

## GLOSSARY

*The glossary of technical terms contains explanations and definitions of certain terms used in this prospectus in connection with us and our business. The terms and their meaning may not correspond to meanings or usage of these terms as used by others.*

"ALOS of a hospital"	the average length of stay of a hospital, equal to the aggregated hospitalization days of each inpatient visit at such hospital during a specified period divided by total inpatient visits during the corresponding period
"attending doctor"	the second professional rank for doctors (主治醫師) in China; an attending doctor may supervise resident doctors and typically undertake medical treatment, teaching, research and disease prevention work
"associate-chief doctor"	the third professional rank for doctors (副主任醫師) in China; an associate-chief doctor may supervise attending and resident doctors, direct research work of a specific field, and typically handle complex medial cases
"beds in operation"	the fixed sum of beds that are used for clinical service in a medical institution as of a specified date, including regular beds, fold-up beds, care beds, beds that are being sterilized and repaired, out-of-service beds due to expansion or overhaul
"cardiology"	a branch of medicine that deals with diseases and abnormalities of the heart
"cardiovascular disease"	the class of diseases that involves the heart or blood vessels (arteries and veins)
"cardiovascular"	relating to or affecting heart and blood vessels
"CCU"	the cardiac care unit
"chief doctor"	the highest professional rank for doctors (主任醫師) in China; a chief doctor is generally in charge of a specific clinical department
"CT"	computed tomography used for medical imaging
"dermatology"	a branch of medicine that deals with the skin, its structure, functions, and diseases

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“EDL”	a list of essential medicines (國家基本藥物目錄) created by the NHFPC and adjusted periodically, which must meet basic healthcare needs, be in adequate supply, and be available to the public at all times, in appropriate dosage forms, and at prices the public can afford
“endocrinology”	a branch of medicine concerned with the structure, function, and disorders of the endocrine glands
“gastroenterology”	a branch of medicine which deals with disorders of the stomach and intestines
“Grade I Hospital”	the smaller local hospitals designated as Grade I hospitals by the NHFPC hospital classification system, typically having fewer than 100 beds and primarily providing more basic healthcare services limited to the surrounding community
“Grade II Hospital”	the regional hospitals designated as Grade II hospitals by the NHFPC hospital classification system, typically having 100 to 500 beds, providing multiple communities with integrated healthcare services and undertaking certain academic and scientific research missions
“Grade III Hospital”	the largest and best regional hospitals in China designated as Grade III hospitals by the NHFPC hospital classification system, typically having more than 500 beds, providing high-quality professional healthcare services covering a wide geographic area and undertaking higher academic and scientific research initiatives
“gynecology”	a branch of medicine that deals with the diseases and routine physical care of the reproductive system of women
“healthcare service”	the service practice that provides inpatient or outpatient diagnosis, treatment and prevention of human disease, illness, injury or dysfunction through the medical procedures performed by professional practitioners in medicine, optometry, dentistry, nursing, pharmacy, and other fields
“hemodialysis”	the process of diffusing blood across a semipermeable membrane to remove substances that a normal kidney would eliminate, including poisons, pharmaceuticals, urea, uric acid and creatinine
“ICU”	the intensive care unit

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"inpatient visit"	a patient visit during which the patient receives lodging and food as well as treatment
"ISO9001"	International Organization for Standardization related to quality management
"JCI"	the Joint Commission International, an international arm of The Joint Commission. The Joint Commission is an independent, not-for-profit organization which accredits and certifies healthcare organizations and programs
"Medical Insurance Designated Medical Institution"	medical institutions designated by the relevant local medical insurance authority as ones that are permitted to treat patients covered by public medical insurance programs
"MRI"	magnetic resonance imaging, a type of medical imaging technique to visualize detailed internal structure
"neurosurgery"	surgery performed on the nervous system, especially the brain and spinal cord
"occupancy rate of a hospital"	the aggregate number of occupied beds as of 12:00 noon of each day of a hospital divided by the aggregate number of beds in operation as of 12am each day of such hospital. For the purpose of calculating occupancy rate, occupied beds for a day also include (i) beds temporarily occupied and (ii) beds of patients discharged or died before 12am of such day
"obstetrics"	a branch of medicine that deals with the care of women during pregnancy, childbirth, and the recuperative period following delivery
"oncology"	a branch of medicine that deals with tumors, including study of their development, diagnosis, treatment, and prevention
"orthopedics"	medical specialty that focuses on injuries and diseases of the musculoskeletal system, which includes bones, joints, ligaments, tendons, muscles and nerves
"ostomy"	a surgical procedure creating an opening in the body for the discharge of bodily waste
"outpatient visit"	a patient visit during which the patient is not hospitalized overnight but visits a hospital, clinic, or associated facility for diagnosis or treatment

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“patient visit”	collectively, inpatient visits and outpatient visits
“pediatrics”	a branch of medicine that deals with the medical care of infants, children, and adolescents
“primary healthcare clinics”	medical institutions for the local residents in the communities, including community health centers and stations in urban areas, village and township healthcare center in rural areas, and other clinics and infirmaries
“RDL”	a list of medicines (國家基本醫療保險、工傷保險和生育保險藥品目錄) created by the MOHRSS and adjusted periodically, which can be reimbursed by China’s governmental employee insurance program
“resident doctor”	the entry professional rank for doctors (住院醫師) in China; a resident doctor must have a medical degree, and may undertake basic tasks such as patient’s medical record preparation and practice medicine under the supervision of attending doctors or other superiors
“stomatology”	a branch of medicine and dentistry relating to the mouth, and mouth diseases
“thoracic surgery”	surgery performed on the heart, lungs, esophagus, and other organs in the chest
“urology”	a branch of medicine that focuses on the urinary tracts of males and females, and on the reproductive system of males