ANNUAL REPORT 2014 年報

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STARLITE



星光集團有限公司 (Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability)

(於百慕達註冊成立之有限公司) STOCK CODE 股份代號: 403

開拓商機

Exploring the Business Opportunities



2013-2014 Exhibitions

今年星光集團參加多個大型展覽,包括摩納哥、上海、紐約的國際奢侈品 包裝展、東京GIFTEX World、香港禮品及贈品展與亞太區美容展。我們在 展覽中抱著積極進取的態度與新客戶新朋友熱絡洽談,尋找合作商機。

This year, Starlite participated in Luxe Pack Exhibitions held in Monaco, Shanghai and New York, GIFTEX World Tokyo, HK Gift & Premium Fair and Cosmoprof Asia. We met some old faces and also made some new friends. We are really looking forward to the upcoming projects!



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CORPORATE INFORMATION

DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

Mr. Lam Kwong Yu (*Chairman*)Mr. Tai Tzu Shi, Angus (*Senior Vice President*)Mr. Cheung Chi Shing, Charles (*Senior Vice President*)

Non-Executive Director

Ms. Yeung Chui

Independent Non-Executive Directors

Mr. Chan Yue Kwong, Michael Mr. Kwok Lam-Kwong, Larry, *BBS*, *JP* Mr. Tam King Ching, Kenny

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Mr. Tam King Ching, Kenny (*Chairman*) Mr. Chan Yue Kwong, Michael Mr. Kwok Lam-Kwong, Larry, *BBS*, *JP*

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Chan Yue Kwong, Michael (*Chairman*) Mr. Kwok Lam-Kwong, Larry, *BBS, JP* Mr. Tam King Ching, Kenny

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Kwok Lam-Kwong, Larry, *BBS, JP (Chairman)* Mr. Chan Yue Kwong, Michael Mr. Lam Kwong Yu Mr. Tam King Ching, Kenny Ms. Yeung Chui

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. Cheung Chi Shing, Charles

公司資料

董事

執行董事

林光如先生(主席) 戴祖璽先生(高級副總裁) 張志成先生(高級副總裁)

非執行董事

楊翠女士

獨立非執行董事

陳裕光先生 郭琳廣*, _{銅紫荊星章, 太平紳士* 譚競正先生}

審核委員會

譚競正先生*(主席)* 陳裕光先生 郭琳廣, *銅紫荊星章, 太平紳士*

薪酬委員會

陳裕光先生*(主席)* 郭琳廣, *銅紫荊星章, 太平紳士* 譚競正先生

提名委員會

郭琳廣, *鋼紫荊星章, 太平紳士(主席)* 陳裕光先生 林光如先生 譚競正先生 楊翠女士

公司秘書

張志成先生

CORPORATE INFORMATION

AUDITOR

PricewaterhouseCoopers Certified Public Accountants 22nd Floor Prince's Building Central, Hong Kong

LEGAL ADVISER

Howse Williams Bowers 27/F., Alexandra House 18 Chater Road Central, Hong Kong

REGISTERED OFFICE

Canon's Court 22 Victoria Street Hamilton HM 12 Bermuda

HEAD OFFICE AND PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS

3/F., Perfect Industrial Building 31 Tai Yau Street Sanpokong Kowloon Hong Kong

SHARE REGISTRARS AND TRANSFER OFFICES

Principal Share Registrar and Transfer Office

MUFG Fund Services (Bermuda) Limited 26 Burnaby Street Hamilton HM 11 Bermuda

公司資料

核數師

羅兵咸永道會計師事務所 *香港執業會計師* 香港中環 太子大廈22樓

法律顧問

何韋鮑律師行 香港中環遮打道18號 歷山大厦27樓

註冊辦事處

Canon's Court 22 Victoria Street Hamilton HM 12 Bermuda

總辦事處及主要營業地點

香港 九龍新蒲崗 大有街三十一號 善美工業大廈三樓

股票過戶登記處

主要股票過戶登記處

MUFG Fund Services (Bermuda) Limited 26 Burnaby Street Hamilton HM 11 Bermuda



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CORPORATE INFORMATION

公司資料

Hong Kong Branch Share Registrar and Transfer Office

Tricor Secretaries Limited Level 22, Hopewell Centre 183 Queen's Road East Hong Kong

PRINCIPAL BANKERS

The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited Hang Seng Bank Limited BNP Paribas Bank of China (Hong Kong) Limited

WEBSITES

http://www.hkstarlite.com http://www.irasia.com/listco/hk/starlite

STOCK CODE

403

香港股票過戶登記分處

卓佳秘書商務有限公司 香港 皇后大道東183號 合和中心22樓

主要銀行

香港上海滙豐銀行有限公司 恒生銀行有限公司 法國巴黎銀行 中國銀行(香港)有限公司

網址

http://www.hkstarlite.com http://www.irasia.com/listco/hk/starlite

股票代號

RESULTS

For the year ended 31st March, 2014, the Group's turnover amounted to approximately HK\$1,457 million, an increase of 2% over last year. Profit attributable to shareholders rose 61% to approximately HK\$15 million.

The results were achieved amidst mixed business conditions. On the one hand, with the United States economy gradually recovering and the European economy stabilizing, the Group was able to increase its sales and profit by targeting high growth sectors and adopting cost-effective measures. The leveling off in the price of raw materials and fuel also benefited the Group's profit margins. On the other hand, labour costs continued to rise at a fast pace in China. Moreover, as the management cautioned in the interim report, uncertainty prevailing in the global economy caused a fluctuation in the Group's order book. Such fluctuation became more pronounced in the second half of the financial year, which together with the effect of seasonal factors restrained the extent of the Group's improvement for the full year.

The Group's southern China operation recorded a loss during the year under review. Nonetheless, the loss has narrowed when compared with the previous year. The eastern China operation reported a marginal decrease in turnover but sustained a profit. The Southeast Asia operation saw an increase in turnover but a decline in profit. The former reflected sales growth of our plant in Malaysia, while the latter was due to intensified market competition experienced by our plant in Singapore and the temporary dilutive effect resulting from parallel running of the two plants.

In terms of sales, printing and packaging recorded no significant change while paper products saw growth. More orders were received for luxury packaging as the Group further expanded into high growth sectors. Growth was also seen in greeting cards, but orders from information technology customers softened. Looking ahead, the Group will continue to focus on the high growth sectors and maintain its exposure to the United States and Europe, the Group's top two largest markets, while actively seek to develop new markets in the Middle East, South America and Russia. Details of the measures are described in the "Business Review and Prospects" section.

主席報告

業績

本集團截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度之營業 額約為十四億五千七百萬港元,較去年度增加百分 之二。股東應佔溢利約為一千五百萬港元,增加百 分之六十一。

年內營商環境好壞參半,影響集團之業績表現。一 方面,美國經濟逐步復甦,歐洲經濟漸次靠穩。集 團主力拓展高增長行業及提升成本效益,成功增加 銷售額及盈利;加上原材料和燃料價格轉趨穩定, 有利集團改善毛利。另一方面,正如管理層在中期 業績報告指出,內地勞工成本飆升,國際客戶訂單 波動;步入財政年度下半年,訂單波動情況加劇, 加上季節性因素影響,集團全年度業績之升幅收窄。

回顧年度內,集團華南業務錄得虧損,但虧損額較 去年度減少。華東業務營業額輕微下降,但仍能繼 續錄得盈利。東南亞業務營業額上升但盈利下降, 前者反映馬來西亞廠之銷售增長,後者乃由於新加 坡廠面對激烈市場競爭,加上新馬兩廠並行運作帶 來過渡性影響。

在銷售方面,印刷和包裝業務保持平穩,紙類製品 業務錄得增長。集團進一步拓展高增長行業,帶動 華麗包裝營業額上升,而賀卡業務亦有增長,但來 自資訊科技行業之訂單則減少。展望未來,集團將 繼續專注於高增長行業,鞏固集團在美國和歐洲兩 大市場之份額,並積極開拓中東、南美和俄羅斯等 新市場。有關措施詳情載於「業務概況及前瞻」。

創造未來 Build for the Future



<mark>星光首台3D打印</mark>機ProJet 3500 HD Max Starlite's first 3D printer

星光引進高性能的ProJet 3500 HD Max 3D打印機,憑著750×750×1600dpi的高分辨率以及0.016毫米的最小層厚,能製造精確度極高的模型和原型;而多噴 嘴成型技術實現高速打印,讓我們能夠快速進行產品的概念驗證、功能測試和 模具的原始模型製造,大大減少產品開發成本及時間。

The introduction of ProJet 3500 HDMax is a giant leap forward for Starlite. With the resolution up to 750x750x1600dpi and thickness of each printed layer down to 0.016mm, the new 3D printer redefines modeling and provides the most precise prototype ever. The multi-jet modeling technology further speeds up the process which greatly shortens the time for product development stage. We can now quickly check the design and improve without spending so much time waiting. We are ready to show you the capability of the new machine.

天地盒通用全自動生產線(SA300) Automatic Lid & Base Production Line Specification

SA300天地盒通用全自動生產線成功將工藝複雜的天地盒產品 由傳統的手工作業方式轉換為自動化機型生產。擁有多項自有 專利技術及檢測系統,配合Epson(愛普生)取放料機械手的精確 定位,並以PLC可編程序控制器配合定制的控制顯示屏人機界 面,使該機型能以最快的生產速度生產出各種不同規格的高質 量天地盒產品。

SA300 Automatic Lid & Base Production Line successfully achieves automated production for lid & base, eliminating what used to be a series of complicated hand-work. With patented techniques, the machine can perform gluing and adhesive taping with perfect positioning. This state-of-the-art production line redefines automated production. It brings the production of lid & base to the highest level ever. Efficiency, quality and safety have been well taken care of.





<mark>星光引進8色上光印刷機</mark> The new 8-colour press with UV varnishing by Heidelberg

星光引進Speedmaster CX 102-8+L-8色紫外印刷及 連線上光印刷機,擁有每小時16,500張紙的最高印刷 速度,能提供如UV逆向上光的技術,滿足客戶防偽及 特別效果的需求。

Starlite new member — Heidelberg CX102-8+L, 8-colour UV printing press with in-line UV varnishing. Beside the high speed performance with 16,500 sheets per hour, the new machine is equipped with CoatingStar which accommodate your need for various coating.

DIVIDENDS

The Directors recommend a final dividend of HK1 cent (2013: HK1 cent) per share for the year ended 31st March, 2014 payable on Friday, 19th September, 2014 to shareholders whose names appear on the Register of Members on Wednesday, 27th August, 2014. Together with the interim dividend of HK1 cent (2013: HK1 cent) and the special dividend of HK0.5 cent (2013: Nil) paid, the aggregate dividend for the financial year would be HK2.5 cents per share (2013: HK2 cents).

BUSINESS REVIEW AND PROSPECTS

Hong Kong/Mainland China Operations

Overview

Supported by unconventional monetary policies, the United States economy has been gradually recovering while market conditions in Europe have been stabilizing; other markets such as Japan also improved during the year under review. Such development provided a more favourable environment for the Group to obtain orders at better prices, by (i) targeting the high growth sectors with proactive sales and marketing initiatives; (ii) utilizing the Group's innovative design and production capabilities; and (iii) leveraging on the Group's high flexibility and adaptability. Efforts were also made to further increase domestic sales in China and expand sales to Japan.

Internally, the Group continued to strengthen and rejuvenate its marketing team. More resources were allocated to lean manufacturing and automation to save costs. As a further measure, the Group exercised stringent control on stocks and capital investment. In this regard, the leveling off in the price of raw materials and fuel has facilitated the Group's cost control and budget planning.

Given the above, the Group was able to increase its sales and profit for the year ended 31st March, 2014. However, the extent of improvement was restrained by the rising labour costs in China. All of the Group's plants in China experienced a further increase in minimum wages during the year under review. The minimum wages soared by double digits in Guangzhou and Suzhou in May 2013 and July 2013, respectively; those in Shenzhen increased by a single digit figure in March 2013 and then by double digits in March 2014; while the single digit increase in Shaoguan took place in May 2013. As the minimum wage increased, social welfare contributions also increased accordingly, which together pushed up the operating costs of the Group.

主席報告

股息

董事會建議向二零一四年八月二十七日(星期三)名 列股東名冊的股東,派發截至二零一四年三月三十 一日止年度的末期股息每股港幣一仙(二零一三年: 港幣一仙),有關股息將於二零一四年九月十九日(星 期五)派發。連同已派發的中期股息每股港幣一仙(二 零一三年:港幣一仙)以及特別股息每股港幣零點五 仙(二零一三年:無),本年度全年股息為每股港幣 二點五仙(二零一三年:港幣二仙)。

業務概況及前瞻 香港/中國內地業務 ^{概覽}

回顧年度內,在「非常規貨幣政策」的支持下,美國 經濟逐步復甦,歐洲市況轉趨穩定,日本等其他市 場亦有所改善:這些發展帶來較佳的市場環境。集 團採取多項措施,包括:(i)積極強化營銷活動,主力 拓展高增長行業:(ii)發揮創新設計及先進生產優勢: 及(iii)提升集團靈活度及應對能力,因而成功增加歐 美訂單及改善單價,並進一步開拓中國內銷及日本 市場。

內部方面,集團全面強化及年輕化營銷團隊,投放 更多資源加強精益管理和自動化以節省成本,並進 一步監控存貨及資本投資。由於原材料和燃料價格 轉趨穩定,有助集團控制成本及規劃預算。

基於上述因素,集團截至二零一四年三月三十一日 止年度之銷售額和盈利均有增長。然而,增長幅度 受到限制,原因之一是內地勞工成本持續上升。回 顧年度內,集團所有內地廠之最低工資均告攀升: 廣州和蘇州分別於二零一三年五月和二零一三年七 月以雙位數調升,深圳於二零一三年三月以單位數 調升後再於二零一四年三月以雙位數調升,而韶關 則於二零一三年五月以單位數調升。除最低工資外, 社保亦相應增加,令集團的經營成本進一步上升。



關於 Team Green / GreenTaNet About Team Green / GreenTaNet

Team Green / GreenTaNet 正式成立於2012年,現已發展 成為以創新概念生產環保日常用品的佼佼者。我們以推廣再 生、可循環、有利於地球生態環保的創新產品及生活理念為 宗旨,以減少科技及工業發展對現有生活環境造成的破壞。



TEAM GREEN

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Established in 2012, Team Green / GreenTaNet is becoming the global leader in pioneering innovative 'Eco-friendly' everyday products for sustainable, recyclable and earth-friendly living out of realisation to forestall wreaking havoc on our environment in a plethora of ways.



多份報刊介紹Team Green品牌旗下產品 Newspapers and magazines introducing products of Team Green



Moreover, two other reasons suppressed the Group's extent of improvement. The first reason was seasonal factors. In line with tradition, orders received from sectors such as the toys industry were less in the second half of the year ended 31st March, 2014. Another reason was the fluctuation of orders, which happened in the first half and became more pronounced during the second half of the financial year. The phenomenon reflected uncertainty weighing on the global economic outlook, with some customers shifting to products with shorter cycles and/or smaller production runs. A few customers chose to reduce their orders as the marketplace lacked strength.

The management believes that such challenges will continue to confront the Group in the coming year. As such, the management is taking a number of counter measures with specific targets. First, for the further improvement of the Group's cost efficiency, the Group is reinforcing systems including lean manufacturing and automation while introducing value stream mapping and central purchasing. The Group is also expanding its capacity in Malaysia and reviewing the Group's operations in China for better utilization. Second, for the enhancement of the Group's sales and marketing strategy, the Group apart from building up a stronger marketing team with a sharpened focus has also categorized its businesses into four major sectors, namely: (i) proprietary products with confidentiality undertaking; (ii) packaging including luxury packaging and specialty printing; (iii) children's books and greeting cards; and (iv) original design manufacturing (ODM) and original brand manufacturing (OBM) businesses. Moreover, as a longer-term endeavour, new markets will be actively explored in the Middle East, South America and Russia. Last but not least, the Group is revitalizing its management team with younger talent and entrepreneurship and adopting an accountability system.

The management believes that these measures will enable the Group to meet the challenges and seize the opportunities. In the meantime, the management is mindful of the uncertainty in the global market, and is prudently managing the Group's cash flow and customers' credit as a safeguard against risks.

主席報告

此外,另有兩項因素拖低本集團年度內之增長。其 一為季節性因素,一如以往,二零一四年度下半年 來自玩具業等傳統行業之訂單較上半年少。其二為 訂單的波動性,這個情況在上半年度已出現,但在 下半年度顯著加劇,反映環球經濟前景仍未明朗, 部分客戶因而轉為生產週期較短及/或批量較小的產 品,而少數客戶則基於市場起伏不定而選擇減少下 訂單。

管理層相信,集團未來一年仍需面對上述挑戰,故 此集團設定清晰目標及採取多項應對措施。首先, 為進一步提升成本效益,集團將加強精益管理和自 動化,注入價值流系統,實施中央採購,並增加馬 來西亞廠的生產力及探討方法以提升內地業務的資 源效益。其次,為強化營銷策略及鎖定目標市場, 集團除強化營銷團隊外,並將業務劃分為四大板塊, 分別為:(i)保密項目:(ii)包裝業務,包括華麗包裝 及特殊印刷;(iii)兒童圖書和賀卡類業務;(iv)自主設 計(ODM)及自家品牌(OBM)製造業務。此外,作為長 線規劃,集團將積極開拓中東、南美和俄羅斯等新 市場。最後,集團積極構建年輕化新團隊,實施問 責經營,主力改革創新。

管理層深信,該等措施有助本集團應對挑戰及掌握 機遇。與此同時,管理層對環球市場的不確定性保 持警惕,並將繼續審慎管理集團之現金流及客戶信 貸以防範風險。





國際認證 International Accreditation



















Southern China Operation

The Group's southern China operation recorded a profit in the first six months, but was adversely affected by seasonal factors and a higher fluctuation of orders during the second half of the financial year. The impact was exemplified during the Chinese Lunar Year holiday in 2014, which fell between late January and early February, when workers took long leave and production was interrupted. As a result of the setback in the second half, the southern China operation suffered a loss for the full year. Nevertheless, the loss was smaller than that of last year.

Turnover of the southern China operation increased slightly during the year under review, with paper products being the major contributor. However, the printing and packaging division registered a decline in sales due to intense market competition and unsteady orders from the toys sector. By expanding into greeting cards and luxury packaging, the southern China operation managed to tap business from other sectors such as food, cosmetics and information technology.

To enhance its sales and profit, the southern China operation is introducing sophisticated electronic components to greeting cards and paper products to open new areas of opportunity for customers. Moreover, it is actively expanding into original design manufacturing (ODM) and original brand manufacturing (OBM), taking Japan as the first market for development. In this regard, the Group attended Japan's leading trade fair Giftex World 2013 in June 2013 to showcase our innovative products such as Paper Speaker and Plywood Puzzle, which received favourable response from visitors and local media.

Moving forward, the southern China operation will continue with its effort to penetrate new markets while expanding domestic sales in China. The management expects more orders from the information technology sector in the coming year with the launches of new products by customers. Internally, cost-saving systems such as lean manufacturing, automation, value stream mapping, and central purchasing will be introduced or reinforced to increase the cost efficiency of the southern China operation. In addition, more orders that are labour intensive in nature will be allocated to Shaoguan to take advantage of the relatively lower costs there. The management will also explore other means to better utilize the Group's manufacturing network and resources in southern China.

主席報告

華南業務

集團華南業務在財政年度之上半年度錄得盈利,但 在下半年度受到季節性因素及訂單波動加劇之負面 影響;加上二零一四年的春節假期由一月底持續至 二月初,員工跨月休假影響生產安排,因此華南業 務下半年度未能保持盈利,全年度計錄得虧損,但 虧損額較去年為少。

回顧年度內,華南業務之營業額輕微上升,主要由 紙類製品增長帶動。印刷和包裝銷售則下降,此乃 由於市場競爭激烈及玩具業客戶訂單疲弱所致。因 此,集團著力拓展賀卡及華麗包裝銷售,並開拓食 品、化妝品和資訊科技等行業。

為提升銷售和盈利,華南業務研發精密電子組件, 為賀卡及紙類製品客戶提供新的商機:並以日本作 為首個拓展市場,積極進軍自主設計(ODM)及自家 品牌(OBM)製造業務。二零一三年六月,集團參加了 日本享負盛名的商貿展 — Giftex World 2013,展出 優質產品如紙製擴音器及木拼圖等,吸引了市場和 當地媒體關注,取得良好成果。

展望未來, 華南業務將繼續開拓新市場及拓展中國 內銷業務; 管理層預期, 今年來自資訊科技行業之 訂單, 將隨著客戶推出新產品而遞增。內部方面, 華南業務加強精益管理和自動化, 注入價值流系統, 並實施中央採購, 全面提升成本效益。此外, 集團 將會把更多勞工密集訂單分配到韶關廠, 以當地相 對較低的成本來發揮競爭優勢。管理層亦會探討其 他方案, 加強發揮華南業務網絡和資源效益。 As part of its effort to (i) increase automation and improve efficiency; and (ii) expand the ODM and OEM businesses, the Group has been developing custom-made machinery and brand-name products. In order to protect the intellectual rights for the design as well the trademark, the Group applies for patents from the State Intellectual Property Office of the PRC. As of to date, the Group has 32 registered patents for invention and utility model, and is waiting for approval for 8 applications.

In March 2013, Starlite Printers (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd obtained the Quality Safety certificate from the General Administration of Quality Supervision, Inspection and Quarantine certifying that the food packaging materials and production process of the company is clean, non-toxic and harmless. This authentication provides an endorsement for the Group's professionalism as it expands into the food packaging market.

In March 2014, Starlite Printers (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd was granted "The Lean Best Practice Award", its second year of receiving such honour. Bestowed by Hallmark, the largest greeting card company in the United States, the award recognized the Group's effort and performance in the Lean Factory Assessment made by Hallmark. Being one of the three winners of this Award, Starlite shared its experience with participants from more than 30 major suppliers attending the 2014 Hallmark Supplier Summit.

Eastern China Operation

Following its turnaround in 2013, the eastern China operation managed to sustain a profit for the year ended 31st March, 2014. However, both sales and profitability were driven down by rising labour costs and a fluctuation of orders that was more pronounced in the second half of the financial year.

Notwithstanding this setback, the eastern China operation has been able to benefit from its focused strategy, winning orders of large quantity from multinational customers and obtaining better pricing by offering high quality and innovative packaging solutions and specialty printing services. This strategy also facilitated the Group's expansion of domestic sales in China, with orders covering printing and packaging as well as labels printing.

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為(i)加強自動化效益及(ii)拓展自主設計和自家品牌 製造業務,集團研發多項機器設備及品牌產品,並 向中國國家知識產權局申請專利,以保障集團的設 計和商標知識產權。現時集團已獲得三十二項發明 專利及實用新型專利,並有八項專利申請在審批中。

二零一三年三月,星光印刷(深圳)有限公司獲國家 質量監督檢驗檢疫總局頒授「全國工業產品生產許 可證」,證明其生產線符合生產食品用紙包裝、容器 等製品之標準,用於食品包裝的物料皆為潔淨及無 毒無害。許可證確認了集團的專業生產,有利集團 開發食品包裝市場。

二零一四年三月,星光印刷(深圳)有限公司再度榮 獲由美國最大賀卡禮品公司 — 豪馬(Hallmark)頒發 的「最佳精益工廠評估獎項」年度殊榮,再次肯定星 光在精益管理評估中的優秀表現。星光是三家精益 管理得獎企業之一,在二零一四年Hallmark亞洲供 應商年會上,與逾三十個主要供應商分享經驗。

華東業務

繼二零一三年轉虧為盈後,華東業務於截至二零一 四年三月三十一日止年度仍能錄得盈利,但由於勞 工成本上升及下半年度之訂單波動加劇,華東業務 的營業額和盈利均被拖低。

儘管如此,華東業務憑藉專注策略,為跨國客戶提 供高品質的印刷服務和創新的包裝解決方案,成功 取得大型企業訂單;並以包裝印刷和特殊印刷為策 略重點,積極開拓中國內銷市場。

In the coming year, the eastern China operation will continue to tighten its cost control and seek for higher saving through further implementation of lean manufacturing and automation. On the sales side, the management looks forward to more domestic business from multinational companies in the technology, media and telecommunications sectors and local companies tapping the growing economy of the Yangtze River Delta.

Southeast Asia Operation

During the year under review, the southeast Asia operation recorded an increase in turnover but a decline in profit. Sales at Starlite Printers (Far East) Pte Ltd, our Singapore subsidiary, fell slightly while the new factory in Johor, Malaysia saw higher sales. Overall, the setback can be attributed to intensified market competition, unsteady demand in major markets, higher production costs, and the overlapping of costs and resources resulted from the parallel running of the Singapore and Malaysia plants.

Looking ahead, while the negative effect of parallel running is expected to continue in the coming year, the management believes that such effect will gradually diminish as the Malaysia plant is reaching full-scale operations with higher efficiency. Such stronger capacity will enable the Singapore subsidiary to increase its competitiveness, capitalizing on its core competence in printing and packaging to provide customers with more costeffective manufacturing and fulfilment services. It will also enable the Southeast Asia operation to seek further growth in Australia and New Zealand.

The Singapore subsidiary was selected for a Merit Award and a Gold Award in the 3R Packaging Awards 2014 in recognition for the Singapore subsidiary's effort in reducing waste. The 3R Packaging Awards are an initiative of the Singapore Packaging Agreement to encourage companies to reduce product packaging through optimizing production processes, redesigning packaging, and increasing the reuse and recycling of packaging waste.

Moreover, the Singapore subsidiary won major awards in the Singapore Packaging Star Awards 2013, the AsiaStar Awards 2013 and the WorldStar Packaging Awards 2013. It has one of the longest winning streaks in the Singapore Packaging Star Awards of nine consecutive years. The AsiaStar Award is organized by the Asian Packaging Federation while the WorldStar competition is organized by the World Packaging Organization.

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未來一年,華東業務將繼續加強成本監控,進一步 實施精益管理和自動化以節省開支。銷售方面,管 理層預期在資訊科技行業之跨國企業推動下,加上 內地公司正開發長江三角洲的經濟增長契機,有利 集團擴大中國內銷業務。

東南亞業務

回顧年度內,東南亞業務營業額上升但溢利下降。 新加坡附屬公司Starlite Printers (Far East) Pte Ltd營 業額微跌,馬來西亞柔佛新廠營業額則有增長。整 體而言,東南亞業務溢利下降乃由於市場競爭激烈、 主要客戶需求不穩、生產成本上升及新馬兩廠並行 運作導致部分成本重疊所致。

展望未來,儘管新馬兩廠並行運作對今年表現仍有 影響,但管理層相信,隨著馬來西亞廠邁向全面運 作,影響程度將逐漸消退。當大馬廠擴大產能後, 新加坡附屬公司可為客戶提供成本效益更佳的印刷 及包裝服務,發揮其競爭優勢,進一步拓展澳洲和 新西蘭等新市場。

新加坡附屬公司年內獲得「3R包裝大獎2014」優異獎 和金獎,表彰其減少產品包裝浪費之成績。「3R包裝 大獎」是新加坡包裝協議(SPA)的倡舉,藉此鼓勵企 業優化生產流程,重新設計包裝,提高包裝廢棄物 的再利用和回收。

此外,新加坡附屬公司獲得「新加坡包裝星獎」、「亞 洲星獎」及「世界星獎」多個獎項,是連續九年奪得「新 加坡包裝星獎」的常勝將軍之一。「亞洲星獎」由亞洲 包裝聯合會舉辦,「世界星獎」則由世界包裝組織舉 辦。

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LIQUIDITY AND FINANCIAL RESOURCES

The Group's sources of funding include cash generated from the Group's operations and banking facilities provided to the Group by banks mainly in Hong Kong and Mainland China. As at 31st March, 2014, the Group's cash and bank balances and short-term bank deposits amounted to approximately HK\$227 million.

During the year under review, the interest expense of the Group amounted to approximately HK\$10 million compared to approximately HK\$9 million recorded last year. Currently, the Group has Renminbi-denominated loan facilities amounting to approximately RMB15 million that are available for the Group's Shenzhen, Guangzhou, Shaoguan and Suzhou plants for working capital purposes.

As at 31st March, 2014, the Group had a working capital surplus of approximately HK\$157 million compared to a working capital surplus of approximately HK\$110 million as at 31st March, 2013. The Group's net gearing ratio as at 31st March, 2014 was 8% (31st March, 2013: 8%), based on short-term and long-term bank borrowings, finance lease obligation and bill payables, net of bank balance and cash of approximately HK\$44 million (31st March, 2013: HK\$46 million), and shareholders' funds of approximately HK\$559 million (31st March, 2013: HK\$561 million).

CHARGE ON ASSETS

As at 31st March, 2014, certain assets of the Group with an aggregate book carrying value of approximately HK\$42 million (31st March, 2013: HK\$50 million) were pledged to secure the banking facilities of the Group.

EXCHANGE RATE EXPOSURE

All the Group's assets, liabilities and transactions are denominated in Hong Kong dollars, US dollars, Chinese Renminbi, Japanese Yen, Singapore dollars or Euro. The exchange rate of US dollars/Hong Kong dollars is relatively stable due to the current peg system in Hong Kong. The Renminbi-denominated sales revenue helps to set off the Group's commitments of Renminbi-denominated operating expenses in Mainland China, accordingly reducing Renminbi exchange rate exposure. Transaction values involving Japanese Yen or Euro were primarily related to the Group's purchase of machinery and such exposures were generally hedged by forward contracts.

流動資金及財務資源

集團的主要資金來源,包括業務經營帶來的現金收 入及中港兩地銀行界提供的信貸融資。截至二零一 四年三月三十一日,集團的現金和銀行結餘及短期 銀行存款共約二億二千七百萬港元。

回顧年度內,集團的利息支出約為一千萬港元,去 年約為九百萬港元。現時,集團約有一千五百萬人 民幣銀行貸款額度,乃為集團位於深圳、廣州、韶 關及蘇州的生產基地提供營運資金。

於二零一四年三月三十一日,集團營運資金錄得約 一億五千七百萬港元盈餘,而二零一三年三月三十 一日則有約一億一千萬港元盈餘。集團截至當日的 淨債務權益比率為百分之八(二零一三年三月三十 一日:百分之八),乃根據短期及長期帶息銀行借款、 財務契約債務及應付票據,減銀行存款及現金約四 千四百萬港元(二零一三年三月三十一日:四千六百 萬港元),與股東權益約五億五千九百萬港元(二零 一三年三月三十一日:五億六千一百萬港元)計算。

資產抵押

於二零一四年三月三十一日,本集團合共賬面淨值 約四千二百萬港元(二零一三年三月三十一日:五千 萬港元)之資產已按予銀行作為後者授予本集團貸 款之抵押。

匯兑風險

本集團大部分資產、負債及交易均以港元、美元、 人民幣、日圓、新加坡元或歐元結算。香港現行之 聯繫匯率制度令美元/港元匯率相對穩定。而集團 現有以人民幣結算之銷售收益,有助減低集團內地 附屬公司以人民幣結算之經營費用所承擔之貨幣風 險。至於涉及日圓和歐元之交易額,主要為集團購 買機器付出,並普遍以遠期合約對沖匯率風險。



HUMAN RESOURCES DEVELOPMENT

Currently the Group has more than 8,000 employees. The Group maintains good relationships with its employees, providing them with competitive packages, incentive schemes as well as various training programmes. The Group has maintained a Share Option Scheme under which share options can be granted to certain employees (including executive directors of the Company) as incentive for their contribution to the Group. Following the opening of the "Starlite Institute of Management", the Group provides various training and development programmes to staff on an ongoing basis. The Group will explore the possibility of launching other special training programmes with universities in Mainland China and education institutions abroad to enhance its staff quality.

SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

As a responsible corporation, the Group is committed to promoting social enhancement whilst developing its businesses, through active participation in social welfare and environmental protection activities to realize its mission. Regardless of where the Group operates, the Group treats the local communities as family members and strives to contribute to such communities.

In the past years, the Group has allocated significant resources to energy conservation and environmental protection, provided venues and platforms of training and job opportunities for young people, and actively supported help-poor and schooling campaigns as well as disaster relief efforts in China. Apart from providing financial support, the Group also contributes people and time to various charity drives. In many circumstances, the Group's Chairman makes initiative to organize joint efforts with other enterprises and friends to pool resources together for the maximum benefits of those in need.

人力資源發展

主席報告

集團現僱用超過八千名員工。集團與員工一直保持 良好關係,除為員工提供合理薪酬和獎勵外,並實 施各項員工技能培訓計劃。集團設有購股權計劃, 可選擇部分對集團有貢獻的員工(包括本公司執行 董事)授予購股權。隨著「星光管理學院」啟用,集團 致力為員工提供各項持續性的培訓及人才發展計劃。 集團將繼續研究與中國內地的大學和海外的教育機 構合作,開辦其他專業實用技術課程。

社會責任

作為一家負責任的企業,集團於積極發展業務之同時,亦貫徹致力社會發展信念,積極參與社會公益 及環保活動,切實履行企業責任。無論在何處經營 業務,我們都視該地區為集團一分子,定必盡力為 該地區作出貢獻。

過去數年,集團積極投入資源,促進節能和環境保 護,提供學習場地和平台,為年青人提供培訓及實 踐機會。另積極參與中國扶貧助學及賑災活動。除 了給予金錢資助外,集團更樂於獻出管理人員及員 工時間參與不同慈善機構活動。在很多情況下,集 團主席更主動聯繫眾企業及友好,匯聚資源,確保 有需要人士能獲享最大裨益。

During the year under review, the Group and its staff made financial and other support to the following organizations:

- The Hong Kong Seagulls Scholarship Scheme
- Support to Student in Jiaying University
- The Federation of Hong Kong Guangzhou Community Organisations, with donation made to earthquake relief in SiChuan YaAn City
- Donation to Jiaying University's anniversary
- Scholarship Scheme in The Federation of Hong Kong Guangzhou Community Organisations
- Donation to Children's heart foundation

LOOKING AHEAD

In its latest Economic Outlook published in May 2014, the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD) has cut the global growth forecast from its November 2013 outlook, from 3.6% to 3.4% for 2014, although it kept its forecast for 2015 at 3.9%. Saying that the global economy is still strengthening, the report warned that significant risks remain and that structural reforms are essential "to enhance resilience and inclusiveness, strengthen growth and job prospects, and ease both external imbalances and long-term fiscal burdens." According to the report, among the major advanced economies, recovery is best established in the United States, whose economy is expected to grow by 2.6% in 2014 and 3.5% in 2015. The euro zone will see a return of positive growth after three years of contraction, reporting a growth of 1.2% this year and 1.7% next year, while Japan will expand by 1.2% both this year and next. China will again have the fastest growth among the BRIICS (Brazil, Russia, India, Indonesia, China, and South Africa), with rates just below 7.5% in 2014 and 2015.

