

CHOW SANG SANG HOLDINGS INTERNATIONAL LIMITED

周生生集團國際有限公司

(Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability)
(於百慕達註冊成立之有限公司)
Stock code 股份代號: 116

ANNUAL REPORT **2014** 年報

CORPORATE INFORMATION

Board of Directors

Executive Directors
Mr. Vincent CHOW Wing Shing
Chairman and Group General Manager

Dr. CHOW Kwen Lim
Dr. Gerald CHOW King Sing
Mr. Winston CHOW Wun Sing
Group Deputy General Manager

Non-executive Directors Mr. CHOW Kwen Ling Honorary Chairman Dr. CHAN Bing Fun*

Mr. Stephen TING Leung Huel

Mr. CHUNG Pui Lam

Mr. LEE Ka Lun*

Dr. LO King Man*

Mr. Stephen LAU Man Lung*

* Independent Non-executive Directors

Company Secretary

Mr. Theodore TAM Shing Chi

Registered Office

Clarendon House, 2 Church Street Hamilton HM 11, Bermuda

Principal Place of Business

4/F, Chow Sang Sang Building 229 Nathan Road, Kowloon Hong Kong

Legal Advisers

Baker & McKenzie Wilkinson & Grist

Auditors

Ernst & Young

Principal Bankers

The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited Standard Chartered Bank (Hong Kong) Limited Hang Seng Bank Limited The Bank of Nova Scotia Industrial and Commercial Bank of China Limited

Website

www.chowsangsang.com

公司資料

董事會

執行董事 周永成先生 主席兼集團總經理 周君廉博士 周敬成醫生 周允成先生 集團副總經理

* 獨立非執行董事

公司秘書

譚承志先生

註冊辦事處

Clarendon House, 2 Church Street Hamilton HM 11, Bermuda

主要營業辦事處

香港 九龍彌敦道二二九號 周生生大廈四樓

法律顧問

貝克・麥堅時律師事務所 高露雲律師行

核數師

安永會計師事務所

主要往來銀行

香港上海滙豐銀行有限公司 渣打銀行(香港)有限公司 恒生銀行有限公司 加拿大豐業銀行 中國工商銀行股份有限公司

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www.chowsangsang.com

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The following abbreviations are used in this report:

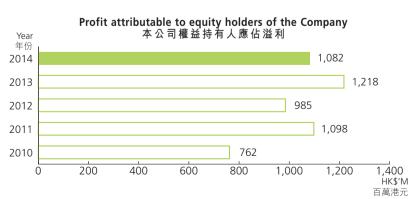
本年報用下列簡稱:

Abbreviations簡稱Chow Sang Sang Holdings International LimitedThe Company周生生集團國際有限公司本公司Chow Sang Sang Holdings International Limited
and its subsidiariesThe Group
及其附屬公司周生生集團國際有限公司
及其附屬公司

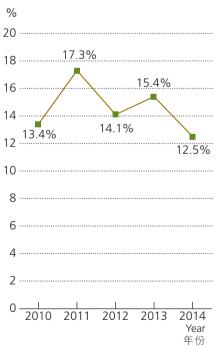
財務摘要

		2014 HK\$′000 千港元	2013 HK\$'000 千港元	Change 變動
Turnover	營業額			
Jewellery retail	珠寶零售	16,932,576	19,942,531	-15%
Other businesses	其他業務	2,313,382	5,199,909	-56%
		19,245,958	25,142,440	-23%
Profit attributable to equity holders	本公司權益持有人			
of the Company	應佔溢利	1,082,324	1,218,461	-11%
Basic earnings per share	每股基本盈利	159.9 cents 仙	180.0 cents 仙	-11%
Dividend per share	每股股息			
– Final	- 末期	49.0 cents 仙	54.0 cents 仙	-9%
– Full Year	- 全年	61.0 cents 仙	68.0 cents 仙	-10%
Dividend payout ratio	派息比率	38%	38%	
Equity attributable to equity holders	本公司權益持有人			
of the Company	應佔權益	8,646,733	7,934,900	+9%
Equity per share	每股權益	\$12.8 元	\$11.7 元	+9%





Return on equity holders' equity 權益持有人權益回報



CHAIRMAN'S MESSAGE

In 2014 the jewellery sector's magnificent growth over the previous few years ran out of steam. In the second half Hong Kong was beset by political movements that blocked streets for a prolonged period. Although mainland visitors continued to arrive unabated, their spending power was markedly of the lower tier. Local consumers tended to stay home. Therefore the cool-down was more noticeable in Hong Kong than in mainland China. The month of December in Hong Kong, despite the cessation of political activities on the streets, turned out to be one of the most disappointing in recent memory. With year-on-year sales flat on the mainland and down 20% in Hong Kong, our overall turnover in 2014 dropped by 23% to HK\$19,246 million, while net profit after tax retreated by 11% to HK\$1,082 million.

For 2015, we anticipate modest to fair growth on the mainland but in Hong Kong there are more uncertainties of the political and other kinds that can affect consumer sentiments. With mainlanders apparently spending more cautiously in Hong Kong, it is time for us to go back to the basics in product development, marketing savvy and service quality.

I offer my heartfelt thanks to all our staff and shareholders for their loyalty and unflinching support.

主席致辭

預料二零一五年內地業務溫和平穩增長, 但本港則或因著政治及其他不穩定因素而 令消費情緒受到影響。顯然內地顧客在港 消費更為審慎,也是我們更需腳踏實地在 產品開發、市場營銷技巧和服務質素上更 下功夫。

本人對集團所有員工及股東的忠心及堅定的支持致以衷心感謝。

Vincent CHOW Wing Shing

Chairman

Hong Kong 26 March 2015 厚成成

主席 **周永成**

香港 二零一五年三月二十六日

Mr. CHOW Kwen Ling, aged 91, is a Non-executive Director of the Company, the Honorary Chairman of the Group and a director of a number of subsidiaries within the Group. He is the elder brother of Dr. CHOW Kwen Lim. As a founder of the Group, Mr. CHOW served as the Group General Manager from 1973 to 1986 and the Group Chairman from 1973 to 1990. He was elected the Honorary Chairman upon retiring as Chairman in 1990. He is well experienced in corporate management.

Dr. CHOW Kwen Lim, BBS, MBE, JP, DSSc (Hon), aged 88, is an Executive Director of the Company and a director of a number of subsidiaries within the Group. He is the younger brother of Mr. CHOW Kwen Ling and the father of Mr. Vincent CHOW Wing Shing, the Chairman and Group General Manager. As a founder of the Group, Dr. CHOW served as the Group General Manager from 1986 to 1997 and the Group Chairman from 1990 to 2013. He has been in the jewellery business for over 60 years. Dr. CHOW was awarded Doctor of Social Science, Honoris Causa by The Chinese University of Hong Kong in 1998 and is an Honorary Professor of the Fudan University and a member of the Board of the Journal of Shunde Polytechnic. He is also an Honorary Citizen of the cities of Guangzhou, Foshan, Changle, Lanzhou and Dunhuang, PRC.

Dr. CHAN Bing Fun, MB, BS, DMRT, aged 81, is an Independent Non-executive Director of the Company, and a member of the Audit Committee, Remuneration Committee and Nomination Committee of the Company. He has been with the Group for over 40 years. He is a medical doctor in private practice in Hong Kong.

Mr. Vincent CHOW Wing Shing, BBS, MBE, JP, aged 68, is an Executive Director of the Company, the Chairman of the Board, the Group General Manager and a director of a number of subsidiaries within the Group. He is the son of Dr. CHOW Kwen Lim. Mr. CHOW has been with the Group for over 30 years, having been the Group General Manager and the Chairman since 1998 and 2013 respectively. He is the Deputy Chairman of the Council of the City University of Hong Kong, where he is also the Chairman of the Board of Management of the Community College of City University. Mr. CHOW is appointed by the Home Affairs Bureau's to its Advisory Committee on Arts Development as well as the Performing Arts Committee under the Board of West Kowloon Cultural District Authority. He was made an Honorary Fellow of the Hong Kong Academy for Performing Arts; and he serves as the Chairman of Musica Viva Limited and a Director of the Board of The Hong Kong International Film Festival Society Limited, both companies being notfor-profit organizations. He is a member of the Shunde People's Political Consultative Committee.

董事會及高級管理人員

周君令先生,九十一歲,本公司之非執行董事、本集團名譽董事長及本集團內 多家附屬公司之董事。彼為周君廉 士之兄。周先生為本集團創辦人之一,於一九七三年至一九八六年出任本集團組 經理,亦於一九七三年至一九九零年退任主席後 經理,亦於一九七三年至一九九零年退任 本集團主席。自一九九零年退任主席後 彼出任本集團名譽董事長。彼於企業管理 方面有豐富經驗。

周君廉博士,BBS、MBE、太平紳士,DSSc (Hon),八十八歲,本公司之主事。 事及本集團內多家附屬公司之董事。總經理周永成先生之弟,以及主席兼集團創新之一,於一九八六年至一九九七年團總經理,亦於一九九零年至二零一超中之集團總經理,亦於一九九零年至二零一超中之十年。周博士於一九八八百年至二十年。周博士於一十年。周博士於一十年。周博士於一十年。周博士於一十年。周博士於一十年。周博士於一十年。周博士於一十年。周博士於一十年。周博士於一十年。周博士於一十年。

陳炳勳醫生,MB·BS·DMRT,八十一歲,本公司之獨立非執行董事、審核委員會、薪酬委員會及提名委員會成員。彼已服務本集團超過四十年。彼為香港私人執業醫牛。

董事會及高級管理人員

Dr. Gerald CHOW King Sing, aged 58, is an Executive Director of the Company. He is a member of the Nomination Committee of the Company and a director of a number of subsidiaries within the Group. He has joined the Group for over 25 years. Dr. CHOW is the elder brother of Mr. Winston CHOW Wun Sing and the cousin of Mr. Vincent CHOW Wing Shing. For community services in Hong Kong, Dr. CHOW is a panel member of the Public Affairs Forum under the Home Affairs Bureau, HKSAR. He is also an expert member of the "Managing World Cities" Programme of the Faculty of Social Sciences, University of Hong Kong. He is a former member of the Central Policy Unit of the Hong Kong Government (2009-2011). Dr. CHOW also served in the Central and Western District Fight Crime Committee (2009-2011). He is an honorary member of the Hong Kong Fire Services Officers' Mess and the founding President of the Central and Western District Fire Safety Ambassador Honorary Presidents' Association of the Hong Kong Fire Services Department. Dr. CHOW has been a voting member of the Po Leung Kuk Advisory Board since 1997. Dr. CHOW is also a council member of The Better Hong Kong Foundation and a member of the Bauhinia Foundation Research Centre and the Hong Kong Strategy.

Mr. Stephen TING Leung Huel, MH, FCCA, FCPA (Practising), ACA, CTA(HK), FHKIoD, aged 61, was an Independent Non-executive Director and the Secretary of the Company until September 2004. He was re-designated as a Non-executive Director of the Company on 28 September 2004. Mr. TING is a member of the Audit Committee and Remuneration Committee of the Company. He is an independent nonexecutive director of seven other listed companies in Hong Kong, namely Tong Ren Tang Technologies Co., Ltd., Tongda Group Holdings Limited, JLF Investment Company Limited, Computer And Technologies Holdings Limited, Texhong Textile Group Limited, Dongvue Group Limited and China SCE Property Holdings Limited. He is a member of the 9th, 10th and 11th Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference, Fujian. Mr. TING is an accountant in public practice and has more than 30 years of experience in this field. Currently, he is the Managing Partner of Ting Ho Kwan & Chan, Certified Public Accountants.

Mr. CHUNG Pui Lam, GBS, OBE, JP, LL.B (Lond.) (Hons), aged 74, is a Non-executive Director of the Company, and a member of the Audit Committee, Remuneration Committee and Nomination Committee of the Company. He was appointed as an Independent Non-executive Director of the Company on 26 June 1995 and re-designated as a Non-executive Director in September 2004. Mr. CHUNG is a solicitor in practice. Apart from being a China-appointed Attesting Officer and a Hong Kong Notary Public, he also holds key posts in various organizations. He serves as a member on several advisory committees of the Government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region, and is also an independent non-executive director of two other listed companies in Hong Kong, namely S E A Holdings Limited and Datronix Holdings Limited.

周敬成醫生, 五十八歲, 本公司之執行董 事、提名委員會成員及本集團內多家附屬 公司之董事。彼服務本集團超過廿五年。 周醫生為周允成先生之兄及周永成先生之 堂弟。在香港社會公職方面, 周醫生現擔 任香港特區政府民政事務局公共事務論增 成員,亦為香港大學社會科學院國際都會 之管理研究會顧問委員。彼為香港特區政 府中央政策組前顧問(二零零九年至 二零一一年)。周醫生曾擔任中西區撲滅罪 行委員會委員(二零零九年至二零一一年)。 彼為香港消防處長官會名譽會員及香港 消防處中西區消防安全大使名譽會長會 創會會長。周醫生自一九九七年起出任 保良局諮詢委員會遴選委員,目前並為 香港明天更好基金理事,以及智經研究 中心與群策學社會員。

丁良輝先生, MH, FCCA, FCPA (Practising), ACA, CTA(HK), FHKIoD, 六十一歲, 曾為本 公司之獨立非執行董事及公司秘書,任期 至二零零四年九月。彼於二零零四年九月 二十八日調任為本公司之非執行董事。 丁先生現為本公司審核委員會及薪酬委員會 成員,亦為其他七家香港上市公司之獨立 非執行董事,分別為北京同仁堂科技發展 股份有限公司、通達集團控股有限公司、 金六福投資有限公司、科聯系統集團有限 公司、天虹紡織集團有限公司、東岳集團 有限公司及中駿置業控股有限公司。彼為 中國人民政治協商會議第九、第十及 第十一屆福建省委員會委員。丁先生為執業 會計師,在會計界有超過三十年經驗。彼 現任丁何關陳會計師行執行合夥人。

鍾 沛 林 先 生, GBS, OBE, 太 平 紳 士, LL.B (Lond.) (Hons),十十四歲,本公司之 非執行董事、審核委員會、薪酬委員會 及提名委員會成員。彼於一九九五年六月 二十六日獲委任為本公司之獨立非執行董 事,並於二零零四年九月調任為非執行董 事。鍾先生為執業律師,除為中國司法部 委託公證人及香港國際公證人外,亦在多 個團體擔任要職,現任香港特別行政區政 府多個諮詢委員會委員,亦為其他兩家香 港上市公司之獨立非執行董事,分別為爪 哇控股有限公司及連達科技控股有限公司。

董事會及高級管理人員

Mr. Winston CHOW Wun Sing, aged 57, is an Executive Director of the Company, the Group Deputy General Manager and a director of a number of subsidiaries within the Group. Mr. CHOW has been with the Group since 1984 (except 1988 to 1992) and has become the Group Deputy General Manager since 1995. Mr. CHOW is the younger brother of Dr. Gerald CHOW King Sing and the cousin of Mr. Vincent CHOW Wing Shing. He has experience in real estate in Canada. Mr. CHOW's key responsibilities include the marketing of the Group's jewellery business in Greater China. He also acts as an Executive Committee member of the Diamond Federation of Hong Kong, China Limited, a Governing Council Member of the Quality Tourism Services Association, a member of the Hong Kong Tourism Board, the Vice-chairman of the Jewellery Industry Training Advisory Committee and a Steering Committee member on Qualifications Framework Fund of the Education Bureau, an Executive Committee member of the Hong Kong Jewellers' & Goldsmiths' Association Ltd., a member of Advisory Panel on Retail Manpower Development of the Commerce and Economic Development Bureau and an Executive Committee member of the Hong Kong Retail Management Association. Mr. CHOW is a member of the Guangzhou Municipal Tianhe District People's Political Consultative Committee.

Mr. LEE Ka Lun, FCCA, aged 60, is an Independent Non-executive Director of the Company, and the chairman of the Audit Committee, Remuneration Committee and Nomination Committee of the Company. He was appointed as an Independent Non-executive Director of the Company on 28 September 2004. Mr. LEE is an accountant by profession and has over 25 years of experience in banking and auditing. He was the Regional Deputy Chief Executive of Lloyds TSB Bank plc and Regional Director – Finance and Operation of Lloyds TSB's operations in Asia for over 15 years and has extensive experience on corporate banking, private banking, treasury, operations, IT developments and general management. He is also a responsible officer approved by the Securities and Futures Commission and serves as an independent nonexecutive director of four other listed companies in Hong Kong, namely Yuexiu Property Company Limited, REXLot Holdings Limited, Chong Hing Bank Limited ("Chong Hing") and Medicskin Holdings Limited. Mr. LEE is also a director of Yuexiu Financial Holdings Limited, a holding company of Chong Hing.

周允成先生,五十七歲,本公司之執行董 事、本集團副總經理及本集團內多家附 屬公司之董事。周先生自一九八四年起 (一九八八年至一九九二年除外)服務本 集團,自一九九五年起出任本集團副總經 理。周先生為周敬成醫生之弟及周永成先 生之堂弟。彼曾於加拿大從事地產業。周 先生專責統籌本集團於大中華珠寶業務之 市場事務。彼現時亦擔任香港鑽石總會有 限公司常務委員、優質旅遊服務協會執行 委員會委員、香港旅遊發展局成員、教育 局之珠寶行業培訓諮詢委員會副主席及資 歷架構基金督導委員會委員、香港珠石玉 器金銀首飾業商會理事、商務及經濟發展 局零售業人力發展諮詢委員會委員及香港 零售管理協會執委會成員。周先生現任中 國人民政治協商會廣州市天河區委員。

李家麟先生,FCCA,六十歲,本公司之獨 立非執行董事、審核委員會、薪酬委員會 及提名委員會主席。彼於二零零四年九月 二十八日獲委任為本公司之獨立非執行 董事。李先生為專業會計師,在銀行及審 計界服務超過廿五年。彼曾出任萊斯銀行 亞洲區域副行政總裁及財務及營運董事超 過十五年,具豐富企業銀行、私人銀行、 財務、營運、資訊科技發展及管理經驗。 彼現時亦為證券及期貨事務監察委員會核准 之負責人員。彼現任其他四家香港上市公司 之獨立非執行董事,分別為越秀地產股份有 限公司、御泰中彩控股有限公司、創興銀行 有限公司(「創興」)及密迪斯肌控股有限公 司。李先生亦於創興一家控股公司越秀金融 控股有限公司出任董事一職。

董事會及高級管理人員

Dr. LO King Man, FRSA, FHKU, UFHKPU, FHKAPA, DocHKAPA, JP, MBE, SBS, BBS, aged 77, is an Independent Non-executive Director, a member of the Audit Committee, Remuneration Committee and Nomination Committee of the Company. He was appointed as an Independent Nonexecutive Director of the Company on 28 September 2004. Following a career in higher education management, Dr. LO held appointments as Director of the Hong Kong Academy for Performing Arts during 1993 to 2004 and as Principal of the Canton International Summer Music Academy established by the Guangdong Government during 2004 to 2009. His public service included vice-chairmanship of the former Urban Council and membership of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region Basic Law Consultative Committee, Examination Authority, Broadcasting Authority, Vocational Training Council and Arts Development Council. He has served on governing boards of numerous educational and cultural organizations. Dr. LO is a Court Member of the University of Hong Kong ("HKU"), a member of various committees of HKU Council and a council member of the Centennial College, an affiliate to HKU. Dr. LO is also the Director-general of Musica Viva Limited. He is an independent non-executive director of another listed company in Hong Kong – Sing Lee Software (Group) Limited.

Mr. Stephen LAU Man Lung, OBE, JP, aged 69, is an Independent Non-executive Director of the Company, and a member of the Audit Committee, Remuneration Committee and Nomination Committee of the Company. He was appointed as an Independent Non-executive Director of the Company on 17 December 2012. Mr. LAU is a qualified electrical engineer, and a member of The Institution of Engineering and Technology, United Kingdom, and with a postgraduate degree of Master of Science from the University of Surrey, England. He has more than 30 years of management and marketing experience, particularly in the textile and apparel field. Mr. LAU is the managing director of The Polyfabrics (Hong Kong) Limited. He was appointed as a member to vice-chairman of Urban Council from 1978 to 1995. Mr. LAU was also appointed as a member of various committees, boards, and panels, namely Textiles Advisory Board, Trade and Industry Advisory Board, Administrative Appeals Board, Air Transport Licensing Authority, Appeal Board Panel (Town Planning), Board of Review (Inland Revenue Ordinance), Broadcasting Authority, etc. He also served as a Council Member of the University of Hong Kong from 1985 to 1997. Mr. LAU is active in several charitable organizations and in Chiu Chow community associations.

盧景文博士,FRSA,FHKU,UFHKPU,FHKAPA, DocHKAPA,太平紳士,MBE,SBS,BBS,十十十歳, 本公司之獨立非執行董事、審核委員會、 薪酬委員會及提名委員會成員。彼於 二零零四年九月二十八日獲委任為本公司 之獨立非執行董事。盧博士歷任多家大專 學院高級行政職位,於一九九三年至 二零零四年期間出任香港演藝學院校長, 並於二零零四年至二零零九年期間出任 廣東省政府創辦之中國廣東國際音樂 夏令營校長。彼曾獲委任多項公職,包括 前市政局副主席、香港特別行政區基本法 諮詢委員會、考試及評核局、廣播事務 管理局、職業訓練局及藝術發展局委員, 亦出任多家大專學府及文化機構之董事會 成員。盧博士現為香港大學(「港大」)諮詢 會委員、港大多個校務委員會委員及附屬 於港大之明德學院校董會成員。盧博士亦 為非凡美樂有限公司總監。彼為另一家香港 上市公司 - 新利軟件(集團)股份有限公司之 獨立非執行董事。

劉文龍先生,OBE,太平紳士,六十九歲, 本公司之獨立非執行董事、審核委員會、 薪酬委員會及提名委員會成員。彼於 二零一二年十二月十七日獲委任為本公 司之獨立非執行董事。劉先生為合資格 電機工程師,以及英國工程及科技學會會 員,並持有英倫University of Surrey理學 碩士學位。彼在紡織及成衣界有逾三十年 之管理及市場行銷經驗。劉先生為港新 企業有限公司之執行董事。彼於一九七八年 至一九九五年期間獲委任為市政局議員 及至副主席。劉先生亦曾擔任多個政府委 員會及專責小組成員,計有紡織業諮詢委 員會、工業貿易諮詢委員會、行政上訴委 員會、空運牌照局、上訴委員團(城市規 劃)、稅務上訴委員會、廣播事務管理局 等。彼亦由一九八五年至一九九七年出任 香港大學校務委員會委員。劉先生活躍於 多個慈善團體及潮州社團。

董事會及高級管理人員

Mr. Theodore TAM Shing Chi, CPA (Aust.), CPA, MBA, aged 56, is the Company Secretary of the Company and the Group's Chief Financial Officer. Mr. TAM joined the Group in 2009 and has over 30 years of experience in finance, accounting and management. Mr. TAM is a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants, and the CPA Australia. He holds a Master Degree in Business Administration from the Melbourne University, Australia. Mr. TAM's experiences covered a variety of industries including auditing, business advisory services with one of the Big Four accounting firms in Hong Kong as well as the Regional Chief Financial Officer of one of the top three marketing communication services companies in Asia Pacific.

Ms. Susan MAK Wei Yee, FCCA, CPA, aged 58, is the General Manager of Chow Sang Sang Securities Limited. Ms. MAK joined the Group in 2001 and has over 35 years of experience in accounting, banking and finance. Ms. MAK is a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants.

Mr. LAU Hak Bun, aged 62, is the Group's General Manager – Retail Operations (Greater China). Mr. LAU has been with the Group for over 40 years. He is well-experienced in sales management. Apart from managing the retail and corporate gift operations in Hong Kong and Macau, Mr. LAU is also responsible for the development of operational strategies in Mainland China, Hong Kong, Taiwan and Macau. He also serves as a Vice-chairman of the Hong Kong Jewellers' & Goldsmiths' Association Ltd. and a Vice-chairman of The Kowloon Pearls, Precious Stones, Jade, Gold and Silver Ornament Merchants Association.

Ms. Sandra SHEK Tsang, aged 45, is the Group's Brand Director for "Chow Sang Sang". Ms. SHEK is responsible for overseeing the development of the branding, product development and marketing. Prior to joining the Group in 2013, she was the General Manager of various international jewellery and accessories brands. Ms. SHEK has over 20 years of sales operation and marketing experience in China.

Ms. Carol WONG May Chun, aged 51, is the Group's Brand Director for "Emphasis Jewellery". Ms. WONG joined the Group in 2004 and is responsible for Emphasis Jewellery's total branding, including product development, marketing, as well as channel development and management. Prior to joining the Group, Ms. WONG held key posts in various internationally-renowned fashion and accessories brands, and has extensive experience in brand management and marketing, with major focus on developing Asia Pacific markets.

譚承志先生,CPA (Aust.),CPA,MBA,五十六歲,本公司之公司秘書及本集團,於財務長。譚先生於二零零九年累積會計級於大學工商管理方面累費會計師公會之會員位。譚先生工商管理碩士學位。譚先生工大會大學工商管理碩士學位括於香港語為與洲作會計事務所之一提供審計及商業語指數的以及出任亞太區其中一家三大市場傳訊服務公司之區域首席財務長。

麥惠怡女士,FCCA,CPA,五十八歲,周生生證券有限公司之總經理。麥女士於二零零一年加入本集團,於會計、銀行及財務方面累積逾三十五年經驗。麥女士為香港會計師公會及英國特許公認會計師公會之會員。

劉克斌先生,六十二歲,本集團之大中華營運總經理。劉先生服務本集團超過四十年,對於銷售管理擁有豐富經驗。除管理港澳零售及企業禮品業務外,劉先生亦負責研究及規劃中港台澳四地之運作策略。彼亦擔任香港珠石玉器金銀首飾業商會副理事長及九龍珠石玉器金銀首飾業商會副理事長。

石崢小姐,四十五歲,本集團「周生生」 之品牌總監。石小姐負責監管此品牌業務、產品開發及市場推廣之整體發展。於 二零一三年加入本集團前,彼曾擔任多家國際飾品及配飾品牌之總經理。石小姐在 大中華區品牌營運及市場推廣方面擁有逾 二十年經驗。

黃美真小姐,五十一歲,本集團[點睛品] 之品牌總監。黃小姐於二零零四年加入本 集團,負責點睛品之全面品牌管理,包括 產品開發、市場推廣、銷售渠道發展及管 理。於加入本集團前,黃小姐於多家國際 著名時裝及配飾品牌擔當要職,具豐富品 牌管理及推廣經驗,主力負責拓展亞太區 市場。

Overview

The year 2014 started out with high bases set in the previous year by the "gold rush", particularly in the first half during which turnover for the Group was down by 34%. In the second half, with a comparatively lower gold price, the year-on-year comparison was less disappointing.

A short but marked dip in the price of gold in November stimulated demand but the effect was not sustained. By December, it became clear that the festive season was to be one of the weakest in a number of years. There was no reduction in the number of mainland visitors to Hong Kong, but they tended to spend less, especially on high-value items.

The stock market in Hong Kong became more active, especially in the second half of the year. The number of initial public offerings ("IPOs") increased significantly over the previous year, as was participation by retail investors.

Overall, turnover for the whole year was down by 23% to HK\$19,246 million, and profit attributable to equity holders decreased 11% to HK\$1,082 million.

Jewellery Retail

As expected this segment contributed the most to the Group's turnover, namely 88% or HK\$16,933 million. Operating profit was HK\$1,255 million, decreasing 7% from the prior year but with improved margin.

Hong Kong and Macau

Turnover retreated 20% with higher priced jewellery bearing the brunt. Same store sales growth (SSSG) was -23%. However, we managed to put more high value-added gold products in the sales mix thus achieving an enhanced gross profit margin.

Four new shops opened in Hong Kong: two in Mongkok, one in Taipo and one in Tsim Sha Tsui. Over in Macau both the gaming industry and the retail sector suffered as the central government tightened its grip on fund flow and people travel. A new shop was opened at Galaxy Macau Resort.

Despite the relatively gloomy atmosphere, there was no slackening in the demand for rental hikes by landlords. Shop rental expenditure rose by 21%.

Fitting out of shops cost HK\$63 million as capital expenditure.

管理層討論及分析

綜觀

二零一四年在上年度「搶金潮」的高基數下,本集團上半年同比營業額下跌34%。 踏入下半年,在金價相對較低的情況下, 其同比落差較少。

金價在十一月出現短暫而明顯的下調,刺激了需求,但效應未能持續。至十二月,節日市道明顯是多年來表現最弱之一。內地訪港旅客人數沒有減少,但整體消費意欲減弱,在高價貨品更甚。

香港證券市場轉趨暢旺,特別是下半年度。首次公開招股活動較前一年度大幅增加,而散戶投資者亦較前活躍。

整體而言,全年營業額下跌23%至一佰 九十二億四仟六佰萬港元,權益持有人應 佔溢利下跌11%至十億八仟二佰萬港元。

珠寶零售

一如過往,此部分對本集團營業額貢獻最多,分別為88%或一佰六十九億三仟三佰萬港元。經營溢利為十二億五仟五佰萬港元,較前一年度下跌7%,但盈利率有改善。

香港及澳門

營業額倒退20%,以價格較高的珠寶首當 其衝。同店銷售增長為-23%。雖然如此, 由於集團在銷售組合中增加高增值的黃金 產品,因而取得較高的毛利率。

香港有四家新店開業:兩家位於旺角,一家位於大埔及一家位於尖沙咀。澳門的博彩業及零售業因為中央政府嚴控資金流向及人民出行而蒙受打擊。一家新店於澳門銀河綜合渡假城開業。

儘管氣氛較為不明朗,業主對加租的要求並沒有放緩。店舖租金開支上漲21%。

資本性開支為六仟三佰萬港元,主要用於 店舗裝修。

Jewellery Retail (continued)

Mainland China

Total turnover dropped by 7% and gold sales slackened. SSSG was -12%. However, turnover of jewellery grew by 20% with SSSG at 11% and online sales made progress at 43%.

During the year there were 40 new shop openings, bringing the total number of cities covered to 100. The store situated next to the Bund in Shanghai is notable because of its location and its flagship-grade fitting out. The net increase in the number of stores was 26, as 14 shops were closed, mostly due to poor operating environment provided by the host department stores.

Capital expenditure stood at RMB95 million.

Taiwan

Modest growth in the economy brought small improvement in the operating results, which are nevertheless not significant.

Wholesale of Precious Metals

Demand for gold for manufacturing use as well as demand of gold nuggets both dwindled, cutting down turnover by 58%.

Securities and Futures Broking

Turnover improved by 13%, in line with the market. Participation in 64 IPOs gave a significant boost to income.

We have not participated in the Shanghai-Hong Kong Stock Connect but we are planning to offer Northbound trading service in the second half of 2015.

The migration to the new systems of the Hong Kong Exchanges and Clearing Limited's Orion Central Gateway will be completed by first guarter of 2015.

Investments

Properties

The Group holds various properties that are being used for offices, shops and factories. Rental income from investment properties amounted to HK\$11 million, less than 1% of the Group's turnover.

Shares in Hong Kong Exchanges and Clearing Limited ("HKEC") Since 2000 the shares of HKEC resulting from the reorganization of the then exchanges have been held with no plan for disposal. The holding, 4,953,500 shares, remained unchanged from the start to the end of the year. The unrealized gain on the holding amounted to HK\$850 million, compared to HK\$640 million in 2013.

管理層討論及分析

珠寶零售(續)

中國內地

總營業額下跌7%主要由於黃金銷售放緩。同店銷售增長為-12%。然而珠寶營業額有20%增長,其同店銷售增長亦達11%,網上銷售取得43%增幅。

年內共有四十家新店開業,令覆蓋城市增至一百個。位於上海外灘旁的分店以其位置及旗艦級裝修而著稱。由於有十四家分店主要因為位處的百貨公司經營環境欠佳而結業,分店數目淨增幅為二十六家。

資本性開支為九仟五佰萬元人民幣。

台灣

經濟有輕微增長,令業績略有改善,惟其 貢獻較微。

貴金屬批發

生產用的黃金需求及金扣需求均萎縮,令營業額減少58%。

證券及期貨經紀

營業額增加13%,較貼近市場趨勢。參與 六十四項首次公開招股為收入帶來較大的 增長。

本集團沒有參與滬港股票市場交易互聯互 通機制,但計劃在二零一五年下半年提供 北上交易服務。

連接至香港交易及結算所有限公司「領航星中央交易網關」的系統工程將在二零一五年首季完成。

投資

物美

本集團持有之物業包括自用辦公室、商店 及廠房。投資物業帶來之租金收入為一仟 一佰萬港元,佔本集團營業額少於1%。

香港交易及結算所有限公司(「港交所」)股份 集團暫無計劃出售自二零零零年交易所重 組而獲分配之港交所股份。本集團持有之 四佰九十五萬三仟五佰股港交所股份由年 初直至本年底之數量維持不變。未變現收 益為八億五仟萬港元,比對二零一三年為 六億四仟萬港元。

Finance

Financial Position and Liquidity

The Group generates strong recurring cashflow from its jewellery business and continues to enjoy a solid cash position. As at 31 December 2014, the Group had cash and cash equivalents of HK\$1,009 million (2013: HK\$1,009 million). Cash is mostly held in Hong Kong dollar or Renminbi and deposited in leading banks with maturity dates falling within one year.

The Group was well supported by over HK\$6,121 million in banking facilities including bank borrowings and bullion loans, out of which HK\$1,064 million are committed facilities. As at 31 December 2014, total unutilized banking facilities was HK\$3,813 million (2013: HK\$4,114 million).

As at 31 December 2014, the Group had total bank borrowings and bullion loans of HK\$1.224 million and HK\$1.031 million respectively. most of which were unsecured according to Group policy. All the debts are repayable within three years. The gearing ratio was 26%, based on total bank borrowings and bullion loans of HK\$2,255 million as a percentage of total equity attributable to equity holders of the Company of HK\$8.647 million. The current ratio of the Group was 3.4.

The Group manages risk of credit cost and availability by several means: cultivating relationship with a large number of lending banks; diversifying the funding sources by engaging a number of local and overseas banks; putting some loans on a term basis; and fixing interest costs on loans as appropriate. The Group had 23% of its bank loans at fixed rate as at 31 December 2014, increased from 17% as at 31 December 2013.

As at 31 December 2014, outstanding derivatives on the books were mainly bullion contracts for hedging the bullion price exposure. The management monitors the hedging policy closely and the hedging level of the Group is approximately 40% of the total gold inventories.

Foreign Exchange Risk Management

The Group's assets and liabilities, revenue and expenses are mostly denominated in Hong Kong dollar, Renminbi and US dollar. As such, the risk is easily manageable and slight. Simultaneously, the Group maintains an appropriate level of foreign currency borrowings for natural hedge to minimize the foreign exchange exposure. As at 31 December 2014, the borrowings denominated in US dollar and New Taiwan dollar amounted to US\$13 million and NT\$61 million respectively.

管理層討論及分析

財務

財務狀況及流動資金

本集團的珠寶零售業務提供集團充足現 金。於二零一四年十二月三十一日,本集 團手頭現金及等同現金為十億九佰萬港元 (二零一三年:十億九佰萬港元)。大部分 現金以港元或人民幣以不超過一年期存於 具領導地位的銀行。

本集團獲得超過六十一億二仟一佰萬港元 的銀行融資支持,包括銀行貸款及貴金屬 借貸,其中十億六仟四佰萬港元為保證融 資。於二零一四年十二月三十一日,未動 用之銀行融資總額為三十八億一仟三佰萬 港元(二零一三年:四十一億一仟四佰萬港 元)。

於二零一四年十二月三十一日,本集團之 總銀行貸款及貴金屬借貸分別為十二億 二仟四佰萬港元及十億三仟一佰萬港元, 按本集團政策大部分以無抵押方式取得。 所有借貸期限均不超逾三年。按總銀行 及貴金屬借貸為二十二億五仟五佰萬港 元,以本公司權益持有人應佔權益總額 八十六億四仟七佰萬港元為基準,資本負 債比率為26%。本集團之流動比率為3.4。

本集團以多種方式管理信貸成本風險及可 用額度:與多家提供融資的銀行維持良好 伙伴關係、分散向數家本地及海外銀行申 請融資、將部分借貸轉為長期貸款及按情 况固定利息支出。於二零一四年十二月 三十一日,本集團有23%的銀行借貸為定 息借貸,略較二零一三年十二月三十一日 的 17% 為高。

於二零一四年十二月三十一日,賬面上未 平倉之衍生工具主要為用作對沖貴金屬價 格風險的貴金屬合約。管理層密切監控對 沖政策,現時本集團的對沖水平約為黃金 總存貨的40%。

外匯風險管理

本集團資產及負債、收入及支出大部分以 港元、人民幣及美元結算,此等風險較容 易掌握及有限。同時,本集團維持適當水 平的外幣借款作自然對沖,以減低外匯風 險。於二零一四年十二月三十一日,美元 及新台幣的貸款分別為一仟三佰萬美元及 六仟一佰萬新台幣。

Finance (continued)

Charge on Assets and Contingent Liabilities

As at 31 December 2014, certain items of properties of the Group with a net carrying value of HK\$216 million (2013: HK\$192 million), and listed equity investments of HK\$525 million (2013: HK\$323 million) were pledged to secure banking facilities granted to certain subsidiaries of the Company.

Details of the contingent liabilities of the Group as at 31 December 2014 are set out in note 38 to the financial statements.

Human Resources

The Group maintains its long-established performance-based remuneration policies. Training has been provided to new and existing staff at a pace commensurate with the expansion of the networks in all territories.

At year-end, the total number of employees was 7,895, with 5,912 (75%) on the mainland.

To date no option has been granted under the Company's share option scheme. Details of the scheme can be found in note 35 to the financial statements.

Outlook

As the turnover of big-ticket items crawls in the slow lane, more resources are being concentrated in the development of "affordable luxury" or daily-wear products. At the same time, adjustment must be made to accommodate the changing of consumer habits. We have witnessed the remarkable growth of online sales and it behooves us to look into how we can heighten the synergy between our online store and our physical ones.

Inventory control is of paramount importance under such an operating environment. Aside from close monitoring, we are developing sophisticated models in order to better match supply and demand, while taking into account the development and buildup of products needed for marketing and branding.

Currently there are no new stores being contemplated in Hong Kong and Macau, save for the one already planned for YOHO Town in Yuen Long.

In China we will continue with our pace of expansion of 50 new shops a year. However, this number is just a guideline and not a commitment. We follow our stringent criteria in store location and the reality is that availability of suitable space may be the limiting factor.

管理層討論及分析

財務(續)

資產抵押及或然負債

於二零一四年十二月三十一日,本集團以 賬面淨值二億一仟六佰萬港元(二零一三 年:一億九仟二佰萬港元)的若干物業及 五億二仟五佰萬港元(二零一三年:三億 二仟三佰萬港元)的上市股份投資作為 本公司若干附屬公司取得銀行信貸之抵押。

有關本集團於二零一四年十二月三十一日 的或然負債詳情載於財務報告附註38。

人力資源

本集團行之已久按表現為分發基準的薪酬 制度並無改變。繼續培訓新入職及現有員 工,以配合集團各地分店網絡擴展的步伐。

於年底,本集團共有7.895位僱員,其中 5,912位(75%) 為內地員工。

直至目前為止,本公司的購股權計劃未有 授出購股權。計劃詳情可參閱財務報告附 註35。

展望

由於高單價貨品銷情放緩,集團將集中更 多資源於發展「輕奢華」或適合日常佩戴 的產品上,同時必須調整產品組合以配合 正改變的消費習慣。網上銷售錄得顯著增 長,本集團當研究如何提高網店及實體店 的協同作用。

目前的經營環境下,存貨管理尤其重要, 除嚴格監控外,集團在考慮發展為市務及 建立品牌所需產品的同時,正發展多個先 進的系統,讓供應與需求有更佳配合。

目前除已預定在元朗新時代廣場(YOHO Town)設店外,並無計劃在香港及澳門開 設新店。

集團將繼續每年在內地開設五十家分店的 擴展速度。但此數目只是一項方向性指 標,集團仍當按照其嚴格要求選址,故此 能否獲得合適地點會成為能否達標的限制。

The Directors present their report and the audited financial statements of the Company and the Group for the year ended 31 December 2014.

Principal Activities

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding. Its subsidiaries are active in the field of the manufacture and retail of iewellery, wholesale of precious metals, and securities and futures broking. Details of the principal activities of the subsidiaries are set out in note 20 to the financial statements.

Results and Dividends

The Group's profit for the year ended 31 December 2014 and the state of affairs of the Company and the Group as at that date are set out in the financial statements on pages 34 to 137.

An interim dividend of HK12 cents per ordinary share was paid on 24 September 2014. The Directors recommend the payment of a final dividend of HK49 cents per ordinary share in respect of the year to shareholders whose names appear on the register of members on 10 June 2015.

Five-year Financial Summary

A summary of the published results and assets, liabilities and noncontrolling interests of the Group for the last five financial years, as extracted from the audited financial statements and reclassified as appropriate, is set out on page 14 of this report. This summary does not form part of the audited financial statements.

董事會報告

董事會謹此呈交截至二零一四年十二月 三十一日止年度之報告及本公司與本集團 之經審核財務報告。

主要業務

本公司之主要業務為投資控股。其附屬公 司活躍於珠寶製造及零售、貴金屬批發, 以及證券及期貨經紀範疇。附屬公司之主 要業務詳情載於財務報告附註20。

業績及股息

本集團截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止 年度之溢利及本公司與本集團於該日之財 政狀況載於財務報告第34至137頁內。

本公司於二零一四年九月二十四日派發中 期股息每普通股12港仙。董事會建議派發 本年度末期股息每普通股49港仙予名列於 二零一五年六月十日股東名冊上之股東。

五年財務摘要

本報告第14頁載列本集團過去五個財政年 度之已公布業績、資產、負債及非控股股 東權益之概要(乃摘錄自經審核財務報告並 按適當情況重新分類)。此概要並不構成經 審核財務報告之部分。

董事會報告

Five-year Financial Summary (continued)

五年財務摘要(續)

Results

業績			V			
				ended 31 Dece 十二月三十一日止		
		2014 HK\$′000 千港元	2013 HK\$'000 千港元	2012 HK\$'000 千港元	2011 HK\$'000 千港元	2010 HK\$'000 千港元
Turnover Jewellery retail Other businesses	營業額 珠寶零售 其他業務	16,932,576 2,313,382	19,942,531 5,199,909	14,861,040 3,399,192	12,645,000 4,513,286	8,265,447 3,439,844
		19,245,958	25,142,440	18,260,232	17,158,286	11,705,291
Operating profit	經營溢利	1,360,090	1,510,159	1,217,488	1,417,785	970,738
Share of profits of associates, net	應佔聯營公司 溢利,淨值	2,211	1,828	4,179	1,983	3,262
Profit before tax Income Tax	除税前溢利 所得税	1,362,301 (276,907)	1,511,987 (288,428)	1,221,667 (232,853)	1,419,768 (303,423)	974,000 (202,062)
Profit for the year	年內溢利	1,085,394	1,223,559	988,814	1,116,345	771,938
Profit attributable to: Equity holders of the Company Non-controlling interests	應佔溢利: 本公司權益 持有人 非控股股東權益	1,082,324	1,218,461 5,098	984,845	1,097,983	762,112 9,826
		1,085,394	1,223,559	988,814	1,116,345	771,938
Assets, Liabilities and Non-o 資產、負債及非控股股東權益	controlling Interests					
				s at 31 Decemb 於十二月三十一日		
		2014 HK\$′000 千港元	2013 HK\$′000 千港元	ストーカニト - 2012 HK\$′000 千港元	2011 HK\$′000 千港元	2010 HK\$'000 千港元
Total assets Total liabilities Non-controlling interests	總資產 總負債 非控股股東權益	12,242,409 (3,595,676)	11,341,983 (3,323,509) (83,574)	10,425,555 (3,342,482) (76,104)	9,679,107 (3,242,571) (81,059)	8,017,895 (2,265,697) (59,575)
		8,646,733	7,934,900	7,006,969	6,355,477	5,692,623

Charitable Contributions

During the year, the Group made charitable contributions totalling HK\$1.304.000.

