provision, additional provision or reversal of provision was made during the year.

31 December 2012

23. DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES

Movements in deferred tax liabilities/(assets) of the Group during the year are as follows:

| | Depreciation in excess of related tax depreciation | Revaluation of properties | Total |
|--|---|------------------------------|----------|
| | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| At 1 January 2011 | _ | 717 | 717 |
| Deferred tax debited to the property revaluation reserve Deferred tax credited to the income statement | _ | 46 | 46 |
| during the year (note 7) | _ | (130) | (130) |
| At 31 December 2011 and 1 January 2012 | — | 633 | 633 |
| Deferred tax debited to the property revaluation reserve Deferred tax credited to the income statement | - | 132 | 132 |
| during the year <i>(note 7)</i> Deferred tax debited to the income statement | (878) | | (878) |
| during the year (note 7) | | 422 | 422 |
| At 31 December 2012 | (878) | 1,187 | 309 |

The Group has tax losses arising in Hong Kong of HK\$66,838,000 (2011: HK\$66,838,000) that are available for offsetting against future taxable profits of the companies in which the losses arose. Deferred tax assets have not been recognised in respect of these losses as they have arisen in subsidiaries that have been loss-making for some time and the directors considered it is not probable that taxable profits will be available against which the tax losses can be utilised. As at 31 December 2012, the Group had no tax losses (2011: Nil) arising in Mainland China that will expire in one to five years for offsetting against future taxable profits.

Pursuant to the PRC Corporate Income Tax Law, a 10% withholding tax is levied on dividends declared to foreign investors from the foreign investment enterprises established in Mainland China. The requirement is effective from 1 January 2008 and applies to earnings after 31 December 2007. A lower withholding tax rate may be applied if there is a tax treaty between Mainland China and the jurisdiction of the foreign investors. For the Group, the applicable rate is 5%. The Group is therefore liable for withholding taxes on dividends distributed by those subsidiaries established in Mainland China in respect of earnings generated from 1 January 2008.

At 31 December 2012, no deferred tax has been recognised for withholding taxes that would be payable on the unremitted earnings that are subject to withholding taxes of the Group's subsidiaries established in Mainland China. In the opinion of the directors, it is not probable that these subsidiaries will distribute such earnings in the foreseeable future. The unremitted earnings of the subsidiaries in Mainland China which represented the aggregate amount of the temporary differences that deferred tax liabilities have not been recognised totalled approximately HK\$101,140,000 at 31 December 2012 (2011: HK\$88,432,000).

31 December 2012

24. SHARE CAPITAL

Shares

| | 2012 <i>HK\$'000</i> | 2011 <i>HK\$'000</i> |
|--|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Authorised: 700,000,000 ordinary shares of HK\$0.10 each | 70,000 | 70,000 |
| Issued and fully paid: 538,019,000 (2011: 538,019,000) ordinary shares of HK\$0.10 each | 53,802 | 53,802 |

A summary of the transactions of the Company's issued ordinary share capital is as follows:

| | Number of shares in issue | lssued share capital HK\$'000 | Share premium account HK\$'000 | Total HK\$'000 |
|---|------------------------------|--|---|--------------------------|
| At 1 January 2011 | 537,619,000 | 53,762 | 413,995 | 467,757 |
| Share premium reduction (note 26(a)(ii)) Share options exercised | 400,000 | — 40 | (393,346) 136 | (393,346) 176 |
| At 31 December 2011, 1 January 2012 and 31 December 2012 | 538,019,000 | 53,802 | 20,785 | 74,587 |

Share options

Details of the Company's share option scheme and the share options issued under the scheme are included in note 25 to the financial statements.

31 December 2012

25. SHARE OPTION SCHEME

On 24 November 2008, the Company adopted a new share option scheme (the "2008 Scheme").

The purpose of the 2008 Scheme is to provide incentives to selected employees, officers and directors who contribute to the Group and to provide the Company with a flexible means of retaining, incentivising, rewarding, remunerating, compensating and/or providing benefits to such employees, officers and directors or to serve such other purposes as the board of directors of the Company (the "Board") may approve from time to time. Eligible persons of the 2008 Scheme include the employees, officers or directors of a member of the Group. The 2008 Scheme, unless otherwise terminated or amended, will remain in force for 10 years from 24 November 2008.

The total number of ordinary shares which may be issued upon exercise of all share options to be granted under the 2008 Scheme (excluding any which has lapsed) and any other schemes of the Company must not, in aggregate, exceed 10% of the ordinary shares in issue as at the date of the adoption of the 2008 Scheme.