回顧年度內,集團及其員工為多個機構提供財政和 其他援助,這些機構包括:

- 香港海鷗助學團獎學金贊助費
- 嘉應大學助學計劃

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- 香港廣東社團總會賑濟四川雅安市地震
- ▶ 嘉應大學校慶捐款
- 香港廣東社團總會助學金
- 兒童心臟基金捐款

未來展望

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經濟合作與發展組織(「經合組織」)於二零一四年五 月發佈的《經濟展望》報告中,把其對二零一四年世 界經濟增長預測,從去年十一月公佈的百分之三點 六下調至百分之三點四,對二零一五年的預測則維 持在百分之三點九。報告指世界經濟仍在復甦,但 警告説重大風險潛伏,各國須實施結構性改革以「增 加應變力和包容力,擴大經濟增長潛力,創造就業, 降低外部失衡及長期財政重擔」。報告認為,發達經 濟體中,美國經濟復甦態勢最為穩健,增速有望在 二零一四年達到百分之二點六,二零一五年提升至 百分之三點五。歐元區經濟在經歷連續三年的萎縮 後,將在二零一四年和二零一五年分別實現百分之 一點二和百分之一點七的增長,而日本在二零一四 年和二零一五年的經濟增速將為百分之一點二。新 興經濟體(巴西、俄羅斯、印度、印尼、中國和南非 六國)中,中國經濟增速仍將穩居首位,預計今明兩 年均僅低於百分之七點五。

The OECD's forecasts give credence to the Group's strategy of seeking growth while cautiously watching for risks; and maintaining exposure to the United States and European markets while expanding domestic sales in China and diversifying into other markets. As part of this strategy, the Group is also reinforcing its flexibility and adaptability while taking measures such as the launch of the Malaysia plant to increase the cost competitiveness of the southeast Asia operation. The strategy is implemented through the fundamental strengthening and rejuvenation of the management team to carry out plans with clear objectives and accountability. Some initial success has been seen and more is likely to come as the management moves ahead to seek improvement for the Group.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

On behalf of the Board, I would like to thank our shareholders, customers, bankers, suppliers and friends in the community for their continued support and all our staff for their loyalty and dedication.

On behalf of the Board	承董事會命
Lam Kwong Yu	主席
Chairman	林光如
Hong Kong, 25th June, 2014	香港,二零一四年六月二十五日

主席報告

經合組織的預測,為集團的策略提供客觀印證。集 團積極尋求增長,同時謹慎留意風險:除保持在美 國和歐洲市場的份額,並同時擴大中國內銷及拓展 其他市場。作為策略的一部份,集團加強其靈活性 和適應力,同時採取措施例如發展大馬新廠以增加 東南亞業務競爭力。此外,通過管理團隊的吐故納 新,強身壯體,集團釐定清晰目標落實計劃,全面 執行問責制,現已取得初步成果。管理層定必悉力 以赴,進一步提升集團表現。

致謝

本人謹代表董事會,衷心感謝各位股東、客戶、銀 行界、供應商以及社會友好給予本集團的鼎力支持, 更感謝盡忠職守、忠心不渝的全體員工。 Following the last fiscal year, 2013/2014 continued to saw the Group facing a challenging environment, as years of downturn in the United States and European markets prevailed in suppressing demand and pricing. Under the circumstances, some of our plants experienced insufficient work and lower profit margins. Moreover, our four plants in southern and eastern China were affected by an increase of 7% to 19% in wages, as well as a rise in social welfare contributions. Furthermore, as settlement currencies for exports, the US dollar weakened by 2% against the Renminbi, which added further burden to our operating costs. The manufacturing industry was driven to an elimination race and this survival game presented all players with a severe test.

In the face of this challenging operating environment, the Group strengthened its sales and marketing by building up a new team pioneered by younger talent with passion, creativity and drive. The Group also adopted a human resources policy — primarily through internal promotion and aided by external recruitment — to combine the professionalism, dynamism and optimism of the old, middle-aged, and young for its operating teams. Moreover, the Group continued to reinforce lean manufacturing and introduce value stream mapping with some initial success. As always, we maintained prudent financial management. Our central purchasing scheme has been moving on the right track and contributing to our cost cutting.

Having commemorated the 20th anniversary of our listing, the Group took the opportunity to review our diversified businesses since incorporation and systematically grouped them into four major sectors, namely: (i) proprietary products with confidentiality undertaking; (ii) packaging including luxury packaging and specialty printing; (iii) children's books and greeting cards; and (iv) original design manufacturing (ODM) and original brand manufacturing (OBM) businesses that we sought to expand in recent years through e-commerce to reach the end-user market consumers. Ultimately, the Group is accountable to shareholders for our results while the managers of the subsidiaries and associates are accountable for their performance.

主席函件

繼上一年度,2013/2014集團連續多年面對歐美市場 不景氣,需求呆滯,價格緊縮,導致部份工廠開工 嚴重不足和邊際利潤萎縮。同時,在中國華南和華 東四家工廠,分別受到工資上升7%至19%壓力外, 員工福利進一步增加,加上以美元外銷結算貨幣, 兑換人民幣下降2%,使得經營成本雪上加霜,加劇 了製造業進入淘汰週期,同業中在優勝劣敗的博弈 中嚴酷考驗著經營者。

集團應對經營環境空前挑戰,我們強化營銷,構建 以年輕人為首,富朝氣、創意和戰鬥力的新團隊。 與此同時,以公司內部晉升為主,招納新人為輔的 人事策略,組建了專業、活力和鬥志昂揚的老中青 營運團隊,繼續廣泛開展精益管理,注入價值流系 統,取得了初步效益。一如既往,我們執行穩健理 財方針,中央統籌採購逐步納入軌道,為開源節流 增添力量。

我們度過了集團上市20周年,藉此,梳理了創業以 來的多元業務。系統的劃分為四大板塊:第一板塊 是多種類包裝的保密項目;第二板塊為傳統包裝業 務,加上近年拓展的精品包裝;第三板塊為傳統的 兒童書和賀卡類業務;第四板塊為近年鋭意發展的 原創產品和自家品牌,通過電子商務,將星光產品 伸展至終端市場服務消費者。歸根結底,集團以盈 利向大小股東負責,經營以各分公司總經理問責。



CHAIRMAN'S LETTER

On behalf of the Group and the management, I would like to thank Starlite people for their dedicated effort in making change and innovation and their humble mind in seeking improvement amidst good and bad times. I would also like to thank our customers, suppliers and bankers for their strong support to Starlite in the past decades. We at Starlite are becoming more mature, more professional and more high-spirited as we enter into Starlite' s second era of entrepreneurship!

我謹代表董事會及管理委員會,感謝星光人,無論 順境逆境,以謙卑的心態,虛心學習力求進步,竭 盡全力改革和創新;感謝客戶、供應商及銀行界, 幾十年如一日對星光發展壯大的大力支持。星光人 將以更成熟、更專業、更飽滿的精神進入企業第二 次創業元年!

On behalf of the Board	承董事會命
Lam Kwong Yu	主席
Chairman	林光如

Hong Kong, 25th June, 2014

香港,二零一四年六月二十五日

主席函件

財務摘要

CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENTS

綜合收益表

		Year ended 31st March, 截至三月三十一日止年度					
		2014 2013 2012 2011 201					
		二零一四年	二零一三年	二零一二年	二零一一年	二零一零年	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	
Revenue	收入	1,456,556	1,427,544	1,359,676	1,545,238	1,182,639	
Operating profit/(loss)	經營溢利/(虧損)	36,875	27,849	(12,644)	46,447	54,227	
Profit/(loss) for the year attributable to the equity holders of the	年內本公司 權益持有人 應佔溢利/						
Company	(虧損)	15,057	9,357	(24,125)	25,060	41,212	
Dividends	股息	13,128	10,502	10,502	13,128	13,081	
Basic earnings/(losses) per share attributable to the equity holders of the Company	年內本公司權益 持有人應佔每股 基本盈利/ (虧損)(港仙)						
(HK cents)		2.87	1.78	(4.59)	4.78	7.92	

FINANCIAL SUMMARY

財務摘要

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL 综合財務狀況表 POSITION

		As at 31st March, 2014 於二零一四年 三月三十一日 HK\$'000 千港元	31st March, 2013	31st March, 2012 於二零一二年 三月三十一日 HK\$'000	2011 於二零一一年	2010 於二零一零年
Non-current assets	非流動資產	489,512	477,184	465,965	478,261	491,302
Current assets	流動資產	608,195	583,359	548,051	589,370	544,432
Current liabilities	流動負債	(450,948)	(473,543)	(418,919)	(425,990)	(426,698)
Net current assets	流動資產淨額	157,247	109,816	129,132	163,380	117,734
Total assets less current liabilities	總資產減流動 負債	646,759	587,000	595,097	641,641	609,036
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債	(87,997)	(25,773)	(39,948)	(58,524)	(64,268)
Net assets	資產淨值	558,762	561,227	555,149	583,117	544,768
Shareholders' equity	股東權益	558,762	561,227	555,149	583,117	544,768

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REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

The Directors have the pleasure of presenting their annual report together with the audited financial statements of Starlite Holdings Limited ("the Company") and its subsidiaries ("the Group") for the year ended 31st March, 2014.

Principal activities

The Company is an investment holding company. Its subsidiaries are principally engaged in the printing and manufacturing of packaging materials, labels and paper products, including environmental friendly paper products.

Details of the Group's revenue and segment results are set out in Note 5 to the accompanying financial statements.

Major customers and suppliers

For the year ended 31st March, 2014, the five largest customers accounted for approximately 34% of the Group's total revenue and the five largest suppliers accounted for approximately 20% of the Group's total purchases. In addition, the largest customer accounted for approximately 14% of the Group's revenue while the largest supplier accounted for approximately 8% of the Group's total purchases.

None of the directors, their associates, or any shareholder (which, to the knowledge of the Company's Directors, owned more than 5% of the Company's share capital) had a beneficial interest in the Group's five largest customers or suppliers.

Results and appropriations

Details of the Group's results for the year ended 31st March, 2014 are set out in the consolidated income statement on page 54 of this annual report.

The Directors have declared an interim dividend of HK1 cent per ordinary share, and a special dividend of HK0.5 cent per share totalling approximately HK\$7,877,000, which was paid on 21st February, 2014.

The Directors recommend the payment of a final dividend of HK1 cent per ordinary share, totalling approximately HK\$5,251,000, and recommend that the Group's retained profits of approximately HK\$295,805,000 be carried forward.

董事會報告

董事會欣然提呈星光集團有限公司(「本公司」)及其 附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)截至二零一四年三月 三十一日止年度之年報及經審核財務報表。

主要業務

本公司乃一投資控股公司。其附屬公司主要從事印 刷及製造包裝材料、標籤,及紙類製品,包括環保 紙類產品。

本集團之收入及分部業績之詳情載於隨附財務報表 附註5。

主要客戶及供應商

截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度,本集團最大 五位客戶佔本集團總收入約34%,而最大五家供應 商佔本集團採購總額約20%。另外,本集團之最大 客戶佔本集團總收入14%,而最大供應商佔本集團 採購總額約8%。

各董事、彼等之聯繫人士或任何股東(指就本公司董 事會所知擁有本公司股本超過5%之股東)概無擁有 本集團五大客戶或五大供應商之實質權益。

業績及分配

本集團截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度之業績 詳情載於本年報第54頁之綜合收益表。

董事會議決派發中期股息,每股港幣一仙,及特別 股息,每股港幣零點五仙共約7,877,000港元,有關 股息並已於二零一四年二月二十一日派發。

董事會建議派發末期股息,每股港幣一仙,共約 5,251,000港元,並建議將集團保留溢利約 295,805,000港元結轉。

Share capital and employee share options

Details of movements in share capital and the employee share option scheme of the Company are set out in Notes 27 and 28, respectively, to the accompanying financial statements.

Reserves

Movements in reserves of the Group and the Company during the year are set out in Note 29 to the accompanying financial statements.

As at 31st March, 2014, the Company's retained profit of approximately HK\$28,963,000 was available for distribution to the Company's shareholders, of which approximately HK\$5,251,000 has been proposed as the final dividend for the year.

Purchase, sale or redemption of shares

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed shares during the year ended 31st March, 2014.

Pre-emptive rights

There is no provision for pre-emptive rights under the Company's Bye-laws and the laws in Bermuda.

Subsidiaries

Particulars of the subsidiaries are set out in Note 17 to the accompanying financial statements.

Property, plant and equipment

Details of movements in property, plant and equipment during the year are set out in Note 16 to the accompanying financial statements.

Bank loans

Particulars of bank loans as at 31st March, 2014 are set out in Notes 23 and 33 to the accompanying financial statements.

Pension schemes

Details of the pension schemes are set out in Note 9 to the accompanying financial statements.

Charitable contributions

During the year, the Group made charitable contributions of approximately HK\$349,000 (2013: HK\$201,000).

董事會報告

股本及僱員購股權

本公司股本變動及僱員購股權計劃之詳情分別載於 隨附之財務報表附註27及28。

儲備

本集團及本公司於年內之儲備變動載於隨附之財務 報表附註29。

於二零一四年三月三十一日,本公司可供派發予股 東之保留溢利約28,963,000港元,其中約5,251,000港 元已建議作為本年度末期股息派付。

購買、出售或贖回股份

本公司或其任何附屬公司於截至二零一四年三月 三十一日止年度並無購買、出售或贖回任何本公司 上市股份。

優先購股權 本公司細則及百慕達法例並無授予優先購股權之條 款。

附屬公司 附屬公司之詳情載於隨附之財務報表附註17。

物業、廠房及設備

年內物業、廠房及設備之變動詳情載於隨附之財務 報表附註16。

銀行貸款

於二零一四年三月三十一日,銀行貸款之詳情載於 隨附之財務報表附註23及33。

退休金計劃 退休金計劃之詳情載於隨附之財務報表附註9。

慈善捐款 年內,本集團捐出約349,000港元(二零一三年: 201,000港元)之款項作慈善用途。

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REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

Directors and directors' service contracts

The directors who held office during the year and up to the date of this report are:

Executive Directors

Mr. Lam Kwong Yu (*Chairman*) Mr. Tai Tzu Shi, Angus (*Senior Vice President*) Mr. Cheung Chi Shing, Charles (*Senior Vice President*)

Non-Executive Director

Ms. Yeung Chui

Independent Non-Executive Directors

Mr. Chan Yue Kwong, Michael Mr. Kwok Lam-Kwong, Larry, *BBS, JP* Mr. Tam King Ching, Kenny

In accordance with the Bye-laws of the Company, all of the directors will retire at the forthcoming annual general meeting and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election.

None of the directors has an unexpired contract with the Group which is not terminable by the Group within one year without payment of compensation (other than statutory compensation).

Independent Non-Executive Directors' confirmation of independence

The Company has received independence confirmation from each of the Independent Non-Executive Directors, namely Mr. Chan Yue Kwong, Michael, Mr. Kwok Lam-Kwong, Larry, *BBS*, *JP* and Mr. Tam King Ching, Kenny pursuant to rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules, and considers them to be independent.

董事及董事服務合約 於本年度及截至本年報刊發日之在任董事為:

執行董事 林光如先生(*主席)* 戴祖璽先生(高級副總裁) 張志成先生(高級副總裁)

董事會報告

非執行董事 楊翠女士

獨立非執行董事

陳裕光先生 郭琳廣*, _{銅紫荊星章, 太平紳士* 譚競正先生}

根據本公司之細則,各董事全部將於應屆股東週年 大會退任,惟均願膺選連任。

本集團並無與各董事訂立不可於一年內毋須補償(法 定補償除外)而終止之未屆滿合約。

獨立非執行董事之獨立性確認函件

本公司已接獲各獨立非執行董事,即陳裕光先生、 郭琳廣, *鋼紫荊星章,太平紳士*及譚競正先生根據上市規 則第3.13條發出的獨立性確認函件,本公司並認為 彼等均為獨立。

董事會報告

Directors' interests in shares and share options

As at 31st March, 2014, the interest of the Directors and Chief Executive of the Company in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance ("SFO")) which were required to be notified to the Company and The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests or short positions which they were taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO), or which were recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 352 of the SFO, or which were required, pursuant to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the "Listing Rules"), to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange, were as follows:

董事於股份及購股權之權益

於二零一四年三月三十一日,本公司董事及主要行 政人員於本公司或其任何相聯法團(定義見證券及 期貨條例(「證券及期貨條例」)第XV部)的股份、相關 股份及債券中擁有根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第7 及第8分部須知會本公司及香港聯合交易所有限公 司(「聯交所」)的權益或淡倉(包括彼等根據證券及期 貨條例之該等條文被假設或視為擁有之權益或淡 倉),或記載於本公司按證券及期貨條例第352條須 置存之登記冊內的權益或淡倉,或根據聯交所證券 上市規則(「上市規則」)須知會本公司及聯交所的權 益或淡倉如下:

Long positions in Shares

於股份之好倉

Name of Director	Capacity		Personal interests	Family interests	Corporate interests	Total	Approximate % of Shareholding 佔股權之概約
董事姓名	身份		個人權益	家族權益	公司權益	總數	百分比
Mr. Lam Kwong Yu 林光如先生	Beneficial owner and interest of spouse	實益擁有及 配偶權益	189,149,477	21,784,000	-	210,933,477	40.17%
Ms. Yeung Chui 楊翠女士	Beneficial owner and interest of controlled corporation	寳益擁有及 受控制公司之權益	92,843,200	_	1,012,901 (Note 1) (附註1)	93,856,101	17.87%
Mr. Tai Tzu Shi, Angus 戴祖璽先生	Interest of spouse	配偶權益	_	18,000	-	18,000	0.003%
Mr. Cheung Chi Shing, Charles 張志成先生	Beneficial owner	寳益擁有	300,000	_	_	300,000	0.06%

Details of share options granted to Directors are separately disclosed under the heading of Share Option Scheme.

Note:

1. Dayspring Enterprises Limited held 1,012,901 shares in the Company. The entire issued share capital of the company is beneficially owned and controlled by Ms. Yeung Chui.

授予董事購股權之詳情於本文購股權計劃部份內載述。

附註:

 特暢企業有限公司持有本公司1,012,901股股份,該公司之全 部已發行股本均由楊翠女士實益擁有及控制。



Save as disclosed above, none of the Directors or Chief Executive of the Company had, as at 31st March, 2014, any interests or short positions in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) which would have to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests or short positions which they were taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO), or which were recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 352 of the SFO, or which were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Listing Rules.

Share option scheme

A new share option scheme has been adopted by the Company since 15th August, 2012 (the "New Share Option Scheme") to replace a share option scheme which had been adopted on 6th September, 2002 (the "Old Share Option Scheme") to comply with the current statutory requirements. The Company may grant options to the participants as set out in the New Share Option Scheme.

董事會報告

除上文所披露者外,於二零一四年三月三十一日, 本公司各董事及主要行政人員概無於本公司或其任 何相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨條例第XV部)之股份、 相關股份或債券中擁有依據證券及期貨條例第XV部 第7及第8分部規定須通知本公司及聯交所之權益及 淡倉(包括彼等根據證券及期貨條例之該等條文被 當作或視為擁有之權益或淡倉),或記載於本公司按 證券及期貨條例第352條須置存之登記冊內之權益 或淡倉,或根據上市規則須知會本公司及聯交所之 權益或淡倉。

購股權計劃

本公司由二零一二年八月十五日起已採納新購股權 計劃(「新購股權計劃」)以取代於二零零二年九月六 日採納之購股權計劃(「舊購股權計劃」),以符合現 行之法定要求。本公司可按新購股權計劃所列向參 與人士授予購股權。

Summary of the New Share Option Scheme was as follows:

 Purpose of the New Share Option Scheme 新購股權計劃目的 	To provide participants with the opportunity to acquire proprietary interests in the Company and to encourage participants to work towards enhancing the value of the Company and its shares.
私 X円 /1X /作 ロ 単] ロ リリ	為參與人士提供獲得本公司所有權之機會,並鼓勵參與人士致力擴大本 公司及其股份之價值。
2. Participants of the New Share Option Scheme	(i) Any full-time employee of the Company or of any subsidiary; and
新購股權計劃的參與人士	 (ii) Any executive director and non-executive director (excluding independent non-executive directors) of the Company or of any subsidiary.
	(i) 本公司或其附屬公司之全職僱員;及

(ii) 本公司或其附屬公司之執行董事及非執行董事(不包括獨立非執行董事)。

新購股權計劃的摘要如下:

董事會報告

3. Total number of shares available for The Company may initially grant options representing 52,513,528 shares issue under the New Share Option under the New Share Option Scheme (i.e. approximately 10% of the issued Scheme and percentage of issued share share capital of the Company as at the date of the approval of the New capital as at the date of the annual Share Option Scheme). report The maximum number of shares which may be issued upon exercise of all 根據新購股權計劃可發行股份總數及於 outstanding options granted and yet to be exercised under the New Share Option Scheme and any other schemes adopted by the Company must not 本年報日期佔已發行股本百分比 exceed 30% of the shares in issue from time to time. No options may be granted under the New Share Option Scheme or any other share option scheme if that will result in the 30% limit being exceeded. 根據新購股權計劃,本公司初步可授予涉及52,513,528股股份(佔本公司 於採納新購股權計劃日期之已發行股本約10%)之購股權。 根據本公司採納之新購股權計劃及任何其他計劃授予而尚未行使之購股 權獲行使時而可發行之股份最高之數目不得超過不時已發行股份之 30%。倘根據新購股權計劃授予購股權將會超過30%上限,則不可授予購 股權。 4. Maximum entitlement of each participant The total number of shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of the under the New Share Option Scheme options granted and to be granted to each participant (including both exercised and outstanding options) under the New Share Option Scheme or 每位參與人十根據新購股權計劃可認購 any other share option scheme adopted by the Company in any 12 month 的最高數額 period must not exceed 1% of the shares in issue. 根據新購股權計劃以及本公司之任何其他購股權計劃,在任何十二個月 期間內, 向每位參與人士授予購股權而因行使購股權(包括已行使及尚未 行使之購股權)獲發行及將予發行之股份總數,不得超過已發行股份數目 之1%。 5. The period within which the shares must Must not be more than 10 years from the date of offer or grant of the be taken up under an option option. 根據購股權須認購股份的期限 自購股權提出授予之日起計不得超過十年。 6. The minimum period for which an An option may be exercised at any time during a period commencing on option must be held before it can be the expiry of 6 calendar months after the date of grant of the option, but exercised in any event not later than 10 years from the date of grant. 須於行使前持有購股權的最短期限 購股權可於由授予購股權當日起計六個曆月後任何時間行使,惟不得超 過該購股權授出日期十年以外。

7. The amount payable on application or acceptance of the option and the period within which payments or calls must or may be made or loans for such purposes must be paid

申請或接納購股權的應付金額以及付款 或通知付款的期限或償還申請購股權貸 款的期限

8. The basis of determining the exercise price

釐定行使價的基準

The amount payable on acceptance of an option is HK\$10 and an offer shall remain open for acceptance by the participant for a period of 28 days from the date on which the letter containing the offer is delivered to that participant.

董事會報告

接納購股權所須支付之代價為港幣10元。而參與人士可於收到要約函起 計二十八日期間內接納購股權。

The exercise price shall be determined by the Board in its absolute discretion and shall be at least the highest of:

- the closing price of the shares as stated in the daily quotations sheet issued by the Stock Exchange on the date of grant, which must be a business day; or
- the average closing price of the shares as stated in the daily quotation sheets issued by the Stock Exchange for the 5 business days immediately preceding the date of grant; or
- (iii) the nominal value of the shares on the date of grant.

購股權之行使價由董事會釐定,但最少以下列中最高者為準:

- (i) 股份於提出授予購股權當日(須為營業日)聯交所每日報價表所列 之收市價;或
- (ii) 股份於緊接提出授予購股權日期前五個交易日在聯交所每日報價 表所列之平均收市價;或
- (iii) 於授予購股權當日的股份面值。
- 9. The remaining life of the New Share Doption Scheme shall be valid and effective for a period of ten years commencing on the adoption date i.e. 15th August, 2012.

新購股權計劃的剩餘期限

新購股權計劃由採納日(即二零一二年八月十五日)起十年內一直生效及 有效。

During the year, no share option was granted under the New 年內,並無任何購股權按新購股權計劃而授出。 Share Option scheme.



Save as disclosed above, at no time during the year was the Company or any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangement to enable any of the Company's directors or members of its management to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate.

Directors' interests in contracts

Save as disclosed in Note 34 to the accompanying financial statements, no contract of significance in relation to the Group's business to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries or holding companies was a party and in which any of the Company's directors or members of its management had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

董事會報告

除上述披露者外,於年內任何時間,本公司及其任 何附屬公司概無參與任何安排,導致本公司董事或 其管理層成員藉收購本公司或任何其他法人團體之 股份或債券而獲益。

董事於合約內之利益

除於隨附之財務報表附註34披露者外,本公司或其 附屬公司於年終或年內任何時間,並無訂有任何與 本集團業務有關而本公司董事或管理層成員直接或 間接擁有其中重大利益之重要合約。

Substantial shareholders

So far as is known to any Director or Chief Executive of the Company, as at 31st March, 2014, shareholders (other than Directors or Chief Executive of the Company) who had interest or short positions in the shares or underlying shares of the Company which would fall to be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO, or which were recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 336 of the SFO were as follows:

主要股東

就本公司董事或最高行政人員所知,於二零一四年 三月三十一日,於本公司股份或相關股份中擁有根 據證券及期貨條例第XV部第2及第3分部的條文須向 本公司披露或記載於本公司按證券及期貨條例第 336條置存的登記冊內的權益或淡倉之股東(本公司 董事或最高行政人員除外)如下:

Long positions of substantial shareholder in the shares of the Company

主要股東於本公司股份之好倉

Name of shareholder	Capacity	Number of Shares	Approximate % of Shareholding 佔股權之概約
股東名稱	身份	股份數目	百分比
Ms. Yuen Lai Ping 袁麗萍女士	Beneficial owner and interest of spouse 實益擁有及配偶權益	210,933,477 (Note 1) (附註 1)	40.17%
Mr. Hui Wan Hon 許雲漢先生	Interests held jointly with another person 與其他人士共同擁有之權益	26,670,000 (Note 2) (附註 2)	5.08%

Notes:

2.

1. Ms. Yuen Lai Ping is the spouse of Mr. Lam Kwong Yu, she is deemed to be interest in the shares held by Mr. Lam Kwong Yu. The 210,933,477 shares including personal interest of 21,784,000 shares and interest of spouse for 189,149,477 shares. The shares held by Mr. Lam Kwong Yu and Ms. Yuen Lai Ping were the same block of shares.

附註: 1.

- 袁麗萍女士為林光如先生之配偶,她被視作擁有林光如先生 持有股份的權益。上述210,933,477股包括21,784,000股的個 人權益及189,149,477股的配偶權益。林光如先生及袁麗萍女 士持有的股份實指同一股份權益。
- These shares are jointly held by Mr. Hui Wan Hon and Ms. Ng Chee Yin 此等股份由許雲漢先生及Ng Chee Yin Susie Linda女士共同 持有。

Audit Committee

Susie Linda.

The Audit Committee is composed of all the three Independent Non-Executive Directors of the Company. The Audit Committee has reviewed with management the accounting principles and practice adopted by the Group and discussed auditing, internal control, and financial reporting matters, including the review of financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2014.

Remuneration Committee

The Remuneration Committee was set up with the responsibility of recommending to the Board the remuneration policy of all the Directors and the senior management. The Remuneration Committee composed of all the three Independent Non-Executive Directors of the Company.

審核委員會

本公司之審核委員會由本公司之所有三位獨立非執 行董事組成。本集團之審核委員會已與管理層審議 本集團採用之會計準則及常規,及商討審計、內部 監控及財務報告事項,包括審議此等截至二零一四 年三月三十一日之年度財務報表。

薪酬委員會

薪酬委員會的職責為向董事會建議所有董事及高級 管理層之酬金政策。薪酬委員會由本公司之所有三 位獨立非執行董事組成。

董事會報告

Nomination Committee

The Nomination Committee is currently composed of the Chairman of the Board, one Non-Executive Director and the three Independent Non-Executive Directors of the Company. The principal duties of the Nomination Committee include reviewing the structure, size and composition of the Board on a regular basis and making recommendations to the Board regarding any proposed changes.

Financial summary

A summary of the Group's financial information for the last five financial years is set out on pages 22 and 23 of this annual report.

Directors' interests in competing business

During the year ended 31st March, 2014, none of the Directors nor their respective associates had any interests in a business which competes or may compete with the businesses of the Company.

Sufficiency of public float

Based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of its Directors, the Directors confirm that the Company has maintained during the year under review the amount of public float as required under the Listing Rules.

Corporate governance

A report on the principal corporate governance practices adopted by the Company is set out on pages 34 to 48 of the annual report.

Auditor

The accompanying financial statements were audited by PricewaterhouseCoopers. A resolution for appointment of PricewaterhouseCoopers as the Company's auditors for the ensuring year, is to be proposed at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

On behalf of the Board	承董事會命
Lam Kwong Yu	主席
Chairman	林光如

Hong Kong, 25th June, 2014

董事會報告

提名委員會

提名委員會現時成員包括本公司董事會主席、一位 非執行董事及三位獨立非執行董事。提名委員會的 主要職責包括定期檢討董事會之架構、人數及組成 及就任何擬作出的變動向董事會提出建議。

財務摘要

本集團於過去五個財政年度之財務摘要詳情載於本 年報第22頁至23頁。

董事於競爭業務中的權益

截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度,董事及彼等 各自的聯繫人士概無於與本公司業務競爭或可能競 爭的業務中擁有任何權益。

公眾持股量的足夠性

根據本公司能夠取得之資料及董事之知情範圍以內, 董事確認,本公司於回顧年度內之公眾持股量維持 在上市規則所規定之數量。

企業管治

有關本公司採納之主要企業管治常規之報告載於年 報第34頁至48頁。

核數師

隨附之財務報表由羅兵咸永道會計師事務所審核。 有關重新聘請羅兵咸永道會計師事務所為本公司核 數師之決議案將於即將舉行之股東週年大會上提呈。

香港,二零一四年六月二十五日

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

Starlite Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (together the "Group") are committed to maintaining and upholding good corporate governance in order to protect the interests of shareholders and other stakeholders. The Company strives at ensuring high standards of corporate governance in the interests of shareholders and takes care to identify practices designed to achieve effective oversight, transparency and ethical behavior.

Throughout the year ended 31st March, 2014, the Company has complied with the Corporate Governance Code (the "CG Code") as set out in the then Appendix 14 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules"), except for the deviations as mentioned below.

This report includes information relating to corporate governance practices of the Company during the year ended 31st March, 2014 and significant events after that date and up to the date of this report.

DIRECTORS' SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") as set out in Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules for securities transactions by the Directors. All Directors have confirmed that they have complied with the required standard of dealings and code of conduct regarding securities dealings by directors as set out in the Model Code for the year ended 31st March, 2014.

企業管治常規

企業管治報告

為保障股東及其他利益相關者的利益,星光集團有限公司(「本公司」)及其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)致 力維持和強化高水準的企業管治。本公司致力保持 高水平的企業管治,以股東的利益為依歸,力求訂 立合適的政策,實行有效監管,提升公司透明度, 秉承應有的道德操守。

除下文所述偏離者外,截至二零一四年三月三十一 日止年度,本公司已遵守香港聯合交易所有限公司 證券上市規則(「上市規則」)附錄十四所載之企業管 治守則(「企業管治守則」)。

本報告包括於截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度 內有關本公司之企業管治常規之資料,及於該日期 後及截至本報告日期之重大事項。

董事之證券交易

本公司已就董事進行證券交易採納上市規則附錄十 所載上市公司董事進行證券交易的標準守則(「標準 守則」),全體董事均已確認,截至二零一四年三月 三十一日止年度,彼等一直遵守有關董事進行證券 交易之標準守則所載規定標準。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The Board

The Board is at the core of the Company's corporate governance framework, and there is clear division of responsibilities between the Board and the Management. The Board is responsible for providing high-level guidance and effective oversight of the Management. Generally, the Board is responsible for:

- formulating the Group's long-term strategy and monitoring the implementation thereof;
- reviewing and approving the annual business plan and financial budget;
- approving the annual and interim reports;
- reviewing and monitoring risk management and internal control;
- ensuring good corporate governance and compliance; and
- monitoring the performance of the Management.

The Board currently has seven members, comprising three Executive Directors, one Non-Executive Director and three Independent Non-Executive Directors. Independent Non-Executive Directors represented more than one-third of the Board members, thus exhibiting a strong independent element which enhanced independent judgement. Mr. Tam King Ching, Kenny, an Independent Non-Executive Director of the Company is a practicing CPA in Hong Kong and possesses appropriate professional qualifications and financial management expertise as required under the Listing Rules. A list containing the names, roles and functions of Directors is published on the websites of the Group and Hong Kong Exchanges and Clearing Limited (the "HKEX").

The Board is scheduled to meet at least four times a year to determine overall strategic direction and objectives and approve interim and annual results and other significant matters.

企業管治報告

董事會

董事會作為本公司治理架構核心,與管理層之間具 有明確分工。董事會負責給予管理層高層指引和有 效監控。一般而言,董事會負責:

- 制訂本集團的長期政策並監控其執行情況;
- 審批年度業務計劃和財務預算;
- 批准年度及中期業績報告;
- 審閱及監控本集團的風險管理及內部監控;
- 確保本集團良好的企業管治及合規;及
- 監察本集團管理層的工作表現。

董事會現由七位成員組成,包括三位執行董事、一 位非執行董事及三位獨立非執行董事。獨立非執行 董事佔董事會成員超過三分之一人數,顯示出董事 會有很強的獨立性,有助作出獨立判斷。譚競正先 生,本公司之獨立非執行董事,為香港執業會計師 及擁有上市規則規定的適當專業資格及相關財務管 理經驗。本公司已於集團網站及香港交易及結算所 有限公司(「港交所」)網站上設存最新的董事會成員 名單,並列明其姓名、角色和職能。

董事會擬每年舉行最少四次會議,以釐定整體策略 及目標,並通過中期及年度業績及其他重要事項。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

企業管治報告

During the year ended 31st March, 2014, four full Board 截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度內,本公司舉 meetings and 2013 annual general meeting ("AGM") were held with an average attendance rate of approximately 96% and 71% respectively, details of which are presented below:

行四次全體董事會會議及二零一三年股東週年大會 (「股東週年大會」),平均出席率分別為約96%及 71%,詳情呈列如下:

Board Members 董事會成員		Board Meetings Attended/Held 董事會會議 出席/舉行	2013 AGM 二零一三年 股東週年大會
Executive Directors	執行董事		
Mr. Lam Kwong Yu	林光如先生		
(Chairman of the Board)	(董事會主席)	4/4	\checkmark
Mr. Tai Tzu Shi, Angus	戴祖璽先生	4/4	\checkmark
Mr. Cheung Chi Shing, Charles	張志成先生	4/4	\checkmark
Non-Executive Director	非執行董事		
Ms. Yeung Chui	楊翠女士	3/4	_
Independent Non-Executive Directors	獨立非執行董事		
Mr. Chan Yue Kwong, Michael	陳裕光先生	4/4	\checkmark
Mr. Kwok Lam-Kwong, Larry, BBS, JP	郭琳廣, <i>鋼紫荊星章·太平紳士</i>	4/4	—
Mr. Tam King Ching, Kenny	譚競正先生	4/4	\checkmark

Yearly meeting schedule is discussed and approved by the Board at the beginning of the year. Board agenda is approved by the Chairman following consultation with other Board members. Board agenda and meeting materials are dispatched to all Board members in a timely manner.

