

2013-2014

- 2 公司資料 Corporate Information
- 4 五年財務概要 Five-Year Financial Summary
- 6 主席報告 Chairman's Statement
- 14 物業概要 Summary of Properties
- 18 重大手頭合約概要 Summary of Significant Contracts on Hand
- 23 資格及牌照 Qualifications and Licenses
- 24 管理層討論及分析 Management Discussion and Analysis
- 36 董事及高級管理層履歷 Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management
- 48 企業管治報告 Corporate Governance Report
- 63 董事會報告 Report of the Directors
- 79 獨立核數師報告 Independent Auditors' Report
- 81 綜合損益及其他全面收益表 Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income
- 83 綜合財務狀況表 Consolidated Statement of Financial Position
- 85 綜合權益變動表 Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity
- 86 綜合現金流量表 Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows
- 88 財務狀況表 Statement of Financial Position
- 89 財務報表附註 Notes to Financial Statements

CONTENTS 目錄



Registered Office Clarendon House, 2 Church Street Hamilton HM 11, Bermuda

Head Office and Principal Place of Business No. 155 Waterloo Road, Kowloon Tong Kowloon, Hong Kong

Executive Directors
Mr. NGAI Chun Hung (Chairman)
Mr. YAU Kwok Fai
(Deputy Chairman and Chief Executive Officer)

Independent Non-Executive Directors Professor KO Jan Ming The Hon. IP Kwok Him, GBS, JP Mr. FUNG Pui Cheung Eugene

Audit Committee Professor KO Jan Ming (Chairman) The Hon. IP Kwok Him, GBS, JP Mr. FUNG Pui Cheung Eugene

註冊辦事處

Clarendon House, 2 Church Street Hamilton HM 11,百慕達

總辦事處兼主要營業地點 香港九龍 九龍塘窩打老道155號

執行董事 魏振雄先生(主席) 游國輝先生 (副主席及行政總裁)

獨立非執行董事 高贊明教授 葉國謙議員(金紫荊星章、太平紳士) 馮培漳先生

審核委員會 高贊明教授(主席) 葉國謙議員(金紫荊星章、太平紳士) 馮培漳先生



Corporate Information 公司資料

Remuneration Committee

Professor KO Jan Ming (Chairman) The Hon. IP Kwok Him, GBS, JP Mr. FUNG Pui Cheung Eugene

Mr. YAU Kwok Fai

Nomination Committee

Mr. NGAI Chun Hung (Chairman)
(appointed on 1 May 2013)
The Hon. IP Kwok Him, GBS, JP
(resigned as Chairman on 1 May 2013)

Professor KO Jan Ming

Mr. FUNG Pui Cheung Eugene

Company Secretary Ms. TSANG Hau Lam, FCCA, CPA

Principal Share Registrar and Transfer Office in Bermuda

Codan Services Limited Clarendon House, 2 Church Street Hamilton HM 11, Bermuda

Hong Kong Branch Share Registrar and Transfer Office

Tricor Tengis Limited Level 22, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East Hong Kong

Auditors

Ernst & Young

Certified Public Accountants

Share Information

Ordinary share listing

Place of listing Main Board of The Stock Exchange of

Hong Kong Limited

Stock code 00015

Board lot size 2,000 Shares

Website

www.vantageholdings.com

www.capitalfp.com.hk/eng/index.jsp?co=15

薪酬委員會

高贊明教授(主席)

葉國謙議員(金紫荊星章、太平紳士)

馮培漳先生 游國輝先生

提名委員會

魏振雄先生(主席)

(於二零一三年五月一日獲委任為主席) 葉國謙議員(金紫荊星章、太平紳士) (於二零一三年五月一日辭任主席)

高贊明教授 馮培漳先生

公司秘書

曾巧臨小姐(資深會計師(FCCA))

(會計師(CPA))

百慕達股份過戶登記總處

Codan Services Limited

Clarendon House, 2 Church Street

Hamilton HM 11,百慕達

香港股份過戶登記分處

卓佳登捷時有限公司

香港皇后大道東183號

合和中心22樓

核數師

安永會計師事務所

執業會計師

股份資料

普通股上市

上市地點 香港聯合交易所有限公司主板

股票代號 00015

每手買賣單位 2,000股

網址

www.vantageholdings.com

www.capitalfp.com.hk/eng/index.jsp?co=15

FIVE-YEAR FINANCIAL SUMMARY 五年財務概要



FIVE-YEAR FINANCIAL SUMMARY 五年財務概要

RESULTS 業績

Year ended 31 March 截至三月三十一日止年度

		2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 <i>千港元</i>	2012 二零一二年 HK\$'000 <i>千港元</i>	2011 二零一一年 HK\$'000 <i>千港元</i>	2010 二零一零年 HK\$'000 <i>千港元</i>
TURNOVER Contract revenue Property gross rental income	營業額 合約收入 物業租金收入	3,363,842 15,710	3,454,844 21,809	2,936,582 20,859	2,581,906 18,551	2,038,850 15,943
Contract costs Property expenses	合約成本 物業開支	3,379,552 (3,193,755) (639)	3,476,653 (3,273,468) (1,476)	2,957,441 (2,777,639) (1,268)	2,600,457 (2,390,991) (1,085)	2,054,793 (1,901,867) (894)
Gross profit	毛利	185,158	201,709	178,534	208,381	152,032
Other income and gains Administrative and other expenses Finance costs Share of profits and losses of	其他收入及收益 行政及其他開支 財務費用 應佔合營企業之	14,592 (79,998) (7,927)	184,634 (61,691) (11,314)	98,211 (58,989) (7,396)	181,179 (55,437) (5,617)	129,601 (45,911) (7,319)
joint ventures Income tax	溢利及虧損 税項支出	24,891 (19,518)	30,812 (24,977)	44,760 (21,135)	10,993 (28,880)	152 (17,072)
NET PROFIT FOR THE YEAR Other comprehensive income for the year	年度溢利淨額 · 其他全面收益	117,198 204,197	319,173 -	233,985	310,619	211,483
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR	2 年度全面收益總額	321,395	319,173	233,985	310,619	211,483
Profit attributable to: Owners of the parent Non-controlling interests	應佔溢利: 母公司股權持有者 非控股權益	115,373 1,825	319,173 -	233,985	310,619	211,483
		117,198	319,173	233,985	310,619	211,483
Total comprehensive income attributable to: Owners of the parent Non-controlling interests	應佔全面收益總額: 母公司股權持有者 非控股權益	319,570 1,825	319,173	233,985	310,619	211,483
14011 Controlling interests	7日 正从作皿	321,395	319,173	233,985	310,619	211,483

STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION 財務狀況表

As at 31 March 於三月三十一日

<i>x</i> - <i>x</i> - <i>y</i> - <i>y</i>		2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000 <i>千港元</i>	2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 <i>千港元</i>	2012 二零一二年 HK\$'000 <i>千港元</i>	2011 二零一一年 HK\$'000 <i>千港元</i>	2010 二零一零年 HK\$'000 <i>千港元</i>
Investment properties Property, plant and equipment Properties held for development Investments in joint ventures Other non-current assets Current assets Liabilities	投資物業 物業、機器及設備 持有作發展之物業 於合營企業的投資 其他非資產 流動資產 負債	874,600 147,807 726,274 166,914 416 1,583,550 (1,506,390)	419,600 346,891 250,000 142,023 396 1,849,337 (1,493,241)	953,520 294,700 250,000 111,211 - 1,180,503 (1,599,419)	859,674 274,555 251,806 11,251 - 663,771 (1,105,147)	692,226 262,300 - 258 - 667,769 (980,977)
Net assets	資產淨值	1,993,171	1,515,006	1,190,515	955,910	641,576
Issued capital Reserves	已發行股本 儲備	43,667 1,896,940	37,792 1,477,214	37,459 1,153,056	37,419 918,491	37,187 604,389
Equity attributable to owners of the parent Non-controlling interests	母公司持有者 應佔權益 非控股權益	1,940,607 52,564	1,515,006	1,190,515 -	955,910 -	641,576
TOTAL EQUITY	總權益	1,993,171	1,515,006	1,190,515	955,910	641,576



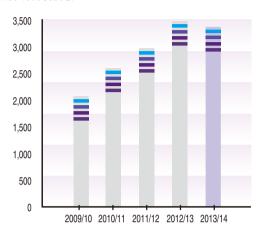
FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Turnover for the year ended 31 March 2014 decreased by 2.8% to approximately HK\$3,380 million from approximately HK\$3,477 million for the year ended 31 March 2013.
- The Group did not record any net gain on disposal of investment properties nor any gain on changes in fair value of investment properties for the year ended 31 March 2014 (2013: approximately HK\$141 million and HK\$38 million, respectively).
- Net profit for the year ended 31 March 2014 amounted to approximately HK\$117 million, representing a decrease of 63.3% from approximately HK\$319 million with last year.
- Basic earnings per share for the year ended 31 March 2014 amounted to HK6.73 cents (2013: HK21.19 cents).
- Equity attributable to owners of the parent increased by 28.1% from approximately HK\$1,515 million as at 31 March 2013 to approximately HK\$1,941 million as at 31 March 2014.

財務摘要

- 截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度之營業 額為33.80億港元,較截至二零一三年三月 三十一日止年度之34.77億港元減少2.8%。
- 於截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度,本 集團沒有錄得出售投資物業的淨收益和投資 物業公平值變動收益(二零一三年:分別為 1.41億港元及0.38億港元)。
- 截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度之溢利 淨額為1.17億港元,較去年度之3.19億港元 減少63.3%。
- 截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度之每股基本溢利為6.73港仙(截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度:21.19港仙)。
- 於二零一四年三月三十一日之母公司持有者 應佔權益約19.41億港元,較二零一三年三月 三十一日之約15.15億港元上升28.1%。

Turnover (HK\$ million) 營業額(百萬港元)



Dear Shareholders,

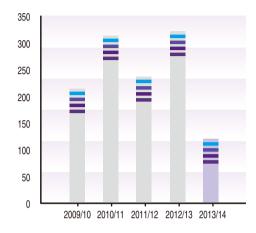
On behalf of the board of directors of the Company (the "Board"), I report the annual results of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2014.

PERFORMANCE

In the year ended 31 March 2014, the Group's consolidated turnover amounted to HK\$3,379,552,000, representing a decreased of 2.8% from HK\$3,476,653,000 for the year ended 31 March 2013. Profit attributable to equity owners of the parent of the Company for the year ended 31 March 2014 amounted to HK\$115,373,000, representing a decrease of 63.9% from HK\$319,173,000 for the corresponding year ended 31 March 2013. Basic earnings per share were HK6.73 cents (2013: HK 21.19 cents). The decrease in profit was due to the one-off net gain on disposal of investment properties amounted to HK\$141,161,000 in the year ended 31 March 2013 and the drop in gain on changes in fair value of investment properties from HK\$38,080,000 in the year ended 31 March 2013 to zero in current year. In addition, the significant increase in administrative expenses in relation to the spin-off and separate listing of Excel Development (Holdings) Limited ("Excel Development"), an indirect subsidiary of the Company during the year ended 31 March 2014 also contributed to a drop of profit in current year.

On the other hand, the total comprehensive profit attributable to owners of the parent recorded a slight increase from HK\$319,173,000 to HK\$319,570,000 for the year ended 31 March 2014. Meanwhile, the net assets attributable to equity shareholders as at 31 March 2014 amounted to HK\$1,940,607,000 or approximately HK\$1.11 per share, representing an increase of 28.1% and 11.0% respectively (2013: HK\$1,515,006,000 or HK\$1.00 per share).

Profit for the Year (HK\$ million) 年度溢利淨額(百萬港元)



致各位股東:

本人謹代表本公司之董事會(「**董事會**」),宣佈本 集團截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度的全年 業績。

業績表現

本集團截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度之綜 合營業額為3,379,552,000港元,較截至二零一三 年三月三十一日止年度之3,476,653,000港元減少 2.8%。本集團母公司持有者應佔溢利由截至二零 一三年三月三十一日止年度之319,173,000港元, 下降63.9%至本年度之115,373,000港元。每股基 本溢利為6.73港仙(二零一三年:21.19港仙)。溢 利下降主要是由於本集團於截至二零一三年三月 三十一日止年度錄得單次出售投資物業的收益 (淨額)141,161,000港元,以及投資物業公平值變 動收益自截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度之 38,080,000港元下降至本年度的零港元。此外, 於截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度內因進行 怡益控股集團有限公司(「怡益控股」,本公司之 間接附屬公司)之分拆及獨立上市亦令行政費用 大增,影響本年度之溢利。

另一方面,母公司持有者應佔年度全面收入總額由去年度的319,173,000港元,輕微上升至截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度的319,570,000港元。與此同時,於二零一四年三月三十一日的股東應佔資產淨值為1,940,607,000港元或每股約1.11港元,較去年分別上升28.1%及11.0%(二零一三年:1,515,006,000港元或每股約1.00港元)。



Chairman's Statement 主席報告

DIVIDEND

No interim dividend has been paid or declared by the Company during the year (2013: Nil). At the Company's Annual General Meeting held on 16 August 2013, shareholders approved the final dividend of HK3 cents per share for the year ended 31 March 2013 which amounted to a total of approximately HK\$52,400,000. The dividend was paid on 10 September 2013.

The Board recommends the payment of a final dividend of HK1 cent (2013: HK3 cents) per ordinary share for the year ended 31 March 2014 to the shareholders whose names appear on the register of members of the Company on 2 September 2014 (Tuesday). The proposed payment of the final dividends is subject to approval of the Company's shareholders at the 2014 annual general meeting ("AGM") of the Company and has not been recognised as a liability as at 31 March 2014. Based on the 1,746,664,400 ordinary shares of the Company in issues as of this report, the total dividend amounted to approximately HK\$17,467,000.

BUSINESS REVIEW

During the year under review, the Group was mainly engaged in the contract works business and in the property investment and development business in Hong Kong.

Contract works

For the year ended 31 March 2014, revenue from external customers recorded for this segment amounted to HK\$3,363,842,000 (2013: HK\$3,454,844,000), representing a decrease of 2.6% from that of last year. The decrease was mainly attributable to the completion of several substantial contracts during the year ended 31 March 2013. Due to the general increase in contract costs and the decrease in revenue, the segment's profit from contract works decreased by 6.2% to HK\$170,088,000 for the year ended 31 March 2014 from HK\$181,376,000 for the year ended 31 March 2013. The segment's profit margin for sales to external customer for this year was 5.1% (2013: 5.2%).

股息

本公司於本年度並無宣派及支付中期股息(二零一三年:無)。於二零一三年八月十六日舉行之本公司股東週年大會上,股東批准為二零一三年三月三十一日止年度派發每股3港仙末期股息, 共約52,400,000港元。股息已於二零一三年九月十日支付。

董事會建議就截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度向於二零一四年九月二日(星期二)名列本公司股東名冊上的股東派發末期股息每股普通股1港仙(二零一三年:每股普通股3港仙)。擬派發之末期股息須於本公司的二零一四年年度股東周年大會(「股東周年大會」)上獲得股東批准,方可作實,此末期股息因而並未在二零一四年三月三十一日確認為負債。按本報告日本公司已發行股份1,746,664,400股普通股股份計算的股息總額約為17,467,000港元。

業務回顧

於回顧年內,本集團主要於香港經營合約工程業務,以及物業投資及發展業務。

合約工程

於截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度,此分部來自外來客戶的收入為3,363,842,000港元(二零一三年:3,454,844,000港元),較去年減少2.6%。收入減少主要由於若干重大合約已於截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度完結。然而,由於工程成本普遍上升及收入下跌,此合約工程分部的利潤由截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度的181,376,000港元下降6.2%至截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度的170,088,000港元。本年度此分部來自外來客戶的毛利潤為5.1%(二零一三年:5.2%)。



BUSINESS REVIEW (continued)

Contract works (continued)

Besides our wholly-owned subsidiaries, the Group also engages in this segment through joint ventures. For the year ended 31 March 2014, our share of profits from the joint ventures, net of tax, amounted to HK\$24,891,000, decreased by 19.2% from HK\$30,812,000 for the year ended 31 March 2013. This profit is primarily attributable to our share of profits of the Leighton-Able Joint Venture, in which we have 49% interest and which undertakes the contract for the design and construction of Tin Shui Wai Hospital, and our share of profits of Team Great Limited which we have 40% interest.

Property Investment and Development

Our Group's investment properties were valued at an aggregate value of HK\$874,600,000 as of 31 March 2014 (2013: HK\$419,600,000) by an independent professional valuer. With various property market cooling measures in place to curb speculating activities in property market, based on the independent valuation performed, no gain on changes in fair value of investment properties was recorded for the year ended 31 March 2014 (2013: HK\$38,080,000).

The significant increase in the Group's investment properties portfolio in 31 March 2014 was mainly resulted from the reclassification of our hotel property at No. 123 Tung Choi Street (the "Tung Choi Street Property") from "Property, plant and equipment" to "Investment properties" when the construction process completed and the Group confirmed its intention to hold the property for long-term leasing purpose. As at 31 March 2014, a revaluation gain of HK\$204,197,000 has been recorded under reserves due to such reclassification. The Tung Choi Street Property is a 18-storey-building composite development with a total GFA of approximately 24,243 square feet. Ground floor to the second floor of the Tung Choi Street Property is designed to be shop units while sixth floor to seventeenth floor is a hotel with fifty guest rooms. The fitting-out works of the hotel portion of the Tung Choi Street Property was in progress as at 31 March 2014.

業務回顧(續)

合約工程(續)

除全資附屬公司外,本集團亦透過合營企業從事此分部之業務。本集團應佔合營企業之除税後溢利由截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度之30,812,000港元下降19.2%至截至二零一四年三月三十一日之24,891,000港元。該溢利主要來自本集團應佔禮頓一安保聯營之溢利(我們於禮頓一安保聯營佔49%權益,而禮頓一安保聯營乃承辦設計及興建天水圍醫院之合約);及本集團應佔Team Great Limited佔40%權益)。

物業投資及發展

於二零一四年三月三十一日,本集團之投資物業經獨立專業估值師評估,總值達874,600,000港元(二零一三年三月三十一日:419,600,000港元)。在多項遏制投機行為之樓市降溫措施影響下,跟據所進行之獨立評估,本集團於截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度並無錄得有關投資物業公平價值變動之收益(二零一三年:38,080,000港元)。

而本集團的投資物業組合於二零一四年三月三十一日顯著上升,主要是由於本集團於年間完成位於旺角通菜街第123號的酒店物業(「**該通菜街物業**」)之建設後,確定將長期持有物業作出租用途,而把該通菜街物業由「物業、機器及設備」重分類至「投資物業」。於二零一四年三月三十一日,由於該通菜街物業的重分類而引起的重估收益204,197,000港元已計入儲備中。該通菜街物業為一棟十八層的綜合模式物業,大樓總樓面面積約24,243平方呎。該通菜街物業的地下至二樓為商鋪,而六樓至十七樓則為酒店,有五十間客房。於二零一四年三月三十一日,該通菜街物業的酒店部份正進行內部裝飾工程。

BUSINESS REVIEW (continued)

Property Investment and Development (continued)

During the year ended 31 March 2014, the Group recorded a gross rental income from external customers of approximately HK\$15,710,000 from its properties, representing a 28.0% decrease from HK\$21,809,000 for the year ended 31 March 2013. The decrease in rental income for the year ended 31 March 2014 are primarily due to the disposal of investment properties located at Argyle Centre, Phase I, Mongkok (the "Disposed Shops") which completed on 28 February 2013. Rental income generated from the Disposed Shops during the year ended 31 March 2013 amounted to approximately HK\$8,555,000.

Other than property investment activities, the Group also engaged in property development activities. During the year, the Group completed the construction of the Tung Choi Street Property. As at 31 March 2014, the Group is developing two residential projects at Nos. 92A-E Pokfulam Road, Hong Kong, and at No. 9 Belfran Road, Kowloon.

As further set out in the section "MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS" of this annual report, the Group entered into certain acquisition transactions and acquired three properties with redevelopment/development potential during the year ended 31 March 2014. They are the Lugard Road Property, the First Kam Tin Properties and the Second Kam Tin Properties. As at 31 March 2014, these three newly acquired properties have been recorded under "Properties held for development" on the face of the consolidated statement of financial position.

SPIN-OFF AND SEPARATE LISTING OF EXCEL DEVELOPMENT

This year marked an important milestone for the Group's development. As set out in note 32(b) to the financial statements and the section "MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS" of this annual report, In December 2013, the Group has successfully spun off its business of civil engineering works through a separate listing of its then wholly-owned subsidiary, Excel Development, on the main board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") (the "Excel Spin-Off"). The Excel Spin-Off involved the offering of 50 million shares of HK\$0.01 each by Excel Development at an offer price of HK\$1.2 per share to the public (the "Excel Offering"), raised a total cash proceeds of HK\$60,000,000 (before deduction of any related expenses) by Excel Development. Immediately following the completion of the Excel Spin-Off, the Group's equity interest in Excel Development was diluted from 100% to 75% and thus the Excel Spin-Off is considered as a deemed partial disposal of Excel Development by the Group.

業務回顧(續)

物業投資及發展(續)

於截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度,本集團來自外來客戶的出租物業的收入為15,710,000港元,較截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度的21,809,000港元減少28.0%。本年度之租金收入減少,主要原因是位於旺角中心一期的投資物業(「該等已出售商舗」)已於二零一三年二月二十八日完成出售。而於截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度,該等已出售商舗所產生的租金收入總額約8,555,000港元。

除物業投資外,本集團亦從事物業發展業務。於本年度,本集團完成了該通菜街物業的建設。於二零一四年三月三十一日,本集團正在發展位於香港薄扶林道92A-E號及九龍巴芬道9號的往宅項目。

另外,如本年度報告中「管理層討論及分析」一節 所詳述,本集團於截至二零一四年三月三十一日 止年度內通過若干收購事項,購入三個具重建/ 發展潛力之物業。購入之物業為該盧吉道物業、 該第一項錦田物業及該第二項錦田物業。於二零 一四年三月三十一日,該三項新購入的物業於財 務狀況表中被分類為「持有作發展之物業」。

有關怡益控股的分拆及獨立上市

本年度為本集團發展的重要里程碑。如財務資料附註32(b)及本年度報告中「管理層討論及分析」一節所述,於二零一三年十二月,本集團成功通過其時為本集團的全資附屬公司的恰益控股於香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)主版獨立上市,分拆土木工程業務(「該恰益分拆」)。該恰益分拆涉及向公眾以每股1.2港元的價格發售五千萬股每股面值0.01港元用的恰益控股的股票(「該恰益股票發售」),集資額為60,000,000港元(扣除所有相關開支前)。因此,本集團在恰益控股的股本權益由100%攤薄至75%,而該恰益分拆則被視為本集團出售恰益控股的部份權益。

SPIN-OFF AND SEPARATE LISTING OF EXCEL DEVELOPMENT (continued)

Since the deemed partial disposal of Excel Development did not result in a loss of control, such transaction was accounted for as an equity transaction and the excess between the net proceeds from the Excel Offering and the 25% carrying value of Excel Development amounted to HK\$746,000 is recognised in capital reserve of the Group.

Except for one building construction project, Excel Development and its subsidiaries (collectively, the "Excel Development Group") are currently principally engage in civil engineering contract works business, which comprise waterworks, roads and drainage works, landslip preventive and remedial works to slopes and retaining walls, and utilities civil engineering works. The Directors believe the Excel Spin-Off can lead to a more defined business focus and efficient resource allocation of the Group, as well as unlock the value of the civil engineering contract works business, and return it to the shareholders.

To avoid potential conflict of interest between the Company and Excel Development after the listing, on 10 December 2013, Mr. LI Chi Pong, an executive director and the chief executive officer of Excel Development, resigned from the Board of the Company as an executive director before the listing. On the other hand, the Company as the controlling shareholder of Excel Development, has appointed Mr. YAU Kwok Fai, the Company's chief executive officer, executive director and deputy chairman of the Board, as the non-executive director and chairman in the board of directors of Excel Development to contribute in the overall planning and formulation of strategic directions and provision of operation guidance of the Excel Development Group.

PROSPECTS

The global economy continues to face uncertainties in the year 2014. Concerns on the US Federal Reserve's plan to tapering monetary stimulus have brought turbulence and uncertainties to the global financial market. On the other hand, due to the implementation of major infrastructure projects and accelerated building programme for public housing development by the HKSAR Government, the Directors believe the outlook of the construction and engineering industry in Hong Kong still looks promising in the near to medium future.

有關怡益控股的分拆及獨立上市(續)

由於被視為本集團出售怡益控股的部份權益不會 導致本集團失去控制權,該交易列作權益交易處 理,而該怡益股票發售中所得的淨款項與怡益控 股的25%權益的賬面價值之間的金額746,000港元 已確認為本集團之資本公積。

除一項樓宇建築項目外,怡益控股及其附屬公司 (統稱「怡益控股集團」) 現時主要從事土木工程 的合約工程業務,包括水務工程、道路及渠務工 程、斜坡及擋土牆之保養及維護工程以及其他公 用設施之土木工程。董事相信,該怡益分拆能令 業務重點更明確及更有效分配本集團的資源,以 及釋放土木工程的合約工程業務的價值,並將其 回饋股東。

為了避免潛在的利益衝突,於二零一三年十二月十日,怕益控股的執行董事及行政總裁李治邦先生已在怡益控股上市前辭任本公司執行董事之職務。另一方面,本公司作為怡益控股之控股股東,已委任本公司行政總裁、執行董事及董事會副主席游國輝先生,作為怡益控股集團的整體規劃和制定戰略方向,以及為其提供操作指導。

前景

環球經濟於二零一四年持續面對不明朗因素。 市場就美國聯邦儲備局計劃收緊貨幣刺激政策 (退市)的憂慮已對環球金融市場帶來震盪及不 明朗因素。另一方面,由於各項大型基建項目的 實施,加上香港政府加快公共房屋發展計劃,因 此,董事相信香港的建築和工程行業的前景在短 期至中期內將維持樂觀。



Chairman's Statement 主席報告

PROSPECTS (continued)

Since the Group currently mainly focuses on public contract works sector in Hong Kong, the Directors expect the Group's revenue from contract works business will remain stable in the short to medium term. However, the growth in the construction and engineering industry also means the problems now facing by the whole industry on aging workforce, labour shortage, skills mismatch and succession gap will continue in the foreseeable future, which will in turn put high pressure on costs control and contract works schedules for our contract works business. Therefore, although tendering opportunities are expected to continue to be abundant for some time, the Group will remain cautious towards tender pricing and we will continue to be selective and focus only on those projects which we believe will be profitable with healthy cash flows and where we has an edge.

To support sustainable development of the Group, we will continue to keep a close eye on the land and property market for property development opportunities. Although the HKSAR Government has introduced a number of cooling measures to combat against the rising property prices in Hong Kong since November 2010 which lead to uncertainties in Hong Kong property market, the Directors are optimistic on the medium to long term development of property market due to the continuous shortage of land supply and strong end-user demand in the urban areas of Hong Kong.

During this year, the Group acquired the Lugard Road Property, which located at a prime location, through the Flower Ocean Acquisition. The Group intends to redevelop (subject to approval) the Lugard Road Property into two or three villas which contains a total gross floor area of approximately 864.1 square meters (approximately 9,301 square feet) for rental or sale purpose. The Group also acquired the Kam Tin Properties, through the Kam Tin Acquisition. The Group intends to develop the Kam Tin Properties into residential properties in the medium to long run (subject to approval and may subject to land premium assessment) for sale purpose.

前景(續)

由於本集團現主要於香港從事政府及公共基構的 合約工程,董事預期於短期至中期內,本集團於 合約工程業務的收入將維持隱定。然而,建築和 工程行業的增長亦表示現時整個行業所面臨的勞 動力老齡化、勞動力短缺、技能錯配和青黃不接 的問題將持續,這將加劇對合約工程業務的工程 成本控制,以及工程進度的壓力。因此,儘管預 期未來一段時間仍會不斷出現投標機會,但本集 團於作出投標定價時仍不會放鬆其審慎態度,繼 續小心進行挑選,並僅集中競投我們認為可獲取 利潤及正現金流,以及我們具競爭優勢的項目。

為了支持本集團可持續發展,我們將對土地及物業市場繼續保持密切關注,以發掘物業發展機會。香港特區政府自二零一零年十一月以來已針對樓價的上升推出一系列的冷卻措施,雖然預期這些降溫措施在近期仍然持續,為香港房地產市場帶來不明朗因素,惟市區土地供應短缺及強勁的用戶需求依然持續,故董事對香港物業市場之中期到長期的前景仍感到樂觀。

於本年度,本集團透過該Flower Ocean收購事項 購入位置優越的該盧吉道物業。本集團擬重建該 盧吉道物業為二棟或三棟別墅(需獲有關部門批 准),提供總樓面面積共約864.1平方米(約9,301 平方呎)作出售或出租用途。於本年度,本集團 亦透過該錦田收購事項購入該等錦田物業。董事 計劃在中期至長期把該等錦田物業發展為住宅物 業(須經批准及或須補地價)作出售用途。



PROSPECTS (continued)

The Directors believes the Tung Choi Street Property will have a positive impact on the Group's profits and cashflows in 2014 upon the leasing of the property. The Group also looks forward to receiving remarkable income from the property development business upon the completion of the residential development projects at Nos. 92A-E Pokfulam Road, Hong Kong and No. 9 Belfran Road, Kowloon in the year 2015.

Looking forward, the management will keep up efforts to grasp new investment and property development opportunities and bid for more contracts to sustain the Group's profitability and to enhance shareholders' return.

APPRECIATION

I would like to extend our gratitude and sincere appreciation to all management and staff members of the Group for their hard work and dedication and all shareholders of the Company for their support.

On behalf of the Board of

Vantage International (Holdings) Limited NGAI Chun Hung

Chairman

Hong Kong, 17 June 2014

前景(續)

董事相信,待集團於二零一四年內租出該通菜街物業後,該物業會為本集團的收入及現金流帶來正面影響。本集團亦期望待位於香港薄扶林道92A-E號及九龍巴芬道9號之住宅項目於二零一五年完成後能為本集團的物業發展業務帶來可觀收入。

展望未來,管理層將繼續努力把握新的投資及物 業發展機會,投標更多工程,以維持本集團的溢 利能力,並繼續追求股東價值最大化。

鳴謝

本人謹代表董事會對本集團全體管理人員及職員 之努力不懈與貢獻及對本公司股東之支持,致以 衷心感謝!

代表董事會

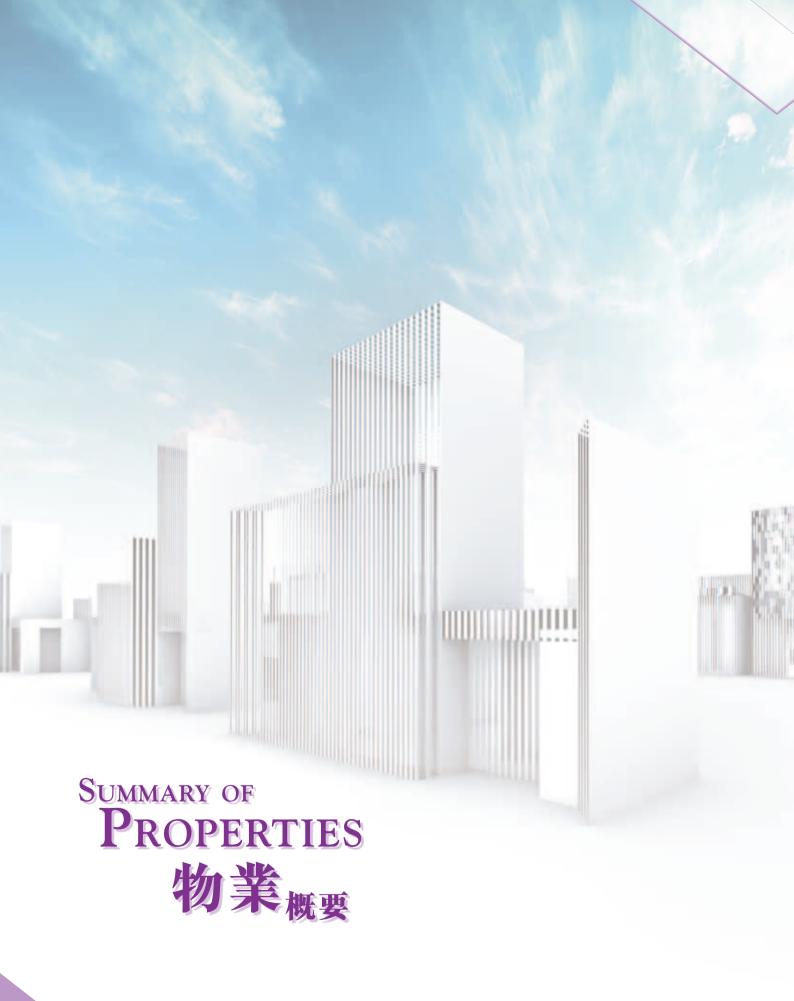
盈信控股有限公司

主席

魏振雄

謹啟

香港,二零一四年六月十七日





Summary of Properties 物業概要

PROPERTIES HELD BY THE GROUP AT 31 MARCH 2014

本集團持有之物業 於二零一四年三月三十一日

	Address	Use	Tenure	Percentage held by the Group 本集團持有
	地址	用途	年期	百分比
I.	Properties in Hong Kong 於香港之物業			
1.	Nos. 123, 125, 127 Tung Choi Street, Mongkok, Kowloon, Hong Kong 香港九龍旺角通菜街123、125及127號	Shops and hotel 商舗及酒店	Long lease 長期租約	100%
2.	Shop Nos. 5 and 6 and Storeroom 3,	Shops	Medium term	100%
	1st Floor, Fu Wah Centre, No. 210 Castle Peak Road, Tsuen Wan, New Territories, Hong Kong 香港新界荃灣青山道210號富華中心 1樓5及6號舗及3號貯物室	商舖	lease 中期租約	
3.	No. 155 Waterloo Road, Kowloon Tong, Hong Kong	Office	Medium term	100%
	香港九龍塘窩打老道155號	辦公室	lease 中期租約	
4.	No. 157 Waterloo Road, Kowloon Tong, Hong Kong 香港九龍塘窩打老道157號	Office	Medium term lease	100%
	H (8) 6 H2 WH 14 14 18 VS 13 1 WE	辦公室	中期租約	
5.	Flat E, 17th Floor, Tower 2, The Greenwood (Phase 1)	, Residential	Medium term	100%
	Laguna Verde, No. 8 Laguna Verde Avenue, Hung Hom, Kowloon, Hong Kong 香港九龍紅磡海逸道8號海逸豪園 綠庭軒 (第1期) 第2座17樓E室	住宅	lease 中期租約	
6.	No. 3987 Tai Po Road Yuen Chau Tsai, Tai Po,	Residential	Medium term	100%
	New Territories, Hong Kong 香港新界大埔大埔公路元洲仔段3987號	住宅	lease 中期租約	
7.	Car Parking Space Nos. 54 and 56 on Ground Floor, Oxford Court, Nos. 24-26 Braemar Hill Road, North Point, Hong Kong 香港北角寶馬山道24-26號豐林閣 地下54號及56號泊車位	Car parking spaces 泊車位	Long lease 長期租約	100%



Summary of Properties 物業概要

PROPERTIES HELD BY THE GROUP (continued) AT 31 MARCH 2014

本集團持有之物業(續) 於二零一四年三月三十一日

	Address		Use	Tenure	Percentage held by the Group 本集團持有
	地址		用途	年期	百分比
II.	Properties Held for Develops 於香港持有作發展之物業	ment in Hong Kong			
1.	Front Portions on G/F to 6/F, Roof of No. 1 Wood Road; Rear Portions on G/F to 4/F at Roof of No. 1 Wood Road; Front Portions on 1/F to 5/F at the Roof of No. 1A, Wood Roar Portions on 1/F to 6/F ar the Roof of No. 1A, Wood Roar Portions on 1/F to 6/F ar the Roof of No. 1A, Wood Roar Portions on 1/F to 6/F ar the Roof of No. 1A, Wood Roar Portions on 1/F to 6/F ar the Roof of No. 1A, Wood Roar Portions on 1/F to 6/F ar the Roof of No. 1A, Wood Roar Portions on 1/F to 6/F ar the Roof of No. 1A, Wood Roar Portions on 1/F to 6/F ar the Roof of No. 1A, Wood Roar Portions on 1/F to 5/F at the Roof of No. 1A, Wood Roar Portions on 1/F to 5/F at the Roof of No. 1A, Wood Roar Portions on 1/F to 5/F at the Roof of No. 1A, Wood Roar Portions on 1/F to 5/F at the Roof of No. 1A, Wood Roar Portions on 1/F to 5/F at the Roof of No. 1A, Wood Roar Portions on 1/F to 5/F at the Roof of No. 1A, Wood Roar Portions on 1/F to 6/F ar the Roof of No. 1A, Wood Roof on 1/F to 6/F ar the Roo	nd 7/F and nd 7/F including pad; and nd 7/F including pad, Hong Kong 432.00 square meter 1,600.61 square meter 至6樓及7樓及天台; 建建天台;	Residential 住宅	Long lease 長期租約	100%
2.	28 Lugard Road, The Peak, He Site area: Salable area: 香港山頂盧吉道28號 地盤面積: 實用面積	ong Kong 1,728.17 square meter 292.80 square meter 1,728.17平方米 292.80平方米	Residential 住宅	Long lease 長期租約	100%
3.	Wing Lung Wai 173A (The R Lot No.462, The Remaining F Lot No.464 and The Remainin Lot No.465, all in Demarcation Kam Tin, Yuen Long, New Testie area: 香港新界元朗錦田永隆圍17.第109號,地段第462號餘段地段第465號餘段)	Portion of ing Portion of on District No.109), critically strict No.109, fritories, Hong Kong 5,528.52 square meter 3A(丈量約份測量圖	Residential and village type development 住宅及鄉村式 發展	Medium term lease 中期租約	100%



SUMMARY OF PROPERTIES 物業概要

100%

PROPERTIES HELD BY THE GROUP (continued) AT 31 MARCH 2014

本集團持有之物業(續) 於二零一四年三月三十一日

Percentage held Address Use by the Group Tenure 本集團持有 地址 用途 年期 百分比

II. Properties Held for Development in Hong Kong (continued) 於香港持有作發展之物業(續)

The Remaining Portion of Lot No.544 and Residential Medium term lease 住宅 中期租約

The Remaining Portion of Lot No.545, both in

Demarcation District No.109,

Kam Tin, Yuen Long, New Territories, Hong Kong 528.06 square meter

香港新界元朗錦田丈量約份測量圖第109號,

地段第544號餘段及地段第545號餘段

地盤面積: 528.06平方米

III. Properties Under Development in Hong Kong 於香港之發展中物業

100% Nos. 92A-E, Pokfulam Road, Hong Kong Residential Medium term lease

住宅

住宅

中期租約

長期租約

(Inland Lot No. 7551)

Site area: 1,393.53 square meter Gross floor area: 1,958.30 square meter Stage of development: Plans approved by Buildings Department;

superstructure work in progress

Expected completion date: Within 2015

香港薄扶林道92A至92E號(九龍內地段第7551號) 地盤面積: 1,393.53平方米 總樓面面積: 1,958.30平方米

屋宇署已批准圖則,正進行 發展階段:

上蓋工程

預計竣工日期: 二零一五年內

No. 9 Belfran Road, Ho Man Tin, Kowloon Residential Long lease 100%

(Section C of Kowloon Inland Lot No. 3281)

Site area: 368.28 square meter Gross floor area: 1,464.82 square meter Stage of development: Land lease modification approved; superstructure

work in progress

Expected completion date: Within 2015

九龍何文田巴芬道9號(九龍內地段第3281號C部分)

地盤面積: 368.28平方米 總樓面面積: 1,464.82平方米

發展階段: 土地契約之修訂已獲批准,

正進行上蓋工程

預計竣工日期: 二零一五年內

Summary of Significant Contracts 重大手頭合約概要

At 31 March 2014, the management estimated the gross and outstanding values of the Group's substantial contracts on hand amounted to approximately HK\$10,030 million and HK\$5,761 million, respectively. Details of these substantial contracts are set out below:

於二零一四年三月三十一日,管理層估計本集團之重大手頭合約總值及未完成合約價值分別約為100.30億港元及57.61億港元。此等重大手頭合約之詳細資料載列如下:

Projects 項目	Contract value 合約價值 HK\$ million 百萬港元
Building Construction 樓宇建築	
Carcass Work for the Proposed Residential Development at K.I.L.11125 Argyle Street, Kowloon 九龍城亞皆老街(九龍內地段第11125號)住宅發展計劃的建築工程	823
Clubhouse Fitting Out Works for the Proposed Residential Development at TKOTL No. 70, Area 86 Site E (Package Three), Tseung Kwan O 將運澳E地區第86區將軍澳市地段第70號的住宅發展計劃(第三階段)之會所裝修工程	123
Design and Construction of Tin Shui Wai Hospital, Phase 1 設計及興建天水園醫院(第一期)	1,454 (Note 1) (附註1)
Design and Construction of Redevelopment of Tai Lam Centre for Women 設計及興建大欖女懲教所	823
Main Contract for the Proposed Redevelopment of St. Paul's Co-educational College (Phase 2) 聖保羅男女中學改建計劃工程(第二期)	177
Carcass Work Contract for Proposed Property Development at TW7, Tsuen Wan West Station, Tsuen Wan Town Lot No. 403, N.T. 新界西鐵荃灣西站七區(荃灣市地段403號)物業發展計劃的建築工程	1,605
Construction of Public Rental Housing Development at Tung Tau Cottage Area East東頭平房區東面地盤公共住房屋發展計劃的建築工程	384
Estimated Outstanding Contract Value – by project category 未完成合約的估算價值-按項目分類	





SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT CONTRACTS ON HAND 重大手頭合約概要

Projects 項目

Contract value 合約價值

HK\$ million 百萬港元

Building Maintenance

樓宇保養

Term Contract for the Design and Construction of Minor Works to Government and Subvented Properties for which the Architectural Services Department is Responsible Contract Area: Kowloon and Outlying Islands (Sai Kung) 設計及興建建築署負責之樓字、土地及其他物業之小型工程定期合約

293

(指定地區:九龍及離島(西貢))

Term Contract for the Design and Construction of Minor Works to Government and Subvented Properties for which the Architectural Services Department is Responsible Contract Area: New Territories and Outlying Islands (North) 設計及興建建築署負責之樓字、土地及其他物業之小型工程定期合約 (指定地區:新界及離島(北))

318

309

Term Contract for the Design and Construction of Minor Works for Provision of Barrier-Free Access and Facilities to Government Premises Managed by Leisure

and Cultural Services Department for which the Architectural Services Department is Responsible (Designated Contract Area: Hong Kong Island, Lantau Island and Outlying Islands (South), Wong Tai Sin, Shatin, Kowloon City, Sai Kung and Outlying Islands (Sai Kung))

設計及興建建築署負責並由康樂及文化事務署管理之政府場地之無障礙通道 及設施之小型工程定期合約(指定地區:香港島、大嶼山及離島(南)、 黄大仙、沙田、九龍城及西貢及離島(西貢))

257

Term Contract for the Design and Construction of Minor Works for Provision of Barrier-Free Access and Facilities to Government Premises Managed by Leisure and Cultural Services Department for which the Architectural Services Department is Responsible (Designated Contract Area: Sham Shui Po, Tsuen Wan, Kwai Tsing, Kwun Tong, Mongkok, Yaumatei, Tsim Sha Tsui, Tai Po, North District, Outlying Islands (North), Tuen Mun and Yuen Long)

設計及興建建築署負責並由康樂及文化事務署管理之政府場地之無障礙通道 及設施之小型工程定期合約(指定地區:深水埗、荃灣、葵青、觀塘、旺角、 油麻地、尖沙咀、大埔、北區、離島(北)、屯門及元朗)



Summary of Significant Contracts on Hand 重大手頭合約概要

Projects 項目	Contract value 合約價值 HK\$ million 百萬港元
Building Maintenance (continued) 樓字保養(續)	
Term Contract for the Design and Construction of Minor Works for Provision of Barrier-Free Access and Facilities to Government Premises Managed by Government Departments other than Leisure and Cultural Services Department for which the Architectural Services Department is Responsible (Designated Contract Area: Hong Kong Island, Lantau Island and Outlying Islands (South)) 設計及興建建築署負責並由康樂及文化事務署管理之政府場地之無障礙通道及設施之小型工程定期合約(指定地區:香港島、大嶼山及離島(南))	335
Minor Works Term Contract to Buildings and Lands and Other Properties for which the Architectural Services Departments Responsible in Hong Kong 建築處負責之土地及其他物業之小型工程之定期合約	178
Term Contract for the Design and Construction for Alterations, Additions and Improvement Works for Hospitals 設計及興建改建、加建、及改善醫院之定期合約	223
Road and Drainage Works, Waterworks and Slope Works 道路及渠務工程、水務工程及斜坡工程	
Proposed Residential Development (Package Two) at TKOTL No. 70, Area 86, Site AB, Tseung Kwan O, N.T. Junction Improvement Works at Wan Po Road/Wan O Road 將運澳AB地區第86區將軍澳市地段第70號之住宅發展計劃(第二階段)之環保大道及環澳道交匯處之道路改善工程	23
Provision of External Cable Construction Works and Outside Telecommunication Plant Maintenance Services for Hong Kong Telecommunications (HKT) Limited 向香港電訊有限公司提供戶外建設及維修保養	70
Replacement and Rehabilitation of Water Mains, Stage 4 Phase 1 – Remaining Mains on Hong Kong Island 更換及修復水管計劃第4階段第1期-港島區餘下主要水管工程合約	467



Summary of Significant Contracts on Hand **重大手頭合約概要**

Projects Contract value 項目 合約價值 HK\$ million 百萬港元 Road and Drainage Works, Waterworks and Slope Works 道路及渠務工程、水務工程及斜坡工程 Replacement and Rehabiliation of Water Mains, Stage 4, Phase 1 -345 Major Mains in Eastern New Territories 更換及修復水管計劃第4階段第1期-新界東主要水管工程合約 I.L. 9018(H15) Lee Tung Street/McGregor Street, Wanchai, Hong Kong - Road Works 12 香港灣仔利東街/麥加力歌街I.L.9018(H15)地段之道路改善工程 Replacement and Rehabilitation of Water Mains Stage 3 - Mains in Wanchai District 348 更換及修復水管計劃第3階段-灣仔區水管工程 Replacement and Rehabilitation of Water Mains Stage 3 - Mains in Hong Kong Island East 362 更換及修復水管計劃第3階段-港島東水管工程 Replacement and Rehabilitation of Water Mains, Stage 4 Phase 1 – Mains in West Kowloon, 616 Kwai Tsing and Tsuen Wan 更換及修復水管計劃第4階段第1期-九龍西、葵青及荃灣水管工程



SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT CONTRACTS ON HAND 重大手頭合約概要

Projects 項目	Contract value 合約價值 HK\$ million 百萬港元
Civil Engineering and Utilities Works 土木工程及公用設施工程	
Provision of Civil Works Term Contract No. CWT E32 for Hong Kong Telecommunciations (HKT) Limited 香港電訊有限公司土木工程定期合約編號CWT E32	- (Note 2) (附註2)
Provision of Integrated Field Work for Field Services of Telephone and Broadband Installation (Phase II) for Hong Kong Telecommunications (HKT) Limited - Hong Kong Region 向香港電訊有限公司提供綜合網絡鋪設及客户電話、寬頻安裝服務(第二期)-香港島區	- (Note 2) (附註2)
Provision of Integrated Field Work for Field Services of Telephone and Broadband Installation (Phase II) for Hong Kong Telecommunications (HKT) Limited - Kowloon Region 向香港電訊有限公司提供綜合網絡鋪設及客户電話、寬頻安裝服務(第二期)-九龍區	- (Note 2) (附註2)
Civil Works for 132KV Cable Circuit Improvement from Sai Ying Pun Zone Subsection to Zetland Street Zone Subsection – Section from Hollywood Road to Lyndhurst Terrace for Hong Kong Electric Co., Ltd. 香港電燈有限公司提供由西營盤分區至泄蘭街分區-荷李活道至擺花街一段之電纜線路改造土木工程	42
Provision of Works for Integrated Blockwiring Infrastructure 向香港電訊有限公司提供綜合樓宇電訊網絡基建工程服務	- (Note 2) (附註2)

Notes:

- Project with a contract sum of HK\$2,968m million being undertaken by Leighton–Able Joint Venture, an unincorporated body in which 49% interest is attributable to the Group.
- 2) Due to the nature of the contracts, no contract sum is provided and the estimated labour and materials values stated in such contracts are for reference only but our actual amount of work, revenue and profit recognised during the contract term is derived from the total estimated labour and materials values depending on the actual number of work orders received by our Group during the same period.

附註:

- 由禮頓-安保聯營承建之項目,合約總值29.68億 港元,本集團於禮頓-安保聯營佔49%權益。
- 2) 鑑於合約性質,並無規定任何合約金額,該等合約所述的估計勞動力及材料價值僅供參考,惟我們於合約期間確認的實際工作量、收入及溢利乃根據本集團接獲的實際工程訂單數以估計勞動力及材料價值總額為基礎計算得出。



QUALIFICATIONS AND LICENSES **資格及**牌照

The following table summarises the details of the major qualifications and licences obtained by the members of our Group as at 31 March 2014.

