

United Gene High-Tech Group Limited 聯合基因科技集團有限公司 (Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

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(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability) (於開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司) Stock Code: 399 股份代號: 399

ANNUAL REPORT 2013 年報

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CONTENTS 目錄

Corporate Information 公司資料	2
Chairman's Statement 主席報告	4
Management Discussion and Analysis 管理層討論及分析	6
Management Profile 管理層履歷	17
External Consultant Profile 外聘顧問履歷	20
Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告	21
Report of the Directors 董事會報告	32
Independent Auditor's Report 獨立核數師報告	46
Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income 綜合損益及其他全面收益表	48
Consolidated Statement of Financial Position 綜合財務狀況表	50
Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity 綜合權益變動表	52
Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows 綜合現金流量表	53
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附註	55
Financial Summary 財務概要	128

CORPORATE INFORMATION 公司資料

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Executive Directors Lee Nga Yan Guo Yi

Non-Executive Directors

Jiang Nian *(Chairman)* Xiao Yan Wu Yanmin

Independent Non-Executive Directors Chen Weijun Zhang Zhihong Wang Rongliang

Audit Committee Chen Weijun *(Chairman)* Zhang Zhihong Wang Rongliang

Remuneration Committee Zhang Zhihong *(Chairman)* Jiang Nian

Wang Rongliang

Nomination Committee Zhang Zhihong (Chairman)

Jiang Nian Wang Rongliang

HONORARY CHAIRMAN

Mao Yumin

COMPANY SECRETARY

Poon Hon Yin

董事會 執行董事 ^{李雅欣} 郭懿

非執行董事 蔣年(*主席*) 肖焱 鄔燕敏

獨立非執行董事 陳偉君 張志鴻 王榮樑

審核委員會 陳偉君(*主席)* 張志鴻 王榮樑

薪酬委員會 張志鴻(主席)

蔣年 王榮樑

提名委員會

張志鴻*(主席)* 蔣年 王榮樑

名譽主席 ^{毛裕民}

公司秘書 潘漢彦

CORPORATE INFORMATION 公司資料

LEGAL ADVISERS

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REGISTERED OFFICE

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PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

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BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER AGENT IN HONG KONG

Tricor Tengis Limited 26/F., Tesbury Centre 28 Queen's Road East Wanchai, Hong Kong

AUDITORS

Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu 35/F, One Pacific Place 88 Queensway Hong Kong

PRINCIPAL BANKER

The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited

STOCK CODE

399

COMPANY WEBSITE

www.unitedgenegroup.com www.irasia.com/listco/hk/unitedgene

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香港股份登記分處及 過戶代理處

卓佳登捷時有限公司 香港灣仔 皇后大道東28號 金鐘匯中心26樓

核數師

德勤●關黃陳方會計師行 香港 金鐘道88號 太古廣場一期35樓

主要往來銀行 香港上海滙豐銀行有限公司

股份代號 399

公司網站 www.unitedgenegroup.com www.irasia.com/listco/hk/unitedgene

> **聯合基因科技集團有限公司** 二零一三年年報

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT 主席報告

Dear Shareholders,

On behalf of the board (the "Board") of directors (the "Directors") of United Gene High-Tech Group Limited (the "Company"), I hereby present to all shareholders of the Company (the "Shareholders") the audited consolidated financial results of the Company and its subsidiaries (the "Group") for the year ended 30 June 2013 (the "Financial Year").

For the Financial Year, the Group recorded revenue of approximately HK\$10.1 million, which is a significant decrease of approximately 60.55% from approximately HK\$25.5 million of the previous financial year ended 30 June 2012 (the "Previous Financial Year"). The significant decline in revenue was mainly due to (i) a significant reduction in revenue in the distribution of genetic testing services due to the transitional period brought by the new sales and marketing strategies adopted by the group and intended to shift the Company's sales focus onto professional channels; (ii) the substantial drop of revenue for the distribution of bio-industrial products and continuing unfavourable costs of imported products; and (iii) additional time required to gain public awareness of the health management concept, which focuses on preventive care rather than curative care.

For the Financial Year, loss attributable to the owners of the Company was approximately HK\$72.8 million, representing a reduction of loss as compared to a loss of approximately HK\$123.9 million in the Previous Financial Year. The difference was largely caused by the large impairment loss recorded in the Previous Financial Year.

各位股東:

本人謹代表聯合基因科技集團有限公司(「本公 司」)之董事(「董事」)會(「董事會」)提呈予所有 本公司股東(「股東」)有關本公司及其附屬公司 (「本集團」)截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度 (「本財政年度」)之經審核綜合財務業績。

本集團於本財政年度之收益約為10,100,000港 元,較截至二零一二年六月三十日止的上一個財 政年度(「去年財政年度」)約25,500,000港元顯 著減少約60.55%。收益顯著減少主要因為(i)本 集團採納之新銷售和營銷策略引致之過渡期,導 致分銷基因測試服務之收益大幅減少,及其有意 將本公司的銷售焦點轉移到專業渠道:(ii)分銷生 物產業產品之收益顯著下降及進口產品的成本持 續不利:及(iii)需要更多時間喚起公眾關注以預 防護理(而非治療護理)為本的健康管理概念。

於本財政年度,本公司擁有人應佔虧損約為 72,800,000港元,虧損較去年財政年度之虧損 約123,900,000港元有所減少,差異主要由於去 年財政年度錄得大額的減值虧損所致。

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT 主席報告

OUTLOOK

The Group has begun setting up a new genetic testing centre that will focus on clinical diagnostic testing in Shanghai. The management expects the new diagnostic centre will provide a synergy effect with the existing businesses, although further marketing and advertising efforts are still required to increase public awareness in the PRC of the benefits these services may provide.

Looking forward, the Group still expects to face a challenging business environment in the coming financial year. However, the Group will continue to focus on implementing measures for business improvement, strengthening selling effort to improve revenue and cutting redundant spending.

Furthermore, the Group continues to explore potential investment opportunities and does not exclude the possibility of disposing of underperforming businesses to enhance Shareholder return.

APPRECIATION

On behalf of all Board members, I would like to take this opportunity to express my gratitude to the Shareholders and business partners of the Group for their continued support and trust during the past years, and my most sincere appreciation to the Directors, management and staff at all levels for their dedication, hard work and contributions to the Group.

Jiang Nian Chairman

Hong Kong, 30 September 2013

展望

本集團已展開在上海成立全新基因測試中心,專 注臨床診斷測試。管理層預期,新的診斷中心將 為現有業務帶來協同效應,但仍須於中國加大營 銷及廣告宣傳力度,讓大眾進一步認識有關服務 可帶來的裨益和好處。

展望未來,本集團仍預期下一個財政年度將會面 對困難之營商環境。然而,本集團將繼續致力推 行提升業務表現的措施,並會加大銷售力度以改 善收益,及削減非必要的開支。

此外,本集團繼續物色有潛力之投資良機,並不 排除出售表現未符理想的業務之可能性,以增加 股東回報。

致謝

本人謹藉此機會代表全體董事會成員,對股東及 本集團業務夥伴過去一年的恆久支持及信任表達 謝意,本人亦謹此對董事、管理層與各級員工專 心致志、勤勉工作及為本集團作出的貢獻,致以 最真誠的謝意。

主席 **蔣年**

香港,二零一三年九月三十日

GROUP RESULTS

Revenue of the Group for the Financial Year amounted to approximately HK\$10.1 million, representing an approximately 60.55% decrease from the Previous Financial Year of approximately HK\$25.5 million. Loss attributable to the owners of the Company for the Financial Year was approximately HK\$72.8 million, representing a reduction of loss as compared to a loss of approximately HK\$123.9 million in the Previous Financial Year.

BUSINESS REVIEW

Provision of genetic testing services

Since 13 December 2010, the Group has obtained the permanent exclusive distribution rights for genetic testing services in the regions of the PRC, Hong Kong and Macau, the permanent nonexclusive distribution rights for genetic testing services in other regions, and the right of use of certain logos on genetic testing services distributed by the Group.

On 3 May 2011, in view of the significant decrease in revenue generated by the distributors under the franchise agreements, and in order to manage the distribution channels more effectively and to achieve higher profit margin through lower selling expenses, the Group entered into the termination agreements with relevant distributors and terminated the said franchise agreements with effect from the same date.

The Group adjusted its operating direction (transformation) at the beginning of the Previous Financial Year by dedicating its sales efforts towards professional channels, mainly hospitals and health centres, in lieu of the general public and during the second half of the Financial Year, the Group has begun establishing a new genetic testing centre, intended to focus on cellular and molecular genetic clinical testing, in Shanghai.

For the Financial Year, the revenue arising from the provision of genetic testing services decreased from approximately HK\$22.6 million in the Previous Financial Year to approximately HK\$4.6 million. Genetic testing sales to the public have decreased significantly largely due to the restructuring of the sales force, new management and new sales and marketing strategies.

集團業績

本集團於本財政年度之收益約為10,100,000港 元,較去年財政年度(約25,500,000港元)減少 約60.55%。本公司擁有人應佔本財政年度虧損 約為72,800,000港元,虧損較去年財政年度虧 損約123,900,000港元有所減少。

業務回顧 提供基因測試服務

從二零一零年十二月十三日起,本集團擁有在中 國、香港及澳門地區永久獨家分銷基因測試服務 之權利、在其他地區之永久非獨家分銷基因測試 服務之權利以及就本集團分銷基因測試服務使用 若干標誌之權利。

鑑於根據加盟協議之分銷商產生之收益顯著下 降,並為更有效地管理分銷渠道及通過降低銷售 開支以實現更高的利潤率,於二零一一年五月三 日,本集團與相關分銷商訂立終止協議,終止上 述加盟協議,自同日起開始生效。

本集團於去年財政年度初改變經營方向(轉型), 從以前針對大眾銷售轉為針對專業渠道(主要是 醫院及保健院等)銷售。於本財政年度下半年, 本集團於上海開始設立新基因測試中心,其擬專 注發展細胞及分子基因臨床測試。

於本財政年度,來自提供基因測試服務之收益 從去年財政年度約22,600,000港元,減少至約 4,600,000港元。針對大眾之基因測試銷售額大 幅減少,主要由於銷售團隊重組、新管理層上場 及採納全新銷售和營銷策略所致。

The Board held a conservative and prudent view regarding the future performance of this business in view of the high uncertainties and risks of the new sales and marketing strategies adopted. After independent assessment of the value in use of the intangible asset relating to the permanent exclusive and nonexclusive rights for the provision of genetic testing services, the Group made an impairment loss on the intangible asset for approximately HK\$2.0 million. 鑑於所採納之新銷售及營銷策略不明朗因數及風 險眾多,董事會對於此業務的未來表現持保守及 審慎的看法。自獨立評估有關永久獨家及非獨家 提供基因測試服務之權利的無形資產使用價值 後,本集團作出無形資產減值虧損,總金額約為 2,000,000港元。

Distribution of bio-industrial products

The Group has obtained the exclusive distribution rights for the distribution of bone chips and bone fat in the PRC for a period of 5 years from 1 January 2010, which would be automatically renewed for another ten years subject to no objection raised by either party on or before 31 December 2014.

During the Financial Year, revenue of the distribution of bioindustrial products significantly decreased to nil revenue from approximately HK\$1.0 million in the Previous Financial Year. Due to continuing unsatisfactory business performance and a further independent assessment of the value in use of the intangible asset and goodwill relating to the exclusive distribution rights of the bio-industrial products business, the Group further impaired the intangible asset for a total amount of approximately HK\$0.3 million.

分銷生物產業產品

本集團已擁有自二零一零年一月一日起為期五年 在中國分銷骨粒及骨油之獨家分銷權利,並可在 任何一方於二零一四年十二月三十一日或之前無 異議之情況下自動續期十年。

於本財政年度,分銷生物產業產品之收益從去年 財政年度約1,000,000港元大幅下跌至零收益。 由於有關業務表現持續不濟,加上經進一步獨立 評估有關生物產業產品業務之獨家分銷權的無形 資產及商譽使用價值後,本集團進一步就無形資 產作出減值,總金額約為300,000港元。

Provision of health care management services

The Group's health care management centre (the "Health Care Centre") consists of United Gene (Shanghai) Health Care Centre, which commenced business in late 2011, and Outpatient Department Longquan, which commenced business in early 2013, and serves as a high-end health care management and service centre with genome technology as its competitive edge. The operation of the Health Care Centre adopts the "4P medical services model" which refers to predictive, preventive, personalised and participatory medical services. The Group also extends its services to set up an individualized comprehensive and lifelong health service model. The Group researches, develops and provides further health care management services, including (i) the provision of health care management services, consisting of meridian conditioning, acupuncture, cupping and Chinese medicine treatment consultancy; (ii) the provision of exercise physiology treatment consultancy; (iii) the provision of physiotherapy and oxygen therapy treatment consultancy; (iv) the provision of psychology treatment consultancy; (v) the testing of nutrition and metabolism and provision of treatment consultancy; (vi) the provision of diet treatment; and (vii) the testing for gene mutation. The Health Care Centre cooperates with a number of hospitals in Shanghai in respect of health care management services.

For the Financial Year, revenue for the provision of health care management services increased to HK\$2.3 million, from HK\$1.8 million in the Previous Financial Year. Due to persistently weak consumer sentiment and insufficient time to market and gain public awareness of the new health management concept focusing on preventive care rather than curative care, the Health Care Centre suffered an operating loss of approximately of HK\$41.5 million (2012: HK\$22.9 million).

The Board held a conservative and prudent view regarding the future performance of this business in view of the high uncertainties and risks of the new sales and marketing strategies adopted. After independent assessment of the value in use of the intangible assets and property, plant and equipment related to the provision of health care management services, the Group made an impairment loss on the intangible asset for approximately HK\$4.5 million and the tangible assets for approximately HK\$16.5 million.

提供健康管理服務

本集團健康管理中心(「健康中心」)由於二零一一 年年底開業之聯合基因(上海)健康中心,以及於 二零一三年初開業之龍冠門診部組成,為一家以 基因組技術為競爭優勢之高端健康管理及服務中 心。健康中心之經營採納「4P醫療服務模式」, 意指預測性(Predictive)、預防性(Preventive)、 個人化(Personalised)及參與性(Participatory)醫 療服務。本集團更拓展其服務以設立一套個人化 之全面及終身之健康服務模式。本集團研發和提 供進一步的健康管理服務,包括(i)提供健康管理 服務,包括經絡調理、針灸、拔罐及中藥治療顧 問諮詢服務;(ii)提供運動生理學治療顧問諮詢服 務;(iii)提供理療和氧療法治療服務;(iv)提供心 理治療諮詢服務;(v)測試營養和代謝水平及提供 治療諮詢;(vi)提供飲食治療;及(vii)基因突變檢 測。健康中心與上海市多間醫院合作提供健康管 理服務。

於本財政年度,提供健康管理服務之收益由去 年財政年度1,800,000港元,增加至2,300,000 港元。由於消費意欲持續疲弱,加上未有充足 時間推廣及喚起公眾關注著重預防護理(而非治 療護理)的嶄新健康管理概念,因此健康中心錄 得經營虧損約41,500,000港元(二零一二年: 22,900,000港元)。

鑑於所採納之新銷售及營銷策略不明朗因數及風 險眾多,董事會對於此業務的未來表現持保守及 審慎的看法。自獨立評估與提供健康管理服務有 關之無形資產及物業、廠房及設備之使用價值 後,本集團作出無形資產及有形資產減值虧損分 別約4,500,000港元及約16,500,000港元。

Trading of beauty products

The Group commenced trading of beauty equipment and products in 2013. Revenue from trading was approximately HK\$3.2 million (2012: nil) and the operating margin was approximately 1.32%.

Securities investment

The Group recognized its investment activities as a business segment in 2013. Revenue from bond interest income was approximately HK\$4.6 million (2012: HK\$3.9 million) and operating profit was approximately HK\$4.6 million (2012: HK\$4.6 million).

PROSPECTS

Provision of genetic testing services

Due to market changes and new long-term development plans, the Group adjusted its operating direction (transformation) at the beginning of the Previous Financial Year by dedicating its sales efforts towards professional channels, mainly hospitals and health centres, in lieu of the general public.

The adjustment in business strategy was mainly due to (1) public consumers having insufficient understanding towards the actual purpose of genetic testing, which led to the slowdown in the sales of the corresponding market division, and (2) the accommodation of state policies and strategic development of the Group as a whole. After thorough market research, analysis of national policies as well as of the market, the management of the Group expects that the Ministry of Health of the PRC will gradually be more open to genetic testing projects in hospitals, and has therefore adjusted its operation strategy. Since 2012, departments including the National Development and Reform Commission and the Ministry of Health have listed genetic testing in the catalogue of charged hospital examination items. The Group has also adjusted its operation strategy by shifting its focus of sales efforts from the general public to professional channels, mainly hospitals and health centres, in an attempt to sell more diversified and targeted genetic testing products, such as drug sensitivity testing, diagnosis and hereditary disease screening, and strengthen its sales in professional channels.

買賣美容產品

本集團於二零一三年開展美容設備及美容產品貿 易業務。貿易所得收益約為3,200,000港元(二零 一二年:無),而經營毛利率約為1.32%。

證券投資

本集團於二零一三年確認其投資活動為業務分部。來自債券利息收入之收益約為4,600,000港元(二零一二年:3,900,000港元),而經營溢利約為4,600,000港元(二零一二年:4,600,000港元)。

前景 提供基因測試服務

基於市場的變化及為本集團制定的嶄新長久發展 規劃,本集團於去年財政年度初改變經營方向 (轉型),從以前針對大眾銷售轉為針對專業渠道 (主要是醫院及保健院等)銷售。

作出經營策略調整主要是由於(1)大眾客戶對基 因檢測的實際意義認知不足,以致這部份的市場 分層銷售逐漸放緩,以及(2)配合國家政策及本 集團整體發展策略所致。本集團的管理層經過深 入的市場調查和國家政策及市場分析後,預期中 國衛生部將對醫院逐步放開基因檢測項目,故對 經營策略作出調整。國家發展和改革委員會、衛 生部等部門於二零一二年開始將基因檢測列入醫 院檢查收費目錄。本集團亦同時調整經營策略, 將銷售重點對象由大眾轉為專業渠道(主要是醫 院及保健院等),藉以銷售更多樣化及具針對性 的基因檢測產品,例如藥物敏感性檢測、診斷及 遺傳性疾病篩查等,以加強專業渠道之銷售。

The Group obtained a national medical license at the end of 2012 with relevant qualifications for providing medical checkup. The management expects that this will improve the Group's presence. Moreover, the Group has conducted an internal personnel restructure and recruited new staff with many years of relevant sales experience with PRC medical institutions. Currently, the sales operation of our genetic testing service is still undergoing adjustment. The management believes that the sales in professional channels are stable and sustainable, and that both the necessity and professional credibility of the genetic testing products needed in these channels will increase significantly after gaining consumer awareness. The management is confident that the sales of genetic testing products will survive the trough in the Previous Financial Year and will show gradual improvement.

Following the Financial Year (2013), the Group has fulfilled and satisfied preliminary government criteria to set up a diagnostic centre in Shanghai. The number of diagnostic centres is strictly controlled by the PRC government which limits competition. The management expects that the establishment of a government sanctioned diagnostic centre will improve the Group's reputation, providing a synergy effect for genetic testing sales in its professional channels.

Distribution of bio-industrial products

In December 2010, CNL (Pinghu) Biotech Co. Ltd. ("CNL (Pinghu)") commenced the construction of the production plant, research and development workshop and office in Pinghu, the PRC.

本集團於二零一二年底已取得國家醫療執照,具 備提供醫療體檢服務之相關專業資格,管理層預 計藉此有助提升本集團認受性與知名度。另外, 本集團內部亦進行人事架構重組,而新招聘員工 擁有多年於內地醫療機構的相關銷售經驗。目 前,基因檢測服務銷售業務仍處於調整階段。管 理層相信在專業渠道之銷售具有穩定及持續增長 之特點,而於此等渠道所需之基因檢測產品之必 需性、專業可信度於獲得消費者認知後均能顯著 增強。管理層有信心基因檢測產品之銷售能走過 去年財政年度之低谷,稍後將再逐步上升。

本財政年度(二零一三年)後,本集團已達成及 滿足初步政府標準,於上海開設一間醫療診斷中 心。由於中國政府嚴格規管醫療診斷中心數目, 因此業內競爭有限。管理層預計,經政府許可設 立醫療診斷中心後,本集團聲譽將得以提升,可 望為其針對專業渠道之基因測試銷售業務,帶來 協同效益。

分銷生物產業產品

於二零一零年十二月,中荷(平湖)生物技術有限 公司(「中荷(平湖)」)已開始在中國平湖建設生產 廠房、研發實驗室及辦公室。

CNL (Pinghu) has been under litigation since April 2012. An appeal was lodged by a constructor and it is expected that a final verdict will be reached in the next few years. As its plants are unlawfully occupied by the constructor, the production and launching schedules of products have been delayed. The Group is actively engaged in resolving this matter in court, with a view to commence production as soon as possible. The Group will continue to explore other opportunities for further growth through strategic cooperation with world leading biotechnology enterprises, whether in the aspects of business, product or technology. The Group strives to build a sound product portfolio which offers high profitability potential.

Provision of health care management services

After establishing the Health Care Centre, the Group strengthened its marketing and promotion plans for the membership services and benefits.

As the first professional comprehensive health care management services provider focused on genetic testing in the PRC, the health care management services provided by the Health Care Centre is expected to satisfy the current supply gap in high-end and personalised health care management services in the PRC. The professional medical team and outpatient department under the Health Care Centre are committed to providing high-end, quality and customized services such as physical examination services, professional genetic testing analysis, recuperation with Chinese medicine and guidance in sports rehabilitation. The health care centre obtained a medical license in 2012 and commenced operations of Longguan Outpatient Department in 2013, further expanding its product portfolio and strengthening its marketing and promotion channels. It is expected that the revenue of the Health Care Centre will gradually stabilize and improve. 中荷(平湖)自二零一二年四月以來進行官司訴 訟。一名建築商提出上訴,預期於數年內會作出 最終判決。由於廠房被建築方非法佔領,產品投 入生產及推出市場之計劃已被推遲。本集團現時 正積極循法律途徑解決上述問題,務求盡快投入 生產。無論在其業務、產品或技術方面,本集團 將通過與世界領先的生物技術企業之戰略合作, 繼續探索進一步發展之機遇,並致力建立一個具 有高盈利潛力的完善產品組合。

提供健康管理服務

本集團成立健康中心後,已加強了會員服務及會 員福利之銷售及推廣計劃。

作為中國第一家以基因檢測為主導提供全面健康 管理服務之專業機構,健康中心提供之健康管理 服務預期可填補現時中國國內對高端及個人化之 健康管理服務供應之缺口,健康中心擁有專業之 醫療團隊及門診部,致力提供高端、優質及度身 訂造之體檢服務、基因檢測專業分析、中醫調理 及運動康復指導等。健康中心於二零一二年獲得 醫療執照,並於二零一三年開展龍冠門診部之營 運,因而進一步擴展產品組合,市場推廣渠道亦 有所強化,預期健康中心之收益將逐步平穩及增 長。

Furthermore, human resources was strengthened to improve operating efficiency and the scale of operations. The management expects that these human capital improvements, combined with the Health Care Centre's marketing efforts, will lead to greater revenue.

Trading of beauty products

The management expects that the demand of beauty products in the Asia Pacific region will continue to increase as rising GDP and average income in most developing countries in Asia will enable customers to spend more on such products. Looking forward, the Group will explore higher margin products and improve sales efforts to further the increase of revenues and profits.

Securities investment

The management expects the global economic outlook to improve in the future. The management will actively review the performance of the portfolio for greater portfolio revenue and profits for the company.

Apart from developing the aforementioned businesses, the Group will continue to proactively explore attractive investments in the PRC and globally with the aim of (i) developing new and existing businesses, and (ii) generating positive cash flow and earnings for the Group in the long-term, and does not exclude the possibility of disposing of underperforming businesses. In the meantime, the Group may, if necessary, conduct various fund-raising activities to strengthen the capital base of the Company. 與此同時,人力資源已有所改進,以改善營運效 率及業務規模。管理層預期,人力資源改善,配 合健康中心的營銷措施,將有助提升收入。

美容產品貿易

隨著亞洲大部份發展中國家的國民生產總值及平 均收入攀升,令客戶可以花費更多金錢於美容產 品之上,管理層預期,亞太地區的美容產品需求 將持續上升。展望將來,本集團將開發高利潤產 品,並加強銷售力度,以進一步提升收入及溢 利。

證券投資

本公司管理層預期,全球經濟前景有望於日後得 以改善。管理層將積極檢討組合表現,以帶動本 公司的組合收入及溢利增長。

除了發展上述業務外,本集團將繼續在中國以至 於全球各地積極物色具吸引力的投資,藉以(i)發 展新業務及現有業務,及(ii)為本集團賺取長期正 面的現金流及盈利,以及不排除出售表現欠佳業 務之可能性。同時,本集團可能於需要時進行多 種資金籌集活動以加強本公司之資金基礎。

FINANCIAL REVIEW Capital structure

財務回顧 資本架構

		2013 二零一三年 HK\$′000 千港元	2012 二零一二年 HK\$'000 千港元
Authorized: 50,000,000,000 ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each	法定: 50,000,000,000股每股 面值0.01港元之普通股	500,000	500,000
lssued and fully paid: 840,693,024 ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each (30 June 2012: 12,164,508,062 ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each)	已發行及繳足: 840,693,024股每股 面值0.01港元之普通股 (二零一二年六月三十日: 12,164,508,062股 每股面值0.01港元之普通股)	8,407	121,645

As at 30 June 2013, total borrowings of the Group were approximately HK\$37.0 million (30 June 2012: HK\$11.0 million) which consisted of the debt value of the company's unconverted convertible bonds amounting to HK\$11.8 million and loans from non-controlling shareholders of a subsidiary of the Group, Longmark (Shanghai) HealthCare Limited ("Longmark (Shanghai)"), amounting to approximately HK\$25.2 million.

Liquidity and financial resources

As at 30 June 2013, the Group had bank and cash balances of approximately HK\$355.3 million (30 June 2012: approximately HK\$169.8 million).

The ratio of current assets to current liabilities of the Group was 7.74 as at 30 June 2013 compared to 15.74 as at 30 June 2012. The Group's gearing ratio as at 30 June 2013 was 0.13 (30 June 2012: 0.07) which is calculated based on the Group's total liabilities of approximately HK\$63.7 million (30 June 2012: approximately HK\$25.4 million) and the Group's total assets of approximately HK\$508.0 million (30 June 2012: approximately HK\$508.0 million).

During the Financial Year, the Group invested in financial assets, consisting of time deposits and listed bonds that can be readily converted to cash at any time, with an aim to increase surplus cash. The Group places importance on security, short-term commitment and availability of the surplus cash and cash equivalents.

於二零一三年六月三十日,本集團之總借貸約 為37,000,000港元(二零一二年六月三十日: 11,000,000港元),包括本公司未轉換可換股 債券之債務價值達11,800,000港元及來自本 集團之附屬公司龍脈(上海)健康管理服務有 限公司(「龍脈(上海)」)非控股股東之貸款約 25,200,000港元。

流動資金及財務資源

於二零一三年六月三十日,本集團之銀行及現 金結餘約為355,300,000港元(二零一二年六月 三十日:約169,800,000港元)。

本集團於二零一三年六月三十日之流動資產對 流動負債之比率為7.74,而於二零一二年六月 三十日則為15.74。本集團於二零一三年六月 三十日之資本負債比率為0.13(二零一二年六月 三十日:0.07),而該項比率乃根據本集團之負 債總額約63,700,000港元(二零一二年六月三十 日:約25,400,000港元)及本集團之資產總值約 508,000,000港元(二零一二年六月三十日:約 356,000,000港元)計算。

在本財政年度內,本集團已投資於金融資產,旨 在增加盈餘現金。此金融資產包括定期存款和能 隨時轉換為現金之上市債券。本集團重視盈餘現 金及現金等價物之安全、短期承諾和可用性。

Significant investments, acquisition and disposals

On 27 April 2013 (after trading hours), the Company, as purchaser, and Dr. Mao Yumin ("Dr. Mao") and JNJ Investments Limited ("JNJ"), as vendors, entered into a conditional sale and purchase agreement dated 27 April 2013 (as supplemented and amended by a supplemental agreement dated 7 May 2013 and a second supplemental agreement dated 30 August 2013), pursuant to which the Company has conditionally agreed to acquire and (i) JNJ and Dr. Mao have conditionally agreed to sell 450,000,000 shares of Extrawell Pharmaceutical Holdings Limited ("Extrawell") and convertible bonds in an aggregate principal amount of HK\$320,650,000, with conversion rights to convert into 500,000,000 shares of Extrawell at initial conversion price of HK\$0.6413 per share (subject to adjustments), issued by Extrawell respectively for an aggregate consideration of HK\$608,000,000; and (ii) Dr. Mao has conditionally agreed to sell the convertible bonds in an aggregate principal amount up to HK\$256,520,000 (the sum of the four batches), with conversion rights to convert into 400,000,000 shares of Extrawell at initial conversion price of HK\$0.6413 per share (subject to adjustments), issued by Extrawell at an aggregate consideration of up to a maximum of HK\$256,000,000, in four batches.

Dr. Mao is a connected person of the Company by virtue of being a controlling shareholder of the Company. JNJ is a connected person of the Company by virtue of its beneficial owner, being Dr. Mao. As such, the transactions constitute connected transactions of the Company under rule 14A.13(1)(a) of the Listing Rules and shall be aggregated pursuant to Rule 14A.25 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities (the "Listing Rules") on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange").

As at 30 September 2013, the said sale and purchase agreement has not yet completed and is subject to the shareholder approval that will be voted upon at the special general meeting of the Company to be held on 18 October 2013.

重大投資、收購及出售

於二零一三年四月二十十日(交易時段後),本 公司(為買方)及毛裕民博士(「毛博士」)及JNJ Investments Limited (「JNJ」)(為賣方)訂立 有條件買賣協議(日期為二零一三年四月二十七 日)(經二零一三年五月七日的補充協議及二零 一三年八月三十日的第二份補充協議補充及修 訂),據此,本公司有條件同意收購而(i) JNJ及 毛博士有條件同意出售精優藥業控股有限公司 (「精優」) 450,000,000股股份,及本金總額為 320.650.000港元之可換股債券,附有轉換權可 按最初轉換價每股0.6413港元(可予調整)兑換 為500,000,000股精優股份,分別由精優發行, 總代價為608,000,000港元;及(ii)毛博士有條件 同意出售本金總額最高為256,520,000港元(四 批之總金額)之可換股債券,附有轉換權可分四 批按最初轉換價每股0.6413港元(可予調整)兑 換為精優發行之400,000,000股精優股份,總代 價最多為256,000,000港元。

毛博士為本公司控股股東,故彼為本公司之關 連人士。JNJ為毛博士實益擁有,故為本公司之 關連人士。因此,根據上市規則第14A.13(1)(a) 條,該等交易構成本公司之關連交易,並根據香 港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)證券上市規則 (「上市規則」)第14A.25條彙總計算。

於二零一三年九月三十日,上述買賣協議尚未完成,並須待股東於本公司將於二零一三年十月 十八日舉行之股東特別大會上投票批准後,方可 落實。

On 25 April 2013, 東龍脈(上海)健康管理服務有限公司, an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, and 龍脈(上海)健康管 理服務有限公司 ("Longmark (Shanghai)"), an indirect non-whollyowned subsidiary of the Company, and 吉林精優長白山藥業有限 公司, an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of Extrawell, entered into a conditional injection of capital agreement (the "Injection Agreement 1") with Dr. Xie Yi ("Dr. Xie"), who is a beneficial owner of a controlling shareholder of the Company as at the date of the Injection Agreement 1. Pursuant to the Injection Agreement 1, Dr. Xie agreed to inject approximately RMB7.5 million by cash for 37.47% of the registered capital of Longmark (Shanghai) as enlarged after such injection of capital (the "Injection of Capital"), on or before 30 May 2014. The Injection of Capital constitutes a deemed disposal by the Group of 29.98% equity interest of Longmark (Shanghai) within the meaning of Rule 14.29 of the Listing Rules. The completion of the Injection Agreement 1 took place in August 2013. Since Dr. Xie is a controlling shareholder of the Company as at the date of the Injection Agreement 1, he is a connected person of the Company and the entering into the Injection Agreement 1 constitutes a connected transaction of the Company under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

Save as disclosed above, the Group had no other significant investments, nor had it made any material acquisition or disposal of the Group's companies or associated companies during the Financial Year.

Charges on the Group's assets

As at 30 June 2013, the Group and the Company did not have any charges on its assets (30 June 2012: nil).

Contingent liabilities

The Directors were not aware of any significant contingent liabilities of the Group and the Company as at 30 June 2013 (30 June 2012: nil).

Litigation

Litigation of the Group and the Company as at 30 June 2013 are set out in note 30 to the consolidated financial statements.

Commitments

Commitments of the Group and the Company as at 30 June 2013 are set out in note 31 to the consolidated financial statements.

於二零一三年四月二十五日,本公司間接全資附 屬公司東龍脈(上海)健康管理服務有限公司、龍 脈(上海)健康管理服務有限公司(「龍脈(上海)」) (本公司間接非全資附屬公司)及吉林精優長白山 藥業有限公司(精優之間接全資附屬公司)與謝毅 博士(「謝博士」)訂立有條件注資協議(「注資協議 一」)。謝博士為本公司於注資協議一日期之控股 股東之實益擁有人。根據注資協議一,謝博士同 意於二零一四年五月三十日或之前注入現金約人 民幣7,500,000元,作為龍脈(上海)經有關注資 (「注資」)擴大後之37.47%註冊資本。根據上市 規則第14.29條所界定,注資構成本集團視為出 售其於龍脈(上海)之29.98%股權。注資協議一 已於二零一三年八月完成。根據上市規則第14A 章,由於謝博士於注資協議一日期為本公司之控 股股東,並為本公司關連人士,訂立注資協議一 構成本公司之一項關連交易。

除上文披露者外,本財政年度內,本集團並無其 他重大投資、作出任何重大收購或出售本集團公 司或關連公司之行為。

本集團資產抵押

於二零一三年六月三十日,本集團及本公司並無 任何資產抵押(二零一二年六月三十日:無)。

或然負債

董事並不知悉本集團及本公司於二零一三年六 月三十日有任何重大或然負債(二零一二年六月 三十日:無)。

訴訟

本集團及本公司於二零一三年六月三十日之訴訟 載於綜合財務報表附註30。

承擔

本集團及本公司於二零一三年六月三十日之承擔 載於綜合財務報表附註31。

> **聯合基因科技集團有限公司** 一零一三年年報

Foreign exchange exposure

The monetary assets and liabilities and businesses of the Group are mainly carried out and conducted in Hong Kong dollars, Renminbi ("RMB") and United States Dollars. The Group maintains a prudent strategy in its foreign exchange risk management, hedging foreign exchange risks by balancing the foreign currency monetary assets against foreign currency monetary liabilities, and foreign currency revenue against foreign currency expenditure. The Group monitors its foreign currency exposure closely and considers hedging foreign currency exposure when the need arises.