All Directors have access to the Company Secretary who is responsible for ensuring that Board procedures are complied with and advises the Board on corporate governance and compliance matters. They are also encouraged to take independent professional advice at the Company's expense in performance of their duties, if necessary. Furthermore, all the Directors are covered by the Directors' & Officers' Liability Insurance, which is also part of our best practices.

全年會議時間的安排經由董事會於年初商討及批准, 每次會議議程內容均在事前充份諮詢各董事會成員 意見後,經主席確認制訂。所有會議材料連同會議 議程會及時送達全體董事會成員審閱。

所有董事均可聯絡公司秘書,而公司秘書則負責確 保董事會符合程序及就企業管治及法規事項向董事 會提出意見。本公司鼓勵所有董事於有需要的情況 下諮詢獨立專業人士的意見,以履行其職務,有關 費用將由公司支付。此外,所有董事均獲得董事及 行政人員責任保險保障,有關安排亦屬於本集團最 佳常規之一部份。

Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

Code Provision A.2.1 stipulates that the roles of chairman and chief executive officer should be separated and should not be performed by the same individual. The Company does not have a separate Chairman and Chief Executive Officer and Mr. Lam Kwong Yu currently holds both positions. The Board believes that vesting the roles of both Chairman and Chief Executive Officer in the same person would allow the Company to be more effective and efficient in developing long-term business strategies and execution of business plans. The Board believes that the balance of power and authority is adequately ensured by the operation of the Board which comprises experienced and high caliber individuals with a sufficient number thereof being Independent Non-Executive Directors.

Code Provision A.2.7 stipulates that the chairman should at least annually hold meetings with the non-executive Directors (including independent non-executive Directors) without the executive Directors present. As Mr. Lam Kwong Yu, the Chairman of the Company, is also an executive Director of the Company, this code provision is not applicable.

Non-Executive Director

Ms. Yeung Chui has been re-designated from the position of Executive Director to Non-Executive Director upon her retirement from the Company. Ms. Yeung has not been appointed for a specific term as she is subject to retirement and re-election at AGM in accordance with the Bye-laws of the Company.

Independent Non-Executive Directors

The roles of the Independent Non-Executive Directors include the following:

- provision of independent judgement at the Board meeting;
- take the lead where potential conflicts of interests arise;
- serve on committees if invited; and
- scrutinize the performance of the Group as necessary.

主席及行政總裁

企業管治報告

守則條文第A.2.1條規定應區分主席與行政總裁的角 色,並不應由一人同時兼任。本公司並無區分主席 與行政總裁,林光如先生目前兼任該兩個職位。董 事會相信,由一人兼任主席與行政總裁的角色可讓 本公司更有效及有效率地發展長遠業務策略以及執 行業務計劃。董事會相信,董事會由經驗豐富的優 秀人才組成,加上相當成員均為獨立非執行董事, 故足以確保有關權力及職權能充分平衡。

守則條文第A.2.7條規定,主席應至少每年與非執行 董事(包括獨立非執行董事)舉行一次無執行董事列 席之會議。由於本公司主席林光如先生亦為本公司 執行董事,故本守則條文並不適用。

非執行董事

楊翠女士因退休關係,彼由執行董事調職為非執行 董事。楊翠女士並無按特定任期委任,惟根據本公 司細則,彼須於股東週年大會上告退及重選。

獨立非執行董事

獨立非執行董事的角色包括下列各項:

- 於董事會會議上提供獨立判斷;
- 於出現潛在利益衝突時作出處理;
- 如獲邀請則出任委員會成員;及
- 於有需要時監察本集團表現。

The Independent Non-Executive Directors of the Company and their immediate family receive no payment from the Company or its subsidiaries (except the Director fee). No family member of any Independent Non-Executive Directors is employed as an executive officer of the Company or its subsidiaries, or has been so in the past three years. The Independent Non-Executive Directors are subject to retirement and re-election at the annual general meeting in accordance with the Bye-laws of the Company. Each Independent Non-Executive Director has provided a confirmation of his independence with reference to the independence guidelines as set out in the Listing Rules.

The Board has assessed the independence of all the Independent Non-Executive Directors of the Company and considers all of them to be independent having regard to (i) their annual confirmation on independence as required under the Listing Rules, (ii) the absence of involvement in the daily management of the Company and (iii) the absence of any relationships or circumstances which would interfere with the exercise of their independent judgement.

Mr. Chan Yue Kwong, Michael, Mr. Kwok Lam-Kwong, Larry, *BBS*, *IP* and Mr. Tam King Ching, Kenny, who are going to retire at the 2014 AGM of the Company, has served as Independent Non-Executive Directors of the Company for more than 9 years. In addition to their confirmation of independence in accordance with Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules, Mr. Chan, Mr. Kwok and Mr. Tam continue to demonstrate the attributes of an independent non-executive director and there is no evidence that their tenure have had any impact on their independence. The Directors are of the opinion that Mr. Chan, Mr. Kwok and Mr. Tam remain independent notwithstanding the length of their service and believe that their valuable knowledge and experience continue to generate significant contribution to the Company and the shareholders as a whole.

Appointments, re-election and removal

There is a formal and transparent procedure for the appointment of new directors to the Board, the primary responsibility of which has been delegated to the Nomination Committee. The structure, size and composition of the Board will be reviewed from time to time by the Nomination Committee to ensure that the Board has a balanced skill and expertise for providing effective leadership to the Company.

企業管治報告

本公司獨立非執行董事及其直屬家眷並無收取本公 司或其附屬公司的任何款項(董事袍金除外)。概無 任何獨立非執行董事的家族成員現在或於過往三年 受聘為本公司或其附屬公司的行政人員。根據本公 司的細則,獨立非執行董事須於股東週年大會上告 退及膺選連任。各獨立非執行董事已根據上市規則 所載的獨立指引提供其獨立性的確認書。

董事會已評估本公司所有獨立非執行董事之獨立性, 及經考慮(i)根據上市規則要求遞交的獨立性的年度 確認書,(ii)其並無參與本公司日常管理,及(iii)且不 會有任何關係或情況影響而對其行使獨立判斷有干 預,認為本公司所有獨立非執行董事均屬獨立。

須於本公司二零一四年股東週年大會上告退的陳裕 光先生、郭琳廣,*銅紫荊星章,太平紳士*及譚競正先生擔 任本公司獨立非執行董事已超過九年。除確認其符 合上市規則第3.13條的獨立因素外,陳先生、郭先生 及譚先生持續展示獨立非執行董事的特質,並無證 據顯示其任期對其獨立性有任何影響。董事會認為, 陳先生、郭先生及譚先生縱使長期服務仍保持獨立, 而其對本集團業務之寶貴知識與經驗,以及對一般 商業之敏鋭觸角繼續對本公司及股東整體提供重大 貢獻。

委任、膺選連任及撤換

本公司設有一個正式並具透明度的新董事委任程序, 有關責任已授權予提名委員會執行。提名委員會不 時檢討董事會的架構、人數和成員組合,以確保董 事會由具備不同技術和專業知識的人士所組成,能 為本公司繼續提供有效的領導。 In accordance with the Bye-laws of the Company, all directors are subject to retirement at each AGM. The retiring directors shall be eligible for re-election. New appointments either to fill a casual vacancy or as an addition to the Board are subject to re-election by shareholders of the Company at the next following AGM.

Code Provision A.4.1 stipulates that Non-Executive Directors should be appointed for a specific term, subject to re-election. The Non-Executive Directors of the Company have not been appointed for a specific term as they are subject to retirement and re-election at AGM in accordance with the Bye-laws of the Company.

Responsibilities of Directors

Upon acceptance of appointment, a new Director is provided with sufficient orientation package, including introduction to Group activities (when necessary), induction into their responsibilities and duties, and other regulatory requirements, to ensure that he has a proper understanding of the business and his responsibilities as a Director of the Company.

All Directors are committed to devote sufficient time and attention to the affairs of the Group. Directors are given guideline on their time commitments to the affairs of the Company. Directors have also disclosed to the Company the number and nature of offices held in Hong Kong or overseas listed public companies or organizations and other significant commitments, with the identity of the public companies or organizations. Directors are reminded to notify the Company in a timely manner of any changes of such information.

Code Provision A.6.7 stipulates that independent non-executive directors and other non-executive directors should attend general meetings and develop a balanced understanding of the views of shareholders. Mr. Kwok Lam-Kwong, Larry, *BBS, JP* and Ms. Yeung Chui were unable to attend the 2013 AGM of the Company held on 14th August, 2013 as they were engaged in other prior business commitments.

企業管治報告

根據本公司細則,全體董事須於每屆股東週年大會 上退任,退任董事合資格膺選連任。填補臨時空缺 或增加董事會董事名額的新委任須經本公司股東於 本公司下屆股東週年大會上重選方可作實。

守則條文第A.4.1條規定非執行董事的委任應有年期, 並須接受重新選舉。而本公司之非執行董事並無按 特定任期委任,惟根據本公司細則,彼等須於股東 週年大會上告退及重選。

董事之責任

新任董事於接受委任後,將獲得提供足夠之指導協助,包括介紹本集團業務(於有需要時)、簡介其責任及職責及其他監管規定,以確保其對本公司業務 及作為本公司董事之責任有適當了解。

所有董事已承諾為本集團的事務投入足夠的時間及 專注力。董事獲發有關彼等對本公司事務所需投入 時間的指引。董事亦已向本公司披露其於香港或海 外上市的公眾公司或組織機構所任職務的數目及性 質,以及其他重大承擔,並提供有關公眾公司或組 織機構的名稱,董事已獲提醒應向本公司及時披露 上述資料的任何轉變。

守則條文第A.6.7條規定獨立非執行董事及其他非執 行董事應出席股東大會及對股東的意見有公正的了 解。郭琳廣,*鋼紫荊星章,太平紳士*及楊翠女士因其需出 席較早前承諾之商業事務,所以未能出席本公司於 二零一三年八月十四日舉行之股東週年大會。

Directors' Continuous Professional Development

To ensure their contributions to the Board remains informed and relevant, all the Directors are encouraged to participate in continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skill. During the year, the Company had arranged in-house trainings for Executive Directors and the Non-Executive Director in form of seminar and provision of training materials. In addition, the Company also provided regular updates to the Directors in respect of the business and operations of the Group through monthly reports; and the updates on the changes in Listing Rules, Corporate Governance Code and related regulatory requirements, if any.

During the year, the continuous professional development taken by the respective Directors are as follows:

Board Members 董事

董事之持續專業發展

企業管治報告

為確保董事繼續在具備全面資訊及切合所需的情況 下對董事會作出貢獻,本公司鼓勵所有董事參與持 續專業發展課程,以發展及更新其知識及技能。於 本年度內,本公司安排研討會及提供培訓資料給執 行董事及非執行董事。此外,本公司亦定期向董事 提供更新資料,包括透過月報表提供本集團的業務 及營運的情況;及有關上市規則、企業管治守則及 相關法規的變更(如有)。

年內,各位董事參加之持續專業發展詳情如下:

Type of training

С

董事會成員		<i>,</i> .	课程類別
		A	В
Executive Directors	執行董事		
Mr. Lam Kwong Yu	林光如先生		
(Chairman of the Board)	(董事會主席)	\checkmark	\checkmark
Mr. Tai Tzu Shi, Angus	戴祖璽先生	\checkmark	\checkmark
Mr. Cheung Chi Shing, Charles	張志成先生	\checkmark	\checkmark
Non-Executive Director	非執行董事		
Ms. Yeung Chui	楊翠女士	\checkmark	\checkmark
Independent Non-Executive Directors	獨立非執行董事		
Mr. Chan Yue Kwong, Michael	陳裕光先生	\checkmark	\checkmark
Mr. Kwok Lam-Kwong, Larry, BBS, JP	郭琳廣, <i>鋼紫荊星章,太平紳士</i>	\checkmark	_
Mr. Tam King Ching, Kenny	譚競正先生	\checkmark	_
A. reading materials in relation to re	egulatory update A.	有關監管規定最新	發展的資料
0	0 / 1		

Β.

- Β. attending in-house training to update business development
- C. attending seminars/courses/conferences to develop professional skill and knowledge

During the year, the Company received training records from all Directors relevant to the Company's business or to Directors' duties and responsibilities.

出席公司有關業務最新發展的內部培訓

年內本公司收到來自全體董事就與本集團業務或董 事職能及職責相關的培訓記錄。

C. 出席簡介會/課程/研討會以發展持續專業 技能及知識

Supply of and access to information

To allow the Directors to make an informed decision and properly discharge their duties and responsibilities, the Company Secretary ensures that relevant Board papers are sent to all the Directors in a timely manner. All Board papers and minutes are also made available for inspection by the Board and its Committees.

DELEGATION BY THE BOARD

Board Committees

As at the date of this annual report, the Company has preserved three board committees ("Board Committees") with defined terms of reference (which are posted on website of the Group and the HKEX), namely Remuneration Committee, Nomination Committee and Audit Committee.

Remuneration Committee

The Remuneration Committee was set up with the responsibility of recommending to the Board the remuneration policy and package of all the Directors and senior management, assessing performance of executive directors and senior management, review and approving annual performance bonus and approving the terms of service contracts of executive directors and senior management.

The Committee Chairman is required to report to the Board on its proceedings after each meeting on all matters within its duties and responsibilities.

Meeting of the Remuneration Committee is required to be held at least twice a year to coincide with key dates within the financial reporting and audit cycle. During the year ended 31st March, 2014, three meetings were held, attendance of these meetings held by the Remuneration Committee is set out below:

企業管治報告

為了使董事可作出知情決定及適當履行其職責及責任,公司秘書確保有關董事會文件以適時方式送交 所有董事。所有董事會文件及會議紀錄亦可供董事 會及其委員會查閱。

董事會授權 ^{董事委員會}

於本年報日期,本公司已設立三個董事會轄下委員 會(「董事委員會」),並制定有關職權範圍(已於本集 團及港交所網站刊載),該等董事委員會為薪酬委員 會、提名委員會及審核委員會。

薪酬委員會

薪酬委員會的職責為向董事會建議所有董事及高級 管理層之酬金政策及薪酬組合,評估執行董事及高 級管理層之表現,考慮及批准年度表現獎金及批准 執行董事及高級管理層之服務合約條款。

委員會主席須於每次會議後向董事會匯報其職責及 責任範圍內之所有事項處理程序。

薪酬委員會須最少每年舉行兩次會議,日期須與財務報告及審核週期內之重要日子屬同一日。截至二 零一四年三月三十一日止年度內,薪酬委員會舉行 了三次會議,而該等會議的出席率如下:

Remuneration Committee Members	Meetings Attended/Held	薪酬委員會成員	會議出席/ 舉行
Mr. Chan Yue Kwong, Michael (Chairman)	3/3	陳裕光先生(主席)	3/3
Mr. Kwok Lam-Kwong, Larry, BBS, JP	2/3	郭琳廣,銅紫荊星章,太平紳士	2/3
Mr. Tam King Ching, Kenny	3/3	譚競正先生	3/3

The Remuneration Committee is authorised to investigate any matter within its Terms of Reference and seek any information it requires from any employee and obtain outside legal or other independent professional advice at the cost of the Company if it considers necessary. The Remuneration Committee has reviewed the compensation of the Directors and senior executives for 2014.

During the year ended 31st March, 2014, total Directors' remuneration amounted to approximately HK\$9,072,000 (2013: HK\$8,878,000), individual details of which are disclosed in Note 10 to the financial statements. Executive Directors and senior management's compensation including incentive bonus shall be based on the corporate and individual performance.

Nomination Committee

The Nomination Committee comprises of three Independent Non-Executive Directors, one Non-Executive Director and Chairman of the Board.

The Nomination Committee is to assist the Board in overseeing Board organization and senior management succession planning, assessing the independence of non-executive directors, review of the structure, size and composition of the Board. During the year ended 31st March, 2014, two meetings were held, attendance of the meeting held by the Nomination Committee is set out below:

Nomination Committee Members	Meetings Attended/Held
Mr. Kwok Lam-Kwong, Larry, BBS, JP	
(Chairman)	2/2
Mr. Chan Yue Kwong, Michael	2/2
Mr. Lam Kwong Yu	2/2
Mr. Tam King Ching, Kenny	2/2
Ms. Yeung Chui	2/2

Board Diversity Policy

The Company has adopted a board diversity policy (the "Policy") which sets out the approach to achieve and maintain diversity on the Board in order to enhance the effectiveness of the Board.

Pursuant to the Policy, the Company seeks to achieve Board diversity through the consideration of a number of factors, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and education background, ethnicity, professional experience, skills, knowledge and length of service.

企業管治報告

薪酬委員會獲授權調查屬於其職權範圍內任何事項, 並可向任何僱員搜集其需要之任何資料,及徵詢法 律或其他獨立專業人士的意見,以履行其職務,有 關費用需由公司支付。薪酬委員會已審閱董事及高 級行政人員二零一四年之薪酬。

截至二零一四年三月三十一日年度內,董事酬金總額約 9,072,000港元(二零一三年:8,878,000港元), 詳情於隨附之財務報表附註10披露。執行董事及高級管理層之薪酬包括以企業及個人表現為基準的獎金。

提名委員會

提名委員會由三位獨立非執行董事、一位非執行董 事及董事會主席組成。

提名委員會負責協助董事會檢視董事會的組成及高 級管理層繼任計劃、以及評估非執行董事的獨立性、 檢討董事會的架構、人數及組成。截至二零一四年 三月三十一日止年度內,薪酬委員會舉行了兩次會 議,而該會議的出席率如下:

會議出席/ 提名委員會成員 舉行 郭琳廣,銅紫荊星章,太平紳士 2/2 (主席) 2/2 陳裕光先生 2/2 林光如先生 2/2 譚競正先生 2/2 楊翠女士 2/2

董事會成員多元化政策

本公司已採納董事會成員多元化政策(「政策」),當 中列載董事會為達致及維持成員多元化以提升董事 會之有效性而採取之方針。

根據政策,本公司為尋求達致董事會成員多元化會 考慮眾多因素,包括但不限於性別、年齡、文化及 教育背景、族群特性、專業經驗、技能、知識及服務 年資。 The Nomination Committee and the Board will review the Policy and diversity of the Board from time to time to ensure its continued effectiveness and compliance with Listing Rules.

Audit Committee

The Audit Committee comprises of all the three Independent Non-Executive Directors of the Company.

Under its terms of reference, the Audit Committee is required to oversee the relationship between the Company and its external auditors, review with management the accounting principles and practice adopted by the Group and discussed auditing, internal control and financial reporting matters, including the review of financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2014.

The Audit Committee has reviewed the interim and annual results for the year ended 31st March, 2014 and was content that the accounting policies of the Group are in accordance with the generally accepted accounting practices in Hong Kong. It also meets twice a year with the Group's external auditor, PricewaterhouseCoopers ("PWC"), to consider their report on the scope, strategy, progress and outcome of their independent review of the annual audit of the consolidated financial statements.

Attendance for the two meetings held by the Audit Committee during the year is set out below:

企業管治報告

提名委員會及董事會將不時檢討政策及董事會的多 元化,以確保政策行之有效及符合上市規則。

審核委員會

審核委員會由本公司之所有三位獨立非執行董事組 成。

根據審核委員會職權範圍,審核委員會的職責包括 監察本公司與外聘核數師的關係、與管理層審議本 集團採用之會計準則及常規,及商討審計、內部監 控及財務滙報事項,包括審議此等截至二零一四年 三月三十一日之年度財務報表。

審核委員會已審閲截至二零一四年三月三十一日止 年度的中期及全年業績,並對本集團的會計政策乃 符合香港現時業內普遍採納的會計常規表示滿意。 委員會並與本集團的外聘核數師羅兵咸永道會計師 事務所(「羅兵咸」)每年舉行兩次會議,以考慮羅兵 咸就獨立審議綜合財務報表的年度審核的範疇、策 略、進度和結果而提交的報告。

年內審核委員會舉行之兩次會議之出席率如下:

Audit Committee Members	Meetings Attended/Held	審核委員會成員	會議出席/ 舉行
Mr. Tam King Ching, Kenny (Chairman)	2/2	譚競正先生(<i>主席</i>)	2/2
Mr. Chan Yue Kwong, Michael	2/2	陳裕光先生	2/2
Mr. Kwok Lam-Kwong, Larry, BBS, JP	1/2	郭琳廣, <i>鋼紫荊星章,太平紳士</i>	1/2

Corporate Governance Function

The Board has overall responsibility for the Group's corporate governance compliance. The Company has not established a Corporate Governance Committee and has delegated the function to a senior management committee to perform the corporate governance function. The scope of works of the committee including the following :

- to review performance of the Group regularly;
- to develop and review the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance and make recommendations to the Board;
- to review and monitor the training and continuous professional development of directors and senior management;
- to review and monitor the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements;
- to develop, review and monitor the code of conduct and compliance manual applicable to employees and directors.

ACCOUNTABILITY AND AUDIT

Financial reporting

The Board is responsible for the preparation of financial statements for each financial period which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group and of the results and cash flow for that period. In preparing the financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2014, the Directors have selected suitable accounting policies and applied them consistently; adopted appropriate Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards and Hong Kong Accounting Standards; made adjustments and estimates that are prudent and reasonable; and have prepared the financial statements on the going concern basis. The Directors are also responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company.

The Company provides monthly updates to the Board to assess the Group's financial performance, position and prospects in sufficient details to enable the Board members to discharge their duties under the Listing Rules.

企業管治報告

企業管治功能

董事會全權負責本集團的企業管治合規,本公司並 無設立企業管治委員會,董事會將企業管治功能授 權由管理層組成之管理委員會負責,此委員會的職 權範圍包括下列工作:

- 定期檢討本集團表現;
- 制定及檢討本公司的企業管治政策及常規, 並向董事會提出建議;
 - 檢討及監察董事及高級管理人員的培訓及持 續專業發展;
 - 檢討及監察本公司在遵守法律及監管規定方 面的政策及常規;
 - 制定、檢討及監察僱員及董事的操守準則及 合規手冊(如有)。

問責性及審核

財務滙報

董事有責任就每個財政期間編製真實兼公平反映本 集團財務狀況的財務報表以及該期間的業績及現金 流量。在編撰截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度 的財務報表時,董事必須採用適當的會計政策及貫 徹應用該等會計政策;採納適當的香港財務報告準 則及香港會計準則:作出審慎及合理的調整及估計; 及按持續經營基準編製財務報表。董事亦須負責保 存適當的會計記錄,並可於任何時間以合理準確方 式披露本公司的財務狀況。

本公司每月向董事會成員提供詳盡的更新資料,以 評估本集團的表現,財務狀況及前景,讓董事會履 行上市規則所規定的職責。

Internal controls

The Board has delegated to management the responsibility to develop and maintain a sound internal control system. The internal control system, operating through a framework of management and operational controls, and risk management systems, is intended to allow the Board to monitor the Group's business performance and financial positions, to control and adjust risk exposures, to adopt sound business practices, to obtain reasonable assurance on controls against fraud and errors, to ensure compliance with applicable laws and regulations, and to provide oversight and guidance to management in achieving the Company's objectives.

The key procedures that the Group has established to maintain an effective internal control system are as follows:

- a clear management organisational structure is set up with well-defined lines of authority, accountability and responsibilities.
- regular reporting of the performance of the Company's businesses to senior management. The Board reviews the Group's business and financial performance on a monthly basis.
- the internal audit consultant shall independently evaluate the adequacy and effectiveness of key controls including financial, operational and compliance controls and risk management functions. The internal audit function reports major findings and recommendations, if any, to the Audit Committee on a quarterly basis.

Assessment of internal control system

The Board has assessed the effectiveness of internal control system by considering reviews performed by the Audit Committee and management, and the findings of both internal and external auditors. In undertaking this assessment, the Board engaged an independent risk consulting firm to assist in the execution of internal audit plan throughout the year ended 31st March, 2014.

The Board has annually reviewed and considered the adequacy of resources, qualifications and experience of staff of the Group's accounting and financial reporting function, and the Group's training programmes and budgets.

企業管治報告

董事會授權管理層負責制訂及維持健全之內部監控 制度。內部監控制度通過管理及營運監控、風險管 理制度架構之運作,使董事會可監察本集團之業務 表現及財務狀況、監控及調節風險、採納健全之業 務守則、合理確證對欺詐及誤差之監控、遵守適用 法例及規則,以及對管理人員作出監察及指引,以 達成本公司之目標。

本集團已設立以維持有效內部監控之制度,其主要 程序如下:

- 設立清晰之管理組織架構,具有清楚界定之 權限,問責性及職責。
- 定期向高級管理層報告本公司之業務表現。
 董事會每月審閱本集團之業務及財務表現。
- 內部審核顧問獨立評估財務、運作、合規及風
 險管理功能的重要監控之完備及效能,並每
 季向審核委員會匯報主要結果及建議(如有)。

內部監控制度之評估

董事會經斟酌審核委員會與管理層提交之審議,以 及內部及外聘核數師作出之審核報告,從而對集團 之內部監控制度進行評估。截至二零一四年三月 三十一日止年度,董事會另聘一家獨立風險顧問公 司以協助本集團執行內部審核計劃。

董事會每年進行檢討,並特別考慮本集團在會計及 財務匯報職能方面的資源、員工資歷及經驗是否足 夠,以及員工所接受的培訓課程及有關預算是否足 夠。



AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

The financial statements for the year have been audited by PWC. During the year, remuneration of approximately HK\$2,382,000 was payable to PWC for the provision of audit services. In addition, approximately HK\$306,000 was payable to PWC for other non-audit services. The non-audit services mainly consist of tax compliance and advisory services.

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. Cheung Chi Shing, Charles, Company Secretary of the Company, is responsible to the Board for ensuring that Board procedures are followed and Board activities are efficiently and effectively conducted. These objectives are achieved through adherence to proper Board processes and the timely preparation and dissemination to Directors comprehensive meeting agendas and papers. Minutes of all Board meetings and Board committees are prepared and maintained by the Company Secretary to record in sufficient details the matters considered and decisions reached by the Board or Committee, including any concerns raised or dissenting views voiced by any Director. All minutes are sent to Directors and are available for inspection by any Director upon request.

The Company Secretary is responsible for ensuring that the Board is fully appraised of all legislative, regulatory and corporate governance developments relating to the Group and also responsible for the Group's statutory compliance.

The appointment and removal of the Company Secretary is subject to Board approval in accordance with the Bye-laws of the Company. The Company Secretary reports to the Board, all members of the Board have access to the advice and service of the Company Secretary. The Company Secretary of the Company has day-to-day knowledge of the Group's affairs. In response to specific enquiries made, the Company Secretary confirmed that he has complied with all the proposed qualifications, experience and training requirements of the Listing Rules.

Mr. Cheung confirmed that he has taken no less than 15 hours relevant professional training during the year.

企業管治報告

核數師酬金

本年度財務報表已由羅兵咸審核。於本年度內,就 提供審核服務而應付羅兵咸的酬金約2,382,000港元。 此外,就其他非審核服務而應付羅兵咸的款項約為 306,000港元。非審核服務主要包括税務法規及顧問 服務。

公司秘書

本公司之公司秘書張志成先生向董事會負責,以確 保遵守董事會程序及董事會活動有效率及有效地進 行。該等目標乃透過嚴謹遵守董事會程序及適時編 製及發送會議議程及文件予董事而得以達成。所有 董事會與董事委員會之會議紀錄均由公司秘書編備 與保管,以充份詳細記錄董事會或委員會所考慮與 決定之事項,包括任何董事提出之關注或發表之觀 點。所有會議紀錄會發送予董事,並可應要求供任 何董事查閱。

公司秘書負責確保董事會獲得全面報告一切與本集 團有關之立法、規管和企業管治的發展並同時負責 集團符合法規上的要求。

公司秘書的委任與撤職須經董事會根據本公司細則 批准。公司秘書向董事會負責,而所有董事會成員 均取得公司秘書的意見與服務。本公司的公司秘書, 對本集團的日常事務甚有認識。回應指定的查詢, 公司秘書確認其符合上市規則建議的所有資格、經 驗與培訓要求。

張先生已確認年內其參與不少於15小時的有關專業 培訓。

COMMUNICATION WITH SHAREHOLDERS

Communication with shareholders is given high priority. Extensive information about the Group's activities is provided in the annual report and the interim report. The Group's website provides regularly updated Group information to shareholders. The Company also arranges regular site visit for investors and media. Enquiries on matters relating to shareholdings and the business of the Group are welcome, and are dealt with in an informative and timely manner. The Group encourages all shareholders to attend AGM. Notice of the AGM and related papers are sent to shareholders at least 20 clear business days prior to the date of AGM.

The Company has established the Shareholders' Communication Policy setting out the formal channels of communication with shareholders and other stakeholders for ensuring fair disclosure and comprehensive and transparent reporting of the Group's performance and activities, a copy of the policy has been posted to the website of the Group.

Shareholders' Rights

In accordance with the Bye-laws of the Company, Directors of the Company shall on the requisition of members of the Company holding at the date of the deposit of the requisition not less than one-tenth of such of the paid up capital of the Company as at the date of the deposit carries the right of voting at general meetings of the Company, forthwith proceed duly to convene a special general meeting of the Company.

Details of the procedures for shareholders to convene and put forward proposals at an AGM or special general meeting ("SGM") are set out in the Company's website.

Shareholders may send their enquires requiring the Board's attention to the Company's principal place of business at 3/F., Perfect Industrial Building, 31 Tai Yau Street, Sanpokong, Kowloon, Hong Kong) or by e-mail to enquiries@hkstarlite.com. Questions about the procedures for convening or putting forward proposals at an AGM or SGM may also be put to the Company by the same means.

企業管治報告

與股東的聯繫

本集團相當重視與股東的聯繫。年報及中期報告提 供大量關於本集團業務的資料。本集團的網站定期 為股東提供最新資訊。本公司亦定期為投資者及傳 媒安排實地訪問。本集團歡迎投資者查詢有關彼等 所持股權及本集團業務的事項,而所有查詢均會於 短時間內處理。本集團亦歡迎所有股東出席股東週 年大會。股東週年大會通告及有關文件於股東週年 大會日期最少二十個營業日前送交股東。

本公司已制訂股東通訊政策,訂明多種與股東及其 他利益相關者的正式溝通渠道,以確保本公司的表 現及活動得以公平、全面且具透明度的披露及報告, 此政策已登載於本集團的網頁。

股東權利

根據本公司的細則,於遞交正式要求當日,持有本 公司不少於十分一有權於本公司的股東會上投票的 已繳足股本的股東,可要求本公司董事召開本公司 特別股東大會。

股東召開股東週年大會或股東特別大會(「特別大會」) 及於會上提呈建議的程序詳情已登載於本公司網站。

股東可將需要董事會垂注的查詢郵寄至本公司總辦 事處及主要營業地點,地址為香港九龍新蒲崗大有 街 三 十 一 號 善 美 工 業 大 廈 三 樓 或 電 郵 至 enquiry@hkstarlite.com。有關召開股東週年大會或 股東特別大會或於會上提呈建議的程序等問題亦可 以相同方式向本公司提出。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

企業管治報告

The Company also values and is eager to hear suggestions and 本公司重視和歡迎股東及投資者分享建議及意見。 comments from shareholders and investors. For enquiries from 機構投資者及證券分析師如有查詢,請聯絡公司秘 institutional investors and securities analysts please contact our $\quad \ \ \, \triangleq \circ$ Company Secretary.

On behalf of the Board	承董事會命
Cheung Chi Shing, Charles	公司秘書
Company Secretary	張志成
Hong Kong, 25th June, 2014	香港,二零一四年六月二十五日

DETAILS OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Executive Directors

Mr. Lam Kwong Yu, aged 67, has been an Executive Director of the Company since 1992. He is the Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of the Company and is the founder of the Group. He holds a Master Degree in Business Administration from the National University of Singapore. Mr. Lam has been in community work in China and Hong Kong for many years. He is a member of the National Committee of the Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference, a director of Chinese Overseas Friendship Association, a member of Selection Committee for the Government of HKSAR and a committee member of the Election Committee Subsector Elections, Chairman of Mainland Affairs Committee of Scout Association of Hong Kong, Chairman of Polar Museum Foundation, Chief Executive Deputy Chairman of Federation of Hong Kong Guangdong Community Organizations, Director of Future Star, a member of Council of China Overseas Friendship Association, an Adjunct Professor of College of Business of City University of Hong Kong and Director of Guangzhou Jinan University. Mr. Lam has received several prominent awards including "Hong Kong Ten Outstanding Young Persons Award 1986", "Young Industrialist Award of Hong Kong 1988", the first "Hong Kong Entrepreneurs Award 1990", "Outstanding Achievements Award" of the "Hong Kong Print Award 1999" and "Medal of Honor (M.H.)" from the government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region in 2002. Mr. Lam has over 50 years' experience in the printing industry and takes charge of the overall planning, strategy and development of the Group. He has made dedicated efforts to enhance the transformation of Starlite, specifically in OBM product and e-marketing in recent years.

Mr. Tai Tzu Shi, Angus, aged 57, has been an Executive Director of the Company since 1993. He is currently the Senior Vice President and Chief Technical Officer of the Group. He was appointed as director of several wholly-owned subsidiaries of the Company with effect from 19th August, 2011. He graduated from the Graphics Art Department of the Chinese Culture University of Taiwan in 1978 and has over 36 years' experience in the printing industry. He is appointed as one of ISO/TC130 Experts representing SAC/TC170 of China and participating international printing standardization affairs.

