

ENTERPRISE DEVELOPMENT HOLDINGS LIMITED

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability) (Stock Code: 1808)

2015

Annual Report

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CORPORATE INFORMATION

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

Lam Kai Tai (Chairman) Kwok Ho On Anthony Wang Jun Wong Ho Sing

Independent Non-executive Directors

Yau Yan Ming Raymond Hu Gin Ing Liu Kam Lung

COMPANY SECRETARY

Ng Wing Ching

AUTHORISED REPRESENTATIVES

Lam Kai Tai Ng Wing Ching

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Yau Yan Ming Raymond (Committee Chairman)
Hu Gin Ing
Liu Kam Lung

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Yau Yan Ming Raymond (Committee Chairman) Lam Kai Tai Hu Gin Ing Liu Kam Lung

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Yau Yan Ming Raymond (Committee Chairman) Lam Kai Tai Hu Gin Ing Liu Kam Lung

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE COMMITTEE

Lam Kai Tai *(Committee Chairman)* Wong Ho Sing Wang Jun

AUDITORS

HLB Hodgson Impey Cheng Limited Certified Public Accountants

REGISTERED OFFICE

Cricket Square Hutchins Drive P.O. Box 2681 Grand Cayman KY1-1111 Cayman Islands

PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

Room 2810, 28th Floor West Tower, Shun Tak Centre 200 Connaught Road Central Hong Kong

PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Royal Bank of Canada Trust Company (Cayman) Limited 4th Floor, Royal Bank House 24 Shedden Road, George Town Grand Cayman KY1-1110 Cayman Islands

HONG KONG BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Union Registrars Limited A18/F., Asia Orient Tower Town Place, 33 Lockhart Road Wanchai, Hong Kong

PRINCIPAL BANKER

Bank of Communications Co., Ltd.

STOCK CODE

1808

COMPANY WEBSITE

www.1808.com.hk

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

On behalf of the board (the "Board") of directors (the "Directors", each a "Director") of Enterprises Development Holdings Limited (the "Company"), I take pleasure to present the annual results of the Company and its subsidiaries (the "Group") for the year ended 31 December 2015.

For the financial year ended 31 December 2015, the Group recorded a decrease in consolidated net profit attributable to equity shareholders of the Company of approximately RMB4,036,000 as compared to a net profit attributable to equity shareholders of the Company of approximately RMB11,472,000 in the last corresponding year. The decrease was mainly due to, including but not limited to, (i) the increase of distribution expenses due to the increase in staff costs of the software business growth; (ii) the increase of general and administrative expenses due to the increase of staff costs, legal and professional fee, entertainment and travelling for business expansion; (iii) the increase of other net losses due to the loss on early redemption of promissory notes; and (iv) the increase of finance costs due to the increase of imputed interest expenses on promissory notes. The Board does not recommend the payment of any final dividend for the 12 months ended 31 December 2015.

The growth in China was noticeably slowdown in 2015, especially in manufacturing and real estate sectors. The Group hope the dramatic new economic policies announced in early 2016 in the PRC will boost the economy in China.

With regard to the Group's trading and investment business, the Hong Kong stock market was highly volatile in 2015. The Group will closely monitor the changes of the market condition in 2016 and adjust its portfolio of investments as appropriate.

The Group will continue to explore other business opportunities so as to diversify our business to bring return to our shareholders. As disclosed in the Company's announcement dated 25 November 2015, the Company entered into a memorandum of understanding (the "MOU") regarding the possible acquisition of a target which has certain business operation of intellectual property right in relation to song/music within the PRC (the "Possible Acquisition"). The MOU has an exclusive period of six months. The Possible Acquisition is still in the preliminary stage, further announcement(s) in respect of the Possible Acquisition will be made by the Company as and when appropriate.

Taking this opportunity, I would like to express my sincere gratitude to our shareholders and business partners for their invaluable support to the Group. I am also grateful for our Directors, senior management and staff for their dedicated service and contributions.

Lam Kai Tai

Chairman

Hong Kong, 31 March 2016

BIOGRAPHIES OF DIRECTORS

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Lam Kai Tai ("Mr. Lam"), aged 48, was appointed as an executive Director with effect from 1 June 2015 and further appointed as the chairman of the Board on 3 July 2015. Mr. Lam is a member of each of the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee, and the chairman of each of the Corporate Governance Committee and the Investment Committee. He was educated at U.C. Berkeley and University of San Francisco as Finance major. In 1997, Mr. Lam joined First Yuanta Securities Ltd. In 2003, Mr. Lam joined Galaxy Entertainment Group (Macau) as Project Manager to oversee the construction and development of Waldo Hotel, Grand Waldo Hotel, Starworld Hotel and Galaxy Macau. Mr. Lam was an independent non-executive director of Hao Wen Holdings Limited, a company listed on the Growth Enterprise Market of the Stock Exchange (Stock Code: 8019) for the period from April 2011 to November 2014. Mr. Lam has more than 14 years of experience in project management and merger and acquisition.

Mr. Kwok Ho On Anthony ("Mr. Kwok"), aged 63, was appointed as an executive Director on 24 July 2015. Mr. Kwok is a member of the Investment Committee. He was educated in Hawaii and has over 20 years of business experiences in business development, merger and acquisition and strategic partnership development.

During his 7 years tenure at Miramar Developments Group (U.S.A.) ("Miramar"), Mr. Kwok was in charge of Miramar's corporate development activities and was the key player in a number of major merger and acquisition projects undertaken by Miramar.

Afterward, Mr. Kwok became the managing director of Hung Sing Technology Limited, a Taiwan based technology company that provided I.T. infrastructure products and services to major telecommunications companies in Taiwan, People's Republic of China and Hong Kong. In his capacity as the Managing Director, Mr. Kwok has successfully established a clientele base of over 20 companies in Greater China, including Hinet, Infoserve, Paul W and Jitong. Additionally, Mr. Kwok had also played a key role in establishing key strategic partnerships with high profile technology companies, including Global One, MCI, Worldcom, Wherever.Net and Cosatech Satellite Services.

Mr. Kwok then joined MFP Epping Limited, a subsidiary of a listed company in Hong Kong, as a director and was involved in the evaluating the feasibility in investing in a forestry project. Taking up the assignment, Mr. Kwok had stationed in the Republic of Congo for one year in having close contact and negotiations with various relevant governmental authorities, labour unions, as well as taking a position in charge of the operation on forestry, manufacturing and shipping.

Starting from 2006, Mr. Kwok was a director of a company holding the right to develop a theme park in Macau and, as such, has actively negotiated with multi-national conglomerates in possible co-operation for development as well as with various other theme parks in gathering their idea in establishing the same in Macau. Additionally, Mr. Kwok is participating in the strategic alliance of certain key junkets (gaming promoters) in Macau with operation spanned throughout various major concession holders, including Wynn, Las Vegas Sands, Galaxy and MGM. His major role includes providing a bridge amongst various gaming promoters, forming a strategic alliance or conducting merger and acquisition exercises for selective gaming promoter and negotiation with concession holders for a better term.

BIOGRAPHIES OF DIRECTORS

Mr. Wang Jun ("Mr. Wang"), aged 34, was appointed as an executive Director on 24 January 2014. He is a member of the CG Committee. He graduated from Chongqing Normal University majoring in finance. Mr. Wang held senior management positions in various private companies. He has extensive experience in public relations, leadership, management and business development strategies.

Mr. Wong Ho Sing ("Mr. Wong"), aged 31, was appointed as an executive Director with effect from 1 June 2015. Mr. Wong is a member of each of the Corporate Governance Committee and the Investment Committee. He was educated at Monash University, Melbourne, Australia as Accounting major. Mr. Wong has extensive working experience in business management, business planning and development for about eight years. Mr. Wong is currently a director of a company in Food and I.T. industry.

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Yau Yan Ming Raymond ("Mr. Yau"), aged 47, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 6 October 2014. He is the chairman of each of the audit committee (the "Audit Committee"), the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee of the Company. He has over 18 years of work experience in auditing, accounting, taxation, company secretarial, corporate finance and financial management, in both private and listed companies. Mr. Yau is an associate member of both the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Mr. Yau is also a fellow member of the Taxation Institute of Hong Kong. Mr. Yau holds a master degree in Science majoring in Japanese business studies and bachelor degree in Business Administration majoring in accounting in the United States of America. He is currently an independent non-executive director of Chanceton Financial Group Limited (stock code: 8020) and Tack Fiori International Group Limited (stock code: 928), both of which are listed on the Stock Exchange. He was an executive director of Chinese Energy Holdings Limited (stock code: 8009), an independent non-executive director of Mason Financial Holdings Limited (stock code: 2309), and the chief executive officer of Capital VC Limited (stock code: 2324).

Ms. Hu Gin Ing ("Ms. Hu"), aged 57, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 12 March 2011. She is also a member of each of the Audit Committee, the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee of the Company. Ms. Hu holds a master degree in business administration from Florida International University, United States of America ("U.S.A."), a master degree in sciences from Barry University, U.S.A. and a bachelor degree from National Taiwan University, major in foreign language. Ms. Hu is a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and a member of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants in U.S.A. Ms. Hu currently holds the position of Corp. CFO, Global Finance, of Acer Incorporated, a company listed on the Taiwan Stock Exchange. Ms. Hu has been a director of NHL CPA Ltd., Hong Kong since January 2005. She has been an independent non-executive director of United Pacific Industries limited (HK.176) since November 2013, an independent non-executive director of Carnival Group International Holdings Limited (HK.996) since December 2013, and an independent non-executive director of LVGEM (China) Real Estate Investment Company Limited (HK.95) since May 2014. She was a director of Gigamedia Limited (shares of which are traded on NASDAQ in U.S.A. under the ticker symbol of GIGM) from July 2003 to October 2013, an independent director of Evendata Holding Company Limited, a company which was previously listed on the Taiwan Stock Exchange, from April 2011 to May 2013, a non-executive director of SMI Culture Group Holdings Limited, a company listed on the Stock Exchange, from 27 August 2013 to 31 October 2014, and an independent director of Arich Enterprise Co. Ltd. (TW.4173), a company listed on the Taiwan Stock Exchange from December 2012 to 17 June 2015. She has over 21 years of experience in accounting and finance.

BIOGRAPHIES OF DIRECTORS

Mr. Liu Kam Lung ("Mr. Liu"), aged 52, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 28 January 2015. He is a member of each of the Audit Committee, the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee. He has over 25 years of experience in the financial industry. Mr. Liu obtained a Diploma of Business Administration from Hong Kong Shue Yan College (now known as Hong Kong Shue Yan University) in 1990. Mr. Liu was admitted as an associate of The Institute of Chartered Secretaries and Administrators of the United Kingdom, an associate of The Hong Kong Institute of Chartered Secretaries, an associate of Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants, a fellow of The Association of Chartered Certified Accountants, a full member of the Society of Registered Financial Planners and an associate of the Taxation Institute of Hong Kong in 1993, 1994, 1995, 1999, 2009 and 2010 respectively.

Mr. Liu is currently the chief executive officer of China Rise Finance Group Company Limited, being a member of Symphony Holdings Limited (HK stock code: 1223), of which Mr. Liu is also the chief financial officer, the non-executive director of Megalogic Technology Holdings Limited (HK stock code: 8242) and the independent non-executive director of Pak Tak International Limited (HK stock code: 2668).

Mr. Liu had been a non-executive director of Kith Holdings Limited (HK stock code: 1201) for the period from October 2010 to June 2013, and an executive director, finance director, company secretary and authorized representative of Megalogic Technology Holdings Limited (HK stock code: 8242) for the period from March 2011 to October 2014.

FINANCIAL REVIEW

Turnover

For the year ended 31 December 2015, the Group recorded a turnover of approximately RMB419,706,000 (2014: RMB333,385,000), of which turnover mainly from (i) software maintenance and other services amounted to approximately RMB336,401,000 (2014: RMB305,018,000); (ii) sale of software products and others amounted to approximately RMB27,676,000 (2014: RMB9,923,000); (iii) net realised and unrealised gains of approximately RMB43,219,000 (2014: RMB18,444,000) on trading securities; and (iv) mobile marketing services amounted to approximately RMB12,407,000 (2014: Nil).

Gross Profit

For the year ended 31 December 2015, the Group recorded a gross profit of approximately RMB115,045,000 (2014: RMB71,279,000). The gross profit ratio for the software business of the Group during the period was approximately 18% while that of the corresponding period in 2014 was approximately 17%. The increase in gross profit ratio was mainly due to the increase of gross profit margin for returning profitability back to previous levels.

Other Net Losses

For the year ended 31 December 2015, other net losses were approximately RMB4,204,000 (2014: Nil), which was mainly attributable to loss on early redemption of promissory notes of approximately RMB3,950,000 (2014: Nil) and net exchange losses of approximately RMB254,000 (2014: Nil).

Distribution Expenses

For the year ended 31 December 2015, distribution expenses were approximately RMB26,475,000 (2014: RMB20,632,000). The increase in distribution expenses was mainly due to the increase in staff costs of the software business growth in the PRC during the year.

General and Administrative Expenses

For the year ended 31 December 2015, general and administrative expenses were approximately RMB67,717,000 (2014: RMB28,074,000). The increase in general and administrative expenses was mainly due to the increase of staff costs, legal and professional fees, entertainment and travelling for business expansion during the year.

Finance Costs

For the year ended 31 December 2015, finance costs were approximately RMB2,600,000 (2014: RMB868,000). The increase in finance costs was due to the interest expenses of the promissory notes in the principal of HK\$160,000,000 issued during the year.

Profit for the Year

As a result, the Group recorded a profit for the year ended 31 December 2015 of approximately RMB13,351,000 (2014: RMB17,979,000).

Liquidity and Financial Resources

The Group's working capital is funded by the cash generated from operating and financing activities. As at 31 December 2015, the Group maintained cash and cash equivalents amounted to approximately RMB81,803,000 (2014: RMB57,501,000). As at 31 December 2015, the Group's current ratio was approximately 2.62 times (2014: 4.81 times); and the Group's net gearing ratio as at 31 December 2015 was not applicable (2014: not applicable), since the Group had cash in excess of interest bearing borrowings.

Foreign Exchange

The Group's revenue is mainly denominated in Renminbi and no related hedge is required for the time being.

Pledge of Assets

As at 31 December 2014 and 2015, except for the bank deposits were pledged to secure trade finance facilities to the Group, the Group had no pledge of assets in order to obtain general banking facilities or short-term bank borrowings.

Capital Structure

The Group manages its capital to ensure that entities in the Group will be able to continue as a going concern while maximising the return to shareholders through the optimisation of the debt and equity balance. The capital structure of the Group consists of debt, including borrowings, and equity attributable to owners of the Company, comprising issued share capital, share premium, retained earnings and other reserves. The management of the Group reviews the capital structure by considering the cost of capital and the risks associated with each class of capital. In view of this, the Group will balance its overall capital structure through the payment of dividends and new share issues as well as the redemption of existing debt. The Group's overall strategy remains unchanged throughout the year.

On 14 May 2015, (i) 307,692,307 new ordinary shares at the agreed issue price of HK\$0.13 per share were issued and allotted to Mr. Chu Wai Kit; and (ii) promissory notes in the principal amount of HK\$160,000,000 were issued to Gloss Rise Limited upon completion of the acquisition agreement dated 16 February 2015 entered into among the Company, Mr. Chu Wai Kit and Gloss Rise Limited in relation to the acquisition of the entire issued share capital of Gravitas Group Limited from Mr. Chu Wai Kit (to the extent of 20%) and Gloss Rise Limited (to the extent of 80%). Part of the promissory notes in the principal amount of HK\$110,000,000 was repaid on 17 June 2015.

On 28 May 2015, the Company entered into a placing agreement with China Rise Securities Asset Management Company Limited (the "Placing Agent"), pursuant to which the Placing Agent has conditionally agreed to procure not less than six placees who are independent third parties to subscribe for up to 483,700,000 ordinary shares (the "First Placing Shares") at the placing price of HK\$0.250 per Placing Share (the "First Placing"). The First Placing was completed on 17 June 2015 and an aggregate of 483,700,000 First Placing Shares were successfully placed to not less than six placees. The net price per First Placing Share was approximately HK\$0.242. The First Placing provided a good opportunity to raise additional funds to meet the Company's funding needs. The net proceeds from the First Placing has been used as to (i) approximately HK\$110,600,000 for early redemption of promissory notes together with accrued interest thereupon; (ii) approximately HK\$4,900,000 had been utilized for general working capital of the Group including (a) HK\$1,700,000 for staff salaries and Directors' fees; (b) HK\$1,700,000 for rental and operating expenses; and (c) HK\$1,500,000 for legal and professional fees; and (iii) the remaining balance of approximately HK\$1,700,000 is intended to be used for general working capital of the Group (including trading of securities).

On 6 August 2015, the Company passed an ordinary resolution to increase its authorised share capital from HK\$30,000,000 divided into 3,000,000,000 ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each to HK\$1,000,000,000 divided into 100,000,000,000 shares of HK\$0.01 each by the creation of an additional 97,000,000,000 unissued ordinary shares.

On 15 December 2015, the Company entered into a placing agreement with the Placing Agent, pursuant to which the Placing Agent has conditionally agreed, on a best efforts basis, to place 580,450,000 new shares (the "Second Placing Shares") to not fewer than six placees who are independent third parties at a price of HK\$0.098 per Second Placing Share (the "Second Placing"). The Second Placing was completed on 5 January 2016 and an aggregate of 580,450,000 Second Placing Shares were successfully placed to not less than six placees. The net price per Second Placing Share was approximately HK\$0.095. The Second Placing provided a good opportunity to raise additional funds to meet the Company's funding needs. The net proceeds from the Second Placing has been used as to (i) approximately HK\$41,500,000 for early redemption of promissory notes together with accrued interest thereupon; and (ii) the remaining balance of approximately HK\$13,400,000 for general working capital of the Group.

Significant Investment

The Group has not made any significant investment for the year ended 31 December 2015.

Material Acquisition and Disposal of Subsidiaries or Associated Companies

On 16 February 2015, the Company, Apex Center Limited (the "Purchaser"), a direct wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, Gloss Rise Limited (the "Vendor 1"), Mr. Chu Wai Kit (the "Vendor 2") and Gravitas Group Limited (the "Target Company") entered into an acquisition agreement, pursuant to which the Purchaser has conditionally agreed to acquire and, the Vendor 1 and the Vendor 2 have conditionally agreed to sell the total of 5,000 ordinary shares of US\$1.00 each in the Target Company ("Sale Shares") at consideration of HK\$200,000,000, which will be satisfied as to (i) HK\$160,000,000 by the issue of the promissory notes in the principal amount of HK\$160,000,000 by the Company to the Vendor 1 for the 4,000 Sale Shares; and (ii) HK\$40,000,000 by the issue of 307,692,307 new ordinary shares at the agreed issue price of HK\$0.13 per share by the Company to the Vendor 2 for the 1,000 Sale Shares. The Target Company and its subsidiaries are principally engaged in mobile marketing business. The transaction was completed on 14 May 2015.

Save as disclosed above, the Group has not made any material acquisition or disposal of subsidiaries or associated companies for the year ended 31 December 2015.

Subsequent Event

The Second Placing was completed on 5 January 2016 and an aggregate of 580,450,000 Second Placing Shares were successfully placed to not less than six placees. The net price per Second Placing Share was approximately HK\$0.095. The net proceeds from the Second Placing was approximately HK\$54,900,000.

Employees and Remuneration Policies

As at 31 December 2015, the Group employed 141 full time employees (2014: 129). The remuneration package of employees is determined by reference to their performance, experience, positions, duties and responsibilities in the Group and the prevailing market conditions. The Group continued to provide retirement, medical, employment injury, unemployment and maternity benefits which are governed by the state-managed social welfare scheme operated by the local government of the PRC to the employees in the PRC. In addition, the Group maintains a mandatory provident fund scheme for all qualifying employees in Hong Kong.