Number and remuneration of employees

As at 30 June 2013, the Group had 165 (30 June 2012: 218) fulltime employees, most of whom were working in the Company's subsidiaries in the PRC. It is the Group's policy that remuneration of the employees, including the Directors, is in line with the market and commensurate with responsibilities. Discretionary yearend bonuses are payable to the employees based on individual performance. Other employee benefits include medical insurance, retirement schemes, training programmes and education subsidies. Total staff costs including Directors' remuneration for the Financial Year amounted to approximately HK\$18.7 million (2012: approximately HK\$20.0 million, inclusive of approximately HK\$1.1 million staff costs capitalized in the research and development costs).

Segment information

Details of the segment information are set out in note 6 to the financial statements.

Lee Nga Yan Executive Director

Hong Kong, 30 September 2013

外匯風險

本集團之貨幣資產及負債以及業務主要以港元、 人民幣(「人民幣」)及美元進行。本集團對其外 匯風險管理維持審慎策略,並透過平衡外幣資產 與外幣負債以及外幣收益與外幣開支對沖外匯風 險。本集團密切監察外幣風險,並將於有需要時 考慮對沖外幣之風險。

僱員人數及薪酬

於二零一三年六月三十日,本集團有165(二零 一二年六月三十日:218)名全職僱員,大部份均 任職本公司於中國之附屬公司。本集團之政策乃 維持僱員(包括董事)之薪酬與市場一致,並與職 責相符。酌情年終花紅乃根據個人表現而向僱員 支付。其他僱員福利包括醫療保險、退休計劃、 培訓課程及教育資助。於本財政年度之員工總 成本(包括董事酬金)約為18,700,000港元(二零 一二年:約20,000,000港元,包括約1,100,000 港元員工成本已資本化於研究及開發成本中)。

分部資料 分部資料詳情載於財務報表附註6。

李雅欣 執行董事

香港,二零一三年九月三十日

MANAGEMENT PROFILE 管理層履歷

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Ms. Lee Nga Yan, aged 34, has been appointed as an executive Director with effect from 8 June 2011. Ms. Lee graduated from The Chinese University of Hong Kong in 2009 with a master's degree in business administration, majoring in finance. She also serves as a director of United Win Private Equity Management Limited, a healthcare and pharmaceutical investment management company which is substantially owned by Dr. Mao indirectly. Prior to joining the Company, Ms. Lee worked in the healthcare sector for the years from 2004 to 2007. Ms. Lee has extensive experience in the healthcare sector, particularly with respect to clinical consultancy, client management, operation and strategy execution.

Dr. Guo Yi, aged 32, was appointed as a non-executive Director of the Company in 8 June 2011 and has been re-designated as an executive Director with effect from 27 April 2012. He obtained a bachelor's degree in science, majoring in biology and a doctorate degree in science, majoring in genetics from the School of Life Sciences of Fudan University in 2003 and 2011 respectively. Since 2009, he has served as an assistant to the president of the group companies of United Gene Holdings Limited, a corporation owned by Dr. Mao and is in interest of the Company. Dr. Guo has extensive knowledge in the field of genetics. He was appointed as the director of 龍脈(上海)健康管理服務有限公司, an indirectly owned subsidiary of the Company, on 6 December 2011.

NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Ms. Jiang Nian, aged 59, has been appointed as a non-executive Director and chairman of the Company with effect from 21 December 2010 and 10 June 2011 respectively. Ms. Jiang graduated from 安徽廣播電視大學省直分校專科(Junior College, Provincial Campus of Anhui Radio and Television University) in August 1986, majoring in Chinese Language and Literature. Ms. Jiang was the Associate Dean of the School of Life Sciences of Fudan University from June 2003 to April 2010. To the Company's best knowledge, she also serves as an authorized representative of 聯合基因生物醫葯有限公司(United Gene Biomedical Limited). She has extensive experience in general administrative management particularly in the field of genomic research.

執行董事

李雅欣小姐,34歲,自二零一一年六月八日起 已獲委任為執行董事。二零零九年李小姐畢業於 香港中文大學,取得工商管理碩士學位,主修財 務。彼亦擔任聯盈股權投資管理有限公司(一間 醫療及醫藥投資管理公司)之董事,此公司主要 由毛博士間接擁有。加入本公司之前,李小姐於 二零零四年至二零零七年期間曾任職於醫療行 業。李小姐於醫療行業擁有廣泛經驗,特別於臨 床諮詢、客戶管理、營運及策略執行方面。

郭懿博士,32歲,自二零一一年六月八日起已 獲委任為本公司非執行董事,並自二零一二年四 月二十七日起已獲調任為執行董事。彼分別於二 零零三年及二零一一年取得復旦大學生命科學學 院理學學士學位(主修生物科學)及理學博士學位 (主修遺傳學)。彼從二零零九年起於由毛博士所 擁有以及持有本公司權益之聯合基因科技有限公 司之集團公司任職總裁助理。郭博士於基因行業 擁有廣泛經驗。彼於二零一一年十二月六日獲委 任為本公司之間接附屬公司龍脈(上海)健康管理 服務有限公司之董事。

非執行董事

蔣年女士,59歲,分別自二零一零年十二月 二十一日起及自二零一一年六月十日起已獲委 任為非執行董事及本公司之主席。蔣女士於 一九八六年八月畢業於安徽廣播電視大學省直分 校漢語語言文學專科。蔣女士從二零零三年六月 至二零一零年四月曾任復旦大學生命科學學院副 院長。據本公司知悉,彼亦擔任聯合基因生物醫 葯有限公司之授權代表。彼於一般行政管理方面 擁有豐富經驗,特別是在基因組學研究領域上。

MANAGEMENT PROFILE 管理層履歷

Ms. Xiao Yan, aged 34, has been appointed as a non-executive Director with effect from 22 May 2012. Ms. Xiao graduated from the Shanghai University of Finance and Economics with a bachelor's degree in Accounting in 2007. Ms. Xiao has served as an administrative manager of the chief executive, Dr. Xie, in 聯合 基因科技有限公司(United Gene Technology Holdings Limited) since 2002. Ms. Xiao has extensive experience in medical services and general administration. On 1 December 2011, she was appointed as the finance manager of 中荷(平湖)生物技術有限公司(CNL (Pinghu)), which is an indirectly owned subsidiary of the Company.

Ms. Wu Yanmin, aged 36, has been appointed as a non-executive Director with effect from 8 June 2011. Ms. Wu graduated from the School of Life Sciences, Shanghai University in 1999 with a bachelor's degree in biochemistry. Ms. Wu joined 聯合基因科技 有限公司(United Gene Technology Holdings Limited), a genetic engineering company substantially owned by Dr. Mao indirectly, in 2001 and was responsible for general administrative duties. Since 2006, Ms. Wu has served as an assistant to the chairman of United Gene Holdings Limited, and is responsible for assisting the chairman in handling various investment projects. Ms. Wu has extensive experience in general administrative and investment management.

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Ms. Chen Weijun, aged 55, has been appointed as an independent non-executive Director with effect from 6 November 2009 and is the chairman of the audit committee of the Company. Ms. Chen is currently the manager in the business department of Shanghai Ruihe Certified Public Accountants Co., Ltd. She was formerly the finance supervisor of the companies indirectly owned by Dr. Mao from April 2001 to June 2003. She graduated from the Chinese Communist Party Central Party College and has been a registered accountant in the PRC since 2005. She has more than 30 years of experience in accounting, finance and audit services. **肖焱女士**,34歲,自二零一二年五月二十二日 起已獲委任為非執行董事。肖女士於二零零七年 畢業於上海財經大學,取得會計學士學位。肖女 士於二零零二年至今,擔任聯合基因科技有限公 司行政總裁謝博士之行政經理。肖女士於醫療服 務及一般行政方面擁有廣泛經驗。於二零一一年 十二月一日,彼獲委任為本公司之間接附屬公司 中荷(平湖)生物技術有限公司之財務經理。

鄔燕敏女士,36歲,自二零一一年六月八日起 已獲委任為非執行董事。鄔女士於一九九九年畢 業於上海大學生命科學學院,取得生物化學學士 學位。鄔女士於二零零一年加入聯合基因科技有 限公司負責一般行政工作,此公司為一間基因科 技公司,其股權主要由毛博士間接擁有。從二零 零六年開始,鄔女士擔任聯合基因科技有限公司 之董事長助理及負責協助董事長處理各類投資項 目。鄔女士於一般行政及投資管理方面擁有廣泛 經驗。

獨立非執行董事

陳偉君女士,55歲,自二零零九年十一月六日 起已獲委任為獨立非執行董事,兼為本公司審核 委員會主席。陳女士現為上海瑞和會計師事務所 有限公司業務部經理。彼於二零零一年四月至二 零零三年六月曾為毛博士間接擁有之公司之前任 財務主管。彼畢業於中國共產黨中央黨校並自二 零零五年起為中國註冊會計師。彼於會計、財務 及核數服務方面擁有逾30年經驗。

MANAGEMENT PROFILE 管理層履歷

Dr. Zhang Zhihong, aged 73, has been appointed as an independent non-executive Director and is a member of the audit committee of the Company with effect from 8 June 2011. Dr. Zhang graduated from Fudan University majoring in biophysics in 1963 and obtained a doctorate degree in science from Kyoto University, Japan in 1988. From 1990 to 1991, Dr. Zhang was a senior visiting fellow at the medical school of Harvard University in the United States of America. From 1986 to 2000, Dr. Zhang undertook various senior positions at Fudan University, including the officer of the Department of Physiology and Biophysics and the associate dean of the School of Life Sciences. Dr. Zhang was the deputy chairman of the Biophysical Society of China from 1994 to 2002 and the chairman of the Shanghai Society of Biophysics from 2000 to 2008. Dr. Zhang has extensive knowledge and is highly regarded in the field of biophysics and physiology in China.

Mr. Wang Rongliang, aged 64, has been appointed as an independent non-executive Director with effect from 8 June 2011 and is a member of the audit committee of the Company. Mr. Wang graduated from 上海市商業一局職工大學 (Shanghai First Commercial Bureau Staff College) majoring in business and economics. He acted as a deputy manager of 上海七百集團廣告有限公司 (Shanghai 700 Group Advertising Company Limited) from 1996 to 2005. Mr. Wang has extensive experience in operation and administrative management.

MANAGEMENT

Mr. Poon Hon Yin, aged 47, has been appointed as the company secretary, financial controller and an authorised representative of the Company with effect from 14 May 2013. Mr. Poon is qualified as a Certified Public Accountant registered with the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and is also a fellow member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants. Mr. Poon has been a managing director of Probiz CPA Limited since 2006.

張志鴻博士,73歲,自二零一一年六月八日起 已獲委任為獨立非執行董事及本公司審核委員會 成員。張博士於一九六三年畢業於復旦大學,主 修生物物理學,並於一九八八年取得日本京都大 學理學博士學位。從一九九零年至一九九一年, 張博士為美國哈佛醫學院高級訪問學者。張博士 從一九八六年至二零零零年期間為復旦大學擔任 不同高級職位,包括生理學與生物物理系主任及 生命科學學院副院長。張博士於一九九四年至二 零零二年曾為中國生物物理學會副理事長,及於 二零零零年至二零零八年曾為上海生物物理學會 理事長。張博士於中國生物物理學和生理學界擁 有豐富知識,並受到很高的評價。

王榮樑先生,64歲,自二零一一年六月八日起 已獲委任為獨立非執行董事,並為本公司審核委 員會成員。王先生畢業於上海市商業一局職工大 學,主修商業及經濟。彼從一九九六年至二零零 五年曾為上海七百集團廣告有限公司之常務副經 理。王先生於營運及行政管理方面擁有廣泛經 驗。

管理層

潘漢彥先生,47歲,自二零一三年五月十四日 起已獲委任為本公司之公司秘書、財務總監及授 權代表。潘先生為香港會計師公會註冊執業會計 師,亦為英國特許公認會計師公會之資深會員。 潘先生自二零零六年起為溥思執業會計師有限公 司之董事總經理。

EXTERNAL CONSULTANT PROFILE 外聘顧問履歷

RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT

Dr. Mao Yumin, aged 61, has been engaged as the chief scientific adviser and honorary chairman of the Company since 1 September 2010, responsible for providing advisory and consultancy services to the Group in relation to the research and development of its gene-testing products and other scientific technologies. Dr. Mao is a ultimate controlling shareholder of the Company. He was a member of the Consultant Committee of Fudan University, the dean of the School of Life Sciences and Institute of Genetics of Fudan University, and the director of State Key Laboratory of Genetic Engineering in Fudan University. Dr. Mao's main area of research focuses on biological and genetic engineering. Dr. Mao has accumulated extensive experiences in operations in the genomic research based industry. Dr. Mao is the chairman and an executive director of Extrawell Pharmaceutical Holdings Limited (stock code: 858), a company listed on the Stock Exchange, since April 2002.

研究及開發

毛裕民博士,61歲,自二零一零年九月一日起 已獲聘任為本公司之首席科學顧問及名譽主席, 負責向本集團提供與其基因檢測產品及其他科學 技術的研究及開發有關之諮詢及顧問服務。毛博 士是本公司之最終控股股東。彼曾任復旦大學校 務委員會委員、復旦大學遺傳工程國家重點實驗室 主任。毛博士的主要研究領域集中於生物及遺傳 基因工程上。毛博士在研究基因工程產業的營運 上積累了許多廣泛經驗。毛博士自二零零二年四 月起為於聯交所上市之精優藥業控股有限公司 (股份代號:858)之主席及執行董事。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

The Company has adopted and complied with all the code provisions as set out in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules (the "Code") (and the new code provisions since 1 April 2012 when the amendments to the Code become effective) on the Stock Exchange for the Financial Year, except for the deviations discussed below.

DIRECTORS' SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") as set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules as the code of conduct regarding Directors' securities transactions. All Directors have confirmed that they have fully complied with the Model Code throughout the Financial Year. No incident of non-compliance was noted by the Company in the Financial Year.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The composition of the Board during the Financial Year are set out below:

Executive Directors

Ms. Lee Nga Yan Dr. Guo Yi

Non-executive Directors

Ms. Jiang Nian *(Chairman)* Ms. Xiao Yan Ms. Wu Yanmin

Independent non-executive Directors

Ms. Chen Weijun Dr. Zhang Zhihong Mr. Wang Rongliang

Further details of the composition of the Board are set out in the section headed "Management Profile" on pages 17 to 19.

企業管治常規

於本財政年度,本公司已採納及遵守聯交所上市 規則附錄十四所載之一切守則條文(「守則」)(及 由二零一二年四月一日守則修訂生效起遵守新守 則條文),惟下文所述之偏離情況除外。

董事進行之證券交易

本公司已採納上市規則附錄十所載之上市發行人 董事進行證券交易的標準守則(「標準守則」)作 為董事進行證券交易之行為守則。全體董事已確 認,彼等於整個本財政年度已完全遵守標準守 則。於本財政年度,本公司沒有注意到有任何不 遵守此守則之事件。

董事會

本財政年度內,董事會組成載列如下:

執行董事 李雅欣小姐 郭懿博士

非執行董事

蔣年女士(*主席)* 肖焱女士 鄔燕敏女士

獨立非執行董事

陳偉君女士 張志鴻博士 王榮樑先生

董事會組成之更多詳情載於第17至第19頁「管理 層履歷」一節。



The Board considers the balance between executive Directors and non-executive Directors is adequate to safeguard the Shareholders' interests. Independent non-executive Directors can also provide the Group with diversified expertise and valuable experience. Their independent advice can bring independent judgment to the decision making of the Board and bring new ideas to the formulation of corporate strategy.

The Directors oversee the financial performance and formulate business strategies and determine the corporate governance policy of the Group, as well as discuss on any significant matters relating to the Group at the Board meetings. Daily operational matters are delegated to the management of the Group. During the Financial Year, the Board held twelve meetings. The attendance of each member at the Board meeting is set out as follows:

董事會認為執行董事及非執行董事之平衡足以保 障股東之利益。獨立非執行董事亦可為本集團提 供多樣化之專業知識及寶貴經驗。彼等之獨立建 議有助於董事會決策時作出獨立判斷,為企業策 略之制定帶來新思路。

董事負責監察本集團之財務業績及制定業務策略 及釐訂企業管治政策,並於董事會會議上商討任 何有關本集團之重大事宜。日常經營事務則委派 予本集團管理層負責。本財政年度內,董事會曾 舉行12次會議。各成員於董事會會議之出席記 錄載列如下:

		Meetings attended/
Directors		Total meetings as Directors
		出席會議次數/作為董事
董事		之會議總數
Executive Directors	執行董事	
Ms. Lee Nga Yan	李雅欣小姐	12/12
Dr. Guo Yi	郭懿博士	12/12
Non-executive Directors	非執行董事	
Ms. Jiang Nian <i>(Chairman)</i>	蔣年女士(主席)	12/12
Ms. Wu Yanmin	鄔燕敏女士	12/12
Ms. Xiao Yan	肖焱女士	10/12
Independent non-executive Directors	獨立非執行董事	
Ms. Chen Weijun	陳偉君女士	10/12
Dr. Zhang Zhihong	張志鴻博士	11/12
Mr. Wang Rongliang	王榮樑先生	12/12
Code provision A.2.1	守則	條文第 A.2.1 條

The position of chief executive officer remains vacant and the Company is looking for a suitable person to assume this role.

條乂尗A.Z.1條

行政總裁之職位仍空置,本公司正物色合適人選 擔任此職位。

INDUCTION AND PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT

Directors' training

All Directors must keep abreast of their collective responsibilities as Directors and of the business and activities of the Group. As such, briefings are provided and organised to ensure that newly appointed Directors are familiar with the role of the Board, their legal and other duties and responsibilities as Director as well as the business and corporate governance practices of the Group.

Pursuant to Code A.6.5 of the Code (which is effective from 1 April 2012), Directors should participate in continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills. This is to ensure that their contribution to the Board remains informed and relevant. For the period from 1 July 2012 to 30 June 2013, all Directors have participated in appropriate continuous professional development activities by ways of attending training or reading material relevant to the Company's business or to the Directors' duties and responsibilities.

NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Code provision A.4.1

Code provision A.4.1 stipulates that non-executive Directors should be appointed for specific term and should be subject to re-election.

The Company has deviated from the Code provision A.4.1. The non-executive Directors and independent non-executive Directors were not appointed for specific term but are subject to retirement by rotation and re-election at least once every three years in accordance with the provision of the Company's bye-laws. As such, the Company considers that sufficient measures have been taken to serve the purpose of this Code provision.

The Directors believe that, despite the absence of specified term of non-executive Directors, the Directors are committed to representing the long-term interests of the Company and its shareholders as a whole.

入**職培訓及專業發展** 董事培訓

全體董事須不時瞭解彼等作為董事之集體責任, 以及本集團之業務及活動。因此,本公司提供及 安排簡介,以確保新委任董事了解董事會之角 色、彼等作為董事之法律及其他職務及責任以及 本集團之業務及企業管治常規。

根據守則第A.6.5條(自二零一二年四月一日起生效),董事應參與持續專業發展,發展並更新彼等的知識及技能,以確保彼等繼續向董事會作出知情及相關之貢獻。自二零一二年七月一日起至二零一三年六月三十日止期間內,全體董事已參與合適之持續專業發展活動,當中包括出席與本公司業務或與董事職務及職責相關之培訓或閱讀相關之材料。

非執行董事

守則條文第A.4.1條 守則條文第A.4.1條規定,非執行董事之委任應

有特定任期,並須接受重選。

本公司已偏離守則條文第A.4.1條。非執行董事 及獨立非執行董事之委任並無特定任期,惟須根 據本公司之公司細則條文,至少每三年輪值告退 一次並膺選連任。因此,本公司認為已採取足夠 措施以符合該項守則條文目的。

董事相信,儘管非執行董事之委任並無指定任 期,董事承諾致力代表本公司及其股東之整體長 遠利益。

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

The Company formulated written terms of reference for the remuneration committee of the Company (the "Remuneration Committee") in accordance with the requirements of the Listing Rules. The Remuneration Committee was set up on 30 June 2008. The majority of the members of the Remuneration Committee shall be independent non-executive Directors.

The primary functions of the Remuneration Committee are as follows:

- (a) to advise the Shareholders on whether the terms of service contracts that require the Shareholder's approval are fair and reasonable;
- (b) to make recommendation to the Board on the Group's remuneration policy and structure;
- (c) to establish guidelines for recruitment of members of the senior management;
- (d) to determine the remuneration of members of the senior management; and
- to formulate remuneration policy and make recommendations to the Board on annual remuneration review.

Remuneration of the Directors and senior management is reviewed and fixed by the Remuneration Committee, with reference to the market benchmarks and industry norms, and their duties and responsibilities in the Group, having regard to the expertise, performance and experience possessed by individual Directors.

薪酬委員會

本公司根據上市規則之規定以書面方式擬定本公 司薪酬委員會(「薪酬委員會」)之職權範圍。薪酬 委員會於二零零八年六月三十日成立,薪酬委員 會之大部份成員應為獨立非執行董事。

薪酬委員會之主要職能如下:

- (a) 就須獲股東批准之服務合約條款是否屬公 平合理向股東作出建議;
- (b) 就本集團之薪酬政策及架構向董事會提供 推薦建議;
- (c) 就聘請高級管理層制訂指引;
- (d) 釐定高級管理層之薪酬;及
- (e) 制定薪酬政策及就年度薪酬檢討向董事會 提供推薦建議。

董事及高級管理層之薪酬由薪酬委員會進行檢 討,並經參考市場基準及業內標準,及彼等於本 集團之職務及職責以及各董事之專業知識、表現 及經驗後釐定。

During the Financial Year, the Remuneration Committee held three meetings. The attendance of each member at the committee 成員於委員會會議之出席記錄載列如下: meeting is set out as follows:

本財政年度內,薪酬委員會已舉行3次會議。各

		Meetings attended/	
Directors		Total meetings as the committee member 出席會議次數/作為委員會	
Non-executive Director	非執行董事		
Ms. Jiang Nian	蔣年女士	3/3	
Independent non-executive Directors	獨立非執行董事		
Dr. Zhang Zhihong	張志鴻博士		
(chairman of the Remuneration Committee)	(薪酬委員會主席)	3/3	
Mr. Wang Rongliang	王榮樑先生	3/3	

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

The Company has established a nomination committee of the Company (the "Nomination Committee") on 16 March 2012. During the Financial Year, the Nomination Committee held one meeting. The attendance of each member of the committee meeting is set out as follow:

提名委員會

本公司已於二零一二年三月十六日成立本公司之 提名委員會(「提名委員會」)。本財政年度內,提 名委員會曾舉行1次會議,各成員於委員會會議 之出席記錄載列如下:

Directors		Meetings attended/ Total meetings as the committee member 出席會議次數/作為委員會
董事		成員之會議總數
Non-executive Director	非執行董事	
Ms. Jiang Nian	蔣年女士	1/1
Independent non-executive Directors	獨立非執行董事	
Dr. Zhang Zhihong	張志鴻博士	
(chairman of the Nomination Committee)	(提名委員會主席)	1/1
Mr. Wang Rongliang	王榮樑先生	1/1

25

DIRECTORS' AND AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Directors acknowledge their responsibility for preparing the consolidated financial statements of the Group. The auditor of the Company acknowledges its reporting responsibilities in the auditor's report on the consolidated financial statements for the Financial Year.

The Directors confirm that the preparation of the consolidated financial statements of the Group is in accordance with statutory requirements and applicable accounting standards. The Directors also confirm that the consolidated financial statements of the Group has been published in a timely manner.

The Directors confirm that, to the best of their knowledge, information and belief, having made all reasonable enquiries, they are not aware of any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that may cast significant doubts upon the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

AUDITORS' REMUNERATION

The Group's external auditors are Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu. For the Financial Year, the auditors of the Company charged the amounts of HK\$780,000 for the audit and other professional services provided on continuing connected transactions and taxation and HK\$80,000 for services provided on the review of interim financial information.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE FUNCTIONS

The Board is responsible for performing the following corporate governance duties as required under the Code:

- to develop and review the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance and make recommendations to the board;
- (b) to review and monitor the training and continuous professional development of directors and senior management;
- (c) to review and monitor the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements;
- (d) to develop, review and monitor the code of conduct and compliance manual (if any) applicable to employees and directors; and
- (e) to review the Company's compliance with the code and disclosure in the corporate governance report (the "Corporate Governance Report").

董事及核數師對財務報表負有之責任

董事深知彼等有責任編製本集團之綜合財務報 表。本公司核數師深知其於本財政年度綜合財務 報表之核數師報告中負有申報責任。

董事確認本集團之綜合財務報表乃按照法定規定 及適用會計準則編製。董事亦確認本集團已按時 刊發綜合財務報表。

董事確認,於作出一切合理查詢後,就彼等所深 知、所悉及所信,彼等並不知悉任何存在重大不 確定因素之事件或情況或會對本公司之持續經營 能力造成重大疑慮。

核數師酬金

本集團之外聘核數師為德勤 • 關黃陳方會計師 行。於本財政年度,本公司之核數師就持續關連 交易及税項所提供之審核及其他專業服務收取 780,000港元及就審閱中期財務資料所提供之服 務收取80,000港元。

企業管治職能

董事會負責根據守則之規定履行下列企業管治職 務:

- (a) 制訂及檢討本公司之企業管治政策及常 規,並向董事會提供推薦建議;
- (b) 檢討及監察董事及高級管理層之培訓及持 續專業發展;
- (c) 檢討及監察本公司在遵守法律及監管規定 方面之政策及常規;
- (d) 制訂、檢討及監察適用於僱員及董事之行 為守則及合規手冊(如有);及
- (e) 檢討本公司遵守守則之情況及審閱企業管 治報告(「企業管治報告」)內之披露事項。

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Company formulated written terms of reference for the audit committee of the Company (the "Audit Committee") in accordance with the requirements of the Listing Rules. The Audit Committee is composed of three independent non-executive Directors. At least one of the members of the Audit Committee has appropriate professional qualifications or accounting or related financial management expertise as required under the Listing Rules.

The primary functions of the Audit Committee are as follows:

- (a) to serve as a focal point for communication between the Directors and external auditors;
- (b) to assist the Board in fulfilling its responsibility by providing an independent review with the management of the accounting policies and practices adopted by the Group, and supervision of financial reporting, and monitoring and reviewing the effectiveness of the Group's internal control and the adequacy of the external audit;
- (c) to review the appointment of external auditors on an annual basis as well as to ensure continuing auditors independence; and
- (d) to develop and monitor the applications of the policies on the engagement of the external auditors to perform other professional services (other than tax-related services).

The Group's audited consolidated financial statements for the Financial Year have been reviewed by the Audit Committee.

審核委員會

本公司根據上市規則之規定以書面方式擬定本公 司審核委員會(「審核委員會」)之職權範圍。審核 委員會由三名獨立非執行董事組成。審核委員會 中至少一名成員具備上市規則所規定之合適專業 資格或會計或相關財務管理專業知識。

審核委員會之主要職能如下:

- (a) 擔當董事與外聘核數師之間之重要溝通橋 樑;
- (b) 與管理層一起就本集團採納之會計政策及 常規提供獨立審閲、監督財務匯報,並監 察及檢討本集團之內部監控成效以及外聘 審核是否足夠,從而協助董事會履行其職 責;
- (c) 每年審閲外聘核數師之委任,並確保核數 師保持一貫獨立立場;及
- (d) 倘聘用外聘核數師提供其他專業服務(税務 相關服務除外),制訂及監察政策之應用。

審核委員會已審閱本集團於本財政年度之經審核 綜合財務報表。

During the Financial Year, the Audit Committee held four meetings with the Company's external auditors to review the interim and annual financial statements. The attendance of each member of the Audit Committee at the committee meeting is set out as follows: 本財政年度內,審核委員會曾與本公司之外聘 核數師舉行4次會議,以審閱中期及年度財務報 表,審核委員會各成員於委員會會議之出席記錄 載列如下:

Meetings attended/

4/4

Independent non-executive Directors 獨立非執行董事		Total meetings as the committee member 出席會議次數/作為委員會 成員之會議總數
Ms. Chen Weijun <i>(Chairman)</i>	陳偉君女士 <i>(主席)</i>	4/4
Dr. Zhang Zhihong	張志鴻博士	4/4

王榮樑先生

INTERNAL CONTROL

Mr. Wang Rongliang

The Directors have an overall responsibility for maintaining a sound and effective internal control system to safeguard the Shareholders' interests, and to review the effectiveness of such system regularly. The internal control system includes defined management structure with limits of authority set at various levels, which is designed to safeguard assets, ensure the maintenance of proper records, provide reliable financial information for internal use or publication, and ensure compliance with regulations. During the Financial Year, the Directors have reviewed the internal control procedures of the Group and consider the internal control system adequate.

內部監控

董事須負全責維持健全有效之內部監控系統,以 保障股東之利益,並定期檢討該系統之成效。該 內部監控系統包括釐清管理層架構,訂明各級權 限,以保障資產、確保保留良好記錄、提供可靠 財務資料供內部使用或刊發,並確保符合有關規 例。本財政年度內,董事已審閱本集團之內部監 控程序,認為內部監控系統足夠。

COMMUNICATION WITH SHAREHOLDERS

 Procedures for convening of an extraordinary general meeting and putting forward proposals at shareholders' meeting

Shareholders are encouraged to attend all annual general meetings. Pursuant to the bye-laws of the Company, any one or more shareholders holding at the date of deposit of the requisition not less than one-tenth of the paid up capital of the Company carrying the right of voting at general meetings of the Company shall at all times have the right, by written requisition (the "Written Requisition") to the Board or the Secretary of the Company at the principal place of business in Hong Kong of the Company (at Rooms No. 1405-1406, Harbour Centre, No. 25 Harbour Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong), to require a special general meeting to be called by the Board for the transaction of any business specified in such requisition; and such meeting shall be held within two (2) months after the deposit of such requisition.

Pursuant to the bye-laws of the Company, an annual general meeting shall be called by a written notice of not less than twenty-one (21) clear days and not less than twenty (20) clear business days and any special general meeting at which the passing of a special resolution is to be considered shall be called by a written notice of not less than twenty-one (21) clear days and not less than ten (10) clear business days. Business day under the Listing Rules means any day on which the Stock Exchange is open for business of dealing in securities.

If within twenty-one (21) days of such deposit the Board fails to proceed to convene such meeting the requisitionist(s) himself (themselves) may do so in accordance with the provision of Section 74(3) of the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda.

股東通訊

(i) 召開股東特別大會及於股東大會上 提呈建議之程序

> 建議股東出席所有股東週年大會。根據本 公司之公司細則,於提交請求當日持有不 少於十分之一有權於本公司股東大會上投 票之本公司繳足股本之任何一名或多名股 東,將隨時有權向董事會或公司秘書提交 書面請求(「書面請求」)(本公司之香港主 要營業地點,地址為香港灣仔港灣道25號 海港中心1405-1406室)要求董事會召開股 東特別大會,以處理有關請求所指定之任 何事項,而有關大會須於提交有關請求後 兩(2)個月內舉行。

根據本公司之公司細則,股東週年大會 須以不少於二十一(21)個完整日及不少於 二十(20)個完整營業日之書面通知召開, 而任何考慮通過特別決議案之股東特別大 會須以不少於二十一(21)個完整日及不少 於十(10)個完整營業日之書面通知召開。 根據上市規則,營業日為聯交所開放進行 證券交易業務之任何日子。

倘董事會未能於提交請求起計二十一(21) 日內著手召開有關大會,該(該等)請求 人本身可根據百慕達一九八一年公司法第 74(3)條召開大會。

29

(ii) Procedures for directing enquiries to the (i Company

To direct enquiries to the Board, Shareholders should submit his/her/its enquires in writing with contact details (including, your registered name, address and telephone number, etc.) to the Company Secretary at the following:

By post to the head office and principal place of business in Hong Kong at Rooms No. 1405-1406, Harbour Centre, No. 25 Harbour Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong.

Tel: (852) 25986818 Fax: (852) 25986628

(iii) Matters relating to share registration

For share registration related matters, such as share transfer and registration, change of name and address of Shareholders, loss of share certificates or dividend warrants, Shareholders can contact the Hong Kong branch share registrar and transfer office at the following:

Tricor Tengis Limited 26/F., Tesbury Centre 28 Queen's Road East Wanchai, Hong Kong

Tel: (852) 28108185 Fax: (852) 29801333

(iv) Procedures for a shareholder to propose a person for election as a Director

Subject to the provisions of the Company's bye-laws, the Shareholders may from time to time in general meeting by Ordinary Resolution elect any person to be a Director either to fill a casual vacancy or as an additional Director.

Shareholder(s) may propose a person other than an existing Director of the Company for election as a Director at a general meeting. The Shareholder(s) must deposit a written notice (the "Notice") to the principal office of the Company in Hong Kong for the attention of the Company Secretary.

(ii) 向本公司作出查詢之程序

如欲向董事會作出查詢,股東應以書面方 式向公司秘書提交查詢,並註明聯絡資料 (包括 閣下之登記姓名、地址及電話號碼 等),提交查詢之方法如下:

郵寄至本公司之香港總辦事處及主要營業 地點,地址為香港灣仔港灣道25號海港中 心1405-1406室。

電話:(852)25986818 傳真:(852)25986628

(iii) 有關股份登記之事宜

就股份過戶及登記、更改股東名稱及地 址、遺失股票或股息單等股份登記之相關 事宜而言,股東可聯絡香港股份登記及過 戶分處,地址如下:

卓佳登捷時有限公司 香港灣仔 皇后大道東28號 金鐘匯中心26樓

電話:(852)28108185 傳真:(852)29801333

(iv) 股東提名人士參選董事之程序

根據本公司之公司細則之條文,股東可不 時於股東大會上以普通決議案推選任何人 士成為董事,以填補臨時空缺或作為新增 董事。

股東可於股東大會上提名本公司現有董事 以外之人士參選董事。股東必須將書面通 知(「通知」)送交本公司之香港總辦事處, 註明由公司秘書接收。

The Shareholder(s) must prove his/her/their shareholding in the Company.