Mr. Cheung Chi Shing, Charles, aged 58, has been an Executive Director of the Company since 2000, the Company Secretary since 1999 and an Authorized Representative since 2011. He is currently the Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of

董事及高級管理層資料

執行董事

林光如先生,現年六十七歲,自一九九二年起出任 本公司執行董事,為集團創辦人及主席兼首席執行 長。林先生持有新加坡國立大學工商管理碩士學位。 林先生先後出任中國及香港之社會公職,為中國人 民政治協商會議全國委員會委員、中華海外聯誼會 常務理事、香港特別行政區推選委員會委員、選舉 委員會委員、香港童軍總會內地事務委員會主席、 極地博物館基金主席、香港廣東社團總會第一常務 副主席、香港未來之星基金會董事、香港城市大學 商學院協席教授、暨南大學校董會校董等。林先生 曾榮獲各項殊榮,包括一九八六年香港「十大傑出青 年獎」、一九八八年香港首屆「青年工業家獎」、 一九九零年首屆「香港創業家榮譽獎」、一九九九年 「香港印藝大獎」之「傑出成就大獎」及二零零二年香 港特別行政區政府頒發「榮譽勳章」等。林先生於印 刷行業有超過五十年經驗,一直以來負責集團的企 業策略與企業發展,近幾年來,為星光轉型升級、 業務多元、開拓產品、品牌創建和電子商務不遺餘力。

戴祖璽先生,現年五十七歲,自一九九三年起出任本公司執行董事,現任本集團高級副總裁及科技長, 由二零一一年八月十九日起,他獲委任為本公司若 干全資附屬公司的董事。戴先生於一九七八年畢業 於台灣中國文化大學印刷學系,在印刷行業擁有超 過三十六年經驗。目前受委任為ISO/TC130註冊專家 之一,代表全國印刷標準化技術委員會SAC/TC170 參與國際印刷標準化事務。

張志成先生,現年五十八歲,自二零零零年起出任 本公司執行董事、於一九九九年起出任本公司公司 秘書及於二零一一年起出任授權代表,他現為本集 the Group. Mr Cheung joined the Group in early 1997 and is responsible for the overall finance function of the Group. He was appointed as director of several wholly-owned subsidiaries of the Company with effect from 19th August, 2011. He has held various senior positions in finance, accounting and auditing fields for more than 28 years. Mr. Cheung graduated from The Hongkong Polytechnic University and is an Associate Member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and a Fellow Member of The Association of Chartered Certified Accountants.

Non-Executive Director

Ms. Yeung Chui, aged 67, is one of the founders of the Group. She was re-designated from the position of Executive Director to Non-Executive Director of the Company with effect from 1st September, 2011. She has over 48 years' experience in the printing industry.

Independent Non-Executive Directors

Mr. Chan Yue Kwong, Michael, aged 62, Independent Non-Executive Director, Chairman of the Remuneration Committee, member of the Audit Committee and Nomination Committee of the Company. He has been an Independent Non-Executive Director of the Company since 1993. Mr. Chan is the Chairman of the publicly-listed Cafe de Coral Holdings Limited in Hong Kong. He is also a Non-Executive Director of Tao Heung Holdings Limited, an Independent Non-Executive Director of Kingboard Laminates Holdings Limited, Pacific Textiles Holdings Limited, and Tse Sui Luen Jewellery (International) Limited, all of which are listed on the Main Board of the Hong Kong Stock Exchange. He holds a double major degree in Sociology and Political Science, a Masters degree in City Planning from the University of Manitoba, an Honorary Doctorate Degree in Business Administration, and is bestowed as Honorary Fellow from Lingnan University. He is also a member of the Political Consultative Committee of Nanshan District, Shenzhen in the People's Republic of China. Mr. Chan currently serves on the executive committee of the Hong Kong Retail Management Association, the general committee of the Employers' Federation of Hong Kong, the council of the Hong Kong Management Association, the adviser of the Quality Tourism Services Association, as well as being appointed by the HKSAR Government as a member of the Business Facilitation Advisory Committee and a member of the Task Force on Promotion of Vocational Education. Besides, he is also the Honorary Chairman of the Hong Kong Institute of Marketing and the Chairman of the Business Enterprise Management Centre of the Hong Kong

管理階層簡介

團高級副總裁及首席財務長。張先生於一九九七年 加入本集團,並負責整體之財務工作。由二零一一 年八月十九日起,他獲委任為本公司若干全資附屬 公司的董事。彼有超過二十八年時間於財務、會計 及審計行業出任要職。張先生畢業於香港理工大學, 為香港會計師公會會員及英國特許會計師公會資深 會員。

非執行董事

楊翠女士,現年六十七歲,為本集團創辦人之一。 她由二零一一年九月一日起由本公司之執行董事調 職為非執行董事,她於印刷行業擁有超過四十八年 經驗。

獨立非執行董事

陳裕光先生,現年六十二歲,本公司之獨立非執行 董事、薪酬委員會主席、審核委員會及提名委員會 成員,他自一九九三年起出任本公司之獨立非執行 董事。陳先生為香港上市之大家樂集團有限公司集 團主席,亦為稻香控股有限公司之非執行董事,建 滔積層板控股有限公司, 互太紡織控股有限公司及 謝瑞麟珠寶(國際)有限公司之獨立非執行董事(上 述公司均於香港聯交所主板上市)。陳先生持有加拿 大曼尼托巴大學社會及政治學學位及該大學城市規 劃碩士學位,更獲頒授工商管理榮譽博士學位及榮 膺嶺南大學之榮譽院士殊榮。現為中華人民共和國 深圳市南山區政協委員。陳先生為現任香港零售管 理協會執委會成員,香港僱主聯合會理事會成員, 香港管理專業協會理事會委員,優質旅遊服務協會 顧問,並獲香港特別行政區政府委任為方便營商諮 詢委員會及推廣職業教育專責小組成員。他同時擔 任香港市務學會榮譽主席及香港管理專業協會企業



MANAGEMENT PROFILE

管理階層簡介

Management Association. He has many years of professional experience in the public sector and over 29 years' managerial experience in the food and catering industry.

Mr. Kwok Lam-Kwong, Larry, *BBS, JP*, aged 58, Independent Non-Executive Director, Chairman of Nomination Committee, member of the Remuneration Committee and Audit Committee of the Company. He was appointed as an Independent Non-Executive Director of the Company in July 2004. Mr. Kwok is a practicing solicitor in Hong Kong. He is qualified to practise as a solicitor in Australia, England and Wales and Singapore. He is also qualified as a CPA in Hong Kong and Australia and a Chartered Accountant in England and Wales. He graduated from the University of Sydney, Australia with bachelor's degrees in economics and laws respectively as well as a master's degree in laws. He also obtained a diploma from the Advanced Management Program of the Harvard Business School.

Mr. Tam King Ching, Kenny, aged 65, Independent Non-Executive Director, Chairman of the Audit Committee, member of the Remuneration Committee and Nomination Committee of the Company. He was appointed as an Independent Non-Executive Director of the Company in July 2004. He is a practising Certified Public Accountant in Hong Kong. He is a fellow member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and a member of the Chartered Professional Accountants of Ontario, Canada. Mr. Tam is serving as a member of the Small and Medium Practitioners Leadership Panel in the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. He is also a Past President of The Society of Chinese Accountants and Auditors. Mr. Tam also serves as an independent non-executive director of six other listed companies on the main board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited, namely, CCT Telecom Holdings Limited, Kingmaker Footwear Holdings Limited, Shougang Concord Grand (Group) Limited, Van Shung Chong Holdings Limited, West China Cement Limited and BeijingWest Industries International Limited. He resigned as an independent nonexecutive director of North Asia Strategic Holdings Limited with effect from 19th February, 2013.

Senior Executive

Mr. Tin Shing, aged 51, is the Senior Vice President (Operations) of the Group. He joined the Group in 1981 and was promoted to the present position on 1st February, 2012. He is responsible for overseeing the Group's production bases in the PRC. He has more than 32 years' of experience in the printing and packaging industry.

管理發展中心主席。陳先生擔任若干公職多年,獲 得廣泛專業經驗,並從事飲食業務的企業管理及領 導工作,迄今超逾二十九年。

郭琳廣,*銅紫荊星章·太平紳士*,現年五十八歲,本公司 之獨立非執行董事、提名委員會主席、薪酬委員會 及審核委員會成員,他於二零零四年七月獲委任為 本公司之獨立非執行董事。郭先生為香港執業律師, 他同時亦具有澳大利亞、英格蘭和威爾斯及新加坡 之執業律師資格。此外,他亦具有香港及澳大利亞 之註冊會計師及英格蘭和威爾斯之特許會計師資格。 他於澳大利亞悉尼大學畢業並分別取得經濟學及法 學學士和法學碩士學位。彼亦取得哈佛商學院高級 管理課程。

譚競正先生,現年六十五歲,本公司之獨立非執行 董事、審核委員會主席、薪酬委員會及提名委員會 成員,他於二零零四年七月獲委任為本公司之獨立 非執行董事。彼為香港執業會計師。彼為香港會計 師公會之資深會員及加拿大安大略省特許專業會計 師公會會員。譚先生為香港會計師公會中小型執 所領導小組之委員。彼亦為香港華人會計師公會計 所領導小組之委員。彼亦為香港華人會計師公會前 任會長。譚先生亦出任其他六間於香港聯合交易所 有限公司主板上市之公司(即中建電訊集團有限公司 、信星鞋業集團有限公司、首長四方(集團)有限公 司、萬順昌集團有限公司、中國西部水泥有限公 司及京西重工國際有限公司)。他於二零一三年二月 十九日起辭任北亞策略控股有限公司之獨立非執行 董事職位。

高級行政人員

田誠先生,現年五十一歲,本集團之高級副總裁(營運),他於一九八一年加入本集團並於二零一二年二 月一日起擢升現職。他負責統籌本集團位於中國各 生產基地的日常運作。彼於印刷及包裝行業擁有超 過三十二年經驗。



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF STARLITE HOLDINGS LIMITED

(incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability)

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Starlite Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (together, the "Group") set out on pages 54 to 136, which comprise the consolidated and company statements of financial position as at 31st March, 2014, and the consolidated income statement, the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Directors' Responsibility for the Consolidated

Financial Statements

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit and to report our opinion solely to you, as a body, in accordance with Section 90 of the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. 羅兵咸永道

獨立核數師報告 致星光集團有限公司股東

(於百慕達註冊成立的有限公司)

本核數師(以下簡稱「我們」)已審計列載於第54頁至 136頁星光集團有限公司(以下簡稱「貴公司」)及其 附屬公司(統稱「貴集團」)的綜合財務報表,此綜合 財務報表包括於二零一四年三月三十一日的綜合和 公司財務狀況表與截至該日止年度的綜合收益表、 綜合全面收益表、綜合權益變動表和綜合現金流量 表,以及主要會計政策概要及其他附註解釋資料。

董事就綜合財務報表須承擔的責任

貴公司董事須負責根據香港會計師公會頒佈的香港 財務報告準則及香港《公司條例》的披露規定編製綜 合財務報表,以令綜合財務報表作出真實而公平的 反映,及落實其認為編製綜合財務報表所必要的內 部控制,以使綜合財務報表不存在由於欺詐或錯誤 而導致的重大錯誤陳述。

核數師的責任

我們的責任是根據我們的審計對該等綜合財務報表 作出意見,並按照百慕達《一九八一年公司法》第90 條僅向整體股東報告,除此之外本報告別無其他目 的。我們不會就本報告的內容向任何其他人士負上 或承擔任何責任。

PricewaterhouseCoopers, 22/F Prince's Building, Central, Hong Kong T: +852 2289 8888, F: +852 2810 9888, www.pwchk.com

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the Group as at 31st March, 2014 and of the Group's profit and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards and have been properly prepared in accordance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. 我們已根據香港會計師公會頒佈的香港審計準則進 行審計。該等準則要求我們遵守道德規範,並規劃 及執行審計,以合理確定綜合財務報表是否不存在 任何重大錯誤陳述。

獨立核數師報告

審計涉及執行程序以獲取有關綜合財務報表所載金 額及披露資料的審計憑證。所選定的程序取決於核 數師的判斷,包括評估由於欺詐或錯誤而導致綜合 財務報表存有重大錯誤陳述的風險。在評估該等風 險時,核數師考慮與該公司編製綜合財務報表以作 出真實而公平的反映相關的內部控制,以設計適當 的審計程序,但目的並非對公司內部控制的有效性 發表意見。審計亦包括評價董事所採用會計政策的 合適性及作出會計估計的合理性,以及評價綜合財 務報表的整體列報方式。

我們相信,我們所獲得的審計憑證能充足和適當地 為我們的審計意見提供基礎。

意見

我們認為,該等綜合財務報表已根據香港財務報告 準則真實而公平地反映貴公司及貴集團於二零一四 年三月三十一日的事務狀況,及貴集團截至該日止 年度的利潤及現金流量,並已按照香港《公司條例》 的披露規定妥為編製。

PricewaterhouseCoopers Certified Public Accountants

Hong Kong, 25th June, 2014

羅兵咸永道會計師事務所 執業會計師

香港,二零一四年六月二十五日

CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT

綜合收益表

For the year ended 31st March, 2014

截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度

		Note 附註	2014 HK\$′000 千港元	2013 HK\$'000 千港元
Revenue Cost of sales	收入 銷售成本	5 7	1,456,556 (1,159,881)	1,427,544 (1,156,076)
Gross profit Other gains/(losses) — net Selling and distribution costs General and administrative expenses	毛利 其他收益/(虧損) — 淨額 銷售及分銷費用 一般及行政開支	6 7 7	296,675 4,079 (85,912) (177,967)	271,468 (4,580) (76,099) (162,940)
Operating profit Finance income Finance costs	經營溢利 融資收入 融資成本		36,875 383 (10,376)	27,849 309 (8,520)
Finance costs — net	融資成本 — 淨額	8	(9,993)	(8,211)
Profit before income tax Income tax expense	除税前溢利 所得税開支	11	26,882 (11,825)	19,638 (10,281)
Profit for the year attributable to the equity holders of the Company	年內本公司權益持有人 應佔溢利	12	15,057	9,357
Earnings per share attributable to the equity holders of the Company during the year (expressed in HK cents per share)	年內本公司權益持 有人應佔每股盈利 (每股以港仙呈列)	13		
— Basic	— 基本		2.87	1.78
— Diluted	— 攤薄		2.87	1.78

The notes on pages 60 to 136 form an integral part of these 於第60頁至136頁之附註為此等綜合財務報表的整體 consolidated financial statements.

部份。

Details of dividends payable to equity holders of the Company 應付本公司權益持有人之股息詳情載於附註14。 are set out in Note 14.



CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME 综合全面收益表

For the year ended 31st March, 2014

截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度

		2014 HK\$′000 千港元	2013 HK\$′000 千港元
Profit for the year	年內溢利	15,057	9,357
Other comprehensive income: <u>Items that may be subsequently reclassified to</u> <u>profit or loss</u> : (Decrease)/increase in fair value of available-for-	其他全面收益: <u>其後可能重新分類為損益的</u> <u>項目</u> : 可供出售財務資產之公允價值		
sale financial assets	(減少)/增加	(143)	496
Currency translation differences	滙兑差異	(4,251)	6,104
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax	年內其他全面收益, 除税後	(4,394)	6,600
Total comprehensive income for the year attributable to the equity holders of the Company	年內本公司權益持有人應佔 全面收益總額	10,663	15,957
The notes on pages 60 and 136 form an integr	al part of these 於第60頁至136頁	之附註為此等綜合財務	务報表的整體

consolidated financial statements.

部份。

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

財務狀況表

As at 31st March, 2014

於二零一四年三月三十一日

			Gro 集	oup 團	Com 公	• •
			As at	As at	As at	As at
			31st March,	31st March,	31st March,	31st March,
			2014	2013	2014	2013
			於二零一四年	於二零一三年	於二零一四年	於二零一三年
			三月三十一日	三月三十一日	三月三十一日	三月三十一日
		Note	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
ACCETC	次支					
ASSETS Non-current assets	資產 非流動資產					
Land use rights	升加到員座 土地使用權	15	25,592	26,376		
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	16	428,190	426,849	_	
Prepayments for property, plant	物業、廠房及設備		120,130	120,015		
and equipment	之預付款		28,275	15,672	_	
Investments in and amounts due	於附屬公司之投資及			13,072		
from subsidiaries	應收款項	17	_		248,164	248,162
Available-for-sale financial assets	可供出售財務資產	18	5,316	5,459		
Deferred income tax assets	遞延所得税資產	26	2,139	2,828	_	_
			,			
			489,512	477,184	248,164	248,162
Current assets	流動資產					
Inventories	存貨	19	120,608	110,147	—	—
Trade and bill receivables	貿易應收賬款及票據	20	230,218	241,045	_	
Prepayments and deposits	預付款項及按金	20	30,215	28,287	665	703
Tax recoverable	可收回所得税款		505	196	64	11
Bank deposits with maturity over	由存款日起計算超過					
3 months from date of deposits	三個月到期之銀行					
	存款	22	10,599	21,169	_	
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等值	22	216,050	182,515	334	71
			608,195	583,359	1,063	785
	A 库					
LIABILITIES Current liabilities	負債 流動負債					
Borrowings	融資	23	161,566	222,916	_	
Finance lease obligations	財務契約債務	23	4,036	4,258	_	
Trade and bill payables	貿易應付賬款及票據	25	135,940	117,470	_	_
Accruals and other payables	應計負債及其他		,			
	應付款		110,077	87,301	1,246	1,129
Amounts due to subsidiaries	應付附屬公司款項	17	_	_	38,188	35,156
Derivative financial instruments	衍生金融工具	21	_	884	_	_
Tax payable	應付税項		39,329	40,714		
			450,948	473,543	39,434	36,285
Net current assets/(liabilities)	流動資產/(負債)淨額		157,247	109,816	(38,371)	(35,500)
Total assets less current liabilities	總資產減流動負債		646,759	587,000	209,793	212,662

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

財務狀況表 於二零一四年三月三十一日

As at 31st March, 2014

Shareholders' equity

			Gro 集	•	Com 公	• •
			As at	As at	As at	As at
			31st March,	31st March,	31st March,	31st March,
			2014	2013	2014	2013
			於二零一四年	於二零一三年	於二零一四年	於二零一三年
			三月三十一日	三月三十一日	三月三十一日	三月三十一日
		Note	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債					
Borrowings	融資	23	77,683	9,952	_	_
Finance lease obligations	財務契約債務	24	4,340	7,806	_	_
Deferred income tax liabilities	遞延所得税負債	26	5,974	8,015		
			87,997	25,773		
Net assets	資產淨值		558,762	561,227	209,793	212,662
EQUITY	股本權益					
Capital and reserves attributable to	本公司權益持有人					
the equity holders of the	應佔股本及儲備					
Company						
Share capital	股本	27	52,514	52,514	52,514	52,514
Reserves	儲備	29	506,248	508,713	157,279	160,148

Lam Kwong Yu
林光如
Chairman
主席

股東權益

Cheung Chi Shing, Charles
張志成
Director
董事

558,762

The notes on pages 60 and 136 form an integral part of these 於第60頁至136頁之附註為此等綜合財務報表的整體 consolidated financial statements.

部份。

561,227

209,793

212,662

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY 综合權益變動表

For the year ended 31st March, 2014

截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度

	Attributable to the equity holders of the Company 本公司權益持有人應佔		
	Share capital 股本 HK\$'000 千港元	Reserves 儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$′000 千港元
於二零一二年 四月一日結餘	52.514	502.635	555,149
年內溢利 其他全面收益	_	9,357	9,357
之公允價值增加 — 滙兑差異		496 6,104	496 6,104
年內全面收益總額		15,957	15,957
資本儲備增加 已付股息		623 (10,502)	623 (10,502)
		6,078	6,078
於二零一三年 三月三十一日結餘	52,514	508,713	561,227
於二零一三年 四月一日結餘	52,514	508,713	561,227
年內溢利 其他全面收益 可供出集財務资務	_	15,057	15,057
— 可供山告財務員座 之公允價值減少 — 滙兑差異		(143) (4,251)	(143) (4,251)
年內全面收益總額		10,663	10,663
已付股息		(13,128)	(13,128)
		(2,465)	(2,465)
於二零一四年 三月三十一日結餘	52,514	506,248	558,762
	四月一日結餘 年內溢面收益面收益 一可之公差 一進兑差 運之差 資本口服 資本儲備增加 己付股息 於二零一三年 四月一日結餘 於二零一三年 四月一日結餘 作的位全供公允異 年内五日 於二零一三年 四月一日 於二零一三年 四月一日 於二零一日 四月一日 許法二 四月一日 二二日 二二二日 二二二二二二日 二二二二二二二二二二二二二二二二二二二二二二二二二二二二二二二二二二二二	本公司 Share capital 股本 HK\$'000 干港元 於二零一二年 四月一日結餘 52,514 年內溢利 其他全面收益	本公司權益持有人應佔 Share capital Reserves 服本 儲備 HK\$'000 干港元 干港元 於二零一二年 四月一日銘餘 52,514 502,635 年內溢利 — 9,357 其他全面收益 一可供出售財務資產 之公允價值增加 — 496 一進兑差異 — 6,104 年內全面收益總額 — 15,957 資本儲備增加 — 623 已付股息 — (10,502) — 6,078 … 7 方の8,713 於二零一三年 四月一日結餘 52,514 508,713 於二零一三年 四月一日結餘 52,514 508,713 作內溢利 — 15,057 其他全面收益 — 0,143) — 准見差異 — (4,251) 年內全面收益總額 — 10,663 已付股息 — (13,128) — (2,465) 於二零一四年 三月三十一日結餘 52,514 506,248

The notes on pages 60 and 136 form an integral part of these 於第60頁至136頁之附註為此等綜合財務報表的整體 consolidated financial statements.

部份。

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS 综合現金流量表

For the year ended 31st March, 2014

截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度

		Note 附註	2014 HK\$′000 千港元	2013 HK\$′000 千港元
Cash flows from operating activities Cash inflow generated from	經營活動之現金流量 經營業務產生之現金流入			
operations Interest paid	已付利息	30(a)	140,940 (11,260)	81,317 (10,171)
Hong Kong profits tax paid	已付香港利得税		(2,385)	(823)
Overseas income tax paid PRC income tax refunded	已付海外所得税 已退還中國企業所得税		(12,518) 181	(6,026)
Hong Kong profits tax refunded	已退還香港利得税			241
Net cash generated from operating	經營活動產生之現金淨額			
activities			114,958	64,538
Cash flows from investing activities Purchases of property, plant and	投資活動之現金流量 購買物業、廠房及設備			
equipment	期 貝 忉 未 · 胍 厉 仪 砹 悀		(70,270)	(46,191)
Investment in available-for-sale	投資於可供出售財務資產			
financial assets Proceeds from disposals of property,	出售物業、廠房及設備之			(3,563)
plant and equipment	所得收入	30(b)	1,408	349
Prepayments for property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備之預付款		(12,603)	(12,030)
Interest received	已收利息		383	309
Decrease/(increase) in short-term bank deposits with maturity over	超過三個月到期之短期銀行 存款減少/(増加)			
3 months			10,570	(259)
Net cash used in investing activities	投資活動所用之現金淨額		(70,512)	(61,385)
Cash flows from financing activities	融資活動之現金流量			
New long-term bank loans	新增銀行長期貸款		99,839	61,400
Repayments of long-term bank loans New short-term bank loans	償還銀行長期貸款 新增銀行短期貸款		(68,629) 214,938	(45,309) 261,103
Repayments of short-term bank loans	償還銀行短期貸款		(239,127)	(267,645)
Repayments of finance lease Dividends paid	償還財務契約 已付股息		(3,124) (13,128)	(711) (10,502)
Net cash used in financing activities	融資活動所用之現金淨額		(9,231)	(1,664)
Net increase in cash and cash	現金及現金等值之淨額增加			
equivalents Cash and cash equivalents on 1st April	四月一日之現金及現金等值		35,215 182,413	1,489 180,810
Exchange (losses)/gains on cash and	現金及銀行透支之匯兑		102,413	100,010
bank overdrafts	(虧損)/收益		(1,578)	114
Cash and cash equivalents on 31st	三月三十一日之現金及現金等值			
March		22	216,050	182,413

The notes on pages 60 and 136 form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

於第60頁至136頁之附註為此等綜合財務報表的整體 部份。

1 General information

Starlite Holdings Limited (the "Company") is an investment holding company. Its subsidiaries are principally engaged in the printing and manufacturing of packaging materials, labels and paper products, including environmental friendly paper products.

The Company was incorporated in Bermuda on 3rd November, 1992, as an exempted company with limited liability under the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda. The address of its registered office is Canon's Court, 22 Victoria Street, Hamilton HM 12, Bermuda. The Company's shares have been listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited since 1993.

These consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollar, unless otherwise stated. These consolidated financial statements have been approved for issue by the Board of Directors on 25th June, 2014.

2 Summary of significant accounting policies

The principal accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

2.1 Basis of preparation

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRS"). The consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of available-for-sale financial assets.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with HKFRS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements, are disclosed in note 4 below.

1 一般資料

星光集團有限公司(「本公司」)乃一家投資控股公司。其附屬公司的主要業務為印刷及製 造包裝材料、標籤及紙類製品,包括環保紙類 產品。

本公司於一九九二年十一月三日根據百慕達 公司條例(1981)於百慕達註冊成立為獲豁免有 限公司。其註冊辦事處地址為Canon's Court, 22 Victoria Street, Hamilton HM 12, Bermuda。自一九九三年起本公司股份於香港 聯合交易所有限公司主板上市。

除另有指明外,此等綜合財務報表以港元呈 列。於二零一四年六月二十五日本公司之董 事局已批准刊發此等綜合財務報表。

重要會計政策概要

2

編撰此等綜合財務報表所應用的主要會計政 策載列如下。除另有指明外,此等政策已於呈 列之所有年度貫徹應用。

2.1 編製基準

本集團此等綜合財務報表乃根據香港財 務報告準則(「香港財務報告準則」)編 製,綜合財務報表按照歷史成本法編 製,並就可供出售財務資產之重估而作 出修訂。

遵照香港財務報告準則編製財務報表須 採用若干主要會計估計,管理層於採用 本集團會計政策時,亦須作出判斷。財 務報表涉及高度判斷或複雜性,或對綜 合財務報表重要的假設及估計在下列附 註4披露。

2.1 Basis of preparation (Continued)

The following new standards, amendments to standards and interpretation are mandatory for the Group's financial year beginning 1st April, 2013. The adoption of these new standards, amendments to standards and interpretation does not have any significant impact to the results and financial position of the Group; certain additional disclosures have resulted.

2 重要會計政策概要(續)

2.1 編製基準(續) 下列新準則、準則及詮釋的修訂本於二 零一三年四月一日起本集團財政年度已 強制生效,採納此等新準則、準則及詮 釋的修訂本對本集團的業績及財務狀況 並無重大影響,但導致約干更多披露。

HKFRS 1	Government Loans	香港財務報告準則	政府貸款
Amendment		第1號修訂本	
HKFRS 7	Disclosures — Offsetting Financial	香港財務報告準則	披露 — 金融資
Amendment	Assets and Financial Liabilities	第7號修訂本	產及金融負債
			相互抵銷
HKFRS 10	Consolidated Financial Statements	香港財務報告準則	綜合財務報表
		第10號	4 July 5 10
HKFRS 11	Joint Arrangements	香港財務報告準則	合營安排
		第11號	
HKFRS 12	Disclosure of Interests in Other	香港財務報告準則	於其他實體權益
	Entities	第12號	的披露
HKFRS 13	Fair Value Measurements	香港財務報告準則	公允價值計量
		第13號	
Amendments to	Consolidated Financial Statements,	香港財務報告準則	綜合財務報表、
HKFRS 10,	Joint Arrangements and	第10號、香港財務	合營安排及於
HKFRS 11 and	Disclosure of Interests in Other	報告準則第11號及	其他實體權益
HKFRS 12	Entities: Transition Guidance	香港財務報告準則	的披露:過渡
		第12號的修訂	指引
HKAS 1	Presentation of Financial	香港會計準則第1號	財務報表的呈列
Amendment	Statements	修訂本	
HKAS 19 (2011)	Employee Benefit	香港會計準則第19號	員工福利
		(2011)	
HKAS 27 (2011)	Separate Financial Statements	香港會計準則第27號	獨立財務報表
		(2011)	
HKAS 28 (2011)	Investments in Associates and	香港會計準則第28號	聯營公司及合營
	Joint Ventures	(2011)	企業的投資
HK(IFRIC)	Stripping Costs in the Production	香港(國際財務報告	露天採礦場生產
— Int 20	Phase of a Surface Mine	詮釋委員會)	階段之剝採成
		— 詮釋第20號	本
HKFRSs	Annual Improvements 2009–2011	香港財務報告準則	2009–2011週期
Amendment	Cycle	修訂本	年度改進

Basis of preparation (Continued) The following new standards, amendments to standards and interpretation have been issued but are not effective for the financial year beginning 1st April, 2013 and have not been early adopted by the Group. The Group has commenced an assessment of the impact of these new standards, amendments to standards and interpretation but is not yet in a position to state whether they would have a significant impact on its results of operations and financial position.

重要會計政策概要 (續) 2

2.1 編製基準 (續) 下列已頒佈的新準則、準則及詮釋的修 訂本,於二零一三年四月一日起財政年 度仍未生效,及本集團並無提早採納。 本集團已開始評估此等新準則、準則及 **詮釋的修訂本的影響**,但到目前為止仍 未確定其對營運業績及財務狀況會否構 成重大影響。

HKFRS 9	Financial Instruments ³	香港財務報告準則 第9號	金融工具3
HKFRS 14	Regulatory Deferral Accounts ⁴	香港財務報告準則	監管遞延賬戶4
HKAS 19 Amendment	Defined Benefit Plans: Employee Contributions ²	第14號 香港會計準則第19 號修訂本	界定福利計劃 — 僱員供款 ²
HKAS 32	Offsetting Financial Assets and	香港會計準則第32	
Amendment	Financial Liabilities ¹	號修訂本	負債相互抵銷
HKAS 36	Recoverable Amount Disclosures	香港會計準則第36	
Amendment HKAS 39	for Non-Financial Assets ¹ Novation of Derivatives and	號修訂本 香港會計準則第39	收回金額披露 ¹ 更新衍生工具及
Amendment	Continuation of Hedge	號修訂本	對沖會計的延續'
HK(IFRIC)	Accounting ¹ Levies ¹	香港(國際財務報	徵收1
— Int 21		告詮釋委員會) — 詮釋第21號	
Amendments to	Mandatory Effective Date of	香港財務報告準則	香港財務報告準則
HKFRS 7 and	HKFRS 9 and Transition	第7號及香港財	
HKFRS 9	Disclosures ³	務報告準則第9	生效日期及過渡
Amendments to	Investment Entities ¹	號的修訂 香港財務報告準則	披露 ³
HKFRSs 10,12		第10號、第12號	仅貝貝脰.
and HKAS 27		年10號、第12號 及香港會計準則	
(2011)		发音泡音計平则 第27號的修訂	
(2011)		第27號 明慶司 (2011)	
HKFRSs	Annual Improvements 2010–2012	(2011) 香港財務報告準則	2010–2012週期
Amendment	Cycle ²	修訂本	年度改進2
HKFRSs	Annual Improvements 2011–2013	香港財務報告準則	2011-2013週期
Amendment	Cycle ²	修訂本	年度改進 ²

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2.1

2.1 Basis of preparation (Continued)

- 1 effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1st January, 2014
- 2 effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1st July, 2014
- 3 mandatory effective date has not yet been fixed
- 4 effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1st January, 2016

2.2 Consolidation

A subsidiary is an entity (including a structured entity) over which the Group has control. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are deconsolidated from the date that control ceases.

The Group applies the acquisition method to account for business combinations. The consideration transferred for the acquisition of a subsidiary is the fair values of the assets transferred, the liabilities incurred to the former owners of the acquiree and the equity interests issued by the Group. The consideration transferred includes the fair value of any asset or liability resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement. Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date.

2 重要會計政策概要(續)

2.1 編製基準(續)

- 適用於二零一四年一月一日或以 後開始的年度期間生效
- 2 適用於二零一四年七月一日或以 後開始的年度期間生效
- 3 尚未釐定強制生效日期
- 4 適用於二零一六年一月一日或以 後開始的年度期間生效

2.2 綜合賬目

附屬公司為本集團控制之所有實體(包括結構實體)。當本集團對參與實體業 務之浮動回報承擔風險或享有權利以及 能透過對實體之權力影響該等回報時, 即取得控制權。附屬公司在控制權轉移 至本集團之日綜合入賬。附屬公司在控 制權終止之日起停止綜合入賬。

本集團採用收購法為業務合併入賬。收 購附屬公司所轉讓代價根據本集團所轉 讓的資產、對被收購公司前擁有人所產 生的負債及本集團所發行股本權益的公 允價值計算。所轉讓的代價包括因或然 代價安排產生的任何資產或負債的公允 價值。在業務合併過程中所收購的可識 別資產以及所承擔的負債及或然負債, 均於收購當日按其公允價值作初步計量。

2.2 Consolidation (Continued)

The excess of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree and the acquisition-date fair value of any previous equity interest in the acquiree over the fair value of the identifiable net assets acquired is recorded as goodwill. If the total of consideration transferred, non-controlling interest recognised and previously held interest measured is less than the fair value of the net assets of the subsidiary acquired in the case of a bargain purchase, the difference is recognised directly in the income statement.

Inter-company transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between group companies are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated. The financial information reported by subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

In the Company's statement of financial position, the investments in subsidiaries are accounted for at cost less impairment. Cost includes direct attributable costs of investment. The results of subsidiaries are accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividend received and receivable.

When the Group ceases to have control, any retained interest in the entity is re-measured to its fair value at the date when control is lost, with the change in carrying amount recognised in the consolidated income statement. The fair value is the initial carrying amount for the purposes of subsequently accounting for the retained interest as an associate, joint venture or financial asset. In addition, any amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in respect of that entity are accounted for as if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities. This may mean that amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to the consolidated income statement.

2 重要會計政策概要(續)

2.2 綜合賬目(續) 所轉讓代價、被收購方之任何非控股權 益金額及任何先前於被收購方之股本權 益於收購日期之公允價值超過所收購可 識別資產淨值之公允價值之差額入賬列 作商譽。倘所轉讓代價、已確認之非控 股權益及已計量之以往持有權益之總額 低於以廉價購入附屬公司之資產淨值之 公允價值,則該差額會直接於收益表確 認。

> 集團公司之間的交易、結餘及未實現收 益予以對銷,未實現虧損亦予以對銷。 附屬公司呈報的財務資料已按需要作出 修改,以確保與本集團採用的會計政策 符合一致。

> 於本公司的財務狀況表中,附屬公司投 資按成本扣除減值,成本包括直接歸屬 的投資成本。本公司按照股息收入為基 準將附屬公司之業績計算入賬。

> 當集團不再持有控制權,在主體的任何 保留權益於失去控制權當日重新計量至 公允價值,賬面值的變動在綜合收益表 中確認。公允價值為就保留權益的後續 入賬而言的初始賬面值,作為聯營、合 營或金融資產。此外,之前在其他全面 收益中確認的任何數額猶如本集團已直 接處置相關資產和負債。這意味著之前 在其他全面收益中確認的數額重新分類 至綜合收益表。

2.3 Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker. The chief operating decision-maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the Chairman/Chief Executive Officer who makes strategic decisions.

2.4 Foreign currency translation

- (a) Functional and presentation currency Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars, which is the Company's functional and the Group's presentation currency.
- (b) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at yearend exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the consolidated income statement.

