

中國水務集團有限公司*

China Water Affairs Group Limited

Stock code: 855

ANNUAL REPORT 2013





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Corporate Information

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Executive

Mr. Duan Chuan Liang (Chairman)

Mr. Li Ji Sheng

Non-executive

Mr. Zhao Hai Hu

Mr. Chen Guo Ru

Mr. Zhou Wen Zhi

Mr. Wu Jiesi

Mr. Makoto Inoue (appointed on 20 July 2012)

Independent Non-executive

Ms. Huang Shao Yun

Ms. Liu Dong

Mr. Chau Kam Wing

Mr. Ong King Keung

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Mr. Chau Kam Wing (Chairman of committee)

Ms. Huang Shao Yun

Ms. Liu Dong

Mr. Ong King Keung

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Chau Kam Wing (Chairman of committee)

Ms. Huang Shao Yun

Ms. Liu Dong

Mr. Ong King Keung

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Duan Chuan Liang (Chairman of committee)

Mr. Chau Kam Wing

Ms. Huang Shao Yun

Ms. Liu Dong

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. Lie Chi Wing, FCCA, CPA, CFA

AUTHORISED REPRESENTATIVES

Mr. Duan Chuan Liang Mr. Lie Chi Wing

REGISTERED OFFICE

Clarendon House 2 Church Street Hamilton HM11 Bermuda

HEAD OFFICE AND PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS

Suite 6408, 64/F Central Plaza 18 Harbour Road Wanchai Hong Kong

HONG KONG BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR

Tricor Tengis Limited 26th Floor, Tesbury Centre, 28 Queen's Road East, Wanchai, Hong Kong

LEGAL ADVISERS

As to Bermuda law Conyers Dill & Pearman

AUDITOR

BDO Limited

PRINCIPAL BANKER

DBS Bank (Hong Kong) Limited Bank of China (Hong Kong) Limited Agricultural Development Bank of China Asian Development Bank

WEBSITE

http://www.chinawatergroup.com

STOCK CODE

855

I am pleased to present to the shareholders the annual results of China Water Affairs Group Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") for the year ended 31 March 2013.

The Group continued its effort to strengthen the management of its subsidiaries and expanded the operating capacity and investment scale in the existing sector. For the year ended 31 March 2013, the Group recorded a turnover of HK\$2,250.7 million, representing an increase of 18.7% from HK\$1,896.9 million in last year. The Group recorded a gross profit of HK\$969.8 million representing an increase of 16.1% from HK\$835.4 million in last year. For the year under review, the Group recorded a profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company of HK\$285.8 million, representing a decrease of 9.4% from HK\$315.3 million in last year. The basic earnings per share decreased by 6.2% to HK19.72 cents in current year.

In consideration of the satisfactory results, the board of directors (the "Board") has proposed to pay the equity shareholders of the Company a final dividend of HK3 cents per share. Together with the interim dividend of HK2 cents per share, the total dividends for the year will be HK5 cents per share (2012: HK5 cents per share). For the year under review, the Company also repurchased a total of 9,052,000 ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each in the capital of the Company at an aggregate price of approximately HK\$20,929,000, with a view to benefiting shareholders as a whole by enhancing the net asset value per share and earnings per share.

The Group upholds its business vision of "Water-oriented, Kindness to Society" while striving for its goal of becoming the best operator of raw water, tap water, sewage treatment and related services in the PRC and achieving satisfactory results. The Group sustained continuous growth in its water supply business, serving more than 5 million people in over 21 cities and counties in various provinces. China faces severe shortage of water resources which is further aggravated by accelerating urbanisation and economic growth. It is expected that the water sector has considerable room for growth. As marketisation of the water sector continues, we believe that water tariff still has ample room to grow.

On behalf of the Board, I hereby express my gratitude to all shareholders, investors, customers and business partners for their strong support to the Group. I would also like to thank the directors and the staff members of the Group for their endeavor and active contribution. Innovation creates the future and hard work the splendor. We are confident of achieving successive good results in various aspects such as quality water supply, better utilisation of water resources and promotion of water pollution prevention and cure with an aim to reward our shareholders and contribute to the society.

BUSINESS REVIEW

The Group's total revenue continuously increased from HK\$1,896.9 million for the year ended 31 March 2012 to HK\$2,250.7 million for the year ended 31 March 2013, representing an increase of 18.7%. The Group maintained a stable growth in its "Water" segment. For the year under review, the total revenue attributable to the "Water" segment amounted to HK\$1,784.9 million, represented an increase of 9.4% when compared with the total "Water" segment revenue of HK\$1,631.3 million in the corresponding year. This organic growth of "Water" segment revenue is mainly attributable to the successful growth of the Group through various mergers and acquisition, increase in operating efficiency and tariff of the water supply and sewage treatment plants.

(i) Water Supply Business Analysis

City water supply projects of the Group are well spread in various provincial cities and regions across China, including Hunan, Hanan, Hainan, Jiangsu, Hubei, Jiangsi, Guangdong and Chongqing.

For the year under review, the revenue from city water supply operation and construction amounted to HK\$1,733.9 million (2012: HK\$1,584.9 million), representing an increase of 9.4% as compared with the last corresponding year. The total water segment profit (including city water supply, water related installation works and meter installation) amounted to HK\$615.0 million (2012: HK\$591.0 million), representing a stable increase of 4.1% as compared with the last corresponding year.

One new water supply project of the Group located in Luxi county of Jiangxi province contributed additional revenue of HK\$3.7 million and net profit of HK\$1.8 million to the Group for the year under review.

(ii) Sewage Treatment Business Analysis

Sewage treatment projects of the Group are mainly located in Hubei and Jiangxi provinces of China.

For the year under review, the revenue from sewage treatment operation and construction business amounted to HK\$50.9 million (2012: HK\$46.4 million), representing an increase of 9.7% as compared with the last corresponding year. The total sewage treatment segment profit (including sewage treatment operating and construction) amounted to HK\$21.2 million (2012: HK\$21.5 million), representing a slight decrease of 1.4% as compared with the last corresponding year.

(iii) Property Business Analysis

The Group held various property development and investment projects which are mainly located in Jiangxi, Hubei and Hunan provinces of China.

For the year under review, the revenue from the property business segment amounted to HK\$223.6 million (2012: HK\$18.9 million). The total property business segment profit amounted to HK\$196.7 million (2012: HK\$30.8 million), representing a substantial increase of 538.6% as compared with the last corresponding year, which was mainly due to the sales of a property project in Hunan province and the fair value gain on investment properties amounted to HK\$149.9 million (2012: HK\$62.6 million).

For the year under review, the Group recorded a gain on disposal of assets and liabilities classified as held for sale amounted to HK\$41.5 million, which represented the gain on disposal of 50% equity interest in 廣東新會水務有限公司. For the corresponding year under review, the Group recorded a gain on disposal of assets classified as held for sale amounted to HK\$32.1 million, which represented the gain on disposal of remaining 15% equity interest in 江河農村電氣化發展有限公司. The Group considered that realisation of the above investments at a gain can provide resources to the Group in developing water supply related businesses in China.

For the year under review, the Group also recorded a net loss on share of results of China Water Property Group Limited ("China Water Property"), an associate of the Group with its ordinary shares listed on the mainboard of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") (stock code: 2349), in an amount of HK\$1.5 million. For the corresponding year under review, the Group recorded a gain on share of results of China Water Property in an amount of HK\$90.3 million which mainly included the excess of the investor's share of the net fair value of associate's identifiable assets and liabilities over the cost of the investment of HK\$88.6 million arising from the acquisition of additional 15.45% equity interest in China Water Property by way of open offer completed in October 2011.

PROSPECTS

Going forward, the developed countries in Europe and United States (US) are still being confronted with the debt crisis and slow recovery of economy. Uncertainty arising from the concerns over the tightening of their monetary policies such as tapering of quantitative easing in US has been creating turbulence in the global financial market and market liquidity. Despite these, the supportive policies in relation to the Group's water supply and sewage treatment businesses are being launched continuously in China. Green economy, resources (such as water and energy) conservation and environmental protection are placed among the top rank of the national policies under the 12th Five-Year Plan. As such, the Group expects to see unprecedented opportunities in the market. To respond and capture the market opportunities effectively, the Group will closely analyse the macroeconomic trends and policy changes; identify the critical risks and challenges; and monitor its development and execution of business strategies. By uniting concerted efforts of all staff, optimising management efficiency, strengthening internal control and leveraging on our capital strength, the Group is confident to take a further leap in the industry.

MAJOR ACQUISITIONS AND DISPOSALS

Details of the Group's acquisitions and disposals during the years ended 31 March 2013 and 2012 are set out in notes 42 and 43 to the financial statements respectively.

CONVERTIBLE BONDS

During the year ended 31 March 2013, the Company repurchased the convertible bonds with an aggregate principal amount of HK\$61,000,000 at the total consideration of HK\$67,530,000. After completion of the above repurchase, the outstanding principal amount of the convertible bonds as at 31 March 2013 was HK\$474,500,000.

The Company has been notified that certain bondholders have exercised their right to require the Company to redeem the convertible bonds in the aggregate principal amount of HK\$286,700,000 on 15 April 2013 at the early redemption price of 111.32% of the principal amount which is equivalent to approximately HK\$319,154,000 pursuant to the terms and conditions of the convertible bonds. The Company has complied with the said redemption request in accordance with the terms and conditions of the convertible bonds. After completion of the above redemption, the outstanding principal amount of the convertible bonds was HK\$187,800,000.

On 6 May 2013, the Company repurchased the convertible bonds with a principal amount of HK\$4,000,000 at the consideration of HK\$4,453,000. After completion of the above repurchase, the outstanding principal amount of the convertible bonds is HK\$183,800,000.

LIQUIDITY AND FINANCIAL RESOURCES

As at 31 March 2013, the Group has total cash and deposits balances of approximately HK\$967.8 million (2012: HK\$1,086.0 million). The gearing ratio, calculated as a percentage of total liabilities to total assets, is 55.4% (2012: 52.8%) as at 31 March 2013. The current ratio is 1.04 times (2012: 1.20 times) as at 31 March 2013. In the opinion of the directors, the Group will have sufficient working capital to meet its financial obligations in full as they fall due in the foreseeable future.

HUMAN RESOURCES

As at 31 March 2013, the Group has employed approximately 5,500 staff. Most of them stationed in the PRC and the remaining in Hong Kong. The remuneration package of the employees is determined by various factors including their merit, qualifications, competence, performance, the market condition, industry practice and applicable employment law.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group's exposure to currency exchange rate is minimal as majority of the subsidiaries of the Group operates in the PRC with most of the transaction denominated and settled in RMB. Accordingly, the Group does not use derivative financial instruments to hedge its foreign currency risk.

Further, the Group has cash and cash equivalents and borrowings denominated in US\$. Since HK\$ are pegged to US\$, there is no significant exposure expected on US\$ transactions and balances arising in Hong Kong.

PLEDGE OF ASSETS

The Group's bank loans, other loans and bills payables at 31 March 2013 were secured by:

- (a) pledge of water and sewage treatment revenue of certain subsidiaries;
- (b) guarantees by 高安市國有資產營運有限責任公司, 常州市武進供水總公司 and 常州市武進天龍設備安裝工程有限公司 (2012: guarantees by 江西省水利水電開發總公司 and 常州市武進供水總公司);
- (c) charges over property, plant and equipment in which their aggregate carrying amount as at 31 March 2013 was HK\$118,029,000 (2012: HK\$161,890,000);
- (d) charges over interests in land use rights in which their aggregate carrying amounts as at 31 March 2013 was HK\$92,559,000 (2012: HK\$145,355,000);
- (e) charges over other intangible assets in which their aggregate carrying amount as at 31 March 2013 was HK\$187,756,000 (2012: HK\$192,942,000);
- (f) charges over the Group's bank deposits in amount of HK\$49,685,000 as at 31 March 2013 (2012: HK\$17,909,000); and
- (g) (1) charges over shares of certain subsidiaries of the Group; (2) the Group's equity interests in China Water Property; and (3) a bank account of the Group.

CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

As at 31 March 2013, the Group did not have any material contingent liabilities (2012: Nil).

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Lastly, on behalf of the directors, I wish to express my gratitude to all shareholders, investors, and business partners for their continued trust and support. I would also like to thank the staff members of the Group for the valuable contribution they have made, with team spirit and dedication, to the Group's long-term development. I look forward to continuing working hand-in-hand with all of us for mutual advancement. With staff members at all levels of the Group going all out, we can certainly bring our potential into full play to achieve the Group's operation objectives and create shareholders' value.

Duan Chuan Liang

Chairman

Hong Kong, 26 June 2013

Directors' and Senior Management Biographical Details

DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

Mr. Duan Chuan Liang, aged 50, was graduated from the North China College of Water Conservancy and Hydro Power with a bachelor degree, major in irrigation and water conservancy works. Mr. Duan had been working for the Water Conservancy Department of the PRC Government for more than ten years. At present, Mr. Duan is a director of numerous enterprises in the PRC. He joined the Group in January 2003.

Mr. Li Ji Sheng, aged 74, was graduated from 北京水利發電學校. He was appointed as the director-general of Department of Personnel, Labor and Education of the Ministry of Water Resources of the PRC and the chairman and party secretary of China Water Investment Corporation. Mr. Li is the director and general manager of Foundation Water Affairs Investment Co. Ltd. (江河水務投資有限公司). He joined the Group in May 2007.

Non-executive Directors

Mr. Wu Jiesi, aged 61, holds a doctorate degree in Economics from the Nankai University of the People's Republic of China. He was the former chairman of Guangdong Yue Gang Investment Holdings Company Limited and GDH Limited. From 1984 to 1995, Mr. Wu has also worked for the Industrial and Commercial Bank of China as president of its Shenzhen branch. He is currently holding directorships in certain companies listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited, including being an independent non-executive director of Beijing Enterprises Holdings Limited (北京控股有限公司) and China Taiping Insurance Holdings Company Limited (中國太平保險控股有限公司), a non-executive director of Shenzhen Investment Limited (深圳控股有限公司). Mr. Wu is a non-executive director of China Aoyuan Property Group Limited (中國奧園地產集團股份有限公司). Mr. Wu is a non-executive director of Silver Base Group Holdings Limited (銀基集團控股有限公司). He joined the Group in February 2006.

Mr. Chen Guo Ru, aged 67, was graduated from South China Normal University in 1985. Mr. Chen was a deputy general manager of Guangdong Investment Limited and a managing director and chairman of Guangdong Yue Gang Water Supply Company Limited. Mr. Chen joined Dongshen Water Bureau in December 1988 and has acted as the Chairman of the Trade Union, Vice General Secretary and Vice President of Dongshen Water Bureau. He joined the Group in 30 November 2005.

Mr. Zhao Hai Hu, aged 58, was graduated from Zhejiang University with a master degree in Engineering. He is a general manager of an irrigation technology company which is engaged in the research and development of irrigation and hydroelectric technology. Mr. Zhao is primarily responsible for project management, research and development of irrigation, water supply. Mr. Zhao acted as an assistant to the head of North China College of Water Conservancy and Hydro Power. He was also the head of the infra-structure department and the head of the personnel department. Mr. Zhao has over 27 years' experience in engineering. He joined the Group in July 2003.

Mr. Zhou Wen Zhi, aged 72, was graduated from Liaoning Agriculture University. He was the vice minister of Ministry of Water Resources of the PRC from 1991 until his retirement in June 2001. Mr. Zhou has over 11 years' experience in the development and construction of the PRC water resources. He joined the Group in October 2004.

Mr. Makoto Inoue, aged 60, was graduated from Chuo University in Japan with a Bachelor of Law in 1975. Mr. Makoto joined ORIX Corporation, a company listed on the Tokyo Stock Exchange, Osaka Securities Exchange and New York Stock Exchange, in 1975, where he is currently a director, representative executive officer, and the president and chief operating officer. He has over thirty-eight years of experience in leasing and finance, investment banking, and alternative investment in a global context. He joined the Group in July 2012.

Directors' and Senior Management Biographical Details

Independent Non-executive Directors

Ms. Huang Shao Yun, aged 58, has been appointed as independent non-executive director of the Company since July 2003. She is also a member of the audit committee, remuneration committee and nomination committee of the Company. Ms. Huang is the financial controller of Beijing Water Conservancy Material Supply Company. Ms. Huang was graduated from Beijing Commercial College with a diploma in accountancy. Ms. Huang has over 36 years of accounting experience.

Ms. Liu Dong, aged 45, has been appointed as independent non-executive director of the Company since February 2007. She is also a member of the audit committee, remuneration committee and nomination committee of the Company. Ms. Liu was graduated from the Capital University of Economics and Business. Ms. Liu is currently the vice manager of the finance head guarter of the China Galaxy Securities Co. Ltd.

Mr. Chau Kam Wing, aged 50, has over 20 years of experience in auditing, taxation and financial management and had been appointed as financial controller of certain companies listed in Hong Kong. Mr. Chau obtained a master degree in business administration from the University of San Francisco, US in 2000. He is also a Fellow of The Association of Chartered Certified Accountants and a practicing member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Mr. Chau is currently a finance director of Winox Holdings Limited (stock code: 6838), an independent non-executive director of Carpenter Tan Holdings Limited (stock code: 837) and Zhejiang Shibao Company Limited (stock code: 1057), which are listed on the main board of the Stock Exchange. Mr. Chau is also an independent non-executive director of Eco-Tek Holdings Limited (stock code: 8169), which is listed on the Growth Enterprise Market of the Stock Exchange. He joined the Group in March 2007. He is also the chairman of the audit committee and remuneration committee and a member of the nomination committee of the Company.

Mr. Ong King Keung, aged 37, is the chief financial officer and company secretary of a company whose shares are listed on the main board of the Stock Exchange. He is a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants. He holds a bachelor's degree in Accountancy from The Hong Kong Polytechnic University and master degree in Corporate Finance from the City University of Hong Kong. He has ample of experiences in auditing, financial management and initial public offering. He was senior management of several listed companies. Since March 2013, Mr. Ong is an independent non-executive director of China Environmental Energy Investment Limited (stock code: 986), which is listed on the main board of the Stock Exchange. He joined the Group in March 2007. He is also a member of the audit committee and remuneration committee of the Company.

SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Mr. Lie Chi Wing, **Aston**, aged 35, is the company secretary of the Company. He holds a Bachelor Degree of Business Administration (First Class Honors) from The Hong Kong University of Science and Technology. He is a fellow member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants and a practicing member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. He is also a Chartered Financial Analyst. Mr. Lie has extensive experience in auditing and corporate advisory services with major international accounting firms. He joined the Group in April 2010.

Mr. Liu Yong, aged 44, is the executive general manager of the Group. Mr. Liu was graduated from the Southeast University in 1991, majoring in detection technology and instrument of the Department of Automatic Control. He studied water supply and drainage in the Southeast Jiao Tong University from 1993 to 1994 and was awarded the qualification of senior water supply and drainage engineer in 2004. He obtained the PRC Certified Asset Appraiser Qualification Certificate in 1997. Mr. Liu has over 13 years of senior management experience in water project design, water construction project management and water plant operation in water industry in China.

The Company is committed to maintaining good corporate governance standard and procedures to ensure the integrity, transparency and quality of disclosure in order to enhance the shareholders' value. The board of directors (the "Board") reviews its corporate governance system from time to time in order to meet the rising expectations of shareholders and comply with the increasingly tightened regulatory requirements.

During the year ended 31 March 2013, the Company has complied with all the applicable provisions of the Corporate Governance Code ("CG Code") as set out in Appendix 14 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules"), save and except for the deviations from code provisions A.2.1, A.2.7, A.4.2 and A.6.7.

Under code provision A.2.1, the roles of chairman and chief executive should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual. Mr. Duan Chuan Liang serves as the Chairman of the Company. The function of chief executive officer is collectively performed by the executive directors (being Mr. Duan Chuan Liang and Mr. Li Ji Sheng). The Board considers that this structure will not impair the balance of power and authority between the Board and the management of the Company. The Board continues to believe that this structure is conducive to strong and consistent leadership, enabling the Company to make and implement decisions promptly and efficiently. The Board has strong confidence in the executive directors and believes that this structure is beneficial to the business prospects of the Company.

Under code provision A.2.7, the Chairman should at least annually hold meetings with the non-executive directors (including independent non-executive directors) without the executive directors present. As Mr. Duan Chuan Liang, the chairman of the Company, is an executive director of the Company, the Company cannot hold such a meeting where no executive director shall be present.

Under code provision A.4.2, every director should be subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years. According to the Company's bye-laws, at each annual general meeting, one third of the directors shall retire from office by rotation provided that notwithstanding anything therein, the Chairman of the Board of the Company shall not be subject to retirement by rotation or taken into account in determining the number of directors to retire. As continuation is a key factor to the successful long term implementation of business plans, the Board believes that the roles of the chairman provide the Group with strong and consistent leadership and allow more effective planning and execution of long-term business strategy. As such, the Board is of the view that the chairman of Board should not be subject to retirement by rotation.

Under code provision A.6.7, independent non-executive directors and other non-executive directors should attend general meetings and develop a balanced understanding of the views of shareholders. Certain independent non-executive directors and non-executive directors were unable to attend the Company's annual general meeting held on 7 September 2012 due to their other business commitments.

The Company has formulated and adopted its corporate governance policy ("CG Policy") and it is the responsibility of the Board to perform the corporate governance duties. The CG Policy outlines certain essential corporate governance principles under the CG Code and intends to provide appropriate guidance on the effective application and promotion of corporate governance principles in the Company. The CG Policy is available on the website of the Company.

DIRECTORS' SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers ("Model Code") as set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules as its code of conduct regarding securities transactions of Directors. The Company has made specific enquiry to all Directors regarding any non-compliance with the Model Code throughout the year ended 31 March 2013 and they all confirmed that they have fully complied with the required standard set out in the Model Code.

BOARD AND BOARD COMMITTEES

As at 31 March 2013, the Board consisted of eleven Directors: comprising two executive Directors, namely Mr. Duan Chuan Liang (Chairman) and Mr. Li Ji Sheng; five non-executive Directors, Mr. Chen Guo Ru, Mr. Zhao Hai Hu, Mr. Zhou Wen Zhi, Mr. Wu Jiesi and Mr. Makoto Inoue; and four independent non-executive Directors, namely Ms. Huang Shao Yun, Ms. Liu Dong, Mr. Chau Kam Wing and Mr. Ong King Keung. Two of the independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Chau Kam Wing and Mr. Ong King Keung, have the professional accounting qualifications and expertise required by the Listing Rules. Accordingly, the Company complied with Rules 3.10(1) and 3.10(2) of the Listing Rules relating to the appointment of at least three independent non-executive directors with at least one independent non-executive director possessing appropriate professional qualifications, or accounting or related financial management expertise.

The Board is principally responsible for formulating business strategies, and monitoring the performance of the business of the Group. The Board decides on corporate strategies, approves overall business plans, evaluates the Group's financial performance and management and reviews the financial and internal control system. Other than the daily operational decisions which are delegated to the management of the Group, most of the decisions are taken by the Board. Specific tasks that the Board delegates to the Group's management include the implementation of strategies approved by the Board, the monitoring of operating budgets, the implementation of internal controls procedures, and the ensuring of compliance with relevant statutory requirements and other rules and regulations.

The Directors are remunerated with reference to their respective duties and responsibility with the Company, the Company's performance and current market situation. The Board members have no financial, business, family or other material/relevant relationships with each other. Given the composition of the Board and the skills, knowledge and expertise of the Director, the Board believes that it is appropriately structured to provide sufficient checks and balances to protect the interests of the Group and the shareholders. The Board will review its composition regularly to ensure that it has appropriate balance of expertise, skills and experience to continue to effectively oversee the business of the Company. Details of the experience and qualifications of Directors and senior management of the Company are set out in the section headed "Directors' and Senior Management Biographical Details" in this annual report.

Each of the independent non-executive Directors has confirmed in writing his/her independence from the Company pursuant to rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. On this basis, the Company considers all such Directors to be independent.

There was in place appropriate insurance cover in respect of legal action against the Directors arising out of corporate activities.

The Board has established three board committees to strengthen its functions and corporate governance practices, namely, audit committee (the "Audit Committee"), nomination committee (the "Nomination Committee") and remuneration committee (the "Remuneration Committee"). The Audit Committee, the Nomination Committee and the Remuneration Committee perform their specific roles in accordance with their respective written terms of reference which are available on the website of the Company.

Audit Committee

The Audit Committee comprises wholly independent non-executive Directors.

Members of the Audit Committee

Mr. Chau Kam Wing (Chairman)

Ms. Huang Shao Yun

Ms. Liu Dong

Mr. Ong King Keung

Main functions of the Audit Committee are:

- reviewing the accounting policies and supervising the Company's financial reporting process;
- monitoring the performance of both the internal and external auditors;
- reviewing and examining the effectiveness of internal control measures; and
- ensuring compliance with applicable statutory accounting and reporting requirements, legal and regulatory requirements.

The Audit Committee is provided with sufficient resources to discharge its responsibilities. For the year ended 31 March 2013, the Audit Committee held two meetings which included the review of the final results for the year ended 31 March 2012 and the interim accounts for the six months ended 30 September 2012 and the internal control system of the Group.

Remuneration Committee

The Remuneration Committee comprises wholly independent non-executive Directors.

Members of the Remuneration Committee

Mr. Chau Kam Wing (Chairman)

Ms. Huang Shao Yun

Ms. Liu Dong

Mr. Ong King Keung

Remuneration Committee is responsible for making recommendations to the Board on the remuneration packages of Directors and senior management, with reference to Directors' duties, responsibilities and performance and the results of the Group. No Director will be involved in deciding his own remuneration.

For the year ended 31 March 2013, two meetings were held by the Remuneration Committee which reviewed the remuneration packages of the Directors and senior management.

Remuneration of Directors and Senior Management

Particulars in relation to Directors' remuneration and the five highest paid employees as required to be disclosed pursuant to Appendix 16 to the Listing Rules are set out in note 15 to the financial statements. Pursuant to code provision B.1.5 of the CG Code, the remuneration of the members of senior management by band for the year ended 31 March 2013 is set out below:

	Number of Individuals
Nil – HK\$1,000,000	1
HK\$1,000,001 – HK\$2,000,000	1
HK\$2,000,001 – HK\$3,000,000	1

Nomination Committee

The Nomination Committee comprises four members, amongst which one is executive Director and three are independent non-executive Directors.

Members of the Nomination Committee

Mr. Duan Chuan Liang (Chairman)

Mr. Chau Kam Wing

Ms. Huang Shao Yun

Ms. Liu Dong

The Nomination Committee, with the aim to build up a strong and diverse Board, would identify suitable and qualified individuals, in particular those who can add value to the management through their expertise in relevant strategic business areas, to be the board members, and would recommend the Board on relevant matters relating to the appointment or re-appointment of Directors, if necessary. The Nomination Committee shall meet before the holding of each annual general meeting of the Company where the appointment of Directors of the Company will be considered. Additional meetings should be held as and when the work of the Nomination Committee demands.

For the year ended 31 March 2013, the Nomination Committee held two meetings to review the composition of the Board, to assess the independence of independent non-executive Directors and to make recommendations to the Board on the appointment and re-appointment of Directors taking into account their experience and qualifications.

The individual attendance record of the Board meetings, Audit Committee meetings, Remuneration Committee meetings, Nomination Committee meetings and general meetings attended by each Director during the year ended 31 March 2013 are set out in the following table.

			M	leetings attende	ed/(held)	
			Audit	Remuneration	Nomination	General
	Note	Board	Committee	Committee	Committee	meeting
Executive Directors						
Mr. Duan Chuan Liang (Chairman)		4/(4)	N/A	N/A	2/(2)	1/(1)
Mr. Li Ji Sheng		2/(4)	N/A	N/A	N/A	0/(1)
Non-executive Directors						
Mr. Chen Guo Ru		2/(4)	N/A	N/A	N/A	0/(1)
Mr. Zhao Hai Hu		1/(4)	N/A	N/A	N/A	0/(1)
Mr. Zhou Wen Zhi		0/(4)	N/A	N/A	N/A	0/(1)
Mr. Wu Jiesi		0/(4)	N/A	N/A	N/A	0/(1)
Mr. Makoto Inoue	1	0/(2)	N/A	N/A	N/A	0/(1)
Independent Non-executive Directors						
Ms. Huang Shao Yun		3/(4)	2/(2)	2/(2)	2/(2)	0/(1)
Ms. Liu Dong		2/(4)	1/(2)	1/(2)	1/(2)	0/(1)
Mr. Chau Kam Wing		3/(4)	2/(2)	2/(2)	2/(2)	1/(1)
Mr. Ong King Keung		3/(4)	2/(2)	2/(2)	N/A	1/(1)

Note:

1. Mr. Makoto Inoue is appointed as a non-executive director on 20 July 2012. His attendance is presented by reference to the number of relevant meetings held during his tenure.

The Board is provided with relevant materials in relation to the matters brought before the meetings. Reasonable notices of meetings are given to the Directors and the Directors are encouraged to propose new items as any other business for discussion at the meetings. The Director has separate access to the Company's senior management for information at all times and may seek independent professional advice at the Company's expenses, if necessary. Minutes are kept by the company secretary and are open for inspections by all Directors at any reasonable time. Procedures for convening meetings of the Board and Board committees and preparing minutes of the meetings have complied with the requirements of the Articles of Association of the Company and applicable rules and regulations.

CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

During the year ended 31 March 2013, Mr. Duan Chuan Liang serves as the Chairman of the Company who is responsible for the leadership of the Board. The function of chief executive officer is collectively performed by the executive Directors (being Mr. Duan Chuan Liang and Mr. Li Ji Sheng), who are responsible for the day-to-day management of the Group's business.

DIRECTORS COMMITMENTS AND CONTINUOUS PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT

The Company has received confirmation from each Director that he has given sufficient time and attention to the affairs of the Company for the year ended 31 March 2013.

Every newly appointed Director receives an induction upon his/her appointment to ensure that he/she has a proper understanding of operations and business of the Group and is fully aware of responsibilities and obligations of being a Director. The Group provides continuing briefings and professional development to the Directors to update on the latest development in relation to the Listing Rules and other applicable regulatory requirements as well as the Group's business and governance policies.

During the year ended 31 March 2013, all Directors participated in the continuous professional developments in relation to regulatory update, the duties and responsibility of the Directors and the business of the Group including reading materials in relation to regulatory update and/or attending seminars to develop professional skills.

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. Lie Chi Wing, Aston has been appointed as Company Secretary of the Company. He has taken no less than 15 hours of relevant professional trainings to update his skills and knowledge during the year ended 31 March 2013.

RESPONSIBILITY FOR PREPARATION AND REPORTING OF ACCOUNTS

The Directors are responsible for the preparation of accounts for each financial period with a view to ensuring such accounts give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the Group and the results and cash flow of the Group for the period. The Company's accounts are prepared in accordance with all relevant statutory requirements and applicable accounting standards. The Directors are responsible for ensuring that appropriate accounting policies are selected and applied consistently; and that judgments and estimates made are prudent and reasonable. The Directors are not aware of any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt upon the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

A statement by the auditor about their reporting responsibilities is set out on page 23 of this annual report.

INTERNAL CONTROL

The Board has overall responsibilities for maintaining a sound and effective internal control system of the Group. The Group's system of internal control includes a defined management structure with limits of authority, safeguard its assets against unauthorised use or disposition, ensure the maintenance of proper accounting records for the provision of reliable financial information for internal use or for publication, and ensure compliance with relevant laws and regulations. The system is designed to provide reasonable assurance against material misstatement or loss, and to oversee the Group's operational systems for the achievement of the Group's business objectives. During the year under review, the Board reviewed the overall effectiveness of the Group's system of internal control over financial, operational and compliance controls and risk management functions. The Board concluded that in general, the Group's internal control system is effective and adequate. The Board's review has considered the adequacy of resources, qualifications and experience of staff of the Company's accounting and financial reporting function, and their training programmes and budget. Appropriate measures and actions have been taken during the year ended 31 March 2013 on areas where rooms for improvement were identified.

AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

The remuneration payable by the Company to its auditor, BDO Limited ("BDO"), for the year ended 31 March 2013 amounted to HK\$5,850,000 (2012: HK\$5,850,000). HK\$400,000 (2012: Nil) was paid for other non-audit services provided by BDO for the Company and its subsidiaries during the year ended 31 March 2013.

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS AND COMMUNICATION WITH SHAREHOLDERS

The Company has set up and maintained various channels of communication with its shareholders and the public to ensure that they are kept abreast of the Company's latest news and development. Information about the Company's financial results, corporate details and major events are disseminated through publication of announcements, circulars, interim and annual reports and press release. All published information is promptly uploaded to the Company's website at www.chinawatergroup.com.

Under the clause 58 of the Company's Bye-laws, the Board, on the requisition of shareholders of the Company holding not less than 10% of the paid-up capital of the Company, can convene a special general meeting to address specific issues of the Company. At the annual general meeting, shareholders can raise any questions relating to performance and future direction of the Group with the Directors. The Company maintains contact with its shareholders through annual general meeting or other general meetings, and encourages shareholders to attend those meetings.

Press conferences and analysts' briefings are held at least twice a year subsequent to the interim and final results announcements in which the Directors and management are available to answer questions about the Group. Shareholders can also submit enquiries to the management and send proposals to be put forward at shareholders' meeting to the Board or senior management by sending emails to info@chinawatergroup.com or making phone calls to our investor relations team at 852 3968 6666. In addition, the Company's dedicated investor relations team takes a proactive approach to communicate with existing and potential investors in a timely manner by making regular face-to-face meetings and conference calls with investors.

During the year ended 31 March 2013, there had not been any changes in the Company's constitutional documents.

The Directors herein present their report and the audited financial statement of the Company and of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2013.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding. Details of the principal activities of the principal subsidiaries are set out in note 19 to the financial statements. Save as disclosed in the financial statements, there were no other significant changes in the nature of the Group's principal activities during the year.

SEGMENT INFORMATION

An analysis of the Group's turnover and contribution to results by principal activity and geographical area of operations for the year ended 31 March 2013 is set out in note 8 to the financial statements.

FINANCIAL SUMMARY

A summary of the published results and of the assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five financial years is set out on page 142 of this annual report.

RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

The Group's profit for the year ended 31 March 2013 and the state of affairs of the Company and of the Group at that date are set out in the financial statements on pages 25 to 139. The Directors recommended a final dividend of HK3 cents (2012: HK3 cents) per ordinary share, which is subject to approval of the shareholders at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company to be held on Friday, 6 September 2013 and will be payable on or about Friday, 27 September 2013 to the shareholders whose names appear on the register of members on Tuesday, 17 September 2013. In addition, the final dividend is subject to the satisfaction of certain conditions under a term facility agreement with a financial institution which have been satisfied as of the date of this report.

CLOSURE OF REGISTER OF MEMBERS

The register of members of the Company will be closed from Friday, 13 September 2013 to Tuesday, 17 September 2013 both days inclusive, during which period no transfer of shares of the Company will be registered. In order to qualify for the entitlement to the proposed final dividend for the year ended 31 March 2013, all transfers of shares accompanied by the relevant share certificates and appropriate transfer forms must be lodged with the office of the Company's Share Registrar in Hong Kong, Tricor Tengis Limited, at 26th Floor, Tesbury Centre, 28 Queen's Road East, Wanchai, Hong Kong, for registration not later than 4:30 p.m. on Thursday, 12 September 2013.

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT AND INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

Details of movements in the property, plant and equipment and investment properties of the Group during the year are set out in notes 16 and 18 to the financial statements, respectively. Further details of the Group's investment properties are set out on page 140.

SHARE CAPITAL, SHARE OPTIONS, CONVERTIBLE BONDS AND DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

Details of movements in the Company's share capital, share options, convertible bonds and derivative financial liabilities during the year are set out in notes 39, 40 and 36 to the financial statements, respectively.

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Company's bye-laws or the laws of Bermuda where the Company continued registration as an exempted company which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro-rata basis to existing shareholders.

PURCHASE, REDEMPTION OR SALE OF LISTED SECURITIES OF THE COMPANY

During the year ended 31 March 2013, the Company repurchased its own shares on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited as follows:

Number of shares repurchased	Highest price per share HK\$	Lowest price per share HK\$	Aggregate consideration (excluding expenses) HK\$
624,000	1.89	1.85	1,167,000
4,410,000 4,018,000	2.40 2.47	1.94 2.36	10,044,000 9,718,000
	shares repurchased 624,000 4,410,000	shares price per share HK\$ 624,000 1.89 4,410,000 2.40	shares repurchased price per share HK\$ per share HK\$ 624,000 1.89 1.85 4,410,000 2.40 1.94

During the year ended 31 March 2013, the Company repurchased a total of 9,052,000 ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each in the capital of the Company. 624,000 and 8,428,000 of the repurchased shares were cancelled in August 2012 and March 2013 respectively. Accordingly, the issued share capital of the Company was reduced by the nominal value thereof. The premium payable on repurchase was charged against the share premium account of the Company.

The purchase of the Company's shares during the year was effected by the Directors, pursuant to the mandate from shareholders received at the last annual general meeting, with a view to benefiting shareholders as a whole by enhancing the net asset value per share and earnings per share of the Group.

Save as disclosed above, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, redeemed or sold any of the Company's listed securities during the year.

RESERVES AND DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES

Details of movements in the reserves of the Company and of the Group during the year are set out in note 41 to the financial statements and in the consolidated statement of changes in equity, respectively. Details of the distributable reserves of the Company are set out in note 41 to the financial statements. The Company's reserves available for distribution to members at 31 March 2013 amounted to HK\$1,256,956,000 (2012: HK\$1,195,438,000) which comprised contributed surplus of HK\$1,095,703,000 (2012: HK\$1,168,005,000) and surplus of HK\$161,253,000 (2012: HK\$27,433,000).

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

In the year under review, sales to the Group's five largest customers accounted for less than 30% of the total sales for the year. Purchases from the Group's five largest suppliers accounted for less than 30% of the total purchases for the year. None of the directors of the Company or any of their associates or any shareholders (which, to the best knowledge of the directors, own more than 5% of the Company's issued share capital) had any beneficial interest in the Group's five largest customers or suppliers.

DIRECTORS

The Directors of the Company during the year and up to date of this report were as follows:

Executive Directors

Mr. Duan Chuan Liang (Chairman)

Mr. Li Ji Sheng

Non-executive Directors

Mr. Chen Guo Ru

Mr Wu liesi

Mr. Zhao Hai Hu

Mr. Zhou Wen Zhi

Mr. Makoto Inoue (appointed on 20 July 2012)

Independent Non-executive Directors

Ms. Huang Shao Yun

Ms. Liu Dong

Mr. Chau Kam Wing

Mr. Ong King Keung

In accordance with clause 87 of the Company's Bye-laws, Mr. Li Ji Sheng, Mr. Zhou Wen Zhi and Mr. Ong King Keung will retire at the forthcoming annual general meeting and all of them being eligible, will offer themselves for re-election. Apart from Mr. Duan Chuan Liang, all the other Directors of the Company, including the independent non-executive Directors, are subject to retirement by rotation and re-election in accordance with the provisions of the Company's Bye-laws.

DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

As at 31 March 2013, none of the Directors has entered into any service contracts with the Company or any other member of the Group (excluding contracts expiring or determinable by the employer within one year without payment of compensation (other than statutory compensation)).

DIRECTORS' INTEREST IN CONTRACTS

Save as disclosed elsewhere in the financial statements, no Director had a material interest, either direct or indirect, in any contract of significance to the business of the Group to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries was a party during the year.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN COMPETING BUSINESSES

During the year and up to the date of this report, to the best knowledge of the Directors, none of the Directors and their respective associates was considered to have any interests in the businesses which compete or were likely to compete, either directly or indirectly, with the businesses of the Group, other than those businesses where the Directors were appointed as Directors to represent the interests of the Company and/or the Group.

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVES' INTERESTS IN SECURITIES

As at 31 March 2013, the interests and short positions of the Directors and chief executives of the Company in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Future Ordinance (Chapter 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong ("SFO") which had been notified to the Company and The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") pursuant to Division 7 & 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests or short positions which they were taken or deemed to have under such provision of the SFO) or which were required, pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO, to be entered in the register referred to therein, or which were required pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transaction by Directors of Listed Issuers to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange were as follows:

Shares

	Capacity/	Number	of shares	Approximate percentage of shareholding in
Name of Director	Nature of interest	Long position	Short position	the Company
Mr. Duan Chuan Liang (Note)	Corporate and personal	322,874,301	_	22.37%
Mr. Chen Guo Ru	Personal	3,500,000	_	0.24%
Mr. Zhao Hai Hu	Personal	1,306,000	_	0.09%
Mr. Zhou Wen Zhi	Personal	870,000	_	0.06%

Note: These 322,874,301 shares consist of 143,578,301 shares held by Asset Full Resources Limited, which is wholly and beneficially owned by Mr. Duan Chuan Liang, and 179,296,000 shares held by Mr. Duan personally.

SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The Company has adopted the new share option scheme on 7 September 2012. Details of the Company's share option scheme are set out in note 40 to the financial statements. As at 31 March 2013, none of the Directors of the Company had been granted options to subscribe for shares in the capital of the Company under the share option scheme.

Other than as disclosed in the sections headed "Directors' and chief executives' interests in securities" and "Share Option Scheme" above, none of the Directors or chief executives of the Company had or was deemed to have any interests or short positions in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO which were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Division 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO including interests or short positions which the Directors and the chief executives were taken or deemed to have under the provisions of the SFO or which were required, pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, to be entered in the register referred to therein; or which were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers contained in the Listing Rules.

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVES' RIGHTS TO ACQUIRE SECURITIES

Save as disclosed in the sections headed "Directors' and chief executives' interests in securities" and "Share Option Scheme" above, at no time during the year was the Company, its subsidiaries or its fellow subsidiaries a party to any arrangements to enable the Company's Directors or members of its management to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in or debt securities (including debentures) of, the Company or any other body corporate.

EMOLUMENT POLICY

The emolument policy of the employees of the Group is determined on the basis of their merit, qualifications and competence.

The emoluments of the Directors of the Company are determined by reference to the Group's operating results, individual performance and comparable market statistics and recommended by the Remuneration Committee of the Company.

The Company has adopted a share option scheme as an incentive to directors and eligible employees. Details of the scheme is set out in note 40 to the financial statements.

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS

At 31 March 2013, the following interests and short positions of 5% or more of the issued share capital of the Company were recorded in the register of interests required to be kept by the Company pursuant to Section 336 of the SFO:

	Capacity/		Number of share	;	Approximate percentage of shareholding in the Company				
Name of shareholder	Nature of interest	Long position	Short position	Lending pool	Long position	Short position	Lending pool		
Duan Chuan Liang	Beneficial	322,874,301	-	-	22.37%	-	-		
Asset Full Resources Limited (Note (i))	Beneficial	143,578,301	-	-	9.95%	-	-		
ORIX Corporation	Beneficial	291,170,277	-	-	20.18%	-	-		
Atlantis Capital Holdings Limited (Note (ii))	Interest in a controlled corporation	182,450,000	-	-	12.64%	-	-		
JP Morgan Chase & Co.	Beneficial/Custodian	161,063,775	-	158,384,000	11.16%	_	10.98%		
Norges Bank	Beneficial	115,684,000	_	-	8.02%	_	-		
Deutsche Bank	Beneficial/Investment manager/	80,885,835	10,202,160	368,000	5.61%	0.71%	0.03%		
Aktiengesellschaft	Person having a security interest in shares/Custodian								
Zesigner Capital Group LLC	Investment manager	72,515,000			5.03%		- 1		

Notes:

- (i) These shares are beneficially owned by and registered in the name of Asset Full Resources Limited, a company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands, whose entire issued capital is wholly and beneficially owned by Mr. Duan Chuan Liang, an executive Director and Chairman of the Company.
- (ii) Controlling shareholder is Ms. Liu Yang.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 March 2013, so far as is known to any Director or chief executive of the Company, no person (other than a Director or chief executive of the Company) had interests or short positions in the shares or underlying shares of the Company as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to Section 336 of the SFO.

MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

No contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company were entered into or existed during the year.

CONNECTED TRANSACTION

During the year, the Group has not entered into any significant connected transaction or continuing connected transaction which should be disclosed pursuant to the requirement under the Listing Rules.

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Details of the related party transactions of the Group are set out in note 49 to the financial statements.

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors, the Directors confirmed that the Company has maintained a sufficient public float throughout the year ended 31 March 2013.

POST REPORTING DATE EVENTS

Details of the significant post reporting date events of the Group are set out in note 50 to the financial statements.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

A report on the principal corporate governance practice adopted by the Company is set out on pages 10 to 16.

AUDITOR

Due to a merger of the business of Grant Thornton ("GTHK"), now known as JBPB & Co. and BDO Limited ("BDO") to practise in the name of BDO as announced on 26 November 2010, GTHK resigned effective from 6 December 2010 and BDO was appointed as auditor of the Company effective from 5 January 2011. Save as aforesaid, there was no change in auditor during the past three years.

A resolution will be proposed at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company to re-appoint BDO as auditor of the Company.

On behalf of the board

Duan Chuan Liang

Chairman

Hong Kong, 26 June 2013

Independent Auditor's Report



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TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF CHINA WATER AFFAIRS GROUP LIMITED

(originally incorporated in the Cayman Islands and continued in Bermuda with limited liability)

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of China Water Affairs Group Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (together the "Group") set out on pages 25 to 139, which comprise the consolidated and company statements of financial position as at 31 March 2013, and the consolidated income statement, the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITY

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit. This report is made solely to you, as a body, in accordance with Section 90 of the Companies Act, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Independent Auditor's Report

OPINION

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the Group as at 31 March 2013, and of the Group's profit and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards and have been properly prepared in accordance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

BDO Limited

Certified Public Accountants

Lam Hung Yun, Andrew

Practising Certificate Number P04092

Hong Kong, 26 June 2013

Consolidated Income Statement

	Notes	2013 HK\$'000	2012 HK\$'000
Revenue	7	2,250,675	1,896,944
Cost of sales		(1,280,830)	(1,061,566)
Gross profit		969,845	835,378
Other income	7	121,328	96,053
Selling and distribution costs		(90,356)	(72,938)
Administrative expenses		(356,441)	(324,422)
Other operating expenses		(10,141)	(7,213)
Fair value gain on investment properties Fair value loss on financial assets at fair value		149,880	62,579
through profit or loss		(190)	(290)
Change in fair value of derivative financial instruments		14,918	45,496
Gain on disposal of assets and liabilities classified as			
held for sale	44	41,526	32,148
Gain on repurchase/redemption of convertible bonds		882	8,419
Profit from operation	9	841,251	675,210
Finance costs	10	(86,520)	(86,813)
Share of results of associates		9,747	98,719
Profit before income tax		764,478	687,116
Income tax expense	11	(238,939)	(154,647)
Profit for the year		525,539	532,469
Profit for the year attributable to:	12	305.000	245 200
Owners of the Company	12	285,809	315,280
Non-controlling interests		239,730	217,189
		525,539	532,469
Earnings per share for profit attributable to owners			
of the Company during the year	14	HK cents	HK cents
Basic		19.72	21.03
Diluted		18.79	N/A
Diluted			IV/A

Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income

	2013 HK\$'000	2012 HK\$'000
Profit for the year	525,539	532,469
Other comprehensive income		
Change in fair value of available-for-sale financial assets	3,809	(3,614)
Share of other comprehensive income of associates	(10,691)	9,337
Currency translation	48,557	115,505
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax	41,675	121,228
Total comprehensive income for the year	567,214	653,697
Total comprehensive income attributable to:		
Owners of the Company	307,087	389,342
Non-controlling interests	260,127	264,355
	567,214	653,697

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

As at 31 March 2013

	Notes	2013 HK\$'000	2012 HK\$'000
ASSETS AND LIABILITIES			
Non-current assets Property, plant and equipment Prepaid land lease payments Investment properties Interests in associates Available-for-sale financial assets Goodwill Other intangible assets Deposits and prepayments	16 17 18 20 21 22 23 24	4,744,518 521,781 740,283 966,412 161,946 185,775 187,756 207,384	4,121,103 527,244 888,083 876,998 120,377 181,272 192,942 141,608
		7,715,855	7,049,627
Current assets Properties under development Properties held for sale Inventories Trade and bills receivables Amounts due from grantors for contract work Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Due from non-controlling equity holders of subsidiaries Due from associates Prepayments, deposits and other receivables Derivative financial assets Pledged deposits Deposits and cash	25 26 27 28 29 30 35 20 24 21(a) 31 31	803,542 75,605 191,363 530,385 111,076 1,447 359,727 118,588 670,514 103,990 49,685 918,146	493,698 55,162 180,821 365,417 106,546 1,617 169,318 108,679 545,512 109,012 17,909
Assets classified as held for sale	44	3,934,068 -	3,221,770 407,271
		3,934,068	3,629,041
Current liabilities			- 1.3
Trade and bills payables Accrued liabilities, deposits received and other payables Due to associates Borrowings Due to non-controlling equity holders of subsidiaries Provision for tax Convertible bonds Derivative financial liabilities	32 33 20 34 35 36 36	530,168 1,797,356 49,454 653,120 198,817 248,858 300,197 14,513	454,647 1,409,240 5,581 634,279 170,587 189,186 – 37,960
Liabilities classified as held for sale	44	3,792,483	2,901,480 117,310
		3,792,483	3,018,790
Net current assets		141,585	610,251
Total assets less current liabilities		7,857,440	7,659,878

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

As at 31 March 2013

	Notes	2013 HK\$'000	2012 HK\$'000
		,	, , , , ,
Non-current liabilities			
Borrowings	34	2,075,636	1,755,632
Due to non-controlling equity holders of subsidiaries	35	21,740	33,444
Convertible bonds	36	196,641	536,015
Deposits received	33	9,658	_
Deferred government grants	37	52,296	54,522
Deferred tax liabilities	38	307,536	238,824
		2,663,507	2,618,437
Net assets		5,193,933	5,041,441
EQUITY			
Equity attributable to owners of the Company			
Share capital	39	14,430	14,521
Proposed final dividend	13	43,291	43,562
Reserves		3,325,479	3,189,286
		3,383,200	3,247,369
Non-controlling interests		1,810,733	1,794,072
Total equity		5,193,933	5,041,441

Duan Chuan Liang *Director*

Li Ji Sheng Director

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

					Equity att	ributable to o	wners of the	Company						
	Share capital HK\$'000	Proposed final dividend HK\$'000	Share premium account HK\$'000	Capital redemption (reserve HK\$'000	Contributed surplus HK\$'000	Exchange fluctuation reserve HK\$'000	Share options reserve HK\$'000		Available— for-sale financial assets evaluation reserve HK\$'000	Statutory reserves HK\$'000	Retained earnings HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000	Non- controlling interests HK\$'000	Total equity HK\$'000
Balance at 1 April 2011	13,859	41,576	80,087	341	1,245,639	270,317	10,437	(28,921)	6,512	93,870	1,130,915	2,864,632	1,468,697	4,333,329
Subscription of new shares (note 39 (a)) Share issuance expenses	2,356	-	798,678 (22,226)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	801,034 (22,226)	-	801,034 (22,226)
Share repurchase (note 39(b))	(1,694)	_	(416,094)		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(417,788)	_	(417,788)
Share repurchase expenses	-	_	(1,744)		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(1,744)	_	(1,744)
Share options lapsed	-	-	-	_	-	-	(6,030)	-	-	-	6,030	-	-	-
Arising from acquisition of subsidiaries (notes 42(c) to (e))	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	228,703	228,703
Additional interests in subsidiaries acquired by the Group Arising from deemed/partial disposal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(271,338)	-	-	-	(271,338)	(119,733)	(391,071)
of subsidiaries (note 43) Capital contribution by non-controlling	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(18,895)	-	-	-	(18,895)	18,895	-
equity holders of subsidiaries	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	61,620	61,620
Final dividend 2011 (note 13)	_	(41,576)	-	-	(4,464)	_	_	-	_	_	_	(46,040)	· -	(46,040)
Interim dividend 2012 (note 13) Dividend paid to non-controlling	-	-	-	-	(29,608)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(29,608)	-	(29,608)
interests of subsidiaries													(128,465)	(128,465)
Transactions with owners	662	(41,576)	358,614		(34,072)		(6,030)	(290,233)			6,030	(6,605)	61,020	54,415
Proposed final dividend 2012 (note 13)	-	43,562	-	-	(43,562)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfer to capital redemption reserve	-	-	-	1,694	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,694)	-	-	-
Transfer to statutory reserves	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26,741	(26,741)	-	-	-
Profit for the year Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	315,280	315,280	217,189	532,469
-Change in fair value of available-for-sale financial assets -Currency translation	- -	-	-	-	-	- 68,339	-	-	(3,614)	-		(3,614) 68,339	- 47,166	(3,614) 115,505
 Share of other comprehensive income of associates 	_	-	-	-	_	9,038	797	(498)	_	-	_	9,337	_	9,337
Total comprehensive income for the year						77,377	797	(498)	(3,614)		315,280	389,342	264,355	653,697
					4 400 00=									
Balance at 31 March 2012	14,521	43,562	438,701	2,035	1,168,005	347,694	5,204	(319,652)	2,898	120,611	1,423,790	3,247,369	1,794,072	5,041,441

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

	Equity attributable to owners of the Company													
	Share capital HK\$'000	Proposed final dividend HK\$'000	Share premium account HK\$'000	Capital redemption (reserve HK\$'000	Contributed surplus HK\$'000	Exchange fluctuation reserve HK\$'000	Share options reserve	Other reserves HK\$'000	Available– for-sale financial assets revaluation reserve HK\$'000	Statutory reserves HK\$'000	Retained earnings HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000	Non- controlling interests HK\$'000	Total equity HK\$'000
Balance at 1 April 2012	14,521	43,562	438,701	2,035	1,168,005	347,694	5,204	(319,652)	2,898	120,611	1,423,790	3,247,369	1,794,072	5,041,441
Share repurchase (note 39(b))	(91)	_	(20,838)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(20,929)	_	(20,929)
Share repurchase expenses Arising from acquisition of subsidiaries	-	-	(90)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(90)		(90)
(notes 42 (a) to (b)) Additional interests in subsidiaries	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26,461	26,461
acquired by the Group Arising from disposal of assets and liabilities classified as held for sale	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(44,291)	-	-	-	(44,291)	(30,540)	(74,831)
(note 44)	-	-	-	-	-	(18,242)	-	(9,579)	-	(5,552)	-	(33,373)	(158,231)	(191,604)
Capital contribution by non-controlling														
equity holders of subsidiaries	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8,989	8,989
Final dividend 2012 (note 13)	-	(43,562)	-	-	18	-	-	-	-	-	-	(43,544)		(43,544)
Interim dividend 2013 (note 13)	-	-	-	-	(29,029)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(29,029)	-	(29,029)
Dividend paid to non-controlling														
interests of subsidiaries													(90,145)	(90,145)
Transactions with owners	(91)	(43,562)	(20,928)		(29,011)	(18,242)		(53,870)		(5,552)		(171,256)	(243,466)	(414,722)
Proposed final dividend 2013 (note 13)	-	43,291	-	-	(43,291)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfer to capital redemption reserve	-	-	-	91	-	-	-	-	-	-	(91)	-	-	-
Transfer to statutory reserves	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	36,566	(36,566)	-	-	-
Profit for the year Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	285,809	285,809	239,730	525,539
-Change in fair value of available-for-sale														
financial assets	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	3.809	_	_	3,809	_	3,809
-Currency translation	_	_	_	_	_	28,160	_	_	-,-,-	_	_	28,160	20,397	48,557
-Share of other comprehensive income						,						,.00	,	
of associates	_							(10,691)				(10,691)		(10,691)
Total comprehensive income for the year			<u> </u>			28,160		(10,691)	3,809		285,809	307,087	260,127	567,214
Balance at 31 March 2013	14,430	43,291	417,773	2,126	1,095,703	357,612	5,204	(384,213)	6,707	151,625	1,672,942	3,383,200	1,810,733	5,193,933

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

	Notes	2013 HK\$'000	2012 HK\$'000
	Trotes	11K\$ 000	1110 000
Cash flows from operating activities			
Profit before income tax		764,478	687,116
Adjustments for:			
Finance costs	10	86,520	86,813
Share of results of associates		(9,747)	(98,719)
Interest income	7	(31,206)	(25,093)
Dividend income from financial assets	7	(282)	(2,305)
Amortisation of deferred government grants	7	(2,907)	(2,844)
Excess over the cost of business combination			
recognised in profit or loss	7	_	(7,175)
Depreciation	9	243,196	207,893
Amortisation of prepaid land lease payments	9	14,981	16,110
Amortisation of other intangible assets	9	9,127	9,048
Amortisation of capitalised expenses		3,001	1,695
(Gain)/loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	9	(687)	1,849
Property, plant and equipment written off	9	110	109
Trade receivables written off	9	2,310	3,014
Valuation gain on investment properties	18	(149,880)	(62,579)
Loss on disposal of investment properties	9	1,875	_
Gain on disposal of assets and liabilities classified			
as held for sale	44	(41,526)	(32,148)
Fair value loss on financial assets at fair value			
through profit or loss		190	290
Change in fair value of derivative financial instruments		(14,918)	(45,496)
Gain on repurchase/redemption of convertible bonds		(882)	(8,419)
Operating profit before working capital changes		873,753	729,159
Decrease in financial assets at fair value through		075,755	723,133
profit or loss		_	1,814
Increase in properties under development		(146,433)	(204,559)
Decrease in properties held for sale, net		112,388	27,606
Increase in inventories		(8,933)	(74,090)
Increase in trade and bills receivables		(167,053)	(15,451)
Increase in amounts due from grantors for contract work		(4,530)	(2,636)
(Increase)/decrease in amounts due from non-controlling		(4,550)	(2,030)
equity holders of subsidiaries		(190,409)	28,784
Increase in prepayments, deposits and other receivables		(86,792)	(118,994)
Increase in trade and bills payables		72,181	129,454
Increase in accrued liabilities, deposits received		72,101	123,434
and other payables		578,756	509,106
Cash generated from enerations		1 022 020	1 010 103
Cash generated from operations		1,032,928	1,010,193
Interest paid for bank and other borrowings		(46,926)	(42,574)
Income taxes paid		(113,542)	(78,108)
Net cash generated from operating activities		872,460	889,511
	- 6		772

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

To the year chaca 37 March 2013			
	Notes	2013 HK\$'000	2012 HK\$'000
Cash flows from investing activities Interest received Dividend received Purchase of property, plant and equipment Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment Land lease payments prepaid Proceeds from disposal of land use rights Proceeds from disposal of investment properties Purchase of investment properties Purchase of water supply concession rights Deposits paid		31,206 282 (826,124) 46,996 (2,928) - 21,007 (50,218) (1,445) (96,375)	25,093 2,305 (565,895) 21,490 (12,854) 150 - (190,045) (16,458) (28,414)
Acquisition of subsidiaries (net of cash and cash equivalent acquired) Investments in associates Dividends received from associates Increase in amounts due from associates Increase in amounts due to associates Purchases of available-for-sale financial assets Proceeds from disposal of available-for-sale financial assets Proceeds from disposal of financial asset at	42	(2,428) (90,466) 7,256 (9,909) - (37,500)	(91,784) (234,188) 4,834 (108,679) 5,581 (1,028) 227
fair value through profit or loss Loan to a third party Net cash flows from disposal of assets and liabilities classified			341 (30,864)
as held for sales Deposit received from disposal of assets and liabilities classified		(6,036)	116,306
as held for sales Increase in pledged deposits Decrease/(increase) in cash deposit with an original maturity		(31,776)	141,358 (4,687)
of more than 3 months Deferred government grants received		88,657 	(27,467) 741
Net cash used in investing activities		(959,801)	(993,937)
Cash flows from financing activities Acquisition of non-controlling interests Placing and subscription of new shares Share issue expenses Payment for repurchase of ordinary shares Repurchase/redemption of convertible bonds Interest on convertible bonds Repayment to non-controlling equity holders of subsidiaries of the Company Drawdown of bank loans Repayment of bank loans Drawdown of other borrowings Repayment of other borrowings Dividends paid Injection by non-controlling equity holders of subsidiaries of the Company Fund advanced from associates		(74,831) (21,019) (67,678) (13,718) (73,619) 947,139 (526,730) 39,831 (158,122) (72,573) 8,989 43,873	(240,833) 801,034 (22,226) (419,532) (58,130) (14,964) (161,932) 996,341 (493,380) 96,947 (142,462) (75,648)
Net cash generated from financing activities		31,542	326,835
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents		(55,799)	222,409
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year Effect of foreign exchange rates, net		985,458 (11,513)	787,445 (24,396)
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year		918,146	985,458
Analysis of cash and cash equivalents Deposits and cash Assets classified as held for sale	31 44(a)	918,146	979,422 6,036
		918,146	985,458

Company Statement of Financial Position

As at 31 March 2013

	Notes	2013 HK\$'000	2012 HK\$'000
ASSETS AND LIABILITIES			
Non-current assets Property, plant and equipment Interests in subsidiaries Available-for-sale financial assets Deposit	16 19 21 24	2,935 1,160,175 324,137 10,000	2,585 1,166,601 280,443
		1,497,247	1,449,629
Current assets Due from subsidiaries Prepayments, deposits and other receivables Deposits and cash	19 24 31	1,342,306 37,089 145,659	1,022,407 9,103 409,358
		1,525,054	1,440,868
Current liabilities Due to subsidiaries Accrued liabilities and other payables Provision for tax	19 33	159,287 33,846 4	228,050 31,054 296
Convertible bonds Derivative financial liabilities	36 36	300,197 14,513	- 37,960
		507,847	297,360
Net current assets		1,017,207	1,143,508
Total assets less current liabilities		2,514,454	2,593,137
Non-current liabilities Borrowings Convertible bonds	34 36	533,528 196,641	322,444 536,015
		730,169	858,459
Net assets		1,784,285	1,734,678
EQUITY			
Share capital Proposed final dividend Reserves	39 13 41(b)	14,430 43,291 1,726,564	14,521 43,562 1,676,595
Total equity		1,784,285	1,734,678

Duan Chuan Liang
Director

Li Ji Sheng
Director

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 March 2013

1. CORPORATE INFORMATION

China Water Affairs Group Limited (the "Company") was previously incorporated in the Cayman Islands as an exempted company under the Cayman Islands Companies Law with its ordinary shares listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange").