The Notice must be signed by the Shareholder(s) (other than a person to be proposed) and shall be accompanied by the following of information and documents:

- the full name and the contact information of the Shareholder(s);
- the contact details, age and the full name of the person proposed for election as a Director of the Company;
- biographical details of the person proposed for election as required by Rule 13.51(2) of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock of Exchange of Hong Kong Limited;
- letter of consent signed by the person proposed to be elected that he or she consents to be Director of the Company, if elected.

The Notice and the abovementioned information and documents must be lodged with the Company commencing from the day after dispatch of the notice of the general meeting and ending no later than seven (7) days prior to the date of such general meeting.

INVESTOR RELATIONS

Upon the change of domicile becoming effective on 1 March 2013, the changes in the Company's constitutional documents became available on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange.

股東必須證明其於本公司之持股量。

- 通知必須由股東(獲提名之人士除外)簽 署,並須附上以下資料及文件:
- 股東之全名及聯絡資料;
- 獲提名參選本公司董事人士之聯絡 資料、年齡及全名;
- 香港聯合交易所有限公司證券上市 規則第13.51(2)條所規定獲提名參選 人士之履歷詳情;
- 獲提名參選人士所簽署之同意書, 同意出任本公司董事(倘獲選)。

通知及上述資料及文件須於寄發大會通告 當日起直至召開有關股東大會日期前不少 於七(7)日止期間內送交本公司。

投資者關係

遷冊於二零一三年三月一日生效後,本公司憲章 文件之變動已登載於本公司及聯交所網站。

The Directors hereby submit their report with the audited consolidated financial statements for the Financial Year.

PLACE OF INCORPORATION

The Company is incorporated in the Cayman Islands as an exempted company with limited liability under the Companies Law (as revised) of the Cayman Islands and continued in Bermuda as an exempted company with limited liability in accordance with the Companies Act 1981 (as amended) of Bermuda. The address of its registered office is at Clarendon House, 2 Church Street, Hamilton HM 11, Bermuda and its principal place of business in Hong Kong is Room Nos.1405-1406, 14th Floor, Harbour Centre, No.25 Harbour Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong.

CHANGE OF DOMICILE, CAPITAL REORGANISATION AND CHANGE IN BOARD LOT SIZE

On 13 December 2012, the Board proposed to change the domicile of the Company by way of de-registration in the Cayman Islands and continuation as an exempted company under the laws of Bermuda, and to effect a capital reorganization in the following manner: (i) the share consolidation by consolidating every 20 issued and unissued shares of HK\$0.01 each in the existing share capital of the Company into one (1) consolidated share of HK\$0.20 each; (ii) the change of board lot size of the consolidated shares for trading on the Stock Exchange to 5,000 consolidated shares upon the share consolidation becoming effective; (iii) the reduction of the share capital of the Company through a cancellation of the paidup capital of the Company to the extent of HK\$0.19 on each of the issued consolidated shares so that the par value of each issued consolidated share will be reduced from HK\$0.20 to HK\$0.01; and (vi) immediately following the capital reduction, each authorized but unissued consolidated share will also be sub-divided into 20 new shares with a par value of HK\$0.01 each.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The Company is an investment holding company. The principal activities of its subsidiaries are set out in note 35 to the consolidated financial statements.

董事謹此提呈本財政年度之報告及經審核綜合財 務報表。

註冊成立地點

本公司根據開曼群島公司法(經修訂)於開曼 群島註冊成立為獲豁免有限公司,並根據百慕 達一九八一年公司法(經修訂)於百慕達作為 獲豁免有限公司存續。其註冊辦事處之地址為 Clarendon House, 2 Church Street, Hamilton HM 11, Bermuda,而其香港主要營業地點為香 港灣仔港灣道25號海港中心1405-1406室。

遷冊、股本重組及更改每手買賣單位

於二零一二年十二月十三日,董事會建議本公司 建議透過撤銷於開曼群島之註冊地位,並根據百 慕達法例以獲豁免公司之形式存續,以進行遷冊 以及按以下方式進行股本重組:(i)將本公司現有 股本中每20股每股面值0.01港元之已發行及未 發行股份合併為一(1)股每股面值0.20港元之合 併股份:(ii)股份合併生效後,將合併股份於聯 交所買賣之每手買賣單位更改為5,000股合併股 份:(iii)透過註銷每股已發行合併股份之0.19港 元已繳足股本,以致每股已發行合併股份之面值 將由0.20港元削減至0.01港元,以削減本公司股 本;及(vi)緊隨股本削減後,每股法定惟未發行 之合併股份亦將分拆為20股每股面值0.01港元 之新股份。

主要業務

本公司為一間投資控股公司。其附屬公司之主要 業務載於綜合財務報表附註35。

RESULTS AND FINANCIAL POSITION

The results of the Group for the Financial Year are set out in the consolidated statement of profit and loss and other comprehensive income on pages 48 to 49. The Directors do not recommend the payment of a final dividend for the Financial Year.

The state of affairs of the Group as at 30 June 2013 are set out in the consolidated statement of financial position on pages 50 to 51.

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of the movements during the Financial Year in the property, plant and equipment of the Group are set out in note 15 to the consolidated financial statements.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE COMPANY'S LISTED SECURITIES

During the Financial Year, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities.

SHARE CAPITAL

Details of the movements during the Financial Year in the share capital of the Company are set out in note 28 to the consolidated financial statements.

RESERVES

Details of the movements in the reserves of the Group during the Financial Year are set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity on page 52. There were no distributable reserves of the Company at 30 June 2013 (30 June 2012: nil).

CONVERTIBLE BONDS

Details of the convertible bonds are set out in note 27 to consolidated financial statements.

業績及財務狀況

本集團於本財政年度之業績載於第48至第49頁 之綜合損益及其他全面收益表。董事不建議派付 於本財政年度之末期股息。

本集團於二零一三年六月三十日之財務狀況分別 載於第50至第51頁。

物業、廠房及設備

本集團之物業、廠房及設備於本財政年度內之變 動詳情載於綜合財務報表附註15。

購買、出售或贖回本公司之上市證 券

本財政年度內,本公司或其任何附屬公司概無購 買、出售或贖回本公司上市證券。

股本

本公司於本財政年度內之股本變動詳情載於綜合 財務報表附註28。

儲備

本集團於本財政年度內之儲備變動詳情載於第 52頁之綜合權益變動表。於二零一三年六月 三十日,本公司概無可分派儲備(二零一二年六 月三十日:無)。

可換股債券

可换股债券之詳情載於綜合財務報表附註27。



DIRECTORS

The Directors who held office during the Financial Year and up to the date of this annual report were:

Executive Directors

Ms. Lee Nga Yan Dr. Guo Yi

Non-executive Directors

Ms. Jiang Nian *(Chairman)* Ms. Xiao Yan Ms. Wu Yanmin

Independent non-executive Directors

Ms. Chen Weijun Dr. Zhang Zhihong Mr. Wang Rongliang

In accordance with the bye-laws of the Company, Dr. Guo Yi, Ms. Wu Yanmin and Ms. Chen Weijun shall retire and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

No Director that proposed for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting had a service contract that was not determinable by the Group within one year without payment of compensation (other than statutory compensation).

BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Brief biographical details of the Directors and senior management are set out on pages 17 to 19 of this annual report.

董事

於本財政年度內及截至本年報日期之在任董事如 下:

執行董事 李雅欣小姐 郭懿博士

非執行董事 蔣年女士(*主席)* 肖焱女士 鄔燕敏女士

獨立非執行董事 陳偉君女士 張志鴻博士 王榮樑先生

根據本公司之公司細則,郭懿博士、鄔燕敏女 士、陳偉君女士將於應屆股東週年大會上退任, 惟彼等符合資格,故將提呈膺選連任。

董事服務合約

於應屆股東週年大會建議重選連任之董事概無訂 有本集團不可於一年內不作賠償(法定賠償除外) 而終止之服務合約。

董事及高級管理層之履歷詳情

董事及高級管理層之簡要履歷詳情載於本年報第 17至第19頁。

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN SHARES

As at 30 June 2013, the Directors, chief executive of the Company or their associates had interests or short positions in any shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance ("SFO")), as recorded in the register required to be kept under Section 352 of the SFO or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code were as follows:

董事於股份之權益

於二零一三年六月三十日,董事、本公司主要行 政人員或彼等之聯繫人士於本公司或其任何相 聯法團(定義見證券及期貨條例(「證券及期貨條 例」)第XV部)之任何股份、相關股份或債券中, 擁有須根據證券及期貨條例第352條載入本公司 存置之登記冊,或根據標準守則須知會本公司及 聯交所之權益或淡倉如下:

Long positions in the issued share capital of the 於本公司已發行股本之好倉 Company

		Number of shares/ underlying shares held 地友之职位(Percentage of the issued share capital of the Company
Name of Director	Capacity		
董事姓名	身份	持有之股份/ 相關股份數目	佔本公司已發行 股本百分比
Ms. Xiao Yan 肖焱女士	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	115,000	0.01%

Save as disclosed above, as at 30 June 2013, none of the Directors, chief executive of the Company nor their associates had any interests or short positions in any shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO), as recorded in the register required to be kept under Section 352 of the SFO or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code.

DIRECTORS' AND CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS IN CONTRACTS OF SIGNIFICANCE

Save as disclosed in note 33 to the consolidated financial statements, no other contract of significance, to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries was a party and in which a Director had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the Financial Year or at any time during the Financial Year, nor was there any other contract of significance in relation to the Group's business between the Company or any of the Company's subsidiaries and a controlling Shareholder or any of its subsidiaries.

除上文披露者外,於二零一三年六月三十日,概 無董事、本公司主要行政人員或彼等之聯繫人士 於本公司或其任何相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨 條例第XV部)之任何股份、相關股份或債券中, 擁有須根據證券及期貨條例第352條載入本公司 存置之登記冊,或根據標準守則須知會本公司及 聯交所之任何權益或淡倉。

董事及控股股東於重大合約之權益

除綜合財務報表附註33所披露者外,本公司或 其任何附屬公司均並非在本財政年度終結時或本 財政年度內任何時間生效且董事於當中直接或間 接擁有重大權益之其他重大合約之訂約方,本公 司或本公司之任何附屬公司亦無與控股股東或其 任何附屬公司訂立與本集團業務有關之任何其他 重大合約。

MANAGEMENT CONTRACT

No contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company were entered into or in existence during the Financial Year.

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' AND OTHER PERSONS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES

As at 30 June 2013, the register of interests and short positions in the shares and underlying shares of the Company kept under Section 336 of the SFO showed that, the following entities had an interest or deemed interest of 5% or more in the issued share capital of the Company:

Long positions in the issued share capital of the 於本公司已發行股本之好倉 Company

管理合約

本財政年度內,並無訂立或存續有關本公司之整 體或任何主要部份業務之管理及行政之合約。

主要股東及其他人士於股份及相關 股份之權益及淡倉

於二零一三年六月三十日,根據證券及期貨條例 第336條存置之本公司股份及相關股份之權益及 淡倉登記冊所載,下列實體於本公司已發行股本 中擁有或被視為擁有5%或以上權益:

Capacity 身份 Beneficial owner	shares held 持有之股份/ 相關股份數目	the Company 佔本公司已發行 股本百分比
	相關股份數目	股本百分比
Beneficial owner		
Beneficial owner		
賓益擁有人	13,000,000	1.55%
nterest of a controlled corporation	285,001,350	33.90%
受控制法團之權益		
3eneficial owner 賓益擁有人	32,500,000	3.87%
nterest of a controlled corporation	252,501,350	30.03%
受控制法團之權益		
nterest of a controlled corporation	252,501,350	30.03%
	nterest of a controlled corporation 受控制法團之權益 eeneficial owner 電益擁有人 nterest of a controlled corporation 受控制法團之權益 nterest of a controlled corporation	hterest of a controlled 285,001,350 corporation 逆控制法團之權益 Geneficial owner 32,500,000 電益擁有人 hterest of a controlled 252,501,350 corporation 設控制法團之權益 hterest of a controlled 252,501,350



36

股東姓名/名稱 身份 Ease Gold Investment Limited (Note 2)(附註2) Interest of a controlled corporation 受控制法團之權益 Good Links Limited (Note 3)(附註3) Interest of a controlled corporation 受控制法團之權益 Victory Trend Limited (Note 3)(附註3) Interest of a controlled corporation	NumberPercentageof shares/of the issuedunderlyingshare capital ofshares heldthe Company持有之股份/佔本公司已發行
(Note 2)(附註2) corporation 受控制法團之權益 Good Links Limited Interest of a controlled (Note 3)(附註3) corporation 受控制法團之權益 Victory Trend Limited Interest of a controlled	相關股份數目 股本百分比
(Note 3)(附註3)corporation 受控制法團之權益Victory Trend LimitedInterest of a controlled	252,501,350 23.36%
	252,501,350 30.03%
受控制法團之權益	252,501,350 30.03%
Best Champion Holdings Limited <i>(Note 4)</i> Beneficial owner 凱佳控股有限公司 <i>(附註4)</i> 實益擁有人	61,650,000 7.33%
Interest of a controlled corporation 受控制法團之權益	190,851,350 22.70%
China United Gene Investment Holdings Beneficial owner Limited (Note 5)(附註5) 實益擁有人	190,851,350 22.70%
Notes: 附註	
 United Gene Holdings Limited is wholly-owned by Dr. Mao, which 1. owns 33.50% equity interests of Best Champion Holdings Limited. 	聯合基因控股有限公司(由毛博士全資擁有)擁 有凱佳控股有限公司之33.50%股權。
 Ease Gold Investment Limited, is wholly-owned by Dr. Xie, which 2. owns 33.50% equity interests of Best Champion Holdings Limited. 	Ease Gold Investment Limited由謝博士全資擁 有,而Ease Gold Investment Limited擁有凱佳 控股有限公司之33.50%股權。
 Victory Trend Limited, is owned as to 50% by Dr. Mao and as to 50% by Dr. Xie, which wholly owns Good Links Limited. Good Links Limited owns 33.00% equity interests of Best Champion Holdings Limited. 	Victory Trend Limited由毛博士及謝博士分別擁 有50%及50%,而Victory Trend Limited全資擁 有Good Links Limited,而Good Links Limited 擁有凱佳控股有限公司之33.00%股權。
 The equity interest of Best Champion Holdings Limited is owned as to 33.50%, 33.50% and 33.00% by United Gene Holdings Limited, Ease Gold Investment Limited and Good Links Limited, respectively. 	凱佳控股有限公司分別由聯合基因控股有限公 司 、 Ease Gold Investment Limited 及 Good Links Limited擁有33.50%、33.50%及33.00% 股權。
 China United Gene Investment Holdings Limited is owned as to 60% 5. by Best Champion Holdings Limited. 	China United Gene Investment Holdings Limited由Best Champion Holdings Limited 擁有60%股權。

Save as disclosed above, the Directors are not aware of any other relevant interests or short positions of 5% or more in the issued share capital of the Company as at 30 June 2013.

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

The Company has received an annual confirmation from each independent non-executive Director confirming his/her independence pursuant to rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Company considers all of the independent non-executive Directors to be independent.

CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

A summary of the related parties transactions entered into by the Group during the Financial Year is contained in note 33 to the consolidated financial statements.

The following transactions between certain connected parties (as defined in the Listing Rules) and the Group have been entered into during the Financial Year and/or are ongoing for which relevant announcements, if necessary, had been made by the Company in accordance with Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

(1) Connected transactions

On 27 April 2013, the Company, as purchaser, and Dr. Mao and JNJ Investments Limited, as vendors, entered into a conditional sale and purchase agreement dated 27 April 2013 (as supplemented and amended by a supplemental agreement dated 7 May 2013 and a second supplemental agreement dated 30 August 2013), pursuant to which the Company has conditionally agreed to acquire, and (i) Dr. Mao and JNJ Investments Limited have conditionally agreed to sell the convertible bonds issued by Extrawell in an aggregate principal amount of HK\$320,650,000 and 450,000,000 shares of Extrawell respectively, at an aggregate consideration of HK\$608,000,000; and (ii) Dr. Mao has conditionally agreed to sell the convertible bonds issued by Extrawell in an aggregate principal amount up to HK\$256,520,000, at an aggregate consideration up to a maximum HK\$256,000,000, in four batches.

除上文披露者外,於二零一三年六月三十日,董 事並不知悉佔本公司已發行股本5%或以上之任 何其他相關權益或淡倉。

獨立非執行董事

本公司已接獲各獨立非執行董事根據上市規則第 3.13條作出之年度確認書,確認其獨立性。本公 司認為全體獨立非執行董事均為獨立人士。

關連交易

本財政年度內,本集團簽訂之關連人士交易摘要 載於綜合財務報表附註33。

本財政年度內,以下為若干關連人士(定義見上 市規則)與本集團已訂立及/或正在進行的交 易,如有需要,本公司已根據上市規則第14A章 作出相關公告。

(1) 關連交易

於二零一三年四月二十七日,本公司(為買 方)、毛博士及JNJ Investments Limited (為賣方)訂立有條件買賣協議,日期為二 零一三年四月二十七日(經二零一三年五 月七日之補充協議及二零一三年八月三十 日之第二份補充協議所補充及修訂),據 此,本公司已有條件地同意收購,及(i) 毛博士及JNJ Investments Limited已有 條件地同意分別出售精優發行之可換股 債券,本金總額為320,650,000港元,以 及450,000,000股精優股份,總代價為 608,000,000港元;及(ii)毛博士有條件地 同意出售精優發行之可換股債券,本金總 額最多256,520,000港元,總代價最高為 256,000,000港元,而出售將分四批進行。

The Injection Agreement 1 dated 25 April 2013 was entered into between (i) 東龍脈(上海)健康管理服務有限公司, an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company; (ii) 龍脈(上 海)健康管理服務有限公司 ("Longmark (Shanghai)") being an indirectly non-wholly owned subsidiary of the Company; and (iii) Dr. Xie in relation to injection of capital of approximately RMB7.5 million (approximately HK\$9.5 million) by Dr. Xie as consideration to acquire 37.47% of the registered capital of Longmark (Shanghai) as enlarged by the Injection of Capital.

On 18 February 2013, the Company entered into a subscription agreement (as amended and supplemented by a supplemental agreement dated 19 April 2013) with United Gene Holdings Limited (the "Subscriber I") and Dr. Mao (the "Subscriber II", together with Subscriber I, the "Subscribers"), pursuant to which the Company has conditionally agreed to issue and the Subscribers have conditionally agreed to subscribe for convertible bonds to be issued the Company with an aggregate principal amount of HK\$59,000,000, for which each of Subscriber I and Subscriber II has conditionally agreed to subscribe for convertible bonds to be issued by the Company with the principal amount of HK\$45,000,000 and HK\$14,000,000 respectively, due on the 10th anniversary of the date of issue with the conversion right to convert at the initial conversion price of HK\$0.40 (subject to adjustments) per conversion share.

On 5 February 2012 and 8 February 2012, Fudan Health International (Macao Commercial Offshore) Limited ("Fudan Macao") entered into an agreement and a supplementary agreement respectively with United Gene (Shanghai) and agreed to provide the gene testing data services for 3-month. During the Financial Year, Fudan Macao provided the gene testing data services to United Gene (Shanghai) at an aggregate sum of approximately HK\$410,000. 由(i)本公司之間接全資附屬公司東龍脈(上 海)健康管理服務有限公司:(ii)本公司之 間接全資附屬公司龍脈(上海)健康管理 服務有限公司(「龍脈(上海)」):及(iii)謝 博士於二零一三年四月二十五日訂立之注 資協議一,內容有關謝博士注資約人民幣 7,500,000元(約9,500,000港元),作為收 購龍脈(上海)經該注資擴大後之37.47% 註冊資本之代價。

於二零一三年二月十八日,本公司與聯 合基因控股有限公司(「認購人一」)及毛 博士(「認購人二」,連同認購人一,統稱 為「該等認購人」)訂立一份認購協議(經二 零一三年四月十九日之補充協議修訂及補 充),據此,本公司有條件地同意發行及 該等認購人有條件地同意認購本公司將發 行之可換股債券,本金總額為59,000,000 港元,就此,認購人一及認購人二分別有 條件地同意認購本公司將發行之可換股 債券,本金總額分別45,000,000港元及 14,000,000港元,而該等可換股債券將 由發行日期起計十週年屆滿,並附有換股 權,可按每股轉換股份0.40港元(可予調 整)之初步轉換價轉換。

於二零一二年二月五日及二零一二年二月 八日,復旦健康國際(澳門離岸商業服務) 有限公司(「復旦澳門」)與聯合基因(上海) 分別訂立一份協議及一份補充協議,同意 提供三個月基因測試數據服務。於本財政 年度,復旦澳門向聯合基因(上海)提供基 因測試數據服務,總值約為410,000港元。

39

The Tan Jia Zhen Life Sciences Prize Sponsorship agreement dated 22 May 2012 entered into between (i) the Company as the assignee; (ii) 聯合基因科技有限公司 (United Gene Holdings Limited), a connected person of the Company, as the assignor; and (iii) 上海市生物醫葯行業協會 (Shanghai Biopharmaceutical Industry Association) (the "SBIA") as the administrator of the 談家楨生命科學獎 (Tan Jia Zhen Life Sciences Prize) (the "Prize"), in relation to (i) the assignation of the Prize by the Company; (ii) the obligations to provide an aggregate of RMB9 million (approximately HK\$10.89 million) for the grant of the Prize together with the administrative cost by United Gene Holdings Limited for the six years; and (iii) the continuous responsibility for the administration of the Prize undertaking by the SBIA.

(2) Continuing connected transactions

The Company entered into an agreement with Dr. Mao on 31 August 2010 pursuant to which Dr. Mao has been engaged as the chief scientific adviser of the Company at a monthly service fee of HK\$37,500, to provide advisory and consultancy services to the Group in relation to the research and development of its gene-testing products and other scientific technologies. The engagement shall be for a term of three years commencing from 1 September 2010 unless terminated earlier in accordance with the agreement.

On 8 November 2010, Fudan Health (Guang Dong) Ltd. entered into an agreement with each of SH Bozhong and Fudan Macao, both being indirectly wholly owned by Dr. Mao, for supply of gene testing services to the Group ("Continuing Supplies") with effect from 13 December 2010. Pursuant to such agreement, SH Bozhong would also serve as a subdistributor to purchase the gene testing services from the Group ("Distribution Arrangement"). During the Financial Year, purchase of the Group under the Continuing Supplies amounted to an aggregate sum of approximately HK\$255,000 and no turnover under the Distribution Arrangement was generated by the Group. 由(i)本公司(作為受讓方);(ii)本公司關 連人士聯合基因科技有限公司(作為轉 讓方):與(iii)上海市生物醫葯行業協會 (「SBIA」)(作為談家楨生命科學獎(「該 獎項」)之承辦單位)於二零一二年五月 二十二日訂立之談家楨生命科學獎設獎 單位協議,內容有關(i)本公司授讓該獎 項;(ii)聯合基因科技有限公司負責於六個 年度提供合共為人民幣9,000,000元(約 10,890,000港元)之金額作頒授該獎項, 並負責支付行政開支;及(iii)SBIA承諾繼 續負責承辦該獎項。

(2) 持續關連交易 本公司於二零一零年八月三十一日與毛博 士訂立協議,根據協議,毛博士獲聘任為 本公司首席科學顧問,其服務酬勞為每月 37,500港元,彼向本集團提供與其基因檢 測產品及其他科學技術的研究及開發有關 之諮詢及顧問服務。聘用任期為三年,從 二零一零年九月一日開始生效,惟根據協 議被提早終止則除外。

> 於二零一零年十一月八日,復旦健康廣東 有限公司與上海博仲及復旦澳門(兩者均為 毛博士間接全資擁有)各自簽訂協議,自二 零一零年十二月十三日起向本集團提供基 因測試服務(「持續供應」)。根據該協議, 上海博仲亦作為次級分銷商向本集團採購 基因測試服務(「分銷安排」)。於本財政年 度內,本集團根據持續供應之採購總數約 為255,000港元,而本集團並無產生有關 分銷安排之營業額。

On 1 August 2011, Fudan Health International (HK) Limited ("Fudan HK") entered into an agreement with Fudan Macao and agreed to supply certain gene testing services to Fudan Macao at a monthly service fee of HK\$20,000. Fudan HK supplied certain gene testing services to Fudan Macao at an aggregate sum of HK\$20,000 during the Financial Year.

The aforesaid continuing connected transactions have been reviewed by the independent non-executive Directors. The independent non-executive Directors confirmed that the continuing connected transactions were entered into:

- (a) in the ordinary and usual course of business of the Group;
- (b) on terms no less favourable to the Group than terms available from independent third parties; and
- (c) in accordance with the relevant agreements governing them on terms that are fair and reasonable and in the interests of the Company and the Shareholders as a whole.

The Company's auditor was engaged to report on the Group's continuing connected transactions in accordance with Hong Kong Standard on Assurance Engagements 3000 "Assurance Engagements Other Than Audits or Reviews of Historical Financial Information" and with reference to Practice Note 740 "Auditor's Letter on Continuing Connected Transactions under the Hong Kong Listing Rules" issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The auditor has issued his unqualified letter containing his findings and conclusions in respect of the continuing connected transactions disclosed by the Group on page 40 of this report in accordance with Main Board Listing Rule 14A.38. A copy of the auditor's letter has been provided by the Company to the Stock Exchange.

於二零一一年八月一日,復旦健康國際 (香港)有限公司(「復旦香港」)與復旦澳門 訂立協議,同意向復旦澳門提供若干基因 測試服務,並每月收取20,000港元作服務 費。於本財政年度內,復旦香港向復旦澳 門提供若干基因測試服務,總值為20,000 港元。

上述持續關連交易已由獨立非執行董事審閱。獨 立非執行董事確認持續關連交易之訂立乃:

- (a) 在本集團的日常和一般業務過程中進行;
- (b) 按不遜於本集團從獨立第三方獲得的條款 進行;及
- (c) 根據規管彼等之有關協議,按公平合理及 符合本公司及股東整體利益之條款進行。

本公司核數師根據香港核證工作準則第3000號 「審核或審閱過往財務資料以外的核證」及參考香 港會計師公會頒佈之應用指引第740號「關於香 港上市規則所述持續關連交易之核數師函件」, 獲委聘就本集團的持續關連交易作出報告。核數 師對於本集團根據主板上市規則第14A.38條於 本報告第40頁披露的持續關連交易,已發出一 封並無保留意見的函件,當中載有調查結果和結 論。本公司已向聯交所提交核數師函件的副本。

The independent non-executive Directors have further confirmed that certain related party transactions except for the Continuing Supplies and the Distribution Arrangement (as disclosed in note 33 to the consolidated financial statements) which constituted connected transactions under the Listing Rules for the Financial Year, are exempted from the disclosure requirements in accordance with rule 14A.31 of the Listing Rules. 獨立非執行董事進一步確認,根據上市規則,本 財政年度內之若干關連人士交易(持續供應及分 銷安排除外)(誠如綜合財務報表附註33所披露) 構成關連交易,根據上市規則第14A.31條,該 等交易獲豁免遵守披露規定。

To the best knowledge of the Directors, there were no other connected transactions during the Financial Year.

INTERESTS IN COMPETITORS

During the Financial Year and up to the date of this report, other than those businesses of which the Directors were appointed as directors to represent the interests of such businesses, no Director is considered to have had an interest in a business which competes or is likely to compete, either directly or indirectly, with the businesses of the Group, pursuant to the Listing Rules.

EMOLUMENT POLICY

The emolument policy for the employees of the Group is set up by the management on the basis of their merit, qualifications and competence.

The emoluments of the Directors for the Financial Year are decided by the Board, having regard to the Group's operating results, their duties and responsibilities in the Group, individual performance and comparable market statistics, and have been reviewed by the Remuneration Committee during the Financial Year.

SHARE OPTION SCHEME

On 6 November 2009 (the "Adoption Date"), the Company adopted a share option scheme (the "Share Option Scheme") which, unless otherwise cancelled or amended, will remain in force for 10 years from the Adoption Date. After the refreshment of the Share Option Scheme on 3 November 2010, the maximum number of Shares which may be issued upon exercise of all options to be granted under the Share Option Scheme may not in aggregate exceed 1,216,450,806, being 10% of the Shares in issue of the Company as at 3 November 2010. The offer of a grant may be accepted upon payment of a nominal consideration of HK\$1 per acceptance.

於競爭業務之權益

本財政年度內及截至本報告日期,根據上市規 則,除董事獲委任為董事以代表業務權益之業務 外,概無董事被視為於與本集團業務直接或間接 構成競爭或可能構成競爭之業務中擁有權益。

就董事所深知,本財政年度內,概無進行其他關

薪酬政策

連交易。

管理層會按本集團僱員之表現、資歷及能力制訂 彼等之薪酬政策。

董事會經考慮本集團之營運業績、董事於本集團 之職務及職責、彼等之個人表現及可資比較市場 數據後釐定本財政年度內之董事薪酬,並已由薪 酬委員會於本財政年度內審閱。

購股權計劃

於二零零九年十一月六日(「採納日期」),本公司 已採納購股權計劃(「購股權計劃」),除非以其 他方式註銷或修訂,否則,購股權計劃將於採納 日期起維持有效十年。於二零一零年十一月三日 購股權計劃更新後,因行使根據購股權計劃將予 授出之所有購股權而可予發行之最高股份數目合 共不得超過1,216,450,806股,即於二零一零年 十一月三日本公司已發行股份之10%。每次接 納授出須支付1港元之名義代價。

The exercise price of the share options granted under the Share Option Scheme is determined by the Board, but shall not be less than the highest of (i) the nominal value of the Shares; (ii) the average closing price of the Shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheets for the five business days immediately preceding the date of grant; or (iii) the closing price of the Shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheet on the date of the grant.

As at 30 June 2013, the Company had not granted any options to eligible persons of the Share Option Scheme and there were no outstanding share options under the Share Option Scheme.

Apart from the aforesaid, at no time during the Financial Year was the Company or any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangement to enable the Directors and substantial Shareholders or any of their associates to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate.

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Company's bye-laws, or the laws of Bermuda, which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro-rata basis to the existing Shareholders.

CHARITABLE DONATIONS

During the Financial Year, the Group did not make any charitable donation (2012: Nil).

根據購股權計劃授出購股權之行使價由董事會釐 定,惟不得低於以下最高者:(i)股份之面值:(ii) 股份於緊接授出日期前五個營業日在聯交所每日 報價表之平均收市價:或(iii)股份於授出日期在 聯交所每日報價表之收市價。

於二零一三年六月三十日,本公司並無向購股權 計劃之合資格人士授出任何購股權,亦無根據購 股權計劃尚未行使之購股權。

除上述者外,於本財政年度內任何時間,本公司 或其任何附屬公司並無訂立任何安排,致使董事 及主要股東或任何彼等之聯繫人士可透過收購本 公司或任何其他法人團體之股份或債券而獲得利 益。

優先購買權

本公司之公司細則或百慕達法例均無優先購買權 條文,致使本公司有責任向現有股東按比例基準 發售新股份。

慈善捐款

本財政年度內,本集團並無作出任何慈善捐款 (二零一二年:無)。



MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

The information in respect of the Group's total purchases and sales attributable to the Group's major suppliers and customers respectively during the Financial Year is as follows:

主要客戶及供應商

本財政年度內,本集團主要供應商及客戶分別應 佔本集團之採購總額及銷售總額之資料如下:

		Percentage of the Group's total 應佔本集團總額之 百分比
Purchases	採購	
– the largest supplier	- 最大供應商	66.35%
- five largest suppliers combined	- 五大供應商合計	90.22%
Sales	銷售	
– the largest customer	- 最大客戶	44.28%
- five largest customers combined	- 五大客戶合計	76.21%

At no time during the Financial Year had any of the Directors, their associates or any Shareholder (which to the knowledge of the Directors owned more than 5% of the Company's issued share capital) an interest in any of the Group's five largest suppliers or customers.

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors as at the date of this report, the Directors believe that the number of securities of the Company which are in the hands of the public is above the relevant prescribed minimum percentage under the Listing Rules.

COMMITMENTS

Details of commitments of the Group are set out in note 31 to the consolidated financial statements.

LITIGATIONS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Details of the litigation and contingent liabilities are set out in note 30 to the consolidated financial statements.

EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

Details of significant event occurring after the reporting period are set out in note 34 to the consolidated financial statements.

本財政年度內任何時間,任何董事、彼等之聯繫 人士或任何股東(據董事所知,擁有本公司已發 行股本5%以上之權益者)概無於本集團任何五大 供應商或客戶中擁有權益。

充足公眾持<mark>股</mark>量

根據本公司可公開獲得之資料及據董事所知,於 本報告日期,董事相信由公眾人士持有之本公司 證券數目高於上市規則相關規定之最低百分比。

承擔

本集團承擔之詳情載於綜合財務報表附註31。

訴訟及或然負債

訴訟及或然負債之詳情分別載於綜合財務報表 附註30。

報告期後事項

報告期後發生之重大事項詳情載於綜合財務報表 附註34。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Details of the Corporate Governance Report of the Company are set out on pages 21 to 31 of this report.

FINANCIAL SUMMARY

A summary of the results and of the assets and liabilities of the Group for the five years ended 30 June 2013 is set out on page 128 of this report.

AUDITORS

The auditors of the Company were previously ANDA Certified Public Accountants and ANDA CPA Limited, for the years ended 30 June 2008 to 2010 and 30 June 2011 to 2012, respectively.

Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu was appointed as the auditor of the Company in 2013 upon the retirement of ANDA CPA Limited.

The consolidated financial statements for the Financial Year have been audited by Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu, who will retire and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-appointment in the forthcoming annual general meeting.