Property, Plant and Equipment and Investment Properties

Details of movements in the property, plant and equipment and investment properties of the Group during the year are set out in notes 15 and 16 to the financial statements, respectively. Further details of the Group's properties are set out on pages 138 to 140 of this annual report.

Share Capital

There were no movements in either the Company's authorized or issued share capital during the year.

Share Option Scheme

Details of the share option scheme of the Company are set out in note 35 to the financial statements.

Pre-emptive Rights

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Company's bye-laws or the laws of Bermuda which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro rata basis to existing shareholders.

Purchase, Redemption or Sale of Listed Securities of the Company

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries, purchased, redeemed or sold any of the Company's listed securities during the year.

Reserves

Details of movements in the reserves of the Company and the Group during the year are set out in note 36(b) to the financial statements and in the consolidated statement of changes in equity, respectively.

Distributable Reserves

As at 31 December 2014, the Company's reserves available for distribution, calculated in accordance with the provisions of the Bermuda Companies Act 1981, amounted to HK\$2,038,321,000, of which HK\$331,691,000 has been proposed as a final dividend for the year.

董事會報告

慈善捐款

年內本集團之慈善捐款共1.304.000港元。

物業、機器及設備及投資物業

年內本集團之物業、機器及設備及投資物 業之變動詳情分別載於財務報告附註15及 16。本集團物業之進一步詳情載於本年報 第138至140頁內。

股本

年內本公司之法定或已發行股本並無變動。

購股權計劃

本公司購股權計劃之詳情載於財務報告附 註35。

優先購股權

本公司章程細則或百慕達法例並無規定本 公司必須向現有股東按持股比例提呈新股 之優先購股權之條款。

購買、贖回或出售本公司之上市證券

年內本公司或其仟何附屬公司概無購買、 贖回或出售仟何本公司之上市證券。

儲備

年內本公司及本集團之儲備變動詳情分別 載於財務報告附註36(b)及綜合權益變動表 內。

可分派儲備

於二零一四年十二月三十一日,本公司根 據百慕達一九八一年公司法條文計算之 可分派儲備達2,038,321,000港元,其中 331,691,000港元擬派發為本年度之末期 股息。

Major Customers and Suppliers

In the year under review, sales to the Group's five largest customers accounted for less than 30% of the total sales for the year. Purchases from the Group's five largest suppliers accounted for 53% of the total purchases for the year and purchases from the largest supplier included therein amounted to 22%.

None of the Directors of the Company or any of their associates or any shareholders (which to the knowledge of the Directors own more than 5% of the Company's issued share capital) had any beneficial interest in the Group's five largest suppliers.

Directors

The Directors of the Company during the year and up to the date of this report were:

Executive Directors:

Dr. CHOW Kwen Lim

Mr. Vincent CHOW Wing Shing

Dr. Gerald CHOW King Sing

Mr. Winston CHOW Wun Sing

Non-executive Directors:

Mr. CHOW Kwen Lina

Dr. CHAN Bing Fun*

Mr. Stephen TING Leung Huel

Mr. CHUNG Pui Lam

Mr. LEE Ka Lun*

Dr. LO King Man*

Mr. Stephen LAU Man Lung*

* Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. CHOW Kwen Ling shall retire at the forthcoming annual general meeting (the "2015 AGM") pursuant to his appointment letter with the Company and Dr. CHOW Kwen Lim. Mr. Vincent CHOW Wing Shing. Dr. CHAN Bing Fun and Mr. CHUNG Pui Lam shall retire by rotation at the 2015 AGM pursuant to bye-law 99(B) of the Company's bye-laws. All the retiring Directors are eligible for re-election at the 2015 AGM.

Directors' and Senior Management's Biographies

Biographical details of the Directors and senior management up to the date of this report are set out on pages 4 to 8 of this annual report.

董事會報告

主要客戶及供應商

於本回顧年,本集團五大客戶所佔銷售額 佔全年總銷售額少於30%。本集團五大供 應商所佔採購額佔全年總採購額53%,當 中包括最大供應商所佔採購額達22%。

本公司各董事或其仟何聯繫人十或仟何股 東(據董事會所知,擁有本公司已發行股本 逾5%之股東)概無擁有本集團五大供應商 之仟何實益權益。

董事

年內及截至本報告日本公司之董事如下:

執行董事:

周君廉博士

周永成先生

周敬成醫生

周允成先生

非執行董事:

周君今先生

陳炳勳醫生*

丁良輝先生

鍾沛林先生

李家麟先生*

盧景文博士*

劉文龍先生*

* 獨立非執行董事

根據本公司與周君令先生訂立之委任函, 彼須於應屆股東週年大會(「二零一五年股 東週年大會」)上退任,而根據本公司章 程細則第99(B)條,周君廉博士、周永成 先生、陳炳勳醫牛及鍾沛林先牛須於二零 一五年股東週年大會上輪席退任。所有退 任董事均合資格於二零一五年股東週年大 會卜膺撰連仟。

董事及高級管理人員履歷

董事及高級管理人員截至本報告日之履歷 詳情載於本年報第4至8頁內。

Directors' Service Contracts

No Director proposed for re-election at the 2015 AGM has a service contract with the Company which is not determinable by the Company within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

Directors' Interests in Contracts

Save as detailed in note 41 to the financial statements, no Director had a material interest, either directly or indirectly, in any contract of significance to the business of the Group to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries was a party during the year.

Directors' Interests in Shares

As at 31 December 2014, the interests of the Directors in the issued share capital of the Company or its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO")), as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, or as otherwise notified to the Company and The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code"), were as follows:

Long positions:

.

Number of shares held 持股數目

好倉:

Name of Directors		Personal interest	Family interest	Corporate interest	Trustee interest	Total	the Company's issued share capital 佔本公司已發行
董事姓名		個人權益	家屬權益	公司權益	信託人權益	合計	股本百分比
Mr. CHOW Kwen Ling	周君令先生	_	-	53,909,932 ⁽¹⁾	_	53,909,932	7.96
Dr. CHOW Kwen Lim	周君廉博士	_	-	_	136,271,595 ⁽²⁾	136,271,595	20.13
Dr. CHAN Bing Fun	陳炳勳醫生	1,320,000	_	_	_	1,320,000	0.20
Mr. Vincent CHOW Wing Shing	周永成先生	_	_	_	136,271,595 ⁽²⁾	136,271,595	20.13
Dr. Gerald CHOW King Sing	周敬成醫生	19,711,680	70,398 ⁽³⁾	56,244,316 ⁽³⁾	_	76,026,394	11.23
Mr. Winston CHOW Wun Sing	周允成先生	28,681,104	52,800 ⁽³⁾	14,244,316 ⁽³⁾	32,616,000 ⁽³⁾	75,594,220	11.17

Please refer to the explanatory notes in the section headed "Substantial Shareholders' and Other Persons' Interests in Shares and Underlying Shares".

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2014, none of the Directors had registered an interest or short position in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations that was required to be recorded pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code.

董事會報告

董事之服務合約

擬於二零一五年股東週年大會上膺選連任之董事,概無與本公司訂立本公司不可於一年內無須賠償(法定賠償除外)而終止之服務合約。

董事於合約之權益

除財務報告附註41所詳述外,各董事於年內概無於本公司或其任何附屬公司所訂立任何對本集團業務重要之合約中直接或間接擁有重大權益。

董事於股份之權益

於二零一四年十二月三十一日,按《證券及期貨條例》第352條本公司須予保存之名冊內所記錄,或根據上市發行人董事進行證券交易的標準守則(「標準守則」)必須向本公司及香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)具報之權益,各董事於本公司或其相聯法團(定義見《證券及期貨條例》第XV部)已發行股本中之權益如下:

Percentage of

請參考「主要股東及其他人士於股份及相關 股份之權益」一節之附註解釋。

除上文披露外,於二零一四年十二月三十一日,各董事並無於本公司或其任何相聯法團之股份、相關股份或債券中登記擁有根據《證券及期貨條例》第352條規定須予以記錄或根據標準守則必須向本公司及聯交所具報之權益或淡倉。

Directors' Rights to Acquire Shares or Debentures

At no time during the year were rights to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in or debentures of the Company granted to any Director or their respective spouse or minor children, or were any such rights exercised by them; or was the Company or any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangement to enable the Directors to acquire such rights in any other body corporate.

Substantial Shareholders' and Other Persons' Interests in Shares and Underlying Shares

As at 31 December 2014, the interests of those persons in the issued share capital of the Company as recorded in the register of interests required to be kept by the Company pursuant to section 336 of the SFO were as follows:

Long positions:

Name	Capacity	Number of shares held	Percentage of the Company's issued share capital 佔本公司已發行
名稱	身份	持股數目	股本百分比
Everwin Company Limited	Beneficial Owner 實益持有人	120,000,000 (2)	17.73
The Capital Group Companies, Inc.	Interest of Controlled Corporations 受控制公司之權益	94,777,300 ⁽⁴⁾	14.00
Happy Inc.	Beneficial Owner 實益持有人	66,000,000	9.75
Speed Star Holdings Limited	Beneficial Owner and Interest of Controlled Corporation 實益持有人及受控制公司 之權益	56,244,316 ⁽³⁾	8.31
Happy Family Limited 快樂家庭有限公司	Beneficial Owner 實益持有人	53,909,932 (1)	7.96
Schroders Plc	Investment Manager 投資管理人	47,275,447 ⁽⁵⁾	6.98

Notes:

53,909,932 shares in the Company were held by Happy Family Limited, in which Mr. CHOW Kwen Ling had a 20% equity interest and his late spouse had another 20% equity interest.

董事會報告

董事購買股份或債券之權利

本公司於年內仟何時間概無授予仟何董事 或其各自之配偶或年幼子女可購入本公司 股份或債券而獲益之權利;或由彼等行使 任何該等權利;或由本公司或其任何附屬 公司安排致令董事可於任何其他法人團體 獲得該等權利。

主要股東及其他人士於股份及相關股份之 權益

於二零一四年十二月三十一日,根據《證券 及期貨條例》第336條,本公司須予保存之 權益名冊記錄內擁有本公司已發行股本人 士之權益如下:

好倉:

Number of shares held	Percentage of the Company's issued share capital 佔本公司已發行
持股數目	股本百分比
120,000,000 (2)	17.73
94,777,300 ⁽⁴⁾	14.00
66,000,000	9.75
56,244,316 ⁽³⁾	8.31
53,909,932 (1)	7.96
47,275,447 ⁽⁵⁾	6.98

附註:

快樂家庭有限公司持有本公司 53,909,932股股份,周君令先生擁有該 公司20%之股本權益,其已故配偶亦擁 有該公司另外20%之股本權益。

董事會報告

Substantial Shareholders' and Other Persons' Interests in Shares and Underlying Shares (continued)

(2) 136,271,595 shares in the Company were held by a discretionary trust of which Dr. CHOW Kwen Lim and Mr. Vincent CHOW Wing Shing were among the beneficiaries. The trustee of the trust was Cititrust (Cayman) Limited, which held the interests in the Company through the following companies:

Name of companies 公司名稱

Everwin Company Limited Golden Court Limited

Accordingly, Cititrust (Cayman) Limited was deemed to have interest in the 136,271,595 shares. Dr. CHOW Kwen Lim, Mr. Vincent CHOW Wing Shing and his spouse were deemed to have interests in the 136,271,595 shares in the Company.

(3) 70,398 shares and 52,800 shares in the Company were held by the respective spouse of Dr. Gerald CHOW King Sing and Mr. Winston CHOW Wun Sing.

42,000,000 shares in the Company were held by Speed Star Holdings Limited, a company beneficially owned by Dr. Gerald CHOW King Sing and his spouse.

14,244,316 shares in the Company were held by Eimoling Company Limited, in which Speed Star Holdings Limited and Mr. Winston CHOW Wun Sing owned 44.5% of the equity interest respectively.

32,616,000 shares in the Company were held by CWS Holdings Limited, a company beneficially owned by a discretionary trust of which Mr. Winston CHOW Wun Sing was the founder and one of the beneficiaries. The trustee of the trust was UBS TC (Jersey) Ltd. and, accordingly, it was deemed to have interests in the 32,616,000 shares in the Company.

Accordingly, Dr. Gerald CHOW King Sing and his spouse were deemed to have interests in the 56,314,714 shares and 75,955,996 shares in the Company respectively. Mr. Winston CHOW Wun Sing and his spouse were deemed to have interests in the 46,913,116 shares and 75,541,420 shares in the Company respectively.

- (4) The Capital Group Companies, Inc. through its subsidiaries, namely Capital Guardian Trust Company, Capital International, Inc., Capital International Limited, Capital International Sarl and Capital Research and Management Company held totalling 94,777,300 shares in the Company, and was accordingly deemed to be interested in the respective shares held by the aforesaid companies.
- (5) Schroders Plc through its subsidiaries, namely Schroder Investment Management Limited, Schroder Investment Management (Singapore) Limited and Schroder Investment Management (Hong Kong) Limited held 1,899,000 shares, 27,519,000 shares and 17,857,447 shares in the Company respectively, and was accordingly deemed to be interested in the respective shares held by the aforesaid companies.

主要股東及其他人士於股份及相關股份之權益(續)

(2) 一項全權信託持有本公司136,271,595股股份,周君廉博士及周永成先生為其中受益人。Cititrust (Cayman) Limited為該信託之信託人,其透過下列公司擁有本公司之權益:

No. of shares held 特股數目

> 120,000,000 16,271,595

因此, Cititrust (Cayman) Limited 被視為擁有136,271,595股股份權益。周君廉博士、周永成先生及其配偶均被視為擁有本公司136,271,595股股份權益。

(3) 周敬成醫生及周允成先生各自之配偶分別 持有本公司70,398股及52,800股股份。

Speed Star Holdings Limited持有本公司42,000,000股股份,該公司由周敬成醫生及其配偶實益擁有。

Eimoling Company Limited持有本公司 14,244,316股股份·Speed Star Holdings Limited及周允成先生分別擁有該公司 44.5%之股本權益。

CWS Holdings Limited持有本公司 32,616,000股股份,該公司由一項全權信託實益擁有,周允成先生為該信託之成立人及其中一名受益人。UBS TC (Jersey) Ltd. 為該信託之信託人,因此被視為擁有本公司32,616,000股股份權益。

因此,周敬成醫生及其配偶分別被視為擁有本公司56,314,714股及75,955,996股股份權益。周允成先生及其配偶分別被視為擁有本公司46,913,116股及75,541,420股股份權益。

- (4) The Capital Group Companies, Inc.透過其附屬公司Capital Guardian Trust Company、Capital International, Inc.、Capital International Limited、Capital International Sarl及Capital Research and Management Company合共持有本公司94,777,300股股份,因此被視為擁有上述公司各自持有之股份權益。
- (5) Schroders Plc透過其附屬公司Schroder Investment Management Limited、Schroder Investment Management (Singapore) Limited 及Schroder Investment Management (Hong Kong) Limited分別持有本公司1,899,000股、27,519,000股及17,857,447股股份,因此被視為擁有上述公司各自持有之股份權益。

Substantial Shareholders' and Other Persons' Interests in Shares and Underlying Shares (continued)

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2014, no person, other than the Directors of the Company whose interests are set out in the section "Directors' Interests in Shares" above, had registered an interest or short position in the shares or underlying shares of the Company that was required to be recorded pursuant to section 336 of the SFO.

Connected Transactions

Connected transactions entered by the Group during the year, which also constitute exempted continuing connected transactions as defined in Chapter 14A of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the "Listing Rules"), are disclosed in note 41 to the financial statements.

Sufficiency of Public Float

Based on information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors, the Company has maintained the prescribed public float under the Listing Rules throughout the year and up to the date of this report.

Auditors

Ernst & Young retire and a resolution for their reappointment as auditors of the Company will be proposed at the 2015 AGM.

On behalf of the Board

Vincent CHOW Wing Shing

Chairman

Hong Kong 26 March 2015

董事會報告

主要股東及其他人士於股份及相關股份之權益(續)

除上文披露外,於二零一四年十二月三十一日,除以上「董事於股份之權益」一節所載擁有權益之本公司董事外,並無其他人士於本公司股份或相關股份中登記擁有根據《證券及期貨條例》第336條須予記錄之權益或淡倉。

關連交易

本集團於年內所進行之關連交易,按聯交所證券上市規則(「上市規則」)第十四A章定義並構成獲豁免之持續關連交易,於財務報告附註41披露。

足夠公眾持股量

本公司根據公開資料及就董事所知,於年內及截至本報告日,本公司一直維持上市規則規定之公眾持股量。

核數師

安永會計師事務所任滿退任,有關續聘其出 任本公司核數師之決議案將於二零一五年 股東週年大會上提呈。

承董事會命

主席 **周永成**

香港

二零一五年三月二十六日

Corporate Governance Practices

The Group as a whole strives to adhere to the highest standards of transparency, accountability and corporate governance, balancing and protecting the interests of shareholders, customers and employees. The Company has complied throughout the year 2014 with the applicable code provisions of the Corporate Governance Code (the "Code") as set out in Appendix 14 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities (the "Listing Rules") on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange"), except for the derivations from code provisions A.2.1 and A.6.7 of the Code and which are explained in the relevant parts of this report.

The Board

Board composition

The Board comprises eleven Directors, including four Executive Directors ("ED"), three Non-executive Directors ("NED") and four Independent Non-executive Directors ("INED"). In addition, a list containing the names of the Directors and their roles and functions is available on the websites of the Group and the Stock Exchange.

Chairman and Group General Manager

Code provision A.2.1 of the Code stipulates that the roles of chairman and chief executive should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual.

Mr. Vincent CHOW Wing Shing holds both positions of the Chairman and the Group General Manager of the Company. The Board is of the opinion that the present board structure provides the Group with strong and consistent leadership and allows for effective and efficient planning and implementation of business decisions and strategies.

Independence of Directors

Save for the relationships disclosed in the biographical details set out on pages 4 to 7 of this annual report, the Directors do not have family, material financial, business or other relationships with one another.

The Company has received from each INED written annual confirmation of their independence as required under the Listing Rules and therefore the Board considers all INEDs to be independent.

企業管治報告

企業管治常規

本集團全體員工致力維持集團最高標準之透明度、問責制及企業管治,以平衡及保障股東、客戶及員工之利益。本公司於二零一四年年度一直遵守香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)證券上市規則(「上市規則」)附錄十四所載之企業管治守則(「守規則」)之適用守則條文,惟本報告相關部分說明偏離守則第A.2.1項及第A.6.7項守則條文之情況除外。

董事會

董事會組成

董事會由十一名董事組成,包括由四名執 行董事、三名非執行董事及四名獨立非執 行董事組成。此外,董事名單與彼等角色 和職能已載於本集團及聯交所之網站。

主席及集團總經理

守則第A.2.1項守則條文訂明,主席與行政 總裁之角色應有區分,並不應由一人同時 兼任。

周永成先生同時擔任本公司主席兼集團總經理,董事會認為現行之董事會架構為本 集團提供穩健而一致之領導,能使本集團 有效及高效率地制定規劃,以及執行業務 決定及策略。

董事獨立性

除了於本年報第4至7頁的董事履歷詳情披露彼等之關係外,董事之間概無親屬、重大財務、業務或其他關係。

本公司已接獲各獨立非執行董事根據上市 規則規定就其獨立性發出之年度確認函, 因此董事會認同所有獨立非執行董事均屬 獨立人士。

The Board (continued)

Re-election of Directors

All NEDs (including INEDs) are appointed for specific terms of not more than three years, all Directors are also subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years and are subject to re-election in accordance with the Company's bye-laws and the Code.

Directors' liability insurance

Appropriate liability insurance, the coverage of which is reviewed annually, has been arranged to indemnify the Directors' risk exposure arising out of corporate activities.

Securities transactions

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") as set out in Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules as the Company's code of conduct regarding Directors' securities transactions. Directors are reminded on a regular basis of their obligations under the Model Code.

All Directors have written to confirm that they have complied with the required standard set out in the Model Code throughout the year.

Employees who have access to inside information of the Group are also subject to compliance with written internal guidelines that follow the Model Code.

企業管治報告

董事會(續)

菲事重選

所有非執行董事(包括獨立非執行董事)獲 委仟之指定仟期均不超過三年,並且根據 本公司之章程細則及守則須最少每三年輪 席银仟及膺撰連仟。

董事責任保險

本公司已為董事安排適當責任保險,為彼 等因集團業務運作而面對之風險提供賠償 保障,亦會每年檢討其承保範圍。

證券交易

本公司已採納上市規則附錄十所載之上市 發行人董事進行證券交易的標準守則(「標 準守則」),作為本公司董事進行證券交易 之行為守則。本公司定期提醒各董事於標 準守則下須履行之責任。

全體董事已書面確認,年內彼等均一直遵 守標準守則所載之規定標準。

若員工接觸到本集團之內幕消息,亦需遵 守按標準守則訂立之書面內部指引。

企業管治報告

The Board (continued)

Directors' continuous professional development

Directors have continuously been updated on major developments of the Listing Rules and other applicable regulatory requirements to ensure compliance and upkeep of good corporate governance practices.

During the year, the Directors participated in continuous professional development by giving talks, attending briefings/seminars/workshops, and/or reading materials on the following topics to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills and provided their records of training to the Company:

董事會(續)

董事之持續專業發展

本公司持續向董事提供有關上市規則及其 他適用監管規定之重大發展之最新資料, 以確保彼等遵守及秉持良好企業管治常規。

年內董事透過發表演講、出席簡報/研討會/工作坊,及/或閱讀有關以下主題之資料參與持續專業發展,以發展及更新彼等之知識及技能,並已向本公司提供彼等之培訓紀錄:

Name of Directors 董事姓名		Topics on training covered ^(Notes) 涵蓋之培訓主題 ^(附註)
Executive Directors:	執行董事:	
Dr. CHOW Kwen Lim	周君廉博士	(a), (b) & (d)
Mr. Vincent CHOW Wing Shing	周永成先生	(a), (b), (c) & (d)
Dr. Gerald CHOW King Sing	周敬成醫生	(a), (b) & (d)
Mr. Winston CHOW Wun Sing	周允成先生	(a), (b), (c) & (d)
Non-executive Directors:	非執行董事:	
Mr. CHOW Kwen Ling	周君令先生	(a), (b) & (d)
Mr. Stephen TING Leung Huel	丁良輝先生	(a), (b), (c) & (d)
Mr. CHUNG Pui Lam	鍾沛林先生	(a), (b) & (d)
Independent Non-executive	獨立非執行董事:	
Directors:		
Mr. LEE Ka Lun	李家麟先生	(a), (b), (c) & (d)
Dr. CHAN Bing Fun	陳炳勳醫生	(a), (b) & (d)
Dr. LO King Man	盧景文博士	(a), (b) & (d)
Mr. Stephen LAU Man Lung	劉文龍先生	(a), (b) & (d)

Notes:

- (a) regulatory compliance and corporate governance
- (b) finance, law and taxation
- (c) global and local financial market, investment and business environment
- (d) other information relevant to the Group or its business

Roles and Responsibilities of the Board

The Board assumes responsibility for leadership and control of the Group. It determines the overall strategic direction and management objectives, oversees significant operational and financial matters and ensures a framework of risk controls is in place.

附註:

- (a) 合規及企業管治
- (b) 金融、法律及税務
- (c) 全球及本地金融市場、投資及業務環境
- (d) 其他有關本集團或其業務之資料

董事會角色及責任

董事會負責領導及管控本集團。其釐定整體策略性方向及管理目標、監督重大運作及財務事宜,並確保本集團具備風險管控架構。

Roles and Responsibilities of the Board (continued)

The Company has provided to each Director a Directors' Manual, which includes the statutory obligations, duties and responsibilities for being a director. The Directors' Manual is updated from time to time to reflect the latest developments in those areas.

Internal guidelines with continuing updates in areas on the Company's and the Directors' obligations under the Listing Rules, and the latest developments or material changes on ordinances, rules or regulations are provided to Directors from time to time.

The Board has delegated day-to-day operations to management, who is responsible for implementing the Group's business strategies and managing the daily business operations under the leadership of the Chairman/Group General Manager and the Group Deputy General Manager, both of whom are EDs.

Management support

All Directors were provided with monthly updates on the Group's business, operations, and financial matters as well as timely information that may have affected the Group's businesses. Comprehensive Board papers are prepared and distributed quarterly to Directors to keep them informed.

Directors have free access to management for additional information, as and when required and may solicit independent professional advice at the Company's expenses.

Board Committees

The Board is supported by three committees, namely Audit Committee, Remuneration Committee and Nomination Committee, whose respective terms of reference are available on the websites of the Group and the Stock Exchange.

Audit Committee

The principal duties are to monitor the integrity of the Group's financial statements, oversee the Group's financial reporting systems, internal control and risk management procedures and the relationship with the external auditors. Members possess appropriate professional qualifications, accounting or management expertise as required under the Listing Rules.

In 2014, the Committee reviewed the Group's accounting principles and practices, development in accounting standards and associated impacts on the Group, risk management issues, audit findings, compliance, strategy summary and financial reporting matters, and the effectiveness of the Group's internal control system. The Committee discussed the above matters, where appropriate, with management and external auditors.

企業管治報告

董事會角色及責任(續)

本公司已向各董事提供董事手冊,當中載 有作為董事之法定責任、職務及職責。本 公司不時更新董事手冊,以反映相關部分 之最新發展。

本公司不時向董事提供持續更新之內部指 引,當中載有本公司及董事根據上市規則 之責任,以及條例、規則或法規之最新發 展或重要變動。

董事會將日常運作授權予管理層負責,管理層在均為執行董事之董事會主席/集團總經理及集團副總經理領導下,負責執行本集團之業務策略及管理日常業務運作。

管理層支援

所有董事均獲得有關本集團業務、營運及 財務事宜之每月最新資料,以及可能影響 本集團業務之適時資料。管理層每季皆編 製及向各董事提供詳盡之董事會文件,使 彼等獲得有關資料。

董事可隨時接觸管理層以取得額外資料, 如有需要時亦可尋求獨立專業意見,費用 由本公司承擔。

董事委員會

董事會由三個委員會支援,分別為審核委員會、薪酬委員會及提名委員會,其相關 職權範圍已載於本集團及聯交所之網站。

審核委員會

其主要職責為監察本集團財務報告完整性、監督本集團財務匯報制度、內部管控及風險管理程序,以及與外聘核數師之關係。委員會成員皆具備上市規則規定之合適專業資格、會計或管理專長。

二零一四年委員會已審閱本集團之會計原則及慣例、會計準則發展及對本集團之相關影響、風險管理事項、審計結果、法規遵守、策略概要及財務報告事宜,以及本集團內部管控系統之有效性。委員會已適當地與管理層及外聘核數師討論上述事宜。

Board Committees (continued)

Remuneration Committee

The principal functions include reviewing and making recommendations to the Board for approval on the remuneration policies and packages for Directors and senior management.

The remuneration of Directors consists of a basic annual fee with additional payments for serving on Committees. It is not set individually. EDs receive additional pay packages by virtue of their positions in management.

During the year, the Committee reviewed the remuneration package of Directors and senior management, staff bonus scheme and Directors'

Nomination Committee

The main duties include reviewing the structure, size and composition of the Board, assessing the independence of INEDs, making recommendations to the Board on the appointment or re-appointment of directors and determining the policy for nomination of directors. In carrying out the responsibility for identifying suitably qualified candidates to become members of the Board, the Committee gives adequate consideration to the board diversity policy. Its aim is to ensure that the Board is appropriately constituted with a balance of knowledge. skills and experience.

During the year, the Nomination Committee reviewed the structure, size and composition of the Board. It also assessed and confirmed the independence of INEDs, and recommended to the Board the nomination of Mr. CHOW Kwen Ling, Dr. CHOW King Sing, Gerald, Mr. LEE Ka Lun and Dr. LO King Man for re-appointment as Directors by the shareholders at the annual general meeting of the Company held on 17 June 2014 (the "2014 AGM").

The Board adopted the board diversity policy in August 2013. The Company recognizes and embraces the benefits of diversity of Board members. It endeavours to ensure that the Board has a balance of skills, experience and diversity of perspectives appropriate to the requirements of the Group's corporate strategy. All Board appointments are based on meritocracy, and candidates are considered against objective criteria, having due regards for the benefits of diversity on the Board.

Selection of candidates is based on a range of diversity perspectives, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, professional qualifications, skills, knowledge and regional experience. The ultimate decision is based on the merits and contribution that the selected candidates will bring to the Board.

企業管治報告

董事委員會(續)

薪酬委員會

其主要職能包括審閱董事及高級管理人員 之薪酬政策及待遇,以及提出建議予董事 會批核。

董事薪酬包括基本年度袍金及出任委員會 成員之額外酬金。該薪酬並非以個別董事 釐定。執行董事會按彼等在管理層之職位 而獲取額外薪酬待遇。

年內委員會已就董事及高級管理人員之薪 酬待遇、員工花紅計劃及董事袍金作出檢 計。

提名委員會

其主要職責包括檢討董事會之架構、人數 及組合、評核獨立非執行董事之獨立性、 就董事委任或重新委任向董事會提出建 議,以及釐定提名董事之政策。委員會履 行物色具備合適資格可擔任董事之人選之 職責時,會充分考慮董事會成員多元化政 策。委員會旨在確保董事會能恰當地組成 **並擁有均衡知識、技能及經驗。**

年內提名委員會已檢討董事會之架構、人 數及組合。委員會亦已評核及確認獨立非 執行董事之獨立性,並建議董事會提名 周君令先牛、周敬成醫牛、李家麟先牛及 盧景文博士供股東於本公司二零一四年 六月十七日舉行之股東週年大會上重新委 任為董事(「二零一四年股東週年大會」)。

董事會於二零一三年八月採納董事會成員 多元化政策。本公司認同及深信董事會成 員多元化的好處,可確保董事會就適合集 團企業策略所需之技能、經驗及多元化方 面取得平衡。為有效達致董事會成員多 元化,所有董事會成員委任乃基於用人唯 才,及考慮候撰人之客觀條件。

甄選候選人將按一系列多元化範疇為基 準,包括但不限於性別、年齡、文化及教 育背景、專業資格、技能、知識及區域經 驗。最終按獲選人之長處及其可為董事會 提供之貢獻而作決定。

企業管治報告

Attendance Record of Directors and Committee Members

The attendance record of each Director at the Board and Board Committee meetings and the general meeting of the Company held in 2014 is set out as follows:

董事及委員會成員之出席紀錄

各董事出席於二零一四年舉行之本公司董 事會會議、董事委員會會議及股東大會之 紀錄載列如下:

	Attendance/Number of Meetings 會議出席次數/舉行次數					
Name of Directors 董事姓名		Board 董事會	Audit Committee 審核委員會	Remuneration Committee 薪酬委員會	Nomination Committee 提名委員會	Annual General Meeting 股東週年大會
Executive Directors:	執行董事:					
Mr. Vincent CHOW Wing Shing	周永成先生					
Chairman and Group General Manager	主席兼集團總經理	4/4	-	-	-	1/1
Dr. CHOW Kwen Lim	周君廉博士	3/4	-	-	-	0/1
Dr. Gerald CHOW King Sing	周敬成醫生	3/4	-	-	0/1	1/1
Mr. Winston CHOW Wun Sing	周允成先生					
Group Deputy General Manager	集團副總經理	4/4	-	-	-	1/1
Non-executive Directors:	非執行董事:					
Mr. CHOW Kwen Ling	周君令先生					
Honorary Chairman	名譽董事長	0/4	-	-	-	0/1
Mr. Stephen TING Leung Huel	丁良輝先生	4/4	1/2	1/1	-	1/1
Mr. CHUNG Pui Lam	鍾沛林先生	4/4	2/2	1/1	1/1	1/1
Independent Non-executive Directors:	獨立非執行董事:					
Mr. LEE Ka Lun	李家麟先生					
Chairman of the three Committees	三個委員會之主席	4/4	2/2	1/1	1/1	1/1
Dr. CHAN Bing Fun	陳炳勳醫生	3/4	2/2	1/1	1/1	1/1
Dr. LO King Man	盧景文博士	4/4	2/2	1/1	1/1	1/1
Mr. Stephen LAU Man Lung	劉文龍先生	4/4	2/2	1/1	1/1	1/1

- The Director is not a member

Directors who are considered having conflict of interests or material interests in proposed transactions or contemplated issues are required to abstain from voting on the relevant resolution.

Under code provision A.6.7 of the Code, the INEDs and other NEDs should attend general meetings and develop a balanced understanding of the views of shareholders. Mr. CHOW Kwen Ling, an NED, was unable to attend the 2014 AGM due to other commitments.

董事並非成員

若董事於建議交易或擬進行事項中存有利 益衝突或擁有重大權益,即須就相關決議 案放棄投票。

根據守則第A.6.7項守則條文,獨立非執行董事及其他非執行董事應出席股東大會,對股東之意見有公正之了解。非執行董事周君令先生因需處理其他事務而未克出席二零一四年股東週年大會。

Corporate Governance Functions

The Board of Directors is responsible for determining the policy for the corporate governance of the Company and keeping up to date with the latest requirements of the Code and the Listing Rules.

In 2014, apart from updating the Code of Conduct of the Group to reflect the prevailing laws and other relevant regulations that employees ought to be aware of and comply with, the Board also reviewed the Company's corporate governance policies and practices, training and continuous professional development of directors and senior management, the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements.

Financial Reporting

Directors' responsibilities

The Board of Directors, through its Audit Committee, is responsible for overseeing the preparation of the Group's financial statements which give a true and fair view of the Group's state of affairs, results and cash flows in accordance with statutory requirements and applicable accounting standards.

External auditors

The reporting responsibilities of the Group's independent external auditors, Ernst & Young, on the Group's financial statements are set out in the Independent Auditors' Report on pages 32 and 33 of this annual report.

The Board is satisfied with the audit fees, process and effectiveness of Ernst & Young and has recommended their reappointment as the Company's external auditors at the forthcoming annual general meeting. The services provided by Ernst & Young and the associated fees thereof for 2014 were as follows:

Audit	審計
Taxation	税務
Others	其他

企業管治報告

企業管治職能

董事會負責釐定本公司企業管治之政策, 並掌握守則及 上市規則之最新規定。

二零一四年董事會除了更新本集團行為準 則以反映現行法律及其他僱員須注意及遵 守之法規外,亦檢討本公司之企業管治政 策及常規、董事及高級管理人員之培訓及 持續專業發展,以及本公司在遵守法律及 監管規定方面之政策及常規。

財務匯報

董事青仟

董事會诱過其審核委員會負責監督本集團 之財務報告乃根據法定要求及適用之會計 準則編製,以真實和公平地反映本集團之 財政狀況、業績及現金流量。

外聘核數師

本集團之獨立外聘核數師安永會計師事務 所對本集團財務報告之申報責任載於本年 報第32及33頁之獨立核數師報告內。

董事會信納安永會計師事務所之審計費用。 審計過程及有效性, 並建議於即將舉行之 股東週年大會上續聘其出任為本公司之外聘 核數師。安永會計師事務所於二零一四年 提供之服務及其相關費用如下:

2014	2013
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
3,391	3,210
1,161	982
145	129
4,697	4,321

企業管治報告

Internal Control

The Board is responsible for ensuring that adequate internal controls are in place to safeguard the Group's assets and manage risks. Policies and procedures are designed for providing reasonable assurance against material misstatement or loss and managing risks of failure in operational systems and achievement of the Group's objectives.

Major internal controls currently in place within the Group included the following:

- An Internal Audit team conducts regular audits of different aspects of the operations and reports any findings to the Audit Committee
- All inventory movements are properly recorded and reconciled, and verification and cross-checking with source documents procedures are in place
- Policies are set to cover the integrity of trading practices, safekeeping of customer assets, and credit control for the securities and futures broking business and wholesale of precious metals
- Major or material connected transactions of the Company require pre-approval of INEDs
- Business plans are prepared annually. Income and expenditure are subject to regular budgetary review
- Information access is managed on a need-to-know basis.
 Guidelines and procedures are in place to protect personal data and to ensure the integrity of communication systems

The Board and the Audit Committee have reviewed the Group's internal control system for the year ended 31 December 2014, with reference to the internal audit reports and the representations made by management and concluded that adequate and effective internal controls are being maintained. The annual review also considers the adequacy of resources, qualifications and experience of staff of the Company's accounting and financial reporting function, and their training programmes and budget. There were no significant areas of concern identified during the year.

Constitutional Documents

During the year, there was no change in the Company's memorandum of association and bye-laws. A copy of the latest consolidated version of the memorandum of association and bye-laws is available on the websites of the Group and the Stock Exchange.

內部管控

董事會負責確保本集團有足夠內部管控, 以保障本集團資產及管理風險。政策及程 序乃為重大誤報或損失提供合理保障,並 管理運作系統失靈及無法達成本集團目標 之風險而設計。

本集團現有之主要內部管控包括以下各 項:

- 系統稽核團隊對業務運作定期進行各方面審核,並向審核委員會報告所有調查結果
- 所有存貨流動均妥善記錄及核對,亦 訂有程序與原始文件核證及對證
- 證券及期貨經紀業務及貴金屬批發業 務均有政策管理交易之完整性、妥善 保管客戶資產及信貸控制
- 本公司主要或重大關連交易必須獲得 獨立非執行董事預先批准
- 每年編製業務計劃。收入及開支受定期預算檢討之管控
- 查閱資訊乃按應知方知基準管理。已 制訂指引及程序以保障個人資料及確 保溝通系統之完整性

董事會及審核委員會已檢閱截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度本集團之內部管控系統,經參考內部稽核報告及管理層作出之陳述後,確認現有足夠及有效內司於實控。年度之檢討亦考慮到本公司在會歷及財務匯報職能方面的資源、員工資歷別課程及有關預算是否充足。年內並無發現重大須關注事項。

憲章文件

年內本公司之組織章程大綱及章程細則概 無變動。該組織章程大綱及章程細則之最 新綜合版本已載於本集團及聯交所之網站。

Corporate and Social Responsibilities

Business ethics

The Group is committed to a high standard of business ethics and integrity. Code of conduct defining the employees' ethical standards and the Group's non-discriminatory employment practices have been adopted and guidelines are posted in the Group's intranet for ease of access by all staff.

Employees

The Group recognizes that human capital is a key asset. Therefore, the Group places emphasis on development and retention of staff and commits to offer a healthy and safe working environment to employees. Guidelines on enhancing safety consciousness are in place for compliance and reference by employees. The Group also conducts training both in Hong Kong and in the Mainland, using in-house and external resources as appropriate. Programmes are offered on a variety of subjects, falling mainly into the categories of sales skills and management technique, and pitched at different levels of experience and expertise.

Aside from basic salary, employees are rewarded with performancebased bonuses. Fringe benefits such as paid vacation leave and insurance are commensurate with local practices and legal requirements. Individual performance is assessed annually within a uniform framework, which is applied to all territories and is based on openness and objectiveness. The Company has adopted a share option scheme on 7 December 2010, which serves as an incentive to attract, retain and motivate talented eligible employees, including directors. Details of the share option scheme are set out in note 35 to the financial statements. It is the Group's policy to abide with best practice principles, to hire the most suitable person for the job with competitive emoluments and to motivate staff with incentives and positive reinforcement.

Environmental protection

The Group's commitment statement together with a comprehensive list of tips on environmental protection, are posted on the Group's intranet for easy access and reference by all staff. Staff members are required not to put shark fin on the menu for all company entertaining, and are asked to do the same for personal consumption. Employees are encouraged to reduce use of paper and electricity, and recycle paper and toner cartridges. Wherever feasible packaging are made of biodegradable material and designed to provide residual use to consumers.

企業管治報告

企業及社會責任

商業道德

本集團致力維持高水平之商業道德及誠 信。本集團已採納一套行為準則,當中列 明員工道德標準及本集團採納之反歧視僱 傭慣例,指引已載於本集團之內聯網,以 供全體員工取閱。

僱員

本集團明白人力資源是重要資產。因此, 本集團十分著重員工發展及挽留人才,並 致力為員工提供健康及安全之工作環境。 本集團訂有提升安全意識指引,讓員工遵 守及參考。本集團亦於香港及內地使用內 部及外界資源(如適用)提供培訓。培訓課 程包括不同項目,主要分為銷售技巧及管 理技術等類別,並為不同年資及專長之僱 員制訂培訓內容。

除基本薪酬外,僱員可獲按表現為分發基 準之花紅。本集團亦按當地慣例及法律規 定提供有薪假期及保險等額外福利。各地 區員工的個人表現按集團訂定的統一標準 每年進行評核,這套標準以開放及客觀的 原則訂定。本公司已於二零一零年十二月 七日採納購股權計劃,作為獎勵以吸引、 挽留及激勵合資格之優秀僱員(包括董 事)。購股權計劃之詳情載於財務報告附註 35。本集團一貫以業內典範為標準,用最 具競爭力的薪酬待遇聘請合適的人才,並 以獎勵及正面方式推動員工士氣。

環境保護

本集團之承諾聲明連同有關環境保護提示 之詳盡列表,已載於本集團之內聯網,讓 全體員工容易接觸及參考。本集團規定員 工於所有公司聯誼活動的菜單不可加入魚 翅,並建議員工在個人消費方面也秉持 同一理念。本集團鼓勵僱員減少用紙及用 電,以及循環再用紙張及碳粉匣。於可行 時本集團之包裝會以可分解物料製造,並 以可令顧客再用之原則來設計。

Contributions to the community

In addition to giving scholarship, sponsorship and donation to educational, cultural and charitable organizations respectively, the Group encouraged our staff to actively participate in all manner of 'giving back' activities – cleaning up beach, blood donation, visits in elderly homes and training centers for underprivileged children with learning difficulties as well as fundraising events for underprivileged students and rehabilitation centers for orphans and disabled children, etc. Such activities not only covered our community but also extended to Mainland China and Taiwan.

Corporate Communication

Shareholder communication

The Board recognizes the importance of good communication with the Company's shareholders and other stakeholders. A shareholders' communication policy with the objectives of ensuring a transparent and timely communication with shareholders and other stakeholders via various means, has been established. The general meetings of the Company provide a forum for communication between the Board and the Shareholders. The chairman of the Board as well as the chairman of the three Committees and other members of the respective committees are available to answer questions at the general meetings.

Investor communication

Aside from annual reports and interim reports, the Group disseminates timely information on its websites to investors and consumers alike.

Management also attend meetings with financial analysts and fund managers from time to time. These meetings allow management to maintain close contact with investors which facilitate their understanding of the Group's strategies and operations.

Internal communication

The Group's staff members are linked by the Group's intranet for prompt sharing of information. Regular meetings of staff members from Hong Kong, Mainland China and Taiwan are held to share and discuss issues on achieving the Group's strategic objectives, actual operational practices, local rules and regulations and compliance practices.

