

China Motor Bus Co. Ltd.



Annual Report 2013

Stock Code 026

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BOARD OF DIRECTORS

NGAN Kit-ling, J.P. Chairman & Managing Director

Dr. NGAN Kit-keung, D.Sc., Ph.D., D.B.A., F.I.Mgt., F.C.I.D., F.I.T.L., F.A.A.S., P.Eng. Assistant Managing Director

Dr. Henry NGAN

*Dr. LIU Lit-mo, L.L.D., M.B.E., J.P.

Fritz HELMREICH

*Anthony Grahame STOTT, B.Sc., F.F.A.

*TSE Yiu-wah

(*Independent Non-Executive Director)

SECRETARY

KWOK Pun Tak

REGISTERED OFFICE

391 Chai Wan Road, Chai Wan, Hong Kong

BANKERS

The Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited Standard Chartered Bank

SOLICITORS

MAYER BROWN JSM Linklaters Ngan & Co.

AUDITORS

KPMG

REGISTRARS AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited 17th Floor, Hopewell Centre 183 Queen's Road East Hong Kong

WEBSITE

www.irasia.com/listco/hk/cmb/index.htm

STOCK CODE 026

Notice of Ordinary Yearly Meeting

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Seventy Fifth Ordinary Yearly Meeting of the Members of the Company will be held at its registered office at 391 Chai Wan Road, Chai Wan, Hong Kong on Friday, 1st November, 2013 at 12:00 noon for the following purposes:-

- 1. To receive and consider the Statement of Accounts and the Reports of the Directors and Auditors for the year ended 30th June, 2013.
- 2. To declare a final dividend for the year ended 30th June, 2013.
- (a) To elect Directors;
 (b) To fix Directors' fees.
- 4. To appoint Auditors and authorise the Directors to fix their remuneration.
- 5. As special business to consider and, if thought fit, to pass the following resolution as an Ordinary Resolution:

"THAT:

- (A) the exercise by the Directors of all powers of the Company to purchase its own shares, subject to and in accordance with all applicable laws and regulations, during the Relevant Period (for the purposes of this Resolution, "Relevant Period" being the period from the passing of this Resolution until the earlier of the conclusion of the next Ordinary Yearly Meeting, or the expiration of the period within which such meeting is required by law to be held, or the revocation or variation of this Resolution by an ordinary resolution of the Shareholders of the Company in general meeting) be and is hereby generally and unconditionally approved; and
- (B) the total number of shares of the Company purchased by the Company pursuant to paragraph (A) during the Relevant Period shall be no more than 2% of the existing issued share capital of the Company at the date of this meeting, and the authority pursuant to paragraph (A) shall be limited accordingly."
- 6. To transact any other competent business.

By Order of the Board

Kwok Pun Tak Secretary

Hong Kong, 23rd September, 2013

Explanatory Note on Resolution 3(a)

In relation to Resolution 3(a) above, Dr. Henry Ngan, Dr. Liu Lit-mo, Messrs. Fritz Helmreich, Anthony Grahame Stott and Tse Yiu-wah will retire from the Board pursuant to Article 122 of the Company's Articles of Association and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election. The biographical details and interests in the shares of the Company of all the Directors to be re-elected at the Ordinary Yearly Meeting are provided in the explanatory statement for the re-election of Directors and general mandate for repurchase of own shares which accompanies this Annual Report.

Explanatory Note on Resolution 5

Resolution 5 relates to the grant of a general mandate to the Directors to repurchase shares of the Company up to a maximum of 2% of the issued share capital of the Company at the date of the resolution (the "Repurchase Mandate"). The authority conferred on the Directors by the Repurchase Mandate would continue in force until the earlier of the conclusion of the next Ordinary Yearly Meeting of the Company, the expiration of the period within which the next Ordinary Yearly Meeting is required by law to be held, or until revoked or varied by ordinary resolution of the Shareholders in general meeting prior to the next Ordinary Yearly Meeting. An explanatory statement providing details for the re-election of Directors and general mandate for repurchase of own shares accompanies this Annual Report.

Notice of Ordinary Yearly Meeting (Continued)

Notes:

- (1) A shareholder entitled to attend and vote at the above Meeting may appoint a proxy or proxies (not exceeding 2 in number) to attend and vote in his place and such proxy need not be a shareholder of the Company.
- (2) To be valid, forms of proxy must be deposited at the Registered Office of the Company not less than forty-eight hours before the time fixed for holding the Meeting or adjourned Meeting.
- (3) Pursuant to Articles 96 and 97 of the Articles of Association of the Company, every question submitted to a general meeting shall be decided in the first instance by a show of hands of the shareholders present in person and entitled to vote, unless a poll is required under the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited or is demanded as referred to in Article 97 of the Articles of Association of the Company, in which case a poll may be demanded (before a declaration by the chairman that a resolution has been carried or carried by a particular majority or lost or not carried by a particular majority) by:
 - (i) the chairman of the meeting; or
 - (ii) at least four shareholders; or
 - (iii) a shareholder or shareholders holding or representing by proxy or entitled to vote in respect of at least one-tenth part of the capital represented at the meeting.
- (4) For ascertaining the shareholders' entitlement to attend and vote at the Ordinary Yearly Meeting to be held on Friday, 1st November, 2013, the Register of Members of the Company will be closed from Tuesday, 29th October, 2013 to Thursday, 31st October, 2013, both days inclusive. To qualify to attend and vote at the Ordinary Yearly Meeting, all transfer documents accompanied by the relevant share certificates should be lodged at the Company's Registrar, Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited, at 17th Floor, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Wanchai, Hong Kong no later than 4:30 p.m. on Monday, 28th October, 2013.
- (5) For ascertaining the shareholders' entitlement to the proposed final dividend and the special dividend, the Register of Members of the Company will be closed from Wednesday, 13th November, 2013 to Friday, 15th November, 2013, both days inclusive. To qualify for the proposed final dividend and the special dividend, all transfer documents accompanied by the relevant share certificates should be lodged at the Company's Registrar, Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited, at 17th Floor, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Wanchai, Hong Kong no later than 4:30 p.m. on Tuesday, 12th November, 2013.
- (6) As at the date of this Notice, the Directors of the Company are:-Ngan Kit-ling, Dr. Ngan Kit-keung, Dr. Henry Ngan, Dr. Liu Lit-mo*, Fritz Helmreich, Anthony Grahame Stott* and Tse Yiu-wah*.
- (7) In the case of any conflict between the Chinese translation and the English text hereof, the English text will prevail.

*Independent Non-executive Director

The directors have pleasure in submitting their annual report together with the audited financial statements for the year ended 30th June, 2013.

PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS

China Motor Bus Company, Limited (the "company") is a company incorporated and domiciled in Hong Kong and has its registered office and principal place of business at 391 Chai Wan Road, Chai Wan, Hong Kong.

GROUP'S ACTIVITIES AND OPERATIONS

The principal activities of the company and the group are property development and investment. The principal activities and other particulars of the subsidiaries are set out in note 14 on the financial statements.

The geographical analysis of the group's turnover and operating profit is set out in note 3 on the financial statements.

JOINTLY CONTROLLED ENTITIES

Particulars of jointly controlled entities at 30th June, 2013 are set out in note 15 on the financial statements.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The profit of the group for the year ended 30th June, 2013 and the state of affairs of the company and of the group at that date are set out in the financial statements on pages 20 to 58.

A first interim dividend of HK\$0.10 (2012: HK\$0.10) per share and a special dividend of HK\$0.50 (2012: HK\$0.50) per share were paid on 14th June, 2013. A second interim dividend of HK\$0.30 (2012: HK\$0.30) per share is payable on 31st October, 2013. The directors now recommend that a final dividend of HK\$0.10 (2012: HK\$0.10) per share and a special dividend of HK\$1.30 (2012: HK\$1.30) per share be paid in respect of the year ended 30th June, 2013 and that HK\$10,000,000 (2012: HK\$10,000,000) be transferred to general reserve.

Subject to the approval by shareholders at the forthcoming Ordinary Yearly Meeting, the final dividend and the special dividend will be payable on 28th January, 2014.

FIXED ASSETS

Movements in fixed assets during the year are set out in note 13 on the financial statements.

DIRECTORS

The directors during the year and up to the date of this report are given on page 2 and further information regarding directors is given on page 18.

The company has received from each of its independent non-executive directors an annual confirmation of his independence pursuant to rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules and still considers the independent non-executive directors to be independent.

In accordance with article 122 of the company's articles of association, Dr. Henry Ngan, Dr. Liu Lit-mo, Messrs. Fritz Helmreich, Anthony Grahame Stott and Tse Yiu-wah retire from the board and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election (for details of directors, see Appendix I of the explanatory statement on re-election of directors and general mandate for repurchase of own shares accompanying this annual report).

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN SHARES

As at 30th June, 2013, the interests and short positions of the directors and chief executive of the company in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the company and its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance ("SFO")) as recorded in the register required to be kept under section 352 of the SFO or as otherwise notified to the company and The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by directors of listed companies were as follows:

		Ordinary shares of HK\$2 each			
	Personal interests	Family interests	Other interests	Total ordinary shares held	Percentage of total issued shares
NGAN Kit-ling	4,848,345	_	33,468 (Note)	4,881,813	10.71%
Dr. NGAN Kit-keung	6,941,013	1,250	33,468 (Note)	6,975,731	15.30%
Dr. Henry NGAN	7,173,125	250	33,468 (Note)	7,206,843	15.81%
Dr. LIU Lít-mo	62,250	-	_	62,250	0.14%
Fritz HELMREICH	50,000	-	-	50,000	0.11%
Anthony Grahame STOTT	600	-	-	600	-
TSE Yiu-wah	137,800	-	-	137,800	0.30%

Note: The 33,468 shares in the company are included in the estate of the late Madam WONG Yick-mui.

All the interests disclosed above represent long positions as at 30th June, 2013.

Save as disclosed above, as at 30th June, 2013, none of the directors or chief executive of the company or any of their spouses or children under 18 years of age had held any interests or short positions in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the company or any of its associated corporations as defined in the SFO.

ARRANGEMENTS TO PURCHASE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

During the year under review, the company did not grant to any director or chief executive or to the spouse or children under 18 years of age of any such director or chief executive any right to subscribe for shares of the company.

At no time during the year was the company or any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangements to enable the directors of the company to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in or debentures of the company or any other body corporate.

Report of the Directors (Continued)

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' AND OTHER PERSONS' INTERESTS IN THE SHARE CAPITAL OF THE COMPANY

The company has been notified of the following interests in the company's issued shares at 30th June, 2013, amounting to 5% or more of the shares in issue:

	Ordinary	Percentage of
Substantial shareholders	shares held	total issued shares
NGAN Kit-ling	4,881,813(Note)	10.71%
Dr. NGAN Kit-keung	6,975,731(Note)	15.30%
Dr. Henry NGAN	7,206,843(Note)	15.81%
CHAN Kwan Shat & WONG Wai Gin	5,553,200	12.18%
<u>Other person</u>		
CHING Yung Yu	2,496,200	5.47%

Note : There is a duplication of 33,468 shares which are included in the estate of the late Madam WONG Yick-mui.

All the interests disclosed above represent long positions as at 30th June, 2013.

Save as disclosed above, so far as the directors are aware, as at 30th June, 2013, none of the above shareholders had held any interests or short positions in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the company or any of its associated corporations as defined in the SFO.

Apart from the foregoing, as at 30th June, 2013, no other interests required to be recorded in the register kept under section 336 of the SFO have been notified to the company.

DIRECTORS' INTEREST IN CONTRACTS

Madam Ngan Kit-ling is the sole proprietor of Ngan & Co., one of the company's solicitors, and as such has an interest in legal fees and expenses paid by the company to that firm.

Apart from the foregoing, no contract of significance, to which the company or any of its subsidiaries was a party and in which a director of the company had a material interest, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

No director proposed for re-election at the forthcoming Ordinary Yearly Meeting has an unexpired service contract with the company which is not determinable by the company within one year without payment of compensation, other than normal statutory obligations.

EMOLUMENTS OF DIRECTORS AND FIVE HIGHEST PAID DIRECTORS/EMPLOYEES

Details of emoluments of the directors and the five highest paid directors/employees of the company are set out in note 7 on the financial statements.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE COMPANY'S LISTED SECURITIES

During the year, neither the company nor any of its subsidiaries has repurchased, sold or redeemed any of the company's listed securities.

SHARE CAPITAL

Particulars of the movements in the share capital of the company during the year are set out in note 24 on the financial statements.

EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SCHEME

During the year, the company operated a separate non-contributory defined benefit retirement scheme, namely, "China Motor Bus Senior Executives Retirement Scheme" for its senior executives. The China Motor Bus Senior Executives Retirement Scheme was established under trust and has been registered with the Registrar of Occupational Retirement Schemes. The assets of the scheme are held by an independent trustee, HSBC Institutional Trust Services (Asia) Limited. The members' benefits are determined based on their final remuneration and length of service. The company's contributions to the scheme are made in accordance with the recommendations of an independent actuarial firm who carries out actuarial valuations of the scheme at regular intervals, currently annually.

The actuarial valuation of the China Motor Bus Senior Executives Retirement Scheme as at 30th June, 2013 showed that there were insufficient assets to cover the on-going liabilities of the scheme, and the company will contribute to the scheme to fund the deficit in accordance with the recommendation of the scheme's actuary. The actuary of the scheme is Towers Watson Hong Kong Limited. In the actuarial valuation, the aggregate cost valuation method was used. The major assumptions used in the valuation were: investment return at 0.25% per annum; and salary escalation at 3.0% per annum. Other relevant information extracted from the valuations as at 30th June, 2013 pertaining to the scheme is set out below:-

- (i) The market value of the scheme assets as at 30th June, 2013 was HK\$10,341,000 (2012: HK\$10,421,000).
- (ii) The on-going funding level of the scheme was 92% (2012: 102%).
- (iii) The on-going basis funding deficit of the scheme was HK\$889,000 (2012: surplus of HK\$213,000).

Note: The obligations in respect of defined benefit retirement scheme in the financial statements are calculated using the projected unit credit method (see note 1 (n)(ii) on the financial statements).

As from 1st December, 2000, the group also operates a Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme ("the MPF scheme") under the Hong Kong Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance for employees employed under the jurisdiction of the Hong Kong Employment Ordinance and not covered by the company's defined benefit retirement scheme. The MPF scheme is a defined contribution retirement scheme administered by an independent trustee. Under the MPF scheme, the employer and its employees are each required to make contributions to the scheme at 5% of the employees' relevant income, subject to a cap of monthly relevant income as stipulated in the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance.

For the MPF scheme, the contributions are expensed as incurred. There are no forfeitures available to reduce company contributions from those employees who have left the scheme as they are fully entitled to their contributions upon leaving employment.

