

China Ocean Industry Group Limited 中海重工集团有限公司

(Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability)
(Stock Code: 00651)



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The functional currency of the Group was Renminbi (“RMB”) and the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars (“HK\$”)

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For the six months ended 30 June 2017

	Notes	Six months ended 30 June	
		2017 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)	2016 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)
Revenue	3	182,339	168,463
Cost of sales		(289,828)	(227,554)
Gross loss		(107,489)	(59,091)
Other income		8,505	745
Other gains and losses	4	21,090	(3,484)
Change in fair value of contingent consideration payable		39,704	–
Change in fair value of investments held for trading		(232)	122
Change in fair value of convertible bonds payable		(576)	–
Selling and distribution expenses		(4,286)	(7,206)
Administrative expenses		(74,040)	(71,913)
Finance costs	5	(91,902)	(56,890)
Share of profit of associates		2,300	4,091
Share of loss of joint ventures		(2,847)	(492)
Loss before tax		(209,773)	(194,118)
Income tax credit	6	4,768	1,361
Loss for the period	7	(205,005)	(192,757)
Other comprehensive income (expenses):			
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:			
Exchange differences arising on translation of financial statements of foreign operations		(53,516)	18,086
Share of translation reserve of associates		(9,692)	(3,941)
Share of statutory reserve of associates		–	455
Share of translation reserve of joint ventures		(7,506)	(7,990)
Other comprehensive (expenses) income for the period, net of income tax		(70,714)	6,610
Total comprehensive expenses for the period		(275,719)	(186,147)

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (Continued)

For the six months ended 30 June 2017

	Notes	Six months ended 30 June	
		2017 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)	2016 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)
Loss for the period attributable to:			
– Owners of the Company		(200,110)	(192,245)
– Non-controlling interests		(4,895)	(512)
		(205,005)	(192,757)
Total comprehensive expenses attributable to:			
– Owners of the Company		(269,816)	(185,673)
– Non-controlling interests		(5,903)	(474)
		(275,719)	(186,147)
Loss per share			
– Basic and diluted	8	HK(1.59) cents	HK(1.60) cents



CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

At 30 June 2017

	Notes	30 June 2017 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)	31 December 2016 HK\$'000 (Audited)
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Property, plant and equipment	10	445,350	195,022
Prepaid lease payments			
– non-current portion		331,342	283,724
Goodwill		257,773	123,574
Intangible assets		250,747	205,840
Interests in associates		241,664	192,706
Interests in joint ventures		517,108	527,461
Investment properties		21,535	15,745
Trade receivables – non-current portion	11	1,727	683
Deposits – non-current portion	11	–	66,711
Restricted cash		62,957	94,000
Available-for-sale investments		14,950	–
Amount due from an associate			
– non-current portion		5,856	2,775
Deferred tax assets		27,781	120
		2,178,790	1,708,361
CURRENT ASSETS			
Inventories		277,264	53,696
Trade receivables	11	197,649	58,793
Other receivables	11	531,659	299,260
Prepayment	11	372,317	426,389
Amount due from an associate		–	4,440
Prepaid lease payments		8,169	6,873
Investments held for trading		1,945	2,177
Finance lease receivables	12	15,026	17,833
Tax recoverable		937	–
Pledged bank deposits		12,101	–
Bank balances and cash		25,625	101,785
		1,442,692	971,246

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (Continued)

At 30 June 2017

	Notes	30 June 2017 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)	31 December 2016 HK\$'000 (Audited)
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Trade and other payables	13	826,293	411,227
Receipts in advances		9,512	–
Amounts due to customers for contract work		172,192	17,177
Amounts due to related parties	17	87	425
Amounts due to directors	17	16,128	1,521
Amount due to an associate		27,616	877
Borrowings	14	1,528,286	1,049,146
Convertible bonds payable		213,244	256,032
Contingent consideration payable		62,100	317,628
Provision for financial guarantee		44,652	–
Provision for warranty		2,063	3,357
Tax liabilities		6	4,064
		2,902,179	2,061,454
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES		(1,459,487)	(1,090,208)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		719,303	618,153

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (Continued)

At 30 June 2017

	Notes	30 June 2017 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)	31 December 2016 HK\$'000 (Audited)
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Share capital	16	681,842	600,138
Reserves		(1,287,087)	(1,244,602)
Equity attributable to owners of the Company		(605,245)	(644,464)
Non-controlling interests		33,809	39,712
TOTAL DEFICITS		(571,436)	(604,752)
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Other payables – non-current portion	13	5,115	4,937
Borrowings – non-current portion	14	939,269	1,039,050
Convertible bonds payable – non-current portion		66,999	92,847
Contingent consideration payable – non-current portion		155,250	–
Deferred tax liabilities		124,106	86,071
		1,290,739	1,222,905
		719,303	618,153

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

For the six months ended 30 June 2017

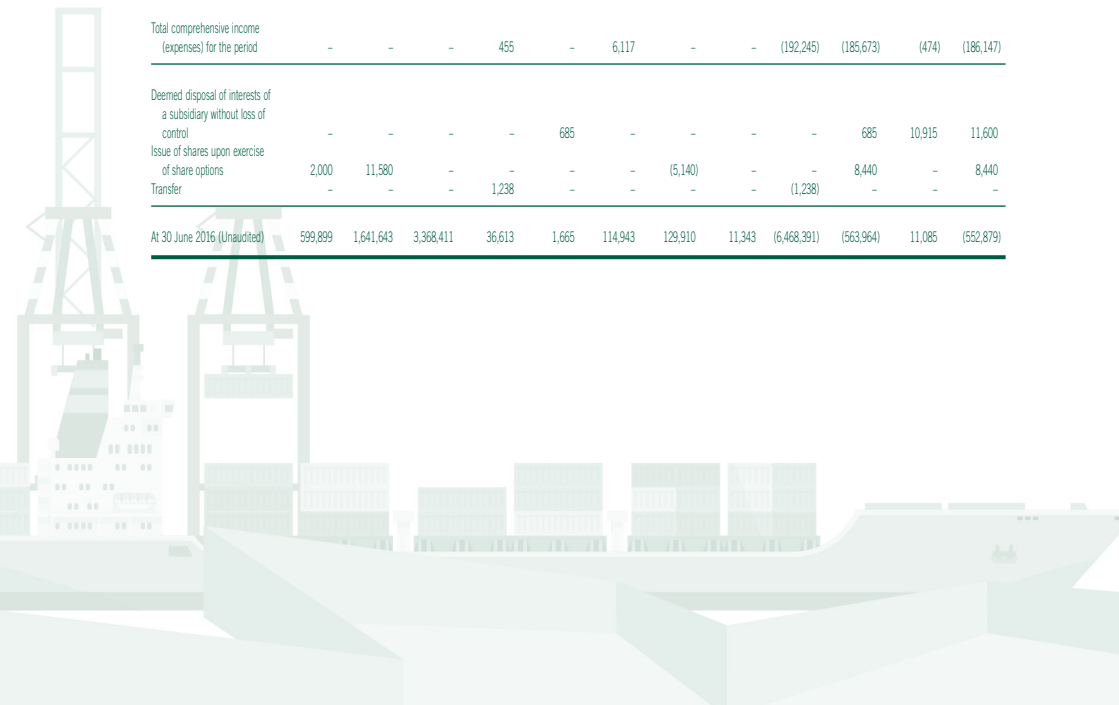
	Share capital HK\$'000	Share premium HK\$'000	Contributed surplus HK\$'000 (Note a)	Statutory reserve HK\$'000 (Note b)	Other reserve HK\$000 (Note c)	Translation reserve HK\$'000	Share option reserve HK\$'000	Convertible bonds reserve HK\$'000	Accumulated losses HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000	Non-controlling interests HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
At 1 January 2017 (Audited)	600,138	1,641,990	3,368,411	42,363	13,244	183,644	129,910	11,343	(6,635,507)	(644,464)	39,712	(604,752)
Loss for the period	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(200,110)	(200,110)	(4,895)	(205,005)
Other comprehensive income (expenses): <i>Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss</i> Exchange differences arising on translation of financial statements of foreign operations	-	-	-	-	-	(52,508)	-	-	-	(52,508)	(1,008)	(53,516)
Share of translation reserve of associates	-	-	-	-	-	(9,692)	-	-	-	(9,692)	-	(9,692)
Share of translation reserve of joint ventures	-	-	-	-	-	(7,506)	-	-	-	(7,506)	-	(7,506)
Other comprehensive expenses for the period, net of income tax	-	-	-	-	-	(69,706)	-	-	-	(69,706)	(1,008)	(70,714)
Total comprehensive expenses for the period	-	-	-	-	-	(69,706)	-	-	(200,110)	(269,816)	(5,903)	(275,719)
Redemption of convertible notes upon maturity	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(11,343)	11,343	-	-	-
Issuance of shares upon conversion of convertible notes	8,179	22,932	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	31,111	-	31,111
Issuance of shares for settlement of contingent consideration payable	73,525	204,399	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	277,924	-	277,924
At 30 June 2017 (Unaudited)	681,842	1,869,321	3,368,411	42,363	13,244	113,938	129,910	-	(6,824,274)	(605,245)	33,809	(571,436)



CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (Continued)

For the six months ended 30 June 2017

	Share capital HK\$'000	Share premium HK\$'000	Contributed surplus HK\$'000 (Note a)	Statutory reserve HK\$'000 (Note b)	Other reserve HK\$'000 (Note c)	Translation reserve HK\$'000	Share option reserve HK\$'000	Convertible bonds reserve HK\$'000	Accumulated losses HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000	Non- controlling interests HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
At 1 January 2016 (Audited)	597,899	1,630,063	3,368,411	34,920	980	108,826	135,050	11,343	(6,274,908)	(387,416)	644	(386,772)
Loss for the period	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(192,245)	(192,245)	(512)	(192,757)
Other comprehensive income (expenses):												
<i>Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss</i>												
Exchange differences arising on translation of financial statements of foreign operations	-	-	-	-	-	18,048	-	-	-	18,048	38	18,086
Share of translation reserve of associates	-	-	-	-	-	(3,941)	-	-	-	(3,941)	-	(3,941)
Share of statutory reserve of associates	-	-	-	455	-	-	-	-	-	455	-	455
Share of translation reserve of joint ventures	-	-	-	-	-	(7,990)	-	-	-	(7,990)	-	(7,990)
Other comprehensive income for the period, net of income tax	-	-	-	455	-	6,117	-	-	-	6,572	38	6,610
Total comprehensive income (expenses) for the period	-	-	-	455	-	6,117	-	-	(192,245)	(185,673)	(474)	(186,147)
Deemed disposal of interests of a subsidiary without loss of control	-	-	-	-	685	-	-	-	-	685	10,915	11,600
Issue of shares upon exercise of share options	2,000	11,580	-	-	-	-	(5,140)	-	-	8,440	-	8,440
Transfer	-	-	-	1,238	-	-	-	-	(1,238)	-	-	-
At 30 June 2016 (Unaudited)	599,899	1,641,643	3,368,411	36,613	1,665	114,943	129,910	11,343	(6,468,391)	(563,964)	11,085	(552,879)



CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (Continued)

For the six months ended 30 June 2017

- Notes:*
- (a) There was a group reorganisation in 2001 and share consolidation in 2005 and 2006, the aggregate amount of approximately HK\$3,368,411,000 was recorded in contributed surplus.

 - (b) According to the relevant laws in the People's Republic of China ("PRC"), subsidiaries of China Ocean Industry Group Limited (the "Company") (together with the subsidiaries collectively referred to as the "Group") established in the PRC are required to transfer 10% of their net profit before taxation, as determined under the relevant accounting principles and financial regulations, to statutory reserve until the statutory reserve balance reaches 50% of their registered capital. The transfer to this statutory reserve must be made before the distribution of dividends to equity owners. Statutory reserve can be used to offset previous years' losses, if any, and is non-distributable other than upon liquidation. The companies established in PRC are also required to maintain a staff welfare and incentive bonus fund, while the amount and allocation basis are decided by the enterprise.

 - (c) As at 30 June 2017, including in other reserve is an amount of approximately HK\$5,163,000 represent the difference between the cash consideration received and the carrying value of net assets being deemed disposed of to non-controlling interests arising from the change in the Group's ownership interest in a subsidiary that do not result in a loss of control over that subsidiary during the year ended 31 December 2016.



CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the six months ended 30 June 2017

	Six months ended 30 June	
	2017 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)	2016 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)
NET CASH FROM (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES	47,190	(227,031)
INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	(14,127)	(20,869)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	-	1
Proceeds from disposal of investment property	1,408	-
(Increase) decrease in pledged bank deposits	(11,850)	79,571
Net cash outflow on acquisition of subsidiaries	(32,576)	-
Capital contribution for establishment of associates	-	(33,322)
Net cash outflow on capital injection of associates	(56,350)	(32,114)
NET CASH USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(113,495)	(6,733)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Increase in amount due from an associate	1,619	-
Borrowings raised	341,388	497,678
Repayment of borrowings	(255,934)	(287,052)
Interest paid	(66,468)	(23,978)
Decrease in restricted cash	31,043	-
Proceed from issue of shares upon exercise of share options	-	8,440
Capital contribution by non-controlling interests	-	11,600
NET CASH FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	51,648	206,688
NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(14,657)	(27,076)
EFFECT OF FOREIGN EXCHANGE RATE CHANGES	(61,503)	6,610
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE PERIOD	101,785	70,181
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE PERIOD represented by bank balances and cash	25,625	49,715

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the six months ended 30 June 2017

1. BASIS OF PREPARATION

The condensed consolidated financial statements of China Ocean Industry Group Limited (the “Company”) and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the “Group”) for the six months ended 30 June 2017 have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Accounting Standard (“HKAS”) 34 “*Interim Financial Reporting*” issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (“HKICPA”) as well as with the applicable disclosure requirements of Appendix 16 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the “Listing Rules”).

In preparing the condensed consolidated financial statements of the Group, the directors of the Company (the “Directors”) have given careful consideration to the future liquidity of the Group in light of the fact that the Group incurred a consolidated loss before tax of approximately HK\$209,773,000 for the six months ended 30 June 2017 and, as of that date, the Group had net current liabilities and net liabilities of approximately HK\$1,459,487,000 and HK\$571,436,000, respectively. After considering the Group’s internal financial resources, present available facilities granted by banks and other parties, to be negotiated with the creditors to extend payment due date, actively pursuing new customers, imposing cost control measures, negotiating with the local government for providing assistance and issue new shares, the Directors are of the opinion that the Group will have sufficient working capital to meet its financial obligations as they fall due in the next twelve months from the end of the reporting period. Accordingly, the condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

SIGNIFICANT EVENTS AND TRANSACTIONS IN THE CURRENT INTERIM PERIOD

- (i) On 10 April 2017, the board of directors have announced the acquisition of the entire registered capital of Nantong Huakai Heavy Industry Company Limited (“Huakai Heavy”) was completed. Accordingly, Huakai Heavy has become an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company and the financial performance of Huakai Heavy had been consolidated into the financial statements of the Company after the completion of the acquisition of Huakai Heavy on 10 April 2017. Details of the acquisition has been disclosed in the Company’s circular dated 24 February 2017.
- (ii) On 27 April 2017, the board of directors have announced the profit guarantee in relation to the acquisition of the entire equity interests of Success Capture Limited was fulfilled. Accordingly, 1,470,500,000 consideration shares has been allotted and issued to the relevant nominees instructed by the vendor. The fair value of the contingent consideration is remeasured on 27 April 2017 and the change in fair value of contingent consideration of approximately HK\$39,704,000 has been recognised in the condensed consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income as a result of the decrease in share price of the Company.