Contingent Liabilities

As at 31 December 2015, there was no significant contingent liability (2014: Nil).

Final Dividend

The Board did not recommend the payment of a final dividend for the year ended 31 December 2015 (2014: Nil).

BUSINESS REVIEW

The Group recorded a turnover of approximately RMB419,706,000 for the year ended 31 December 2015 (2014: RMB333,385,000) due to the continuing growing business in the provision of upgrade and maintenance services for Oracle's database products distributed in the PRC. The Group also provides customised development of applications as a value-added service to customers, and sells self-developed firewall and other software products in the PRC. The newly acquired mobile marketing business has contributed approximately RMB12,407,000 for the current year. Moreover, the net realised and unrealised gain on trading securities for the current year was approximately RMB43,219,000 (2014: RMB18,444,000).

OUTLOOK AND FUTURE BUSINESS STRATEGIES

We have a large client base in the PRC who use Oracle's databases and an experienced technical team which can provide prompt and effective services and develop services.

Apart from our existing software business, the Group acquired a mobile marketing business (the "Acquisition") on 14 May 2015. The Directors consider the Acquisition is in line with the Group's business diversification strategy above and represents an attractive investment opportunity for the Group to further expand and diversify its business portfolio and tap into the mobile marketing industry with growth potential so as to generate diversified income and additional cash flow.

On 12 October 2015, the Group obtained the money lenders licence. The Directors consider it will be beneficial to the Group to explore new opportunities in the money lending business to broaden its source of income and expand the business operations in order to generate profits and return for the Company and the shareholders.

In order to maintain the Group's sustainability and preservation of value over the longer term, the Group will continue to look for suitable business opportunities so as to diversify the Group's business into a new line of business with growth potential and to broaden its source of income that can bring return to the shareholders of the Company.

As disclosed in the Company's announcement dated 25 November 2015, the Group entered into a memorandum of understanding (the "MOU") regarding the possible acquisition of a target company which has certain business operation of intellectual property right in relation to song/music within the PRC (the "Possible Acquisition"). The MOU has an exclusive period of six months. The Possible Acquisition is still in the preliminary stage, further announcement(s) in respect of the Possible Acquisition will be made by the Company as and when appropriate.

FIVE-YEAR SUMMARY AND KEY FINANCIAL RATIOS

SUMMARY OF CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS DATA

For the year ended 31 December

	2015 RMB'000	2014 RMB'000	2013 RMB'000	2012 RMB'000	2011 RMB'000
Turnover	419,706	333,385	181,267	131,995	128,788
Cost of sales	(304,661)	(262,106)	(122,161)	(98,777)	(95,185)
Gross profit	115,045	71,279	59,106	33,218	33,603
Profit/(loss) from continuing operations	13,351	17,979	16,005	(29,923)	16,137
(Loss)/profit from discontinued					
operations	_	_	_	_	(5,214)
Profit/(loss) for the year	13,351	17,979	16,005	(29,923)	10,923
Profit attributable to					
non-controlling interests	5,915	6,507	7,211	_	_
Profit/(loss) for the year attributable to					
equity shareholders of the Company	7,436	11,472	8,794	(29,923)	10,923
Basic and diluted earnings/(losses)					
per share (RMB)					
 from continuing and discontinued 					
operations	0.0029	0.0074	0.0060	(0.0233)	0.01

FIVE-YEAR SUMMARY AND KEY FINANCIAL RATIOS

SUMMARY OF CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION DATA

		At	31 Decembe	r	
	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Non-current assets	275,724	75,043	26,211	28,393	31,520
Current assets	400,309	321,703	198,643	122,076	65,851
Current liabilities	(152,372)	(66,830)	(34,455)	(25,851)	(7,928)
Net current assets	247,937	254,873	164,188	96,225	57,923
Total assets less current liabilities	523,661	329,916	190,399	124,618	89,443
Non-current liabilities	(46)	_	_	_	(59,658)
Net assets	523,615	329,916	190,399	124,618	29,785
Total equity attributable to equity					
shareholders of the Company	445,537	257,761	124,752	124,618	29,785
Non-controlling interests	78,078	72,155	65,647	_	_
Total equity	523,615	329,916	190,399	124,618	29,785

		At	31 December	r	
	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
Duafikala iliku wakia a					
Profitability ratios					
Return on shareholder's equity (Note 1)	3.13%	6.91%	10.16%	(38.76%)	2.95%
Return on assets (Note 2)	2.49%	5.78%	8.53%	(24.15%)	0.64%
Liquidity ratios					
Current ratio (Note 3)	262.72%	481.38%	576.53%	472.23%	830.61%
Receivables turnover days (Note 4)	76.68	67.96	76.31	77.60	53.35
Inventory turnover days (Note 5)	1.31	1.73	4.19	8.67	18.93
Payable turnover days (Note 6)	50.31	31.36	19.48	8.88	12.35
Capital adequacy ratios					
Net gearing ratio (Note 7)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	50.65%

⁽Note 1) Profit(loss) for the year divided by average total equity and multiplied by 100%.

⁽Note 2) Profit(loss) for the year divided by average total assets and multiplied by 100%.

⁽Note 3) Current assets divided by current liabilities and multiplied by 100%.

⁽Note 4) Balance of average trade receivables and bills divided by turnover of the year and multiplied by 365 days.

⁽Note 5) Average inventory balance divided by cost of sales of the year and multiplied by 365 days.

⁽Note 6) Balance of average trade payables and bills divided by cost of sales of the year and multiplied by 365 days.

⁽Note 7) Balance of total borrowings less cash, time deposits and pledged deposits divided by total equity and multiplied by 100%.

The Company is committed to maintain good corporate governance standard and procedures to ensure the integrity, transparency and quality of disclosure in order to enhance the shareholders' value.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

The Company has adopted the code provisions set out in the Corporate Governance Code and Corporate Governance Report ("CG Code") in Appendix 14 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") (the "Listing Rules") as its own code of corporate governance. During the year ended 31 December 2015, the Company was in compliance with all the relevant code provisions set out in the CG Code except for the deviations from code provisions A.4.1, D.1.4 and E.1.2 of the CG Code, which are explained below.

Code provision A.4.1 of the CG Code requires that non-executive directors should be appointed for a specific term and subject to re-election. The term of appointment of Ms. Hu Gin Ing, an independent non-executive Director, expired in year 2013 and thereafter she is not appointed for a specific term, but she is subject to retirement by rotation at least once in every three years in accordance with the articles of association of the Company (the "Articles").

Code provision D.1.4 of the CG Code requires that, the Company should have formal letters of appointment for directors setting out the key terms and conditions of their appointment. The Company did not have formal letters of appointment for Mr. Lam Kai Tai, Mr. Wong Ho Sing and Mr. Kwok Ho On Anthony, executive Directors of the Company, and Ms. Hu Gin Ing, an independent non-executive Director. However, Mr. Lam Kai Tai, Mr. Wong Ho Sing and Mr. Kwok Ho On Anthony are subject to retirement and re-election at the next following annual general meeting of the Company after their appointment and thereafter, together with Ms. Hu Gin Ing, subject to retirement by rotation at least once in every three years in accordance with the Articles. In addition, the Directors have followed the guidelines set out in "A Guide on Directors' Duties" issued by the Companies Registry and "Guidelines for Directors" and "Guide for Independent Non-Executive Directors" (if applicable) published by the Hong Kong Institute of Directors in performing their duties and responsibilities as Directors of the Company. Besides, the Directors actively comply with the requirements under statute and common law, the Listing Rules, legal and other regulatory requirements and the Company's business and governance policies.

Code provision E.1.2 of the CG Code requires that the chairman of the board should attend the annual general meeting. He should also invite the chairmen of the audit, remuneration, nomination committee and any other committees (as appropriate) to attend. Mr. Jia Bowei, the former Chairman, did not attend the 2015 AGM due to his other business engagement.

Save as those mentioned above and in the opinion of the Directors, the Company has met all the relevant code provisions set out in the CG Code during the year ended 31 December 2015.

DIRECTORS' SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") as set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules as the code of conduct regarding securities transactions by the Directors. Having made specific enquiry to all Directors, the Company confirmed that all Directors have complied with the required standard set out in the Model Code throughout the year ended 31 December 2015.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The Board is responsible for the leadership and control of the Company, and is responsible for setting up the overall strategy as well as reviewing the operation and financial performance of the Group. The Board reserved for its decision or consideration matters covering overall Group strategy, major acquisitions and disposals, annual budgets, annual and interim results, recommendations on Directors' appointment or re-appointment, approval of major capital transactions and other significant operational and financial matters. The management was delegated the authority and responsibility by the Board for the daily management of the Group. In addition, the Board has also delegated various responsibilities to the Board committees. Further details of these committees are set out in this report.

The Board currently consists of seven Directors including four executive Directors and three independent non-executive Directors:

Executive Directors

Mr. Lam Kai Tai (Chairman) Mr. Kwok Ho On Anthony

Mr. Wang Jun Mr. Wong Ho Sing

Independent Non-Executive Directors

Mr. Yau Yan Ming Raymond

Ms. Hu Gin Ing Mr. Liu Kam Lung

The Board members have no financial, business, family or other material/relevant relationships with each other. Such balanced Board composition is formed to ensure strong independence exists across the Board. The composition of the Board reflects the balanced skills and experience for effective leadership. The biographical information of the Directors is set out on pages 4 to 6 under the section headed "Biographies of Directors".

Directors' Training

According to the code provision A.6.5 of the CG Code, all directors should participate in continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills to ensure that their contribution to the board remains informed and relevant.

All Directors had participated in continuous professional development and provided a record of training they received for the financial year ended 31 December 2015 to the Company.

The individual training record of each Director received for the year ended 31 December 2015 is set out below:

Attending or participating in seminars/in-house briefing or reading materials relevant to the Group's business/director's duties

Name of Director

Executive Directors

- Mr. Lam Kai Tai (Chairman) (Note 2) ✓
- Mr. Kwok Ho On Anthony (Note 3)– Mr. Wang Jun
- Mr. Wong Ho Sing (Note 2) ✓

Independent Non-executive Directors

- Mr. Yau Yan Ming Raymond ✓
- Ms. Hu Gin Ing ✓
- Mr. Liu Kam Lung (Note 1) ✓

Notes:

- 1. Mr. Liu Kam Lung was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 28 January 2015.
- 2. Mr. Lam Kai Tai and Mr. Wong Ho Sing were both appointed with effect from 1 June 2015.
- 3. Mr. Kwok Ho On Anthony was appointed on 24 July 2015.

Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

The Company has not appointed any person to replace Mr. Lam Kwan Sing as the Chief Executive Officer following his resignation with effect from 1 June 2015.

The Company is in the process of identifying a suitable candidate to assume the role as Chief Executive Officer and further announcement in this regard will be made as and when appropriate. In the meantime, the former role and responsibility of Mr. Lam Kwan Sing as the Chief Executive Officer of the Company would be performed by the existing management of the Group.

Non-executive Directors

The three independent non-executive Directors are persons of high calibre, with academic and professional qualifications in the fields of accounting, finance and law. With their experience gained from various sectors, they provide strong support towards the effective discharge of the duties and responsibilities of the Board. Each independent non-executive Director has given an annual confirmation of his/her independence to the Company, and the Company considers each of them is independent under Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules.

Ms. Hu Gin Ing, an independent non-executive Director, was appointed for a term of one year from 12 March 2011, which was automatically renewable for successive term of one year upon the expiry of the said term. The term of appointment of Ms. Hu expired in year 2013 and thereafter she was not appointed for a specific term, but she is subject to retirement by rotation at least once in every three years in accordance with the Articles.

Mr. Yau Yan Ming Raymond and Mr. Liu Kam Lung, independent non-executive Directors, were appointed for a term of one year from 6 October 2014 and 28 January 2015 respectively, which is automatically renewable for successive term of one year upon the expiry of the said terms. They are also subject to retirement by rotation at least once in every three years in accordance with the Articles.

Board Diversity Policy

The Board has adopted a Board Diversity Policy on 27 August 2013 (the "Policy") which sets out the approach to achieve diversity on the Board. The Company recognises that increasing diversity at the Board level will support the attainment of the Company's strategic objectives and sustainable development. The Company seeks to achieve Board diversity through the consideration of a number of factors, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, ethnicity, professional experience, skills, knowledge and length of service. The Company will also take into consideration its own business model and specific needs from time to time in determining the optimum composition of the Board.

The Board delegated certain duties under the Policy to the Nomination Committee. The Nomination Committee will discuss and review the measurable objectives for implementing the Policy from time to time to ensure their appropriateness and the progress made towards achieving those objectives will be ascertained.

The Nomination Committee will review the Board Diversity Policy, as appropriate, to ensure its continued effectiveness from time to time.

Board Meetings

The Board has four scheduled meetings a year at approximately quarterly interval and additional meetings will be held as and when required. The four scheduled Board meetings for a year are planned in advance. During the regular meetings of the Board, the Board reviewed the operation and financial performance and reviewed and approved the annual and interim results. During the year ended 31 December 2015, the Board held 9 meetings. All Directors were given an opportunity to include any matters in the agenda for regular Board meetings, and were given sufficient time to review documents and information relating to matters to be discussed in Board meetings in advance.

Name of Directors Number of attendance

Executive Directors

- Mr. Jia Bowei (former Chairman) (Note 1)	3/6
- Mr. Lam Kwan Sing (former Chief Executive Officer) (Note 2)	4/4
– Mr. Wang Jun	5/9
– Mr. Lam Kai Tai <i>(Chairman) (Note 3)</i>	5/5
- Mr. Wong Ho Sing (Note 3)	4/5
– Mr. Kwok Ho On Anthony (Note 4)	2/3

Independent Non-executive Directors

- Mr. Yau Yan Ming Raymond	7/9
– Ms. Hu Gin Ing	3/9
- Mr. Liu Kam Lung (Note 5)	9/9
- Mr. Zhang Xiaoman (Note 6)	N/A

Notes:

- Mr. Jia Bowei resigned as an executive Director and ceased to act as the Chairman on 3 July 2015, and six Board meetings were held before his resignation.
- 2. Mr. Lam Kwan Sing resigned as an executive Director and Chief Executive Officer with effect from 1 June 2015, and four Board meetings were held before his resignation.
- Mr. Lam Kai Tai and Mr. Wong Ho Sing were appointed as executive Directors with effect from 1 June 2015, and five Board meetings were held after their appointment. Mr. Lam Kai Tai was appointed as the Chairman on 3 July 2015.
- 4. Mr. Kwok Ho On Anthony was appointed as an executive Director on 24 July 2015, and three Board meetings were held after his appointment.
- 5. Mr. Liu Kam Lung was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 28 January 2015.
- 6. Mr. Zhang Xiaoman resigned as an independent non-executive Director on 28 January 2015, and no Board meeting was held before his resignation.

Board minutes are kept by the Company Secretary and are open for inspection by the Directors. Every Board member is entitled to have access to Board papers and related materials and has unrestricted access to the advice and services of the Company Secretary, and has the liberty to seek external professional advice if so required.

General Meetings

Name of Directors

During the year ended 31 December 2015, four general meetings of the Company were held, being the 2015 annual general meeting ("2015 AGM") and the extraordinary general meetings held on 12 May 2015, 6 August 2015 and 14 September 2015 respectively.

Number of attendance

4/4

N/A

Executive Directors - Mr. Jia Bowei (former Chairman) (Note 1) 0/2- Mr. Lam Kwan Sing (former Chief Executive Officer) (Note 2) 2/2 - Mr. Wang Jun 2/4 1/2 - Mr. Lam Kai Tai (Chairman) (Note 3) 2/2 - Mr. Wong Ho Sing (Note 3) - Mr. Kwok Ho On Anthony (Note 4) 1/2 Independent Non-executive Directors - Mr. Yau Yan Ming Raymond 4/4 - Ms. Hu Gin Ing 0/4

Notes:

Mr. Liu Kam Lung (Note 5)Mr. Zhang Xiaoman (Note 6)

- 1. Mr. Jia Bowei resigned as an executive Director and ceased to act as the Chairman on 3 July 2015, and two general meetings were held before his resignation.
- 2. Mr. Lam Kwan Sing resigned as an executive Director and Chief Executive Officer with effect from 1 June 2015, and two general meetings were held before his resignation.
- 3. Mr. Lam Kai Tai and Mr. Wong Ho Sing were appointed as executive Directors with effect from 1 June 2015, and two general meetings were held after their appointment. Mr. Lam Kai Tai was appointed as the Chairman on 3 July 2015.
- 4. Mr. Kwok Ho On Anthony was appointed as an executive Director on 24 July 2015, and two general meetings were held after his appointment.
- 5. Mr. Liu Kam Lung was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 28 January 2015.
- 6. Mr. Zhang Xiaoman resigned as an independent non-executive Director on 28 January 2015, and no general meeting was held before his resignation.

The Board is responsible for maintaining an on-going dialogue with shareholders and in particular, uses annual general meetings or other general meetings to communicate with them and encourage their participation.

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

In considering the nomination of new Directors, the Board will take into account the qualification, ability, working experience, leadership and professional ethics of the candidates. The Company established the Nomination Committee with written terms of reference on 18 December 2006 and currently consists of three independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Yau Yan Ming Raymond (as chairman), Ms. Hu Gin Ing and Mr. Liu Kam Lung, and one executive Director, namely Mr. Lam Kai Tai.

The terms of reference of the Nomination Committee is currently made available on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company. Terms of reference of the Nomination Committee are aligned with the code provisions set out in the CG Code.

The function of the Nomination Committee are to review and monitor the structure, size and diversity (including without limitation, gender, age, cultural and educational background, ethnicity, professional experience, skills, knowledge and length of service) of the Board and made recommendations on any proposed changes to the Board to complement the Company's corporate strategy; to identify qualified individuals to become members of the Board; to assess the independence of the independent non-executive Directors; to review the Policy, and review the measurable objectives that the Board has set for implementing the Policy, and the progress on achieving the objective; and to make recommendations to the Board on the appointment or re-appointment of Directors and succession planning for Directors, in particular the Chairman and the Chief Executive Officer.

During the year ended 31 December 2015, the Nomination Committee held only one meeting to assess the independence of the independent non-executive Directors; to consider the re-election of Directors; and to review the composition of the Board.

Number of attendance - Mr. Yau Yan Ming Raymond (chairman) - Mr. Lam Kwan Sing (Note 1) - Ms. Hu Gin Ing - Mr. Zhang Xiaoman (Note 2) - Mr. Liu Kam Lung (Note 3) - Mr. Lam Kai Tai (Note 4)

Notes:

- 1. Mr. Lam Kwan Sing ceased to act as a member with effect from 1 June 2015, and one meeting was held before his resignation.
- 2. Mr. Zhang Xiaoman ceased to act as a member on 28 January 2015, and no meeting was held before his resignation.
- 3. Mr. Liu Kam Lung was appointed as a member on 28 January 2015.
- 4. Mr. Lam Kai Tai was appointed as a member with effect from 1 June 2015, and no meeting was held after his appointment.

During the year ended 31 December 2015, apart from the meeting held for the above, the Nomination Committee by passing of written resolutions made recommendation to the Board on the appointment of Director(s).

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

The Company established the Remuneration Committee with written terms of reference on 18 December 2006 and currently consists of three independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Yau Yan Ming Raymond (as chairman), Ms. Hu Gin Ing and Mr. Liu Kam Lung, and one executive Director, namely Mr. Lam Kai Tai.