下表概述於二零一四年三月三十一日,本集團旗 下成員公司取得的主要資格及牌照詳情:

Government and Related	Category	Group
Organisations 政府部門及有關機構	類別	組別
Able Engineering Company Limited		
Works Branch, Development Bureau	Buildings 建築	C 丙
發展局工務科	Repair and Restoration of Historic Buildings – For works related to 'Western Style Buildings' only 維修及修復有歷史性樓宇-只限與「西式樓宇」有關的工程	
	Turn-key Interior Design and Fitting-out Works 全包室內設計及裝修工程	I
Housing Authority 房屋委員會	Building (New Works) 建築(新工程)	NW2(Probation) (試用)
	Building (Maintenance) 建築 (保養)	M1
	Decoration Contractors 裝修承辦商	
Buildings Department 屋宇署	General Building Contractors 一般建築工程	
	Site Formation Works 地盤平整工程	
	Foundation Works 地基工程	
Housing Society 房屋協會	Building Works 屋宇建造工程	List 2 名冊二
Urban Renewal Authority 市區重建局	Repair/Maintenance Works 維修/保養工程	Upper Tier 上層
Electrical and Mechanical Services Department	Registered Electrical Contractors (Electricity Ordinance)	
機電工程署	註冊電業承辦商(電力條例)	
Excel Engineering Company Limited		
Works Branch, Development Bureau	Waterworks 水務	C 丙
發展局工務科	Roads and Drainage 道路及渠務	C (Probation) 丙(試用)
	Buildings 建築	A 甲
	Landslip Preventive/Remedial Works to Slopes/Retaining Walls 斜坡/擋土牆的防止山泥傾瀉/修補工程	
Housing Authority 房屋委員會	Building (Maintenance) 建築(保養)	M2(Probation) M2(試用)
	Decoration Contractors 裝修承辦商	
Buildings Department 屋宇署	General Building Contractors 一般建築工程	
	Site Formation Works 地盤平整工程	
	Foundation Works 地基工程	
Electrical and Mechanical Services Department	Registered Electrical Contractors (Electricity Ordinance)	
機電工程署	註冊電業承辦商(電力條例)	
Gadelly Construction Company Lim		D
Works Branch, Development Bureau	Waterworks	В
發展局工務科	水務	乙



The following discussions should be read in conjunction with the Company's audited consolidated accounts for the year ended 31 March 2014. 以下討論應與本公司截至二零一四年三月三十一 日止年度經審核之綜合財務報表一併參閱。

REVIEW OF OPERATIONS

During the year under review, the Group was mainly engaged in the contract works business and in the property investment and development business in Hong Kong.

Contract works

For the year ended 31 March 2014, revenue from external customers recorded for this segment amounted to HK\$3,363,842,000 (2013: HK\$3,454,844,000), representing a decrease of 2.6% from that of last year. The decrease was mainly attributable to the completion of several substantial contracts during the year ended 31 March 2013. Due to the general increase in contract costs and the decrease in revenue, the segment's profit from contract works decreased by 6.2% to HK\$170,088,000 for the year ended 31 March 2014 from HK\$181,376,000 for the year ended 31 March 2013. The segment's profit margin for sales to external customer for this year was 5.1% (2013: 5.2%).

業務回顧

於回顧年內,本集團主要於香港經營合約工程業 務及物業投資及發展業務。

合約工程

於截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度,此分部來自外來客戶的收入為3,363,842,000港元(二零一三年:3,454,844,000港元),較去年減少2.6%。收入減少主要由於若干重大合約已於截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度完結。然而,由於工程成本普遍上升及收入下跌,此合約工程分部的利潤由截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度的181,376,000港元下降6.2%至截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度的170,088,000港元。本年度此分部來自外來客戶的毛利潤為5.1%(二零一三年:5.2%)。

REVIEW OF OPERATIONS (continued)

Contract works (continued)

Besides our wholly-owned subsidiaries, the Group also engages in this segment through joint ventures. For the year ended 31 March 2014, our share of profits from the joint ventures, net of tax, amounted to HK\$24,891,000, decreased by 19.2% from HK\$30,812,000 for the year ended 31 March 2013. This profit is primarily attributable to our share of profits of the Leighton-Able Joint Venture, in which we have 49% interest and which undertakes the contract for the design and construction of Tin Shui Wai Hospital, and our share of profits of Team Great Limited which we have 40% interest.

The Group's contract works business can be further divided into two businesses according to nature of contracts, building construction and maintenance works and civil engineering works.

Building construction and maintenance works

During the year, a substantial contract "Carcass Work for the Proposed Residential Development at K.I.L.11125 Argyle Street, Kowloon" with a contract sum of HK\$828 million was awarded to the Group. Although the amount of new contracts awarded during the year for this business was less than that of the previous year's, our outstanding workload remains substantial and selective. We expect these jobs on hand will be completed in one to four years.

Meanwhile, the following significant contracts regarding building construction and maintenance works were completed by the Group during the year ended 31 March 2014:

 Term Contracts for the Alterations, Additions, Maintenance and Repair of Buildings and Lands and other Properties for which the Architectural Services Department (Property Services Branch) is responsible for the Government of the HKSAR (Designated Contract Area: Kowloon City, Sai Kung and Outlying Islands (Sai Kung))

業務回顧(續)

合約工程(續)

除全資附屬公司外,本集團亦透過合營企業從事此分部之業務。本集團應佔合營企業之除稅後 溢利由截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度之 30,812,000港元下降19.2%至截至二零一四年三月 三十一日之24,891,000港元。該溢利主要來自本 集團應佔禮頓一安保聯營之溢利(我們於禮頓一 安保聯營佔49%權益,而禮頓一安保聯營乃承辦 設計及興建天水圍醫院之合約);及本集團應佔 Team Great Limited之溢利(我們於Team Great Limited佔40%權益)。

本集團之合約工程分部按工程類型可再細分為兩項業務,即樓宇建築及保養工程以及土木工程。

樓宇建築及保養工程

於本年度,本集團成功取得價值8.28億港元之九 龍城亞皆老街(九龍內地段第11125號)住宅發展 計劃的建築工程合約。儘管於年內這部份業務所 接獲的新工程總額較去年為低,惟我們手頭未完 成合約額仍然具實質性及優質。我們預期,該等 合約將於一年到四年內完成。

此外,本集團於截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度完成以下樓宇建築及保養工程之重大合約:

改建、加建、保養及維修建築署(物業事務處)負責之香港特別行政區政府之樓字、土地及其他物業之定期合約(指定地區:九龍城、西貢及離島(西貢))



REVIEW OF OPERATIONS (continued)

Contract works (continued)

Building construction and maintenance works (continued)

- Term Contracts for the Alterations, Additions, Maintenance and Repair of Buildings and Lands and other Properties for which the Architectural Services Department (Property Services Branch) is responsible for the Government of the HKSAR (Designated Contract Area: Wong Tai Sin and Shatin)
- Main Building Works for Redevelopment of Caritas Medical Centre, Phase 2
- Supply & Installation of Primary Structure and Provision of Attendance for Construction of Guan Yin Statue, Tsz Shan Monastery Development at Ting Kok, Tai Po

Civil engineering works

During the year ended 31 March 2014, the Group completed the following substantial civil engineering works contracts:

- Civil Engineering Works Term Contract No. CWT E31 for Hong Kong Telecommunications (HKT) Limited;
- Provision of Integrated Field Work for Field Services of Telephone and Broadband Installation (Phase II) for Hong Kong Telecommunications (HKT) Limited – Wanchai and Southern District;
- Provision of Integrated Field Work for Field Services of Telephone and Broadband Installation (Phase II) for Hong Kong Telecommunications (HKT) Limited – Kowloon West District;
- Reprovision of Sea Water Cooling Pipes for Elements; and
- Provision of External Cable Construction Works and Outside Telecommunication Plant Maintenance Services for Hong Kong Telecommunications (HKT) Limited.

業務回顧(續)

合約工程(續)

樓宇建築及保養工程(續)

- 改建、加建、保養及維修建築署(物業事務處)負責之香港特別行政區政府之樓宇、土地及其他物業之定期合約(指定地區:黃大仙及沙田)
- 明愛醫院第二期重建計劃之主要建造工程
- 為於大埔汀角的慈山寺發展計劃建造觀音像 供應及安裝主結構及配套設施

土木工程

於截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度,本集團 完成以下重大土木工程合約:

- 香港電訊有限公司之土木工程定期合約編號 CWT E31;
- 向香港電訊有限公司提供綜合網絡鋪設及客 户電話、寬頻安裝服務(第二期)-灣仔及南 區;
- 向香港電訊有限公司提供綜合網絡鋪設及 客户電話、寬頻安裝服務(第二期)-九龍西 區;
- 為圓方另配海水冷卻管道工程;及
- 向香港電訊有限公司提供戶外建設及維修保養。

REVIEW OF OPERATIONS (continued)

Contract works (continued)

Civil engineering works (continued)

On the other hand, the Group was awarded the following substantial civil engineering works contracts during this year:

- Provision of Civil Works Term Contract No. CWT E32 for Hong Kong Telecommunciations (HKT) Limited;
- Proposed Residential Development (Package Two) at TKOTL No. 70 Area 86, Site AB, Tseung Kwan O, N.T. Junction Improvement Works at Wan Po Road/Wan O Road;
- Provision of Integrated Field Work for Field Services of Telephone and Broadband Installation (Phase II) for Hong Kong Telecommunications (HKT) Limited – Hong Kong Region; and
- Provision of Integrated Field Work for Field Services of Telephone and Broadband Installation (Phase II) for Hong Kong Telecommunications (HKT) Limited – Kowloon Region.

業務回顧(續)

合約工程(續)

土木工程(續)

此外,於本年度內,本集團獲批以下重大土木工 程合約:

- 香港電訊有限公司土木工程定期合約編號 CWT E32;
- 將軍澳AB地區第86區將軍澳市地段第70號 之住宅發展項目計劃(第二階段)之環保大 道及環澳道交匯處之道路改善工程;
- 向香港電訊有限公司提供綜合網絡鋪設及 客户電話、寬頻安裝服務(第二期)-香港島 區;及
- 向香港電訊有限公司提供綜合網絡鋪設及客 户電話、寬頻安裝服務(第二期)-九龍區。



REVIEW OF OPERATIONS (continued)

Property Investment and Development

Our Group's investment properties were valued at an aggregate value of HK\$874,600,000 as of 31 March 2014 (2013: HK\$419,600,000) by an independent professional valuer. With various property market cooling measures in place to curb speculating activities in property market, based on the independent valuation performed, no gain on changes in fair value of investment properties was recorded for the year ended 31 March 2014 (2013: HK\$38,080,000).

The significant increase in the Group's investment properties portfolio in 31 March 2014 was mainly resulted from the reclassification of our hotel property at No. 123 Tung Choi Street (the "Tung Choi Street Property") from "Property, plant and equipment" to "Investment properties" when the construction process completed and the Group confirmed its intention to hold the property for long-term leasing purpose. As at 31 March 2014, a revaluation gain of HK\$204,197,000 has been recorded under reserves due to such reclassification. The Tung Choi Street Property is a 18-storey-building composite development with a total GFA of approximately 24,243 square feet. Ground floor to the second floor of the Tung Choi Street Property is designed to be shop units while sixth floor to seventeenth floor is a hotel with fifty guest rooms. The fitting-out works of the hotel portion of the Tung Choi Street Property was in progress as at 31 March 2014.

During the year ended 31 March 2014, the Group recorded a gross rental income from external customers of approximately HK\$15,710,000 from its properties, representing a 28.0% decrease from HK\$21,809,000 for the year ended 31 March 2013. The decrease in rental income for the year ended 31 March 2014 are primarily due to the disposal of investment properties located at Argyle Centre, Phase I, Mongkok (the "Disposed Shops") which completed on 28 February 2013. Rental income generated from the Disposed Shops during the year ended 31 March 2013 amounted to approximately HK\$8,555,000.

業務回顧(續)物業投資及發展

於二零一四年三月三十一日,本集團之投資物業經獨立專業估值師評估,總值達874,600,000港元(二零一三年三月三十一日:419,600,000港元)。在多項遏制投機行為之樓市降溫措施影響下,跟據所進行之獨立評估,本集團於截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度並無錄得有關投資物業公平

價值變動之收益(二零一三年:38,080,000港元)。

而本集團的投資物業組合於二零一四年三月三十一日顯著上升,主要是由於本集團於年間完成位於旺角通菜街第123號的酒店物業(「該通菜街物業」)之建設後,確定將長期持有物業作出租用途,而把該通菜街物業由「物業、機器及設備」重分類至「投資物業」。於二零一四年三月三十一日,由於該通菜街物業的重分類而引起的重估收益204,197,000港元已計入儲備中。該通菜街物工程的上,大樓總樓面面積約24,243平方呎。該通菜街物業的地下至二樓為商鋪,而六樓至十七樓則為酒店,有五十間客房。於二零一四年三月三十一日,該通菜街物業的酒店部份正進行內部裝飾工程。

於截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度,本集團來自外來客戶的出租物業的收入為15,710,000港元,較截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度的21,809,000港元減少28.0%。本年度之租金收入減少,主要原因是位於旺角中心一期的投資物業(「該等已出售商舗」)已於二零一三年二月二十八日完成出售。而於截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度,該等已出售商舗所產生的租金收入總額約8,555,000港元。

REVIEW OF OPERATIONS (continued)

Property Investment and Development (continued)

Other than property investment activities, the Group also engaged in property development activities. During the year, the Group completed the construction of the Tung Choi Street Property. As at 31 March 2014, the Group is developing two residential projects at Nos. 92A-E Pokfulam Road, Hong Kong, and at No. 9 Belfran Road, Kowloon.

During the year ended 31 March 2014, the Group also entered into the following transactions to acquire properties with development/redevelopment potential.

The Flower Ocean Acquisition

As set out in note 32(a) to the financial statements, the Group entered into a share transfer agreement with Mr. NGAI Chun Hung ("Mr. NGAI", an executive director, Chairman of the Board and a controlling shareholder of the Company) for the acquisition of the entire equity interest in Flower Ocean Limited and the loan due and owning by Flower Ocean and its subsidiaries (collectively the "Flower Ocean Group") to Mr. NGAI (the "Flower Ocean Acquisition"), for a total consideration of HK\$299,064,000 on 19 March 2013. Completion of the Flower Ocean Acquisition took place on 22 May 2013. The Flower Ocean Acquisition constitutes a major and connected transaction of the Company.

Subject to future building plans approval, the Group intends to redevelop the property held by the Flower Ocean Group at No. 28 Lugard Road, The Peak (the "Lugard Road Property") into two or three villas for sale or for rental purpose.

As at 31 March 2014, the Lugard Road Property has been recorded under "Properties held for development" on the face of the consolidated statement of financial position.

業務回顧(續)

物業投資及發展(續)

除物業投資外,本集團亦從事物業發展業務。於本年度,本集團完成了該通菜街物業的建設。於二零一四年三月三十一日,本集團正在發展位於香港薄扶林道92A-E號及九龍巴芬道9號的往宅項目。

本集團亦於截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度 內進行了以下交易,購入具重建/發展潛力的項 目。

該Flower Ocean收購事項

如財務資料附註32(a)所述,本集團於二零一三年三月十九日與魏振雄先生(「魏先生」,本公司之執行董事,董事會主席及控股股東)就收購Flower Ocean Limited之全部股本權益及Flower Ocean及其附屬公司(統稱「Flower Ocean集團」)應償還予魏先生之借款(「該Flower Ocean收購事項」)訂立股份轉讓協議,有關總代價299,064,000港元。該Flower Ocean收購事項已於二零一三年五月二十二日完成。該Flower Ocean收購事項構成本公司的一項主要及關連交易。

本集團擬重建(需取得有關部門批准未來之建設計劃)Flower Ocean集團所持有,位處山頂盧吉道 28號之物業(「該盧吉道物業」)為兩棟或三棟別 墅,作出售或出租用途。

於二零一四年三月三十一日,該盧吉道物業於綜 合財務狀況表中被分類為「持有作發展之物業」。



REVIEW OF OPERATIONS (continued)

Property Investment and Development (continued)

The Flower Ocean Acquisition (continued)

As part of the transactions contemplated under the Flower Ocean Acquisition, on 22 May 2013, the Group disposed a wholly-owned subsidiary, Gold Vantage, and the loan owing by Gold Vantage to a subsidiary of the Group to settle part of the consideration of the Flower Ocean Acquisition (the "Gold Vantage Disposal"). As at 31 March 2013 and on the day of disposal, other than the property located at Unit B including carport(s) and garden, Riverain Bayside, No. 3985 Tai Po Road Yuen Chau Tsai, Tai Po, New Territories (the "Riverain Property") which Gold Vantage recorded under "Property, plant and equipment", Gold Vantage also own a property recorded under "Investment properties" at Block M-K39, Sunshine Holiday villas Yingchengzi Village, Badaling Town, Yangqing Country, Beijing, People's Republic of China.

From the Gold Vantage Disposal, the Group realised a total net gain of HK\$9,965,000. The net gain mainly represented the difference between the market value of the Riverain Property and its book value.

The Kam Tin Acquisition

The Group entered into sale and purchase agreements with independent third parties for the acquisition of all those pieces or parcels of ground registered in the Land Registry as The Remaining Portion of Lot No.462, The Remaining Portion of Lot No.464 and The Remaining Portion of Lot No.465, all in Demarcation District No.109, together with the messuages erections and buildings thereon (if any)(the "First Kam Tin Properties") and all those pieces or parcels of ground registered in the Land Registry as The Remaining Portion of Lot No.544 and The Remaining Portion of Lot No.545, both in Demarcation District No.109, together with the messuages erections and buildings thereon (if any)(the "Second Kam Tin Properties")(together with the First Kam Tin Properties, the "Kam Tin Properties"), for a total consideration of HK\$68,453,000 on 10 December 2013 (the "Kam Tin Acquisition"). Completion of the Kam Tin Acquisition took place on 10 January 2014.

業務回顧(續)

物業投資及發展(續)

該Flower Ocean收購事項(續)

作為該Flower Ocean收購事項項下交易的一部份,於二零一三年五月二十二日,本集團出售其全資附屬公司一鋭盈有限公司(「銳盈」),以及鋭盈應償還予一間本集團附屬公司之貸款,以支付該Flower Ocean收購事項的部份代價(「該出售銳盈事項」)。於二零一三年三月三十一日及出售日,鋭盈除了其被分類為「物業、機器及設備」,位於新界大埔公路元洲仔段3985號御泓居B單位連車位及花園(「該御泓居物業」)的物業外,亦擁有一間被分類為「投資物業」的物業,其位於中華人民共和國北京延慶縣八達嶺鎮營城子村陽光假日別墅M-K39座。

本集團從該出售銳盈事項中於本年度實現淨收益 9,965,000港元。這項淨收益主要體現了該御泓居 物業的市場價值與其賬面值間的差異。

該錦田收購事項

本集團於二零一三年十二月十日與獨立第三方訂立買賣協議,購入所有註冊於丈量約份測量圖第109號,地段第462號餘段、地段第464號餘段及地段第465號餘段之土地及築於其之上之宅院建築及樓宇(如有)(「該第一項錦田物業」)以及所有註冊於丈量約份測量圖第109號,地段第544號餘段及地段第545號餘段之土地及築於其之上之宅院建築及樓宇(如有)(「該第二項錦田物業」)(聯同該第一項錦田物業,統稱「該等錦田物業」),總代價約68,453,000港元(「該錦田收購事項」)。該錦田收購事項已於二零一四年一月十日完成。

REVIEW OF OPERATIONS (continued)

Property Investment and Development (continued)

The Kam Tin Acquisition (continued)

The Directors consider the Kam Tin Properties are located at convenient location in the New Territories. The preliminary plan of the Company is to utilize the entire First Kam Tin Properties for storage purpose and to develop the Second Kam Tin Properties into residential properties for sale (subject to approval and may subject to land premium assessment). The Directors also intended that the First Kam Tin Properties will be developed to residential properties for sale (subject to approval and may subject to land premium assessment) in the medium to long run.

As at 31 March 2014, the Kam Tin Properties have been recorded under "Properties held for development" on the face of the consolidated statement of financial position.

Completion of the Spin-off and Listing of Excel Development As set out in note 32(b) to the financial statements, upon the completion of the Excel Spin-off on 10 December 2013, the Group's interest in Excel Development decreased from 100% to 75%. Since the decrease only constitutes a partial disposal of interest in Excel Development which did not resulted in a loss of control, the assets, liabilities and results of the Excel Development Group continue to be consolidated in the financial statements of the Company and no gain or loss had been recorded for the transaction in the Group's profit and loss. The differences between the proceeds of the share offer and the net asset value of the Excel Development Group attributable to the 25% non-controlling shareholders as at the Spin-off date has been recorded under "capital reserve" in the Group's equity.

Meanwhile, administrative expenses of approximately HK\$9,500,000 has been incurred in association with the Excel Spin-Off exercise while share issuing expenses and underwriting expenses of an aggregate of approximately HK\$8,500,000 has been charged to equity during the year ended 31 March 2014.

業務回顧(續) 物業投資及發展(續)

該錦田收購事項(續)

董事認為該等錦田物業位處新界交通方便的地點。本公司初步計劃將利用整個第一項錦田物業作倉儲用途,以及重建第二項錦田物業為住宅物業(須經批准及或須補地價)作出售用途。董事亦計劃把第一項錦田物業發展在中期至長期來說發展為住宅物業(須經批准及或須補地價)作出售用途。

於二零一四年三月三十一日,該等錦田物業於綜 合財務狀況表中被分類為「持有作發展之物業」。

完成怡益控股之分拆及上市

如財務資料附註32(b)所述,於二零一三年十二月十日完成該怡益分拆時,本集團在怡益控股的權益自100%下降至75%。由於權益的減少只構成一項減少權益事項,而並沒有令本集團失去怡益控股的控制權,因此,怡益控股集團的資產、負債及業績亦繼續合併於本公司的合併財務報表中,亦並沒有在損益中確認任何因此事項而引致的利潤或損失。於分拆完成日,怡益控股25%非控股權益所佔之怡益控股集團淨資產與有關股份發售時所得款之差額已於本集團的權益中確認為「資本公積」。

此外,有關該恰益分拆而引起的費用約9,500,000 港元及由發行及承銷新股而引起的共約8,500,000 港元之成本已分別確認為行政費用及於權益中扣 除。

REVIEW OF OPERATIONS (continued)

Other Income and Gains

Other income and gains significantly decreased from HK\$184,634,000 for the year ended 31 March 2013 to HK\$14,592,000 for the year ended 31 March 2014. The decrease was mainly due to the one-off net gain on disposal of investment properties amounted to HK\$141,161,000 in the year ended 31 March 2013 and the drop in gain on changes in fair value of investment properties from HK\$38,080,000 in the year ended 31 March 2013 to zero in current year. The decrease was partly offset by the net gain of HK\$9,965,000 recogansied for the Gold Vantage Disposal in current year.

Administrative Expenses

Administrative expenses increased by HK\$18,307,000 from HK\$61,691,000 for the year ended 31 March 2013 to HK\$79,998,000 for the year ended 31 March 2014. The increase was mainly attributable to the expenses in relation to the Excel Spin-Off during the year ended 31 March 2014 and the increase in staff cost.

Finance Costs

For the year ended 31 March 2014, the Group's finance costs recognised as expenses were HK\$7,927,000 (2013: HK\$11,314,000) while its total interest on bank loans before interest capitalisation were HK\$15,175,000 (2013: HK\$18,509,000). The decrease in overall finance costs in current year was attributable to the lower applicable interest rates the Group enjoyed when compared with that of the year ended 31 March 2013.

Share of profits and losses of joint ventures

The amount of net profits shared from the Group's joint ventures for the year ended 31 March 2014 were HK\$24,891,000, lower than HK\$30,812,000 of last year. The decrease in profit shared was mainly resulted from the decrease in profits shared from Leighton-Able Joint Venture due to the completion of the Design and Construction of North Lantau Hospital, Phase 1.

業務回顧(續)

其他收入及收益

其他收入及收益由截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度的184,634,000港元大幅減少至截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度的14,592,000港元。 其他收入及收益的減少主要歸咎於本集團於截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度錄得單次出售投資物業的收益(淨額)141,161,000港元,以及投資物業公平值變動收益自截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度之38,080,000港元下降至本年度的零港元。本年因該出售鋭盈事項而發生的淨收益9,965,000港元已抵銷部份其他收入及收益的減少。

行政開支

行政開支由截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度的61,691,000港元增加18,307,000港元至截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度的79,998,000港元。行政開支於截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度的增加主要歸因於進行該恰益分拆之費用及員工成本上漲。

財務費用

於截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度內,本集團已確認為支出的財務費用為7,927,000港元(二零一三年:11,314,000港元),而銀行貸款未計算資本化以前之利息為15,175,000港元(二零一三年:18,509,000港元)。整體財務費用的減少歸因於本年度本集團的適用利率較截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度的為低。

應佔合營企業之溢利及虧損

本集團於截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度從 合營企業中所分得的淨溢利為24,891,000港元, 比去年度的30,812,000港元為低。應佔的淨溢利 下降主要是由於在設計及興建北大嶼山醫院第一 期工程完結後,能從禮頓-安保聯營中分得的利 潤下降所致。

REVIEW OF OPERATIONS (continued)

Income Tax Expense

Income tax expense decreased by 21.9% from HK\$24,977,000 for the year ended 31 March 2013 to HK\$19,518,000 for the year ended 31 March 2014. The decrease was mainly attributable to the decrease in profit before tax from for the year ended 31 March 2014.

Profit Attributable to Owners of the Parent

As a result of the foregoing, profit attributable to owners of the parent for the year 31 March 2014 decreased from HK\$319,173,000 for the year ended 31 March 2013 to HK\$115,373,000 for the year ended 31 March 2014. Meanwhile, the total comprehensive profit attributable to owners of the parent recorded a slight increase from HK\$319,173,000 for the year ended 31 March 2013 to HK\$319,570,000 for current year.

FINANCIAL REVIEW

Liquidity and Financial Resources

Due to the Group's significant cash inflows generated from operating activities during the year ended 31 March 2014, despite the cash outflows from the payment of a final dividend for the year ended 31 March 2013, the Flower Ocean Acquisition an the Kam Tin Acquisition, the Group's cash and cash equivalents as at 31 March 2014 amounted to HK\$403,477,000, representing an increase by 10.3% from HK\$365,705,000 as at 31 March 2013. Current ratio stood at 1.20 at 31 March 2014, while that as at 31 March 2013 was 1.35. Current ratio is measured as total current assets divided by total current liabilities.

Our banking facilities, comprising primarily bank loans, overdrafts and performance bond, amounted to HK\$1,631,840,000 as of 31 March 2014 (2013: HK\$1,516,129,000), of which HK\$819,855,000 (2013: HK\$762,580,000) was unutilised.

At 31 March 2014 and 2013, the Group's bank borrowings were all denominated in Hong Kong dollars and primarily on a floating rate basis.

業務回顧(續)

所得税支出

所得税支出由截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度的24,977,000港元,下降21.9%至截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度的19,518,000港元。所得税支出的減少主要歸因於本年度除稅前溢利的減少。

母公司持有者應佔溢利

鑑於上述因素,母公司持有者應佔年度溢利由截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度的319,173,000港元,下降至截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度的115,373,000港元。與此同時,母公司持有者應佔年度全面收益總額由截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度的319,173,000港元,輕微上升至本年度的319,570,000港元。

財務回顧

流動資金及財務資源

由於本集團截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度 於經營業務體現了強勁的淨現金流入額,儘管本 集團於年內支付二零一三年三月三十一日年度之 現金末期股息、而該Flower Ocean收購事項及該 錦田收購事項皆有不少的現金流出,於二零一四 年三月三十一日,本集團之現金及現金等值物仍 達403,477,000港元,較二零一三年三月三十一日 之365,705,000港元上升10.3%。於二零一四年三 月三十一日的流動比率為1.20,低於二零一三年 三月三十一日的1.35。流動比率以流動資產總值 除以流動負債總值計算。

於二零一四年三月三十一日,本集團的銀行信貸總額主要包括銀行貸款、透支及履約擔保共1,631,840,000港元(二零一三年:1,516,129,000港元),其中819,855,000港元(二零一三年:762,580,000港元)尚未動用。

於二零一四年三月三十一日及二零一三年三月 三十一日,本集團的銀行借款均以港元計價,並 主要按浮動利率計算利息。

FINANCIAL REVIEW (continued)

Liquidity and Financial Resources (continued)

The Group does not engage in any interest rates and currency speculation activities. The Group's bank accounts are operated with principal bankers in Hong Kong. The interest rates of these bank accounts are determined by reference to the respective bank offer rate. The Group maintains sufficient working capital resources to execute its contract works and property development plans and generally takes a prudent and cautious approach to cash application and its capital commitments.

Charges on Assets

At 31 March 2014, the following assets of the Group were pledged in favour of certain banks to secure the banking facilities granted by those banks to the Group:

- investment properties with an aggregate carrying amount of HK\$867,000,000 (2013: HK\$408,000,000);
- land and buildings with an aggregate carrying amount of HK\$139,616,000 (2013: HK\$111,658,000);
- properties held for development with a carrying amounts of HK\$652,085,000 (2013: HK\$250,000,000);
- properties under development with an aggregate carrying amount of HK\$459,791,000 (2013: HK\$416,207,000);
- hotel under construction with a carrying amount of nil Hong Kong Dollars (2013: HK\$232,111,000);
- properties held for sale of nil Hong Kong Dollars (2013: HK\$50,171,000); and
- the assignment of the Group's financial benefits under certain contract works with total accounts receivable amounting to HK\$111,320,000 (2013: HK\$277,830,000).

Contingent liabilities

Details of the Group's and the Company's contingent liabilities are set out in note 33 to the financial statements.

Capital commitments

Details of the Group's capital commitments are set out in note 35 to the financial statements.

財務回顧(續)

流動資金及財務資源(續)

本集團並無從事任何利率及貨幣投機活動。本集 團的銀行賬戶在香港主要銀行開設,這些銀行賬 戶的利率由有關銀行拆放利率而釐定。本集團維 持足夠的營運資金,以執行其承包工程及物業發 展計劃。對現金應用申請和資本承擔,本集團一 向持審慎和謹慎的態度。

資產抵押

於二零一四年三月三十一日,本集團之下列資產 已抵押予若干銀行,以取得該等銀行授予本集團 的若干銀行信貸:

- 賬面總值867,000,000港元之投資物業(二零 一三年:408,000,000港元);
- 賬面總值139,616,000港元之土地及樓宇(二零一三年:111,658,000港元);
- 賬面總值652,085,000港元之持有作發展之物業(二零一三年:250,000,000港元);
- 賬面總值459,791,000港元之發展中物業(二 零一三年:416,207,000港元);
- 零港元之在建中酒店(二零一三年: 232,111,000港元);
- 零港元之持有作出售之物業(二零一三年: 50,171,000港元);及
- 轉讓本集團於若干合約工程的財務收益,有關應收賬款總計111,320,000港元(二零一三年:277,830,000港元)。

或然負債

本集團及本公司之或然負債之詳情載於本財務報 表附註33。

資本承諾

本集團之資本承諾之詳情載於本財務報表附註 35。



STAFF AND REMUNERATION POLICY

As of 31 March 2014, the Group employed approximately 619 full-time employees (2013: 760) in Hong Kong. The Group remunerates its employees based on their performance and working experience and with reference to the prevailing market conditions. On top of the regular remuneration, discretionary bonus and share options may be granted to selected staff by reference to the Group's performance as well as the individual's performance. Staff benefits include mandatory provident fund and subsidies for education and training programmes.

At the annual general meeting held on 7 September 2011, the Company adopted a new share option scheme (the "New Scheme") in replacement of its share option scheme which was adopted on 5 August 2002 (the "2002 Scheme"). The purposes of the New Scheme are to provide incentives for the Group's employees and executives, to recognise their contributions to the Group's growth and to provide more flexibility for the Group in formulating its remuneration policy. The Group had granted options under the 2002 Scheme before 7 September 2011, but has not granted any options under the New Scheme up to 31 March 2014. The Company had no outstanding share options at 31 March 2014.

員工及薪酬政策

於二零一四年三月三十一日,本集團於香港聘用約619名(二零一三年:760名)全職員工。本集團根據員工之表現、工作經驗及參考現行市場狀況以釐定員工薪酬。除一般薪酬外,本集團或會因應其業績及員工個人表現,向經挑選員工授出酌情花紅及購股權。員工福利包括強制性公積金、教育津貼及培訓計劃。

於二零一一年九月七日舉行之週年股東大會,本公司採納一項新購股權計劃(「新計劃」)以取代於二零零二年八月五日所採納之購股權計劃(「二零零二年計劃」)。新計劃旨在獎勵全職僱員及行政人員,確認彼等對本集團發展之貢獻,並使本集團於制訂其薪酬政策時具有更大彈性。於二零一一年九月七日前,本公司曾根據二零零二年計劃授出購股權,但直至二零一四年三月三十一日,並無根據新計劃授出任何購股權。於二零一四年三月三十一日,本公司並無任何尚未行使之購股權。



EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. NGAI Chun Hung ("Mr. NGAI"), aged 51, a controlling shareholder of the Company, has been the Chairman of the Board and the Executive Director since July 2000. Mr. NGAI is also the Chairman of the Nomination Committee of the Company. Mr. NGAI has extensive experience in the construction industry. He is responsible for the management of the Board and the strategic planning of the Group. Mr. NGAI and Mr. YAU Kwok Fai are brothersin-law.

Mr. YAU Kwok Fai ("Mr. YAU"), aged 48, has been the Deputy Chairman of the Board, the Executive Director and Chief Executive Officer of the Company since July 2000. He is also a member of the Company's Remuneration Committee. Mr. YAU is responsible for formulating policy, overall development and the day-to-day management and administration of the Group's operations. Mr. YAU has about 23 years of experience in the construction industry. Mr. YAU graduated with Bachelor Degree of Engineering in Civil Engineering (First Class Honours) from the Hong Kong Polytechnic in November 1990. He obtained a Diploma of the Imperial College from the Imperial College London in July 1991 and a Master of Science Degree with Distinction in Structural Steel Design from the University of London in August 1991. He is a Chartered Engineer and a corporate member of the Institution of Civil Engineers, the Institution of Structural Engineers and the HKIE, a Registered Professional Engineer (Civil & Structural) and a Registered Structural Engineer. Mr. YAU and Mr. NGAI are brothers-inlaw.

執行董事

魏振雄先生(「魏先生」),五十一歲,為本公司控股股東,彼自二零零零年七月起出任本公司董事會主席及執行董事。魏先生亦為本公司提名委員會之主席。魏先生於建築界積逾豐富經驗。彼負責董事會之管理及本集團之策略性規劃工作。魏先生乃游國輝先生之大舅。

游國輝先生(「游先生」),四十八歲,自二零零零年七月起出任本公司董事會副主席、執行董事及行政總裁。彼亦為本公司新酬委員會之成員。游先生負責制訂政策、本集團整體業務之發展、本集團日常管理及行政工作。游先生擁有約二十三年建造業經驗。游先生於一九九零年十一月舉譽公孫香港理工學院,持有土木工程學一級榮譽學院,並於一九九一年七月取得倫敦帝國學院文憑,並於一九九一年八月以優異成績取得倫敦十工程師學會、彼於一九九一年八月以優異成績取得倫敦大學結構鋼材設計理學碩士學位。彼為英國特許工程師學會、結構工程師學會、結構工程師學會大大學結構例及土木工程師學會、結構工程師學學工程師(土木及結構)及註冊結構工程師。游先生為魏先生之妹夫。



INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Professor KO Jan Ming ("Professor KO"), aged 71, has been the Independent Non-executive Director of the Company since July 2000. He is also the Chairman of the Company's Remuneration Committee and Audit Committee and a member of the Nomination Committee. Professor Ko is the former Vice President and Chair Professor of Structural Engineering of The Hong Kong Polytechnic University, and currently an Emeritus Professor of the University and Senior Advisor of its Faculty of Construction and Environment. Professor KO holds a Bachelor Degree in Civil Engineering and a Doctorate Degree in Structural Engineering from the University of Hong Kong. He is a Fellow of the Hong Kong Institution of Engineers, the Institution of Structural Engineers of United Kingdom, the American Society of Civil Engineers and the Hong Kong Academy of Engineering Sciences.

Professor KO was Chairman of the Accreditation Board (2001-2006) of The Hong Kong Institution of Engineers (HKIE), and the Chairman of Hong Kong Economic Cooperation (APEC) and Engineering Mobility Forum (EMF) Monitoring Committees (2006-2009). He was a Member of Construction Industry Council (2007-2013), a Member of the Commission on Strategic Development (2009-2012) and he is the Advisor of the Beijing-Hong Kong Academic Exchange Centre. Professor KO was a Governing Council Member of Construction Industry Institute (Hong Kong) (2002-2008), a Council Member of The Hong Kong Institution of Science (2002-2006), the President of The Hong Kong Society of Theoretical and Applied Mechanics (1999/2000), the President of The Hong Kong Association for the Advancement of Science and Technology (2000/01) and a Panel Member of the Appeal Tribunal in Buildings of the HKSAR (1997-2004). Professor KO was the Co-chair of the Scientific Steering Committee, State Key Laboratory on Structural Dynamics in Bridge Engineering, Chongqing Communications Research and Design Institute (2008-2012), and a Member of the Scientific Steering Committee, State Key Laboratory on Disaster Reduction in Civil Engineering, Tongji University (2009-2013).

獨立非執行董事

高贊明教授(「高教授」),七十一歲,自二零零零年七月起出任本公司獨立非執行董事。彼亦為本公司薪酬委員會及審核委員會之主席,以及提名委員會的成員。高教授為香港理工大學前副校長及結構工程講座教授、現為香港理工大學榮休教授和建設及環境學院高級顧問。高教授畢業於香港大學,先後獲頒授土木工程理學士及結構工程哲學博士學位,是香港工程師學會、英國結構工程師學會、美國土木工程師學會資深會員及香港工程科學院院士。

高教授是前任香港工程師學會學術評審政策委員 會主席(二零零一年至二零零六年)及香港工程 師流動論壇監察委員會及香港亞太工程師監察委 員會主席(二零零六年至二零零九年)。彼曾是建 造業議會成員(二零零七年至二零一三年)、策略 發展委員會委員(二零零九年至二零一二年), 亦為京港學術交流中心顧問。高教授曾是香港建 造業研究學會監事會成員(二零零二年至二零零 八年)、香港科學會理事(二零零二年至二零零六 年)、香港力學學會會長(一九九九年至二零零零 年年度)、香港科技協進會會長(二零零零年至二 零零一年年度)及建築物上訴審裁處上訴審裁小 組委員(一九九七年至二零零四年)。高教授曾 是重慶交科院橋樑工程結構力學國家重點實驗室 科學指導委員會副主席(二零零八年至二零一二 年)及同濟大學土木工程防災國家重點實驗室科 學指導委員會成員(二零零九年至二零一三年)。



INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS (continued)

Professor KO (continued)

Professor KO was the Editor-in-Chief of an International Journal – Advances in Structural Engineering (1997-2003), and is the Editor-in-Chief (Asia-Pacific), International Journal – Smart Structures and Systems and the Senior Consultant of the Editorial Board of the Journal of Spatial Structures, a member of the Editorial Boards of the Journal of Engineering Mechanics, Journal of Earthquake and Engineering Vibration and Journal of Hazards Prevention and Mitigation Engineering. He was the President of Asian-Pacific Network of Centres for Earthquake Engineering (2005-2007), a Vice President (2004-2007) and Council Member of the International Society for Structural Health Monitoring of Intelligent Infrastructures (ISHMII) (2004-2011), and a Management Board Member of the Asian-Pacific Network of Centres for Research in Smart Structures Technology.

Professor KO was presented The President's Award of HKIE in 2006 and was inducted into the Hall of Fame of HKIE in 2010. He was presented The HKIE Gold Medal in 2011. In the same year, Professor KO was presented The Aftab Mufti Medal by ISHMII in recognition of his lifetime achievement in civil structural health monitoring.

Professor KO has not held any directorship in other listed public companies in the last three years; nor does he have any relationship with any Directors, senior management or substantial shareholders of the Company.

獨立非執行董事(續)

高教授(續)

高教授曾是國際期刊《結構工程進展》的主任編輯(一九九七年至二零零三年),彼亦為國際期刊《智能結構與系統》的亞太區主任編輯、《空間結構》期刊編輯委員會高級顧問,也是《工程力學》期刊、《地震工程與工程震動學報》及《防災減災工程學報》編輯委員會委員。他曾是亞太區地震工程研究中心網絡主席(二零零五年至二零零七年)、國際結構健康監測協會副主席(二零零四年至二零一一年)及亞太區智能結構科技研究中心網絡督導委員會成員。

於二零零六年,高教授獲頒香港工程師學會會長 特設成就獎。二零一零年,高教授獲香港工程師 學會工程界翹楚稱號。二零一一年,高教授再獲 香港工程師學會頒授榮譽大獎。同年,高教授獲 國際結構健康監測協會頒授終生成就獎。

高教授於過去三年內並無在其他上市公眾公司 擔任任何董事職務,彼亦沒有與本公司之任何董 事、高級管理人員、主要股東或控股股東有任何 關係。



INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS (continued)

The Hon, IP Kwok Him, GBS, IP, ("The Hon, IP") aged 63, has been the Independent Non-executive Director of the Company since July 2000. He is also a member of the Company's Audit Committee, the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee. The Hon. IP is a member of the Legislative Council representing the District Council (The First) functional constituency. He is presently a Deputy to the 12th National People's Congress of PRC for HKSAR, Chairman of Panel on Security, Legislative Council, Advisor and Convenor, Legislative Council Caucus, to the Democratic Alliance for Betterment and Progress of Hong Kong, Member of Central & Western District Council (Kwun Lung). He is also Deputy Chairman of Hon Wah Educational Organisation. He also serves on a number of committees and is now a member of the Hong Kong Housing Authority and the Non-Executive Director of Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Authority Board. The Hon. IP was a member of the Legislative Council between 1995-1997, a member of the Provisional Legislative Council between 1997-1998, a member of the Legislative Council of the Hong Kong SAR Government representing the district council functional constituency between 2000-2004 and between 2008-2012, and was an elected member of the Central and Western District Council between 1992-2003 and between 2007-2011. The Hon. IP has also been appointed as non-executive director of Urban Renewal Authority Board between 2007-2012.

The Hon. IP has not held any directorship in other listed public companies in the last three years; nor does he have any relationship with any Directors, senior management or substantial shareholders of the Company.

獨立非執行董事(續)

葉國謙議員(金紫荊星章、太平紳士)(「葉議 員」),六十三歲,自二零零零年七月起出任本公 司獨立非執行董事。葉議員現為立法會議員(區 議會功能界別)。現任香港特別行政區第十二屆 全國人民代表大會代表、立法會民政事務委員 會主席、民建聯會務顧問、中西區區議員(觀龍 選區)、漢華教育機構副主席。葉議員亦服務於 政府諮詢委員會,現為香港房屋委員會委員,香 港大學校董會成員。葉議員分別於一九九五至 一九九七年擔任香港立法局議員,一九九七至 一九九八年擔任臨時立法會議員, 二零零零至二 零零四年以及二零零八年至二零一二年擔任香 港特別行政區立法會議(區議會功能界別),而 一九九二至二零零三年以及二零零七年至二零 一一年歷任中西區區議會民選議員。葉議員於二 零零七至二零一二年亦曾獲委任為市區重 建局 之非執行董事。

葉議員在過去三年並沒有在其他上市公眾公司 擔任任何董事職務,彼亦沒有與本公司之任何董 事、高級管理人員、主要股東或控股股東有任何 關係。



INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS (continued)

Mr. FUNG Pui Cheung Eugene ("Mr. FUNG"), aged 65, has been the Independent Non-executive Director of the Company since September 2004. He is also a member of the Company's Audit Committee, the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee. Mr. FUNG is a Certified Public Accountant, a fellow member of Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and a member of both The Institute of Chartered Accountants in England & Wales and The Certified General Accountants' Association of Canada. He holds a Master of Arts Degree from Antioch University of the United States of America. Presently, Mr. FUNG is a director of Pan-China (HK) CPA Limited (formerly known as NCN CPA Limited) as well as practicing as a sole proprietor in the name of P. C. Fung & Company, a certified public accountants firm. Previously, he served in senior and managerial positions in large local and international accounting firms.

In addition, Mr. FUNG is currently an Honorary Adviser of The Hong Kong Chinese Importers' & Exporters' Association, a Standing Committee member of Democratic Alliance for the Betterment and Progress of Hong Kong, a Standing Committee member of the Jiangxi Provincial Overseas Liaison Association and a member of the Inland Revenue Department's Users' Committee. Mr. FUNG was also appointed a member of the Financial Reporting Review Panel, under the Financial Reporting Council (from 2007 to 2013). In addition to being a director of the Company, Mr. FUNG is also an independent non-executive director of China Lesso Group Holdings Limited which is listed on the Stock Exchange (stock code: 2128, formerly known as "China Liansu Group Holdings Limited") during the period from 27 February 2010 to present. Save as aforesaid, Mr. FUNG has not held any directorship in other listed public companies in the last three years.

Mr. FUNG does not have any relationship with any Directors, senior management or substantial shareholders of the Company.

獨立非執行董事(續)

馮培漳先生(「馮先生」),六十五歲,自二零零四年九月起出任本公司獨立非執行董事。彼亦為本公司審核委員會、薪酬委員會及提名委員會的成員。馮先生為香港執業會計師,為香港會計師公會、英國特許會計師公會及加拿大註冊會計師公會之會員。彼持有美國安蒂奧克大學碩士學位。馮先生現為天健(香港)會計師事務所有限公司),並同時為馮培漳會計師事務所之獨資經營者。過去,彼曾於大型本地及國際會計師事務所擔任高級至經理級職位。

此外,馮先生現時為香港中華出入口商會榮譽顧問、民主建港協進聯盟中央委員會常務委員及江西省海外聯誼會常務理事和税務局服務承諾關注委員會委員。馮先生亦曾獲政府委任為財務匯報局轄下財務匯報檢討委員團之成員(二零零七年至二零一三年)。除本公司外,馮先生自二零一零年二月二十七日至目前,亦為中國聯塑集團控股有限公司(一間於聯交所上市之公眾公司,股份代號:2128)之獨立非執行董事。除上文所述外,馮先生於過去三年內並無在其他上市公眾公司擔任任何董事職務。

馮先生與本公司之任何董事、高級管理人員、主 要股東或控股股東概無任何關係。



SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Mr. YAM Kui Hung, aged 55, joined the Group in April 1997, is a Director of Able Engineering Company Limited, a major subsidiary of the Company. Mr. Yam graduated with a Higher Certificate in Building Studies from the Hong Kong Polytechnic and a Postgraduate Diploma in Construction Management from the Construction Industry Training Authority. He is a corporate member of the Hong Kong Institution of Engineers, a Registered Professional Engineer (Building) and has over 32 years' experience in the construction field. He is responsible for overall management and operations of building projects.

Mr. NG Kai Chow, aged 46, joined the Group in October 2002, is the Project Manager of Able Engineering Company Limited. Mr. Ng holds a Post-graduated Diploma in Construction Law & Arbitration and a Diploma in Construction (CEM) in the College of Estate Management. He is an incorporate member of the Chartered of Building, a member of the Chartered Institute of Arbitrators and Authorized Signatory from Buildings Department. He also has over 29 years' experience in construction field and working in different positions in the construction industry. He is responsible for providing full range of building project management and contract administration works of contracts.

Mr. LAU Chi Fai Daniel, aged 46, joined the Group in November 2005, is the Project Manager of Able Engineering Company Limited. Mr. Lau holds a Bachelor Degree in Construction Management from the South Bank University of United Kingdom and a Higher Diploma in Building Technology and Management from the Hong Kong Polytechnic. He is a corporate member of the Hong Kong Institute of Construction Managers and has over 21 years' experience in construction field and working in different positions in the construction industry. He is responsible for providing full range of building project management and contract administration works of contracts.

高級管理層

任鉅鴻先生,五十五歲,於一九九七年四月加入本集團,安保工程有限公司之董事,安保工程有限公司之董事,安保工程有限公司為本公司之主要附屬公司。彼持有香港理工學院建築系高級證書及建造業訓練局建築管理文憑。彼為香港工程師學會之正式會員。彼已註冊為專業註冊工程師(建築),在建造業積逾三十二年經驗。任先生負責樓宇建造項目之整體管理及運作。

吳敢洲先生,四十六歲,於二零零二年十月加入本集團,安保工程有限公司之項目經理。彼持有建築法律及仲裁深造文憑和物業管理學院建築文憑。彼為英國特許建築學會、英國特許仲裁學會會員及香港屋宇署之授權簽署人。彼於建築業積逾二十九年工作經驗,同時曾經在建築行業中擔當不同崗位。吳先生負責樓宇建造項目之管理及行政工作。

劉志輝先生,四十六歲,於二零零五年十一月加入本集團,安保工程有限公司之項目經理。彼持有South Bank University of United Kingdom建築管理學士學位及香港理工學院建築科技及管理學高級文憑。彼為香港營造師學會會員,並於建築業積逾二十一年豐富經驗,同時曾經在建築業中擔當不同崗位。彼負責樓宇建造項目之管理及行政工作。



SENIOR MANAGEMENT (continued)

Mr. KAN Kwok Kit, aged 51, joined the Group in September 1998, is the Technical Manager of Able Engineering Company Limited. Mr. Kan graduated with Master Degree of Science in Engineering Business Management and is an Accredited Mediator. He is a Registered Professional Engineer in Building Services Discipline and corporate member of the Chartered Institute of Building. Mr. Kan is also a BEAM Pro and Registered Energy Assessor. Besides, he is a fellow member and Branch Honorary Secretary of the Chartered Institute of Plumbing & Heating Engineering. He has over 26 years' experience in Construction Industry and Building Services Engineering. Mr. Kan is the Head of the Technical Department and responsible to lead the technical team to provide miscellaneous support for tendering, project management and contract administration work. He is also the Engineer Supervisor of the HKIE Scheme A Training for Graduate Engineers in Building Services Discipline.

Mr. HO Chi Ming Wilson, aged 52, joined the Group in November 2002, is the Project Manager of Able Engineering Company Limited. Mr. Ho holds a Bachelor Degree in Construction Management and Economic from the Curtin University of Technology, a National Diploma in Building Studies from the Business & Technician Education Council and a Higher Certificate in Building Studies and Proficiency Certificate in Industrial Safety from the Hong Kong Polytechnic. Mr. Ho is a corporate member of the Chartered Institute of Building and has over 31 years' experience in the project management in the construction field and a wide background of working experience in residential, commercial and institutional developments. He is responsible for providing full range of building project management and contract administration works of contracts.

