

SiS Mobile Holdings Limited 新龍移動集團有限公司*

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)
Stock Code: 1362

ANNUAL REPORT 2014



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CORPORATE INFORMATION

DIRECTORS

Executive Directors:

Lim Kiah Meng Fong Po Kiu Wong Yi Ting Cheng Wai Yee

Non-executive Directors:

Lim Kia Hong (Chairman) Lim Hwee Hai

Independent Non-executive Directors:

Chu Chung Yi Ng See Wai Rowena Doe Julianne Pearl

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Chu Chung Yi (Chairlady) Ng See Wai Rowena Doe Julianne Pearl

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Ng See Wai Rowena (Chairlady) Lim Kia Hong Lim Kiah Meng Chu Chung Yi Doe Julianne Pearl

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Lim Kia Hong (Chairman) Lim Kiah Meng Chu Chung Yi Ng See Wai Rowena Doe Julianne Pearl

SECRETARY

Wong Yi Ting

SOLICITORS

Cleary Gottlieb Steen & Hamilton (Hong Kong)

COMPLIANCE ADVISER

Haitong International Capital Limited

AUDITORS

Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu

PRINCIPAL BANKERS

Hang Seng Bank Limited The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited Oversea-Chinese Banking Corporation Ltd. Standard Chartered Bank (Hong Kong) Ltd. United Overseas Bank Limited

REGISTERED OFFICE

Clifton House 75 Fort Street Grand Cayman KY1-1108 Cayman Islands

PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Appleby Trust (Cayman) Ltd Clifton House 75 Fort Street Grand Cayman KY1-1108 Cayman Islands

PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS

4/F Contempo Place 81 Hung To Road Kwun Tong Kowloon, Hong Kong Telephone: (852) 2138 3938 Fax: (852) 2138 3928

HONG KONG BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Tricor Investor Services Limited Level 22, Hopewell Centre 183 Queen's Road East Hong Kong

STOCK CODE

1362

INVESTOR RELATIONS

www.sismobile.com.hk enquiry@sismobile.com.hk

COMPANY PROFILE

SiS Mobile Holdings Limited ("SiS Mobile") is one of the leading distributors of mobile phones in Hong Kong with extensive distribution channels. Distribution customers are wholesale customers, telecommunications services operators and chain retailers in Hong Kong. SiS Mobile acts as the mobile phones distributor of Samsung, Blackberry, ZTE, Acer, Alcatel One Touch, etc.

It has been listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited ("Stock Exchange") since 15 January 2015 (Stock Code: 1362).

SiS Mobile believes the Group has the following competitive strengths that will continue to drive future success of the Group:

- One of the market leaders in the mobile phones distribution business in Hong Kong supported by a sizable and growing distribution network
- Established relationship with major suppliers
- Wide and diversified customer base with long and established relationships with distribution customers
- Experienced management team with proven track record and focus on human capital



CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

Dear Shareholders.

I am pleased to present to you the first annual report for the year ended 31 December 2014.

The Group, with an extensive distribution channel representing some of the world's most renowned phone brands such as Samsung, Blackberry, ZTE, Acer, Alcatel One Touch, etc, has emerged as one of the leading mobile phone distributors in Hong Kong in a relatively short period since its inception.

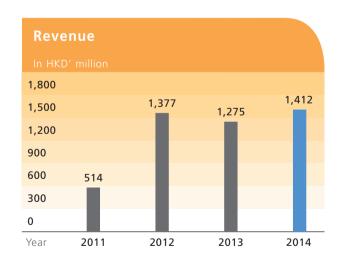


BUSINESS REVIEW

The Company has been listed successfully on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited since 15 January 2015 which enhanced the Group's reputation, strengthened the corporate governance and compliance management, as well as established a good foundation for its further expansion.

Mobile phone has become an important communication device in all walks of life with increasing prevalence of its use as the mobile phones technology progresses in terms of functions and design. Hong Kong, being our market focus, is one of the cities with the highest mobile phone penetration rate in the world. The constant introduction of new models of mobile phones and the local consumer culture have driven the increase of retail sales of mobile phones and have provided mobile phones distributors with substantial business opportunities.

2014 is a year full of difficulties and challenges.



CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

The advancements in mobile applications have also been driving the demand for smart devices. The increasing popularity of consumer-centric mobile applications such as mobile payment, healthcare and other customized mobile services raises the demand for smart devices and establishes a strong foothold for substantial growth in the market. Our revenue in 2014 was increased by 11% to HK\$1,412 million compared with HK\$1,275 million in 2013.

The mobile telecommunications industry is characterised by rapid changes. The mobile phones brands that we distribute are subject to intense competition from other existing mobile phone brands and new entrants to the local market. Also, we experienced a higher demand for mid to low end smartphones during the reporting period. Stock turnover date improved from 30 days to 13 days. Due to the decrease in our gross profit margin, the one-off listing fee and higher rental expenses, the Group reported a loss of HK\$16 million in 2014 when compared with net profit of HK\$33 million in 2013.

PROSPECT

As the smartphone growth focus is shifting, demand for mid to low end smartphones is expected to continue to grow in 2015. It makes the manufacturers more rely on the distributors to distribute their products.

With the intensifying competition in mobile phone market, the key to success lies in distribution swift response to new trends and our ability to capture the opportunities in the fast changing market. The Group will continue to strengthen our existing relationship with the leading manufacturer. We also look for further cooperation opportunities with other leading brands which will further enhance the shareholders' value. Besides we have been in the related mobile phone industry for decades, and the potential for mobile phone related business development is surely enormous and sustainable.

The internet is no longer predominantly accessed by PCs and smartphones. More non-PC internet connected devices are being created. The internet of things is composed of a broad range of products with unique users. The demand for the wearable technology products and the smart home related products will have explosive growth. The Company is looking for further increase the investment at this aspect.

APPRECIATION

We would like to thank our committed staff for their contributions, our customers, business partners, shareholders and directors for their support in the Group. Our success would not have been possible without their dedication, contributions, efforts, time and confidence.

On behalf of the Board

LIM Kia Hong

Chairman Hong Kong, 24 March 2015

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

LIQUIDITY AND FINANCIAL RESOURCES

As at 31 December 2014, the Group had total assets of HK\$153,448,000 which were financed by total equity of HK\$70,277,000 and total liabilities of HK\$83,171,000. The Group had current ratio of approximately 1.8 compared to that of approximately 1.6 at 31 December 2013.

As at 31 December 2014 the Group had HK\$51,674,000 (2013: HK\$30,301,000) bank balances and cash. The Group's working capital requirements were mainly financed by internal resources and bank loans. As at 31 December 2014, the Group had short term borrowings of total HK\$5,000,000 (2013: HK\$37,500,000). All borrowings were denominated in Hong Kong Dollars and were charged by banks at floating interest rate.

The Group continued to maintain a healthy liquidity position. At the end of December 2014, the Group had a net cash surplus (bank balances and cash less borrowings) of HK\$46,674,000 compared to net cash deficit HK\$7,199,000 as at 31 December 2013.

Gearing ratio, as defined by total borrowings to total equity as at 31 December 2014 was 7% (2013: 44%).

CHARGES ON GROUP ASSETS

There was no pledged asset as at the end of the two financial years ended 31 December 2014 and 2013.

NUMBER AND REMUNERATION OF EMPLOYEES, REMUNERATION POLICIES, BONUS AND SHARE OPTION SCHEMES

The number of staff of the Group as at 31 December 2014 was 49 (2013: 53) and the salaries and other benefits paid and payable to employees, excluding Directors' emoluments, amounted to HK\$14,140,000 (2013: HK\$13,843,000). In addition to the contributory provident fund and medical insurance, the Company adopts share option scheme and may grant shares to eligible employees of the Group. The Directors believe that the Company's share option schemes could create more incentives for directors and employees to work with commitment towards enhancing the value of the Company and its shareholders and therefore the Company can retain high caliber executives and employees. No share option was granted since its Listing on 15 January 2015 up to the date of this report. The Group's remuneration policy is to relate performance with compensation. The Group's salary and discretionary bonus system is reviewed annually. There are no significant changes in staff remuneration policies from last year.

CURRENCY RISK MANAGEMENT

Certain purchase of goods, other receivables and bank balances of the Group are denominated in United Stated Dollar (US\$), the currency other than the functional currencies of the relevant group entities. As Hong Kong Dollars are pegged to US\$, the management of the Group does not expect that there would be any material currency risk exposure between these two currencies. The Group currently does not have currency hedging policy. However, the management monitors the currency fluctuation exposure and will consider hedging significant currency risk exposure should the need arise.

The Group did not have any foreign currency forward contracts or derivatives financial instrument outstanding as at the year ended 31 December 2014 (2013: Outstanding foreign currency forward contracts of principal amount US\$10,000,000).

CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

At 31 December 2014 the Group did not have any material contingent liabilities or guarantees.

CODE ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

The Company is committed to maintaining good standards of corporate governance to safeguard the interests of the shareholders and to enhance corporate value and responsibility. The Company has adopted the Corporate Governance Code (the "Code") as set out in the Appendix 14 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited ("Stock Exchange") (the "Listing Rules"). Since 15 January 2015 (the "Listing Date") and up to the date of this Report, the Company has complied with the code provisions under the Code.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The Board is responsible for formulating business strategies, and monitoring the performance of the business of the Group. Other than the daily operational decisions which are delegated to the management of the Group, most of the decisions are taken by the Board. All Directors, including independent non-executive Directors, have brought a wide spectrum of valuable business experience, knowledge and professionalism to the Board for its efficient and effective functioning.

The Board of the Company constituted by nine members, including four executive Directors, two non-executive Directors and three independent non-executive Directors.

The composition of the Board is as follows:

Executive Directors:

Mr. Lim Kiah Meng

Mr. Fong Po Kiu

Ms. Wong Yi Ting

Ms. Cheng Wai Yee

Non-executive Directors:

Mr. Lim Kia Hong (Chairman)

Mr. Lim Hwee Hai

Independent Non-executive Directors:

Ms. Chu Chung Yi

Ms. Ng See Wai, Rowena

Ms. Doe Julianne Pearl

Biographical details of each Director and relationship between board members are set out on page 14 of the annual report.

Each of the Independent Non-Executive Director ("INED") has made an annual confirmation of independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Company is of the view that all INEDs meet the independence guidelines set out in Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules and are independent in accordance with the terms of the guidelines. One of the INED possesses the appropriate professional accounting qualifications and financial management expertise.

The nomination, appointment and removal of Directors are considered by the Nomination Committee. The Nomination Committee shall make recommendations to the Board whenever they consider appropriate. Since the Listing Date and up to the date of this report, the Nomination Committee considered that the experience, expertise, leadership and qualification of the existing Directors are sufficient to maintain corporate governance of the Company and manage the operations of the Group.

