



TM

中國綠島科技有限公司

CHINA LUDAO TECHNOLOGY COMPANY LIMITED

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

(Stock Code: 2023)



A Better
World
for Everyone

Annual Report 2013

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Corporate Information

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Yu Yuerong (*Chairman*)
Mr. Han Jianhua
Ms. Pan Yili

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Ms. Cho Mei Ting
Mr. Ruan Lianfa
Mr. Wong Chi Wai

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Mr. Wong Chi Wai (*Chairman*)
Ms. Cho Mei Ting
Mr. Ruan Lianfa

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Ms. Cho Mei Ting (*Chairlady*)
Mr. Ruan Lianfa
Mr. Wong Chi Wai
Mr. Yu Yuerong

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Wong Chi Wai (*Chairman*)
Ms. Cho Mei Ting
Mr. Ruan Lianfa
Mr. Yu Yuerong

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. Li Wai See

REGISTERED OFFICE

Clifton House
75 Fort Street
P.O. Box 1350
Grand Cayman KY1-1108
Cayman Islands

PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

Flat B, 17/F, Harvest Building
29–37 Wing Kut Street
Central
Hong Kong

HEADQUARTER AND PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN THE PRC

5 Sanmen Industry Road
Sanmen Industry Zone
Taizhou City
Zhejiang Province
The PRC

COMPLIANCE ADVISER

Essence Corporate Finance (Hong Kong) Limited
39/F, One Exchange Square
Central
Hong Kong

LEGAL ADVISERS ON HONG KONG LAW

Hastings & Co.
5/F, Gloucester Tower
The Landmark
11 Pedder Street
Central
Hong Kong

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR

PricewaterhouseCoopers
Certified Public Accountants
22/F, Prince's Building
Central
Hong Kong

PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Appleby Trust (Cayman) Ltd.
Clifton House
75 Fort Street
P.O. Box 1350
Grand Cayman KY1-1108
Cayman Islands

HONG KONG BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Tricor Investor Services Limited
Level 22, Hopewell Centre
183 Queen's Road East
Hong Kong

PRINCIPAL BANKER

The Bank of East Asia, Limited
10 Des Voeux Road Central
Hong Kong

WEBSITE

www.ludao.cn.com

STOCK CODE

2023

Chairman's Statement

On behalf of the board (the "Board") of directors (the "Directors") of China Ludao Technology Company Limited (the "Company" and together with its subsidiaries, the "Group"), I am pleased to present the first consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2013 following the successful listing of the Company's shares on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") on 11 October 2013 (the "Listing Date").

We are a leading manufacturer of aerosol products in the People's Republic of China ("PRC"). Our Group is principally engaged in the research and development, manufacture and sale of aerosol and related products. We sell our products on contract manufacturing service ("CMS") basis to overseas markets and on original brand manufacturing ("OBM") basis in the PRC market. Our products can be divided into four major categories, namely (i) household and auto care products, (ii) air-fresheners, (iii) personal care products, and (iv) insecticides.

For the year ended 31 December 2013 (the "Reporting Period"), the turnover and net profit of the Group were RMB251.4 million and RMB24.0 million respectively, representing an increase of approximately 9.8% and 0.8% respectively over 2012. Basic earnings per share was RMB7 cents.

We commenced our OBM business by offering products under our own brand names of "Green Island", "Ludao" ("綠島"), "JIERJIA" ("吉爾佳") and "EAGLEIN KING" ("鷹王"), mainly through a network of distributors, who further resell our OBM products to wholesalers, retailers and end-users in the PRC. Benefited from the PRC's development, particularly the urbanization of China, the Group's sales in the PRC has boosted. Besides the increasing distribution network, we also put additional effort in promoting our products in chain stores and supermarket as well as e-commerce platform.

Looking ahead, the Directors are optimistic towards both the domestic market and overseas market. Our goal after listing is to become a leading domestic enterprise in aerosol manufacturing in PRC. In view of the upcoming opportunities, our Group will progressively expand the domestic distribution channel and promote our own brand name products. With the new production line commencing operation in 2014, our Group's production capacities will significantly increase.

On behalf of the Board, I hereby express our sincere gratitude to the outstanding contributions and efforts made by the management and all employees, as well as the strong support from all of our customers, suppliers and shareholders.

Yu Yuerong

Chairman and Executive Director

Hong Kong, 24 March 2014

Management Discussion and Analysis

BUSINESS OVERVIEW

The uncertainties in the global economic and business environment such as the ongoing concerns over Europe's sovereign debt crisis and cut off of funding from China's Central Bank to limit the unregulated "shadow bank", such affect both the global and domestic economy in 2013 as well as the performance of the Group. In such case, our customers adopted a conservative approach during the course of placing orders, which intensified the market competition and affected the bargaining power in pricing as well as the sales volume. In order to prevail in this difficult environment and exploit available opportunities, the Group has continued its stringent control policies in both production and financial management. The Group has placed emphasis on modernizing and scrutinizing production methods to increase efficiency and to maximize productivity, and has continued to expand new product lines and explore sales opportunities in the global market.

Looking back, the Group's ability to tackle adverse operating conditions has been the foundation on which the Group has built its reputation as a trusted manufacturer. Looking forward, the Group will continue its mission of forging long-term relationships with customers by continuing to supply trustworthy products for its customers.

In the forthcoming year, the Group will focus more on the domestic market where demand of aerosol products in PRC will grow as a result of the increase in the disposable income of the people in PRC.

FINANCIAL REVIEW

Turnover

CMS

For the year ended 31 December 2013, the turnover for the Group's CMS business was approximately RMB169.5 million (2012: RMB190.7 million), representing a decrease of approximately 11.1% over 2012.

The slow recovery of the economies in the world and the shortage of labor in the manufacturing market in Mainland China made the aerosol industry a difficult year. During the Reporting Period, the uncertainty in the global economy has continued to depress the consumer spending sentiment. The sluggish consumer demand has inevitably impacted the performance of the Group's CMS business. The Group continues to be committed to maintain its competitiveness in terms of productivity, quality and reliability. Efforts have also placed in enhancing safety precautions and quality control in order to ensure its products are of their optimal quality before they are delivered to the customers. Nevertheless, the Group will continue to manufacture high quality products with competitive prices and maintain long-term relationships with customers by providing trustworthy product.

Management Discussion and Analysis

FINANCIAL REVIEW *(Continued)*

Turnover *(Continued)*

OBM

The turnover for OBM business of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2013 was approximately RMB81.9 million (2012: RMB38.2 million), representing an increase of approximately 114.4% over 2012.

During the year under review, the Group has continued to develop its OBM business by developing innovative products, enriching the product line and promoting the product image and its brand name. This strategy has succeeded in receiving encouraging responses from customers and gaining their loyalty, which in turn has helped improve our market position in the industry.

Cost of sales

Cost of sales of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2013 was approximately RMB188.9 million (2012: RMB173.6 million), representing an increase of approximately 8.8% over 2012. Such increase was in line with the overall increase in the Group's sales of approximately 9.8%.

Gross profit and gross profit margin

For the year ended 31 December 2013, the Group recorded gross profit of approximately RMB62.5 million (2012: RMB55.3 million), representing an increase of approximately 13.0% over 2012. The gross profit margin was approximately 24.9% (2012: 24.2%), representing a slight increase of approximately 0.7% over 2012.

Expenses

Selling and Distribution Expenses

Selling and distribution expenses mainly consist of staff salaries, allowance and bonus, entertainment expenses, travelling and transportation expenses, advertising expenses and exhibition expenses. For the year ended 31 December 2013, selling expenses was approximately RMB11.4 million (2012: RMB10.0 million), representing an increase of approximately 14.0% over 2012. The increase was primarily due to the increase in staff salaries, allowance and bonus as a result of the continuous expansion of our domestic sales.

Management Discussion and Analysis

FINANCIAL REVIEW *(Continued)*

Expenses *(Continued)*

Administrative Expenses

Administrative expenses consist of staff salaries and benefit expenses, depreciation and amortisation, travelling and transportation expenses, office expenses, research and development, tax (exclude income tax), entertainment expenses and listing expenses. For the year ended 31 December 2013, administrative expenses was approximately RMB29.6 million (2012: RMB23.0 million), representing an increase of approximately 28.7% over 2012. The increase was primarily due to (i) the increase in listing expenses, from approximately RMB6.5 million in 2012 to RMB8.9 million in 2013; and (ii) increase in auditor's remuneration of RMB1.8 million.

Finance income – net

For the year ended 31 December 2013, the Group recorded net finance income of approximately RMB230,000 (2012: RMB856,000), representing a decrease of approximately 73.1% over 2012. The decrease in net finance income was due to the net impact of (i) increase in interest expense of approximately RMB314,000; and (ii) decrease in interest income of approximately RMB312,000.

Income tax expenses

The income tax expense of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2013 was RMB5.4 million, representing an increase of RMB0.9 million as compared with RMB4.5 million in 2012. Effective income tax rate for the current period was approximately 18.5%, which was higher as compared with approximately 15.9% over 2012. The higher effective income tax rate was due to the increase in non-deductible listing expenses.

Net Profit

The Group's net profit for the year ended 31 December 2013 was approximately RMB24.0 million (2012: RMB23.8 million), representing approximately 0.8% increase from the preceding year. The net profit margin of the Group decreased slightly from 10.4% in 2012 to 9.6% in 2013. Such decrease was primarily due to the increase in listing expenses of approximately RMB2.4 million and auditor's remuneration of approximately RMB1.8 million for the year ended 2013.

Management Discussion and Analysis

LIQUIDITY AND FINANCIAL RESOURCES

As at 31 December 2013, the total assets of the Group amounted to approximately RMB295.8 million (2012: RMB209.4 million), and net current assets of approximately RMB121.8 million (2012: RMB43.9 million).

The gearing ratio (based on the total debt over the total equity) of the Group has decreased from 72% as at 31 December 2012 to 39% as at 31 December 2013. The decrease in gearing ratio as at 31 December 2013 resulted primarily from the issuance of shares which led to an increase in the Group's total equity during the Reporting Period.

BORROWINGS

Bank borrowings of the Group, which were unsecured and denominated in Renminbi ("RMB"), amounted to RMB10.0 million as at 31 December 2013 (2012: Nil) with full amount expiring before 31 December 2014.

CAPITAL STRUCTURE

From the Listing Date to 31 December 2013, there were no changes in the Company's share capital.

CONTRACTUAL OBLIGATIONS

The Group leases certain of its office premises under non-cancellable operating lease agreements. As at 31 December 2013, the Group's operating lease commitment amounted to approximately RMB2.1 million (2012: RMB0.9 million). As at 31 December 2013, the Group capital commitments amounted to RMB12.9 million (2012: nil).

CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

As at 31 December 2013, the Group did not have any significant contingent liabilities.

EXCHANGE RATE EXPOSURE

During the Reporting Period, the Group mainly operates in the PRC with most transactions settled in RMB. The majority of our assets and liabilities were denominated in RMB. Although the Group may be exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from future commercial transactions and recognized assets and liabilities which are denominated in currencies other than RMB. We currently do not have any foreign exchange contracts because hedging cost is relatively high. Moreover, the conversion of RMB into foreign currencies is subject to the rules and regulations of foreign exchange control promulgated by the PRC government.

Management Discussion and Analysis

EMPLOYEES AND EMOLUMENTS POLICIES

As at 31 December 2013, the Group had employed a total of 341 employees. (2012: 303) The Group remunerates its employees based on their performance, experience and prevailing industry practices.

The emoluments of Directors have been determined with reference to the skills, knowledge, involvement in the Company's affairs and the performance of each Director, and to the profitability of the Company and prevailing market conditions during the year.

SIGNIFICANT INVESTMENT HELD

During the Reporting Period, the Group did not have any significant investments.

USE OF NET PROCEEDS FROM INITIAL PUBLIC OFFERING

The Group has received approximately HK\$59 million total net proceeds, after deducting underwriting fee and other related expenses, from the listing of the Company's shares in October 2013. During the period from the Listing Date to 31 December 2013, the net proceeds has been applied as follows:

	Actual net proceeds HK\$ million	Amount utilized up to 31 December 2013 HK\$ million	Balance unutilized balance as at 31 December 2013 HK\$ million
To increase production capacity by financing the first phase of constructing new production facility	32	9	23
To expand the domestic distribution channel	14	1	13
To promote our own brand names by increasing marketing and advertising efforts	7	–	7
To fund the working capital requirement	6	1	5
Total	59	11	48

The unused net proceeds have been placed as interest bearing deposits with licensed banks in Hong Kong and PRC in accordance with the intention of the Board as disclosed in the prospectus dated 30 September 2013 (the "Prospectus").

Management Discussion and Analysis

FUTURE PLANS FOR MATERIAL INVESTMENTS OR CAPITAL ASSETS

The net proceeds from the Company's Initial Public Offer ("IPO") exercise on the Stock Exchange in October 2013 amounted to approximately HK\$59 million (approximately RMB48 million). The proposed application of the net proceeds was set out in the paragraph headed "Future plan and use of proceeds" containing in the Prospectus.

Going forward, the Group will continue to promote our own brand names under our OBM business and capture the growth potential of aerosol products manufacturing in the PRC. Meanwhile, the Group will continue to explore new business opportunities in other provinces so as to promote a more diversified quality customer base by strengthening our distributors' network. In addition, the Group will strive to further develop our logistics channel to cope with the rising cost of travelling and transportation expenses. Further capital will be invested in enhancing the Group's product development and capabilities.

PROSPECTS

The sovereign debt crisis in Europe, cut off of funding from China's Central Bank to limit the unregulated "shadow bank" and their knock-on effects on both global and domestic economies cause uncertainties in the economic outlook and have adversely affected consumer sentiment. The Group expects the operating environment of the year ahead will be even more challenging. For the coming year, the Group is conservative but optimistic towards its performance. Looking forward, the Group will strive to lay foundation for future business development with profitability and efficiency as prime objectives. Given our growing market recognition, implementation of strategic restructuring plans and high caliber management team, the Group is confident of achieving performance improvements and a profit margin and maximizing returns for its shareholders.

Corporate Governance Report

The Board is pleased to present this corporate governance report (the “Corporate Governance Report”) in the Group’s annual report for the year ended 31 December 2013.

The Company wishes to highlight the importance of its Board in ensuring effective leadership and control of the Company and transparency and accountability of all operations. The Company recognises the importance of good corporate governance to the Company’s healthy growth and has devoted considerable efforts to identifying and formulating corporate governance practices appropriate to the Company’s needs.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

The Company were listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange on 11 October 2013. During the Reporting Period, the Company has complied with the code provisions set out in the Corporate Governance Code (the “CG Code”) as set out in Appendix 14 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the “Listing Rules”). The Company has complied with the CG Code for the year ended 31 December, 2013 except code provision A.2.1.

