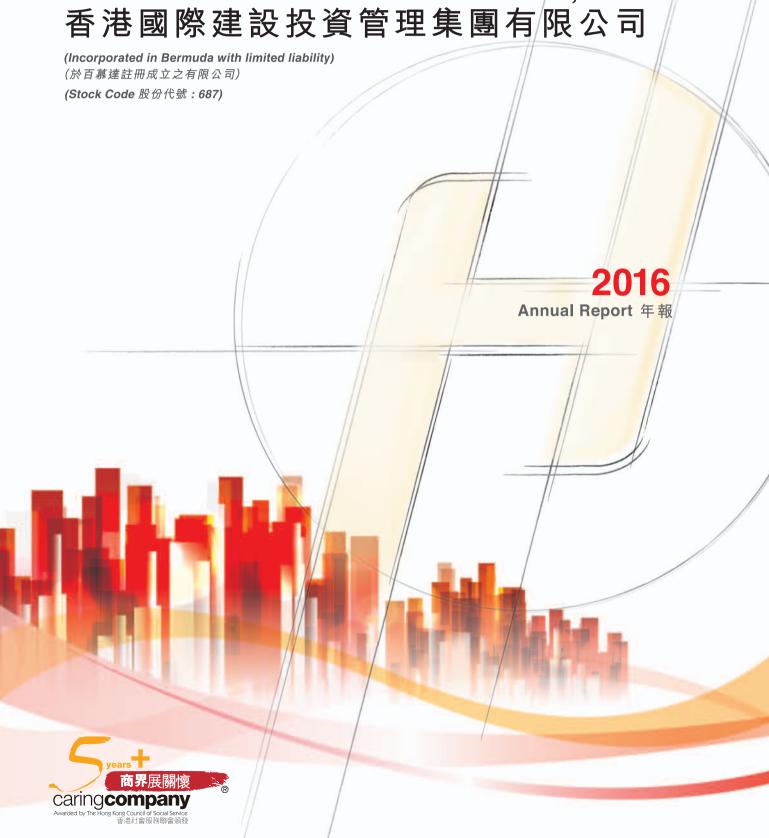


HONG KONG INTERNATIONAL CONSTRUCTION INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT GROUP CO., LIMITED 系进 园 欧 建 凯 尔 洛 第 田 佳 園 右 四 八 司



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本人欣然呈列香港國際建設投資管理集團有限公司(「本公司」)連同其附屬公司(「本公司」)連同其附屬公司(「本集團」)截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止 九個月期間(「期間」)之年報連同截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度之比較數字。 於期間內,本集團錄得本公司股東應佔 利134,000,000港元,相等於每股0.14 港元(截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度:397,000,000港元,相等於每股0.45 港元),而營業額為3,031,000,000港元 (截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度:4,057,000,000港元)。

I am pleased to present the annual report of Hong Kong International Construction Investment Management Group Co., Limited (the "Company") together with its subsidiaries (the "Group") for the 9 months period ended 31 December 2016 (the "Period") together with comparative figures for year ended 31 March 2016. During the Period, the Group achieved a profit attributable to equity holders of the Company of HK\$134 million, equivalent to HK\$0.14 per share (year ended 31 March 2016: HK\$397 million, equivalent to HK\$0.45 per share) while turnover was HK\$3,031 million (year ended 31 March 2016: HK\$4,057 million).

股息

本公司董事局(「董事局」)議決建議向於二零一七年五月十八日名列本公司股東名冊之股東派付末期股息每股0.10港元(截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度:無)。截至二零一六年九月三十日止六個月並無宣派中期股息(截至二零一五年九月三十日止期間:每股股份0.20港元)。待股東在應屆股東週年大會上批准後,建議之末期股息將於二零一七年六月八日或之前支付。

業務回顧

香港市場

地基打樁

本集團地基打樁分類之營業額於期間內為2,115,000,000港元。其貢獻(即分類業績減應佔管理層獎勵花紅)為226,000,000港元,而往年則為394,000,000港元。本集團手頭之主要合約包括(其中包括)黃大仙白田邨及粉嶺之公屋發展項目、將軍澳、塘、北角及白石角之私人住宅發展項目、將軍澳、城及黃竹坑、觀塘、白石角及元朗之商業發展項目。於期間內,地基打樁分類之息稅折舊,數銷前盈利為268,000,000港元,而往年則為455,000,000港元。該分類於期間內之整體息稅折舊攤銷前盈利利潤率為13%。

DIVIDEND

The board of directors of the Company (the "Board") has resolved to recommend a final dividend payment of HK\$0.10 (year ended 31 March 2016: Nil) per share to shareholders whose names appear on the Company's register of members on 18 May 2017. No interim dividend was declared for the six months ended 30 September 2016 (period ended 30 September 2015: HK\$0.20 per share). Subject to shareholders' approval at the forthcoming annual general meeting, the proposed final dividend will be paid on or before 8 June 2017.

BUSINESS REVIEW

Hong Kong Market

Foundation Piling

During the Period, turnover of the Group's foundation piling segment was HK\$2,115 million. Its contribution to net profit, respresenting segment result less share of management incentive bonus, was HK\$226 million as compared to HK\$394 million last year. The Group's major contracts on hand include, inter alia, the public housing developments in Wong Tai Sin, Pak Tin Estates and Fanling, private residential developments in Tseung Kwan O, Kwun Tong, North Point, Pak Shek Kok, and commercial developments in Wong Chuk Hang, Kwun Tong, Pak Shek Kok and Yuen Long. During the Period, EBITDA for the foundation piling segment was HK\$268 million as compared to HK\$455 million last year. The overall EBITDA margin for the segment was 13% for the Period.

中國市場

物業發展

泰欣嘉園

於期間內,本集團在上海之住宅項目泰欣嘉園確認收益30,000,000港元,而上年度之收益則為466,000,000港元,純利貢獻11,000,000港元(截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度:302,000,000港元)。

PRC Market

Property Development

The Waterfront

During the Period, the Group's residential project in Shanghai, The Waterfront, recognized a revenue of HK\$30 million as compared to HK\$466 million last year and contribution to net profit of HK\$11 million (year ended 31 March 2016: HK\$302 million).

泰欣嘉園 The Waterfront







於二零一六年十二月三十一日,泰欣嘉園之 未售出面積概列如下:

- 住宅:約1,000平方米;
- 泊車位:約12個泊車位;
- 非住宅:約4,800平方米,主要指臨街 零售店舖樓面及一棟歷史建築。

由於二零一六年十月及十一月推出日趨從嚴之政策,上海住宅市場按交易量計出現整體下滑,但平均單價保持穩定。由於僅有一套未售出單位,且具有獨特性,故不會大幅降價將其出售。儘管上海零售市場情況並不樂觀,但泰欣嘉園之零售店舖樓面及歷史建築已全部出租。

The unsold area of The Waterfront as at 31 December 2016 is outlined below:

- Residential: about 1,000 sqm;
- Car Park: about 12 car park units;
- Non-Residential: about 4,800 sqm, representing primarily street front retail shops and a historic building.

Due to the tightening policies introduced in October and November 2016, the overall Shanghai residential market has slowed down in terms of number of transactions but the average unit price remains stable. As there is only one unsold residential unit which is of such a unique nature, it is not intended to dispose of it by substantial reduction in price. Despite the unfavourable retail market sentiment in Shanghai, all the retail shops and the historic building at The Waterfront have been leased out.

泰悦豪庭

本集團在天津之住宅項目泰悦豪庭包括總樓 面面積(「樓面面積」)約為75,000平方米之六 幢大廈。

於期間內,確認收益569,000,000港元,上年度之收益則為488,000,000港元,而純利貢獻由上年度之228,000,000港元增至305,000,000港元。

於二零一六年十二月三十一日,泰悦豪庭之 未售出面積概列如下:

• 住宅:約330平方米;

• 泊車位:約26個泊車位;

• 非住宅:約3,900平方米,主要指臨街 零售店舖樓面及泰悦豪庭之會所。

於二零一六年,天津住宅市場情況十分樂觀,交易量及平均單價雙創新高。泰悦豪庭已受益於整體市場情況,且僅剩一套未售出單位。

零售店舖樓面將留作出租或出售。

The Riverside

The Group's residential project in Tianjin, The Riverside, comprises 6 towers with a total gross floor area ("GFA") of about 75,000 sqm.

During the Period, a revenue of HK\$569 million was recognized as compared to HK\$488 million last year and contribution to net profit increased from HK\$228 million last year to HK\$305 million.

The unsold area of The Riverside as at 31 December 2016 is outlined below:

- Residential: about 330 sqm;
- Car Park: about 26 car park units;
- Non-Residential: about 3,900 sqm, representing primarily street front retail shops and The Riverside's clubhouse.

The residential market sentiment in Tianjin was very positive in 2016 and both transaction volume and average unit price have reached record high. The Riverside has benefited from the overall market sentiment and there is only one unsold unit.

The retail shops would be reinstated for leasing or disposal.

泰悦豪庭 The Riverside







泰和龍庭

泰和龍庭位於瀋陽皇姑區,佔地面積約為41,209平方米,樓面面積約為165,000平方米。泰和龍庭包括住宅及商業發展項目。建築工程大體上已完成,並於二零一六年九月中已開始向買家交付單位。由於該等單位可供視察並入住,預期可加強潛在客戶之信心,因而加快二零一七年之銷售。

於期間內,確認收益286,000,000港元,而 純利貢獻約為3,000,000港元。

於二零一六年十二月三十一日,泰和龍庭之 未售出面積概列如下:

- 住宅:約74,000平方米;
- 泊車位:約972個泊車位;
- 非住宅:約62,665平方米,包括一個 商場及一幢辦公大樓。

泰和龍庭之住宅單位銷售亦受益於中央政府 有關減少樓房存貨之政策。就瀋陽零售辦公 室之整體市場情況而言,供給過剩已產生重 大不利影響。出售或出租泰和龍庭辦公室及 零售店舖仍面臨挑戰。

於期間內,物業發展分類之稅折舊攤銷前盈利為330,000,000港元,而往年則為528,000,000港元。整體息稅折舊攤銷前盈利利潤率為37%。

The Pinnacle

The Pinnacle is located at Huanggu District in Shenyang with a site area of about 41,209 sqm and a GFA of about 165,000 sqm. The Pinnacle comprises both residential and commercial developments. Construction works had substantially completed and handover of the units to the buyers commenced in mid-September 2016. As the units are available for inspection and occupancy, it is expected that the confidence of our potential customers will increase hence improving the pace of sale in 2017.

During the Period, a revenue of HK\$286 million was recognized and contribution to net profit was about HK\$3 million.

The unsold area of The Pinnacle as at 31 December 2016 is outlined below:

- Residential: About 74,000 sqm;
- Car Park: About 972 car park units;
- Non-Residential: About 62,665 sqm, comprising a shopping mall and an office block.

The sale of residential units of The Pinnacle has also benefited from the Central Government's policies on reduction in housing inventories. As for the overall market sentiment for retailed office in Shenyang, the over supply situation has created tremendous adverse impact. Disposal or leasing of the office and retail shops of The Pinnacle remains challenging.

During the Period, EBITDA for the property development segment was HK\$330 million as compared to HK\$528 million last year. The overall EBITDA margin was 37% for the Period.

泰和龍庭 The Pinnacle







物業投資及管理

本集團變現部分投資物業,物業投資及管理分類之營業額於期間內為2,000,000港元, 而往年則為26.000,000港元。

強制性無條件現金要約、變更公司名稱及財 政年結日

於二零一六年六月三十日,HNA Finance I Co., Ltd.(「HNA Finance I」) 收購本公司約66%權益,而HNA Finance I提出之強制性無條件現金要約於二零一六年七月二十八日截止。於期間內,本公司成為HNA Finance I之附屬公司,完成公司名稱變更,並將其財政年結日變更為十二月三十一日。

股份配售

於二零一六年八月至十月期間,本公司已經發行259,500,000股股份,並籌得所得款項淨額約1,058,100,000港元。

前景

就地基打樁及建築業務而言,由於市場參與內本增加以及可供選擇項目減少,預期短期內之競爭仍屬激烈。鑒於勞工短缺、營運成六年三月三十一日此財政期間,利潤率在整體而一六年三十一日此財政期間,利潤率在整體而一六年三月三十一日此最近之財政年度年末,本集團觀察到本集團於截至三十一日,並預期此趨勢將影響中一六年三月三十一日,並預期此趨勢將影響本集團截至二零一七年十二月三十一日此財政年度之財務業績。

Property Investment and Management

The Group has realized some of its investment properties and turnover of the property investment and management segment during the Period was HK\$2 million as compared to HK\$26 million last year.

Mandatory Unconditional Cash Offer, Change of Company Name and Year End Date

On 30 June 2016, HNA Finance I Co., Ltd. ("HNA Finance I") acquired about 66% interest in the Company and the mandatory unconditional cash offer made by HNA Finance I was closed on 28 July 2016. During the Period, the Company has become a subsidiary of HNA Finance I, completed its name change, and changed its financial year end date to 31 December.

Share Placement

During the period from August to October 2016, the Company had issued 259,500,000 Shares and raised net proceeds amounted to approximately HK\$1,058,100,000.

PROSPECTS

In respect of the foundation piling and construction business, the competition is expected to remain keen in the near future due to the growing number of market players and reduced available projects. The profit margins as a whole have been negatively affected by reduced profit margins given market factors such as labour shortages, rising operating costs and intensification of competition since 31 March 2016 and up to the financial period ended 31 December 2016. Based on the tenders it has submitted after 31 March 2016, being its most recent financial year end, it has been observed by the Group that successful tenders for the Group or others have been achieved at levels of decreased profit margins as compared to the average profit margin achieved by the Group for the most recent financial year ended 31 March 2016 and this trend is expected to affect the Group's financial results for the financial year ending 31 December 2017.

就中國之物業發展業務而言,鑒於減少樓房 存貨為中央政府定於二零一六年之五大主要 工作之一,中央政府推出一系列之紓緩政策 以支持物業市場,使二零一六年首季度之整 體物業市場情況得以大幅改善。紓緩措施加 強了買家之信心。儘管於逾20個城市重新 引入緊縮措施以穩定住宅市場使中國之整體 市場情況自二零一六年十月起轉弱,仍預期 我們剩餘住宅物業之銷售將維持穩定,原因 是我們產品在質素及價值方面具有獨特性。 瀋陽物業發展項目建設大致上已於二零一六 年九月完工,並已開始進行交付部分先前已 售出單位。自二零一六年九月起,本集團持 續交付已售出單位。由於該等單位可供視察 並入住,預期可加強潛在客戶之信心,因而 加快二零一七年之銷售。來自物業銷售之收 益及毛利僅於交付完成後確認。根據於二零 一七年二月底之單位交付(佔該發展項目所有 住宅單位約31%),瀋陽發展項目之利潤率自 二零一六年九月起維持相對穩定。作為背景 資料,來自瀋陽發展項目物業銷售之利潤率 並不及本集團於上海及天津(均為中國一線城 市)之發展項目般高。

就香港之物業發展業務而言,香港政府擬供應最多460,000個公營及私營單位作為未來十年之房屋供應目標,這預期將會在中期上支持對建築行業服務之需求。「一帶一路」沿線地區對專業及基建服務亦存在強勁需求。本集團將在香港尋求更多物業發展及相關項目管理機會,並參考現行市場狀況,按照各項目自身之優點考慮其可行性。

In respect of the property development business in the PRC, the overall property market sentiment improved significantly in the first quarter of 2016 due to a slew of relaxation policies rolled out by the Central Government to support the property market, given that a reduction in housing inventories was set as one of the five major tasks in 2016 for the Central Government. The relaxation measures boosted the confidence of buyers. Though the overall market sentiment in China has weakened since October 2016 due to the re-introduction of austerity measures in more than 20 cities to stabilize the residential market, sales of our remaining residential properties is expected to remain steady due to uniqueness of our products in terms of quality and value. Construction of the property development project in Shenyang was substantially completed in September 2016, and hand over of some units previously sold commenced. Since September 2016, the Group has continued to hand over sold units. As the availability units are available for inspection and occupancy, it is expected that the confidence of our potential customers will increase hence improving the pace of sale in 2017. Revenue and gross profits from the sale of the properties are only recognised upon delivery. Based on delivery of units which, as at the end of February 2017, represented approximately 31% of all residential units in the development, the profit margins from the Shenyang development has remained relatively stable since September 2016. By way of background, the profit margins from sale of properties of the Shenyang development are not as high as those of the Group's development projects in Shanghai and Tianjin, which are first tier cities in the PRC.

In respect of the property development business in Hong Kong, the HK Government intends to supply up to 460,000 public and private units as the housing supply target for the next 10 years, which is expected to support demand for services from the construction industry in the medium term. There is also a strong demand for professional and infrastructure services from the regions along the "One Belt One Road". The Group will explore more property development and related project management opportunities in Hong Kong and consider the viability of each project on its own merits with reference to the prevailing market conditions.

財務回顧

本集團繼續採取審慎之理財政策及維持穩 健之資本結構與現金流量充沛。於二零 一六年十二月三十一日,本集團持有現金 約1,858,000,000港元(二零一六年三月 三十一日:1,806,000,000港元),而資產 總值及資產淨值(經扣除非控股股東權益後) 分 別 約 為 5,527,000,000港 元(二 零 一 六 年三月三十一日:5,608,000,000港元)及 2,949,000,000港元(二零一六年三月三十一 日:2,688,000,000港元)。於二零一六年 十二月三十一日,本集團之流動資產淨值為 2,830,000,000港元。於二零一六年十二月 三十一日,本集團並無任何淨負債,並錄得 淨現金結餘1,383,000,000港元,而於二 零一六年三月三十一日,本集團錄得淨現金 結餘949,000,000港元。與履約保證擔保 有關之或然負債由二零一六年三月三十一日 之195,000,000港元增至二零一六年十二月 三十一日之344,000,000港元,而為買家按 揭貸款作出之擔保為42,000,000港元。本 集團賬面值約169,000,000港元之若干資產 已予質押作為本集團取得若干銀行融資之保 證。本集團之銀行借款主要以港元計值。貨 幣風險已獲監控,並將在必要時考慮遠期合 約。

The Group will continue with its existing businesses, being property development, foundation piling and site investigation, and property investment and management. It will also continue to maintain a prudent investment and financing strategy and strive to strengthen its efficiency, while seeking opportunities to maximize the return to its shareholders. It will also continue to explore suitable business opportunities for its future development, including leveraging on synergies with its shareholder(s), to enhance the long-term growth potential of the Group. As at 31 December 2016 and save for sales of its property developments and other transactions in the ordinary and usual course of business and as otherwise disclosed by the Group, the Company had not identified any potential targets and had no agreement, arrangement, understanding or negotiation on any potential acquisition, and had no plan, arrangement, understanding, intention, negotiation (either concluded or in process) on any disposal or scale down of existing assets or business of the Group.

FINANCIAL REVIEW

The Group continues to adopt a prudent financing policy and sustain a sound capital structure with healthy cashflow. As at 31 December 2016, the Group's cash on hand was approximately HK\$1,858 million (31 March 2016: HK\$1,806 million) while total assets and net assets (after deducting noncontrolling interests) were approximately HK\$5,527 million (31 March 2016: HK\$5,608 million) and HK\$2,949 million (31 March 2016: HK\$2,688 million), respectively. As at 31 December 2016, the Group's net current assets amounted to HK\$2,830 million. As at 31 December 2016, the Group did not have any net debt and recorded a net cash balance of HK\$1,383 million, while the Group recorded a net cash balance of HK\$949 million as at 31 March 2016. Contingent liabilities in relation to guarantees of performance bonds increased from HK\$195 million as at 31 March 2016 to HK\$344 million as at 31 December 2016 while guarantees for end user mortgage loans amounted to HK\$42 million. Certain of the Group's assets with a book value of approximately HK\$169 million have been pledged to secure certain banking facilities of the Group. The Group's bank borrowings were primarily denominated in Hong Kong dollars. Currency exposure has been monitored and forward contracts will be considered as required.

聘用及薪酬政策

於二零一六年十二月三十一日,本集團(包括 其位於香港、澳門及中國之所有附屬公司) 合共聘用約1,270名僱員。本集團之薪酬 政策主要根據現行市場薪金水平及各公司及 有關僱員之表現而釐定。本集團亦提供其他 福利,包括公積金、醫療保險及培訓等。此 外,僱員亦可根據本集團經批准之購股權計 劃條款獲授購股權。

致謝

本人謹代表董事局,對全體員工在期間內竭 誠服務、努力不懈及貢獻良多致以衷心感 謝,並感謝全體股東對本集團之支持。

代表董事局

趙權

主席 香港

二零一七年三月二十七日

EMPLOYMENT AND REMUNERATION POLICIES

The Group, including its subsidiaries in Hong Kong, Macau and the PRC, employed approximately 1,270 employees as at 31 December 2016. The Group's remuneration policies are primarily based on prevailing market salary levels and the performance of the respective companies and individuals concerned. Fringe benefits include provident fund, medical insurance and training. In addition, share options may also be granted in accordance to the terms of the Group's approved share option scheme.

APPRECIATION

On behalf of the Board, I would also like to express my sincere gratitude to all our staff for their dedication, hard work and contribution during the Period and to thank all our shareholders for their support.

On behalf of the Board

ZHAO QUAN

Chairman Hong Kong 27 March 2017



執行董事

趙權先生,46歲,持有蘭州大學計算機科 學系計算機軟件專業理學士學位。彼於二零 一六年十二月獲委任為本公司之主席、執行 董事、提名委員會主席及薪酬委員會成員。 彼負責制定本集團之業務策略、整體政策制 定及業務發展方針。彼為海航實業集團股份 有限公司(一家於香港聯合交易所有限公司 (「聯交所」)主板上市之公司,股份代號: 521)之執行董事兼聯席主席及海航投資集團 股份有限公司(一家於深圳證券交易所上市 的A股上市公司,股票代碼:000616)之董 事。彼亦為海航實業集團有限公司董事長。 彼於二零零九年加入海航集團有限公司(「海 航集團」),曾擔任海航集團財務總監及執行 副總裁。彼曾為海航集團財務有限公司董事 長。在加入海航集團前,趙先生曾任職甘肅 省國家税務局計劃財務處。趙先生在航空、 金融、機場投資及運營等多個領域擁有逾20 年之從業及管理經歷,並擁有豐富企業管理 知識及工作經驗。

馮潮澤先生,62歲,於一九九四年五月加盟本集團。馮先生為本公司董事局副主席、行政總裁兼董事總經理、本公司薪酬委員會成員及本公司多間附屬公司之董事,專責集團之業務發展、策略制定、整體行政及工程管理。彼於工程顧問、建造管理及物業發展方面有逾38年經驗。

劉軍春先生,53歲,持有北京大學國際經濟碩士學位。彼於二零一六年十二月由其職務非執行董事轉任為執行董事,並獲委任為董事局聯席副主席。彼將負責本集團之投為大會及海南省第四屆人民代表大會內務等四屆人民代表大會內務等與四屆人民代表大會內務等與四屆人民代表大會內務等與一三擔任天津天海投資。自二零一日以來,劉先生一直擔任天津天海投資。與股份有限公司(一家A股上市公司,於董事。

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. ZHAO Quan, aged 46, holds a bachelor degree of Science in Computer Science Software Management from Lanzhou University. He was appointed as Chairman, Executive Director, Chairman of the Nomination Committee, and a Member of the Remuneration Committee of the Company in December 2016. He is responsible for setting the Group's business strategy, policy and business development direction. He is an executive director and co-chairman of HNA Holding Group Co. Limited (a company listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange"), stock code: 521) and a director of HNA Investment Group Co., Ltd.* (海航投資 集團股份有限公司) (an A-share listed company, listed on the Shenzhen Stock Exchange, stock code: 000616). He is also the chairman of HNA Holding Group Co., Ltd.* (海航實業集團有限公司). He joined HNA Group Co., Ltd.* (海航集團有限公司) ("HNA Group") in 2009, and served as the chief financial officer and the executive vice-president. He was also the chairman of HNA Group Finance Co., Ltd.* (海航集團財務有限公司). Before joining HNA Group, Mr. Zhao worked in the State Tax Planning and Finance Bureau of Gansu Province. Mr. Zhao has over 20 years of working and management experiences in the areas of airlines, finance, airport investment and operation etc., and has extensive knowledge and experience in corporate management.

Mr. FUNG Chiu Chak Victor, aged 62, joined the Group in May 1994. Mr. Fung is the Vice Chairman, Chief Executive Officer & Managing Director of the Board of the Company, a Member of the Remuneration Committee of the Company and also a director of various subsidiaries of the Company. He is primarily responsible for business development, strategic planning as well as general and project management of the Group. Mr. Fung has over 38 years' experience in the field of consulting engineering, construction management and property development.

Mr. LIU Junchun, aged 53, holds a master's degree in international economy from Peking University. He was redesignated from his role as a Non-executive Director to an Executive Director, and he has been appointed as the Co-Vice Chairman of the Board of the Company in December 2016. He is responsible for investor relations and public relations of the Group. He is the representative of the 14th People's Congress of Haikou City and 4th People's Congress of Hainan Province; a member of Internal and Judicial Affairs Committee and a member of the Standing Committee of the 4th People's Congress of Hainan Province. Since November 2013, Mr. Liu has been a director of Tianjin Tianhai Investment Co., Ltd. (an A-share listed company, listed on the Shanghai Stock Exchange, stock code: 600751).

趙展鴻先生,64歲,於一九九四年七月加盟本集團。趙先生為本公司董事局執行董事及本公司多間附屬公司之董事,專責拓展及管理集團之地基工程部門。趙先生畢業於蘇格蘭阿伯丁大學,並於地基設計及建造工程方面有逾39年經驗。彼為英國土木工程師學會及香港工程師學會之資深會員及特許工程師。趙先生自二零零一年起已代表泰昇地基工程有限公司出任香港建造商會之理事。

劉健輝先生,55歲,於二零零八年七月加盟本集團。劉先生為本公司董事局執行董事及本公司多間附屬公司之董事。彼亦為中國部總經理負責本集團國內房地產發展。劉先生主要專責拓展及管理本集團房地產發展業務。在加盟本集團之前,彼於工料測量及房屋發展方面已有逾24年經驗,並在後期的14年在香港房屋協會工作。劉先生為香港測量師學會及英國皇家特許測量師學會之資深會員。

范寧先生,52歲,持有武漢大學經濟學碩士 學位。彼於二零一六年七月獲委任為本公司 之執行董事。彼負責拓展及參與本集團之房 地產開發及地基業務。於二零零二年五月至 二零零六年十月,范先生曾擔任北京賽迪傳 媒投資股份有限公司(一家A股上市公司,於 深圳證券交易所上市,股票代碼:000504) 副總經理,並擔任保亭海航旅遊開發有限公 司主席。范先生過往曾擔任海航國際旅遊島 開發建設(集團)有限公司副總裁及海航集團 有限公司房地產部副總裁。於二零一五年二 月至二零一五年六月,范先生曾擔任海航實 業集團股份有限公司(前稱為海航國際投資 集團有限公司,一家於聯交所主板上市之 公司,股份代號:0521)執行董事及行政總 裁。范先生在財務、外貿及房地產開發方面 擁有豐富之經驗,且在企業管理方面擁有廣 泛之知識及豐富之經驗。

Mr. CHIU Chin Hung, aged 64, joined the Group in July 1994. Mr. Chiu is an Executive Director of the Board of the Company and also a director of various subsidiaries of the Company. He is primarily responsible for the business development and management of the Group's Foundation Division. Mr. Chiu graduated from The University of Aberdeen, Scotland and has over 39 years' experience in foundation design and construction works and is a Fellow Member of The Institute of Civil Engineers and The Hong Kong Institution of Engineers as well as a Chartered Engineer. Mr. Chiu has been a Council Member of The Hong Kong Construction Association representing Tysan Foundation Limited since 2001.

Mr. LAU Kin Fai, aged 55, joined the Group in July 2008. Mr. Lau is an Executive Director of the Board of the Company and also a director of various subsidiaries of the Company. He is the General Manager of the China Division in charge of the Group's Property Development Division in the PRC. Mr. Lau is primarily responsible for business development and management of the Group's property development business. Prior to joining the Group, he has over 24 years' experience in the field of quantity surveying and housing development with the latter 14 years working in the Hong Kong Housing Society. Mr. Lau is a Fellow Member of the Hong Kong Institute of Surveyors and the Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors.

Mr. FAN Ning, aged 52, holds a master's degree in economics from Wuhan University. He was appointed as Executive Director of the Company in July 2016. He is responsible for developing and participating in the real estate development and foundation business of the Group. From May 2002 to October 2006, Mr. Fan served as deputy general manager of Beijing CCID Media Investments Co., Ltd. (北京賽迪傳媒投資股份有限公司) (an A-share listed company, listed on the Shenzhen Stock Exchange, stock code: 000504) and as chairman of Baoting Hainan Tourism Development Co., Ltd. (保亭海航旅遊開發有限公司). Mr. Fan previously served as vice president of Hainan International Tourism Island Development and Construction (Group) Co., Ltd. (海航國際旅遊島開發建設(集團)有限公司) and vice president of the real estate department of HNA Group Co., Ltd.. From February 2015 to June 2015, Mr. Fan worked as an executive director and the chief executive officer of HNA Holding Group Co. Limited (formerly known as HNA International Investment Holdings Limited) (a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange, stock code: 0521). Mr. Fan has extensive experience in financial, foreign trade and real estate development, and has extensive knowledge and experience in corporate management.

蒙永濤先生,33歲,持有桑德蘭大學(University of Sunderland)工商管理學士學位及桑德蘭大學國際管理碩士學位。彼於二零一六年七月獲委任為本公司之執行董事。彼負責本集團之企業策劃及發展以及企業融資與投資策略。蒙先生自二零一四年十月起資任海南海航基礎設施投資集團股份有限公司(一家A股上市公司,於上海證券交易所上市,股票代碼:600515)董事。彼目前擔任海航投資集團股份有限公司(一家A股上市公司,於深圳證券交易所上市,股票代碼:000616)之董事、副總裁兼財務總監。第先生在財務方面擁有廣泛之知識及豐富之經驗。

黃泰倫先生,47歲,畢業於倫敦大學政治及 經濟學院,獲得法學學士學位。黃先生於二 零一七年一月獲委任為本公司之執行董事。 黃先生負責本集團之法律和合規事務、併 購以及企業融資。黃先生亦為海航集團(國 際)有限公司的總法律顧問。黃先生於二零 零二年共同創辦香港尼克松 • 鄭黃林律師 行,亦曾擔任該行的管理合夥人。黃先生於 一九九五年成為香港高等法院執業律師,並 於一九九七年獲得英格蘭及威爾士高等法院 執業律師資格。黃先生擁有超過20年的執 業律師經驗,並專注於公司法和商業法的事 務,尤其有關於企業融資。黃先生現任香港 珠海學院校董,明愛之友副主席及新界鄉議 局顧問。黃先生於二零一五年被香港特別行 政區政府委任為安老事務委員會成員。

Mr. MENG Yongtao, aged 33, holds a bachelor degree in business and management from University of Sunderland and a master's degree in international management from University of Sunderland. He was appointed as Executive Director of the Company in July 2016. He is responsible for corporate planning and development and the corporate finance and investment policy of the Group. Mr. Meng has been a director of Hainan HNA Infrastructure Investment Group Co., Ltd., (an A-share listed company, listed on the Shanghai Stock Exchange, stock code: 600515), since October 2014. He is currently a director, the vice president and chief financial officer of HNA Investment Group Co., Ltd., (an A-share listed company, listed on the Shenzhen Stock Exchange, stock code: 000616). Mr. Meng has extensive knowledge and experience in financing.

Mr. WONG Tai Lun Kenneth, aged 47, holds a bachelor degree of Laws from the London School of Economics and Political Science of the University of London. Mr. Wong was appointed as Executive Director of the Company in January 2017. Mr. Wong is primarily responsible for legal and compliance matters, mergers and acquisition, and corporate finance of the Group. Mr. Wong is also the General Counsel of HNA Group (International) Company Limited. Mr. Wong co-founded Nixon Peabody CWL, a solicitors' firm in Hong Kong, in 2002 and had previously served as a managing partner of the firm. Mr. Wong was admitted as a solicitor of the High Court of Hong Kong in 1995 and as a solicitor of the Supreme Court of England and Wales in 1997. Mr. Wong has more than 20 years of experience in legal practice focusing on corporate and commercial work and, in particular, relating to corporate finance. Mr. Wong is currently a member of the Board of Governors of Chu Hai College of Higher Education, a vice chairman of Friends of Caritas and an advisor to Heung Yee Kuk New Territories. Mr. Wong was appointed by the Government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region as a member of the Elderly Commission in 2015.

獨立非執行董事

范 佐 浩 先 生, SBS, BBS, JP, 75歳, 於 一九九三年八月被委任為本公司獨立非執行 董事, 現時亦兼任本公司審核委員會主席、 薪酬委員會及提名委員會成員。范先生現時 為保發集團國際控股有限公司(一家於聯交 所主板上市之公司,股份代號:3326)之獨 立非執行董事。范先生曾於二零零零年四月 三日至二零零三年四月十五日任香港交易所 非執行董事,並於一九九三年至一九九七年 擔任證監會諮詢委員,其後於二零零一年起 重任此職至二零零十年。范先生曾擔任政 府小組及委員會多項職務,其中包括曾於 二零零五年九月十三日至二零一一年九月 十二日出任香港中醫藥管理委員會主席。彼 於一九九一年獲英女皇頒授榮譽獎章及於 一九九三年獲委任為太平紳士,並於二零零 五年七月獲頒授銅紫荊星章,二零一一年七 月獲頒授銀紫荊星章。

謝文彬先生,74歲,於二零零四年九月被委 任為本公司獨立非執行董事,現時亦兼任本 公司薪酬委員會主席、審核委員會及提名委 員會成員。謝先生現時為匯豐保險(亞洲)有 限公司、匯豐人壽保險(國際)有限公司、晶 苑國際有限公司及中漁集團有限公司(於新加 坡交易所上市)之獨立非執行董事。謝先生於 銀行業務積逾40年工作經驗。彼於一九六八 年加入香港上海匯豐銀行有限公司(「匯豐銀 行」),並於二零零二年十二月退休。彼於匯 豐銀行服務期間,獲委任多項重要職位,包 括高級信貸經理、匯豐財務有限公司及匯豐 授信財務有限公司常務董事、助理總經理一 工商貸款業務。除銀行業務外,謝先生對分 析及評估公司財務報告有豐富經驗,並對各 工商行業有深切認識。

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. FAN Chor Ho, SBS, BBS, JP, aged 75, was appointed as an Independent Non-executive Director of the Company in August 1993. Mr. Fan currently also acts as the Chairman of the Audit Committee, a Member of the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee of the Company. He is presently an independent non-executive director of Perfect Group International Holdings Limited (a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange, stock code: 3326). He was a non-executive director of Hong Kong Exchanges and Clearing Limited from 3 April 2000 to 15 April 2003. He was a member of the Advisory Committee to the Securities and Futures Commission from 1993 to 1997 and again serving in the same capacity since 2001 until 2007. He was holding appointments on Government boards and committees, including chairman of the Chinese Medicine Council of Hong Kong from 13 September 2005 to 12 September 2011. He was awarded the Badge of Honour in 1991 and was made a Justice of the Peace in 1993, and was awarded Bronze Bauhinia Star in July 2005 and the Silver Bauhinia Star in July 2011.

Mr. TSE Man Bun, aged 74, was appointed as an Independent Non-executive Director of the Company in September 2004. Mr. Tse currently also acts as the Chairman of the Remuneration Committee, a Member of the Audit Committee and the Nomination Committee of the Company. He is presently an independent non-executive director of HSBC Insurance (Asia) Limited, HSBC Life (International) Limited, Crystal International Limited, and China Fishery Group Limited (listed on the Singapore Exchange Limited). Mr. Tse has over 40 years' working experience in the banking industry. He joined The Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited ("HSBC") in 1968 and retired from the bank in December 2002. During his service with HSBC, he was assigned many key positions, including senior credit manager; managing director, Wayfoong Finance Limited and Wayfoong Credit Limited; and senior executive, Commercial Banking. Apart from the banking field, Mr. Tse is well-versed in the reviewing and analysis of corporate financial statements and has an in-depth understanding of the commerce and manufacturing industries.

龍子明先生,60歲,於二零零七年八月被委 任為本公司獨立非執行董事, 現時亦兼任本 公司審核委員會及提名委員會成員。龍先生 現為宏利人壽保險(國際)有限公司行政區域 總監,帶領一支近1,000名保險/財務顧問 之經銷團隊。彼於一九九零年加入宏利並一 直取得顯著成績。龍先生因積極參與社區服 務,於一九九五年成為香港十大傑出青年之 一,並於二零零三年至二零零四年任傑出青 年協會主席。於二零零一年及二零一四年, 龍先生獲香港特別行政區政府授予榮譽勳章 及銅紫荊星章。此外,龍先生為香港樹仁大 學之校董,廣東大亞灣核電站/嶺澳核電站 核安全諮詢委員會委員、香港青年交流促進 聯會創會主席及香港特別行政區教育局「薪火 相傳」國民教育活動系列委員會執行主席。龍 先生現為中國人民政治協商會議全國委員會 委員及香港特別行政區太平紳士。彼亦為林 達控股有限公司(前稱為中國新能源動力集團 有限公司,一家於聯交所主板上市之公司, 股份代號:1041)的非執行董事。

Mr. LUNG Chee Ming, George, aged 60, was appointed as an Independent Non-executive Director of the Company in August 2007. Mr. Lung currently also acts as a Member of the Audit Committee and the Nomination Committee of the Company. He is an executive regional director of Manulife (International) Limited leading a team of around 1,000 insurance/ financial advisers. He first joined Manulife in 1990 and has since achieved outstanding results. Actively involved in community services, Mr. Lung was amongst one of the Ten Outstanding Young Persons of Hong Kong in 1995 and was the chairman of The Outstanding Young Persons Association in 2003 to 2004. Mr. Lung was awarded the Medal of Honour and Bronze Bauhinia Star by the Government of Hong Kong Special Administrative Region in 2001 and 2014. Furthermore, Mr. Lung is a committee member of the Board of Governors of Hong Kong Shue Yan University, a member of the Guangdong Daya Bay Nuclear Power Station/Lingao Nuclear Power Station, Nuclear Safety Consultative Committee, the founding chairman of Hong Kong Youth Exchange Promotion United Association and a chairperson of "Passing on the Torch" National Education Activity Series of Education Bureau. Mr. Lung is currently a member of the National Committee of the Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference and Justice of the Peace of Hong Kong Special Administrative Region. He is also a non-executive director of Lamtex Holdings Limited (formely known as China New Energy Power Group Limited) (a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange, stock code: 1041).

Mr. LI Kit Chee, aged 62, was appointed as an Independent Non-executive Director of the Company in March 2013. Mr. Li currently acts as a Member of each of the Audit Committee, Nomination Committee and Remuneration Committee of the Company. He holds a Bachelor Degree of Social Sciences from the University of Hong Kong. He has over 33 years of experience in auditing, accounting and secretarial services and is a fellow member of both the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and Association of Chartered Certified Accountants. He is a managing director of Arthur Li, Yau & Lee C.P.A. Limited, and also a managing director of Cheong Yip Corporate Services Limited which is principally engaged in corporate service related business. He is also an independent non-executive director of Henry Group Holdings Limited and National Arts Entertainment and Culture Group Limited, which are companies listed on the Main Board and the Growth Enterprise Market of the Stock Exchange respectively.

高層管理人員

繆惠玲小姐,53歲,於二零零八年二月加盟 本集團。繆小姐為集團財務總監,專責財務 及會計事務。彼於財務及會計方面有逾30年 經驗。繆小姐為英國特許公認會計師公會之 資深會員及香港會計師公會之會員。

王霄琼小姐,31歲,於二零一六年七月獲委 任為本集團之聯席集團財務總監。王小姐專 責財務及會計事務。彼於財務及會計方面有 逾9年經驗。

黃琦先生,53歲,於二零一四年一月再次加盟本集團。黃先生為本集團於國內瀋陽房地產發展部總經理,專責統籌及管理集團於國內瀋陽房地產發展項目之運作。彼於建造業有逾31年經驗,當中有逾23年於國內房地產開發及項目管理之經驗。

黃淑嫻小姐,53歲,於二零零七年六月加盟本集團。黃小姐為集團公司秘書及企業事務董事,專責公司秘書、法律、人力資源和行政及投資者關係等事務。彼於企業融資及法律方面有逾20年經驗。黃小姐獲香港高等法院授予律師資格,並為英國高等法院註冊律師。

* 上述中文公司名稱之英文譯名以「*」號標示,並僅供識別。

SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Miss MO Wai Ling, aged 53, joined the Group in February 2008. As the Financial Controller of the Group, Miss Mo is primarily responsible for finance and accounting matters. She has over 30 years' experience in the finance and accounting field. Miss Mo is a fellow member of The Association of Chartered Certified Accountants and a member of Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants.

Miss WANG Xiaoqiong, aged 31, was appointed as the joint Group Financial Controller of the Group in July 2016. Miss Wang is primarily responsible for finance and accounting matters. She has over 9 years' experience in the finance and accounting field.

Mr. WONG Kay, aged 53, re-joined the Group in January 2014. Mr. Wong is the General Manager in charge of the Group's Shenyang Property Development Division in the PRC. He is primarily responsible for organizing and managing the operations of the Group's Shenyang property development business in the PRC. Mr. Wong has over 31 years' experience in the construction industry with more than 23 years in property development and project management in the PRC.

Mr. LAI Kok Wai, aged 58, joined the Group in July 1994. As a Director of Tysan Foundation Holdings Limited, Tysan Foundation Limited, Tysan Foundation Geotechnical Limited, Tysan Contractors (Hong Kong) Limited and Tysan Construction (Macau) Limited, Mr. Lai is responsible for the planning, coordinating and controlling of the technical operations and administration of the Foundation Division. He has over 36 years' experience in civil engineering, building and foundation design and construction works and is a member of both The Hong Kong Institution of Engineers (MHKIE) and The Institution of Civil Engineers United Kingdom (MICE). Mr. Lai also represents Tysan Foundation Limited to sit in various Government's panels and committees. Mr. Lai is also a Director of Proficiency Engineering Limited and Proficiency Equipment Limited. He is also responsible for the business development and management of machinery leasing and trading.

Miss WONG Suk Han Kitty, aged 53, joined the Group in June 2007. As the Company Secretary of the Group and Director of Corporate Affairs, Miss Wong is primarily responsible for company secretarial matters, legal, human resources and administration, and investor relations matters. She has over 20 years of experience in the corporate finance and legal fields. Miss Wong is a Solicitor qualified in Hong Kong and has been admitted as a Solicitor of the Supreme Court in England and Wales.

* English translations of the Company names from the Chinese language are marked with "*" and are provided for identification purpose only.

本公司致力維持良好之企業管治,並已採納香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)證券上市規則(「上市規則」)附錄十四企業管治守則(「企業管治守則」)所載之守則條文。截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止九個月回顧期間(「該期間」),本公司已完全遵守企業管治守則,惟下文(B)節及(F)節所披露者除外。

The Company is committed to maintaining good corporate governance and has adopted the code provisions set out in the Corporate Governance Code (the "CG Code") contained in Appendix 14 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities (the "Listing Rules") on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange"). During the nine-month period ended 31 December 2016 (the "Period") under review, the Company has fully complied with the CG Code save as disclosed in sections (B) and (F) below.

(A) 董事局

本公司董事(「董事一)局(「董事局一)監察 本公司及其附屬公司(「本集團」)之管 理、業務、策略方針及財務表現。董事 局已將日常責任委託予執行董事及本公 司高層管理人員(「高層管理人員」),彼 等在本公司董事總經理(「董事總經理」) 之領導下履行職責。在委託時,董事局 就有關可代表本集團作出決定前必須經 董事局批准之事宜給予執行董事清晰指 示。撥作董事局的職能及下放予執行董 事及高層管理人員的職權由董事局作檢 討,以確保有關權力轉授仍然符合本集 團的需要。管理人員已確保向董事局提 供充足的説明及資料,以使董事局能夠 就呈交其批准的財務及其他資料作出知 情評估。董事局成員可及時查閱適當的 業務文件及有關本集團的資料。

(B) 董事局之組成

董事局共由12名董事組成,其中八名 為執行董事,即趙權先生、馮潮澤先 生、劉軍春先生、趙展鴻先生、劉健輝 先生、范寧先生、蒙永濤先生及黃泰倫 先生;四名為獨立非執行董事,即范佐 浩先生、謝文彬先生、龍子明先生及李 傑之先生。董事局由具有不同背景及/ 或對本集團業務擁有豐富專業知識之董 事組成。獨立非執行董事擁有廣泛的商 業及財務經驗。彼等佔董事局三分之一 的席位,並貫徹作出獨立判斷。憑籍執 行董事與非執行董事(包括獨立非執行 董事)之均衡組成,董事局具有很強的 獨立成分。董事局具備技能、經驗及多 元化觀點與角度,為本公司作出有效指 導。

(A) BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The board of directors of the Company (the "Board" and the "Directors" respectively) oversees the management, business, strategic directions and financial performance of the Company and its subsidiaries (the "Group"). It has delegated the day-to-day responsibility to the executive directors and senior management of the Company ("Senior Management") who perform their duties under the leadership of the managing director of the Company ("Managing Director"). At the time of delegation, the Board gives clear directions to Executive Directors as to the matters that must be approved by the Board before decisions can be made on behalf of the Group. The functions reserved to the Board and delegated to the Executive Directors and Senior Management are reviewed by the Board to ensure that such delegation remains appropriate to the needs of the Group. The management has ensured sufficient explanation and information were provided to the Board to enable it to make an informed assessment of financial and other information put before it for approval. The Board members have access to appropriate business documents and information about the Group on a timely basis.

(B) BOARD COMPOSITION

The Board comprises a total of 12 Directors, with eight Executive Directors, being Mr. Zhao Quan, Mr. Fung Chiu Chak, Victor, Mr. Liu Junchun, Mr. Chiu Chin Hung, Mr. Lau Kin Fai, Mr. Fan Ning, Mr. Meng Yongtao and Mr. Wong Tai Lun Kenneth; and four Independent Non-executive Directors, being Mr. Fan Chor Ho, Mr. Tse Man Bun, Mr. Lung Chee Ming, George and Mr. Li Kit Chee. The Board comprises Directors with diverse backgrounds and/or extensive expertise in the Group's business. The Independent Non-executive Directors have a wide range of business and financial experience. They represent one-third of the Board who consistently exercise independent judgment. With a balanced composition of Executive Directors and Non-executive Directors (including Independent Non-executive Directors), there is a strong independent element on the Board. The balance of skills, experience and diversity of perspectives of the Board contribute to the effective direction of the Company.

於該期間,本公司已完全遵守上市規則 第3.10及3.10A條有關獨立非執行董 事人數及該等董事中至少一人必須具有 適當專業資格的要求。

本公司已按照上市規則第3.13條接獲 全體獨立非執行董事之該期間書面獨立 確認。董事局認為,全體獨立非執行董 事在品格及判斷方面均屬獨立,而彼等 均符合上市規則所規定之特定獨立條 件。

於該期間及直至本報告日期,董事局及 董事委員會成員信息之變動如下:

- (1) 范佐浩先生自二零一五年十二月 十四日起獲委任為保發集團國際 控有限公司之獨立非執行董事。
- (2) 馮潮澤先生自二零一六年七月四 日起獲委任為行政總裁。
- (3) 王天兵先生自二零一六年七月 二十九日起辭任董事局主席、非 執行董事、薪酬委員會成員及提 名委員會主席。
- (4) Stuart Morrison Grant先生自二零 一六年七月二十九日起辭任非執 行董事。
- (5) 韋增鵬先生自二零一六年七月 二十九日起辭任非執行董事。
- (6) 羅耀發先生自二零一六年七月 二十九日起辭任非執行董事並獲 委任為觀察員。
- (7) 李同雙先生自二零一六年七月 二十九日起獲委任為董事局主 席、執行董事、薪酬委員會成員 及提名委員會主席,自二零一六 年十二月二十二日起辭任其所有 職務。
- (8) 范寧先生自二零一六年七月 二十九日起獲委任為執行董事。
- (9) 蒙永濤先生自二零一六年七月 二十九日起獲委任為執行董事。

During the Period, the Company has fully complied with Rules 3.10 and 3.10A of the Listing Rules regarding the number of Independent Non-executive Directors and the requirement that at least one of these Directors must have appropriate professional qualifications.

The Company has received written confirmations of independence from all the Independent Non-executive Directors for the Period in accordance with Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Board is of the view that all the Independent Non-executive Directors are independent in character and judgement and that they all meet the specific independence criteria as required by the Listing Rules.

Changes in information of members of the Board and Board Committees during the Period and up to the date of this report as follows:-

- Mr. Fan Chor Ho was appointed as independent non-executive director of Perfect Group International Holdings Limited with effect from 14 December 2015.
- (2) Mr. Fung Chiu Chak, Victor was appointed as the Chief Executive Officer with effect from 4 July 2016.
- (3) Mr. Wang Tianbing resigned as the Chairman of the Board, a Non-executive Director, a Member of Remuneration Committee and the Chairman of Nomination Committee with effect from 29 July 2016.
- (4) Mr. Stuart Morrison Grant resigned as a Non-executive Director with effect from 29 July 2016.
- (5) Mr. Justin Wai resigned as a Non-executive Director with effect from 29 July 2016.
- (6) Mr. Law Yiu Fat Richard resigned as a Non-executive Director and was appointed as an observer with effect from 29 July 2016.
- (7) Mr. Li Tongshuang was appointed as the Chairman of the Board, an Executive Director, a Member of the Remuneration Committee and the Chairman of the Nomination Committee with effect from 29 July 2016, and resigned all of his positions with effect from 22 December 2016.
- (8) Mr. Fan Ning was appointed as an Executive Director with effect from 29 July 2016.
- (9) Mr. Meng Yongtao was appointed as an Executive Director with effect from 29 July 2016.

- (10) 劉軍春先生自二零一六年七月 二十九日起獲委任為非執行董 事,自二零一六年十二月二十二 日起轉任執行董事並獲委任為董 事局聯席副主席。
- (11) 趙權先生自二零一六年十二月 二十二日起獲委任為董事局主 席、執行董事、薪酬委員會成員 及提名委員會主席。
- (12) 黃泰倫先生自二零一七年一月 二十六日起獲委任為執行董事。

最新董事名單(説明了董事職位及職責以及彼等為執行董事、非執行董事或獨立非執行董事)載於www.hkicimgroup.com(「本公司網站」)及www.hkexnews.hk(「聯交所網站」)。

(C) 主席及董事總經理

董事局主席(「主席」)及董事總經理之間 職責分明,並由不同個人擔任。此可確 保權力及職權獲得均衡分配。

趙權先生為主席,領導董事局及負責制 定本集團的策略、整體政策制定及業務 發展方針。彼負責領導及有效管理董事 局,確保所有重大及主要事宜均已作 出討論,並於有需要時由董事局及時議 決。

主席主要負責以下事宜:

- (1) 確保已制定良好的企業管治常規 及程序;
- (2) 確保採取適當措施實現與本公司 股東(「股東」)的有效溝通;
- (3) 鼓勵所有董事全力投入董事局事務,並以身作則,確保董事局行事符合本公司的最佳利益:鼓勵持不同意見的董事表達其本身關注的事宜,給予充足時間討論有關事宜,以及確保董事局的決定能公正反映董事局的共識;

- (10) Mr. Liu Junchun was appointed as a Non-executive Director with effect from 29 July 2016, and redesignated as an Executive Director and was appointed as the Co-Vice Chairman of the Board with effect from 22 December 2016.
- (11) Mr. Zhao Quan was appointed as the Chairman of the Board, an Executive Director, a Member of the Remuneration Committee and the Chairman of the Nomination Committee with effect from 22 December 2016.
- (12) Mr. Wong Tai Lun Kenneth was appointed as an Executive Director with effect from 26 January 2017.

An updated list of Directors identifying their roles and functions and whether they are Executive Directors, Non-executive Directors or Independent Non-executive Directors has been maintained on www. hkicimgroup.com (the "Company's website") and www.hkexnews.hk (the "Stock Exchange's website").

(C) CHAIRMAN AND MANAGING DIRECTOR

There is a clear division on the roles of chairman of the Board (the "Chairman") and Managing Director which are performed by different individuals. This ensures a balanced distribution of power and authority.

Mr. Zhao Quan, the Chairman, provides leadership to the Board and is responsible for the formation of the Group's strategies, overall policy making, and direction of its business development. He is responsible for leadership and effective running of the Board and ensuring that all significant and key issues are discussed and where required, resolved by the Board in a timely manner.

The Chairman takes primary responsibility for the following matters:-

- to ensure good corporate governance practices and procedures are established;
- (2) to ensure that appropriate steps are taken to provide effective communication with shareholder(s) of the Company ("Shareholder(s)");
- (3) to encourage all Directors to make a full and active contribution to the Board's affairs and take the lead to ensure that it acts in the best interests of the Company, encourage Directors with different views to voice their concerns, allow sufficient time for discussion of issues and ensure that Board decisions fairly reflect Board consensus;

- (4) 提倡公開、積極討論的文化,促 進董事(特別是非執行董事)作出 有效貢獻,並確保執行董事與非 執行董事之間維持建設性的關 係:及
- (5) 至少每年與非執行董事(包括獨立 非執行董事)舉行一次沒有執行董 事出席的會議。

馮潮澤先生為副主席、行政總裁兼董事 總經理,負責本集團之業務發展、策略 制定、整體行政及工程管理。彼在其他 執行董事及高層管理人員之協助下,負 責執行本集團之策略以達到業務目標。

聯席副主席劉軍春先生與馮潮澤先生共 同執行職務。

(D) 董事局議事程序

董事局每年至少舉行四次會議(約每季舉行),並將於有需要時舉行額外會議。由於財政年結日由三月三十一日與更為十二月三十一日,於該期間,除執行董事於本公司日常業務過程中舉行2執行董事局會議外,董事局共舉行3次會議。根據本公司章程細則(「章程細則」),董事亦可透過電話會議或其他通訊設備出席會議。

本公司的公司秘書(「公司秘書」)協助主席擬訂會議議程,而每名董事均可要求將項目列入該議程內。全體董事在例行董事局會議舉行前會獲發至少十四天通知。有關資料通常於例行董事局會議舉行前三天供全體董事傳閱,讓董事局可作出知情的決定及履行其職責及責任。

- (4) to promote a culture of openness and debate by facilitating the effective contribution of Non-executive Directors in particular and ensuring constructive relations between Executive and Nonexecutive Directors; and
- (5) to hold meetings at least annually with the Non-executive Directors (including independent Non-executive Directors) without the Executive Directors present.