The Board has established three Committees. The table below provides the membership information of these Committees on which certain Board members serve:

		Nomination	Remuneration
Directors	Audit Committee	Committee	Committee
Mr. Lim Kia Hong	_	C	M
Mr. Lim Kiah Meng	_	M	M
Ms. Chu Chung Yi	C	M	M
Ms. Ng See Wai Rowena	M	M	C
Ms. Doe Julianne Pearl	M	M	M

Notes:

C - Chairman of the relevant Committee

M – Member of the relevant Committee

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Audit Committee was set up with written terms of reference with effect from 15 January 2015 and is comprised of all INEDs. Ms. Chu Chung Yi was appointed as the Chairlady.

The main duties of the Audit Committee include:

- to consider the appointment, reappointment and removal of the external auditors, the audit fee and terms of engagements, and any questions of resignation or dismissal of that auditors;
- to monitor integrity of half-yearly and annual financial statements before submission to the Board;
- to review the Company's financial controls, internal controls and risk management systems; and
- to review the Group's financial and accounting policies and practices.

Since the Listing Date and up to the date of this annual report, the Audit Committee held a meeting with external auditors of the Company to review the annual financial results of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2014.

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

The Nomination Committee was set up with written terms of reference with effect from 15 January 2015 and is comprised of all INEDs and two executive Directors, namely Messrs. Lim Kia Hong and Lim Kiah Meng. Mr. Lim Kia Hong is the Chairman of the Nomination Committee.

The duties of the Nomination Committee shall be:

- review the structure, size and composition (including the skills, knowledge and experience) of the Board at least annually and make recommendations on any proposed changes to the Board to complement the Company's corporate strategy;
- identify individuals suitably qualified to become board members and select or make recommendations to the Board on the selection of individuals nominated for directorships;
- assess the independency of independent non-executive Directors; and
- make recommendations to the Board on the appointment or re-appointment of directors and succession planning for directors, in particular the chairman and the chief executive.

Since the Listing Date and up to the date of this annual report, the Nomination Committee held a meeting to review and discuss the composition of the Board of the Company, and to assess the independency of independent non-executive Directors.

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

The Remuneration Committee was set up on 15 January 2015 and is comprised of all INEDs, and two executive Directors, namely Messrs. Lim Kia Hong and Lim Kiah Meng, with Ms. Ng See Wai Rowena as Chairlady.

The Committee is mainly responsible for making recommendations to the Board on the Company's policy and structure for all remuneration of Directors and senior management, and reviewing and approving the compensation payable to executive Directors and senior management. Since the Listing Date and up to the date of this annual report, the Remuneration Committee held a meeting, and the members had reviewed the remuneration policy and determined remuneration of Directors and senior management.

Pursuant to Code Provision B.1.5 of the Code, details of the annual remuneration of the directors and senior management by band for the year ended 31 December 2014 are as follows:

Remuneration band Number of individuals

HK\$0 to HK\$500.000 8 HK\$500,001 to HK\$1,000,000 HK\$1,000,001 to HK\$2,000,000

Details of the remuneration of each director for the year ended 31 December 2014 are set out in note 12 to the consolidated financial statements.

DIRECTORS' SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") as set out in Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules as the code of conduct for Directors in their dealings in the securities of the Company. Having made specific enquiry of all Directors, the Directors of the Company have complied with the Model Code.

DIRECTORS' AND AUDITORS' RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE FINANCIAL **STATEMENTS**

The Directors acknowledge their responsibilities for preparing the financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group. The statement of the external auditors of the Company about their reporting responsibilities on the financial statements of the Group is set out in the Independent Auditor's Report on pages 22 and 23.

AUDITORS' REMUNERATION

During the year ended 31 December 2014, the Group had engaged external auditors, Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu, to provide the following services.

	Service fee HK\$'000
Audit services	680
Tax advisory	10
Listing and related services	2,872
	3,562

ATTENDANCE OF MEETINGS

The following table shows the attendance of each Director at general meeting, meetings of the Board and the above committees since the Listing Date:

	General Meeting	Board	Audit Committee	Nomination Committee	Remuneration Committee
Number of meetings during					
the period	N/A	2	1	1	1
Executive Directors					
Lim Kiah Meng	N/A	2	N/A	1	1
Fong Po Kiu	N/A	2	N/A	N/A	N/A
Wong Yi Ting	N/A	2	N/A	N/A	N/A
Cheng Wai Yee	N/A	2	N/A	N/A	N/A
Non-Executive Directors					
Lim Kia Hong	N/A	2	N/A	1	1
Lim Hwee Hai	N/A	2	N/A	N/A	N/A
Independent					
Non-Executive Directors					
Chu Chung Yi	N/A	2	1	1	1
Ng See Wai Rowena	N/A	2	1	1	1
Doe Julianne Pearl	N/A	2	1	1	1

INTERNAL CONTROLS

System of internal controls is defined as a system of internal controls procedures which is used to help the achievement of business objectives, and safeguard the Group's assets; to ensure proper maintenance of accounting records and compliance with relevant legislation and regulations.

The management of the Group would evaluate the internal controls system periodically and enhance the system when necessary. The Company has internal control system. The internal auditors would review the internal controls system on an ongoing basis covering all major operations of the Group on a rotational basis, and reported directly to the Audit Committee and Board on a regular basis.

DIRECTORS' TRAINING AND PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT

The Company is responsible for arranging and funding suitable training for its directors. The Company had organised a training regarding the Listing Rules for the directors in 2014. In addition, individual directors also participated in other courses relating to the roles, functions and duties of a listed company director or further enhancement of their professional development by way of attending training courses or via online aids or reading relevant materials. The Company Secretary reports from time to time the latest changes and development of the Listing Rules, corporate governance practices and other regulatory regime to the Directors with written materials.

During the year, the Directors participated in continuous professional development activities as set out below:

Attending trainings/briefings/ seminars relevant to the Group's business and directors' duties

Executive Directors	
Lim Kiah Meng	✓
Fong Po Kiu	✓
Wong Yi Ting	✓
Cheng Wai Yee	✓
Non-Executive Directors	
Lim Kia Hong	✓
Lim Hwee Hai	✓
Independent Non-Executive Directors	
Chu Chung Yi	✓
Ng See Wai Rowena	✓
Doe Julianne Pearl	✓

COMPANY SECRETARY

Ms. Wong Yi Ting has been appointed as company secretary of the Company since 16 December 2014. She is a Certified Public Accountant and a member of Hong Kong Institute of Chartered Secretaries. She has fulfilled the 15 hours of relevant professional training requirements under the Rule 3.29 of the Listing Rules for the year ended 31 December 2014.

NON-COMPETITION UNDERTAKING

The controlling shareholder of the Company entered into Deed of Non-Competition in favour of the Company dated 24 December 2014 ("Deed of Non-Competition") as set out in the section of the "Relationship with Controlling Shareholders" under the Prospectus. The controlling shareholder confirmed its compliance of all the undertakings provided under the Deed of Non-Competition. There are no matters which required to be deliberated by the INEDs in relation to the compliance and enforcement of the Deed of Non-Competition and it is considered that the terms of the Deed of Non-Competition have been complied by the controlling shareholder.

INVESTOR RELATIONS AND COMMUNICATION WITH SHAREHOLDERS

To enhance the communication with investors, or shareholders, the Company has established several communication channels, including (a) the annual and extraordinary general meetings which provide a forum for shareholders to communicate directly with the Board; (b) printed corporate documents mailing to shareholders; (c) announcement disseminating the latest activities of the Group on the web-sites of the Company and the Stock Exchange; (d) meeting with investment fund managers and investors; and (e) the Company's web-site providing an electronic means of communication.

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

To safeguard shareholders' interests and rights, separate resolutions are proposed at shareholders' meetings on each substantial issue, including the election of individual directors, for shareholders' consideration and voting. Besides, pursuant to the Company's Articles, a special general meeting shall be convened on the written requisition of any one or more shareholder(s) holding at the date of the deposit of the requisition in aggregate not less than one-tenth of such of the paid up capital of the Company as at the date of the deposit carries the right of voting at general meetings of the Company. Such requisition must state the objects of the meeting and must be signed by the shareholders and deposited at the Company's office.

For avoidance of doubt, a general meeting other than an annual general meeting or a meeting for the passing of special resolutions shall be called by notice in writing of not less than fourteen days.

Since the Listing Date, the Company has not made any changes to its Memorandum and Articles of Association ("Articles"). An up-to-date version of the Company's Articles is available on web-sites of the Company and the Stock Exchange. Shareholders may refer to the Company's Articles for further details of their rights.

Shareholders may send written enquiries to the Company for putting forward any enquiries or proposals to the Board. Contact details are as follows:

4/F, Contempo Place, 81 Hung To Road, Kwun Tong, Kowloon, Hong Kong

Fax: (852) 2138 3928

Email: enquiry@sismobile.com.hk

All resolutions put forward at general meetings will be voted by poll pursuant to the Listing Rules and the poll voting results will be posted on the web-sites of the Company (www.sismobile.com.hk) and the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong (www.hkexnews.hk) immediately after the relevant general meetings.

DIRECTORS' AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT PROFILES

Mr. LIM Kia Hong, aged 58, is a non-executive Director and chairman of the Group, brother of Mr. Lim Kiah Meng and brother-in-law of Mr. Lim Hwee Hai. Mr. Lim is one of the co-founders of the Group and had joined SiS International Holdings Limited ("SiS International") since 1983. Together with a team of committed management and staff, Mr. Lim is credited with the success of transforming the SiS International from a small privately-owned family business in Singapore to one of the leading distributors of I.T. products in the SiS International's key market of Hong Kong, Singapore and Thailand and a publicly listed company on the Stock Exchange.

Mr. Lim is the chairman and an executive director of parent group, SiS International, whose shares are listed on the Main Board (Hong Kong Stock Code: 0529). Since 2004, Mr. Lim has also been a non-executive director of SiS Distribution (Thailand) Public Co., Ltd. ("SiS Thailand"), a company whose shares are listed on the Stock Exchange of Thailand (BKK: SIS). He is responsible for the corporate strategic planning and development of the Group. Mr. Lim graduated from University of Washington, US with a bachelor's degree in business administration in December 1981.

Mr. LIM Kiah Meng, aged 62, is an executive Director and managing director of the Company, brother of Mr. Lim Kia Hong and brother-in-law of Mr. Lim Hwee Hai. Mr. Lim is one of the co-founders of the Group and had joined SiS International in Hong Kong since 1987. He has twenty eight years' experience in the information and communication technology industry ("ICT"), and is responsible for the Group's operations in Hong Kong.

Mr. Lim is also an executive director of SiS International. Since April 2013, Mr. Lim has also been a non-executive director of SiS Thailand, a company whose shares are listed on the Stock Exchange of Thailand (BKK: SIS). Mr. Lim obtained a master's degree in international management from the American Graduate School of International Management, US in August 1980.