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for certain financial instruments, which are measured at fair values, as appropriate.

Except as described below, the accounting policies and methods of computation used in the condensed consolidated financial statements for the six months ended 30 June 2017 are the same as with those followed in the preparation of the Group's annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2016.

In the current interim period, the Group has applied for the first time the following amendments to Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the HKICPA that are relevant for the preparation of the Group's condensed consolidated financial statements.

Amendments to HKAS 7	Disclosure Initiative
Amendments to HKAS 12	Recognition of Deferred Tax Assets for Unrealised Losses
Amendments to HKFRSs	Annual improvements to HKFRSs 2014-2016 Cycle: Amendments to HKFRS 12

The application of the above amendments to HKFRSs in the current interim period has had no material effect on the amounts reported in these condensed consolidated financial statements and/or disclosures set out in these condensed consolidated financial statements.



3. REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION

Information reported to the board of directors, being the chief operating decision maker, for the purposes of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance focuses on types of goods or services delivered or provided. No operating segments identified by the chief operating decision maker have been aggregated in arriving at the reportable segments of the Group.

During the six months ended 30 June 2017, “Steel structure engineering and installation” became a new operating activity of the Group and it is separately assessed by the chief operating decision maker. Therefore, it is reported as a new reportable and operating segment.

Specifically, the Group’s reportable and operating segments under HKFRS 8 *Operating Segments* are as follows:

- a) Shipbuilding business – provision of shipbuilding services under shipbuilding construction contracts and operated in the PRC.
- b) Trading business – provision of trading of electronic appliance and operated in Hong Kong.
- c) Finance leasing business – provision of direct finance leasing, sale and leaseback, advisory services and provision of factoring services in the PRC.
- d) Intelligent car parking and automotive device business – manufacturing and sales of car parking equipment, investment, operation and management of car parks and electronic automotive devices in the PRC.
- e) Steel structure engineering and installation – manufacturing and selling of steel structures and fittings for ship, marine equipment, mining equipment, ro-ro equipment, ship, bridge and building steel structure in the PRC.



3. REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

The following is an analysis of the Group's revenue and results by reportable and operating segments:

Six months ended 30 June 2017 (Unaudited)

	Shipbuilding business HK\$'000	Trading business HK\$'000	Finance leasing business HK\$'000	Intelligent car parking and automotive device business HK\$'000	Steel structure engineering and installation HK\$'000	Elimination HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
Segment revenue							
– External sales	(27,590)	26,166	–	80,306	103,457	–	182,339
– Inter-segment sales	11,526	–	–	–	–	(11,526)	–
Total segment revenue	(16,064)	26,166	–	80,306	103,457	(11,526)	182,339
Segment result	(213,333)	131	(16,711)	(26,876)	12,026		(244,763)
Unallocated other income							8,505
Unallocated other gains and losses							21,324
Change in fair value of investments held for trading							(232)
Change in fair value of contingent consideration payable							39,704
Change in fair value of convertible bonds payable							(576)
Unallocated finance costs							(24,231)
Share of profit of associates							2,300
Share of loss of joint ventures							(2,847)
Unallocated corporate expenses							(8,957)
Loss before tax							(209,773)

3. REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

Six months ended 30 June 2016 (Unaudited)

	Shipbuilding business HK\$'000	Trading business HK\$'000	Finance leasing business HK\$'000	Intelligent car parking and automotive device business HK\$'000	Elimination HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
Segment revenue						
– External sales	70,992	–	580	96,891	–	168,463
– Inter-segment sales	–	14,885	1,620	–	(16,505)	–
Total segment revenue	70,992	14,885	2,200	96,891	(16,505)	168,463
Segment result	(146,954)	(274)	(3,340)	(3,923)		(154,491)
Unallocated other income						619
Unallocated other gains and losses						(3,457)
Change in fair value of investments held for trading						122
Impairment loss recognised in respect of other receivables						(9,942)
Share of profit of associates						4,091
Share of loss of joint ventures						(492)
Unallocated finance costs						(17,686)
Unallocated corporate expenses						(12,882)
Loss before tax						(194,118)



3. REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

Segment assets and liabilities

The following is an analysis of the Group's assets and liabilities by reportable and operating segments:

	30 June 2017 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)	31 December 2016 HK\$'000 (Audited)
Assets		
Segment assets		
– Shipbuilding business	799,779	813,180
– Trading business	17,819	8,069
– Finance leasing business	224,106	221,667
– Intelligent car parking and automotive device business	767,668	709,396
– Steel structure engineering and installation	915,148	–
Total segment assets	2,724,520	1,752,312
Interests in associates	241,664	192,706
Interests in joint ventures	517,108	527,461
Pledged bank deposits, bank balances and cash and restricted cash	100,683	195,785
Available-for-sale investments	14,950	–
Amount due from an associate	5,856	7,215
Unallocated corporate assets	16,701	4,128
Consolidated assets	3,621,482	2,679,607
Liabilities		
Segment liabilities		
– Shipbuilding business	1,944,583	1,773,558
– Trading business	17,730	8,029
– Finance leasing business	543,603	523,207
– Intelligent car parking and automotive device business	314,545	194,430
– Steel structure engineering and installation	635,353	–
Total segment liabilities	3,455,814	2,499,224
Convertible bonds payable	280,243	348,879
Contingent consideration payable	217,350	317,628
Deferred tax liabilities	124,106	86,071
Amount due to an associate	27,616	877
Unallocated corporate liabilities	87,789	31,680
Consolidated liabilities	4,192,918	3,284,359

4. OTHER GAINS AND LOSSES

	Six months ended 30 June	
	2017 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)	2016 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)
Loss on written-off of property, plant and equipment	(12)	–
Loss on disposal of investment property	(222)	–
Foreign exchange gain (loss)	21,493	(3,415)
Others	(169)	(69)
	21,090	(3,484)

5. FINANCE COSTS

	Six months ended 30 June	
	2017 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)	2016 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)
Interests on:		
Convertible bonds payable at effective interest rates	24,231	17,502
Bank borrowings and bill payables	30,779	15,240
Other borrowings	34,445	21,244
Guarantee fee and fund management fee incurred in connection with borrowings	2,447	2,904
	91,902	56,890

6. INCOME TAX CREDIT

	Six months ended 30 June	
	2017 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)	2016 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)
Current tax – PRC tax	255	3,879
Deferred tax	(5,023)	(5,240)
	(4,768)	(1,361)

7. LOSS FOR THE PERIOD

	Six months ended 30 June	
	2017 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)	2016 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)
Loss for the period has been arrived at after charging (crediting):		
Directors' and chief executives' emoluments:		
Fees, salaries and other benefits	2,788	2,937
Contributions to retirement benefits scheme	27	18
Other staff costs:		
Salaries and other benefits	24,907	23,534
Contributions to retirement benefits scheme	3,211	3,068
Total staff costs	30,933	29,557
Auditor's remuneration:		
Audit services	572	650
Non-audit services	450	350
	1,022	1,000
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	22,696	25,394
Amortisation of prepaid lease payments	4,010	3,600
Amortisation of intangible assets	19,748	19,920
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	-	17
Minimum lease payments paid under operating leases in respect of rented premises	4,179	3,777
Shipbuilding contract costs recognised as cost of sales	136,969	156,341
Impairment loss recognised in respect of other receivables	2,666	9,942
Reversal of impairment loss recognised in respect of finance lease receivables	-	(28)
Cost of inventories recognised as expenses	129,304	47,185

8. LOSS PER SHARE

The calculation of basic and diluted loss per share attributable to the owners of the Company is based on the following data:

	Six months ended 30 June	
	2017 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)	2016 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)
Loss for the period attributable to owners of the Company for the purpose of basic and diluted loss per share	(200,110)	(192,245)

	Six months ended 30 June	
	2017 '000 (Unaudited)	2016 '000 (Unaudited)
Number of shares		
Weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purpose of basic and diluted loss per share	12,593,451	11,994,907

For the six months ended 30 June 2017 and 30 June 2016, the computation of diluted loss per share does not assumed the conversion of the Company's outstanding convertible bonds and the exercise of the Company's share options since their assumed conversion/exercise would result in a decrease in loss per share which is regarded as anti-dilutive.