Mr. Fung Chiu Chak, Victor, the Vice Chairman, Chief Executive Officer and Managing Director, is responsible for business development, strategic planning as well as general and project management of the Group. He is responsible for implementing the Group's strategy to achieve business objectives with the assistance of other Executive Directors and Senior Management.

 $\mbox{Mr.}$ Liu Junchun, the Co-Vice Chairman to serve alongside $\mbox{Mr.}$ Fung Chiu Chak, Victor.

(D) BOARD PROCEEDINGS

The Board meets at least four times a year at approximately quarterly intervals and additional meetings will be held as and when required. Due to the change of financial year end date from 31 March to 31 December, during the Period, the Board held 3 meetings (save for the executive Board meetings held between the Executive Directors during the normal course of business of the Company). Attendance by a Director at a meeting by means of a conference telephone or other communications equipment is allowed under the bye-laws of the Company ("Bye-laws").

The company secretary of the Company (the "Company Secretary") assists the Chairman in establishing the meeting agenda and each Director may request inclusion of items in the agenda. A notice of at least 14 days is given to all Directors for regular Board meetings. Relevant information is circulated to all Directors normally three days in advance of the regular Board meetings to enable the Board to make informed decisions and perform their duties and responsibilities.

董事局及董事委員會會議記錄將記錄適當詳情,而草擬之會議記錄將於董事局及董事委員會審批前供個別成員傳閱,以供彼等發表意見。所有會議記錄由公司秘書或董事委員會秘書(視情況而定)保存,並公開供董事查閱。

根據章程細則及上市規則,任何涉及主要股東或董事利益衝突之重大交易將由董事局於正式召開之董事局會議上審議及處理。利益相關之董事應於審議彼或其任何聯繫人擁有重大權益之交易之會議上,放棄投票且不得計入會議之法定人數。

本公司每月向董事局成員提供管理報告,當中載有本集團業務動向及發展, 有助董事局成員作出知情決定及履行其 作為董事局成員的職務與責任。 With the assistance of the Company Secretary, the Chairman ensures that all Directors are properly briefed on issues arising at Board meetings, and that they receive in a timely manner, adequate information which are accurate, clear, complete and reliable to assist them to make informed decisions and discharge their duties as Directors. The Board members have separate and independent access to the Senior Management whenever necessary. Upon reasonable request, the Directors and Board committees will also have access to independent professional advice in appropriate circumstances at the Company's expense. The Company has arranged appropriate insurance cover for Board members and Senior Management, and the Company reviews the coverage on an annual basis or as appropriate.

Meeting minutes of the Board and Board committees are recorded in appropriate details and draft minutes are circulated to respective members for comments before being approved by the Board and Board committees. All minutes are kept by the Company Secretary, or the secretary of the Board committees, as the case may be, and are open for inspection by the Directors.

According to the Bye-laws and the Listing Rules, any material transaction that involves a conflict of interests for a substantial shareholder(s) or a Director(s) will be considered and dealt with by the Board at a duly convened Board meeting. The interested Director(s) shall abstain from voting and shall not be counted in the quorum at meetings for approving transactions in which such Director(s) or any of his/their associates has/have a material interest.

The Company provides Board members with monthly management reports which contain changes and developments of the Group's business and helps Board members to make informed decisions and discharge their duties and responsibilities as Board members.

股東週年

企業管治報告 CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

各董事局成員於回顧期間內召開之董事 局會議及股東大會之出席率如下: The attendance of each Board member for the board meetings and the general meetings held during the Period under review is as follows:-

		董事局 會議出席率 Board Meeting	大會出席率 Annual General Meeting
董事姓名	Name of Directors	Attendance	Attendance
執行董事	Executive Directors		
趙權先生叫 <i>(主席)</i>	Mr. Zhao Quan ^[1] <i>(Chairman)</i>	_	_
李同雙先生②	Mr. Li Tongshuang ⁽²⁾	1/1	1/1
馮潮澤先生	Mr. Fung Chiu Chak, Victor		
(副主席、行政總裁兼	(Vice Chairman, Chief Executive Officer &		
董事總經理)	Managing Director)	3/3	1/1
劉軍春先生四(聯席副主席)	Mr. Liu Junchun ⁽³⁾ (Co-Vice Chairman)	0/1	1/1
趙展鴻先生	Mr. Chiu Chin Hung	3/3	1/1
劉健輝先生	Mr. Lau Kin Fai	3/3	1/1
范寧先生4	Mr. Fan Ning ⁽⁴⁾	1/1	1/1
蒙永濤先生4	Mr. Meng Yongtao ⁽⁴⁾	1/1	1/1
非執行董事	Non-executive Directors		
王天兵先生[5]	Mr. Wang Tianbing ⁽⁵⁾	0/2	_
Stuart Morrison Grant先生(5)	Mr. Stuart Morrison Grant ⁽⁵⁾	1/2	_
幸増鵬先生 ^[5]	Mr. Justin Wai ⁽⁵⁾	1/2	_
羅耀發先生的	Mr. Law Yiu Fat Richard ⁽⁶⁾	3/3	_
獨立非執行董事	Independent Non-executive Directors		
范佐浩先生	Mr. Fan Chor Ho	3/3	1/1
謝文彬先生	Mr. Tse Man Bun	3/3	0/1
龍子明先生	Mr. Lung Chee Ming, George	3/3	1/1
李傑之先生	Mr. Li Kit Chee	3/3	1/1

附註:

- 1. 委任自二零一六年十二月二十二日起 生效
- 2. 委任自二零一六年七月二十九日起生 效及辭任自二零一六年十二月二十二 日起生效
- 3. 自二零一六年七月二十九日起獲委任 為非執行董事及自二零一六年十二月 二十二日起轉任執行董事
- 4. 委任自二零一六年七月二十九日起生效
- 5. 辭任自二零一六年七月二十九日起生 效
- 6. 自二零一六年七月二十九日起辭任非 執行董事及獲委任為觀察員

Notes:

- 1. Appointment effective from 22 December 2016
- Appointment effective from 29 July 2016 and resignation effective from 22 December 2016
- Appointed as a Non-executive Director with effect from 29 July 2016 and redesignated as an Executive Director with effect from 22 December 2016
- 4. Appointment effective from 29 July 2016
- 5. Resignation effective from 29 July 2016
- 6. Resigned as a Non-executive Director and appointed as an observer with effect from 29 July 2016

(E) 董事的持續專業發展

全體董事局成員獲鼓勵參加有關本集團 業務動向及發展以及本集團營運所處法 律及監管環境之培訓課程,費用由本公 司支付。

於回顧期間,董事局成員有參與持續專業發展,以發展及更新其作為上市公司董事的知識及技能,並已向本公司提供於期內接受培訓(包括出席研討會及座談會以及閱讀有關法律及規管條例的更新及其他參考材料)的記錄。彼等的培訓記錄概要如下:

(E) DIRECTORS' CONTINUOUS PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT

All Board members are encouraged to attend training courses relevant on changes and developments to the Group's business and to the legislative and regulatory environments in which the Group operates at the Company's expenses.

During the Period under review, Board members have participated in continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills as listed company directors, and provided the Company with their records of the training received for the Period which comprised attending seminars and talks, and reading legal and regulatory updates and other reference materials. A summary of the records of their training is as follows:-

出席與董事職務有關的培訓/簡介會/

董事姓名	Name of Directors	閱讀有關規管條例 的更新材料 Reading Regulatory Updates	的培訓/ 間介曾/ 研討會/會議 Attending trainings/ briefings/seminars/ conference relevant to Directors' duties
執行董事	Executive Directors		
趙權先生四(主席)	Mr. Zhao Quan ^[1] <i>(Chairman)</i>	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$
李同雙先生[2]	Mr. Li Tongshuang ⁽²⁾	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$
馮潮澤先生	Mr. Fung Chiu Chak, Victor		
(副主席、行政總裁兼	(Vice Chairman, Chief Executive Officer		
董事總經理)	& Managing Director)	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$
劉軍春先生四(聯席副主席)	Mr. Liu Junchun ⁽³⁾ <i>(Co-Vice Chairman)</i>	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$
趙展鴻先生	Mr. Chiu Chin Hung	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$
劉健輝先生	Mr. Lau Kin Fai	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$
范寧先生⑷	Mr. Fan Ning ⁽⁴⁾	√	$\sqrt{}$
蒙永濤先生4	Mr. Meng Yongtao ⁽⁴⁾	V	V
非執行董事	Non-executive Directors		
王天兵先生[5]	Mr. Wang Tianbing ⁽⁵⁾	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$
Stuart Morrison Grant先生(5)	Mr. Stuart Morrison Grant ^[5]	√	V
韋增鵬先生(5)	Mr. Justin Wai ^[5]	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$
羅耀發先生的	Mr. Law Yiu Fat Richard ⁽⁶⁾	V	\checkmark
獨立非執行董事	Independent Non-executive Directors		
范佐浩先生	Mr. Fan Chor Ho	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$
謝文彬先生	Mr. Tse Man Bun		$\sqrt{}$
龍子明先生	Mr. Lung Chee Ming, George	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$
李傑之先生	Mr. Li Kit Chee	V	V

附註:

- 1. 委任自二零一六年十二月二十二日起 生效
- 2. 委任自二零一六年七月二十九日起生 效及辭任自二零一六年十二月二十二 日起生效
- 3. 自二零一六年七月二十九日起獲委任 為非執行董事及自二零一六年十二月 二十二日起轉任執行董事
- 4. 委任自二零一六年七月二十九日起生效
- 5. 辭任自二零一六年七月二十九日起生 效
- 6. 自二零一六年七月二十九日起辭任非 執行董事及獲委任為觀察員

(F) 董事之委任、重選及罷免

本公司就董事之委任及罷免訂有正式、經審慎考慮及具透明度之程序。由非執行董事領導,且大部分由獨立非執行董事領導,且大部分由獨立非執行董事組成的提名委員會補董事或填補董事或與被不為遭事。 是名合適人選作為增補董事或填補等會內股東提供有關提名董事於股東,所有領土,所有領土, 其獲委任後於本公司之下一屆股東大司之, 上接受股東選舉。於該期間,本公司已 遵守企業管治守則,惟以下偏離除外。

根據章程細則規定,於每屆股東週年大會上,三分之一董事須輪值退任,惟不論當中所載任何規定,主席或董事總經理毋須輪值退任或計入釐定須退任之董事人數內。由於領導之連貫性為成功是期實行業務計劃之主要因素,董事局相信主席及董事總經理擔當有關職務為集團提供強勢及貫徹之領導,讓本集團提供強勢及貫徹之領導,讓本集團提供強勢及貫徹之領導,讓本集團提供強勢及貫徹之領導,讓本集團提供強勢及貫徹之領導,讓本集團提供強勢及貫徹之領導,讓本集團能夠有效規劃及執行長期業務策略。因此,董事局認為主席及董事總經理應毋須輪值退任。

Notes:

- 1. Appointment effective from 22 December 2016
- 2. Appointment effective from 29 July 2016 and resignation effective from 22 December 2016
- Appointed as a Non-executive Director with effect from 29 July 2016 and redesignated as an Executive Director with effect from 22 December 2016
- 4. Appointment effective from 29 July 2016
- 5. Resignation effective from 29 July 2016
- 6. Resigned as a Non-executive Director and appointed as an observer with effect from 29 July 2016

(F) APPOINTMENT, RE-ELECTION AND REMOVAL OF DIRECTORS

The Company has a formal, considered and transparent procedure for the appointment and removal of Directors. The Nomination Committee led by a Non-executive Director and comprising a majority of Independent Non-executive Directors, plays an important role to identify and nominate suitable candidates for the Board's consideration as additional Directors or to fill in casual vacancies on the Board and making recommendations to the shareholders for nomination of Directors for re-election at general meetings. According to the Bye-laws, all Directors newly appointed to fill a casual vacancy are subject to election at the next following general meeting following their appointment. During the Period, the Company has complied with the CG Code save for the following deviations.

According to the Bye-laws, one-third of the Directors shall retire from office by rotation at each annual general meeting, provided that notwithstanding anything therein, the Chairman or the Managing Director shall not be subject to retirement by rotation or be taken into account in determining the number of Directors to retire. As continuity is a key factor to the successful long term implementation of business plans, the Board believes that the roles of the Chairman and the Managing Director provide the Group with strong and consistent leadership and allow effective planning and execution of long-term business strategies. As such, the Board is of the view that the Chairman and the Managing Director should not be subject to retirement by rotation.

非執行董事及獨立非執行董事並無按指定任期委任,惟須按章程細則規定,於股東週年大會上輪值退任及接受重選。因此,董事局認為,非執行董事及獨立非執行董事毋須按指定任期委任。

擬於下一屆股東週年大會上選舉或膺 選連任的董事(劉健輝先生、范佐浩先 生、龍子明先生及黃泰倫先生)姓名及 履歷詳情載於載有即將舉行之股東週年 大會的通告之致股東的通函內。

(G) 董事之責任

董事局成員確認彼等編製該期間財務報 表之責任。

每位董事須了解其作為董事之責任,以及本集團的經營方式、業務活動及發展,並忠誠履行職務、審慎盡責,並以本集團及其股東的最佳利益行事。新獲委任之董事將透過全面而正式之入職簡介得知本集團之業務及其作為董事之責任。

本公司已採納上市規則附錄十所載上市 發行人董事進行證券交易的標準守則 (「標準守則」)作為董事進行證券交易之 行為守則。經作出特別查詢後,全體董 事確認,彼等於回顧期間已全面遵守標 準守則載列之所需準則及有關董事進行 證券交易之行為守則。

董事局將對董事履行其責任對本公司所 作出的貢獻及有否投入相應足夠的時間,進行定期檢討。 Non-executive Directors and Independent Non-executive Directors are not appointed for a specific term but are subject to retirement by rotation and re-election at the annual general meeting in accordance with the Bye-laws. As such, the Board is of the view that Non-executive Directors and Independent Non-executive Directors do not have to be appointed for a specific term.

The names and biographical details of the Directors, Mr. Lau Kin Fai, Mr. Fan Chor Ho, Mr. Lung Chee Ming, George and Mr. Wong Tai Lung Kenneth who will offer themselves for election or re-election at the next annual general meeting are included in the circular to Shareholders containing the notice of the forthcoming annual general meeting.

(G) RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS

The Board members acknowledge their responsibility for preparing the financial statements for the Period.

Every Director is required to know his responsibilities as a Director and of the conduct, business activities and development of the Group, and should act in good faith, exercise due diligence and act in the best interests of the Group and its shareholders. On appointment, new Directors will receive a comprehensive, formal induction on the Group's business and his responsibilities as a Director.

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers set out in Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules ("Model Code") as the code of conduct regarding directors' securities transactions. Having made specific enquiry, all the Directors have confirmed that they have fully complied with the required standard set out in the Model Code and its code of conduct regarding Directors' securities transactions for the Period under review.

The Board would review regularly the contribution required from a Director to perform his responsibilities to the Company, and whether he is spending sufficient time performing them.

(H) 董事委員會

董事局已成立審核委員會、薪酬委員會 及提名委員會。

審核委員會

審核委員會首次於一九九九年成立。其 職權範圍參考於二零一五年六月十一日 生效的企業管治守則予以修訂,並已刊 登在本公司網站及聯交所網站。

審核委員會負責審閱及監察本集團之財 務報告程序、風險管理及內部監控制 度、審閱本集團之財務資料及遵守情 況,並向董事局提供建議及意見。

審核委員會由范佐浩先生(其為獨立非執行董事)身為該會主席所領導,當中包括另外三名成員,即謝文彬先生、充明先生及李傑之先生(其均為獨立主執行董事)。審核委員會各成員均在彼等本身之專業方面擁有豐富經驗。范佐浩先生、謝文彬先生及李傑之先生具備適當之會計或相關財務管理專長,並符合上市規則第3.21條之規定。公司秘書亦為審核委員會之秘書。

於該期間,審核委員會共舉行兩次會 議。審核委員會每名成員之出席率如 下:

審核委員會成員之姓名

獨立非執行董事 范佐浩先生(審核委員會主席) 謝文彬先生 龍子明先生 李傑之先生

(H) BOARD COMMITTEES

The Board has established its Audit Committee, Remuneration Committee and Nomination Committee.

Audit Committee

The Audit Committee was first established in 1999. Its terms of reference were revised with reference to the CG Code effective on 11 June 2015 and they have been posted on the Company's website and the Stock Exchange's website.

The Audit Committee is responsible for reviewing and supervising the financial reporting process, risk management and internal control system of the Group, reviewing the Group's financial information, compliance and providing advice and comments to the Board.

The Audit Committee led by its Chairman, Mr. Fan Chor Ho who is an Independent Non-executive Director, comprises three other members, namely Mr. Tse Man Bun, Mr. Lung Chee Ming, George and Mr. Li Kit Chee, who are Independent Non-executive Directors. Each member of the Audit Committee possesses in-depth experience in his own profession. Mr. Fan Chor Ho, Mr. Tse Man Bun and Mr. Li Kit Chee possess appropriate accounting or relevant financial management expertise and meet the requirements of Rule 3.21 of the Listing Rules. The Company Secretary is the secretary of the Audit Committee.

During the Period, the Audit Committee held two meetings. The attendance of each committee member is as follows:-

Name of Audit Committee Members	出席率 Attendance
Independent Non-executive Directors	
Mr. Fan Chor Ho (Chairman of the Audit Committee)	2/2
Mr. Tse Man Bun	2/2
Mr. Lung Chee Ming, George	2/2
Mr. Li Kit Chee	2/2

薪酬委員會

薪酬委員會於二零零五年成立。其職權 範圍參考於二零一二年四月一日生效的 企業管治守則予以修訂,並已刊登在本 公司網站及聯交所網站。

薪酬委員會負責向董事局就全體董事及 高層管理人員之薪酬政策及架構作出推 薦建議。本集團之薪酬政策為按公平市 場價值提供薪酬待遇,以招攬及挽留優 秀員工。概無董事或其任何聯繫人參與 釐定其本身的薪酬。

薪酬委員會由謝文彬先生(其為獨立非執行董事)身為該會主席所領導,當中包括另外四名成員,即趙權先生(其為執行董事兼主席)、馮潮澤先生(其為執行董事亦為副主席、行政總裁兼董事總經理)以及范佐浩先生及李傑之先生(其均為獨立非執行董事)。薪酬委員會之組成符合上市規則對主席及獨立性之規定。

During the Period, the Audit Committee has reviewed the Group's interim results for the six months ended 30 September 2016, final results for the Period, and reviewed and discussed with the external auditors over the financial reporting of the Group. The Audit Committee reviewed with the management the accounting principles and practices adopted by the Group and discussed with the management in relation to auditing, system of internal control, and financial reporting matters. The Audit Committee has reviewed the connected transaction(s)/internal audit related party transaction(s), if any, entered into by the Group during the Period, made recommendation to the Board on the reappointment of the external auditors and reviewed and approved the remuneration of the external auditors. The Audit Committee has also reviewed the whistleblowing policy and anti-bribery and anti-corruption compliance policy.

Remuneration Committee

The Remuneration Committee was established in 2005. Its terms of reference were revised with reference to the CG Code effective on 1 April 2012 and they have been posted on the Company's website and the Stock Exchange's website.

The Remuneration Committee is responsible for making recommendations to the Board on the Company's remuneration policy and structure for all Directors and members of the Senior Management. It is the Group's policy to provide remuneration packages at fair market value in order to attract and retain high quality staff. No Directors or any of his associates, is involved in determining his own remuneration.

The Remuneration Committee led by its Chairman, Mr. Tse Man Bun who is an Independent Non-executive Director, comprises four other members, namely, Mr. Zhao Quan who is an Executive Director and also the Chairman, Mr. Fung Chiu Chak, Victor who is an Executive Director and also Vice Chairman, Chief Executive Officer and Managing Director, and Mr. Fan Chor Ho and Mr. Li Kit Chee who are Independent Non-executive Directors. The composition of the Remuneration Committee complies with the requirements of chairmanship and independence of the Listing Rules.

於該期間,薪酬委員會共舉行二次會議,而委員會每名成員之出席率如下:

During the Period, the Remuneration Committee held two meetings and the attendance of each committee member is as follows:-

薪酬委員會成員之姓名

執行董事 趙權先生□ 李同雙先生□ 馮潮澤先生

非執行董事 王天兵先生^[3]

獨立非執行董事 謝文彬先生 *(薪酬委員會主席)* 范佐浩先生 李傑之先生

附註:

- 1. 委任自二零一六年十二月二十二日起 生效
- 2. 委任自二零一六年七月二十九日起生 效及辭任自二零一六年十二月二十二 日起生效
- 3. 辭任自二零一六年七月二十九日起生效

期內,薪酬委員會已就執行董事、高層管理人員及非執行董事之薪酬待遇及酌情花紅向董事局作出建議,以供董事局考慮。有關待遇包括實物利益、退休金權利(或其同等形式,如適用)及補償(包括於離職或終止職務或委任(視情況而定)時應付之補償)。

Name of Remuneration Committee Members	出席率 Attendance
Executive Directors Mr. Zhao Quan (1) Mr. Li Tongshuang (2)	_ _
Mr. Fung Chiu Chak, Victor	2/2
Non-executive Director Mr. Wang Tianbing (3)	0/2
Independent Non-executive Directors Mr. Tse Man Bun	
(Chairman of the Remuneration Committee) Mr. Fan Chor Ho Mr. Li Kit Chee	2/2 2/2 2/2

Notes:

- 1. Appointment effective from 22 December 2016
- Appointment effective from 29 July 2016 and resignation effective from 22 December 2016
- 3. Resignation effective from 29 July 2016

During the Period, the Remuneration Committee has made recommendation to the Board on the remuneration packages and discretionary bonuses of the Executive Directors, Senior Management and the Non-executive Directors for the Board's consideration. Such packages include benefits in kind, pension rights (or its equivalent, where appropriate) and compensation payments, including any compensation payable for loss or termination of their office or appointment, as the case may be.

根據企業管治守則條文第B.1.5條,高 層管理人員各成員於該期間的薪酬範圍 詳情如下:

Pursuant to code provision B.1.5 of the CG Code, details of the period remuneration of the members of the Senior Management by band for the Period is as follows:-

> 僱員人數 Number of

500,001港元至1,500,000港元
9,000,001港元至10,500,000港元
10,500,001港元至12,000,000港元
12,000,001港元至13,500,000港元
13,500,001港元至15,000,000港元

	employees
HK\$500,001 to HK\$1,500,000	1
HK\$9,000,001 to HK\$10,500,000	2
HK\$10,500,001 to HK\$12,000,000	_
HK\$12,000,001 to HK\$13,500,000	_
HK\$13,500,001 to HK\$15,000,000	2
	5

各董事於該期間的薪酬詳情載於本公司 財務報表附註9。

Details of the remuneration of each Director for the Period are set out in note 9 to the financial statements of the Company.

提名委員會

提名委員會於二零一二年三月二十八日 成立。其職權範圍參考於二零一二年四 月一日生效的企業管治守則予以採納, 並已刊登在本公司網站及聯交所網站。

提名委員會負責(其中包括)至少每年檢 討董事局之結構、規模及組成, 就建議 變動向董事局作出推薦以配合公司策 略,物色合資格的人選擔任董事局成 員,評估獨立非執行董事之獨立性,就 委聘及續聘董事局成員及董事繼任規劃 向董事局作出建議。

提名委員會由趙權先生(其為執行董事 亦為主席)身為該會主席所領導,當中 包括另外四名成員,即范佐浩先生、謝 文彬先生、龍子明先生及李傑之先生 (其均為獨立非執行董事)。

Nomination Committee

The Nomination Committee was established on 28 March 2012. Its terms of reference were adopted with reference to the CG Code effective on 1 April 2012 and they have been posted on the Company's website and the Stock Exchange's website.

The Nomination Committee is responsible for, among other things, reviewing the structure, size and composition of the Board at least annually and make recommendations on any proposed changes to the Board to complement the Company's corporate strategy, identifying individuals suitably qualified to become members of the Board, assessing the independence of Independent Non-executive Directors and making recommendations to the Board on the appointment and re-appointment of Board members as well as succession planning for Directors to the Board.

The Nomination Committee led by its Chairman, Mr. Zhao Quan who is an Executive Director and also the Chairman, comprises four other members, namely, Mr. Fan Chor Ho, Mr. Tse Man Bun, Mr. Lung Chee Ming, George, and Mr. Li Kit Chee who are Independent Nonexecutive Directors.

於該期間,提名委員會共舉行二次會議,而委員會每名成員之出席率如下:

During the Period, the Remuneration Committee held two meetings and the attendance of each committee member is as follows:-

提名委員會成員之姓名

執行董事 趙權先生 *(提名委員會主席)*□ 李同雙先生^[2]

非執行董事 王天兵先生^[3]

獨立非執行董事 范佐浩先生 謝文彬先生 龍子明先生 李傑之先生

附註:

- 1. 委任自二零一六年十二月二十二日起 生效
- 2. 委任自二零一六年七月二十九日起生 效及辭任自二零一六年十二月二十二 日起生效
- 3. 辭任自二零一六年七月二十九日起生 效

期內,提名委員會對全體獨立非執行董 事進行一次獨立性檢討,並確認全體獨 立非執行董事符合上市規則所載獨立性 標準,已審閱有關董事及獨立非執行董 事之建議續聘、非執行董事之委任及董 事局多元化政策。

為求達致董事局成員具備多元化的觀點 與角度,本公司政策是在決定董事局成 員委任及繼續該等委任時會考慮多項因 素。本集團除不時根據業務模式及具體 需要外,會考慮因素包括性別、年齡、 文化及教育背景、民族、專業經驗、技 能、知識及服務年期。

Name of Nomination Committee Members	出席率 Attendance
Executive Directors	
Mr. Zhao Quan (Chairman of the Nomination Committee) [1]	_
Mr. Li Tongshuang (2)	_
Non-executive Director	
Mr. Wang Tianbing (3)	0/2
Independent Non-executive Directors	
Mr. Fan Chor Ho	2/2
Mr. Tse Man Bun	2/2
Mr. Lung Chee Ming, George	2/2
Mr. Li Kit Chee	2/2

Notes:

- 1. Appointment effective from 22 December 2016
- 2. Appointment effective from 29 July 2016 and resignation effective from 22 December 2016
- 3. Resignation effective from 29 July 2016

During the Period, the Nomination Committee has conducted a period review of the independence of all Independent Non-executive Directors and confirmed that all the Independent Non-executive Directors satisfied the independence criteria as set out in the Listing Rules, reviewed the proposed re-appointment of Directors and an Independent Non-executive Director, and the appointment of Non-executive Directors, and the Board diversity policy.

In order to achieve a diversity of perspectives among Board members, it is the policy of the Company to consider a number of factors when deciding on appointments to the Board and the continuation of those appointments. Such factors include gender, age, cultural and educational background, ethnicity, professional experience, skills, knowledge, and length of service, in addition to factors based on the Group's business models and specific needs from time to time.

(1) 外聘核數師

外聘核數師就本公司財務報表承擔之責任載於第52至60頁之「獨立核數師報告」內。

該期間已付/應付本公司核數師安永會 計師事務所之費用如下:

年度核數服務 其他核數服務 非核數服務

(I) EXTERNAL AUDITORS

The responsibilities of the external auditors with respect to the financial statements of the Company are set out in the "Independent Auditor's Report" on pages 52 and 60.

Details of the fees paid/payable to the Company's auditors, Ernst & Young, during the Period are as follows:-

	千港元 HK\$000
Annual auditing services Other auditing services Non-auditing services	1,826 4,250 2,038
	8,114

(J) 公司秘書

公司秘書支援董事局,確保董事局成員之間有良好的資訊交流,以及董事局成
成及程序得以遵循。公司秘書主要自之。
成過主席向董事局提供管治事主。
会排董事之入職及專業培訓。
会計,安排董事和任政解僱由董事局批准及解僱由董事局批准及解僱由董事局限及所有。
会體董事均可獲得公司秘書之別相。
於該期間,公司秘
。
表達、規則及法規。於該期間,公司分遵
守上市規則之有關培訓規定。

(J) COMPANY SECRETARY

The Company Secretary supports the Board by ensuring good information flow within the Board and the Board policy and procedures are followed. The Company Secretary is primarily responsible for advising the Board through the Chairman on governance matters and facilitating induction and professional development of Directors. The Board will approve the selection and appointment and dismissal of the Company Secretary who reports to the Chairman and/or the Directors. All Directors have access to the advice and services of the Company Secretary to ensure that the Board procedures, and all applicable law, rules and regulations are followed. The Company Secretary, Miss Wong Suk Han Kitty who is an employee of the Group, has duly complied with the relevant training requirement under the Listing Rules for the Period.

(K) 風險管理及內部監控

董事局全面負責確保本集團維持穩定而有效之監控,以保障其資產及股東之監控,以保障其資產及股東控資。審核委員會對本集團內部監控制度之有效性進行年度審查,審查範圍工程序遵守及風險管理、程序遵守及風險管理人員工資歷及經驗是否足夠會已的及經驗是否定與大學,是不是不會,與其一個人員進行之評估,審核委員會,且以應付現時之要求。

董事局委聘獨立第三方信永方略風險管理有限公司於該期間提供內部審核服務,以提升本公司之內部監控系統及加強管理層對本公司經營之有效管控。

內幕消息

就處理及發放內幕消息的程序及內部監 控而言,本公司:

- (1) 知悉其根據證券及期貨條例及上 市規則以及於作出有關決定後須 即刻公佈內幕消息的凌駕性原則 的責任:
- (2) 恪守證券及期貨事務監察委員會 於二零一二年六月及香港聯交所 於二零零八年分別發佈的《內幕消 息披露指引》及《有關近期經濟發 展情況及上市發行人的披露責任》 處理其事務:
- (3) 在「資料保密」中規定,嚴禁未經 授權使用任何保密或內幕消息; 及
- [4] 已建立並實行程序應對外部對本 集團事務的查詢。

(K) RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL

The Board has overall responsibility to ensure that the Group maintains sound and effective controls to safeguard its assets and the Shareholders' investments. The Audit Committee conducted annual review of the effectiveness of the internal control system of the Group covering the financial, operational and compliance controls and risk management functions. During the annual review, the Audit Committee has considered the adequacy of resources, staff qualifications and experience, training programmes and budgets of the Group's accounting and financial reporting function. Based on the assessment made by the management of the Group, the Audit Committee considered that the Group's internal control systems are effective and adequate for its present requirements.

The Board engaged an independent third party, Shinewing Risk Services Limited, to provide internal audit function for the Period, so as to improve the internal control systems of the Company and strengthen the management's effective control over the operations of the Company.

Inside Information

With respect to procedures and internal controls for the handling and dissemination of inside information, the Company:

- is aware of its obligations under the Securities and Futures
 Ordinance and the Listing Rules and the overriding principle that
 inside information should be announced immediately it is the
 subject of a decision;
- (2) conducts its affairs with close regard to the "Guidelines on Disclosure of Inside Information" and "Recent Economic Developments and the Disclosure Obligations of Listed Issuers" issued by the Securities and Futures Commission in June 2012 and the Hong Kong Stock Exchange in 2008 respectively;
- (3) has included in the "Confidentiality of Information", a strict prohibition on the unauthorised use of confidential or inside information; and
- (4) has established and implemented procedures for responding to external enquiries about the Group's affairs.

(L) 企業管治職能

董事局於二零一二年三月二十八日建立 「企業管治政策」。董事局負責履行以下 職權範圍所載企業管治職能:

- (1) 制定及檢討本公司有關企業管治 之政策及常規,並向董事局作出 建議;
- (2) 檢討及監督董事及高層管理人員 之培訓及持續專業發展;
- (3) 檢討及監督本公司有關遵守法律 及監管規定之政策及常規;
- (4) 制定、檢討及監督適用於董事及 本集團僱員之行為準則及合規手 冊(如有);及
- (5) 檢討本公司對企業管治守則之遵 守情況及本公司將發佈之企業管 治報告內的披露。

(M) 與股東通訊

本公司與股東溝通維持高透明度。為維持與股東及本公司機構投資者之間的持續對話,本公司於二零一二年三月二十八日制定了股東通訊政策並將定期對其進行審閱,以確保有效並及時向股東發佈資訊,以及鼓勵股東參與本公司股東大會,股東通訊政策載列如下:

(1) 股東可參考公開披露的資料或將 其查詢送至當時的本公司之註冊 地址或主要營業地點致公司秘書 收。對有關持股的查詢,股東須 向本公司之香港股份過戶登記分 處,即卓佳登捷時有限公司,提 出有關其所持股權的問題。

(L) CORPORATE GOVERNANCE FUNCTIONS

The Board established the "Corporate Governance Policy" on 28 March 2012. The Board is responsible for performing the corporate governance functions set out in the terms of reference below:

- to develop and review the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance and make recommendations to the Board;
- (2) to review and monitor the training and continuous professional development of Directors and Senior Management;
- (3) to review and monitor the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements;
- (4) to develop, review and monitor the code of conduct and compliance manual (if any) applicable to Directors and employees of the Group; and
- (5) to review the Company's compliance with the Corporate Governance Code set out in compliance with the Code and disclosure in the Corporate Governance Report to be issued by the Company.

(M) COMMUNICATION WITH SHAREHOLDERS

The Company maintains a high level of transparency in communicating with Shareholders. In order to maintain an on-going dialogue with Shareholders and institutional investors of the Company, the Company established a Shareholders' Communication Policy on 28 March 2012 and will review it on a regular basis to ensure effective and timely dissemination of information to Shareholders and encourage their participation at general meetings of the Company. The Shareholders' Communication Policy is set out below:-

Shareholders may refer to information disclosed publicly or send their enquiries to the Company's registered office or its principal place of business for the time being, for the attention of the Company Secretary. For enquiries on their shareholdings, Shareholders should direct their questions about their shareholdings to the Company's Hong Kong Branch Registrar, Tricor Tengis Limited.

- (2) 股東可查閱本公司的年報、中期報告、公佈、通函及大會通告以獲得有關本公司之資料。該等資料及文件可於本公司網站及聯交所網站內查閱。本公司的年報、中期報告、通函及股東大會通告(如適用,建同代表委任表格)亦會寄發予股東。
- (3) 本公司鼓勵股東出席本公司之股 東週年大會及股東大會。股東可 透過本公司之股東週年大會表達 意見,討論本公司之發展並了解 本公司之業務。
- [4] 本公司將定期檢討本政策以確保 其有效性。
- (5) 有關召開或提呈議案程序之查詢及問題可透過本公司之電話(852)2882 3632聯絡公司秘書,或藉將電郵發送至info@hkicimgroup.com,或藉在本公司之股東週年大會或股東特別大會上直接提出問題或藉郵寄至本公司當時之註冊地址或主要營業地點等方式向董事局作出查詢及提問。

本公司已確保於股東大會上將就各項議 題提呈獨立決議案。

股東已獲知會有關會議程序及彼等要求 投票表決之權利。本公司將確保遵守上 市規則及其公司章程細則所載有關投票 表決之規定。投票表決之程序載於本公 司有關股東大會之通函,並將於會上在 就決議案投票前説明。

- (2) Shareholders may access the Company's information from its annual reports, interim reports, announcements, circulars and notices of meetings. This information and documents are available on the Company's website and published on the Stock Exchange's website. The annual reports, interim reports, circulars, and notices of general meetings (where appropriate, with proxy form) of the Company are also despatched to Shareholders.
- (3) Shareholders are encouraged to attend the annual general meeting and general meetings of the Company. Shareholders may also express their views, discuss the progress of the Company and understand the operations of the Company through the annual general meeting of the Company.
- (4) The Company will review this Policy regularly to ensure its effectiveness.
- (5) Enquiries and questions on the procedures for convening or putting forward proposals may be put to the Board by contacting either the Company Secretary through the Company's general line at (852) 2882 3632, e-mail at info@hkicimgroup.com, directly by questions at an annual general meeting or special general meeting of the Company or by post to the Company's registered office or its principal place of business for the time being.

The Company has ensured that each substantially separate issue will be dealt with at general meetings by way of a separate resolution.

Shareholders are informed of the procedure and their rights to demand a poll. The Company will ensure compliance with the requirements about voting by poll contained in the Listing Rules and the Bye-laws. The procedures for voting by poll are set out in the Company's circular relating to the general meeting and will be explained during the meeting before voting on the resolutions.

(N) 股東權利

由於股東可能召開股東特別大會並作出 任何議案(如在有關會議上建議選舉現 有董事以外的一名人士為董事),召開 股東特別大會並提出議案之詳細程序載 於名為「股東在股東大會上提出議案的 權利」之文件(該文件已刊登於本公司網 站),如下文所示:

- (1) 根據本公司之公司章程細則第58 條,持有本公司不少於十分之一 附帶本公司之股東大會投票權的 繳足股本的股東,隨時有權透過 向本公司之董事局或公司秘書提 出書面請求要求董事局就有關請 求中列明的事務或任何事項召開 股東特別大會(「股東特別大會」)。
- (2) 書面要求必須列明召開該大會的 目的,由有關股東簽署,並可包 括多份相同形式的文件,每份文 件由一名或以上該等提出請求人 士(「提出請求人士」)簽署。
- (3) 提出請求人士的要求將由本公司的股份過戶登記處核實,在確認提出請求人士的要求屬恰當及手程序後,公司秘書將要求所達了時人。 一程序後,公司秘書將要求所更, 一規則向所有登記股東等別大會 一規則向所有登記股東特別大會 一規則和以召開股東特別大會 實後被認為不合乎程序,提出請求人士將獲通知該結果,而股東 特別大會不會按要求召開。
- (4) 倘在提出有關請求後二十一(21) 天內董事局未能召開有關會議, 則提出請求人士可根據百慕達 一九八一年公司法第74(3)條(經 不時修訂)自行召開大會。

(N) SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

Since the Shareholders may convene a special general meeting and make any proposals such as propose a person other than an existing Director for election as a Director at such meeting, the detailed procedures of convening a special general meeting and making any proposals are set out in a document entitled "Shareholders' rights to put forward a proposal at a general meeting" which has been published in the Company's website and set out below:-

- (1) According to Bye-law 58 of the Bye-laws, a Shareholder holding not less than one-tenth of the paid up capital of the Company carrying the right of voting at general meetings of the Company shall at all times have the right, by written requisition to the Board or the Company Secretary, to require a special general meeting ("SGM") to be called by the Board for the transaction or any business specified in such requisition.
- (2) The written request must state the objects of the meeting, signed by the Shareholders concerned and may consist of several documents in like form, each signed by one or more of those requisitionists ("Requisitionists").
- (3) The request by the Requisitionists will be verified with the Company's Share Registrars and upon their confirmation that the request by the Requisitionists is proper and in order, the Company Secretary will request the Board to convene a SGM by serving sufficient notice in accordance with the statutory requirements and in compliance with the Listing Rules on the Stock Exchange to all the registered Shareholders. On the contrary, if the request by the Requisitionists has been verified as not in order, the Requisitionists will be advised of this outcome and accordingly, a SGM will not be convened as requested.
- (4) If within twenty-one (21) days of such deposit the Board fails to proceed to convene such meeting, the requisitionists themselves may convene the meeting themselves in accordance with Section 74(3) of the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda, as amended from time to time.

- (5) 如股東擬在股東特別大會上提出 議案(「議案」),彼可就此向公司 秘書發出書面通知,並將該通知 送達本公司的主要營業地點或本 公司的股份過戶登記分處。提出 請求人士的要求將如上所述進行 核實。
- (6) 給予所有登記股東以考慮有關股東在股東特別大會上提出的議案的通知期因議案的性質而有如下不同,並載述如下:
 - 倘議案構成本公司的普通 決議案,則為14個完整工 作日或10個營業日的書面 通知(以較長者為準);及
 - o 倘議案構成本公司的特別 決議案,則為21個完整工 作日的書面通知。

議案會否在股東大會上提呈將由董事局酌情決定,除非股東提出的議案(i)乃按股東召開股東特別大會的要求而提出:或(ii)構成公司章程細則第61(1)條所述將在股東週年大會上審議的一般事項的一部分。

(7) 有關向董事局提出的查詢可透過 致電本公司的總線(852) 2882 3632聯絡公司秘書、將電郵發 送至info@hkicimgroup.com、在股 東週年大會或股東特別大會上直 接提出問題或郵寄至本公司的註 冊辦事處或本公司的總部及主要 營業地點而提出。

(O) 投資者關係

本公司章程文件已刊登在本公司網站及 聯交所網站。期內,本公司之章程文件 並無變動更改。

- (5) If a Shareholder wishes to put forward proposals at an SGM ("Proposals"), he can deposit a written notice to that effect at the principal place of business or the office of the Company's branch share registrar, for the attention of the Company Secretary. The request by the Requisitionists will be verified as stated above.
- (6) The notice period to be given to all the registered Shareholders for consideration of a proposal raised by the Shareholders concerned at a SGM varies according to the nature of the proposal as follows:
 - o the longer of 14 clear days' and 10 business days' notice in writing if the proposal constitutes an ordinary resolution of the Company; and
 - o 21 clear days' notice in writing if the proposal constitutes a special resolution of the Company.

Whether a proposal will be put to a general meeting will be decided by the Board in its discretion, unless the proposal put forward by a Shareholder is (i) pursuant to a requisition by a Shareholder to convene a SGM or (ii) forms part of ordinary business to be considered at an annual general meeting as described in Bye-law 61(1) of the Bye-laws.

(7) Enquiries may be put to the Board by contacting either the Company Secretary through our general line at (852) 2882 3632, e-mail at info@hkicimgroup.com, directly by questions at an annual general meeting or SGM or by post to the registered office of the Company or head office and the principal place of business of the Company.

(O) INVESTOR RELATIONS

A copy of the constitutional documents of the Company has been published at the Company's website and the Stock Exchange's website. During the Period, there was no change to the Company's constitutional documents.

本公司董事局(「董事局」)謹此提呈自二零一六年四月一日至二零一六年十二月三十一日止期間(「本期間」)之報告及經審核財務報表。

The board of directors of the Company ("Director(s)") herein present their report and the audited financial statements for the period from 1 April 2016 to 31 December 2016 (the "Period").

更改公司名稱

根據本公司於二零一六年八月二十三日舉行的股東週年大會上通過之特別決議案,及經百慕達公司註冊處處長及香港公司註冊處處長批准後,將本公司之英文名稱由「Tysan Holdings Limited」改為「Hong Kong International Construction Investment Management Group Co., Limited」,並採納「香港國際建設投資管理集團有限公司」,取代「泰昇集團控股有限公司」作為本公司第二名稱,於二零一六年八月三十一日生效。

CHANGE OF COMPANY NAME

Pursuant to a special resolution passed at the annual general meeting of the Company held on 23 August 2016 and approved by the Registrar of Companies in Bermuda and the Companies Registry of Hong Kong, the name of the Company was changed from "Tysan Holdings Limited" to "Hong Kong International Construction Investment Management Group Co., Limited" and the adoption of "香港國際建設投資管理集團有限公司" in place of "泰昇集團控股有限公司" as the secondary name of the Company took effect on 31 August 2016.

更改財政年結日

根據董事局於二零一六年九月二十日通過之決議案,本公司財政年結日由三月三十一日更改至十二月三十一日,自二零一六年十二月三十一日生效,以與本公司控股股東HNA Finance I Co., Ltd.(「HNA Finance I J)之中間控股公司海航集團有限公司的財政年結日一致。本公司財務報表因此覆蓋由二零一六年四月一日至二零一六年十二月三十一日止九個月期間。

CHANGE OF FINANCIAL YEAR END DATE

Pursuant to a resolution of the Directors passed on 20 September 2016, the financial year end date of the Company was changed from 31 March to 31 December effective from 31 December 2016 in order to align the financial year end date of the Company with HNA Group Co., Ltd., the intermediate holding company of the Company's controlling shareholder, HNA Finance I Co., Ltd. ("HNA Finance I"). The financial statements of the Company therefore covered a nine-month period from 1 April 2016 to 31 December 2016.

主要業務及業務回顧

本公司之主要業務為投資控股。其主要附屬公司及聯營公司之主要業務詳情,分別載於財務報表附註1及17。

本集團之主要業務性質於本期間內並無重大 變動。

業務回顧資料之詳情載於本年報第2至9頁之 「主席報告」一節。

環境政策及表現

本集團確認環境保護對本集團之長期發展至 關重要。為將對環境影響降至最低,本集團 將持續不時審閱及改進管理常規之實效。

「環境、社會及管治報告」將於二零一七年六 月底發佈。詳情請參閱本公司網站。

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES AND BUSINESS REVIEW

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding. The principal activities of its principal subsidiaries and associate are set out in notes 1 and 17 to the financial statements, respectively.

There were no significant changes in the nature of the Group's principal activities during the Period.

Details of the business review information are set out in the section headed "Chairman's Statement" on pages 2 to 9 of this annual report.

Environmental Policies and Performance

The Group recognises environmental protection is of vital importance to the long-term development of the Group. In order to minimise the environmental impact, the Group will continue to review and improve the effectiveness of its management practices from time to time.

"Environmental, Social and Governance Report" will be published by the end of June 2017. For details, please refer to the Company's website.

主要業務及業務回顧(續)

遵守法律及法規

本集團之業務主要由本公司在香港及中國之 附屬公司進行,而本公司本身於百慕達註冊 成立,並於香港聯合交易所有限公司(「香港 聯交所」)上市。因此,本集團已分配資源確 保其業務符合香港、百慕達、中國及澳門之 相關法律及法規。

就董事局及管理層所知,本集團已於所有重 大方面遵守對本集團之業務及經營產生重大 影響之相關法律及法規。於本期間,本集團 並無嚴重違反或不遵守適用法律及法規的情 況。

風險及不確定性

本公司可能面對之主要風險及不確定性於本年報第2至9頁「主席報告」一節中披露。此外,本集團之財務風險管理詳情披露於財務報表附註43。

於二零一七年一月六日,有關本集團於二零 ——年七月八日發生的一宗致命意外的法律 程序已經結束。最高罰款為2,000,000港 元,泰昇地基工程有限公司(「泰昇地基工程 有限公司」)被罰款總共290,000港元。發展 局工務科(「發展局工務科」)將召開紀律委員 會研訊調查事項,該委員會有權酌情決定暫 停泰昇地基工程有限公司就公共部門項目的 主承包商進行競標。倘執行,暫停通常為期6 個月及最多為12個月。本公司預計,發展局 工務科暫停泰昇地基工程有限公司進行競標 對本集團產生的影響並不重大,因為發展局 工務科並不經常就涉及建築工程項目的主合 約單獨發出地基合約。本公司已要求發展局 工務科儘快召開紀律委員會聆訊,確認是否 執行暫停及暫停期限(如執行暫停)。

與僱員、客戶及供應商之關係

董事認為與其僱員、客戶及供應商維持良好 工作關係為本集團可持續性發展之關鍵。於 本期間,本集團與其僱員、客戶及供應商之 間並無重大糾紛。

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES AND BUSINESS REVIEW (Cont'd)

Compliance with Laws and Regulations

The Group's operations are mainly carried out by the Company's subsidiaries in Hong Kong and the PRC while the Company itself was incorporated in Bermuda and listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Hong Kong Stock Exchange"). Accordingly, the Group has allocated resources to ensure its operations are in compliance with relevant laws and regulations in Hong Kong, Bermuda, the PRC and Macau.

As far as the Board and management are aware of, the Group has complied in all material respects with the relevant laws and regulations which have a significant impact on the business and operation of the Group. During the Period, there was no material breach of or non-compliance of the applicable laws and regulations by the Group.

Risks and Uncertainties

Principal risks and uncertainties that the Company may face have been disclosed in the section headed "Chairman's Statement" on pages 2 to 9 of this annual report. In addition, details of the Group's financial risk management are disclosed in note 43 to the financial statements of this annual report.

On 6 January 2017, the legal proceedings regarding a fatal accident occurring on one of the Group's sites on 8 July 2011 was concluded. Tysan Foundation Limited ("TFL") was fined a total of HK\$290,000 out of a maximum penalty of HK\$2,000,000. The Works Branch of the Development Bureau ("WBDB") will convene a disciplinary panel inquiry to investigate the matter and such panel has a discretion to suspend TFL from tendering as a main contractor for public sector projects. If imposed, a suspension is typically for a period of 6 months but the maximum is 12 months. The Company expects that the effect on the Group arising from any suspension of TFL from tender imposed by the WBDB will not be significant as the WBDB does not often issue foundation contracts separately from the main contract involving building construction projects. The Company has requested WBDB to convene the disciplinary panel hearing as soon as possible so as to confirm whether or not a suspension will be imposed, and if so, the period of suspension.

Relationships with Employees, Customers and Suppliers

The Directors are of view that maintaining a good working relationship with its employees, customers and suppliers are the keys to the sustainable development of the Group. During the Period, there was no significant dispute between the Group and its employees, customers and suppliers.

業績及股息

本集團於本期間之溢利以及本集團於二零 一六年十二月三十一日之財務狀況載於第61 至205頁之財務報表。

董事局建議向於二零一七年五月十八日名列 本公司股東名冊之股東派付本期間末期股 息,每股普通股10.0港仙。

財務資料概要

下表概述本集團本期間及截至二零一六年三 月三十一日止四個年度之綜合業績、資產、 負債及非控股股東權益,此乃節錄自已公佈 經審核財務報表。該概要並不構成經審核財 務報表之一部分。

RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

The Group's profit for the Period and the Group's financial position at 31 December 2016 are set out in the financial statements on pages 61 to 205.

The Directors recommend the payment of a final dividend of HK10.0 cents per ordinary share in respect of the Period to shareholders on the register of members of the Company on 18 May 2017.

SUMMARY FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The following table summarises the consolidated results, assets, liabilities and non-controlling interests of the Group for the Period and four years ended 31 March 2016, as extracted from the published audited financial statements. The summary does not form part of the audited financial statements.

截至

二零一六年 二零一五年 二零一四年

截至

截至

		1 April	止年度	止年度	止年度	止年度
		2016 to	Year ended	Year ended	Year ended	Year ended
		31 December	31 March	31 March	31 March	31 March
		2016	2016	2015	2014	2013
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
本公司普通股	Profit attributable to ordinary equity					
股東應佔溢利	holders of the Company	134,050	396,874	399,394	270,020	348,479
總資產	Total assets	5,526,957	5,608,055	5,567,868	5,276,784	5,073,547
總負債	Total liabilities	2,567,227	2,830,863	2,635,299	2,565,507	2,703,578
本公司普通股股東 應佔權益	Equity attributable to ordinary equity holders of the Company	2,949,371	2,688,403	2,742,074	2,481,970	2,338,559
非控股股東權益	Non-controlling interests	10,359	88,789	190,495	229,307	31,410
		5,526,957	5,608,055	5,567,868	5,276,784	5,073,547

自二零一六年 四月一日至 二零一六年 十二月 三十一日

止期間

股本及購股權

本公司於本期間內的股本變動詳情載於財務 報表附註31。於本期間內,本公司購股權並 無變動。

SHARE CAPITAL AND SHARE OPTIONS

Details of movement in the Company's share capital during the Period are set out in note 31 to the financial statements. There were no movements in the Company's share options during the Period.

優先購買權

本公司之章程細則或百慕達法律均無有關本公司須按比例向現有本公司之股東發行新股之優先購買權之規定。

購買、贖回或出售本公司之上市證券

於本期間內,本公司或其任何附屬公司概無購買、贖回或出售本公司之任何上市證券。

可分派儲備

於報告期末,本公司按照一九八一年百慕達公司法計算可作分派之儲備達2,054,928,000港元。

主要客戶及供應商

於回顧本期間,本集團五大客戶之銷售額佔本期間銷售總額之38%,其中最大客戶之銷售額達18%。本集團五大供應商之採購額佔本期間總採購額之45%。

董事或任何彼等之緊密聯繫人或任何股東(就 董事所知,其擁有本公司已發行股本5%以 上)概無於本集團五大客戶中擁有任何實益權 益。

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Company's bye-laws or the laws of Bermuda which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro rata basis to existing shareholders of the Company.

PURCHASE, REDEMPTION OR SALE OF LISTED SECURITIES OF THE COMPANY

Neither the Company, nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, redeemed or sold any of the Company's listed securities during the Period.

DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES

At the end of the reporting period, the Company's reserves available for distribution, calculated in accordance with the Bermuda Companies Act 1981, amounted to HK\$2,054,928,000.

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

During the Period under review, sales to the Group's five largest customers accounted for 38% of the total sales for the Period and sales to the largest customer included therein amounted to 18%. Purchases from the Group's five largest suppliers accounted for 45% of the total purchases for the Period.

None of the Directors or any of their close associates or any shareholders (which, to the best knowledge of the Directors, own more than 5% of the Company's issued share capital) had any beneficial interest in the Group's five largest customers.