Mr. FONG Po Kiu, aged 46, is an executive Director and general manager of the Group. Mr. Fong is responsible for the general management and business operations and development of the Group. Mr. Fong has been working for Synergy Technologies (Asia) Limited since April 2004 and has over twenty years of working experience in the ICT industry in Hong Kong. Mr. Fong has been a full member of The Hong Kong Computer Society since June 2004. Mr. Fong is also a fellow member of both The Institute of Chartered Secretaries and Administrators, United Kingdom and The Hong Kong Institute of Company Secretaries since August 2001. Mr. Fong graduated from Hong Kong Polytechnic with professional diploma in company secretaryship and administration in November 1990.

Ms. WONG Yi Ting, aged 40, is an executive Director and the company secretary of the Company. Ms. Wong is responsible for the financial and accounting management of the Group. From September 1997 to April 2001, Ms. Wong worked for Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu. Since April 2001, Ms. Wong has been serving the finance department at SiS HK Limited. Ms. Wong has been a member of Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants since April 2001 and a member of Hong Kong Institute of Chartered Secretaries since February 2008. Ms. Wong obtained a bachelor's degree in accountancy from City University of Hong Kong in November 1997.

Ms. CHENG Wai Yee, aged 44, is an executive Director and sales director of the Group. Ms. Cheng has 18 years of sales management experience in the telecommunication industry. From November 1996 to March 1998, Ms. Cheng served as an account manager of SmarTone Mobile Communications Limited. From April 1998 to February 2012, Ms. Cheng had worked for Nokia (H.K.) Limited, and had held various management positions in sales area; her last role was head of sales where she had responsibility for the overall mobile phone business for its Hong Kong and Macau market. From June 2013 to September 2013, Ms. Cheng joined CSL Limited as a retail sales director and was responsible for its retail sales of mobile business. Ms. Cheng obtained a master's degree in business administration from Andrews University, USA in December 1997. She also obtained a graduate diploma

DIRECTORS' AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT PROFILES

in e-commerce from The University of Hong Kong and Poon Kam Kai Institute of Management in October 2001. Ms. Cheng was awarded the certificate of Nokia operator business strategies from London Business School, U.K. in October 2005.

Mr. LIM Hwee Hai, aged 65, is a non-executive Director and the brother-in-law of Mr. Lim Kiah Meng and Mr. Lim Kia Hong. Mr. Lim is one of the co-founders of the Group and had joined the SiS International since 1983. He is an executive director of SiS International. He has over thirty years' experience in the ICT industry and is responsible for the operations of SiS International in Malaysia, Thailand and the Asia-Pacific region.

Since 2004, Mr. Lim has been a non-executive director of SiS Thailand, a company whose shares are listed on the Stock Exchange of Thailand (BKK: SIS). Since 2013, Mr. Lim has also been an independent non-executive director of Valuemax Group Limited, a company whose shares are listed on the Stock Exchange of Singapore (SGX: T6I). Mr. Lim obtained a bachelor's degree in commerce from Nanyang University, Singapore in July 1973 and a master's degree in business administration from the National University of Singapore, Singapore in July 1998.

Ms. CHU Chung Yi, aged 48, is an independent non-executive Director of the Company. From August 1991 to December 1994, Ms. Chu worked for Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu where she held the position of staff accountant I from August 1991 to June 1992 and was promoted to staff accountant II, semi-senior accountant and senior accountant I in July 1992, July 1993 and July 1994, respectively. From January 1995 to July 1996, Ms. Chu acted as an accounting manager in the finance and accounts department at Moulin Optical Manufactory Limited. From August 1996 to January 2005, Ms. Chu worked as the financial controller and company secretary of the SiS International. Ms. Chu has been an associate of the Chartered Association of Certified Accountants since November 1994, the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants since January 1995, the Hong Kong Institute of Company Secretaries since April 1997, the Institute of Chartered Secretaries and Administration since April 1997 and a fellow of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants since November 1999. Ms. Chu obtained a bachelor's degree in accountancy from City Polytechnic of Hong Kong in November 1991 and a master's degree in business administration from The Chinese University of Hong Kong in December 1999.

Ms. NG See Wai Rowena, aged 52, is an independent non-executive Director of the Company. Ms. Ng has over twenty years of experience in corporate finance and investment banking. From July 1999 to May 2001, Ms. Ng served as an executive director of Lai Fung Holdings Limited (Hong Kong Stock Code: 01125). From June 2001 to April 2004, Ms. Ng worked at BOCI Asia Limited where she served as a managing director of the corporate finance department. From May 2004 to January 2007, Ms Ng acted as a director in Cazenove Asia Limited, responsible for deal organization and transaction execution. From August 2011 to December 2013, Ms. Ng served as an executive director and deputy CEO of China Nickel Resources Holdings Co., Ltd. (Hong Kong Stock Code: 02889). From February 2014 to February 2015, Ms. Ng was an independent non-executive director of GreaterChina Professional Services Ltd. (Hong Kong Stock Code: 08193). Ms. Ng has been an ordinary member of the Hong Kong Securities and Investment Institute since November 2012. She obtained a bachelor's degree in science from the Victoria University of Manchester, U.K. in July 1984 and a master's degree in business administration from the University of Hull, U.K. in July 1998.

Ms. DOE Julianne Pearl, aged 52, is an independent non-executive Director of the Company. Ms. Doe has been a corporate partner at Brandt Chan & Partners since January 2011. Ms. Doe has been a solicitor of the High Court of Hong Kong since September 1988. She obtained the bachelor's degree in laws and postgraduate certificate in laws from the University of Hong Kong in November 1984 and in July 1985, respectively. Ms. Doe also obtained the master's degree in laws from the University of Cambridge, U.K. in October 1986. Ms. Doe is engaged in corporate and commercial legal practice.

The directors present their first report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2014.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The Company was incorporated on 4 July 2014 and acts as an investment holding company. The principal activities of its subsidiaries are set out in note 29 to the consolidated financial statements. The shares of the Company were listed on the Main Board of the Hong Kong Stock Exchange on 15 January 2015 (the "Listing Date").

RESULTS AND APPROPRIATIONS

The results of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2014 are set out in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income on page 24.

The directors do not recommend the payment of final dividend for the year ended 31 December 2014.

FINANCIAL SUMMARY

A summary of the results, assets and liabilities of the Group for the past four financial years, as extracted from the audited consolidated financial statements, is set out on page 60. The summary does not form part of the audited consolidated financial statements.

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

During the year, the Group spent HK\$247,000 on acquisition of property, plant and equipment.

Details of the movements during the year in the property, plant and equipment of the Group are set out in note 14 to the consolidated financial statements.

SHARE CAPITAL

Details of the share capital of the Company are set out in note 19 to the consolidated financial statements.

DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES OF THE COMPANY

The Company's reserves available for distribution to shareholders as at 31 December 2014 were as follows:

	2014	2013
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Special reserve	3,497	3,498
Retained profits	66,779	82,554
	70,276	86,052

DIRECTORS

The directors of the Company during the year and up to the date of this report were:

Executive directors:

Mr. Lim Kiah Meng*

Mr. Fong Po Kiu**

Ms. Wong Yi Ting**

Ms. Cheng Wai Yee***

Non-executive directors:

Mr. Lim Kia Hong** (Chairman)

Mr. Lim Hwee Hai**

Independent non-executive directors:

Ms. Chu Chung Yi***

Ms. Ng See Wai Rowena***

Ms. Doe Julianne Pearl***

- appointed on 4 July 2014
- appointed on 29 September 2014
- appointed on 16 December 2014

In accordance with article 108(a) of the Company's Articles, Mr. Lim Kiah Meng, Ms. Wong Yi Ting and Mr. Lim Hwee Hai retire from office and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election.

Each of the Executive Directors, Non-Executive Directors and Independent Non-Executive Directors of the Company has entered into a service contract with the Company for a specific term. Such term is subject to re-election by the Company at an annual general meeting upon retirement. The Articles of the Company provide that any Director appointed by the Board, either to fill a casual vacancy in the Board or as an addition to the existing Board, shall hold office only until the next following annual general meeting of the Company and shall then be eligible for reelection.

BIOGRAPHIES OF DIRECTORS

The biographical details of the Directors of the Group are disclosed in the section headed "Directors and Senior Management Profiles" on pages 14 to 15 of this annual report.

DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

No director proposed for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting has a service contract which is not determinable by the Group within one year without payment of compensation (other than statutory compensation).

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN SHARES

Since the Listing Date and up to the date of this Report, the interests of the directors and their associates, in the shares of the Company and its associated corporations, as recorded in the register maintained by the Company pursuant to Section 352 of the Securities and Futures Ordinance ("SFO"), or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Companies, were as follows:

(i) Long positions in ordinary shares of HK\$0.10 each of the Company

					Total number of issued	Percentage of the issued share
Name of director	Personal interests	Family interests	Joint interests	Corporate interests	ordinary shares held	capital of the
			(Note 1)	(Note 2 and 3)		
Lim Kia Hong <i>(Note 4)</i>	1,846,754	161,280	_	203,607,467	205,615,501	73.43%
Lim Kiah Meng (Note 4)	1,729,024	144,000	170,880	203,607,467	205,651,371	73.45%
Lim Hwee Hai	1,065,984	1,145,330	_	_	2,211,314	0.79%

Notes:

- Shares are jointly held by Mr. Lim Kiah Meng and his spouse. (1)
- 146,442,667 shares are registered in the name of SiS International Holdings Ltd. It is owned as to approximately 50.60% (2) by Gold Sceptre Limited.
- (3) Gold Sceptre Limited holds 44,915,200 shares and Kelderman Limited, Valley Tiger Limited and Swan River Limited each holds 4,083,200 shares in the issued share capital of the Company. Mr. Lim Kiah Meng and his spouse and Mr. Lim Kia Hong and his spouse together own 40.5% and 39.5%, respectively of the issued share capital of Summertown Limited which owns the entire issued share capital of each of the above-mentioned companies.
- (4) In addition to the interests disclosed above, Mr. Lim Kiah Meng and his sister are trustees of an estate and are holding 97,280 shares on behalf of three beneficiaries aged below 18. Out of these 97,280 shares, 64,000 shares and 33,280 shares are beneficially owned by the children of Mr. Lim Kiah Meng and Mr. Lim Kia Hong respectively, and are included in the family interests of Mr. Lim Kiah Meng and Mr. Lim Kia Hong as disclosed above.

Share Options (ii)

Detail of the Company's share option scheme are set out in "Share Options" below.

