



中国泰凌医药集团有限公司

CHINA NT PHARMA GROUP COMPANY LIMITED

Stock Code: 01011

ANNUAL REPORT 2014

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Board of Directors and Board Committees

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

Mr. NG Tit (*Chairman and Chief Executive Officer*)
Ms. CHIN Yu
Mr. WU Weizhong

Non-executive Director

Dr. QIAN Wei

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. Patrick SUN
Mr. Yue Nien Martin TANG
Dr. Lap-Chee TSUI

BOARD COMMITTEES

Audit Committee

Mr. Patrick SUN (*Chairman*)
Mr. Yue Nien Martin TANG
Dr. Lap-Chee TSUI

Remuneration Committee

Mr. Yue Nien Martin TANG (*Chairman*)
Mr. Patrick SUN
Mr. NG Tit

Nomination Committee

Mr. NG Tit (*Chairman*)
Mr. Patrick SUN
Mr. Yue Nien Martin TANG

COMPANY SECRETARY

Ms. MOK Ming Wai

AUDITORS

Crowe Horwath (HK) CPA Limited
Certified Public Accountants

LEGAL ADVISORS AS TO HONG KONG LAW

TC & Co., Solicitors

PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

Unit 1505, 15/F
Bank of East Asia Harbour View Centre
56 Gloucester Road, Wanchai
Hong Kong

PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS AND HEADQUARTERS IN CHINA

5/F, Urban City Center
45 Nanchang Road, Shanghai, PRC

REGISTERED OFFICE

Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive
PO Box 2681
Grand Cayman, KY 1-1111
Cayman Islands

HONG KONG SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Tricor Investor Services Limited
Level 22, Hopewell Centre
183 Queen's Road East
Hong Kong

CAYMAN ISLANDS PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Codan Trust Company (Cayman) Limited
Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive
PO Box 2681
Grand Cayman, KY1-1111
Cayman Islands

PRINCIPAL BANKERS

Agricultural Bank of China Limited
Bank of Communications Limited
The Bank of East Asia, Limited
Bank of Shanghai Co., Limited
China CITIC Bank Corporation Limited
China Construction Bank Corporation
China Merchants Bank Co., Limited
Shanghai Pudong Development Bank Co., Limited

INVESTOR RELATIONS

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COMPANY'S WEBSITE

<http://www.ntpharma.com>

STOCK CODE

1011



Financial Highlights

A summary of the main financial data of China NT Pharma Group Company Limited (“NT Pharma” or the “Company”) and its subsidiaries (collectively, the “Group”) for the year ended 31 December 2014 is set out below:

	For the year ended 31 December		
	2014 RMB'000	2013 RMB'000	% Change
Turnover	864,621	754,115	14.7%
Gross profit	391,341	288,968	35.4%
Profit (loss) from operations (Note 1)	96,071	(577,638)	Not applicable
Profit (loss) attributable to equity shareholders of the Company	2,087	(673,458)	Not applicable
Earnings (loss) per share (RMB cents)			
Basic	0.19	(62.24)	Not applicable
Diluted	0.19	(62.24)	Not applicable

Note:

(1) No business restructuring cost was incurred for the year ended 31 December 2014 (2013: RMB406,098,000).

The board of directors (the “Directors”) of the Company (the “Board”) did not recommend the payment of a final dividend for the year ended 31 December 2014.

Five-Year Financial Summary



RESULTS

	For the year ended 31 December				
	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Turnover	864,621	754,115	739,132	2,758,142	2,667,978
Gross profit	391,341	288,968	271,819	890,646	663,203
Profit (loss) from operations	96,071	(577,638)	(1,117,190)	365,552	255,537
Profit (loss) before taxation	17,327	(652,841)	(1,177,288)	307,469	210,158
Profit (loss) for the year	2,087	(673,458)	(1,109,316)	234,377	129,410

ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

	At 31 December				
	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Total non-current assets	437,554	374,591	397,671	320,073	288,076
Total current assets	1,047,878	1,067,055	1,827,321	3,250,963	2,467,260
Total current liabilities	1,129,621	922,035	1,318,945	1,514,494	2,250,398
Net current (liabilities) assets	(81,743)	145,020	508,376	1,736,469	216,862
Total assets less current liabilities	355,811	519,611	906,047	2,056,542	504,938
Total non-current liabilities	142,832	310,812	21,053	1,235	2,661
Net assets	212,979	208,799	884,994	2,055,307	502,277
Total equity attributable to equity shareholders of the Company	212,979	208,799	884,994	2,040,177	487,147



Chairman's Statement

Dear Shareholders,

On behalf of the Board, I am pleased to present the annual report of NT Pharma for the year ended 31 December 2014.

During 2014, it was encouraging to see that the efforts spent by the Group in the last two years on restructuring its businesses began to bear fruit. The Group commenced a major restructuring exercise in 2012, which involved exiting from the low-margin vaccine business, downsizing its vaccine promotion and sales team and terminating certain dermatological products and the over-the-counter ("OTC") business, so as to transform from predominantly being a distributor of third party products to becoming a fully-fledged pharmaceutical company with its own core proprietary products and research and development capabilities. NT Pharma strongly believes that such transformation is critical in boosting the profitability of the Group, adapting to the shifting healthcare industry dynamics and delivering long-term value to the shareholders. Since the residual issues of the aforementioned major restructuring exercise had largely been dealt with during the year ended 31 December 2013, the Group was able to focus on improving its profit margins, expanding its proprietary product portfolio and developing its own research and development capabilities throughout the year ended 31 December 2014. The overall revenue of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2014 increased by RMB110.5 million or 14.7% to RMB864.6 million, as compared with RMB754.1 million for the year ended 31 December 2013; while the net profit of RMB2.1 million for the year ended 31 December 2014 represented a significant improvement over the net loss of RMB673.5 million for the year ended 31 December 2013.

The Group has identified oncology and central nervous system ("CNS") as the core specialized therapeutic areas going forward. In the therapeutic area of oncology, the Group currently has two key products: Libod and Xi Di Ke. The former is an oncology drug manufactured by Shanghai Fudan-Zhangjiang Bio-Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd ("FDZH") which is used to treat multiple types of cancer, in particular breast tumor and lymphoma. The latter is a unique national class 1.1 new drug of which the intellectual property rights are owned by the Group. Xi Di Ke is approved by the State Food and Drug Administration of China (the "SFDA") for the treatment of malignant lung and breast tumors; as well as for the conducting of phase II clinical trials for the treatment of myelodysplastic syndromes ("MDS"). In order to meet its future demand, NT Pharma has invested more than RMB100.0 million in constructing a new manufacturing plant in Taizhou, Jiangsu Province, for the production of Xi Di Ke. The construction work of the new plant has been completed in March 2015. It is expected that the new Good Manufacturing Practices ("GMP") certification will be obtained in 2015 so that mass production can be commenced by the end of 2015. NT Pharma believes that Libod and Xi Di Ke will complement each other from a sales and marketing perspective and will provide long-term growth for the Group in view of the increasing prevalence of cancer in China.

In the therapeutic area of CNS, the Group's key product is Shusi, which is a proprietary product manufactured by the Group's wholly-owned subsidiary, Suzhou First Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd. ("Suzhou First"). Shusi is an atypical antipsychotic drug which has proven safety track records and therapeutic effects on first-time psychiatric patients, elderly patients and adolescent patients. It was also approved by the SFDA for the treatment of bipolar affective disorder in December 2013. As such, NT Pharma believes that Shusi has strong growth potential and will continue to play an important role in contributing to the Group's future growth strategies. Besides Shusi, Suzhou First also manufactures Ambroxol Hydrochloride, a widely used respiratory drug, and a wide range of generic drugs. Suzhou First's manufacturing plant is certified by the new GMP and has obtained approvals from the SFDA for 157 drug registration licences. Together with the new plant in Taizhou described above, Suzhou First represents the state of the art proprietary manufacturing capability of the Group.

In addition to oncology and CNS drugs, NT Pharma also continued to sell and distribute Fortum, an antibiotic manufactured by GlaxoSmithKline Plc ("GSK"), during the year ended 31 December 2014. However, in view of the Group's newly-found strategy of focusing on its higher-margin products and manufacturing operations, it is the intention of NT Pharma to de-emphasise the sales and promotion activities on Fortum and concentrate its resources on the development of its oncology and CNS products and manufacturing businesses instead.

Throughout 2014, the Group has continued to strengthen its internal control and credit control systems and procedures with the aim of enhancing management of working capital and cash flow. The Group has also reduced its headcount by 22.3% during 2014 in order to improve staff output efficiency and generate savings in overheads. The Group will continue to strive to identify opportunities in these areas so as to improve the management of the business.

Going forward, NT Pharma will continue to pursue growth through the expansion of its product portfolio by seeking out opportunities of acquiring the proprietary rights of promising new drugs in high-growth therapeutic areas such as oncology and CNS. In order to bolster the financial position of the Group, in January 2015 NT Pharma completed the placement of 216,391,300 new shares of HK\$1.05 each, raising approximately HK\$220.4 million of net proceeds, which will be partially used for the repayment of long-term debt and partially used for business expansion.

Finally, on behalf of the Board, I would like to thank the Directors and the employees of the Group for their efforts and dedications, and the shareholders and business partners for their support during the year. I remain confident that NT Pharma is well-poised to deliver long-term value to the shareholders.

Ng Tit

Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

Hong Kong, 19 March 2015



Management Discussion and Analysis

1. OVERVIEW

NT Pharma is principally engaged in research and development, manufacturing, sales and distribution of pharmaceutical products, as well as the provision of pharmaceutical marketing and promotion services in the People's Republic of China ("China" or "PRC"). The Group's history dates back to 1995 and the Company's shares were listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "HKSE") on 20 April 2011. NT Pharma has an extensive promotion network covering over 4,400 hospitals in China. The Group possesses manufacturing capabilities through its wholly-owned subsidiary, Suzhou First, which is certified by the new GMP, and has obtained approvals from the SFDA for 157 drug registration licences.

During 2014, the Group substantially dedicated its focus on improving its operating profit margins, expanding its proprietary product portfolio and developing its own research and development capabilities. The overall revenue of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2014 increased by RMB110.5 million or 14.7% to RMB864.6 million, as compared with RMB754.1 million for the previous year. Operating profit for the year ended 31 December 2014 improved significantly, amounting to RMB96.1 million, as compared with an operating loss of RMB577.6 million for the previous year. The improvement in operating results during the year ended 31 December 2014 was mainly due to significantly lower selling and distribution expenses and administrative expenses; as well as no further incurrence of business restructuring costs. As a result of the improved operating results, the Group reported a net profit of RMB2.1 million for the year ended 31 December 2014, as compared with a net loss of RMB673.5 million for the previous year.

2. BUSINESS REVIEW

The Group currently operates three major business segments, namely (1) third-party pharmaceutical promotion and sales; (2) proprietary products production and sales; and (3) third-party vaccines and other pharmaceuticals.

Third-party Pharmaceutical Promotion and Sales

During the year ended 31 December 2014, revenue generated by the third-party pharmaceutical promotion and sales segment increased by RMB88.0 million or 14.2% to RMB706.4 million, as compared with RMB618.4 million for the previous year.

The increase in overall revenue of the segment was mainly attributable to Libod, an oncology drug manufactured by FDZH, of which the revenue increased by RMB146.8 million or 126.6% to RMB262.8 million, accounting for 37.2% of the segment's total sales for the year ended 31 December 2014, as compared with RMB116.0 million or 18.8% of the segment's total sales for the previous year. The strong growth in sales of Libod was partly due to the fact that Libod has steadily built up a demonstrable track record of safety and effectiveness in treating multiple types of cancer, in particular breast tumor and lymphoma, since its launch in 2011, and partly due to NT Pharma's increased dedication and allocation of resources to its oncology business.

The overall revenue of Fortum, an antibiotic manufactured by GSK, however decreased by RMB46.5 million or 13.1% to RMB308.2 million, accounting for 43.6% of the segment's total sales for the year ended 31 December 2014, as compared with RMB354.7 million or 57.4% of the segment's total sales for the previous year. Since the second half of 2013, GSK has been restructuring its business model in China in order to rein in operational, legal and compliance risks. New management team members have been appointed and new internal control measures have been implemented throughout 2014 at GlaxoSmithKline China ("GSK China"). One of the key initiatives introduced by GSK China is to reduce the inventory level across-the-board at its distributors to avoid overstocking in the distribution channels. The supply of Fortum to the Group has therefore been subjected to much greater constraints than before since the beginning of 2014, which affected adversely the Group's delivery of Fortum to its own distributors. In view of the fact that this represents GSK China's nationwide policy across all product categories, NT Pharma anticipates that the supply situation of Fortum will probably remain rather tight in the foreseeable future. In view of this supply situation, coupled with the Group's newly-found strategy of focusing on its higher-margin products and manufacturing operations, it is the intention of NT Pharma to de-emphasise the sales and promotion activities on Fortum and concentrate its resources on the development of its oncology and CNS products and manufacturing businesses instead.

Since the second quarter of 2014, the Group has commenced an exercise to revamp its sales force as well as the policies and controls on selling and promotional expenses. As a result of these efforts, the operating expenses of the segment decreased by RMB24.7 million or 9.0% to RMB251.1 million for the year ended 31 December 2014, as compared with RMB275.8 million for the previous year. Furthermore, the segment had not incurred any business restructuring cost in the year ended 31 December 2014, as compared with RMB45.7 million of impairment provision for the inventories of terminated dermatological products incurred for the previous year. As a result of the fore-going factors, the segment reported an operating profit of RMB65.8 million for the year ended 31 December 2014, as compared with an operating loss of RMB91.0 million for the previous year.

Proprietary Product Production and Sales

Proprietary products of the Group are produced by Suzhou First and comprise Shusi, an atypical antipsychotic drug, as well as a wide range of other drugs including Ambroxol Hydrochloride, a widely used respiratory drug. The total revenue of the proprietary product production and sales segment increased by RMB30.6 million or 24.1% to RMB157.4 million for the year ended 31 December 2014, as compared with RMB126.8 million for the previous year. Of the total segment revenue, the revenue of Shusi increased by RMB23.0 million or 42.9% to RMB76.6 million, accounting for 48.7% of the segment's total sales for the year ended 31 December 2014, as compared with RMB53.6 million or 42.3% of the segment's total sales for the previous year. The increase in the sales of Shusi was due to favourable provincial tendering results as well as consumption of inventory in the distribution channels.

Operating profit of the segment increased by RMB16.6 million or 88.9% to RMB35.2 million for the year ended 31 December 2014, as compared with RMB18.6 million for the previous year. The increase in operating profit was mainly due to the increase in the sales of Shusi during the year ended 31 December 2014.



Management Discussion and Analysis

Third-Party Vaccines and Other Pharmaceuticals

Third-party vaccines and other pharmaceuticals business segment includes sales from vaccine promotion, vaccine supply chain and pharmaceutical supply chain.

With a view to enhancing competitiveness and improving cash flow, the Group began restructuring its business model in the second quarter of 2012 by exiting from its low-margin vaccine business, downsizing its vaccine promotion and sales team and focusing on its pharmaceutical manufacturing, promotion and sales business which has higher margins and returns. As a result, revenue from the third-party vaccines and other pharmaceuticals business segment decreased by RMB8.0 million or 91.0% to RMB0.8 million for the year ended 31 December 2014, as compared with RMB8.8 million for the previous year. The revenue represented mainly sales of residual vaccine inventories, as the Group has ceased conducting any active vaccine promotion and distribution activities since the end of 2013.

During the year ended 31 December 2013, the segment incurred restructuring costs which amounted to RMB360.4 million, comprising principally impairment provisions for trade receivables, inventories, deposits and prepayments in respect of the vaccine business. No such restructuring cost was incurred during the year ended 31 December 2014. Conversely, as the Group continued to devote considerable resources to collecting the vaccine trade receivables, RMB25.1 million was recovered and credited to the segment's operating results for the year ended 31 December 2014. As such, the segment reported an operating profit of RMB17.8 million for the year ended 31 December 2014, as compared with an operating loss of RMB407.7 million for the previous year.

3. PROSPECTS AND OUTLOOK OF THE GROUP

The Chinese government continues to commit resources to and invest in the healthcare sector as part of its long-term healthcare reform plan. Although more stringent regulations may create short-term operating pressures, NT Pharma believes that a better regulated market will ultimately bring opportunities to healthcare companies in China and enable the healthcare industry in China to maintain its growth in the long term. The Group believes that the growth of the healthcare industry in China is supported by a combination of favourable factors, including the size of an increasing ageing population, the Chinese government's commitment to improving access to healthcare services and better affordability from rising disposable income.

With the Chinese government's continual reforms on the healthcare sector, NT Pharma has redefined its long term growth strategies in accordance with the changing landscape of the industry. Going forward, NT Pharma will continue to refine and reinforce its new strategy of focusing on the manufacturing, sales and distribution of high margin pharmaceutical products, in particular proprietary products, in order to achieve its objective of transforming from being a distributor of predominantly third-party products to becoming a fully-fledged pharmaceutical company. The Group believes that the existing specialized therapeutic areas of oncology and CNS will deliver sustainable growth in the long-run and will continue to actively identify opportunities to acquire new proprietary products to enrich its existing and future product portfolio.

During 2013, the Group completed the acquisition of the intellectual property rights including patents, know-how and trademarks in relation to Xi Di Ke, a unique national class 1.1 new drug approved by the SFDA for the treatment of malignant lung and breast tumors. In the beginning of 2014, the SFDA also granted approval for the Group to commence the phase II clinical trial for the treatment of myelodysplastic syndromes (“MDS”), a new indication, for Xi Di Ke. In order to meet its future demand, NT Pharma has invested more than RMB100.0 million in constructing a new manufacturing plant in Taizhou, Jiangsu Province, for the production of Xi Di Ke. The construction work of the new plant has been completed since March 2015. It is expected that the new GMP certification will be obtained in 2015 so that production may commence by the end of 2015. In line with NT Pharma’s strategic focus on the promotion and sales of oncology products, the Group believes that the successful marketing of Xi Di Ke will provide long-term growth for the Group in view of the increasing prevalence of cancer in China.

NT Pharma will continue to strengthen its internal control and credit control systems and procedures so as to improve its management of working capital and cash flow. The Group will also continue to introduce cost-saving measures in regard of both selling and distribution expenses as well as administrative expenses. Throughout 2014, the Group continued to revamp its sales force, revise its policies on selling and promotion expenses, as well as introduce new structures and policies to strengthen compliance practices yet incentivise sales performance. NT Pharma believes that the Group would benefit from the positive effects of these new initiatives in the coming years. On 13 January 2015, the Company placed an aggregate of 216,391,300 new shares to no fewer than six places at the placing price of HK\$1.05 per placing share. The net proceeds of approximately HK\$220.4 million from the share placement were partially used for the repayment of certain debts of the Group and the remaining will be used for expanding the Group’s proprietary products portfolio and developing its research and development capabilities. On a macro level, the Group will continue to closely monitor the trends of the Chinese pharmaceutical market and the directions of related government policies. NT Pharma remains confident in its ability to continue to bolster its competitive position in the Chinese pharmaceutical market.

4. HUMAN RESOURCES

As at 31 December 2014, the Group had 497 full-time employees (2013: 640 employees). For the year ended 31 December 2014, the Group’s total cost on remuneration, welfare and social security amounted to RMB90.7 million (2013: RMB128.2 million).

The remuneration structure of the Group is based on employee performance, local consumption level and prevailing conditions in the human resources market. Directors’ remuneration is determined with reference to each Director’s experience, responsibilities and prevailing market standards.

5. FINANCIAL REVIEW

Revenue

Total revenue for the year ended 31 December 2014 increased by RMB110.5 million or 14.7% to RMB864.6 million, as compared to RMB754.1 million for the year ended 31 December 2013. The increase was due to the increase in revenue from the third-party pharmaceutical promotion and sales business as well as the proprietary product production and sales business.



Management Discussion and Analysis

The following table sets forth a breakdown of the Group's revenue by reportable segment for the year ended 31 December 2014:

Breakdown of Reportable Segment Revenue

	For the year ended 31 December				
	2014		2013		% Change
	Revenue RMB'000	% of total revenue	Revenue RMB'000	% of total revenue	
Third-party pharmaceutical promotion and sales	706,425	81.7%	618,439	82.0%	
Proprietary product production and sales	157,404	18.2%	126,836	16.8%	24.1%
Third-party vaccines and other pharmaceuticals	792	0.1%	8,840	1.2%	(91.0)%
Total	864,621	100.0%	754,115	100.0%	14.7%

Revenue from third-party pharmaceutical promotion and sales increased by RMB88.0 million or 14.2% to RMB706.4 million, accounting for 81.7% of total revenue in 2014, as compared with RMB618.4 million or 82.0% of the Group's total revenue for the year ended 31 December 2013. The increase in revenue from third-party pharmaceutical promotion and sales was primarily due to the increase in sales of Libod.

Revenue from proprietary product production and sales increased by RMB30.6 million or 24.1% to RMB157.4 million, accounting for 18.2% of total revenue in 2014, as compared with RMB126.8 million or 16.8% of the Group's total revenue for the year ended 31 December 2013. The increase in revenue from proprietary product production and sales was primarily due to the increase in sales of Shusi.

Revenue from third-party vaccines and other pharmaceuticals decreased by RMB8.0 million or 91.0% to RMB0.8 million, accounting for 0.1% of total revenue in 2014, as compared with RMB8.8 million or 1.2% of the Group's total revenue for the year ended 31 December 2013. The decrease in revenue from third-party vaccines and other pharmaceuticals was primarily due to the Group's decision to exit from the vaccine business as well as to downsize its vaccine promotion and sales team.

Cost of Sales

Cost of sales increased by RMB8.1 million or 1.7% to RMB473.3 million for the year ended 31 December 2014, as compared to RMB465.1 million for the year ended 31 December 2013.

Management Discussion and Analysis



Gross Profit and Gross Profit Margin

Gross profit increased by RMB102.4 million or 35.4% to RMB391.3 million for the year ended 31 December 2014, as compared to RMB289.0 million for the year ended 31 December 2013.

Gross profit margin increased by 7.0 percentage points to 45.3% for the year ended 31 December 2014 as compared to 38.3% for the year ended 31 December 2013.

Segment Operating Profit

Total segment operating profit amounted to RMB118.9 million for the year ended 31 December 2014 as compared to the total segment operating loss of RMB480.1 million for the year ended 31 December 2013.

The following table sets forth a breakdown of the Group's operating profit (loss) by reportable segment for the year ended 31 December 2014:

Breakdown of Reportable Segment Operating Profit (Loss)

	For the year ended 31 December		
	2014	2013	% Change
	RMB'000	RMB'000	
Third-party pharmaceutical promotion and sales	65,786	(91,029)	172.3%
Proprietary product production and sales	35,202	18,638	88.9%
Third-party vaccines and other pharmaceuticals	17,872	(407,710)	104.4%
Total	<u>118,860</u>	<u>(480,101)</u>	<u>124.8%</u>

Finance Costs

The Group's finance costs consist of interest on bank borrowings, interest on unsecured debentures and bank charges. Finance costs increased by RMB3.5 million or 4.7% to RMB78.7 million for the year ended 31 December 2014, as compared to RMB75.2 million for the year ended 31 December 2013.

Taxation

Income tax expense was RMB15.2 million for the year ended 31 December 2014 as compared to an income tax expense of RMB20.6 million for the year ended 31 December 2013.

Profit (Loss) Attributable to Equity holders of the Company

Profit attributable to equity holders of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2014 was RMB2.1 million as compared to a loss of RMB673.5 million for the year ended 31 December 2013. The significant improvement was primarily attributable to that fact that no business restructuring cost was incurred for the year ended 31 December 2014 as well as lower selling and distribution expenses.



Management Discussion and Analysis

Basic Earnings (Loss) Per Share

Basic earnings per share was RMB0.19 cents for the year ended 31 December 2014, as compared to basic loss per share of RMB62.24 cents for the year ended 31 December 2013.

Capital Expenditure

Total capital expenditure increased by RMB99.5 million or 559.0% to RMB117.3 million for the year ended 31 December 2014, as compared to RMB17.8 million for the year ended 31 December 2013. The capital expenditure was mainly used for constructing the factory building and acquiring the leasehold land for Group's new factory in Taizhou.

6. LIQUIDITY AND FINANCIAL RESOURCES

General Policies

The primary objective of the Group's capital management is to maintain the ability to continue as a going concern so that the Group can continue to provide returns for shareholders of the Company and benefits for other stakeholders by pricing products commensurately with the level of risk and by securing access to financing at a reasonable cost. The Group actively and regularly reviews and manages its capital structure and makes adjustments by taking into consideration changes in economic conditions, its future capital requirements, prevailing and projected profitability and operating cash flows, projected capital expenditures and projected strategic investment opportunities. The Group closely monitors its debt/assets ratio, which is defined as total borrowings divided by total assets.