The total number of ordinary shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of the share options granted and to be granted under the 2008 Scheme to each eligible person (including both exercised, cancelled and outstanding options) in any 12-month period up to and including the date of grant of share options must not exceed 1% of the ordinary shares in issue at such date. Any further grant of share options under the 2008 Scheme in excess of this limit is subject to shareholders' approval in a general meeting of the Company.

Share options granted to a director or chief executive of the Company, or any of their respective associates, under the 2008 Scheme must be approved by the independent non-executive directors of the Company. In addition, for any share options granted to an independent non-executive director of the Company, or any of their respective associates, which would result in the ordinary shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of all share options already granted or to be granted under the 2008 Scheme (including options exercised, cancelled and outstanding) to such person in the 12-month period up to and including the date of such grant (i) representing in aggregate over 0.1% of the ordinary shares in issue; and (ii) having an aggregate value (based on the closing price of the ordinary shares at the date of grant) in excess of HK\$5 million, such grant of options by the Board must be approved by shareholders in a general meeting.

An offer of grant of a share option under the 2008 Scheme may be accepted by the grantee within the period of the time stipulated by the Board, but no later than 14 days from the date of such offer. All share options under the 2008 Scheme will be unvested share options upon grant which will, subject to a grantee continuing to be an eligible person, vest with the grantee in accordance with the vesting schedules specified in their respective offer of grant. Subject to the rules of the 2008 Scheme and the relevant offer of the grant of a share option, a vested share option may be exercised in accordance with the terms of the rules of the 2008 Scheme at any time during the period to be determined and notified by the directors to each grantee, which period may commence on the date which is 2 years from the date of grant. The exercise of any share options under the 2008 Scheme may be subject to the achievement of performance targets which may be determined by the Board, at its absolute discretion, on a case by case basis upon the grant of the relevant share options and stated in the offer of grant of such share options.

31 December 2012

25. SHARE OPTION SCHEME (CONTINUED)

The exercise price of the share options under the 2008 Scheme is determinable by the Board and shall not be less than the highest of (i) the closing price of the ordinary shares as stated in the daily quotation sheet of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") on the date of grant of the share options; (ii) the average closing price of the Company's ordinary shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheets for the five business days immediately preceding the date of grant of the share options; and (iii) the nominal value of the ordinary shares.

No dividends (including distributions made upon the liquidation of the Company) will be payable and no voting rights will be exercisable in relation to any share options that have not been exercised.

The following share options were outstanding during the year:

| | 2012 | | 2011 | I |
|---------------------------|----------------|--------------|----------------|-------------|
| | Weighted | | Weighted | |
| | average | | average | |
| | exercise price | Number of | exercise price | Number of |
| | per share | options | per share | options |
| | HK\$ | <i>'</i> 000 | HK\$ | <i>'000</i> |
| At 1 January | 0.430 | 18,660 | 0.422 | 19,660 |
| Exercised during the year | _ | | 0.278 | (400) |
| Forfeited during the year | 0.431 | (7,424) | 0.278 | (600) |
| At 31 December | 0.429 | 11,236 | 0.430 | 18,660 |

The weighted average share price at the date of exercise for share options exercised during the year ended 31 December 2011 was HK\$0.51.

The exercise prices and exercise periods of the share options outstanding as at 31 December 2012 and 2011 are as follows:

2012

| Exercise period <i>(dd.mm.yyyy)</i> | Exercise price per share* <i>HK\$</i> | Number of options ′000 |
|---|--|---------------------------|
| 24.11.2013–23.5.2014 14.7.2013–13.1.2016 | 0.278 0.435 0.435 | 400 5,418 1 806 |
| 14.7.2014–13.1.2016 14.7.2015–13.1.2016 | 0.435 0.435 | 1,806 3,612 11,236 |

31 December 2012

25. SHARE OPTION SCHEME (CONTINUED)

2011

| Number of options '000 | Exercise price per share* <i>HK\$</i> | Exercise period <i>(dd.mm.yyyy)</i> |
|---------------------------|--|--|
| | | |
| 200 | 0.278 | 24.11.2012-23.5.2014 |
| 400 | 0.278 | 24.11.2013-23.5.2014 |
| 7,224 | 0.435 | 14.7.2012-13.1.2016 |
| 5,418 | 0.435 | 14.7.2013-13.1.2016 |
| 1,806 | 0.435 | 14.7.2014-13.1.2016 |
| 3,612 | 0.435 | 14.7.2015-13.1.2016 |
| | | |
| 18,660 | | |

* The exercise price of the share options is subject to adjustment in the case of rights or bonus issues, or other similar changes in the Company's share capital.