(iii) Long positions in the shares and underlying shares of associated corporation of the Company

Ordinary share of HK\$0.10 each of SiS International Holdings Limited ("SiS International"), which is listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange (Stock Code: 0529)

					Total	Percentage
					number	of the
					of issued	issued share
	Personal	Family	Joint	Corporate	ordinary	capital of SiS
Name of Director	interests	interests	interests	interests	shares held	International
			(Note 1)	(Note 2)		
Lim Kia Hong (Note 3)	5,771,108	504,000	_	178,640,000	184,915,108	66.67%
Lim Kiah Meng (Note 3)	5,403,200	450,000	534,000	178,640,000	185,027,200	66.71%
Lim Hwee Hai	3,331,200	3,579,158	-	_	6,910,358	2.49%
Chu Chung Yi	1,662,000	_	-	-	-	0.60%

Notes:

- 534,000 shares are jointly held by Mr. Lim Kiah Meng and his spouse. (1)
- Gold Sceptre Limited holds 140,360,000 shares and Kelderman Limited, Valley Tiger Limited and Swan River Limited each (2) holds 12,760,000 shares in the issued share capital of the Company. Mr. Lim Kiah Meng and his spouse and Mr. Lim Kia Hong and his spouse together own 40.5% and 39.5%, respectively of the issued share capital of Summertown Limited which owns the entire issued share capital of each of the above-mentioned companies.
- In addition to the interests disclosed above, Mr. Lim Kiah Meng and his sister are trustees of an estate and are holding 304,000 shares on behalf of three beneficiaries aged below 18. Out of these 304,000 shares, 200,000 shares and 104,000 shares are beneficially owned by the children of Mr. Lim Kiah Meng and Mr. Lim Kia Hong respectively, and are included in the family interests of Mr. Lim Kiah Meng and Mr. Lim Kia Hong as disclosed above.

SHARE OPTIONS

On 16 December 2014 by written resolution, the Company adopted a share option scheme ("Scheme") pursuant to which selected participants may be granted options to subscribe for shares as incentives or rewards for their service rendered to the Group and any entity in which any member of the Group holds any equity interest.

The purpose of the Scheme is to provide an incentive for any director, employee and qualified participant to work with commitment towards enhancing the value of the Company and its shares for the benefit of its shareholders, and to maintain or attract business relationship with the qualified participants whose contributions are or may be beneficial to the growth of the Group.

Directors believe that Scheme adopted by the Company enables the Group to recruit and retain high caliber executives and employees.

The terms of the Scheme comply with the provisions of Chapter 17 of the Listing Rules.

The total number of shares in respect of which options may be granted under the Scheme is not permitted to exceed 10% of the shares of the Company in issue at the date when the Scheme was adopted. The Company may seek approval by its shareholders in general meeting to refresh the limit on the number of shares to be issued upon exercise of all outstanding options granted and yet to be exercised to not exceeding such number of shares as shall represent 30% of the Shares in issue from time to time. The number of shares in respect of which options may be granted to any individual in any one year is not permitted to exceed 1% of the Shares of the Company in issue at any point in time, without prior approval from the Company's shareholders. Options granted to substantial shareholders or independent non-executive Directors in excess of 0.1% of the Company's share capital or with a value in excess of HK\$5 million must be approved in advance by the Company's shareholders.

Options granted must be taken up within thirty business days from the offer letter together with a payment of HK\$1 as consideration of grant. Options may be exercised in a period of time as set out in the offer letter to each grantee. The exercise price is determined by the directors of the Company, and will not be less than the higher of the closing price of the Company's shares on the date of grant, and the average closing price of the shares for the five business days immediately preceding the date of grant.

Since the Listing Date and up to the date of this Report, no share options were granted, forfeited or expired.

ARRANGEMENTS TO PURCHASE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

At no time since the Listing Date and up to the date of this Report was the Company, its ultimate holding company, or any of its subsidiaries or fellow subsidiaries, a party to any arrangements to enable the directors of the Company to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN CONTRACTS OF SIGNIFICANCE AND CONNECTED **TRANSACTIONS**

No contracts of significance to which the Company, its ultimate holding company or any of its subsidiaries or fellow subsidiaries was a party and in which a director of the Company had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS

As at date of this Report, other than the interests disclosed above in respect of Directors and chief executives, the register of substantial shareholders maintained by the Company pursuant to Section 336 of the SFO shows long positions in the issued share capital of the Company.

Long positions in ordinary shares of HK\$0.10 each of the Company

Name of Shareholder	Corporate interests (Note)	Percentage of the issued share capital of the Company
Summertown Ltd	203,607,467	72.72%
Gold Sceptre Limited	191,357,867	68.34%
SiS International Holdings Limited	142,442,667	52.30%

Note:

146,442,667 shares are registered in the name of SiS International. SiS International is owned as to approximately 50.60% by Gold Sceptre Limited. Gold Sceptre Limited holds 44,915,200 shares and Kelderman Limited, Valley Tiger Limited and Swan River Limited each holds 4,083,200 shares in the issued share capital of the SiS International. Mr.Lim Kiah Meng and his spouse and Mr. Lim Kia Hong and his spouse together own 40.5% and 39.5%, respectively of the issued share capital of Summertown Limited which owns the entire issued share capital of each of the above-mentioned companies.

Other than as disclosed above, the Company has not been notified of any other relevant interests or short positions in the issued share capital of the Company.

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

The aggregate revenue attributable to the Group's five largest customers was approximately 55% by value of the Group's total goods sales during the year, with the largest customer accounted for 40%. The five largest suppliers of the Group comprised approximately 99% by value of the Group's total purchases during the year, with the largest supplier accounted for 91%.

At no time during the year did a director, an associate of a director or a shareholder (which to the knowledge of the directors owns more than 5% of the Company's issued share capital) has an interest in any of the Group's five largest customers and suppliers.

EMOLUMENT POLICY AND DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION

The Company has established the Remuneration Committee in January 2015.

The emoluments of the directors of the Company are reviewed and approved by the Remuneration Committee, having regard to the Group's operating results, individual performance and comparable market trends.

The Company has adopted a share option scheme as an incentive to directors and eligible employees, details of the scheme is set out in heading of "Share Options" in this Report.

CHARITABLE DONATIONS

During the year, the Group did not make any charitable and other donations.

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Company's Memorandum and Articles of Association or the laws of Cayman Islands, which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro-rata basis to existing shareholders.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE AND MODEL CODE

The Company has complied with the Code of Corporate Governance Practices (the "Code") as set out in Appendix 14 of the Listing Rules since the Listing Date and up to date of this Report.

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") as set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules as the code of conduct for Directors in their dealings in the securities of the Company. Having made specific enquiry of all directors, all directors confirmed they have complied with the Model Code.

The Company has received, from each of the independent non-executive directors, an annual confirmation of her independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Company considers all of the independent nonexecutive directors are independent.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF LISTED SECURITIES

The shares of the Company were listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange on 15 January 2015, subsequent to the end of the reporting year. Thus, neither the Company nor any subsidiaries has purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities during the year end 31 December 2014.

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Since the Listing Date and up to the date of this Report, the Company has maintained a sufficient public float.

AUDITORS

A resolution will be submitted to the annual general meeting to re-appoint Messrs. Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu as auditors of the Company.

On behalf of the Board

LIM Kiah Meng

DIRECTOR

Hong Kong, 24 March 2015

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Deloitte.

TO THE MEMBERS OF SIS MOBILE HOLDINGS LIMITED

新龍移動集團有限公司

(incorporated in Cayman Islands with limited liability)

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of SiS Mobile Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") set out on pages 24 to 59, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2014, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITY

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit and to report our opinion solely to you, as a body, in accordance with our agreed terms of engagement, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

OPINION

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group as at 31 December 2014, and of its loss and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards and have been properly prepared in accordance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu

Certified Public Accountants

Hong Kong 24 March 2015

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For The Year Ended 31 December 2014

	NOTES	2014 HK\$′000	2013 HK\$'000
		,	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
Revenue	6	1,412,068	1,274,845
Cost of sales	-	(1,369,934)	(1,218,869)
Gross profit		42,134	55,976
Other income	7	1,473	2,779
Fair value gain on derivative financial instruments	,	2,526	9,410
Selling and distribution expenses		(13,364)	(14,470)
Administrative and other expenses		(19,986)	(15,336)
Listing expense	8	(25,607)	_
Finance costs	9	(477)	(163)
(Loss) profit before tax	10	(13,301)	38,196
Income tax expense	11	(2,474)	(4,705)
(Loss) profit and total comprehensive (expense) income attributable to owners of the Company			
for the year		(15,775)	33,491
(Loss) earnings per share			
– Basic (HK cents)	13	(6.71)	14.24

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

At 31 December 2014

	NOTES	2014 HK\$'000	2013
	NOTES	HK\$*000	HK\$'000
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	14 _	941	2,015
Current assets			
Inventories	15	48,997	101,726
Trade and other receivables, deposits and prepayments	16	48,686	79,035
Derivative financial instruments	17	-	9,382
Tax recoverable		3,150	_
Bank balances and cash	18 _	51,674	30,301
	_	152,507	220,444
Current liabilities			
Trade payables, other payables and accruals	20	78,171	71,173
Amounts due to related companies	21	_	22,583
Tax liabilities		-	5,151
Borrowings	22 _	5,000	37,500
	_	83,171	136,407
Net current assets	_	69,336	84,037
Total assets less current liabilities and net assets	_	70,277	86,052
Comitted and recoming			
Capital and reserves Share capital	19	1	
Reserves	19	70,276	86,052
Equity attributable to owners of the Company and total equity		70,277	86,052
and total equity	_	10,211	00,032

The consolidated financial statements on pages 24 to 59 were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 24 March 2015 and are signed on its behalf by:

DIRECTOR	DIRECTOR

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

For The Year Ended 31 December 2014

Attributable	to	the	owners	of	the	Company	/
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Share capital HK\$'000	Special reserve HK\$'000 (Note)	Retained profits HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
_	3,498	49,063	52,561
		33,491	33,491
_	3,498	82,554	86,052
_*	_	_	_
1	(1)	_	_
		(15,775)	(15,775)
1	3,497	66,779	70,277
	capital HK\$'000	capital reserve HK\$'000 (Note) - 3,498 3,498 -* - 1 (1)	capital reserve profits HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 - 3,498 49,063 - - 33,491 - - 33,491 - - - 1 (1) - - - (15,775)

Represent HK\$0.1

Note: The special reserve at 1 January 2013 and 31 December 2013 represented the contribution from SiS International Holdings Limited ("SiS") in relation to the acquisition of Synergy Technologies (Asia) Limited ("Synergy") in prior year and the aggregate share capital of the companies comprising the Group ("Combined Entities") before the Group Reorganisation as defined in note 2. As at 31 December 2014, the special reserve represents i) the contribution from SiS in relation to the acquisition of Synergy in prior year and ii) the difference between the nominal value of the shares of the Company issued pursuant to the Group Reorganisation and the aggregate share capital of the Combined Entities as at the date of the Group Reorganisation.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For The Year Ended 31 December 2014

