



華 厦 置 業 有 限 公 司

WAH HA REALTY COMPANY LIMITED

(Stock Code: 278)

2017 ANNUAL REPORT

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Corporate Information

BIOGRAPHY OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Executive Directors

Mr. Cheung Kee Wee, *BBA, Chairman*

Aged 65. Joined the Group and appointed a director in 1976. Elected Chairman in 2000. Elected as Chairman of the Nomination Committee in 2012. A director in each of the subsidiaries. Has over 40 years' experience in the property and building construction industry in Hong Kong. Mainly responsible for the management and supervision of the Group's property portfolio. Brother of Messrs Cheung Lin Wee and Cheung Ying Wai, Eric.

Mr. Cheung Lin Wee, *BFin*

Aged 59. Joined the Group and appointed a director in 1985. Appointed a member of the Nomination Committee in 2012. A director in each of the subsidiaries. Has over 30 years' experience in property management. Mainly responsible for the property management activities of the Group. Brother of Messrs Cheung Kee Wee and Cheung Ying Wai, Eric.

Mr. Cheung Ying Wai, Eric, *BSc*

Aged 55. Joined the Group and appointed a director in 1999. A director in each of the subsidiaries. Has over 20 years' experience in business management. Mainly responsible for the general management of the Group. Brother of Messrs Cheung Kee Wee and Cheung Lin Wee.

Non-executive Director

Mr. Ng Kwok Tung, *LIA (Dip), Chinese Law (Dip), BCom, CPA (Practising), CPACA, FCPA, ATiHK, MSCA, R.F.P.*

Aged 66. Appointed an independent non-executive director in 2001 and re-designated as a non-executive director in 2004. Also appointed a member of each of the Audit Committee and the Remuneration Committee in 2001 and 2005 respectively. A practising accountant in Hong Kong. A partner of Messrs Tony Kwok Tung Ng & Co.. An independent non-executive director of Fountain Set (Holdings) Limited.

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. Lam Hon Keung, Keith, O.B.E., J.P.

Aged 77. Appointed a director in 1993. Also elected as chairman of the Audit Committee in 1998 and appointed a member of each of the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee in 2005 and 2012 respectively. A Committee Member of Far East Exchange Limited (1975-1986) and a Council Member of the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (1987-1994). An ex-President of Rotary Club of Hong Kong South (1976-1977), an appointed unofficial member of the Legislative Councillor in 1984 and a member of the Social Welfare Advisory Committee (2000-2006). Active in community and social involvements – Chairman of the Hospital Governing Committee of the Hong Kong Buddhist Hospital, Vice Chairman of the Hong Kong Buddhist Association, etc.. A Fellow of the Hong Kong Institute of Directors and a Fellow of the Chartered Management Institute.

Mr. Chan Woon Kong

Aged 83. Appointed a director in 2004. Appointed a member of each of the Audit Committee, the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee in 2004, 2005 and 2012 respectively. Also appointed the chairman of the Remuneration Committee in 2015. Has over 45 years' extensive experience in the banking industry in Hong Kong. Before his retirement in 2012, served in senior management of various banks including Far East Bank Limited, First Pacific Bank Limited, The Bank of East Asia, Limited, United Commercial Bank and East West Bank in Hong Kong.

Mr. Au-Yang Cheong Yan, Peter, BSc (Business Studies), MSc (Accounting and Finance)

Aged 57, Appointed a director in December 2014. Also appointed a member of each of the Audit Committee, the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee in December 2014. Has more than 20 years of experience in the financial services sector in the Asia-Pacific region. Joined the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited ("HSBC") group in 1985 and became a co-head of Investment Banking, the Asia-Pacific region of the HSBC group in 2001. During the period with the HSBC group, worked on various equity capital fund-raising exercises and mergers and acquisitions projects in the Asia-Pacific region (1985-2003). An executive director and the chief operating officer of the Securities and Futures Commission (2003-2006). Before his retirement in October 2016, was the Head of the Hong Kong office of the RGE group. Currently an independent non-executive director of Laobaixing Pharmacy Chain Joint Stock Company, a company listed on the Shanghai Stock Exchange.

Corporate Information *(CONTINUED)*

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Mr. Lam Hon Keung, Keith *(Chairman)*
Mr. Ng Kwok Tung
Mr. Chan Woon Kong
Mr. Au-Yang Cheong Yan, Peter

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Chan Woon Kong *(Chairman)*
Mr. Lam Hon Keung, Keith
Mr. Ng Kwok Tung
Mr. Au-Yang Cheong Yan, Peter

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Cheung Kee Wee *(Chairman)*
Mr. Cheung Lin Wee
Mr. Lam Hon Keung, Keith
Mr. Chan Woon Kong
Mr. Au-Yang Cheong Yan, Peter

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. Chu Wing Man, Raymond

AUTHORISED REPRESENTATIVES

Mr. Cheung Kee Wee
Mr. Chu Wing Man, Raymond

BANKER

The Bank of East Asia, Limited

AUDITOR

PricewaterhouseCoopers

SHARE REGISTRARS

Hongkong Managers and Secretaries Limited
Units 1607-8, 16th Floor, Citicorp Centre
18 Whitfield Road
Causeway Bay
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REGISTERED OFFICE

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43-59 Queen's Road East
Wanchai
Hong Kong
Telephone: (852) 2527 1821
Fax: (852) 2861 3771

STOCK CODES

The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited
278
Reuters
0278.HK

WEBSITE

<http://www.wahha.com>

Group Structure

As at 31 March 2017

	Effective percentage of equity held by the Group	Principal activities
Holding Company		
Wah Ha Realty Company Limited	–	Investment holding
Subsidiaries		
Festigood Company Limited	100	Property development
Galy Property Management Limited	100	Property management
Khanman Property Limited	100	Property investment
Tai Kong Shan Realty Limited	100	Property investment
Tinpoly Realty Limited	100	Property investment
Wah Ha Construction Company Limited	100	Building contractor
Wah Ha Real Estate Agency Limited	100	Property agency
WH Properties Limited	100	Property investment
Associated Companies		
Daily Eagle Development Limited	25	Property development
Eastern Tailor Enterprises Limited	25	Property investment
Fu Kung San Realty Limited	50	Investment holding
Fupoly Properties Limited	25	Property investment
Hinquand Enterprise Limited	50	Property investment
Keneva Company Limited	25	Property development
Kin Yuen Hing Investment Company Limited	50	Property development
Mass Collection Company Limited	50	Property development
Remadour Estate Limited	25	Property investment
Sing Mei Properties Limited	25	Property investment
Star Fortune Investments Limited	50	Property development
Sun Prince Godown Limited	50	Property investment
Sun Tai Tsuen Godown Company Limited	50	Property investment
Wah Ha Property Development Limited	50	Property investment

All companies are incorporated in Hong Kong.

Chairman's Statement

RESULTS

The profit attributable to equity holders of Wah Ha Realty Company Limited (the "Company") for the year ended 31 March 2017 amounted to HK\$77,347,719 (2016: HK\$65,384,467). Earnings per share for the year was HK\$0.64 (2016: HK\$0.54).

DIVIDENDS

The board of directors of the Company (the "Directors") (the "Board") has resolved to recommend a final dividend of HK11 cents (2016: HK11 cents) per share and a special dividend of HK12 cents (2016: HK24 cents) per share for the year ended 31 March 2017 to the shareholders of the Company (the "Shareholders") whose names appear on the Register of Members of the Company on Thursday, 14 September 2017. Together with the interim dividend of HK11 cents (2016: HK12 cents) per share, total dividends for the year amount to HK34 cents (2016: HK47 cents) per share.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

FINANCIAL RESULTS

The Group's revenues for the year ended 31 March 2017 amounted to HK\$23.7 million, a decrease of about 49.4% from the previous year. This significant decrease was mainly attributable to the decrease in the sales of the Group's properties of HK\$24.7 million, though compensated partly by the improvement in rental for HK\$1.4 million.

For the year under review, the Group's profit attributable to equity holders was HK\$77.3 million, representing an increase of about 18.3% from 2016. Amongst these, HK\$56.7 million (2016: HK\$51.8 million) were ascribed to the Group's share of the results of its associated companies. Earnings per share was HK\$0.64 as compared with HK\$0.54 of last year. Excluding the fair value gains arising from revaluations of the Group's and its associated companies' investment properties, the after-tax profit was lower than that of last year by HK\$25.2 million. The lower profits from sales of the Group's and its associated companies' properties of HK\$26.6 million, increase in net exchange loss for HK\$1.4 million, lower interest income for HK\$0.5 million and the drop in the result of the Group's investment portfolio for HK\$0.6 million were the major factors of the unfavourable results of the year under review. However, our core rental business exhibited a healthy growth and an increase of HK\$3.6 million to the Group's net profit was recorded.

Chairman's Statement *(CONTINUED)*

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS *(Continued)*

BUSINESS REVIEW

Property Development, Investment and Management

During the year under review, the Rental Business of the Group and its associated companies performed satisfactorily and the contributions to the Group's net profit improved by HK\$3.6 million. The contribution brought about by the leasing of the investment property in Stanley acquired in 2015, better rental rates and low vacancy were the major factors for this improvement.

During the year under review, numerous disposals of properties were recorded by the Group and certain of its associated companies. The Group disposed of 2 industrial units in Fanling and its interests in 2 carparks in Tuen Mun. The aggregate after-tax profits recorded in this aspect were HK\$7.8 million. Further, certain associated companies disposed of 1 industrial unit in Fanling and 3 industrial units in Tsing Yi. The Group's share of after-tax profits were HK\$3.9 million. The corresponding after-tax profits from sales of properties last year were HK\$38.3 million.

Subsequent to the financial year end, an associated company entered into an agreement to acquire 1 residential unit in Yau Ma Tei. On the other hand, certain associated companies entered into agreements to dispose of 1 industrial unit in Tsing Yi and 1 industrial unit in Fanling. The Group's estimated aggregate share of after-tax profits would be around HK\$2.5 million.

Apart from the aforesaid, the Group did not acquire or dispose of any property during the year under review and up to the date of this annual report (the "AR").

Investments

During the year under review, the contribution from the Group's investment portfolio was lower than that of last year by HK\$0.6 million.

Significant depreciation and fluctuation of the exchange rate of RMB persisted in the year under review. A greater net exchange losses of HK\$1.4 million was reported. Further, the interest rate hikes that occurred in the United States did not happen in Hong Kong. The lower effective bank deposit rates led to a decrease of interest income of HK\$0.5 million.

PROSPECTS

In the United States, following his inauguration in early 2017, the newly elected President Donald Trump had launched certain administrative measures. Great market volatility and uncertainties in the global financial markets were observed every time President Trump had made his new administrative policies, such as the withdrawal of the United States from the Paris climate accord. Another important issue for concern is the interest rate hikes in 2017 and onwards. The Federal Reserve has raised the interest rate twice in 2017. However, the pace of future hikes of interest rates is generally perceived to be gradual. China aims to maintain its economic growth of around 6.5% in 2017 and continues to implement a proactive fiscal policy and maintain a prudent monetary policy. Other geo-political issues that we should be vigilant about include the threats imposed by North Korea on nuclear weapons, the refugee problems in the European Union and the controversies of the sovereignty in the South China Sea.

For the year under review, the local economy was likely on the way to recovery. The year-on-year GDP growth was 6.3% in the 1st Quarter 2017. The seasonally adjusted unemployment rate stood at a relatively stable level of slightly above 3% for more than one year and the figure of the latest quarter was 3.2%. The inflation as reflected by the Consumer Price Index for April 2017 was 2%. Both the imports and total exports were on an upward trend since the beginning of this year. Regarding the retail sales, the significant drop in 2016 seemed to have leveled off and a rebound in early this year was observed. The local economy will undoubtedly benefit from it. However, the recent upsurge or escalation in prices of residential units and the record high prices achieved in the tenders of government land may add financial burden to the general public. Grievances may be resulted and in the long run, this may affect the local economy adversely.

It is difficult to predict the uncertainties surrounding both the global and local economies especially in the local property market in which the Group operates. We should act prudently and cautiously to employ our resources to bring about satisfactory returns to our Shareholders.

Chairman's Statement *(CONTINUED)*

EMPLOYMENT AND REMUNERATION POLICIES

As at 31 March 2017, the Group had less than twenty employees and their remuneration are maintained at competitive levels. Total staff costs (including Directors' remuneration) amounted to HK\$6.8 million (2016: HK\$7.0 million). Remuneration policies are reviewed regularly by the Board and by the Remuneration Committee regarding Directors and senior management. Employees' salaries are determined on performance basis with reference to the market trend. In addition, discretionary bonuses are granted to eligible employees with reference to the Group's results and individual performance. Other benefits include education and training subsidies, medical and retirement benefits and paid leaves.

LIQUIDITY AND FINANCIAL RESOURCES

The Group is virtually debt-free and generally finances its operations with internally generated cash flows. The Group's short-term bank deposits and cash and cash equivalents amounted to HK\$98.0 million and HK\$169.7 million respectively at 31 March 2017. The Board believes that the Group has sufficient financial resources for its operations. The Group has no material exposure to foreign exchange rate fluctuation and material contingent liabilities.

APPRECIATION

On behalf of the Board, I would like to take this opportunity to express my sincere appreciation to the Shareholders for their continued support and our staff for their hard work and dedication. I would also like to express my gratitude to my fellow Directors for their guidance and invaluable contribution.

Cheung Kee Wee
Chairman

Hong Kong, 29 June 2017

Report of the Directors

The Board has pleasure in submitting their report together with the audited financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries (the “Group”) for the year ended 31 March 2017.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activities of the Group are investment holding and property development, investment and management in Hong Kong.

SEGMENT INFORMATION

An analysis of the Group’s turnover and results by principal activities for the year is shown in Note 28 to the consolidated financial statements.

RESULTS

Results of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2017 are shown on page 51.

DIVIDEND

The Board has resolved to recommend at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company (“AGM”) to be held on Monday, 4 September 2017 a final dividend of HK11 cents (2016: HK11 cents) per share and a special dividend of HK12 cents (2016: HK24 cents) per share for the year ended 31 March 2017 to be paid on Tuesday, 26 September 2017 to the Shareholders whose names appear on the Register of Members of the Company on Thursday, 14 September 2017.

Together with the interim dividend of HK11 cents (2016: HK12 cents) per share paid on Tuesday, 17 January 2017, total dividends for the year will amount to HK34 cents (2016: HK47 cents) per share.

PARTICULARS OF SUBSIDIARIES AND ASSOCIATED COMPANIES

Particulars of subsidiaries and associated companies of the Company are shown in Notes 15 and 16 to the consolidated financial statements respectively.

Report of the Directors *(CONTINUED)*

FIVE YEAR FINANCIAL SUMMARY

A summary of the Group's results and of its assets and liabilities for the past five financial years is shown on page 103.

RESERVES

Details of the movements in reserves of the Group and of the Company during the year are shown in Note 23 and Note 29(b) to the consolidated financial statements.

DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES

The Company considers the cumulative gains on revaluation of investment properties of HK\$65,635,540 (2016: HK\$69,511,095) included in retained profits are non-distributable as they do not constitute realised profits. As at 31 March 2017, the Company's reserves available for distribution to Shareholders as calculated in accordance with the provisions of Sections 297 and 298 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Chapter 622) (the "Companies Ordinance") amounted to HK\$277,423,170 (2016: HK\$291,009,630).

PROPERTIES

Details of the movements in investment properties are shown in Note 14 to the consolidated financial statements. Details of the principal properties held by the Group for investment, sale and development purposes are shown on pages 105 to 108.

SHARES ISSUED

Details of the shares issued by the Company during the year are set out in Note 22 to the consolidated financial statements.