企業管治報告

貢獻社會

除了分別向教育、文化及慈善機構提供獎學金、贊助及捐款外,本集團鼓勵員工積極參與各種「回饋」活動 - 清潔沙灘、捐血、探訪長者家居及有學習障礙之弱勢兒童培訓中心,以及為弱勢學童籌款之活動及探訪孤兒及弱能兒童之復康中心等等。該等活動不僅惠及本地社區,更伸延至中國內地及台灣。

企業傳訊

股東傳訊

董事會深明與本公司股東及其他各界相關人士保持良好溝通之重要性。本集團已制定股東傳訊政策,旨在確保透過多種方式與股東及其他各界相關人士保持透明及其他各界相關人士保持透明及時之溝通。本公司之股東大會為董事會與股東提供交流平台。董事會主席人各委員會之其他成員皆會出席股東大會以回答提問。

投資者傳訊

除年報及中期報告外,本集團亦適時於其 網站發布消息,供投資者及客戶參閱。

管理層亦不時出席財務分析員及基金經理 之會議。此等會議令管理層與投資者保持 密切聯繫,有助彼等了解本集團之策略及 運作。

內部傳訊

本集團員工透過本集團之內聯網互相連繫,以即時交流資訊。香港、中國內地及台灣之同事共同參與定期舉行之會議,以分享及討論達成本集團之策略性目標、實際經營慣例、當地規則及法規,以及遵守法規慣例等事宜。

Shareholders' Rights

Shareholders shall have the right to request the Board to convene a special general meeting ("SGM") of the Company. Shareholders holding in aggregate of not less than one-tenth (10%) of the paid-up capital of the Company may send a written request to the Board of the Company to request for an SGM.

The written requisition, duly signed by the shareholders concerned, must state the purposes of the meeting and must be deposited at the Company's registered office for the attention of the Company Secretary.

The Company would take appropriate actions and make necessary arrangements, and the shareholders concerned would be responsible for the expenses incurred in giving effect thereto in accordance with the requirements under section 74 of the Bermuda Companies Act 1981 (the "Companies Act") once a valid requisition is received.

The following shareholders are entitled to put forward a proposal (which may properly be put to the meeting) for consideration at a general meeting of the Company:

- (a) any number of members representing not less than one-twentieth (5%) of the total voting rights of the Company on the date of the requisition: or
- (b) not less than 100 members holding shares in the Company.

The requisition specifying the proposal, duly signed by the shareholders concerned, together with a statement of not more than 1,000 words with respect to the matter referred to in the proposal must be deposited at the Company's registered office for the attention of the Company Secretary. The Company would take appropriate actions and make necessary arrangements, and the shareholders concerned would be responsible for the expenses incurred in giving effect thereto in accordance with the requirements under sections 79 and 80 of the Companies Act once valid documents are received.

As regards, proposing a person for election as a director, please refer to the procedures available on the website of the Group.

Shareholders may send their enquiries and concerns to the Board in writing through the Company Secretary at 27/F, 9 Wing Hong Street, Cheung Sha Wan, Kowloon, Hong Kong (email: ir@chowsangsang.com).

企業管治報告

股東權利

股東有權要求董事會召開本公司之股東特別大會。持有本公司繳足股本合共不少於十分之一(10%)之股東,可向本公司董事會發送請求書,要求召開股東特別大會。

經有關股東簽妥之請求書須列明會議目的,並送交本公司之註冊辦事處,請註明 收件人為公司秘書。

本公司於接獲有效請求書時,將採取適當 行動及作出必要安排,有關股東須根據百 慕達一九八一年公司法(「公司法」)第74條 之規定承擔由此產生之費用。

以下股東有權於本公司股東大會提呈建議(可於會議上正式提呈建議),以供考慮:

- (a) 於請求日期佔本公司總投票權不少於 二十分之一(5%)之任何成員數目: 或
- (b) 不少於100位持有本公司股份之股 東。

經有關股東簽妥並載列建議之請求書,連同不多於1,000字關於建議內的所述事宜,須送交本公司之註冊辦事處,請註明收件人為公司秘書。本公司於接獲有效請求書時,將採取適當行動及作出必要安排,有關股東須根據公司法第79及80條之規定承擔由此產生之費用。

有關提名他人參選董事之程序,請參閱本 集團網站所載之程序。

股東可透過公司秘書以書面方式向董事會提出查詢及關注,並送交香港九龍長沙灣永康街九號二十七樓(電郵:ir@chowsangsang.com)。



Ernst & Young 22/F, CITIC Tower 1 Tim Mei Avenue Central, Hong Kong 安永會計師事務所 香港中環添美道 1 號 中信大廈 22 樓

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To the shareholders of **Chow Sang Sang Holdings International Limited**

(Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability)

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Chow Sang Sang Holdings International Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (together, the "Group") set out on pages 34 to 137, which comprise the consolidated and company statements of financial position as at 31 December 2014, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss. the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Directors' Responsibility for the Consolidated Financial Statements

The Directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the Directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit. Our report is made solely to you, as a body, in accordance with section 90 of the Bermuda Companies Act 1981, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

致周生生集團國際有限公司

(於百慕達註冊成立之有限公司) 列位股東

本核數師已審核列載於第34至137頁 周生生集團國際有限公司(「貴公司」)及 其附屬公司(統稱為「貴集團」)之綜合財 務報告,此綜合財務報告包括於二零一四年 十二月三十一日之綜合及公司財務狀況 表、截至該日止年度之綜合損益賬、綜合 全面收益表、綜合權益變動表及綜合現金 流量表,以及主要會計政策概要及其他解 釋資料。

董事就綜合財務報告須承擔之責任

告公司董事須負責按照香港會計師公會頒 布之香港財務報告準則及香港公司條例之 披露規定,編製真實而公平的綜合財務報 告, 並落實其認為必要的內部管控, 以使 綜合財務報告不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導 致之重大錯誤陳述。

核數師之責任

本核數師之責任是根據本核數師審核工作 的結果,對此等綜合財務報告提出意見。 本核數師之報告按照百慕達一九八一年公 司法第90條之規定,僅向整體股東報告, 除此以外,本核數師之報告不可作其他用 途。本核數師不會就本報告之內容,向任 何其他人士負責或承擔責任。

本核數師已根據香港會計師公會頒布之香 港審核準則進行審核。該等準則要求本核 數師遵守道德規範,並規劃及執行審核, 以合理確定綜合財務報告是否不存有任何 重大錯誤陳述。

Auditors' Responsibility (continued)

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the Directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the Group as at 31 December 2014, and of the Group's profit and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards and have been properly prepared in accordance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

Ernst & Young Certified Public Accountants

Hong Kong 26 March 2015

核數師之責任(續)

審核涉及執行程序以獲取有關綜合財務報 告所載金額及披露資料之審核憑證。所選 定的程序取決於核數師之判斷,包括評估 由於欺詐或錯誤而導致綜合財務報告存有 重大錯誤陳述的風險。在評估該等風險 時,核數師會考慮與該公司編製真實而公 平的綜合財務報告相關之內部管控,以設 計適當的審核程序,但並非為對公司之內 部管控之有效性發表意見。審核亦包括評 估董事所採用之會計政策之合適性及所作 出的會計估計之合理性,以及評估綜合財 務報告之整體呈報方式。

本核數師相信,我們所獲得之審核憑證是 充足和適當地為我們之審核意見提供基礎。

意見

本核數師認為,綜合財務報告已根據香港 財務報告準則真實而公平地反映 貴公司 及 貴集團於二零一四年十二月三十一日 之財政狀況及 貴集團截至該日止年度之 溢利及現金流量, 並已按照香港公司條例 之披露規定而適當編製。

安永會計師事務所

執業會計師

香港 二零一五年三月二十六日

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS

Year ended 31 December 2014

綜合損益賬

截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

		Note 附註	2014 HK\$′000 千港元	2013 HK\$'000 千港元
TURNOVER Jewellery retail	營業額 珠寶零售	5	16,932,576	19,942,531
Other businesses	其他業務		2,313,382	5,199,909
			19,245,958	25,142,440
Cost of sales	銷售成本		(14,950,963)	(20,934,908)
Gross profit Other income Selling and distribution costs Administrative expenses Other gains, net Finance costs Share of profits of associates, net	毛利 其他收入 銷售及分銷費用 行政費用 其他收益,淨值 財務費用 應佔聯營公司溢利,淨值	7	4,294,995 98,875 (2,531,082) (478,145) 7,710 (32,263) 2,211	4,207,532 96,532 (2,402,578) (436,908) 77,748 (32,167) 1,828
PROFIT BEFORE TAX	除税前溢利	6	1,362,301	1,511,987
Income tax	所得税	11	(276,907)	(288,428)
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR	年內溢利		1,085,394	1,223,559
Profit attributable to: Equity holders of the Company Non-controlling interests	應佔溢利: 本公司權益持有人 非控股股東權益	12	1,082,324 3,070	1,218,461 5,098
			1,085,394	1,223,559
EARNINGS PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO EQUITY HOLDERS OF THE COMPANY Basic	本公司權益持有人應佔 每股盈利 基本	14	159.9 cents 仙	180.0 cents 仙
Diluted	攤薄		159.9 cents 仙	180.0 cents 仙

Details of the dividends payable and proposed for the year are disclosed in note 13 to the financial statements.

年度應付及擬派股息之詳情於財務報告附 註13中披露。

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

綜合全面收益表

Year ended 31 December 2014

截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

		Note 附註	2014 HK\$′000 千港元	2013 HK\$′000 千港元
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR	年內溢利		1,085,394	1,223,559
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	其他全面收益			
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:	日後可能重新分類至損益賬 之項目:			
Changes in fair value of available-for-sale investments	可供出售投資之 公平價值變動	22	209,839	(12,099)
Exchange differences on translation	匯兑差額		(132,569)	123,324
Net other comprehensive income to be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods	日後期間可能重新分類至 損益賬之其他全面 收益淨額		77,270	111,225
Item that will not be reclassified to profit or loss:	不會重新分類至損益賬 之項目:			
Gains on property revaluations	物業重估收益		3,850	
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax	扣除税項後之 年內其他全面收益		81,120	111,225
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR	年內全面收益總額		1,166,514	1,334,784
Total comprehensive income/(losses) attributable to:	應佔全面收益/(虧損) 總額:			
Equity holders of the Company Non-controlling interests	本公司權益持有人 非控股股東權益		1,168,028 (1,514)	1,327,314 7,470
			1,166,514	1,334,784

綜合財務狀況表

As at 31 December 2014

於二零一四年十二月三十一日

		Note 附註	2014 HK\$′000 千港元	2013 HK\$′000 千港元
NON-CURRENT ASSETS Property, plant and equipment Investment properties Prepaid land lease payments Intangible assets Other assets Investments in associates Available-for-sale investments Deferred tax assets	非流動資產 物資產 物資器 物業 物業 預付土資 預 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一	15 16 17 18 19 21 22 33	760,312 281,924 13,299 271 234,866 24,761 869,067 29,307	779,281 234,740 13,939 271 198,160 23,162 659,228 16,986
Total non-current assets	總非流動資產		2,213,807	1,925,767
CURRENT ASSETS Inventories Accounts receivable	流動資產 存貨 應收賬款	23 24	7,385,323 718,745	6,866,394 741,470
Receivables arising from securities and futures broking	證券及期貨經紀 產生之應收賬款	24	247,997	223,320
Prepayments, deposits and other receivables Investments at fair value through	預付款項、按金及 其他應收賬款 按公平價值訂定	25	228,673	163,902
profit or loss Derivative financial instruments Tax recoverable	盈虧之投資 衍生金融工具 可收回税項	26 30	13,388 - 872	15,810 10,785 130
Cash held on behalf of clients Cash and cash equivalents	代客戶持有現金 現金及等同現金	27 27	424,968 1,008,636	385,532 1,008,873
Total current assets	總流動資產		10,028,602	9,416,216
CURRENT LIABILITIES	流動負債			
Accounts payable Payables arising from securities and	應付賬款 證券及期貨經紀	28	136,215	155,116
futures broking Other payables and accruals	產生之應付賬款 其他應付賬款及	28	487,169	426,916
	應計項目	29	520,941	616,079
Derivative financial instruments Interest-bearing bank borrowings Interest-bearing bank borrowings arising from securities and	衍生金融工具 計息銀行貸款 證券及期貨經紀 產生之計息	30 31	4,576 697,699	681,822
futures broking	銀行貸款	31	_	30,000
Bullion loans Tax payable	貴金屬借貸 應付税項	32	1,030,680 31,126	693,184 114,864
Total current liabilities	總流動負債		2,908,406	2,717,981
NET CURRENT ASSETS	流動資產淨值		7,120,196	6,698,235
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES	總資產減流動負債		9,334,003	8,624,002

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

As at 31 December 2014

綜合財務狀況表

於二零一四年十二月三十一日

		Note 附註	2014 HK\$′000 千港元	2013 HK\$'000 千港元
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES Interest-bearing bank borrowings Deferred tax liabilities	非流動負債 計息銀行貸款 遞延税項負債	31 33	526,279 160,991	454,009 151,519
Total non-current liabilities	總非流動負債		687,270	605,528
Net assets	資產淨值		8,646,733	8,018,474
EQUITY Equity attributable to equity holders of the Company Issued capital Reserves	權益 本公司權益持有人 應佔權益 已發行股本 儲備	34 36(a)	169,230 8,477,503	169,230 7,765,670
		•	8,646,733	7,934,900
Non-controlling interests	非控股股東權益	-		83,574
Total equity	總權益		8,646,733	8,018,474

Vincent CHOW Wing Shing Director

周永成 董事

Winston CHOW Wun Sing Director

周允成 董事

Attributable to equity holders of the Company

			Issued capital	Share premium	Leasehold land and buildings revaluation reserve
		Note 附註	已發行股本 HK\$′000 千港元	股份溢價 HK\$′000 千港元	租賃土地及 樓宇重估儲備 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 January 2013	於二零一三年一月一日		169,230	1,051,502	335,599
Profit for the year Other comprehensive income for the year: Changes in fair value of	年內溢利 年內其他全面收益: 可供出售投資之公平		-	-	-
available-for-sale investments Exchange differences on translation	價值變動 匯兑差額				
Total comprehensive income for the year	年內全面收益總額		-	-	-
Transfer from retained profits Dividends declared and paid during the year	轉自保留溢利 年內宣派及繳付股息	13			
At 31 December 2013	於二零一三年十二月三十一日		169,230	1,051,502*	335,599*
At 1 January 2014	於二零一四年一月一日		169,230	1,051,502	335,599
Profit for the year Other comprehensive income for the year: Changes in fair value of available-for-sale investments	年內溢利 年內其他全面收益: 可供出售投資之公平 價值變動		-	-	-
Exchange differences on translation Revaluation upon transferring leasehold land and buildings to investment properties	匯兑差額 租賃土地及樓宇轉撥為 投資物業之重估		-	-	3,850
Total comprehensive income for the year	年內全面收益總額			_	3,850
Acquisition of non-controlling interests Dividend paid to a non-controlling shareholder of a subsidiary Transfer from retained profits Dividends declared and paid during the year	收購非控股股東權益 已付一家附屬公司一名非控股 股東之股息 轉自保留溢利 年內宣派及繳付股息	13	- - -	- - -	- - - -
At 31 December 2014	於二零一四年十二月三十一日		169,230	1,051,502*	339,449*

These reserve accounts comprise the consolidated reserves of HK\$8,477,503,000 (2013: HK\$7,765,670,000) in the consolidated statement of financial position.

本公司權益持有人應佔

Total equity	Non- controlling interests	Total	Retained profits	Reserve funds	Exchange fluctuation reserve	Difference arising from acquisition of non- controlling interests 收購非控股	Investment revaluation reserve
總權益 HK\$′000 千港元	非控股 股東權益 HK\$'000 千港元	合計 HK\$′000 千港元	保留溢利 HK\$'000 千港元	儲備金 HK\$'000 千港元 Note 36(a) 附註 36(a)	外匯變動儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	股東權益 產生之差額 HK\$′000 千港元	投資重估儲備 HK\$'000 千港元
7,083,073	76,104	7,006,969	4,334,869	144,329	297,343	4,897	669,200
1,223,559	5,098	1,218,461	1,218,461	-	-	-	-
(12,099) 123,324	2,372	(12,099) 120,952			_ 120,952		(12,099)
1,334,784	7,470	1,327,314	1,218,461	-	120,952	-	(12,099)
(399,383)		(399,383)	(37,643) (399,383)	37,643 			
8,018,474	83,574	7,934,900	5,116,304*	181,972*	418,295*	4,897*	657,101*
8,018,474	83,574	7,934,900	5,116,304	181,972	418,295	4,897	657,101
1,085,394	3,070	1,082,324	1,082,324	-	-	-	-
209,839 (132,569)	_ (4,584)	209,839 (127,985)	-	<u>-</u> -	_ (127,985)	- -	209,839
3,850		3,850			<u>-</u>		
1,166,514	(1,514)	1,168,028	1,082,324	-	(127,985)	-	209,839
(38,475)	(29,047)	(9,428)	(9,428)	-	-	-	-
(53,013)	(53,013)	-	- (22.224)	-	-	-	_
(446,767)		(446,767)	(32,331) (446,767)	32,331 			
8,646,733	-	8,646,733	5,710,102*	214,303*	290,310*	4,897*	866,940*

此等儲備賬目組成綜合財務狀況表之綜合儲備8,477,503,000港元(二零一三年:7,765,670,000港元)。

綜合現金流量表

Year ended 31 December 2014

截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

		Note 附註	2014 HK\$′000 千港元	2013 HK\$′000 千港元
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Profit before tax Adjustments for:	經營業務之現金流量 除稅前溢利 調整:		1,362,301	1,511,987
Finance costs Share of profits of associates, net Interest income Dividend income from listed investments Dividend income from unlisted investments Net loss on disposal of items of property,	財務費用 應佔聯營公司溢利,淨值 利息收入 上市投資之股息收入 非上市投資之股息收入 出售物業、機器及設備	7 6 6 6	32,263 (2,211) (47,632) (18,989) (855)	32,167 (1,828) (29,589) (16,567) (1,462)
plant and equipment Net gain on disposal of derivative financial	項目淨虧損 出售衍生金融工具淨收益	6	2,610	6,698
instruments Net gain on bullion loans designated as at	指定為按公平價值訂定盈虧	6	(38,984)	(29,191)
fair value through profit or loss Net fair value gain on investment properties	之貴金屬借貸淨收益 投資物業之公平價值	6	(11,107)	(211,324)
Net fair value loss/(gain) on bullion loans	淨收益 指定為按公平價值訂定盈虧 之貴金屬借貸的公平價值	6	(36,298)	(38,013)
designated as at fair value through profit or loss Net fair value loss/(gain) on investments at fair value through profit or loss	泛貝並屬信貝的公子頂值 淨虧損/(收益) 按公平價值訂定盈虧之 投資的公平價值	6	20,154	(4,061)
Net fair value loss/(gain) on derivative	淨虧損/(收益) 衍生金融工具之公平價值 淨虧損/(收益) – 不符合	6	2,422	(3,682)
financial instruments – transactions not qualifying as hedges Gain on disposal of an investment property	對沖定義之交易 出售一項投資物業之收益	6 6	15,283 –	(8,594) (11,745)
Gain on disposal of an associate Depreciation Amortization of prepaid land lease payments Impairment of accounts receivable	出售一家聯營公司之收益 折舊 攤銷預付土地租賃款項 應收賬款減值	6 6 6	(2,840) 184,665 298 -	167,443 298 1,263
Impairment of receivables arising from securities and futures broking, net Write-down of inventories to net realizable	證券及期貨經紀產生之 應收賬款減值,淨值 撇銷存貨至可變現淨值	6	64	53
value	M 如 1	6	35	2,077
Increase in inventories Decrease/(increase) in accounts receivable Increase in receivables arising from securities	存貨之增加 應收賬款之減少/(增加) 證券及期貨經紀產生之應收		1,461,179 (581,645) 8,415	1,365,930 (203,589) (26,997)
and futures broking	賬款之增加		(24,741)	(41,698)
Increase in prepayments, deposits and other receivables Increase in cash held on behalf of clients Decrease in accounts payable Increase in payables arising from securities	預付款項、按金及其他應收 賬款之增加 代客戶持有現金之增加 應付賬款之減少 證券及期貨經紀產生之應付		(69,049) (39,436) (24,329)	(27,160) (34,647) (15,907)
and futures broking Changes in derivative financial instruments Increase/(decrease) in other payables	展款之增加 衍生金融工具之變動 其他應付賬款及應計項目之		60,253 38,984	43,050 29,191
and accruals	增加/(減少)		(119,893)	121,120
Cash generated from operations Interest received Interest paid Hong Kong profits tax paid Elsewhere taxes paid	經營所得現金 已收利息 已付利息 已付香港利得税 已付其他地區税項		709,738 47,203 (3,718) (194,220) (170,538)	1,209,293 29,171 (166) (250,518) (139,525)
Net cash flows from operating activities	經營業務所得之現金流量淨額		388,465	848,255

綜合現金流量表

Year ended 31 December 2014

截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

		Note 附註	2014 HK\$′000 千港元	2013 HK\$′000 千港元
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Purchases of items of property, plant and	投資活動之現金流量 購買物業、機器及設備項目		(400.072)	(270.050)
equipment Proceeds from disposal of items of property,	出售物業、機器及設備項目		(188,872)	(279,858)
plant and equipment Proceeds from disposal of an investment property	所得款項 出售一項投資物業所得款項		1,016	23,438
Increase in other assets Acquisition of equity interests in a subsidiary	其他資產之增加 收購入 禁		(36,706)	(30,860)
Proceeds from disposal of an associate Dividends received from an associate Dividends received from listed investments Dividends received from unlisted investments	股本權益 出售一家聯營公司所得款項 已收一家聯營公司股息 已收上市投資股息 已收非上市投資股息		(38,475) 3,000 440 18,989 855	371 16,567 1,462
Net cash flows used in investing activities	投資活動所用之現金流量淨額		(239,753)	(268,880)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES New bank loans Repayment of bank loans New bullion loans Repayment of bullion loans Interest paid Dividends paid Dividend paid to a non-controlling shareholder of a subsidiary	融資活動之現金流量 新增銀行貸款 償還銀行貸款 新增貴金屬借貸 償還貴金屬 已付股息 已付一家附屬公司一名非控股 股東之股息		3,609,584 (3,551,437) 1,065,421 (732,298) (25,196) (446,767)	1,807,386 (2,042,167) 2,137,662 (1,734,284) (28,806) (399,383)
Net cash flows used in financing activities	融資活動所用之現金流量淨額		(133,706)	(259,592)
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH	現金及等同現金之增加淨額		45.006	240.702
EQUIVALENTS Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year Effect of foreign exchange rate changes, net	於年初之現金及等同現金 外幣匯率變動影響,淨值		15,006 1,008,873 (15,243)	319,783 673,867 15,223
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR	於年終之現金及等同現金		1,008,636	1,008,873
ANALYSIS OF BALANCES OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	現金及等同現金結存分析			
Cash and bank balances Non-pledged time deposits with original maturity of less than three months when	現金及銀行存款 存放時到期日少於 三個月之無抵押定期	27	982,183	975,833
acquired	存款	27	26,453	33,040
			1,008,636	1,008,873

財務狀況表

As at 31 December 2014

於二零一四年十二月三十一日

		Note 附註	2014 HK\$′000 千港元	2013 HK\$′000 千港元
NON-CURRENT ASSETS	非流動資產			
Interests in subsidiaries	於附屬公司之權益	20	3,260,549	3,225,757
CURRENT ASSETS	流動資產			
Prepayments	預付款項	25	290	290
Tax recoverable	可收回税項		1	_
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及等同現金	27	3,801	3,194
Total current assets	總流動資產		4,092	3,484
CURRENT LIABILITIES Other payables and accruals Tax payable	流動負債 其他應付賬款及應計項目 應付税項		5,588 	4,586 151
Total current liabilities	總流動負債		5,588	4,737
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES	流動負債淨值		(1,496)	(1,253)
Net assets	資產淨值		3,259,053	3,224,504
EQUITY	權益			
Issued capital	已發行股本	34	169,230	169,230
Reserves	儲備	36(b)	3,089,823	3,055,274
Total equity	總權益		3,259,053	3,224,504

Vincent CHOW Wing Shing Director

周永成 董事

Winston CHOW Wun Sing Director

周允成 董事

Corporate Information 1.

Chow Sang Sang Holdings International Limited is a limited liability company incorporated in Bermuda. The registered office of the Company is located at Clarendon House, 2 Church Street, Hamilton HM 11, Bermuda.

During the year, the Group was involved in the following principal activities:

- manufacture and retail of jewellery
- wholesale of precious metals
- securities and futures broking

Basis of Preparation 2.1

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") (which include all Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards, Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKASs") and Interpretations) issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong. These financial statements also comply with the applicable disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance relating to the preparation of financial statements, which for this financial year and the comparative period continue to be those of the predecessor Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 32), in accordance with transitional and saving arrangements for Part 9 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622), "Accounts and Audit", which are set out in sections 76 to 87 of Schedule 11 to that ordinance. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except for investment properties, certain buildings classified as property, plant and equipment, bullion loans, derivative financial instruments and certain equity investments which have been measured at fair value as further explained in note 2.4 to the financial statements. These financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollar ("HK\$") and all values are rounded to the nearest thousand except when otherwise indicated.

公司資料

周生生集團國際有限公司乃於百慕達註冊 成立之有限公司。本公司之註冊辦事處 位於Clarendon House, 2 Church Street, Hamilton HM 11. Bermuda o

年內本集團從事之主要業務如下:

- 珠寶製浩及零售
- 貴金屬批發
- 證券及期貨經紀

2.1 編製基準

本財務報告乃按照香港會計師公會頒布 之香港財務報告準則(包括所有香港財務 報告準則、香港會計準則及詮釋)及香港 普遍採納之會計原則而編製。本財務報 告亦符合香港公司條例與編製財務報告有 關的適用披露規定(根據香港法例第622 章香港公司條例附表11第76至87條所 載,有關第9部[賬目及審計 |的過渡性安 排及保留安排,本財政年度及比較期間之 財務報告繼續根據適用的香港法例第32 章前香港公司條例而作出披露)。除本財 務報告附註2.4所進一步解釋,以公平價 值計量之投資物業、分類為物業、機器及 設備之若干樓宇、貴金屬借貸、衍生金融 工具及若干股份投資外,本財務報告乃按 歷史成本慣例編製。本財務報告以港元呈 報,除另有指明者外,所有價值均調整至 最接近千元。

2.1 Basis of Preparation (continued)

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2014. The financial statements of the subsidiaries are prepared for the same reporting period as the Company, using consistent accounting policies. The results of subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which the Group obtains control, and continue to be consolidated until the date that such control ceases.

Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the equity holders of the Company and to the non-controlling interests, even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance. All intra-group assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

The Group reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control described in the accounting policy for subsidiaries below. A change in the ownership interest of a subsidiary, without a loss of control, is accounted for as an equity transaction.

If the Group loses control over a subsidiary, it derecognizes (i) the assets (including goodwill) and liabilities of the subsidiary, (ii) the carrying amount of any non-controlling interest and (iii) the cumulative translation differences recorded in equity; and recognizes (i) the fair value of the consideration received, (ii) the fair value of any investment retained and (iii) any resulting surplus or deficit in profit or loss. The Group's share of components previously recognized in other comprehensive income is reclassified to profit or loss or retained profits, as appropriate, on the same basis as would be required if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities.

2.1 編製基準(續)

綜合基準

本綜合財務報告包括本集團截至二零一四年 十二月三十一日止年度之財務報告。附屬 公司的財務報告按本公司之相同報告期間 及採用與本公司一致的會計政策編製。附 屬公司之業績自本集團取得其控制權之日 起綜合計算,至有關控制權終止之日止。

損益賬及其他全面收益項目之各組成部分 歸屬於本公司權益持有人及非控股股東權 益,即使這會導致非控股股東權益結餘出 現虧損結餘。所有集團內公司間之資產與 負債、權益,收入、開支及現金流量,均 於綜合賬目內全數對銷。

倘事實及情況顯示下文附屬公司會計政策 所述之三項控制權元素之一項或多項出現 變動,本集團會重新評估其是否控制投資 對象。附屬公司所有權權益變動,而並無 失去控制權,則作權益交易入賬處理。

倘本集團失去附屬公司之控制權,則不再確認(i)該附屬公司之資產(包括商譽)及負債:(ii)任何非控股股東權益之顯:值:及(iii)計入權益之累計匯兑差額至確認(i)已收代價之公平價值;(ii)任何在留投資之公平價值及(iii)損益賬中任何因此產生之盈餘或虧損。先前已於其他全面收益確認之本集團應佔部分,按假設本集團直接出售相關資產或負債所須採用之相同基準,視乎情況重新分類至損益賬或保留溢利。

財務報告附註

2.2 **Changes in Accounting Policies and Disclosures**

The Group has adopted the following revised standards and new interpretation for the first time for the current year's financial statements:

Amendments to HKFRS 10, HKFRS 12 and HKAS 27 (2011)

Investment Entities

Amendments to HKAS 32

Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities

Amendments to HKAS 36

Recoverable Amount Disclosures for Non-Financial Assets

Amendments to HKAS 39

Novation of Derivatives and Continuation of Hedge Accounting

Levies

HK(IFRIC)-Int 21

Amendment to HKFRS 2 included in Annual **Improvements** 2010-2012 Cycle

Definition of Vesting Condition*

Amendment to HKFRS 3 included in Annual **Improvements** 2010-2012 Cycle

Accounting for Contingent Consideration in a Business Combination*

Amendment to HKFRS 13 included in Annual Improvements 2010-2012 Cycle

Short-term Receivables and Payables

Amendment to HKFRS 1 included in Annual **Improvements** 2011-2013 Cycle

Meaning of Effective HKFRSs

Effective from 1 July 2014

The adoption of the above revised standards and new interpretation has had no significant financial effect on these financial statements and there have been no significant changes to the accounting policies applied in these financial statements.

2.2 會計政策及披露之變動

本集團於本年度之財務報告首次採納下列 經修訂準則及新訂詮釋:

香港財務報告準則 投資實體 第10號、香港財務 報告準則第12號及 香港會計準則第27號 (二零一一年)修訂本

香港會計準則第32號

抵銷財務資產及財務負債

修訂本

香港會計準則第36號 非財務資產之可收回金額 披露

修訂本

香港會計準則第39號 衍生工具之更替及 修訂本 對沖會計處理之延續

徵費

歸屬條件之定義*

香港(國際財務報告 詮釋委員會)- 詮釋 第21號

香港財務報告準則 第2號修訂本載 於二零一零年至 二零一二年週期 之年度修改

香港財務報告準則 業務合併中或然代價之 第3號修訂本載 會計處理*

於二零一零年至 二零一二年调期 之年度修改

短期應收賬款及應付賬款 香港財務報告準則

第13號修訂本載 於二零一零年至 二零一二年调期 之年度修改

香港財務報告準則 有效香港財務報告準則之

涵義

第1號修訂本載 於二零一一年至 二零一三年週期 之年度修改

自二零一四年七月一日起生效

採納上述經修訂準則及新訂詮釋對本財務 報告並無重大財務影響,而本財務報告應 用之會計政策概無重大變動。

New and Revised HKFRSs and New Disclosure Requirements under 23 the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance not vet adopted

The Group has not applied the following new and revised HKFRSs, that have been issued but are not yet effective, in these financial statements:

Financial Instruments⁴ HKFRS 9

Amendments to HKFRS 10 Sale or Contribution of Assets between an and HKAS 28 (2011) Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture²

Amendments to HKFRS 10, Investment Entities: Applying the HKFRS 12 and HKAS 28 Consolidation Exception² (2011)

Amendments to HKFRS 11 Accounting for Acquisitions of Interests in

Joint Operations

HKFRS 14 Regulatory Deferral Accounts⁵

HKFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers³

Disclosure Initiative² Amendments to HKAS 1

Amendments to HKAS 16 Clarification of Acceptable Methods of Depreciation and Amortization² and HKAS 38

Amendments to HKAS 16 Agriculture: Bearer Plants² and HKAS 41

Amendments to HKAS 19 Defined Benefit Plans: Employee Contributions¹

Amendments to HKAS 27 Equity Method in Separate Financial (2011)Statements²

Annual Improvements Amendments to a number of HKFRSs1* 2010-2012 Cycle

Annual Improvements Amendments to a number of HKFRSs1* 2011-2013 Cycle

Amendments to a number of HKFRSs² **Annual Improvements** 2012-2014 Cycle

- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2014
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2017
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018
- Effective for an entity that first adopts HKFRSs for its annual financial statements beginning on or after 1 January 2016 and therefore is not applicable to the Group

尚未採納之新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準 2.3 則及香港公司條例下之新披露規定

本集團尚未於本財務報告採用以下已頒布但 未生效之新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則:

香港財務報告準則 全融工且4 第9號

香港財務報告準則 投資者與其聯營公司 或合營公司之間的 第10號及香港會計 資產出售或注資2 準則第28號 (二零一一年)修訂本

香港財務報告準則 第10號、香港財務 報告準則第12號及 香港會計準則第28號 (二零一一年)修訂本

香港財務報告準則

綜合報告之例外情 況²

投資實體:應用編製

監管遞延賬戶⁵

披露主動性2

農業:結果實的植物2

香港財務報告準則 收購聯合營運權益之 第11號修訂本 會計處理2

第14號 香港財務報告準則 來自客戶合約之收入3

第15號

香港會計準則第1號 修訂本

香港會計準則第16號 澄清可接受折舊及攤 及香港會計準則 銷的方法 第38號修訂本

香港會計準則第16號 及香港會計準則

第41號修訂本

香港會計準則第19號 界定福利計劃:僱員 修訂本 供款1

香港會計準則第27號 獨立財務報表內之 (二零一一年)修訂本 權益法

二零一零年至二零一二年 多項香港財務報告 週期之年度修改 準則之修訂1*

二零一一年至二零一三年 多項香港財務報告 週期之年度修改 準則之修訂1

二零一二年至二零一四年 多項香港財務報告 週期之年度修改 準則之修訂?

- 1 於二零一四年七月一日或以後開始之會計期間生效
- 2 於二零一六年一月一日或以後開始之會計期間生效
- 3 於二零一七年一月一日或以後開始之會計期間生效
- 4 於二零一八年一月一日或以後開始之會計期間生效
- 對於二零一六年一月一日或之後開始於其年度財務 報告首次採納香港財務報告準則之實體生效,故並 不適用於本集團

2.3 New and Revised HKFRSs and New Disclosure Requirements under the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance not yet adopted (continued)

* Except for the following amendments, which are effective during the year ended 31 December 2014:

Amendment to HKFRS 2 included in Annual Improvements 2010-2012 Cycle

Definition of Vesting Condition

Amendment to HKFRS 3 included in Annual Improvements 2010-2012 Cycle

Accounting for Contingent Consideration in a Business Combination

provements

Amendment to HKFRS 13 included in Annual Improvements 2010-2012 Cycle Short-term Receivables and Payables

Amendment to HKFRS 1 included in Annual Improvements 2011-2013 Cycle Meaning of Effective HKFRSs

In addition, the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622) will affect the presentation and disclosure of certain information in the consolidated financial statements for the year ending 31 December 2015. The Group is in process of making an assessment of the impact of these changes.

Further information about those HKFRSs that are expected to be applicable to the Group is as follows:

In September 2014, the HKICPA issued the final version of HKFRS 9, bringing together all phases of the financial instruments project to replace HKAS 39 and all previous versions of HKFRS 9. The standard introduces new requirements for classification and measurement, impairment and hedge accounting. The Group expects to adopt HKFRS 9 from 1 January 2018. The Group expects that the adoption of HKFRS 9 will have an impact on the classification and measurement of the Group's financial assets. Further information about the impact will be available nearer the implementation date of the standard.

2.3 尚未採納之新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準 則及香港公司條例下之新披露規定(續)

* 惟以下於截至二零一四年十二月三十一日 止年度生效之修訂除外:

> 香港財務報告準則 歸屬條件之定義 第2號修訂本載於 二零一零年至二 零一二年週期之 年度修改

香港財務報告準則 業務合併中或然代 第3號修訂本載於 價之會計處理 二零一零年至二 零一二年週期之 年度條改

香港財務報告準則 短期應收賬款及應 第13號修訂本載 付賬款 於二零一零年至 二零一二年週期 之年度修改

香港財務報告準則 有效香港財務報告 第1號修訂本載於 準則之涵義 二零一一年至二 零一三年週期之 年度修改

此外,香港法例第622章香港公司條例將 影響截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年 度之綜合財務報告內若干資料之呈報及披 露。本集團正評估該等變動之影響。

有關預期適用於本集團之香港財務報告準 則之進一步資料如下:

於二零一四年九月,香港會計師公會頒布香港財務報告準則第9號之最終版本,匯集金融工具項目之所有階段,以取代書則第9號及香港財務報告準則第39號及香港財務報告準則引入分類。該準則引入分類。計量、減值及對沖會計處理之新規定。和集團預期自二零一八年一月一日起採納本集團預期自二零一八年一月一日起採納本集團預期自二零十八年一月中日起採納本香港財務報告準則第9號將對本集團預期財務發報告準則第9號將對本集團預期財務發產之分類及計量產生影響。有關影響的進一步資料將在接近該準則的實施日期提供。

2.3 New and Revised HKFRSs and New Disclosure Requirements under the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance not vet adopted (continued)

The amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28 (2011) address an inconsistency between the requirements in HKFRS 10 and in HKAS 28 (2011) in dealing with the sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture. The amendments require a full recognition of a gain or loss when the sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture constitutes a business. For a transaction involving assets that do not constitute a business, a gain or loss resulting from the transaction is recognized in the investor's profit or loss only to the extent of the unrelated investor's interest in that associate or joint venture. The amendments are to be applied prospectively. The Group expects to adopt the amendments from 1 January 2016.

HKFRS 15 establishes a new five-step model that will apply to revenue arising from contracts with customers. Under HKFRS 15, revenue is recognized at an amount that reflects the consideration to which an entity expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring goods or services to a customer. The principles in HKFRS 15 provide a more structured approach for measuring and recognizing revenue. The standard also introduces extensive qualitative and quantitative disclosure requirements, including disaggregation of total revenue, information about performance obligations, changes in contract asset and liability account balances between periods and key judgements and estimates. The standard will supersede all current revenue recognition requirements under HKFRSs. The Group expects to adopt HKFRS 15 on 1 January 2017 and is currently assessing the impact of HKFRS 15 upon adoption.

The amendments to HKAS 1 provide additional guidance to assist entities to apply professional judgement in determining what information to disclose in their financial statements. For example, the amendments make clear that materiality applies to the whole of financial statements and that the inclusion of immaterial information can inhibit the usefulness of financial disclosures. Furthermore, the amendments clarify that companies should use professional judgement in determining where and in what order information is presented in the financial disclosures. The Group is currently assessing the impact of the amendments.

23 尚未採納之新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準 則及香港公司條例下之新披露規定(續)

香港財務報告準則第10號及香港會計準 則第28號(二零一一年)修訂本針對香港 財務報告準則第10號及香港會計準則第 28號(二零一一年)於處理投資者與其聯 營公司或合營企業之間的資產出售或注資 兩者規定的不一致性。該等修訂規定,當 投資者與其聯營公司或合營企業之間之資 產出售或注資構成一項業務時,須確認全 數損益。當交易資產不構成一項業務而 言,該項交易產生之損益於投資者之損益 確認,惟僅以不相關投資者於該聯營公司 或合營企業之權益為限。該等修訂將於生 效之後始適用。本集團預期自二零一六年 一月一日起採納該等修訂。

香港財務報告準則第15號建立了全新之 五步模式,此將適用於來自客戶合約之收 入。根據香港財務報告準則第15號,收 入確認之金額反映實體預期向客戶轉讓貨 品或服務而有權換取之代價。香港財務報 告準則第15號的準則提供了計量及確認 收入之更具結構性方法。該準則亦引入廣 泛的定性及定量披露規定,包括分拆收入 總額、有關履行責任、不同期間之合約資 產及負債賬目結餘的變動以及主要判斷及 估計之資料。該準則將取代香港財務報告 準則項下所有現有收入確認的規定。本集 **團預期於二零一七年一月一日採納香港財** 務報告準則第15號,而目前正在評估香 港財務報告準則第15號於採納後的影響。

香港會計準則第1號修訂本提供額外指引 以協助實體運用專業判斷決定於財務報告 內披露何等資料。例如,該等修訂釐清適 用於整份財務報告之重要性,而載入不重 要之資料可限制財務披露之效能。此外, 該等修訂釐清公司應運用專業判斷決定財 務披露資料之呈報章節及排序。本集團目 前正在評估該等修訂之影響。

2.3 New and Revised HKFRSs and New Disclosure Requirements under the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance not yet adopted (continued)

Amendments to HKAS 16 and HKAS 38 clarify the principle in HKAS 16 and HKAS 38 that revenue reflects a pattern of economic benefits that are generated from operating business (of which the asset is part) rather than the economic benefits that are consumed through the use of the asset. As a result, a revenue-based method cannot be used to depreciate property, plant and equipment and may only be used in very limited circumstances to amortize intangible assets. The amendments are to be applied prospectively. The amendments are not expected to have any impact on the financial position or performance of the Group upon adoption on 1 January 2016 as the Group has not used a revenue-based method for the calculation of depreciation of its non-current assets.

The Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2010-2012 Cycle issued in January 2014 sets out amendments to a number of HKFRSs. Except for those described in note 2.2, the Group expects to adopt the amendments from 1 January 2015. None of the amendments are expected to have a significant financial impact on the Group. Details of the amendment most applicable to the Group are as follows:

HKFRS 8 Operating Segments: Clarifies that an entity must disclose the judgements made by management in applying the aggregation criteria in HKFRS 8, including a brief description of operating segments that have been aggregated and the economic characteristics used to assess whether the segments are similar. The amendments also clarify that a reconciliation of segment assets to total assets is only required to be disclosed if the reconciliation is reported to the chief operating decision maker.

2.4 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Subsidiaries

A subsidiary is an entity (including a structured entity), directly or indirectly, controlled by the Company. Control is achieved when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee (i.e., existing rights that give the Group the current ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee).

When the Company has, directly or indirectly, less than a majority of the voting or similar rights of an investee, the Group considers all relevant facts and circumstances in assessing whether it has power over an investee, including:

- (a) the contractual arrangement with the other vote holders of the investee;
- (b) rights arising from other contractual arrangements; and
- (c) the Group's voting rights and potential voting rights.

The results of subsidiaries are included in the Company's statement of profit or loss to the extent of dividends received and receivable. The Company's investments in subsidiaries that are not classified as held for sale in accordance with HKFRS 5 Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations are stated at cost less any impairment losses.

2.3 尚未採納之新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準 則及香港公司條例下之新披露規定(續)

香港會計準則第16號及香港會計準則第38號修訂本釐清香港會計準則第16號及香港會計準則第16號及香港會計準則第38號中的準則,收入乃反映自經營業務(資產為其中一部分)所產生之經濟收益,而非透過使用資產消耗之經濟收益的模式。因此,以收入為基基性經濟收益的模式。機器及設備的資產為基準之方法不可用於物業、機器及設備的資產為基準之方法不可用於物策生效之後始適用級資源。該等修訂於二零一六年一月一日採納後第三次一次一月一日採納後有數學,本集團之財務狀況或表現造成任何影響,本集團之於本集團尚未應用以收入為基準之方法計算其非流動資產之折舊。

於二零一四年一月頒布之二零一零年至二零一二年週期香港財務報告準則之年度修改載列多項香港財務報告準則之修訂。除附註2.2所述者外,本集團預期自二零一五年一月一日起採納該等修訂。預期該等修訂概不會對本集團之財務造成重大影響。最適用於本集團之修訂詳情如下:

香港財務報告準則第8號經營分部:釐清 實體必須披露管理層於應用香港財務報告 準則第8號之綜合準則時作出的判斷,包 括簡要説明已綜合之經營分部概況及用以 評估分部是否類似之經濟特徵。該等修訂 亦釐清分部資產與總資產之對賬僅須於對 賬呈報予主要營運決策者時方須披露。

2.4 主要會計政策概要

附屬公司

附屬公司為本公司能直接或間接控制之實體(包括結構性實體)。當本集團從其參與投資對象而承受或有權獲得可變回報,並有能力通過對投資對象之權力(即賦予本集團指揮投資對象相關活動之現時能力之現有權利)影響其回報,即具有控制權。

當本公司並未直接或間接擁有投資對象大 多數投票權或類似權利時,本集團考慮所 有相關因素及情況以評估其是否對投資對 象擁有權力,包括:

- (a) 與投資對象之其他投票權持有人之間之合約安排;
- (b) 從其他合約安排中獲取之權利;及
- (c) 本集團之投票權及潛在投票權。

附屬公司之業績以已收及應收股息為限計入本公司損益賬內。並非根據香港財務報告準則第5號持作出售之非流動資產及已終止經營業務分類為持作銷售之本公司於附屬公司之投資則按成本減去任何減值虧損列賬。

Investments in associates

An associate is an entity in which the Group has a long term interest of generally not less than 20% of the equity voting rights and over which it is in a position to exercise significant influence. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee, but is not control or joint control over those policies.