	2014 HK\$'000	2013 <i>HK\$'000</i>
Operating activities		
(Loss) profit before tax	(13,301)	38,196
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	1,321	1,051
(Reversal on) impairment of inventories	(713)	1,728
Interest expense	477	163
Fair value gain on derivative financial instruments	(2,526)	(9,410)
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment		1
Operating cash flows before movements in working capital	(14,742)	31,729
Movements in work capital:		
Decrease (increase) in inventories	53,442	(38,102)
Decrease (increase) in trade and other receivables,		
deposits and prepayments	30,349	(30,026)
Increase in trade payables, other payables and accruals	6,998	43,001
Decrease in derivative financial instruments	11,908	28
Cash from operations	87,955	6,630
Interest paid	(477)	(163)
Tax paid	(10,775)	(6,387)
Net cash from operating activities	76,703	80
Cash used in investing activities		
Additions to property, plant and equipment	(247)	(1,058)
Financing activities		
Advances from related companies	70,392	112,573
Repayment of advances from related companies	(92,975)	(137,061)
New bank loans raised	104,000	103,786
Repayment of bank loans	(136,500)	(66,286)
Net cash (used in) from financing activities	(55,083)	13,012
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	21,373	12,034
Cash and cash equivalents at 1 January	30,301	18,267
Cash and cash equivalents at 31 December,		
represented by bank balances and cash	51,674	30,301

For The Year Ended 31 December 2014

1. **GFNFRAI**

The Company was incorporated in the Cayman Islands under the Companies Law as an exempted company with limited liability on 4 July 2014. The addresses of the registered office and principal place of business of the Company are disclosed in the "Corporate Information" section of the annual report. The Company's immediate holding company is SiS International Holdings Limited ("SiS"), a company incorporated in Bermuda with its shares listed on the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited. SiS which is a subsidiary of Summertown Limited, a limited liability company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands ("BVI"). The directors of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the Group) consider that the Company's ultimate holding company is Summertown Limited and its ultimate controlling shareholders are Mr. Lim Kiah Meng, Mr. Lim Kia Hong and their respective spouses. Mr. Lim Kiah Meng and Mr. Lim Kia Hong are also the directors of the Company.

The Company is an investment holding company. The principal activities of its subsidiaries are set out in note 29.

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong Dollar ("HK\$") which is also the functional currency of the Company.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Group reorganisation

Pursuant to the group reorganisation ("Group Reorganisation") to rationalise the group structure to prepare for the listing of the shares of the Company, the Company acquired the entire equity interests in the companies comprising the Group from SiS. The Group Reorganisation was completed on 10 October 2014 and since then, the Company became the holding company of the Combined Entities. The Combined Entities and the Company are under common control of SiS before and after the Group Reorganisation. Therefore, the acquisition of the Combined Entities are accounted for as business combination under common control by applying the principles of merger accounting in accordance with Accounting Guidance 5 "Merger Accounting for Common Combinations".

The consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows of the Group have been prepared to include the results, changes in equity and cash flows of the Combined Entities as if the current group structure had been in existence since 1 January 2013, or since the respective dates of incorporation or acquisition by SiS, whichever period is shorter.

The consolidated statement of financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2013 has been prepared to present the assets and liabilities of the Combined Entities as if the current group structure had been in existence at the end of the preceding financial reporting period.

Details of the Group Reorganisation were set out in section headed "History and Reorganisation" of the Company's prospectus dated 31 December 2014.

For The Year Ended 31 December 2014

3. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs")

The Group has not early applied the following new and revised HKFRSs and amendments that have been issued but are not yet effective:

Amendments to HKFRS 11	Accounting for	Acquisitions of	Interests in Joint
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Operations4

Amendments to HKAS 1 Disclosure Initiative⁴

Amendments to HKAS 16 Clarification of Acceptable Methods of Depreciation and

and HKAS 38 Amortisation⁴

Amendments to HKAS 16 Agriculture: Bearer Plants⁴

and HKAS 41

HKFRS 12 and HKAS 28

Amendments to HKAS 19 Defined Benefit Plans: Employee Contributions¹ Amendments to HKAS 27 Equity Method in Separate Financial Statements⁴ Amendments to HKFRSs Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2010 – 2012 Cycle³ Amendments to HKFRSs Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2011 - 2013 Cycle¹ Amendments to HKFRSs Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2012 - 2014 Cycle⁴ Amendments to HKFRS 10 Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor

and HKAS 28 and its Associate or Joint Venture⁴

Amendments to HKFRS 10, Investment Entities: Applying the Consolidation Exception⁴

HKFRS 9 Financial Instruments²

HKFRS 14 Regulatory Deferral Accounts⁶

HKFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers⁵

- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2014
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2014, with limited exceptions
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2017
- Effective for first annual HKFRS financial statements beginning on or after 1 January 2016.

HKFRS 9 Financial Instruments

HKFRS 9 issued in 2009 introduced new requirements for the classification and measurement of financial assets. HKFRS 9 was subsequently amended in 2010 to include requirements for the classification and measurement of financial liabilities and for derecognition, and further amended in 2013 to include the new requirements for general hedge accounting. Another revised version of HKFRS 9 was issued in 2014 mainly to include a) impairment requirements for financial assets and b) limited amendments to the classification and measurement requirements by introducing a 'fair value through other comprehensive income' ("FVTOCI") measurement category for certain simple debt instruments.

For The Year Ended 31 December 2014

3. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (CONTINUED)

HKFRS 9 Financial Instruments (Continued)

Key requirements of HKFRS 9 which may be applicable to the Group based on an analysis of the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities as at 31 December 2014 are described below:

- All recognised financial assets that are within the scope of HKAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement are subsequently measured at amortised cost or fair value. Specifically, debt investments that are held within a business model whose objective is to collect the contractual cash flows, and that have contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal outstanding are generally measured at amortised cost at the end of subsequent accounting periods. Debt instruments that are held within a business model whose objective is achieved both by collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets, and that have contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding, are measured at FVTOCI. All other debt investments and equity investments are measured at their fair values at the end of subsequent accounting periods. In addition, under HKFRS 9, entities may make an irrevocable election to present subsequent changes in the fair value of an equity investment (that is not held for trading) in other comprehensive income, with only dividend income generally recognised in profit or loss.
- In relation to the impairment of financial assets, HKFRS 9 requires an expected credit loss model, as opposed to an incurred credit loss model under HKAS 39. The expected credit loss model requires an entity to account for expected credit losses and changes in those expected credit losses at each reporting date to reflect changes in credit risk since initial recognition. In other words, it is no longer necessary for a credit event to have occurred before credit losses are recognised.

The directors of the Company are in the process of assessing the impact on the application of HKFRS 9. For the moment, it is not practicable to provide a reasonable estimate of the effect of HKFRS 9 until the directors of the Company have performed a detailed review.

HKFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers

In July 2014, HKFRS 15 was issued which establishes a single comprehensive model for entities to use in accounting for revenue arising from contracts with customers. HKFRS 15 will supersede the current revenue recognition guidance including HKAS 18 Revenue, HKAS 11 Construction Contracts and the related Interpretations when it becomes effective.

For The Year Ended 31 December 2014

APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL 3. REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (CONTINUED)

HKFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Continued)

The core principle of HKFRS 15 is that an entity should recognise revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. Specifically, the Standard introduces a 5-step approach to revenue recognition:

- Step 1: Identify the contract(s) with a customer
- Step 2: Identify the performance obligations in the contract
- Step 3: Determine the transaction price
- Step 4: Allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract
- Sept 5: Recognise revenue when (or as) the entity satisfies a performance obligation

Under HKFRS 15, an entity recognises revenue when (or as) a performance obligation is satisfied, i.e. when 'control' of the goods or services underlying the particular performance obligation is transferred to the customer. Far more prescriptive guidance has been added in HKFRS 15 to deal with specific scenarios. Furthermore, extensive disclosures are required by HKFRS 15.

The directors of the Company are in the process of assessing the impact on the application of HKFRS 15. For the moment, it is not practicable to provide a reasonable estimate of the effect of HKFRS 15 until the directors of the Company have performed a detailed review.

Except as described above, the directors of the Company do not anticipate that the application of the other new and revised HKFRSs and amendments will have a material impact on the results and/or the financial position of the Group.

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA"). In addition, the consolidated financial statements include applicable disclosures required by the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange of the Hong Kong Limited and by the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 32).

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, except for certain financial instruments that are measured at fair values at the end of each reporting period, as explained in the accounting policies set out below. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange of goods and services.

For The Year Ended 31 December 2014

4 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Group takes into account the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. Fair value for measurement and/or disclosure purposes is determined on such a basis, except for share-based payment transactions that are within the scope of HKFRS 2, leasing transactions that are within the scope of HKAS 17, and measurements that have some similarities to fair value but are not fair value, such as net realisable value in HKAS 2 or value in use in HKAS 36.

In addition, for financial reporting purposes, fair value measurements are categorised into Level 1, 2 or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, which are described as follows:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date;
- Level 2 inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices included within Level 1, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

The principal accounting policies are set out below.

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial information of the entities controlled by the Company and its subsidiaries. Control is achieved when the Company:

- has power over the investee;
- is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee; and
- has the ability to use its power to affect its returns.

When necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies in line with the Group's accounting policies.

All intragroup assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

For The Year Ended 31 December 2014

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Merger accounting for business combination involving entities under common control

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statement items of the combining entities in which the common control combination occurs as if they had been combined from the date when the combining entities first came under the control of the controlling party.

The net assets of the combining entities are consolidated using the existing book values from the controlling party's perspective. No amount is recognised in respect of goodwill or excess of acquirer's interest in the net fair value of acquiree's identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities over cost at the time of common control combination, to the extent of the continuation of SiS's interest.

The consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income includes the results of each of the combining entities from the earliest date presented or since the date when the combining entities first came under the common control, where this is a shorter period, regardless of the date of the common control combination.

Business combinations

Acquisitions of businesses are accounted for using the acquisition method. The consideration transferred in a business combination is measured at fair value, which is calculated as the sum of the acquisition-date fair values of the assets transferred by the Group, liabilities incurred by the Group to the former owners of the acquiree and the equity interests issued by the Group in exchange for control of the acquiree. Acquisition related costs are generally recognised in profit or loss as incurred.

At the acquisition date, the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed are recognised at their fair value, except that:

- deferred tax assets or liabilities, and assets or liabilities related to employee benefit arrangements are recognised and measured in accordance with HKAS 12 Income Taxes and HKAS 19 Employee Benefits respectively;
- liabilities or equity instruments related to share-based payment arrangements of the acquiree or share-based payment arrangements of the Group entered into to replace share-based payment arrangements of the acquiree are measured in accordance with HKFRS 2 Share-based Payment at the acquisition date; and
- assets (or disposal groups) that are classified as held for sale in accordance with HKFRS 5 Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations are measured in accordance with that standard.