高級管理層(續)

簡國傑先生,五十一歲,於一九九八年九月加入本集團,於二零零二年八月加入本集團,安保工程有限公司之技術經理。彼持有工商管理碩士學位及為認可調解員。彼為專業註冊工程師(屋宇設備),亦為英國特許建築學會會員、綠建專才、註冊能源效益評核人、英國特許水務學會資深會員及香港分會義務秘書。彼從事建築及屋宇設備工程工作逾二十六年。簡先生為技術部門主管並負責領導技術部支援投標、建造項目之管理及合約行政工作,亦為香港工程師學會見習工程師(屋宇設備)訓練計劃甲類之工程師導師。

何志明先生,五十二歲,於二零零二年十一月加入本集團,為安保工程有限公司之項目經理。彼持有Curtin University of Technology建築管理及經濟學士學位、英國工商教育委員會之建築學國際文憑、香港理工學院建築系高級證書及工業安全修業證書。彼為英國特許建築學會會員,於建築業積逾三十一年有關私人樓字、商業大廈及公營樓字之豐富經驗,何先生負責樓宇建造項目之管理及行政工作。



SENIOR MANAGEMENT (continued)

Mr. LEE Kwok Shing Gavin, aged 41, joined the Group in September 2002, is the Project Manager of Able Engineering Company Limited. Mr. Lee holds a Bachelor Degree in Building Management from the Northumbria University of United Kingdom, a Higher Diploma in Building Studies from the City University of Hong Kong and a Diploma in Civil Engineering from Vocational Training Council of Hong Kong. He has over 20 years' experience in construction field and working in different positions in the construction industry. He joined the Group in is responsible for providing full range of building project management and contract administration works of contracts.

Mr. CHAN Tak Wai Ray, aged 51, joined the Group in September 2007, is the Project Manager of Able Engineering Company Limited. Mr. Chan holds a Bachelor Degree in Construction Management and Economic from the Curtin University of Technology, a High Certificate in Building Studies from the Hong Kong Technical College. Mr. Chan has over 32 years' experience in construction field and working in different positions in the construction industry. He is responsible for providing full range of building project management and contract administration works of contracts.

Ms. TSANG Hau Lam, aged 33, joined the Group in August 2012, is the Company Secretary of Vantage and the Financial Controller of the Group. Ms. Tsang is a fellow member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants of the U.K. and member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. She has over 11 years' accounting and related experience. She holds a Bachelor Degree in Business Administration (Professional Accountancy) from the Chinese University of Hong Kong.

Mr. WONG Kei Leung, aged 63, joined the Group in December 1995, is the Accounting Manager of Able Engineering Company Limited. Mr. Wong has over 36 years' accounting experience. He holds a Bachelor Degree in Commercial Science and Business Administration from Chu Hai College.

高級管理層(續)

李國誠先生,四十一歲,於二零零二年九月加入本集團,為安保工程有限公司之項目經理。彼持有Northumbria University of United Kingdom建築管理學士學位,香港城市大學建造學高級文憑及香港職業訓練局土木工程學文憑。彼於建築業積逾二十年豐富經驗,同時曾經在建築業中擔當不同崗位。彼負責樓宇建造項目之管理及行政工作。

陳德威先生,五十一歲,於二零零七年九月加入本集團,為安保工程有限公司之項目經理。彼持有Curtin University of Technology建築管理及經濟學士學位、香港科技學院建築系高級證書。彼於建築業積逾三十二年工作經驗,曾經在建築行業中擔當不同崗位。陳先生負責樓宇建造項目之管理及行政工作。

曾巧臨小姐,三十三歲,於二零一二年八月加入本集團,為本公司的公司秘書及本集團之財務總監。曾小姐為英國特許會計師公會之資深會員及香港會計師公會會員,積逾十一年會計及有關經驗。彼持有香港中文大學工商管理學士(專業會計)學位。

黃杞良先生,六十三歲,於一九九五年十二月加 入本集團,為安保工程有限公司之會計經理。黃 先生在會計方面積逾三十六年經驗。彼持有珠海 書院商業科學及工商管理學士學位。



SENIOR MANAGEMENT (continued)

Excel Development (Holdings) Limited

Executive Directors

Mr. LI Chi Pong, aged 57, is an Executive Director and the Chief Executive Officer of Excel Development. Mr. Li is responsible for the overall business development, management and operation of our the Excel Development Group. He graduated from the Hong Kong Polytechnic with a Higher Diploma in Civil Engineering in November 1979 and joined Excel Engineering Company Limited ("Excel Eng") (a wholly owned subsidiary of our Company) in the same year. He has worked in the construction industry for over 30 years and gained extensive experience in the executive role in construction companies. He is the Authorised Signatory of Excel Eng as Registered Specialist Contractors (foundation works) and (formation works) and Registered General Building Contractor of the Buildings Department. Mr. Li was a member of the Contractors Registration Committee Panel from January 2009 to December 2012. Mr. Li is also a Council Member of the Hong Kong Construction Association. Mr. Li was an executive Director of the Company from May 2004 to December 2013. On 10 December 2013, Mr. Li resigned from the above position in order to focus on the business of the Excel Development Group.

Mr. POON Yan Min, aged 52, is an Executive Director of Excel Development. He is responsible for Excel Development Group's implementation of works and the overall management of contracts. Mr. Poon is currently a director of each subsidiary of the Excel Development Group. Mr. Poon obtained a Bachelor of Science Degree in Engineering from the University of Hong Kong in November 1986 and a Master of Science Degree in Engineering Management from City University of Hong Kong in November 2002. He is a corporate member of the Hong Kong Institution of Engineers ("HKIE") and a Registered Professional Engineer (Civil). He has over 26 years of experience in the construction of roads and drainage, site formation, waterworks and building works including over 10 years in Excel, and 9 years in Mass Transit Railway Corporation as Construction Engineer from 1995 to 2004, responsible for supervision of various railway construction projects, including the Lantau and Airport project, Tseung Kwan O extension project and the Mei Foo Station Interchange for the West Rail Interface Works. He is the Authorised Signatory for Excel as Registered General Building Contractor of the Buildings Department. He is also an Engineering Supervisor for Excel in the HKIE Engineering Graduate Training (Scheme A) for graduate engineers.

高級管理層(續) 怡益控股有限公司

執行董事

李治邦先生,五十七歲,怡益控股之董事兼行政 總裁。李先生現時為怡益控股集團各子公司的董 事。李先生負責怡益控股集團的整體業務發展、 管理及營運。彼於一九七九年十一月畢業於香港 理工學院,持有土木工程系高級文憑,並於同年 加入怡益工程有限公司(「怡益工程」)(怡益控股 的全資附屬公司)。彼從事建築業逾三十年並擁 有廣泛的建築公司行政職務經驗。作為屋宇署的 註冊專門承建商(基礎工程)及(地盤平整工程)以 及註冊一般建築承建商,彼現為怡益工程的授權 簽署人。李先生自二零零九年一月至二零一二年 十二月為承建商註冊事務委員會委員團成員。李 先生亦為香港建造商會理事會理事。李先生自二 零零四年五月至二零一三年十二月擔任本公司之 執行董事。於二零一三年十二月十日,李先生自 願辭任上述職務,全心投入怡益控股集團事務。

潘潤棉先生,五十二歲,怡益控股有限公司之執 行董事,負責怡益控股集團的工程實施以及合約 的整體管理。潘先生現時為怡益控股集團各子公 司的董事。潘先生於一九八六年十一月取得香港 大學工程理學學士學位,並於二零零二年十一月 取得香港城市大學工程管理理學碩士學位。彼為 香港工程師學會(「香港工程師學會」)的正式會員 及註冊專業工程師(土木)。彼於建造業,包括道 路及渠務、地盤平整、水務工程及樓宇建造工程 等領域積累逾二十六年經驗,其中包括在怡益的 逾10年工作經驗以及自一九九五年至二零零四年 在地鐵有限公司的九年建築工程師經驗,彼當時 負責監督各項鐵路建設項目,包括大嶼山及機場 項目、將軍澳支線項目及西鐵銜接工程的美孚站 交匯處。作為屋宇署的註冊一般建築承建商,彼 現為怡益的授權簽署人。彼亦為怡益的香港工程 師學會為栽培見習工程師而推出的工程畢業生訓 練計劃(A類)的工程師導師。



SENIOR MANAGEMENT (continued)
Excel Development (Holdings) Limited (continued)
Senior Management

Mr. TANG Quoc Tri, aged 45, is the Contracts Manager of the Excel Development Group. He is responsible for the implementation of works and the overall management of contracts. Mr. Tang obtained a Bachelor Degree in Civil Engineering in July 1994 from the South Bank University, London, United Kingdom, Master of Science in Structural Engineering in November 2002, Master of Science in Construction Law and Dispute Resolution in October 2008 and Master of Business Administration in November 2010 all from the Hong Kong Polytechnics University. He is a Chartered Engineer of Engineering Council, United Kingdom and a corporate member of the Institution of Civil Engineers, the Institution of Structural Engineers and HKIE, and a Registered Professional Engineer (Civil & Structural). He has around 20 years of experience in the construction of road and drainage, site formation, landslip prevention, waterworks and building works. He is the Authorised Signatory for Excel as a Registered General Building Contractor of the Buildings Department. He is also an Engineering Supervisor for Excel in the HKIE Engineering Graduate Training (Scheme A) for graduate engineers.

Mr. CHEUNG Lok Wan, aged 35, is the Engineering Manager of the Excel Development Group. He is responsible for the engineering matters including estimating, tender, purchasing, budget and sub-contracts. Mr. Cheung obtained a Bachelor Degree in Civil Engineering in November 2001 from the University of Hong Kong. He is a corporate member of the HKIE and a Registered Professional Engineer (Civil). He has over 10 years of experience in the construction of road and drainage works, waterworks, building works and building maintenance works. He is also a Tutor for Excel in the HKIE Engineering Graduate Training (Scheme A) for graduate engineers.

高級管理層(續) 怡益控股有限公司(續) 高級管理層

曾國智先生,四十五歲,怡益控股集團之合約經 理,負責工程實施及合約的整體管理。曾先生於 一九九四年七月取得英國倫敦南岸大學土木工程 系學士學位,並分別於二零零二年十一月、二零 零八年十月及二零一零年十一月取得香港理工大 學結構工程學理學碩士學位、建築法及爭議解決 學理學碩士學位及工商管理碩士學位。彼為英國 工程理事會特許工程師、土木工程師學會、結構 工程師學會及香港工程師學會正式會員,亦為註 冊專業工程師(土木及結構)。彼於建造業,包括 道路及渠務、地盤平整、滑坡防治、水務工程及 樓宇建造工程等領域擁有約二十年經驗。作為屋 宇署的註冊一般建築承建商,彼現為怡益的授權 簽署人。彼亦為怡益的香港工程師學會為栽培見 習工程師而推出的工程畢業生訓練計劃(A類)的 工程師導師。

張樂雲先生,三十五歲,恰益控股集團的工程經理,負責估價、投標、採購、預算及分包等工程事宜。張先生於二零零一年十一月取得香港大學土木工程系學士學位。彼為香港工程師學會正式會員及註冊專業工程師(土木)。彼於建造業,包括道路及渠務、水務工程、樓宇建造工程及樓宇保養工程等領域積累逾十年經驗。彼亦為恰益的香港工程師學會為栽培見習工程師而推出的工程畢業生訓練計劃(A類)的導師。



SENIOR MANAGEMENT (continued)

Excel Development (Holdings) Limited (continued)

Senior Management (continued)

Mr. CHAN Kai Wing, aged 64, is the Project Manager of the Excel Development Group. He is responsible for the implementation of works and the overall management of infrastructure network contracts. Mr. Chan obtained a Diploma in Management Studies in June 1987 awarded jointly by Hong Kong Polytechnic and Hong Kong Management Association. Before he joined the Excel Development Group, Mr. Chan worked in HKT Group from September 1970 and left as Manager in the Field Services in March 2010, responsible for planning, design, building and providing maintenance of external telecommunication plant for HKT Group, where he has accumulated over 40 years of experience in the telecommunications industry.

Mr. LAI Kon Ting, aged 34, is the Project Manager of the Excel Development Group. He is responsible for all activities on site to ensure the efficient running of a project and effective use of resources. Mr. Lai obtained a Bachelor Degree in Civil and Structural Engineering in November 2001 from the Hong Kong University of Science and Technology. He is a Chartered Engineer of Engineering Council, United Kingdom and a corporate member of the Institution of Civil Engineers and the HKIE as well as a Registered Professional Engineer (Civil). He has over 10 years of experience in the construction of road and utilities works, landslip prevention, waterworks and building works. He is also a Tutor for Excel in the HKIE Engineering Graduate Training (Scheme A) for graduate engineers.

Mr. WONG Kin Sang, aged 34, is the Project Manager of the Excel Development Group. He is responsible for all activities on site to ensure the efficient running of a project and effective use of resources. Mr. Wong obtained a Bachelor Degree in Civil and Structural Engineering in November 2002 from the Hong Kong University of Science and Technology. He is a corporate member of the HKIE. He has over 10 years of experience in the construction of waterworks, road and utilities works, landslip prevention and building works. He is also a Tutor for Excel in the HKIE Engineering Graduate Training (Scheme A) for graduate engineers.

高級管理層(續) 怡益控股有限公司(續)

高級管理層(續)

陳繼榮先生,六十四歲,怡益控股集團的項目經理,負責工程實施及基礎設施網絡合約的整體管理。陳先生於一九八七年六月取得香港理工學院及香港管理專業協會聯合頒發的管理研究文憑。加入本集團前,陳先生自一九七零年九月起於HKT集團工作,並於二零一零年三月離職,時任網絡敷設服務經理,負責為HKT集團規劃、設計、建造及提供外部電訊廠的保養,彼已積累逾四十年電訊業經驗。

黎幹廷先生,三十四歲,怡益控股集團的項目經理,負責工地的所有活動,以確保項目的有效運行及資源的有效利用。黎先生於二零零一年十一月取得香港科技大學土木及結構工程學士學位。彼為英國工程理事會特許工程師、土木工程師學會及香港工程師學會正式會員,亦為註冊專業工程師(土木)。彼於建造業,包括道路及公用設施工程、滑坡防治、水務工程及樓宇建造工程等領域積累逾十年經驗。彼亦為恰益的香港工程師學會為栽培見習工程師而推出的工程畢業生訓練計劃(A類)的導師。

黄健生先生,三十四歲,為怡益控股集團的項目經理,負責工地的所有活動,以確保項目的有效運行及資源的有效利用。黃先生於二零零二年十一月取得香港科技大學土木及結構工程學士學位。彼為香港工程師學會正式會員。彼於建造業,包括水務工程、道路及公用設施工程、滑坡防治及樓宇建造工程等領域積累逾十年經驗。彼亦為怡益的香港工程師學會為栽培見習工程師而推出的工程畢業生訓練計劃(A類)的導師。



SENIOR MANAGEMENT (continued)

Excel Development (Holdings) Limited (continued)

Senior Management (continued)

Mr. WONG Kin Yan, aged 44, is the Environmental and Quality Manager of the Excel Development Group. He is responsible for the implementation and maintenance of our Company's environmental and quality management systems. Mr. Wong obtained a Bachelor Degree in Applied Science in December 1994 from Hong Kong Baptist University. He is a Chartered Environmentalist and a corporate member of the Society of Environmental Engineers. He has over 15 years of experience in the environmental and quality management in the construction field. He is the Management Representative of Excel's ISO 9001 Quality Management System and ISO 14001 Environmental Management System.

Ms. CHEUNG Wa Yung, aged 52, is a director of Gadelly Construction Company Limited (a wholly owned subsidiary of Excel Development) since July 2005 and the Accounting Manager of the Excel Development Group. She obtained a Bachelor Degree in Commerce in June 1984 from University of Toronto, Canada. She is a member of both the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Ontario in Canada. She has over 20 years of accounting experience.

Mr. LIU Shiu Yuen, aged 34, joined the Excel Development Group in September 2012, is the Company Secretary of Excel Development and the Financial Controller of the Excel Development Group. Mr. Liu obtained a Bachelor Degree of Arts (Hons) in Accountancy in November 2002 from The Hong Kong Polytechnic University. He has over 10 years of accounting, auditing and related experience. Mr. Liu is a fellow member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants.

高級管理層(續) 怡益控股有限公司(續)

高級管理層(續)

王建殷先生,四十四歲,恰益控股集團的環境和質素經理,負責實施及維繫本公司的環境及品質管理體系。王先生於一九九四年十二月取得香港浸會大學應用科學系學士學位。彼為英國特許環境師及英國環境工程師學會正式會員。彼於建築業的環境及品質管理領域擁有逾十五年經驗。彼為恰益的ISO 9001品質管理系統及ISO 14001環境管理系統的管理者代表。

張華容女士,五十二歲,自二零零五年七月起為加德利建築有限公司(怡益控股的全資附屬公司)的董事,亦為怡益控股集團的會計經理。彼於一九八四年六月取得加拿大多倫多大學商學學士學位。彼為香港會計師公會及加拿大安大略省特許會計師公會會員。彼擁有逾二十年會計經驗。

廖筱原先生,三十四歲,於二零一二年九月加入 怡益控股集團,為怡益控股公司秘書及怡益控股 集團的財務總監。廖先生於二零零二年十一月取 得香港理工大學會計學文學士(榮譽)學位。彼擁 有逾十年會計、審核及相關經驗。廖先生為香港 會計師公會之資深會員。



Corporate governance is the system by which the Company is directed and controlled. The Board of directors of the Company (the "Board") is fully aware of its importance to the shareholders and has developed a rigorous system of checks and balances which allows management to respond to the strategic directions approved by the Board. The Board believes that a well balanced corporate governance system enables the Company to achieve business excellence and fulfill the Company's mission.

企業管治為本公司之指導及監控系統。本公司董事會(「董事會」)充分了解企業管治對股東之重要性,因此建立了一套嚴謹之制衡制度,使管理層能配合董事會訂立之策略方針。董事會相信,建立一套平衡的企業管治系統,可以讓本公司獲得業務優勢,及實現本公司之使命。

This report describes the Company's corporate governance practices and structures that were in place during the financial year ended 31 March 2014, with specific reference to the principles and guidelines of the Corporate Governance Code (the "CG Code") as set out in Appendix 14 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the "Listing Rules") issued by The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange"). In developing and reviewing its corporate governance policies and practices, the Company has sought to adopt a balanced approach.

本報告乃就香港聯合交易所(「**聯交所**」)有限公司《證券上市規則》(「上市規則」)附錄十四所載《企業管治守則》(「企業管治守則」)之原則及指引以 説明本公司於二零一四年三月三十一日止財政年度內實行之企業管治常規及架構。在擬定及檢討企業管治政策及常規時,本公司已盡量採取平衡之方法。

COMPLIANCE WITH CG CODE

In the opinion of the directors of the Company ("Director(s)"), the Company complied with the code provisions as set out in the CG Code throughout the year ended 31 March 2014.

遵守企業管治守則

本公司之董事(「董事」)認為,於截至二零一四年 三月三十一日止年度,本公司已遵守企業管治守 則所載的守則條文。



THE BOARD

As at 31 March 2014, the Board is composed of five Directors, including two Executive Directors, namely Mr. NGAI Chun Hung ("Mr. NGAI") and Mr. YAU Kwok Fai ("Mr. YAU"), and three Independent Non-executive Directors ("INED(s)"), namely Professor KO Jan Ming ("Professor KO"), The Hon. IP Kwok Him, GBS, JP ("The Hon. IP") and Mr. FUNG Pui Cheung Eugene ("Mr. FUNG"). The biographical details of the Directors are set out on pages 36 to 40 in the section "BIOGRAPHIES OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT" of this annual report. A List of Directors and their Role and Function is available on the Company's website.

The Board has a balance of skills and experience appropriate for the requirements of the Group's business. All Directors have separate and independent access to the advice and services of the senior management and the company secretary, with a view to ensuring that board procedures and all applicable rules and regulations are followed. When needed and upon making request to the Board, the INEDs may obtain independent professional advice at the Company's expense in carrying out their duties.

The Board has undertaken the corporate governance function as required under the CG Code. The Board is responsible for all major aspects of the Company's affairs, which includes:

- formulating overall strategic plans and directions, and objectives of the Group;
- monitoring the performance of the management of the Group;
- implementing and monitoring an effective framework of internal controls and risk management;
- monitoring material transactions (including, in particular, those which may involve conflicts of interest);
- approving interim reports and annual reports, announcements and considering dividend policy;
- ensuring the Company has good corporate governance and review and monitor its policies and practices on compliance with applicable legal and regulatory requirements; and
- other significant financial and operational matters

董事會

於二零一四年三月三十一日,董事會由五名董事組成,包括兩名執行董事(即魏振雄先生(「魏先生」)及游國輝先生(「游先生」));以及三名獨立非執行董事(「獨立非執行董事」)(即高贊明教授(「高教授」)、葉國謙議員(金紫荊星章、太平紳士)(「葉議員」)及馮培漳先生(「馮先生」))。董事之履歷詳情載列於本年度報告第36頁到40頁「董事及高級管理層履歷」一節。一份董事名單與其角色和職能載列於本公司網頁。

董事會根據本集團業務而具備適當所需技巧和經驗。為確保董事會程序及所有適用規則及規例均獲得遵守,所有董事皆有自行及獨立接觸高級管理人員及公司秘書的途徑,以獲得他們的意見和服務。在履行職責時,獨立非執行董事可按需要向董事會提出要求,以取得獨立專業意見,相關費用由公司承擔。

董事會按企業管治守則之要求負責企業管治功能。董事會所作的主要決策類型包括以下各項:

- 制定本集團的策略性計劃、方向及目標;
- 監察本集團管理層的表現;
- 實行及監察有效的內部監控及風險管理框架;
- 監察重大交易(尤其包括可能涉及利益衝突 的交易);
- 通過中期報告及年度報告、中期與全年業績 之公佈及商討派息政策;
- 確保本公司有良好的企業管治,檢討及監察 其就遵守所有適用法律及監管規定所制定之 政策及常規;及
- 其他重大財務及營運事宜。

THE BOARD (continued)

Responsibilities over day-to-day operations are delegated to the management under the leadership of the Executive Directors.

The Company has arranged for insurance cover in respect of legal action against the Directors and its officers. The insurance cover is reviewed annually to ensure that the Directors and officers are adequately protected against potential liabilities.

The INEDs

During the year ended 31 March 2014, the Board at all times met the requirements of the Listing Rules relating to the appointment of at least three INEDs with at least one INED possessing appropriate professional qualifications, or accounting or related financial management expertise. The Company has also met the requirement of at least one-third of members of the Board being INEDs.

The three INEDs of the Company are persons of high caliber, with academic and professional qualifications in the fields of engineering, legislation and accounting and finance. With their experience gained from various sectors, they provide strong support towards the effective discharge of the duties and responsibilities of the Board.

The INEDs are appointed for a fixed specific term. Each of Professor KO, The Hon. IP and Mr. FUNG have served as an INED of the Company for more than nine years that their further appointment should be subject to separate resolutions to be approved by shareholders. During his years of appointment, each of Professor KO, The Hon. IP and Mr. FUNG has demonstrated his ability to provide an independent view to the Company's matters. Notwithstanding their years of service as an INED of the Company, the Board is of the view that Professor KO, The Hon. IP and Mr. FUNG are able to continue to fulfill their roles as required and thus recommends them for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting ("AGM"). Further, the Company is of the view that each of Professor KO, The Hon. IP and Mr. FUNG meets the independence guidelines set out in Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules and is independent in accordance with the terms of the guidelines having regard to (i) their annual confirmation on independence as required under the Listing Rules, (ii) the absence of involvement in the daily management of the Company, (iii) the absence of any relationships or circumstances which would interfere with the exercise of their independent judgment, and (iv) the absence of remuneration from the Company other than the directors' fee and the share options granted to them (if any).

董事會(續)

在執行董事的領導下,管理層負責日常運作。

本公司已就董事及高級管理層可能會面對的法 律行動作出投保安排。每年會檢討保額,以確保 董事及高級管理層受充份保障,以防承受潛在負 債。

獨立非執行董事

截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度內,董事會 於所有時間均符合上市規則之規定,委任最少三 名獨立非執行董事,而其中一名獨立非執行董事 具備適當專業資格,或會計或有關財務管理之專 業知識。本公司亦已符合最少三份之一董事會成 員須為獨立非執行董事之要求。

本公司的三名獨立非執行董事皆擁有卓越才幹, 在工程,法律和會計及財務領域擁有學術及專業 資歷。他們來自不同界別的經驗,為有效履行董 事會的職責和責任,提供了強力的支持。

獨立非執行董事均有指定任期。高教授、葉議員 及馮先生均已出任本公司獨立非執行董事超過九 年,於在任期間,高教授、葉議員及馮先生對本 公司事務不時提供獨立意見,儘管高教授、葉議 員及馮先生已擔任本公司獨立非執行董事多年, 董事會認為高教授、葉議員及馮先生有能力繼續 履行所需之職責,因此董事會推薦高教授、葉議 員及馮先生於即將舉行之股東週年大會(「股東 **週年大會**|)上膺選連任。此外,本公司認為高教 授、葉議員及馮先生均符合載於上市規則第3.13 條之獨立性指引,並根據該指引條文考慮彼等(i) 根據上市規則要求遞交的年度獨立性確認書,(ii) 並無參與本公司日常管理,(iii)無任何關係或情 況影響而對其行使獨立判斷構成干預,及(iv)除 董事袍金及授予他們的購股權(如有)外,本公司 並無支付其他酬金,董事會認為本公司所有獨立 非執行董事均屬獨立屬獨立人士。

THE BOARD (continued)

The INEDs (continued)

Each of Professor KO, The Hon. IP and Mr. FUNG, all being INED of the Company eligible for re-election at the AGM, has made an annual confirmation of independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules.

Meetings

Regular Board meetings are held at least four times a year at approximately quarterly intervals. Tentative dates of regular Board meetings for next year are scheduled approaching the end of each calendar year in order to facilitate the Directors to plan for attendance of the meetings. Meetings will also be convened, as and when required, to deal with ad hoc issues.

Any Director who is not able to present physically may participate at any Board meeting through electronic means of communication, such as conference telephone or other similar communication equipment, in accordance with the Bye-laws of the Company.

Notice convening each regular Board meeting is sent at least 14 days in advance, and reasonable notice is given for other Board meetings. The company secretary assists the Chairman of the Board to prepare the meeting notice and agenda. Each Director may include any item in the agenda. The agenda, accompanied by meeting papers with sufficient and reliable information, are sent to each Director not less than 3 days before the date of a Board meeting to enable the Directors to make informed decisions on the matters to be discussed, except where a Board meeting is convened on a very urgent basis to consider any urgent ad hoc matter.

Minutes of Board meetings are recorded in sufficient detail the matters considered by the Board at the meeting and decisions reached. Draft minutes of board meetings are circulated to the Directors for comments and the signed minutes are kept by the Company Secretary and open for inspection to any Director on request.

董事會(續)

獨立非執行董事(續)

將於股東週年大會上膺選連任之本公司獨立非執 行董事高教授、葉議員及馮先生均已根據上市規 則第3.13條規定,分別向本公司提交確認其符合 獨立性之年度確認書。

會議

董事會每年最少舉行四次定期會議,約每季一次。翌年董事會定期會議之日期將於每年近年底 時擬定,以便董事就出席會議作出安排。董事會 於有需要時會另行召開會議,以處理突發事項。

根據本公司之公司細則,任何無法親身出席之董 事均可透過電子通訊設備,例如會議電話或其他 類似通訊設備,參與任何董事會會議。

召開每次董事會定期會議之通告會於最少十四天 前發出,而就其他董事會會議之通告則會於合理 時間內發出。公司秘書協助董事會主席擬定會議 通告及議程。每位董事均可於議程內加入任何議 題。除非董事會會議於緊急情況下召開以考慮任 何緊急突發事項,議程連同載有充足且可靠資料 之會議文件將不少於董事會會議舉行日期前三天 發送給每位董事,使董事能就須討論之事項作出 知情決定。

董事會之會議記錄詳細記錄會議上所考慮之事項 及達成之決議。董事會會議之會議記錄的初稿均 會傳閱讓董事評註。已簽署之會議記錄均由公司 秘書保存,並開放予任何董事查閱。

THE BOARD (continued)

Meetings (continued)

Attendance of individual Director at the meetings of the Board, the Audit Committee, the Remuneration Committee, the Nomination Committee and Annual General Meeting during the year ended 31 March 2014:

董事會(續)

會議(續)

董事在截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度於董事會會議、委員會會議及股東大會的出席率:

Directors

董事

No. of Meetings Attended/No. of Meetings held 出席會議次數/開會次數

						Independent	Annual
			Remuneration	Audit	Nomination	Board	General
		Board	Committee	Committee	Committee	Committee	Meeting
		董事會	薪酬委員會	審核委員會	提名委員會	獨立委員會 股	東週年大會
Executive Directors	執行董事						
Mr. NGAI	魏先生	4/4	N/A不適用	N/A不適用	1/1	N/A不適用	1/1
Mr. YAU	游先生	4/4	2/2	N/A不適用	N/A不適用	N/A不適用	1/1
Mr. LI Chi Pong*	李治邦先生	3/3	N/A不適用	N/A不適用	N/A不適用	N/A不適用	1/1
Independent Non-Executive Directors	獨立非執行董事						
Professor KO	高教授	4/4	2/2	2/2	1/1	1/1	1/1
The Hon. IP	葉議員	4/4	2/2	2/2	1/1	1/1	1/1
Mr. FUNG	馮先生	4/4	2/2	2/2	1/1	1/1	1/1

^{*} Mr. LI Chi Pong resigned on 10 December 2013.

Appointment, Re-election and Removal of Directors

The Board is responsible for reviewing the Board composition, developing and formulating the relevant procedures for nomination and appointment of Directors, monitoring the appointment and succession of Directors and assessing the independence of INEDs. The appointment of INEDs adheres to the guidelines for assessing independence as set out in Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Board, through the Nomination Committee set up in December 2011, reviews from time to time its own structure, size and composition to ensure that it has a balance of appropriate expertise, skills and experience for the needs of the businesses of the Group.

委任、重選及罷免董事

董事會負責檢討董事會的組成、發展及制定提名 及委任董事的相關程序、監督董事之委任及繼任 和評估獨立非執行董事的獨立性。獨立非執行董 事之委任乃遵守上市規則第3.13條所列有關評估 獨立性的指引。通過於二零一一年十二月成立的 提名委員會,董事會將不時檢討其自身的組成、 規模及結構,以確保董事會具有適當及平衡的專 業知識、技能和經驗以乎合本集團業務的需求。

^{*} 李治邦先生已於二零一三年十二月十日辭任

THE BOARD (continued)

Appointment, Re-election and Removal of Directors

The term of office of each of the Directors (including the INEDs) has been fixed for a specific term for not more than three years. They are subject to retirement by rotation and re-election at the Company's AGM in accordance with the Company's Bye-laws.

Pursuant to the Company's Bye-laws, at each AGM one-third of the Directors for the time being (or, if their number is not a multiple of three (3), the number nearest to but not greater than one-third) shall retire from office by rotation. A retiring Director shall be eligible for re-election. In addition, Director(s) appointed during the year as an addition to the Board or to fill a casual vacancy on the Board hold office only until the next coming general meeting of the Company and shall then be eligible for re-election at that meeting. The election of each candidate is done through a separate resolution.

At the forthcoming AGM to be held on 15 August 2014, Mr. YAU, Professor KO, The Hon. IP and Mr. FUNG will retire and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election. Details with respect to the candidates standing for election as Directors are set out in the AGM circular to shareholders.

CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

The roles of Chairman and Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") of the Company are separately performed by Mr. NGAI and Mr. YAU, respectively. This segregation ensures a clear division of the Chairman's responsibilities for the management of the Board and the CEO's responsibilities for the day-to-day management of the Company's business. Mr. NGAI and Mr. YAU are brothers-in-law.

The Chairman is responsible for providing leadership for the Board, and ensuring that all Directors are properly briefed on issues arising at board meetings and that Directors receive adequate, complete and reliable information in a timely manner. The Chairman has an additional or casting vote in the event of an equality of votes on any matter to be decided by the Board.

董事會(續)

委任、重選及罷免董事(續)

董事(包括獨立非執行董事)之任期訂明為不多於 三年。董事須根據本公司之組公司細則於本公司 股東週年大會上輪值告退及可膺選連任。

根據本公司之公司細則,在每屆股東周年大會 上,當時三分之一之董事(倘人數並非三(3)之倍 數,則以最接近但不少於三分之一之人數為準) 須輪值退任。退任的董事有資格膺選連任。此 外,於年度內為增加現有董事的名額或填補某臨 時空缺而獲委任的董事,只任職至其獲委任後首 次舉行的股東大會,並於該大會上有資格再度當 選。每名候選人的選舉按獨立的決議案逐一表決。

將於二零一四年八月十五日舉行的股東周年大會 上,游先生、高教授、葉議員及馮先生將退任董 事,並合資格膺選連任。候選董事的資料載於寄 予股東的股東周年大會通函內。

主席及行政總裁

本公司主席及行政總裁(「行政總裁」)的角色分別 由魏先生及游先生擔任。主席及行政總裁分開委 任之安排確保主席負責管理董事會而行政總裁負 責本公司業務的日常管理的清晰區分。游先生為 魏先生的妹夫。

主席負責領導董事會,並確保董事會會議上所有 董事均適當知悉當前的事項,且董事均及時收到 充分的資訊,而有關資訊亦必須完備可靠。由董 事會決定的任何事項,如票數均等,主席有權投 額外一票或決定票。



CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

(continued)

The CEO is appointed by the Board and is responsible for providing leadership for the management, implementing and reporting to the Board on the Group's strategy, overseeing the day-to-day operations of the Group and providing all such information to the Board as is necessary to enable the Board to monitor the performance of the management.

According to the code provision A.2.7 of the CG Code, the Chairman met with the three INEDs of the Company for once without the presence of the management and the other Executive Directors during the year ended 31 March 2014.

BOARD COMMITTEES

The Board has set up three Board Committees, namely, the Audit Committee, the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee, to oversee particular aspects of the Company's affairs.

Audit Committee

The Company's Audit Committee was established on 8 September 2000 with written terms of reference in compliance with Rule 3.21 of the Listing Rules. The Audit Committee's terms of reference has been revised and adopted on 27 March 2014 and the document are available on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange.

As at 31 March 2014, the Audit Committee is made up of the three INEDs, namely Professor KO, The Hon. IP and Mr. FUNG. Professor KO is the chairman of the Audit Committee. Mr. FUNG is a certified public accountant and possesses the appropriate accounting qualifications and experiences in financial matters.

主席及行政總裁(續)

行政總裁由董事會委任,負責領導管理層、實行本集團策略及就此向董事會匯報、監督本集團的 日常運作,並於有需要時向董事會提供一切有關 資料,讓董事會能監督管理層的表現。

根據企業管治守則的守則條文第A.2.7條,在本公司的管理層及其他執行董事不在場的情況下, 主席與本公司的三名獨立非執行董事於截至二零 一四年三月三十一日年度內進行了一次會面。

董事會轄下之委員會

董事會已成立三個委員會,即審計委員會、薪酬 委員會及提名委員會,以監督本公司特定方面的 事務。

審核委員會

本公司之審核委員會於二零零年九月八日成立,其書面職權範圍符合上市規則第3.21條的規定。審核委員會的職權範圍於二零一四年三月二十七日經修訂後採納,文件可於本公司及聯交所網站上查閱。

於二零一四年三月三十一日,審核委員會由三名 獨立非執行董事組成,即高教授、葉議員及馮先 生。高教授現為審核委員會主席。馮先生為執業 會計師,並具有合適的會計資格及財務事宜的經 驗。



BOARD COMMITTEES (continued)

Audit Committee (continued)

The Audit Committee holds regular meetings at least twice a year and they also meets with the Company's external auditors at least twice a year to discuss the audit plan and to review the Company's annual report and accounts. During the year ended 31 March 2014, the Audit Committee held two meetings. The major roles and functions of the Audit Committee include:

- review the unaudited interim report and interim results announcement of the Company and the Group;
- review the audited accounts and final results announcement of the Company and the Group;
- review the accounting policies and practices adopted by the Company and the Group;
- review and recommend the re-appointment of external auditor;
- oversee the engagement, services provided and remuneration of the external auditor and its independence and serve as a useful channel of communication between the Board and the external auditors; and
- review and monitor the effectiveness of the financial reporting function, internal control system and the risk management system of the Group.

There is no disagreement between the Board and the Audit Committee's view on re-appointment of external auditor, and they both have agreed to recommend the re-appointment of Ernst & Young as the Company's external auditor for the ensuing year at the 2014 AGM of the Company.

董事會轄下之委員會(續) 審核委員會(續)

審核委員會每年舉行最少兩次定期會議,以審閱本公司的年度及中期報告及賬目。審核委員會與本公司外聘核數師每年舉行最少兩次會議,以相

討有關審計計劃及審閱本公司的年度報告及賬目。於截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度內, 審核委員會舉行了兩次會議,其主要工作和職能 如下:

- 審閱本公司及本集團之未經審核中期報告及 中期業績公佈;
- 審閱本公司及本集團之經審核財務賬目及全 年業績公佈;
- 審閱本公司及本集團應用之會計政策和慣例:
- 審閱及推薦重聘核數師;
- 評核本公司之外聘核數師之審核工作、酬金及其獨立性,並就關於外部審核產生的事項,擔任董事會與外部核數師之間有效的溝通渠道;及
- 評核本集團之財務報告系統、內部控制系統 及危機管理系統之有效性。

董事會及審核委員會就重新委任外聘核數師上並 無分歧,而彼等均已同意於本公司即將舉行之二 零一四年股東周年大會上,建議重新委任安永會 計師事務所為本公司來年之外聘核數師。



BOARD COMMITTEES (continued)

Remuneration Committee

The Company's Remuneration Committee was established on 16 December 2005 with written terms of reference and consists of a majority of Independent Non-executive Directors. The purpose of the Remuneration Committee is to set policy on Executive Directors' remuneration and for fixing remuneration packages for all Directors. The Remuneration Committee's terms of reference has been revised and adopted on 27 March 2014 and the document are available on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange.

As at 31 March 2014, the Remuneration Committee is made up of the three INEDs, namely Professor KO, The Hon. IP and Mr. FUNG, and one Executive Director, namely Mr. YAU. Professor KO is the chairman of the Remuneration Committee.

The Remuneration Committee meets at least once a year to review the remuneration of Executive Directors and make recommendations to the Board. During the year ended 31 March 2014, the Remuneration Committee held two meetings. The major roles and functions of the Remuneration Committee include the review of the remuneration of individual Executive Directors and making recommendations to the Board. Executive directors and certain senior management of the Company are entitled to discretionary performance-related bonus payments which are determined with reference to the Group's operating results and their respective individual performance. No Director involved in the determination about his own remuneration.

Particulars of the remuneration payable to each Director for the year ended 31 March 2014 are set out in note 8 to the financial statements of this annual report.

Pursuant to code provision B.1.5 of the CG Code, the remuneration of the senior management by band for the year ended March 2014 is set out below:

Within the band of

Nil to HK\$1,000,000 HK\$1,000,001 to HK\$1,500,000 HK\$2,000,001 to HK\$2,500,000

董事會轄下之委員會(續) 薪酬委員會

本公司已於二零零五年十二月十六日成立具有 特定成文職權範圍的薪酬委員會,其大部份成員 為獨立非執行董事。成立薪酬委員會的目的乃制 定執行董事的薪酬政策,及釐定全體董事的薪酬 待遇。薪酬委員會的職權範圍於二零一四年三月 二十七日經修訂後採納,文件可於本公司及聯交 所網站上查閱。

於二零一四年三月三十一日,薪酬委員會由三名 獨立非執行董事,即高教授、葉議員及馮先生, 以及一名執行董事(即游先生)組成。高教授為薪 酬委員會主席。

薪酬委員會每年舉行最少一次會議,以審閱執行董事的酬金,並向董事會提出建議。於截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度內,薪酬委員會舉行了兩次會議,其主要工作和職能包括檢討每名執行董事之薪酬並向董事會提出意見。本公司執行董事及若干高層管理人員有權享有與表現相關之酌情花紅,而花紅乃參考本集團經營業績、董事及高層管理人員之個別表現後釐定。概無董事就彼之酬金作出決定。

有關截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度應支付各董事之薪酬詳情,已載於本年度報告之財務報 表附註8。

根據企業管治守則第B.1.5條,以下列出高級管理 層於截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度的薪酬 組別:

組別介乎於 Number of individuals 人數

零港元至1,000,000港元 14 1,000,001港元至1,500,000港元 4 2,000,001港元至2,500,000港元 1



BOARD COMMITTEES (continued)

Nomination Committee

The Company's Nomination Committee was established on 7 September 2011 with written terms of reference and consists of a majority of INEDs. The Nomination Committee's terms of reference has been revised and adopted on 27 March 2014 and the document are available on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange.

As at 31 March 2014, the Nomination Committee is made up of the three INEDs, namely Professor KO, The Hon. IP and Mr. FUNG, and one Executive Director, namely Mr. NGAI. Mr. NGAI is the chairman of the Nomination Committee.

The Nomination Committee meets at least once a year. During the year ended 31 March 2014, the Nomination Committee held one meeting. The major roles and functions of the Nomination Committee include:

- review the structure, size and composition (including the skills, knowledge and experience) of the Board and make recommendations to the Board on the appointment or re-appointment of Directors and succession planning for Directors at least annually;
- identify and make recommendations to the Board on suitable individuals nominated for appointment as Director(s);
- assess the independence of INEDs;
- review contribution required from Directors; and
- review and monitor the training and continuous professional development of Directors.

董事會轄下之委員會(續) 提名委員會

本公司已於二零一一年九月七日成立具有特定成 文職權範圍的提名委員會,其大部份成員為獨立 非執行董事。提名委員會的職權範圍於二零一四 年三月二十七日經修訂後採納,文件可於本公司 及聯交所網站上查閱。

於二零一四年三月三十一日,提名委員會由三名 獨立非執行董事,即高教授、葉議員及馮先生組成,以及一名執行董事(即魏先生)組成。魏先生 為提名委員會主席。

提名委員會每年舉行最少一次會議。於截至二零 一四年三月三十一日止年度內,提名委員會舉行 了一次會議,其主要工作和職能如下:

- 每年最少一次檢討董事會的架構、規模及組成(包括技能、知識及經驗方面),就董事的委任、重選及董事之繼任計劃,向董事會提出建議;
- 物色具備合適資格人士擔任董事會成員,並 就此向董事會作出建議;
- 評核獨立非執行董事之獨立性;
- 評核董事之貢獻;及
- 評核及監察董事之培訓及專業發展。

DIRECTOR' TRAINING AND PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT

Every Director keeps abreast of responsibilities as a Director of the Company and of the conduct, business activities and development of the Company. The Company provides all members of the Board with monthly updates on the Group's development.

According to the code provision A.6.5 of the CG Code, all Directors should participate in continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills to ensure that their contribution to the Board remains informed and relevant.

The Directors confirmed that they have complied with the code provision A.6.5 of the CG Code on Directors' training and they have provided a record of training they received for the financial year ended 31 March 2014 to the Company.

DIRECTORS' SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers as set out in Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules (the "Model Code") as the code of conduct regarding the Directors' securities transactions. Following specific enquiry made by the Company, the Directors have confirmed that they had complied with the required standard set out in the Model Code throughout the year ended 31 March 2014.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS

Full details of the Directors' interests in the shares of the Company are set out on pages 68 to 70 in the section "REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS" of this annual report.

董事培訓及專業發展

每位董事均了解作為本公司董事的責任,掌握本 公司的經營、業務活動及動向的資料。本公司每 月向董事會所有成員匯報本集團的最新發展。

企業管治守則下守則條文第A.6.5條規定董事須參 與持續專業發展,以拓展及更新其知識和技能, 從而確保其對董事會有相應的貢獻。

董事確認,彼等已遵守有關董事培訓之守則條文 第A.6.5條,而董事亦已提供他們於截至二零一四 年三月三十一日止年度內參與持續專業發展項目 的記錄予公司保存。

董事進行證券交易的標準守則

本公司已採納上市規則附錄10《上市公司董事進行證券交易的標準守則》(「標準守則」)作為有關董事進行買賣證券之標準守則。經本公司作具體查詢後,董事確認,於截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度內,彼等已遵守標準守則所載列之標準規定。

董事權益

有關董事於本公司股份中權益的全部詳情,載於本年度報告第68至70頁「董事會報告」內。



AUDITORS' REMUNERATION

In respect of the year ended 31 March 2014, the remuneration paid and payable to the Company's external auditors, Ernst & Young, is set out below:

核數師酬金

截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度,本公司之 外聘核數師安永會計師事務所的酬金如下:

HK\$'000

千港元

Audit services

Non-audit services:

Professional service fees in relation to the Excel Spin-Off

Taxation services

Other services

審核服務	3,200
非審核服務:	

有關該恰益分拆的專業服務 3,342 税務服務 181 其他服務 525

INTERNAL CONTROL

The Board recognises its responsibility for maintaining a sound and effective system of internal control to safeguard the shareholders' investment and the Company's assets, and for reviewing its effectiveness. The Board has entrusted the Audit Committee with the responsibility to review the internal control systems of the Group, which include financial, operational and compliance controls and risk management functions.

During the year under review, the Board has conducted review on the effectiveness of the internal control system of the Group through discussion with the audit committee on audit findings and control issues. These procedures provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance against material errors, losses and fraud, and manage rather than eliminate risks of failure in the Group's operational systems and in the achievement of the Group's business objectives.

The Board has also considered the adequacy of resources, qualifications and experience of staff of the Company's accounting and financial reporting function, and their training programs and budget.

內部監控

董事會承認其有確保內部監控系統穩健妥善而且 有效,以保障股東的投資及本公司的資產,並檢 討其是否有效的責任。董事會已授權審核委員會 負責檢討本集團內部監控系統,包括財務,營運 及合規控制及風險管理職能。

於回顧年度,董事會透過與審核委員會討論審核 結論及監控事宜,從而對本集團內部監控系統之 成效作出檢討。訂立上述程序旨在可合理但非絕 對確保本集團不會出現重大失誤、虧損及欺詐, 並可管理但非消除本集團營運制度失誤及業務未 能達標之風險。

董事會亦已考慮本公司會計及財務匯報職能之員 工人數、專業資格及經驗,以及培訓課程及預算 是否足夠。



COMMUNICATIONS WITH SHAREHOLDERS

The Company endeavours to maintain a high level of transparency in communication with shareholders and investors in general. The various channels via which the Company communicates with its shareholders include interim and annual reports, information on the Stock Exchange's and the Company's website, and general meetings.

Shareholders are encouraged to attend the Company's general meetings where the Chairman and the Executive Directors of the Board are available to answer questions. Separate resolutions are proposed at the general meetings on each substantially separate issue, including the election of individual Directors.

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

Right to convene special general meeting

In accordance with Article 58 of the bye-laws of the Company, any shareholder holding not less than one tenth of the paid-up capital of the Company carrying the right of voting at general meeting shall have the right, by written requisition served to the Board or the company secretary, to require a special general meeting to be convened by the Board for transaction of any business specified in such requisition; and such meeting shall be held within two (2) months after the deposit of such requisition. If within twenty one (21) days of such deposit the Board fails to proceed to convene such meeting, the requisitionists themselves may do so in accordance with the provisions of Section 74(3) of the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda.

與股東的溝通

在與股東及一般投資者的溝通而言,本公司盡力 維持高透明度。本公司與其股東溝通的渠道包括 中期及年度報告、載於聯交所及本公司網站的資 料,以及股東大會。

本公司鼓勵股東出席本公司股東大會,董事會主 席及執行董事會在會上回答提問。在股東大會 上,將會就每項實際獨立的事宜,包括選舉個別 董事,提出獨立決議案。

股東權利

召開股東特別大會之權利

根據本公司之公司細則第五十八章,倘本公司股東於向董事會或公司秘書遞交書面呈請當日持有可於本公司股東大會投票之本公司已繳足股本不少於十分一,則可要求就書面呈請中所列之任何事項召開股東特別大會,而大會應於兩個月內召開。倘於遞交呈請日期起計二十一日內,董事未有召開有關大會,則遞交呈請之人士可根據百慕達一九八一年公司法第74(1)條,自發召開有關大會。



SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS (continued)

Right to put forward proposals at general meetings

Pursuant to Sections 79(1) and 79(2) of the Bermuda Companies Act 1981, on the requisition in writing of (i) either any number of shareholders representing not less than one-twentieth of the total voting rights of all the shareholders having at the date of the requisition a right to vote at the meeting to which the requisition relates, or (ii) not less than 100 shareholders, the Company shall be under a duty to, at the expense of the requisitionists unless the Company otherwise resolves:

- (a) give to shareholders entitled to receive notice of the next AGM notice of any resolution which may properly be moved and is intended to be moved at that meeting; and
- (b) circulate to shareholders entitled to have notice of any general meeting sent to them any statement of not more than 1,000 words with respect to the matter referred to in any proposed resolution or the business to be dealt with at that meeting.

Right to put enquiries to the Board Shareholders have the right to put enquiries to the Board at general meetings.

RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT IN RESPECT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Directors acknowledge their responsibility for preparing the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2014, which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and the Group on a going concern basis.

To the best of the Directors' knowledge, there is no uncertainty relating to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt upon the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

The external auditors of the Company acknowledge their reporting responsibilities in their auditors' report on the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2014 as set out in the Independent Auditors' Report on pages 79 to 80.

股東權利(續)

於股東大會上提出議案之權利

根據百慕達一九八一年公司法例第79(1)條及第79(2)條,在(i)於遞交書面呈請日期持有不少於全體股東總投票權(賦有於呈請相關股東大會上之投票權)二十分一之股東(不論人數);或(ii)不少於100名股東以書面方式提出書面呈請,本公司應有責任(除非本公司另行議決,有關費用將由遞交呈請人士承擔):

- (a) 向有權接收下一屆股東週年大會通告之股東 發出通知,以告知於該大會上可能正式動議 及擬動議之任何決議案;及
- (b) 向有權獲發送任何股東大會通告之股東傳閱 不超過一千字之陳述書,以告知於該大會上 提呈之決議案所述事宜或將處理之事項。

向董事會提問之權利 股東有權於股東大會上向董事會提問。

有關財務報表的責任聲明

本公司董事明白彼等有責任以持續營運之基準編 製真實且公平地反映本公司及本集團截至二零 一四年三月三十一日止年度的財務狀況之財務報 表。

就董事所深知,概無任何不明朗因素或情況可能 會嚴重影響本公司持續營運之能力。

本公司之外聘核數師在本年度報告第79頁至80頁 的獨立核數師報告中,載有他們有關截至二零 一四年三月三十一日止年度財務報表的申報責 任。



COMPANY SECRETARY

The company secretary is to support the Board by ensuring good information flow with the Board as well as the board policy and procedures being followed. The company secretary is also responsible for advising the Board on governance matters and facilitates the professional development of Directors. Ms. TSANG Hau Lam ("Ms. TSANG"), the Company Secretary, is a full time employee of the Group and her biography is set out on page 43 of this annual report. Ms. TSANG has confirmed that she has complied with all the qualifications and training requirements under the Listing Rules. Ms. TSANG is also the financial controller of the Company.