DIRECTORS

The Directors during the year and up to the date of this report are:

Executive Directors

Mr. Cheung Kee Wee (*Chairman*)

Mr. Cheung Lin Wee

Mr. Cheung Ying Wai, Eric

Non-executive Directors

Mr. John Ho (*resigned with effect from 5 January 2017*)

Mr. Ng Kwok Tung

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. Lam Hon Keung, Keith

Mr. Chan Woon Kong

Mr. Au-Yang Cheong Yan, Peter

In accordance with Article 99(A) of the Company's Articles of Association (the "Company's Articles"), Mr. Cheung Kee Wee, Mr. Ng Kwok Tung and Mr. Chan Woon Kong will retire from office by rotation at the forthcoming AGM and they, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election.

The Company has received from each Independent Non-executive Director of the Company ("INED") an annual confirmation of his independence pursuant to the independence guidelines under Rule 3.13 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") (the "Listing Rules"), and considers that all the INEDs are independent.

During the year and up to the date of this report, all the Executive Directors of the Company ("EDs") have served on the boards of all subsidiaries of the Company.

On 5 January 2017, Mr. John Ho resigned as a Non-executive Director of the Company ("NED") due to health reasons. Mr. Ho has confirmed that he has no disagreement with the Board in relation to his resignation.

Report of the Directors *(CONTINUED)*

CHANGES IN INFORMATION OF THE DIRECTORS

There is no information that needs to be disclosed pursuant to Rule 13.51B(1) of the Listing Rules.

DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

None of the Directors has a service contract which is not determinable within one year without payment of compensation (other than statutory compensation), with the Company or its subsidiaries.

The term of office of each Director is the period up to his retirement by rotation in accordance with the Company's Articles.

MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

No contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company were entered into or existed during the year.

EQUITY-LINKED AGREEMENTS

No equity-linked agreements were entered into by the Company during the year or subsisted at the end of the year.

LOANS TO OFFICERS

No loans to the Company's officers (within the meaning of the Companies Ordinance) were made and outstanding at any time during the year or at the end of the year.

BIOGRAPHY OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Brief biographical details of Directors and senior management are set out on pages 2 and 3.

REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS AND OF THE FIVE HIGHEST PAID INDIVIDUALS

Details of the Directors' remuneration and of the five highest paid individuals in the Group are shown in Note 9 to the consolidated financial statements. No contribution to pension scheme for Directors and past Directors was paid for the year.

There was no compensation paid during the year or receivable by the Directors for the loss of office as a Director of any member of the Group or of any other office in connection with the management of the affairs of any member of the Group.

DIRECTORS' MATERIAL INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS AND CONTRACTS THAT ARE SIGNIFICANT IN RELATION TO THE COMPANY'S BUSINESS

Save for those "Significant Related Party Transactions" described in Note 27 to the consolidated financial statements, no transactions, arrangement and contracts of significance in relation to the Group's business to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries was a party and in which a Director of the Company and the Directors' connected parties had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

DIRECTORS' RIGHT TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries was a party to any arrangement to enable the Directors of the Company or any of their spouses or children under the age of 18 to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate at any time during the year or at the end of the year.

Report of the Directors (CONTINUED)

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES

As at 31 March 2017, the interests or short positions of the Directors and Chief Executives of the Company in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO")) which were notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests or short positions which they were taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO), or which were recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 352 of the SFO, or which were required, pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules as adopted by the Company, to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange, were as follows:

Long Positions in Ordinary Shares of the Company

Name of Director	Personal interests	Corporate interests	Family interests	Total	% of issued share capital
Cheung Kee Wee	–	15,150,160 <i>(Note 1)</i>	–	15,150,160	12.52
Cheung Lin Wee	14,378,800	–	338,000 <i>(Note 2)</i>	14,716,800	12.17
Cheung Ying Wai, Eric	14,144,800	–	–	14,144,800	11.69

Notes:

- (1) These shares were held by Biochoice Limited ("Biochoice") (in which Mr. Cheung Kee Wee ("CKW") and his spouse in aggregate owned 50% interest) through its wholly owned subsidiary, Humphrey Group Limited ("Humphrey"). Therefore, CKW was deemed to be interested in these shares under the SFO.
- (2) The 338,000 shares were beneficially held by Ms. Wu Suet Yi, Rita, the spouse of Mr. Cheung Lin Wee ("CLW").

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 March 2017, none of the Directors or Chief Executives of the Company or any of their associates had or were deemed to have any interests or short positions in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) which would have to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests or short positions which they were taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO), or which were recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 352 of the SFO, or which were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code.

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' AND OTHER SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS

So far as is known to the Directors or Chief Executives of the Company, as at 31 March 2017, the following Shareholders (other than Directors or Chief Executives of the Company) who had interests or short positions in the shares or underlying shares of the Company which would fall to be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO, or which were recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 336 of the SFO as being directly or indirectly interested in 5% or more of the issued share capital of the Company were as follows:

Long Positions in Ordinary Shares of the Company

	Number of shares	% of issued share capital
Substantial Shareholders:		
Chin Lan Hong	32,162,800 (<i>Note 1</i>)	26.59
Kung So Ha, Anne	15,150,160 (<i>Note 2</i>)	12.52
Biochoice Limited	15,150,160 (<i>Note 3</i>)	12.52
Humphrey Group Limited	15,150,160 (<i>Note 3</i>)	12.52
Wu Suet Yi, Rita	14,716,800 (<i>Note 4</i>)	12.17
Hoh Kwok Hing, Corinne	14,144,800 (<i>Note 5</i>)	11.69
Persons other than Substantial Shareholders:		
Megabest Securities Limited	11,295,600 (<i>Note 6</i>)	9.34
Profit-taking Company Inc.	11,295,600 (<i>Note 6</i>)	9.34
Pullfield Company Limited	11,295,600 (<i>Note 6</i>)	9.34

Report of the Directors *(CONTINUED)*

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' AND OTHER SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS

(Continued)

Long Positions in Ordinary Shares of the Company *(Continued)*

Notes:

- (1) Out of the 32,162,800 shares, 11,295,600 shares were held by Megabest Securities Limited ("Megabest") of which Madam Chin Lan Hong was interested in the entire issued share capital, through the chain of ownership being described in Note (6) below; and 20,867,200 shares were held under her personal interests.
- (2) Ms. Kung So Ha, Anne is the wife of CKW and was taken to be interested in these shares in which her spouse was interested under the SFO. These 15,150,160 shares related to the same block of shares as described in Note (3) below.
- (3) These 15,150,160 shares held by Biochoice and Humphrey respectively related to the same block of shares as described in "Corporate Interests" of CKW under the heading of "Directors' Interests and Short Positions in Shares, Underlying Shares and Debentures". These shares were held by Biochoice (in which CKW and his spouse in aggregate owned 50% interest) through its wholly owned subsidiary, Humphrey, the registered owner of the said 15,150,160 shares.
- (4) Out of the 14,716,800 shares, 338,000 shares were beneficially held by Ms. Wu Suet Yi, Rita, and Ms. Wu was taken to be interested in the remaining 14,378,800 shares in which her spouse CLW was interested under the SFO.
- (5) Ms. Hoh Kwok Hing, Corinne is the wife of Mr. Cheung Ying Wai, Eric and was taken to be interested in these shares in which her spouse was interested under the SFO.
- (6) These 11,295,600 shares held by Megabest, Profit-taking Company Inc. ("Profit-taking") and Pullfield Company Limited ("Pullfield") respectively related to the same block of shares as described in Note (1) above. These shares were held by Megabest through its wholly owned subsidiary, Profit-taking, which in turn held the entire issued share capital of Pullfield, the registered owner of the said 11,295,600 shares of the Company.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 March 2017, the Company has not been notified by any person (other than Directors or Chief Executives of the Company) who had interests or short positions in the shares or underlying shares of the Company which would fall to be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO, or which were recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 336 of the SFO as being directly or indirectly interested in 5% or more of the issued share capital of the Company.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF SHARES

The Company has not redeemed any of its shares during the year. Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries has purchased or sold any of the Company's issued shares during the year.

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

The aggregate amount of revenues during the year attributable to the Group's five largest customers was 65.56% of the Group's total revenues, of which 21.8% was made to the largest customer.

The aggregate purchase of revenue items during the year attributable to the Group's five largest suppliers were less than 30% of the Group's total revenue purchases.

None of the Directors, their associates or any Shareholder who to the knowledge of the Directors owns more than 5% of the Company's issued share capital has an interest in the major customers or suppliers disclosed above.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Principal corporate governance practices adopted by the Company are set out in the Corporate Governance Report on pages 26 to 44.

BUSINESS REVIEW

A fair review of the business of the Group as required pursuant to Schedule 5 to the Companies Ordinance, comprising an analysis of the Group's performance during the year, a description of the principal risks and uncertainties facing the Group, particulars of important events affecting the Group that have occurred since the end of the financial year 2016 as well as an indication of likely future development in the business of the Group are set out in the sections headed "MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS" in "Chairman's Statement" on pages 7 to 9, "RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL" in "Corporate Governance Report" on page 40 to 41 and "FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT" under note 3 to the Consolidated Financial Statements on pages 70 to 75 in this AR.

Discussions on the environmental policies and performance, an account of the key relationships of the Group with its stakeholders including employees, customers and suppliers, disclosure of regulatory compliance by the Group with the relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the Group as well as the disclosures made pursuant to the "Environmental, Social and Governance Reporting Guide" in Appendix 27 of the Listing Rules are set forth below:

Report of the Directors *(CONTINUED)*

BUSINESS REVIEW *(Continued)*

Environmental Aspects

The principal activities of the Group are investment holding, property development, investment and management in Hong Kong. With respect to the business nature of the Group, no substantial air emissions and hazardous waste are produced from its operation. The Group advocates environmental protection by executing various measures to minimize environmental adverse impacts arising from its business activities.

1. Emissions

The greenhouse gas emission, which generated from the daily electricity power consumption is the main source of the Group's carbon footprint. To minimize the impact of carbon footprints on the environment, the Group implements energy-saving and energy efficiency measures like installing high-performance electric equipment, deploying LED lighting in office and most of the buildings under its property management as well as setting the photocopiers in energy saving mode when not in use.

2. Use of Resources

To better manage the use of resources, the Group adopts paper saving practices, such as encouraging double-sided printing and writing, reusing packaging boxes and stationeries like file folders and envelopes as well as setting duplex printing as the default mode for most network printers. Lights after office hours are switched off and most of the used cartridges are returned to the supplier for recycling purposes.

3. The Environment and Natural Resources

Given the nature of the Group's principle business activities, its operations are not expected to create much impact on the environment and therefore will not consume significant natural resources.

The Group continues to seek for better environmental practices and promotes the right environmental attitudes within the organization. During the year under review, the Group was not aware of any non-compliance of laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the Group relating to air and greenhouse gas emissions, discharges into water and land, and generation of hazardous and non-hazardous waste.

Social Aspects

1. *Employment and Labour Practices*

The Group recognizes that human resources are a valuable asset of an organization and regards such resources as its corporate wealth. The Group also endeavours to make sure that all employees are subject to legislative protection and have equal opportunity in their employment.

(i) *Employment*

The remuneration of the Group's employees is maintained at competitive levels. The employees' remuneration is reviewed and adjusted annually with reference to their qualifications, experience and working performance as well as the market benchmarks. In addition, discretionary bonuses are granted to eligible employees with reference to the Group's results and individual performance. Other benefits include education and training subsidies, medical and retirement benefits and paid leaves. Working hours, leaves, rest periods, duties and other employment terms are clearly mentioned in the employment contracts. Employment practices of the Group are also reviewed regularly to ensure compliance with latest labour laws and regulations. Within the Group, opportunities for employment, training, promotion and career development are equally open to all staff members.

During the year under review, the Group was not aware of any non-compliance with the employment laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the Group relating to compensation and dismissal, recruitment and promotion, working hours, rest periods, equal opportunity, diversity, anti-discrimination, and other benefits and welfare.

(ii) *Health and Safety*

The Group is committed to providing and maintaining a safe and healthy working environment for the employees. It maintains a safe, hygienic and productive workplace by minimizing the potential risks of accidents and injuries and exposure to health risks. Rules and regulations are strictly complied with to identify and manage any occupational hazards and substances so as to ensure the safe treatment, transportation, storage, use, recycle or reuse and disposal of them. All materials, electronic and electrical devices used by the Group meet the safety requirements and are absence from hazardous substances. The Group also provides a comfortable and pleasant working environment for its employees with a well-equipped pantry and a spacious penthouse for taking a rest and meals. All the workplaces of the Group are operated and maintained in safe and reliable conditions and free from toxic and harmful materials.

Report of the Directors *(CONTINUED)*

BUSINESS REVIEW *(Continued)*

Social Aspects *(Continued)*

1. *Employment and Labour Practices (Continued)*

(ii) Health and Safety (Continued)

During the year under review, the Group was not aware of any non-compliance with health and safety laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the Group in relating to the provision of a safe working environment and the protection of the employees from occupational hazards.

(iii) Development and Training

The Group places importance on the continuing development of knowledge and skills and provision of training to employees not just for the benefit of the staff development, but also for the sustainable growth of the organization. The Group sponsors education and training programmes and encourages employees at all levels to attend job-related seminars organized by professional organizations or to take appropriate courses to keep abreast of the latest developments of both the market and its industry at the costs of the Company. In-house seminars conducted by qualified professionals were arranged for the Directors and key personnel in order to enhance their continuing professional developments and refresh their knowledge and skills.

(iv) Labour Standards

All employment within the Group is voluntary and any child and forced labour is specifically forbidden. The Group also prohibits discrimination based on race, colour, age, gender, sexual orientation, ethnicity, disability, pregnancy, religion, political affiliation or marital status in recruitment and employment practices such as promotions, rewards, access to training and demotion. A comprehensive screening process is in place for recruitment of suitable employees in order to fulfill the aforesaid employment objectives.

During the year under review, the Group was not aware of any non-compliance of laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the Group relating to child and forced labour.

2. *Operating Practices*

(i) *Supply Chain Management*

Sound relationships with key suppliers, contractors and service providers (the "Suppliers") are important in supply chain management, property maintenance and development of the Group. The Group is committed to ensure a fair operating practices of its procurement and supply process. During our selection process for the Suppliers, the Group not only considers economical and commercial factors in the tendering processes but also makes a serious assessment of their compliance with all the applicable laws and regulations, safeguards workers' health and safety, and mitigates environmental impacts arising from their business operations. The department in charge maintains good communication with the Suppliers and conducts review on them from time to time.

(ii) *Product Responsibility*

The Group recognizes its responsibility in offering reliable products and services in its business so as to meet its stakeholders' expectations on quality and sustainability. To attain a higher standard of product responsibility, the Group manages to ensure all its product advertisements and announced information are correct, accurate and reliable. The Group also safeguards the confidentiality of all customers and warrants that the customer's information is properly protected during its business operation.

During the year under review, the Group was not aware of any non-compliance of laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the Group relating to health and safety, advertising, labelling and privacy matters in respect of products and services provided and methods of redress.

Report of the Directors *(CONTINUED)*

BUSINESS REVIEW *(Continued)*

Social Aspects *(Continued)*

2. Operating Practices (Continued)

(iii) Anti-corruption

In order to maintain a fair, impartial and efficient operating and working environment, the Group upholds a high standard of operation integrity in the course of operation and does not allow any form of bribery, fraud, extortion, corruption and money laundering. All employees perform their duties with utmost level of good faith, determination and professionalism so as to ensure that the reputation of the Group will not be tarnished by any misconduct and corruption. "Toolkit on Directors' Ethic" issued by The Independent Commission Against Corruption have been given to each Director for information.

During the year under review, the Group was not aware of any non-compliance of laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the Company relating to bribery, extortion, fraud and money laundering.

3. Community Investment

The Group is committed to fostering harmonious relationships with the communities where it operates, and has consistently kept its responsibility to return to society and endeavours to provide long-lasting benefits to its stakeholders. The Group recognizes that for the Group's long-term development, community participation is important. Therefore, the Group always encourages its employees to participate in charitable activities and contribute to the community by both financial way like making donation and non-financial one like doing voluntary services.

PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors, the Company has maintained sufficient public float throughout the year ended 31 March 2017 and up to the date of this report pursuant to the Listing Rules.

PERMITTED INDEMNITY

According to the Company's Articles and subject to the provisions of the Companies Ordinance, every Director shall be entitled to be indemnified out of the assets of the Company against all losses or liabilities which he may sustain or incur in or about the execution of the duties of his office or otherwise in relation thereto. In addition, the Company has maintained appropriate directors and officers liability insurance cover for the Directors and officers of the Company and its subsidiaries.

AUDITOR

The consolidated financial statements have been audited by PricewaterhouseCoopers who retire and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-appointment.

On behalf of the Board

Cheung Kee Wee

Chairman

Hong Kong, 29 June 2017

Corporate Governance Report

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

The Board and the management believe that good and high standard of corporate governance practices are very important for maintaining and promoting investor confidence and for the continued growth of the Group. The Company has made continued efforts to maintain and improve the quality of corporate governance so as to ensure an effective board, sound internal control, and transparency and accountability to the Shareholders.

Throughout the financial year ended 31 March 2017, the Company has applied and complied with the code provisions contained in the Corporate Governance Code and Corporate Governance Report (the "CG Code") set out in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules, except for certain deviations of the code provisions in respect of the roles of the Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of the Company ("CEO") (i.e. A.2.1); and service term of the NEDs (i.e. A.4.1). The considered reasons for the aforesaid deviations will be discussed in the later part of this report.

DIRECTORS' SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has adopted the Model Code set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules as the code of conduct regarding Directors' securities transactions in the Company. All Directors of the Company have confirmed, following specific enquiry by the Company, that they have complied with the required standards set out in the Model Code throughout the year ended 31 March 2017.

THE BOARD

Board Composition

During the year ended 31 March 2017 and up to the date of the Company's 2017 AR, Mr. John Ho resigned as a NED with effect from 5 January 2017.

The Board currently comprises the following seven members:

Executive Directors

Mr. Cheung Kee Wee (*Chairman*)
Mr. Cheung Lin Wee
Mr. Cheung Ying Wai, Eric

Non-executive Director

Mr. Ng Kwok Tung

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. Lam Hon Keung, Keith
Mr. Chan Woon Kong
Mr. Au-Yang Cheong Yan, Peter

The Board, led by the Chairman, is responsible for leadership and control of the Company and is collectively responsible for establishing the strategic direction of the Group, setting objectives and business development plans, monitoring the performance of the senior management, assuming responsibility for corporate governance and achieving agreed corporate goals of the Company by scrutinizing the Company's performance and monitoring performance reporting.

The Chairman of the Board ensures that the Board works effectively and discharges its responsibilities and all key and appropriate issues are discussed by the Board in a timely manner. He takes responsibility for ensuring that good corporate governance practices and procedures are established and encourages all Directors to make a full and active contribution to the Board's affairs. Directors with different views are encouraged to voice their concerns. They are allowed sufficient time for discussion of issues so as to ensure that Board decisions fairly reflect Board consensus. A culture of openness is promoted to facilitate the effective contribution of NEDs and ensure constructive relations between EDs and NEDs.

Corporate Governance Report *(CONTINUED)*

THE BOARD *(Continued)*

Board Composition *(Continued)*

EDs and the Board Committees of the Company are delegated with the authority to manage the business of the Group in all aspects effectively. With the assistance of the Company Secretary, the Chairman approves Board meeting agendas and takes into account, where appropriate, any matters proposed by the other Directors for inclusion in the agendas. Also, with the support of the EDs and the Company Secretary, the Chairman ensures that all Directors are properly briefed and timely receive adequate, clear, complete and reliable information on all Board matters.

EDs are responsible for different business and functional divisions of the Group in accordance with their respective areas of expertise. Daily operations and administration are delegated to the management under supervision which is given clear directions as to their powers in particular with respect to the circumstances under which they should report back to and obtain prior approval from the Board before making decisions or entering into any commitments on behalf of the Company. The Board reviews the existing arrangements periodically to ensure that they remain appropriate to the Company's needs.

The NEDs, including the INEDs, participate in Board meetings to bring expertise and independent views on important issues relating to the Company's strategy, policy, performance, accountability, resources, key appointments, standards of conduct, and take the lead on matters where potential conflicts of interests arise. They also serve on Board Committees of the Company, including the Audit Committee, the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee. The NED and INEDs give the Board and Board committees on which they serve the benefit of their skills, expertise and varied backgrounds and qualifications through regular attendance and active participation. They also attend AGMs to understand the view of the Shareholders. They make a positive contribution to the development of the Company's strategy and policy through independent, constructive and informed comments.

The Board has more than one third of the Directors as INEDs, each of them comes from different business and professional background and at least one of them has accounting or related financial management expertise. The Board has received from each INED an annual written confirmation of independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Company is of the view that each INED meets the requirements of independence as set out in Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules and continues to consider each of them to be independent up to the date of the AR.

The Board includes a balanced composition of EDs, NED and INEDs so that there is a strong independent element on the Board to exercise independent judgement to bear on issues of strategy, policy, performance, accountability, resources, key appointment and standards of conduct.

The composition of the Board, by category and position of Directors including the names of the Chairman, EDs, NED and INEDs, is disclosed in all the corporate communications. An updated list of Directors identifying their roles and functions and whether they are INEDs is available on the respective websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange. The names of the Directors, their roles and functions and the relationship among them are set out on pages 2 and 3 of the AR.

Directors' Training

All Directors are encouraged to participate in continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills. The Directors are kept informed of the updated legal and other regulatory requirements and the business and governance policies of the Company to ensure that their contribution to the Board remains informed and relevant. The Company Secretary provides written training materials to the Directors for reference, and arranges seminars on the latest development of the Listing Rules, applicable laws, rules and regulations relating to Directors' duties and responsibilities, if any.

The Directors have provided the Company with their records of continuous professional development during the financial year 2016/2017. Records of the Directors' training during the year are as follows:

Directors	Attending Seminar(s) on regulatory development and/or directors' duties	Reading regulatory updates or information relevant to the Company or its business
<i>Executive Directors</i>		
Mr. Cheung Kee Wee (<i>Chairman</i>)	✓	✓
Mr. Cheung Lin Wee	✓	✓
Mr. Cheung Ying Wai, Eric	✓	✓
<i>Non-executive Directors</i>		
Mr. John Ho (<i>resigned with effect from 5 January 2017</i>)	✓	✓
Mr. Ng Kwok Tung	✓	✓
<i>Independent Non-executive Directors</i>		
Mr. Lam Hon Keung, Keith	✓	✓
Mr. Chan Woon Kong	✓	✓
Mr. Au-Yang Cheong Yan, Peter	✓	✓

Corporate Governance Report *(CONTINUED)*

THE BOARD *(Continued)*

Meetings

The Board meets regularly and holds at least four regular meetings at approximately quarterly intervals in a year and additional meetings are held as and when significant events or important issues are required to be discussed and resolved. For the financial year 2016/2017, four physical meetings were respectively held in June, September and November of 2016 and March 2017. Details of individual attendance of each Director at the meetings are as follows:

Directors	Meetings Attended/Held
<i>Executive Directors</i>	
Mr. Cheung Kee Wee (<i>Chairman</i>)	4/4
Mr. Cheung Lin Wee	3/4
Mr. Cheung Ying Wai, Eric	4/4
<i>Non-executive Directors</i>	
Mr. John Ho (<i>resigned with effect from 5 January 2017</i>)	3/4
Mr. Ng Kwok Tung	4/4
<i>Independent Non-executive Directors</i>	
Mr. Lam Hon Keung, Keith	3/4
Mr. Chan Woon Kong	3/4
Mr. Au-Yang Cheong Yan, Peter	4/4

During the year ended 31 March 2017, the Chairman held a meeting with the NEDs (including the INEDs) without the presence of the EDs.

In order to give all Directors adequate time to plan their schedules to attend the meeting, at least fourteen days' formal notice of all regular meetings is given to all Directors, and all Directors are given the opportunity to include matters for discussion in the agenda. To enable Directors to make informed decisions on matters to be considered at the Board and Board Committee meetings, agenda accompanied with board papers and related materials are given to the Directors not less than three days before the intended date of a Board or Board Committee meeting.

Directors need to declare their interests in the matters to be passed in the resolution, if applicable. If a substantial Shareholder or a Director has a material conflict of interests in a matter to be considered by the Board, the matter will be dealt with pursuant to applicable rules and regulations and, if appropriate, an independent Board committee will be set up to deal with the matter.

In addition to the Board meetings, certain issues are dealt with by way of circular written resolutions, so that all Directors can note and comment thereon before the Board's approval on the matters.

Directors are kept informed in a timely manner of any major changes that may affect the Group's business as well as changes in relevant rules and regulations. Queries raised by Directors receive a prompt and full response, if possible. All Directors have full access to the Company Secretary and key officers of the Company Secretarial Department for relevant information in respect of the Group. They are also able to obtain independent professional advice by written procedure adopted by the Company at the expense of the Company in appropriate circumstances.

Directors' and Officers' Liabilities

The Company has arranged appropriate Directors and Officers liability insurance coverage for its Directors and officers since 2004.

CHAIRMAN AND CEO

Under the code provision A.2.1 of the CG Code, the roles of the Chairman and CEO should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual. Mr. Cheung Kee Wee is the Chairman of the Board and there is not a post of CEO in the Company. The roles of the CEO are performed by all the EDs with clear division of responsibilities under the leadership of the Chairman. The Board considers that this arrangement allows contributions from all EDs with different expertise and can ensure the balance of power and authority between the Board and the management of the Group. The Board therefore believes that this structure can enable the Group to make and implement decisions promptly and efficiently and is beneficial to the business prospect of the Group.

APPOINTMENT, RE-ELECTION AND REMOVAL OF DIRECTORS

The selection process of Directors is performed by the Board in accordance with the Company's Articles, the recommendations on nominations of Directors made by the Nomination Committee as well as the written procedures for Shareholders to propose a person for election as a Director of the Company. The said procedures are posted on the Company's website.

When considering a potential Director who is recommended by the EDs, the Nomination Committee or the Shareholder(s), the Board will take into consideration certain criteria such as the candidate's professional knowledge and experience, integrity and personal skills, possible conflicts of interests and time commitment to the Company. If the potential Director cannot give sufficient time and attention to the Company's affairs, he/she will be advised not to accept the appointment.

Corporate Governance Report *(CONTINUED)*

APPOINTMENT, RE-ELECTION AND REMOVAL OF DIRECTORS *(Continued)*

A newly appointed Director will receive reference material of the Company such as interim and annual reports and circulars with a view to familiarizing him/her with the business operation of the Company and the corporate structure of the Group. Updates are provided to Directors to ensure that Directors are aware of the latest changes in the commercial and regulatory environment in which the Group conducts its business. "A Guide on Directors' Duties" issued by the Companies Registry, "Guidelines for Directors" and "Guide for Independent Non-Executive Directors" both issued by The Hong Kong Institute of Directors and "Toolkit on Directors' Ethics" issued by Independent Commission Against Corruption have been given to each Director for information and easy reference.

Each Director disclosed to the Company at the time of his appointment and in a timely manner for any change, the number and nature of offices held in public companies or organizations.

Under the code provision D.1.4 of the CG Code, the Company should have formal letters of appointments for Directors setting out the key terms and conditions of their appointment. All Directors have been issued with the said formal letters of appointment from the Company.

Under the code provision A.4.1 of the CG Code, NEDs should be appointed for a specific term and subject to re-election. All the four NEDs are not appointed for a specific term but are subject to retirement by rotation and re-election at the AGM in accordance with the Company's Articles.

In accordance with Article 90 of the Company's Articles, a newly appointed Director is subject to re-election by the Shareholders at the next following AGM after his/her appointment, but shall not be taken into account in determining the directors who are to retire by rotation and re-election at the AGM in accordance with Article 99(A) of the Company's Articles.

There are seven Directors including four NEDs in the Company for the time being. As one-third of the seven Directors shall retire from office by rotation at each AGM, each of them shall retire at least once every three years. The Board is of the view that the current practice of appointing Directors which includes NEDs without specific terms but otherwise subject to retirement by rotation and re-election by the Shareholders at the AGM is reasonable and appropriate to the needs of the Company.

The Company may by an ordinary resolution remove a Director before the expiration of his/her period of office notwithstanding anything in the Company's Articles or in any agreement between the Company and such Director. Special notice is required of a resolution to remove a Director or to appoint somebody in place of a Director so removed at the general meeting at which he/she is removed in accordance with the Companies Ordinance.

Each Director (including INED) who was subject to retirement by rotation was appointed by a separate resolution in the AGM. In respect of an INED who has served more than nine years, the Company will express its view in the Company's circular that each INED who is eligible for re-election has met the independence guidelines set out in Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules and is independent.

The names and details of the retiring Directors who will offer themselves for re-election at the forthcoming AGM are set out in Appendix I to the circular dated 25 July 2017.

BOARD COMMITTEES

The Company has three Board committees, namely the Nomination Committee, the Remuneration Committee and the Audit Committee. All committees have specific terms of reference clearly defining their authorities and responsibilities. The terms of reference of the Board Committees require them to report back to the Board on their decisions or recommendations. The terms of reference are reviewed and updated regularly to ensure that they remain appropriate and reflect change in good practice and governance. The determination of the policy for the corporate governance of the Company and the corporate governance duties as set out in the code provision D.3.1 of the CG Code are performed by the Board.

Nomination Committee

The Nomination Committee of the Company was established in 2012, a majority of which is INEDs. The Committee is currently chaired by the Chairman of the Board, Mr. Cheung Kee Wee and comprises an ED, Mr. Cheung Lin Wee, and three INEDs, namely Messrs Lam Hon Keung, Keith, Chan Woon Kong and Au-Yang Cheong Yan, Peter. The Company Secretary of the Company is the secretary of the Committee.

The Nomination Committee is responsible for reviewing the structure, size and composition of the Board regularly and making recommendations on any proposed changes to the Board to complement the Company's corporate strategy. Its duties include making recommendation to the Board on the selection of individuals nominated for directorships and the appointment or re-appointment of Directors and succession planning for Directors. The Committee is also responsible for assessing the independence of INEDs.

The Board has a Board diversity policy with the aim of achieving diversity of Board members. The Company recognizes the benefits of having a diverse Board, and sees diversity of perspectives at the Board level as essential in achieving a sustainable and balanced development. Selection of Board members is based on a number of factors, including but not limited to educational background, professional experience, skills, knowledge and other factors that the Board may consider relevant and applicable from time to time. The ultimate decision is based on merit and contribution that the selected Board members can bring to the Board.

Corporate Governance Report *(CONTINUED)*

BOARD COMMITTEES *(Continued)*

Nomination Committee *(Continued)*

The adopted terms of reference of the Nomination Committee which set out clearly the Committee's role, authority and duties made pursuant to the CG Code are posted on the respective websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company.

The Committee is provided with sufficient resources enabling it to perform its duties and it can seek independent professional advice at the Company's expense, if necessary.

The Nomination Committee met once during the financial year ended 31 March 2017. Details of individual attendance of each of the members of the Committee at the meeting are as follows:

Committee Members	Meetings Attended/Held
<i>Executive Directors</i>	
Mr. Cheung Kee Wee (<i>Chairman</i>)	1/1
Mr. Cheung Lin Wee	1/1
<i>Independent Non-executive Directors</i>	
Mr. Lam Hon Keung, Keith	1/1
Mr. Chan Woon Kong	1/1
Mr. Au-Yang Cheong Yan, Peter	1/1

Remuneration Committee

Remuneration Committee of the Company was established in 2005. The Committee currently consists of three INEDs, namely Messrs Chan Woon Kong (Chairman), Lam Hon Keung, Keith and Au-Yang Cheong Yan, Peter and one NED, Mr. Ng Kwok Tung. The Company Secretary of the Company is the secretary of the Committee.