Foreign Currency Exposure

The Group is exposed to currency risks primarily through sales and purchases made by the Group's Hong Kong and PRC subsidiaries that are denominated in Pounds Sterling. In addition, certain bank loans are denominated in Hong Kong dollars. During the year ended 31 December 2014, the Group recorded a net exchange loss of RMB3.2 million, as compared to a net exchange loss of RMB0.5 million for the year ended 31 December 2013. Presently, the Group does not employ any financial instruments for hedging against the foreign exchange exposure.

Interest Rate Exposure

The Group's interest rate risk arises primarily from bank loans, other loans unsecured debenture and bank balances. Borrowings at variable rates expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk. Presently, the Group does not employ any financial instruments to hedge against the interest rate exposure.

Management Discussion and Analysis



Group Debt and Liquidity

	As at 31 December	
	2014	2013
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Total debt	(664,242)	(625,030)
Cash and cash equivalents	557,014	489,302
Net debt	(107,228)	(135,728)

The maturity profile of the Group's borrowings is set out as follows:

	As at 31 December	
	2014	2013
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Repayable:		
Within 1 year or on demand	544,242	315,089
After more than 1 year	120,000	309,941
	<u>664,242</u>	<u>625,030</u>

In May 2014, the Group's PRC subsidiary, Suzhou First issued a RMB120,000,000 non-publicly traded bond to a qualified institutional investor. The coupon interest rate of the bond is 8.5% per annum. The bond has a maturity period of two years from the date of the bond issued.

Debt-to-Assets Ratio

The Group closely monitors its debt-to-assets ratio to optimize its capital structure so as to ensure solvency and the Group's ability to continue as a going concern.

	As at 31 December	
	2014	2013
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Total debt	664,242	625,030
Total assets	1,485,432	1,441,646
Debt-to-assets ratio	44.7%	43.4%



Management Discussion and Analysis

Charges on the Group's Assets

As at 31 December 2014, bank deposits of the Group of RMB211.0 million (31 December 2013: RMB260.1 million) were pledged to the banks to secure certain bank loans and bills payable amounting to a total of RMB597.1 million (31 December 2013: RMB626.2 million). As at 31 December 2014, certain banking facilities of the Group were also secured by the Group's fixed assets and trade and other receivables which amounted to RMB24.0 million (2013: RMB40.7 million).

Capital Commitments

Capital commitments outstanding at 31 December 2014 not provided for were as follows:

	As at 31 December	
	2014	2013
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Contracted for		
– property, plant and equipment	27,944	22,300
– investment in a joint venture	7,500	–
– investment in an associate	–	64,000
	<u>35,444</u>	<u>86,300</u>

At 31 December 2014, the Group had total future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases payable as follows:

	As at 31 December	
	2014	2013
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Within 1 year	6,549	8,667
After 1 year but within 5 years	3,336	2,092
	<u>9,885</u>	<u>10,759</u>

The Group is the lessee in respect of a number of properties held under operating leases. The leases typically run for an initial period of one to two years. None of the leases includes contingent rentals.

Contingent liabilities

As at 31 December 2014, the Group had no material contingent liabilities.

The Board is committed to maintaining a high standard of corporate governance. The Board believes that a high standard of corporate governance will provide a framework for the Company to formulate its business strategies and policies, and manage and lower the associated risks through effective internal control procedures. It will also enhance the transparency of the Company and strengthen the accountability to its shareholders and creditors.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE CODE

The Company has adopted the code provisions set out in the Corporate Governance Code (the “Code”) contained in Appendix 14 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities (the “Listing Rules”) of the HKSE and certain recommended best practices. The Company has complied with all the applicable code provisions in the Code throughout the year ended 31 December 2014, save as disclosed below:

Code provision A.2.1 of the Code, which stipulates that the roles of chairman and chief executive officer should be separated. The chairman and the chief executive officer of the Company is Mr. Ng Tit. Nevertheless, the Board considers that this structure will not impair the balance of power and the authority of the Board.

The Board currently comprises three executive Directors, one non-executive Director and three independent non-executive Directors, with independent non-executive Directors representing approximately 42.9% of the Board, which is higher than one third of the Board. Such percentage of independent non-executive Directors on the Board can ensure their views carry significant weight and reflect the independence of the Board. Mr. Ng is the main founder of the Group and he is responsible for the overall strategic planning and management of the Group. He has played an important role during the Group’s expansion. Mr. Ng has extensive experience in the pharmaceutical industry, having been engaged in the pharmaceutical business for over 20 years. At present, the Board believes that it is beneficial to the management and development of the Group’s businesses for Mr. Ng to be both the chairman and chief executive officer as it helps to facilitate the Board’s decision-making.

DIRECTORS’ SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the “Model Code”) contained in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules as its own code of conduct regarding Directors’ securities transactions. After making specific enquiry to the Directors, it is confirmed that all Directors have complied with the standards as stipulated in the Model Code throughout the year ended 31 December 2014.

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

For the year ended 31 December 2014, the Board at all times met Rules 3.10 and 3.10A of the Listing Rules relating to the appointment of at least three independent non-executive Directors with at least one of them possessing appropriate professional qualifications or accounting or related financial management expertise and the number of independent non-executive Directors representing at least one third of the Board.

The Company has received annual confirmations from each of the three independent non-executive Directors in respect of their independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Company considers that all existing independent non-executive Directors are independent parties in accordance with the independence guidelines set out in the Listing Rules and are free of any relationship that could materially interfere with the exercise of their independent judgments.



Corporate Governance Report

THE BOARD

Responsibilities

The Board is responsible for achieving corporate goals, formulating development strategy, reviewing the organizational structure, and monitoring business activities and performance of management so as to protect and maximize the interests of the Company and the shareholders as a whole. Matters relating to the daily operations of the Group are delegated to management. During the year under review, the Board considered and approved the annual budget and its performance under management supervision together with the business reports from management. The Board also reviewed and approved the final results for the year ended 31 December 2014 and other critical business operations. The Board also assessed the internal control and the financial matters of the Group.

Board Composition

The Board currently comprises seven members, including:

Executive Directors

Mr. Ng Tit (*Chairman and Chief Executive Officer*)

Ms. Chin Yu (*Re-designated from a non-executive Director to an executive Director on 1 February 2015*)

Mr. Wu Weizhong (*Appointed on 20 March 2015*)

Non-executive Director

Dr. Qian Wei

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. Patrick Sun

Mr. Yue Nien Martin Tang

Dr. Lap-Chee Tsui

As at the date of this annual report, the Board comprises seven Directors, including three executive Directors, one non-executive Director and three independent non-executive Directors.

The members of the Board possess diverse and rich industry backgrounds with appropriate professional qualifications. Please refer to the section headed – “Directors and Senior Management” for their profiles.

To the best knowledge of the Board, save as disclosed in the section headed “Directors and Senior Management”, there is no financial, business, or other material/relevant relationship among members of the Board. Board members are free to exercise their independent judgment.

Under code provision A.4.1 of the Code contained in Appendix 14 of the Listing Rules, non-executive Directors should be appointed for a specific term, subject to re-election. The non-executive Director was appointed for a term of three years, subject to re-election when appropriate by the Company in general meeting.

Board Diversity Policy

To demonstrate the Company's continued commitment to high standards of corporate governance, the Board adopted a Board Diversity Policy in August 2013 to comply with the code provision A.5.6 of the Code on board diversity. The policy is as follows:

Purpose

This policy aims to set out the approach to achieve diversity on the Board.

Vision

The Company recognises and embraces the benefits of having a diverse Board to enhance the quality of its performance.

Policy Statement

With a view to achieving a sustainable and balanced development, the Company sees increasing diversity at the Board level as an essential element in supporting the attainment of its strategic objectives and its sustainable development. In designing the Board's composition, Board diversity has been considered from a number of aspects, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, professional experience, skills and knowledge. All Board appointments will be based on merit, and candidates will be considered against objective criteria, having due regard for the benefits of diversity on the Board.

Measurable Objectives

Selection of candidates will be based on a range of diversity perspectives, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, professional experience, skills and knowledge. The ultimate decision will be based on merit and contribution that the selected candidates will bring to the Board.

Review of this Policy

The Board will review this policy on a regular basis to ensure its continued effectiveness.



Corporate Governance Report

Board Meetings

The Board conducts meetings on a regular basis and on an ad hoc basis, whenever required. The Company will convene at least four regular meetings every year. In 2014, the Company convened six Board meetings. The attendance records of the Board meetings held during the year ended 31 December 2014 are set out below:

Name of Directors	Meeting attendance/ number of meetings	Attendance rate (%)
Executive Directors		
Mr. Ng Tit (<i>Chairman and Chief Executive Officer</i>)	5/6	83%
Ms. Chin Yu (<i>Re-designated from a non-executive Director to an executive Director on 1 February 2015</i>)	3/6	50%
Non-Executive Directors		
Dr. Qian Wei	3/6	50%
Mr. Hung Leung (<i>Resigned on 18 September 2014</i>)	3/4	75%
Mr. Wang Fan (<i>Resigned on 20 March 2015</i>)	6/6	100%
Independent Non-Executive Directors		
Mr. Yue Nien Martin Tang	6/6	100%
Mr. Patrick Sun	5/6	83%
Dr. Lap-Chee Tsui	5/6	83%

Notices of regular Board meetings are given to all Directors at least 14 days before the meetings. For other Board committee meetings, reasonable notice is generally given. The agendas and accompanying Board papers were given to all Directors in a timely manner.

All Directors have full and timely access to all relevant information with the advice of the company secretary, to ensure that Board procedures and all applicable rules and regulations are followed. Upon making request to the Board, all Directors may obtain independent professional advice at the Company's expense for carrying out their functions.

The minutes of all Board committee meetings are kept by the Company at its Hong Kong office. Draft and final versions of the minutes are normally circulated to the Directors for comment within a reasonable time after each meeting and the final version is open for Directors' inspection.



Training for Directors

For each newly appointed Director, he/she will be provided with an induction course so as to ensure that he/she has appropriate understanding of the business and operations of the Company and that he/she is fully aware of his/her responsibilities and obligations under the Listing Rules and the relevant regulatory requirements.

There are also arrangements in place for providing continuing briefing and professional development to Directors whenever necessary.

During the year ended 31 December 2014, the Company circulated three materials relevant to the Director's duties and responsibilities to Directors and management of the Company for their reading and reference.

A summary of the reading record of the Directors for the year ended 31 December 2014 is as follows:

	Rule amendments relating to connected transactions and definitions of connected person and associate	Review of the implementation of inside information regime and continuing obligations under the Listing Rules	Update on corporate governance and Environmental, Social and Governance reporting
Executive Directors			
Mr. Ng Tit	✓	✓	✓
Ms. Chin Yu (<i>Re-designed from a non-executive Director to an Executive Director on 1 February 2015</i>)	✓	✓	✓
Non-executive Directors			
Dr. Qian Wei	✓	✓	✓
Mr. Wang Fan (<i>Resigned on 20 March 2015</i>)	✓	✓	✓
Mr. Hung Leung (<i>Resigned on 18 September 2014</i>)	✓	✓	✓
Independent Non-executive Directors			
Mr. Patrick Sun	✓	✓	✓
Mr. Yue Nien Martin Tang	✓	✓	✓
Dr. Lap-Chee Tsui	✓	✓	✓

Directors' and Senior Officers' Liability Insurance and Indemnity

The Company has arranged for appropriate liability insurance to indemnify the Directors and senior officers for their liabilities arising out of corporate activities. For the year ended 31 December 2014, no claim has been made against the Directors and senior officers.



Corporate Governance Report

Board Committees

The Board has set up three Board committees, namely, the Audit Committee, the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee (collectively the “Board Committees”), for overseeing particular aspects of the Company’s affairs.

The Board Committees are provided with sufficient resources to discharge their duties and, upon reasonable request, are able to seek independent professional advice in appropriate circumstances, at the Company’s expense.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Board established the Audit Committee on 26 March 2011, with written terms of reference in compliance with the Listing Rules. It is chaired by Mr. Patrick Sun and comprises two other members, namely Mr. Yue Nien Martin Tang and Dr. Lap-Chee Tsui, all of whom are independent non-executive Directors.

The primary duties of the Audit Committee are to make recommendations to the Board on the appointment and removal of the external auditors, review the financial statements, oversee and provide advice in respect of the financial reporting system, oversee the internal control procedures and perform the corporate governance duties of the Company.

The Audit Committee is responsible for performing the following corporate governance duties:

1. to develop and review the Company’s policies and practices on corporate governance and make recommendations to the Board;
2. to review and monitor the training and continuous professional development of Directors and senior management;
3. to review and monitor the Company’s policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements;
4. to develop, review and monitor the code of conduct and compliance manual (if any) applicable to employees and Directors; and
5. to review the Company’s compliance with Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules (Corporate Governance Code and Corporate Governance Report).

During the year ended 31 December 2014, the Audit Committee convened three meetings:

Name of Directors	Meeting attendance/ number of meetings	Attendance rate (%)
Mr. Patrick Sun (<i>Chairman</i>)	3/3	100%
Mr. Yue Nien Martin Tang	3/3	100%
Dr. Lap-Chee Tsui	3/3	100%

During the year ended 31 December 2014 and up to the date of this report, the Audit Committee together with the management of the Company reviewed the corporate governance code, the accounting principles and practices adopted by the Group and discussed the Group’s internal control and financial reporting matters, including a review of the annual results for the year ended 31 December 2014 and the interim results for the six months ended 30 June 2014, with recommendation to the Board for approval. The Audit Committee has also recommended to the Board that, subject to shareholders’ approval at the forthcoming annual general meeting, Crowe Horwath (HK) CPA Limited be re-appointed as the external auditors of the Company.



REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

The Board established the Remuneration Committee on 26 March 2011, with written terms of reference in compliance with the Listing Rules. Mr. Yue Nien Martin Tang, an independent non-executive Director, is the chairman of the Remuneration Committee. Mr. Patrick Sun, an independent non-executive Director, and Mr. Ng Tit, an executive Director, are the other two members of the Remuneration Committee.

The primary functions of the Remuneration Committee are to evaluate the performance and make recommendations on the remuneration package of Directors and senior management, as well as the retirement scheme and the performance assessment system and bonus and commission policies of the Company.

The remuneration of Directors is based on their skills, knowledge and, performance of the Company, industry benchmarks, and prevailing market conditions.

No Director or senior executive will be involved in any discussion in connection with his or her own remuneration. The Remuneration Committee may also consult with the chairman on its proposals relating to the remuneration of other executives and Directors and has access to professional advice if required. The main objective of the remuneration policy is to ensure that the Company is able to attract, retain, and motivate a high caliber team which is essential to the success of the Company.

During the year ended 31 December 2014, the Remuneration Committee convened three meetings:

Name of Directors	Meeting attendance/ number of meetings	Attendance rate (%)
Mr. Yue Nien Martin Tang (<i>Chairman</i>)	3/3	100%
Mr. Patrick Sun	3/3	100%
Mr. Ng Tit	3/3	100%

During the year under review, the Remuneration Committee has reviewed the remuneration policy and structure of the executive Directors and senior management of the Company, and offered advice on the same to the Board.

Pursuant to Code provision B.1.5 of the CG Code, the remuneration of members of the senior management by band for the year ended 31 December 2014 are set out below:

Remuneration band	Number of individuals
RMB0.8 million to RMB1.31 million	3



Corporate Governance Report

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

The Board established the Nomination Committee on 26 March 2011, with written terms of reference in compliance with the Listing Rules. It is chaired by Mr. Ng Tit, an Executive Director, and comprises two other members, namely Mr. Patrick Sun and Mr. Yue Nien Martin Tang, both of whom are Independent Non-executive Directors.

The primary functions of the Nomination Committee is to make recommendations to the Board regarding candidates to fill vacancies on the Board.

The duties of the Nomination Committee also include reviewing the structure, number and composition of the Board; submitting proposals to the Board on the appointment of the chief executive officer; reviewing the independence of the independent non-executive Directors and submitting proposals to the Board. The authority and duties of the nomination committee are clearly sets out in its terms of reference.

During the year ended 31 December 2014, the Nomination Committee convened one meeting:

Name of Directors	Meeting attendance/ number of meetings	Attendance rate (%)
Mr. Ng Tit (<i>Chairman</i>)	1/1	100%
Mr. Patrick Sun	1/1	100%
Mr. Yue Nien Martin Tang	1/1	100%

During the year under review, the Nomination Committee has reviewed the structure, size and diversity (including the skills, knowledge, experience, gender, cultural and educational background, ethnicity and length of services) of the Board, conducted performance evaluations to assess whether the non-executive Directors have spent enough time in fulfilling their duties, assessed the independence of independent non-executive Directors, and kept under review the leadership needs of the organization, both executive and non-executive, with a view to ensuring the continued ability of the organization to compete effectively in the marketplace.

Before appointments are made by the Board, the Nomination Committee will evaluate the balance of skills, knowledge and experience on the Board, and, in the light of this evaluation prepare a description of the role and capabilities required for a particular appointment. In identifying suitable candidates, the Nomination Committee will (where applicable and appropriate):

1. Use open advertising or the services of external advisers to facilitate the search;
2. Consider candidates from a wide range of backgrounds; and
3. Consider candidates on merit and against objective criteria, taking into account the amount of time required to be devoted to the position.

ACCOUNTABILITY

The Directors acknowledge their responsibility to present a balanced, clear and understandable set of consolidated financial statements in each of the annual and interim reports. If the Directors were aware of material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that might cast significant doubt upon the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, such uncertainties would be clearly and prominently set out and discussed in detail in this Corporate Governance Report.

INTERNAL AUDIT

The Internal Audit ("IA") of the Group is designed to help the Group protect its assets and information. The presence of IA empowers the Group to implement best business practices in challenging business environments. The Group's IA covers a number of in-house procedures and policies including, among others, the relevant financial, operational and compliance controls and risk management procedures. IA carries out systematic independent reviews of all business units and subsidiaries in the Group on an ongoing basis. The frequency of review of individual business unit or subsidiary is determined after an assessment of the risks involved. The audit committee endorses the internal audit plan annually. IA has unrestricted access to all parts of the business, and direct access to any level of management including the chairman, or the chairman of the audit committee, as it considers necessary. The audit result is discussed and agreed with the management of the Group subsequent to each review. A summary of major audit findings together with the actions to be taken by the Group's management for rectifying the control weaknesses is also submitted to the audit committee. The implementation of the remedial actions will then be followed up and the implementation progress will be reported to the audit committee each time it meets.

INTERNAL CONTROL

The Board is responsible for maintaining an adequate system of internal control and reviewing its effectiveness. The internal control system is designed to facilitate the effectiveness and efficiency of operations, safeguard assets against unauthorized use and disposition, ensure the maintenance of proper accounting records and the truth and fairness of the financial statements, and ensure compliance with relevant legislation and regulations. It provides reasonable, but not absolute, assurance against material mis-statement or loss and management rather than elimination of risks associated with its business activities. During the year 2014, the Board, through the Audit Committee, reviewed the effectiveness of the Group's internal control system covering all material controls and risk management functions. The review is conducted annually in accordance with the requirement of the Code. In accordance with the Code requirements, the Audit Committee also reviewed and was satisfied with the adequacy of resources, qualifications and experience of staff of the Group's accounting and financial reporting function, and their training programmes and budget for the year ended 31 December 2014. In addition, IA conducts regular and independent reviews of the effectiveness of the Group's internal control system. The Audit Committee reviews the findings and opinion of IA on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control system and reports to the Board on such reviews. To ensure the highest standard of integrity in our businesses, the Group has adopted a "Code of Conduct" defining the ethical standards expected of all employees. Training courses on the "Code of Conduct" are held regularly for all employees.

The Board is not aware of any significant internal control weaknesses nor significant breach of limits or risk management policies.



Corporate Governance Report

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REMUNERATION

During the year ended 31 December 2014, the remunerations paid or payable to the Group's auditors, Crowe Horwath (HK) CPA Limited, in respect of their audit and non-audit services are as follows:

	For the year ended 31 December 2014
	RMB'000
Audit service	1,347
Non-audit services-taxation	24

COMMUNICATION WITH SHAREHOLDERS

The Company believes that the annual general meeting is one of the principal channels of communication with its shareholders. It provides an opportunity for shareholders to ask questions about the Group's performance. Separate resolutions are proposed for each substantially separate issue at the annual general meeting. In accordance with the Listing Rules, voting by poll is mandatory at all general meetings except where the Chairman, in good faith, decides to allow a resolution which relates purely to a procedure or administrative matter to be voted on by a show of hands. The poll results are posted on the websites of "HKExnews" and the Group respectively on the same day of the general meeting.

During the year ended 31 December 2014, an annual general meeting of the Company was held on 18 June 2014 and the attendance record of the Directors is set out below:

	Meeting attendance/number of meetings
Executive Directors	
Mr. Ng Tit	1/1
Ms. Chin Yu (Re-designated from a non-executive Director to an executive Director on 1 February 2015)	1/1
Non-executive Directors	
Dr. Qian Wei (<i>Note 1</i>)	0/1
Mr. Hung Leung (Resigned on 18 September 2014) (<i>Note 1</i>)	0/1
Mr. Wang Fan (Resigned on 20 March 2015) (<i>Note 1</i>)	0/1
Independent Non-executive Directors	
Mr. Patrick Sun	1/1
Mr. Yue Nien Martin Tang	1/1
Dr. Lap-Chee Tsui (<i>Note 1</i>)	0/1

Note:

- 1) Due to other business commitments, Dr. Qian Wei, Mr. Hung Leung, Mr. Wang Fan and Dr. Lap-Chee Tsui were unable to attend the annual general meeting of the Company held on 18 June 2014.

FAIR DISCLOSURE

The Company uses its best endeavors to distribute material information about the Group to all interested parties as widely as possible. Information about the Group can be found on the Company's website including descriptions of each business and the interim and annual reports of the Company.

INVESTOR RELATIONS

The Company proactively promotes investor relations and communications by setting up regular meetings between the Company's management and institutional shareholders and analysts. The Company recognises its responsibility to explain its activities to those with a legitimate interest and to respond to their questions. Investors are regularly received and visited to explain the Group's businesses. In all cases, great care has been taken to ensure that no inside information is disclosed selectively.

The Board is committed to providing clear and full performance information to the Company's shareholders through the publication of interim and annual reports. In addition to dispatching circulars, notices, and financial reports to the Company's shareholders, additional information is available to the shareholders and investors on the Group's website. The Company values feedback from the shareholders regarding its effort to promote transparency and foster investor relationships. Comments and suggestions are welcomed and can be addressed to the investor relations department of the Company by post or by email.

During the year ended 31 December 2014, there was no significant change in the Company's constitutional documents.

FINANCIAL REPORTING

The Directors of the Company acknowledge their responsibility for preparing the financial statements which give a true and fair view of the Group's affairs and of its results and cash flows for the year 2014 in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards, the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and the applicable disclosure provisions of the Listing Rules. The Directors of the Company endeavor to ensure a balanced, clear and understandable assessment of the Group's performance, position and prospects in financial reporting. Accordingly, appropriate accounting policies are selected and applied consistently; judgments and estimates made are prudent and reasonable. The adoption of new or amended accounting standards that became effective during the year has not had a significant impact on the Group's results of operations and financial position except for those disclosed in note 2(c) to the financial statements on pages 53 and 54 of this report. The responsibilities of the external auditors with respect to the audit of financial statements are set out in the Independent Auditor's Report on pages 42 to 43 of this report.

The Directors confirm that, to the best of their knowledge, information and belief, having made all reasonable enquiries, they are not aware of any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt upon the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.



Corporate Governance Report

COMPANY SECRETARY

The Company engages Ms. Mok Ming Wai, Director of KCS Hong Kong Limited (凱譽香港有限公司), as its company secretary. Her primary corporate contact person at the Company is Mr. Chiu Yu Kang, Chief Financial Officer.

In compliance with Rule 3.29 of the Listing Rules, Ms. Mok, has undertaken no less than 15 hours of relevant professional training during the year ended 31 December 2014.

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

Convening Extraordinary General Meeting and Putting Forward Proposals at Shareholders' Meetings

There are no provisions allowing shareholders to propose new resolutions at the general meetings under the Cayman Islands Companies Law (2012 Revision). However, shareholders are requested to follow article 58 of the amended and restated articles of association of the Company. Pursuant to article 58 of the amended and restated articles of association of the Company, general meetings shall be convened on the written requisition of any one or more members of the Company to the Directors or secretary of the Company deposited at the principal place of business of the Company in Hong Kong or, in the event the Company ceases to have such a principal office, the registered office specifying the objects of the meeting and signed by the requisitionists, provided that such requisitionists held as at the date of deposit of the requisition not less than one-tenth of the paid up capital of the Company which carries the right of voting at general meetings of the Company. Such meeting shall be held within two months after the deposit of such requisition. If the Board does not within 21 days from the date of deposit of the requisition proceed duly to convene the meeting, the requisitionist(s) themselves may convene the general meeting in the same manner, and all reasonable expenses incurred by the requisitionist(s) as a result of the failure of the Board shall be reimbursed to them by the Company.