CONSTITUTIONAL DOCUMENTS

During the year ended 31 March 2014, there is no change in the Company's constitutional documents.

公司秘書

公司秘書須協助董事會,確保與董事會有良好資訊流通及董事會政策和程序均得到遵守。公司秘書亦負責向董事會就管治事務提出建議,並推動董事專業發展。本公司之公司秘書曾巧臨小姐(「曾小姐」)為本集團之全職員工,彼之履歷載於本年度報告第43頁。曾小姐確認其符合上市規則項下的所有資格及培訓要求。曾小姐同時為本公司之財務總監。

憲章文件

於截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度,本公司 之憲章文件並無更改。

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activities of the Company are investment holding and the provision of corporate management services. Details of the principal activities of the Group's principal subsidiaries and joint ventures are set out in note 17 and 18 respectively to the financial statements. There were no significant changes in the nature of the Group's principal activities during the year.

RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

The Group's profit for the year ended 31 March 2014 and the state of affairs of the Company and the Group at that date are set out in the financial statements on pages 81 to 84.

The board of directors of the Company (the "Board") recommends the payment of a final dividend of HK1 cent (2013: HK3 cents) per ordinary share for the year ended 31 March 2014 to the shareholders whose names appear on the register of members of the Company on 2 September 2014 (Tuesday). The proposed payment of the final dividends is subject to approval of the Company's shareholders at the 2014 annual general meeting ("AGM") of the Company and has not been recognised as a liability as at 31 March 2014. Based on the 1,746,664,400 ordinary shares of the Company in issues as of this report, the total dividend of amounted to approximately HK\$17,467,000.

SUMMARY FINANCIAL INFORMATION

A summary of the published results and the statements of financial position of the Group for the last five financial years, as extracted from the audited financial statements and restated/reclassified as appropriate, is set out on pages 4 to 5 of the annual report. This summary does not form part of the audited financial statements.

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of movements in the Group's property, plant and equipment during the year are set out in note 14 to the financial statements. Further details of the Group's land and building are set out on page 15 of the annual report.

主要業務

本公司之主要業務為投資控股及提供企業管理服務。本集團之主要附屬公司及合營企業之主要業務詳情分別載於財務報表附註17及18。於本年度內,本集團主要業務的性質並無重大變動。

業績及股息

本集團截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度之溢 利及本公司和本集團於當日之經營狀況載於財務 報表第81至84頁。

董事會建議就截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度向於二零一四年九月二日(星期二)名列本公司股東名冊上的股東派發末期股息每股普通股1港仙(二零一三年:每股普通股3港仙)。擬派發之末期股息須於本公司的二零一四年年度股東周年大會(「**股東周年大會**」)上獲得股東批准,方可作實,此末期股息因而並未在結算日確認為負債。按本報告日本公司已發行股份1,746,664,400股普通股股份計算的股息總額約為17,467,000港元。

財務資料概要

本集團截至過往五個財政年度之已刊發業績以及 財務狀況表之概要(摘錄自經審核財務報表並已 經重列或重分類)載於本年度報告第4頁至5頁。 此概要並不構成經審核財務報表之一部份。

物業、機器及設備

本集團之物業、機器及設備於本年度之變動詳情 載於財務報表附註14。本集團之土地及樓宇之進 一步詳情載於本年度報告第15頁。

INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

All of the Group's investment properties were revalued by an independent professional valuer as at 31 March 2014 using the fair value model. Details of movements in the Group's investment properties during the year are set out in note 16 to the financial statements. Further details of the Group's investment properties are set out on page 15 of the annual report.

BANK BORROWINGS

Particulars of bank borrowings of the Group as at 31 March 2014 are set out in note 27 to the financial statements.

SHARE CAPITAL AND SHARE OPTIONS

There was no movement in the Company's authorized share capital during the year. Movements in the Company's issued share capital of the Company and share options and the reasons therefore are set out in notes 29 and 30 to the financial statements.

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Company's Bye-laws or the laws of Bermuda which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro rata basis to existing shareholders.

PURCHASE, REDEMPTION OR SALE OF THE COMPANY'S LISTED SECURITIES

Neither the Company, nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, redeemed or sold any of the Company's listed securities during the year.

RESERVES

Details of movements in the reserves of the Company and the Group during the year are set out in note 31 to the financial statements and in the consolidated statement of changes in equity, respectively.

投資物業

所有本集團之投資物業已由一名獨立專業估值師採用公平值模式重估其於二零一四年三月三十一日之價值。本集團之投資物業於本年度之變動詳情載於財務報表附註16。本集團之投資物業之進一步詳情載於本年度報告第15頁。

銀行貸款

本集團於二零一四年三月三十一日之銀行貸款之 詳情,載於財務報表附註27。

股本及購股權

於本年度內,本公司之法定股本無任何變動。本 公司已發行股本及購股權的變動及其原因,載於 財務報表附註29及30。

優先購買權

本公司之公司細則或百慕達法例並無優先購買權 之規定,故此本公司無須按比例向現有股東發售 新股。

買賣或贖回本公司之上市證券

本公司或其任何附屬公司概無於截至二零一四年 三月三十一日止年度內買賣或贖回本公司任何上 市證券。

儲備

於本年度內,本公司及本集團之儲備變動詳情分 別載於財務報表附註31及綜合權益變動表。

DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES

At 31 March 2014, the Company's reserves available for distribution, calculated in accordance with the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda (as amended), amounted to HK\$253,351,000 (2013: HK\$70,439,000). In addition, the Company's share premium account, in the amount of HK\$332,983,000 at 31 March 2014 (2013: 181,173,000), may be distributed in the form of fully paid bonus shares.

DONATIONS

During the year, the Group made donations for charitable and other purposes of approximately HK\$78,000 (2013: HK\$217,000).

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

During the year, contract revenue earned from the Group's five largest customers accounted for approximately 95% (2013: 93%) of the total contract revenue for the year and contract revenue earned from the largest customer included therein accounted for approximately 57% (2013: 61%).

Subcontracting charges paid to the Group's five largest suppliers accounted for approximately 26% (2013: 25%) of the total subcontracting charges and material costs incurred for the year. Subcontracting charges paid to the largest supplier included therein accounted for approximately 9% (2013: 6%).

None of the directors of the Company (the "Director(s)") or any of their associates or any shareholders (which, to the best knowledge of the Directors, own more than 5% of the Company's issued share capital) had any interest in the Group's five largest customers or the five largest suppliers.

可供分派儲備

於二零一四年三月三十一日,根據百慕達一九八一年公司法(經修訂)之規定所計算,本公司之可供分派儲備為253,351,000港元(二零一三年:70,439,000港元)。此外,於二零一四年三月三十一日,本公司可以繳足紅股之方式分派之股份溢價賬為332,983,000港元(二零一三年:181,173,000港元)。

捐款

於本年度內,本集團作出之慈善及其他捐款約 78,000港元(二零一三年:217,000港元)。

主要客戶及供應商

於本年度內,自本集團五大客戶賺取之合約收入佔本年度合約收入總額約95%(二零一三年:93%),其中來自最大客戶賺取之合約收入約佔57%(二零一三年:61%)。

本集團支付五位最大供應商之分判支出佔本年度發生之分判支出及材料成本總額約26%(二零一三年:25%)。其中支付最大供應商之分判支出約佔9%(二零一三年:6%)。

本公司董事(「董事」)或彼等各自之任何聯繫人士或任何股東(就董事所知其擁有5%以上之本公司已發行股本)並無於本集團五大客戶或五大供應商擁有任何權益。

DIRECTORS

The Directors during the year and up to the date of this report were:

Executive directors:

Mr. NGAI Chun Hung ("Mr. NGAI")(Chairman)

Mr. YAU Kwok Fai ("Mr. YAU")

(Deputy Chairman and Chief Executive Officer)

Mr. LI Chi Pong ("Mr. LI")

(resigned on 10 December 2013)

Independent non-executive directors:

Professor KO Jan Ming ("Professor KO")

The Hon. IP Kwok Him, GBS, JP ("The Hon. IP")

Mr. FUNG Pui Cheung Eugene ("Mr. FUNG")

At the forthcoming annual general meeting ("AGM"), Mr. YAU, Professor KO, The Hon. IP and Mr. FUNG shall retire from office in accordance with clause 87 of the Bye-laws and/or the Code Provision A.4.3 of the Corporate Governance Code set out in Appendix 14 of the Rules (the "Listing Rules") Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange"). All the retiring Directors, being eligible, will offer themselves for re-election to serve for another term at the AGM.

The appointment of each of Professor KO, The Hon. IP and Mr. FUNG, as extended based on the respective agreement between them and the Company, was for a term of two years expiring on 31 August 2014.

CONFIRMATION OF INDEPENDENCE OF INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

The Company has received from each of Professor KO, The Hon. IP and Mr. FUNG an annual confirmation of his independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules, and the Company considers all of the independent non-executive directors to be independent.

DIRECTORS' AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT'S BIOGRAPHIES

Biographical details of the Directors and the senior management of the Group are set out on pages 36 to 47 of the annual report.

董事

於本年度及直至此報告日期期間內,本公司之董 事如下:

執行董事:

魏振雄先生(「魏先生」)(主席)

游國輝先生(「游先生」)

(副主席兼行政總裁)

李治邦先生(「李先生」)

(於二零一三年十二月十日辭任)

獨立非執行董事:

高贊明教授(「高教授」)

葉國謙議員(金紫荊星章、太平紳士)(「**葉議員**」) 馮培漳先生(「**馮先生**」)

於即將舉行之股東週年大會(「**股東週年大會**」) 上,游先生、高教授、葉議員及馮先生將根據公司細則第87條及/或香港聯合交易所有限公司(「**聯交所**」)《證券上市規則》(「上市規則」)附錄十四所載之《企業管治守則》的守則條文第A.4.3條退任董事。所有退任董事均符合資格並願意於股東週年大會上膺選連任。

高教授、葉議員及馮先生各自之委任任期,按彼 等各自與本公司訂立之協議,獲延長兩年至二零 一四年八月三十一日。

獨立非執行董事之年度獨立性確認書

根據上市規則第3.13條,本公司已接獲高教授、 葉議員及馮先生各自之年度獨立性確認書,並認 為彼等均為獨立人士。

董事及高級管理人員之履歷

本公司董事及本集團高級管理人員之履歷載於本 年度報告第36至47頁。

DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

Mr. NGAI and Mr. YAU have respectively renewed their service contracts with the Company on 25 March 2013 for a fixed term of three years commencing from 1 April 2013, subject to termination by either party by giving a six-month written notice.

None of the Directors has a service contract with the Company or any of its subsidiaries which is of a duration exceeding three years or which is not determinable by the employer within one year without payment of compensation (other than statutory compensation).

DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION

The Directors' remuneration are set out in note 8 to the financial statements.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN CONTRACTS

Other than the contracts as further detailed in section headed "CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS" below, no Director had a material interest, either directly or indirectly, in any contract of significance to the business of the Group to which the Company, its holding company, or any of its subsidiaries or fellow subsidiaries was a party during the year.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN COMPETING BUSINESS

Mr. NGAI is a Director and/or (substantial) shareholder of Winflower Investment Limited, Win Source Investment Limited, Key Fame Limited and Key Fund Limited, which are companies incorporated in Hong Kong and engaging in property investment or property development business. At 31 March 2014, Mr. NGAI's wife and his son, Mr. NGAI Wing Yin, who is aged over 18, are directors of Lanon Development Limited ("Lanon Development"), a company incorporated in Hong Kong and engaging in construction, maintenance and engineering contract works. Mr. NGAI Wing Yin holds 78% beneficial interest in Lanon Development. Mr. NGAI's wife is also the company secretary of Lanon Development and Lanon Building Limited ("Lanon Building"). Lanon Building is a company incorporated in Hong Kong and engaging in construction business. Mr. NGAI Wing Yin holds 78% beneficial interest in Lanon Development. Mr. NGAI's wife resigned from the director and/or the company secretary of Lanon Development and Lanon Building on 16 June 2014.

董事之服務合約

於二零一三年三月二十五日,魏先生及游先生分別與本公司更新了彼等之服務合約。合約由二零一三年四月一日起生效,為期三年,或由其中一方給予六個月書面通知予以終止為止。

各董事並無與本公司或其任何附屬公司訂立任何 服務合約年期超過三年或規定僱主不可在一年內 終止其服務(除非作出法定賠償以外之賠償)的服 務合約。

董事酬金

董事酬金載於財務報表附註8。

董事之合約權益

除於下文「關連交易」一段所披露之合約外,本公司董事並無在本公司、其控股公司或其任何附屬公司或同系附屬公司於本年度內訂立之任何重大合約中擁有直接或間接重大權益。

董事於競爭性業務中的權益

魏先生為旋花投資有限公司、源捷投資有限公司、敦翹有限公司及智穎有限公司之董事及/或(主要)股東,該等公司均於香港註冊成立,並從事物業投資或物業發展業務。於二零一四年三月三十一日,魏先生之太太及其兒子魏穎院子魏穎然先生持有亮雅之78%實基事,魏穎然先生持有亮雅之78%實益權益。亮雅發展為一家於香港註冊成立之有限公司,主要從事建築、維修及土木工程工作。同時,魏先生之太太亦為為亮雅發展及亮雅建設」)之公司秘書。亮雅建設為一家於香港註冊成立之有限公司,主要從事建設。有限公司(「克雅建設」)之公司秘書。完雅建設為一家於香港註冊成立之有限公司,主要從事建益。務,而魏弒然先生持有亮雅之78%實益權益。稅先生之太太已於二零一四年六月十六日辭任亮雅發展及亮雅建設之董事及/或公司秘書。

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN COMPETING BUSINESS (continued)

On the other hand, the Group has entered into a tenancy agreement with Lanon Development, which constituted continuing connected transactions of the Company. Further details of these continuing connected transactions are set out in the paragraph "Continuing Connected Transactions" under the "CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS" section below.

The power to make material business decisions for the Group is vested in the Board. Whenever the Board considers that there may be a conflict of interest between the Group and any Director, such Director (including Mr. NGAI who is the executive director, Chairman of the Board and a substantial shareholder of the Company) will be required to abstain from voting. Therefore, the Board is capable of carrying on the Group's business independently of, and at arm's length, from the business of Mr. NGAI.

Save as disclosed above, none of the Directors or their respective associates is interested in any business which are considered to compete or are likely to compete, either directly or indirectly, with the businesses of the Group.

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER'S INTERESTS IN SECURITIES

At 31 March 2014, the interests and short positions of the Directors and chief executives of the Company in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance ("SFO")) as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 352 of the SFO or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") as set out in Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange were as follows:

董事於競爭性業務中的權益(續)

此外,本集團與亮雅發展簽訂一份租賃協議,該 租賃協議構成本公司之持續關連交易,有關此等 持續關連交易之進一步詳情載於下文「關連交易」 一節下「持續關連交易」一段。

本集團作出重大業務決策的權力歸於董事會。每 當董事會認為本集團與任何董事之間可能有利益 衝突時,有關董事(包括作為本公司執行董事、 董事會主席兼主要股東之魏先生)須放棄表決。 因此,董事會在經營本集團之業務時,能與魏先 生的業務保持獨立性和正常業務距離。

除上文所披露者外,董事及彼等各自之聯繫人士 並無於視為直接或間接與本集團業務構成競爭或 可能構成競爭的業務中擁有任何權益。

董事及主要行政人員之證券權益

於二零一四年三月三十一日,根據證券及期貨條例(「證券及期貨條例」)第352條規定本公司須予存置之登記冊內記載,或按聯交所上市規則附錄十所載之《上市發行人董事進行證券交易的標準守則》(「標準守則」)須通知本公司及聯交所之資料,各董事於本公司或其任何相聯法團(定義見證券條例第XV部)之董事及本公司之最高行政人員於本公司及其聯繫法團(定義見證券及期貨條例第XV部)之股份、相關股份及債券中擁有之權益及淡倉如下:



DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER'S INTERESTS IN SECURITIES

董事及主要行政人員之證券權益(續)

(continued)

Long Position (excluding share options) in ordinary shares of the Company:

於本公司之普通股股份之好倉(不包括購股權):

Director 股東名稱	Notes 附註	Capacity and nature of interests 身份及權益性質	Number of ordinary shares held 所持有普通股 股份數目	% of issued share capital of the Company 佔本公司已發行 股本百份比
Mr. NGAI 魏先生	(a)	As founder and beneficiary of a trust 作為一信託成立人及受益人	838,760,400	48.02%
	(b)	Through a controlled corporation 透過一受控制法團持有	235,000,000	13.45%
		Personal 個人	6,250,800	0.36%
		III / C	1,080,011,200	61.83%
Mr. YAU 游先生	(c)	Through a controlled corporation 透過一受控制法團持有	30,888,000	1.77%
,		Personal	8,448,000	0.48%
		個人	39,336,000	2.25%
Professor KO 高教授		Personal 個人	840,000	0.05%
The Hon. IP 葉議員		Personal 個人	4,800	0.0003%
Mr. FUNG 馮先生		Personal 個人	364,800	0.02%

Notes:

- (a) These shares are legally and beneficially owned by Winhale Ltd., which is a company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands with limited liability and is ultimately beneficially wholly-owned by the Xyston Trust. The Xyston Trust is a discretionary family trust set up by Mr. NGAI for the benefits of himself and his family.
- (b) These shares are legally and beneficially owned by Fame Yield Limited, the entire issued share capital of which is legally and beneficially owned by Mr. NGAI.
- (c) These shares are legally and beneficially owned by Business Success Limited, the entire issued share capital of which is legally and beneficially owned by Mr. YAU.

附註:

- (a) 此等股份由Winhale Ltd.法定及實益擁有,該公司 乃於英屬維爾京群島註冊成立之有限公司,並由 Xyston Trust最終實益全資擁有。Xyston Trust乃 由魏先生設立之全權家族信託,受益人為魏先生 本人及其家族成員。
- (b) 此等股份由名成國際有限公司法定及實益擁有, 該公司之全部已發行股本乃由魏先生法定及實益 擁有。
- (c) 此等股份由Business Success Limited法定及實益擁有,該公司之全部已發行股本乃由游先生法定及實益擁有。



DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER'S INTERESTS IN SECURITIES

(continued)

Long Positions in ordinary shares of a subsidiary of the Company, Excel Development (Holdings) Limited ("Excel Development"):

董事及主要行政人員之證券權益(續)

於本公司之附屬公司-怡益控股有限公司(「**怡益 控股**」)之普通股股份之好倉:

			Number of	% of issued
		Capacity and	ordinary	share capital of
Name of shareholders	Note	nature of interests	shares held	Excel Development
股東名稱	附註	身份及權益性質	所持有普通股	佔怡益控股
			股份數目	已發行股本百份比
Mr. NGAI	(a)	As founder and beneficiary of a trust	838,760,400	75.00%
魏先生		透過一受控制法團持有		

Note:

(a) Mr. NGAI is deemed to be interested in such shares of Excel Development under the SFO as he is interested in 1,080,011,200 shares of the Company, which comprise 6,250,800 shares held by himself, the deemed interest in 838,760,400 shares held by Winhale Ltd. and 235,000,000 shares held by Fame Yield International Limited by virtue of his interest in the entire issued share capital of Fame Yield International Limited and he was the settlor and a beneficiary of the Xyston Trust.

At 31 March 2014 and 31 March 2013, the Company had no outstanding share options granted to the Directors to subscribe for shares in the Company.

In addition to the above, certain Directors have non-beneficial personal equity interests in certain subsidiaries held for the benefit of the Group solely for the purpose of complying with the previous minimum company membership requirement of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. Certain Directors also have beneficial interests in non-voting deferred shares practically carrying no rights to dividends or to receive notice of or to attend or vote at any general meeting or to participate in any distribution or winding up in a subsidiary.

Save as disclosed in the above, at 31 March 2014, none of the Directors or the chief executives of the Company or their respective spouse or child had any interests or short positions in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations which had been entered in the register kept by the Company pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code.

附註:

(a) 由於魏先生於1,080,011,200股本公司之股份中擁有權益,其中包括其自身持有的6,250,800股股份、被視為於Winhale Ltd.持有的838,760,400股股份中擁有權益及由於其於名成國際有限公司的全部已發行股本中的權益而被視為於名成國際有限公司所持的235,000,000股份中擁有權益,以及彼為Xyston Trust的授予人及受益人,因此,根據證券及期貨條例,魏先生被視為擁有上述怡益控股之股份,

於二零一四年三月三十一日及二零一三年三月 三十一日,本公司並無任何已授予董事而尚未行 使之購股權。

除上文所述者外,若干董事代表本公司持有若干 附屬公司之非實益個人股份權益,此舉純粹為遵 守公司條例中過往有關公司股東數目之最低規 定。若干董事亦擁有一間附屬公司之無投票權遞 延股份之實益權益,該等股份實際上無權享有股 息或收取任何股東大會通告或出席股東大會或於 股東大會上投票或在該附屬公司清盤時參與任何 分派。

除上文所披露者外,於二零一四年三月三十一日,董事或本公司之最高行政人員及其配偶與子女概無於本公司或其聯繫法團之股份、相關股份或債券中概無任何已列入本公司根據證券條例第 352條規定存置之登記冊內或依據標準守則須通知本公司及聯交所之其他權益或淡倉。



DIRECTORS' RIGHT TO ACQUIRE SECURITIES OR DEBENTURES

Save as disclosed under the sections "DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN CONTRACTS" and "DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER'S INTERESTS IN SECURITIES" above, at no time during the year ended 31 March 2014 was the Company, its holding company or any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangement to enable the Company's Directors, their respective spouse, or child to acquire benefits by means of acquisition of shares in or debentures of the Company or any other body corporate.

SHARE OPTION SCHEMES

At the AGM of the Company held on 7 September 2011, the shareholders of the Company approved the adoption of a new share option scheme (the "New Scheme") and the termination of the share option scheme (the "2002 Scheme") adopted by the Company on 5 August 2002.

From the adoption date of the New Scheme to 31 March 2014, no share option was granted, exercised, cancelled or lapsed under the New Scheme. There was no outstanding share option under the 2002 Scheme as at 31 March 2013 and as at 31 March 2014.

Particulars of the share option schemes of the Company are disclosed in note 30 to the financial statements.

董事購入證券之權益

除於上文「董事之合約權益」及「董事及主要行政 人員之證券權益」中所披露者外,本公司、其控 股公司或其任何附屬公司在本期間任何時間內, 本公司之任何董事、彼等各自之配偶或子女,概 無獲授予任何權利致使其可藉著購入本公司或任 何其他法人團體之股份或債務證券而獲取利益。

購股權計劃

於二零一一年九月七日舉行之本公司股東週年大會上,本公司股東批准採納新購股權計劃(「新計劃」)及終止本公司於二零零二年八月五日(「二零零二年計劃」)採納之購股權計劃。

從新計劃被採納採以來至二零一四年三月三十一 日,概無根據新計劃購授出、行使、註銷或已失 效之購股權。於二零一三年三月三十一日及二零 一四年三月三十一日,本公司並無任何已授予董 事而尚未行使之購股權。

本公司購股權計劃之詳情於財務報表附註30中披露。



SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS IN SECURITIES

As at 31 March 2014, the interests or short positions of those persons (other than a Director or chief executive of the Company) in the shares or underlying shares as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 336 of the SFO were as follows:

Long Positions in ordinary shares of the Company:

主要股東之權益

於二零一四年三月三十一日,根據證券及期貨條例第336條規定本公司須予存置之登記冊內記載,該等人士(董事或本公司主要行政人員除外)於股份或相關股份之權益或淡倉如下:

於本公司之普通股股份之好倉:

Name of shareholders 股東名稱	Notes 附註	Capacity and nature of interests 身份及權益性質	Number of ordinary shares held 所持有普通股 股份數目	% of issued share capital of the Company 佔本公司已發行 股本百份比
Winhale Ltd.	(a)	Beneficially owned 實益持有者	838,760,400	48.02%
Braveway Limited	(b)	As a trustee 作為信託人	838,760,400	48.02%
HSBC International Trustee Limited	(b)	As a trustee 作為信託人	838,760,400	48.02%
Fame Yield International Limited	(c)	Beneficial owner 實益持有者	235,000,000	13.45%
Dragon Gate Development Limited	(d)	Beneficial owner 實益持有者	166,742,000	9.55%
CHIU Koon Ming Andy 趙冠銘	(d)	Through a controlled corporation 透過受控法團	166,742,000	9.55%



SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS IN SECURITIES (continued)

Notes:

- (a) The above interest in the name of Winhale Ltd. was also disclosed as interests of Mr. NGAI under the heading "DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER'S INTERESTS IN SECURITIES". In addition, these shares are ultimately beneficially owned by Xyston Trust.
- (b) Braveway Limited and HSBC International Trustee Limited are deemed to be interested in the shares of the Company held by Winhale Ltd. by virtue of the fact that Winhale Ltd. is wholly owned by the trusts of which Braveway Limited and HSBC International Trustee Limited are the trustees.
- (c) 100% interest in Fame Yield Limited are controlled by Mr. NGAI.
- (d) 100% interest in Dragon Gate Development Limited are controlled by Mr. CHIU Koon Ming Andy.

INTEREST OF ANY OTHER PERSONS

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 March 2014, the Company had not been notified of any interests and short positions in the shares and underlying shares of the Company which had been recorded in the register required to be kept under Section 336 of the SFO.

CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

Connected transactions - Flower Ocean Acquisition On 19 March 2013, the Group, through its wholly-owned subsidiary, namely Profit Chain Investments Limited ("Profit Chain") entered into a share transfer agreement with Mr. NGAI for the acquisition of the entire equity interest in Flower Ocean Limited and its subsidiary (collectively the "Flower Ocean Group") and the loan due and owing by the Flower Ocean Group to Mr. NGAI, for a total consideration of HK\$299,064,000 (the "Flower Ocean Acquisition"). As part of the transactions contemplated under the Flower Ocean Acquisition, on 19 March 2013, Profit Chain also entered into a share transfer agreement with Mr. NGAI to dispose a wholly-owned subsidiary, Gold Vantage Limited ("Gold Vantage") and the loan owing by Gold Vantage to a subsidiary of the Group to settle part of the consideration of the Flower Ocean Acquisition. The Flower Ocean Acquisition was completed on 22 May 2013.

主要股東之權益(續)

附註:

- (a) 上述以Winhale Ltd.名義持有之權益亦於上文「董 事及主要行政人員之證券權益」一節中披露為魏 先生之權益。此外,此等股份由Xyston Trust最終 實益擁有。
- (b) Braveway Limited及HSBC International Trustee Limited被視為擁有由Winhale Ltd.持有之本公司股份之權益。Winhale Ltd.事實上乃由Braveway Limited及HSBC International Trustee Limited作為信託人之信託全資擁有。
- (c) 名成國際有限公司之所有權益乃由魏先生控制。
- (d) Dragon Gate Development Limited之所有權益乃 由趙冠鉻先生控制。

任何其他人士之權益

除上文所述者外,於二零一四年三月三十一日, 本公司概無獲知會任何已列入根據證券條例第 336條規定存置之登記冊內記載之本公司股份及 相關股份之任何權益及淡倉。

關連方交易

關連交易-該Flower Ocean收購事項

於二零一三年三月十九日,本集團透過一全資附屬公司Profit Chain Investments Limited(「Profit Chain」)與魏先生就收購Flower Ocean Limited之全部股本權益及Flower Ocean及其附屬公司(統稱「Flower Ocean收購事項」)應償還予魏先生之借款(「該Flower Ocean收購事項」)訂立股份轉讓協議,有關總代價299,064,000港元。作為該Flower Ocean收購事項項下交易的一部份,於二零一三年三月十九日,Profit Chain亦與魏先生訂立出售本集團全資附屬公司一鋭盈有限公司(「銳盈」),以及鋭盈應償還予一間本集團附屬公司之貸款之協議,以支付該Flower Ocean收購事項的部份代價。該Flower Ocean收購事項已於二零一三年五月二十二日完成。



CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS (continued)

Connected transactions – Flower Ocean Acquisition (continued)

Since Mr. NGAI is the Executive Director, Chairman of the Board and a controlling shareholder of the Company, Mr. NGAI is regarded as a connected person of the Company. Therefore, the Flower Ocean Acquisition constitutes a connected transaction of the Company under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules. The transaction was approved by independent shareholders of the Company at a special general meeting held on 15 May 2013. Further details of the Flower Ocean Acquisition have been set out in the Company's announcement and circular dated 19 March 2013 and 26 April 2013 respectively, and note 32(a) to the financial statements.

Continuing Connected Transaction – Leases granted by the Group

The Group entered into certain transactions with parties regarded as "Related Parties" under applicable accounting principles. These mainly relate to contracts entered into by the Group in the ordinary course of business, which contracts were negotiated on normal commercial terms and on an arm's length basis. Further details are set out in note 36 to the financial statements. One of these transactions also constitutes "Continuing Connected Transactions" under the Listing Rules. Details of the transactions required to be disclosed are set out as follows:

關連方交易(續)

關連交易-該Flower Ocean收購事項(續)

由於魏先生為本公司之執行董事、董事會主席 及控股股東,彼被界定為本公司之關連人事。因 此,該Flower Ocean收購事項按上市規則14A章 所定義,構成本公司的一項關連交易。這項交易 已於二零一三年五月十五日的股東特別大會上獲 獨立股東批准。有關該Flower Ocean收購事項的 進一步資料已刊載於本公司日期分別為二零一三 年三月十九日及二零一三年四月二十六日的公告 及通函,以及財務報表附註32(a)中。

持續關連交易-本集團授出之租賃

本集團與根據適用會計原則被視為「關連方」之人 士訂立若干交易。此等交易主要涉及本集團於日 常業務過程中按一般商業條款經公平原則磋商而 訂立之合約。其有關詳情載於財務報表附註36。 當中一項交易亦構成上市規則下的「持續關連交 易」。有關該持續關連交易需要披露之交易詳情 載列如下:



CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS (continued)

Continuing Connected Transaction – Leases granted by the Group (continued)

The following lease arrangement was entered into by Frason Holdings Limited, an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, as landlord, with Lanon Development, an associate of Mr. NGAI:

關連方交易(續) 持續關連交易-本集團授出之租賃(續)

輝信集團有限公司(本公司之間接全資附屬公司) 作為業主與亮雅發展(魏先生之聯繫人)達成下列 租賃安排:

Connected person 關連人士	Date of agreement 協議日期	Terms 年期	Premises 物業	Monthly rental 每月租金	Total consideration 總代價 二零一四年
				HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Lanon Development 亮雅發展	28 May 2010 二零一零年 五月二十八日	Three years commencing from 1 June 2010 自二零一零年 六月一日起三年	No. 157 Waterloo Road, Kowloon Tong, Kowloon 九龍塘窩打老道157號	142	284
	29 May 2013 二零一三年 五月二十九日	Three years commencing from 1 June 2013 自二零一三年 六月一日起三年	No. 157 Waterloo Road, Kowloon Tong, Kowloon 九龍塘窩打老道157號	174	1,740

The continuing connected transaction was entered in the ordinary and usual course of business of the respective subsidiary after due negotiations on an arm's length basis with reference to the prevailing market conditions and ratable value of the property. Announcements were published regarding the transactions in accordance with the Listing

以上持續關連交易交易已參考當時市場情況及應 科差餉的租值後於有關公司在日常業務過程中以 公平原則磋商後而訂立。載有有關交易之公告已 根據上市規則刊登。

Further details of Lanon Development are set out in the section "DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN COMPETING BUSINESS" above.

有關亮雅發展之進一步詳情載於上文「董事於競 爭性業務中的權益」一節。

2,024

Rules.



CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS (continued)

Continuing Connected Transaction – Leases granted by the Group (continued)

The Independent Non-executive Directors of the Company have reviewed the continuing connected transactions set out above and have confirmed that these continuing connected transactions were entered into (i) in the ordinary and usual course of business of the Group; (ii) on normal commercial terms; and (iii) in accordance with the relevant agreement governing them on terms that are fair and reasonable and in the interests of the shareholders of the Company as a whole.

The Company has engaged Ernst & Young, the Company's auditors, to report on the Group's continuing connected transactions in accordance with Hong Kong Standard on Assurance Engagements 3000 Assurance Engagements Other Than Audits or Reviews of Historical Financial Information and with reference to Practice Note 740 Auditor's Letter on Continuing Connected Transactions under the Hong Kong Listing Rules issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. In accordance with Rule 14A.38 of the Listing Rules, Ernst & Young have provided the Board with the letter in respect of their findings and confirming the Company's continuing connected transactions disclosed above: (1) have received the approval of the Board; (2) have been entered into in accordance with the relevant agreement governing the transactions; and (3) have not exceeded the cap disclosed in the Company's previous announcement. A copy of the letter has been provided to The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited.

The Company has complied with the disclosure requirements in accordance with Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules and save as disclosed above, there were no other transactions which need to be disclosed as connected transaction or continuing connected transaction in accordance with the requirements of the Listing Rules.

關連方交易(續) 持續關連交易-本集團授出之租賃(續)

本公司之獨立非執行董事已審閱上述之持續關連交易,並確認該等持續關連交易:(1)屬本集團的日常業務;(2)是按照一般商務條款進行;及(3)根據有關交易的協議條款進行,而交易條款公平合理,並且符合本公司股東的整體利益。

本公司已委聘核數師安永會計師事務所,根據香港會計師公會頒佈之香港鑒證業務準則第3000號「非審核或審閱過往財務資料之鑒證工作」,並參照實務説明第740號「關於香港上市規則所述持續關連交易的核數師函件」,就本集團上述持續關連交易作出報告。根據上市規則第14A.38條,安永會計師事務所已就其審核結果致函董事會,確認本集團上述披露之持續關連交易:(1)已獲得本公司之董事會批准;(2)乃根據有關交易的協議條款進行訂立;及(3)並無超逾本公司先前公告披露的上限。函件副本已送交香港聯合交易所有限公司。

本公司已遵守上市規則第14A章之披露規定,且 除上文披露者外,概無其他交易須根據上市規則 規定披露為持續關連交易或關連交易。

DISCLOSURES PURSUANT TO RULES 13.18 AND 13.21 OF THE LISTING RULES

The following disclosures are made pursuant to Rules 13.18 and 13.21 of the Listing Rules in respect of the loan agreements which containing a clause which is deemed to have imposed a specific performance obligation on the controlling shareholder of the Company and a breach of such obligation will cause a default therein.

Loan Facilities

Certain indirect wholly-owned subsidiaries of the Company, as borrowers (the "Borrowers") and the Company as guarantor, had entered into certain installment loan agreements (the "Loan Agreements") with a bank pursuant to which the bank agrees to provide certain installment loan facilities (the "Loan Facilities") to the Borrowers. The Loan Facilities has been repaid in monthly installment and the last installment should be repaid in December 2025.

Under the Loan Agreements, among others, an event of default is triggered when Mr. NGAI ceases to be the Company's single largest beneficial shareholder at any time during the term of the Loan Agreements. If such an event of default occurs, the bank may and shall declare the Loan Facilities be cancelled and/or declare all outstanding loan together with interest accrued thereon and all other sums payable by the Company under the Loan Agreements to be immediately due and payable.

As at 31 March 2014, the aggregate outstanding Loan Facilities amounted to approximately HK\$88,827,000 (2013:HK\$95,602,000).

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 March 2014, the Company did not have other disclosure obligations under Rules 13.18 and 13.21 of the Listing Rules.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

A management discussion and analysis of the Group's annual results is shown on pages 24 to 35 of this annual report.

據上市規則第13.18條及13.21條作出的 披露

以下披露乃根據上市規則第13.18條及13.21條作出,內容涉及貸款協議,其中包括一項被視為對本公司控股股東施加特定履行責任之條款,違反該特定責任,將構成一項違約事項。

銀行貸款

若干本公司的間接全資附屬公司作為借款人(「該等借款人」)而本公司作為保証人與一間銀行訂立若干分期貸款協議(「該貸款協議」),據此,銀行根據該貸款協議的條款及條件,向該等借款人提供分期貸款(「該等銀行貸款」)。該等銀行貨款需每月分期還款,最後一期還款期為二零二五年十二月。

根據該貸款協議,其中包括,魏先生於該貸款協 議期間內的任何時間不再是本公司單一最大股 權權益擁有者,則構成違約事項。倘若出現該違 約事項,貸款銀行可宣佈該等銀行貸款即時終止 及/或所有未償還之該等銀行貸款連同融資下應 計利息及其他所有本公司需根據該貸款協議需支 付的款項將即時到期及須予償還。

於二零一四年三月三十一日,該等銀行貨款的 未償還款項總額約88,827,000港元(二零一三年: 95,602,000港元)。

除以上所披露外,於二零一四年三月三十一日, 本公司無其他據上市規則第13.18條及13.21條需 作出的披露責任。

管理層討論及分析

本年度之管理層討論及分析詳列於本年度報告第 24頁至35頁。



SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors, at least 25% of the Company's total issued share capital was held by the public as at the date of this report.

AUDIT COMMITTEE'S REVIEW

The annual results of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2014 have been reviewed by the Audit Committee.

AUDITORS

The financial statements have been audited by Ernst & Young, who retire and, being eligible, offer themselves for reappointment at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

On behalf of the Board of Vantage International (Holdings) Limited NGAI Chun Hung Chairman

Hong Kong, 17 June 2014

足夠的公眾持股量

根據本公司可得的公眾資訊,並在董事所知範圍內,於本報告日期,本公司已發行股本總額最少有25%由公眾人士持有。

審核委員會之審閱

審核委員會已審閱截至二零一四年三月三十一日 止年度本集團的全年業績。

核數師

財務報表已經由安永會計師事務所審核,其任滿 退任,符合資格,並願意在應屆股東週年大會上 獲續聘。

> 代表董事會 **盈信控股有限公司** *主席* 魏振雄 謹啟

香港,二零一四年六月十七日

Independent Auditors' Report 獨立核數師報告



To the shareholders of Vantage International (Holdings) Limited

(Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability)

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Vantage International (Holdings) Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (together, the "Group") set out on pages 81 to 192, which comprise the consolidated and company statements of financial position as at 31 March 2014, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

AUDITORS' RESPONSIBILITY

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit. Our report is made solely to you, as a body, in accordance with Section 90 of the Bermuda Companies Act 1981, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

致盈信控股有限公司 全體股東

(於百慕達註冊成立之有限公司)

本核數師(以下簡稱「我們」)已審核載於第81頁至192頁之盈信控股有限公司(「貴公司」)及其附屬公司(統稱為「貴集團」)的綜合財務報表,此綜合財務報表包括於二零一四年三月三十一日的綜合財務狀況表和公司財務狀況表與截至該日止年度的綜合損益及其他全面收益表、綜合權益變動表、綜合現金流量表,以及主要會計政策概要和其他解釋資料。

董事就綜合財務報表須承擔的責任

貴公司董事須負責根據香港會計師公會頒佈的香港財務報告準則和《香港公司條例》的披露規定編製真實而公平的綜合財務報表,及落實其認為編製綜合財務報表所必要的內部控制,以確保綜合財務報表不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述。

核數師的責任

我們的責任是根據我們的審核對該等綜合財務報 表作出意見。我們的報告依據百慕達一九八一年 《公司法》第九十條僅為全體股東編製,而並不可 作其他目的。我們概不就本報告的內容對其他任 何人士負責或承擔責任。



Independent Auditors' Report 獨立核數師報告

AUDITORS' RESPONSIBILITY (continued)

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

OPINION

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the Group as at 31 March 2014, and of the Group's profit and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards and have been properly prepared in accordance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

Ernst & Young
Certified Public Accountants
22/F, CITIC Tower
1 Tim Mei Avenue
Central, Hong Kong

17 June 2014

核數師的責任(續)

我們已根據香港會計師公會頒佈的香港審核準則 的規定執行審核。這些準則要求我們遵守職業道 德規範,並規劃及執行審核,從而獲得合理確定 此等綜合財務報表是否不存有任何重大錯誤陳 述。

審核涉及執行程序以獲取有關綜合財務報表所載金額和披露資料的審核證據。所選定的程序取決於核數師的判斷,包括評估由於欺詐或錯誤而可以綜合財務報表存有重大錯誤陳述的風險。在評估該等風險時,核數師考慮與該公司編製綜合財務報表以作出真實而公平的反映相關的內內整制,以設計適當的審核程序,但並非對公司的內部控制的有效性發表意見。審核亦包括評價董計的合理性,以及評價綜合財務報表的整體列報方式。

我們相信,我們所獲得的審核證據充足且適當地 為我們的審核意見提供基礎。

意見

我們認為,該等綜合財務報表已根據香港財務報 告準則真實而公平地反映 貴公司和 貴集團於 二零一四年三月三十一日的財務狀況及 貴集團 截至該日止年度的溢利和現金流量,並已按照 《香港公司條例》的披露規定妥為編製。

安永會計師事務所 執業會計師 香港 中環添美道1號 中信大廈22樓

二零一四年六月十七日



Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income 綜合損益及其他全面收益表

Year ended 31 March 2014 截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度

			2014	2013
			二零一四年	二零一三年
		Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元
REVENUE	收入	5	3,379,552	3,476,653
Contract costs	合約成本		(3,193,755)	(3,273,468)
Property expenses	物業開支		(639)	(1,476)
Gross profit	毛利		185,158	201,709
Other income and gains	其他收入及收益	5	14,592	184,634
Administrative expenses	行政開支		(79,998)	(61,691)
Finance costs	財務費用	7	(7,927)	(11,314)
Share of profits and losses of	應佔合營企業溢利			
joint ventures	及虧損	18	24,891	30,812
PROFIT BEFORE TAX	除税前溢利	6	136,716	344,150
Income tax expense	所得税支出	10	(19,518)	(24,977)
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR	年度溢利		117,198	319,173
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME:	其他全面收益:			
Other comprehensive income not	以後期間不可重新分類至			
to be reclassified to profit	損益之其他全面收益:			
or loss in subsequent periods:				
Gain on property revaluation	物業重估收益	14	204,197	_
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE	年度其他全面收益			
INCOME FOR THE YEAR			204,197	_
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE	年度全面收益總額			
INCOME FOR THE YEAR			321,395	319,173



Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income 綜合損益及其他全面收益表

Year ended 31 March 2014 截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度

			_ ,	
			2014	2013
			二零一四年	二零一三年
		Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元
Profit attributable to:	應佔溢利:			
Owners of the parent	母公司持有者	11	115,373	319,173
Non-controlling interests	非控制性權益		1,825	_
			117,198	319,173
Total comprehensive income	應佔全面收益總額:			
attributable to:				
Owners of the parent	母公司持有者		319,570	319,173
Non-controlling interests	非控制性權益		1,825	
			321,395	319,173
EARNINGS PER SHARE	母公司普通權益持有者			
ATTRIBUTABLE TO	應佔每股溢利			
ORDINARY EQUITY				
HOLDERS OF THE PARENT		13		
(HK cents)	(港仙)			
Basic	基本		6.73	21.19
Diluted	攤薄		6.73	21.17

Details of dividends are disclosed in note 12 to the financial statements.

有關股息的詳情在財務報表附註12內披露。



Consolidated Statement of Financial Position 綜合財務狀況表

31 March 2014 *於二零一四年三月三十一日*

			2014	2013
		2.7	二零一四年	二零一三年
		Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元
NON-CURRENT ASSETS	非流動資產			
Property, plant and equipment	物業、機器及設備	14	147,807	346,891
Properties held for development	持有作發展之物業	15	726,274	250,000
Investment properties	投資物業	16	874,600	419,600
Investments in joint ventures	於合營企業的投資	18	166,914	142,023
Deferred tax assets	遞延税項資產	28	416	396
Total non-current assets	非流動資產總值		1,916,011	1,158,910
CURRENT ASSETS	流動資產			
Gross amount due from customers	應收客戶之合約			
for contract works	工程款總額	19	338,057	447,540
Properties under development	發展中物業	20	459,791	416,207
Properties held for sale	持有作出售之物業	21	_	50,171
Accounts receivable	應收賬款	22	316,566	487,002
Prepayments, deposits and other	預付款項、按金及			,
receivables	其他應收款	23	64,745	77,481
Tax recoverable	可收回税項		914	5,231
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等值物	24	403,477	365,705
Total current assets	流動資產總值		1,583,550	1,849,337
CURRENT LIABILITIES	流動負債			
Accounts and bills payable	應付賬款及票據	25	575,326	666,444
Accruals of costs for contract works	預提合約工程成本		62,869	67,316
Tax payable	應付税項		4,867	11,671
Other payables and accruals	其他應付款及預提費用	26	21,803	22,115
Due to a joint venture	應付一合營企業款項	18	65,401	53,451
Interest-bearing bank loans	計息銀行貸款	27	590,708	544,290
Total current liabilities	流動負債總值		1,320,974	1,365,287
NET CURRENT ASSETS	流動資產淨值		262,576	484,050
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT	資產總值減流動負債		2 150 505	1 (42 0(2
LIABILITIES			2,178,587	1,642,960



Consolidated Statement of Financial Position 綜合財務狀況表

31 March 2014 於二零一四年三月三十一日

			2014	2013
			二零一四年	二零一三年
		Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES	非流動負債			
Interest-bearing bank loans	計息銀行貸款	27	181,366	123,428
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債	28	4,050	4,526
Total non-current liabilities	非流動負債總值		185,416	127,954
Net assets	資產淨值		1,993,171	1,515,006
EQUITY	權益			
Equity attributable to owners	母公司持有者			
of the parent	應佔權益			
Issued capital	已發行股本	29	43,667	37,792
Reserves	儲備	31(a)	1,896,940	1,477,214
			1,940,607	1,515,006
Non-controlling interest	非控制性權益		52,564	- -
Total equity	總權益		1,993,171	1,515,006

Ngai Chun Hung Director 魏振雄

董事

Yau Kwok Fai Director 游國輝 董事



Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity 綜合權益變動表

Year ended 31 March 2014 截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度

Attributable to owners of the parent 母公司持有者應估

		Issued Capital 已發行 股本 HK\$'000 千港元	Share premium account 股份溢價賬 HK\$'000	Capital reserve 資本 儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	Contributed surplus 缴入 盈餘 HK\$'000 千港元	Share option reserve 購股權 儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	Property revaluation reserve 物業重估 儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	Retained profits 保留溢利 HK\$'000	Total 合計 HK\$'000 <i>千港元</i>	Non- controlling interest 非控制性 權益 HK\$'000 千港元	Total Equity 權益 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 April 2012	於二零一二年四月一日	37,459	174,189	-	11,421	2,453	-	964,993	1,190,515	-	1,190,515
Profit and total comprehensive income for the year	本年度溢利及全面收益 總額	-	-	-	-	-	-	319,173	319,173	-	319,173
Exercise of share options (note 29(a))	購股權獲行使(附註29(a))	333	4,985	-	-	-	-	-	5,318	-	5,318
Transfer upon exercise of share options (note 29(b)) Transfer of share option reserve upon lapse of share options	因購股權獲行使而結轉 (附註29(b)) 於購股權失效時轉撥 購股權儲備	-	1,999	-	-	(1,999) (454)	-	- 454	-	-	-
At 31 March 2013	於二零一三年三月三十一日	37,792	181,173*	_4	11,421*	_*	_*	1,284,620*	1,515,006	-	1,515,006
At 1 April 2013	於二零一三年四月一日	37,792	181,173	-	11,421	-	-	1,284,620	1,515,006	-	1,515,006
Profit for the year	本年度溢利	-	-	-	-	-	-	115,373	115,373	1,825	117,198
Other comprehensive income for the year: Gain on property revaluation (note 14)	本年度其他全面收益: 物業重估收益 (附註14)	-	-	-	-	-	204,197	-	204,197	-	204,197
Total comprehensive income for the year	本年度全面收益總額	-	-	-	-	-	204,197	115,373	319,570	1,825	321,395
Issue of Consideration Shares (note 29(c))	發行代價股份(<i>附註29(c))</i>	5,875	151,810	-	-	-	-	-	157,685	-	157,685
Deemed partial disposal of subsidiaries (note 32(b))	視作出售附屬公司部分權益(附註32(b))	-	-	746	-	-	-	-	746	50,739	51,485
2013 final dividend	二零一三年末期股息	-	-	-	-	_	-	(52,400)	(52,400)	-	(52,400)
At 31 March 2014	於二零一四年三月三十一日	43,667	332,983*	746*	11,421*	_*	204,197*	1,347,593*	1,940,607	52,564	1,993,171

^{*} These reserve accounts comprise the consolidated reserves of HK\$1,896,940,000 (2013: HK\$1,477,214,000) in the consolidated statement of financial position.