On behalf of the Board

Jiang Nian	
Chairman	

Hong Kong, 30 September 2013

企業管治

本公司之企業管治報告詳情載於本報告第21至 第31頁。

財務概要

本集團截至二零一三年六月三十日止五個年度之 業績及資產與負債概要載於本報告第128頁。

核數師

本公司先前之核數師為安達會計師事務所,其任 期分別為截至二零零八年至二零一零年六月三十 日止及截至二零一一年至二零一二年六月三十日 止年度。

德勤•關黃陳方會計師行於安達會計師事務所退 任後於二零一三年獲委任為本公司之核數師。

本財政年度之綜合財務報表已由德勤 • 關黃陳方 會計師行審核,而其將於應屆股東週年大會上退 任,惟符合資格,將提呈膺選連任。

代表董事會

蔣年 主席

香港,二零一三年九月三十日

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT 獨立核數師報告

Deloitte. 德勤

TO THE MEMBERS OF UNITED GENE HIGH-TECH GROUP LIMITED

(incorporated in the Cayman Islands and continued in Bermuda with limited liability)

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of United Gene High-Tech Group Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") set out on pages 48 to 127, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2013, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITY

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit and to report our opinion solely to you, in accordance with Section 90 of the Bermuda Companies Act, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

致聯合基因科技集團有限公司 全體股東 (於開曼群島註冊成立及於百慕達存續之有限 公司)

本行已審核第48至第127頁所載聯合基因科技集 團有限公司(「貴公司」)及其附屬公司(統稱「貴集 團」)之綜合財務報表,其內容涵蓋於二零一三年 六月三十日之綜合財務狀況表;截至當日止年度 之綜合損益及其他全面收益表、綜合權益變動表 及綜合現金流量表;以及重大會計政策概要及其 他説明資料。

董事就綜合財務報表須承擔之責任

貴公司之董事有責任根據香港會計師公會頒佈之 香港財務報告準則及香港公司條例之披露規定, 編撰並真實公平地呈列綜合財務報表,以及作出 董事認為就編撰綜合財務報表而言屬必需之內部 監控,致使綜合財務報表之編撰並無重大錯誤陳 述(不論由欺詐或錯誤引致)。

核數師之責任

根據百慕達公司法第90章,本行有責任按本行 之審核就此等綜合財務報表發表意見,並僅向全 體股東作出報告,除此以外別無其他目的。本行 不會就本報告內容向任何其他人士負責或承擔任 何責任。本行乃按香港會計師公會頒佈之香港核 數準則進行核數工作。該等準則要求本行遵守道 德規範,並規劃及執行核數工作,以合理確定綜 合財務報表是否存有任何重大錯誤陳述。

United Gene High-Tech Group Limited Annual Report 2013

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT 獨立核數師報告

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

OPINION

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group as at 30 June 2013, and of the Group's loss and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards and have been properly prepared in accordance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

OTHER MATTER

The consolidated financial statements of the Company for the year ended 30 June 2012 were audited by another auditor who expressed an unmodified opinion on those statements on 28 September 2012.

Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu *Certified Public Accountants*

Hong Kong 30 September 2013 審核涉及執行程序以獲取有關綜合財務報表所載 金額及披露資料之審核憑證。所選定之程序取決 於核數師之判斷,包括評估由於欺詐或錯誤而導 致綜合財務報表存有重大錯誤陳述之風險。在評 估該等風險時,核數師考慮與該實體編撰及真實 公平地呈列綜合財務報表相關之內部監控,以設 計切合當時情況之適當審核程序,而並非就實體 之內部監控成效發表意見。審核亦包括評價董事 所採用之會計政策是否合適及所作出之會計估計 是否合理,以及評價綜合財務報表之整體呈列方 式。

本行相信,本行所獲得之審核憑證充分,並就本 行之審核意見提供合理依據。

意見

本行認為,綜合財務報表已根據香港財務報告準 則真實公平地反映 貴集團於二零一三年六月 三十日之財務狀況以及 貴集團截至該日止年度 之虧損及現金流量,並已遵照香港公司條例之披 露規定妥為編製。

其他事項

貴公司截至二零一二年六月三十日止年度之綜合 財務報表已由另一核數師審核,其已於二零一二 年九月二十八日對該等報表發表未經修訂意見。

德勤●關黃陳方會計師行 執業會計師

香港 二零一三年九月三十日

聯合基因科技集團有限公司

雭——三左左朅

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME 综合損益及其他全面收益表

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

			2013	2012
		Notes 附註	二零一三年 HK\$′000 千港元	二零一二年 HK\$'000 千港元
Revenue	收益	6	10,050	25,475
Interest income from available-for-sale financial assets	可供出售金融資產之利息收入	7	4,645	3,867
Total	總計		14,695	29,342
Revenue	收益	6	10,050	25,475
Cost of sales and services	銷售及服務成本		(18,059)	(18,429)
Gross (loss)/profit	(毛損)/毛利	_	(8,009)	7,046
Other income, gains and losses, net Selling expenses	其他收入、收益及虧損淨額 銷售開支	7	5,292 (1,516)	6,275 (2,436)
Administrative expenses	行政開支		(49,676)	(44,301)
Impairment loss on goodwill	商譽之減值虧損	10	-	(1,954)
Impairment loss on intangible assets Impairment loss on property, plant and	無形資產之減值虧損 物業、廠房及設備之減值虧損	16	(6,808)	(94,397)
equipment		15	(16,457)	-
Other expenses	其他開支	0	(11,605)	(1,840)
Finance costs	財務費用	8	(938)	(150)
Loss before tax	税前虧損		(89,717)	(131,757)
Income tax credit	所得税抵免	9	60	2,060
Loss for the year	年內虧損	10	(89,657)	(129,697)
Other comprehensive (expense)/ income:	其他全面(開支)/收益:			
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:	其後可能重新分類至損益之 項目:			
Fair value changes of available-for-sale				
financial assets	公平值變動		(214)	872
Reclassification adjustments upon disposal of available-for-sale	出售可供出售金融資產後 作出重新分類調整			
financial assets	按在行行者的主要		55	(756)
Exchange differences on translation of foreign operation	換算海外業務之匯率 差額		911	1,839
			752	1,955
Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:	其後將不會重新分類至損益 之項目:			
Gain on revaluation on buildings	樓宇重估收益		1,992	1,860
Deferred taxation arising on revaluatio of buildings	n 樓宇重估產生之遞延税項		(492)	(465)
			1,500	1,395
	たませんみて出い			
Other comprehensive income for the year	年內其他全面收益		2,252	3,350
Total comprehensive expense for the year	年內全面開支總額		(87,405)	(126,347)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME 綜合損益及其他全面收益表

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

			2013	2012
			二零一三年	二零一二年
		Note	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元
Loss for the year attributable to:	年內虧損歸屬:			
Owners of the Company	本公司擁有人		(72,839)	(123,882)
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益		(16,818)	(5,815)
			(89,657)	(129,697)
Total comprehensive expense for the	年內全面開支總額歸屬:			
year attributable to:	オムヨ族ナリ		(70,704)	(120,002)
Owners of the Company	本公司擁有人		(70,724)	(120,883)
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益		(16,681)	(5,464)
			(87,405)	(126,347)
Loss per share	每股虧損	14	HK cents	HK cents
			港仙	港仙
				(restated)
				(經重列)
Basic	基本		(9.38)	(19.02)
Diluted	攤薄		(9.38)	N/A 不適用

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

综合財務狀況表

As at 30 June 2013 於二零一三年六月三十日

			0040	0040
			2013	2012
		Martan	二零一三年	二零一二年
		Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元
Non-current assets	非流動資產			
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	15	41,856	52,540
Intangible assets	無形資產	16	_	8,091
Available-for-sale financial assets	可供出售金融資產	20	101,182	_
Deposits paid for acquisition of property,	收購物業、廠房及設備			
plant and equipment	之已付按金		-	9,248
		_	143,038	69,879
Current assets	流動資產			
Inventories	存貨		74	155
Trade receivables	貿易應收賬款	18	3,204	20
Prepayments, deposits and other	預付款項、按金及其他			
receivables	應收款項	19	5,211	17,440
Available-for-sale financial assets	可供出售金融資產	20	1,258	98,467
Restricted bank balances	有限制銀行結餘	30(ii)	_	222
Bank balances and cash	銀行結餘及現金	21		
- cash and cash equivalents	一現金及現金等價物		235,253	169,815
– other bank balances	一其他銀行結餘		120,000	
			365,000	286,119
				200,110
Current liabilities	流動負債			
Trade payables	貿易應付賬款	22	3,155	499
Accruals and other payables	應計費用及其他應付款項		15,772	12,008
Receipt in advance from customer	預收客戶款項		6,212	764
Amount due to a shareholder	應付一名股東款項	23	15,079	-
Other borrowing due within one year	於一年內到期的其他借貸	24	-	4,907
Loan from a non-controlling shareholder	來自附屬公司一名非控股			
of a subsidiary	股東的貸款	25	6,910	
			47,128	18,178
Net current assets	流動資產淨額		317,872	267,941
Total assets less current liabilities	總資產減流動負債		460,910	337,820

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION 综合时教讲究主

綜合財務狀況表

As at 30 June 2013 於二零一三年六月三十日

			2013	2012
			二零一三年	二零一二年
		Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債			
Convertible bonds	可換股債券	27	11,825	-
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債	26	1,585	1,120
Loan from a non-controlling shareholder	來自附屬公司一名非控股			
of a subsidiary	股東的貸款	25	3,138	6,133
			16,548	7,253
NET ASSETS	資產淨額		444,362	330,567
Capital and reserves	資本及儲備			
Share capital	股本	28	8,407	121,645
Reserves	儲備		444,930	197,603
Equity attributable to owners	本公司擁有人應佔權益			
of the Company			453,337	319,248
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益		(8,975)	11,319
ΤΟΤΑΙ ΕQUITY	權益總額		444,362	330,567

The financial statements on pages 48 to 127 were approved by the Board of Directors on 30 September 2013 and are signed on its behalf by: 載於第48頁至第127頁之財務報表已由董事會 於二零一三年九月三十日批准,並由以下董 事代表簽署:

Jiang Nian 蔣年 Director 董事 Lee Nga Yan 李雅欣 Director 董事



51

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

綜合權益變動表

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

		Attributable to owners of the Company 本公司獲有人應佔											
		Share Share capital premium		Convertible bonds equity reserve 可始略信类	Investment revaluation reserve	Property revaluation reserve	Others reserve	Statutory reserve	Foreign currency translation reserve	Accumulated losses	Total	Non- controlling interests	Total equity
		股本 HK\$*000 千港元	HK\$'000 HK\$'00				總計 HK\$'000 千港元	非控股權益 HK\$'000 千港元	權益總額 HK\$'000 千港元				
At 1 July 2011 Loss for the year Other comprehensive income	於二零一一年七月一日 年內虧損 年內其他全面收益	121,645	726,123	1	508	-	1	1,319 -	1,835 -	(414,906) (123,882)	436,524 (123,882)	17,313 (5,815)	453,837 (129,697)
for the year	十四共地主国权量	-	-	-	116	1,395	-	-	1,488	-	2,999	351	3,350
Total comprehensive (expense)/ income for the year Partial disposal of a subsidiary	年內全面(開支)/收益總額 出售一間附屬公司部分權益		-	-	116	1,395	-	-	1,488	(123,882)	(120,883)	(5,464)	(126,347)
without loss of control (note 29)	(並無失去控制權) <i>(附註29)</i>	-	-	-	-	-	3,607	-	-	-	3,607	(530)	3,077
At 30 June 2012 Loss for the year Other comprehensive (expense)/	於二零一二年六月三十日 年內虧損 年內其他全面(開支)/收益	121,645	726,123 -	-	624 -	1,395 -	3,607 -	1,319 -	3,323 -	(538,788) (72,839)	319,248 (72,839)	11,319 (16,818)	330,567 (89,657)
income for the year	〒11共地主国(肉文// 私皿			-	(159)	1,500	-	-	774	-	2,115	137	2,252
Total comprehensive (expense)/ income for the year Issue of rights shares	年內全面(開支)/收益總額 發行供股	- 36,494	- 43,792	-	(159)	1,500	-	-	774	(72,839)	(70,724) 80,286	(16,681)	(87,405) 80,286
Share re-organisation (note 28) Recognition of equity component	股份重組 <i>(附註28)</i> 確認可換股債券之權益部分	(150,232)	-	-	-	-	-	•	-	150,232	-	-	-
of convertible bonds Issue of shares upon conversion of convertible bonds	可換股債券轉換時發行股份	- 500	- 19,242	117,416 (17,657)						1	117,416 2,085		117,416 2,085
Transaction costs directly attributable to issuance of shares	直接歸屬於發行股份之 交易費用	-	(2,914)	-						-	(2,914)		(2,914)
Partial disposal of a subsidiary without loss of control (note 29)	出售一間附屬公司部分權益 (並無失去控制權) <i>(附註29)</i>	-		-	-	-	7,940	-	-	-	7,940	(3,613)	4,327
At 30 June 2013	於二零一三年六月三十日	8,407	786,243	99,759	465	2,895	11,547	1,319	4,097	(461,395)	453,337	(8,975)	444,362

Notes:

- (a) As stipulated by the relevant laws and regulations of the People's Republic of China (the "PRC"), before distribution of the net profit each year, the Group's subsidiaries established in the PRC shall set aside 10% of its net profit after taxation to the statutory reserve. The reserve can only be used, upon approval by the board of directors of these PRC established subsidiaries and by the relevant authority, to offset accumulated losses or increase capital. During the year ended 30 June 2013 and 2012, there was no transfer from retained profits to the statutory reserve since the Group's PRC subsidiaries incurred net loss.
- (b) Remittance outside the PRC of retained profits of the subsidiaries established in the PRC is subject to approval of the local authorities and the availability of foreign currencies generated and retained by these subsidiaries.

附註:

- (a) 按照中華人民共和國(「中國」)的相關法律及法規所訂明,每年分派淨利潤前,在中國設立的本集團附屬公司須自其税後純利撥出10%至法定儲備。法定儲備僅可用於抵銷累計虧損或增資,並須得到此等在中國設立之附屬公司之董事會及有關政府當局核准後方可使用。於截至二零一三年及二零一二年六月三十日止年度,由於本集團之中國附屬公司均錄得虧損淨額,故並無任何金額從保留盈利轉撥至法定儲備。
- (b) 於中國成立之附屬公司之保留溢利之境外股款 須經當地政府批准及視乎此等附屬公司能否產 生及保留之外幣可能性。

United Gene High-Tech Group Limited Annual Report 2013

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

綜合現金流量表

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

		2013	2012
		二零一三年	二零一二年
		HK\$′000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
		干活儿	
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	經營活動		
Loss before tax	税前虧損	(89,717)	(131,757)
Adjustments for:	調整:		
Depreciation of property, plant and	物業、廠房及設備減值		5.040
equipment Amortisation of intangible assets	何形次文世史	10,460 1,334	5,010 1,687
Impairment of intangible assets	無形資產攤銷 無形資產減值	6,808	94,397
Impairment of goodwill	商譽減值	0,000	1,954
Impairment of property, plant and	物業、廠房及設備減值		1,001
equipment		16,457	-
Loss on written off/disposal of property,	撇銷/出售物業、廠房及設備之虧損		
plant and equipment		1,545	1,545
Interest income	利息收入	(1,445)	(2,260)
Interest income of available-for-sale financial assets	可供出售金融資產之利息收入		(3,867)
Net loss/(gain) on disposal of available-	出售可供出售金融資產之虧損/(收益)	(4,645)	(3,007)
for-sale financial assets	淨額 「新額」	55	(756)
Finance costs	財務費用	938	150
Operating cash flows before working	營運資本變動前之經營現金流量		
capital changes		(58,210)	(33,897)
Decrease/(increase) in inventories	存貨減少/(増加)	83	(37)
(Increase)/decrease in trade receivables	貿易應收賬款(增加)/減少	(3,135)	11,652
Decrease in prepayment, deposits and other receivables	預付款項、按金及其他應收款項減少	12 442	4 0 1 0
Increase/(decrease) in trade payables	貿易應付賬款增加/(減少)	12,443 2,604	4,212 (802)
Increase in accruals and other payables	應計費用及其他應付款項增加	8,779	5,521
			- / -
Cash used in operations	經營活動所用之現金	(37,436)	(13,351)
Income taxes paid	已付所得税	-	(2,209)
NET CASH USED IN OPERATING	經營活動所用之現金淨額		
ACTIVITIES		(37,436)	(15,560)
INVESTING ACTIVITIES	机次迁升		
Interest received	投資活動 已收利息	1,445	2,260
Interest received from available-for-sale	可供出售金融資產產生之已收利息	1,443	2,200
financial assets	的內面自並融資產產工是已依何必	4,645	3,867
Withdrawal of restricted bank balances	收回有限制銀行結餘	227	· _
Increase in other bank balances	其他銀行結餘增加	(120,000)	-
Deposits paid for acquisition of property,	收購物業、廠房及設備之已付按金		
plant and equipment	ᄜᄪᄮᄴ	-	(9,248)
Purchases of property, plant and equipment	購買物業、廠房及設備	(5,283)	(27,913)
Proceeds on disposal of property, plant	出售物業、廠房及設備之所得款項	(5,203)	(27,913)
and equipment	山白10米 减厉及政围之所侍须袭	_	3,815
Addition on intangible assets	無形資產增加	-	(3,484)
Purchases of available-for-sale financial	購買可供出售金融資產		
assets		(15,041)	(62,105)
Proceeds on disposal of available-for-sale	出售可供出售金融資產之所得款項		
financial assets		10,854	41,745
	机次试制的由于由人资格		
NET CASH USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES	投資活動所用之現金淨額	(123,153)	(51,063)
		(123,133)	(31,003)

53

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

綜合現金流量表

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

		2013 二零一三年 HK\$ [°] 000 千港元	2012 二零一二年 HK\$'000 千港元
FINANCING ACTIVITIES Interest paid Proceeds from issuance of rights shares Transaction costs of issuance of shares Proceeds from issuance of convertible	融資活動 已付利息 發行供股產生之所得款項 發行供股之交易費用 發行可換股債券之所得款項	(773) 80,286 (2,914)	(150)
bonds Transaction costs of issuance of convertible bonds Further capital injection by	發行可換股債券之交易費用 附屬公司非控股股東之進一步資本注資	133,000 (1,839)	-
a non-controlling shareholder of a subsidiary Other borrowing raised Repayment of other borrowing Advance from a shareholder Repayment to a shareholder	其他產生借貸 其他借貨還款 來自一名股東之墊款 向一名股東之還款	4,327 (4,907) 17,057 (1,978)	3,077 4,907 _ _ _
Loan from a non-controlling shareholder of a subsidiary NET CASH FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	來自一間附屬公司非控股股東的貸款 融資活動所得現金淨額	3,138	6,133
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	現金及現金等價物增加/(減少)淨額	64,808	(52,656)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE YEAR EFFECT ON FOREIGN EXCHANGE RATE CHANGES	年初現金及現金等價物 外幣匯率變動影響	169,815	222,267 204
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE YEAR, represented by cash and cash equivalents	年末現金及現金等價物, 指現金及現金等價物	235,253	169,815

54

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

The Company was incorporated in the Cayman Islands as an exempted company with limited liability under the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands. On 1 March 2013, the Company has been deregistered in the Cayman Islands and continued in Bermuda as an exempted company with limited liability under the laws of Bermuda. The Company's shares are listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange"). The address of its registered office is Clarendon House, 2 Church Street, Hamilton HM 11, Bermuda. The principal place of business in Hong Kong is situated at Rooms No. 1405-1406, Harbour Centre, No. 25 Harbour Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong.

The Company is an investment holding company. The principal activities of its subsidiaries are set out in note 35.

The functional currency of the Company is Hong Kong dollar ("HK\$"), which is the same as the presentation currency of the consolidation financial statements.

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS

In the current year, the Group has applied the following amendments to Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA").

Amendments to	Presen
HKAS 1	comp
Amendments to	Deferre
HKAS 12	asset

Presentation of items of other comprehensive income Deferred tax: Recovery of underlying assets

1. 一般資料

本公司根據開曼群島公司法於開曼群島註 冊成立為獲豁免有限責任公司。於二零 一三年三月一日,本公司撤銷於開曼群島 之註冊地位,並根據百慕達法例以獲豁 免有限責任公司之形式於百慕達存續。 本公司股份於香港聯合交易所有限公司 (「聯交所」)主板上市。其註冊辦事處地 址為Clarendon House, 2 Church Street, Hamilton HM11, Bermuda。其香港主要 營業地點位於香港灣仔港灣道25號海港中 心1405-1406室。

本公司為投資控股公司。其附屬公司之主 要業務載於附註35。

本公司之功能貨幣為港元(「港元」),即綜 合財務報表之呈報貨幣。

採納新訂及經修訂之香港財務 報告準則

於本年度,本集團已採納下列由香港會計 師公會(「香港會計師公會」)頒佈之香港財 務報告準則(「香港財務報告準則」)之修 訂。

香港會計準則	其他全面收益項目
第1號(修訂本)	之呈報
香港會計準則	遞延税項:收回
第12號(修訂本)	相關資產

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (Continued)

Amendments to HKAS 1 Presentation of items of other comprehensive income

The amendments to HKAS 1 introduce new terminology for statement of comprehensive income and income statement. Under the amendments to HKAS 1, a statement of comprehensive income is renamed as a statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income. In addition, the amendments to HKAS 1 require additional disclosures to be made in the other comprehensive income section such that items of other comprehensive income are grouped into two categories: (a) items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss; and (b) items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss when specific conditions are met. Income tax on items of other comprehensive income is required to be allocated on the same basis - the amendments do not change the existing option to present items of other comprehensive income either before tax or net of tax. The amendments have been applied retrospectively, and hence the presentation of items of other comprehensive income has been modified to reflect the changes. Other than the above mentioned presentation changes, the application of the amendments to HKAS 1 does not result in any impact on profit or loss, other comprehensive income and total comprehensive income.

The application of the other amendments to HKFRSs in the current year has had no material impact on the Group's financial performance and positions for the current and prior years and/or on the disclosures set out in these consolidated financial statements.

採納新訂及經修訂之香港財務 報告準則(續)

香港會計準則第1號(修訂本)「其 他全面收益項目之呈報」

香港會計準則第1號(修訂本)就全面收益 表及損益報表引入新名稱。根據香港會計 準則第1號(修訂本),全面收益表更名為 損益及其他全面收益表。此外,香港會計 準則第1號(修訂本)要求在其他全面收益 一節內作出額外披露,將其他全面收益項 目分為兩類:(a)其後將不會重新分類至損 益之項目;及(b)其後可能會於符合特定條 件時重新分類至損益之項目。其他全面收 益項目之所得税須按相同基準分配,惟有 關修訂不會改變呈列其他全面收益項目(無 論為除税前項目或除税後項目)之現有選 擇。該等修訂已追溯應用,因此,其他全 面收益項目之呈列方式已作出修改,以反 映有關變動。除上文所述之呈列方式變動 外,應用香港會計準則第1號(修訂本)對 損益、其他全面收益及全面收益總額並無 任何影響。

於本年度採納香港財務報告準則之其他修 訂,對本集團於本年度及過往年度之財務 表現及狀況及/或該等綜合財務報表所載 披露並無重大影響。

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED 2. 採納新 HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING 報告準

STANDARDS (Continued)

Amendments to HKAS 1 Presentation of items of other comprehensive income (Continued)

The Group has not early adopted the following new and revised HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective:

採納新訂及經修訂之香港財務 報告準則(續)

香港會計準則第1號(修訂本)「其 他全面收益項目之呈報」(續) 本集團並無提早應用下列已頒佈但尚未生 效之新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則:

Amendments to HKFRSs	Annual improvements to HKFRSs 2009- 2011 cycle ¹	香港財務報告準則(修訂本)	香港財務報告準則 二零零九年至 二零一一年週期之 年度改進1
Amendments to HKFRS 7	Disclosures – Offsetting financial assets and financial liabilities ¹	香港財務報告準則第7號(修訂本)	披露−抵銷金融資產及 金融負債1
Amendments to HKFRS 9 and HKFRS 7	Mandatory effective date of HKFRS 9 and transition disclosures ²	香港財務報告準則第9號(修訂本)及 香港財務報告準則第7號(修訂本)	香港財務報告準則第9號之 強制生效日期及 過渡性指引 ²
Amendments to HKFRS 10, HKFRS 11 and HKFRS 12 Amendments to HKFRS 10, HKFRS 12 and	Consolidated financial statements, joint arrangements and disclosure of interests in other entities: Transition guidance ¹ Investment entities ³	香港財務報告準則第10號(修訂本)、 香港財務報告準則第11號(修訂本) 及香港財務報告準則第12號(修訂本) 香港財務報告準則第10號(修訂本)、 香港財務報告準則第10號(修訂本))	綜合財務報表、聯合安排及 披露於其他實體之 權益:過渡性指引' 投資實體 ⁹
HKAS 27 HKFRS 9	Financial instruments ²	及香港會計準則第27號(修訂本) 香港財務報告準則第9號	金融工具2
HKFRS 10	Consolidated financial statements ¹	香港財務報告準則第10號	综合財務報表1
HKFRS 11	Joint arrangements ¹	香港财務報告準則第11號	聯合安排1
HKFRS 12	Disclosure of interests in other entities ¹	香港財務報告準則第12號	披露於其他實體之權益1
HKFRS 13	Fair value measurement ¹	香港財務報告準則第13號	公平值計量1
HKAS 19 (Revised 2011)	Employee benefits ¹	香港會計準則第19號 (二零一一年經修訂)	僱員福利1
HKAS 27 (Revised 2011)	Separate financial statements ¹	香港會計準則第27號 (二零一一年經修訂)	獨立財務報表1
HKAS 28 (Revised 2011)	Investments in associates and joint ventures ¹	香港會計準則第28號 (二零一一年經修訂)	於聯營公司及合營公司之 投資 ¹
Amendments to HKAS 32	Offsetting financial assets and financial liabilities ³	香港會計準則第32號(修訂本)	抵銷金融資產及金融負債3
Amendments to HKAS 36	Recoverable amount disclosures for non- financial assets ³	香港會計準則第36號(修訂本)	非金融資產之可收回金額 披露 ³
Amendments to HKAS 39	Novation of derivatives and continuation of hedge accounting ³	香港會計準則第39號(修訂本)	衍生工具更替及對沖會計法之 延續 ³
HK(IFRIC) – INT 20	Stripping costs in the production phase of a surface mine ¹	香港(國際財務報告詮釋委員會) 一詮釋第20號	露天礦場於生產階段之 剝採成本1
HK(IFRIC) – INT 21	Levies ³	香港(國際財務報告詮釋委員會) 一詮釋第21號	徵税3

聯合基因科技集團有限公司 二零一三年年報

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (Continued)

Amendments to HKAS 1 Presentation of items of other comprehensive income (Continued)

The Group has not early adopted the following new and revised HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective: *(Continued)*

- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after
 1 January 2013
- ² Effective for annual periods beginning on or after
 1 January 2015
- ³ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2014

HKFRS 9 Financial instruments

HKFRS 9 issued in 2009 introduces new requirements for the classification and measurement of financial assets. HKFRS 9 amended in 2011 includes the requirements for the classification and measurement of financial liabilities and for derecognition.

Key requirements of HKFRS 9 are described as follows:

All recognised financial assets that are within the scope of HKAS 39 "Financial instruments: Recognition and measurement" to be subsequently measured at amortised cost or fair value. Specifically, debt investments that are held within a business model whose objective is to collect the contractual cash flows, and that have contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal outstanding are generally measured at amortised cost at the end of subsequent accounting periods. All other debt investments and equity investments are measured at their fair values at the end of subsequent reporting periods. In addition, under HKFRS 9, entities may make an irrevocable election to present subsequent changes in the fair value of an equity investment (that is not held for trading) in other comprehensive income, with only dividend income generally recognised in profit or loss.

採納新訂及經修訂之香港財務 報告準則(續)

香港會計準則第1號(修訂本)「其 他全面收益項目之呈報」(續)

本集團並無提早應用下列已頒佈但尚未生 效之新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則: (續)

- 1 於二零一三年一月一日或之後開始之年度 期間生效
- 2 於二零一五年一月一日或之後開始之年度 期間生效
- 3 於二零一四年一月一日或之後開始之年度 期間生效

香港財務報告準則第9號「金融工具」 於二零零九年頒佈之香港財務報告準則第 9號引入金融資產分類及計量之新規定。 於二零一一年修訂之香港財務報告準則第 9號包括金融負債分類及計量以及終止確 認之規定。

香港財務報告準則第9號之主要規定概述 如下:

符合香港會計準則第39號「金融工 具:確認及計量|範圍內之所有已確 認金融資產其後均須按攤銷成本或 公平值計量。具體而言,為收集合 約現金流量之業務模式內所持有, 以及合約現金流量僅為償還本金及 尚未償還本金所產生利息為目的之 **債務投資**,一般於其後會計期間結 束時按攤銷成本計量。所有其他債 務投資及股本投資均於其後報告期 間結束時按公平值計量。此外,根 據香港財務報告準則第9號,實體可 作出不可撤回選擇以於其他全面收 益呈列股本投資(並非持作買賣)之 其後公平值變動,而一般僅於損益 內確認股息收入。

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (Continued)

HKFRS 9 Financial instruments (Continued)

With regard to the measurement of financial liabilities designated as at fair value through profit or loss, HKFRS 9 requires that the amount of change in the fair value of the financial liability that is attributable to changes in the credit risk of that liability is presented in other comprehensive income, unless the recognition of the effects of changes in the liability's credit risk in other comprehensive income would create or enlarge an accounting mismatch in profit or loss. Changes in fair value of financial liabilities attributable to changes in the financial liabilities' credit risk are not subsequently reclassified to profit or loss. Under HKAS 39, the entire amount of the change in the fair value of the financial liability designated as fair value through profit or loss was presented in profit or loss.

HKFRS 9 is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2015, with earlier application permitted.

The Directors anticipate that the adoption of HKFRS 9 in the future may not have a significant impact on amounts reported in respect of the Group's financial assets.

採納新訂及經修訂之香港財務 報告準則(續)

香港財務報告準則第9號「金融工具」 (續)

就指定為按公平值計入損益之金融 負債之計量而言,香港財務報告準 則第9號規定金融負債信貸風險變 動導致該負債公平值變動之金額於 其他全面收益呈列,除非於其他 全面收益確認該負債之信貸風險變 動影響會導致或擴大於損益之會計 錯配。金融負債信貸風險變動導 致金融負債公平值變動其後不會重 新分類至損益。根據香港會計準則 第39號,指定為按公平值計入損益 之金融負債公平值變動全部金額於 損益呈列。

香港財務報告準則第9號於二零一五年 一月一日或之後開始之年度期間生效,並 可提早應用。

董事預計,日後採納香港財務報告準則 第9號,可能不會對本集團金融資產之呈 報金額造成重大影響。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 你会时教報書解註

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING

STANDARDS (Continued) HKFRS 13 Fair value measurement

HKFRS 13 establishes a single source of guidance for fair value measurements and disclosures about fair value measurements. The standard defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value, and requires disclosures about fair value measurements. The scope of HKFRS 13 is broad; it applies to both financial instrument items and nonfinancial instrument items for which other HKFRSs require or permit fair value measurements and disclosures about fair value measurements, except in specified circumstances. In general, the disclosure requirements in HKFRS 13 are more extensive than those in the current standards. For example, quantitative and qualitative disclosures based on the threelevel fair value hierarchy currently required for financial instruments only under HKFRS 7 "Financial instruments: Disclosures" will be extended by HKFRS 13 to cover all assets and liabilities within its scope.

HKFRS 13 is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013, with earlier application permitted. HKFRS 13 will be adopted in the Group's consolidated financial statements for the annual period beginning 1 July 2013 and the application of this new standard may affect the amounts reported in the consolidated financial statements and result in more extensive disclosures in the consolidated financial statements.

The Directors anticipate that the application of the other new and revised HKFRSs will have no material impact on the consolidated financial statements.

採納新訂及經修訂之香港財務 報告準則(續)

香港財務報告準則第13號「公平值 計量」

香港財務報告準則第13號建立公平值計 量及相關計量披露的單一指引。該準則為 公平值定義一建立計量公平值的框架及要 求作出公平值計量的披露。香港財務報告 準則第13號涉及之範圍廣泛,該項準則 適用於其他香港財務報告準則規定或准許 使用公平值計量及作出公平值計量披露的 金融工具項目及非金融工具項目(除特定 情況外)。一般而言,香港財務報告準則 第13號要求的披露範圍比現行標準更為廣 泛。例如:目前只有香港財務報告準則第 7號「金融工具:披露」下的金融工具,方 需根據三層公平值架構進行質量及數量範 露,而香港財務報告準則第13號將披露範 圍擴展至該準則所涵蓋的所有資產及負債。

香港財務報告準則第13號之生效期為於 二零一三年一月一日或之後開始的年度期 間,並容許提早應用。香港財務報告準則 第13號將於本集團由二零一三年七月一日 開始之年度期間之綜合財務報表中採用, 而應用該項新準則或會對綜合財務報表呈 列之金額構成影響,導致綜合財務報表可 能需要作出更廣泛的披露。

董事預期,採納其他新訂及經修訂香港財 務報告準則將不會對綜合財務報表造成重 大影響。

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA. In addition, the consolidated financial statements include applicable disclosures required by the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange and by the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for certain properties and financial instruments, which are measured at revalued amounts or fair values, as explained in the accounting policies set out below. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods or services.

The principal accounting policies are set out below.

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and entities controlled by the Company (its subsidiaries). Control is achieved where the Company has the power to govern the financial and operating policies of an entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities.

Income and expenses of subsidiaries acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income from the effective date of acquisition or up to the effective date of disposal, as appropriate.

Where necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies into line with those used by other members the Group.

All intra-group transactions, balances, income and expenses are eliminated in full on consolidation.

Non-controlling interests in subsidiaries are presented separately from the Group's equity therein.

3. 重大會計政策

綜合財務報表乃根據香港會計師公會所 頒佈之香港財務報告準則編製。此外, 綜合財務報表已就聯交所證券上市規則 及香港公司條例之規定作出適當披露。

誠如下文會計政策所解釋,除若干物業 及金融工具乃按重估金額或公平值計量 外,綜合財務報表乃按歷史成本編製。 歷史成本一般以貨品或服務作交換之代 價公平值為基準。

主要會計政策載列如下。

綜合基準

綜合財務報表包括本公司及本公司所控 制之實體(其附屬公司)之財務報表。當 本公司有權力支配一間實體的財務及經 營決策,藉此從其業務中得到利益,即 視為取得控制權。

年內購入或出售之附屬公司之收益及開 支自收購生效日期或直至出售生效日期 (如適用)止計入綜合損益及其他全面收 益表。

因應需要對附屬公司之財務報表作出調 整,致使其會計政策與本集團其他成員 公司所採用者一致。

所有集團內交易、結餘、收益及開支均 於綜合賬目時全數對銷。

附屬公司非控股權益於本文與本集團權 益獨立呈列。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

Basis of consolidation (Continued)

Allocation of total comprehensive income to noncontrolling interests

Total comprehensive income and expense of a subsidiary is attributed to the owners of the Company and to the noncontrolling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

Changes in the Group's ownership interests in existing subsidiaries

Changes in the Group's ownership interests in existing subsidiaries that do not result in the Group losing control over the subsidiaries are accounted for as equity transactions. The carrying amounts of the Group's interests and the noncontrolling interests are adjusted to reflect the changes in their relative interests in the subsidiaries. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognised directly in equity and attributed to owners of the Company.