Pursuant to a special resolution passed in an extraordinary general meeting held on 9 June 2003 and approved by the Registrars of Companies in the Cayman Islands and Bermuda on 9 July 2003, the Company de-registered from the Cayman Islands under Section 226 of the Companies Law and re-domiciled in Bermuda under Section 132C of the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda as an exempted company.

The Company's registered office is Clarendon House, 2 Church Street, Hamilton HM11, Bermuda and its principal place of business is Suite 6408, 64th Floor, Central Plaza, 18 Harbour Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong.

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding. The principal activities of the Company's subsidiaries are set out in note 19 to the financial statements. The Company and its subsidiaries are together defined to as the "Group" hereafter.

The financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2013 were approved for issue by the board of directors (the "Directors") on 26 June 2013.

2. ADOPTION OF HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs")

2.1 Adoption of amended HKFRSs

In the current year, the Group has applied for the first time the following amendments ("the new HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants, which are relevant to and effective for the Group's financial statements for the annual period beginning on 1 April 2012:

Amendments to HKFRS 7 Disclosures – Transfers of Financial Assets

Amendments to HKAS 12 Deferred Tax – Recovery of Underlying Assets

Amendments to HKFRS 7 – Disclosures – Transfers of Financial Assets

The amendments to HKFRS 7 expand the disclosure requirements for transfer transactions of financial assets, in particular where the reporting entity has continuing involvement in financial assets that it has derecognised. The newly required disclosures allow users of financial statements to better understand the risks to which the reporting entity remains exposed. And such information is relevant in assessing the amount, timing and uncertainty of the entity's future cash flows. The adoption of the amendments has no impact on the disclosures for the current and comparative periods presented.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 March 2013

2. ADOPTION OF HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Continued)

2.1 Adoption of amended HKFRSs (Continued)

Amendments to HKAS 12 – Deferred Tax – Recovery of Underlying Assets

The amendments to HKAS 12 introduce a rebuttable presumption that an investment property which is stated at fair value under HKAS 40 "Investment Property" is recovered entirely through sale. The measurement of the deferred tax liability or deferred tax asset reflects the tax consequences of recovering the carrying amount of the investment property entirely through sale. This presumption is rebutted if the investment property is depreciable and is held within a business model whose objective is to consume substantially all of the economic benefits embodied in the investment property over time, rather than through sale. If this presumption is rebutted, the amount of deferred tax is measured based on the expected manner in which the carrying amount of the investment property would be recovered, using the appropriate tax rates enacted or substantially enacted at the reporting date (see note 4.25). The adoption of the amendments has no impact on the Group's reported profit or loss and financial position for any period presented.

2.2 New/revised HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective

The following new/revised HKFRSs, potentially relevant to the Group's financial statements, have been issued, but are not yet effective and have not been early adopted by the Group.

HKFRSs (Amendments)	Annual Improvements 2009-2011 Cycle ²
Amendments to HKAS 1 (Revised)	Presentation of items of other comprehensive income ¹
Amendments to HKAS 32	Financial instruments – Presentation – Offsetting financial assets and financial liabilities ³
Amendments to HKFRS 10, HKFRS 12 and HKAS 27 (2011)	Investment entities ³
Amendments to HKFRS 7	Financial instruments: Disclosures – Offsetting financial assets and financial liabilities ²
HKFRS 9	Financial instruments ⁴
HKFRS 10	Consolidated financial statements ²
HKFRS 11	Joint arrangements ²
HKFRS 12	Disclosure of interests in other entities ²
HKFRS 13	Fair value measurement ²
HKAS 19 (2011)	Employee benefit ²
HKAS 27 (2011)	Separate financial statements ²
HKAS 28 (2011)	Investments in associates and joint ventures ²

- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2012
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2014
- ⁴ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2015

For the year ended 31 March 2013

2. ADOPTION OF HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Continued)

2.2 New/revised HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective (Continued)

Amendments to HKAS 1 (Revised) - Presentation of Items of Other Comprehensive Income

The amendments to HKAS 1 (Revised) require the Group to separate items presented in other comprehensive income into those that may be reclassified to profit or loss in the future (e.g. revaluations of available-for-sale financial assets) and those that may not (e.g. revaluations of property, plant and equipment). Tax on items of other comprehensive income is allocated and disclosed on the same basis. The amendments will be applied retrospectively.

HKFRS 9 – Financial Instruments

Under HKFRS 9, financial assets are classified into financial assets measured at fair value or at amortised cost depending on the entity's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets. Fair value gains or losses will be recognised in profit or loss except for those non-trade equity investments, which the entity will have a choice to recognise the gains and losses in other comprehensive income. HKFRS 9 carries forward the recognition and measurement requirements for financial liabilities from HKAS 39, except for financial liabilities that are designated at fair value through profit or loss, where the amount of change in fair value attributable to change in credit risk of that liability is recognised in other comprehensive income unless that would create or enlarge an accounting mismatch. In addition, HKFRS 9 retains the requirements in HKAS 39 for de-recognition of financial assets and financial liabilities.

HKFRS 10 – Consolidated Financial Statements

HKFRS 10 introduces a single control model for consolidation of all investee entities. An investor has control when it has power over the investee (whether or not that power is used in practice), exposure or rights to variable returns from the investee and the ability to use the power over the investee to affect those returns. HKFRS 10 contains extensive guidance on the assessment of control. For example, the standard introduces the concept of "de facto" control where an investor can control an investee while holding less than 50% of the investee's voting rights in circumstances where its voting interest is of sufficiently dominant size relative to the size and dispersion of those of other individual shareholders to give it power over the investee. Potential voting rights are considered in the analysis of control only when these are substantive, i.e. the holder has the practical ability to exercise them. The standard explicitly requires an assessment of whether an investor with decision making rights is acting as principal or agent and also whether other parties with decision making rights are acting as agents of the investor. An agent is engaged to act on behalf of and for the benefit of another party and therefore does not control the investee when it exercises its decision making authority. The implementation of HKFRS 10 may result in changes in those entities which are regarded as being controlled by the Group and are therefore consolidated in the financial statements. The accounting requirements in the existing HKAS 27 on other consolidation related matters are carried forward unchanged. HKFRS 10 is applied retrospectively subject to certain transitional provisions.

For the year ended 31 March 2013

2. ADOPTION OF HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Continued)

2.2 New/revised HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective (Continued)

HKFRS 12 - Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities

HKFRS 12 integrates and makes consistent the disclosures requirements about interests in subsidiaries, associates and joint arrangements. It also introduces new disclosure requirements, including those related to unconsolidated structured entities. The general objective of the standard is to enable users of financial statements to evaluate the nature and risks of a reporting entity's interests in other entities and the effects of those interests on the reporting entity's financial statements.

HKFRS 13 - Fair Value Measurement

HKFRS 13 provides a single source of guidance on how to measure fair value when it is required or permitted by other standards. The standard applies to both financial and non-financial items measured at fair value and introduces a fair value measurement hierarchy. The definitions of the three levels in this measurement hierarchy are generally consistent with HKFRS 7 "Financial Instruments: Disclosures". HKFRS 13 defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date (i.e. an exit price). The standard removes the requirement to use bid and ask prices for financial assets and liabilities quoted in an active market. Rather the price within the bid-ask spread that is most representative of fair value in the circumstances should be used. It also contains extensive disclosure requirements to allow users of the financial statements to assess the methods and inputs used in measuring fair values and the effects of fair value measurements on the financial statements. HKFRS 13 can be adopted early and is applied prospectively.

3 BASIS OF PREPARATION

(a) Statement of compliance

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with all applicable HKFRSs, Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKASs") and Interpretations (hereinafter collectively referred to as the "HKFRSs") and the disclosure requirements of Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. In addition, the consolidated financial statements include applicable disclosures required by the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited ("Listing Rules").

(b) Basis of measurement

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost basis except for certain properties and financial instruments, which are measured at revalued amounts or fair values as explained in the accounting policies set out in note 4.

(c) Functional and presentation currency

The financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$"), which is the same as the functional currency of the Company.

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Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 March 2013

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

4.1 Business combination and basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of the Group. Inter-company transactions and balances between group companies together with unrealised profits are eliminated in full in preparing the consolidated financial statements. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of impairment on the asset transferred, in which case the loss is recognised in profit or loss.

The result of subsidiaries acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income from the effective dates of acquisition or up to the effective dates of disposal, as appropriate. Where necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies into line with those used by other members of the Group.

Acquisition of subsidiaries or businesses is accounted for using the acquisition method. The cost of an acquisition is measured at the aggregate of the acquisition-date fair value of assets transferred, liabilities incurred and equity interests issued by the Group, as the acquirer. The identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed are principally measured at acquisition-date fair value. The Group's previously held equity interest in the acquire is re-measured at acquisition-date fair value and the resulting gains or losses are recognised in profit or loss. The Group may elect, on a transaction-by-transaction basis, to measure the non-controlling interest that represents a present ownership interest in the subsidiary either at fair value or at the proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. All other non-controlling interests are measured at fair value unless another measurement basis is required by HKFRSs. Acquisition-related costs incurred are expensed unless they are incurred in issuing equity instruments in which case the costs are deducted from equity.

Any contingent consideration to be transferred by the acquirer is recognised at acquisition-date fair value. Subsequent adjustments to consideration are recognised against goodwill only to the extent that they arise from new information obtained within the measurement period (a maximum of 12 months from the acquisition date) about the fair value at the acquisition date. All other subsequent adjustments to contingent consideration classified as an asset or a liability are recognised in profit or loss.

Changes in the Group's interests in subsidiaries that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions. The carrying amounts of the Group's interest and the non-controlling interest are adjusted to reflect the changes in their relative interests in the subsidiaries. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interest is adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognised directly in equity and attributed to owners of the Company.

When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, the profit or loss on disposal is calculated as the difference between (i) the aggregate of the fair value of the consideration received and the fair value of any retained interest and (ii) the previous carrying amount of the assets (including goodwill), and liabilities of the subsidiary and any non-controlling interest. Amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to the subsidiary are accounted for in the same manner as would be required if the relevant assets or liabilities were disposed of.

For the year ended 31 March 2013

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

4.1 Business combination and basis of consolidation (Continued)

Subsequent to acquisition, the carrying amount of non-controlling interest that represents a present ownership interest in the subsidiary is the amount of those interests at initial recognition plus the non-controlling interest's share of subsequent changes in equity. Total comprehensive income is attributed to non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interest having a deficit balance.

4.2 Subsidiaries

A subsidiary is an entity over which the Company is able to exercise control. Control is achieved where the Company, directly or indirectly, has the power to govern the financial and operating policies of an entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities. In assessing control, potential voting rights that are presently exercisable are taken into account.

In the Company's statement of financial position, investments in subsidiaries are stated at cost less impairment loss, if any. The results of subsidiaries are accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividend received and receivable.

4.3 Associates

An associate is an entity over which the Group has significant influence and that is neither a subsidiary nor a joint venture. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but not control or joint control over those policies. In consolidated financial statements, associates are accounted for using the equity method whereby they are initially recognised at cost and thereafter, their carrying amount are adjusted for the Group's share of the post-acquisition change in the associates' net assets except that losses in excess of the Group's interest in the associate are not recognised unless there is an obligation to make good those losses.

Profits and losses arising on transactions between the Group and its associates are recognised only to the extent of unrelated investors' interests in the associate. The investor's share in the associate's profits and losses resulting from these transactions is eliminated against the carrying value of the associate.

Any premium paid for an associate above the fair value of the Group's share of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities acquired is capitalised and included in the carrying amount of the associate and the entire carrying amount of the investment is subject to impairment test, by comparing the carrying amount with its recoverable amount, which is higher of value in use and fair value less costs to sell.

For the year ended 31 March 2013

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

4.4 Assets classified as held for sale

Non-current assets and disposal groups are classified as held for sale when:

- they are available for immediate sale;
- management is committed to a plan to sell;
- it is unlikely that significant changes to the plan will be made or that the plan will be withdrawn;
- an active programme to locate a buyer has been initiated; the asset or disposal group is being marketed at a reasonable price in relation to its fair value; and
- a sale is expected to complete within 12 months from the date of classification.

Non-current assets and disposal groups classified as held for sale are measured at the lower of:

- their carrying amount immediately prior to being classified as held for sale in accordance with the Group's accounting policy; and
- fair value less costs to sell.

Following their classification as held for sale, non-current assets (including those in a disposal group) are not depreciated.

The results of operations disposed of during the year are included in profit or loss up to the date of disposal.

4.5 Foreign currency

Transaction entered into by the consolidated entities in currencies other than the currency of the primary economic environment in which they operates (the "functional currency") are recorded at the rates ruling when the transactions occur. Foreign currency monetary assets and liabilities are translated at the rates ruling at the end of reporting period. Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the date when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items, and on the translation of monetary items are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise. Exchange differences arising on the retranslation of non-monetary items carried at fair value are included in profit or loss for the period except for differences arising on the retranslation of non-monetary items in respect of which gains and losses are recognised in other comprehensive income, in which case, the exchange differences are also recognised in other comprehensive income.

For the year ended 31 March 2013

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

4.5 Foreign currency (Continued)

On consolidation, income and expense items of foreign operations are translated into the presentation currency of the Group (i.e. Hong Kong dollars) at the average exchanges rates for the year, unless exchange rates fluctuate significantly during the period, in which case, the rates approximating to those ruling when the transactions tool place are used. All assets and liabilities of foreign operations are translated at the rate ruling at the end of reporting period. Exchange differences arising, if any, are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity as foreign exchange reserve (attributed to non-controlling interests as appropriate). Exchange differences recognised in profit or loss of group entities' separate financial statements on the translation of long-term monetary items forming part of the Group's net investment in the foreign operation concerned are reclassified to other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity as exchange fluctuation reserve.

On disposal of a foreign operation, the cumulative exchange differences recognised in the exchange fluctuation reserve relating to that operation up to the date of disposal are reclassified to profit or loss as part of the profit or loss on disposal.

Goodwill and fair value adjustments on identifiable assets acquired arising on an acquisition of a foreign operation on or after 1 January 2005 are treated as assets and liabilities of that foreign operation and translated at the rate of exchange prevailing at the end of reporting period. Exchange difference arising are recognised in the exchange fluctuation reserve.

4.6 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment, other than construction in progress, are stated at acquisition cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. The cost of asset comprises its purchase price and the costs directly attributable to the acquisition of items.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. All other costs, such as repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation on the following property, plant and equipment is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate their costs less their residual values over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Buildings

Leasehold improvements

Plant and machinery
Water pipelines
Furniture, equipment and motor vehicles
Vessels

50 years or over the lease term, whichever is shorter 5 years or over the lease term,

whichever is shorter 6 to 15 years 10 to 20 years

5 years 10 years

For the year ended 31 March 2013

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

4.6 Property, plant and equipment (Continued)

The assets' residual value, depreciation methods and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each reporting date.

Construction in progress represents buildings and water pipelines under construction and is stated at cost less any impairment losses, and is not depreciated. Construction in progress is reclassified to the appropriate category of property, plant and equipment when the construction work complete and ready for use.

The gain or loss on disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is the differences between the net sale proceeds and its carrying amounts and is recognised in profit or loss on disposal.

4.7 Prepaid land lease payments

Prepaid land lease payments represent up-front payments to acquire the land use rights/leasehold land. They are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses. Amortisation is calculated on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease/right of use except where an alternative basis is more representative of the time pattern of benefits to be derived by the Group from use of the land.

The determination if an arrangement is or contains a lease and the lease is an operating lease is detailed in note 4.19.

4.8 Investment properties

Investment properties are land and/or buildings which are owned or held under a leasehold interest to earn rental income and/or for capital appreciation. These include land held for a currently undetermined future use.

When the Group holds a property interest under an operating lease to earn rental income and/or for capital appreciation, the interest is classified and accounted for as an investment property on a property-by-property basis. Any such property interest which has been classified as an investment property is accounted for as if it were held under a finance lease.

On initial recognition, investment property is measured at cost, including any directly attributable expenditure. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment property is stated at fair value, unless it is still in the course of construction or development at the reporting date and its fair value cannot be reliably determined at that time. Fair value is determined by external professional valuers, with sufficient experience with respect to both the location and the nature of the investment property. The carrying amounts recognised at the reporting date reflect the prevailing market conditions at the reporting date.

Gains or losses arising from either changes in the fair value or the sale of an investment property are included in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

For the year ended 31 March 2013

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

4.9 Goodwill

Set out below are the accounting policies on goodwill arising on acquisition of a subsidiary. Accounting for goodwill arising on acquisition of investment in an associate is set out in note 4.3.

Goodwill represents the excess of the consideration transferred of a business combination over the Group's interest in the net fair value of the acquiree's identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities. The consideration transferred of the business combination is measured at the aggregate of the fair values, at the date of exchange, of assets given, liabilities incurred or assumed, and equity instruments issued by the Group.

Goodwill is stated at cost less accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is allocated to cashgenerating units and is tested annually for impairment (note 4.22).

Any excess of the Group's interest in the net fair value of the acquiree's identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities over the cost of a business combination is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

On subsequent disposal of a subsidiary, the attributable amount of goodwill capitalised is included in the determination of the amount of gain or loss on disposal.

4.10 Intangible assets (other than goodwill)

Acquired intangible assets are recognised initially at cost. After initial recognition, intangible assets with finite useful lives are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses.

The Group's intangible assets (other than goodwill) represent up-front payments to acquire the rights to operate a sewage treatment plant and a water supply plant in the People's Republic of China excluding Hong Kong (the "PRC"). Amortisation for the rights to operate a sewage treatment plant and a water supply plant with finite useful lives are provided on straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives of 25 years and 30 years respectively. Both period and method of amortisation are reviewed annually.

Intangible assets with finite useful lives are tested for impairment as described below in note 4.22.

For the year ended 31 March 2013

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

4.11 Financial Instruments

(i) Financial assets

The Group classifies its financial assets at initial recognition, depending on the purpose for which the asset was acquired. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are initially measured at fair value and all other financial assets are initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial assets. Regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognised and derecognised on a trade date basis. A regular way purchase or sale is a purchase or sale of a financial asset under a contract whose terms require delivery of the asset within the time frame established generally by regulation or convention in the marketplace concerned.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

These assets include financial assets held for trading and financial assets designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss. Financial assets are classified as held for trading if they are acquired for the purpose of sale in the near term. Derivatives, including separated embedded derivatives, are also classified as held for trading unless they are designated as effective hedging instruments or financial guarantee contracts.

Where a contract contains one or more embedded derivatives, the entire hybrid contract may be designated as a financial asset at fair value through profit or loss, except where the embedded derivative does not significantly modify the cash flows or it is clear that separation of the embedded derivative is prohibited.

Financial assets may be designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss if the following criteria are met: (i) the designation eliminates or significantly reduces the inconsistent treatment that would otherwise arise from measuring the assets or recognising gains or losses on them on a different basis; (ii) the assets are part of a group of financial assets which is managed and its performance evaluated on a fair value basis according to a documented management strategy; or (iii) the financial asset contains an embedded derivative that would need to be separately recorded.

Subsequent to initial recognition, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value, with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

Loans and receivables

These assets are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. They arise principally through the provision of goods and services to customers (trade debtors), and also incorporate other types of contractual monetary asset. Subsequent to initial recognition, they are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any identified impairment losses.

For the year ended 31 March 2013

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

4.11 Financial Instruments (Continued)

(i) Financial assets (Continued)

Available-for-sale financial assets

These assets are non-derivative financial assets that are designated as available-for-sale or are not included in other categories of financial assets. Subsequent to initial recognition, these assets are carried at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in other comprehensive income, except for impairment losses and foreign exchange gains and losses on monetary instruments, which are recognised in profit or loss.

For available-for-sale equity investments that do not have a quoted market price in an active market and whose fair value cannot be reliably measured and derivatives that are linked to and must be settled by delivery of such unquoted equity instruments, they are measured at cost less any identified impairment losses.

(ii) Impairment loss on financial assets

The Group assesses, at the end of each reporting period, whether there is any objective evidence that financial asset is impaired. Financial asset is impaired if there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that has occurred after the initial recognition of the asset and that event has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset that can be reliably estimated. Evidence of impairment may include:

- significant financial difficulty of the debtor;
- a breach of contract, such as a default or delinquency in interest or principal payments;
- granting concession to a debtor because of debtor's financial difficulty; and
- it becoming probable that the debtor will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation.

For Loans and receivables

An impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss when there is objective evidence that the asset is impaired, and is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the original effective interest rate. The carrying amount of financial asset is reduced through the use of an allowance account. When any part of financial asset is determined as uncollectible, it is written off against the allowance account for the relevant financial asset.

For Available-for-sale financial assets

Where a decline in the fair value constitutes objective evidence of impairment, the amount of the loss is removed from equity and recognised in profit or loss.

Any impairment losses on available-for-sale debt investments are subsequently reversed in profit or loss if an increase in the fair value of the investment can be objectively related to an event occurring after the recognition of the impairment loss.

For the year ended 31 March 2013

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

4.11 Financial Instruments (Continued)

(ii) Impairment loss on financial assets (Continued)

For Available-for-sale financial assets (Continued)

For available-for sale equity investment, any increase in fair value subsequent to an impairment loss is recognised in other comprehensive income.

For available-for-sale equity investment that is carried at cost, the amount of impairment loss is measured as the difference between the carrying amount of the asset and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the current market rate of return for a similar financial asset. Such impairment loss is not reversed.

(iii) Financial liabilities

The Group classifies its financial liabilities, depending on the purpose for which the liabilities were incurred. Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are initially measured at fair value and financial liabilities at amortised costs are initially measured at fair value, net of directly attributable costs incurred.

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss.

Financial liabilities are classified as held for trading if they are acquired for the purpose of sale in the near term. Derivatives, including separated embedded derivatives, are also classified as held for trading unless they are designated as effective hedging instruments. Gain or losses on liabilities held for trading are recognised in profit or loss.

Where a contract contains one or more embedded derivatives, the entire hybrid contract may be designated as a financial liability at fair value through profit or loss, except where the embedded derivative does not significantly modify the cash flows or it is clear that separation of the embedded derivative is prohibited.

Financial liabilities may be designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss if the following criteria are met: (i) the designation eliminates or significantly reduces the inconsistent treatment that would otherwise arise from measuring the liabilities or recognising gains or losses on them on different basis; (ii) the liabilities are part of a group of financial liabilities which are managed and their performance evaluated on a fair value basis, in accordance with a documented risk management strategy; or (iii) the financial liability contains an embedded derivative that would need to be separately recorded.

Subsequent to initial recognition, financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value, with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

For the year ended 31 March 2013

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

4.11 Financial Instruments (Continued)

(iii) Financial liabilities (Continued)

Financial liabilities at amortised cost

Financial liabilities at amortised cost including trade and bills payables, accrued liabilities and other payables, due to subsidiaries, due to associates, due to non-controlling equity holders of subsidiaries, borrowings, and the debt element of convertible bonds issued by the Group are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method. The related interest expense is recognised in profit or loss.

Gains or losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the amortisation process.

Convertible bonds

At initial recognition the derivative component of the convertible bonds is measured at fair value and presented as part of derivative financial instruments. Any excess of proceeds over the amount initially recognised as the derivative component is recognised as the liability component. Transaction costs that relate to the issue of the convertible bond are allocated to the liability and derivative components in proportion to the allocation of proceeds. The portion of the transaction costs relating to the liability component is recognised initially as part of the liability. The portion relating to the derivative component is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

The derivative component is subsequently remeasured in accordance with the Group's accounting policy on derivative financial instruments. The liability component is subsequently carried at amortised cost. The interest expense recognised in profit or loss on the liability component is calculated using the effective interest method.

If the bond is converted, the carrying amount of the derivative and liability components are transferred to share capital and share premium as consideration for the shares issued. If the bond is redeemed, any difference between the amount paid and the carrying amount of both components is recognised in profit or loss.

(iv) Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of financial asset or financial liability and of allocating interest income or interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts or payments through the expected life of the financial asset or liability, or where appropriate, a shorter period.

(v) Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the Company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

For the year ended 31 March 2013

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

4.11 Financial Instruments (Continued)

(vi) Derecognition

The Group derecognises a financial asset when the contractual right to the future cash flows in relation to the financial asset expire or when the financial asset has been transferred and the transfer meets the criteria for derecognition in accordance with HKAS 39.

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the obligation specified in the relevant contract is discharged, cancelled or expires.

4.12 Properties under development

Properties held under development for future sale in the ordinary course of business are included in current assets and stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost comprises the acquisition cost of land, aggregate cost of development, materials and supplies, wages and other direct expenses and an appropriate proportion of overheads.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less estimated costs of completion and estimated selling expenses.

On completion, the properties are transferred to properties held for sale.

4.13 Inventories and properties held for sale

Inventories and properties held for sale are carried at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out method and weighted average basis, and in the case of work in progress and finished goods, comprise direct materials, direct labour and an appropriate proportion of overheads. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated cost of completion and applicable selling expenses.