董事 DIRECTORS

於本期間及直至本報告日期,董事如下: The Directors for the Period and up to the date of this report were:

執行董事: Executive directors:

趙權先生 (於二零一六年 Mr. Zhao Quan (appointed on 22 December 2016)

十二月二十二日獲委任)

李同雙先生 (於二零一六年 Mr. Li Tongshuang (appointed on 29 July 2016 and

七月二十九日獲委任及 resigned on 22 December 2016)

於二零一六年

十二月二十二日辭任)

馮潮澤先生 Mr. Fung Chiu Chak, Victor

劉軍春先生 (於二零一六年 Mr. Liu Junchun (appointed as Non-executive Director on

七月二十九日 29 July 2016 and redesignated as

獲委任為非執行董事 Executive Director on 22 December 2016)

及於二零一六年十二月二十二日

轉任為執行董事)

趙展鴻先生 Mr. Chiu Chin Hung

劉健輝先生 Mr. Lau Kin Fai

范寧先生 (於二零一六年 Mr. Fan Ning (appointed on 29 July 2016)

七月二十九日獲委任)

蒙永濤先生 (於二零一六年 Mr. Meng Yongtao (appointed on 29 July 2016)

七月二十九日獲委任)

黄泰倫先生 (於二零一七年 Mr. Wong Tai Lun Kenneth (appointed on 26 January 2017)

一月二十六日獲委任)

非執行董事: Non-executive directors:

王天兵先生 (於二零一六年 Mr. Wang Tianbing (resigned on 29 July 2016)

七月二十九日辭任)

Stuart Morrison Grant (於二零一六年 Mr. Stuart Morrison Grant (resigned on 29 July 2016)

先生 七月二十九日辭任)

章增鵬先生 (於二零一六年 Mr. Justin Wai (resigned on 29 July 2016)

七月二十九日辭任)

羅耀發先生 (於二零一六年 Mr. Law Yiu Fat Richard (resigned on 29 July 2016)

董事(續)

於本期間及直至本報告日期,董事如下: (續)

DIRECTORS (Cont'd)

The Directors for the Period and up to the date of this report were: $\mbox{|Cont'd|}$

獨立非執行董事:

范佐浩先生 謝文彬先生 龍子明先生 李傑之先生

根據本公司之章程細則規定,劉健輝先生、范佐浩先生、龍子明先生及黃泰倫先生將會退任,並將於即將召開之股東週年大會上膺選連任。

本公司已收到范佐浩先生、謝文彬先生、龍子明先生及李傑之先生之年度獨立確認書, 而於本報告日期,本公司仍然認為彼等為獨立人士。

Independent non-executive directors:

Mr. Fan Chor Ho Mr. Tse Man Bun

Mr. Lung Chee Ming, George

Mr. Li Kit Chee

In accordance with the Company's Bye-laws, Mr. Lau Kin Fai, Mr. Fan Chor Ho, Mr. Lung Chee Ming, George and Mr. Wong Tai Lun Kenneth will retire and being eligible, will offer themselves for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

The Company has received annual confirmations of independence from Mr. Fan Chor Ho, Mr. Tse Man Bun, Mr. Lung Chee Ming, George and Mr. Li Kit Chee and as at the date of this report still considers them to be independent.

董事及高層管理人員之簡歷

本集團董事及高層管理人員之簡歷載於年報 第10至第15頁。

DIRECTORS' AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT'S BIOGRAPHIES

Biographical details of the Directors and the senior management of the Group are set out on pages 10 to 15 of the annual report.

董事之服務合約

建議於即將召開之股東週年大會上膺選連任 之董事,概無與本公司訂立服務合約,要求 本公司為終止該合約須給予一年以上通知, 或支付等同一年以上酬金的賠償或其他款項。

DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

No Director proposed for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting has a service contract with the Company which requires the Company, in order to terminate such contract, to give a period of notice of more than one year or to pay compensation or make other payments equivalent to more than one year's emoluments.

獲准許彌償條文

根據本公司之章程細則及符合遵守相關條文,董事、本公司公司秘書及其他高級職員就有關本公司事務因彼等執行各自的職務而執行的職責或與此有關之其他事宜所作行為而可能招致或引致之所有行動、成本、支出、虧損、損害及開支,從本公司資產及溢利中獲得彌償,確保就此免受任何損害。

本公司已於本期間內為董事、本公司的公司 秘書及其他高級職員就彼等各別本著真誠執 行職責過程中針對彼等一名或多名之法律行 動而安排適當保險保障。

PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISION

Pursuant to the Bye-laws of the Company and subject to the relevant provisions therein, the Directors, the company secretary of the Company and other officers acting in relation to the affairs of the Company shall be indemnified and secured harmless out of the assets and profits of the Company from and against all actions, costs, charges, losses, damages and expenses which he/she shall or may incur or sustain by or by reason of any act done about the execution of the duties of their respective offices.

The Company has arranged appropriate insurance cover for the Directors, the company secretary of the Company and other officers in respect of legal actions against one or more of them in the course of execution of their respective duties in good faith during the Period.

董事於交易、安排或合約之權益

於期間內,概無任何董事及董事之關連實體 直接或間接在本公司之控股公司或其任何附 屬公司為訂約方而與本集團之業務有關之任 何重要交易、安排或合約中擁有重大權益。

董事及主要行政人員於股份及相關股份 之權益及好倉

於報告期末,本公司董事及主要行政人員 (「主要行政人員」)於本公司或其相聯法團(具 有證券及期貨條例(「證券及期貨條例」)第XV 部所賦予之涵義)之股本及相關股份中擁有本 公司按證券及期貨條例第352條存置之登記 冊所記錄,或根據上市發行人董事進行證券 交易之標準守則(「標準守則」)須知會本公司 及香港聯交所之權益及好倉如下:

於本公司相聯法團股份之好倉:

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS OR CONTRACTS

No Director nor a connected entity of a Director had a material interest, either directly or indirectly, in any transactions, arrangements or contracts of significance to the business of the Group to which the holding companies of the Company or any of the Company's subsidiaries was a party during the Period.

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S INTERESTS AND LONG POSITIONS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES

At the end of the reporting period, the interests and long positions of the Directors and chief executive of the Company ("Chief Executive") in the share capital and underlying shares of the Company or its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO")), as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Hong Kong Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code"), were as follows:

Long positions in shares of an associated corporation of the Company:

共右並涌船船動乃雄关灶質

		付付日世版版第	以及惟血性貝		伯伯斯広園
		Number of	ordinary		股本百分比
		shares he	ld and		Percentage of
		nature of	interest		the associated
董事姓名	相聯法團名稱	個人	公司	總計	corporation's
Name of director	Name of the associated corporation	Personal	Corporate	Total	share capital
馮潮澤先生([馮先生]) Mr. Fung Chiu Chak, Victor	泰昇地基(香港)有限公司 Tysan Foundation (Hong Kong) Limited	_	5(1)	5	5
("Mr. Fung")					

附註:

 該等泰昇地基(香港)有限公司的股份由祥澤 有限公司持有,其所有已發行股份由馮先生 全資擁有。

除上文所披露者外,於二零一六年十二月三十一日,各董事或主要行政人員概無於本公司或其任何相聯法團之股份、相關股份或債券中擁有根據證券及期貨條例第352條須記錄,或根據標準守則須知會本公司及聯交所之權益或淡倉。

Note:

 These shares of Tysan Foundation (Hong Kong) Limited were held by Fortunate Pool Limited, the entire issued shares of which was wholly owned by Mr. Fung.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2016, none of the Directors or Chief Executive had registered an interest or short position in the Shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations that was required to be recorded pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code.

董事及主要行政人員購買股份或債券之 權利

除上文「董事及主要行政人員於股份及相關股份之權益及好倉」及下文「購股權計劃」一節所披露者外,於本期間內任何時間,概無授予任何董事或彼等各自之配偶或未成年子女或主要行政人員透過購買本公司股份或債券之方法而獲得利益之權利,而彼等亦無行使任何該等權利,本公司或其任何附屬公司概無訂立任何安排,致使董事可購買任何其他法人團體之該等權利。

權益掛鈎協議

購股權計劃

本公司設立購股權計劃,向為本集團成功營運作出貢獻之合資格參與者提供獎勵及回報。於二零一二年八月八日,本公司採納一項新購股權計劃(「二零一二年購股權計劃」),而於二零零二年八月二十八日採納之計劃(「二零零二年購股權計劃」)於同日終止。有關二零一二年購股權計劃之進一步詳情載於財務報表附註32。

自二零一二年購股權計劃之採納日期二零 一二年八月八日起至二零一六年十二月 三十一日(包括首尾兩日),並無購股權獲授 出、行使、到期或失效,以及二零一二年購 股權計劃項下亦無任何未行使購股權。

於本期間,二零一二年購股權計劃下概無授 予任何董事或其各自之配偶或未成年子女、 或主要行政人員透過購買本公司股份或債券 而獲得利益之權利,而彼等亦無行使任何該 等權利,本公司或其任何附屬公司概無訂立 任何安排,致使董事可取得任何其他法人團 體之該等權利。

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S RIGHTS TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

Apart from those disclosed under the heading "Directors' and Chief Executive's interests and Long Positions in Shares and Underlying Shares" above and in the section headed "Share Options Schemes" below, at no time during the Period were rights to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of Shares in or debentures of the Company granted to any Director or their respective spouses or minor children or Chief Executive or were any such rights exercised by them; or was the Company or any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangement to enable the Directors to acquire such rights in any other body corporate.

EQUITY-LINKED ARRANGEMENTS

Share option schemes

The Company operates share option schemes for the purpose of providing incentives and rewards to eligible participants who contribute to the success of the Group's operations. On 8 August 2012, the Company adopted a new share option scheme (the "2012 Share Option Scheme") and the scheme adopted on 28 August 2002 (the "2002 Share Option Scheme") was terminated on the same date. Further details of the 2012 Share Option Scheme are disclosed in note 32 to the financial statements.

From 8 August 2012, the date of adoption of the 2012 Share Option Scheme, to 31 December 2016 (both dates inclusive), no share option was granted, exercised, expired or lapsed and there is no outstanding share option under the 2012 Share Option Scheme.

During the Period, no rights to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of Shares in or debentures of the Company were granted to any Director or their respective spouses or minor children, or Chief Executive or were any such rights exercised by them, or was the Company or any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangement to enable the Directors to acquire such rights in any other body corporate under the 2012 Share Option Scheme.

主要股東於股份及相關股份之權益

於報告期末,按本公司根據證券及期貨條例 第336條須存置之股東權益記錄持有本公司 已發行股本5%以上之權益如下:

於股份之好倉:

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES

At the end of the reporting period, the following interests of more than 5% of the issued share capital of the Company were recorded in the register of interests required to be kept by the Company pursuant to section 336 of the SFO:

佔本公司已發行

Long positions in Shares:

			股本百分比 Percentage of
		持有股數	the Company's
4 10		Number of	issued
名稱	Name	Shares held	share capital
海南省慈航公益基金會叫	Hainan Province Cihang Foundation (1)	755,862,228	66.64
海南交管控股有限公司□	Hainan Traffic Administration Holding Co., Ltd. ⁽¹⁾	755,862,228	66.64
盛唐發展(洋浦)有限公司□	Tang Dynasty Development (Yangpu) Company Limited (1)	755,862,228	66.64
海航集團有限公司□	HNA Group Co., Ltd. (1)	755,862,228	66.64
HNA Finance I	HNA Finance I	755,862,228	66.64
Blackstone Group Management L.L.C. (2)	Blackstone Group Management L.L.C. (2)	78,719,931	6.94
Blackstone Holdings IV GP L.P.(2)	Blackstone Holdings IV GP L.P. (2)	78,719,931	6.94
Blackstone Holdings IV GP Management (Delaware) L.P. ^[2]	Blackstone Holdings IV GP Management (Delaware) L.P. ^[2]	78,719,931	6.94
Blackstone Holdings IV GP Management L.L.C. [2]	Blackstone Holdings IV GP Management L.L.C. [2]	78,719,931	6.94
Blackstone Holdings IV L.P. (2)	Blackstone Holdings IV L.P. (2)	78,719,931	6.94
Blackstone Real Estate Associates Asia-NQ L.P. (2)	Blackstone Real Estate Associates Asia-NQ L.P. (2)	78,719,931	6.94
Blackstone Real Estate Partners Asia Holding (NQ) L.P. (2)	Blackstone Real Estate Partners Asia Holding (NQ) L.P. (2)	78,719,931	6.94
Blackstone Real Estate Partners Asia-NQ L.P. (2)	Blackstone Real Estate Partners Asia-NQ L.P. (2)	78,719,931	6.94
BREP Asia Holdings (NQ) Pte. Ltd. (2)	BREP Asia Holdings (NQ) Pte. Ltd. (2)	78,719,931	6.94
BREP Asia-NQ L.L.C. (2)	BREP Asia-NQ L.L.C. (2)	78,719,931	6.94
Schwarzman Stephen A. (2)	Schwarzman Stephen A. (2)	78,719,931	6.94
The Blackstone Group L.P. (2)	The Blackstone Group L.P. (2)	78,719,931	6.94
Tides Holdings I Ltd. (2)	Tides Holdings I Ltd. [2]	78,719,931	6.94
Tides Holdings II Ltd.	Tides Holdings II Ltd.	78,719,931	6.94
China State Construction	China State Construction	57,000,000	5.03
Engineering Corporation (3)	Engineering Corporation (3)		

佔本公司已發行

董事局報告 REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

主要股東於股份及相關股份之權益(續)

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES (Cont'd)

於股份之好倉:(續) Long positions in Shares: (Cont'd)

名稱	Name	持有股數 Number of Shares held	股本百分比 Percentage of the Company's issued share capital
中國建築股份有限公司闯	China State Construction		
	Engineering Corporation Limited (3)	57,000,000	5.03
中建資本(香港)有限公司	CSCEC Capital (Hong Kong) Limited	57,000,000	5.03
北京市國有資產監督管理委員會四	北京市國有資產監督管理委員會 (4)	57,000,000	5.03
中國交通建設股份有限公司的	中國交通建設股份有限公司 [5]	57,000,000	5.03
中國鐵建股份有限公司的	China Railway Construction		
	Corporation Limited (6)	57,000,000	5.03
中國鐵道建築總公司向	China Railway Construction Corporation (6)	57,000,000	5.03
中央匯金投資有限責任公司四	Central Huijin Investment Ltd. (7)	135,000,000	11.90
中國建設銀行股份有限公司四	China Construction Bank Corporation [7]	135,000,000	11.90
- (1)	N. I		

附註:

- 1. 該等各方透過彼等於 HNA Finance I 之股權 被視為於 755,862,228 股股份中擁有權益。
- 2. 該方透過其於Tides Holdings Ⅱ Ltd. 之股權被 視為於78.719.931 股股份中擁有權益。
- 3. 該等各方因彼等於中建資本(香港)有限公司 (日期為二零一六年八月二十二日之認購協 議下57,000,000股股份之認購人)之股本 權益而被視為於57,000,000股股份中擁有 權益。
- 4. 該方因其於北京建工國際(香港)有限公司 (日期為二零一六年八月二十二日之認購協 議下57,000,000股股份之認購人)之股本 權益而被視為於57,000,000股股份中擁有 權益。
- 5. 該方因其於香港海事建設有限公司(日期 為二零一六年八月二十二日之認購協議下 57,000,000股股份之認購人)之股本權益而 被視為於57,000,000股股份中擁有權益。
- 6. 該等各方因彼等於中鐵香港發展有限公司 (日期為二零一六年九月九日之認購協議下 57,000,000股股份之認購人)之股本權益而 被視為於57,000,000股股份中擁有權益。
- 7. 該等各方因彼等於建銀國際海外有限公司之股本權益而被視為於135,000,000股股份中擁有權益。

- Notes:
- These parties were deemed to have interests in 755,862,228 Shares by virtue of their equity interests in HNA Finance I.
- These parties were deemed to have interests in 78,719,931 Shares by virtue of their equity interests in Tides Holdings II Ltd.
- These parties were deemed to have interests in 57,000,000 Shares by virtue
 of their equity interests in CSCEC Capital (Hong Kong) Limited, the subscriber of
 57,000,000 Shares under a subscription agreement dated 22 August 2016.
- 4. This party was deemed to have interests in 57,000,000 Shares by virtue of its equity interests in BCEGI (Hong Kong) Company Limited, the subscriber of 57,000,000 Shares under a subscription agreement dated 22 August 2016.
- This party was deemed to have interests in 57,000,000 Shares by virtue of its equity interests in Hong Kong Marine Construction Limited, the subscriber of 57,000,000 Shares under a subscription agreement dated 22 August 2016.
- This party was deemed to have interests in 57,000,000 Shares by virtue of its equity interests in CRCC Hong Kong Development Limited, the subscriber of 57,000,000 Shares under a subscription agreement dated 9 September 2016.
- 7. These parties were deemed to have interests in 135,000,000 Shares by virtue of their equity interests in CCB International Overseas Limited.

主要股東於股份及相關股份之權益(續)

除前述者外,於二零一六年十二月三十一日,概無人士(上文「董事及主要行政人員於股份及相關股份之權益及好倉」一節所述權益之董事及主要行政人員除外)已登記擁有本公司股份或相關股份中須根據證券及期貨條例第336條予以記錄之權益或淡倉。

關連交易

(a) 不獲豁免持續關連交易

於二零一四年十一月三日,泰昇地基 (香港)有限公司(「泰昇地基(香港)」)、 泰昇工程服務有限公司(「泰昇工程服 務」)、先進機械工程有限公司(「先進機 械工程」)及泰昇建築工程有限公司(「先進機 械工程」)前立一份總協議(「總協 議」),以規管彼等(包括其附屬公司)之 間之業務關係及分包工程,期限自二零 一四年十一月三日起至二零一七年三月 三十一日止(首尾兩天包括在內)。

於本期間,以下分包工程由上述公司進行:

- (i) 泰昇地基工程有限公司(「泰昇地基工程」)(泰昇地基(香港)之全資附屬公司)向先進工程營造有限公司(「先進工程營造」)(先進機械工程之附屬公司)分包與塔式起重機有關之租賃及工程工作約2,516,000港元。
- (ii) 泰昇建築工程向先進工程營造分 包與塔式起重機有關之租賃及工 程工作約4,031,000港元。
- (iii) 泰昇建築工程向泰昇地基土力工程有限公司(泰昇地基(香港)之全資附屬公司)分包地基工作約24,409,000港元。
- (iv) 泰昇地基工程向泰昇工程(香港) 有限公司(「泰昇工程(香港)」)(泰 昇工程服務之附屬公司)分包工程 及機械工程約260,000港元。

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES (Cont'd)

Apart from the foregoing, as at 31 December 2016, no person, other than the Directors and Chief Executive, whose interests are set out in the section headed "Directors' and Chief Executive's interests and long positions in Shares and underlying Shares" above, had registered an interest or short position in the Shares or underlying Shares of the Company that was required to be recorded pursuant to section 336 of the SFO.

CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

(a) Non-exempt continuing connected transactions

On 3 November 2014, Tysan Foundation (Hong Kong) Limited ("TFHKL"), Tysan Engineering Company Limited ("TECL"), Proficiency Equipment Limited ("PEL") and Tysan Building Construction Company Limited ("TBC") entered into a master agreement (the "Master Agreement") to regulate the business relationship and subcontracting of works among them (including their subsidiaries) for a term commencing from 3 November 2014 and ending on 31 March 2017, both days inclusive.

During the Period, the following subcontracting works were entered into amongst the companies mentioned above:

- (i) Tysan Foundation Limited ("TFL"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of TFHKL, subcontracted rental and engineering works relating to tower cranes of approximately HK\$2,516,000 to Proficiency Engineering Limited ("PEN"), a subsidiary of PEL.
- (ii) TBC subcontracted rental and engineering works relating to tower cranes of approximately HK\$4,031,000 to PEN.
- (iii) TBC subcontracted foundation works of approximately HK\$24,409,000 to Tysan Foundation Geotechnical Limited, a wholly-owned subsidiary of TFHKL.
- (iv) TFL subcontracted engineering and mechanical works of approximately HK\$260,000 to Tysan Engineering (H.K.) Limited ("TEHK"), a subsidiary of TECL.

關連交易(續)

(a) 不獲豁免持續關連交易(續)

泰昇地基(香港)及先進機械工程均為本公司之附屬公司。泰昇建築工程及泰昇工程(香港)由執行董事馮先生最終全資擁有。此外,泰昇地基(香港)(由祥澤有限公司(「祥澤」)擁有5%股權,為一間由馮先生全資擁有之公司)亦為馮先生之緊密聯繫人。因此,泰昇地基(香港)及泰昇建築工程根據聯交所證券上市規則(「上市規則」)第14A.07條為本公司之關連人士。因而,上述交易根據上市規則構成本公司之持續關連交易

根據上市規則第14A.40條,獨立非執 行董事已審閱該等持續關連交易,並確 認該等持續關連交易乃:

- (1) 於本集團之日常及一般業務過程 中進行;
- (2) 按正常或較佳的商業條款進行; 及
- (3) 按照監管彼等的有關協議,按公平合理及符合本公司股東整體利益之條款進行。

有關回顧期間之上述持續關連交易之款 項並未超過該等交易之年度上限(倘適 用)。

關於上述持續關連交易,董事確認本公司於本回顧期間已根據上市規則第14A章遵守披露規定。

CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS (Cont'd)

(a) Non-exempt continuing connected transactions (Cont'd)

Both TFHKL and PEL are subsidiaries of the Company. TBC and TEHK are ultimately wholly-owned by Mr. Fung, an Executive Director. In addition, TFHKL, being 5%-owned by Fortunate Pool Limited ("Fortunate Pool"), a company wholly-owned by Mr. Fung, is also a close associate of Mr. Fung. Consequently, TFHKL and TBC are connected persons of the Company under Rule 14A.07 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the "Listing Rules"). Thus, the transactions mentioned above constitute continuing connected transactions for the Company under the Listing Rules.

Pursuant to Rule 14A.40 of the Listing Rules, the independent non-executive directors have reviewed these continuing connected transactions and confirmed that these continuing connected transactions have been entered into:

- (1) in the ordinary and usual course of business of the Group;
- (2) on normal commercial terms or better; and
- (3) in accordance with the relevant agreements governing them on terms that are fair and reasonable and in the interests of the shareholders of the Company as a whole.

The amounts in respect of the continuing connected transactions mentioned above during the Period under review have not exceeded the annual cap, where applicable, for the transactions.

In respect of the continuing connected transactions mentioned above, the Directors confirmed that the Company has complied with the disclosure requirements in accordance with Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules during the Period under review.

關連交易(續)

(a) 不獲豁免持續關連交易(續)

本公司核數師安永會計師事務所獲委聘根據香港會計師公會所頒佈之香港保證工作準則第3000號[審核或審閱歷史財務資料以外之核證工作」,並參考《實務說明》第740號[關於香港上市規則所發出其續關連交易之核數師函件」,就本會對持續關連交易之核數師函件」,就會對為實際主持續關連交易出具報告。安永會計師事務所已根據上市規則第14A.56條發出其無保留意見函件,當中載有其為以連同提交於聯交所之副本)之結果及結論,並確認彼等並無發現任何事實導致彼等認為該等持續關連交易:

- (1) 並無獲本公司董事局批准;
- (2) 在涉及由本集團提供貨物或服務 之情況下,在所有重大方面並不 符合本集團之定價政策;
- (3) 在所有重大方面並無根據監管該 等交易之相關協議訂立;及
- (4) 已超出本公司日期為二零一四年 十一月二十八日之通函所披露之 上限。

CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS (Cont'd)

(a) Non-exempt continuing connected transactions (Cont'd)

Ernst & Young, the Company's auditors, were engaged to report on the Group's continuing connected transactions in accordance with Hong Kong Standard on Assurance Engagements 3000 Assurance Engagements Other Than Audits or Review of Historical Financial Information and with reference to Practice Note 740 Auditor's Letter on Continuing Connected Transactions under the Hong Kong Listing Rules issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Ernst & Young have issued their unqualified letter containing their findings and conclusions in respect of the continuing connected transactions during the Period disclosed above by the Group (with a copy provided to the Stock Exchange) in accordance with Rule 14A.56 of the Listing Rules and confirmed that nothing has come to their attention that causes them to believe that the continuing connected transactions:

- have not been approved by the board of directors of the Company;
- (2) were not, in all material respects, in accordance with the pricing policies of the Group if the transactions involve provision of goods or services by the Group;
- (3) were not entered into, in all material respects, in accordance with the relevant agreement governing the transactions; and
- (4) have exceeded the cap disclosed in the circular of the Company dated 28 November 2014.

關連交易(續)

(b) 收購泰昇地基(香港)40%股權

於二零一六年四月十九日,本公司、祥 澤及馮先生訂立一項買賣協議,據此, 本公司同意購買及祥澤同意出售本公司 非全資附屬公司泰昇地基(香港)40%股 權(「地基交易」)。地基交易分兩個階段 進行。有關收購泰昇地基(香港)35%股 權的地基交易第一階段已於二零一六年 七月四日完成。本公司將收購泰昇地基 (香港)餘下5%股權之地基交易之第二 階段須於二零一七年六月三十日或之前 進行。

於地基交易第一階段完成前,泰昇地基 (香港)之60%及40%股權分別由本公司及祥澤擁有。祥澤乃由馮先生全資擁有。因此,祥澤(作為泰昇地基(香港)之主要股東)及馮先生(作為執行董事)均被視為本公司之關連人士。根據上市規則第14A章,地基交易因此構成本公司一項關連交易。

有關地基交易之進一步詳情載於財務報 表附註39。

CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS (Cont'd)

(b) Acquisition of 40% equity interest in TFHKL

On 19 April 2016, the Company, Fortunate Pool and Mr. Fung entered into a sale and purchase agreement, pursuant to which the Company agreed to purchase and Fortunate Pool agreed to sell 40% equity interest in TFHKL, a non-wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company (the "Foundation Transaction"). The Foundation Transaction takes place in two phases. Phase 1 of the Foundation Transaction for acquisition of 35% equity interest in TFHKL was completed on 4 July 2016. Phase 2 of the Foundation Transaction, in which the Company will acquire the remaining 5% equity interest in TFHKL, shall take place on or before 30 June 2017.

Before completion of Phase 1 of the Foundation Transaction, 60% and 40% of the equity interests of TFHKL were owned by the Company and Fortunate Pool, respectively. Fortunate Pool is wholly-owned by Mr. Fung. Therefore Fortunate Pool, being a substantial shareholder of TFHKL, and Mr. Fung, being an Executive Director, are considered as connected persons of the Company. The Foundation Transaction therefore constitutes a connected transaction for the Company under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

Further details of the Foundation Transaction are included in note 39 to the financial statements.



根據上市規則第13.21條之披露

根據上市規則第13.21條之披露規定,以下 披露乃就本公司兩項貸款協議而提供,有關 協議載有本公司控股股東履行責任之契諾如 下:

- (i) 根據本公司及本公司一間全資附屬公司與由銀行及金融機構組成之銀團於二零一二年八月八日就為數不超過500,000,000港元之五年期貸款融資訂立之融資協議(經日期為二零一四年三月十七日之函件協議補充)(「第一次融資」,其中銀行貸款已於二零一七年二月七日悉數償還),倘本公司最終控股東The Blackstone Group L.P.不再擁有(直接或間接)至少60%之本公司實益股權及投票權,則會發生違約事件;及
- (ii) 根據本公司及本公司一間全資附屬公司 與一間銀行於二零一五年十一月三日就 為數不超過390,000,000港元之三年 期貸款融資訂立之融資協議(「第二次融 資」),倘The Blackstone Group L.P. 不再 為本公司最大之最終股東,則會發生違 約事件。

如本公司與HNA Finance I聯合公佈日期為二 零一六年四月十九日之公告,Tides Holdings II Ltd.(「Tides Holdings II」) 將與HNA Finance I訂立協議,內容為有關Tides Holdings Ⅱ出 售本公司577,279,496股股份(佔已發行股 份約66%),因而Tides Holdings II仍維持於 78,719,931股股份(相當於已發行股份約 9%)擁有權益(「Tides交易」)。Tides交易已於 二零一六年六月三十日完成。Tides Holdings II最終由The Blackstone Group L.P.持有,而 於Tides交易完成後, The Blackstone Group L.P. 將不再持有最少60%股份及不再為本公司 最大最終股東,而HNA Finance I已成為本公 司之控股股東。就第一次融資而言,本公司 尋求及取得由銀行及金融機構組成之銀團有 關Tides交易之同意,而就第二次融資而言, 本公司已取得銀行有關Tides交易之同意,而 The Blackstone Group L.P.於本公司之特定最 低股權則不再適用。

DISCLOSURES PURSUANT TO RULE 13.21 OF THE LISTING RULES

In accordance with the disclosure requirements of Rule 13.21 of the Listing Rules, the following disclosures are included in respect of two of the Company's loan agreements, which contain covenants requiring performance obligations of the controlling shareholder of the Company, as follows:

- (i) Pursuant to a facility agreement entered into by the Company and a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company with a syndicate of banks and financial institutions on 8 August 2012 (as supplemented by a letter agreement dated 17 March 2014) for five-year term loan facilities of up to HK\$500,000,000 (the "First Facility"), of which the bank loan has been fully repaid on 7 February 2017, an event of default arises if The Blackstone Group L.P., the ultimate controlling shareholder of the Company, ceases to hold (directly or indirectly) at least 60% of the beneficial shareholding interest and voting rights of the Company; and
- (ii) Pursuant to a facility agreement entered into by the Company and a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company with a bank on 3 November 2015, for a three-year term loan facility of up to HK\$390,000,000 (the "Second Facility"), an event of default arises if The Blackstone Group L.P. ceases to be the largest ultimate shareholder of the Company.

As announced jointly by the Company and HNA Finance I in an announcement dated 19 April 2016, Tides Holdings II Ltd. ("Tides Holdings II") entered into an agreement with HNA Finance I in connection with the sale by Tides Holdings II of 577,279,496 Shares (representing approximately 66% of the issued Shares), as a result of which Tides Holdings II remained interested in 78,719,931 Shares (representing approximately 9% of the issued Shares) (the "Tides Transaction"). The Tides Transaction was completed on 30 June 2016. Tides Holdings II is ultimately held by The Blackstone Group L.P. and upon completion of the Tides Transaction, The Blackstone Group L.P. ceased to hold at least 60% of the Shares and be the largest ultimate shareholder of the Company and HNA Finance I has become the controlling shareholder of the Company. The Company sought and obtained, in the case of the First Facility, consent from the syndicate of banks and financial institutions and, in the case of the Second Facility, consent from the bank, to the Tides Transaction, and the specific minimum shareholding interest in the Company by The Blackstone Group L.P. is no longer applicable.

足夠公眾持股量

根據本公司所得公開資料及據董事所知,於 本報告日期,本公司全部已發行股本最少 25%乃由公眾人士持有。

報告期後事件

本集團於報告期後之重大事件之詳情載於財 務報表附註 44。

核數師

安永會計師事務所任滿告退,有關續聘其為本公司核數師之決議案,將於即將召開之股 東週年大會 ト提呈。

承董事局命

趙權 *主席*

香港

二零一七年三月二十七日

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors, at least 25% of the Company's total number of issued shares were held by the public as at the date of this report.

EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

Details of the significant events of the Group after the reporting period are set out in note 44 to the financial statements.

AUDITORS

Ernst & Young retire and a resolution for their reappointment as auditors of the Company will be proposed at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

BY ORDER OF THE BOARD

Zhao Quan

Chairman

Hong Kong 27 March 2017





致香港國際建設投資管理集團有限公司股東

(於百慕達註冊成立的有限公司)

意見

本核數師(以下簡稱「我們」)已審計列載於第 61頁至205頁的香港國際建設投資管理集團 有限公司(前稱「泰昇集團控股有限公司」,下 簡稱「貴公司」)及其附屬公司(以下統稱「貴 集團」)的綜合財務報表,此綜合財務報表包 括二零一六年十二月三十一日的綜合財務報表 況表與自二零一六年四月一日至二零一六年 十二月三十一日止期間的綜合損益表、綜合 權益變動表和綜合現金流 量表,以及綜合財務報表附註,包括主要會 計政策概要。

我們認為,該等綜合財務報表已根據香港會計師公會頒布的《香港財務報告準則》真實而中肯地反映了 貴集團於二零一六年十二月三十一日的綜合財務狀況及自二零一六年四月一日至二零一六年十二月三十一日止期間的綜合財務表現及綜合現金流量,並已遵照香港《公司條例》的披露規定妥為擬備。

意見的基礎

我們已根據香港會計師公會頒布的《香港審計準則》進行審計。我們在該等準則下承擔的責任已在本報告「核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔的責任」部分中作進一步闡述。根據香港會計師公會頒布的《專業會計師道德守則》(以下簡稱「守則」),我們獨立於 貴集團,並已履行守則中的其他專業道德責任。我們相信,我們所獲得的審計憑證能充足及適當地為我們的意見提供基礎。

To the shareholders of Hong Kong International Construction Investment Management Group Co., Limited

(Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability)

OPINION

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Hong Kong International Construction Investment Management Group Co., Limited (formerly known as "Tysan Holdings Limited", the "Company") and its subsidiaries (the "Group") set out on pages 61 to 205, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2016, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss, the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the period from 1 April 2016 to 31 December 2016, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2016, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the period from 1 April 2016 to 31 December 2016 in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

BASIS FOR OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* (the "Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

關鍵審計事項

關鍵審計事項是根據我們的專業判斷,認為對本期綜合財務報表的審計最為重要的事項。這些事項是在我們審計整體綜合財務報表及出具意見時進行處理的,我們不會對這些事項提供單獨的意見。就下列各事項而言,我們是在該背景下提供我們在審計中處理該事項的方式。

我們已履行本報告「核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔的責任」部分所述的責任,包括與該等事項有關的責任。因此,我們的審計包括執行程序,以應對我們對綜合財務報表中的重大錯誤陳述風險的評估。我們的審計程序(包括為處理下列事項而採取的程序)結果,為我們對隨附綜合財務報表所發表的審計意見提供了基礎。

關鍵審計事項

來自建築工程的收益確認

於截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止期間, 貴集團已確認來自地基打樁及地盤勘查工程的收益21.16億港元。該等收益乃根據各建築工程個別合約之完工百分比確認,完工百分比的估計乃根據總預算成本中所產生之實際成本作出。管理層亦基於修訂訂單之合約金額及工程價值而估計相應之合約收益。基於建築合約所承辦之工程活動性質,訂立合約之日期與合約完成日期通常處於不同之會計期間內。於合約進行時, 貴集團同時審閱及修訂各建築合約編製之預算中合約收益及合約成本之估計。

在釐定總預算成本時需作出重要估算,而管理層會參考(i)分包商及供應商現時或近期之報價;(ii)來自客戶之修訂訂單;及(iii)對工料測量部所提供項目完工所需工程材料成本、勞工成本及其他成本之估計等資料。

會計政策、會計判斷及估計以及確認地基打樁及地盤勘查工程收益的披露載於財務報表附註3.4、4、5及6。

KEY AUDIT MATTERS

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. For each matter below, our description of how our audit addressed the matter is provided in that context.

We have fulfilled the responsibilities described in the *Auditor's responsibilities* for the audit of the consolidated financial statements section of our report, including in relation to these matters. Accordingly, our audit included the performance of procedures designed to respond to our assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements. The results of our audit procedures, including the procedures performed to address the matters below, provide the basis for our audit opinion on the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

我們進行審核時如何處理關鍵審計事項

我們的程序包括對收入、毛利趨勢及其波動,以及建築合約的成本結構進行分析。我們抽樣查核合約收益是否符合合約所列明的金額、修訂訂單及建築師的指示,以及與客戶協定的最終賬目。我們將工料測量部編製的預算成本與選定合約的會計記錄及原始文件(例如分包商的報價單及付款證明,與客戶、建築師及分包商的通信)進行了比較。我們亦通過與其他類似工程的成本進行比較,並考慮到管理層編製的上一年度預算的歷史準確性,對預算成本進行了查核。此外,我們亦檢測向分包商發出的支票記錄、工人工資記錄及其他支持文件,例如與分包商的最終賬目、管理層編製的成本分配計劃表,以確定實際所產生的成本已適當計入並分配到不同的建設項目。

關鍵審計事項(續)

KEY AUDIT MATTERS (Cont'd)

Key audit matter

Revenue recognition contributed from construction works

During the period ended 31 December 2016, the Group has recognised revenue from the foundation piling and site investigation works of HK\$2,116 million. Such revenue was recognised according to the percentage of completion of each individual contract of construction works, which was estimated based on actual costs incurred over the total budgeted costs. The corresponding contract revenue was also estimated by management based on contract sum and work values from variation orders. Because of the nature of the activities undertaken for the construction contracts, the date at which the contracts are entered into and the date when the contracts are completed usually fall into different accounting periods. The Group reviews and revises the estimates of both contract revenue and contract costs in the budget prepared for each construction contract as the contract progresses.

When determining the total budgeted costs, significant estimation is required and management makes reference to information such as (i) current or recent offers from subcontractors and suppliers, (ii) variation orders received from customers, and (iii) estimation on project material costs, labour costs and other costs for the completion of the projects provided by the quantity survey department.

The accounting policies, accounting judgements and estimates and disclosures for the recognition of revenue from the foundation piling and site investigation work are included in notes 3.4, 4, 5 and 6 to the financial statements.

How our audit addressed the key audit matter

Our procedures included performing analysis of revenue, gross profit trend and their fluctuations, and the cost structure of construction contracts. We checked contract revenue, on a sample basis, to amounts stated in contracts, variation orders and instruction from architects and final accounts agreed with customers. We compared budgeted costs prepared by the quantity survey department to accounting records of selected contracts and source documents, e.g., quotations and payment certificates from subcontractors, correspondence with customers, architects and subcontractors. We also checked the budgeted costs by comparing with costs incurred by other similar projects, taking into account the historical accuracy of prior year budgets prepared by management. In addition, we also test checked payment records to subcontractors, worker payroll records and other supporting documents, e.g. final accounts with subcontractors, cost allocation schedules prepared by management to determine if actual costs incurred were properly accounted for and allocated into different construction projects.



關鍵審計事項(續)

KEY AUDIT MATTERS (Cont'd)

關鍵審計事項(續)

我們進行審核時如何處理關鍵審計事項(續)

中國內地須繳納土地增值税(「土地增值税」)

貴集團須繳納中國內地、香港及澳門之所得税。基於中國內地稅務系統的複雜性,釐定土地增值稅撥備金額以及支付相關中國內地稅項的時間需要程度較高的判斷。於截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止九個月期間, 貴集團的土地增值稅撥備為1.17億港元,其乃就土地增值,即出售房地產所得款項扣除與中國內地房地產發展項目相關的可扣減項目按累進稅率30%至60%徵收。 貴集團尚未與各稅務機關確定其若干房地產開發項目的土地增值稅計算及付款。在釐定土地增值價值及其相關稅項時須作出重大判斷。

會計判斷及估計以及土地增值税撥備的披露載於財務報表附 註4及11。

Key audit matter (Cont'd)

Land appreciation taxes ("LAT") in Mainland China

The Group is subject to income taxes in Mainland China, Hong Kong and Macau. A higher degree of judgement is required in determining the amount of LAT provision and the timing of payment of the related taxes in Mainland China because of the complexity of the tax system in Mainland China. During the nine months period ended 31 December 2016, the Group had LAT provision of HK\$117 million levied at progressive rates ranging from 30% to 60% on the appreciation of land value, being the proceeds from sales of properties less deductible expenditures related to its property development projects in Mainland China. The Group has not yet finalised its LAT calculation and payments for certain of its property development projects with various tax authorities. Significant judgement is required in determining the amount of land appreciation value and its related taxes.

The accounting judgements and estimates and disclosures for the provision of LAT are included in notes 4 and 11 to the financial statements. 我們的程序包括審查重大建築合約、付款憑證及銀行對賬單,以確定所產生的建設成本直接歸屬於物業的建築工程,並已適當撥作資本。我們將發展項目的成本分配與 貴集團於以往年度的類似發展項目的分配基準及現行市場做法進行了比較。我們審查了 貴集團與相關稅務機關之間就計算土地升值的依據。我們亦審查了管理層參照相關稅率及法規編製的土地增值稅計算。

How our audit addressed the key audit matter (Cont'd)

Our procedures included examining significant construction contracts, payment certificates and bank statements to determine if construction costs incurred were directly attributable to the construction of the properties and were properly capitalised. We compared the cost allocation of the development projects with the allocation basis of similar development projects of the Group in prior years and the prevailing market practices. We reviewed the correspondence between the Group and the relevant tax authorities regarding the basis of calculating the appreciation of land value. We also reviewed the calculation of LAT prepared by management with reference to relevant tax rates and regulations.

關鍵審計事項(續)

KEY AUDIT MATTERS (Cont'd)

關鍵審計事項(續)

我們進行審核時如何處理關鍵審計事項(續)

應收貿易賬款及應收保固金之減值評估

於二零一六年十二月三十一日, 貴集團的應收貿易賬款及 應收保固金為7.98億港元。管理層須基於每名客戶現時之 信譽及過去之收回歷史,就評估應收貿易賬款及應收保固金 的最終變現情況作出作出很大程度之判斷及估計。倘預期與 原本的估計有所差異,該差額將影響應收貿易賬款及應收保固金的賬面價值以及應收貿易賬款及應收保固金於該估計有所變更的期間的減值撥備。

會計判斷及估計確認應收貿易賬款減值撥備的披露載於財務報表附註4及22。

Key audit matter (Cont'd)

Impairment assessment of trade and retention receivables

As at 31 December 2016, the Group had trade and retention receivables of HK\$798 million. Significant judgement and estimates from management is required in assessing the ultimate realisation of the trade and retention receivables, based on the current creditworthiness and the past collection history of each customer. Where the expectation is different from the original estimate, such difference will impact the carrying value of trade and retention receivables and impairment allowance for trade and retention receivables in the period in which such estimate has been changed.

The accounting judgements and estimates and disclosures for the recognition of provision for impairment of trade receivables are included in notes 4 and 22 to the financial statements. 我們的程序包括審閱管理層就應收貿易賬款及應收保固金可收回性作出的評估,並參考過去之收回歷史以及隨報告期末後的後續結算情況等各種信息。我們已查核該等結餘的賬齡分類是否準確,並確認逾期債務以透過查核該等客戶的背景進一步評估債項的可收回性。我們亦評估了管理層根據客戶的歷史還款模式、客戶與 貴集團的談判狀況、客戶的財務表現及當前市場情況而對個人客戶的信用質量所進行的評估。

How our audit addressed the key audit matter (Cont'd)

Our procedures included reviewing management's assessment on the recoverability of trade and retention receivables with reference to various information such as historical settlement trend and settlement received from customers subsequent to the end of the reporting period. We checked the accuracy of the ageing classification of these balances, and identified overdue debts for further evaluation of their recoverability by checking to the background of these customers. We also evaluated management's assessment of credit quality of individual customers based on the historical repayment pattern from customers, negotiation status between customers and the Group, financial performance of customers and current market condition.

年報所載的其他資訊

貴公司董事需對其他信息負責。其他信息包括刊載於年報內的信息,但不包括綜合財務報表及我們的核數師報告。

我們對綜合財務報表的意見並不涵蓋其他信息,我們亦不對該等其他信息發表任何形式 的鑒證結論。

結合我們對綜合財務報表的審計,我們的責任是閱讀其他信息,在此過程中,考慮其他信息是否與綜合財務報表或我們在審計過程中所了解的情況存在重大抵觸或者似乎存在重大錯誤陳述的情況。基於我們已執行的工作,如果我們認為其他信息存在重大錯誤陳述,我們需要報告該事實。在這方面,我們沒有任何報告。

董事就綜合財務報表須承擔的責任

貴公司董事須負責根據香港會計師公會頒布 的《香港財務報告準則》及香港《公司條例》的 披露規定擬備真實而中肯的綜合財務報表, 並對其認為為使綜合財務報表的擬備不存在 由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述所需 的內部控制負責。

在擬備綜合財務報表時, 貴公司董事負責評估 貴集團持續經營的能力,並在適用情況下披露與持續經營有關的事項,以及使用持續經營為會計基礎,除非 貴公司董事有意將 貴集團清盤或停止經營,或別無其他實際的替代方案。

貴公司董事在審核委員會協助下,須負責監督 貴集團的財務報告過程。

OTHER INFORMATION INCLUDED IN THE ANNUAL REPORT

The directors of the Company are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report, other than the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE DIRECTORS FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors of the Company are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors of the Company either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The directors of the Company are assisted by the Audit Committee in discharging their responsibilities for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔的責任

我們的目標,是對綜合財務報表整體是否不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述取得合理保證,並出具包括我們意見的核數師報告。我們根據百慕達一九八一年公司法第90條僅向全體股東報告,不作其他用途。我們並不就本報告之內容對任何其他人士承擔任何義務或接受任何責任。

合理保證是高水平的保證,但不能保證按照《香港審計準則》進行的審計,在某一重大錯誤陳述存在時總能發現。錯誤陳述可以由欺詐或錯誤引起,如果合理預期它們單獨或匯總起來可能影響綜合財務報表使用者依賴綜合財務報表所作出的經濟決定,則有關的錯誤陳述可被視作重大。

在根據《香港審計準則》進行審計的過程中, 我們運用了專業判斷,保持了專業懷疑態度。我們亦:

- 識別和評估由於欺詐或錯誤而導致綜合 財務報表存在重大錯誤陳述的風險,設 計及執行審計程序以應對這些風險, 以及獲取充足和適當的審計憑證,作為 我們意見的基礎。由於欺詐可能涉及串 謀、偽造、蓄意遺漏、虚假陳述,或凌 駕於內部控制之上,因此未能發現因欺 詐而導致的重大錯誤陳述的風險高於未 能發現因錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述的 風險。
- 了解與審計相關的內部控制,以設計適當的審計程序,但目的並非對 貴集團內部控制的有效性發表意見。
- 評價董事所採用會計政策的恰當性及作 出會計估計和相關披露的合理性。

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Our report is made solely to you, as a body, in accordance with section 90 of the Bermuda Companies Act 1981, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.

核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔的責任 (續)

- 對董事採用持續經營會計基礎的恰當性作出結論。根據所獲取的審計憑證,確定是否存在與事項或情況有關的重大不確定性,從而可能導致對 貴集團的持續經營能力產生重大疑慮。如果我們認為存在重大不確定性,則有必要在核數師報告中提請使用者注意綜合財務報表中的相關披露。假若有關的披露不足的結論是基於核數師報告日止所取得的審計憑證。然而,未來事項或情況可能導致 貴集團不能持續經營。
- 評價綜合財務報表的整體列報方式、結構和內容,包括披露,以及綜合財務報表是否中肯反映相關交易和事項。
- 就 貴集團內實體或業務活動的財務信息獲取充足、適當的審計憑證,以便對綜合財務報表發表意見。我們負責 貴集團審計的方向、監督及執行。我們為審計意見承擔全部責任。

除其他事項外,我們與審核委員會溝通了計劃的審計範圍、時間安排、重大審計發現等,包括我們在審計中識別出內部控制的任何重大缺陷。

我們還向審核委員會提交聲明,説明我們已符合有關獨立性的相關專業道德要求,並與他們溝通有可能合理地被認為會影響我們獨立性的所有關係和其他事項,以及在適用的情況下,相關的防範措施。

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the Audit Committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Audit Committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔的責任 (續)

從與審核委員會溝通的事項中,我們確定哪 些事項對本期綜合財務報表的審計最為重 要,因而構成關鍵審計事項。我們在核數師 報告中描述這些事項,除非法律法規不允許 公開披露這些事項,或在極端罕見的情況 下,如果合理預期在我們報告中溝通某事項 造成的負面後果超過產生的公眾利益,我們 決定不應在報告中溝通該事項。

出具本獨立核數師報告的審計項目合夥人是 鍾育文。

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

From the matters communicated with the Audit Committee, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Chung Yuk Man.