COMMENTARY ON ANNUAL RESULTS

Revenue and Operating Profit

Turnover of the group for the year under review comprising rental income from its investment properties and income from sale of properties amounted to HK\$90 million (2012: HK\$84 million). The operating profit of the group of HK\$77 million compares to HK\$68 million in the previous year and reflects the increase in rentals from investment properties and in finance income. The profit after taxation attributable to shareholders of HK\$443 million (2012: HK\$359 million) reflects the increase in the share of results of jointly controlled entities as a result of the larger revaluation gains on investment properties held by the jointly controlled entities, and net valuation gains on the group's investment properties.

Liquidity and Financial Resources

At 30th June, 2013, the group had no bank borrowings (2012: HK\$Nil) and had cash and cash equivalents of HK\$1,163 million (2012: HK\$680 million) which were held in the form of short term deposits or cash at banks and in hand. Deposits with banks with maturity more than three months amounted to HK\$1,342 million (2012: HK\$1,843 million).

For the year under review, net cash inflow from operating activities was HK\$39 million (2012: HK\$8 million). Repayment of loans by and dividends from jointly controlled entities amounted to HK\$28 million and HK\$12 million respectively (2012: HK\$24 million and HK\$12 million respectively). The consolidated cash flow statement for the group for the year ended 30th June, 2013 is set out on pages 25 and 26 of this annual report.

Capital Expenditure and Commitments

Capital expenditure incurred during the year amounted to HK\$29,000 (2012: HK\$75,000).

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

The information in respect of the group's turnover and purchases attributable to the major customers and suppliers during the financial year is as follows:

	Percentage of the group's total	
	Turnover	Purchases
The largest customer	32%	
Five largest customers in aggregate	60%	
The largest supplier		12%
Five largest suppliers in aggregate		56%

So far as the directors are aware, at no time during the year have the directors, their associates or any shareholder of the company (which to the knowledge of the directors owns more than 5% of the company's share capital) had any interest in these major customers and suppliers.

DISCLOSURE PURSUANT TO LISTING RULE 13.22

At 30th June, 2013, the group had the following loans to its affiliated companies (as defined by the Listing Rules):

	Note	Amount HK\$000's	Туре	Tenure
Island Land Development Ltd		361,850	Interest free, unsecured loan	No fixed terms of repayment
Hareton Ltd		205,407	Interest free, unsecured loan	No fixed terms of repayment
	15	567,257		

Combined balance sheet of the above affiliated companies at 30th June, 2013 is as follows:

	HK\$000's
Fixed assets	1,982,036
Property held for development	418,392
	2,400,428
Current assets	38,894
Current liabilities	(34,254)
	4,640
Non-current liabilities	(49,998)
	2,355,070

Attributable interest to the group at 30th June, 2013 in the above affiliated companies amounted to HK\$1,177,535,000 (2012: HK\$1,038,851,000).

SUMMARY OF FINANCIAL DATA

A summary of the group's financial data for the last five years is shown on page 59.

PROPERTIES

Particulars of the properties and property interests of the group are shown on page 60.

PUBLIC FLOAT

As at the date of this report, the company has maintained the prescribed public float under the Listing Rules, based on the information that is publicly available to the company and within the knowledge of the directors.

AUDITORS

KPMG retire and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-appointment. A resolution for the re-appointment of KPMG as auditors of the company is to be proposed at the forthcoming Ordinary Yearly Meeting.

By order of the board

NGAN Kit-ling Chairman

(A) CORPORATE GOVERNANCE CODE

During the year ended 30th June, 2013, all those principles as set out in the Corporate Governance Code in Appendix 14 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities (the "Listing Rules") of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Code") which became applicable to the Company in respect of the year under review were applied by the Company, and the relevant Code provisions in the Code were met by the Company, with the exception of the deviations as set out in this report.

The Company supports high standards of corporate governance. The Board of Directors will review and develop the corporate governance policy from time to time to ensure the Company continues to follow the up-to-date Listing Rules.

(B) BASIS ON WHICH THE GROUP GENERATES LONG TERM VALUE

The Group generates value through long term capital appreciation and income from rentals arising from the investment properties of the Company, its subsidiaries and from jointly controlled entities. In addition, profits are also generated from property development for sale. The Group continues to look for favourable investment opportunities with prudence so as to enhance shareholders value.

(C) DIRECTORS' SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") as set out in Appendix 10 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited. Having made specific enquiry of all the directors of the Company, the Company has been advised that all of its directors have complied with the required standard as set out in the Model Code applicable during the year ended 30th June, 2013.

(D) BOARD OF DIRECTORS

(i) Composition of the Board, number of Board meetings and Directors' attendance

The Company's Board has a balance of skills and experience and a balanced composition of executive and non-executive directors. Five board meetings were held during the financial year ended 30th June, 2013. The composition of the Board and attendance of the directors are set out below:

Directors

Attendance at Meetings

5 5 5

5

2

5 5

Executive directors	
NGAN Kit-ling (Chairman & Managing Director)	
Dr. NGAN Kit-keung (Assistant Managing Director)	
Dr. Henry NGAN	

Non-executive director Fritz HELMREICH

Independent non-executive directors Dr. LIU Lit-mo Anthony Grahame STOTT TSE Yiu-wah

Ngan Kit-ling, Dr. Ngan Kit-keung and Dr. Henry Ngan are siblings. Fritz Helmreich is the spouse of Ngan Kit-ling.

Each director of the Company has been appointed on the strength of his/her experience and potential to contribute to the Group and its businesses.

(D) BOARD OF DIRECTORS (Continued)

(ii) Operation of the Board

The Company is headed by an effective Board which takes decisions objectively in the interest of the Company. The Company's management has closely monitored changes to regulations that affect its corporate affairs and businesses, and changes to accounting standards, and adopted an appropriate reporting format in its interim report, annual report and other related documents to present a balanced, clear and comprehensible assessment of the Group's performance, position and prospects. The directors are either briefed during Board meetings or issued with regular updates and materials to keep them abreast of their responsibilities, where there are changes to the Company's or directors' disclosure obligations.

Newly appointed directors receive briefings and orientation on their legal and other responsibilities as a director and the role of the Board. The Company has also provided appropriate information in a timely manner to the directors to enable them to make informed decisions and to discharge their duties and responsibilities as directors of the Company.

During the year to 30th June, 2013, all directors participated in continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills. The Company's external auditors have facilitated directors' training by the provision of presentations, briefings and materials for the directors primarily relating to the roles, functions and duties of a listed company director.

Tse Yiu-wah, Anthony Grahame Stott, Fritz Helmreich, Dr. Henry Ngan and Dr. Ngan Kit-keung all received this training. Ngan Kit-ling also received such briefings and materials and in addition attended relevant external professional courses. Dr. Liu Lit-mo also received such briefings and materials.

There is a clear division of responsibilities between the Board and the management. While decisions on the Group's operations are delegated to the management, decisions on important matters including those affecting the Group's strategy and policies, major investment and major commitments are made by the Board.

(E) CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE

The Company has not separated the roles of the Chairman of the Board and the Chief Executive as required under code provision A2.1 of the Code. NGAN Kit-ling serves as the Chairman and the Chief Executive of the Company. The Company believes that separation of Chairman and the Chief Executive would not result in enhanced efficiency and improved governance. The balance of power and authority between Chief Executive and the Board is ensured by regular discussion and meetings of the full Board and active participation of independent non-executive directors.

(F) ROTATION OF DIRECTORS

Code A4.2 provides that all directors including those appointed for a specified term should retire by rotation at least every three years. All those existing directors of the Company who do not hold any executive office of the Company are subject to retirement from the Board at the Ordinary Yearly Meeting of the Company and may stand for re-election at the Ordinary Yearly Meeting. Certain executive directors of the Company do not rotate as there are specific provisions governing the rotation of directors in the Company's Articles of Association.

(G) NOMINATION OF DIRECTORS

The Company does not have a nomination committee as the role and the function of such a committee are performed by the Board. The Chairman and other directors from time to time review the composition of the Board. The Board makes recommendations to shareholders on directors standing for re-election, providing information on directors to enable shareholders to make an informed decision on the re-election, and where necessary, to appoint directors to fill casual vacancies. The Board recognises the advantages of diversity in its membership. The current board has a clear diversity of gender, experience, professional skills and knowledge, both in Hong Kong and internationally, in order to provide complementary skills and diverse viewpoints to enhance the Company's governance and strategy.

(H) AUDITORS' REMUNERATION

The fees in relation to the audit, taxation and other non-audit services during the period provided by KPMG, the external auditors of the Company, amounted to HK\$3.28 million, HK\$0.53 million and HK\$0.46 million respectively.

(I) AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Audit Committee is primarily responsible for review of the financial information of the Company and oversight of the Company's financial controls, internal control and risk management systems.

The Audit Committee met four times in the year ended 30th June, 2013. The composition and attendance of individual members of the Audit Committee at Audit Committee meetings in the year ended 30th June, 2013 are set out below:

Members Attendance at Meetings Anthony Grahame STOTT (Chairman) 4 Fritz HELMREICH 4 TSE Yiu-wah 4

During the year the Audit Committee has met with the external auditors four times without executive directors or management present.

The work performed by the Audit Committee during the financial year ended 30th June, 2013 included the review of the effectiveness of the group's internal control systems and the review of the interim report and annual report before submission to the Board.

The Audit Committee's terms of reference can be found on the Company's website and the Stock Exchange website.

(J) REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

The Remuneration Committee is chaired by Mr. Anthony Grahame Stott, an independent non-executive director and chairman of Audit Committee. Other members of the Committee are Mr. Fritz Helmreich, a non-executive director, and Mr. Tse Yiu-wah, an independent non-executive director. The Remuneration Committee annually reviewed the remuneration of the executive directors.

The Remuneration Committee is responsible for formulating and recommending remuneration policy to the Board. The Committee will perform in an advisory role to the Board with the Board retaining the final authority to approve the Company's executive directors', non-executive directors' and senior management's remuneration.

The Remuneration Committee's terms of reference can be found on the Company's website and the Stock Exchange website.

(K) DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors acknowledge their responsibility for preparing the Group's financial statements. A statement by the auditors of their reporting responsibilities for the year ended 30th June, 2013 is set out in the Independent Auditor's Report on page 19 of this Annual Report.

(L) DIRECTORS' INSURANCE

Historically, the Company has not effected insurance cover in respect of legal action, if any, against its directors. As at 30th June, 2013, this matter was being further considered.

(M) DIRECTORS' TIME COMMITMENT

The Board reviews directors' contributions and time commitment to the Company from time to time.

(N) ORDINARY YEARLY MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS

The 74th Ordinary Yearly Meeting of shareholders was held on 23rd November, 2012. The composition of the Board and attendance of the directors are set out below:

Directors	Ordinary Yearly Meeting Attendance
Executive directors NGAN Kit-ling (Chairman & Managing Director) Dr. NGAN Kit-keung (Assistant Managing Director) Dr. Henry NGAN	1 1 1
Non-executive director Fritz HELMREICH (member of Audit Committee & Remuneration Committee)	1
Independent non-executive directors Anthony Grahame STOTT (Chairman of Audit Committee & Chairman of Remuneration Committee) TSE Yiu-wah (member of Audit Committee & Remuneration Committee) Dr. LIU Lit-mo	1 1 1

(O) SHAREHOLDERS RIGHTS

(i) The Way In Which Shareholders Can Convene An Extraordinary General Meeting of Shareholders

The Board may, at any time it thinks proper and it shall, in compliance with Section 113 of the Companies Ordinance, on the requisition in writing of the holders of not less than one-twentieth of the issued capital of the Company upon which all calls or other sums then due have been paid, forthwith proceed to convene an extraordinary meeting of the Company, and in case of such requisition the following provisions shall have effect:-

- (a) The requisition must state the objects of the meeting, and must be signed by the requisitionists and deposited at the registered office and may consist of several documents in like form, each signed by one or more requisitionists. The meeting must be convened for the purposes specified in the requisition, and if convened otherwise than by the Board, for those purposes only.
- (b) In case the Board, for twenty-one days after such deposit, fails to convene an extraordinary meeting, the requisitionists, or a majority of them in value, may themselves convene the meeting for the purpose so specified but not for any other purpose; but any meeting so convened shall not be held after three months from the date of the deposit.

(ii) Procedure for Sending Enquiries to the Board

Enquiries by shareholders to be put to the Board can be sent in writing to the Company Secretary at the Company's registered address.

(iii) Procedures for Nominating a Person for Election as Director in General Meeting of Shareholders

No person not being a Director retiring at a meeting shall, unless recommended by the Board for election, be eligible for election for the office of Director at any general meeting unless no earlier than the day after the despatch of the notice of the meeting appointed for such election and not less than seven clear days before the day appointed for the meeting there has been left at the head office notice in writing by some member duly qualified to be present and vote at the meeting for which such notice is given of his intention to propose such person for election, and also notice in writing signed by the person to be proposed of his willingness to be elected, and subject to such person being eligible under article 118.

GROUP RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

The Board of Directors announces that the audited consolidated profit of the Group for the year amounted to HK\$443 million, compared with HK\$359 million for the previous year, which reflects the increase in the share of results of jointly controlled entities as a result of the larger revaluation gains on investment properties held by the jointly controlled entities, and net valuation gains on the Group's investment properties. The operating profit of the Group for the year ended 30th June, 2013 amounted to HK\$77 million, compared with HK\$68 million for the previous year, which reflects the increase in rentals from investment properties and in finance income.

The Directors will recommend to shareholders at the forthcoming Ordinary Yearly Meeting to be held on Friday, 1st November, 2013 the payment of a final dividend of HK\$0.10 per share. The Directors will also recommend to the shareholders the payment of a special dividend of HK\$1.30 per share. These two dividends, together with the first interim dividend of HK\$0.10 per share, a special dividend of HK\$0.50 per share, and a second interim dividend of HK\$0.30 per share payable on 31st October, 2013, will make a total dividend for the year of HK\$2.30 per share, compared with HK\$2.30 per share for the previous year.

HIGHLIGHTS OF PROPERTY DEVELOPMENT AND INVESTMENTS ARE SUMMARIZED BELOW:-

CHAI WAN INLAND LOT NO. 88, NO. 391 CHAI WAN ROAD, CHAI WAN

The property, which is wholly-owned by the Company, continues to be held for investment purposes and at present derives rental income. The property has a site area of approximately 102,420 sq. ft. and is rezoned and designated as a Comprehensive Development Area under the current Approved Chai Wan Outline Zoning Plan No. S/H20/21. The Company has conducted lengthy discussions with government to clarify certain outstanding planning issues in connection with its application to the Town Planning Board for redevelopment of the site. Although initially the Company did not succeed in obtaining the approval of the Metro Planning Committee of the Town Planning Board to its application, made under Section 16 of the Town Planning Ordinance, for permission to redevelop the site and certain adjoining space into a residential and commercial complex, the Town Planning Board has, on the application of the Company made under Section 17(1) of the Town Planning Ordinance for a review of the decision of the Metro Planning Committee, decided on 23rd August, 2013 to approve the Company's review application, subject to a number of planning conditions. Under the current scheme in the review application, the site will be developed into three residential towers with shops, a covered Public Transport Terminus and a Public Open Space with a domestic plot ratio of approximately 5.98 and a non-domestic plot ratio of approximately 0.017. The development would comprise of 780 flats with a maximum Building Height of 140mPD.