The Group's investments in associates are stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at the Group's share of net assets under the equity method of accounting, less any impairment losses. The Group's share of the post-acquisition results and other comprehensive income of associates is included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and consolidated other comprehensive income, respectively. In addition, when there has been a change recognized directly in the equity of the associate, the Group recognizes its share of any changes, when applicable, in the consolidated statement of changes in equity. Unrealized gains and losses resulting from transactions between the Group and its associates are eliminated to the extent of the Group's investments in the associates, except where unrealized losses provide evidence of an impairment of the assets transferred.

If an investment in an associate becomes an investment in a joint venture or vice versa, the retained interest is not remeasured. Instead, the investment continues to be accounted for under the equity method. In all other cases, upon loss of significant influence over the associate or joint control over the joint venture, the Group measures and recognizes any retained investment at its fair value. Any difference between the carrying amount of the associate or joint venture upon loss of significant influence or joint control and the fair value of the retained investment and proceeds from disposal is recognized in profit or loss.

Goodwill

Goodwill arising on the acquisition of subsidiaries represents the excess of the cost of the business combination over the Group's interest in the net fair value of the acquirees' identifiable assets acquired, and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed as at the date of acquisition.

Goodwill previously eliminated against consolidated retained profits Prior to the adoption of the HKICPA's Statement of Standard Accounting Practice 30 Business Combinations in 2001, goodwill arising on acquisition was eliminated against consolidated retained profits in the year of acquisition. On the adoption of HKFRS 3, such goodwill remains eliminated against consolidated retained profits and is not recognized in the statement of profit or loss when all or part of the business to which the goodwill relates is disposed of or when a cash-generating unit to which the goodwill relates becomes impaired.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

於聯營公司之投資

聯營公司乃本集團長期持有其一般不少於 20%之股份投票權,及對其有重大影響 力之實體。重大影響力為參與投資對象財 務及營運決策之權力,惟非對該等政策之 控制權或共同控制權。

本集團於聯營公司之投資以權益會計法按 本集團應佔淨資產減任何減值虧損於綜合 財務狀況表列賬。本集團所佔聯營公計入 人養之業績及於聯營公司內內。此變動 。之養國用時於綜合權益變動表確公司之權 在適便變動之之權益變動器不 應佔之交易所產生之未變現收益及對鎖出現 , 其 一有證據顯示未變現虧損為已轉讓出現 個有證據顯示未變現虧損為已轉讓 個有證據顯示未變現虧損為 個有證據顯示未變, 個有證據顯示未變, 個有證據顯示未變, 個有證據顯示未變, 個有證據顯示未變, 個有證據與於外。

倘於聯營公司之投資成為與合營公司之投資(反之亦然),則保留權益不會重新計量,而該項投資會繼續以權益法內賬。 所有其他情況下,於失去對聯營公司之共同控制權時 大影響力或對合營公司之共同控制權時保 本集團按其公平價值計量並確認任何保留 投資。於失去重大影響力或共同控制權後 之聯營公司或合營公司賬面值與保留投資 公平價值及出售事項所得款項之任何差 異,於損益賬中確認。

商譽

收購附屬公司產生之商譽乃商業合併成本 超逾於收購當日本集團權益應佔所收購被 收購公司可辨認資產、負債及或然負債之 公平價值淨額。

過往自綜合保留溢利撇銷之商譽

於二零零一年採納香港會計師公會之會計 實務準則第30號商業合併前,因收購產 生之商譽須於收購年度自綜合保留溢利撇 銷。在採納香港財務報告準則第3號後, 該等商譽繼續自綜合保留溢利撇銷,及不 會於與商譽有關之至部或部分業務出售或 與商譽有關之現金產生單位減值時於損益 賬中確認。

Fair value measurement

The Group measures its investment properties, bullion loans, derivative financial instruments and certain equity investments at fair value at the end of each reporting period. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either in the principal market for the asset or liability, or in the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability. The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Group. The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Group uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximizing the use of relevant observable inputs and minimizing the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorized within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1 based on quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 based on valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is observable, either directly or indirectly
- Level 3 based on valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

For assets and liabilities that are recognized in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Group determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by reassessing categorization (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

公平價值計量

非財務資產之公平價值計量計入市場參與 者透過使用其資產之最高及最佳用途或透 過將資產出售予將使用其最高及最佳用途 之另一名市場參與者而能夠產生經濟利益 之能力。

本集團採用在各情況下適當之估值技術, 而其有足夠資料以計量公平價值,以盡量 使用相關可觀察之數據及盡量避免使用難 以觀察之數據。

所有於財務報告中計量或披露公平價值之 資產及負債,乃按對整體公平價值計量具 重大影響之最低層數據分類至下述之公平 價值等級:

- 級別一一按相同資產或負債在活躍市場 報價(未經調整)計量
- 級別二一按估值技術計量,而該技術採 用對公平價值計量具重大影響 之最低層數據可直接或間接觀 察得出
- 級別三 按估值技術計量,而該技術採用對公平價值計量具重大影響 之最低層數據難以觀察得出

就於財務報告按經常基準確認之資產及負債而言,本集團於每個報告期末按對整體公平價值計量具重大影響之最低層數據重新評估分類,以釐定各等級之間有否出現轉移。

Impairment of non-financial assets

Where an indication of impairment exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required (other than inventories, deferred tax assets, financial assets, investment properties and goodwill), the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of the asset's or cash-generating unit's value in use and its fair value less costs of disposal, and is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets, in which case the recoverable amount is determined for the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

An impairment loss is recognized only if the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. An impairment loss is charged to the statement of profit or loss in the period in which it arises, unless the asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the impairment loss is accounted for in accordance with the relevant accounting policy for that revalued asset.

An assessment is made at the end of each reporting period as to whether there is an indication that previously recognized impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased. If such an indication exists, the recoverable amount is estimated. A previously recognized impairment loss of an asset other than goodwill is reversed only if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount of that asset, but not to an amount higher than the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of any depreciation/amortization) had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset in prior years. A reversal of such an impairment loss is credited to the statement of profit or loss in the period in which it arises, unless the asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the reversal of the impairment loss is accounted for in accordance with the relevant accounting policy for that revalued asset.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

非財務資產減值

倘若有跡象顯示出現減值或須就資產進行 年度減值測試(不包括存貨、遞延税項資 產、財務資產、投資物業及商譽),則估 計資產之可收回金額。資產之可收回金額 為資產或現金產生單位之使用價值與公平 價值減出售成本之較高者,並就個別資產 而釐定,除非有關資產並無產生在頗大程 度上獨立於其他資產或資產組別產生之現 金流入,在此情況下,可收回金額就資產 所屬之現金產生單位而釐定。

如資產之賬面值超逾其可收回金額時,減 值虧損方予確認。於評估使用價值時,估 計日後現金流量按反映現時市場評估之貨 幣時間價值及資產特定風險之稅前折現率 折現至現值。任何減值虧損於產生當期之 損益賬內扣除,除非該資產以重估金額列 賬,則該重估資產之減值虧損應根據其相 關會計政策處理。

於每個報告期末均會評估是否有跡象顯示 過往年度確認之減值虧損不再存在或可能 已經減少。倘存有任何該等跡象,便估計 可收回金額。除商譽外,僅於釐定該資產 之可收回金額之估計出現變動時,於先前 已確認之減值虧損方可撥回,惟倘若於以 往年度該資產並無確認任何減值虧損,則 對比經折舊/攤銷之賬面值,高出金額不 得撥回。任何減值虧損之撥回於產生當期 計入損益賬內,除非該資產以重估金額列 賬,則該重估資產之減值虧損撥回應根據 其相關會計政策處理。

2.4 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued) Related parties

A party is considered to be related to the Group if:

- (a) the party is a person or a close member of that person's family and that person:
 - (i) has control or joint control over the Group;
 - (ii) has significant influence over the Group; or
 - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Group or of a parent of the Group;

or

- (b) the party is an entity where any of the following conditions applies:
 - (i) the entity and the Group are members of the same group;
 - (ii) one entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or of a parent, subsidiary or fellow subsidiary of the other entity);
 - the entity and the Group are joint ventures of the same third party;
 - (iv) one entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity;
 - the entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group;
 - (vi) the entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a); and
 - (vii) a person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity).

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

關連人士

在下列情況下,一方將視為與本集團有關連:

- (a) 該方為一名人士或該人士之直系親屬,而該人士:
 - (i) 對本集團擁有控制權或共同 控制權;
 - (ii) 對本集團擁有重大影響力; 或
 - (iii) 為本集團或本集團母公司之 主要管理人員;

或

- (b) 該方為實體,而任何以下條件適用:
 - (i) 該實體及本集團為同一集團 之成員公司:
 - (ii) 一實體為另一實體(或另一 實體之母公司、附屬公司或 同系附屬公司)之聯營公司 或合營公司;
 - (iii) 該實體及本集團為同一第三 者之合營公司;
 - (iv) 一實體為一第三者之合營公司,而另一實體為該第三者之聯營公司;
 - (v) 該實體為本集團或與本集團 有關連的實體的僱員而設的 受僱後福利計劃;
 - (vi) 該實體受(a)所識別人士控 制或共同控制;及
 - (vii) (a)(i)所識別之人士對該實體 行使重大影響力,或為該實 體(或該實體之母公司)之主 要管理人員。

Property, plant and equipment and depreciation

Property, plant and equipment, other than construction in progress, are stated at cost or valuation less accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses. The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment comprises its purchase price and any directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to its working condition and location for its intended use.

Expenditure incurred after items of property, plant and equipment have been put into operation, such as repairs and maintenance, is normally charged to the statement of profit or loss in the period in which it is incurred. In situations where the recognition criteria are satisfied, the expenditure for a major inspection is capitalized in the carrying amount of the asset as a replacement. Where significant parts of property, plant and equipment are required to be replaced at intervals, the Group recognizes such parts as individual assets with specific useful lives and depreciates them accordingly.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis to write off the cost or valuation of each item of property, plant and equipment to its residual value over its estimated useful life. The principal annual rates used for this purpose are as follows:

Freehold land and construction in

Leasehold land and buildings

Plant and machinery Leasehold improvements, furniture, fixtures and

equipment

Motor vehicles

Not depreciated Over the shorter of the lease terms and 2.5% 10% to 30%

10% to 33% 30%

Where parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, the cost or valuation of that item is allocated on a reasonable basis among the parts and each part is depreciated separately. Residual values, useful lives and the depreciation method are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at least at each financial year end.

An item of property, plant and equipment including any significant part initially recognized is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss on disposal or retirement recognized in the statement of profit or loss in the year the asset is derecognized is the difference between the net sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the relevant asset.

Construction in progress represents a building under construction, which is stated at cost less any impairment losses, and is not depreciated. Cost comprises the direct costs of construction during the period of construction. Construction in progress is reclassified to the appropriate category of property, plant and equipment when completed and ready for use.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

物業、機器及設備及折舊

物業、機器及設備(在建工程除外)按成本或估值減累計折舊及任何減值虧損後列 賬。物業、機器及設備項目成本包括購入 價及使資產處於擬定用途之運作狀況及地 點之任何直接應佔成本。

物業、機器及設備項目投入運作後所產生 之支出,如維修及保養,一般於產生該筆 支出期間從損益賬中扣除。倘符合確認準 則,則重大檢查支出會於資產賬面值中資 本化作為替換。倘須定期替換大部分物 業、機器及設備,則本集團會將該等部分 確認為有特定可使用年期之個別資產,並 相應地計提折舊。

折舊以直線法計算,按每項物業、機器及 設備項目之估計可使用年期撇銷其成本或 估值至其剩餘價值。就此而言,所使用之 主要年度折舊率如下:

永久業權土地及

在建工程 不予折舊 租賃土地及樓宇 按租賃年期與2.5%

兩者較低者 機器及設備 10%至30%

租賃物業裝修、 傢俬、裝置

及設備 10%至33% 汽車 30%

倘若物業、機器及設備項目之組件可使用 年期有所不同,該項目之成本或估值按合 理基準予以分配至各組件,而每組件個別 計算折舊。剩餘價值、可使用年期及折舊 方法於每個財政年度末檢核及作適當調 整。

物業、機器及設備項目包括任何經初次確認之主要部分於出售或估計其使用或出售不再產生未來經濟利益時,不再確認入賬。任何出售或棄用之盈虧以出售時所得款項淨額及有關資產賬面值之差額計算,並於不再確認資產之年度在損益賬內確認。

在建工程指建造中之樓宇,乃按成本減任 何減值虧損後列賬,且不計算折舊。成本 包括於建造期間之直接建築成本。在建工 程在落成及可使用時重新分類至物業、機 器及設備之適當類別。

Property, plant and equipment and depreciation (continued)

The transitional provisions set out in paragraph 80A of HKAS 16 Property, Plant and Equipment have been adopted for property, plant and equipment stated at valuation. As a result, those assets stated at revalued amounts based on revaluations which were reflected in the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 1993 have not been revalued by class at the end of the reporting period. On disposal of a revalued asset, the relevant portion of the leasehold land and buildings revaluation reserve realized in respect of the previous valuations is transferred to retained profits as a movement in reserves.

For a transfer from owner-occupied properties to investment properties, the related revaluation surplus is retained in the leasehold land and buildings revaluation reserve and remains there until the subsequent disposal or retirement of the property, where by that time the revaluation surplus is transferred to retained profits.

Investment properties

Investment properties are interests in leasehold land and buildings (including the leasehold interest under an operating lease for a property which would otherwise meet the definition of an investment property) held to earn rental income and/or for capital appreciation, rather than for use in the production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes; or for sale in the ordinary course of business. Such properties are measured initially at cost, including transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are stated at fair value.

Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair values of investment properties are included in the statement of profit or loss in the year in which they arise.

Any gains or losses on the retirement or disposal of an investment property are recognized in the statement of profit or loss in the year of the retirement or disposal.

For a transfer from investment properties to owner-occupied properties, the deemed cost of a property for subsequent accounting is its fair value at the date of change in use. If a property occupied by the Group as an owner-occupied property becomes an investment property, the Group accounts for such property in accordance with the policy stated under "Property, plant and equipment and depreciation" up to the date of change in use, and any difference at that date between the carrying amount and the fair value of the property is accounted for as a revaluation in accordance with the policy stated under "Property, plant and equipment and depreciation" above.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

物業、機器及設備及折舊(續)

按估值列賬之物業、機器及設備已採納香港會計準則第16號物業、機器及設備第80A段所載之過渡條款。因此,該等按截至一九九三年十二月三十一日止年度財務報告所述重估以重估金額列賬之資產,就過往估值而需予變,由關租賃土地及樓宇重估儲備部分,由關稅往保留溢利內,作為儲備之變動。

自用物業轉撥為投資物業,有關重估盈餘 保留於租賃土地及樓宇重估儲備中,直至 該物業日後出售或棄用,屆時重估盈餘撥 往保留溢利。

投資物業

投資物業指持作賺取租金收入及/或獲得資本升值之租賃土地及樓宇權益,包括符合投資物業定義屬經營租約之租賃物業權益,其非用作生產或提供貨品或服務或行政用途,或於日常業務過程中出售。該等物業初次按成本計量,包括交易成本。於初次確認後,投資物業按公平價值列賬。

投資物業公平價值變動所產生之盈虧計入 產生年度之損益賬。

任何棄用或出售投資物業之盈虧在棄用或 出售當年之損益賬中確認。

由投資物業轉撥為自用物業之物業,用作 日後會計處理之視作成本為其於更改用途 當日之公平價值。倘本集團之自用物業, 熟投資物業,則在用途變更當日之前, 集團會根據「物業、機器及設備及折舊」所 規定之政策將該物業入賬,於該日之物業 賬面值與公平價值之任何差額會根據上述 「物業、機器及設備及折舊」所規定之重估 政策入賬。

Intangible assets (other than goodwill)

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. The useful lives of intangible assets are assessed to be either finite or indefinite. Intangible assets with finite lives are subsequently amortized over the useful economic life and assessed for impairment whenever there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired. The amortization period and the amortization method for an intangible asset with a finite useful life are reviewed at least at each financial year end.

The Group's intangible assets, representing eligibility rights to trade on or through The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") and Hong Kong Futures Exchange Limited (the "Futures Exchange"), have indefinite useful lives and are tested for impairment annually either individually or at the cash-generating unit level. Such intangible assets are not amortized. The useful life of an intangible asset with an indefinite life is reviewed annually to determine whether the indefinite life assessment continues to be supportable. If not, the change in the useful life assessment from indefinite to finite is accounted for on a prospective basis.

Gains or losses arising from the derecognition of an intangible asset are measured as the difference between the net sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the relevant asset and are recognized in the statement of profit or loss when the asset is derecognized.

Operating leases

Leases where substantially all the rewards and risks of ownership of assets remain with the lessor are accounted for as operating leases. Where the Group is the lessor, assets leased by the Group under operating leases are included in non-current assets, and rentals receivable under the operating leases are credited to the statement of profit or loss on the straight-line basis over the lease terms. Where the Group is the lessee, rentals payable under operating leases net of any incentives received from the lessor are charged to the statement of profit or loss on the straight-line basis over the lease terms.

Prepaid land lease payments under operating leases are initially stated at cost and subsequently recognized on the straight-line basis over the lease terms. When the lease payments cannot be allocated reliably between the land and buildings elements, the entire lease payments are included in the cost of the leasehold land and buildings as a finance lease in property, plant and equipment.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

無形資產(商譽除外)

個別購入之無形資產於初次確認時按成本計量。無形資產之可使用年期乃評估為有限或無限。具有限年期之無形資產其後按可使用經濟年期攤銷,並於該無形資產出現減值跡象時作評估減值。具有限可使用年期之無形資產之攤銷年期及攤銷方法須至少於每個財政年度末作檢核。

本集團之無形資產乃可於或透過香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)及香港期貨交易所有限公司(「期交所」)進行交易之權利,具無限可使用年期並於每年按個別試。該等無形資產並不予以攤銷。具無限年期之無形資產之可使用年期於每年作評估,以釐定無限可使用年期之評估是否持續可靠。如下,則可使用年期之評估自此由按無限年期更改為按有限年期計量。

不再確認無形資產所產生盈虧按出售所得 款項淨額與有關資產賬面值差額計算,並 於不再確認該資產時在損益賬內確認。

經營和約

倘若資產擁有權之全部回報及風險絕大部分保留於出租人之租約,以經營租約處理。倘若本集團為出租人時,本集團於經營租約下租出資產包括在非流動資產內,於經營租約下之應收租金以直線法按租期計入損益賬內。倘若本集團為承租人時,於經營租約下之應付租金扣除收到出租人之任何優惠,以直線法按租期於損益賬扣除。

經營租約之預付土地租賃付款最初按成本 列報,並於其後以直線法在租約年期確 認。當租賃金額無法可靠地分配為土地部 分及樓宇部分,全部租賃金額乃計入租賃 土地及樓宇成本,列作物業、機器及設備 之融資租賃。

Investments and other financial assets

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets are classified, at initial recognition, as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, loans and receivables, and available-forsale financial assets, as appropriate. When financial assets are recognized initially, they are measured at fair value plus transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial assets, except in the case of financial assets recorded at fair value through profit or loss.

All regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognized on the trade date, that is, the date that the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the period generally established by regulation or convention in the marketplace.

Subsequent measurement

The subsequent measurement of financial assets depends on their classification as follows:

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss include financial assets held for trading. Financial assets are classified as held for trading if they are acquired for the purpose of sale in the near term. Derivatives, including separated embedded derivatives, are also classified as held for trading unless they are designated as effective hedging instruments as defined by HKAS 39. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are carried in the statement of financial position at fair value with net changes in fair value recognized in the statement of profit or loss. These net fair value changes do not include any dividends on these financial assets, which are recognized in accordance with the policy set out for "Revenue recognition" below.

(b) Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. After initial measurement, such assets are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method less any allowance for impairment. Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and includes fees or costs that are an integral part of the effective interest rate. The effective interest rate amortization is included in other income in the statement of profit or loss. The loss arising from impairment is recognized in the statement of profit or loss.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

投資及其他財務資產

初次確認及計量

財務資產於初次確認時適當地分類為按公 平價值訂定盈虧之財務資產、貸款及應收 賬款或可供出售財務資產。財務資產於初 次確認時按公平價值加購入財務資產應佔 之交易成本計量,惟按公平價值訂定盈虧 之財務資產除外。

正常情況下購入及出售之財務資產於交易 日確認,即本集團承諾購入或出售該資產 之日期。正常情況下購入或出售乃於規例 或市場慣例一般設定之期間內交付購入或 出售之財務資產。

其後計量

財務資產之其後計量根據其分類進行,方 式如下:

按公平價值訂定盈虧之財務資產 (a) 按公平價值訂定盈虧之財務資產包 括持作買賣之財務資產。為於近 期內作出售用途而購入之財務資 產,均列為持作買賣。除非已列作 香港會計準則第39號所界定之有 效對沖工具,否則衍生工具(包括 獨立嵌入式衍生工具)亦分類為持 作買賣。按公平價值訂定盈虧之財 務資產乃按公平價值於財務狀況表 列賬,公平價值淨變動於損益賬確 認。該等淨公平價值變動並不包括 該等財務資產之任何股息,該等股 息根據下文「收入確認」所載之政策 確認。

貸款及應收賬款

貸款及應收賬款乃附有固定或可釐 定付款金額而沒有在活躍市場中 報價之非衍生財務資產。初次計量 後,該等資產其後以實質利息法計 算攤銷成本減任何減值撥備後入 賬。攤銷成本乃於計入任何收購之 折讓或溢價後計算,並包括組成實 質利率之費用及成本。實質利率攤 銷包括於損益賬之其他收入內。減 值產生之虧損於損益賬確認。

Investments and other financial assets (continued)

Subsequent measurement (continued)

Available-for-sale financial assets

Available-for-sale financial assets are non-derivative financial assets in listed and unlisted equity investments. Equity investments classified as available for sale are those which are neither classified as held for trading nor designated as at fair value through profit or

After initial recognition, available-for-sale financial assets are subsequently measured at fair value, with unrealized gains or losses recognized as other comprehensive income in the investment revaluation reserve until the available-for-sale financial assets are derecognized, at which time the cumulative gain or loss is recognized in the statement of profit or loss, or until the availablefor-sale financial assets are determined to be impaired, when the cumulative gain or loss is reclassified from the investment revaluation reserve to the statement of profit or loss. Interest and dividends earned whilst holding the available-for-sale financial assets are reported as interest income and dividend income, respectively and are recognized in the statement of profit or loss as other income in accordance with the policies set out for "Revenue recognition" below.

When the fair value of unlisted equity investments cannot be reliably measured because (i) the variability in the range of reasonable fair value estimates is significant for that investment or (ii) the probabilities of the various estimates within the range cannot be reasonably assessed and used in estimating the fair value. such investments are stated at cost less any impairment losses.

The Group evaluates whether the ability and intention to sell its available-for-sale financial assets in the near term are still appropriate. When, in rare circumstances, the Group is unable to trade these financial assets due to inactive markets, the Group may elect to reclassify these financial assets if management has the ability and intention to hold the assets for the foreseeable future or until maturity.

For a financial asset reclassified from the available-for-sale category. the fair value carrying amount at the date of reclassification becomes its new amortized cost and any previous gain or loss on that asset that has been recognized in equity is amortized to profit or loss over the remaining life of the assets using the effective interest rate. Any difference between the new amortized cost and the maturity amount is also amortized over the remaining life of the asset using the effective interest rate. If the asset is subsequently determined to be impaired, then the amount recorded in equity is reclassified to the statement of profit or loss.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

投資及其他財務資產(續)

其後計量(續)

可供出售財務資產

可供出售財務資產乃於上市及非上 市股份投資之非衍生財務資產。分 類為可供出售之股份投資為非分類 為持作買賣亦非指定為按公平價值 訂定盈虧者。

初次確認後,可供出售財務資產其 後以公平價值計量,其未變現收益 或虧損於投資重估儲備確認為其他 全面收益,直至可供出售財務資產 不再確認, 屆時累計收益或虧損於 損益賬確認,或直至可供出售財務 資產被釐定為須減值,屆時累計收 益或虧損由投資重估儲備重新分類 至損益賬。持有可供出售財務資產 期間所賺取之利息及股息分別呈報 為利息收入及股息收入, 並根據下 文「收入確認」所載之政策於損益賬 確認為其他收入。

當因(i)有關投資之合理公平價值估 計之變化範圍很大;或(ii)於該範 圍內之各估計數之概率無法合理評 估及應用,而未能可靠計算非上市 股份投資之公平價值時,有關投資 均按成本減去任何減值虧損列賬。

本集團評估於近期內出售可供出售 財務資產之能力及意向是否仍然適 當。當在罕見之情況下,本集團因 市場不活躍而無法買賣該等財務資 產,倘管理層能夠及有意於可見將 來持有該等資產或持有至到期,則 本集團可選擇重新分類該等財務資

就從可供出售類別分類為其他類別 之財務資產而言,重新分類當日 之公平價值賬面金額成為其新攤銷 成本,而該資產之任何已於權益確 認之過往收益或虧損採用實質利率 於資產剩餘年期內於損益賬攤銷。 新攤銷成本與到期金額之任何差額 亦採用實質利率於資產剩餘年期內 攤銷。倘該資產其後被釐定為須減 值,則已於權益記錄之金額重新分 類至損益賬。

Derecognition of financial assets

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognized (i.e., removed from the Group's consolidated statement of financial position) when:

- the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired; or
- the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a "pass-through" arrangement; and either (a) the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the Group has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, it evaluates if and to what extent it has retained the risk and rewards of ownership of the asset. When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset nor transferred control of the asset, the Group continues to recognize the transferred asset to the extent of the Group's continuing involvement. In that case, the Group also recognizes an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Group has retained.

Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Group could be required to repay.

Impairment of financial assets

The Group assesses at the end of each reporting period whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired. An impairment exists if one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the asset have an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or the group of financial assets that can be reliably estimated. Evidence of impairment may include indications that a debtor or a group of debtors is experiencing significant financial difficulty, default or delinquency in interest or principal payments, the probability that they will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganization and observable data indicating that there is a measurable decrease in the estimated future cash flows, such as changes in arrears or economic conditions that correlate with defaults.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

不再確認財務資產

財務資產(或如適用,財務資產其中一部分或一組類似之財務資產其中一部分)主要在下列情況下不再確認(即從本集團之綜合財務狀況表移除):

- 自該資產收取現金流量之權利已屆滿;或
- 本集團已轉讓其收取來自該資產現金流量之權利,或已根據「轉遞」安排就向第三者承擔責任全數支付已收取現金流量並無重大延誤;及(a)本集團已轉讓該資產之大部分風險及回報,或(b)本集團無轉讓或保留該資產之大部分風險及回報,惟已轉讓該資產之控制權。

倘若本集團已轉讓其自資產收取現金流量之權利,或已訂立轉遞安排,其評估其內否保留該資產所有權之風險及回報之程度。倘可報與國際政學與大部分風險及回報之情況下,則本實實資產之控制權之情況下產之種,與其持續參與該已轉讓資產之程,與大時讓沒產之也轉讓資產。在轉讓資產。在轉讓資產及相關負債。已轉讓資產及相關負債。已轉讓資產及相關負債。已轉讓資產及相關負債。計量。

就已轉讓資產作出擔保形式之持續參與, 按該項資產之原有賬面值及本集團或須償 付代價之上限金額(以較低者為準)計量。

財務資產減值

本集團於每個報告期末評估是否存在客觀證據顯示一項或一組財務資產出現減值。 倘於初次確認資產後發生一項或多項項事件 對該項或該組財務資產之估計未來現在計畫 量造成能可靠地估計之影響,則債務人 值。減值證據可包括一名或一群債務人 面臨重大財政困難、違約或未能償還利息 或本金、彼等有可觀察數據顯示估計未來現 重組,以及有可觀察數據顯示估計未數現 金流量出現與違約相關之經濟狀況。

Impairment of financial assets (continued)

Financial assets carried at amortized cost

For financial assets carried at amortized cost, the Group first assesses whether impairment exists individually for financial assets that are individually significant, or collectively for financial assets that are not individually significant. If the Group determines that no objective evidence of impairment exists for an individually assessed financial asset, whether significant or not, it includes the asset in a group of financial assets with similar credit risk characteristics and collectively assesses them for impairment. Assets that are individually assessed for impairment and for which an impairment loss is, or continues to be, recognized are not included in a collective assessment of impairment.

The amount of any impairment loss identified is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows (excluding future credit losses that have not been incurred). The present value of the estimated future cash flows is discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate (i.e., the effective interest rate computed at initial recognition).

The carrying amount of the asset is reduced through the use of an allowance account and the loss is recognized in the statement profit or loss. Interest income continues to be accrued on the reduced carrying amount and is accrued using the rate of interest used to discount the future cash flows for the purpose of measuring the impairment loss. Loans and receivables together with any associated allowance are written off when there is no realistic prospect of future recovery and all collateral has been realized or has been transferred to the Group.

If, in a subsequent period, the amount of the estimated impairment loss increases or decreases because of an event occurring after the impairment was recognized, the previously recognized impairment loss is increased or reduced by adjusting the allowance account. If a write-off is later recovered, the recovery is credited to the statement of profit or loss.

Assets carried at cost

If there is objective evidence that an impairment loss has been incurred on an unquoted equity instrument that is not carried at fair value because its fair value cannot be reliably measured, the amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the current market rate of return for a similar financial asset. Impairment losses on these assets are not reversed.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

財務資產減值(續)

按攤銷成本入賬之財務資產

就按攤銷成本入賬之財務資產而言,本集 **專首先會評估個別屬重大之財務資產是否** 個別存在減值,或個別非重大之財務資產 是否綜合存在減值。倘本集團釐定個別評 估之財務資產,無論具重要性與否,並無 客觀證據顯示存有減值,則該項資產會歸 入一組具有相似信貸風險特性之財務資產 內,並綜合評估該組財務資產是否存在減 值。經個別評估減值之資產,其減值虧損 會予確認或繼續確認入賬,而不會納入綜 合減值評估之內。

任何已識別減值虧損金額按該資產賬面值 與估計未來現金流量(不包括尚未產生之 未來信貸虧損)現值之差額計算。估計未 來現金流量之現值以財務資產之初始實質 利率(即初次確認時計算之實質利率)折 現。

該資產之賬面值通過使用備抵賬而減少, 而虧損於損益賬確認。利息收入繼續按減 少後之賬面值計提,且採用計量減值虧損 時用以折現未來現金流量之利率累計。若 日後收回之機會渺茫,而所有抵押品已變 現或已轉讓予本集團,貸款及應收賬款連 同任何相關撥備則予以撇銷。

倘其後期間估計減值虧損金額由於確認減 值以後發生之事項增加或減少,則透過調 整撥備賬增加或減少先前確認之減值虧 損。倘撇銷其後收回,該項收回計入損益 賬。

按成本入賬之資產

因公平價值未能可靠計量而不按公平價值 入賬之無報價股份工具倘有客觀證據顯示 其出現減值虧損,則該虧損金額為資產賬 面值與按當時市場相類似財務資產之回報 率折現之估計未來現金流量現值兩者之差 額。此等資產之減值虧損不可撥回。

Impairment of financial assets (continued)

Available-for-sale financial assets

For available-for-sale financial assets, the Group assesses at the end of each reporting period whether there is objective evidence that an asset or a group of assets is impaired.

If an available-for-sale asset is impaired, an amount comprising the difference between its cost (net of any principal payment and amortization) and its current fair value, less any impairment loss previously recognized in the statement of profit or loss, is removed from other comprehensive income and recognized in the statement for profit or loss.

In the case of equity investments classified as available for sale, objective evidence would include a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of an investment below its cost. "Significant" is evaluated against the original cost of the investment and "prolonged" against the period in which the fair value has been below its original cost. Where there is evidence of impairment, the cumulative loss – measured as the difference between the acquisition cost and the current fair value, less any impairment loss on that investment previously recognized in the statement of profit or loss – is removed from other comprehensive income and recognized in the statement of profit or loss. Impairment losses on equity instruments classified as available for sale are not reversed through the statement of profit or loss. Increases in their fair value after impairment are recognized directly in other comprehensive income.

The determination of what is "significant" or "prolonged" requires judgement. In making this judgement, the Group evaluates, among other factors, the duration or extent to which the fair value of an investment is less than its cost.

Financial liabilities

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, or loans and borrowings, as appropriate.

All financial liabilities are recognized initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

財務資產減值(續)

可供出售財務資產

就可供出售財務資產而言,本集團於每個報告期末評估是否存在客觀證據顯示一項或一組資產出現減值。

倘可供出售資產出現減值,則其成本(扣除任何本金及攤銷)與當前公平價值之差額,再扣減以往於損益賬確認之任何減值虧損之金額,從其他全面收益移除,並於損益賬確認。

如屬分類為可供出售之股份投資,客觀證據包括投資公平價值出現重大或持續性跌至低於其成本。「重大」對投資之原值值於主語估,而「持續性」則對公評估。本代出評估,而「持續性」則對公評估。本與值證據,累計虧損 — 按收購成本往於有值證據,累計虧損 — 按收購成本往於有值之差額扣減該項投資以從其他全面收益移除,並於損益賬確認之任何減值虧損計量 — 公分類過過數量,以值虧損不可供出售之權益工具之減值虧損不可接於其他全面收益確認。

釐定「重大」或「持續性」時須作出判斷。在 作出該判斷時,本集團評估(其中包括其 他因素)投資之公平價值低於其成本的持 續期間或程度。

財務負債

初次確認及計量

財務負債於初次確認時適當地分類為按公平價值訂定盈虧之財務負債或借貸及貸款。

所有財務負債初次按公平價值確認,如屬 借貸及貸款,則扣除直接應佔交易成本。

Financial liabilities (continued)

Subsequent measurement

The subsequent measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification as follows:

(a) Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss.

Financial liabilities are classified as held for trading if they are acquired for the purpose of repurchasing in the near term. This category includes derivative financial instruments entered into by the Group that are not designated as hedging instruments in hedge relationships as defined by HKAS 39. Gains or losses on liabilities held for trading are recognized in the statement of profit or loss. The net fair value gain or loss recognized in the statement of profit or loss does not include any interest charged on these financial liabilities.

Financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss, including bullion loans, are designated at the date of initial recognition and only if the criteria in HKAS 39 are satisfied.

Loans and borrowings

After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortized cost, using the effective interest rate method unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost. Gains and losses are recognized in the statement of profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognized as well as through the effective interest rate amortization process.

Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the effective interest rate. The effective interest rate amortization is included in finance costs in the statement of profit or loss.

Financial guarantee contracts

Financial guarantee contracts issued by the Group are those contracts that require a payment to be made to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because the specified debtor fails to make a payment when due in accordance with the terms of a debt instrument. A financial guarantee contract is recognized initially as a liability at its fair value, adjusted for transaction costs that are directly attributable to the issuance of the guarantee. Subsequent to initial recognition, the Group measures the financial guarantee contract at the higher of: (i) the amount of the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period; and (ii) the amount initially recognized less, when appropriate, cumulative amortization.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

財務負債(續)

其後計量

財務負債之其後計量根據其分類進行,方

(a) 按公平價值訂定盈虧之財務負債 按公平價值訂定盈虧之財務負債包 括持作買賣財務負債及於初次確認 時指定為公平價值訂定盈虧之財務 負債。

> 為於近期內作購回用途而購入之財 務負債,均列為持作買賣。此類別 包括本集團所訂立根據香港會計準 則第39號所界定未被指定為對沖 關係中對沖工具之衍生金融工具。 持作買賣負債之收益或虧損於損益 賬確認。於損益賬確認之公平價值 淨收益或虧損不包括任何對該等財 務負債徵收之利息。

> 初次確認時指定為按公平價值訂定 盈虧之財務負債(包括貴金屬借貸) 只會在符合香港會計準則第39號 之條件下於初次確認當日指定。

(b) 借貸及貸款

初次確認後,計息借貸及貸款其後 採用實質利率法按攤銷成本計量, 除非折現影響不大,在該情況下則 按成本列賬。於負債不再確認時以 及透過實質利率法計量之攤銷過程 之收益及虧損於損益賬確認。

攤銷成本之計算包括收購產生之任 何折價或溢價以及屬於實質利率組 成部分之費用或成本。按實質利率 法計量之攤銷包括在損益賬之財務 費用內。

(c) 財務擔保合約

本集團發出之財務擔保合約為因指 定債務人未有根據債務工具要求於 到期時支付款項,向持有人付還所 產生損失之合約。財務擔保合約初 次按其公平價值確認為負債, 並就 直接歸屬於發出擔保之交易費用作 出調整。初次確認後,本集團按(i) 於報告期末就履行現有責任所需開 支所作之最佳估計數額;及(ii)初 次確認之數額,於適當時扣除累計 攤銷,兩者之較高者計量財務擔保 合約。

Derecognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled, or expires.

When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and a recognition of a new liability, and the difference between the respective carrying amounts is recognized in the statement of profit or loss.

Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the statement of financial position if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realize the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

Derivative financial instruments

Initial recognition and subsequent measurement

The Group uses derivative financial instruments, such as bullion contracts, to hedge its bullion price risk. Such derivative financial instruments are initially recognized at fair value on the date on which a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured at fair value. Derivatives are carried as assets when the fair value is positive and as liabilities when the fair value is negative.

Any gains or losses arising from changes in fair value of derivatives are taken directly to the statement of profit or loss.

Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost is determined on the first-in, first-out basis and, in the case of work in progress and finished goods, comprises direct materials, direct labour and an appropriate proportion of production overheads. Net realizable value is based on estimated selling prices less any estimated costs to be incurred to completion and disposal.

Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and demand deposits, and short term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash, are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and have a short maturity of generally within three months when acquired, less bank overdrafts which are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management.

For the purpose of the statements of financial position, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and at banks, including term deposits, which are not restricted as to use.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

不再確認財務負債

財務負債於負債之責任已解除或註銷或屆滿時不再確認。

當現有財務負債為同一貸款人以大致上不 同條款之負債取代時,或現有負債之條款 有重大修改時,此等取代或修改會被視為 不再確認為原有負債及確認為一項新負 債,而有關賬面值之差額乃於損益賬確 認。

抵銷金融工具

倘實體具有抵銷已確認金額之現時可執行 法定權利,且有意以淨額結算或同時變現 該財務資產及清償該財務負債時,財務資 產與財務負債方可相互抵銷,並以抵銷後 淨額於財務狀況表內呈報。

衍生金融工具

初次確認及其後計量

本集團使用貴金屬合約等衍生金融工具對 沖其貴金屬價格風險。該等衍生金融工具 初次按訂立衍生合約當日之公平價值確 認,其後再按公平價值重新計量。當衍生 工具在公平價值為正數時以資產列賬,為 負數時以負債列賬。

衍生工具公平價值變動所產生之任何收益 或虧損乃直接計入損益賬。

存貨

存貨乃按成本與可變現淨值兩者中之較低者列賬。成本乃按先進先出法計算及(倘為在製品及製成品)包括直接原料、直接工資及適當比例之生產費用。可變現淨值是根據估計售價扣除直至完成及出售所需之任何估計成本計算。

現金及等同現金

就綜合現金流量表而言,現金及等同現金包括流動現金及活期存款及一般於購入後三個月內到期,可隨時轉換為已知金額現金及承受價值改變風險不大之短期高流動性投資,扣除須按要求償還之銀行透支,為本集團現金管理之組成部分。

就財務狀況表而言,現金及等同現金包括 流動現金及銀行存款(包括定期存款),均 無使用限制。

Provisions

A provision is recognized when a present obligation (legal or constructive) has arisen as a result of a past event and it is probable that a future outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, provided that a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

When the effect of discounting is material, the amount recognized for a provision is the present value at the end of the reporting period of the future expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation. The increase in the discounted present value amount arising from the passage of time is included in finance costs in the statement of profit or loss.

Income tax

Income tax comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax relating to items recognized outside profit or loss is recognized outside profit or loss, either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period, taking into consideration interpretations and practices prevailing in the jurisdictions in which the Group operates.

Deferred tax is provided, using the liability method, on all temporary differences at the end of the reporting period between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable temporary differences, except:

- when the deferred tax liability arises from the initial recognition
 of goodwill or an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a
 business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects
 neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; and
- in respect of taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and associates, when the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

撥備

倘因過往事件而產生現時責任(法律或推定),且將來極可能需要付出資源以應付 有關責任時,則確認為撥備,惟所涉及責 任數額必須能可靠地估計。

當折現之影響屬重大時,就撥備而確認之數額乃預期於日後解決該責任所需開支於報告期末之現值。因時間流逝而導致折現之現值增加數額計入損益賬之財務費用。

所得税

所得税包括本期及遞延税項。有關損益外確認項目之所得税於損益外確認,不論是 於其他全面收益或直接於權益內確認。

本期税項資產及負債乃按預期可自稅務機關收回或繳付之金額計算,按於報告期末已經生效或大致上已經生效之稅率(及稅法)為基準,並考慮本集團經營所在司法權區之現行詮釋及慣例。

於報告期末之資產及負債之税基與其在財 務報告賬面值之間所有暫時性差異,須按 負債法計提遞延税項撥備。

除下述外,所有應課税暫時性差異均確認 為遞延税項負債:

- 倘若由於一項非商業合併交易之中 初次確認商譽或資產或負債所產生 之遞延稅項負債,而在交易時對會 計溢利或應課稅溢利或虧損均無影響;及
- 對涉及附屬公司及聯營公司之投資 之應課税暫時性差異而言,倘若撥 回暫時性差異之時間可以控制,以 及暫時性差異不大可能在可見將來 撥回。

2.4 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued) Income tax (continued)

Deferred tax assets are recognized for all deductible temporary differences, the carryforward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses. Deferred tax assets are recognized to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, the carryforward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilized, except:

- when the deferred tax asset relating to the deductible temporary differences arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; and
- in respect of deductible temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and associates, deferred tax assets are only recognized to the extent that it is probable that the temporary differences will reverse in the foreseeable future and taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilized.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilized. Unrecognized deferred tax assets are reassessed at the end of each reporting period and are recognized to the extent that it has become probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

所得税(續)

所有可扣除暫時性差異、承前未用税項撥回及未用税項虧損,均確認為遞延税項資產。除下述外,如日後有可能出現應課税溢利,可用作抵銷該等可扣除暫時性差異、承前未用税項撥回及未用税項虧損,均確認為遞延税項資產:

- 當在非商業合併之交易中初次確認 資產或負債所產生之有關可扣除暫 時性差異之遞延稅項資產,而在交 易時對會計溢利或應課稅溢利或虧 損均無影響;及
- 對涉及附屬公司及聯營公司之投資 之可扣除暫時性差異而言,只在暫 時性差異有可能在可見將來撥回, 以及日後可用該等暫時性差異抵銷 可能出現之應課稅溢利,才確認遞 延稅項資產。

遞延稅項資產之賬面值於每個報告期末予 以審閱,倘不再可能有足夠應課稅溢利用 作抵銷相關遞延稅項資產之全部或部分, 則減少遞延稅項資產賬面值。不予確認之 遞延稅項資產於每個報告期末予以審閱, 如可能有足夠應課稅溢利用作抵銷相關遞 延稅項資產之全部或部分時,則予以確 認。

遞延税項資產及負債以預期適用於變現資 產或償還負債之當期税率計量,按於每個 報告期末已經生效或大致上已經生效之稅 率(及稅法)為基準。

Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognized when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and when the revenue can be measured reliably, on the following bases:

- (a) from the sale of goods, when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred to the buyer, provided that the Group maintains neither managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership, nor effective control over the goods sold;
- (b) from the rendering of services, in the period in which such services are provided;
- (c) commissions and brokerage income on dealings in securities and futures contracts, on the transaction dates when the relevant contract notes are executed;
- (d) rental income, on a time proportion basis over the lease terms;
- (e) interest income, on an accrual basis using the effective interest method by applying the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash receipts over the expected life of the financial instrument or a shorter period, when appropriate, to the net carrying amount of the financial asset;
- (f) dividend income, when the shareholders' right to receive payment has been established; and
- (g) income from the sale of investments at fair value through profit or loss and available-for-sale investments, on the transaction dates when the relevant contract notes are executed.