安永會計師事務所 *執業會計師* 香港 中環 添美道1號 中信大廈22樓

二零一七年三月二十七日

Ernst & Young

Certified Public Accountants

22/F, CITIC Tower

1 Tim Mei Avenue

Central

Hong Kong

27 March 2017



綜合損益表 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS

			自二零一六年	
			四月一日至 二零一六年十二月	
			三十一日止期間	截至二零一六年三月
			Period from	三十一日止年度
			1 April 2016 to	Year ended
		附註	31 December	31 March
		Notes	2016	2016
		, 10,00	<i></i>	千港元
			HK\$'000	HK\$'000
收益	REVENUE	6	3,030,560	4,057,316
銷售成本	Cost of sales		(2,455,043)	(3,132,343)
毛利	Gross profit		575,517	924,973
其他收入及盈利,淨額	Other income and gains, net	6	56,149	146,411
銷售支出	Selling expenses		(32,722)	(50,767)
行政支出	Administrative expenses		(57,681)	(51,145)
管理層獎勵花紅 投資物業公平值之變動	Management incentive bonus Changes in fair value of	8	(192,408)	(3,482)
	investment properties	15	23,215	32,390
其他支出,淨額	Other expenses, net		(8,007)	(35,047)
融資成本	Finance costs	7	(9,065)	(11,496)
除税前溢利	PROFIT BEFORE TAX	8	354,998	951,837
所得税開支	Income tax expense	11	(226,641)	(439,329)
本期間/年度溢利	PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD/YEAR		128,357	512,508
下列各項應佔: 本公司普通股股東	Attributable to: Ordinary equity holders			
平 A 可 目	of the Company		134,050	396,874
非控股股東權益	Non-controlling interests		(5,693)	115,634
71111111111111111111111111111111111111	r von connount g interesto			
			128,357	512,508
本公司普通股股東 應佔每股盈利	EARNINGS PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO ORDINARY EQUITY HOLDERS OF THE COMPANY	13		
基本	Basic		HK13.71 cents 港仙	HK45.37 cents 港仙
攤薄	Diluted		N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用

綜合全面收益表 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

		自二零一六年 四月一日至 二零一六年 十二月三十一日 止期間 Period from 1 April 2016 to 31 December 2016 千港元 HK\$'000	截至 二零一六年 三月三十一日 止年度 Year ended 31 March 2016 <i>千港元</i> HK\$'000
本期間/年度溢利	PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD/YEAR	128,357	512,508
其他全面收益/(開支)	OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME/(EXPENSES)		
於後續期間重新分類至損益之 其他全面開支: 進兑差額:	Other comprehensive expenses to be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods: Exchange differences:		
換算海外營運產生之匯兑差額	Exchange difference on translation of foreign operations	(135,794)	(107,381)
於出售附屬公司時解除匯兑差額	Release of exchange difference upon disposal of subsidiaries	_	(36,527)
於一間附屬公司清盤時解除匯兑差額	Release of exchange difference upon liquidation of a subsidiary		(500)
於後續期間重新分類至損益的其他 全面開支淨額	Net other comprehensive expenses to be reclassified to profit or loss		
	in subsequent periods	(135,794)	(144,408)

綜合全面收益表 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

		自二零一六年 四月一日至 二零一六年	
		十二月三十一日	截至
		止期間	二零一六年
		Period from	三月三十一日
		1 April	止年度
		2016 to	Year ended
		31 December	31 March
		2016	2016
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
於後續期間不會重新分類至損益的 其他全面收入:	Other comprehensive income not to be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods:		
物業重估收益	Gain on property revaluation	5,524	_
所得税影響(附註30)	Income tax effect (note 30)	(1,395)	_
於後續期間不會重新分類至損益的 其他全面收入淨額	Net other comprehensive income not to be reclassified to profit or loss		
	in subsequent periods	4,129	
期/年內其他全面開支,扣除税項	OTHER COMPREHENSIVE EXPENSES FOR		
	THE PERIOD/YEAR, NET OF TAX	(131,665)	(144,408)
期/年內全面收益/(開支)總額	TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME/		
	(EXPENSES) FOR THE PERIOD/YEAR	(3,308)	368,100
下列各項應佔:	Attributable to:		
本公司普通股股東	Ordinary equity holders of the Company	2,385	252,466
非控股股東權益	Non-controlling interests	(5,693)	115,634
		(3,308)	368,100

綜合財務狀況表 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

31 December 2016 二零一六年十二月三十一日

			二零一六年	二零一六年
			十二月	三月
			三十一日	三十一日
		附註	31 December	31 March
		Notes	2016	2016
			<i>千港元</i>	千港元
			HK\$'000	HK\$'000
非流動資產	NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
物業、機器及設備	Property, plant and equipment	14	296,983	333,405
投資物業	Investment properties	15	189,250	1 <i>7</i> 2,636
預付款項、訂金及其他應收款項	Prepayments, deposits and other receivables	23	4,143	1,386
一間聯營公司權益	Interests in an associate	17	· _	_
其他資產	Other assets		1,080	1,350
可供出售投資	Available-for-sale investment	18	1,112	1,197
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instrument	24	39,721	8,533
遞延税項資產	Deferred tax assets	30	52,456	49,133
		00		
總非流動資產	Total non-current assets		584,745	567,640
流動資產	CURRENT ASSETS			
發展中物業	Properties under development	16	14,286	1,772,959
存貨	Inventories	19	16,511	23,551
持有供銷售之物業	Properties held for sale	20	1,883,003	302,596
客戶有關合約工程之欠款	Amounts due from customers for contract works	21	295,893	116,625
應收貿易賬款及應收保固金	Trade and retention receivables	22	797,878	727,243
預付款項、訂金及其他應收款項	Prepayments, deposits and other receivables	23	70,670	283,542
預繳税項	Tax prepaid		5,523	7,480
定期存款	Time deposits	25	1,527,486	1,303,589
現金及銀行結存	Cash and bank balances	25	330,962	502,830
總流動資產	Total current assets		4,942,212	5,040,415
₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩	roidi concin dascia			3,040,413
流動負債	CURRENT LIABILITIES			
應付貿易賬款及應付保固金及	Trade and retention payables			
應計款項	and accruals	26	977,666	634,734
其他應付款項、已收訂金及	Other payables, deposits received			
預收款項	and receipts in advance	27	145,223	40,155
欠客戶有關合約工程之款項	Amounts due to customers for contract works	21	419,304	660,898
已收訂金	Deposits received	28	98,267	214,233
附息銀行借貸	Interest-bearing bank borrowings	29	127,777	198,568
應付税項	Tax payable		343,624	279,206
總流動負債	Total current liabilities		2,111,861	2,027,794
流動資產淨值	NET CURRENT ASSETS		2,830,351	3,012,621
總資產減流動負債	TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		3,415,096	3,580,261

綜合財務狀況表 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

31 December 2016 二零一六年十二月三十一日

			二零一六年	二零一六年
			十二月	三月
			三十一日	三十一日
		附註	31 December	31 March
		Notes	2016	2016
			千港元	<i>千港元</i>
			HK\$'000	HK\$'000
總資產減流動負債	TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		3,415,096	3,580,261
非流動負債	NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
應計款項	Accrual	26	_	4,387
附息銀行借貸	Interest-bearing bank borrowings	29	347,433	658,378
遞延税項負債	Deferred tax liabilities	30	107,933	140,304
總非流動負債	Total non-current liabilities		455,366	803,069
資產淨值	Net assets		2,959,730	2,777,192
權益	EQUITY			
本公司普通股	Equity attributable to ordinary equity holders			
股東應佔權益	of the Company			
已發行股本	Issued capital	31	113,416	87,466
儲備	Reserves	33	2,835,955	2,600,937
			2,949,371	2,688,403
非控股股東權益	Non-controlling interests		10,359	88,789
總權益	Total equity		2,959,730	2,777,192

趙權 ZHAO QUAN 董事 Director 馮潮澤 FUNG CHIU CHAK VICTOR 董事 Director

綜合權益變動表 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

Period from 1 April 2016 to 31 December 2016 二零一六年四月一日至二零一六年十二月三十一日止期間

本公司普通股股東應佔下列各項 Attributable to ordinary equity holders of the Company

		Mit Notes	已發行 股本 Issued copilal <i>千港元</i> HK\$000	股份 溢價賬 Share premium account 千港元 HK\$000	撤入盈餘 Contributed surplus デ港元 HK\$000	法定储備 Statutory reserves <i>千港元</i> <i>HK\$000</i> (附註33) (note 33)	資產重估 儲備# Asset revaluation reserve# 千港元 HK\$000	匯兑 浮動儲備 Exchange fluctuation reserve 千港元 HK\$000	遠期股本 合約 Forward equily contract 千港元 HK\$*000	保留溢利 Retained profits <i>千港元</i> HK\$*000	總計 Total <i>千港元</i> HK\$'000	非控股 阪東權益 Non- controlling interests <i>千港元</i> <i>HK\$*000</i>	總權益 Total equity 千港元 HK\$'000
於二零一五年四月一日	At 1 April 2015		87,466	563,861	_	33,816	_	235,119	_	1,821,812	2,742,074	190,495	2,932,569
年內溢利 年內其他全面收益/(開支):	Profit for the year Other comprehensive		_	-	-	_	-	-	_	396,874	396,874	115,634	512,508
換算海外營運產生 之匯兑差額 於附屬公司出售時解除	income/(expenses) for the year: Exchange difference on translation of fareign operations Release of exchange difference		-	-	-	-	-	(107,381)	-	-	(107,381)	-	(107,381)
匯兇差額	upon disposals of subsidiaries	40(b), (c)	-	-	-	-	-	(36,527)	-	-	(36,527)	-	(36,527)
於一間附屬公司清盤時解除 匯兑差額	Release of exchange difference upon liquidation of a subsidiary							(500)			(500)		(500)
年內全面收益/(開支)總額	Total comprehensive income/(expenses)							13.44.4001		00/ 07/	050.444	115.404	0/0.100
支付非控股股東權益股息	for the year Dividends paid to		_	_	_	_	_	(144,408)	_	396,874	252,466	115,634	368,100
償還一位非控股股東權益貸款	non-controlling interests Repayment of a loan to		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(185,107)	(185,107)
	a non-controlling interest		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(32,000)	(32,000)
二零一五年已宣派及派付之 末期股息	2015 final dividend declared and paid	12	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(131,200)	(131,200)	_	(131,200)
二零一六年已派付之中期股息	2016 interim dividend paid	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	(174,933)	(174,933)	-	(174,933)
轉撥至繳入盈餘#	Transfer to contributed surplus #		-	(563,861)	563,861	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
附屬公司清盤	Liquidation of subsidiaries					[4]					[4]	(233)	(237)
於二零一六年三月三十一日	At 31 March 2016		87,466	-*	563,861*	33,812*	-*	90,711*	-*	1,912,553*	2,688,403	88,789	2,777,192

綜合權益變動表 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

Period from 1 April 2016 to 31 December 2016 二零一六年四月一日至二零一六年十二月三十一日止期間

本公司普通股股東應佔下列各項 Attributable to ordinary equity holders of the Company

		Miž Nates	已發行 股本 Issued capital <i>千港元</i> HK\$'000	股份 溢價賬 Share premium occount 千港元 HK\$*000	撤入盈餘 Contributed surplus 千港元 HK\$*000	法定儲備 Statutory reserves <i>千港元</i> <i>HK\$</i> *000 (附註 33) (note 33)	資產重估 儲備# Asset revaluation reserve# 千港元 HK\$*000	匿兑 浮動儲備 Exchange fluctuation reserve 千港元 HK\$'000	遠期股本 合約 Forward equily contract 千港元 HK\$*000	保留溢利 Retained profits <i>千港元</i> HK\$*000	總計 Total <i>千港元</i> <i>HK\$</i> *000	非控股 股東權益 Non- controlling interests 千港元 HK\$*000	總權益 Total equity 千港元 HK\$*000
於二零一六年四月一日	At 1 April 2016		87,466	_	563,861	33,812	_	90,711	_	1,912,553	2,688,403	88,789	2,777,192
期內溢利/(虧損)	Profit/(loss) for the period		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	134,050	134,050	(5,693)	128,357
期內其他全面收益/(開支):	Other comprehensive income/(expenses) for the period:												
換算海外營運產生 之匯兑差額	Exchange difference on translation							(125.704)			1105 70 (1		1105 704)
之匯兄左領 物業重估收益	of foreign operations Gain on property revaluation		-	-	-	-	4,129	(135,794)	-	-	(135,794) 4,129	-	(135,794) 4,129
彻未里泊收益	Gain on properly revaluation						4,129				4,129		4,129
期內全面收益/(開支)總額	Total comprehensive income/												
	(expenses) for the period		-	-	-	-	4,129	(135,794)	-	134,050	2,385	(5,693)	(3,308)
支付非控股股東權益股息	Dividends paid to												
	non-controlling interests		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(35,464)	(35,464)
收購一間附屬公司之額外權益	Acquisition of additional interests	0.0								1/0 / 0101	1/0/010	(07.070)	(700.100)
遠期收購一間附屬公司	in a subsidiary	39	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(694,919)	(694,919)	(37,273)	(732,192)
逐期权期 间 的 圖 公 印	Forward acquisition of additional interests in a subsidiary	39							(104,598)	_	(104,598)		(104,598)
發行股份	Issue of shares	31	25,950	1,032,810	_	_	_	_	(104,370)	_	1,058,760	_	1,058,760
股份發行開支	Share issue expenses	31	-	(660)	_	_	_	_	_	_	(660)	_	(660)
轉撥保留溢利	Transfer from retained profits	v i	-	-	_	17,490	-	_	-	(17,490)	-	-	-
於二零一六年十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2016		113,416	1,032,150*	563,861*	51,302*	4,129*	(45,083)*	(104,598)*	1,334,194*	2,949,371	10,359	2,959,730

- * 該等儲備賬目包括於綜合財務狀況表之綜合 儲備2,835,955,000港元(二零一六年三月 三十一日:2,600,937,000港元)。
- # 根據本公司於二零一五年八月七日舉行之股 東週年大會上所通過特別決議案,本公司於 二零一五年八月七日之股份溢價賬之全部進 賬金額予以註銷,並將由此產生之相應結存 撥入本公司繳入盈餘賬。
- ## 資產重估儲備源於截至二零一六年十二月 三十一日止期間一項自用物業的用途更改為 按公平值列賬之投資物業。
- * These reserve accounts comprise the consolidated reserves of HK\$2,835,955,000 (31 March 2016: HK\$2,600,937,000) in the consolidated statement of financial position.
- # Pursuant to a special resolution passed at the annual general meeting of the Company held on 7 August 2015, the entire amount standing to the credit of share premium account of the Company as at 7 August 2015 was cancelled, and the corresponding balance arising therefrom was credited to the contributed surplus account of the Company.
- ## The asset revaluation reserve arose from a change in use from an owneroccupied property to an investment property carried at fair value during the period ended 31 December 2016.

			自二零一六年	
			四月一日	
			至二零一六年	截至
			十二月三十一日	二零一六年
			止期間	三月三十一日
			Period from	止年度
			1 April 2016 to	Year ended
		附註	31 December	31 March
		Notes	2016	2016
			千港元	千港元
			HK\$'000	HK\$'000
本占 <i>应</i> 炒 类	CACLLELOVA/C EDOAA ODEDATINIO			
來自經營業務之現金流量	CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
除税前溢利	Profit before tax		354,998	951,837
已就下列各項作出調整:	Adjustments for:			
融資成本	Finance costs	7	9,065	11,496
出售附屬公司之收益,淨額	Gain on disposal of subsidiaries, net	8	(126)	(112,852)
利息收入	Interest income	6	(10,235)	(15,546)
出售及撇銷物業、機器及	Loss/(gain) on disposal and write-off of			
設備項目之虧損/(收益)	items of property, plant and equipment	8	(8,610)	2,904
折舊	Depreciation	8	56,816	79,953
衍生金融工具之公平值盈利	Fair value gains on derivative			
	financial instruments	8	(27,662)	(5,302)
投資物業公平值之變動	Changes in fair value of investment			
	properties	8	(23,215)	(32,390)
應收貿易賬款減值	Impairment of trade receivables	8	25	4
其他應收款項減值/	Impairment/(write-back of impairment) of			
(減值撥回),淨額	other receivables, net	8	(50)	99
一間聯營公司之欠款之減值	Impairment of an amount due			
	from an associate	8	2	11
			351,008	880,214

			自二零一六年	
			四月一日	
			至二零一六年	截至
			十二月三十一日	二零一六年
			止期間	三月三十一日
			Period from	止年度
			1 April 2016 to	Year ended
		附註	31 December	31 March
		Notes	2016	2016
			千港元	千港元
			HK\$'000	HK\$'000
發展中物業及持有供銷售 之物業減少/(増加),淨額	Decrease/(increase) in properties under development and properties held for			
	sale, net		64,381	(261,878)
存貨減少/(増加)	Decrease/(increase) in inventories		7,040	(9,378)
客戶有關合約工程	Decrease/(increase) in amounts due			
之欠款減少/(增加)	from customers for contract works		(179,268)	43,416
應收貿易賬款及應收保固金	Decrease/(increase) in trade and			
減少/(增加)	retention receivables		(70,660)	289,394
預付款項、訂金及其他	Decrease/(increase) in prepayments,			
應收款項減少/(增加)	deposits and other receivables		(3,781)	3,350
應付貿易賬款及應付保固金及	Increase/(decrease) in trade and			
應計款項增加/(減少)	retention payables and accruals		341,125	(284,087)
其他應付款項、已收訂金及	Increase/(decrease) in other payables,			
預收款項增加/(減少)	deposits received and receipts in advance		470	(9,455)
欠客戶有關合約工程	Decrease in amounts due to			
之款項減少	customers for contract works		(241,594)	(25,597)
已收訂金增加/(減少)	Increase/(decrease) in deposits received		(115,966)	103,855
來自經營業務之現金	Cash generated from operations		152,755	729,834

		附註 Notes	自二零一六年 四月一日 至二零一六年 十二月三十一日 止期間 Period from 1 April 2016 to 31 December 2016 千港元 HK\$'000	截至 二零一六年 三月三十一日 止年度 Year ended 31 March 2016 <i>千港元</i> HK\$'000
來自經營業務之現金 已繳中華人民共和國 (「中國」)税項:	Cash generated from operations Taxes paid in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC"):		152,755	729,834
香港 其他地區 已退回中國税項:	Hong Kong Elsewhere Taxes refunded in the PRC:		(174) (174,954)	(28,126) (377,445)
香港	Hong Kong		84	2,111
外幣匯率變動之影響,淨額	Effect of foreign exchange rate changes, net		7,825	6,974
來自/(用於)經營業務 之現金流量淨額	Net cash flows from/(used in) operating activities		(14,464)	333,348
來自投資業務之現金流量	CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
已收利息 購入物業、機器及設備項目	Interest received Purchases of items of property,		10,235	15,546
收購物業、機器及設備項目	plant and equipment Deposits paid for acquisition of items of		(23,236)	(29,537)
已付訂金 出售物業、機器及設備項目	property, plant and equipment Proceeds from disposal of items of property,	23	(1,994)	_
所得款項 收購一間附屬公司之額外權益	plant and equipment Acquisition of additional interest		9,372	5,602
所得款項 來自已出售附屬公司	in a subsidiary Proceeds from	39	(732,192)	
的所得款項	disposal of subsidiaries	40	216,336	250,082
一間聯營公司之欠款增加	Increase in an amount due from an associate		(2)	(11)
衍生金融工具減少	Decrease in derivative financial instrument		2,294	-
訂立時原定於三個月後 到期之無抵押定期存款	Decrease/(increase) in non-pledged time			
河朔之無抵押足朔仔承 減少/(増加)	deposits with original maturity of more than three months when acquired		8,366	(42,603)
受限制現金減少	Decrease in restricted cash		-	24,000
來自/(用於)投資業務 之現金流量淨額	Net cash flows from/(used in) investing activities		(510,821)	223,079
たつい业 //ルキ/ザ 訳	GCIIVIII63		(510,021)	

		附註 Notes	自二零一六年 四月一日 至二零一六年 十二月三十一日 止期間 Period from 1 April 2016 to 31 December 2016 千港元 HK\$'000	截至 二零一六年 三月三十一日 止年度 Year ended 31 March 2016 <i>千港元</i> HK\$'000
來自融資業務之現金流量	CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
發行股份所得款項	Proceeds from issue of shares	31	1,058,760	_
股份發行開支	Share issue expenses	31	(660)	_
已付利息	Interest paid		(23,191)	(16,547)
新批銀行借貸	New bank borrowings		60,000	690,455
償還銀行借貸	Repayment of bank borrowings		(442,566)	(202, 157)
向一位非控股股東權益	Repayment of a loan to			
償還貸款	a non-controlling interest		_	(32,000)
於一間附屬公司清盤時向	Return of capital to a non-controlling			
一位非控股股東權益	interest upon liquidation of			
退還股本	a subsidiary		_	(233)
向非控股股東權益支付股息	Dividends paid to non-controlling interests		(35,464)	(185,107)
已付股息	Dividends paid		_	(306, 133)
來自/(用於)融資業務	Net cash flows from/(used in)			
之現金流量淨額	financing activities		616,879	(51,722)
現金及等同現金項目增加淨額	NET INCREASE IN CASH AND			
	CASH EQUIVALENTS		91,594	504,705
於期/年初之現金及	Cash and cash equivalents at beginning		·	
等同現金項目	of period/year		1,763,816	1,287,496
外幣匯率變動之影響,淨額	Effect of foreign exchange rate changes, net		(31,199)	(28,385)
於期/年終之現金及	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END			
等同現金項目	OF PERIOD/YEAR		1,824,211	1,763,816
21.320 m. × H	5. 12.000/ 12/ IX			1,, 00,010

綜合現金流量表 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

Period from 1 April 2016 to 31 December 2016 二零一六年四月一日至二零一六年十二月三十一日止期間

			自二零一六年	
			四月一日	
			至二零一六年	截至
			十二月三十一日	二零一六年
			止期間	三月三十一日
			Period from	止年度
			1 April 2016 to	Year ended
		附註	31 December	31 March
		Notes	2016	2016
			千港元	千港元
			HK\$'000	HK\$'000
現金及等同現金項目結存分析	ANALYSIS OF BALANCES OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS			
現金及銀行結存	Cash and bank balances	25	330,962	502,830
無抵押定期存款	Non-pledged time deposits	25	1,527,486	1,303,589
於綜合財務狀況表所列之 現金及等同現金項目	Cash and cash equivalents as stated in the consolidated statement			
減:訂立時原定於三個月後 到期之無抵押定期存款	of financial position Less: Non-pledged time deposits with original maturity of over three months		1,858,448	1,806,419
	when acquired	25	(34,237)	(42,603)
於綜合現金流量表所列之現金	Cash and cash equivalents as stated in			
及等同現金項目	the consolidated statement of cash flows		1,824,211	1,763,816



31 December 2016 二零一六年十二月三十一日

1. 公司及集團資料

香港國際建設投資管理集團有限公司為 一間於百慕達註冊成立之有限公司。

本公司之註冊辦事處位於Clarendon House, 2 Church Street, Hamilton HM 11, Bermuda。本公司之主要營業地點位於香港黃竹坑香葉道2號One Island South 20 樓。

於本期間內,本集團經營下列主要業務:

- 地基打樁及地盤勘查
- 物業發展
- 物業投資及管理

於二零一六年六月三十日,HNA Finance I Co., Ltd. 完成向Tides Holdings II Ltd. 收購本公司577,279,496股股份後,本公司成為HNA Finance I Co., Ltd. 之附屬公司。

於二零一六年十二月三十一日,本公司 之母公司為HNA Finance | Co., Ltd., HNA Finance | Co., Ltd.為一間於安圭 拉註冊成立之有限公司,並由海南省慈 航公益基金會最終控制。

CORPORATE AND GROUP INFORMATION

Hong Kong International Construction Investment Management Group Co., Limited is a limited liability company incorporated in Bermuda.

The registered office of the Company is located at Clarendon House, 2 Church Street, Hamilton HM 11, Bermuda. The principal place of business of the Company is located at 20th Floor, One Island South, No. 2 Heung Yip Road, Wong Chuk Hang, Hong Kong.

During the period, the Group was involved in the following principal activities:

- foundation piling and site investigation
- property development
- property investment and management

Upon the completion of the acquisition of 577,279,496 shares of the Company by HNA Finance I Co., Ltd. from Tides Holdings II Ltd. on 30 June 2016, the Company has become a subsidiary of HNA Finance I Co., Ltd.

As at 31 December 2016, the immediate holding company of the Company is HNA Finance I Co., Ltd., a company incorporated in Anguilla with limited liability and ultimately controlled by Hainan Province Cihang Foundation.

31 December 2016 二零一六年十二月三十一日

1. 公司及集團資料(續)

1. CORPORATE AND GROUP INFORMATION (Cont'd)

附屬公司資料

Information about subsidiaries

本公司主要附屬公司的詳情如下:

名稱 Name	註冊成立/ 註冊及營業地點 Place of incorporation/ registration and business	已發行股份/ 繳足註冊資本 Issued share/ paid-up registered capital	本公司, 之股權百 Percentage attributa the Com 二零一六年 十二月三十一日 31 December 2016	百分比 of equity ble to	主要業務 Principal activities
泰昇地基(香港)有限公司 (「泰昇地基(香港)」) <i>(附註5)</i> Tysan Foundation (Hong Kong) Limited ("TFHKL") <i>(note 5)</i>	香港 Hong Kong	普通股 100港元 Ordinary HK\$100	95	60	投資控股 Investment holding
泰昇地基工程(香港)有限公司 <i>(附註 1 及 5)</i> Tysan Contractors (Hong Kong) Limited <i>(notes 1 and 5)</i>	香港 Hong Kong	普通股 2港元 Ordinary HK\$2	95	60	項目管理以及 提供諮詢及管理服務 Project management and provision of consultancy and management services
泰昇建築(澳門)有限公司 <i>(附註 1 及5)</i> Tysan Construction (Macau) Limited <i>(notes 1 and 5)</i>	澳門 Macau	普通股 25,000 澳門元 Ordinary MOP25,000	95	60	地基打樁 Foundation piling
泰昇地基工程有限公司 <i>(附註1、2及5)</i> Tysan Foundation Limited <i>(notes 1, 2 and 5)</i>	香港 Hong Kong	普通股 141,000,000港元 Ordinary HK\$141,000,000 遞延股3,000,000港元 Deferred HK\$3,000,000	95	60	地基打椿及 地盤勘查 Foundation piling and site investigation

31 December 2016 二零一六年十二月三十一日

1. 公司及集團資料(續)

1. CORPORATE AND GROUP INFORMATION (Cont'd)

附屬公司資料(續)

本公司主要附屬公司的詳情如下:(續)

Information about subsidiaries (Cont'd)

名稱 Name	註冊成立/ 註冊及營業地點 Place of incorporation/ registration and business	已發行股份/ 繳足註冊資本 Issued share/ paid-up registered capital	本公司, 之股權百 Percentage attributa the Com 二零一六年 十二月三十一日 31 December 2016	ī分比 of equity ble to	主要業務 Principal activities
泰昇地基土力工程有限公司 <i>(附註 1 及5)</i> Tysan Foundation Geotechnical Limited <i>(notes 1 and 5)</i>	香港 Hong Kong	普通股 10,000,000港元 Ordinary HK\$10,000,000	95	60	地基打椿及 地盤勘查 Foundation piling and site investigation
泰昇機械租賃有限公司 <i>(附註 1、2及5)</i> Tysan Machinery Hire Limited <i>(notes 1, 2 and 5)</i>	香港 Hong Kong	普通股 10,000港元 Ordinary HK\$10,000 遞延股 200,000港元 Deferred HK\$200,000	95	60	機械租賃 Machinery hiring
先進機械工程有限公司 <i>(附註 1)</i> Proficiency Equipment Limited <i>(note 1)</i>	香港 Hong Kong	普通股 24,480,000港元 Ordinary HK\$24,480,000	100	100	機械租賃及買賣 Machinery hiring and trading
先進工程營造有限公司 <i>(附註 1)</i> Proficiency Engineering Limited <i>(note 1)</i>	香港 Hong Kong	普通股 2港元 Ordinary HK\$2	100	100	提供工程服務及 機械租賃 Provision of engineering services and machinery hiring

31 December 2016 二零一六年十二月三十一日

公司及集團資料(續)

CORPORATE AND GROUP INFORMATION (Cont'd)

附屬公司資料(續)

Information about subsidiaries (Cont'd)

本公司主要附屬公司的詳情如下:(續)

名稱 Name	註冊成立/ 註冊及營業地點 Place of incorporation/ registration and business	已發行股份/ 繳足註冊資本 Issued share/ paid-up registered capital	本公司, 之股權百 Percentage attributa the Com	可分比 of equity ble to pany	主要業務 Principal activities
			二零一六年 十二月三十一日 31 December 2016	二零一六年 三月三十一日 31 March 2016	
剛耀有限公司 <i>(附註1)</i> Lion Bright Limited <i>(note 1)</i>	香港 Hong Kong	普通股 2港元 Ordinary HK\$2	100	100	機械租賃及買賣 Machinery hiring and trading
進昇有限公司 <i>(附註1)</i> Mac Proficiency Limited <i>(note 1)</i>	澳門 Macau	普通股 25,000 澳門元 Ordinary MOP25,000	100	100	提供工程服務 及機械租賃 Provision of engineering services and machinery hiring
泰昇管理有限公司 <i>(附註2)</i> Tysan Management Limited <i>(note 2)</i>	香港 Hong Kong	普通股 16,720,850港元 Ordinary HK\$16,720,850 遞延股 2港元 Deferred HK\$2	100	100	企業管理 Corporate management
卓民有限公司 Great Unison Limited	香港 Hong Kong	普通股 1港元 Ordinary HK\$1	100	100	企業融資 Corporate financing
泰昇投資發展有限公司 Tysan Investment Limited	香港 Hong Kong	普通股 2港元 Ordinary HK\$2	100	100	投資控股 Investment holding

31 December 2016 二零一六年十二月三十一日

1. 公司及集團資料(續)

1. CORPORATE AND GROUP INFORMATION (Cont'd)

附屬公司資料(續)

本公司主要附屬公司的詳情如下:(續)

Information about subsidiaries (Cont'd)

名稱 Name	註冊成立/ 註冊及營業地點 Place of incorporation/ registration and business	已發行股份/ 繳足註冊資本 Issued share/ paid-up registered capital	本公司 之股權百 Percentage attributa the Com 二零一六年 十二月三十一日 31 December 2016	ī分比 of equity ble to	主要業務 Principal activities
泰昇建築有限公司 Tysan Construction Company Limited	香港 Hong Kong	普通股2港元 Ordinary HK\$2	100	100	投資控股 Investment holding
Cottontree Pacific Limited*	英屬處女群島 British Virgin Island ("BVI")	普通股 1 港元 Ordinary HK\$1	100	100	投資控股 Investment holding
Tysan Foundation Holdings Limited* (附註 1) (note 1)	百慕達 Bermuda	普通股0.1港元 Ordinary HK\$0.1	100	100	投資控股 Investment holding
泰昇地產發展投資有限公司 Tysan Property Development & Investment Limited	香港 Hong Kong	普通股2港元 Ordinary HK\$2	100	100	投資控股 Investment holding
善信投資有限公司 <i>(附註1)</i> Sure Faith Investment Limited <i>(note 1)</i>	香港 Hong Kong	普通股2港元 Ordinary HK\$2	100	100	持有物業 Property holding
頓肯房地產有限公司 <i>(附註 1)</i> Duncan Properties Limited <i>(note 1)</i>	香港 Hong Kong	普通股2港元 Ordinary HK\$2	100	100	投資控股 Investment holding

31 December 2016 二零一六年十二月三十一日

1. 公司及集團資料(續)

1. CORPORATE AND GROUP INFORMATION (Cont'd)

附屬公司資料(續)

Information about subsidiaries (Cont'd)

本公司主要附屬公司的詳情如下:(續)

名稱 Name	註冊成立/ 註冊及營業地點 Place of incorporation/ registration and business	已發行股份/ 繳足註冊資本 Issued share/ paid-up registered capital	本公司 之股權百 Percentage attributa the Com 二零一六年 十二月三十一日 31 December	可分比 of equity ble to pany 二零一六年 三月三十一日 31 March	主要業務 Principal activities
Dragonhill Limited (附註 1) (note 1)	香港 Hong Kong	普通股2港元 Ordinary HK\$2	2016 100	2016 100	投資控股 Investment holding
蕙園國際有限公司 <i>(附註 1)</i> CG (HY) International Limited <i>(note 1)</i>	香港 Hong Kong	普通股 100港元 Ordinary HK\$100	100	100	投資控股 Investment holding
Ironwood Pacific Limited* (附註 1) (note 1)	英屬處女群島 BVI	普通股 100 美元 Ordinary US\$100	100	100	投資控股 Investment holding
Beneficial Enterprises Limited*(附註1) (note 1)	英屬處女群島 BVI	普通股 100美元 Ordinary US\$100	100	100	投資控股 Investment holding
資盛行有限公司 <i>(附註 1)</i> Fund House Limited <i>(note 1)</i>	香港 Hong Kong	普通股 2 港元 Ordinary HK\$2	100	100	投資控股 Investment holding
頓肯物業管理(上海)有限公司* <i>(附註1及3)</i> Duncan Property Management (Shanghai) Company Limited* <i>(notes 1 and 3)</i>	中國/ 中國內地 PRC/ Mainland China	500,000美元 US\$500,000	100	100	物業管理 Property management

31 December 2016 二零一六年十二月三十一日

1. 公司及集團資料(續)

1. CORPORATE AND GROUP INFORMATION (Cont'd)

附屬公司資料(續)

本公司主要附屬公司的詳情如下:(續)

Information about subsidiaries (Cont'd)

名稱 Name		註冊成立/ 註冊及營業地點 Place of incorporation/ registration and business	已發行股份/ 繳足註冊資本 Issued share/ paid-up registered capital	本公司 之股權 Percentage attribute the Cor 二零一六年 十二月三十一日 31 December 2016	百分比 of equity able to	主要業務 Principal activities
Allbright Investmen	t Limited* <i>(附註1)</i>	英屬處女群島 BVI	普通股100美元 Ordinary US\$100	100	100	投資控股 Investment holding
紅光投資有限公司 Red Shine Investme		香港 Hong Kong	普通股2港元 Ordinary HK\$2	100	100	投資控股 Investment holding
Federated Resource	es Limited* <i>(附註1)</i>	英屬處女群島 BVI	普通股 100美元 Ordinary US\$100	100	100	投資控股 Investment holding
佳利威有限公司 <i>()</i> Carriway Limited <i>()</i>		香港 Hong Kong	普通股2港元 Ordinary HK\$2	100	100	投資控股 Investment holding
(附註1及3)		中國/ 中國內地 PRC/ Mainland China	人民幣 200,000元 RMB200,000	100	100	物業諮詢 Property consulting
剛毅投資有限公司 Great Regent Inves] <i>(附註 1)</i> stments Limited <i>(note 1)</i>	香港 Hong Kong	普通股2港元 Ordinary HK\$2	100	100	投資控股並提供 銷售及營銷服務 Investment holding and provision of sales and marketing services

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1. 公司及集團資料(續)

1. CORPORATE AND GROUP INFORMATION (Cont'd)

附屬公司資料(續)

Information about subsidiaries (Cont'd)

本公司主要附屬公司的詳情如下:(續)

名稱 Name	註冊成立/ 註冊及營業地點 Place of incorporation/ registration and business	已發行股份/ 繳足註冊資本 Issued share/ paid-up registered capital	本公司 之股權百 Percentage attributa the Com 二零一六年 十二月三十一日 31 December 2016	百分比 of equity ble to	主要業務 Principal activities
泰昇房地產(上海)有限公司* <i>(附註1及4)</i> Tysan Land (Shanghai) Limited* <i>(notes 1 and 4)</i>	中國/ 中國內地 PRC/ Mainland China	1,000,000美元 US\$1,000,000	100	100	物業發展 Property development
興懋有限公司 <i>(附註1)</i> Great Prosper Limited <i>(note 1)</i>	香港 Hong Kong	普通股 100港元 Ordinary HK\$100	100	100	投資控股並提供 銷售及營銷服務 Investment holding and provision of sales and marketing services
泰昇房地產開發(天津)有限公司* <i>(附註 1 及3)</i> Tysan Property Development (Tianjin) Company Limited* <i>(notes 1 and 3)</i>	中國/ 中國內地 PRC/ Mainland China	15,500,000美元 US\$15,500,000	100	100	物業發展 Property development
曜基有限公司 <i>(附註 1)</i> Sparkle Key Limited <i>(note 1)</i>	香港 Hong Kong	普通股 10,000 港元 Ordinary HK\$10,000	100	100	投資控股 Investment holding
泰昇房地產(瀋陽)有限公司* <i>(附註1及3)</i> Tysan Land (Shenyang) Limited* <i>(notes 1 and 3)</i>	中國/ 中國內地 PRC/ Mainland China	108,300,000美元 US\$108,300,000	100	100	物業發展 Property development
浩信工程有限公司 <i>(附註 1)</i> Gainful Engineering Limited <i>(note 1)</i>	香港 Hong Kong	普通股 1 港元 Ordinary HK\$1	100		項目管理 Project management

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1. 公司及集團資料(續)

附屬公司資料(續)

本公司主要附屬公司的詳情如下:(續)

附註:

- 1. 绣鍋附屬公司持有。
- 2. 遞延股份無權獲派股息(於有關公司可供分派股息之純利超過10億港元之任何財政年度按每年5厘之息率派發之固定非累計股息除外),亦無權於股東大會上投票,而且於清盤時無權收取資本退還之任何盈餘(該等股份之已繳股本除外,惟該公司之普通股持有人必須於清盤時已經就每股普通股獲分派共10,000億港元)。
- 3. 該等實體乃根據中國法律註冊為外商 獨資企業。
- 4. 該實體乃根據中國法律註冊為中外合 資企業。
- 5. 於二零一六年七月四日,本公司收 購泰昇地基(香港)及其附屬公司額外 35%的股權。收購事項的進一步詳情 載於財務報表附註39。
- * 該等附屬公司的法定財務報表並非由 香港安永會計師事務所或安永會計師 事務所全球網絡之其他成員公司審 核。

上表所列之本公司附屬公司是董事認為 對本集團之本期間業績有重大影響或構 成本集團大部分資產淨值之附屬公司。 董事認為,詳列其他附屬公司會引致內 容過於冗長。

1. CORPORATE AND GROUP INFORMATION (Cont'd)

Information about subsidiaries (Cont'd)

Particulars of the Company's principal subsidiaries are as follows: (Cont'd)

Notes:

- 1. Held through subsidiaries.
- 2. The deferred shares carry no rights to dividends (other than a fixed non-cumulative dividend at the rate of 5% per annum for any financial year during which the net profit of the relevant company available for dividends exceeds HK\$1 billion), no rights to vote at general meetings, no rights to receive any surplus on a return of capital on a winding-up (other than the amount paid up on such shares, provided that the holders of the ordinary shares of that company have been distributed in such a winding-up of a sum of HK\$1,000 billion in respect of each ordinary share).
- These entities are registered as wholly-foreign-owned enterprises under the PRC law.
- This entity is registered as an Sino-foreign joint venture under the PRC law.
- On 4 July 2016, the Company acquired additional 35% equity interests in TFHKL and its subsidiaries. Further details of the acquisition are set out in note 39 to the financial statements.
- * Subsidiaries whose statutory financial statements were not audited by Ernst & Young, Hong Kong or another member firm of the Ernst & Young global network.

The above table lists the subsidiaries of the Company which, in the opinion of the directors, principally affected the results for the period or formed a substantial portion of the net assets of the Group. To give details of other subsidiaries would, in the opinion of the directors, result in particulars of excessive length.

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2. 財政年度結算日之變動

3.1 編製賬目之基準

該等財務報表乃根據香港會計師公會頒佈之香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報告準則」)(包括所有香港財務報告準則」)、香港會計準則」(「香港會計準則」)及香港公認會計準則及香港公司会議與(轉撥至投資物業的自用物業、投資物業及衍生金融工具按公平值計算除外)。除另有註明外,本財務報表以港元為單位,而所有價值均湊整至最接近之千位數值。

綜合賬目基準

綜合財務報表包括本公司及其附屬公司 (統稱「本集團」)自二零一六年四月一日 至二零一六年十二月三十一日止期間之 財務報表。附屬公司指受本公司直接。 間接控制的實體(包括結構性實體)。倘 本集團透過參與被投資方業務而享有權取得被投資方的可變回報,且有能 力對被投資方行使權力影響有關回報, 則本集團擁有該實體的控制權(即現時 賦予本集團指導被投資方相關活動的能 力)。

2. CHANGE OF FINANCIAL YEAR END DATE

During the period, the board of directors of the Company resolved to change the financial year end date of the Company from 31 March to 31 December effective from 31 December 2016 in order to align the financial year end date of the Company with HNA Group Co., Ltd., the intermediate holding company of the Company. The consolidated financial statements presented for the current period therefore covered a nine-month period from 1 April 2016 to 31 December 2016. The corresponding comparative amounts presented for the consolidated statements of profit or loss, the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity, the consolidated statement of cash flows and related notes, which are prepared for the year from 1 April 2015 to 31 March 2016, may not be comparable with amounts shown for the current period.

3.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") (which include all Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards, Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKASs") and Interpretations) issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants, accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. They have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except for owner-occupied property being transferred to investment property, investment properties and derivative financial instruments which have been measured at fair value. These financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$") and all values are rounded to the nearest thousand except when otherwise indicated.

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") for the period from 1 April 2016 to 31 December 2016. A subsidiary is an entity (including a structured entity), directly or indirectly, controlled by the Company. Control is achieved when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee (i.e., existing rights that give the Group the current ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee).

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3.1 編製賬目之基準(續)

綜合賬目基準(續)

倘本公司直接或間接擁有的被投資方投票權或類似權利不及大半,則評估本公司對被投資方是否擁有權力時,本集團會考慮所有相關事實及情況,包括:

- (a) 與該被投資方其他投票權擁有人 的合約安排;
- (b) 根據其他合約安排所享有的權 利;及
- (c) 本集團的投票權及潛在投票權。

附屬公司與本公司之財務報表的報告期間相同,並採用一致會計政策編製。附屬公司之業績由本集團獲取控制權當日 起綜合賬目,直至該控制權終止之日為止。

本公司普通股股東及非控股股東權益應 佔損益及其他全面收益各組成部分,即 使由此引致非控股股東權益結餘為負 數。本集團成員公司之間交易所產生的 集團內部資產及負債、權益、收入、開 支及現金流均在綜合賬目時全數對銷。

倘事實及情況顯示上述的三項控制因素 之一項或多項出現變動,本集團會重新 評估其是否控制被投資公司。附屬公司 的所有權權益變動(沒有失去控制權), 按權益交易入賬。

倘本集團失去於附屬公司之控股權,則 終止確認(i)附屬公司之資產(包括商譽) 及負債,(ii)任何非控股股東權益之賬面 值及(iii)於權益列賬之累計匯兑差額: 並確認入賬(i)已收代價之公平值,(ii)任何保留之投資之公平值及(iii)計入損益 之盈餘或虧絀。本集團過往於其他全面 收益確認之所佔部分重新分類至損益或 保留溢利,視何者適用而定,倘本集團 已直接出售相關資產及負債則須以同一 基準確認。

3.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION (Cont'd)

Basis of consolidation (Cont'd)

When the Company has, directly or indirectly, less than a majority of the voting or similar rights of an investee, the Group considers all relevant facts and circumstances in assessing whether it has power over an investee, including:

- (a) the contractual arrangement with the other vote holders of the investee;
- (b) rights arising from other contractual arrangements; and
- (c) the Group's voting rights and potential voting rights.

The financial statements of the subsidiaries are prepared for the same reporting period as the Company, using consistent accounting policies. The results of subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which the Group obtains control, and continue to be consolidated until the date that such control ceases.

Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributable to the ordinary equity holders of the Company and to the non-controlling interests, even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance. All intra-group assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

The Group reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control described above. A change in the ownership interest of a subsidiary, without a loss of control, is accounted for as an equity transaction.

If the Group loses control over a subsidiary, it derecognises (i) the assets (including goodwill) and liabilities of the subsidiary, (ii) the carrying amount of any non-controlling interest and (iii) the cumulative translation differences recorded in equity; and recognises (i) the fair value of the consideration received, (ii) the fair value of any investment retained and (iii) any resulting surplus or deficit in profit or loss. The Group's share of components previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified to profit or loss or retained profits, as appropriate, on the same basis as would be required if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities.

31 December 2016 二零一六年十二月三十一日

3.2 會計政策及披露之變動

3.2 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND **DISCLOSURES**

本集團已於本期間之財務報表首次採納 下列經新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準 則。

The Group has adopted the following new and revised HKFRSs for the first time for the current period's financial statements.

香港財務報告準則 第10號、香港

財務報告準則

投資實體:應用 綜合入賬之 例外情况

Amendments to HKFRS 10, HKFRS 12 and HKAS 28 (2011)

Investment Entities: Applying the Consolidation Exception

第12號及香港 會計準則第28號 (二零一一年)

之修訂

香港財務報告準則 第11號之修訂

收購共同經營

權益的會計處理

Amendments to HKFRS 11 Accounting for Acquisitions of

Interests in Joint Operations

香港財務報告準則

監管遞延賬目

HKFRS 14

Regulatory Deferral Accounts

第14號

Amendments to HKAS 1

Disclosure Initiative

香港會計準則 第1號之修訂 披露計劃

方式的澄清

可接受折舊及攤銷 Amendments to HKAS 16

and HKAS 38

Clarification of Acceptable Methods of Depreciation and

Amortisation

第16號及香港 會計準則第38號

之修訂

香港會計準則

香港會計準則

農業:生產性 Amendments to HKAS 16 植物

and HKAS 41

Agriculture: Bearer Plants

第16號及香港 會計準則第41號

之修訂

香港會計準則第27號 獨立財務報表中

(二零一一年)

的權益法

之修訂

Amendments to HKAS 27 (2011) Equity Method in Separate Financial Statements

二零一二年至

對若干香港財務

二零一四年週期的 年度改進

報告準則 作出的修訂 Annual Improvements 2012-2014 Cycle Amendments to a number of HKFRSs

採納上述新訂及經修訂準則並無對此等 財務報表產生重大財務影響。

The adoption of the above new and revised standards has had no significant financial effect on these financial statements.

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3.3 已頒佈但尚未生效的香港財務報 告準則

3.3 ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS

本集團並無於此等財務報表應用下列已 頒佈但尚未生效的新訂及經修訂香港財 務報告準則。

The Group has not applied the following new and revised HKFRSs, that have been issued but are not yet effective, in these financial statements.

香港財務報告準則 第2號之修訂

以股份計算支付 交易之分類

及計量2

Amendments to HKFRS 2 Classification and Measurement of

Share-based Payment Transactions²

香港財務報告準則 第4號之修訂

應用香港財務 報告準則第9號

金融工具連同

香港財務報告 準則第4號 保險合約2

Amendments to HKFRS 4

Applying HKFRS 9 Financial Instruments with HKFRS 4 Insurance

Contracts²

香港財務報告準則

金融工具2

HKFRS 9

Financial Instruments²

第9號 香港財務報告準則

第10號及香港 會計準則第28號 (二零一一年)

投資者與其聯營 或合營公司之間 的資產出售 或注資4

Amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28 (2011)

Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint

Venture4

之修訂

香港財務報告準則 第15號

來自客戶合約的 收入2

Revenue from Contracts with HKFRS 15

Customers²

香港財務報告準則 第15號之修訂

香港財務報告 準則第15號 來自客戶合約 的收入之澄清2

Amendments to HKFRS 15

Clarifications to HKFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers²

香港財務報告準則 第16號

HKFRS 16

Leases3

香港會計準則 第7號之修訂

披露計劃1

租賃3

Amendments to HKAS 7

Disclosure Initiative¹

香港會計準則 第12號之修訂 確認未變現 虧損之遞延 税項資產

Amendments to HKAS 12

Recognition of Deferred Tax Assets for Unrealised Losses

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3.3 已頒佈但尚未生效的香港財務報 告準則(*續*)

- 於二零一七年一月一日或之後開始的 年度期間生效
- ² 於二零一八年一月一日或之後開始的 年度期間生效
- 3 於二零一九年一月一日或之後開始的 年度期間生效
- 4 尚未釐定強制生效日期,惟可提早採 納

預期適用於本集團的該等香港財務報告 準則的進一步資料如下:

香港財務報告準則第15號建立一個新 的五步模式,將來自客戶合約的收入入 賬。根據香港財務報告準則第15號, 收入按能反映實體預期就向客戶轉讓貨 品或服務而有權獲得的代價金額確認。 香港財務報告準則第15號的原則為計 量及確認收入提供更加結構化的方法。 該準則亦引入廣泛的定性及定量披露規 定,包括分拆總收入,關於履約責任、 不同期間之間合約資產及負債賬目結餘 的變動以及主要判斷及估計的資料。該 準則將取代香港財務報告準則項下所有 現時收入確認的規定。二零一六年六 月,香港會計師公會頒佈香港財務報告 準則第15號的修訂本,以處理識別履 約責任的實行問題、主事人與代理及知 識產權許可有關的應用指引以及過渡問 題。該等修訂本亦擬協助確保實體於 採納香港財務報告準則第15號時能更 一致地應用及降低應用有關準則的成本 及複雜程度。本集團預期於二零一八年 一月一日採納香港財務報告準則第15 號,目前正評估採納香港財務報告準則 第15號的影響。

3.3 ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (Cont'd)

- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2017
- ² Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018
- ³ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2019
- ⁴ No mandatory effective date yet determined but available for adoption

Further information about those HKFRSs that are expected to be applicable to the Group is as follows:

HKFRS 15 establishes a new five-step model to account for revenue arising from contracts with customers. Under HKFRS 15, revenue is recognised at an amount that reflects the consideration to which an entity expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring goods or services to a customer. The principles in HKFRS 15 provide a more structured approach for measuring and recognising revenue. The standard also introduces extensive qualitative and quantitative disclosure requirements, including disaggregation of total revenue, information about performance obligations, changes in contract asset and liability account balances between periods and key judgements and estimates. The standard will supersede all current revenue recognition requirements under HKFRSs. In June 2016, the HKICPA issued amendments to HKFRS 15 to address the implementation issues on identifying performance obligations, application guidance on principal versus agent and licences of intellectual property, and transition. The amendments are also intended to help ensure a more consistent application when entities adopt HKFRS 15 and decrease the cost and complexity of applying the standard. The Group expects to adopt HKFRS 15 on 1 January 2018 and is currently assessing the impact of HKFRS 15 upon adoption.

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3.3 已頒佈但尚未生效的香港財務報 告準則(續)

香港財務報告準則第16號取代香港會 計準則第17號「租賃」、香港(國際財務 報告詮釋委員會)-詮釋第4號[釐定安 排是否包括租賃」、香港(準則詮釋委員 會)-詮釋第15號「經營租賃-優惠」及 香港(準則詮釋委員會) - 詮釋第27號 「評估涉及租賃法律形式交易的內容」。 該準則載列確認、計量、呈列及披露租 賃的原則,並要求承租人就大多數租賃 確認資產及負債。該準則包括給予承租 人兩項租賃確認豁免一低價值資產租賃 及短期租賃。於租賃開始日期,承租人 將確認於租期支付租金為負債(即租賃 負債)及代表可使用相關資產的權利為 資產(即使用權資產)。除非使用權資產 符合香港會計準則第40號內投資物業 的定義,否則使用權資產其後按成本減 累計折舊及任何減值虧損計量。租賃負 債其後會就反映租賃負債利息而增加及 因租金付款而減少。承租人將須分別確 認租賃負債的利息開支及使用權資產的 折舊開支。承租人亦將須於若干事件發 生時重新計量租賃負債,例如由於租 期變更或用於釐定該等付款的指數或比 率變更而引致未來租金變更。承租人一 般將重新計量租賃負債的款額確認為使 用權資產的調整。香港財務報告準則第 16號大致沿用香港會計準則第17號內 出租人的會計處理方式。出租人將繼續 使用與香港會計準則第17號相同的分 類原則,對所有租賃進行分類,並將之 分為經營租賃及融資租賃。本集團預期 於二零一九年一月一日採納香港財務報 告準則第16號,目前正評估採納香港 財務報告準則第16號的影響。

香港會計準則第7號之修訂規定實體披露能讓財務報表使用者評估融資活動引起的負債變動,包括現金流量引致之變動及非現金變動。該等修訂將導致於財務報表提供額外披露。本集團預期於二零一七年一月一日採納該等修訂。

3.3 ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (Cont'd)

HKFRS 16 replaces HKAS 17 Leases, HK(IFRIC)-Int 4 Determining whether an Arrangement contains a Lease, HK(SIC)-Int 15 Operating Leases - Incentives and HK(SIC)-Int 27 Evaluating the Substance of Transactions Involving the Legal Form of a Lease. The standard sets out the principles for the recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of leases and requires lessees to recognise assets and liabilities for most leases. The standard includes two recognition exemptions for lessees - leases of low-value assets and short-term leases. At the commencement date of a lease, a lessee will recognise a liability to make lease payments (i.e., the lease liability) and an asset representing the right to use the underlying asset during the lease term (i.e., the right-of-use asset). The right-of-use asset is subsequently measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses unless the right-of-use asset meets the definition of investment property in HKAS 40. The lease liability is subsequently increased to reflect the interest on the lease liability and reduced for the lease payments. Lessees will be required to separately recognise the interest expense on the lease liability and the depreciation expense on the rightof-use asset. Lessees will also be required to remeasure the lease liability upon the occurrence of certain events, such as change in the lease term and change in future lease payments resulting from a change in an index or rate used to determine those payments. Lessees will generally recognise the amount of the remeasurement of the lease liability as an adjustment to the right-of-use asset. Lessor accounting under HKFRS 16 is substantially unchanged from the accounting under HKAS 17. Lessors will continue to classify all leases using the same classification principle as in HKAS 17 and distinguish between operating leases and finance leases. The Group expects to adopt HKFRS 16 on 1 January 2019 and is currently assessing the impact of HKFRS 16 upon adoption.

Amendments to HKAS 7 require an entity to provide disclosures that enable users of financial statements to evaluate changes in liabilities arising from financing activities, including both changes arising from cash flows and non-cash changes. The amendments will result in additional disclosure to be provided in the financial statements. The Group expects to adopt the amendments from 1 January 2017.

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3.4 主要會計政策概要

於聯營公司的投資

聯營公司乃本集團於其股本投票權擁有一般不少於20%之長期權益及可對其行使重大影響力之實體,惟並非附屬公司。重大影響力指參與被投資方財政及經營決策的權力,但非控制或聯合控制該等政策。

本集團於聯營公司的權益乃以權益會計 法,按本集團分佔資產淨值減任何減值 虧損,在綜合財務狀況表列賬。

本集團應佔聯營公司收購後業績及其他 全面收益分別於本集團綜合損益及其他 全面收益內列賬。此外,倘直接於聯營 公司的權益確認一項變動,則本集團會 視乎情況於綜合權益變動表確認應佔任 何變動。本集團與其聯營公司進行交 易所產生的未變現收益及虧損均予以對 銷,並以本集團於聯營公司的權益為 限,惟倘有證據顯示未變現虧損是由於 所轉讓資產出現減值所致除外。

若本集團失去對聯營公司的重大影響力,會按公平值計量及確認留存投資。 失去對聯營公司的重大影響力時聯營公司的賬面值與留存投資公平值加出售所 得款項之間的差額於損益確認。

3.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Investments in associates

An associate is an entity in which the Group has a long term interest of generally not less than 20% of the equity voting rights and over which it is in a position to exercise significant influence. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee, but is not control or joint control over those policies.

The Group's interests in associates are stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at the Group's share of net assets under the equity method of accounting, less any impairment losses.

The Group's share of the post-acquisition results and other comprehensive income of associates is included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and consolidated other comprehensive income, respectively. In addition, when there has been a change recognised directly in the equity of the associate, the Group recognises its share of any changes, when applicable, in the consolidated statement of changes in equity. Unrealised gains and losses resulting from transactions between the Group and its associates are eliminated to the extent of the Group's investments in the associates, except where unrealised losses provide evidence of an impairment of the assets transferred.

Upon loss of significant influence over the associate, the Group measures and recognises any retained investment at its fair value. Any difference between the carrying amount of the associate upon loss of significant influence and the fair value of the retained investment and proceeds from disposal is recognised in profit or loss.

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3.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

公平值計量

本集團於各呈報期結算日按公平值計量 投資物業及衍生金融工具。公平值指於 計量日市場參與者之間的有序交易中, 就出售資產所收取之價格或轉讓負債之至不值時假設出售資產所收取之價格或轉讓出售的 產或轉讓負債之交易於資產或負債下) 產或轉讓負債之交易於資產或負債下) 產或轉讓負債之交易於資產或負債下) 。主要或最有利市場進行。主要或最有利市場經 有利市場進行。主要或最有利市場為 本集團能參與的市場。假設市場參與 基於最佳經濟利益行事,資產或負債定 價所用假設計量。

非金融資產之公平值計量會計及市場參 與者將資產用於最高增值及最佳用途或 售予會將資產用於最高增值及最佳用途 之另一名市場參與者而創造經濟利益的 能力。

本集團針對不同情況使用不同估值方法,確保有足夠數據計量公平值,並盡量利用相關可觀察數據,減少使用不可觀察數據。

3.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

Fair value measurement

The Group measures its investment properties and derivative financial instruments at fair value at the end of each reporting period. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either in the principal market for the asset or liability, or in the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability. The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Group. The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Group uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.



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3.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

公平值計量(續)

公平值於財務報表計量或披露之所有資 產及負債,均基於對計量公平值整體而 言屬重要之最低層輸入數據按下述公平 值層級分類:

- 第一層一 按同等資產或負債於活躍市 場之報價(未經調整)
- 第二層一 按公平值計量而言屬重大的 可觀察(直接或間接)最低級 別輸入數據的估值方法
- 第三層一 按公平值計量而言屬重大的 不可觀察最低級別輸入數據 的估值方法

就按經常性基準於財務報表確認之資產 及負債而言,本集團诱過於各報告期末 重新評估分類(根據對計量公平值整體 而言屬重大的最低層輸入數據),釐定 公平值層級之間是否出現轉移。

3.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

Fair value measurement (Cont'd)

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1 based on quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 based on valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is observable, either directly or indirectly
- based on valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Group determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by reassessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

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3.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

非金融資產減值

當有跡象顯示出現減值,或須就資產(投資物業、發展中物業、持有供銷售之物業、存貨、建築合約資產及金融資產除外)進行年度減值測試時,則資產於中度減值測試時,則資產產之可收回金額為資產使用價值與其公平值減出售成本兩者中之較高者,並就個別資產釐定,除非有關資產並無產生大致獨立於其他資產或資產類別之現金流入。在此情況下,可收回金額乃就資產所屬現金產生單位釐定。

減值虧損僅於資產賬面值超逾可收回金額時確認。評估使用價值時,估計未來現金流量按可反映現時市場評估之貨幣時間價值及資產特定風險之稅前貼現率貼現至現值。減值虧損於產生期間自損益表中與減值資產功能相符之該等開支類別扣除。

資產乃於各報告期結束時進行評估,以決定有否跡象顯示先前已確認之減值虧損是否不再存在或已減少。倘出現該等跡象,會對可收回金額作出估計。先前確認之資產減值虧損(商譽除外)僅會於用以釐定該資產可收回金額之估計改變時撥回,惟撥回後之數額不得高於假設過往年度並無就資產確認減值虧損而應釐定之賬面值(扣除任何折舊/攤銷)。減值虧損之撥回於產生期間計入損益表內。

3.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

Impairment of non-financial assets

When an indication of impairment exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required (other than investment properties, properties under development, properties held for sale, inventories, construction contract assets and financial assets), the asset's recoverable amount is calculated as the higher of the asset's value in use and its fair value less costs of disposal, and is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets, in which case the recoverable amount is determined for the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

An impairment loss is recognised only if the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. An impairment loss is charged to the statement of profit or loss in the period in which it arises in those expense categories consistent with the function of the impaired asset.