此等儲備賬目包括於綜合財務狀況表中之綜合儲備1,896,940,000港元(二零一三年:1,477,214,000港元)。



Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows 綜合現金流量表

Year ended 31 March 2014 截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度

Year ended 31	March 2014 截至———> 四年	二月二十一日	工午及	
			2014	2013
			二零一四年	二零一三年
		Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	1 1	千港元
		門註	千港元	丁
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	經營業務之現金流量			
Profit before tax	除税前溢利		136,716	344,150
Adjustments for:	就下列項目作出調整:			
Finance costs	財務費用	7	7,927	11,314
Share of profits and losses of joint	應佔合營企業溢利			
ventures	及虧損	18	(24,891)	(30,812)
Interest income	利息收入	5	(2,541)	(4,203)
Depreciation	折舊	6	7,688	6,390
Gain on disposal of a subsidiary	出售一附屬公司的收益	5	(9,965)	_
Gain on disposal of items of property,	出售物業、機器及設備			
plant and equipment	項目之收益	5	(188)	(27)
Gain on disposal of investment	出售投資物業的收益,			
properties, net	淨額	5	-	(141,161)
Gain on changes in fair value	投資物業公平值			
of investment properties	變動收益	5	-	(38,080)
			114,746	147,571
			114,740	1 11,511
Decrease in amounts due from joint	應收合營企業款項減少			
ventures			_	10
Decrease/(increase) in gross amount due	應收客戶之合約工程款			
from customers for contract works	總額減少/(增加)		109,483	(188,348)
Increase in properties under development	發展中物業增加		(39,545)	(66,184)
Increase in properties held for sale	持有作出售之物業增加		_	(7,006)
Increase in properties held for	持有作發展之物業增加			
development			(76,274)	_
Decrease/(increase) in accounts receivable	應收賬款減少/(增加)		170,436	(87,437)
Decrease/(increase) in prepayments,	預付款項、按金及其他			
deposits and other receivables	應收款減少/(增加)		12,637	(11,895)
Increase/(decrease) in accounts and bills	應付賬款及票據			
payable	增加/(減少)		(91,118)	98,691
Decrease in accruals of costs for contract	預提合約工程成本減少			
works			(4,447)	(35,515)
Increase/(decrease) in other payables	其他應付款及預提費用			
and accruals	增加/(減少)		(3,521)	521
Increase in amount due to a joint venture	應付一合營企業款項增加		11,950	35,909
Cash from/(used in) operations	來自/(用於)營運之現金		204,347	(113,683)
Interest received	已收利息		2,541	4,203
Interest paid	已付利息		(15,175)	(18,509)
Hong Kong profits tax paid	已付香港利得税		(21,763)	(15,918)
Tiong Kong proms tax paid	□ 13 日 45 43 14 400		(21,703)	(13,910)
Net cash flows from/(used in) operating	經營業務產生/(使用)之			
activities	現金流量淨額		169,950	(143,907)



CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS 綜合現金流量表

Year ended 31 March 2014 截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度

			2014	2013
			二零一四年	二零一三年
		Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元
Net cash flows from/(used in) operating activities	經營業務產生/(使用)之 現金流量淨額		169,950	(143,907)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	投資業務之現金流量			
Additions of items of property, plant and equipment	增加物業、機器及 設備項目		(21,726)	(55,376)
Acquisition of subsidiaries that are	收購並不屬業務的		(21,720)	(33,370)
not a business	附屬公司 出售物業、機器及設備項目	32(a)	(116,095)	_
Proceeds from disposal of items of property, plant and equipment	山 唇物 栗、 機		202	27
Proceeds from disposal of investment	出售投資物業的所得款項			416 161
properties Proceeds from deemed partial disposal	視作出售附屬公司部分權益		-	416,161
of subsidiaries, net	的所得款項,淨額	32(b)	51,485	_
Net cash flows from/(used in) investing activities	投資業務產生/(使用)之 現金流量淨額		(86,134)	360,812
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	融資業務之現金流量			
Dividend paid	已付股息		(52,400)	_
Proceeds from exercise of share options	購股權獲行使的所得款項	29	-	5,318
New bank loans Repayment of bank loans	新增銀行貸款 償還銀行貸款		264,029 (257,673)	725,209 (942,128)
			(231,613)	(> 12,120)
Net cash flows used in financing activities	融資業務使用之 現金流量淨額		(46,044)	(211,601)
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND	現金及現金等值物			
CASH EQUIVALENTS Cash and cash equivalents at	增加淨額 年初之現金及現金等值物		37,772	5,304
beginning of year	午例之况並及况並守且彻		365,705	360,401
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	年末之現金及現金等值物			
AT END OF YEAR	十八之况並及况並守且物		403,477	365,705
ANALYSIS OF BALANCES OF CASH	現金及現金等值物結餘之			
AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	分析			
Cash and bank balances	現金及銀行結餘	24	393,393	240,635
Non-pledged time deposits with original maturity of less than three months	購買時原有到期日少於 三個月之無抵押			
when acquired	定期存款	24	10,084	125,070
Cash and cash equivalents as stated in the consolidated statement of cash flows	綜合現金流量表內所述的 現金及現金等值物		403,477	365,705
			, · ·	



STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION 財務狀況表

31 March 2014 *於二零一四年三月三十一日*

		Notes 附註	2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元
NON-CURRENT ASSETS Investments in subsidiaries	非流動資產 於附屬公司的投資	17	629,605	288,200
CURRENT ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	流動資產 現金及現金等值物	24	647	1,489
Total current assets	流動資產總值		647	1,489
CURRENT LIABILITIES Other payables	流動負債 其他應付款	26	251	285
Total current liabilities	流動負債總值		251	285
NET CURRENT ASSETS	流動資產淨值		396	1,204
Net assets	資產淨值		630,001	289,404
EQUITY Issued capital Reserves	權 益 已發行股本 儲備	29 31(c)	43,667 586,334	37,792 251,612
Total equity	總權益		630,001	289,404

Ngai Chun Hung Director

魏振雄 *董事* Yau Kwok Fai

Director **游國輝**

董事



31 March 2014 二零一四年三月三十一日

1. CORPORATE INFORMATION

Vantage International (Holdings) Limited (the "Company") is a limited liability company incorporated in Bermuda. The registered office of the Company is located at Clarendon House, 2 Church Street, Hamilton HM 11, Bermuda. The principal place of business of the Company is located at No. 155 Waterloo Road, Kowloon Tong, Kowloon, Hong Kong.

During the year, the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") were engaged in the following principal activities:

- a wide range of construction, civil engineering, maintenance and other contract works in public and private sectors in Hong Kong
- property investment and development

The Company is a public company with its shares listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange").

In the opinion of the directors, the parent and the ultimate holding company of the Company is Winhale Ltd. ("Winhale"), which is incorporated in the British Virgin Islands.

2.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") (which include all Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards, Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKASs") and Interpretations) issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA"), accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. They have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except for investment properties, which have been measured at fair value. These financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$") and all values are rounded to the nearest thousand except when otherwise indicated.

1. 公司資料

盈信控股有限公司(「本公司」)為一家於百慕達註冊成立之有限公司。本公司之註冊辦事處位於Clarendon House, 2 Church Street, Hamilton HM 11, Bermuda。本公司之主要營業地點位於香港九龍九龍塘窩打老道155號。

於本年度內,本公司及其附屬公司(統稱為 「本集團」)從事下列主要業務:

- 於香港承辦各類公營及私營機構之建 造、土木工程、保養及其他合約工程
- 物業投資及發展

本公司為一家公眾公司,其股份在香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)主板上市。

董事認為,本公司之母公司及最終控股公司為於英屬維爾京群島註冊成立之Winhale Ltd.([Winhale])。

2.1 編製基準

本財務報表乃遵照香港會計師公會(「香港會計師公會」)頒佈之香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報告準則」)(包括所有香港財務報告準則、香港會計準則(「香港會計準則」)及香港)、香港普遍採納之會計原則及香港公司條例之披露規定而編製。本財務報表乃遵照歷史成本法而編製,惟投資物業按公平值計量除外。本財務報表以港元(「港元」)列報,除另有説明者外,所有價值均準確至千位。

31 March 2014 二零一四年三月三十一日

2.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION (continued)

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries for the year ended 31 March 2014. The financial statements of the subsidiaries are prepared for the same reporting period as the Company, using consistent accounting policies. The results of subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which the Group obtains control, and continue to be consolidated until the date that such control ceases.

Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the parent of the Group and to the non-controlling interests, even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance. All intra-group assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

The Group reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control described in the accounting policy for subsidiaries below. A change in the ownership interest of a subsidiary, without a loss of control, is accounted for as an equity transaction.

If the Group loses control over a subsidiary, it derecognises (i) the assets (including goodwill) and liabilities of the subsidiary, (ii) the carrying amount of any non-controlling interest and (iii) the cumulative translation differences recorded in equity; and recognises (i) the fair value of the consideration received, (ii) the fair value of any investment retained and (iii) any resulting surplus or deficit in profit or loss. The Group's share of components previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified to profit or loss or retained profits, as appropriate, on the same basis as would be required if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities.

2.1 編製基準(續) 綜合基準

綜合財務報表包括本公司及其附屬公司截至 二零一四年三月三十一日止年度的財務報 表。附屬公司的財務報表採用與本公司一致 的會計政策及報告期間編制。附屬公司的經 營成果自本集團取得控制權之日期起綜合, 並繼續綜合附屬公司直至控制權終止。

損益及其他全面收益的各組成部分會歸屬於 本集團母公司持有者及非控制性權益,即使 此舉引致非控制性權益結餘為負數。本集團 內部各公司之間交易有關的所有資產及負 債、權益、收入、開支及現金流量於綜合賬 目時全數抵銷。

如果事實及情況顯示下文有關附屬公司的會 計政策內所述控制的三項元素中一項或多項 有變,則本集團會重新評估其是否仍然控制 被投資方。附屬公司中不導致喪失控制權的 所有者權益變動作為權益交易核算。

如果本集團失去了對附屬公司的控制權,將 終止確認:(i)附屬公司資產(包括商譽)和負 債;(ii)非控制性權益的賬面金額;及(iii)計 入權益的累計折算差異;並確認:(i)收到代 價的公平價值;(ii)剩餘投資的公平價值; 以及(iii)在損益中確認由此產生的損益。本 集團之前確認的其他全面收益構成部分應適 當地重分類計入損益或保留溢利,基準與倘 若本集團直接出售有關資產或負債所需者相 同。



2.2 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND DISCLOSURES

The Group has adopted the following new and revised HKFRSs for the first time for the current year's financial statements.

2.2 會計政策及披露之變動

本集團編製本年度財務報表時首次採用以下 新制訂和經修訂的香港財務報告準則。

HKFRS 1 Amendments	Amendments to HKFRS 1 First-time Adoption of Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards – Government Loans	香港財務報告準則第1號(修訂)	香港財務報告準則第1號 「首次採用香港財務報告準則」 的修訂:政府貸款
HKFRS 7 Amendments	Amendments to HKFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures – Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities	香港財務報告準則第7號(修訂)	香港財務報告準則第7號 「金融工具:披露」的修訂: 金融資產和金融負債的互相抵消
HKFRS 10	Consolidated Financial Statements	香港財務報告準則第10號	綜合財務報表
HKFRS 11	Joint Arrangements	香港財務報告準則第11號	合營安排
HKFRS 12	Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities	香港財務報告準則第12號	於其他實體的權益披露
HKFRS 10, HKFRS 11 and HKFRS 12 Amendments	Amendments to HKFRS 10, HKFRS 11 and HKFRS 12 – Transition Guidance	香港財務報告準則第10號、 香港財務報告準則第11號及 香港財務報告準則第12號 (修訂)	香港財務報告準則第10號、 香港財務報告準則第11號及 香港財務報告準則第12號的 修訂:過渡指引
HKFRS 13	Fair Value Measurement	香港財務報告準則第13號	公平值計量
HKAS 1 Amendments	Amendments to HKAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements – Presentation of Items of Other Comprehensive Income	香港會計準則第1號(修訂)	香港會計準則第1號 「財務報表的列報」的修訂: 其他全面收益項目的列報
HKAS 19 (2011)	Employee Benefits	香港會計準則第19號 (二零一一年)	僱員福利
HKAS 27 (2011)	Separate Financial Statements	香港會計準則第27號 (二零一一年)	獨立財務報表
HKAS 28 (2011)	Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures	香港會計準則第28號 (二零一一年)	聯營和合營企業的投資
HKAS 36 Amendments	Amendments to HKAS 36 Impairment of Assets – Recoverable Amount Disclosures for Non-Financial Assets (early adopted)	香港會計準則第36號(修訂)	香港會計準則第36號 「資產減值」的修訂:非金融資產 可收回金額的披露(提前採用)
HK(IFRIC)-Int 20	Stripping Costs in the Production Phase of a Surface Mine	香港(國際財務報告詮釋 委員會)詮釋第20號	露天礦場生產期的剝離成本
Annual Improvements 2009 – 2011 Cycle	Amendments to a number of HKFRSs issued in June 2012	年度改善(二零零九年至 二零一一年循環)	於二零一二年六月發出對若干 香港財務報告準則的修訂

31 March 2014 二零一四年三月三十一日

2.2 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND DISCLOSURES (continued)

Other than as further explained below regarding the impact of HKFRS 10, HKFRS 11, HKFRS 12, HKFRS 13, HKAS 19 (2011), amendments to HKFRS 10, HKFRS 11, HKFRS 12, HKAS 1 and HKAS 36, and certain amendments included in *Annual Improvements* 2009-2011 Cycle, the adoption of the new and revised HKFRSs has had no significant financial effect on these financial statements.

The principal effects of adopting these new and revised HKFRSs are as follows:

(a) HKFRS 10 replaces the portion of HKAS 27 Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements that addresses the accounting for consolidated financial statements and addresses the issues in HK(SIC)-Int 12 Consolidation - Special Purpose Entities. It establishes a single control model used for determining which entities are consolidated. To meet the definition of control in HKFRS 10, an investor must have (a) power over an investee, (b) exposure, or rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee, and (c) the ability to use its power over the investee to affect the amount of the investor's returns. The changes introduced by HKFRS 10 require management of the Group to exercise significant judgement to determine which entities are controlled.

As a result of the application of HKFRS 10, the Group has changed the accounting policy with respect to determining which investees are controlled by the Group.

The application of HKFRS 10 does not change any of the consolidation conclusions of the Group in respect of its involvement with investees as at 1 April 2013.

2.2 會計政策及披露之變動(續)

除下文就香港財務報告準則第10號、香港財務報告準則第11號、香港財務報告準則第13號、香港會計準則第19號(二零一一年)、對香港財務報告準則第19號(二零一一年)、對香港財務報告準則第10號、香港財務報告準則第11號、香港會計準則第1號、香港會計準則第1號、香港會計準則第1號、香港會計準則第36號的修訂,以及「年度改進(二零零九年至二零一一年循環)」內所載的若干修訂的影響所進一步解釋者外,採用這些新制訂和經修訂的香港財務報告準則對這些財務報表無重大財務影響。

採用這些新制訂和經修訂的香港財務報告準 則的主要影響如下:

(a) 香港財務報告準則第10號取代香港會計準則第27號「綜合財務報表和單獨財務報表」有關綜合財務報表的會計處理的部份,並處理香港(常設詮釋委員會) 詮釋第12號「綜合:特殊目的實體」的實理一控制模式。為符合香港財務報告運則第10號中對控制的定義,投資方的權力等等的權力影響投資方的權力影響投資者的回報金額。香港財務報告準則第10號所引進的變動要求本集團管理層行使重大判斷,以決定哪些實體受到控制。

由於應用香港財務報告準則第10號,本 集團已經更改有關決定哪些被投資方受 本集團所控制的會計政策。

應用香港財務報告準則第10號並無更改本集團於二零一三年四月一日有關其參 與被投資方的任何綜合結論。



31 March 2014 二零一四年三月三十一日

2.2 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND DISCLOSURES (continued)

(b) HKFRS 11 replaces HKAS 31 Interests in Joint Ventures and HK(SIC)-Int 13 Jointly Controlled Entities - Non-Monetary Contributions by Venturers. It describes the accounting for joint arrangements with joint control. It addresses only two forms of joint arrangements, i.e. joint operations and joint ventures, and removes the option to account for joint ventures using proportionate consolidation. The classification of joint arrangements under HKFRS 11 depends on the parties' rights and obligations arising from the arrangements. A joint operation is a joint arrangement whereby the joint operators have rights to the assets and obligations for the liabilities of the arrangement and is accounted for on a line-by-line basis to the extent of the joint operators' rights and obligations in the joint operation. A joint venture is a joint arrangement whereby the joint venturers have rights to the net assets of the arrangement and is required to be accounted for using the equity method in accordance with HKAS 28 (2011).

The application of HKFRS 11 does not change the equity accounting conclusion of the Group in respect of its investments in joint ventures.

(c) HKFRS 12 sets out the disclosure requirements for subsidiaries, joint arrangements, associates and structured entities previously included in HKAS 27 Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements, HKAS 31 Interests in Joint Ventures and HKAS 28 Investments in Associates. It also introduces a number of new disclosure requirements for these entities. Details of the disclosures for subsidiaries and joint ventures are included in notes 17 and 18 to the financial statements.

2.2 會計政策及披露之變動(續)

(b) 香港財務報告準則第11號取代香港會 計準則第31號「合營企業中的權益」及 香港(常設詮釋委員會)詮釋第13號/共 同控制實體:合營者所作出的非貨幣出 資」。其描述共同控制的合營安排的會 計。其只處理兩種形式的合營安排(即 共同經營及合營企業),並移除以比例 綜合法就合營企業入賬的選擇。香港財 務報告準則第11號中合營安排的分類取 決於各方因安排產生的權利和義務。共 同經營,是指合營方對該安排中的相關 資產和負債分別享有權利和承擔義務的 合營安排,並就合營方於共同經營中的 權利和義務按逐項對應基準核算。合營 企業,是指合營方對該安排的淨資產享 有權利的合營安排,須根據香港會計準 則第28號(二零一一年)以權益法來核 算。

> 應用香港財務報告準則第11號並無更改 本集團有關其於合營企業的投資的權益 會計結論。

(c) 香港財務報告準則第12號載有先前香港會計準則第27號「綜合財務報表和單獨財務報表」、香港會計準則第31號「合營企業中的權益」及香港會計準則第28號「對聯營投資」內所載有關附屬公司、合營安排、聯營及結構化實體的披露要求。其亦引進若干有關該等實體的新披露要求。有關附屬公司及合營企業的披露詳情分別載於財務報表附註17及18內。

31 March 2014 二零一四年三月三十一日

2.2 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND DISCLOSURES (continued)

- (d) The HKFRS 10, HKFRS 11 and HKFRS 12 Amendments clarify the transition guidance in HKFRS 10 and provide further relief from full retrospective application of these standards, limiting the requirement to provide adjusted comparative information to only the preceding comparative period. The amendments clarify that retrospective adjustments are only required if the consolidation conclusion as to which entities are controlled by the Group is different between HKFRS 10 and HKAS 27 or HK(SIC)-Int 12 at the beginning of the annual period in which HKFRS 10 is applied for the first time.
- (e) HKFRS 13 provides a precise definition of fair value and a single source of fair value measurement and disclosure requirements for use across HKFRSs. The standard does not change the circumstances in which the Group is required to use fair value, but rather provides guidance on how fair value should be applied where its use is already required or permitted under other HKFRSs. HKFRS 13 is applied prospectively and the adoption has had no material impact on the Group's fair value measurements. As a result of the guidance in HKFRS 13, the policies for measuring fair value have been amended. Additional disclosures required by HKFRS 13 for the fair value measurements of investment properties and financial instruments are included in notes 16 and 37 to the financial statements.
- (f) The HKAS 1 Amendments change the grouping of items presented in other comprehensive income ("OCI"). Items that could be reclassified (or recycled) to profit or loss at a future point in time (for example, exchange differences on translation of foreign operations, net movement on cash flow hedges and net loss or gain on available-for-sale financial assets) are presented separately from items which will never be reclassified (for example, the revaluation of land and buildings). The amendments have affected the presentation only and have had no impact on the financial position or performance of the Group. In addition, the Group has chosen to use the new title "statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income" as introduced by the amendments in these financial statements.

2.2 會計政策及披露之變動(續)

- (d) 香港財務報告準則第10號、香港財務報告準則第11號及香港財務報告準則第12號(修訂本)澄清,香港財務報告準則第10號內的過渡性指引並為完全追溯應用該等準則提供進一步寬免,將要上限制於僅就上一比較期間提供經調整比較資料。修訂澄清,只有如果於首次應用香港財務報告準則第10號的年度期間始時,香港財務報告準則第10號及香港(常設詮釋委員會)一詮釋第12號之間有關哪些實體由本集團控制的綜合結論不同,方需要作出追溯調整。
- (f) 香港會計準則第1號(修訂)更改在其他 全面收益(「其他全面收益」)內列報的 項目的分組。可在未來某一時間重新分 類(或再循環)至損益的項目(例如,換 算海外業務的匯兑差額、現金流資產的 類海外業務的匯兑差額、現金流資產的 類分數數,以及可供出售財務資產的 損益),與永不重新分類的項目(例 上地及樓宇的重估)會分開列報。 以及樓宇的重估)會分開列報。 以影響到列報,對本集團的財務狀別已 表現並無任何影響。此外,本集團已經 選擇在財務報表內採用修訂引入的新名 稱「損益及其他全面收益表」。



31 March 2014 二零一四年三月三十一日

2.2 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND DISCLOSURES (continued)

- (g) HKAS 19 (2011) includes a number of amendments that range from fundamental changes to simple clarifications and re-wording. The revised standard introduces significant changes in the accounting for defined benefit pension plans including removing the choice to defer the recognition of actuarial gains and losses. Other changes include modifications to the timing of recognition for termination benefits, the classification of short term employee benefits and disclosures of defined benefit plans. As the Group does not have any defined benefit plan or employee termination plan and the Group does not have any significant employee benefits that are expected to be settled for more than twelve months after the reporting period, the adoption of the revised standard has had no effect on the financial position or performance of the Group.
- (h) The HKAS 36 Amendments remove the unintended disclosure requirement made by HKFRS 13 on the recoverable amount of a cash-generating unit which is not impaired. In addition, the amendments require the disclosure of the recoverable amounts for the assets or cash-generating units for which an impairment loss has been recognised or reversed during the reporting period, and expand the disclosure requirements regarding the fair value measurement for these assets or units if their recoverable amounts are based on fair value less costs of disposal. The amendments are effective retrospectively for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2014 with earlier application permitted, provided HKFRS 13 is also applied. The Group has early adopted the amendments in these financial statements. The amendments have had no impact on the financial position or performance of the Group.

2.2 會計政策及披露之變動(續)

- (g) 香港會計準則第19號(二零一一年)包括由根本改變到簡單澄清及修改文字的若干修訂。經修訂準則對界定福利退休金計劃的會計處理引進重大變動,包括移於延遲確認精算損益的選擇。其他變動包括修改確認終止利益的時間、短期僱員福利的分類及有關界定福利計劃或僱員離職計劃,且預期本集團並無任何重大僱員福利將於報告期後超過十二個月方予結算,因此,採用經修訂準則對本集團的財務狀況或表現並無任何影響。
- (h) 香港會計準則第36號(修訂本)取消香港財務報告準則第13號無意間對並無減值現金產生單位的可收回金額作出的披露規定。此外,修訂要求須就於報告期內已確認或轉回減值虧損的資產或現在虧損的資產或單位(如果其可收回金額,並擴露規定。修訂追溯適用於二零一四年一月一日或以後開始的年度期間,並允許提先應用,但須同時應用香港財務報告準則第13號。本集團已經在財務報表內提前採用修訂。修訂對本集團的財務狀況或表現並無影響。

31 March 2014 二零一四年三月三十一日

2.2 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND DISCLOSURES (continued)

- (i) Annual Improvements 2009–2011 Cycle issued in June 2012 sets out amendments to a number of standards. There are separate transitional provisions for each standard. While the adoption of some of the amendments may result in changes in accounting policies, none of these amendments have had a significant financial impact on the Group. Details of the key amendments most applicable to the Group are as follows:
 - HKAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements: Clarifies the difference between voluntary additional comparative information and the minimum required comparative information. Generally, the minimum required comparative period is the previous period. An entity must include comparative information in the related notes to the financial statements when it voluntarily provides comparative information beyond the previous period. The additional comparative information does not need to contain a complete set of financial statements.

In addition, the amendment clarifies that the opening statement of financial position as at the beginning of the preceding period must be presented when an entity changes its accounting policies; makes retrospective restatements or makes reclassifications, and that change has a material effect on the statement of financial position. However, the related notes to the opening statement of financial position as at the beginning of the preceding period are not required to be presented.

 HKAS 32 Financial Instruments: Presentation: Clarifies that income taxes arising from distributions to equity holders are accounted for in accordance with HKAS 12 Income Taxes. The amendment removes existing income tax requirements from HKAS 32 and requires entities to apply the requirements in HKAS 12 to any income tax arising from distributions to equity holders.

2.2 會計政策及披露之變動(續)

- (i) 於二零一二年六月頒佈之「年度改善 (二零零九年至二零一一年循環)」載列 若干準則之修訂。各準則有獨立過渡條 文。雖然採納若干修訂可能引致會計政 策之變動,惟該等修訂對本集團並無重 大財務影響。最適用於本集團的主要修 訂詳情如下:
 - 香港會計準則第1號「財務報表的 列報」:澄清自願額外比較資料與 最低要求比較資料的分別。一般而 言,最低要求比較期為上一期間。 當實體自願提供上一期間以外的 比較資料時,實體須在財務報表相 關附註內包括比較資料。額外比較 資料無須載有一整套財務報表。

此外,修訂澄清,當實體更改其會 計政策時,須列報上一期間起始日 的期初財務狀況表,作出追溯重列 或作出重新分類,及該更改對財務 狀況表有重大影響。然而,上一期 間起始日的期初財務狀況表無須 提供相關附註。

• 香港會計準則第32號「金融工具: 列報」: 澄清向權益持有者作出分 派所產生的所得稅依據香港會計準 則第12號「所得稅」入賬。修訂移 除香港會計準則第32號現有的所得 稅要求,並要求實體將香港會計準 則第12號的要求應用於向權益持有 者作出分派所產生的任何所得稅。



2.3 ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE HKFRSs

The Group has not applied the following new and revised HKFRSs, that have been issued but are not yet effective, in these financial statements.

HKFRS 9 HKFRS 9, HKFRS 7 and HKAS 39 Amendments	Financial Instruments ⁴ Hedge Accounting and amendments to HKFRS 9, HKFRS 7 and HKAS 39 ⁴
HKFRS 10, HKFRS 12 and HKAS 27 (2011) Amendments	Amendments to HKFRS 10, HKFRS 12 and HKAS 27 (2011) – Investment Entities ¹
HKFRS 14	Regulatory Deferral Accounts ³
HKAS 19 Amendments	Amendments to HKAS 19 Employee Benefits – Defined Benefit Plans: Employee Contributions ²
HKAS 32 Amendments	Amendments to HKAS 32 Financial Instruments: Presentation – Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities ¹
HKAS 39 Amendments	Amendments to HKAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement - Novation of Derivatives and Continuation of Hedge Accounting ¹
HK(IFRIC)–Int 21	Levies ¹
Annual Improvements 2010 – 2012 Cycle Annual Improvements 2011 – 2013 Cycle	Amendments to a number of HKFRSs issued in January 2014 ² Amendments to a number of HKFRSs issued in January 2014 ²

- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2014
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2014
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016
- ⁴ No mandatory effective date yet determined but is available for adoption

2.3 已頒布但尚未生效的香港財務報告 準則

本集團在這些財務報表尚未採用下列已發布 但尚未生效的新制訂和經修訂的香港財務報 告準則。

香港財務報告準則第9號	金融工具+
香港財務報告準則第9號、	對沖會計及修訂香港財務報告
香港財務報告準則第7號及	準則第9號、香港財務報告準則
香港會計準則第39號(修訂)	第7號及香港會計準則第39號4
香港財務報告準則第10號、	香港財務報告準則第10號、
香港財務報告準則第12號及	香港財務報告準則第12號及香港
香港會計準則第27號	會計準則第27號(二零一一年)
(二零一一年)(修訂)	的修訂: <i>投資實體</i> 。
香港財務報告準則第14號	<i>監管遞延賬戶</i> 3
香港會計準則第19號(修訂)	香港會計準則第19號/僱員福利」
	的修訂: <i>界定福利計劃:</i>
	僱員供款 ?
香港會計準則第32號(修訂)	香港會計準則第32號/金融工具:
	<i>列報」</i> 的修訂:金融資產和
	金融負債的互相抵消
香港會計準則第39號(修訂)	香港會計準則第39號/ <i>金融工具:</i>
	<i>確認和計量」</i> 的修訂:
	衍生工具的約務更替和
	對沖會計的延續
香港(國際財務報告詮釋	<i>徵收費用</i> 1
委員會)詮釋第21號	
年度改善(二零一零年至	於二零一四年一月發出對若干
二零一二年循環)	香港財務報告準則的修訂2
年度改善(二零一一年至	於二零一四年一月發出對若干
二零一三年循環)	香港財務報告準則的修訂2

- ¹ 適用於二零一四年一月一日或以後開始 的年度期間
- ² 適用於二零一四年七月一日或以後開始 的年度期間
- 適用於二零一六年一月一日或以後開始的年度期間
- 4 尚未釐定強制生效日期,但可供採用

2.3 ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE HKFRSs (continued)

Further information about those HKFRSs that are expected to be applicable to the Group is as follows:

HKFRS 9 issued in November 2009 is the first part of phase 1 of a comprehensive project to entirely replace HKAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement. This phase focuses on the classification and measurement of financial assets. Instead of classifying financial assets into four categories, an entity shall classify financial assets as subsequently measured at either amortised cost or fair value, on the basis of both the entity's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets. This aims to improve and simplify the approach for the classification and measurement of financial assets compared with the requirements of HKAS 39.

In November 2010, the HKICPA issued additions to HKFRS 9 to address financial liabilities (the "Additions") and incorporated in HKFRS 9 the current derecognition principles of financial instruments of HKAS 39. Most of the Additions were carried forward unchanged from HKAS 39, while changes were made to the measurement of financial liabilities designated as at fair value through profit or loss using the fair value option ("FVO"). For these FVO liabilities, the amount of change in the fair value of a liability that is attributable to changes in credit risk must be presented in OCI. The remainder of the change in fair value is presented in profit or loss, unless presentation of the fair value change in respect of the liability's credit risk in OCI would create or enlarge an accounting mismatch in profit or loss. However, loan commitments and financial guarantee contracts which have been designated under the FVO are scoped out of the Additions.

2.3 已頒布但尚未生效的香港財務報告 準則(續)

> 預期適用於本集團的香港財務報告準則的進 一步資料如下:

> 二零零九年十一月發出的香港財務報告準則第9號作為整體替代香港會計準則第39號「金融工具:確認和計量」的綜合項目的第一階段的第一步,關注於金融資產的分類和計量。企業應該根據企業管理金融資產的商業模型和該金融資產的合同現金流特徵,將金融資產按其後按攤餘成本或公平值計量而進行分類,而非將金融資產分為四類。這樣的目的是與香港會計準則第39號相比在金融資產分類和計量上有所改進和簡化。

於二零一零年十一月,香港會計師公會就金 融負債發出香港財務報告準則第9號的新增 規定(「新增規定」),並將目前香港會計準 則第39號有關金融工具的撤銷確認原則納入 香港財務報告準則第9號內。大部分新增規 定均承自香港會計準則第39號而沒有改變, 但更改了使用公平值選擇權(「公平值選擇 權」)對指定為以公平值計量且變動計入損益 的金融負債的計量。有關該等公平值選擇權 負債,歸因於信貸風險變動的負債公平值變 動金額,必須列於其他全面收益中。其餘公 平值變動金額列於損益,除非於其他全面收 益中就負債的信貸風險列報公平值變動會於 損益中產生或擴大會計差異,則作別論。然 而,新增規定的範圍並不包括按公平值選擇 權指定的貸款承諾及財務擔保合同。



31 March 2014 二零一四年三月三十一日

2.3 ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE HKFRSs (continued)

In December 2013, the HKICPA added to HKFRS 9 the requirements related to hedge accounting and made some related changes to HKAS 39 and HKFRS 7 which include the corresponding disclosures about risk management activity for applying hedge accounting. The amendments to HKFRS 9 relax the requirements for assessing hedge effectiveness which result in more risk management strategies being eligible for hedge accounting. The amendments also allow greater flexibility on the hedged items and relax the rules on using purchased options and non-derivative financial instruments as hedging instruments. In addition, the amendments to HKFRS 9 allow an entity to apply only the improved accounting for own credit risk-related fair value gains and losses arising on FVO liabilities as introduced in 2010 without applying the other HKFRS 9 requirements at the same time.

HKAS 39 is aimed to be replaced by HKFRS 9 in its entirety. Before this entire replacement, the guidance in HKAS 39 on impairment of financial assets continues to apply. The previous mandatory effective date of HKFRS 9 was removed by the HKICPA in December 2013 and a mandatory effective date will be determined after the entire replacement of HKAS 39 is completed. However, the standard is available for application now. The Group will quantify the effect in conjunction with other phases, when the final standard including all phases is issued.

Amendments to HKFRS 10 include a definition of an investment entity and provide an exception to the consolidation requirement for entities that meet the definition of an investment entity. Investment entities are required to account for subsidiaries at fair value through profit or loss in accordance with HKFRS 9 rather than consolidate them. Consequential amendments were made to HKFRS 12 and HKAS 27 (2011). The amendments to HKFRS 12 also set out the disclosure requirements for investment entities. The Group expects that these amendments will not have any impact on the Group as the Company is not an investment entity as defined in HKFRS 10.

2.3 已頒布但尚未生效的香港財務報告 準則(續)

於二零一三年十二月,香港會計師公會將有 關對沖會計的規定加入香港財務報告準則第39號及香港財務 報告準則第7號作出若干相關改動,包括應用對沖會計的風險管理活動的修訂動的的 露。香港財務報告準則第9號的修訂放選 審估對沖成效的要求,導致更多風險對沖成效的要求,導致更多風險對沖 略符合對沖會計資格。修訂亦為被對沖的與 時一大靈活性及放寬了使用購買則則。 發表,香港財務報告準則第9號的修訂允對 提供不生金融工具作為對沖工具的規則。 對明第9號的自有信貸風險相關公平值選益只 所引致的自有信貸風險相關公平值損產 財務報告準則第9號的其他規定。

香港會計準則第39號將會被香港財務報告 準則第9號全面替代。在此之前,香港會計 準則第39號關於金融資產減值的指引繼續適 用。香港會計師公會已經於二零一三年十二 月移除香港財務報告準則第9號先前的強制 生效日期,而將會於完全取代香港會計準則 第39號完成後決定強制生效日期。然而,該 準則現可供應用。本集團將會於包括所有階 段的最終準則發出時連同其他階段量化有關 影響。

對香港財務報告準則第10號的修訂包括投資實體的定義,並為符合投資實體定義的實體 的綜合規定提供例外情況。投資實體須根據 香港財務報告準則第9號以按公平值記入損 益賬的方式就附屬公司入賬,而並非對其2 綜合處理。因此,香港財務報告準則第12號 及香港會計準則第27號(二零一一年)已經作 出修訂。對香港財務報告準則第12號的修訂 亦載列有關投資實體的披露要求。由於本公 可重體,因此本集團預期,修訂對本集團將 不會構成任何影響。

2.3 ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE HKFRSs (continued)

The HKAS 32 Amendments clarify the meaning of "currently has a legally enforceable right to set off" for offsetting financial assets and financial liabilities. The amendments also clarify the application of the offsetting criteria in HKAS 32 to settlement systems (such as central clearing house systems) which apply gross settlement mechanisms that are not simultaneous. The amendments are not expected to have any impact on the financial position or performance of the Group upon adoption on 1 April 2014.

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Subsidiaries

A subsidiary is an entity (including a structured entity), directly or indirectly, controlled by the Company. Control is achieved when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee (i.e. existing rights that give the Group the current ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee).

When the Company has, directly or indirectly, less than a majority of the voting or similar rights of an investee, the Group considers all relevant facts and circumstances in assessing whether it has power over an investee, including:

- (a) the contractual arrangement with the other vote holders of the investee;
- (b) rights arising from other contractual arrangements; and
- (c) the Group's voting rights and potential voting rights.

The results of a subsidiaries are included in the Company's statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income to the extent of dividends received and receivable. The Company's investments in subsidiaries are stated at cost less any impairment losses.

2.3 已頒布但尚未生效的香港財務報告 準則(續)

香港會計準則第32號(修訂)澄清抵銷金融 資產和金融負債時「當前具有法律上可執行 的抵銷權」的含義。修訂亦澄清,香港會計 準則第32號內抵銷準則對應用並非同時的總 額結算機制的結算系統(例如中央結算所系 統)的應用。本集團將會於二零一四年四月 一日採用修訂,預期修訂對本集團的財務狀 況或表現並無任何影響。

2.4 主要會計政策概要

附屬公司

附屬公司指本公司直接或間接控制的實體(包括結構化實體)。當本集團通過參與被投資方的相關活動而承擔可變回報的風險或享有可變回報,並且有能力運用對被投資方的權力(即是使本集團目前有能力主導被投資方的相關活動的現時權利)影響該等回報時,即取得控制權。

當本公司直接或間接擁有少於被投資方大多數的表決或類似權利,在評估其是否擁有對 被投資方的權力時,本集團會考慮所有相關 事實和情況,包括:

- (a) 與被投資方其他表決權持有者的合同安 排;
- (b) 其他合同安排產生的權利;及
- (c) 本集團的表決權及潛在表決權。

附屬公司之業績載於本公司的損益及其他全 面收益表,以已收及應收股息為限。本公司 於附屬公司的投資乃按原值減任何減值虧損 列賬。



31 March 2014 二零一四年三月三十一日

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Investments in joint ventures

A joint venture is a type of joint arrangement whereby the parties that have joint control of the arrangement have rights to the net assets of the joint venture. Joint control is the contractually agreed sharing of control of an arrangement, which exists only when decisions about the relevant activities require the unanimous consent of the parties sharing control.

The Group's investments in joint ventures are stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at the Group's share of net assets under the equity method of accounting, less any impairment losses.

Adjustments are made to bring into line any dissimilar accounting policies that may exist.

The Group's share of the post-acquisition results and other comprehensive income of joint ventures are included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income. In addition, when there has been a change recognised directly in the equity of the joint ventures, the Group recognises its share of any changes, when applicable, in the consolidated statement of changes in equity. Unrealised gains and losses resulting from transactions between the Group and its joint ventures are eliminated to the extent of the Group's investments in the joint ventures, except where unrealised losses provide evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Goodwill arising from the acquisition of joint ventures is included as part of the Group's investments in joint ventures.

If an investment in a joint venture becomes an investment in an associate, the retained interest is not remeasured. Instead, the investment continues to be accounted for under the equity method. In all other cases, upon loss of the joint control over the joint venture, the Group measures and recognises any retained investment at its fair value. Any difference between the carrying amount of the joint venture upon loss of joint control and the fair value of the retained investment and proceeds from disposal is recognised in profit or loss.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

於合營企業的投資

合營企業是一種合營安排,據此,對安排享 有共同控制的各方對合營企業的淨資產享有 權利。共同控制指在合約上同意分享安排的 控制權,這只有在關於相關活動的決定需要 分享控制權各方一致同意時存在。

本集團於合營企業的投資在綜合財務狀況表 中,以根據會計的權益法核算的本集團所佔 淨資產份額減去減值虧損後的餘額列賬。

可能存在的不同的會計政策已經調整一致。

本集團應佔合營企業收購後業績和其他全面收益計入綜合損益及其他全面收益表中。此外,當直接在合營企業的權益中確認其應時,本集團會在綜合權益變動表內確認其會佔的任何變動(如適用)。本集團與其合營企業進行交易而出現的未實現損益會互相抵銷,金額以本集團於合營企業的投資為限,但如果未實現虧損證明所轉讓資產發生減值則除外。收購合營企業產生的商譽包括在本集團於合營企業的投資內。

如果於合營企業的投資變為於聯營公司的投資,則不會重新計量保留權益。取而代之,該項投資會繼續根據權益法核算。在所有其他情況下,本集團不再對合營企業有共同控制權時,本集團會按其公平值計量及確認任何保留投資。合營企業於喪失共同控制權時的賬面金額與所保留投資的公平值及出售所得款項兩者之間的任何差額會在損益中確認。

31 March 2014 二零一四年三月三十一日

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Business combinations and goodwill

Business combinations are accounted for using the acquisition method. The consideration transferred is measured at the acquisition date fair value which is the sum of the acquisition date fair values of assets transferred by the Group, liabilities assumed by the Group to the former owners of the acquiree and the equity interests issued by the Group in exchange for control of the acquiree. For each business combination, the Group elects whether to measure the non-controlling interests in the acquiree that are present ownership interests and entitle their holders to a proportionate share of net assets in the event of liquidation at fair value or at the proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. All other components of non-controlling interests are measured at fair value. Acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred.

When the Group acquires a business, it assesses the financial assets and liabilities assumed for appropriate classification and designation in accordance with the contractual terms, economic circumstances and pertinent conditions as at the acquisition date. This includes the separation of embedded derivatives in host contracts by the acquiree.

If the business combination is achieved in stages, the previously held equity interest is remeasured at its acquisition date fair value and any resulting gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss.

Any contingent consideration to be transferred by the acquirer is recognised at fair value at the acquisition date. Contingent consideration classified as an asset or liability that is a financial instrument and within the scope of HKAS 39 is measured at fair value with changes in fair value either recognised in profit or loss or as a change to other comprehensive income. If the contingent consideration is not within the scope of HKAS 39, it is measured in accordance with the appropriate HKFRS. Contingent consideration that is classified as equity is not remeasured and subsequent settlement is accounted for within equity.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

企業合併與商譽

當本集團收購一個企業,會在收購日根據合同條款、經濟狀況以及相關狀況來評估對金融資產和承擔的負債進行合適分類或指定,包括將被收購企業嵌入衍生工具從主合同中進行分離。

如企業合併分階段進行,之前持有的股權按 其於收購日期的公平價值重新計量,產生的 任何損益在損益中確認。

將由收購方轉讓的任何或有代價都應按照購買日的公平價值進行確認。屬金融工具並分類為資產或負債及屬於香港會計準則第39號範圍內的或有代價按公平價值計量,其公平價值變動在損益中或作為其他全面收益的變動確認。如果或有代價不屬於香港會計準則第39號範圍內,其根據適當的香港財務報告準則計量。分類為權益的或有代價不重新計量,其之後的結算在權益中入賬。



31 March 2014 二零一四年三月三十一日

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Business combinations and goodwill (continued)

Goodwill is initially measured at cost, being the excess of the aggregate of the consideration transferred, the amount recognised for non-controlling interests and any fair value of the Group's previously held equity interests in the acquiree over the identifiable net assets acquired and liabilities assumed. If the sum of this consideration and other items is lower than the fair value of the net assets acquired, the difference is, after reassessment, recognised in profit or loss as a gain on bargain purchase.

After initial recognition, goodwill is measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is tested for impairment annually or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may be impaired. The Group performs its annual impairment test of goodwill as at 31 March. For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the Group's cash-generating units, or groups of cash-generating units, that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the Group are assigned to those units or groups of units.

Impairment is determined by assessing the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit (group of cash-generating units) to which the goodwill relates. Where the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit (group of cash-generating units) is less than the carrying amount, an impairment loss is recognised. An impairment loss recognised for goodwill is not reversed in a subsequent period.

Where goodwill has been allocated to a cash-generating unit (or group of cash-generating units) and part of the operation within that unit is disposed of, the goodwill associated with the operation disposed of is included in the carrying amount of the operation when determining the gain or loss on the disposal. Goodwill disposed in these circumstances is measured based on the relative value of the disposed operation and the portion of the cash-generating unit retained.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

企業合併與商譽(續)

商譽初始按成本計量,即是所轉移的代價、確認的非控制性權益金額以及本集團原先持有的被收購方的股本權益的公平價值總和超過所收購可辨認淨資產和所承擔負債的部分。如果該代價和其他項目的總金額低於所收購淨資產的公平價值,其差額在再次評估後在損益確認為廉價購買收益。

初始確認之後,商譽以成本減去累計減值虧 損來計量。商譽的賬面價值需每年進行評 是否發生減值,如果事件或情況的改變更 賬面價值可能出現減值,則需要進行更 數複查。本集團在每年三月三十一日進行 度減值測試。為了進行減值測試,企業 可 取得的商譽自收購日起,分配給本集團的 單一個預期能從企業合併協同獲益的現金產出 單元或現金產出單元組,無論本集團的 單元或負債是否被分配給上述單元或單元 組。

減值虧損以評估與商譽相關的現金產出單元 (現金產出單元組)的可收回金額來確定。如 果現金產出單元(現金產出單元組)的可收回 金額少於其賬面價值,則確認減值虧損。已 確認的商譽減值虧損在後續期間不可轉回。

如果商譽分配至現金產出單元(現金產出單元組),且該單元業務的一部分被處置,在確定處置損益時,與被處置業務相關的商譽將包括在該業務的賬面金額。在這種情況下處置的商譽以被處置的業務和被保留的現金產出單元的相對值為基礎計量。

31 March 2014 二零一四年三月三十一日

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Fair value measurement

The Group measures its investment properties at fair value at the end of each reporting period. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either in the principal market for the asset or liability, or in the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability. The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Group. The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Group uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1 based on quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 based on valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is observable, either directly or indirectly

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

公平值計量

本集團在每個報告期末按公平值計量其投資物業。公平值是指市場參與者在計量日的有序交易中,出售一項資產所能收到或者轉移一項負債所需支付的價格。公平值計量量的一項負債所需支付的價格。公平值計量量的支援。在不存在主要市場進行,或在不存在主要市場進行的假定。主要市場(或最有有主要市場進行的假定。主要市場(或最有有重場)應當是本集團能夠進入的市場。資資資質的公平值乃基於市場參與者在對該資資質的公平值乃基於市場參與者在對該資資。

非金融資產的公平值計量會考慮市場參與者 透過以最大限度使用該資產達致最佳用途, 或透過將該資產出售給能夠以最大限度使用 該資產達致最佳用途的其他市場參與者產生 經濟利益的能力。

本集團採用在當前情況下適用並且有足夠可 利用數據支持的估值技術去計量公平值,儘 量使用相關可觀察輸入值及儘量減少使用不 可觀察輸入值。

在財務報表內計量或披露公平值的所有資產 及負債,均根據對公平值計量整體而言具有 重要意義的最低層次輸入值在下述公平值層 次內進行分類:

第一層次一 基於相同資產或負債在活躍 市場上(未經調整)的報價

第二層次- 基於對公平值計量而言具有 重要意義的最低層次輸入值 乃直接或間接可觀察的估值 技術



2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Fair value measurement (continued)

Level 3 – based on valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Group determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by reassessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

Impairment of non-financial assets

Where an indication of impairment exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required (other than properties held for development, properties under development, properties held for sale, construction contract assets, deferred tax assets, financial assets, investment properties and goodwill), the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of the asset's or cash-generating unit's value in use and its fair value less costs of disposal, and is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets, in which case the recoverable amount is determined for the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

An impairment loss is recognised only if the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. An impairment loss is charged to profit or loss in the period in which it arises, unless the asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the impairment loss is accounted for in accordance with the relevant accounting policy for that revalued asset.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

公平值計量(續)

第三層次- 基於對公平值計量而言具有 重要意義的最低層次輸入值 乃不可觀察的估值技術

就持續於財務報表確認的資產及負債而言, 本集團於每個報告期末透過(按對公平值計 量整體而言具有重要意義的最低層次輸入 值)重新評估分類,以決定層次制度中各個 層次間是否有轉移。

非金融資產減值

如果存在減值跡象,或當資產須進行週年減值測試時(持有作發展之物業、發展中物業、持有作出售之物業、建造合約資產、延稅項資產、金融資產、投資物業及商譽除外),會估計資產的可收回金額。資產的可收回金額以資產或現金產生單位的使用價值與其公平值減出售成本兩者中的較高者計算,並以個別資產釐定,除非資產並不獨立於其他資產或資產組合產生現金流入,在此情況下,可收回金額乃以資產所屬現金產生單位釐定。

只有當資產賬面值超過其可收回金額時,方 會確認減值虧損。估計使用價值時,會採用 反映對貨幣時間價值和該資產特有風險的 當時市場評價的稅前折現率對該估計未來現 金流量進行折現為現值。減值虧損會在其出 現期間在損益中扣除,除非資產按重估值列 值,在該情況下,減值虧損會根據重估資產 的有關會計政策入賬。

31 March 2014 二零一四年三月三十一日

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Impairment of non-financial assets (continued)

An assessment is made at the end of each reporting period as to whether there is an indication that previously recognised impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased. If such an indication exists, the recoverable amount is estimated. A previously recognised impairment loss of an asset other than goodwill is reversed only if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount of that asset, but not to an amount higher than the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of any depreciation/amortisation) had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of such an impairment loss is credited to profit or loss in the period in which it arises.

Related parties

A party is considered to be related to the Group if:

- (a) the party is a person or a close member of that person's family and that person
 - (i) has control or joint control over the Group;
 - (ii) has significant influence over the Group; or
 - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Group or of a parent of the Group;

or

- (b) the party is an entity where any of the following conditions applies:
 - (i) the entity and the Group are members of the same group;
 - (ii) one entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or of a parent, subsidiary or fellow subsidiary of the other entity);
 - (iii) the entity and the Group are joint ventures of the same third party;

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

非金融資產減值(續)

於各報告期末均會評估是否有跡象顯示於過往確認的減值虧損可能不再存在或可能已減少。如出現有關跡象,則會估計可收回金額。只有在確定資產的可收回金額中所使認的估計發生改變時,才能轉回以前已確認的資產減值虧損(不包括商譽),然而,由於資產減值虧損的轉回而增加的資產賬面值,時的下數面值(扣除任何折舊/攤銷)。有關減值虧損的轉回在其出現期間貸記於全面收益表的損益中。

關聯方

在下列情況下,則一方被視為與本集團有 關:

- (a) 個人或與該個人關係密切的家庭成員與 報告實體相關聯,如果該個人:
 - (i) 對本集團實施控制或共同控制;
 - (ii) 對本集團實施重大影響;或
 - (iii) 是本集團或其母公司的關鍵管理 人員的成員;

或

- (b) 如果適用以下任何情形,則某實體與報告實體相關聯:
 - (i) 該實體和本集團是同一集團的成 員;
 - (ii) 某一實體是另一實體(或是該另一 實體的母公司、附屬公司或同系附 屬公司)的聯營企業或合營企業;
 - (iii) 該實體和本集團都是相同第三方 的合營企業;



2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Related parties (continued)

- (b) (continued)
 - (iv) one entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity;
 - (v) the entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group;
 - (vi) the entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a); and
 - (vii)a person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity).

Property, plant and equipment and depreciation

Property, plant and equipment, other than hotel under construction, are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses. The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment comprises its purchase price and any directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to its working condition and location for its intended use.