If a member, who is entitled to attend and vote at the relevant general meeting, wishes to nominate a person (not being the nominating member) to stand for election as a Director, he or she should lodge at the principal place of business of the Company in Hong Kong or at the registered office of the Company notice in writing of the intention to propose a person for election as a Director and notice in writing by that person of his or her willingness to be so elected and including such person's biographical details and written consent to the publication of his/her personal data. The minimum length of the period, during which such notice(s) are given, shall be at least seven days and that (if the notice(s) are submitted after the despatch of the notice of the general meeting appointed for such election) the period for lodgment of such notice(s) shall commence on the day after the despatch of the notice of the general meeting appointed for such election and end no later than seven days prior the date of such general meeting.

Enquiries to the Board

Enquiries may be put to the Board through the Company's principal place of business in Hong Kong at Unit 1505, 15/F, Bank of East Asia Harbour View Centre, 56 Gloucester Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong (Email: ir@ntpharma.com).



Directors and Senior Management

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Ng Tit (吳鐵先生), aged 51, co-founder of the Group, is Chairman and has been the Chief Executive Officer of the Group since 1995. Mr. Ng was appointed as the Company's Executive Director on 1 March 2010. Mr. Ng is responsible for the overall strategic planning and management of the Group. He has extensive experience in the pharmaceutical industry, having been engaged in the pharmaceutical business for over 20 years. Prior to establishing the Group in 1995, Mr. Ng worked for a number of relevant organisations and enterprises. Mr. Ng obtained his bachelor degree from Guizhou University in 1986. In 2007, Mr. Ng obtained an Executive Master of Business Administration ("EMBA") from Fudan University (復旦大學). Mr. Ng is a member of the Tenth and Eleventh Jiangsu Committee of the Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference ("CPPCC") of the PRC, deputy director of Jiangsu Committee of Hong Kong, Macao, Taiwan and Overseas (Foreign Affairs) of CPPCC and vice president of Overseas Friendship Association of Jiangsu Province. He is the spouse of Ms. Chin Yu, who is an executive Director, and the brother-in-law of Dr. Qian Wei, who is a non-executive Director.

Ms. Chin Yu (錢余女士), aged 51, co-founder of the Group. Ms. Chin has been re-designated from non-executive Director to executive Director of the Group since 1 February 2015. Ms. Chin is responsible for the daily operations of NT Pharma (Hong Kong) Co., Ltd. Ms. Chin was appointed as non-executive Director on 1 March 2010. Prior to the establishment of the Group, Ms. Qian was an accounting professional. Ms. Chin worked in Bank of Communications from 1987 to 1993. Ms. Chin is the spouse of Mr. Ng Tit, the Chairman and Chief Executive Officer, and the sister of Dr. Qian Wei, a non-executive Director.

Mr. Wu Weizhong (吳為忠先生), aged 45, was appointed as an executive Director of the Group on 20 March 2015. Mr. Wu was also appointed as the Vice President of the Group and the Chairman and General Manager of Suzhou First, directing the Group in manufacturing, management and operation of its proprietary products. Mr. Wu has close to 20 years of experience in pharmaceutical manufacturing. Mr. Wu has been the General Manager of Suzhou First since 2006, and was appointed as its Chairman since 2014. Prior to joining the Group, Mr. Wu worked at various positions including engineer, assistant manager and deputy factory manager of Suzhou No. 4 Pharmaceutical Factory and was the factory manager of Suzhou First. Mr. Wu obtained a bachelor's degree in Chemical Engineering from Dalian University of Technology in 1992. He also obtained an EMBA from Fudan University in 2004.

NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

Dr. Qian Wei (錢唯博士), aged 58, was appointed as a non-executive Director of the Group on 1 March 2010. Dr. Qian is currently a tenured full professor of Biomedical Engineering, University of Texas, a fellow of American Institute for Medical and Biological Engineering. He also enrolled the Chinese 1000 Plan as an innovation expert. He is Dean of the Sino-Dutch Biomedical and Information Engineering School of Northeastern University. Dr. Qian was appointed as Allen Henry Endowed Chair Distinguished Professor of Electrical Engineering in the Engineering College at Florida Institute of Technology in 2009. He had previously been an associate professor of Department of Interdisciplinary Oncology at Moffitt Cancer Center, College of Medicine, University of South Florida from 2001 to 2007. Dr. Qian has been given the Stars Award of system research by University of Texas, US in 2008, Award for Outstanding Research Achievements by American Cancer Society in 2000. Dr. Qian received Martrin Silberg Cancer Research Award for outstanding achievements for two consecutive years in 1994 and 1995. He was a Postdoctoral Research Associate of University of South Florida in 1994, of University of Notre Dame in 1992. He obtained his doctorate of Biomedical Engineering at Southeast University in 1990. Dr. Qian is the brother of Ms. Chin Yu, an executive Director and the brother-in-law of Mr. Ng Tit, the Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of the Group.



Directors and Senior Management

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Patrick Sun (辛定華先生), aged 56, was initially appointed as an Independent Non-executive Director on 1 March 2010 for a term of one year and was subsequently re-appointed on 7 March 2011 after expiry of his term of office. He has been an Independent Non-executive Director of Solomon Systech (International) Limited (stock code: 2878), a company listed on the HKSE, from February 2004 (and its Chairman from January 2007), He was an Independent Non-executive Director of China Railway Group Limited (stock code: 390), a company listed on the HKSE, from August 2007 to May 2014. He has been an Independent Non-executive Director of Trinity Limited (stock code: 891), a company listed on the HKSE, from October 2008 and an Independent Non-executive Director of Sihuan Pharmaceutical Holdings Group Ltd. (stock code: 460), a company listed on the HKSE, from October 2010. He has been an Independent Director of China CNR Corporation Limited from February 2012, a company listed on the Shanghai Stock Exchange (stock code: 601299), which became listed on the HKSE (stock code: 6199) in May 2014. He has been an Independent Non-executive Director of China Railway Construction Corporation Limited, a company listed on the Shanghai Stock Exchange (stock code: 601186) and HKSE (stock code: 1186), from October 2014. Prior to that, Mr. Sun was Group Executive Director and Head of Investment Banking for Greater China of Jardine Fleming Holdings Limited between 1996 and 2000, the senior country officer and head of investment banking for Hong Kong J.P. Morgan from 2000 to 2002, and an Executive Director of SW Kingsway Capital Holdings Limited (stock code: 188), a company listed on the HKSE, between September 2004 and May 2006. He was an Executive Director and Chief Executive Officer of Value Convergence Holdings Limited (stock code: 821), a company listed on the HKSE, from August 2006 to October 2009. He was a member of the Takeovers & Mergers Panel and the Takeovers Appeal Committee of Securities and Futures Commission, Hong Kong, Deputy Convenor of the Listing Committee of the HKSE and a Council Member of the HKSE. He also served as Honorary Chief Executive Officer of The Chamber of Hong Kong Listed Companies Limited. Currently, he is the Chairman of The Chamber of Hong Kong Listed Companies. Mr. Sun graduated from the Wharton School of the University of Pennsylvania, the United States, with a bachelor of science in economics degree in 1981. Mr. Sun also completed the Stanford Executive Program of Stanford Business School, the United States, in 2000. Mr. Sun has been a fellow, since April 1992, of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants (formerly the Chartered Association of Certified Accountants), the United Kingdom, and a fellow of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (formerly the Hong Kong Society of Accountants) since November 2009.

Mr. Yue Nien Martin Tang (唐裕年先生), aged 65, was initially appointed as an Independent Non-executive Director on 1 March 2010 for a term of one year and was subsequently re-appointed as an Independent Non-executive Director on 7 March 2011 after expiry of his term of office. Mr. Tang is also an Independent Non-executive Director of Li & Fung Limited (stock code: 494), a company listed on the HKSE, an Independent Non-executive Director of CEI Contract Manufacturing Limited (stock code: CEI), a company listed on the Singapore Stock Exchange, a director of HK Wuxi Trade Association Limited and a director of ER 2 Holdings Limited. Mr. Tang has extensive recruiting expertise in the public and private sectors, including banking and commerce. Prior to joining the Board, Mr. Tang worked at Spencer Stuart & Associates, a global executive search consulting firm, for 16 years and retired as Chairman, Asia in November 2008. Currently, Mr. Tang is a trustee emeritus and Presidential Councillor of Cornell University and a member of the MIT Corporation (2004 to 2009 and 2010 to 2015). He is Vice Chairman of the Council of the Hong Kong University of Science & Technology and a trustee of the Institute of International Education (IIE) in New York. He is a member of the Executive Committee of Junior Achievement Hong Kong and a trustee member of the World Wide Fund for Nature – Hong Kong. Mr. Tang obtained his bachelor of science degree from Cornell University in 1970 and a master's degree of science in management from the Massachusetts Institute of Technology in 1972.



Directors and Senior Management

Dr. Lap-Chee Tsui (徐立之博士), aged 64, was appointed as an Independent Non-executive Director on 1 April 2010 and was subsequently re-appointed on 1 April 2011. Dr. Tsui has been an Independent Non-executive Director of Hang Lung Group (stock code: 00010), a company listed on the HKSE, from 10 November 2014. He served as the fourteenth Vice-Chancellor of the University of Hong Kong from 2002 to 2014. Prior to his current appointment in 2002, Dr. Tsui was a member of the Research Institute at The Hospital for Sick Children in Toronto, Canada since 1981, rising to Geneticist-in-Chief of the Hospital in 1996 and Head of the Genetics and Genomic Biology Program in 1998; He also held academic appointments at the University of Toronto since 1983, was awarded the title of University Professor in 1994 and has held an Emeritus status since 2006. He was also the President of the Human Genome Organization from 2000 to 2002. Dr. Tsui has received numerous awards for his work, including the Royal Society of Canada Centennial Award in 1989, Gairdner International Award in 1990, Cresson Medal of Franklin Institute in 1992, XII Sanremo International Award for Genetic Research in 1993, the Distinguished Scientist Award from the Medical Research Council, Canada in 2000, Killam Prize of Canada Council in 2002 and the European Cystic Fibrosis Society Award in 2009. He was elected as Fellow of the Royal Society of Canada in 1990, Fellow of the Royal Society of London in 1991, Member of Academia Sinica in 1992, Foreign Associate of the National Academy of Sciences of the US in 2004, and, Foreign Member of the Chinese Academy of Sciences in 2009. Dr. Tsui obtained a bachelor's and master's degree in biology from The Chinese University of Hong Kong in 1972 and 1974 respectively. He also obtained a doctorate degree in biological sciences from the University of Pittsburgh in 1979.

SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Mr. Chiu Yu Kang (邱于廣先生), Chief Financial Officer

Mr. Chiu, aged 37, joined the Group in April 2015 to serve as the Group's Chief Financial Officer. He is responsible for the overall financial management and control, accounting, auditing, corporate financing, investor relations and listing rules compliance of the Group. Mr. Chiu has over 13 years of experience in corporate financing, investor relations, auditing, accounting and financial management. Prior to joining the Group, Mr. Chiu was vice president, chief financial officer and company secretary of a company listed on the Main Board of the HKSE. Mr. Chiu obtained a bachelor degree in Business Administration and a master degree in Economics from The University of Hong Kong in 2001 and 2002 respectively. He is a member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants and a fellow of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants.

Mr. Ge Baoming (葛寶銘先生), General Manager of Corporate Development and Product Research and Development Centre

Mr. Ge, aged 49, joined the Group in March 2013. He has been appointed as the General Manager of Corporate Development and Product Research and Development Centre as well as the Clinical Medicine Director of the Marketing and Sales Centre of the Group. He is responsible for business development, development of new pharmaceutical products and research and management of clinical medicine. Mr. Ge has over 15 years of experience in operating and managing the Research and Development Centre, and has accumulated extensive experience in product introduction, registration, research and development and clinical medicine. Prior to joining the Group, Mr. Ge worked as director of research and development at various well-known pharmaceutical companies, including Rottapharm, Luye Pharma Group Limited and Shanghai Green Valley Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd.. Mr. Ge obtained his bachelor degree of Clinical Medicine from Beijing Medical University in 1990. He also obtained a master degree in Clinical Medicine from The University of Western Ontario in 2003.



Directors and Senior Management

Mr. Gui Biao (桂彪先生), Director of Marketing and Sales Centre

Mr. Gui, aged 53, joined the Group in September 2014 to serve as Director of Marketing and Sales Centre of the Group. He is responsible for strategy development, market data analysis and academic promotion. Mr. Gui has over 18 years of marketing and management experience in multinational pharmaceutical companies. In recent years, he has been focusing on the sales and marketing of oncology products. Prior to joining the Group, he has worked for various multinational pharmaceutical companies, including Eisai China, Sanofi-aventis China, Novartis China, AstraZeneca China, Pharmacia & Upjohn (China) Ltd. and Pfizer, Inc., engaging in the product areas including oncology, CNS and anti-infective products. Between 1988 and 1994, Mr. Gui was a clinician in Renji Hospital of Shanghai Jiao Tong University. Mr. Gui obtained his bachelor degree in Clinical Medicine from Medicine School of Shanghai Jiao Tong University in 1988.

The Directors have pleasure in presenting their report together with the audited consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2014.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The Group is mainly engaged in research and development, manufacturing, sales and distribution of pharmaceutical products, as well as the provision of pharmaceutical marketing and promotion services in China.

FINANCIAL RESULTS

The profit of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2014 and the state of the Company's and the Group's affairs as at that date are set out in the financial statements on pages 44 to 124 of this report.

FINANCIAL SUMMARY

A summary of the Group's results, assets and liabilities for the last five financial years is set out on page 5 of this report. This summary does not form part of the audited consolidated financial statements.

DIVIDENDS

The Board did not recommend the payment of a final dividend for the year ended 31 December 2014.

TRANSFER TO RESERVES

Profit attributable to equity shareholders of RMB2.1 million (2013: loss attributable to equity shareholders of RMB673.5 million) has been transferred to reserves, and other movements in reserves during the year are set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity.

FIXED ASSETS

Details of the movements of fixed assets during the year are set out in note 14 to the financial statements.

BORROWINGS AND PLEDGED ASSETS

Particulars of the Group's borrowings and pledged assets are set out in note 26 to the financial statements.

SHARE CAPITAL

Details of movements in the share capital of the Company during the year are set out in note 31(c) to the financial statements.

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

For the year ended 31 December 2014, the aggregate amount of revenue and purchases attributable to the Group's five largest customers and suppliers represented 49.0% and 94.4% of the Group's total revenue and purchases respectively.



Report of the Directors

During the year under review, the largest customer accounted for approximately 20.4% of the total revenue and the largest supplier accounted for approximately 45.8% of the total purchases of the Group.

As far as the Company is aware, neither the Directors, their associates, nor those substantial shareholders who are interested in more than 5% of the shares or underlying shares of the Company had any interest in the five largest customers and suppliers of the Group.

DIRECTORS

The Directors who held office during the year ended 31 December 2014 and up to the date of this report are:

Executive Directors

Mr. NG Tit (Chairman and Chief Executive Officer)

Ms. CHIN Yu (Re-designated from a non-executive Director to an executive Director on 1 February 2015)

Non-executive Directors

Dr. QIAN Wei

Mr. HUNG Leung (Resigned on 18 September 2014)

Mr. WANG Fan

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. Patrick SUN

Mr. Yue Nien Martin TANG

Dr. Lap-Chee TSUI

Mr. NG Tit, Ms. CHIN Yu and Dr. QIAN Wei will retire from office as Directors by rotation at the forthcoming annual general meeting. All of them, being eligible have offered themselves for re-election pursuant to the articles of association of the Company.

Biographical details of the Directors of the Company are set out on pages 29 to 32 of this report.

The Company has received from each Independent Non-executive Director an annual confirmation of his independence pursuant to the Independence Guidelines under the Listing Rules and the Company still considers such Directors to be independent.

PRE-IPO SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The Company adopted a share option scheme (“Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme”) on 7 April 2011. Under the Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme, the Company granted 50,027,881 options before the listing of the Company. Each option gives the holder the right to subscribe for one ordinary share in the Company. Up to 31 December 2014, no further option has been granted pursuant to the Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme. A summary of the principal terms and conditions of the Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme is set out in the section headed “Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme” in Appendix VIII of the Prospectus of the Company. A total number of 5,447,344 options were lapsed during the year ended 31 December 2014.

As at 31 December 2014, options to subscribe for an aggregate of 8,824,724 shares of the Company were outstanding and these options relate to the options granted to the following grantees.

Employees of the Company Working under Continuous Contracts other than the Directors

	Date of grant	Option period	Exercise price	Number of share options				percentage to the issued share capital
				Balance as at 1/1/2014	Exercised during the year	Lapsed/ cancelled during the year	Approximate Balance as at 31/12/2014	
Employees	18/9/2009	18/9/2009–18/9/2019	US\$0.20	8,233,136	–	3,396,680	4,836,456 <i>(Note 1)</i>	0.45%
	28/1/2010	28/1/2010–28/1/2020	US\$0.20	4,638,932	–	1,550,664	3,088,268 <i>(Note 2)</i>	0.29%
	1/3/2010	1/3/2010–1/3/2020	US\$0.20	–	–	–	– <i>(Note 3)</i>	0.00%
	1/7/2010	1/7/2010–1/7/2020	US\$0.20	–	–	–	– <i>(Note 4)</i>	0.00%
	1/9/2010	1/9/2010–1/9/2020	US\$0.20	800,000	–	500,000	300,000 <i>(Note 5)</i>	0.03%
	1/11/2010	1/11/2010–1/11/2020	US\$0.20	–	–	–	– <i>(Note 6)</i>	0.00%
	17/12/2010	17/12/2010–17/12/2020	HK\$3.178 <i>(Note 8)</i>	600,000	–	–	600,000 <i>(Note 7)</i>	0.06%



Report of the Directors

Notes:

- 1) The options are vested in three tranches in the proportion of 1/3, 1/3 and 1/3 on 18/9/2010, 18/9/2011 and 18/9/2012, respectively.
- 2) The options are vested in three tranches in the proportion of 1/3, 1/3 and 1/3 on 28/1/2011, 28/1/2012 and 28/1/2013, respectively.
- 3) The options are vested in three tranches in the proportion of 1/3, 1/3 and 1/3 on 1/3/2011, 1/3/2012 and 1/3/2013, respectively.
- 4) The options are vested in three tranches in the proportion of 1/3, 1/3 and 1/3 on 1/7/2011, 1/7/2012 and 1/7/2013, respectively.
- 5) The options are vested in three tranches in the proportion of 1/3, 1/3 and 1/3 on 1/9/2011, 1/9/2012 and 1/9/2013, respectively.
- 6) The options are vested in three tranches in the proportion of 1/3, 1/3 and 1/3 on 1/11/2011, 1/11/2012 and 1/11/2013, respectively.
- 7) The options are vested in three tranches in the proportion of 1/3, 1/3 and 1/3 on 17/12/2011, 17/12/2012 and 17/12/2013, respectively.
- 8) The exercise price of the options is 70% of the Company's offer price at the initial public offering.

NEW SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The Company adopted a new share option scheme (the "New Share Option Scheme") on 22 September 2014. Under the New Share Option Scheme, the Company granted 6,300,000 options to certain senior management staff of the Company on 10 November 2014, and granted 41,500,000 options to certain individuals on 15 January 2015, respectively. Each option gives the holder the right to subscribe for one ordinary share in the Company.

A summary of the principal terms of the New Share Option Scheme is set out in Appendix I of the circular of the Company dated 4 September 2014. A total number of 3,500,000 options were lapsed as at 19 March 2015.

As at 19 March 2015, options to subscribe for an aggregate of 44,300,000 shares of the Company were outstanding.

SHARE AWARD SCHEME

With effect from 6 March 2014, the share award scheme (the "Share Award Scheme") of the Company, which was adopted on 11 January 2012, was terminated. No share had been granted nor held by the trustee under the Share Award Scheme since its adoption.

MANAGEMENT CONTRACT

No contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company were entered into or in place during the year ended 31 December 2014.

DIRECTOR'S RIGHTS TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

Save as disclosed in this report, during the year under review, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries were party to any arrangement which would enable the Directors to acquire benefits by means of acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate. Save as disclosed in this report, none of the Directors or any of their spouses or children under the age of 18 was granted any right to subscribe for the shares or debentures of the Company or any other corporate body or had exercised any such right.

DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

The executive Directors, Mr. Ng Tit and Ms. Chin Yu, has each entered into a service agreement with the Company for an initial term of three years commencing from 26 March 2011 and 1 February 2015, respectively, which shall continue unless terminated by either the Company or the Director giving at least three months' written notice to the other party. Each of the non-executive Directors and the independent non-executive Directors has entered into a service agreement with the Company for a term of three years commencing from 26 March 2014.

None of the Directors being proposed for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting has an unexpired service contract with the Group which is not determinable by the Group within one year without payment of compensation (other than statutory compensation).

REMUNERATION POLICY

The Group's remuneration policy is to compensate its employees based on their performance, qualifications and the Group's operational results.

The emoluments of the Directors and senior management are determined by the Remuneration Committee with reference to the Group's operational results, their individual performance and prevailing market conditions.

The Company was not aware of any arrangement under which a Director has waived or agreed to waive any emoluments. Details of the remuneration of the Directors are set out in note 9 to the financial statements.

COMPLIANCE OF THE NON-COMPETITION UNDERTAKING

As disclosed in the Prospectus, Mr. Ng Tit, Ms. Chin Yu and Golden Base Investment Limited ("Golden Base") (together, the "Controlling Shareholders") have entered into a Non-competition Undertaking Agreement dated 4 April 2011 in favor of the Company (the "Non-competition Undertaking"), pursuant to which each of them has undertaken to the Company that he/she/it will not, and will procure that his/her/its associates (except any members of the Group) will not, during the restricted period, directly or indirectly, either on his/her/its own account or in conjunction with or on behalf of any person, firm or company, carry on, participate or be interested or engaged in or acquire or hold (in each case whether as a shareholder, partner, agent or otherwise) any business in PRC or elsewhere in the world which is or may be in competition with our business, and any other business which any member of the Group may undertake from time to time after the listing of the Company's shares.



Report of the Directors

Each of the Controlling Shareholders had confirmed his/her/its compliance with the Non-Competition Undertaking for the year.

The Independent Non-executive Directors have reviewed the Controlling Shareholders' compliance with the Non-Competition Undertaking. The Independent Non-executive Directors confirmed, to the best of their knowledge, that the Controlling Shareholders did not breach the terms of the Non-Competition Undertaking.

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES OF THE COMPANY OR ITS ASSOCIATED CORPORATIONS

As at 31 December 2014, the interests and short positions of the Directors and Chief Executives of the Company in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Chapter 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong) (the "SFO")), as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO, or as otherwise notified to the Company and the HKSE under the Model Code contained in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules, were as follows:

1) Long Positions in the Ordinary Shares of the Company

Name of Director	Number of shares of the Company				Approximate total percentage of interest in the Company
	Personal interests	Family interests	Corporate interests	Other interests	
Ng Tit	500,000 (Note 1)	–	505,062,500 (Note 2)	–	46.72%
Chin Yu	500,000 (Note 1)	–	505,062,500 (Note 2)	–	46.72%

Notes:

- 1) Jointly owned by Mr. Ng Tit and his spouse, Ms. Chin Yu.
- 2) An aggregate of 505,062,500 shares is beneficially owned by Golden Base. Mr. Ng Tit and Ms. Chin Yu are the controlling shareholders of Golden Base.

2) Long Positions in the Underlying Shares of the Company

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2014, none of the Directors nor the Chief Executives of the Company or their associates (including their spouses and children under 18 years of age) had any interest or short positions in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or its associated corporations, recorded in the register required to be kept under Section 352 of the SFO or required to be notified to the Company and the HKSE under the Model Code contained in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules.

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS

Substantial Shareholders Interests and Short Positions in Shares and Underlying Shares of the Company

As at 31 December 2014, the interests and short positions of the substantial shareholders of the Company (other than the Directors and chief executive of the Company) in the shares and underlying shares of the Company as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 336 of Part XV of the SFO were as follows:

Name	Nature of interest	Number of shares (long positions)	Approximate percentage of interest in the Company
Golden Base	Beneficial owner	505,062,500	46.68%

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2014, the Company had not been notified by any other parties (other than the Directors and Chief Executives of the Company) who had any interests or short positions in the shares or underlying shares of the Company as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 336 of Part XV of the SFO.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN CONTRACTS OF SIGNIFICANCE

No contract of significance in relation to the Group's business (as defined in the Listing Rules) to which the Company, its subsidiaries, its holding companies or any of its fellow subsidiaries was a party and in which a Director of the Company had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year ended 31 December 2014.

CHANGES IN THE BOARD AND THE DIRECTORS' INFORMATION

The changes in the Board and the information of Directors since the date of the Company's 2014 interim report are set out below:

Mr. HUNG Leung resigned as a non-executive Director with effect from 18 September 2014.

Ms. CHIN Yu was re-designated from a non-executive Director to an executive Director with effect from 1 February 2015.

Mr. Patrick SUN has been an independent non-executive director of China Railway Construction Corporation Limited, a company listed on the Shanghai Stock Exchange (stock code: 601186) and HKSE (stock code: 1186), from 28 October 2014.