9. DIVIDENDS

No dividends were paid, declared or proposed during the interim period. The Directors have determined that no dividend will be paid in respect of the interim period (for the six months ended 30 June 2016: Nil).

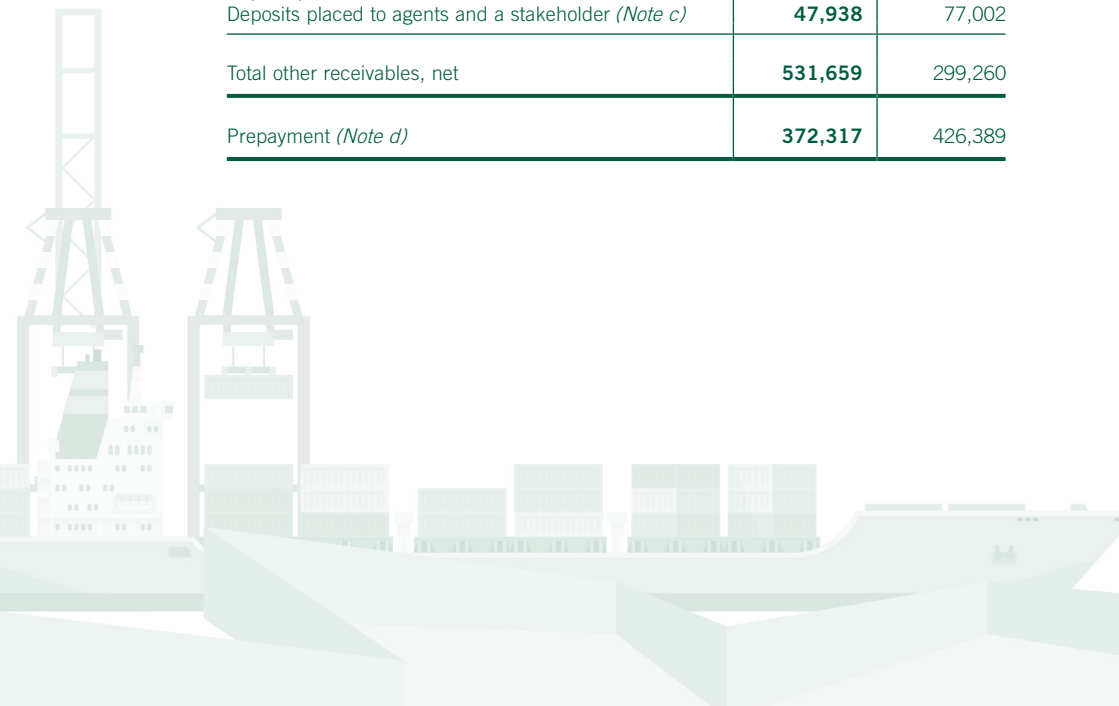
10. MOVEMENTS IN PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

During the current interim period, the Group paid approximately HK\$14,127,000 (for the six months ended 30 June 2016: HK\$20,869,000) for acquisition of property, plant and equipment in the PRC. The Group has addition of property, plant and equipment of approximately HK\$237,300,000 arising from the completion of the acquisition of the entire registered capital of Huakai Heavy on 10 April 2017.

At 30 June 2017, plant and machinery with carrying values of approximately HK\$60,160,000 (31 December 2016: HK\$65,694,000) and buildings of approximately HK\$164,947,000 (31 December 2016: HK\$83,141,000) have been pledged to various banks and a financial institution in the PRC to secure the Group's borrowings (Note 14).

11. TRADE RECEIVABLES/DEPOSITS/OTHER RECEIVABLES/PREPAYMENT

	30 June 2017 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)	31 December 2016 HK\$'000 (Audited)
Trade receivables – non-current portion	1,727	683
Trade receivables – current portion Less: Allowance for doubtful debts	202,245 (4,596)	59,594 (801)
Trade receivables – current portion, net	197,649	58,793
Total trade receivables, net of allowance for doubtful debts (<i>Note a</i>)	199,376	59,476
Deposits – non-current portion	–	66,711
Other receivables Less: Allowance for doubtful debts	327,720 (22,494)	88,427 (15,622)
Other receivables, net (<i>Note b</i>)	305,226	72,805
Value-added tax recoverable	163,771	149,453
Deposit paid for the construction	14,724	–
Deposits placed to agents and a stakeholder (<i>Note c</i>)	47,938	77,002
Total other receivables, net	531,659	299,260
Prepayment (<i>Note d</i>)	372,317	426,389



11. TRADE RECEIVABLES/DEPOSITS/OTHER RECEIVABLES/PREPAYMENT (Continued)

Notes:

- (a) At 30 June 2017 and 31 December 2016, the Group's trade receivables included (1) trade receivables from factoring services with one year credit period; (2) trade receivables from intelligent car parking and automotive related products with average 90 days credit period; (3) retention receivables for intelligent car parking with range from one to two years under the respective terms of contract; and (4) trade receivables from steel structure engineering and installation with 30 days credit period.

At 30 June 2017, trade receivables are non-interest bearing, except for trade receivables from factoring services with aggregated amount of approximately HK\$4,715,000 (31 December 2016: HK\$2,331,000) which bear interest rate of 12% (2016: 12%) per annum.

- (b) The other receivables mainly represented:

The amount of approximately HK\$189,233,000 (approximately RMB164,550,000) represented the amount due from the former shareholders, former directors and related parties of Huakai Heavy.

- (c) During the six months ended 30 June 2017, certain vessel buyers have made progress payments for shipbuilding contracts to four agents and one stakeholder (31 December 2016: four agents and one stakeholder) rather than directly to the Group. The Group has the entitlement to these progress payments in accordance with the contracts but the balances are custody by the agents/stakeholder to ensure the progress payments are used to pay for the costs to relevant shipbuilding contracts. The progress payments held in custody will be paid over to the Group based on the shipbuilding progress.
- (d) Prepayment represents amount paid for purchase of raw materials, steel plates and vessel components for shipbuilding during the six months ended 30 June 2017 and the year ended 31 December 2016.



11. TRADE RECEIVABLES/DEPOSITS/OTHER RECEIVABLES/PREPAYMENT (Continued)

The following is an aged analysis of trade receivables, net of allowance for doubtful debts, presented based on contract date/delivery date at the end of the reporting periods:

	30 June 2017 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)	31 December 2016 HK\$'000 (Audited)
0-90 days	124,085	56,643
More than 90 days but not exceeding one year	60,566	1,320
In more than one year	14,725	1,513
	199,376	59,476

Trade receivables that were past due but not impaired relate to customers that have a good track record with the Group. Based on past experience, management believes that no impairment allowance is necessary in respect of these balances as there has not been a significant change in credit quality and the balances are still considered fully recoverable. The Group did not hold any collateral over these balances.

The Directors consider that the carrying amounts of trade and other receivables approximated their fair values.

12. FINANCE LEASE RECEIVABLES

Amounts receivable under finance leases

	30 June 2017 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)	31 December 2016 HK\$'000 (Audited)
Finance lease receivables	17,631	20,348
Less: Unearned finance income	(2,325)	(2,245)
Present value of minimum lease payment receivables	15,306	18,103
Less: Accumulated impairment loss	(280)	(270)
	15,026	17,833

The maturity profile of these finance lease receivables from customers at the end of the reporting period are within one year to their contracted maturity.