ABERDEEN INLAND LOT NOS. 338 & 339, WONG CHUK HANG ROAD, ABERDEEN

The Company has a 50% interest in the site through Heartwell Limited ("Heartwell"), a direct wholly owned subsidiary of the Company. The site is registered in the name of Hareton Limited ("Hareton"), a joint venture company whose issued share capital is held as to 50% by Heartwell and as to 50% by Swire Properties Limited ("Swire Properties"). The site has a site area of approximately 25,500 sq.ft. While the permitted use of the site under Government Lease is currently restricted to industrial and/or godown purposes, the site falls within the "Other Specified Uses (1) Business" zone of the Approved Aberdeen and Ap Lei Chau Outline Zoning Plan No. S/H15/27 dated 3rd May, 2011. In light of the forthcoming completion of the South Island Line in 2015, Hareton has been exploring the option of developing the site into an office building and has applied to the Government offered certain basic terms for the Lease Modification which Hareton did not consider as satisfactory. On 19th November, 2012, Hareton lodged an appeal against the Lease Modification Premium quoted by the Lands Department.

As at the date hereof, no re-assessed Lease Modification Premium has yet been offered by the Lands Department.

By a resolution of the shareholders of the Company passed at an extraordinary meeting of the Company held on 7th June, 2013, approval was given for the provision of financial assistance by the Company to Heartwell, for on-lending to Hareton, by way of an unsecured interest-free shareholder's loan from Heartwell to Hareton to enable Hareton to have sufficient funds to proceed with the Lease Modification at the re-assessed Lease Modification Premium and for the construction of an office building on the site. If a re-assessed Lease Modification Premium is acceptable to both Heartwell and Swire Properties, the shareholder's loan to be provided by Heartwell to Hareton shall be for the same amount and on the same terms as shareholder's loan to be provided by Swire Properties to Hareton, but in any event not exceeding the amount approved by shareholders and on the basis that it will be unsecured, interest-free and without any fixed term.

It is anticipated that a 28 storeyed Grade A office building (comprising three levels of basement carpark, an entrance floor on the ground floor, 25 office floors, one refuge floor and one mechanical floor) would be constructed on the site.

ISLAND PLACE, NORTH POINT, ISLAND LODGE, NORTH POINT AND 3 JORDAN ROAD, KOWLOON

The Group's residential, office and commercial properties in the above developments are almost fully let, with vacancy below 5%.

U.K. PROPERTIES

The Group's freehold commercial properties in central London remain fully let.

OUTLOOK

There is at present still a lot of uncertainty clouding the outlook for most global financial markets. Although it appears that the policy of Quantitative Easing will be phased out over time in the USA and in Europe, interest rates are likely to remain low in the short and medium term, which will continue to negatively impact the Group's finance income.

In Hong Kong, the introduction of the Buyer's Stamp Duties and of Special Stamp Duties is expected to result in an easing of capital values and rentals of both residential and of commercial properties. However, the Directors believe that the capital values and rentals would likely recover in the longer term. The Directors are therefore of the view that Hareton (a joint venture company owned by Heartwell Limited, a direct wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, and Swire Properties Limited) should proceed with the proposal to develop an office building in Wong Chuk Hang if both the amount of the re-assessed Lease Modification Premium for the Lease Modification offered by the Lands Department is acceptable by Heartwell and Swire Properties, and if the prospects of developing an office building on the site are considered to be commercially viable at the relevant time.

Moreover, the Group will still continue to look with caution for other favourable investment opportunities so as to further enhance shareholder value.

NGAN Kit-ling Chairman

Hong Kong, 23rd September, 2013

INFORMATION ON DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

NGAN Kit-ling, J.P., (80), Chairman and Managing Director, Executive Director of CMB since 1968. Solicitor and Notary Public. Also Director of Island Communication Enterprises Limited, Communication Holdings Limited, Heartwell Limited, Island Communication Investments Limited, Grand Island Place Investments Limited, Nottingham Developments Limited, Oxney Investments Limited, Communication Properties Limited, Eaglefield Properties Limited and Forever Vitality Limited. A substantial shareholder of CMB as defined in the Securities and Futures Ordinance. Spouse of Mr Fritz HELMREICH. Sister of Dr. NGAN Kit-keung and Dr. Henry NGAN.

DR. NGAN Kit-keung, D.Sc, Ph.D., D.B.A., F.I.Mgt., F.C.I.D., F.I.T.L., F.A.A.S., P.Eng., (78), Assistant Managing Director. Director of CMB since 1961 and appointed as Assistant Managing Director since 1967. A substantial shareholder of CMB as defined in the Securities and Futures Ordinance. Also Director of Island Communication Enterprises Limited, Communication Holdings Limited, Heartwell Limited, Oxney Investments Limited, Island Communication Investments Limited, Grand Island Place Investments Limited, Nottingham Developments Limited, Communication Properties Limited, Prosperous Orient Limited, Eaglefield Properties Limited and Forever Vitality Limited. He is also a Non-Executive Director of Transport Business Services Itd. in United Kingdom. Dr. Ngan was elected a Fellow of the Duke of Edinburgh's Award World Fellowship in 2002. He was awarded "Cavaliere di Gran Crose" by the Republic of San Marino in December 2009. Brother of NGAN Kit-ling and Dr. Henry NGAN. Brother-in-law of Fritz HELMREICH.

DR. Henry NGAN, (75), Director of CMB since 1976. Medical Practitioner. Executive Director since 1998. Also Director of Island Communication Enterprises Limited, Communication Holdings Limited, Heartwell Limited, Island Communication Investments Limited, Grand Island Place Investments Limited, Nottingham Developments Limited, Oxney Investments Limited, Communication Properties Limited, Prosperous Orient Limited, Eaglefield Properties Limited and Forever Vitality Limited. A substantial shareholder of CMB as defined in the Securities and Futures Ordinance. Brother of NGAN Kit-ling and Dr. NGAN Kit-keung. Brother-in-law of Fritz HELMREICH.

* DR. LIU Lit Mo, L.L.D., M.B.E., J.P., (75), Director of CMB since 1981. Chairman and Managing Director of Liu Chong Hing Investment Ltd., Chairman and Executive Director of Chong Hing Bank Ltd. Also Member of Advisory Board of Tung Wah Group of Hospitals, Board of Trustees of the Chinese University of Hong Kong, United College and Director of Liu Po Shan Memorial College. He was also the Past District Governor of Rotary International District 3450 (Hong Kong, Macau and Mongolia), Past Chairman of Tung Wah Group of Hospitals, Past Chairman of Hong Kong Chiu Chow Chamber of Commerce and Past Member of Board of Trustees of the Lord Wilson Heritage Trust. Awarded Silver Jubilee Medal by Her Majesty the Queen in 1977. He was conferred an Honorary Degree of Doctor of Laws by Lingnan University in 2005.

Fritz HELMREICH, Dipl. Ing. (Austria), MSc., (83), Director of CMB since 1993. Former Austrian Trade Commissioner to Hong Kong. Has held a number of diplomatic posts including Commercial Counsellor (Head of Commercial Section), Austrian Embassy, Beijing, PRC and Chargé d' Affaires, Austrian Embassy, Republic of Singapore. Also Director of Island Communication Enterprises Limited, Oxney Investments Limited, Island Communication Investments Limited, Grand Island Place Investments Limited, Nottingham Developments Limited, Communication Properties Limited, Prosperous Orient Limited, Eaglefield Properties Limited, Forever Vitality Limited and Heartwell Limited. Spouse of NGAN Kit-ling. Brother-in-law of Dr. NGAN Kit-keung and Dr. Henry NGAN.

* Anthony Grahame STOTT, B.Sc., F.F.A., (59), Director of CMB since 2002. Director of Jelf Group plc since 1st December 2010, a UK company listed on the AIM Market of the London Stock Exchange. He is an actuary who between 1982 and 2002 was with Watson Wyatt & Co., a leading global actuarial and management consultancy, from 1992 to 1996 as Managing Director Hong Kong and from 1995 to 2002 as Regional Director Asia Pacific. He was president of the Actuarial Association in Hong Kong in 1984 as well as having been a member of a number of Hong Kong Government advisory committees.

* TSE Yiu Wah, (66), Director of CMB since 2004. He is also director of Auzakia Company Limited and Sing Shun Properties Limited. Mr. Tse had over 30 years of experience in the property investment field in Hong Kong.

(* Independent Non-Executive Director)

Senior Management

Victor WONG, ACIS, ACSA, (68), Personnel & Administration Manager. Was Company Secretary of CMB from 1982 to 1989 and rejoined CMB in 1993. Has 43 years experience in administration, personnel management and company secretary fields with 35 years in Senior Management post.

Y.T. YUEN, BBA(Hons), FCCA, CPA, (51), Chief Accountant. Joined CMB in 1999. Has 28 years experience in accounting field.

KWOK Pun Tak, FCIS, FCS, (60), Company Secretary. Joined CMB in 2002. Has 32 years company secretarial experience.

Independent Auditor's Report



TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF CHINA MOTOR BUS COMPANY, LIMITED

(incorporated in Hong Kong with limited liability)

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of China Motor Bus Company, Limited ("the company") and its subsidiaries (together "the group") set out on pages 20 to 58, which comprise the consolidated and company balance sheets as at 30th June, 2013, the consolidated income statement, the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated cash flow statement for the year then ended and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Directors' responsibility for the consolidated financial statements

The directors of the company are responsible for the preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit. This report is made solely to you, as a body, in accordance with section 141 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the group as at 30th June, 2013 and of the group's profit and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

KPMG

Certified Public Accountants 8th Floor, Prince's Building 10 Chater Road Central, Hong Kong

Hong Kong, 23rd September, 2013

Consolidated Income Statement for the Year Ended 30th June, 2013

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

	NOTE	2013	2012
		\$000′s	\$000′s
TURNOVER COST OF SALES	3	90,068 (988)	83,757
GROSS PROFIT		89,080	83,757
FINANCE INCOME	4	13,898	4,886
OTHER INCOME STAFF COSTS	5	1,403	1,408
DEPRECIATION	6(a)	(8,861) (163)	(8,482) (162)
OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES		(18,233)	(13,809)
OPERATING PROFIT	3, 6	77,124	67,598
SHARE OF RESULTS OF JOINTLY CONTROLLED ENTITIES		184,048	67,325
NET VALUATION GAINS ON INVESTMENT PROPERTIES		195,675	247,318
PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION		456,847	382,241
INCOME TAX	8(a)	(13,372)	(23,359)
PROFIT AFTER TAXATION ATTRIBUTABLE TO SHAREHOLDERS	10	443,475	358,882
EARNINGS PER SHARE	11		
BASIC AND DILUTED		\$ 9.73	\$ 7.87

The notes on pages 27 to 58 form part of these financial statements. Details of dividends payable to equity shareholders of the company attributable to the profit for the year are set out in note 9(a).

Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income for the Year Ended 30th June, 2013

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

	2013	2012
	\$000's	\$000′s
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR	443,475	358,882
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR EXCHANGE DIFFERENCES ARISING ON CONSOLIDATION	(24,913)	(27,849)
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ATTRIBUTABLE TO SHAREHOLDERS	418,562	331,033

Consolidated Balance Sheet at 30th June, 2013

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

	NOTE	2013 \$000's	2012 \$000's
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
FIXED ASSETS INTEREST IN JOINTLY CONTROLLED ENTITIES OTHER INVESTMENTS DEFINED BENEFIT ASSET	13 15 16 17	2,675,279 1,500,255 15,085 299 4,190,918	2,497,688 1,356,207 11,911 403 3,866,209
CURRENT ASSETS			
COMPLETED PROPERTY HELD FOR SALE DEBTORS, DEPOSITS AND PREPAYMENTS DEPOSITS WITH BANKS CASH AT BANKS AND IN HAND	18 19	75,272 2,481,036 23,750 2,580,058	688 74,827 2,496,955 26,400 2,598,870
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
CREDITORS AND ACCRUALS TAXATION INTERIM DIVIDENDS PAYABLE	20 22(a)	71,337 9,313 13,678	71,251 19,117
		94,328	90,368
NET CURRENT ASSETS		2,485,730	2,508,502
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		6,676,648	6,374,711
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
DEFERRED TAXATION	22(b)	34,028	32,108
		6,642,620	6,342,603
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Representing: SHARE CAPITAL RESERVES	24	91,189 6,110,234	91,189 <u>5,810,217</u>
DEFERRED PROFITS	23	6,201,423 441,197	5,901,406 441,197
		6,642,620	6,342,603

Approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 23rd September, 2013.

NGAN Kit-ling	Director
Dr. NGAN Kit-keung	Director

Balance Sheet at 30th June, 2013

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

	NOTE	2013 \$000's	2012 \$000's
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
FIXED ASSETS INTEREST IN SUBSIDIARIES DEFINED BENEFIT ASSET	13 14 17	494,779 1,018,356 299	494,904 1,018,356 403
		1,513,434	1,513,663
CURRENT ASSETS			
DEBTORS, DEPOSITS AND PREPAYMENTS AMOUNTS DUE FROM SUBSIDIARIES DEPOSITS WITH BANKS CASH AT BANKS AND IN HAND	19 21	797 113 234,051 6,280	899 74 336,660 5,421
		241,241	343,054
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
CREDITORS AND ACCRUALS AMOUNTS DUE TO SUBSIDIARIES INTERIM DIVIDENDS PAYABLE	20 21	9,054 191,551 13,678	9,080 176,632
		214,283	185,712
NET CURRENT ASSETS		26,958	157,342
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		1,540,392	1,671,005
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
DEFERRED TAXATION	22(b)	2,996	2,879
		1,537,396	1,668,126
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
	0.4	01 100	01 100
SHARE CAPITAL RESERVES	24 25	91,189 1,216,075	91,189 1,346,805
DEFERRED PROFITS	23	1,307,264 	1,437,994 230,132
		1,537,396	1,668,126

Approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 23rd September, 2013.