Pursuant to CG Code provision A.2.1, the roles of chairman and chief executive should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual. As the duties of chairman and chief executive of the Company are performed by Mr. Yu Yuerong (“Mr. Yu”), the Company has deviated from the CG Code. The Board believes that it is necessary to vest the roles of chairman and chief executive in the same person due to its unique role, Mr. Yu’s experience and established market reputation in the industry, and the importance of Mr. Yu in the strategic development of the Company. The dual role arrangement provides strong and consistent market leadership and is critical for efficient business planning and decision making of the Company. As all major decisions are made in consultation with the members of the Board, and there are three independent non-executive Directors on the Board offering independent perspectives, the Board is therefore of the view that there are adequate safeguards in place to ensure sufficient balance of powers within the Board. The Board will also continue to review and monitor the practices of the Company for the purpose of complying with the CG Code and maintaining a high standard of corporate governance practices of the Company.

DIRECTORS SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules (the “Model Code”) as the code of conduct of the Group regarding Director’s securities transactions for the year ended 31 December 2013. Having made specific enquiry with all Directors, all the Directors confirmed that they had complied with the Model Code throughout the period from the Listing Date to 31 December 2013.

CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

CG Code provision A.2.1 stipulates that the roles of chairman and chief executive officer should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual. The Company does not segregate the roles of Chairman and Chief Executive Officer and Mr. Yu currently holds both positions, as explained in the paragraph headed “Corporate Governance Practices” in the Corporate Governance Report.

Corporate Governance Report

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

In compliance with Rule 3.10(1) of the Listing Rules, the Company has appointed three independent non-executive Directors. The independent non-executive Directors of the Company are highly skilled professionals with a broad range of expertise and experience in the fields of accounting, finance, law and business. Their skills, expertise and number in the board ensure that strong independent views and judgement are brought in the Board's deliberations and that such views and judgement carry weight in the board's decision making process. Their presence and participation also enable the board to maintain high standards of compliance in financial and other mandatory reporting requirements, and provide adequate checks and balances to safeguard the interests of shareholders of the Company and the Company.

THE BOARD

The Board provides leadership, guidance and strategic decisions to the Group's activities and oversees its financial performance. Directors are responsible for promoting the success of the Company and making decisions in the best interests of the Company. The Board has delegated its powers to the management with regards to the Group's daily management and operations.

Roles and Responsibilities of Directors

The Board, led by the Chairman, is collectively responsible for formulating and approving the business strategies of the Company, setting objectives for management, overseeing its performance and assessing the effectiveness of management strategies.

The primary objective of the Board is to maximize the profit of the Company and to enhance long-term value of the Company for the shareholders. To this end, the Board assumes the responsibilities for leadership and control of the Company and oversees the businesses, strategic development, financial performance and corporate governance of the Group. All new board members have been given information on the general business background and policy of the Company on joining the board and all the Directors have been provided with regular trainings by external experienced lawyers to update and refresh the applicable legal and other regulatory requirements and enhance the knowledge and skills required from Directors to perform their duties.

The executive Directors are responsible for day-to-day management of the Company's operations and conduct meeting with senior management of the Group at which operational issues and financial performance are evaluated.

Board Composition

From the Listing Date to 31 December 2013, the Board comprise of three independent non-executive Directors in compliance with Rule 3.10(1) of the Listing Rules that every board of directors of a listed issuer must include at least three independent non-executive Directors. In addition, at least one independent non-executive Director, namely, Mr. Wong Chi Wai, possesses appropriate professional accounting qualifications or financial management expertise in accordance with Rule 3.10(2) of the Listing Rules. The Company has appointed three independent non-executive Directors, representing more than one-third of the Board in compliance with Rule 3.10A of the Listing Rules.

Corporate Governance Report

The Board comprise of the following Directors:

Executive Directors

Mr. Yu Yuerong (*Chairman and Chief Executive Officer*)

Mr. Han Jianhua

Ms. Pan Yili

Independent Non-executive Directors

Ms. Cho Mei Ting

Mr. Ruan Lianfa

Mr. Wong Chi Wai

The biographical details and responsibilities of the Directors as well as the senior management are set out in the paragraph headed “Biographies of Directors and Senior Management” on pages 19 to 21 of this annual report.

Save as disclosed in the paragraph headed “Biographies of Directors and Senior Management” to this annual report, the Directors have no other financial, business, family or other material/relevant relationships with one another.

The Directors believe that the composition of the Board reflects the necessary balance of skills and experience appropriate for the requirements of the business development of the Group and for effective leadership, as all the executive Directors possess extensive experience in aerosol industry in PRC, whilst the independent non-executive Directors possess professional knowledge and broad experience in the areas of finance, law and management, respectively. The Directors are of the opinion that the present structure of the Board can ensure the independence and objectivity of the Board and provide a system of checks and balances to safeguard the interests of the shareholders and the Company.

Functions and Duties of the Board

The main functions and duties conferred on and performed by the Board include:

- (i) Overall management of the business and strategic development;
- (ii) Deciding business plans and investment plans;
- (iii) Convening general meetings and reporting to the shareholders of the Company;
- (iv) Exercising other powers, functions and duties conferred by shareholders in general meetings; and
- (v) Determining the policies for corporate governance practices.

Corporate Governance Report

The Board is responsible for performing the corporate governance duties as set out in the CG Code. The management is responsible for the daily management & operation of the Company.

Prior to their respective appointment, each of the Independent non-executive Directors have submitted a written statement to the Stock Exchange confirming their independence and has undertaken to inform the Stock Exchange as soon as practicable if there is any subsequent change of circumstances which may affect their independence. The Company has also received a written confirmation from each independent non-executive Director in respect of their independence. Based on the contents of such confirmation, the Board consider these independent non-executive Directors to be independent under Rules 3.13 of the Listing Rules.

Appointment, Re-election and Removal of Directors

All Directors are appointed for a specific term. All the executive Directors, and independent non-executive Directors of the Company are engaged on a service contract with the Company commencing from 16 September 2013.

The Company has adopted “Directors Nomination Procedures” as written guidelines in providing formal, considered and transparent procedures to the Board for evaluating and selecting candidates for directorships. The procedures and process of appointment, re-election and removal of Directors are laid down in the Company’s Articles of Association (the “Articles”). According to the Articles, all Directors of the Company are subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years and are eligible for re-election at the Company’s annual general meeting (“AGM”). Any new director appointed by the Board to fill a casual vacancy shall submit himself/herself for re-election by shareholders at the first general meeting and any new Director appointed by the Board as an addition to the Board shall submit himself/herself for re-election by shareholders at the next AGM.

In accordance with the Articles, Mr. Yu, Ms. Cho Mei Ting, Mr. Ruan Lianfa and Mr. Wong Chi Wai shall retire and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election at the forthcoming 2014 AGM of the Company. The Board and the nomination committee (the “Nomination Committee”) recommend their re-appointment. The Company’s circular, sent together with this annual report, contains detailed information of the above four Directors as required by the Listing Rules.

Directors’ Training

All Directors confirmed that they had complied with CG Code provision A.6.5 during the period from the Listing Date, all Directors had participated in continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills. This is to ensure that their contribution to the Board remains informed and relevant. The Company has arranged an in-house training on the Listing Rules in the form of a seminar during the Reporting Period conducted by the legal adviser as to Hong Kong Laws and relevant training material has been distributed to the Directors. The training covered topics including the CG Code, listed company regulations and disclosure obligations in Hong Kong, discloseable transactions and connected transactions etc.

Corporate Governance Report

BOARD DIVERSITY POLICY

The Board has adopted a board diversity policy. The Company seeks to achieve board diversity through the consideration of a number of factors in the Board members' selection process, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, ethnicity, professional experience, skills, knowledge and length of service. All Board appointments will be based on meritocracy, and candidates will be considered against objective criteria, having due regard for the benefits of diversity on the Board.

During the Reporting Period, the Company has a solid slate of Directors with diverse perspectives and varied educational background and expertise made-up, from extensive knowledge of the manufacturing and aerosol industry, experience in international trade, finance and corporate management, to professional qualifications in the legal and accounting fields. Each Director had accumulated experience in his/her respective field of expertise for over 10 years, all of whom are anchored by the common trait of having a natural aptitude and singular drive for the industry so as to bring sustainable growth to the Company.

Board Meetings

The Board meets regularly to discuss and formulate the overall strategy as well as the operation and financial performance of the Group. Directors may participate either in person or through electronic means of communications.

Pursuant to CG Code provision A.1.1, the Board should meet regularly and board meetings should be held at least four times a year. As the time of the listing of the Company in the Stock Exchange which was on 11 October 2013 is relatively short, only one board meeting was held up to 31 December 2013. All Directors attended the board meeting. Subsequent to the end of the Reporting Period and up to the date of this report, a Board meeting of the Company was held on 24 March 2014 to approve the Group's financial statement for the year ended 31 December 2013.

BOARD COMMITTEES

The Board has established three Board committees, namely, the audit committee (the "Audit Committee"), the remuneration committee (the "Remuneration Committee") and the Nomination Committee, for overseeing particular aspects of the Company's affairs. All Board committees of the Company have been established with defined written terms of reference which are posted on the Company's website "www.ludaocn.com" and on the Stock Exchange's website "www.hkexnews.hk". All the Board committees should report to the Board on their decisions or recommendations made.

All Board committees are provided with sufficient resources to discharge their duties and, upon reasonable request, are able to seek independent professional advice in appropriate circumstances, at the Company's expenses.

Corporate Governance Report

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Company established the Audit Committee on 16 September 2013 with written terms of reference in compliance with the CG Code as set out in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules. The primary duties of the Audit Committee are, among other things, to make recommendations to the Board on the appointment, re-appointment and removal of the external independent auditor, and any questions of its resignation or dismissal. It is also responsible for reviewing Company's financial information and overseeing of the Company's financial reporting system and internal control procedures.

The Audit Committee comprises of three independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Wong Chi Wai (being the chairman of the Audit Committee), Ms. Cho Mei Ting and Mr. Ruan Lianfa. In compliance with Rule 3.21 of the Listing Rules, the chairman of the Audit Committee possesses the appropriate professional and accounting qualifications.

The terms of reference setting out the Audit Committees authority and duties are available on both websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange.

From the Listing Date to 31 December 2013, the Audit Committee has held one meeting for discussion on issues arising from the audit and financial reporting matters and all the relevant Directors attended the meeting. Subsequent to the end of the Reporting Period and up to the date of this report, a meeting of the Audit Committee was held on 20 March 2014 to review the Group's financial statement for the year ended 31 December 2013 before submission to the Board for approval.

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

The Company established the Remuneration Committee on 16 September 2013 with written terms of reference in compliance with the CG Code as set out in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules. The primary duties of the Remuneration Committee are to make recommendations to the Board on our policy and structure for all Directors' and senior management's remuneration, to make recommendations to the Board on the remuneration package of our Directors and senior management.

The terms of reference setting out the Remuneration Committees authority and duties are available on both websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange.

The Remuneration Committee comprises of four members, being three are independent non-executive Directors, namely, Mr. Wong Chi Wai (being the chairman of the Remuneration Committee), Ms. Cho Mei Ting, Mr. Ruan Lianfa, and one executive Director, Mr. Yu.

Corporate Governance Report

As the Company was listed on the Stock Exchange on 11 October 2013, no Remuneration Committee meeting was held during the Reporting Period. However, subsequent to the end of the Reporting Period and up to the date of this report, a meeting of Remuneration Committee was held on 24 March 2014 to review and make recommendation on the remuneration packages of individual executive Directors and senior management and director's fee of independent non-executive Directors.

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

The Company established the Nomination Committee on 16 September 2013 with written terms of reference in compliance with the CG Code as set out in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules. The primary duties of the Nomination Committee is to make recommendations to the Board on the appointment or re-appointment of Directors and the senior management as well as the succession planning for directors.

The terms of reference setting out the Nomination Committees authority and duties are available on both websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange.

The Nomination Committee comprises of four members, being three are independent non-executive Directors, namely, Ms. Cho Mei Ting (being the chairlady of the Nomination Committee), Mr. Ruan Lianfa, Mr. Wong Chi Wai, and one executive Director, Mr. Yu.

From the Listing Date to 31 December 2013, the Nomination Committee has held one meeting and all the relevant Directors attended the meeting.

One Nomination Committee meeting was held during the Reporting Period. Subsequent to the end of the Reporting Period and up to the date of this report, a meeting of Nomination Committee was held on 24 March 2014 to review the size and composition of the Board.

COMPANY SECRETARY

The Company Secretary, Mr. Li Wai See, is responsible to the Board for ensuring that the Board procedures are followed and the Board activities are efficiently and effectively conducted. He is also responsible for ensuring that the Board is fully abreast of the relevant legislative, regulatory and corporate governance developments relating to the Group.

The Company Secretary reports to the chairman and chief executive officer, plays an essential role in the relationship between the Company and its shareholders, and assists the Board in discharging its obligations to shareholders pursuant to the Listing Rules.

During the year, Mr. Li has attended relevant professional seminars to update his skills and knowledge. He is in compliance of the Listing Rules to take no less than 15 hours of relevant professional training in each financial year.

Corporate Governance Report

EXTERNAL INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

The Company engaged PricewaterhouseCoopers as its external independent auditor for the year ended 31 December 2013. There was no disagreement between the Board and the Audit Committee on the selection, appointment, resignation or dismissal of the external auditors. During the year ended 31 December 2013, the fee payable to PricewaterhouseCoopers in respect of its statutory audit services provided to the Company was RMB1.8 million.

INTERNAL CONTROL

The Board has overall responsibility for maintaining sound and effective internal control to safeguard the Group's assets and shareholders' interests. The Board has conducted regular reviews on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control system during the year, which covers all material controls, including financial, operational and compliance controls as well as risk management functions and an annual review on the adequacy of staffing of the accounting and financial reporting function.

The Company engaged KL CPA Limited to conduct an assessment on the effectiveness of the internal controls of the Group during for the year ended 31 December 2013. Result of the assessment was positive.

COMMUNICATIONS WITH SHAREHOLDERS AND INVESTORS

The management of the Company believes that effective and proper investor relations play a vital role in creating shareholders' value, enhancing the corporate transparency as well as establishing market confidence. As such, the Company has adopted a stringent internal control system to ensure true, accurate, complete and timely disclosure of relevant information pursuant to requirements of relevant laws and regulations in order to ensure all shareholders equal access to information. In addition, since the Listing Date, the Company has proactively taken the following measures to ensure effective shareholders' communication and transparency:

- maintained frequent contacts with shareholders and investors through various channels such as meetings, telephone and emails;
- regularly update the Company's news and developments through the investor relations section of the Company's website;

Through the above measures, the Company endeavours to communicate with the investment community and provide them with the latest development of the Group and the PRC aerosol industry.