Revenue recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Revenue is reduced for estimated customer returns and other similar allowances.

For The Year Ended 31 December 2014

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Revenue recognition (Continued)

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the goods are delivered and titles have passed, at which time all the following conditions are satisfied:

- the Group has transferred to the buyer the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods;
- the Group retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold;
- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Group; and
- the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

Service income is recognised when the services are provided.

Interest income from a financial asset is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the amount of income can be measured reliably. Interest income is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Leasing

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

Operating lease payments where the Group is the lessee are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term, except where another systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the leased asset are consumed.

Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost less subsequent accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost of assets less their residual values over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in the profit or loss.

For The Year Ended 31 December 2014

4 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when a group entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Financial assets

Financial assets are classified as loans and receivables and fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL"). The classification depends on the nature and purpose of the financial assets and is determined at the time of initial recognition.

Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. Loans and receivables including trade and other receivables, amount due from a related company, bank balances are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses (see accounting policy on impairment loss on financial assets below).

Interest income is recognised by applying the effective interest rate, except for short-term receivables where the recognition of interest would be immaterial.

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a debt instrument and of allocating interest income over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts (including all fees paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the debt instrument, or, where appropriate, a shorter period to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Interest income is recognised on an effective interest basis.

Financial assets at FVTPL

Financial assets are classified as at FVTPL when the financial asset is either held for trading or it is designated as at FVTPL.

For The Year Ended 31 December 2014

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Financial assets at FVTPL (Continued)

A financial asset is classified as held for trading if:

- it has been acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the near term; or
- on initial recognition it is a part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that the Group manages together and has a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking; or
- it is a derivative that is not designated and effective as a hedging instrument.

Financial assets at FVTPL are stated at fair value, with any gains or losses arising on remeasurement recognised in profit or loss.

Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets are assessed for indicators of impairment at the end of each reporting period. Financial assets are considered to be impaired where there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial asset, the estimated future cash flows of the financial assets have been affected.

For financial assets carried at amortised cost, objective evidence of impairment could include:

- significant financial difficulty of the issuer or counterparty; or
- breach of contract, such as a default or delinquency in interest or principal payments; or
- it becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or financial re-organisation.

For certain categories of financial asset, such as trade receivables, assets are assessed for impairment on a collective basis even if they were assessed not to be impaired individually. Objective evidence of impairment for a portfolio of receivables could include the Group's past experience of collecting payments, an increase in the number of delayed payments in the portfolio past the average credit period, observable changes in national or local economic conditions that correlate with default on receivables.

For financial assets carried at amortised cost, the amount of the impairment loss recognised is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows, discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate.

The carrying amount of the financial asset is reduced by the impairment loss directly for all financial assets with the exception of trade receivables, where the carrying amount is reduced through the use of an allowance account. Changes in the carrying amount of the allowance account are recognised in profit or loss. When a trade receivable is considered uncollectible, it is written off against the allowance account. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited to profit or loss.

For The Year Ended 31 December 2014

4 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

For financial assets measured at amortised cost, if, in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment losses was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss to the extent that the carrying amount of the asset at the date the impairment is reversed does not exceed what the amortised cost would have been had the impairment not been recognised.

Financial liabilities and equity instruments

Debt and equity instruments issued by a group entity are classified either as financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Group after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Group are recognised at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities (including trade and other payables, amounts due to related companies and borrowings) are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial liability and of allocating interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial liability, or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Interest expense is recognised on an effective interest basis.

Derivative financial instruments

Derivative financial instruments are initially recognised at fair value at the date when derivative contracts are entered into and are subsequently remeasured to their fair value at the end of the reporting period. The resulting gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately.

Derecognition

The Group derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity.

For The Year Ended 31 December 2014

4 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Derecognition (Continued)

On derecognition of a financial asset in its entirety, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable and the cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity is recognised in profit or loss.

The Group derecognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the Group's obligations are discharged, cancelled or expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable is recognised in profit or loss.

Impairment losses on assets

At the end of each reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss, if any. When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. When a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation can be identified, corporate assets are also allocated to individual cash-generating units, or otherwise they are allocated to the smallest group of cash-generating units for which a reasonable and consistent allocation basis can be identified.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset other than financial assets is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss. Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Inventories

Inventories, representing trading merchandise, are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined on a weighted average cost method. Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price for inventories less all estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

For The Year Ended 31 December 2014

4 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Foreign currencies

In preparing the financial statements of each individual group entity, transactions in currencies other than the functional currency of that entity ("foreign currencies") are recognised in the respective functional currency (i.e. the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates) at the rates of exchange prevailing on the dates of the transactions. At the end of each reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

Exchange differences on monetary items are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

Retirement benefit costs

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit plans and the Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme are recognised as an expense when employees have rendered service entitling them to the contributions.

Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from "profit before taxation" as reported in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income because of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on the temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Such deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit. In addition, deferred tax liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of goodwill.

For The Year Ended 31 December 2014

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Taxation (Continued)

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences associated with such investments and interests are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that there will be sufficient taxable profits against which to utilise the benefits of the temporary differences and they are expected to reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current and deferred tax are recognised in profit or loss.

5. SEGMENTAL REPORTING

Operating segments are identified on the basis of internal reports about components of the Group that are regularly reviewed by the chief operating decision maker in order to allocate resources to segments and to assess their performance.

The Group is principally engaged in the sales and distribution of mobile phones and related products in Hong Kong. The consolidated revenue and consolidated gross profit of the Group are the measures reported to the executive directors of the Company, being the chief operating decision maker for the purposes of resource allocation and performance assessment. The executive directors consider that all products distributed by the Group have similar nature and, therefore, concluded that there is only one operating and reportable segment, which is the Group as a whole, and no further analysis for segment information is presented.

For The Year Ended 31 December 2014

5. SEGMENTAL REPORTING (CONTINUED)

Major customer information

For the year ended 31 December 2014, revenue from customers contributing over 10% of the total revenue of the Group is from one (2013: one) customer with total amount of HK\$564,633,000 (2013: HK\$181,504,000), in relation to the sales and distribution of mobile phones and related products.

Geographic information

The Group's revenue is substantially generated from sales and distribution of mobile phones and related products to customers in Hong Kong. The Group's non-current assets are substantially situated in Hong Kong. Accordingly, no segment analysis based on geographical locations of the customers and assets is provided.

6. **REVENUE**

Revenue represents the net amount received and receivable for goods sold arising from the distribution and retail sales of mobile phones and related products.

OTHER INCOME 7.

	2014	2013
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Exchange gain, net	348	831
Advertising and promotion income	993	1,842
Others	132	106
	1,473	2,779

LISTING EXPENSE 8.

The amount represents professional fees and other expenses incurred in preparation for the listing of the Company's shares.

9 **FINANCE COSTS**

	2014	2013
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Interest on bank borrowings wholly repayable within five years	367	114
Interest on amount due to a related company	110	49
	477	163

For The Year Ended 31 December 2014

10. (LOSS) PROFIT BEFORE TAX

(Loss) profit before tax has been arrived at after charging (crediting):

	2014	2013
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Auditor's remuneration	662	318
Directors' remuneration		
– Fee	172	_
– Salaries and other emoluments	2,477	1,477
 Contribution to retirement benefit 	19	. 15
Other staff cost		
– Salaries and other emoluments	13,516	13,354
– Contributions to retirement benefit	624	489
Total staff costs	16,808	15,335
Cost of inventories recognised as an expense	1,369,934	1,218,846
(Reversal on) impairment of inventories	(713)	1,728
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	1,321	1,051
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	-	1
Operating lease rentals in respect of rented premises	6,933	5,431
INCOME TAX EXPENSE		
	2014	2013
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Hong Kong:		
Current	2,056	5,119
Under(over)provision in prior years	418	(414)
	2,474	4,705

For The Year Ended 31 December 2014

11. INCOME TAX EXPENSE (CONTINUED)

The income tax expense can be reconciled to the (loss) profit before tax per the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income as follows:

	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000
(Loss) profit before tax	(13,301)	38,196
Tax at applicable statutory tax rate of 16.5% Tax effects of income not taxable in determining	(2,195)	6,302
taxable profit	(620)	(1,557)
Tax effects of expenses not deductible in determining taxable profit Tax effects of deductible temporary differences	4,259	2
not recognised	_	(37)
Tax effects of tax loss not recognised	613	406
Under(over)provision of prior year's tax expense	418	(414)
Others	(1)	3
	2,474	4,705

The Group has unused tax losses of HK\$6,199,000 (2013: HK\$2,484,000) available to offset against future profits. No deferred tax asset has been recognised due to the unpredictability of future profit streams as at the end of the reporting period. Such tax losses may be carried forward indefinitely.

For The Year Ended 31 December 2014

12. DIRECTORS', CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S AND FIVE HIGHEST PAID INDIVIDUALS' **EMOLUMENTS**

(a) Directors' emoluments

For the year ended 31 December 2014

				Contributions	
		Salaries		to	
		and		retirement	
	Directors'	other	Performance	benefit	
Name of director	fees	benefits	bonuses	scheme	Total
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Lim Kia Hong**	31	-	-	-	31
Lim Kiah Meng*	30	306	-	-	336
Fong Po Kiu**	30	1,160	662	16	1,868
Wong Yi Ting**	30	123	-	-	153
Cheng Wai Yee***	5	226	-	3	234
Lim Hwee Hai**	31	-	-	-	31
Chu Chung Yi***	5	-	-	-	5
Ng See Wai Rowena***	5	-	-	-	5
Doe Julianne Pearl***	5				5
	172	1,815	662	19	2,668

Appointed by the Company on 4 July 2014

Mr. Lim Kiah Meng is also a chief executive of the Company and his emoluments disclosed above include those for services rendered by him as the chief executive.

No directors waived any emoluments during the year ended 31 December 2014.

Appointed by the Company on 29 September 2014

Appointed by the Company on 16 December 2014

For The Year Ended 31 December 2014

12. DIRECTORS', CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S AND FIVE HIGHEST PAID INDIVIDUALS' **EMOLUMENTS** (CONTINUED)

(a) Directors' emoluments (Continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2013

				Contributions	
		Salaries		to	
		and		retirement	
	Directors'	other	Performance	benefit	
Name of director	fees	benefits	bonuses	scheme	Total
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Lim Kia Hong	_	_	-	_	-
Lim Kiah Meng	_	_	_	_	-
Fong Po Kiu	_	1,177	300	15	1,492
Lim Hwee Hai	_			_	_
		1,177	300	15	1,492

For the year ended 31 December 2013, the directors disclosed above are the directors of the companies comprising the Group.