NGAN Kit-ling	

)) Director)

Dr. NGAN Kit-keung

) Director

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity for the Year Ended 30th June, 2013

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

	Share _capital \$000's	Capital redemption reserve \$000's	Other properties revaluation reserve \$000's	General reserve \$000's	Retained profits \$000's	Total \$000's
At 1st July, 2011	91,189	1,348	5,697	340,000	5,237,006	5,675,240
Dividends declared/ approved in respect of the previous year (note 9(b)) Realisation of other properties revaluation	-	-	-	-	(77,510)	(77,510)
reserve Transfer to general	-	-	(27)	-	27	-
reserve Dividends declared in respect of the current	-	-	-	10,000	(10,000)	-
year (note 9(a))					(27,357)	(27,357)
			(27)	10,000	(114,840)	(104,867)
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	358,882	358,882
Other comprehensive income for the year - Exchange differences arising on consolidation					(27,849)	(27,849)
Total comprehensive						
income for the year		<u> </u>			331,033	331,033
At 30th June, 2012	91,189	1,348	5,670	350,000	5,453,199	5,901,406
At 1st July, 2012	91,189	1,348	5,670	350,000	5,453,199	5,901,406
Dividends declared/ approved in respect of the previous year (note 9(b)) Realisation of other	_	_	_	_	(77,510)	(77,510)
properties revaluation reserve	_	_	(27)	_	27	_
Transfer to general				10,000	(10,000)	
reserve Dividends declared in respect of the current	_	-	-	10,000	(10,000)	-
year (note 9(a))					(41,035)	(41,035)
			(27)	10,000	(128,518)	(118,545)
Profit for the year Other comprehensive income for the year	_	-	-	-	443,475	443,475
 Exchange différences arising on consolidation 	_	_	_	_	(24,913)	(24,913)
Total comprehensive income for the year					418,562	418,562
At 30th June, 2013	91,189	1,348	5,643	360,000	5,743,243	6,201,423

Consolidated Cash Flow Statement for the Year Ended 30th June, 2013

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

	2013	2012
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$000′s	\$000′s
Operating profit Adjustments for:	77,124	67,598
– Depreciation – Dividend income from other investments – Interest income	163 (539) (14,717)	162 (450) (15,383)
– Net unrealised (gains)/losses on other investments – Gain on disposal of fixed assets – Foreign exchange losses	(3,174) (6) 3,258	2,149
OPERATING PROFIT BEFORE CHANGES IN WORKING CAPITAL	62,109	62,078
Decrease in defined benefit asset (Increase)/decrease in debtors, deposits and prepayments Decrease/(increase) in completed property held for sale Increase/(decrease) in creditors and accruals	104 (2,813) 688 86	82 26,349 (6,804) (48,749)
CASH GENERATED FROM OPERATIONS	60,174	32,956
Tax paid – Hong Kong Profits Tax paid – Overseas tax paid	(13,331) (7,925)	(16,765) (8,586)
NET CASH GENERATED FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	38,918	7,605
INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Purchase of fixed assets Purchase of other investments Presends from diagonal of fixed greats	(29) _ 6	(75) (2,145)
Proceeds from disposal of fixed assets Decrease/(increase) in deposits with banks with maturity more than three months Dividends from a jointly controlled entity Dividends from other investments	501,070 12,000 539	
Interest received Repayment of loans by jointly controlled entities	17,085 28,000	13,229 24,000
NET CASH GENERATED FROM/(USED IN) INVESTING ACTIVITIES	558,671	(584,728)

Consolidated Cash Flow Statement for the Year Ended 30th June, 2013 (Continued)

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

FINANCING ACTIVITY	2013 \$000's	2012 \$000's
Dividends paid	(104,867)	(104,867)
NET CASH USED IN FINANCING ACTIVITY	(104,867)	(104,867)
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	492,722	(681,990)
EFFECT OF FOREIGN EXCHANGE RATES	(10,221)	(14,645)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS BROUGHT FORWARD	680,248	1,376,883
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT 30TH JUNE	1,162,749	680,248
ANALYSIS OF THE BALANCES OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		
Deposits with banks Less: Deposits with banks with maturity more than three months Cash at banks and in hand	2,481,036 (1,342,037) 	2,496,955 (1,843,107) <u>26,400</u> 680,248

Notes on The Financial Statements

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(a) Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with all applicable Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs"), which collective term includes all applicable individual Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards, Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKASs") and Interpretations issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA"), accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong and the requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. These financial statements also comply with the applicable disclosure provisions of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited. A summary of the significant accounting policies adopted by the group is set out below.

The HKICPA has issued certain new and revised HKFRSs that are first effective or available for early adoption for the current accounting period of the group and the company. Note 2 provides information on any changes in accounting policies resulting from initial application of these developments to the extent that they are relevant to the group for the current and prior accounting periods reflected in these financial statements.

(b) Basis of preparation of financial statements

The consolidated financial statements for the year ended 30th June, 2013 comprise the company and its subsidiaries (together referred to as "the group") and the group's interest in jointly controlled entities.

The measurement basis used in the preparation of the financial statements is historical cost modified by the revaluation of investment properties and other properties, and the marking to market of certain investments in securities as explained in the accounting policies set out below.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with HKFRSs requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis of making the judgements about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Judgements and estimates made by management in the application of HKFRSs that have significant effect on the financial statements are discussed in note 29.

(c) Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are entities controlled by the group. Control exists when the group has the power to govern the financial and operating policies of an entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities. In assessing control, potential voting rights that presently are exercisable are taken into account.

An investment in a subsidiary is consolidated into the consolidated financial statements from the date that control commences until the date that control ceases. Intra-group balances and transactions, and any unrealised profits arising from intra-group transactions, are eliminated in full in preparing the consolidated financial statements. Unrealised losses resulting from intra-group transactions are eliminated in the same way as unrealised gains but only to the extent that there is no evidence of impairment.

In the company's balance sheet, an investment in a subsidiary is stated at cost less any impairment losses (see note 1(i)), unless it is classified as held for sale (or included in a disposal group that is classified as held for sale).

(d) Jointly controlled entities

A jointly controlled entity is an entity which operates under a contractual arrangement between the group or company and other parties, where the contractual arrangement establishes that the group or company and one or more of the other parties share joint control over the economic activity of the entity.

An investment in a jointly controlled entity is accounted for in the consolidated financial statements under the equity method, unless it is classified as held for sale (or included in a disposal group that is classified as held for sale). Under the equity method, the investment is initially recorded at cost, adjusted for any excess of the group's share of acquisition-date fair values of the investee's identifiable net assets over the cost of the investment (if any). Thereafter, the investment is adjusted for the post-acquisition change in the group's share of the investee's net assets and any impairment loss relating to the investment (see note 1(i)). Any acquisition-date excess over cost, the group's share of the post-acquisition, post-tax results of the investees and any impairment losses for the year are recognised in the consolidated income statement, whereas the group's share of the post-acquisition post-tax items of the investees' other comprehensive income is recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

Unrealised profits and losses resulting from transactions between the group and its jointly controlled entities are eliminated to the extent of the group's interest in the jointly controlled entities, except where unrealised losses provide evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred, in which case they are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

(e) Investments in securities

The group's policies for investments in securities other than investments in subsidiaries and jointly controlled entities are as follows:

- (i) Investments in securities are initially stated at fair value. At each balance sheet date the fair value is remeasured, with any resultant unrealised gain or loss recognised in profit or loss.
- (ii) Investments are recognised/derecognised on the date the group commits to purchase/sell the investments or they expire.
- (iii) Profits or losses on disposal of investments in securities are determined as the difference between the estimated net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the investments and are accounted for in profit or loss as they arise.

(f) Fixed assets

(i) Investment properties

Investment properties are land and/or buildings which are owned or held under a leasehold interest (see note 1(h)) to earn rental income and/or for capital appreciation. These include land held for a currently undetermined future use and property that is being constructed or developed for future use as investment property.

Investment properties are stated at fair value, unless they are still in the course of construction or development at the balance sheet date and their fair value cannot be reliably determined at that time. Any gain or loss arising from a change in fair value or from the retirement or disposal of an investment property is recognised in profit or loss. Rental income from investment properties is accounted for as described in note 1(q)(i).

When the group holds a property interest under an operating lease to earn rental income and/or for capital appreciation, the interest is classified and accounted for as an investment property on a property-by-property basis. Any such property interest which has been classified as an investment property is accounted for as if it were held under a finance lease (see note 1 (h)), and the same accounting policies are applied to that interest as are applied to other investment properties leased under finance leases. Lease payments are accounted for as described in note 1 (h). (ii) Other properties and fixed assets

Other properties are stated at their revalued amount, being their fair value at the date of the revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation (see note 1(g)) and impairment losses (see note 1(i)).

All other fixed assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation (see note 1(g)) and impairment losses (see note 1(i)).

- (iii) Subsequent expenditure relating to a fixed asset that has already been recognised is added to the carrying amount of the asset when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the enterprise. All other subsequent expenditure is recognised as an expense in the period in which it is incurred.
- (iv) Gains or losses arising from the retirement or disposal of a fixed asset are determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognised in profit or loss on the date of retirement or disposal.

(g) Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated to write off the cost or valuation of the company's and the group's fixed assets over their estimated useful lives as follows:

Other properties		over the period of the lease
Motor buses	-	on a straight line basis, over 12 years for new buses
		and 7 years for converted or second hand buses,
		to a residual value of \$10,000 and \$7,000 respectively
Plant, fixtures and equipment	-	on a straight line basis to write off the assets over 10 or 5 years

(h) Leased assets

An arrangement, comprising a transaction or a series of transactions, is or contains a lease if the group determines that the arrangement conveys a right to use a specific asset or assets for an agreed period of time in return for a payment or a series of payments. Such a determination is made based on an evaluation of the substance of the arrangement and is regardless of whether the arrangement takes the legal form of a lease.

(h) Leased assets (continued)

i) Classification of assets leased to the group

Assets that are held by group under leases which transfer to the group substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as being held under finance leases. Leases which do not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the group are classified as operating leases, with the following exceptions:

- property held under operating leases that would otherwise meet the definition of investment property is classified as investment property on a property-by-property basis and, if classified as investment property, is accounted for as if held under a finance lease (see note 1 (f)(i)); and
- land held for own use under an operating lease, the fair value of which cannot be measured separately from the fair value of a building situated thereon at the inception of the lease, is accounted for as being held under a finance lease, unless the building is also clearly held under an operating lease. For these purposes, the inception of the lease is the time that the lease was first entered into by the group, or taken over from the previous lessee.
- (ii) Assets acquired under finance leases

Where the group acquires the use of assets under finance leases, the amounts representing the fair value of the leased asset, or, if lower, the present value of the minimum lease payments, of such assets are included in fixed assets and the corresponding liabilities, net of finance charges, are recorded as obligations under finance leases. Depreciation is provided at rates which write off the cost or valuation of the assets over the term of the relevant lease or, where it is likely the group will obtain ownership of the asset, the life of the asset, as set out in note 1(g). Impairment losses are accounted for in accordance with the accounting policy as set out in note 1(i). Finance charges implicit in the lease payments are charged to profit or loss over the period of the leases so as to produce an approximately constant periodic rate of charge on the remaining balance of the obligations for each accounting period. Contingent rentals are charged to profit or loss in the accounting period in which they are incurred.

(iii) Operating lease charges

Where the group has the use of assets held under operating leases, payments made under the leases are charged to profit or loss in equal instalments over the accounting periods covered by the lease term, except where an alternative basis is more representative of the pattern of benefits to be derived from the leased asset. Lease incentives received are recognised in profit or loss as an integral part of the aggregate net lease payments made. Contingent rentals are charged to profit or loss in the accounting period in which they are incurred.

The cost of acquiring land held under an operating lease is amortised on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease term except where the property is classified as an investment property (see note 1(f)) or is held for development for sale.

- (i) Impairment of assets
 - (i) Impairment of investments in equity securities and other receivables

Investments in equity securities and other current and non-current receivables that are stated at cost or amortised cost are reviewed at each balance sheet date to determine whether there is objective evidence of impairment. Objective evidence of impairment includes observable data that comes to the attention of the group about one or more of the following loss events:

- significant financial difficulty of the debtor;
- a breach of contract, such as a default or delinquency in interest or principal payments;
- it becoming probable that the debtor will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation;
- significant changes in the technological, market, economic or legal environment that have an adverse effect on the debtor; and
- a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of an investment in an equity instrument below its cost.
- If any such evidence exists, any impairment loss is determined and recognised as follows:
- For investments in subsidiaries and jointly controlled entities (including those recognised using the equity method (see note 1(d))), the impairment loss is measured by comparing the recoverable amount of the investment with its carrying amount in accordance with note 1(i)(ii). The impairment loss is reversed if there has been a favourable change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount in accordance with note 1(i)(ii).
- For trade and other current receivables and other financial assets carried at amortised cost, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate (i.e. the effective interest rate computed at initial recognition of these assets), where the effect of discounting is material. This assessment is made collectively where these financial assets share similar risk characteristics, such as similar past due status, and have not been individually assessed as impaired. Future cash flows for financial assets which are assessed for impairment collectively are based on historical loss experience for assets with credit risk characteristics similar to the collective group.

If in a subsequent period the amount of an impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be linked objectively to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognised, the impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss. A reversal of an impairment loss shall not result in the asset's carrying amount exceeding that which would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised in prior years.

(i) Impairment of assets (continued)

i) Impairment of investments in equity securities and other receivables (continued)

Impairment losses are written off against the corresponding assets directly, except for impairment losses recognised in respect of trade debtors whose recovery is considered doubtful but not remote. In this case, the impairment losses for doubtful debts are recorded using an allowance account. When the group is satisfied that recovery is remote, the amount considered irrecoverable is written off against trade debtors directly and any amounts held in the allowance account relating to that debt are reversed. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously charged to the allowance account are reversed against the allowance account. Other changes in the allowance account and subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off directly are recognised in profit or loss.

(ii) Impairment of other assets
 Internal and external sources of information are reviewed at each balance sheet date to identify indications that

fixed assets (other than properties carried at revalued amounts) may be impaired or an impairment loss previously recognised no longer exists or may have decreased.

- If any such indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated.
- Calculation of recoverable amount

The recoverable amount of an asset is the greater of its fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. Where an asset does not generate cash inflows largely independent of those from other assets, the recoverable amount is determined for the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows independently (i.e. a cash-generating unit).

- Recognition of impairment losses

An impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss if the carrying amount of an asset, or the cash-generating unit to which it belongs, exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment losses recognised in respect of cash-generating units are allocated to reduce the carrying amount of the assets in the unit (or group of units) on a pro rata basis, except that the carrying value of an asset will not be reduced below its individual fair value less costs to sell, or value in use, if determinable.

- Reversals of impairment losses

An impairment loss is reversed if there has been a favourable change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount.

A reversal of an impairment loss is limited to the asset's carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised in prior years. Reversals of impairment losses are credited to profit or loss in the year in which the reversals are recognised.

(iii) Interim financial reporting and impairment

Under the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited, the group is required to prepare an interim financial report in compliance with HKAS 34, *Interim financial reporting*, in respect of the first six months of the financial year. At the end of the interim period, the group applies the same impairment testing, recognition, and reversal criteria as it would at the end of the financial year (see notes 1(i)(i) and (ii)).

(j) Inventories

Inventories in respect of property development activities are carried at the lower of cost and net realisable value. In the case of completed property developed by the group, cost is determined by apportionment of the total development costs for that development project, attributable to the unsold properties. Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price less costs to be incurred in selling the property.

The cost of completed property held for sale comprises all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition.

(k) Trade and other receivables

Trade and other receivables are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less allowance for impairment of doubtful debts (see note 1(i)), except where the receivables are interest-free loans made to related parties without any fixed repayment terms or the effect of discounting would be immaterial. In such cases, the receivables are stated at cost less allowance for impairment of doubtful debts (see note 1(i)).