The fair values of the share options granted in the years 2008 and 2010 were HK\$940,000 and HK\$4,225,000, respectively, of which the Group recognised an income of HK\$219,000 due to forfeiture (2011: expense of HK\$1,447,000) in respect of an equity-settled share option arrangements during the year ended 31 December 2012.

The fair value of equity-settled share options granted under the 2008 Scheme in 2010 and in 2008 was estimated as at the date of grant, using a binomial model, taking into account the terms and conditions upon which the options were granted. The following table lists the inputs to the model used:

| | 2008 | 2010 |
|---|-------|--------|
| | N.11 | N.11 |
| Dividend yield (%) | Nil | Nil |
| Expected volatility (%) | 91.26 | 70.261 |
| Risk-free interest rate (%) | 1.39 | 1.64 |
| Expected life of options (year) | 5.5 | 5.5 |
| Closing share price at date of grant (HK\$) | 0.27 | 0.435 |

The expected life of the options is based on the historical data over the past 5.5 years and is not necessarily indicative of the exercise patterns that may occur. The expected volatility reflects the assumption that the historical volatility is indicative of future trends, which may also not necessarily be the actual outcome.

No other feature of the options granted was incorporated into the measurement of fair value.

During the year ended 31 December 2012, 7,224,000 share options (2011: 600,000) and 200,000 share options (2011: Nil) under the 2008 Scheme granted in 2010 and 2008, respectively, were lapsed.

During the year ended 31 December 2011, exercise of 400,000 share options resulted in the issue of 400,000 ordinary shares of the Company and new share capital of HK\$40,000 and the share premium of HK\$136,000 (before issue expenses), as further detailed in note 24 to the financial statements.

31 December 2012

25. SHARE OPTION SCHEME (CONTINUED)

As at 31 December 2012 and at the date of approval of these financial statements, the Company had 11,236,000 share options outstanding under the 2008 Scheme, which represented approximately 2.09% of the ordinary shares in issue at that date. The exercise in full of the outstanding share options would, under the present capital structure of the Company, result in the issue of 11,236,000 additional ordinary shares of the Company, additional share capital of HK\$1,124,000 and share premium of HK\$3,701,000 (before issue expenses).

The total number of ordinary shares which may be issued upon exercise of share options yet to be granted under the 2008 Scheme (and thus not including those ordinary shares for share options already granted but yet to be exercised) was 30,340,000, which represented approximately 5.64% of the issued share capital of the Company as at the date of this annual report.

26. RESERVES

(a) Group

The amounts of the Group's reserves and the movements therein for the current and prior years are presented in the consolidated statement of changes in equity of the financial statements.

(i) The general reserve fund of the Group is an undistributable reserve and may not be treated as realised profits.

On 25 November 1996, a court order confirming the reduction of the share premium account by HK\$133,349,000 was registered by the Registrar of Companies in Hong Kong and the credit arising therefrom was transferred to the general reserve fund against which goodwill arising on the acquisition of a subsidiary was eliminated in the consolidated financial statements. In the year ended 31 December 2002, there was a release of goodwill of HK\$133,349,000 in respect of impairment of an investment in a subsidiary relating to the goodwill arising from acquisition of that subsidiary in 1996.

Pursuant to a special resolution passed in the Group's extraordinary general meeting held on 23 January 1998 and confirmed by the Order of the High Court of Hong Kong Special Administrative region of the PRC (the "Court") dated 2 March 1998, the share premium account was reduced by the amount of HK\$34,397,000 and, as undertaken by the Group, a general reserve fund was credited in the books of accounts of the Group in the same amount for the purpose of setting off, in the consolidated financial statements of the Group and its subsidiaries, goodwill arising on consolidation in 1997. In 2000 and 2001, there was a release of goodwill of HK\$12,478,000 and HK\$21,919,000, respectively, in respect of impairment of investments in subsidiaries relating to the goodwill arising from the acquisition of the subsidiaries in 1997.

(ii) On 1 February 2011, a special resolution was passed by the shareholders of the Company for approving the reduction in share premium of the Company (the "Share Premium Reduction"). The purpose of the Share Premium Reduction is to reduce the credit standing to the share premium account of the Company to the extent of HK\$393,345,845 and to apply the credit arising from such reduction to eliminate the accumulated losses of the Company by the same amount.

31 December 2012

26. RESERVES (CONTINUED)

(a) Group (Continued)

(ii) (Continued)

On 22 March 2011, the Court made an order (the "Order") confirming the Share Premium Reduction. An office copy of the Order was registered with the Registrar of the Companies on 29 March 2011 (the "Effective Date") in accordance with Section 61 of the Companies Ordinance. Accordingly, the Share Premium Reduction became effective immediately following the registration of the Order of the Court and the accumulated losses of the Company of HK\$393,345,845 were eliminated against the Company's share premium account.