4.14 Service concession arrangements

Service concession arrangements are accounted for as follows if:

- (i) the grantor controls or regulates what services the operator must provide with the infrastructure, to whom it must provide them, and at what price; and
- (ii) the grantor controls through ownership, beneficial entitlement or otherwise any significant residual interest in the infrastructure at the end of the term of the arrangement.

The Group's rights over the infrastructure

Infrastructure constructed by the Group under service concession arrangements is not recognised as property, plant and equipment of the Group because the contractual service arrangement does not convey the right to control the use of the infrastructure to the Group. The operator has access to operate the infrastructure to provide the public service on behalf of the grantor in accordance with the terms specified in the contract.

For the year ended 31 March 2013

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

4.14 Service concession arrangements (Continued)

Consideration received or receivable by the Group for the construction services

Consideration received or receivable by the Group for the construction services rendered under service concession arrangement are recognised at their fair value as a financial asset or an intangible asset.

A financial asset (loan and receivable) is recognised to the extent that (a) the Group has an unconditional right to receive cash or another financial asset from or at the direction of the grantor for the construction services rendered and/or the consideration paid and payable by the Group for the right to charge users of the public services; and (b) the grantor has little, if any, discretion to avoid payment, usually because the agreement is enforceable by law.

The Group has an unconditional right to receive cash if the grantor contractually guarantees to pay the Group (a) specified or determinable amounts or (b) the shortfall, if any, between amount received from users of the public services and specified or determinable amounts, even if the payment is contingent on the Group ensuring that the infrastructure to be constructed meets specified quality of efficiency requirements. The financial asset (loan and receivable) is accounted for in accordance with the policy set out for "Financial instruments" in note 4.11.

An intangible asset (concession intangible asset) is recognised to the extent that the Group receives a right to charge users of the public service, which is not an unconditional right to receive cash because the amounts are contingent on the extent that the public uses the service. The intangible asset (concession intangible asset) is accounted for in accordance with the policy set out for "Intangible assets (other than goodwill)" in note 4.10.

If the Group is paid partly by a financial asset and partly by an intangible asset, in which case, each component of the consideration is accounted for separately and the consideration received or receivable for both components are recognised initially at fair value of the consideration received or receivable.

Construction or upgrade services

Revenue and costs relating to construction or upgrade services are accounted for in accordance with the policy set out for "Construction contracts" in note 4.15.

Operating services

Revenue relating to operating services are accounted for in accordance with the policy for "Revenue recognition" in note 4.21.

For the year ended 31 March 2013

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

4.14 Service concession arrangements (Continued)

Contractual obligations to restore the infrastructure to a specified level of serviceability

The Group has contractual obligations which it must fulfill as a condition of its licence, that is (a) to maintain the sewage treatment plants and water supply plants it operates to a specified level of serviceability and/or (b) to restore the plants to a specified condition before they are handed over to the grantor at the end of the service concession arrangement. These contractual obligations to maintain or restore the sewage treatment plants and water supply plants are recognised and measured in accordance with the policy set out for "Provisions and contingent liabilities" in note 4.18.

4.15 Construction contracts

Contract revenue comprises the agreed contract amount and appropriate amounts for variation orders, claims and incentive payments. Contract costs comprise direct materials, costs of subcontracting, direct labour and an appropriate portion of variable and fixed construction overheads.

When the outcome of a construction contract can be estimated reliably, revenue and contract costs associated with the construction contract are recognised as revenue and expenses respectively by reference to the stage of completion of the contract activity at the end of reporting period.

When the outcome of a construction contract cannot be estimated reliably, revenue is recognised only to the extent of contract costs incurred that will probably be recoverable, and contract costs are recognised as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

When it is probable that total contract costs will exceed total contract revenue, the expected loss is recognised as an expense immediately.

Where progress billings exceed contract costs incurred to date plus recognised profits less recognised losses, the surplus is treated as an amount due to contract customers.

Where contract costs incurred to date plus recognised profits less recognised losses exceed progress billings, the surplus is treated as an amount due from contract customers.

4.16 Government grants

Government grant are recognised when there is reasonable assurance that they will be received and that the Group will comply with the conditions attaching to them. Grants that compensate the Group for expenses incurred are recognised as revenue in profit or loss on a systematic basis in the same periods in which the expenses are incurred. Grants that compensate the Group for the cost of an asset are deducted from the carrying amount of the asset and consequently are effectively recognised in profit or loss over the useful life of the asset by way of reduced depreciation expense.

For the year ended 31 March 2013

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

4.17 Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows presentation, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and demand deposits, and short term highly liquid investments which are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and have a short maturity of generally within three months when acquired, less bank overdrafts which are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management.

For the purpose of the statement of financial position, bank and cash balances comprise cash on hand and at banks/other financial institutions, including term deposits, which are not restricted as to use.

4.18 Provision and contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognised for liabilities of uncertain timing or amount when the Group has a legal or constructive obligation arising as a result of a past event, which will probably result in an outflow of economic benefits that can be reasonably estimated.

Where it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is disclosed as a contingent liability, unless the probability of outflow economic benefits is remote. Possible obligations, the existence of which will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more future events, are also disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote.

4.19 Leases

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to lessee. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

The Group as lessor

Rental income from operating leases is recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised as an expense on the straight-line basis over the lease term.

The Group as lessee

The total rentals payable under the operating leases are recognised in profit or loss on straight-line basis over the lease term. Lease incentives received are recognised as an integrated part of the total rental expense, over the term of the lease.

The land and buildings elements of property are considered separately for the purposes of lease classification. When the lease payments cannot be allocated reliably between the land and buildings elements, the entire lease payments are included in the cost of land and buildings as a finance lease of property, plant and equipment.

For the year ended 31 March 2013

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

4.20 Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Share capital is determined using the nominal value of shares that have been issued.

Any transaction costs associated with the issuing of shares are deducted from share premium (net of any related income tax benefits) to the extent they are incremental costs directly attributable to the equity transaction.

4.21 Revenue recognition

Revenue comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and rendering of services and the use by others of the Group's assets yielding interests and dividends, net of rebates and discounts. Provided it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the revenue and costs, if applicable, can be measured reliably, revenue is recognised as follows:

- (i) Sales of goods and properties are recognised upon transfer of the significant risks and rewards of ownership to the customer. This is usually taken as the time when the goods are delivered and the customer has accepted the goods;
- (ii) Revenue from hotel services is recognised based on the period in which such services have been rendered;
- (iii) Revenue arising from water supply is recognised based on water supplied as recorded by meters read during the year;
- (iv) Revenue from sewage treatment is recognised when services are rendered;
- (v) Water supply related installation and construction income is recognised when services are rendered;
- (vi) Revenue from long-term construction contracts is recognised by reference to the percentage of completion of the contract at the reporting date (note 4.15);
- (vii) Dividend is recognised when the right to receive payment is established;
- (viii) Finance income is recognised as it accrues using the effective interest method;
- (ix) Interest income is recognised on a time-proportion basis using the effective interest method; and
- (x) Rental income receivable from operating lease is recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the periods covered by the lease term.

For the year ended 31 March 2013

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

4.22 Impairment of non-financial assets

Goodwill arising on acquisition of subsidiaries, property, plant and equipment, prepaid land lease payments, other intangible assets and interests in subsidiaries are subject to impairment testing.

Goodwill and intangible assets with indefinite useful life or those not yet available for use are tested for impairment at least annually, irrespective of whether there is any indication that they are impaired. All other assets are tested for impairment whenever there are indications that the asset's carrying amount may not be recoverable.

An impairment loss is recognised as an expense immediately for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value, reflecting market conditions less costs to sell, and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessment of time value of money and the risk specific to the asset.

For the purposes of assessing impairment, where an asset does not generate cash inflows largely independent from those from other assets, the recoverable amount is determined for the smallest group of assets that generate cash inflows independently (i.e. a cash-generating unit). As a result, some assets are tested individually for impairment and some are tested at cash-generating unit level. Goodwill in particular is allocated to those cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from synergies of the related business combination and represent the lowest level within the Group at which the goodwill is monitored for internal management purpose.

Impairment losses recognised for cash-generating units, to which goodwill has been allocated, are credited initially to the carrying amount of goodwill. Any remaining impairment loss is charged pro rata to the other assets in the cash generating unit, except that the carrying value of an asset will not be reduced below its individual fair value less cost to sell, or value in use, if determinable.

An impairment loss on goodwill is not reversed in subsequent periods. In respect of other non-financial assets, an impairment loss is reversed if there has been a favourable change in the estimates used to determine the asset's recoverable amount and only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortisation, if no impairment loss had been recognised.

Impairment losses recognised in an interim period in respect of goodwill are not reversed in a subsequent period. This is the case even if no loss, or a smaller loss, would have been recognised had the impairment been assessed only at the end of the financial year to which the interim period relates.

For the year ended 31 March 2013

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

4.23 Employee benefits

(i) Defined contribution retirement plan

The Group operates a defined contribution retirement benefit scheme ("MPF Scheme") under the Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme Ordinance, for all of its employees who are eligible to participate in the MPF Scheme. Contributions are made based on a percentage of the employee's basic salaries.

The employees of the Group's subsidiaries which operate in the PRC are required to participate in a central pension scheme operated by the local municipal government. These subsidiaries are required to contribute certain percentage of their payroll costs to the central pension scheme.

Contributions to defined contribution retirement plans are recognised as an expense in profit or loss when the services are rendered by the employees.

(ii) Short-term employee benefits

Employee entitlements to annual leave are recognised when they accrue to employees. A provision is made for the estimated liability for annual leave as a result of services rendered by employee up to the reporting date.

Non-accumulating compensated absences such as sick leave and maternity leave are not recognised until the time of leave.

4.24 Capitalisation of borrowing costs

Borrowing costs attributable directly to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets which require a substantial period of time to be ready for their intended use or sale, are capitalised as part of the cost of those assets. Income earned on temporary investments of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on those assets is deducted from borrowing cost capitalised. All other borrowing cost are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

4.25 Income tax

Income taxes for the year comprise current tax and deferred tax.

Current income tax assets and/or liabilities comprise those obligations to, or claims from, fiscal authorities relating to the current or prior reporting period, that are unpaid at the reporting date. They are calculated according to the tax rates and tax laws applicable to the fiscal periods to which they relate, based on the taxable profit for the year. All changes to current tax assets or liabilities are recognised as a component of tax expense in profit and loss.

For the year ended 31 March 2013

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

4.25 Income tax (Continued)

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the corresponding amounts used for tax purposes. Except for goodwill and recognised assets and liabilities that affect neither accounting nor taxable profits, deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are recognised for to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised based on tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the end of reporting period.

An exception to the general requirement on determining the appropriate tax rate used in measuring deferred tax amount is when an investment property is carried at fair value under HKAS 40 "Investment Property". Unless the presumption is rebutted, the deferred tax amounts on these investment properties are measured using the tax rates that would apply on sale of these investment properties at their carrying amounts at the reporting date. The presumption is rebutted when the investment property is depreciable and is held within a business model whose objective is to consume substantially all the economic benefits embodied in the property over time, rather than through sale.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Income taxes are recognised in profit or loss except when they relate to items recognised in other comprehensive income in which case the taxes are also recognised in other comprehensive income.

Current tax assets and current tax liabilities are presented in net if, and only

- (a) the Group has the legally enforceable right to set of the recognised amounts; and
- (b) intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

The Group presents deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities in net if, and only

- (a) the entity has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities; and
- (b) the deferred tax assets and the deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either:
 - (i) the same taxable entities; or
 - (ii) different taxable entities which intend either to settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously, in each future period in which significant amounts of deferred tax liabilities or assets are expected to be settled or recovered.

For the year ended 31 March 2013

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

4.26 Segment reporting

The Group identifies operating segments and prepares segment information based on the regular internal financial information reported to the executive directors for their decisions about resources allocation to the Group's business components and for their review of the performance of those components. The business components in the internal financial information reported to the executive directors are determined following the Group's major product and service lines.

The Group has identified the following reportable segments:

- (i) "Water" segment, which is presented as "City water supply operation and construction" and "Sewage treatment operation and construction" segments, involves the provision of water supply and sewage treatment operation and construction services (including the transfer-operate-transfer ("TOT") and build-operate-transfer ("BOT") arrangements); and
- (ii) "Property development and investment" segment involves development of properties for sale and investment in properties for capital appreciation.

Information about other business activities and operating segments that are not reportable are combined and disclosed in "All other segments". "All other segments" includes manufacture and sale of concrete products, other infrastructure construction and other business activities.

Each of these operating segments is managed separately as each of the product and service lines requires different resources as well as marketing approaches. All inter-segment transfers are carried out at arms length prices.

The measurement policies the Group use for reporting segment results under HKFRS 8 are the same as those used in its financial statements prepared under HKFRSs, except that fair value loss on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, change in fair value of derivative financial instruments, gain on disposal of assets and liabilities classified as held for sale, finance costs, share of results of associates, corporate income, corporate expense, excess over the cost of business combination recognised in profit and loss, income tax expense and gain on repurchase/redemption of convertible bonds are excluded from segment results.

Segment assets exclude corporate assets, available-for-sale financial assets, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, derivative financial assets and interests in associates. Segment liabilities exclude items such as taxation, corporate borrowings and other corporate liabilities.

No asymmetrical allocations have been applied to reportable segments.

For the year ended 31 March 2013

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

4.27 Related parties

- (a) A person or a close member of that person's family is related to the Group if that person:
 - (i) has control or joint control over the Group;
 - (ii) has significant influence over the Group; or
 - (iii) is a member of key management personnel of the Group or the Company's parent.
- (b) An entity is related to the Group if any of the following conditions apply:
 - (i) The entity and the Group are members of the same group (which means that each parent, subsidiary and fellow subsidiary is related to the others).
 - (ii) One entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member).
 - (iii) Both entities are joint ventures of the same third party.
 - (iv) One entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity.
 - (v) The entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of the employees of the Group or an entity related to the Group.
 - (vi) The entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a).
 - (vii) A person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity).

Close members of the family of a person are those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by, that person in their dealings with the entity and include:

- (i) that person's children and spouse or domestic partner;
- (ii) children of that person's spouse or domestic partner; and
- (iii) dependents of that person or that person's spouse or domestic partner.

For the year ended 31 March 2013

5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGMENTS

Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

The Group makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below:

(i) Depreciation and amortisation

The Group depreciates the property, plant and equipment and amortises prepaid land lease payments and the intangible assets (other than goodwill) in accordance with the accounting policies stated in notes 4.6, 4.7 and 4.10 respectively. The estimated useful lives reflect the directors' estimate of the periods that the Group intends to derive future economic benefits from the use of these assets.

(ii) Allowance for and written off of irrecoverable receivables

The Group's management determines the allowance for irrecoverable receivables on a regular basis. This estimate is based on the credit history of its customers and current market conditions. When the Group's management determines that there are indicators of significant financial difficulties of the debtors such as default or delinquency in payments, allowance for debtors are estimated. The management of the Group reassesses the estimations at the reporting date.

When the Group's management determines the debtors are uncollectible, they are written off against the allowance account for debtors.

(iii) Impairment of goodwill

The Group tests annually whether goodwill has suffered any impairment in accordance with the accounting policy stated in note 4.9. The recoverable amounts of cash-generating units have been determined based on value in use calculations. These calculations require the use of estimates. When value in use calculations are undertaken, management estimates the expected future cash flows from the asset or cash-generating unit and determines a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value of those cash flows.

(iv) Impairment of non-financial assets (other than goodwill)

The Group assesses whether there are any indicators of impairment for all non-financial assets at each reporting date. Indefinite life intangible assets are tested for impairment annually and at other times when such indicator exists. Other non-financial assets are tested for impairment when there are indicators that the carrying amounts may not be recoverable. When value in use calculations are undertaken, management estimates the expected future cash flows from the asset or cash-generating unit and determines a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value of those cash flows.

For the year ended 31 March 2013

5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGMENTS (Continued)

(v) Estimate fair value of investment properties

The best evidence of fair value is current prices in an active market for similar property in the same location and condition and subject to similar lease and other contracts. In the absence of such information, the Group determines the amount within a range of reasonable fair value estimates. In making its judgment, the Group considers information from a variety of sources including:

- a. current prices in an active market for properties of different nature, condition or location (or subject to different lease or other contracts), adjusted to reflect those differences;
- b. recent prices of similar properties in less active markets, with adjustments to reflect any changes in economic conditions since the date of the transactions that occurred at those prices; and
- c. discounted cash flow projections based on reliable estimates of future cash flows, derived from the terms of any existing lease and other contracts, and (where possible) from external evidence such as current market rents for similar properties in the same location and condition, and using discount rates that reflect current market assessments of the uncertainty in the amount and timing of the cash flows.

(vi) Construction contracts

As explained in accounting policies stated in notes 4.15 and 4.21, revenue and profit recognition on an uncompleted project (including the Group's BOT arrangements) is dependent on estimating the total outcome of the construction contract, as well as the work done to date. Based on the Group's recent experience and the nature of the construction activity undertaken by the Group, the Group makes estimates of the point at which it considers the work is sufficiently advanced such that the costs to complete and revenue can be reliably estimated. However, actual outcomes in terms of total cost or revenue may be higher or lower than estimated at the reporting date, which would affect the revenue and profit recognised in future years as an adjustment to the amounts record to date.

(vii) Income taxes

The Group is subject to income taxes in the PRC. Significant judgment is required in determining the provision for income taxes. There are many transactions and calculations for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain during the ordinary course of business. The Group recognises liabilities for anticipated tax based on estimates of whether additional taxes will be due. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will impact the income tax and deferred tax provision in the period in which such determination is made.

For the year ended 31 March 2013

5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGMENTS (Continued)

(viii) Land appreciation tax ("LAT")

The Group is subject to LAT in the PRC. However, the implementation and settlement of this tax varies among various tax jurisdictions in cities of the PRC, and the Group has not finalised its LAT calculation and payments with any local tax authorities in the PRC. Accordingly, significant judgment is required in determining the amount of the land appreciation and its related LAT. The Group recognised LAT based on management's best estimates according to their understanding on the tax rules.

(ix) Classification between financial assets and/or intangible assets under HK(IFRIC) – Int 12 Service Concession Arrangements

As explained in note 4.14, the Group recognises the consideration received or receivable in exchange for the construction services as a financial asset and/or an intangible asset under public-to-private concession arrangement. However, if the Group is paid for the construction services partly by a financial asset and partly by an intangible asset, it is necessary to account separately for each component of the operator's consideration. The consideration received or receivable for both components shall be recognised initially at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable.

The segregation of the consideration for a service concession arrangement between the financial asset component and the intangible asset component, if any, requires the Group to make an estimate of a number of factors, which include, inter alia, fair value of the construction services, expected future sewage treatment volume of the relevant sewage treatment plant over its service concession period, future guaranteed receipts and unguaranteed receipts, and also to choose a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value of those cash flows. These estimates are determined by the Group's management based on their experience and assessment on current and future market condition.

(x) Valuation for derivative financial instruments

The fair values of derivative financial instruments are determined by using valuation techniques. The Group uses its judgment to select an appropriate valuation method and makes assumption that are mainly based on market conditions existing at the transaction date and each reporting date with reference to the valuation performed by RHL Appraisal Limited (2012: RHL Appraisal Limited), an independent firm of professional valuers. The valuation model requires the input of subjective assumptions, including the selection of relevant stock price, expected volatility, expected dividend yield, risk free rate and expected life. Changes in subjective input assumptions can materially affect the fair value estimate.

For the year ended 31 March 2013

5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGMENTS (Continued)

(xi) Fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and available-for-sale financial assets

The best evidence of fair value is the published price quotations in an active market. In the absence of such information, the fair value is determined by an independent professional valuer. Such valuation is subject to limitations of the valuation models adopted and the uncertainty in estimates used by management in the assumptions. Should the estimates including share prices, deposit rates, spot rates, risk-free rates, volatility and the relevant parameters of the valuation model be changed, there would be material changes in the fair value of certain financial instruments without quoted prices.

(xii) Unlisted equity instruments

HKAS 39 precludes the Group from measuring equity instruments at fair value, if the fair value of investment in equity instruments that do not have a quoted market price in an active market is not reliably measureable. In making this judgment, the Group considers the following information:

- the variability in the range of reasonable fair value estimates is significant for that instrument; or
- the probabilities of the various estimates within the range cannot be reasonably assessed and used in estimating fair value.

6. SERVICE CONCESSION ARRANGEMENTS

The Group entered into a number of service concession arrangements with certain government authorities in the PRC on a BOT or TOT basis in respect of its water supply and sewage treatment businesses. These service concession arrangements generally involve the Group as an operator (i) constructing water supply and sewage treatment plants for those arrangements on a BOT basis; (ii) paying a specific amount for those arrangements on a TOT basis; and (iii) operating and maintaining the water supply and sewage treatment plants at a specified level of serviceability on behalf of the relevant governmental authorities for periods ranging from 25 to 30 years (the "Service Concession Periods"), and the Group will be paid for its services over the relevant Service Concession Periods at prices stipulated through a pricing mechanism.

The Group is generally entitled to use all the property, plant and equipment of the water supply and sewage treatment plants, however, the relevant governmental authorities as grantors will control and regulate the scope of services the Group must provide with the water supply and sewage treatment plants, and retain the beneficial entitlement to any residual interest in the water supply and sewage treatment plants at the end of the term of the Service Concession Periods.

Each of these service concession arrangements is governed by a contract and, where applicable, supplemental agreements entered into between the Group and the relevant governmental authorities in the PRC that set out, inter alia, performance standards, mechanisms for adjusting prices for the services rendered by the Group, specific obligations levied on the Group to restore the water supply and sewage treatment plants to a specified level of serviceability at the end of the Service Concession Periods, and arrangements for arbitrating disputes.

For the year ended 31 March 2013

6. SERVICE CONCESSION ARRANGEMENTS (Continued)

As at 31 March 2013, the Group had five service concession arrangements on water supply and sewage treatment businesses in the PRC and a summary of the major terms of these service concession arrangements are set out as follows:

Name of subsidiary as operator	Location	Name of grantor	Type of service concession arrangement	Practical processing capacity per day (m³)	Service concession period
鉛山縣銀龍水務有限公司 ("Yanshan Water")	PRC	鉛山縣建設局	BOT and TOT	12,000	June 2007 – June 2037
鉛山縣中水環保有限公司 ("Yanshan Sewage")	PRC	鉛山縣建設局	ВОТ	10,500	February 2009 – February 2039
萬年縣中水環保有限公司 ("Wannian Sewage")	PRC	萬年市人民政府	ВОТ	15,000	December 2008 – December 2037
分宜中水環保有限公司 ("Fenyi Sewage")	PRC	分宜縣建設局	ВОТ	10,000	March 2008 – March 2038
荊州中水環保有限公司 ("Jingzhou Sewage")	PRC	荊州市建設委員會	ТОТ	100,000	December 2006 – December 2031

For the year ended 31 March 2013

7. REVENUE AND OTHER INCOME

The Group's principal activities are disclosed in notes 1 and 19 to these financial statements.

Revenue derived from the Group's principal activities, which is also the Group's turnover, recognised during the year is as follows:

	2013 HK\$'000	2012 HK\$'000
Revenue:		
Sales of goods	300,706	270,137
Sales of properties	204,881	18,935
Water supply operation services	976,410	975,500
Water supply construction services – intangible assets	1,445	16,458
Water supply related installation	645,763	514,918
Sewage treatment operation services	43,374	40,459
Sewage treatment construction services – financial assets	2,223	630
Hotel and rental income	23,233	8,774
Finance income	5,313	5,323
Others	47,327	45,810
Total	2,250,675	1,896,944
Other income:		
Excess over the cost of business combination		
recognised in profit or loss	_	7,175
Interest income	31,206	25,093
Government grants and subsidies#	50,150	37,501
Amortisation of deferred government grants	2,907	2,844
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	687	
Dividend income from financial assets	282	2,305
Miscellaneous income	36,096	21,135
Total	121,328	96,053

[#] Government grants and subsidies mainly comprised unconditional subsidies for subsidising the Group's water supply and other businesses.

For the year ended 31 March 2013

8. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The executive directors have identified the Group's four product and service lines as reportable segments as further described in note 4.26.

These segments are monitored and strategic decisions are made on the basis of adjusted segment operating result.

For the year ended 31 March 2013

	City water supply operation and construction HK\$'000	Sewage treatment operation and construction HK\$'000	Property development and investment HK\$'000	All other segments HK\$'000	Inter-segment elimination HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
Revenue From external customers From inter-segment	1,733,940 44	50,910 -	223,592	242,233 7,644	_ (7,688)	2,250,675 -
Segment revenue	1,733,984	50,910	223,592	249,877	(7,688)	2,250,675
Segment profit	614,971	21,195	196,728	15,032		847,926
Unallocated corporate income Unallocated corporate expense Gain on disposal of assets and liabilities						34,569 (98,380)
classified as held for sale Fair value loss on financial assets at						41,526
fair value through profit or loss Change in fair value of derivative						(190)
financial instruments Gain on repurchase/redemption of						14,918
convertible bonds Finance costs Share of results of associates	11,272	-	(1,525)		_	882 (86,520) 9,747
Profit before income tax Income tax expense						764,478 (238,939)
Profit for the year						525,539
Other segment information						
Addition of investment property Additions to other non-current	-		50,218		-	50,218
segment assets Amortisation of deferred government gra		291 (259)	29,788	94,509 -	Trans.	830,497 (2,907)
Amortisation of other intangible assets Depreciation of property, plant and equipment and amortisation of	2,627	6,500	/			9,127
prepaid land lease payments Property, plant and equipment written of	225,738 f 110	315	13,540 -	18,584		258,177 110
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	(651)	//-	<u> </u>	(36)		(687)
Fair value gain on investment properties Loss on disposal of investment properties	LIGHT.		(149,880) 1,875		1	(149,880) 1,875
Trade receivables written off	1,843	44-	<u> </u>	467	- <u> </u>	2,310

For the year ended 31 March 2013

8. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

For the year ended 31 March 2013 (Continued)

	City water supply operation and construction HK\$'000	Sewage treatment operation and construction HK\$'000	Property development and investment HK\$'000	All other segments HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
Segment assets Other financial assets	5,794,885	253,975	2,146,181	899,396	9,094,437 267,383
Interests in associates Other corporate assets	185,525	-	780,887	-	966,412
					11,649,923
Segment liabilities Deferred tax liabilities Provision for tax Other corporate liabilities	1,567,473	20,638	624,095	348,531	2,560,737 307,536 248,858 3,338,859
					6,455,990

For the year ended 31 March 2013

8. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

For the year ended 31 March 2012

	City water supply operation and construction HK\$'000	Sewage treatment operation and construction HK\$'000	Property development and investment HK\$'000	All other segments (Restated) HK\$'000	Inter-segment elimination HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
Revenue						
From external customers From inter-segment	1,584,878 2,688	46,412	18,935 	246,719 8,858	(11,546)	1,896,944
Segment revenue	1,587,566	46,412	18,935	255,577	(11,546)	1,896,944
Segment profit	591,007	21,494	30,777	13,181		656,459
Unallocated corporate income Unallocated corporate expense Gain on disposal of assets classified						45,712 (119,909)
as held for sale Excess over the cost of business						32,148
combination recognised in profit or los Fair value loss on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	S					7,175 (290)
Change in fair value of derivative financial instruments Gain on repurchase/redemption of						45,496
convertible bonds						8,419
Finance costs Share of results of associates	8,395	-	90,324	-	-	(86,813) 98,719
Profit before income tax Income tax expense						687,116 (154,647)
Profit for the year						532,469
Other segment information			214 726			214 726
Addition of investment property Additions to other non-current		3 1 1/4	214,736			214,736
segment assets	529,305	113	1,878	76,631		607,927
Amortisation of deferred government gra		(255)	- / I	_		(2,844)
Amortisation of other intangible assets Depreciation of property, plant and equipment and amortisation of	2,628	6,420			A/X	9,048
prepaid land lease payments	202,655	425	5,124	15,799		224,003
Property, plant and equipment written of Loss on disposal of property,			-		1	109
plant and equipment	1,849	- /// /	(60,570)	-	-	1,849
Fair value gain on investment properties Trade receivables written off	- 3,014		(62,579)		- 1	(62,579) 3,014

For the year ended 31 March 2013

8. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

For the year ended 31 March 2012 (Continued)

City water	Sewage			
supply	treatment	Property	All other	
operation and	operation and	development	segments	
construction	construction	and investment	(Restated)	Total
HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
5,462,698	250,488	1,623,586	642,301	7,979,073
				231,006
116,306	_	760,692	_	876,998
				1,591,591
				10,678,668
1,366,776	21,056	345,588	270,351	2,003,771
				238,824
				189,186
				3,205,446
				5,637,227
	supply operation and construction HK\$'000 5,462,698 116,306	supply treatment operation and construction HK\$'000 HK\$'000 5,462,698 250,488 116,306 —	supply treatment Property operation and operation and development construction Construction HK\$'000 HK\$'000 5,462,698 250,488 1,623,586 116,306 – 760,692	supply treatment Property All other operation and operation and development segments construction construction and investment (Restated) HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 5,462,698 250,488 1,623,586 642,301 116,306 – 760,692 –

For the years ended 31 March 2013 and 2012, the Group did not depend on any single customers under each of the segments.