Corporate Governance Report

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

To safeguard shareholders' interests and rights, separate resolutions are proposed at shareholders' meetings on each substantial issue, including the election of individual Directors, for shareholders' consideration and voting. The Company's shareholders may convene an extraordinary general meeting or put forward proposals at shareholders' meetings as follows:

- (1) Shareholder(s) holding at the date of deposit of the requisition not less than one-tenth of the paid-up capital of the Company may request the Board to convene an extraordinary general meeting pursuant to Article 64 of the Articles by sending a written requisition to the Board or the company secretary. The objects of the meeting must be stated in the written requisition.
- (2) If a shareholder wishes to propose a person other than a retiring Director for election as a Director of the Company at a general meeting, pursuant to Article 113 of the Articles, the shareholder (other than the person to be proposed) duly qualified to attend and vote at the general meeting shall send a written notice, duly signed by the shareholder, of his/her intention to propose such person for election and also a notice signed by the person to be proposed of his/her willingness to be elected. These notices should be lodged at the Company's head office or the office of the Company's branch share registrar. The period for lodgement of such notices shall commence on the day after the despatch of the notice of such general meeting and end no later than 7 days prior to the date of such general meeting.

For the avoidance of doubt, shareholder(s) must deposit and send the original duly signed written requisition, notice or statement (as the case may be) to the Company's principal place of business in Hong Kong and provide their full name, contact details and identification in order to give effect thereto. Shareholders' information may be disclosed as required by law.

The Company has not made any changes to the Articles since the Listing Date. An up-to-date version of the Articles is available on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange. Shareholders may refer to the Articles for further details of the rights of shareholders.

All resolutions proposed at shareholder meetings will be voted by poll pursuant to the Listing Rules and the poll results will be posted on the websites of the Stock Exchange (www.hkexnews.hk) and the Company (www.ludaocn.com) respectively immediately after the relevant general meetings.

Biographies of Directors and Senior Management

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Yu Yuerong (虞岳榮), aged 46, was appointed as the Chairman and executive Director of the Company on 16 September 2013. Mr. Yu is the founder of our Group and is primarily responsible for the overall strategic planning and corporate policy making for the operational direction of our Group. Mr. Yu obtained a bachelor's degree in Business Administration from Open University of China* (中央廣播電視大學) via distance learning in April 2000, and graduated from a Finance and Commerce Programme for Senior Director* (工商管理高級總裁研修班) conducted by Continuing Education of Zhejiang University* (浙江大學繼續教育學院) in 2008. Mr. Yu has over 20 years of extensive experience in PRC's factory operation and corporate management. Prior to joining our Group, Mr. Yu has worked in the capacity of manager and chairman respectively for Taizhou Yizhou Industrial Company* (台州一洲工業公司) from June 1992 to February 1998 and Zhejiang Huangyan Yizhou Group Limited* (浙江黃岩一洲集團有限公司) from March 1998 to August 2003, both of which are engaged in the production of daily-use chemical products, and Mr. Yu was responsible for managing the overall manufacturing operation of the factories.

Mr. Han Jianhua (韓劍華), aged 54, was appointed as an executive Director of the Company on 16 September 2013. Mr. Han has over 20 years of extensive experience in PRC's factory operation and corporate management. Mr. Han joined our Group in August 2008, he is primarily responsible for formulating the overall business strategies and corporate development of our Group. He obtained a graduate certificate in Economic Management in June 1990 from Correspondence Institute of the Party School* (中央黨校函授學院). Prior to joining the Group, Mr. Han had worked in the capacity of production vice-manager for Huangyan Zhou Cheng Factory* (黃岩軸承廠) from December 1978 to April 1990 and as general manager for Zhejiang Huangli Zhou Cheng Limited* (浙江黃立軸承有限公司) from December 1992 to December 1995. Both companies are engaged in the production of mechanical parts and Mr. Han was responsible for production management. From January 1996 to September 2001, Mr. Han was a general manager and director of another mechanical parts manufacturer.

Ms. Pan Yili (潘伊莉), aged 38, was appointed as an executive Director of the Company on 16 September 2013. Ms. Pan has over 10 years of corporate marketing and management experience. Ms. Pan joined our Group in 2003, she is primarily responsible for formulating the overall business strategies and market development of our Group. She obtained a graduate certificate in Chemical Engineering in June 1993 from Vocational School of Huangyan* (黃岩市職業技術學校). Ms. Pan received a bachelor's degree in Business Administration from Open University of China* (中央廣播電視大學) via distance learning in January 2012. Prior to joining our Group, Ms. Pan has worked in the capacity of strategic planner for Taizhou Yizhou Industrial Company* (台州一洲工業公司) from January 1997 to December 1998 and Zhejiang Huangyan Yizhou Group Limited* (浙江黃岩一洲集團有限公司) from January 1999 to February 2003, both of which are engaged in the production of daily-use chemical products where she was responsible for liaison and finance work respectively.

Biographies of Directors and Senior Management

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Ms. Cho Mei Ting (曹美婷), aged 51, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director of the Company on 16 September 2013. Ms. Cho holds a bachelor's degree in Arts from The University of Hong Kong in November 1986 and a bachelor's degree in laws from Manchester Metropolitan University in September 2000. Ms. Cho further obtained a postgraduate certificate in laws from The University of Hong Kong in June 2001. She is a qualified solicitor and has been practicing law in Hong Kong since 2003. She had worked for several solicitor firms during 2004 to 2010. Ms. Cho is currently the sole proprietor of Messrs. Cho Mei Ting & Co., Solicitors which she founded in 2010.

Mr. Ruan Lianfa (阮連法), aged 60, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director of the Company on 16 September 2013. Mr. Ruan holds a bachelor's degree in Civil Engineering and a master's degree in Engineering both from Zhejiang University* (浙江大學) in February 1980 and April 1996 respectively. Since his graduation in 1980, Mr. Ruan has served as a lecturer and a researcher in Zhejiang University* (浙江大學). Currently, he is head of the Civil Engineering Management Research Institute* (土木工程管理研究所所長) of Zhejiang University* (浙江大學), and the dean of Continuing Education of Zhejiang University* (浙江大學繼續教育學院院長).

Mr. Wong Chi Wai (黃馳維), aged 47, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director of the Company on 16 September 2013. Mr. Wong is a Certified Public Accountant (Practicing) in Hong Kong and an associate member of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales. Mr. Wong has also been admitted as a barrister of the High Court of Hong Kong since 1998. Mr. Wong has over 25 years of experience in the accountancy profession and he is currently the owner of a certified public accountants firm and an advisor of a law firm. Mr. Wong is an independent non-executive director of Bonjour Holdings Limited, Kin Yat Holdings Limited and Arts Optical International Holdings Limited, all of which are companies listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange. Mr. Wong is also an independent non-executive director of South West Eco Development Limited which is listed on the GEM Board of the Stock Exchange.

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. Li Wai See (李偉思), aged 52, is the Company Secretary. Mr. Li holds a bachelor of laws degree from City University of Hong Kong in November 1997. He obtained Master of Laws in Chinese and Comparative Law in November 1999 and Master of Arts in Electronic Business in November 2002, both from City University of Hong Kong. Mr. Li further obtained the degree of Master of Corporate Governance via distance learning in December 2003 from The Open University of Hong Kong. Mr. Li has over 8 years of experience in company secretarial administration and accounting, and is currently a director of Orion CPA Limited, a Certified Public Accountants company. He is an associate member of Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants, Hong Kong Institute of Chartered Secretaries, the Institute of Chartered Secretaries and Administration in United Kingdom, and the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales.

Biographies of Directors and Senior Management

SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Mr. He Haibo (何海波), aged 34, is the Chief Financial Officer. Mr. He joined our Group in 2012 and is primarily responsible for overseeing the financial and accounting operations of our Group and supervising our internal control. He has 3 years of experience in accounting and financial management. Mr. He studied accounting and graduated from Hunan Tertiary School of Finance* (湖南財經高等專科學校) in June 2002. Prior to joining our Group, Mr. He has worked for two private enterprises from 2010 to 2012 in the PRC in the capacity of financial consultant and financial manager, and was responsible for reviewing financial information of such companies.

Mr. Wang Xiaobing (王小兵), aged 39, is the head of our research and development department who joined our Group in 2010. He is primarily responsible for overseeing the research and development centre and monitoring the quality control of our Group. Prior to joining our Group, Mr. Wang had worked for a subsidiary of China Flavors & Fragrances Company Limited (“China Flavors”) (Stock Code: 3318) which is mainly engaged in the provision of flavors and fragrances for various uses including daily chemical products in various capacity including engineer of the daily chemical product center (日化應用中心), technical manager and general supervisor of the department for daily-use fragrance and flavors (日化香精事業部). Mr. Wang studied applied chemistry and graduated from Nanchang Vocational Technology Normal University* (南昌職業技術師範學院) in July 1998.

Mr. Wang Yongfei (王永飛), aged 38, is our Chief Production Officer and joined our Group in 2003. Mr. Wang is primarily responsible for overseeing the production operation of our Group. Mr. Wang has over 20 years of extensive experience in factory production management. Prior to joining our Group, Mr. Wang was a production supervisor of a manufacturer from 1995 to 2001 in the PRC that is engaged in the production of daily-use chemical products, and Mr. Wang was responsible for the management of the manufacturing operation.

Mr. Xu Zhiyong (徐智勇), aged 43, is our General Manager of Marketing. Mr. Xu has over 10 years of experience in sales and marketing. Prior to joining our Group, Mr. Xu has worked in the capacity of assistant manager, sales manager and sales director for various manufacturers from 1998 to 2011 in the PRC that are engaged in the manufacturing of daily-use chemical products, and Mr. Xu was responsible for managing the domestic sales and marketing of such companies. Mr. Xu joined us in August 2011. He is primarily responsible for the formulation and implementation of our Group’s marketing and promotion strategies. Mr. Xu obtained a bachelor’s degree in Mechanic Engineering in July 1992 from Chongqing University* (重慶大學).

Directors' Report

The Directors are pleased to present their report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2013.

GROUP REORGANIZATION

Our Company was incorporated in the Cayman Islands under the Companies Law as an exempted company with limited liability on 25 May 2012. Pursuant to a reorganization scheme to rationalize the structure of the Group in preparation for the listing of the shares on the Stock Exchange, the Company became the holding company of the companies now comprising the Group on 16 September 2013. For details of the group reorganization, please refer to the paragraph headed "Corporate Reorganization" in Appendix V "Statutory and General Information" to the Prospectus.

The shares have been listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange since 11 October 2013.

PRINCIPLE ACTIVITIES

The Company is an investment holding company. The Group is principally engaged in manufacturing of aerosol products in the PRC. Details of principal activities of the principal subsidiaries are set out in note 16 to the consolidated financial statements. There were no significant changes in the nature of the Group's principal activities during the year.

RESULTS AND DIVIDEND

The results of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2013 are set out in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income on page 34.

The Board does not recommend the payment of any final dividend for the year ended 31 December 2013.

FINANCIAL SUMMARY

A summary of the financial information of the Group for the last five financial years is set out on page 88 of this annual report. This summary does not form part of the audited consolidated financial statements.

Directors' Report

CLOSURE OF THE REGISTER OF MEMBERS

The register of members of the Company will be closed from Monday, 5 May 2014 to Thursday, 8 May 2014, both days inclusive, during which period no transfer of shares will be registered. In order to be entitled to attend and vote at the forthcoming AGM to be held on Thursday, 8 May 2014, all transfer documents accompanied by the relevant share certificates must be lodged with the Company's Hong Kong branch share registrar, Tricor Investor Services Limited, at Level 22, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Hong Kong for registration no later than 4:30 p.m. on Friday, 2 May 2014.

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of the movements in the property, plant and equipment of the Group during the year are set out in note 14 to the consolidated financial statements.

LAND USE RIGHTS

The Company had successfully obtained a land use right with total area of 7,038 square meter and amounted to RMB3.0 million through a public auction in Sanmen County on 30 December 2013. We are now in the process of obtaining the land use certification. The land is proposed to be utilized for the new production facilities.

SHARE CAPITAL

Details of movements in the Company and the Group's share capital during the year are set out in note 21 to the consolidated financial statements.

RESERVES

Details of the movement in the reserves of the Group during the year are set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity of this report.

MAJOR SUPPLIERS AND CUSTOMERS

The percentage of sales and purchases attributable to the Group's largest customers and suppliers are as follows:

	2013 %	2012 %
Sales		
– the largest customer	24.1	33.0
– five largest customers combined	58.3	75.5
Purchases		
– the largest supplier	21.9	42.0
– five largest suppliers combined	48.3	65.4

At all-time during the Reporting Period, none of the Directors or any of their associates or any shareholders of the Company who, to the knowledge of the Directors, owns more than 5% of the Company's issued share capital had an interest in any of the five largest suppliers or customers.

Directors' Report

CHARITABLE DONATIONS

Charitable donations made by the Group during the year amounted to HK\$1.0 million.

PURCHASE, REDEMPTION OR SALE OF LISTED SECURITIES OF THE COMPANY

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries has purchased, redeemed or sold any of the Company's listed securities from the Listing Date to 31 December 2013.

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Articles, or the law of Cayman Islands being the jurisdiction in which the Company is incorporated under which would oblige the Company to offer new Shares on a pro-rata basis to existing shareholder.

DIRECTORS

The Directors in office at the date of this report are:

Executive Directors

Mr. Yu Yuerong (*Chairman*)

Mr. Han Jianhua

Ms. Pan Yili

Independent non-executive Directors

Ms. Cho Mei Ting

Mr. Ruan Lianfa

Mr. Wong Chi Wai

Pursuant to Article 108(a) of the Company's Article, at each AGM, one-third of the Directors for the time being shall retire from office by rotation provided that every Director (including those appointed for a specific term) shall be subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years. A retiring Director shall be eligible for re-election.

As such, Mr. Yu, Ms. Cho Mei Ting, Mr. Ruan Lianfa and Mr. Wong Chi Wai will retire from office as Directors at the 2014 AGM and will offer themselves for re-election.

DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

Each of the Executive Directors has entered into a service contract with the Company for a term of three years commencing from the Listing Date and shall continue thereafter unless and until it is terminated by our Company or our Director giving to the other party not less than three months' prior notice in writing.