Except for Fong Po Kiu, the directors were remunerated by SiS and its subsidiaries other than the Group. No apportionment has been made as the directors are of the opinion that it is impracticable to apportion such remuneration between their services provided to the Company's fellow subsidiaries and each of its subsidiaries.

No directors waived any emoluments during the year ended 31 December 2013.

For The Year Ended 31 December 2014

12. DIRECTORS', CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S AND FIVE HIGHEST PAID INDIVIDUALS' EMOLUMENTS (CONTINUED)

(b) Five highest paid individuals

The five highest paid individuals included one (2013: one) director of the Company whose emolument are included in the disclosure above. The emoluments of the remaining four (2013: four) individuals for the year ended 31 December 2014 and 2013 are as follows:

	2014	2013
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Salaries and other benefits	2,155	2,494
Performance bonuses	196	120
Contributions to retirement benefit scheme	63	57
	2,414	2,671

Note: The performance bonuses are determined based on the financial performance and resources of the Group and the performance of the individual during the year.

Their emoluments were within the following bands:

	2014	2013
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
HK\$Nil to HK\$1,000,000	4	3
HK\$1,000,001 to HK\$1,500,000	_	1
	4	4

13. (LOSS) EARNINGS PER SHARE

The calculation of the basic (loss) earnings per share is based on the Group's loss attributable to owners of the Company of HK\$15,775,000 (2013: profit HK\$33,491,000) and the weighted average number of ordinary shares calculated below.

	2014	2013
Weighted average number of ordinary shares for the		
purpose of basic (loss) earnings per share	235,200,000	235,200,000

The calculation of the weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purpose of basic earnings per share for the years ended 31 December 2014 and 2013 has taken into account the shares issued during the year upon the Group Reorganisation and adjusted for the capitalisation issue on 15 January 2015.

Diluted earnings per share is not presented as there were no potential ordinary shares outstanding during both years.

For The Year Ended 31 December 2014

14. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	Furniture	Office	Office	
	and fittings	equipment	renovations	Total
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
COST				
At 1 January 2013	300	503	1,515	2,318
Additions	83	565	410	1,058
Disposals/written off	(1)			(1)
At 31 December 2013	382	1,068	1,925	3,375
Additions	21	68	158	247
At 31 December 2014	403	1,136	2,083	3,622
ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION				
At 1 January 2013	6	122	181	309
Charge for the year	139	275	637	1,051
At 31 December 2013	145	397	818	1,360
Charge for the year	159	387	775	1,321
At 31 December 2014	304	784	1,593	2,681
CARRYING VALUES				
At 31 December 2014	99	352	490	941
At 31 December 2013	237	671	1,107	2,015

The above items of property, plant and equipment are depreciated on a straight-line basis at the following rates per annum:

Furniture and fittings 2 – 4 years Office equipment 3 - 4 years

Office renovations Shorter of lease term or 4 years

15. INVENTORIES

Inventories represent the finished goods purchased from the supplier for the distribution to wholesalers or for retail sales.

During the year, a reversal on impairment of inventories of HK\$713,000 (2013: impairment of inventories of HK\$1,728,000) have been recognised and included in cost of sales. The reversal relates to a provision no longer required on the subsequent sales of certain of these inventories which indicated that the circumstance that previously caused inventories to be written down below cost no longer exist.

For The Year Ended 31 December 2014

16. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES, DEPOSITS AND PREPAYMENTS

2014	2013
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
24,056	45,322
24,056	45,322
17,326	31,221
2,116	1,988
5,188	504
24,630	33,713
48,686	79,035
	24,056 24,056 24,056 17,326 2,116 5,188 24,630

Trade receivables are denominated in HK\$.

Trade receivables comprise amounts receivable from the sales and distribution of mobile phones and related products in Hong Kong.

The Group maintains a defined credit policy. Before accepting any new customers, the Group assesses the potential customer's credit quality and defines credit limits by customers. Limits granted to customers are reviewed periodically. For sales of goods, the Group allows an average credit period of 30 days to its trade customers. No interest is charged on overdue debts.

The following is an aged analysis of trade receivables presented based on the invoice date at the end of each reporting period.

Aging of trade receivables

	2014 HK\$′000	2013 <i>HK\$</i> '000
1-30 days	11,742	31,799
31-60 days	8,658	13,503
61-90 days	3,646	3
91-120 days	-	9
121 days and above	10	8
Total	24,056	45,322

For The Year Ended 31 December 2014

16. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES, DEPOSITS AND PREPAYMENTS (CONTINUED)

Included in the trade receivable balance are debts with total carrying amount of HK\$7,761,000 (2013: HK\$16,154,000) which are past due at the end of the reporting period for which the Group has not provided for impairment loss as the Group considers that the default risk is low after considering the creditworthiness and repayment history of the debtors and settlement after the end of each reporting period. No collateral is held over these receivables. Trade receivables which are neither overdue nor impaired are of good quality.

The aging of those trade receivables at the end of each reporting period which are past due but not impaired, aged from their respective due dates, are as follows:

	2014	2013
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Overdue:		
1 – 30 days	7,676	16,124
31 – 60 days	12	4
61 – 90 days	63	18
91 – 120 days	-	_
121 days and above	10	8
Total	7,761	16,154

Movement in allowance for doubtful debts deducted from the trade receivable are as follows:

	2014	2013
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
At beginning of year	_	1
Amount written off as uncollectible		(1)
Balance at end of year		

The allowance for doubtful debts is provided on individually impaired trade debtors which have either been in severe financial difficulties or defaulted payments.

17. DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

No foreign currency forward contract was outstanding as at 31 December 2014.

As at 31 December 2013, the Group had two outstanding foreign currency forward contracts with total principal amount of US\$10,000,000 to sell Japanese Yen ("JPY") at specified rates ranging from JPY91.33 to JPY93.75 to US\$1. These contracts matured on dates from 28 January 2014 to 19 February 2014.

For The Year Ended 31 December 2014

18. BANK BALANCES AND CASH

Bank balances carry interest at market rates at 0.001% (2013: 0.001%) per annum with an original maturity of three months or less.

Bank balances that are denominated in United States Dollar ("US\$"), currency other than the functional currencies of the Group, amounted to HK\$11,009,000 (2013: HK\$559,000).

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19. SHARE CAPITAL

	Number of ordinary shares of HK\$0.10 each		Nominal v	value
	2014	2013	2014	2013
			HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Authorised				
At date of incorporation				
– 4 July 2014	3,800,000	_	380	_
Increase on 16 December 2014	496,200,000		49,620	
At end of year	500,000,000		50,000	
Issued and fully paid				
At date of incorporation				
– 4 July 2014	1	_	_*	_
Issue of shares on 10 October 2014	9,999		1	
At end of year	10,000		1	_

Represent HK\$0.1

The Company was incorporated on 4 July 2014 and upon incorporation, 1 ordinary share was allotted and issued to the immediate holding company at par.

On 10 October 2014, the Company issued 9,999 ordinary shares to SiS Distribution Limited, a fellow subsidiary of the Company, pursuant to the Group Reorganisation in exchange for the entire equity interests in the companies comprising the Group as mentioned in note 2.

On 16 December 2014, the Company increased the authorised share capital from HK\$380,000 divided into 3,800,000 ordinary shares to HK\$50,000,000 divided into 500,000,000 ordinary shares by the creation of additional 496,200,000 new ordinary shares which shall, when issued and paid, rank pari passu in all respects with the existing issued ordinary shares.

For The Year Ended 31 December 2014

20. TRADE PAYABLES, OTHER PAYABLES AND ACCRUALS

	2014	2013
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Trade payables	45,919	60,335
Advances received from customers	540	1,292
Accrued staff costs	2,224	2,678
Accruals	6,097	6,606
Listing fee payable	21,561	_
Others	1,830	262
	78,171	71,173

The average credit period on purchase of goods is 15 to 45 days. Trade payables that are denominated in US\$, currency other than the functional currencies of the Group amounted to HK\$25,634,000 (2013: HK\$3,428,000). The following is an aged analysis of the trade payables, based on the invoice date, at the end of each reporting period.

The aging of trade payables is as follows:

	2014	2013
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Within 30 days	31,490	56,851
31 to 90 days	14,107	3,246
91 to 120 days	79	_
Over 120 days	243	238
	45,919	60,335

21. AMOUNTS DUE TO RELATED COMPANIES

The related companies are fellow subsidiaries of the Group, being the wholly-owned subsidiaries of SiS.

Except for the amount due to a related company of HK\$10,000,000 as at 31 December 2013 bearing interest at Hong Kong Interbank Offer Rate plus a margin, the remaining balances are unsecured, interest free with no fixed terms of repayment.

22. BORROWINGS

The amounts represent unsecured revolving bank loans denominated in HK\$ bearing interest at variable market interest rates, which are based on Hong Kong Interbank Offer Rate plus a margin with the effective interest rate at 1.76% (2013: ranging from 1.23% to 1.65%).

For The Year Ended 31 December 2014

23. DIVIDEND

No dividend or distribution has been declared or made by the Company since incorporation or any of the companies comprising the Group during the years ended 31 December 2013 and 2014 and up to the date of issue of these consolidated financial statements.

24. CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group manages its capital to ensure that entities in the Group will be able to continue as a going concern while maximising the return to shareholders through the optimisation of the debt and equity balance. The Group's overall strategy remains unchanged for both years.

The capital structure of the Group consists of bank borrowings and equity attributable to owners of the Company, comprising issued capital, special reserve and retained profits.

The directors review the capital structure periodically. As part of this review, the directors assess budgets of major projects taking into account of the provision of funding. Based on the operating budgets, the directors consider the cost of capital and the risks associated with each class of capital and balance its overall capital structure through the issue of debts.

25. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, CAPITAL AND RISK MANAGEMENT POLICIES

Categories of financial instruments

	2014	2013
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Financial assets		
Derivative financial instruments	_	9,382
Loans and receivables:		,
Trade and other receivables	41,382	76,543
Bank balances and cash	51,674	30,301
	93,056	116,226
Financial liabilities		
Other financial liabilities held at amortised cost:		
Trade and other payables	69,310	60,597
Amounts due to related companies	_	22,583
Borrowings	5,000	37,500
	74,310	120,680

The Group is exposed to financial risks arising from its business activities and manages them through established risk management processes, proper monitoring and reporting to the management.

For The Year Ended 31 December 2014

25. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, CAPITAL AND RISK MANAGEMENT POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Interest rate risk

The bank balances comprising short term bank deposits and bank borrowings carry interests at floating rate, thus exposing the Group to cash flow interest rate risk. The Group currently does not have any policy to hedge against interest rate risk and will consider hedging exposure such should the needs arise.