Employee benefits

Paid leave carried forward

The Group provides paid annual leave to its employees under their employment contracts on a calendar year basis. Under certain circumstances, such leave which remains untaken at the end of the reporting period is permitted to be carried forward and utilized by the respective employees in the following year. An accrual is made at the end of the reporting period for the expected future cost of such paid leave earned during the year by the employees and carried forward.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

收入確認

當本集團可能有經濟收益並能作出可靠計算,收入按下列基準予以確認:

- (a) 銷售貨品方面,當擁有權之主要風險及回報轉予買家,即本集團對已售貨品已無一般擁有權應有之管理參與權及有效管控權;
- (b) 提供服務方面,於提供服務期內;
- (c) 證券及期貨合約交易之佣金及經 紀收入,於有關合約執行之交易日 期:
- (d) 租金收入,按租賃期時間比例基 進;
- (e) 利息收入,採用實質利息法,按應 計基準,以有關利率在有關金融工 具之預計年期或較短期間(按適用 情況)內準確折現估計未來現金收 入至有關財務資產之賬面淨值;
- (f) 股息收入,當股東收取股息權利確 寸;及
- (g) 出售按公平價值訂定盈虧之投資及 可供出售投資收入,於有關合約執 行之交易日期。

僱員福利

結轉有薪假期

本集團根據僱傭合約按曆年基準向其僱員 提供有薪年假。在若干情況下,各僱員於 報告期末尚未享用之假期准予結轉至下個 年度使用。於報告期末,按僱員於年內所 得有薪假期之預計未來成本已當作一項應 計費用並予以結轉。

Employee benefits (continued)

Pension schemes and other retirement benefits

The Group operates a defined contribution Mandatory Provident Fund retirement benefit scheme (the "MPF Scheme") under the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance in Hong Kong for those employees who are eligible to participate in the MPF Scheme. Contributions are made based on a percentage of the employees' relevant income and are charged to the statement of profit or loss as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the MPF Scheme. The assets of the MPF Scheme are held separately from those of the Group in an independently administered fund.

The Group's employer contributions vest fully with the employees when contributed into the MPF Scheme, except for the Group's employer voluntary contributions, which are refunded to the Group when the employee leaves employment prior to the contributions vesting fully, in accordance with the rules of the MPF Scheme.

The employees of the Group's subsidiaries which operate in Mainland China and Taiwan are required to participate in central pension schemes operated by the respective local municipal governments. These subsidiaries are required to contribute 6% to 21% of their payroll costs to the central pension schemes. The contributions are charged to the statement of profit or loss as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the respective central pension schemes.

Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that the Group incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds, and they are expensed in the period in which they are incurred.

Dividends

Final dividends proposed by the Directors are recognized as liabilities when these dividends have been approved by the shareholders in general meetings.

Interim dividends are simultaneously proposed and declared, because the Company's memorandum of association and bye-laws grant the Directors the authority to declare interim dividends. Consequently, interim dividends are recognized immediately as a liability when they are proposed and declared

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

僱員福利(續)

退休金計劃及其他退休福利

本集團根據香港的強制性公積金計劃條例實施一項界定供款強制性公積金退休福利計劃(「強積金計劃」),供所有合資格參與強積金計劃之僱員參與。供款按僱員有關入息之某一百分比提撥,並於根據強積金計劃規定應付時自損益賬扣除。強積金計劃資產乃與本集團資產分開,由獨立管理基金持有。

根據強積金計劃規定,本集團作出之僱主 供款利益全數歸屬於僱員,至於本集團作 出之僱主自願性供款則除外,當僱員在供 款利益完全歸屬於僱員前離職,供款會退 回本集團。

本集團於中國內地及台灣運作之附屬公司之僱員均須參加由當地市政府運作的中央退休金計劃。此等附屬公司須提撥薪金費用之6%至21%為中央退休金計劃供款,並根據中央退休金計劃規定應付時於捐益賬扣除。

貸款成本

貸款成本包括本集團就借用資金而產生之 利息及其他成本,乃於產生期間支銷。

股息

董事建議派發之末期股息在獲股東於股東 大會上批准後始確認為負債。

中期股息乃同時予以建議派發及宣派,此 乃本公司組織章程大綱及章程細則授予董 事宣派中期股息之權力。因此,中期股息 於建議派發及宣派時即確認為負債。

Foreign currencies

These financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollar, which is the Company's functional and presentation currency. Each entity in the Group determines its own functional currency and items included in the financial statements of each entity are measured using that functional currency. Foreign currency transactions recorded by the entities in the Group are initially recorded using their respective functional currency rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the functional currency rates of exchange ruling at the end of the reporting period. Differences arising on settlement or translation of monetary items are recognized in the statement of profit or loss. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions. Non-monetary items measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was measured. The gain or loss arising on translation of a non-monetary item measured at fair value is treated in line with the recognition of the gain or loss on change in fair value of the item (i.e., translation difference on the item whose fair value gain or loss is recognized in other comprehensive income or profit or loss is also recognized in other comprehensive income or profit or loss, respectively).

The functional currencies of certain overseas subsidiaries and an associate are currencies other than the Hong Kong dollar. As at the end of the reporting period, the assets and liabilities of these entities are translated into the presentation currency of the Company at the exchange rates prevailing at the end of the reporting period and their statements of profit or loss are translated into Hong Kong dollar at the weighted average exchange rates for the year. The resulting exchange differences are recognized in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the exchange fluctuation reserve. On disposal of a foreign operation, the component of other comprehensive income relating to that particular foreign operation is recognized in the statement of profit or loss.

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows, the cash flows of overseas subsidiaries are translated into Hong Kong dollar at the exchange rates ruling at the dates of the cash flows. Frequently recurring cash flows of overseas subsidiaries which arise throughout the year are translated into Hong Kong dollar at the weighted average exchange rates for the year.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

外幣

本財務報告乃以本公司之功能及呈報貨幣 港元列報。本集團內每個實體均自行決定 其功能貨幣,而每實體之財務報告所包含 之項目均採用該功能貨幣計量。本集團實 體記錄之外幣結算交易最初以交易當日之 有關功能貨幣之現行匯率記錄。以外幣計 算之貨幣資產及負債按報告期末之功能貨 幣匯率換算。因貨幣項目結算或換算而產 生之差額乃於損益賬確認。以外幣歷史成 本計算之非貨幣項目按初次交易當日之匯 率換算。以外幣公平價值計算之非貨幣項 目按計量公平價值當日之匯率換算。換算 以公平價值計量之非貨幣項目而產生之收 益或虧損,按確認該項目之公平價值變動 之收益或虧損一致之方法處理(即公平價 值盈虧於其他全面收益或損益賬確認之項 目,其換算差額亦分別於其他全面收益或 損益賬確認)。

若干海外附屬公司及一家聯營公司之功能 貨幣並非港元。於報告期末,該等實體之 資產與負債按報告期末之現行匯率換算為 本公司之呈報貨幣,其損益賬則按該年度 之加權平均匯率換算為港元。由此而產生 之匯兑差額,在其他全面收益中確認並於 外匯變動儲備中累計。倘出售海外業務, 與該項海外業務有關之其他全面收益部分 於損益賬中確認。

就綜合現金流量表而言,海外附屬公司之 現金流量按現金流量日期之匯率換算為港 元。海外附屬公司整年經常產生之現金流 量則按該年度之加權平均匯率換算為港 元。

3. Significant Accounting Judgements and Estimates

The preparation of the Group's financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and their accompanying disclosures, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that could require a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of the assets or liabilities affected in the future.

Judgements

In the process of applying the Group's accounting policies, management has made the following judgments, apart from those involving estimations, which have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the financial statements:

- (a) Operating lease commitments Group as lessor
 The Group has entered into property leases on its investment property portfolio. The Group has determined, based on an evaluation of the terms and conditions of the arrangements, that it retains all the significant risks and rewards of ownership of these properties which are leased out on operating leases.
- (b) Classification between investment properties and owner-occupied properties

The Group determines whether a property qualifies as an investment property, and has developed criteria in making that judgement. Investment property is a property held to earn rentals or for capital appreciation or both. Therefore, the Group considers whether a property generates cash flows largely independently of the other assets held by the Group. Some properties comprise a portion that is held to earn rentals or for capital appreciation and another portion that is held for use in the production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes. If these portions could be sold separately or leased out separately under a finance lease, the Group accounts for the portions separately. If the portions could not be sold separately, the property is an investment property only if an insignificant portion is held for use in the production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes. Judgement is made on an individual property basis to determine whether ancillary services are so significant that a property does not qualify as an investment property.

3. 主要會計判斷及估計

管理層須就編製本集團之財務報告時對影響收入、開支、資產及負債之呈報數額、 其隨附披露事項以及或然負債披露事項作 出判斷、估計及假設。此等假設及估計之 不確定性,可能引致日後須就受影響之資 產或負債賬面值作出重大調整之後果。

判斷

應用本集團之會計政策時,除涉及之估計外,管理層作出下列對財務報告已確認金額影響重大之判斷:

- (a) 經營租約承擔 本集團作為出租人 本集團訂有與其投資物業組合有關 之物業租約。本集團根據對該等安 排之條款及條件作出之評估釐定, 其保留該等根據經營租約租出之物 業之所有重大風險及回報。
- (b) 投資物業與自用物業之分類

本集團須判斷物業是否屬於投資物 業,並就有關判斷制訂準則。投資 物業乃持作收取租金或獲取資本升 值或兩者之物業。因此,本集團 考慮一物業是否大致獨立於本集團 所持其他資產帶來現金流量。某些 物業一部分持作賺取租金或獲取資 本升值,另一部分用作生產或供應 貨品或服務或作行政用途。倘此等 部分可獨立出售或根據融資租約單 獨出租, 本集團將該等部分個別入 賬。倘該等部分不可獨立出售,惟 用作生產或供應貨品或服務或作行 政用途之部分不大,有關物業方可 列作投資物業。管理層已就個別物 業作出判斷,以釐定有關配套設施 是否重大至足以使該物業不符合列 作投資物業之資格。

3. Significant Accounting Judgements and Estimates (continued) **Estimation uncertainty**

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are described below.

Fair value of an unlisted equity investment (a)

The Group's unlisted equity investment has been valued using the income capitalization method. This valuation requires the Group to make estimates about capitalization rates, and hence they are subject to uncertainty. The fair value of the unlisted equity investment as at 31 December 2014 was HK\$18,291,000 (2013: HK\$18,480,000). Further details are included in note 22 to the financial statements.

Estimation of impairment of receivables

The Group determines the impairment of accounts receivable, receivables arising from securities and futures broking and other receivables based on objective evidence of impairment and historical loss experience of the respective individual balances of the counterparties. If the financial condition of its debtors was to deteriorate so that the actual impairment loss might be higher than expected, the Group would be required to revise the basis of making the allowance and its future results would be affected.

Deferred tax assets

Deferred tax assets are recognized for unused tax losses to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the losses can be utilized. Significant management judgement is required to determine the amount of deferred tax assets that can be recognized, based upon the likely timing and level of future taxable profits together with future tax planning strategies. Further details are contained in note 33 to the financial statements.

Impairment of non-financial assets (other than goodwill)

The Group assesses whether there are any indicators of impairment for all non-financial assets at the end of each reporting period. Indefinite life intangible assets are tested for impairment annually and at other times when such an indicator exists. Other nonfinancial assets are tested for impairment when there are indicators that the carrying amounts may not be recoverable. An impairment exists when the carrying value of an asset or a cash-generating unit exceeds its recoverable amount, which is the higher of its fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. The calculation of the fair value less costs of disposal is based on available data from binding sales transactions in an arm's length transaction of similar assets or observable market prices less incremental costs for disposing of the asset. When value in use calculations are undertaken, management must estimate the expected future cash flows from the asset or cash-generating unit and choose a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value of those cash flows.

主要會計判斷及估計(續)

估計不明朗因素

於報告期末就未來及其他主要估計不明朗 因素所作之主要假設,很大風險引致須於 下一個財政年度就資產及負債賬面值作出 重大調整者載述如下。

非上市股份投資之公平價值

本集團之非上市股份投資已採用收 入資本化法進行估值。該項估值要 求本集團對資本化比率作出估計, 因此,有關估值具有不確定性。 於二零一四年十二月三十一日, 非上市股份投資之公平價值為 18,291,000港元(二零一三年: 18.480.000港元)。進一步詳情載 於財務報告附註22。

(b) 應收賬款減值之估計

本集團根據減值客觀證據及交易對 手各自結餘之過往虧損經驗釐定應 收賬款、證券及期貨經紀產生之應 收賬款及其他應收賬款之減值。倘 其債務人之財政狀況轉差以致實際 減值虧損可能較預期者為高,則本 集團將須修訂撥備基準,而其未來 業績將受到影響。

遞延税項資產

未用税項虧損,如日後可用作抵銷 有可能出現之應課税溢利,均確認 為遞延稅項資產。釐定可確認之遞 延税項資產金額時,管理層須根據 未來應課税溢利之可能時間及水平 以及未來税務規劃策略作出重大判 斷。進一步詳情載於財務報告附註 33 °

非財務資產減值(商譽除外)

本集團於每個報告期末評估全部非 財務資產是否存在任何減值跡象。 具有無限年期之無形資產每年或出 現減值跡象時進行減值測試。其他 非財務資產於有跡象顯示賬面值可 能不能收回時進行減值測試。倘資 產或現金產生單位之賬面值超逾其 可收回金額(為其公平價值減出售 成本與其使用價值之較高者),即 存在減值。公平價值減出售成本乃 按類似資產之公平原則交易中具約 束力銷售交易所得數據或可觀察市 價扣除出售資產之遞增成本計算。 於採用使用價值計算時,管理層預 期須估計來自資產或現金產生單位 之未來現金流量,及選擇適當折現 率以計算該等現金流量之現值。

3. Significant Accounting Judgements and Estimates (continued) **Estimation uncertainty (continued)**

- Measurement of fair value of investment properties Investment properties are carried in the statement of financial position at their fair value. The fair value was based on valuation on these properties conducted by an independent firm of professionally qualified valuers using property valuation techniques which involve making assumptions on certain market conditions. Favorable or unfavorable changes to these assumptions would result in changes in the fair value of the Group's investment properties and the corresponding adjustments to the gain or loss recognized in the statement of profit or loss.
- Net realizable value of inventories (f) Net realizable value of inventories is based on estimated selling prices less any estimation costs to be incurred to completion and disposal. These estimates are based on the current market condition and the historical experience in selling goods of similar nature. It could change significantly as a result of changes in market conditions. The Group reassesses the estimation at the end of each reporting period.

Operating Segment Information

For management purposes, the Group is organized into business units based on their products and services and has four reportable operating segments as follows:

- the manufacture and retail of jewellery segment produces jewellery products for the Group's retail business and operates retail stores mainly in Hong Kong, Macau, Mainland China and Taiwan;
- (b) the wholesale of precious metals segment trades precious metals to wholesale customers;
- the securities and futures broking segment provides brokering and dealing services for securities and futures; and
- the other businesses segment comprises, principally, the investment in properties for their rental income and capital appreciation potential, and other jewellery related businesses.

Management monitors the results of the Group's operating segments separately for the purpose of making decisions about resources allocation and performance assessment. Segment performance is evaluated based on reportable segment profit, which is a measure of adjusted profit before tax. The adjusted profit before tax is measured consistently with the Group's profit before tax except that certain dividend income and share of profits of associates, net are excluded from such measurement.

Intersegment sales and transfers are transacted with reference to the selling prices used for sales made to third parties at the then prevailing market prices.

主要會計判斷及估計(續)

估計不明朗因素(續)

- 投資物業之公平價值計量 投資物業按其公平價值於財務狀況 表列值。公平價值乃根據獨立專業 合資格測量師行採用物業估值方法 (涉及對若干市場狀況作出假設)對 該等物業進行之估值而計算。該等 假設之有利或不利變動將導致本集 **国投資物業之公平價值出現變動及** 對損益賬確認之收益或虧損作出相 應調整。
- 存貨之可變現淨值 (f) 存貨之可變現淨值乃根據估計售價 減去完成及出售時將產生之任何估 計成本計算。此等估計乃以現時市 況及類似性質貨品之鍋往銷售經驗 為基準。可變現淨值可能因市況變 動而出現重大變動。本集團於每個 報告期末重新評估該估計。

經營分部資料

就管理而言,本集團乃按其產品及服務劃 分業務單位,管理以下四個可呈報經營分 部:

- 珠寶製造及零售分部為本集團之零 (a) 售業務製造珠寶產品, 並主要於香 港、澳門、中國內地及台灣經營零 售店;
- (b) 貴金屬批發分部與批發客戶買賣貴 金屬;
- (c) 證券及期貨經紀分部提供證券及期 貨之經紀及買賣服務;及
- (d) 其他業務分部主要為投資物業以賺 取租金收入及資本增值潛力,以及 其他珠寶相關業務。

管理層分別監控本集團經營分部之業績, 以作出資源分配及表現評估之決策。分部 表現乃按可呈報分部溢利進行評估,即經 調整除税前溢利之計算。經調整除税前溢 利之計算方式與本集團除税前溢利計算方 式貫徹一致,惟若干股息收入及應佔聯營 公司溢利,淨值不包括在其計算當中。

內部銷售及轉讓乃根據銷售予第三者之售 價作為通用市價。

Operating Segment Info	rmation (continued)			4. 經營分部資	資料(續)	
		Manufacture and retail of jewellery 珠寶製造 及零售 HK\$'000 千港元	Wholesale of precious metals 貴金屬 批發 HK\$'000 千港元	Securities and futures broking 證券及 期貨經紀 HK\$'000 千港元	Other businesses 其他 業務 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 合計 HK\$′000 千港元
Year ended 31 December 2014	截至二零一四年 十二月三十一日 止年度					
Sales to external customers Intersegment sales	分部收益 銷售予外來客戶 內部銷售	16,932,576 728	2,107,981 970,895	39,572 	165,829 2,971	19,245,958 974,594
Reconciliation:	調節:	16,933,304	3,078,876	39,572	168,800	20,220,552
Elimination of intersegment sales	對銷內部銷售					(974,594) 19,245,958
Segment results Reconciliation: Dividend income Share of profits of associates, net	分部業績 調節: 股息收入 應佔聯營公司 溢利,淨值	1,255,129	22,384	19,815	44,322	1,341,650 18,440 2,211
Profit before tax	除税前溢利					1,362,301

Operating Segment Info	ormation (continued)			4. 經營分部資	賢料(續)	
		Manufacture and retail of jewellery 珠寶製造 及零售 HK\$'000 千港元	Wholesale of precious metals 貴金屬 批發 HK\$'000 千港元	Securities and futures broking 證券及 期貨經紀 HK\$'000 千港元	Other businesses 其他 業務 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 合計 HK\$′000 千港元
Year ended 31 December 2014	截至二零一四年 十二月三十一日 止年度					
Other segment information	其他分部資料					
Interest income Dividend income	利息收入 股息收入	(19,329) –	(1) -	(28,225) (1,404)	(77) -	(47,632) (1,404)
Net fair value gain on investment properties Net fair value loss on bullion loans designated as at fair value through profit	投資物業之公平價值 淨收益 指定為按公平價值 訂定盈虧之貴金屬 借貸的公平價值 淨虧損	-	-	-	(36,298)	(36,298)
or loss Net fair value loss/ (gain) on derivative financial instruments – transactions not	衍生金融工具之公平 價值淨虧損/ (收益)- 不符合對 沖定義之交易	20,154	-	-	-	20,154
qualifying as hedges Net fair value loss on investments at fair value through profit	按公平價值訂定盈虧 之投資的公平價值 淨虧損	15,542	(259)	-	-	15,283
or loss Net loss/(gain) on bullion loans designated as at fair value through	指定為按公平價值 訂定盈虧之貴金屬 借貸淨虧損/	-	-	2,422	-	2,422
profit or loss Net gain on disposal of derivative financial	(收益) 出售衍生金融工具 淨收益	(13,754)	2,647	-	-	(11,107)
instruments Net loss/(gain) on disposal of items of property, plant and	出售物業、機器及設備項目淨虧損/(收益)	(38,210)	(774)	-	-	(38,984)
equipment Gain on disposal of an	出售一家聯營公司之	2,647	-	-	(37)	2,610
associate	收益	-	-	-	(2,840)	(2,840)
Depreciation Amortization of prepaid	折舊 攤銷預付土地租賃	182,514	-	1,966	185	184,665
land lease payments Impairment of receivables arising from securities and	款項 證券及期貨經紀產生 之應收賬款減值, 淨值	298	-	-	-	298
futures broking, net Write-down of inventories to net	撤銷存貨至可變現 淨值	-	-	64	_	64
realizable value Finance costs Capital expenditure	財務費用資本性開支	34 27,183 187,328	1 - -	5,080 1,544		35 32,263 188,872

4.	Operating Segment Info	ormation (continued)		4	. 經營分部資	[料(續)	
			Manufacture and retail of jewellery 珠寶製造 及零售 HK\$'000 千港元	Wholesale of precious metals 貴金屬 批發 HK\$'000 千港元	Securities and futures broking 證券及 期貨經紀 HK\$'000 千港元	Other businesses 其他 業務 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 合計 HK\$'000 千港元
	Year ended 31 December 2013	截至二零一三年 十二月三十一日 止年度					
	Segment revenue Sales to external customers Intersegment sales	分部收益 銷售予外來客戶 內部銷售	19,942,531 167,062 20,109,593	5,001,239 489,265 5,490,504	35,065 35,065	163,605 2,944 166,549	25,142,440 659,271 25,801,711
	Reconciliation: Elimination of intersegment sales	<i>調節:</i> 對銷內部銷售					(659,271) 25,142,440
	Segment results Reconciliation: Dividend income Share of profits of associates, net	分部業績 調節: 股息收入 應佔聯營公司 溢利,淨值	1,350,266	68,496	15,375	58,313	1,492,450 17,709 1,828
	Profit before tax	除税前溢利					1,511,987

. Operating Segment Info	ormation (continued)		4	1. 經營分部資	資料(續)	
		Manufacture and retail of jewellery 珠寶製造 及零售 HK\$'000 千港元	Wholesale of precious metals 貴金屬 批發 HK\$'000 干港元	Securities and futures broking 證券及 期貨經紀 HK\$'000 千港元	Other businesses 其他 業務 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 合計 HK\$'000 千港元
Year ended 31 December 2013	截至二零一三年 十二月三十一日 止年度					
Other segment information	其他分部資料					
Interest income Dividend income	利息收入 股息收入	(13,254) –	(3)	(16,274) (320)	(58) -	(29,589) (320)
Net fair value gain on investment properties Net fair value gain on bullion loans designated as at fair	投資物業之公平價值 淨收益 指定為按公平價值 訂定盈虧之貴金屬 借貸的公平價值 淨收益	-	-	-	(38,013)	(38,013)
value through profit or loss Net fair value gain on derivative financial instruction	衍生金融工具之 公平價值淨收益 - 不符合對沖定義	(4,061)	-	-	-	(4,061)
transactions not qualifying as hedges Net fair value gain on investments at fair	之交易 按公平價值訂定盈虧 之投資的公平價值	(8,573)	(21)	-	-	(8,594)
value through profit or loss Net gain on bullion loans designated as at fair value through profit	淨收益 指定為按公平價值 訂定盈虧之貴金屬 借貸淨收益	-	-	(3,682)	-	(3,682)
or loss Net gain on disposal of	出售衍生金融工具	(205,661)	(5,663)	-	-	(211,324)
derivative financial instruments	淨收益 出售一項投資物業 <i>之</i>	(28,780)	(411)	-	-	(29,191)
Gain on disposal of an investment property Net loss on disposal of items of property,	山告 境役員初未之 收益 出售物業、機器及 設備項目淨虧損	-	-	-	(11,745)	(11,745)
plant and equipment Depreciation	折舊	6,585 164,615	_ _	113 2,383	- 445	6,698 167,443
Amortization of prepaid land lease payments Impairment of accounts	攤銷預付土地租賃 款項 應收賬款減值	298	_	-	-	298
receivable Impairment of accounts Impairment of Impairment of receivables arising from securities and	證券及期貨經紀產生 之應收賬款減值, 淨值	1,263	-	-	-	1,263
futures broking, net Write-down of inventories to net	撤銷存貨至可變現 淨值	-	-	53	-	53
realizable value Finance costs Capital expenditure	財務費用資本性開支	1,217 30,426 277,441	860 - -	1,741 2,417	-	2,077 32,167 279,858

4. **Operating Segment Information (continued)**

Geographical information

Revenue from external customers

Hong Kong and Macau	香港及澳門
Mainland China	中國內地
Taiwan	台灣

The revenue information above is based on the locations of the customers.

Non-current assets

Hong Kong and Macau	香港及澳門
Mainland China	中國內地
Taiwan	台灣

The non-current asset information above is based on the locations of the assets and excludes available-for-sale investments and deferred tax assets.

(b) Information about major customers

The turnover from the Group's largest customer amounted to less than 10% of the Group's total turnover for the current and prior years.

經營分部資料(續)

(a) 地區資料

銷售予外來客戶之收益

2014	2013
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
12,202,321	17,561,531
6,910,642	7,452,315
132,995	128,594
19,245,958	25,142,440

上述收益資料乃按客戶所在地區劃 分。

非流動資產

2014	2013
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
796,164	757,931
491,898	461,224
27,371	30,398
1,315,433	1,249,553

上述非流動資產資料乃按資產所在 地區劃分,並不包括可供出售投資 及遞延税項資產。

(b) 有關主要客戶之資料

於本年度及上年度來自本集團最大 客戶之營業額佔本集團總營業額均 少於10%。

財務報告附註

5. Turnover

Turnover represents the net invoiced value of goods sold, after allowances for returns, trade discounts and value-added tax; commission on securities and futures broking and gross rental income earned during the year.

Revenue from the following activities has been included in turnover:

5. 營業額

營業額指年內在撇除退回、交易折扣與增 值稅後售出貨品之發票淨值;證券及期貨 經紀佣金收入及總租金收入。

營業額包括以下業務之收益:

0.00	۲							
本集團								
2014	2013							
HK\$'000	HK\$'000							
千港元	千港元							
19,195,753	25,097,733							
39,572	35,065							
10,633	9,642							
19,245,958	25,142,440							

Group

Sale of goods

Commission on securities and futures broking Gross rental income

貨品銷售 證券及期貨經紀佣金收入 總租金收入

6. Profit before Tax

The Group's profit before tax is arrived at after charging/(crediting):

6. 除税前溢利

本集團之除稅前溢利已扣除/(計入):

		Note 附註	2014 HK\$′000 千港元	2013 HK\$'000 千港元
Cost of inventories sold Write-down of inventories to net realizable value* Depreciation	銷貨成本 撤銷存貨至可變現淨值* 折舊	15	15,001,019 35 184,665	21,173,346 2,077 167,443
Amortization of prepaid land lease payments	攤銷預付土地租賃款項	17	298	298
Operating lease payments in respect of leasehold land and buildings: Minimum lease payments Contingent rents	有關租賃土地及樓宇之 經營租約付款: 最低租賃付款 或然租金		801,262 33,786	637,384 53,368
			835,048	690,752
Auditors' remuneration	核數師酬金		3,534	3,466
Employee benefit expense**(excluding Directors' remuneration (note 8)):	僱員福利開支 ** (不包括 董事酬金(附註8)):			
Wages and salaries	工資及薪金		1,068,989	1,045,437
Pension scheme contributions Less: Forfeited contributions	退休金計劃供款 減:已沒收供款		140,185 (42)	137,588 (128)
Net pension scheme contributions	退休金計劃供款淨額		140,143	137,460
			1,209,132	1,182,897

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除税前溢利(續) Profit before Tax (continued) 6. 2014 2013 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 Note 附註 千港元 千港元 Impairment of accounts receivable 應收賬款減值 24 1.263 Impairment of receivables arising from securities 證券及期貨經紀產生之 and futures broking, net 應收賬款減值,淨值 24 64 53 Gross rental income on investment properties 投資物業之總租金收入 (10,633)(9,642)Less: Direct operating expenses 減:可收取租金之投資 (including repairs and maintenance) 物業直接經營開支 arising on rental-earning investment (包括維修及保養) properties 678 2,217 Net rental income on investment properties 投資物業之租金收入淨額 (9,955)(7,425)投資物業之公平價值淨收益# Net fair value gain on investment properties# 16 (36,298)(38,013)Net fair value loss/(gain) on bullion loans 指定為按公平價值訂定盈虧之 designated as at fair value through 貴金屬借貸的公平價值 profit or loss# 淨虧損/(收益)# 20,154 (4,061)Net fair value loss/(gain) on derivative financial 衍生金融工具之公平價值 淨虧損/(收益)-不符合對沖 instruments - transactions not qualifying as hedges# 定義之交易# 15,283 (8,594)Net fair value loss/(gain) on investments at fair 按公平價值訂定盈虧之投資的 value through profit or loss# 公平價值淨虧損/(收益)# 2,422 (3,682)Net gain on bullion loans designated as at fair 指定為按公平價值訂定盈虧之 value through profit or loss[^] (11,107)(211,324)貴金屬借貸淨收益 Net gain on disposal of derivative financial 出售衍生金融工具淨收益? instruments[^] (38,984)(29,191)Net loss on disposal of items of property, 出售物業、機器及設備項目 plant and equipment 淨虧損 2,610 6,698 出售一項投資物業之收益# Gain on disposal of an investment property# (11,745)Gain on disposal of an associate# 出售一家聯營公司之收益# 21 (2,840)Interest income 利息收入 (47,632)(29,589)Dividend income from listed investments 上市投資之股息收入 (18,989)(16,567)Dividend income from unlisted investments 非上市投資之股息收入 (855)(1,462)Foreign exchange differences, net 匯兑差額,淨值 1,469 (11,306)

- This balance is included in "Cost of sales" on the face of the consolidated statement of profit or loss
- The employee benefit expense included an amount of HK\$3,147,000 (2013: HK\$3,285,000) paid to a Director's family members as employee remuneration.
- These balances are included in "Other gains, net" on the face of the consolidated statement of profit or loss.
- These balances are included in "Cost of sales" on the face of the consolidated statement of profit or loss. The purpose of the above bullion transactions entered into by the Group is to manage the Group's bullion price exposures. Such loans and contracts did not meet the criteria for hedge accounting.

- 此結餘包含在綜合損益賬上「銷售成本」
- 僱員福利開支包括支付予一名董事之家庭 成員作為僱員酬金之金額3.147.000港元 (二零一三年:3,285,000港元)。
- 此等結餘包含在綜合損益賬上「其他收 益,淨值]中。
- 此等結餘包含在綜合損益賬上「銷售成本」 中。本集團訂立上述貴金屬交易旨在管理 本集團之貴金屬價格風險。該等借貸及合 約並不符合對沖會計處理之條件。

財務報告附註

7. **Finance Costs**

An analysis of finance costs is as follows:

Interest on bank loans and 須於五年內全數 overdrafts wholly repayable 償還之銀行貸款 及透支的利息 within five years Interest on other loans wholly repayable 須於五年內全數償還之 within five years 其他貸款的利息

The analysis shows the finance costs of bank loans, overdrafts and other loans, including term loans which contain repayment on demand clauses, in accordance with the agreed scheduled repayment dates set out in the relevant loan agreements. For the years ended 31 December 2014 and 2013, the interest on bank loans, overdrafts and other loans, which contain repayment on demand clauses, amounted to HK\$7,446,000 and HK\$6,389,000 respectively.

Directors' Remuneration 8.

Directors' remuneration for the year, disclosed pursuant to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules") and section 78 of Schedule 11 to the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622), with reference to section 161 of the predecessor Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 32), is as follows:

Fees	袍金
Other emoluments: Salaries and allowances Discretionary bonuses paid and payable Pension scheme contributions	其他酬金: 薪金及津貼 已付及應付酌情花紅 退休金計劃供款

財務費用 7.

財務費用之分析如下:

Grou _l 本集團	
2014	2013
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
32,103	32,001
160	166
32,263	32,167

分析顯示銀行貸款、透支及其他貸款 (包括按要求償還條款之定期貸款)之財 務費用,乃根據有關貸款協議所載協定 預定償還日期計算。截至二零一四年及 二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度,包 含按要求償還條款之銀行貸款、透支及 其他貸款之利息分別為7,446,000港元及 6,389,000港元。

董事酬金 8.

根據香港聯合交易所有限公司證券上市規 則(「上市規則」)及香港法例第622章香港 公司條例附表11第78條,並參考香港法 例第32章前香港公司條例第161條之規 定,本年度之董事酬金披露如下:

本集團	
2014	2013
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
3,353	3,270
5,612	8,738
1,672	2,040
90	84
7,374	10,862
10,727	14,132

Group

8. Directors' Remuneration (continued)

8. 董事酬金(續)

An analysis of the remuneration paid and payable to the Directors during the year is as follows:

年內已付及應付予董事之酬金分析如下:

Texecutive Directors:			Fees 袍金 HK\$'000 千港元	Salaries and allowances 薪金及津貼 HK\$'000 千港元	Discretionary bonuses paid and payable 已付及應付酌情花紅HK\$'000	Pension scheme contributions 退休金 計劃供款 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 合計 HK\$'000 千港元
Dr. CHOW Kwen Lim 周君康博士 255	2014	二零一四年					
Non-executive Directors:	Dr. CHOW Kwen Lim Mr. Vincent CHOW Wing Shing Dr. Gerald CHOW King Sing	周君廉博士 周永成先生 周敬成醫生	370 308	291	50		4,004 664
Mr. CHOW Kwen Ling Mr. Stephen TING Leung Huel Mr. CHUNG Pùi Lam Mr. CHUNG Pùi Lam Mr. CHUNG Pùi Lam Mr. CHUNG Pùi Lam Mr. LEE Ka Lun* Pryside Hame Mr. Stephen LAU Man Lung* Mr. Vincent CHOW Wing Shing Mr. Vincent CHOW Wing Sing Mr. Winston CHOW Wun Sing Mr. Winston CHOW Wun Sing Mr. Winston CHOW Wun Sing Mr. Stephen TING Leung Huel Mr. Stephen TING Leung Huel Mr. Stephen TING Leung Huel Mr. CHUNG Pùi Lam Mr. Stephen TING Leung Huel Mr. LEE Ka Lun* Pryside Mr. Stephen LAU Man Lung* Mr. Stephen LAU			1,188	5,270	1,672	90	8,220
3,353 5,612 1,672 90 10,727	Mr. CHOW Kwen Ling Mr. Stephen TING Leung Huel Mr. CHUNG Pui Lam Dr. CHAN Bing Fun* Mr. LEE Ka Lun* Dr. LO King Man*	周君令先生 丁良神先生 鍾沛炳勳麟先生* 李富景文博士*	308 308 308 370 308	- - -	- - - - - -	- - - - -	308 308 308 370 308
Executive Directors: 執行董事:			2,165	342			2,507
Back			3,353	5,612	1,672	90	10,727
Dr. CHOW Kwen Lim Mr. Vincent CHOW Wing Shing Dr. Gerald CHOW King Sing Dr. Gerald CHOW King Sing Mr. Winston CHOW Wun Sing Mr. CHOW Kwen Ling Mr. Stephen TING Leung Huel Mr. CHUNG Pui Lam 原材 原列 原理 Mr. CHUNG Pui Lam 原材 原材 原列 原材	2013	二零一三年					
Non-executive Directors:	Dr. CHOW Kwen Lim Mr. Vincent CHOW Wing Shing Dr. Gerald CHOW King Sing	周君廉博士 周永成先生 周敬成醫生	305 300 250	2,620 291 2,104	70 920	15 69	3,975 676 3,343
Mr. CHOW Kwen Ling 周君令先生 250 342 - - 592 Mr. Stephen TING Leung Huel 丁良輝先生 300 - - - 300 Mr. CHUNG Pui Lam 鍾沛林先生 300 - - - 300 Dr. CHAN Bing Fun* 陳炳勳醫生* 300 - - - 300 Mr. LEE Ka Lun* 李家麟先生* 360 - - - 360 Dr. LO King Man* 盧景文博士* 300 - - - 300 Mr. Stephen LAU Man Lung* 劉文龍先生* 300 - - - 300		4. +4 /- # * .	1,100			04	
	Mr. CHOW Kwen Ling Mr. Stephen TING Leung Huel Mr. CHUNG Pui Lam Dr. CHAN Bing Fun* Mr. LEE Ka Lun* Dr. LO King Man*	周君令先生 理先生生 種,類類 類 類 類 類 類 類 類 類 類 類 類 類 類 類 類 類 類	300 300 300 360 300	342 - - - - - -	- - - - - -	- - - - -	300 300 300 360 300
3,270 8,738 2,040 84 14,132			2,110	342			2,452
			3,270	8,738	2,040	84	14,132

^{*} Independent Non-executive Directors

^{*} 獨立非執行董事

8. Directors' Remuneration (continued)

There were no other emoluments payable to the Independent Non-executive Directors during the year (2013: Nil).

There was no arrangement under which a Director waived or agreed to waive any remuneration during the year (2013: Nil).

9. Senior Management's Remuneration

The remuneration paid to the members of senior management by bands is as follows:

8. 董事酬金(續)

年內並無其他酬金應付予獨立非執行董事 (二零一三年:零)。

年內董事並無訂立任何放棄或同意放棄任 何酬金的安排(二零一三年:零)。

9. 高級管理人員酬金

按組別向高級管理人員支付之酬金如下:

Number of individuals

		人數	
		2014	2013
HK\$1,500,001 to HK\$2,000,000	1,500,001港元至2,000,000港元	2	1
HK\$2,000,001 to HK\$2,500,000	2,000,001港元至2,500,000港元	_	2
HK\$2,500,001 to HK\$3,000,000	2,500,001港元至3,000,000港元	1	1
HK\$3,000,001 to HK\$3,500,000	3,000,001港元至3,500,000港元	1	_
HK\$3,500,001 to HK\$4,000,000	3,500,001港元至4,000,000港元	1	1
		5	5

10. Five Highest Paid Employees

The five highest paid employees of the Group during the year included two (2013: three) Directors, details of whose remuneration are set out in note 8 above. Details of the remuneration for the year of the remaining three (2013: two) non-Director, highest paid employees are as follows:

Salaries and allowances	薪金及津貼
Discretionary bonuses paid and payable	已付及應付酌情花紅
Pension scheme contributions	退休金計劃供款

10. 五名最高薪酬僱員

年內本集團五名最高薪酬僱員包括兩名 (二零一三年:三名)董事,其詳細酬金 資料載於上述附註8。本年度其餘三名 (二零一三年:兩名)最高薪酬非董事僱員 詳細酬金資料如下:

2014	2013
HK\$′000	HK\$′000
千港元	千港元
7,246	4,773
2,317	2,003
362	238
9,925	7,014

10. Five Highest Paid Employees (continued)

The number of non-Director, highest paid employees whose remuneration fell within the following bands is as follows:

10. 五名最高薪酬僱員(續)

酬金介乎以下組別之最高薪酬非董事僱員之人數如下:

		Number of ind 人數	dividuals
		2014	2013
HK\$2,500,001 to HK\$3,000,000 HK\$3,000,001 to HK\$3,500,000	2,500,001港元至3,000,000港元 3,000,001港元至3,500,000港元	1 1	- 1
HK\$3,500,001 to HK\$4,000,000	3,500,001港元至4,000,000港元	1	1
		3	2

11. Income Tax

Hong Kong profits tax has been provided at the rate of 16.5% (2013: 16.5%) on the estimated assessable profits arising in Hong Kong during the year. Taxes on profits assessable elsewhere have been calculated at the rates of tax prevailing in the jurisdictions in which the Group operates.

11. 所得税

香港利得税乃按年內於香港產生之估計應課税溢利以税率16.5%(二零一三年:16.5%)撥備。其他地區應課稅溢利之稅項乃按本集團於各營運司法權區之通用稅率計算。

Group

		本集團	
		2014 HK\$′000 千港元	2013 HK\$'000 千港元
Current – Hong Kong	本期 – 香港		
Charge for the year	年內税項	130,089	165,565
Overprovision in prior years	過往年度超額撥備	(715)	(931)
Current – Elsewhere	本期 – 其他地區		
Charge for the year	年內税項	151,654	110,927
Overprovision in prior years	過往年度超額撥備	(750)	(84)
Deferred (note 33)	遞延(附註33)	(3,371)	12,951
Total tax charge for the year	年內税項總額	276,907	288,428

11. Income Tax (continued)

A reconciliation of the tax charge applicable to profit before tax at the statutory rate for the jurisdiction in which major operating subsidiaries of the Group are domiciled to the tax charge at the effective tax rate is as follows:

11. 所得税(續)

下表按本集團主要營運附屬公司註冊成立 所在司法權區之法定税率計算並適用於除 税前溢利之税項,以及按實質税率計算之 税項進行對賬:

Group

		本集	專
		2014	2013
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Profit before tax	除税前溢利	1,362,301	1,511,987
	13. (2013) var. [3	.,502,501	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Tax charge at the Hong Kong statutory tax rate	按香港法定税率 16.5%		
of 16.5% (2013: 16.5%)	(二零一三年:16.5%)計算税項	224,780	249,478
Difference in tax rates applied for specific	應用於特定省份或		
provinces or enacted by local authorities	當地機關之稅率差異	39,001	25,995
Adjustments in respect of current tax of previous	就以往期間之税項作		
periods	本期調整	(1,465)	(1,015)
Profits and losses attributable to associates	歸屬於聯營公司之盈虧	(365)	(302)
Estimated income not subject to tax	無須繳税之估計收入	(15,510)	(25,170)
Estimated expenses not deductible for tax	不可扣税之估計支出	15,110	25,915
Effect of withholding tax at 5% or 10% (2013:	按本集團於中華人民共和國	•	,
5% or 10%) on the distributable profits of the	成立之附屬公司之可分派		
Group's subsidiaries established in the People's	溢利5%或10%(二零一三年:		
Republic of China	5%或10%)計算預提税之影響	17,490	13,972
Tax losses utilized from previous periods	使用以往期間之税項虧損	(2,843)	(834)
Estimated tax losses not recognized	尚未確認之估計税項虧損	709	389
Estimated tax losses not recognized	19 小唯恥之 19 7 7 推] 技		
Tax charge at the Group's effective rate	按本集團實質税率計算之税項	276,907	288,428

The Group's share of tax charge attributable to associates amounting to HK\$82,000 (2013: HK\$74,000) is included in "Share of profits of associates, net" on the face of the consolidated statement of profit or loss

For companies operating in Mainland China, Taiwan and Macau, corporate income taxes have been calculated on the estimated assessable profits for the year at the rate of 25% (2013: 25%), 17% (2013: 17%) and the maximum progressive rate of 12% (2013: 12%) respectively.