The principal responsibilities of the Remuneration Committee, under its terms of reference which were prepared on terms no less exacting than those set out in the CG Code, include making recommendations to the Board on the Company's policy and structure for all Directors' and senior management's remuneration and on the establishment of a formal and transparent procedure for developing remuneration policy as well as making recommendations to the Board on the remuneration packages of EDs and senior management with reference to the Board's corporate goals and objectives. The terms of reference of the Committee are posted on the respective websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company.

The Remuneration Committee shall consult the Chairman of the Board about their remuneration proposals for EDs, if necessary. The Committee is provided with sufficient resources to discharge duties.

The Remuneration Committee met once during the financial year ended 31 March 2017. Details of individual attendance of each of the members of the Committee at the meeting are as follows:

Committee Members	Meetings Attended/Held
<i>Independent Non-executive Directors</i>	
Mr. Chan Woon Kong (<i>Chairman</i>)	1/1
Mr. Lam Hon Keung, Keith	1/1
Mr. Au-Yang Cheong Yan, Peter	1/1
<i>Non-executive Directors</i>	
Mr. John Ho (<i>resigned with effect from 5 January 2017</i>)	0/1
Mr. Ng Kwok Tung	1/1

During such meeting, the remuneration packages of the Directors were reviewed with reference to the Group's performance and profitability as well as the remuneration level of directors in certain listed corporations in the industry. No Director was involved in deciding his own remuneration. Details of the remuneration of Directors and senior management by band for the year ended 31 March 2017 are set out in Note 9 to the consolidated financial statements on pages 79 to 81 of the AR.

Audit Committee

The Audit Committee of the Company was established in 1998 and currently consists of three INEDs, namely Messrs Lam Hon Keung, Keith (Chairman), Chan Woon Kong and Au-Yang Cheong Yan, Peter and one NED, Mr. Ng Kwok Tung. No member of the Committee is a former partner of the existing auditing firm of the Company during a period of one year from the date of his ceasing to be a partner of the audit firm. The Committee members possess sufficient financial and accounting experience and expertise to discharge their duties. The Company Secretary of the Company acts as the secretary of the Committee.

The Audit Committee is provided with sufficient resources to perform its duties. The operation of the Audit Committee is guided by its terms of reference which were prepared on terms no less exacting than those set out in the CG Code. The terms of reference of the Committee are posted on the respective websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company.

Corporate Governance Report *(CONTINUED)*

BOARD COMMITTEES *(Continued)*

Audit Committee *(Continued)*

The major duties of the Audit Committee set out in its terms of reference include:–

1. recommendation to the Board on the appointment, re-appointment and removal of the external auditor, and approval of their terms of engagement;
2. reviewing and monitoring the external auditor's independence and objectivity and the effectiveness of audit process in accordance with applicable standards;
3. monitoring the integrity of the Company's financial statements and AR and accounts, interim report and quarterly report (if applicable), and reviewing significant financial reporting judgements contained in them;
4. oversight of the Company's financial reporting system, risk management and internal control systems;
5. reviewing the financial information of the Company;
6. reviewing arrangements that employees of the Company can use, in confidence, to raise concerns about possible improprieties in the financial reporting, internal controls or other matters; and
7. overseeing the Company's relations with the external auditor.

During the financial year ended 31 March 2017, two meetings of the Audit Committee were held in June and November of 2016 respectively with the external auditor of the Company for discussion and review of the reporting of financial and other information to the Shareholders (including the 2015/2016 final results and 2016/2017 interim results of the Company before they were submitted to the Board for approval), the accounting principles and practices adopted by the Group and the issue on internal control of the Company. The Committee also keeps under review the independence of the external auditor of the Company. Details of individual attendance of each of the members of the Committee at the meetings are as follows:

Committee Members	Meetings Attended/Held
<i>Independent Non-executive Directors</i>	
Mr. Lam Hon Keung, Keith (<i>Chairman</i>)	2/2
Mr. Chan Woon Kong	2/2
Mr. Au-Yang Cheong Yan, Peter	2/2
<i>Non-executive Directors</i>	
Mr. John Ho (<i>resigned with effect from 5 January 2017</i>)	2/2
Mr. Ng Kwok Tung	2/2

There was no disagreement between the Board and the Audit Committee on the selection, appointment, resignation or dismissal of the external auditor.

The financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 March 2017 were reviewed and discussed by the Audit Committee together with the external auditor of the Company at a meeting held in late June 2017.

AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

For the year ended 31 March 2017, the remuneration paid and payable to PricewaterhouseCoopers, the Company's external auditor, for audit services to the Group amounted to HK\$645,100 and for non-audit services mainly consisting of review and taxation services amounted to HK\$166,100.

Corporate Governance Report *(CONTINUED)*

THE COMPANY SECRETARY

The appointment and dismissal of the Company Secretary is subject to the Board approval in accordance with the Company's Articles. Mr. Raymond W. M. Chu is the Company Secretary of the Company.

The Company Secretary is responsible to the Board for ensuring that the procedures and all applicable rules and regulations are strictly and fully complied with and that activities of the Board are running efficiently and effectively by assisting the Chairman of the Board and the respective Chairmen of the Board Committees to prepare agendas for meetings and by preparing and disseminating Board papers and relevant material to the Directors and Board Committee members in a timely and comprehensive manner.

The Company Secretary reports to the Board Chairman, attends all Board meetings and advises on corporate governance and statutory compliance, if appropriate. Draft and final versions of minutes of meetings of the Board and the Board Committees are circulated to all Directors concerned for comments and records respectively within a reasonable time after the meeting is held. All the minutes record in sufficient detail the matters considered and decisions reached by the Board and the Board Committees of the Company, including any concerns raised by Directors or dissenting views expressed, are kept by the Company Secretary, which are open for inspection at any reasonable time on reasonable notice by any Director.

The Company Secretary also advises the Directors on their obligations for disclosure of interests in securities, connected transactions and price-sensitive information and ensures that the standards and disclosures required by the Listing Rules are observed and, where required, reflected in the Report of the Directors. All Directors have access to the advice and services of the Company Secretary to ensure that Board procedures and all applicable rules and regulations are followed.

During the year under review, the Company Secretary undertook over 15 hours of professional training to update his skill and knowledge.

ACCOUNTABILITY AND AUDIT

The Board was provided with sufficient explanation and information by the management of the Company, so that Directors have an informed assessment of financial and other information of the Company put before the Board for approval.

Monthly management updates have also been provided by the Management to all Directors for the purpose of providing a balanced and understandable assessment of the Company's performance, financial position and prospects in sufficient detail to enable the Board as a whole and each Director to discharge their duties.

All the Directors have acknowledged their responsibilities for preparing and reviewing the Company's financial statements and ensure that the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and the Group as at 31 March 2017 and of the profit and cash flows of the Group for the year then ended. In preparing the Company's financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017, with the assistance of the Company's accounts department, the Board has selected suitable accounting policies and principles generally accepted in Hong Kong and applied them consistently, has made prudent and reasonable judgements and estimates, and has prepared the financial statements on a going concern basis. Directors are not aware of material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern as referred to in the code provision C.1.3 of the CG Code.

The statement by the auditor of the Company regarding their reporting responsibilities on the financial statements of the Company and the Group is set out in the "Independent Auditor's Report" on pages 45 to 50 of the AR.

The Board has included in the separate statement containing a discussion and analysis of the Group's performance in the Management Discussion and Analysis of the AR.

The Board's endeavors to ensure a balanced, clear and understandable assessment of the Group's position and prospects extend to annual and interim reports, price-sensitive announcements and other financial disclosures of the Company required under the Listing Rules and other applicable rules, and to report to regulators as well as to information required to be disclosed pursuant to statutory requirements. Accordingly, due authorization will be made on the publication of relevant announcements and reports as and when the occasion arises.

Corporate Governance Report *(CONTINUED)*

RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL

Risk Management

The Board has the overall responsibility for establishing, maintaining and evaluating the adequacy and effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems of the Group on an ongoing basis. Such systems are designed to manage rather than eliminate risk of failure to achieve business objective, and can only provide reasonable but not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss.

Management is responsible for setting the appropriate tone from the top, performing risk assessments, and owning the design, implementation, monitoring and maintenance of internal controls. The associated policies and procedures for risk management and internal controls, which are properly documented and communicated to staff, are designed to help ensure that the Group's assets are safeguarded against unauthorised use or disposition; relevant rules and regulations are adhered to and complied with; complete, accurate and reliable financial and accounting records are maintained; and key risk factors including business strategic, operational, financial and regulatory compliance risks which may impact the Group's performance are appropriately identified and managed.

To ensure the risk management process is consistent with the best practice, the Group has engaged an external consultant during the year to review the Group's existing practice, and their suggestions will be incorporated into the Group's risk management framework in due course.

The Group's risk management framework comprises the following key features:

- A distinct organisational structure for different responsible parties with defined authority, responsibilities and risk management roles;
- The Board sets forth the proper risk management culture and risk appetite for the Group, evaluates and determines the level of risk that the Group should take and monitor regularly;
- The Risk Management Coordinator facilitates the risk assessment process and timely communication to the Audit Committee and the Board. Also, they ensure key business and operational risks being properly identified and managed; and
- A Risk Management Policy has been established to provide a framework for the identification, analysis, evaluation, treatment, monitoring and reporting of key risks at all levels across the Group to support the achievement of the organisation's overall strategic objectives.

Identified potential risks are evaluated using appropriate qualitative and quantitative techniques and risk responses (i.e. accept, reduce, transfer and avoid) are formulated, which are consistent with the Group's risk appetite. Risks are assessed based on a risk assessment matrix that helps to rank the risks into 4 risk levels (e.g. Extremely High, High, Medium and Low) and to prioritise risk management effort to determine the appropriate risk mitigation plans.

Internal Control

The Group has an internal audit ("IA") function, which plays a major role in monitoring the internal governance of the Group, to conduct independent reviews of the adequacy and effectiveness of its risk management and internal control system and report the review results regularly to the Board through the Audit Committee.

The Group is fully aware of its obligation of handling and dissemination of inside information under the Listing Rules and the SFO. The Group has a set of procedures and controls in place to preserve the confidentiality of inside information relating to the Group. All Board members and senior management, who are likely to possess the Group's inside information because of their offices or employments in the Group, are bound by the Model Code. In addition, every employee is required to follow the guidelines of the code of conduct and the staff handbook to keep unpublished inside information strictly confidential.

Review of Risk Management and Internal Control Systems

During the year ended 31 March 2017, the Board has conducted a review on the effectiveness of risk management and internal control systems of the Group through discussion with the Audit Committee, which covers the major control procedures in areas of financial, operational, compliance and risk management, and was satisfied with the effectiveness of the Group's risk management and internal control systems.

The changes in the nature and extent of significant risks faced by the Group and response plans to changes in its business and the external environment have been evaluated. The scope and quality of ongoing monitoring of risks and the internal control systems have been assessed. No significant areas of concern that may affect the Group to achieve strategic goals have been identified. The Board considered that the risk management and internal control systems are functioning effectively and adequately.

In addition, confirmation from management on the effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems of the Group was received during the year.

The Board has reviewed and is satisfied with the adequacy of resources, staff qualifications and experiences, training requirements and budgets of the Group's accounting, financial reporting and IA functions.

Corporate Governance Report (CONTINUED)

COMMUNICATION WITH THE SHAREHOLDERS

The AGM is one of the principal communication channels between the Company and the Shareholders as it provides a forum for the Shareholders to raise questions and comments and exchange views with the Board.

At the 2016 AGM, respective Chairmen of the Board, the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee, members of the Audit Committee as well as the representatives of the external auditor of the Company were present and available to answer questions raised by the Shareholders at the meeting. A separate resolution was proposed at the AGM on each substantially separate issue, such as the re-election of individual Directors.

Details of individual attendance of each Director at the 2016 AGM are as follows:

Directors	Meeting Attended/Held
<i>Executive Directors</i>	
Mr. Cheung Kee Wee (<i>Chairman</i>)	1/1
Mr. Cheung Lin Wee	1/1
Mr. Cheung Ying Wai, Eric	1/1
<i>Non-executive Directors</i>	
Mr. John Ho (resigned with effect from 5 January 2017)	1/1
Mr. Ng Kwok Tung	1/1
<i>Independent Non-executive Directors</i>	
Mr. Lam Hon Keung, Keith	0/1
Mr. Chan Woon Kong	1/1
Mr. Au-Yang Cheong Yan, Peter	1/1

The Company has other means of communication with the Shareholders, including the publication of annual and interim reports, circulars, announcements and availability of updated and key information about the Group on the Company's website. The Shareholders or any interested parties can also contact the Company by sending e-mail to enquiry@wahha.com.

The Company arranges for the notice to the Shareholders to be sent out in the case of AGMs at least 20 clear business days before the meeting and to be sent out at least 10 clear business days in the case of all other general meetings. It is proposed that the 2017 AGM will be held on Monday, 4 September 2017 at 12:00 noon. Notice of the AGM has been published and dispatched to the Shareholders in late July 2017.

The Board has formulated a shareholders' communication policy and will review it on a regular basis to ensure its effectiveness.

VOTING BY POLL

The Company regularly informs the Shareholders of the procedures for voting by poll and ensures that it complies with the requirements about voting by poll as contained in the Listing Rules and the Company's Articles.

The Shareholders are given an explanation of the rights and procedures for demanding and conducting a poll in accordance with Article 70 of the Company's Articles at the commencement of each AGM.

Pursuant to the Listing Rules, any vote of the shareholders at a general meeting must be taken by poll. The Chairman of the 2017 AGM will therefore put each of the resolutions to be proposed at the meeting to be voted by way of a poll pursuant to the Listing Rules and Article 70 of the Company's Articles.

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHT

Under Section 566 of the Companies Ordinance, Shareholders representing at least 5% of the total voting rights of all the Shareholders having a right to vote at the general meetings are entitled to send a request to the Company to convene a general meeting. Such requisition must state the general nature of the business to be dealt with at the meeting and may include the text of a resolution that may properly be moved and is intended to be moved at the meeting. The request may be sent to the registered office of the Company in hard copy form or to the email address of the Company in electronic form and must be authenticated by the Shareholder(s) making it.

Moreover, in relation to an AGM which the Company is required to hold, Sections 615 and 616 of the Companies Ordinance provide that Shareholders representing at least 2.5% of the total voting rights of all Shareholders having a right to vote on the resolution at the AGM or at least 50 Shareholders having a right to vote on the resolution at the AGM, may request the Company to circulate a notice of the resolution for consideration at the AGM by sending such request, which must be authenticated by the Shareholders making it, to the registered office of the Company in hard copy form or to the email address of the Company in electronic form.

Corporate Governance Report *(CONTINUED)*

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHT *(Continued)*

The Shareholders can make enquiries or proposals to the Company through the following means:

Telephone: (852) 2527 1821
Fax: (852) 2861 3771
Post: Room 2500, Dominion Centre
43-59 Queen's Road East
Wanchai, Hong Kong
Email: enquiry@wahha.com

INVESTOR RELATIONS

During the year ended 31 March 2017, there were no changes to the Company's Articles. The latest version of the same is posted on the respective websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company.

Save as disclosed above, the Company has complied with all the code provisions as set out in the CG Code throughout the financial year ended 31 March 2017.

Independent Auditor's Report



羅兵咸永道

To the Members of Wah Ha Realty Company Limited
(incorporated in Hong Kong with limited liability)

OPINION

What we have audited

The consolidated financial statements of Wah Ha Realty Company Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (the "Group") set out on pages 51 to 102, which comprise:

- the consolidated balance sheet as at 31 March 2017;
- the consolidated statement of comprehensive income for the year then ended;
- the consolidated statement of changes in equity for the year then ended;
- the consolidated cash flow statement for the year then ended; and
- the notes to the consolidated financial statements, which include a summary of significant accounting policies.