The terms of reference of the Remuneration Committee is currently made available on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company. Terms of reference of the Remuneration Committee are aligned with the code provisions set out in the CG Code.

The functions of the Remuneration Committee are to make recommendations to the Board on the Company's policy and structure on the remuneration packages for all Directors' and senior management remuneration and on the establishment of a formal and transparent procedure for developing remuneration policy.

During the year ended 31 December 2015, the Remuneration Committee held only one meeting to review the remuneration of Directors and senior management.

Name of Members	Number of attendance
- Mr. Yau Yan Ming Raymond (chairman)	1/1
- Mr. Lam Kwan Sing (Note 1)	1/1
– Ms. Hu Gin Ing	1/1
- Mr. Zhang Xiaoman (Note 2)	N/A
- Mr. Liu Kam Lung (Note 3)	1/1
– Mr. Lam Kai Tai (Note 4)	N/A

Notes:

- 1. Mr. Lam Kwan Sing ceased to act as a member with effect from 1 June 2015, and one meeting was held before his resignation.
- 2. Mr. Zhang Xiaoman ceased to act as a member on 28 January 2015, and no meeting was held before his resignation.
- 3. Mr. Liu Kam Lung was appointed as a member on 28 January 2015.
- 4. Mr. Lam Kai Tai was appointed as a member with effect from 1 June 2015, and no meeting was held after his appointment.

During the year ended 31 December 2015, apart from the meeting held for the above, the Remuneration Committee by passing of written resolutions made recommendation to the Board on the remuneration of new Director(s).

The emoluments payable to Directors and senior management depend on their respective contractual terms under the employment agreements, if any, and is fixed by the Board with reference to the recommendation of the Remuneration Committee, the performance of the Group and the prevailing market conditions. Details of the remuneration of the Directors and senior management are set out in note 8 to the consolidated financial statements.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Company established the Audit Committee with written terms of reference on 18 December 2006 and currently consists of three independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Yau Yan Ming Raymond (as chairman), Ms. Hu Gin Ing and Mr. Liu Kam Lung.

The terms of reference of the Audit Committee is currently made available on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company. Terms of reference of the Audit Committee are aligned with the code provisions set out in the CG Code. The terms of reference of the Audit Committee has been revised on 29 December 2015 to be in line with the revised Corporate Governance Code effective for the financial year started from 1 January 2016.

The Audit Committee is mainly responsible for making recommendations to the Board on the appointment, reappointment and removal of the external auditor and to approve the remuneration and terms of engagement of the external auditor, and any questions of resignation or dismissal of such auditor; reviewing the interim and annual reports and financial statements of the Group; and overseeing the Company's financial reporting system including the adequacy of resources, qualifications and experience of staff in charge of the Company's financial reporting function and their training arrangement and budget, and risk management and internal control systems.

The Audit Committee meets the external auditor regularly to discuss any area of concern during the audit. The Audit Committee reviews the interim and annual reports before submission to the Board. The Audit Committee focuses not only on the impact of the changes in accounting policies and practices but also on the compliance with accounting standards, the Listing Rules and the legal requirements in the review of the Company's interim and annual report.

During the year ended 31 December 2015, the Audit Committee held 2 meetings. Each committee meeting has been supplied with necessary financial information of the Group for members to consider, review and access significant issues arising from the work conducted.

Name of Members Number of attendance

- Mr. Yau Yan Ming Raymond (chairman)	2/2
– Ms. Hu Gin Ing	2/2
- Mr. Zhang Xiaoman (Note 1)	N/A
- Mr. Liu Kam Lung (Note 2)	2/2

Notes:

- 1. Mr. Zhang Xiaoman ceased to act as a member on 28 January 2015, and no meeting was held before his resignation.
- 2. Mr. Liu Kam Lung was appointed as a member on 28 January 2015.

During the year ended 31 December 2015, the Audit Committee reviewed the annual and interim results of the Group, which were in the opinion of the Audit Committee that the preparation of such results complied with the applicable accounting standards and the Listing Rules.

The Audit Committee noted the existing internal control system of the Group and also noted that review of the same will be carried out on an on-going basis.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE COMMITTEE

The Company established the corporate government committee (the "CG Committee") with written terms of reference on 16 March 2012 and currently consists of three executive Directors, namely Mr. Lam Kai Tai (as Chairman), Mr. Wong Ho Sing and Mr. Wang Jun.

Terms of reference adopted by the CG Committee is aligned with the code provisions set out in the CG Code. The functions of the CG Committee are to develop and review the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance to comply with the CG Code and other legal or regulatory requirements and make recommendations to the Board; to oversee the Company's orientation program for new Director; to review and monitor the training and continuous professional development of Directors and senior management; to develop, review and monitor the code of conduct and compliance manual (if any) applicable to employees and Directors; and to review the Company's disclosure in the Corporate Governance Report.

During the year ended 31 December 2015, the CG Committee held only one meeting to review the training and continuous professional development of Directors; and to review the Company's compliance with the CG Code.

Number of attendance

- Mr. Jia Bowei (former Chairman) (Note 1)

- Mr. Lam Kwan Sing (Note 2)

- Mr. Wang Jun

- Mr. Lam Kai Tai (Chairman) (Note 3)

- Mr. Wong Ho Sing (Note 3)

Notes:

- 1. Mr. Jia Bowei ceased to act as the Chairman on 3 July 2015, and one meeting was held before his resignation.
- 2. Mr. Lam Kwan Sing ceased to act as a member with effect from 1 June 2015, and one meeting was held before his resignation.
- 3. Mr. Lam Kai Tai and Mr. Wong Ho Sing were appointed as members with effect from 1 June 2015, and no meeting was held after their appointment.

INVESTMENT COMMITTEE

The Company established an investment committee (the "Investment Committee") with written terms of reference on 2 April 2012 and currently consists of three executive Directors, namely Mr. Lam Kai Tai, Mr. Kwok Ho On Anthony and Mr. Wong Ho Sing.

The Board adopted a revised terms of reference of the Investment Committee on 24 July 2015. The functions of the Investment Committee are to set investment policies in compliance with the Listing Rules and make all investment decisions based on reports, advices and recommendations from professional financial advisers in accordance with the Group's investment objectives and policies and to address and deal with such other matters relating to investments as directed by the Board from time to time.

During the year ended 31 December 2015 and after the adoption of its revised terms of reference, the Investment Committee members meet monthly to review the listed equity securities portfolio held by the Group.

AUDITORS' REMUNERATION

During 2015, the fees paid to the Company's external auditors for providing audit and non-audit services (mainly included interim review and acting as reporting accountants in connection with the major transaction) were approximately RMB722,000 and RMB1,083,000 respectively.

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. Ng Wing Ching ("Mr. Ng") was appointed as the company secretary of the Company on 3 August 2015.

According to the requirements of Rule 3.29 of the Listing Rules, Mr. Ng has taken not less than 15 hours of relevant professional training during the financial year ended 31 December 2015.

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

The general meetings of the Company provide an opportunity for communication between the shareholders and the Board. An annual general meeting of the Company shall be held in each year and at the place as may be determined by the Board. Each general meeting, other than an annual general meeting, shall be called an extraordinary general meeting.

SHAREHOLDERS TO CONVENE AN EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING

Shareholders may convene an extraordinary general meeting of the Company according to the provisions as set out in the Articles and the Companies Law (2013 Revision) of the Cayman Islands. The procedures shareholders can use to convene an extraordinary general meeting are set out in the document entitled "Procedures for a Shareholder to Propose a Person for Election as a Director", which is currently available on the Company's website.

PUTTING ENQUIRIES BY SHAREHOLDERS TO THE BOARD

Shareholders may send written enquiries to the Company for the attention of the Company Secretary at the Company's principal place of business in Hong Kong.

VOTING BY POLL

Pursuant to Rule 13.39(4) of the Listing Rules, any vote of shareholders at a general meeting must be taken by poll except where the chairman, in good faith, decides to allow a resolution which relates purely to a procedural or administrative matter to be voted on by a show of hands. As such, all the resolutions to be set out in the notice of the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company will be vote by poll.

INVESTOR RELATIONS

The Company is committed to a policy of open and regular communication and reasonable disclosure of information to its shareholders.

Information of the Company is disseminated to the shareholders in the following manner:

- Delivery of annual and interim results and reports to all shareholders;
- Publication of announcements on the annual and interim results on the Stock Exchange website, and issue of
 other announcements and shareholders' circulars in accordance with the continuing disclosure obligations under
 the Listing Rules; and
- The general meeting of the Company is also an effective communication channel between the Board and shareholders.

Mr. Yau Yan Ming Raymond, the chairman of each of the Audit Committee, the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee, attended the 2015 AGM to answer questions of the meeting and collect views of Shareholders.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Board acknowledges its responsibility to prepare the Company's consolidated financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group and the Company and of the results and cash flows of the Group for that year. In preparing the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2015, the Board has selected suitable accounting policies and applied them consistently; made judgements and estimates that are prudent, fair and reasonable and prepared the accounts on a going concern basis.

The Directors are responsible for taking all reasonable and necessary steps to safeguard the assets of the Group and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

The Directors, having made appropriate enquiries, consider that the Group has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future and that, for this reason, it is appropriate to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the consolidated financial statements.

INTERNAL CONTROL

Management had implemented a system of internal control to provide reasonable assurance that the Group's assets are safeguarded, proper accounting records are maintained, appropriate legislation and regulations are complied with, reliable financial information are provided for management and publication purpose and investment and business risks affecting the Group are identified and managed.

During the year ended 31 December 2015, the Board has conducted a review of the system of internal control to ensure the effectiveness and adequacy of the system. The Board shall conduct such review on an on-going basis.

CONSTITUTIONAL DOCUMENTS

There is no change in the Company's constitutional documents during the year ended 31 December 2015.

The Board of Directors has pleasure in presenting their report together with the audited consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2015.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding. The principal activities of the Company's subsidiaries are set out in note 15 to the consolidated financial statements.

BUSINESS REVIEW

"Management Discussion and Analysis" on page 7 to 10 and "Five-Year Summary and Key Financial Ratios" on page 11 to 12 form part of this director's report.

Principal Risks and Uncertainties Facing the Company

The Group's business and profitability growth in the year under review is affected by the volatility and uncertainty of macro-economic conditions in the PRC and Hong Kong.

The Group's business is also exposure to credit, liquidity, interest rate, foreign currency and equity price risks. An analysis of the Group's financial risk management is provided in note 32 to the financial statements.

Environmental Policies and Performance

The Group recognizes its responsibility to protect the environment from its business activities. The Group continually seeks to identify and manage environmental impacts attributable from our operational activities in order to minimize these impacts if possible.

Compliance with the Relevant Laws and Regulations

During the year ended 31 December 2015 and up to the date of this report, as far as the Company is aware, there was no material breach of or non-compliance with applicable laws and regulations by the Group that has a significant impact on our business and operation.

Key relationships with Employees, Customers and Suppliers

The Group understands the importance of maintaining a good relationship with its employees, customers and suppliers to meet its immediate and long-term business goals. During the year ended 31 December 2015, there no material and significant dispute between the Group and its employees, customers and suppliers.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The results of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2015 and the state of the Company's and the Group's affairs as at that date are set out in the consolidated financial statements on pages 38 to 100.

DIVIDENDS

The Board did not recommend the payment of a final dividend for the year ended 31 December 2015 (2014: Nil).

CLOSURE OF REGISTER OF MEMBERS

For the purpose of determining the identity of the shareholders of the Company entitled to attend and vote at the annual general meeting of the Company to be held on Thursday, 26 May 2016 ("2016 AGM"), the register of members of the Company will be closed from Wednesday, 25 May 2016 to Thursday, 26 May 2016, both days inclusive, during which period no transfer of shares will be effected. All transfers accompanied by the relevant share certificates must be lodged with the Company's branch share registrar in Hong Kong, Union Registrars Limited at Suites 3301-04, 33/F., Two Chinachem Exchange Square, 338 King's Road, North Point, Hong Kong for registration not later than 4:30 p.m. on Tuesday, 24 May 2016.

DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES

At 31 December 2015, the aggregate amount of reserves available for distribution to equity shareholders of the Company was approximately RMB310,552,000 (2014: RMB212,214,000).

SHARE CAPITAL

On 6 August 2015, the Company passed an ordinary resolution to increase its authorised share capital from HK\$30,000,000 divided into 3,000,000,000 ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each to HK\$1,000,000,000 divided into 100,000,000,000 shares of HK\$0.01 each by the creation of an additional 97,000,000,000 new Shares.

Other details of the movements in the share capital during the year are set out in note 27 to the consolidated financial statements.

SHARES ISSUED

During the year, the Company has issued shares with details as follows:

- On 14 May 2015, 307,692,307 new ordinary shares at the agreed issue price of HK\$0.13 per share were allotted and issued as part of consideration (HK\$200,000,000) pursuant to the sale and purchase agreement dated 16 February 2015; and
- 2. On 17 June 2015, an aggregate of 483,700,000 ordinary shares were allotted and issued at HK\$0.25 per share pursuant to the placing agreement dated 28 May 2015. The net price raised per share was approximately HK\$0.242.

DEBENTURES ISSUED

Promissory notes in the principal amount of HK\$160,000,000 was issued to Gloss Rise Limited on 14 May 2015 upon completion of the acquisition agreement dated 16 February 2015 entered into among the Company, Mr. Chu Wai Kit and Gloss Rise Limited in relation to the acquisition of the entire issued share capital of Gravitas Group Limited from Mr. Chu Wai Kit (to the extent of 20%) and Gloss Rise Limited (to the extent of 80%). Part of the promissory notes in the principal amount of HK\$110,000,000 was repaid on 17 June 2015.

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Company's Articles or the laws of the Cayman Islands, being the jurisdiction in which the Company was incorporated, which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro rata basis to existing shareholders of the Company.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF LISTED SECURITIES OF THE COMPANY

During the year ended 31 December 2015, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities.

GROUP FINANCIAL SUMMARY

A summary of the results and the assets and liabilities of the Group for the past five financial years is set out on pages 11 and 12 of this report.

CHARITABLE DONATIONS

During the year, the Group did not have charitable donation (2014: Nil).

FIXED ASSETS

Details of movements in fixed assets are set out in note 13 to the consolidated financial statements.

DIRECTORS

The list of Directors of the Company during the year and up to the date of this annual report is set out below:

Executive Directors

- Mr. Jia Bowei (resigned on 3 July 2015)

- Mr. Lam Kwan Sing (resigned with effect from 1 June 2015)

- Mr. Wang Jun

- Mr. Lam Kai Tai *(Chairman)* (appointed with effect from 1 June 2015)

- Mr. Wong Ho Sing (appointed with effect from 1 June 2015)

- Mr. Kwok Ho On Anthony (appointed on 24 July 2015)

Independent Non-executive Directors

- Mr. Yau Yan Ming Raymond

- Mr. Liu Kam Lung (appointed on 28 January 2015)

- Ms. Hu Gin Ing

- Mr. Zhang Xiaoman (resigned on 28 January 2015)

In accordance with the Article 86(3) of the Articles, Mr. Lam Kai Tai, Mr. Wong Ho Sing and Mr. Kwok Ho On Anthony, being Directors appointed after the 2015 annual general meeting of the Company, shall retire from office as Directors and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election at the 2016 AGM.

In accordance with Article 87 of the Articles, Mr. Yau Yan Ming Raymond and Mr. Liu Kam Lung shall retire from office as Directors by rotation and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election at the 2016 AGM.

DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

Mr. Lam Kai Tai, Mr. Kwok Ho On Anthony and Mr. Wong Ho Sing, all being executive Directors, did not enter into any service contract with the Company. They are subject to retirement and re-election at the next following annual general meeting of the Company after their appointment and thereafter subject to retirement by rotation and re-election at least once in every three years in accordance with the Articles.

Mr. Wang Jun, an executive Director, entered into a service agreement with the Company on 24 January 2014 for a term of three years commencing from 24 January 2014. He is subject to retirement by rotation and re-election at least once in every three years in accordance with the Articles. The appointment of Mr. Wang can be terminated by one month's advance notice in writing by either party.

Ms. Hu Gin Ing, an independent non-executive Director, signed an appointment letter issued the Company on 11 March 2011 for an initial term of one year commenced on 12 March 2011, which was automatically renewable for successive term of one year upon the expiry of the said term. The terms of appointment of Ms. Hu expired in year 2013, and thereafter she is not appointed for a specific term. Ms. Hu is subject to retirement by rotation at least once in every three years in accordance with the Articles.

Mr. Yau Yan Ming Raymond, an independent non-executive Director, signed an appointment letter issued by the Company on 6 October 2014 for an initial term of one year commencing on 6 October 2014, which is automatically renewable for successive term of one year upon the expiry of the said term. The appointment of Mr. Yau can be terminated by one month's advance notice in writing by either party. Mr. Yau is subject to retirement by rotation and re-election at least once in every three years in accordance with the Articles.

Mr. Liu Kam Lung, an independent non-executive Director, signed an appointment letter issued by the Company on 28 January 2015 for an initial term of one year commencing on 28 January 2015, which is automatically renewable for successive term of one year upon the expiry of the said term. The appointment of Mr. Liu can be terminated by one month's advance notice in writing by either party. Mr. Liu is subject to retirement by rotation and re-election at least once in every three years in accordance with the Articles.

None of the Directors who are proposed for re-election at the 2016 AGM has a service contract with the Company which is not determinable within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

CONFIRMATION OF INDEPENDENCE

The Company has received from each of the independent non-executive Directors an annual confirmation of independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Company considers that all of the independent non-executive Directors are independent.

EQUITY-LINKED AGREEMENTS

Save for the share option scheme of the Company as set out below, other equity-linked agreement entered into by the Group during the year or subsisting at the end of the year are set out in the subsection headed "Capital Structure" under section headed "Management Discussion and Analysis" and also note 27 to the financial statements.

SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The Company has approved the adoption of the Share Option Scheme (the "Scheme") on 18 December 2006. Pursuant to the Scheme, the Board may, at its discretion, grant options to any directors or eligible parties (as defined in the Scheme) for subscription of the Company's shares as incentive to retain talents in the Group. The Company has not granted any option since adoption of the Scheme.

The principal terms of the Scheme are summarised as follows:

- (1) The maximum number of shares in respect of which options may be granted under the Scheme and any other share option scheme of the Company shall not exceed 10% in the nominal value of the aggregate of shares in issue on 11 January 2007, i.e. the date of listing of the shares of the Stock Exchange, being 60,000,000 shares, unless the Company obtains a fresh approval from the shareholders, and which must not in aggregate exceed 30% of the shares in issue from time to time.
 - As at the date of this report, the total number of shares available for issue under the Scheme is 60,000,000 shares, which represents 2.07% of the existing issued shares.
- (2) The total number of shares which may fall to be issued upon exercise of the options granted under the Scheme and any other share option schemes of the Company to each grantee in any 12-month period shall not exceed 1% of the shares in issue for the time being.
- (3) The subscription price shall be determined by the Board in its absolute discretion, but in any event shall not be less than the higher of (i) the closing price of the share as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheets on the date of grant, which must be a business day; (ii) the average closing price of the shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheets for the five business days immediately preceding the date of grant; and (iii) the nominal value of a share.
- (4) An option may be exercised in accordance with the terms of the Scheme at any time after the date the option is deemed to be granted and accepted and prior to the expiry of 10 years from that date. The period during which an option may exercise will be determined by the Board in its absolute discretion, save that no option may be exercised more than 10 years after it has been granted.
- (5) Upon acceptance of the option, the grantee shall pay HK\$1.00 to the Company by way of consideration for the grant.
- (6) Subject to earlier termination by the Company in general meeting or by the Board, the Scheme shall be valid and effective for a period of 10 years from the date of its adoption, i.e. 18 December 2006.