Expenditure incurred after items of property, plant and equipment have been put into operation, such as repairs and maintenance, is normally charged to profit or loss in the period in which it is incurred. In situations where the recognition criteria are satisfied, the expenditure for a major inspection is capitalised in the carrying amount of the asset as a replacement. Where significant parts of property, plant and equipment are required to be replaced at intervals, the Group recognises such parts as individual assets with specific useful lives and depreciates them accordingly.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

關聯方(續)

(b) (續)

- (iv) 某一實體是第三方的合營企業並且 另一實體是該第三方的聯營企業;
- (v) 該實體是為本集團或與本集團關 聯的實體的僱員福利而設的離職 後福利計劃;
- (vi) 該實體受(a)項所述個人的控制或 共同控制;及
- (vii) (a)(i)項所述的個人對該實體實施 重大影響或是該實體(或其母公 司)的關鍵管理人員的成員。

物業、機器及設備及折舊

除在建中酒店以外,物業、機器及設備乃按 原值減累計折舊及任何減值虧損列賬。物 業、機器及設備項目之原值包括其購買價及 任何將資產達致其現有運作狀況及地點作擬 定用途之直接成本。

在物業、機器及設備項目投入運作後產生之支出,如維修與保養等,一般於支出期間的 損益中扣除。如果符合確認準則,則主要檢 查的支出會作為替換資本化於資產賬面值。 如果物業、機器及設備的主要部分須定期替 換,則本集團確認有關部分為獨立資產,其 具有特定的使用年限及據此折舊。

31 March 2014 二零一四年三月三十一日

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT

ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Property, plant and equipment and depreciation (continued)

Changes in the values of revalued property, plant and equipment are dealt with as movements in the property revaluation reserve. If the total of this reserve is insufficient to cover a deficit, on an individual asset basis, the excess of the deficit is charged to profit or loss. Any subsequent revaluation surplus is credited to profit or loss to the extent of the deficit previously charged.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis to write off the cost of each item of property, plant and equipment to its residual value over its estimated useful life. The principal annual rates used for this purpose are as follows:

Leasehold land under Over the lease terms finance leases Buildings Over the shorter of the remaining term of the land lease and 40 years Over the shorter of the Leasehold improvements lease term and 20% 20% to 24% Machinery and equipment Furniture, fixtures and 20% to 24% office equipment Motor vehicles 24% to 30%

Where parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, the cost of that item is allocated on a reasonable basis among the parts and each part is depreciated separately. Residual values, useful lives and the depreciation method are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at least at each financial year end.

An item of property, plant and equipment including any significant part initially recognised is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss on disposal or retirement recognised in profit or loss in the year the asset is derecognised is the difference between the net sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the relevant asset.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

物業、機器及設備及折舊(續)

重估物業、機器及設備的價值變動作為資產 重估儲備變動處理。就單個資產而言,如果 該儲備合計不足抵消赤字,則赤字超出的部 分扣自損益。任何後續重估盈餘以之前扣除 的赤字為限計入損益。

折舊乃以直線法按其估計可使用年期撤銷各 項物業、機器及設備項目的成本至其殘值。 就此而言所採用之主要年率如下:

分類為融資租賃的 按租賃期 租賃土地 樓宇 按尚餘租賃土地租約 年期或40年 (以較短者為準) 租賃物業裝修 按租賃期或20% (以較短者為準) 機器及設備 20%至24% **傢俬、固定裝置及** 20%至24% 辦公室設備 車輛 24%至30%

當一項物業、機器及設備的各部份具有不同 的可使用年期,該項目的成本依照合理的基 準分配予各部份,而每部份會分開折舊。殘 值、可使用年期及折舊方法會最少於各財政 年度結算日檢討及調整(如合適)。

一項物業、機器及設備(包括初始確認的任何重大部分)在出售時或預期不會從其使用或出售獲得未來經濟利益時終止確認。任何出售或報廢損益會於資產終止確認年度按相當於有關資產的出售所得款項淨額與賬面值的差額在損益中確認。



31 March 2014 二零一四年三月三十一日

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Property, plant and equipment and depreciation (continued)

Hotel under construction is stated at cost less any impairment losses, and is not depreciated. Cost comprises the direct costs of construction and capitalised borrowing costs on related borrowed funds during the period of construction. Hotel under construction is reclassified to the appropriate category of property, plant and equipment when completed and ready for use.

Investment properties

Investment properties are interests in land and buildings (including the leasehold interest under an operating lease for a property which would otherwise meet the definition of an investment property) held to earn rental income and/or for capital appreciation, rather than for use in the production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes; or for sale in the ordinary course of business. Such properties are measured initially at cost, including transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are stated at fair value, which reflects market conditions at the end of the reporting period.

Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair values of investment properties are included in profit or loss in the year in which they arise.

Any gains or losses on the retirement or disposal of an investment property are recognised in profit or loss in the year of the retirement or disposal.

For a transfer from investment properties to properties under development, the deemed cost of a property for subsequent accounting is its fair value at the date of change in use.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

物業、機器及設備及折舊(續)

在建中酒店按成本減去減值虧損計量且不計提折舊。成本包括建築期內的直接建築成本 及資本化的相關借款的借款成本。在建中酒 店竣工且可供使用時,將重分類至物業、機 器及設備的恰當類別。

投資物業

投資物業為於持有作賺取租金收入及/或資本增值,而非作生產或供應貨品或服務或作行政用途,亦非作通常業務運作過程中出售的土地及樓宇權益(包括物業經營租賃的租賃權益,而有關物業如非根據經營租賃租出,則符合投資物業的定義)。該等物業初始按成本(包括交易費用)計量。於初始確認後,投資物業按反映報告期末市場狀況的公平值列值。

投資物業公平值變動所產生的損益包括在出 現年度的損益中。

報廢或出售投資物業的任何損益於報廢或出 售年度的損益中確認。

如果將投資物業轉換成發展中物業,進行後 續會計處理的物業的推定成本為其改變用途 之日的公平價值。

31 March 2014 二零一四年三月三十一日

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Investment properties (continued)

If a property occupied by the Group as an owner-occupied property becomes an investment property, the Group accounts for such property in accordance with the policy stated under "Property, plant and equipment and depreciation" up to the date of change in use, and any difference at that date between the carrying amount and the fair value of the property is accounted for as a revaluation in accordance with the policy stated under "Property, plant and equipment and depreciation" above.

Properties held for development

Properties held for development are stated at cost less impairment losses. These properties are reclassified as properties under development, hotel under construction or investment properties, as appropriate, when development commences.

Properties held for development are classified as noncurrent assets as the construction period of the relevant property development project is expected to complete beyond the normal operating cycle.

Properties under development

Properties under development for re-sale are included under current assets and are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost comprises acquisition costs, construction costs, interest and other direct attributable costs.

Properties under development are classified as current assets as the construction period of the relevant property development project is expected to complete within the normal operating cycle. On completion, the properties are transferred to properties held for sale.

Net realisable value is determined by reference to the estimated selling price less estimated total cost of the development and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale of the properties.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

投資物業(續)

如果本集團一項自用物業轉換成投資物業, 則本集團根據「物業、機器及設備及折舊」下 規定的政策對該物業進行會計處理直至其用 途改變之日,在用途改變之日該項物業的賬 面金額與其公平值之間的任何差額採用「物 業、機器及設備及折舊」會計政策中價值重 估相同的會計方式處理。

持有作發展之物業

持有作發展之物業以成本減去減值虧損列 值。該等物業於發展開始時恰當地重新分類 為發展中物業、在建中酒店或投資物業。

由於有關物業發展項目的建築期預期超過正 常經營周期方完成,因此,持有作發展之物 業分類為非流動資產。

發展中物業

擬轉售的發展中物業將會計入流動資產項下,並按成本與可變現淨值(兩者以較低者為準)列賬。成本包括收購成本、建築成本、利息及其他的直接成本。

由於有關物業發展項目的建築期預期於正常 經營周期內完成,因此,發展中物業分類為 流動資產。完成時,有關物業會轉撥至持有 作出售之物業。

可變現淨值乃參考估計售價減估計發展成本 總額及估計用以銷售物業的必要成本後釐 定。



31 March 2014 二零一四年三月三十一日

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Properties held for sale

Properties held for sale are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs necessary to make the sale of the properties.

Leases

Leases that transfer substantially all the rewards and risks of ownership of assets to the Group, other than legal title, are accounted for as finance leases. At the inception of a finance lease, the cost of the leased asset is capitalised at the present value of the minimum lease payments and recorded together with the obligation, excluding the interest element, to reflect the purchase and financing. Assets held under capitalised finance leases, including prepaid land lease payments under finance leases, are included in property, plant and equipment, and depreciated over the shorter of the lease terms and the estimated useful lives of the assets. The finance costs of such leases are charged to profit or loss so as to provide a constant periodic rate of charge over the lease terms.

Leases where substantially all the rewards and risks of ownership of assets remain with the lessor are accounted for as operating leases. Where the Group is the lessor, assets leased by the Group under operating leases are included in non-current assets, and rentals receivable under the operating leases are credited to profit or loss on the straight-line basis over the lease terms. Where the Group is the lessee, rentals payable under the operating leases net of any incentives received from the lessor are charged to profit or loss on the straight-line basis over the lease terms.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

持有作出售之物業

持有作出售之物業按成本與可變現淨值兩者 中的較低者列值。可變現淨值相當於在通常 業務運作過程中的估計售價減估計用以銷售 物業的必要成本。

租賃

凡將資產所有權之絕大部份回報及風險(法定所有權除外)轉移至本集團之租約,均視作融資租賃。融資租賃開始時,租賃資產之成本即按最低應付租金之現值資本化,以反轉置及融資。根據已資本化之融資租賃付計劃,並按該租賃的預付土地租賃付款額)會列入物業、機器及設備,並按該等資產之租賃期和估計可用年期兩者中較短者中地租赁付辦資。該等租約之融資成本自損益中扣除,以得出一個於租約期間內之固定週期支銷率。

凡資產所有權之絕大部份回報及風險仍由出租人承擔之租約,均視為經營租賃。倘本集團為出租人,本集團根據經營租賃出租之資產列入非流動資產內,而經營租賃之應收租金,乃按租賃期以直線法列入損益內;倘本集團為承租人,經營租賃之應付租金扣除出租人提供的任何優惠在租賃期內乃按直線法計入損益內。

31 March 2014 二零一四年三月三十一日

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Investments and other financial assets

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets within the scope of HKAS 39 are classified as loans and receivables. The Group determines the classification of its financial assets at initial recognition. When financial assets are recognised initially, they are measured at fair value plus transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial assets, except in the case of financial assets recorded at fair value through profit or loss.

All regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on the trade date, that is, the date that the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the period generally established by regulation or convention in the marketplace.

The Group's financial assets include cash and bank balances, accounts and other receivables and deposits.

Subsequent measurement

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. After initial measurement, such assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method less any allowance for impairment. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and includes fees or costs that are an integral part of the effective interest rate. The effective interest rate amortisation is included in other income and gains in profit or loss. The loss arising from impairment is recognised in profit or loss in finance costs for loans and in other expenses for receivables.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

投資及其他金融資產

初始確認和計量

在香港會計準則第39號範疇內的金融資產分類為貸款和應收款。本集團在初始確認時決定其金融資產的分類。初始確認金融資產時,按公平值計量,如果其不是按公平值計量且其變動計入損益的金融資產,則還應加上歸屬於取得該金融資產的交易費用。

凡以常規方式購買及出售金融資產,均按交易日(即本集團承諾購買資產的日期)方法 進行確認。以常規方式買賣指要求在相關市 場中的規則或慣例通常約定的期間內交付該 項資產的金融資產買賣。

本集團的金融資產包括現金及銀行結餘、應收賬款以及按金及其他應收款。

後續計量

貸款及應收款項為付款額固定或可以釐定,而在活躍市場上沒有市場報價的非衍生金融資產。初始計量後,該等資產按實際利率法以攤餘成本減任何減值準備列值。計算攤餘成本時,應考慮購買產生的任何折價或溢價,且包括作為實際利率不可或缺的費用和交易費用。實際利率攤銷包括在損益中的其他收入及收益。如果是貸款,減值產生的虧損在損益的財務費用確認,如果是應收款項,則在其他開支確認。



31 March 2014 二零一四年三月三十一日

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Derecognition of financial assets

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognised (i.e. removed from the Group's consolidated statement of financial position) when:

- the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired; or
- the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a "pass-through" arrangement; and either (a) the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the Group has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, it evaluates if and to what extent it has retained the risk and rewards of ownership of the asset. When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset nor transferred control of the asset, the Group continues to recognise the transferred asset to the extent of the Group's continuing involvement. In that case, the Group also recognises an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Group has retained.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

終止確認金融資產

主要在下列情況下,應終止確認金融資產 (或,如適用,金融資產的一部分,或一組 相類似金融資產的一部分)(即從本集團的綜 合財務狀況表移除):

- 從資產收取現金流量的權利已到期;或
- 本集團已轉讓其從資產收取現金流量的權利,或根據「轉移」安排,承擔向第三者在無嚴重延緩的情況下全數支付獲取的現金流量的義務;並:(a)本集團已轉讓資產絕大部份風險和報酬,或(b)本集團並無轉讓或保留資產絕大部份風險和報酬,但已轉讓資產控制權。

凡本集團轉讓其從資產收取現金流量的權利 或已經訂立轉移安排,其評估其是否保留與 擁有該資產相關的風險和回報以及有關程 度。如果其並無轉讓或保留資產絕大部份風 險和報酬,且並無轉讓資產控制權,本集團 會視乎持續參與的程度繼續確認已轉讓資 產。在該情況下,本集團亦確認相關負債。 轉讓的資產及相關負債按反映本集團保留的 權利和義務的基準計量。

31 March 2014 二零一四年三月三十一日

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Impairment of financial assets

The Group assesses at the end of each reporting period whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired. An impairment exists if one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the asset have an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or the group of financial assets that can be reliably estimated. Evidence of impairment may include indications that a debtor or a group of debtors is experiencing significant financial difficulty, default or delinquency in interest or principal payments, the probability that they will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation and observable data indicating that there is a measurable decrease in the estimated future cash flows, such as changes in arrears or economic conditions that correlate with defaults.

Financial assets carried at amortised cost

For financial assets carried at amortised cost, the Group first assesses whether impairment exists individually for financial assets that are individually significant, or collectively for financial assets that are not individually significant. If the Group determines that no objective evidence of impairment exists for an individually assessed financial asset, whether significant or not, it includes the asset in a group of financial assets with similar credit risk characteristics and collectively assesses them for impairment. Assets that are individually assessed for impairment and for which an impairment loss is, or continues to be, recognised are not included in a collective assessment of impairment.

The amount of any impairment loss identified is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows (excluding future credit losses that have not yet been incurred). The present value of the estimated future cash flows is discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate (i.e. the effective interest rate computed at initial recognition).

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

金融資產減值

本集團在每個報告期末均會進行評價,以判斷是否存在任何客觀證據表明某項金融資產發生減值。如果資產初始產認後發生的一個或多個事項對金融資產產的最資產組的預計未來現金流量的影響能可包括計,則存在減值。減值證據可包括債務人發生重大財務困難,拖欠利息或本金的支付,他們很可能破產或進行其他財務重組,以及有可觀察數據表示預計未來現金流量出現可量度的減少,例如與拖欠相聯繫的欠款或經濟狀況的改變。

以攤餘成本列值的金融資產

有關以攤餘成本列值的金融資產,本集團首先要評估是否有重大的個別金融資產單獨發生減值或個別不重大的金融資產整體發生減值。如果本集團確定沒有客觀證據表明評估的個別金融資產,無論重大與否,發生減值,則該資產計入具有相似信用風險特徵的金融資產組,並對整個小組進行減值評估。已進行減值評估並確認或繼續確認減值損失的個別資產,不計入整體減值評估中。

所辨認的任何減值虧損的金額按資產的賬面 值及對預期未來現金流量進行折現後的現值 (不包括未發生的未來信貸虧損)兩者之間的 差額計量。對預期未來現金流量進行折現後 的現值以金融資產最初的實際利率(即初始 確認時計算的實際利率)計算。



2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Impairment of financial assets (continued)

Financial assets carried at amortised cost (continued)

The carrying amount of the asset is reduced through the use of an allowance account and the loss is recognised in profit or loss. Interest income continues to be accrued on the reduced carrying amount and is accrued using the rate of interest used to discount the future cash flows for the purpose of measuring the impairment loss. Loans and receivables together with any associated allowance are written off when there is no realistic prospect of future recovery and all collateral has been realised or has been transferred to the Group.

If, in a subsequent period, the amount of the estimated impairment loss increases or decreases because of an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is increased or reduced by adjusting the allowance account. If a write-off is later recovered, the recovery is credited to other expenses in profit or loss.

Financial liabilities

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are classified as loans and borrowings. The Group determines the classification of its financial liabilities at initial recognition.

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

The Group's financial liabilities include accounts and bills payables, other payables, accruals of costs for contract works, amount due to a joint venture and interest-bearing bank loans.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

金融資產減值(續)

以攤餘成本列值的金融資產(續)

資產賬面值透過使用準備賬抵減資產賬面值。減值虧損在損益中確認。利息收入繼續按減少後的賬面值累計,累計的利率為量度減值虧損時用以將未來現金流量折現的利率。當並無實際希望可於未來收回,而所有抵押品已經變賣或轉讓給本集團時,貸款及應收款項及任何相關準備會一併撤銷。

在後續期間,如果估計減值虧損金額增加 或減少,且其與確認減值之後發生的事件 有關,則先前確認的減值虧損會透過調整 備抵賬戶而增加或減少。如果撇銷金額其後 收回,則收回金額會貸記於損益的其他開支 中。

金融負債

初始確認和計量

金融負債分類為貸款和借款。本集團在初始 確認時決定其金融負債的分類。

初始確認所有金融負債時,按公平價值確認,如屬貸款和借款,則減去直接歸屬的交易費用。

本集團的金融負債包括應付賬款及票據、其 他應付款、預提合約工程成本、應付合營企 業款項,以及計息銀行貸款。

31 March 2014 二零一四年三月三十一日

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Financial liabilities (continued)

Subsequent measurement

After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the effective interest rate amortisation process.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the effective interest rate. The effective interest rate amortisation is included in finance costs in profit or loss.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled, or expires.

When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and a recognition of a new liability, and the difference between the respective carrying amounts is recognised in profit or loss.

Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the statement of financial position if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

金融負債(續)

後續計量

初始確認後,計息銀行貸款後續採用實際利率法按攤餘成本計量,除非折現的影響不重大,這種情況下,它們按成本計量。在負債終止確認時及在實際利率法攤銷過程中,產生的收益和損失在損益中確認。

攤餘成本計算時會考慮任何收購折讓或溢價 以及構成實際利率整體部分的費用或成本。 實際利率法攤銷包括在損益內的財務費用。

終止確認金融負債

當負債義務解除、取消或到期時,金融負債將終止確認。

當現有金融負債被由同一貸款人的另一項條 款實質上不同的負債代替,或現有負債的條 款經大幅修訂,有關交換或修改會作為終止 確認原有負債及確認新負債處理,各自的賬 面值差額在損益中確認。

金融工具的互相抵消

如果以現時可行法定權利將確認的金額互相 抵消,並且打算以淨額為基礎結算,或同時 實現該資產和清償該負債,則金融資產和金 融負債會互相抵消,報告淨額在財務狀況表 中。



31 March 2014 二零一四年三月三十一日

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and demand deposits, and short term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash, are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and have a short maturity of generally within three months when acquired, less bank overdrafts which are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management.

For the purpose of the statements of financial position, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and at banks, including term deposits, and assets similar in nature to cash, which are not restricted as to use.

Income tax

Income tax comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss, either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current tax assets and liabilities for the current and prior periods are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period, taking into consideration interpretations and practices prevailing in the countries in which the Group operates.

Deferred tax is provided, using the liability method, on all temporary differences at the end of the reporting period between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

現金及現金等值物

就綜合現金流量表而言,現金及現金等值物 指手頭現金及活期存款及短期高度流通而可 以隨時兑換成已知數額之現金,而該筆現金 須承受價值改變之風險較低,並為較短期之 投資項目(一般為於購入後三個月內到期), 減去須即期償還之銀行透支,而成為本集團 現金管理之主要部份。

就財務狀況表而言,現金及現金等值物包括 手頭現金及銀行現金,包括用途不受限制的 定期存款及與現金性質類似的資產。

所得税

所得稅包括當期稅項及遞延稅項。有關在損益以外確認的項目的所得稅,在損益以外(在其他全面收益或直接在權益中)確認。

當期和以前期間形成的當期稅項資產及負債,以在報告期末已執行的或實質上已執行的稅率(及稅法)為基礎,根據本集團經營所在國家的現行詮釋和相關常規,按預期從稅務機關返還或支付稅務機關的金額計量。

在報告期末時資產及負債之計税基礎與其在 財務報表之賬面值之間的所有暫時性差異, 須按負債法計提遞延税項。

31 March 2014 二零一四年三月三十一日

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Income tax (continued)

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences, except:

- when the deferred tax liability arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; and
- in respect of taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and joint ventures, when the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, the carryforward of unused tax credits and any unused tax losses. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, the carryforward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilised, except:

- when the deferred tax asset relating to the deductible temporary differences arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; and
- in respect of deductible temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and joint ventures, deferred tax assets are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that the temporary differences will reverse in the foreseeable future and taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

所得税(續)

所有應課税暫時性差異均會確認為遞延税項 負債,惟:

- 倘若遞延稅項負債是由於商譽或資產或 負債在一宗非屬業務合併的交易中初步 確認所產生,與及在交易時,對會計利 潤或應課稅利潤或虧損均無影響,則屬 例外;及
- 對於涉及附屬公司及合營企業的投資的應課稅暫時性差異而言,倘若撥回暫時性差異的時間可以控制,以及暫時性差異不甚可能在可見將來撥回,則屬例外。

所有可於稅務上扣減之暫時性差異、承前未 用稅項抵扣及任何未用稅務虧損均會確認為 遞延稅項資產。確認遞延稅項資產以日後有 可能出現應課稅利潤用以抵扣該等可扣減暫 時性差異、承前未用稅項抵扣及未用稅務虧 損的金額為限,惟:

- 倘若有關可扣減暫時性差異的遞延稅項 資產是由於在一宗非屬業務合併的交易 中初步確認資產或負債所產生,而且在 交易時,對會計利潤或應課稅利潤或虧 損均無影響,則屬例外;及
- 對於涉及附屬公司及合營企業的投資的 可扣減暫時性差異而言,只有在暫時性 差異有可能在可見將來撥回,而且日後 有可能出現應課稅利潤,可用以抵扣該 等暫時性差異時,方會確認遞延稅項資 產。



2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Income tax (continued)

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are reassessed at the end of each reporting period and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

Government grants

Government grants are recognised at their fair value where there is reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and all attaching conditions will be complied with. When the grant relates to an expense item, it is recognised as income on a systematic basis over the periods that the costs, which it is intended to compensate, are expensed.

Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and when the revenue can be measured reliably, on the following bases:

(a) from construction, renovation and other contracts, on the percentage of completion basis, as further explained in the accounting policy for "Construction, renovation and other contracts" below;

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

所得税(續)

遞延税項資產之賬面值於各個報告期末均會 進行檢討,而倘預期將不會出現充裕之應課 税溢利以動用遞延税項資產之全部或部份 時,則會調低其賬面值。尚未確認之遞延稅 項資產會在每個報告期末重新評估,並在預 期出現充裕之應課稅溢利以收回遞延稅項資 產之全部或部份時確認。

遞延稅項資產與負債乃根據當時已實施之稅率 率(及稅法)或於報告期末主要實施之稅率 為基礎,按預期在變現資產或償還負債之期 間適用之稅率計算。

如存在法律上可執行的權利將當期稅項資產 與當期稅項負債互相抵銷,而遞延稅項乃關 於同一應課稅實體及同一稅務機關,則遞延 稅項資產與遞延稅項負債會互相抵銷。

政府補助

倘有合理保證可取得政府補助,並可符合所 有附帶條件,則會按有關補助金額之公平值 確認政府補助。倘有關補助乃與開支項目有 關,則補助金額將配合計劃補助之成本支銷 的期間,有系統地確認為收入。

收入確認

收入乃於本集團大有可能獲得經濟利益及有 關收入能夠可靠計算時按下列基準確認:

(a) 建造、翻新及其他工程合約,按完工百份比基準入賬。有關詳情載於下文「建造、翻新及其他工程合約」之會計政策;

31 March 2014 二零一四年三月三十一日

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Revenue recognition (continued)

- (b) from work orders of contracts for alterations, additions, repairs and maintenance, based on the value of individual work orders certified by relevant employers;
- (c) rental income, on a time proportion basis over the lease terms;
- (d) interest income, on an accrual basis using the effective interest method by applying the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash receipts over the expected life of the financial instrument or a shorter period, when appropriate, to the net carrying amount of the financial asset; and
- (e) dividend income, when the shareholders' right to receive payment has been established.

Construction, renovation and other contracts

Contract revenue comprises the agreed contract amount and appropriate amounts from variation orders, claims and incentive payments. Contract costs incurred comprise direct materials, the costs of subcontracting, direct labour and an appropriate proportion of variable and fixed construction overheads.

Revenue from fixed price contracts is recognised on the percentage of completion method, measured by reference to the percentage of certified value of work performed to date to the total contract sum of the relevant contract.

Provision is made for foreseeable losses as soon as they are anticipated by management.

Where contract costs incurred to date plus recognised profits less recognised losses exceed progress billings, the surplus is treated as an amount due from customers for contract works. Where progress billings exceed contract costs incurred to date plus recognised profits less recognised losses, the surplus is treated as an amount due to customers for contract works.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

收入確認(續)

- (b) 改建、加建、維修及保養之工程訂單合 約,按經有關僱主確認個別工程訂單價 值入賬;
- (c) 租金收入,按租賃期以時間比例計算;
- (d) 利息收入,按預提基準以實際利率法計算,利率為在金融工具的預期壽命或更短期間(如適用)將估計未來現金收入準確折現至金融資產賬面淨值;及
- (e) 股息收入,在股東收取股息之權利確定 時確認入賬。

建造、翻新及其他工程合約

合約收入包括已協定之合約金額及改建或附加工程、索償額及獎勵金之適量款額。合約成本則包括直接材料、分判成本、直接工資及適當比例之可變及固定建造間接成本。

固定價格合約之收入乃按完工百份比方法計 算入賬,並會在計算時參考至今已施工之經 核定價值佔有關合約之總金額百份比。

倘管理層預計到於可見未來出現虧損,即會 提取準備。

迄今所產生之合約成本另加已確認溢利減去 已確認虧損若超逾進度賬單款項,則有關結 餘被視為應收客戶之合約工程款項。倘進度 賬單款項超逾迄今所產生之合約成本另加已 確認溢利減去已確認虧損,則有關結餘被視 為應付客戶之合約工程款項。



2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Share-based payments

The Company operates share option schemes for the purpose of providing incentives and rewards to eligible participants who contribute to the success of the Group's operations. Employees (including directors) of the Group receive remuneration in the form of share-based payments, whereby employees render services as consideration for equity instruments ("equity-settled transactions").

The cost of equity-settled transactions with employees for grants after 7 November 2002 is measured by reference to the fair value at the date at which they are granted. The fair value is determined by an external valuer using a binomial model, further details of which are given in note 30 to the financial statements.

The cost of equity-settled transactions is recognised, together with a corresponding increase in equity, over the period in which the performance and/or service conditions are fulfilled in employee benefit expense. The cumulative expense recognised for equity-settled transactions at the end of each reporting period until the vesting date reflects the extent to which the vesting period has expired and the Group's best estimate of the number of equity instruments that will ultimately vest. The charge or credit to profit or loss for a period represents the movement in the cumulative expense recognised as at the beginning and end of that period.

No expense is recognised for awards that do not ultimately vest, except for equity-settled transactions where vesting is conditional upon a market or non-vesting condition, which are treated as vesting irrespective of whether or not the market or non-vesting condition is satisfied, provided that all other performance and/or service conditions are satisfied.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

以股份為基礎的付款

本公司設有購股權計劃,其目的在於向為本集團的成功營運作出貢獻的合資格參與人給予激勵及回報。本集團僱員(包括董事)按以股份為基礎的付款方式收取報酬,僱員則提供服務作為收取權益性工具的代價(「以權益結算的交易」)。

於二零零二年十一月七日後授予而與僱員進行以權益結算的交易的成本,參照於授出日的公平值計量。公平價值由外部評估師採用 二項式期權定價模式確定,詳情請見本財務 報表附註30。

在滿足表現及/或服務條件的期間,應確認 以權益結算的交易費用為僱員福利開支並同 時相應增加權益。在歸屬日前,於每個報告 期末確認的以權益結算的交易的累計開支, 反映歸屬期已到期部份及本集團對最終將會 歸屬的權益性工具數目的最佳估計。在某一 期間內在損益中扣除或計入的金額,為於該 期間期初及期終確認的累計開支之變動。

對於並未最終歸屬的獎勵,不會確認任何開支,惟須視乎市場或不歸屬條件而決定歸屬 與否的以權益結算的交易則除外,在該情況 下,只要所有其他表現及/或服務條件已經 達到,不論市場或不歸屬條件是否達到,均 會被視為已歸屬。

31 March 2014 二零一四年三月三十一月

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Share-based (continued)

Where the terms of an equity-settled award are modified, as a minimum an expense is recognised as if the terms had not been modified, if the original terms of the award are met. In addition, an expense is recognised for any modification that increases the total fair value of the share-based payments, or is otherwise beneficial to the employee as measured at the date of modification.

Where an equity-settled award is cancelled, it is treated as if it had vested on the date of cancellation, and any expense not yet recognised for the award is recognised immediately. This includes any award where non-vesting conditions within the control of either the Group or the employee are not met. However, if a new award is substituted for the cancelled award, and is designated as a replacement award on the date that it is granted, the cancelled and new awards are treated as if they were a modification of the original award, as described in the previous paragraph.

The dilutive effect of outstanding options is reflected as additional share dilution in the computation of earnings per share.

Other employee benefits

Paid leave carried forward

The Group provides paid annual leave to its employees under their employment contracts on a calendar year basis. Under certain circumstances, such leave which remains untaken as at the end of the reporting period is permitted to be carried forward and utilised by the respective employees in the following year. An accrual is made at the end of the reporting period for the expected future cost of such paid leave earned during the year by the employees and carried forward.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

以股份為基礎的付款(續)

如以權益結算的獎勵的條款有所修改,所確 認開支最少須達到假設條款並無任何修改下 的金額,如果獎勵的原條款獲履行。此外, 如任何修改導致以股份為基礎的付款的總公 平值有所增加,或為僱員帶來其他利益(於 修改日計量),則應就該等修改確認開支。

如以權益結算的獎勵被註銷,應被視為猶如已於註銷日歸屬,任何尚未確認的獎勵開支 應即時確認。這包括在本集團或僱員控制範 圍以內的不歸屬條件未能獲履行的任何獎 勵。然而,如以新獎勵代替所註銷的獎勵, 並於授出日指定為代替獎勵,則所註銷的獎 勵與新獎勵會如前段所述被視為原先獎勵的 修訂。

發行在外的購股權的攤薄效應通過每股溢利 計算中的額外股份的攤薄反映出來。

其他僱員福利

結轉有薪假期

本集團根據聘用合約按公曆年的基準向其僱 員提供有薪年假。在若干情況下,於報告期 末,該等尚未使用的假期可結轉,而有關僱 員可在下一年度使用。於報告期末,本集團 就該等在年度內產生及結轉的有薪假期涉及 的預期未來費用撥作預提費用。

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Other employee benefits (continued)

Pension schemes

The Group operates a defined contribution Mandatory Provident Fund retirement benefit scheme (the "MPF Scheme") under the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance for those employees who are eligible to participate in the MPF Scheme. Contributions are made based on a percentage of the employees' basic salaries and are charged to profit or loss as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the MPF Scheme. The assets of the MPF Scheme are held separately from those of the Group in an independently administered fund. The Group's employer contributions vest fully with the employees when contributed into the MPF Scheme.

The Group also operates a Mandatory Provident Fund Exempted Occupational Retirement Schemes Ordinance ("ORSO") retirement benefit scheme for those employees who are eligible to participate in the ORSO scheme. This scheme operates in a way similar to the MPF Scheme, except that when an employee leaves the scheme prior to his/her interest in the Group's employee contributions vesting fully, the ongoing contributions payable by the Group are reduced by the relevant amount of forfeited employer's contributions.

Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, i.e., assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are capitalised as part of the cost of those assets. The capitalisation of such borrowing costs ceases when the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs capitalised. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred. Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

其他僱員福利(續)

退休福利計劃

本集團已按照強制性公積金計劃條例為所有 合資格參與強積金計劃之僱員設有定額供 款強制性公積金退休福利計劃(「強積金計 劃」)。供款乃按照僱員底薪百份比計算,當 需要按照強積金計劃條款規定供款時,即在 損益中扣除有關供款。強積金計劃資產乃由 獨立管理基金持有並與本集團資產分開管 理。當向強積金計劃供款時,本集團之僱主 強制供款將全數歸於僱員所得。

本集團亦為合資格參與強制性公積金豁免職業退休計劃條例(「職業退休計劃條例」)計劃之僱員設有職業退休計劃條例計劃。該計劃以類似強積金計劃之方式經營,惟當僱員於符合資格全數享有本集團僱員供款前離職,則本集團須持續支付之供款可扣除被沒收僱主供款之有關款額。

借貸成本

直接與收購、建築或製造合資格資產(即資產必須經過一段相當時間以準備作擬定用途或銷售)有關的借貸成本,將資本化為該等資產成本的一部份。倘資產已大致可作擬定用途或銷售,則停止資本化該借貸成本。待用於合資格資產的借貸於暫時性投資時所產生之投資收入,則於已資本化的借貸成本中扣除。所有其他借貸成本在發生當期確認為費用。借貸成本包括實體就借用資金而發生的利息及其他成本。

31 March 2014 二零一四年三月三十一日

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Dividends

Interim dividends are simultaneously proposed and declared, because the Company's memorandum and articles of association grant the directors the authority to declare interim dividends. Consequently, interim dividends are recognised immediately as a liability when they are proposed and declared.

Final dividends are recognised as a liability when they have been approved by the shareholders.

Foreign currencies

These financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars, which is the Company's functional and presentation currency. Each entity in the Group determines its own functional currency and items included in the financial statements of each entity are measured using that functional currency. Foreign currency transactions recorded by the entities in the Group are initially recorded using their respective functional currency rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the functional currency rates of exchange ruling at the end of the reporting period. Differences arising on settlement or translation of monetary items are recognised in profit or loss.

Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions. Non-monetary items measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was measured. The gain or loss arising on translation of a non-monetary item measured at fair value is treated in line with the recognition of the gain or loss on change in fair value of the item (i.e. translation difference on the item whose fair value gain or loss is recognised in other comprehensive income or profit or loss, respectively).

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

股息

因為本公司的組織章程大綱和細則賦予董事 宣告發放中期股息的權力,故可以同時建議 並宣告發放中期股息。因此,中期股息在建 議和宣告發放後即刻確認為負債。

末期股息被股東批准後,確認為負債。

外幣

財務報表以本公司的功能及列報貨幣港元列報。本集團各實體決定其本身的功能貨幣,各實體的財務報表的項目乃使用該功能貨幣計量。本集團實體記錄的外幣交易初始按交易日它們各自的功能貨幣之匯率記賬。以外幣為單位的貨幣性資產與負債會按報告期末的功能貨幣之匯率換算。結算或折算貨幣項目所產生的差額在損益中確認。

以外幣歷史成本計量的非貨幣項目,按初始交易日的匯率換算。按外幣公平值計量的非貨幣項目,按照計量公平值之日的匯率換算。折算以公平價值計量的非貨幣項目所產生的損益的處理方法與有關項目公平價值變動的損益一致(即公平價值損益分別在其他全面收益或損益中確認的折算差額亦分別在其他全面收益或損益中確認)。



31 March 2014 二零一四年三月三十一日

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES

The preparation of the Group's financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and their accompanying disclosures. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that could require a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of the assets or liabilities affected in the future.

Judgements

In the process of applying the Group's accounting policies, management has made the following judgements, apart from those involving estimations, which have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements:

Operating lease commitments – Group as lessor

The Group has entered into commercial property leases on its investment property portfolio. The Group has determined, based on an evaluation of the terms and conditions of the arrangements, that it retains all the significant risks and rewards of ownership of these properties which are leased out on operating leases.

3. 主要會計判斷及估計

編製本集團的財務報表要求管理層作出會影響收入、開支、資產和負債的報告金額及其 隨附披露的判斷、估計和假設。有關該等假 設和估計的不確定性可能導致可能須於未來 對受影響資產或負債的賬面值作出重大調整 的結果。

判斷

於應用本集團之會計政策的過程中,管理層 作出以下對於財務報表中已確認的金額構成 最重大影響之判斷(除涉及估計者外):

經營租賃承諾-本集團作為出租人

本集團就旗下的投資物業組合簽定了商業租 賃合同。本集團認為,根據對有關安排的條 款及條件的評估,本集團保留了透過經營租 賃出租的這些房地產的所有權的所有重大風 險和回報。



31 March 2014 二零一四年三月三十一日

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES (continued)

Judgements (continued)

Classification between investment properties and owner-occupied properties

The Group determines whether a property qualifies as an investment property, and has developed criteria in making that judgement. Investment property is a property held to earn rentals or for capital appreciation or both. Therefore, the Group considers whether a property generates cash flows largely independently of the other assets held by the Group. Some properties comprise a portion that is held to earn rentals or for capital appreciation and another portion that is held for use in the production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes. If these portions could be sold separately or leased out separately under a finance lease, the Group accounts for these portions separately. If the portions could not be sold separately, the property is an investment property only if an insignificant portion is held for use in the production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes. Judgement is made on an individual property basis to determine whether ancillary services are so significant that a property does not qualify as an investment property.

3. 主要會計判斷及估計(續)

判斷(續)

投資物業和自用房地產的劃分

本集團決定房地產是否符合投資物業的條 件,並制定出此類判斷的標準。投資物業指 為賺取租金或資本升值或同時為這兩個目的 而持有的房地產。憑此,本集團考慮一項房 地產產生的現金流是否大部分獨立於本集團 持有的其他資產。有些房地產的一部分是為 賺取租金或資本升值而持有,而另一部分是 為用於生產或提供商品或服務或行政用途而 持有。如果這些部分可以分開出售(或按融 資租賃分開出租),則本集團對這些部分分 開進行會計處理。如果這些部分不能分開出 售,則只有在為用於生產或提供商品或服務 或行政用途而持有的部分不重大的情况下, 該房地產才是投資物業。判斷是對各單項房 地產作出,以確定配套服務是否如此重要而 使房地產不符合投資物業。



31 March 2014 二零一四年三月三十一日

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES (continued)

Judgements (continued)

Classification between investment properties and properties held for sale

The Group develops properties held for sale and properties held to earn rentals and/or for capital appreciation. Judgement is made by management on determining whether a property is designated as an investment property or a property held for sale. The Group considers its intention for holding the properties at the early development stage of the related properties. During the course of construction, the related properties under construction are accounted for as properties under development included in current assets if the properties are intended for sale after their completion, whereas, the properties are accounted for as investment properties under construction included in investment properties if the properties are intended to be held to earn rentals and/or for capital appreciation. Upon completion of the properties, the properties held for sale are transferred to completed properties held for sale and are stated at cost, while the properties held to earn rentals and/ or for capital appreciation are transferred to completed investment properties. Investment properties, both under construction and completed, are subject to revaluation at the end of each reporting period.

Valuation of properties under development and properties held for sale

Properties under development and properties held for sale are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. The cost of each unit in each phase of development is determined using the weighted average method. The estimated net realisable value is the estimated selling price less selling expenses and the estimated cost of completion (if any), which are estimated based on the best available information.

3. 主要會計判斷及估計(續)

判斷(續)

投資物業和持有作出售之物業的劃分

發展中物業及持有作出售之物業的估價

發展中物業及持有作出售之物業按成本與可 變現淨值兩者中的較低者列賬。每期發展中 每個單位的成本使用加權平均數法釐定。估 計可變現淨值指估計售價減銷售費用及估計 完工成本(如有),其則根據最佳可得資料估 計。

31 March 2014 二零一四年三月三十一日

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES (continued)

Judgements (continued)

Valuation of properties under development and properties held for sale (continued)

If there is an increase in costs to completion or a decrease in net sales value, the net realisable value will decrease and this may result in a provision for properties under development and properties held for sale. Such provision requires the use of judgement and estimates. Where the expectation is different from the original estimate, the carrying value and provision for properties in the periods in which such estimate is changed will be adjusted accordingly.

Estimation uncertainty

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are described below.

Construction, renovation and other contracts

As further explained in note 2.4 to the financial statements, revenue and profit recognition on contract works is dependent on the estimation of the total outcome of the construction contract, as well as the work performed to date. Based on the Group's past experience and the nature of the contract activities undertaken by the Group, the Group makes estimates of the point at which it considers the work is sufficiently advanced such that the costs to complete and the revenue can be reliably estimated. As a result, until this point is reached, the amount due from customers for contract works as disclosed in note 19 to the financial statements will not include profit which the Group may eventually realise from the work performed to date. In addition, actual outcomes in terms of total contract costs and/or revenue may be higher or lower than those estimated at the end of the reporting period, which would affect the revenue and profit recognised in future years.

3. 主要會計判斷及估計(續)

判斷(續)

發展中物業及持有作出售之物業的估價(續)

如果完工成本增加或銷售淨值減少,則可變 現淨值將會減少,而這可能導致就發展中物 業及持有作出售之物業計提準備。有關準備 需要使用判斷和估計。倘若預期與原來估計 有別,則在有關估計改變的期間,物業的賬 面值及準備會相應調整。

估計數字的不確定性

下面描述可能引致資產負債之賬面值於下個 財政年度須予以重大調整的重大風險,且有 關未來的主要假設,以及於報告期末存在之 估計不確定性的其他主要來源。

建造、翻新及其他工程合約

如財務報表附註2.4所進一步解釋,合約工程的收入及溢利確認須視乎所估計的建造合約之總結果,以及迄今已進行工程量。根據本集團以往的經驗及本集團所進行合約活動的性質,本集團可靠地估計完成成本及收入。因此,在到達該程度前,財務報表附註19所披露應收客戶之合約工程款並不包括本集團最終可能從迄今已進行工程實現的溢利。此外,總合約成本及/或收入的實際結果可能為成本及/或收入的實際結果可能所或低於報告期末的估計,而影響到未來年度確認的收入及溢利。

31 March 2014 二零一四年三月三十一日

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES (continued)

Estimation uncertainty (continued)

Construction, renovation and other contracts (continued)

Significant assumptions are required to estimate the total contract costs and the recoverable variation works that will affect whether any provision is required for foreseeable losses. The estimates are made based on past experience and knowledge of the project management.

Impairment of non-financial assets

The Group assesses whether there are any indicators of impairment for all non-financial assets at the end of each reporting period. Non-financial assets are tested for impairment when there are indicators that the carrying amounts may not be recoverable. An impairment exists when the carrying value of an asset or a cash-generating unit exceeds its recoverable amount, which is the higher of its fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. The calculation of the fair value less costs of disposal is based on available data from binding sales transactions in an arm's length transaction of similar assets or observable market prices less incremental costs for disposing of the asset. When value in use calculations are undertaken, management must estimate the expected future cash flows from the asset or cash-generating unit and choose a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value of those cash flows.

Estimation of fair value of investment properties

As disclosed in note 16 to the financial statements, investment properties including completed investment properties and investment properties under construction are revalued at the end of the reporting period on market value, existing use basis or on residual basis by independent professionally qualified valuers. Such valuations were based on certain assumptions and estimates, which are subject to uncertainty and might materially differ from the actual outcomes. In making the judgement for valuation of investment properties under market value, existing use basis, information from current prices in an active market for similar properties is considered and assumptions that are mainly based on market conditions existing at the end of the reporting period are used, while the use of the residual basis to value investment properties under construction requires considering the significant risks which are relevant to the development process, including but not limited to construction and letting risks.

3. 主要會計判斷及估計(續)

估計數字的不確定性(續)

建造、翻新及其他工程合約(續)

估計總合約成本以及會影響到是否須就可預 見損失計提任何準備的可收回改建工程,需 要重大假設。估計乃根據項目管理的以往經 驗及知識而作出。

非金融資產減值

於每一報告期末,本集團評估所有非金融資產是否有任何減值跡象。當有跡象表明未被會進行經濟學。當資產會進行經濟學。當資產或現金產生單位的賬面金額(即其公平價值減出售資產或現金產生單位的賬出存不順個人平價值減出售資產的,則是不可數數不可數數不可數數本數學的,當進行使用資產或現金產生單位的現金流量的現值。

投資物業公平價值的估計

31 March 2014 二零一四年三月三十一日

4. SEGMENT INFORMATION

For management purposes, the Group is organised into business units based on their products and services and has two reportable operating segments as follows:

- (a) the contract works segment engages in contract works as a main contractor or subcontractor, primarily in respect of building construction, renovation and repairs and maintenance and civil engineering;
- (b) the property investment and development segment engages in investment in retail, commercial and residential premises for their rental income potential and the development of properties.

Management monitors the results of the Group's operating segments separately for the purpose of making decisions about resources allocation and performance assessment. Segment performance is evaluated based on reportable segment profit, which is a measure of adjusted profit before tax from continuing operations. The adjusted profit before tax is measured consistently with the Group's profit before tax except that interest income, finance costs, share of profits and losses of joint ventures as well as head office and corporate expenses are excluded from such measurement.

Inter-segment sales and transfers are transacted with reference to the selling prices used for sales made to third parties at the then prevailing market prices.

4. 分部資料

出於管理目的,本集團根據產品和服務的性質來劃分業務單元,本集團有以下兩個可匯報經營分部:

- (a) 合約工程分部乃擔任總承建商或分判 商,主要承接樓宇建築、翻新、維修及 保養及土木工程合約;及
- (b) 物業投資及發展分部乃投資於具有租金 收入潛力的零售、商用或住宅物業,以 及從事物業發展。

管理層監察本集團各經營分部之業績以分配 資源及評核表現。分部之表現按可匯報分部 之溢利(即經調整持續經營業務產生的除稅 前溢利)評核。經調整除稅前溢利之計算與 本集團之除稅前溢利一致,惟計算經調整除 稅前溢利時不包括利息收入、財務費用、應 佔合營企業溢利及虧損,亦不包括總辦事處 及企業費用。

分部間的銷售和轉讓,參照向第三方銷售所 採用的售價,按照當時現行的市場價格進行 交易。



31 March 2014 二零一四年三月三十一日

4. SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

4. 分部資料(續)

Group

本集團

作 本画			et works 工程	and deve	nvestment elopment 資及發展	Elimir 抵	nations 銷		olidated 음
		2014	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013
		二零一四年	二零一三年	二零一四年	二零一三年	二零一四年	二零一三年	二零一四年	二零一三年
		HK\$'000 <i>千港元</i>	HK\$'000 <i>千港元</i>	HK\$'000 <i>千港元</i>	HK\$'000 <i>千港元</i>	HK\$'000 <i>千港元</i>	HK\$'000 <i>千港元</i>	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 <i>千港元</i>
Segment revenue:	分部收入:								
Sales to external customers	銷售予外來客戶	3,363,842	3,454,844	15,710	21,809	_	-	3,379,552	3,476,653
Inter-segment sales	分部間銷售	46,324	266	4,944	2,529	(51,268)	(2,795)	-	-
Total	總額	3,410,166	3,455,110	20,654	24,338	(51,268)	(2,795)	3,379,552	3,476,653
Segment results	分部業績	170,088	181,376	20,014	217,674	(4,944)	(18,100)	185,158	380,950
Interest and unallocated income and gains	利息及未分配之 收入及收益							14,592	5,393
Unallocated expenses	未分配之開支							(79,998)	(61,691)
Finance costs	財務費用							(7,927)	(11,314)
Share of profits and losses of joint ventures	應佔合營企業 溢利及虧損	24,891	30,812	-	-	-	-	24,891	30,812
Profit before tax Income tax expense	除税前溢利 所得税支出							136,716 (19,518)	344,150 (24,977)
Profit for the year	年度溢利							117,198	319,173
Other segment information:	其他分部資料:								
Depreciation	折舊	1,453	1,623	-	2	-	-	1,453	1,625
Depreciation on unallocated assets	未分配資產之 折舊							6,235	4,765
Capital expenditure	資本性開支	736	1,309	24,199	57,272	-	-	24,935	58,581
Investments in joint ventures	於合營企業的投資	166,914	142,023	-	-	-	-	166,914	142,023
Gain on changes in fair value	投資物業公平值								
of investment properties	變動收益	-	-	-	38,080	-	-	-	38,080

31 March 2014 二零一四年三月三十一日

4. **SEGMENT INFORMATION** (continued)

Geographical information

(a) Revenue from external customers
All of the Group's revenue is derived from customers
based in Hong Kong.

4. 分部資料 (續) 地區資料

(b) 非流動資產

(a) 來自外來客戶的收入 本集團所有收入均得自以香港為基地的 客戶。

(b) Non-current assets

Tron-current assets		(ט) ארטונים	为具注	良		
			2014	2013		
			二零一四年	二零一三年		
			HK\$'000	HK\$'000		
			千港元	千港元		
Hong Kong	香港		1,916,011	1,154,910		
Mainland China	中國大陸		-	4,000		
			1,916,011	1,158,910		

The non-current asset information above is based on the locations of the assets. 上述非流動資產資料以資產位置為基 礎。

Information about major customers

For the year ended 31 March 2014, revenue from two (2013: two) customers of the contract works segment accounted for more than 10% of the Group's total revenue. Revenue from these two (2013: two) customers was HK\$1,913,544,000 (2013: HK\$2,110,528,000) and HK\$842,808,000 (2013: HK\$509,451,000), respectively.

Government bureau and departments of the government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region (the "HKSAR Government") are considered a single customer. Except for the aforesaid, no other single external customer accounted for 10% or more of the Group's revenue.