Revenue recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable and represents amounts receivable for goods sold and services provided in the normal course of business, net of discounts and sales related taxes.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the goods are delivered and titles have passed, at which time all the following conditions are satisfied:

3. 重大會計政策(續)

<mark>綜合基準</mark>(續) 分配全面收益總額至非控股權益

附屬公司全面收益及開支總額歸屬本公 司擁有人及非控股權益,即使將導致非 控股權益結餘出現虧絀。

本集團對現有附屬公司擁有權權益之變動

本集團對現有附屬公司擁有權權益之變 動如並無導致本集團失去對該附屬公司 之控制權,將作為權益交易入賬。本集 團之權益及非控股權益之賬面值將予以 調整,以反映彼等於附屬公司之相關權 益之變動。非控股權益所調整之款額與 所付或所收代價之公平值兩者之間的差 額,均直接於權益確認並歸屬本公司擁 有人。

收益確認

收益按已收或應收代價之公平值計量, 乃於正常業務過程中就已售貨品及已提 供服務所應收取之款項(扣除折扣及銷 售相關税項)。

銷售貨品之收益於貨品交付及擁有權移 交,並且已符合下列所有條件時確認:

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 3.

(Continued)

Revenue recognition (Continued)

- the Group has transferred to the buyer the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods;
- the Group retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold;
- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Group; and
- the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

Revenue from the provision of genetic testing services and the provision of health care management services is recognised when the related services have been provided to the customers.

Revenue from the distribution of bio-industrial products and trading of beauty products is recognised when the goods are delivered and titles have passed to the customers.

Interest income from a financial asset is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the amount of income can be measured reliably. Interest income is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount on initial recognition.

重大會計政策(續)

收益確認(續)

- 本集團已將貨品擁有權之重大風險
 及回報轉移予買方;
- 本集團並無保留一般與擁有權有關 之銷售貨品持續管理權或實際控制 權;
- 銷售收益金額能夠可靠地計量;
- 與交易相關之經濟利益很可能流入 本集團;及
- 有關交易產生或將產生之成本能夠 可靠地計量。

來自提供基因測試服務及提供健康管理 服務之收入於提供相關服務予客戶時予 以確認。

來自分銷生物產業產品及買賣美容產品 之收益於向客戶交付貨物及轉讓所有權 時予以確認。

金融資產之利息收入於經濟利益將有可 能流入本集團及收益金額能可靠地計量 時確認。利息收入就未償還本金額及適 用實際利率按時間基準累計,有關利率 為於金融資產之預計年期將估計日後所 收現金準確折算至該資產於初始確認時 之賬面淨值之利率。

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment including leasehold land and buildings held for use in the production or supply of goods or services, or for administrative purposes (other than construction in progress) are stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost or fair value less subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or fair value of items of property, plant and equipment, other than construction in progress, less their residual values over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

Leasehold land and buildings held for use in the production or supply of goods or services, or for administrative purposes, are stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at their revalued amounts, being the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Revaluations are performed with sufficient regularity such that the carrying amount does not differ materially from that which would be determined using fair values at the end of the reporting period.

3. 重大會計政策(續)

物業、廠房及設備

物業、廠房及設備(包括持有作用於生 產或供應貨品或服務之租賃土地及樓 宇,或行政用途,不包括在建工程)按 成本或公平值減其後累計折舊及其後累 計減值虧損(如有)於綜合財務狀況表入 賬。

物業、廠房及設備項目(不包括在建工 程)會以直線法在其估計使用年期內對 其成本或公平值減去殘值後確認折舊。 估計使用年期、殘值和折舊方法會在每 個報告期末覆核,並採用未來適用法對 估計變更的影響進行核算。

持作生產或供應貨品或服務或持作行政 用途之租賃土地及樓宇,按重估金額於 綜合財務狀況表列賬,即於重估日期之 公平值減其後任何累計折舊及任何累計 減值虧損。本集團會定期進行重估,使 賬面值不會與使用報告期間結算日公平 值所釐定者出現重大差異。

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

Property, plant and equipment (Continued)

Any revaluation increase arising from revaluation of leasehold land and buildings is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in property revaluation reserve, except to the extent that it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss, in which case the increase is credited to profit or loss to the extent of the decrease previously charged. A decrease in carrying amount arising on revaluation of an asset is recognised in profit or loss to the extent that it exceeds the balance, if any, on the property revaluation reserve relating to a previous revaluation of that asset. On the subsequent sale or retirement of a revalued asset, the attributable revaluation surplus is transferred to accumulated losses.

Property, plant and equipment in the course of construction for production, supply or administrative purposes are carried at cost, less any recognised impairment loss. Costs include professional fees and, for qualifying assets, borrowing costs capitalised in accordance with the Group's accounting policy. Such properties are classified to the appropriate categories of property, plant and equipment when completed and ready for intended use. Depreciation of these assets, on the same basis as other property assets, commences when the assets are ready for their intended use.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in the profit or loss.

3. 重大會計政策(續)

物業、廠房及設備(續)

重估租賃土地及樓宇產生的任何重估增 值會於其他全面收益確認及累計至物業 重估儲備,惟撥回同一資產先前已於損 益確認之重估減值情況則除外。在此情 況下,有關增值將計入損益內,惟以先 前扣除之減值為限。重估資產產生之賬 面值減少會於損益確認,惟以其超出該 資產先前所作重估之物業重估儲備餘額 (如有)為限。其後出售或報廢該經重估 資產時,應佔重估盈餘會轉撥至累計虧 損。

用於生產、提供貨物或行政用途的在建 物業、廠房及設備,以成本減已確認的 減值虧損列賬。成本包括專業費用及根 據本集團會計政策對合資格資產資本化 的借貸成本。該等物業完工後並達到可 作擬定用途時分類為適當的物業、廠房 及設備類別。與其他物業資產一樣,當 這些資產達到可作擬定用途時開始折 舊。

當出售時或當繼續使用資產預期不會產 生任何未來經濟利益時,物業、廠房及 設備項目撇除確認。處置或報廢一項物 業、廠房及設備項目產生的損益,應按 銷售所得款項與該資產賬面值之間的差 額予以確定,並計入損益。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

Intangible assets

Intangible assets acquired separately

Intangible assets with finite useful lives that are acquired separately are carried at costs less accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses. Amortisation for intangible assets with finite useful lives is recognised on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives. The estimated useful life and amortisation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate being accounted for on a prospective basis. Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives that are acquired separately are carried at cost less any subsequent accumulated impairment losses (see the accounting policy in respect of impairment losses on tangible and intangible assets below).

Internally-generated intangible assets – Research and development expenditure

Expenditure on research activities is recognised as an expense in the period in which it is incurred.

An internally-generated intangible asset arising from development activities (or from the development phase of an internal project) is recognised if, and only if, all of the following have been demonstrated:

- the technical feasibility of completing the intangible asset so that it will be available for use or sale;
- the intention to complete the intangible asset and use or sell it;
- the ability to use or sell the intangible asset;
- how the intangible asset will generate probable future economic benefits;
- the availability of adequate technical, financial and other resources to complete the development and to use or sell the intangible asset; and
- the ability to measure reliably the expenditure attributable to the intangible asset during its development.

3. 重大會計政策(續)

無形資產

個別收購的無形資產

個別收購且具備有限可使用年期的無形 資產按成本減累計攤銷及任何累計減值 虧損入賬。具備有限可使用年期的按直 資產攤銷於其估計可使用年期內按直線 基報告期末檢討,而估計之任何變動影 響按未來適用法予以入賬。個別收購的 無限可用年期無形資產則按成本減關有 形及無形資產減值虧損之會計政策)。

內部產生無形資產-研發開支

研究活動的開支於產生時的期間確認為 開支。

由開發活動(或由內部項目開發階段產生) 的內部產生無形資產僅於以下所有各項均 得到證明時確認:

一 一 亡 士 仁 സ 次 支 払 井

- 完成該無形資產的技術可行性從而 使其可予使用或出售;
- 完成及使用或出售該無形資產的意圖;
- 使用或出售該無形資產的能力;
- 該無形資產將很有可能產生未來經 濟利益的方式;
- 有充足的技術、財務或其他資源以
 完成開發及使用或出售該無形資
 產;及
- 能可靠地計量無形資產於其開發期 間所用的開支。

United Gene High-Tech Group Limited Annual Report 2013

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

Intangible assets (Continued)

Internally-generated intangible assets – Research and development expenditure (Continued)

The amount initially recognised for internally-generated intangible asset is the sum of the expenditure incurred from the date when the intangible asset first meets the recognition criteria listed above. Where no internally generated intangible asset can be recognised, development expenditure is charged to profit or loss in the period in which it is incurred. Subsequent to initial recognition, internally-generated intangible asset is measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses, on the same basis as intangible assets acquired separately.

Intangible assets acquired in a business combination

Intangible assets acquired in a business combination are recognised separately from goodwill and are initially recognised at their fair value at the acquisition date (which is regarded as their cost).

Subsequent to initial recognition, intangible assets with finite useful lives are carried at costs less accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses. Amortisation for intangible assets with finite useful lives is recognised on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives. Alternatively, intangible assets with indefinite useful lives are carried at cost less any subsequent accumulated impairment losses (see the accounting policy in respect of impairment losses on tangible and intangible assets below).

3. 重大會計政策(續)

<mark>無形資產</mark>(續) 內部產生無形資產-研發開支(續)

內部產生無形資產的初步確認金額乃從無 形資產首次符合上列確認條件的日期起所 產生的開支總額。如並無可確認的內部產 生無形資產,開發開支將於產生時的期間 於損益中扣除。於初步確認後,內部產生 無形資產將按成本減累計攤銷及累計減值 虧損計量,其基準與獨立收購的無形資產 的計量基準相同。

於業務合併中所收購的無形資產

於業務合併中所收購的無形資產乃獨立於 商譽確認,而初步按收購日期之公平值(被 視為其成本)確認。

於初步確認後,具有有限可使用年期的無 形資產乃按成本減累計攤銷及任何累計減 值虧損列賬。具有有限可使用年期的無形 資產按其估計可使用年期以直線法確認攤 銷。另外,具有無限可使用年期的無形資 產按成本減任何隨後累計減值虧損列賬(參 閱下文有關有形及無形資產減值虧損的會 計政策)。

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

Impairment losses on tangible and intangible assets other than goodwill

At the end of the reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets with finite useful lives to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss, if any. When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit ("CGU") to which the asset belongs. When a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation can be identified, corporate assets are also allocated to individual CGUs, or otherwise they are allocated to the smallest group of CGUs for which a reasonable and consistent allocation basis can be identified.

Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives and intangible assets not yet available for use are tested for impairment at least annually, and whenever there is an indication that they may be impaired.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or a CGU) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or a CGU) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised as an expense immediately in profit or loss, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount under another standard, in which case the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation decrease under that standard.

3. 重大會計政策(續)

有形及無形資產(商譽除外)之減 值虧損

於報告期末,本集團檢討其有限可使用 年期之有形及無形資產之賬面值,以釐 定有否跡象顯示該等資產出現減值虧 損。倘出現任何有關跡象,則須估計資 產之可收回金額,以釐定減值虧損(如 有)之程度。倘無法估計個別資產之可 收回金額,則本集團會估計該資產所屬 現金產生單位(「現金產生單位」)之可收 回金額。倘可識別合理及一致之分配基 準,則企業資產亦會分配至個別現金產 生單位,或分配至可識別合理及一致分 配基準之最小組別現金產生單位。

無限可使用年期之無形資產及未可供使 用之無形資產至少每年及於出現可能減 值之跡象時進行減值測試。

可收回金額為公平值(減銷售成本)與使 用價值兩者中之較高值。於評估使用價 值時,乃以反映目前市場對金錢時間價 值及資產於估計未來現金流量調整前之 獨有風險之税前折算率折算估計未來現 金流量至其現值。

倘估計資產(或現金產生單位)之可收 回金額少於其賬面值,資產(或現金產 生單位)之賬面值被削減至其可收回金 額。減值虧損即時於損益確認為開支, 惟有關資產以另一準則按重估金額列賬 則除外,於此情況下,減值虧損作為於 該準則下之重估減幅處理。

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

Impairment losses on tangible and intangible assets other than goodwill (Continued)

When allocating an impairment loss to individual assets within a CGU, the carrying amount of an individual asset should not be reduced below the highest of its fair value less cost of disposal (if measurable), its value in use (if determinable), and zero. If this results in an amount being allocated to an asset which is less than its pro rata share of the impairment loss, the excess is allocated to the remaining assets within the CGU on a pro rata basis.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or CGU) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (or a CGU) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised as income immediately, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount under another standard, in which case the reversal of the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation increase under that standard.

Leasing

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risk and rewards of ownership to the lessee. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

The Group as lessee

Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

3. 重大會計政策(續)

有形及無形資產(商譽除外)之減 值虧損(續)

當減值虧損被分配至現金產生單位內個 別資產時,個別資產的賬面值不能減少 至低於公平值減出售成本(如可計量)、 使用價值(如可釐訂)與零三者間之較高 者。如被分配至個別資產的金額低於其 按比例作出分配之減值虧損時,超出之 金額會按比例被分配至現金產生單位內 的其他資產。

倘減值虧損於其後撥回,則該項資產 (或現金產生單位)之賬面值會增加至其 經修訂之估計可收回金額,惟增加後之 賬面值不得超出假設過往年度並無就該 項資產(或現金產生單位)確認減值虧 損原應釐定之賬面值。減值虧損撥回即 時確認為收益,惟有關資產以另一準則 按重估金額列賬則除外,於此情況下, 減值虧損作為於該準則下之重估增幅處 理。

租賃

當租賃轉讓之條款將擁有權所產生之絕 大部分風險及回報轉移至承租人時,該 等租賃被分類為融資租賃。所有其他租 賃則分類為經營租賃。

本集團作為承租人

經營租賃款項於租期內按直線法確認為 開支。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

Retirement benefit costs

Payments to state-managed retirement benefit schemes and Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme are charged as an expense when employees have rendered service entitling them to the contributions.

Government grants

Government grant are not recognised until there is reasonable assurance that the Group will comply with the conditions attaching to it and that the grant will be received.

Government grants that are receivable as compensation for expenses or losses already incurred or for the purpose of giving immediate financial support to the Group with no future related costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they become receivable.

Foreign currencies

In preparing the financial statements of each individual group entity, transactions in currencies other than the functional currency of that entity (foreign currencies) are recorded in the respective functional currency (i.e. the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates) at the rates of exchanges prevailing on the dates of the transactions. At the end of the reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date. Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the date when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

3. 重大會計政策(續)

退休福利成本

國家管理退休福利計劃及強制性公積金計 劃之供款,於僱員提供服務而有權獲得有 關供款時支銷。

政府補助金

除非能合理確定本集團將符合有關附帶條 件及將會收取有關補助金,否則政府補助 金不予確認。

政府補助金是作為支出或已發生的虧損補 償、或是以給予本集團即時的財務支援為 目的而發放,無未來相關成本,在應收期 間內於損益中確認。

外幣

於編製各集團實體之財務報表時,以該實 體之功能貨幣以外貨幣(外幣)進行之交易 按交易日期之通用匯率折算為其功能貨幣 (即該實體經營之主要經濟環境之貨幣)記 錄。於報告期末,以外幣列值之貨幣項目 按該日之通用匯率重新換算。按公平值以 外幣列值之非貨幣項目則按釐定公平值當 日之匯率換算。以外幣及按歷史成本計量 之非貨幣項目不會重新換算。

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

Foreign currencies (Continued)

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items, and on the retranslation of monetary items, are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise. Exchange differences arising on the retranslation of nonmonetary items carried at fair value are included in profit or loss for the period except for exchange differences arising on the retranslation of non-monetary items in respect of which gains and losses are recognised directly in other comprehensive income, in which cases, the exchange differences are also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

For the purposes of presenting the consolidated financial statements, the assets and liabilities of the Group's foreign operations are translated into the presentation currency of the Group (i.e. HK\$) using exchange rates prevailing at the end of each reporting period. Income and expenses items are translated at the average exchange rates for the year. Exchange differences arising, if any, are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity under the heading of foreign currency translation reserve (attributed to non-controlling interests as appropriate).

In relation to a partial disposal of a subsidiary that does not result in the Group losing control over the subsidiary, the proportionate share of accumulated exchange differences are reattributed to non-controlling interests and are not recognised in profit or loss.

Goodwill and fair value adjustments on identifiable assets acquired arising on an acquisition of a foreign operation on or after 1 January 2005 are treated as assets and liabilities of that foreign operation and retranslated at the rate of exchange prevailing at the end of each reporting period. Exchange differences arising are recognised in equity under the heading of foreign currency translation reserve.

3. 重大會計政策(續)

外幣(續)

結算貨幣項目及重新換算貨幣項目所產生 之匯兑差額,於其產生期間在損益中確 認。重新換算以公平值列賬的非貨幣項目 產生的匯兑差額計入期間之損益,惟因重 新換算有關收益及虧損直接於其他全面收 益中確認之非貨幣項目時所產生之匯兑差 額則除外,於該等情況下,其匯兑差額亦 直接於其他全面收益中確認。

就呈列綜合財務報表而言,本集團海外經 營業務之資產及負債乃按於各報告期末之 適用匯率換算為本集團之列賬貨幣(即港 元),而其收入及開支乃按年內之平均匯 率進行換算。所產生之匯兑差額(如有)乃 於其他全面收益中確認並於權益中外幣換 算儲備項下累計(歸屬非控股權益(如適 用))。

就出售附屬公司部分權益(並無引致本集團 失去對該附屬公司之控制權),則按比例將 累計匯兑差額重新歸屬至非控股權益,且 不在損益內確認。

於二零零五年一月一日或之後,收購海外 業務產生之已收購可識別資產商譽及公平 值調整,被視為該海外業務之資產及負 債,並按各報告期末適用之匯率重新換 算。由此產生之匯兑差額於權益中外幣換 算儲備項下確認。

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

All other borrowing costs are recognised as and included in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Tax loss differs from loss before tax as reported in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax base used in the computation of tax loss. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary difference to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

3. 重大會計政策(續)

借貸成本

因收購、興建或生產需要長時間籌備方可 供其擬定用途或銷售之合資格資產所產生 之直接借貸成本,計入該等資產之成本 中,直至該等資產已大致上可供其擬定用 途或銷售。在特定借貸撥作合資格資產之 支出前暫時用作投資所賺取之投資收入, 須從合資格資本化之借貸成本中扣除。

所有其他借貸成本按其產生期間在損益中 確認及計入。

税項

所得税開支為現行應繳税項及遞延税項之 總額。

現行應繳税項根據年度應課税溢利計算。 税項虧損與綜合損益及其他全面收益表內 呈報之除税前虧損兩者之差異乃基於前者 並無計入其他年度之應課税或可扣減收支 項目,亦無計入毋須課税或不獲扣減之項 目所致。本集團之現行税項負債乃按已於 報告期末訂定或大致訂定之税率計算。

遞延税項乃就綜合財務報表內資產及負債 賬面值與計算税項虧損所用之相應税基間 之臨時性差異而確認。遞延税項負債一般 按所有應課税之臨時性差異予以確認。遞 延税項資產則一般按可能會出現可用以抵 銷該等可扣減之臨時性差異之應課税溢利 而就所有可扣減臨時性差異予以確認。倘 若臨時性差異乃基於商譽或初步確認(業務 合併之情況下除外)不影響應課税溢利或 會計溢利之交易中之其他資產及負債而引 致,則有關資產及負債不予確認。

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

Taxation (Continued)

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences arising from investments in subsidiaries, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences associated with such investments are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that there will be sufficient taxable profits against which to utilise the benefits of the temporary differences and they are expected to reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of a deferred tax asset is reviewed at the end of the reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset is realised, based on tax rate (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current and deferred tax are recognised in profit or loss, except when it relates to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case the current and deferred tax are also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost of inventories are calculated using the firstin, first-out method. Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price for inventories less all estimated costs of completion and costs necessary to make the sale.

3. 重大會計政策(續)

税項(續)

遞延税項負債乃按於附屬公司之投資所引 致之應課税臨時性差異確認,惟若本集團 可控制臨時性差異撥回及臨時性差異有可 能未必於可見未來之情況下撥回除外。與 該等投資相關之可扣減臨時性差異所產生 之遞延税項資產僅於可能有足夠應課税溢 利可以使用臨時性差異之益處,且預計於 可見將來可以撥回時確認。

遞延税項資產之賬面值乃於報告期末作出 審閱,並會調低至再無足夠應課税溢利恢 復全部或部分資產。

遞延税項資產及負債乃按預期於償還負債 或變現資產期間適用之税率計算。所根據 之税率(及税法)乃於報告期末已訂定或大 致訂定。

遞延税項負債及資產的計量反映本集團於 報告期末,將依據所預計將要收回或償還 其資產及負債賬面值之方式之税務後果。

即期及遞延税項於損益中確認,惟倘遞延 税項與在其他全面收益中確認或直接在權 益中確認之項目有關則除外,於此情況 下,即期及遞延税項亦會分別於其他全面 收益或直接於權益中確認。

存貨

存貨乃按成本值或可變現淨值兩者較低者 列賬。存貨成本乃按先入先出法計算。可 變現淨值指存貨估計售價減完成之全部估 計成本及銷售所需成本。

聯合基因科技集團有限公司 二零一三年年報

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that the Group will be required to settle that obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. Provisions are measured at the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. When a provision is measured using the cash flows estimated to settle the present obligation, its carrying amount is the present value of those cash flows (where the effect of the time value of money is material).

Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position when a group entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition.

Financial assets

The Group's financial assets are classified into loans and receivables and available-for-sale financial assets. The classification depends on the nature and purpose of the financial assets and so determined at the time of initial recognition. All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognised and derecognised on a trade date basis. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the marketplace.

3. 重大會計政策(續)

撥備

當本集團因過往事件而承擔現行法律或推 定責任,而本集團可能需要履行該責任, 並且就責任的金額作出可靠估算,則確認 撥備。撥備乃按於報告期末對履行現有責 任所需代價之最佳估計,並計及責任之風 險及不確定性而計量。倘撥備採用履行現 有責任之估計現金流量計量,則其賬面值 為該等現金流量之現值(倘對金額時間值影 響重大)。

金融工具

倘集團實體成為工具合約條文之訂約方, 則於綜合財務狀況表中確認金融資產及金 融負債。

金融資產及金融負債最初按公平值計量。 因收購或發行金融資產及金融負債而直接 產生之交易成本於初步確認時計入金融資 產或金融負債(按適用)之公平值或自金融 資產及金融負債(按適用)之公平值扣除。

金融資產

本集團之金融資產分為貸款及應收款項, 以及可供出售金融資產。分類視乎金融資 產之性質及目的,並據此於初步確認時決 定。所有日常買賣之金融資產以交易日基 礎確認及終止確認。日常買賣指須根據市 場規則或慣例訂立之時間內交收資產之金 融資產買賣。

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset and of allocating interest income over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts (including all fees paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial asset, or, where appropriate, a shorter period to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Income is recognised on an effective interest basis for debt instruments.

Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. Subsequent to initial recognition, loans and receivables (including trade receivables, deposits and other receivables, restricted bank balances and bank balances) are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any identified impairment losses (see accounting policy on impairment of financial assets below).

Available-for-sale financial assets

Available-for-sale financial assets are non-derivatives that are either designated or not classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, loans and receivables or heldto-maturity investments. The Group designated investments in bonds as available-for-sale financial assets on initial recognition of those items.

3. 重大會計政策(續)

金融工具(續) 金融資產(續)

室際利息法

具际 利 忌 冮

實際利息法乃計算金融資產之攤銷成本以 及相關期間利息收入分配之方法。實際利 率乃於初步確認時按金融資產之預計年期 或適用的較短期間準確折現估計未來現金 收入(包括構成實際利率不可或缺部分之一 切已付或已收費用、交易成本及其他溢價 或折讓)至賬面淨值之利率。

收入乃按債務工具之實際利息法基準確認。

貸款及應收款項

貸款及應收款項為無活躍市場報價而附帶 固定或可釐定付款之非衍生金融資產,於 初步確認後,貸款及應收款項(包括貿易應 收賬款、按金及其他應收款項、限制性銀 行結餘及銀行結餘)採用實際利息法,以攤 銷成本減任何已識別減值虧損計量(見下文 有關金融資產減值之會計政策)。

可供出售金融資產

可供出售金融資產乃指定或未有劃分為透 過損益按公平值計算之金融資產、貸款及 應收款項或持至到期投資之非衍生工具。 於初步確認該等項目時,本集團將債券投 資指定為可供出售金融資產。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Available-for-sale financial assets (Continued)

Debt securities held by the Group that are classified as available-for-sale and are traded in an active market are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period. Changes in the carrying amount of available-for-sale monetary financial assets relating to interest income calculated using the effective interest method. Other changes in the carrying amount of available-for-sale financial assets are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated under the heading of investment revaluation reserve. When the investment is disposed of or is determined to be impaired, the cumulative gain or loss previously accumulated in the investment revaluation reserve is reclassified to profit or loss (see the accounting policy in respect of impairment loss on financial assets below).

Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets are assessed for indicators of impairment at the end of each reporting period. Financial assets are considered to be impaired when there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial asset, the estimated future cash flows of the financial assets have been affected.

For loans and receivables, objective evidence of impairment could include:

- significant financial difficulty of the issuer or counterparty; or
- breach of contract, such as default or delinquency in interest and principal payments; or
- it becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or financial re-organisation; or
- disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties.

3. 重大會計政策(續)

金融工具(續) **金融資產**(續) 可供出售金融資產(續)

由本集團持有分類為可供出售並在活躍市 場內買賣之債務證券,於各報告期末按公 平值計量。有關使用實際利率法計算的利 息收入之可供出售貨幣金融資產之賬面值 變動。可供出售金融資產之賬面值的其他 變動於其他全面收益內確認,並於投資重 估儲備欄目下累計。當投資被出售或確認 出現減值時,過往於投資重估儲備中累積 之累計盈虧會重新分類至損益(見下文有關 金融資產減值虧損之會計政策)。

金融資產減值

金融資產於各報告期末評估是否有減值跡 象。倘有客觀證據證明初步確認金融資產 後發生之一項或多項事件令金融資產之估 計未來現金流量已受到影響,則金融資產 被視為減值。

就貸款及應收款項而言,客觀減值證據可 包括:

- 發行人或交易對手遇到嚴重財政困 難;或
- 違約,例如逾期或拖欠利息及本金
 還款;或
- 借款人有可能破產或進行財務重 組;或
- 因出現財政困難導致該金融資產失去活躍市場。

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

For certain categories of financial assets, such as trade receivables, assets that are assessed not to be impaired individually are, in addition, assessed for impairment on a collective basis. Objective evidence of impairment for a portfolio of receivables could include the Group's past experience of collecting payments, an increase in the number of delayed payments in the portfolio past the average credit period and observable changes in national or local economic conditions that correlate with default on receivables.

For financial assets carried at amortised cost, the amount of impairment loss is recognised in the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate.

The carrying amount of the financial asset is reduced by the impairment loss directly for all financial assets with the exception of trade receivables where the carrying amount is reduced through the use of an allowance account. Changes in the carrying amount of the allowance account are recognised in profit or loss. When the trade receivables are considered uncollectible, it is written off against the allowance account. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited to profit or loss.

When an available-for-sale financial asset is considered to be impaired, cumulative gains or losses previously recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss in the period in which the impairment takes place.

For financial assets measured at amortised cost, if, in a subsequent period, the amount of impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss to the extent that the carrying amount of the asset at the date the impairment is reversed does not exceed what the amortised cost would have been had the impairment not been recognised.

3. 重大會計政策(續)

金融工具(續)

金融資產減值(續)

貿易應收賬款及資產等被評估為非個別減 值之若干金融資產類別,額外按整體基準 進行減值評估。應收款項組合之客觀減值 證據可包括本集團之過往收款經驗、組合 內延遲還款至超逾平均信貸期之次數增 加,以及與應收款項逾期有關之全國或地 方經濟狀況明顯改變。

就按攤銷成本列賬之金融資產而言,減值 虧損金額按該資產之賬面值與按金融資產 之原先實際利率折現之估計未來現金流量 之現值間之差額確認。

所有金融資產之減值虧損(貿易應收賬款除 外)會直接於金融資產之賬面值中作出扣 減,有關賬面值乃透過撥備賬作出扣減。 撥備賬內之賬面值變動會於損益中確認。 倘貿易應收賬款被視為不可收回,則於撥 備賬內撇銷。其後收回先前已撇銷之金額 將計入損益。

當可供出售金融資產被視作減值時,之前 於其他全面收益中確認之累計盈虧,將於 該期間作出減值時重新分類到損益。

就按攤銷成本計量之金融資產而言,倘減 值虧損之金額於往後期間有所減少,而有 關減少在客觀上與確認減值虧損後發生之 事件有關,則先前已確認之減值虧損將透 過損益予以撥回,惟該資產於減值被撥回 當日之賬面值不得超過未確認減值時之已 攤銷成本。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

For available-for-sale debt investments, impairment losses are subsequently reversed through profit or loss if an increase in the fair value of the investment can be objectively related to an event occurring after the recognition of the impairment loss.

Financial liabilities and equity instruments

Debt and equity instruments issued by a group entity are classified either as financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Group after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Group are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial liability and of allocating interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments (including all fees and points paid or received that from an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial liability, or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Interest expense is recognised on an effective interest basis.

Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities including trade payables, accruals and other payables, amount due to a shareholder, other borrowing due within one year and loan from a non-controlling shareholder of a subsidiary are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method.

3. 重大會計政策(續)

金融工具(續)

金融資產減值(續)

就可供出售債務投資而言,倘投資公平值 之增加在客觀上與確認減值虧損後發生之 事件有關,則減值虧損可於其後透過損益 予以撥回。

金融負債及股本工具

集團實體發行之債務及股本工具乃根據合 同安排之內容與金融負債及股本工具之定 義分類為金融負債或股本。

股本工具

股本工具乃證明集團於扣減所有負債後在 實體之資產中擁有剩餘權益之任何合同。 本集團發行之股本工具按收取之所得款項 扣除直接發行成本記錄。

實際利率法

實際利率法乃計算金融負債之攤銷成本及 按有關期間攤分利息支出之方法。實際利 率乃將估計日後現金付款(包括構成實際利 率、交易成本及其他溢價或折讓的不可分 割部分之所有已付或已收費用)按金融負債 之預期年限或較短期間(倘合適)準確折現 至初步確認時的賬面淨值之利率。

利息支出按實際利率基準確認。

其他金融負債

其他金融負債(包括貿易應付賬款、應計費 用及其他應付款項、應付一名股東貸款、 於一年內到期之其他借貸及來自附屬公司 非控股股東之貸款)其後使用實際利率法按 攤銷成本計算。

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial liabilities and equity instruments (Continued) Convertible bonds containing liability and equity components, and early redemption option

Convertible bonds issued by the Group that contain both liability (together with the early redemption option which is closely related to the host liability component) and conversion option components are classified separately into respective items on initial recognition in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument. Conversion option that will be settled by the exchange of a fixed amount of cash or another financial asset for a fixed number of the Company's own equity instruments is an equity instrument.

On initial recognition, the fair value of the liability component is determined using the prevailing market interest of similar non-convertible debts. The difference between the gross proceeds of the issue of the convertible bonds and the fair value assigned to the liability component, representing the conversion option for the holder to convert the convertible bonds into equity, is included in equity (convertible bonds equity reserve).

In subsequent periods, the liability component of the convertible bonds is carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method. The equity component, representing the option to convert the liability component into ordinary shares of the Company, will remain in convertible bonds equity reserve until the embedded option is exercised (in which case the balance stated in convertible bonds equity reserve will be transferred to share premium). Where the option remains unexercised at the expiry date, the balance stated in convertible bonds equity reserve will be released to the accumulated losses. No gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss upon conversion or expiration of the option.

3. 重大會計政策(續)

金融工具(續)

金融負債及股本工具(續)

可換股債券包括負債及權益部分及提前贖 回權

本集團所發行包含負債(連同與主負債部分 關係緊密之提早贖回期權)及換股權部分的 可換股債券,乃於初步確認時根據所訂立 合約安排內容以及金融負債及股本工具的 定義,獨立分類為相關項目。將以固定金 額現金或另一項金融資產交換本公司本身 固定數目的股本工具方式結清的換股權乃 股本工具。

於初步確認時,負債部分的公平值乃按類 似不可轉換債務的現行市場利率釐定。發 行可換股債券的所得款項總額與撥往負債 部分的公平值的差額(代表讓持有人將可換 股債券轉換為權益的換股權)應列入權益 (可換股債券權益儲備)內。

於隨後期間,可換股債券的負債部分乃以 實際利率法按攤銷成本列賬。權益部分(代 表可將負債部分轉換為本公司普通股的換 股權)將保留於可換股債券權益儲備內,直 至該嵌入式換股權獲行使為止(於此情況 下,可換股債券權益儲備的結餘將轉撥至 股份溢價)。倘換股權於到期日尚未行使, 可換股債券權益儲備的結餘將解除至累計 虧損。換股權獲轉換或到期後不會於損益 中確認任何盈虧。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial liabilities and equity instruments (Continued) Convertible bonds containing liability and equity components, and early redemption option *(Continued)*

Transaction costs that relate to the issue of the convertible bonds are allocated to the liability and equity components in proportion to the allocation of the gross proceeds. Transaction costs relating to the equity component are charged directly to equity. Transaction costs relating to the liability component are included in the carrying amount of the liability portion and amortised over the period of the convertible bonds using the effective interest method.

Derecognition

The Group derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity.

On derecognition of a financial asset in its entirety, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable and the cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity is recognised in profit or loss.

The Group derecognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the Group's obligations are discharged, cancelled or expire. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable is recognised in profit or loss.