There were no unguaranteed residual value in connection with finance lease arrangements or contingent lease arrangements of the Group that need to be recorded as at the end of the reporting period.

The finance lease receivables bear interest rate at 12% (31 December 2016: 12%) per annum.

13. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

	30 June 2017 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)	31 December 2016 HK\$'000 (Audited)
Consideration payable for acquisition of property, plant and equipment – non-current portion	5,115	4,937
Trade payables	183,348	70,860
Consideration payable for acquisition of prepaid lease payments	43,374	41,865
Consideration payable for acquisition of Huakai Heavy	59,800	–
Payable to guarantors	1,712	1,652
Contribution payables to labour union and education funds	13,474	12,668
Accrual of contractor fees	5,127	7,135
Accrual of government funds	29,900	28,860
Other payables and accruals	489,558	248,187
	826,293	411,227

The following is an aged analysis of trade payables, presented based on invoice date or issue date, respectively, at the end of reporting periods:

	30 June 2017 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)	31 December 2016 HK\$'000 (Audited)
0 – 30 days	10,488	9,315
31 – 60 days	2,894	7,439
61 – 90 days	8,795	3,730
Over 90 days	161,171	50,376
	183,348	70,860

Trade payables are unsecured, non-interest bearing and repayable on demand.

14. BORROWINGS

During the current interim period, the Group obtained new bank borrowings and other borrowings amounting to approximately HK\$313,558,000 and HK\$27,830,000 respectively (31 December 2016: HK\$951,564,000 and HK\$340,862,000 respectively).

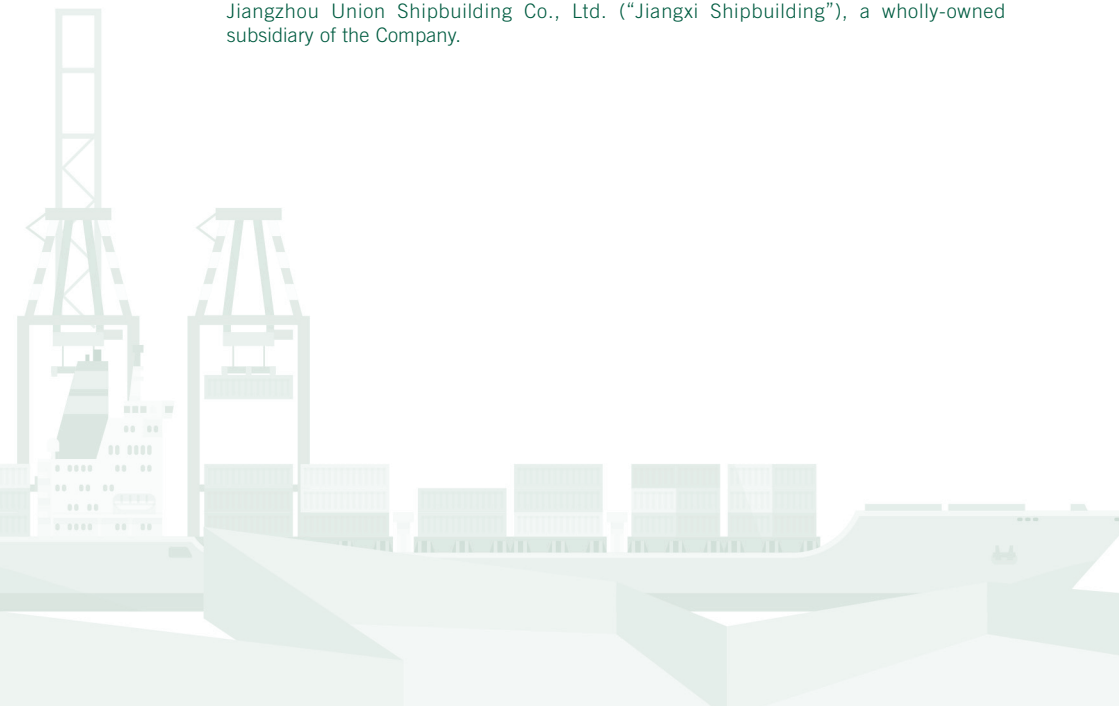
The ranges of effective interest rates (which are also equal to contracted interest rates) on the Group's borrowings are as follows:

	30 June 2017	31 December 2016
Effective interest rates:		
Fixed-rate borrowings (bank and other borrowings)	0.35% to 36%	0.35% to 43.80%
Variable-rate borrowings (bank and other borrowings)	4.75% to 8.03%	4.75% to 8.03%

At 30 June 2017 and 31 December 2016, there was no repayment on demand clause on both bank borrowings and other borrowings.

As at 30 June 2017, approximately HK\$12,101,000 (31 December 2016: HK\$Nil) of bank deposits, HK\$225,107,000 (31 December 2016: HK\$148,835,000) of property, plant and equipment and HK\$145,803,000 (31 December 2016: HK\$129,870,000) of prepaid lease payments, were pledged to banks for borrowings, guarantees and facilities granted to the Group.

As at 30 June 2017, a bank borrowing of HK\$125,205,000 (equivalent to RMB108,874,000) (31 December 2016: HK\$119,897,000 (equivalent to RMB108,015,000)), which bears interest at 5.75% (2016: 5.75%) per annum, will be repayable on 7 March 2019 and was secured by the entire equity interests of Jiangxi Jiangzhou Union Shipbuilding Co., Ltd. ("Jiangxi Shipbuilding"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company.



15. ACQUISITION OF SUBSIDIARIES

During the six months ended 30 June 2017

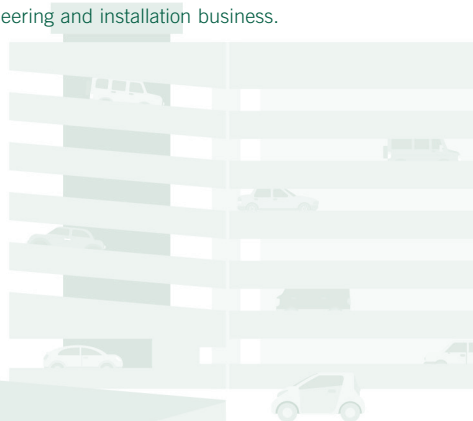
On 16 November 2016 and 18 January 2017, China Ocean Industry (Shenzhen) Company Limited, an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company (the “Purchaser”), entered into the sale and purchase agreement and supplemental agreement (collectively known as the “Sale and Purchase Agreements”) with Nantong Xinda Shipping Technology Development Company Limited and Mr. Huo Qi (collectively referred to as the “Vendors”), in relation to the acquisition of the entire registered capital of Huakai Heavy (the “Acquisition”) at an initial consideration of RMB81,000,000, which shall be adjusted upward to a maximum of RMB270,000,000 if the audited consolidated net profit after tax of Huakai Heavy for the year ended 31 December 2016 (the “First Relevant Period”) and the year ending 31 December 2017 (the “Second Relevant Period”) shall not be less than RMB15,000,000 (the “2016 Guarantee Profit”) and RMB50,000,000 (the “2017 Guarantee Profit”), respectively. The maximum consideration for the Acquisition is RMB270,000,000 (subject to the adjustment of the 2016 Guarantee Profit and 2017 Guarantee Profit), which shall be satisfied by way of cash by the Purchaser to the Vendors in following manners:

i) as to RMB81,000,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$93,150,000) payable to the Vendors within 90 days after completion; ii) as to a maximum of RMB54,000,000 (if the 2016 Guarantee Profit for the First Relevant Period is attained) is payable to the Vendors within 5 business days upon the 2016 audited consolidated financial statements of Huakai Heavy is issued or completion of the registration (whichever is later); and iii) as to a maximum of RMB135,000,000 (if the 2017 Guarantee Profit for the Second Relevant Period is attained) is payable to the Vendors within 5 business days upon the 2017 audited consolidated financial statements of Huakai Heavy is issued or completion of the registration (whichever is later).