Dr. Lap-Chee TSUI has been an independent non-executive director of Hang Lung Group (stock code: 00010), a company listed on the HKSE, from 10 November 2014.



Report of the Directors

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF LISTED SECURITIES

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed any of the listed securities of the Company during the year ended 31 December 2014.

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There is no provision for pre-emptive rights under the Company's articles of association which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro-rata basis to the existing shareholders.

CONTINUING CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

The related party transactions as disclosed in note 36 to the consolidated financial statements also constituted continuing connected transactions under the Listing Rules but are exempted from the reporting, annual review, announcement and independent shareholders' approval requirements pursuant to the Listing Rules. The Company has complied with the disclosure requirements of the Listing Rules in respect of such continuing connected transactions.

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on the information that is available to the Company and to the best knowledge of the Board, the Company has maintained sufficient public float as required under the Listing Rules as at the date of this report.

COMPLIANCE WITH CORPORATE GOVERNANCE CODE

The Company is committed to ensuring high standards of corporate governance and has adopted the code provisions set out in the Corporate Governance Code (the "CG Code") contained in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules and certain recommended best practices. The Company has complied with all the applicable code provisions in the CG Code throughout the year ended 31 December 2014 except for the deviation from code provision A.2.1 of the CG Code, which stipulates that the roles of chairman and chief executive officer should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual. Mr. Ng Tit assumes both the roles of Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of the Company. Nevertheless, the division of responsibilities between the two roles are clearly defined. On the whole, the role of Chairman is that of monitoring the duties and performance of the Board, whereas the role of Chief Executive Officer is that of managing the Company's business. The Board believes that at the current stage of development of the Company, vesting the roles of both Chairman and Chief Executive Officer in the same person provides the Company with strong and consistent leadership and allows for effective and efficient planning and implementation of business decisions and strategies.

The Board currently comprises two Executive Directors, two Non-executive Directors and three Independent Non-executive Directors, with the Independent Non-executive Directors representing approximately 42.9% of the Board, which is higher than one third of the Board. Such percentage of Independent Non-executive Directors on the Board can ensure their views carry significant weight and reflect the independence of the Board.

COMPLIANCE WITH THE MODEL CODE FOR SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS BY DIRECTORS OF LISTED ISSUERS

The Company has adopted the Model Code contained in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules as its own code of conduct regarding Directors' securities transactions. On specific enquiries made, all Directors have confirmed that they have complied with the standards as stipulated in the Model Code throughout the year ended 31 December 2014.

CONFIRMATION OF INDEPENDENCE FROM INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

The Company has received an annual written confirmation of independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules from each of the Independent Non-executive Directors. The Company considers each of the Independent Non-executive Directors to be independent.

AUDITORS

The consolidated financial statements set out in this report were audited by Crowe Horwath (HK) CPA Limited, who will retire and being eligible, offered themselves for re-election. A resolution for the re-appointment of Crowe Horwath (HK) CPA Limited as auditors of the Company will be proposed at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

By order of the Board

Ng Tit
Chairman

Hong Kong, 19 March 2015

Independent Auditor's Report



國富浩華(香港)會計師事務所有限公司
Crowe Horwath (HK) CPA Limited
Member Crowe Horwath International

9/F Leighton Centre,
77 Leighton Road,
Causeway Bay, Hong Kong

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF CHINA NT PHARMA GROUP COMPANY LIMITED

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of China NT Pharma Group Company Limited ("the Company") and its subsidiaries (together "the Group") set out on pages 44 to 124, which comprise the consolidated and company statements of financial position as at 31 December 2014, and the consolidated income statement, the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Directors' responsibility for the consolidated financial statements

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit. This report is made solely to you, as a body, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

Independent Auditor's Report

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the Group as at 31 December 2014, and of the Group's profit and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards and have been properly prepared in accordance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

Crowe Horwath (HK) CPA Limited

Certified Public Accountants

Hong Kong, 19 March 2015

Leung Chun Wa

Practising Certificate Number P04963

Consolidated Income Statement

For the year ended 31 December 2014
(Expressed in Renminbi)

	Note	2014 RMB'000	2013 RMB'000
Turnover	4	864,621	754,115
Cost of sales		(473,280)	(465,147)
Gross profit		391,341	288,968
Other revenue	5	25,179	25,258
Other net loss	6	(3,443)	(17,053)
Reversal of impairment of trade receivables	20(b)	29,066	22,185
Fair value loss on embedded derivatives of unsecured debenture	27(b)	(46)	(1,691)
Selling and distribution expenses		(264,583)	(375,807)
Administrative expenses		(81,443)	(113,400)
Business restructuring costs	13(c)	–	(406,098)
Profit/(loss) from operations		96,071	(577,638)
Finance costs	7(a)	(78,744)	(75,203)
Profit/(loss) before taxation	7	17,327	(652,841)
Income tax expense	8(a)	(15,240)	(20,617)
Profit/(loss) for the year		2,087	(673,458)
Attributable to:			
Equity holders of the Company	11	2,087	(673,458)
Non-controlling interests		–	–
Profit/(loss) for the year		2,087	(673,458)
Earnings/(loss) per share	12		
Basic		0.19 cents	(62.24) cents
Diluted		0.19 cents	(62.24) cents

The notes on pages 52 to 124 form part of these financial statements.

Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income

For the year ended 31 December 2014
(Expressed in Renminbi)

	2014 RMB'000	2013 RMB'000
Profit/(loss) for the year	2,087	(673,458)
Other comprehensive income for the year		
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:		
Exchange differences on translation of financial statements of entities outside the People's Republic of China ("PRC")	<u>1,623</u>	<u>(2,941)</u>
Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the year	<u>3,710</u>	<u>(676,399)</u>
Attributable to:		
Equity holders of the Company	3,710	(676,399)
Non-controlling interests	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the year	<u>3,710</u>	<u>(676,399)</u>

The notes on pages 52 to 124 form part of these financial statements.

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

At 31 December 2014
(Expressed in Renminbi)

	Note	2014 RMB'000	2013 RMB'000
Non-current assets			
Fixed assets			
– Property, plant and equipment	14	264,122	189,189
– Interests in leasehold land held for own use under operating leases	14	38,825	14,818
		<u>302,947</u>	<u>204,007</u>
Intangible assets	15	38,524	44,821
Prepayments for proposed establishment of an associate	16	–	16,000
Goodwill	17	–	–
Deferred tax assets	28(b)	96,083	109,763
		<u>437,554</u>	<u>374,591</u>
Current assets			
Inventories	19	84,240	132,409
Trade and other receivables	20	403,624	298,230
Designated loans	21	–	147,114
Held-to-maturity investment	22	3,000	–
Pledged bank deposits	23	210,952	260,063
Cash at banks and in hand	24	346,062	229,239
		<u>1,047,878</u>	<u>1,067,055</u>
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	25	570,401	576,116
Bank loans	26	200,261	285,457
Unsecured debentures	27	343,981	29,632
Current taxation	28(a)	14,978	30,830
		<u>1,129,621</u>	<u>922,035</u>
Net current (liabilities)/assets		<u>(81,743)</u>	<u>145,020</u>

The notes on pages 52 to 124 form part of these financial statements.

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position (Continued)

At 31 December 2014
(Expressed in Renminbi)

	Note	2014 RMB'000	2013 RMB'000
Total assets less current liabilities		355,811	519,611
Non-current liabilities			
Government grant received	29	22,216	–
Unsecured debentures	27	120,000	309,941
Deferred tax liabilities	28(b)	616	871
		<u>142,832</u>	<u>310,812</u>
NET ASSETS		<u>212,979</u>	<u>208,799</u>
CAPITAL AND RESERVES	31		
Share capital		1	1
Reserves		212,978	208,798
Total equity attributable to equity holders of the Company		212,979	208,799
Non-controlling interests		<u>–</u>	<u>–</u>
TOTAL EQUITY		<u>212,979</u>	<u>208,799</u>

Approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 19 March 2015.

Ng Tit
Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

Chin Yu
Director

The notes on pages 52 to 124 form part of these financial statements.

Statement of Financial Position

At 31 December 2014
(Expressed in Renminbi)

	Note	2014 RMB'000	2013 RMB'000
Non-current assets			
Interests in subsidiaries	18	93,865	123,842
Current assets			
Other receivables	20	534	541
Cash at banks and in hand	24	48,542	48,909
		49,076	49,450
Current liabilities			
Other payables and accruals	25	1,452	–
Net current assets			
		47,624	49,450
NET ASSETS			
		141,489	173,292
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Share capital	31	1	1
Reserves		141,488	173,291
TOTAL EQUITY			
		141,489	173,292

Approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 19 March 2015.

Ng Tit
Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

Chin Yu
Director

The notes on pages 52 to 124 form part of these financial statements.

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

For the year ended 31 December 2014

(Expressed in Renminbi)

	Attributable to equity holders of the Company							Accumulated losses	Total	Non-controlling interests	Total equity
	Share capital	Share premium	Exchange reserve	Statutory reserve	Merger reserve	Other reserve	Capital reserve				
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
	(Note 31(c))	(Note 31(d)(i))	(Note 31(d)(iii))	(Note 31(d)(iii))	(Note 31(d)(iv))	(Note 31(d)(v))	(Note 31(d)(vi))				
Balance at 1 January 2013	1	933,872	42,252	88,206	8,256	338,509	23,067	(549,169)	884,994	-	884,994
Change in equity for 2013:											
Loss for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(673,458)	(673,458)	-	(673,458)
Other comprehensive income											
Exchange differences on translation of financial statements of entities outside the PRC	-	-	(2,941)	-	-	-	-	-	(2,941)	-	(2,941)
Total comprehensive loss	-	-	(2,941)	-	-	-	-	(673,458)	(676,399)	-	(676,399)
Equity-settled share-based transactions	-	-	-	-	-	-	204	-	204	-	204
Forfeiture of vested share options	-	-	-	-	-	-	(8,416)	8,416	-	-	-
	1	933,872	39,311	88,206	8,256	338,509	14,855	(1,214,211)	208,799	-	208,799
Balance at 31 December 2013 and 1 January 2014	1	933,872	39,311	88,206	8,256	338,509	14,855	(1,214,211)	208,799	-	208,799
Changes in equity for 2014:											
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,087	2,087	-	2,087
Other comprehensive income											
Exchange differences on translation of financial statements of entities outside the PRC	-	-	1,623	-	-	-	-	-	1,623	-	1,623
Total comprehensive income	-	-	1,623	-	-	-	-	2,087	3,710	-	3,710
Equity-settled share-based transactions	-	-	-	-	-	-	470	-	470	-	470
Forfeiture of vested share options	-	-	-	-	-	-	(5,690)	5,690	-	-	-
Balance at 31 December 2014	1	933,872	40,934	88,206	8,256	338,509	9,635	(1,206,434)	212,979	-	212,979

The notes on pages 52 to 124 form part of these financial statements.

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended 31 December 2014
(Expressed in Renminbi)

	Note	2014 RMB'000	2013 RMB'000
Operating activities			
Profit/(loss) before taxation		17,327	(652,841)
Adjustments for:			
Depreciation	7(c)	16,551	17,681
Amortisation of lease prepayments	7(c)	324	689
Amortisation of intangible assets	7(c)	6,289	8,712
Write-down of inventories	19(b)	4,672	160,168
Impairment of trade receivables	20(b)	8,021	264,863
Reversal of impairment for trade receivables	20(b)	(29,066)	(22,185)
Fair value loss on embedded derivatives of unsecured debenture	27(b)	46	1,691
(Reversal of)/impairment for deposits and prepayments	7(c)	(831)	31,994
Finance costs	7(a)	78,744	75,203
Bank interest income	5	(6,032)	(9,852)
Interest income on held-to-maturity investment	5	(105)	–
Interest income on designated loan	5	(14,934)	(12,114)
Net loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	6	254	16,555
Equity-settled share-based payment expenses	7(b)	470	204
Net foreign exchange (gain)/loss		(2)	648
Changes in working capital:			
Decrease/(increase) in inventories		43,497	(49,657)
(Increase)/decrease in trade and other receivables		(78,231)	331,873
Decrease in trade and other payables		(5,715)	(174,683)
Decrease/(increase) in pledged bank deposits for issuing bills payable		49,111	(4,615)
Cash generated from/(used in) operations		90,390	(15,666)
Tax paid			
– Hong Kong Profits Tax paid		–	–
– PRC Income Tax paid		(17,667)	(22,814)
Net cash generated from/(used in) operating activities		72,723	(38,480)

The notes on pages 52 to 124 form part of these financial statements.

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows (Continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2014
(Expressed in Renminbi)

	Note	2014 RMB'000	2013 RMB'000
Investing activities			
Payment for purchases of property, plant and equipment		(88,587)	(8,324)
Payment of purchase of lease prepayments		(24,800)	(801)
Payment for purchase of intangible assets		(4,805)	(8,992)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment		262	34,037
Interest received		6,137	9,852
Refund of/(prepayment) for proposed establishment of an associate	16	16,000	(16,000)
Decrease/(increase) in designated loans	21	162,048	(135,000)
Receipt of government grant relating to asset acquisition		22,216	–
Payment for purchase of held-to-maturity investment		(3,000)	–
		85,471	(125,228)
Net cash generated from/(used in) investing activities			
Financing activities			
Proceeds from new bank loans		280,983	53,301
Proceeds from issuance of unsecured debentures	27	120,000	288,250
Repayment of bank loans		(366,179)	(294,014)
Interest paid		(77,685)	(45,571)
Decrease in pledged bank deposits as collateral for bank loans		–	147,000
		(42,881)	148,966
Net cash (used in)/generated from financing activities			
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		115,313	(14,742)
Cash and cash equivalents at 1 January		229,239	246,030
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes		1,510	(2,049)
Cash and cash equivalents at 31 December		346,062	229,239

The notes on pages 52 to 124 form part of these financial statements.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2014

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

1. PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES OF REPORTING ENTITY

The Company was incorporated in the Cayman Islands on 1 March 2010 as an exempted company with limited liability under the Companies Law, Cap 22 (Law 23 of 1961, as consolidated and revised) of the Cayman Islands. The Group is principally engaged in research and development, manufacturing, sales and distribution of pharmaceutical and vaccine products and the provision of marketing and promotion services to suppliers in the People's Republic of China ("PRC").

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Renminbi ("RMB"), the currency of the primary economic environment in the PRC, in which the majority of the group entities operate (i.e. the functional currency of the Group).

With a view to enhancing the Group's competitiveness and improving its cash flows, the Group had been restructuring its business model since 2012. In the second quarter of 2012, the Group decided to gradually exit from the low-margin vaccine business and downsized its vaccine sales and promotion team. In the last quarter of 2012, the Group further decided to terminate the over-the-counter ("OTC") business and dermatological product line in light of a continuing decrease in gross margins of these products and challenging operating environment. During the year ended 31 December 2013, the Group focused on promoting and distributing third-party and self-produced proprietary pharmaceutical products with higher margins and investment returns. The financial impact of the business restructuring was summarised in note 13(c).

Since the residual issues of the major restructuring exercise carried out in 2012 had largely been dealt with during the year ended 31 December 2013, the Group is now able to focus on operating its pharmaceutical promotion and sales business, expanding its proprietary product portfolio and developing its own research and development capabilities.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(a) Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with all applicable Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs"), which collective term includes all applicable individual Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards, Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKASs") and Interpretations issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong. These financial statements also comply with the applicable disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, which for this financial year and the comparative period continue to be those of the predecessor Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap.32), in accordance with transitional and saving arrangements for Part 9 of the new Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap.622), "Accounts and Audit", which are set out in sections 76 to 87 of Schedule 11 to that Ordinance. These financial statements also comply with the applicable disclosure provisions of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited. A summary of the significant accounting policies adopted by the Group is set out below.

The HKICPA has issued certain new and revised HKFRSs that are first effective or available for early adoption for the current accounting period of the Group and the Company. Note 2(c) provides information on any changes in accounting policies resulting from initial application of these developments to the extent that they are relevant to the Group for the current and prior accounting periods reflected in these financial statements.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2014
(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(b) Basis of preparation of the financial statements

The consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2014 include the financial position and results of operation of the Company and its subsidiaries (“the Group”).

The financial statements are presented in Renminbi (“RMB”), rounded to the nearest thousand. The measurement basis used in the preparation of the financial statements is the historical cost basis, except for the embedded derivatives on unsecured debenture, which is stated at fair value.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors have given consideration to the future liquidity of the Group in light of the fact that the current liabilities exceeded the current assets by approximately RMB81.7 million as at 31 December 2014. After taking into account of the net proceeds of approximately RMB220.4 million from the share placement completed in January 2015 as further detailed in note 37(a) and the Group’s cash flow projection for the coming year, the Group will have sufficient working capital to operate as a going concern. Accordingly, the consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with HKFRSs requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis of making the judgements about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Judgements made by management in the application of HKFRSs that have significant effect on the financial statements and major sources of estimation uncertainty are discussed in note 3.

(c) Changes in accounting policies

The HKICPA has issued the following amendments to HKFRSs and one new Interpretation that are first effective for the current accounting period of the Group and the Company.

Amendments to HKFRS 10, HKFRS 12 and HKAS 27 (2011)	Investment entities
Amendments to HKAS 32	Offsetting financial assets and financial liabilities
Amendments to HKAS 36	Recoverable amount disclosures for non-financial assets
Amendments to HKAS 39	Novation of derivatives and continuation of hedge accounting
HK(IFRIC) 21	Levies

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2014

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(c) Changes in accounting policies (Continued)

The Group has not applied any new standard or interpretation that is not yet effective for the current accounting period. Impacts of the adoption of the new or amended HKFRSs are discussed below.

Amendments to HKFRS 10, HKFRS 12 and HKAS 27(2011) – Investment entities

The amendments provide consolidation relief to those parents which qualify to be an investment entity as defined in the amended HKFRS 10. Investment entities are required to measure their subsidiaries at fair value through profit or loss. These amendments do not have an impact on these financial statements as the Company does not qualify to be an investment entity.

Amendments to HKAS 32 – Offsetting financial assets and financial liabilities

The amendments to HKAS 32 clarify the offsetting criteria in HKAS 32. The amendments do not have an impact on these financial statements as they are consistent with the policies already adopted by the Group.

Amendments to HKAS 36 – Recoverable amount disclosures for non-financial assets

The amendments to HKAS 36 modify the disclosure requirements for impaired non-financial assets. Among them, the amendments expand the disclosures required for an impaired asset or CGU whose recoverable amount is based on fair value less costs of disposal. The amendments do not have an impact on these financial statements for the years presented.

Amendments to HKAS 39 – Novation of derivatives and continuation of hedge accounting

The amendments to HKAS 39 provide relief from discontinuing hedge account when novation of a derivative designated as a hedging instrument meets certain criteria. The amendments do not have an impact on these financial statements as the Group has not novated any of its derivatives.

HK(IFRIC) 21- Levies

The Interpretation provides guidance on when a liability to pay a levy imposed by a government should be recognised. The amendments do not have an impact on these financial statements as the guidance is consistent with the Group's existing accounting policies.

(d) Subsidiaries and non-controlling interests

Subsidiaries are entities controlled by the Group. The Group controls an entity when it is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. When assessing whether the Group has power, only substantive rights (held by the Group and other parties) are considered.

An investment in a subsidiary is consolidated into the consolidated financial statements from the date that control commences until the date that control ceases. Intra-group balances, transactions and cash flows and any unrealised profits arising from intra-group transactions are eliminated in full in preparing the consolidated financial statements. Unrealised losses resulting from intra-group transactions are eliminated in the same way as unrealised gains but only to the extent that there is no evidence of impairment.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2014
(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(d) Subsidiaries and non-controlling interests (Continued)

Non-controlling interests represent the equity in a subsidiary not attributable directly or indirectly to the Company, and in respect of which the Group has not agreed any additional terms with the holders of those interests which would result in the Group as a whole having a contractual obligation in respect of those interests that meets the definition of a financial liability.

Non-controlling interests are presented in the consolidated statement of financial position within equity, separately from equity attributable to the equity holders of the Company. Non-controlling interests in the results of the Group are presented on the face of the consolidated income statement and the consolidated statement of comprehensive income as an allocation of the total profit or loss and total comprehensive income for the year between non-controlling interests and the equity holders of the Company.

Changes in the Group's interests in a subsidiary that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions, whereby adjustments are made to the amounts of controlling and non-controlling interests within consolidated equity to reflect the change in relative interests, but no adjustments are made to goodwill and no gain or loss is recognised.

When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, it is accounted for as a disposal of the entire interest in that subsidiary, with a resulting gain or loss being recognised in profit or loss. Any interest retained in that former subsidiary at the date when control is lost is recognised at fair value and this amount is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition of a financial asset or, when appropriate, the cost on initial recognition of an investment in an associate or joint venture.

In the Company's statement of financial position, an investment in a subsidiary is stated at cost less impairment losses (note 2(j)).

(e) Goodwill

Goodwill represents the excess of

- (i) the aggregate of the fair value of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree and the fair value of the Group's previously held equity interest in the acquiree; over
- (ii) the net fair value of the acquiree's identifiable assets and liabilities measured as at the acquisition date.

When (ii) is greater than (i), then this excess is recognised immediately in profit or loss as a gain on a bargain purchase.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2014

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(e) Goodwill (Continued)

Goodwill is stated at cost less accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill arising on a business combination is allocated to each cash-generating unit, or groups of cash-generating units, that is expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination and is tested annually for impairment (note 2(j)).

On disposal of a cash generating unit during the year, any attributable amount of purchased goodwill is included in the calculation of the profit or loss on disposal.

(f) Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated in the statement of financial position at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses (note 2(j)).

Depreciation is calculated to write off the cost of items of property, plant and equipment, less their estimated residual value, if any, using the straight line method over their estimated useful lives as follows:

- Buildings situated on leasehold land are depreciated over the shorter of the unexpired term of lease and their estimated useful lives, being no more than 50 years after the date of completion.
- Plant and machinery 5 – 20 years
- Leasehold improvements Over the term of lease
- Furniture, fixtures and office equipment 3 – 5 years
- Motor vehicles 3 – 5 years

Where parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, the cost of the item is allocated on a reasonable basis between the parts and each part is depreciated separately. Both the useful life of an asset and its residual value, if any, are reviewed annually.

Gains or losses arising from the retirement or disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment are determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the item and are recognised in profit or loss on the date of retirement or disposal.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2014
(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(g) Construction in progress

Construction in progress represents property, plant and equipment under construction and machinery and equipment under installation and testing. Construction in progress is stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost less impairment losses (note 2(j)). The cost includes cost of construction, cost of purchased plant and equipment and other direct costs plus borrowing costs which include interest charges and exchange differences arising from foreign currency borrowings used to finance these projects during the construction period, to the extent that these are regarded as an adjustment to borrowing costs (note 2(v)).

Construction in progress is not depreciated until such time as the assets are completed and substantially ready for their intended use.

(h) Intangible assets (other than goodwill)

(i) Trademarks

Trademarks that are acquired by the Group are stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses and have a finite useful life (note 2(j)). Amortisation of trademarks is charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over a period of 10 years.

(ii) New medicine protection rights

New medicine protection rights that are acquired by the Group are stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses and have a finite useful life (note 2(j)). Amortisation of new medicine protection rights is charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over the rights protection period.

(iii) Good Supply Practices (“GSP”) licences

GSP licences that are acquired by the Group with indefinite useful lives are stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost less impairment losses (note 2(j)).

(iv) Exclusive agency rights

Exclusive agency rights that are acquired by the Group are stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses and have a finite useful life (note 2(j)). Amortisation of exclusive agency rights is charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over the agency period ranging from 4 to 10 years.

(v) Club memberships

Club memberships that are acquired by the Group are stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost less impairment losses (note 2(j)).

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2014

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(vi) Computer software

Computer software that is acquired by the Group is stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses (note 2(j)). Computer software is amortised over its estimated useful life of 5 to 10 years on a straight line basis.

(vii) Intellectual property rights

Intellectual property rights that are acquired by the Group are stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses (note 2(j)). Amortisation of intellectual property rights is charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over a period of 6 years.

Both the period and basis of amortisation of all intangible assets are reviewed annually.

Intangible assets are not amortised while their useful lives are assessed to be indefinite. Any conclusion that the useful life of an intangible asset is indefinite is reviewed annually to determine whether events and circumstances continue to support the indefinite useful life assessment for that asset. If they do not, the change in the useful life assessment from indefinite to finite is accounted for prospectively from the date of change and in accordance with the policy for amortisation of intangible assets with finite useful lives as set out above.

(i) Leased assets

An arrangement, comprising a transaction or a series of transactions, is or contains a lease if the Group determines that the arrangement conveys a right to use a specific asset or assets for an agreed period of time in return for a payment or a series of payments. Such a determination is made based on an evaluation of the substance of the arrangement and is regardless of whether the arrangement takes the legal form of a lease.