(二零一三年:12%)之最高累進税率計 算。

12. 本公司權益持有人應佔溢利

截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度,本公司權益持有人應佔綜合溢利包括本公司財務報告內之一項溢利481,316,000港元(二零一三年:681,660,000港元)。

本集團應佔聯營公司税項為82,000港元

(二零一三年:74,000港元),已包含在

綜合損益賬上「應佔聯營公司溢利,淨值」

就於中國內地、台灣及澳門營運之公司而

言,企業所得税乃按年內之估計應課税 溢利分別按25%(二零一三年:25%)、

17%(二零一三年:17%)之税率及12%

12. Profit Attributable to Equity Holders of the Company

The consolidated profit attributable to equity holders of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2014 includes a profit of HK\$481,316,000 (2013: HK\$681,660,000) which has been dealt with in the financial statements of the Company.

per ordinary share

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13. Dividends 13. 股息

		2014 HK\$′000 千港元	2013 HK\$'000 千港元
Dividends recognized as distribution during the year:	於年內確認派發之股息:		
Final dividend for 2013: HK54.0 cents	二零一三年末期股息:		
(2012: HK45.0 cents) per ordinary share	每普通股 54.0港仙 (二零一二年:45.0港仙)	365,537	304,614
Interim dividend for 2014: HK12.0 cents	二零一四年中期股息: 每普通股12.0港仙	303,337	30 1,011
(2013: HK14.0 cents) per ordinary share	母音短放 12.0 冷仙 (二零一三年:14.0 港仙)	81,230	94,769
		446,767	399,383
Dividends proposed after the end of the reporting period:	於報告期末後擬派發之股息:		
Final dividend for 2014: HK49.0 cents (2013: HK54.0 cents)	二零一四年末期股息: 每普通股 49.0港仙		

(二零一三年:54.0港仙)

The proposed final dividend for 2014 was recommended after the end of the reporting period and has not been recognized as a liability at the end of the reporting period, and it is subject to the approval of the Company's shareholders at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

Earnings per Share Attributable to Equity Holders of the Company

The calculation of the basic earnings per share amount is based on the profit for the year attributable to equity holders of the Company of HK\$1,082,324,000 (2013: HK\$1,218,461,000), and the weighted average number of ordinary shares of 676,920,000 (2013: 676,920,000) in issue during the year.

The Group had no potentially dilutive ordinary shares in issue during the current and prior years.

二零一四年擬派發之末期股息於報告期末 後建議派發,並未於報告期末確認為負 債,及有待本公司股東於即將舉行之股東 週年大會上批准,方可作實。

331,691

365,537

14. 本公司權益持有人應佔每股盈利

每股基本盈利金額乃按年內本公司權 益持有人應佔溢利1,082,324,000港元 (二零一三年:1,218,461,000港元)及年 內已發行加權平均股份676,920,000股 (二零一三年:676,920,000股)普通股計

本集團於本年度及上年度均無發行潛在攤 薄效應的普通股。

Net carrying amount

賬面淨值

15.	Property, Plant an Group	d Equipment				15. 物	業、機器及設備	前	
	本集團		Freehold land 永久 業權土地 HK\$'000	Construction in progress 在建工程 HK\$'000	Leasehold land and buildings 租賃土地 及樓宇 HK\$'000	Plant and machinery 機器 及設備 HK\$'000	Leasehold improvements, furniture, fixtures and equipment 租賃物業裝修、傢俬、裝置及設備HK\$'000	Motor vehicles 汽車 HK\$'000	Total 合計 HK\$'000
			千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
	As at 31 December 2014	於二零一四年 十二月三十一日							
	At 31 December 2013 and 1 January 2014:	於二零一三年 十二月三十一日 及二零一四年							
	Cost or valuation	一月一日: 成本或估值	20,005	-	548,531	79,118	758,054	10,799	1,416,507
	Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊			(123,680)	(35,879)	(470,869)	(6,798)	(637,226)
	Net carrying amount	賬面淨值	20,005		424,851	43,239	287,185	4,001	779,281
	At 1 January 2014, net of accumulated depreciation Additions Disposals	於二零一四年 一月一日, 扣除累計折舊 添置 出售	20,005	-	424,851 4,222	43,239 14,813 (1)	287,185 168,069 (3,611)	4,001 1,768 (14)	779,281 188,872 (3,626)
	Depreciation provided during the year Surplus on revaluation	年內折舊撥備重估盈餘	- -	- -	(22,575) 3,850	(14,175)		(1,912)	(184,665) 3,850
	Transfers to investment properties (note 16) Exchange realignment	轉撥至投資物業 (附註16) 匯兑調整	(1,140)		(10,886) (5,702)	(625)	- (4,954)	(93)	(10,886) (12,514)
	At 31 December 2014, net of accumulated depreciation	於二零一四年 十二月三十一日, 扣除累計折舊	18,865		393,760	43,251	300,686	3,750	760,312
	At 31 December 2014:	於二零一四年							
	Cost or valuation Accumulated	十二月三十一日: 成本或估值 累計折舊	18,865	-	538,506	91,832	835,041	11,483	1,495,727
	depreciation				(144,746)	(48,581)	(534,355)	(7,733)	(735,415)

300,686

760,312

Property, Plant and Equipment (continued) 物業、機器及設備(續) 15. Leasehold improvements, Leasehold furniture, Freehold Construction land and Plant and fixtures and Motor land in progress buildings machinery equipment vehicles Total 租賃物業 和賃十地 永久 機器 裝修、傢俬、 業權土地 在建工程 及樓宇 及設備 裝置及設備 汽車 合計 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 千港元 千港元 千港元 千港元 千港元 千港元 千港元 於二零一三年 As at 31 December 2013 十二月三十一日 At 1 January 2013: 於二零一三年 一月一日: Cost or valuation 成本或估值 20,520 83,735 372,900 50,640 632,391 9,468 1,169,654 Accumulated 累計折舊 depreciation (105, 232)(27,595)(368, 549)(4.838)(506, 214)賬面淨值 20,520 83.735 Net carrying amount 267.668 23,045 4.630 263,842 663 440 At 1 January 2013. 於二零一三年 net of accumulated 一月一日, 263.842 4.630 depreciation 扣除累計折舊 20.520 83.735 267.668 23.045 663,440 Additions 添置 86,302 30.638 161.669 1,249 279,858 Disposals 出售 (1,105)(5,593)(6,698)Depreciation provided 年內折舊撥備 during the year (18,014)(9,808)(137,654)(1,967)(167,443)Transfers 轉撥 (171,222)171,222 Exchange realignment 匯兑調整 (515)1,185 3,975 469 4,921 89 10,124 At 31 December 2013, 於二零一三年 net of accumulated 十二月三十一日, 扣除累計折舊 depreciation 20.005 424.851 43.239 287,185 4.001 779.281 At 31 December 2013: 於二零一三年 十二月三十一日: Cost or valuation 成本或估值 20,005 548,531 79,118 758,054 10,799 1,416,507 Accumulated 累計折舊 depreciation (123,680)(35,879)(470,869)(6,798)(637,226)Net carrying amount 賬面淨值 20.005 4 001 779.281 424 851 43 239 287 185

Certain of the Group's leasehold land and buildings were revalued on 31 December 1993 by Knight Frank & Kan, independent professionally qualified valuers. The leasehold land and buildings were revalued on an open market, existing use basis. Since 1995, no further revaluations of the Group's leasehold land and buildings have been carried out, as the Group has relied upon the exemption, provided under the transitional provisions of HKAS 16, from the requirement to carry out future revaluations of its property, plant and equipment which were stated at valuation at that time.

本集團若干租賃土地及樓宇於一九九三年 十二月三十一日經獨立專業合資格測量師 簡福飴測量行重估。該等租賃土地及樓宇 根據現時用途按公開市值基準重估。本集 團自一九九五年採納香港會計準則第16 號之過渡條款賦予之豁免,無須對以當時 估值列賬之物業、機器及設備進行未來重 估,故並無為其租賃土地及樓宇再作重 估。

15. Property, Plant and Equipment (continued)

Had these leasehold land and buildings been carried at historical cost less accumulated depreciation, their carrying amount would have been approximately HK\$21,178,000 (2013: HK\$22,757,000).

The freehold land of the Group is situated outside Hong Kong.

The Group's leasehold land and buildings included above are held under the following lease terms:

15. 物業、機器及設備(續)

倘若此等租賃土地及樓宇以歷史成本減累計折舊列賬,其賬面值約為21,178,000港元(二零一三年:22,757,000港元)。

本集團的永久業權土地位於香港境外。

本集團上述之租賃土地及樓宇按下列租期 持有:

		Hong Kong 香港 HK\$′000 千港元	Elsewhere 其他地區 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 合計 HK\$'000 千港元
As at 31 December 2014	於二零一四年十二月三十一日			
At cost: Long term leases Medium term leases	按成本: 長期租約 中期租約	666 35,014 35,680	3,872 240,760 244,632	4,538 275,774 280,312
At 1993 valuation: Long term leases Medium term leases	按一九九三年估值: 長期租約 中期租約	600 257,594		600 257,594
		258,194		258,194
		293,874	244,632	538,506
As at 31 December 2013	於二零一三年十二月三十一日			
At cost: Long term leases Medium term leases	按成本: 長期租約 中期租約	666 35,014 35,680	3,970 250,687 254,657	4,636 285,701 290,337
At 1993 valuation: Long term leases Medium term leases	按一九九三年估值: 長期租約 中期租約	600 257,594 258,194		600 257,594 258,194
		293,874	254,657	548,531

As at 31 December 2014, certain of the Group's leasehold land and buildings with an aggregate net carrying amount of approximately HK\$46,800,000 (2013: HK\$50,700,000) were pledged to secure general banking facilities granted to the Group (notes 31 and 32).

於二零一四年十二月三十一日,本集團以若干總賬面淨值約46,800,000港元(二零一三年:50,700,000港元)之租賃土地及樓宇作抵押,為本集團所獲一般銀行信貸作擔保(附註31及32)。

Investment Properties 16.

16. 投資物業

			Group 本集團		
		Note 附註	2014 HK\$′000 千港元	2013 HK\$'000 千港元	
Carrying amount at 1 January Transfer from owner-occupied properties	於一月一日之賬面值轉自自用物業	15	234,740 10,886	208,420	
Disposal Net gain from a fair value adjustment Carrying amount at 31 December	出售 公平價值調整之淨收益 於十二月三十一日之賬面值	6	36,298	(11,693) 38,013 234,740	

The Group's investment properties are held under the following leases:

本集團之投資物業按下列租約持有:

2014

2013

		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Long term leases: Hong Kong	長期租約: 香港	1,150	1,070
Medium term leases: Hong Kong Elsewhere	中期租約: 香港 其他地區	259,040 21,734	223,040
		281,924	234,740

The management has determined that the investment properties consist of two classes of asset, i.e., properties held in Hong Kong and properties held outside Hong Kong, based on the nature, characteristics and risks of each property. The Group's investment properties were revalued at HK\$281,924,000 on 31 December 2014 based on valuations performed by DTZ Debenham Tie Leung Limited, independent professionally qualified valuers.

The investment properties are leased to third parties under operating leases, further details of which are included in note 39(a) to the financial statements.

As at 31 December 2014, the Group's investment properties with an aggregate carrying amount of HK\$169,000,000 (2013: HK\$141,000,000) were pledged to secure general banking facilities granted to the Group (notes 31 and 32).

Further particulars of the Group's investment properties are included on pages 138 to 140.

管理層已根據各項物業之性質、特性及風 險釐定投資物業包括兩類資產,即於香港 持有之物業及於香港境外持有之物業。 於二零一四年十二月三十一日,本集團 之投資物業根據由獨立專業合資格測量 師戴德梁行有限公司進行之估值重估為 281,924,000港元。

該等投資物業以經營租約租予第三者,進 一步詳情載於財務報告附註39(a)內。

於二零一四年十二月三十一日,本集團以 賬面總值169,000,000港元(二零一三年: 141,000,000港元)之投資物業作抵押, 為本集團所獲一般銀行信貸作擔保(附註 31及32)。

有關本集團投資物業之其他詳情載於第 138至140頁。

Investment Properties (continued) 16.

Fair value hierarchy

All investment properties were classified under Level 3 in the fair value hierarchy. During the years ended 31 December 2014 and 2013, there were no transfers of fair value measurements between Level 1 and Level 2 and no transfers into or out of Level 3. The Group has assessed that the highest and best use of its properties did not differ from their existing use.

Reconciliation of fair value measurements categorized within Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy:

16. 投資物業(續)

Properties

公平價值等級

所有投資物業均分類為公平價值等級之級別 三。截至二零一四年及二零一三年十二月 三十一日止年度內級別一與級別二之間並 無公平價值計量轉移,亦無轉入或轉出級 別三。本集團已評定其物業之最高及最佳 用途與其現有用途並無分別。

分類為公平價值等級之級別三內之公平價 值計量調節:

Properties

		held in Hong Kong 於香港持有 之物業 HK\$'000 千港元	held outside Hong Kong 於香港境外 持有之物業 HK\$'000	Total 合計 HK\$'000 千港元
Carrying amount at 1 January 2013	於二零一三年一月一日			
	之賬面值	186,900	21,520	208,420
Disposal	出售	_	(11,693)	(11,693)
Net gain from a fair value adjustment	於損益賬中確認的公平價值			
recognized in profit or loss	調整之淨收益	37,210	803	38,013
Carrying amount at 31 December 2013 and 1 January 2014	於二零一三年十二月三十一日 及二零一四年一月一日 之賬面值	224,110	10,630	234,740
Transfer from owner-occupied properties	轉自自用物業		10,886	10,886
Net gain from a fair value adjustment	於損益賬中確認的公平價值		10,000	10,000
recognized in profit or loss	調整之淨收益	36,080	218	36,298
Carrying amount at 31 December 2014	於二零一四年十二月三十一日			
	之賬面值	260,190	21,734	281,924

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Investment Properties (continued) 16.

Fair value hierarchy (continued)

Below is a summary of the valuation techniques used and the key inputs to the valuation of investment properties:

投資物業(續) 16.

公平價值等級(續)

以下為投資物業估值所使用估值技術及主 要數據之概要:

Valuation
techniques
估值技術

市場比較法

Significant unobservable inputs 重大難以觀察數據

Range (weighted average) 範圍(加權平均) HK\$ 港元

As at 31 December 2014 於二零一四年十二月三十一日

Properties held in Hong Kong 於香港持有之物業

Property held outside Hong Kong

Price per square foot 每平方呎價格

6,000 to 51,000 (9,000)

於香港境外持有之物業

Market comparison method 市場比較法

Market comparison method

Price per square foot 每平方呎價格

200

200

As at 31 December 2013 於二零一三年十二月三十一日

Properties held in Hong Kong 於香港持有之物業

Property held outside Hong Kong 於香港境外持有之物業

and other factors collectively.

properties.

Market comparison method 市場比較法

Market comparison method 市場比較法

Price per square foot 每平方呎價格

Price per square foot

每平方呎價格

5,000 to 47,000 (8,000)

A significant increase/decrease in the price per square foot would result in a significant increase/decrease in the fair value of the investment

The investment properties are valued by the market comparison method having regard to comparable sales transactions as available in the relevant market. The valuations take into account the characteristic of the properties which included the location, size, floor level, year of completion

每平方呎價格大幅上升/下跌將導致投資 物業之公平價值大幅增加/減少。

投資物業乃參考有關市場上之可比較銷售 交易後,以市場比較法進行估值。估值整 體計及物業之特性,包括地點、大小、樓 層、完工年份及其他因素。

17. 預付土地租賃款項

17. Prepaid Land Lease Payments

			Group 本集團	
		Note 附註	2014 HK\$′000 千港元	2013 HK\$'000 千港元
Carrying amount at 1 January Amortization Exchange realignment	於一月一日之賬面值 攤銷 匯兑調整	6	14,242 (298) (349)	14,127 (298) 413
Carrying amount at 31 December	於十二月三十一日之賬面值		13,595	14,242
Current portion included in prepayments, deposits and other receivables	計入預付款項、按金及 其他應收賬款之流動部分		(296)	(303)
Non-current portion	非流動部分		13,299	13,939

The leasehold land is situated in Mainland China and is held under a medium term lease.

租賃土地位於中國內地及按中期租約持 有。

HK\$'000

Group 本集團 2014

2013

HK\$'000

18. **Intangible Assets**

18. 無形資產

		千港元	千港元
Trading rights	交易權		
Cost at 1 January and 31 December, net of accumulated amortization	於一月一日及十二月三十一日之 成本,扣除累計攤銷	271	271
At 31 December: Cost (gross carrying amount) Accumulated amortization	於十二月三十一日: 成本(賬面總值) 累計攤銷	524 (253)	524 (253)
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值	271	271

Upon the adoption of HKAS 38, trading rights have been considered to have indefinite lives because they are expected to contribute to the net cash flows of the Group indefinitely, which are not amortized.

採納香港會計準則第38號後,由於交易 權預期為本集團無限期帶來現金流量淨 額,故已被視為擁有無限年期而不作攤 銷。

19. Other Assets 19. 其他資產

		Group 本集團	
		2014 HK\$′000 千港元	2013 HK\$'000 千港元
Cost of membership for a seat at The Chinese	金銀業貿易場(「金銀業貿易場」)		
Gold and Silver Exchange Society ("CGSE")	會籍成本	1,500	1,500
Deposits with the Stock Exchange:	於聯交所按金:		
Compensation fund	賠償基金	293	293
Fidelity fund	互保基金	250	250
Stamp duty deposit	印花税按金	150	150
Contributions in cash to the Central Clearing and	於中央結算及交收系統保證基金之		
Settlement System Guarantee Fund	現金供款	250	250
Admission fee paid to Hong Kong Securities	香港中央結算有限公司之		
Clearing Company Limited	入會費用	250	250
Deposit with The HKFE Clearing Corporation	於香港期貨結算有限公司之		
Limited	按金	1,841	1,659
Rental deposits*	租賃按金*	230,332	193,808
	出スン本		
		234,866	198,160

^{*} The rental deposits are related to office properties and retail shops leased by the Group (note 39(b)) and the majority of the terms of the lease arrangements are over one year. Included in this total is an aggregate amount of approximately HK\$26 million (2013: approximately HK\$82 million) relating to operating leases expiring within one year. The Directors are of the opinion that such deposits are of a long term nature on the basis that the related leases are expected to be renewed upon their respective expiry dates. Accordingly, the Directors consider it appropriate to classify such deposits as non-current assets.

20. Interests in Subsidiaries

20. 於附屬公司之權益

		Company 本公司	
		2014 HK\$′000 千港元	2013 HK\$′000 千港元
Unlisted shares/investments, at cost Due from subsidiaries	非上市股份/投資,按成本 附屬公司欠款	1,085,873 2,174,676	1,085,873 2,139,884
		3,260,549	3,225,757

The amounts due from subsidiaries are unsecured, interest-free and have no fixed terms of repayment.

附屬公司欠款乃無抵押、免息及並無固定 還款期。

^{*} 此乃本集團之辦公室及零售店租約(附註 39(b))之相關租賃按金,大部分租約為期 超過一年,其中合共約有26,000,000港元 (二零一三年:約82,000,000港元)屬一年 內到期之經營租約。董事認為,按有關租 約預期於各自到期時續的之基準,此等按 金應屬長期性質。因此,董事認為宜將此 等按金分類為非流動資產。

20. Interests in Subsidiaries (continued)

20. 於附屬公司之權益(續)

Particulars of the subsidiaries are as follows:

附屬公司之詳情如下:

Name 名稱	Place of incorporation/registration and business 成立/註冊及營業地點	Issued ordinary share capital/ registered capital 已發行普通股本/ 註冊股本	o attribu the Co 本名	centage f equity table to ompany 公司所佔 灌百分比 Indirect 間接	Principal activities 主要業務
Acclaim Holdings Limited 雅慶有限公司	British Virgin Islands 英屬維爾京群島	US\$600,000 600,000美元	_	100	Investment holding 投資控股
Chow Sang Sang Bullion Dealers Limited 周生生金號有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$5,000,000 5,000,000港元	-	100	Investment holding 投資控股
Chow Sang Sang (China) Company Limited*	People's Republic of China/ Mainland China	HK\$1,500,000,000	_	100	Sale of jewellery
周生生(中國)商業有限公司*	中華人民共和國/中國內地	1,500,000,000港元			珠寶銷售
Chow Sang Sang Commodities Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$5,000,000	-	100	Dormant
周生生商品有限公司	香港	5,000,000港元			暫無營業
Chow Sang Sang Corporate Gift Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$1,000,000	-	100	Sale of corporate gift products
周生生企業禮品有限公司	香港	1,000,000港元			企業禮品銷售
Chow Sang Sang Diamond (Guangdong) Co., Ltd.*	People's Republic of China/ Mainland China	RMB10,000,000	-	100	Diamond polishing
周生生鑽石(廣東)有限公司*	中華人民共和國/中國內地	10,000,000元人民幣			鑽石打磨
Chow Sang Sang Diamond (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.*	People's Republic of China/ Mainland China	US\$10,000,000	-	100	Diamond trading
周生生鑽石(上海)有限公司*	中華人民共和國/中國內地	10,000,000美元			鑽石買賣
Chow Sang Sang Finance Limited 周生生財務有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$15,000,000 15,000,000港元	_	100	Group financing 集團融資
Chow Sang Sang Futures Limited 周生生期貨有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$5,000,000 5,000,000港元	-	100	Futures broking 期貨經紀

Interests in Subsidiaries (contin	nued)	20.	於附屬名	公司之權益(續)
Name 名稱	Place of incorporation/ registration and business 成立/ 註冊及營業地點	Issued ordinary share capital/ registered capital 已發行普通股本/ 註冊股本	attrib the	ercentage of equity utable to Company 本公司所佔 投權百分比 Indirect 間接	Principal activities 主要業務
Chow Sang Sang Holdings (BVI) Limited	British Virgin Islands	US\$50,000	100	-	Investment holding
周生生集團(英屬維爾京群島) 有限公司	英屬維爾京群島	50,000美元			投資控股
Chow Sang Sang Holdings Limited 周生生集團有限公司	d Hong Kong 香港	HK\$250 250港元	_	100	Investment holding 投資控股
Chow Sang Sang Industrial (Fuzhou) Co., Ltd.*	People's Republic of China/	HK\$12,180,000	-	100	Dormant
周生生實業(福州)有限公司*	Mainland China 中華人民共和國/ 中國內地	12,180,000港元			暫無營業
Chow Sang Sang International (Shunde) Limited	Hong Kong/ Mainland China	HK\$2	-	100	Property investment
周生生國際(順德)有限公司	香港/中國內地	2港元			
Chow Sang Sang Investments Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$2,500,000	-	100	Investment holding
周生生投資有限公司	香港	2,500,000港元			投資控股
Chow Sang Sang Jewellery (China) Co. Ltd.	British Virgin Islands	US\$1	-	100	Investment holding
周生生珠寶金行(中國)有限公司	英屬維爾京群島	1美元			投資控股
Chow Sang Sang Jewellery (China) Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$1	-	100	Provision of marketing services and
周生生珠寶(中國)有限公司	香港	1港元			investment holding 提供市場推廣服務 及投資控股
Chow Sang Sang Jewellery Company Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$30,000,000	-	100	Manufacture and retail of jewellery
周生生珠寶金行有限公司	香港	30,000,000港元			珠寶製造及零售
Chow Sang Sang Jewellery (Foshan) Co., Ltd.*	People's Republic of China/ Mainland China	HK\$275,307,500	-	100	Manufacture and sale of jewellery
周生生珠寶(佛山)有限公司*	中華人民共和國/中國內地	275,307,500港元			珠寶製造及銷售

Interests in Subsidiaries (contin	ued)	20	. 於附屬	公司之權益(續)
Name 名稱	Place of incorporation/registration and business 成立/註冊及營業地點	Issued ordinary share capital/ registered capital 已發行普通股本/ 註冊股本	attril the	ercentage of equity butable to Company 本公司所佔 股權百分比 Indirect 間接	Principal activities 主要業務
Chow Sang Sang Jewellery Pte Ltd	Singapore 新加坡	SG\$2 2坡元	-	100	Dormant 暫無營業
Chow Sang Sang Jewellery (Shaanxi) Co., Ltd.* 周生生珠寶金行(陝西)有限公司*	People's Republic of China/ Mainland China 中華人民共和國/ 中國內地	HK\$21,400,000 21,400,000港元	-	100	Manufacture and sale of jewellery 珠寶製造及銷售
Chow Sang Sang Jewellery (Shandong) Co., Ltd.** 周生生珠寶(山東)有限公司**	People's Republic of China/ Mainland China 中華人民共和國/ 中國內地	RMB70,000,000 70,000,000元人民幣	-	100	Manufacture and sale of jewellery 珠寶製造及銷售
Chow Sang Sang Jewellery (Taiwan) Limited 周生生珠寶行股份有限公司	British Virgin Islands/Taiwan 英屬維爾京群島/ 台灣	US\$50,000 50,000美元	_	100	Sale of jewellery 珠寶銷售
Chow Sang Sang Manufacturing International Limited 周生生首飾廠國際有限公司	British Virgin Islands 英屬維爾京群島	US\$1 1美元	-	100	Investment holding 投資控股
Chow Sang Sang Nominees Limited 周生生代理人有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$1,000,000 1,000,000港元	-	100	Provision of nominee services 提供代理服務
Chow Sang Sang Property Holdings N.V.	Netherlands Antilles/Hong Kong 荷蘭安的列斯/香港	US\$30,000 30,000美元	-	100	Property investment 物業投資
Chow Sang Sang Properties Limited 周生生置業有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$10,000,000 10,000,000港元	-	100	Property investment 物業投資
Chow Sang Sang Securities Limitec 周生生證券有限公司	l Hong Kong 香港	HK\$10,000,000 10,000,000港元	-	100	Securities broking 證券經紀
Emphasis Jewellery Company Limited	Macau	MOP25,000	_	100	Retail of jewellery
點睛品珠寶有限公司	澳門	25,000 澳門元			珠寶零售

20. Interests in Subsidiaries (continued)

20. 於附屬公司之權益(續)

Name 名稱	Place of incorporation/ registration and business 成立/ 註冊及營業地點	Issued ordinary share capital/ registered capital 已發行普通股本/ 註冊股本	attrik the	ercentage of equity putable to Company 本公司所佔 股權百分比 Indirect 間接	Principal activities 主要業務
Fullink Developments Inc.	British Virgin Islands 英屬維爾京群島	US\$1 1美元	_	100	Dormant 暫無營業
Tsin Chuk Kam Manufactory Ltd. 千足金製造廠有限公司	British Virgin Islands/ Mainland China 英屬維爾京群島/ 中國內地	US\$100,000 100,000美元	-	100	Processing of jewellery 珠寶加工
World Commercial Sales Company Limited 世界批發行有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$2,500,000 2,500,000港元	-	100	Wholesale of precious metals 貴金屬批發
338.Net Limited	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$2 2港元	_	100	Dormant 暫無營業

^{*} These companies were registered as wholly-foreign-invested enterprises under the law of the People's Republic of China.

21. Investments in Associates

21. 於聯營公司之投資

Group 本集團	
2014	2013
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
24,761	23,162

Share of net assets

應佔淨資產

^{**} The company was registered as a Sino-foreign equity joint venture enterprise under the law of the People's Republic of China in the prior years. During the year, the Group acquired the remaining 30% equity interest from a non-controlling shareholder and the company became a wholly-foreign-invested enterprise thereafter.

此等公司乃根據中華人民共和國法律註冊 之全外商投資企業。

^{**} 此公司乃於過往年度根據中華人民共和國法律登記為中外合資合營公司。年內,本集團從一名非控股股東收購餘下30%股本權益,及後該公司成為一家全外商投資企業。

21. Investments in Associates (continued)

Particulars of the associates are as follows:

21. 於聯營公司之投資(續)

聯營公司之詳情如下:

Name 名稱	Particulars of issued shares held/ registered capital 所持已發行股本/ 註冊股本詳情	Place of incorporation/ registration and business 成立/註冊 及營業地點	Percentage of ownership interest attributable to the Group 本集團所佔 權益百分比	Principal activities 主要業務
Foo Sang Enterprises Company Limited 富生置業有限公司	Ordinary shares 普通股	Hong Kong 香港	36.63	Property investment 物業投資
Qingdao Kang Hua Diamond Co., Ltd.*	RMB7,440,000	People's Republic of China/	-	Processing of diamonds
青島康華鑽石有限公司*	7,440,000元人民幣	Mainland China 中華人民共和國/ 中國內地		鑽石加工

The above associates are not audited by Ernst & Young, Hong Kong or another member firm of the Ernst & Young global network.

The above associates are indirectly held by the Company and have been accounted for using the equity method in these financial statements.

* During the year, the Group disposed its entire equity interest in Qingdao Kang Hua Diamond Co., Ltd., representing 32% of the registered share capital, for a consideration of RMB2,380,000 (equivalent to HK\$3,000,000), and recognized a gain on disposal of HK\$2,840,000 (note 6).

The following table illustrates the aggregate financial information of the Group's associates that are not individually material:

Share of the associates' profit for the year, net Share of the associates' total comprehensive income, net Aggregate carrying amount of the Group's investments in the associates

應佔聯營公司年內溢利,淨值 應佔聯營公司全面收益總額, 淨值 本集團於聯營公司之投資之 賬面總值 上述聯營公司並非由香港安永會計師事務 所或其他安永國際成員公司所審核。

上述聯營公司由本公司間接持有,在本財務報告以權益法作會計處理。

* 年內,本集團已以代價2,380,000元人民幣(等值於3,000,000港元)出售其於青島康華鑽石有限公司之全部股本權益(佔註冊股本之32%),並已確認出售事項之收益2,840,000港元(附註6)。

下表呈列非個別重大的本集團聯營公司之 匯集財務資料:

2014 HK\$′000 千港元	2013 HK\$'000 千港元
2,211	1,828
2,211	1,828
24,761	23,162

22. Available-for-sale Investments

Listed equity investments in Hong Kong, 香港上市股份投資,按市值* at market value*

Unlisted equity investment, at fair value 非上市股份投資,按公平價值 Unlisted equity investments, at cost 非上市股份投資,按成本

The above equity investments were issued by corporate entities.

During the year, the gross gain in respect of the Group's available-for-sale investments recognized in other comprehensive income amounted to HK\$209,839,000 (2013: loss of HK\$12,099,000).

The above investments consist of equity securities which have no fixed maturity date or coupon rate.

As at 31 December 2014, certain unlisted equity investments with an aggregate carrying amount of HK\$260,000 (2013: HK\$260,000) were stated at cost because there is a wide range of possible fair value measurements so that the Directors are of the opinion that their fair value cannot be measured reliably. The Group does not intend to dispose of them in the near future.

As at 31 December 2014, the Group's listed equity investments with a carrying value of HK\$525,402,000 (2013: HK\$323,250,000) were pledged to secure general banking facilities granted to the Group (note 31).

* On 6 March 2000, under the Schemes of Arrangements of the Stock Exchange and the Futures Exchange and pursuant to the Exchanges and Clearing Houses (Merger) Ordinance, the Group received 6,223,500 shares of Hong Kong Exchanges and Clearing Limited ("HKEC"), six exchange trading rights in the Stock Exchange and one exchange trading right in the Futures Exchange as a consideration for the cancellation of its 6 shares held in the Stock Exchange and 1 share held in the Futures Exchange. As at 1 January 2014 and 31 December 2014, the Group held 4,953,500 shares of HKEC, five exchange trading rights in the Stock Exchange and one exchange trading right in the Futures Exchange.

22. 可供出售投資

Group			
本集團 2014	型 2013		
HK\$'000	HK\$'000		
千港元	千港元		
850,516	640,488		
19 201	10 400		
18,291 260	18,480 260		
18,551	18,740		
869,067	659,228		

上述股份投資由企業實體發行。

年內直接於其他全面收益確認之本集 團可供出售投資總收益為209,839,000港元 (二零一三年:虧損為12,099,000港元)。

上述投資包括並無固定到期日或票面息率 之股份證券。

於二零一四年十二月三十一日,由於可採用之公平價值計量方法種類眾多,董事認為無法可靠地計量其公平價值,故賬面總值260,000港元(二零一三年:260,000港元)之若干非上市股份投資乃按成本列賬。本集團無意於可見未來出售該等投資。

於二零一四年十二月三十一日,本集團以上市股份投資賬面值525,402,000港元(二零一三年:323,250,000港元)作抵押,為本集團所獲一般銀行信貸作擔保(附註31)。

* 於二零零零年三月六日,根據交易所及結 算所(合併)條例之股份合併計劃,本集團 取得香港交易及結算所有限公司(「港交 所」)6,223,500股股份、六個聯交所交易 權及一個期交所交易權,以取代原在聯交 所持有之6股股份及在期交所持有之1股 股份。於二零一四年一月一日及二零一四 年十二月三十一日,本集團持有港交所 4,953,500股股份、五個聯交所交易權及 一個期交所交易權。

23. Inventories

23. 存貨

> Group 本集團

2014 2013 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 千港元 千港元

7.385.323

6.866.394

Goods held for sale 持作銷售之貨品

Accounts Receivable/Receivables arising from Securities and 24. **Futures Broking**

Jewellery retail

The Group's sales are normally made on a cash basis. Credit card receivables from financial institutions in respect of retail sales are aged within one month. There are wholesale customers who have been given credit periods within 60 days.

Wholesale of diamonds

The Group normally grants credit periods of up to 60 days to its trade customers.

Wholesale of precious metals

The Group's wholesale of precious metals is normally conducted on a cash

Securities and futures broking

Securities deals are settled two days after the trade date, and futures deals are normally settled on a cash basis.

應收賬款/證券及期貨經紀產生之 24. 應收賬款

珠寶零售

本集團銷售一般以現金交易。就零售而來 自財務機構之應收信用卡賬款之賬齡少於 一個月。現有批發客戶獲提供六十日內之 赊賬期。

鑽石批發

本集團一般向貿易客戶提供之賒賬期最多 為六十日。

貴金屬批發

本集團之貴金屬批發一般以現金交易。

證券及期貨經紀

證券買賣於交易日後兩天結算,而期貨買 賣一般以現金結算。

24. Accounts Receivable/Receivables arising from Securities and **Futures Broking (continued)**

應收賬款/證券及期貨經紀產生之 應收賬款(續)

		Group 本集團	
		2014 HK\$′000 千港元	2013 HK\$'000 千港元
Trade and credit card receivables Impairment	應收貿易及信用卡賬款 減值	719,976 (1,231)	742,733 (1,263)
Accounts receivable	應收賬款	718,745	741,470
Receivables arising from securities and futures broking conducted in the ordinary course of business: Cash clients Clearing houses Clients for subscription of securities Loans to margin clients	在日常業務中證券及期貨經紀產生之 應收賬款: 現金客戶 結算所 認購證券客戶 孖展客戶貸款	76,617 33,841 - 138,301	57,476 12,599 33,100 120,843
Impairment	減值	248,759 (762)	224,018 (698)
Receivables arising from securities and futures broking	證券及期貨經紀產生之應收賬款	247,997	223,320
Total accounts receivable and receivables arising from securities and futures broking	應收賬款及證券及期貨經紀產生之 應收賬款總額	966,742	964,790

Apart from the receivable balances arising from securities and futures broking which bear interest at commercial rates, the balances are noninterest-bearing.

除按商業條款計息之證券及期貨經紀產生 之應收賬款結餘外,上述結餘均為免息。

24. Accounts Receivable/Receivables arising from Securities and Futures Broking (continued)

The movements in provision for impairment of accounts receivable due from a customer arising from jewellery retail operations are as follows:

The movements in provision for impairment of receivables arising from securities and futures broking are as follows:

Included in the above provision for impairment of accounts receivable and receivables arising from securities and futures broking is a provision for individually impaired receivables of HK\$1,993,000 (2013: HK\$1,961,000) with a carrying amount before provision of HK\$1,993,000 (2013: HK\$1,961,000). Such provision was determined after taking into account the ageing of the respective account receivable balances, the creditworthiness of the debtors, their repayment history and their historical write-off experience. These balances are not expected to be recoverable.

24. 應收賬款/證券及期貨經紀產生之 應收賬款(續)

珠寶零售業務產生之應收一名客戶賬款之 減值撥備變動如下:

Group 本集團	
2014	2013
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
1,263	_
-	1,263
(32)	
1,231	1,263

證券及期貨經紀產生之應收賬款之減值撥 備變動如下:

Group	
本集團	
2014	2013
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
698	645
68	70
(4)	(17)
762	698

上述應收賬款及證券及期貨經紀產生之應收賬款減值撥備中包括個別已減值應收賬款撥備為1,993,000港元(二零一三年:1,961,000港元),其撥備前賬面值為1,993,000港元(二零一三年:1,961,000港元)。有關撥備乃經考慮各項應收賬款結餘之賬齡、債務人之信譽、彼等之還款紀錄及過往撇銷紀錄後釐定。預期此等結餘將不可收回。

24. Accounts Receivable/Receivables arising from Securities and Futures Broking (continued)

An ageing analysis of the accounts receivable and receivables arising from securities and futures broking not impaired at the end of the reporting period, based on the due date, is as follows:

Not yet due	未逾期
Within 30 days past due	逾期30日內
31 to 60 days past due	逾期31至60日
61 to 90 days past due	逾期61至90日
Over 90 days past due	逾期超過90日
Loans to margin clients*	孖展客戶貸款*
Clients for subscription of securities [#]	認購證券客戶#

* The loans to margin clients are secured by the underlying pledged securities, repayable on demand and bear interest at commercial rates. No ageing analysis is disclosed as, in the opinion of the Directors, an ageing analysis is not relevant in view of the nature of the business of securities margin financing. As at 31 December 2014, the total market value of securities pledged as collateral in respect of the loans to margin clients was HK\$408,824,000 (2013: HK\$409,606,000).

As at 31 December 2013, the margin clients' accounts receivable balance included an amount of HK\$334,000 receivable in respect of securities transactions undertaken for the account of an officer of a subsidiary. As at 31 December 2014, the Group had no margin loan receivable from the officer. The maximum amount outstanding during the year was HK\$505,000.

As at 31 December 2013, clients for subscription of securities of HK\$33,100,000 were due when the corresponding allotment result of the related securities had been announced and bore interest at commercial rates.

Receivables that were neither past due nor impaired relate to a large number of diversified customers/debtors for whom there was no recent history of default. Receivables that were past due but not impaired relate to a number of independent customers/debtors that have a good track record with the Group. Based on experience, the Directors of the Company are of the opinion that no provision for impairment is necessary in respect of these balances as there has not been a significant change in credit quality and the balances are still considered fully recoverable.

24. 應收賬款/證券及期貨經紀產生之 應收賬款(續)

於報告期末,無須減值之應收賬款及證券 及期貨經紀產生之應收賬款根據到期日之 賬齡分析如下:

Grou _l 本集團	
2014	2013
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
681,295	722,423
123.792	83,464
15.857	2,990
3,412	862
4,085	1,108
920 444	010 047
828,441	810,847
138,301	120,843
	33,100
966,742	964,790

於二零一三年十二月三十一日,孖展客戶應收賬款結餘中包括就為一名附屬公司高級職員之賬戶進行證券交易應收之款項334,000港元。於二零一四年十二月三十一日,本集團並無應收該名高級職員之孖展貸款。年內之最高未償還金額為505,000港元。

於二零一三年十二月三十一日,認購證券 客戶之33,100,000港元乃於相關證券之相 應配發結果公布時到期,並按商業條款計 息。

未逾期及無減值之應收賬款與大量並無最近欠賬紀錄之分散客戶/債務人有關。已逾期惟無減值之應收賬款與多名於本集團擁有良好信貸紀錄之獨立客戶/債務人有關。根據經驗,本公司董事認為由於信貸質素並無重大轉變,且結餘仍然被視為可全數收回,故無須就該等結餘作出減值撥備。

25. Prepayments, Deposits and Other Receivables

25. 預付款項、按金及其他應收賬款

		Grou 本集	•	Comp. 本公	-
		2014	2013	2014	2013
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Prepayments	預付款項	176,406	121,403	290	290
Deposits	按金	45,493	31,181	-	_
Other receivables	其他應收賬款	6,774	11,318	-	-
		228,673	163,902	290	290

None of the above assets is either past due or impaired. The financial assets included in the above balances relate to receivables for which there was no recent history of default.

上述資產概無逾期或已減值。包含在上述 結餘之財務資產為近期並無不履約紀錄之 應收賬款。

26. Investments at Fair Value through Profit or Loss

26. 按公平價值訂定盈虧之投資

Group 本集團 2014 2013 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 千港元 千港元

Listed equity investments in Hong Kong, 香港上市股份投資, at market value 按市值

The above equity investments were held for trading and issued by corporate entities.

上述股份投資乃持作買賣用途,並由企業實體發行。

27. Cash and Cash Equivalents/Cash held on behalf of Clients

An analysis of cash and cash equivalents is as follows:

27. 現金及等同現金/代客戶持有現金

現金及等同現金之分析如下:

		Group 本集團		Company 本公司	
		2014 HK\$'000 千港元	2013 HK\$′000 千港元	2014 HK\$′000 千港元	2013 HK\$'000 千港元
Cash and bank balances Non-pledged time deposits with original maturity of less than three months	現金及銀行存款 存放時到期日 少於三個月之 無抵押定期存款	982,183	975,833	3,801	3,194
when acquired		26,453	33,040		
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及等同現金	1,008,636	1,008,873	3,801	3,194

27. Cash and Cash Equivalents/Cash held on behalf of Clients (continued)

At the end of the reporting period, the cash and bank balances of the Group's subsidiaries operating in Mainland China denominated in Renminbi ("RMB") amounted to RMB448,308,000 (approximately HK\$559,982,000) (2013: RMB502,018,000 (approximately HK\$642,934,000)). The RMB is not freely convertible into other currencies, however, under Mainland China's Foreign Exchange Control Regulations and Administration of Settlement, Sale and Payment of Foreign Exchange Regulations, the Group is permitted to exchange RMB for other currencies through banks authorized to conduct foreign exchange business.

Cash at banks earns interest at floating rates based on daily bank deposit rates. Short term time deposits are made for three-month period, and earn interest at the respective time deposit rates. The bank balances are deposited with creditworthy banks with no recent history of default.

The Group maintains segregated trust accounts with licensed banks to hold securities and futures clients' monies arising from its normal course of business. The Group has classified the clients' monies as "Cash held on behalf of clients" under the current assets section of the consolidated statement of financial position and recognized the corresponding accounts payable to the respective clients on the grounds that the Group is liable for any loss or misappropriation of the clients' monies. The Group is not allowed to use the clients' monies to settle its own obligations.