(I) Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently stated at amortised cost unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost.

(m) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and on hand, demand deposits with banks and other financial institutions, and short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, having been within three months of maturity at acquisition.

(n) Employee benefits

(i) Short term employee benefits and contributions to defined contribution retirement plans

Salaries, annual bonuses, paid annual leave, leave passage, contributions to defined contribution retirement plans and the cost to the group of non-monetary benefits are accrued in the year in which the associated services are rendered by employees of the group. Where payment or settlement is deferred and the effect would be material, these amounts are stated at their present values.

(ii) Defined benefit retirement scheme obligations

The group's net obligations in respect of the defined benefit retirement scheme is calculated by estimating the amount of future benefit that employees have earned in return for their service in the current and prior periods; that benefit is discounted to determine the present value and the fair value of the scheme's assets is deducted. The discount rate is the yield at the balance sheet date on Hong Kong government bonds that have maturity dates approximating to the terms of the group's obligations. The calculation is performed by a qualified actuary using the projected unit credit method.

When the benefits of a scheme are improved, the portion of the increased benefit relating to past service by employees is recognised as an expense in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the average period until the benefits become vested. If the benefits vest immediately, the expense is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

In calculating the group's obligation in respect of a scheme, if any cumulative unrecognised actuarial gain or loss exceeds ten percent of the greater of the present value of the defined benefit obligation and the fair value of scheme assets, that portion is recognised in profit or loss over the expected average remaining working lives of the employees participating in the scheme. Otherwise, the actuarial gain or loss is not recognised.

Where the calculation of the group's net obligation results in a negative amount, the asset recognised is limited to the total of any cumulative unrecognised net actuarial losses and past service costs and the present value of any future refunds from the scheme or reductions in future contributions to the scheme.

(o) Income tax

Income tax for the year comprises current tax and movements in deferred tax assets and liabilities. Current tax and movements in deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognised in profit or loss except to the extent that they relate to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case the relevant amounts of tax are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

Current tax is the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years.

(o) Income tax (continued)

Deferred tax assets and liabilities arise from deductible and taxable temporary differences respectively, being the differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and their tax bases. Deferred tax assets also arise from unused tax losses and unused tax credits.

Apart from certain limited exceptions, all deferred tax liabilities, and all deferred tax assets to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the asset can be utilised, are recognised. Future taxable profits that may support the recognition of deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences include those that will arise from the reversal of existing taxable temporary differences, provided those differences relate to the same taxation authority and the same taxable entity, and are expected to reverse either in the same period as the expected reversal of the deductible temporary difference or in periods into which a tax loss arising from the deferred tax asset can be carried back or forward. The same criteria are adopted when determining whether existing taxable temporary differences support the recognition of deferred tax assets arising from unused tax losses and credits, that is, those differences are taken into account if they relate to the same taxation authority and the same taxable entity, and are expected to reverse in a period, or periods, in which the tax loss or credit can be utilised.

The limited exceptions to recognition of deferred tax assets and liabilities are those temporary differences arising from the initial recognition of assets or liabilities that affect neither accounting nor taxable profit (provided they are not part of a business combination), and temporary differences relating to investments in subsidiaries to the extent that, in the case of taxable differences, the group controls the timing of the reversal and it is probable that the differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future, or in the case of deductible differences, unless it is probable that they will reverse in the future.

Where investment properties are carried at their fair value in accordance with the accounting policy set out in note 1(f)(i), the amount of deferred tax recognised is measured using the tax rates that would apply on sale of those assets at their carrying value at the balance sheet date unless the property is depreciable and is held within a business model whose objective is to consume substantially all of the economic benefits embodied in the property over time, rather than through sale. In all other cases, the amount of deferred tax recognised is measured based on the expected manner of realisation or settlement of the carrying amount of the assets and liabilities, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

The carrying amount of a deferred tax asset is reviewed at each balance sheet date and is reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow the related tax benefit to be utilised. Any such reduction is reversed to the extent that it becomes probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available.

Current tax balances and deferred tax balances, and movements therein, are presented separately from each other and are not offset. Current tax assets are offset against current tax liabilities, and deferred tax assets against deferred tax liabilities if, and only if, the company or the group has the legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the following additional conditions are met:

- in the case of current tax assets and liabilities, the company or the group intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously; or
- in the case of deferred tax assets and liabilities, if they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either:
 - the same taxable entity; or
 - different taxable entities, which, in each future period in which significant amounts of deferred tax liabilities or assets are expected to be settled or recovered, intend to realise the current tax assets and settle the current tax liabilities on a net basis or realise and settle simultaneously.
- (p) Provisions and contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognised for liabilities of uncertain timing or amount when the group or the company has a legal or constructive obligation arising as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made. Where the time value of money is material, provisions are stated at the present value of the expenditure expected to settle the obligation.

Where it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is disclosed as a contingent liability, unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote. Possible obligations, whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more future events are also disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote.

(q) Revenue recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Provided it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the group and the revenue and costs, if applicable, can be measured reliably, revenue is recognised in profit or loss as follows:

- (i) Rental income from operating leases Rental income receivable under operating leases is recognised in profit or loss in equal instalments over the periods covered by the lease term, except where an alternative basis is more representative of the pattern of benefits to be derived from the use of the leased asset.
- (ii) Income from sale of properties Revenue arising from the sale of properties held for sale is recognised when the risks and rewards of ownership of the property have passed to the buyers. Deposits and instalments received on properties sold prior to the date of revenue recognition are included in the balance sheet under creditors and accruals.
 (iii) Dividends
- Dividend income from listed investments is recognised when the share price of the investment goes ex-dividend. (iv) Interest income

Interest income is recognised as it accrues using the effective interest method.

(r) Translation of foreign currencies

Foreign currency transactions during the year are translated at the foreign exchange rates ruling at the transaction dates. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the foreign exchange rates ruling at the balance sheet date. Exchange gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss. Exchange differences arising on consolidation are recognised in other comprehensive income.

Non-monetary assets and liabilities that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the foreign exchange rates ruling at the transaction dates. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are stated at fair value are translated using the foreign exchange rates ruling at the dates the fair value was determined.

- (s) Related parties
 - (a) A person, or a close member of that person's family, is related to the group if that person:
 - (i) has control or joint control over the group;
 - (ii) has significant influence over the group; or
 - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the group or the group's parent.
 - (b) An entity is related to the group if any of the following conditions applies:
 - (i) The entity and the group are members of the same group (which means that each parent, subsidiary and fellow subsidiary is related to the others).
 - (ii) One entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member).
 - (iii) Both entities are joint ventures of the same third party.
 - (iv) One entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity.
 - (v) The entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the group or an entity related to the group.
 - (vi) The entity is controlled or jointly-controlled by a person identified in (a).
 - (vii) A person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity).

Close members of the family of a person are those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by, that person in their dealings with the entity.

(t) Segment reporting

Operating segments, and the amounts of each segment item reported in the financial statements, are identified from the financial information provided regularly to the group's most senior executive management for the purposes of allocating resources to, and assessing the performance of, the group's various lines of business and geographical locations.

Individually material operating segments are not aggregated for financial reporting purposes unless the segments have similar economic characteristics and are similar in respect of the nature of products and services, the nature of production processes, the type or class of customers, the methods used to distribute the products or provide the services, and the nature of the regulatory environment. Operating segments which are not individually material may be aggregated if they share a majority of these criteria.

2. CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The HKICPA has issued several amendments to HKFRSs that are first effective for the current accounting period of the group and the company. Of these, the group had adopted the amendments to HKAS 12, *Income taxes – Deferred tax: Recovery of underlying assets*, early to the financial statements for the year ended 30th June, 2011. In addition, the amendments to HKAS 1, *Presentation of financial statements – Presentation of items of other comprehensive income*, are relevant to the group's financial statements.

The group has not applied any new standard or interpretation that is not yet effective for the current accounting period (see note 30).

The amendments to HKAS 1 require entities to group together the items of other comprehensive income that may be reclassified to profit or loss in the future by presenting them separately from those that would never be reclassified to profit or loss. These developments have had no material impact on the contents of these financial statements.

3. TURNOVER

The principal activities of the company and the group are property development and investment. The principal activities of the subsidiaries are set out in note 14 on the financial statements.

Turnover represents rental income and income from sale of properties. The amount of each significant category of revenue recognised in turnover during the year is as follows:

	2013	2012
	\$000's	\$000's
Income from sale of properties Rentals from investment properties	2,460 87,608	83,757
	90,068	83,757

The analysis of geographical location of the operations of the company and its subsidiaries during the year is as follows:

	Group	Group turnover		Operating profit	
	2013	2012 \$000's	2013 \$000's	2012 \$000's	
	\$000′s				
Geographical locations of operations					
Hong Kong United Kingdom	42,624 47,444	35,636 48,121	30,038 47,086	19,869 47,729	
	90,068	83,757	77,124	67,598	

The turnover of the jointly controlled entities attributable to the group for the year amounted to \$68,626,000 (2012: \$63,735,000).

Notes on The Financial Statements (Continued)

4. FINANCE INCOME

5.

6.

Interest income 2013 \$000's 2012 \$000'sDividend income from other investments $14,717$ \$15,883 $15,383$ \$379 450 \$452)Net unrealised gains/(losses) on other investments $(4,822)$ $(4,822)$ $(4,822)$ $(6,878)$ $(4,822)$ $(4,822)$ $(6,878)$ $(4,822)$ $(4,822)$ OTHER INCOME 2013 $(2,149)$ 2012 $(3,898)$ $4,886$ OTHER INCOME 2013 $(2,022)$ 2012 $(3,000's)$ Management fee Unclaimed dividends forfeited Gein on disposal of fixed assets 6 $-$ $-$ $5undry income497(400)OPERATING PROFITOperating profit is arrived at2013(2,022)(2,023)(2,023)(2,023)(2,023)(2,023)(2,023)(2,023)(2,023)(2,033)2012(2,023)(2,023)(2,033)OPERATING PROFITOperating profit is arrived at2013(2,023)$			
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OPERATING PROFIT Operating profit is arrived at 2013 2012 \$000's \$000's \$000's after charging:- (a) Staff costs: 131 118 Contributions to defined contribution retirement scheme 131 118 Expenses recognised in respect of defined benefit retirement schemes (note 17) 104 82 Salaries, wages and other benefits 8,626 8,282 B,626 8,282 8,861 8,482 (b) Other items: 3,277 3,153 Auditor's remuneration 3,277 3,153 - audit services (Note) 3,277 3,153 - tax services 534 514 - other services 460 - Legal and professional fees 4,860 1,629 Property expenses 3,243 2,946 Cost of property sold 988 - Note: including under-provision in respect of previous year and after crediting:- Rentel income less outgoings 84,365 80,811		640	707
OPERATING PROFIT Operating profit is arrived at 2013 2012 \$000's \$000's \$000's after charging:- (a) Staff costs: 131 118 Contributions to defined contribution retirement scheme 131 118 Expenses recognised in respect of defined benefit retirement schemes (note 17) 104 82 Salaries, wages and other benefits 8,626 8,282 (b) Other items: 3,277 3,153 Auditor's remuneration 3,277 3,153 - audit services (Note) 3,277 3,153 - tax services 534 514 - other services 534 514 - other services 3,243 2,946 Cost of property sold 988 - Note: including under-provision in respect of previous year and after crediting:- Rentel income less outgoings 84,365 80,811 which includes 84,365 80,811 1		1 402	1 409
Operating profit is arrived at2013 \$000's2012 \$000'safter charging:- (a) Staff costs: Contributions to defined contribution retirement scheme131118Expenses recognised in respect of defined benefit retirement schemes (note 17)10482Salaries, wages and other benefits8,6268,282(b) Other items: Auditor's remuneration - audit services3,2773,153- tax services534514- other services460-Legal and professional fees Property expenses3,2432,946Cost of property sold988-Note: including under-provision in respect of previous year and after crediting:-84,36580,811		1,403	1,400
Operating profit is arrived at2013 \$000's2012 \$000'safter charging:- (a) Staff costs: Contributions to defined contribution retirement scheme131118Expenses recognised in respect of defined benefit retirement schemes (note 17)10482Salaries, wages and other benefits8,6268,282(b) Other items: Auditor's remuneration - audit services3,2773,153- tax services534514- other services460-Legal and professional fees Property expenses3,2432,946Cost of property sold988-Note: including under-provision in respect of previous year and after crediting:-84,36580,811			
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after charging:- (a) Staff costs: Contributions to defined contribution retirement scheme 131 118 Expenses recognised in respect of defined benefit retirement schemes (note 17) 104 82 Salaries, wages and other benefits 8,626 8,282 8,861 8,482 (b) Other items: 3,277 3,153 - audit services (Note) 3,277 3,153 - tax services 534 514 - other services 460 - Legal and professional fees 4,860 1,629 Property expenses 3,243 2,946 Cost of property sold 988 - Note: including under-provision in respect of previous year 988 - and after crediting:- Rental income less outgoings 84,365 80,811			
(a) Staff costs: Contributions to defined contribution retirement scheme Expenses recognised in respect of defined benefit retirement schemes (note 17)131118Salaries, wages and other benefits8,6268,2828,8618,482(b) Other items: Auditor's remuneration - audit services (Note)3,2773,153- tax services534514- other services460-Legal and professional fees Property expenses4,8601,629Property expenses Cost of property sold988-Note: including under-provision in respect of previous year988-and after crediting: which includes84,36580,811	after charging:	\$000's	\$000's
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(b) Other items: 8,861 8,482 (b) Other items: Auditor's remuneration 3,277 3,153 - audit services (Note) 3,277 3,153 - tax services 534 514 - other services 460 - Legal and professional fees 4,860 1,629 Property expenses 3,243 2,946 Cost of property sold 988 - Note: including under-provision in respect of previous year - - and after crediting:- 84,365 80,811 Rental income less outgoings 84,365 80,811	Expenses recognised in respect of defined benefit retirement schemes (note 17)		
(b) Other items: Auditor's remuneration - audit services (Note)3,2773,153- tax services534514- other services460-Legal and professional fees4,8601,629Property expenses3,2432,946Cost of property sold988-Note: including under-provision in respect of previous year988-Rental income less outgoings84,36580,811	Salaries, wages and other benefits	8,626	8,282
Auditor's remuneration3,2773,153- audit services (Note)3,2773,153- tax services534514- other services460-Legal and professional fees4,8601,629Property expenses3,2432,946Cost of property sold988-Note: including under-provision in respect of previous year988-and after crediting:-84,36580,811which includes84,36580,811		8,861	8,482
- audit services (Note)3,2773,153- tax services534514- other services460-Legal and professional fees4,8601,629Property expenses3,2432,946Cost of property sold988-Note: including under-provision in respect of previous year988-and after crediting:-84,36580,811which includes84,36580,811			
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 - other services Legal and professional fees Property expenses Cost of property sold Note: including under-provision in respect of previous year and after crediting:- Rental income less outgoings 84,365 80,811 			
Property expenses 3,243 2,946 Cost of property sold 988 - Note: including under-provision in respect of previous year - - and after crediting:- Rental income less outgoings 84,365 80,811 which includes 84,365 80,811			-
Cost of property sold 988 - Note: including under-provision in respect of previous year and after crediting:- 84,365 Rental income less outgoings which includes 84,365 80,811	•		
Note: including under-provision in respect of previous year and after crediting:- Rental income less outgoings 84,365 which includes			2,946
and after crediting:- Rental income less outgoings 84,365 80,811 which includes		900	
Rental income less outgoings 84,365 80,811 which includes			
which includes	-	o / o / =	00.011
		84,365	80,811
		87,608	83,757

7. EMOLUMENTS OF DIRECTORS AND FIVE HIGHEST PAID DIRECTORS/EMPLOYEES

(a) Directors

Directors' fees are set with reference to the articles of association of the company and are approved by the shareholders at Ordinary Yearly Meetings of the company.