An assessment is made at the end of each reporting period as to whether there is an indication that previously recognised impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased. If such an indication exists, the recoverable amount is estimated. A previously recognised impairment loss of an asset other than goodwill is reversed only if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount of that asset, but not to an amount higher than the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of any depreciation/amortisation) had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of such an impairment loss is credited to the statement of profit or loss in the period in which it arises.

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3.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

關連人士

在下列情況下,任何一方則被視為本集 團之關連人士:

- (a) 該方為一名人士或該人士之家屬 且該人士
 - (i) 控制或共同控制本集團;
 - (ii) 對本集團有重大影響;或
 - (iii) 為本集團或本集團母公司 之主要管理人員其中一名 成員;

或

- (b) 該方為符合下列任何一項條件之 實體:
 - (i) 該實體與本集團屬同一集 團之成員公司;
 - (ii) 一實體為另一實體(或另一 實體之母公司、附屬公司 或同系附屬公司)之聯營公 司或合營企業;
 - (iii) 該實體與本集團為同一第 三方之合營企業;
 - (iv) 一實體為第三方實體之合 營企業及另一實體為第三 方實體之聯營公司;
 - (v) 該實體為本集團或一家與本集團有關連之實體就僱 員的福利而設的僱用後福 利計劃:
 - (vi) 該實體受(a)所指人士控制 或共同控制;
 - (vii) (a)(i)所指人士對實體有重大 影響或屬該實體(或該實體 母公司)主要管理人員的其 中一名成員:及

3.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

Related parties

A party is considered to be related to the Group if:

- (a) the party is a person or a close member of that person's family and that person
 - (i) has control or joint control over the Group;
 - (ii) has significant influence over the Group; or
 - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Group or of a parent of the Group;

or

- (b) the party is an entity where any of the following conditions applies:
 - (i) the entity and the Group are members of the same group;
 - (ii) one entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or of a parent, subsidiary or fellow subsidiary of the other entity);
 - (iii) the entity and the Group are joint ventures of the same third party;
 - (iv) one entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity;
 - the entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group;
 - (vi) the entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a);
 - (vii) a person identified in (a) (i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity); and

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3.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

關連人士(續)

- (b) 該方為符合下列任何一項條件之 實體:(續)
 - (viii) 該實體或該實體所屬集團 之任何成員公司為本集團 或本集團之母公司提供主 要管理人員服務。

物業、機器及設備以及折舊

物業、機器及設備按成本減累計折舊及任何減值虧損列賬。物業、機器及設備按成本減累計折舊及備項目之成本包括其購買價及將資定用途之地點以作擬定用途之時間,。物業、機器及設備項目。物業,例如維修保力質產脹面值或作為重置處內,。 資本計入資產脹面值或作為重置被以上,例如此數學, 資本計入資產脹面值或作為重置。 物業、機器及設備的重要的資產, 有關部分確認為個別的重要的資質, 有關的方式。 物業,本集團將有關部分確認為個別有 應折舊。

3.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

Related parties(Cont'd)

- (b) the party is an entity where any of the following conditions applies: (Cont'd)
 - (viii) the entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the Group or to the parent of the Group.

Property, plant and equipment and depreciation

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses. The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment comprises its purchase price and any directly attributable costs of bringing the assets to its working condition and location for its intended use. Expenditure incurred after items of property, plant and equipment have been put into operation, such as repairs and maintenance, is normally charged to the statement of profit or loss in the period in which it is incurred. In situations where the recognition criteria are satisfied, the expenditure for a major inspection is capitalised in the carrying amount of the asset as a replacement. Where significant parts of property, plant and equipment are required to be replaced at intervals, the Group recognises such parts as individual assets with specific useful lives and depreciates them accordingly.

Valuations are performed frequently enough to ensure that the fair value of a revalued asset does not differ materially from its carrying amount. Changes in the values of property, plant and equipment are dealt with as movements in the asset revaluation reserve. If the total of this reserve is insufficient to cover a deficit, on an individual asset basis, the excess of the deficit is charged to the statement of profit or loss. Any subsequent revaluation surplus is credited to the statement of profit or loss to the extent of the deficit previously charged. An annual transfer from the asset revaluation reserve to retained profits is made for the difference between the depreciation based on the revalued carrying amount of an asset and the depreciation based on the asset's original cost. On disposal of a revalued asset, the relevant portion of the asset revaluation reserve realised in respect of previous valuations is transferred to retained profits as a movement in reserves.

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3.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

物業、機器及設備以及折舊(續)

折舊乃按每項物業、機器及設備之估計 可使用年期以直線基準撇銷成本計算。 計算折舊之主要年率如下:

列為融資租約的

租賃土地	租期
樓宇	5%
設備及機器	10% - 331/3%
傢俬及裝置	20%
汽車	20%
遊艇	10%
租賃物業裝修	10% - 331/2%

當物業、機器及設備項目部分之可使用 年期不同時,該項目之成本按合理基準 在各部分間分配,而各部分將單獨計提 折舊。

剩餘價值、可使用年期及折舊法均於每個財政年度結束時進行檢討,並作出適 當調整。

物業、機器及設備項目(包括初步確認的任何重大部分)乃於出售後或當預期使用或出售將不會產生未來經濟利益時不再確認。於資產不再確認年度之損益表內確認之任何出售或報廢收益或虧損為出售所得款項淨額與有關資產之賬面值之差額。

3.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

Property, plant and equipment and depreciation (Cont'd)

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis to write off the cost of each item of property, plant and equipment to its residual value over its estimated useful life. The principal annual rates used for this purpose are as follows:

Leasehold land

under finance leases	Over the lease terms
Buildings	5%
Equipment and machinery	10% - 331/3 %
Furniture and fixtures	20%
Motor vehicles	20%
Motor yacht	10%
Leasehold improvements	10% - 331/3%

Where parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, the cost of that item is allocated on a reasonable basis among the parts and each part is depreciated separately.

Residual values, useful lives and the depreciation method are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at least at each financial year end.

An item of property, plant and equipment including any significant part initially recognised is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss on disposal or retirement recognised in the statement of profit or loss in the year the asset is derecognised is the difference between the net sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the relevant asset.

3.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

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3.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

投資物業

投資物業指為賺取租金收入及/或資本增值(而非作為生產或提供貨品或服務或行政管理用途)或為於日常業務過程中銷售而持有之土地及樓宇權益(包括就原應符合投資物業定義之物業根據經營租賃而持有之租賃權益)。該等物業最初按成本(包括交易成本)計算。於首次確認後,投資物業按反映報告期末之市況之公平值列賬。

投資物業公平值變動產生之收益或虧損 於產生年度計入損益表內。

報廢或出售投資物業產生之任何收益或 虧損於報廢或出售年度在損益表內確 認。

倘一項本集團佔用作擁有人佔有物業之物業成為投資物業,則本集團根據截至用途變動日期的「物業、廠房及設備以及折舊」所述政策列賬該項物業,而當日物業賬面值與公平值之間的任何差額則根據上文「物業、廠房及設備以及折舊」所述政策入賬列為重估。就將存貨轉撥至投資物業而言,該物業於當日的公平值與過往賬面值之間的任何差額於損益表中確認。

Investment properties

(Cont'd)

Investment properties are interests in land and buildings (including the leasehold interest under an operating lease for a property which would otherwise meet the definition of an investment property) held to earn rental income and/or for capital appreciation, rather than for use in the production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes; or for sale in the ordinary course of business. Such properties are measured initially at cost, including transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are stated at fair value, which reflects market conditions at the end of the reporting period.

Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair values of investment properties are included in the statement of profit or loss in the year in which they arise.

Any gains or losses on the retirement or disposal of an investment property are recognised in the statement of profit or loss in the year of the retirement or disposal.

If a property occupied by the Group as an owner-occupied property becomes an investment property, the Group accounts for such property in accordance with the policy stated under "Property, plant and equipment and depreciation" up to the date of change in use, and any difference at that date between the carrying amount and the fair value of the property is accounted for as a revaluation in accordance with the policy stated under "Property, plant and equipment and depreciation" above. For a transfer from inventories to investment properties, any difference between the fair value of the property at that date and its previous carrying amount is recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

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3.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

發展中物業

發展中物業按成本減減值虧損列賬。成本包括發展期間產生之全部發展費用、 借款成本及其他發展中物業直接應佔之 成本。

於預售或擬出售並預期由報告期末起一 年內落成之發展中物業列入流動資產 內。

持有供銷售之物業

持有供銷售之物業乃以成本及可變現淨值兩者中之較低者列入財務狀況表。成本包括土地成本、於發展期間撥充資本之利息及有關物業發展之其他直接成本。可變現淨值乃參考個別物業當時之市價減直至完成為止之所有成本(如適用)及推銷及銷售之成本計算。

租賃

凡將資產擁有權(法定業權除外)之絕大部分回報與風險轉由本集團承受之租約均列為融資租約。於訂立融資租約時,租賃資產之成本按最低租約付款之現值撥充資本,並連同承擔(利息部分除外)入賬,以反映購入及融資情況。根據撥充資本之融資租約持有之資產均列入制入數分,並於資產之估計。該等租約之融資成为可使用年期內折舊。該等租約之融資成本乃於損益表中扣除,以便於租期內按固定比率扣除。

3.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

Properties under development

Properties under development are stated at cost less any impairment losses, which include all development expenditure, borrowing costs and other costs directly attributable to such properties incurred during the development period.

Properties under development which have either been pre-sold or which are intended for sale and are expected to be completed within one year from the end of the reporting period are classified as current assets.

Properties held for sale

Properties held for sale are stated in the statement of financial position at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost includes the cost of land, interest capitalised during the period of development and other direct costs attributable to the development of the properties. Net realisable value is determined by reference to the prevailing market prices on an individual property basis, less all costs to completion, if applicable, and costs of marketing and selling.

Leases

Leases that transfer substantially all the rewards and risks of ownership of assets to the Group, other than legal title, are accounted for as finance leases. At the inception of a finance lease, the cost of the leased asset is capitalised at the present value of the minimum lease payments and recorded together with the obligation, excluding the interest element, to reflect the purchase and financing. Assets held under capitalised finance leases, including prepaid land lease payments under finance leases, are included in property, plant and equipment, and depreciated over the estimated useful lives of the assets. The finance costs of such leases are charged to the statement of profit or loss so as to provide a constant periodic rate of charge over the lease terms.

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3.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

租賃(續)

由出租者承受資產擁有權之絕大部分回 報與風險之租約均列為經營租約。倘本 集團為出租人,本集團根據經營租約所 租賃之資產乃計入非流動資產,根據經 營租約而應收之租金,乃於租期內以直 線法計入損益表。

倘本集團乃承租人,經營租約之租金均 按照租期以直線法自損益表扣除。

投資及其他金融資產

初步確認及計量

金融資產於初始確認時劃分為按公平值計入損益之金融資產、貸款及應收款項及可供出售金融投資,或歸入被指定為有效對沖工具的衍生工具(如適用)。金融資產進行初始確認時以公平值另加交易費用(直接歸屬於收購金融資產)計量,惟按公平值計入損益金融資產除外。

正常情況下買入及出售之金融資產於交易日確認,即本集團承諾購入或出售該 資產之日期。正常情況下買入或出售金 融資產須按規例或市場慣例一般設定之 期間內交付資產。

3.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

Leases (Cont'd)

Leases where substantially all the rewards and risks of ownership of assets remain with the lessor are accounted for as operating leases. Where the Group is the lessor, assets leased by the Group under operating leases are included in non-current assets, and rentals receivable under the operating leases are credited to the statement of profit or loss on the straight-line basis over the lease terms.

Where the Group is the lessee, rentals payable under operating leases are charged to the statement of profit or loss on the straight-line basis over the lease terms.

Investments and other financial assets

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets are classified, at initial recognition, as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, loans and receivables and available-for-sale financial investments, or as derivatives designated as hedging instruments in an effective hedge, as appropriate. When financial assets are recognised initially, they are measured at fair value plus transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial assets, except in the case of financial assets recorded at fair value through profit or loss.

All regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on the trade date, that is, the date that the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the period generally established by regulation or convention in the marketplace.

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3.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

投資及其他金融資產(續)

其後計量

金融資產按分類所進行之其後計量如 下:

按公平值計入損益之金融資產

按公平值計入損益之金融資產包括持作 買賣的金融資產及初始認定時按公平值 計入損益之金融資產。倘金融資產乃為 於短期內出售而購入,則分類為持做買 賣。衍生工具把包括獨立的嵌入式衍生 工具亦被分類為持作買賣,除非彼等被 指定為有效的對沖工具(定義見香港會 計準則第39號)。

按公平值計入損益之金融資產於財務狀況表按公平值列賬,而其公平淨值變動則損益表列賬。此等公平淨值變動不包括該等金融資產所賺取之任何股息,此等股息乃按照下文主要會計政策中的「收益確認」原則確認。

於初步確認時指定為按公平值計入損益 之金融資產在初步確認日期且僅在符合 香港會計準則第39號項下標準時指定。

3.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

Investments and other financial assets (Cont'd)

Subsequent measurement

The subsequent measurement of financial assets depends on their classification as follows:

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss include financial assets held for trading and financial assets designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss. Financial assets are classified as held for trading if they are acquired for the purpose of sale in the near term. Derivatives, including separated embedded derivatives, are also classified as held for trading unless they are designated as effective hedging instruments as defined by HKAS 39.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are carried in the statement of financial position at fair value with net changes in fair value recognised in the statement of profit or loss. These net fair value changes do not include any dividends on these financial assets, which are recognised in accordance with the policies set out for "Revenue recognition" below.

Financial assets designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss are designated at the date of initial recognition and only if the criteria in HKAS 39 are satisfied.

Derivatives embedded in host contracts are accounted for as separate derivatives and recorded at fair value if their economic characteristics and risks are not closely related to those of the host contracts and the host contracts are not held for trading or designated as at fair value through profit or loss. These embedded derivatives are measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in the statement of profit or loss. Reassessment only occurs if there is either a change in the terms of the contract that significantly modifies the cash flows that would otherwise be required or a reclassification of a financial asset out of the fair value through profit or loss category.

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3.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

投資及其他金融資產(續)

其後計量(續)

貸款及應收款項

貸款及應收款項乃固定或可釐定付款金額而在活躍市場中並無報價之非衍生金融資產。於初步確認後,該等資產隨後以實際利率法按攤銷成本減任何減值撥備入賬。計算攤銷成本時,應考慮收購時產生之任何折讓或溢價,且包括屬實際利率主要部分的費用或成本。實際利率難銷於損益表內的其他收入及收益列賬。減值產生的虧損在損益表之其他開支內確認。

可供出售金融投資

可供出售金融投資指非上市股本投資中 的非衍生金融資產。既非持作買賣,亦 非指定為按公平值計入損益的股本投資 分類為可供出售。

初始確認後,可供出售金融投資以公平 值作後續計量,未變現盈虧於其他全面 收益確認為可供出售投資重估儲備,直 至終止確認投資(累計收益或虧損於已 益表確認為其他收入)或釐定投資 值(累計收益或虧損自可供出售投資 值(累計收益或虧損自可供出售投資 虧損)為止。持有可供出售金融投資 虧損)為止。持有可供出售金融投資 虧損)為止。持有可供出售金融投資 虧損)為止。持有可供出售金融 資量 動力息及股息分別於損益表呈要會 計政策中的「收益確認」原則於損益表確 認為其他收入。

3.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

Investments and other financial assets (Cont'd)

Subsequent measurement (Cont'd)

Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. After initial measurement, such assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method less any allowance for impairment. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and includes fees or costs that are an integral part of the effective interest rate. The effective interest rate amortisation is included in other income and gains in the statement of profit or loss. The loss arising from impairment is recognised in the statement of profit or loss in other expenses.

Available-for-sale financial investments

Available-for-sale financial investments are non-derivative financial assets in unlisted equity investments. Equity investments classified as available for sale are those which are neither classified as held for trading nor designated as at fair value through profit or loss.

After initial recognition, available-for-sale financial investments are subsequently measured at fair value, with unrealised gains or losses recognised as other comprehensive income in the available-for-sale investment revaluation reserve until the investment is derecognised, at which time the cumulative gain or loss is recognised in the statement of profit or loss in other income, or until the investment is determined to be impaired, when the cumulative gain or loss is reclassified from the available-for-sale investment revaluation reserve to the statement of profit or loss in other gains or losses. Interest and dividends earned whilst holding the available-for-sale financial investments are reported as interest income and dividend income, respectively and are recognised in the statement of profit or loss as other income in accordance with the policies set out for "Revenue recognition" below.

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3.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

投資及其他金融資產(續)

其後計量(續)

可供出售金融投資(續)

當非上市股本投資的公平值由於(a)公平值合理估計範圍的變化對該投資而言屬重大或(b)上述範圍內各種預計的機率難以合理評估並用於估計公平值而無法可靠計量時,該等投資以成本減任何減值虧損列賬。

本集團會對近期出售可供出售金融資產之能力及意向是否仍然合適進行評估。 當市場不活躍而無法出售該等金融資產時,本集團在極特殊情況下會重新分類該等金融資產(倘本集團管理層有意向及能力在可見將來持有該等資產或持有至到期)。

倘金融資產從可供出售類別重新劃分為 其他類別,則重新分類當日的公平面值 為其新攤銷成本,之前於權益確認的該 資產的收益或虧損採用實際利率法按剩 餘投資年期在損益攤銷。新攤銷成本與 到期金額的差額亦採用實際利率法於資 產剩餘年期內攤銷。倘資產其後釐定為 已減值,則計入權益的金額重新分類至 損益表。

金融資產減值

3.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

Investments and other financial assets (Cont'd)

Subsequent measurement (Cont'd)

Available-for-sale financial investments (Cont'd)

When the fair value of unlisted equity investments cannot be reliably measured because (a) the variability in the range of reasonable fair value estimates is significant for that investment or (b) the probabilities of the various estimates within the range cannot be reasonably assessed and used in estimating fair value, such investments are stated at cost less any impairment losses.

The Group evaluates whether the ability and intention to sell its available-for-sale financial assets in the near term are still appropriate. When, in rare circumstances, the Group is unable to trade these financial assets due to inactive markets, the Group may elect to reclassify these financial assets if management has the ability and intention to hold the assets for the foreseeable future or until maturity.

For a financial asset reclassified from the available-for-sale category, the fair value carrying amount at the date of reclassification becomes its new amortised cost and any previous gain or loss on that asset that has been recognised in equity is amortised to profit or loss over the remaining life of the investment using the effective interest rate. Any difference between the new amortised cost and the maturity amount is also amortised over the remaining life of the asset using the effective interest rate. If the asset is subsequently determined to be impaired, then the amount recorded in equity is reclassified to the statement of profit or loss.

Impairment of financial assets

The Group assesses at the end of each reporting period whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired. An impairment exists if one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the asset have an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or the group of financial assets that can be reliably estimated. Evidence of impairment may include indications that a debtor or a group of debtors is experiencing significant financial difficulty, default or delinquency in interest or principal payments, the probability that they will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation and observable data indicating that there is a measurable decrease in the estimated future cash flows, such as changes in arrears or economic conditions that correlate with defaults.

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3.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

金融資產減值(續)

按攤銷成本列賬之金融資產

就按攤銷成本列賬之金融資產而言,本集團首先獨立評估個別重大之金融資產有否客觀減值跡象,或共同評估非個別重大之金融資產有否客觀減值跡象。倘本集團釐定個別已評估金融資產為並無客觀減值跡象,則有關資產不論是否實大,均會計入一組有相似信貸風險特別之金融資產,共同作減值評估。對於個別作減值評估之資產,倘其減值虧損會或會持續確認,則不會計入共同減值評估。

任何已識別之減值虧損金額按該資產之 賬面值與估計未來現金流量(不包括尚 未發生之未來貸方虧損)之現值兩者之 差額計算。估計未來現金流量之現值按 該金融資產之原實際利率(即初始確認 時使用之實際利率)折現。

資產賬面值會透過撥備賬扣減,虧損則 於損益表確認。為計算減值虧損,利息 收入會繼續以減少之賬面值並按用以貼 現未來現金流量之利率累計。如貸款及 應收款預期不大可能收回及所有抵押品 已變現或已轉讓至本集團,則會撇銷該 等貸款及應收款連同任何相關撥備。

倘在其後期間,由於減值確認後發生之事件,估計減值虧損金額增加或減少, 過往確認之減值虧損會因調整撥備賬而增加或減少。倘撇銷之款項可收回,則 收回之款項會計入損益表中。

3.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

Impairment of financial assets (Cont'd)

Financial assets carried at amortised cost

For financial assets carried at amortised cost, the Group first assesses whether impairment exists individually for financial assets that are individually significant, or collectively for financial assets that are not individually significant. If the Group determines that no objective evidence of impairment exists for an individually assessed financial asset, whether significant or not, it includes the asset in a group of financial assets with similar credit risk characteristics and collectively assesses them for impairment. Assets that are individually assessed for impairment and for which an impairment loss is, or continues to be, recognised are not included in a collective assessment of impairment.

The amount of any impairment loss identified is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows (excluding future credit losses that have not yet been incurred). The present value of the estimated future cash flows is discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate (i.e., the effective interest rate computed at initial recognition).

The carrying amount of the asset is reduced through the use of an allowance account and the loss is recognised in the statement of profit or loss. Interest income continues to be accrued on the reduced carrying amount using the rate of interest used to discount the future cash flows for the purpose of measuring the impairment loss. Loans and receivables together with any associated allowance are written off when there is no realistic prospect of future recovery and all collateral has been realised or has been transferred to the Group.

If, in a subsequent period, the amount of the estimated impairment loss increases or decreases because of an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is increased or reduced by adjusting the allowance account. If a write-off is later recovered, the recovery is credited to the statement of profit or loss.

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3.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

金融資產減值(續)

可供出售金融投資

對於可供出售金融投資,本集團於各呈報期末評估有否客觀證據顯示一項或一組投資出現減值。

倘可供出售資產已減值,其成本(已扣除任何本金付款及攤銷)與當時公平值的差額,減去以往已於損益表確認的減值虧損,從其他全面收益轉入損益表確認。

對於分類為可供出售的股權投資,相關客觀證據包括投資的公平值顯著或持續跌至低於成本。「顯著」乃根據投資的原始成本評定,而「持續」乃根據公平值低於初始成本之期間確定。倘有減值的,則累計虧損(按收購成本與當時內投資減值虧損計算)從其他全面收益報。歸類為可供出售股權投資的減值虧損不得透過損益表撥回,減值確認後公平值的增加直接於其他全面收益確認。

「顯著」或「持續」之定義需要判斷。在作 出此判斷時,本集團評估(其中包括因素)某項投資之公平值低於其成本之持 續時間或數額。

3.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

Impairment of financial assets (Cont'd)

Available-for-sale financial investments

For available-for-sale financial investments, the Group assesses at the end of each reporting period whether there is objective evidence that an investment or a group of investments is impaired.

If an available-for-sale asset is impaired, an amount comprising the difference between its cost (net of any principal payment and amortisation) and its current fair value, less any impairment loss previously recognised in the statement of profit or loss, is removed from other comprehensive income and recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

In the case of equity investments classified as available for sale, objective evidence would include a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of an investment below its cost. "Significant" is evaluated against the original cost of the investment and "prolonged" against the period in which the fair value has been below its original cost. Where there is evidence of impairment, the cumulative loss – measured as the difference between the acquisition cost and the current fair value, less any impairment loss on that investment previously recognised in the statement of profit or loss – is removed from other comprehensive income and recognised in the statement of profit or loss. Impairment losses on equity instruments classified as available for sale are not reversed through the statement of profit or loss. Increases in their fair value after impairment are recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The determination of what is "significant" or "prolonged" requires judgement. In making this judgement, the Group evaluates, among other factors, the duration or extent to which the fair value of an investment is less than its cost.

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3.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

不再確認金融資產

金融資產(或(倘適用)一項金融資產之 一部分或一組同類金融資產之一部分) 在下列情況將不再確認(即自本集團綜 合財務狀況表移除):

- 收取該項資產所得現金流量之權 利經已屆滿;或
- 本集團已轉讓其收取該項資產所得現金流量之權利,或須根據一項「通過」安排,在未有嚴重延緩的情況下,承擔全數支付收取現金流量的責任,並(a)已轉讓該項資產之絕大部分風險及回報;或(b)並無轉讓或保留該項資產絕大部分風險及回報,但已轉讓該項資產之控制權。

本集團凡轉讓其收取該項資產所得現金 流量之權利或已達成通過安排,其評估 是否已保留該項資產所有權之風險及回 報及其程度。倘並無轉讓或保留該項資產之絕大部分風險及回報,並且無轉讓或保留該項資產之控制權,則本集團繼續確認 已轉讓資產。在此情況下,本集團亦確認 一項聯營負債。轉讓資產的聯營負債及 以反映本集團保留的權利及責任的基準 計量。

持續涉及以擔保形式之轉讓資產,乃以該項資產之原賬面值及本集團可能需要支付之最高代價金額兩者之較低者計量。

3.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

Derecognition of financial assets

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognised (i.e., removed from the Group's consolidated statement of financial position) when:

- the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired; or
- the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a "passthrough" arrangement; and either (a) the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the Group has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, it evaluates if and to what extent it has retained the risk and rewards of ownership of the asset. When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset nor transferred control of the asset, the Group continues to recognise the transferred asset to the extent of the Group's continuing involvement. In that case, the Group also recognises an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Group has retained.

Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Group could be required to repay.

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3.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

金融負債

初始確認及計量

金融負債於初始確認時分類為按公平值 計入損益之金融負債、貸款及借貸,或 指定於有效對沖中作為對沖工具之衍生 工具(視情況而定)。

所有金融負債初始按公平值確認,倘為 貸款及借貸,則扣除直接應佔交易成 本。

本集團之金融負債包括應付貿易賬款及 應付保固金、計息銀行貸款及其他應付 款項。

其後計量

金融負債按其分類之其後計量如下:

貸款及借貸

於初始確認後,計息貸款及借貸其後會以實際利率法按攤銷成本計量,惟倘貼現效果並不重大,則會按成本列賬。當負債被剔除確認及已透過實際利率攤銷時,收益及虧損會於損益表中確認。

攤銷成本之計算已計及任何收購折讓或 溢價,以及屬於實際利率組成部分之費 用或成本。實際利率攤銷會計入損益表 之融資成本內。

3.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

Financial liabilities

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, loans and borrowings, or as derivatives designated as hedging instruments in an effective hedge, as appropriate.

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

The Group's financial liabilities include trade and retention payables, interest-bearing bank borrowings, and other payables.

Subsequent measurement

The subsequent measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification as follows:

Loans and borrowings

After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost. Gains and losses are recognised in the statement of profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the effective interest rate amortisation process.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the effective interest rate amortisation is included in finance costs in the statement of profit or loss.

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3.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

金融負債(續)

其後計量(續)

財務擔保合約

本集團作出之財務擔保合約即要求發行人作出特定付款以償付持有人因特定債務人未能根據債務工具之條款償還到期款項而招致損失之合約。財務擔保合約初步按其公平值確認為一項負債,並就作出該擔保直接產生之交易成本作出調整。於初步確認後,本集團按(i)報告期末之現有責任所須開支之最佳估計金額;及(ii)初步確認之金額減(如適用)累計攤銷(以較高者為準)計量財務擔保合約。

不再確認金融負債

當負債項下之責任獲解除或取消或屆滿時,會剔除確認金融負債。

倘現有金融負債被來自同一借款人但條款極不相同之另一項負債所取代,或對現有負債之條款進行大幅修改,上述更替或修訂將被視作剔除確認原有負債及確認新負債,而有關賬面值之差額將在損益表確認。

抵銷金融工具

在有現有可強制執行之合法權利抵銷確認金額及有意按淨額基準結算,或計劃同時變現資產及償還負債之情況下,金融資產及金融負債方可抵銷,淨額會呈報在財務狀況表內。

3.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

Financial liabilities (Cont'd)

Subsequent measurement (Cont'd)

Financial guarantee contracts

Financial guarantee contracts issued by the Group are those contracts that require a payment to be made to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because the specified debtor fails to make a payment when due in accordance with the terms of a debt instrument. A financial guarantee contract is recognised initially as a liability at its fair value, adjusted for transaction costs that are directly attributable to the issuance of the guarantee. Subsequent to initial recognition, the Group measures the financial guarantee contract at the higher of: (i) the amount of the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period; and (ii) the amount initially recognised less, when appropriate, cumulative amortisation.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled, or expires.

When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and a recognition of a new liability, and the difference between the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the statement of financial position if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

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3.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

衍生金融工具

初步確認及其後計量

本集團利用衍生金融工具(例如遠期貨幣合約及利率掉期交易)分別對沖其外匯風險及利率風險。該等衍生金融工具初步以訂立衍生工具之日的公平值確認,並隨後以公平值再計算。倘公平值為正數,衍生工具以資產入賬,而公平值倘為負數,則以負債入賬。

衍生工具之公平值變動所產生之任何盈 虧乃直接計入損益表,惟現金流對沖之 實際部分則於其他全面收益確認,並 後當對沖項目影響損益時重新分類至損 益。

流動與非流動分類對比

並無指定為有效對沖工具之衍生工具分類為流動或非流動或根據對事實及情況之評估(即相關合約現金流量)分開為流動及非流動部分。

- 倘本集團預期將持有衍生工具作 為經濟對沖(而並無應用對沖會計 處理方法)至超過報告期末後十二 個月期間,該衍生工具乃與相關 項目之分類一致分類為非流動(或 分開為流動及非流動部分)。
- 與主合約並非密切聯繫之嵌入式 衍生工具乃與主合約之現金流量 一致分類。
- 指定為及為有效對沖工具之衍生工具乃與相關對沖項目之分類一致分類。衍生工具僅於能可靠作出分配的情況下,才可分開為流動部分及非流動部分。

3.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

Derivative financial instruments

Initial recognition and subsequent measurement

The Group uses derivative financial instruments, such as forward currency contracts and interest rate swaps, to hedge its foreign currency risk and interest rate risk, respectively. Such derivative financial instruments are initially recognised at fair value on the date on which a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured at fair value. Derivatives are carried as assets when the fair value is positive and as liabilities when the fair value is negative.

Any gains or losses arising from changes in fair value of derivatives are taken directly to the statement of profit or loss, except for the effective portion of cash flow hedges, which is recognised in other comprehensive income and later reclassified to profit or loss when the hedged item affects profit or loss.

Current versus non-current classification

Derivative instruments that are not designated as effective hedging instruments are classified as current or non-current or separated into current and non-current portions based on an assessment of the facts and circumstances (i.e., the underlying contracted cash flows).

- Where the Group expects to hold a derivative as an economic hedge (and does not apply hedge accounting) for a period beyond 12 months after the end of the reporting period, the derivative is classified as non-current (or separated into current and non-current portions) consistently with the classification of the underlying item.
- Embedded derivatives that are not closely related to the host contract are classified consistently with the cash flows of the host contract.
- Derivative instruments that are designated as, and are effective hedging instruments, are classified consistently with the classification of the underlying hedged item. The derivative instruments are separated into current portions and non-current portions only if a reliable allocation can be made.

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3.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

存貨

存貨在適當扣除陳舊或滯銷貨品後按成本(以先入先出法計算)與可變現淨值兩者中之較低者列賬。可變現淨值乃估計售價減估計直至製成及出售止所需一切成本後之數額。

建築合約

合約收益包括已協議之合約數額及由修 訂訂單、索償及獎金所得之適當數額。 合約成本包括直接材料、分包成本、直 接勞工成本及合適比例之可變及固定建 築成本。

固定價格建築合約之收益按完成百分比 予以確認,並參考於該日已產生之成本 佔有關合約之估計總成本之比例計算。

成本加建築合約之收益按完成之百分比 予以確認,並參考於該段期間產生之可 收回成本及賺取之有關費用,以截至該 日已產生之成本佔有關合約之估計總成 本之比例計算。

若管理層預見未來會產生虧損,則會於 預見該等虧損時作出撥備。

若已產生之合約成本加已確認溢利減已確認虧損超過進度付款,該盈餘視作為客戶有關合約工程之欠款。

若進度付款超過截至該日之合約成本加 已確認溢利減已確認虧損,該盈餘視作 為欠客戶有關合約工程之款項。

3.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost, on the first-in, first-out basis, and net realisable value after making due allowance for any obsolete or slow-moving items. Net realisable value is based on estimated selling prices less any estimated costs to be incurred to completion and disposal.

Construction contracts

Contract revenue comprises the agreed contract amount and appropriate amounts from variation orders, claims and incentive payments. Contract costs incurred comprise direct materials, the costs of subcontracting, direct labour and an appropriate proportion of variable and fixed construction overheads.

Revenue from fixed price construction contracts is recognised using the percentage of completion method, measured by reference to the proportion of costs incurred to date to the estimated total cost of the relevant contract.

Revenue from cost plus construction contracts is recognised using the percentage of completion method, by reference to the recoverable costs incurred during the period plus the related fees earned, measured by the proportion of costs incurred to date to the estimated total cost of the relevant contract.

Provision is made for foreseeable losses as soon as they are anticipated by management.

Where contract costs incurred to date plus recognised profits less recognised losses exceed progress billings, the surplus is treated as an amount due from a contract customer.

Where progress billings exceed contract costs incurred to date plus recognised profits less recognised losses, the surplus is treated as an amount due to a contract customer.

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3.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

現金及等同現金項目

就綜合現金流量表而言,現金及等同現金項目包括手上現金及活期存款,以及可於收購之日起計之短到期日(一般為三個月內)即時轉換為確實數額現金及面對不重大之價值變動風險之短期高度流動投資項目,扣除須於要求時償還並為本集團之現金管理之完整部分之銀行誘支。

就綜合財務狀況表而言,現金及銀行結 存包括用途不受限制之手頭及銀行現 金,包括定期存款。

撥備

倘目前之某些責任(包括法定或推定)是由於一些過去已發生之事件所致,而且可能於未來有資源需要流出用作清還該責任,同時有關之金額能得到可靠估計,則會確認撥備。

當折讓效應重大時,就撥備而確認之金額為於報告期末預計需用作清還該責任之未來支出之現值。隨着時間而增加之現值之經折讓金額計入損益表之融資成本內。

3.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and demand deposits, and short term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash, are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and have a short maturity of generally within three months when acquired, less bank overdrafts which are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management.

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of financial position, cash and bank balances comprise cash on hand and at banks, including term deposits, which are not restricted as to use.

Provisions

A provision is recognised when a present obligation (legal or constructive) has arisen as a result of a past event and it is probable that a future outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, provided that a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

When the effect of discounting is material, the amount recognised for a provision is the present value at the end of the reporting period of the future expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation. The increase in the discounted present value amount arising from the passage of time is included in finance costs in the statement of profit or loss.

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3.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

所得税

所得税包括當前所得税和遞延所得税。 與並非於損益表確認之項目有關之所得 税不會於損益中確認,而於其他全面收 益或直接於權益中確認。

當前税項資產及負債以預期可予收回或 支付予税務機關之金額計算,計算之基 準為於報告期末前已經生效或實際上已 生效之税率(及税務法例),亦考慮本集 團經營所在國家現行之詮釋及慣例。

遞延稅項使用負債法就報告期末資產及 負債之稅基與其作財務申報用途之賬面 值之間產生之一切暫時性差異作出撥 備。

遞延税項負債乃就所有應課税暫時性差 異予以確認,惟以下情況除外:

- 於進行某項不屬於業務合併之交易時因初步確認資產或負債且無對會計溢利或應課稅溢利或虧損構成影響而產生之遞延稅項負債;及
- 就與於附屬公司之投資及於聯營公司之權益相關之應課稅暫時性差異而言,惟倘撥回暫時性差異的時間可予控制,且暫時性差異可能不會於可見將來撥回則作別論。

3.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

Income tax

Income tax comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax relating to items recognised outside statement of profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss, either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period, taking into consideration interpretations and practices prevailing in the countries in which the Group operates.

Deferred tax is provided, using the liability method, on all temporary differences at the end of the reporting period between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences, except:

- when the deferred tax liability arises from the initial recognition
 of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business
 combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the
 accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; and
- in respect of taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and associates, when the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

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3.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

所得税(續)

遞延稅項資產按所有可抵扣暫時性差異、未動用稅收抵免及未動用稅項虧損之結轉確認。遞延稅項資產之確認惟以將未來應課稅溢利用作抵銷可抵扣暫時性差異、可動用之未動用稅收抵免及未動用稅項虧損之結轉為限,惟以下情況除外:

- 於進行某項交易(並非業務合併之 交易)時因初步確認資產或負債且 無對會計溢利或應課稅溢利或虧 損構成影響而產生之可抵扣暫時 性差異有關之遞延稅項資產;及
- 就與於附屬公司之投資及於聯營公司之權益相關的可抵扣暫時性差異而言,遞延稅項資產僅在暫時性差異可能於可見將來撥回,及應課稅溢利可予動用抵銷暫時性差異時始予確認。

遞延税項資產之賬面值於各報告期末進 行檢討,並減至將不能再有足夠應課税 溢利以動用全部或部分遞延税項資產為 限。未確認之遞延税項資產則於各報告 期末進行重估,並於將可能有足夠應課 税溢利以動用全部或部分遞延税項資產 時確認。

遞延税項資產及負債乃依據於報告期末 已頒佈或實質上已頒佈之税率(及税務 法例),按預期適用於變現資產或償還 負債期間之税率計算。

當存在可依法執行之權利,可將即期稅 項資產抵銷即期稅項負債,而遞延稅項 涉及同一應課稅實體及同一稅務機關 時,遞延稅項資產及遞延稅項負債方可 互相抵銷。

3.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

Income tax (Cont'd)

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, the carryforward of unused tax credits and any unused tax losses. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, the carryforward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilised, except:

- when the deferred tax asset relating to the deductible temporary differences arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; and
- in respect of deductible temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and associates, deferred tax assets are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that the temporary differences will reverse in the foreseeable future and taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are reassessed at the end of each reporting period and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

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3.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

收益確認

當經濟利益流入本集團,及收益可可靠 地計量時,有關收益按以下基準確認:

- (a) 來自地基打樁及地盤堪查合約 如上文「建築合約」之會計政策中 進一步闡釋之完成百份比為基 進:
- (b) 來自出售持有供銷售之物業 當擁有權之大部分風險及回報已 轉至買家時:
- (c) 來自機器買賣

當擁有權之大部分風險及回報已 轉至買家,而本集團不保留一般 與擁有權有關之某程度管理權, 亦不再實際控制已出售之機器;

- (d) 物業及機器租賃之租金收入 在物業及機器出租期間按直線法 在租期內計算;
- (e) 來自提供物業管理服務 於提供有關服務之有關期內;
- (f) 利息收入

按應計基準以實際利率法採用將 金融工具在預計可用年期期間估 計在日後收取之現金精確折現至 金融資產賬面淨值之利率確認; 及

(g) 股息收入

當股東收取股息之權利確定時。

3.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and when the revenue can be measured reliably, on the following bases:

- From foundation piling and site investigation contracts
 On the percentage of completion basis, as further explained in the accounting policy for "Construction contracts" above;
- (b) From the sale of properties held for sale
 When the significant risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred to the buyer;
- (c) From machinery trading

When the significant risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred to the buyer, provided that the Group maintains neither managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership, nor effective control over the machines sold;

- (d) Rental income from property and machinery leasing
 In the period in which the properties and machines are leased and on the straight-line basis over the lease terms;
- (e) From the rendering of property management services

 In the period in which such services are rendered;
- (f) Interest income

On an accrual basis using the effective interest rate method by applying the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash receipts over the expected life of the financial instrument to the net carrying amount of the financial asset; and

(g) Dividend income

When shareholder's right to receive payment has been established.

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3.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

僱員福利

以股份為基礎之付款

本公司設立一項購股權計劃,作為向為本集團成功營運作出貢獻之合資格參與者給予獎勵及回報。本集團之僱員(包括董事)按以股份為基礎之付款之方式收取報酬,而僱員提供服務作為收取股權工具之代價(「以股權支付之交易」)。

於二零零二年十一月七日後,與僱員進 行以股權支付之交易之成本,乃參照授 出日期之公平值計算。公平值由外聘估 值師使用二項式釐定。

以股權支付之交易之成本,連同權益相應增加部分,在績效及/或服務條件獲達成之期間在僱員福利開支中確認。在歸屬日期前,於各報告期末確認之以股權支付之交易之累計開支,以反映歸屬期已到期部分及本集團對最終將會歸屬之股權工具數目之最佳估計。在某一期間內在損益表內扣除或進賬,乃反映累計開支於期初與期終確認時之變動。

於釐定購股權的授出日期公允價值時,不會考慮服務及非市場表現條件,惟會對達成條件的可能性作出評估,作為本集團對最終將獲歸屬的股本工具數目的最佳估計之一部分。市場表現條件會於授出日期公允價值內反映。購股權附帶的任何其他條件(但並無關連服務規定)被視為非歸屬條件。非歸屬條件會於購股權的公允價值內反映並引致即時將購股權支銷,惟亦有服務及/或表現條件時則除外。

3.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

Employee benefits

Share-based payments

The Company operates a share option scheme for the purpose of providing incentives and rewards to eligible participants who contribute to the success of the Group's operations. Employees (including directors) of the Group receive remuneration in the form of share-based payments, whereby employees render services as consideration for equity instruments ("equity-settled transactions").

The cost of equity-settled transactions with employees for grants after 7 November 2002 is measured by reference to the fair value at the date at which they are granted. The fair value is determined by an external valuer using a binomial model.

The cost of equity-settled transactions is recognised in employee benefit expense, together with a corresponding increase in equity, over the period in which the performance and/or service conditions are fulfilled. The cumulative expense recognised for equity-settled transactions at the end of each reporting period until the vesting date reflects the extent to which the vesting period has expired and the Group's best estimate of the number of equity instruments that will ultimately vest. The charge or credit to the statement of profit or loss for a period represents the movement in the cumulative expense recognised as at the beginning and end of that period.

Service and non-market performance conditions are not taken into account when determining the grant date fair value of awards, but the likelihood of the conditions being met is assessed as part of the Group's best estimate of the number of equity instruments that will ultimately vest. Market performance conditions are reflected within the grant date fair value. Any other conditions attached to an award, but without an associated service requirement, are considered to be non-vesting conditions. Non-vesting conditions are reflected in the fair value of an award and lead to an immediate expensing of an award unless there are also service and/or performance conditions.

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3.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

僱員福利(續)

以股份為基礎之付款(續)

對於因未達成非市場表現及/或服務條件而最終未歸屬的購股權,不會確認任何開支。倘購股權包括市場或非歸屬條件,只要所有其他表現及/或條件已經達成,則不論市場或非歸屬條件是否達成,交易均會被視為歸屬。

倘若以股權支付之購股權之條款有所變 更,所確認之開支最少須達到猶如條款 並無任何變更及符合已授出購股權的原 條款之水平。此外,倘若按變更日期之 計算,任何變更導致以股份為基礎之付 款之總公平值有所增加,或為僱員帶來 其他利益,則應就該等變更確認開支。

倘若以股權支付之購股權被註銷,應被 視為已於註銷日期歸屬,而任何尚未確 認之授予購股權開支應即時確認,其包 括本集團或僱員未達成非歸屬條件的任 何購股權。然而,倘授予新購股權代替 已註銷之購股權,並於授出日期指定為 替代購股權,則已註銷之購股權及新購 股權,均應被視為原購股權之變更,一 如前段所述。

於計算每股盈利時,尚未行使購股權之 攤薄影響乃反映為額外股份攤薄。

有薪假期結轉

本集團根據其僱員之僱傭合約按每個曆年之基準為僱員提供有薪年假。在若干情況下,於報告期末尚未利用之該等假期獲准結轉累積,並由有關之各個僱員於下一年度動用。於報告期末,已就僱員於該年度應得及所結轉之有薪假期之預期未來成本作出應計費用。

3.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

Employee benefits (Cont'd)

Share-based payments (Cont'd)

For awards that do not ultimately vest because non-market performance and/or service conditions have not been met, no expense is recognised. Where awards include a market or non-vesting condition, the transactions are treated as vesting irrespective of whether the market or non-vesting condition is satisfied, provided that all other performance and/or conditions are satisfied.

Where the terms of an equity-settled award are modified, as a minimum an expense is recognised as if the terms had not been modified, if the original terms of the award are met. In addition, an expense is recognised for any modification that increases the total fair value of the share-based payments, or is otherwise beneficial to the employee as measured at the date of modification.

Where an equity-settled award is cancelled, it is treated as if it had vested on the date of cancellation, and any expense not yet recognised for the award is recognised immediately. This includes any award where non-vesting conditions within the control of either the Group or the employee are not met. However, if a new award is substituted for the cancelled award, and is designated as a replacement award on the date that it is granted, the cancelled and new awards are treated as if they were a modification of the original award, as described in the previous paragraph.

The dilutive effect of outstanding options is reflected as additional share dilution in the computation of earnings per share.

Paid leave carried forward

The Group provides paid annual leave to its employees under their employment contracts on a calendar year basis. Under certain circumstances, such leave which remains untaken as at the end of the reporting period is permitted to be carried forward and utilised by the respective employees in the following year. An accrual is made at the end of the reporting period for the expected future cost of such paid leave earned during the year by the employees and carried forward.

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3.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

僱員福利(續)

退休金計劃

本集團為若干香港僱員設立固定比例供款公積金(「公積金」),其資產乃與本集團之資產分開管理,且由獨立專業基金經理負責管理。公積金之供款按合資格僱員基本薪酬之某個百分比計算,當計劃規定之供款到期支付時,從損益表中扣除。公積金之持續供款已於一九九九年四月一日終止。

於強制性公積金退休福利計劃(「強積金計劃」)實施後,本集團已重整其退休制劃了實施後,本集團已重整其退休例。本集團就上述退休福利計劃取得全期,以符合強制性公積金點免地位,此外,並由二種學與經批准之固定比例供款強循金計劃之間之時,從損益表中扣除。強積金計劃支付時,從損益表中扣除。強積金計劃之資產與本集團之資產分開管理。與之僱員在強積金計劃之供款至歸屬僱員。

位於中國內地之本集團附屬公司僱員須 參與由當地市政府設立之中央公積金計 劃。該等附屬公司須為中央公積金計劃 作出供款,款項為彼等薪金之若干百分 比。供款於根據中央公積金計劃規例須 予支付時計入損益表內。

3.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

Employee benefits (Cont'd)

Pension schemes

The Group operated a defined contribution provident fund (the "Fund") for certain of its employees in Hong Kong, the assets of which were held separately from those of the Group and were managed by an independent professional fund manager. Contributions under the Fund were made based on a percentage of the eligible employees' basic salaries and were charged to the statement of profit or loss as they became payable in accordance with the rules of the scheme. The ongoing contributions to the Fund were terminated on 1 April 1999.

Following the introduction of the Mandatory Provident Fund retirement benefit scheme (the "MPF Scheme"), the Group has restructured its retirement scheme arrangements to comply with the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance. The Group has secured a Mandatory Provident Fund exemption status for the Fund and, in addition, has participated in an approved defined contribution MPF Scheme with effect from 1 December 2001, for all of its employees in Hong Kong. Contributions are made based on a percentage of the employees' basic salaries and are charged to the statement of profit or loss as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the MPF Scheme. The assets of the MPF Scheme are held separately from those of the Group in an independently administered fund. The Group's employer contributions vest fully with the employees when contributed into the MPF Scheme.

The employees of the Group's subsidiaries located in Mainland China are required to participate in a central pension scheme operated by the local municipal government. These subsidiaries are required to contribute a certain percentage of their covered payroll to the central pension scheme. The contributions are charged to the statement of profit or loss as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the central pension scheme.

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3.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

借貸成本

因收購、建築或生產合資格資產(即需要長時間撥備作擬定用途或銷售之資產)而直接產生之借貸成本乃資本化作該等資產之部分成本。當資產大致上可作擬定用途或銷售時,即停止將借貸用於合資格資產之前作為短暫投資所賺取之投資收入於已資本化之借貸成本中扣除。所有其他借貸成本於其產生期間支銷。借貸成本包括利息及實體就資金借貸產生之其他成本。

外幣

該等財務報表乃以本公司之功能貨幣港元呈列。本集團內各實體釐定其本身之功能貨幣,而各實體計入財務報表內之項目乃以該功能貨幣計算。本集團內實體所記錄之外幣交易初步按其各自於交易日期適用之功能貨幣匯率記錄。以外幣為單位之貨幣資產與負債乃按報告期末適用之功能貨幣匯率重新換算。因結算或換算貨幣項目而產生的差額於損益表確認。

3.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Conf'd)

Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, i.e., assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are capitalised as part of the cost of those assets. The capitalisation of such borrowing costs ceases when the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs capitalised. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred. Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds.

Foreign currencies

These financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars, which is the Company's functional currency. Each entity in the Group determines its own functional currency and items included in the financial statements of each entity are measured using that functional currency. Foreign currency transactions recorded by the entities in the Group are initially recorded using their respective functional currency rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the functional currency rates of exchange ruling at the end of the reporting period. Differences arising on settlement or translation of monetary items are recognised in the statement of profit or loss.



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3.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

外幣(續)

按外幣歷史成本計算之非貨幣項目按首次交易日期之匯率換算。按外幣公平值計算之非貨幣項目則按計量公平值當日之匯率換算。因重新換算按公平值計量之非貨幣項目而產生之損益之處理方式與確認項目公平值之變動損益相一致(即公平值損益於其他全面收益或損益表內確認的項目之換算差額亦分別於其他全面收益或損益表內確認)。

若干海外附屬公司之功能貨幣為港元以外之貨幣。於報告期末,該等實體之資產與負債乃按報告期末適用之匯率換算為港元,其損益表則按本年度之加權平均匯率換算為港元。因此而產生之匯兑差額於其他全面收益確認及於匯兑浮動儲備累計。出售外國實體時,有關該項特定外國業務之其他全面收益部分,乃於損益表內確認。

就綜合現金流量表而言,海外附屬公司 之現金流量乃以出現現金流量當日之匯 率換算為港幣。而海外附屬公司於年內 經常出現之現金流量項目則以年內之加 權平均匯率換算為港幣。

3.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

Foreign currencies (Cont'd)

Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions. Non-monetary items measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was measured. The gain or loss arising on translation of a non-monetary item measured at fair value is treated in line with the recognition of the gain or loss on change in fair value of the item (i.e., translation difference on the item whose fair value gain or loss is recognised in other comprehensive income or profit or loss, respectively).

The functional currencies of certain overseas subsidiaries are currencies other than the Hong Kong dollar. As at the end of the reporting period, the assets and liabilities of these entities are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the exchange rates prevailing at the end of the reporting period and their statements of profit or loss are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the weighted average exchange rates for the year. The resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the exchange fluctuation reserve. On disposal of a foreign operation, the component of other comprehensive income relating to that particular foreign operation is recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows, the cash flows of overseas subsidiaries are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the exchange rates ruling at the dates of the cash flows. Frequently recurring cash flows of overseas subsidiaries which arise throughout the year are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the weighted average exchange rates for the year.

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4. 重大會計判斷及估計

在應用本集團之會計政策時,管理層根據過往經驗、對未來之預期及其他資料作出不同判斷及估計。可能對綜合財務報表內確認之金額構成重大影響之估計不明朗因素之主要來源披露如下:

應收貿易賬款及應收保固金減值

本集團之應收貿易賬款及應收保固金減值政策乃根據評估賬目之可收回程度及 賬齡分析以及按管理層之判斷而釐定。 在評估該等應收款項之最終變現情況時,須要作出很大程度之判斷及估計, 基於每名客戶現時之信譽、過去之收回 歷史以及後續結算情況。倘本集團客戶 之財政狀況轉壞,導致彼等之付款能力 減弱,則須作出額外撥備。進一步詳情 附註披露於該等財務報表附註22。

建築工程之完工百分比

本集團根據建築工程個別合約之完工百分比確認收益。本集團管理層將估計建築工程之完工百分比。該等估計乃根據總預算成本中所產生之實際成本作出。管理層亦基於變動工程之合約金額及工程價值而估計相應之合約收益。基於全額之日期與合約完成日期通常處於不同之會計期間內。於合約進行時,本集團同時審閱及修訂各建築合約編製之預算內之合約收益及合約成本之估計。

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES

In the process of applying the Group's accounting policies, management makes various judgements and estimates based on past experience, expectations of the future and other information. The key sources of estimation uncertainty that can significantly affect the amounts recognised in the consolidated financial statements are disclosed below:

Impairment of trade and retention receivables

The policy for impairment of trade and retention receivables of the Group is based on the evaluation of collectibility and aging analysis of trade and retention receivables and on management's judgement. Significant judgement and estimates is required in assessing the ultimate realisation of these receivables, based on the current creditworthiness, the past collection history and subsequent settlements of each customer. If the financial conditions of customers of the Group were to deteriorate, resulting in an impairment of their ability to make payments, additional provisions may be required. Further details are disclosed in note 22 to the financial statements.

Percentage of completion of construction works

The Group recognises revenue according to the percentage of completion of the individual contract of construction works. The Group's management estimates the percentage of completion of construction works based on actual costs incurred over the total budgeted costs. Corresponding contract revenue was also estimated by management based on contract sum and works values from variation works. Because of the nature of the activities undertaken for the construction contracts, the date at which the contracts are entered into and the date when the contract are completed usually fall into different accounting periods. The Group reviews and revises the estimates of both contract revenue and contract costs in the budget prepared for each construction contract as the contract progresses.