2 重要會計政策概要(續)

2.3 分部報告 經營分部乃按與主要營運決策者提供之 內部報告一致之方式予以呈報。主要營 運決策者負責分配資源及評估經營分部 之表現,主席/首席執行長被視為主要 營運決策者,彼負責制定策略決定。

2.4 外幣換算

- (a) 功能貨幣和呈列貨幣 本集團每個實體的財務報表所列 項目均以該實體營運所在的主要 經濟環境之貨幣計量(「功能貨 幣」)。綜合財務報表以港元呈報, 港元為本公司的功能貨幣及本集 團的呈列貨幣。
- (b) 交易及結餘 外幣交易採用交易日之匯率換算 為功能貨幣。結算此等交易產生 之匯兑盈虧以及將外幣計值之貨 幣性資產和負債以年結匯率換算 產生之匯兑盈虧在綜合收益表確 認。

2.4 Foreign currency translation (Continued)

(b) Transactions and balances (Continued) Changes in the fair value of monetary securities denominated in foreign currency classified as available-for-sale are analysed between translation differences resulting from changes in the amortised cost of the security and other changes in the carrying amount of the security. Translation differences related to changes in amortised cost are recognised in the consolidated income statement, and other changes in the carrying amount are recognised in other comprehensive income.

> Translation difference on non-monetary financial assets and liabilities such as equities held at fair value through profit or loss are recognised in the consolidated income statement as part of the fair value gain or loss. Translation differences on non-monetary financial assets such as equities classified as available-for-sale are included in other comprehensive income.

(c) Group companies

The results and financial position of all the Group entities (none of which has the currency of a hyperinflationary economy) that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

assets and liabilities for each statement of financial position presented are translated at the closing rate at the date of that statement of financial position;

2 重要會計政策概要(續)

- 2.4 外幣換算(續)
 - (b) 交易及結餘(續) 以外幣為單位及被分類為可供出 售的貨幣性證券的公允價值轉 變,將在其證券攤銷成本轉變產 生的匯兑差額及其他證券賬面值 轉變之間予以分析。與攤銷成本 變動有關的匯兑差額於綜合收益 表中確認,賬面值的其他變動則 於其他全面收益中確認。

非貨幣性財務資產及負債(如以 公允價值計量且其變動計入損益 的財務資產)之匯兑差額,則於綜 合收益表內確認為公允價值損益 一部份。非貨幣性財務資產(如歸 類為可供出售投資之權益)之匯 兑差額,則計入其他全面收益內。

- (c) 集團公司 所有功能貨幣與呈列貨幣不同之 本集團實體(當中沒有嚴重通貨 膨脹貨幣)之業績及財務狀況均 按以下方法換算為呈列貨幣:
 - (i) 各財務狀況表呈列之資產
 及負債項目均以該財務狀
 況表結算日之收市匯率折
 算;

2.4 Foreign currency translation (Continued)

- (c) Group companies (Continued)
 - (ii) income and expenses for each income statement are translated at average exchange rates (unless this average is not a reasonable approximation of the cumulative effect of the rates prevailing on the transaction dates, in which case income and expenses are translated at the rate on the dates of the transactions); and
 - (iii) all resulting currency translation differences are recognised in other comprehensive income.

On consolidation, currency translation differences arising from the translation of the net investment in foreign operations are taken to other comprehensive income. When a foreign operation is partially disposed of or sold, currency translation differences that were recorded in equity are recognised in the consolidated income statement as part of the gain or loss on sale.

2.5 Land use rights

The up-front prepayments made for land use rights are accounted for as prepaid operating lease payments. They are expensed in the consolidated income statement on a straight-line basis over the periods of the lease; when there is impairment, the impairment is expensed immediately in the consolidated income statement.

2.6 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment, including leasehold land interests classified as finance leases but excluding construction in progress, are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the assets.

2 重要會計政策概要(續)

2.4 外幣換算(續)

(C)

- 集團公司(續)
 (ii) 各收益表所呈報之收入及 開支項目均按平均匯率換 算(除非該平均值並不反映 於交易日通行匯率累計影 響之合理近似值,在此情 況下收入及開支乃按交易 日之匯率換算);及
 - (iii) 所有由此產生之外幣換算 差額均於其他全面收益內 確認。

綜合賬目上,換算境外業務之投 資淨額所產生之外幣換算差額乃 計入其他全面收益內。於處置或 出售部份境外業務時,計入權益 內之外幣換算差額於綜合收益表 中計入出售收益或虧損的一部份。

- 2.5 土地使用權 就土地使用權預先支付的款項按預付營 運租賃款項列賬,倘出現減值,將會按 直線法於租賃期間分期在綜合收益表列 作開支,減值於綜合收益表即時列作開 支。
 - 2.6 物業、廠房及設備 物業、廠房及設備(包括分類為融資租 賃的租賃土地權益,但不包括在建工程) 均以歷史成本減累計折舊及累計減值列 賬。歷史成本包括因收購該資產而直接 產生之支出。

2.6 Property, plant and equipment (Continued) Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to the consolidated income statement during the financial period in which they are incurred.

> Leasehold land interests classified as finance leases commence amortisation from the time when the land interest becomes available for its intended use. Amortisation on leasehold land interests classified as finance lease and depreciation on all other property, plant and equipment are calculated using the straight-line method to allocate their cost to their residual values over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

- Leasehold land interests

classified as finance leases	Over the lease term
— Buildings	25 to 50 years
— Plant and machinery	5 to 10 years
— Furniture and equipment	5 to 10 years
 Motor vehicles 	5 years

2 重要會計政策概要(續)

2.6 物業、廠房及設備(續) 其後成本只有在與該項目有關的未來經 濟利益有可能流入本集團,而該項目的 成本能可靠計量時,才列入資產的賬面 值或確認為獨立資產(如適用)。已更換 部分之賬面值將剔除入賬。所有其他維 修及保養在產生的期間內於綜合收益表 支銷。

> 分類為融資租賃之租賃土地權益自土地 可供用作其擬定用途時開始攤銷。分類 為融資租賃之租賃土地權益之攤銷及所 有其他物業、廠房及設備之折舊依估計 可使用年期內按直線法分攤其成本至殘 值,有關之可使用年期如下:

— 分類為融資租賃的

租賃土地	按租約期限
— 樓宇	25至50年
— 機器	5至10年
— 傢具及設備	5至10年
— 汽車	5年

2.6 Property, plant and equipment (Continued) The residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period. The carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount (note 2.7).

> Construction in progress comprises buildings on which construction work has not been completed and plant and machinery for which installation work has not been completed. It is carried at cost which includes construction and installation expenditures and other direct costs less any impairment losses. On completion, construction in progress is transferred to the appropriate categories of property, plant and equipment at cost less accumulated impairment losses. No depreciation is provided for construction in progress until it is completed and available for use.

> Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised within 'other gains/(losses)-net' in the consolidated income statement.

2.7 Impairment of investments in subsidiaries and other non-financial assets

Assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (cash-generating units). Assets that suffered an impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at each reporting date.

2 重要會計政策概要(續)

2.6 物業、廠房及設備(續) 剩餘價值及可使用年期於各個報告結束 日檢討,並作出適當調整。若賬面值高 於其估計可收回價值,則其賬面值即時 撇減至可收回價值(附註2.7)。

> 在建工程指尚未完成建築工程的樓宇及 仍未完成安裝的機器,並按成本入賬, 成本包括建築及安裝費用及其他直接成 本減減值虧損。當在建工程完成時,會 將成本減累計減值虧損轉撥至適當物 業、廠房及設備的項目中。在建工程項 目直至有關資產完成及可作擬定用途前 不作折舊撥備。

> 出售收益及虧損透過比較賬面值及所得 款項釐定,並於綜合收益表(「其他收益 /(虧損)— 淨額」)內確認。

2.7 於附屬公司投資及其他非財務資產 之減值

資產在有事件出現或情況變動顯示出現 賬面值無法收回時就減值進行評估。減 值虧損按資產賬面值超越其可收回價值 的數額確認。可收回價值為資產公允價 值減銷售成本後的價值,與其使用價值 之間的較高者。為評估資產減值,資產 按可獨立地區分其現金流量(現金產生 單位)的最低層次組合。於每個報告日, 均會對曾出現減值之資產作出評估,以 確定是否可能作出減值撥回。



2.7 Impairment of investments in subsidiaries and other non-financial assets (Continued)

Impairment testing of the investments in subsidiaries is required upon receiving dividends from these investments if the dividend exceeds the total comprehensive income of the subsidiary in the period the dividend is declared or if the carrying amount of the investment in the separate financial statements exceeds the carrying amount in the consolidated financial statements of the investee's net assets including goodwill.

2.8 Financial assets

The Group classifies its financial assets in the categories of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, loans and receivables and available-for-sale. The classification depends on the purpose for which the financial assets were acquired. Management determines the classification of its financial assets at initial recognition.

(a) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

A financial asset (including derivative financial instrument) is classified as fair value through profit or loss if acquired principally for the purpose of trading or designated upon initial recognition. Assets in this category are classified as current assets if they are either held for trading or are expected to be settled within twelve months otherwise they are classified as non-current.

(b) Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. They are included in current assets, except for maturities greater than twelve months after the end of the reporting period. These are classified as non-current assets. The Group's loans and receivables comprise trade and bill receivables and bank balances and cash in the statement of financial position (notes 2.12 and 2.13).

2 重要會計政策概要(續)

2.7 於附屬公司投資及其他非財務資產 之減值(續)

倘投資附屬公司收取之股息超過附屬公 司於股息宣派期間之全面收益總額或於 獨立財務報表中之投資賬面值超過被投 資對象資產淨值(包括商譽)於綜合財務 報表中之賬面值,則要求對該等投資進 行減值測試。

2.8 財務資產 本集團將其財務資產歸類為按公允價值 透過損益記賬、貸款及應收款項以及可 供出售。有關分類乃取決於所購入財務 資產之用途。管理層於初步確認時決定 其財務資產之類別。

> (a) 按公允價值透過損益記賬的財務 資產

> > 一項財務資產(包括衍生金融工 具),如購入的主要目的為買賣用 途或於最初確認時已指定,會分 類為按公允價值透過損益記賬。 此類別之資產,如持有作買賣用 途或預計於十二個月內結清,會 分類為流動資產,否則分類為非 流動資產。

(b) 貸款及應收款項 貸款及應收款項指於活躍市場上 並無報價而款項已定或待定之非 衍生財務資產。該等款項計入流 動資產,惟不包括到期日為結算 日起計超過十二個月者,此等款 項會列作非流動資產。本集團之 貸款及應收款項包括財務狀況表 內之貿易應收賬款及票據及銀行 結存及現金(附註2.12及2.13)。

2.8 Financial assets (Continued)

(c) Available-for-sale financial assets Available-for-sale financial assets are nonderivatives that are either designated in this category or not classified in any of the other categories. They are included in non-current assets unless management intends to dispose of the investments within twelve months of the end of the reporting period.

Regular purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on the trade-date, the date on which the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset. Investments are initially recognised at fair value plus transaction costs for all financial assets not carried at fair value through profit or loss. Financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are initially recognised at fair value, and transaction costs are expensed in the consolidated income statement. Financial assets are derecognized when the rights to receive cash flows from the investments have expired or have been transferred and the Group has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership. Available-for-sale financial assets and financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are subsequently carried at fair value. Loans and receivables are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Gain or loss arising from changes in the fair value of the financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are included in the consolidated income statement within other income/other operating costs in the financial period in which they arise. Dividend income from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss is recognised in the consolidated income statement as part of other income when the Group's right to receive payments is established.

2 重要會計政策概要(續)

2.8

財務資產(續)
(c) 可供出售財務資產
可供出售財務資產為被指定作此
類別或並無分類為任何其他類別
之非衍生工具。除非管理層有意
在結算日後十二個月內出售該項
投資,否則此等資產列在非流動
資產內。

定期購入及出售的財務資產在交易日確 認一交易日指本集團承諾購入或出售 該資產之日。對於並非按公允價值初步 資益記賬的所有財務資產,其投資初步 按公允價值益記賬的財務資產,其投資初步 值價益記賬的財務資產,初步按公 行費銷。當從投資收取現金流集團設務 資值確認從投資軟取現金流集團設務 資值。當從投資收取現金流集團設務 資資的所有風險和回知。可供出售財務資產 及按公允價價值透過損賬。貸款及應收款項 其後利用實際利息法按攤銷成本列賬。

以公允價值計量且其變動計入損益的財 務資產之公允價值如出現變動,所產生 之收益及虧損均於產生期間內列入綜合 收益表之「其他收益/其他經營成本」。 當本集團有權獲取支付時,以公允價值 計量且其變動計入損益的財務資產產生 之股息收入於綜合收益表內確認為其他 收入的一部分。

2.8 Financial assets (Continued)

Changes in the fair value of monetary securities denominated in a foreign currency and classified as available-for-sale are analysed between translation differences resulting from changes in amortised cost of the security and other changes in the carrying amount of the security. The translation differences on monetary securities are recognised in the consolidated income statement; translation differences on non-monetary securities are recognised in equity. Changes in the fair value of monetary and non-monetary securities classified as available-for-sale recognised in other comprehensive income.

When securities classified as available-for-sale are sold or impaired, the accumulated fair value adjustments recognised in equity are included in the consolidated income statement as gain and loss from investment securities.

Interest on available-for-sale securities calculated using the effective interest method is recognised in the consolidated income statement as part of other income. Dividends from available-for-sale equity instruments are recognised in the consolidated income statement as part of other income when the Group's right to receive payments is established.

2 重要會計政策概要(續)

2.8 財務資產(續) 如以外幣計價及分類為可供出售之貨幣 證券的公允價值變動,則於因證券經攤 銷成本變動產生的換算差額與證券賬面 值其他變動間進行分析。貨幣證券之換 算差額於綜合收益表確認,而非貨幣證 券之換算差額則於權益確認。分類為可 供出售的貨幣證券及非貨幣證券之公允 價值變動,均於其他全面收入內確認。

> 當分類為可供出售之證券售出或減值 時,在權益確認的累計公允價值調整按 證券投資的收益及虧損列入綜合收益表 內。

> 可供出售證券利用實際利息法計算的利 息在綜合收益表內列作其他收入確認。 至於可供出售權益工具的股息,當本集 團收取有關款項的權利確定時,會在綜 合收益表內列作其他收入確認。

2.8 Financial assets (Continued)

The fair values of quoted investments are based on current bid prices. If the market for a financial asset is not active (and for unlisted securities), the Group establishes fair value by using valuation techniques. These include the use of recent arm's length transactions, reference to other instruments that are substantially the same, discounted cash flow analysis and option pricing models, making maximum use of market inputs and relying as little as possible on entity-specific inputs.

2.9 Impairment of financial assets

- (a) Assets carried at amortised cost
 - The Group assesses at the end of each reporting period whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or group of financial assets is impaired. A financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired and impairment losses are incurred only if there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the asset (a 'loss event') and that loss event (or events) has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or group of financial assets that can be reliably estimated.

The criteria that the Group uses to determine that there is objective evidence of an impairment loss include:

- Significant financial difficulty of the issuer or obligor;
- A breach of contract, such as a default or delinquency in interest or principal payments;

2 重要會計政策概要(續)

2.8 財務資產(續) 有價投資之公允價值乃按當時買入價所 計算。倘某金融資產之市場並不活躍(及 就非上市證券而言),本集團會採用估 值技術訂出公允價值,包括採用近期按 公平原則進行之交易,參考其他大致相 同之工具,現金流量貼現分析,以及期 權定價模式,盡可能使用市場元素而盡 量減少倚靠屬公司獨有的元素。

2.9 財務資產減值

(a) 以攤銷後成本列賬的資產 本集團於每個報告結束日評估是 否存在客觀證據證明某財務資產 或某財務資產組別已經存在減 值。只有當存在客觀證據證明於 首次確認資產後發生一宗或多宗 事件導致出現減值(「損失事 項」),而該宗(或該等)損失事項 對該項或該組別財務資產的估計 未來現金流量構成的影響可以合 理估計的情況下,有關的財務資 產或財務資產組別才被視為出現 減值及產生減值虧損。

> 本集團用於釐定是否存在減值虧 損客觀證據的標準如下:

- 發行人或欠債人遇上嚴重 財政困難;
- 違反合約,例如逾期或拖
 欠償還利息或本金;

(a)

2.9 Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

- Assets carried at amortised cost (Continued)
 The Group, for economic or legal reasons relating to the borrower's financial difficulty, granting to the borrower a concession that the lender would not otherwise consider;
 - It becomes probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation;
 - The disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties; or
 - Observable data indicating that there is a measurable decrease in the estimated future cash flows from a portfolio of financial assets since the initial recognition of those assets, although the decrease cannot yet be identified with the individual financial assets in the portfolio, including:
 - adverse changes in the payment status of borrowers in the portfolio;
 - (ii) national or local economic conditions that correlate with defaults on the assets in the portfolio.

The Group first assesses whether objective evidence of impairment exists.

2 重要會計政策概要(續)

- 2.9 財務資產減值(續)
 - (a) 以攤銷後成本列賬的資產(續)
 本集團基於與借款人的財政困難有關的經濟或法律原因,向借款人提供一般放款人不會考慮的特惠條件;
 - 借款人有可能破產或進行 其他財務重組;
 - 因為財政困難而使該財務 資產的活躍市場不再存在; 或
 - 可察覺的資料顯示自從初始確認後,某組別財務資產的估計未來現金流量有可計量的減少,即使該減少尚未能確定為在該組別的個別財務資產內,有關資料包括:
 - (i) 該 組 別 的 借 款 人 的 還 款 狀 況 的 不 利 變 動:
 - (ii) 與該組別資產逾期 還款相關連的全國 性或地方經濟狀況。
 - 本集團首先評估是否存在減值的 客觀證據。

2.9 Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

Assets carried at amortised cost (Continued) (a) The amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows (excluding future credit losses that have not been incurred) discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate. The asset's carrying amount is reduced and the amount of the loss is recognised in the consolidated income statement. If a loan has a variable interest rate, the discount rate for measuring any impairment loss is the current effective interest rate determined under the contract. As a practical expedient, the Group may measure impairment on the basis of an instrument's fair value using an observable market price.

If, in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised (such as an improvement in the debtor's credit rating), the reversal of the previously recognised impairment loss is recognised in the consolidated income statement.

2 重要會計政策概要(續)

- 2.9 財務資產減值(續)
 - (a) 以攤銷後成本列賬的資產(續) 虧損金額為資產賬面值與按財務 資產估計未來現金流量(不包括 仍未產生的未來信用虧損)以原 實際利率貼現值兩者的差額。該 資產賬面值予以減低,而產生的 虧損金額則在綜合收益表確認。 如貸款為浮動利率,計量任何減 值虧損的折現率為按合同釐定的 當時實際利率。在實際應用中, 本集團可利用可觀察的市場價 格,按工具的公允價值計量減值。

如在隨後期間,減值虧損的數額 減少,而此減少可客觀地聯繫至 減值在確認後才發生的事件(例 如債務人的信用評級有所改善), 則之前已確認的減值虧損可在綜 合收益表轉回。

2.9 Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

(b) Assets classified as available for sale

The Group assesses at the end of each reporting period whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired. For debt securities, the Group uses the criteria refer to in (a) above. In the case of equity investments classified as available for sale, a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of the security below its cost is also evidence that the assets are impaired. If any such evidence exists for available-for-sale financial assets, the cumulative loss - measured as the difference between the acquisition cost and the current fair value, less any impairment loss on that financial asset previously recognised in profit or loss - is removed from equity and recognised in the separate consolidated income statement. Impairment losses recognised in the separate consolidated income statement on equity instruments are not reversed through the separate consolidated income statement. If, in a subsequent period, the fair value of a debt instrument classified as available for sale increases and the increase can be objectively related to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognised in profit or loss, the impairment loss is reversed through the separate consolidated income statement.

2.10 Derivative financial instruments

Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value on the date a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently re-measured at their fair value. The derivative instruments held by the Group do not qualify for hedge accounting and are accounted for at fair value through profit or loss. Changes in fair value of these derivative instruments are recognised immediately in the consolidated income statement.

2 重要會計政策概要(續)

2.9 財務資產減值(續) (b) 資產分類為可供

資產分類為可供出售 本集團在每個報告結束日評估是 否有客觀證據證明某財務資產或 某財務資產組別已經存在減值。 對於債務證券,本集團利用上文 (a)的準則。至於分類為可供出售 的權益投資,該等證券公允價值 的大幅度或長期低於其成本值, 亦是該資產已經存在減值的證 據。若可供出售財務資產存在此 等證據,累計虧損(按購買成本與 當時公允價值的差額,減該財務 資產之前已計入綜合收益表的任 何減值虧損計算),自權益中剔 除,並計入獨立綜合收益表。在 獨立綜合收益表確認的權益工具 的減值虧損不會透過獨立綜合收 益表轉回。如被分類為可供出售 的債務工具的公允價值在較後期 間增加,而增加可客觀地與減值 虧損在損益確認後發生的事件有 關,則將減值虧損在獨立綜合收 益表轉回。

2.10 衍生金融工具

衍生金融工具初步按訂立衍生金融工具 合約當日之公允價值確認,其後按公允 價值重新計量。本集團所持有之衍生金 融工具未能指定作為對沖工具,並按公 允價值透過損益記賬。衍生金融工具之 公允價值如有變動,會即時於綜合收益 表確認。



2.11 Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined using the weighted average method. The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises raw materials, direct labour, other direct costs and related production overheads (based on normal operating capacity). It excludes borrowing costs. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less applicable variable selling expenses.

2.12 Trade and bill receivables

Trade receivables are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business. If collection of trade and bill receivables is expected in one year or less (or in the normal operating cycle of the business if longer), they are classified as current assets. If not, they are presented as non-current assets.

Trade and bill receivables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment.

2.13 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities on the consolidated statement of financial position.

2.14 Borrowings and borrowing costs

Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost; any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognised in the consolidated income statement over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

2 重要會計政策概要(續)

2.11 存貨

存貨以成本值及可變現淨值兩者的較低 者列賬。成本值是以加權平均法計算。 製成品及在製品的成本值包括原材料、 直接工資、其他直接成本及相關生產間 接開支(根據正常營運能力計算)。有關 數額不包括借貸成本。可變現淨值為於 日常業務過程內的估計售價扣除適當的 浮動銷售開支計算。

2.12 貿易應收賬款及票據

貿易應收賬款是就日常業務過程中所售 商品或所提供服務而應收客戶之款項。 倘應收賬款及票據預計將在一年或以內 收回(若更長則在業務正常經營週期 內),則分類為流動資產。否則,在非流 動資產中列報。

貿易應收賬款及票據初步按公允價值確 認,其後以實際利息法按攤銷成本扣除 減值撥備計量。

2.13 現金及現金等值

現金及現金等值包括手頭現金、銀行通 知存款、原到期日為三個月或以下的短 期高流動投資,以及銀行透支。銀行透 支於綜合財務狀況表列作流動負債內的 融資。

之任何差額於借貸期間使用實際利息法

2.14 融資及融資成本 融資於扣除所產生之交易成本後初步按 公允價值確認,其後按攤銷成本列賬; 所得款項(扣除交易成本)與贖回價值間

於綜合收益表確認。

2.14 Borrowings and borrowing costs (Continued) Fees paid on the establishment of loan facilities are recognised as transaction costs of the loan to the extent that it is probable that some or all of the facilities will be drawn down. In this case, the fee is deferred until the draw-down occurs. To the extent there is no evidence that it is probable that some or all of the facilities will be drawn down, the fee is capitalised as a prepayment for liquidity services and amortised over the period of the facility to which it relates.

> Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the end of the reporting period.

> Borrowing costs incurred for the construction of any qualifying asset are capitalised during the period of time that is required to complete and prepare the asset for its intended use. All other borrowing costs are charged to the consolidated income statement in the period in which they are incurred.

2.15 Trade payables

Trade payables are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Trade payables are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less (or in the normal operating cycle of the business if longer). If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade payables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

2 重要會計政策概要(續)

2.14 融資及融資成本(續) 設立貸款額度時支付的費用倘部份或全 部額度將會很有可能提取,該費用可遞 延入賬直至額度提取為止。如沒有證據 證明部份或全部額度將會很有可能被提 取,則該項費用須資本化作為流動資金 服務的預付款,並按有關額度期間攤銷。

除非本集團有權無條件地將債務結算日 期順延至報告結束日後至少十二個月, 否則融資會被分類為流動負債。

直接歸屬於興建合資格資產的借款成 本,加入該等資產的成本內,直至資產 大致上備妥供其預定用途為止。所有其 他借款成本均於彼等產生時於綜合收益 表內列支。

2.15 貿易應付賬款

貿易應付賬款是在日常運作過程中從供 應商處購買商品或接受服務形成的支付 責任。倘應付賬款預計將在一年或以內 支付(若更長則在業務正常經營週期 內),則分類為流動負債。否則,在非流 動負債中列報。

貿易應付款項初步按公允價值確認,並 於隨後以實際利率法按攤銷成本計算。



2.16 Current and deferred income tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the consolidated income statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the statement of financial position date in the countries where the Company and its subsidiaries operate and generate taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation. It establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

Deferred income tax is recognised, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements. However, the deferred income tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

2 重要會計政策概要(續)

2.16 即期及遞延所得税

本期間的税項支出包括即期及遞延税 項。税項在綜合收益表中確認,但與在 其他全面收益或直接於權益中確認的項 目有關者則除外。在此情況下,税項亦 分別於其他全面收益或直接於權益中確 認。

即期所得税支出根據本公司及其附屬公 司營運及產生應課税收入的國家於財務 狀況表日期已頒佈或實質頒佈的税務法 例計算。管理層就適用税務法例詮釋所 規限的情況定期評估報税表的狀況,並 在適用情況下根據預期須向税務機關支 付的税款設定撥備。

遞延所得税利用負債法就資產和負債的 税基與資產和負債在綜合財務報表的賬 面值之差額產生的暫時差異全數撥備。 然而,若遞延所得税來自在交易(不包 括企業合併)中對資產或負債的初步確 認,而在交易時不影響會計損益或應課 税盈虧,則不作記賬。遞延所得税採用 在報告結束日前已頒佈或實質頒佈,並 在有關之遞延所得税資產實現或遞延所 得税負債結算時預期將會適用之税率(及 法例)而釐定。

遞延所得税資產是就很可能有未來應課 税利潤而就此可使用暫時差異而確認。

2.16 Current and deferred income tax (Continued) Deferred income tax is provided on temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries, except for deferred income tax liability where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference is controlled by the Group and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

> Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the deferred income taxes assets and liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the taxable entity or different taxable entities where there is an intention to settle the balances on a net basis.

2.17 Share capital

Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

Where any group company purchases the Company's equity share capital, the consideration paid, including any directly attributable incremental costs (net of income taxes) is deducted from retained earnings.

2.18 Employee benefits

(a) Employee leave entitlements

Employee entitlements to annual leave and long service leave are recognised when they accrue to employees. A provision is made for the estimated liability for annual leave and long service leave as a result of services rendered by employees up to the end of the reporting period.

Employee entitlements to sick leave and maternity leave are not recognised until the time of leave.

2 重要會計政策概要(續)

2.16 即期及遞延所得税(續) 遞延所得税就附屬公司投資產生之暫時 差異而撥備,但假若本集團可以控制暫 時差異之撥回時間,而暫時差異在可預 見將來很有可能不會撥回則除外。

倘具有法定可執行權利將現有税項資產 與現有税項負債對銷,且遞延所得税資 產及負債均涉及同一財政機關向有意按 淨額結算餘額的課税實體或不同課税實 體徵收的所得税,則遞延所得税資產與 負債可互相抵銷。

2.17 股本

直接歸屬於發行新股或購股權的新增成 本在股本權益中列為所得款(除税後)的 減少。

當集團內任何公司購買本公司的股本權 益,已付的代價,包括任何直接歸屬的 遞增成本(除税後),將於保留溢利中扣 除。

2.18 員工福利

(a) 僱員應享假期 僱員的應享年假及長期服務假期 乃於應計予僱員時確認。僱員因 提供服務產生的應享假期乃按截 至財務狀況表日期日的年假及長 期服務假期估計負債計算撥備。

> 僱員應享病假及分娩假期僅於支 取時才確認。

2.18 Employee benefits (Continued)

(b) Retirement benefits

The Group participates in various defined contribution retirement benefit schemes. A defined contribution plan is a retirement benefit scheme under which the Group pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. The Group has no legal or constructive obligations to pay further contribution for post-retirement benefits beyond these fixed contributions.

The schemes are generally funded through payments to government authorities, insurance companies or trustee-administered funds. The Group pays contributions on a mandatory, contractual or voluntary basis. The contributions are recognised as employment costs when they are due. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments is available.

(c) Share-based compensation

The fair value of the employee services received in exchange for the grant of share options is recognised as an expense over the vesting periods of the options granted. The total amount to be expensed over the vesting period is determined by reference to the fair value of the options granted excluding the impact of any non-market vesting conditions. Non-market vesting conditions are included in the assumption that the number of options that are expected to become exercisable. At the end of each reporting date, the Group revises its estimates of the number of options that are expected to vest. It recognises the impact of the revision of original estimates, if any, in the consolidated income statement, with a corresponding adjustment to equity.

2 重要會計政策概要(續)

2.18 員工福利(續)

(b) 退休福利 集團參加多個界定供款退休福利 計劃。界定供款計劃指本集團向 獨立實體作出定額供款之退休金 計劃。本集團並無法定或推定責 任為該等定額供款以外的退休後 福利支付其他供款。

> 計劃一般的資金來自向政府機 構、保險公司或受託人管理基金 所作供款。本集團按強制、合約 或自願基準作出供款。供款到期 時確認為僱員成本。預付供款確 認為資產,惟以退回現金或可扣 減日後付款金額為限。

(c) 以股份為基礎之補償 為換取所獲僱員提供之服務而授 出購股權之公允價值於授出購股 權的歸屬期內確認為支出。於歸 屬期內將予支銷之總額乃參考所 授出購股權之公允價值釐定,但 不包括任何非市場業績可行權條 件,非市場可行權條件包括在有 關預可行使可行權的期權數目 的假設中。於各個報告結束日, 本集團會修訂其對預可行權數 目的估計,並於綜合收益表確認 修訂原估算產生之影響(如有)及 對權益作出相應調整。

2.18 Employee benefits (Continued)

- (c) Share-based compensation (Continued) The proceeds received net of any directly attributable transaction costs are credited to share capital (nominal value) and share premium when the options are exercised.
- (d) Profit-sharing and bonus plans

The Group recognises a liability and an expense for bonuses and profit-sharing, based on a formula that takes into consideration the profit attributable to the Company's shareholders after certain adjustments. The Group recognises a provision where contractually obliged or where there is a past practice that has created a constructive obligation.

2.19 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events; it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation; and the amount has been reliably estimated. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses.

Where there are a number of similar obligations, the likelihood that an outflow will be required in settlement is determined by considering the class of obligations as a whole. A provision is recognised even if the likelihood of an outflow with respect to any one item included in the same class of obligations may be small.

Provisions are measured at the present value of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation using a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risk specific to the obligation. The increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as interest expense.

2 重要會計政策概要(續)

2.18 員工福利(續)

- (c) 以股份為基礎之補償(續) 當購股權獲行使後,所有收入於 扣除任何有關交易成本後撥入股 本(面值)及股份溢價。
- (d) 溢利分享及花紅計劃 本集團按本公司經調整後股東應 佔溢利根據公式計算的花紅及溢 利分享確認為負債及開支。當有 合約責任或過往慣例引致推定責 任時,本集團即會確認撥備。

2.19 撥備

本集團因已發生之事件而產生現有法律 或推定責任:很有可能需要資源流出以 償付責任:金額已被可靠估計作出撥 備。不就未來營運虧損確認撥備。

如有多項類似責任,其需要在償付中流 出資源的可能性,根據責任的類別整體 考慮。即使在同一責任類別所包含的任 何一個項目相關的資源流出的可能性極 低,仍須確認撥備。

撥備採用税前利率按照預期需償付有關 責任的開支的現值計量,該利率反映當 時市場對金錢時間值和有關責任固有風 險的評估。隨著時間過去而增加的撥備 確認為利息開支。

2.20 Revenue recognition

Revenue comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods in the ordinary course of the Group's activities. Revenue is shown net of value-added tax, returns, rebates and discounts and after eliminating sales within the Group.

The Group recognises revenue when the amount of revenue can be reliably measured, it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity and specific criteria have been met for each of the Group's activities as described below. The Group bases its estimates on historical results, taking into consideration the type of customer, the type of transaction and the specifics of each arrangement.

- (a) Sales of goods Sales of goods are recognised when a group entity has delivered products to the customer, the customer has accepted the products and collectability of the related receivables is reasonably assured.
- (b) Interest income

Interest income is recognised on a timeproportion basis using the effective interest method.

2.21 Leases

Leases in which a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases (net of any incentives received from the lessor), including upfront payment made for land use rights, are charged to the consolidated income statement on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

2 重要會計政策概要(續)

2.20 收入確認 收入包括在本集團正常經營活動中已收 到或應收的出售產品的公允價值。收入 已扣除增值税、退貨、回傭及折扣,以 及對銷本集團公司內部銷售後的金額列 示。

> 當能夠可靠地計量收入金額,而很可能 日後有經濟利益將流入公司,並如下文 所述本集團的各業務符合特定條件時, 本集團確認收入。本集團根據過往業 績,並考慮客戶種類、交易形式及各安 排的特徵估計。

- (a) 銷售貨品 銷售貨品於集團實體向客戶送交 產品,客戶接受該產品並且收回 相關應收款項的機會能夠合理確 定時確認入賬。
- (b) 利息收入 利息收入採用實際利息法按時間 比例基準確認入賬。
- 2.21 租賃
 - 如租賃擁有權之重大部份風險及回報由 出租人保留,分類為經營租賃。根據經 營租賃支付之付款(扣除自出租人收取 之任何獎勵金後),包括土地使用權預 先支付的款項,於租賃期內以直線法於 綜合收益表支銷。

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2.21 Leases (Continued)

Leases of certain property, plant and equipment where the Group has substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as finance leases. Finance leases are capitalised at the lease's commencement at the lower of the fair value of the leased property and the present value of the minimum lease payments.

Each lease payment is allocated between the liability and finance charges so as to achieve a constant rate on the finance balance outstanding. The corresponding rental obligations, net of finance charges, are included in short-term and long-term finance lease obligations. The interest element of the finance cost is charged to the consolidated income statement over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability for each period. The property, plant and equipment acquired under finance leases is depreciated over the shorter of the useful life of the asset and the lease term.

2.22 Contingent assets and contingent liabilities

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events and whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or nonoccurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Group. It can also be a present obligation arising from past events that is not recognised because it is not probable that an outflow of economic resources will be required or the amount of the obligation cannot be measured reliably. A contingent liability is not recognised but is disclosed in the financial statements. When a change in the probability of an outflow occurs so that outflow is probable, it will then be recognised as a provision.