主要客戶資料

於截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度內,來自合約工程分部兩位(二零一三年:兩位)客戶的收入佔本集團總收入超過10%。來自該兩位(二零一三年:兩位)客戶的收入分別為1,913,544,000港元(二零一三年:2,110,528,000港元)及842,808,000港元(二零一三年:509,451,000港元)。

香港特別行政區政府(「香港特區政府」)各政府政策局及部門視為單一客戶。除上文所述者外,概無其他單一外來客戶佔本集團收入10%或以上。



4. SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)
Information about products and services

4. 分部資料(續)產品及服務資料

		2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Revenue from external customers:	來自外來客戶之收入:		
Contract works for building construction Contract works for renovation,	樓宇建造合約工程 翻新、維修及保養	1,613,635	1,773,505
repairs and maintenance	合約工程	1,127,720	1,221,950
Contract works for civil engineering works	土木工程合約工程	622,487	459,389
Property gross rental income	物業租金收入總額	15,710	21,809
		3,379,552	3,476,653

5. REVENUE, OTHER INCOME AND GAINS

Revenue, which is also the Group's turnover, represents the appropriate proportion of contract revenue from construction, maintenance, civil engineering and other contracts, and the gross rental income received and receivable from the Group's properties during the year.

An analysis of the Group's revenue, other income and gains is as follows:

5. 收入、其他收入及收益

收入(亦即本集團的營業額)乃指年度內建 造、保養、土木工程及其他工程合約中佔適 當比例之合約收入,及本集團之物業的已收 及應收租金收入總額。

本集團之收入、其他收入及收益之分析如 下:

		Notes 附註	2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Revenue	收入			
Contract revenue	合約收入		3,363,842	3,454,844
Property gross rental income	物業租金收入總額		15,710	21,809
			3,379,552	3,476,653
Other income and gains	其他收入及收益			
Interest income	利息收入		2,541	4,203
Consultancy fee income	顧問費收入		1,200	_
Management fee income received	從一合營企業			
and receivable from a joint	已收及應收之			
venture	管理費收入	36	-	660
Gain on changes in fair value	投資物業公平值變動	4.6		20.202
of investment properties	收益	16	_	38,080
Gain on disposal of items of property, plant and equipment	出售物業、機器及 設備項目的收益		188	27
Gain on disposal of investment	出售投資物業的		100	21
properties, net	收益,淨額		_	141,161
Gain on disposal of a subsidiary	出售一附屬公司的收益	32(a)	9,965	_
Sundry income	雜項收入		698	503
			14,592	184,634



6. PROFIT BEFORE TAX

The Group's profit before tax is arrived at after charging/(crediting):

. 除税前溢利

本集團之除稅前溢利已扣除/(計入)下列 各項:

		Note 附註	2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Depreciation Auditors' remuneration Direct operating expenses (including repairs and maintenance) arising on rental-earning investment	折舊 核數師酬金 為賺取租金的投資物業 的直接經營費用 (包括維修和保養)	14	7,688 3,200	6,390 2,250
properties Employee benefits expense (exclusive of directors' remuneration – note 8):	僱員福利開支(不包括 董事酬金-附註8):		371	1,382
Wages and salaries Pension scheme contributions (defined contribution	工資及薪金 退休金計劃供款 (界定供款計劃)		144,516	146,348
schemes)			5,016	4,566
			149,532	150,914
Minimum lease payments under operating leases:	支付最低之經營 租賃租金:			
Land and buildings Equipment	土地及樓宇 設備		3,074 13,101	4,664 20,384
			16,175	25,048
Government subsidies*	政府資助*		(526)	(218)

^{*} Subsidies have been received from the Hong Kong Vocational Training Council and the Construction Industry Council, institutions established by the HKSAR Government, for providing on-the-job training for graduate engineers and trainees, respectively. There were no unfulfilled conditions or contingencies relating to these subsidies.

^{*} 分別就向已畢業之工程師及學徒提供在職培 訓而取得香港職業訓練局及建造業議會(香 港特區政府設立之機構)之資助。並無有關 該等資助之未履行條件或或然事件。

7. FINANCE COSTS

7. 財務費用

An analysis of the Group's finance costs is as follows:

本集團之財務費用分析如下:

		2014	2013
		二零一四年	二零一三年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Interest on bank loans	銀行貸款之利息	15,175	18,509
Less: Interest capitalised	減:已資本化的利息	(7,248)	(7,195)
		7.027	11 214
		7,927	11,314

8. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION

Directors' remuneration for the year, disclosed pursuant to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules") and Section 161 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, is as follows:

8. 董事酬金

根據香港聯合交易所有限公司證券上市規則 (「上市規則」)及香港公司條例第161條披露 之本年度董事酬金詳情如下:

Group 本集團

		2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Fees	袍金	642	594
Other emoluments: Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind Discretionary performance-related bonuses	其他薪酬: 薪金、津貼及實物利益 與表現相關之酌情花紅	10,938	9,533 19,996
Pension scheme contributions (defined contribution schemes)	退休金計劃供款 (界定供款計劃)	70	90
		33,008	29,619
		33,650	30,213

8. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION (continued)

- (a) Independent non-executive directors

 The fees paid to independent non-executive directors during the year were as follows:
- 8. 董事酬金(續)
 - (a) 獨立非執行董事 於年度內支付予獨立非執行董事的袍金 如下:

		2014	2013
		二零一四年	二零一三年
		Fees	Fees
		袍金	袍金
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Professor Ko Jan Ming	高贊明教授	198	198
The Hon. Ip Kwok Him, GBS, JP	葉國謙議員(金紫荊星章、太平紳士)	198	198
Mr. Fung Pui Cheung Eugene	馮培漳先生	198	198
		594	594

There were no other emoluments payable to the independent non-executive directors during the year (2013: Nil).

於本年度內,並無應付獨立非執行董事 之其他酬金(二零一三年:無)。

(b) Executive directors and a non-executive director 2014

二零一四年

(b) 執行董事及非執行董事

		Salaries,	Discretionary		
		allowances	performance-	Pension	
		and benefits	related	scheme	Total
	Fees	in kind	bonuses	contributions	remuneration
		薪金、津貼	與表現相關	退休金	
	袍金	及實物利益	之酌情花紅	計劃供款	總酬金
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
執行董事:					
魏振雄先生					
(「魏先生」)	_	6,642	12,000	15	18,657
游國輝先生	48	3,123	6,000	15	9,186
李治邦先生**	-	1,173	4,000	40	5,213
	48	10,938	22,000*	70	33,056
	魏振雄先生 (「魏先生」) 游國輝先生	複金HK\$'000千港元執行董事:魏振雄先生 (「魏先生」) -	allowances and benefits Fees in kind	Fees in kind	執行董事: allowances and benefits and benefits related scheme Pension scheme related bonuses contributions 與表現相關 退休金 及實物利益 之酌情花紅 計劃供款 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 并推元 千准元 千准元 千准元 執行董事: 魏振雄先生 (「魏先生」)

31 March 2014 二零一四年三月三十一目

- 8. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION (continued)
- 8. 董事酬金(續)
- (b) Executive directors and a non-executive director (continued)
- (b) 執行董事及非執行董事(續)

2013

二零一三年

			Salaries,	Discretionary		
			allowances	performance-	Pension	
			and benefits	related	scheme	Total
		Fees	in kind	bonuses	contributions	remuneration
			薪金、津貼	與表現相關	退休金	
		袍金	及實物利益	之酌情花紅	計劃供款	總酬金
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Executive directors:	執行董事:					
Mr. Ngai	魏先生	_	4,550	12,000	15	16,565
Mr. Yau Kwok Fai	游國輝先生	_	2,980	4,000	15	6,995
Mr. Li Chi Pong**	李治邦先生**	_	1,653	1,996	60	3,709
		_	9,183	17,996*	90	27,269
Non-executive director:	非執行董事:					
Mr. Shek Yu Ming	石雨明先生***					
Joseph***		_	350	2,000	_	2,350
		_	9,533	19,996	90	29,619

^{*} The discretionary performance-related bonuses paid to the executive directors of the Group during the year was determined based on the Group's operating performance for the preceding financial year.

- ** Mr. Li Chi Pong has resigned as an executive director of the Company with effect from 10 December 2013.
- *** Mr. Shek Yu Ming Joseph passed away on 28 October 2012 in Hong Kong due to illness.

There was no arrangement under which a director waived or agreed to waive any remuneration during the year (2013: Nil).

- ** 李治邦先生已經辭任本公司執行董 事,由二零一三年十二月十日起生效。
- *** 石雨明先生於二零一二年十月二十八 日在香港因病逝世。

本公司並無於本年度內作出任何安排,致使 董事可據此放棄或同意放棄任何酬金(二零 一三年:無)。

^{*} 於本年度內支付予本集團執行董事的 與表現相關之酌情花紅,按照本集團 上一個財政年度的營運表現確定。

9. FIVE HIGHEST PAID EMPLOYEES

The five highest paid employees during the year included three (2013: four) directors, details of whose remuneration are set out in note 8 above. Details of the remuneration of the remaining two (2013: one) non-directors, highest paid employees for the year are as follows:

五名最高薪酬僱員

於本年度內五名最高薪酬僱員包括三名(二 零一三年:四名)董事,彼等之酬金詳情已 載列於上文附註8。年內其餘兩名(二零一三 年:一名)最高薪酬而非董事之僱員之酬金 詳情如下:

Group 水集團

		4.5	个 米回	
		2014	2013	
		二零一四年	二零一三年	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
		千港元	千港元	
Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind	薪金、津貼及實物利益	2,637	1,200	
Discretionary performance-related bonuses	與表現相關之酌情花紅	661	692	
Pension scheme contributions	退休金計劃供款	75	60	
		3,373	1,952	

The number of non-director, highest paid employees whose remuneration fell within the following bands is as follows:

酬金屬下列等級的非董事最高薪僱員的人數 如下:

No. of individuals

僱員人數

		2014 二零一四年	2013 二零一三年
HK\$1,000,000 to HK\$1,500,000 HK\$1,500,001 to HK\$2,000,000 HK\$2,000,001 to HK\$2,500,000	1,000,000港元至1,500,000港元 1,500,001港元至2,000,000港元 2,000,001港元至2,500,000港元	1 - 1	- 1 -
		2	1

10. INCOME TAX

10. 所得税

Hong Kong profits tax has been provided at the rate of 16.5% (2013: 16.5%) on the estimated assessable profits arising in Hong Kong during the year.

香港利得税乃根據本年度內在香港產生之估計應課稅溢利按稅率16.5%(二零一三年:16.5%)作出撥備。

Group 本集團

		1.2	1. Me 1ml	
		2014	2013	
		二零一四年	二零一三年	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
		千港元	千港元	
Current – Hong Kong:	當期-香港:			
Charge for the year	本年度費用	19,364	23,355	
Overprovision in prior years	以前年度超額撥備	(88)	(115)	
Deferred (note 28)	遞延(附註28)	242	1,737	
Total tax charge for the year	本年度税項支出總額	19,518	24,977	

10. INCOME TAX (continued)

A reconciliation of the tax expense applicable to profit before tax at the statutory rate to the tax expense at the effective tax rate is as follows:

10. 所得税(續)

適用於利用法定税率計算除税前溢利之税項 支出與利用實際税率計算之税項支出的對照 表如下:

Group			
本集	事		

		2014	2013
		二零一四年	二零一三年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Profit before tax	除税前溢利	136,716	344,150
Tax at the Hong Kong statutory tax rate	按香港法定税率16.5%		
of 16.5%	計算之税項	22,558	56,785
Adjustment in respect of current tax of	對以前期間當期税項的調整		
previous periods		(88)	(115)
Adjustment in respect of deferred tax of	對以前期間遞延税項的調整		
previous periods		_	1,634
Profits and losses attributable to joint	歸屬於合營企業的		
ventures	溢利及虧損	(4,107)	(5,084)
Income not subject to tax	毋須課税收入	(1,677)	(29,628)
Expenses not deductible for tax	不可扣税之開支	2,492	1,465
Tax losses not recognised	未確認之税務虧損	437	228
Others	其他	(97)	(308)
Tax charge at the Group's effective rate	本集團按實際税率計算之		
	税項支出	19,518	24,977

The share of tax attributable to joint ventures amounting to HK\$6,784,000 (2013: HK\$5,567,000) is included in "Share of profits and losses of joint ventures" on the face of the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

歸屬於合營企業的税項為6,784,000港元(二零一三年:5,567,000港元),已計入綜合損益及其他全面收益表上的「應佔合營企業溢利及虧損」。

31 March 2014 二零一四年三月三十一日

11. PROFIT ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF THE PARENT

The consolidated profit attributable to owners of the parent for the year ended 31 March 2014 includes a loss of HK\$29,110,000 (2013: HK\$29,116,000) which has been dealt with in the financial statements of the Company (note 31(c)).

11. 母公司持有者應佔溢利

於截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度內,母公司持有者應佔綜合溢利中,包括29,110,000港元(二零一三年:29,116,000港元)的虧損已於本公司財務報表記賬(附註31(c))。

12, DIVIDENDS

12. 股息

	2014 二零一四年	2013 二零一三年
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	千港元	千港元
1	股息-每股普通股 二零一三年:3港仙)	
per ordinary share	17,467	52,400

The final dividend proposed subsequent to the reporting period is subject to the approval of the Company's shareholders at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

於報告期後擬派末期股息尚待本公司股東於 應屆股東週年大會的批准。

13. EARNINGS PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO ORDINARY EQUITY HOLDERS OF THE PARENT

The calculation of basic earnings per share is based on the profit for the year attributable to ordinary equity holders of the parent and the weighted average number of ordinary shares of 1,713,184,948 (2013: 1,506,306,986) in issue during the year.

No adjustment has been made to the basic earnings per share amount presented for the year ended 31 March 2014 as the Group had no potentially dilutive ordinary shares in issue during the year.

The calculation of diluted earnings per share for the year ended 31 March 2013 is based on the profit for that year attributable to ordinary equity holders of the parent, and the weighted average number of ordinary shares used in the calculation is the number of ordinary shares in issue during that year, as used in the basic earnings per share calculation, and the weighted average number of ordinary shares assumed to have been issued at no consideration on the deemed exercise or conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares into ordinary shares.

13. 母公司普通權益持有者應佔每股 溢利

每股基本溢利乃根據本年度母公司普通權益持有者應佔溢利計算,並按年度內已發行普通股之加權平均數1,713,184,948股(二零一三年:1,506,306,986股)計算。

於截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度內, 由於本集團並無具潛在攤薄影響的普通股, 因此,並無對已呈列之截至二零一四年三月 三十一日止年度內的每股基本溢利金額作出 有關調整。

有關截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度的 每股攤薄溢利乃根據該年度母公司普通權益 持有者應佔溢利計算,計算時所採用的普通 股加權平均數包括計算每股基本溢利時所採 用的年度內已發行普通股數目,以及假設所 有具有潛在攤薄效應的普通股視作獲行使或 轉換為普通股而按零代價發行的普通股的加 權平均數。



13. 母公司普通權益持有者應佔每股

13. EARNINGS PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO ORDINARY EQUITY HOLDERS OF THE PARENT (continued)

HE **溢利**(續)

The calculations of basic and diluted earnings per share are based on:

每股基本及攤薄溢利乃根據以下數據計算:

		2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000	2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000
Earnings Profit attributable to ordinary equity holders of the parent, used in the basic and diluted earnings per share	溢利 計算每股基本及攤薄溢利時 所採用的母公司普通權益 持有者應佔溢利	千港元	千港元
calculation		115,373	319,173

Number of shares

股份數目

		2014 二零一四年	2013 二零一三年
Shares Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year, used in the basic earnings per share calculation	股份 計算每股基本溢利時 所採用的年度內已發行 普通股加權平均數	1,713,184,948	1,506,306,986
Weighted average number of ordinary shares deemed to be issued for no consideration on assumed exercise of dilutive share options	假設具有攤薄效應之 購股權行使時被視為以零 代價發行的普通股的 加權平均數	_	1,576,802
Weighted average number of ordinary shares, used in the diluted earnings per share calculation	計算每股攤薄溢利 時所採用的普通股 加權平均數	1,713,184,948	1,507,883,788



14. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT 14. 物業、機器及設備

Group 本集團

个未 团					_			
				Machinery	Furniture, fixtures			
		Land and	Leasehold	and	and office	Motor	Hotel under	
			mprovements	equipment	equipment	vehicles	construction	Total
		ounumgo n	inprovements	equipment	傢俬、	venicies	constituction	Total
			租賃	機器	固定裝置及			
		土地及樓宇	物業裝修	及設備	辦公室設備	車輛	在建中酒店	總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
2014	二零一四年							
At 1 April 2013:	於二零一三年四月一日:							
Cost	成本	129,950	4,702	5,189	12,326	11,985	267,032	431,184
Accumulated depreciation and	累計折舊及減值							
impairment		(18,292)	(4,536)	(4,517)	(11,483)	(10,544)	(34,921)	(84,293)
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值	111,658	166	672	843	1,441	232,111	346,891
Net carrying amount at 1 April 2013	於二零一三年四月一日							
	之賬面淨值	111,658	166	672	843	1,441	232,111	346,891
Additions	添置	-	1,472	-	46	725	22,692	24,935
Disposals	出售	-	-	-	-	(14)	-	(14)
Disposal of a subsidiary (note 32(a))	出售附屬公司(附註32(a))	(11,667)	-	-	(18)	-	-	(11,685)
Surplus on revaluation at date of	於轉撥至投資物業當日							
transfer to investment properties	因重估形成的盈餘	-	-	-	-	-	204,197	204,197
Depreciation provided during the year	年度內折舊	(4,058)	(1,393)	(267)	(726)	(1,244)	-	(7,688)
Transfer to investment properties	轉撥至投資物業(附註16)							
(note 16)		-	-	-	-	-	(459,000)	(459,000)
Transfer from properties held for sale	轉撥自持有作出售之物業							
(note 21)	(附註21)	43,683	5,382		1,106	-	-	50,171
Net carrying amount at	於二零一四年三月三十一日							
31 March 2014	之賬面淨值	139,616	5,627	405	1,251	908	-	147,807
At 31 March 2014:	於二零一四年三月三十一日:							
Cost	成本	159,433	10,655	5,189	12,680	11,878	-	199,835
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊	(19,817)	(5,028)	(4,784)	(11,429)	(10,970)	-	(52,028)
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值	139,616	5,627	405	1,251	908	_	147,807



14. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT 14. 物業、機器及設備(續)

(continued)

Group 本集團

Total 總計 HK\$'000
總計 HK\$'000
總計 HK\$'000
HK\$'000
HK\$'000
HK\$'000
千港元
372,655
(77,955)
294,700
294,700
58,581
(6,390)
346,891
431,184
10 2,201
(84,293)
346,891
_

31 March 2014 二零一四年三月三十一日

14. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

(continued)

At 31 March 2014, the Group's land and buildings and hotel under construction with net carrying amounts of HK\$139,616,000 (2013: HK\$111,658,000) and nil (2013: HK\$232,111,000), respectively, were pledged to secure general banking facilities granted to the Group (note 27).

At 31 March 2014, the Group's leasehold land included in land and buildings with a net carrying amount of HK\$139,616,000 (2013: HK\$102,927,000) is situated in Hong Kong and is held under a medium term lease.

At 31 March 2013, the Group's leasehold land included in hotel under construction is situated in Hong Kong and is held under a long term lease.

15. PROPERTIES HELD FOR DEVELOPMENT

At 31 March 2014, certain of the Group's properties held for development of HK\$652,085,000 (2013: HK\$250,000,000) were pledged to secure certain bank loans and general banking facilities granted to the Group (note 27).

The Group's properties held for development are situated in Hong Kong and are held under the following lease terms:

14. 物業、機器及設備(續)

於二零一四年三月三十一日,本集團賬面 淨值分別為139,616,000港元(二零一三年: 111,658,000港元)及零港元(二零一三年: 232,111,000港元)的土地及樓宇以及在建中 酒店已被抵押,作為授予本集團一般銀行融 資的擔保(附註27)。

於二零一四年三月三十一日,本集團土地及 樓宇所包括賬面淨額為139,616,000港元(二 零一三年:102,927,000港元)的租賃土地位 於香港,且以中期租賃形式持有。

於二零一三年三月三十一日,本集團在建中 酒店所包括的租賃土地位於香港,且以長期 租賃形式持有。

15. 持有作發展之物業

於二零一四年三月三十一日,本集團金額為652,085,000港元(二零一三年:250,000,000港元)的部分持有作發展之物業已經質押,以取得本集團獲授若干銀行貸款及一般銀行融資(附註27)。

本集團持有作發展之物業位於香港,並以下 列租賃形式持有:

		2014	2013
		二零一四年	二零一三年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Long term leases	長期租約	652,085	250,000
Medium term leases	中期租約	74,189	_
		726,274	250,000



16. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

16. 投資物業

Group

本集團

		Completed investment properties 已落成投資物業 HK\$'000	Investment properties under construction 在建中 投資物業 HK\$'000	Total 合計 HK\$'000 <i>千港元</i>
Carrying amount at 1 April 2012	於二零一二年四月一日的賬面值	656,520	297,000	953,520
Disposals	出售	(275,000)	_	(275,000)
Transfer to properties under	轉撥至發展中物業(附註20)			
development (note 20)		_	(297,000)	(297,000)
Net gain from a fair value	公平值調整產生的淨收益			
adjustment		38,080	_	38,080
Carrying amount at 31 March 2013	於二零一三年三月三十一日及			
and 1 April 2013	二零一三年四月一日的賬面值	419,600	_	419,600
Disposals of a subsidiary (note 32(a))	出售附屬公司(附註32(a))	(4,000)	_	(4,000)
Transfer from property, plant and	轉撥自物業、機器及設備			
equipment (note 14)	(附註14)	459,000	_	459,000
Carrying amount at 31 March 2014	於二零一四年三月三十一日			
	的賬面值	874,600	_	874,600

An analysis of the Group's investment properties is as follows:

本集團的投資物業分析如下:

		2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000 <i>千港元</i>	2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Hong Kong: Long term leases Medium term leases	香港: 長期租約 中期租約	459,600 415,000	600 415,000
Elsewhere*	其他地區*	874,600 - 874,600	415,600 4,000 419,600

At 31 March 2013, whilst the application is in progress, the certificate of ownership with respect to one of the Group's investment properties with a carrying value of HK\$4,000,000 had not been issued by the relevant government authorities.

於二零一三年三月三十一日,由於有關申請 手續仍在處理中,有關政府當局尚未發出有 關本集團上述其中一項賬面值為4,000,000港 元之投資物業的房產證。

31 March 2014 二零一四年三月三十一日

16. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (continued)

The Group's completed investment properties were revalued on 31 March 2014 by DTZ Debenham Tie Leung Limited ("DTZ"), independent professionally qualified valuers, at HK\$874,600,000 (2013: HK\$419,600,000) on market value, existing use basis.

Certain of the Group's investment properties are leased to third parties under operating leases, further details of which are included in note 34(a) to the financial statements.

At 31 March 2014, the Group's investment properties with an aggregate carrying amount of HK\$867,000,000 (2013: HK\$408,000,000) were pledged to secure general banking facilities granted to the Group (note 27).

The following table illustrates the fair value measurement of the Group's investment properties using:

16. 投資物業(續)

於二零一四年三月三十一日,本集團的已落成投資物業乃經獨立專業合資格估值師戴德梁行有限公司(「戴德梁行」)按市值及現有用途基準重新估價為874,600,000港元(二零一三年:419,600,000港元)。

本集團若干投資物業按照經營租約租予第 三者,有關之進一步詳情載於財務報表附註 34(a)。

於二零一四年三月三十一日,本集團賬面值總額867,000,000港元(二零一三年:408,000,000港元)的投資物業已被抵押,作為授予本集團一般銀行融資的擔保(附註27)。

下表顯示本集團投資物業採用的公平值計量:

		Fair value	Fair value	
		measurement	measurement	
		using	using	
		significant	significant	
		observable	unobservable	
		inputs	inputs	
		(Level 2)	(Level 3)	Total
		公平值	公平值	
		計量採用	計量採用	
		重大可觀察	重大不可	
		輸入值	觀察輸入值	
		(第二層次)	(第三層次)	合計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元
Recurring fair value	持續性公平值計量:			
measurement for:	辦公室物業		122 000	122 000
Office properties	新公主初来 零售物業	_	132,000	132,000
Retail properties		_	505,000	505,000
Hotel properties	酒店物業	_	230,000	230,000
Residential property	住宅物業	-	7,000	7,000
Car parking spaces	停車位 	600	_	600
		600	874,000	874,600



31 March 2014 二零一四年三月三十一日

16. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (continued)

The fair values of the car parking spaces at 31 March 2014 were measured using the direct comparison method based on market observable transactions of similar properties and were adjusted to reflect the conditions and locations of the subject properties and hence were classified as Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy.

During the year, there were no transfers of fair value measurements between Level 1 and Level 2 and no transfers into or out of Level 3.

Below is a summary of the valuation techniques used and the key inputs to the valuation of investment properties classified as Level 3:

16. 投資物業(續)

於二零一四年三月三十一日,停車位的公平 值乃採用直接比較法,根據市場類似物業的 可觀察交易並作出調整以反映標的物業的狀 況及地點而計量,因此分類為公平值層次的 第二層次。

於本年度內,概無在第一層次及第二層次之 間轉換及轉入或轉出第三層次的公平值計 量。

以下為就分類為第三層次的投資物業估值所 採用的估值技術及主要輸入值的概要:

	Valuation techniques	Significant unobservable inputs	Range (weighted average) 範圍
	估值技術	重大不可觀察輸入值	(加權平均數)
Office properties 辦公室物業	Income capitalisation method (refer below) 收入資本化法 (見下文)	Estimated rental value per square feet and per month (HK\$) 估計每月每平方呎租金 價值(港元)	34
		Capitalisation rate 資本化比率	2.25%
Retail properties 零售物業	Income capitalisation method and direct comparison method (refer below) 收入資本化法及直接	Estimated rental value per square feet and per month (HK\$) 估計每月每平方呎租金 價值(港元)	220
	比較法(見下文)	Capitalisation rate 資本化比率	3.75%
		Price per square feet (HK\$) 每平方呎價格(港元)	14,700 to 66,700
Hotel properties 酒店物業	Direct comparison method (refer below) 直接比較法(見下文)	Price per room (HK\$) 每房間價格(港元)	4,600,000
Residential property 住宅物業	Income capitalisation method (refer below) 收入資本化法	Estimated rental value per square feet and per month (HK\$) 估計每月每平方呎租金	23
	(見下文)	價值(港元) Capitalisation rate 資本化比率	2.75%

31 March 2014 二零一四年三月三十一日

16. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (continued)

As at 31 March 2014, the construction of all investment properties were completed and their valuations were based on either the income capitalisation method by capitalisation of net income derived from the existing tenancies with allowance for the reversionary income potential of the properties or the direct comparison method by reference to comparable market transactions.

Significant increases/(decreases) in estimated rental value per square feet or per car parking space in isolation would result in a significantly higher/(lower) fair value of the investment properties. Significant increases/(decreases) in the capitalisation rate in isolation would result in a significantly lower/(higher) fair value of the investment properties. Significant increases/(decreases) in price per square feet, per room or per car parking space in isolation would result in significantly higher/(lower) fair value of the investment properties.

Generally, a change in the assumption made for the estimated rental value per square feet or per car parking space and the price per square feet or per car parking space are accompanied by a directionally similar change in the development profit and an opposite change in the capitalisation rate.

Further particulars of the Group's investment properties are included in the "SUMMARY OF PROPERTIES" section of the annual report.

16. 投資物業(續)

於二零一四年三月三十一日,所有投資物業的建造工程均已完成,其估值乃根據收入資本化法(將得自現有租賃的收入淨額資本化,並考慮到物業的復歸收入潛力)或直接比較法(參考類似的市場交易)而釐定。

估計每平方呎或每停車位租金價值單獨大幅 上升/(下降)會導致投資物業公平值大幅 上升/(下降)。資本化比率單獨大幅上升/ (下降)會導致投資物業公平值大幅下降/ (上升)。每平方呎、每房間或每停車位價格 單獨大幅上升/(下降)會導致投資物業公 平值大幅上升/(下降)。

一般而言,就估計每平方呎或每停車位租金 價值及每平方呎或每停車位價格作出的假設 變動,會伴隨發展溢利相同方向的改變及資 本化比率相反方向的改變。

有關本集團投資物業的進一步詳情,載於年報「物業概要」部分中。



17. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES

17. 於附屬公司的投資

Company 本公司

		7.	TAN		
		2014	2013		
		二零一四年	二零一三年		
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000		
		千港元	千港元		
Unlisted shares, at cost	非上市股份,按原值	64,147	64,147		
Due from subsidiaries	附屬公司欠款	565,458	224,053		
		629,605	288,200		

The amounts due from subsidiaries are unsecured, interest-free and have no fixed terms of repayment.

附屬公司欠款乃無抵押、免息及無固定還款

期。

Particulars of the principal subsidiaries are as follows:

主要附屬公司資料如下:

Name 名稱	Place of incorporation and operations 註冊成立 及經營地點	Nominal value of issued and paid-up capital 已發行及 繳足股本面值	Percentage of equity attributable to the Company 本公司應估 股權百份比 Direct Indirect 直接 間接		Principal activities 主要業務
Profit Chain Investments Limited	British Virgin Islands/ Hong Kong 英屬維爾京群島/ 香港	US\$70,000 Ordinary 70,000美元 普通股	100	-	Investment holding 投資控股
Able Engineering Company Limited 安保工程有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$7,589,000 Ordinary HK\$11,211,000 Non-voting deferred (<i>Note</i>) 7,589,000港元普通股 11,211,000港元 無投票權遞延股 (<i>附註</i>)	_	100	Building construction and maintenance 樓字建造及維修



31 March 2014 *二零一四年三月三十一日*

17. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES

17. 於附屬公司的投資(續)

(continued)

Name 名稱	Place of incorporation and operations 註冊成立 及經營地點	Nominal value of issued and paid-up capital 已發行及 繳足股本面值	Perce of eg attribut the Co 本公司 股權百 Direct 直接	uity able to mpany 可應估	
Excel Development (Holdings) Limited ("Excel Development") 恰益控股有限公司 (「怡益控股」)	Cayman Islands 開曼群島	HK\$2,000,000 Ordinary 2,000,000港元 普通股	-	75	Investment holding and provision of management service 投資控股及提供管理服務
Excel Engineering Company Limited 恰益工程有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$16,000,000 Ordinary 16,000,000港元 普通股	-	75	Civil engineering works and building construction and maintenance 土木工程及 樓宇建造及維修
Gadelly Construction Company Limited 加德利建築有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$8,600,000 Ordinary 8,600,000港元 普通股	_	75	Civil engineering works and building construction and maintenance 土木工程及 樓宇建造及維修
Able Contracting Limited 安保建業有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$1 Ordinary 1港元普通股	-	100	Building maintenance 樓宇維修
Able Contractors Limited 安保建築有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$10,000 Ordinary 10,000港元普通股	-	100	Building construction 樓宇建造



17. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES

17. 於附屬公司的投資(續)

(continued)

Name 名稱	Place of incorporation and operations 註冊成立 及經營地點	Nominal value of issued and paid-up capital 已發行及 繳足股本面值	Perce of eg attribut the Co 本公司 股權百 Direct 直接	uity able to mpany 可應佔	Principal activities 主要業務
Able Maintenance Company Limited 安保維修有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$10,000 Ordinary 10,000港元普通股	-	100	Building construction and maintenance 樓宇建造及維修
Covalla Limited 鋭雅有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$10,000 Ordinary 10,000港元普通股	-	100	Property development 物業發展
Good Trader Limited 業佳有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$1 Ordinary 1港元普通股	-	100	Property development 物業發展
Comfort Home Properties Limited 安豪置業有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$1 Ordinary 1港元普通股	-	100	Property holding 物業持有
Win Glories Limited 紳榮有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$9,600 Ordinary 9,600港元普通股	-	100	Property holding 物業持有
Hobol Limited 巧邦有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$1 Ordinary 1港元普通股	-	100	Property holding 物業持有
Win Extra Limited 卓協有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$1 Ordinary 1港元普通股	-	100	Property holding 物業持有



17. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES

17. 於附屬公司的投資(續)

(continued)

Name 名稱	Place of incorporation and operations 註冊成立 及經營地點	Nominal value of issued and paid-up capital 已發行及 缴足股本面值	Perce of eq attribut the Co 本公司 股權百	uity able to mpany J應佔	Principal activities 主要業務
			Direct 直接	Indirect 間接	
Frason Holdings Limited 輝信控股有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$10,000 Ordinary 10,000港元普通股	-	100	Property holding 物業持有
Wood One Keeprich Limited (formerly known as "Keeprich Limited") (前稱為「Keeprich Limited」)	British Virgin Islands/ Hong Kong 英屬維爾京群島/ 香港	US\$1 Ordinary 1美元普通股	-	100	Property development 物業發展
Uni-Dragon Holdings Limited 亨龍集團有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$1 Ordinary 1港元普通股	-	100	Property development 物業發展
Metro Advance Limited 誠尊有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$1 Ordinary 1港元普通股	-	100	Property development 物業發展
Noble Connection Limite 尚御有限公司	d Hong Kong 香港	HK\$1 Ordinary 1港元普通股	-	100	Property development 物業發展

Note: The non-voting deferred shares carry no rights to dividends or to receive notice of or to attend or vote at any general meeting of the company or to participate in any distribution on winding-up.

附註:無投票權遞延股份無權收取股息,亦無權 獲發各有關公司之任何股東大會通告或出 席大會或在會上投票,或於公司清盤時獲 得任何分派。

The above table lists the subsidiaries of the Company which, in the opinion of the directors, principally affected the results for the year or formed a substantial portion of the net assets of the Group. To give details of other subsidiaries would, in the opinion of the directors, result in particulars of excessive length.

上表列出董事認為對本年度業績有重大影響 或組成本集團資產淨值主要部份之本公司附 屬公司。董事認為,列出其他附屬公司之資 料將導致資料過份冗長。



17. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES

17. 於附屬公司的投資(續)

(continued)

Details of the Group's subsidiary that has material non-controlling interests are set out below:

有重大非控制性權益的本集團附屬公司的詳 情載列如下:

		2014 二零一四年	2013 二零一三年
Percentage of equity interest held by non-controlling interests:	非控制性權益持有的股本 權益百分比:		
Excel Development	怡益控股 ————————————————————————————————————	25%	_
		2011	1
		2014	2013
		二零一四年	二零一三年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Profit for the year allocated to non-controlling interests:	分配至非控制性權益的 本年度溢利:		
Excel Development	怡益控股	7,099	_
Accumulated balances of non-controlling interests at the reporting dates:	於報告日期非控制性權益的 累計結餘:		
Excel Development	<u>怡益控股</u>	52,563	_

17. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES

17. 於附屬公司的投資(續)

(continued)

The following tables illustrate the summarised consolidated financial information of the above subsidiary. The amounts disclosed are before any intercompany eliminations:

下表顯示上述附屬公司的綜合財務概要資料。所披露者為未計任何公司間對銷前的金額:

Excel Development

怡益控股

		2014	2013
		二零一四年	二零一三年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Revenue	收入	1,477,332	_
Other income	其他收入	7,481	_
Total expenses	開支總額	(1,456,417)	-
Profit and total comprehensive income	本年度溢利及全面收益總額		
for the year		28,396	_
Current assets	流動資產	460,022	_
Non-current assets	非流動資產	704	_
Current liabilities	流動負債	(250,468)	_
Net cash flows used in operating activities	經營活動使用的現金流量淨額	(23,007)	
Net cash flows from investing activities	投資活動產生的現金流量淨額	146,887	
Net cash flows used in financing activities	融資活動使用的現金流量淨額	(87,151)	_
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等值物增加淨額	36,729	_



18. INVESTMENTS IN JOINT VENTURES

Particulars of the Group's joint ventures are as follows:

18. 於合營企業的投資 本集團合營企業之資料如下:

				rcentage of 所佔百份比		
Name	Business structure	Place of incorporation 註冊	Ownership interest	Voting power	Profit sharing	Principal activities
名稱	業務架構	成立地點	擁有權益	投票權	溢利分配	主要業務
Excel-China Harbour Joint Venture 怡益中國港灣聯營	Body unincorporate 並非法團的團體	Hong Kong 香港	70	50	70	Civil engineering works 土木工程
Able E & M Engineering Limited ("Able E & M") 安寶機電工程有限公司 (「安寶機電」)	Limited company 有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	50	50	50	Building services 樓宇服務 工程
Leighton-Able Joint Venture ("Leighton JV") 禮頓-安保聯營 (「禮頓聯營」)	Body unincorporate 並非法團的團體	Hong Kong 香港	49	50	49	Building construction 樓宇建造
Team Great Limited ("Team Great")	Limited company 有限公司	British Virgin Islands 英屬維爾京 群島	40	50	40	Investment holding 投資控股
Fungs E & M Engineering Company Limited ("Fungs E & M") 馮氏機電工程有限公司 (「馮氏機電」)	Limited company 有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	40	50	40	Building services 樓宇服務 工程

The above investments in joint ventures are indirectly held by the Company.

上述所有於合營企業的投資均間接由本公司 持有。

18. INVESTMENTS IN JOINT VENTURES

18. 於合營企業的投資(續)

(continued)

			Group	
			本集	基團
			2014	2013
			二零一四年	二零一三年
		Note	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元
Share of net assets	應佔淨資產份額		140,293	115,402
Goodwill on acquisition	收購產生的商譽	(a)	26,621	26,621
			166,914	142,023

Notes:

(a) The Group's goodwill on acquisition of joint ventures as at 31 March 2014 arose from the acquisition of Team Great and its subsidiary, which is building services cash-generating unit of the Group.

Impairment of goodwill

The recoverable amount of the building services cash-generating unit has been determined based on a value in use calculation using cash flow projects based on financial budgets covering a five-year period approved by Management. The discount rate applied to the cash flow projections was 14.89% (2013: 14.89%) and cash flows beyond the five-year period were extrapolated using a growth rate of 2.49% (2013: 2.49%). In the opinion of the directors, no impairment loss against the goodwill is considered necessary as the recoverable amount of the Group's interest in this cash-generating unit is higher than its carrying amount.

附註:

(a) 於二零一四年三月三十一日,本集團收購合 營企業產生的商譽因收購Team Great及其附 屬公司而產生,該公司為本集團的樓宇服務 工程現金產出單元。

Group

商譽減值

樓宇服務工程現金產出單元的可收回金額以使用價值的計算為基礎,採用建立在管理層批准的五年期的財務預算基礎上的現金流量預測來確定。現金流量預測所用的折現率是14.89%(二零一三年:14.89%),五年以後的現金流量根據增長率2.49%(二零一三年:2.49%)推斷得出。董事認為,由於本集團於該現金產出單元的權益的可收回金額高於其賬面金額,因此認為無須就商譽計提減值虧損。



18. INVESTMENTS IN JOINT VENTURES

18. 於合營企業的投資(續)

附註:(續)

(continued)

Notes: (continued)

- (b) The following tables illustrate the summarised consolidated financial information of Team Great and Leighton JV, which are considered as material joint ventures, of the Group and reconciled to their carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements:
 - (i) Summarised consolidated financial information of Team Great
- (b) 下表顯示Team Great及禮頓聯營的綜合財務 概要資料(彼等被視為本集團的重大合營企 業),以及與綜合財務報表內其賬面金額的 對賬:
 - (i) Team Great的綜合財務概要資料

Great		2211	2212
		2014	2013
		二零一四年	二零一三年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等值物	96,491	22,926
Other current assets	其他流動資產	114,483	120,447
Current assets	流動資產	210,974	143,373
Non-current assets	非流動資產	119,034	105,463
Financial liabilities, excluding trade	金融負債,不包括應付		
and other payables	貿易賬款及其他應付款	(57,833)	(24,600)
Other current liabilities	其他流動負債	(86,292)	(80,720)
Current liabilities	流動負債	(144,125)	(105,320)
Non-current financial liabilities,	非流動金融負債,不包括應付		
excluding trade and other payables	貿易賬款及其他應付款	(11,723)	(12,166)
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債	(11,723)	(12,166)
Net assets	資產淨值	174,160	131,350
Reconciliation to the Group's interest	本集團於Team Great的		
in Team Great:	權益的對賬:		
Proportion of the Group's ownership	本集團擁有權之比例	40%	40%
Group's share of net assets of	本集團應佔Team Great		•••
Team Great	之資產淨值	69,664	52,540
Goodwill on acquisition	收購產生的商譽	26,621	26,621
Carrying amount of the investment	投資於Team Great之		
in Team Great	賬面值	96,285	79,161

18. INVESTMENTS IN JOINT VENTURES

18. 於合營企業的投資(續)

(continued)

Notes: (continued)

附註:(續)

(b) (continued)

(i) Summarised consolidated financial information of Team Great (continued)

(b) (續)

(i) Team Great的綜合財務概要資料(續)

		2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Revenue	收入	585,032	428,160
Interest income	利息收入	1	_
Depreciation	折舊	3,447	1,985
Interest expenses	利息開支	(557)	(82)
Tax	税項	(12,955)	(8,954)
Profit and total comprehensive income	本年度溢利及全面收益總額		
for the year		42,810	46,899

(ii) Summarised consolidated financial information of Leighton JV

(ii) 禮頓聯營的綜合財務概要資料

		2014	2013
		二零一四年	二零一三年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等值物	219,859	39,487
Other current assets	其他流動資產	155,449	156,285
Current assets	流動資產	375,308	195,772
Other current liabilities	其他流動負債	(231,168)	(67,483)
Current liabilities	流動負債	(231,168)	(67,483)
Net assets	資產淨值	144,140	128,289
Reconciliation to the Group's interest	與本集團於禮頓聯營的		
in Leighton JV:	權益的對賬:		
Proportion of the Group's ownership	本集團擁有權之比例	49%	49%
Carrying amount of the investment	投資於禮頓聯營之賬面值		
in Leighton JV		70,629	62,862

31 March 2014 二零一四年三月三十一日

18. INVESTMENTS IN JOINT VENTURES

18. 於合營企業的投資(續)

(continued)

Notes: (continued)

附註:(續)

- (b) (continued)
 - (ii) Summarised consolidated financial information of Leighton JV (continued)
- (b) (續)
 - (ii) 禮頓聯營的綜合財務概要資料(續)

		2014	2013
		二零一四年	二零一三年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Revenue	收入	560,880	712,512
Tax	税項	(3,269)	(4,598)
Profit and total comprehensive income	本年度溢利及全面收益總額		
for the year		15,851	27,464

- (iii) The following table illustrates the aggregate financial information of the Group's joint venture that is not individually material:
- (iii) 下表顯示本集團個別而言不重大的合 營企業的合計財務資料:

		2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Share of joint venture's loss and total comprehensive loss for the year	應佔合營企業本年度虧損及 全面虧損總額	-	(1,405)

- (c) The amount due to a joint venture included in the Group's current liabilities is unsecured, interest-free and has no fixed terms of repayment.
- (d) The Group had discontinued the recognition of its share of loss of Able E & M because the Group's share of loss of Able E & M exceeded the Group's investment in Able E & M. The amount of the Group's unrecognised share of loss of Able E & M for the current year and cumulatively was HK\$90,000 (2013: HK\$2,836,000).
- (c) 包括在本集團的流動負債的應付合營企業款 項乃無抵押、免息及無固定還款期。
- (d) 本集團已停止確認其應佔安寶機電的虧損, 因為本集團應佔安寶機電的虧損超過本集團 於安寶機電的投資。本集團於本年度及累積 未確認應佔安寶機電的虧損金額為90,000港 元(二零一三年:2,836,000港元)。



19. CONSTRUCTION, RENOVATION AND OTHER CONTRACTS

19. 建築、翻新及其他工程合約

		Group 本集團	
		2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Gross amount due from customers for contract works	應收客戶之合約工程款 總額	338,057	447,540
Contract costs incurred plus recognised profits less recognised losses to date Less: Progress billings	合約成本加現時已確認之溢利 減現時已確認之虧損 減:進度賬單款項	5,614,125 (5,276,068)	5,381,723 (4,934,183)
		338,057	447,540

20. PROPERTIES UNDER DEVELOPMENT

20. 發展中物業

Group 本集團

		2014	2013
		二零一四年	二零一三年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Carrying amount at 1 April	於四月一日的賬面金額	416,207	42,223
Additions	添置	43,584	76,984
Transfer from investment properties under	轉自在建中投資物業		
construction (note 16)	(附註16)	_	297,000
Carrying amount at 31 March	於三月三十一日的賬面金額	459,791	416,207

All the Group's properties under development are expected to be completed within normal operating cycle.

預期所有本集團的發展中物業將會於正常經 營周期內完成。

31 March 2014 二零一四年三月三十一日

20. PROPERTIES UNDER DEVELOPMENT

(continued)

All the Group's properties under development are located in Hong Kong and are held under the following lease terms:

20. 發展中物業(續)

所有本集團的發展中物業均位於香港,且以 下列租賃形式持有:

		2014	2013
		二零一四年	二零一三年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Long term leases	長期租約	136,874	111,769
Medium term leases	中期租約	322,917	304,438
		459,791	416,207

At 31 March 2014, the Group's properties under development with an aggregate carrying amount of HK\$459,791,000 (2013: HK\$416,207,000) were pledged to secure general banking facilities granted to the Group (note 27).

於二零一四年三月三十一日,本集團賬面金額合共459,791,000港元(二零一三年:416,207,000港元)的發展中物業用作本集團獲授一般銀行融資的抵押(附註27)。

21, PROPERTIES HELD FOR SALE

21. 持有作出售之物業

Group 本集團

		2014	2013
		二零一四年	二零一三年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Carrying amount at 1 April	於四月一日的賬面金額	50,171	43,165
Additions	添置	_	7,006
Transfer to property, plant and equipment	轉至物業、機器及設備		
(note 14)	(附註14)	(50,171)	-
Carrying amount at 31 March	於三月三十一日的賬面金額	_	50,171

At 31 March 2013, the Group's properties held for sale with an aggregate carrying amount of HK\$50,171,000 were pledged to secure general banking facilities granted to the Group (note 27).

At 31 March 2013, the Group's properties held for sale are situated in Hong Kong and held under medium term leases.

於二零一三年三月三十一日,本集團賬面值 合共50,171,000港元的持有作出售之物業用 作本集團獲授一般銀行信貸融資的抵押(附 註27)。

於二零一三年三月三十一日,本集團持有作 出售之物業均位於香港,且以中期租賃形式 持有。

31 March 2014 二零一四年三月三十一日

22. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Accounts receivable consists of receivables for contract work and rentals under operating leases. The payment terms of contract works receivables are stipulated in the relevant contracts. Rentals are normally receivable in advance.

At 31 March 2014, retentions receivable included in accounts receivable amounted to HK\$176,884,000 (2013: HK\$155,896,000), which are repayable within terms ranging from two to three years.

The Group assigned its financial benefits under certain contract works to secure certain general banking facilities granted to the Group (note 27) and as at 31 March 2014, the aggregate amount of accounts receivable related to such contract works pledged to secure the relevant banking facilities amounted to HK\$111,320,000 (2013: HK\$277,830,000).

The aged analysis of the accounts receivable that are not individually nor collectively considered to be impaired is as follows:

22. 應收賬款

應收賬款包括合約工程及經營租賃租金之應 收款項。合約工程應收款項之支付條款於有 關合約中訂明。租金一般須於期初收取。

於二零一四年三月三十一日,應收賬款中包括應收保留款項176,884,000港元(二零一三年:155,896,000港元),償還年期條款為二至三年不等。

本集團將其於若干合約工程的財務利益轉讓,以取得若干授予本集團的一般銀行融資(附註27);於二零一四年三月三十一日,有關該等合約工程而予以質押以取得有關銀行融資的應收賬款總額為111,320,000港元(二零一三年:277,830,000港元)。

並無個別或集體認定為減值的應收賬款賬齡 分析如下:

Group 本集團

		2014	2013
		二零一四年	二零一三年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Past due but not impaired:	逾期但並無減值:		
One to three months past due	逾期1至3個月	25,056	3,742
Four to six months past due	逾期4至6個月	1,518	1,297
Over six months past due	逾期超過6個月	8,195	5,033
		34,769	10,072
Neither past due nor impaired	既無逾期亦無減值	281,797	476,930
		316,566	487,002

22. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE (continued)

Accounts receivable that were past due but not impaired relate to a number of independent customers that have a good track record with the Group. Based on past experience, the directors of the Company are of the opinion that no allowance for impairment is necessary in respect of these balances as there has not been a significant change in credit quality and the balances are still considered fully recoverable. The Group did not hold any collateral or other credit enhancements over these balances.

Accounts receivable that are neither past due nor impaired relate to a number of independent customers for whom there was no recent history of default.

23. PREPAYMENTS, DEPOSITS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

22. 應收賬款(續)

逾期但並無減值的應收賬款乃有關若干獨立 客戶,彼等與本集團交易的記錄良好。根據 以往經驗,本公司董事認為,該等結餘無須 計提減值準備,因有關信用質素並無重大改 變,且仍然認為可全數收回有關結餘。本集 團並無就該等結餘持有任何抵押品或其他信 用增級。

既無逾期亦無減值的應收賬款與為數眾多的 獨立客戶相關,彼等並無近期欠繳紀錄。

23. 預付款項、按金及其他應收款

Group
上盘庙

		74.5	个米四	
		2014	2013	
		二零一四年	二零一三年	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
		千港元	千港元	
Prepayments	預付款項	34,536	26,993	
Deposits and other receivables	按金及其他應收款	30,209	50,488	
		64,745	77,481	

None of the above assets is either past due or impaired. The financial assets included in the above balances relate to receivables for which there was no recent history of default.

上述資產既無逾期亦無減值。上述結餘所包括的金融資產乃有關並無近期欠繳記錄的應收款項。

31 March 2014 二零一四年三月三十一日

24. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

24. 現金及現金等值物

		Group		Company	
		本组	集團	本公司	
		2014	2013	2014	2013
		二零一四年	二零一三年	二零一四年	二零一三年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Cash and cash equivalents: Cash and bank balances Non-pledged time deposits	現金及現金等值物: 現金及銀行結餘 無抵押定期存款	393,393 10,084	240,635 125,070	647 -	1,489 -
		403,477	365,705	647	1,489

Cash at banks earns interest at floating rates based on daily bank deposit rates. Short term time deposits are made for varying periods of between one day and three months depending on the immediate cash requirements of the Group, and earn interest at the respective short term time deposit rates. The bank balances and non-pledged times deposits are deposited with banks with high credit ratings and no recent history of default.