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4. 重大會計判斷及估計(續)

建築工程之完工百分比(續)

在釐定總預算成本時,管理層參考(i)分包商及供應商現時或近期之報價;(ii)來自客戶之修訂訂單;及(iii)對質檢部所提供項目完工所需材料成本、勞工成本及其他成本之估計等資料。

即期税項及遞延税項

本集團須繳納多個司法權區之所得税。 釐定稅項撥備金額及繳付相關稅項之時 間時需要作出重大判斷。在日常業務過 程中,多項交易及釐定最終稅項之計算 方法未能確定。倘若該等事宜之最終稅 項結果與初步記錄金額不同,則有關差 額將影響作出釐定期間之所得稅及遞延 稅項撥備。進一步詳情披露於該等財務 報表附註11及30。

中國土地增值税(「土地增值税 |)

土地增值税乃就土地價值之增值數額 (即出售物業所得款項減包括土地使用 權攤銷、借貸成本、營業税及所有物 業發展開支在內之可扣減開支)按介乎 30%至60%不等之遞增税率徵收。該税 項於轉讓物業所有權時產生。

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES (Cont'd)

Percentage of completion of construction works (Cont'd)

When determining the total budgeted costs, management makes reference to information such as (i) current or recent offers from subcontractors and suppliers, (ii) variation orders received from customers, and (iii) estimation on material costs, labour costs and other costs for the completion of the projects provided by quantity survey department.

Current and deferred tax

The Group is subject to income taxes in a number of jurisdictions. Significant judgement is required in determining the amount of the provision for tax and the timing of payment of the related taxes. There are transactions and calculations for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain during the ordinary course of business. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will have an impact on the income tax and deferred tax provisions in the period in which such determination is made. Further details are disclosed in notes 11 and 30 to the financial statements.

Mainland China land appreciation taxes ("LAT")

LAT is levied at progressive rates ranging from 30% to 60% on the appreciation of land value, being the proceeds from sales of properties less deductible expenditures including amortisation of land use rights, borrowing costs, business taxes and all property development expenditures. The tax is incurred upon transfer of property ownership.

31 December 2016 二零一六年十二月三十一日

4. 重大會計判斷及估計(續)

中國土地增值稅(「土地增值稅」)

5. 經營分類資料

本集團之經營業務根據其業務性質及所 提供之產品及服務獨立組織及管理。經 營分類按與向本公司主要管理人員進行 內部報告一致之方式報告,詳情如下:

- (a) 地基打樁(包括地盤堪查業務);
- (b) 物業發展;
- (c) 物業投資及管理;及
- (d) 「企業及其他」分類主要包括本集 團之企業營運與機械租賃及買賣 業務。

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES (Conf'd)

Mainland China land appreciation taxes ("LAT") (Cont'd)

Subsidiaries of the Group engaging in the property development business in Mainland China are subject to LAT. The Group has not yet finalised its LAT calculation and payments for certain of its property development projects with various tax authorities and the deductibility of expenditures incurred for each project is uncertain. Accordingly, significant judgement is required in determining the amount of land appreciation and its related taxes. The Group recognises these liabilities based on management's best estimates with reference to the past experience, tax regulations and correspondences with local tax authorities. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will impact the consolidated financial statements in the period in which such determination is made. Further details are disclosed in note 11 to the financial statements.

5. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Group's operating businesses are structured and managed separately, according to the nature of their operations and the products and services they provide. Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with internal reporting to the Company's key management personnel as follows:

- (a) the foundation piling segment (including site investigation operation);
- (b) the property development segment;
- (c) the property investment and management segment; and
- (d) the "corporate and others" segment comprises, principally, the Group's corporate operation, and machinery leasing and trading businesses.

31 December 2016 二零一六年十二月三十一日

5. 經營分類資料(續)

管理層個別監控本集團經營分類之業績,以作出有關資源分配及表現評估之決定。評估分類表現以可報告分類溢利/(虧損)(經調整除稅前溢利/(虧損)之計量標準)為基準。

經調整除税前溢利/(虧損)乃貫徹本集團之持續經營業務除税前溢利計量,惟利息收入、融資成本及本集團金融工具公平值盈利/(虧損)除外。

分類資產不包括衍生金融工具、遞延税 項資產、預付税項及定期存款,原因為 該等資產乃按集團基準管理。

分類負債不包括計息銀行借貸、應付税 項及遞延税項負債,原因為該等負債乃 按集團基準管理。

分類業務間之銷售及轉讓乃參考向第三 方銷售時之售價按當時之市價進行交 易。

5. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION (Cont'd)

Management monitors the results of the Group's operating segments separately for the purpose of making decisions about resource allocation and performance assessment. Segment performance is evaluated based on reportable segment profit/loss, which is a measure of adjusted profit/loss before tax.

The adjusted profit/loss before tax is measured consistently with the Group's profit before tax from continuing operations except that interest income, finance costs, and fair value gains/losses from the Group's financial instruments are excluded from such measurement.

Segment assets exclude derivative financial instrument, deferred tax assets, tax prepaid and time deposits as these assets are managed on a group basis.

Segment liabilities exclude interest-bearing bank borrowings, tax payable and deferred tax liabilities as these liabilities are managed on a group basis.

Intersegment sales and transfers are transacted with reference to the selling prices used for sales made to third parties at the then prevailing market prices.

31 December 2016 二零一六年十二月三十一日

5. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION (Cont'd)

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日 Period ended 31 December 2016 止期間以及截至二零一六年三月

Period ended 31 December 2016 and year ended 31 March 2016

						物業投資及管理	[及管理						
		地基打樁	叮椿	物業發展	强	Property investment and	sstment and	企業及其他	其他	抵銷		400	
		Foundation piling	on piling	Property developmen	relopment	management	ement	Corporate and others	nd others	Elimination	tion	Consolidated	lated
		自二零一六年		自二零一六年		自二零一六年		自二零一六年		自二零一六年		自二零一六年	
		四月一日至		四月一日至		四月一日至		四月一日至		四月一日至		四月一日至	
		二零一六年	種田	二零一六年	種	二零一六年	横紅	二零一六年	献	二零一六年	無社	二零一六年	製工
		十二月三十一日	二零一六年	十二月三十一日	二零一六年	十二月三十一日	二零一六年	十二月三十一日	二零一六年	十二月三十一日	二零一六年	H=H=H=	二零一六年
		上期間	三月三十一日	上期間	三月三十一日	上期間	Ξ <u>Я</u> Ξ+−Β	上期間	三月三十一日	に期間	三月三十一日	上期間	三月三十一日
		Period from	止年度	Period from	止年度	Period from	止年度	Period from	止年度	Period from	止年度	Period from	止年度
		l April	Year	1 April	Year	1 April	Year	1 April	Year	1 April	Year	1 April	Year
		2016 to	ended	2016 to	pepue	2016 to	papua	2016 to	papua	2016 to	pepue	2016 to	pepue
		31 December	31 March	31 December	31 March	31 December	31 March	31 December	31 March	31 December	31 March	31 December	31 March
		2016	2016	2016	2016	2016	2016	2016	2016	2016	2016	2016	2016
		千港元	干游元	千诺元	干港元	千港元	大海元	千港元	子游元	千港元	开游元	千港元	干港元
		HK\$,000	H\$000	HK\$,000	HK\$'000	HK\$,000	HK\$,000	HK\$,000	HK\$'000	HK\$,000	HK\$,000	HK\$,000	HK\$.000
分類收益:	Segment revenue:												
銷售予外間客戶	Sales to external customers	2,115,532	3,018,427	886,388	959,964	2,165	26,177	26,475	52,748	1	1	3,030,560	4,057,316
分類業務間之銷售	Intersegment sales	I	1	ı	194	ı	ı	1,311	964	(1,311)	[1,158]	ı	ı
其他收入及盈利,淨額	Other income and gains, net	6,863	5,340	6,508	3,701	320	114,386	1,561	2,136	1	1	18,252	125,563
· 本立	Total	2,125,395	3,023,767	892,896	963,859	2,485	140,563	29,347	55,848	(1,311)	[1,158]	3,048,812	4,182,879

經營分類資料(續)

三十一日止年度

31 December 2016 二零一六年十二月三十一日

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Period ended 31 December 2016 and year ended 31 March 2016 (Cont'd)

Properly investment Properly investment							物業投資及管理	及管理				
Property chandequent Property chandequent			地基	·] 奉	物業多	發展	Property in	rvestment	企業及	2其他	魏	√□
1			Foundatio	n piling	Property dev	velopment	and manc	agement	Corporate	and others	Consol	idated
19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19			自二零一六年		ΤÜ		自二零一六年		自二零一六年		自二零一六年	
1			四月一日至	戴拉	四月一日至	献	四月一日至	戴	四月一日至	献	四月一日至	截至
中国			二零一六年	二零一六年	二零一六年	まる	二零一六年	張会	二零一六年	二零一六年	二零一六年	二零一六年
Period form Pe			十二月三十一日	+	十二月三十一日	三月三十一日	十二月三十一日	三月三十一日	十二月三十一日	三月三十一日	十二月三十一日	三月三十一日
Period form			下期間	止年度	上期間	止年度	上期間	止年度	上期間	止年度	上期間	<u></u> 止年度
Appil 2016 b App			Period form	Year	Period form	Year	Period form	Year	Period form	Year	Period form	Year
10 December 31 Morch 31 December 31 Morch 3016 2			1 April 2016 to	pepue	1 April 2016 to	ended	1 April 2016 to	pepue	1 April 2016 to	pepue	1 April 2016 to	papua
2016 7指示 不指示 不能示 不能示 不能示 不能定 不能定 不能定 不能定 不能定 不能定 不能定 不能定 工			31 December	31 March	31 December	31 March	31 December	31 March	31 December	31 March	31 December	31 March
技術 千港元 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 <td></td> <td></td> <td>2016</td>			2016	2016	2016	2016	2016	2016	2016	2016	2016	2016
E型 Monogement results 274,707 394,605 322,172 515,014 (9,678) 125,366 (68,627) 186,927 518,574 E型 Monogement results 48,797 (698) (48,102) (11,393) - - (95,509) (3,482) 110,235 File EM Monogement incentive bonus 48,797 (698) (48,102) (11,393) - - (95,509) (3,482) 10,235 File EM From clausitive instruments - transaction not qualifying as hedge Finance costs Finance costs <td></td> <td></td> <td>千港元</td>			千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
E型 Monogement results 274,707 394,605 322,172 515,014 (9,678) 125,366 (68,627) (86,927) 518,574 Eff. Monogement incentive bonus (48,797) (698) (48,102) (11,393) - - (95,509) (3,482) (192,408) 所 rout volue gains on derivative instruments - transaction not qualifying as hedge. Finance costs - - (95,509) (3,482) (192,408) Profit before tax income box expenses Finance costs - - (95,509) (3,482) (192,408) Biblish year Profit before tax Profit before tax - - (95,509) (3,482) (19,2408) Biblish year Profit before tax Profit before tax - - (95,509) (3,482) (19,2408)			HK\$,000	HK\$,000	HK\$,000	HK\$,000	HK\$,000	HK\$,000	HK\$,000	HK\$,000	HK\$,000	HK\$'000
	類業績	Segment results	274,707	394,605	322,172	515,014	(8/9'6)	125,366	(68,627)	(86,927)	518,574	948,058
格對中交易 instruments transaction	理層獎勵花紅 息收入 生工具公平值盈利	Management incentive bonus Interest income Fair value gains on derivative	[48,797]	(869)	[48,102]	(1,393)	I	I	(605'56)	(3,482)	(192,408) 10,235	(5,573 15,546
Profit before tox 1226,641] Income tox expense (226,641) Profit for the period /year 128,357	—不合資格對沖交易 資成本	instruments - transaction not qualifying as hedge Finance costs									27,662 (9,065)	5,302
Profit for the period/year	税前溢利 得税開支	Profit before tax Income tax expense									354,998 (226,641)	951,837
	期間/年度溢利	Profit for the period/year									128,357	512,508

經營分類資料(續)

 $ar{a}$ 至二零一六年十二月三十一日 止期間以及截至二零一六年三月 三十一日止年度 $(ar{a})$

31 December 2016 二零一六年十二月三十一日

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Period ended 31 December 2016 and year ended 31 March 2016 (Cont'd)

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日 止期間以及截至二零一六年三月

經營分類資料(續)

5.

三十一日止年度(續)

	都	others	_零−六年	<u>∃</u> Я <u></u> <u></u> <u></u>	31 December	2016 2016 2016	千港元	HK\$'000 HK\$'000		263,635 3,901,771 4,239,320	1,625,186	5,526,957 5,608,055	23,278 1,640,460 1,554,407	926,767	2 547 777		
	企業及其他	Corporate and others	二零一六年	十二月三十一日	31 December	2016	千港元	HK\$,000		248,117			123,550				
物業投資及管理	Property investment	and management	二零一六年	三月三十一日	31 March	2016	千海元	N \$ 000		322,895			6,428				
物業投	Property	and ma	二零一六年	十二月三十一日	31 December	2016	千港元	HK\$,000		26,399			7,697				
	物業發展	Property development	二零一六年	Ш	33	2016		HK\$ 000		2,480,806			420,554				
	餐	Property de	二零一六年	十二月三十一日	31 December		千港元	HK\$'000		2,307,417			481,215				
	地基打樁	B举打管 dation piling	地基扎裔 Foundation piling	率3.1倍 ution piling	二零一六年	三月三十一日	31	2016		HK\$,000		1,171,984			1,104,147		
		Four	二零一六年	H-HEHEH-H	31 December	2016	千港元	HK\$,000		1,319,838			1,027,998				
									Assets and liabilities	Segment assets	Unallocated		Segment liabilities	Unallocated			
									資産及負債	分類資產	無分類		分類負債	無分類			

31 December 2016 二零一六年十二月三十一日

5. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION (Cont'd)

Period ended 31 December 2016 and year ended 31 March 2016 (Cont'd)

						物業投資及管理	で管理					/ \
		地基打	ಀಀ	物業發展	∏#IX	Property investment	estment	企業及其他	是	黎		· —/
		Foundation	ı piling	Property development	lopment	and management	ement	Corporate and others	d others	Consolidated	ated	1—
		自二零一六年		自二零一六年		自二零一六年		自二零一六年		自二零一六年		
		四月一日至		四月一日至		四月一日至		四月一日至		四月一日至		-
		二零一六年	種	二零一六年	種田	二零一六年	載	二零一六年	極区	二零一六年	載至	
		十二月三十一日	二零一六年	十二月三十一日	二零一六年	十二月三十一日	二零一六年	十二月三十一日	二零一六年	十二月三十一日	二零一六年	
		下期間	三月三十一日	正期間	三月三十一日	中期間	三月三十一日	上期間	三月三十一日	上期間	Ξ <i>Я</i> Ξ <i>†</i> −Β	
		Period from	止年度	Period from	止年度	Period from	止年度	Period from	止年度	Period from	止年度	
		1 April	Уеаг	1 April	Year	1 April	Year	1 April	Year	l April	Year	
		2016 to	papua	2016 to	papua	2016 to	pepue	2016 to	papua	2016 to	pepue	
		31 December	31 March	31 December	31 March	31 December	31 March	31 December	31 March	31 December	31 March	
		2016	2016	2016	2016	2016	2016	2016	2016	2016	2016	
		千港元	子游元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	子游元	千港元	千海元	
		HK\$,000	HK\$'000	HK\$,000	HK\$ 000	HK\$'000	HX\$,000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$,000	HK\$'000	
他分類資料:	Other segment information:											
抽組	Depreciation	40,921	58,814	1,106	838	=	%	14,778	20,265	56,816	79,953	
收貿易賬款減值	Impairment of trade receivables	ı	1	ı	ı	1	ı	25	4	25	4	
他應收款項減值/	Impairment/[write-back of impairment]											
(減值撥回),淨額	of other receivables, net	1	ı	ı	ı	(20)	[194]	ı	293	(20)	66	
售及撤銷物業、 機器及設備項目之	Loss/(gain) on disposal and											
施加/(限利) 虧損/(盈利)	plant and equipment	(8.837)	4.891	297	131	1	ı	[02]	[2.118]	(019'8)	2,904	
	Gain on disposal of	-	-					-	-	-	-	
盈利・淨額	subsidiaries, net	ı	ı	ı	ı	1	[112,852]	(126)	ı	(126)	[112,852]	
資物業公平值之變動	Changes in fair value of											
	investment properties	ı	ı	(23,215)	(32,390)	1	ı	1	ı	(23,515)	(32,390)	
本開支	Capital expenditure	13,522	23,206	99/	2,785	1	ı	8,948	4,263	23,236	30,254	

經營分類資料(續)

5.

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日 止期間以及截至二零一六年三月

三十一日止年度(續)

31 December 2016 二零一六年十二月三十一日

5. 經營分類資料(續)

5. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION (Cont'd)

地區分類資料

Geographical information

(a) 來自外間客戶收益

(a) Revenue from external customers

香	港	溴	Ħ	中國其	他地區	经前	
Hong	Kong	Mo	ICOU	Elsewhere	in the PRC	Consc	olidated
自二零一六年		自二零一六年		自二零一六年		自二零一六年	
四月一日至		四月一日至		四月一日至		四月一日至	
二零一六年	截至	二零一六年	截至	二零一六年	截至	二零一六年	截至
十二月三十一日	二零一六年	十二月三十一日	二零一六年	十二月三十一日	二零一六年	十二月三十一日	二零一六年
止期間	三月三十一日	止期間	三月三十一日	止期間	三月三十一日	止期間	三月三十一日
Period from	止年度	Period from	止年度	Period from	止年度	Period from	止年度
1 April	Year	1 April	Year	1 April	Year	1 April	Year
2016 to	ended	2016 to	ended	2016 to	ended	2016 to	ended
31 December	31 March	31 December	31 March	31 December	31 March	31 December	31 March
2016	2016	2016	2016	2016	2016	2016	2016
千港元	千港元	千港元	<i>千港元</i>	千港元	<i>千港元</i>	千港元	千港元
HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
2,141,464	3,053,602	543	17,573	888,553	986,141	3,030,560	4,057,316

上述收益資料以客戶所在位置為 基準。

Segment revenue:

Sales to external customers

The revenue information above is based on the locations of the customers.

(b) 非流動資產

分類收益:

銷售予外間客戶

(b) Non-current assets

香	港	溴	門	中國其	他地區	綺	A
Hong	Kong	Ма	cau	Elsewhere	in the PRC	Conso	lidated
二零一六年	二零一六年	二零一六年	二零一六年	二零一六年	二零一六年	二零一六年	二零一六年
十二月三十一日	三月三十一日	十二月三十一日	三月三十一日	十二月三十一日	三月三十一日	十二月三十一日	三月三十一日
31 December	31 March	31 December	31 March	31 December	31 March	31 December	31 March
2016	2016	2016	2016	2016	2016	2016	2016
千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
336,820	336,734			195,469	181,773	532,289	518,507

上述非流動資產以資產所在位置 為基準且不包括遞延税項資產。 The non-current assets information above is based on the locations of the assets and excludes deferred tax assets.

有關一名主要客戶之資料

收益約554,702,000港元(截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度:1,130,196,000港元)乃來自地基打樁分類向一名單一客戶作出之銷售。

Information about a major customer

Revenue of approximately HK\$554,702,000 (year ended 31 March 2016: HK\$1,130,196,000) was derived from sales by the foundation piling segment to a single customer.

31 December 2016 二零一六年十二月三十一日

6. 收益、其他收入及盈利,淨額

收益指由地基打樁及地盤勘查合約價值;物業管理所得收入;出租物業所得租金收入;以及出售持有供銷售之物業之收入;抵銷集團內公司間一切重大交易後之總額。

收益、其他收入及盈利,淨額之分析如下:

6. REVENUE AND OTHER INCOME AND GAINS, NET

Revenue represents the aggregate of the value of foundation piling and site investigation contracts; income derived from property management; rental income from property leasing; and income from the sale of properties held for sale, after eliminations of all significant intragroup transactions.

An analysis of revenue and other income and gains, net is as follows:

自二零一六年 四月一日至 二零一六年 十二月三十一日

出期目

截至

- 零一六年

		止期间	二零一六年
		Period from	三月三十一日
		1 April	止年度
		2016 to	Year ended
		31 December	31 March
		2016	2016
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
收益:	Revenue:		
地基打樁及地盤勘查	Foundation piling and site investigation	2,115,532	3,018,427
物業發展	Property development	886,388	959,964
物業投資及管理	Property investment and management	2,165	26,177
其他	Others	26,475	52,748
		3,030,560	4,057,316
其他收入及盈利,淨額:	Other income and gains, net:		
利息收入	Interest income	10,235	15,546
保險索償	Insurance claims	4	4,164
補貼收入*	Subsidy income*	205	226
衍生工具公平值盈利-	Fair value gains on derivative instruments		
不合資格對沖交易	– transaction not qualifying as hedge	27,662	5,302
管理服務收入	Management service income	312	413
出售附屬公司之盈利,淨額	Gain on disposal of subsidiaries,		
(附註40)	net (note 40)	126	112,852
出售物業、機器及設備項目	Gain on disposal of items of property,		
之盈利	plant and equipment	8,610	_
其他	Others	8,995	7,908
		56,149	146,411

^{*} 有關該項收入並無未達成之條件或或 然事件。

^{*} There are no unfulfilled conditions or contingencies relating to this income.

香港國際建設投資管理集團有限公司

財務報表附註 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2016 二零一六年十二月三十一日

7. 融資成本

7. FINANCE COSTS

	自二零一六年
	四月一日至
	二零一六年
截至	十二月三十一日
二零一六年	止期間
三月三十一日	Period from
止年度	1 April
Year ended	2016 to
31 March	31 December
2016	2016
千港元	千港元
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
16,860	15,621
(5,364	(6,556)
11,496	9,065

銀行借貸及透支之利息 減:發展中物業之資本化利息 (附註16) Interest on bank borrowings and overdrafts Less: Interest capitalised in properties under development (note 16)

31 December 2016 二零一六年十二月三十一日

8. 除税前溢利

8. PROFIT BEFORE TAX

本集團之除税前溢利經扣除/(計入)下 列各項後達致: The Group's profit before tax is arrived at after charging/(crediting):

			自二零一六年	
			四月一日至	
			二零一六年	
			十二月三十一日	截至
			止期間	二零一六年
			Period from	三月三十一日
			1 April	止年度
			2016 to	Year ended
		附註	31 December	31 March
		Note	2016	2016
			千港元	千港元
			HK\$'000	HK\$'000
已售物業成本	Cost of properties sold		555,724	423,562
地基打樁及地盤勘查工程	Cost of foundation piling and			
成本	site investigation work		1,849,789	2,623,854
所提供服務成本	Cost of services rendered		49,530	84,927
折舊	Depreciation	14	56,816	79,953
經營租約之最低租約付款	Minimum lease payments			
	under operating leases		33,208	118,738
核數師酬金	Auditor's remuneration		1,826	2,833
僱員福利支出	Employee benefit expense (including			
(包括董事酬金-	directors' remuneration - note 9):			
附註9):				
工資及薪金	Wages and salaries		357,254	527,100
管理層獎勵花紅#	Management incentive bonus#		192,408	5,573
退休金計劃供款	Pension scheme contributions		14,778	15,916
			564,440	548,589

31 December 2016 二零一六年十二月三十一日

8. 除税前溢利(續)

本集團之除税前溢利經扣除/(計入)下 列各項後達致:(續)

8. PROFIT BEFORE TAX (Cont'd)

The Group's profit before tax is arrived at after charging/(crediting): (Cont'd)

			自二零一六年	
			四月一日至	
			二零一六年	
			十二月三十一日	截至
			止期間	二零一六年
			Period from	三月三十一日
			1 April	止年度
		7/+ ÷+	2016 to	Year ended
		附註	31 December	31 March
		Notes	2016 ~#=	2016 T:#=
			<i>千港元</i> HK\$′000	千港元 HK\$'000
			ΠΚΦ ΟΟΟ	MK\$ 000
外幣匯兑虧損,淨額*	Foreign exchange losses, net*		6,616	2,223
應收貿易賬款減值*	Impairment of trade receivables*	22	25	4
其他應收款項減值/	Impairment/(write-back of impairment)			
(減值撥回),淨額*	of other receivables, net*	23	(50)	99
出售及撇銷物業、機器及	Loss/(gain) on disposal and			
設備項目之虧損/(盈利)*	write-off of items of property,			
	plant and equipment*		(8,610)	2,904
出售附屬公司之盈利,淨額*	Gain on disposal of subsidiaries, net*	40	(126)	(112,852)
衍生工具公平值盈利-	Fair value gains on derivative			
不合資格對沖交易*	instruments - transaction			
	not qualifying as hedge*		(27,662)	(5,302)
投資物業之公平值變動	Changes in fair value of			
	investment properties	15	(23,215)	(32,390)
一間聯營公司之欠款減值*	Impairment of an amount due			
	from an associate*		2	11
機器經營租約之租金收入	Rental income from operating			
	leases of machinery		(10,562)	(18,052)
投資物業租金收入	Rental income from			400 4771
	investment properties		(5,483)	(29,411)
投資物業賺取租金時產生的	Direct operating expenses (including			
直接經營開支	repairs and maintenance)			
(包括維修保養)	arising from rental-earning		000	r ^77
	investment properties		829	5,077

31 December 2016 二零一六年十二月三十一日

8. 除税前溢利(續)

本集團之除稅前溢利經扣除/(計入)下 列各項後達致:(續)

- * 有關金額已包括在綜合損益表之「其 他支出,淨額」或「其他收入及盈利, 淨額」內。
- 本集團已為其執行董事及高級管理層 採納一項獎勵計劃。管理層獎勵花 紅乃參考本公司所宣派之股息計算, 倘本公司控制權變更,於該獎勵計 劃中未歸屬之權利將即時歸屬並且 不會再授出權利,但將會向該獎勵 計劃之參與者支付相等於本公司價 值4.5%之總額款項。本公司控股股 東之變更已於二零一六年六月三十 日完成,並觸發根據獎勵計劃支付 約197,981,000港元之總額款項, 當中192,408,000港元於截至二零 一六年十二月三十一日止期間列作 開支。截至二零一六年三月三十一 日止年度,合共5,573,000港元之 管理層獎勵花紅乃列作開支,當中 2,091,000港元計入綜合損益表之 「銷售成本」。

8. PROFIT BEFORE TAX (Cont'd)

The Group's profit before tax is arrived at after charging/(crediting): (Cont'd)

- * These amounts are included in "Other expenses, net" or "Other income and gains, net" in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.
- # The Group has adopted an incentive scheme in favour of its executive directors and senior management. The management incentive bonus is calculated by reference to dividends declared by the Company and in the event that there is a change in control of the Company, unvested rights in this incentive scheme will vest immediately and no further grants will be made but an aggregate payment equal to 4.5% of the value of the Company will be made to the participants in that incentive scheme. The change of the controlling shareholder of the Company, which was completed on 30 June 2016, triggered an aggregate payment of approximately HK\$197,981,000 under the incentive scheme, out of which HK\$192,408,000 was recorded as an expense for the period ended 31 December 2016. During the year ended 31 March 2016, total management incentive bonus of HK\$5,573,000 was recorded as an expense, out of which HK\$2,091,000 was included in "Cost of sales" in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

31 December 2016 二零一六年十二月三十一日

截至

止年度

二零一六年

Year ended

三月三十一日

9. 董事酬金

根據上市規則、香港公司條例第383(1) (a)、(b)、(c)及(f)條及公司(披露董事權 益資料)條例第2部披露截至二零一六 年十二月三十一日止期間董事酬金如 下:

9. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION

Directors' remuneration for the period ended 31 December 2016, disclosed pursuant to the Listing Rules, section 383(1)(a), (b), (c) and (f) of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and Part 2 of the Companies (Disclosure of Information about Benefits of Directors) Regulation, is as follows:

自二零一六年 四月一日至 二零一六年

十二月三十一日

1 April 2016 to

止期間

Period from

		31 December 2016 <i>千港元</i> <i>HK\$</i> ′000	31 March 2016 <i>千港元</i> HK\$'000
袍金:	Fees:		
執行董事	Executive directors	_	_
非執行董事	Non-executive directors	124	_
獨立非執行董事	Independent non-executive directors	936	1,152
執行董事之其他酬金:	Other emoluments of executive directors:		
薪酬、津貼及實物利益	Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind	16,054	38,364
績效花紅*	Performance related bonuses *	153,926	4,458
退休金計劃供款	Pension scheme contributions	42	54
		171,082	44,028

^{*} 本公司執行董事參與一項獎勵計劃。 有關獎勵計劃之進一步詳情披露於財 務報表附註8。

^{*} Executive directors of the Company participated in an incentive scheme. Further details of the incentive scheme were disclosed in note 8 to the financial statements.

31 December 2016 二零一六年十二月三十一日

9. 董事酬金(續)

9. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION (Cont'd)

已付或應付每位董事酬金如下:

The remuneration paid or payable to each of the directors is as follows:

	W An I	The remoneran	on paid or pay	yabic io cacii i	or the directors t	3 G3 10110 VV3.
		袍金 Fees <i>千港元</i> HK\$*000	新酬、津貼 及實物利益 Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind 千港元 HK\$'000	績效花紅 Performance related bonuses 千港元 HK\$'000	退休金 計劃供款 Pension scheme contributions 千港元 HK\$'000	總計 Total <i>千港元</i> HK\$'000
自二零一六年四月一日至 二零一六年十二月三十一日 止期間	Period from 1 April 2016 to 31 December 2016					
執行董事:	Executive directors:					
趙權先生 ² 李同雙先生 ³ 馮潮澤先生 ([馮先生]) 趙展鴻先生 劉健輝先生 劉軍春先生 ⁴	Mr. Zhao Quan ² Mr. Li Tongshuang ³ Mr. Fung Chiu Chak, Victor ("Mr. Fung") Mr. Chiu Chin Hung Mr. Lau Kin Fai Mr. Liu Junchun ⁴	- - - - -	8,298 3,182 3,080	96,204 28,861 28,861	- 14 14 14 -	104,516 32,057 31,955
范寧先生 ⁵ 蒙永濤先生 ⁵	Mr. Fan Ning ⁵ Mr. Meng Yongtao ⁵		765 729			765 729
		_	16,054	153,926	42	170,022
非執行董事:	Non-executive directors:					
劉軍春先生 ⁴ 王天兵先生 ⁶ Stuart Morrison Grant 先生 ⁶ 韋增鵬先生 ⁶ 羅耀發先生 ⁶	Mr. Liu Junchun ⁴ Mr. Wang Tianbing ⁶ Mr. Stuart Morrison Grant ⁶ Mr. Justin Wai ⁶ Mr. Law Yiu Fat Richard ⁶	124 - - - - - 124	-		. i	124 - - - - - 124
						124

31 December 2016 二零一六年十二月三十一日

9. 董事酬金(續)

9. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION (Cont'd)

已付或應付每位董事酬金如下:(續)

The remuneration paid or payable to each of the directors is as follows: (Cont'd)

	薪酬、津貼			
	及實物利益		退休金	
	Salaries,	績效花紅	計劃供款	
	allowances	Performance	Pension	
袍金	and benefits	related	scheme	總計
Fees	in kind	bonuses	contributions	Total
千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000

自二零一六年四月一日至 Period from 1 April 2016 to 二零一六年十二月三十一日 31 December 2016 (Cont'd) 止期間(續)

獨立非執行董事: Independent non-executive

directors:

范佐浩先生 謝文彬先生 龍子明先生 李傑之先生	Mr. Fan Chor Ho Mr. Tse Man Bun Mr. Lung Chee Ming, George Mr. Li Kit Chee	234 234 234 234	- - -	- - -	- - -	234 234 234 234
		936				936
總計	Total	1,060	16,054	153,926	42	171,082

31 December 2016 二零一六年十二月三十一日

9. 董事酬金(續)

9. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION (Cont'd)

已付或應付每位董事酬金如下:(續)

The remuneration paid or payable to each of the directors is as follows: (Cont'd)

	1	COIII U)				
		袍金 Fees <i>千港元</i> HK\$'000	薪酬、津貼 及實物利益 Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind 千港元 HK\$'000	績效花紅 Performance related bonuses <i>千港元</i> HK\$'000	退休金 計劃供款 Pension scheme contributions <i>千港元</i> HK\$'000	總計 Total <i>千港元</i> HK\$'000
截至二零一六年三月三十一日 止年度	Year ended 31 March 2016					
執行董事:	Executive directors:					
馮先生 趙展鴻先生 劉健輝先生	Mr. Fung Mr. Chiu Chin Hung Mr. Lau Kin Fai	- - - -	21,936 8,380 8,048 38,364	2,786 836 836 4,458	18 18 18 ——————————————————————————————	24,740 9,234 8,902 42,876
非執行董事:	Non-executive directors:					
王天兵先生 ⁶ Stuart Morrison Grant先生 ⁶ 楊涵翔先生 ¹ 韋增鵬先生 ⁶ 羅耀發先生 ⁶	Mr. Wang Tianbing ⁶ Mr. Stuart Morrison Grant ⁶ Mr. Yang Han Hsiang ¹ Mr. Justin Wai ⁶ Mr. Law Yiu Fat Richard ⁶	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -
獨立非執行董事:	Independent non-executive directors:					
范佐浩先生 謝文彬先生 龍子明先生 李傑之先生	Mr. Fan Chor Ho Mr. Tse Man Bun Mr. Lung Chee Ming, George Mr. Li Kit Chee	288 288 288 288 ———————————————————————	-			288 288 288 288 ———————————————————————
總計	Total	1,152	38,364	4,458	54	44,028

31 December 2016 二零一六年十二月三十一日

9. 董事酬金(續)

已付或應付每位董事酬金如下:(續)

- 楊涵翔先生辭任本公司非執行董事(「非 執行董事」),於二零一六年二月十七日 生效。
- 2 趙權先生獲委任為本公司執行董事(「執 行董事」),於二零一六年十二月二十二 日生效。
- 李同雙先生自二零一六年七月二十九日 起獲委任為執行董事,並自二零一六年 十二月二十二日起辭任執行董事。
- 4 劉軍春先生自二零一六年七月二十九日 獲委任為非執行董事並自二零一六年 十二月二十二日起轉任為執行董事。
- 5 范寧先生及蒙永濤先生獲委任為執行董事,於二零一六年七月二十九日生效。
- 王天兵先生、Stuart Morrison Grant先生、 章增鵬先生及羅耀發先生辭任非執行董事,於二零一六年七月二十九日生效。

於截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止期間,概無董事放棄或同意放棄任何酬金 之安排。

9. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION (Cont'd)

The remuneration paid or payable to each of the directors is as follows: (Cont'd)

- Mr. Yang Han Hsiang resigned as a non-executive director of the Company ("Non-executive Director") with effect from 17 February 2016.
- Mr. Zhao Quan was appointed as an executive director of the Company ("Executive Director") with effect from 22 December 2016.
- Mr. Li Tongshuang was appointed as an Executive Director with effect from 29 July 2016 and resigned with effect from 22 December 2016.
- Mr. Liu Junchun was appointed as a Non-executive Director with effect from 29 July 2016 and redesignated as an Executive Director with effect from 22 December 2016.
- Mr. Fan Ning and Mr. Meng Yongtao were appointed as Executive Directors with effect from 29 July 2016.
- Mr. Wang Tianbing, Mr. Stuart Morrison Grant, Mr. Justin Wai and Mr. Law Yiu Fat Richard resigned as Non-executive Directors with effect from 29 July 2016.

There was no arrangement under which a director waived or agreed to waive any remuneration during the period ended 31 December 2016.



31 December 2016 二零一六年十二月三十一日

10. 五位最高薪之僱員

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止期 間,五位最高薪僱員包括三名董事(截 至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度: 三名董事),其酬金詳情載於上文附註 9。截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止 期間,餘下兩位(截至二零一六年三月 三十一日止年度:兩位)非董事最高薪 僱員之酬金如下:

10. FIVE HIGHEST PAID EMPLOYEES

The five highest paid employees during the period ended 31 December 2016 included three directors (year ended 31 March 2016: three directors), details of whose remuneration are set out in note 9 above. Details of the remuneration for the period ended 31 December 2016 of the remaining two (year ended 31 March 2016: two) non-director highest paid employees are as follows:

		自二零一六年	
		四月一日至	
		二零一六年	截至
		十二月三十一日	二零一六年
		止期間	三月三十一日
		Period from	止年度
		1 April 2016 to	Year ended
		31 December	31 March
		2016	2016
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
薪酬、津貼及實物利益	Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind	4,915	9,255
績效花紅*	Performance related bonuses *	23,090	668
退休金計劃供款	Pension scheme contributions	14	18
		28,019	9,941

非董事最高薪之僱員參與一項獎勵計 劃。有關獎勵計劃之進一步詳情披露 於財務報表附註8。

The non-director highest paid employees participated in an incentive scheme. Further details of the incentive scheme were disclosed in note 8 to the financial statements.

31 December 2016 二零一六年十二月三十一日

10. 五位最高薪之僱員(續)

在以下薪酬範圍內之非董事最高薪僱員 人數如下:

10. FIVE HIGHEST PAID EMPLOYEES (Cont'd)

The number of non-director highest paid employees whose remuneration fell within the following bands is as follows:

僱員人數

		僱員人數		
		Numbers of employees		
		自二零一六年		
		四月一日至		
		二零一六年	截至	
		十二月三十一日	二零一六年	
		止期間	三月三十一日	
		Period from	止年度	
		1 April 2016 to	Year ended	
		31 December	31 March	
		2016	2016	
4,500,000港元至	HK\$4,500,000 to			
5,000,000港元	HK\$5,000,000	_	1	
5,000,001港元至	HK\$5,000,001 to			
5,500,000港元	HK\$5,500,000	_	1	
13,500,001港元至	HK\$13,500,001 to			
14,000,000港元	HK\$14,000,000	1	_	
14,000,001港元至	HK\$14,000,001 to			
14,500,000港元	HK\$14,500,000	1		
		2	2	



31 December 2016 二零一六年十二月三十一日

11. 所得税

香港利得税按期內於香港產生之估計應課税溢利之16.5%(截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度:16.5%)作出撥備。中國其他地區應課税溢利之税項已按本集團經營地區之現行適用税率計算。

11. INCOME TAX

Hong Kong profits tax has been provided at the rate of 16.5% (year ended 31 March 2016: 16.5%) on the estimated assessable profits arising in Hong Kong during the period. Taxes on profits assessable elsewhere in the PRC have been calculated at the applicable tax rate prevailing in the areas in which the Group operates.

自二零一六年

		四月一日至 二零一六年 十二月三十一日 止期間 Period from 1 April 2016 to 31 December 2016 千港元 HK\$'000	載至 二零一六年 三月三十一日 止年度 Year ended 31 March 2016 <i>千港元</i> <i>HK\$'000</i>
即期: 本期間/年度溢利之 税項撥備: 中國:	Current: Provision for tax in respect of profit for the period/year: PRC:		
香港 其他地區	Hong Kong Elsewhere	43,875 205,999	48,947 345,075
		249,874	394,022
上年度超額撥備: 中國:	Overprovision in the prior years: PRC:		
香港 其他地區	Hong Kong Elsewhere	(60) (4,688)	(79)
		(4,748)	(79)
遞延税項(附註30)	Deferred tax (note 30)	(18,485)	45,386
本期間/年度之税項開支總額	Total tax charge for the period/year	226,641	439,329

31 December 2016 二零一六年十二月三十一日

11. 所得税(續)

適用於以本公司及其附屬公司所在國家 及地區之法定税率計算之除税前溢利之 税項開支與以實際税率計算之税項開支 之對賬如下:

11. INCOME TAX (Cont'd)

A reconciliation of the tax charge applicable to profit before tax at the statutory rates for the countries or regions in which the Company and its subsidiaries are domiciled to the tax charge at the effective tax rate is as follows:

自二零一六年

		H-4 //1	
		四月一日至	
		二零一六年	截至
		十二月三十一日	二零一六年
		止期間	三月三十一日
		Period from	止年度
		1 April 2016 to	Year ended
		31 December	31 March
		2016	2016
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
除税前溢利	Profit before tax	354,998	951,837
以法定税率計算之税項	Tax at the statutory rates	69,588	163,422
土地增值税撥備	Provision for land appreciation tax	117,068	207,458
土地增值税之税務影響	Tax effect of land appreciation tax	(7,150)	4,445
就過往年度之即期税項而作出	Adjustments in respect of current tax		
之調整	of prior years	(4,748)	(79)
毋須課税收入	Income not subject to tax	(6,078)	(5,405)
不予扣減税項之開支	Expenses not deductible for tax	62,936	40,998
就本集團中國內地附屬公司之	Effect of withholding tax on the distributable		
可供分派溢利之	profits of the Group's subsidiaries in		
預扣税之影響	Mainland China	(16,141)	33,967
動用過往年度之税項虧損	Tax losses utilised from prior years	(333)	(9,809)
未確認税項虧損	Tax losses not recognised	11,499	4,332
按本集團實際税率計算之税項開支	Tax charge at the Group's effective rate	226,641	439,329

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12. 股息

12. DIVIDENDS

		四月一日至	
		二零一六年	
		十二月三十一日	截至
		止期間	二零一六年
		Period from	三月三十一日
		1 April	止年度
		2016 to	Year ended
		31 December	31 March
		2016	2016
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
本期間/年度派付股息: 截至二零一六年三月三十一日 止財政年度末期股息 一無(截至二零一五年 三月三十一日止年度: 每股普通股15.0港仙)	Dividends paid during the period/year: Final in respect of the financial year ended 31 March 2016 – Nil (year ended 31 March 2015: HK15.0 cents per ordinary share)	_	131,200
中期股息-無(截至二零一六年 三月三十一日止年度:	Interim – Nil (year ended 31 March 2016: HK20.0 cents		
每股普通股20.0港仙)	per ordinary share)		174,933
		_	306,133
建議派付末期股息: 末期股息-每股普通股10.0 港仙(截至二零一六年	Proposed final dividend: Final – HK10.0 cents (year ended 31 March 2016: Nil)		
三月三十一日止年度:無)	per ordinary share	113,416	

本年度建議派付之末期股息須經本公司 股東即將召開之股東週年大會上批准。 該等財務報表並無反映應付末期股息。 The proposed final dividend for the period is subject to the approval of the Company's shareholders at the forthcoming annual general meeting. These financial statements do not reflect the final dividend payable.

自二零一六年

31 December 2016 二零一六年十二月三十一日

13. 本公司普通股股東應佔每股盈利

每股基本盈利乃根據本公司普通股股東應佔截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止期間溢利134,050,000港元(截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度:396,874,000港元)及期內已發行之普通股之加權平均數977,751,359股(截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度:874,665,903股)計算。

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止期間 及截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年 度,本集團並無已發行潛在攤薄普通 股。

13. EARNINGS PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO ORDINARY EQUITY HOLDERS OF THE COMPANY

The calculation of the basic earnings per share amount is based on the profit for the period ended 31 December 2016 attributable to ordinary equity holders of the Company of HK\$134,050,000 (year ended 31 March 2016: HK\$396,874,000), and the weighted average number of ordinary shares of 977,751,359 (year ended 31 March 2016: 874,665,903) in issue during the period.

The Group had no potentially dilutive ordinary shares in issue during the period ended 31 December 2016 and year ended 31 March 2016.



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14. 物業、機器及設備

14. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

		土地及樓宇	設備及 機器 Equipment	傢俬及 裝置 Furniture	汽車	遊艇	租賃 物業裝修	(4. λ.)
		Land and	and	and	Motor	Motor	Leasehold	總計
		buildings	machinery	fixtures	vehicles	,	improvements	Total
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
二零一六年十二月三十一日	31 December 2016							
成本:	Cost:							
期初	At beginning of period	217,348	964,183	4,313	19,138	6,098	17,811	1,228,891
添置	Additions	_	16,035	1,401	2,579	_	3,221	23,236
出售/撇銷	Disposals/write-off	-	(49,274)	(36)	(1,621)	_	_	(50,931)
轉撥至投資物業(附註15)	Transfer to investment							
	properties (note 15)	(7,171)	-	-	_	_	-	(7,171)
重估盈餘	Surplus on revaluation	5,245	_	_	_	_	-	5,245
匯兑調整	Exchange realignment	(187)	(233)	(17)	(422)	_	(322)	(1,181)
於二零一六年								
十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2016	215,235	930,711	5,661	19,674	6,098	20,710	1,198,089
累計折舊及減值:	Accumulated depreciation and impairment:							
期初	At beginning of period	38,687	821,395	3,361	12,851	6,098	13,094	895,486
本期間折舊撥備	Depreciation provided							
	during the period	5,914	46,667	540	1,402	_	2,293	56,816
出售/撇銷	Disposals/write-off	-	(49,125)	(34)	(1,010)	_	-	(50, 169)
重估撥回	Write-back on revaluation	(279)	_	_	_	_	-	(279)
匯兑調整	Exchange realignment	(39)	(209)	(8)	(314)	_	(178)	(748)
於二零一六年								
<i>⋉</i> —令 [—] 八牛 十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2016	44,283	818,728	3,859	12,929	6,098	15,209	901,106
I—Л—I H	ALS I December 2010		010,720	3,037	12,727		13,207	701,100
脹面淨值: 於二零一六年	Net carrying amount:							
十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2016	170,952	111,983	1,802	6,745		5,501	296,983
於二零一六年三月三十一日	At 31 March 2016	178,661	142,788	952	6,287	1 -	4,717	333,405

31 December 2016 二零一六年十二月三十一日

14. 物業、機器及設備(續)

14. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (Cont'd)

铅借及

			設備及	係				
			機器	裝置			租賃	
		土地及樓宇	Equipment	Furniture	汽車	遊艇	物業裝修	
		Land and	and	and	Motor	Motor	Leasehold	總計
		buildings	machinery	fixtures	vehicles	yacht	improvements	Total
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
二零一六年三月三十一日	31 March 2016							
成本:	Cost:							
年初	At beginning of year	217,530	973,399	12,663	20,040	6,098	18,784	1,248,514
添置	Additions	_	26,142	193	1,447	_	2,472	30,254
出售/撇銷	Disposals/write-off	_	(34,714)	(2, 164)	(2,100)	_	(1,983)	(40,961)
出售附屬公司	Disposal of subsidiaries							
(附註40(b)及(c))	(note 40(b) and (c))	_	(438)	(6,372)	_	_	(1,245)	(8,055)
匯兑調整	Exchange realignment	(182)	(206)	(7)	(249)		(217)	(861)
於二零一六年三月三十一日	At 31 March 2016	217,348	964,183	4,313	19,138	6,098	17,811	1,228,891
累計折舊及減值:	Accumulated depreciation							
	and impairment:							
年初	At beginning of year	30,734	780,935	11,271	13,223	6,098	14,286	856,547
本年度折舊撥備	Depreciation provided							
	during the year	7,980	67,329	601	1,807	_	2,236	79,953
出售/撇銷	Disposals/write-off	_	(26,316)	(2,159)	(1,997)	_	(1,983)	(32,455)
出售附屬公司	Disposal of subsidiaries							
(附註40(b)及(c))	(note 40(b) and (c))	_	(384)	(6,349)	_	_	(1,231)	(7,964)
匯兑調整	Exchange realignment	(27)	(169)	(3)	(182)	_	(214)	(595)
	0							
於二零一六年三月三十一日	At 31 March 2016	38,687	821,395	3,361	12,851	6,098	13,094	895,486
賬面淨值:	Net carrying amount:							
於二零一六年三月三十一日	At 31 March 2016	178,661	142,788	952	6,287	-	4,717	333,405
於二零一五年三月三十一日	At 31 March 2015	186,796	192,464	1,392	6,817		4,498	201.067
<i>⋉</i> —令 [—] 五十二月二十 [—] 日	ALST MAICH ZUTS	180,/90	192,404	1,342	0,01/		4,498	391,967

本集團若干土地及樓宇、設備及機器已 抵押予銀行作為本集團獲授若干銀行信 貸之抵押(附註29)。

本集團若干設備及機器根據經營租約出租予第三方,進一步概要詳情載於財務報表附註35(a)。

Certain of the Group's land and buildings, equipment and machinery were pledged to banks as security for certain banking facilities granted to the Group (note 29).

Certain of the Group's equipment and machinery are leased to third parties under operating leases, further summary details of which are included in note 35(a) to the financial statements.

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15. 投資物業

15. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

		—零一六年	二零一六年
		十二月三十一日	三月三十一日
		31 December	31 March
		2016	2016
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
於期/年初之賬面值	Carrying amount at beginning of period/year	172,636	618,317
轉撥自持有供銷售之物業(附註20) Transfer from properties held for sale (note 20)	_	42,155
轉撥自擁有人佔有物業(附註14)	Transfer from an owner-occupied		
	property (note 14)	7,171	_
出售附屬公司(附註40(b)及(c))	Disposal of subsidiaries (note 40(b) and (c))	_	(488,722)
公平值變動(附註8)	Fair value changes (note 8)	23,215	32,390
匯兑調整	Exchange realignment	(13,772)	(31,504)
於期/年終之賬面值	Carrying amount at end of period/year	189,250	172,636

於二零一六年十二月三十一日及二零 一六年三月三十一日,本集團投資物業 包括位於中國內地的商業物業。本公司 董事根據各項物業之性質、特徵及風險 釐定投資物業為商業物業。本集團投 資物業依據獨立專業合資格物業估值師 威格斯資產評估顧問有限公司所作估值 於二零一六年十二月三十一日重新估值 為189,250,000港元(二零一六年三月 三十一日: 172,636,000港元)。本公 司董事每年會決定委任外部估值師負責 本集團物業之外部估值。挑選之標準包 括市場知識、名聲、獨立性以及是否可 保持專業標準。本公司董事每年兩次於 為中期及年度財務報告進行估值時就估 值假設及估值結果與估值師進行討論。

投資物業乃根據經營租約租賃予第三 方,有關概要之進一步詳情載於財務報 表附註35(a)。 The Group's investment properties as at 31 December 2016 and 31 March 2016 consist of commercial properties in Mainland China. The directors of the Company have determined that the investment properties were commercial properties, based on the nature, characteristics and risks of each property. The Group's investment properties were revalued on 31 December 2016 based on valuations performed by Vigers Appraisal and Consulting Limited, a firm of independent professionally qualified property valuers, at HK\$189,250,000 (31 March 2016: HK\$172,636,000). Each year, the Company's directors decide to appoint which external valuer to be responsible for the external valuations of the Group's properties. Selection criteria include market knowledge, reputation, independence and whether professional standards are maintained. The Company's directors have discussions with the valuer on the valuation assumptions and valuation results twice a year when the valuation is performed for interim and annual financial reporting.

The investment properties are leased to third parties under operating leases, further summary details of which are included in note 35(a) to the financial statements.

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15. 投資物業(續)

公平值等級架構

下表列示本集團投資物業之公平值計量 等級架構:

15. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (Cont'd)

Fair value hierarchy

The following table illustrates the fair value measurement hierarchy of the Group's investment properties:

於二零一六年十二月三十一日 使用以下數據計量公平值 Fair value measurement as at 31 December 2016 using

活躍市場

報價	重大可觀察	重大不可觀察	
(第1層)	輸入數據	輸入數據	
Quoted	(第2層)	(第3層)	
prices in	Significant	Significant	
active	observable	unobservable	
markets	inputs	inputs	總計
(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)	Total
千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000

以下項目之經常性 Recurring fair value *千港元* 公平值計量: measurement for: *HK\$'000*

Commercial properties

- 189,250 189,250

於二零一六年三月三十一日 使用以下數據計量公平值 Fair value measurement as at 31 March 2016 using

活躍市場

報價 重大可觀察 重大不可觀察 (第1層) 輸入數據 輸入數據 (第2層) (第3層) Quoted Significant Significant prices in active observable unobservable markets inputs inputs (Level 3) (Level 1) (Level 2) 千港元 千港元

HK\$'000 HK\$'000

千港元 HK\$'000 Total 千港元 HK\$'000

總計

商業物業

以下項目之經常性

公平值計量:

商業物業

Commercial properties

Recurring fair value

measurement for:

172,636 172,636

31 December 2016 二零一六年十二月三十一日

15. 投資物業(續)

公平值等級架構(續)

於本期間內,第1層與第2層之間並無任何公平值計量轉移,且第3層並無轉入或轉出(截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度:無)。

歸類為第3層公平值等級架構之公平值計量之對賬:

15. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (Cont'd)

Fair value hierarchy (Cont'd)

During the period, there were no transfers of fair value measurements between Level 1 and Level 2 and no transfers into or out of Level 3 (year ended 31 March 2016: Nil).

Reconciliation of fair value measurements categorised within Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy:

		商業物業 Commercial properties 千港元 HK\$'000	住宅物業 Residential properties 千港元 HK\$'000
於二零一五年四月一日之賬面值 轉撥自持有供銷售之物業	Carrying amount at 1 April 2015 Transfer from properties held for sale	103,042 42,155	515,275 —
出售附屬公司	Disposal of subsidiaries	_	(488,722)
公平值變動	Fair value changes	32,390	_
匯兑調整	Exchange realignment	(4,951)	(26,553)
於二零一六年三月三十一日	Carrying amount at 31 March 2016 and		
及二零一六年四月一日之賬面值	1 April 2016	172,636	_
轉撥自擁有人佔有之物業	Transfer from an owner-occupied property	7,171	_
公平值變動	Fair value changes	23,215	_
匯兑調整	Exchange realignment	(13,772)	
於二零一六年十二月三十一日			
之賬面值	Carrying amount at 31 December 2016	189,250	

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15. 投資物業(續)

公平值等級架構(續)

以下為投資物業估值所用估值方法及主要輸入數據之概要:

15. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (Cont'd)

Fair value hierarchy (Cont'd)

Below is a summary of the valuation techniques used and the key inputs to the valuation of investment properties:

重大不可觀察 輸入數據

估值方法 範圍(加權平均值) Significant Valuation techniques unobservable inputs Range (weighted average) 二零一六年 二零一六年 十二月三十一日 三月三十一日 31 December 31 March 2016 2016 直接比較法 具體物業調整比率 -50%至-9% -51%至-10% (-27%)(-35%)

位於中國內地之商業物業 直接比較法 具體物業調整比率 Commercial properties Direct comparison Property-specific in Mainland China approach adjustment rate

本集團投資物業之公平值乃使用直接比較法,參考公開市場中可比較物業之近期售價並就本集團投資物業與近期銷售例子比較之面積、位置、樓層及質量作調整而釐定。公平值計量與調整比率越高則會導致公平值越高的不可觀察輸入數據呈正相關關係。

The fair value of the Group's investment properties is determined using the direct comparison approach by reference to the recent sales price of comparable properties in the open market, adjusted for size, location, floor level and quality of the Group's investment properties compared to the recent sales. The fair value measurement is positively correlated to the unobservable input that the higher the adjustment rate will result in a higher fair value.