Our opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 March 2017, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

BASIS FOR OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSA") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independent Auditor's Report *(CONTINUED)*

BASIS FOR OPINION *(Continued)*

Independence

We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants ("the Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

KEY AUDIT MATTERS

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key audit matter identified in our audit is summarised as follows:

Key Audit Matter

How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter

Valuation of investment properties of the Group held by the Company and through its subsidiaries and associated companies

Refer to notes 2(e), 4(a), 8, 14 and 16 to the financial statements

The Group's investment properties were carried at HK\$207.8 million as at 31 March 2017 which were stated at fair values. Included in investments in associated companies were the Group's share of carrying value of investment properties held by associated companies of HK\$675.3 million. Fair value gains of investment properties of HK\$13.8 million were accounted for in the Group's consolidated statement of comprehensive income for the year ended 31 March 2017, while share of associated companies' results also included the Group's share of fair value gains of investment properties held by the associated companies of HK\$24.1 million.

We assessed the competency, capability and objectivity of the independent external valuer by considering their qualifications, experiences in the locations and segment of the investment properties valued and their relationship with the Group.

We discussed with the external valuer and management to understand the rationale of the chosen valuation method and the assumptions applied. We assessed the appropriateness of the methodology used and the reasonableness of assumptions applied by comparing to industry practice. We further compared the data inputs adopted in the valuations, such as recent transactions price of comparable properties, on a sample basis, to market and industry data.

Key Audit Matter

Fair values of the investment properties of the Group held by the Company and through its subsidiaries and associated companies are supported by valuations performed by an independent external valuer.

In valuing investment properties, the valuer used direct comparison method. Due to the uniqueness of each property, the valuer used judgement in applying unobservable inputs into the valuation model.

We focused on this area because of the magnitude of investment properties and that the fair values are dependent on the methodology used and are sensitive to the changes of input used in the valuation.

How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter

Based on the audit evidences obtained, we consider the methodology used and key assumptions applied in the valuation of the Group's and associated companies' investment properties to be appropriate.

OTHER INFORMATION

The directors of the Company are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises all of the information included in the annual report other than the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Independent Auditor's Report *(CONTINUED)*

RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND THE AUDIT COMMITTEE FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The audit committee is responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. We report our opinion solely to you, as a body, in accordance with Section 405 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

Independent Auditor's Report *(CONTINUED)*

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS *(Continued)*

We communicate with the audit committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the audit committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the audit committee, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Ng Hiu Tung.

PricewaterhouseCoopers
Certified Public Accountants

Hong Kong, 29 June 2017

Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income

For the year ended 31 March 2017

	<i>Note</i>	2017 HK\$	2016 HK\$
Revenues	5	23,664,010	46,805,487
Changes in fair value of investment properties	14	13,800,000	(14,350,786)
Net fair value (losses)/gains on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		(244,824)	886,111
Other losses, net	6	(4,151,585)	(2,794,803)
Direct outgoings in relation to properties that generate income	7	(985,040)	(576,708)
Cost of sales of completed properties	7	(1,460,812)	(2,766,031)
Staff costs	7	(6,845,509)	(6,998,463)
Other operating expenses	7	(1,824,098)	(1,633,434)
Operating profit		21,952,142	18,571,373
Share of profits less losses of associated companies	8	56,652,201	51,795,060
Profit before income tax		78,604,343	70,366,433
Income tax expense	11	(1,256,624)	(4,981,966)
Profit and total comprehensive income attributable to equity holders of the Company		77,347,719	65,384,467
Dividends	12	41,126,400	56,851,200
Earnings per share (Basic and diluted)	13	0.64	0.54

The notes on pages 56 to 102 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Consolidated Balance Sheet

As at 31 March 2017

	<i>Note</i>	2017 HK\$	2016 HK\$
ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
Investment properties	14	207,800,000	194,000,000
Investments in associated companies	16	763,806,896	744,454,695
Available-for-sale financial assets	17	–	250,448
Deferred income tax assets	24	1,889,493	1,574,373
		973,496,389	940,279,516
Current assets			
Completed properties held for sale	18	1,456,911	2,805,463
Amounts due from associated companies	16	23,422,726	31,912,510
Trade and other receivables	19	1,451,640	1,000,999
Tax recoverable		14,552	10,411
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	20	3,790,920	4,035,744
Short-term bank deposits	21	97,985,728	–
Cash and bank balances	21	169,719,961	285,398,454
		297,842,438	325,163,581
Total assets		1,271,338,827	1,265,443,097
EQUITY			
Capital and reserves attributable to the Company's equity holders			
Share capital	22	78,624,000	78,624,000
Retained profits	23		
– Proposed dividends		27,820,800	42,336,000
– Others		1,129,557,907	1,093,336,588
		1,157,378,707	1,135,672,588
Total equity		1,236,002,707	1,214,296,588

	<i>Note</i>	2017 HK\$	2016 HK\$
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities			
Amounts due to associated companies	<i>16</i>	30,621,025	42,801,309
Trade and other payables	<i>25</i>	3,836,441	3,851,110
Tax payable		878,654	4,494,090
Total liabilities		35,336,120	51,146,509
Total equity and liabilities		1,271,338,827	1,265,443,097
Net current assets		262,506,318	274,017,072

The financial statements on page 51 to 102 were approved by the Boards of Directors on 29 June 2017 and were signed on behalf.

Cheung Kee Wee
Director

Cheung Lin Wee
Director

The notes on pages 56 to 102 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Consolidated Cash Flow Statement

For the year ended 31 March 2017

<i>Note</i>	2017 HK\$	2016 HK\$
Cash flows from operating activities		
	78,604,343	70,366,433
	(13,800,000)	14,350,786
	(56,652,201)	(51,795,060)
	4,224,009	2,845,590
Operating profit before working capital changes		
	12,376,151	35,767,749
	1,348,552	2,438,526
	(450,641)	443,077
	244,824	(886,111)
	235,779	(371,328)
Net cash generated from operations		
	13,754,665	37,391,913
	(5,191,321)	(1,505,461)
Net cash generated from operating activities		
Cash flows from investing activities		
	–	(135,350,786)
	(97,985,728)	–
	(1,239,500)	(117,063)
	34,849,000	69,035,168
Net cash used in investing activities		
Cash flows from financing activity		
	(55,641,600)	(44,755,200)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year		
	285,398,454	363,545,473
	(4,224,009)	(2,845,590)
	169,719,961	285,398,454
<i>21</i>		

The notes on pages 56 to 102 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

For the year ended 31 March 2017

	<i>Note</i>	2017 HK\$	2016 HK\$
Total equity at beginning of the year		1,214,296,588	1,193,667,321
Profit and total comprehensive income for the year	<i>23</i>	77,347,719	65,384,467
Transaction with equity holders			
Dividends	<i>23</i>	(55,641,600)	(44,755,200)
Total equity at end of the year		1,236,002,707	1,214,296,588

The notes on pages 56 to 102 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

1 GENERAL INFORMATION

The Company is a limited liability company incorporated in Hong Kong and listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited. The address of its registered office is Room 2500, Dominion Centre, 43-59 Queen's Road East, Wanchai, Hong Kong.

The principal activities of the Company are investment holding and property investment. The activities of the subsidiaries and associated companies are shown in Notes 15 and 16 to the consolidated financial statements respectively.

These consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollar (HK\$), unless otherwise stated. These consolidated financial statements have been approved for issue by the Board of Directors on 29 June 2017.

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

(a) Basis of preparation

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with all applicable Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRS") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA"). The consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and investment properties which are carried at fair value.

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in conformity with HKFRS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Company and its subsidiaries (together, the "Group")'s accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements, are disclosed in Note 4.

Adoption of revised standards and amendments to existing standards and interpretations

The Group adopted the revised standards and amendments to existing standards below, which are relevant to its operations.

Amendment to HKFRS 11	Joint Arrangement – Accounting for Acquisitions of Interests in Joint Operation
Amendment to HKAS 1	Disclosure Initiative
Amendment to HKAS 27	Equity Method in Separate Financial Statements
Amendments to HKAS 16 and HKAS 38	Clarification of Acceptable Methods of Depreciation and Amortisation
Amendments to HKFRS 10, HKFRS 12 and HKAS 28	Investment Entities: Applying the Consolidation Exception
Amendment to HKFRSs	Annual Improvements 2012-2014 Cycle

The Group has assessed the impact of the adoption of these revised standards and amendments and considered that there were no significant impact on the Group's results and financial position nor any substantial changes in the Group's accounting policies and presentation of the financial information.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (CONTINUED)

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

- (b) New standards and amendments to existing standards which have been issued but are not effective for the financial year beginning on 1 April 2016 and have not been early adopted

		Effective for accounting periods beginning on or after
Amendment to HKAS 7	Statement of Cash Flows	1 January 2017
Amendment to HKAS 12	Income Taxes	1 January 2017
HKFRS 9	Financial Instruments	1 January 2018
HKFRS 15	Revenue from Contracts with Customers	1 January 2018
Amendment to HKFRS 15	Classification to HKFRS 15	1 January 2018
Amendment to HKFRS 2	Classification and Measurement of Share-based Payment Transactions	1 January 2018
HKFRS 16	Leases	1 January 2019
Amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28	Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture	To be determined

The Group will adopt the above standards and amendments to existing standards as and when they become effective. None of the above is expected to have a significant effect on the consolidated financial statements of the Group, except the following set out below:

HKFRS 15, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers"

The application of HKFRS 15 may result in the identification of separate performance obligations which could affect the timing of the recognition of revenue. At this stage, the Group is in the process of assessing the impact of HKFRS 15 on the Group's consolidated financial statements.

(c) Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company and all its subsidiaries made up to 31 March 2017.

(i) *Subsidiaries*

A subsidiary is an entity (including a structured entity) over which the Group has control. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed to, or has the rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are deconsolidated from the date that control ceases.

The Group applies the acquisition method of accounting to account for business combinations. The consideration transferred for the acquisition of a subsidiary is the fair values of the assets transferred, the liabilities incurred to the former owners of the acquiree and the equity interests issued by the Group. The consideration transferred includes the fair value of any asset or liability resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement. Acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred. Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date.

The Group recognises any non-controlling interest in the acquiree on an acquisition-by-acquisition basis. Non-controlling interests in the acquiree that are present ownership interests and entitle their holders to a proportionate share of the entity's net assets in the event of liquidation are measured at either fair value or the present ownership interests' proportionate share in the recognised amounts of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. All other components of non-controlling interests are measured at their acquisition date fair value, unless another measurement basis is required by HKFRS.

Goodwill is initially measured as the excess of the aggregate of the consideration transferred and the fair value of non-controlling interest over the net identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed. If this consideration is lower than the fair value of the net assets of the subsidiary acquired, the difference is recognised in the profit or loss.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements *(CONTINUED)*

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(Continued)*

(c) Consolidation *(Continued)*

(i) *Subsidiaries (Continued)*

Inter-company transactions, balances, income and expenses on transactions between group companies are eliminated. Profits and losses resulting from inter-company transactions that are recognised in assets are also eliminated. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the accounting policies adopted by the Group.

In the Company's balance sheet, the investments in subsidiaries are stated at cost less provision for impairment losses. The results of subsidiaries are accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividend received and receivable.

(ii) *Associated companies*

Associated companies are all entities over which the Group has significant influence but not control, generally accompanying a shareholding of between 20% and 50% of the voting rights. Investments in associated companies are accounted for using the equity method of accounting and are initially recognised at cost. The Group's investments in associated companies include goodwill identified on acquisition, net of any accumulated impairment losses.

The Group's share of its associated companies' post-acquisition profits or losses is recognised in the profit or loss, and its share of post-acquisition movements in reserves is recognised in reserves. The carrying amount of the investment is increased or decreased to recognise the investor's share of the profit or loss of the investee after the date of acquisition. When the Group's share of losses in an associated company equals or exceeds its interest in the associated company, including any other unsecured receivables, the Group does not recognise further losses, unless it has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the associated company.

Unrealised gains on transactions between the Group and its associated companies are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the associated companies. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of associated companies have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the accounting policies adopted by the Group.

(d) Foreign currency translation

(i) *Functional and presentation currency*

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollar, which is the Company's functional and the Group's presentation currency. The functional currency of all subsidiaries and associated companies of the Group is Hong Kong dollar.

(ii) *Transactions and balances*

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions or valuations where items are re-measured. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the profit or loss.

Changes in the fair value of monetary debt securities denominated in foreign currency classified as available-for-sale are analysed between translation differences resulting from changes in the amortised cost of the securities, and other changes in the carrying amount of the securities. Translation differences related to changes in amortised cost are recognised in the profit or loss, and other changes in carrying amount are recognised in other comprehensive income.

Translation differences on non-monetary financial assets and liabilities, such as equities held at fair value through profit or loss, are recognised in the profit or loss as part of the fair value gain or loss. Translation differences on non-monetary financial assets, such as equities classified as available-for-sale, are included in the investment revaluation reserve in equity.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements *(CONTINUED)*

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(Continued)*

(e) Investment properties

Property that is held for long-term rental yields or for capital appreciation or both, and that is not occupied by the Group, is classified as investment property.

Investment property comprises land held under finance leases and buildings held under finance leases.

Investment property is measured initially at its cost, including related transaction costs.

After initial recognition, investment property is carried at fair value and is not depreciated. Fair value is based on active market prices, adjusted, if necessary, for any difference in the nature, location or condition of the specific asset. If this information is not available, alternative valuation methods such as recent prices on less active markets or discounted cash flow projections are used. These valuations are performed at each reporting date by external valuers.

The fair value of investment property reflects, among other things, rental income from current leases and assumptions about rental income from future leases in the light of current market conditions. The fair value also reflects, on a similar basis, any cash outflow that could be expected in respect of the property. Some of those outflows are recognised as a liability, including finance lease liabilities in respect of land classified as investment property; others, including contingent rent payments, are not recognised in the financial statements.

Subsequent expenditure is accounted for as part of the asset's carrying amount only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance costs are expensed in the profit or loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.

Changes in fair values are recognised in the profit or loss.

(f) **Impairment of investments in subsidiaries, associated companies and non-financial assets**

Assets that have an indefinite useful life or are not yet available for use are not subject to amortisation and are tested annually for impairment. Assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (cash-generating units). Non-financial assets other than goodwill that suffered an impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at each reporting date.

Impairment testing of the investments in subsidiaries or associated companies is required upon receiving dividends from these investments if the dividend exceeds the total comprehensive income of the subsidiary or associated company in the period the dividend is declared or if the carrying amount of the investment in the separate financial statements exceeds the carrying amount in the consolidated financial statements of the investee's net assets including goodwill.

(g) **Financial assets**

The Group classifies its financial assets in the following categories: financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, loans and receivables and available-for-sale financial assets. The classification depends on the purposes for which the financial assets were acquired. Management determines the classification of financial assets at initial recognition.

(i) *Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss*

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are financial assets held for trading. A financial asset is classified in this category if acquired principally for the purpose of selling in short term. Derivatives are classified as held for trading unless they are designated as hedges. Assets in this category are classified as current assets.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements *(CONTINUED)*

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(Continued)*

(g) Financial assets *(Continued)*

(ii) Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. They arise when the Group provides money, goods or services directly to a debtor with no intention of trading the receivable. They are included in current assets, except for those with maturities greater than twelve months after the balance sheet date, which are classified as non-current assets. Loans and receivables are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Loans and receivables of the Group include trade and other receivables in the balance sheet.