28. Accounts Payable/Payables arising from Securities and Futures Broking

Accounts payable	應付賬款
Payables arising from securities and futures broking conducted in the ordinary course of business: Cash clients	在日常業務中證券及期貨經紀 產生之應付賬款: 現金客戶
Margin clients Clearing houses	孖展客戶 結算所
Payables arising from securities and futures broking	證券及期貨經紀產生之 應付賬款
Total accounts payable and payables arising from securities and futures broking	應付賬款及證券及期貨經紀 產生之應付賬款總額

27. 現金及等同現金/代客戶持有現金(續)

於報告期末,本集團在中國內地營運之附屬公司以人民幣為單位之現金及銀行存款為448,308,000元人民幣(約559,982,000港元)(二零一三年:502,018,000元人民幣(約642,934,000港元))。人民幣不能自由兑換為其他貨幣,然而,根據中國內地之外匯管制條例及結匯、售匯及付匯管理規定,本集團獲准透過獲授權進行外匯業務之銀行將人民幣兑換為其他貨幣。

銀行現金根據每日銀行存款利率按浮動利率賺取利息。短期定期存款之存款期為三個月,並按定期存款利率賺取利息。銀行存款存於信譽良好而近期並無不履約紀錄之銀行。

本集團於持牌銀行開設獨立信託賬戶,以存放證券及期貨客戶於日常業務產生之款項。本集團已將此等客戶款項分類於綜合財務狀況表內為流動資產項下之「代客戶持有現金」,並根據本集團負上客戶款項之任何損失或挪用之責任而確認為應付予相關客戶賬款。本集團不可使用客戶款項償還集團之債務。

28. 應付賬款/證券及期貨經紀產生之 應付賬款

中 朱 邑	리
2014	2013
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
136,215	155,116
428,732 58,437 	374,315 49,301 3,300
487,169	426,916
623,384	582,032

Group 木隹園

28. Accounts Payable/Payables arising from Securities and Futures Broking (continued)

An ageing analysis of the accounts payable and payables arising from securities and futures broking as at the end of the reporting period, based on the due date, is as follows:

Within 30 days	30日內 (包括未到期金額)
(including amounts not yet due) 31 to 60 days	31至60日
Over 60 days	超過60日
Cash clients accounts payable#	應付現金客戶賬款#
Margin clients accounts payable*	應付孖展客戶賬款*

- Included in the cash clients accounts payable arising from dealing in securities conducted in the ordinary course of business is an amount of approximately HK\$355,608,000 (2013: HK\$328,247,000) representing those clients' undrawn monies/excess deposits placed with the Group. As at 31 December 2014, the cash clients accounts payable included an amount of HK\$6,161,000 (2013: HK\$6,987,000) in respect of securities transactions undertaken for the accounts of certain Directors. The cash clients accounts payable are repayable on demand and bear interest at commercial rates. No ageing analysis is disclosed as, in the opinion of the Directors, an ageing analysis is not meaningful in view of the nature of the business of dealing in securities.
- * The margin clients accounts payable are repayable on demand and bear interest at commercial rates. No ageing analysis is disclosed as, in the opinion of the Directors, an ageing analysis is not relevant in view of the nature of the business of securities margin financing.

28. 應付賬款/證券及期貨經紀產生之 應付賬款(續)

於報告期末,應付賬款及證券及期貨經紀 產生之應付賬款根據到期日之賬齡分析如 下:

Group 本集團		
2014	2013	
HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
千港元	千港元	
135,515	156,955	
-	752	
700	709	
136,215	158,416	
428,732	374,315	
58,437	49,301	
623,384	582,032	

- # 包括在日常業務中進行證券買賣產生之應付現金客戶賬款內約355,608,000港元(二零一三年:328,247,000港元)為該等客戶存於本集團之末提取款項/額外繳付按金。於二零一四年十二月三十一日,應付現金客戶賬款包括為若干董事賬戶進行證券交易之款項6,161,000港元(二零一三年:6,987,000港元)。應條條款預於要求時償還及按商業份數計息。董事認為鑑於證券買賣業務性質賬齡分析意義不大,故無披露賬齡分析。
- * 應付孖展客戶賬款須於要求時償還及按商 業條款計息。董事認為鑑於證券孖展借貸 業務性質賬齡分析並不相關,故無披露賬 齡分析。

財務報告附註

29. Other Payables and Accruals

Accruals 應計項目
Other payables 其他應付賬款
Customer gold deposits 客戶存金

The Group provides gold deposit services to its customers. Under this arrangement, customers deposit physical gold with the Group and can withdraw the same units of gold together with a fixed amount of fee on the maturity date. The customer gold deposits are estimated based on the fair value of gold deposits outstanding as at the end of the reporting period. The basis of estimation is reviewed on an ongoing basis and revised where appropriate. As at 31 December 2014, gold deposits from customers also included approximately 4,800 (2013: 4,800) taels of gold from certain management personnel of the Group.

30. Derivative Financial Instruments

Assets資產Bullion contracts貴金屬合約Liabilities負債

Bullion contracts 貴金屬合約

The bullion contracts are stated at their fair values. The above transactions involving derivative financial instruments are conducted with financial institutions with obligations rated grade "A" or above or top bullion trading companies.

As at 31 December 2014, the aggregate contractual amount of the bullion contracts was HK\$325,610,000 (2013: HK\$406,862,000).

The purpose of the above contracts entered into by the Group is to manage the Group's bullion price. Such contracts did not meet the criteria for hedge accounting.

29. 其他應付賬款及應計項目

Group 本集團		
2014	2013	
HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
千港元	千港元	
71,132	86,096	
390,493	470,444	
59,316	59,539	
520,941	616,079	

本集團向其客戶提供存金服務。根據此安排,客戶向本集團存入實金,於到期日可提取相同單位之黃金連定額費用。客戶存金乃按於報告期末之尚餘存金公平價值作出估計。估計基準會持續檢討,並在適當時作出修訂。於二零一四年十二月三十一日,客戶存金亦包括本集團若干管理人員之存金約4,800兩(二零一三年:4,800兩)。

30. 衍生金融工具

2014 HK\$′000 千港元	2013 HK\$′000 千港元
	10,785
4,576	_

Group 本集團

貴金屬合約按其公平價值列賬。上述涉及 衍生金融工具之交易乃與金融機構(信貸 評級獲評定為[A]級或以上)或頂級貴金 屬貿易公司進行。

於二零一四年十二月三十一日,貴金屬合約之合約數額總值為325,610,000港元(二零一三年:406,862,000港元)。

本集團訂立上述合約旨在管理本集團之貴 金屬價格。該等合約並不符合對沖會計處 理之條件。

- 31. Interest-bearing Bank Borrowings/Interest-bearing Bank Borrowings arising from Securities and Futures Broking
- 31. 計息銀行貸款/證券及期貨經紀產生之 計息銀行貸款

Group 本集團

			2014			2013	
		Contractual interest rate 合約利率 %	Maturity 到期日	HK\$'000 千港元	Contractual interest rate 合約利率 %	Maturity 到期日	HK\$'000 千港元
Current Portion of term loans from banks due for repayment within one year	流動 來自銀行須於一年內 到期償還之部分定 期貸款	-					
unsecuredsecured	- 無抵押 - 有抵押	1.6 – 2.4 –	2015 -	159,945	1.7 – 2.4 1.8 – 1.9	2014 2014	101,436
				159,945			166,436
Current portion of bank loans due for repayment within one year	須於一年內到期償還 之銀行貸款之 流動部分						
– unsecured	- 無抵押	1.9 – 3.0	2015	537,754	1.8 – 2.7	2014	545,386
				697,699			711,822
Non-current Non-current portion of bank loans due for repayment within a period of: More than one year but less than two	非流動 須於以下期間內到期 償還之銀行貸款之 非流動部分: 一年以上 但少於兩年	<u>.</u>					
years – unsecured More than two years but less than five	- 無抵押 兩年以上 但少於五年	1.9 – 3.0	2016	376,300	2.1 – 2.7	2015	339,078
years – unsecured	- 無抵押	1.9 – 3.0	2017	149,979	2.1 – 2.7	2016	114,931
				526,279			454,009
				1,223,978			1,165,831

31. Interest-bearing Bank Borrowings/Interest-bearing Bank Borrowings arising from Securities and Futures Broking (continued)

The interest-bearing bank borrowings, including the term loans repayable on demand, are carried at amortized cost. None of the portion of the term loans due for repayment after one year which contain a repayment on demand clause and that are classified as current liabilities is expected to be settled within one year.

As at 31 December 2014, the Group's banking facilities amounted to HK\$3,167,918,000 (2013: HK\$3,169,232,000), of which HK\$1,223,978,000 (2013: HK\$1,165,831,000) had been utilized at the end of the reporting period. Certain of the banking facilities amounting to HK\$780,500,000 (2013: HK\$730,500,000) are secured by certain assets of the Group as disclosed in notes 15, 16 and 22 to the financial statements.

All of the banking facilities, including bank borrowings and bullion loans (note 32), are subject to the fulfillment of covenants relating to certain of the Group's financial ratios, as are commonly found in lending arrangements with financial institutions. If the Group was to breach the covenants, the drawn down facilities would become repayable on demand. In addition, certain of the Group's term loan agreements contain clauses which give the lender the right at its sole discretion to demand immediate repayment at any time, irrespective of whether the Group has complied with the covenants and met the scheduled repayment obligations.

The Group regularly monitors its compliance with these covenants for all the outstanding bank borrowings and bullion loans. Accordingly, the Group does not consider it is probable that the bank will exercise its discretion to demand repayment so long as the Group continues to meet these requirements. Further details of the Group's management of liquidity risk are set out in note 44(a). As at 31 December 2014 and 2013, none of the covenants relating to drawn down facilities had been breached.

The carrying amounts of the bank loans at the end of the reporting period are denominated in the following currencies:

Hong Kong dollar 港元 United States dollar 美元 New Taiwan dollar 新台幣

31. 計息銀行貸款/證券及期貨經紀產生之 計息銀行貸款(續)

計息銀行貸款(包括按要求償還之定期貸款)乃按攤銷成本列賬。預計概無於一年後到期償還且包含按要求償還條款及分類為流動負債之部分定期貸款將於一年內清償。

於二零一四年十二月三十一日,本集團之銀行信貸額為3,167,918,000港元(二零一三年:3,169,232,000港元),其中1,223,978,000港元(二零一三年:1,165,831,000港元)於報告期末已動用。若干銀行信貸額780,500,000港元(二零一三年:730,500,000港元)以本集團於財務報告附註15、16及22披露之若干資產作為抵押。

所有銀行信貸(包括銀行貸款及貴金屬借貸(附註32))須本集團符合若干財務比率,這常見於與金融機構訂立之借貸客排。倘本集團違反協議,所提取信貸將須按要求償還。此外,本集團之若干定期貸款協議包含給予放款人權利可全權酌情隨時要求立即償還之條款,不論本集團是否已遵守協議及履行預定還款責任。

本集團就所有未償還銀行貸款及貴金屬借貸定期監察其遵守該等協議之情況。因此本集團認為只要繼續遵守該等規定,銀行將不會行使其酌情權要求償還貸款。有關本集團管理流動資金風險之進一步詳情載於附註44(a)。於二零一四年及二零一三年十二月三十一日,本集團並無違反有關動用信貸之協議。

銀行貸款於報告期末之賬面值以下列貨幣 為單位:

Group	
本集團	•
2014	2013
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
1,105,649	824,243
103,384	310,152
14,945	31,436
1,223,978	1,165,831

貴金屬借貸

32.

32. Bullion Loans

Group 本集團 2014 2013 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 千港元 千港元 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 **Bullion loans** 貴金屬借貸 - 無抵押 - unsecured 897,454 543.733 - secured - 有抵押 133,226 149,451 1,030,680 693,184 Bullion trading facilities 貴金屬交易信貸 2,952,687 2,827,043 Contractual interest rate 合約利率 1.3%-3.8% 1.3%-3.9% 原到期日 Original maturity 1-3 months 月 1-3 months 月

The amounts represented borrowings from banks or top bullion trading companies and the amounts payable are pegged with bullion prices.

As at 31 December 2014, certain of the bullion loan facilities amounting to HK\$200,000,000 (2013: HK\$200,000,000) are secured by certain assets of the Group as disclosed in notes 15 and 16 to the financial statements. Certain of the bullion loan facilities are subject to fulfillment of covenants under the Group's banking facilities. Details of which are disclosed in note 31 to the financial statements.

Bullion loans were borrowed to reduce the impact of fluctuation of bullion prices on bullion inventories. However, the criteria for hedge accounting were not fully met. Bullion loans were designated as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss as they are managed and their performance are evaluated on a fair value basis, in accordance with a documented risk management and investment strategy, and information about the bullion loans is provided on that basis to the Group's key management personnel.

The carrying amounts of the bullion loans at the end of the reporting period are denominated in the following currencies:

該款項指銀行或頂級貴金屬貿易公司借貸, 而應付款項與貴金屬價格掛鈎。

於二零一四年十二月三十一日,誠如附註15及16所披露,為數200,000,000 港元(二零一三年:200,000,000港元) 之若干貴金屬借貸融資以本集團若干資產 作為抵押。若干貴金屬借貸融資須符合本 集團銀行信貸之協議,詳情於財務報告附 註31披露。

借入貴金屬借貸目的為減低貴金屬價格波動對貴金屬存貨之影響。然而,未能完全符合對沖會計處理之條件。鑑於貴金屬借貸乃根據既定風險管理及投資策略按公平價值基準管理及評估表現,故獲指定為按公平價值訂定盈虧之財務負債,而有關該等貴金屬借貸之資料乃按相關基準向本集團之主要管理人員提供。

貴金屬借貸於報告期末之賬面值以下列貨 幣為單位:

Group			
本集團			
2014	2013		
HK\$'000	HK\$'000		
千港元	千港元		
312,080	133,299		
718,600	559,885		
1,030,680	693,184		

Renminbi 人民幣 United States dollar 美元

33. Deferred Tax

33. 遞延税項

The movements in deferred tax liabilities and assets during the year are as follows:

年內遞延税項負債及資產變動如下:

Group 本集團

Deferred tax liabilities 遞延税項負債

		Depreciation allowance in cess of related depreciation nd revaluation of properties 折舊免税額	Withholding taxes	Others	Total
		超過有關折舊 及物業重估 HK\$'000 千港元	預提税 HK\$′000 千港元	其他 HK\$′000 千港元	合計 HK\$′000 千港元
At 1 January 2013	於二零一三年一月一日	41,975	95,406	693	138,074
Deferred tax charged/(credited) to the statement of profit or loss during the year	年內於損益賬扣除/ (計入)之遞延税項	(1,119)	13,972	592	13,445*
At 31 December 2013 and 1 January 2014	於二零一三年 十二月三十一日及 二零一四年一月一日	40,856	109,378	1,285	151,519
Deferred tax charged/(credited) to the statement of profit or loss during the year	年內於損益賬扣除/ (計入)之遞延税項	(1,202)	11,018	(344)	9,472*
Gross deferred tax liabilities recognized in the consolidated statement of financial position at 31 December 2014	於二零一四年 十二月三十一日 於綜合財務 狀況表確認之 遞延税項負債總額	39,654	120,396	941	160,991

33. Deferred Tax (continued)

33. 遞延税項(續)

Group 本集團

Deferred tax assets 遞延税項資產

		Decelerated tax depreciation 減速税項折舊 HK\$'000 千港元	Others 其他 HK\$′000 千港元	Total 合計 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 January 2013	於二零一三年一月一日	5,550	10,506	16,056
Deferred tax credited/(charged) to the statement of profit or loss during the year Exchange realignment	年內於損益賬計入/ (扣除)之遞延税項 匯兑調整	1,617 13	(1,123) 423	494* 436
At 31 December 2013 and 1 January 2014	於二零一三年 十二月三十一日及 二零一四年一月一日	7,180	9,806	16,986
Deferred tax credited/(charged) to the statement of profit or loss during the year	年內於損益賬計入/ (扣除)之遞延税項	1,586	11,257	12,843*
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整	(11)	(511)	(522)
Gross deferred tax assets recognized in the consolidated statement of financial position at 31 December 2014	於二零一四年 十二月三十一日 於綜合財務 狀況表確認之 遞延税項資產總額	8,755	20,552	29,307

^{*} Net deferred tax credited to the statement of profit or loss during the year amounted to HK\$3,371,000 (2013: net deferred tax charged to the statement of profit or loss amounted to HK\$12,951,000) (note 11).

The Group has tax losses arising in Hong Kong of HK\$6,585,000 (2013: HK\$2,733,000) and Mainland China of HK\$1,069,000 (2013: HK\$12,223,000). The tax losses arising in Hong Kong are available indefinitely for offsetting against future taxable profits of the companies in which the tax losses arose, whilst those arising in Mainland China will expire in four to five years for offsetting against future taxable profits. Deferred tax assets have not been recognized in respect of these losses as they have arisen in subsidiaries that have been loss-making for some time and it is uncertain whether taxable profit will be available against which the tax losses can be utilized.

本集團於香港產生之稅項虧損為 6,585,000港元(二零一三年:2,733,000港元)及於中國內地產生之稅項虧 損為1,069,000港元(二零一三年:12,223,000港元)。於香港產生之稅項虧 損可無限期用作抵銷該等產生稅項虧損之未來應課稅溢利,而於中國內地產生 之稅項虧損將於四至五年內屆滿,其後虧 行用作抵銷未來應課稅溢利。由於此等虧 損乃來自仍在虧損之附屬公司運用稅項虧損 能確定是否有應課稅溢利可運用稅項虧 抵銷,故並無就此等虧損確認遞延稅項 產。

^{*} 年內計入損益賬之遞延税項淨額為 3,371,000港元(二零一三年:由損益賬扣 除之遞延稅項淨額為12,951,000港元)(附 計11)。

財務報告附註

33. Deferred Tax (continued)

Pursuant to the PRC Corporate Income Tax Law, a 10% withholding tax is levied on dividends declared to foreign investors from the foreign investment enterprises established in the People's Republic of China. The requirement is effective from 1 January 2008 and applies to earnings after 31 December 2007. A lower withholding tax rate may be applied if there is a tax treaty between Mainland China and the jurisdiction of the foreign investors. For the Group's subsidiaries established in the People's Republic of China, the applicable rate is 5% or 10%. The Group is therefore liable to withholding taxes on dividends distributed by those subsidiaries established in the People's Republic of China in respect of earnings generated from 1 January 2008.

There are no income tax consequences attaching to the payment of dividends by the Company to its shareholders.

34. Share Capital

Authorized: 法定:

1,000,000,000 ordinary shares of 1,000,000,000 股每股面值 HK\$0.25 each 0.25港元之普通股

lssued and fully paid: 已發行及繳足: 676,920,000 ordinary shares of 676,920,000 股每股面值

HK\$0.25 each 0.25港元之普通股

35. Share Option Scheme

The Company operates a share option scheme (the "Scheme") for the purpose of providing incentives or rewards to eligible participants for their contribution to the Group and enabling the Group to recruit and retain valuable employees.

Pursuant to the Scheme, the Board of Directors of the Company may, at its discretion, invite any employees, Executive or Non-executive Directors (including Independent Non-executive Directors), advisers, consultants, shareholders of any member of the Group or such other persons from time to time to be an eligible person to whom share options will be granted as an incentive to attract and retain them for their contributions to the business development of the Group. The Scheme was approved and adopted by the shareholders of the Company on 7 December 2010 and, unless otherwise cancelled or amended, will remain in force for 10 years from that date.

At the date of approval of these financial statements, the maximum number of shares available for issue was 67,692,000, representing 10% of the shares of the Company in issue.

33. 遞延税項(續)

本公司向其股東派發之股息並無涉及所得 税。

34. 股本

2014 2013 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 千港元 千港元 250,000 250,000

169,230

35. 購股權計劃

本公司設有一項購股權計劃(「該計劃」), 為了向合資格參與者對本集團作出之貢獻 給予獎勵或獎賞,以及令本集團能招攬並 挽留對本集團具有價值之僱員。

169,230

根據該計劃之規定,本公司董事會可不時 酌情邀請任何僱員、執行董事或非執行董 事(包括獨立非執行董事)、顧問、該等其 人、本集團任何成員公司之股東或該等其 他人士為合資格人士,其將可獲授購股 權,作為因彼等對本集團業務發展作出貢 獻而吸引並挽留彼等之獎勵。該計劃於 二零一零年十二月七日獲本公司股東批准 及採納,除非該計劃被另行取消或修訂, 否則將自該日期起計十年內有效。

於本財務報告獲批核當日,可供發行之股份數目上限為67,692,000股,相等於本公司已發行股份之10%。

35. Share Option Scheme (continued)

The maximum number of shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of options granted under the Scheme and any other share option scheme of the Company to each participant in any 12-month period up to the date of grant shall not exceed 1% of total shares of the Company in issue.

An option may be exercised in accordance with the terms of the Scheme at any time during a period commencing on such date on or after the date on which the option is granted as the Directors may determine in granting the option and expiring at the close of business on such date as the Directors may determine in granting the option but in any event shall not exceed 10 years from the date of grant (which is the date of offer of grant if the offer for the grant of the option is accepted).

An offer for the grant of options must be accepted within 30 days inclusive of the day on which such offer was made. The amount payable on acceptance of the offer for the grant of an option is HK\$1.00.

The exercise price of share options is determinable by the Directors provided always that it shall be at least the higher of (i) the closing price of the Company's shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheet on the date of offer; (ii) the average closing price of the Company's shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheets for the 5 trading days immediately preceding the date of offer; and (iii) the nominal value of a share of the Company.

Since the adoption of the Scheme, no share options have been offered and/or granted.

36. Reserves

(a) Group

The amounts of the Group's reserves and the movements therein for the current and prior years are presented in the consolidated statement of changes in equity on pages 38 and 39 of the financial statements.

Pursuant to the relevant laws and regulations for wholly-foreign-invested enterprises and Sino-foreign equity joint ventures, a portion of the profits of the Group's subsidiaries which are established in the People's Republic of China has been transferred to reserve funds which are restricted as to use.

The amount of goodwill arising on the acquisition of subsidiaries in prior years, which remains eliminated against the consolidated retained profits, was HK\$4,832,000 as at 31 December 2014 (2013: HK\$4,832,000).

35. 購股權計劃(續)

每名參與者在任何十二個月內(直至授出 購股權當日止),根據該計劃及本公司任 何其他購股權計劃獲授之購股權予以行使 時,所發行及將發行之股份上限不得超過 本公司已發行股份總數之1%。

購股權可根據該計劃條款之規定,於董事 授出購股權時,決定授出之購股權當日或 其後日子開始行使,直至董事授出購股權 時已決定之日期營業時間結束時屆滿;惟 於任何情況下,由授出購股權當日(即提 出授出購股權要約當日,而該購股權要約 獲接受)起計不可超過十年。

購股權獲授人接受授出購股權之要約,必須於提出要約之日起三十日內(包括提出要約當日)接受有關之要約。於接受授出購股權之要約時,須繳付1.00港元。

購股權之行使價乃由董事釐定,惟其行使價須至少為以下較高者:(i)本公司股份於要約日期在聯交所每日報價表所列之收市價:(ii)本公司股份於緊接要約日期前5個交易日在聯交所每日報價表所列之平均收市價:及(iii)本公司每股股份之面值。

自採納該計劃後,本公司並無提呈及/或 授出購股權。

36. 儲備

(a) 本集團

本集團之儲備額及年內及上年度之 變動列載於財務報告第38及39頁 之綜合權益變動表內。

根據適用於全外商投資企業及中外 合資合營公司之相關法律及法規, 本集團於中華人民共和國成立之附 屬公司之部分溢利已轉撥往用途受 限制之儲備金。

於二零一四年十二月三十一日,以往年度因收購附屬公司產生之商譽並仍於綜合保留溢利撇銷之數值為4,832,000港元(二零一三年:4,832,000港元)。

36. Reserves (continued) 36. 儲備(續) (b) Company (b) 本公司 Share Contributed Re

		Note 附註	Share premium 股份溢價 HK\$'000 千港元	Contributed surplus 繳入盈餘 HK\$'000 千港元	Retained profits 保留溢利 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 合計 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 January 2013 Profit and total comprehensive	於二零一三年一月一日 年內溢利及全面收益總額		1,051,502	975,582	745,913	2,772,997
income for the year Dividends declared and paid	年內盲派及繳付股息		-	-	681,660	681,660
during the year	十四旦 //(人) 八小	13			(399,383)	(399,383)
At 31 December 2013 and 1 January 2014	於二零一三年 十二月三十一日及					
,	二零一四年一月一日		1,051,502	975,582	1,028,190	3,055,274
Profit and total comprehensive income for the year	年內溢利及全面收益總額		-	-	481,316	481,316
Dividends declared and paid during the year	年內宣派及繳付股息	13			(446,767)	(446,767)
At 31 December 2014	於二零一四年 十二月三十一日		1,051,502	975,582	1,062,739	3,089,823

The Company's contributed surplus arose in 1992 as a result of the Group's reorganization and represents the difference between the nominal value of the Company's shares allocated under the reorganization scheme and the then consolidated net asset value of the acquired subsidiaries.

Under the Bermuda Companies Act 1981, the contributed surplus is distributable to shareholders under certain circumstances.

本公司於一九九二年產生之繳入盈 餘來自本集團重組,乃根據重組計 劃配發之本公司股份面值與被收購 附屬公司當時之綜合資產淨值之差 額計算。

根據百慕達一九八一年公司法,在 若干情況下,繳入盈餘可分派予股 東。

37. Maturity Profile of Assets and Liabilities

A maturity profile of certain assets and liabilities of the Group analyzed by the remaining period at the end of the reporting period to the contractual maturity date, as disclosed pursuant to the Listing Rules, is as follows:

37. 資產及負債之到期情況

根據上市規則規定需披露本集團若干資產 及負債按於報告期末至合約到期日之尚餘 期間之到期情況分析如下 :

		No fixed					
		terms of		1 year or	5 years or		
		repayment/		less but	less but		
		Repayable	3 months	over	over		
		on demand	or less	3 months	1 year	Undated	Total
		無固定			,		
		償還期/		三個月	-年		
		須按要求	三個月	以上至	以上至 以上至		
		償還	或以下	一年	五年	無期限	合計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
		17870	17870	17876	17870	17670	17676
As at 31 December 2014	於二零一四年						
As de 51 December 2014	十二月三十一日						
	1—/1—1 н						
Assets	資產						
Accounts receivable	應收賬款	103,707	615,038	_	_	_	718,745
Receivables arising from	證券及期貨經紀產生之	105/101	015,050				, 10,, 15
securities and futures broking	應收賬款	181,740	66,257	_	_	_	247,997
Cash held on behalf of clients	代客戶持有現金	64,968	330,000	30,000	_	_	424,968
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及等同現金	982,183	26,453	50,000	_	_	1,008,636
Cash and Cash equivalents	九业 及专門九业						1,000,030
		1,332,598	1,037,748	30,000	_	_	2,400,346
			.,,,,,,,,,,				
Liabilities*	負債*						
	應付賬款	16,730	110 405				136,215
Accounts payable		10,/30	119,485	-	-	-	130,213
Payables arising from securities	證券及期貨經紀產生之	444.045	72.424				407.460
and futures broking	應付賬款	414,045	73,124	-	-	-	487,169
Financial liabilities included in	包含在其他應付賬款及	402.052	420.007				244.450
other payables and accruals	應計項目之財務負債	102,062	139,097	-	-	-	241,159
Derivative financial instruments	衍生金融工具	-	-	-	-	4,576	4,576
Term loans subject to	按要求償還條款之						
repayment on demand clause	定期貸款	159,945	-	-	-	-	159,945
Other interest-bearing bank	其他計息銀行貸款						
borrowings	n / = # //-	-	165,970	390,317	536,260	-	1,092,547
Bullion loans	貴金屬借貸		1,030,680				1,030,680
		602 702	4 520 252	200 247	F26.262	4.574	2.452.224
		692,782	1,528,356	390,317	536,260	4,576	3,152,291

^{*} Based on contractual undiscounted payments

^{*} 按已訂約但未折現款項計算

Based on contractual undiscounted payments

37.	Maturity Profile of Asset	s and Liabilities (cor	ntinued)		37.	資產及負債之到	期情況(續)	
			No fixed terms of repayment/ Repayable on demand 無固定	3 months or less	1 year or less but over 3 months	5 years or less but over 1 year	Undated	Total
			// / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / /	三個月 或以下 HK\$'000 千港元	三個月 以上至 一年 HK\$'000 千港元	一年 以上至 五年 HK\$'000 千港元	無期限 HK\$'000 千港元	合計 HK\$'000 千港元
	As at 31 December 2013	於二零一三年 十二月三十一日						
	Assets Accounts receivable Receivables arising from securities and futures broking	資產 應收賬款 證券及期貨經紀產生之 應收賬款	60,076 149,191	681,394 74,129	-	-	-	741,470 223,320
	Cash held on behalf of clients Cash and cash equivalents	代客戶持有現金 現金及等同現金	30,532 975,833	325,000 33,040	30,000			385,532 1,008,873
			1,215,632	1,113,563	30,000			2,359,195
	Liabilities* Accounts payable Payables arising from securities	負債* 應付賬款 證券及期貨經紀產生之	37,257	117,859	-	-	-	155,116
	and futures broking Financial liabilities included in	應付賬款 包含在其他應付賬款及	377,548	49,368	-	-	-	426,916
	other payables and accruals Term loans subject to	應計項目之財務負債 按要求償還條款之	99,892	162,208	-	-	-	262,100
	repayment on demand clause Other interest-bearing bank	定期貸款 其他計息銀行貸款	166,436	-	-	-	-	166,436
	borrowings Bullion loans	貴金屬借貸		149,701 693,184	413,503 	461,556 		1,024,760 693,184
			681,133	1,172,320	413,503	461,556	-	2,728,512

按已訂約但未折現款項計算

財務報告附註

38. Contingent Liabilities

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At the end of the reporting period, contingent liabilities not provided for in the financial statements were as follows:

38. 或然負債

於報告期末,並無於財務報告中撥備之或 然負債如下:

		Grou 本集團		Comp 本公	•
		2014 HK\$′000 千港元	2013 HK\$′000 千港元	2014 HK\$′000 千港元	2013 HK\$'000 千港元
Guarantees for banking and other facilities of certain subsidiaries	為若干附屬公司之銀行 及其他信貸擔保		_	2,307,711	1,872,590

(a) The Company has executed guarantees to banks for bullion trading facilities granted to certain subsidiaries. The utilized amounts of such facilities covered by the Company's guarantees which also represented the financial exposure of the Company at the end of the reporting period were US\$93 million (approximately HK\$719 million) (2013: US\$72 million (approximately HK\$560 million)) and RMB292 million (approximately HK\$365 million) (2013: RMB115 million (approximately HK\$147 million)). The total amounts of such facilities covered by the Company's guarantees at the end of the reporting period were US\$225 million (approximately HK\$1,745 million) (2013: US\$225 million (approximately HK\$1,742 million)), RMB742 million (approximately HK\$927 million) (2013: RMB601 million (approximately HK\$770 million)) and HK\$280 million (2013: HK\$280 million).

- (b) The Company has executed guarantees to banks for banking facilities granted to certain subsidiaries. The utilized amount of such facilities covered by the Company's guarantees which also represented the financial exposure of the Company at the end of the reporting period was HK\$1,224 million (2013: HK\$1,166 million). The total amount of such facilities covered by the Company's guarantees at the end of the reporting period was HK\$3,018 million (2013: HK\$3,019 million).
- 本公司已就若干附屬公司獲授 之貴金屬交易信貸額向銀行簽立 擔保。本公司擔保所涵蓋之該等 信貸之已動用金額,亦即本公司 於報告期末之財務風險,為 93,000,000美元(約719,000,000港元) (二零一三年:72,000,000美元(約 560,000,000港元))及292,000,000 元人民幣(約365,000,000港元) (二零一三年:115,000,000元人民 幣(約147.000.000港元))。於報告 期末,本公司擔保所涵蓋之該等信 貸總金額為225,000,000美元(約 1,745,000,000港元)(二零一三年: 225,000,000美元(約1,742,000,000 港元))、742,000,000元人民幣(約 927,000,000港元)(二零一三年: 601,000,000元 人 民 幣(約 770,000,000港元))及280,000,000 港元(二零一三年: 280,000,000 港元)。
- (b) 本公司已就若干附屬公司獲授之銀行信貸額向銀行簽立擔保。本公司擔保所涵蓋之該等信貸之已動用金額,亦即本公司於報告期末之財務風險,為1,224,000,000港元(二零一三年:1,166,000,000港元)。於報告期末,本公司擔保所涵蓋之該等信貸總金額為3,018,000,000港元(二零一三年:3,019,000,000港元)。

39. **Operating Lease Arrangements**

As lessor

The Group leases its investment properties (note 16) under operating lease arrangements, with leases negotiated for terms ranging from one to three years. The terms of the leases generally also require the tenants to pay security deposits and provide for periodic rent adjustments according to the then prevailing market conditions.

As at 31 December 2014, the Group had total future minimum lease receivables under non-cancellable operating leases with its tenants falling due as follows:

Within one year 一年內

In the second to fifth years, inclusive 二至五年,首尾兩年包括在內

經營租約安排 39.

(a) 出租人

本集團以經營租約安排租出其投資 物業(附註16),經磷商訂定租期 為一至三年。租約條款一般要求租 客支付保證按金及根據當時市場環 境作定期租金調整。

於二零一四年十二月三十一日,本 集團就與租客訂定不可撤銷之經營 租約,按到期日,未來最低租賃應 收款總額如下:

2014	2013
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
7,224	8.485
3,294	3,007
3,294	
10,518	11,492

(b) As lessee

The Group leases certain of its office properties and retail shops under operating lease arrangements. Leases for these properties and shops are negotiated for terms ranging from one to ten years.

As at 31 December 2014, the Group had total future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases falling due as follows:

Within one year 一年內

In the second to fifth years, inclusive 二至五年,首尾兩年包括在內 五年後

After five years

In addition to the minimum future rental payments disclosed above, the Group has commitments to pay contingent rents based on a proportion of turnover for certain leased retail shops. Contingent rents are not included in the above commitments as it is not possible to estimate the amounts which may be payable.

Certain of these leases have escalation clauses and renewal rights.

承租人 (b)

本集團以經營租約安排承租若干辦 公室物業及零售店舖。此等物業及 店舖租期經磋商訂定為期一至十年。

於二零一四年十二月三十一日, 本集團就不可撤銷之經營租約,按 到期日,未來最低租賃應付款總額 如下:

2014	2013
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
871,876	648,460
1,267,907	791,104
23,850	10,936
2,163,633	1,450,500

除上文披露之最低未來租賃應付款 外,本集團有若干承租的零售店 舖須承擔按營業額百分比支付的 或然租金。由於不可能預計可能 支付的金額,或然租金並不計入 以上承擔。

若干有關租約附帶調整條款及續約 權。

財務報告附註

40. Commitments

In addition to the operating lease commitments detailed in note 39(b) above, the Group had the following capital commitments in respect of property, plant and equipment at the end of the reporting period:

Contracted, but not provided for 已簽訂,但未撥備 Authorized, but not contracted for 已批核,但未簽訂

40. 承擔

除上述附註39(b)詳載之經營租約承擔外,本集團於報告期末有以下有關物業、機器及設備之資本承擔:

2014	2013
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
2,248	7,983
17,384	4,907
19,632	12,890

41. Connected and Related Party Transactions

In addition to the transactions and balances detailed elsewhere in these financial statements, the Group had the following material transactions with connected and/or related parties during the year:

- (a) On 31 December 2013, certain subsidiaries of the Company renewed the purchase agreement with Shanghai Jinghua Diamond & Jewellery Co., Ltd. ("Shanghai Jinghua") for purchasing polished diamonds from Shanghai Jinghua for the year ended 31 December 2014. Shanghai Jinghua is a subsidiary of Qingdao Jinghua Diamond Holdings Co., Ltd. ("Jinghua Diamond Holdings"), a 30% shareholder of a 70%-owned subsidiary of the Company called Chow Sang Sang Jewellery (Shangdong) Co., Limited ("CSS Shangdong"). The purchase consideration was determined based on the category, quantity and the prevailing market price of the polished diamonds. The total purchases from Shanghai Jinghua for the period from 1 January 2014 to 4 June 2014* amounted to HK\$8,290,000 (year ended 31 December 2013: HK\$15,032,000).
 - * On 31 March 2014, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company (the "Purchaser") and Jinghua Diamond Holdings entered into the transfer of equity interest contract for the disposal of the remaining 30% equity interest in CSS Shangdong from Jinghua Diamond Holdings to the Purchaser. Upon completion of the transfer of equity interest on 4 June 2014, the above transaction is no longer as a connected transaction of the Group.

41. 關連人士交易

除已於本財務報告其他部分詳載之交易及 結餘外,本集團於年內與關連人士進行以 下重大交易:

- 於二零一三年十二月三十一日, (a) 本公司若干附屬公司就於截至二 零一四年十二月三十一日止年度 向上海京華飾品有限公司(「上 海京華 1) 採購打磨鑽石與上海 京華續訂採購協議。上海京華 為青島京華鑽石集團有限公司 (「京華鑽石集團」)之附屬公司,而 京華鑽石集團則為本公司持有 70%股權之附屬公司周生生珠寶 (山東)有限公司(「周生生山東」) 之一名持有30%股權之股東。 採購代價乃按打磨鑽石之類別、 數量及當時市價而釐定。由 二零一四年一月一日至二零一四年 六月四日*期間向上海京華採 購總額為8,290,000港元(截至 二零一三年十二月三十一日止 年度:15,032,000港元)。
 - * 於二零一四年三月三十一日,本 公司一家全資附屬公司(「買方」) 與京華鑽石集團訂立股權轉讓合 約,內容有關京華鑽石集團出售 於周生生山東之餘下30%股權予 買方。於二零一四年六內四日股 權轉讓完成後,上述交 再為本集團關連交易。

41. Connected and Related Party Transactions (continued)

- (b) On 28 March 2013, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company renewed the tenancy agreement with the spouse of Mr. CHOW Kwen Ling, the administrator of the late spouse of Dr. CHOW Kwen Lim and the administrator of a late Director of the Company for the lease of a retail shop for two years ending 31 March 2015 with a monthly rental of HK\$260,000. The lease rentals were determined with reference to open market rentals. The total rental paid by the Group for the year ended 31 December 2014 amounted to HK\$3,120,000 (2013: HK\$2,940,000).
- (c) A wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company renewed leases with related companies, in which certain Directors have interests, for the lease of the Company's Directors' quarters with an aggregate monthly rental of HK\$70,000 for the year ended 31 December 2014. The lease rentals were determined with reference to open market rentals. The total rentals paid by the Group for the year ended 31 December 2014 amounted to HK\$840,000 (2013: HK\$900,000).
- (d) On 30 December 2013, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company entered into a consultancy service agreement with a related company, in which a Director's family members have interests, for the provision of the image consultancy services to the Group for the year ended 31 December 2014. The total consultancy fee paid and payable by the Group for the year ended 31 December 2014 amounted to HK\$1,234,000 (2013: HK\$952,000).

All of the above related party transactions also constitute continuing connected transactions as defined in Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules. The above transactions are exempted from the reporting, annual review, announcement and independent shareholders' approval requirements pursuant to Rule 14A.33 of the Listing Rules.

(e) Payable to a related party

Shanghai Jinghua

上海京華

The payable to the related party in the prior year was unsecured, interest-free and payable within one month after billings.

41. 關連人士交易(續)

- (b) 於二零一三年三月二十八日,本公司一家全資附屬公司與周君令先生之配偶、周君廉博士已故配偶之遺產執行人、以及本公司一名已故五事之遺產執行人就於截至二零一五年三月三十一日止兩年內租予本集團零售店舗續訂租約,每月租金為260,000港元。租金乃參考武百百租金釐定。本集團於武至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度繳付租金總額為3,120,000港元(二零一三年:2,940,000港元)。
- (c) 本公司一家全資附屬公司與若干董事持有權益之關連公司續訂租約就於截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度內作為本公司董事之宿舍,每月租金總額為70,000港元。租金乃參考公開市值租金釐定。本集團於截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度繳付租金總額為840,000港元(二零一三年:900,000港元)。
- (d) 於二零一三年十二月三十日,本公司一家全資附屬公司與一名董事之家族成員持有權益之關連公司訂立一份顧問服務協議,就於截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度內向本集團提供形象顧問服務。本集團於截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度已付及應付之顧問費用總額為1,234,000港元(二零一三年:952,000港元)。

上述所有關連人士交易亦構成上市規則 第十四A章所界定之持續關連交易。上述 交易根據上市規則第14A.33條獲豁免 申報、年度審核、公告及獨立股東批准之 規定。

(e) 應付關連人士賬款

Group
本集團20142013HK\$'000HK\$'000千港元

- 1,491

上年度應付關連人士賬款乃無抵押、免息及須於發單後一個月內付款。

41. Connected and Related Party Transactions (continued)

(f) Remuneration of key management personnel of the Group

The aggregate amount of remuneration paid and payable to key management personnel during the year, including the amounts paid and payable to the Company's Executive Directors, is as follows:

Fees	袍金
Salaries and allowances	薪金及津貼
Discretionary bonuses paid and payable	已付及應付酌情花紅
Pension scheme contributions	退休金計劃供款

Further details of Directors' remuneration are included in note 8 to the financial statements.

42. Financial Instruments by Category

The carrying amounts of each of the categories of financial instruments at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

Group 本集團

2014 二零一四年

Financial assets 財務資產

		Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss – held for trading 按公平價值 訂定盈虧之	Loans and receivables	Available- for-sale financial assets	Total
		財務資產 - 持作買賣 HK\$'000 千港元	貸款及 應收賬款 HK\$'000 千港元	可供出售 財務資產 HK\$′000 千港元	合計 HK\$′000 千港元
Other assets Available-for-sale investments Accounts receivable Receivables arising from	其他資產 可供出售投資 應收賬款 證券及期貨經紀產生之	- -	234,866 - 718,745	869,067 -	234,866 869,067 718,745
securities and futures broking Financial assets included in prepayments, deposits and other receivables	應收賬款 包含在預付款項、按金 及其他應收賬款之	-	247,997 52,267	-	247,997
Investments at fair value through profit or loss Cash held on behalf of clients Cash and cash equivalents	財務資產 按公平價值訂定盈虧之 投資 代客戶持有現金 現金及等同現金	13,388 –	424,968 1,008,636	- - -	52,267 13,388 424,968 1,008,636
Casii aiiu casii equivalents	元亚 及守門 允 亚	13,388	2,687,479	869,067	3,569,934

41. 關連人士交易(續)

(f) 本集團主要管理人員酬金

年內已付及應付主要管理人員之酬 金總額,包括已付及應付本公司執 行董事之金額,載列如下:

Group 本集團	
2014	2013
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
1,188 32,128 11,335 1,162	1,160 28,481 10,963 911
45,813	41,515

董事酬金進一步詳情載於財務報告 附註8。

42. 按類別分類之金融工具

於報告期末,各類別之金融工具賬面值 如下:

42. Financial Instruments by Category (continued)

42. 按類別分類之金融工具(續)

Group 本集團

2014 二零一四年

Financial liabilities 財務負債

> Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss 按公平價值訂定盈虧之財務負債

		Designated as such upon initial recognition 於初次確認時 指定為此類別 HK\$'000	Held for trading 持作買賣 HK\$'000 千港元	Financial liabilities at amortized cost 按攤銷成本入 賬之財務負債 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 合計 HK\$'000 千港元
Accounts payable	應付賬款 證券及期貨經紀產生之	-	-	136,215	136,215
Payables arising from securities and futures broking Financial liabilities included in	應付賬款 包含在其他應付賬款及	-	-	487,169	487,169
other payables and accruals	應計項目之財務負債	_	_	241,159	241,159
Derivative financial instruments Interest-bearing bank	衍生金融工具 計息銀行貸款	-	4,576	-	4,576
borrowings		_	-	1,223,978	1,223,978
Bullion loans	貴金屬借貸	1,030,680			1,030,680
		1,030,680	4,576	2,088,521	3,123,777

42.