Leases which do not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the Group are classified as operating leases. Where the Group has the use of assets held under operating leases, payments made under the leases are charged to profit or loss in equal instalments over the accounting periods covered by the lease term, except where an alternative basis is more representative of the pattern of benefits to be derived from the leased asset. Lease incentives received are recognised in profit or loss as an integral part of the aggregate net lease payments made. Contingent rentals are charged to profit or loss in the accounting period in which they are incurred.

The cost of acquiring land held under an operating lease is amortised on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease term.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2014
(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(j) Impairment of assets

(i) Impairment of investments in securities and trade and other receivables

Investments in securities and trade and other receivables that are stated at cost or amortised cost are reviewed at the end of each reporting period to determine whether there is objective evidence of impairment. Objective evidence of impairment includes observable data that comes to the attention of the Group about one or more of the following loss events:

- significant financial difficulty of the debtor;
- a breach of contract, such as a default or delinquency in interest or principal payments;
- it becoming probable that the debtor will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation;
- significant changes in the technological, market, economic or legal environment that have an adverse effect on the debtor; and
- a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of an investment in an equity instrument below its cost.

If any such evidence exists, the impairment loss is determined and recognised as follows:

- For unquoted securities carried at cost, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the estimated future cash flows, discounted at the current market rate of return for a similar financial asset, where the effect of discounting is material. Impairment losses for securities carried at cost are not reversed.

For trade and other current receivables and other financial assets carried at amortised cost, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate (i.e. the effective interest rate computed at initial recognition of these assets), where the effect of discounting is material. This assessment is made collectively where these financial assets share similar risk characteristics, such as similar past due status, and have not been individually assessed as impaired. Future cash flows for financial assets which are assessed for impairment collectively are based on historical loss experience for assets with credit risk characteristics similar to the collective group.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2014

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(j) Impairment of assets (Continued)

(i) Impairment of investments in securities and trade and other receivables (Continued)

If in a subsequent period the amount of an impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be linked objectively to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognised, the impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss. A reversal of an impairment loss shall not result in the asset's carrying amount exceeding that which would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised in prior years.

Impairment losses recognised in respect of trade and other receivables, whose recovery is considered doubtful but not remote, are recorded using an allowance account. When the Group is satisfied that recovery is remote, the amount considered irrecoverable is written off against trade and other receivables directly and any amounts held in the allowance account relating to that debt are reversed. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously charged to the allowance account are reversed against the allowance account. Other changes in the allowance account and subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off directly are recognised in profit or loss.

(ii) Impairment of other assets

Internal and external sources of information are reviewed at the end of each reporting period to identify indications that the following assets may be impaired or, except in the case of goodwill, an impairment loss previously recognised no longer exists or may have decreased:

- property, plant and equipment;
- pre-paid interests in leasehold land classified as being held under an operating lease;
- intangible assets;
- goodwill; and
- investments in subsidiaries in the Company's statement of financial position

If any such indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. In addition, for goodwill, intangible assets that are not yet available for use and intangible assets that have indefinite useful lives, the recoverable amount is estimated annually whether or not there is any indication of impairment.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2014
(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(j) Impairment of assets (Continued)

(ii) Impairment of other assets (Continued)

– Calculation of recoverable amount

The recoverable amount of an asset is the greater of its fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. Where an asset does not generate cash inflows largely independent of those from other assets, the recoverable amount is determined for the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows independently (i.e. a cash-generating unit).

– Recognition of impairment losses

An impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss if the carrying amount of an asset, or the cash-generating unit to which it belongs, exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment losses recognised in respect of cash-generating units are allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the cash-generating unit (or group of units) and then, to reduce the carrying amount of the other assets in the unit (or group of units) on a pro rata basis, except that the carrying value of an asset will not be reduced below its individual fair value less costs of disposal (if measurable), or value in use, (if determinable).

– Reversals of impairment losses

In respect of assets other than goodwill, an impairment loss is reversed if there has been a favourable change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. An impairment loss in respect of goodwill is not reversed.

A reversal of an impairment loss is limited to the asset's carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised in prior years. Reversals of impairment losses are credited to profit or loss in the year in which the reversals are recognised.

(iii) Interim financial reporting and impairment

Under the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange, the Group is required to prepare an interim financial report in compliance with HKAS 34, Interim financial reporting, in respect of the first six months of the financial year. At the end of the interim period, the Group applies the same impairment testing, recognition, and reversal criteria as it would at the end of the financial year (notes 2(j)(i) and (ii)).

Impairment losses recognised in an interim period in respect of goodwill are not reversed in a subsequent period. This is the case even if no loss, or a smaller loss, would have been recognised had the impairment been assessed only at the end of the financial year to which the interim period relates.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2014

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(k) Inventories

Inventories are carried at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Cost is calculated using the weighted average cost formula and comprises all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

When inventories are sold, the carrying amount of those inventories is recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised. The amount of any write-down of inventories to net realisable value and all losses of inventories are recognised as an expense in the period the write-down or loss occurs. The amount of any reversal of any write-down of inventories is recognised as a reduction in the amount of inventories recognised as an expense in the period in which the reversal occurs.

(l) Trade and other receivables

Trade and other receivables are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less allowance for impairment of doubtful debts (note 2(j)), except where the receivables are interest-free loans made to related parties without any fixed repayment terms or the effect of discounting would be immaterial. In such cases, the receivables are stated at cost less allowance for impairment of doubtful debts.

(m) Interest-bearing borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are recognised initially at fair value less attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, interest-bearing borrowings are stated at amortised cost with any difference between the amount initially recognised and redemption value being recognised in profit or loss over the period of the borrowings, together with any interest and fees payable, using the effective interest method.

(n) Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables are initially recognised at fair value and are subsequently stated at amortised cost unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost.

(o) Derivative financial instruments

Derivative financial instruments are recognised initially at fair value. At the end of each reporting period the fair value is remeasured. The gain or loss on remeasurement to fair value is recognised immediately in profit or loss, except where the derivatives qualify for cash flow hedge accounting or hedge the net investment in a foreign operation, in which case recognition of any resultant gain or loss depends on the nature of the item being hedged.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2014
(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(p) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at banks and on hand, demand deposits with banks and other financial institutions, and short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, having been within three months of maturity at acquisition. Bank overdrafts that are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management are also included as a component of cash and cash equivalents for the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows.

(q) Employee benefits

(i) Short term employee benefits and contributions to defined contribution retirement plans

Salaries, annual bonuses, paid annual leave, contributions to defined contribution retirement plans and the cost of non-monetary benefits are accrued in the year in which the associated services are rendered by employees. Where payment or settlement is deferred and the effect would be material, these amounts are stated at their present values.

(ii) Share-based payments

The fair value of share options granted to employees is recognised as an employee cost with a corresponding increase in a capital reserve within equity. The fair value is measured at grant date using the binomial lattice model, taking into account the terms and conditions upon which the options were granted. Where the employees have to meet vesting conditions before becoming unconditionally entitled to the options, the total estimated fair value of the options is spread over the vesting period, taking into account the probability that the options will vest.

During the vesting period, the number of share options that is expected to vest is reviewed. Any resulting adjustment to the cumulative fair value recognised in prior years is charged/credited to profit or loss for the year of the review, unless the original employee expenses qualify for recognition as an asset, with a corresponding adjustment to the capital reserve. On vesting date, the amount recognised as an expense is adjusted to reflect the actual number of share options that vest (with a corresponding adjustment to the capital reserve) except where forfeiture is only due to not achieving vesting conditions that relate to the market price of the Company's shares. The equity amount is recognised in the capital reserve until either the option is exercised (when it is transferred to the share premium account) or the option expires (when it is released directly to retained profits).

(iii) Termination benefits

Termination benefits are recognised at the earlier of when the Group can no longer withdraw the offer of those benefits and when it recognises restructuring costs involving the payment of termination benefits.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2014

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(r) Income tax

Income tax expense comprises current tax and movements in deferred tax assets and liabilities. Current tax and movements in deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognised in profit or loss except to the extent that they relate to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case the relevant amounts of tax are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

Current tax is the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities arise from deductible and taxable temporary differences respectively, being the differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and their tax bases. Deferred tax assets also arise from unused tax losses and unused tax credits.

Apart from certain limited exceptions, all deferred tax liabilities and all deferred tax assets to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the asset can be utilised, are recognised. Future taxable profits that may support the recognition of deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences include those that will arise from the reversal of existing taxable temporary differences, provided those differences relate to the same taxation authority and the same taxable entity, and are expected to reverse either in the same period as the expected reversal of the deductible temporary difference or in periods into which a tax loss arising from the deferred tax assets can be carried back or forward. The same criteria are adopted when determining whether existing taxable temporary differences support the recognition of deferred tax assets arising from unused tax losses and credits, that is, those differences are taken into account if they relate to the same taxation authority and the same taxable entity, and are expected to reverse in a period, or periods, in which the tax loss or credit can be utilised.

The limited exceptions to recognition of deferred tax assets and liabilities are those temporary differences arising from goodwill not deductible for tax purposes, the initial recognition of assets or liabilities that affect neither accounting nor taxable profit (provided they are not part of a business combination) and temporary differences relating to investments in subsidiaries to the extent that, in the case of taxable differences, the Group controls the timing of the reversal and it is probable that the differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future, or in the case of deductible differences, unless it is probable that they will reverse in the future.

The amount of deferred tax recognised is measured based on the expected manner of realisation or settlement of the carrying amount of the assets and liabilities, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2014
(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(r) Income tax (Continued)

The carrying amount of a deferred tax asset is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and is reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow the related tax benefit to be utilised. Any such reduction is reversed to the extent that it becomes probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available.

Additional income taxes that arise from the distribution of dividends are recognised when the liability to pay the related dividends is recognised.

Current tax balances and deferred tax balances, and movements therein, are presented separately from each other and are not offset. Current tax assets are offset against current tax liabilities, and deferred tax assets against deferred tax liabilities, if the Company or the Group has the legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the following additional conditions are met:

- (i) in the case of current tax assets and liabilities, the Company or the Group intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously; or
- (ii) in the case of deferred tax assets and liabilities, if they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either
 - the same taxable entity; or
 - different taxable entities, which, in each future period in which significant amounts of deferred tax liabilities or assets are expected to be settled or recovered, intend to realise the current tax assets and settle the current tax liabilities on a net basis or realise and settle simultaneously.

(s) Provisions and contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognised for liabilities of uncertain timing or amount when the Group or the Company has a legal or constructive obligation arising as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made. Where the time value of money is material, provisions are stated at the present value of the expenditure expected to settle the obligation.

Where it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is disclosed as a contingent liability, unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote. Possible obligations, whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more future events are also disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2014

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(t) Revenue recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Provided it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the revenue and costs, if applicable, can be measured reliably, revenue is recognised in profit or loss as follows:

(i) Sale of goods

Revenue is recognised when goods are delivered at the customers' premises which is taken to be the point in time when the customer has accepted the goods and the related risks and rewards of ownership. Revenue excludes value added tax or other sales taxes and is after deduction of any trade discounts.

(ii) Service income

Service income is recognised when the relevant services are rendered.

(iii) Government grant/subsidy income

Government grant/subsidy income is recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position initially when there is reasonable assurance that it will be received and that the Group will comply with the conditions attached to it. Government grant/subsidy income that compensate for expenses incurred are recognised as revenue in profit or loss on a systematic basis in the same periods in which the expenses are incurred. Government grants/subsidy income that compensate the Group for the cost of an asset are recognised as deferred income and consequently are recognised in profit or loss over the useful life of the asset.

(iv) Interest income

Interest income is recognised as it accrues using the effective interest method.

(u) Translation of foreign currencies

Foreign currency transactions during the year are translated at the foreign exchange rates ruling at the transaction dates. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the foreign exchange rates ruling at the end of the reporting period. Exchange gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss.

Non-monetary assets and liabilities that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the foreign exchange rates ruling at the transaction dates.

The results of operations outside the PRC are translated into Renminbi at the exchange rates approximating the foreign exchange rates ruling at the dates of the transactions. Statement of financial position items are translated into Renminbi at the closing foreign exchange rates at the end of the reporting period. The resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated separately in equity in the exchange reserve.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2014
(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(u) Translation of foreign currencies (Continued)

On disposal of an operation with a functional currency other than Renminbi, the cumulative amount of the exchange differences relating to that operation is reclassified from equity to profit or loss when the profit or loss on disposal is recognised.

(v) Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset which necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalised as part of the cost of that asset. Other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred.

The capitalisation of borrowing costs as part of the cost of a qualifying asset commences when expenditure for the asset is being incurred, borrowing costs are being incurred and activities that are necessary to prepare the asset for its intended use or sale are in progress. Capitalisation of borrowing costs is suspended or ceases when substantially all the activities necessary to prepare the qualifying asset for its intended use or sale are interrupted or complete.

(w) Held-to-maturity investment

Held-to-maturity investment is stated at amortised cost less impairment losses.

(x) Related parties

(a) A person, or a close member of that person's family, is related to the Group if that person:

- (i) has control or joint control over the Group;
- (ii) has significant influence over the Group; or
- (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Group or the Group's parent.

(b) An entity is related to the Group if any of the following conditions applies:

- (i) The entity and the Group are members of the same group (which means that each parent, subsidiary and fellow subsidiary is related to the others).
- (ii) One entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member).
- (iii) Both entities are joint ventures of the same third-party.
- (iv) One entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2014

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(x) Related parties (Continued)

(b) (Continued)

- (v) The entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group.
- (vi) The entity is controlled or jointly-controlled by a person identified in (a).
- (vii) A person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity).

Close members of the family of a person are those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by, that person in their dealings with the entity.

(y) Segment reporting

Operating segments, and the amounts of each segment item reported in the financial statements, are identified from the financial information provided regularly to the Group's most senior executive management for the purposes of allocating resources to, and assessing the performance of, the Group's various lines of business and geographical locations.

Individually material operating segments are not aggregated for financial reporting purposes unless the segments have similar economic characteristics and are similar in respect of the nature of products and services, the nature of production processes, the type or class of customers, the methods used to distribute the products or provide the services, and the nature of the regulatory environment. Operating segments which are not individually material may be aggregated if they share a majority of these criteria.

3. ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

The selection of critical accounting policies, the judgements and other uncertainties affecting application of those policies and the sensitivity of reported results to changes in conditions and assumptions are factors to be considered when reviewing the financial statements. The principal accounting policies are set forth in note 2. Notes 15 and 30 contain information about the assumptions and their risk factors relating to impairment of intangible assets and the valuation of share options granted, respectively. Other key sources of estimation uncertainty in the preparation of the financial statements are as follows:

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2014
(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

3. ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS (CONTINUED)

(a) Impairment of non-current assets

If circumstances indicate that the carrying value of an asset may not be recoverable, the asset may be considered “impaired”, and an impairment loss may be recognised in profit or loss. The carrying amounts of assets are reviewed periodically in order to assess whether the recoverable amounts have declined below the carrying amounts. These assets are tested for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that their recorded carrying amounts may not be recoverable. When such a decline has occurred, the carrying amount is reduced to recoverable amount.

The recoverable amount is the greater of the fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. In determining the value in use, expected cash flows to be generated by the asset are discounted to their present value. Estimation of future cash flows requires significant judgement relating to the future level of sales volume, sales revenue and amount of operating costs. The Group uses all readily available information in determining an amount that is a reasonable approximation of recoverable amount, including estimates based on reasonable and supportable assumptions relating to projections of sales volumes, sales revenue and amount of operating costs.

(b) Depreciation and amortisation

Fixed assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives, after taking into account their estimated residual values. The Group reviews the estimated useful lives of the assets regularly in order to determine the amount of depreciation expense to be recorded during any reporting period. The useful lives are based on the Group’s historical experience with similar assets and taking into account anticipated technological changes. The depreciation expense for future periods is adjusted if there are significant changes from previous estimates.

Amortisation of intangible assets with finite useful lives is charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the assets’ estimated useful lives. Both the useful lives and method of amortisation are reviewed annually. Intangible assets are not amortised while their useful lives are assessed to be indefinite. Any conclusion that the useful life of an intangible asset is indefinite is reviewed annually to determine whether events and circumstances continue to support the indefinite useful life assessment for that asset. If they do not, the change in useful life assessment from indefinite to finite is accounted for prospectively from the date of change and in accordance with the policy for amortisation of intangible assets with finite lives.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2014

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

3. ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS (CONTINUED)

(c) Allowance for bad and doubtful debts

The Group evaluates whether there is any objective evidence that trade and other receivables are impaired as a result of the inability of the customers to make the required payments. Objective evidence of impairment includes observable data that comes to the attention of the Group about one or more of the following loss events:

- significant financial difficulty of the debtor;
- a breach of contract, such as a default or delinquency in interest or principal payments;
- it becoming probable that the debtor will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation; and
- significant changes in the technological, market, economic or legal environment that have an adverse effect on the debtor.

For trade and other receivables carried at amortised cost, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate (i.e. the effective interest rate computed at an initial recognition of these assets), where the effect of discounting is material. The Group first assesses whether objective evidence of impairment exists for financial assets that are individually significant. The assessment is then made collectively for financial assets carried at amortised cost which are not individually significant but share similar credit risk characteristics, and have not been individually assessed as impaired. Future cash flows of financial assets which are assessed for impairment collectively are based on historical loss experience for assets with credit risk characteristics similar to the collective asset group, and ageing profile of the collective asset group.

If in a subsequent period the amount of an impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be linked objectively to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognised, the impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss. A reversal of impairment loss shall not result in the asset's carrying amount exceeding that which would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised in prior years.

(d) Net realisable value of inventories

Net realisable value of inventories is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs to completion and selling expenses. These estimates are based on the current market condition and the historical experience of manufacturing and selling products of a similar nature.

Net realisable value could change significantly as a result of changes in customer preferences and competitor actions in response to market conditions. Management reassesses these estimates at the end of each reporting period.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2014
(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

3. ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS (CONTINUED)

(e) Income taxes

Determining income tax provisions involves judgement on the future tax treatment of certain transactions. The Group carefully evaluates tax implications of transactions and tax provisions are set up accordingly. The tax treatment of such transactions is reconsidered periodically to take into account all changes in tax legislation. Deferred tax assets are recognised for deductible temporary differences and tax losses only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the deferred tax assets can be utilised. As a result, management's judgement is required to assess the probability of future taxable profits. Management reassesses these estimates at the end of each reporting period.

(f) Functional currency

The Company is carrying out its operating activities and making management decisions in Hong Kong and has significant degree of autonomy from its foreign subsidiaries in the way its business is managed. In the opinion of the directors of the Company, the functional currency of the Company is Hong Kong dollars.

4. TURNOVER AND REVENUE

The principal activities of the Group are research and development, manufacturing, sales and distribution of pharmaceutical and vaccine products and provision of marketing and promotion services to suppliers.

Turnover represents the sales value of goods supplied to customers and service income (net of sales tax, value-added tax, commercial discounts and sales returns). The amount of each significant category of revenue recognised in turnover during the year is as follows:

	2014 RMB'000	2013 RMB'000
Sales of pharmaceutical and vaccine products	757,952	613,931
Service income	106,669	140,184
	<u>864,621</u>	<u>754,115</u>

Sales of pharmaceutical and vaccine products are derived from selling pharmaceutical and vaccine products through the Group's three reportable segments as discussed in note 13, whereas service income represents fees received/receivable from the provision of marketing and promotion services by the Group.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

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(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

5. OTHER REVENUE

	2014 RMB'000	2013 RMB'000
Interest income on designated loan	14,934	12,114
Bank interest income	6,032	9,852
Government subsidy income	3,510	2,614
Interest income on held-to-maturity investment	105	–
Sundry income	598	678
	<u>25,179</u>	<u>25,258</u>

Government subsidy income represents government subsidies received by a subsidiary of the Group which operates in the PRC in accordance with the subsidy policy of the local government authority.

6. OTHER NET LOSS

	2014 RMB'000	2013 RMB'000
Net loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	(254)	(16,555)
Net exchange loss	(3,189)	(498)
	<u>(3,443)</u>	<u>(17,053)</u>

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2014
(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

7. PROFIT/(LOSS) BEFORE TAXATION

Profit/(loss) before taxation is arrived at after charging/(crediting):

(a) Finance costs

	2014 RMB'000	2013 RMB'000
Interest on bank and other borrowings	40,574	39,191
Interest on unsecured debentures	40,773	31,133
Bank charges	700	4,879
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Total finance costs	82,047	75,203
Less: Amount capitalised in the cost of qualifying assets	(3,303)	–
	<hr/>	<hr/>
	78,744	75,203
	<hr/> <hr/>	<hr/> <hr/>

The borrowing costs have been capitalised at a rate of 8.5% (2013: nil) per annum.

(b) Staff costs

	2014 RMB'000	2013 RMB'000
Contributions to defined contribution retirement plans	18,584	24,505
Salaries, wages and other benefits	71,658	103,489
Equity-settled share-based payment expenses	470	204
	<hr/>	<hr/>
	90,712	128,198
	<hr/> <hr/>	<hr/> <hr/>

Pursuant to the relevant labour rules and regulations in the PRC, the Group's subsidiaries in the PRC participate in defined contribution retirement schemes (the "Schemes") organised by the relevant local authorities whereby the PRC subsidiaries are required to make contributions to the Schemes at rates which range from 13.5% to 22% (2013: 13.5% to 22%) of the eligible employees' salaries during the year. The relevant local government authorities are responsible for the entire pension obligations payable to retired employees.

The Group also operates a Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme (the "MPF scheme") under the Hong Kong Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance for employees employed under the jurisdiction of the Hong Kong Employment Ordinance. The MPF scheme is a defined contribution retirement plan administered by independent trustees. Under the MPF scheme, the employer and its employees are each required to make contributions to the plan at 5% (2013: 5%) of the employees' relevant income, subject to a cap of monthly relevant income of HK\$30,000 (HK\$25,000 prior to June 2014). Contributions to the MPF scheme vest immediately.

The Group has no other material obligation for payment of pension benefits beyond the annual contributions described above.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2014

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

7. PROFIT/(LOSS) BEFORE TAXATION (CONTINUED)

	Note	2014 RMB'000	2013 RMB'000
(c) Other items			
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	14	16,551	17,681
Amortisation of lease prepayments	14	324	689
Amortisation of intangible assets	15	6,289	8,712
Asset impairment losses:			
– trade debtors	20(b)	8,021	264,863
– deposits and prepayments	20(d)	–	31,994
Auditors' remuneration:			
– audit services			
– provision for the year		1,347	1,440
– under provision in prior year		–	1,709
– non-audit services – taxation		24	23
Operating lease charges in respect of properties		9,028	12,162
Reversal of impairment for trade debtors	20(b)	(29,066)	(22,185)
Reversal of impairment for deposits and prepayments		(831)	–
		<u> </u>	<u> </u>

8. INCOME TAX IN THE CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT

(a) Income tax in the consolidated income statement represents:

	2014 RMB'000	2013 RMB'000
Current tax – PRC Income Tax		
Provision for the year	965	45,111
Under/(over) provision in respect of prior years	850	(2,947)
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
	1,815	42,164
	-----	-----
Deferred tax		
Origination and reversal of temporary differences (note 28(b))	13,425	(21,547)
	-----	-----
Income tax expense	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
	15,240	20,617

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2014
(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

8. INCOME TAX IN THE CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT (CONTINUED)

(b) Reconciliation between actual income tax expense and profit/(loss) before taxation at applicable tax rates:

	2014 RMB'000	2013 RMB'000
Profit/(loss) before taxation	<u>17,327</u>	<u>(652,841)</u>
Notional tax on profit/(loss) before taxation, calculated at the tax rates applicable in the jurisdictions concerned (notes (i) and (ii))	5,577	(157,841)
Tax effect of non-deductible expenses	599	37,431
Tax effect of non-taxable income	(1,357)	(12)
Tax effect of unused tax losses not recognised	28,385	110,620
Tax effect arising from the reversal and origination of other temporary differences	(18,814)	33,366
Under/(over) provision in respect of prior years	<u>850</u>	<u>(2,947)</u>
Actual income tax expense	<u>15,240</u>	<u>20,617</u>

Notes:

- (i) Pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Cayman Islands and the British Virgin Islands ("BVI"), the Group is not subject to any income tax in the Cayman Islands and BVI.
- (ii) The Company's subsidiaries in the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region are subject to Hong Kong Profits Tax at tax rate of 16.5% (2013: 16.5%). No income tax provision is made for the Hong Kong subsidiaries for the years ended 31 December 2014 and 2013, as these subsidiaries either derived no income subject to Hong Kong Profits Tax or sustained tax losses for Hong Kong Profits Tax purposes.

The Company's subsidiaries in PRC are subject to a statutory income tax rate of 25% (2013: 25%), except for the subsidiary which is qualified for High and New Technology Enterprises and would be entitled to enjoy a beneficial tax rate of 15% (2013: 15%).