(iii) Available-for-sale financial assets

Available-for-sale financial assets are non-derivatives that are either designated in this category or not classified in any of the other categories including financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, loans and receivables or held-to-maturity investments. They are included in non-current assets unless matures or management intends to dispose of the investment within twelve months of the balance sheet date.

Regular purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on trade-date, the date on which the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset. Financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are initially recognised at fair value and transaction costs are expensed in the profit or loss. All other financial assets are initially recognised at fair value plus transaction costs. Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the investments have expired or have been transferred and the Group has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership. Available-for-sale financial assets and financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are subsequently carried at fair value. Loans and receivables are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value of the "financial assets at fair value through profit or loss" category are included in the profit or loss.

When the fair value of the available-for-sale financial assets cannot be reliably measured since there are no recent market transactions between knowledgeable, willing parties on an arm's length basis and future cash flows available from the available-for-sale financial assets cannot be determined reliably. Until such time as the directors are able to compute a reliable fair value, the available-for-sale financial assets are carried at cost less provision for impairment.

Changes in the fair value of monetary and non-monetary securities classified as available-for-sale are recognised in other comprehensive income.

When securities classified as available-for-sale are sold or impaired, the accumulated fair value adjustments recognised in equity are included in the profit or loss as "gains and losses from available-for-sale financial assets".

The fair values of quoted investments are based on current bid prices. If the market for a financial asset is not active (and for unlisted securities), the Group establishes fair value by using valuation techniques. These include the use of recent arm's length transactions, reference to other instruments that are substantially the same, discounted cash flow analysis, and option pricing models making maximum use of market inputs and relying as little as possible on entity specific inputs.

The Group assesses at each balance sheet date whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired. In the case of equity securities classified as available-for-sale, a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of the securities below its cost is considered as an indicator that the securities are impaired. If any such evidence exists for available-for-sale financial assets, the cumulative loss measured as the difference between the acquisition cost and the current fair value, less any impairment loss on that financial asset previously recognised in the consolidated statement of other comprehensive income is removed from equity and recognised in the profit or loss. Impairment losses recognised in profit or loss on equity instruments are not reversed through profit or loss. Impairment testing of receivables is described in Note 2(h).

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements *(CONTINUED)*

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(Continued)*

(h) Trade and other receivables

Trade and other receivables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for impairment of trade and other receivables is established when there is objective evidence that the Group will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of receivables. Significant financial difficulties of the debtor, probability that the debtor will enter bankruptcy or financial reorganisation, and default or delinquency in payments are considered indicators that the receivable is impaired. The amount of the provision is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the effective interest rate. The amount of the provision is recognised in the profit or loss.

(i) Completed properties held for sale

Completed properties held for sale is classified under current assets and carried at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Net realisable value takes into account the price ultimately expected to be realised, less applicable variable selling expenses and the anticipated costs to completion.

(j) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand and deposits held at call with financial institutions with original maturities of three months or less.

(k) Trade and other payables

Trade payables are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Trade and other payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less (or in the normal operating cycle of the business if longer). If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade and other payables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

(I) **Current and deferred income tax**

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company and its subsidiaries and associated companies operate and generate taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in the tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation and establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

Deferred income tax is recognised using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements. However, if the deferred income tax arises from initial recognition of an asset or a liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss, it is not accounted for. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

Deferred income tax liabilities are provided on temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries and associated companies, except where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference is controlled by the Group and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the deferred income taxes assets and liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the taxable entity or different taxable entities where there is an intention to settle the balances on a net basis.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements *(CONTINUED)*

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(Continued)*

(m) Employee benefits

The Group participates in two defined contribution retirement benefits schemes. The Group's contributions under the schemes are charged to the profit or loss as incurred. The amount of the Group's contributions is based on specified percentages of the salaries of employees.

Employee entitlements to annual leave are recognised when they accrue to employees. A provision is made for the estimated liability for annual leave as a result of services rendered by employees up to the balance sheet date. Employee entitlements to sick leave and maternity leave are not recognised until the time of leave.

(n) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events; it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation; and the amount has been reliably estimated. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses.

When there are a number of similar obligations, the likelihood that an outflow will be required in settlement is determined by considering the class of obligations as a whole. A provision is recognised even if the likelihood of an outflow with respect to any one item included in the same class of obligations may be small.

Provisions are measured at the present value of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation using a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the obligation. The increase in the provision due to passage of time is recognised as interest expense.

(o) Operating leases

Leases where substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of assets remain with the lessors are accounted for as operating leases. Rentals applicable to operating leases net of any incentives received from the lessors are charged to the profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the periods of the respective leases.

(p) Revenue recognition

Rental income is recognised over the periods of the respective leases on a straight-line basis.

Sales of completed properties are recognised upon completion of the sales agreements.

Management fee income is recognised when services are rendered.

Interest income is recognised on a time proportion basis using the effective interest rate method.

Dividend income is recognised when the right to receive payment is certain.

Construction supervision fee income is recognised when services are rendered to customers.

(q) Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker. The chief operating decision-maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the executive directors that makes strategic decisions.

(r) Dividend distribution

Dividend distribution to the Company's equity holders is recognised as a liability in the Group's and the Company's financial statements in the period in which the dividends are approved by the Company's Directors/equity holders.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements *(CONTINUED)*

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

(a) Financial risk factors

The Group's activities expose it to various types of financial risks which include market risk (including foreign exchange risk, price risk and interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise the potential adverse effects it may have on the Group's financial performance.

(i) Market risk – foreign exchange risk

Foreign exchange risk arises when future commercial transactions and recognised assets and liabilities are denominated in a currency that is not the functional currencies of the entities of the Group.

The majority of the Group's monetary assets and monetary liabilities and the rental income are denominated in Hong Kong dollar, except for certain financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and bank deposits which are denominated in the United States dollar and Renminbi ("RMB"), respectively.

The Group's exposure to foreign exchange risk arising from financial assets denominated in United States dollar is insignificant as Hong Kong dollar is pegged to the United States dollar.

The Group currently does not have a foreign currency hedging policy. However, management monitors foreign exchange exposure and will consider hedging significant foreign currency exposure should the need arise.

At 31 March 2017, if Hong Kong dollar had weakened or strengthened by 1% (2016: 1%) against RMB, with all other variables held constant, profit before income tax for the year would have been higher or lower by approximately HK\$666,179 (2016: HK\$687,744) as a result of foreign exchange gains/losses arising from bank deposits.

(ii) *Market risk – price risk*

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

The Group is exposed to price risk arising from investments classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss. The Group's price risk is mainly concentrated on listed securities. To manage its price risk arising from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, the Group diversifies its portfolio.

The sensitivity analyses below have been determined based on the exposure to price risk at the balance sheet date.

If market prices of investments had been 10% higher/lower, the Group's profit before tax for the year ended 31 March 2017 would increase/decrease by approximately HK\$379,092 (2016: HK\$403,574).

(iii) *Market risk – Interest rate risk*

The Group is exposed to changes in market interest rates through bank deposits.

The following analyses the impact on the Group's profit before tax assuming a reasonable possible change in interest rates for bank deposits, with all other variables held constant.

As at 31 March 2017, if market interest rates had been 50 basis points higher/lower, the Group's profit before tax would increase/decrease by approximately HK\$1,324,197 (2016: HK\$1,417,291).

The Group has no interest bearing liabilities.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements *(CONTINUED)*

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT *(Continued)*

(a) Financial risk factors *(Continued)*

(iv) Credit risk

The carrying amounts of bank deposits, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, trade and other receivables and amounts due from associated companies represent the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk in relation to financial assets.

Bank deposits and financial assets at fair value through profit or loss were placed with banks and a financial institution with sound credit ratings to mitigate the risk.

The Group has policies in place to ensure that rental deposits are required from tenants prior to commencement of leases and sale proceeds are received before the assignments of properties are executed. Amounts due from associated companies are generally supported by the underlying assets and the Group monitors the credibility of associated companies continuously. At each balance sheet date, the Group reviews the recoverable amount of each debtor to ensure that adequate provision is made for irrecoverable amounts.

(v) Liquidity risk

To achieve the prudent liquidity risk management the Group holds sufficient cash for operation.

The Group's policy is to regularly monitor its current and expected liquidity requirements to ensure that it maintains sufficient reserves of cash to meet its liquidity requirements in the short and long term.

The table below analyses the Group's financial liabilities and derivative financial instruments that will be settled on a gross basis into relevant maturity groups based on the remaining period at the balance sheet date to the contractual maturity date. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows. Balances due within 12 months equal their carrying balances, as the impact of discounting is not significant.

	Less than 1 year HK\$	Between 1 and 2 years HK\$	Between 2 and 5 years HK\$	Total HK\$
At 31 March 2017				
Amounts due to associated companies	30,621,025	–	–	30,621,025
Trade and other payables	2,925,259	911,182	–	3,836,441
At 31 March 2016				
Amounts due to associated companies	42,801,309	–	–	42,801,309
Trade and other payables	3,782,710	68,400	–	3,851,110

(b) Capital risk management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for equity holders and to support future development of the business. The Group's strategy remains unchanged from the year ended 31 March 2016 and is to maintain net cash position.

The Group considers the total equity of the Group as its capital.

The Group reviews the capital structure periodically and manages its overall capital structure through payment of dividends.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements *(CONTINUED)*

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT *(Continued)*

(c) Fair value estimation

The fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and the carrying value of available-for-sale financial assets is determined on the basis set out in Note 2(g).

The carrying amounts of trade and other receivables, cash and bank balances, trade and other payables and amounts due from/to associated companies approximate their fair values.

The Group's financial instruments are measured in the balance sheet at fair value. This requires disclosure of fair value measurements by level of the following fair value measurement hierarchy:

- Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1).
- Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices) (level 2).
- Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs) (level 3).

The following table presents the Group's financial assets that are measured at fair value at 31 March 2017 and 2016. See Note 14 for disclosures of the investment properties that are measured at fair value.

As at 31 March 2017

	Level 1 HK\$	Level 2 HK\$	Level 3 HK\$	Total HK\$
Assets				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	3,790,920	–	–	3,790,920

As at 31 March 2016

	Level 1 HK\$	Level 2 HK\$	Level 3 HK\$	Total HK\$
Assets				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	4,035,744	–	–	4,035,744

There were no transfers between levels 1 and 2 during the year.

The fair value of financial instruments traded in active markets is based on quoted market prices at the balance sheet date. A market is regarded as active if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from an exchange, dealer, broker, industry group, pricing service, or regulatory agency, and those prices represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis. The quoted market price used for financial assets held by the Group is the current bid price. These instruments are included in level 1. Instruments included in level 1 comprise listed equity securities classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements *(CONTINUED)*

4 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

The Group makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below.

(a) Fair value of investment properties

The fair values of investment properties of the Group and associated companies are determined by an independent valuer on an open market for existing use basis with reference to comparable market transactions. In making the judgement, the Group considers information from a variety of sources including:

- (i) current prices in an active market for properties of different nature, condition or location (or subject to different lease or other contracts), adjusted to reflect those differences; and
- (ii) recent prices of similar properties in less active markets, with adjustments to reflect any changes in economic conditions since the date of the transactions that occurred at those prices.

If information on current or recent prices of investment properties is not available, the fair values of investment properties are determined using discounted cash flow valuation techniques. The Group uses assumptions that are mainly based on market conditions existing at each balance sheet date.

(b) Income taxes

The Group is subject to income taxes in Hong Kong. Significant judgement is required in determining the provision for income taxes. There are many transactions and calculations for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain during the ordinary course of business. The Group recognises liabilities for anticipated tax audit issues based on estimates of whether additional taxes will be due. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will impact the income tax and deferred tax provisions in the period in which such determination is made.

Deferred income tax assets relating to certain temporary differences and tax losses are recognised when management considers to be probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences or tax losses can be utilised. The outcome of their actual utilisation may be different.

5 REVENUES

	2017 HK\$	2016 HK\$
Rental income		
Investment properties	3,049,161	1,290,516
Other properties	3,614,633	3,987,795
Sales of completed properties held for sale	10,788,000	35,483,900
Management fee income	1,532,823	1,406,352
Bank interest income	4,009,251	4,473,523
Dividend income	596,992	81,801
Construction supervision fee income	73,150	81,600
	23,664,010	46,805,487

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (CONTINUED)

6 OTHER LOSSES, NET

	2017 HK\$	2016 HK\$
Net exchange losses	(4,224,009)	(2,845,590)
Sundries	72,424	50,787
	(4,151,585)	(2,794,803)

7 EXPENSES BY NATURE

	2017 HK\$	2016 HK\$
Direct outgoings in relation to properties that generate income		
Investment properties	757,678	443,778
Other properties	227,362	132,930
	985,040	576,708
Cost of sales of completed properties	1,460,812	2,766,031
Staff costs (including Directors' remuneration)		
Salaries and other emoluments	6,455,487	6,635,110
Contributions to retirement schemes (Note 10)	390,022	363,353
	6,845,509	6,998,463
Other operating expenses		
Auditor's remuneration		
Audit fees	645,100	539,300
Non-audit fees	166,100	162,000
Others	1,012,898	932,134
	1,824,098	1,633,434

8 SHARE OF PROFITS LESS LOSSES OF ASSOCIATED COMPANIES

The Group's share of results of associated companies included the Group's share of fair value gains on investment properties held by associated companies amounting to HK\$24,050,000 (2016: HK\$15,000,000), which arising from investment properties held by associated companies with the Group's share of the carrying value amounting to HK\$675,250,000 (2016: HK\$651,200,000).

9 REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS AND THE CHIEF EXECUTIVE

The remuneration of each of the Directors and the chief executive is set out below:

Year ended 31 March 2017

Emoluments paid or payable in respect of a person's services as a director, whether of the Company or its subsidiaries undertaking:

	Fees HK\$	Salaries HK\$	Total HK\$
Executive Directors			
Mr. Cheung Kee Wee (<i>Chairman</i>) (<i>Note (a)</i>)	120,000	300,000	420,000
Mr. Cheung Lin Wee (<i>Note (a)</i>)	120,000	300,000	420,000
Mr. Cheung Ying Wai, Eric (<i>Note (a)</i>)	120,000	300,000	420,000
Non-executive Directors			
Mr. John Ho (<i>Note (c)</i>)	120,000	–	120,000
Mr. Ng Kwok Tung	120,000	–	120,000
Independent Non-executive Directors			
Mr. Lam Hon Keung, Keith	120,000	–	120,000
Mr. Chan Woon Kong	120,000	–	120,000
Mr. Au-Yang Cheong Yan, Peter	120,000	–	120,000
	960,000	900,000	1,860,000

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (CONTINUED)

9 REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS AND THE CHIEF EXECUTIVE (Continued)

Year ended 31 March 2016

Emoluments paid or payable in respect of a person's services as a director, whether of the Company or its subsidiaries undertaking:

	Fees HK\$	Salaries HK\$	Total HK\$
Executive Directors			
Mr. Cheung Kee Wee (<i>Chairman</i>)	120,000	300,000	420,000
Mr. Cheung Lin Wee	120,000	300,000	420,000
Mr. Cheung Ying Wai, Eric	120,000	300,000	420,000
Non-executive Directors			
Mr. John Ho	120,000	–	120,000
Mr. Ng Kwok Tung	120,000	–	120,000
Independent Non-executive Directors			
Mr. Lam Hon Keung, Keith	120,000	–	120,000
Mr. Chan Woon Kong	120,000	–	120,000
Mr. Au-Yang Cheong Yan, Peter	120,000	–	120,000
	960,000	900,000	1,860,000

During the year, apart from the emoluments disclosure in above, no retirement benefits, payments or benefits in respect of termination of directors' services were paid or made, directly or indirectly, to the directors; nor are any payable (2016: Nil). No consideration was provided to or receivable by third parties for making available directors' services (2016: Nil). There are no loans, quasi-loans or other dealings in favour of the directors, their controlled bodies corporate and connected entities (2016: None).