The Acquisition has been accounted for using the purchase method. The Directors considered that Huakai Heavy became one of its indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Group and the financial performance of Huakai Heavy would be consolidated into the condensed consolidated financial statements of the Group after the completion of the Acquisition.

The Board of Directors consider that the Acquisition could diversify the existing business activities of the Group.

Huakai Heavy is engaged in the steel structure engineering and installation business.



15. ACQUISITION OF SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

Net cash flow arising on acquisition:

	HK\$'000
Partial settlement of the initial consideration in cash	(32,770)
Bank balances and cash acquired	194
Cash outflow on the Acquisition	(32,576)

Consideration transferred	HK\$'000
Partial settlement of the initial consideration in cash	32,770
Unpaid portion of the initial consideration (included in "Other payable")	58,760
Contingent consideration payable	213,570
Total consideration	305,100

The details of provisional fair value of net identifiable assets acquired and provisional goodwill are as follows:

	Provisional fair value at acquisition date HK\$'000
Property, plant and equipment	237,300
Prepaid lease payments	49,720
Deferred tax assets	27,462
Intangible assets	65,804
Inventories	98,314
Trade receivables	25,516
Other receivables and prepayment	212,122
Tax recoverable	646
Available-for-sale investments	14,690
Pledged bank deposit	251
Bank balances and cash	194
Trade, bills and other payables	(211,296)
Receipts in advances	(9,663)
Bank borrowings	(205,095)
Other borrowings	(49,347)
Provision for financial guarantee	(43,876)
Deferred tax liabilities	(36,441)
Net identifiable assets acquired	176,301
Provisional goodwill	128,799
Purchase consideration	305,100

15. ACQUISITION OF SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

HK\$'000

Acquisition – related costs (included in administrative expenses in the condensed consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income)	3,718
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Impact of acquisition on the results of the Group

Included in the loss for the six months ended 30 June 2017 is a profit of approximately HK\$13,862,000 attributable to the additional business generated by Huakai Heavy. Revenue for the six months ended includes approximately HK\$103,457,000 generated from Huakai Heavy.

Had the acquisition been completed on 1 January 2017, total group revenue for the six months ended 30 June 2017 would have been approximately HK\$202,451,000 and loss for the six months ended 30 June 2017 would have been approximately HK\$214,468,000. The pro forma information is for illustrative purposes only and is not necessarily an indication of revenue and results of operations of the Group that actually would have been achieved had the acquisition been completed on 1 January 2017, nor is it intended to be a projection of future results.

In determining the “pro-forma” loss of the Group had Huakai Heavy been acquired at the beginning of the current period, the Directors have calculated depreciation of property, plant and equipment, amortisation of intangible assets, prepaid lease payments and deferred tax liabilities acquired on the basis of the fair value arising in the initial accounting for the business combination rather than carrying amount recognised in the pre-acquisition financial statements.



16. SHARE CAPITAL

	Number of ordinary shares	Amount HK\$'000
Ordinary shares of HK\$0.05 each		
Authorised:		
At 1 January 2016 (Audited), 31 December 2016 (Audited) and 30 June 2017 (Unaudited)	20,000,000,000	1,000,000
Issued and fully paid:		
At 1 January 2016 (Audited)	11,957,983,840	597,899
Issue of shares upon exercise of share options (<i>Note a</i>)	40,000,000	2,000
Issue of shares upon conversion of 2018 Convertible Notes (<i>Note b</i>)	4,775,000	239
At 31 December 2016 (Audited) and 1 January 2017 (Audited)	12,002,758,840	600,138
Issue of shares upon conversion of 2018 Convertible Notes (<i>Note c</i>)	163,580,000	8,179
Issue of shares for settlement of contingent consideration payable (<i>Note d</i>)	1,470,500,000	73,525
At 30 June 2017 (Unaudited)	13,636,838,840	681,842

Notes:

- (a) On 15 January 2016, the Company issued and allotted 40,000,000 new ordinary shares to the executive director of the Company, Mr. Li Ming ("Mr Li"), upon exercise of the share options by Mr. Li at the exercise price of HK\$0.211 per share.
- (b) During the year ended 31 December 2016, the holder of the convertible bonds in the principal amount of HK\$100,000,000 issued by the Company on 6 December 2016 converted HK\$1,000,000 of 2018 Convertible Notes (*as defined in Note 21*) for 4,775,000 new ordinary shares at a conversion price of HK\$0.2095 per conversion share.
- (c) During the six months ended 30 June 2017, the holder of 2018 Convertible Notes converted HK\$32,000,000 of 2018 Convertible Notes for 163,580,000 new ordinary shares at their specific conversion prices.
- (d) On 27 April 2017, the Company has allotted and issued 1,470,500,000 new ordinary shares to the vendor upon the fulfilment of profit guarantee relating to the acquisition of the entire equity interests of Success Capture Limited.

All new shares issued during the six months ended 30 June 2017 and year ended 31 December 2016 ranked *pari passu* with the existing shares in all respects.

17. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

The Group had the following significant transactions and balances with related parties during the period as follows:

(a) Amounts due to related parties

	30 June 2017 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)	31 December 2016 HK\$'000 (Audited)
Mr. Wu Ge ("Mr. Wu") (<i>Note i</i>)		
– advanced loan	–	25
– consideration payable for the acquisition of Jiujiang Jinfu Equipment Manufacturing Company Limited ("Jiujiang Jinfu") and accrued salaries	87	400
	87	425

(b) Amounts due to directors

	30 June 2017 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)	31 December 2016 HK\$'000 (Audited)
Mr. Li (<i>Note ii</i>)	7,004	1,046
Mr. Zhang Shi Hong ("Mr. Zhang") (<i>Note iii</i>)	8,838	5
Mr. Wang San Long ("Mr. Wang") (<i>Note iv</i>)		
– consideration payable for the acquisition of Jiujiang Jinfu and accrued salaries	286	470
	16,128	1,521



17. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES (Continued)**(b) Amounts due to directors** (Continued)

Notes:

- (i) Mr. Wu is the senior management of the Group. The amount is unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand.
- (ii) Mr. Li, is the executive director of the Company. The amount is unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand.

Mr. Li has provided a personal guarantee in favour of the Group to guarantee a facility of RMB642,500,000 (31 December 2016: RMB525,000,000) granted by banks in the PRC as at 30 June 2017.

Mr. Li also had provided a personal guarantee to secure the payment obligations of the borrowings of RMB200,000,000 (31 December 2016: RMB200,000,000) from one of the shareholders of the Group's associate, Zhejiang Ocean Leasing Company Limited ("Zhejiang Ocean") as at 30 June 2017.

- (iii) Mr. Zhang is the executive director of the Company, the amount is unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand.

Mr. Zhang has provided a personal guarantee in favour of the Group to guarantee a facility of RMB430,000,000 (31 December 2016: RMB430,000,000) granted by banks in the PRC as at 30 June 2017.

- (iv) Mr. Wang is the executive director of the Company. The amount is unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand.

Mr. Wang also had provided a personal guarantee in favour of the Group to guarantee a facility of RMB158,015,000 (31 December 2016: RMB158,015,000) granted by banks in the PRC as at 30 June 2017.

- (c) The key management of the Group comprises all Directors and chief executives, their remuneration for the six months ended 30 June 2017 and 30 June 2016 have been disclosed in Note 7 to the condensed consolidated financial statements. The remuneration of Directors and chief executives recommended by the remuneration committee and with reference to the market trends.

The Directors are of the view that the terms of the above related party transactions are fair and reasonable, based on normal commercial terms where no charge over the assets of the Group is created in respect of the above transactions.