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9. DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S REMUNERATION

Directors' remuneration disclosed pursuant to section 78 of Schedule 11 to the new Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622), with reference to section 161 of the predecessor Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 32), is as follows:

Year ended 31 December 2014

	Directors' fees	Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind	Discretionary bonuses	Retirement scheme contributions	Equity-settled share-based payment expenses (note)	Total
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Executive director						
Ng Tit [†]	-	4,754	-	-	-	4,754
Chin Yu*	-	-	-	-	-	-
Non-executive directors						
Chin Yu*	-	-	-	-	-	-
Qian Wei	-	-	-	-	-	-
Wang Fan	190	-	-	-	-	190
Hung Leung [^]	-	-	-	-	-	-
Independent non-executive directors						
Patrick Sun	198	-	-	-	-	198
Yue Nien Martin Tang	198	-	-	-	-	198
Lap-Chee Tsui	198	-	-	-	-	198
Total	<u>784</u>	<u>4,754</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>5,538</u>

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9. DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S REMUNERATION (CONTINUED)

Year ended 31 December 2013

	Directors' fees	Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind	Discretionary bonuses	Retirement scheme contributions	Equity-settled share-based payment expenses (note)	Total
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Executive director						
Ng Tit [‡]	–	3,866	1,446	–	–	5,312
Non-executive directors						
Chin Yu	–	–	–	–	–	–
Qian Wei	–	–	–	–	–	–
Wang Fan	188	–	–	–	–	188
Hung Leung	–	–	–	–	–	–
Independent non-executive directors						
Patrick Sun	197	–	–	–	–	197
Yue Nien Martin Tang	197	–	–	–	–	197
Lap-Chee Tsui	197	–	–	–	–	197
Total	779	3,866	1,446	–	–	6,091

[‡] Mr. Ng Tit is a director and the chief executive of the Company.

^{*} Ms. Chin Yu was re-designated from non-executive director to executive director on 1 February 2015

[^] Mr. Hung Leung resigned on 18 September 2014.

Note: These represent the estimated value of share options granted to the directors on the date of grant. The value of these share options is measured according to the Group's accounting policies for share-based payment transactions as set out in note 2(q)(ii).

During the years ended 31 December 2014 and 2013, no amount was paid or payable by the Group to the directors or any of the five highest paid individuals set out in note 10 below as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office.

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10. INDIVIDUALS WITH HIGHEST EMOLUMENTS

Of the five individuals with the highest paid emoluments, 1 Director (2013: 1 Director) is director whose emoluments are disclosed in note 9. The aggregate of the emoluments in respect of the other 4 individuals (2013: 4 individuals) are as follows:

	2014 RMB'000	2013 RMB'000
Salaries and other emoluments	5,104	6,173
Retirement scheme contributions	186	147
Equity-settled share-based payment expenses	–	–
	<u>5,290</u>	<u>6,320</u>

The emoluments of the other four (2013: four) individuals with the highest emoluments are within the following bands:

	2014 Number of individuals	2013 Number of individuals
HK\$500,001 to HK\$1,000,000	–	–
HK\$1,000,001 to HK\$1,500,000	2	–
HK\$1,500,001 to HK\$2,000,000	1	2
HK\$2,000,001 to HK\$2,500,000	1	2
	<u>1</u>	<u>2</u>

11. LOSS ATTRIBUTABLE TO EQUITY HOLDERS OF THE COMPANY

The consolidated loss attributable to equity holders of the Company includes a loss of RMB32,566,000 (2013: loss of RMB672,132,000) which has been dealt with in the financial statements of the Company.

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12. EARNINGS/(LOSS) PER SHARE

(a) Basic earnings/(loss) per share

The calculation of basic earnings/(loss) per share is based on the profit attributable to the equity holders of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2014 of RMB2,087,000 (2013: loss of RMB673,458,000) and the weighted average number of ordinary shares of the Company in issue during the year.

Weighted average number of ordinary shares (basic)

	2014 Number of shares '000	2013 Number of shares '000
At 1 January and 31 December	<u>1,081,957</u>	<u>1,081,957</u>

(b) Diluted earnings/(loss) per share

No adjustment for share options was made in calculating diluted earnings/(loss) per share for both years. For the year ended 31 December 2014, no assumption is made for the exercise of share options because the exercise price of share options exceeded the average market prices of the Company's shares. For the year ended 31 December 2013, the exercise of share options would result in decrease in loss per share. Accordingly, the diluted earnings/(loss) per share is the same as basic earnings/(loss) per share for both years.

13. SEGMENT REPORTING

The Group manages its businesses by business lines. In a manner consistent with the way in which information is reported internally to the Group's most senior executive management for the purposes of resource allocation and performance assessment, the Group has presented the following three reportable segments:

- Third-party pharmaceutical promotion and sales: turnover from selling and marketing third-party manufactured pharmaceutical products to customers and providing marketing and promotion services.
- Proprietary products production and sales: turnover from production and sales of NT branded products and generic drugs through the Company's subsidiary, Suzhou First Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd ("Suzhou First Pharma").
- Third-party vaccines and other pharmaceuticals: this segment includes sales from vaccine promotion, vaccine supply chain and pharmaceutical supply chain. For supply chain business, the turnover is derived from supply chain services for pharmaceutical/vaccine products sold through the Group's supply chain network. Promotion activities of such products are carried out by suppliers but not the Group.

The Group's revenue and profit/loss are derived from sales in the PRC and the principal operating assets employed by the Group are located in the PRC, except that an office property with net book value of RMB24,011,000 as at 31 December 2014 (2013: RMB25,303,000) is located in Hong Kong. Accordingly, no geographical information has been presented.

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13. SEGMENT REPORTING (CONTINUED)

(a) Segment results

For the purposes of assessing segment performance and allocating resources between segments, the Group's most senior executive management, who are also the executive directors of the Company, monitors the results attributable to each reportable segment on the following bases:

Revenue and expenses are allocated to the reportable segments with reference to sales generated by those segments and expenses incurred specifically by those segments.

The measure used for reporting segment profit/loss is "operating profit/loss" which is the profit/loss from operations adjusted for items not specifically attributed to individual segments, such as other revenue, other net income/loss, head office or corporate administration expenses.

Information regarding the Group's reportable segments as provided to the Group's most senior executive management for the purposes of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance for the years ended 31 December 2014 and 2013 is set out below.

	Third-party pharmaceutical promotion and sales		Proprietary products production and sales		Third-party vaccines and other pharmaceuticals		Total	
	2014	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Reportable segment								
revenue	706,425	618,439	157,404	126,836	792	8,840	864,621	754,115
Cost of sales	(389,580)	(387,995)	(81,010)	(65,010)	(2,690)	(12,142)	(473,280)	(465,147)
Reportable segment gross profit/(loss)	316,845	230,444	76,394	61,826	(1,898)	(3,302)	391,341	288,968
Reportable segment operating profit/(loss)	65,786	(91,029)	35,202	18,638	17,872	(407,710)	118,860	(480,101)
Reversal of trade receivables	4,016	22,185	-	-	25,050	-	29,066	22,185
Depreciation and amortisation for the year	7,464	5,127	10,283	13,523	211	958	17,958	19,608

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13. SEGMENT REPORTING (CONTINUED)

(a) Segment results (Continued)

Segment revenue reported above represents revenue generated from external customers. There are no inter-segment sales in the current year (2013: Nil).

(b) Reconciliations of reportable segment revenue and profit or loss

	2014 RMB'000	2013 RMB'000
Revenue		
Reportable segment total revenue and consolidated revenue	864,621	754,115
Profit/(loss)		
Reportable segment operating profit/(loss)	118,860	(480,101)
Unallocated head office and corporate expenses	(44,479)	(104,051)
Fair value loss on embedded derivatives of unsecured debenture	(46)	(1,691)
Other revenue	25,179	25,258
Other net loss	(3,443)	(17,053)
Finance costs	(78,744)	(75,203)
Consolidated profit/(loss) before taxation	17,327	(652,841)

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13. SEGMENT REPORTING (CONTINUED)

(c) Business restructuring costs

As described in note 1, the Group underwent a major business restructuring exercise commencing the second quarter of 2012. The restructuring exercise continued to impact the financial results of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2013. A summary of financial impact is summarised as follows:

	Third-party pharmaceutical promotion and sales		Third-party vaccines and other pharmaceuticals		Total	
	2014 RMB'000	2013 RMB'000	2014 RMB'000	2013 RMB'000	2014 RMB'000	2013 RMB'000
Revenue	-	618,439	-	8,840	-	627,279
Cost of sales	-	(387,995)	-	(12,142)	-	(400,137)
Reportable segment gross profit	-	230,444	-	(3,302)	-	227,142
Other operating expenses	-	(275,808)	-	(43,975)	-	(319,783)
Business restructuring costs						
- write-down of inventories (note 19(b))	-	(45,665)	-	(70,216)	-	(115,881)
- impairment of trade receivables (note 20(b))	-	-	-	(258,223)	-	(258,223)
- impairment of deposits and prepayments	-	-	-	(31,994)	-	(31,994)
Sub-total	-	(45,665)	-	(360,433)	-	(406,098)
Total operating loss	-	(91,029)	-	(407,710)	-	(498,739)

The above restructuring costs and operating loss for the third-party vaccine and other pharmaceuticals segment included RMB258,223,000 of impairment loss on trade receivables related to the vaccine business for the year ended 31 December 2013. Since deciding to gradually exit from the low-margin vaccine business in the second quarter of 2012 and downsize the vaccine sales and promotion team, the Group has devoted considerable resources to collect the trade receivables related to the vaccine business. A dedicated team was formed to focus on chasing debts from vaccine customers all across China. To enhance the effectiveness of debt collection efforts, the Group also engaged a pharmaceutical logistics company in China as an agent to collect some of the receivable balances.

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13. SEGMENT REPORTING (CONTINUED)

(c) Business restructuring costs (Continued)

However, the Group encountered a lot more difficulties than anticipated in the debt collection process, especially when the Group started to discontinue the distribution and promotion agreements for an increasing number of vaccine products and ceased to conduct vaccine promotional activities. The Group's decision of exiting from the vaccine business and ceasing to conduct promotional activities has left the customers with a sense of higher business risks and as a result many of them delayed payments or even defaulted on their payment obligations. Therefore, a further impairment on accounts receivables of RMB258,223,000 was provided for the year ended 31 December 2013. In addition to impairment of accounts receivables, the business restructuring exercise for the third party vaccine and other pharmaceutical segment led to further write downs including expired inventories of RMB70,216,000 and unrecoverable deposits of RMB31,994,000 for the year ended 31 December 2013.

Since the residual issues of the major restructuring exercise carried out in 2012 had largely been dealt with during the year ended 31 December 2013, no such restructuring cost was incurred during the year ended 31 December 2014.

(d) Information from major customers

No individual customer had transactions which contributed 10% or more of the Group's revenue for the year ended 31 December 2014. For the year ended 31 December 2013, revenue from third-party pharmaceutical promotion and sales with one customer had exceeded 10% of the Group's revenue. Revenue from this customer amounted to RMB274,697,000 for the year ended 31 December 2013.

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14. FIXED ASSETS

The Group

	Land and buildings held for own use under finance lease RMB'000	Plant and machinery RMB'000	Leasehold improvements RMB'000	Furniture, fixture and office equipment RMB'000	Motor vehicles RMB'000	Construction in progress RMB'000	Sub-total RMB'000	Interests in leasehold land held for own use under operating leases RMB'000	Total RMB'000
Cost:									
At 1 January 2014	176,185	47,808	17,089	7,740	6,581	3,957	259,360	16,980	276,340
Exchange adjustments	97	–	9	(14)	4	–	96	–	96
Additions	277	1,989	458	44	–	89,122	91,890	24,800	116,690
Disposals	–	(2,301)	(7,378)	(1,185)	(63)	–	(10,927)	–	(10,927)
At 31 December 2014	176,559	47,496	10,178	6,585	6,522	93,079	340,419	41,780	382,199
Accumulated depreciation and amortisation:									
At 1 January 2014	28,229	18,221	14,483	4,959	4,279	–	70,171	2,162	72,333
Exchange adjustments	46	–	(67)	2	5	–	(14)	–	(14)
Charge for the year	8,022	4,490	2,594	805	640	–	16,551	793	17,344
Written back on disposal	–	(2,069)	(7,378)	(948)	(16)	–	(10,411)	–	(10,411)
At 31 December 2014	36,297	20,642	9,632	4,818	4,908	–	76,297	2,955	79,252
Net book value:									
At 31 December 2014	140,262	26,854	546	1,767	1,614	93,079	264,122	38,825	302,947

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14. FIXED ASSETS (CONTINUED)

The Group

	Land and buildings held for own use under finance lease RMB'000	Plant and machinery RMB'000	Leasehold improvements RMB'000	Furniture, fixture and office equipment RMB'000	Motor vehicles RMB'000	Construction in progress RMB'000	Sub-total RMB'000	Interests in leasehold land held for own use under operating leases RMB'000	Total RMB'000
Cost:									
At 1 January 2013	175,870	47,806	16,885	7,354	6,798	33,486	288,199	33,706	321,905
Exchange adjustments	(862)	–	(37)	(17)	(53)	–	(969)	–	(969)
Additions	1,177	1,599	241	454	472	4,381	8,324	801	9,125
Disposals	–	(1,597)	–	(51)	(636)	(33,910)	(36,194)	(17,527)	(53,721)
At 31 December 2013	176,185	47,808	17,089	7,740	6,581	3,957	259,360	16,980	276,340
Accumulated depreciation and amortisation:									
At 1 January 2013	19,674	15,712	10,750	4,131	4,183	–	54,450	2,756	57,206
Exchange adjustments	(45)	–	(6)	(10)	(53)	–	(114)	–	(114)
Charge for the year	8,600	3,900	3,739	849	593	–	17,681	689	18,370
Written back on disposal	–	(1,391)	–	(11)	(444)	–	(1,846)	(1,283)	(3,129)
At 31 December 2013	28,229	18,221	14,483	4,959	4,279	–	70,171	2,162	72,333
Net book value:									
At 31 December 2013	147,956	29,587	2,606	2,781	2,302	3,957	189,189	14,818	204,007

- (a) Interests in leasehold land held for own use under operating leases represent land use rights under medium term leases in the PRC. As at 31 December 2014, the remaining period of the land use rights ranged from 36 to 49 years (2013: 37 to 44 years).
- (b) As at 31 December 2014, certain banking facilities of the Group were secured by an office property of the Group held for own use with a net book value amounting of RMB24,011,000 (2013: RMB25,303,000). Such property is located in Hong Kong under long-term land lease (note 26).
- (c) During the year, the Group capitalised borrowing costs amounting to RMB3,303,000 (2013: Nil) on qualifying assets. Borrowing costs were capitalised at the weighted average rate of 8.5% (2013: Nil) per annum.
- (d) The amortisation charges of the lease prepayments during the years ended 31 December 2014 and 2013 are included in “administrative expenses” for RMB324,000 (2013: RMB689,000) in the consolidated income statement. Amortisation included in prepayments amounted to RMB469,000 (2013: Nil) because the new factory of Jiangsu NT Biopharma Co., Ltd. (泰凌生物制藥江蘇有限公司) is still under construction and is not ready for commercial production.

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15. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

The Group

	Trademarks RMB'000	New medicine protection rights RMB'000	GSP licence RMB'000	Exclusive agency rights RMB'000	Club memberships RMB'000	Computer software RMB'000	Intellectual property rights RMB'000	Total RMB'000
Cost:								
At 1 January 2013	7,283	9,330	7,030	50,000	1,126	5,494	–	80,263
Additions	–	–	–	–	–	52	30,500	30,552
Exchange adjustments	–	–	–	–	(33)	–	–	(33)
At 31 December 2013 and 1 January 2014	7,283	9,330	7,030	50,000	1,093	5,546	30,500	110,782
Additions	–	–	–	–	–	587	4,218	4,805
Exchange adjustments	–	–	–	–	3	–	–	3
At 31 December 2014	7,283	9,330	7,030	50,000	1,096	6,133	34,718	115,590
Accumulated amortisation and impairment								
At 1 January 2013	5,096	9,330	–	39,167	–	3,656	–	57,249
Charge for the year	730	–	–	5,000	–	574	2,408	8,712
At 31 December 2013 and 1 January 2014	5,826	9,330	–	44,167	–	4,230	2,408	65,961
Charge for the year	728	–	–	5,000	–	561	4,816	11,105
At 31 December 2014	6,554	9,330	–	49,167	–	4,791	7,224	77,066
Net book value:								
At 31 December 2014	729	–	7,030	833	1,096	1,342	27,494	38,524
At 31 December 2013	1,457	–	7,030	5,833	1,093	1,316	28,092	44,821

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15. INTANGIBLE ASSETS (CONTINUED)

The Group

- (a) GSP licence represents protection right of Good Supply Practice Licence issued by Food and Drugs Administration held by NT Tongzhou Pharma (SH) Co., Ltd. with indefinite useful life. Management has assessed the recoverable amount of GSP licence and determined that the GSP licence had not been impaired as at 31 December 2014 and 2013. The directors are of the opinion that the carrying amount of the GSP licence will be recovered through the future sales of pharmaceutical products to the joint venture established under the agreement made with Sinopharm Nutraceuticals (Shanghai) Co., Ltd dated 2 February 2015.
- (b) Exclusive agency rights represent agency fees of RMB30 million and RMB20 million prepaid to suppliers to secure the PRC distribution rights of 10 years and 4 years for two pharmaceutical products, respectively. These exclusive agency rights were amortised on a straight-line basis over their respective useful lives, being the period of agency rights. By the end of 2012, the Group decided to terminate a herbal dermatological product as a consequence of surging raw materials cost and relinquished the exclusive agency right. A full impairment loss of RMB17,000,000 was provided accordingly for the remaining book value of the exclusive agency right, and was charged to business restructuring costs in the consolidated income statement for the year ended 31 December 2012.
- (c) Club memberships represent the rights granted to use the club facilities over an indefinite period of time. Accordingly, no amortisation has been charged to profit or loss during the years ended 31 December 2014 and 2013.
- (d) Intellectual property rights represent patents, know-how and trademarks in relation to Xi Di Ke. Xi Di Ke is the commercial name of an uroacitides injection formula and a unique national class 1 new drug approved by the SFDA for the treatment of malignant lung and breast tumors. The directors are of the opinion that the carrying amount of the intellectual property rights will be recovered through expanding sales of the Group's product portfolio.
- (e) The amortisation charges during the years ended 31 December 2014 and 2013 are included in "selling and distribution expenses" for RMB5,728,000 (2013: RMB8,138,000) and "administrative expenses" for RMB561,000 (2013: RMB574,000) in the consolidated income statement. Amortisation included in prepayments amounted to RMB4,816,000 (2013: Nil) as at 31 December 2014 because the intellectual property rights are not yet ready for commercial use in the production while the new factory of Jiangsu NT Biopharma Co., Ltd. (泰凌生物制藥江蘇有限公司) is still under construction.

16. PREPAYMENTS FOR PROPOSED ESTABLISHMENT OF AN ASSOCIATE

The balance as at 31 December 2013 represented prepayment for establishment of an associate. The prepayment of RMB16,000,000 was subsequently refunded upon the termination of the cooperation agreement during the year.

17. GOODWILL

The goodwill of RMB1,250,000 was derived from prior year business acquisitions of NT Tongzhou (BJ) Pharma Co., Ltd. and NT Tongzhou Pharma (SH) Co., Ltd. and was allocated to the vaccine promotion and sales business segment in previous years. In 2012, in light of the business decision to gradually exit from the vaccine business, the directors are of the opinion that no significant future benefits are expected to be generated from the asset. A full impairment of the goodwill was therefore provided during the year ended 31 December 2012.

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18. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES

	The Company	
	2014	2013
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Unlisted shares, at cost	402,984	401,605
Amounts due from subsidiaries (note (a))	816,595	815,996
Impairment loss (note (b))	(1,125,714)	(1,093,759)
	<u>93,865</u>	<u>123,842</u>

Notes:

- (a) The amounts due from subsidiaries are unsecured, interest-free and are accounted for as equity contribution by the Company to provide for capital for these subsidiaries as they will not be demanded for repayment.
- (b) In light of significant losses made by certain subsidiaries, the directors of the Company determined that objective evidence of impairment existed as at 31 December 2014. An impairment loss of RMB31,072,000 (2013: RMB635,157,000) is provided for the year ended 31 December 2014.
- (c) The following list contains only the particulars of subsidiaries which principally affected the results, assets or liabilities of the Group. The class of shares held is ordinary unless otherwise stated.

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18. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (CONTINUED)

Name of company	Place of incorporation and business	Particulars of issued and paid up/ registered capital	Proportion of ownership interest			Principal activities
			Group's effective interest	Held by the Company	Held by a subsidiary	
NT Pharma (Group) Co., Ltd.	BVI	9 shares of US\$1 each	100%	100%	–	Investment holding
Kimford Investment Limited (“Kimford”)	BVI	1 share of US\$1	100%	–	100%	Investment holding
Goldwise Resources Limited	BVI	1 share of US\$1	100%	–	100%	Investment holding
Tai Ning Pharmaceutical (Investment) Company Limited	BVI	1 share of US\$1	100%	–	100%	Investment holding
Farbo Investment Limited	BVI	1 share of US\$1	100%	–	100%	Investment holding
Humford Limited	BVI	1 share of US\$1	100%	–	100%	Investment holding
NTP (China) Investment Co., Limited	Hong Kong	15,000,000 shares	100%	–	100%	Investment holding
NT Pharma (HK) Limited	Hong Kong	2 shares	100%	–	100%	Trading of prescription medicines
NT Pharma (SH) Co., Ltd. (泰凌醫藥貿易(上海)有限公司) (note (i))	PRC	US\$2,000,000	100%	–	100%	Sales of prescription medicines
NT Tongzhou (BJ) Pharma Co., Ltd. (泰凌同舟(北京)醫藥有限公司) (note (i))	PRC	RMB10,000,000	100%	–	100%	Sales of prescription medicines and vaccines
Guangdong NT Pharma Co., Ltd. (廣東泰凌醫藥有限公司) (note (i))	PRC	RMB20,000,000	100%	–	100%	Sales of prescription medicines and vaccines
NT Tongzhou Pharma Consulting (SH) Co., Ltd. (泰凌同舟醫藥諮詢(上海)有限公司) (note (i))	PRC	US\$3,370,000	100%	–	100%	Provision of logistics and consulting services

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18. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (CONTINUED)

Name of company	Place of incorporation and business	Particulars of issued and paid up/ registered capital	Proportion of ownership interest			Principal activities
			Group's effective interest	Held by the Company	Held by a subsidiary	
Hainan Tai Ling Medical Information Consulting Co., Ltd. (海南泰靈醫藥信息諮詢有限公司) (formerly known as Hainan NT Biologicals Co., Ltd, 前稱為海南泰凌生物製品有限公司) (note (i))	PRC	RMB100,000,000	100%	–	100%	Sales of vaccines
NT Tongzhou Pharma (SH) Co., Ltd. (泰凌同舟醫藥(上海)有限公司) (note (i))	PRC	RMB50,000,000	100%	–	100%	Sales of prescription medicines and vaccines
Suzhou First Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd. ("Suzhou First Pharma") (蘇州第壹醫藥有限公司) (notes (i))	PRC	RMB55,625,000	100%	–	100%	Manufacturing of prescription medicines
NT Pharma (China) Co., Ltd. (泰凌醫藥(中國)有限公司) (note (i))	PRC	US\$11,851,400	100%	–	100%	Dormant
NT Pharma (Jiangsu) Co., Ltd. (泰凌醫藥(江蘇)有限公司) (note (i))	PRC	RMB276,600,000	100%	–	100%	Sales of prescription medicines and vaccines
NT Pharma Information Consulting (SH) Co., Ltd. (泰凌醫藥信息諮詢(上海)有限公司) (note (i))	PRC	US\$500,000	100%	–	100%	Provision of consulting services
NT (Jiangsu) Biotechnology Co., Ltd. (泰凌(江蘇)生物科技有限公司) (note (i))	PRC	US\$30,070,000	100%	–	100%	Investment holding

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18. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (CONTINUED)

Name of company	Place of incorporation and business	Particulars of issued and paid up/ registered capital	Proportion of ownership interest			Principal activities
			Group's effective interest	Held by the Company	Held by a subsidiary	
NTP (China) Investment Co., Ltd. (泰凌 (中國) 投資有限公司) (note (i))	PRC	US\$17,113,580	100%	–	100%	Provision of consulting services
Jiangsu NT Biopharma Co., Ltd. (泰凌生物制藥江蘇有限公司) (notes (i) and (iii))	PRC	RMB98,010,123	100%	–	100%	Research and development of prescription medicines and vaccines
Shanghai Tai Ling Enterprise Management Consulting Co., Ltd. (上海泰靈企業管理諮詢有限公司)* (note (i))	PRC	RMB 2,000,000	100%	–	100%	Provision of consulting services

* Incorporated during the year ended 31 December 2014

Notes:

- (i) The English translation of the company names is for reference only. The official names of these entities are in Chinese.
- (ii) The Group has no subsidiaries which have material non-controlling interests for the years ended 31 December 2014 and 2013.
- (iii) Based on an agreement dated 26 March 2013, made between the Company and 泰州醫藥高新技術產業園區管委會 (an independent third party), the registered capital of Jiangsu NT Biopharma Co., Ltd shall be RMB170,000,000, of which, RMB100,000,000 in cash and RMB50,000,000 in form of the Group's certain intellectual property rights and the registered trademark of Xi Di Ke shall be contributed by the Company, and RMB20,000,000 in cash shall be contributed by 泰州健鑫創業資有限公司 ("泰州健鑫"), a subsidiary of 泰州醫藥高新技術產業園區管委會. At the end of both reporting periods, the Company has contributed cash of RMB98,010,123 (2013: RMB20,010,000) as paid-up capital of Jiangsu NT Biopharma Co., Ltd, but the Company has not yet completed the procedures for contributing the Group's intellectual property rights and the trademark of Xi Di Ke to Jiangsu NT Biopharma Co., Ltd and 泰州健鑫 has not yet paid up its capital contribution of RMB20,000,000 in cash and accordingly, Jiangsu NT Biopharma Co., Ltd has been regarded as an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company as at 31 December 2014 and 2013. In addition, in accordance with above-mentioned agreement, the Company shall have a right to purchase all the remaining 11.67% of the equity interest in Jiangsu NT Biopharma Co., Ltd from 泰州健鑫 at terms to be agreed.