Each of the independent non-executive Director has entered into a letter of appointment with our Company under which each of them is appointed for a period of three years commencing from the Listing Date.

Save as disclosed above, none of our Directors has or is proposed to have any service agreement with the Company or any of its subsidiaries (other than contracts expiring or determinable by the employer within one year without payment of compensation other than statutory compensation).

Directors' Report

DIRECTORS' INTEREST IN CONTRACTS OF SIGNIFICANCE

No contract of significance in relation to the Group's business to which the Company, any of its subsidiaries or its parent company was a party and in which a Director had a material interest, either directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

DIRECTORS INTEREST IN COMPETING BUSINESS

None of the Directors is or was interested in any business apart from the Group's business, which competes or competed or is or was likely to compete, either directly or indirectly, with the Group's business at any time during the year ended 31 December 2013 and up to and including the date of this annual report.

BIOGRAPHIES OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Brief biographical details of Directors and senior management are set out in the paragraph headed "Biographies of Directors and Senior Management" of this report.

SHARE OPTION SCHEME

Pursuant to the share option scheme ("Share Option Scheme") adopted by the Company on 16 September 2013, the Directors may invite participants to take up options at a price determined by the Board provided that it shall be at least the highest of (i) the closing price of the Shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheet on the offer date of the relevant option, which must be a day on which the Stock Exchange is open for the business of dealing in securities (a "Trading Day"); (ii) an amount equivalent to the average closing price of the Shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheets for the 5 Trading Days immediately preceding the offer date of the relevant option; and (iii) the nominal value of a Share on the offer date.

The total number of Shares which may be issued upon exercise of all options to be granted under the Share Option Scheme and any other Share Option Scheme of the Company shall not in aggregate exceed 40,000,000 Shares, representing 10% of the total number of Shares in issue as at the date of this annual report unless the Company obtains a fresh approval from the Shareholders.

The maximum entitlement for any one participant is that the total number of the Shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of the options granted under the Share Option Scheme to each participant (including both exercised and outstanding Options) in any 12-month period shall not exceed 1% of the total number of Shares in issue unless otherwise approved by the Shareholders at a general meeting of the Company.

Directors' Report

SHARE OPTION SCHEME *(Continued)*

The option may be exercised in accordance with the terms of the Share Option Scheme at any time during the option period which may be determined and notified by the board of Directors to the grantee at the time of making an offer which shall not expire later than 10 years from the offer date.

As at the date of this annual report, no options have been granted or agreed to be granted pursuant to the Share Option Scheme.

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVES' INTEREST AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES

As at 31 December 2013, the interests or short positions of the Directors and chief executives of the Company in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company and its associated corporations, within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO"), which (a) were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Division 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests and short positions which they are taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO); or (b) were required, pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, to be recorded in the register referred to therein; or (c) were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Companies as set out in Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules, were as follows:

(a) Long positions in the Shares:

<u>Name of Director</u>	<u>Capacity/nature of interest</u>	<u>Number of Shares</u>	<u>Approximate percentage of shareholding interests of the Company</u>
Mr. Yu	Interest in a controlled corporation <i>(Note)</i>	270,300,000 Shares	67.575%

Note: Ludao China Investments Holdings Limited ("Ludao Investments") is beneficially owned as to 100% by Mr. Yu. Accordingly, Mr. Yu is deemed to be interested in the Shares held by Ludao Investments under the SFO.

Directors' Report

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVES' INTEREST AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES *(Continued)*

(b) Long position in Ludao Investments, an associated corporation of the Company

<u>Name of Director</u>	<u>Capacity/nature of interest</u>	<u>Approximate percentage of shareholding interests of the Company</u>
Mr. Yu	Beneficial owner	100%

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' AND OTHERS' PERSON INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES

As at 31 December 2013, the following persons (not being a Director or chief executive of the Company), other than those disclosed in the paragraph headed "Directors' and Chief Executives' Interest in Securities", had notified the Company of its interests and/or short positions in the Shares and underlying Shares of the Company which would fall to be disclosed under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO:

<u>Name of Director</u>	<u>Capacity/nature of interest</u>	<u>Number of Shares</u>	<u>Approximate percentage of shareholding interests of the Company</u>
Ludao Investments <i>(Note 1)</i>	Beneficial owner	270,300,000 Shares	67.575%
Neland Development Limited ("Neland") <i>(Note 2)</i>	Beneficial owner	29,700,000 Shares	7.425%
China Flavors <i>(Note 2)</i>	Interest in controlled corporation	29,700,000 Shares	7.425%

Directors' Report

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' AND OTHERS' PERSON INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES (Continued)

Name of Director	Capacity/nature of interest	Number of Shares	Approximate percentage of shareholding interests of the Company
Creative China Limited (Note 2)	Interest in controlled corporation	29,700,000 Shares	7.425%
Mr. Wang Ming Fan (Note 2)	Interest in controlled corporation	29,700,000 Shares	7.425%

Notes:

1. Ludao Investments is beneficially owned as to 100% by Mr. Yu. Accordingly, Mr. Yu is deemed to be interested in the Shares held by Ludao Investments under the SFO.
2. Neland is beneficially owned as to 100% by China Flavors, which is in turn owned as to 51.62% by Creative China Limited. Mr. Wang Ming Fan is interested in 41.19% of the issued capital of Creative China Limited. Accordingly, each of China Flavors, Creative China Limited and Mr. Wang Ming Fan is deemed to be interested in the Shares held by Neland under the SFO.

ARRANGEMENT FOR DIRECTORS TO PURCHASE SHARES OR DEBENTURE

Save as disclosed in paragraph headed "Share Option Schemes" of this report, at no time during the year were rights to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of share in or debentures of the Company granted to any Directors of the Company or their respective spouses or minor children, or were such rights exercised by them, or was the Company, its holding company or any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangements to enable the Directors of the Company to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debt securities (including debentures) of the Company or any other body corporate.

CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS AND CONTINUING CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

Connected transactions

During the Reporting Period, the Group had not entered into any connected transaction which is not exempt under Rule 14A.31 of the Listing Rules.

Directors' Report

CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS AND CONTINUING CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS *(Continued)*

Continuing connected transactions

During the Reporting Period, the Group had the following transaction in the ordinary course of business with a connected person. The transaction constitutes a continuing connected transaction under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules upon Listing.

Yiwu Weiwei Cosmetics Co. Ltd ("Yiwu Weiwei")

On 16 September 2013, Zhejiang Ludao Technology Co., Ltd ("Ludao (PRC)"), an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of our Company, and Yiwu Weiwei, a sole proprietorship owned by Mr. Yu Afu, the father of Mr. Yu, entered into a distribution agreement (the "Yiwu Weiwei Distribution Agreement"), pursuant to which Ludao (PRC) agreed to engage Yiwu Weiwei as the non-exclusive distributor of the products of Ludao (PRC) in Yiwu City of Zhejiang Province, the PRC, from the Listing Date to 31 December 2015.

The major terms of the Yiwu Weiwei Distribution Agreement are similar to the major terms of the other non-exclusive distribution agreements that our Group entered into with independent distributors save for the area of distribution, sales target and rebate rate in respect of each independent distributor vary. The selling price of our Group's products to Yiwu Weiwei shall be the uniform wholesale prices of the products offered by our Group to other distributors within the PRC.

Sales to Yiwu Weiwei

	For the year ended 31 December 2013 <i>RMB'000</i>
Actual Sales	195
Annual cap	880

Directors' Report

CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS AND CONTINUING CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS *(Continued)*

Listing Rules implications

Mr. Yu Afu, who is the father of Mr. Yu, is the sole proprietor of Yiwu Weiwei. Therefore, Yiwu Weiwei is a connected person of our Company and the Yiwu Weiwei Distribution Agreement constitutes a continuing connected transaction under the Listing Rules upon Listing.

As the relevant applicable percentage ratio(s) with respect to the transaction contemplated under the Yiwu Weiwei Distribution Agreement on an annual basis is less than 5% and the expected consideration to be received by us under the Yiwu Weiwei Distribution Agreement on an annual basis is more than HK\$1 million, therefore, the transaction contemplated under the Yiwu Weiwei Distribution Agreement will constitute a continuing connected transaction for our Company exempt from independent shareholders' approval requirement by virtue of Rule 14A.34 of the Listing Rules, but is subject to the reporting, annual review and announcement requirements under the Listing Rules.

The Company's independent auditor was engaged to report on the transaction and has issued a letter to the Board of Directors of the Company set out the confirmation required under Rule 14A.38 of the Listing Rules and a copy of which has been provided by the Company to the Stock Exchange.

Our Directors (including the independent non-executive Directors) confirm that the Distribution agreement has been entered into:

- (i) in the ordinary and usual course of the business of the Group;
- (ii) on normal commercial terms; and
- (iii) in accordance with the relevant agreements on terms that are fair and reasonable and in the interests of the shareholders of the Company as a whole.

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

From information publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors, at least 25% of the Company's total issued share capital was held by the public as at the date of this report.

Directors' Report

INDEPENDENCE OF INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

The Company has received from each of its independent non-executive Directors confirmation of independence, and the Company considers that each of them to be independent and has met the guidelines set out in Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules.

MODEL CODE FOR SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS BY DIRECTORS OF LISTED ISSUERS

The Company has adopted the Model Code as its code of conduct regarding directors' securities transactions. All Directors of the Company have confirmed that, following specific enquiry by the Company, they have complied with the required standard set out in the Model Code throughout the Reporting Period.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Board is of the opinion that the Company had complied with the CG Code throughout the Reporting Period, as set out in Appendix 14 of the Listing Rules, save for the deviation as disclosed in Corporate Governance Report from pages 10 to 18, which provide further information on the Company's corporate governance practices.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Audit Committee comprises three independent non-executive Directors. The Audit Committee has reviewed with the management the accounting principles and practices adopted by the Group for the year ended 31 December 2013.

AUDITOR

The consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2013 have been audited by PricewaterhouseCoopers who will retire and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-appointment at the forthcoming AGM of the Company to seek shareholders' approval on the appointment of PricewaterhouseCoopers as the Company's independent auditors until the conclusion of the next AGM and to authorise the Board to fix their remuneration.

By order of the Board

Yu Yuerong
Chairman

Hong Kong, 24 March 2014

Independent Auditor's Report



羅兵咸永道

To the Shareholders of China Ludao Technology Company Limited

(Incorporated in Cayman Islands with limited liability)

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of China Ludao Technology Company Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (together, the "Group") set out on pages 34 to 87, which comprise the consolidated and company balance sheets as at 31 December 2013, and the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated cash flow statement for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITY

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit and to report our opinion solely to you, as a body, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

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T: +852 2289 8888, F: +852 2810 9888, www.pwchk.com*

Independent Auditor's Report

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

OPINION

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the Group as at 31 December 2013, and of the Group's profit and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards and have been properly prepared in accordance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

PricewaterhouseCoopers
Certified Public Accountants

Hong Kong, 24 March 2014

Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income

	Note	Year ended 31 December	
		2013 RMB'000	2012 RMB'000
Revenue	6	251,382	228,852
Cost of sales	7	(188,860)	(173,574)
Gross profit		62,522	55,278
Other income	6	9,303	5,459
Other gain/(loss) – net	6	(1,528)	(349)
Selling expenses	7	(11,423)	(9,967)
Administrative expenses	7	(29,648)	(22,980)
Operating profit		29,226	27,441
Finance income	10	565	877
Finance costs	10	(335)	(21)
Finance income – net		230	856
Profit before income tax		29,456	28,297
Income tax expense	11	(5,449)	(4,485)
Profit for the year		24,007	23,812
Other comprehensive income			
<i>Items that may be reclassified to profit or loss</i>			
Currency translation differences		(1,032)	79
Total comprehensive income for the year		22,975	23,891
Earnings per share for profit attributable to owners of the Company			
– basic and diluted (RMB per share)	12	0.07	0.08

The notes on pages 39 to 87 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Consolidated and Company Balance Sheets

	Note	Group		Company	
		As at 31 December		As at 31 December	
		2013 RMB'000	2012 RMB'000	2013 RMB'000	2012 RMB'000
ASSETS					
Non-current assets					
Land use rights	13	1,934	1,984	-	-
Property, plant and equipment	14	51,530	45,346	-	-
Intangible assets	15	896	866	-	-
Investment in a subsidiary	16	-	-	13,573	-
Deferred income tax assets	25	243	264	-	-
Prepayment for property, plant and equipment and land use rights		6,032	620	-	-
		60,635	49,080	13,573	-
Current assets					
Inventories	17	30,329	24,590	-	-
Trade and other receivables	18	132,047	77,121	37,473	-
Cash and cash equivalents	19	54,291	36,284	15,277	-
Pledged bank deposits	20	18,498	22,287	-	-
		235,165	160,282	52,750	-
Total assets		295,800	209,362	66,323	-
EQUITY					
Capital and reserves attributable to owners of the Company					
Share capital	21	3,170	-	3,170	-
Share premium	21	52,153	-	67,883	-
Other reserves	22	48,479	34,918	(273)	-
Retained earnings/(accumulated losses)		78,601	58,044	(9,713)	(126)
Total equity		182,403	92,962	61,067	(126)

Consolidated and Company Balance Sheets

	Note	Group		Company	
		As at 31 December		As at 31 December	
		2013	2012	2013	2012
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
LIABILITIES					
Current liabilities					
Trade and other payables	23	101,132	114,963	5,256	126
Current income tax liabilities		2,265	1,437	–	–
Borrowings	24	10,000	–	–	–
		113,397	116,400	5,256	126
Total liabilities		113,397	116,400	5,256	126
Total equity and liabilities		295,800	209,362	66,323	–
Net current assets/(liabilities)		121,768	43,882	47,494	(126)
Total assets less current liabilities		182,403	92,962	61,067	(126)

The notes on pages 39 to 87 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

The consolidated financial statements on pages 34 to 87 were approved by the Board of Directors on 24 March 2014 and were signed on its behalf.