Financial Instruments by Categ	ory (continued)		42. 按類別	分類之金融工具(續	[)
Group 本集團					
2013	二零一三年				
Financial assets	財務資產				
		Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - held for trading 按公盈虧資 財产 財作 HK\$*000 干港元	Loans and receivables 貸款及 應收賬款 HK\$'000 千港元	Available- for-sale financial assets 可供出售 財務資產 HK\$'000 干港元	Total 合計 HK\$'000 千港元
Other assets Available-for-sale investments Accounts receivable	其他資產可供出售投資應收賬款	- - -	198,160 - 741,470	- 659,228 -	198,160 659,228 741,470
Receivables arising from securities and futures broking Financial assets included in	broking 應收賬款 d in 包含在預付款項、按金	-	223,320	-	223,320
prepayments, deposits and other receivables	及其他應收賬款之 財務資產 按公平便使訂定及虧之	-	42,499	-	42,499
profit or loss Derivative financial instruments Cash held on behalf of clients Cash and cash equivalents	Derivative financial instruments 符生金融工具 Cash held on behalf of clients 代客戶持有現金	15,810 10,785 –	385,532 1,008,873	- - -	15,810 10,785 385,532 1,008,873
		26,595	2,599,854	659,228	3,285,677
Financial liabilities	財務負債				
		value through	bilities at fair n profit or loss 盈虧之財務負債 Held for trading 持作買賣 HK\$*000 千港元	Financial liabilities at amortized cost 按攤銷成本入 賬之財務負債 HK\$*000 千港元	Total 合計 HK\$'000 千港元
Accounts payable	應付賬款	-	-	155,116	155,116
Payables arising from securities and futures broking Financial liabilities included in	證券及期貨經紀產生之 應付賬款 包含在其他應付賬款及	_	_	426,916	426,916
other payables and accruals Interest-bearing bank	應計項目之財務負債計息銀行貸款	-	-	262,100	262,100
borrowings Bullion loans	貴金屬借貸	693,184		1,165,831 	1,165,831 693,184
		693,184		2,009,963	2,703,147

財務報告附註

按類別分類之金融工具(續)

42. Financial Instruments by Category (continued)

Company

本公司

Financial assets 財務資產

Loans and receivables

貸款及應收賬款

20142013HK\$'000HK\$'000千港元千港元

 Due from subsidiaries
 附屬公司欠款
 2,174,676
 2,139,884

 Cash and cash equivalents
 現金及等同現金
 3,801
 3,194

2,178,477 2,143,078

Financial liabilities 財務負債

Financial liabilities at amortized cost 按攤銷成本入賬之財務負債

 2014
 2013

 HK\$'000
 HK\$'000

 千港元
 千港元

Financial liabilities included in 包含在其他應付賬款及 other payables and accruals 應計項目之財務負債

4,219 2,899

43. Fair Value and Fair Value Hierarchy of Financial Instruments

At the end of the reporting period, the carrying amounts of the Group's and the Company's financial assets and liabilities approximated to their fair values.

Management has assessed that the fair values of accounts receivable, receivables arising from securities and futures broking, financial assets included in prepayments, deposits and other receivables, cash held on behalf of clients, cash and cash equivalents, accounts payable, payables arising from securities and futures broking, financial liabilities included in other payables and accruals, amounts due from subsidiaries and bank borrowings due for repayment within one year approximate to their carrying amounts largely due to the short term maturities of these instruments.

43. 金融工具之公平價值及公平價值等級

於報告期末,本集團及本公司之財務資產及財務負債之賬面值與其公平價值相若。

管理層已評定應收賬款、證券及期貨經紀產生之應收賬款、包含在預付款項、按金及其他應收賬款之財務資產、代客戶持發現金、現金及等同現金、應付賬款、包含在其份期貨經紀產生之應付賬款、包含在其他應付賬款及應計項目之財務負債、稅資款及須於一年內到期償還之銀行貸款可欠款及須於一年內到期償還之銀行貸款。

43. Fair Value and Fair Value Hierarchy of Financial Instruments (continued)

The fair values of the financial assets and liabilities are included at the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale. The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair values:

The fair values of other assets and bank borrowings due for repayment after one year approximate to their carrying amounts, which have been calculated by discounting the expected future cash flows using rates currently available for instruments with similar terms, credit risk and remaining maturities. The Group's own non-performance risk for interest-bearing bank borrowings, bullion loans and other borrowings as at 31 December 2014 was assessed to be insignificant.

The fair values of listed equity investments are based on quoted market prices. The fair value of the unlisted available-for-sale equity investment stated at fair value has been estimated using the income capitalization method. The valuation requires the management to make estimate about the capitalization rates. The management believes that the estimated fair value resulting from the valuation technique, which is recorded in the consolidated statement of financial position, and the related change in fair value, which is recorded in other comprehensive income, are reasonable, and that they were the most appropriate value at the end of the reporting period.

43. 金融工具之公平價值及公平價值等級(續)

財務資產及負債之公平價值,除了強迫或 清盤出售,乃以各方自願的當前交易中該 工具可交換之金額入賬。估計公平價值時 使用了以下方法及假設:

其他資產及須於一年後到期償還之銀行貸款之公平價值與其賬面值相若,有關賬面值乃採用具有類似條款、信貸風險及餘下到期日之工具之現時適用利率折現計算預期未來現金流量。本集團於二零一四年十二月三十一日就計息銀行貸款、貴金屬借貸及其他貸款面對之不履約風險被評估為並不重大。

上市股份投資之公平價值乃根據市場報價計算。按公平價值列賬之非上市可供出售股份投資之公平價值列賬之非上市可供出售股份投資之公平價值乃採用收入資本化法作出估計。該項估值要求管理層對資本化比率作出估計。管理層認為就估值技術產生之估計公平價值已於綜合財務狀況表記賬及相關公平價值變動已於其他全面收益記賬,並屬合理,及為於報告期末最適當之價值。

43. Fair Value and Fair Value Hierarchy of Financial Instruments (continued)

The fair value of bullion loans is based on open market prices of bullion.

As at 31 December 2014, certain unlisted equity investments with an aggregate carrying amount of HK\$260,000 (2013: HK\$260,000) were stated at cost because there is a wide range of possible fair value measurements so that the Directors are of the opinion that their fair values cannot be measured reliably.

The Group enters into derivative financial instruments with various counterparties, principally financial institutions with Grade "A" or above or top bullion trading companies. As at 31 December 2014, derivative financial instruments represented bullion contracts which are measured based on bullion market prices. The carrying amounts of bullion contracts are the same as their fair values.

Below is a summary of significant unobservable input to the valuation of financial instruments together with a quantitative sensitivity analysis:

43. 金融工具之公平價值及公平價值等級(續)

貴金屬借貸之公平價值乃按貴金屬之公開市價計算。

於二零一四年十二月三十一日,由於可採用之公平價值計量方法種類眾多,董事認為無法可靠地計量其公平價值,故賬面總值260,000港元(二零一三年:260,000港元)之若干非上市股份投資乃按成本列賬。

本集團與不同之交易對手訂立衍生金融 工具,交易對手主要為[A]級或以上之 金融機構或頂級貴金屬貿易公司。於 二零一四年十二月三十一日,衍生金融 工具指貴金屬合約,乃按照貴金屬市場 價格計算。貴金屬合約之賬面值與其公平 價值相同。

以下為金融工具估值之重大難以觀察數據 概要連同量化敏感度分析:

	Valuation technique 估值技術	Significant unobservable input 重大難以觀察 數據	Range 範圍	Sensitivity of the input to fair value 數據對公平價值 之敏感度
As at 31 December 2014 於二零一四年十二月三十一日				
Unlisted available-for-sale equity investment	Income capitalization method	Capitalization rate	4.5% to 5.5%	1% increase/decrease in capitalization rate would result in decrease/increase in fair value by HK\$183.000
非上市可供出售股份 投資	收入資本化法	資本化比率	4.5%至 5.5%	資本化比率增加/減少1% 將導致公平價值減少/ 增加183,000港元
As at 31 December 2013 於二零一三年十二月三十一日				
Unlisted available-for-sale equity investment	Income capitalization method	Capitalization rate	4.5% to 5.5%	1% increase/decrease in capitalization rate would result in decrease/ increase in fair value by HK\$185,000
非上市可供出售股份 投資	收入資本化法	資本化比率	4.5%至 5.5%	資本化比率增加/減少1% 將導致公平價值減少/ 增加185,000港元

財務報告附註

43. Fair Value and Fair Value Hierarchy of Financial Instruments (continued)

Fair value hierarchy

The following table illustrates the fair value measurement hierarchy of the Group's financial instruments.

Group 本集團

Assets measured at fair value:

43. 金融工具之公平價值及公平價值等級(續)

公平價值等級

下表呈列本集團金融工具之公平價值計量 等級:

按公平價值計量之資產:

Fair value measurement using 採用以下項目之公平價值計量

		Quoted prices in active markets (Level 1) 活躍市場報價 (級別一) HK\$'000 千港元	Significant observable inputs (Level 2) 重大可觀察 數據 (級別二) HK\$'000 千港元	Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) 重大難以觀察 數據 (級別三) HK\$'000 千港元	Total 合計 HK\$'000 千港元
As at 31 December 2014	於二零一四年 十二月三十一日				
Available-for-sale investments: Equity investments Investments at fair value through profit or loss	可供出售投資: 股份投資 按公平價值訂定 盈虧之投資	850,516 13,388 863,904	- 	18,291 18,291	868,807 13,388 882,195
As at 31 December 2013	於二零一三年 十二月三十一日				
Available-for-sale investments: Equity investments Investments at fair value through profit or loss Derivative financial instruments	可供出售投資: 股份投資 按公平價值訂定 盈虧之投資 衍生金融工具	640,488 15,810 ————————————————————————————————————	10,785 10,785	18,480 - - 18,480	658,968 15,810 10,785 685,563

The movements in fair value measurements in Level 3 during the year are as follows:

年內級別三之公平價值計量變動如下:

		Group 本集團	
		2014 HK\$'000 千港元	2013 HK\$'000 千港元
Unlisted available-for-sale investments At 1 January Transfer* Total gains/(losses) recognized in equity	非上市可供出售投資 於一月一日 轉撥* 於權益中確認之收益/(虧損)總額	18,480 - (189)	18,196 284
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	18,291	18,480

^{*} The transfer from Level 2 to Level 3 in the prior year was because of a lack of observable market data resulting from a decrease in market activity. The Group's policy is to recognize transfers into and transfers out of Level 3 as of the date of the event or change in circumstances that caused the transfer.

因市場活動減少導致缺乏可觀察市場數據 而於上年度由級別二轉撥至級別三。本集 團之政策為於活動進行或情況改變導致轉 撥之日期確認轉入及轉出級別三。

財務報告附註

43. Fair Value and Fair Value Hierarchy of Financial Instruments (continued)

43. 金融工具之公平價值及公平價值等級(續)

Fair value hierarchy (continued)

公平價值等級(續)

Group 本集團

Liabilities measured at fair value:

按公平價值計量之負債:

Fair value measurement using 採用以下項目之公平價值計量

		Quoted prices in active markets (Level 1)	Significant observable inputs (Level 2) 重大可觀線	Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) 重大難以觀察	Total
		活躍市場報價 (級別一) HK\$'000 千港元	數據 (級別二) HK\$′000 千港元	數據 (級別三) HK\$′000 千港元	合計 HK\$′000 千港元
As at 31 December 2014	於二零一四年 十二月三十一日				
Bullion loans Derivative financial instruments	貴金屬借貸 衍生金融工具	1,030,680	- 4,576		1,030,680 4,576
		1,030,680	4,576		1,035,256
As at 31 December 2013	於二零一三年 十二月三十一日				
Bullion loans	貴金屬借貸	693,184	_		693,184

During the year, there were no transfers into or out of Level 3 fair value measurements of liabilities measured at fair value (2013: Nil).

年內按公平價值計量之負債並無轉入或 轉出級別三之公平價值計量(二零一三年: 零)。

44. Financial Risk Management Objectives and Policies

(a) Financial risk factors

The Group's principal financial instruments comprise bank borrowings, and cash and bank deposits. The main purpose of these financial instruments is to raise finance for the Group's operations. The Group has various other financial assets and liabilities such as accounts receivable and accounts payable, which arise directly from its operations.

The Group's overall risk management policies focus on the unpredictability of financial markets and seek to minimize potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance. Risk management is carried out by management under the policies approved by the Board and it identifies, evaluates and monitors financial risks in close co-operation with the Group's operating units.

The main risks arising from the Group's financial instruments are interest rate risk, foreign currency risk, credit risk, liquidity risk, equity price risk and commodity price risk. The Board reviews and agrees policies for managing each of these risks and they are summarized below.

Interest rate risk

The Group is exposed to interest rate risk due to potential changes in interest rates of interest-bearing financial assets and liabilities. Interest-bearing financial assets are mainly loans to margin clients whereas interest-bearing financial liabilities are primarily bank borrowings with primarily floating interest rates which expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk.

For Hong Kong dollar floating-rate borrowings, assuming that the amount of liability outstanding at the end of the reporting period was outstanding for the whole year, a 50-basis point increase/decrease in interest rates at 31 December 2014 and 2013 would have decreased/increased the Group's profit before tax by HK\$4,112,000 and HK\$3,121,000, respectively. For United States dollar floating-rate borrowings, a 50-basis point increase/decrease in interest rates at 31 December 2014 and 2013 would have decreased/increased the Group's profit before tax by HK\$517,000 and HK\$1,551,000 respectively. The sensitivity to the interest rate used is considered reasonable, with all other variables held constant.

44. 財務風險管理目標及政策

(a) 財務風險因素

本集團之主要金融工具包括銀行貸款與現金及銀行存款。此等金融工具之主要用途乃為本集團之業務籌集資金。本集團有若干其他財務資產及負債,如直接來自其業務產生之應收賬款及應付賬款。

本集團之整體風險管理政策針對金融市場之難以預測性,並尋求減低 對本集團財務表現構成之潛在不利 影響。風險管理乃由管理層根據董 事會批核之政策進行,而管理層與 本集團之營運單位緊密合作,以識 別、評估及監察財務風險。

本集團金融工具所產生之主要風險 為利率風險、外匯風險、信貸風 險、流動資金風險、股份價格風險 及商品價格風險。董事會審閱並同 意下文所概述管理各項此等風險之 政策。

利率風險

本集團由於計息財務資產及負債之 利率潛在變動而承受利率風險。計 息財務資產主要為孖展客戶貸款, 而計息財務負債主要為銀行貸款, 主要按浮動利率計息,導致本集團 承受現金流量利率風險。

就港元浮動利率貸款而言,假設於報告期末結欠之負債金額乃於整個年度結欠,利率於二零一四年加加減少50個基點,將分別減少/增加在集團除稅前溢利4,112,000港元。就美元一四年分減少50個基點,將分別減少/增元動率貸款而言,利率於二零一四年加/減少50個基點,將分別減少/增加本集團除稅前溢利517,000港元。在所有其他變數所持不變之情況下,本集團認為對所用利率之敏感度乃屬合理。

(a) Financial risk factors (continued)

Interest rate risk (continued)

The Group's interest rate risk exposure also arises from margin financing and other lending activities. The Group has the legal capacity to quickly recall such loans or re-price its loans to an appropriate level. A 50 basis-point increase/decrease in interest rates at 31 December 2014 and 2013 would have increased/decreased the Group's profit before tax by HK\$821,000 and HK\$664,000 respectively. The analysis is prepared assuming the amount of assets carried at the end of the reporting period was carried for the whole year. The sensitivity to interest rate used is considered reasonable, with all other variables held constant.

The Group's policy is to obtain the most favorable interest rates available without increasing its foreign currency exposures. In addition, the Group monitors the level of interest rate exposure and considers utilizing hedging instruments should the need arise.

Foreign currency risk

The Group has transactional currency exposures mainly arising from sales and purchases by operating units in currencies other than the units' functional currency. Management conducted periodical review of exposures and requirements of various currencies, and will consider hedging significant foreign currency exposures should the need arise. Management considers that the Group's exposure to foreign currency risk is not significant.

The Group's assets and liabilities are mainly denominated in Hong Kong dollar, Renminbi and United States dollar. Currency risk is managed by partly financing non-Hong Kong dollar assets with loans denominated in the relevant currencies.

44. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

(a) 財務風險因素(續)

利率風險(續)

本集團之政策乃在不增加其外匯風 險之情況下爭取最有利之利率。 此外,本集團監察利率風險承擔水 平,如有需要將考慮採用對沖工 具。

外匯風險

本集團之交易貨幣風險主要來自業 務單位以其功能貨幣以外之貨幣進 行之買賣。管理層就不同貨幣的風 險及需要進行定期檢討,並於需要 時考慮對沖重大外匯風險。管理層 認為本集團的外匯風險並不重大。

本集團之資產及負債主要以港元、 人民幣及美元為單位。管理外匯 風險方法是以外幣貸款為手上同 幣資產進行部分融資。

(a) Financial risk factors (continued)

Credit risk

The accounts receivable and receivables arising from securities and futures broking represent the Group's major exposure to the credit risk arising from default of the counterparty, with a maximum exposure equal to the carrying amounts of these financial assets in the consolidated statement of financial position. The Group's retail sales on jewellery are usually transacted on a cash basis, via popular credit cards or through reputable and dispersed department stores. The Group's credit sales to wholesale customers are generally on credit terms within 60 days. The Group has no significant concentrations of credit risk with respect to its jewellery retail business as it has a large number of diversified customers. For accounts receivable arising from the wholesale of diamonds and precious metals, the Group trades only with recognized and creditworthy third parties and bullion banks. The Group's receivables from margin clients arising from the ordinary course of business of dealing in securities are secured by the underlying pledged securities. The Group seeks to maintain strict control over its outstanding receivables and has its credit control policy to minimize the credit risk. In addition, all receivable balances are monitored on an ongoing basis and overdue balances are followed up by senior management. Accordingly, the Group's exposure to bad debts is not significant.

The credit risk of the Group's other financial assets, which mainly comprise cash and cash equivalents, cash held on behalf of clients, other assets, deposits and other receivables, and derivative financial instruments, arises from default of the counterparty, with a maximum exposure equal to the carrying amounts of these instruments.

The Company is also exposed to credit risk through the granting of financial guarantees to certain subsidiaries, further details of which are disclosed in note 38 to the financial statements.

Further quantitative data in respect of the Group's exposure to credit risk arising from accounts receivable and receivables arising from securities and futures broking are disclosed in note 24 to the financial statements.

44. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

(a) 財務風險因素(續)

信貸風險

應收賬款及證券及期貨經紀產生之 應收賬款乃本集團由於交易對手不 履約而產生之主要信貸風險,最高 風險相等於綜合財務狀況表中此等 財務資產之賬面值。本集團之珠寶 零售銷售通常以現金、通過普及信 用卡或诱過信譽良好及分散之百貨 公司進行交易。本集團向批發客戶 進行之信貸銷售一般按六十日內之 賒賬期進行。由於珠寶零售業務擁 有大量分散客戶,故並無重大集中 之信貸風險。就鑽石及貴金屬批發 產生之應收賬款,本集團僅與獲確 認及有信譽之第三者及金商進行交 易。本集團來自日常業務中證券買 已抵押證券作抵押。本集團對逾期 應收賬款維持嚴格控制,並設有信 貸控制政策以減低信貸風險。此 外,所有應收賬款結餘均受持續監 察,逾期結餘由高級管理人員跟 進。因此,本集團之壞賬風險並不 重大。

本集團其他財務資產,主要包括現金及等同現金、代客戶持有現金、 其他資產、按金及其他應收賬款及 衍生金融工具,其信貸風險產生自 交易對手不履約,而最高風險相等 於此等工具之賬面值。

本公司亦因向若干附屬公司作出財務擔保而承受信貸風險,其進一步詳情於財務報告附註38內披露。

本集團承受之信貸風險由應收賬款 及證券及期貨經紀產生之應收賬款 產生,有關信貸風險之進一步量化 資料於財務報告附註24內披露。

44. Financial Risk Management Objectives and Policies (continued)

Financial risk factors (continued)

Liquidity risk

The Group monitors and maintains a level of cash and cash equivalents deemed adequate by management to finance the Group's operations and mitigate the effects of fluctuation in cash flows. The responsibility of the Group's treasury department is to maintain a balance between continuity of funding and flexibility through the use of banking facilities in order to meet its liquidity requirements both in the short term and long term. The Group maintains significant flexibility to respond to opportunities and events by ensuring that committed credit lines are available. All debts of the Group as at 31 December 2014 would mature within three years.

The maturity profile of the Group's financial liabilities at the end of the reporting period, based on the contractual undiscounted payments, are disclosed in note 37 to the financial statements. The maturity profile of the Company's financial liabilities and guarantees given to banks in connection with facilities granted to subsidiaries at the end of the reporting period, based on the contractual undiscounted payments, is as follows:

財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

財務風險因素(續)

流動資金風險

本集團監控並維持現金及等同現金 於管理人員認為足夠水平,為本 集團運作提供資金及緩和現金流量 波動之影響。本集團財政部門之責 任為透過使用銀行信貸在資金之持 續性及靈活性之間取得平衡,以配 合其短期及長期流動資金需求。本 集團透過確保擁有可動用之已承諾 信貸額度,維持充裕靈活性以回應 商機及事件。於二零一四年十二月 三十一日,本集團所有債項均於三 年內到期。

於報告期末,本集團按已訂約但未 折現款項計算之財務負債之到期情 況於財務報告附註37中披露。於 報告期末,本公司按已訂約但未折 現款項計算之財務負債及就附屬公 司獲授之信貸向銀行提供擔保之到 期情況如下:

2014	二零一四年	On demand 按要求 HK\$'000 千港元	Less than 3 months 三個月以下 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 合計 HK\$′000 千港元
Financial liabilities included in other payables and accruals Guarantees given to banks in connection with facilities	包含在其他應付賬款及 應計項目之財務負債 就附屬公司獲授之信貸 向銀行提供擔保	-	4,219	4,219
granted to subsidiaries	I. JEWL I JUNE DATE AL	2,307,711		2,307,711
		2,307,711	4,219	2,311,930
2013	二零一三年			
Financial liabilities included in other payables and accruals Guarantees given to banks in connection with facilities	包含在其他應付賬款及 應計項目之財務負債 就附屬公司獲授之信貸 向銀行提供擔保	-	2,899	2,899
granted to subsidiaries		1,872,590		1,872,590
		1,872,590	2,899	1,875,489

(a) Financial risk factors (continued)

Equity price risk

Equity price risk is the risk that the fair values of equity securities decrease as a result of changes in the levels of equity indices and the value of individual securities. The fair values of these listed equity investments are affected by market forces and other factors. The Group is exposed to equity price risk arising from individual equity investments classified as available-for-sale investments (note 22) and trading equity investments (note 26) as at 31 December 2014. The Group's listed investments are listed on the Stock Exchange and are valued at quoted market prices at the end of the reporting period. The majority of the listed equity investments are held for non-trading purposes.

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to every 10% change in the fair values of the equity investments, with all other variables held constant and before any impact on tax, based on their carrying amounts as at the end of the reporting period. For the purpose of this analysis, the impact with respect to the available-for-sale equity investments is deemed to be on the investment revaluation reserve and no account is given for factors such as impairment which might impact on the statement of profit or loss.

44. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

(a) 財務風險因素(續)

股份價格風險

下表顯示按於報告期末之賬面值計算,於所有其他變數不變及計入任何税項影響前對股份投資公平價值每10%變動之敏感度。就本分析而言,對可供出售股份投資之有關影響被視為對投資重估儲備造成影響,且並無計及減值等可能影響損益賬之因素。

		Carrying amount of equity investments 股份投資之 賬面值 HK\$'000 千港元	Increase/ decrease in profit before tax 除税前溢利 增加/減少 HK\$'000 千港元	Increase/ decrease in equity 權益 增加/減少 HK\$'000 千港元
2014	二零一四年			
Investments listed in Hong Kong: Available-for-sale Held-for-trading	於香港上市之投資: 可供出售 持作買賣	850,516 13,388	_ 1,339	85,052 -
2013	二零一三年			
Investments listed in Hong Kong: Available-for-sale Held-for-trading	於香港上市之投資: 可供出售 持作買賣	640,488 15,810	- 1,581	64,049 -

(a) Financial risk factors (continued)

Commodity price risk

The Group is engaged in the sales of jewellery including bullion products. The bullion market is influenced by global as well as regional supply and demand conditions. A significant decline in prices of bullion could adversely affect the Group's financial performance. In order to reduce the commodity price risk, the Group uses bullion loans as well as derivative financial instruments, such as bullion contracts to reduce its exposure to fluctuation in the bullion price on bullion inventory. The bullion price exposures are monitored by the management.

For the bullion loans and bullion contracts, assuming that the amount outstanding at the end of the reporting period was outstanding for the whole year, a 10% increase/decrease in market prices of bullion at 31 December 2014 and 2013 would have decreased/increased the Group's profit before tax by HK\$136,087,000 and HK\$108,926,000 respectively. The sensitivity to the market prices of bullion used is considered reasonable, with all other variables held constant. This information has not taken into account potential financial impact on other financial statement line items.

(b) Capital management

The primary objectives of the Group's capital management are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern and to maintain a healthy capital ratio in order to support its business and to enhance shareholders' value.

The Group manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it in light of changes in economic conditions and business strategies. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders, raise and repay debts or issue new shares. The Group is required to comply with certain externally imposed capital requirements set out in certain of its banking facility agreements. Additionally, certain subsidiaries engaged in securities and futures dealing and broking, which are regulated entities under the Securities and Futures Commission of Hong Kong ("SFC"), and a subsidiary engaged in bullion broking, which is a member of the CGSE, are required to comply with respective minimum capital requirements imposed by the SFC and the CGSE. During the two years, these subsidiaries complied with respective minimum capital requirements imposed by the SFC and the CGSE. No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital during the years ended 31 December 2014 and 2013.

44. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

(a) 財務風險因素(續)

商品價格風險

本集團從事銷售珠寶,包括貴金屬 產品。貴金屬市場受全球以及地 性供求情況影響。貴金屬價格大 可能對本集團之財務狀況構成,本 影響。為降低商品價格風險,本 團使用貴金屬借貸以及低貴金屬 等衍生金融工具,以減低貴金屬 格波動對貴金屬存貨之風險承擔。 管理層會監察貴金屬價格之 擔。

就貴金屬借貸及貴金屬合約而言,院設於報告期末結欠之金額乃所。 整個年度結欠,貴金屬市二月 三十一日增加/減少10%,將溢司 三十一日增加本集團除稅前溢內 別減少/增加本集團除稅前溢內 136,087,000港元及108,926,000港元。 在所有其他變數維持不變之情, 在所有其他變數維持不變之情, 下,本集團認為對所用貴金屬市無 之敏感度乃屬合理。此質目之潛 考慮對其他財務報告項目之潛在 財務影響。

(b) 資本管理

本集團資本管理之主要目標為保障 本集團持續經營業務之能力,並維 持穩健之資本比率,以支持其業務 及增加股東之價值。

本集團按經濟狀況及業務策略之變 動管理其資本架構,並對其作出 調整。為維持或調整資本架構,本 集團可能調整向股東派付之股息、 增加及償還債項或發行新股。本 集團須遵守其若干銀行融資協議所 載之若干外在資本規定。此外, 若干附屬公司從事證券及期貨買賣 及經紀業務並為香港證券及期貨 事務監察委員會(「證監會」)所指 之受規管實體,以及一家從事貴 金屬經紀之附屬公司為金銀業貿易 場之會員,該等公司須遵守證監會 及金銀業貿易場實施之有關最低 資本規定。於該兩個年度內,該 等附屬公司遵守證監會及金銀業 貿易場各自實施之最低資本規定。 截至二零一四年及二零一三年十二月 三十一日止年度,本集團管理資本 之目標、政策或程序並無作出變動。

(b) Capital management (continued)

The Group monitors capital using a gearing ratio, which is total borrowings to total equity. Total borrowings include interest-bearing bank borrowings and bullion loans. Total equity comprises all components of equity attributable to equity holders of the Company. The Group's policy is to maintain the gearing ratio at a reasonable level. The gearing ratios at the end of the reporting periods were as follows:

Total borrowings 借貸總額

Total equity attributable to equity 本公司權益持有人應佔 holders of the Company 權益總額

Gearing ratio 資本負債比率

44. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

(b) 資本管理(續)

本集團按資本負債比率(即借貸總額對比權益總額)監控資本。借貸總額包括計息銀行貸款及貴金屬借貸。權益總額包括本公司權益持有人應佔權益之所有部分。本集團之政策為將資本負債比率維持在合理水平。於報告期末之資本負債比率如下:

本集團	
2014	2013
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
2,254,658	1,859,015
8,646,733	7,934,900
8,040,733	7,334,300
26.1%	23.4%

Group

45. Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities

The following tables represent details of financial instruments subject to offsetting at the end of the reporting periods.

45. 抵銷財務資產及財務負債

下表呈列於報告期末受抵銷約束之金融工 具詳情。

				20	14		
			Gross				
			amounts of	Net amounts			
			recognized	of financial			
			financial	assets	Related amoun	ts not set off in	
			liabilities set	presented	the consolidate	ed statement of	
		Gross	off in the	in the	financia	l position	
		amounts of	consolidated	consolidated		財務狀況表中	
		recognized	statement	statement	抵銷之	相關金額	
		financial	of financial	of financial	Financial	Cash collateral	
		assets	position	position	instruments	pledged	Net amount
			於綜合財務	於綜合財務			
			狀況表中	狀況表中			
		已確認	抵銷之已確認	呈報之財務		已抵押	
		財務資產總額	財務負債總額	資產淨額	金融工具	現金抵押品	淨額
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Assets	資產						
Accounts receivable Receivables arising from	應收賬款 證券及期貨經紀	718,921	(176)	718,745	-	-	718,745
securities and futures	産生之應收						
broking	た	346,427	(98,430)	247,997			247,997
		1,065,348	(98,606)	966,742			966,742
			Gross	м			
			amounts of	Net amounts			
			recognized	of financial liabilities	Dalated america	444 -ff !-	
			financial			ts not set off in	
		Gross	assets set off in the	presented in the		ed statement of	
		amounts of	consolidated	consolidated		l position 財務狀況表中	
		recognized	statement	statement		相關金額	
		financial	of financial	of financial	Financial	Cash collateral	
		liabilities	position	position	instruments	pledged	Net amount
		nasinties	於綜合財務	於綜合財務	motiuments	picagoa	not amount
			狀況表中	狀況表中			
		已確認	抵銷之已確認	呈報之財務		已抵押	
		財務負債總額	財務資產總額	負債淨額	金融工具	現金抵押品	淨額
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Liabilities	負債						
Accounts payable Payables arising from	應付賬款 證券及期貨經紀	136,391	(176)	136,215	-	-	136,215
securities and futures broking	產生之應付 賬款	585,599	(98,430)	487,169			487,169
		721,990	(98,606)	623,384			623,384

45. Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities (continued)

45. 抵銷財務資產及財務負債(續)

		Gross amounts of recognized	Gross amounts of recognized financial liabilities set off in the consolidated statement	Net amounts of financial assets presented in the consolidated statement	Related amounts not set off in the consolidated statement of financial position 未有於綜合財務狀況表中 抵銷之相關金額		
		financial assets	of financial position 於綜合財務 狀況表中	of financial position 於綜合財務 狀況表中	Financial instruments	Cash collateral pledged	Net amount
		已確認 財務資產總額 HK\$'000 千港元	抵銷之已確認 財務負債總額 HK\$'000 千港元	呈報之財務 資產淨額 HK\$'000 千港元	金融工具 HK\$'000 千港元	已抵押 現金抵押品 HK\$'000 千港元	淨額 HK\$'000 千港元
Accounts receivable	資產 應收賬款 證券及期貨經紀	753,006	(11,536)	741,470	-	-	741,470
broking	產生之應收 賬款	322,659	(99,339)	223,320			223,320
		1,075,665	(110,875)	964,790			964,790
		Gross amounts of recognized	Gross amounts of recognized financial assets set off in the consolidated statement	Net amounts of financial liabilities presented in the consolidated statement	Related amount the consolidate financial 未有於綜合則 抵銷之相	d statement of position t務狀況表中 目關金額	
		financial liabilities	of financial position 於綜合財務 狀況表中	of financial position 於綜合財務 狀況表中	Financial instruments	Cash collateral pledged	Net amount
		已確認 財務負債總額 HK\$'000 千港元	抵銷之已確認 財務資產總額 HK\$'000 千港元	呈報之財務 負債淨額 HK\$'000 千港元	金融工具 HK\$'000 千港元	已抵押 現金抵押品 HK\$'000 千港元	淨額 HK\$'000 千港元
Accounts payable	負債 應付賬款 證券及期貨經紀 產生之應付	166,652	(11,536)	155,116	-	-	155,116
broking	度生之應刊 賬款	526,255	(99,339)	426,916			426,916
		692,907	(110,875)	582,032			582,032

46. Approval of the Financial Statements

The financial statements were approved and authorized for issue by the Board of Directors on 26 March 2015.

46. 財務報告之批核

本財務報告於二零一五年三月二十六日經 董事會批核及授權刊發。

PARTICULARS OF PROPERTIES HELD

As at 31 December 2014

所持物業詳情

於二零一四年十二月三十一日

Particulars of major properties held by the Group are as follows:

本集團持有的主要物業詳情如下:

	Description 摘要	Lot Number 地段號數	Use 用途	Gross Floor Area 建築面積 (Sq. ft. approx.)	Type 種類	Lease Term 租期
	Hong Kong 香港			(大約平方呎)		
Ħ	229 Nathan Road, Kowloon 九龍彌敦道二二九號全幢	K.I.L. 6357	Rental/own use 出租/自用	31,225*	Commercial 商業	Medium 中
Ħ	G/F & M/F, 326-328 Castle Peak Road, Kowloon	N.K.I.L. 2507 & 2177	Rental/own use	2,790*	Commercial	Medium
_	九龍青山道三二六至三二八號地下連閣樓		出租/自用		商業	<u>中</u>
Ħ	G/F & 1/F, 99-101 Wuhu Street, Hunghom, Kowloon	H.H.I.L. 472, 471 & 447 s A	Own use	2,345*	Commercial	Medium
_	九龍紅磡蕪湖街九十九至一零一號地下及一樓		自用		商業	中
Ħ	Roof, G/F & 1/F, 432 Prince Edward Road West, Kowloon	N.K.I.L. 2266 R.P.	Rental/own use	1,788*	Commercial	Medium
	九龍太子道西四三二號地下、一樓及天台		出租/自用		商業	中
-	Flat A, 11/F and Roof, 199 Nam Cheong Street, Kowloon	N.K.I.L. 1230 s.A.R.P. & s.B.ss.2	Rental	551*	Residential	Medium
	九龍南昌街一九九號十一樓A座連天台	3.0.33.2	出租		住宅	中
	2/F, Flats A & B, 3/F, 4/F, 5/F & Flat A, 6/F, 231 Nathan Road, Kowloon	K.I.L. 6642	Rental/own use	10,836*	Commercial	Medium
	九龍彌敦道二三一號二樓、三樓A及B座、 四樓、五樓及六樓A座		出租/自用		商業	中
	Units A1, A2, A3, A4, A6, A8, A11, A13, 1/F, Unit A6, 2/F, Unit A4, 8/F & Unit A3, 10/F, Block A, 489-491 Castle Peak Road, Kowloon	N.K.I.L. 3515 s C, D & F	Own use	38,440	Industrial	Medium
_	九龍青山道四八九至四九一號 A 座一樓 A1、A2、A3、A4、A6、A8、A11、A13室、二樓 A6 室、八樓 A4 室及十樓 A3 室		自用		工業	中
	Car Ports No. 7 & 22 on G/F, Car Ports No. 26 & 57 in Basement, Ho On Mansion,	K.I.L. 10223	Rental/own use	N/A	Car park	Long
_	107-109 Austin Road, Kowloon 九龍柯士甸道一零七至一零九號好安樓地下 車位七及二十二號及地庫車位二十六及 五十七號		出租/自用	不適用	車位	長
	Car Parking Space No. B162 in Basement, Balwin Court, 154-164 Argyle Street,	R.P. of K.I.L. 4208	Rental	N/A	Car park	Long
_	Kowloon 九龍亞皆老街一五四至一六四號寶雲閣地庫 B162號車位		出租	不適用	車位	長

As at 31 December 2014

所持物業詳情

於二零一四年十二月三十一日

Description 摘要	Lot Number 地段號數	Use 用途	Gross Floor Area 建築面積	Type 種類	Lease Term 租期
			(Sq. ft. approx.) (大約平方呎)		
Hong Kong 香港					
[#] G/F-3/F, 691-693 Nathan Road, Kowloon	K.I.L. 2444 s.A.R.P. & 2444 R.P.	Rental/own use	9,890*	Commercial	Medium
九龍彌敦道六九一至六九三號地下至三樓	Q 2444 N.T.	出租/自用		商業	中
* 85 Castle Peak Road, Yuen Long,	Lot No. 3640 in	Own use	3,255	Commercial	Medium
New Territories 新界元朗青山公路八十五號全幢	D.D. 120	自用		商業	中
* Shop B, G/F, 428-430 Prince Edward Road	N.K.I.L. 2267 R.P.	Own use	1,078*	Commercial	Medium
West, Kowloon 九龍太子道西四二八至四三零號地下B舖	& 2268 R.P.	自用		商業	中
* Shop B, G/F, 70-78 Kwong Fuk Road,	Tai Po Town Lot	Own use	2,089*	Commercial	Medium
Tai Po, New Territories 新界大埔廣福道七十至七十八號地下B舖	No. 28	自用		商業	中
Shop No. 305, G/F, Lok Hin Terrace,	Chai Wan Inland	Rental	175*	Commercial	Medium
350 Chai Wan Road, Hong Kong 香港柴灣道三五零號樂軒台地下三零五號舖	Lot No. 149	出租		商業	中
Mainland China 中國內地					
Unit 501, Block 4, Meile Village, Rongshan Community Association, Ronggui Street Representative Office, Shunde District,	100100-047	Own use	1,010	Residential	Medium
Foshan City, Guangdong Province 廣東省佛山市順德區容桂街道辦事處容山 居委會美樂村四座五零一室		自用		住宅	中
East of Guangzhu Highway, Licun Management Zone, Licun District, Lunjiao Town, Shunde District,	154077-014	Rental	123,700	Industrial/ commercial	Medium
Foshan City, Guangdong Province 廣東省佛山市順德區倫教鎮荔村管理區 廣珠路東側		出租		工業/商業	中
Unit No. 1-1, Fulihua Mansion, No. 150 Qinghui Road, Daliang Town, Shunde	134092-003	Own use	1,906	Commercial	Long
District, Foshan City, Guangdong Province 廣東省佛山市順德區大良鎮清暉路一五零號 富麗華大廈一號之一		自用		商業	長
16/F, Block B, R&F Yingtai Plaza, Section 2, No. 100 Huangpu Avenue West, Tianhe District, Guangzhou City, Guangdong Province	2310-7-50	Own use	23,686	Commercial	Medium
Guangdong Province 廣東省廣州市天河區黃埔大道西一零零號二段 富力盈泰廣場B座十六層		自用		商業	中

PARTICULARS OF PROPERTIES HELD

As at 31 December 2014

所持物業詳情

於二零一四年十二月三十一日

Description 摘要	Lot Number 地段號數	Use 用途	Gross Floor Area 建築面積 (Sq. ft. approx.)	Type 種類	Lease Term 租期
			(大約平方呎)		
M ainland China 中國內地					
Car Parking Space Nos. 200 and 201, 2nd Basement, R&F Yingtai Plaza, Section 2, No.100 Huangpu Avenue West, Tianhe District, Guangzhou City, Guangdong Province	2310-7-50	Own use	N/A	Car park	Medium
廣東省廣州市天河區黃埔大道西一零零號二段 富力盈泰廣場負二層二零零及二零一號車位		自用	不適用	車位	中
Unit Nos. 1601-1602, 16/F, Block B, Vanmetropolis, No.1 Tangyan Road, High-	10501060004-17	Own use	5,025	Commercial	Medium
tech District, Xian City, Shaanxi Province 陝西省西安市高新區唐延路一號旺座國際城 B座十六層一六零一至一六零二室		自用		商業	中
Car Parking Space No. D010, 1st Basement and Car Parking Space No. F061, 2nd Basement, Vanmetropolis, No.1 Tangyan Road, High-tech District, Xian City, Shaanxi Province	10501060004-17	Own use	N/A	Car park	Medium
陝西省西安市高新區唐延路一號旺座國際城地下一層車庫D區零一零號車位及地下二層車庫F區零六一號車位		自用	不適用	車位	中
No. 3 Xinxi 4th Road North, Lunjiao Town, Shunde District, Foshan City, Guangdong Province	164084-189	Own use	377,726	Industrial	Medium
廣東省佛山市順德區倫教鎮新熹四路北三號		自用		工業	中
Taiwan 台灣					
Units 1-2, 7/F, No. 21, Sec. 6, Zhongxiao E.	0568-0000	Own use	6,847	Commercial	Medium
Rd., Nangang Dist., Taipei, Taiwan, R.O.C 中華民國台灣台北市南港區忠孝東路六段 二十一號七樓一至二單位		自用		商業	中
Car Parking Space Nos. 132 and 133 in B5, No. 21, Sec. 6, Zhongxiao E. Rd.,	0568-0000	Own use	N/A	Car park	Medium
Nangang Dist., Taipei, Taiwan, R.O.C.中華民國台灣台北市南港區忠孝東路六段二十一號地下五層一三二及一三三號車位		自用	不適用	車位	中
					_

[#] Location of branches 分行地點



^{*} Saleable area 可售賣面積

INFORMATION FOR SHAREHOLDERS

Financial Calendar

Announcement of 2014 interim results: 26 August 2014

2014 interim dividend payment: 24 September 2014

Announcement of 2014 annual results: 26 March 2015

Closure of register of members for

annual general meeting:

28 May to 2 June 2015 (both days inclusive)

Annual general meeting: 2 June 2015

Closure of register of members for final dividend entitlement:

8 June to 10 June 2015 (both days inclusive)

17 June 2015 2014 final dividend payment:

Share Information

Stock code on The Stock Exchange of 116

Hong Kong Limited:

Board lot size: 1,000 shares

Bermuda Principal Share Registrar

MUFG Fund Services (Bermuda) Limited The Belvedere Building. 69 Pitts Bay Road, Pembroke HM 08,

Bermuda

Hong Kong Branch Share Registrar

Tricor Tengis Limited Level 22, Hopewell Centre

183 Queen's Road East, Hong Kong

Telephone: +852 2980-1333 Facsimile: +852 2810-8185

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Cheung Sha Wan, Kowloon, Hong Kong

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財務日誌

公布二零一四年 二零一四年八月二十六日

中期業績:

派發二零一四年 二零一四年九月二十四日

中期股息:

公布二零一四年 二零一五年三月二十六日

全年業績:

暫停辦理股份過戶 二零一五年五月二十八日

登記手續 至六月二日 (股東週年大會): (包括首尾兩天)

股東调年大會: 二零一五年六月二日

二零一五年六月八日 暫停辦理股份過戶 登記手續(獲發 至六月十日 末期股息的權利): (包括首尾兩天)

二零一五年六月十七日 派發二零一四年

末期股息:

股份資料

於香港聯合交易所有限 116

公司之股份代號:

每手買賣單位: 1,000股

百慕達股份過戶登記總處

MUFG Fund Services (Bermuda) Limited The Belvedere Building, 69 Pitts Bay Road, Pembroke HM 08,

Bermuda

香港股份過戶登記分處

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