3. 重大會計政策(續)

金融工具(續)

金融負債及股本工具(續)

可換股債券包括負債及權益部分及提前贖 回權(續)

發行可換股債券的交易成本,按所得款項 總額分配比例撥往負債及權益部分。權益 部分的交易成本於權益中直接扣除。負債 部分的交易成本計入負債部分的賬面值, 並以實際利率法於可換股債券期限內攤銷。

終止確認

僅在獲取金融資產所產生現金流量的合同 權利到期,或在將金融資產及該資產所有 權上幾乎所有的風險和報酬轉讓給另一個 實體的情況下,本集團才終止確認一項金 融資產。

一旦全面終止確認金融資產,該資產的賬 面值與收到及應收的代價與已在其他全面 收益中確認並在權益中累計的累計盈虧之 和之間的差額會在損益中確認。

僅在本集團的義務已經履行、解除或到期 時,本集團才終止確認金融負債。終止確 認的金融負債的賬面值與支付及應付的代 價之間的差額會在損益中確認。

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

4. KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

In the application of the Group's accounting policies, which are described in note 3, the directors of the Company are required to make judgments, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

The following are key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

Allowance for bad and doubtful debts

The allowance for bad and doubtful debts of the Group is estimated based on the evaluation of collectability and aging analysis of individual trade debts performed by the management. A considerable amount of judgment is required in assessing the ultimate realisation of these receivables, including the current creditworthiness and the past collection history of each customer. If the financial conditions of customers of the Group were to deteriorate, resulting in an impairment of their ability to make payments, additional allowances may be required.

4. 估計不確定因素的主要來源

於應用本集團會計政策(見附註3所述) 時,當其依據無法從其他渠道獲得時,本 公司董事便須就資產和負債之賬面值作出 判斷、估計及假設。該等估計及相關假設 乃基於過往經驗及其他被視為相關的因素 作出,因此,實際結果或會有別於該等估 計。

有關估計及相關假設須持續予以檢討。倘 會計估計的修訂僅影響作出修訂的期間, 則有關修訂會在該期間確認,而倘修訂對 現時及未來期間均有影響,則須在作出修 訂的期間及未來期間確認。

下文載列於報告期末所作出有關未來之主 要假設及估計不確定因素之其他主要來 源,並具有相當風險導致須於下個財政年 度之內就資產及負債之賬面值作出重大調 整。

呆壞賬撥備

本集團的呆壞賬撥備乃基於管理層作出的 個別貿易債務的可收回性評估及賬齡分析 而估計。於評估該等應收款項最終變現價 值時,須作出大量判斷,包括每個客戶現 有的信譽及過往還款記錄。倘本集團客戶 的財務狀況惡化,導致其還款能力減值, 則或須作出額外撥備。

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

4. KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

(Continued)

Estimated useful life and impairment of intangible assets

The Group determines whether intangible assets with indefinite life, being permanent exclusive rights for provision of genetic testing services are impaired at least on an annual basis. At the end of the reporting period, the Group also assesses whether there is any impairment indicator for its intangible assets with finite useful lives, being exclusive rights for distribution of bio-industrial products and development cost for provision of health care management services. This requires an estimation of the value in use of the CGU to which the respective asset is allocated. Estimating the value in use requires the Group to make an estimate of the expected future cash flows from the CGU and also to choose a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value of those cash flows. As at 30 June 2013, the carrying amount of these intangible assets was nil (2012: HK\$8,091,000). Details of the recoverable amount calculation are disclosed in note 17.

Impairment of property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are reviewed for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of the assets exceeds its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the recoverable amount of property, plant and equipment is lower than its carrying amount. For the year ended 30 June 2013, impairment loss of HK\$16,457,000 (2012: nil) was recognised for property, plant and equipment based on the impairment assessment performed by management. It is possible that actual outcomes may be different from assumptions, having a material impact on the carrying amount of property, plant and equipment in the period when such estimate is revised. As at 30 June 2013, the carrying amount of property, plant and equipment are approximately HK\$41,856,000 (2012: HK\$52,540,000).

4. 估計不確定因素的主要來源(續)

無形資產之估計可使用年期及減值

本集團最少每年釐定具有無限使用年期的 無形資產(即永久獨家提供基因測試服務之 權利)是否出現減值。於報告期未,本集團 亦評估其具有有限使用年期的無形資產, 即分銷生物產業產品的獨家權利及提供健 康管理服務的發展成本是否存在任何減值 跡象。這需要估計各項資產獲分配之現金 產生單位之使用價值。估計使用價值需要 本集團估計源於現金產生單位之預期未來 現金流量,亦需選擇適當之貼現率,以計 算該等現金流量之現值。於二零一三年六 月三十日,該等無形資產之賬面值約為零 港元(二零一二年:8,091,000港元)。可收 回金額之計算詳情於附註17披露。

物業、廠房及設備之減值

物業、廠房及設備於發生事件或環境出 現改變,反映該等資產之賬面值超過其 可收回金額時,檢討是否有減值。倘物 業、廠房及設備之可收回金額低於其賬 值,則將差額確認為減值虧損。於截至二 零一三年六月三十日止年度,根據管理 置作出之減值虧損16,457,000港元(二零 一二年:無)。實際結果有可能有別於假 設,而倘對有關估計作出修訂,則可能 在作出該項修訂期間內對物業、廠房及 設備之賬面值造成重大影響。於二零一三 年六月三十日,物業、廠房及設備之賬 面值約為41,856,000港元(二零一二年: 52,540,000港元)。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

5. 金融工具 全融工目類日

Categories of financial instruments

金融工具類別

		2013	2012
		二零一三年	二零一二年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Financial assets	金融資產		
Loans and receivables (including cash and	貸款及應收款項		
cash equivalents)	(包括現金及現金等價物)	359,903	182,302
Available-for-sale financial assets	可供出售金融資產	102,440	99,672
Financial liabilities	金融負債		
Amortised cost	攤銷成本	55,879	23,547

Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Group's major financial instruments include availablefor-sale financial assets, trade receivables, deposits and other receivables, restricted bank balances, bank balances, trade payables, accruals and other payables, amount due to a shareholder, other borrowing due within one year, loan from a non-controlling shareholder of a subsidiary and convertible bonds. Details of these financial instruments are disclosed in respective notes. The risks associated with these financial instruments include interest rate risk, credit risk and liquidity risk and the policies on how to mitigate these risks are set out below. The management manages and monitors these exposures to ensure appropriate measures are implemented on a timely and effective manner.

財務風險管理目標及政策

本集團之主要金融工具包括可供出售金融 資產及貿易應收賬款、按金及其他應收款 項、有限制銀行結餘、銀行結餘、貿易應 付賬款、應計費用及其他應付款項、應付 一名股東款項、於一年內到期的其他借 貸、來自一間附屬公司非控股股東的貸款 及可換股債券。該等金融工具之詳情於有 關附註披露。與該等金融工具有關之風險 包括利率風險、信貸風險及流動資金風 險,而有關如何緩減該等風險的政策載列 於下文。管理層管理及監察該等風險,以 確保適時及有效地制訂合適的措施。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Market risk

Interest rate risk

The Group's cash flow interest rate risk primarily relates to variable-rate bank balances (see note 21 for details). The management considers the Group's exposure to future cash flow interest rate risk is minimal taking into account the minimal fluctuation on market interest rate. Accordingly, no sensitivity analysis is presented.

The Group's available-for-sale financial assets are measured at fair value at the end of the reporting period, which are affected by the market interest rate. Therefore, the fair values of the Group's available-for-sale financial assets are exposed to fair value interest rate risk. The management manages this exposure by maintaining a portfolio of investments with different risk profiles. The management considers the Group's exposure to fair value interest rate risk is minimal taking into account the minimal fluctuation on market interest rate. Accordingly, no sensitivity analysis is presented.

Credit risk

The Group's credit risk is primarily attributable to trade and other receivables, available-for-sale financial assets, restricted bank balances and bank balances for both years.

As 30 June 2013, the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk which will cause a financial loss to the Group due to failure to discharge an obligation by the counterparties is the carrying amounts of the respective recognised financial assets as stated in the consolidated statement of financial position.

5. 金融工具(續) 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

市場風險

利率風險

本集團之現金流量利率風險主要與以浮動 利率計息之銀行結餘(詳情見附註21)有 關。經考慮市場利率的輕微波動後,管理 層認為本集團承受未來現金流量利率之風 險甚微。因此,概無呈列敏感度分析。

本集團之可供出售金融資產按公平值於報 告期末計量,受市場利率影響。因此,本 集團之可供出售金融資產之公平值面臨公 平值利率風險。管理層維持風險程度不一 之投資組合,以管理該風險。管理層認 為,經考慮市場利率波幅微小,本集團面 臨之公平值利率風險並不重大,因此並無 呈列敏感度分析。

信貸風險

本集團之信貸風險主要來自兩個年度之貿 易及其他應收款項、可供出售金融資產、 有限制銀行結餘及銀行結餘。

於二零一三年六月三十日,本集團所面對 之最大信貸風險(會因交易對方未能履行責 任而令本集團承擔財政損失)為綜合財務狀 況表列載之各項已確認之金融資產之賬面 值。

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Credit risk (Continued)

In order to minimise the credit risk, management of the Group has delegated a team responsible for the determination of credit limits, credit approvals and other monitoring procedures. In addition, management reviews the recoverable amount of each individual trade debt regularly to ensure that adequate impairment losses are recognised for irrecoverable debts. In this regard, management considers that the Group's credit risk is significantly reduced.

The credit risk on the Group's restricted bank balances and bank balances is limited because the counterparties are banks with high credit ratings assigned by international credit-rating agencies.

The credit risk on available-for-sale financial assets is limited because the issuers are listed companies in Hong Kong and overseas with high credit ratings assigned by internationally credit-rating agencies.

Other than concentration of credit risk on liquid funds which are deposited with several banks with high credit ratings, the Group has concentration of credit risk as 59% and 40% of the trade receivables were due from the Group's the two largest customers as at 30 June 2013 within the trading of beauty products segment. Management of the Group considered that the credit risks of trade receivables are insignificant after considering the credit quality of these customers.

Liquidity risk

In the management of the liquidity risk, the Group monitors and maintains a level of cash and cash equivalents deemed adequate by the management to finance the Group's operations and mitigate the effects of fluctuations in cash flows. In addition to issuance of new shares, the Group also relies on convertible bonds as a significant source of liquidity for the year ended 30 June 2013.

The following table details the Group's contractual maturity for its non-derivative financial liabilities based on the agreed repayment dates. The table includes both interest and principal cash flows.

5. 金融工具(續) 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

信貸風險(續)

為盡量減低信貸風險,本集團管理層已委 任專責釐定信貸限額、信貸批核及其他監 察程序之團隊。此外,管理層會定期審閱 各個別貿易債務之可收回金額,以確保就 無法收回債務確認足夠減值虧損。有鑑於 此,管理層認為本集團之信貸風險已大為 減低。

由於交易對方為國際信貸評級機構評定為 高信貸評級之銀行,故本集團有限制銀行 結餘及銀行結餘之信貸風險有限。

可供出售金融資產之信貸風險有限,原因 是發行人為香港及海外上市公司,具備國 際信貸評級機構給予高度信貸評級。

除了因流動資金存於幾家享有高信貸評級 之銀行而產生之信貸集中風險之情況外, 由於截至二零一三年六月三十日貿易應收 賬款中分別59%和40%為結欠自本集團美 容產品貿易業務下之兩大客戶,因此本集 團亦面對信貸集中之風險。本集團管理層 認為,考慮到該等客戶之信用質素後,貿 易應收賬款之信貸風險十分低。

流動資金風險

於管理流動資金風險時,本集團監察及維 持一定水平之現金及現金等價物,而管理 層視該水平足以為本集團之業務提供資 金,以及減少現金流量波動之影響。於截 至二零一三年六月三十日止年度,除發行 新股份外,本集團亦倚賴可換股債券作為 流動資金之主要來源。

下表詳述本集團之非衍生金融負債之合約 到期日(以協定還款日期為依據)。該表包 括利息及本金現金流量。

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綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

5. 金融工具(續) 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

流動資金風險表

		· · · · ·	On demand or less than 1 month 按要求或 少於一個月 HK\$'000 千港元	1 – 3 months 一至三個月 HK\$'000 千港元	3 months to 1 year 三個月至一年 HK\$'000 千港元	1 year to 5 years 一年至五年 HK\$'000 千港元	Over 5 years 超過五年 HK\$'000 千港元	Total undiscounted cash flows 未貼現現金 流量總計 HK\$'000 千港元	Carrying amount a 30.6.2013 於二零一三年 六月三十日之 脹面値 HK\$'000 千港テ
2013	二零一三年								
Non-derivative financial liabilities	非衍生金融負債								
Trade payables Accruals and other payables	貿易應付賬款 應計費用及其他應付款項	-	- 2,511	3,155 13,261	-		-	3,155 15,772	3,15 15,77
Accidais and other payables Amount due to a shareholder	應付一位名股東款項	1	15,079	13,201		1	1	15,079	15,07
Convertible bonds	可換股債券	25.74	-	-	113	565	113,452	114,130	11,82
Loan from a non-controlling shareholder	來自一間附屬公司非控股股東的貸款								
of a subsidiary		6.65	-	-	7,160	3,556	-	10,716	10,04
			17,590	16,416	7,273	4,121	113,452	158,852	55,87
		Weighted	On demand					Total	Carryin
		average		1-3	3 months to	1 year to	Over	undiscounted	amount a
		interest rate	1 month	months	1 year	5 years	5 years	cash flows	30.6.201
									於二零一二
		加權平均	按要求或						
		利率	少於一個月	一至三個月	三個月至一年	一年至五年	超過五年	流量總計	賬面(
		% %	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'00 千港詞
2012	二零一二年	10	11070	11070	11070	11070	11870	1/0/0	
Non-derivative financial liabilities	非衍生金融負債								
Trade payables	貿易應付賬款	-	-	499	-	-	-	499	49
Accruals and other payables	應計費用及其他應付款項	-	-	12,008	-	-	-	12,008	12,00
Other borrowing due within one year	於一年內到期的其他借貸 本白——開始屬公司非拉哈哈車的贷款	6.1	-	-	5,206	-	-	5,206	4,90
Loan from a non-controlling shareholder of a subsidiary	來自一間附屬公司非控股股東的貸款	6.65	-	-	-	6,541	-	6,541	6,13

Liquidity risk tables

86

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued) 5. Fair value

The fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities are determined as follows:

- the fair values of financial assets with standard terms and conditions and traded on active liquid markets are determined with reference to quoted market bid prices;
- the fair values of other financial assets and financial liabilities are determined in accordance with generally accepted pricing models based on discounted cash flow analysis.

The Directors of the Company consider that the carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded at amortised cost in the consolidated financial statements approximate their fair values.

Fair value measurements recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position

The following table provides an analysis of financial instruments that are measured subsequent to initial recognition at fair value, grouped into Levels 1 to 3 based on the degree to which the fair value is observable.

- Level 1 fair value measurements are those derived from quoted prices (unadjusted) in active market for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 fair value measurements are those derived from inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the assets or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).
- Level 3 fair value measurements are those derived from valuation techniques that include inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

The fair value measurement of available-for-sale financial assets is grouped into Level 1 as their fair values are based on market bit prices at the end of each reporting period.

- 5. 金融工具(續) 公平值 金融資產及金融負債之公平值釐定如下:
 - 倘金融資產具有標準條款及條件及 於活躍的流通市場買賣,其公平值 根據所報市場買盤價釐定;
 - 其他金融資產及金融負債之公平值 根據一般接納之定價模式按貼現現 金流量分析釐定。

董事認為,按攤銷成本於綜合財務報表記 賬之金融資產及金融負債之賬面值與其公 平值相若。

於綜合財務狀況表確認之公平值計量

下表提供初始確認後按公平值計量之金融 工具之分析,按公平值可觀察程度分類為 第一至三級。

- 第一級公平值計量根據相同資產或 負債於活躍市場所報價格(未經調 整)得出。
- 第二級公平值計量指除第一級計入 之報價外,根據資產或負債可直接 (即價格)或間接(即自價格衍生)觀 察輸入資料得出。
- 第三級公平值計量指根據計入並非 根據可觀察市場資料(無法觀察輸入 資料)之資產或負債輸入資料之估值 方法得出。

可供出售金融資產的公平值計量已劃分為 第一級,因該等資產之公平值是基於每個 報告期末之市場買入價量度。

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

6. REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION

Revenue represents the fair value of amounts received and receivable for goods sold or services rendered by the Group to outside customers, less discounts and related taxes for the year, and is analysed as follows:

6. 收益及分部資料

收益指就本集團向外界客戶售出貨品或提 供服務之已收及應收款項之公平值,已扣 除年內之折扣及相關税項,並分析如下:

		2013	2012
		二零一三年	二零一二年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Provision of genetic testing services	提供基因測試服務	4,563	22,607
Distribution of bio-industrial products	分銷生物產業產品	-	1,025
Provision of health care management services	提供健康管理服務	2,303	1,843
Trading of beauty products	美容產品貿易	3,184	-
		10,050	25,475

The Group has five reportable and operating segments as follows:

- (a) provision of genetic testing services in the PRC and Hong Kong
- (b) distribution of bio-industrial products in the PRC
- (c) provision of health care management services in the PRC
- (d) trading of beauty products in Hong Kong
- (e) securities investment in Hong Kong and outside Hong Kong

The Group's reportable and operating segments are strategic business units that offer different products and services. They are managed separately because each business requires different technology and marketing strategies.

The accounting policies of the operating segments are the same as those described in note 3 to the consolidated financial statements. Segment (loss)/profit represents the loss incurred by or profit earned from each segment without allocation of corporate and other expenses and other income, gains and losses, net. Segment assets are allocated other than corporate assets, restricted bank balances and bank balances and cash. Segment liabilities are allocated other than corporate liabilities, amount due to a shareholder and convertible bonds. 本集團有以下五個呈報及營運分部:

- (a) 於中國及香港提供基因測試服務
- (b) 於中國分銷生物產業產品
- (c) 於中國提供健康管理服務
- (d) 於香港進行美容產品貿易
- (e) 於香港及香港境外之證券投資

本集團的呈報及營運分部是提供不同產品 及服務的策略性業務單位。該等分部受個 別管理,因各業務所需的技術及市場策略 不同。

經營分部的會計政策與綜合財務報表附註 3所載者一致。分部(虧損)/溢利指在並 無分配企業與其他開支及其他收入、收益 及虧損淨額之情況下,各分部產生之虧損 或賺取之溢利。分配分部資產時並無計及 企業資產、受限制銀行結餘及銀行結餘與 現金;而分配分部負債時並無計及企業負 債、應付一名股東款項及可換股債券。

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

6. REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION 6. 收益及分部資料(續)

(Continued)

		testing	of genetic services 基因	industria	ion of bio- l products 往物	managem	of health care ent services 共健康		of beauty ducts		urities tment	To	otal
		뀄럶	服務	產業	室 品	管理	目服務	美容產	E 品貿易	證券	投資	纑)計
		2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012
		二零一三年	二零一二年	二零一三年	二零一二年	二零一三年	二零一二年	二零一三年	二零一二年	二零一三年	二零一二年	二零一三年	二零一二年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Years ended 30 June 2013 and 2012:	截至二零一三年及												
	二零一二年六月三十日止年度:												
Revenue from external customers	來自外界客戶之收入	4,563	22,607	-	1,025	2,303	1,843	3,184	-	-	-	10,050	25,475
Segment (loss)/profit	分部(虧損)/溢利	(26,898)	(85,385)	(3,485)	(17,354)	(41,485)	(22,875)	42	-	4,590	4,623	(67,236)	(120,991)
Additional disclosures for operating segments:	經營分部之額外披露資料:												
Additions to property, plant and equipment	添置物業、廠房及設備	8	5,373	-	6,464	13,517	16,070	-	-	-	-	13,525	27,907
Additions to intangible assets	添置無形資產	-	-	-	-	-	3,484	-	-	-	-		3,484
Interest income	利息收入	2	29	2	70	15	6	-	-	4,645	3,867	4,664	3,972
Interest expense	利息開支	-	-	-	-	773	150	-	-	-	-	773	150
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備折舊	1,363	2,041	1,044	64	7,976	2,386	-	-	-	-	10,383	4,491
Amortisation of intangible assets	無形資產攤銷	-	-	24	664	1,310	1,023	-	-	-	-	1,334	1,687
Impairment loss on intangible assets	無形資產減值虧損	2,000	77,718	274	16,679	4,534	-	-	-	-	-	6,808	94,397
Impairment loss on goodwill	商譽減值虧損	-	-	-	1,954	-	-	-	-	-	-		1,954
Impairment loss on property,	物業、廠房及設備減值虧損												
plant and equipment		-	-	-	-	16,457	-	-	-	-	-	16,457	-
Income tax credit (expenses)	所得税抵免(開支)	-	(319)	10	2,342	50	37	-	-	-	-	60	2,060
At 30 June 2013 and 2012:	於二零一三年及												
	二零一二年六月三十日:												
Segment assets	分部資產	2,705	6,054	35,228	43,987	7,597	34,535	3,207	-	102,440	99,672	151,177	184,248
Segment liabilities	分部負債	12,833	3,073	4,955	1,318	29,456	20,445	3,092	-	-	-	50,336	24,836

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

6. REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION 6. 收益及分部資料(續)

(Continued)

Reconciliation of reportable segment loss, assets and liabilities:

呈報分部虧損、資產及負債對賬:

		2013	2012
		二零一三年	二零一二年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Segment loss	分部虧損		
Total segment loss	分部虧損總額	(67,236)	(120,991
Corporate and other expenses	企業及其他開支	(23,720)	(10,990
Unallocated other income, gains and los	sses, net 未分類其他收入、收益及		
	虧損淨額	1,299	2,284
Consolidated loss for the year	年度綜合虧損	(89,657)	(129,697
Assets	資產		
Total segment assets	分部資產總額	151,177	184,248
Corporate and other assets	企業及其他資產	356,861	171,750
Consolidated total assets	綜合資產總額	508,038	355,998
Liabilities	負債		
Total segment liabilities	分部負債總額	50,336	24,836
Corporate and other liabilities	企業及其他負債	13,340	595
Consolidated total liabilities	綜合負債總額	63,676	25,431

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

6. REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION 6.

(Continued)

Geographical information

The Group's operations are principally located in Hong Kong and the PRC. The Group's revenue from external customers and information about its non-current assets (excluding financial instruments) and additions to property, plant and equipment by geographical location of the assets are as follows:

收益及分部資料(續)

地理資料

本集團之業務主要位於香港及中國。本集 團來自外界客戶之收入以及其按資產所在 地理位置分類之非流動資產(不包括金融工 具)及添置物業、廠房及設備資料如下:

		plant and 添置	to property, equipment 物業、 反設備		enue 入	Non-current asse (excluding financ instruments) 非流動資產 (不包括金融工具)		
		2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012	
		二零一三年	二零一二年	二零一三年	二零一二年	二零一三年	二零一二年	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	
Hong Kong	香港	42	6	3,204	6,675	679	847	
The PRC	中國	14,489	27,907	6,846	18,800	41,177	69,032	
		14,531	27,913	10,050	25,475	41,856	69,879	

Information about major customers

Revenue from customers of the corresponding years contributing over 10% of the total revenue are as follows:

有關主要客戶資料

相關年度貢獻超過總收益10%客戶之收益 如下:

				2013	2012
				二零一三年	二零一二年
				HK\$'000	HK\$'000
				千港元	千港元
Cu	stomer A ¹	客戶甲1		4,450	N/A不適用 ³
Cu	stomer B ²	客戶乙 ²		1,892	N/A不適用⁴
Cu	stomer C ²	客戶丙²		1,292	N/A不適用⁴
1	Revenue from provision of genetic testing ser	vices.	1	產生自提供基因測試服	務之收益。
2	Revenue from trading of beauty products.		2	產生自買賣美容產品之」	收益。
3	The corresponding revenue did not contribute total revenue for the year ended 30 June 2012		3	相應收益對截至二零一. 年度總收益之貢獻並無調	
4	This revenue segment is new in 2013 and die	d not exist during	4	此收益分部乃於二零一	三年新増,於截至

the year ended 30 June 2012.

聯合基因科技集團有限公司 二零一三年年報

二零一二年六月三十日止年度並不存在。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

7. OTHER INCOME, GAINS AND LOSSES, NET 7. 其他收入、收益及虧損淨額

		2013	2012
		二零一三年	二零一二年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Interest income from banks	銀行利息收入	1,445	2,260
Interest income from available-for-sale	可供出售金融資產之利息收入		
financial assets		4,645	3,867
Net (loss)/gain on disposal of available-for-sale	出售可供出售金融資產之淨		
financial assets	(虧損)/收益	(55)	756
Net foreign exchange loss	外幣兑換虧損淨額	(374)	-
Refund of business tax (Note)	營業税退税(附註)	948	913
Loss on written off/disposals of property,	撇銷/出售物業、廠房及		
plant and equipment	設備之虧損	(1,545)	(1,545)
Sundry income	雜項收入	228	24
		5,292	6,275

Note: The PRC government authorities have granted a business tax refund to a subsidiary of the Company, 聯合基因(上海)健康管理 服務有限公司 ("United Gene (Shanghai)"), for the provision of genetic testing services in the PRC. 附註:中國政府當局已批准向本公司附屬公司 聯合基因(上海)健康管理服務有限公司 (「聯合基因(上海)」)就於中國提供基因 測試服務退還營業税。

8. FINANCE COSTS

8. 財務費用

		2013 二零一三年 HK\$′000 千港元	2012 二零一二年 HK\$′000 千港元
Interest on other borrowings wholly repayable within five years Interest on loan from a non-controlling shareholder of a subsidiary wholly repayable	須於五年內悉數償還之 其他借貸利息 須於五年內悉數償還之 附屬公司非控股股東貸款之	184	150
within five years Effective interest expense on	利息 可換股債券實際利息開支	589	-
convertible bonds (note 27)	们实放员夯員际利志用文 (附註27)	165	
		938	150

United Gene High-Tech Group Limited Annual Report 2013

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

INCOME TAX CREDIT 9.

9. 所得税抵免

			2013	2012
			二零一三年	二零一二年
			HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		10	千港元	千港元
Current tax – The PRC income tax	即期税項一中國所得税		-	(319)
Deferred tax (note 26)	遞延税項(附註26)		60	2,379
			60	2,060

No Hong Kong Profits Tax has been made as the group companies operating in Hong Kong did not have any assessable profit for the year.

No PRC income tax has been made for the year ended 30 June 2013 as the group companies operating in the PRC did not generate assessable profit.

Under the Law of the PRC on Enterprise Income Tax (the "EIT Law") and the Implementation Regulation of the EIT Law, the tax rate of the PRC subsidiaries is 25%.

由於於香港經營之集團公司於本年度並無 產生任何應課税溢利,故毋須繳納香港利 得税。

由於在中國營運的集團公司並無產生應課 税利潤,因此截至二零一三年六月三十日 止年度概無繳納任何中國所得税。

根據中國企業所得税法(「企業所得税」)及 企業所得税法實施條例,中國附屬公司之 税率為25%。

93

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

INCOME TAX CREDIT (Continued) 9.

所得税抵免(續) 9.

The income tax credit for the year can be reconciled to the loss before tax per the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income as follows:

本年度所得税抵免與綜合損益及其他全面 收益表之除税前虧損對賬如下:

		2013	2012
		二零一三年	二零一二年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Loss before tax	除税前虧損	(89,717)	(131,757)
T			
Tax at the domestic income tax rate of 25%	按本地所得税税率25%		
	計算之税項	22,429	32,939
Tax effect of expense not deductible	就税務不可扣減之開支之税務		
for tax purpose	影響	(2,963)	(20,444)
Tax effect of income not taxable for tax purpose	就税務不應課税之收入之税務		
	影響	610	730
Tax effect of tax loss not recognised	未確認税務虧損之税務影響	(15,474)	(11,142)
Utilisation of tax losses previously not recognised	動用過往未確認之税項虧損	516	-
Tax effect of deductible temporary differences	未確認可扣減臨時差異之税務		
not recognised	影響	(4,114)	-
Effect of different tax rates of subsidiaries	於其他司法權區經營之附屬公		
operating in other jurisdictions	司税率差異之影響	(944)	(23)
Income tax credit	所得税抵免	60	2,060

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

10. LOSS FOR THE YEAR

10. 本年度虧損

		2013 二零一三年 HK\$′000 千港元	2012 二零一二年 HK\$'000 千港元
Loss for the year has been arrived at after charging the following:	本年度虧損乃扣除下列各項後 達致:		
Auditor's remuneration	核數師酬金	780	600
Amortisation of intangible assets (included in	無形資產之攤銷		
cost of sales and services)	(包括銷售及服務成本)	1,334	1,687
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備折舊	10,460	5,010
Rental expense for premises under operating	經營租賃下之物業租金支出		
leases		12,679	12,665
Cost of inventories recognised as an expense	確認為開支之存貨成本	5,302	458
Provision for litigation and legal costs	訴訟及法律成本撥備		
(included in other expenses)	(包括其他開支)	9,024	-
Staff costs inclusive of directors' emoluments	包括董事酬金在內之員工成本		
Salaries, bonus and other benefits	薪金、花紅及其他福利	15,361	15,599
Retirement benefits scheme contributions	退休福利計劃供款	3,315	3,347
		18,676	18,946

聯合基因科技集團有限公司 二零一三年年報

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

11. DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS

11. 董事酬金

The emoluments paid or payable to each of the eight (2012: nine) directors and the chief executive were as follows:

已付或應付八名(二零一二年:九名)董事 及主要行政人員各人之酬金如下:

Name of Directors	董事姓名	Directors' fee 董事袍金 HK\$'000 千港元	Salaries and other benefits 薪金及 其他福利 HK\$'000 千港元	Retirement benefit scheme contributions 退休福利 計劃供款 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總額 HK\$'000 千港元
Lee Nga Yan	李雅欣		520	15	535
Guo Yi	郭懿	40	278	9	327
Chen Weijun	陳偉君	60			60
Xiao Yan <i>(Note a)</i>	肖焱(<i>附註a</i>)	45	115	4	164
Jiang Nian	蔣年	40	223	-	263
Zhang Zhihong	張志鴻	40	-	-	40
Wang Rongliang	王榮樑	40	-	-	40
Wu Yanmin	鄔燕敏	40	116	5	161
Total for 2013	二零一三年總額	305	1,252	33	1,590
Jiang Jian <i>(Note b)</i>	蔣健(<i>附註b</i>)	_	317	10	327
Lee Nga Yan	李雅欣	_	403	10	415
Guo Yi	郭懿	40		-	40
Chen Weijun	陳偉君	60	_	_	60
Xiao Yan <i>(Note a)</i>	肖焱(<i>附註a</i>)	-	7	-	7
Jiang Nian	蔣年	40	202	-	242
Zhang Zhihong	張志鴻	40	-	-	40
Wang Rongliang	王榮樑	40	-	-	40
Wu Yanmin	鄔燕敏	40	50	-	90
Total for 2012	二零一二年總額	260	979	22	1,261
Note:			附註:		

(a) Xiao Yan was appointed as non-executive director on 22 May 2012.

(b) Jiang Jian resigned as executive director on 25 April 2012.

No Directors waived any emoluments in both years.

During both years, no emoluments were paid by the Group to the directors as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group. (a) 肖焱於二零一二年五月二十二日獲委任為 非執行董事。

(b) 蔣健於二零一二年四月二十五日辭任執行 董事。

於兩個年度內,概無董事放棄酬金。

於兩個年度內,本集團並無向任何董事支 付酬金,作為彼等加入或於加入本集團時 之獎勵。

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

12. EMPLOYEES' EMOLUMENTS

The five highest paid individuals in the Group during the year included two (2012: three) Directors whose emolument is reflected in the analysis presented above. The emoluments of the remaining three (2012: two) individuals are set out below:

12. 僱員酬金

年內,本集團五名最高薪人士包括兩名(二 零一二年:三名)董事,彼等之酬金於上表 分析中反映。其餘三名(二零一二年:兩 名)人士之酬金載列如下:

		2013	2012
		二零一三年	二零一二年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Basic salaries and other benefits	基本薪金及其他福利	1,478	724
Retirement benefit scheme contributions	退休福利計劃供款	115	23
		1,593	747

The emoluments fell within the following band:

酬金介乎以下範圍:

	Number of	Number of individuals		
	人	數		
	2013	2012		
	二零一三年	二零一二年		
零 – 1,000,000港元	3	2		
	零 – 1,000,000港元	人 2013 二零一三年		

13. DIVIDENDS

13. 股息

The Directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend for the year ended 30 June 2013 (2012: nil).

董事並不建議派發截至二零一三年六月 三十日止年度之股息(二零一二年:無)。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

14. LOSS PER SHARE

14. 每股虧損

The calculation of the basic and diluted loss per share attributable to the owners of the Company is based on the following data: 本公司擁有人應佔每股基本及攤薄虧損乃 以下數據為基準計算:

		2013	2012
		二零一三年	二零一二年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Loss for the purposes of basic and diluted loss 就	計算每股基本及攤薄虧損之		
per share (loss for the year attributable to	虧損(本公司擁有人應佔		
owners of the Company)	本年度虧損)	(72,839)	(123,882)
		2013	2012
		二零一三年	二零一二年
		'000	'000
		千股	千股
			(restated)
			(經重列)
Number of shares 股	3份數目 		
Weighted average number of ordinary shares 就	計算每股基本及攤薄虧損之		
for the purposes of basic and diluted loss	普通股加權平均數		
per share		776,742	651,409

The weighted average numbers of ordinary shares for the calculation of the basic and diluted loss per share for the years of 2013 and 2012 have been adjusted to reflect the impact of the rights issue, share consolidation and re-organisation effected during the year ended 30 June 2013.

The computation of diluted loss per share does not assume the conversion of the Company's outstanding convertible bonds as their assumed conversion would decrease the loss per share for the year ended 30 June 2013.