銀行現金按根據每日銀行存款利率釐定的 浮動利率賺取利息。短期定期存款的期間不 定,由一天至三個月不等,視乎本集團的即 時現金需要,並按各短期定期存款利率賺取 利息。銀行結餘及無抵押定期存款乃存放在 並無近期失責記錄的、信用評級高的銀行。

25. ACCOUNTS AND BILLS PAYABLE

An ageing analysis of the accounts and bills payable as at the end of the reporting period is as follows:

25. 應付賬款及票據

於報告期末,應付賬款及票據的賬齡分析如 下:

		Gr	Group	
		本	集團	
		2014	2013	
		二零一四年	二零一三年	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
		千港元	千港元	
Current – 3 months	即期至3個月	437,769	531,781	
4 – 6 months	4至6個月	14,759	35,361	
Over 6 months	超過6個月	122,798	99,302	
		575,326	666,444	

31 March 2014 二零一四年三月三十一日

25. ACCOUNTS AND BILLS PAYABLE

(continued)

At 31 March 2014, retentions payable included in accounts and bills payable amounted to HK\$163,386,000 (2013: HK\$151,139,000), which are normally settled within terms ranging from two to three years.

At 31 March 2014, included in accounts and bills payable was an amount of HK\$18,314,000 (2013: HK\$13,986,000) due to joint ventures which is non-interest-bearing and is normally settled within one year.

Accounts and bills payable are non-interest-bearing. The payment terms are stipulated in the relevant contracts.

25. 應付賬款及票據(續)

於二零一四年三月三十一日,應付賬款及票據中包括應付保留款額163,386,000港元(二零一三年:151,139,000港元),一般償還期為二至三年。

於二零一四年三月三十一日,應付賬款及票據中包括了應付合營企業款額18,314,000港元(二零一三年:13,986,000港元),該等款項為免計利息,一般償還期為一年內。

應付賬款及票據為免計利息。付款條款於有關合約中訂明。

26. OTHER PAYABLES AND ACCRUALS

26. 其他應付款及預提費用

			Group 本集團		ipany 公司
			1		1
		2014	2013	2014	2013
		二零一四年	二零一三年	二零一四年	二零一三年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Other payables	其他應付款	16,179	18,858	251	285
				231	203
Accruals	預提費用	5,624	3,257	-	_
		21,803	22,115	251	285

Other payables are non-interest-bearing and are expected to be settled within one year.

其他應付款不計息,並預期在一年內清償。



27. INTEREST-BEARING BANK LOANS

27. 計息銀行貸款

Group 本集團

		平 朱団		
		2014	2013	
		二零一四年	二零一三年	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
		千港元	千港元	
Current	流動			
Bank loans – secured and at floating	銀行貸款-有抵押及			
interest rates	按浮動利率計算利息	526,310	408,202	
Long term bank loans repayable	應要求償還的長期銀行貸款			
on demand – secured and at	-有抵押及按浮動利率			
floating interest rates (note)	計算利息(附註)	64,398	136,088	
		590,708	544,290	
Non-current	非流動			
Bank loans – secured and at	銀行貸款-有抵押及按			
floating interest rates	浮動利率計算利息	181,366	123,428	
		772,074	667,718	
Analysed into:	分析為:			
Bank loans repayable:	銀行貸款,償還期如下:			
Within one year or on demand (note)	一年內或按要求而償還(附註)	590,708	544,290	
In the second year	第二年內	83,105	12,491	
In the third to fifth years, inclusive	第三至五年內(包括首尾兩年)	38,553	38,182	
Beyond five years	五年以上	59,708	72,755	
		772,074	667,718	

Note: As further explained in note 38 to the financial statements, the Group's term loans with an aggregate amount of HK\$64,967,000 (2013: HK\$136,088,000) containing an on-demand clause have been classified as current liabilities. For the purpose of the above analysis, the loans are included within current interest-bearing bank loans and analysed into bank loans repayable within one year or on demand.

附註: 誠如財務報表附註38內所進一步解釋,本 集團總額為64,967,000港元(二零一三年: 136,088,000港元)的定期貸款(載有按要求 隨時付還條款)已經分類為流動負債。就 上述分析而言,貸款包括在流動計息銀行 貸款內,並分析為一年內或按要求償還的 銀行貸款。

31 March 2014 二零一四年三月三十一日

27. INTEREST-BEARING BANK LOANS

27. 計息銀行貸款(續)

(continued)
Notes: (continued)

respect of the loans are:

附註:(續)

Based on the maturity terms of the loans, the amounts repayable in

根據貸款的到期條款,就貸款應償還的金額為:

		Group 本集團	
		2014	2013
		二零一四年	二零一三年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Within one year or on demand	一年內或按要求而償還	525,741	408,202
In the second year	第二年內	94,528	90,261
In the third to fifth years, inclusive	第三至五年內(包括首尾兩年)	73,494	74,806
Beyond five years	五年以上	78,311	94,449
		772,074	667,718

The interest rates of the Group's bank loans are primarily repriced every month based on prime rate or HIBOR changes.

本集團銀行貸款的利率乃根據最優惠利率或 香港銀行同業拆息變動而每個月重新定價。

The Group's secured bank loans are secured by:

- (i) legal charges over the Group's investment properties, which had an aggregate carrying amount at the end of the reporting period of HK\$867,000,000 (2013: HK\$408,000,000);
- (ii) legal charges over the Group's land and buildings, which had an aggregate carrying amount at the end of the reporting period of HK\$139,616,000 (2013: HK\$111,658,000);
- (iii) legal charges over the Group's hotel under construction, which had an aggregate carrying amount at the end of the reporting period of nil (2013: HK\$232,111,000);

本集團有抵押銀行貸款以下列項目作抵押:

- (i) 於報告期末總賬面值為867,000,000港元 (二零一三年:408,000,000港元)之本集 團投資物業的法定押記;
- (ii) 本集團土地及樓宇的法定押記,於報告期末,其總賬面值為139,616,000港元 (二零一三年:111,658,000港元);
- (iii) 於報告期末總賬面值為零港元的本集團 在建中酒店的法定押記(二零一三年: 232,111,000港元);

31 March 2014 二零一四年三月三十一日

27. INTEREST-BEARING BANK LOANS

(continued)

- (iv) legal charges over the Group's properties held for development, which had an aggregate carrying amount at the end of the reporting period of HK\$652,085,000 (2013: HK\$250,000,000);
- (v) legal charges over the Group's properties under development, which had an aggregate carrying amount at the end of the reporting period of HK\$459,791,000 (2013: HK\$416,207,000);
- (vi) legal charges over the Group's properties held for sale, which had a carrying value amounted to HK\$50,171,000 as at 31 March 2013; and
- (vii) the assignment of the Group's financial benefits under certain contract works with an aggregate accounts receivable amounted to HK\$111,320,000 (2013: HK\$277,830,000) as at 31 March 2014.

In addition, the Company has given guarantees in favour of certain banks to the extent of HK\$1,938,797,000 (2013: HK\$1,988,324,000) in respect of banking facilities granted by those banks to certain subsidiaries of the Company, of which HK\$811,985,000 (2013: HK\$753,549,000) were utilised as at 31 March 2014.

The Group's bank loans are denominated in Hong Kong dollars.

27. 計息銀行貸款(續)

- (iv) 本集團持有作發展之物業的法定押記,其於報告期末的賬面金額合計為652,085,000港元(二零一三年:250,000,000港元);
- (v) 本集團發展中物業的法定押記,其於報告期末的賬面金額合計為459,791,000港元(二零一三年:416,207,000港元);
- (vi) 於二零一三年三月三十一日賬面值為 50,171,000港元的本集團持有作出售之 物業的法定押記;及
- (vii) 轉讓有關本集團若干建築工程合約之 財務利益,於二零一四年三月三十一 日,有關應收賬款合計為111,320,000港 元(二零一三年:277,830,000港元)。

此外,於二零一四年三月三十一日,本公司就若干銀行給予本公司若干附屬公司之銀行信貸而向該等銀行作出之擔保額為數約1,938,797,000港元(二零一三年:1,988,324,000港元),有關附屬公司已動用其中之銀行信貸額811,985,000港元(二零一三年:753,549,000港元)。

本集團的銀行貸款以港元為單位。



28. DEFERRED TAX

28. 遞延税項

The components of net deferred tax (assets)/liabilities with the net balance recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position and the movements during the year are as follows:

於本年度內在綜合財務狀況表中確認的遞延 税項(資產)/負債淨額組成部份及淨結餘 以及有關變動如下:

Group 本集團

		Depreciation allowance in excess of related depreciation 超過 相關折舊的 折舊免稅額 HK\$'000	Revaluation of properties 重估物業 HK\$'000 千港元	Losses available for offsetting against future taxable profits 可抵銷未來 應課稅溢利 之虧損 HK\$'000	Total 總額 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 April 2012	於二零一二年四月一日	5,113	387	(3,107)	2,393
Deferred tax charged/(credited) to profit or loss during the year (note 10)	於年度內扣自/(計入) 損益的遞延税項(附註10)	(1,091)	85	2,743	1,737
At 31 March 2013 and 1 April 2013	於二零一三年三月三十一日 及二零一三年四月一日	4,022	472	(364)	4,130
Disposal of a subsidiary (note 32(a))	出售附屬公司(附註32(a))	(535)	(472)	269	(738)
Deferred tax charged to profit or loss during the year (note 10)	於年度內扣自 損益的遞延税項(附註10)	229	-	13	242
At 31 March 2014	於二零一四年三月三十一日	3,716	-	(82)	3,634

31 March 2014 二零一四年三月三十一日

28. DEFERRED TAX (continued)

For presentation purposes, certain deferred tax assets and liabilities have been offset in the consolidated statement of financial position. The following is an analysis of the deferred tax balances of the Group for financial reporting purposes:

28. 遞延税項(續)

為列報用途,若干遞延税項資產與負債在綜合財務狀況表內已經互相抵銷。以下為本集團遞延税項結餘為財務報告用途作出的分析:

		2014 二零一四年	2013 二零一三年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Net deferred tax assets recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position Net deferred tax liabilities recognised in the	在綜合財務狀況表內 確認的遞延税項資產淨額 在綜合財務狀況表內確認	416	396
consolidated statement of financial position	的遞延税項負債淨額	(4,050)	(4,526)
		(3,634)	(4,130)

The Group has tax losses arising in Hong Kong of HK\$72,398,000 (2013: HK\$71,460,000). Subject to the final assessment of the Hong Kong Inland Revenue Department, these tax losses are available indefinitely for offsetting against future taxable profits of the companies in which the losses arose. Deferred tax assets have been recognised in respect of HK\$498,000 (2013: HK\$2,206,000) of such losses. Deferred tax assets have not been recognised in respect of the remaining amount of HK\$71,900,000 (2013: HK\$69,254,000) as it is not considered probable that there would be sufficient future taxable profits to utilise such amount.

At 31 March 2014 and 2013, there was no significant unrecognised deferred tax liability for taxes that would be payable on the unremitted earnings of certain of the Group's subsidiaries or joint ventures as the Group has no liability to additional tax should such amounts be remitted.

There are no income tax consequences attaching to the payment of dividends by the Company to its shareholders.

本集團在香港產生之稅務虧損為72,398,000港元(二零一三年:71,460,000港元)。待香港稅務局最後評稅後,此等稅務虧損可供無限期抵銷產生虧損之公司之未來應課稅溢利。本公司已就該等虧損498,000港元(二零一三年:2,206,000港元)確認遞延稅項資產。由於認為不太可能於未來有足夠應課稅利潤以抵銷餘額,故並無就餘款71,900,000港元(二零一三年:69,254,000港元)確認遞延稅項資產。

於二零一四年及二零一三年三月三十一日, 本集團附屬公司及合營企業之未滙繳利潤未 有為本集團帶來重大未確認遞延稅項負債, 因滙繳該等利潤不會致使本集團產生額外的 稅項負債。

本公司向其股東支付股息不會產生所得稅後果。



29. SHARE CAPITAL Shares

29. 股本 股份

		2014	2013
		二零一四年	二零一三年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Authorised:	法定股本:		
4,000,000,000 ordinary shares	4,000,000,000股每股面值		
of HK\$0.025 each	0.025港元之普通股	100,000	100,000
Issued and fully paid:	已發行及繳足股本:		
1,746,664,400 (2013: 1,511,664,400)	1,746,664,400股(二零一三年:		
ordinary shares of HK\$0.025 each	1,511,664,400股) 每股面值		
	0.025港元之普通股	43,667	37,792

A summary of the movements in the Company's issued ordinary share capital is as follows:

本公司已發行普通股本的變動概括如下:

			Number		Share	
			of shares	Issued	premium	
			in issue	capital	account	Total
			已發行股份	已發行	股份	
			的數目	股本	溢價賬	合計
		Notes		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註		千港元	千港元	千港元
At 1 April 2012	於二零一二年四月一日		1,498,371,600	37,459	174,189	211,648
Share options exercised	已行使的購股權	(a)	13,292,800	333	4,985	5,318
Transfer from share	購股權儲備轉入					
option reserve		(b)	_	_	1,999	1,999
At 31 March 2013 and	於二零一三年三月三十一	. 目				
1 April 2013	及二零一三年四月一日	Ī	1,511,664,400	37,792	181,173	218,965
Issue of Consideration Shares	發行代價股份					
(note 32(a))	(附註32(a))	(c)	235,000,000	5,875	151,810	157,685
At 31 March 2014	於二零一四年三月三十一	日	1,746,664,400	43,667	332,983	376,650

31 March 2014 二零一四年三月三十一日

29. SHARE CAPITAL (continued)

Notes:

- (a) The subscription rights attaching to 13,292,800 share options were exercised at the subscription prices of HK\$0.400 per share, resulting in the issue of 13,292,800 shares of HK\$0.025 each for a total cash consideration, before expenses, of HK\$5,318,000.
- (b) An amount of HK\$1,999,000 was transferred from the share option reserve to the share premium account upon the exercise of the share options.
- (c) During the year, the Company issued 235,000,000 shares of HK\$0.025 each at a price of HK\$0.671 each (the "Consideration Shares") as part of the consideration for the acquisition of the entire equity interest in Flower Ocean Limited ("Flower Ocean"), resulting in the increase in share capital and share premium amounted to HK\$5,875,000 and HK\$151,810,000, respectively.

Share options

Details of the Company's share option schemes are included in note 30 to the financial statements.

30. SHARE OPTION SCHEMES

Pursuant to an ordinary resolution passed on 7 September 2011, the shareholders of the Company approved the termination of the existing share option scheme (the "2002 Scheme") and the adoption of a new share option scheme (the "New Scheme") (collectively known as the "Schemes"). As a result, the Company can no longer grant any further options under the 2002 Scheme. However, all options granted prior to the termination of the 2002 Scheme will remain in full force and effect. Unless otherwise terminated or amended, the New Scheme will remain in force for ten years from the date of adoption.

The purpose of the New Scheme is to provide incentives and rewards to eligible participants who contribute to the success of the Group's operations. Eligible participants of the New Scheme include full-time employees, including any executive and non-executive directors of the Group. The New Scheme became effective on 7 September 2011 and, unless otherwise cancelled or amended, will remain in force for 10 years from that date.

29. 股本(續) 附註:

- (a) 附於13,292,800份購股權上的認購權按照每股0.400港元的認購價行使,因此發行每股面值為0.025港元的股份13,292,800股,未扣除費用的總現金代價為5,318,000港元。
- (b) 於購股權獲行使時,金額1,999,000港元由購 股權儲備轉入股份溢價賬。
- (c) 於本年度內,本公司按每股0.671港元的價格發行了235,000,000股每股面值0.025港元之股份(「代價股份」),作為支付收購Flower Ocean Limited(「Flower Ocean」)之全部股本權益的部份代價,由此令股本及股份溢價分別上升5,875,000港元及151,810,000港元。

購股權

本公司購股權計劃的詳情見本財務報表附註 30。

30. 購股權計劃

根據於二零一一年九月七日通過之普通決議案,本公司股東批准終止現有購股權計劃(「二零零二年計劃」)及採納新購股權計劃(「新計劃」)(統稱為「計劃」)。因此,本公司不可再根據二零零二年計劃授予任何進一步購股權。然而,於終止二零零二年計劃的所授予的所有購股權仍然具有十足效力及作用。新計劃自採納日期起十年內有效,除非另外終止或修改。

新計劃之目的,旨在對本集團業務運作之成功作出貢獻之合資格參與者給予加許和獎勵。新計劃之合資格參與者包括本集團之全職僱員,包括任何執行及非執行董事。新計劃於二零一一年九月七日生效,除另有決定註銷或修訂外,該計劃將自該日起生效,有效期為十年。



30. SHARE OPTION SCHEMES (continued)

The maximum number of unexercised share options currently permitted to be granted under the New Scheme is an amount equivalent, upon their exercise, to 10% of the total number of shares of the Company in issue as at the date when the New Scheme was approved by the shareholders of the Company in a general meeting. The maximum number of shares issuable under share options to each eligible participant in the New Scheme within any 12-month period is limited to 1% of the shares of the Company in issue at any time. Any further grant of share options in excess of this limit is subject to shareholders' approval in a general meeting.

Share options granted to a director, chief executive, officer or substantial shareholder of the Company, or to any of their associates, are subject to approval in advance by the independent non-executive directors. In addition, any share options granted to a substantial shareholder or an independent non-executive director of the Company, or to any of their associates, in excess of 0.1% of the shares of the Company in issue at any time or with an aggregate value (based on the price of the Company's shares at the date of grant) in excess of HK\$5 million, within any 12-month period, are subject to shareholders' approval in advance in a general meeting.

The offer of a grant of share options may be accepted within 14 days from the date of the offer, upon payment of a nominal consideration of HK\$1 in total by the grantee. The exercise period of the share options granted is determinable by the directors and ends on a date which is not later than 10 years from the date of the offer of the share options.

30. 購股權計劃(續)

根據新計劃目前允許授出之未行權購股權涉及之最高股份數目,為一筆相等於在股東大會上獲本公司股東批准新計劃之日本公司已發行股份總數10%之款額。在任何十二個月期間內根據購股權,可向新計劃之每位合資格參與者授出可予發行股份之最高股份數目,以本公司於不時之已發行股份1%為限。任何再進一步授出超逾此限制之購股權須獲股東於股東大會上批准。

授予本公司董事、主要行政人員或主要股東 或彼等各自之任何聯繫人士之購股權,須 事先獲獨立非執行董事批准。此外,在任何 十二個月期間內,授予本公司主要股東或獨 立非執行董事或彼等各自之任何聯繫人士之 任何購股權,超逾本公司不時之已發行股份 0.1%或總值超逾5,000,000港元(根據本公司 於授出日期之股價計算)者,須事先獲股東 於股東大會上批准。

授出之購股權可於授出日期起計十四日內 獲接納,惟承授人須支付總計1港元之名義 代價。授出之購股權之行使期間須由董事釐 定,而該期間之終止日期,不得遲於購股權 授出日期後起計十年。

31 March 2014 二零一四年三月三十一日

30. SHARE OPTION SCHEMES (continued)

The exercise price of the share options is determinable by the directors, but should not be less than the highest of (i) the closing price of the shares of the Company as stated in the Stock Exchange daily quotation sheet on the date of grant of the share options; (ii) the average closing price of the shares of the Company as stated in the Stock Exchange for the five trading days immediately preceding the date of the offer; and (iii) the nominal value of the shares of the Company.

Share options do not confer rights on the holders to dividends or to vote at shareholders' meetings.

The following share options were outstanding under the Schemes during the year:

30. 購股權計劃(續)

購股權之行使價由董事釐定,惟不得低於下列三者之最高者:(i)本公司股份於購股權授出日期於聯交所每日報價表所列之收市價;(ii)本公司股份緊接授出日期前五個交易日於聯交所所報之平均收市價;及(iii)本公司股份面值。

購股權並無賦予持有者享有股息或於股東大 會上投票之權利。

按照該等計劃,本年度尚未行使的購股權如下:

2013 二零一三年

		二零一三年	
		Weighted	
		average	Number
		exercise price	of options
		行使價	購股權
		加權平均數	的數目
		HK\$	'000
		per share	
		每股港元	千份
At beginning of year	於年初	0.397	16,486
Exercised during the year	年度內行使	0.400	(13,293)
Lapsed during the year	年度內失效	0.382	(3,193)
At end of year	於年末	-	_

During the year ended 31 March 2013, the weighted average share price at the date of exercise for share options exercised was HK\$0.467 per share.

於截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度內, 獲行使的購股權於行使日期的加權平均股份 價格為每股0.467港元。

31 March 2014 二零一四年三月三十一日

31. RESERVES

(a) Group

in equity.

The amounts of the Group's reserves and the movements therein for the current and prior years are presented in the consolidated statement of changes

The Group's contributed surplus represents the excess of the nominal value of the shares and the share premium account of the subsidiaries acquired pursuant to the Group reorganisation prior to the listing of the Company's shares, over the nominal value of the Company's shares issued in exchange therefor.

(b) Capital reserve

Capital reserve represents the difference between the amounts of net consideration and the carrying values of non-controlling interests acquired or disposed of.

(c) Company

(a) 本集團 太集團

31. 儲備

本集團於本年度及以前年度之儲備款額及儲備變動已呈列於綜合權益變動表。

本集團之繳入盈餘乃指在本公司股份上 市前根據本集團重組收購之附屬公司之 股份面值及股份溢價賬超過為交換該等 附屬公司之股份而發行之本公司股份面 值的部分。

(b) 資本儲備

資本儲備指所收購或出售非控制性權益 的淨代價金額與賬面值之間的差額。

(c) 本公司

		Notes 附註	Share premium account 股份溢價賬 HK\$'000	Contributed surplus 缴入盈餘 HK\$'000 千港元	Share option reserve 購股權儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	Retained profits 保留溢利 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總額 HK\$'000 <i>千港元</i>
At 1 April 2012	於二零一二年四月一日		174,189	63,948	2,453	7,161	247,751
Total comprehensive loss for the year	本年度全面虧損總額		_	_	_	(1,124)	(1,124)
Exercise of share options	購股權獲行使	29(a)	4,985	_	_	-	4,985
Transfer upon exercise of share options	因購股權獲行使而結轉	29(b)	1,999	_	(1,999)	_	_
Transfer of share option reserve upon lapse	於購股權失效時轉撥 購股權儲備	, ,	,		() ,		
of share options			-	_	(454)	454	
At 31 March 2013 and	於二零一三年三月三十一日						
1 April 2013	及二零一三年四月一日		181,173	63,948	_	6,491	251,612
Total comprehensive income	本年度全面收益總額						
for the year			_	-	_	235,312	235,312
2013 final dividend	二零一三年末期股息		-	-	-	(52,400)	(52,400)
Issue of Consideration Shares	發行代價股份	29(c)	151,810	_	-	_	151,810
At 31 March 2014	於二零一四年三月三十一日		332,983	63,948	_	189,403	586,334

31 March 2014 二零一四年三月三十一日

31. RESERVES (continued)

(c) Company (continued)

The contributed surplus of the Company represents the excess of the nominal value of the shares of the subsidiaries acquired pursuant to the Group reorganisation prior to the listing of the Company's shares, over the nominal value of the Company's shares issued in exchange therefor. Under the Bermuda Companies Act 1981, the Company may make distributions to its members out of the contributed surplus in certain circumstances.

The share option reserve comprises the fair value of share options granted which are yet to be exercised, as further explained in the accounting policy for share-based payments transactions in note 2.4 to the financial statements. The amount will either be transferred to the share premium account when the related options are exercised, or be transferred to retained profits should the related options expire or be forfeited.

32. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

Year ended 31 March 2014

(a) Acquisition of subsidiaries that are not a business

On 19 March 2013, the Group entered into a share transfer agreement with Mr. Ngai for the acquisition of Flower Ocean for a total consideration of HK\$299,064,000. The transaction was completed on 22 May 2013 (the "Completion Date"). Up to the Completion Date, Flower Ocean and its subsidiary (collectively the "Flower Ocean Group") had not carried out any significant business activities except for holding a property in Hong Kong. Therefore, this transaction has been accounted for by the Group as an acquisition of assets as the operation of the Flower Ocean Group does not constitute a business.

31. 儲備(續)

(c) 本公司(續)

公司之繳入盈餘乃指於本公司股份上市 前根據本集團重組收購之附屬公司股份 之面值超過為交換該等附屬公司之股份 而發行之本公司股份面值之部分。根據 百慕達一九八一年公司法,本公司可於 若干情況下自繳入盈餘中向其股東作出 分派。

購股權儲備由已授予、尚未行使的購股權之公平價值構成,詳見本財務報表附註2.4對以股份為基礎的支付交易會計政策的解釋。相關購股權行權後,相應金額轉入股份溢價賬,或者相關購股權到期或被棄權後,轉入保留溢利。

32. 綜合現金流量表附註

截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度

(a) 收購並不屬業務的附屬公司

於二零一三年三月十九日,本集團與魏 先生就Flower Ocean收購事項訂立股份 轉讓協議,有關總代價為299,064,000港 元。該收購事項已經於二零一三年五月 二十二日完成(「完成日期」)。截至完 成日期為止,Flower Ocean及其附屬公 司(統稱為「Flower Ocean集團」)尚未進 行任何重大業務活動,惟持有一項位於 香港的物業除外。由於Flower Ocean集 團的經營並不構成一項業務,因此本集 團將此交易作為收購資產入賬。



32. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (continued)

Year ended 31 March 2014 (continued)

(a) Acquisition of subsidiaries that are not a business (continued)

The fair values of the assets and liabilities of the Flower Ocean Group on the Completion Date acquired by the Group in the above transaction are as follows:

32. 綜合現金流量表附註(續)

截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度(續)

(a) 收購並不屬業務的附屬公司(續)

於完成日期,本集團在上述交易中購入 Flower Ocean集團的資產及負債的公平 值如下:

		HK\$'000 <i>千港元</i>
Properties held for development	持有作發展之物業	400,000
Prepayments, deposits and other receivables	預付款項、按金及其他應收款	47
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等值物	234
Other payables and accruals	其他應付款及預提費用	(3,217)
Interest-bearing bank loans	計息銀行貸款	(98,000
Total consideration satisfied by:	總代價以下列方式支付:	299,064
Entire issued share capital of Gold Vantage	鋭盈有限公司(「鋭盈」)	
Limited ("Gold Vantage")	所有已發行股本	25,098
Consideration Shares (note 29(c))	代價股份(附註29(c))	157,685
Cash	現金	116,281
		299,064

32. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (continued)

Year ended 31 March 2014 (continued)

(a) Acquisition of subsidiaries that are not a business (continued)

The assets and liabilities of Gold Vantage which was disposed of in the above transaction as part of the consideration on the Completion Date are as follows: 32. 綜合現金流量表附註(續)

截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度(續)

(a) 收購並不屬業務的附屬公司(續)

於完成日期,作為上述事項的部份代價 而出售的鋭盈的資產及負債分析如下:

			HK\$'000 千港元
Carrying value of net assets disposed of:	出售的淨資產的賬面值	i :	
Property, plant and equipment	物業、機器及設備		11,685
Investment properties	投資物業		4,000
Prepayments, deposits and other receivables	預付款項、按金及其他	心應收款	146
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等值物		48
Other payables and accruals	其他應付款及預提費用	1	(8)
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債		(738)
			15,133
Gain on disposal of Gold Vantage	出售鋭盈之收益		9,965
Fair values of assets and liabilities of	鋭盈的資產及負債於完	尼成日期的	
Gold Vantage on the Completion Date	公平值		25,098
An analysis of the net outflow of cas equivalents in respect of the acquisitio Ocean is as follows:		收購Flower Ocean之現金。 之淨流出分析如下:	及現金等值物

2014

		二零一四年
		HK\$'000
		千港元
Cash consideration	現金代價	116,281
Cash and cash equivalents acquired	購入之現金及現金等值物	(234)
Cash and bank balance disposed of	售出之現金及現金等值物	48
		116.095



31 March 2014 二零一四年三月三十一目

32. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (continued)

Year ended 31 March 2014 (continued)

(b) Deemed partial disposal of subsidiaries

In December 2013, the Group has successfully spun off its business of civil engineering works through a separate listing of its then wholly-owned subsidiary, Excel Development, on the Stock Exchange (the "Excel Spin-Off"). The Excel Spin-Off involved the offering of 50 million shares of HK\$0.01 each by Excel Development at an offer price of HK\$1.2 per share to the public (the "Excel Offering"), which raised a total net cash proceeds of HK\$51,485,000 by Excel Development. Immediately following the completion of the Excel Spin-Off, the Group's equity interest in Excel Development was diluted from 100% to 75% and thus the Excel Spin-Off is considered as a deemed partial disposal of Excel Development by the Group. Since the deemed partial disposal of Excel Development did not result in any loss of control, such transaction was accounted for as an equity transaction and the excess between the proceeds from the Excel Offering and the 25% carrying value of Excel Development amounted to HK\$746,000 is recognised in capital reserve of the Group.

32. 綜合現金流量表附註(續)

截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度(續)

(b) 視作出售附屬公司部分權益

於二零一三年十二月,本集團成功通過 其時為本集團的全資附屬公司的怡益 控股於聯交所獨立上市,分拆土木工 程業務(「怡益分拆」)。該怡益分拆涉 及怡益控股向公眾以每股1.2港元的要 約價發售五千萬股每股面值0.01港元的 股份(「怡益股票發售」),怡益控股籌 集到現金所得款項淨額合共51,485,000 港元。於緊隨怡益分拆完成後,本集團 在怡益控股的股本權益由100%攤薄至 75%,因此,該怡益分拆被視為本集團 出售怡益控股的部份權益。由於被視為 本集團出售怡益控股的部份權益不會導 致本集團失去控制權,該交易列作權益 交易處理,而該怡益股票發售中所得的 款項與怡益控股的25%權益的賬面價值 之間的金額746,000港元已確認為本集 團之資本公積。

31 March 2014 二零一四年三月三十一日

33. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

(a) At 31 March 2014, the guarantees given by the Group to certain banks in respect of performance bonds in favour of certain contract customers amounted to HK\$39,911,000 (2013: HK\$83,014,000).

At 31 March 2014, the Company has given guarantees in favour of certain banks to the extent of HK\$1,938,797,000 (2013: HK\$1,988,324,000) in respect of banking facilities granted by those banks to certain subsidiaries of the Company, of which HK\$811,985,000 (2013: HK\$753,549,000) was utilised.

At 31 March 2014 and 2013, the Group had given unlimited performance guarantees in favour of a customer for contract works (the "Contract Customer") in respect of losses, claims, damages, costs and expenses caused by non-compliance with the terms and conditions of the construction contract entered into between the Group and the Contract Customer.

(b) In the ordinary course of the Group's construction business, the Group has been subject to a number of claims due to personal injuries suffered by employees of the Group or the Group's subcontractors in accidents arising out of and in the course of their employment. The directors are of the opinion that such claims are well covered by insurance and would not result in any material adverse impact on the financial position or results and operations of the Group.

33. 或然負債

(a) 於二零一四年三月三十一日,本集團就 給予合約客戶之履約保證而給予若干 銀行的擔保為數39,911,000港元(二零 一三年:83,014,000港元)。

於二零一四年三月三十一日,本公司就若干銀行給予本公司若干附屬公司之銀行信貸而向該等銀行作出之擔保額為數約1,938,797,000港元(二零一三年:1,988,324,000港元),有關附屬公司已動用其中之銀行信貸額811,985,000港元(二零一三年:753,549,000港元)。

於二零一四年及二零一三年三月三十一日,本集團就本集團與一合約工程客戶 (「該工程客戶」)之間訂立的建築合約, 向該工程客戶就本集團可能因不履行合 約條款和條件而對該工程客戶所造成的 損失、索償、損害、成本及開支作出無 限履約擔保。

(b) 在本集團之日常建造業務過程中,若干本集團或本集團分判商之僱員因受僱期間遭遇意外以致受傷而向本集團索償。董事認為有關索償屬於保險之受保範圍,故有關索償不會對本集團之財政狀況或業績及經營業務構成任何重大負面影響。

34. OPERATING LEASE ARRANGEMENTS

(a) As lessor

The Group leases its investment properties (note 16) under operating lease arrangements, with leases negotiated for terms ranging from one to three years. The terms of the leases generally also require the tenants to pay rental deposits.

At the end of the reporting period, the Group had total future minimum lease receivables under non-cancellable operating leases with its tenants falling due as follows:

34. 經營租賃安排

(a) 作為出租人

本集團根據經營租賃安排出租其投資物業(附註16),商定之租賃期為一年至 三年。租賃條款一般規定租戶須支付租 賃按金。

於報告期末,本集團根據與其承租人簽 訂的不可撤銷經營租賃而擁有之日後應 收最低租賃付款總額如下:

Group 本集團

			14 1-1
		2014	2013
		二零一四年	二零一三年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Within one year	一年內	10,496	10,409
In the second to fifth years, inclusive	第二至第五年(包括首尾兩年)	2,584	7,038
		13,080	17,447

(b) As lessee

The Group leases certain of its office properties under operating lease arrangements. Leases for properties are negotiated for terms ranging from one to four years.

At the end of the reporting period, the Group had total future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases falling due as follows:

(b) 作為承租人

本集團根據經營租賃安排承租若干辦公 室物業。租賃物業所商定之租賃期介乎 一至四年。

於報告期末,本集團根據不可撤銷經營 租賃而擁有之日後應付最低租賃付款總 額如下:

Group 本集團

		• *	
		2014	2013
		二零一四年	二零一三年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Within one year	一年內	2,897	5,478
In the second to fifth years, inclusive	第二至第五年(包括首尾兩年)	3,759	1,521
		6,656	6,999

35. CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

35. 資本承諾

In addition to the operating lease commitments detailed in note 34(b) above, the Group had the following capital commitments at the end of the reporting period: 除上文附註34(b)詳述的經營租賃承諾外, 於報告期末,本集團作出以下資本承諾:

		Group	
		本组	集團
		2014	2013
		二零一四年	二零一三年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Expenditure for development or	就以下物業已簽約		
redevelopment projects, contracted,	但未撥備之發展或		
but not provided for, in respect of:	重建項目之開支:		
Hotel under construction	在建中酒店	_	5,060
Properties held for development	持有作發展之物業	6,056	_
Investment properties	投資物業	838	_
Properties under development	發展中物業	13,897	5,359
Acquisition of Flower Ocean	收購Flower Ocean	_	299,064
		20,791	309,483

36. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

(a) In addition to the transactions and balances detailed elsewhere in the financial statements, the Group had the following transactions with related parties during the year:

36. 關連方交易

(a) 除於本財務報表其他部份所詳述之該等 交易及結餘外,本集團於本年度內曾與 關連方進行下列交易:

Group

			Gro	oup
			本集	> 團
			2014	2013
			二零一四年	二零一三年
		Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元
Rental income from Lanon Development Limited	從亮雅發展有限公司 (「亮雅發展」) 收取之			
("Lanon Development")	租金收入	(i)	2,024	1,704
Management fee income received and receivable from Excel-China Harbour Joint Venture, a joint venture of the Group	從本集團一合營企業: 怡益中國 港灣聯營已收及 應收之管理費收入	(ii)	-	660
Subcontracting fee expense paid and payable to Able E & M and Fungs E & M both are joint ventures of the Group	向安寶機電及馮氏機電 (兩者均為本集團 合營企業)已付 及應付之分判費開支	(iii)	105,827	129,171

Notes:

- (i) Mr. Ngai Wing Yin, the son of Mr. Ngai, who is the chairman of the board of directors of the Company and a controlling shareholder of the Company, has a controlling interest in Lanon Development. The rental income was determined at a rate mutually agreed between the Group and Lanon Development by reference to the prevailing market
- (ii) The management fee income was determined with reference to the costs incurred.
- (iii) The subcontracting fee expense was determined in accordance with the subcontracting agreement entered into between the Group and the joint ventures.

附註:

- (i) 本公司董事會主席及本公司控股股東 魏先生的兒子魏穎然先生於亮雅發展 中擁有控制性權益。租金收入乃經本 集團與亮雅發展在參考現行市值租金 後,按相互同意之租金釐定。
- (ii) 管理費收入乃參照所發生成本而釐定。
- (iii) 分判費開支乃根據本集團與合營企業 訂立的分判協議而釐定。

31 March 2014 二零一四年三月三十一日

36. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

36. 關連方交易(續)

(continued)

(b) Compensation of key management personnel of the Group

(b) 本集團主要管理人員的補償

			Group 本集團	
		2014	2013	
		二零一四年	二零一三年	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
		千港元	千港元	
Short term employee benefits	短期僱員福利	45,535	38,751	
Post-employment benefits	離職後福利	235	236	
Total compensation paid to key	支付予主要管理人員			
management personnel	的總補償	45,770	38,987	

Further details of directors' emoluments are included in note 8 to the financial statements.

有關董事酬金的進一步詳情,載於財務 報表附註8。

The related party transaction in respect of item (a)(i) above also constitutes a continuing connected transaction as defined in Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

有關上述(a)(i)項目的關聯方交易亦構成上 市規則第十四A章定義的持續關連交易。

37. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT

Management has assessed that the fair values of cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivables, other receivables and deposits, accounts and bills payable, other payables and accruals, amount due to a joint venture and interestbearing bank loans approximate to their carrying amounts largely due to the short term maturities of these instruments.

The fair values of the financial assets and liabilities are included at the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale.

37. 公平值計量

管理層已經評估,由於有關工具的短期到期 性質,現金及現金等值物、應收賬款、按金 及其他應收款、應付賬款及票據、其他應付 款及預提費用、應付合營企業款項以及計息 銀行貸款的公平值大致上與其賬面金額相 若。

金融資產及負債的公平值以該工具自願交易 方(強迫或清盤出售除外)當前交易下的可 交易金額入賬。

37. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT (continued)

The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair values:

The fair values of the non-current portion of interest-bearing bank loans have been calculated by discounting the expected future cash flows using rates currently available for instruments with similar terms, credit risk and remaining maturities. The Group's own non-performance risk for interest-bearing bank loans as at 31 March 2014 was assessed to be insignificant.

38. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The Group's principal financial instruments include interest-bearing bank loans, accounts and other receivables, accounts and other payables and bank balances. Details of these financial instruments are disclosed in the respective notes to the financial statements.

The Group's ordinary activities expose it to various financial risks, including interest rate risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The risks associated with financial instruments and the policies on how to mitigate these risks are described below. Management monitors closely the Group's exposures to financial risks to ensure appropriate measures are implemented in a timely and effective manner.

Interest rate risk

The Group's exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates relates primarily to the Group's debt obligations with floating interest rates.

37. 公平值計量(續) 下列方法及假設乃用以估計公平值:

計息銀行貸款的非流動部分的公平值乃使用 當前適用於具備類似條款、信貸風險及餘下 到期日工具的利率,折現預期未來現金流量 計算。於二零一四年三月三十一日,本集團 本身有關計息銀行貸款的不履行風險被評估 為不重大。

38. 財務風險管理目標及政策

本集團的主要金融工具包括計息銀行貸款、 應收賬款及其他應收款項、應付賬款、其他 應付款,以及銀行結餘。有關該等金融工具 的詳情,在財務報表內各有關附註內披露。

本集團的通常活動使其須面對多種財務風險,包括利率風險、信用風險及流動性風險。有關金融工具的風險以及如何減低該等風險的政策,在下文描述。管理層嚴密監察本集團所面對的財務風險,以確保適時及有效地採取適當措施。

利率風險

本集團所面對有關市場利率變動的風險主要 有關本集團附有浮動利率的債務責任。

31 March 2014 二零一四年三月三十一日

38. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)

Interest rate risk (continued)

At 31 March 2014, it is estimated that an increase/decrease of 25 basis points in interest rates, with all other variables held constant, would decrease/increase the Group's profit after tax and retained profits by HK\$1,612,000 (2013: HK\$1,394,000), arising as a result of higher/lower interest expense on the Group's floating-rate borrowings. There would be no impact on other components of the Group's equity.

The sensitivity analysis above has been determined assuming that the change in interest rates had occurred at the end of the reporting period. For the purposes of the analysis, it is assumed that the amount of variable-rate borrowings outstanding at the end of the reporting period was outstanding throughout the whole year. The 25 basis point increase or decrease represents management assessment of a reasonably possible change in interest rates over the period until the reporting date of the next financial year. The analysis was performed on the same basis for the year ended 31 March 2013.

Credit risk

The Group's credit risk is primarily attributable to bank balances and time deposits, accounts and other receivables. The Group's maximum credit risk exposure at 31 March 2014 in the event of other parties failing to perform their obligations is represented by the carrying amount of each financial asset as stated in the consolidated statement of financial position.

38. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

利率風險(續)

於二零一四年三月三十一日,估計倘若利率增加/減少25個基點,所有其他變項保持不變,則由於本集團浮動利率借款的利息開支增加/減少,本集團的除稅後溢利及保留溢利減少/增加1,612,000港元(二零一三年:1,394,000港元)。本集團權益的其他組成部分不會受到影響。

上述敏感度分析乃假設利率變動於報告期末發生。為進行分析,假設於報告期末尚未 償還的浮動利率借款金額在全年內均尚未償 還。增減25個基點為管理層對利率於直至下 一個財政年度報告日期之期間內的合理可能 變動的評估。截至二零一三年三月三十一日 止年度亦以相同基準進行分析。

信貸風險

本集團的信貸風險主要來自銀行結餘及定期 存款、應收賬款及其他應收款項。倘若其他 方不能履行其義務,本集團於二零一四年三 月三十一日面對的最高信貸風險相當於各金 融資產在綜合財務狀況表中所列的賬面值。



31 March 2014 二零一四年三月三十一日

38. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)

Credit risk (continued)

Management monitors the creditworthiness and payment patterns of each debtor closely and on an ongoing basis. The Group's accounts receivable from contract works represent interim payments or retentions certified by the customers under terms as stipulated in the contracts and the Group does not hold any collateral over these receivables. As the Group's customers in respect of contract works primarily consist of government departments and developers or owners with strong financial backgrounds, management considers that the risk of irrecoverable receivables from contract works is not significant. In respect of rentals receivable, to limit the credit risk exposure, deposits are required from each tenant upon inception of the leases and monthly rentals are received in advance. Payments from each tenant are monitored and collectability is reviewed closely.

At 31 March 2014, the Group had certain concentrations of credit risk as 45% (2013: 53%) and 84% (2013: 91%) of the total accounts receivable were due from the Group's largest external customer and the Group's five largest external customers, respectively, within the contract works segment.

Further quantitative data in respect of the Group's exposure to credit risk arising from accounts and other receivables are disclosed in notes 22 and 23, respectively, to the financial statements.

Liquidity risk

The Group's policy is to monitor regularly the current and expected liquidity requirements to ensure that it maintains sufficient reserves of cash and adequate committed lines of funding from major financial institutions to meet its liquidity requirements in the short and long term. In addition, banking facilities have been put in place for contingency purposes.

38. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

信貸風險(續)

管理層緊密並持續監察各債務人的信貸可靠性及還款模式。本集團應收之合約工程賬款為根據合約內訂定條款支付的中期付款或客戶核實的保留款。就這些應收款,本集團的合約工程數應收款,本集團的合約工程財務背理層認為,不能收租金票內的工程款的風險所不大。有關應收租金,為減低面對的信貸風險,各租戶均須於取。人會,與一個人。有關於明初收取。有關於明初的一個人。

於二零一四年三月三十一日,由於在合約工程分部中,總應收賬款中的45%(二零一三年:53%)及84%(二零一三年:91%)分別應收本集團的最大外來客戶及本集團的五大外來客戶,因此本集團有若干信貸集中風險。

有關本集團因應收賬款及其他應收款項而面 對的信貸風險的進一步量化數據,分別在財 務報表附註22及23內披露。

流動資金風險

本集團的政策為定期監察現時及預期流動資 金需要,以確保其維持足夠現金儲備及來自 主要財務機構並已承諾的足夠資金融資,以 滿足其短期及長期流動資金需要。此外,本 集團亦已安排銀行融資額,以備不時之需。

31 March 2014 二零一四年三月三十一目

38. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)

Liquidity risk (continued)

The following table details the remaining contractual maturities at the end of the reporting period of the Group's financial liabilities, which are based on contractual undiscounted cash flows (including interest payments computed using contractual rates, or if floating, based on rates current at the end of the reporting period) and the earliest date that the Group could be required to repay:

流動資金風險(續)

38. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

下表詳列本集團的金融負債於報告期末的剩餘合約期。下表乃根據合約未折現現金流量(包括以合約利率或如屬浮動利率,根據於報告期末的通行利率計算的利息付款)而開列,該等金融負債乃根據本集團可能須付款的最早日期分類:

Group 本集團

		Within 1 year or on demand 1年内	Between 1 and 2 years	Between 2 and 5 years	Over 5 years	Total
		或按要求	1至2年	2至5年	5年後	總額
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
At 31 March 2014	於二零一四年三月三十一日					
Interest-bearing bank	計息銀行貸款					
loans (note)	(附註)	603,230	86,020	42,731	68,640	800,621
Accounts and bills payable	應付賬款及票據	451,712	91,268	32,346	_	575,326
Accruals of costs for contract	預提合約工程成本					
works		62,869	_	_	_	62,869
Other payables (note 26)	其他應付款(附註26)	16,179	_	_	_	16,179
Due to a joint venture	應付一合營企業款項	65,401	_	_	-	65,401
		1,199,391	177,288	75,077	68,640	1,520,396
At 31 March 2013	於二零一三年三月三十一日					
Interest-bearing bank loans	計息銀行貸款					
(note)	(附註)	551,808	14,407	42,730	76,982	685,927
Accounts and bills payable	應付賬款及票據	575,217	66,041	25,186	_	666,444
Accruals of costs for contract	預提合約工程成本					
works		67,316	_	_	-	67,316
Other payables (note 26)	其他應付款(附註26)	18,858	_	_	_	18,858
Due to a joint venture	應付一合營企業款項	53,451	_	_	_	53,451
		1,266,650	80,448	67,916	76,982	1,491,996

31 March 2014 二零一四年三月三十一日

38. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)

Liquidity risk (continued)

Group (continued)

Note: Included in interest-bearing bank loans are certain term loans in the aggregate amount of HK\$76,282,000. The loan agreements of these term loans contain a repayment on-demand clause giving the bank the unconditional right to call in the loan at any time and therefore, for the purpose of the above maturity profile, the total amount is classified as "on demand".

Notwithstanding the above clause, the directors do not believe that the related loans will be called in their entirety within 12 months, and they consider that the loans will be repaid in accordance with the maturity dates as set out in the loan agreements. This evaluation was made considering: the financial position of the Group at the date of approval of the financial statements; the Group's compliance with the loan covenants; the lack of events of default, and the fact that the Group has made all previously scheduled repayments on time. In accordance with the terms of the loans, the contractual undiscounted payments are as follows:

38. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

流動資金風險(續)

本集團(續)

附註:計息銀行貸款包括若干定期貸款為數合共 76,282,000港元。該等定期貨款的貸款協議 載有按要求隨時付還條款,給予銀行無條 件權利,可隨時召回貸款,因此,就上述 到期日狀況而言,總額分類為「按要求」。

儘管有上述條款,董事相信,有關貸款將不會於12個月內全部召回,彼等認為,有關貸款將會根據貸款協議內所載的到期日償還。評估乃考慮到:本集團於財務報表批准日期的財務狀況、本集團有否遵守貸款契諾、並無失責事項,以及本集團準時償還所有先前到期款項。根據貸款的條款,合約未折現付款如下:

2014

		2011
		二零一四年
		HK\$'000
		千港元
Within one year or on demand	1年內或按要求	538,211
Between 1 and 2 years	1至2年	98,010
Between 2 and 5 years	2至5年	78,705
Over 5 years	5年後	86,044
		800,970

Company

All of the Company's financial liabilities at the end of the reporting period are repayable within one year or on demand.

In addition, as disclosed in note 33(a), the Company has given financial guarantees to banks in respect of banking facilities granted to subsidiaries of the Company, of which HK\$811,985,000 (2013: HK\$753,549,000) was utilised at the end of the reporting period. In the event of the failure of those subsidiaries to fulfil their obligations under these banking facilities, the Company may be required to pay up to the guaranteed amounts to the banks upon demand. Management considers it is not probable that the Company will be required to pay for any claim under these financial guarantees.

本公司

於報告期末,本公司所有金融負債均須於1 年內或按要求隨時付還。

此外,誠如附註33(a)所披露,本公司就本公司附屬公司獲提供之銀行信貸額向銀行作出財務擔保,於報告期末,有關附屬公司已動用其中之銀行信貸額811,985,000港元(二零一三年:753,549,000港元)。倘若該等附屬公司未能履行本身於有關銀行信貸額的責任,本公司可能須應要求而向銀行支付已保證的金額。管理層認為,不大可能有任何申索要求本公司就根據上述財務擔保支付申索。

31 March 2014 二零一四年三月三十一日

38. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)

Capital management

The primary objective of the Group's capital management policy is to ensure that the Group will be able to continue as a going concern while maximising the return to stakeholders through the optimisation of the debt and equity balance.

The directors of the Company review the capital structure on a periodical basis. As part of this review, the directors of the Company consider the cost of capital and the risks associated with each class of capital and will balance the Group's overall capital structure through new share issues as well as raising new debts or repayment of existing debts.

The Group monitors capital using a net gearing ratio derived from the consolidated statement of financial position. The following table analyses the Group's capital structure as at 31 March 2014:

38. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

資金管理

本集團資金管理政策的主要目標,是以透過 在債項與股本權益之間作出最佳平衡,確保 本集團能持續經營,同時儘量增加股東的回 報。

本公司的董事定期檢討資本架構。本公司董 事會以資金的成本及各類資金的相關風險作 為其檢討的一部分,並將透過發行新股份以 及籌集新債項或償還現有債項來平衡本集團 整體資本架構。

本集團根據來自綜合財務狀況表數據計算的 淨槓桿比率來監察資金。下表為本集團於二 零一四年三月三十一日的資本架構之分析:

		2014	2013
		二零一四年	二零一三年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Total interest-bearing bank loans	總計息銀行貸款	772,074	667,718
Less: Cash and cash equivalents	減:現金及現金等值物	(403,477)	(365,705)
Net borrowings	淨借款	368,597	302,013
Equity attributable to owners of the parent	母公司持有者應佔權益	1,940,607	1,515,006
Net gearing ratio	淨槓桿比率	19.0%	19.9%

39. APPROVAL OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 17 June 2014.

39. 財務報表之批准

本財務報表已於二零一四年六月十七日經由 董事會批准並授權發佈。