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19. INVENTORIES

(a) Inventories in the consolidated statement of financial position comprise:

	The Group	
	2014	2013
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Raw materials	11,646	11,109
Work in progress	1,442	2,339
Finished goods	71,152	118,961
	84,240	132,409
	84,240	132,409

(b) The analysis of the amount of inventories recognised as an expense and included in profit or loss is as follows:

	2014	2013
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Carrying amount of inventories sold (note (i)), net of write-down	468,608	304,979
Write-down of inventory in normal course of business	4,672	44,287
Write-down of inventory due to business restructuring	–	115,881
	473,280	465,147
	473,280	465,147

Notes:

- (i) Cost of inventories sold includes RMB34,832,000 (2013: RMB34,358,000) relating to staff costs, depreciation and amortisation expenses, which amount is also included in the respective total amounts disclosed separately for each of these types of expenses in note 7(b) and (c) above, and raw materials of RMB2,098,000 (2013: RMB1,525,000).

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20. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

	The Group		The Company	
	2014	2013	2014	2013
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Trade debtors and bills receivable	851,669	718,423	–	–
Less: Allowance for doubtful debts (note (b))	(599,339)	(620,384)	–	–
	<u>252,330</u>	<u>98,039</u>	<u>–</u>	<u>–</u>
Deposits, prepayments and other receivables (note (d))	151,294	200,191	534	541
	<u>403,624</u>	<u>298,230</u>	<u>534</u>	<u>541</u>

All of the trade and other receivables are expected to be recovered or recognised as expenses within one year.

As at 31 December 2014, certain banking facilities of the Group were secured by the Group's trade and other receivables amounting to Nil (2013: RMB15,400,000) (note 26).

(a) Ageing analysis

Ageing analysis of trade debtors and bills receivable (net of allowance for doubtful debts), based on the billing date of invoice, is as follows:

	The Group	
	2014	2013
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Within 3 months	211,563	21,778
More than 3 months but within 6 months	2,465	13,383
More than 6 months but within 1 year	20,254	13,411
More than 1 year but within 2 years	18,048	49,467
More than 2 years	–	–
	<u>252,330</u>	<u>98,039</u>

Ageing analysis of trade debtors and bills receivable (net of allowance for doubtful debts), based on payment due date, is as follows:

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20. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (CONTINUED)

(a) Ageing analysis (Continued)

	The Group-2014		
	Non-vaccine RMB'000	Vaccine RMB'000	Total RMB'000
Not past due	96,924	–	96,924
Less than 3 months past due	118,387	–	118,387
More than 3 months but less than 6 months past due	6,860	–	6,860
More than 6 months but less than 1 year past due	16,220	–	16,220
More than 1 year but less than 2 years past due	13,939	–	13,939
	<u>252,330</u>	<u>–</u>	<u>252,330</u>
	The Group-2013		
	Non-vaccine RMB'000	Vaccine RMB'000	Total RMB'000
Not past due	15,478	–	15,478
Less than 3 months past due	21,362	–	21,362
More than 3 months but less than 6 months past due	11,404	–	11,404
More than 6 months but less than 1 year past due	33,268	–	33,268
More than 1 year but less than 2 years past due	16,527	–	16,527
	<u>98,039</u>	<u>–</u>	<u>98,039</u>

Trade debtors are normally due within 30 to 240 days from the date of billing. Further details of the Group's credit policy are set out in note 33(a).

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20. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (CONTINUED)

(b) Impairment of trade debtors

The movement in the allowance for doubtful debts during the year, including both specific and collective loss components, is as follows:

	The Group	
	2014 RMB'000	2013 RMB'000
At 1 January	620,384	377,706
Impairment loss recognised during the year		
– Vaccine	–	258,223
– Non-vaccine	8,021	6,640
	8,021	264,863
Reversal of impairment	(29,066)	(22,185)
	599,339	620,384
At 31 December	599,339	620,384

Impairment losses in respect of trade debtors and bills receivable was recorded using an allowance account unless the Group is satisfied that recovery of the amount is remote, in which case the impairment loss is written off against trade debtors and bills receivable directly (note 2(j)(i)).

As at 31 December 2014, the Group performed an individual credit evaluation on all vaccine debtors. These evaluations considered the debtor's background, financial strengths, repayment status during and after 2014, and other specific circumstances with the debtors. As a result of the evaluation exercise based on the information available and current circumstances at 31 December 2014, the Group recorded impairment provision of RMB577,106,000 (2013: RMB602,156,000) against the gross receivables balance from customers of the vaccine business which were overdue for more than one year and brought forward from 31 December 2013, and a reversal of impairment of RMB25,050,000 (2013: Nil) was credited to the consolidated income statement for the year ended 31 December 2014. In respect of non-vaccine business related trade receivables, allowance for doubtful debts of RMB22,233,000 (2013: RMB18,228,000) was recognised against the gross receivable balance of RMB274,563,000 (2013: RMB116,267,000) as at 31 December 2014 and a reversal of impairment of non-vaccine trade receivables of RMB4,016,000 (2013: Nil) was credited to the consolidated income statement for the year ended 31 December 2014.

As at 31 December 2014, the Group's trade debtors and bill receivables of RMB599,339,000 (2013: RMB620,384,000) were individually determined to be impaired. The individually impaired receivables related to customers that were in financial difficulties and management assessed that only a portion of the receivables is expected to be recovered. Consequently, specific allowance for doubtful debts of RMB8,021,000 (2013: RMB264,863,000) was recognised to the consolidated income statement for the year ended 31 December 2014.

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20. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (CONTINUED)

(c) Trade debtors and bills receivable that are not impaired

The ageing analysis of trade debtors and bills receivable that are neither individually nor collectively considered to be impaired are as follows:

	The Group	
	2014 RMB'000	2013 RMB'000
Neither past due nor impaired	96,924	15,478
Less than 3 months past due	99,657	13,734
More than 3 months but less than 6 months past due	6,570	10,531
More than 6 months past due	27,604	38,463
	133,831	62,728
	230,755	78,206

Receivables that were neither past due nor impaired relate to a wide range of customers for whom there was no recent history of default. Receivables that were past due but not impaired included balances of RMB 133,831,000 (2013: RMB62,729,000) in respect of non-vaccine business. These non-vaccine receivables relate to a number of independent customers that have demonstrated a consistent track record of repayment with the Group. Based on past experience, management believes that no impairment allowance is necessary in respect of these balances as there has not been any significant change in their credit quality and the balances are still considered to be fully recoverable. The non-vaccine receivables that were past due but not impaired represent management's assessment of the recoverability of the individual balances based on information available and current circumstances.

The Group does not hold any collateral over non-vaccine related receivable balances.

(d) Deposits, prepayments and other receivables

	The Group		The Company	
	2014 RMB'000	2013 RMB'000	2014 RMB'000	2013 RMB'000
VAT recoverable	55,051	76,362	-	-
Prepayments	48,464	43,545	534	541
Advances paid to suppliers	44,482	77,164	-	-
Rental and other deposits	3,297	3,120	-	-
	151,294	200,191	534	541
	151,294	200,191	534	541

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20. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (CONTINUED)

(d) Deposits, prepayments and other receivables (Continued)

As at 31 December 2013, the balance of deposits and prepayments was net of a provision for impairment of RMB31,994,000 due to business restructuring (note 13(c)).

21. DESIGNATED LOANS

The designated loans of RMB147,114,000 represented the aggregate amount of loans made to Taizhou East China Medical City Holding Group, Ltd by the Group through the Bank of Shanghai Co., Limited. The loans had a maturity date of 31 December 2014 and an interest rate of 10.97% per annum and were fully settled on 31 December 2014.

22. HELD-TO-MATURITY INVESTMENT

The held-to-maturity investment represented investment in financial product managed by a bank in the PRC, which were carried at amortised cost and subsequently redeemed upon its maturity on 9 February 2015.

23. PLEDGED BANK DEPOSITS

Bank deposits of the Group of RMB210,952,000 (2013: RMB260,063,000) were pledged to banks to secure certain bank loans (note 26) and bank accepted bills amounting to RMB408,080,000 (2013: RMB352,734,000) (note 25) as at 31 December 2014.

24. CASH AT BANKS AND IN HAND

	The Group		The Company	
	2014	2013	2014	2013
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Cash at banks and in hand	<u>346,062</u>	<u>229,239</u>	<u>48,542</u>	<u>48,909</u>

As at 31 December 2014, the Group's cash and bank balances placed with banks in the PRC amounted to RMB295,962,000 (2013: RMB155,198,000). Remittance of funds out of the PRC is subject to exchange restrictions imposed by the PRC government.

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25. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

	The Group		The Company	
	2014	2013	2014	2013
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Trade creditors	66,737	81,472	–	–
Bills payable (note (a))	408,080	352,734	–	–
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
Total trade creditors and bills payable (note (b))	474,817	434,206	–	–
Receipts in advance from customers	16,437	21,917	–	–
Accrued promotion expenses	51,999	72,760	–	–
Accrued staff costs	4,904	11,906	–	–
Other payables and accruals	22,244	35,327	1,452	–
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
	570,401	576,116	1,452	–

All of the trade and other payables are expected to be settled within one year or are repayable on demand.

Notes:

- (a) As at 31 December 2014, the bills payable were secured by the bank deposits of RMB177,952,000 (2013: RMB227,063,000).
- (b) Aging analysis of trade creditors and bills payable based on the billing date of invoices is as follows:

	The Group	
	2014	2013
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Within 3 months	63,600	14,398
More than 3 months but within 6 months	403,366	352,807
More than 6 months but within 1 year	469	523
More than 1 year	7,382	66,478
	<hr/>	<hr/>
	474,817	434,206

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26. BANK LOANS

As at 31 December 2014, the bank loans comprised:

	The Group	
	2014 RMB'000	2013 RMB'000
Bank loans-repayable within 1 year or on demand		
– Secured	200,261	106,957
– Unsecured	–	178,500
	200,261	285,457

At 31 December 2014, the Group had banking facilities of RMB229,328,000 (2013: RMB570,542,000), which were utilised to the extent of RMB200,261,000 (2013: RMB106,957,000). The banking facilities were secured by certain assets of the Group as set out below:

	The Group	
	2014 RMB'000	2013 RMB'000
Fixed assets	24,011	25,303
Trade and other receivables	–	15,400
Pledged bank deposits	33,000	33,000
	57,011	73,703

As at 31 December 2014, certain banking facilities of the Group amounting to RMB300,000,000 (2013: RMB300,000,000) were guaranteed by a company controlled by a municipal government in the PRC. As at 31 December 2014, there is no financial covenant related to the above banking facilities.

Details of the Group's interest rate risk are set out in note 33(c).

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27. UNSECURED DEBENTURES

- (a) In April 2012, the Group's PRC subsidiary, Suzhou First Pharma joined a "Small and Medium Enterprises of Suzhou Industrial Park Collective Bonds Issuance" project sponsored by a Chinese commercial bank. Under this project, Suzhou First Pharma issued an unsecured debenture of RMB20,000,000 with a maturity period of three years from 27 April 2013 to 26 April 2015. The debenture carries a fixed annual interest rate of 7.5%. The interest is payable annually on 26 April.
- (b) In February 2013, the Group's PRC subsidiary, NT Pharma (Jiangsu) Co., Ltd., issued a RMB300,000,000 local SME Private Debt, which was regulated and approved by Shanghai Stock Exchange. The coupon interest rate of the debt is 9.5% per annum. The debt had a maturity period of three years with the debt holder having an option to redeem the debt at face value after two years. The debt was guaranteed by a company controlled by municipal government in the PRC and was subsequently repaid on 28 January 2015.

The movements of the liability and derivatives components of the unsecured debenture during the year are set out below:

	Embedded derivatives at fair value through profit or loss RMB'000	The Group Liability component at amortised cost basis RMB'000	Total RMB'000
At 1 January 2013	–	–	–
Proceeds received	1,573	286,677	288,250
Interest charged to profit or loss	–	29,632	29,632
Change in fair value	1,691	–	1,691
	<u>3,264</u>	<u>316,309</u>	<u>319,573</u>
At 31 December 2013			
Analysed as:			
As non-current liabilities	3,264	286,677	289,941
As current liabilities	–	29,632	29,632
	<u>3,264</u>	<u>316,309</u>	<u>319,573</u>
At 1 January 2014	3,264	316,309	319,573
Repayment of interest	–	(28,500)	(28,500)
Interest charged to profit or loss	–	32,862	32,862
Change in fair value	46	–	46
	<u>3,310</u>	<u>320,671</u>	<u>323,981</u>
At 31 December 2014			
Analysed as:			
As non-current liabilities	–	–	–
As current liabilities	3,310	320,671	323,981
	<u>3,310</u>	<u>320,671</u>	<u>323,981</u>

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27. UNSECURED DEBENTURES (CONTINUED)

- (c) In May 2014, the Group's PRC subsidiary, Suzhou First Pharma issued a RMB120,000,000 non-publicly traded debenture, which is regulated and approved by the Shanghai Stock Exchange, to a qualified institutional investor. The debenture of RMB120,000,000 with a maturity period of two years from 23 May 2014 to 22 May 2016. The debenture carries a fixed annual interest rate of 8.5% per annum and the interest is payable quarterly on 23 February, 23 May, 23 August and 23 November every year.

28. INCOME TAX IN THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

- (a) Current taxation in the consolidated statement of financial position represents:

	The Group	
	2014 RMB'000	2013 RMB'000
Provision for Hong Kong Profits Tax	2,417	2,417
Provision for PRC income tax	12,561	28,413
	14,978	30,830

- (b) Deferred tax assets and liabilities recognised:

The Group

The components of deferred tax assets/(liabilities) recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position and the movements during the year are as follows:

	Revaluation of assets arising from acquisition of business RMB'000	Provisions for asset impairment RMB'000	Tax losses RMB'000	Total RMB'000
At 1 January 2013	(1,053)	88,398	–	87,345
Credited to profit or loss	182	21,365	–	21,547
	(871)	109,763	–	108,892
At 31 December 2013	(871)	109,763	–	108,892
At 1 January 2014	(871)	109,763	–	108,892
Credited/(charged) to profit or loss	255	(13,680)	–	(13,425)
	(616)	96,083	–	95,467
At 31 December 2014	(616)	96,083	–	95,467

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28. INCOME TAX IN THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (CONTINUED)

(b) Deferred tax assets and liabilities recognised: (Continued)

Reconciliation to the consolidated statement of financial position

	The Group	
	2014 RMB'000	2013 RMB'000
Net deferred tax assets recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position	96,083	109,763
Net deferred tax liabilities recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position	(616)	(871)
	95,467	108,892

(c) Deferred tax assets not recognised

In accordance with the accounting policy set out in note 2(r), the Group did not recognise deferred tax assets in respect of unused tax losses of certain subsidiaries amounting to RMB1,216,297,000 (2013: RMB1,113,922,000) and other temporary differences amounting to RMB494,993,000 (2013: RMB541,967,000) as at 31 December 2014. The directors consider it is not probable that future taxable profits will be available to utilise these deferred tax assets. The tax losses will expire in following years:

	The Group	
	2014 RMB'000	2013 RMB'000
2014	–	3,600
2015	43,026	43,026
2016	14,561	14,561
2017	572,719	572,719
2018	480,016	480,016
2019	105,975	–
	1,216,297	1,113,922

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28. INCOME TAX IN THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (CONTINUED)

(d) Deferred tax liabilities not recognised

No deferred tax liabilities in respect of undistributed profits of PRC subsidiaries have been provided as the Group controls the dividend policy of these subsidiaries and has no plans to distribute profits that are subject to PRC dividend withholding tax in the foreseeable future.

As at 31 December 2014, the aggregate amounts of undistributed profits of the Group's PRC subsidiaries in respect of which the Group did not provide for dividend withholding tax were approximately RMB162,991,000 (2013: RMB167,347,000).

29. GOVERNMENT GRANT RECEIVED

The Group has received a government grant of RMB22,216,000 from the PRC government authority for subsidising the Group for the acquisition of a piece of land for constructing pharmaceutical plants in the PRC. The government grant is subject to certain conditions to be complied with by the Group. The government grant will be amortised and credited to profit or loss, on a straight line basis, over the remaining useful life of the related land. Since the construction of the new pharmaceutical plant on the land is still in progress and the amortisation of the land cost has not yet been commenced, no recognition of such grant as income in profit or loss for the year ended 31 December 2014.

30. EQUITY-SETTLED SHARE-BASED TRANSACTIONS

NT Pharma Holdings Company Limited ("NT Holdings") operated a share option scheme which was adopted on 18 September 2009 ("2009 Share Option Scheme"). Under the scheme, certain employees of the Group may be granted share options to acquire the shares in NT Holdings. The options vest after one to three years from the date of grant and are exercisable within ten years after the date of grant. Each option gives the holder the right to subscribe for one ordinary share in NT Holdings.

On 7 April 2011, the directors of NT Holdings terminated the 2009 Share Option Scheme and the directors of the Company adopted the Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme under which each option gives the holder the right to subscribe for one ordinary share in the Company. Under the Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme, each grantee of options under the 2009 Share Option Scheme exchanged his/her options under the 2009 Share Option Scheme for options under the Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme on a 2 for 1 basis. The exercise price payable by the grantees for each option granted under the Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme is double the exercise price payable by the grantees for their respective options granted under the 2009 Share Option Scheme (save for those options which have an exercise price of 70% of the price at which the Company offered its shares for subscription in the public offering on 20 April 2011 (the "Offer Price")). All other terms of the Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme are identical to the 2009 Share Option Scheme. The exchange of the share options was considered a modification to the 2009 Share Option Scheme. As the modification did not result in a material change in the value of the outstanding options at the date of modification, the modification had no impact on the profit or loss of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2011.

The Company adopted a share award scheme (the "Share Award Scheme") on 11 January 2012 which was subsequently terminated on 6 March 2014.

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30. EQUITY-SETTLED SHARE-BASED TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

A new share option scheme was approved and adopted by the shareholders of the Company pursuant to an ordinary resolution passed on 22 September 2014 ("2014 Share Option Scheme"). The 2014 Share Option Scheme was set up for the purpose to provide rewards and incentives to eligible participants for their contribution to the Group. The exercise price is to be determined by the Board and shall not be less than the highest of (i) the closing price of the Shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheet on the date of grant of such a share option; (ii) the average closing price of the Shares as stated in the daily quotation sheets issued by the Stock Exchange for the five business days immediately preceding to the day of offer of such a share option; and (iii) the nominal value of the Shares. A nominal consideration of HK\$1 is payable on acceptance of the share option within 21 days from the date of making such offer.

The maximum number of shares in respect of which options may be granted under the 2014 Share Option Scheme and any other share option schemes of the Company may not exceed 10% of the issued share capital of the Company at the date of approval of the 2014 Share Option Scheme. The options under the 2014 Share Option Scheme vest immediately and after one to three years from the date of grant and are exercisable for a period of ten years following the date of grant.

On 10 November 2014, the Company granted 2,800,000 share options to employees under the 2014 Share Option Scheme. Each share option entitles the holder to subscribe for one share of US\$0.00000008 of the Company at an exercise price of HK\$1.25.

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30. EQUITY-SETTLED SHARE-BASED TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

(a) The terms and conditions of the grants (after modification)

Date	Number of options	Vesting conditions	Exercise period
Options granted to directors:			
– 1 March 2010	2,400,000	Exercisable in 3 equal tranches from 1 March each year from 2011 to 2013	On or prior to 28 February 2020
– 1 July 2010	3,227,325	Exercisable in 3 equal tranches from 1 July each year from 2011 to 2013	On or prior to 30 June 2020
	5,627,325		
Options granted to employees:			
– 18 September 2009	29,003,915	Exercisable in 3 equal tranches from 18 September each year from 2010 to 2012	On or prior to 17 September 2019
– 28 January 2010	11,373,966	Exercisable in 3 equal tranches immediately from 28 January 2011 to 2013	On or prior to 27 January 2020
– 1 March 2010	100,000	Exercisable in 3 equal tranches from 1 March each year from 2011 to 2013	On or prior to 28 February 2020
– 1 July 2010	1,522,675	Exercisable in 3 equal tranches from 1 July each year from 2011 to 2013	On or prior to 30 June 2020
– 1 September 2010	800,000	Exercisable in 3 equal tranches from 1 September each year from 2011 to 2013	On or prior to 31 August 2020
– 1 November 2010	1,000,000	Exercisable in 3 equal tranches from 1 November each year from 2011 to 2013	On or prior to 31 October 2020

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30. EQUITY-SETTLED SHARE-BASED TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

(a) The terms and conditions of the grants (after modification) (Continued)

Date	Number of options	Vesting conditions	Exercise period
– 17 December 2010	600,000	Exercisable in 3 equal tranches from 17 December each year from 2011 to 2013	On or prior to 16 December 2020
– 10 November 2014	487,500	Immediate from the date of grant	On or prior to 9 November 2024
– 10 November 2014	1,462,500	Exercisable in 3 equal tranches from 10 November each year from 2015 to 2017	On or prior to 9 November 2024
– 10 November 2014	850,000	Vesting of the options is conditional upon the performance of the participants. Options granted are vested in 3 equal tranches from 10 November each year from 2015 to 2017	On or prior to 9 November 2024
	47,200,556		
	<u>52,827,881</u>		

(b) The number and weighted average exercise prices of share options

	2014		2013	
	Weighted average exercise price	Number of options	Weighted average exercise price	Number of options
Outstanding at the beginning of the year	US\$0.20	14,272,068	US\$0.20	20,581,135
Exercised during the year	US\$0.20	–	US\$0.20	–
Forfeited during the year				
– Unvested	US\$0.20	–	US\$0.20	–
– Vested	US\$0.20	(5,447,344)	US\$0.20	(6,309,067)
Granted during the year	US\$0.16	2,800,000	–	–
Outstanding at the end of the year	US\$0.18	11,624,724	US\$0.20	14,272,068
Exercisable at the end of the year	US\$0.18	9,312,224	US\$0.20	14,272,068

The share options outstanding at 31 December 2014 under the Pre-IPO Share option Scheme and 2014 Share Option Scheme had exercise price of US\$0.20 (2013: US\$0.20) and US\$0.16 (2013: not applicable), respectively and weighted average remaining contractual life of 5 years (2013: 6 years) and 9.5 years (2013: not applicable), respectively.

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30. EQUITY-SETTLED SHARE-BASED TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

(c) Fair value of share options and assumptions

The fair value of services received in return for share options granted is measured by reference to the fair value of share options. The estimate of the fair value of the share options granted is measured based on a Binomial lattice model. The contractual life of the share option is used as an input into this model. Expectations of early exercise are incorporated into the Binomial lattice model.

Fair value of share options and assumptions	Options granted on 18 September 2009	Options granted on 28 January 2010	Options granted on 1 March 2010	Options granted on 1 July 2010	Options granted on 1 September 2010	Options granted on 1 November 2010	Options granted on 17 December 2010	Options granted on 10 November 2014
Fair value at measurement date	US\$0.14	US\$0.16	US\$0.14	US\$0.22	US\$0.22	US\$0.16	US\$0.18	HK\$0.87
Share price	US\$0.24	US\$0.28	US\$0.24	US\$0.34	US\$0.34	US\$0.34	US\$0.34	HK\$1.24
Exercise price	US\$0.20	US\$0.20	US\$0.20	US\$0.20	US\$0.20	US\$0.20	HK\$3.18 (70% of the Offer Price)	HK\$1.25
Expected volatility	58.46%	58.23%	58.00%	59.51%	58.94%	53.10%	57.19%	61.66%
Option life	10 years	10 years	10 years	10 years	10 years	10 years	10 years	10 years
Expected dividend yield	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Risk-free interest rate	4.297%	4.378%	4.293%	4.072%	3.415%	3.241%	3.858%	1.83%

The expected volatility is based on the historical volatility of listed companies in similar industries (calculated based on the weighted average remaining life of the share options), adjusted for any expected changes to future volatility based on publicly available information. Expected dividends are based on historical dividends. Changes in the subjective input assumptions could materially affect the fair value estimate.