No diluted loss per share was presented for the year ended 30 June 2012, as there were no potential dilutive shares outstanding during that period. 計算二零一三年及二零一二年之每股基本 及攤薄虧損使用之普通股加權平均數已作 出調整,反映截至二零一三年六月三十日 止年度內進行供股,股份合併及重組之影 響。

計算每股攤薄虧損時,並無假設本公司之 未轉換可換股債券被轉換,因為假如該等 可換股債券被轉換,會減少截至二零一三 年六月三十日止年度之每股虧損。

於截至二零一二年六月三十日止年度,由 於概無已發行潛在攤薄股份,故此並無就 該期間呈列每股攤薄虧損。

United Gene High-Tech Group Limited Annual Report 2013

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

15. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

15. 物業、廠房及設備

		Leasehold				
		land	Plant and	Motor	Construction	
		and buildings	machinery	vehicles	in progress	Tota
		租賃土地及樓宇	廠房及機器	汽車	在建工程	總額
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
COST OR VALUATION	成本或估值					
At 1 July 2011	成平或16 道 於二零一一年七月一日	7,215	8,371	271	17,143	33,000
Additions	ぶ二令 キビバ ロ 添置	1,110	19,219	2,279	5,305	27,913
Revaluation surplus	重估盈餘	1,418		2,210		1,418
Transfer	· 轉撥	22,928		_	(22,928)	1,410
Disposals	料版	22,520	(6,182)	_	(22,320)	(6,182
Exchange differences	山 _臣 匯兑差額	450	301	46	480	1,277
	<u> </u>	400		40	400	1,277
At 30 June 2012	於二零一二年六月三十日	33,121	21,709	2,596	-	57,426
Additions	添置	-	14,137	394	-	14,531
Revaluation surplus	重估盈餘	1,012	-	-	-	1,012
Written off	撇銷	-	(1,545)	-	-	(1,545
Exchange differences	匯兑差額	764	662	67	-	1,493
At 30 June 2013	於二零一三年六月三十日	34,897	34,963	3,057	-	72,917
ACCUMULATED	累積折舊及減值					
DEPRECIATION AND						
At 1 July 2011	於二零一一年七月一日	_	880	39	_	919
Charge for the year	本年度支出	442	4,111	457	_	5,010
Eliminated on disposals	出售撤銷	_	(822)	_	_	(822
Eliminated on revaluation	重估撇銷	(442)	-	_	_	(442
Exchange differences	匯兑差額	-	178	43	-	221
At 30 June 2012	於二零一二年六月三十日		4,347	539		4,886
		-			_	
Charge for the year Eliminated on revaluation	本年度支出	980	8,874	606	-	10,460 (980
	重估撇銷	(980)	16 457	-	-	
Impairment for the year Exchange differences	本年度減值 匯兑差額	-	16,457 216	- 22	-	16,457 238
At 30 June 2013	於二零一三年六月三十日	-	29,894	1,167	-	31,061
CARRYING AMOUNTS	賬面值					
At 30 June 2013	於二零一三年六月三十日	34,897	5,069	1,890	-	41,856
At 30 June 2012	於二零一二年六月三十日	33,121	17,362	2,057	-	52,540

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

15. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT 15. 物業、廠房及設備(續)

(Continued)

The analysis of the cost or valuation of the above assets is as follows:

上述資產之成本或估值分析如下:

		Leasehold land and buildings 租賃土地及樓宇 HK\$'000 千港元	Plant and machinery 廠房及機器 HK\$'000 千港元	Motor vehicles 汽車 HK\$'000 千港元	Construction in progress 在建工程 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總額 HK\$'000 千港元
		17676	17676	17670	17876	17670
As at 30 June 2013	於二零一三年六月三十日					
At cost	成本	-	34,963	3,057	-	38,020
At valuation	估值	34,897	-	-	-	34,897
		34,897	34,963	3,057	-	72,917
As at 30 June 2012	於二零一二年六月三十日					
At cost	成本	-	21,709	2,596	-	24,305
At valuation	估值	33,121	-	-	-	33,121
		33,121	21,709	2,596	-	57,426

Property, plant and equipment other than construction in progress are depreciated on its cost/revalued amount less their residual values on a straight-line basis at the following rates per annum:

Leasehold land and	The shorter of the lease terms
buildings	and 30 years
Plant and machinery	3 – 10 years
Motor vehicles	3 – 8 years

If the leasehold land and buildings had not been revalued, they would have been included in the consolidated financial statements at historical cost less accumulated depreciation of HK\$29,839,000 (2012: HK\$30,819,000). The leasehold land and buildings of the Group were revalued on 30 June 2013 (2012: 30 June 2012) by an independent professional qualified valuer, Roma Appraisals Limited, at approximately HK\$34,897,000 (2012: HK\$33,121,000) based on recent market transactions.

除在建工程外之物業、廠房及設備以直線 法按以下比率每年將其成本/重新估值減 餘值折舊:

租賃土地及樓宇	租期及三十年
	(以較短者為準)
廠房及機器	三至十年
汽車	三至八年

倘租賃土地及樓宇並無重估,則按歷史成 本減累計折舊29,839,000港元(二零一二 年:30,819,000港元)計入綜合財務報表。 本集團之租賃土地及樓宇於二零一三年六 月三十日(二零一二年:二零一二年六月 三十日)由獨立專業估值師羅馬國際評估有 限公司重估,估值約為34,897,000(二零 一二年:33,121,000港元),其乃基於最近 市場交易計算。

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

15. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT 15. 物業、廠房及設備(續)

(Continued)

The leasehold land and buildings were located in the PRC under medium-term lease.

Due to the Group's financial performance were worse than previously expected, the Directors conducted an impairment assessment of the Group's plant and machinery, which are used for provision of health care management services. The relevant assets have been allocated to the CGU that engages in the provision of health care management services business ("Unit A") for the purpose of impairment assessment. Details of impairment assessment is set out in note 17.

租賃土地及樓宇位於中國,根據中期租賃 持有。

由於本集團財務表現遜於預期,董事就本 集團廠房及機器(其用於提供健康管理服 務)進行減值評估。就減值評估而言,相關 資產已被分配至從事提供健康管理服務業 務(「單位甲」)的現金產生單位。減值評估 的詳情載於附註17。

16. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

16. 無形資產

		exclusive rights – provision of genetic testing services	exclusive rights – provision of genetic testing services	exclusive rights – provision of genetic testing services	exclusive Exclusive rights - rights - provision of distribution of genetic testing bio-industrial services products	rights – rights – provision provision of distribution of of health care netic testing bio-industrial management services products services	cost – provision of health care management	Total
		永久獨家 提供 基因測試	獨家分銷 生物產業	發展成本一提供				
		服務權利	產品權利	健康管理服務	總額			
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000			
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元			
COST	成本							
At 1 July 2011	於二零一一年七月一日	79,718	18,519	3,269	101,506			
Additions	添置	-	-	3,484	3,484			
Exchange differences	匯兑差額	_	372	64	436			
At 30 June 2012 and 1 July 2012	於二零一二年六月三十日及							
	二零一二年七月一日	79,718	18,891	6,817	105,426			
Exchange differences	匯兑差額	-	1,356	159	1,515			
At 30 June 2013	於二零一三年六月三十日	79,718	20,247	6,976	106,941			

101

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

16. INTANGIBLE ASSETS (Continued)

16. 無形資產(續)

		Permanent exclusive rights – provision of genetic testing	Exclusive rights – distribution of bio-industrial	Development cost – provision of health care management	
		<mark>services</mark> 永久獨家 提供	products 獨家分銷	services	Tota
		基因測試 服務權利 HK\$'000	生物產業 產品權利 HK\$'000	發展成本一提供 健康管理服務 HK\$'000	總額 HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
ACCUMULATED AMORTISATION AND IMPAIRMENT	累計攤銷及減值				
At 1 July 2011	於二零一一年七月一日	-	1,236	-	1,236
Amortisation for the year	本年度攤銷	-	664	1,023	1,687
Impairment for the year	本年度減值	77,718	16,679	-	94,397
Exchange differences	匯兑差額	-	16	(1)	15
At 30 June 2012 and 1 July 2012	於二零一二年六月三十日及				
,	二零一二年七月一日	77,718	18,595	1,022	97,335
Amortisation for the year	本年度攤銷	-	24	1,310	1,334
Impairment for the year	本年度減值	2,000	274	4,534	6,808
Exchange differences	匯兑差額	-	1,354	110	1,464
At 30 June 2013	於二零一三年六月三十日	79,718	20,247	6,976	106,941
CARRYING AMOUNTS At 30 June 2013	賬面值				
At 30 June 2013	於二零一三年六月三十日	-	-	-	
At 30 June 2012	於二零一二年六月三十日	2,000	296	5,795	8,091

Other than permanent exclusive rights for provision of genetic testing services, the above intangible assets relate to the exclusive rights for distribution of bio-industrial products and development costs have finite useful lives. Such intangible assets are amortised on a straight-line basis over the following periods:

除提供基因測試服務之永久獨家權利外, 上述無形資產與獨家分銷生物產業產品權 利及發展成本有關,具有固定使用年期。 該等無形資產以直線法按以下期間攤銷:

Exclusive rights – distribution of	14.5 years	獨家權利一分銷	14.5年
bio-industrial products		生物產業產品	
Development cost – provision of health care	5 years	發展成本-提供健康	5年
management services		管理服務	

United Gene High-Tech Group Limited Annual Report 2013

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

16. INTANGIBLE ASSETS (Continued)

On 13 December 2010, the Group acquired permanent exclusive rights for provision of genetic testing services in the regions of the PRC, Hong Kong and Macau as well as the right of use of certain logos on the genetic testing services provided by the Group. In the opinion of the Directors, the permanent exclusive rights for provision of genetic testing services are deemed to have indefinite lives as the Group can use the rights permanently. These intangible assets will not be amortised until their useful lives are determined to be finite. Instead they will be tested for impairment annually and whenever there is an indication that it may be impaired.

For the purpose of impairment testing on intangible assets with indefinite useful life, the recoverable amount of the intangible assets with indefinite useful life has been determined based on a value in use calculation. The value in use calculation uses cash flow projections based on financial budgets approved by management covering a 5-year period and a discount rate of 19.83% (2012: 19.83%). The cash flows beyond the 5-year period are extrapolated with zero growth rate. The growth rate is based on the relevant industry growth forecasts and average long-term growth rate for the relevant industry. The recoverable amount of the intangible assets is estimated to be lower than the carrying amount of the intangible assets and, accordingly, impairment losses on intangible assets of HK\$2,000,000 (2012: HK\$77,718,000) have been recognised to profit or loss during the year ended 30 June 2013.

16. 無形資產(續)

於二零一零年十二月十三日,本集團已取 得在中國、香港及澳門地區永久獨家提供 基因測試服務之權利以及就本集團提供基 因測試服務使用若干標誌之權利。董事認 為,永久獨家提供基因測試服務之權利被 視為無限期,因為本集團能夠永久性地使 用該權力。此等無形資產將不會被攤薄直 至彼等之使用年期被定為有限。相反,當 有跡象顯示可能出現減值時,將會每年測 試減值。

就無限可使用年期之無形資產進行減值測 試而言,無限可使用年期之無形資產之可 收回金額乃根據使用價值計算釐定。計算 使用價值時使用現金流量預測,而預測建 基於管理層批准涵蓋五年期之財務預算及 貼現率19.83%(二零一二年:19.83%)。 五年期以外之現金流量以零增長率推算。 增長率之基礎為有關產業之增長預測及有 關行業之平均長期增長率。估計無形資產 之可收回金額低於無形資產之賬面值,因 此,截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度, 於損益確認無形資產減值虧損2,000,000 港元(二零一二年:77,718,000港元)。



綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

17. IMPAIRMENT ASSESSMENT ON GOODWILL, PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT AND INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Impairment testing on provision of health care management services segment

During the year ended 30 June 2013, as the result of the unexpected unfavourable performance in the provision of health care management services segment, management conducted an impairment assessment of segmented assets. For the purpose of impairment testing, intangible assets and property, plant and equipment related to health care management were allocated to a CGU Unit A. A CGU is considered to be impaired when its recoverable amount declines below its carrying amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of value in use and fair value less costs to sell. The carrying amounts of the assets allocated to Unit A are as follows:

17. 商譽、物業、廠房及設備及無 形資產之減值評估

提供健康管理服務分部之減值測試

於截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度,由 於提供健康管理服務分部的表現未如預期 般理想,故管理層已對分部資產進行減值 評估。就減值測試而言,有關健康管理之 無形資產及物業、廠房及設備,已分配至 單一現金產生單位單位甲。倘現金產生單 位之可收回金額下跌至低於其賬面值,則 現金產生單位被視為減值。可收回金額為 使用價值與公平值減銷售成本兩者中之較 高值。分配至單位甲之資產賬面值如下:

		Carrying amounts before	Impairment	Carrying amounts after
		impairment	loss	impairment
		減值前之		減值後之
		賬面值	減值虧損	賬面值
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元
Intangible assets	無形資產	4,534	4,534	-
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	21,855	16,457	5,398
		26,389	20,991	5,398

An impairment loss of HK\$20,991,000 has been recognised for Unit A as the recoverable amount of Unit A is less than the carrying amount for the year ended 30 June 2013. The impairment loss is allocated to reduce the carrying amount of assets of Unit A. 由於單位甲於截至二零一三年六月三十日 止年度之可收回金額低於賬面值,故已就 單位甲確認減值虧損20,991,000港元。分 配減值虧損之目的,在於削減單位甲資產 之賬面值。



For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

17. IMPAIRMENT ASSESSMENT ON GOODWILL, PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT AND INTANGIBLE ASSETS (Continued)

Impairment testing on provision of health care management services segment (Continued)

The recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. The recoverable amount of Unit A had been determined based on a value in use calculation. The recoverable amount was based on certain similar key assumptions. The value in use calculation used cash flow projections based on financial budgets approved by management covering a five-year period and at a discount rate of 17.83%. The cash flows beyond the five-year period are extrapolated using a steady 2% growth rate. The growth rate is based on the relevant industry growth forecasts and average long-term growth rate for the relevant industry. The key assumptions for the value in use calculation are those regarding the discount rate, growth rate and budgeted gross margin and revenue during the budget period which had been determined based on past performance and management's expectations for the market development. The impairment loss during the year ended 30 June 2013 is mainly attributable to the keen competition in the industry and the unexpected unfavourable performance of provision of health care management services in the PRC.

Impairment testing on distribution of bio-industrial products segment

During the year ended 30 June 2013, as the distribution of bio-industrial products segment continued to incur segment losses, the management decided to fully impair the related intangible assets of HK\$274,000. Property, plant and equipment, consisting of leasehold land and building, was revaluated as at 30 June 2013 to the amount of HK\$34,897,000. Accordingly, no impairment on the relevant tangible assets has been recognised during the year.

17. 商譽、物業、廠房及設備及無 形資產之減值評估(續)

提供健康管理服務分部之減值測試 (續)

分銷生物產業產品分部之減值測試

於截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度,由 於分銷生物產業產品分部持續產生分部虧 損,管理層決定就相關無形資產274,000 港元作出全面減值。物業、廠房及設備(包 括租賃土地及樓宇)於二零一三年六月三十 日進行重估,所得出的金額為34,897,000 港元。因此,年內概無就相關有形資產確 認減值。

105

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

17. IMPAIRMENT ASSESSMENT ON GOODWILL, PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT AND INTANGIBLE ASSETS (Continued)

Impairment testing on distribution of bio-industrial products segment (Continued)

During the year ended 30 June 2012, as the result of the unexpected unfavourable performance of the distribution of bio-industrial products segment, management conducted an impairment assessment of segmented assets. For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill, intangible assets and property, plant and equipment related to the distribution of bio-industrial products business were allocated to a CGU hereinafter referred to as Unit B. A CGU is considered to be impaired when its recoverable amount declines below its carrying amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of value in use and fair value less costs to sell. The carrying amounts of the assets allocated to Unit B are as follows:

17. 商譽、物業、廠房及設備及無 形資產之減值評估(續)

分銷生物產業產品分部之減值測試 (續)

於截至二零一二年六月三十日止年度,由 於分銷生物產業產品分部的表現未如預期 般理想,故管理層已對分部資產進行減值 評估。就減值測試而言,有關分銷生物產 業產品之商譽、無形資產及物業、廠房及 設備,已分配至單一現金產生單位(下稱單 位乙)。倘現金產生單位之可收回金額下跌 至低於其賬面值,則現金產生單位被視為 減值。可收回金額為使用價值與公平值減 銷售成本兩者中之較高值。分配至單位乙 之資產賬面值如下:

		Carrying amounts before impairment		Carrying amounts after impairment
			Impairment loss	
		減值前		減值後
		賬面值	減值虧損	賬面值
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元
Goodwill	商譽	1,954	1,954	_
Intangible assets	無形資產	16,975	16,679	296
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	33,375		33,375
		52,304	18,633	33,671



For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

17. IMPAIRMENT ASSESSMENT ON GOODWILL, PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT AND INTANGIBLE ASSETS (Continued)

Impairment testing on distribution of bio-industrial products segment (Continued)

An impairment loss of HK\$18,633,000 had been recognised for Unit B as the recoverable amount of Unit B was less than the carrying amount for the year ended 30 June 2012. The impairment loss was allocated to reduce the carrying amount of assets of Unit B in the following order:

- (a) first, HK\$1,954,000 of the impairment loss was allocated to reduce the carrying amount of goodwill allocated to Unit B from HK\$1,954,000 to zero;
- (b) then, the remaining impairment loss of HK\$16,679,000 was allocated to the remaining assets of the CGU on the basis of which the individual asset should not below the highest of its fair value less costs to sell and its value in use. Since the property, plant and equipment of Unit B included leasehold land and building which had been revalued to approximately HK\$33,121,000, the remaining impairment loss of HK\$16,679,000 was allocated to the intangible assets to reduce the carrying amount from HK\$16,975,000 to HK\$296,000.

The recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. The recoverable amount of Unit B had been determined based on a value in use calculation. The recoverable amount was based on certain similar key assumptions. The value in use calculation used cash flow projections based on financial budgets approved by management covering a five-year period and at a discount rate of 16.20%. The cash flows beyond the five-year period were extrapolated with zero growth rate. The key assumptions for the value in use calculation are those regarding the discount rate, growth rate and budgeted gross margin and revenue during the budget period which had been determined based on past performance and management's expectations for the market development. The impairment loss during the year ended 30 June 2012 was mainly attributable to the keen competition in the industry and the deterioration of operating performance of distribution of bone chips and bone fat in the PRC.

17. 商譽、物業、廠房及設備及無 形資產之減值評估(續)

分銷生物產業產品分部之減值測試 (續)

由於單位乙截至二零一二年六月三十日止 年度之可收回金額低於賬面值,已就單位 乙確認減值虧損18,633,000港元。減值虧 損按下列步驟分配,以削減單位乙資產之 賬面值:

- (a) 先藉分配減值虧損1,954,000港元,
 將單位乙之商譽賬面值由1,954,000
 港元削減至零:
- (b) 然後將餘下減值虧損16,679,000 港元分配至現金產生單位之餘下資 產,基準為個別資產不得低於其公 平值減銷售成本及其使用價值之較 高者。由於單位乙之物業、廠房 及設備包括租賃土地及樓宇(已重 估為約33,121,000港元),因此, 餘下減值虧損16,679,000港元已 分配至無形資產,以將其賬面值由 16,975,000港元削減至296,000港 元。

可收回金額為公平值減銷售成本及使用價 值之較高者。單位乙之可收回金額乃按使 用價值計算釐定。可收回金額乃基於若干 類似主要假設。使用價值計算利用基於管 理層批准之財政預算(涵蓋五年期間)之現 金流量預測及16.20%之貼現率。五年期 以外之現金流量使用零增長率推算。使用 價值計算之主要假設為基於過往業績表現 及管理層對市場發展之預測釐定之有關於 預算期間之貼現率、增長率及預算毛利率 及收入。於截至二零一二年六月三十日止 年度之減值虧損主要因為於中國業內競爭 激烈及分銷骨粒及骨油業務表現下滑。

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

18. TRADE RECEIVABLES

The Group's trading terms with customers are mainly on credit. The credit terms generally range from 30 to 180 days. Each customer has a maximum credit limit. For new customers, payment in advance is normally required. The Group seeks to maintain strict control over its outstanding receivables. Overdue balances are reviewed regularly by senior management.

As at 30 June 2013 and 2012, the trade receivables are aged within 30 - 90 days, presented based on the invoice dates, which approximated the respective revenue recognition dates at the end of the reporting period.

19. PREPAYMENTS, DEPOSITS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

18. 貿易應收賬款

本集團與客戶之交易條款大部份以信貸 方式進行,信貸期通常介乎30至180日不 等。每名客戶均設有最高信貸限額。新客 戶一般須預先付款。本集團致力嚴格控制 未收回之應收款項,高級管理層會定期審 閬逾期餘款。

於二零一三年及二零一二年六月三十日, 貿易應收賬款之賬齡介乎30日至90日內, 而賬齡根據報告期末之發票日期(與有關收 入確認日期相若)呈列。

19. 預付款項、按金及其他應收款 項

		2013	2012
		二零一三年	二零一二年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Rental, management fee and other deposits	租金、管理費及其他按金	2,184	2,297
Deposits paid	已付按金	160	1,449
Others (Note)	其他(<i>附註</i>)	2,867	13,694
Total	總計	5,211	17,440

Note: At 30 June 2012, the amounts included money advanced to an independent third party through a promissory note amounting to approximately HK\$9,735,000 which was repaid during the year ended 30 June 2013.

附註:於二零一二年六月三十日,該款項包 括藉由承兑票據向獨立第三方墊款約 9,735,000港元,該墊款已於截至二零 一三年六月三十日止年度償還。



For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

20. AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE FINANCIAL ASSETS 20. 可供出售金融資產

		2013	2012
		二零一三年	二零一二年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Bonds at fair value	債券,按公平值		
Listed in Hong Kong	於香港上市	16,558	18,031
Listed outside Hong Kong	於香港以外上市	85,882	80,436
		102,440	98,467
Analysed as	分析為:		
Current	即期	1,258	98,467
Non-current	非即期	101,182	
Total	總計	102,440	98,467

During the year ended 30 June 2013, the management expects the increasing trend in bond yields and interest rates in the future and therefore changed their intention of holding the available-for-sale financial assets until the bonds matured. As a result, significant portion of the available-for-sale financial assets are classified as non-current assets based on the maturity dates of respective bonds.

The fair values of these listed bonds are based on market bid prices at the end of each reporting period.

21. BANK BALANCES AND CASH

Bank balances and cash comprise cash and bank balances held by the Group with original maturity of three months or less and carry interest at prevailing deposit rates which range from 0.01% to 1.49% (2012: 0.01% to 2.23%) per annum and other bank balances of HK\$120,000,000 for investment purpose as at 30 June 2013 (2012: nil). 於截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度,管 理層預期日後債券孳息及利率會繼續上 升,因此改變彼等持有可供出售金融資 產,直至債券到期為止之意向。因此,大 部分可供出售金融資產已按其各自之債券 之到期日分類為非流動資產。

此等上市債券的公平值是根據各報告期末 的市場買盤價釐定。

21. 銀行結餘及現金

於二零一三年六月三十日,銀行結餘及現 金包括本集團持有之現金及銀行結餘,原 到期日為三個月或更短時間,按現有存款 利率計息,利率介乎每年0.01%至1.49% (二零一二年:0.01%至2.23%)及用作投 資之其他銀行結餘120,000,000港元(二零 一二年:零)。

109

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

22. TRADE PAYABLES

22. 貿易應付賬款

The aging analysis of trade payables, presented based on the invoice dates at the end of the reporting period, is as follows:

於報告期末,貿易應付賬款按發票日期呈 列之賬齡分析如下:

		2013	2012
		二零一三年	二零一二年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
30 days or less	30日或以下	3,092	2
31 to 60 days	31至60日	-	3
61 to 180 days	61至180日	63	212
Over 180 days	超過180日	-	282
		3,155	499

The average credit period on purchase of goods normally ranges from 60 days to 90 days.

23. AMOUNT DUE TO A SHAREHOLDER

The amount is unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand.

24. OTHER BORROWING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

At 30 June 2012, the amount was unsecured, carried fixed interest at 6.1% per annum and was repayable within one year from the date of drawdown. Amount was settled during the year ended 30 June 2013.

25. LOAN FROM A NON-CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDER OF A SUBSIDIARY

The loan is unsecured, carries fixed interest at 6.65% per annum and is repayable from 29 May 2014 onwards by installments. Amount of HK\$3,138,000 (2012: HK\$6,133,000) is required to be repaid after twelve months from the end of the reporting period. Accordingly, the amount is classified as non-current. 購買貨品之平均信貸期通常介乎60日至90 日。

23. 應付股東款項

款項為無擔保、免息及須於要求時償還。

24. 一年內到期之其他借貸

於二零一二年六月三十日,該等款項為無 擔保,按固定年利率6.1%計息,以及須於 提取日期起計一年內償還。該等款項於截 至二零一三年六月三十日止年度內償付。

25. 來自附屬公司非控股股東之貸 款

該貸款為無抵押,按固定年利率6.65%計 息,以及由二零一四年五月二十九日起分 期償還。3,138,000港元(二零一二年: 6,133,000港元)之款項須於報告期末起計 十二個月後償還。據此,該款項被分類為 非即期。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 你会时教報書明註

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

26. DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES

26. 遞延税項負債

The following are the major deferred tax liabilities recognised by the Group and the movement thereon during the current and prior years. 以下為本集團確認之主要遞延税項負債及 其於本年度及先前年度之變動。

		Intangible assets and revaluation of leasehold land and	Rental expenses under	
		buildings	lease term	Total
		無形資產及重估	根據租賃期之	
		租賃土地及樓宇	租賃開支	總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元
At 1 July 2011	於二零一一年七月一日	2,729	243	2,972
Charged to other	於其他全面收益扣除			
comprehensive income		465	-	465
Credited to profit or loss	計入損益	(2,342)	(37)	(2,379)
Exchange differences	匯兑差額	57	5	62
At 30 June 2012	於二零一二年六月三十日	909	211	1,120
Charged to other	於其他全面收益扣除			
comprehensive income		492	-	492
Credited to profit or loss	計入損益	(10)	(50)	(60)
Exchange differences	匯兑差額	29	4	33
At 30 June 2013	於二零一三年六月三十日	1,420	165	1,585

Starting from 1 January 2008, the tax law of the PRC requires payment of withholding tax upon the distribution of profits earned by the PRC subsidiaries to the foreign shareholders. Deferred tax has not been provided for in the consolidated financial statements in respect of the temporary differences attributable to such profits generated by subsidiaries amounting to approximately HK\$3,848,000 (2012: HK\$3,880,000) as the Group is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

由二零零八年一月一日起,中國税法規 定,分派中國附屬公司賺取之溢利予境外 股東時,須支付預扣税。在綜合財務報表 中,並無就附屬公司產生之該等溢利有關 之臨時差異(金額約為3,848,000港元(二 零一二年:3,880,000港元))計提遞延税項 撥備,因為本集團可控制撥回臨時差異之 時間,亦有可能在可見將來,臨時差異將 不會撥回。

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

26. DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES (Continued)

At 30 June 2013, the Group had estimated unused tax losses of HK\$111,161,000 (2012: HK\$50,217,000) available for offset against future profits. No deferred tax asset has been recognised in respect of the tax losses due to the unpredictability of future profit streams. Included in unrecognised estimated tax losses are losses of HK\$102,773,000 (2012: HK\$45,087,000) that will expire in 5 vears from the year of origination. Other losses may be carried forward indefinitely.

27. CONVERTIBLE BONDS

Pursuant to the placing agreement and subscription agreement entered on 18 February 2013, the Company issued convertible bonds with coupon rate of 0.1% per annum and an aggregate principal amount of HK\$133,000,000 at par on 11 June 2013. The convertible bonds mature on the tenth anniversary of the date of issue.

The convertible bonds entitle the bond holders to convert them into shares of the Company at any time within 10 years from the date of issue of the convertible bonds, at the conversion price per share of HK\$0.4, subject to anti-dilution clauses.

If the convertible bonds have not been converted, they will be redeemed at par on the tenth anniversary of the date of issue. The Company is allowed at any time since the date of issue to the maturity date, to redeem all or part of the outstanding convertible bonds at par any time from the date of issuance together with interest accrued to the date fixed for redemption by giving not less than 14 business days notices to the bond holders.

26. 遞延税項負債(續)

於二零一三年六月三十日,本集團估計有 未動用税項虧損111,161,000港元(二零 一二年:50.217.000港元),可用作抵销日 後溢利。由於未能預測日後溢利流量,故 並無就有關税項虧損確認遞延税項資產。 未確認估計税項虧損包括102,773,000港 元(二零一二年:45,087,000港元)之虧 損,將由產生年度起計五年後屆滿。其他 虧損可無限期結轉。

27. 可換股債券

根據二零一三年二月十八日訂立之配售協 議及認購協議,本公司於二零一三年六月 十一日按面值發行票面年息率0.1%之可換 股債券,本金總額為133,000,000港元。 可換股債券於發行日期起計十週年當日到 期。

可換股債券賦予債券持有人權利,於發行 可換股債券日期後十年內隨時將可換股債 券兑换為本公司股份,轉換價為每股股份 0.4港元,須受反攤薄條款限制。

倘可換股債券未獲轉換,則將於發行日期 起計十週年當日按票面值予以贖回。本公 司獲准於發行日期至到期日期間任何時 間,按發行日期後任何時間之票面值連同 截至所設贖回日期為止的應計利息贖回全 部或部分未償還之可換股債券,惟須向債 券持有人發出不少於十四個營業日之書面 通知。

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

27. CONVERTIBLE BONDS (Continued)

The convertible bonds are issued in HK\$. The convertible bonds contain two components, liability (together with embedded derivative for early redemption right by the Company which is closely related to the host debt) and equity components. On 11 June 2013, the fair value of the liability component was HK\$13,938,000, which has been determined by the discounted cashflow approach using the prevailing market interest rate of similar non-convertible bonds and taking into account the credit risk of the Company. The equity component is HK\$117,416,000, which is the difference between the proceeds received and the fair value of the liability component, net of transaction costs attributable to the liability and equity components of HK\$193,000 and HK\$1,646,000 respectively.

The effective interest rate of the liability component of the convertible bonds is 25.74%.

On 17 June 2013 and 26 June 2013, convertible bonds with aggregate principal amounts of HK\$4,000,000 and HK\$16,000,000 respectively were converted into ordinary shares of the Company.

The movement of liability component of the convertible bonds for the year is set out below:

27. 可換股債券(續)

可換股債券以港元發行。可換股債券包括 負債(連同與主負債緊密相連並附有本公 司可行使提前贖回權利的嵌入式衍生工 具)及權益兩個部份。於二零一三年六月 十一日,負債部份之公平值為13,938,000 港元,乃透過貼現現金流量法,利用類 似非可換股債券的現行市場利率釐定, 並計及本公司之信貸風險。權益部份 117,416,000港元(乃經扣除負債及權益 部份應佔交易成本分別193,000港元及 1,646,000港元後,所收取之所得款項及 負債部份之公平值之差額)。

可 換 股 債 券 負 債 部 份 之 實 際 利 率 為 25.74%。

於二零一三年六月十七日及二零一三年六 月二十六日,本金總額分別為4,000,000 港元及16,000,000港元之可換股債券已轉 換為本公司普通股。

年內可換股債券之負債部份之變動列載 如下:

		Principal	Carrying
		amount	amount
		本金額	賬面值
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
As at 1 July 2012	於二零一二年七月一日	_	_
Issuance of convertible bonds	發行可換股債券	133,000	13,938
Direct transaction cost	直接交易成本	-	(193)
Interest charge <i>(note 8)</i>	利息開支(附註8)	-	165
Conversion to ordinary shares	轉換為普通股	(20,000)	(2,085)
30 June 2013	二零一三年六月三十日	113,000	11,825



綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

28. SHARE CAPITAL

28. 股本

		Par value per	Number	Share
		ordinary share	of shares	capital 股本
		每股普通股面值 HK\$	股數 '000	股本 HK\$'000
		□∧⊅ 港元		千港元
Authorised:	法定:			
At 1 July 2011 and 30 June 2012	於二零一一年七月一日及			
	二零一二年六月三十日	0.01	50,000,000	500,000
Decrease upon share consolidation (Note b)	股份合併後減少(附註b)		(47,500,000)	
		0.2	2,500,000	500,000
Increase upon share re-organisation (Note c)	股份重組後增加(附註c)		47,500,000	
At 30 June 2013	於二零一三年六月三十日	0.01	50,000,000	500,000
Issued:	已發行:			
At 1 July 2011 and 30 June 2012	於二零一一年七月一日及			
·	二零一二年六月三十日	0.01	12,164,508	121,645
Issue of rights shares (Note a)	發行供股股份(附註a)	0.01	3,649,352	36,494
Share consolidation (Note b)	股份合併(附註b)		(15,023,167)	-
		0.2	790,693	158,139
Share re-organisation (Note c)	股份重組(附註c)			(150,232
		0.01	790,693	7,907
Conversion of convertible bonds (Note d)	轉換可換股債券(附註d)	0.01	50,000	500
At 30 June 2013	於二零一三年六月三十日	0.01	840,693	8,407

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

28. SHARE CAPITAL (Continued)

Notes:

- (a) On 8 August 2012, the Company allotted and issued 3,649,352,000 shares by way of rights issue at a subscription price of HK\$0.022 per rights share on the basis of three rights shares for every ten shares held.
- (b) On 19 January 2013, the Company performed a share consolidation involving every 20 issued and unissued shares of par value of HK\$0.01 each be consolidated into 1 consolidated share of HK\$0.20 each. The number of authorised shares decreased from 50,000,000,000 to 2,500,000,000 while the amount remains at HK\$500,000,000.
- (c) On 25 March 2013, a share re-organisation was carried out so that (1) the par value of each issued consolidated share was reduced from HK\$0.20 to HK\$0.01 through the cancellation of the paid-up capital to the extent of HK\$0.19 on each share, and (2) immediately following the capital reduction, each authorised but unissued consolidated share was sub-divided into 20 new shares with a par value of HK\$0.01 each.
- (d) On 17 June 2013 and 26 June 2013, 10,000,000 and 40,000,000 new ordinary shares of the Company of HK\$0.01 each were issued respectively upon the conversion of convertible bonds. Convertible bonds with aggregate principal amount of HK\$4,000,000 and HK\$16,000,000 were converted into 10,000,000 and 40,000,000 ordinary shares of the Company at a conversion price of HK\$0.4 per share respectively.