The Group's revenue from external customers and its non-current assets by geographical areas are not presented as the geographical segments other than the PRC are less than 10% of the aggregate amount of all segments.

"Other infrastructure construction" segment has been combined to "all other segments" this year. Certain comparative figures of segment information were therefore restated.

For the year ended 31 March 2013

9. PROFIT FROM OPERATION

Profit from operation is arrived at after charging/(crediting):

	2013 HK\$'000	2012 HK\$'000
Cost of inventories sold	1,280,830	1,061,566
Depreciation	243,196	207,893
Amortisation of prepaid land lease payments	14,981	16,110
Amortisation of other intangible assets	9,127	9,048
Operating leases in respect of	•	,,,,,,
– leasehold land and buildings	12,464	12,350
– other property, plant and equipment	18,372	23,968
Auditors' remuneration	5,850	5,850
Staff costs (including directors' emoluments – note 15(a)):		
Salaries and wages	272,857	237,512
Pension scheme contribution	40,209	21,556
	313,066	259,068
Loss on disposal of investment properties	1,875	_
(Gain)/loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	(687)	1,849
Property, plant and equipment written off	110	109
Trade receivables written off	2,310	3,014
Net foreign exchange gain	(8,024)	(7,193)

For the year ended 31 March 2013

10. FINANCE COSTS

	2013 HK\$'000	2012 HK\$'000
Interest on bank loans		
– wholly repayable within five years	93,117	70,230
 not wholly repayable within five years 	36,338	25,433
Interest on other borrowings – wholly repayable within five years	12,016	6,925
– not wholly repayable within five years	9,208	8,701
Interest on convertible bonds	39,594	44,239
Total borrowing costs Less: interest capitalised included in property,	190,273	155,528
plant and equipment and properties under development (note)	(103,753)	(68,715)
	86,520	86,813

Note:

Included in construction-in-progress under property, plant and equipment and properties under development is accumulated interest capitalised of HK\$123,001,000 (2012: HK\$61,485,000) at the capitalisation rates ranging from 3.27% to 8.22% (2012: 2.55% to 8.39%).

11. INCOME TAX EXPENSE

Income tax expense in the consolidated income statement represents:

	2013 HK\$'000	2012 HK\$'000
Current – PRC	173,214	144,948
Deferred tax (note 38)	65,725	9,699
Total income tax expense	238,939	154,647

No Hong Kong profits tax has been provided for the year ended 31 March 2013 as the Group did not derive any assessable profit arising in Hong Kong (2012: Nil). Income tax expense for other jurisdictions is calculated at the rates of taxation prevailing in the relevant jurisdictions.

For the year ended 31 March 2013

11. INCOME TAX EXPENSE (Continued)

Reconciliation between tax expense and accounting profit at applicable tax rates:

	2013 HK\$'000	2012 HK\$'000
Profit before income tax	764,478	687,116
Tax at applicable rate of 16.5% (2012: 16.5%) Tax effect of non-taxable items Tax effect of non-deductible items	126,139 (12,720) 35,631	113,374 (28,774) 33,515
Tax concession Others Effect of different tax rates of subsidiaries operating in other jurisdictions	(7,647) 20,682 76,854	(7,905) (245) 44,682
Income tax expense	238,939	154,647

At 31 March 2013, the Group has unused tax losses of HK\$13,357,000 (2012: HK\$21,932,000) available for offsetting against future taxable profits of the companies which incurred these losses. Deferred tax assets have not been recognised in respect of these tax losses due to the unpredictability of future profit streams.

At 31 March 2013, the aggregate amount of temporary differences associated with undistributed earnings of foreign owned PRC subsidiaries for which deferred tax liabilities have not been recognised is HK\$28,257,000 (2012: HK\$22,301,000). No deferred tax liabilities have been recognised in respect of these temporary differences because the Group is in a position to control the dividend policies of these subsidiaries and it is probable that such differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

12. PROFIT FOR THE YEAR ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF THE COMPANY

Of the consolidated profit for the year attributable to the owners of the Company of HK\$285,809,000 (2012: HK\$315,280,000), a profit of HK\$133,911,000 (2012: HK\$19,557,000) has been dealt with in the financial statements of the Company.

For the year ended 31 March 2013

13. DIVIDENDS

(a) Dividends attributable to the year

	2013 HK\$'000	2012 HK\$'000
Proposed final dividend – HK\$0.03 (2012: HK\$0.03) per ordinary share Interim dividend	43,291	43,562
– HK\$0.02 (2012: HK\$0.02) per ordinary share	29,029	29,608
	72,320	73,170

The final dividends proposed after the reporting date for the year ended 31 March 2013 and 2012 have not been recognised as a liability at the reporting date, but reflected as an appropriation of contributed surplus for the year ended 31 March 2013 and 2012 respectively. In addition, the final dividend is subject to the shareholders' approval at the forthcoming annual general meeting; and the satisfaction of certain conditions under a term facility agreement with a financial institution which have been satisfied as of the date of this report.

(b) Dividends attributable to the previous financial year, approved and paid during the year

	2013 HK\$'000	2012 HK\$'000
Final dividend in respect of the previous financial year of HK\$0.03 (2012: HK\$0.03) per ordinary share Adjustment to the final dividend (note)	43,562 (18)	41,576 4,464
	43,544	46,040

Note:

The adjustment was due to placing and subscription of new shares and share repurchase prior to the record date of the final dividend and, therefore, the related shares rank for this dividend payment.

(c) Dividends recognised as distributions during the year ended 31 March 2013 amounted to HK\$72,573,000 (2012: HK\$75,648,000) or HK\$0.05 per ordinary share (2012: HK\$0.05 per ordinary share).

For the year ended 31 March 2013

14. EARNINGS PER SHARE FOR PROFIT ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF THE COMPANY

The calculation of basic earnings per share is based on the profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company of HK\$285,809,000 (2012: HK\$315,280,000) and the weighted average of 1,449,324,570 (2012: 1,499,080,108) ordinary shares in issue during the year.

The calculation of the diluted earnings per share for the year ended 31 March 2013 is based on the profit attributable to the owners of the Company of HK\$285,809,000 and after adjustments to reflect the effect of conversion of convertible bonds, which was HK\$304,582,000 and on the weighted average of 1,620,950,060 ordinary shares during the year, being the weighted average number of ordinary shares of 1,449,324,570 used in basic earnings per share calculation and adjusted for the effect of conversion of convertible bonds existing during the year of 171,625,490 ordinary shares.

No diluted earnings per share are presented for the year ended 31 March 2012 as the impact of the potential dilutive ordinary shares outstanding has an anti-dilutive effect on the basic earnings per share presented for the year.

For the year ended 31 March 2013

15. DIRECTORS' AND FIVE HIGHEST PAID INDIVIDUALS' EMOLUMENTS

(a) Directors' emoluments

	Directors' fees HK'000	Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind HK'000	Bonuses HK'000	Retirement scheme contribution HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
2013					
Executive directors					
Mr. Duan Chuan Liang	-	6,000	15,000	25	21,025
Mr. Li Ji Sheng	-	517	331	-	848
Non-executive directors					
Mr. Chen Guo Ru	-	180	-	-	180
Mr. Zhao Hai Hu	-	445	_	9	454
Mr. Zhou Wen Zhi	-	120	-	-	120
Mr. Wu Jiesi	-	60	-	-	60
Mr. Makoto Inone					
(with effect from 20 July 2012)	-	42	-	-	42
Independent non-executive directors					
Ms. Huang Shao Yun	24	-	-	-	24
Mr. Chau Kam Wing	348	-	_	-	348
Mr. Ong King Keung	300	-	-	-	300
Ms. Liu Dong	72				72
	744	7,364	15,331	34	23,473
2012					
Executive directors					
Mr. Duan Chuan Liang	-	5,988	15,000	22	21,010
Mr. Li Ji Sheng	_	492	586		1,078
Non-executive directors					
Mr. Chen Guo Ru	I have t	180			180
Mr. Zhao Hai Hu	40	444		9	453
Mr. Zhou Wen Zhi		120		-	120
Mr. Wu Jiesi		60	-		60
Independent non-executive directors					
Ms. Huang Shao Yun	24			and the second	24
Mr. Chau Kam Wing	348	1.70	1-4		348
Mr. Ong King Keung	300		_	-	300
Ms. Liu Dong	72	72	(100 m	5	72
	744	7,284	15,586	31	23,645

For the year ended 31 March 2013

15. DIRECTORS' AND FIVE HIGHEST PAID INDIVIDUALS' EMOLUMENTS (Continued)

(a) Directors' emoluments (Continued)

There was no arrangement under which a director waived or agreed to waive any remuneration during the year (2012: Nil).

(b) Five highest paid individuals

The five highest paid individuals in the Group during the year included one director (2012: two directors), details of whose emoluments have been disclosed in note (a) above. The emoluments paid to the remaining individuals during the year are as follows:

	2013 HK\$'000	2012 HK\$'000
Salaries, allowances and other benefits Retirement scheme contribution	7,427 44	3,294
	7,471	3,330

The emoluments fell within the following bands:

	2013	2012
Nil to HK\$1,000,000	_	2
HK\$1,000,001 to HK\$1,500,000	1	1
HK\$1,500,001 to HK\$2,000,000	1	_
HK\$2,000,001 to HK\$2,500,000	1	
Over HK\$2,500,000	1	

During the years ended 31 March 2013 and 2012, no emoluments were paid by the Group to the directors and five highest paid employees of the Group as an inducement to join the Group or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office.

For the year ended 31 March 2013

16. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT – GROUP AND COMPANY Group

	Buildings HK\$'000	Leasehold improvements HK\$'000	Plant and machinery HK\$'000		Furniture, equipment and motor vehicles HK\$'000	Vessels HK\$'000	Construction in progress HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
At 1 April 2011								
Cost	863,555	38,712	501,633	2,047,594	89,417	19,527	479,671	4,040,109
Accumulated depreciation	(112,500)	(11,896)	(100,839)	(368,042)	(35,670)	(7,864)		(636,811)
Net carrying amount	751,055	26,816	400,794	1,679,552	53,747	11,663	479,671	3,403,298
Year ended 31 March 2012								
Opening net carrying amount	751,055	26,816	400,794	1,679,552	53,747	11,663	479,671	3,403,298
Additions	13,289	, _	34,759	124,631	22,572	· _	370,644	565,895
Acquisition of subsidiaries (note 42) Assets classified as held for sale	105,314	-	22,821	222,265	6,288	-	100,554	457,242
(note 44)	(51,008)	_	(5,808)	(110,650)	(2,327)	_	(19,083)	(188,876)
Disposals	(1,029)		(15,691)	(1,013)		_	(4,813)	(23,339)
Written off	-	_	(56)	-	(53)	_	-	(109)
Transfers Transfer to properties under	121,590	-	63,295	90,564	178	-	(275,627)	-
development (note 25)	_	_	_	_	_	_	(22,818)	(22,818)
Depreciation	(35,112)	(1,146)	(41,214)	(111,428)	(17,069)	(1,924)	_	(207,893)
Exchange realignment	29,894	986	15,369	66,987	2,006	432	22,029	137,703
Closing net carrying amount	933,993	26,656	474,269	1,960,908	64,549	10,171	650,557	4,121,103
At 31 March 2012 and 1 April 2012								
Cost	1,050,699	40,135	619,801	2,302,506	111,150	20,250	650,557	4,795,098
Accumulated depreciation	(116,706)	(13,479)	(145,532)	(341,598)	(46,601)	(10,079)		(673,995)
Net carrying amount	933,993	26,656	474,269	1,960,908	64,549	10,171	650,557	4,121,103
Year ended 31 March 2013								
Opening net carrying amount	933,993	26,656	474,269	1,960,908	64,549	10,171	650,557	4,121,103
Additions	85,005	23,511	29,887	231,779	36,837	2,944	416,161	826,124
Acquisition of subsidiaries (note 42)	13,142		2,277	18,985	337		563	35,304
Disposals	(947)	2.	(42,672)	(1,963)			_	(46,309)
Written off	_		(106)	(.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	(2)		(2)	(110)
Transfers	132,683	452	99,033	115,272	349		(347,789)	(,
Depreciation	(44,184)		(48,006)	(124,267)		(2,189)	(5 7 . 55)	(243,196)
Exchange realignment	11,701	333	5,994	24,632	808	127	8,007	51,602
Closing net carrying amount	1,131,393	45,733	520,676	2,225,346	82,820	11,053	727,497	4,744,518
At 31 March 2013								
Cost	1,294,009	64,597	714,243	2,695,514	146,925	23,447	727,497	5,666,232
Accumulated depreciation	(162,616)		(193,567)	(470,168)		(12,394)		(921,714)
Net carrying amount	1,131,393	45,733	520,676	2,225,346	82,820	11,053	727,497	4,744,518

For the year ended 31 March 2013

16. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT – GROUP AND COMPANY (Continued) Company

	Leasehold improvements HK\$'000	Furniture, equipment and motor vehicles HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
At 1 April 2011			
Cost	277	4,668	4,945
Accumulated depreciation	(92)	(1,729)	(1,821)
Net carrying amount	185	2,939	3,124
Year ended 31 March 2012			
Opening net carrying amount	185	2,939	3,124
Additions	_	25	25
Depreciation	(55)	(593)	(648)
Exchange realignment		84	84
Closing net carrying amount	130	2,455	2,585
At 31 March 2012 and 1 April 2012			
Cost	277	4,817	5,094
Accumulated depreciation	(147)	(2,362)	(2,509)
Net carrying amount	130	2,455	2,585
Year ended 31 March 2013			
Opening net carrying amount	130	2,455	2,585
Additions	-	1,019	1,019
Disposal	T -	(7)	(7)
Depreciation	(55)	(631)	(686)
Exchange realignment		24	24
Closing net carrying amount	75	2,860	2,935
At 31 March 2013			
Cost	277	5,857	6,134
Accumulated depreciation	(202)	(2,997)	(3,199)
Net carrying amount	75	2,860	2,935

Notes:

⁽a) The Group's buildings included above are located on land held under medium term leases in the PRC.

⁽b) As at 31 March 2013, the Group's property, plant and equipment at the net carrying amount of HK\$118,029,000 (2012: HK\$161,890,000) were pledged to secure banking facilities granted to the Group (note 34(i)(c)).

For the year ended 31 March 2013

17. PREPAID LAND LEASE PAYMENTS - GROUP

	2013 HK\$'000	2012 HK\$'000
At beginning of the year		
Cost	566,833	471,113
Accumulated amortisation	(39,589)	(28,435)
Net carrying amount	527,244	442,678
For the year ended		
Opening net carrying amount	527,244	442,678
Acquisition of subsidiaries (note 42)	_	102,025
Transfer to assets classified as held		
for sale (note 44)	_	(42,046)
Transfer from investment properties (note 18)	_	1,301
Transfer to properties under development (note 25)	_	(4,136)
Additions	2,928	25,574
Disposals	_	(150)
Amortisation	(14,981)	(16,110)
Exchange realignment	6,590	18,108
Net carrying amount	521,781	527,244
At end of the year		
Cost	578,548	566,833
Accumulated amortisation	(56,767)	(39,589)
Net carrying amount	521,781	527,244

The Group's prepaid land lease payments represent up-front payments to acquire interest in the usage of land situated in the PRC, which are held under medium term leases.

As at 31 March 2013, the Group's prepaid land lease payments included certain land use rights with a net carrying amount of HK\$90,963,000 (2012: HK\$87,158,000) for which the Group is still in the process of obtaining the land use rights certificates. In the opinion of the directors of the Company, the Group has obtained the rights to use these lands. As confirmed by the Group's legal advisers, there is no legal impediment for the Group to obtain these land use rights certificates.

As at 31 March 2013, the Group's prepaid land lease payments with a net carrying amount of HK\$92,559,000 (2012: HK\$145,355,000) were pledged to secure banking facilities granted to the Group (note 34(i)(d)).

For the year ended 31 March 2013

18. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES - GROUP

	2013 HK\$'000	2012 HK\$'000
Carrying amount at beginning of the year Additions Assets classified as held for sale (note 44) Fair value gain Transfer to properties under development (note 25) Transfer to prepaid land lease payments (note 17) Disposal Exchange realignment	888,083 50,218 - 149,880 (289,320) - (68,820) 10,242	840,227 214,736 (13,333) 62,579 (247,235) (1,301) –
Carrying amount at end of the year	740,283	888,083

Investment properties represent various land use rights located in the PRC held for long term capital appreciation and investment properties under construction. The land use rights of these investment properties will expire ranging from year 2046 to 2079.

As at 31 March 2012, the investment properties included certain land use rights with a carrying amount of HK\$103,704,000 for which the Group is still in the process of obtaining the land use rights certificates. The relevant land use rights certificates have been obtained by the Group during the year.

Investment properties were revalued on 31 March 2013 by RHL Appraisal Limited (2012: RHL Appraisal Limited), an independent firm of professional valuers on an open market basis and on the assumption that the Group sells the properties on the open market without the benefit or burden of a deferred terms contract, leaseback, joint venture, management agreement or any similar arrangement which could affect the value. Valuations were based on market evidence of recent transaction prices for similar properties and adjusted for the differences.

For the year ended 31 March 2013

19. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES - COMPANY

	2013 HK\$'000	2012 HK\$'000
Unlisted shares, at cost Less: Provision for impairment	1,160,802 (627)	1,167,228 (627)
	1,160,175	1,166,601
Due from subsidiaries Less: Provision for impairment	1,366,518 (24,212)	1,046,619 (24,212)
Due within one year included under current assets	1,342,306	1,022,407
Due to subsidiaries	(159,287)	(228,050)

Name	Place of incorporation/ establishment/ operation	Particulars of issued capital/ registered capital	equity attribu	tage of interest table to impany Indirect	Principal activities
Hong Kong Water Affairs Investments Limited	Hong Kong	1 share of HK\$1	-	100%	Investment holding
China Water Group (HK) Limited	BVI/Hong Kong	1 share of US\$1	100%	-	Investment holding
Sharp Profit Investments Limited	BVI/Hong Kong	1 share of US\$1	100%		Investment holding
Good Outlook Investments Limited	BVI/Hong Kong	1 share of US\$1	100%		Investment holding
Oceanup Investments Limited	BVI/Hong Kong	1 share of US\$1	100%		Investment holding
China Water Supply Group Limited	Hong Kong	2 shares of HK\$1 each	.	100%	Investment holding
China Kolon Water Management Company Limited	Hong Kong	2,633,333,300 shares of HK\$0.01 each	100%		Investment holding
Ming Hing Waterworks Engineering (PRC) Limited	BVI/Hong Kong	100 shares of US\$1 each		100%	Investment holding

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19. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES – COMPANY (Continued)

Name	Place of incorporation/ establishment/ operation	Particulars of issued capital/ registered capital	Percentage of equity interest attributable to the Company		Principal activities	
			Direct	Indirect		
New Prime Holdings Limited	BVI/Hong Kong	1 shares of US\$1	100%	-	Investment holding	
Fortune Trend Holdings Limited	Hong Kong	1 share of HK \$1	-	100%	Investment holding	
長沙 (中國水務) 有限公司*	PRC	Registered capital of RMB40,000,000	-	90%	Water supply and water supply infrastructure	
荊州水務集團有限公司*	PRC	Registered capital of US\$60,589,200	36.9%	14.1%	Water supply	
荊州水務鼎鑫源工程有限公司^	PRC	Registered capital of RMB20,000,000	-	51%	Water supply infrastructure	
荊州水務隆錦置業有限公司^	PRC	Registered capital of RMB80,000,000	-	51%	Property development and investment	
Jingzhou Sewage#	PRC	Registered capital of US\$8,200,000	100%	_	Sewage treatment	
江陵銀龍水務有限公司*	PRC	Registered capital of US\$2,580,000	32.2%	67.8%	Water supply	
重慶市永川區僑立水務有限公司#	PRC	Registered capital of RMB200,000,000	100%		Water supply	
重慶僑立市政設施工程有限公司*	PRC	Registered capital of RMB5,000,000	10%	90%	Water supply infrastructure	
重慶僑立管道制造有限公司 ("Chongqing Qiaoli Pipeline")^	PRC	Registered capital of RMB80,000,000		80.44%	Trading and manufacturing of water pipelines	
重慶市永川區佳和自來水有限責任公司^	PRC	Registered capital of RMB3,500,000		90%	Water supply	
江西萬年銀龍水務有限責任公司*	PRC	Registered capital of USD35,090,000	99.6%	0.4%	Water supply	

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19. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES – COMPANY (Continued)

Name	Place of incorporation/ establishment/ operation	Percentage of Particulars of equity interest issued capital/ attributable to registered capital the Company		Principal activities	
	·		Direct	Indirect	
江西省銀龍大酒店有限公司*	PRC	Registered capital of RMB1,000,000	65%	35%	Hotel operation
Yanshan Water [#]	PRC	Registered capital of RMB18,000,000	-	100%	Water supply operation and construction
Yanshan Sewage [#]	PRC	Registered capital of US\$2,000,000	100%	-	Sewage treatment operation and construction
Fenyi Sewage*	PRC	Registered capital of RMB6,000,000	-	98%	Sewage treatment operation and construction
Wannian Sewage#	PRC	Registered capital of RMB13,000,000	5%	95%	Sewage treatment operation and construction
上海倍臣水務發展有限公司 ("Shanghai Beichen")^	PRC	Registered capital of RMB167,600,000	-	100%	Investment holding
上海銀龍股權投資有限公司 ("Shanghai Silver Dragon")^	PRC	Registered capital of RMB500,000,000	-	100%	Investment holding
江河水務有限公司^	PRC	Registered capital of RMB225,000,000		100%	Investment holding
江河港武水務 (常州) 有限公司 A (ii)	PRC	Registered capital of RMB237,000,000	-	40%	Water supply
北京江河旋龍水泵技術有限公司^	PRC	Registered capital of RMB5,000,000		52%	Water pump technology development
北京中水建投實業有限公司 ("Beijing Water")^	PRC	Registered capital of RMB211,350,000		100% (2012: 84.89%)	Property development and investment

For the year ended 31 March 2013

19. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES – COMPANY (Continued)

Name	Place of incorporation/ establishment/ operation	nt/ issued capital/ attributable to Princip		orporation/ Particulars of equity interest ablishment/ issued capital/ attributable to Prince	orporation/ Particulars of equity interest ablishment/ issued capital/ attributable to Princi	equity interest attributable to		Principal activities
		. og.oco. ou tap.cu.	Direct	Indirect				
北京上河元酒店有限公司 ("Beijing Shangheyuan")^	PRC	Registered capital of RMB171,600,000	-	100% (2012: 84.89%)	Property investment			
海南興水城鄉供水有限公司^	PRC	Registered capital of RMB15,830,000	-	56.85%	Water supply			
宜豐縣銀龍水務有限公司*	PRC	Registered capital of RMB52,800,000	55%	-	Water supply			
蘆溪水務有限公司 ("Luxi Water")* (i)	PRC	Registered capital of RMB52,308,750	30%	30%	Water supply and water supply infrastructure			
新余水務集團有限公司*	PRC	Registered capital of RMB200,000,000	60%	-	Water supply			
新余市建和混凝土有限責任公司*	PRC	Registered capital of RMB10,000,000	25.90%	29.16%	Manufacture and sale of concrete products			
新余市渝泉水業有限責任公司^	PRC	Registered capital of RMB50,000,000		60%	Water supply infrastructure			
新余仙女湖新城開發有限公司 ("Xinyu Property Development")*	PRC	Registered capital of RMB144,948,500	22.77%	39.10% (2012: 38.77%)	Development and infrastructure of sightseeing area			
新余水務置業有限責任公司*	PRC	Registered capital of RMB20,000,000		54%	Property development and investment			
新余仙女湖新城房地產開發有限公司^	PRC	Registered capital of RMB20,500,000		61.87% (2012: 61.54%)	Property development and investment			
新余市格林園林有限公司^	PRC	Registered capital of RMB10,000,000		60.0%	Landscape design and engineering			

For the year ended 31 March 2013

19. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES – COMPANY (Continued)

Name	Place of incorporation/ establishment/ operation	Particulars of issued capital/ registered capital	equity attribu	itage of interest table to ompany Indirect	Principal activities
新余仙女湖聖祥發展有限責任公司^(ii)	PRC	Registered capital of RMB20,000,000	-	31.55% (2012: 31.39%)	Development and infrastructure of sightseeing area
上栗銀龍水務有限公司^	PRC	Registered capital of RMB14,500,000	-	60%	Water supply and water supply infrastructure
高安水務有限公司*	PRC	Registered capital of RMB60,000,000	60%	-	Water supply
分宜銀龍水務有限公司^	PRC	Registered capital of RMB25,000,000	-	100%	Water supply
廣東仁化銀龍供水有限公司*	PRC	Registered capital of RMB27,260,000	-	73%	Water supply
河南銀龍供水有限公司 ("Henan Water") [#]	PRC	Registered capital of RMB140,833,077	-	100%	Investment holding
河南銀龍(扶溝)供水有限公司#	PRC	Registered capital of RMB14,000,000		100%	Water supply and water supply infrastructure
河南銀龍 (西華) 供水有限公司#	PRC	Registered capital of RMB14,000,000		100%	Water supply and water supply infrastructure
周口銀龍水務有限公司*	PRC	Registered capital of RMB50,000,000		70%	Water supply and water supply infrastructure

For the year ended 31 March 2013

19. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES – COMPANY (Continued)

Name	Place of incorporation/ establishment/ operation	Particulars of issued capital/ registered capital	equity attribu	tage of interest table to impany Indirect	Principal activities
周口銀龍置業有限公司^	PRC	Registered capital of RMB8,000,000	-	70%	Property development
河南鹿邑銀龍供水有限公司#	PRC	Registered capital of RMB14,000,000	-	100%	Water supply and water supply infrastructure
惠州中水水務發展有限公司*	PRC	Registered capital of RMB100,000,000	20%	50%	Water supply and water supply infrastructure
惠州大亞灣溢源淨水有限公司^	PRC	Registered capital of RMB248,612,000	-	59.78%	Water supply and water supply infrastructure
惠州中水房地產有限公司#	PRC	Registered capital of RMB20,000,000	-	70%	Property development
寧鄉建和建材有限公司 (Previously named as 寧鄉中水市政工程有限公司)^	PRC	Registered capital of RMB10,000,000 (2012: RMB 5,000,000)	-	90%	Manufacture and sales of concrete products
寧鄉水務置業有限公司^	PRC	Registered capital of RMB20,000,000	- 3	90%	Property investment
吉安水務集團有限公司 ("Jian Water")^	PRC	Registered capital of RMB120,000,000		70%	Water supply and water supply infrastructure
吉安市管道安裝工程有限公司^	PRC	Registered capital of RMB5,000,000		70%	Water supply infrastructure

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19. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES – COMPANY (Continued)

Name	Place of incorporation/ establishment/ operation	Particulars of issued capital/registered capital	equity attribu	tage of interest table to impany Indirect	Principal activities
萍鄉水務有限公司 ("Pingxiang Water")*	PRC	Registered capital of RMB267,000,000	26%	25%	Water supply
北京江河京威水務有限公司^	PRC	Registered capital of RMB10,000,000	-	70%	Water supply
吉安建和建材有限公司^	PRC	Registered capital of RMB10,000,000 (2012: RMB8,000,000)	-	52.49% (2012: 41.3%)	Manufacture and sale of concrete products
萍鄉建和建材有限公司^ (ii)	PRC	Registered capital of RMB10,000,000	-	28.08%	Manufacture and sale of concrete products
寧鄉縣順發建築材料公司 ("Ningxiang Shunfa")^	PRC	Registered capital of RMB12,000,000	-	90% (2012: 54%)	Manufacture and sale of concrete products
寧鄉渝泉市政有限公司^	PRC	Registered capital of RMB5,000,000	-	56.70% (2012: 48%)	Water supply infrastructure
鄭州盛祥建築工程有限公司 ("Zhengzhou Shengxiang") [^] (i)	PRC	Registered capital of RMB20,000,000		51%	Water supply infrastructure
博羅縣磊鑫實業有限公司 ("Boluo Leixin")^ (i)	PRC	Registered capital of RMB500,000		35.7%	Construction

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19. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES – COMPANY (Continued)

- * registered as Sino-foreign joint ventures under the PRC law
- * registered as wholly-foreign owned enterprises under the PRC law
- ^ registered as a limited liability company under the PRC law
- (i) acquired/incorporated/established/injected during the year ended 31 March 2013
- (ii) accounted for as subsidiaries of the Group because the directors are of the opinion that the Group has the power to cast the majority of votes at meetings of the board of directors in respect of financial and operating policies of these entities.

The financial statements of the Company's subsidiaries are audited by BDO Limited for statutory purpose or Group consolidation purpose.

The above table lists the subsidiaries of the Company which, in the opinion of the directors, principally affected the results for the year or formed a substantial portion of the net assets of the Group. To give details of other subsidiaries would, in the opinion of the directors, result in particulars of excessive length.

The amounts due from/(to) subsidiaries are unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand. Accordingly, the amounts are classified as current assets and current liabilities respectively.

20. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES - GROUP

	2013 HK\$'000	2012 HK\$'000
Share of net assets Goodwill	831,086 135,326	737,871 139,127
	966,412	876,998 ————

All the balances for amount due from/(to) associates were unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand except for the amounts due from associates with total carrying amount of HK\$71,875,000 as at 31 March 2013 which bears interest rate of 12% per annum and repayable from 1 April 2013 to 6 September 2013 (2012: amount of HK\$59,259,000 which bears interest rate of 12% per annum and repayable from 9 August 2012 to 4 November 2012).

For the year ended 31 March 2013

20. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES – GROUP (Continued)

Particulars of the associates as at 31 March 2013 are as follow:

Name	Place of establishment	Particulars of issued capital/ registered capital	Percentage of equity interest attributable to the Company	Group's effective interest held	Profit sharing	Principal activities
China Water Property Group Limited ("Water Property")*	Cayman Islands	Issued capital of 1,808,722,861 shares of HK\$ 0.1 each (2012: 1,758,722,861 shares of HK\$ 0.1 each)	Direct 24.17% (2012:22.05%) Indirect 21.75% (2012:22.37%)	45.92% (2012: 44.42%)	45.92% (2012: 44.42%)	Property investment, property development, hotel business and property management (2012: Property development, production and distribution of snack food and convenience frozen food products)
梧州粤海江河水務有限公司	PRC	Registered capital of RMB110,000,000	Indirect 49%	49%	49%	Water supply
梧州市建標水表檢定中心	PRC	Registered capital of RMB100,000	Indirect 49%	49%	49%	Water meter technology development
廣西梧州自來水工程有限公司	PRC	Registered capital of RMB5,000,000	Indirect 49%	49%	49%	Water supply infrastructure
河海大學設計研究院	PRC	Registered capital of RMB50,000,000	Indirect 30%	30%	30%	Design of water supply engineering, marine traffic engineering and irrigation engineering
南京文天工程檢測有限公司	PRC	Registered capital of RMB3,000,000	Indirect 30% (2012: Nil)	30% (2012: Nil)	30% (2012: Nil)	Water supply infrastructure designation
江蘇鴻基水利建設工程 有限公司	PRC	Registered capital of RMB7,200,000	Indirect 27% (2012: Nil)	27% (2012: Nil)	27% (2012: Nil)	Water conservation and hydropower related construction
江蘇尚源水務工程科技^	PRC	Registered capital of RMB30,000,000	Indirect 45% (2012: 54%)	45% (2012: 54%)	45% (2012: 54%)	Water engineering and consultancy service

For the year ended 31 March 2013

20. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES – GROUP (Continued)

Particulars of the associates as at 31 March 2013 are as follow (Continued):

Name	Place of establishment	Particulars of issued capital/ registered capital	Percentage of equity interest attributable to the Company	Group's effective interest held	Profit sharing	Principal activities
河南國源水務有限公司	PRC	Registered capital of RMB300,000,000	Indirect 45%	45% (2012: Nil)	45% (2012: Nil)	Investment, construction and operation of
			(2012: Nil)			water conservation and
						hydropower related
						projects

- * Water Property is listed on the Stock Exchange (Stock code: 2349) and became an associate of the Group on 25 October 2010. In the opinion of the directors, to give details of its subsidiaries of Water Property would result in particulars of excessive length.
- ^ Accounted for as associate of the Group because the directors are of the opinion that the Group has no power to cast the majority of votes at meetings of the board of directors in respect of financial and operating of this entity.

The financial statements of the above associates are coterminous with those of the Group, except for Water Property which has a financial year ending 31 December. There were no material transactions carried out by Water Property from 1 January 2013 to 31 March 2013.

The aggregated amounts of the following financial information of the Group's associates are extracted from their financial statements:

	2013 HK\$'000	2012 HK\$'000
Assets	4,737,189	3,968,616
Liabilities	2,501,724	1,903,278
Revenue	458,630	363,615
Profit	39,343	46,870

The Group has not incurred any contingent liabilities or other commitments relating to its investments in the associates.

For the year ended 31 March 2013

21. AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE FINANCIAL ASSETS – GROUP AND COMPANY

	Group		Com	pany
	2013 HK\$'000	2012 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000	2012 HK\$'000
Unlisted debt securities in Hong Kong, at fair value (note (a))	63,670	59,861	-	_
Listed equity securities in Hong Kong, at fair value (note (b))	-	-	284,105	240,411
Unlisted equity securities outside Hong Kong, at cost (note (c))	98,276	60,516	40,032	40,032
	161,946	120,377	324,137	280,443

Notes:

(a) The Group held certain convertible bonds issued by Water Property (the "Water Property Convertible Bonds") which are due on 13 November 2017 and are convertible into fully paid ordinary shares of Water Property with a par value of HK\$0.01 each (the "Water Property Shares") at an initial conversion price of HK\$0.15, subject to adjustment on the occurrence of dilutive or concentrative event. On 27 October 2009 and 24 October 2011, the conversion price was adjusted to HK\$0.045 and HK\$0.3781 (after share consolidation) respectively. The Group can exercise the conversion at anytime until the maturity date, provided that any conversion of the Water Property Convertible Bonds does not trigger a mandatory offer obligation under The Hong Kong Code on Takeovers and Mergers. The Water Property Convertible Bonds can be redeemed at 100% of the respective outstanding principal amount, together with their unpaid interest on maturity date.

The Group held the Water Property Convertible Bonds with a principal amount of HK\$81,550,000 as at 1 April 2011. During the year ended 31 March 2013 and 2012, there was no disposal or conversion of the Water Property Convertible Bonds.

The Water Property Convertible Bonds are separated into two components: the debt element and the conversion options element. The Group has classified the debt element of the Water Property Convertible Bonds as available-for-sale financial assets and the conversion options element of the Water Property Convertible Bonds as derivative financial instruments included in derivative financial assets.

The fair value of the debt element was calculated based on the present value of contractually determined stream of future cash flows discounted at the required yield, which was determined with reference to instruments of similar terms. The effective interest rate of the debt element at 31 March 2013 is 9.086% (2012: 9.366%). The fair values of the debt element have been determined by RHL Appraisal Limited (2012: RHL Appraisal Limited), an independent firm of professional valuers.

The fair value of the conversion options element are determined by the directors of the Company with reference to the valuation performed by RHL Appraisal Limited (2012: RHL Appraisal Limited), an independent firm of professional valuers on Binomial model basis.

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21. AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE FINANCIAL ASSETS – GROUP AND COMPANY (Continued)

Notes: (Continued)

(a) (Continued)

The major inputs used in the model are as follows:

	2013	2012
Stock price	HK\$0.65	HK\$0.62
Expected volatility	71.490%	84.339%
Risk free rate	0.465%	0.643%
Expected dividend yield	Nil	Nil

The carrying amounts of the debt element and conversion options element of the Water Property Convertible Bonds are as follows:

	Debt element – Unlisted debt securities HK\$'000	Conversion options element – Conversion options embedded in convertible bonds#
Net carrying amount at 1 April 2011	63,475	47,390
Change in fair value – credited to profit or loss – charged to equity	(3,614)	61,622
Net carrying amount at 31 March 2012 and at 1 April 2012	59,861	109,012
Change in fair value – charged to profit or loss – credited to equity	_ 3,809 	(5,022)
Net carrying amount at 31 March 2013	63,670	103,990

The conversion options embedded in Water Property Convertible Bonds are classified as derivative financial assets in consolidated statement of financial position under current assets.

⁽b) The investment of Water Property Shares is classified as available-for-sale financial assets in the statement of financial position of the Company. Fair value of the Water Property Shares is derived from quoted market price on the Stock Exchange.

⁽c) The unlisted available-for-sale equity securities are measured at cost less impairment at each reporting date because the range of reasonable fair value estimates is so significant and the probability of the various estimates is significant. Accordingly, the directors of the Company are of the opinion that fair value cannot be reliably measured.

For the year ended 31 March 2013

22. GOODWILL - GROUP

The amount of goodwill capitalised as an asset recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position, arising from business combinations, is as follows:

	2013 HK\$'000	2012 HK\$'000
At beginning of the year		
Gross carrying amount	181,272	172,667
Accumulated impairment		
Net carrying amount	181,272	172,667
For the year ended		
Net carrying amount at beginning of year	181,272	172,667
Acquisition of subsidiaries (note 42)	2,238	2,844
Transfer to assets classified as held for sale (note 44)	-	(828)
Exchange realignment	2,265	6,589
Net carrying amount at end of year	185,775	181,272
At end of the year		
Gross carrying amount	185,775	181,272
Accumulated impairment		
Net carrying amount	185,775	181,272
		=

For the year ended 31 March 2013

22. GOODWILL – GROUP (Continued)

Goodwill acquired through business combination have been allocated to the following cash-generating unit/ group of cash-generating units for impairment testing:

- water supply cash-generating units ("water supply CGUs") within city water supply operation and construction segment; and
- other cash-generating units ("other CGUs").

The carrying amounts of goodwill allocated to each of the cash-generating units are as follows:

	Water supply CGUs HK\$'000	Other CGUs HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
Carrying amount at 31 March 2013	180,558	5,217	185,775
Carrying amount at 31 March 2012	178,322	2,950	181,272

The recoverable amounts for the above cash-generating units were determined based on value-in-use calculations, covering a detailed five-year budget plan, followed by an extrapolation of expected cash flows at the average growth rates of 3% to 4% (2012: 3% to 4%) and discount rate of 11% to 12.7% (2012: 11% to 12.7%) estimated by the management.

The key assumptions for the Group have been determined by the Group's management based on past performance and its expectations for the industry development. The discount rates used are pre-tax and reflect specific risks relating to the relevant segments.

Apart from the considerations described in determining the value in use of the cash generating units above, the Group's management is not currently aware of any other probable changes that would necessitate changes in its key estimates.

For the year ended 31 March 2013

23. OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS - GROUP

	Sewage t		Water			
	concession (not	_	concession	-	To	tal
	2013	e a) 2012	(note b) 2013 2012		Total 2013 2012	
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
At beginning of the year						
Cost	160,494	154,762	73,822	55,075	234,316	209,837
Accumulated amortisation	(32,099)	(24,762)	(9,275)	(6,410)	(41,374)	(31,172)
Net carrying amount	128,395	130,000	64,547	48,665	192,942	178,665
For the year ended						
Opening net carrying value	128,395	130,000	64,547	48,665	192,942	178,665
Additions	-	-	1,445	16,458	1,445	16,458
Amortisation	(6,500)	(6,420)	(2,627)	(2,628)	(9,127)	(9,048)
Exchange realignment	1,605	4,815	891	2,052	2,496	6,867
Net carrying amount	123,500	128,395	64,256	64,547	187,756	192,942
At end of the year						
Cost	162,500	160,494	76,274	73,822	238,774	234,316
Accumulated amortisation	(39,000)	(32,099)	(12,018)	(9,275)	(51,018)	(41,374)
Net carrying amount	123,500	128,395	64,256	64,547	187,756	192,942

Notes:

- (a) Pursuant to several agreements between a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, namely Jingzhou Sewage and a relevant authority in the PRC, namely 荊州市建設委員會, during the year ended 31 March 2007, Jingzhou Sewage obtained the right to operate a sewage treatment plant located at Jingzhou City of Hubei Province in the PRC for a period of 25 years at an aggregate consideration of RMB130 million on a TOT basis. Jingzhou Sewage is entitled to use all the property, plant and equipment of the sewage treatment plant and to charge for the sewage treatment services at the initial tariff of RMB0.78 per cubic meter.
 - As at 31 March 2013 and 2012, the entire sewage treatment concession rights were pledged at a maximum period of 20 years as security for banking facilities granted to the Group (note 34(i)(e)).
- (b) Pursuant to a concession agreement between a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, namely Yanshan Water and a relevant authority in the PRC, namely 鉛山縣建設局, during the year ended 31 March 2008, Yanshan Water obtained the right to operate a water supply plant located at Yanshan City of Jiangxi Province in the PRC for a period of 30 years commencing from 1 June 2007 on a TOT basis. Yanshan Water is entitled to use all the property, plant and equipment of the water supply plant. The Group also entered into a BOT arrangement with the same grantor for the construction of water supply plant.

As at 31 March 2013 and 2012, the entire water supply concession rights were pledged as security for banking facilities granted to the Group (note 34(i)(e)).

For the year ended 31 March 2013

24. PREPAYMENTS, DEPOSITS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES - GROUP AND COMPANY

		Group		Company	
		2013	2012	2013	2012
	Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Non-current					
Deposits for acquisition of					
equity securities	(i)	76,000	4,321	10,000	_
Other deposits	(ii)	97,567	74,445		
		173,567	78,766	10,000	-
Prepayments and other					
receivables	(iii)	33,817	62,842		
		207,384	141,608	10,000	-
Current					
Loan receivables	(iv)	100,000	130,864	_	_
Prepayments		191,638	109,129	30,913	1,380
Deposits		1,933	1,718	296	292
Other receivables	(v)	376,943	303,801	5,880	7,431
		670,514	545,512	37,089	9,103

Notes:

- (i) As at 31 March 2013, the deposits for acquisition of equity securities comprised the followings:
 - (a) An amount of HK\$50,000,000 represented the deposit paid by the Group in relation to acquisition of entire equity interest in 長沙意峰房地產開發有限公司 which is a company incorporated in the PRC and principally engaged in property development and investment.
 - (b) An amount of HK\$10,000,000 represented the deposit paid by the Group in relation to acquisition of 6.9% equity interest in Xinyu Property Development which is a company incorporated in the PRC and principally engaged in development and infrastructure of sightseeing area.
 - (c) An amount of HK\$9,750,000 represented deposit paid by the Group in relation to the acquisition of 51% equity interest in 上饒東方首府項目, which is a property development project in Jiangxi in the PRC.
 - (d) An amount of HK\$6,250,000 represented the deposit paid by the Group in relation to the acquisition of 51% equity interest in 杭州市梁運儲運有限公司 which is a company incorporated in the PRC and principally engaged in storage of fuel oil and petrochemical materials and sales of construction materials in PRC.

As at 31 March 2012, the deposit for acquisition of equity securities represented the deposit paid by the Group in relation to the acquisition of 51% equity interest in Zhengzhou Shengxiang which is a company incorporated in the PRC and principally engaged in water supply infrastructure business.

For the year ended 31 March 2013

24. PREPAYMENTS, DEPOSITS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES - GROUP AND COMPANY

(Continued)

Notes (Continued):

- (ii) As at 31 March 2013 and 2012, balances mainly represented deposits paid for acquisition of land use rights for the Group's business expansion.
- (iii) As at 31 March 2013 and 2012, the amount mainly represented the Group's prepaid rental of land situated in the PRC and prepayment for construction work for own use.
- (iv) The amount represented the loan receivables from Mitsumaru East Kit (Holdings) Limited ("Mitsumaru") and its subsidiaries.
 - (a) On 1 December 2010, (i) the Group as the lender and Mitsumaru as the borrower entered into a loan agreement and pursuant to which the Group agreed to make available to the Mitsumaru the loan up to a principal amount of HK\$100,000,000 (the "Loan") in cash (the "Mitsumaru Loan Agreement"); (ii) the Group as the lender and Mitsumaru as the borrower entered into a debenture as a security for the repayment of the Loan; (iii) Mitsumaru as the issuer and the Group as the subscriber entered into the subscription agreement setting out the terms and conditions of the subscription of new shares of Mitsumaru (the "Subscription Agreement"), pursuant to which Mitsumaru has agreed to issue and the Group has agreed to subscribe for 1,000,000,000 new shares of Mitsumaru (the "Subscription Shares"), at a subscription price of HK\$0.10 per Subscription Share upon and subject to the terms and conditions set out in the Subscription Agreement. The Loan was drawdown on 2 December 2010.

Subject to the fulfillment (or waiver by the Group) of conditions precedent of the Subscription Agreement on or before 31 March 2011 ("Long Stop Date") (The Long Stop Date was amended to 30 June 2013 in accordance with the terms stated in a supplementary agreement to the Subscription Agreement dated on 28 December 2012. The Long Stop Date may be extended by the Group at its own discretion to a date not later than 31 December 2013 or such later date as may be agreed between the Group and Mitsumaru), the subscription price is to be satisfied by way of offsetting against the sums owed by Mitsumaru to the Group under the Mitsumaru Loan Agreement. As mentioned in the Subscription Agreement, Mitsumaru shall use its best endeavors to obtain the Stock Exchange's approval for resumption of trading of its shares. With successful resumption of trading of Mitsumaru's shares, Mitsumaru will have additional financing from a proposed issue of its new shares on the basis of 15 shares for every 4 shares held by certain qualifying shareholders of Mitsumaru to raise no less than HK\$150 million. (the "Open Offer"). Completion of the Subscription Agreement is not conditional on completion of the Open Offer. Completion of the subscription will take place as soon as possible after the fulfillment of the conditions precedent under the Subscription Agreement.

On 6 December 2011, the Company entered into a supplemental agreement to Loan Agreement with Mitsumaru to extend the repayment date to 31 December 2012 or the date of termination of the Subscription Agreement, whichever is later.

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24. PREPAYMENTS, DEPOSITS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES - GROUP AND COMPANY

(Continued)

Notes (Continued):

- (iv) (Continued)
 - (a) (Continued)

The Subscription Agreement is conditional upon, inter alia:

- (aa) the Stock Exchange having granted or stated that it will grant (either unconditionally or subject only to conditions to which the Group and Mitsumaru do not reasonably object) approval for (i) the resumption of trading of Mitsumarus' shares (the "Resumption of Trading") and (ii) the listing of and permission to deal in the Subscription Shares;
- (bb) the executive director of the Corporate Finance Division of the Securities and Futures Commission of Hong Kong granting waiver by the executive pursuant to Note 1 of the notes on dispensation from Rule 26 of the Hong Kong Code on Takeovers and Mergers from the obligation of the Group (together with its concert parties), to make a general offer for all of the Mitsumaru's shares not already owned or agreed to be acquired by them as a result of subscribing for the Subscription Shares (the "Whitewash Waiver"); and
- (cc) the passing by Mitsumaru's shareholder(s) other than Mr. Zhang Shuyang, a major shareholder of Mitsumaru and his associates and the shareholders who are involved in or interested in (other than solely as Mitsumaru shareholder) the Subscription Agreement, the Open Offer and the Whitewash Waiver or the respective transactions contemplated therein by way of a poll at the extraordinary general meeting of a resolution approving the issue of the Subscription Shares, the Whitewash Waiver and the increase in authorised share capital of the Mitsumaru in accordance with the Listing Rules.

In other words, upon fulfillment of the conditional precedent of the Subscription Agreement including, inter alia, approval for the Resumption of Trading, the Group is obliged to complete the subscription.

- (b) On 26 April 2011, the Group entered into an entrusted loan agreement ("Entrusted Loan Agreement") with a subsidiary of Mitsumaru and a commercial bank in the PRC. Pursuant to the Entrusted Loan Agreement, the Group, through the bank, provided an entrusted loan facility of RMB60,000,000 to a subsidiary of Mitsumaru for three years. The bank loan bears interest at a fixed rate of 5.76% per annum and repayable with one year from date of loan drawn down. As at 31 March 2012, the entrusted loan facility was utilised to the extent of RMB25,000,000 (approximately HK\$30,864,000). The entrusted loan had been fully repaid during the year.
- (v) As at 31 March 2013, the balance includes receivables from customers for sewage related and miscellaneous charges; receivables from certain government authorities for funds advancements, expenses paid on behalf and other charges; and various other receivables. Except for a receivable of HK\$9,000,000 (2012: HK\$8,800,000) which bear interest of 7% per annum and repayable on or before 31 December 2013, the balances were unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand.

None of the above deposits and other receivables is either past due or impaired. Deposits and other receivables relate to counterparties for which there was no recent history of default.

The directors of the Company consider that the fair values of current portion of deposits and other receivables are not materially different from their carrying amounts because these balances have short maturity periods on their inception.

For the year ended 31 March 2013

25. PROPERTIES UNDER DEVELOPMENT - GROUP

	2013 HK\$'000	2012 HK\$'000
At cost		
At beginning of the year	493,698	30,300
Additions	146,433	204,559
Transfer to properties held for sale (note 26)	(132,087)	(16,488)
Transfer from prepaid land lease payments (note 17)	(132,007)	4,136
Transfer from investment properties (note 18)	289,320	247,235
Transfer from construction in progress (note 16)		22,818
Exchange realignment	6,178	1,138
At end of the year	803,542	493,698

The Group's properties under development are located in the PRC on leasehold land with lease terms expiring from year 2043 to 2076.

At the reporting date, the properties under development are expected to be recovered within one year.

26. PROPERTIES HELD FOR SALE - GROUP

	2013 HK\$'000	2012 HK\$'000
At cost		
At beginning of the year	55,162	63,913
Additions	4,349	-
Transfer from properties under development (note 25)	132,087	16,488
Sales for the year	(116,737)	(27,606)
Exchange realignment	744	2,367
At end of the year	75,605	55,162

Properties held for sale included leasehold interests in land located in the PRC with lease terms expiring from 2046 to 2076.

At the reporting date, the properties held for sale are expected to be recovered within one year.

For the year ended 31 March 2013

27. INVENTORIES - GROUP

	2013 HK\$'000	2012 HK\$'000
Raw materials and supplies Work-in-progress Finished goods	107,856 59,967 23,540	89,279 76,122 15,420
	191,363	180,821

At the reporting date, the inventories are expected to be recovered within one year.

28. TRADE AND BILLS RECEIVABLES - GROUP

	2013 HK\$'000	2012 HK\$'000
Trade receivables Bills receivables	522,907 7,478	365,417
	530,385	365,417

The Group has a policy of allowing trade customers with credit terms of normally within 90 days except for construction projects for which settlement is made in accordance with the terms specified in the contracts governing the relevant transaction. The ageing analysis of trade receivables based on invoice dates is as follows:

	2013 HK\$'000	2012 HK\$'000
0 to 90 days	202,771	138,759
91 to 180 days	117,129	49,682
Over 180 days	210,485	176,976
	530,385	365,417

For the year ended 31 March 2013

28. TRADE AND BILLS RECEIVABLES – GROUP (Continued)

Ageing analysis of the Group's trade and bills receivables that were not impaired is as follows:

	2013 HK\$'000	2012 HK\$'000
Neither past due nor impaired 1 to 90 days past due 91 to 180 days past due Over 180 days past due	323,839 70,562 50,954 85,030	311,126 25,207 8,626 20,458
	530,385	365,417

As at 31 March 2013, the Group's trade receivables included an amount of approximately HK\$48,955,000 (2012: HK\$48,350,000) relating to the trade receivables of construction contracts.

Trade receivables that were past due but not impaired relate to customers that have good track record with the Group. The directors of the Company are of the opinion that no allowance for impairment of trade receivables is necessary as there was no recent history of significant default in respect of these trade debtors. Trade receivables that were neither past due nor impaired related to a large number of independent customers that had a good track record of credit with the Group. In general, the Group does not hold any collateral or other credit enhancements over these balances.

The directors of the Company consider that the fair values of trade and bills receivables which are expected to be recovered within one year are not materially different from their carrying amounts because these balances have short maturity periods on their inception.

29. AMOUNTS DUE FROM GRANTORS FOR CONTRACT WORK - GROUP

The Group recognised financial assets – amounts due from grantors for contract work in respect of its sewage treatment business arising from certain BOT arrangements. Details of the service concession arrangements of the Group is set out in note 6.

Amounts due from grantors for contract work represented revenue from construction services under BOT arrangements and bear interest at rate of 5.9% (2012: 5.9%) per annum. The amounts are not yet due for payment and will be settled by revenue to be generated during the operating periods of the BOT arrangements.

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30. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS - GROUP

	2013 HK\$'000	2012 HK\$'000
Listed equity securities, at market value: - PRC	1,447	1,617

Fair values of the listed equity securities have been determined by reference to their quoted bid prices at the reporting date in an active market.

31. DEPOSITS AND CASH AND PLEDGED DEPOSITS - GROUP AND COMPANY

	Group		Company	
	2013 HK\$'000	2012 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000	2012 HK\$'000
	1110 000	1110 000	11112 000	1112 000
Cash at banks/other financial institutions				
and in hand	859,141	608,225	70,886	84,974
Short-term deposits	108,690	477,763	74,773	324,384
	967,831	1,085,988	145,659	409,358
Deposit pledged against banking facilities granted				
to mortgagees	(7,403)	(7,040)	-	_
Deposit pledged for bank				
loan (note 34(i)(f))	(6,250)	(6,173)	_	_
Deposit pledged for bill payables (note 32)	(36,032)	(4,696)		
	(49,685)	(17,909)		عندية
Deposits and cash as stated in the				
statement of financial position Short-term deposits with an original	918,146	1,068,079	145,659	409,358
maturity of more than 3 months		(88,657)		1
Cash and cash equivalents for the presentation of the statement				
of cash flows	918,146	979,422	145,659	409,358
The second second				

For the year ended 31 March 2013

31. DEPOSITS AND CASH AND PLEDGED DEPOSITS - GROUP AND COMPANY (Continued)

Cash at banks/other financial institutions earn interest at floating rates based on daily bank deposit rates. Short-term deposits are made for fifteen days to three months (2012: eleven days to one year) depending on the immediate cash requirement of the Group, and earn interest at the respective short-term time deposit rates of 0.5% to 2.3% (2012: 0.3% to 3.5%) per annum.

The directors of the Company considered that the fair values of the cash at banks/other financial institutions and short-term deposits are not materially different from their carrying amounts because of the short maturity period on their inception.

As at 31 March 2013, the Group had deposits and cash denominated in Renminbi ("RMB") amounting to approximately HK\$787,113,000 (2012: HK\$611,076,000), which were deposited with banks/other financial institutions in the PRC or held in hand. The RMB is not freely convertible into foreign currencies. Under the PRC Foreign Exchange Control Regulations and Administration of Settlement, Sales and Payment of Foreign Exchange Regulations, the Group is permitted to exchange RMB for foreign currencies through banks that are authorised to conduct foreign exchange business.

32. TRADE AND BILLS PAYABLES - GROUP

	2013 HK\$'000	2012 HK\$'000
Trade payables Bills payables	477,407 52,761	439,404 15,243
	530,168	454,647

The credit terms of trade and bills payables vary according to the terms agreed with different suppliers. Based on the invoice dates, the ageing analysis of the Group's trade and bills payables as at the reporting date is as follows:

	2013 HK\$'000	2012 HK\$'000
0 to 90 days	201,233	109,537
91 to 180 days	96,293	82,781
Over 180 days	232,642	262,329
	530,168	454,647
	100	

As at 31 March 2013, the bills payables of HK\$52,761,000 (2012: HK\$15,243,000) were secured by the pledged bank deposits of HK\$36,032,000 (2012: HK\$4,696,000) (note 31).

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33. ACCRUED LIABILITIES, DEPOSITS RECEIVED AND OTHER PAYABLES – GROUP AND COMPANY

		Group		Company	
		2013	2012	2013	2012
	Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Non-current					
Deposits received		9,658			
Current					
Accrued liabilities		44,569	27,148	12,913	8,360
Deposits received	(i)	799,796	800,293	_	_
Other payables	(ii)	952,991	581,799	20,933	22,694
		1,797,356	1,409,240	33,846	31,054

Notes:

- (i) Deposits received mainly included the followings:
 - (a) Deposits from customers of HK\$361,891,000 (2012: HK\$334,133,000) in respect of the Group's city water supply operation and construction businesses.
 - (b) Deposits from customers of HK\$303,141,000 (2012: HK\$274,225,000) in respect of the Group's property development and investment businesses.
 - (c) Deposit from disposal of Xinhui Group (as defined in note 44(a)) of HK\$141,358,000 for the year ended 31 March 2012.
- (ii) Other payables mainly included water supply and sewage treatment fees received on behalf of certain government authorities in the PRC in respect of the Group's city water supply operation and construction businesses; and payables for other PRC tax surcharges and construction costs.