18. LITIGATIONS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

- (a) At 30 June 2017, the Group has not paid the social security fund for and on behalf of its employees which expose the Group to the risk of being imposed the penalty by the relevant government authority. The social security fund accrued up to 30 June 2017 of approximately HK\$42,964,000 (equivalent to RMB37,360,000) in aggregate, were recorded as "Trade and other payables" in the condensed consolidated statement of financial position (2016: HK\$40,206,000 (equivalent to RMB36,221,000)).

A repayment agreement was signed between Jiangxi Shipbuilding, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company and the relevant government authority on 26 January 2015 in respect of the settlement of the unpaid social security fund. Per the agreement, all outstanding amounts should be repaid before December 2019. The Directors considered that if the Group could settle the unpaid social security fund according to the repayment agreement, no penalty would be imposed by the relevant government authority.

- (b) At 30 June 2017, the Group has not paid the housing provident fund contributions for and on behalf of its employees which expose the Group to the risk of being imposed the penalty by the relevant government authority. The housing provident fund contributions accrued up to 30 June 2017 of approximately HK\$6,517,000 (equivalent to RMB5,667,000) in aggregate, were recorded as "Trade and other payables" in the condensed consolidated statement of financial position (2016: HK\$5,483,000 (equivalent to RMB4,940,000)).

The Directors are of the opinion that the possibility to the risk of being imposed the penalty by the relevant government authority is remote.

- (c) The Company had recognised the provision in relation to the litigations of approximately RMB13,886,000 (2016: RMB13,812,000) under "Trade and other payables" in the condensed consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2017. The management are of the opinion that it is not probable that these claims would result in an outflow of economic benefits exceeding the provisions made by the Group. Details are set out as follows:
- (i) In June 2016, a contractor filed its writ to Jiangxi Province Nanchang County People's Court against Jiangxi Shipbuilding for the failure to make payment of contracting services. At the end of the reporting period, the litigation was judged and the outstanding payable of the principal payment and the relevant interests accrued of approximately RMB313,000 in aggregate, were recognised under "Trade and other payables" in the condensed consolidated statement of financial position.
- (ii) In August 2016, a supplier filed its writ to Gaoyou City People's Court against Jiangxi Shipbuilding for the failure to make payment of the sale of cable. At the end of the reporting period, the litigation was judged and the outstanding payable of the principal payment and the relevant interests accrued of approximately RMB392,000 in aggregate, were recognised under "Trade and other payables" in the condensed consolidated statement of financial position.

18. LITIGATIONS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES (Continued)

(c) (Continued)

- (iii) In September 2015, a contractor filed its writ to Wuhan Marine Court against Jiangxi Shipbuilding for the failure to make payment of provided vessel decoration services. At the end of the reporting period, the litigation was judged and the outstanding payable of the principal payment and the relevant interests accrued of approximately RMB4,636,000 in aggregate, were recognised under “Trade and other payables” in the condensed consolidated statement of financial position.
- (iv) In November 2015, a supplier filed its writ to Jiujiang Arbitration Commission against Jiangxi Shipbuilding for the failure to make payment of provided gas services. At the end of the reporting period, the litigation was judged and the outstanding payable of the principal payment and the relevant interests accrued of approximately RMB3,532,000 in aggregate, were recognised under “Trade and other payables” in the condensed consolidated statement of financial position.
- (v) In November 2015, a contractor filed its writ to Shanghai Jinshan District People’s Court against Jiangxi Shipbuilding for the failure to make payment of provided vessel decoration services. At the end of the reporting period, the litigation was judged and the outstanding payable of the principal payment and the relevant interests accrued of approximately RMB762,000 in aggregate, were recognised under “Trade and other payables” in the condensed consolidated statement of financial position.
- (vi) In December 2014, a contractor filed its writ to Wuhan Marine Court against Jiangxi Shipbuilding for the failure to make payment of provided vessel decoration services. At the end of the reporting period, the litigation was judged and the outstanding payable of the principal payment and the relevant interests accrued of approximately RMB4,251,000 in aggregate, were recognised under “Trade and other payables” in the condensed consolidated statement of financial position.

- (d) On 3 December 2015, Merge Limited and other shareholders of Zhejiang Ocean as counter guarantors (collectively referred to the “Counter Guarantor”) entered into the counter guarantee agreement with Zhoushan Marine Comprehensive Development and Investment Co., Ltd. (舟山海洋綜合開發投資有限公司) (the “Guarantor”), pursuant to which the Counter Guarantors shall, in proportion to their respective shareholding in Zhejiang Ocean and upon demand of the Guarantor, indemnify the Guarantor for all liabilities and expenses which may be incurred by the Guarantor under any guarantee given or to be given by the Guarantor in favour of Zhejiang Ocean during the period from 1 January 2015 to 31 December 2020 in respect of loan agreements and asset securitization agreements entered into by Zhejiang Ocean (the “Guarantee”), up to an aggregate amount of RMB900,000,000, together with any interests, penalty, compensation and related fees and expenses which may be payable by the Guarantor under the Guarantee. Accordingly, the maximum amount which Merge Limited shall indemnify the Guarantor is 20% of the aforesaid aggregate amount, being RMB180,000,000.

18. LITIGATIONS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES (Continued)

- (e) Huakai Heavy had provided corporate guarantees (the “Corporate Guarantee”) to two vessel agency companies (the “Vessel Agency Companies”) in favour of Huatai Heavy Industry (Nantong) Company Limited (“Huatai Heavy Industry”), an independent third party. Due to the failure of two ship owners to fulfill its payment obligation under the relevant shipbuilding contracts, Huatai Heavy Industry had cancelled the relevant export and import cooperation agreements with the Vessel Agency Companies. Pursuant to the terms of the export and import cooperation agreements and the civil mediation agreements, Huatai Heavy Industry was liable to refund the prepaid amount received from the Vessel Agency Companies (the “Prepaid Amounts”).

Up to date of this interim report, the aggregated outstanding balances of the Prepaid Amounts are approximately RMB86,446,000.

The Vendors undertake to use the consideration payable to indemnify Huakai Heavy for all losses and liabilities incurred by Huakai Heavy under the Corporate Guarantee.

Other than disclosed above, the Directors are of the opinion that the Group has no other material contingent liabilities at 30 June 2017.

19. CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

	30 June 2017 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)	31 December 2016 HK\$'000 (Audited)
Contracted for but not provided in the condensed consolidated financial statements:		
Unpaid registered capital for the associates	77,309	128,787
Unpaid registered capital for the subsidiaries	506,230	308,802
Unpaid registered capital for a joint venture	120,428	116,239
Capital expenditure in respect of the acquisition of property, plant and equipment	10,103	78,977
	714,070	632,805

20. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Fair value of the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis

Some of the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period. The following table gives information about how the fair values of these financial assets and financial liabilities are determined, as well as the level of the fair value hierarchy into which the fair value measurements are categorised (levels 1 to 3) based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements is observable.

- Level 1 fair value measurements are those derived from quoted prices (unadjusted) in active market for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2 fair value measurements are those derived from inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices); and
- Level 3 fair value measurements are those derived from valuation techniques that include inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

	Level 1		Level 2		Level 3		Total	
	30 June 2017 HK\$'000	31 December 2016 HK\$'000	30 June 2017 HK\$'000	31 December 2016 HK\$'000	30 June 2017 HK\$'000	31 December 2016 HK\$'000	30 June 2017 HK\$'000	31 December 2016 HK\$'000
Financial asset								
Investments held for trading – Listed equity securities	1,945	2,177	–	–	–	–	1,945	2,177
Financial liabilities								
Convertible bonds payables – Derivative financial liabilities	–	–	–	–	13,872	13,872	13,872	13,872
– 2018 Convertible Notes at FVTPL	–	–	–	–	66,999	92,847	66,999	92,847
Contingent consideration payable	–	317,628	–	–	217,350	–	217,350	317,628
	–	317,628	–	–	298,221	106,719	298,221	424,347

20. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

Reconciliation of Level 3 fair value measurements:

	Derivative financial liabilities		2018 Convertible Notes at FVTPL		Contingent consideration payable	
	30 June 2017 HK\$'000	31 December 2016 HK\$'000	30 June 2017 HK\$'000	31 December 2016 HK\$'000	30 June 2017 HK\$'000	31 December 2016 HK\$'000
At beginning of period/year	13,872	55,018	92,847	-	-	315,740
Conversion of 2018 Convertible Notes	-	-	(31,111)	-	-	-
Interest charged	-	-	5,627	-	-	-
Interest paid	-	-	(940)	-	-	-
Addition	-	-	-	92,954	217,350	-
Fair value change	-	(55,882)	576	(107)	-	-
Extension of 2017 Convertible Notes (as defined in Note 21)	-	14,736	-	-	-	-
Transfer out of Level 3	-	-	-	-	-	(315,740)
At end of period/year	13,872	13,872	66,999	92,847	217,350	-

The Directors consider that the carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded at amortised cost in the condensed consolidated financial statements approximate their fair values.