Directors' bonus is calculated on the basis provided in the articles of association of the company.

Directors' emoluments disclosed pursuant to section 161 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance are as follows:-

Name	Fees	Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind	Bonus in accordance with article 155	Group's contributions to retirement scheme	Total
	\$000's	\$000's	\$000's	\$000's	\$000′s
2013					
Ngan Kit-ling	125	2,608	-	-	2,733
Dr. Ngan Kit-keung	65	1,333	-	-	1,398
Dr. Henry Ngan	65	600	-	-	665
Fritz Helmreich	65	600	-	-	665
Dr. Liu Lit-mo	60	-	-	-	60
Anthony Grahame Stott	120	-	-	-	120
Tse Yiu-wah	60				60
	560	5,141			5,701
2012					
Ngan Kit-ling	125	2,466	_	_	2,591
Dr. Ngan Kit-keung	65	1,288	_	_	1,353
Dr. Henry Ngan	65	600	-	-	665
Fritz Helmreich	65	600	-	-	665
Dr. Liu Lit-mo	60	-	_	_	60
Anthony Grahame Stott	120	-	-	-	120
Tse Yiu-wah	60				60
	560	4,954			5,514

Fees and other emoluments in respect of independent non-executive directors for the year ended 30th June, 2013 amounted to \$240,000 (2012: \$240,000).

(b) Employees

Set out below is an analysis of the emoluments for the year ended 30th June, 2013 of one employee (2012: one) of the group who, not being a director of the company, is among the top five highest paid individuals (including directors of the company and other employees of the group) employed by the group.

(i)	Aggregate emoluments	<u>2013</u> \$000's	<u>2012</u> \$000's
	Basic salary, housing allowance and other benefits Retirement scheme contribution	804 15	767 12
		819	779
(ii)	Bandings		
	Bands (in HK\$) \$Nil — \$1,000,000	Number 1	Number 1

8. INCOME TAX IN THE CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT

The provision for Hong Kong Profits Tax is calculated at 16.5% (2012: 16.5%) of the estimated assessable profits for the year ended 30th June, 2013. Taxation for overseas subsidiaries is similarly calculated at the appropriate current rates of taxation ruling in the relevant countries.

(a) Taxation in the consolidated inco	ome statement represents:-	<u>2013</u> \$000's	2012 \$000's
Current tax – Provision for Tax for the year Under/(over)-provision in respec		3,483 	12,791 (48) 12,743
Current tax - Overseas	t of prior years	7,980	8,077
Tax for the year		(176)	285
(Over)/under-provision in respec		7,804	8,362
Deferred tax	porary differences	<u>1,920</u>	2,254
Origination and reversal of tem		<u>13,372</u>	23,359

Share of taxation of jointly controlled entities for the year ended 30th June, 2013 amounting to tax charge of \$7,779,000 (2012: \$6,928,000) is included in share of results of jointly controlled entities in the consolidated income statement.

(b) Reconciliation between the actual tax expense and accounting profit at applicable tax rates:

	2013	2012
	\$000's	\$000′s
Profit before taxation	456,847	382,241
Notional tax on profit before taxation calculated at applicable tax rates Tax effect of non-deductible expenses	77,235 1,768	64,318 2,688
Tax effect of non-taxable revenue (Over)/under-provision in respect of prior years Tax effect of tax losses not recognised	(67,323) (11) 1,703	(45,128) 237 1,244
Actual total tax expense	13,372	23,359

9. DIVIDENDS

(a) Dividends payable to equity shareholders of the company attributable to the year:	2013 \$000's	2012 \$000's
First interim dividend declared and paid of \$0.10 (2012: \$0.10) per share Special dividend declared and paid of \$0.50 (2012: \$0.50) per share Second interim dividend declared and payable after the balance sheet date of \$0.30 (2012: \$Ni	4,559 22,798	4,559 22,798
per share Second interim dividend declared after the balance sheet date of \$Nil (2012: \$0.30)	13,678	-
per share	-	13,678
Final dividend proposed after the balance sheet date of \$0.10 (2012: \$0.10) per share	4,559	4,559
Special dividend proposed after the balance sheet date of \$1.30 (2012: \$1.30) per share	59,273	59,273
	104,867	104,867

The interim dividend, final dividend and special dividend declared or proposed after the balance sheet date have not been recognised as liabilities at the balance sheet date.

(b) Dividends payable to equity shareholders of the company attributable to the previous financial year, approved and paid during the year:

	2013	2012
	\$000's	\$000's
Second interim dividend declared in respect of previous financial year of \$0.30 (2012: \$0.30) per share	13,678	13,678
Final dividend approved in respect of previous financial year of \$0.10 (2012: \$0.10) per share	4,559	4,559
Special dividend approved in respect of previous financial year of \$1.30 (2012: \$1.30) per share	59,273	59,273
	77,510	77,510

10. PROFIT AFTER TAXATION ATTRIBUTABLE TO SHAREHOLDERS

Of the profit after taxation attributable to shareholders, a loss of \$12,185,000 (2012: profit of \$491,468,000) is dealt with in the financial statements of the company.

11. EARNINGS PER SHARE

The calculation of basic and diluted earnings per share is based on profit attributable to shareholders of \$443,475,000 (2012: \$358,882,000) and the weighted average of 45,594,656 (2012: 45,594,656) shares in issue during the year.

12. SEGMENT REPORTING

The group manages its businesses according to the nature of the operations and the services and products provided. Management has determined that the reportable operating segments for measuring performance and allocating resources are the same as that reported previously. The segments are property development and investment and treasury management.

Property development and investment segment encompasses activities relating to the development, construction, sale and marketing of the group's trading properties primarily in Hong Kong and property leasing. Currently, the group's properties portfolio, which consists of retail, office and apartments, are primarily located in Hong Kong and London.

Treasury management segment includes activities for managing the group's listed investments, financial assets and other treasury operations.

Management evaluates performance primarily based on operating profit as well as the equity share of results of jointly controlled entities of each segment.

12. SEGMENT REPORTING (Continued)

Segment assets principally comprise all tangible assets and current assets directly attributable to each segment with the exception of defined benefit asset and other corporate assets. Segment liabilities include all liabilities directly attributable to and managed by each segment with the exception of income tax liabilities, dividends payable and other corporate liabilities.

(a) Segment results, assets and liabilities

	and inv	evelopment vestment		anagement	Unallo	cated	Conso	
	<u>2013</u> \$000's	<u>2012</u> \$000's	2013 \$000's	<u>2012</u> \$000's	2013 \$000's	\$000's	2013 \$000's	<u>2012</u> \$000's
Turnover Finance income Other income	90,068 	83,757 	13,898	4,886	1,403	1,408	90,068 13,898 1,403	83,757 4,886 1,408
Total revenue	90,068	83,757	13,898	4,886	1,403	1,408	105,369	90,051
Segment results Unallocated expenses	85,023	80,124	13,898	4,886			98,921 (21,797)	85,010 (17,412)
Operating profit Share of results of jointly controlled entities Net valuation gains on investment properties Income tax	184,048 195,675	67,325 247,318	-	-			77,124 184,048 195,675 (13,372)	67,598 67,325 247,318 (23,359)
Profit after taxation attributable to shareholders							443,475	358,882
Depreciation for the year	(27)	(22)	-	-	(136)	(140)	(163)	(162)
Fixed assets Other investments Defined benefit asset Completed property held for sale Debtors, deposits and prepayments	2,655,624	2,477,908 - - 688 69,685	15,085 - 2,283	11,911 - 4,651	19,655 _ 299 _ 507	19,780 - 403 - 491	2,675,279 15,085 299 - 75,272	2,497,688 11,911 403 688 74,827
Deposits with banks with maturity more than three months Cash balances			1,342,037 1,162,749	1,843,107 680,248			1,342,037 1,162,749	1,843,107 680,248
Segment assets	2,728,106	2,548,281	2,522,154	2,539,917	20,461	20,674	5,270,721	5,108,872
Interest in jointly controlled entities Total assets	1,500,255	1,356,207	-	-	-	-	1,500,255 6,770,976	1,356,207 6,465,079
Creditors and accruals Taxation Deferred taxation Interim dividends payable	61,855 - - -	62,102	- - -	-	9,482 9,313 34,028 13,678	9,149 19,117 32,108	71,337 9,313 34,028 13,678	71,251 19,117 32,108
Segment liabilities	61,855	62,102		_	66,501	60,374	128,356	122,476
Additions to non-current assets other than other investments and defined benefit asset during the year	18	52			11	23	29	75

(b) Geographical information

The group participates in two principal economic environments. Hong Kong is a major market for the group's business. In the United Kingdom, the major business is property investment.

In presenting geographical information, revenue is based on the geographical locations of customers. Specified non-current assets, which represent non-current assets other than other investments and defined benefit asset, are based on the geographical location of assets.

	Hong	Kong	United K	ngdom	
	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>	
	\$000's	\$000's	\$000's	\$000's	
Turnover	42,624	35,636	47,444	48,121	
Specified non-current assets	3,425,269	3,097,495	750,265	756,400	

Notes on The Financial Statements (Continued)

13. FIXED ASSETS

13.	13. FIXED ASSETS Plant,					
		Investment properties	Other properties	Motor buses	fixtures and equipment	Total
	T I	\$000's	\$000's	\$000's	\$000's	\$000's
(a)	The group Cost or valuation:					
	At 1st July, 2011 Exchange adjustment	2,158,781 (21,206)	20,076	5,711	7,943	2,192,511 (21,2 <u>06</u>)
	Additions Transfer from completed property held for sale	92,931	_		75	75 92,931
	Revaluation surplus	247,318				247,318
	At 30th June, 2012	2,477,824	20,076	5,711	8,018	2,511,629
	Representing: Cost 2002 valuation	-	20,076	5,711	8,018	13,729 20,076
	2012 valuation	2,477,824				2,477,824
		2,477,824	20,076	5,711	8,018	2,511,629
	Cost or valuation: At 1st July, 2012	2,477,824	20,076	5,711	8,018	2,511,629
	Exchange adjustment Additions	(17,950)	_		29	(17,950) 29
	Disposals Revaluation surplus	195,675			(295)	(295) 195,675
	At 30th June, 2013	2,655,549	20,076	5,711	7,752	2,689,088
	Representing: Cost	_	_	5,711	7,752	13 463
	2002 valuation 2013 valuation	2,655,549	20,076	-	-	13,463 20,076 2,655,549
		2,655,549	20,076	5,711	7,752	2,689,088
	Accumulated depreciation: At 1st July, 2011		670	5,644		13,779
	Charge for the year		66		7,465 96	162
	At 30th June, 2012		736	5,644	7,561	13,941
	At 1st July, 2012 Charge for the year		736 66	5,644	7,561 97	13,941 163
	Written back on disposals				(295)	(295)
	At 30th June, 2013	<u> </u>	802	5,644	7,363	13,809
	Net book value: At 30th June, 2013	2,655,549	19,274	67	389	2,675,279
	At 30th June, 2012	2,477,824	19,340	67	457	2,497,688
	Tenure of title to properties:					
	2013 Held in Hong Kong	1 020 140	10.074			1 050 424
	– Long leases – Medium term leases	1,039,160 866,124	19,274			1,058,434 866,124
	Held outside Hong Kong	1,905,284	19,274	-	-	1,924,558
	- Freehold	750,265				750,265
		2,655,549	19,274			2,674,823
	2012 Held in Hong Kong	070.000	10.040			001 ((0
	– Long leases – Medium term leases	972,300 749,124	19,340			991,640 749,124
	Held outside Hong Kong	1,721,424	19,340	-	-	1,740,764
	- Freehold	756,400				756,400
		2,477,824	19,340			2,497,164

Notes on The Financial Statements (Continued)

13. FIXED ASSETS (Continued)

13.	FIXED ASSETS (Communea)	Investment properties	Other properties	Motor buses	fixtures and equipment	Total
(b)	The company	\$000's	\$000's	\$000's	\$000's	\$000′s
	Cost or valuation: At 1st July, 2011 Additions	475,124	20,076	5,711	6,002 23	506,913 23
	At 30th June, 2012	475,124	20,076	5,711	6,025	506,936
	Representing: Cost 2002 valuation 2012 valuation	475,124 475,124	20,076	5,711	6,025 6,025	11,736 20,076 475,124 506,936
	Cost or valuation: At 1st July, 2012 Additions Disposals	475,124	20,076	5,711	6,025 11 (295)	506,936 11 (295)
	At 30th June, 2013	475,124	20,076	5,711	5,741	506,652
	Representing: Cost 2002 valuation 2013 valuation	475,124 475,124	20,076	5,711 	5,741	11,452 20,076 475,124 506,652
	Accumulated depreciation: At 1st July, 2011 Charge for the year		670 66	5,644	5,578 74	11,892 140
	At 30th June, 2012	<u> </u>	736	5,644	5,652	12,032
	At 1st July, 2012 Charge for the year Written back on disposals		736 66	5,644	5,652 70 (295)	12,032 136 (295)
	At 30th June, 2013		802	5,644	5,427	11,873
	Net book value: At 30th June, 2013 At 30th June, 2012	475,124	19,274	67	314	494,779 494,904
	Tenure of title to properties:					
	2013 Held in Hong Kong – Long leases – Medium term leases	470,000 5,124 475,124	19,274 			489,274 5,124 494,398
	2012 Held in Hong Kong – Long leases – Medium term leases	470,000 5,124 475,124	19,340 19,340			489,340

Plant,

(i) The group's investment properties which are situated in Hong Kong and held under long and medium term leases, have been revalued at 30th June, 2013 by Professional Property Services Limited, an independent firm of professional surveyors with recent experience in the location and category of property being valued, on an open market value basis, after taking into consideration the net income and allowing for development potential or reversionary potential as appropriate.

(ii) The group's investment properties which are situated in the United Kingdom and are freehold properties, have been revalued at 30th June, 2013 by Savills (UK) Limited, an independent firm of professional surveyors with recent experience in the location and category of property being valued, on an open market value basis, after taking into consideration the net income and allowing for reversionary potential.

(iii) The gross carrying amounts of investment properties of the group held for use in operating leases were \$2,655,549,000 (2012: \$2,477,824,000). Further details of the leasing arrangements are contained in note 27(a).