In connection with the application for the Share Premium Reduction (the "Application"), the Company undertakes that in the event of the Company making any future recoveries of the assets identified in the Application for which provision for impairment in value or amortisation was made in the accounts of the Company between 31 December 2000 and 30 June 2010 (the "Assets"), beyond their written down value in the Company's accounts as at 30 June 2010, all such recoveries beyond that written down value up to an amount of HK\$150,345,170 (the "Limit"), will be credited to a special capital reserve in the accounting records of the Company (the "Special Capital Reserve") and that so long as there shall remain outstanding any debt of or claim against the Company, would be admissible to proof in such winding up and the persons entitled to the benefit of such debts or claims shall not have agreed otherwise, such reserve shall not be treated as realised profits for the purposes of section 79B of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and shall (for so long as the Company) be treated as an undistributable reserve of the Company for the purposes of section 79C of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, or any statutory re-enactments or modifications thereof provided that:

- the Company shall be at liberty to apply the Special Capital Reserve for the same purposes as a share premium account may be applied;
- (2) the Limit in respect of the Special Capital Reserve may be reduced by the amount of any increase, after the Effective Date, in the amount standing to the credit of the share premium account of the Company as the result of the paying up of shares by the receipt of new consideration or the capitalisation of distributable profits;
- (3) the Limit in respect of the Special Capital Reserve may be reduced upon the disposal or other realisation, after the Effective Date, of the Assets by the amount of the impairment in value and amortisation made in relation to such asset as at 30 June 2010 less such amount (if any) as is credited to the Special Capital Reserve as a result of such disposal or realisation; and
- (4) in the event that the amount standing to the credit of the Special Capital Reserve exceeds the Limit thereof after any reduction of such Limit pursuant to provisos (2) and/or (3) above, the Company shall be at liberty to transfer the amount of any such excess to the general reserves of the Company and the same shall become available for distribution.

31 December 2012

26. RESERVES (CONTINUED)

(a) Group (Continued)

(ii) (Continued)

During the year ended 31 December 2012, an additional provision for impairment of HK\$15,000 was made for the Assets. This resulted in a transfer of HK\$15,000 from the Special Capital Reserve to the accumulated losses of the Group.

During the period from the Effective Date to 31 December 2011, recovery of the Assets by way of release of provision was HK\$2,415,000. This resulted in a transfer of HK\$2,415,000 from accumulated losses to the Special Capital Reserve of the Group.

During the period from the Effective Date to 31 December 2011, the share premium account was increased by HK\$71,000 (before issue expenses), as a result of the issue of the Company's ordinary shares. Accordingly, the Special Capital Reserve was reduced by HK\$71,000, and correspondingly, the same amount was capitalised to accumulated losses. In effecting the reduction and the capitalisation, the amount transferred from the Special Capital Reserve is kept to an amount not exceeding the balance of the Special Capital Reserve before such transfer.

As a result of the foregoing, the Limit, as adjusted, was HK\$150,273,970 at 31 December 2012 (2011: HK\$150,273,970) and the amount standing to the credit of the Group's Special Capital Reserve as at 31 December 2012 was HK\$2,329,000 (2011: HK\$2,344,000).

- (iii) Pursuant to the relevant PRC laws and regulations, a portion of the profits of the Group's subsidiary which is established in Mainland China has been transferred to reserve funds which are restricted as to use.
- (iv) The share option reserve comprises the fair value of share options granted which are yet to be exercised, as further explained in the accounting policy for share-based payments transactions in note 2.4 to the financial statements. The amount will either be transferred to the share premium account when the related options are exercised, or to retained profits should the related options expire or lapse.