Details of the Scheme are set out in the Prospectus of the Company dated 28 December 2006.

DIRECTORS' RIGHTS TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

Save as disclosed above, at no time during the year was the Company or any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangements to enable the Directors to acquire such rights in any other body corporate.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS OR CONTRACTS

No significant transaction, arrangements and contracts in relation to the Group's business to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries was a party, and in which a Director of the Company had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly subsisted at the year-end or at any time during the year.

MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

No contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company were entered into or existed during the year.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN SHARES

As at 31 December 2015, none of the Directors or chief executives of the Company has any interests or short positions in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any associated corporation (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Chapter 571, Laws of Hong Kong) ("SFO")) which were notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests or short positions which they are taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO), or which were required, pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, to be entered in the register referred to therein, or which were required, pursuant to the Model Code as set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules.

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS INTERESTS IN SHARES

As at 31 December 2015, so far as is known to any Director or chief executive of the Company, the following persons (other than the Directors or chief executives of the Company) had an interest or short position in the shares or underlying shares of the Company which would fall to be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO, or who is, directly or indirectly to be interested in 5% or more of the nominal value of any class of share capital carrying rights to vote in all circumstances at general meetings of any other member of the Group:

1. Aggregate long position in the shares and underlying shares of the Company

Name	Nature of interest	Number of ordinary shares of the Company held	Approximate percentage of the Company's issued share capital
Affluent Start Holdings Investment Limited ("Affluent Start") (Note)	Beneficial owner	604,355,000	20.82
King Pak Fu ("Mr. King") (Note)	Interest of controlled corporation	604,355,000	20.82

Note: The entire issued share capital of Affluent Start is beneficially owned by Mr. King. Therefore, Mr. King is deemed to be interested in these 604,355,000 ordinary shares of the Company ("Share(s)") held by Affluent Start.

2. Aggregate short position in the shares and underlying shares of the Company

As at 31 December 2015, the Company had not been notified of any short positions being held by any substantial shareholders in the shares or underlying shares of the Company.

Save as disclosed above, no other parties were recorded in the register of the Company required to be kept under section 336 of the SFO as having interests or short positions in the shares or underlying shares of the Company as at 31 December 2015.

MODEL CODE FOR SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS BY DIRECTORS

The Company has adopted the Model Code as set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules as the code of conduct regarding securities transactions by the Directors. Having made specific enquiry to all Directors, the Company confirmed that all Directors have complied with the required standard set out in the Model Code throughout the year ended 31 December 2015.

SUBSIDIARIES

Particulars of the subsidiaries of the Company as at 31 December 2015 are set out in note 15 to the consolidated financial statements.

BORROWINGS

Particulars of borrowings of the Group as at 31 December 2015 are set out in note 25 to the consolidated financial statements.

DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS

Details of the remuneration of the Directors for year 2015 are set out in note 8 to the consolidated financial statements.

PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISION

The Company has arranged for appropriate insurance cover for Director's and officers' liabilities in respect of legal actions against its Directors and senior management arising out of corporate activities. The permitted indemnity provision is in force for the benefit of the Directors as required by section 470 of the Companies Ordinance (Chapter 622, Laws of Hong Kong) when the Report of the Board of the Directors prepared by the Directors is approved in accordance with section 391(1)(a) of the Companies Ordinance (Chapter 622, Laws of Hong Kong).

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

Contracts with the Group's five largest suppliers combined by value, accounted for 80% in value of total purchases during the year ended 31 December 2015, while contracts with the Group's largest supplier by value, accounted for 74% in value of total purchases during the year ended 31 December 2015. Aggregate sales attributable to the Group's five largest customers were less than 19% of total turnover during the year ended 31 December 2015.

Save as disclosed above, none of the Directors, their associates or any other shareholder (which to the knowledge of the Directors owns more than 5% of the Company's share capital) had an interest in the major suppliers or customers noted above.

HUMAN RESOURCES AND STAFF REMUNERATION

The Group has a dedicated management team with extensive experience and extensive service, and has a technological talent team with high technological standard and abundant practicable experience. They are the force for the rapid growth and expansion of the Group since its establishment.

For the year ended 31 December 2015, total staff cost for the year was approximately RMB43,016,000, of which contributions to defined contribution retirement schemes were approximately RMB4,028,000. The Group has been able to retain and motivate outstanding technological and management talents through remuneration at a competitive level, as well as training and development plans.

The Company's subsidiaries in the PRC provide retirement, medical, employment injury, unemployment and maternity benefits to its employees in accordance with a state-managed social welfare scheme operated by the local government of the PRC, and the relevant PRC rules and regulations. At the same time, the employees of the Company's subsidiaries in the PRC are members of a long-term dormitory provident fund scheme operated by the local government of the PRC. According to the scheme, the Group provides dormitory provident fund to the employees in the PRC in accordance with the relevant PRC rules and regulations.

Certain executive Directors and members of the senior management of the Group, being non-PRC citizens, may elect not to participate in the state-managed social welfare scheme operated by the local government of the PRC. If there is any change in the PRC rules and regulations with respect to the retirement scheme upon which the Group is required to contribute to the social welfare scheme for non-PRC citizens, the Group shall comply with such new rules and regulations within the time limit prescribed by the relevant authorities.

PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors, the Company has maintained a sufficient public float as required under the Listing Rules during the year and up to the date of this report.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Company established the Audit Committee on 18 December 2006 with written terms of reference in compliance with the CG Code. The terms of reference of the Audit Committee has been revised on 29 December 2015 to be in line with the revised Corporate Governance Code effective for the financial year started from 1 January 2016. The primary duties of the Audit Committee during the year 2015 were to review and supervise the financial reporting process and internal control system of the Group. The Audit Committee comprises three independent non-executive Directors, Mr. Yau Yan Ming Raymond (as chairman), Ms. Hu Gin Ing and Mr. Liu Kam Lung.

The Audit Committee has reviewed the audited financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2015.

AUDITORS

HLB Hodgson Impey Cheng Limited have acted as auditors of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2015. The Company has not changed its external auditor during the past three years.

A resolution will be submitted to the 2016 AGM to re-appoint HLB Hodgson Impey Cheng Limited as auditors of the Company.

On behalf of the Board

Enterprise Development Holdings Limited Lam Kai Tai

Chairman

Hong Kong, 31 March 2016

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT



31/F, Gloucester Tower The Landmark 11 Pedder Street Central Hong Kong

TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF ENTERPRISE DEVELOPMENT HOLDINGS LIMITED

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Enterprise Development Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") set out on pages 38 to 100, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2015, the consolidated statement of profit or loss, the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards issued by the International Accounting Standards Board and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

AUDITORS' RESPONSIBILITY

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit and to report our opinion solely to you, as a body, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

OPINION

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2015 and of the Group's financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

HLB Hodgson Impey Cheng Limited

Certified Public Accountants

Hui Chun Keung, David

Practising Certificate Number: P05447

Hong Kong, 31 March 2016

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS

For the year ended 31 December 2015

	Notes	2015 RMB'000	2014 RMB'000
Turnover Cost of sales	3	419,706 (304,661)	333,385 (262,106)
Gross profit		115,045	71,279
Other revenue Other net losses Distribution expenses General and administrative expenses Other operating expenses	<i>4</i> 5	2,487 (4,204) (26,475) (67,717) (144)	66 - (20,632) (28,074) (49)
Profit from operations Finance costs	6(i)	18,992 (2,600)	22,590 (868)
Profit before taxation Income tax expense	6 7	16,392 (3,041)	21,722 (3,743)
Profit for the year	10	13,351	17,979
Attributable to: Equity shareholders of the Company Non-controlling interests Profit for the year		7,436 5,915 13,351	11,472 6,507 17,979
Basic and diluted earnings per share (RMB)	12	0.0029	0.0074

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For the year ended 31 December 2015

	2015 RMB'000	2014 RMB'000
Profit for the year	13,351	17,979
Other comprehensive income for the year (after tax) Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss: Reclassification adjustment for exchange reserve released upon disposal		
of a subsidiary Exchange difference on translation of financial statements of overseas operations	145	- 291
Total comprehensive income for the year	32,604	18,270
Attributable to: Equity shareholders of the Company Non-controlling interests	26,681 5,923	11,762 6,508
Total comprehensive income for the year	32,604	18,270

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

As at 31 December 2015

	Notes	2015 RMB'000	2014 RMB'000
Non-current assets Property, plant and equipment Intangible assets Goodwill Available-for-sale securities Pledged bank deposits Deferred tax assets	13 14 16 17 22 26	3,140 2,815 213,646 52,689 3,054 380	1,819 2,815 19,541 49,788 734 346
		275,724	75,043
Current assets Inventories Trade and other receivables Amounts due from non-controlling interests Trading securities Cash and cash equivalents	18 19 20 21 22	954 199,521 - 118,031 81,803	1,239 192,434 393 70,136 57,501
		400,309	321,703
Current liabilities Trade and other payables Promissory notes Borrowings Current taxation	23 24 25 7	100,162 42,147 6,317 3,746	51,230 - 11,321 4,279
		152,372	66,830
Net current assets		247,937	254,873
Total assets less current liabilities		523,661	329,916
Non-current liabilities Deferred tax liabilities	26	46	-
		46	_
Net assets		523,615	329,916
Capital and reserves Share capital Reserves	27(a) 27(b)	24,414 421,123	18,194 239,567
Total equity attributable to equity shareholders of the Company Non-controlling interests		445,537 78,078	257,761 72,155
Total equity		523,615	329,916

Approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 31 March 2016.

Lam Kai Tai

Wong Ho Sing

Director

Director

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

For the year ended 31 December 2015

Attributable to equity shareholders of the Company

·	Share capital RMB'000 27(a)	Share premium RMB'000 27(b)(i)	Other reserve RMB'000	PRC statutory reserve RMB'000 27(b)(ii)	Exchange reserve RMB'000 27(b)(iii)	Accumulated losses)/ Retained profits RMB'000	Total RMB'000	Non- controlling interests RMB'000	Total equity RMB'000
Balance at 1 January 2014	13,109	128,032	(8,440)	2,959	101	(11,009)	124,752	65,647	190,399
Change in equity for 2014 Profit for the year Other comprehensive income	- -	- -	- -	- -	- 290	11,472 -	11,472 290	6,507 1	17,979 291
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-	-	290	11,472	11,762	6,508	18,270
Shares issued Shares issue expenses Transfer from retained profits	5,085 - -	119,247 (3,085)	- - -	- - 303	- - -	- - (303)	124,332 (3,085)	- - -	124,332 (3,085)
Balance at 31 December 2014 and 1 January 2015	18,194	244,194	(8,440)	3,262	391	160	257,761	72,155	329,916
Change in equity for 2015 Profit for the year Other comprehensive income			-	-	- 19,245	7,436 -	7,436 19,245	5,915 8	13,351 19,253
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-	-	19,245	7,436	26,681	5,923	32,604
Shares issued by way of placing Shares issue expenses Transfer from retained profits Shares issued as consideration of	3,804 - -	91,303 (2,860) -	:	- - 231		- - (231)	95,107 (2,860) -	- - -	95,107 (2,860) -
acquisition of subsidiaries Balance at 31 December 2015	2,416	399,069	(8,440)	3,493	19,636	7,365	68,848 445,537	78,078	68,848 523,615

CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT

For the year ended 31 December 2015

	Notes	2015 RMB'000	2014 RMB'000
Operating activities			
Profit before taxation		16,392	21,722
Adjustments for:			
- Depreciation		1,651	1,167
 Amortisation of intangible assets 		-	1,332
 Impairment loss on trade receivables 		73	-
- Impairment loss on loan receivables		110	-
- Interest income		(71)	(63)
 Net (gain)/losses on disposal of property, plant and equipment 		(193)	40
 Net exchange losses 		254	_
- Gain on bargain purchase		(348)	_
- Gain on disposal of a subsidiary		(1,361)	_
- Finance costs		2,600	868
 Loss on early redemption of promissory notes 		3,950	-
Changes in working capital:			
Decrease in inventories		285	_
Increase in trading securities		(41,957)	(41,346)
Increase in amounts due from non-controlling interests		393	(393)
Decrease/(increase) in trade and other receivables		7,049	(73,157)
Increase in trade and other payables		45,763	26,807
Cash generated from/(used in) operations		34,590	(63,023)
PRC income taxes paid		(4,950)	(4,433)
Net cash generated from/(used in) operating activities		29,640	(67,456)
Investing activities			
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment		(2,392)	(849)
Acquisition of subsidiaries		447	_
Payment for purchase of available-for-sale securities		_	(49,788
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment		293	2
Increase in pledged bank deposits		(2,320)	(734)
Interest received		71	63
Net cash used in investing activities		(3,901)	(51,306)

CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT

For the year ended 31 December 2015

Notes	2015 RMB'000	2014 RMB'000
Financing activities		
Proceeds from new borrowings Repayment of borrowings Repayment of finance leases Repayment of promissory notes Finance costs paid Proceeds from issue of new shares	4,000 (10,710) (283) (88,713) (693) 95,107	20,190 (14,000) - - (804) 124,332
Payment of transaction costs on issue of new shares Net cash (used in)/generated from financing activities	(2,860)	(3,085)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	21,587	7,871
Cash and cash equivalents at 1 January	57,501	49,337
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes	2,715	293
Cash and cash equivalents at 31 December 22	81,803	57,501

For the year ended 31 December 2015

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Enterprise Development Holdings Limited ("the Company") is a company incorporated in the Cayman Islands as an exempted company with limited liability on 20 April 2006 under the Companies Law, Cap 22 (Law 3 of 1961, as consolidated and revised) of the Cayman Islands. The shares of the Company have been listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") since 11 January 2007.

(a) Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with all applicable International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs"), which collective term includes all applicable individual IFRSs, International Accounting Standards ("IASs") and Interpretations issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB"), and accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. These financial statements also comply with the applicable disclosure provisions of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the "Listing Rules"). A summary of the significant accounting policies adopted by the Company and its subsidiaries (together referred to as the "Group") is set out below.

The IASB has issued certain new and revised IFRSs that are first effective or available for early adoption for the current accounting period of the Group and the Company. Note 1(c) provides information on any changes in accounting policies resulting from initial application of these developments to the extent that they are relevant to the Group for the current and prior accounting periods reflected in these financial statements.

(b) Basis of preparation of the financial statements

The consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2015 comprise the Company and its subsidiaries. The consolidated financial statements are presented in Renminbi (RMB), and rounded to the nearest thousand.

The measurement basis used in the preparation of the financial statements is the historical cost basis except that the financial instruments classified as trading securities (see note 1(f)) are stated at their fair value as explained in the accounting policies.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRSs requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis of making the judgements about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Judgements made by management in the application of IFRS that have significant effect on the financial statements and major sources of estimation uncertainty are discussed in note 2.

For the year ended 31 December 2015

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(c) Changes in accounting policies

The IASB has issued the following amendments to IFRSs that are first effective for the current accounting period of the Group:

- Amendments to IAS 19, Defined benefit plans: Employee contributions
- Amendments to IFRSs, Annual Improvements to IFRSs 2010-2012 Cycle
- Amendments to IFRSs, Annual Improvements to IFRSs 2011-2013 Cycle

The Group has not applied any new standard or interpretation that is not yet effective for the current accounting period. Impacts of the adoption of the new or amended IFRSs are discussed below:

Amendments to IAS 19, Employee benefits: Defined benefit plans: Employee contributions

The amendments introduce a relief to reduce the complexity of accounting for certain contributions from employees or third parties under defined benefit plans. When the contributions are eligible for the practical expedient provided by the amendments, a company is allowed to recognise the contributions as a reduction of the service cost in the period in which the related service is rendered, instead of including them in calculating the defined benefit obligation. The amendments do not have an impact on these financial statements as the Group does not have defined benefit plans.

Amendments to IFRSs, Annual Improvements to IFRSs 2010-2012 Cycle and 2011-2013 Cycle

These two cycles of annual improvements contain amendments to nine standards with consequential amendments to other standards. Among them, IAS 24, Related Party Disclosures has been amended to expand the definition of a "related party" to include a management entity that provides key management personnel services to the reporting entity, and to require the disclosure of the amounts incurred for obtaining the key management personnel services provided by the management entity. These amendments do not have an impact on the group's related party disclosures as the group does not obtain key management personnel services from management entities.

(d) Subsidiaries and non-controlling interests

Subsidiaries are entities controlled by the Group. The Group controls an entity when it is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. When assessing whether the Group has power, only substantive rights (held by the Group and other parties) are considered.

An investment in a subsidiary is consolidated into the consolidated financial statements from the date that control commences until the date that control ceases. Intra-group balances, transactions and cash flows and any unrealised profits arising from intra-group transactions are eliminated in full in preparing the consolidated financial statements. Unrealised losses resulting from intra-group transactions are eliminated in the same way as unrealised gains but only to the extent that there is no evidence of impairment.

For the year ended 31 December 2015

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(d) Subsidiaries and non-controlling interests (continued)

Non-controlling interests represent the equity in a subsidiary not attributable directly or indirectly to the Company, and in respect of which the Group has not agreed any additional terms with the holders of those interests which would result in the Group as a whole having a contractual obligation in respect of those interests that meets the definition of a financial liability. For each business combination, the Group can elect to measure any non-controlling interests either at fair value or at the non-controlling interests' proportionate share of the subsidiary's net identifiable assets.

Non-controlling interests are presented in the consolidated statement of financial position within equity, separately from equity attributable to the equity shareholders of the Company. Non-controlling interests in the results of the Group are presented on the face of the consolidated statement of profit or loss and the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income as an allocation of the total profit or loss and total comprehensive income for the year between non-controlling interests and the equity shareholders of the Company.

Changes in the Group's interests in a subsidiary that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions, whereby adjustments are made to the amounts of controlling and non-controlling interests within consolidated equity to reflect the change in relative interests, but no adjustments are made to goodwill and no gain or loss is recognised.

When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, it is accounted for as a disposal of the entire interest in that subsidiary, with a resulting gain or loss being recognised in profit or loss. Any interest retained in that former subsidiary at the date when control is lost is recognised at fair value and this amount is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition of a financial asset.

In the Company's statement of financial position, an investment in a subsidiary is stated at cost less impairment losses (see note 1(i)).

(e) Goodwill

Goodwill represents the excess of:

- the aggregate of the fair value of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree and the fair value of the Group's previously held equity interest in the acquiree; over
- (ii) the net fair value of the acquiree's identifiable assets and liabilities measured as at the acquisition date.

When (ii) is greater than (i), then this excess is recognised immediately in profit or loss as a gain on a bargain purchase.

Goodwill is stated at cost less accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill arising on a business combination is allocated to each cash-generating unit, or groups of cash generating units, that is expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination and is tested annually for impairment (see note 1(j)).

On disposal of a cash generating unit during the year, any attributable amount of purchased goodwill is included in the calculation of the profit or loss on disposal.

For the year ended 31 December 2015

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(f) Other investments in equity securities

The Group's policies for investments in equity securities, other than investments in subsidiaries, are as follows:

Investments in securities held for trading are classified as current assets. Any attributable transaction costs are recognised in profit or loss as incurred. At the end of each reporting period the fair value is remeasured, with any resultant gain or loss being recognised in profit or loss. The net gain or loss recognised in profit or loss does not include any dividends or interest earned on these investments as these are recognised in accordance with the policies set out in note 1(s)(v) and 1(s)(vi).