(iv) The carrying amount of other properties of the group at 30th June, 2013 would have been \$11,304,000 (2012: \$11,343,000) had they been carried at cost less accumulated depreciation.

14. INTEREST IN SUBSIDIARIES

The company			
2013	2012		
\$000's	\$000's		
1,018,356	1,018,356		

Unlisted shares, at cost

Details of the subsidiaries are as follows:-

Name of company	Place of incorporation	Place of operation	lssued ordinary share capital	Percer directly held	ntage indirectly <u>held</u>	Principal activity
Island Communication Enterprises Limited	Hong Kong	Hong Kong	185,073,024 HK\$1 shares	100%	-	Investment holding
Heartwell Limited	Hong Kong	Hong Kong	9,000,002 HK\$10 shares	100%	-	Investment holding
Communication Holdings Limited	British Virgin Islands	Hong Kong	35,900,010 HK\$10 shares	100%	-	Investment holding
Forever Vitality Limited	Hong Kong	Hong Kong	100 HK\$1 shares	100%	-	Property development
Affluent Dragon Island Limited	Hong Kong	Hong Kong	2 HK\$10 shares	100%	-	Dormant
Island Communication Investments Limited	British Virgin Islands	Hong Kong	2 HK\$1 shares	-	100%	Investment property holding
Grand Island Place Investments Limited	British Virgin Islands	Hong Kong	2 HK\$1 shares	-	100%	Investment property holding
Nottingham Developments Limited	British Virgin Islands	Hong Kong	1 US\$1 share	_	100%	Investment holding
Oxney Investments Limited	British Virgin Islands	United Kingdom	1 US\$1 share	_	100%	Investment property holding
Communication Properties Limited	British Virgin Islands	United Kingdom	1 US\$1 share	-	100%	Investment property holding
Eaglefield Properties Limited	British Virgin Islands	United Kingdom	1 US\$1 share	-	100%	Investment property holding
Prosperous Orient Limited	Hong Kong	Hong Kong	2 HK\$10 shares	-	100%	Investment property holding

15. INTEREST IN JOINTLY CONTROLLED ENTITIES

	The g	The group	
	2013	2012	
	\$000's	\$000's	
Share of net assets	932,998	760,950	
Loans to jointly controlled entities	567,257	595,257	
	1,500,255	1,356,207	

Details of the group's interest in the jointly controlled entities are as follows:-

Proportion of ownership interest

Name of jointly controlled entity	Form of business structure	Place of incorporation	Place of operation	Particulars of issued share capital	Group's effective interest or held by subsidiary company	Principal activity	Financial year end
Swire and Island Communication Developments Limited	Incorporated	British Virgin Islands	Hong Kong	60 'A' shares of HK\$10 40 'B' shares of HK\$10 1 non-voting dividend share of HK\$10	- 100% 100%	Property development for investment	31st December
Island Land Development Limited	Incorporated	British Virgin Islands	Hong Kong	100 shares of HK\$10	50%	Property development for investment	31st December
Hareton Limited	Incorporated	Hong Kong	Hong Kong	100 shares of HK\$10	50%	Property development for resale and investment	31st December
Uttoxeter Limited	Incorporated	Hong Kong	Hong Kong	100 shares of HK\$10	20%	Property development for resale	31st December

The loans to the jointly controlled entities are unsecured, interest-free and have no fixed terms of repayment.

15. INTEREST IN JOINTLY CONTROLLED ENTITIES (Continued)

The following supplementary financial information is disclosed relating to the group's effective share of the four principal jointly controlled entities:

(a)	Swire and Island Communication Developments Limited		
(u)	Swire and Island Commonication Developments Linned	2013	2012
		\$000′s	\$000's
(i)	Income statement		
	Income (Note)	30,800 (11,403)	25,964 (11,158)
	Expenses		
	Profit before taxation Income tax	19,397 (2,025)	14,806 (1,742)
	Profit after taxation		
		17,372	13,064
(ii)	Balance sheet		
	Fixed assets	341,766	333,382
	Current assets Current liabilities	10,712 (10,635)	11,707 (9,667)
	Deferred taxation	(19,322)	(18,273)
	Net assets	322,521	317,149
(b)	Island Land Development Limited		
. ,		2013	2012
(i)	Income statement	\$000′s	\$000's
(1)		101.0/5	(0.770
	Income (Note) Expenses	181,865 (10,025)	68,772 (9,771)
	Profit before taxation	171,840	59,001
	Income tax	(5,656)	(5,111)
	Profit after taxation	166,184	53,890
(ii)	Balance sheet		
	Fixed assets	991,018	853,528
	Current assets	18,504	13,990
	Current liabilities Deferred taxation	(378,778)	(404,099)
		(24,999)	(23,858)
	Net assets	605,745	439,561

15. INTEREST IN JOINTLY CONTROLLED ENTITIES (Continued)

(C)	Hareton Limited	2013	2012
		\$000's	\$000's
(i)	Income statement		
	Income Expenses	706 (108)	625 (171)
	Profit before taxation Income tax	598 (98)	454 (75)
	Profit after taxation	500	379
(ii)	Balance sheet		
	Property held for development Current assets Current liabilities	209,196 943 (205,606)	208,995 1,353 (206,315)
	Net assets	4,533	4,033
(d)	Uttoxeter Limited		
		2013	2012
		\$000's	\$000's
(i)	Income statement		
	Income Expenses	1 (9)	1 (9)
	Loss before taxation Income tax	(8)	(8)
	Loss after taxation	(8)	(8)
(ii)	Balance sheet		
	Current assets Current liabilities	309 (110)	31 <i>7</i> (110)
	Net assets	199	207

Note: Income includes revaluation gains on investment properties.

16. OTHER INVESTMENTS

	The g	The group	
	2013	2012	
	\$000's	\$000's	
Equity securities listed in Hong Kong, at fair value	15,085	11,911	

17. DEFINED BENEFIT RETIREMENT SCHEME

During the year, the company operated a separate non-contributory defined benefit retirement scheme, namely, "China Motor Bus Senior Executives Retirement Scheme" for its senior executives.

The China Motor Bus Senior Executives Retirement Scheme was established under trust and has been registered with the Registrar of Occupational Retirement Schemes. The assets of the scheme are held by an independent trustee, HSBC Institutional Trust Services (Asia) Limited. The members' benefits are determined based on their final remuneration and length of service. Actuarial valuations are carried out annually by an independent actuarial firm using the projected unit credit method to determine the accounting obligations to be disclosed in the financial statements. The actuary of the scheme is Towers Watson Hong Kong Limited.

(a) The amounts recognised in the balance sheets are as follows:

	2013	2012
	\$000's	\$000's
Present value of the funded obligations Fair value of scheme assets Net unrecognised actuarial losses	11,230 (10,341) (1,188)	10,218 (10,421) (200)
	(299)	(403)

(b) Plan assets consist of deposits with banks and cash at banks of \$10,341,000 (2012: \$10,421,000).

(c) Changes in the present value of the funded obligations are as follows:

	2013	2012
	\$000′s	\$000's
Balance brought forward Interest cost Actuarial losses/(gains) on obligation	10,218 15 997	10,218 15 (15)
Balance carried forward	11,230	10,218

(d) Changes in the fair value of scheme assets are as follows:

	2013	2012
	\$000's	\$000's
Balance brought forward Expected return on scheme assets, after scheme administrative expenses	10,421	10,514
of \$115,000 (2012: \$120,000) Actuarial gains/(losses) on scheme assets	(89)	(67) (26)
Balance carried forward	10,341	10,421

17. DEFINED BENEFIT RETIREMENT SCHEME (Continued)

(e) Expense recognised in the consolidated income statement is as follows:

	2013 \$000's	2012 \$000's
Interest cost	15	15
Expected return on scheme assets, after scheme administrative expenses of \$115,000 (2012: \$120,000)	89	67
	104	82
The expense is recognised in the line of staff costs in the consolidated income statement.		
	2013	2012
	\$000′s	\$000's
Actual return on scheme assets, after scheme administrative expenses	(80)	(93)
f) The principal actuarial assumptions used as at 30th June are as follows:		
	2013	2012
Discount rate Expected rate of return on scheme assets, excluding scheme administrative expenses Future salary increases	0.25% p.a. 0.25% p.a. 3.00% p.a.	0.25% p.a.

The expected long-term rate of return on plan assets is based on the portfolio as a whole and not on the sum of the returns on individual asset categories.

(g) Amounts for the current and previous four periods are as follows:

	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009
	\$000′s	\$000's	\$000′s	\$000's	\$000′s
Present value of the funded obligations Fair value of scheme assets	11,230 (10,341)	10,218 (10,421)	10,218 (10,514)	9,375 (10,741)	9,972 (11,582)
	889	(203)	(296)	(1,366)	(1,610)
Experience losses/(gains) on defined benefit obligation	1,009	(15)	775	(1)	(202)
Experience (gains)/losses on scheme assets	(9)	26	200	230	281

18. COMPLETED PROPERTY HELD FOR SALE

(f)

At 30th June, 2012, completed property held for sale was located in Hong Kong and held under a government lease for a term of 75 years commencing from May 1954, and was renewable for a further term of 75 years.

19. DEBTORS, DEPOSITS AND PREPAYMENTS

(a) Ageing analysis

Included in debtors, deposits and prepayments are trade debtors with the following ageing analysis, based on the invoice date:

	The g	The group		mpany
	2013	2012	2013	2012
	\$000's	\$000's	\$000's	\$000's
Within 1 month 1 to 3 months	549 222	393 112	200 150	18
Total trade debtors Deposits, prepayments and other receivables	771 74,501	505 74,322	350 447	18 881
	75,272	74,827	797	899

A defined credit policy is maintained within the group.

The following amounts are expected to be recovered after more than one year:

	The g	roup	The company	
	2013	2012	2013	2012
	\$000′s	\$000′s	\$000′s	\$000's
Debtors, deposits and prepayments	1,299	1,284	180	180

(b) Impairment of trade debtors

Impairment losses in respect of trade debtors are recorded using an allowance account unless the group is satisfied that recovery of the amount is remote, in which case the impairment loss is written off against trade debtors directly (see note 1 (i)).

At 30th June, 2013, none of the group's trade debtors were individually determined to be impaired (2012: \$Nil).

20. CREDITORS AND ACCRUALS

Included in creditors and accruals are trade creditors with the following ageing analysis, based on the invoice date:

	The group		The company	
	2013 2012		2013	2012
	\$000′s	\$000′s	\$000′s	\$000's
Within 1 month	17	25	_	-
1 to 3 months Over 3 months	201	201	201	201
Total trade creditors	218	226	201	201
Other payables and accruals	71,119	71,025	8,853	8,879
	71,337	71,251	9,054	9,080

The following amounts are expected to be settled after more than one year:

The gr	oup	The co	mpany
2013	2012	2013	2012
\$000's	\$000's	\$000's	\$000's
8,183	8,368	2,949	3,252

21. AMOUNTS DUE FROM/DUE TO SUBSIDIARIES

The amounts due from subsidiaries are unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand. The amounts due to subsidiaries are unsecured, interest-free and have no fixed terms of repayment.

22. INCOME TAX IN THE BALANCE SHEET

(a) Current taxation in the balance sheet represents:

	The group		mpany
2013	2012	2013	2012
\$000′s	\$000′s	\$000′s	\$000's
3,483	12,791	_	-
(277)	(12)		
3,206	12,779	-	-
256	366		
3,462	13,145	-	-
5,851	5,972		
9,313	19,117		
	\$000's 3,483 (277) 3,206 256 3,462 5,851	\$000's \$000's 3,483 12,791 (277) (12) 3,206 12,779 256 366 3,462 13,145 5,851 5,972	\$000's \$000's \$000's 3,483 12,791 - (277) (12) - 3,206 12,779 - 256 366 - 3,462 13,145 - 5,851 5,972 -

(b) Deferred tax (assets)/liabilities recognised:

(i) The group

The components of deferred tax (assets)/liabilities recognised in the consolidated balance sheet and the movements during the year are as follows:

	Depreciation allowances in excess of the related depreciation	Other provisions	Total
	\$000's	\$000's	\$000's
At 1st July, 2011 Charged to profit or loss	30,329 2,238	(475) 16	29,854 2,254
At 30th June, 2012	32,567	(459)	32,108
At 1st July, 2012 Charged to profit or loss	32,567 1,899	(459) 21	32,108 1,920
At 30th June, 2013	34,466	(438)	34,028

22. INCOME TAX IN THE BALANCE SHEET (Continued)

- (b) Deferred tax (assets)/liabilities recognised: (continued)
- (ii) The company

The components of deferred tax (assets)/liabilities recognised in the balance sheet and the movements during the year are as follows:

	Depreciation allowances in excess of the related depreciation	Other provisions	Total
	\$000's	\$000's	\$000's
At 1st July, 2011 Charged to profit or loss	3,302	(475) 16	2,827
At 30th June, 2012	3,338	(459)	2,879
At 1st July, 2012 Charged to profit or loss	3,338 96	(459) 21	2,879 117
At 30th June, 2013	3,434	(438)	2,996

(c) Deferred tax assets not recognised

The group has not recognised deferred tax assets in respect of tax losses of \$71,708,000 (2012: \$61,388,000). The tax losses do not expire under current tax legislation.

23. DEFERRED PROFITS	The	group	The company	
	2013	2012	2013	2012
	\$000's	\$000′s	\$000's	\$000's
At 1st July and at 30th June	441,197	441,197	230,132	230,132

Deferred profits represent profits from the sale of land and buildings to jointly controlled entities.

24. SHARE CAPITAL

SHARE CAPITAL	201	3	2012	2
	No. of shares	Amount	No. of shares	Amount
		\$000′s		\$000′s
Authorised:				
Ordinary shares of \$2 each	50,000,000	100,000	50,000,000	100,000
Issued and fully paid:				
At 1st July and 30th June	45,594,656	91,189	45,594,656	91,189

25. RESERVES

(a) Movements in components of equity:

The reconciliation between the opening and closing balances of each component of the group's consolidated equity is set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity. Details of the changes in the company's individual components of equity between the beginning and the end of the year are set out below:

The company	Capital redemption reserve	Other properties revaluation reserve	General reserve	Retained profits	Total
	\$000's	\$000's	\$000′s	\$000′s	\$000′s
At 1st July, 2011 Dividends declared/approved in respect of	1,348	5,697	340,000	613,159	960,204
the previous year (note 9(b))	-	-	-	(77,510)	(77,510)
Realisation of other properties revaluation reserve	-	(27)	-	27	-
Transfer to general reserve	-	-	10,000	(10,000)	-
Dividends declared in respect of the current year (note 9(a)) Profit and total comprehensive income for the year				(27,357) 491,468	(27,357) 491,468
At 30th June, 2012	1,348	5,670	350,000	989,787	1,346,805
At 1st July, 2012 Dividends declared/approved in respect of	1,348	5,670	350,000	989,787	1,346,805
the previous year (note 9(b))	-	-	-	(77,510)	(77,510)
Realisation of other properties revaluation reserve	-	(27)	-	27	-
Transfer to general reserve	-	-	10,000	(10,000)	-
Dividends declared in respect of the current year (note 9(a)) Loss and total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-	(41,035) (12,185)	(41,035) (12,185)
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
At 30th June, 2013	1,348	5,643	360,000	849,084	1,216,075

The directors consider that all of the general reserve and \$352,366,000 (2012: \$493,069,000) of the retained profits of the company, totalling \$712,366,000 (2012: \$843,069,000), are distributable.