31 December 2016 二零一六年十二月三十一日

16. 發展中物業

16. PROPERTIES UNDER DEVELOPMENT

		二零一六年	二零一六年
		十二月三十一日	三月三十一日
		31 December	31 March
		2016	2016
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
期/年初結存	Balance at beginning of period/year	1,772,959	1,275,554
本期間/年度添置	Additions during the period/year	432,348	575,141
轉撥至持有供銷售之物業(附註20)	Transfer to properties held for sale (note 20)	(2,074,232)	(30,846)
資本化利息(附註7)	Interest capitalised (note 7)	6,556	5,364
匯兑調整	Exchange realignment	(123,345)	(52,254)
期/年終結存	Balance at end of period/year	14,286	1,772,959

17. 一間聯營公司權益

17. INTERESTS IN AN ASSOCIATE

		二零一六年	二零一六年
		十二月三十一日	三月三十一日
		31 December	31 March
		2016	2016
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
應佔資產淨值	Share of net assets	_	_
一間聯營公司之欠款	Amount due from an associate	386	384
		386	384
減:減值	Less: Impairment	(386)	(384)
			_

一間聯營公司之欠款為無抵押、免息且 無固定還款期限。 The amount due from an associate is unsecured, interest-free and has no fixed terms of repayment.

木隹圃確仩

31 December 2016 二零一六年十二月三十一日

17. 一間聯營公司權益(續)

17. INTERESTS IN AN ASSOCIATE (Cont'd)

聯營公司之詳情如下:

Particulars of the associate are as follows:

			中 朱 国	到悠伯	
		註冊成立/	所有權權	益百分比	
		註冊及營業地點	Perce	entage	
	所持已發行	Place of	of own	nership	
	Particulars	incorporation/	inte	erest	
名稱	of issued	registration	attrib	utable	主要業務
Name	shares held	and business	to the	Group	Principal activity
			二零一六年	二零一六年	
			十二月三十一日	三月三十一日	
			31 December	31 March	
			2016	2016	
力騏投資有限公司	普通股	香港	50	50	投資控股
Turbo Dragon Investment Limited	Ordinary share	Hong Kong	30	30	Investment holding

18. 可供出售投資

18. AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE INVESTMENT

 二零一六年
 二零一六年

 十二月三十一日
 三月三十一日

 31 December
 31 March

 2016
 2016

 千港元
 千港元

 HK\$'000
 HK\$'000

未上市股本投資,按成本

Unlisted equity investment, at cost

1,112 1,197

於二零一六年十二月三十一日,面值1,112,000港元(二零一六年三月三十一日:1,197,000港元)之未上市股本投資按成本減減值列賬,因為合理公平值估計之範圍極大,董事認為其公平值無法可靠計量。本集團無意於近期將其出售。

As at 31 December 2016, an unlisted equity investment with a carrying amount of HK\$1,112,000 (31 March 2016: HK\$1,197,000) was stated at cost less impairment because the range of reasonable fair value estimates is so significant that the directors are of the opinion that its fair value cannot be measured reliably. The Group does not intend to dispose of it in the near future.

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19. 存貨

19. INVENTORIES

		二零一六年	二零一六年
		十二月三十一日	三月三十一日
		31 December	31 March
		2016	2016
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
原料	Raw materials	558	642
零件及其他	Spare parts and others	15,953	22,909
		16,511	23,551

20. 持有供銷售之物業

20. PROPERTIES HELD FOR SALE

		二零一六年	二零一六年
		十二月三十一日	三月三十一日
		31 December	31 March
		2016	2016
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
期/年初	At beginning of period/year	302,596	646,659
轉撥至投資物業(附註15)	Transfer to investment properties (note 15)	_	(42,155)
轉撥自發展中物業	Transfer from properties under		
(附註16)	development (note 16)	2,074,232	30,846
期/年內出售之物業	Properties sold during the period/year	(496,729)	(313,263)
匯兑調整	Exchange realignment	2,904	(19,491)
期/年終	At end of period/year	1,883,003	302,596

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21. 建築合約

21. CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS

		二零一六年	二零一六年
		十二月三十一日	三月三十一日
		31 December	31 March
		2016	2016
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
客戶有關合約工程之欠款	Amounts due from customers for contract works	295,893	116,625
欠客戶有關合約工程之款項	Amounts due to customers for contract works	(419,304)	(660,898)
		(123,411)	(544,273)
所產生之合約成本加截至本年報	Contract costs incurred plus recognised		
日期已確認溢利減已確認虧損	profits less recognised losses to date	12,856,069	12,207,275
減:已收及應收進度賬款	Less: Progress billings received and receivable	(12,979,480)	(12,751,548)
		(123,411)	(544,273)

22. 應收貿易賬款及應收保固金

本集團跟隨本地行業標準制訂信貸政策。給予貿易客戶之平均一般信貸期為30日內(應收保固金除外),惟須經管理層作出定期檢討。有鑒於上文所述及本集團之應收貿易賬款及應收保固金與大量不同客戶有關,故概無信貸風險過於集中之情況。本集團並無就該等結存持有任何擔保或提高其他信貸。應收貿易賬款及應收保固金均為免息。

22. TRADE AND RETENTION RECEIVABLES

The Group has established credit policies that follow local industry standards. The average normal credit periods offered to trade customers other than for retention receivables are within 30 days, and are subject to periodic review by management. In view of the aforementioned and the fact that the Group's trade and retention receivables relate to a large number of diversified customers, there is no significant concentration of credit risk. The Group does not hold any collateral or other credit enhancements over its trade and retention receivable balances. Trade and retention receivables are non-interest-bearing.

一令 八十	一 令 ハキ
十二月三十一日	三月三十一日
31 December	31 March
2016	2016
千港元	千港元
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
797,907	727,634
(29)	(391)
797,878	727,243

應收貿易賬款及應收保固金 減值 Trade and retention receivables Impairment - 零一六年

31 December 2016 二零一六年十二月三十一日

22. 應收貿易賬款及應收保固金(續)

應收貿易賬款及應收保固金中包括應收一間關連公司款項7,284,000港元(二零一六年三月三十一日:572,000港元),其還款信貸條款與給予本集團主要客戶的條款相若。

以發票日期及撥備淨值計算,應收貿易 賬款於報告期末之賬齡分析如下:

22. TRADE AND RETENTION RECEIVABLES (Cont'd)

Included in the trade and retention receivables is an amount due from a related company of HK\$7,284,000 (31 March 2016: HK\$572,000), which is repayable on credit terms similar to those offered to the major customers of the Group.

An aged analysis of the trade receivables as at the end of the reporting period, based on the invoice date and net of provision, is as follows:

		二零一六年	二零一六年
		十二月三十一日	三月三十一日
		31 December	31 March
		2016	2016
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
應收貿易賬款:	Trade receivables:		
90日內	Within 90 days	525,746	415,191
91日至180日	91 to 180 days	102	5,205
181日至360日	181 to 360 days	481	3,535
360日以上	Over 360 days	10,392	12,619
		536,721	436,550
應收保固金	Retention receivables	261,157	290,693
		797,878	727,243

於二零一六年十二月三十一日金額為200,251,000港元(二零一六年三月三十一日:240,586,000港元)之應收保固金預期將於報告期末後十二個月內收回。

Retention receivables, amounting to HK\$200,251,000 as at 31 December 2016 (31 March 2016: HK\$240,586,000), are expected to be recovered within twelve months after the end of the reporting period.

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22. 應收貿易賬款及應收保固金(續)

應收貿易賬款減值撥備之變動如下:

22. TRADE AND RETENTION RECEIVABLES (Cont'd)

The movements in provision for individual impairment of trade receivables are as follows:

		一令 一八十	_令一八十
		十二月三十一日	三月三十一日
		31 December	31 March
		2016	2016
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
期/年初	At beginning of period/year	391	387
已確認減值虧損(附註7)	Impairment losses recognised (note 7)	25	4
不可收回之已撇銷款項	Amount written off as uncollectible	(387)	
期/年終	At end of period/year	29	391

計入上述應收貿易賬款之減值撥備為29,000港元(二零一六年三月三十一日:391,000港元)是就個別應收貿易 賬款而作其撥備前賬面總值為69,000港元(二零一六年三月三十一日:391,000港元)。個別已減值應收貿易 賬款與處於財務困難之客戶有關,預期 應收該等客戶之賬款不能全部收回。 Included in the above provision for impairment of trade receivables of HK\$29,000 (31 March 2016: HK\$391,000) is a provision for individually impaired trade receivables with a gross carrying amount before provision of HK\$69,000 (31 March 2016: HK\$391,000). The individually impaired trade receivables relate to customers that were in financial difficulties and the receivables from these customers are not expected to be fully recoverable.

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31 December 2016 二零一六年十二月三十一日

22. 應收貿易賬款及應收保固金(續)

22. TRADE AND RETENTION RECEIVABLES (Cont'd)

個別或共同視作將不予減值之應收貿易 賬款及應收保固金之賬齡分析如下: The aged analysis of the trade and retention receivables that are not individually nor collectively considered to be impaired is as follows:

		二零一六年	二零一六年
		十二月三十一日	三月三十一日
		31 December	31 March
		2016	2016
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
既無過期亦無減值	Neither past due nor impaired	691,725	669,812
已過期1日至90日	1 to 90 days past due	95,178	36,615
已過期91日至270日	91 to 270 days past due	439	4,896
已過期超過270日	More than 270 days past due	10,496	15,920
		797,838	727,243

既無過期亦無減值之應收款項與大量並無近期違約歷史的不同客戶有關。已過期但並無減值之應收款項與大量與本集團有著良好交易記錄的獨立客戶有關。依據過往經驗,本公司董事認為,由於信貸質量並無重大變動且結存仍視為可全部收回,故概無必要就該等結存作出減值撥備。應收貿易賬款及應收保固金之賬面值與其公平值相若。

Receivables that were neither past due nor impaired relate to a large number of diversified customers for whom there was no recent history of default. Receivables that were past due but not impaired relate to a number of independent customers that have a good track record with the Group. Based on past experience, the directors of the Company are of the opinion that no provision for impairment is necessary in respect of these balances as there has not been a significant change in credit quality and the balances are still considered fully recoverable. The carrying amounts of the trade and retention receivables approximate to their fair values.

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23. 預付款項、訂金及其他應收款項

23. PREPAYMENTS, DEPOSITS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

		二零一六年	二零一六年
		十二月三十一日	三月三十一日
		31 December	31 March
		2016	2016
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
收購物業、機器	Deposits for acquisition of items of property,		
及設備項目之訂金	plant and equipment	1,994	_
預付款項及訂金	Prepayments and deposits	53,137	52,951
其他應收款項	Other receivables	23,570	236,192
減:減值	Less: Impairment	(3,888)	(4,215)
		74,813	284,928
減:歸類為非流動資產之 預付款項、訂金	Less: Prepayments, deposits and other receivables		
及其他應收款項	classified as non-current assets	(4,143)	(1,386)
		70,670	283,542

其他應收款項減值撥備之變動如下:

The movements in provision for impairment of other receivables are as follows:

		一令一八千	_令一八十
		十二月三十一日	三月三十一日
		31 December	31 March
		2016	2016
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
期/年初	At beginning of period/year	4,215	4,292
已確認減值虧損,淨額(附註8)	Impairment losses recognised, net (note 8)	_	99
減值虧損撥回,淨額(附註8)	Impairment losses written back, net (note 8)	(50)	_
匯兑調整	Exchange realignment	(277)	(176)
期/年終	At end of period/year	3,888	4,215

除已全數減值之3,888,000港元(二零一六年三月三十一日:4,215,000港元)其他應收款項外,上述資產並無過期或減值,而計入上述結餘之金融資產與近來並無違約紀錄之應收款項有關。

Except for other receivables of HK\$3,888,000 (31 March 2016: HK\$4,215,000) which were fully impaired, none of the above assets is either past due or impaired and the financial assets included in the above balances relate to receivables for which there was no recent history of default.

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24. 衍生金融工具

24. DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENT

 二零一六年
 二零一六年

 十二月三十一日
 三月三十一日

 31 December
 31 March

 2016
 2016

 千港元
 千港元

 HK\$'000
 HK\$'000

交叉貨幣掉期

Cross currency swap

39,721 8,533

本集團已訂立一項交叉貨幣掉期,以管理其匯率風險。該交叉貨幣掉期並非指定作對沖目的,並按公平值計入損益。 非對沖衍生工具之公平淨值變動之盈利 27,662,000港元(截至二零一六年三月 三十一日止年度:5,302,000港元)乃 計入期內之損益表內。該等金融工具之 賬面值與其公平值相若。上述衍生金融 工具所涉及交易乃與一間信譽良好且近 期並無違約歷史之金融機構進行。 The Group entered into a cross currency swap to manage its exchange rate exposures. This cross currency swap is not designated for hedging purpose and is measured at fair value through profit or loss. Changes in the fair value, net, of the non-hedging derivative amounting to a gain of HK\$27,662,000 (year ended 31 March 2016: HK\$5,302,000) were credited to the statement of profit or loss during the period. The carrying amount of the financial instrument was the same as its fair value. The above transaction involving a derivative financial instrument was conducted with a creditworthy financial institution with no recent history of default.

25. 現金及銀行結存及定期存款

25. CASH AND BANK BALANCES AND TIME DEPOSITS

		附註 Notes	二零一六年 十二月三十一日 31 December 2016 千港元 HK\$'000	二零一六年 三月三十一日 31 March 2016 <i>千港元</i> HK\$'000
定期存款:	Time deposits:			
一其他定期存款	 other time deposits 	(a)	1,246,496	1,013,868
一結構性存款	- structured deposits	(b)	280,790	289,721
定期存款總額	Total time deposits		1,527,486	1,303,589
現金及銀行結存	Cash and bank balances	(a)	330,962	502,830
總計	Total		1,858,448	1,806,419
以下列貨幣計值:	Denominated in:			
人民幣	Renminbi ("RMB")		546,132	536,206
港元	HK\$		1,311,373	1,260,250
澳門元	Macao patacas ("MOP")		493	9,232
其他貨幣	Other currencies		450	731
			1,858,448	1,806,419

31 December 2016 二零一六年十二月三十一日

25. 現金及銀行結存及定期存款(續)

人民幣不可自由兑換為其他貨幣,然 而,根據中國內地之外匯管理條例及結 匯、售匯及付匯管理規定,本集團獲准 透過獲授權進行外匯業務之銀行,將人 民幣兑換為其他貨幣。

附註:

- (a) 銀行存款按每日銀行存款利率計算之 浮動利率賺取利息。定期存款具有不 同之存款期限,介乎7天至3個月(二 零一六年三月三十一日:介乎7天至 32天)不等,視乎本集團之即時現金 需求而定,並按有關之定期存款利率 賺取利息。銀行結存及存款存於近期 並無違約歷史之信譽卓著之銀行。
- (b) 結構性存款為具有固定到期期限之定期存款,按攤銷成本列賬。定期存款,按攤銷成本列賬。定期存款具有不同之存款期限,介乎30天至92天(二零一六年三月三十一日:介乎14天至94天)不等。結餘包括於取得時原定於三個月後到期之存款34,237,000港元(二零一六年三月三十一日:42,603,000港元)。結構性存款利率基於美元與港元之間之匯率變動而波動。本集團主要將結構性存款用於提升投資回報。

25. CASH AND BANK BALANCES AND TIME DEPOSITS (Cont'd)

RMB is not freely convertible into other currencies, however, under Mainland China's Foreign Exchange Control Regulations and Administration of Settlement, Sale and Payment of Foreign Exchange Regulations, the Group is permitted to exchange RMB for other currencies through authorised banks to conduct foreign exchange business.

Notes:

- (a) Cash at banks earns interest at floating rates based on daily bank deposit rates. Time deposits are made for varying periods of between 7 days to 3 months (31 March 2016: 7 days to 32 days) depending on the immediate cash requirements of the Group, and earn interest at the respective time deposit rates. The bank balances and deposits are deposited with creditworthy banks with no recent history of default.
- (b) The structured deposits are time deposits with fixed maturity dates and are stated at amortised cost. The deposits are made for varying periods of between 30 days to 92 days (31 March 2016: 14 days to 94 days). Included in the balance are deposits of HK\$34,237,000 (31 March 2016: HK\$42,603,000) of which the original maturity is more than three months when acquired. The interest rates on the structured deposits fluctuated based on changes in the currency exchange rate between the United States dollars ("US\$") and HK\$. The Group uses structured deposits primarily to enhance the return on investment.



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26. 應付貿易賬款、應付保固金及應計款項

26. TRADE AND RETENTION PAYABLES AND ACCRUALS

以發票日計算,應付貿易賬款於報告期 末之賬齡分析如下: An aged analysis of the trade payables as at the end of the reporting period, based on the invoice date, is as follows:

		二零一六年 十二月三十一日 31 December 2016 千港元 HK\$'000	二零一六年 三月三十一日 31 March 2016 <i>千港元</i> HK\$'000
應付貿易賬款: 90日內 91日至180日 180日以上	Trade payables: Within 90 days 91 to 180 days Over 180 days	334,403 33 347 334,783	193,460 273 531 194,264
應付保固金 應計款項 減:分類為非流動負債之應計款項	Retention payables Accruals Less: Accrual classified as non-current liabilities	157,899 484,984 977,666	190,870 253,987 639,121 (4,387)
		977,666	634,734

應付貿易賬款及應付保固金均為免息, 一般還款期為九十日。

The trade and retention payables are non-interest-bearing and are normally settled on 90-day terms.

27. 其他應付款項、已收訂金及預收款項

其他應付款項、已收訂金及預收款項包括與收購泰昇地基(香港)餘下5%股權有關的應付代價104,598,000港元(附註39)。

其他應付款項(不包括上述應付代價)均 為免息,平均還款期為一個月。

27. OTHER PAYABLES, DEPOSITS RECEIVED AND RECEIPTS IN ADVANCE

Included in other payables, deposits received and receipt in advance is a consideration payable of HK\$104,598,000 related to the acquisition of remaining 5% equity interest in TFHKL (note 39).

Other payables, excluding the above mentioned consideration payable, are non-interest-bearing and have an average term of one month.

31 December 2016 二零一六年十二月三十一日

28. 已收訂金

已收訂金指簽署發展中物業預售合約及 持有供本集團銷售物業銷售合約後自客 戶收取之訂金。本集團於物業仍在發展 期間預售物業。由於與客戶訂有合約, 故此於簽署預售合約後,客戶須向本集 團支付訂金。本集團所持有之該等金額 均為免息。

29. 附息銀行借貸

28. DEPOSITS RECEIVED

Deposits received represented the down payments received from customers upon signing the pre-sale contracts of properties under development and sale contracts of properties held for sale of the Group. The Group conducted the pre-sale of properties when they were still under development. As contracted with customers, deposits were paid to the Group upon signing the pre-sale contracts. Such amounts held by the Group are non-interest-bearing.

29. INTEREST-BEARING BANK BORROWINGS

		二零一六年十二月三十一日 31 December 2016				一六年三月三十 31 March 2016	
		實際利率 Effective interest rate (%)	期限 Maturity	<i>千港元</i> HK\$′000	實際利率 Effective interest rate (%)	期限 Maturity	千港元 HK\$'000
無抵押: 銀行貸款	Unsecured: Bank loans	3.2-3.9	2017-2018	396,543	2.3-4.0	2016-2018	768,993
有抵押: 銀行貸款 分期貸款	Secured: Bank loans Instalment loans	_ 2.3	_ 2017-2031	- 	2. <i>7</i> 1.9	2016-2017 2016-2031	6,100 81,853
銀行借貸總額	Total bank borrowings			78,667 475,210			87,953 856,946



31 December 2016 二零一六年十二月三十一日

29. 附息銀行借貸(續)

29. INTEREST-BEARING BANK BORROWINGS (Cont'd)

十二月三十一日 31 December 31 March 2016 2016 2016 2016 2016 4形素でのの HK\$*000 HK\$			二零一六年	二零一六年
2016 子港元 千港元 千港元 千港元 千港元 千港元 日本元 HK\$*000 HK\$			十二月三十一日	三月三十一日
程據下列項目分析: Analysed into: 須於下列期間內償還 Bank borrowings repayable: 立銀行借貸: 於一年內或按要求時 Within one year or on demand 127,777 198,568 第二年 In the second year 276,812 199,869 第三年至第五年 In the third to fifth (包括首尾兩年) years, inclusive 12,786 398,840 超過五年 Beyond five years 57,835 59,669 475,210 856,946 須於一年內償還・分類為 Classified as current liabilities (127,777) [198,568]			31 December	31 March
根據下列項目分析: Analysed into: 須於下列期間內償還 Bank borrowings repayable: 之銀行借貸: 於一年內或按要求時 Within one year or on demand 127,777 198,568 第二年 In the second year 276,812 199,869 第三年至第五年 In the third to fifth (包括首尾兩年) years, inclusive 12,786 398,840 超過五年 Beyond five years 57,835 59,669 須於一年內償還・分類為 Portion due within one year, classified as current liabilities (127,777) (198,568)			2016	2016
根據下列項目分析: Analysed into:			千港元	千港元
須於下列期間內償還 之銀行借貸: 於一年內或按要求時 第二年 (包括首尾兩年) 超過五年Within one year or on demand In the second year years, inclusive127,777 276,812198,568 199,869類別五年In the second year years, inclusive12,786 12,786398,840 398,840超過五年Beyond five years57,835 475,21059,669須於一年內償還・分類為 流動負債之部分Portion due within one year, classified as current liabilities(127,777) (198,568)			HK\$'000	HK\$'000
之銀行借貸: 於一年內或按要求時Within one year or on demand127,777198,568第二年 第三年至第五年 (包括首尾兩年) 超過五年In the second year In the third to fifth years, inclusive12,786 12,786 57,835398,840 57,835超過五年Beyond five years57,835 475,21059,669須於一年內償還・分類為 流動負債之部分Portion due within one year, classified as current liabilities(127,777) (198,568)	根據下列項目分析:	Analysed into:		
第二年 In the second year 276,812 199,869 第三年至第五年 In the third to fifth (包括首尾兩年) years, inclusive 12,786 398,840 超過五年 Beyond five years 57,835 59,669 475,210 856,946 須於一年內償還,分類為 Portion due within one year, 流動負債之部分 classified as current liabilities (127,777) (198,568)		Bank borrowings repayable:		
第三年至第五年 In the third to fifth (包括首尾兩年) years, inclusive 12,786 398,840 超過五年 Beyond five years 57,835 59,669 475,210 856,946 須於一年內償還,分類為 Portion due within one year, classified as current liabilities (127,777) (198,568)	於一年內或按要求時	Within one year or on demand	127,777	198,568
(包括首尾兩年) years, inclusive 12,786 398,840 超過五年 Beyond five years 57,835 59,669 475,210 856,946 須於一年內償還・分類為 流動負債之部分 Portion due within one year, classified as current liabilities (127,777) (198,568)	第二年	In the second year	276,812	199,869
超過五年 Beyond five years 57,835 59,669 475,210 856,946 須於一年內償還,分類為 Portion due within one year, classified as current liabilities (127,777) (198,568)	第三年至第五年	In the third to fifth		
475,210 856,946 須於一年內償還・分類為 Portion due within one year, 流動負債之部分 classified as current liabilities (127,777) (198,568)	(包括首尾兩年)	years, inclusive	12,786	398,840
須於一年內償還,分類為 Portion due within one year, classified as current liabilities (127,777) (198,568)	超過五年	Beyond five years	57,835	59,669
流動負債之部分 classified as current liabilities (127,777) (198,568)			475,210	856,946
	須於一年內償還,分類為	Portion due within one year,		
長期部分 Long term portion 347,433 658,378	流動負債之部分	classified as current liabilities	(127,777)	(198,568)
	長期部分	Long term portion	347,433	658,378

就上述分析而言,於二零一六年三月三十一日,本集團包含可隨時要求償還條款之銀行貸款2,260,000港元已計入即期附息銀行借貸,並分析為於一年內或按要求償還之應付銀行貸款。

For the purpose of the above analysis, as at 31 March 2016, the Group's bank loans in the amount of HK\$2,260,000 containing a repayment on demand clause were included within current interest-bearing bank borrowings and analysed into bank loans payable within one year or on demand.



31 December 2016 二零一六年十二月三十一日

29. 附息銀行借貸(續)

根據銀行貸款之到期期限,於二零一六年三月三十一日,相關銀行貸款之應償還金額為:須於一年內或按要求時支付之196,308,000港元;須於第二年支付之202,129,000港元;須於第三年至第五年(包括首尾兩年)支付之398,840,000港元:須於五年以上支付之59,669,000港元。

於二零一六年十二月三十一日,本集團之抵押銀行借貸乃由其賬面值為169,061,000港元(二零一六年三月三十一日:總賬面值為174,895,000港元之部分土地及樓宇、設備及機器)之部分土地及樓宇(附註14)作抵押。

此外,本公司已就其若干附屬公司取得之借貸融資簽立擔保(附註37(a))。馬先生(透過祥澤有限公司(「祥澤」)成為本公司若干附屬公司之實益股東)亦就該等附屬公司取得之銀行融資提供個人擔保。

本集團所有銀行借貸均按浮動利率計 息。銀行借貸之賬面值與其公平值相 若。

本集團之銀行借款以港元計值。

29. INTEREST-BEARING BANK BORROWINGS (Cont'd)

Based on the maturity terms of the bank loans, as at 31 March 2016, the amounts repayable in respect of the bank loans were: HK\$196,308,000 payable within one year or on demand; HK\$202,129,000 payable in the second year; HK\$398,840,000 payable in the third to fifth years, inclusive; HK\$59,669,000 payable beyond five years.

As at 31 December 2016, the Group's secured bank borrowings were secured by certain of its land and buildings (note 14) with a carrying amount of HK\$169,061,000 (31 March 2016: certain of its land and buildings, equipment and machinery with carrying amounts of HK\$174,895,000).

In addition, the Company has executed guarantees in respect of borrowing facilities granted to certain of its subsidiaries (note 37(a)). Mr. Fung, who is a beneficial shareholder of certain subsidiaries of the Company through Fortunate Pool Limited ("Fortunate Pool"), also provided personal guarantees in respect of borrowing facilities granted to these subsidiaries.

All of the bank borrowings of the Group bear interest at floating interest rates. The carrying amounts of the bank borrowings approximate to their fair values.

The Group's bank borrowings are denominated in Hong Kong dollars.



31 December 2016 二零一六年十二月三十一日

30. 遞延税項

30. DEFERRED TAX

於本期間/年度內,遞延税項負債及資 產之變動如下: The movements in deferred tax liabilities and assets during the period/year are as follows:

遞延税項負債

Deferred tax liabilities

		重估 投資物業 Revaluation of investment properties 千港元 HK\$000	撥備超出有關折舊部分Allowance in excess of related depreciation 千港元 HK\$'000	預扣税 Withholding taxes <i>干港元</i> HK\$'000	總計 Total <i>千港元</i> HK\$'000
於二零一五年四月一日	At 1 April 2015	(110,986)	(11,034)	(101,297)	(223,317)
年內於損益表計入/ (扣除)之遞延 税項(附註11) 就中國內地附屬公司 匯出之盈利而支付之	Deferred tax credited/(charged) to the statement of profit or loss during the year (note 11) Withholding tax paid on repatriation of earnings from	(10,048)	3,074	(33,967)	(40,941)
預扣税	subsidiaries in Mainland China	_	_	25,789	25,789
出售附屬公司 (附註40(b)及(c)) 匯兑調整	Disposal of subsidiaries (note 40(b) and (c)) Exchange realignment	88,062 5,887		4,216	88,062 10,103
於二零一六年 三月三十一日及 二零一六年四月一日	At 31 March 2016 and 1 April 2016	(27,085)	(7,960)	(105,259)	(140,304)
期內於損益表計入/ (扣除)之 遞延税項(附註11) 期內於資產重估	Deferred tax credited/(charged) to the statement of profit or loss during the period (note 11) Deferred tax charged to the asset	(6,402)	1,596	16,141	11,335
儲備扣除之 遞延税項 就中國內地附屬公司	revaluation reserve during the period Withholding tax paid on	(1,395)	-	- 1	(1,395)
匯出之盈利而支付 之預扣税 匯兑調整	repatriation of earnings from subsidiaries in Mainland China Exchange realignment	2,249		14,209 5,973	14,209 8,222
於二零一六年 十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2016	(32,633)	(6,364)	(68,936)	(107,933)
	2010	(-2/000)	(0/001)	1-3/.00	1 / /

31 December 2016 二零一六年十二月三十一日

土地增值税

30. 遞延税項(續)

30. DEFERRED TAX (Cont'd)

遞延税項資產

Deferred tax assets

		撥備
		Provision
		for land
		appreciation
		tax 千港元 HK\$'000
於二零一五年四月一日	At 1 April 2015	55,829
年內於損益表扣除	Deferred tax charged to the statement of profit or loss	
之遞延税項(附註11)	during the year (note 11)	(4,445)
匯兑調整	Exchange realignment	(2,251)
於二零一六年三月三十一日	At 31 March 2016 and	
及二零一六年四月一日	1 April 2016	49,133
期內於損益表計入	Deferred tax credited to the statement of profit or loss during	
之遞延税項(附註11)	the period (note 11)	7,150
匯兑調整	Exchange realignment	(3,827)
於二零一六年十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2016	52,456

本集團於香港產生之稅項虧損為286,058,000港元(二零一六年三月三十一日:238,457,000港元),可用作無限期抵銷出現虧損之公司之未來應課稅溢利。長期產生虧損之附屬公司所產生之該等虧損則不會確認為遞延稅項資產,且將應課稅溢利用於沖抵稅項虧損被視作不可能。

The Group has tax losses arising in Hong Kong of HK\$286,058,000 (31 March 2016: HK\$238,457,000) that are available indefinitely for offsetting against future taxable profits of the companies in which the losses arose. Deferred tax assets have not been recognised in respect of these losses as they have arisen in subsidiaries that have been loss-making for some time and it is not considered probable that taxable profits will be available against which the tax losses can be utilised.

31 December 2016 二零一六年十二月三十一日

30. 遞延税項(續)

根據中國企業所得稅法(「企業所得稅 法」),於中國內地成立的外資企業所得稅 外投資者宣派之股息須繳納10%預知 稅。該項規定由二零零八年一月一日一 生效並適用於二零零七年十二月三十一 日之後產生之盈利。倘中國內地與國 投資者所處司法權區訂有稅項協定,則 可能適用較低之預扣稅稅率。因此,本 可能適用較低之預扣稅稅率。因此,本 可能適用較低之稅之內 動力,本 司就其於中國內地成立之附屬公司 就由二零零八年一月一日起產生之盈利 而派發之股息繳納預扣稅。

本公司派付予其股東之股息並無任何所 得稅後果。

31. 股本

股份

30. DEFERRED TAX (Cont'd)

Pursuant to the Corporate Income Tax ("CIT") Law, a 10% withholding tax is levied on dividends declared to foreign investors from the foreign investment enterprises established in Mainland China. The requirement is effective from 1 January 2008 and applies to earnings after 31 December 2007. A lower withholding tax rate may be applied if there is a tax treaty between Mainland China and the jurisdiction of the foreign investors. The Group is therefore liable for withholding taxes on dividends distributed by its subsidiaries established in Mainland China in respect of earnings generated from 1 January 2008.

There are no income tax consequences attaching to the payment of dividends by the Company to its shareholders.

31. SHARE CAPITAL

Shares

二零一六年	二零一六年
十二月三十一日	三月三十一日
31 December	31 March
2016	2016
千港元	千港元
HK\$'000	HK\$'000

法定:

2,000,000,000股每股

面值0.10港元之普通股

Authorised:

2,000,000,000 ordinary shares of

HK\$0.10 each

200,000

200,000

已發行及繳足:

1,134,165,903股

(二零一六年三月三十一日:

874,665,903股)

每股面值0.10港元之普通股

Issued and fully paid:

1,134,165,903 (31 March 2016:

874,665,903) ordinary shares

of HK\$0.10 each

113,416

87,466

31 December 2016 二零一六年十二月三十一日

31. 股本(續)

31. SHARE CAPITAL (Cont'd)

股份(續)

Shares (Cont'd)

本公司股本之變動概要如下:

A summary of movements in the Company's share capital is as follows:

		已發行		股份溢價賬	
		股份數目	股本	Share	
		Number of	Share	premium	總計
		shares in issue	capital	account	Total
			千港元	千港元	千港元
			HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
於二零一五年四月一日	At 1 April 2015	874,665,903	87,466	563,861	651,327
轉撥至繳入盈餘	Transfer to contributed surplus		_	(563,861)	(563,861)
於二零一六年三月三十一日	At 31 March 2016 and				
及二零一六年四月一日	1 April 2016	874,665,903	87,466	_	87,466
發行股份(附註)	Issue of shares (note)	259,500,000	25,950	1,032,810	1,058,760
股份發行開支	Share issue expenses		_	(660)	(660)
於二零一六年十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2016	1,134,165,903	113,416	1,032,150	1,145,566

附註:

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止期間,已 按認購價每股4.08港元發行259,500,000 股股份,現金代價總額(扣除開支前)為 1,058,760,000港元。

購股權

本公司購股權計劃之詳情載於財務報表 附註32。

Note:

During the period ended 31 December 2016, 259,500,000 shares were issued for cash at a subscription price of HK\$4.08 per share for a total cash consideration, before expenses, of HK\$1,058,760,000.

Share options

Details of the Company's share option scheme are included in note 32 to the financial statements.

31 December 2016 二零一六年十二月三十一日

32. 購股權計劃

於二零一二年八月八日,本公司採納一項購股權計劃(「二零一二年購股權計劃」),向為本集團成功營運作出貢獻之合資格參與者提供獎勵及回報。

目前准許根據二零一二年購股權計劃授出之尚未行使購股權最高數目,合共不得超過本公司任何時間已發行股份之10%。期內並無根據二零一二年購股權計劃授出購股權。

本公司之二零一二年購股權計劃概要如下:

目的 Purpose

32. SHARE OPTION SCHEME

On 8 August 2012, the Company adopted a share option scheme (the "2012 Share Option Scheme") for the purpose of providing incentives and rewards to eligible participants who contribute to the success of the Group's operations.

The maximum number of unexercised share options currently permitted to be granted under the 2012 Share Option Scheme must not in aggregate exceed 10% of the shares of the Company in issue at any time. No share option has been granted under the 2012 Share Option Scheme during the period.

A summary of the 2012 Share Option Scheme of the Company is as follows:

讓董事局(「董事局」)得以授出購股權以獎勵董事局全權認為會對或已對本集團及/或本集團任何成員公司持有任何股本權益之任何實體之業務、發展及增長有貢獻或有益之合資格參與者;激勵合資格參與者竭盡所能以達致本集團之目標,以符合本公司及本公司股東之整體利益及裨益,同時讓合資格參與者分享曾作出努力及貢獻而達致之本公司業務成果;讓本集團得以聘請對管理層以及本集團長遠業務及財務目標及成就有價值之高質素僱員。

To enable the board of directors (the "Board") to grant options to reward eligible participants who, in the sole and absolute opinion of the Board, would contribute or benefit or had contributed or benefited to the business, development and growth (and any other aspect whatsoever) of the Group and/or any of the entities in which any member of the Group holds any equity interest, and to provide incentives to eligible participants to perform their best in achieving the goals of the Group in the interests and benefits of the Company and the shareholders of the Company as a whole, while at the same time allowing the eligible participants to share the fruits of the Company's business achieved through their effort and contribution, as well as to enable the Group to recruit high quality employees who are valuable to the management and long term business and financial goals and success of the Group.

31 December 2016 二零一六年十二月三十一日

32. 購股權計劃(續)

本公司之二零一二年購股權計劃概要如下: (續)

合資格參與者 Eligible participants

可予發行之普通股總數及於年報發表日期 佔已發行股本之百分比

Total number of ordinary shares available for issue and the percentage of the issued share capital that it represents as at the date of the annual report

每名參與者之最高配額 Maximum entitlement of each participant

根據購股權必須認購證券之期限 Period within which the securities must be taken up under an option

於行使前必須持有購股權之最低期限 Minimum period for which an option must be held before it can be exercised

於接納時應付款項 Amount payable on acceptance

32. SHARE OPTION SCHEME (Cont'd)

A summary of the 2012 Share Option Scheme of the Company is as follows: (Cont'd)

有權參與二零一二年購股權計劃之人士,即本公司或任何附屬公司 或權益實體之任何全職或兼職僱員、行政人員、高級職員或董事(包括執行、非執行及獨立非執行董事)或董事局全權認為會對或已對本公司及/或任何附屬公司及/或任何權益實體之業務、發展及增長(及任何其他方面)有貢獻或有益之本集團任何承包商、諮詢人、顧問、代理人、供應商或提供商(例如商品、廠房及機器、材料或服務)、客戶、分銷商、業務聯盟或合營夥伴。

A person who is entitled to participate in the 2012 Share Option Scheme, being any full-time or part-time employees, executives, officers or directors (including executive, non-executive and independent non-executive directors) of the Company or any of the subsidiaries or any of the interested entities and any contractors, advisors, consultants, agents, suppliers or providers (of, for example, goods, plants and machineries, materials or services), customers, distributors, business ally or joint venture partners of the Group who, in the sole and absolute opinion of the Board, will contribute or benefit or have contributed or benefited to the business, development and growth (and any other aspect whatsoever) of the Company and/or any of the subsidiaries and/or any of the interested entities.

87,266,590股普通股及已發行股本之10%(計算基準為於本公司股東特別大會日期二零一二年八月八日之872,665,903股已發行股份)。

87,266,590 ordinary shares and 10% of the issued share capital, on the basis of 872,665,903 shares in issue as at the date of the Company's special general meeting on 8 August 2012.

不得超過於任何 12個月期間本公司已發行股本之 1%。
Shall not exceed 1% of the issued share capital of the Company in any 12-month period.

將會由董事局視乎情況全權酌情釐定及將會知會計劃之承授人,惟所述期間之到期日不得遲於授出有關購股權當日起計十(10)年內。 To be determined by the Board on a case-to-case basis at its absolute discretion and notified to the grantee thereof, provided that the expiry date of the said period shall not be later than ten (10) years from the date of grant of the option concerned.

將由董事局酌情釐定。

To be determined at the discretion of the Board.

無。 Nil.

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32. 購股權計劃(續)

本公司之二零一二年購股權計劃概要如下:(續)

釐定行使價之基準

Basis for determining the exercise price

32. SHARE OPTION SCHEME (Cont'd)

A summary of the 2012 Share Option Scheme of the Company is as follows: *(Cont'd)*

就任何特定購股權而言:

In respect of any particular option:

於行使購股權時應付本公司之每股股份價格,由董事局經考慮二零一二年購股權計劃之目的後於授出購股權時可視乎情況全權酌情決定及規定,惟行使價不得少於以下各項中最高者:

the price per share payable to the Company on the exercise of the option as may be decided upon and prescribed by the Board on a case-to-case basis, bearing in mind the purpose of the 2012 Share Option Scheme, in its absolute discretion upon the grant of the option, provided that such exercise price shall not be less than the highest of the following:

(a) 股份之面值; the nominal value of a share;

must be a business day; and

- (b) 購股權授出日期(須為營業日)於聯交所之每日報價表所報之股份收市價:及
 the closing price of a share as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheet on the date of grant of the option, which
- (c) 緊接購股權授出日期前五(5)個營業日於聯交所之每日報價表 所報之股份平均收市價:或 the average closing price of the shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheets for the five (5) business days immediately preceding the date of grant of the option, or

有關購股權(上文(a)至(c)所述)之行使價(如適用),可由董事局根據 二零一二年購股權計劃中有關(其中包括)於發生任何二零一二年計 劃界定之相關事件後調整行使價之規則不時調整。

where applicable, the exercise price for the option concerned (referred to (a) to (c) above) as may be adjusted by the Board from time to time pursuant to the rules of the 2012 Share Option Scheme concerning adjustments of, inter alia, the exercise price upon the occurrence of any relevant event as defined in the 2012 Scheme.

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32. 購股權計劃(續)

本公司之二零一二年購股權計劃概要如下:(續)

計劃之餘下年期 The remaining life of the scheme

購股權並無賦予持有人收取股息或於股 東大會上投票之權利。

於截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止期 間及直至批准該等財務報表當日,二零 一二年購股權計劃下並無購股權獲授 出、行使、到期或失效,亦無任何未行 使購股權。

33. 儲備

於本期間及過往年度本集團儲備金額及 其變動於財務報表之綜合權益變動表呈 列。

根據中外合營企業之有關法例及條例, 本集團在中國註冊之附屬公司之部分溢 利已轉撥至限定用途之法定儲備。

32. SHARE OPTION SCHEME (Cont'd)

A summary of the 2012 Share Option Scheme of the Company is as follows: (Cont'd)

二零一二年購股權計劃自二零一二年八月八日起計十(10)年期間仍然 有效並於二零二二年八月七日本公司之營業時間結束時屆滿。

The 2012 Share Option Scheme remains in force for a period of ten (10) years commencing from 8 August 2012 and expiring at the close of business hours of the Company on 7 August 2022.

Share options do not confer rights on the holders to dividends or to vote at shareholders' meetings.

During the period ended 31 December 2016 and up to the date of approval of these financial statements, no share option under the 2012 Share Option Scheme was granted, exercised, expired or lapsed and there was no outstanding share option under the 2012 Share Option Scheme.

33. RESERVES

The amounts of the Group's reserves and the movements therein for the current period and prior year are presented in the consolidated statement of changes in equity of the financial statements.

Pursuant to the relevant laws and regulations for Sino-foreign joint venture enterprises, a portion of the profits of the Group's subsidiaries which are registered in the PRC has been transferred to statutory reserves which are restricted as to use.



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34. 擁有重大非控股股東權益之部分 擁有附屬公司

關於擁有重大非控股股東權益之本集團 附屬公司之詳情載列如下。

下列資料指於泰昇地基(香港)及其全資 附屬公司(統稱為[泰昇地基(香港)集 團])之非控股股東權益。

34. PARTLY-OWNED SUBSIDIARIES WITH MATERIAL NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS

Details of the Group's subsidiaries that have material non-controlling interests are set out below.

The information set out below represents the non-controlling interests in TFHKL and its wholly-owned subsidiaries (collectively referred to as "Tysan Foundation (Hong Kong) Group").

			二零一六年 三月三十一日 31 March 2016
非控股股東權益持有之股權百分比	Percentage of equity interest held by non-controlling interests	5%	40%
		<i>千港元</i> HK\$′000	千港元 HK\$'000
分派予非控股股東權益之 期間/年度溢利/(虧損)	Profit/(loss) for the period/year allocated to non-controlling interests	(5,685)	115,660
派付予非控股股東權益之股息	Dividend paid to non-controlling interests	35,464	184,000
於報告期末之非控股股東 權益累計結存	Accumulated balances of non-controlling interests at the end of the reporting period	10,339	88,761

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34. 擁有重大非控股股東權益之部分 擁有附屬公司(續)

下表列示泰昇地基(香港)集團之財務資料概要。所披露金額乃進行公司間抵銷 前數據:

34. PARTLY-OWNED SUBSIDIARIES WITH MATERIAL NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS (Cont'd)

The following tables illustrate the summarised financial information of Tysan Foundation (Hong Kong) Group. The amounts disclosed are before any inter-company eliminations:

		二零一六年	二零一六年
		十二月三十一日	三月三十一日
		31 December	31 March
		2016	2016
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
收益	Revenue	2,115,532	3,018,427
總開支,淨額	Total expenses, net	(1,951,930)	(2,729,277)
期間/年度溢利	Profit for the period/year	163,602	289,150
期內/年內全面收益總額	Total comprehensive income		
	for the period/year	163,602	289,150
流動資產	Current assets	1,233,590	1,514,355
非流動資產	Non-current assets	91,419	117,031
流動負債	Current liabilities	(1,111,078)	(1,213,386)
非流動負債	Non-current liabilities	(7,149)	(196,098)
來自/(用於)經營業務之	Net cash flows from/(used in)		
現金流量淨額	operating activities	(104,668)	438,955
用於投資業務之現金流量淨額	Net cash flows used in investing activities	(5,141)	(19,275)
用於融資業務之現金流量淨額	Net cash flows used in financing activities	(420,927)	(315,114)
現金及等同現金項目	Net increase/(decrease) in cash and		
增加/(減少)淨額	cash equivalents	(530,736)	104,566

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35. 經營租約安排

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(a) 作為出租人

本集團根據經營租約安排,以租約年期介乎一至七十五個月,出租其若干機器(附註14)及其投資物業(附註15)。租約條款一般亦要求租戶及客戶支付抵押訂金及規定按當時市況定期作出租金調整。

於報告期末,本集團根據與其租 戶及客戶訂立之不可撤銷經營租 約於以下年期之未來最低應收租 金總額如下:

35. OPERATING LEASE ARRANGEMENTS

(a) As lessor

The Group leases certain of its machinery (note 14) and its investment properties (note 15) under operating lease arrangements, with leases negotiated for terms ranging from one to seventy-five months. The terms of the leases generally also require the tenants and customers to pay security deposits and provide for periodic rental adjustments according to the then prevailing market conditions.

At the end of the reporting period, the Group had total future minimum lease receivables under non-cancellable operating leases with its tenants and customers falling due as follows:

		十二月三十一日	三月三十一日
		31 December	31 March
		2016	2016
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
一年內	Within one year	14,362	12,620
第二至第五年	In the second to		
(包括首尾兩年)	fifth years, inclusive	23,008	26,227
五年後	After five years		2,009
		37,370	40,856

35. OPERATING LEASE ARRANGEMENTS (Cont'd)

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35. 經營租約安排(續)

(b) 作為承租人

本集團根據經營租約安排,以租 約年期介乎四至三十六個月,承 租若干辦公室物業、貨倉、員工 宿舍及若干機器。

於報告期末,本集團根據不可撤 銷經營租約於以下年期之未來最 低租約付款總額如下:

(b) As lessee

The Group leases certain of its office properties, warehouses, staff quarters and certain machinery under operating lease arrangements, with leases negotiated for terms ranging from four to thirty-six months.

At the end of the reporting period, the Group had total future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases falling due as follows:

二零一六年

三月三十一日	十二月三十一日	
31 March	31 December	
2016	2016	
千港元	千港元	
HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
17,597	25,509	
13,602	28,643	
31,199	54,152	

一年內Within one year第二至第五年In the second to(包括首尾兩年)fifth years, inclusive

36. 承擔

除上文附註35(b)詳述之經營租約承擔外,於報告期末,本集團擁有下列資本承擔:

36. COMMITMENTS

In addition to the operating lease commitments detailed in note 35(b) above, the Group had the following capital commitments at the end of the reporting period:

二零一六年 十二月三十一日

31 December		31 March
	2016	2016
	千港元	千港元
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	151	_
	table .	
er		
	273	393,734

就發展中物業及持作出售物業之建造工程:

-已訂約,但未作撥備

物業、機器及設備:

-已訂約,但未作撥備

Property, plant and equipment:

- contracted, but not provided for

Construction works relating to properties under development and properties held for sale:

- contracted, but not provided for

三月三十一日

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37. 或然負債

37. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

- (a) 於報告期末,未於財務報表內作 出撥備之或然負債如下:
- (a) At the end of the reporting period, contingent liabilities not provided for in the financial statements were as follows:

二零一六年	二零一六年
十二月三十一日	三月三十一日
31 December	31 March
2016	2016
千港元	千港元
HK\$'000	HK\$'000

就履約保證書向附屬公司 作出之擔保

Guarantees in respect of performance bonds in relation to subsidiaries

343,537 195,469

(b) 於二零一六年十二月三十一日,本集團就瀋陽住房公積金管理中心所授與安排用於購買本公司一間附屬公司所開發之若干物業按揭貸款有關的按揭融資提供擔保,該等擔保之尚未償還按揭貸款為42,196,000港元(二零一六年三月三十一日:14,277,000港元)。

本集團的擔保期由授出有關按揭 貸款日期起,至發出相關擁有權 證為止。

該等擔保之公平值並不重大,而 董事認為如拖欠付款,相關物業 之可變現淨值可抵銷償還未償還 的按揭本金餘額連同應計利息及 罰款,故此財務報表並無就此等 擔保作出撥備。 (b) As at 31 December 2016, the Group provided guarantees in respect of mortgage facilities granted by Shenyang Housing Fund Management Center relating to the mortgage loans arranged for purchases of certain properties developed by a subsidiary of the Company and the outstanding mortgage loans under these guarantees amounted to HK\$42,196,000 (31 March 2016: HK\$14,277,000).

The Group's guarantee period starts from the dates of grant of the relevant mortgage loans and ends upon issuance of the relevant ownership certificates.

The fair value of the guarantees is not significant and the directors consider that in case of default in payments, the net realisable value of the related properties can cover the repayment of the outstanding mortgage principal together with the accrued interest and penalty and therefore no provision has been made for these guarantees in the financial statements.

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38. 關連人士交易

除披露於該等財務報表其他地方外,本 集團於期內與關連人士訂立下列交易:

(a) 與關連人士之未償還結存

於報告期末,本集團與其聯營公司、一間關連公司及一位非控股股東款項餘額之詳情分別載於財務報表附註17、22及34。根據香港公司條例第383(1)(d)條所披露,期內尚未償還之關連公司最高欠款為7,284,000港元。

(b) 本集團主要管理人員之報酬

38. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Save as disclosed elsewhere in these financial statements, the Group had the following transactions with related parties during the period:

(a) Outstanding balances with related parties

Details of the Group's balances with its associate, a related company and a non-controlling interest as at the end of the reporting period are included in notes 17, 22 and 34, respectively, to the financial statements. The maximum amount due from a related company outstanding during the period was HK\$7,284,000 as disclosed pursuant to section 383(1)(d) of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

(b) Compensation of key management personnel of the Group

自二零一六年	
四月一日至	
二零一六年	
十二月三十一日	截至
止期間	二零一六年
Period from	三月三十一日
1 April	止年度
2016 to	Year ended
31 December	31 March
2016	2016
千港元	千港元
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
217,954	59,795
84	108
218,038	59,903

作用後福利 已付予主要管理人員 之報酬總額

短期僱員福利

Short term employee benefits Post-employment benefits

Total compensation paid to key management personnel

Further details of directors' remuneration are included in note 9 to the financial statements.

有關董事酬金詳情載於財務報表 附註9。

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38. 關連人士交易(續)

- (c) 與本集團關連公司之其他交易:
 - (1) 與關連公司之分包工程
 - (i) 於截至二零一六年 十二月三十一日止期 間,本集團將機電工 程 約260,000港 (截至二零一六年三 月三十一日止年度) 分表昇工程(香港)分有 限公司(「泰昇工程(香港)」,一間由 先生最終控制之公 司)。

38. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Cont'd)

- (c) Other transactions with related companies of the Group:
 - (1) Subcontracted works with related companies
 - (i) During the period ended 31 December 2016, the Group subcontracted engineering and mechanical works of approximately HK\$260,000 (year ended 31 March 2016: HK\$150,000) to Tysan Engineering (H.K.) Company Limited ("TEHK", a company ultimately controlled by Mr. Fung).

(ii) During the period ended 31 December 2016, Tysan Building Construction Company Limited ("TBC", a company ultimately controlled by Mr. Fung) subcontracted rental and engineering works relating to tower cranes of approximately HK\$4,031,000 (year ended 31 March 2016: HK\$993,000) to the Group.

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38. 關連人士交易(續)

- (c) 與本集團關連公司之其他交 易:(續)
 - (1) 與關連公司之分包工程 (續)
 - (iii) 於截至二零一六年 十二月三十一日止 期間,泰昇建築 程將地基工程約 24,409,000港 元 (截至二零一六年三 月三十一日止年度: 無)分包予本集團。
 - iv) 於截至二零一六年 十二月三十一日止期 間,本集團將其五 約1,683,000港 約1,683,000港 (截至二零一六年 月三十一日止年度 無)分包予泰昇 工程之附屬公司 工程定劃有限公司

38. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Cont'd)

- (c) Other transactions with related companies of the Group: (Cont'd)
 - (1) Subcontracted works with related companies (Cont'd)
 - (iii) During the period ended 31 December 2016, TBC subcontracted foundation works of approximately HK\$24,409,000 (year ended 31 March 2016: Nil) to the Group.
 - (iv) During the period ended 31 December 2016, the Group subcontracted the renovation works of certain of its office properties of approximately HK\$1,683,000 (year ended 31 March 2016: Nil) to Tysan Project Management Limited, a subsidiary of TBC.



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38. 關連人士交易(續)

- (c) 與本集團關連公司之其他交 易:(續)
 - (2) 收自關連公司之租賃開支 及管理費用
 - (i) 於截至二零一六年 井二月三十一月 期間,泰和向東 程已分別開開, 支付租賃用, 五(截至二零一一上元 度:695,000港元) 及204,000港元(截 至二零一一上年度 269,000港元)。
 - (ii) 於截至二零一六年 十二月三十一日止 期間,泰昇工程(香港)分別向本集團 村租賃開支及港 (截至二零一六年三 月三十一日止年度: 202,000港元(截至二 零一六年三月三十一日止年度: 78,000 港元)。

38. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Cont'd)

- (c) Other transactions with related companies of the Group:
 - (2) Rental charges and management fees received from related companies
 - (i) During the period ended 31 December 2016, TBC paid rental charge and management fee of HK\$521,000 (year ended 31 March 2016: HK\$695,000) and HK\$204,000 (year ended 31 March 2016: HK\$269,000), respectively, to the Group.