Investments in securities which do not fall into any of the above categories are classified as available-for-sale securities. At the end of each reporting period the fair value is remeasured, with any resultant gain or loss being recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated separately in equity in the fair value reserve. As an exception to this, investments in equity securities that do not have a quoted price in an active market for an identical instrument and whose fair value cannot otherwise be reliably measured are recognised in the statement of financial position at cost less impairment losses (see note 1(j)). Dividend income from equity securities using the effective interest method are recognised in profit or loss in accordance with the policies set out in notes 1(s)(v) and 1(s)(vi), respectively. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from changes in the amortised cost of debt securities are also recognised in profit or loss.

(g) Property, plant and equipment

The property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses (see note 1(j)):

Gains or losses arising from the retirement or disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment are determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the item and are recognised in profit or loss on the date of retirement or disposal.

Depreciation is calculated to write off the cost of items of property, plant and equipment, less their estimated residual value, if any, using the straight line method over their estimated useful lives as follows:

Machinery, equipment and tools

5-20 years

Motor vehicles and other fixed assets

3-8 years

Where parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, the cost of the item is allocated on a reasonable basis between the parts and each part is depreciated separately. Both the useful life of an asset and its residual value, if any, are reviewed annually.

For the year ended 31 December 2015

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(h) Intangible assets (other than goodwill)

Intangible assets that are acquired by the Group are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation (where the estimated useful life is finite) and impairment losses (see note 1(j)). Expenditure on internally generated goodwill and brands is recognised as an expense in the period in which it is incurred.

Amortisation of intangible assets with finite useful lives is charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the assets' estimated useful lives, except for the customer contracts, which are amortised when the economic benefits of the assets are expected to be consumed. The following intangible assets with finite useful lives are amortised from the date they are available for use and their estimated useful lives are as follows:

Firewall patents

10 years

Customer relationships

4 years

Both the period and method of amortisation are reviewed annually.

Intangible assets are not amortised while their useful lives are assessed to be indefinite. Any conclusion that the useful life of an intangible asset is indefinite is reviewed annually to determine whether events and circumstances continue to support the indefinite useful life assessment for that asset. If they do not, the change in the useful life assessment from indefinite to finite is accounted for prospectively from the date of change and in accordance with the policy for amortisation of intangible assets with finite lives as set out above. The Group's intangible assets that are determined to have an indefinite useful life comprise trademarks.

(i) Operating lease charges

Where the Group has the use of assets held under operating leases, payments made under the leases are charged to profit or loss in equal instalments over the accounting periods covered by the lease term, except where an alternative basis is more representative of the pattern of benefits to be derived from the leased asset. Lease incentives received are recognised in profit or loss as an integral part of the aggregate net lease payments made. Contingent rentals are charged to profit or loss in the accounting period in which they are incurred.

For the year ended 31 December 2015

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(i) Impairment of assets

(i) Impairment of investments in equity securities and other receivables

Investments in equity securities and other current receivables that are stated at cost or amortised cost or are classified as available-for-sale securities are reviewed at the end of each reporting period to determine whether there is objective evidence of impairment. Objective evidence of impairment includes observable data that comes to the attention of the Group about one or more of the following loss events:

- significant financial difficulty of the debtor;
- a breach of contract, such as a default or delinquency in interest or principal payments;
- it becoming probable that the debtor will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation;
- significant changes in the technological, market, economic or legal environment that have an adverse effect on the debtor; and
- a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of an investment in an equity instrument below its cost.

If any such evidence exists, impairment loss is determined and recognised as follows:

For trade and other receivables and other financial assets carried at amortised cost, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate (i.e. the effective interest rate computed at initial recognition of these assets), where the effect of discounting is material. This assessment is made collectively where these financial assets share similar risk characteristics, such as similar past due status, and have not been individually assessed as impaired. Future cash flows for financial assets which are assessed for impairment collectively are based on historical loss experience for assets with credit risk characteristics similar to the collective group.

If in a subsequent period the amount of an impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be linked objectively to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognised, the impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss. A reversal of an impairment loss shall not result in the asset's carrying amount exceeding that which would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised in prior years.

For available-for-sale securities, the cumulative loss that has been recognised in the fair value reserve is reclassified to profit or loss. The amount of the cumulative loss that is recognised in profit or loss is the difference between the acquisition cost (net of any principal repayment and amortisation) and current fair value, less any impairment loss on that asset previously recognised in profit or loss.

Impairment losses recognised in profit or loss in respect of available-for-sale equity securities are not reversed through profit or loss. Any subsequent increase in the fair value of such assets is recognised in other comprehensive income.

For the year ended 31 December 2015

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(j) Impairment of assets (continued)

(i) Impairment of investments in equity securities and other receivables (continued)

Impairment losses in respect of available-for-sale debt securities are reversed if the subsequent increase in fair value can be objectively related to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognised. Reversals of impairment losses in such circumstances are recognised in profit or loss.

Impairment losses are written off against the corresponding assets directly, except for impairment losses recognised in respect of trade debtors included within trade and other receivables, whose recovery is considered doubtful but not remote. In this case, the impairment losses for doubtful debts are recorded using an allowance account. When the Group is satisfied that recovery is remote, the amount considered irrecoverable is written off against trade debtors directly and any amounts held in the allowance account relating to that debt are reversed. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously charged to the allowance account are reversed against the allowance account. Other changes in the allowance account and subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off directly are recognised in profit or loss.

(ii) Impairment of other assets

Internal and external sources of information are reviewed at the end of each reporting period to identify indications that the following assets may be impaired or, except in the case of goodwill, an impairment loss previously recognised no longer exists or may have decreased:

- property, plant and equipment;
- intangible assets;
- goodwill; and
- investments in subsidiaries in the Company's statement of financial position.

If any such indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. In addition, for goodwill, intangible assets that are not yet available for use and intangible assets that have indefinite useful lives, the recoverable amount is estimated annually whether or not there is any indication of impairment.

Calculation of recoverable amount

The recoverable amount of an asset is the greater of its fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. Where an asset does not generate cash inflows largely independent of those from other assets, the recoverable amount is determined for the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows independently (i.e. a cashgenerating unit).

For the year ended 31 December 2015

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(j) Impairment of assets (continued)

(ii) Impairment of other assets (continued)

Recognition of impairment losses

An impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss if the carrying amount of an asset, or the cash-generating unit to which it belongs, exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment losses recognised in respect of cash-generating units are allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the cash-generating unit (or group of units) and then, to reduce the carrying amount of the other assets in the unit (or group of units) on a pro rata basis, except that the carrying value of an asset will not be reduced below its individual fair value less costs to sell, or value in use, if determinable.

- Reversals of impairment losses

In respect of assets other than goodwill, an impairment loss is reversed if there has been a favourable change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. An impairment loss in respect of goodwill is not reversed.

A reversal of an impairment loss is limited to the asset's carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised in prior years. Reversals of impairment losses are credited to profit or loss in the year in which the reversals are recognised.

(k) Inventories

Inventories are carried at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Cost is calculated using the weighted average cost formula and comprises all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated cost necessary to make the sale.

When inventories are sold, the carrying amount of those inventories is recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised. The amount of any write-down of inventories to net realisable value and all losses of inventories are recognised as an expense in the period the write-down or loss occurs. The amount of any reversal of any write-down of inventories is recognised as a reduction in the amount of inventories recognised as an expense in the period in which the reversal occurs.

For the year ended 31 December 2015

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(l) Trade and other receivables

Trade and other receivables are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less allowance for impairment of doubtful debts (see note 1(j)), except where the receivables are interest-free loans made to related parties without any fixed repayment terms or the effect of discounting would be immaterial. In such cases, the receivables are stated at cost less allowance for impairment of doubtful debts.

(m) Interest-bearing borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are recognised initially at fair value less attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, interest-bearing borrowings are stated at amortised cost with any difference between the amount initially recognised and redemption value being recognised in profit or loss over the period of the borrowings, together with any interest and fees payable, using the effective interest method.

(n) Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables are initially recognised at fair value and are subsequently stated at amortised cost unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost.

(o) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and on hand, demand deposits with banks and other financial institutions, and short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, having been within three months of maturity at acquisition.

(p) Employee benefits

- (i) Salaries, annual bonuses, contributions to defined contribution retirement plans and the cost of non-monetary benefits are accrued in the year in which the associated services are rendered by employees. Where payment or settlement is deferred and the effect would be material, these amounts are stated at their present values.
- (ii) Contributions to appropriate local retirement schemes pursuant to the relevant labour rules and regulations in the PRC are recognised as an expense in the income statement as incurred, except to the extent that they are included in the cost of inventories not yet recognised as an expense.

For the year ended 31 December 2015

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(q) Income tax

Income tax for the year comprises current tax and movements in deferred tax assets and liabilities. Current tax and movements in deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognised in profit or loss except to the extent that they relate to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case the relevant amounts of tax are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

Current tax is the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities arise from deductible and taxable temporary differences respectively, being the differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and their tax bases. Deferred tax assets also arise from unused tax losses and unused tax credits.

Apart from certain limited exceptions, all deferred tax liabilities, and all deferred tax assets to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the asset can be utilised, are recognised. Future taxable profits that may support the recognition of deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences include those that will arise from the reversal of existing taxable temporary differences, provided those differences relate to the same taxation authority and the same taxable entity, and are expected to reverse either in the same period as the expected reversal of the deductible temporary difference or in periods into which a tax loss arising from the deferred tax asset can be carried back or forward. The same criteria are adopted when determining whether existing taxable temporary differences support the recognition of deferred tax assets arising from unused tax losses and credits, that is, those differences are taken into account if they relate to the same taxation authority and the same taxable entity, and are expected to reverse in a period, or periods, in which the tax loss or credit can be utilised.

The limited exceptions to recognition of deferred tax assets and liabilities are those temporary differences arising from goodwill not deductible for tax purposes, the initial recognition of assets or liabilities that affect neither accounting nor taxable profit (provided they are not part of a business combination), and temporary differences relating to investments in subsidiaries to the extent that, in the case of taxable differences, the Group controls the timing of the reversal and it is probable that the differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future, or in the case of deductible differences, unless it is probable that they will reverse in the future.

The amount of deferred tax recognised is measured based on the expected manner of realisation or settlement of the carrying amount of the assets and liabilities, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the end of each reporting period. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

The carrying amount of a deferred tax asset is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and is reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow the related tax benefit to be utilised. Any such reduction is reversed to the extent that it becomes probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available.

Additional income taxes that arise from the distribution of dividends are recognised when the liability to pay the related dividends is recognised.

For the year ended 31 December 2015

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(q) Income tax (continued)

Current tax balances and deferred tax balances, and movements therein, are presented separately from each other and are not offset. Current tax assets are offset against current tax liabilities, and deferred tax assets against deferred tax liabilities, if the Company or the Group has the legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the following additional conditions are met:

- in the case of current tax assets and liabilities, the Company or the Group intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously; or
- in the case of deferred tax assets and liabilities, if they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either:
 - the same taxable entity; or
 - different taxable entities, which, in each future period in which significant amounts of deferred tax liabilities or assets are expected to be settled or recovered, intend to realise the current tax assets and settle the current tax liabilities on a net basis or realise and settle simultaneously.

(r) Provisions and contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognised for liabilities of uncertain timing or amount when the Group or the Company has a legal or constructive obligation arising as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made. Where the time value of money is material, provisions are stated at the present value of the expenditures expected to settle the obligation.

Where it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is disclosed as a contingent liability, unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote. Possible obligations, whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more future events are also disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote.

(s) Revenue recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Provided it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the revenue and costs, if applicable, can be measured reliably, revenue is recognised in profit or loss as follows:

(i) Sale of goods

Revenue is recognised when goods are delivered at the customers' premises which is taken to be the point in time when the customer has accepted the goods and the related risks and rewards of ownership. Revenue excludes value added tax or other sales taxes and is after deduction of any trade discounts.

For the year ended 31 December 2015

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(s) Revenue recognition (continued)

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Provided it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the revenue and costs, if applicable, can be measured reliably, revenue is recognised in profit or loss as follows: (continued)

(ii) Software maintenance services and other services

Software maintenance services and other services are provided in the form of fixed-price contracts. Sales of these services are recognised in the period the services are provided, using a straight-line basis over the term of contract.

(iii) Sales of standard software and hardware

Sales of standard software and hardware are recognised when the Group has delivered the products to customers; the customer has accepted the products and collectability of the related receivables is reasonably assured.

(iv) Multiple element arrangements

The Group offers certain arrangements whereby a customer can purchase software together with certain of the related maintenance and other services. When such multiple element arrangements exist, the total arrangement consideration is allocated to each element based on their relative fair values, as determined based on the current market price of each of the elements when sold separately. The revenue relating to the service elements, which represent their relative fair value in relation to the fair value of each of the elements in the arrangement, are recognised on a straight-line basis over the service period.

(v) Dividends

Dividend income from listed investments is recognised when the share price of the investment goes ex-dividend.

Dividend income from unlisted investments is recognised when the shareholder's right to receive payment is established.

(vi) Interest income

Interest income is recognised as it accrues using the effective interest method.

For the year ended 31 December 2015

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(t) Translation of foreign currencies

The functional currency of the Company and its subsidiaries in the PRC are Hong Kong dollars and Renminbi ("RMB") respectively. For the purposes of presenting the consolidated financial statements, the Group adopted RMB as its presentation currency.

Foreign currency transactions during the year are translated at the foreign exchange rates ruling at the transaction dates. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into functional currencies at the foreign exchange rates ruling at the end of each reporting period. Exchange gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss.

Non-monetary assets and liabilities that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the foreign exchange rates ruling at the transaction dates. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are stated at fair value are translated using the foreign exchange rates ruling at the dates the fair value was measured.

The results of operations outside the PRC are translated into RMB at the exchange rates approximating to the foreign exchange rates ruling at the dates of the transactions. Statement of financial position items are translated into RMB at the closing foreign exchange rates at the end of the reporting period. The resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated separately in equity in the exchange reserve.

On disposal of operations outside the PRC, the cumulative amount of the exchange differences relating to that foreign operation is reclassified from equity to profit or loss when the profit or loss on disposal is recognised.

(u) Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset which necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalised as part of the cost of that asset. Other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred.

The capitalisation of borrowing costs as part of the cost of a qualifying asset commences when expenditure for the asset is being incurred, borrowing costs are being incurred and activities that are necessary to prepare the asset for its intended use or sale are in progress. Capitalisation of borrowing costs is suspended or ceases when substantially all the activities necessary to prepare the qualifying asset for its intended use or sale are interrupted or complete.

For the year ended 31 December 2015

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(v) Related parties

For the purposes of the consolidated financial statements:

- (a) A person, or a close member of that person's family, is related to the Group if that person:
 - (i) has control or joint control over the Group;
 - (ii) has significant influence over the Group; or
 - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Group or the Group's parent.
- (b) An entity is related to the Group if any of the following conditions applies:
 - (i) The entity and the Group are members of the same group (which means that each parent, subsidiary and fellow subsidiary is related to the others).
 - (ii) One entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member).
 - (iii) Both entities are joint ventures of the same third party.
 - (iv) One entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity.
 - (v) The entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group.
 - (vi) The entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a).
 - (vii) A person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity).
 - (viii) The entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the group or to the group's parent.

Close members of the family of a person are those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by, that person in their dealings with the entity.

For the year ended 31 December 2015

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(w) Segment reporting

Operating segments, and the amounts of each segment item reported in the financial statements, are identified from the financial information provided regularly to the Board of Directors ("Board") for the purposes of allocating resources to, and assessing the performance of, the Group's various lines of business and geographical locations.

Individually material operating segments are not aggregated for financial reporting purposes unless the segments have similar economic characteristics and are similar in respect of the nature of products and services, the nature of production processes, the type or class of customers, the methods used to distribute the products or provide the services, and the nature of the regulatory environment. Operating segments which are not individually material may be aggregated if they share a majority of these criteria.

2. ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES

In the process of applying the Group's accounting policies, management has made the following accounting judgements:

(a) Net realisable value of inventories

Net realisable value of inventories is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs of completion and selling expenses. These estimates are based on the current market conditions and the historical experience of distributing and selling products of similar nature. Net realisable value could change significantly as a result of market conditions. Management reassess the estimation at the end of each reporting period.

(b) Impairment losses on trade and other receivables

As explained in note 32(a), impairment losses on trade and other receivables are assessed and provided based on the directors' regular review and evaluation of collectability. A considerable level of judgement is exercised by the directors when assessing the credit worthiness and past collection history of each individual customer. Any increase or decrease in the impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts would have a significant impact in profit or loss.

(c) Deferred tax assets

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all temporary deductible provisions to the extent that it is considered probable that taxable profit will be available in future against which the temporary deductible provisions can be utilised. Significant management judgement is required to determine the amount of deferred tax assets that should be recognised, based upon the likely timing and level of future taxable profits together with future tax planning strategies.

For the year ended 31 December 2015

2. ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES (continued)

(d) Impairment for non-current assets

The management determines the impairment loss on assets other than goodwill if circumstances indicate that the carrying value of an asset may not be recoverable. The carrying amounts of assets are reviewed periodically in order to assess whether the recoverable amounts have declined below the carrying amounts. These assets are tested for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that their recorded carrying amounts may not be recoverable. When such a decline has occurred, the carrying amount is reduced to recoverable amount.

The recoverable amount is the greater of the fair value less costs to sell and the value in use. In determining the value in use, expected cash flows generated by the asset are discounted to their present value, which requires significant judgement relating to level of sales volume, sales revenue and amount of operating costs. The Group uses all readily available information in determining an amount that is a reasonable approximation of recoverable amount, including estimates based on reasonable and supportable assumptions and projections of sales volume, sales revenue and amount of operating costs.

The Group determines whether goodwill is impaired at least on an annual basis. This requires an estimation of the fair value less cost to sell and the value in use of the cash-generating units to which the goodwill is allocated. Estimating the value in use requires the Group to make an estimate of the expected future cash flows from the cash-generating units and also to choose a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value of those cash flows.

3. TURNOVER AND SEGMENT REPORTING

(a) Turnover

The principal activities of the Group are the provision of integrated business software solutions, trading of listed securities and mobile marketing business (note 3(b)). The amount of each significant category of revenue recognised during the year is as follows:

	2015 RMB'000	2014 RMB'000
Software maintenance and other services	336,401	305,018
Sale of software products and others	27,676	9,923
Net realised and unrealised gains on trading securities	43,219	18,444
Mobile marketing services	12,407	_
Others	3	_
	419,706	333,385

For the year ended 31 December 2015

3. TURNOVER AND SEGMENT REPORTING (continued)

(b) Segment reporting

The Group manages its businesses by divisions, which are mainly organised by business lines. In a manner consistent with the way in which information is reported internally to the Board for the purpose of resource allocation and performance assessment, the Group has presented the following three major reportable segments. No operating segments have been aggregated to form the following major reportable segments.

- Software business: Provision of integrated business software solutions in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC") and Hong Kong.
- Trading and investment business: Trading securities listed on the Stock Exchange.
- Mobile marketing business: Provision of mobile marketing projects, consultation, creative and technological services, mobile advertising services and creation of mobile games in the PRC and Hong Kong.

The Group had a new segment – mobile marketing business for the year ended 31 December 2015 upon the completion of the acquisition of Gravitas Group Limited on 14 May 2015.

(i) Segment results, assets and liabilities

For the purpose of assessing segment performance and allocating resources between segments, the Board monitors the results, assets and liabilities attributable to each reportable segment on the following bases:

Segment assets include all tangible, intangible assets and current assets with the exception of deferred tax assets and other corporate assets. Segment liabilities include trade creditors and accruals attributable to the sales activities of the individual segments and borrowings managed directly by the segments.