The application of the capital redemption reserve is governed by section 49 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. The other properties revaluation reserve is not available for distribution to shareholders because it does not constitute realised profits within the meaning of section 79B(2) of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

(b) Capital management

The group's primary objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the group's ability to continue as a going concern, to meet its financial obligations and continue to provide returns for shareholders. The capital structure of the group consists of equity attributable to shareholders of the company, comprising issued share capital, reserves and retained profits.

The group currently does not have external loans and borrowings.

The management reviews the capital structure by considering the cost of capital and the risks associated with each class of capital. There were no changes in the group's approach to capital management during the year.

Neither the company nor any of its subsidiaries are subject to externally imposed capital requirements.

26. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES

Exposure to credit, liquidity, interest rate and currency risks arises in the normal course of the group's business. The group is also exposed to equity price risk arising from its equity investments in other entities.

The group's exposure to these risks and the financial risk management policies and practices used by the group to manage these risks are described below.

(a) Credit risk

The group's credit risk is primarily attributable to deposits with banks. The exposures to these credit risks are closely monitored on an ongoing basis by established credit policies.

The group maintains bank deposits with authorised financial institutions.

(b) Liquidity risk

The treasury function of the group is centralised. The group's policy is to regularly monitor its current and expected liquidity requirements to ensure that it maintains sufficient reserves of cash to meet its liquidity requirements in the short and longer term.

The following table details the remaining contractual maturities at the balance sheet date of the group's financial liabilities, which are based on contractual undiscounted cash flows and the earliest date the group can be required to pay.

	Carrying amount/ contractual undiscounted <u>cash flow</u> \$000's	Within 1 year or on demand \$000's	More than 1 year but less than 2 years \$000's	More than 2 years but less than 5 years \$000's
At 30th June, 2013				
Trade creditors Other payables	218 71,119	218 62,936	7,276	907
	71,337	63,154	7,276	907
At 30th June, 2012				
Trade creditors Other payables	226 71,025	226 62,657	5,315	3,053
	71,251	62,883	5,315	3,053

(c) Interest rate risk

(i) The group has no interest-bearing borrowings. The group is exposed to interest rate risk through the impact of rates changes on income-earning financial assets. The following table details their interest rate profile at the balance sheet date.

	20	13	201	2
	Effective interest rate (%)		Effective interest rate (%)	
		\$000's		\$000's
Deposits with banks	0.01-1.20	2,481,036	0.25-1.24	2,496,955

26. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES (Continued)

(c) Interest rate risk (Continued)

(ii) Sensitivity analysis

At 30th June, 2013, it is estimated that an increase/decrease of 1% in interest rates, with all other variables held constant, would increase/decrease the group's profit after tax and retained profits by approximately \$24.8 million (2012: \$25.0 million).

The sensitivity analysis above indicates the instantaneous change in the group's profit after tax and retained profits that would arise assuming that the change in interest rates had occurred at the balance sheet date and had been applied to the exposure to interest rate risk for financial instruments in existence at that date. The impact on the group's profit after tax and retained profits is estimated as an annualised impact on interest income of such a change in interest rates. The analysis is performed on the same basis for 2012.

(d) Currency risk

The group owns assets and conducts its business primarily in Hong Kong and the United Kingdom with its cash flows substantially denominated in Hong Kong dollars ("HKD") and Pounds Sterling ("GBP").

The group's primary foreign currency assets are United States dollars ("USD") denominated bank deposits and direct property investment, rental income and bank deposits in GBP in the United Kingdom which are regularly monitored by management.

The group is exposed to currency risk primarily arising from bank deposits denominated in USD and GBP.

(i) The following table details the group's exposure at the balance sheet date to currency risk arising from recognised assets or liabilities denominated in a currency other than the functional currency of the group's entities to which they relate. For presentation purpose, the amounts of the exposure are shown in HKD, translated using the spot rate at the year end date.

	Exposure to foreign currencies (expressed in HKD)				
	2013		2012		
	USD	GBP	USD	GBP	
	\$000's	\$000's	\$000's	\$000's	
Deposits with banks Cash at banks and in hand Debtors, deposits and prepayments	1,094,687 1 1,413	186,448 1,473 	1,087,104 	182,937 1,526 799	
Net exposure arising from recognised assets and liabilities	1,096,101	188,308	1,089,556	185,262	

26. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES (Continued)

(d) Currency risk (Continued)

(ii) Sensitivity analysis

At 30th June, 2013, it is estimated that an increase/decrease of 5% in foreign exchange rate of GBP against HKD, with all other variables held constant, would increase/decrease the group's profit after tax and retained profits by approximately \$9.4 million (2012: \$9.3 million).

The sensitivity analysis above indicates the instantaneous change in the group's profit after tax and retained profits that would arise if foreign exchange rates to which the group has significant exposure at the balance sheet date had changed at that date, assuming all other risk variables remained constant. In this respect, it is assumed that the pegged rate between the HKD and the USD would be materially unaffected by any changes in movement in value of the USD against other currencies.

Results of the analysis as above represent an aggregation of the instantaneous effects on each of the group entities' profit after tax and retained profits measured in the respective functional currencies, translated into HKD at the exchange rate ruling at the balance sheet date for presentation purposes.

The sensitivity analysis assumes that the change in foreign exchange rates had been applied to the group's exposure to currency risk for financial instruments in existence at the balance sheet date. The analysis excludes differences that would result from the translation of the financial statements of foreign operations into the group's presentation currency. The analysis is performed on the same basis for 2012.

(e) Equity price risk

The group is exposed to equity price changes arising from other investments (see note 16). They have been chosen taking reference to their longer term growth potential and are monitored regularly for performance.

Given that the volatility of the stock markets may not have a direct correlation with the group's investment portfolio, it is impractical to determine the impact that the changes in stock market indices would have on the group's portfolio of other investments.

At 30th June, 2013, it is estimated that an increase/decrease of 5% in the market value of the group's other investments, with all other variables held constant, would increase/decrease the group's profit after tax and retained profits by approximately \$0.8 million (2012: \$0.6 million) respectively. The analysis is performed on the same basis for 2012.

(f) Fair value

- (i) Financial instruments carried at fair value
 - The amendments to HKFRS 7, *Financial instruments: Disclosures*, require disclosures relating to fair value measurements of financial instruments across three levels of a "fair value hierarchy". The fair value of each financial instrument is categorised in its entirety based on the lowest level of input that is significant to that fair value measurement. The levels are defined as follows:
 - Level 1 (highest level): fair values measured using quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical financial instruments
 - Level 2: fair values measured using quoted prices in active markets for similar financial instruments, or using valuation techniques in which all significant inputs are directly or indirectly based on observable market data
 - Level 3 (lowest level): fair values measured using valuation techniques in which any significant input is not based on observable market data

At 30th June, 2013, the only financial instruments of the group carried at fair value were other investments of \$15,085,000 (2012: \$11,911,000) listed on the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong (see note 16). These instruments fall into Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy described above.

(ii) Fair values of financial instruments carried at other than fair value All financial instruments are carried at amounts not materially different from their fair values as at 30th June, 2013 and 30th June, 2012. Amounts due from/to subsidiaries are unsecured, interest-free and have no fixed repayment terms. Given these terms it is not meaningful to disclose their fair values.

27. OPERATING LEASES

(a) Significant leasing arrangements

The group leases out investment properties in Hong Kong and the United Kingdom under operating leases. The leases for investment properties in Hong Kong typically run for an initial period of one to three years. The leases for investment properties in the United Kingdom run for an initial period of fifteen to twenty-five years. Lease payments are subject to upward only rent review for every five years for investment properties in the United Kingdom. One of the leases includes contingent rentals. Further details of the carrying value of the investment properties are contained in note 13.

\$87,608,000 (2012: \$83,757,000) was recognised as rental income in the consolidated income statement in respect of operating leases.

(b) Future operating lease income

The total future minimum lease income under non-cancellable operating leases is receivable as follows:

	2013	2012
	\$000's	\$000's
Within one year After one but within five years After five years	75,152 152,646 <u>186,837</u>	72,953 178,970 219,509
	414,635	471,432

28. MATERIAL RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Loans to the jointly controlled entities at 30th June, 2013 are disclosed in note 15. The loans are unsecured, interest-free and have no fixed terms of repayment.

29. ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

Key sources of accounting estimates and estimation uncertainty include the following:

Valuation of investment properties

Investment properties are included in the balance sheet at their open market value, which are assessed by external qualified valuers, after taking into consideration the net rental income allowing for development potential or reversionary potential. The fair value of investment properties reflects, among other things, rental income from current leases and assumptions about rental income from future leases in light of the current market conditions. The fair value also reflects, on a similar basis, any cash outflows that could be expected in respect of the investment properties.

30. POSSIBLE IMPACT OF AMENDMENTS, NEW STANDARDS AND INTERPRETATIONS ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE FOR THE ANNUAL ACCOUNTING YEAR ENDED 30TH JUNE, 2013

Up to the date of issue of these financial statements, the HKICPA has issued a number of amendments and new standards which are not yet effective for the year ended 30th June, 2013 and which have not been adopted in these financial statements.

	Effective for accounting periods beginning on or after
HKFRS 10, Consolidated financial statements	1st January, 2013
HKFRS 11, Joint arrangements	1st January, 2013
HKFRS 12, Disclosure of interests in other entities	1st January, 2013
HKFRS 13, Fair value measurement	1st January, 2013
HKAS 27, Separate financial statements (2011)	1st January, 2013
HKAS 28, Investments in associates and joint ventures	1st January, 2013
Revised HKAS 19, Employee benefits	1st January, 2013
Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2009-2011 Cycle	1st January, 2013
HKFRS 9, Financial instruments	1st January, 2015

The group is in the process of making an assessment of what the impact of these amendments is expected to be in the period of initial application. So far it has concluded that the adoption of them is unlikely to have a significant impact on the consolidated financial statements except for the following:

HKFRS 12, Disclosure of interests in other entities

HKFRS 12 brings together into a single standard all the disclosure requirements relevant to an entity's interests in subsidiaries, joint arrangements, associates and unconsolidated structured entities. The disclosures required in HKFRS 12 are generally more extensive than those required in the current standards. The group may have to make additional disclosures about its interests in other entities when the standard is adopted for the first time in 2014.

HKFRS 13, Fair value measurement

HKFRS 13 replaces existing guidance in individual HKFRSs with a single source of fair value measurement guidance. HKFRS 13 also contains extensive disclosure requirements about fair value measurements for both financial instruments and nonfinancial instruments. HKFRS 13 is effective as from 1st January, 2013, but retrospective adoption is not required. The group estimates that the adoption of HKFRS 13 will not have any significant impact on the fair value measurements of its assets and liabilities, but additional disclosures may need to be made in the 2014 financial statements.

Revised HKAS 19, Employee benefits

Revised HKAS 19 introduces a number of amendments to the accounting for employee benefits. Among them, revised HKAS 19 eliminates the "corridor method" under which the recognition of actuarial gains and losses relating to defined benefit schemes could be deferred and recognised in profit or loss over the expected average remaining service lives of employees. Under the revised standard, all actuarial gains and losses are required to be recognised immediately in other comprehensive income. This will change the group's accounting for defined benefit plans under which the corridor method is currently applied. The revised HKAS 19 is effective as from 1st January, 2013, and retrospective adoption is required. The group has not completed its assessment of the full impact of adopting revised HKAS 19 and therefore the possible impact on the group's results and financial position has not been quantified.

Financial Summary

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009
	\$000's	\$000′s	\$000's	\$000's (restated)	\$000's (restated)
CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT					
Turnover	90,068	83,757	260,547	513,483	1,483,762
Operating profit	77,124	67,598	177,764	301,262	574,587
Share of results of jointly controlled entities	184,048	67,325	281,838	100,861	(90,228)
Net valuation gains/(losses) on investment properties	195,675	247,318	232,512	172,505	(193,022)
Profit before taxation	456,847	382,241	692,114	574,628	291,337
Income tax	(13,372)	(23,359)	(27,905)	(45,472)	(66,678)
Profit after taxation attributable to shareholders	443,475	358,882	664,209	529,156	224,659
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET					
Fixed assets Interest in jointly controlled entities Other investments Defined benefit asset	2,675,279 1,500,255 15,085 299	2,497,688 1,356,207 11,911 403	2,178,732 1,324,882 11,915 485	1,900,750 1,083,844 9,806 637	1,802,030 1,015,783 8,823 881
Net current assets Deferred taxation	2,485,730 (34,028)	2,508,502 (32,108)	2,630,277 (29,854)	2,543,426 (27,030)	2,360,621 (22,973)
	6,642,620	6,342,603	6,116,437	5,511,433	5,165,165
Representing:- Share capital Reserves	91,189 6,110,234	91,189 5,810,217	91,189 5,584,051	91,189 4,979,047	91,189 4,632,779
Deferred profits	6,201,423 441,197	5,901,406 441,197	5,675,240 441,197	5,070,236 441,197	4,723,968 441,197
	6,642,620	6,342,603	6,116,437	5,511,433	5,165,165
Earnings per share	\$9.73	\$7.87	\$14.57	\$11.61	\$4.93
Dividends per share	\$2.30	\$2.30	\$2.30	\$2.40	\$2.20

Note: These figures in 2010 and 2009 have been restated pursuant to the adoption of amendments to Hong Kong Accounting Standard 12, *Income taxes*.

Group Properties

Properties held for investment

Location	Lot number	Existing use	Term of lease
391 Chai Wan Road, Chai Wan	CWIL 88	Industrial	Long
Unit 8-14, 3/F, Chai Wan Industrial City Phase I, 60 Wing Tai Road, Chai Wan	CWIL 132	Industrial	Medium
21/F, 26/F, 27/F & 28/F Island Place Tower Island Place 510 King's Road, North Point	IL 8849	Office	Medium
Unit B 37/F One Island Place; Units E & F 35/F, Units E-H 36/F & Units C-H 37/F Two Island Place 51-61 Tanner Road, North Point	IL 8849	Residential	Medium
No. 3 Jordan Road, Kowloon	Remaining portion of KIL 1300	Residential and commercial	Long
Units A-E 47/F; Shop Nos. 1-7 G/F and 8 car parking spaces Island Lodge 180 Java Road, North Point	IL 7105 c	Residential, commercial and car parking spaces	Long
Albany House, Petty France, SW1 London		Office	Freehold
Thanet House, 231/232 Strand, WC2 London		Commercial and office	Freehold
Scorpio House, SW3 London		Office	Freehold