(ii) During the period ended 31 December 2016, TEHK paid rental charge and management fee of HK\$151,000 (year ended 31 March 2016: HK\$202,000) and HK\$59,000 (year ended 31 March 2016: HK\$78,000), respectively, to the Group.

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38. 關連人士交易(續)

- (c) 與本集團關連公司之其他交 易:(續)
 - (2) 收自關連公司之租賃開支 及管理費用(續)
 - 於截至二零一六年 (iii) 十二月三十一日止 期間,加晉貿易有 限公司(一間由馮先 生最終控制的公司) 已分別向本集團支 付租賃開支及管理 費 用126,000港 元 (截至二零一六年三 月三十一日止年度: 168,000港 元)及 49,000港元(截至二 零一六年三月三十一 日止年度:66,000 港元)。
 - (3) 於截至二零一六年十二月 三十一日止期間,本集團 向一名主要管理人員之物 親家屬出售持作出售之物 業,代價為1,002,000港 元(截至二零一六年三月 三十一日止年度:無)。該 物業乃按照向本集團其他 非關連客戶提供之相似價 格及條件出售。

38. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Cont'd)

- (c) Other transactions with related companies of the Group: (Cont'd)
 - (2) Rental charges and management fees received from related companies (Cont'd)
 - (iii) During the period ended 31 December 2016, Cando Trading Limited (a company ultimately controlled by Mr. Fung) paid rental charge and management fee of HK\$126,000 (year ended 31 March 2016: HK\$168,000) and HK\$49,000 (year ended 31 March 2016: HK\$66,000), respectively, to the Group.

(3) During the period ended 31 December 2016, the Group sold property held for sale to a close family member of one of the key management personnel at a consideration of HK\$1,002,000 (year ended 31 March 2016: Nill). This property was sold according to prices and conditions similar to those offered to other non-related customers of the Group.

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38. 關連人士交易(續)

- (c) 與本集團關連公司之其他交 易:(續)
 - (4) 於截至二零一六年十二月 三十一日止期間及截至二 零一六年三月三十一日止 年度,馮先生就本公司若 干附屬公司獲授之一般信 貸貸款及履約保證書向財 務機構提供個人擔保。

該等交易乃由本集團與其關連公 司按照協議條款訂立。

上文第(c)(1)及(c)(2)項的關連人士交易以及財務報表附註39所詳述之收購事項亦構成了上市規則第14A章所界定的關連交易。如上文第(c)(4)項所披露馮先生提供之個人擔保構成上市規則第14A章所界定的關連交易,惟獲豁免遵守上市規則第14A章之披露規定。

38. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Cont'd)

- (c) Other transactions with related companies of the Group: |Cont'd|
 - (4) During the period ended 31 December 2016 and year ended 31 March 2016, Mr. Fung provided personal guarantees to financial institutions in connection with general credit facilities and performance bonds granted to certain subsidiaries of the Company.

These transactions were entered into by the Group and its related companies in accordance with the terms of the agreements.

The related party transactions in respect of items (c)(1) and (c)(2) above and the acquisition as detailed in note 39 to the financial statements also constituted connected transactions as defined in Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules. Personal guarantees provided by Mr. Fung as disclosed in item (c)(4) above constitute connected transactions as defined in Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules and are exempted from the disclosure requirements in Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

31 December 2016 二零一六年十二月三十一日

39. 收購一間附屬公司之額外權益

於二零一六年四月十九日,本公司、祥 澤及馮先生訂立一項買賣協議,據此, 本公司同意購買及祥澤同意出售本公司 非全資附屬公司泰昇地基(香港)40% 股權(「地基交易」)。祥澤由本公司之執 行董事馮先生全資擁有,並為泰昇地基 (香港)40%已發行股份之非控股股東。

地基交易分兩個階段進行。地基交易第 一階段於二零一六年七月四日完成,本 公司支付現金約732,192,000港元以 收購泰昇地基(香港)35%股權(「第一 階段交易一、緊隨第一階段交易完成 後,本公司於泰昇地基(香港)之股權由 60%增至95%。該交易已入賬為權益 交易, 而732,192,000港元之代價與 非控股股東權益之賬面值37,273,000 港元之間之借方差額694,919,000港 元於權益內之保留溢利中列賬。地基 交易之第二階段將於二零一七年六月 三十日或之前進行,本公司將支付現 金約104,598,000港元以收購泰昇地 基(香港)餘下5%股權。地基交易之 第二階段列作收購非控股股東於附屬 公司所持股份之遠期合約。應付代價 104,598,000港元已獲確認為其他應 付款項,而相應借項乃記入權益之遠期 股本權益合約。

有關地基交易之進一步詳情載於本公司日期為二零一六年四月十九日、二零一六年六月三十日及二零一六年七月四日之公告以及日期為二零一六年五月二十三日之通函。

ACQUISITION OF ADDITIONAL INTERESTS IN A SUBSIDIARY

On 19 April 2016, the Company, Fortunate Pool and Mr. Fung entered into a sale and purchase agreement, pursuant to which the Company agreed to purchase and Fortunate Pool agreed to sell 40% equity interest in TFHKL, a non-wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company (the "Foundation Transaction"). Fortunate Pool, which is wholly-owned by Mr. Fung, an Executive Director of the Company, is the non-controlling shareholder of 40% issued shares of TFHKL.

The Foundation Transaction takes place in two phases. Phase 1 of the Foundation Transaction was completed on 4 July 2016 when the Company paid cash of HK\$732,192,000 to acquire 35% equity interest in TFHKL (the "Phase 1 Transaction"). Immediately after the completion of Phase 1 Transaction, the Company's equity interest in TFHKL increased from 60% to 95%. Such transaction was accounted for as an equity transaction and the debit difference of HK\$694,919,000 between the consideration of HK\$732,192,000 and the carrying amount of the non-controlling interest of HK\$37,273,000 was recorded in the retained profits in the equity. Phase 2 of the Foundation Transaction, in which the Company will pay cash of HK\$104,598,000 to acquire the remaining 5% equity interest in TFHKL, shall take place on or before 30 June 2017. Phase 2 of the Foundation Transaction was accounted for as a forward contract to acquire the shares held by the non-controlling interests in a subsidiary. The consideration payable of HK\$104,598,000 was recognised as other payable and the corresponding debit was made to the forward equity contract in the equity.

Further details of the Foundation Transaction are set out in the Company's announcements dated 19 April 2016, 30 June 2016 and 4 July 2016, and circular dated 23 May 2016.

31 December 2016 二零一六年十二月三十一日

40. 出售附屬公司

(a) 出售Trevino Worldwide Limited (「Trevino」)

於二零一六年四月一日,本集團與一名獨立第三方(「Trevino買方」)訂立一項買賣協議,據此,Trevino買方收購Trevino之100%股權及Trevino欠付本集團之免息股東貸款307,000港元,總代價為396,000港元(「Trevino出售」)。Trevino出售於二零一六年四月五日完成。Trevino為一間持有高爾夫球會會籍之投資控股公司。

40. DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARIES

(a) Disposal of Trevino Worldwide Limited ("Trevino")

On 1 April 2016, the Group and an independent third party (the "Trevino Purchaser") entered into a sale and purchase agreement pursuant to which, the Trevino Purchaser acquired the 100% equity interest in Trevino and the interest-free shareholder's loan of HK\$307,000 owing by Trevino to the Group at a total consideration of HK\$396,000 (the "Trevino Disposal"). The Trevino Disposal was completed on 5 April 2016. Trevino was an investment holding company which held a golf club membership.

二零一六年 十二月三十一日 31 December 2016 *千港元 HK\$'000*

出售之資產淨值:	Net assets disposed of:	
其他資產	Other assets	270
來自本集團之貸款	Loan from the Group	(307)
		(37)
已轉讓來自本集團之貸款	Loan from the Group assigned	307
出售一間附屬公司之收益	Gain on disposal of a subsidiary	126
		396

31 December 2016 二零一六年十二月三十一日

40. 出售附屬公司(續)

40. DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARIES (Cont'd)

- (a) 出售Trevino Worldwide Limited (「Trevino」)(續)
- (a) Disposal of Trevino Worldwide Limited ("Trevino")

 (Cont'd)

二零一六年 十二月三十一日 31 December 2016 千港元 HK\$'000

以下列方式支付:

Satisfied by:

現金代價

Cash consideration

396

期內Trevino出售之現金及等同現金項目淨流入之分析如下:

An analysis of the net inflow of cash and cash equivalents in respect of the Trevino Disposal during the period is as follows:

二零一六年 十二月三十一日 31 December 2016 *千港元 HK\$'000*

現金代價及Trevino出售之現金及 Cash consideration and inflow of cash and cash equivalents 等同現金項目流入 in respect of the Trevino Disposal

396



31 December 2016 二零一六年十二月三十一日

40. 出售附屬公司(續)

(b) 出售海逸投資有限公司(「海逸 投資」)

截至二零一六年三月三十一日 止年度,已收取現金代價人 民幣83,000,000元(相當於 100,192,000港元)。餘下代 價人民幣4,500,000元(相當於 5,349,000港元)已於截至二零 一六年十二月三十一日止期間收 取。

40. DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARIES (Cont'd)

(b) Disposal of Hiat Investment Limited ("Hiat Investment")

On 11 December 2015, the Group and an independent third party (the "Hiat Investment Purchaser"), entered into a sale and purchase agreement pursuant to which, the Hiat Investment Purchaser acquired the entire equity interest in Hiat Investment and the interest-free shareholder's loan of HK\$23,495,000 owing by Hiat Investment to the Group at a total consideration of RMB87,500,000 (equivalent to HK\$105,577,000) (the "Hiat Investment Disposal"). The Hiat Investment Disposal was completed on 11 December 2015. Hiat Investment was principally engaged in the property leasing and management business in Shanghai and the registered owner of the whole of Block B and twenty-five car parks of Aidu Apartment located in Shanghai for residential use.

During the year ended 31 March 2016, a cash consideration of RMB83,000,000 (equivalent to HK\$100,192,000) was received. The remaining consideration of RMB4,500,000 (equivalent to HK\$5,349,000) was received during the period ended 31 December 2016

31 December 2016 二零一六年十二月三十一日

40. 出售附屬公司(續)

40. DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARIES (Cont'd)

(b) 出售海逸投資有限公司(「海逸 投資」)(續) (b) Disposal of Hiat Investment Limited ("Hiat Investment")
(Cont'd)

		附註 Notes	二零一六年 三月三十一日 31 March 2016 <i>千港元</i> HK\$'000
出售之資產淨值:	Net assets disposed of:		
物業、機器及設備	Property, plant and equipment	14	43
投資物業	Investment properties	15	134,812
預付款項、訂金及其他應收款項	Prepayments, deposits and other receivables		153
現金及銀行結存	Cash and bank balances		63
應付貿易賬款及應計款項	Trade payables and accruals		(132)
其他應付款項	Other payables		(3)
遞延税項負債	Deferred tax liabilities	30	(13,456)
來自本集團之貸款	Loan from the Group		(23,495)
			97,985
解除匯兑浮動儲備	Release of exchange fluctuation reserve		(13,898)
已轉讓來自本集團之貸款	Loan from the Group assigned		23,495
出售一間附屬公司之虧損	Loss on disposal of a subsidiary		(2,005)
			105,577
以下列方式支付:	Satisfied by:		
現金代價	Cash consideration		100,192
其他應收款項	Other receivable		5,385
總代價	Total consideration		105,577

31 December 2016 二零一六年十二月三十一日

40. 出售附屬公司(續)

(b) 出售海逸投資有限公司(「海逸 投資」)(續)

截至二零一六年三月三十一日止 年度,海逸投資出售之現金及等 同現金項目淨流入之分析如下:

40. DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARIES (Cont'd)

(b) Disposal of Hiat Investment Limited ("Hiat Investment") (Cont'd)

An analysis of the net inflow of cash and cash equivalents in respect of the Hiat Investment Disposal during the year ended 31 March 2016 was as follows:

二零一六年 三月三十一日 31 March 2016 *千港元 HK\$*000*

現金代價 已出售現金及銀行結存 Cash consideration
Cash and bank balances disposed of

100,192 (63)

海逸投資出售之現金及 等同現金項目淨流入

Net inflow of cash and cash equivalents in respect of the Hiat Investment Disposal

100,129

(c) 出售上海華園國際房地產開發 經營有限公司(「上海華園」)

於二零一五年十一月十七日,本集團與獨立第三方(「上海華園丁方」)訂立一項買賣協議,據此,上海華園買方收價了方收購上為華園之全部股權,代價當當人民幣318,527,000港元)(「上海華園出售」)。上海華園出售」)。上海華園出售上海於事物業租賃及管理業務並為上海住宅物業「華園」之註冊擁有人。

(c) Disposal of Shanghai China Garden International Real Estate Development & Management Company Limited ("Shanghai China Garden")

On 17 November 2015, the Group and an independent third party (the "Shanghai China Garden Purchaser"), entered into a sale and purchase agreement, pursuant to which the Shanghai China Garden Purchaser acquired the entire equity interest in Shanghai China Garden at a consideration of RMB318,527,000 (equivalent to HK\$375,767,000) (the "Shanghai China Garden Disposal"). The Shanghai China Garden Disposal was completed on 1 February 2016. Shanghai China Garden was principally engaged in the property leasing and management business in Shanghai and was the registered owner of the residential properties known as "China Garden" in Shanghai.

31 December 2016 二零一六年十二月三十一日

40. 出售附屬公司(續)

(c) 出售上海華園國際房地產開發 經營有限公司(「上海華園」) (續)

截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度,已收取現金代價人民幣141,750,000元(相當於164,218,000港元)。餘下代價人民幣176,777,000元(相當於210,591,000港元)已於截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止期間收取。

40. DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARIES (Cont'd)

(c) Disposal of Shanghai China Garden International Real Estate Development & Management Company Limited ("Shanghai China Garden") (Cont'd)

During the year ended 31 March 2016, a cash consideration of RMB141,750,000 (equivalent to HK\$164,218,000) was received. The remaining consideration of RMB176,777,000 (equivalent to HK\$210,591,000) was received during the period ended 31 December 2016.

			三月三十一日
		附註	31 March
		Notes	2016
			千港元
			HK\$'000
出售之資產淨值:	Net assets disposed of:		
物業、機器及設備	Property, plant and equipment	14	48
投資物業	Investment properties	15	353,910
存貨	Inventories		9
預付款項、訂金及其他應收款項	Prepayments, deposits and other receivables		95
現金及銀行結存	Cash and bank balances		14,265
應付貿易賬款及應計款項	Trade payables and accruals		(3,137)
其他應付款項、已收訂金及	Other payables, deposits received and		
預收款項	receipts in advance		(7,045)
遞延税項負債	Deferred tax liabilities	30	(74,606)
			283,539
解除匯兑浮動儲備	Release of exchange fluctuation reserve		(22,629)
出售一間附屬公司之收益	Gain on disposal of a subsidiary		114,857
			375,767
以下列方式支付:	Satisfied by:		
現金代價	Cash consideration		164,218
其他應收款項	Other receivables		211,549
總代價	Total consideration		375,767

31 December 2016 二零一六年十二月三十一日

40. 出售附屬公司(續)

(c) 出售上海華園國際房地產開發 經營有限公司(「上海華園」) (續)

截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度,上海華園出售之現金及等同現金項目淨流入之分析如下:

40. DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARIES (Cont'd)

(c) Disposal of Shanghai China Garden International Real Estate Development & Management Company Limited ("Shanghai China Garden") (Cont'd)

An analysis of the net inflow of cash and cash equivalents in respect of the Shanghai China Garden Disposal during the year ended 31 March 2016 was as follows:

二零一六年 三月三十一日 31 March 2016 *千港元* HK\$'000

現金代價 已出售現金及銀行結存

上海華園出售之現金及

等同現金項目淨流入

Cash consideration
Cash and bank balances dis

Cash and bank balances disposed of

Net inflow of cash and cash equivalents

in respect of the Shanghai China Garden Disposal 164,218 (14,265)

149,953

有關上海華園出售之進一步詳情,載於本公司日期為二零一五 年十一月十七日之公告。 Further details of the Shanghai China Garden Disposal were disclosed in the Company's announcement dated 17 November 2015.

31 December 2016 二零一六年十二月三十一日

41. 按類別劃分之金融工具

於報告期末,各類金融工具之賬面值如 下:

金融資產

二零一六年十二月三十一日

41. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY

The carrying amounts of each of the categories of financial instruments as at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

Financial assets

31 December 2016

可供出售投資 Available-for-sale investment 原收貿易脹款及 Frade and retention 應收保固金 receivables 一 一 1,112 1,112 1,527,486 月,682 一 一 797,878 1,527,486 一 一 79,682 上 1,527,486 月,682 一 一 1,527,486 月,527,486 日,1112 2,716,841 1,112 2,676,008 39,721 1,112 2,716,841				按公平值		
持作買賣 Financial asset 可供出售 at fair value 金融資產 貸款及 through Available financial 總計 receivables for trading assets Total 千港元 130				計入損益之		
Financial asset 可供出售 at fair value 金融資產 貸款及 through Available-應收款項 profit or for-sale Loans and loss - held financial 總計 receivables for trading assets Total 千港元 千港元 千港元 千港元 十港元 十港元 十港元 HK\$*000 HK\$*000 HK\$*000 HK\$*000 HK\$*000 HK\$*000 HK\$*000 Ew (公司 assets Total 千港元 1,112 1,112 分生金融工具 Derivative financial instrument — 39,721 — 39,721 Ew (貿易賬款及 Trade and retention Ew (保固金 receivables 797,878 — 797,878 其他應收款項 Other receivables 19,682 — 797,878 其他應收款項 Time deposits 1,527,486 — 1,527,486 现金及銀行結存 Cash and bank balances 330,962 — 330,962				金融資產-		
Trade and retention Rew 計項				持作買賣		
食款及				Financial		
貸款及				asset	可供出售	
應收款項 profit or for-sale loans and loss - held financial receivables for trading receivables for trading assets Available for-sale investment HK\$'000 F港元 F港元 F港元 F港元 F港元 F港元 F港元 F港元 F港元 HK\$'000 可供出售投資 Available for-sale investment HK\$'000 1,112 1,112 衍生金融工具 Derivative financial instrument 應收貿易賬款及 Trade and retention 應收保固金 receivables 797,878 797,878 其他應收款項 Other receivables 19,682 19,682 定期存款 Time deposits 1,527,486 1,527,486 現金及銀行結存 Cash and bank balances 330,962 330,962				at fair value	金融資產	
Loans and receivables loss - held financial receivables 總計 for trading for t			貸款及	through	Available-	
receivables for trading assets Total 子港元 千港元 千港元 千港元 千港元 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 可供出售投資 Available-for-sale investment — — — 1,112 1,112 衍生金融工具 Derivative financial instrument — 39,721 — 39,721 — 39,721 應收貿易賬款及 Trade and retention — — 797,878 — — 797,878 其他應收款項 Other receivables 19,682 — — — 19,682 定期存款 Time deposits 1,527,486 — — 1,527,486 現金及銀行結存 Cash and bank balances 330,962 — — 330,962			應收款項	profit or	for-sale	
T港元 HK\$'000 千港元 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 <td></td> <td></td> <td>Loans and</td> <td>loss - held</td> <td>financial</td> <td>總計</td>			Loans and	loss - held	financial	總計
HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 可供出售投資 衍生金融工具 應收貿易脹款及 應收保固金 Available for-sale investment 「receivable financial instrument」 — — 1,112 1,112 39,721 — 39,721 — 39,721 — — 797,878 — — 797,878 — — 797,878 — — 797,878 其他應收款項 — — 19,682 — — 19,682 — — 19,682 — — 1,527,486 — — 1,527,486 — — 1,527,486 — — 330,962 — — 330,962 — — 330,962 — — 330,962 — — 330,962 — — 330,962 — — 330,962 — — — 330,962 — — — 330,962 — — — 330,962 — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —<			receivables	for trading	assets	Total
可供出售投資 Available-for-sale investment - - 1,112 1,112 衍生金融工具 Derivative financial instrument - 39,721 - 39,721 應收貿易賬款及 Trade and retention - - 797,878 其他應收款項 Other receivables 19,682 - - 19,682 定期存款 Time deposits 1,527,486 - - 1,527,486 現金及銀行結存 Cash and bank balances 330,962 - - 330,962			千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
衍生金融工具 Derivative financial instrument — 39,721 — 39,721 應收貿易賬款及 Trade and retention — — 797,878 — — 797,878 其他應收款項 Other receivables 19,682 — — — 19,682 定期存款 Time deposits 1,527,486 — — 1,527,486 現金及銀行結存 Cash and bank balances 330,962 — — 330,962			HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
衍生金融工具 Derivative financial instrument — 39,721 — 39,721 應收貿易賬款及 Trade and retention — — 797,878 — — 797,878 其他應收款項 Other receivables 19,682 — — — 19,682 定期存款 Time deposits 1,527,486 — — 1,527,486 現金及銀行結存 Cash and bank balances 330,962 — — 330,962	可供出售投資	Available-for-sale investment	_	_	1 112	1 112
應收貿易賬款及			_	39 721		
應收保固金 receivables 797,878 - - 797,878 其他應收款項 Other receivables 19,682 - - 19,682 定期存款 Time deposits 1,527,486 - - 1,527,486 現金及銀行結存 Cash and bank balances 330,962 - - 330,962				0777 = 1		0 / / 2 .
定期存款 Time deposits 1,527,486 - - - 1,527,486 現金及銀行結存 Cash and bank balances 330,962 - - - 330,962			797,878	_	_	797,878
現金及銀行結存 Cash and bank balances 330,962 — — — 330,962	其他應收款項	Other receivables	19,682	_	_	19,682
	定期存款	Time deposits	1,527,486	_	_	1,527,486
2,676,008 39,721 1,112 2,716,841	現金及銀行結存		330,962			330,962
			2,676,008	39,721	1,112	2,716,841

31 December 2016 二零一六年十二月三十一日

41. 按類別劃分之金融工具(續)

41. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY (Cont'd)

於報告期末,各類金融工具之賬面值如下:(續)

如

金融資產(續)

二零一六年三月三十一日

The carrying amounts of each of the categories of financial instruments as at the end of the reporting period are as follows: (Cont'd)

Financial assets (Cont'd)

31 March 2016

			按公平值		
			計入損益之		
			金融資產-		
			持作買賣		
			Financial		
			asset	可供出售	
			at fair value	金融資產	
		貸款及	through	Available-	
		應收款項	profit or	for-sale	
		Loans and	loss - held	financial	總計
		receivables	for trading	assets	Total
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
可供出售投資	Available-for-sale investment	_	_	1,197	1,197
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instrument	_	8,533	_	8,533
應收貿易賬款及	Trade and retention				
應收保固金	receivables	727,243	_	_	727,243
其他應收款項	Other receivables	231,977	_	_	231,977
定期存款	Time deposits	1,303,589	_	_	1,303,589
現金及銀行結存	Cash and bank balances	502,830			502,830
		2,765,639	8,533	1,197	2,775,369

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41. 按類別劃分之金融工具(續)

於報告期末,各類金融工具之賬面值如下: (續)

金融負債

41. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY (Cont'd)

The carrying amounts of each of the categories of financial instruments as at the end of the reporting period are as follows: (Cont'd)

Financial liabilities

_零一六年	_参一八年
十二月三十一日	三月三十一日
31 December	31 March
2016	2016
按攤銷成本	按攤銷成本
列賬之	列賬之
金融負債	金融負債
Financial	Financial
liabilities	liabilities
at amortised	at amortised
cost	cost
千港元	千港元
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
492,682	385,134
111,971	21,325
475,210	856,946
1,079,863	1,263,405

應付貿易賬款及應付保固金 其他應付款項 附息銀行借貸

42. 金融工具之公平值等級架構

Trade and retention payables
Other payables
Interest-bearing bank borrowings

42. FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

本集團與一家具有AAA信貸評級之金融機構訂立一項衍生金融工具。該衍生金融工具為交叉貨幣掉期,採用現值計算法,按類似遠期計價及掉期模式之估值技巧計量。該等模式納入多項市場可觀察輸入數據,包括預期遠期匯率或價格、波動性及利率曲線。交叉貨幣掉期之賬面值與其公平值相同。

The Group entered into a derivative financial instrument with a financial institution with AAA credit rating. The derivative financial instrument which is a cross currency swap, was measured using valuation techniques similar to forward pricing and swap models, using present value calculations. The model incorporates various market observable inputs including the expected forward rate or price, volatility and interest rate curves. The carrying amount of the cross currency swap is the same as its fair value.

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42. 金融工具之公平值等級架構(續)

下列各表説明本集團金融工具之公平值計量等級架構:

於二零一六年十二月三十一日及二零 一六年三月三十一日按公平值計量之資 產:

42. FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Cont'd)

The following tables illustrate the fair value measurement hierarchy of the Group's financial instruments:

Assets measured at fair value as at 31 December 2016 and 31 March 2016:

		二零一六年十	-二月三十一日			二零一六年	三月三十一日	
		31 Decei	mber 2016			31 Mai	rch 2016	
		公平值	計量使用			公平值	計量使用	
		Fair value me	asurement using			Fair value med	asurement using	
	活躍	重大	重大		活躍	重大	重大	
	市場報價	可觀察	不可觀察		市場報價	可觀察	不可觀察	
	(第1層)	輸入數據	輸入數據		(第1層)	輸入數據	輸入數據	
	Quoted	(第2層)	(第3層)		Quoted	(第2層)	(第3層)	
	price	Significant	Significant		price	Significant	Significant	
	in active	observable	unobservable		in active	observable	unobservable	
	markets	inputs	inputs	總計	markets	inputs	inputs	總計
	(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)	Total	(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)	Total
	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Derivative financial								
instrument		39,721		39,721		8,533	_	8,533

於二零一六年十二月三十一日,本集團 並無任何按公平值計量之金融負債(二 零一六年三月三十一日:無)。

衍生金融工具

期內,第1層與第2層之間並無任何公 平值計量轉換,亦無金融資產及金融負 債轉入或轉出第3層(截至二零一六年 三月三十一日止年度:無)。 The Group did not have any financial liabilities measured at fair value as at 31 December 2016 (31 March 2016: Nil).

During the period, there were no transfers of fair value measurements between Level 1 and Level 2 and no transfers into or out of Level 3 for both financial assets and financial liabilities (year ended 31 March 2016: Nil).

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43. 財務風險管理目標及政策

本集團之主要金融工具包括現金及銀行結存、定期存款、應收貿易賬款、應收貿易賬款、應收留金及其他應收款項、應付貿易賬款、應收保固金及其他應付款項以及銀行借貸。該等金融工具之詳情於財務報表有關附註內披露。與該等金融工具有關之風險及如何減低該等風險之政策報,以確保適時及有效地採取適當措施。

信貸風險

本集團之主要金融資產為現金及銀行結 存、定期存款以及應收貿易賬款及其他 應收款項。

由於與本集團交易之銀行均具備國際信貸評級機構授予之高信貸評級,故銀行結存及定期存款之信貸風險不大。

本集團之信貸風險主要來自其應收貿易 賬款、應收保固金及其他應收款項。本 集團管理層持續監察每項個別貿易債 項,而本集團面對之壞賬風險並不重 大。本集團並無信貸風險過度集中之情 況,所面對之風險分散至多個交易對手 及客戶。有關本集團面臨來自應收貿易 賬款、應收保固金及其他應收款項之信 貸風險之更多量化數據分別於財務報表 附註22及23披露。

43. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The Group's major financial instruments include cash and bank balances, time deposits, trade and retention and other receivables, trade and retention and other payables and bank borrowings. Details of these financial instruments are disclosed in the respective notes to these financial statements. The risks associated with these financial instruments and the policies on how to mitigate these risks are set out below. The management of the Group manages and monitors these exposures to ensure that appropriate measures are implemented in a timely and effective manner.

Credit risk

The Group's principal financial assets are cash and bank balances, time deposits, and trade and other receivables.

The credit risk on bank balances and time deposits is limited because the counterparties are banks with high credit ratings assigned by international credit-rating agencies.

The Group's credit risk is primarily attributable to its trade and retention and other receivables. The management of the Group monitors each individual trade debt on an ongoing basis and the Group's exposure to bad debts is not significant. The Group has no significant concentration of credit risk, with the exposure spreading over a large number of counterparties and customers. Further quantitative data in respect of the Group's exposure to credit risk arising from trade and retention and other receivables are disclosed in notes 22 and 23 to the financial statements, respectively.

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43. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

43. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Cont'd)

利率風險

本集團面臨之利率變動風險主要由於附息銀行借貸產生。浮息借貸使本集團面臨利率風險。本集團目前並無利率對沖政策。儘管如此,本集團管理層監控本集團所面臨之利率風險並將考慮需要時訂立利率掉期以減少利率波動風險。

下表列示在所有其他變數維持不變之情 況下,本集團之除稅前溢利(透過對浮息借貸之影響)及本集團之權益(未計對 稅項之任何影響前)對利率出現合理可 能變動之敏感性。

Interest rate risk

The Group's exposure to changes in interest rates is mainly attributable to its interest-bearing bank borrowings. Borrowings at variable rates expose the Group to interest rate risk. The Group currently does not have an interest rate hedging policy. However, the management of the Group monitors the Group's interest rate exposure and considers entering into interest rate swaps to reduce its exposure to interest rate fluctuations should the need arise

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in interest rates, with all other variables held constant, of the Group's profit before tax (through the impact on floating rate borrowings) and the Group's equity (before any impact on tax).

			除税前	
		利率上調	溢利減少	
		Increase	Decrease	權益減少 *
		in interest	in profit	Decrease
		rate	before tax	in equity *
			千港元	千港元
			HK\$'000	HK\$'000
截至二零一六年 十二月三十一日止期間	Period ended 31 December 2016			
銀行貸款	Bank borrowings	100 個基點 100 basis	(4,759)	_
截至二零一六年	Year ended 31 March 2016	points		
三月三十一日止年度	real chaca 31 Maich 2010			
銀行貸款	Bank borrowings	100 個基點 100 basis points	(8,585)	

* 不包括保留溢利

* Excluding retained profits

外匯風險

本集團主要於香港及中國內地經營業 務,其大部分交易均以港元及人民幣結 算。本期間,本集團之所有銀行借貸以 港元計值。

管理層持續監察本集團所面對之貨幣風 險,並將於有需要時考慮訂立遠期外匯 合約。

Foreign exchange risk

The Group operates mainly in Hong Kong and Mainland China with most of its transactions settled in Hong Kong dollars and Renminbi. In the current period, all of the Group's bank borrowings are denominated in Hong Kong dollars.

Management monitors the Group's currency exposure on an ongoing basis and considers entering into forward currency contracts when the need arises.

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43. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

43. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Cont'd)

外匯風險(續)

下表列示在所有其他變數維持不變之情 況下,於報告期末本集團之除稅前溢利 (基於貨幣資產及負債之公平值變動)對 人民幣匯率出現合理可能變動之敏感 性。

Foreign exchange risk (Cont'd)

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity at the end of the reporting period to a reasonably possible change in the Renminbi exchange rate, with all other variables held constant, of the Group's profit before tax (due to changes in the fair value of monetary assets and liabilities).

		匯率上調	除税前溢利增加
		Increase	Increase
		in exchange	in profit
		rate	before tax
		%	千港元
		%	HK\$'000
截至二零一六年 十二月三十一日止期間	Period ended 31 December 2016		
倘港元兑人民幣貶值	If Hong Kong dollar weakens against Renminbi	5	16,031
截至二零一六年 三月三十一日止年度	Year ended 31 March 2016		
倘港元兑人民幣貶值	If Hong Kong dollar weakens		
	against Renminbi	5	19,169

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43. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

流動資金風險

本集團之目標為透過利用銀行借貸在持續獲取資金與靈活性之間保持平衡。本集團定期檢討其主要資金狀況,確保有足夠財務資源應付其財務承擔。

根據已訂約未貼現賬款,以下載列本集 團於報告期末之金融負債到期日:

43. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Cont'd)

Liquidity risk

The Group's objective is to maintain a balance between continuity of funding and flexibility through the use of bank borrowings. The Group regularly reviews its major funding positions to ensure that it has adequate financial resources in meeting its financial obligations.

The maturity profile of the Group's financial liabilities as at the end of the reporting period, based on the contractual undiscounted payments, is as follows:

二零一六年十二月三十一日 31 December 2016

			0.	DOCOMBOI EUTO		
			12個月以內	1至5年	5年以上	
		按要求償還	Less than	1 to 5	Over	總計
		On demand	12 months	years	5 years	Total
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
應付貿易賬款及應付保固金	Trade and retention payables	_	492,682	_	_	492,682
其他應付款項	Other payables	-	111,971	_	_	111,971
附息銀行借貸*	Interest-bearing bank					
	borrowings *	3,220	124,976	289,856	57,835	475,887
就履約保證書向附屬公司	Guarantees in respect					
作出之擔保	of performance					
	bonds in relation					
	to subsidiaries	343,537				343,537
		346,757	729,629	289,856	57,835	1,424,077

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43. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

流動資金風險(續)

根據已訂約未貼現賬款,以下載列本集 團於報告期末之金融負債到期日:(續)

43. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Cont'd)

Liquidity risk (Cont'd)

The maturity profile of the Group's financial liabilities as at the end of the reporting period, based on the contractual undiscounted payments, is as follows: *(Cont'd)*

二零一六年三月三十一日

			31 March 2016		
		12個月以內	1至5年	5年以上	
	按要求償還	Less than	1 to 5	Over	總計
	On demand	12 months	years	5 years	Total
	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Trade and retention					
payables	_	385,134	_	_	385,134
Other payables	_	21,325	_	_	21,325
Interest-bearing bank					
borrowings *	6,100	193,274	599,410	59,669	858,453
Guarantees in respect of					
performance					
bonds in relation to					
subsidiaries	195,469				195,469
	201,569	599,733	599,410	59,669	1,460,381
	payables Other payables Interest-bearing bank borrowings * Guarantees in respect of performance bonds in relation to	On demand 干港元 HK\$'000 Trade and retention payables — Other payables — Interest-bearing bank borrowings * 6,100 Guarantees in respect of performance bonds in relation to subsidiaries 195,469	接要求償還 Less than On demand 12 months	接要求償還 Less than 1 to 5 On demand 12 months years 千港元 千港元 千港元 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 Trade and retention payables — 385,134 — Other payables — 21,325 — Interest-bearing bank borrowings * 6,100 193,274 599,410 Guarantees in respect of performance bonds in relation to subsidiaries 195,469 — —	12個月以内 1至5年 5年以上 接要求償還 Less than 1 to 5 Over On demand 12 months years 5 years 千港元 HK\$ 000 HK\$ 000

^{*} 於二零一六年十二月三十一日及二零 一六年三月三十一日,附息銀行借 貸包括載有按要求還款條文賦予貸款 人無條件權利隨時要求償還貸款之 銀行貸款分別為3,220,000港元及 6,100,000港元,因此,就上述到期 狀況而言,該等金額已分類為按要求 還款借貸。

^{*} Included in interest-bearing bank borrowings were bank loans of HK\$3,220,000 and HK\$6,100,000 as at 31 December 2016 and 31 March 2016, respectively, which contained a repayment on demand clause giving the lender the unconditional right to call the loan at any time and therefore, for the purpose of the above maturity profile, these amounts were classified as on demand.

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43. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

流動資金風險(續)

儘管載有 上述按要求還款條文,惟董事 們相信該等銀行貸款將不會於12個月 內全數催繳,故彼等認為該等銀行貸款 將會按照相關協議所載之到期日償還。 於作出有關評估時已考慮下列因素: 本集團於財務報表獲批准當日之財務狀 况、本集團遵守貸款契諾之情況、並無 違約事件及本集團過往一向準時按期還 款。按照銀行貸款之條款,於二零一六 年十二月三十一日,到期年期於12個 月以內應付128,196,000港元(二零 一六年三月三十一日:197,114,000 港元);於一至五年(包括首尾兩年)應 付289,856,000港元(二零一六年三月 三十一日:601,670,000港元);以及 於五年以上應付57,835,000港元(二 零一六年三月三十一日:59,669,000 港元)。

資本管理

本集團資本管理之主要目標為確保本集 團有能力按持續經營業務之原則營運及 維持健康資本比率以支持其業務並最大 化股東價值。

本集團根據經濟狀況之變動管理其資本結構並作出調整。為維持或調整資本結構,本集團或會調整支付予股東之股息、退還股東之資本或發行新股份。於截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止期間及截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度內,有關資本管理之目標、政策及程序並無作出任何變動。

43. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Cont'd)

Liquidity risk (Cont'd)

Notwithstanding the above repayment on demand clause, the directors do not believe that the bank loans will be called in their entirety within 12 months, and they consider that the bank loans will be repaid in accordance with the maturity dates as set out in the respective agreements. This evaluation was made considering: the financial position of the Group at the date of approval of the financial statements; the Group's compliance with the loan covenants; the lack of events of default, and the fact that the Group has made all previously scheduled repayments on time. In accordance with the terms of bank loans, the maturity terms at 31 December 2016 were amounts of HK\$128,196,000 (31 March 2016: HK\$197,114,000) payable in less than 12 months; HK\$289,856,000 (31 March 2016: HK\$601,670,000) payable in one to five years, inclusive; and HK\$57,835,000 (31 March 2016: HK\$59,669,000) payable over five years.

Capital management

The primary objectives of the Group's capital management are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern and to maintain healthy capital ratios in order to support its business and maximise shareholders' value.

The Group manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it in light of changes in economic conditions. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares. No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital during the period ended 31 December 2016 and year ended 31 March 2016.

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43. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

資本管理(續)

本集團採用資本負債比率監察其資本情況,而資本負債比率乃以負債淨額除以本集團總權益計算。本集團之政策旨在維持資本負債比率不超過50%。負債淨額包括應付貿易賬款、應付保固金、其他應付款項、及附息銀行借貸減現金及等同現金項目。資本包括本集團總權益。於報告期末,資本負債比率如下:

43. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Cont'd)

Capital management (Cont'd)

The Group monitors capital using a gearing ratio, which is net debt divided by the total equity of the Group. The Group's policy is to maintain the gearing ratio not exceeding 50%. Net debt includes trade and retention payables, other payables and interest-bearing bank borrowings less cash and cash equivalents. Capital includes total equity of the Group. The gearing ratios as at the end of the reporting periods were as follows:

		十二月三十一日	三月三十一日
		31 December	31 March
		2016	2016
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
應付貿易賬款及應付保固金	Trade and retention payables	492,682	385,134
其他應付款項	Other payables	111,971	21,325
附息銀行借貸	Interest-bearing bank borrowings	475,210	856,946
減:定期存款	Less: Time deposits	(1,527,486)	(1,303,589)
現金及銀行結存	Cash and bank balances	(330,962)	(502,830)
現金淨額	Net cash	(778,585)	(543,014)
總權益	Total equity	2,959,730	2,777,192
資本負債比率	Gearing ratio	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用

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44. 報告期後事件

(a) 收購一幅地塊

於二零一七年二月七日,本公司 之全資附屬公司雅晉集團有限公 司(「雅晉」)自香港特別行政區政 府(「香港政府」) 收購位於香港九 龍啟德第11區1號地盤稱為新 九龍內地段第6564號之一幅地 塊(「地塊NKIL 6564」), 地價為 5,529,700,000港 元。 收 購 地 塊NKIL 6564乃以本集團內部資 源、根據一項銀行貸款協議(「銀 行貸款協議」)取得的計息銀行貸 款(「銀行貸款」) 2,602,000,000 港元及來自HNA Finance I Co., Ltd.之無抵押、免息股東貸款 2,750,000,000港元共同撥付。 根據上市規則第14章,收購地塊 NKIL 6564構成本集團之非常重 大收購事項。

44. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

(a) Acquisition of a piece of land parcel

On 7 February 2017, Top Genius Holdings Limited ("Top Genius"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, acquired a piece of land parcel (the "Land Parcel NKIL 6564"), known as New Kowloon Inland Lot No. 6564, on Kai Tak Area 1L Site 1, Kai Tak, Kowloon, Hong Kong, from the Government of Hong Kong Special Administrative Region ("HKSAR") at a premium of HK\$5,529,700,000. The acquisition of the Land Parcel NKIL 6564 was financed by a combination of the Group's internal resources, an interest-bearing bank loan (the "Bank Loan") of HK\$2,602,000,000 under a bank loan agreement the (the "Bank Loan Agreement") and an unsecured, interest-free shareholder's loan of HK\$2,750,000,000 from HNA Finance I Co., Ltd. The acquisition of the Land Parcel NKIL 6564 constituted a very substantial acquisition of the Group pursuant to Chapter 14 of the Listing Rules.

31 December 2016 二零一六年十二月三十一日

44. 報告期後事件(續)

(a) 收購一幅地塊(續)

根據銀行貸款協議之條款,雅 晉須確保參與銀行承接轉自原 借款人之銀行貸款50%(為數 1,301,000,000港元)之相關權 利及責任(「轉讓事項」),而有關 轉讓事項須於訂立銀行貸款協議 日期後之三個月內(即二零一七年 五月二十日)完成。直至批准該 財務報表當日,一家銀行已確定 承接銀行貸款之若干部分,為數 約 1,000,000,000港 元(「轉 讓 貸款」)。關於須予轉讓之銀行貸 款其餘部分,即約301,000,000 港元(「未轉讓貸款」),董事正與 原借款人磋商,承接該金額致 使從原借款人借入之總額將為 1,602,000,000港元。倘原借款 人未能獲取內部審批以承接額外 301,000,000港元,則本集團將 於二零一七年五月以其內部資源 償還未轉讓貸款。

有關收購地塊NKIL 6564及其融資之進一步詳情披露於本公司日期為二零一七年一月二十五日、二零一七年二月七日及二零一七年三月十五日之公告以及日期為二零一七年三月十三日之通函。

44. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD (Cont'd)

(a) Acquisition of a piece of land parcel (Cont'd)

In accordance with the terms of the Bank Loan Agreement, Top Genius is required to ensure participating banks take up the relevant rights and obligations in connection with 50% of the Bank Loan, amounting to HK\$1,301,000,000, transferred from the original lender (the "Transfer") and such Transfer should be completed within three months from the date of the Bank Loan Agreement (i.e. 20 May 2017). Up to the date of approval of the financial statements, a participating bank has confirmed to take up certain portion of the Bank Loan, amounting to approximately HK\$1,000,000,000 (the "Transfer Loan"). Regarding the remaining portion of the Bank Loan, amounting to approximately HK\$301,000,000 (the "Nontransferred Loan") required to be transferred, the Directors are in negotiations with the original lender to take up such amount such that the total amount borrowed from the original lender will be HK\$1,602,000,000. If the original lender is not able to obtain internal approval to take up the additional HK\$301,000,000, the Group will repay the Non-transferred Loan in May 2017 from its internal resources.

Further details of the acquisition of the Land Parcel NKIL 6564 and the respective financing were disclosed in the Company's announcements dated 25 January 2017, 7 February 2017 and 15 March 2017 and circular dated 13 March 2017.

31 December 2016 二零一六年十二月三十一日

44. 報告期後事件(續)

(b) 可能收購一幅地塊

於二零一七年三月十五日,本 公司之全資附屬公司萬瑋發展 有限公司(「萬瑋」)接獲香港政府 發出之接納函,通知萬瑋收購位 於香港九龍啟德第11區2號地 盤稱為新九龍內地段第6563號 之一幅地塊(「地塊NKIL 6563 |) 之投標已成功獲接納,地價為 7,440,500,000港 元。 就 投 標而言,於二零一七年三月十 日,萬瑋已支付不可退回保證 金25,000,000港元,該保證金 將用於支付部分地價。萬瑋應付 之地價將由本集團內部資源、銀 行貸款及/或來自HNA Finance I Co., Ltd.之免息無抵押貸款撥 付。根據上市規則第14章,可能 收購地塊NKIL 6563預期將構成 本集團之非常重大收購事項。獲 得地塊NKIL 6563須與香港政府 訂立協議備忘錄。

有關可能收購地塊NKIL 6563之 進一步詳情披露於本公司日期為 二零一七年三月十五日之公告。

45. 比較金額

綜合損益表以及財務報表附註5及8之 若干比較金額已重新分類,以符合本期 間之呈列方式。

44. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD (Cont'd)

Possible acquisition of a piece of land parcel

On 15 March 2017, Milway Development Limited ("Milway"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, received an acceptance letter issued by the HKSAR informing Milway that the tender bid for acquisition of a piece of land parcel (the "Land Parcel NKIL 6563"), known as New Kowloon Inland Lot No. 6563, on Kai Tak Area 1L Site 2, Kai Tak, Kowloon, Hong Kong has been successfully accepted at a premium of HK\$7,440,500,000. On 10 March 2017, Milway has made a non-refundable deposit of HK\$25,000,000 for the tender and such deposit will be applied towards part payment of the premium. The premium payable by Milway will be financed by the Group's internal resources, bank loans and/or an interest free unsecured loan from HNA Finance I Co., Ltd. The possible acquisition of the Land Parcel NKIL 6563 is expected to constitute a very substantial acquisition of the Group pursuant to Chapter 14 of the Listing Rules. The obtaining of the Land Parcel NKIL 6563 is subject to the entering into of the memorandum of agreement with the HKSAR.

Further details of the possible acquisition of the Land Parcel NKIL 6563 were disclosed in the Company's announcement dated 15 March 2017.

45. COMPARATIVE AMOUNTS

Certain comparative amounts in the consolidated statement of profit or loss, notes 5 and 8 to the financial statements have been reclassified to conform with the current period's presentation.

31 December 2016 二零一六年十二月三十一日

46. 本公司財務狀況表

46. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY

於報告期末本公司之財務狀況表之資料 如下: Information about the statement of financial position of the Company at the end of the reporting period is as follows:

		二零一六年 十二月三十一日 31 December 2016 <i>千港元</i> <i>HK\$*000</i>	二零一六年 三月三十一日 31 March 2016 <i>千港元</i> HK\$'000
非流動資產	NON-CURRENT ASSETS		
物業、機器及設備 附屬公司權益	Property, plant and equipment Interests in subsidiaries	3,807 1,120,185	995,911
總流動資產	Total current assets	1,123,992	995,911
流動資產 一家附屬公司欠款 預付款項、訂金及其他應收款項 定期存款 銀行結存	CURRENT ASSETS Amount due from a subsidiary Prepayments, deposits and other receivables Time deposits Bank balances	67 3,309 1,140,000 9,993	73 199 200,000 19,741
總流動資產	Total current assets	1,153,369	220,013
流動負債 應付貿易賬款及應計款項 其他應付款項及已收訂金	CURRENT LIABILITIES Trade payables and accruals Other payables and deposits received	4,042 104,975	3,141
總流動負債	Total current liabilities	109,017	3,370
流動資產淨值	NET CURRENT ASSETS	1,044,352	216,643
總資產減流動負債	TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES	2,168,344	1,212,554
非流動負債 應計款項	NON-CURRENT LIABILITY Accrual		4,387
資產淨值	Net assets	2,168,344	1,208,167
權益 已發行股本 儲備(附註)	EQUITY Issued capital Reserves (note)	113,416 2,054,928	87,466 1,120,701
總權益	Total equity	2,168,344	1,208,167

31 December 2016 二零一六年十二月三十一日

46. 本公司財務狀況表(續)

46. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY (Cont'd)

附註:

Note:

本公司之儲備概述如下:

A summary of the Company's reserves is as follows:

		股份溢價賬 Share premium account 千港元 HK\$'000	繳入盈餘 Contributed surplus 千港元 HK\$'000	遠期股本 權益合約 Forward equity contract <i>干港元</i> HK\$'000	保留溢利 Retained profits <i>干港元</i> HK\$'000	總計 Total <i>千港元</i> HK\$'000
於二零一五年四月一日 本年度溢利	At 1 April 2015	563,861	29,950	_	319,320	913,131
	Profit for the year				513,703	513,703
年內全面收益總額 二零一五年已宣派	Total comprehensive income for the year 2015 final dividend	_	_	_	513,703	513,703
及派付之末期股息	declared and paid	_	_	_	(131,200)	(131,200)
二零一六年中期股息	2016 interim dividend	_	_	_	(174,933)	(174,933)
轉撥至繳入盈餘	Transfer to contributed surplus	(563,861)	563,861			
於二零一六年三月三十一日 及二零一六年四月一日 期內溢利	At 31 March 2016 and 1 April 2016 Profit for the period		593,811 —		526,890 6,675	1,120,701 6,675
期內全面收益總額	Total comprehensive income for the period	_	_	_	6,675	6,675
發行股份(附註31)	Issue of shares (note 31)	1,032,810	_	_		1,032,810
股份發行開支(附註31) 遠期收購一間附屬公司之 額外權益(附註39)	Share issue expenses (note 31) Forward acquisition of additional interests	(660)	_	_	_	(660)
	in a subsidiary (note 39)			(104,598)		(104,598)
於二零一六年 十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2016	1,032,150	593,811	(104,598)	533,565	2,054,928

31 December 2016 二零一六年十二月三十一日

46. 本公司財務狀況表(續)

47. 財務報表之核准

董事局於二零一七年三月二十七日批准 及授權刊發財務報表。

46. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY (Cont'd)

The contributed surplus of the Company included the excess of the fair value of the shares of the subsidiaries acquired pursuant to the Group reorganisation in 1991 prior to the listing of the Company's shares, over the nominal value of the Company's shares issued in exchange therefor amounting to HK\$29,950,000. In addition, pursuant to a special resolution passed at the annual general meeting of the Company held on 7 August 2015, the entire amount of HK\$563,861,000 standing to the credit of share premium account of the Company as at 7 August 2015 was cancelled, and the corresponding balance arising therefrom was credited to the contributed surplus account of the Company. Under the Bermuda Companies Act 1981, the Company may make distributions to its members out of the contributed surplus under certain circumstances.

47. APPROVAL OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 27 March 2017.



主要物業一覽表 SCHEDULE OF MAJOR PROPERTIES

持有供銷售之物業 PROPERTIES HELD FOR SALE

地點 Location	發展性質 Type of development	概約 總樓面面積 Approximate gross floor area (平方米) (sq.m)	本集團 所持權益 Group's interest
中國上海市 普陀區 光復西路 133弄 泰欣嘉園 The Waterfront 133 Guangfu Road West, Putuo District, Shanghai, PRC	住宅 Residential	147,000	100%
中國天津市 河西區 台兒庄路與琼州道交口南側 泰悦豪庭 The Riverside South side of the junction of Tai Er Zhuang Road and Qiongzhou Road, Hexi District, Tianjin, PRC	住宅 Residential	75,000	100%
中國遼寧省瀋陽市 皇姑區黃河南大街 泰和龍庭 The Pinnacle Huanghe Nan Avenue,	住宅/商住 Residential / Commercial	165,000	100%

Huanggu District, Shenyang City,

Liaoning Province, PRC

公司資料 CORPORATE INFORMATION

董事局

執行董事

趙權先生(主席)

馮潮澤先生(副主席、行政總裁

兼董事總經理)

劉軍春(聯席副主席)

趙展鴻先生

劉健輝先生

范寧先生

蒙永濤先生

黃泰倫先生

獨立非執行董事

范佐浩先生

謝文彬先生

龍子明先生

李傑之先生

審核委員會

范佐浩先生(主席)

謝文彬先生

龍子明先生

李傑之先生

薪酬委員會

謝文彬先生(主席)

趙權先生

馮潮澤先生

范佐浩先生

李傑之先生

提名委員會

趙權先生(主席)

范佐浩先生

謝文彬先生

龍子明先生

李傑之先生

合資格會計師

繆惠玲小姐

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

Mr. ZHAO Quan (Chairman)

Mr. FUNG Chiu Chak, Victor (Vice Chairman, Chief Executive

Officer and Managing Director)

Mr. LIU Junchun (Co-Vice Chairman)

Mr. CHIU Chin Hung

Mr. LAU Kin Fai

Mr. FAN Nina

Mr. MENG Yongtao

Mr. WONG Tai Lun Kenneth

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. FAN Chor Ho

Mr. TSE Man Bun

Mr. LUNG Chee Ming, George

Mr. Ll Kit Chee

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Mr. FAN Chor Ho (Chairman)

Mr. TSE Man Bun

Mr. LUNG Chee Ming, George

Mr. Ll Kit Chee

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Mr. TSE Man Bun (Chairman)

Mr. ZHAO Quan

Mr. FUNG Chiu Chak, Victor

Mr. FAN Chor Ho

Mr. Ll Kit Chee

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Mr. ZHAO Quan (Chairman)

Mr. FAN Chor Ho

Mr. TSE Man Bun

Mr. LUNG Chee Ming, George

Mr. Ll Kit Chee

QUALIFIED ACCOUNTANT

Miss MO Wai Ling

公司資料 CORPORATE INFORMATION

公司秘書

黃淑嫻小姐

核數師

安永會計師事務所

法律顧問

Conyers, Dill & Pearman 禮德齊伯禮律師行

主要往來銀行

法國巴黎銀行香港分行 恒生銀行有限公司 上海商業銀行有限公司 香港上海滙豐銀行有限公司

計冊辦事處

Clarendon House 2 Church Street Hamilton HM 11 Bermuda

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香港股份過戶登記分處

卓佳登捷時有限公司 香港 皇后大道東 183號 合和中心 22樓

聯交所股份代號

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COMPANY SECRETARY

Miss WONG Suk Han, Kitty

AUDITORS

Ernst & Young

LEGAL ADVISERS

Conyers, Dill & Pearman Reed Smith Richards Butler

PRINCIPAL BANKERS

BNP Paribas Hong Kong Branch Hang Seng Bank Limited Shanghai Commercial Bank Limited The Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited

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