No director of the Company and their connected entities had a material interest, directly or indirectly, in any significant transactions, arrangements and contracts in relation to the Company's business to which the Company was or is a party that subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year (2016: None).

Notes:

- (a) The directors took the role of chief executive of the Company.
- (b) No other emoluments were paid and none of the Directors have waived the right to receive their emoluments for the years ended 31 March 2017 and 2016.
- (c) The director resigned on 5 January 2017.

Of the five individuals with the highest emoluments in the Group, two (2016: two) were directors of the Company. The emoluments paid to the five highest paid individuals of the Group during the year were as follows:

	2017 HK\$	2016 HK\$
Salaries and other emoluments	2,943,632	2,818,867
Contributions to retirement schemes	103,506	92,581
	3,047,138	2,911,448

The emoluments of each of the five highest paid individuals are below HK\$1,000,000 for the years ended 31 March 2017 and 2016.

10 RETIREMENT SCHEMES

The Group operates two defined contribution retirement schemes in Hong Kong which comply with the respective requirements of the Occupational Retirement Schemes Ordinance ("ORSO") and Mandatory Provident Fund ("MPF") Schemes Ordinance. The schemes cover all the employees of the Group. All the assets under the schemes are held separately from the Group under independently administered funds. Contributions to the MPF Scheme follow the MPF Schemes Ordinance while contributions to the ORSO Scheme are based on a percentage of employee salary depending upon the length of employment.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (CONTINUED)

11 INCOME TAX EXPENSE

Hong Kong profits tax has been provided at the rate of 16.5% (2016: 16.5%) on the estimated assessable profit for the year.

	2017 HK\$	2016 HK\$
Hong Kong profits tax		
Provision for the year	(1,571,744)	(5,461,708)
Deferred income tax (<i>Note 24</i>)	315,120	479,742
	(1,256,624)	(4,981,966)

The income tax expense on the Group's profit before income tax differs from the theoretical amount that would arise using the tax rate of Hong Kong, the country in which the Group operates, as follows:

	2017 HK\$	2016 HK\$
Profit before income tax	78,604,343	70,366,433
Share of profits less losses of associated companies	(56,652,201)	(51,795,060)
	21,952,142	18,571,373
Calculated at a tax rate of 16.5% (2016: 16.5%)	(3,622,103)	(3,064,276)
Income not subject to tax	3,039,740	1,069,852
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	(725,093)	(2,999,261)
Utilisation of previously unrecognised tax losses	13,439	–
Tax losses not recognised	(41,328)	(62,117)
Reversal of temporary differences	4,290	–
Statutory tax reduction	74,431	73,836
Income tax expenses	(1,256,624)	(4,981,966)

12 DIVIDENDS

	2017 HK\$	2016 HK\$
Interim dividend paid of HK11 cents (2016: HK12 cents) per share	13,305,600	14,515,200
Proposed final dividend of HK11 cents (2016: HK11 cents) per share	13,305,600	13,305,600
Proposed special dividend of HK12 cents (2016: HK24 cents) per share	14,515,200	29,030,400
	41,126,400	56,851,200

At the Board meeting held on Thursday, 29 June 2017, the Board of Directors proposed a final dividend of HK11 cents per share and a special dividend of HK12 cents per share. These proposed dividends will be accounted for as an appropriation of retained profits for the year ending 31 March 2018.

13 EARNINGS PER SHARE

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to equity holders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year.

	2017 HK\$	2016 HK\$
Profit attributable to equity holders of the Company	77,347,719	65,384,467
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue	120,960,000	120,960,000
Earnings per share (Basic and diluted)	0.64	0.54

The Company has no dilutive potential ordinary shares.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (CONTINUED)

14 INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

	2017 HK\$	2016 HK\$
At valuation		
At beginning of the year	194,000,000	73,000,000
Additions	–	135,350,786
Fair value gains/(losses)	13,800,000	(14,350,786)
At end of the year	207,800,000	194,000,000

The investment properties are held on finance leases of over 50 years in Hong Kong.

The Group leases out its investment properties under operating leases. Leases typically run for an initial period of one to two years, with some having the option to renew, at which time all terms are renegotiated.

The revaluation gains or losses is included in “Changes in fair value of investment properties” in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income. The following table analyses the investment properties carried at fair value, by valuation method.

Fair value hierarchy for recurring fair value measurements

Description	Fair value measurements		
	Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets (Level 1) HK\$	Significant other observable inputs (Level 2) HK\$	Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) HK\$
31 March 2017			
Investment properties:			
– Commercial building	–	–	7,800,000
– Duplex apartment	–	–	70,000,000
– Luxury house	–	–	130,000,000
			207,800,000

Description	Fair value measurements		
	Quoted prices	Significant	Significant
	in active	other	unobservable
	markets for	observable	unobservable
identical	inputs	inputs	
assets	(Level 2)	(Level 3)	
(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)	
	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$
31 March 2016			
Investment properties:			
– Commercial building	–	–	7,000,000
– Duplex apartment	–	–	67,000,000
– Luxury house	–	–	120,000,000
			194,000,000

The Group's policy is to recognise transfers into and transfers out of fair value hierarchy levels as of the date of the event or change in circumstances that caused the transfer.

There were no transfers between Levels 1, 2 and 3 during the year

The following table presents the changes in Level 3 assets for the year ended 31 March 2017 and 2016.

	Investment properties	
	2017	2016
	HK\$	HK\$
Opening balance	194,000,000	73,000,000
Addition	–	135,350,786
Unrealised net fair value gains/(losses) for the year included in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income for assets held at the end of the year	13,800,000	(14,350,786)
Closing balance	207,800,000	194,000,000

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (CONTINUED)

14 INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (Continued)

Valuation processes of the Group

The Group's investment properties were valued at 31 March 2017 and 2016 by independent professionally qualified valuer who hold a recognised relevant professional qualification and have recent experience in the locations and segments of the investment properties valued.

Discussions of valuation processes and results are held between the chief financial officer, the valuation team and valuers at least once every six months, in line with the Group's interim and annual reporting dates. As at 31 March 2017 and 2016, the fair values of the properties have been determined by C S surveyors Limited.

Valuation techniques

Fair value measurements using significant unobservable inputs

Fair values of investment properties of the Group are generally derived using the direct comparison method. However, given the unique nature and lack of recent transaction of certain properties, significant adjustments are usually required to allow for any qualitative differences that may affect the price likely to be achieved by the property under consideration. The ranges of unobservable input are similar between the commercial building, the apartment and the house. These significant unobservable inputs include:

Description	Valuation Technique	Unobservable inputs	Range of unobservable input input HK\$	Relationship of unobservable inputs to fair value
Commercial building, apartment and house	Direct comparison method	Storey	0.5% to 1% price adjustment per each storey	The higher the storey, the higher the fair value
		Landscape view	5% to 20% of property value	The better the landscape view, the higher the fair value
		Age of property	0.5% to 1% price adjustment per year	The older the property, the lower the price

There were no changes to the valuation techniques during the year.

15 SUBSIDIARIES

Particulars of the subsidiaries, all of which are wholly-owned by the Company, are as follows:

Name	Principal activities	Particulars of issued share capital
Festigood Company Limited	Property development	2 ordinary shares
Galy Property Management Limited	Property management	2 ordinary shares
Khanman Property Limited	Property investment	2 ordinary shares
Tai Kong Shan Realty Limited	Property investment	100,000 ordinary shares
Tinpoly Realty Limited	Property investment	4 ordinary shares
Wah Ha Construction Company Limited	Building contractor	2 ordinary shares
Wah Ha Real Estate Agency Limited	Property agency	1,000 ordinary shares
WH Properties Limited	Property investment	100 ordinary shares

All subsidiaries are incorporated and operate in Hong Kong and are held directly by the Company.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (CONTINUED)

16 ASSOCIATED COMPANIES

	2017 HK\$	2016 HK\$
Share of net assets	763,806,896	744,454,695

	2017 HK\$	2016 HK\$
Amounts due from associated companies (Note a)	23,422,726	31,912,510
Amounts due to associated companies (Note a)	(30,621,025)	(42,801,309)
	(7,198,299)	(10,888,799)

Note:

- (a) Amounts due from/to associated companies are unsecured, interest free and have no specific repayment terms.

The Group has not provided any guarantees in respect of any borrowings or facilities of the associated companies and has not entered into any agreements to make further advances to the associated companies.

Summarised financial information for associated companies

Set out below are the associated companies of the Group as at 31 March 2017, which, in the opinion of the directors, are material to the Group. The Group's share of results, assets and liabilities of the associated companies are summarised as follows:

	Eastern Tailor Enterprises Limited		Daily Eagle Development Limited		Remadour Estate Limited		Hinquand Enterprise Limited		Wah Ha Property Development Limited	
	2017 HK\$000	2016 HK\$000	2017 HK\$000	2016 HK\$000	2017 HK\$000	2016 HK\$000	2017 HK\$000	2016 HK\$000	2017 HK\$000	2016 HK\$000
Revenue	11,601	12,022	59,516	55,368	5,237	5,588	6,587	6,407	1,324	1,295
Profit for the year	26,894	12,544	97,117	90,730	21,556	7,925	4,850	4,648	4,246	9,870
Dividends received from associated companies	-	-	9,000	18,500	-	2,250	-	-	10,800	26,500

The information above reflects the amounts presented in the financial statements of the associated companies in which the accounting policies are consistent to the Group.

	Eastern Tailor Enterprises Limited		Daily Eagle Development Limited		Remadour Estate Limited		Hinquand Enterprise Limited		Wah Ha Property Development Limited	
	2017 HK\$000	2016 HK\$000	2017 HK\$000	2016 HK\$000	2017 HK\$000	2016 HK\$000	2017 HK\$000	2016 HK\$000	2017 HK\$000	2016 HK\$000
Current										
Assets	13,314	6,654	29,444	16,891	2,975	1,217	8,326	3,331	797	21,199
Liabilities	(2,481)	(2,851)	(14,133)	(13,089)	(1,354)	(1,181)	(1,763)	(1,718)	(293)	(258)
Total current net assets	10,833	3,803	15,311	3,802	1,621	36	6,563	1,613	504	20,941
Non-current										
Assets	395,000	375,000	1,350,000	1,300,000	400,000	380,000	210,000	210,000	68,000	64,900
Liabilities	(1,462)	(1,326)	(9,984)	(9,592)	(2,861)	(2,831)	(1,858)	(1,758)	(273)	(257)
Total non-current net assets	393,538	373,674	1,340,016	1,290,408	397,139	377,169	208,142	208,242	67,727	64,643
Net assets	404,371	377,477	1,355,327	1,294,210	398,760	377,205	214,705	209,855	68,231	85,584
Interest in associated companies (25%; 25%; 25%; 50%; 50%)	101,093	94,369	338,832	323,553	99,690	94,301	107,352	104,927	34,115	42,792
Carrying value	101,093	94,369	338,832	323,553	99,690	94,301	107,352	104,927	34,115	42,792

There are no contingent liabilities relating to the Group's interest in the associated companies as at 31 March 2017 and 2016.

Aggregate information of associated companies that are not individually material:

	2017 HK\$	2016 HK\$
The Group's share of profits less losses from operations and total comprehensive income	15,712,263	16,736,192
Group's share of net assets	82,724,674	84,512,412

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (CONTINUED)

Particulars of the associated companies are as follows:

Name	Principal activities	Particulars of issued shares	Effective percentage of equity held by the Group	
			2017	2016
Daily Eagle Development Limited	Property development	4 ordinary shares	25	25
Eastern Tailor Enterprises Limited	Property investment	10,000 ordinary shares	25	25
Fu Kung San Realty Limited	Investment holding	100 ordinary shares	50	50
Fupoly Properties Limited	Property investment	10,000 ordinary shares	25	25
Hinquand Enterprise Limited	Property investment	1,000 ordinary shares	50	50
Keneva Company Limited	Property development	20 ordinary shares	25	25
Kin Yuen Hing Investment Company Limited	Property development	200,000 ordinary shares	50	50
Mass Collection Company Limited	Property development	2 ordinary shares	50	50
Remadour Estate Limited	Property investment	10,000 ordinary shares	25	25
Sing Mei Properties Limited	Property investment	69,513 ordinary shares	25	25
Star Fortune Investments Limited	Property development	2 ordinary shares	50	50
Sun Prince Godown Limited	Property investment	100,000 ordinary shares	50	50
Sun Tai Tsuen Godown Company Limited	Property investment	100,000 ordinary shares	50	50
Wah Ha Property Development Limited	Property investment	10 ordinary shares	50	50

All associated companies are incorporated and operate in Hong Kong and are held directly by the Company except for Sing Mei Properties Limited which is 50% owned by a 50% owned associated company, Fu Kung San Realty Limited.

17 AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE FINANCIAL ASSETS

	2017 HK\$	2016 HK\$
Unlisted shares, at cost	–	250,448

During the year, the Group received dividend from its investment in available-for-sale financial assets before the investee proceeded into deregistration. The investment cost in and amount payable to the investee were both set off.

18 COMPLETED PROPERTIES HELD FOR SALE

	2017 HK\$	2016 HK\$
Completed properties held for sale in Hong Kong		
At beginning of the year	2,805,463	5,243,989
Disposals	(1,348,552)	(2,438,526)
At end of the year	1,456,911	2,805,463

The completed properties held for sale in Hong Kong are held on finance leases of between 10 to 50 years.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (CONTINUED)

19 TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

	2017 HK\$	2016 HK\$
Trade receivables		
Within 3 months	138,183	250,465
Other receivables	1,061,678	447,352
Prepayments and utility deposits	251,779	303,182
	1,451,640	1,000,999

Notes:

- (a) Trade receivables represent rental and management fee receivables. Rental is normally due for payment upon presentation of debit note at the beginning of each rental period (normally on a monthly basis). The trade receivables are generally fully covered by the rental deposits from corresponding tenants. Management fee is normally due for payment upon presentation of debit note at the end of each month. The above ageing analysis is based on the debit note date.

Receivables are denominated in Hong Kong dollar and the Directors consider that the fair value of these receivables at the balance sheet date was approximately their carrying amounts.

- (b) As at 31 March 2017, trade receivables of HK\$138,183 (2016: HK\$250,465) were past due but not impaired. These related to a number of independent customers for whom there is no recent history of default.
- (c) At 31 March 2017, there are no trade receivables of the Group individually determined to be impaired (2016: Nil).

20 FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

	2017 HK\$	2016 HK\$
Listed shares – Overseas	3,790,920	4,035,744

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are denominated in United States dollar.

21 SHORT-TERM BANK DEPOSITS AND CASH AND BANK BALANCES

	2017 HK\$	2016 HK\$
Short-term bank deposits		
Bank deposits with original maturity over three months	97,985,728	–
Cash and cash equivalents		
Cash in hand	20,000	20,000
Bank balances	2,846,290	1,920,208
Bank deposits with original maturity less than three months	166,853,671	283,458,246
	169,719,961	285,398,454
Total	267,705,689	285,398,454

The weighted average effective interest rate on short-term bank deposits was 0.99% per annum; these deposits have an average maturity of 182 days as at 31 March 2017.

Bank deposits and bank balances are placed with the following banks in Hong Kong:

	2017 HK\$	2016 HK\$
The Bank of East Asia	200,909,559	285,279,947
The Bank of Communications	66,617,907	–
Others	158,223	98,507
	267,685,689	285,378,454

The carrying amounts of cash and bank balances are denominated in the following currencies:

	2017 HK\$	2016 HK\$
Hong Kong dollar	198,593,324	214,214,054
United States dollar	2,494,457	2,410,049
Renminbi	66,617,908	68,774,351
	267,705,689	285,398,454

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (CONTINUED)

22 SHARE CAPITAL

	2017 HK\$	2016 HK\$
Issued and fully paid:		
120,960,000 ordinary shares	78,624,000	78,624,000

23 RETAINED PROFITS

	HK\$
At 31 March 2015	1,115,043,321
Profit for the year	65,384,467
2015 final dividend	(13,305,600)
2015 special dividend	(16,934,400)
2016 interim dividend	(14,515,200)
At 31 March 2016	1,135,672,588
Profit for the year	77,347,719
2016 final dividend	(13,305,600)
2016 special dividend	(29,030,400)
2017 interim dividend	(13,305,600)
At 31 March 2017	1,157,378,707

24 DEFERRED INCOME TAX

Deferred income tax is calculated on temporary differences under the liability method using a tax rate of 16.5% (2016: 16.5%).