Share options were granted under a service condition. This condition has not been taken into account in the grant date fair value measurement of the services received. There were no market conditions associated with the share options granted.

The Group recognised the total expense of RMB470,000 (2013: Nil) in the profit or loss during the year in relation of share options granted by the Group.

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31. CAPITAL, RESERVES AND DIVIDENDS

(a) Movements in components of equity

The reconciliation between the opening and closing balances of each component of the Group's consolidated equity is set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity. Details of changes in the Company's individual components of equity between the beginning and the end of the year are set out below:

The Company

	Share capital RMB'000 (Note 31(c))	Share premium RMB'000 (Note 31(d)(ii))	Exchange reserve RMB'000 (Note 31(d)(iii))	Other reserve RMB'000 (Note 31(d)(v))	Capital reserve RMB'000 (Note 31(d)(vi))	Accumulated losses RMB'000	Total RMB'000
Balance at 1 January 2013	1	933,872	(32,630)	383,379	23,067	(460,963)	846,726
Changes in equity for 2013:							
Loss for the year	-	-	-	-	-	(672,132)	(672,132)
Other comprehensive income							
Exchange differences on translation	-	-	(1,506)	-	-	-	(1,506)
Total comprehensive income	-	-	(1,506)	-	-	(672,132)	(673,638)
Share options exercised	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Equity-settled share-based transactions	-	-	-	-	204	-	204
Forfeiture of share options	-	-	-	-	(8,416)	8,416	-
Balance at 31 December 2013 and 1 January 2014	1	933,872	(34,136)	383,379	14,855	(1,124,679)	173,292
Changes in equity for 2014:							
Loss for the year	-	-	-	-	-	(32,566)	(32,566)
Other comprehensive income							
Exchange differences on translation	-	-	293	-	-	-	293
Total comprehensive income	-	-	293	-	-	(32,566)	(32,273)
Share options exercised	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Equity-settled share-based transactions	-	-	-	-	470	-	470
Forfeiture of share options	-	-	-	-	(5,690)	5,690	-
Balance at 31 December 2014	1	933,872	(33,843)	383,379	9,635	(1,151,555)	141,489

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31. CAPITAL, RESERVES AND DIVIDENDS (CONTINUED)

(b) Dividend

No dividend was declared or paid by the Company during the years ended 31 December 2014 and 2013.

(c) Share capital

A summary of movements in the Company's issued share capital during the years ended 31 December 2014 and 2013 are as follows:

	2014		2013	
	No of shares '000	RMB'000	No of shares '000	RMB'000
Ordinary shares, issued and fully paid:				
At 1 January and 31 December	<u>1,081,957</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>1,081,957</u>	<u>1</u>

Notes:

- (i) The Company was incorporated on 1 March 2010 with an authorised share capital of US\$50,100 divided into 626,250,000,000 shares of US\$0.00000008 each and one share was issued at par upon incorporation.
- (ii) The holders of ordinary shares are entitled to receive dividends as declared from time to time and are entitled to one vote per share at meetings of the Company. All ordinary shares rank equally with regard to the Company's residual assets.

(d) Nature and purpose of reserves

(i) Share premium

The share premium represents the difference between the nominal value of the shares of the Company and proceeds received from the issuance of shares of the Company. Under the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands, the share premium account of the Company is distributable to the shareholders of the Company provided that immediately following the date on which the dividend is proposed to be distributed, the Company would be in a position to pay off its debts as they fall due in the ordinary course of business.

(ii) Exchange reserve

The exchange reserve comprises all foreign exchange differences arising from the translation of the financial statements of non-PRC entities. The reserve is dealt with in accordance with the accounting policy set out in note 2(u).

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31. CAPITAL, RESERVES AND DIVIDENDS (CONTINUED)

(d) Nature and purpose of reserves (Continued)

(iii) Statutory reserve

Pursuant to applicable PRC regulations, all PRC subsidiaries of the Group are required to appropriate 10% of their after-tax profit (after offsetting prior year losses) to the statutory reserve until such reserve reaches 50% of the registered capital of each relevant PRC subsidiary. The transfer to the statutory reserve must be made before distribution of dividends to shareholders. The statutory reserve fund can be utilised, upon approval by the relevant authorities, to offset accumulated losses or to increase the registered capital of the subsidiary.

(iv) Merger reserve

The merger reserve represents the difference between the net assets of the subsidiaries acquired in 2005, which were under common control of the then controlling shareholders, and the cash consideration paid.

(v) Other reserve

The Company's other reserve arose from the transfer of the entire equity interest in NT Group from NT Holdings to the Company.

The Group's other reserve arose from the capitalisation of the amount due to NT Holdings as a result of the reorganisation and represents the difference between the amount due to NT Holdings of RMB383,380,000 and the nominal value of the shares of the Company issued in exchange thereof and acquisition of non-controlling interests in Suzhou First Pharma.

(vi) Capital reserve

The capital reserve represents the portion of the grant date fair value of unexercised share options granted to employees of the Group that has been recognised in accordance with the accounting policy adopted for share-based payments as set out in note 2(q)(ii).

(e) Distributability of reserves

At 31 December 2014, the aggregate amount of reserves available for distribution to the equity holders of the Company was Nil (2013: Nil), being the net amount of share premium and accumulated losses.

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31. CAPITAL, RESERVES AND DIVIDENDS (CONTINUED)

(f) Capital management

The Group's primary objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, so that it can continue to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders, by pricing products commensurately with the level of risk and by securing access to finance at a reasonable cost.

The Group actively and regularly reviews and manages its capital structure to maintain a balance between the higher shareholder returns that might be possible with higher levels of borrowings and the advantages and security afforded by a sound capital position and makes adjustments to the capital structure in light of changes in economic conditions.

The Group monitors capital with reference to its debt-to-assets ratio. The Group's strategy is to maintain the equity and debt in a balanced position and ensure there is adequate working capital to service its debt obligations. The Group's debt-to-assets ratio, being the Group's total interest-bearing borrowings over its total assets, at 31 December 2014 and 2013 was 44.7% and 43.4% respectively.

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries are subject to externally imposed capital requirements.

32. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORIES

	The Group		The Company	
	2014 RMB'000	2013 RMB'000	2014 RMB'000	2013 RMB'000
Financial assets at amortised cost				
Held-to-maturity investment	3,000	–	–	–
Trade and other receivables	252,330	98,039	534	541
Pledged bank deposits	210,952	260,063	–	–
Cash and cash equivalents	346,062	229,239	48,542	48,909
Designated loan	–	147,114	–	–
	809,344	734,455	49,076	49,450
Financial liabilities				
At amortised cost:				
Trade and other payables	570,401	576,116	1,452	–
Bank loans	200,261	285,457	–	–
Liability component of unsecured debentures	460,671	336,309	–	–
	1,231,333	1,197,882	1,452	–
Carried at fair value through profit or loss:				
Embedded derivatives of unsecured debentures	3,310	3,264	–	–

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33. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Exposure to credit, liquidity, interest rate and currency risks arises in the normal course of the Group's business. The Group's exposure to these risks and the financial risk management policies and practices used by the Group to manage these risks are described below.

(a) Credit risk

The Group's credit risk is primarily attributable to trade and other receivables, and bank deposits. Management has a credit policy in place and the exposures to credit risk are monitored on an ongoing basis.

In respect of trade and other receivables, individual credit evaluations are performed on all customers requiring credit over a certain amount. These evaluations focus on the customer's past history of making payments when due and current ability to pay and take into account information specific to the customer as well as pertaining to the economic environment in which the customer operates. Trade receivables are due within 30 to 240 days from the date of billing. Normally, the Group does not obtain collateral from customers.

The Group's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristics of each customer. Further quantitative disclosures in respect of the Group's exposure to credit risk arising from non-vaccine and vaccine related trade and other receivables are set out in note 20.

As at 31 December 2014, the Group had a certain concentration of credit risk as 8% (2013: 54%) of the total trade receivables were due from the Group's largest customer, and 43% (2013: 59%) of the total trade receivables were due from the Group's five largest customers.

The Group mitigates its exposure to credit risk by placing bank deposits with financial institutions with established credit rating. Given the high credit ratings of the banks, management does not expect any counterparty to fail to meet its obligations.

The maximum exposure to credit risk is represented by the carrying amount of each financial asset in the consolidated statement of financial position.

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33. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

(b) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Group's policy is to regularly monitor its liquidity requirements and its compliance with lending covenants, if any, to ensure that it maintains sufficient reserves of cash and adequate committed line of funding from major financial institutions to meet its liquidity requirements in the short and long term.

All non-interest bearing financial liabilities of the Group and the Company are carried at amounts not materially different from their contractual undiscounted cash flow as these financial liabilities are with maturities within one year or repayable on demand at the end of the reporting period. Bank loans and unsecured debenture are repayable within 1~2 years from the end of reporting period.

The following table sets out the remaining contractual maturities at the end of reporting period of the Group's bank loans, bank accepted bills, trade and other payables and unsecured debentures, which are based on contractual undiscounted cash flows (including interest payments computed using contractual rates or, if floating, based on current prevailing rates at the end of reporting period) and the earliest date of the Group can be required to repay.

The Group

	2014				Carrying amount as at 31 December RMB'000
	Scheduled undiscounted cash outflow				
	Within 1 year or on demand RMB'000	More than 1 year but less than 2 years RMB'000	More than 2 years but less than 3 years RMB'000	Total RMB'000	
Bank loans	205,414	–	–	205,414	200,261
Unsecured debentures	332,926	124,047	–	456,973	463,981
Trade and other payables	553,964	–	–	553,964	553,964
Total	1,092,304	124,047	–	1,216,351	1,218,206

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33. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

(b) Liquidity risk (Continued)

	2013				
	Scheduled undiscounted cash outflow				
	Within 1 year or on demand RMB'000	More than 1 year but less than 2 years RMB'000	More than 2 years but less than 3 years RMB'000	Total RMB'000	Carrying amount as at 31 December RMB'000
Bank loans	297,704	–	–	297,704	285,457
Unsecured debentures	30,000	378,500	–	408,500	339,573
Trade and other payables	554,199	–	–	554,199	554,199
Total	881,903	378,500	–	1,260,403	1,179,229

Management believes that the Group's current cash on hand, expected cash flows from operations and available standby credit facilities from financial institutions will be sufficient to meet the Group's working capital requirements and repay its borrowings and obligations in the near future when they become due.

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33. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

(c) Interest rate risk

The Group's interest rate risk arises primarily from bank deposits, bank loans and unsecured debentures. Borrowings at variable rates expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk. The Group does not use financial derivatives to hedge against the interest rate risk. The Group's interest rate profile as monitored by management is set out below.

(i) Interest rate profile

The following table details the interest rate profile of the Group's and the Company's net interest bearing liabilities (being interest-bearing financial liabilities less pledged bank deposits and cash at banks) at the end of reporting period:

The Group

	2014		2013	
	Effective interest rate	Amount RMB'000	Effective interest rate	Amount RMB'000
Fixed rate instruments:				
Bank loans	5.60%-7.20%	189,000	6.16% – 6.90%	273,516
Unsecured debentures	7.50%-11.33%	463,981	7.50% – 11.33%	339,573
		652,981		613,089
Less: Pledged bank deposits	2.08%-3.50%	(210,952)	2.80% – 3.75%	(260,007)
Cash at banks	2.75%	(48,020)	2.34% – 3.15%	(71,890)
Designated loan		–	10.97%	(147,114)
Held-to-maturity				
Investment	4.9%	(3,000)		–
		391,009		134,078
Variable rate instruments:				
Bank loans	3.24%	11,261	3.28%	11,941
Less: Pledged bank deposits		–	0.35%-0.39%	(56)
Cash at banks	0.01%-1.29%	(298,030)	0.01%-1.27%	(157,349)
		(286,769)		(145,464)
Total net interest-bearing assets		104,240		(11,386)

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33. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

(c) Interest rate risk (Continued)

(i) Interest rate profile (continued)

The Company

	2014		2013	
	Effective interest rate	Amount RMB'000	Effective interest rate	Amount RMB'000
Fixed rate instruments:				
Cash at banks	2.75%	<u>48,020</u>	3.15%	<u>47,810</u>
Variable rate instruments:				
Cash at banks	0.01% – 0.35%	<u>523</u>	0.01% – 0.35%	<u>1,099</u>

(ii) Sensitivity analysis

At 31 December 2014, it is estimated that a general increase/decrease of 100 basis points in interest rates, with all other variables held constant, would have increased/decreased the Group's profit after taxation and decreased/increased in accumulated losses by approximately RMB2,151,000 (2013: decreased/increased loss after taxation and accumulated losses by RMB1,091,000).

The sensitivity analysis above indicates the annualised impact on the Group's profit or loss and accumulated losses that would arise assuming that the change in interest rates had occurred at the end of reporting period and had been applied to floating rate instruments which expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk at that date. The analysis does not take into account exposure to fair value interest rate risk arising from fixed rate instruments as the Group does not hold any fixed rate instruments which are measured at fair value. This analysis has been performed on the same basis for 2013.

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33. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

(d) Currency risk

The Group is exposed to currency risk primarily through sales and purchases that are denominated in a foreign currency i.e. a currency other than the functional currency of the operations to which the transactions relate. The currencies giving rise to this risk are primarily United States dollars (“USD”), Pounds Sterling (“GBP”) and Hong Kong dollars (“HKD”). In addition, certain bank loans are also denominated in USD and HKD. At present, the Group has no hedging policy with respect to its foreign exchange exposure.

(i) Exposure to currency risk

The following table details the Group’s major exposure at the end of reporting period to currency risk arising from recognised assets or liabilities denominated in a currency other than the functional currency of the entity to which they relate. For presentation purposes, the amounts of the exposure are shown in Renminbi, translated using the spot rate at the year end date. Differences resulting from the translation of the financial statements of non-PRC group entities into the Group’s presentation currency are excluded.

The Group

	Exposure to foreign currencies (expressed in Renminbi)					
	2014			2013		
	USD RMB’000	GBP RMB’000	HKD RMB’000	USD RMB’000	GBP RMB’000	HKD RMB’000
Trade and other receivables	-	-	664	-	-	32,820
Cash at banks and in hand	1,052	-	2,481	149	-	30,442
Trade and other payables	-	-	(2,249)	(6,774)	(61,798)	(1,603)
Bank loans	-	-	(11,261)	-	-	(11,941)
	<u>1,052</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(10,365)</u>	<u>(6,625)</u>	<u>(61,798)</u>	<u>49,718</u>

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33. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

(d) Currency risk (Continued)

(ii) Sensitivity analysis

The following table indicates the instantaneous change in the Group's profit or loss after taxation and accumulated losses that would have arisen if foreign exchange rates to which the Group has significant exposure at the end of reporting period had changed at that date, assuming all other risk variables remained constant.

The Group

	2014			2013		
	Increase/ (decrease) in foreign exchange rates	Increase/ (decrease) in profit after taxation RMB'000	(Decrease)/ increase in accumulated losses RMB'000	Increase/ (decrease) in foreign exchange rates	(Increase)/ decrease in loss after taxation RMB'000	(Increase)/ decrease in accumulated losses RMB'000
USD	5%	39	(39)	5%	(248)	(248)
	(5)%	(39)	39	(5)%	248	248
GBP	5%	–	–	5%	(2,317)	(2,317)
	(5)%	–	–	(5)%	2,317	2,317
HKD	5%	(389)	389	5%	1,864	1,864
	(5)%	389	(389)	(5)%	(1,864)	(1,864)

Results of the analysis as presented in the above table represent an aggregation of the instantaneous effects on each of the Group entities' profit or loss after taxation measured in the respective functional currencies, translated into Renminbi at the exchange rates ruling at the end of the reporting period for presentation purposes.

The sensitivity analysis assumes that the change in foreign exchange rates had been applied to remeasure those financial instruments held by the Group which expose the Group to currency risk at the end of the reporting period. The analysis excludes differences that would result from the translation of the financial statements of non-PRC Group's entities into the Group's presentation currency. The analysis has been performed on the same basis for 2013.

The Company has no material foreign currency risk exposure.

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33. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

(e) Fair value measurement

(i) Financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value

The following table presents the fair value of the Group's financial instruments measured at the end of the reporting period on a recurring basis, categorised into the three-level fair value hierarchy as defined in HKFRS 13, *Fair value measurement*. The level into which a fair value measurement is classified is determined with reference to the observability and significance of the inputs used in the valuation technique as follows:

- Level 1 valuations: Fair value measured using only Level 1 inputs i.e. unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities at the measurement date.
- Level 2 valuations: Fair value measured using Level 2 inputs i.e. observable inputs which fail to meet Level 1, and not using significant unobservable inputs. Unobservable inputs are inputs for which market data are not available.
- Level 3 valuations: Fair value measured using significant unobservable inputs.

The following table presents the Group's and the Company's liabilities that are measured at fair value as at 31 December 2014:

The Group	Fair value at 31 December RMB'000	Level 1 RMB'000	Level 2 RMB'000	Level 3 RMB'000
2014				
Liabilities				
– Call options embedded in debenture (note 27 (b))	3,310	–	–	3,310
2013				
Liabilities				
– Call options embedded in debenture (note 27 (b))	3,264	–	–	3,264

During the years ended 31 December 2014 and 2013, there were no transfers between instruments in Level 1 and Level 2, or transfers into or out of Level 3. The Group's policy is to recognise transfers between levels of fair value hierarchy as at the end of the reporting period in which they occur.

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33. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

(e) Fair value measurement (Continued)

(i) Financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value (Continued)

Information about Level 3 fair value measurements

The fair value of call option embedded in debenture is determined using Hull-White Model and the significant unobservable input used in the fair value measurement is yield spread. The fair value measurement is positively correlated to the yield spread. As at 31 December 2014, the yield spread used on the valuation is 6.91% (2013: 6.5%), and it is estimated that with all other variables held constant, an increase/decrease of ten percentage points in the yield spread would have decreased/increased the Group's profit by RMB5,220,000/RMB1,403,000 (2013: increased/decreased the Group's loss by RMB2,041,000/RMB4,658,000).

The movements during the year in the balance of the Level 3 fair value measurement for the unsecured debentures are disclosed in note 27 of the total gains or losses for the period included in profit or loss, loss of RMB46,000 (2013: RMB1,691,000) related to call options embedded in debenture at the end of the current reporting period. Fair value loss on call options embedded in unsecured debentures are disclosed in the consolidated income statement.

(f) Fair value of financial assets and liabilities carried at other than fair value

The carrying amounts of the Group's and the Company's financial instruments carried at cost or amortised cost are not materially different from their fair values as at 31 December 2013 and 2014.

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34. COMMITMENTS

- (a) Capital commitments outstanding at 31 December 2014 not provided for in the consolidated financial statements were as follows:

	The Group	
	2014	2013
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Contracted for		
– property, plant and equipment	27,944	22,300
– investment in a joint venture	7,500	–
– investment in an associate	–	64,000
	<u>35,444</u>	<u>86,300</u>

As the investment in an associate was withdrawn upon the termination of the corporation agreement, the Group had no contracted commitment as at 31 December 2014. The Company has no capital commitment, other than those disclosed in note 18(c)(iii), at the end of both reporting periods.

- (b) At 31 December 2014, the Group had total future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases payable as follows:

	The Group	
	2014	2013
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Within 1 year	6,549	8,667
After 1 year but within 5 years	3,336	2,092
	<u>9,885</u>	<u>10,759</u>

The Group is the lessee in respect of a number of properties held under operating leases. The leases typically run for an initial period of one to three years. None of the leases includes contingent rentals.

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35. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

- (a) In January 2013, a subsidiary of the Group received formal court notice that it is being sued by a former vaccine supplier for breach of contract in respect of transactions occurred in 2011. The former supplier lodged a claim for compensation and penalty of RMB6,206,000. The claim for the compensation and penalty was overruled by the Judge on 11 November 2014.
- (b) In 2011, a subsidiary of the Group was sued by a former vaccine distributor for dispute over performance deposit and service fee. The plaintiff lodged a claim for compensation of RMB1,100,000. During the year, pleadings have been served by both parties in the arbitration, the plaintiff proposed to waive the performance deposit and service fee claim, and compensate the Group RMB650,000 in return with RMB300,000 and RMB350,000 paid on 15 November 2014 and 15 December 2014, respectively.

Apart from the above, the Group has no other outstanding litigations or contingent liabilities up to the date of approval of the financial statements.

36. MATERIAL RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

During the year ended 31 December 2014, transactions with the following parties were considered to be related party transactions:

Name of related party	Relationship with the Group
Mr. Ng Tit and Ms. Chin Yu	Directors of the Company, beneficial holders of the Company's 46.68% equity interest
NT Holdings	Holding company of the Group prior to the Reorganisation

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36. MATERIAL RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

Key management personnel remuneration

Remuneration for key management personnel of the Group, including amounts paid to the Company's directors as disclosed in note 9 and certain of the highest paid employees as disclosed in note 10, is as follows:

	2014 RMB'000	2013 RMB'000
Short-term employee benefits	11,789	15,496
Post-employment benefits	409	212
Equity-settled share-based payment expenses	470	–
	<u>12,668</u>	<u>15,708</u>

The above remuneration is included in "staff costs" (note 7(b)).

37. NON-ADJUSTING EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

- On 13 January 2015, the Company placed an aggregate of 216,391,300 placing shares to not fewer than six places at the placing price of HK\$1.05 per placing share. The net proceeds of approximately HK\$220.4 million from the share placement will be used for expanding the Group's proprietary products portfolio and developing its research and development capabilities and repayment of certain debts of the Group.
- On 15 January 2015, the Company granted 41,500,000 share options to eligible participants under the 2014 Share Option Scheme. Each share option entitles the holder to subscribe for one share of US\$0.00000008 at an exercise price of HK\$1.25. Among the 41,500,000 share options granted, 4,000,000 share options were granted to a director of the Company.
- On 4 February 2015, NT Tongzhou Pharma (SH) Co., Limited ("NT Tongzhou"), Suzhou First Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd. ("Suzhou First Pharma"), both indirect wholly owned subsidiaries of the Company, and Sinopharm Nutraceuticals (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. ("Sinopharm Nutraceuticals") entered into the joint venture agreement pursuant to which Sinopharm Nutraceuticals agreed to invest RMB12 million in Shanghai Xin He Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd ("Shanghai Xin He"), a company incorporated in the PRC Shanghai Xin He which is owned as to 90% by NT Tongzhou and 10% by Suzhou First Pharma at the agreement date. Prior to the completion of the joint venture agreement, the registered capital of Shanghai Xin He shall increase from RMB5 million to RMB20 million. Upon completion of the joint venture agreement, Shanghai Xin He shall be owned as to 60% by Sinopharm Nutraceuticals, 28.125% by NT Tongzhou, 1.875% by Suzhou First Pharma and 10% by the management team of Shanghai Xin He to be contributed by NT Tongzhou and Suzhou First Pharma in proportion of 9.375% and 0.625%, respectively.

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38. POSSIBLE IMPACT OF AMENDMENTS, NEW STANDARDS AND INTERPRETATIONS ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014

Up to the date of issue of these financial statements, the HKICPA has issued a few amendments and new standards which are not yet effective for the year ended 31 December 2014, and which have not been adopted in these financial statements. These include the following which may be relevant to the Group.

HKFRS 9	Financial instruments ¹
HKFRS 14	Regulatory deferral accounts ²
HKFRS 15	Revenue from contracts with customers ³
Amendments to HKFRS 11	Accounting for acquisitions of interests in joint operations ⁵
Amendments to HKAS 1	Disclosure initiative ⁵
Amendments to HKAS 16 and HKAS 38	Clarification of acceptable methods of depreciation and amortisation ⁵
Amendments to HKAS 16 and HKAS 41	Agriculture: Bearer plants ⁵
Amendments to HKAS 19	Defined benefit plans: Employee contributions ⁴
Amendments to HKAS 27	Equity method in separate financial statements ⁵
Amendments to HKFRS 10, HKFRS12 and HKAS 28	Investment entities: Applying the consolidation exception ⁵
Amendments to HKAS 10 and HKAS 28	Sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate and joint venture ⁵
Amendments to HKFRSs	Annual improvements to HKFRSs 2010-2012 cycle ⁶
Amendments to HKFRSs	Annual improvements to HKFRSs 2011-2013 cycle ⁴
Amendments to HKFRSs	Annual improvements to HKFRSs 2012-2014 cycle ⁵

¹ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018

² Effective for first annual HKFRS financial statements beginning on or after 1 January 2016

³ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2017.

⁴ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2014.

⁵ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016.

⁶ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2014, with limited exceptions

The Group is in the process of making an assessment of what the impact of these amendments is expected to be in the period of initial application. So far it has concluded that the adoption of them is unlikely to have a significant impact on the consolidated financial statements.

39. COMPARATIVE FIGURES

Certain comparative figures have been reclassified to conform to current year's presentation.