For the year ended 31 March 2013

34. BORROWINGS - GROUP AND COMPANY

GROUP	Notes	Original currency	2013 HK\$'000	2012 HK\$'000
Current				
Bank loans – unsecured	(ii)	RMB	16,875	41,975
Bank loans – secured	(i), (ii)	RMB	485,991	401,000
Other loans – unsecured	(iii)	RMB	22,563	31,093
Other loans – secured	(i), (iii)	RMB	28,750	50,617
Other loans – secured	(iii),(iv)(a)	USD	54,410	54,410
Government loans – unsecured	(v)	RMB	44,531	55,184
			653,120	634,279
Non-current				
Bank loans – unsecured	(ii), (iv)(b)	RMB	297,500	232,099
Bank loans – secured	(i), (ii)	RMB	1,026,775	902,753
Bank loans – unsecured	(ii), (iv)(b)	USD	533,528	322,444
Other loans – unsecured	(iii)	RMB	5,300	63,507
Other loans – secured	(i), (iii)	RMB	51,689	8,642
Other loans – secured	(iii),(iv)(a)	USD	54,275	108,670
Government loans – unsecured	(v)	RMB	106,569	117,517
			2,075,636	1,755,632
			2,728,756	2,389,911

For the year ended 31 March 2013

34. BORROWINGS – GROUP AND COMPANY (Continued)

	2013 HK\$'000	GROUP
		Analysed into:
		Bank loans repayable:
,866 442,975	502,866	Within one year or on demand
,384 180,812	365,384	In the second year
,051 809,456	970,051	In the third to fifth years, inclusive
,368 467,028	522,368	Beyond five years
,669 1,900,271	2,360,669	
		Other loans repayable:
,723 136,120	105,723	Within one year or on demand
	69,088	In the second year
•	40,176	In the third to fifth years, inclusive
	2,000	Beyond five years
,987 316,939	216,987	
		Government loans repayable:
,531 55,184	44,531	Within one year or on demand
•	24,713	In the second year
	40,681	In the third to fifth years, inclusive
,175 50,191	41,175	Beyond five years
,100 172,701	151,100	

For the year ended 31 March 2013

34. BORROWINGS - GROUP AND COMPANY (Continued)

COMPANY	Notes	Original currency	2013 HK\$'000	2012 HK\$'000
Non-current Bank loans – unsecured	(iv)(b)	USD	533,528	322,444
Analysed into: Bank loans repayable: In the second year In the third to fifth years, inclusive Beyond five years			41,312 242,180 250,036 533,528	142,282 180,162 322,444

Notes:

- (i) The Group's bank loans and other loans at 31 March 2013 and 2012 were secured by:
 - (a) pledge of water and sewage treatment revenue of certain subsidiaries;
 - (b) guarantees by 高安市國有資產營運有限責任公司,常州市武進供水總公司 and 常州市武進天龍設備安裝工程有限公司 at as 31 March 2013 and 江西省水利水電開發總公司 and 常州市武進供水總公司 at 31 March 2012;
 - (c) charges over property, plant and equipment in which their aggregate carrying amount as at 31 March 2013 was HK\$118,029,000 (2012: HK\$161,890,000) (note 16);
 - (d) charges over interests in land use rights in which their aggregate carrying amounts as at 31 March 2013 was HK\$92,559,000 (2012: HK\$145,355,000) (note 17);
 - (e) charges over other intangible assets in which their aggregate carrying amount as at 31 March 2013 was HK\$187,756,000 (2012: HK\$192,942,000) (note 23); and
 - (f) charges over the Group's bank deposits in amount of HK\$6,250,000 as at 31 March 2013 (2012: HK\$6,173,000) (note 31).
- (ii) The effective interest rates of the Group's bank loans ranged from 5.94% to 9.36% (2012: 5.13% to 8.53%) per annum at 31 March 2013.
- (iii) The effective interest rates of the Group's other loans ranged from 1.72% to 7.05% (2012: 2.80% to 10.23%) per annum at 31 March 2013.

For the year ended 31 March 2013

34. BORROWINGS – GROUP AND COMPANY (Continued)

Notes (Continued):

(iv) (a) On 18 December 2007, the Company entered into a term facility agreement with DEG – Deutsche Investitions – Und Entwicklungsgesellschaft MBH ("DEG") and Nederlandse Financierings-Maatschappij Voor Ontwikkelingslanden N.V. ("FMO") for a loan facility of up to US\$36 million (the "DEG Loan Agreement"). On 13 August 2008, the Company and its subsidiary, DEG and FMO entered into amended and restated term facility agreement to amend the DEG Loan Agreement (the "Amended DEG Loan Agreement").

The facility of US\$36 million was fully utilised (the "DEG and FMO Loan") and there was repayment of US\$7.2 million during the year ended 31 March 2013 (2012: US\$7.2 million). The DEG and FMO Loan bears floating rate of 2.10% per annum above the London Inter-Bank Offer Rates. The loan facility under the Amended DEG Loan Agreement is secured by (i) shares of certain subsidiaries of the Group; (ii) the Group's equity interests in Water Property (note 20); and (iii) a bank account of the Group.

During the year ended 31 March 2013, certain provisions of the Amended DEG Loan Agreement were breached which could cause the DEG and FMO Loan becomes payable on demand. The Group has been granted the waiver in respect of the breached provisions effective from 31 March 2013. After taking into account of the waiver, in the opinion of the directors of the Company, the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the DEG and FMO Loan until 1 April 2014.

(b) On 8 July 2011, the Company and its subsidiary, Shanghai Silver Dragon, entered into a term facility agreement ("ADB Loan Agreement") with Asian Development Bank ("ADB") for a loan facility of up to US\$100 million (the "ADB Loan"). ADB Loan Agreement was further amended and restated on 1 February 2013 for another US\$100 million (the "Amended ADB Loan Agreement"). Pursuant to the Amended ADB Loan Agreement, at any time prior to the third anniversary to the Amended ADB Loan Agreement, ADB may, upon giving ninety days' prior written notice to the Company, demand and the Company shall prepay on the third anniversary of the Amended ADB Loan Agreement the portion of the ADB Loan notified to it by ADB. As at 31 March 2013, the Group and the Company has approximately HK\$768,528,000 (2012: HK\$554,543,000) and HK\$533,528,000 (2012: HK\$322,444,000) unsecured bank loans from ADB.

The ADB Loan bears floating rate of 1.875% per annum above the London inter-bank offer rates for borrowings denominated in USD and 1.875% per annum above the Shanghai inter-bank offer rates for borrowings denominated in RMB.

During the year ended 31 March 2013, certain provisions of the Amended ADB Loan Agreement were breached which could cause the ADB Loan becomes payable on demand. The Group has been granted the waiver in respect of the breached provisions effective from 31 March 2013. After taking into account of the waiver, in the opinion of the directors of the Company, the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the ADB Loan until 1 April 2014.

(v) The government loans bore interests at effective interest rates ranging from 1.95% to 6.88% (2012: 1.72% to 6.88%) per annum at 31 March 2013.

For the year ended 31 March 2013

34. BORROWINGS - GROUP AND COMPANY (Continued)

Notes (Continued):

(vi) On 5 February 2013, the Company entered into a term facility agreement with The Hong Kong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited for a loan facility of up to HK\$100,000,000. The Company had not utilised the loan facility as at 31 March 2013. The loan facility was subsequently fully utilised in April 2013.

35. DUE FROM/(TO) NON-CONTROLLING EQUITY HOLDERS OF SUBSIDIARIES – GROUP

All the balances were unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand except for (a) the amount due to non-controlling equity holder of subsidiary with carrying amount of HK\$21,740,000 (2012: HK\$33,444,000) as at 31 March 2013 which bears interest rate of 6.7% (2012: 6.8%) per annum and repayable on or before 30 June 2015; and (b) the amount due from non-controlling equity holder of subsidiary with carrying amount of HK\$150,000,000 (2012: Nil) as at 31 March 2013 which bears interest rate of 10% per annum and repayable on or before 31 March 2014.

36. CONVERTIBLE BONDS AND DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL LIABILITIES - GROUP AND COMPANY

The carrying values of the liability component and derivative component of the convertible bonds are as follows:

		HK\$'000
Liability component		
Net carrying amounts at 1 April 2011		569,141
Arising from repurchases		(62,401)
Interest expenses		44,239
Interest on convertible bonds paid		(14,964)
Net carrying amounts at 31 March 2012 and at 1 April 2012		536,015
Arising from repurchases		(65,053)
Interest expenses		39,594
Interest on convertible bonds paid		(13,718)
Net carrying amounts at 31 March 2013		496,838
	2013 HK\$'000	2012 HK\$'000
	HK\$ 000	1111 000
Current portion	300,197	- 466
Non-current portion	196,641	536,015
	496,838	536,015
		326

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For the year ended 31 March 2013

36. CONVERTIBLE BONDS AND DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL LIABILITIES— GROUP AND COMPANY (Continued)

	HK\$'000
Derivative component-classified as current liabilities	
Net carrying amounts at 1 April 2011	25,981
Arising from repurchases	(4,148)
Change in fair value of derivative financial instruments	16,127
Net carrying amounts at 31 March 2012 and at 1 April 2012	37,960
Arising from repurchases	(3,507)
Change in fair value of derivative financial instruments	(19,940)
Net carrying amounts at 31 March 2013	14,513

On 10 March 2010, the Company entered into a subscription agreement with DBS Bank Limited ("DBS") pursuant to which DBS agreed to subscribe for the convertible bonds of the Company in an aggregate principal amount of HK\$600 million (the "Convertible Bonds") at 2.5% coupon rate per annum with maturity on 15 April 2015. The Convertible Bonds are convertible at any time on or after 26 May 2010 and up to the close of business on 5 April 2015 by the bondholders into ordinary share of the Company of HK\$0.01 each at the option of the bondholders, at an initial conversion price of HK\$4 per share (the "Convertible Price"). The conversion price is subject to adjustment on the occurrence of dilutive or concentrative event. If on 15 April 2011, the average of the volume weighted average price (the "Average Market Price") of the shares of the Company on each trading day in the period of 20 consecutive trading days before the day immediately prior to 15 April 2011 is less than the Conversion Price on 15 April 2011, the Conversion Price shall be reset to the Average Market Price (the "Conversion Price Reset") provided that the Conversion Price shall not be reduced on 15 April 2011 to below HK\$3.15. On 17 September 2010, 16 December 2010, 15 April 2011, 6 September 2011 and 12 September 2012, the Convertible Price was reset to HK\$3.96, HK\$3.93, HK\$3.10, HK\$3.07 and HK\$2.99 respectively. Unless previously redeemed, converted or purchased and cancelled, the Company will redeem the Conversion Bonds at 120.06 per cent of its principal amount on 15 April 2015.

In the event that the Company's shares cease to be listed or admitted to trading on the Stock Exchange, each bondholder shall have the right, at such bondholder's option, to require the Company to redeem all or some of such holder's Convertible Bonds at their accreted principal amount.

On or after 15 April 2013, the Company may redeem all or some of the Convertible Bonds at their accreted principal amount, in whole but not in part if the closing price of the shares of the Company for each of the 20 consecutive trading days ending not more than 20 days prior to the date upon which notice of such redemption is given, is at least 135 per cent of the Conversion Price on such trading day.

For the year ended 31 March 2013

36. CONVERTIBLE BONDS AND DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL LIABILITIES— GROUP AND COMPANY (Continued)

On 15 April 2013, the bondholders of the Convertible Bonds will have the right at such holders' option, to require the Company to redeem all or some of the Convertible Bonds (in whole but not in part) at 111.32 per cent of their unpaid principal amount as at 15 April 2013. To exercise such right, the holder of the Convertible Bonds must provide to the Company a redemption notice ("Redemption Notice")not less than 15 days nor more than 60 days before 15 April 2013.

As of 31 March 2013, the Company received Redemption Notice of principal amount of HK\$286,700,000. Carrying amount of Convertible Bonds of HK\$300,197,000 was therefore classified as current liability. The redemption pursuant to the Redemption Notice was completed on 15 April 2013.

During the year ended 31 March 2013, the Company repurchased Convertible Bonds in principal amount of HK\$61,000,000 (2012: HK\$64,500,000) at an aggregate amount of HK\$67,530,000 (2012: HK\$58,050,000). After completion of the above repurchase, the outstanding principal amount of the Convertible Bond is HK\$474,500,000 (2012: HK\$535,500,000). The Group recognised a gain on redemption of the Convertible Bonds of HK\$882,000 (2012: HK\$8,419,000) (after bank charges) during the year ended 31 March 2013.

The Group determined that the above Conversion Price Reset will not result in settlement by the exchange of a fixed amount of cash for a fixed number of the Company's shares. In accordance with requirement of HKAS 32, the bond contracts are separated into two components: a compound derivative component consisting of the conversion option and the redemption option, and a liability component consisting of the straight debt element.

The fair value of the derivative component of the Convertible Bonds was calculated using the Binominal Model with the major inputs used in the model as follows:

	2013	2012
Stock price	HK\$2.35	HK\$2.68
Expected volatility	32.788%	26.300%
Risk free rate	0.186%	0.336%
		1000

Any changes in the major inputs into the model will result in changes in the fair value of the derivative component. The change in the fair value of the derivative component during the year ended 31 March 2013 results in a fair value gain of HK\$19,940,000 (2012: loss of HK\$16,127,000) which has been included in the "Change in fair value of derivative financial instruments" in the income statement for the year ended 31 March 2013.

Interest expenses are calculated using the effective interest method by apply the effective interest rate of 7.51% to the adjusted liability component.

For the year ended 31 March 2013

37. DEFERRED GOVERNMENT GRANTS - GROUP

	2013 HK\$'000	2012 HK\$'000
At beginning of the year Additions during the year Amortisation during the year (note 7) Exchange realignment	54,522 - (2,907) 681	54,603 741 (2,844) 2,022
At end of the year	52,296	54,522

The Group's deferred government grants mainly related to the Group's acquisition of property, plant and equipment.

38. DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES - GROUP

Deferred tax liabilities are calculated in full on temporary differences under the liability method using a principal taxation rate of 25% (2012: 25%).

The movement on deferred tax liabilities during the year is as follows:

	Temporary differences on assets recognised under HK(IFRIC)-Int 12 HK\$'000	Fair value adjustments arising from acquisition of subsidiaries HK\$'000	Revaluation of properties HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
At 1 April 2011	2,033	26,314	192,597	220,944
Charged/(credited) to profit or loss (note 11) Exchange realignment	- 75	(437) 974	10,136 7,132	9,699 8,181
At 31 March 2012 and 1 April 2012	2,108	26,851	209,865	238,824
Charged to profit or loss (note 11) Exchange realignment		341	65,725 2,620	65,725 2,987
At 31 March 2013	2,134	27,192	278,210	307,536

For the year ended 31 March 2013

39. SHARE CAPITAL

		Number	
		of shares	Par value
	Notes	′000	HK\$'000
Authorised:			
Ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each			
At 31 March 2012 and 2013		20,000,000	200,000
leaved and fully maid.			
Issued and fully paid:			
Ordinary shares of HK\$ 0.01 each		4 205 072	42.050
At 1 April 2011		1,385,872	13,859
Subscription of new share	(a)	235,598	2,356
Repurchased and cancelled	(b)	(169,388)	(1,694)
At 31 March 2012 and 1 April 2012		1,452,082	14,521
Repurchased and cancelled	(b)	(9,052)	(91)
At 31 March 2013		1,443,030	14,430

Notes:

- (a) On 19 May 2011, the Company and ORIX Corporation ("ORIX") entered into a subscription agreement pursuant to which ORIX agreed to subscribe 235,598,277 new ordinary shares of the Company at the price of HK\$3.40 per share. On 30 May 2011, the subscription was completed and raised total consideration of approximately HK\$801,034,000 (before expenses). The premium received was credited to the share premium account.
- (b) During the year ended 31 March 2013 and 2012, the Company repurchased a total of 9,052,000 and 169,388,000 ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each in the capital of the Company at an aggregate price of approximately HK\$20,929,000 and HK\$417,788,000 respectively. The highest price paid and the lowest price paid were HK\$2.47 and HK\$1.85 for the year ended 31 March 2013, and HK\$2.88 and HK\$1.80 for the year ended 31 March 2012 respectively. All repurchased shares were cancelled and the issued share capital of the Company was reduced by the nominal value of these shares accordingly. The premium payable on repurchase was charged against the share premium account. An amount equivalent to the nominal value of the shares cancelled was transferred from retained earnings to the capital redemption reserve.

For the year ended 31 March 2013

40. SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The Company has adopted the new share option scheme (the "New Scheme") on 7 September 2012. The purpose of the New Scheme is to reward participants who have contributed to the Group and to provide incentives to participants to work towards the success of the Company. Eligible participants of the New Scheme include (a) any full-time or part-time employee of any member of the Group or invested entity; (b) any consultant or adviser of any member of the Group or invested entity; (c) any director (including executive, non-executive or independent nonexecutive directors) of any member of the Group or invested entity; (d) any shareholder of any member of the Group or invested entity; or (e) any distributor, contractor, supplier, agent, customer, business partner or service provider of any member of the Group or invested entity. The New Scheme shall be valid and effective for a period of 10 years commencing on the date it was adopted.

An offer of the grant of an option under the New Scheme (the "Option") may be accepted within 28 days from the date of grant together with a remittance of HK\$1.00 by way of consideration for the grant thereof. An Option may be exercised during such period as the board of directors may in its absolute discretion determine, save that such period shall not be more than 10 years from the date of grant.

The exercise price of the Option shall be determined at the discretion of the board of directors which shall not be less than the higher of (i) the closing price of the Company's shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheet on the date of grant; (ii) the average closing price of the Company's shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheets for the five trading days immediately preceding the date of grant, and (iii) the nominal value of the Company's shares. There is no minimum holding period before an Option is exercisable.

As at 31 March 2013, no share option is granted and exercised under the New Scheme.

The Company operated a share option scheme (the "Old Scheme") for the purpose of providing incentives and rewards to eligible participants who contribute to the success of the Group's operations. Eligible participants of the Old Scheme include the Company's directors, including independent non-executive directors, other employees of the Group, suppliers of goods or services to the Group, customers of the Group, and any non-controlling equity holders in the Company's subsidiaries. The Old Scheme became effective on 6 September 2002 and, unless otherwise cancelled or amended, will remain in force for 10 years from that date. As at 31 March 2013, the Old Scheme had expired and no share option was outstanding.

For the year ended 31 March 2013

40. SHARE OPTION SCHEME (Continued)

Movement in share options under the Old Scheme during the year ended 31 March 2012 are as follows:

	Num	ber of share opti	ons			
Name of category of participant	At 1 April 2011	Lapsed during the year	At 31 March 2012	Date of grant of share options (note a)	Exercise period of share options	Exercise price of share options (HK\$) (note b)
Directors Mr. Li Ji Sheng	1,000,000	(1,000,000)	_	10 December 2009	10 December 2009 to 9 December 2011	2.85
Mr. Chen Guo Ru	500,000	(500,000)		10 December 2009	10 December 2009 to 9 December 2011	2.85
Mr. Zhao Hai Hu	1,000,000	(1,000,000)		10 December 2009	10 December 2009 to 9 December 2011	2.85
Mr. Zhou Wen Zhi	500,000	(500,000)		10 December 2009	10 December 2009 to 9 December 2011	2.85
Mr. Wu Jiesi	500,000	(500,000)	_	10 December 2009	10 December 2009 to 9 December 2011	2.85
	3,500,000	(3,500,000)				
Other employees In aggregate	8,500,000	(8,500,000)		10 December 2009	10 December 2009 to 9 December 2011	2.85
Suppliers/Advisors In aggregate	2,000,000	(2,000,000)		10 December 2009	10 December 2009 to	2.85
			DITTO A		9 December 2011	
	14,000,000	(14,000,000)				

For the year ended 31 March 2013

40. SHARE OPTION SCHEME (Continued)

Notes

- (a) The vesting date of the share options was the date of grant.
- (b) The exercise price of the share options was subject to adjustment in the case of rights or bonus issues, or other similar changes in the Company's share capital.
- (c) The weighted average exercise prices of share option was set out below:

	2012 HK\$
At beginning of the year Granted during the year	2.85
Exercised during the year Lapsed during the year	_ 2.85
At end of the year	

41. RESERVES

(a) Group

The amounts of the Group's reserves and the movements therein for the current and prior year are presented in the consolidated statement of changes in equity.

The share premium account mainly includes shares issued at a premium.

The capital redemption reserve of the Group represents the nominal value of the share capital of the Company repurchased and cancelled.

The contributed surplus of the Group represents (i) the difference between the reduction in the issued share capital of HK\$0.0995 for every issued share at a nominal value of HK\$0.10 each of the Company and amount to be set-off against the accumulated losses of the Company pursuant to a capital restructuring on 25 July 2003; and (ii) the share premium reduction during the year ended 31 March 2010.

Other reserves represent (i) the difference between the consideration and the carrying amount of the net assets attributable to the additional and reduction of interests in subsidiaries being acquired from and disposed to non-controlling equity holders respectively; and (ii) share of other reserve of associates.

The share options reserves comprise (i) the fair value of share options granted which are yet to be exercised. The amount will either be transferred to the share premium account when the related options are exercised, or be transferred to retained profits should the related options expire or be forfeited; and (ii) share of the share options reserve of associates.

In accordance with relevant PRC regulations, certain subsidiaries of the Company are required to appropriate not less than 10% of their profits after tax to the respective statutory reserves, until the respective balances of the fund reach 50% of the respective registered capitals. Subject to certain restrictions as set out in the relevant PRC regulations, these statutory reserves may be used to offset against their respective accumulated losses, if any.

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For the year ended 31 March 2013

41. RESERVES (Continued)

(b) Company

	Share premium account HK\$'000	Contributed surplus HK\$'000	Capital redemption reserve HK\$'000	Share options reserve	Available- for-sale financial assets revaluation reserve HK\$'000	Exchange fluctuation reserve HK\$'000	Retained earnings HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
Balance at 1 April 2011	80,087	1,245,639	341	6,030	40,961	(1,187)	3,540	1,375,411
Subscription of new shares (note 39(a)) Share issuance expenses Share repurchase (note 39(b)) Share repurchase expenses	798,678 (22,226) (416,094) (1,744)	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	798,678 (22,226) (416,094) (1,744)
Share options lapsed Final dividend 2011 (note 13)	-	(4,464)	-	(6,030) -	-	-	6,030	(4,464)
Interim dividend 2012 (note 13) Transactions with owners	358,614	(29,608) (34,072)		(6,030)			6,030	(29,608) 324,542
Proposed final dividend 2012 (note 13)	-	(43,562)		(0,030)	_	_	-	(43,562)
Transfer to capital redemption reserve	_	-	1,694	-	-	-	(1,694)	-
Profit for the year Other comprehensive income – Change in fair value of	-	-	-	-	-	-	19,557	19,557
available-for-sale financial assets – Currency translation					1,136	(489)		1,136 (489)
Total comprehensive income for the year					1,136	(489)	19,557	20,204
Balance at 31 March 2012 and 1 April 2012	438,701	1,168,005	2,035	-	42,097	(1,676)	27,433	1,676,595
Share repurchase (note 39(b)) Share repurchase expenses Final dividend 2012 (note 13) Interim dividend 2013 (note 13)	(20,838) (90) –	- - 18 (29,029)	<u>-</u>	-			-	(20,838) (90) 18 (29,029)
Transactions with owners	(20,928)	(29,011)	1					(49,939)
Proposed final dividend 2013 (note 13)		(43,291)	- 4-			-		(43,291)
Transfer to capital redemption reserve	-4	-	91	-	-	-	(91)	
Profit for the year Other comprehensive income – Change in fair value of		-		- 	-		133,911	133,911
available-for-sale financial assets – Currency translation	-			10	9,478	(190)		9,478 (190)
Total comprehensive income for the year				\(\(\)\-	9,478	(190)	133,911	143,199
Balance at 31 March 2013	417,773	1,095,703	2,126		51,575	(1,866)	161,253	1,726,564

For the year ended 31 March 2013

41. RESERVES (Continued)

(b) Company (Continued)

The share premium account mainly included shares issued at a premium.

The capital redemption reserve of the Company represents the nominal value of the share capital of the Company repurchased and cancelled.

The share options reserve comprises the fair value of share options granted which are yet to be exercised. The amount will either be transferred to the share premium account when the related options are exercised, or be transferred to retained profits should the related options expire or be forfeited.

The contributed surplus represented (i) reduction in issued share capital pursuant to a capital restructuring on 25 July 2003; and (ii) the share premium reduction during the year ended 31 March 2010. Under the Companies Law of Bermuda, the contributed surplus of the Company is available for distribution. However, the Company cannot declare or pay a dividend, or make a distribution out of contributed surplus if: (a) it is, or would after the payment be, unable to pay its liabilities as they become due; or (b) the realisable value of its assets would thereby be less than the aggregate of its liabilities and its issued share capital and share premium accounts.

42. BUSINESS COMBINATIONS

(a) On 8 October 2012, the Group entered into an agreement with 蘆溪縣供水公司 ("Luxi Water Company"), that the Group and Luxi Water Company shall establish a new company, Luxi Water, to run a water supply business. The Group shall contribute 60% registered capital of Luxi Water by way of cash (RMB31,385,000) and Luxi Water Company shall contribute the remaining 40% interest of Luxi Water by way of assets and the water supply business in Luxi Water Company. The above transaction was completed on 1 December 2012.

The transaction was made as part of the Group's strategy to expand its market share of water supply business in the PRC. The Group has elected to measure the non-controlling interest in Luxi Water at the non-controlling interests' proportionate share of Luxi Water's identifiable net assets.

The transaction was treated by the management as business combination without the transfer of consideration because the cash contribution from the Group to Luxi Water remained under the Group's control, and no goodwill was resulted.

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42. BUSINESS COMBINATIONS (Continued)

(a) (Continued)

The assets and liabilities arising from the business combination are as follows:

		Carrying
	Fair value	amount
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Property, plant and equipment	34,867	34,867
Inventories	1,609	1,609
Trade receivables	225	225
Prepayments, deposits and other receivables	7,429	7,429
Bank and cash balances	122	122
Trade payables	(3,340)	(3,340)
Accrued liabilities and other payables	(4,839)	(4,839)
Borrowings	(9,919)	(9,919)
Non-controlling interests	(26,154)	(26,154)
Net assets attributed to the Group acquired		_
Bank and cash balances acquired and net inflow		122

None of the receivables have been impaired and it is expected the full contractual amounts can be collected.

Since its acquisition, Luxi Water contributed revenue of HK\$3,680,000 and net profit of HK\$1,763,000 to the Group for the period from 1 December 2012 to 31 March 2013.

Had the combination taken place on 1 April 2012, the revenue and the net profit of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2013 would have been HK\$2,258,035,000 and HK\$529,065,000 respectively. These pro forma information are for illustrative purposes only and are not necessarily an indication of revenue and result of operations of the Group that actually would have been achieved had the acquisition been completed on 1 April 2012, nor are they intended to be a projection of future results.

The acquisition-related costs expensed in the acquisitions were not material, and they had been expensed and were included in administrative expenses.

For the year ended 31 March 2013

42. BUSINESS COMBINATIONS (Continued)

(b) On 24 May 2012, the Group acquired 51% equity interest in Zhengzhou Shengxiang at a consideration of RMB1,785,000 (approximately HK\$2,231,000). Zhengzhou Shengxiang is principally engaged in water supply infrastructure business. The acquisition was made as part of the Group's strategy to facilitate the water supply business in the PRC. The Group has elected to measure the non-controlling interest in Zhengzhou Shengxiang at the non-controlling interests' proportionate share of Zhengzhou Shengxiang's identifiable net assets.

On 28 May 2012, the Group acquired 51% equity interest in Boluo Leixin at a consideration of RMB255,000 (approximately HK\$319,000). Boluo Leixin principally engaged in construction business. The Group has elected to measure the non-controlling interest in Boluo Leixin at the non-controlling interests' proportionate share of Boluo Leixin's identifiable net assets.

Details of the net assets acquired and goodwill are as follows:

Goodwill	2,238
Purchase consideration Fair value of net assets acquired	2,550 (312)
	2.550
	HK\$'000

The goodwill of HK\$2,238,000, which is not deductible for tax purposes, comprises the acquired workforce and the value of expected synergies arising from the combination of acquired business with the existing operations of the Group.

The assets arising from the above acquisitions are as follows:

Fair value HK\$'000	Carrying amount HK\$'000
437	437
182	182
(307)	(307)
312	312
	(2,550)
	HK\$'000 437 182 (307)

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42. BUSINESS COMBINATIONS (Continued)

(b) (Continued)

None of the receivables have been impaired and it is expected the full contractual amounts can be collected.

Since the acquisitions, the subsidiaries in aggregate contributed net profit of HK\$4,237,000 to the Group for the year ended 31 March 2013.

The acquisitions were not material to the Group and pro forma information as if the acquisition had taken place at the beginning of the year has not been presented.

The acquisition-related costs expensed in the acquisitions were not material, and they had been expensed and were included in administrative expenses.

(c) On 22 July 2011, the Group acquired 70% equity interest in Jian Water and its subsidiaries (together the "Jian Group") at a consideration of RMB120,880,000 (approximately HK\$145,498,000). Jian Group is principally engaged in businesses of water supply and construction of water supply infrastructure. The acquisition was made as part of the Group's strategy to expand its market share of water supply business in the PRC. The Group has elected to measure the non-controlling interest in Jian Group at the non-controlling interests' proportionate share of Jian Group's identifiable net assets.

Details of the net assets acquired and goodwill are as follows:

	HK\$'000
Purchase consideration	133,594
Deposit paid	11,904
Total purchase consideration	145,498
Fair value of net assets acquired	(152,673)
Excess over the cost of business combination recognised in profit or loss	(7,175)

The excess over the cost of business combination recognised in profit or loss was attributable to the bargain purchase with the seller and the seller was willing to accept less than business fair value as consideration.

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42. BUSINESS COMBINATIONS (Continued)

(c) (Continued)

The assets and liabilities arising from the acquisition are as follows:

	Fair value HK\$'000	Carrying amount HK\$'000
Property, plant and equipment	225,153	225,153
Prepaid land lease payments	41,010	39,904
Inventories	11,716	11,716
Trade receivables	3,701	3,701
Prepayments, deposit and other receivables	9,560	9,560
Bank and cash balances	26,405	26,405
Trade payables	(1,960)	(1,960)
Accrued liabilities, deposits received and other payables	(26,425)	(26,425)
Borrowings	(71,055)	(71,055)
Non-controlling interests	(65,432)	(65,100)
Net assets attributed to the Group acquired	152,673	151,899
Bank and cash balances acquired		26,405
Cash consideration		(133,594)
Net outflow		(107,189)

None of the receivables have been impaired and it is expected the full contractual amounts can be collected.