All the shares issued during the year ended 30 June 2013 rank pari passu with the then issued shares of the Company in all respect. **28. 股本**(續) 附註:

- (a) 於二零一二年八月八日,本公司以供股方式,按每持有十股可獲發三股供股股份的基準,配發及發行3,649,352,000股股份,認購價為每股供股股份0.022港元。
- (b) 於二零一三年一月十九日,本公司進行 股份合併,每二十股每股面值0.01港元 的已發行及未發行股份合併為一股面值 0.20港元的合併股份。法定股份數目由 50,000,000,000 股減至2,500,000,000 股,而股本仍然是500,000,000港元。
- (c) 於二零一三年三月二十五日,本公司進行 股份重組,以使:(1)每股已發行合併股份 的面值,由每股0.20港元減至每股0.01港 元,方式為註銷每股繳足股本中之0.19港 元;及(2)緊隨股本削減後,每股法定但 未發行的合併股份分拆為20股新股份, 每股面值0.01港元。
- (d) 於二零一三年六月十七日及二零一三年六 月二十六日,於轉換可換股債券後,分別 發行10,000,000股及40,000,000股每股 面值0.01港元之本公司新普通股。可換股 債券之本金總額分別為4,000,000港元及 16,000,000港元,已轉換為10,000,000 股及40,000,000股本公司普通股,轉換 價為每股0.4港元。

於截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度發行 之所有股份在所有方面與其時已發行之股 份具有相同地位。



For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

29. PARTIAL DISPOSAL OF A SUBSIDIARY WITHOUT LOSS OF CONTROL

(i) Partial disposal of a subsidiary without loss of control in 2013

On 25 April 2013, Injection Agreement 1 was entered into between (i) 東龍脈(上海)健康管理服務有限公司 ("East Longmark"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Group, (ii) 吉林精優長白山藥業有限公司 ("Jilin Extrawell"), the non-controlling shareholder of Longmark (Shanghai), a non-wholly owned subsidiary of the Group in which East Longmark and Jilin Extrawell have 80% and 20% equity interests respectively before the capital injection, and (iii) Dr. Xie, a shareholder of the Company. Pursuant to the Injection Agreement 1, Dr. Xie would inject capital of RMB7,490,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$9,437,000) into Longmark (Shanghai), representing 37.47% of its equity interest after injection. During the year ended 30 June 2013, amount of RMB2,250,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$4,327,000) was received, representing 21.88% equity interest after injection and East Longmark and Jilin Extrawell has 62.50% and 15.62% equity interests respectively in Longmark (Shanghai). The remaining balance of RMB5,240,000 shall be payable on or before 30 May 2014. The difference between the consideration received during the year ended 30 June 2013 and the carrying amount of the interest acquired by Dr. Xie of HK\$7,940,000 was credited to equity under the heading of other reserve.

(ii) Partial disposal of a subsidiary without loss of control in 2012

On 13 January 2012, a capital injection agreement (the "Injection Agreement 2") entered into between (i) United Gene (Shanghai), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Group having 100% equity interest in Longmark (Shanghai) before the capital injection, (ii) Longmark (Shanghai), and (iii) Jilin Extrawell, a wholly-owned subsidiary of Extrawell Pharmaceutical Holdings Limited, a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange in which Dr. Mao is a shareholder. Pursuant to the Injection Agreement 2, Jilin Extrawell would inject capital of RMB2,500,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$3,077,000) into Longmark (Shanghai), representing 20% of its equity interest after injection. The difference between the consideration received and the carrying amount of the interest acquired by Jilin Extrawell of HK\$3,607,000 was credited to equity under the heading of other reserve during the year ended 30 June 2012.

- 29. 出售一間附屬公司部分權益(並 無失去控制權)
 - (i) 於二零一三年出售一間附屬
 公司之部分權益(並無失去控 制權)

於二零一三年四月二十五日,(i)東 龍脈(上海)健康管理服務有限公司 (「東龍脈」,為本集團之全資附屬公 司);(ii)吉林精優長白山藥業有限公 司(「吉林精優」),為龍脈(上海)之 非控股股東,而龍脈(上海)則為本 集團之非全資附屬公司,其中東龍 脈及吉林精優於資本注資前,分別 擁有80%及20%股權;及(iii)本公 司股東謝博士訂立注資協議一。根 據注資協議一,謝博士將向龍脈(上 海)注資人民幣7,490,000元(相當 於約9,437,000港元),佔注資後其 股權之37.47%。於截至二零一三年 六月三十日止年度,已收取人民幣 2,250,000元(相當於約4,327,000港 元),佔注資後其股權之21.88%, 而東龍脈及吉林精優則分別擁有龍 脈(上海)62.50%及15.62%股權。 餘下結餘人民幣5,240,000元將於二 零一四年五月三十日或之前支付。 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度 內,已收代價與謝博士收購之權益 之賬面值之差額為7.940.000港元, 已計入權益中之其他儲備項下。

(ii) 於二零一二年出售一間附屬
 公司之部分權益(並無失去控制權)

於二零一二年一月十三日,(i)聯合 基因(上海)(為本集團全資附屬公 司,於注資前擁有龍脈(上海)全部 股權);(ii) 龍脈(上海);及(iii) 吉林 精優(精優藥業控股有限公司(為於 聯交所主板上市之公司,毛博士為 其股東)之全資附屬公司)訂立注 資協議(「注資協議二」)。根據注 資協議二, 吉林精優將注資人民幣 2,500,000元(相當於約3,077,000 港元)入龍脈(上海),佔注資後其股 權之20%。已收代價與吉林精優收 購之權益之賬面值之差額3,607,000 港元,已計入截至二零一二年六月 三十日止年度之權益中之其他儲備 項下。

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

30. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND LITIGATION

(i) Litigation concerning Longmark (Shanghai) in PRC

On 17 April 2012, a writ of summons was issued by 天騰建設集團有限公司 (Jiangsu Tianteng Construction Group Co., Limited) ("Jiangsu Tianteng") in the PRC as the plaintiff against Longmark (Shanghai), an indirect non-wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, as the defendant in relation to the disputes arising from the consideration and completion of construction services under the construction agreement entered into between Longmark (Shanghai) and Jiangsu Tianteng dated 23 May 2011.

On 27 May 2012, Longmark (Shanghai) reached an out of court settlement with Jiangsu Tianteng and entered into a trust agreement with Jiangsu Tianteng and a lawyer on the same day (collectively referred to as the "Settlement Agreements"). According to the Settlement Agreements, Longmark (Shanghai) agreed to pay the remaining balance of the construction fee of RMB2,978,000 to the lawyer who act as a trustee for Longmark (Shanghai) and such amounts would be released by installments to Jiangsu Tianteng based on the conditions set out in the Settlement Agreement, Jiangsu Tianteng agreed to (i) file an application to withdraw the litigation against Longmark (Shanghai) to the Changning District Court of the PRC; and (ii) repair the installed but defective aeration facilities for satisfying relevant fire safety requirements before 25 June 2012. A notice of withdrawal dated 4 June 2012 for the litigation was issued by the Changning District Court of the PRC after the lawyer had paid RMB2,000,000 to Jiangsu Tianteng on behalf of Longmark (Shanghai). The aeration facilities of Longmark (Shanghai) was unable to satisfy the relevant fire safety requirements before 25 June 2012, which is a condition precedent for settlement of the remaining balance of RMB978,000 in accordance with the Settlement Agreements. Accordingly, Longmark (Shanghai) is under no obligation to pay the remaining balance of RMB978,000 to Jiangsu Tianteng.

30. 或然負債及訴訟

(i) 於中國有關龍脈(上海)之訴 訟

> 於二零一二年四月十七日,江蘇天 騰建設集團有限公司(「江蘇天騰」) (作為原告)於中國向本公司之間接 非全資附屬公司龍脈(上海)(作為被 告)發出傳票令狀,內容有關由龍脈 (上海)與江蘇天騰於二零一一年五 月二十三日訂立之建造協議項下之 代價及完成建造服務所引起之爭議。

> 於二零一二年五月二十七日, 龍脈 (上海)與江蘇天騰達成庭外和解, 並於同日與江蘇天騰及一名律師訂 立信託協議(統稱「和解協議」)。根 據和解協議, 龍脈(上海) 同意支付 建造費餘款人民幣2.978.000元予擔 任龍脈(上海)之受託人之律師,而 該等款項將根據和解協議列載之條 件,分期付予江蘇天騰,而江蘇天 腾同意於二零一二年六月二十五日 前,(i)向中國長寧區法院申請撤銷 針對龍脈(上海)之訴訟;及(ii)為通 過相關防火安全規定而維修已安裝 惟有缺陷之通風設施。在律師代表 龍脈(上海)向江蘇天騰支付人民幣 2,000,000元後,中國長寧區法院已 於二零一二年六月四日發出撤銷訴 訟之通知。龍脈(上海)之通風設施 於二零一二年六月二十五日前尚未 符合相關防火安全規定,惟這是根 據和解協議結付餘款人民幣978,000 元的先決條件。據此, 龍脈(上海) 並無責任向江蘇天騰支付餘下餘款 人民幣978,000元。



For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

30. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND LITIGATION

(Continued)

(i) Litigation concerning Longmark (Shanghai) in PRC (Continued)

However, on 23 September 2012, Jiangsu Tianteng filed another claim to demand for the settlement of the remaining construction cost of RMB978,000 claiming Longmark (Shanghai) has taken actions to prevent or to hinder the fulfilment of the relevant condition. Pursuant to the first judgment dated 24 December 2012, Longmark (Shanghai) is liable to pay RMB978,000 to Jiangsu Tianteng and legal fee of RMB7,000. On 8 January 2013, Longmark (Shanghai) filed an application to appeal to the Shanghai No.1 Intermediate People's Court. Pursuant to the second judgment dated 26 July 2013, the appeal made by Longmark (Shanghai) was rejected and the original judgment of the Changning District Court was upheld. Accordingly, Longmark (Shanghai) is liable to pay RMB978,000 to Jinagsu Tianteng, legal fee for the first hearing and the appeal hearing of RMB7,000 and RMB14,000 respectively. The amount of RMB978,000 previously paid to and was held in custody by the lawyer was recorded as other receivable in the books of Longmark (Shanghai) and the directors of the Company made an impairment loss of RMB978,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$1,210,000) considering the amount as irrecoverable and provision of legal fee of RMB21,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$26,000) during the year ended 30 June 2013.

30. 或然負債及訴訟(續)

(i) 於中國有關龍脈(上海)之訴 訟(續) 然而,於二零一二年九月二十三 日,江蘇天騰宣稱龍脈(上海)採取 行動阻礙或防礙有關條件之達成, 另行提交索償建造費餘款人民幣

978.000元的申索。根據二零一二年 十二月二十四日第一次判決, 龍脈 (上海)須支付人民幣978,000元予 江蘇天騰,以及法律費人民幣7,000 元。於二零一三年一月八日,龍脈 (上海)向上海市第一中級人民法院 提出上訴申請。根據第二次判決(日 期為二零一三年七月二十六日), 龍脈(上海)提出之上訴被駁回, 而長寧區法院之原判決得以維持。 據此, 龍脈(上海)須支付人民幣 978,000元予江蘇天騰,以及第一次 聆訊及上訴聆訊之法律費用分別為 人民幣7,000元及人民幣14,000元。 先前已付之款項人民幣978,000元由 律師保管,已記入龍脈(上海)之賬 冊中作為其他應收款項,而本公司 董事認為該款項屬不可收回,已於 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度 作出減值虧損人民幣978,000元(相 當於約1,210,000港元),並就法律 費用計提撥備人民幣21,000元(相當 於約26,000港元)。

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

30. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND LITIGATION

(Continued)

 (ii) Litigation concerning 中荷(平湖)生物技術有 限公司 (in English, CNL (Pinghu) Biotech Co. Ltd. "CNL (Pinghu)") in the PRC

On 17 April 2012, a writ of summons was issued by 江蘇瑞峰建設集團有限公司 (Jiangsu Ruifeng Construction Group Co., Limited) ("Jiangsu Ruifeng") in the PRC as the plaintiff against CNL (Pinghu), an indirect non-wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, as the defendant in relation to the disputes arising from the consideration and completion of construction services under the construction contracting services agreement dated 8 October 2010, the construction agreement dated 17 December 2010 and the supplemental agreement dated 8 March 2011 (collectively referred to as the "Construction Agreements") entered into between CNL (Pinghu) and Jiangsu Ruifeng, to claim the outstanding construction cost of RMB13,150,000, the related interests and litigation costs of the case. Pursuant to the Construction Agreements, the total construction costs was RMB16,675,000. Jiangsu Ruifeng had issued invoices amounting to RMB29,126,000 in relation to the construction work they performed. The aggregated invoice amount was substantially different from the contracted amount. CNL (Pinghu) only settled the amount of RMB16,601,000 and was recorded as the cost of buildings as at 30 June 2012. On 24 April 2012, Jiangsu Ruifeng obtained a civil ruling against CNL (Pinghu), pursuant to which a bank deposit of RMB15,000,000 or equivalent amount of assets of CNL (Pinghu) were to be frozen, but the actual amount frozen was HK\$222,000 as at 30 June 2012, which was significantly lower than the amount stated in the civil ruling. The frozen balance was released during the year ended 30 June 2013. On 14 January 2013, an independent construction consulting company, which was appointed by Pinghu District Court, issued a statement certifying the total construction cost incurred would be in a range between RMB15,093,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$18,614,000) and RMB18,766,000 (equivalent to HK\$23,144,000). According to the relevant legal opinion, the possibility for Pinghu District Court for adopting the construction cost of RMB18,766,000 is higher. As at 30 June 2013, the total amount of construction costs paid by the Group was RMB16,601,000 (equivalent to approximate HK\$20,839,000). The Directors made further provision of RMB2,165,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$2,718,000) during the year ended 30 June 2013.

30. 或然負債及訴訟(續)

(ii) 於中國有關中荷(平湖)生物 技術有限公司之訴訟

> 於二零一二年四月十七日,江蘇瑞峰 建設集團有限公司(「江蘇瑞峰」)(作 為原告)於中國向本公司之間接非全 資附屬公司中荷(平湖)(作為被告) 發出傳票令狀,內容有關由中荷(平 湖)與江蘇瑞峰於二零一零年十月八 日訂立之建造承包服務協議、於二 零一零年十二月十七日訂立之建造 協議及於二零一一年三月八日訂立 之補充協議(統稱「建造協議」)項下 之代價及完成建造服務所引起之爭 議,江蘇瑞峰向中荷(平湖)索償人 民幣13,150,000元之未支付建造款 項、相關利息及案件之訴訟成本。 根據建造協議,建造總成本為人民 幣16,675,000元。江蘇瑞峰就其進 行之建造工程發出發票,金額為人民 幣29,126,000元。發票總額與合約 金額出現重大差異。中荷(平湖)僅 支付人民幣16,601,000元,並於二 零一二年六月三十日記錄作建築成 本。於二零一二年四月二十四日,江 蘇瑞峰已取得針對中荷(平湖)之民 事裁定,據此,中荷(平湖)之銀行 存款人民幣15.000.000元或等同金 額之資產將被凍結,惟於二零一二年 六月三十日,被凍結之實際金額為 222,000港元,其大幅低於民事裁定 所列之金額。被凍結結餘於截至二零 -三年六月三十日止年度解凍。於二 零一三年一月十四日,一間獨立建築 顧問公司獲平湖區法院委任,發出一 份聲明,證明建築總成本介乎人民幣 15,093,000元(相當於約18,614,000 港元)與人民幣18,766,000元(相當 於23,144,000港元)之間。根據有關 法律意見,平湖區法院採納建築總成 本人民幣18,766,000元的可能性較 高。於二零一三年六月三十日,本 集團已支付的建築總成本為人民幣 16,601,000元(相當於約20,839,000 港元)。董事於截至二零一三年六 月三十日止年度進一步計提人民幣 2,165,000元(相當於約2.718.000港 元)的撥備。

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

30. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND LITIGATION

(Continued)

(iii) Litigation concerning United Gene (Shanghai) in the PRC

On 14 December 2012, a writ of summons was issued by 重慶聯合基因技術有限公司 (Chongqing United Gene Technology Co., Limited) ("Chongqing United Gene") in the PRC as the plaintiff against United Gene (Shanghai), an indirectly wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, as the defendant, suing United Gene (Shanghai) for the amounts of RMB800,000 for license fee, RMB4,000,000 for the cost of purchase of inventories, the related interests and legal fees of the litigation from United Gene (Shanghai), on the basis that the cooperation agreement dated 26 May 2011 (the "Cooperation Agreement"), and entered into between an authorised person of Chongqing United Gene and United Gene (Shanghai), was invalid under the applicable laws of the PRC

Pursuant to the most recent judgment from Yangpu District Court on 16 July 2013, the Cooperation Agreement was valid and legally binding under the applicable laws of the PRC. However, the Cooperation Agreement was terminated on 2 July 2013 by relevant court order. According to the judgment, United Gene (Shanghai) was ordered to pay RMB4,000,000 and legal fees of RMB39,000 on behalf of Chongqing United Gene. The Directors made a provision of RMB4,039,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$5,070,000) for this litigation as at 30 June 2013. On 2 September 2013, United Gene (Shanghai) filed an application to appeal to the Shanghai No. 2 Intermediate People's Court. The appeal is still undergoing at the date of these consolidated financial statements were authorised for issuance.

30. 或然負債及訴訟(續)

(iii) 於中國有關聯合基因(上海) 之訴訟

> 於二零一二年十二月十四日,重慶 聯合基因技術有限公司(「重慶基 因」)(作為原告)於中國向本公司間 接全資附屬公司聯合基因(上海)(作 為被告)發出傳訊令狀,對聯合基因 (上海)償還人民幣800,000元的特許 權費、人民幣4,000,000元的特許 權責、人民幣4,000,000元的特許 條款,100 為根據中國適用法律,於二零一一 年五月二十六日由重慶基因與聯合

> 根據楊浦區法院於二零一三年七月 十六日之最近期判決,合作協議在 中國適用法律下屬有效且具法律約 束力。然而,合作協議已於二零 一三年七月二日遭有關法令終止。 根據判決,聯合基因(上海)勒令代 重慶基因支付人民幣4,000,000元 及法律費用人民幣39,000元。於二 零一三年六月三十日,董事已就此 訴訟作出撥備人民幣4,039,000元 (相當於約5,070,000港元)。於二零 一三年九月二日,聯合基因(上海) 向上海第二中級人民法院申請上 訴。上訴於該等綜合財務報表授權 刊發日期仍在進行中。

120

For the vear ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

Operating lease commitments

31. COMMITMENTS

31. 承擔

經營和賃承擔

As at 30 June 2013, the total future minimum lease payments of the Group under non-cancellable operating leases are pavable as follows:

於二零一三年六月三十日,本公司根據不 可撤銷經營租賃而須支付之未來最低租賃 款項總額如下:

		2013	2012
		二零一三年	二零一二年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Future aggregate minimum lease payments	根據租賃土地及樓宇之經營		
under operating leases in respect of	租賃支付之未來最低租賃		
leasehold land and buildings	款項總額		
– within one year	一一年內	12,712	14,079
- in the second to fifth years inclusive	一第二至第五年		
	(包括首尾兩年)	31,059	40,588
		43,771	54,667

Operating lease payments represent rentals payable by the Group for certain of its offices, the Health Care Centre, laboratory and staff quarter. Leases are negotiated for an initial term of 6 years and rentals are fixed over the lease terms.

Capital commitments

As at 30 June 2013, the Group has no capital commitment contracted but not provided for. The Group's capital commitments of the property, plant and equipment contracted but not provided for amounting of approximately HK\$5,267,000 at 30 June 2012.

Other commitments

The Group had other commitments of RMB6,000,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$7,345,000) at 30 June 2013 (2012: RMB7,500,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$9,200,000)) in relation to the obligations and responsibility for the prize and administration cost of the Tan Jia Zhen Life Sciences Prize undertaken by the Shanghai Biopharmaceutical Industry Association (the "SBIA"), the administrator of the Tan Jia Zhen Life Sciences Prize, pursuant to the Tan Jia Zhen Life Sciences Prize Sponsorship agreement.

經營租賃款項指本集團就其若干辦公室、 保健中心、實驗室及員工宿舍須支付之租 金。所磋商之租賃初步年期為六年,租賃 期內之租金固定不變。

資本承擔

於二零一三年六月三十日,本集團概無已 訂約但未撥備之資本承擔。於二零一二 年六月三十日,本集團物業、廠房及設 備之已訂約但未撥備之資本承擔約為 5,267,000港元。

其他承擔

於二零一三年六月三十日,本集團的其 他承擔為人民幣6,000,000元(相當於 約7,345,000港元)(二零一二年:人民 幣 7,500,000 元(相當於約 9,200,000港 元)),該款項涉及上海市生物醫藥行業協 會(「SBIA」,為談家楨生命科學獎之承辦 單位)根據談家楨生命科學獎設獎單位協 議,就談家楨生命科學獎之獎項及行政成 本承擔之負債及責任。

聯合基因科技集團有限公司 -零-=年年報

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

32. RETIREMENT BENEFIT SCHEMES

The Group operates a Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme for all qualifying employees in Hong Kong. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the Group, in funds under the control of trustees. The Group and each employee employed in Hong Kong are required to make a contribution of 5% on the employees' monthly relevant income with a maximum monthly contribution of HK\$1,250 per person (the maximum monthly contribution is HK\$1,000 per person before 1 June 2012).

The PRC employees of the Group are members of a statemanaged retirement benefit scheme operated by the local government. The Group is required to contribute a specific percentage of their payroll costs to the retirement benefit scheme to fund the benefits. The only obligation of the Group with respect to the retirement benefit scheme is to make the specified contributions.

During the year, the Group made total contributions to the retirement benefits schemes of HK\$3,315,000 (2012: HK\$3,347,000). Included in the total contributions made, HK\$43,000 (2012: HK\$56,000) is contribution made for Hong Kong employees.

32. 退休福利計劃

本集團為全體香港合資格僱員設立強制性 公積金計劃。該計劃之資產透過受信託人 控制之基金與本集團之資產分開持有。本 集團及每名香港合資格僱員均須按僱員每 月有關收入之5%供款,每月供款上限為 每人1,250港元(二零一二年六月一日前之 每月供款上限為每人1,000港元)。

本集團中國僱員為地區政府營運之國營退 休福利計劃之成員。本集團須按僱員之薪 金成本的指定百分比比率向該退休福利計 劃供款,作該等福利之資金。本集團於該 退休福利計劃下之唯一責任為作出特定供 款。

年內,本集團就退休福利計劃供款總額為 3,315,000港元(二零一二年:3,347,000 港元)。供款總額包括就香港僱員所作供款 43,000港元(二零一二年:56,000港元)。

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

33. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Apart from the amount due to a shareholder and loan from a non-controlling shareholder of a subsidiary as disclosed in the consolidated statement of financial position and/or notes 23 and 25, the Group has entered into the following related party transactions:

33. 關連人士交易

除综合財務狀況表及/或附註23及25披露 之應付一名股東之款項及來自一間附屬公 司之非控股股東之貸款外,本集團已進行 以下關連人士交易:

		2013 二零一三年 HK\$′000 千港元	2012 二零一二年 HK\$′000 千港元
Management services income received from a holding company <i>(Note)</i>	自一間控股公司收取之 管理服務收入(<i>附註)</i>	_	24
Provision of genetic testing services to the related parties <i>(Note)</i>	提供基因測試服務成本 予關連人士 <i>(附註)</i>	255	3,183
Genetic testing services income received/ receivable from the related parties (Note)	基因測試服務 已收/應收關連人士 收入(<i>附註</i>)	20	465
Service fee expense to the ultimate controlling shareholder (<i>Note</i>)	支付服務費開支予最終控股 股東 <i>(附註)</i>	450	450
Genetic testing data handing expense to a related party <i>(Note)</i>	就提交予一名關連人士的 基因測試數據開支(附註)	410	896
Interest expense paid and payable to a non-controlling shareholder of a subsidiary	已付及應付予附屬公司 非控股股東之利息開支	589	
Tam Jia Zhen Life Sciences Prize Sponsorship paid on behalf of United Gene Holdings Limited ("UGHL") <i>(Note)</i>	代表聯合基因科技有限公司 (「UGHL」)支付談家楨 生命科學獎設獎(<i>附註)</i>	1,855	1,840
Key management compensation: Short-term employee benefits Post-employment benefits	主要管理層之報酬: 短期僱員之福利 離職後福利	1,557 33	1,239 22
		1,590	1,261

Note: The related parties are ultimately beneficial owned by Dr. Mao, who is also the ultimate controlling shareholder of the Company.

附註:本公司之最終控股股東毛博士是關 連人士之最終實益擁有人。

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

33. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

On 22 May 2012, the Company entered into the Tan Jia Zhen Life Sciences Prize Sponsorship agreement (i) UGHL, a connected person of the Company; and (ii) SBIA, pursuant to which UGHL assign the rights and obligations of the Tan Jia Zhen Life Sciences Prize to the Company and the Company is committed to provide an aggregate of the RMB6,000,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$7,345,000) at 30 June 2013 (2012: RMB7,500,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$9,200,000)) for the grant of the Tan Jia Zhen Life Sciences Prize together with the administrative cost for the coming six years and the continuous responsibility for the administration of the Tan Jia Zhen Life Sciences Prize undertaken by the SBIA.

34. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

- On 27 April 2013, the Company entered into a sale and (i) purchase agreement, pursuant to which the Company conditionally agreed to acquire (i) 18.83% issued share capital of the Extrawell Pharmaceutical Holdings Limited (the "Target Company"); (ii) aggregate of HK\$320,650,000 convertible bonds issued by the Target Company; and (iii) an aggregate up to HK\$256,520,000 convertible bonds issued by the Target Company at a total consideration of HK\$864,000,000, which will be settled by (i) cash consideration of HK\$120,000,000; and (ii) issuance of convertible bonds in aggregate principal amounts of HK\$744,000,000. Please refer to the circular dated 27 September 2013 for details. Upon completion, the Target Company will become an associate of the Group. Such transaction has not been completed at the date of issuance of these consolidated financial statements were authorised for issuance.
- Subsequent to 30 June 2013, convertible bonds with aggregate principal amount of HK\$73,200,000 were converted into ordinary shares of the Company.

33. 關連人士交易(續)

於二零一二年五月二十二日,本公司與 (i)本公司關連人士聯合基因科技;及(ii) SBIA訂立談家楨生命科學獎設獎單位協 議,據此,聯合基因科技將談家楨生命科 學獎之權利及責任轉讓予本公司,而本公 司承諾於二零一三年六月三十日就授讓談 家楨生命科學獎,連同未來六年的行政開 支及SBIA就承辦談家楨生命科學獎之持 續責任,合共提供人民幣6,000,000元(相 當於約7,345,000港元)(二零一二年;人 民幣7,500,000元(相當於約9,200,000港 元))。

34. 報告期後事項

- 於二零一三年四月二十七日,本公 (i) 司訂立一項買賣協議,據此,本公 司有條件地同意收購:(i)精優藥業控 股有限公司(「目標公司」)之18.83% 已發行股本;(ii)目標公司發行之 合共320,650,000港元之可換股債 券;及(iii)目標公司發行之總額最多 256,520,000港元之可換股債券, 總代價為864,000,000港元,將以(i) 120,000,000港元之現金代價;及(ii) 發行本金總額744,000,000港元之可 換股債券支付。詳情請參閱日期為 二零一三年九月二十七日的通函。 完成交易後,目標公司將成為本集 團之聯營公司。於此等綜合財務報 表發行日期,該項交易尚未完成。
- (ii) 於二零一三年六月三十日之後,本金總額73,200,000港元之可換股債券已兑換為本公司普通股。

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

35. PARTICULARS OF THE SUBSIDIARIES OF 35. 本公司附屬公司詳情 **THE COMPANY**

Name	Place ofRegistered/Percentage ofincorporationissuedownership interestregistrationpaid-up capitalvoting power profit sharing						Principal activities
名稱	註冊成立/註冊地點	註冊/已發行/繳足股本	擁有棒		╱攤佔利潤之百分)比	主要業務
			20	13	20	12	
			二零一	-三年		-二年	
			Directly	Indirectly	Directly	Indirectly	
			直接	間接	直接	間接	
Lucky Full Holdings Limited	British Virgin Islands	1 ordinary share of US\$1 each	100%	-	100%	-	Investment holding
福滿控股有限公司	英屬維爾京群島	1股每股面值1美元之 普通股					投資控股
Clear Rich International Limited	British Virgin Islands	1 ordinary share of US\$1 each	-	100%	-	100%	Investment holding
Clear Rich International Limited	英屬維爾京群島	1股每股面值1美元之 普通股					投資控股
China United Gene Health Limited	Hong Kong	1 ordinary share of HK\$1 each	-	100%	-	100%	Trading of beauty products and securities investment (2012: provision of genetic testing services)
華夏聯合基因健康產業有限公司	香港	1股每股面值1港元之 普通股					買賣美容產品及證券投資 (二零一二年:提供基因測試 服務)
CNL (Pinghu) <i>(Note a)</i>	PRC	Registered capital of US\$20 million	-	70%	-	70%	Distribution of bio-industrial products
中荷(平湖) <i>(附註a)</i>	中國	註冊資本 20,000,000美元					分銷生物產業產品
Bestdone Limited	British Virgin Islands	1 ordinary share of US\$1 each	-	100%	-	100%	Investment holding
佳登有限公司	英屬維爾京群島	1股每股面值1美元之 普通股					投資控股
Fudan Health (Guang Dong) Ltd.	British Virgin Islands	1 ordinary share of US\$1 each	-	100%	-	100%	Provision of genetic testing services
復旦健康廣東有限公司	英屬維爾京群島	1股每股面值1美元之 普通股					提供基因測試服務

125

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

35. PARTICULARS OF THE SUBSIDIARIES OF 35. 本公司附屬公司詳情(續) THE COMPANY (Continued)

Name 名稱	Place of incorporation registration 註冊成立/註冊地點	ncorporation issued egistration paid-up capital		Percent ownership oting power p 畫權益/投票權/	Principal activities 主要業務		
				13 -三年 Indirectly	201 二零一 Directly	-	
			直接	間接	直接	間接	
Fudan Health International (HK) Limited	Hong Kong	10,000 ordinary share of HK\$1 each	-	100%	-	100%	testing services
復旦健康國際(香港)有限公司	香港	10,000股每股面值 1港元之普通股					提供基因測試服務
Perfect Allied Holdings Limited	British Virgin Islands	1 ordinary share of US\$1 each	-	100%	-	100%	Investment holding
Perfect Allied Holdings Limited	英屬維爾京群島	1股每股面值1美元之 普通股					投資控股
United Gene Health Care Investment Limited	Hong Kong	1 ordinary share of HK\$1 each	-	100%	-	100%	Investment holding
聯合基因醫藥投資有限公司	香港	1股每股面值1港元之 普通股					投資控股
United Gene (Shanghai) (Note b)	PRC	Registered capital of HK\$40 million	-	100%	-	100%	Provision of genetic testing services
聯合基因(上海)(附註b)	中國	註冊資本 40,000,000港元					提供基因測試服務
Longmark (Shanghai) <i>(Note c)</i>	PRC	Registered capital of RMB20 million	-	62.50%	-	80%	Provision of health care management services
龍脈(上海)(附註c)	中國	註冊資本 人民幣20,000,000元					提供健康管理服務

126

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 你会时教報書明註

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

35. PARTICULARS OF THE SUBSIDIARIES OF 35. 本公司附屬公司詳情(續) THE COMPANY (Continued)

Name	Place of incorporation registration	Registered/ issued paid-up capital			o interest profit sharing		Principal activities
名稱	註冊成立/註冊地點	註冊/已發行/繳足股本	擁有権	匷權益/投票權 /	∕攤佔利潤之百分出 □	5	主要業務
			20		2012		
			二零-		二零一二		
			Directly 直接	Indirectly 間接	Directly 直接	Indirectly 間接	
			旦汝		且汉	川江	
East Longmark <i>(Note d)</i>	PRC	Registered capital of HK\$15 million 計四波士	-	100%	-	100%	Provision of health care management services
東龍脈(<i>附註d</i>)	中國	註冊資本 15,000,000港元					提供健康管理服務
上海龍冠門診部有限公司	PRC	Registered capital of	-	62.50%	-	-	Provision of health care
("Longguan") (Note e) 上海龍冠門診部有限公司(「龍冠」)	中國	RMB5 million 註冊資本					management services 提供健康管理服務
工//#11記1)記句(111811) <i>(附註e)</i>	中國	註而真平 人民幣5,000,000元					灰 供 健 尿 目 珪 服 肦
Notes:) (261) 01000100010		l	附註:		
	wholly foreign a	owned enterprise es	atabliabad			油)为汰	二零零八年四月二日在中
		eriod of fifty years.	stabiisheu	(資企業,為期五十年。
(b) United Gene (Sha established in the years.	anghai) is a who 9 PRC on 23 Jur	Ily foreign-owned ended a seried of the seri	enterprise d of thirty	(日在中國)為於二零零九年六月 成立之外商全資企業,為
	hed in the PRC	olly owned domest on 11 November 2				戈立之非	二零一零年十一月十一日 全內資有限責任公司,為
(d) East Longmark established in the thirty years.	is a wholly do PRC on 24 No	omestic limited o vember 2011 for a	company period of	(立之全內	ーー年十一月二十四日在 〕資有限責任公司・為期
		d domestic limited ptember 2012 for a				之非全内	-二年九月二十七日於中 1資有限責任公司,為期

Certain financial information presented in the comparative consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income for the year ended 30 June 2012 and consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2012 has been reclassified to conform with the current year presentation. 截至二零一二年六月三十日止年度之綜合 損益及其他全面收益表,以及於二零一二 年六月三十日之綜合財務狀況表呈報之若 干財務資料,已重新分類,以符合本年度 之呈報。

FINANCIAL SUMMARY



For the year ended 30 June 2013 截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

RESULTS

		For the years ended 30 June 截至六月三十日止年度						
		2013	2012	2011	2010	2009		
		二零一三年	二零一二年	二零一一年	二零一零年	二零零九年		
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000		
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元		
Revenue	收入	10,050	25,475	90,193	483,947	374,442		
(Loss)/profit before tax	除税前(虧損)/							
	溢利	(89,717)	(131,757)	8,856	13,308	746,331		
Income tax credit/(expense)	所得税抵免/							
	(開支)	60	2,060	(3,250)	(2,132)	(1,090)		
(Loss)/profit for the year	本年度(虧損)/							
	溢利	(89,657)	(129,697)	5,606	11,176	745,241		
Attributable to:	歸屬:							
Owners of the Company	本公司擁有人	(72,839)	(123,882)	5,247	11,262	745,205		
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	(16,818)	(5,815)	359	(86)	36		
		(89,657)	(129,697)	5,606	11,176	745,241		

ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

資產及負債

業績

		As at 30 June 於六月三十日				
		2013	2012	2011	2010	2009
		二零一三年	二零一二年	二零一一年	二零一零年	二零零九年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Non-current assets	非流動資產	143,038	69,879	134,305	77,315	41,718
Current assets	流動資產	365,000	286,119	332,946	449,367	98,521
Current liabilities	流動負債	(47,128)	(18,178)	(10,442)	(97,075)	(32,311)
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債	(16,548)	(7,253)	(2,972)	-	
Net assets	資產淨額	444,362	330,567	453,837	429,607	107,928
Attributable to:	歸屬:					
Owners of the Company	本公司擁有人	453,337	319,248	436,524	429,142	107,386
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	(8,975)	11,319	17,313	465	542
Total equity	權益總額	444,362	330,567	453,837	429,607	107,928



United Gene High-Tech Group Limited 聯合基因科技集團有限公司

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability) (於開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司) Stock Code: 399 股份代號: 399