Yu Yue Rong
Director

Han Jian Hua
Director

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

	Share capital <i>RMB'000</i> <i>Note (21)</i>	Share premium <i>RMB'000</i> <i>Note (21)</i>	Other reserves <i>RMB'000</i> <i>Note (22)</i>	Retained earnings <i>RMB'000</i>	Total equity <i>RMB'000</i>
Balance at 1 January 2012	-	-	34,112	37,116	71,228
Comprehensive income					
Profit for the year	-	-	-	23,812	23,812
Currency translation differences	-	-	79	-	79
Total comprehensive income	-	-	79	23,812	23,891
Transaction with owners					
Profit appropriation	-	-	2,884	(2,884)	-
Share issuance costs	-	-	(2,157)	-	(2,157)
Balance at 31 December 2012	-	-	34,918	58,044	92,962
Balance at 1 January 2013	-	-	34,918	58,044	92,962
Comprehensive income					
Profit for the year	-	-	-	24,007	24,007
Currency translation differences	-	-	(1,032)	-	(1,032)
Total comprehensive income	-	-	(1,032)	24,007	22,975
Transaction with owners					
Issuance of share	3,170	60,230	-	-	63,400
Share issuance costs	-	(8,077)	2,157	-	(5,920)
Profit appropriation	-	-	3,450	(3,450)	-
Wavier of advance from controlling shareholder	-	-	8,986	-	8,986
Balance at 31 December 2013	3,170	52,153	48,479	78,601	182,403

The notes on pages 39 to 87 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Consolidated Cash Flow Statement

	Note	Year ended 31 December	
		2013 RMB'000	2012 RMB'000
Cash flows from operating activities			
Cash (used in)/generated from operations	28(a)	(25,830)	8,452
Interest paid		(335)	(21)
Income tax paid		(4,600)	(5,483)
Net cash (used in)/generated from operating activities		(30,765)	2,948
Cash flows from investing activities			
Purchase of property, plant and equipment		(8,883)	(4,701)
Prepayment for property, plant and equipment		(5,411)	(470)
Purchase of intangible assets		(193)	(604)
Decrease of pledged bank deposits		3,789	9,102
Interest received		565	877
Net cash (used in)/generated from investing activities		(10,133)	4,204
Cash flows from financing activities			
Issue of shares		63,400	–
Share issuance costs		(8,077)	–
Proceeds from bank borrowings		13,000	6,000
Repayments of bank borrowings		(3,000)	(6,000)
Advances from related parties		–	30,543
Proceeds from notes payable		120,289	127,200
Repayments of notes payable		(126,383)	(132,879)
Net cash generated from financing activities		59,229	24,864
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents			
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year	19	36,284	4,268
Currency translation differences		(324)	–
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year	19	54,291	36,284

The notes on pages 39 to 87 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

1 GENERAL INFORMATION

China Ludao Technology Company Limited (the “Company”) was incorporated in the Cayman Islands on 25 May 2012 as an exempted company with limited liability. The address of the Company’s registered office is Clifton House, 75 Fort Street, PO Box 1350, Grand Cayman, KY1-1180, Cayman Islands.

The Company is an investment holding company and its subsidiaries are principally engaged in the manufacturing and sale of air fresheners, aerosol insecticides, household cleaners and auto care products in the People’s Republic of China (the “PRC”). The ultimate holding company of the Company is Ludao China Investments Limited (“Ludao Investments”) which is wholly owned by Mr. Yu Yuerong (“Controlling Shareholder”). The ultimate controlling party of the Group is Mr. Yu Yuerong who has 67.6% interest in the Company.

Pursuant to a group reorganisation (the “Reorganisation”) in preparation for the listing of shares of the Company, the Company acquired the entire issued share capital of Ludao Investments Holdings Limited (“Ludao BVI”), through a share exchange with Ludao Investments, the owner of Ludao BVI and the holding company of the Company, and Neland Development Limited (“Neland”). Upon completion of the Reorganisation, the Company became the holding company of the subsidiaries now comprising the Group and Ludao BVI acts as the intermediate holding company of Zhejiang Ludao Technology Co., Ltd. (“Ludao PRC”), an operating subsidiary of the Group.

On 11 October 2013, shares of the Company were listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited.

These consolidated financial statements are presented in Renminbi (“RMB”), unless otherwise stated. These consolidated financial statements have been approved for issue by the Board of Directors on 24 March 2014.

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

2.1 Basis of preparation

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards (“HKFRS”). The consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(Continued)*

2.1 Basis of preparation *(Continued)*

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with HKFRS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgment in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgment or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements are disclosed in Note 4.

2.1.1 *Change in accounting policy and disclosure*

- (a) "Consolidated income statement" and "Consolidated statement of comprehensive income" were presented separately in the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2012. In preparing the consolidated financial statements for the year, for simplicity and conciseness, the Company elected to present one "Consolidated statement of comprehensive income" and accordingly, combined "Consolidated income statement" with "Consolidated statement of comprehensive income". The change does not have impact on the results, financial position and cash flows of the Company and the Group for the current and previous years.
- (b) *New and amended standards that have been issued and are effective for periods commencing on 1 January 2013 and are relevant to the Group*

Amendment to HKAS 1, 'Financial statement presentation' regarding other comprehensive income. The main change to the Group resulting from these amendments is a requirement for entities to group items presented in 'other comprehensive income' on the basis of whether they are potentially reclassifiable to profit or loss subsequently (reclassification adjustments). The adoption of this amended standard does not have significant impact to the Group.

Amendment to HKFRS 7, 'Financial instruments: Disclosures', on asset and liability offsetting. The amendments require new disclosure requirements which focus on quantitative information about recognised financial instruments that are offset in the statement of financial position, as well as those recognised financial instruments that are subject to master netting or similar arrangements irrespective of whether they are offset. The adoption of this amended standard does not have significant impact to the Group.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(Continued)*

2.1 Basis of preparation *(Continued)*

2.1.1 Change in accounting policy and disclosure *(Continued)*

- (b) *New and amended standards that have been issued and are effective for periods commencing on 1 January 2013 and are relevant to the Group (Continued)*

HKFRS 10, 'Consolidated financial statements' builds on existing principles by identifying the concept of control as the determining factor in whether an entity should be included within the consolidated financial statements of the parent company. The adoption of this newly effective standard does not have significant impact to the Group.

HKFRS 12, 'Disclosures of interests in other entities' includes the disclosure requirements for all forms of interests in other entities, including joint arrangements, associates, structured entities and other off balance sheet vehicles. The adoption of this newly effective standard does not have significant impact to the Group.

- (c) *New and amended standards have been issued but are not yet effective for the financial year and have not been early adopted by the Group*

		Effective for accounting periods beginning on or after
HKAS 32 (amendments)	Financial Instruments: Presentation – Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities	1 January 2014
HKAS 36 (amendments)	Recoverable amount disclosures for non-financial assets	1 January 2014
HKAS 39 (amendments)	Novation of derivatives	1 January 2014
HKFRS 9 and HKFRS 7 (amendments)	Mandatory effective date of HKFRS 9 and transition disclosures	1 January 2015
HKFRS 10, HKFRS 12 and HKAS 27 (amendments)	Investment entities	1 January 2014
HKFRS 9	Financial instruments	1 January 2015
HK (IFRIC) Interpretation 21	Levies	1 January 2014

The Group did not early adopt any of these new or revised standards, amendments and interpretation to existing standards. Management is currently assessing the financial impact of these revisions to the Group's financial position and performance.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(Continued)*

2.2 Consolidation

2.2.1 *Merger accounting for Reorganisation*

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the combining entities or businesses in which the common control combination occurs as if they had been combined from the date when the combining entities or businesses first came under the common control of the controlling party.

The net assets of the combining entities or businesses are combined using the existing book values from the controlling parties' perspective. No amount is recognised in consideration for goodwill or excess of acquirers' interest in the net fair value of acquiree's identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities over cost at the time of common control combination, to the extent of the continuation of the controlling party's interest.

The consolidated statement of comprehensive income includes the results of each of the combining entities or businesses from the earliest date presented or since the date when the combining entities or businesses first came under the common control, whichever is shorter, regardless of the date of the common control combination.

The comparative amounts in the consolidated financial statements are presented as if the entities or businesses had been combined at the previous balance sheet date or when they first came under common control, whichever is shorter.

A uniform set of accounting policies is adopted by those entities. All intra-group transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between combining entities or businesses are eliminated on consolidation.

2.2.2 *Subsidiaries*

A subsidiary is an entity (including a structured entity) over which the Group has control. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are deconsolidated from the date that control ceases.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(Continued)*

2.2 Consolidation *(Continued)*

2.2.2 Subsidiaries *(Continued)*

Except for the Reorganisation, the Group applies the acquisition method to account for non-common control business combinations. The consideration transferred for the acquisition of a subsidiary is the fair values of the assets transferred, the liabilities incurred and the equity interests issued by the Group. The consideration transferred includes the fair value of any asset or liability resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement. Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date. On an acquisition-by-acquisition basis, the Group recognises any non-controlling interest in the acquiree either at fair value or at the non-controlling interest's proportionate share of the acquiree's net assets.

Acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred.

Intra-company transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between group companies are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated. When necessary, amounts reported by subsidiaries have been adjusted to conform with the Group's accounting policies.

2.2.3 Separate financial statements

Investments in subsidiaries are accounted for at cost less impairment. Cost includes direct attributable costs of investment. The results of subsidiaries are accounted for by the company on the basis of dividend received and receivable.

Impairment testing of the investments in subsidiaries is required upon receiving a dividend from these investments if the dividend exceeds the total comprehensive income of the subsidiary in the period the dividend is declared or if the carrying amount of the investment in the separate financial statements exceeds the carrying amount in the consolidated financial statements of the investee's net assets including goodwill.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(Continued)*

2.3 Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker. The chief operating decision-maker, who is responsible for allocating resources, assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the executive directors that makes strategic decisions.

2.4 Foreign currency translation

(a) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The Company's functional currency is Hong Kong Dollars ("HK\$"). The consolidated financial statement is presented in RMB which is the Group's presentation currency, as the Group's business is mainly carried out in the PRC and transacted in RMB.

(b) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions or valuation where items are re-measured. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

Foreign exchange gains and losses that relate to borrowings and cash and cash equivalents are presented in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income within "finance income" or "finance costs". All other foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income within "other gain/(loss)".

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(Continued)*

2.4 Foreign currency translation *(Continued)*

(c) Group companies

The results and financial position of all the Group entities (none of which has the currency of a hyperinflationary economy) that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

- (i) assets and liabilities for each balance sheet presented are translated at the closing rate at the date of that balance sheet;
- (ii) income and expenses for each income statement are translated at average exchange rates (unless this average is not a reasonable approximation of the cumulative effect of the rates prevailing on the transaction dates, in which case income and expenses are translated at the rate on the dates of the transaction); and
- (iii) all resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income.

On consolidation, exchange differences arising from the translation of the net investment in foreign entities are taken to shareholders' equity. When a foreign operation is sold, such exchange differences are recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income as part of the gain or loss on sale.

2.5 Land use rights

Land use rights are up-front payments to acquire long-term interests in the usage of land. They are stated at cost and charged to the consolidated statement of comprehensive income over the remaining period of the lease on a straight-line basis, net of any impairment losses.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(Continued)*

2.6 Property, plant and equipment

All property, plant and equipment are stated at historical cost less depreciation. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Construction in progress is property, plant and equipment on which construction work has not been completed and stated at cost. Cost includes acquisition and construction expenditure incurred, interest and other direct costs attributable to the development. Depreciation is not provided on construction in progress until the related asset is completed for intended use.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. All other repairs and maintenance are expensed in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income during the financial period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation of property, plant and equipment is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate their cost to their residual values over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Buildings	35 years
Plant and machinery	10-15 years
Office furniture and equipment	3-5 years
Motor vehicles	5 years

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

Gains and losses on disposal are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised within 'Other gain/(loss)' in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(Continued)*

2.7 Intangible assets

Intangible assets represent the computer software and patents. Costs associated with maintaining computer software programmes are recognised as an expense as incurred. Amortisation is calculated using the straight-line basis to allocate the cost of the computer software and patents over their estimated useful lives of 10 years and 5 years respectively.

2.8 Research and development expenditure

Research expenditures is recognised as an expense as incurred. Costs incurred on development projects (relating to the design and testing of new and improved products) are recognised as intangible assets when the following criteria are met:

- it is technically feasible to complete the intangible asset so that it will be available for use;
- management intends to complete the intangible asset and use or sell it;
- there is an ability to use or sell the intangible asset;
- it can be demonstrated how the intangible asset will generate probable future economic benefits;
- adequate technical, financial and other resources to complete the development and to use or sell the intangible asset are available; and
- the expenditure attributable to the intangible asset during its development can be reliably measured.

Other development expenditures that do not meet these criteria are recognised as an expense as incurred. Development cost previously recognised as an expense is not recognised as an asset in a subsequent period. Capitalised development costs are recorded as intangible assets and amortised from the point at which the asset is ready for use on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(Continued)*

2.9 Impairment of non-financial assets

Assets that are subject to amortisation are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (cash-generating units). Non-financial assets other than goodwill that suffered impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at each reporting date.

2.10 Financial assets

The Group classifies its financial assets as loans and receivables. The classification depends on the purpose for which the financial assets were acquired. Management determines the classification of its financial assets at initial recognition.

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. They are included in current assets, except for those that are not expected to be realised within the normal operating cycle of the business. These are classified as non-current assets. Loans and receivables comprise trade and other receivables, pledged bank deposits and cash and cash equivalents.

Regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on the trade-date – the date on which the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset. Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the investments have expired or have been transferred and the Group has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership. Loans and receivables are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

2.11 Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined using the weighted average method. The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises raw materials, direct labour, other direct costs and related production overheads based on normal operating capacity. It excluded borrowing costs. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less applicable variable selling expenses.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(Continued)*

2.12 Share Capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity.

Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

2.13 Trade and other receivables

Trade receivables are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold in the ordinary course of business. If collection of trade and other receivables is expected in one year or less (or in the normal operating cycle if longer), they are classified as current assets. If not, they are presented as non-current assets.

Trade and other receivables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment.

2.14 Cash and cash equivalents

In the consolidated cash flow statements, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks and other short-term highly liquid investment with original maturities of three months or less.

2.15 Trade payables

Trade payables are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Trade payables are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less (or in the normal operating cycle of the business if longer). If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade payables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

2.16 Borrowings

Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost; any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognised in the income statement over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(Continued)*

2.16 Borrowings *(Continued)*

Fees paid on the establishment of loan facilities are recognised as transaction costs of the loan to the extent that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down. In this case, the fee is deferred until the draw-down occurs. To the extent there is no evidence that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down, the fee is capitalised as a pre-payment for liquidity services and amortised over the period of the facility to which it relates.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the end of the reporting period.

2.17 Government grants

Grants from the government are recognised at their fair value where there is a reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and the Group will comply with all attached conditions.

Government grants relating to costs are deferred and recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income over the period necessary to match them with the costs that they are intended to compensate.

Government grants relating to property, plant and equipment are included in non-current liabilities as deferred government grants and are credited to the consolidated statement of comprehensive income on a straight-line basis over the expected lives of the related assets.