Sensitivity analysis

As the interest rates on bank deposits are minimal, no sensitivity analysis was prepared and reported to the management.

If interest rates on bank borrowings had been 50 basis points higher/lower and all other variables were held constant, the Group's pre-tax loss for the year ended 31 December 2014 would increase/decrease by HK\$25,000 (2013: pre-tax profit would decrease/increase by HK\$187,500) respectively. The analysis is prepared assuming the amounts of bank loans outstanding at the end of each reporting period were outstanding for the whole year. A 50 basis points increase or decrease was used when reporting interest rate risk internally to key management personnel and represented management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in interest rates.

In the management's opinion, the sensitivity analysis is unrepresentative of the inherent interest rates risk as the year end exposure does not reflect the exposure during the year.

Credit risk

The Group's maximum exposure to credit risk which will cause a financial loss to the Group due to failure to discharge an obligation by the counterparties is arising from the carrying amount of the respective recognised financial assets as stated in the consolidated statement of financial position.

In order to minimise the credit risk, the management of the Group has delegated certain staff for credit approvals and other monitoring procedures to ensure that follow-up action is taken to recover overdue debts. In addition, the Group reviews the recoverable amount of each individual trade debt at the end of each reporting period to ensure that adequate impairment losses are made for irrecoverable amounts. In this regard, the management of the Group consider that the Group's credit risk is significantly reduced.

The Group has concentration of credit risk over its trade receivables of which 80% (2013: 67%) of the total trade receivables was due from the Group's 5 largest customers. The Group's concentration of credit risk by geographical location of customers are solely in Hong Kong which accounted for majority of the trade receivables for both years. The Group has concentration of credit risk on loans and receivable of which 51% (2013: 28%) are liquid funds deposited with several banks. The credit risk on liquid funds is limited because the counterparties are banks with high credit-standings.

For The Year Ended 31 December 2014

25. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, CAPITAL AND RISK MANAGEMENT POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Foreign exchange risk

Certain purchase of goods, other receivables and bank balances of the Group are denominated in US\$, the currency other than the functional currencies of the relevant group entities.

The carrying amounts of the Group's foreign currency denominated monetary assets and monetary liabilities at the end of each reporting period are as follows:

	2014	2013
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		_
Assets	12,782	4,821
Liabilities	25,634	3,428

The Group currently does not have currency hedging policy. However, the management monitors the currency fluctuation exposure and will consider hedging significant currency risk exposure should the need arise.

Sensitivity analysis

The following analysis indicates the change in the Group's pre-tax results in response to reasonably possible changes in the foreign exchange rates to which the Group has significant exposure at the end of each reporting period. The sensitivity analysis has been determined assuming that the change in foreign exchange rates had occurred at the end of each reporting period and had been applied to each of the group entities' exposure to currency risk at that date, and all other variables are held constant.

Non-derivative financial instrument

As HK\$ are pegged to US\$, the management of the Group does not expect that there would be any material currency risk exposure between these two currencies. As such, no sensitivity analysis is performed.

Derivative financial instrument

In respect to the derivative financial instruments of the Group, if US\$ had been 50 basis points strengthen/ weaken against JPY and all other variables were held constant. The Group's pre-tax profit for the year ended 31 December 2013 would decrease/increase by HK\$3,714,000.

In the management's opinion, the sensitivity analysis is unrepresentative of the inherent foreign exchange risk as the year end exposure does not reflect the exposure during the year.

For The Year Ended 31 December 2014

25. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, CAPITAL AND RISK MANAGEMENT POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Liquidity risk

The Group's exposure to liquidity risk is minimal and is managed by maintaining a level of cash and cash equivalents deemed adequate by the management to finance the Group's operation. In addition, any shortfall in the funding requirements of the Group's operations may be obtained from bank borrowings.

The following table details the Group's remaining contractual maturity for its financial liabilities with agreed repayment periods. Specifically, borrowings with a repayment on demand clause are included in the earliest time band regardless of the probability of the banks choosing to exercise their rights. The maturity dates of financial liabilities are based on the agreed repayment dates:

	Weighted average effective interest rate %	On demand or within 3 months HK\$'000	Total undiscounted cashflow <i>HK\$</i> '000	Total <i>HK\$'000</i>
	76	π, σου	11114 000	11114 000
At 31 December 2014				
Financial liability				
Non-interest bearing				
Trade and other payables	-	69,310	69,310	69,310
Interest bearing				
Borrowings	1.76	5,000	5,000	5,000

For The Year Ended 31 December 2014

25. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, CAPITAL AND RISK MANAGEMENT POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Liquidity risk (Continued)

Weighted			
average	On demand	Total	
effective	or within	undiscounted	
interest rate	3 months	cashflow	Total
%	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
_			60,597
_	12,583	12,583	12,583
	73,180	73,180	73,180
1.57	37,500	37,500	37,500
0.90	10,000	10,000	10,000
	47,500	47,500	47,500
	(77,590)	(77,590)	(77,590)
	68,208	68,208	68,208
	(9,382)	(9,382)	(9,382)
	average effective interest rate % 1.57	average effective interest rate	average effective effective interest rate On demand or within undiscounted undiscounted undiscounted undiscounted the scashflow HK\$'000 - 60,597 60,597 60,597 12,583 12,583 - 73,180 73,180 1.57 37,500 37,500 0.90 10,000 10,000 10,000 (77,590) 68,208 68,208

The above table has been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liability (including principal and interest cash flows) based on the earliest date on which the Group can be required to pay (including principal and interest cash flows).

Borrowings with a repayment on demand clause are included in the "on demand or within 3 months" time band in the above maturity analysis. As at 31 December 2014, the borrowings amounted to HK\$5,000,000 (2013: HK\$37,500,000). Taking into account the Group's financial position, the directors do not believe that it is probable that the banks will exercise their discretionary rights to demand immediate repayment. The directors believe that such borrowings will be repaid within 3 months after the end of the reporting period in accordance with the scheduled repayment dates set out in the loan agreements. At that time, the aggregate principal and interest cash outflows will amount to HK\$5,002,000 (2013: HK\$37,523,000).

For The Year Ended 31 December 2014

25. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, CAPITAL AND RISK MANAGEMENT POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Fair values

Fair value of the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis

The derivative financial instruments, represents the foreign currency forward contracts as set out in note 17, are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period. The fair value of foreign currency forward contracts are measured at the present value of future cash flows estimated using quoted forward exchange rates, which is observable at the end of each reporting period and categorised as level 2.

There were no transfers between Levels 1, 2 and 3 during the year.

(ii) Fair value of the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities that are not measured at fair value on a recurring basis

The directors consider that the carrying amounts of other financial assets and financial liabilities recorded at amortised cost in the consolidated financial statements approximate their fair values. The fair values of other financial assets and financial liabilities have been determined in accordance with generally accepted pricing models based on discounted cash flow analysis with the most significant inputs being the discount rate that reflects the credit risk of counterparties.

26. RELATED PARTIES TRANSACTIONS

Certain related party disclosures have been disclosed in notes 9 and 21. The directors are of the opinion that all the related party transactions have been established under terms as negotiated between the related parties.

Transactions with holding company and fellow subsidiary companies (a)

Except for the interest expense to a related company as disclosed in note 9, the Group sold goods to a fellow subsidiary of approximately HK\$15,000 (2013: HK\$53,000) during the year. Besides, SiS provided a corporate guarantee to the banks in respect of the borrowing granted to the Group as set out in note 22.

(b) Significant balances with related parties

The significant balances with related parties have been disclosed in note 21.

(c) Compensation of key management personnel

Key management personnel are defined as those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Group and of the Company either directly or indirectly.

The directors considered the key management personnel of the Group are the directors. The remuneration of members of key management personnel of the Group are disclosed in note 12.

For The Year Ended 31 December 2014

27. OPERATING LEASE COMMITMENTS

At the end of each reporting period, the Group had commitments for future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating lease which fall due as follows:

	2014	2013
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Within one year	3,551	6,946
In the second to fifth year inclusive	1,059	4,442
	4,610	11,388
	4,610	11,38

Operating lease payments represents rental payable by the Group for its offices and shops. Leases are negotiated for an average term of three years and rentals are fixed throughout the lease period.

2014

28. FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY

Below is a summary of the financial position of the Company at the end of the reporting period:

	2014
	НК\$′000
Assets	
Interest in unlisted subsidiaries	1
Other receivables and prepayments	4,924
Amount due from intermediate holding company	8
	4,933
Liabilities	
Payables and accruals	(21,734)
Amounts due to subsidiaries	(9,500)
Net liabilities	(26,301)
Share capital (note 19)	1
Accumulated loss (Note below)	(26,302)
Total equity	(26,301)

For The Year Ended 31 December 2014

28. FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY (CONTINUED)

Note: The movement in reserves are presented below:

	Accumulated loss
	HK\$'000
At incorporation – 4 July 2014	-
Loss for the period	(26,302)
At 31 December 2014	(26,302)

29. PARTICULAR OF SUBSIDIARIES

Details of the Company's principal subsidiaries at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

	Country of incorporation or registration/	Issued and fully paid ordinary share capital/	issued capital/		
Name of subsidiary	operation	registered capital	held by the C 2014	2013	Principal activities
Direct subsidiaries: Synergy Technologies (Asia) Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$5,000,000	100	100	Distribution of mobile phone
Qool International Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$1	100	100	and related products Distribution of mobile phone products
Indirect subsidiaries: Sun Well Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$1	100	100	Retail sales of mobile phone and related products
W-Data Technologies Limited	British Virgin Islands	s US\$1	100	100	Inactive

30. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

Simultaneous with the listing of the shares of the Company on the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited on 15 January 2015,

- an amount of HK\$23,519,000 was capitalised by the issuance of 235,190,000 ordinary shares of (a) HK\$0.1 each; and
- (b) 44,800,000 ordinary shares of HK\$0.1 each were issued at HK\$0.82 per share to the public for a total gross proceeds of HK\$36,736,000.

FINANCIAL SUMMARY

RESULTS

	For the year ended 31 December					
	2011	2012	2013	2014		
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000		
Revenue	513,600	1,376,575	1,274,845	1,412,068		
Profit (loss) before taxation	6,571	53,001	38,196	(13,301)		
Income tax expense	(1,446)	(8,304)	(4,705)	(2,474)		
Profit (loss) for the year	5,125	44,697	33,491	(15,775)		
Attributable to Owners of the Company	5,125	44,697	33,491	(15,775)		
ASSETS AND LIABILITIES						
	At 31 December					
	2011	2012	2013	2014		
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000		
Total assets	123,179	134,637	222,459	153,448		
Total liabilities	(115,315)	(82,076)	(136,407)	(83,171)		
Net assets	7,864	52,561	86,052	70,277		
Attributable to Owners of the Company	7,864	52,561	86,052	70,277		