31 December 2012

26. RESERVES (CONTINUED)

(b) Company

| | Notes | Share premium account HK\$'000 | Equity component of convertible notes HK\$'000 | General reserve fund HK\$'000 | Share option reserve HK\$'000 | Capital redemption reserve HK\$'000 | Special capital reserve HK\$'000 | Accumulated losses HK\$'000 | Total HK\$'000 |
|--|-----------|---|--|--|--|--|---|-----------------------------------|--------------------------|
| At 1 January 2011 | | 413,995 | 5,545 | 167,746 | 905 | 445 | _ | (401,058) | 187,578 |
| Issue of shares | | 136 | _ | | (65) | _ | _ | _ | . 71 |
| Equity-settled share option arrangements | 25 | _ | _ | _ | 1,447 | _ | _ | _ | 1,447 |
| Share premium reduction | 26(a)(ii) | (393,346) | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | 393,346 | _ |
| Transfer from accumulated losses in accordance with the undertaking | 26(a)(ii) | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | 2,415 | (2,415) | _ |
| Transfer to accumulated losses upon issue of new ordinary shares | 26(a)(ii) | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | (71) | 71 | _ |
| Total comprehensive loss for the year | | - | - | — | _ | - | _ | (63,585) | (63,585) |
| At 31 December 2011 and 1 January 2012 Equity-settled share option arrangements | 25 | 20,785 — | 5,545 | 167,746 — | 2,287 (219) | 445 — | 2,344 | (73,641) | 125,511 (219) |
| Transfer to accumulated losses in accordance with the undertaking | 26(a)(ii) | - | | | | | (15) | 15 | _ |
| Total comprehensive income for the year | | - | | | | | | 44,492 | 44,492 |
| At 31 December 2012 | | 20,785 | 5,545 | 167,746 | 2,068 | 445 | 2,329 | (29,134) | 169,784 |

The Company's general reserve fund and special capital reserve represent undistributable reserves and may not be treated as realised profits as detailed in note 26(a) to the financial statements.

27. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

At the balance sheet date, contingent liabilities not provided for in the financial statements were as follows:

| | Gro | up | Comp | any |
|---|------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| | 2012 HK\$'000 | 2011 <i>HK\$'000</i> | 2012 <i>HK\$'000</i> | 2011 <i>HK\$'000</i> |
| Guarantees given to banks for banking facilities granted to a subsidiary | | _ | 341,661 | 251,160 |
| Banking facilities with the Company's guarantees utilised by a subsidiary | | _ | 53,731 | 90,357 |

31 December 2012

28. OPERATING LEASE ARRANGEMENTS

As lessee

The Group leases certain of its office properties under operating lease arrangements. Leases for properties are negotiated for terms ranging from one to two years.

At 31 December 2012, the Group had total future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases falling due as follows:

| | Group | | |
|--|-------------------------|-------------------------|--|
| | 2012 <i>HK\$'000</i> | 2011 <i>HK\$'000</i> | |
| Within one year In the second to fifth years, inclusive | 400 34 | 400 433 | |
| | 434 | 833 | |

29. COMMITMENTS

In addition to the operating lease commitments detailed in note 28 above, the Group had the following capital commitments at the balance sheet date:

| | Group | | Comp | bany |
|-----------------------------------|------------------|-------------------------|------------------|-------------------------|
| | 2012 HK\$′000 | 2011 <i>HK\$'000</i> | 2012 HK\$′000 | 2011 <i>HK\$'000</i> |
| Contracted, but not provided for: | | | | |
| Land and buildings | 1,395 | 2,357 | - | — |
| Leasehold improvements | 62 | 62 | _ | — |
| Plant and machinery | 2,308 | 1,956 | | |
| | 3,765 | 4,375 | _ | — |

30. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT

Major non-cash transaction

During the year ended 31 December 2012, the Group purchased an item of equipment at HK\$2,713,000. Partial settlement of HK\$676,000 was made and remaining balance of HK\$2,037,000 was recorded as other payables as 31 December 2012. A government grant of HK\$3,392,000 was received from the PRC local government to support the purchase of equipment, of which HK\$2,713,000 was offset against the purchase consideration. The acquisition has no impact to the addition of property, plant and equipment during the year.

31 December 2012

31. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

(a) In addition to the transactions detailed elsewhere in these financial statements, the Group had the following material transactions with related parties during the year:

| | | Gro | up |
|---|---------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| | Notes | 2012 <i>HK\$'000</i> | 2011 <i>HK\$'000</i> |
| Office rental paid to a fellow subsidiary Computer system maintenance service fees paid to the | (i) | 346 | 345 |
| immediate holding company Interest expense paid to the immediate holding | (ii) | 150 | 150 |
| company Interest expense paid to a fellow subsidiary | (iii) (iv) | 3,576 — | 1,798 1,273 |

Notes:

- (i) The office rental was charged by a fellow subsidiary at HK\$28,800 per month (2011: HK\$28,800 per month) commencing from 6 February 2011 in accordance with the terms of the rental agreement between the Group and the fellow subsidiary. At the balance sheet date, the Group had a rental deposit of HK\$86,400 (2011: HK\$86,400) with the fellow subsidiary.
- (ii) The immediate holding company charged maintenance service fees at HK\$12,465 per month for the year ended 31 December 2012 (2011: HK\$12,465 per month) for the computer system used by the Group.
- (iii) The interest expense to the immediate holding company arose from the loans advanced from GDH. Further details of the loans, including the terms, are disclosed in note 21 to the financial statements.
- (iv) In 2011, the amount represented the interest expense to a fellow subsidiary that arose from a loan advanced from Guangdong Assets Management Limited. The loan was fully repaid during the year ended 31 December 2011.
- (b) Commitments with related parties:

On 1 April 2011, the Company entered into a three-year office rental agreement ending 5 February 2014 with Global Head Developments Limited, a fellow subsidiary of the Company. The total operating lease commitments due within one year and in the second to fifth years as at 31 December 2012 were approximately HK\$346,000 (2011: HK\$346,000) and HK\$34,000 (2011: HK\$379,000), respectively.

(c) Outstanding balances with related parties:

Details of the Group's and Company's loans from the immediate holding company as at the balance sheet date are included in note 21 to the financial statements.

(d) Compensation of key management personnel of the Group:

The key management personnel are its directors. Details of their remuneration are disclosed in note 8 to the financial statements.

The related party transactions in respect of items disclosed in note 31(a)(i), 31(a)(ii), 31(b) above also constitute continuing connected transactions and notes 31(a)(iii), 31(a)(iv), 31(c) above constitute connected transactions as defined in Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules. However, these transactions are exempt from reporting, announcement and shareholders' approval requirements under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

31 December 2012

32. PLEDGE OF ASSETS

As at 31 December 2012, assets of the Group pledged to banks to secure general banking facilities granted to the Group were as follows:

| | | Group | | |
|---------------|------|------------------|-------------------------|--|
| | Note | 2012 HK\$'000 | 2011 <i>HK\$'000</i> | |
| Bank balances | 17 | 13,005 | 33,490 | |

33. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY

The carrying amounts of each of the categories of financial instruments as at the balance sheet date are as follows:

Financial assets

| | Gro | up |
|--|-------------|-------------|
| | 2012 | 2011 |
| | Loans and | Loans and |
| | receivables | receivables |
| | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| | | |
| Trade and bills receivables | 232,532 | 216,780 |
| Financial assets included in prepayments, deposits and other receivables | 21 | 21 |
| Pledged bank balances | 13,005 | 33,490 |
| Restricted bank balances | | 1,850 |
| Cash and bank balances | 44,513 | 81,672 |

Financial liabilities

| | Gro | up |
|---|----------------|----------------|
| | 2012 | 2011 |
| | Financial | Financial |
| | liabilities at | liabilities at |
| | amortised cost | amortised cost |
| | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| | | |
| Trade payables | 39,995 | 48,722 |
| Financial liabilities included in other payables and accruals | 26,757 | 22,021 |
| Interest-bearing bank and other borrowings | 53,731 | 90,357 |
| Due to a PRC joint venture partner | 1,131 | 1,131 |
| Loans from the immediate holding company | 142,379 | 142,379 |

31 December 2012

33. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY (CONTINUED)

Financial assets

| | Comp | Company | | |
|---|---|---|--|--|
| | 2012 Loans and receivables <i>HK\$'000</i> | 2011 Loans and receivables <i>HK\$'000</i> | | |
| Financial assets included in prepayments and deposits Cash and bank balances | 21 1,172 | 21 3,328 | | |

Financial liabilities

| | Company | | |
|---|----------------|----------------|--|
| | 2012 | 2011 | |
| | Financial | Financial | |
| | liabilities at | liabilities at | |
| | amortised cost | amortised cost | |
| | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | |
| | | | |
| Financial liabilities included in other payables and accruals | 1,224 | 1,180 | |
| Loans from the immediate holding company | 87,779 | 142,379 | |

34. TRANSFERS OF FINANCIAL ASSETS

Financial assets that are not derecognised in their entirety

At 31 December 2012, the Group endorsed certain bills receivable accepted by banks in the PRC (the "Endorsed Bills") with a carrying amount of RMB4,620,000 to certain of its suppliers in order to settle the trade payables due to such suppliers (the "Endorsement"). In the opinion of the directors, the Group has retained the substantial risks and rewards, which include default risks relating to such Endorsed Bills, and accordingly, it continued to recognise the full carrying amounts of the Endorsed Bills and the associated trade payables settled. Subsequent to the endorsement, the Group does not retain any rights on the use of the Endorsed Bills, including sale, transfer or pledge of the Endorsed Bills to any other third parties. The aggregate carrying amount of the trade payables settled by the Endorsed Bills during the year to which the suppliers have recourse was RMB4,620,000 as at 31 December 2012.