	2017 HK\$	2016 HK\$
Deferred income tax assets	1,889,493	1,574,373

A substantial portion of deferred income tax assets will be recovered after twelve months from the balance sheet date.

The movement in deferred income tax assets during the year, without taking into consideration the offsetting of balances within the same tax jurisdiction, is as follows:

	Assets		Total HK\$
	Tax losses HK\$	Accelerated depreciation allowances HK\$	
At 31 March 2015	1,266,644	(172,013)	1,094,631
Credited/(charged) to consolidated statement of comprehensive income (Note 11)	904,445	(424,703)	479,742
At 31 March 2016	2,171,089	(596,716)	1,574,373
Credited/(charged) to consolidated statement of comprehensive income (Note 11)	735,813	(420,693)	315,120
At 31 March 2017	2,906,902	(1,017,409)	1,889,493

Deferred income tax assets are recognised for tax losses carried forward to the extent that realisation of the related tax benefit through the future taxable profits is probable. Deferred tax assets of HK\$549,124 (2016: HK\$521,235) arising from unused tax losses of HK\$3,328,024 (2016: HK\$3,158,999) have not been recognised in the consolidated financial statements. These tax losses have no expiry date.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (CONTINUED)

25 TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

	2017 HK\$	2016 HK\$
Trade payables		
Within 3 months	2,100	–
Other payables	1,455,114	1,884,965
Rental and utility deposits received	1,289,593	1,079,218
Accrued expenses	1,089,634	886,927
	3,836,441	3,851,110

26 OPERATING LEASE RENTAL RECEIVABLE

The future aggregate minimum lease rental income under non-cancellable operating leases in respect of land and buildings is receivable in the following years:

	2017 HK\$	2016 HK\$
First year	5,291,160	3,004,500
Second to fifth years inclusive	2,308,700	74,460
	7,599,860	3,078,960

27 SIGNIFICANT RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The following is a summary of significant related party transactions carried out in the normal course of the Group's business during the year, other than those disclosed elsewhere in the financial statements.

	2017 HK\$	2016 HK\$
Related company		
Estate agency fee income	150,000	150,000

The Group provided estate agency services to a related company at a fixed annual fee.

The Group is provided with office space and office furniture and fixtures by a related company.

The key management of the Group refer to the Directors and their remuneration are set out in Note 9.

28 SEGMENT INFORMATION

The principal activities of the Group include those relating to investment holding, property development, investment and management in Hong Kong. There is no other significant identifiable separate business. In accordance with the Group's internal financial reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker for the purpose of allocating resources, assessing performance of the operating segments and making strategic decision, the reportable operating segments are property development, investment and management and investments.

Segment assets consist of investment properties, available-for-sale financial assets, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, receivables, completed properties held for sale, short-term bank deposits and cash and bank balances and exclude items such as tax recoverable and deferred income tax assets. Segment liabilities comprise operating liabilities and exclude items such as tax payable and unpaid dividend.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (CONTINUED)

28 SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

	Property development, investment and management HK\$	Investments HK\$	Total HK\$
Year ended 31 March 2017			
Revenues	19,057,767	4,606,243	23,664,010
Segment results	28,689,026	137,410	28,826,436
Unallocated costs			(6,874,294)
Operating profit			21,952,142
Share of profits less losses of associated companies	56,652,201	–	56,652,201
Profit before income tax			78,604,343
Income tax expenses			(1,256,624)
Profit attributable to equity holders of the Company			77,347,719
Segment assets	233,077,855	272,550,031	505,627,886
Associated companies	763,806,896	–	763,806,896
Unallocated assets			1,904,045
Total assets			1,271,338,827
Segment liabilities	33,025,938	–	33,025,938
Unallocated liabilities			2,310,182
Total liabilities			35,336,120
Changes in fair value of investment properties	13,800,000	–	13,800,000

	Property development, investment and management HK\$	Investments HK\$	Total HK\$
Year ended 31 March 2016			
Revenues	42,250,163	4,555,324	46,805,487
Segment results	22,802,099	2,595,846	25,397,945
Unallocated costs			(6,826,572)
Operating profit			18,571,373
Share of profits less losses of associated companies	51,795,060	–	51,795,060
Profit before income tax			70,366,433
Income tax expenses			(4,981,966)
Profit attributable to equity holders of the Company			65,384,467
Segment assets	229,529,195	289,874,424	519,403,619
Associated companies	744,454,695	–	744,454,695
Unallocated assets			1,584,783
Total assets			1,265,443,097
Segment liabilities	45,429,964	–	45,429,964
Unallocated liabilities			5,716,545
Total liabilities			51,146,509
Changes in fair value of investment properties	(14,350,786)	–	(14,350,786)

For the year ended 31 March 2017, there were three (2016: two) customers who individually contributed over 10% of the total revenue. The revenue contributed by these customers was HK\$12,728,000 (2016: HK\$11,968,000). The customers belong to the “Property development, investment and management” segment.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (CONTINUED)

29 BALANCE SHEET AND RESERVE MOVEMENT OF THE COMPANY

(a) Balance sheet of the Company

<i>Note</i>	2017	2016
	HK\$	HK\$
ASSETS		
Non-current assets		
Investment properties	70,000,000	74,000,000
Investments in subsidiaries	110,344	110,344
Investments in associated companies	1,090,597	1,090,597
Available-for-sale financial assets	–	250,448
Deferred income tax assets	2,015,193	1,527,156
	73,216,134	76,978,545
Current assets		
Completed properties held for sale	663,276	663,276
Amounts due from subsidiaries	140,423,127	134,120,165
Amounts due from associated companies	23,422,726	31,912,510
Trade and other receivables	1,226,831	645,048
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	3,790,920	4,035,744
Cash and bank balances	259,990,775	278,384,074
	429,517,655	449,760,817
Total assets	502,733,789	526,739,362
EQUITY		
Capital and reserves attributable to the Company's equity holders		
Share capital	78,624,000	78,624,000
Retained profits		
– Proposed dividends	27,820,800	42,336,000
– Other	315,237,910	318,184,725
<i>29(b)</i>	343,058,710	360,520,725
Total equity	421,682,710	439,144,725

<i>Note</i>	2017 HK\$	2016 HK\$
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities		
Amounts due to subsidiaries	47,504,360	41,505,152
Amounts due to associated companies	30,621,025	42,801,309
Trade and other payables	2,925,694	3,288,176
Total liabilities	81,051,079	87,594,637
Total equity and liabilities	502,733,789	526,739,362
Net current assets	348,466,576	362,166,180

The balance sheet of the Company was approved by the Board of Director on 29 June 2017 and was signed on its behalf.

Cheung Kee Wee
Director

Cheung Lin Wee
Director

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements *(CONTINUED)*

29 BALANCE SHEET AND RESERVE MOVEMENT OF THE COMPANY

(Continued)

(b) Reserve movement of the Company

	HK\$
At 31 March 2015	345,780,693
Profit for the year	59,495,232
2015 final dividend	(13,305,600)
2015 special dividend	(16,934,400)
2016 interim dividend	(14,515,200)
At 31 March 2016	360,520,725
Profit for the year	38,179,585
2016 final dividend	(13,305,600)
2016 special dividend	(29,030,400)
2017 interim dividend	(13,305,600)
At 31 March 2017	343,058,710

Five Year Financial Summary

	2017 HK\$'000	2016 HK\$'000	2015 HK\$'000	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000
Results					
Year ended 31 March					
Revenues/Turnover	23,644	46,805	19,717	19,938	12,920
Profit before income tax	78,604	70,366	79,333	46,125	113,220
Profit attributable to equity holders of the Company	77,348	65,384	78,447	45,131	113,222
Dividends	41,126	56,851	43,546	41,126	42,336
Assets and liabilities					
As at 31 March					
Investment properties	207,800	194,000	73,000	65,900	68,000
Investments in associated companies	763,807	744,455	751,010	690,011	678,561
Amounts due from associated companies	–	–	1,577	5,520	9,637
Available-for-sale financial assets	–	250	250	250	250
Deferred income tax assets	1,889	1,574	1,095	763	318
Current assets	297,843	325,164	407,757	407,345	413,055
Total assets	1,271,339	1,265,443	1,234,689	1,169,789	1,169,821
Share capital	78,624	78,624	78,624	78,624	78,624
Retained profits	1,157,379	1,135,673	1,115,043	1,077,723	1,074,928
Total equity	1,236,003	1,214,297	1,193,667	1,156,347	1,153,552
Current liabilities	35,336	51,146	41,022	13,442	16,269
Total liabilities	35,336	51,146	41,022	13,442	16,269
Total equity and liabilities	1,271,339	1,265,443	1,234,689	1,169,789	1,169,821

Financial Summary of Associated Companies

A significant portion of the Group's property development and investment activities is undertaken by associated companies. To provide equity holders with information on the financial performance and position of the associated companies, the following is a summary of the aggregated results and net assets of the Group's associated companies for the year ended 31 March 2017:

	2017 HK\$	2016 HK\$
Results		
Revenues	162,077,331	157,720,949
Operating profit	166,544,358	130,039,804
Changes in fair value of investment properties	93,100,000	60,000,000
Profit before income tax	259,644,358	190,039,804
Income tax expense	(21,473,213)	(19,777,306)
Profit for the year	238,171,145	170,262,498
Group's share of profits less losses after income tax	56,652,201	51,795,060
Net assets		
Non-current assets	2,454,033,099	2,360,933,099
Current assets	279,221,457	291,598,201
Net amounts due from equity holders	34,568,735	73,324,735
Non-current liabilities	(16,438,820)	(15,762,754)
Current liabilities	(62,116,494)	(96,396,449)
Net assets	2,689,267,977	2,613,696,832
Group's share of net assets	763,806,896	744,454,695

Principal Properties

As at 31 March 2017

(A) FOR INVESTMENT

Description	Lot No.	Type	Approximate Gross Floor Area (sq. ft)	Lease Term	Owner
GROUP					
Hong Kong					
Flats B and C on 2/F, Hin Wah Building at Nos. 446-450 Hennessy Road, Causeway Bay	The Remaining Portion ("RP") of Sub-Section ("Subsec.") 1 of Section ("Sec.") A of Marine Lot No. 269; RP of Sec. A of Marine Lot No. 269; and RP of Sec. E of Marine Lot No. 201	Commercial	960	Long Lease	WH Properties Limited
Apartment B on 1/F and 2/F and 2 carparks, Repulse Bay Towers at No. 119A Repulse Bay Road, Repulse Bay	Sec. B of Rural Building Lot No. 168; RP of Sec. A of Rural Building Lot No. 168; and Sec. B of Subsec. 3 of Sec. A of Rural Building Lot No. 168	Residential	3,100	Long Lease	Wah Ha Realty Company Limited
House 11, No. 50 Stanley Village Road, Stanley	Rural Building Lot No.243	Residential	2,725 (net)	Long Lease	Khanman Property Limited
ASSOCIATED COMPANIES					
Hong Kong					
Flat 11 on G/F, Montane Mansion at No. 1028 King's Road, Quarry Bay	Sec. C of Inland Lot No. 8104	Commercial	430 (net)	Long Lease	Wah Ha Property Development Limited
G/F and 2/F, Midland Centre (82 shops) at No. 328 Queen's Road Central	Inland Lot No. 8426	Commercial	22,666	Long Lease	Hinquand Enterprise Limited
Flat 2 on G/F and Basement and 2 carparks on Basement, Stewart Terrace at Nos. 81-95 Peak Road	Rural Building Lot Nos. 299-306	Residential	3,090	Medium Lease	Wah Ha Property Development Limited

Principal Properties *(CONTINUED)*

As at 31 March 2017

Description	Lot No.	Type	Approximate Gross Floor Area (sq. ft)	Lease Term	Owner
Belvedere (5 townhouses and 12 carparks) at No. 41 Chung Hom Kok Road, Chung Hom Kok	Rural Building Lot No. 968	Residential	16,894	Long Lease	Remadour Estate Limited
Vista Stanley (8 duplex units, 4 flats and 23 carparks) at No. 20 Stanley Village Road, Stanley	RP of Rural Building Lot No. 239	Residential	24,260	Long Lease	Eastern Tailor Enterprises Limited
Horizon Plaza at No. 2 Lee Wing Street, Ap Lei Chau West, Aberdeen	Ap Lei Chau Inland Lot No. 122	Commercial	496,834	Medium Lease	Daily Eagle Development Limited and Double Joy Investment Company Limited

(B) FOR SALE

Description	Lot No.	Type	Approximate Gross Floor Area (sq. ft.)	Owner	Group's Effective Interest (%)
Hong Kong					
Eight Commercial Tower (186 office/industrial units, 69 shops on G/F and 1/F and 162 carparks) at junction of Sun Yip Street and On Yip Street, Chai Wan	Chai Wan Inland Lot No. 144	Office/Industrial Commercial (G/F and 1/F)	238,590 36,853	Keneva Company Limited	25
Kowloon					
Flat A on G/F, May Wah Court at Nos. 111 – 113 Chatham Road, Tsimshatsui	RP of Kowloon Inland Lot No. 9935 and RP of Kowloon Inland Lot No. 9936	Commercial	2,860	Wah Ha Realty Company Limited	100
New Territories					
Texaco Road Industrial Centre (27 units and 7 carparks) at Nos. 256-264 Texaco Road, Tsuen Wan	Tsuen Wan Town Lots Nos. 242 and 243	Industrial/ Godown	74,794	Sun Prince Godown Limited and Sun Tai Tsuen Godown Company Limited	50
Wing Kin Industrial Building (workshop on G/F and 6 carparks) at Nos. 4-6 Wing Kin Road, Kwai Chung	Kwai Chung Town Lot No. 273	Industrial	13,456	Tai Kong Shan Realty Limited and Good Fully Realty Limited	50

Principal Properties (CONTINUED)

As at 31 March 2017

Description	Lot No.	Type	Approximate Gross Floor Area (sq. ft.)	Owner	Group's Effective Interest (%)
Good Harvest Centre (11 units) at No. 33 On Chuen Street, On Lok Tsuen, Fanling	Fanling Sheung Shui Town Lot No. 100	Industrial/ Godown	17,730	Mass Collection Company Limited	50
Tsing Yi Industrial Centre at Nos. 1-33 Cheung Tat Road, Tsing Yi (Phase I: 5 units and 8 carparks) (Phase II: 2 units and 14 carparks)	Tsing Yi Town Lot No. 65	Industrial/ Godown	64,464 (Phase I: 60,744) (Phase II: 3,720)	Sing Mei Properties Limited	25
World Trade Square (159 units and 11 carparks) at No. 21 On Lok Mun Street, On Lok Tsuen, Fanling	Fanling Sheung Shui Town Lot No. 12	Industrial/ Godown	168,546	Kin Yuen Hing Investment Company Limited and Kin Ngai Enterprises Limited	25

(C) FOR DEVELOPMENT

Description	Lot No.	Type	Approximate Site Area (sq. ft.)	Approximate Gross Floor Area (sq. ft.)	Owner	Group's Effective Interest (%)
Kowloon						
Nos. 16, 16A, 18, 20, 22 and 22A Tak Cheong Lane (17 units) at Yau Ma Tei	RP of Sec. C of Kowloon Inland Lot No. 7305	Residential	3,689	6,054	Star Fortune Investments Limited	50