2.18 Current and deferred income tax

The tax expense for the period comprised current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

(a) Current income tax

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantially enacted at the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company and its subsidiaries operate and generate taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation. It establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(Continued)*

2.18 Current and deferred income tax *(Continued)*

(b) Deferred income tax

Inside basis differences

Deferred income tax is recognised using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. However, the deferred income tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit/loss. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

Outside basis differences

Deferred income tax is provided on temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries, except where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference is controlled by the Group and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

(c) Offsetting

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the deferred income tax assets and liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the taxable entity or different taxable entities where there is an intention to settle the balances on a net basis.

2.19 Pension obligations

The Group contributes on a monthly basis to various defined contribution plans organised by the relevant governmental authorities. The Group has no legal or constructive obligations to pay further contributions if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior years. The contributions are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(Continued)*

2.20 Revenue recognition

Revenue comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods in the ordinary course of the Group's activities. Revenue is shown net of value-added tax, returns, rebates and discounts and after eliminating sales within the Group.

The Group recognises revenue when the amount of revenue can be reliably measured, it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity and when specific criteria have been met for each of the Group's activities as described below. The amount of revenue is not considered to be reliably measurable until all contingencies relating to sale have been resolved. The Group bases its estimates on historical results, taking into consideration the type of customer, the type of transaction and the specifics of each arrangement. Revenue is recognised as follows:

(a) Sales of goods

Sales of goods are recognised when a Group entity has delivered products to the customers, the customer has accepted the products and collectability of the related receivables is reasonably assured.

(b) Interest income

Interest income is recognised on a time-proportion basis using the effective interest method.

2.21 Leases (as the lessee for operating leases)

Leases in which a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases (net of any incentives received from the lessor) are expensed in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

3.1 Financial risk factors

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including foreign exchange risk, fair value interest rate risk, cash flow interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance.

(a) Foreign exchange risk

The Group mainly operates in the PRC with most of the transactions settled in RMB. The majority of the Group's assets and liabilities were denominated in RMB. The Group is subject to foreign exchange risk arising from future commercial transactions and recognised assets and liabilities which are denominated in currencies other than RMB. The Group currently does not have any foreign exchange contracts because hedging cost is relatively high. Moreover, the conversion of RMB into foreign currencies is subject to the rules and regulations of foreign exchange control promulgated by the PRC government.

The carrying amount of the Group's foreign currency denominated monetary assets and monetary liabilities at the respective balance sheet dates are as follows:

	As at 31 December	
	2013 RMB'000	2012 RMB'000
Assets		
HKD	41,272	166
USD	54,807	36,711
EUR	-	58
Total	96,079	36,935
Liabilities		
HKD	481	15,830
USD	6,102	36
Total	6,583	15,866

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT *(Continued)*

3.1 Financial risk factors *(Continued)*

(a) Foreign exchange risk (Continued)

The following table shows the sensitivity analysis on profit before tax of a 5% increase in RMB against USD and HKD. The sensitivity analysis includes only foreign currency denominated monetary items and adjusts their translation at the year-end for the respective changes in rate.

	Year ended 31 December	
	2013 <i>RMB'000</i>	2012 <i>RMB'000</i>
5% appreciation in exchange rate against USD Decrease in the profit for the year	(2,070)	(1,836)
5% appreciation in exchange rate against HKD (Decrease)/increase in the profit for the year	(1,077)	783

(b) Price risk

The Group is not exposed to equity securities price risk or commodity price risk. Also, the Group has not entered into any long term contracts with the suppliers. Fluctuations in the price of raw materials are usually passed on to customers.

(c) Credit risk

The Group is exposed to credit risk in relation to its cash and cash equivalents, pledged bank deposits and trade and other receivables.

For cash and cash equivalents and pledged bank deposits, the management manages the credit risk by placing all the bank deposits in state-owned financial institutions or reputable banks which are all high-credit-quality financial institutions.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT *(Continued)*

3.1 Financial risk factors *(Continued)*

(c) Credit risk (Continued)

To manage the credit risk in respect of trade and other receivables, the Group performs ongoing credit evaluations of its debtors' financial condition and does not require collateral from the debtors on the outstanding balances. Based on the expected recoverability and timing for collection of the outstanding balances, the Group maintains a provision for doubtful accounts and actual losses incurred have been within management's expectations.

As at 31 December 2013, the Group had certain concentration of credit risk as approximately 64% (2012: 68%) of the total trade receivable which were due from the Group's five largest customers.

(d) Liquidity risk

The Group has adequate cash and cash equivalents to finance its operating activities. Due to the dynamic nature of the underlying businesses, the Group's finance department maintains flexibility in funding by maintaining adequate amount of cash and cash equivalents and through having available sources of financing.

The table below analyses the Group's non-derivative financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the end of each reporting period to the contractual maturity date. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows. Balances due within 12 months equal their carrying balances, as the impact of discounting is not significant.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

(d) Liquidity risk (Continued)

	Less than 3 months RMB'000	Between 3 months and 1 year RMB'000
<hr/>		
As at 31 December 2013		
Trade and other payables (excluding other taxes payable, payroll payable, advances from customers and etc.) (Note 23)	46,927	37,955
Borrowings (Note 24)	–	10,000
	<hr/>	<hr/>
	46,927	47,955
<hr/>		
As at 31 December 2012		
Trade and other payables (excluding other taxes payable, payroll payable, advances from customers and etc.) (Note 23)	46,054	57,498
	<hr/>	<hr/>

(e) Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk

The Group's exposures to changes in interest rates are mainly attributable to its bank deposits and bank borrowings at variable interest rates. Bank deposits at variable rates expose the Group to cash flow interest-rate risk. Borrowings issued at variable rates expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk which is partially offset by cash held at variable rates.

The Group does not hedge its fair value interest rate risk as management believes that the fair value interest rate risk does not have material impact to the Group as the discounting impact as a result of a shift of the fixed interest rate on the borrowings is not material.

As at 31 December 2013 and 2012, expected change in interest rates has no material impact on the interest income of pledged bank deposits and cash and cash equivalents and interest expense of bank borrowings.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT *(Continued)*

3.2 Capital risk management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt.

Consistent with others in the industry, the Group monitors capital on the basis of the gearing ratio. This ratio is calculated as total borrowings divided by total equity.

The gearing were as follows:

	As at 31 December	
	2013 RMB'000	2012 RMB'000
Borrowings	10,000	–
Notes payable	60,879	66,973
	70,879	66,973
Total equity	182,403	92,962
Gearing ratio	39%	72%

The decrease in gearing ratio as at 31 December 2013 resulted primarily from the issuance of shares which lead to increase of the total equity during the year.

3.3 Fair value estimation

The carrying amounts of the Group's financial assets and liabilities including cash and cash equivalents, trade and other receivables, trade and other payables approximate to their fair values as the impact of discounting is not significant.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

4 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGMENTS

The Group makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below.

(a) Useful lives of property, plant and equipment

The Group's management determines the estimated useful lives of its property, plant and equipment and consequently the related depreciation charges. This estimate is based on the historical experience of the actual useful lives of property, plant and equipment of similar nature and functions. It could change significantly as a result of technical innovations and competitor actions in response to severe industry cycles. Management will increase the depreciation charge where useful lives are less than previously estimated lives, or it will write off or write down technically obsolete or non-strategic assets that have been abandoned or sold.

(b) Impairment of receivables

The Group makes provision for impairment of receivables based on an assessment of the recoverability of trade and other receivables with reference to the extent and duration that the amount will be recovered. Provisions are applied to trade and other receivables where events or changes in circumstances indicate that the balances may not be collectible. The identification of doubtful debts requires the use of judgment and estimates. Where the expectation is different from the original estimate, such difference will impact the carrying value of trade and other receivables and doubtful debt expenses in the period in which such estimate has been changed.

(c) Provision for inventories

In determining the amount of allowance required for obsolete and slow-moving inventories, the Group would evaluate ageing analysis of inventories and compare the carrying value of inventories to their respective net realisable value. A considerable amount of judgment is required in determining such allowances. If conditions which have impact on the net realisable value of inventories deteriorate, additional allowances may be required.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

4 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGMENTS *(Continued)*

(d) Income taxes and deferred taxation

Significant judgment is required in determining the provision for income tax. There are many transactions and calculations for which the ultimate determination is uncertain during the ordinary course of business. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will impact the current and deferred income tax assets and liabilities in the period in which such determination is made.

Deferred tax assets relating to certain temporary differences and tax losses are recognised when management considers to be probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences or tax losses can be recognised. The outcome of their actual recognition may be different.

5 SEGMENT INFORMATION

Management reviews the Group's internal reporting in order to assess performance and allocate resources. Management has determined the operating segments based on the internal reports reviewed by the executive directors of the companies comprising the Group that are used to make strategic decisions. The Group is principally engaged in the manufacture and sale of aerosol and relative products which is considered by management as one single business segment.

Geographical information

The following tables present information on revenue and certain assets of the Group by geographical segment.

Revenue from customers

	2013 <i>RMB'000</i>	2012 <i>RMB'000</i>
United States of America	98,053	150,154
Mainland China	81,949	38,212
Europe	19,439	18,701
Others	51,941	21,785
	251,382	228,852

The revenue information above is based on delivery location of the customers.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

5 SEGMENT INFORMATION *(Continued)*

Geographical information *(Continued)*

Non-current assets

Non-current assets for this purpose consist of land use rights, property, plant and equipment and intangible assets which are all located in the PRC as at 31 December 2013 and 2012.

Information about major customers

Revenue from major customers, each of them accounted for 5% or more of the Group's revenue, are set out below:

	2013 <i>RMB'000</i>	2012 <i>RMB'000</i>
Fayeshine D and M Co., Ltd.	60,686	75,493
Ningbo Rejoice Import and Export Co., Ltd.	37,351	11,320
Yiwu Weijia Cosmetics Co. Ltd	22,267	–
Empresas Demaria S.A.	18,079	373
Yiwu Weiwei Cosmetics Co. Ltd	195	15,221
Ningbo Hiking Import and Export Co., Ltd.	–	61,615
	138,578	164,022

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

6 REVENUE, OTHER INCOME AND OTHER GAIN/(LOSS)

The Group is principally engaged in the sale of products. Revenue, other income and other gain/(loss) recognised are as follows:

	2013 <i>RMB'000</i>	2012 <i>RMB'000</i>
Revenue		
Sales of goods	251,382	228,852
Other income		
Government grants (a)	8,155	3,195
Sales of scrap materials	1,148	2,264
	9,303	5,459
Other gain/(loss)-net		
Net foreign exchange loss	(1,730)	(398)
Others	202	49
	(1,528)	(349)
	7,775	5,110

- (a) The amount mainly represents government grants received by Ludao PRC for subsidising its research and development expenditures, and as an incentive for the Company to attempt an initial public offering and listing of its shares on Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

7 EXPENSES BY NATURE

Expenses included in cost of sales, selling expenses and administrative expenses are analysed as follows:

	2013 <i>RMB'000</i>	2012 <i>RMB'000</i>
Depreciation and amortisation (<i>Note 13, 14, 15</i>)	3,720	2,975
Employee benefit expenses, excluding amount included in research and development costs (<i>Note 8</i>)	15,070	12,012
Raw materials used	181,491	163,134
Changes in inventories of finished goods and work in progress	(5,012)	71
Reversal of provision for write-down of inventories – net (<i>Note 17</i>)	(201)	(176)
Reversal of provision for impairment of trade and other receivables (<i>Note 18</i>)	(90)	–
Water and electricity expenditures	2,916	2,334
Transportation and travelling expenses	6,450	6,481
Telecommunication expenses	426	330
Exhibition expenses	100	366
Advertising cost	764	142
Other tax expenses	1,654	1,840
Research and development costs		
– Employee benefit expenses (<i>Note 8</i>)	4,403	2,585
– Materials and others	3,645	5,863
Auditor's remuneration	1,800	28
Entertainment expenses	470	203
Office expenses	137	291
Listing expenses	8,910	6,471
Operating lease expenses	412	209
Bank charges	147	118
Donations	786	–
Professional fees	307	–
Other expenses	1,626	1,244
Total	229,931	206,521

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

8 EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSES (INCLUDING DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS)

	2013 RMB'000	2012 RMB'000
Wages, allowance and bonus	17,047	12,562
Retirement scheme contribution	1,034	486
Others	1,392	1,549
	19,473	14,597

Ludao PRC makes defined contribution to a retirement scheme managed by local government in the PRC based on 22% of the basic salary of eligible staff during the year ended 31 December 2013 (2012: 22%). It is the local government's responsibility to pay the retirement pension to the staffs who retire.

9 DIRECTORS', CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT'S EMOLUMENTS

(a) Directors' and chief executive's emoluments

The directors' and chief executive's emoluments during the year are equivalent to key management compensation.

The remuneration of each director and the chief executive of the Company are set out below:

Name of Directors	Fee		Salary		Employer's contribution to retirement scheme		Total	
	2013 RMB'000	2012 RMB'000	2013 RMB'000	2012 RMB'000	2013 RMB'000	2012 RMB'000	2013 RMB'000	2012 RMB'000
Executive Directors								
Mr. Yu Yuerong (i)	-	-	93	96	3	3	96	99
Mr. Han Jianhua (ii)	-	-	98	106	3	4	101	110
Ms. Pan Yili (ii)	-	-	92	98	3	4	95	102
	-	-	283	300	9	11	292	311
Independence non-executive Directors								
Ms. Cho Mei Ting (iii)	36	-	-	-	-	-	36	-
Mr. Wong Chi Wai (iii)	36	-	-	-	-	-	36	-
Mr. Ruan Lianfa (iii)	36	-	-	-	-	-	36	-
	108	-	-	-	-	-	108	-

(i) Mr. Yu Yuerong is also the chief executive of the Company. Mr. Yu Yuerong was appointed as executive director on 16 September 2013.

(ii) Appointed as executive director on 16 September 2013.

(iii) Appointed as independent non-executive director on 16 September 2013.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

9 DIRECTORS', CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT'S EMOLUMENTS

(Continued)

(b) Five highest paid individuals

The five individuals whose emoluments were the highest in the Group for the year include two (2011: two) directors whose emoluments are reflected in the analysis presented above. The emoluments paid to the remaining three individuals (2012: three) during the year are as follows:

	2013 RMB'000	2012 RMB'000
Wages, allowance and bonus	397	420
Retirement scheme contribution	10	8
	407	428

During the year, no directors or any of the five highest paid individuals of the Group waived any emoluments and no emoluments were paid by the Group to any of the directors or five highest paid individuals as an inducement to join or upon joining the companies comprising the Group or as compensation for loss of office.

During the year, the emoluments paid to each of the highest individuals fell within the banding between nil to HKD1,000,000 (2012:nil to HKD1,000,000).