2 重要會計政策概要(續)

2.21 租賃(續) 當本集團持有差不多所有擁有權的風險 和回報的若干物業、廠房及設備的租賃 均分類為融資租賃。融資租賃於租賃開 始時按租賃資產之公允價值與最低租賃 付款現值兩者的較低者資本化。

> 每項租賃付款在債務和融資開支間分 攤,以達到尚欠融資結餘的常數比率。 相應的租金責任在扣除融資開支後,包 括在短期及長期融資租賃債務中。融資 成本的利息部份按租賃期在綜合收益表 中扣除,以對每個期間餘下負債結餘產 生常數定期比率。根據融資租賃購入的 物業、廠房及設備按資產的可使用年期 與租期兩者的較短者折舊。

2.22 或然資產及或然負債

或然負債乃因過往事件而可能產生的責 任。有關責任存在與否須視乎某一宗或 多宗本集團不能全權掌控之未來事件會 否發生。或然負債亦可為因過往事件而 產生的現時責任,並基於毋須損耗經濟 資源或責任的數額無法可靠計量而無予 以確認。或然負債毋須確認,但會在財 務報表披露。倘需要耗損的可能性有所 變化而可能須要耗損資源,則會確認為 撥備。

2.22 Contingent assets and contingent liabilities (Continued)

A contingent asset is a possible asset that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or nonoccurrence of one or more uncertain events not wholly within the control of the Group. A contingent asset is not recognised but is disclosed in the notes to the financial statements when an inflow of economic benefits is probable. When an inflow is virtually certain, an asset is recognised.

2.23 Financial guarantees

Financial guarantee contracts are contracts that require the issuer to make specified payments to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because a specified debtor fails to make payments when due, in accordance with the terms of a debt instruments. The Company and the Group account for the financial guarantee contracts under HKFRS 4 "Insurance contracts" and do not recognise liabilities for financial guarantees at inception, but performs a liability adequacy test at the end of each reporting period by comparing its net liability regarding the financial guarantee with the amount that would be required if the financial guarantee would result in a present legal or constructive obligation. If the respective liability is less than its present legal or constructive obligation amount, the entire difference is recognised in the consolidated income statement immediately.

2.24 Dividend distributions

Dividend distributions to the Company's shareholders are recognised as a liability in the Group's and the Company's financial statements in the period in which the dividends are approved by the Company's shareholders.

2 重要會計政策概要(續)

2.22 或然資產及或然負債(續)

或然資產指因過往事件可能產生之資 產,此等資產存在與否須視乎某一宗或 多宗本集團不能全權掌控之事件會否發 生。或然資產不會被確認,但會於經濟 利益可能流入時在財務報表附註披露。 當大致確定利益將流入時,則會確認資 產。

2.23 財務擔保

財務擔保為一種合約,規定在債務到期 時若指定債務人未能根據債務工具的條 款付款的情況下,由發行人向持有人支 付指定款項以賠償其損失。本公司及本 集團按香港財務報告準則第4號「保險合 約」計算財務擔保合約及於訂約時並無 確認財務擔保負債,但會於各個報告結 束日進行負債充裕度測試,比較財務擔 保的淨負債與因財務擔保而產生的現時 法律或推定責任所需數額的差額。倘負 債少於其現時法律或推定責任的數額, 將即時在綜合收益表確認全部差額。

2.24 股息分派

向本公司股東分派的股息在股息獲本公 司股東批准期間於本集團和本公司的財 務報表確認為負債。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 综合財務報表附註

3 Financial risk management

3.1 Financial risk factors

The Group's principal activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including currency risk, fair value interest rate risk and cash flow interest rate risk), credit risk, liquidity risk and price risk. The Group's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance. The Group uses derivative financial instruments to manage certain interest risk exposures. Risk management is carried out by senior management of the Group under policies approved by the Board of Directors of the Company.

(a) Market risk

(i) Foreign exchange risk

Subsidiaries of the Company operate in the People's Republic of China (the "Mainland China"), Hong Kong, Singapore and Malaysia with most transactions denominated in either Renminbi, Hong Kong dollar, Singapore dollar, United States dollar or Malaysian ringgit. The Group is exposed to foreign exchange risk primarily through sales and purchases transactions that are denominated in a currency other than the functional currency of the relevant subsidiary. The Group considers its foreign currency exposure mainly arises from the exposure of Renminbi against Hong Kong dollar and/or United States dollar. As Hong Kong dollar is pegged to United States dollar, the Group believes the exposure of transactions denominated in United States dollar which are entered by group companies with a functional currency of Hong Kong dollar to be insignificant.

3 財務風險管理

3.1 財務風險因素 本集團之主要業務承受多種財務風險: 市場風險(包括兑換風險、公允價值利 率風險及現金流量利率風險)、信貸風 險、流動資金風險及價格風險。本集團 之整體風險管理方案集中於難以預測之 金融市場,並致力於將對本集團財務表 現造成之潛在不利影響減至最低。本集 團利用金融洐生工具管理部份利率風 險。風險管理由本集團的高層管理人員 按本公司董事會批准的政策推行。

(a) 市場風險 (i) 外匯

外匯風險 本公司之附屬公司於中華 人民共和國(「中國」)、香 港、新加坡及馬來西亞經 營業務,大部份交易主要 以人民幣、港元、新加坡 元、美元或馬來西亞元計 值。本集團所承擔之外匯 風險主要來自有關附屬公 司之銷售及採購交易以功 能貨幣以外之貨幣結算。 本集團認為其外匯風險主 要來自人民幣兑換港元及 /或美元的風險。由於港 元與美元掛鈎,本集團相 信以港元作為功能貨幣的 集團公司訂立以美元計算 的交易須承受的風險並不 重大。

- 3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)
 - (a) Market risk (Continued)
 - (i) Foreign exchange risk (Continued) The Group manages its exposures to foreign currency transactions by monitoring the level of foreign currency receipts and payments. The Group ensures that the net exposure to foreign exchange risk is kept to an acceptable level from time to time. The Group also regularly reviews the portfolio of local and international customers and the currencies in which the transactions are denominated so as to minimise the Group's exposure to foreign exchange risk.

As at 31st March, 2014, approximately 84% (2013: 90%) of the Group's borrowings were denominated in Hong Kong dollar and Renminbi while the remaining were denominated in United States dollar, Malaysian ringgit and Singapore dollars. The Group's borrowings are mainly in Hong Kong dollar or Renminbi to finance investments in China. At present, the management does not expect that there will be any significant foreign exchange risk associated with the Group's borrowings and the Group did not use any financial instruments to hedge its foreign exchange risk arising from the Group's borrowings during the year.

3 財務風險管理(續)

3.1 財務風險因素(續) (a) 市場風險(續)

> (i) 外匯風險(續) 本集團通過監控外幣收入 及支付水平管理其外幣交 易所承受之風險。本集團 確保其不時之外匯風險淨 額維持在可接受的範圍內。 本集團亦經常審閱本地及 國際客戶的組合及交易計 值之貨幣,以將本集團的 外匯風險降至最低。

- 3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)
 - (a) Market risk (Continued)
 - Foreign exchange risk (Continued) (i) At 31st March, 2014, if Renminbi had strengthened/weakened by 5% (2013: 5%) against Hong Kong dollar or United States dollar with all other variables held constant, pre-tax profit for the year would have been approximately HK\$2,452,000 (2013: HK\$701,000) higher/lower, mainly as a result of foreign exchange gains/losses on translation of cash and bank balances, trade receivables, trade payables and borrowings denominated in non-functional currency of the relevant group companies.
 - (ii) Cash flow interest rate risk As the Group has no significant interest-bearing assets except for the cash and bank balances, the Group's income and operating cash flows are substantially independent of changes in market interest rates.

The Group's interest rate risk mainly arises from borrowings. The Group is exposed to cash flow interest rate risk in relation to variable-rate bank borrowings. The Group's cash flow interest rate risk is mainly concentrated on the fluctuation of Hong Kong Interbank Offered Rate arising from the Group's borrowings.

At 31st March, 2014, if interest rates on borrowings had been 10 basis points higher/lower with all other variables held constant, post-tax profit for the year would have been HK\$204,000 (2013: HK\$199,000) lower/higher, mainly as a result of higher/lower interest expense on floating rate borrowings.

3 財務風險管理(續)

- 3.1 財務風險因素(續)
 - **(a) 市場風險(續)** (i) 外匯風險(續)
 - 於二零一四年三月三十一 日,倘人民幣兑港元或美 元之匯率升值/貶值5%(二 零一三年:5%),而其他可 變因素維持不變,本年度 除税前溢利將增加/減少 約2,452,000港元(二零一三 年:701,000港元),主要由 於以相關集團公司非功能 貨幣計值之現金及銀行存 款、貿易應收賬款、貿易應 付賬款及借貸在兑換時產 生之外匯收益/虧損所致。
 - (ii) 現金流量利率風險 因本集團除現金及銀行存 款外,並無重大計息資產, 故本集團之收入及經營現 金流量大致上不受市場利 率變更影響。

本集團之利率風險主要來 自借貸。浮息銀行借貸致 使本集團承受現金流量利 率風險。本集團之現金流 量利率風險主要來自本集 團借貸中有關香港同業拆 息利率之波動。

於二零一四年三月三十一 日,倘借貸利率上升/下 降10個基點,而其他可變 因素維持不變,本年度除 税後溢利將減少/增加約 204,000港元(二零一三年: 199,000港元),主要由於浮 息借貸之利息開支之增加 /減少。

3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

(b) Credit risk

The credit risk of the Group mainly arises from trade receivables and deposits with banks and financial institutions.

Credit risk on trade debtors is managed by the managements of the individual business units and monitored by the Group's management on a group basis. Most customers are sizable and renowned. Management assesses the credit quality of smaller customers by considering their financial position, past experience therewith and other relevant factors. The utilisation of credit limits is regularly monitored. Debtors with overdue balances will be requested to settle their outstanding balances.

The Group believes that adequate provision for doubtful debts has been made in the consolidated financial statements and that all customers with delinquency in payments and indication of impairment were fully provided for. To the extent that information is available, management has properly reflected revised estimates of expected future cash flows in their impairment assessments in relation to receivables. As at 31st March, 2014, a total provision for impairment of trade receivables of HK\$6,546,000 (2013: HK\$6,018,000) had been recognised in the Group's financial statements.

The Group has policies that limit the amount of credit exposure to any individual financial institution. The Group's bank deposits are all deposited in renowned and established banks or financial institutions in Hong Kong, Singapore, Malaysia and Mainland China. Management considers that the credit risk associated with deposits with banks and financial institutions is low.

3 財務風險管理(續)

3.1 財務風險因素(續)

(b) 信貸風險 本集團之信貸風險主要來自貿易 應收賬款及銀行與金融機構之存 款。

> 貿易債務人之信貸風險乃由個別 業務單元管理層管理及由本集團 管理層按組別監控。大部份客戶 均具有相當規模及知名的。管理 層按財務狀況,過往經驗及其他 有關因素評估其他規模較小的客 戶的信貸質素。信貸限額之使用 須定期監控。有過期結餘之債務 人將須按要求清償其未償付結餘。

> 本集團相信於綜合財務報表中已 作充足的呆壞賬撥備,及所有有 延遲付款和有減值跡象的客戶亦 已全數撥備。根據已有的資料, 管理層在應收賬款的減值評估 時,已修訂有關預期未來現金流 量的估計。於二零一四年三月 三十一日,本集團財務報表中已 確認貿易應收賬款減值撥備共 6,546,000港元(二零一三年: 6,018,000港元)。

> 本集團制定政策以限制須承受來 自任何金融機構之信貸風險。本 集團之銀行存款均存入香港、新 加坡、馬來西亞及中國知名及信 譽卓著之銀行或金融機構。管理 層認為有關銀行及金融機構存款 之信貸風險為低。

- 3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)
 - (b) Credit risk (Continued)

The Company has no significant exposure to credit risk, management has also performed the liability adequacy test on the guarantees given to bank and financial institutions for certain of its subsidiaries and is of the opinion that there are no liabilities in related to the guarantees given.

(c) Liquidity risk

Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and the availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities. Due to the dynamic nature of the underlying businesses, the Group's management aims to maintain flexibility in funding by maintaining availability under committed credit lines.

Management monitors rolling forecasts of the Group's liquidity reserve which comprises cash and cash equivalents (Note 22) and undrawn borrowing facilities (Note 33) on the basis of expected cash flows.

The table below analyses the Group's and the Company's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the end of reporting period date to contractual maturity date. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows. Balances due within 12 months equal their carrying balances, as the impact of discounting is not significant.

Specifically, for the bank borrowings which contain a repayment on demand clause which can be exercised at the banks' sole discretion, the analysis shows the cash outflow based on the earliest period in which the Group can be required to pay, that is if the lenders were to invoke their unconditional rights to call the loans with immediate effect.

3 財務風險管理(續)

- 3.1 財務風險因素(續) (b) 信貸風險(續)
 - 本公司並無重大信貸風險,管理 層就提供予銀行及財務機構有關 若干附屬公司的擔保進行負債充 裕度測試,並認為就有關擔保並 無責任。
 - (c) 流動資金風險 審慎的流動資金風險管理指維持充足的現金及資金,透過已承諾 信貸融資之足夠額度備有資金。 基於相關業務之活躍多變性質, 故本集團管理層致力透過保持可 動用的已承諾信貸額度維持資金 的靈活性。

管理層根據預期現金流量,監控 本集團之流動資金儲備(包括現 金及現金等值(附註22)及未提取 銀行信貸額(附註33))之滾動預 測。

下表基於由報告結束日至合約到 期日之剩餘期間對本集團及本公 司之財務負債進行相關到期組別 分析。在表內披露之金額為合約 性未貼現的現金流量。由於貼現 的影響並不重大,因此於十二個 月內需要償付之結餘相等於其賬 面值。

具體地,對於包含銀行可依據其 意願行使的應要求償還條款之銀 行融資,下列分析呈列按本集團 被要求還款的最早期間的現金流 出,即放款人行使其無條件權利 即時收回貸款。

3 財務風險管理(續)

3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

3.1 財務風險因素(續) (c) 流動資金風險(續)

(c) Liquidity risk (Continued)

				Between	Between	
			Less than 1	1 and 2	2 and 5	Over
		On demand	year	years 介乎	years 介乎	5 years
		應要求 HK\$′000	少於一年 HK\$′000	一至二年 HH\$′000	二至五年 HK\$′000	超過五年 HK\$′000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Group At 31st March, 2014	集團 於二零一四年 三月三十一日					
Borrowings	ークート ロ 融資	113,185	48,381	45,539	25,733	6,411
Finance lease obligations Trade and bill payables	财務契約債務 貿易應付賬款及		4,036	4,340	_	_
	票據	_	135,940	_	_	_
Other payables	其他應付款	_	46,174	_	_	_
Interest payable	應付利息	3,291	3,851	2,080	1,475	417
		116,476	238,382	51,959	27,208	6,828
				Between	Between	
			Less than 1	1 and 2	2 and 5	Over
		On demand	year	years 介乎	years 介乎	5 years
		應要求	少於一年	一至二年	二至五年	超過五年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HH\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
At 31st March, 2013	於二零一三年					
Borrowings	三月三十一日 融資	214,987	7,929	5,095	4,857	
Finance lease obligations	^融 員 財務契約債務	214,907	4,258	4,258	3,548	
Trade and bill payables	貿易應付賬款		1,250	1,250	5,510	
	及票據	—	117,470	—	—	—
Other payables	其他應付款	—	33,761	—	—	_
Derivative financial	衍生金融工具		0.0.4			
instruments Interest payable	應付利息	12,119	884 905	713	525	_
interest payable	応 円 作り心	12,119			525	

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 综合財務報表附註

3 Financial risk management (Continued)

(d)

- 3 財務風險管理(續)
- 3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued) (c) Liquidity risk (Continued)

3.1 財務風險因素(續) (c) 流動資金風險(續)

					Less than 1 year 少於一年 HK\$'000 千港元
	Company At 31st March, 2014 Other payables Amounts due to subsidiaries	公司 於二零一四年三月三 其他應付款 應付附屬公司款項	+-	Ħ	100 38,188
	Anounts due to substataties	应 门 们 闽 厶 刊 朳 次			38,288
	At 31st March, 2013 Other payables Amounts due to subsidiaries	於二零一三年三月三 其他應付款 應付附屬公司款項	+-	Ħ	98 35,156
					35,254
)	Price risk	(0	1)	價格風險	
	The Group is exposed to price risk a	rising		本集團持有於綜	合財務狀況表分
	from its investments in equity securities v	vhich		類為可供出售財	務資產的股本證
	are classified on the statement of fina	ncial		券投資令本集團	承受價格風險。
	position as available-for-sale financial a	ssets.		本集團分散其投	資組合,以管理
	To manage its price risk arising investments in equity securities, the C diversifies its investment portfolio.			股本證券投資而產	€生的價格風險。
	The equity securities invested by the C	iroup		本集團投資的股	本證券於香港聯
	are publicly traded on the Hong Kong Exchange.	Stock		合交易所有限公	司買賣。

At 31st March, 2014, if the prices of the equity securities invested by the Group had been lower/higher by 10%, with all other variables held constant, the Group's equity would have been approximately HK\$158,000 (2013: HK\$173,000) lower/higher.

於二零一四年三月三十一日,倘 本集團投資的股本證券價格下跌 /上升10%,而所有其他變量保 持不變,本集團之證券價值將會 下跌/上升約158,000港元(二零 一三年:173,000港元)。

3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

(d) Price risk (Continued)

The fair value of the unlisted insurance policy invested by the Group will fluctuate, subject to the returns which are at the discretion of the issuer of the insurance policy. Such policy has a minimum guaranteed returns during the holding period. Management is of the opinion that the price risk arising from this policy is insignificant.

3.2 Capital risk management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt.

The Group monitors capital on the basis of the net gearing ratio. This ratio is calculated as net debt divided by total capital. Net debt is calculated as total borrowings (including current and non-current borrowings as shown in the consolidated statement of financial position) less cash and cash equivalents. Total capital is calculated as 'equity', as shown in the consolidated statement of financial position.

3 財務風險管理(續)

3.1 財務風險因素(續) (d) 價格風險(續)

> 本集團投資的非上市保險保單, 其公允價值會因保單承保人決定 的回報而波動,此保單於持有期 間有最低回報保證,管理層認為 此保單引起的價格風險並不重大。

3.2 資本風險管理

本集團管理資本之目標為保證本集團持 續經營之能力,以為股東提供回報及為 其他持份者提供利益並維持最佳資本架 構以降低資本成本。

為維持或調整資本結構,本集團或會調 整派予股東之股息金額、將資本發還股 東、發行新股或出售資產以減少債項。

本集團以淨負債比率為基準監察其資本,該比率以負債淨額除以股本總額計算,負債淨額以總融資(包括於綜合財務狀況表中披露的流動及非流動融資) 減現金及現金等值。股本總額計算為於 綜合財務狀況表中的「股本權益」。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 综合財務報表附註

3 Financial risk management (Continued)

3.2

3 財務風險管理(續)

- **Capital risk management (Continued)** During 2014, the Group's strategy, which was unchanged from 2013, was to maintain a net gearing ratio less than 75%. The net gearing ratios at 31st March, 2014 and 2013 were as follows:
- 3.2 資本風險管理(續) 於二零一四年度內,本集團之策略(自 二零一三年起並無變動)為維持淨負債 比率少於75%。於二零一四年及二零 一三年三月三十一日之淨負債比率如下:

		2014 HK\$′000 千港元	2013 HK\$′000 千港元
Borrowings (Note 23) Finance lease obligation (Note 24) Bill payables	融資(附註23) 財務契約債務(附註24) 應付票據	239,249 8,376 22,787	232,868 12,064 4,321
Total borrowings Less: Bank balances and cash (Note 22)	融資總額 減:銀行結存及現金(附註22)	270,412 (226,649)	249,253 (203,684)
Net debt	債務淨額	43,763	45,569
Total equity	權益總額	558,762	561,227
Net gearing ratio	淨負債比率	8%	8%

3.3 Fair value estimation

The carrying amounts of the Group's financial assets including cash and cash equivalents, trade and bill receivables, deposits and financial liabilities including trade and bill payables, other payables and short-term bank borrowings, approximate their fair values due to their short-term maturities.

The table below analyses the Group's financial instruments carried at fair value as at 31st March, 2014 by level of the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. Such inputs are categorised into three levels within a fair value hierarchy as follows:

- Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1).
- Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices) (level 2).

3.3 公允價值之估計

本集團之財務資產,包括現金及現金等 值、貿易應收賬款及票據、按金以及財 務負債包括貿易應付賬款及票據、其他 應付款及短期銀行融資,由於到期日較 短,因此其賬面值均與公允價值相若。

下表分析本集團於二零一四年三月 三十一日按用於計量公允價值之估值技 術所用輸入數據的層級,計量按公允價 值列賬之金融工具之公允價值。有關輸 入數據乃按下文所述而分類歸入公允價 值架構內的三個層級:

- 同類資產或負債在活躍市場上的 報價(未經調整)(第一級)。
- 除第一級所包括的報價外,資產 或負債的可直接(即價格)或間接 (即從價格以外得出)觀察所得的 因素(第二級)。



3.3 Fair value estimation (Continued)

 Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs) (level 3).

The following table presents the Group's assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value at 31st March, 2014.

3 財務風險管理(續)

3.3	公允	;價值之估計(續)
	_	並非根據可觀察市場數據而釐定
		的資產或負債的因素(即不可觀
		察的因素)(第三級)。

下表呈列本集團於二零一四年三月 三十一日以公允價值計量的資產及負債。

		Level 1 第一級 HK\$′000 千港元	Level 2 第二級 HK\$'000 千港元	Level 3 第三級 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$′000 千港元
Assets Available-for-sale financial assets	資產 可供出售財務資產	1,575	3,741		5,316
Liabilities Derivative financial instruments	負債 衍生金融工具				
The following table presents the liabilities that are measured at March, 2013.	I	下 表 呈 列 本 集 團 於 二 零 一 三 年 三 月 三十一日以公允價值計量的資產及負債。			
		Level 1 第一級 HK\$'000 千港元	Level 2 第二級 HK\$′000 千港元	Level 3 第三級 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$′000 千港元
Assets Available-for-sale financial assets	資產 可供出售財務資產	1,729	3,730		5,459
Liabilities Derivative financial instruments	負債 衍生金融工具		884		884
These wars as transfers between	n lavala 1 and 2	年み	. 笠 _ 43 毛 4	穷 — 疭 → 門 🗄	在插场。

There were no transfers between levels 1 and 2 during the year.

年內,第一級和第二級之間並無轉換。

3.3 Fair value estimation (Continued)

The fair value of financial instruments traded in active markets is based on quoted market prices at the end of reporting period. A market is regarded as active if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from an exchange, dealer, broker, industry group, pricing service, or regulatory agency, and those prices represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis. The quoted market price used for financial assets held by the Group is the current bid price. These instruments are included in level 1. Instruments included in level 1 comprise primarily listed equity investments classified as available-for-sale financial assets.

The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market (for example, over-thecounter derivatives) is determined by using valuation techniques. These valuation techniques maximise the use of observable market data where it is available and rely as little as possible on entity specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to fair value an instrument are observable, the instrument is included in level 2.

If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in level 3.

3.4 Offsetting financial assets and financial liabilities

No financial asset and financial liability is subject to offsetting under an enforceable master netting arrangement or similar arrangement as at 31st March, 2014 or 31st March, 2013.

4 Critical accounting estimates and judgements

Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

3 財務風險管理(續)

3.3 公允價值之估計(續) 在活躍市場買賣的金融工具的公允價值 根據報告結束日的市場報價列賬。當報 價可即時和定期從證券交易所、交易 商、經紀、業內人士、定價服務者或監 管代理獲得,並且該等報價代表按公允 交易原則進行的實際和常規的市場交易 時,該市場被視為活躍。本集團持有的 財務資產的市場報價為當時買方報價。 此等工具包括在第一級。此等包含在第 一級的工具主要包括分類為可供出售財 務資產的上市股權投資。

> 沒有在活躍市場買賣的金融工具(例如 場外衍生工具)的公允價值利用估值技 術釐定。估值技術儘量利用可取得的可 觀察市場數據(如有),並儘量少依賴實 體的特定估計。如計算一項金融工具的 公允價值所需的所有重大輸入為可觀察 數據,則該金融工具列入第二級。

> 如有一項或多項重要因素並非根據可觀 察市場數據,有關工具會被歸納為第三 級。

3.4 財務資產及財務負債相互抵銷

於二零一四年三月三十一日或二零一三 年三月三十一日,並無財務資產及財務 負債受可執行總互抵安排或類似協議所 規限。

重大會計估計及判斷

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估計及判斷會被持續評估,並按過往經驗及 其他因素,包括於有關情況下相信為合理之 未來事件之預測而作出。

4 Critical accounting estimates and judgements (Continued)

The Group makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are addressed below.

(a) Trade receivables

The Group's management determines the provision for impairment of trade receivables based on an assessment of the recoverability of the receivables. This assessment is based on the credit history of its customers and other debtors and current market conditions, and requires the use of judgements and estimates. Management reassesses the provision at the end of each reporting period.

(b) Income taxes

The Group is subject to income taxes in numerous jurisdictions. Significant judgement is required in determining the worldwide provision for income taxes. There are many transactions and calculations for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain. The Group recognises liabilities for anticipated tax audit issues based on estimates of whether additional taxes will be due. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will impact the current and deferred income tax assets and liabilities in the period in which such determination is made. Deferred tax assets relating to certain temporary differences and tax losses are recognised when management considers it is likely that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences or tax losses can be utilised. Where the expectation is different from the original estimate, such differences will impact the recognition of deferred tax assets and income tax in the period in which such estimate is changed.

4 重大會計估計及判斷(續)

本集團就未來作出估計及假設。產生的會計 估計(根據定義)甚少與有關實際結果相同。 下文闡述有很大機會導致下一財政年度資產 與負債賬面值須作出重大調整的估計及假設。

(a) 貿易應收賬款 本集團管理層根據貿易應收賬款可收回 程度之評估就該等應收賬款計提撥備。 該等評估乃根據客戶及其他債務人過往 信貸狀況以及目前市場狀況,同時需要 作出判斷及估計。管理層於各報告結束 日重新評估撥備。

(b) 所得税

本集團須繳納若干司法權區税項。需要 對世界各地的所得税撥備作出重大的判 斷。有頗多未能確定最終税項之交易及 計算。本集團按是否有到期須繳納額外 税項而確認預計税務審核事宜的負債。 倘該等事宜之最終税務結果與初步記錄 之金額不同,有關差異將影響作出此等 釐定期間內之即期及遞延所得税資產及 負債。倘管理層認為未來應課税溢可可 用作對銷暫時性差異或税項虧損可予動 用時,則會確認與若干暫時性差異有關 之遞税資產及税項虧損。倘預期結果 與原先之估算不同,有關差異會對有關 估算出現變動之期間內之遞延税資產及 所得税開支之確認構成影響。

4 Critical accounting estimates and judgements (Continued)

(c) Net realisable value of inventories

Net realisable value of inventories is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs of completion and variable selling expenses. These estimates are based on current market conditions and the historical experience of manufacturing and selling products of a similar nature. It could change significantly as a result of changes in customer taste and competitor actions in response to industry cycles. Management reassesses these estimates at the end of each reporting period.

(d) Fair value of financial assets

The fair values of financial assets that are traded in an active market are determined by the quoted market prices. For the fair values of financial assets not traded in an active market, the Group would use the quoted price provided by counterparty to estimate the fair values. The methodologies, models and assumptions used in valuing these financial assets require judgement by management which are mainly based on market conditions existing at each reporting date.

(e) Estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment and land use rights

Management of the Group determines the estimated useful lives, residual values and related depreciation charges for its property, plant and equipment with reference to the estimated periods that the Group intends to derive future economic benefits from the use of these assets. This estimate is based on the historical experience of the actual useful lives of property, plant and equipment of similar nature and functions. Management will revise the depreciation charge where useful lives or residual values are different from those previously estimated. Actual economic lives may differ from estimated useful lives and actual residual values may differ from estimated residual values. Periodic review could result in a change in depreciable lives and residual values and therefore depreciation expense in the future periods.

重大會計估計及判斷(續)

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(c) 存貨可變現淨值 存貨可變現淨值指日常業務估計售價扣 除估計完工成本及銷售開支。有關估計 根據現行市況及過往製造及出售類似產 品之經驗而作出。相關估計可能因客戶 口味及競爭對手對抗行業週期而出現重 大變動。管理層於每個報告結束日重新 評估此等估計。

(d) 財務資產的公允價值 於活躍市場買賣的財務資產的公允價值 由市場價格釐定,而並非於活躍市場買 賣的財務資產的公允價值,本集團會根 據相對應方提供的價格估計其公允價 值。用以計量此等財務資產的方法、模 型及假設需要管理層於每個報告日主要 按市場情況而作出判斷。

(e) 物業、廠房及設備之估計可使用年 期

> 本集團管理層參考本集團使用物業、廠 房及設備而產生的未來經濟利益的估計 期間而決定此等資產之估計可使用年 期、剩餘價值及有關折舊開支,此等估 計是根據性質及功能相若的物業、廠房 及設備的實際使用年期的過往經驗而釐 定。當實際使用年期或剩餘價值較原先 估計的不同,管理層將會修正折舊開 支。實際經濟年期與估計可使用年期可 能有分別,及實際剩餘價值與估計剩餘 價值亦可能有分別。定期審視會導致折 舊年期及剩餘價值以及將來的折舊開支 轉變。

4 Critical accounting estimates and judgements (Continued)

(f) Impairment of property, plant and equipment Property, plant and equipment are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. The recoverable amounts have been determined based on value-in-use calculations or fair value less costs to sell. These calculations require the use of judgements and estimates.

> Management judgement is required in the area of asset impairment particularly in assessing: (i) whether an event has occurred that may indicate that the related asset values may not be recoverable; (ii) whether the carrying value of an asset can be supported by the recoverable amount, being the higher of fair value less costs to sell and net present value of future cash flows which are estimated based upon the continued use of the asset in the business; and (iii) the appropriate key assumptions to be applied in preparing cash flow projections including whether these cash flow projections are discounted using an appropriate rate.

5 Revenue and segment information

The Company is an investment holding company and its subsidiaries are principally engaged in the printing and manufacturing of packaging materials, labels and paper products, including environmental friendly paper products.

(a) Revenue/Turnover is analysed as follows:

重大會計估計及判斷(續)

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(f) 物業、廠房及設備之減值 當有事件或情況變動顯示物業、廠房及 設備之賬面值可能不能收回時,會作減 值檢討。可收回金額乃按其使用價值或 公允價值減銷售成本釐定,此等計算及 估值須運用判斷及估計。

> 於評估是否有資產減值時,以下情況尤 其須要管理層運用判斷:(i)是否發生一 宗事件顯示有關資產價值可能未能收 回:(ii)資產之賬面值是否維持其可收回 價值,即公允價值減銷售成本及根據於 營運中持續使用該資產而估算之未來現 金流量之淨現值,以較高者為準;及(iii) 於準備現金流量預測時所應用之合適假 設包括該等現金流量預測是否已採用合 適利率貼現。

5 收入及分部資料

本公司乃一投資控股公司。其附屬公司主要 從事印刷及製造包裝材料、標籤、及紙類製 品,包括環保紙類產品。

(a) 收入/營業額之分析如下:

		2014 HK\$′000 千港元	2013 HK\$′000 千港元
Sales of packaging materials, labels and paper products, including	銷售包裝材料、標籤、 及紙類製品,包括		
environmental friendly paper products	環保紙類產品	1,430,648	1,395,969
Others	其他	25,908	31,575
		1,456,556	1,427,544

5 Revenue and segment information (Continued)

(b) Segment information

The chief operating decision-maker has been identified as the Chairman/Chief Executive Officer of the Company. Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker. The Chairman/Chief Executive Officer of the Company reviews the Group's internal reporting in order to assess performance and allocate resources. Management has reported the results of the operating segments based on these reports.

The Chairman/Chief Executive Officer of the Company considers the business from a geographical perspective, i.e. determined by the location of major factory plants including Southern China, Eastern China and Southeast Asia, and assesses performance based on revenue, operating profit/(loss), net profit/ (loss), capital expenditure, assets and liabilities.