The acquisition-related costs expensed in the acquisitions were not material, and they had been expensed and were included in administrative expenses.

(d) On 22 July 2011, the Group entered into an agreement with 萍鄉市供水公司 ("Pingxiang Water Company"), that the Group and Pingxiang Water Company shall establish a new company, Pingxiang Water, to run a water supply business. The Group shall contribute 51% registered capital of Pingxiang Water by way of cash (RMB 136,170,000) and Pingxiang Water Company shall contribute the remaining 49% interest of Pingxiang Water by way of assets and the water supply business in Pingxiang Water Company and its subsidiaries. The above transaction was completed on 1 December 2011.

The transaction was made as part of the Group's strategy to expand its market share of water supply business in the PRC. The Group has elected to measure the non-controlling interest in Pingxiang Water at the non-controlling interests' proportionate share of Pingxiang Water's identifiable net assets.

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42. BUSINESS COMBINATIONS (Continued)

(d) (Continued)

The transaction was treated by the management as business combination without the transfer of consideration because the cash contribution from the Group to Pingxiang Water remained under the Group's control, and no goodwill was resulted.

The assets and liabilities arising from the business combination are as follows:

		Carrying
	Fair value	amount
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Property, plant and equipment	223,659	223,659
Prepaid land lease payments	61,015	61,015
Inventories	13,365	13,365
Trade receivables	1,718	1,718
Prepayments, deposit and other receivables	11,687	11,687
Bank and cash balances	18,194	18,194
Trade payables	(1,512)	(1,512)
Accrued liabilities, deposits received and other payables	(97,333)	(97,333)
Borrowings	(71,102)	(71,102)
Non-controlling interests	(159,691)	(159,691)
Net assets attributed to the Group acquired		_
Bank and cash balances acquired		18,194

None of the receivables have been impaired and it is expected the full contractual amounts can be collected.

The acquisition-related costs expensed in the acquisitions were not material, and they had been expensed and were included in administrative expenses.

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42. BUSINESS COMBINATIONS (Continued)

(e) On 6 April 2011, the Group acquired 60% equity interest in Ningxiang Shunfa at a consideration of RMB6,900,000 (approximately HK\$8,214,000). Ningxiang Shunfa is principally engaged in manufacture and sale of concrete products. The acquisition was made as part of the Group's strategy to expand its market share of concrete products business in the PRC. The Group has elected to measure the non-controlling interest at the non-controlling interests' proportionate share of Ningxiang Shunfa's identifiable net assets.

Details of the net assets acquired and goodwill are as follows:

	HK\$'000
Purchase consideration	4,047
Deposit paid	4,167
Total purchase consideration	8,214
Fair value of net assets acquired	(5,370)
Goodwill	2,844

The goodwill of HK\$2,844,000 which is not deductible for tax purposes, comprises the acquired workforce and the value of expected synergies arising from the combination of acquired business with the existing operations of the Group.

For the year ended 31 March 2013

42. BUSINESS COMBINATIONS (Continued)

(e) (Continued)

The assets and liabilities arising from the acquisition are as follows:

		Carrying
	Fair value	amount
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Property, plant and equipment	8,430	8,430
Inventories	438	438
Trade receivables	4,008	4,008
Bank and cash balances	1,258	1,258
Trade payables	(2,476)	(2,476)
Accrued liabilities, deposits received and other payables	(2,584)	(2,584)
Provision for tax	(124)	(124)
Non-controlling interests	(3,580)	(3,580)
Net assets attributed to the Group acquired	5,370	5,370
Bank and cash balances acquired		1,258
Cash consideration		(4,047)
Net outflow	:	(2,789)

None of the receivables have been impaired and it is expected the full contractual amounts can be collected.

43. DEEMED/PARTIAL DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARIES

- (a) Upon the capital injection in Chongqing Qiaoli Pipeline by the non-controlling equity holders, the Group's effective interest in Chongqing Qiaoli Pipeline was diluted from 100% to 80.44% on 24 November 2011. During the year ended 31 March 2012 as a result of such dilution, a deemed disposal loss of HK\$7,084,000 was charged to other reserves.
- (b) Upon the capital injection in Xinyu Property Development by the non-controlling equity holders, the Group's effective interest in Xinyu Property Development and its subsidiaries was diluted from 54.43% to 53.26% on 31 October 2011. During the year ended 31 March 2012 as a result of such dilution, a deemed disposal loss of HK\$11,811,000 was charged to other reserves.

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Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 March 2013

44. ASSETS AND LIABILITIES CLASSIFIED AS HELD FOR SALE

(a) On 20 March 2012, the Company and Shanghai Beichen entered into agreement with 江門市新會區國有資產管理辦公室 to sell 50% equity interest in 廣東新會水務有限公司 and its subsidiaries (collectively "Xinhui Group") at the consideration of RMB114.5 million. Further details of which are disclosed in the Company's announcement dated 20 March 2012.

During the year ended 31 March 2012, the disposal of 50% equity interest in Xinhui Group was not completed and the relevant assets and liabilities attributable to disposals were presented as "assets classified as held for sale" and "liabilities classified as held for sale" as at 31 March 2012. The major classes of assets and liabilities of Xinhui Group classified as held for sale as at 31 March 2012 are as follows:

	HK\$'000
Assets	
Property, plant and equipment	188,876
Prepaid land lease payments	42,046
Goodwill	828
Investment properties	13,333
Inventories	14,380
Trade receivables	15,594
Prepayments, deposits and other receivables	113,527
Pledged deposits	12,651
Cash and cash equivalents	6,036
Assets classified as held for sale	407,271
Liabilities	
Trade payables	27,462
Accrued liabilities, deposits received and other payables	48,707
Borrowings	39,136
Provision for tax	2,005
Liabilities classified as held for sale	117,310

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44. ASSETS AND LIABILITIES CLASSIFIED AS HELD FOR SALE (Continued)

(a) (Continued)

The disposal of Xinhui Group was completed on 10 April 2012 and gain on disposal of approximately HK\$41,526,000 was recognised in profit or loss.

	2013 HK\$'000
Assets classified as held for sale	407,271
Liabilities classified as held for sale	(117,310)
Non-controlling interests	(158,231)
	131,730
Release of statutory reserves upon disposal	(5,552)
Release of exchange fluctuation reserve upon disposal	(18,242)
Release of other reserves upon disposal	(9,579)
Gain on disposal	41,526
Cash consideration	139,883

(b) On 20 May 2010, the Company entered into conditional agreement with China Water Group (HK) Limited, a direct wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, and AES China Hydropower Investment Co. Pre. Ltd ("AES") (i) to sell the entire issued share capital in China Hydropower Development Limited ("China Hydropower"), an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of the Company which held 35% equity interest in 江河農村電氣化發展有限公司 ("Jianghe Longchuan"), and the shareholder's loan due from China Hydropower to the Company in the sum of approximately HK\$197.94 million to AES at the consideration of RMB238 million in cash, and (ii) to procure Henan Water, an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, to sell 15% of the equity interest in Jianghe Longchuan at the consideration of RMB102 million. Further details of which are disclosed in the Company's announcement dated 23 May 2010.

During the year ended 31 March 2011, the disposal of 35% equity interest in Jianghe Longchuan was completed and the Group recognised a gain on disposal of assets classified as held for sale of HK\$73,997,000. As at 31 March 2011, the assets classified as held for sale represented the carrying amount of HK\$84,158,000 of 15% equity interest in Jianghe Longchuan.

During the year ended 31 March 2012, the disposal of the remaining 15% equity interest in Jianghe Longchuan was completed and the Group recognised a gain on disposal of assets classified as held for sale of HK\$32,148,000.

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45. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENTS - MAJOR NON-CASH TRANSACTIONS

In addition to those disclosed elsewhere in the financial statements, during the year ended 31 March 2012, other borrowings of HK\$66,667,000 and other payables of HK\$64,563,000 were assigned to a non-controlling equity holder of a subsidiary of the Company.

46. COMMITMENTS AND GUARANTEE

(i) Capital commitments

At the reporting date, the Group had the following capital commitments:

	2013 HK\$'000	2012 HK\$'000
Contracted, but not provided for – Investment properties under construction	126,089	122,569
Construction in progressPlant and machinery	30,225 30,883	28,916 13,405
– Water pipelines	91,516	104,215
	278,713	269,105

(ii) Operating lease arrangement

As lessee

The Group leases certain of its leasehold land, office premises, properties, water pipelines, plant and machinery under operating lease arrangements for terms ranging from one to ten years. Certain leases contain an option to renew the lease and renegotiated the terms at the expiry dates or at dates mutually agreed between the Group and the landlords. None of the leases include contingent rentals.

At the reporting date, the Group had total future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases falling due as follows:

2013 HK\$'000	2012 HK\$'000
25,728	19,443
97,810	68,503
279,063	217,976
402,601	305,922
	25,728 97,810 279,063

The Company does not have any significant minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases.

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46. COMMITMENTS AND GUARANTEE (Continued)

(ii) Operating lease arrangement (Continued)

As lesson

The Group leases its investment properties under operating lease arrangements for terms ranging from one to ten years. Certain leases contain an option to renew the lease and renegotiated the terms at the expiry dates or at dates mutually agreed between the Group and the lessees. None of the leases include contingent rentals.

At the reporting date, the Group had total future minimum lease receivables under non-cancellable operating leases falling due as follows:

	2013 HK\$'000	2012 HK\$'000
Within one year In the second to fifth years, inclusive After five years	18,491 41,975 9,042	3,640 2,920 271
	69,508	6,831

The Company does not have any significant minimum lease receipts under non-cancellable operating leases.

- (iii) At 31 March 2013, the Company had commitment to make direct capital injections to its equity ventures operating in the PRC of approximately HK\$24,989,000 (2012: HK\$23,242,000).
- (iv) At 31 March 2013, the Company had commitment to make direct capital injections to its associates operating in the PRC of approximately HK\$6,000,000 (2012: HK\$8,262,000).
- (v) At 31 March 2013, the Group had commitment, which is contracted but not provided for to make acquisition of equity securities of approximately HK\$119,688,000 (2012: Nil). The relevant deposits of approximately HK\$59,750,000 were paid at 31 March 2013 (note 24(i)).
- (vi) On 19 June 2012, the Company signed the letter of support (the "Letter") with Mitsumaru. Pursuant to the Letter, the Group has confirmed to provide continuing financial support to Mitsumaru with maximum amount of HK\$100,000,000, so as to meet its financial obligations as they due for the twenty four months period ending 18 June 2014.
- (vii) As at 31 March 2013, the Group had given guarantee to banks for mortgage loans granted to purchasers of certain subsidiaries' properties of approximately HK\$38,998,000 (2012: HK\$38,644,000). In the opinion of the directors, the financial impact arising from the above guarantee is insignificant and accordingly, they are not accounted for in the financial statements.

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47. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

The Group does not have written risk management policies and guidelines. However, the board of directors meets periodically to analyse and formulate measures to manage the Group's exposure to market risk (including principally changes in interest rates, currency exchange rates and other prices), credit risk and liquidity risk. Generally, the Group employs a conservative strategy regarding its risk management. The Group has not used any derivatives or other instruments for hedging purposes. It is not the Group's policy to actively engage in the trading of financial instruments for speculative purpose.

(a) Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that the counterparty to a financial instrument would fail to discharge its obligation under the terms of the financial instrument and cause a financial loss to the Group. The Group's exposure to credit risk mainly arises from granting credit to customers in the ordinary course of its operations and from its investing activities.

The Group's bank balances are deposited with Hong Kong and the PRC banks.

There is no requirement for collateral or other credit enhancement by the Group and the Company.

The Group's policy is to deal only with credit worthy counterparties. Credit terms are granted to new customers/counterparties after a credit worthiness assessment by the credit control department. When considered appropriate, customers may be requested to provide proof as to their financial position. Customers who are not considered creditworthy are required to pay in advance or on delivery of goods. Payment record of customers is closely monitored. Overdue balances and significant trade and other receivables are highlighted. The finance director will determine the appropriate recovery actions.

(b) Foreign currency risk

Currency risk refers to the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates.

The Group's exposure to currency exchange rate is minimal as majority of the subsidiaries of the Group operates in the PRC with most of the transactions denominated and settled in RMB. Accordingly, the Group does not use derivative financial instruments to hedge its foreign currency risk.

Further, the Group has cash and cash equivalents denominated in US\$. Since HK\$ are pegged to US\$, there is no significant exposure expected on US\$ transactions and balances arising in Hong Kong.

The Company does not have significant exposures to foreign currencies at the reporting date.

For the year ended 31 March 2013

47. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (Continued)

(c) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk relates to the risk that the fair value or cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates.

The Group's exposure to interest rate risk mainly arises on unlisted debt securities investment, bank deposits and borrowings which bore floating interests. The Group has not used any derivative contracts to hedge its exposure to interest rate risk. The Group has not formulated a policy to manage the interest rate risk.

The policies to manage interest rate risk have been followed by the Group since prior year are considered to be effective.

Sensitivity analysis

If the interest rates had been increased by 100 basis points at the beginning of the year and all other variables were held constant, the Group's profit after income tax and retained earnings would decrease by approximately HK\$13,435,000 (2012: HK\$8,604,000) and the Company's profit after income tax and retained earnings would increase by approximately HK\$3,879,000 (2012: HK\$2,375,000). The assumed changes have no impact on the Group's and the Company's other components of equity.

The same % decrease in the interest rate would have the same magnitude on the Group's and Company's profit after income tax and retained earnings as shown above but of opposite effect, on the basis that all variables remain constant.

The assumed changes in interest rates are considered to be reasonably possible based on observation of current market conditions and represents management's assessment of a reasonably possible change in interest rate over the next twelve month period.

The sensitivity analysis included in the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2012 has been prepared on the same basis.

(d) Price risk

Price risk relates to the risk that the fair values or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than changes in interest rates and foreign exchange rates).

The financial assets at fair value through profit and loss, the available-for-sale financial assets and derivative financial instruments expose the Group and the Company to price risk.

The Group's investments in listed equity securities are primarily listed on the stock exchanges of Hong Kong and the PRC. The underlying shares of the derivative financial instruments are listed on the Stock Exchange.

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47. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (Continued)

(d) Price risk (Continued)

Sensitivity analysis

At 31 March 2013, it is estimated that a general increase of 10% of the price of the financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and the value of derivative financial instruments, with all other variables held constant, would increase the Group's profit after income tax and increase retained earnings by approximately HK\$9,092,000 (2012: HK\$7,267,000) and no change of other component of equity.

At 31 March 2013, it is estimated that a general increase of 10% of the price of the available-for-sale financial assets at fair value and financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and the value of derivative financial instruments, with all other variables held constant, would decrease the Company's profit after income tax and decrease retained earnings by approximately HK\$1,451,000 (2012: approximately HK\$3,796,000) and increase of other component of equity by HK\$28,411,000 (2012: HK\$24,041,000).

A decrease of 10% in the price of the above financial assets and financial liabilities would have had equal but opposite effect to the amounts shown above, on the basis that all other variables remain constant.

The assumed changes in market prices represent management's assessment of a reasonably possible change in market prices over the next twelve month period.

The sensitivity analysis included in the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2012 has been prepared on the same basis.

(e) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk relates to the risk that the Group will not be able to meet its obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset.

The Group monitors and maintains a level of cash and cash equivalents deemed adequate by the management to finance the Group's operations and mitigate the effects of fluctuations in cash flows. The Group relies on internally generated funding, borrowings and convertible bonds as significant sources of liquidity.

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47. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (Continued)

(e) Liquidity risk (Continued)

The maturity profile of the Group's and Company's financial liabilities as at the reporting dates, based on the contracted undiscounted payments, was as follows:

Group

	On demand	Less than three months	Three to twelve months	Over one year	Total
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
At 31 March 2013					
Trade and bills payables	406,420	78,276	47,315	_	532,011
Other payables	799,249	97,678	56,064	_	952,991
Accrued liabilities	4,918	36,520	3,131	_	44,569
Due to associates	49,454	-	_	_	49,454
Borrowings	83,441	132,249	456,618	2,488,996	3,161,304
Due to non-controlling equity					
holders of subsidiaries	198,817	-	-	21,740	220,557
Convertible bonds		313,013	2,348	232,515	547,876
	1,542,299	657,736	565,476	2,743,251	5,508,762
At 31 March 2012					
Trade and bills payables	389,456	63,700	28,953	_	482,109
Other payables	615,561	3,302	6,893	_	625,756
Accrued liabilities	38	27,020	90	_	27,148
Due to an associate	5,581	_	_	_	5,581
Borrowings	47,767	251,778	379,480	2,154,978	2,834,003
Due to non-controlling equity					
holders of subsidiaries	170,587	-		33,444	204,031
Convertible bonds	Brand LLAS	6,694	6,694	676,390	689,778
	1,228,990	352,494	422,110	2,864,812	4,868,406

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47. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (Continued)

(e) Liquidity risk (Continued)

Company

	On demand HK\$'000	Less than three months HK\$'000	Three to twelve months HK\$'000	Over one year HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
At 31 March 2013					
Other payables	20,933	_	_	_	20,933
Accrued liabilities	_	12,913	_	-	12,913
Borrowings	-	_	_	598,205	598,205
Due to subsidiaries	159,287	_	_	_	159,287
Convertible bonds		313,013	2,348	232,515	547,876
	180,220	325,926	2,348	830,720	1,339,214
At 31 March 2012					
Other payables	22,676	18	_	_	22,694
Accrued liabilities		8,360		_	8,360
Borrowings	_	_	-	361,154	361,154
Due to subsidiaries	228,050	_	_	_	228,050
Convertible bonds		6,694	6,694	676,390	689,778
	250,726	15,072	6,694	1,037,544	1,310,036

(f) Fair value measurements recognised in the statement of financial position

The following table presents financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value in the statement of financial position in accordance with the fair value hierarchy. The hierarchy groups financial assets and liabilities into three levels based on the relative reliability of significant inputs used in measuring the fair value of these financial assets and liabilities. The fair value hierarchy has the following levels:

- Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets and liabilities;
- Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the
 asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices);
 and
- Level 3: inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

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47. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (Continued)

(f) Fair value measurements recognised in the statement of financial position (Continued)

The level in fair value hierarchy within which the financial asset or liability is categorised in its entirety is based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

At 31 March 2013, the financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value in the statement of financial position are grouped into the fair value hierarchy as follows:

	Level 1 HK\$′000	Level 2 HK\$'000	Level 3 HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
Group				
Assets				
Available-for-sale financial assets Financial assets at fair value	-	63,670	_	63,670
through profit or loss	1,447	_	_	1,447
Derivative financial instruments		103,990		103,990
	1,447	167,660		169,107
Liabilities				
Derivative financial instruments		(14,513)		(14,513)
Net fair values	1,447	153,147		154,594
Company				
Assets Available-for-sale financial assets	284,105	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	284,105
Liabilities				
Derivative financial instruments		(14,513)	a mill too	(14,513)
Net fair values	284,105	(14,513)		269,592

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47. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (Continued)

(f) Fair value measurements recognised in the statement of financial position (Continued)

At 31 March 2012, the financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value in the statement of financial position are grouped into the fair value hierarchy as follows:

	Level 1 HK\$'000	Level 2 HK\$'000	Level 3 HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
Group				
Assets				
Available-for-sale financial assets Financial assets at fair value	-	59,861	_	59,861
through profit or loss	1,617	_	_	1,617
Derivative financial instruments		109,012	_	109,012
	1,617	168,873		170,490
Liabilities				
Derivative financial instruments		(37,960)		(37,960)
Net fair values	1,617	130,913		132,530
Company				
Assets Available-for-sale financial assets	240,411			240,411
Liabilities				
Derivative financial instruments		(37,960)		(37,960)
Net fair values	240,411	(37,960)		202,451

There have been no significant transfers between the levels in the reporting period.

The methods and valuation techniques used for the purpose of measuring fair value are unchanged compared to the previous reporting periods.

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47. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (Continued)

(g) Categories of financial assets and liabilities

The carrying amounts presented in the statements of financial position relate to the following categories of financial assets and financial liabilities:

Financial assets

	Group		Company		
	2013 HK\$'000	2012 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000	2012 HK\$'000	
Loan and receivables					
Trade and bills receivablesAmounts due from grantors	530,385	381,011	-	_	
for contract work	111,076	106,546	_	_	
 Loan and other receivables 	476,943	540,101	5,880	7,431	
 Due from subsidiaries 	_	_	1,342,306	1,022,407	
 Due from associates 	118,588	108,679	_	_	
– Due from non-controlling					
equity holders of subsidiaries	359,727	169,318			
	1,596,719	1,305,655	1,348,186	1,029,838	
 Bank and cash balances (including pledged deposits) 	967,831	1,104,675	145,659	409,358	
(including pleaged deposits)	907,651		145,059	409,336	
	2,564,550	2,410,330	1,493,845	1,439,196	
A. 6					
At fair value – Available-for-sale financial assets	63,670	59,861	284,105	240,411	
- Financial assets at fair value	03,070	39,801	204,103	240,411	
through profit or loss					
(held for trading) – Derivative financial instruments	1,447	1,617	-		
(held for trading)	103,990	109,012	_		
(ricia for trading)					
	169,107	170,490	284,105	240,411	
A4					
At cost – Available-for-sale financial assets	98,276	60,516	40,032	40,032	
- Available-101-Sale IIIIaliCial assets	90,270		40,032	40,032	
	2,831,933	2,641,336	1,817,982	1,719,639	
		Noted.			

For the year ended 31 March 2013

47. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (Continued)

(g) Categories of financial assets and liabilities (Continued)

Financial liabilities

	Group		Company		
	2013	2012	2013	2012	
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
At amortised cost					
Trade and bills payables	530,168	482,109			
Other payables	952,991	625,756	20,933	22,694	
Other payablesAccrued liabilities	-				
	44,569	27,148	12,913	8,360	
– Borrowings	2,728,756	2,429,047	533,528	322,444	
– Due to subsidiaries	-		159,287	228,050	
– Due to associates	49,454	5,581	-	_	
– Due to non-controlling equity					
holders of subsidiaries	220,557	204,031	-	_	
 Convertible bonds 	496,838	536,015	496,838	536,015	
	5,023,333	4,309,687	1,223,499	1,117,563	
At fair value					
 Derivative financial instruments 					
(held for trading)	14,513	37,960	14,513	37,960	
	5,037,846	4,347,647	1,238,012	1,155,523	

For the year ended 31 March 2013

48. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Group's capital management objectives include:

- (i) to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, so that it continues to provide returns for owners and benefits for other stakeholders:
- (ii) to support the Group's stability and growth; and
- (iii) to provide capital for the purpose of strengthening the Group's risk management capability.

The Group actively and regularly reviews and manages its capital structure to ensure optimal capital structure and owners' returns, taking into consideration the future capital requirements of the Group and capital efficiency, prevailing and projected profitability, projected operating cash flows, projected capital expenditures and projected strategic investment opportunities. The Group currently does not adopt any formal dividend policy.

No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes during the current and previous years. The Group sets the amount of equity capital in proportion to its overall financing structure. The Group manages the capital structure and makes adjustments to it in the light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to owners, return capital to owners, issue new shares or raise new debts, or sell assets to reduce debt.

The capital-to-overall financing ratio at the reporting date was as follows:

2013 HK\$'000	2012 HK\$'000
5,193,933	5,041,441
2,728,756	2,389,911
496,838	536,015
14,513	37,960
49,454	5,581
220,557	204,031
3,510,118	3,173,498
1.48 times	1.59 times
	5,193,933 2,728,756 496,838 14,513 49,454 220,557 3,510,118

For the year ended 31 March 2013

49. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

In addition to the transactions and balances disclosed elsewhere in these financial statements, the Group had the following material related party transactions:

(a) Compensation of key management personnel of the Group:

	2013 HK\$'000	2012 HK\$'000
Total remuneration of directors and other members of key management during the year		
 Short term employee benefits 	32,967	27,911
– Retirement scheme contribution	161	79
	33,128	<u>27,990</u>

- (b) During the year ended 31 March 2013, the Group acquired additional 15.11% equity interest in Beijing Shangheyuan from the non-controlling equity holder at a consideration of RMB55,065,000 (approximately HK\$68,831,000). The difference between the consideration and the carrying amount of the net assets attributable to the additional interests in subsidiary being acquired from the non-controlling equity holder has been dealt with in the other reserves.
- (c) During the year ended 31 March 2013, the Group acquired additional 40% equity interest in Ningxiang Shunfa from the non-controlling equity holder at a consideration of RMB4,800,000 (approximately HK\$6,000,000). The difference between the consideration and the carrying amount of the net assets attributable to the additional interests in subsidiary being acquired from the non-controlling equity holder has been dealt with in the other reserves.
- (d) During the year ended 31 March 2012, the Group acquired additional 33% equity interest in Beijing Water from the non-controlling equity holder at a consideration of RMB260,000,000 (approximately HK\$311,443,000). The difference between the consideration and the carrying amount of the net assets attributable to the additional interests in subsidiaries being acquired from the non-controlling equity holder has been dealt with in the other reserves.
- (e) During the year ended 31 March 2012, the Group acquired additional 8.28% equity interest in Xinyu Property Development from the non-controlling equity holder at a consideration of RMB64,500,000 (approximately HK\$79,628,000). The difference between the consideration and the carrying amount of the net assets attributable to the additional interests in subsidiaries being acquired from the non-controlling equity holder has been dealt with in the other reserve.

For the year ended 31 March 2013

50. POST REPORTING DATE EVENTS

In addition to those disclosed elsewhere in these financial statements, the Group had the following material events after 31 March 2013:

- (a) On 2 April 2013, the Company has submitted a firm bid to the vendor to acquire a controlling stake in a group of companies principally engaged in water supply and sewage business in the PRC. The firm bid is not completed as at the date of this report.
- (b) On 3 April 2013, the Company entered into a term facility agreement with The Royal Bank of Scotland PLC for a loan facility of up to US\$90,000,000. The Company had fully utilised the loan facility in April 2013.
- (c) On 15 April 2013, the Board adopted the share award scheme (the "Share Award Scheme") which has taken effect immediately. Subject to any early termination as may be determined by the board of directors, the Share Award Scheme shall be valid and effective for a term of 10 years commencing on the adoption date, 15 April 2013. Up to the approval date of these financial statements, no share award has been granted under the Share Award Scheme.
- (d) On 6 May 2013, the Company repurchased the Convertible Bonds with a principal amount of HK\$4,000,000 at the consideration of HK\$4,453,000. After completion of the repurchase, the outstanding principle amount of the Convertible Bonds is HK\$183,800,000.

Particulars of Properties for Investment

For the year ended 31 March 2013

Location	Туре	Lot number	Lease term
中國江西省新余市新欣大道以東,高新大道以北	Commercial	E13-2	40 years
中國江西省新余市清宜公路以南界水河東側	Commercial/ residential	106	40 years/ 70 years
中國江西省新余市清宜公路以南天仙路東側	Commercial/ residential	107	40 years/ 70 years
中國江西省新余市仙女湖大道北側	Commercial/ residential	204	40 years/ 70 years
中國江西省新余市仙女湖大道南側	Commercial/ residential	205	50 years
中國江西省新余市仙女湖大道南側	Commercial/ residential	206	50 years
中國江西省新余市仙女湖大道南側	Commercial/ residential	207	50 years

Particulars of Properties under Development

For the year ended 31 March 2013

Location	Interest attributable to the Group in percentage	Floor area on completion in sq. m. (approx.)	Type of development	Expected year of completion	Stage of completion
中國江西省高安市瑞陽大道以南・橋北路以東	60%	19,000	Residential	2014	Construction in progress
中國江西省新余市體育中心西側	54%	298,000	Residential	2014	Construction in progress
中國江西省新余市仙女湖體育公園環湖路南側及仙女湖大道北側	54%	39,000	Commercial	2013	Construction in progress
中國湖北省荊州市城南開發區南環路	51%	101,000	Residential	2014	Construction in progress

1,876,160

Financial Summary

Equity attributable to owners of the Company

RESULTS

RESULTS							
		Year ended 31 March					
	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009		
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000		
Revenue	2,250,675	1,896,944	1,478,163	1,398,168	1,033,199		
Profit before income tax	764,478	687,116	725,218	520,134	326,617		
Income tax expense	(238,939)	(154,647)	(124,726)	(75,431)	(97,943)		
Profit for the year	525,539	532,469	600,492	444,703	228,674		
Attributable to:							
Owners of the Company	285,809	315,280	421,905	301,571	115,037		
Non-controlling interests	239,730	217,189	178,587	143,132	113,637		
	525,539	532,469	600,492	444,703	228,674		
ASSETS AND LIABILITIES							
ASSETS AND LIABILITIES		At 31 March					
	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009		
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000		
Total assets	11,649,923	10,678,668	8,361,436	7,776,110	5,545,417		
Total liabilities	(6,455,990)	(5,637,227)	(4,028,107)	(3,949,332)	(2,857,580)		
Non-controlling interests	(1,810,733)	(1,794,072)	(1,468,697)	(1,277,124)	(811,677)		

3,383,200

3,247,369

2,864,632

2,549,654