Revenue and expenses are allocated to the reportable segments with reference to sales generated by those segments and the expenses incurred by those segments or which otherwise arise from the depreciation or amortisation of assets attributable to those segments.

The measure used for reporting segment profit is "adjusted profit before taxation". To arrive at adjusted profit before taxation, the Group's earnings are adjusted for items not specifically attributed to individual segments, such as directors' and auditors' remuneration and other head office or corporate administration costs.

In addition to receiving segment information concerning adjusted profit before taxation, the Board is provided with segment information concerning revenue, interest income and expense from cash balances and borrowings managed directly by the segments, depreciation, amortisation and additions to non-current segment assets used by the segments in their operations.

For the year ended 31 December 2015

3. TURNOVER AND SEGMENT REPORTING (continued)

(b) Segment reporting (continued)

(i) Segment results, assets and liabilities (continued)

Segment revenue reported below represents revenue generated from external customers. There were no inter-segment sales in the current year (2014: Nil).

Information regarding the Group's major reportable segments as provided to the Board for the purpose of resources allocation and assessment of segment performance for the year ended 31 December 2015 and 2014 is set out below.

	Software business		Trading and investment business			narketing ness	Oth	ers	То	tal
	2015 RMB'000	2014 RMB'000	2015 RMB'000	2014 RMB'000	2015 RMB'000	2014 RMB'000	2015 RMB'000	2014 RMB'000	2015 RMB'000	2014 RMB'000
Revenue/(loss) from external customers Investment income	364,077 -	314,941 -	(14,364) 57,583	16,871 1,573	12,407 -	- -	3 -	- -	362,123 57,583	331,812 1,573
Reportable segment revenue	364,077	314,941	43,219	18,444	12,407	-	3	-	419,706	333,385
Reportable segment profit/(loss) (adjusted profit/(loss) before taxation)	17,860	19,827	42,620	17,972	842	-	(202)	-	61,120	37,799
Interest income from bank deposits	71	63	_	-	_	-	_	_	71	63
Interest expense	644	714	28	96	91	-	-	-	763	810
Depreciation and amortisation for the year	1,003	2,338		-	559	-	8	-	1,570	2,338
Reportable segment assets	284,091	234,439	122,903	70,144	207,783	-	321	-	615,098	304,583
Additions to non-current segment assets during the year	528	675	-	-	1,641	-	-	-	2,169	675
Reportable segment liabilities	90,825	56,043	-	-	4,591	-	5	-	95,421	56,043

For the year ended 31 December 2015

3. TURNOVER AND SEGMENT REPORTING (continued)

(b) Segment reporting (continued)

(ii) Reconciliations of reportable segment revenues, profit or loss, assets and liabilities

	2015 RMB'000	2014 RMB'000
Revenue Reportable segment revenue	419,706	333,385
Profit before taxation Reportable segment profit Unallocated head office and corporate expenses	61,120 (44,728)	37,799 (16,077)
Consolidated profit before taxation	16,392	21,722
Assets Reportable segment assets Deferred tax assets Unallocated head office and corporate assets	615,098 380 60,555	304,583 346 91,817
Consolidated total assets	676,033	396,746
Liabilities Reportable segment liabilities Deferred tax liabilities Unallocated head office and corporate liabilities	95,421 46 56,951	56,043 - 10,787
Consolidated total liabilities	152,418	66,830

For the year ended 31 December 2015

3. TURNOVER AND SEGMENT REPORTING (continued)

(c) Geographic information

The following table sets out information about the geographical location of (i) the Group's revenue from external customers; and (ii) the Group's property, plant and equipment, intangible assets and goodwill ("specified non-current assets"). The geographical location of customers is based on the location at which the services were provided or the goods delivered. The geographical location of the specified non-current assets is based on the physical location of the asset in the case of property, plant and equipment, and the location of the operation to which they are allocated in the case of intangible assets and goodwill.

	Revenue from external customers 2015 2014 RMB'000 RMB'000		Specified r	on-current ets
			2015 RMB'000	2014 RMB'000
PRC Hong Kong	364,077 55,629	314,941 18,444	23,396 196,205	23,851 324
	419,706	333,385	219,601	24,175

For the year ended 31 December 2015, there was no customer with whom transactions have exceeded 10% of the Group's turnover (2014: Nil).

4. OTHER REVENUE

	2015 RMB'000	2014 RMB'000
Interest income from bank deposits	71	63
Gain on bargain purchase	348	_
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	193	_
Gain on disposal of a subsidiary (note 28(b))	1,361	_
Other	514	3
	2,487	66

5. OTHER NET LOSSES

	2015 RMB'000	2014 RMB'000
Net exchange losses Loss on early redemption of promissory notes	254 3,950	-
	4,204	_

For the year ended 31 December 2015

6. PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION

Profit before taxation is arrived at after charging:

(i) Finance costs

	2015 RMB'000	2014 RMB'000
Interest expenses on borrowings Finance charges on obligations under finance leases Imputed interest expenses on promissory notes	758 5 1,837	810 - 58
	2,600	868

(ii) Staff costs

	2015 RMB'000	2014 RMB'000
Salaries, wages and other benefits Contributions to defined contribution	38,988	25,451
retirement schemes (note 30)	4,028	2,470
	43,016	27,921

(iii) Other items

	2015 RMB'000	2014 RMB'000
Cost of inventories (note 18) Auditors' remuneration – audit services	12,725 722	8,105 713
- non-audit services Depreciation	1,083 1,651	792 1,167
Amortisation of intangible assets Impairment loss on trade receivable	73	1,332
Impairment loss on loan receivable Net exchange losses	110 254	- -
Loss on early redemption of promissory notes Operating lease charges in respect of properties	3,950 2,909	- 5,054
Net losses on disposal of property, plant and equipment	-	40

For the year ended 31 December 2015

7. INCOME TAX EXPENSE

(i) Income tax expense in the consolidated statement of profit or loss represents:

	2015 RMB'000	2014 RMB'000
Current tax - PRC - Provision for the year - Over-provision/(under-provision) in respect of prior year	(3,289) 104	(3,661) (82)
	(3,185)	(3,743)
Current tax - HK - Provision for the year - Over-provision in respect of prior year	(73) 165	- -
	92	-
Deferred tax - Origination and reversal of temporary difference (note 26)	52	-
	52	-
	(3,041)	(3,743)

Pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Cayman Islands and British Virgin Islands, the Group is not subject to any income tax in the Cayman Islands and British Virgin Islands.

The provision for PRC income tax is based on the respective corporate income tax rates applicable to the subsidiaries located in the PRC as determined in accordance with the relevant income tax rules and regulations of the PRC. The statutory income tax rate of its PRC subsidiaries is 25%.

Beijing Orient LegendMaker Software Development Co., Ltd. is entitled to a preferential income tax rate of 15% for 2015 and 2014 as it was awarded high-technology status by the tax authority.

The provision for Hong Kong Profits Tax for the year ended 31 December 2015 is calculated at 16.5% of the estimated assessable profit for the year.

No provision of Hong Kong Profits Tax had been made as the Group's profit neither arises in, nor is derived from Hong Kong for the year ended 31 December 2014.

These tax rates were used to calculate the Group's deferred tax assets and liabilities as at 31 December 2015 and 2014.

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7. INCOME TAX EXPENSE (continued)

(ii) Reconciliation between income tax expense and accounting profit at applicable tax rates:

	2015 RMB'000	2014 RMB'000
Profit before taxation	16,392	21,722
Notional tax on profit before taxation, calculated at rate applicable to the Group's profit in the tax jurisdiction concerned (2015 and 2014: 25%)	(4,098)	(5,431)
Tax effect of different tax rates of operations in other jurisdictions	(125)	145
Effect of non-deductible expenses Effect of non-taxable income	(7,688) 14,248	(2,974) 3,035
Effect of tax loss not recognised Effect of tax concessions	(7,450) 1,803	1,564
Over-provision/(under-provision) in respect of prior years	269	(82)
Actual tax expense	(3,041)	(3,743)

(iii) Taxation in the consolidated statement of financial position represents:

	2015 RMB'000	2014 RMB'000
At 1 January	4,279	4,969
Acquisition of subsidiaries	1,244	_
Provision for income tax for the year	3,093	3,743
Amounts paid	(4,950)	(4,433)
Exchange adjustments	80	_
At 31 December	3,746	4,279

For the year ended 31 December 2015

8. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION

Directors' emoluments disclosed pursuant to section 383(1) of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and Part 2 of the Companies (Disclosure of Information about Benefits of Directors) Regulation are as follows:

Name of directors	Directors' fees RMB'000	Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind RMB'000	Retirement scheme contributions RMB'000	2015 Total RMB'000
Chairman				
Mr. Lam Kai Tai (note (h))	_	213	8	221
Mr. Jia Bowei (note (i))	-	1,590	8	1,598
Executive directors				
Mr. Kwok Ho On Anthony (note (j))	-	127	6	133
Mr. Wong Ho Sing (note (g))	-	124	6	130
Mr. Lam Kwan Sing (note (f))	-	402	6	408
Mr. Wang Jun	-	521	15	536
Independent non-executive				
directors				
Mr. Liu Kam Lung (note (e))	179	-	-	179
Ms. Hu Gin Ing	192	-	-	192
Mr. Yau Yan Ming Raymond				
(note (c))	192	-	-	192
Mr. Zhang Xiaoman (note (d))	24	-	_	24
Total	587	2,977	49	3,613

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8. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION (continued)

Name of directors	Directors' fees RMB'000	Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind RMB'000	Retirement scheme contributions RMB'000	2014 Total RMB'000
Chairman				
Mr. Jia Bowei (note (i))	_	2,971	13	2,984
Executive directors				
Mr. King Pak Fu (note (a))	_	40	1	41
Mr. Lam Kwan Sing	_	975	13	988
Mr. Wang Jun	_	483	9	492
Independent non-executive				
directors				
Mr. Lam Ting Lok (note (b))	155	_	_	155
Ms. Hu Gin Ing	190	_	_	190
Mr. Yau Yan Ming Raymond				
(note (c))	48	_	_	48
Mr. Zhang Xiaoman (note (d))	190	_		190
Total	583	4,469	36	5,088

Notes:

- (a) Mr. King Pak Fu resigned as an executive director on 24 January 2014.
- (b) Mr. Lam Ting Lok resigned as an independent non-executive director on 6 October 2014.
- (c) Mr. Yau Yan Ming Raymond was appointed as an independent non-executive director on 6 October 2014.
- (d) Mr. Zhang Xiaoman resigned as an independent non-executive director on 28 January 2015.
- (e) Mr. Liu Kam Lung was appointed as an independent non-executive director on 28 January 2015.
- (f) Mr. Lam Kwan Sing resigned as an executive director with effect from 1 June 2015.
- (g) Mr. Wong Ho Sing was appointed as an executive director with effect from 1 June 2015.
- (h) Mr. Lam Kai Tai was appointed as an executive director with effect from 1 June 2015 and appointed as chairman of the Board on 3 July 2015.
- (i) Mr. Jia Bowei resigned as an executive director and chairman of the Board on 3 July 2015.
- (j) Mr. Kwok Ho On Anthony was appointed as an executive directors on 24 July 2015.

There were no amounts paid during the year (2014: Nil) to the directors in connection with their retirement from employment with the Group, or inducement to join. There was no arrangement under which a director waived or agreed to waive any remuneration during the year (2014: Nil).

For the year ended 31 December 2015

9. INDIVIDUALS WITH HIGHEST EMOLUMENTS

Of the five individuals with the highest emoluments, one (2014: two) are directors whose emoluments are disclosed in note 8. The aggregate of the emoluments in respect of the other four (2014: three) individuals are as follows:

	2015 RMB'000	2014 RMB'000
Basic salaries, allowances and other benefits Retirement scheme contributions	3,261 116	2,200 45
	3,377	2,245
Number of senior management	4	3

The emoluments of the four (2014: three) individuals with the highest emoluments are within the following bands:

HK\$	2015 Number of individuals	2014 Number of individuals
Nil – 1,000,000 1,000,001– 1,500,000	2 2	3 –

There were no amounts paid during the year to the five highest paid employees in connection with their retirement from employment with the Group, or inducement to join (2014: Nil).

10. PROFIT FOR THE YEAR

The consolidated profit for the year attributable to equity shareholders of the Company includes a loss of approximately RMB56,537,000 (2014: RMB7,388,000) which has been dealt with in the financial statements of the Company.

For the year ended 31 December 2015

11. DIVIDENDS

No dividend was paid or proposed in respect of the year ended 31 December 2015 (2014: Nil), nor has any dividend been proposed since the end of the reporting period.

12. BASIC AND DILUTED EARNINGS PER SHARE

The calculation of the basic and diluted earnings per share for the year ended 31 December 2015 is based on the profit attributable to ordinary equity shareholders of the Company of approximately RMB7,436,000 (2014: RMB11,472,000) and the weighted average of 2,557,030,597 (2014: 1,560,569,973) ordinary shares in issue during the year, calculated as follows:

Weighted average number of ordinary shares

	2015 Number of shares	2014 Number of shares
Ordinary shares issued at 1 January	2,110,867,520	1,467,389,600
Effect of placing of new shares (Note 27(a)(iii)) Shares issued as consideration of acquisition of subsidiaries (Note 27(a)(ii)) Effect of subscription shares issued (Note 27(a)(i))	262,390,685 183,772,392 -	78,796,811 - 14,383,562
Weighted average number of ordinary shares at 31 December	2,557,030,597	1,560,569,973

There were no dilutive potential ordinary shares in issue as at 31 December 2015 (2014: Nil).

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13. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	Machinery, equipment and tools RMB'000	Motor vehicles and other fixed assets RMB'000	Total RMB'000
Cost:			
At 1 January 2014	1,158	4,056	5,214
Exchange adjustments	1	1	2
Additions	689	160	849
Disposals	(1,203)	_	(1,203)
At 31 December 2014 and 1 January 2015	645	4,217	4,862
Exchange adjustments	51	78	129
Acquisition of subsidiaries	460	247	707
Additions	401	1,991	2,392
Disposals	(227)	(254)	(481)
Disposal of a subsidiary	(176)		(176)
At 31 December 2015	1,154	6,279	7,433
Accumulated depreciation:			
At 1 January 2014	(1,105)	(1,932)	(3,037)
Charge for the year	(374)	(793)	(1,167)
Written back on disposals	1,161	_	1,161
At 31 December 2014 and 1 January 2015	(318)	(2,725)	(3,043)
Exchange adjustments	(17)	(17)	(34)
Charge for the year	(533)	(1,118)	(1,651)
Written back on disposals	217	164	381
Disposal of a subsidiary	54	_	54
At 31 December 2015	(597)	(3,696)	(4,293)
Net book value:			
At 31 December 2015	557	2,583	3,140
At 31 December 2014	327	1,492	1,819

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14. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

	Customer relationships RMB'000	Customer contracts RMB'000	Trade marks RMB'000	Firewall patents RMB'000	Total RMB'000
Cost:					
At 1 January 2014, 31 December 2014					
and 31 December 2015	7,262	3,015	2,815	665	13,757
Accumulated amortisation:					
At 1 January 2014	(5,930)	(3,015)	_	(665)	(9,610)
Charge during the year	(1,332)	_	-		(1,332)
At 31 December 2014, 1 January 2015					
and 31 December 2015	(7,262)	(3,015)	-	(665)	(10,942)
Net book value:					
At 31 December 2015	-	-	2,815	-	2,815
At 31 December 2014	-	_	2,815	_	2,815

The amortisation charge for the year ended 31 December 2014 is included in "cost of sales" in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

Trademarks

The valuation of the trademarks is based on the relief-from-royalty method and uses cash flow projections based on financial estimates covering a five-year period, the expected sales deriving from the trademarks in the software business and a discount rate of 23.9% (2014: 23.1%). The cash flows beyond the five-year period are extrapolated using a steady 3% (2014: 3%) growth rate. Management has considered the above assumptions and valuation and also taken into account the business plan going forward.

During the year ended 31 December 2015 and 2014, management of the Group determined that there was no impairment of trademarks.

For the year ended 31 December 2015

15. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES

The non-current amounts due from subsidiaries are unsecured, interest free and no fixed terms of repayments.

The following list contains only the particulars of subsidiaries which principally affected the results, assets or liabilities of the Group. The class of shares held is ordinary unless otherwise stated.

Name of subsidiary	Place of incorporation/ establishment and operation	equity at	tage of tributable company Indirect	Particulars of issued share capital/ paid up capital	Principal activities
Winsino Investments Limited	British Virgin Islands ("BVI")	100%	_	1 share of USD1 each	Investment holding
Lofty Swan Investments Limited	BVI	100%	-	1 share of USD1 each	Investment holding
Apex Center Limited	BVI	100%	-	1 share of USD1 each	Investment holding
Gravitas Limited	НК	-	100%	100 shares of HKD1 each	Mobile marketing projects and professional consultation services
Amaze Mobile Media Limited	НК	-	100%	100 shares of HKD1 each	Providing mobile advertising service, mobile advertising placement service, value added services
Amuse Mobile Asia Limited	НК	-	100%	100 shares of HKD1 each	Mobile games development and publishing business
Expert Access Limited	BVI	-	100%	1 share of USD1 each	Investment holding
Easy Talent Limited ("Easy Talent")	Cayman Islands	-	60%	10 shares of USD1 each	Investment holding
Liang Hui Holdings Limited ("Liang Hui")	BVI	-	60%	1 share of USD1 each	Investment holding
Oriental LegendMaker Technology Ltd. ("OLM")	НК	-	60%	1 share of HKD1 each	Investment holding
Beijing Orient LegendMaker Software Development Co., Ltd. ("Beijing OLM") (Note (i) and (ii))	PRC	-	60%	RMB110,000,000	Provision of integrated business software solutions

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15. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (continued)

The following list contains only the particulars of subsidiaries which principally affected the results, assets or liabilities of the Group. The class of shares held is ordinary unless otherwise stated. (continued)

	Place of incorporation/ establishment	Percentage of equity attributable to the Company		Particulars of issued share capital/	
Name of subsidiary	and operation	Direct %	Indirect %	paid up capital	Principal activities
Chengdu Orient LegendMaker Information Industry Co., Ltd. ("Chengdu OLM") (Note (i) and (ii))	PRC	-	60%	RMB30,000,000	Provision of integrated business software solutions
Shanghai Orient LegendMaker Technology Co., Ltd. ("Shanghai OLM") (Note (i) and (ii))	PRC	-	60%	RMB10,000,000	Provision of integrated business software solutions

Notes:

- (i) These entities are wholly foreign owned enterprises established in the PRC.
- (ii) The English translation of the company names is for reference only. The official names of these companies are in Chinese.

The following table lists out the information relating to Beijing OLM, Chengdu OLM and Shanghai OLM, the subsidiaries of the Group which has material non-controlling interests ("NCI"). The summarised financial information presented below represents the amounts before any inter-company elimination.