5 收入及分部資料(續)

(b) 分部資料 本公司主席/首席執行長被視為主要經營決策者。經營分部以向主要經營決策者。經營分部以向主要經營決策 者提供內部呈報一致的形式呈報。本公司主席/首席執行長審閱本集團之內部 報告,以評估表現及分配資源。管理層 已根據該等報告匯報經營分部的業績。

> 本公司主席/首席執行長認為業務應按 地區劃分,即按主要廠房的所在地決定 包括華南、華東及東南亞,及根據收 入、經營溢利/(虧損)、淨溢利/(虧 損)、資本開支、資產及負債評估各分 部的表現。

5	Rev	evenue and segment information (Continued) 5			收入及分部資料(續)			
	(b)	Segr	ment information (Continue	(b) 分部資料(續)				
		(i)	The segment results for the	year ended 31st	(i)	截至二零-	-四年及二零	豪一三年三
			March, 2014 and 2013 are a	as follows:			日止年度之分	予部業績如
						下:		
					Southern	Eastern	Southeast	
					China	China	Asia	Group
					華南	華東	東南亞	集團
					HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
					千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
			For the year ended	二零一四年				
			31st March, 2014	► □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □				
			Total revenue	總收入	1,050,327	323,159	193,550	1,567,036
			Inter-segment revenue	分部間收入	(156)	(110,324)		(110,480)
			Revenue (from external	收入(來自外部客戶)				
			customers)		1,050,171	212,835	193,550	1,456,556
			Operating profit	經營溢利	4,324	22,981	9,570	36,875
			Finance income	融資收入	127	222	34	383
			Finance costs	融資成本	(7,397)	(1,433)	(1,546)	(10,376)
			Income tax expense	所得税開支	(3,706)	(6,845)	(1,274)	(11,825)
			Profit/(loss) for the year	年內溢利/(虧損)	(6,652)	14,925	6,784	15,057
			Other information:	其他資料:				
			Depreciation and	年內折舊及攤銷				
			amortisation for the year		32,516	25,160	8,132	65,808
			Capital expenditure	資本開支	54,784	9,565	18,523	82,872

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Reve	enue	and segment information	n (Continued) 5	收入及分	部資料(綱	賣)	
(b)	Seg	Segment information (Continued)			(b) 分部資料(續)		
	(i)	The segment results for the March, 2014 and 2013 (Continued)	,	(i)		-四年及二零 日止年度之?	
				Southern	Eastern	Southeast	
				China 華南 HK\$′000 千港元	China 華東 HK\$′000 千港元	Asia 東南亞 HK\$′000 千港元	Group 集團 HK\$′000 千港元
		For the year ended 31st March, 2013	二零一三年 三月三十一日止年度				
		Total revenue Inter–segment revenue	總收入 分部間收入	1,039,430 (140)	335,614 (130,483)	183,123	1,558,167 (130,623)
		Revenue (from external customers)	收入(來自外部客戶)	1,039,290	205,131	183,123	1,427,544
		Operating profit/(loss)	經營溢利/(虧損)	(19,306)	33,607	13,548	27,849
		Finance income Finance costs Income tax expense	融資收入 融資成本 所得税開支	134 (6,019) (3,293)	142 (1,595) (5,827)	33 (906) (1,161)	309 (8,520) (10,281)
		Profit/(loss) for the year	年內溢利/(虧損)	(28,484)	26,327	11,514	9,357
		Other information:	其他資料:				
		Depreciation and amortisation for the year	年內折舊及攤銷	33,790	26,407	6,419	66,616
		Capital expenditure	資本開支	33,408	10,801	26,801	71,010

5

Rev (b)		and segment information nent information (Continue		5	收入及分 (b) 分部	部資料(約 資料(續)	賣)	
	 (ii) An analysis of the Group's assets and liabilities by segment as at 31st March, 2014 and 2013 is as follows: 				(ii)		四年及二零- 上年度本集團 分析如下:	
					Southern China 華南 HK\$'000 千港元	Eastern China 華東 HK\$'000 千港元	Southeast Asia 東南亞 HK\$'000 千港元	Group 集團 HK\$′000 千港元
		As at 31st March, 2014	於二零一四年 三月三十一日					
		Segment assets Deferred income tax assets Tax recoverable	分部資產 遞延所得税資產 可收回所得税款		665,131 426 64	242,715 1,713 441	187,217 	1,095,063 2,139 505
		Total assets	總資產		665,621	244,869	187,217	1,097,707
		Segment liabilities Deferred income tax	分部負債 遞延所得税負債		360,916	67,996	64,730	493,642
		liabilities			3,865	_	2,109	5,974
		Tax payable	應付税項		36,790		2,539	39,329
		Total liabilities	總負債		401,571	67,996	69,378	538,945
					Southern China 華南 HK\$'000 千港元	Eastern China 華東 HK\$'000 千港元	Southeast Asia 東南亞 HK\$'000 千港元	Group 集團 HK\$′000 千港元
		As at 31st March, 2013	於二零一三年 三月三十一日					
		Segment assets Deferred income tax assets Tax recoverable	一方部資產 遞延所得税資產 可收回所得税款		619,252 259 196	259,714 2,569 —	178,553 — —	1,057,519 2,828 196
		Total assets	總資產		619,707	262,283	178,553	1,060,543
		Segment liabilities Deferred income tax	分部負債 遞延所得税負債		325,696	69,057	55,834	450,587
		liabilities			5,218	_	2,797	8,015
		Tax payable	應付税項		34,283	4,815	1,616	40,714
		Total liabilities	總負債		365,197	73,872	60,247	499,316

Revenues of approximately HK\$206,555,000 (2013: HK\$197,684,000) are derived from a single external customer. These revenues are attributable to the Southern China segment. 約206,555,000港元(二零一三年: 197,684,000港元)的收入源自一 個單一外來客戶,此等收入屬於 華南分部。

6 Other gains/(losses) — net

6 其他收益/(虧損) — 淨額

		2014 HK\$′000 千港元	2013 HK\$′000 千港元
Net exchange gains/(losses) Net gains/(losses) on disposals of property,	滙兑收益/(虧損)淨額 出售物業、廠房及設備之	236	(5,026)
plant and equipment	收益/(虧損)淨額	1,191	(103)
Others	其他	2,652	549
		4,079	(4,580)

7 Expenses by nature

7 按性質劃分之開支

		2014 HK\$′000 千港元	2013 HK\$′000 千港元
Raw materials and consumables used	原材料及消耗品使用	647,442	666,172
Changes in inventories of finished goods and	製成品及在製品存貨變更		
work-in-progress		771	(2,521)
Sub-contracting charges	加工費用	37,173	39,543
Repairs and maintenance	維修保養	19,205	18,285
Freight and transportation	運輸費用	43,627	41,246
Employment costs (including directors'	員工成本(包括董事酬金)		
emoluments) (note 9)	(附註9)	461,439	412,520
Operating lease rentals of premises	租用物業經營租賃之		
charged by	租金支付予		
— third parties		21,799	19,617
— related parties (note 34)	— 關連人士(附註34)	72	69
Provision for impairment of trade receivables		1,524	3,144
(Write-back of provision)/provision for	存貨減值(撥備回撥)/撥備	- ,	0,111
inventory obsolescence (note 19)	(附註19)	(1,404)	7,532
Amortisation of land use rights	土地使用權攤銷	772	753
Depreciation of property, plant and	物業、廠房及設備之折舊		
equipment (note 16)	(附註16)	65,036	65,863
Auditor's remuneration	核數師酬金	2,621	2,402
Other expenses	其他開支 -	123,683	120,490
Total cost of sales, selling and distribution	銷售成本、銷售及分銷費用及		
costs, and general and administrative	一般及行政開支總額		
expenses		1,423,760	1,395,115

8 Finance costs — net

8 融資成本 — 淨額

		2014 HK\$′000 千港元	2013 HK\$′000 千港元
Interest expense on bank borrowings	銀行融資利息支出		
— wholly repayable within five years	— 須於五年內全數償還	8,939	7,541
 not wholly repayable within five years 	— 無須於五年內全數償還	730	833
Interest on finance leases	財務契約利息	703	81
Fair value (gain)/loss on interest-rate swaps	利率掉期合約的公允價值 (收益)/虧損		
— realised	— 已實現	888	1,716
— unrealised	— 仍未實現	(884)	(1,651)
		10,376	8,520
Interest income from bank deposits	銀行存款利息收入	(383)	(309)
		9,993	8,211

The above analysis shows the finance costs of bank borrowings, including term loans which contain a repayment on demand clause, in accordance with the agreed scheduled repayments dates set out in the loan agreements. For the years ended 31st March, 2014 and 2013, the interest on bank borrowings which contain a repayment on demand clause amounted to HK\$7,818,000 and HK\$8,021,000 respectively.

9 Employment costs (including directors' emoluments)

上述分析依照貸款合約中預先訂定的協議還 款日期,呈列銀行融資(包括含有應要求償還 條款之定期貸款)的融資成本。於二零一四年 及二零一三年三月三十一日,包含應要求償 還條款的銀行融資的利息分別為7,818,000港 元及8,021,000港元。

9 員工成本(包括董事酬金)

		2014 HK\$′000 千港元	2013 HK\$′000 千港元
Salaries, wages and allowances Discretionary bonus Pension costs — defined contribution plans (Write-back of provision)/provision for long	薪金、工資及津貼 自由決定之花紅 退休成本 — 界定供款計劃 長期服務金及年假之(撥備回撥)	413,006 5,239 26,747	372,068 3,867 19,775
service payments and annual leave Other welfare and benefits	/撥備 其他福利及利益	(1,307) 17,754 461,439	2,249 14,561 412,520

9 Employment costs (including directors' emoluments) (Continued)

The Group has arranged for its Hong Kong employees to join the Hong Kong Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme (the "MPF Scheme"), which is a defined contribution scheme managed by independent trustees. Under the MPF scheme, each of the group companies (the employer) and its employees make monthly contributions to the scheme at 5% of the employees' earnings as defined under the Hong Kong Mandatory Provident Fund legislation. The monthly contributions of each of the employer and the employee are subject to a cap of HK\$1,250 and thereafter contributions are voluntary.

As stipulated by rules and regulations in Mainland China, group companies operating in Mainland China contribute to state-sponsored retirement plans for their employees. The employees contribute approximately 9% to 11% of their basic salaries, while the group companies contribute approximately 16% to 33% of the basic salaries of their employees and have no further obligations for the actual payment of pensions or post-retirement benefits beyond the annual contributions.

The state-sponsored retirement plans are responsible for the entire pension obligations payable to retired employees.

As stipulated by rules and regulations in Singapore, the group company operating in Singapore contributes to the Singapore Central Provident Fund, a statutory pension scheme. Under the scheme, the employees contribute approximately 5% to 20% of their wages, while the group company contributes approximately 6.5% to 16% of the wages of its employees. The employer's and employees' contributions are subject to a cap of ordinary wages of SGD5,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$31,000).

As stipulated by rules and regulations in Malaysia, the group company operating in Malaysia contributes to the Malaysia Central Provident Fund, a statutory pension scheme. Under the scheme, the employees contribute approximately 11% of their wages, while the group company contributes approximately 12% of the wages of its employees. The employer's and employees' contributions are not subject to a cap.

9 員工成本(包括董事酬金)(續)

本集團已為香港員工參加強制性公積金計劃 (「強積金計劃」),該計劃為界定供款並由獨立 信託人管理。根據強積金計劃,集團各公司(僱 主)及其僱員每月供款為僱員有關入息(按強 制性公積金計劃條例之定義)之5%。而僱主 及僱員供款每月之上限為1,250港元,超過上 限的供款均為自願性供款。

根據中國法規,本集團於中國有業務之公司 為其僱員設立一個界定供款並由國家資助的 退休金計劃。員工之供款額約為基本薪金之 約9%至11%,而集團公司之供款額約為其僱 員基本薪金之約16%至33%。除年度供款外, 集團公司就實際的退休金付款或退休後福利 並不負任何責任。

該個由國家資助的退休金計劃承擔對退休僱 員的所有退休金責任。

根據新加坡法規,本集團於新加坡有業務之 分公司需供款至一個名為新加坡中央公積金 的法定退休金計劃。按該計劃,僱員供款額為 薪金之約5%至20%,而集團公司之供款額按 僱員薪金之約6.5%至16%。僱主及僱員須供 款之上限為每月普通薪金5,000新加坡元(相等 於約31,000港元)。

根據馬來西亞法規,本集團於馬來西亞有業 務之分公司需供款至一個名為馬來西亞中央 公積金的法定退休金計劃。按該計劃,僱員供 款額為薪金之約11%,而集團公司之供款額 按僱員薪金之約12%。僱主及僱員之供款並 無上限。

10 Directors' and senior executives' emoluments

(a) Directors' emoluments

The remuneration of each Director of the Company for the years ended 31st March, 2014 and 2013 is set out below:

10 董事及高級行政人員酬金

(a) **董事酬金** 二零一四年及二零一三年三月三十一日 止年度本公司各董事之酬金詳情如下:

Name of Director	董事姓名	Fees 袍金 HK\$′000 千港元	Salaries and allowances 薪金及津貼 HK\$'000 千港元	Discretionary bonus 自由決定 之花紅 HK\$'000 千港元	Pension costs- defined contribution plans 退休成本 一界定 供款計劃 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
For the year ended 31st March, 2014	二零一四年三月 三十一日止年度	I /E /L	I /e /L	I /E /L	I /E /L	1 /E /L
Executive Directors	執行董事					
Mr. Lam Kwong Yu (Note (i))	林光如先生(附註(i))	150	3,706	286	64	4,206
Mr. Tai Tzu Shi, Angus	戴祖璽先生	150	1,276	106	36	1,568
Mr. Cheung Chi Shing, Charles	張志成先生	150	2,157	186	55	2,548
Non-Executive Director	非執行董事					
Ms. Yeung Chui	楊翠女士	150	—	—	—	150
Independent Non-Executive Directors	獨立非執行董事					
Mr. Chan Yue Kwong, Michael	陳裕光先生	200	_	_	_	200
Mr. Kwok Lam Kwong, Larry, BBS, JP	郭琳廣, <i>鋼紫荊星章、</i> <i>太平紳士</i>	200	_	_	_	200
Mr. Tam King Ching, Kenny	譚競正先生	200				200
		1,200	7,139	578	155	9,072
For the year ended 31st March, 2013	二零一三年 三月三十一日止年度					
Executive Directors	執行董事					
Mr. Lam Kwong Yu (Note (i))	林光如先生(附註(i))	150	3,706	273	64	4,193
Mr. Tai Tzu Shi, Angus	戴祖璽先生	150	1,276	102	35	1,563
Mr. Cheung Chi Shing, Charles	張志成先生	150	2,017	153	52	2,372
Non-Executive Director	非執行董事					
Ms. Yeung Chui	楊翠女士	150	_	—	—	150
Independent Non-Executive Directors	獨立非執行董事					
Mr. Chan Yue Kwong, Michael		200	_	_	—	200
Mr. Kwok Lam Kwong, Larry,	郭琳廣, <i>銅紫荊星章、</i>	0.000				0.00
BBS, JP	太平紳士	200	—	—	—	200
Mr. Tam King Ching, Kenny	譚競正先生	200				200
		1,200	6,999	528	151	8,878

Note (i): Mr. Lam Kwong Yu is also the Chief Executive Officer of the Group

附註(i):林光如先生亦為本集團的首席執行長

10 Directors' and senior executives' emoluments (Continued)

(b) No director waived any emolument during the year ended 31st March, 2014 (2013: Nil).

(c) Five highest paid individuals

The five individuals whose emoluments were the highest in the Group include three Executive Directors (2013: five individuals whose emoluments were the highest in the Group include three Executive Directors) whose emoluments are reflected in the analysis presented above. The emoluments paid or payable to the remaining two (2013: two) individuals during the year fell within the band between HK\$1,000,001 and HK\$1,500,000 (2013: HK\$1,000,001 and HK\$1,500,000).

- (d) During the year ended 31st March, 2014, no emoluments were paid by the Company to any of the directors or the five highest paid individuals as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office (2013: Nil).
- (e) Senior management remuneration by band:

10 董事及高級行政人員酬金(續)

- (b) 二零一四年三月三十一日止年度內概無 董事免收任何酬金(二零一三年:無)。
- (c) 五位最高薪人士 本集團五位最高薪人士中,三位為執行 董事(二零一三年:本集團五位最高薪 人士中,三位為執行董事),其酬金已 載於上述的分析中。年內已付或應付餘 下二人(二零一三年:二),其酬金為 1,000,001港元至1,500,000港元類別(二 零一三年:1,000,001港元至1,500,000港 元)。
- (d) 於二零一四年三月三十一日止年度內, 概無向任何董事或最高薪之五位人士支 付酬金作為邀請其加入本集團之獎金或 作為其失去職位之賠償(二零一三年: 無)。
- (e) 高級行政人員薪酬按組合範圍呈列:

		Number of ind 人員	dividuals
		2014	2013
\$500,001–HK\$1,000,000	500,001港元至1,000,000港元	2	_
\$1,000,001-HK\$1,500,000	1,000,001港元至1,500,000港元	2	2
		4	2

11 Income tax expense

HK\$ HK\$

The Company is exempted from taxation in Bermuda until 2035. The Company's subsidiaries established in the British Virgin Islands are incorporated under the International Business Companies Acts of the British Virgin Islands and, accordingly, are exempted from British Virgin Islands income taxes.

Hong Kong profits tax has been provided at the rate of 16.5% (2013: 16.5%) on the estimated assessable profit for the year arising in or derived from Hong Kong.

11 所得税開支

本公司獲豁免繳納百慕達税項,直至二零 三五年為止。本公司於英屬維爾京群島成立 的各附屬公司乃根據英屬維爾京群島國際業 務公司法註冊成立,因此,獲豁免繳納英屬維 爾京群島所得税。

香 港 利 得 税 以 税 率16.5%(二 零 一 三 年: 16.5%)按香港經營業務之估計應課税溢利計 算撥備。

11 Income tax expense (Continued)

Subsidiaries established and operated in Mainland China are subject to the Mainland China Corporate Income Tax at rate of 25% during the year (2013: 12.5% to 25%). In accordance with the applicable laws and regulations, the Group's subsidiaries established in Mainland China as wholly foreign owned enterprises are entitled to full exemption from Corporate Income Tax for the first two years and a 50% reduction in Corporate Income Tax for the next three years, commencing from the first profitable year or 1st January, 2008, whichever is earlier, after offsetting unexpired tax losses carried forward from previous years.

Pursuant to the Detailed Implementation Regulations for implementation of the Corporate Income Tax Law issued on 6th December, 2007, withholding income tax of 10% shall be levied on the dividends remitted by the companies established in Mainland China to their foreign investors starting from 1st January, 2008. All dividends coming from the profits generated by Mainland China companies after 1st January, 2008 shall be subject to this withholding income tax. As at 31st March, 2014, the Group had not accrued any withholding income tax for the earnings from 1st January, 2008 to 31st March, 2014 of its Mainland China subsidiaries because the Group has no plans to distribute earnings from its Mainland China subsidiaries generated in the period from 1st January, 2008 to 31st March, 2014 in the foreseeable future.

The subsidiary established in Singapore is subject to Singapore Corporate Income Tax at a rate of 17% (2013: 17%).

11 所得税開支(續)

在中國成立及經營之附屬公司於本年度須按 25%(二零一三年:12.5%至25%)税率繳納中 國企業所得税。根據有關税法規定,關於該等 本集團在中國成立的附屬公司為外商獨資企 業,由經抵銷過往年度所有未到期承前税務 虧損後的首個獲利年度或二零零八年一月一 日起計(以較先者為準),首兩年可獲豁免繳 付企業所得税,而其後三年則獲半免。

根據二零零七年十二月六日頒佈的中華人民 共和國企業所得税法實施條例,於二零零八 年一月一日開始,所有於中國成立的企業對 境外投資者分派股息須徵收10%預提所得税。 所有於中國成立的企業分派二零零八年一月 一日後賺取的利潤的股息須徵收預提所得税。 於二零一四年三月三十一日,本集團並未就 在中國成立的附屬公司於二零零八年一月一 日至二零一四年三月三十一日期間賺取的利 潤計提任何預提所得税,因本集團於可預見 的將來,暫時無任何計劃分派在中國成立的 附屬公司於二零零八年一月一日至二零一四 年三月三十一日期間的利潤。

於新加坡成立之附屬公司按新加坡企業所得 税税率17%(二零一三年:17%)撥備。

11 Income tax expense (Continued)

11 所得税開支(續)

The amount of income tax charged to the consolidated income statement represents:

於綜合收益表中扣除的税項包括:

		2014 HK\$′000 千港元	2013 HK\$′000 千港元
Current income tax expense — Hong Kong profits tax — Mainland China Corporate Income Tax — Singapore Corporate Income Tax Under/(over) provision in prior years	即期所得税開支 — 香港利得税 — 中國企業所得税 — 新加坡企業所得税 過往年度撥備不足/(超額)	3,345 7,264 2,004 594	4,780 6,630 2,260 (504)
Deferred income tax (note 26)	遞延所得税(附註26)	13,207 (1,382) 11,825	13,166 (2,885) 10,281

The tax on the Group's profit before income tax differs from the theoretical amount that would arise using the weighted average tax rate applicable to profits of the group companies as follows: 本集團之除税前溢利計算之税項與適用於本 集團公司溢利之加權平均税率計算之理論金 額有所差異,其對賬如下:

		2014 HK\$′000 千港元	2013 HK\$′000 千港元
Profit before income tax	除税前溢利	26,882	19,638
Tax calculated at domestic tax rate applicable to profits in the respective	按所在國家/地區適用於溢利 之利得税率		
countries/jurisdictions	計算之所得税	5,062	861
Tax exemption	税項寬減	(250)	(795)
Income not subject to tax	無須課税收入	(413)	(38)
Expenses not deductible for tax	不可扣税支出	2,119	3,906
Utilisation of previously unrecognized	使用以往未確認之税務虧損		
tax loss		(1,478)	
Deferred tax assets not recognised	未確認之遞延所得税資產	6,191	6,851
Under/(over) provision in prior years	過往年度撥備不足/(超額) -	594	(504)
Tax charge	税項支出	11,825	10,281

The average tax rate was 18.8% (2013: 4.3%). The change in average tax rate is mainly caused by the increase in the Mainland China tax rate and the decrease in losses incurred by the Southern China operations. 平均税率為18.8%(二零一三年:4.3%),平均 税率的轉變主要是由於中國企業所得税税率 提升及華南業務的虧損減少而造成。

12 Profit attributable to the equity holders of the Company

Profit attributable to the equity holders of the Company is dealt with in the financial statements of the Company to the extent of HK\$10,259,000 (2013: HK\$24,027,000).

13 Earnings per share

Basic

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the Group's profit attributable to the equity holders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year.

12 本公司權益持有人應佔溢利

本公司權益持有人應佔溢利已於本公司財務 報表內處理之溢利為約10,259,000港元(二零 一三年:24,027,000港元)。

13 每股盈利

基本 每股基本盈利乃按年內本公司權益持有人應 佔本集團溢利除以已發行普通股之加權平均 數計算。

		2014	2013
Profit attributable to the equity holders of the Company (HK\$'000)	本公司權益持有人應佔溢利 (千港元)	15,057	9,357
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue ('000)	已發行普通股之加權平均數 (千股)	525,135	525,135
Basic earnings per share (HK cents)	每股基本盈利(港仙)	2.87	1.78

Diluted

Diluted earnings per share is calculated by adjusting the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding assuming conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares. Shares issuable under the employee share option scheme are the only dilutive potential ordinary shares. A calculation is made in order to determine the number of shares that could have been acquired at fair value (determined as the average daily market share price of the Company's shares) based on the monetary value of the subscription rights attached to the outstanding share options. The number of shares calculated as above is compared with the number of shares that would have been issued assuming the exercise of the share options. There were no share options outstanding during the year ended 31st March, 2013 and 31st March, 2014.

For the year ended 31st March, 2014 and 31st March, 2013, diluted earnings per share equals basic earnings per share as there were no dilutive potential shares.

攤薄

每股攤薄盈利乃就假設所有可攤薄的潛在普 通股獲轉換後,經調整已發行普通股之加權 平均數計算。根據購股權計劃可予發行之股 份為唯一造成攤薄效應之潛在普通股。計算 方法乃按尚未行使購股權所附帶認購權之貨 幣價值,可按公允價值(按本公司股份平均每 日市價釐定)收購之股份數目。上述計算之股 份數目 會與假設行使購股權而應已發行之股 份數目比較。於二零一三年三月三十一日及 二零一四年三月三十一日止年度內並無尚未 行使的購股權。

二零一四年三月三十一日及二零一三年三月 三十一日止年度,每股攤薄盈利相等於每股 基本盈利,因並無可攤薄的潛在股份。

14 Dividends

14 股息

		2014 HK\$′000 千港元	2013 HK\$′000 千港元
Interim dividend — HK\$0.01 (2013: HK\$0.01) per share	中期股息 — 每股港幣1仙 (二零一三年:每股港幣1仙)	5,251	5,251
Special dividend — HK\$0.005 (2003 : nil) per share	特別股息 — 每股港幣0.5仙 (二零一三年:無)	2,626	_
Proposed final dividend — HK\$0.01 (2013: HK\$0.01) per share	擬派末期股息 — 每股港幣1仙 (二零一三年:每股港幣1仙)	5,251	5,251
		13,128	10,502

At a meeting held on 25th June, 2014, the directors proposed a final dividend of HK1 cent per share, amounting to a total dividend of approximately HK\$5,251,000, which is to be approved by the Company's equity holders at the Company's upcoming Annual General Meeting. This proposed final dividend has not been reflected as a dividend payable in these consolidated financial statements as at 31st March, 2014, but has been reflected as an appropriation of distributable reserves during the year ended 31st March, 2014.

The amount of proposed final dividend for 2014 was based on 525,135,288 shares in issue as at 25th June, 2014.

於二零一四年六月二十五日召開董事會中, 董事建議派發末期股息,每股港幣1仙,股息 總額約5,251,000港元,將於應屆股東週年大 會提呈本公司權益持有人審批,此等擬派末 期股息於截至二零一四年三月三十一日之綜 合財務報表並無反映為應付股息,但已列作 截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度可分派 儲備之分配。

二零一四年擬派末期股息是根據二零一四年 六月二十五日當日已發行股本525,135,288股 計算。

Land use rights 15

15 土地使用權

The Group's interests in land use rights represent prepaid operating lease payments and their net book amounts are analysed as follows:

本集團於土地使用權的權益指預付經營租賃 款項及其賬面淨值,分析如下:

		2014	2013
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
In Mainland China held on:	位於中國持有:		
Land use rights of between 10 to 50 years	介乎10至50年之土地使用權	25,592	26,376
		2014	2013
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
At 1st April	於四月一日	26,376	26,854
Amortisation	攤 銷	(772)	(753)
Translation adjustments	滙 兑 調 整	(12)	275
At 31st March	於三月三十一日	25,592	26,376

The amortisation expense recognised in the consolidated income statement is analysed as follows:

於綜合收益表中確認之攤銷開支,分析如下:

		2014 HK\$′000 千港元	2013 HK\$′000 千港元
Cost of sales General and administrative expenses	銷售成本 一般及行政開支	12 760	12 741
		772	753

16 Property, plant and equipment

16 物業、廠房及設備

		Land and buildings 土地及樓宇 HK\$'000 千港元	Plant and machinery 機器 HK\$'000 千港元	Furniture and equipment 傢俬及設備 HK\$'000 千港元	Motor vehicles 汽車 HK\$'000 千港元	Construction in progress 在建工程 HK\$'000 干港元	Total 總計 HK\$*000 千港元
Year ended 31st March, 2013	截至二零一三年 三月三十一日止年度						
Opening net book value	年初賬面淨值	176,261	243,411	7,245	3,252	1,722	431,891
Additions	添置	4,416	35,895	3,235	904	14,530	58,980
Depreciation	折舊	(7,982)	(54,619)	(2,298)	(964)	·	(65,863)
Disposals	出售		(370)	(66)	(16)	_	(452)
Transfers	轉至	_	1,628	385		(2,013)	_
Translation adjustments	滙兑調整	838	1,203	55	18	179	2,293
Closing net book value	年終賬面淨值	173,533	227,148	8,556	3,194	14,418	426,849
At 31st March, 2013	於二零一三年 三月三十一日						
Cost	成本	243,786	936,901	64,342	16,984	14,418	1,276,431
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	累計折舊及減值	(70,253)	(709,753)	(55,786)	(13,790)		(849,582)
Net book value	賬面淨值	173,533	227,148	8,556	3,194	14,418	426,849
Year ended 31st March, 2014	截至二零一四年 三月三十一日止年度						
Opening net book value	年初賬面淨值	173,533	227,148	8,556	3,194	14,418	426,849
Additions	添置	8,596	39,100	3,647	286	18,641	70,270
Depreciation	折舊	(9,109)	(52,580)	(2,555)	(792)	_	(65,036)
Disposals	出售	_	(153)	(22)	(42)	_	(217)
Transfers	轉至	14,740	14,401	117	35	(29,293)	_
Translation adjustments	滙 兑 調 整	(1,848)	(1,930)	(43)	(14)	159	(3,676)
Closing net book value	年終賬面淨值	185,912	225,986	9,700	2,667	3,925	428,190
At 31st March, 2014	於二零一四年 三月三十一日						
Cost	成本	265,070	964,206	66,868	16,824	3,925	1,316,893
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	累計折舊及減值	(79,158)	(738,220)	(57,168)	(14,157)		(888,703)
Net book value	賬面淨值	185,912	225,986	9,700	2,667	3,925	428,190

The net book value of the Group's interests in leasehold land classified as finance leases is analysed as follows: 本集團分類為融資租賃的租賃土地權益之賬 面淨值,分析如下:

		2014 HK\$′000 千港元	2013 HK\$′000 千港元
In Hong Kong held on: Leases of between 10 to 50 years	位於香港持有: 介乎10至50年的租賃	2,756	2,844

Pro	perty, plant and equipment (Cont	inued) 16	物貣	業、廠房及設備(續)	
(a)	Depreciation expense recognised in the income statement is analysed as follows		(a)	於綜合收益表中確認之折 如下:	舊開支,分析
				2014	2013
				HK\$'000	HK\$'000
				千港元	千港元
	Cost of sales	銷售成本		60,919	61,592
	Selling and distribution costs	銷售及分銷費用		398	463
	General and administrative expenses	一般及行政開支		3,719	3,808
				65,036	65,863
(b)	Construction in progress mainly represe	ents factories	(b)	在建工程主要指在中國興	建中的廠房及

and office buildings under construction and plant and machinery under installation in Mainland China.

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- At 31st March, 2014, land and buildings with a (C) total net book value of approximately HK\$3,263,000 (2013: HK\$3,388,000) were pledged as collateral for the Group's banking facilities (note 33).
- At 31st March, 2014, machinery of the Group with (d) carrying amounts of approximately HK\$14,499,000 (2013: HK\$17,074,000) was held under finance leases (note 24).

17 Investments in and balances with subsidiaries — Company

辦公室樓宇和安裝中的機器。

- (C) 於二零一四年三月三十一日,賬面淨值 約3,263,000港元(二零一三年:3,388,000 港元)之土地及樓宇用作本集團銀行信 貸額之附屬抵押(附註33)。
- 於二零一四年三月三十一日,本集團賬 (d) 面 值 約14,499,000港 元 (二零一三年: 17,074,000港元)的機器按財務契約持 有(附註24)。
- 於附屬公司之投資及餘額 17 — 本公司

		2014 HK\$′000 千港元	2013 HK\$′000 千港元
Investment in unlisted shares, at cost Amounts due from subsidiaries	非上市股份,按成本 應收附屬公司款項	105,513 152,935	91,449 166,997
Less: accumulated impairment losses	減:累計減值虧損	258,448 (10,284)	258,446 (10,284)
		248,164	248,162
Amounts due to subsidiaries	應付附屬公司款項	(38,188)	(35,156)

The amounts due from subsidiaries are unsecured, interest free and considered as equity in nature. All amounts are denominated in Hong Kong dollar.

應收附屬公司款項乃無抵押、不計息及視作 股本權益性質,所有款項以港元列值。

17 Investments in and balances with subsidiaries — Company (Continued)

The amounts due to subsidiaries are unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand. Except for an amount of approximately HK\$1,080,000 (2013: HK\$1,080,000) which is denominated in Renminbi, the balances are denominated in Hong Kong dollar.

The principal subsidiaries as at 31st March, 2014 were as follows:

17 於附屬公司之投資及餘額— 本公司(續)

應付附屬公司款項乃無抵押、不計息及需應 要求償還。除其中一筆約1,080,000港元(二零 一三年:1,080,000港元)的款項以人民幣列值 外,餘款均以港元列值。

於二零一四年三月三十一日,主要附屬公司 如下:

Name of company 公司名稱	Place of incorporation and operations 註冊成立及營業地點	Issued and fully paid capital 已發行及繳足股本	Percentage interest 所佔股權 Directly 直接	held	Principal activities 主要業務
Starlite International (Holdings) Ltd.	British Virgin Islands 英屬維爾京群島	US\$2 2美元	100%	_	Investment holding 投資控股
Starlite Printers Holdings Cook Islands Limited	Cook Islands 科克群島	US\$200 200美元	100%	_	Investment holding 投資控股
Starlite Printers (Far East) Pte. Ltd.	Singapore 新加坡	\$\$8,759,396 8,759,396新加坡元	100%	_	Printing of packaging materials and production of paper products 包裝材料印刷及紙品生產
Starlite Printers (Malaysia) Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia 馬來西亞	RM6,500,000 6,500,000馬來西亞元	100%	_	Printing of packaging materials and production of paper products 包裝材料印刷及紙品生產
Everfar Holdings Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬維爾京群島	US\$20,000 20,000美元	50%	50%	Investment holding 投資控股
Starlite Visual Communication Limited 星光視覺媒體有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$2,000,000 2,000,000港元	_	100%	Trading and products development 貿易及產品開發
Star Union Limited 星盟有限公司	Hong Kong/ Mainland China 香港/中國	HK\$2 2港元	_	100%	Property holding 持有物業
Starlite Consumer Products, Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬維爾京群島	US\$1 1美元	_	100%	Investment holding 投資控股
Starlite Entertainment (Holdings) Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬維爾京群島	US\$1 1美元	_	100%	Investment holding 投資控股
Starlite International Development Limited	British Virgin Islands/ Hong Kong 英屬維爾京群島/香港	US\$1 1美元	_	100%	Inactive 伺機作業
Starlite International Marketing Services Limited	British Virgin Islands/ Hong Kong 英屬維爾京群島/香港	US\$1 1美元	_	100%	Inactive 伺機作業
Starlite Laser Graphics Limited 星華鐳射分色有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$3,230,000 ordinary 3,230,000港元 普通股股份	_	100%	Inactive 伺機作業
		HK\$170,000 non-voting deferred (i) 170,000港元 無投票權遞延	_	_	

股份(i)

17 Investments in and balances with subsidiaries— Company (Continued)

17 於附屬公司之投資及餘額— 本公司(續)

			1 4		
Name of company 公司名稱	Place of incorporation and operations 註冊成立及營業地點	Issued and fully paid capital 已發行及繳足股本	Percentage of e interest hel 所佔股權百 Directly In 直接	ld	Principal activities 主要業務
Starlite Management Services Limited	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$200 200港元	_	100%	Provision of management services 提供管理服務
Starlite Packaging Technology Consultancy Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬維爾京群島	US\$1 1美元	_	100%	Holding of trade and service marks 持有貿易及服務商標
Starlite Development International Limited 星光發展國際有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$200 200港元	_	100%	Trading of paper products 紙類製品貿易
Starlite Paper Products Limited 星輝紙品有限公司	Hong Kong/ Mainland China 香港/中國	HK\$1,738,000 ordinary 1,738,000港元 普通股股份	-	100%	Production of paper products 紙品生產
		HK\$262,000 non-voting deferred (i) 262,000港元 無投票權遞延 股份(i)	_	_	
Starlite Printers Limited 星光印刷有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$2,700,000 ordinary 2,700,000港元 普通股股份	—	100%	Printing and trading of packaging materials 包裝材料印刷及貿易
		HK\$2,300,000 non-voting deferred (i) 2,300,000港元 無投票權遞延 股份(i)	_	_	
Starlite Printers HK Holdings (BVI) Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬維爾京群島	US\$1 1美元	_	100%	Investment holding 投資控股
Starlite Printers (China) Limited 星光印刷(中國)有限公司	British Virgin Islands 英屬維爾京群島	US\$100 100美元	_	100%	Investment holding 投資控股
Starlite Printers (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. 星光印刷(深圳)有限公司	Mainland China 中國	US\$8,000,000 8,000,000美元	_	100%	Printing of packaging materials and production of paper products 包裝材料印刷及紙品生產
Starlite Printers (Suzhou) Co., Ltd. 星光印刷(蘇州)有限公司	Mainland China 中國	US\$20,000,000 20,000,000美元	_	100%	Printing of packaging materials and production of paper products and labels 包裝材料印刷及紙品及標籤生產
Starlite Productions (Holdings) Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬維爾京群島	US\$1 1美元	_	100%	Investment holding 投資控股
Starlite Productions (BVI) Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬維爾京群島	US\$256,420 256,420美元	_	100%	Investment holding 投資控股
Guangzhou Starlite Environmental Friendly Center, Limited 廣州星光環保中心有限公司	Mainland China 中國	US\$6,000,000 6,000,000美元	_	100%	Production of environmental friendly and other paper products 生產環保及其他紙類產品
Greenworks International Limited 綠色工程國際有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$2 2港元	_	100%	Investment holding and trading of environmental friendly and other paper products 投資控股及環保及其他紙類產品貿易
Shaoguan Fortune Creative Industries Company Limited 韶關科藝創意工業有限公司	Mainland China 中國	US\$11,500,000 11,500,000美元	_	100%	Printing of packaging materials and production of paper products 包裝材料印刷及紙品生產

17 Investments in and balances with subsidiaries — Company (Continued)

Note:

(i) The non-voting deferred shares are not owned by the Group. These shares have no voting rights and are not entitled to dividends unless the net profit of the relevant company exceeds HK\$50,000,000,000 and are not entitled to any distributions upon winding up unless a sum of HK\$50,000,000,000 has been distributed by the relevant company to the holders of its ordinary shares.