10 FINANCE INCOME – NET

	2013 RMB'000	2012 RMB'000
Interest income	565	877
Interest expense	(335)	(21)
Finance income – net	230	856

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

11 INCOME TAX EXPENSE

	2013 <i>RMB'000</i>	2012 <i>RMB'000</i>
Current income tax	5,428	4,458
Deferred income tax (<i>Note 25</i>)	21	27
	5,449	4,485

Pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Cayman Islands, the Group was not subject to any income tax in the Cayman Islands.

No provision for profits tax in Hong Kong has been made as the Group has no income assessable for profits tax in Hong Kong during the year (2012: nil).

Pursuant to the Corporate Income Tax Law of the PRC effective from 1 January 2008 (the "CIT Law"), companies established in the PRC are subject to income tax at a rate of 25% unless preferential rates are applicable. Ludao PRC was qualified as a High and New Technology Enterprise, and accordingly, it is entitled to a preferential rate of 15% for the three years from 1 January 2013 to 31 December 2015. The income tax rate of Ludao PRC for the year ended 31 December 2013 was 15% (2012: 15%).

The taxation on the Group's profit before income tax differs from the theoretical amount that would arise using the tax rate applicable to profit of the Group as follows:

	2013 <i>RMB'000</i>	2012 <i>RMB'000</i>
Profit before income tax	29,456	28,297
Tax calculated at the tax rate of 15%	4,418	4,245
Accelerated research and development deductible expenses	(633)	(688)
Expenses not deductible for taxation purposes	1,664	928
	5,449	4,485

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

12 EARNINGS PER SHARE

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to owners of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year.

	2013	2012
Profit attributable to owners of the Company (RMB'000)	24,007	23,812
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue (thousands of shares)	322,466	300,000
Basic earnings per share (RMB per share)	0.07	0.08

In determining the number of shares in issue, the total of 300,000,000 shares issued on the incorporation of the Company, the Reorganisation of the Group and Capitalisation Issue (Note 21) were deemed to have been in issue since 1 January 2012.

For the year ended 31 December 2013 and 2012, diluted earnings per share were the same as basic earnings per share due to the absence of dilutive potential ordinary shares as at year end date.

13 LAND USE RIGHTS

The Group's interests in land use rights represent prepaid operating lease payments for land occupied by the Group in the PRC and the amount is analysed as follows:

	2013 <i>RMB'000</i>	2012 <i>RMB'000</i>
Opening net book amount	1,984	2,034
Amortisation (<i>Note 7</i>)	(50)	(50)
Closing net book amount	1,934	1,984

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

13 LAND USE RIGHTS (Continued)

	As at 31 December	
	2013 RMB'000	2012 RMB'000
Cost	2,491	2,491
Accumulated amortisation	(557)	(507)
Net book amount	1,934	1,984

The lease period of land use rights is 50 years. As at 31 December 2013, the remaining lease period of the Group's land use rights was 39 years (2012: 40 years).

At 31 December of 2013 and 2012, the Group's land use rights were pledged to secure notes payable (Note 23(a)).

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

14 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	Buildings RMB'000	Plant and machinery RMB'000	Office furniture and equipment RMB'000	Motor vehicles RMB'000	Construction in progress RMB'000	Total RMB'000
At 1 January 2012						
Cost	33,899	16,638	1,942	3,204	–	55,683
Accumulated depreciation	(4,135)	(5,758)	(1,091)	(819)	–	(11,803)
Net book amount	29,764	10,880	851	2,385	–	43,880
Year ended 31 December 2012						
Opening net book amount	29,764	10,880	851	2,385	–	43,880
Additions	363	3,428	199	282	84	4,356
Transfer	80	–	–	–	(80)	–
Depreciation (Note 7)	(1,055)	(1,185)	(284)	(366)	–	(2,890)
Closing net book amount	29,152	13,123	766	2,301	4	45,346
At 31 December 2012						
Cost	34,342	20,066	2,141	3,486	4	60,039
Accumulated depreciation	(5,190)	(6,943)	(1,375)	(1,185)	–	(14,693)
Net book amount	29,152	13,123	766	2,301	4	45,346
Year ended 31 December 2013						
Opening net book amount	29,152	13,123	766	2,301	4	45,346
Additions	1,252	3,454	257	565	4,163	9,691
Depreciation (Note 7)	(1,312)	(1,566)	(288)	(341)	–	(3,507)
Closing net book amount	29,092	15,011	735	2,525	4,167	51,530
At 31 December 2013						
Cost	35,594	23,520	2,398	4,051	4,167	69,730
Accumulated depreciation	(6,502)	(8,509)	(1,663)	(1,526)	–	(18,200)
Net book amount	29,092	15,011	735	2,525	4,167	51,530

Depreciation expenses of RMB1,687,000 (2012: RMB1,215,000) have been charged to cost of sales and RMB1,820,000 (2012: RMB1,675,000) have been charged to administrative expenses in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income for the year.

As 31 December of 2013, the Group's buildings at the carrying amount of RMB21,765,000 (2012: RMB22,454,000) were pledge to secure notes payable (Note 23(a)).

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

15 INTANGIBLE ASSETS

	Computer Software <i>RMB'000</i>	Patents <i>RMB'000</i>	Total <i>RMB'000</i>
At 1 January 2012			
Cost	325	–	325
Accumulated amortisation	(28)	–	(28)
Net book amount	297	–	297
Year ended 31 December 2012			
Opening net book amount	297	–	297
Additions	23	581	604
Amortisation charge (<i>Note 7</i>)	(35)	–	(35)
Closing net book amount	285	581	866
At 31 December 2012			
Cost	348	581	929
Accumulated amortisation	(63)	–	(63)
Net book amount	285	581	866
Year ended 31 December 2013			
Opening net book amount	285	581	866
Additions	24	169	193
Amortisation charge (<i>Note 7</i>)	(38)	(125)	(163)
Closing net book amount	271	625	896
At 31 December 2013			
Cost	372	750	1,122
Accumulated amortisation	(101)	(125)	(226)
Net book amount	271	625	896

Amortisation had been charged to administrative expenses.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

16 INVESTMENTS IN A SUBSIDIARY – COMPANY

	2013 <i>RMB'000</i>	2012 <i>RMB'000</i>
Unlisted shares at cost	13,573	–

Name	Place and date of incorporation/ establishment	Authorised/ registered capital	Paid up capital	Equity interest held	Principal activities and place of operation
Directly held:					
Ludao BVI	Incorporated in British Virgin Island ("BVI") on 18 December 2007	USD100	USD100	100%	Investment holding, BVI
Indirectly held:					
Ludao PRC	Established in the PRC on 23 August 2002	HKD73,350,000	HKD73,350,000	100%	Manufacturing and selling of aerosol products, the PRC

All subsidiaries are limited liability companies.

17 INVENTORIES – GROUP

	2013 <i>RMB'000</i>	2012 <i>RMB'000</i>
Raw materials	15,197	14,671
Work in progress	6,666	2,214
Finished goods	8,466	7,906
	30,329	24,791
Less: provision for write-down of inventories	–	(201)
Inventories – Net	30,329	24,590

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

17 INVENTORIES – GROUP (Continued)

The cost of inventories included in cost of sales during the years ended 31 December 2013 amounted to RMB176,479,000 (2012: RMB163,205,000).

During the year, the Group reversed a provision for write-down of inventories amounting to RMB201,000 (2012: RMB176,000). The relevant inventories were sold to independent customers during the year. The above amounts are included in ‘cost of sales’ in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

18 TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

	Group		Company	
	2013 RMB'000	2012 RMB'000	2013 RMB'000	2012 RMB'000
Trade receivables (a)	89,458	45,124	-	-
Less: provision for impairment (b)	-	(90)	-	-
Trade receivables, net	89,458	45,034	-	-
Prepayments and deposits	41,500	17,158	626	-
Amount due from a related party (Note 31(b))	-	2,912	-	-
Amount due from Controlling Shareholder (Note 31(b))	-	8,080	-	-
Other receivables	1,039	3,937	-	-
Notes receivable	50	-	-	-
Amount due from subsidiaries (c)	-	-	36,847	-
	132,047	77,121	37,473	-

The carrying amounts of the trade and other receivables are denominated in the following currencies:

	Group		Company	
	2013 RMB'000	2012 RMB'000	2013 RMB'000	2012 RMB'000
RMB	79,858	43,484	-	-
USD	51,537	33,637	-	-
HKD	652	-	37,473	-
	132,047	77,121	37,473	-

The fair values of trade and other receivables approximate to their carrying values as at the year end dates.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

18 TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (Continued)

(a) Trade receivables

The credit period granted to customers is between 0 to 180 days. The ageing analysis of the trade receivables from the date of sales is as follows:

	2013 RMB'000	2012 RMB'000
Up to 3 months	71,835	32,143
3 to 6 months	16,188	8,803
6 to 12 months	125	4,081
Over 12 months	1,310	97
	89,458	45,124

The Group's sales are mainly made to several major customers and there is a concentration of credit risks. Sales of goods to the top five customers constituted approximately 58% (2012: 76%) of the Group's revenue for the year. They accounted for approximately 64% (2012: 68%) and of the gross trade receivable balances as at 31 December 2013.

As at 31 December 2013, trade receivables of RMB1,734,000 (2012: RMB19,440,000) were past due but not considered impaired. These relate to a number of independent customers that have good track records with the Group. Based on past experience, management believes that no impairment allowance is necessary in respect of these balances as there has not been a significant change in credit quality and the balances are still considered fully recoverable. The Group does not hold any collateral over these balances. The ageing analysis of these trade receivables is as follows:

	2013 RMB'000	2012 RMB'000
Within 3 months	-	6,549
3 to 6 months	299	8,803
6 to 12 months	125	4,081
Over 12 months	1,310	7
	1,734	19,440

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

18 TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (Continued)

(a) Trade receivables (Continued)

As at 31 December 2013, no trade receivables (2012: RMB90,000) was impaired and provided for. The ageing analysis of these trade receivable is as follows:

	2013 RMB'000	2012 RMB'000
Over 12 months	-	90

(b) Provision for impairment of trade receivables

The movements on the provision for impairment of trade receivables are as follows:

	2013 RMB'000	2012 RMB'000
At beginning of the year	90	90
Reversal of provision	(90)	-
At end of the year	-	90

The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date is the carrying values of each class of receivables mentioned above. The Group do not hold any collateral as security for these receivables.

The other classes within trade and other receivables do not contain impaired assets.

(c) The balances with subsidiaries are unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand.

19 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	Group		Company	
	2013 RMB'000	2012 RMB'000	2013 RMB'000	2012 RMB'000
Cash at banks and in hand	54,291	36,284	15,277	-

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

19 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (Continued)

Cash and cash equivalents are denominated in the following currencies:

	Group		Company	
	2013 <i>RMB'000</i>	2012 <i>RMB'000</i>	2013 <i>RMB'000</i>	2012 <i>RMB'000</i>
RMB	10,401	32,986	-	-
HKD	40,620	166	15,277	-
USD	3,270	3,074	-	-
EUR	-	58	-	-
	54,291	36,284	15,277	-

The carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents approximate to their fair values and represent maximum exposure to credit risk. Most cash at banks and in hand was kept in bank accounts opened with banks in the PRC, where the remittance of funds is subject to the PRC foreign exchange control.

20 PLEDGED BANK DEPOSITS – GROUP

	2013 <i>RMB'000</i>	2012 <i>RMB'000</i>
Pledged bank deposits	18,498	22,287

Pledged bank deposits represented bank deposits of the Group which were placed as guarantee deposits for issuing notes payable (Note 23(a)).

As at 31 December 2013, the effective interest rate on pledged bank deposits was 2.80% (2012: 1.89%) per annum. All pledged bank deposits were denominated in RMB and kept in bank accounts opened with banks in the PRC, where the remittance of funds is subject to the PRC foreign exchange control.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

21 SHARE CAPITAL AND SHARE PREMIUM

	Authorised Capital	
	<i>Number of ordinary shares (of HKD0.01 each)</i>	<i>HKD'000</i>
Upon incorporation of the Company on 25 May 2012 (a)	39,000,000	390
Increase (b)	1,961,000,000	19,610
At 31 December 2013	2,000,000,000	20,000

	Share capital		Share premium	
	The Group and Company		Group	Company
	<i>Number of ordinary shares (of HKD0.01 each)</i>	<i>RMB'000</i>	<i>RMB'000</i>	<i>RMB'000</i>
At 1 January 2012	–	–	–	–
Upon incorporation of the Company on 25 May 2012 (a)	1	–	–	–
Share issued (c)	999	–	–	–
At 31 December 2012 and 1 January 2013	1,000	–	–	–
Issue of shares for the acquisition of a subsidiary (d)	9,000	–	–	13,573
New Issue (e)	100,000,000	792	62,608	62,608
Capitalisation Issue (f)	299,990,000	2,378	(2,378)	(2,378)
Share issue cost	–	–	(5,920)	(5,920)
Share issue cost transferred from capital reserve	–	–	(2,157)	–
At 31 December 2013	400,000,000	3,170	52,153	67,883

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

21 SHARE CAPITAL AND SHARE PREMIUM *(Continued)*

- (a) The Company was incorporated on 25 May 2012 with an authorised share capital of HKD390,000 divided into 39,000,000 Shares of HKD0.01 each, of which 1 Share was allotted to Reid Services Limited, and was then transferred to Ludao Investments on 25 May 2012.
- (b) On 16 September 2013, the authorised share capital of the Company was increased from HKD390,000 to HKD20,000,000 by the creation of an additional 1,961,000,000 new shares.
- (c) On 25 May 2012, Ludao Investments and Neland subscribed for 900 Shares and 99 Shares of the Company respectively at par value.
- (d) On 16 September 2013, the Company issued and allotted 8,109 shares and 891 shares (all credited as fully paid) to Ludao Investments and Neland respectively pursuant to a share swap agreement, as consideration for the acquisition by the Company of the entire issued share capital of Ludao BVI. The difference between the amounts of net assets of Ludao BVI on the acquisition date and nominal value of the shares allotted amounting to RMB13,572,000, was credited to the share premium account of the Company.
- (e) On 11 October 2013, 100,000,000 shares of HKD0.01 per share were issued at HKD0.80 each per share through a placing and public offer (the “New Issue”) for HKD80,000,000 (approximately RMB63,400,000). After the New Issue, the issued and fully-paid share capital of the Company increased by HKD1,000,000 (RMB792,500). The difference between the New Issue proceeds and the increased issued and fully-paid share capital, amounting to RMB62,607,500, was credited to the share premium account.
- (f) On 16 September 2013, pursuant to a resolution, the directors were authorised to capitalise the amount of HKD2,999,900 (RMB2,378,000) as 299,990,000 shares issued to the then existing shareholders, at HKD0.01 each from the amount standing to the credit of the share premium account of the Company (“Capitalisation Issue”). These shares were issued in conjunction with the New Issue.
- (g) All shares issued rank pari passu against each other.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

22 OTHER RESERVES – GROUP

The Group	Capital reserve <i>RMB'000</i> <i>Note (a)</i>	Merger reserve <i>RMB'000</i>	Statutory reserves <i>RMB'000</i> <i>Note (c)</i>	Exchange reserves <i>RMB'000</i>	Total <i>RMB'000</i>
At 1 January 2012	28,029	–	5,261	822	34,112
Profit appropriation (b)	–	–	2,884	–	2,884
Share issuance costs	(2,157)	–	–	–	(2,157)
Currency translation differences	–	–	–	79	79
At 31 December 2012 and 1 January 2013	25,872	–	8,145	901	34,918
Completion of Reorganisation (a)	(28,029)	28,029	–	–	–
Profit appropriation (b)	–	–	3,450	–	3,450
Share issuance costs transferred to share premium account	2,157	–	–	–	2,157
Waiver of advance from Controlling Shareholder (c)	8,986	–	–	–	8,986
Currency translation differences	–	–	–	(1,032)	(1,032)
At 31 December 2013	8,986	28,029	11,595	(131)	48,479

The Company	Exchange reserves <i>RMB'000</i>
Upon incorporation of the Company on 25 May 2012, at 31 December 2012 and 1 January 2013	–
Currency translation differences	(273)
At 31 December 2013	(273)

(a) The capital reserve as at 1 January 2012 of the Group included the combined share capital and capital reserve of the companies then comprising the Group before the Reorganisation and after elimination of intercompany investment. The amount was transferred to merger reserve upon completion of the Reorganisation.