	Beijing OLM Chengdu C		du OLM Shangh		ghai OLM	
	2015 RMB'000	2014 RMB'000	2015 RMB'000	2014 RMB'000	2015 RMB'000	2014 RMB'000
NCI percentage	40%	40%	40%	40%	40%	40%
Current assets	236,819	190,936	46,822	51,386	58,587	49,217
Non-current assets	36,581	34,652	13,843	13,878	300	453
Current liabilities	(137,352)	(106,199)	(4,441)	(9,999)	(28,187)	(20,280)
Net assets	136,047	119,389	56,224	55,265	30,700	29,390
Carrying amounts of NCI	54,419	47,755	22,490	22,106	12,280	11,756
Turnover	354,500	290,633	14,348	12,938	55,465	47,912
Profit for the year	16,658	13,082	960	1,247	1,310	1,946
Total comprehensive income	16,658	13,082	960	1,247	1,310	1,946
Profit allocated to NCI	6,663	5,233	384	499	524	779
Dividend paid to NCI	-	-	-	-	-	_
Cash flow from operating activities	42,379	(10,255)	90	(75)	6,749	(5,536)
Cash flows from investing activities	(3,433)	(327)	(37)	(278)	39	(50)
Cash flow from financing activities	-	-	-	-	(6,000)	6,000

For the year ended 31 December 2015

16. GOODWILL

	RMB'000
Cost:	
At 1 January 2014, 31 December 2014 and 1 January 2015	19,541
Exchange adjustments	12,124
Acquisition of subsidiaries (note 28)	181,981
At 31 December 2015	213,646

Impairment tests for cash-generating units ("CGU") containing goodwill

Goodwill is allocated to the Group's CGU identified according to country of operation and operating segment as follows:

	2015 RMB'000	2014 RMB'000
Software business – PRC Mobile marketing business – HK	19,541 194,105	19,541 –
	213,646	19,541

Software business - PRC

The recoverable amount of the CGU is determined based on value-in-use calculations. These calculations use cash flow projections based on financial budgets approved by management covering a five-year period. Cash flows beyond the five-year period are extrapolated using an estimated weighted average growth rate of 3% (2014:3%). The growth rates used do not exceed the long-term average growth rates for the business in which the CGU operates. The cash flows are discounted using a discount rate of 23.8% (2013:22.4%). The discount rates used are pre-tax and reflect specific risks relating to the relevant segments.

For the year ended 31 December 2015

16. GOODWILL (continued)

Mobile marketing business - HK

On 14 May 2014, the Group entered into a sales and purchase agreement with two individual third parties, namely Gloss Rise Limited and Mr. Chu Wai Kit, acquiring the entire equity interests in Gravitas Group Limited and its subsidiaries ("Gravitas Group"), resulting a goodwill of approximately RMB181,981,000 for the acquisition. The directors of the Company in the view that the Gravitas Group act as an important marketing strategy in penetrating the mobile marketing business.

The recoverable amount of the CGU is determined based on value-in-use calculations. These calculations use cash flow projections based on financial budgets approved by management covering a five-year period. Cash flows beyond the five-year period are extrapolated using an estimated weighted average growth rate of 3%. The growth rates used do not exceed the long-term average growth rates for the business in which the CGU operates. The cash flows are discounted using a discount rate of 18.59%. The discount rates used are pre-tax and reflect specific risks relating to the relevant segments.

During the year ended 31 December 2015 and 2014, the management of the Group determined that there was no impairment of goodwill.

17. AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE SECURITIES

	2015 RMB'000	2014 RMB'000
Unlisted equity securities, at cost Exchange adjustment	49,738 2,951	49,738 50
	52,689	49,788

Investments in unlisted securities issued by private entities are held for an identified long-term strategic purpose so the Group does not intend to dispose them in the foreseeable future. The available-for-sale securities are measured at cost less impairment at the end of the reporting period because the ranges of reasonable fair value estimate are so significant that the directors of the Company are of the opinion that their fair values cannot be measured reliably.

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18. INVENTORIES

Inventories in the consolidated statement of financial position comprise:

	2015 RMB'000	2014 RMB'000
Standard software Low value consumables	949 5	1,234 5
	954	1,239

The analysis of the amount of inventories recognised as an expense and included in profit or loss is as follows:

	2015 RMB'000	2014 RMB'000
Carrying amount of inventories sold recognised in cost of sales	12,725	8,105

19. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

N	lotes	2015 RMB'000	2014 RMB'000
Trade receivables Less: allowance for doubtful debts	(iii)	92,408 (124)	84,054 -
	(i)	92,284	84,054
Loan receivables Less: allowance for doubtful debts		2,038 (1,870)	-
	(iv)	168	-
Prepayments made to suppliers Deposits and other receivables	(v)	95,627 11,442	86,357 22,023
		199,521	192,434

All of the trade and other receivables are expected to be recovered within one year.

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19. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (continued)

(i) As of the end of the reporting period, the ageing analysis of trade debtors (which are included in trade and other receivables), based on the invoice date (or date of revenue recognition, if earlier) and net of allowance for doubtful debts, is as follows:

	2015 RMB'000	2014 RMB'000
Within 1 month	63,016	52,936
Over 1 month but less than 3 months	13,633	13,357
Over 3 months but less than 1 year	7,212	16,914
Over 1 year but less than 2 years	7,594	712
Over 2 years	829	135
	92,284	84,054

(ii) The ageing analysis of trade debtors that are neither individually nor collectively considered to be impaired is as follows:

	2015 RMB'000	2014 RMB'000
Neither past due nor impaired	64,229	67,309
Less than 1 month past due Over 1 to 3 months past due Over 3 months to 1 year past due Over 1 year to 2 years past due Over 2 years past due	14,148 1,122 6,713 5,876 196	196 14,272 2,099 6 172
	28,055	16,745
	92,284	84,054

Receivables that were neither past due nor impaired relate to a wide range of customers for whom there was no recent history of default.

Receivables that were past due but not impaired relate to a number of independent customers that have a good track record with the Group. Based on past experience, management believes that no impairment allowance is necessary in respect of these balances as there has not been a significant change in credit quality and the balances are still considered fully recoverable.

For the year ended 31 December 2015

19. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (continued)

(iii) The movement in the allowance for doubtful debts of trade debtors during the year, including both specific and collective loss components, is as follows:

	2015 RMB'000	2014 RMB'000
At 1 January Exchange adjustments Acquisition of subsidiaries Impairment loss recognised	- 4 47 73	- - - -
At 31 December	124	-

As at 31 December 2015, trade receivables of the Group amounting to approximately RMB124,000 (2014: Nil) were individually determined to be impaired. The individually impaired receivables were outstanding for over 365 days at the end of reporting period or were due from customers with financial difficulties. Consequently, specific allowances for doubtful debts of approximately RMB124,000 were recognised.

(iv) Loan receivables

As of the end of the reporting period, the ageing analysis of loan receivables (which are included in trade and other receivables), based on loan drawn down date and net of allowance for doubtful debts, is as follows:

	2015 RMB'000	2014 RMB'000
Within 1 month	_	_
Over 1 month but less than 3 months	-	_
Over 3 months but less than 1 year	168	-
Over 1 year but less than 2 years	-	_
Over 2 years	-	-
	168	-

For the year ended 31 December 2015

19. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (continued)

(iv) Loan receivables (continued)

The ageing analysis of loan receivables that are neither individually nor collectively considered to be impaired is as follows:

	2015	2014
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Neither past due nor impaired	168	_

The movement in the allowance for doubtful debts of loan receivables during the year, including both specific and collective loss components, is as follows:

	2015 RMB'000	2014 RMB'000
At 1 January Exchange adjustments Acquisition of subsidiaries Impairment loss recognised	- 50 1,710 110	- - - -
At 31 December	1,870	_

As at 31 December 2015, loan receivables of the Group amounting to approximately RMB1,870,000 (2014: Nil) were individually determined to be impaired. The individually impaired receivables were outstanding for over 365 days at the end of reporting period or were due from customers with financial difficulties. Consequently, specific allowances for doubtful debts of approximately RMB1,870,000 were recognised.

(v) These prepayments are unsecured, interest-free and will be used to offset against future purchases from suppliers.

20. AMOUNTS DUE FROM NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS

The amounts due are trade in nature, unsecured, interest-free and receivables within 1 month based on invoice date.

21. TRADING SECURITIES

	2015 RMB'000	2014 RMB'000
Listed equity securities at fair value – in Hong Kong	118,031	70,136

For the year ended 31 December 2015

21. TRADING SECURITIES (continued)

Details of the equity investee of which the carrying amount exceeds 10% of the total assets of the Group at 31 December 2015 were as follows:

Name of Company	Place of incorporation	Class of shares held	the nominal value issued ordinary shares held by the Group
Name of Company	incorporation	snares neid	neid by the Group
China Innovative Finance Group Limited	Bermuda	Ordinary shares	0.8%

The fair value of all equity securities are in based on their current market prices in an active market.

22. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND PLEDGED BANK DEPOSITS

An analysis of the balance of cash and cash equivalents is set out below:

	2015 RMB'000	2014 RMB'000
Cash on hand Deposits on demand	63 84,794	80 58,155
Cash and bank deposits (note (a))	84,857	58,235
Pledged bank deposits (note (b))	(3,054)	(734)
Cash and cash equivalents in the balance sheet	81,803	57,501

- (a) Included in cash and bank deposits were approximately RMB70,081,000 (2014: approximately RMB30,372,000) placed in financial institutions in the PRC and the remittance of these funds out of the PRC is subject to exchange restrictions imposed by the PRC government.
- (b) At 31 December 2015, the bank deposits were pledged to secure trade finance facilities to the Group, have a maturity period more than one year and are therefore classified as non-current assets.

23. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

	2015 RMB'000	2014 RMB'000
Trade creditors Non-trade payables and accrued expenses Other tax payable	49,351 50,488 323	34,632 13,732 2,866
	100,162	51,230

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For the year ended 31 December 2015

23. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES (continued)

All of the trade and other payables are expected to be settled within one year.

As of the end of the reporting period, the ageing analysis of trade creditors (which are included in trade and other payables), based on the invoice date, is as follows:

	2015 RMB'000	2014 RMB'000
Due within 1 month or on demand	43,640	797
Due after 1 month but within 3 months	4,354	33,487
Due after 3 months but within 6 months	1,010	90
Due after 6 months but within 1 year	11	246
Due after 1 year but within 2 years	9	_
Over 2 years	327	12
	49,351	34,632

24. PROMISSORY NOTES

In connection with the acquisition of Gravitas Group, the Company issued an interest-bearing promissory notes at 6% interest rate per annum with 3 years maturity from the date of issue, with a principal amount of HK\$160,000,000 to Gloss Rise Limited.

The promissory notes were fair value at initial recognition with an effective interest rate of 7.5% per annum.

Interest charged on promissory notes is calculated using the effective interest method by applying interest rate of 7.5% per annum to the liability.

The movement of promissory notes during the year are as follows:

	2015 RMB'000	2014 RMB'000
At 1 January	-	-
Exchange adjustments Issued for the acquisition of subsidiaries (note 28) Imputed interest Redemption Loss on early redemption of promissory notes	4,380 120,693 1,837 (88,713) 3,950	- - - -
At 31 December	42,147	-

The directors of the Company expect the promissory notes to be redeemed within 12 months and therefore classified as current liabilities.

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25. BORROWINGS

	2015 RMB'000	2014 RMB'000
Unsecured borrowings (note (a)) Secured bank loans (note (b))	1,398 4,919	1,321 10,000
	6,317	11,321

(a) Unsecured borrowings

At 31 December 2015, the unsecured borrowing bears interest at 5% (2014: 5%) per annum.

(b) Secured bank loans

At 31 December 2015, the secured bank loans were repayable as follows:

	2015 RMB'000	2014 RMB'000
Within 1 year or on demand	4,919	10,000

At 31 December 2015, the secured bank loan of RMB4,000,000 of the Group bears interest from 5.68% to 6.43% (2014: 7%) per annum and secured by corporate guarantee of a PRC subsidiary.

At 31 December 2015, the secured bank loan of approximately RMB485,000 of the Group bears interest from 4.56% per annum and secured by personal guarantee provided by certain directors of a Hong Kong subsidiary.

At 31 December 2015, the secured bank loan of approximately RMB434,000 of the Group bears interest from 6.4% per annum and secured by personal guarantee provided by certain directors of a Hong Kong subsidiary.

All borrowings are repayable within one year or on demand.

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26. DEFERRED TAXATION

(a) Deferred tax assets and liabilities

The components of deferred tax assets/(liabilities) recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position and the movements during the year are as follows:

	Depreciation allowances in excess of the related depreciation RMB'000	Write-down of inventory RMB'000	Tax Iosses RMB'000	Total RMB'000
At 1 January 2014,				
31 December 2014	-	346	_	346
Exchange adjustments	(4)	-	1	(3)
Acquisition of a subsidiary	(61)	_	_	(61)
Credited to profit or loss	19	_	33	52
At 31 December 2015	(46)	346	34	334

Reconciliation to the consolidated statement of financial position

	2015 RMB'000	2014 RMB'000
Net deferred tax asset recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position Net deferred tax liability recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position	380 (46)	346
	334	346

(b) Deferred tax assets not recognised

In accordance with the accounting policy set out in note 1(q), the Group has not recognised deferred tax assets in respect of cumulative tax losses of approximately RMB25,561,000 (2014: RMB16,241,000) as it is not probable that future taxable profits against which the losses can be utilised will be available in the relevant tax jurisdiction and entity. The tax losses do not expire under current tax legislation.

(c) Deferred tax liabilities not recognised

At 31 December 2015, temporary differences relating to the undistributed profits of subsidiaries amounted to approximately RMB34,600,000 (2014: RMB23,409,000). Deferred tax liabilities of approximately RMB1,730,000 (2014: RMB1,170,000) have not been recognised in respect of the tax that would be payable on the distribution of these retained profits as the Company controls the dividend policy of these subsidiaries and it has been determined that it is probable that these profits will not be distributed in the foreseeable future.

For the year ended 31 December 2015

27. SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES

(a) Share capital

		2015		2014	
	Notes	Number of shares	Amount HK\$	Number of shares	Amount HK\$
Authorised: At 1 January Increase on 6 August 2015	(iv)	3,000,000,000 97,000,000,000	30,000,000 970,000,000	3,000,000,000	30,000,000
Ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each		100,000,000,000	1,000,000,000	3,000,000,000	30,000,000
Issued and fully paid: At 1 January Issue of subscription shares Issue of consideration shares for the acquisition of subsidiaries Issue of placing shares	(i) (ii) (iii)	2,110,867,520 - 307,692,307 483,700,000	21,108,675 - 3,076,923 4,837,000	1,467,389,600 350,000,000 – 293,477,920	14,673,896 3,500,000 - 2,934,779
At 31 December		2,902,259,827	29,022,598	2,110,867,520	21,108,675
			RMB equivalent		RMB equivalent
			24,413,823		18,193,831

(i) Issue of subscription shares

Pursuant to a subscription agreement dated on 21 October 2014, a total of 350,000,000 ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each were issued at the price of HK\$0.25 per subscription share. The issue of subscription shares has resulted in an increase in the share capital and share premium account by HK\$3,500,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB2,762,200) and HK\$84,000,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB66,292,800) respectively.

(ii) Issue of consideration shares

Pursuant to an acquisition agreement dated on 16 February 2015, the Group has agreed to issue 307,692,307 ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each with agreed price at HK\$0.13 per share as consideration shares for acquiring 20% of interest in Gravitas Group Limited from Mr. Chu Wai Kit. Upon completion of the acquisition on 14 May 2015, the consideration shares were issued and recorded at HK\$0.285 per share with reference to the market price as of that date, the issue of shares has resulted an increase in the share capital and share premium by approximately HK\$3,076,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB2,416,000) and approximately HK\$84,615,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB66,432,000) respectively.

For the year ended 31 December 2015

27. SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES (continued)

(a) Share capital (continued)

(iii) Issue of placing shares

Pursuant to a placing agreement dated on 28 May 2015, a total of 483,700,000 ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each were issued at the placing price of HK\$0.25 per placing share (the "Placing"). The Placing has resulted in an increase in the share capital and share premium account by HK\$4,837,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB3,804,000) and HK\$116,088,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB91,303,000) respectively.

Pursuant to a placing agreement dated on 5 September 2014, a total of 293,477,920 ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each were issued at the placing price of HK\$0.238 per placing share (the "Placing"). The Placing has resulted in an increase in the share capital and share premium account by HK\$2,934,779 (equivalent to approximately RMB2,322,585) and HK\$66,912,966 (equivalent to approximately RMB52,954,921) respectively.

(iv) Increase in authorised share capital

On 6 August 2015, the Company passed an ordinary resolution to increase its authorised share capital from HK\$30,000,000 divided into 3,000,000,000 ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each to HK\$1,000,000,000 divided into 100,000,000 ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each by the creation of an additional 97,000,000,000 unissued ordinary shares.

(b) Nature and purpose of reserves

(i) Share premium

The application of the share premium account is governed by the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands.

(ii) PRC statutory reserve

Transfers from retained profits to general reserve fund were made in accordance with the relevant PRC rules and regulations and the articles of association of the Company's subsidiaries established in the PRC and were approved by the respective boards of directors.

The general reserve fund can be used to make good previous year's losses, if any, and may be converted into paid-up capital provided that the balance of the general reserve fund after such conversion is not less than 25% of the PRC subsidiary's registered capital.

Each PRC wholly-owned subsidiary is required to transfer a minimum of 10% of its net profit, as determined in accordance with the PRC accounting rules and regulations, to the general reserve fund until the reserve balance reaches 50% of its registered capital. The transfer to this fund must be made before distribution of dividends to equity shareholders.

(iii) Exchange reserve

The exchange reserve comprises all foreign exchange differences arising from the translation of the financial statements of companies outside of the PRC. The reserve is dealt with in accordance with the accounting policy set out in note 1(t).

For the year ended 31 December 2015

27. SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES (continued)

(c) Capital management

The Group's primary objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, so that it can continue to provide returns for its shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders, by pricing products and services commensurately with the level of risk and by securing access to finance at a reasonable cost.

The Group actively and regularly reviews and manages its capital structure to maintain a balance between the higher shareholders returns that might be possible with higher levels of borrowings and the advantages and security afforded by a sound capital position, and makes adjustments to the capital structure in light of changes in economic conditions.

The Group monitors its capital structure on the basis of an adjusted net debt-to-capital ratio. For this purpose, the Group defines net debt as interest-bearing borrowings less cash and capital is defined as the total equity. As at 31 December 2015, the Group had cash in excess of interest-bearing borrowings. It is the management's intention to restrict the ratio below 50% in the long run. To achieve this end, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends to be paid to shareholders, issue new shares or raise new debts.

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries are subject to externally imposed capital requirements.

28. ACQUISITION AND DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARIES

Pre-acquisition carrying amounts were determined based on applicable IFRS immediately before the acquisition. The value of assets and liabilities recognised on acquisition are their fair values measured as follows: for the identifiable assets with an active market, the fair value was measured according to its market price; for the identifiable assets without an active market, the fair value was measured based on the market price of the same or similar kind of assets; if no active market exists for the same or similar assets, the fair value was measured by appraisal technique.

Goodwill is generated as a result of difference between the fair value of the net assets acquired and consideration.

For the year ended 31 December 2015

28. ACQUISITION AND DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARIES (continued)

(a) Acquisition of subsidiaries

Acquisition of Gravitas Group

On 14 May 2015, the Group acquired the entire equity interest in Gravitas Group from Gloss Rise Limited and Mr. Chu Wai Kit at a consideration of HK\$200,000,000, which was satisfied HK\$160,000,000 by the issue of the promissory notes by the Company to Gloss Rise Limited and HK\$40,000,000 by the issue of 307,692,307 consideration shares at the issue price of HK\$0.13 per share by the Company to Mr. Chu Wai Kit. The acquisition has been completed on the same day. The fair value of shares issued as consideration was HK\$0.285 per share, the issue of shares has resulted in an increase in the share capital and share premium account by approximately HK\$3,076,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB2,416,000) and approximately HK\$84,615,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB66,432,000).

Acquisition-related costs amounting to approximately RMB2,225,000 have been excluded from the consideration transferred and have been recognised as an expense during the year ended 31 December 2015, within "general and administrative expenses" line item consolidated statement of profit or loss.

Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed

	RMB'000
Property, plant and equipment	660
Trade and other receivables	14,168
Cash and cash equivalents	441
Trade and other payables	(4,593)
Borrowings	(1,528)
Obligation under finance lease	(283)
Tax payable (note 7(iii))	(1,244)
Deferred tax liabilities (note 26(a))	(61)
Total identifiable net assets	7,560
Add: promissory notes issued (note 24)	120,693
Add: consideration shares	68,848
Less: net identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed	(7,560)
Goodwill (note 16)	181,981
Net cash inflow arising on acquisition:	
Cash and cash equivalents acquired	441

Included in the profit for the year is approximately RMB993,000 profit attributable to the additional business generated by Gravitas Group. Revenue for the year includes approximately RMB12,407,000 generated by Gravitas Group.

Had the acquisition been completed on 1 January 2015, total Group's revenue for the year would have been approximately RMB428,405,000 and profit for the year would have been approximately RMB16,210,000. The pro forma information is for illustrative purposes only and is not necessarily an indication of revenue and results of operations of the Group that actually would have been achieved had the acquisition been completed on 1 January 2015, nor is it intended to be a projection of future results.

For the year ended 31 December 2015

28. ACQUISITION AND DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARIES (continued)

(a) Acquisition of subsidiaries (continued)

Acquisition of Talent Grand Investments Limited and its subsidiary (the "Talent Grand Group")

On 12 October 2015, the Group entered into a sale and purchase agreement with an independent third party to acquire the entire equity interest in Talent Grand Group at a consideration of HK\$1. Gain on bargain purchase arising as a result of the acquisition was approximately HK\$427,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB348,000). The acquisition has been completed on the same day.

Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed

	RMB'000
Property, plant and equipment Trade and other receivables Cash and cash equivalents	47 295 6
Total identifiable net assets	348
Add: Cash consideration Less: net identifiable assets acquired	(348)
Gain on bargain purchase (note 4)	(348)
Net cash inflow arising on acquisition: Cash and cash equivalents acquired	6

Included in the profit for the year is approximately RMB202,000 loss attributable to the additional business generated by Talent Grand Group. Revenue for the year includes approximately RMB3,000 generated by Talent Grand Group.

Had the acquisition been completed on 1 January 2015, total Group's revenue for the year would have been approximately RMB419,722,000 and profit for the year would have been approximately RMB16,186,000. The pro forma information is for illustrative purposes only and is not necessarily an indication of revenue and results of operations of the Group that actually would have been achieved had the acquisition been completed on 1 January 2015, nor is it intended to be a projection of future results.

(b) Disposal of a subsidiary

On 10 August 2015, the Group entered into a sale and purchase agreement with an independent third party to dispose the entire equity interests in Wealth Vantage Investments Limited, a direct wholly-owned subsidiary, for a cash consideration of HK\$1. Gain on disposal of a subsidiary arising as a result of the disposal was approximately HK\$1,520,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB1,216,000). The disposal has been completed on the same day.

Net liabilities disposed

	RMB'000
Property, plant and equipment Trade and other receivables Trade and other payables	122 1,221 (2,559)
Release of exchange reserve	(1,216) (145)
Gain on disposal of a subsidiary (note 4)	(1,361) 1,361
Total consideration received	-

For the year ended 31 December 2015

29. COMMITMENTS

(i) Capital commitments

The Group has no significant capital commitment as at 31 December 2015 and 2014.

(ii) Operating lease commitments

The total future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases at the end of the reporting period are payables as follows:

	2015 RMB'000	2014 RMB'000
Less than one year Between one and two years Between two and three years	3,746 807 717	4,223 1,997 -
	5,270	6,220

The Group leased a number of properties under operating leases during the year. None of the leases include contingent rentals.

30. RETIREMENT BENEFITS

As stipulated by the regulations of the PRC, the Group's subsidiaries in the PRC participate in basic defined contribution retirement schemes organised by the respective municipal governments under which they are governed. Details of the schemes of the subsidiaries are as follows:

		Contribution
Administrator	Beneficiary	rate
Beijing Municipal Government	Employees of Beijing OLM	20%
Shanghai Municipal Government	Employees of Shanghai OLM	20.5%
Chengdu Municipal Government, Sichuan Province	Employees of Chengdu OLM	22%
Hangzhou Municipal Government, Zhejiang Province	Employees of Beijing OLM Hangzhou Branch	14%
Guangzhou Municipal Government, Guangdong Province	Employees of Beijing OLM Guangzhou Branch	14%

All employees are entitled to retirement benefits equal to a fixed proportion of their salaries and benefits in kind prevailing at their normal retirement ages.

For the year ended 31 December 2015

30. RETIREMENT BENEFITS (continued)

The Group also operates a Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme ("the MPF scheme") under the Hong Kong Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme Ordinance for employees employed under the jurisdiction of the Hong Kong Employment Ordinance. The MPF scheme is a defined contribution retirement plan administered by independent trustees. Under the MPF scheme, the employer and its employees are each required to make contributions to the plan at 5% of the employees' relevant income, subject to a cap of monthly relevant income of HK\$30,000. Contributions to the plan vest immediately.

The Group has no other material obligation for the payment of retirement benefits associated with this scheme beyond the contributions described above.

31. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

(a) Save as disclosed elsewhere in the consolidated financial statements, details of transactions between the Group and its related parties are disclosed below:

	2015 RMB'000	2014 RMB'000
Non-controlling interests - Provision for software maintenance and other services	767	1,344

(b) Remuneration to key management personnel

Key management personnel are those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Group, directly or indirectly, including directors and supervisors of the Group. The compensation of key management personnel is as follows:

	2015 RMB'000	2014 RMB'000
Short-term employee benefits Post-employment benefits	8,175 204	8,590 166
	8,379	8,756

(c) Contribution to defined contribution retirement plans

The Group participates in defined contribution retirement plans organised by municipal government for its employees. The details of the Group's employee benefits plan are disclosed in note 30. As at 31 December 2015, there was no material outstanding contribution to post-employment benefit plans (2014: Nil).

For the year ended 31 December 2015

32. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Exposure to credit, liquidity, interest rate, foreign currency and equity price risks arises in the normal course of the Group's business.

The Group's exposure to these risks and the financial risk management policies and practices used by the Group to manage these risks are described below.

(a) Credit risk

The Group's credit risk is primarily attributable to trade and other receivables, prepayments made to suppliers and cash and cash equivalents. Management has a credit policy in place and the exposures to these credit risks are monitored on an ongoing basis.

In respect of trade and other receivables, individual credit evaluations are performed on all customers requiring credit over a certain amount. These evaluations focus on the customer's past history of making payments when due and current ability to pay, and take into account information specific to the customer as well as pertaining to the economic environment in which the customer operates. Customers of software business are usually required to settle the payment based on the agreed schedule in according to the sales contract. Customers with balances overdue are normally requested to settle all outstanding balances before further service is provided. Normally, the Group does not obtain collateral from its customers.

At the end of each reporting period, the Group has no significant concentrations of credit risk with any of its customers.

In respect of prepayments made to suppliers, individual credit evaluations are performed on all suppliers requiring prepayments over a certain amount. These evaluations focus on the supplier's past history and take into account information specific to the supplier as well as pertaining to the economic environment in which the supplier operates.

The Group's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristics of each supplier. The default risk of the industry and country in which suppliers operate also has an influence on credit risk but to a lesser extent. At the end of each reporting period, the Group has a certain concentrations of credit risk as 46% (2014: 45%) and 48% (2014: 45%) of the trade and other receivable were prepayments made to the Group's largest supplier and the five largest suppliers respectively.

Further quantitative disclosures in respect of the Group's exposure to credit risk arising from trade and other receivables are set out in note 19.

It is expected that there is no significant credit risk associated with the cash and cash equivalents as they are placed with major banks which are located in the PRC and Hong Kong, which the management believes are of high credit quality.

The maximum exposure to credit risk without taking account of any collateral held is represented by the carrying amount of each financial asset in the consolidation statement of financial position after deducting any impairment allowance. The Group does not provide any guarantees which would expose the Group to credit risk.

For the year ended 31 December 2015

32. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

(b) Liquidity risk

The individual subsidiaries within the Group are responsible for their own cash management, including the raising of loans to cover expected cash demands, subject to approval by the board of directors of the respective subsidiaries. The Group's policy is to regularly monitor its liquidity requirements to ensure that it maintains sufficient reserves of cash and readily realisable marketable securities and adequate committed lines of funding from major financial institutions to meet its liquidity requirements in the short and longer term.

Contractual maturities of financial liabilities

The following tables show the remaining contractual maturities at the end of each reporting period of the Group's and the Company's non-derivative financial liabilities including estimated interest payments:

	Carrying amount RMB'000	Contractual undiscounted cash flow RMB'000	Within 1 year or on demand RMB'000	More than 1 year but less than 2 years RMB'000	More than 2 years but less than 5 years RMB'000
Non-derivative financial liabilities Borrowings Promissory notes Trade and other payables excluding advance from customers	6,317 42,147 74,347	(6,677) (49,705) (74,347)	(6,677) (49,705) (74,347)	- - -	- - -
	122,811	(130,729)	(130,729)	-	-
	Carrying amount RMB'000	Contractual undiscounted cash flow RMB'000	2014 Within 1 year or on demand RMB'000	More than 1 year but less than 2 years RMB'000	More than 2 years but less than 5 years RMB'000
Non-derivative financial liabilities Borrowings Trade and other payables excluding advance from customers	11,321 51,021 62,342	(12,088) (51,021) (63,109)	(12,088) (51,021) (63,109)	- - -	- - -

For the year ended 31 December 2015

32. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

(c) Interest rate risk

Other than bank balances and pledged bank deposits with variable interest rate and loan receivables with fixed interest rate, the Group has no other significant interest-bearing assets. Management does not anticipate significant impact to interest-bearing assets resulted from the changes in interest rates, because the interest rates of interest-bearing assets are not expected to change significantly.

The Group's interest rate risk arises primarily from cash and cash equivalents, time deposits, loan receivables and borrowings, issued at variable rates and at fixed rates which expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk and fair value interest rate risk respectively.

(i) Interest rate profile

The interest rate profile of the Group's interest-bearing financial instruments at the end of each reporting period is as follows:

	2015		2014	
	Effective		Effective	
	weighted		weighted	
	average		average	
	interest rates		interest rates	
	% (annual)	RMB'000	% (annual)	RMB'000
Fixed rate instruments				
Loan receivables	12.00	167	_	_
Borrowings – HK	4.56	(485)	_	-
Borrowings – HK	6.40	(434)	-	-
Borrowings – HK	5.00	(1,398)	5.00	(1,321)
Variable rate instruments				
Cash and cash equivalents	0.35	81,803	0.35	57,501
Pledged bank deposits	0.35	3,054	0.35	734
Borrowings – PRC	5.68	(4,000)	7.00	(10,000)

For the year ended 31 December 2015

32. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

(c) Interest rate risk (continued)

(ii) Sensitivity analysis

At the end of each reporting period, it is estimated that a general increase/decrease of 100 basis points in interest rates, with all other variables held constant, would have decreased/increased the Group's profit after tax and retained profits by approximately RMB30,000 (2014: RMB75,000). Other components of consolidated equity would not be affected by changes in interest rates.

The sensitivity analysis above indicates the instantaneous change in the Group's profit after tax and retained profits that would arise assuming that the change in interest rates had occurred at the end of each reporting period and had been applied to re-measure those financial instruments held by the Group which expose the Group to fair value interest rate risk at the end of each reporting period. In respect of the exposure to cash flow interest rate risk arising from floating rate non-derivative instruments held by the Group at the end of each reporting period, the impact on the Group's profit after tax and retained profits is estimated as an annualised impact on interest expense or income of such a change in interest rates. The analysis is performed on the same basis for 2014.

(d) Foreign currency risk

The Group's businesses are principally conducted in Renminbi and most of the Group's monetary assets and liabilities are denominated in Renminbi. Accordingly, the directors consider the Group's exposure to foreign currency risk is not significant. The Group does not employ any financial instruments for hedging purposes.

(e) Equity price risk

The Group is exposed to equity price changes arising from equity investments classified as trading securities (see note 21). All of these investments are listed.

At 31 December 2015, it is estimated that an increase/(decrease) of 5% in the relevant stock market index (for listed investments) as applicable, with all other variables held constant, would have increased/decreased the Group's profit after tax and retained profits as follows:

and retained and r	after tax retained profits				ange in the relevant equity
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	after tax	Ri	-		
profit after tax profit a		and r	and retained		
	2014 Effect on	_		į	

For the year ended 31 December 2015

32. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

(e) Equity price risk (continued)

The sensitivity analysis indicates the instantaneous change in the Group's profit after tax and retained profits that would arise assuming that the changes in the stock market index or other relevant risk variables had occurred at the end of the reporting period and had been applied to re-measure those financial instruments held by the Group which expose the Group to equity price risk at the end of the reporting period. It is also assumed that the fair values of the Group's equity investments would change in accordance with the historical correlation with the relevant stock market index or the relevant risk variables. The analysis is performed on the same basis for 2014.

(f) Fair value measurement

(i) Financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value

Fair value hierarchy

The following table presents the fair value of the Group's financial instruments measured at the end of the reporting period on a recurring basis, categorised into the three-level fair value hierarchy as defined in IFRS 13, Fair value measurement. The level into which a fair value measurement is classified is determined with reference to the observability and significance of the inputs used in the valuation technique as follows:

- Level 1 valuations: Fair value measured using only Level 1 inputs i.e. unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities at the measurement date.
- Level 2 valuations: Fair value measured using Level 2 inputs i.e. observable inputs which fail to meet Level 1, and not using significant unobservable inputs. Unobservable inputs are inputs for which market data are not available.
- Level 3 valuations: Fair value measured using significant unobservable inputs.

2015

	Fair value at 31 December 2015 RMB'000	Level 1 RMB'000	Level 2 RMB'000	Level 3 RMB'000	Total RMB'000
Recurring fair value					
measurements					
Assets:					
Trading securities	118,031	118,031	-	-	118,031

For the year ended 31 December 2015

32. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

(f) Fair value measurement (continued)

(i) Financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value (continued)

Fair value hierarchy (continued)

2014

	Fair value at 31 December 2014 RMB'000	Level 1 RMB'000	Level 2 RMB'000	Level 3 RMB'000	Total RMB'000
Recurring fair value measurements Assets: Trading securities	70,136	70,136	-	-	70,136

During the years ended 31 December 2014 and 2015, there were no significant transfers between in Level 1 and 2, or transfers into or out of Level 3 (2014: Nil.)

(ii) Fair value of financial assets and liabilities carried at other than fair value

The carrying amounts of the Group's financial instruments carried at cost or amortised cost are not materially different from their fair values as at 31 December 2015 and 2014.

As detailed in the following table, the directors of the Company consider that the carrying amounts of financial liabilities recorded at amortised cost in the consolidated financial statements approximate their fair values.

	Carrying	
At 31 December 2015	amounts	Fair value
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Financial liabilities:		
Promissory notes	42,147	41,624

For the year ended 31 December 2015

33. COMPANY-LEVEL STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AND RESERVES

(a) Company-level statement of financial position

Notes	2015 RMB'000	2014 RMB'000
Non-current assets Amounts due from subsidiaries	397,574	198,955
Current assets Deposits and other receivables Cash and cash equivalents	76 84	2,411 26,870
	160	29,281
Non-current liabilities Amount due to a subsidiary	1,430	_
Current liabilities Other payables and accrued expenses Promissory notes	759 42,147	712 -
	42,906	712
Net current (liabilities)/assets	(42,746)	28,569
Total assets less current liabilities	354,828	227,524
Net assets	353,398	227,524
Capital and reservesShare capital27(a)Reserves33(b)	24,414 328,984	18,194 209,330
Total equity	353,398	227,524

Approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 31 March 2016.

Lam Kai Tai

Director

Wong Ho Sing

Director

For the year ended 31 December 2015

33. COMPANY-LEVEL STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AND RESERVES

(continued)

(b) Company-level reserves

Details of the changes in the Company's individual components of reserves between the beginning and the end of the year are set out below:

	Share premium	Exchange reserve	Accumulated losses	Total
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Balance at 1 January 2014	128,032	(3,559)	(24,592)	99,881
Loss for the year (note 10)	-	_	(7,388)	(7,388)
Other comprehensive income		675		675
Total comprehensive income/				
(expenses) for the year	_	675	(7,388)	(6,713)
Shares issued	119,247	_	_	119,247
Share issue expenses	(3,085)	-	-	(3,085)
Balance at 31 December 2014	244,194	(2,884)	(31,980)	209,330
Balance at 1 January 2015	244,194	(2,884)	(31,980)	209,330
Loss for the year (note 10)	-	-	(56,537)	(56,537)
Other comprehensive income	-	21,316		21,316
Total comprehensive income/				
(expenses) for the year	-	21,316	(56,537)	(35,221)
Shares issued by way of placing	91,303	_	_	91,303
Shares issue expenses	(2,860)	-	-	(2,860)
Shares issued as consideration of	00.403			00.400
acquisition of subsidiaries	66,432	-		66,432
Balance at 31 December 2015	399,069	18,432	(88,517)	328,984

34. MAJOR NON-CASH TRANSACTIONS

On 14 May 2015, (i) 307,692,307 new ordinary shares at the issue price of HK\$0.13 per share were issued and allotted to Mr. Chu Wai Kit; and (ii) promissory notes in the principal amount of HK\$160,000,000 was issued to Gloss Rise Limited upon completion of the acquisition agreement dated 16 February 2015 entered into among the Company, Mr. Chu Wai Kit and Gloss Rise Limited in relation to the acquisition of the entire issued share capital of Gravitas Group Limited from Mr. Chu Wai Kit (to the extent of 20%) and Gloss Rise Limited (to the extent of 80%). Part of the promissory notes in the principal amount of HK\$110,000,000 was repaid on 17 June 2015.

For the year ended 31 December 2015

35. NON-ADJUSTING EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

On 5 January 2016, the Company announced that the placing agreement, that entered into the with the placing agent in relation to the placing of the placing shares on 15 December 2015, was completed. An aggregate of 580,450,000 Placing Shares were successfully placed by the placing agent to not less than six placees at HK\$0.098 per placing share. The placing shares of 580,450,000 new shares represent approximately 20.00% of the existing issued share capital of the Company of 2,902,259,827 shares and approximately 16.67% of the issued share capital of the Company of 3,482,709,827 shares as enlarged by this placing. The aggregate nominal value of this placing shares will be HK\$5,804,500.

36. POSSIBLE IMPACT OF AMENDMENTS. NEW STANDARDS AND INTERPRETATIONS ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE FOR THE YEAR ENDED **31 DECEMBER 2015**

Up to the date of issue of the consolidated financial statements, the IASB has issued a few amendments and new standards which are not yet effective for the year ended 31 December 2015 and which have not been adopted in the consolidated financial statements. These include the following which may be relevant to the Group.

Effective for accounting periods beginning on or after

Amendments to IFRSs	Annual Improvements to IFRSs 2012-2014 Cycle	1 January 2016
Amendments to IFRS 10 and	Sale or contribution of assets between an investor	1 January 2016
IAS 28	and its associate or joint venture	
Amendments to IFRS 11	Accounting for Acquisitions of Interests in Joint	1 January 2016
	Operations	
Amendments to IAS 1	Disclosure initiative	1 January 2016
Amendments to IAS 16 and	Clarification of acceptable methods of depreciation	1 January 2016
IAS 38,	and amortisation	
IFRS 15	Revenue from Contracts with Customers	1 January 2017
IFRS 9	Financial Instruments	1 January 2018

The Group is in the process of making an assessment of what the impact of these amendments is expected to be in the period of initial application. So far it has concluded that the adoption of them is unlikely to have a significant impact on the consolidated financial statements.