None of the subsidiaries had any loan capital in issue at any time during the year ended 31st March, 2014 (2013: Nil).

18 Available-for-sale financial assets

17 於附屬公司之投資及餘額

— 本公司(續)

註:

(i) 此等無投票權遞延股份並非由本集團擁有。此等股份並無由本集團擁有。此等股份並無投票權,除非有關公司之純利超過50,000,000,000港元,否則持有人無權享有股息;而有關公司清盤時,亦無權享有任何分派,除非有關公司向普通股股東作出之分派達到50,000,000港元。

所有附屬公司於截至二零一四年三月三十一 日止年度內任何時間均無已發行借貸資本(二 零一三年:無)。

18 可供出售財務資產

		2014 HK\$′000 千港元	2013 HK\$′000 千港元
Available-for-sale financial assets — Equity securities listed in Hong Kong,	可供出售財務資產 — 於香港上市的權益證券,		
at fair value — Unlisted insurance policy investment,	按公允價值 — 非上市的保險保單投資,	1,575	1,729
at fair value	按公允價值	3,741	3,730
		5,316	5,459

Movement of the available-for-sale financial assets is as follows:

可供出售財務資產之變動如下:

		2014 HK\$′000 千港元	2013 HK\$′000 千港元
Beginning of the year Additions Revaluation (losses)/gains recognised in	年初 増加 於投資儲備確認的重估	5,459 —	1,400 3,563
investment revaluation reserve	(虧損)/收益	(143)	496
End of the year	年終	5,316	5,459

Available-for-sale financial assets (Continued) 可供出售財務資產(續) 18 18 Available-for-sale financial assets are denominated in the 可供出售財務資產以下列貨幣列值: following currencies: 2014 2013 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 千港元 千港元 美元 3,741 3,730 US\$ HK\$ 港元 1,575 1,729 5,316 5,459 19 存貨 Inventories 19 2014 2013 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 千港元 千港元 原材料 67,878 56,646 Raw materials Work-in-progress 在製品 30,158 24,840 Finished goods 製成品 22,572 28,661 120,608 110,147

The cost of inventories expensed, and included in cost of sales amounted to HK\$648,212,000 (2013: HK\$663,651,000). During the year, the Group has written back a provision for inventory obsolescence of approximately HK\$1,404,000 (2013: provided for inventory obsolescence of approximately HK\$7,532,000), which was included in cost of sales.

As at 31st March, 2014, there were floating charges over certain of the Group's inventories of approximately HK\$24,472,000 (2013: HK\$29,319,000) to secure the trust receipts import bank loan arrangements (note 33).

存貨成本合共約648,212,000港元(二零一三年:663,651,000港元)列作開支並列入銷售成本中。於本年度內,本集團錄得存貨減值撥備回撥約1,404,000港元(二零一三年:存貨減值撥備約7,532,000港元),此撥備回撥已列入銷售成本中。

於二零一四年三月三十一日,本集團約值 24,472,000港元(二零一三年:29,319,000港 元)之存貨按信托收據進口銀行貸款安排作為 抵押(附註33)。



20 Trade and bill receivables, prepayments and deposits

20 貿易應收賬款及票據、預付款項 及按金

		Grou 集團	•	Comp 公司	,
		2014 HK\$′000 千港元	2013 HK\$′000 千港元	2014 HK\$′000 千港元	2013 HK\$′000 千港元
Trade receivables Less: provision for impairment	貿易應收賬款 減:貿易應收賬款減值撥備	236,454	246,598	_	—
of trade receivables	-	(6,546)	(6,018)		
Trade receivables — net Bill receivables	貿易應收賬款 — 淨額 應收票據 -	229,908 310	240,580 465		
Trade and bill receivables Prepayments and deposits	貿易應收賬款及票據 預付款項及按金	230,218 30,215	241,045 28,287	665	703
		260,433	269,332	665	703

The carrying amounts of trade and bill receivables, prepayments and deposits approximate their fair values.

The Group grants to its customers credit terms generally ranging from 30 to 120 days. The ageing of trade and bill receivables by invoice date is as follows: 貿易應收賬款及票據、預付款項及按金的賬 面值約相等於其公允價值。

集團給予顧客信貸期限一般為30天至120天不 等。貿易應收賬款及票據之賬齡(按發票日) 如下:

		2014 HK\$′000 千港元	2013 HK\$′000 千港元
1 to 90 days	1至90天	202,860	215,553
91 to 180 days	91至180天	24,515	25,516
181 to 365 days	181至365天	7,074	3,981
Over 365 days	超過365天	2,315	2,013
Less: provision for impairment of trade	減:貿易應收賬款減值撥備	236,764	247,063
receivables		(6,546)	(6,018)
		230,218	241,045

20 Trade and bill receivables, prepayments and deposits (Continued)

As at 31st March, 2014, trade receivables of HK\$185,049,000 (2013: HK\$203,912,000) were fully performing. HK\$44,859,000 (2013: HK\$36,668,000) were past due but not considered impaired, of which HK\$41,993,000 were overdue less than 90 days and HK\$2,866,000 were overdue between 90 and 180 days. These relate to a number of independent customers for whom there is no recent history of default. Trade receivables of HK\$6,546,000 (2013: HK\$6,018,000) were considered impaired and fully provided for. The amount of the provision was HK\$6,546,000 as at 31st March, 2014 (2013: HK\$6,018,000).

The Group's trade and bill receivables were denominated in the following currencies:

20 貿易應收賬款及票據、預付款項 及按金(續)

於二零一四年三月三十一日,貿易應收賬款 185,049,000港元(二零一三年:203,912,000港 元)為全數獲得履行,44,859,000港元(二零 一三年:36,668,000港元)已逾期但認為沒有 減值,其中包括41,993,000港元已逾期少於90 天,另外2,866,000港元已逾期90至180天,該 等款項涉及近期並無拖欠記錄之多名獨立客 戶。貿易應收賬款6,546,000港元(二零一三 年:6,018,000港元)出現減值及已全數作出撥 備,於二零一四年三月三十一日,減值撥備為 6,546,000港元,(二零一三年:6,018,000港 元)。

本集團之貿易應收賬款及票據以下列貨幣列值:

		2014 HK\$′000 千港元	2013 HK\$′000 千港元
Hong Kong dollar	港元	54,616	52,469
United States dollar	美元	96,067	105,440
Chinese Renminbi	人民幣	51,157	49,853
Singapore dollar	新加坡元	19,573	19,326
Others	其他	15,351	19,975
		236,764	247,063

Movements in the provision for impairment of trade receivables are as follows:

貿易應收賬款減值撥備之變動如下:

		2014 HK\$′000 千港元	2013 HK\$′000 千港元
Beginning of the year Provision for impairment of trade receivables Receivables written off during the year as	年初 貿易應收賬款減值撥備 年內未能收回之應收	6,018 1,524	7,856 3,144
uncollectible Translation adjustment	賬款註銷 滙兑調整	(1,004)	(5,034) 52
End of the year	年終	6,546	6,018

The creation and release of the provision for impairment of trade receivables have been included in general and administrative expenses in the consolidated income statement. 貿易應收賬款減值撥備及回撥均已於綜合收 益表一般及行政開支中入賬。

20 Trade and bill receivables, prepayments and deposits (Continued)

The other classes within trade and bill receivables, prepayments and deposits do not contain impaired assets.

The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date is the fair value of each class of receivables mentioned above. The Group does not hold any collateral as security.

21 Derivative financial instruments

20 貿易應收賬款及票據、預付款項 及按金(續)

於貿易應收賬款及票據、預付款項及按金中 的其他類別並不包括已減值資產。

於報告日上述每項應收賬款的最高信貸風險 相等於其公允價值。本集團並未持有任何附 屬抵押。

2014

2012

21 衍生金融工具

	2014 HK\$′000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Interest-rate swaps 利率掉期合約		884
As at 31st March, 2014, the Group does not have	於二零一四年三月三十一日	,本集團並無仍

As at 31st March, 2014, the Group does not have outstanding interest rate swap as the contract expired in September 2013. (2013: the Group has an outstanding interest rate swap contract with notional principal amount of HK\$50,000,000 to swap floating rate borrowing to fixed interest rate, the fixed interest rate was 3.73% and the floating rate was Hong Kong Interbank Offered Rate.)

22 Bank balances and cash

於二零一四年三月三十一日,本集團並無仍 未結算的利率掉期合約,因該合約已於二零 一三年九月到期。(二零一三年:本集團仍未 結算的利率掉期合約的設定本金額為 50,000,000港元,掉期利率從浮動利率掉期至 固定利率。利率掉期合約以香港銀行同業拆 息作為浮動利率,而訂定固定利率為3.73厘。)

22 銀行結存及現金

		Grou 集團)	Compa 公司	,
		2014 HK\$′000 千港元	2013 HK\$′000 千港元	2014 HK\$′000 千港元	2013 HK\$′000 千港元
Cash at bank and in hand Short-term bank deposits	銀行及手頭現金 短期銀行存款	204,532 22,117 226,649	152,396 51,288 203,684	334 	71
Maximum exposure to credit risk	最高信貸風險	225,322	202,859	334	71

As at 31st March, 2014, the effective interest rate on cash at bank, short-term bank deposits was 0.142% (2013: 0.062%). The short-term bank deposits have an average maturity of 2.75 months (2013: 2.6 months).

於二零一四年三月三十一日,銀行存款、短期 銀行存款之有效利率為年息0.142厘(二零一三 年:0.062厘),此等短期銀行存款平均到期日 為2.75個月(二零一三年:2.6個月)。

22 Bank balances and cash (Continued)

22 銀行結存及現金(續)

Bank balances and cash were denominated in the following currencies:

銀行	結存	及現	金乃	按以	下省	幣列	佰	
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		Grou 集團)	Compa 公司	,
		2014	2013	2014	2013
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Hong Kong dollar	港元	24,493	32,905	334	71
Chinese Renminbi	人民幣	69,238	59,187	_	_
United States dollar	美元	81,775	54,195	_	_
Euro	歐元	18,188	10,613	_	_
Singapore dollar	新加坡元	26,564	39,072	_	_
Others	其他	6,391	7,712		
		226,649	203,684	334	71

The Group's cash and cash equivalents denominated in Renminbi are deposited with banks in Mainland China. The conversion of these Chinese Renminbi denominated balances into foreign currencies and the remittance of funds out of Mainland China is subject to the foreign exchange control rules and regulations promulgated by the Government of The People's Republic of China. 本集團以人民幣列值之現金及現金等值均存 放於中國之銀行。將人民幣換算為外幣及滙 出中國須受中華人民共和國政府頒佈之外滙 管制規則及規例監管。

For the purpose of the cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents include the followings:

現金流量表中的現金及現金等值包括下列:

		2014 HK\$′000 千港元	2013 HK\$′000 千港元
Cash at bank and in hand Short-term bank deposits with maturity less	銀行及手頭現金 少於三個月到期之	204,532	152,396
than 3 months Bank overdrafts (note 23)	短期銀行存款 銀行透支(附註23)	11,518 —	30,119 (102)
		216,050	182,413

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23 Borrowings

23 融資

		2014 HK\$′000 千港元	2013 HK\$′000 千港元
Long-term bank loans Short-term bank loans Trust receipts import bank loans Bank overdrafts	長期銀行貸款 短期銀行貸款 信託收據進口銀行貸款 銀行透支	186,241 28,536 24,472 —	155,970 47,477 29,319 102
Less: amounts due within one year shown	減:列入流動負債之一年內	239,249	232,868
under current liabilities	到期款額	(161,566)	(222,916)
Non-current portion	非即期部份	77,683	9,952
The borrowings are repayable as follows:	融資之付款	款期如下:	
		2014 HK\$′000 千港元	2013 HK\$′000 千港元
Wholly payable within 5 years Wholly payable after 5 years	全數於五年內償還 全數於五年後償還	232,838 6,411	223,982 8,886
		239,249	232,868
The borrowings are repayable as follows:	融資之付業	款期如下:	
		2014 HK\$′000 千港元	2013 HK\$′000 千港元
Within 1 year Between 1 and 2 years Between 2 and 5 years Over 5 years	一年內 一至二年 二至五年 超過五年	137,566 64,206 31,066 6,411	131,795 47,865 44,322 8,886
		239,249	232,868

The above amounts due are based on the scheduled repayment dates set out in the loan agreements and ignore the effect of any repayment on demand clause.

上述款項之到期日是根據貸款合約中預先訂 定之還款日期,及並不理會應要求償還條款 之影響。



23 Borrowings (Continued)

23 融資(續)

The carrying amounts of bank borrowings were 銀行融資之賬面值乃按以下貨幣列值: denominated in the following currencies:

		2014 HK\$′000 千港元	2013 HK\$′000 千港元
Hong Kong dollar	港元	177,449	161,983
Chinese Renminbi	人民幣	22,483	47,465
United States dollar	美元	10,657	5,147
Malaysian ringgit ("RM")	馬來西亞元(「馬元」)	15,689	18,261
Singapore dollar ("SGD")	新加坡元(「坡元」)	12,967	
Euro	歐元	4	12
		239,249	232,868

The effective interest rates (per annum) at the end of 於報告結束日之有效年利率如下: reporting period were as follows:

				20	14					20	13		
		HK\$	RMB	US\$	RM	Euro	SGD	HK\$	RMB	US\$	RM	Euro	SGD
		港元	人民幣	美元	馬元	歐元	坡元	港元	人民幣	美元	馬元	歐元	坡元
Long-term bank loans	長期銀行貸款	2.97%	_	_	4.30%	_	2.36%	2.75%	_	_	4.30%	_	_
Short-term bank loans	短期銀行貸款	2.96%	6.96%	1.90%	_	1.90%	_	_	7.29%	_	_	1.95%	—
Trust receipts import	信託收據進口銀行												
bank loans	貸款	4.71%	—	5.64%	—	—	—	5.01%	—	5.77%	—	—	—
Bank overdrafts	銀行透支	_						5.75%	_		_	_	_

The carrying amounts of the borrowings approximate their fair values.

Details of the banking facilities available to the Group and pledge of assets are disclosed in note 33.

24 Finance lease obligations

Lease liabilities are effectively secured as the rights to the leased assets revert to the lessor in the event of default.

融資之賬面值約為其公允價值。

本集團銀行備用信貸額度及資產抵押詳載於 附註33。

24 財務契約債務

如發生不能履行的事件時,租賃資產的權益 會歸屬出租人,因此租賃負債有效地受到保障。

24	Finance lease obligations (Continued) The Group's finance lease obligations were follows:		財務契約債務(續) 本集團之財務契約債務分析如下:	
			2014 HK\$′000 千港元	2013 HK\$′000 千港元
	Gross finance lease obligations — minimum lease payments: Within one year Between one and two years Between two and five years	財務契約債務總額 — 最低還款: 一年以內 介乎一年至兩年 介乎兩年至五年	4,501 4,501 	4,747 4,747 3,956
	Future finance charges on finance leases Present value of finance lease obligations	未來財務費用 財務契約債務的現(9,002 (626) 	13,450 (1,386) 12,064
	Present value of finance lease obligations: Within one year Between one and two years Between two and five years	財務契約債務的現值 一年以內 介乎一年至兩年 介乎兩年至五年	直: 4,036 4,340 —	4,258 4,258 3,548
25	Trade and bill payables The ageing of trade and bill payables is as foll	25 lows:	8,376 貿易應付賬款及票據 貿易應付賬款及票據賬齡如下:	12,064
			2014 HK\$′000 千港元	2013 HK\$′000 千港元

1 to 90 days	1至90天	125,843	109,281
91 to 180 days	91至180天	5,588	7,866
181 to 365 days	181至365天	4,329	67
Over 365 days	超過365天	180	256

The Group's trade and bill payables were denominated in the following currencies:

本集團之貿易應付賬款及票據以下列貨幣列值:

135,940

117,470

		2014 HK\$′000 千港元	2013 HK\$′000 千港元
Hong Kong dollar	港元	39,047	40,081
Chinese Renminbi	人民幣	56,307	57,362
United States dollar	美元	3,647	3,668
Euro	歐元	20,902	4,043
Others	其他	16,037	12,316
		135,940	117,470

26 Deferred income tax

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the deferred income tax assets and liabilities relate to income tax levied by same taxation authority on either the taxable entity or different taxable entities where there is an intention to settle the balances on a net basis. The net amounts are as follows:

26 遞延所得税

倘具有法定可執行權利將現有税項資產與現 有税項負債對銷,且遞延所得税資產及負債 均涉及同一財政機關向有意按淨額結算餘額 的課税實體或不同課税實體徵收的所得税, 則遞延所得税資產與負債可互相抵銷。淨額 如下:

		2014 HK\$′000 千港元	2013 HK\$′000 千港元
Deferred tax assets Deferred tax liabilities	遞延所得税資產 遞延所得税負債	(2,139) 5,974	(2,828) 8,015
Deferred tax liabilities, net	遞延所得税負債淨額	3,835	5,187

The net movements in the deferred tax account are as follows:

遞延所得税淨額之變動詳情如下:

		2014 HK\$′000 千港元	2013 HK\$′000 千港元
Beginning of the year Credited to income statement (note 11) Translation adjustments	年初 於收益表計入(附註11) 滙兑調整	5,187 (1,382) 	8,403 (2,885) (331)
End of the year	年終	3,835	5,187

The movements in deferred tax assets and liabilities without taking into consideration the offsetting of balances within the same tax jurisdiction are as follows:

遞延所得税資產及負債之變動(並未計算於同 一徵税地區之結餘抵銷)如下:

Deferred tax assets:

遞延所得税資產:

		Tax losses 税項虧損		Provisions 撥備		Total 總計	
		2014	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Beginning of the year (Charged)/credited to	年初 於收益表中	_	_	4,264	3,336	4,264	3,336
income statement	(扣除)/計入	_		(698)	561	(698)	561
Translation adjustments	滙兑調整	_	_	12	367	12	367
End of the year	年終			3,578	4,264	3,578	4,264

26 Deferred income tax (Continued) Deferred tax liabilities:

26 遞延所得税(續) 遞延所得税負債:

		Accelerated ta depreciatio 加速税項折	on
		2014 20 ⁻	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Beginning of the year	年初	9,451	11,739
Credited to income statement	於收益表中計入	(2,080)	(2,324)
Translation adjustment	滙兑調整	42	36
End of the year	年終	7,413	9,451

The Group has not recognised deferred tax assets of approximately HK\$40,339,000 (2013: HK\$34,826,000) in respect of tax losses and deductible temporary differences as it is not probable that the deferred tax assets can be utilized. Out of the total, approximately HK\$16,418,000 (2013: HK\$17,624,000) in respect of tax losses that can be carried forward indefinitely to set off against future taxable income and the remaining tax losses of approximately HK\$15,774,000 (2013: HK\$9,856,000) will expire in 2016 to 2018 (2013: 2016 to 2017). The estimated tax losses are subject to approval by the relevant tax authorities.

Pursuant to the Detailed Implementation Regulations for implementation of the Corporate Income Tax Law issued on 6th December, 2007, withholding income tax of 10% shall be levied on the dividends remitted by the companies established in the PRC to their foreign investors starting from 1st January, 2008. A lower withholding tax rate may be applied if there is a tax treaty between China and the jurisdiction of the foreign investors. All dividends coming from the profits generated by the PRC companies after 1 January 2008 shall be subject to this withholding income tax. As at 31st March, 2014, the Group has not accrued withholding income tax for the earnings of HK\$35,900,000 (2013: HK\$23,802,000) of its PRC subsidiaries because the Group does not have a plan to distribute these earnings from its PRC subsidiaries. 因遞延所得税資產不會被應用,本集團並未確 認關於税務虧損及可扣減暫時性差異的遞延所 得税資產約40,339,000港元(二零一三年: 34,826,000港元)。總額當中,税務虧損約 16,418,000港元(二零一三年:17,624,000港元) 可以無限期結轉以抵銷未來應課税收入,其餘 税務虧損約15,774,000港元(二零一三年: 9,856,000港元)將會於二零一六年至二零一八 年屆滿(二零一三年:二零一六年至二零一七 年),估計税務虧損取決於有關税務管轄機關 的審批。

根據二零零七年十二月六日頒佈的中華人民 共和國企業所得税法實施條例,於二零零八 年一月一日開始,所有於中國成立的企業對 境外投資者分派股息須徵收10%預提所得税。 如中國與國外投資方的管轄地區簽訂税務條 約,一個較低的預提所得税率將會適用。所有 於中國成立的企業分派二零零八年一月一日 後賺取的利潤的股息須繳交此預提所得税。 於二零一四年三月三十一日,本集團並未就 在中國成立的附屬公司賺取的35,900,000港元 (二零一三年:23,802,000港元)利潤計提任何 預提所得税,因本集團並無計劃分派在中國 成立的附屬公司的利潤。

27 Share capital

Share Capital		27 成4	~		
		2014		2013	
		Number of	Nominal	Number of	Nominal
		shares	value	shares	value
		股份數目	面值	股份數目	面值
		′000	HK\$'000	'000	HK\$'000
		千股	千港元	千股	千港元
Authorised — Ordinary shares of HK\$0.1 each	法定股本 — 每股面值0.1港元 之普通股	1,000,000	100,000	1,000,000	100,000
Issued and fully paid — Ordinary shares of HK\$0.1 each: Beginning and end of the	已發行及繳足 — 每股面值0.1港元 之普通股: 年初及年終				
year		525,135	52,514	525,135	52,514

28 Employee share options

On 15th August, 2012, the Company adopted an employee share option scheme (the "Share Option Scheme") to replace the old share option scheme adopted on 6th September, 2002. Under the Share Option Scheme, the Company may grant options to employees (including Executive Directors of the Company) to subscribe for shares in the Company, subject to a maximum of 30% of the nominal value of the issued share capital of the Company from time to time excluding for this purpose any shares issued on the exercise of options. The exercise price will be determined by the Company's board of directors and shall be at least the highest of (i) the closing price of the Company's shares on the date of grant of the options, (ii) an average closing price of the Company's shares for the five trading days immediately preceding the date of grant of the options, and (iii) the nominal value of the Company's shares of HK\$0.1 each. The Group has no legal or constructive obligation to repurchase or settle the options in cash.

No share option was granted during the years ended 31st March, 2014 and 2013.

28 僱員購股權

股本

27

於二零一二年八月十五日,本公司採納一僱 員購股權計劃(「購股權計劃」)以取代於二零 零二年九月六日採納之舊購股權計劃。根據 購股權計劃本公司可向員工(包括本公司之執 行董事)授出購股權以認購本公司股份,而可 發行之股份將最多為本公司不時已發行股份 之30%,但不計算因行使購股權而發行之股 份。認購價由本公司之董事局釐定,惟不可低 份之收市價:(ii)本公司股份於緊接授出日期 前五個營業日之股份平均收市價;及(iii)本公 司股份之面值(即每股0.1港元)。本集團並無 法定或推定責任回購或以現金支付此等購股權。

於二零一四年及二零一三年三月三十一日止 年度內,並無授出任何購股權。

29 儲備

		Share premium 股份溢價 HK\$'000 千港元	Capital reserve 資本儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	Share-based compensation reserve 股份酬金儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	Investment reserve 投資儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	Translation reserve 滙兑儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	Retained profits 保留溢利 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總額 HK\$'000 千港元
Group	集團							
As at 1st April, 2012	於二零一二年四月一日	127,796	1,169	1,942	664	72,734	298,330	502,635
Profit attributable to the equity holders of the Company Other comprehensive income	本公司權益持有人 應佔溢利 其他全面收益	_	_	_	_	_	9,357	9,357
 Increase in fair value of available-for-sale financial assets 	— 可供出售財務資產 之公允價值增加	_	_	_	496	_	_	496
- Currency translation differences	— 滙兑差異					6,104		6,104
Total comprehensive income for the year	年內全面收益總額				496	6,104	9,357	15,957
Employee share option scheme — Lapse of share options Increase in capital reserve Dividends paid	耀員購股權計劃 — 購股權失效 資本儲備增加 已付股息		623	(1,942)			1,942 	623 (10,502)
			623	(1,942)	496	6,104	797	6,078
As at 31st March, 2013	於二零一三年三月三十一日	127,796	1,792	_	1,160	78,838	299,127	508,713
Representing: — Proposed dividend — Others	代表: — 擬派股息 — 其他	127,796	1,792		1,160	78,838	5,251 293,876	5,251 503,462
		127,796	1,792		1,160	78,838	299,127	508,713

29 Reserves (Continued)

29 儲備(續)

		Share premium 股份溢價 HK\$'000 千港元	Capital reserve 資本儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	Share-based compensation reserve 股份酬金儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	Investment reserve 投資儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	Translation reserve 滙兑儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	Retained profits 保留溢利 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總額 HK\$'000 千港元
Group	集團							
As at 1st April, 2013	於二零一三年四月一日	127,796	1,792	_	1,160	78,838	299,127	508,713
Profit attributable to the equity holders of the Company Other comprehensive income —Decrease in fair value of	本公司權益持有人 應佔溢利 其他全面收益 — 可供出售財務資產	_	_	_	_	_	15,057	15,057
available-for-sale financial assets	—— 马达山百知初賀座 之公允價值減少	_	_	_	(143)	_	_	(143)
- Currency translation differences	— 滙兑差異					(4,251)		(4,251)
Total comprehensive income for the year	年內全面收益總額	_		_	(143)	(4,251)	15,057	10,663
Dividends paid	已付股息						(13,128)	(13,128)
					(143)	(4,251)	1,929	(2,465)
As at 31st March, 2014	於二零一四年三月三十一日	127,796	1,792	_	1,017	74,587	301,056	506,248
Representing: — Proposed dividend — Others	代表: — 擬派股息 — 其他	127,796	1,792	_	1,017	74,587	5,251 295,805	5,251 500,997
		127,796	1,792		1,017	74,587	301,056	506,248

29 Reserves (Continued)

29 儲備(續)

				Share-based		
		Share	Capital	compensation	Retained	
		premium	reserve	reserve	profits	Total
		股份溢價	資本儲備	股份酬金儲備	保留溢利	總額
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Company	公司					
As at 1st April, 2012	於二零一二年四月一日	127,796	520	1,942	16,365	146,623
Profit for the year	年內溢利	—	—	—	24,027	24,027
Employee share option scheme	僱員購股權計劃					
 Lapse of share options 	購股權失效	_	_	(1,942)	1,942	_
Dividends paid	已付股息				(10,502)	(10,502)
As at 31st March, 2013	於二零一三年三月三十一日	127,796	520		31,832	160,148
Representing:	代表:					
- Proposed dividend	— 擬派股息	_	_	_	5,251	5,251
— Others	— 其他	127,796	520		26,581	154,897
		127,796	520		31,832	160,148
As at 1st April, 2013	於二零一三年四月一日	127,796	520	_	31,832	160,148
Profit for the year	年內溢利	_	_	_	10,259	10,259
Dividends paid	已付股息				(13,128)	(13,128)
As at 31st March, 2014	於二零一四年三月三十一日	127,796	520		28,963	157,279
Representing:	代表:					
— Proposed dividend	— 擬派股息	_	_	_	5,251	5,251
— Others	— 其他	127,796	520		23,712	152,028
		127,796	520	_	28,963	157,279

Notes to the consolidated cash flow statement 30

綜合現金流量表附註 30

- Reconciliation of profit before income tax to cash (a) generated from operations:
- 除税前溢利與經營業務產生現金之對賬: (a)
- 2014 2013 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 千港元 千港元 除税前溢利 26,882 19,638 Profit before income tax Adjustments for: 經下列調整: — 利息收入 (383) (309)- Interest income 11,260 - Interest expense — 利息支出 10,171 - Amortisation of land use rights — 土地使用權攤銷 772 753 - Depreciation of property, — 物業、廠房及設備之折舊 plant and equipment 65,036 65.863 - Net (gains)/losses on disposals of — 出售物業、廠房及設備 103 property, plant and equipment 之(收益)/虧損淨額 (1,191) — 利率掉期合約之公允價值 - Fair value gain on interest-rate (884) swaps 收益 (1,651)- Provision for impairment of — 貿易應收賬款減值撥備 trade receivables 1,524 3,144 — 存貨減值(撥備回撥)/ - (Write-back of provision)/provision (1,404) for inventory obsolescence 7,532 撥備 — 匯兑(收益)/虧損淨額 (236) 5,026 - Net exchange (gains)/losses 101,376 110,270 Changes in working capital (excluding 營運資金變動 effects of translation adjustments) (不包括滙兑調整的影響) (9,057) Inventories - 存貨 (11, 546)- Trade and bill receivables — 貿易應收賬款及票據 9,303 (29, 446)— 預付款項及按金 (1,928) (7, 218)- Prepayments and deposits — Trade and bill payables — 貿易應付賬款及票據 18,470 6,856 —應計負債及其他應付款 22,776 12,401 - Accruals and other payables Net cash generated from operations 經營業務產生之現金淨額 140,940 81,317 In the cash flow statement, proceeds from disposal (b) 於現金流量表內,出售物業、廠房及設

of property, plant and equipment comprise:

(b)

		2014 HK\$′000 千港元	2013 HK\$′000 千港元
Net book value Gains/(losses) on disposals of property,	賬面淨值 出售物業、廠房及設備之收益	217	452
plant and equipment	/(虧損)	1,191	(103)
Proceeds from disposals of property, plant and equipment	出售物業、廠房及設備之所得 收入	1,408	349

備之所得收入包括:

31 Commitments

(a) Capital commitments

31 承擔

(a) 資本承擔

Capital expenditure of the Group at the end of reporting period contracted but not yet provided for is as follows:

本集團於報告結束日已訂約但仍未計入 之資本開支如下:

		Group 集團	
		来回 2014	2013
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Machinery	機器	1,992	6,085
Equipment and renovation	設備及裝修	2,551	951
Construction in progress	在建工程	71	2,119
Motor vehicles	汽車	1,709	
		6,323	9,155

(b) Operating lease commitments The Group had future aggregate minimum lease

land and buildings, as follows:

payments under non-cancellable operating leases of

(b) 經營租賃承擔

本集團根據不可註銷之租用土地及樓宇 經營租賃之未來最低租賃付款總額如下:

		Group 集團		
		2014	2013	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
		千港元	千港元	
Amounts payable	付款期			
— within one year	— 一年以內	22,270	18,641	
— later than one year but no later	— 超過一年但少於五年			
than five years		22,086	3,269	
		44,356	21,910	

Generally, the Group's operating leases are for terms of 1 to 5 years.

本集團的經營租賃年期一般為一年至五 年。



32 Financial guarantees

As at 31st March, 2014, the Company had provided guarantees in respect of banking facilities of its subsidiaries amounting to approximately HK\$335,486,000 (2013: HK\$421,253,000). The facilities utilised by the subsidiaries as at 31st March, 2014 amounted to approximately HK\$262,036,000 (2013: HK\$234,683,000).

33 Banking facilities and pledge of assets

As at 31st March, 2014, the Group had aggregate banking facilities of approximately HK\$587,554,000 (2013: HK\$781,723,000) for overdrafts, loans, trade financing and bank guarantees. Unused facilities as at the same date amounted to approximately HK\$318,505,000 (2013: HK\$541,632,000). These facilities were secured by:

- mortgages over the Group's land and buildings with a total net book value of approximately HK\$3,263,000 (2013: HK\$3,388,000) (note 16(c));
- (ii) floating charges over the Group's inventories held under trust receipts import bank loan arrangements of approximately HK\$24,472,000 (2013: HK\$29,319,000) (note 19);
- (iii) finance charge over the Group's plant and machinery of approximately HK\$14,499,000 (2013 : HK\$17,074,000) (note 24); and
- (iv) guarantees provided by the Company and certain of its subsidiaries.

32 財務擔保

於二零一四年三月三十一日,本公司就若干 附屬公司所獲銀行信貸額度而提供公司擔保 約335,486,000港元(二零一三年:421,253,000 港元)。於二零一四年三月三十一日各附屬公 司已動用之銀行信貸額度約262,036,000港元 (二零一三年:234,683,000港元)。

33 銀行信貸額及資產抵押

於二零一四年三月三十一日,本集團獲提供 之透支、貸款、貿易融資及銀行擔保等銀行信 貸總額約587,554,000港元(二零一三年: 781,723,000港元)。於同日尚未動用之銀行信 貸額約318,505,000港元(二零一三年: 541,632,000港元)。此等銀行信貸額之抵押如 下:

- (i) 本集團土地及樓宇按揭,其總賬面淨值 約3,263,000港元(二零一三年:3,388,000 港元)(附註16(c));
- (ii) 本集團按信託收據進口銀行貸款安排所 持有之若干存貨約24,472,000港元(二零 一三年:29,319,000港元)(附註19);
- (iii) 本集團按財務契約持有的機器約
 14,499,000港元(二零一三年:
 17,074,000港元)(附註24);及
- (iv) 本公司及其若干附屬公司所提供之擔保。

34 Related party transactions

As at 31st March, 2014, Mr. Lam Kwong Yu and his spouse beneficially owned approximately 40.17% of the Company's ordinary shares. Ms. Yeung Chui beneficially owned approximately 17.87% of the Company's ordinary shares. Both Mr. Lam and Ms. Yeung are directors of the Company.

(a) Particulars of significant transactions between the Group and related parties

34 關連人士之交易

於二零一四年三月三十一日,林光如先生及 其配偶持有本公司約40.17%的普通股股份。 楊翠女士持有本公司約17.87%的普通股股份, 林先生及楊女士二人均為本公司董事。

(a) 本集團與關連人士進行之重要交易 詳情如下:

2014

2013

			HK\$′000 千港元	HK\$′000 千港元
Operating lease rentals expenses — Ms. Yeung Chui (note (i))	經營租賃租金費用 — 楊翠女士(附註(i))		72	69
Note:		附註:		
(i) The Group entered into an operating lease agreement with Ms. Yeung Chui, a director of the Company. The transaction was carried out in the usual course of business, and in accordance with the terms of the contract entered into by the Group and the related party.		(i)	本集團與楊翠女士,本公司 營租賃協議,上述交易均按 及按本集團與關連人士簽訂台	一般業務常規,

(b) Key management compensation

(b) 主要管理人員酬金償付

		2014 HK\$′000 千港元	2013 HK\$′000 千港元
Basic salaries, allowances and others Discretionary bonus Pension costs — defined contribution	基本薪金、津貼及其他 自由決定之花紅 退休成本 — 界定供款計劃	8,339 578	8,199 528
plans		155	151
		9,072	8,878