31 December 2012

34. TRANSFERS OF FINANCIAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Financial assets that are derecognised in their entirety

At 31 December 2012, the Group endorsed certain bills receivable accepted by banks in the PRC (the "Derecognised Bills"), to certain of its suppliers in order to settle the trade payables due to such suppliers with a carrying amount in aggregate of RMB8,580,000. The Derecognised Bills have a maturity from one to six months at the end of the reporting period. In accordance with the Law of Negotiable Instruments in the PRC, the holders of the Derecognised Bills have a right of recourse against the Group if the PRC banks default (the "Continuing Involvement"). In the opinion of the directors, the Group has transferred substantially all risks and rewards relating to the Derecognised Bills. Accordingly, it has derecognised the full carrying amounts of the Derecognised Bills and the undiscounted cash flows to repurchase these Derecognised Bills equal to their carrying amounts. In the opinion of the directors, the fair values of the Group's Continuing Involvement in the Derecognised Bills are not significant.

During the year ended 31 December 2012, the Group has not recognised any gain or loss on the date of transfer of the Derecognised Bills. No gains or losses were recognised from the Continuing Involvement, both during the year or cumulatively. The Endorsement has been made evenly throughout the year ended 31 December 2012.

35. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The Group's principal financial instruments comprise interest-bearing secured bank borrowings, interest-bearing unsecured other borrowings from the immediate holding company, and cash and bank balances. The main purpose of these financial instruments is to raise finance for the Group's operations. The Group has various other financial assets and liabilities such as trade and bills receivables and trade payables, which arise directly from its operations.

The main risks arising from the Group's financial instruments are interest rate risk, foreign currency risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The board of directors reviews and agrees policies for managing each of these risks and they are summarised below.

Interest rate risk

The Group's exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates relates primarily to the Group's certain debt obligations with floating interest rates.

The Group's policy is to manage its interest cost using an appropriate mix of fixed and floating rate borrowings. Despite the fact that the Group had its debt obligations at floating interest rates, in the opinion of the directors, the Group had no significant concentration of interest rate risk.

31 December 2012

35. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Interest rate risk (Continued)

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in interest rates, with all other variables held constant, of the Group's profit before tax (through the impact on floating rate borrowings).

| | | Increase/ |
|-------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------------|
| | Increase/ | (decrease) |
| | (decrease) in | in profit |
| | basis points | before tax HK\$'000 |
| 2012 | | |
| Hong Kong dollar | 100 | (650) |
| United States dollar ("US\$") | 100 | (774) |
| Hong Kong dollar | 10 | 65 |
| US\$ | 10 | 77 |
| 2011 | | |
| Hong Kong dollar | 100 | (650) |
| US\$ | 100 | (774) |
| Hong Kong dollar | (10) | 65 |
| US\$ | (10) | 77 |

Foreign currency risk

The Group has transactional currency exposures. Such exposures arise from purchases by operating units in currencies other than the units' functional currencies. Approximately 80% (2011: 81%) of the Group's purchases are denominated in currencies other than the functional currencies of the operating units making the purchases, whilst all sales are denominated in the units' functional currency.

31 December 2012

35. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Foreign currency risk (Continued)

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity at the balance sheet date to a reasonably possible change in US\$-RMB exchange rates, with all other variables held constant, of the Group's profit before tax (due to changes in the fair value of monetary assets and liabilities). There is no impact on the equity of the Group.

| | Increase/ (decrease) in exchange rate % | Increase/ (decrease) in profit before tax HK\$'000 |
|--|--|--|
| 2012 If RMB weakens against US\$ | (1) | (4,393) |
| If RMB strengthens against US\$ | 3 | 13,180 |
| 2011 | | |
| If RMB weakens against US\$ | (1) | (4,350) |
| If RMB strengthens against US\$ | 3 | 13,051 |

Credit risk

The Group trades only with recognised and creditworthy third parties. It is the Group's policy that all customers who wish to trade on credit terms are subject to credit verification procedures. In addition, receivable balances are monitored on an ongoing basis and the Group's exposure to bad debts is not significant.

Further details of the credit policy and quantitative data in respect of the Group's exposure to credit risk arising from trade receivables are disclosed in note 16 to the financial statements.

The credit risk of the other financial assets, which comprise cash and bank balances, pledged bank balances, restricted bank balances, and bills and other receivables, arises from default of the counterparty, with a maximum exposure equal to the carrying amounts of these instruments.

Since the Group trades only with recognised and creditworthy third parties, there is no requirement for collateral. Concentrations of credit risk are managed by customer. As the Group's exposure spreads over a diversified portfolio of customers, there are no significant concentrations of credit risk within the Group.