(b) In accordance with relevant laws and regulations of the PRC, Ludao PRC should make appropriation of not less than 10% of its net income after taxes to legal reserve. Further appropriation is optional when the accumulated statutory reserve is 50% or more of its registered capital. Upon approval from the board of directors, the statutory reserves can be used to offset accumulated losses of Ludao PRC.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

22 OTHER RESERVES – GROUP (Continued)

- (c) On 10 October 2013, Ludao BVI, Ludao PRC and Controlling Shareholder entered into agreement to waive the repayment of advance made from Controlling Shareholder, amounting to RMB8,986,000. The amount was credited into capital reserve account.

23 TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

	Group		Company	
	2013 RMB'000	2012 RMB'000	2013 RMB'000	2012 RMB'000
Trade payables (a)	22,920	19,059	–	–
Notes payable (b)	60,879	66,973	–	–
Advance from customers	9,765	8,044	–	–
Other tax payables	1,980	765	–	–
Accrued expenses	4,505	2,602	374	–
Amount due to Controlling Shareholder (Note 31(b))	–	17,209	–	–
Amount due to a subsidiary (c)	–	–	4,882	126
Other payables	1,083	311	–	–
	101,132	114,963	5,256	126

The carrying amounts of the trade and other payables are denominated in the following currencies:

	Group		Company	
	2013 RMB'000	2012 RMB'000	2013 RMB'000	2012 RMB'000
RMB	94,549	97,341	–	–
HKD	481	17,586	5,256	126
USD	6,102	36	–	–
	101,132	114,963	5,256	126

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

23 TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES (Continued)

The fair values of trade and other payables approximated to their carrying values as at the year end dates.

- (a) The ageing analysis of trade payables is as follows:

Group

	2013 <i>RMB'000</i>	2012 <i>RMB'000</i>
Up to 3 months	20,181	15,719
3 to 6 months	1,536	2,391
6 to 12 months	900	75
Over 12 months	303	874
	22,920	19,059

The credit period granted by the Group's suppliers ranges from 0 to 90 days.

- (b) Notes payable represented non-interest bearing bank acceptance notes with maturity dates within six months, and were guaranteed by pledged bank deposits (Note 20) and secured by the land use rights and certain property, plant and equipment of the Group (Notes 13 and 14). No guaranteed was provided by Mr. Yu Yuerong and Ms. Wang Jinfei, a close family member of Mr. Yu Yuerong, as at 31 December 2013 (2012: Mr. Yu Yuerong and Ms. Wang Jinfei had provided personal guarantee of RMB37,000,000).
- (c) The balance with subsidiary was unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

24 BORROWINGS – GROUP

The carrying amounts of the borrowings are denominated in RMB, and were approximated to their fair values as at 31 December 2013. The weighted average effective interest rate is 6.60% per annum.

The exposure of the Group's borrowings to interest rate changes and the contractual re-pricing dates or maturity dates whichever is the earlier are as follows:

	6 months or less <i>RMB'000</i>	6 to 12 months <i>RMB'000</i>	Total <i>RMB'000</i>
– At 31 December 2013	7,000	3,000	10,000
– At 31 December 2012	–	–	–

25 DEFERRED INCOME TAX – GROUP

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the deferred income tax assets and liabilities relate to income taxed levied by the same taxation authority on either the taxable entity or different taxable entities where there is an intention to settle the balances on a net basis. There are no offset amounts as at 31 December 2013 (2012: nil).

	2013 <i>RMB'000</i>	2012 <i>RMB'000</i>
Deferred tax assets:		
– to be recovered within 12 months	243	264

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

25 DEFERRED INCOME TAX – GROUP (Continued)

The movements in deferred tax assets are as follows:

	Accrued expenses <i>RMB'000</i>	Provision for impairment of trade and other receivables <i>RMB'000</i>	Provision for impairment of inventories <i>RMB'000</i>	Total <i>RMB'000</i>
At 1 January 2012	220	13	58	291
Charged to the consolidated statement of comprehensive income	–	–	(27)	(27)
At 31 December 2012	220	13	31	264
At 1 January 2013	220	13	31	264
Charged to the consolidated statement of comprehensive income	23	(13)	(31)	(21)
At 31 December 2013	243	–	–	243

Deferred income tax assets are recognised for tax loss carry-forwards to the extent that the realisation of the related tax benefits through the future taxable profits is probable. There are no unrecognised deferred tax assets on tax losses and other temporary differences as at 31 December 2013 (2012: nil).

Deferred tax liabilities:

Pursuant to the Corporate Income Tax Law of the People's Republic of China (hereinafter "the CIT Law"), a 10% withholding tax will be levied on the dividends declared by companies established in the PRC from profits generated after 1 January 2008 to their foreign investors. As at 31 December 2013, the Group did not recognise deferred tax liabilities of RMB9,696,000 (2012: RMB6,246,000) on approximately RMB96,961,000 (2012: RMB62,460,000) of profits generated from Ludao PRC after 1 January 2008 as the directors confirmed that no dividends would be declared by Ludao PRC out of those profits in the foreseeable future considering the cash flow requirements of the Group.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

26 DIVIDENDS

No dividend has been paid or declared by the Company since its incorporation or the companies now comprising the Group during the year ended 31 December 2013 (2012: nil).

27 PROFIT ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF THE COMPANY

The profit attributable to owners of the Company is dealt with in the financial statement of the Company to the extent of a loss of RMB9,587,000 (2012: a loss of RMB126,000).

28 NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENTS

(a) Reconciliation of profit before income tax to cash generated from operations

	2013 <i>RMB'000</i>	2012 <i>RMB'000</i>
Profit before income tax	29,456	28,297
Adjustments for:		
Interest income (<i>Note 10</i>)	(565)	(877)
Interest expense (<i>Note 10</i>)	335	21
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment (<i>Note 14</i>)	3,507	2,890
Amortisation of land use right and intangible assets (<i>Note 13 and 15</i>)	213	85
Reversal of provision for write-down of inventories – net (<i>Note 17</i>)	(201)	(176)
Reversal of provision for impairment of trade and other receivables (<i>Note 18</i>)	(90)	–
Changes in working capital:		
(Increase)/Decrease in trade and other receivables	(61,595)	12,585
Increase in inventories	(5,539)	(2,558)
Increase/(Decrease) in trade and other payables	8,649	(31,815)
Cash (used in)/generated from operations	(25,830)	8,452

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

28 NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENTS *(Continued)*

(b) Non-cash transactions

The principal non-cash transactions of the year were: (i) the issue of shares as consideration for the acquisitions in the Reorganisation (Note 21); (ii) Capitalisation Issue (Note 21); and (iii) waiver of advance made from Controlling Shareholder (Note 22).

29 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

As at 31 December 2013, the Group and the Company had no significant contingent liabilities (2012: nil).

30 COMMITMENTS

(a) Capital commitments – Group

The Group's capital expenditure contracted for but not yet incurred is as follow:

	2013 <i>RMB'000</i>	2012 <i>RMB'000</i>
Land use rights	3,020	–
Property, plant and equipment	9,922	–
	12,942	–

(b) Operating lease commitments – Group

The Group leases certain of its office premises under non-cancellable operating lease agreements. The Group had future aggregate minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases as follows:

	2013 <i>RMB'000</i>	2012 <i>RMB'000</i>
Not later than one year	203	261
Later than one year and not later than five years	1,903	642
	2,106	903

(c) As at 31 December 2013, the Company had no significant commitment (2012: nil).

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

31 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The directors of the Company are of the view that the following companies and individuals were related parties that had transactions or balances with the Group during the year:

Name of the related party	Principal business activities	Relationship with the Group
Yiwu Weiwei Cosmetics Co. Ltd (“Yiwu Weiwei”)	Manufacture and sales of flavours, fragrances and refined chemical products in the PRC	An entity controlled by a close family member of Controlling Shareholder
Zhejiang Lujia (*)	Manufacture and sales of cans for flavors and fragrances products in the PRC	An entity over which a close family member of Controlling Shareholder has significant influence
Mr. Yu Yuerong	Individual	Controlling Shareholder

* *The directors of the Company consider Zhejiang Lujia no longer a related party of the Company upon the disposal of all equity interests on Zhejiang Lujia by a close family member of Controlling Shareholder to an independent third party on 7 September 2012.*

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

31 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS *(Continued)*

(a) Transactions with related parties

Save as the related party transactions disclosed above, the following transactions with related parties were undertaken by the Group.

	2013 <i>RMB'000</i>	2012 <i>RMB'000</i>
Sales of goods to Yiwu Weiwei	195	15,221
Purchases of raw material from Zhejiang Lujia	-	46,484
Net advance from Mr. Yu Yuerong	-	37,728

Note (a) The above related party transactions were carried out at terms mutually negotiated between the Group and the respective related companies.

Note (b) Zhejiang Lujia is no longer a related party of the Company since 7 September 2012. Raw materials amounted to RMB46,484,000 were purchased from Zhejiang Lujia during the period from 1 January to 7 September 2012.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

31 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

(b) Balances with related parties

	2013 RMB'000	2012 RMB'000
Amounts due from a related party (Note 18)		
Yiwu Weiwei (i)	-	2,912
Amount due from Controlling Shareholder (Note 18)		
Mr. Yu Yuerong (ii)	-	8,080
Amount due to Controlling Shareholder (Note 23)		
Mr. Yu Yuerong (ii)	-	17,209

Note (i) The receivables due from Yiwu Weiwei arose mainly from sale transactions and are due six months after the date of sales. The receivables are unsecured and interest-free. No provisions were made against these receivables. The ageing of these receivables is as follows:

	2013 RMB'000	2012 RMB'000
Within 3 months	-	1,203
3 to 6 months	-	1,322
6 to 12 months	-	387
	-	2,912

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

31 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

(b) Balances with related parties (Continued)

As at 31 December 2013, no trade receivables due from related parties (2012: RMB387,000) was past due but not considered impaired.

	2013 RMB'000	2012 RMB'000
6 to 12 months	-	387

Note (ii) The balances with Controlling Shareholder are unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand. The amount due from Controlling Shareholder is as follows:

	Amount due from		Maximum outstanding during the year
	At end of year RMB'000	At beginning of year RMB'000	RMB'000
Year ended 31 December 2012			
Mr. Yu Yuerong	8,080	38,623	38,623
Year ended 31 December 2013			
Mr. Yu Yuerong	-	8,080	8,080

No provision has been required as at 31 December 2013 and 2012 for the above amounts.

(c) Key management compensation

Key management personnel are deemed to be the members of the board of directors of the companies comprising the Group which has the responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Group. Details of key management compensation have been disclosed in Note 9.

(d) Security by related party

As at 31 December 2013, no notes payable of the Group was guaranteed by Mr. Yu Yuerong and Ms. Wang Jinfei (2012: Mr. Yu Yuerong and Ms. Wang Jinfei had provided personal guarantee of RMB37,000,000).

Financial Summary

A summary of the results and of the assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five financial years is prepared on the basis set out in the notes below:

RESULTS

	Year ended 31 December				
	2013 RMB'000	2012 RMB'000	2011 RMB'000	2010 RMB'000	2009 RMB'000 (Unaudited)
REVENUE	251,382	228,852	212,676	152,189	157,276
Cost of sales	(188,860)	(173,574)	(163,292)	(116,479)	(121,141)
Gross profit	62,522	55,278	49,384	35,710	36,135
Other income and other gain/(loss) – net	7,775	5,110	(365)	(379)	52
Selling expenses	(11,423)	(9,967)	(8,042)	(6,889)	(6,362)
Administrative expenses	(29,648)	(22,980)	(14,913)	(10,529)	(12,213)
Finance income – net	(230)	856	462	978	266
PROFIT BEFORE INCOME TAX	29,456	28,297	26,526	18,891	17,878
Income tax expense	(5,449)	(4,485)	(4,014)	(2,881)	(4,934)
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR	24,007	23,812	22,512	16,010	12,944

ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

	Year ended 31 December				
	2013 RMB'000	2012 RMB'000	2011 RMB'000	2010 RMB'000	2009 RMB'000 (Unaudited)
TOTAL ASSETS	295,800	209,362	192,077	131,614	145,370
TOTAL LIABILITIES	113,397	116,400	120,849	83,377	113,479
	182,403	92,962	71,228	48,237	31,891

Notes:

1. The consolidated results of the Group for each of the two years ended 31 December 2012 and 2013 and the consolidated assets and liabilities of the Group as at 31 December 2012 and 2013 and those set out on pages 34 to 87 of this annual report.
2. The summary of the consolidated results of the Group for each of the two years ended 31 December 2010 and 2011 and of the assets and liabilities as at 31 December 2010 and 2011 have been extracted from the Prospectus.
3. The consolidated results of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2009 was unaudited and was prepared by management.
4. The above summary was prepared as if the current structure of the Group had been in existence throughout these financial years.