31 December 2012

35. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Liquidity risk

The Group's objective is to maintain a balance between continuity of funding and flexibility through the use of interest-bearing bank loans and other interest-bearing loans.

The Group's policy is to regularly monitor its liquidity to ensure it maintains sufficient reserves of cash and cash equivalents and adequate committed lines of funding from major financial institutions and the immediate holding company to meet its liquidity requirements in the short and longer term.

The maturity profile of the Group's financial liabilities as at the balance sheet date, based on the contractual undiscounted payments, is as follows:

Group

| | | | 2012 | | |
|--|----------|-----------|-----------|----------|----------|
| | | | 3 to | | |
| | On | Less than | less than | Over | |
| | demand | 3 months | 12 months | 1 year | Total |
| | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| Trade payables | 9,728 | 30,267 | | | 39,995 |
| Other payables | 26,757 | | | | 26,757 |
| Interest-bearing bank borrowings | — | 53,820 | | | 53,820 |
| Due to a PRC joint venture partner Loans from the immediate holding | 1,131 | | | | 1,131 |
| company | _ | | 145,419 | | 145,419 |
| | 37,616 | 84,087 | 145,419 | _ | 267,122 |

| | | | 2011 | | |
|--|---------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|
| | | 3 to | | | |
| | On | Less than | less than | Over | |
| | demand <i>HK\$'000</i> | 3 months <i>HK\$'000</i> | 12 months <i>HK\$'000</i> | 1 year <i>HK\$'000</i> | Total <i>HK\$'000</i> |
| Trade payables | 24,236 | 24,486 | _ | _ | 48,722 |
| Other payables | 22,021 | | | _ | 22,021 |
| Interest-bearing bank borrowings | — | 90,731 | — | — | 90,731 |
| Due to a PRC joint venture partner Loans from the immediate holding | 1,131 | — | — | — | 1,131 |
| company | _ | | 144,930 | | 144,930 |
| | 47,388 | 115,217 | 144,930 | _ | 307,535 |

31 December 2012

35. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Liquidity risk (Continued)

Company

| | | | 2012 | | |
|--|---------------------------------|--|---|------------------------------------|---------------------------|
| | On demand <i>HK\$'000</i> | Less than 3 months <i>HK\$'000</i> | 3 to less than 12 months <i>HK\$'000</i> | Over 1 year <i>HK\$'</i> 000 | Total <i>HK\$'</i> 000 |
| Other payables Loans from the immediate holding | 1,224 | | | | 1,224 |
| company Guarantees given to banks in connection | | | 89,291 | | 89,291 |
| with facilities granted to a subsidiary | 53,820 | | | | 53,820 |
| | 55,044 | _ | 89,291 | _ | 144,335 |

| | | | 2011 | | |
|--|------------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|
| | | | 3 to | | |
| | | Less than | less than | Over | |
| | On demand <i>HK\$'000</i> | 3 months <i>HK\$'000</i> | 12 months <i>HK\$'000</i> | 1 year <i>HK\$'000</i> | Total <i>HK\$'000</i> |
| Other payables | 1,180 | _ | | _ | 1,180 |
| Loans from the immediate holding company | _ | _ | 144,930 | _ | 144,930 |
| Guarantees given to banks in connection | | | | | |
| with facilities granted to a subsidiary | 90,731 | | | | 90,731 |
| | 91,911 | _ | 144,930 | — | 236,841 |

31 December 2012

35. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Capital management

The primary objectives of the Group's capital management are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern and to maintain healthy capital ratios in order to support its business and maximise shareholders' value.

The Group manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it in light of changes in economic conditions. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust return capital to shareholders or issue new shares. The Group is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements. No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital during the years ended 31 December 2012 and 2011.

The Group monitors capital using a gearing ratio, which is total debt divided by the equity attributable to equity holders of the Company plus total debt. Total debt includes interest-bearing bank borrowings and loans from the immediate holding company. The gearing ratios as at the balance sheet dates were as follows:

| | 2012 HK\$'000 | 2011 <i>HK\$'000</i> |
|---|-------------------|-------------------------|
| Interest-bearing bank borrowings Loans from the immediate holding company <i>(note 21)</i> | 53,731 142,379 | 90,357 142,379 |
| Total debt | 196,110 | 232,736 |
| Equity attributable to equity holders of the Company | 329,573 | 328,410 |
| Total debt and equity | 525,683 | 561,146 |
| Gearing ratio | 37% | 41% |

36. APPROVAL OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 26 March 2013.