21. EVENTS AFTER THE END OF REPORTING PERIOD

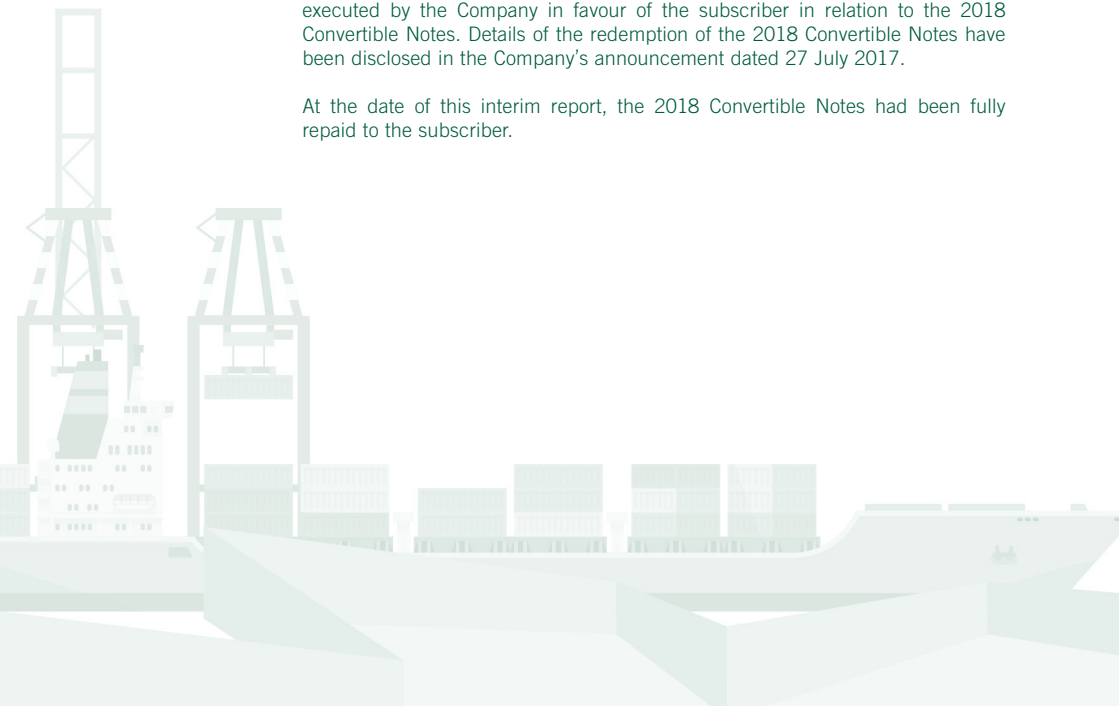
- (a) On 8 July 2017, being the extended maturity date of the convertible notes in principal amount of HK\$200,000,000 (the “2017 Convertible Notes”), the Company was required to redeem the 2017 Convertible Notes at the amount of HK\$200,000,000, representing the outstanding principal amount of the 2017 Convertible Notes (“Redemption Amount”). However, after negotiating with the investor who was the only registered noteholder (the “Investor”), on 7 July 2017 the Investor agreed to delay the payment of the Redemption Amount by the Company to 21 July 2017. On 17 July 2017, HK\$100,000,000 of the Redemption Amount was repaid by the Company to the Investor.

Up to the date of this interim report, the Company and the Investor has not reached any formal agreement as to the date and manner of repayment of the outstanding Redemption Amount of HK\$100,000,000 under the 2017 Convertible Notes. Details of the repayment of the 2017 Convertible Notes have been disclosed in the Company’s announcement dated 19 July 2017, 27 July 2017 and 14 August 2017, respectively.

- (b) On 26 July 2017, the Company received a Relevant Event Notice (as defined in the Company’s announcement dated 27 July 2017) from the subscriber, being the sole noteholder of the 2018 Convertible Notes (as defined in the Company’s announcement dated 27 July 2017), to require the Company to early redeem all the outstanding 2018 Convertible Notes at 94% of the total amount of such 2018 Convertible Notes held by the subscriber together with unpaid interest on or before 23 August 2017 in the approximate amount of HK\$63,000,000.

Pursuant to the Relevant Event Notice, such amount will be set off against the cash held in the Cash Account (as defined in the Company’s announcement dated 6 December 2016) in accordance with the relevant security documents executed by the Company in favour of the subscriber in relation to the 2018 Convertible Notes. Details of the redemption of the 2018 Convertible Notes have been disclosed in the Company’s announcement dated 27 July 2017.

At the date of this interim report, the 2018 Convertible Notes had been fully repaid to the subscriber.



21. EVENTS AFTER THE END OF REPORTING PERIOD (Continued)

- (c) On 10 August 2017, the Company entered into the subscription agreement with the subscriber pursuant to which the subscriber has conditionally agreed to subscribe for, and the Company has conditionally agreed to issue, the convertible bonds in the aggregate principal amount of HK\$189,000,000 (the “2019 Convertible Notes”).

Assuming the conversion rights attaching to the 2019 Convertible Notes are exercised in full at the initial conversion price of HK\$0.070, a maximum of 2,700,000,000 Conversion Shares (as defined in Company’s announcement dated 10 August 2017) will be allotted and issued. The Conversion Shares, upon issue, shall rank *pari passu* in all respects with the Company’s ordinary shares then in issue.

The net proceeds from the issue of 2019 Convertible Notes are expected to be approximately HK\$189,000,000. The Company intends to apply such net proceeds as follow:

- (1) approximately HK\$100,000,000 is intended to be used for repayment of the outstanding redemption amount under the 2017 Convertible Notes payable to the relevant noteholder;
- (2) approximately HK\$70,000,000 is intended to be used for repayment of other debts owed by the Group; and
- (3) approximately HK\$19,000,000 is intended to be used as general working capital.

Details of the proposed issuance of the 2019 Convertible Notes have been disclosed in the Company’s announcement dated 10 August 2017 and 14 August 2017, respectively.



MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

OVERVIEW

China Ocean Industry Group Limited is engaged in the intelligent car parking and automotive electronics business, shipbuilding business, steel structure engineering and installation business, trading business, and financial leasing business.

In the first half of 2017, the shipbuilding industry remained sluggish. The Group continued to seek for strategic transformation, increased the investment in intelligent car parking and automotive electronics business and extended the industrial chain downward to develop intelligent parking lot investment and operation business. By completing the acquisition of Nantong Huakai Heavy Industry Company Limited in early April 2017, the Group expanded its business to engineering and installation of steel structures for projects such as large bridge building and shipbuilding and initially formed a production base covering steel structure and shipbuilding business in Nantong area, which laid a solid foundation for the Group's heavy industry business to transfer to the developed coastal areas. As for the delayed delivery of seven vessels at the end of 2016, one vessel was delivered to the shipowner within the reporting period after a settlement agreement was reached. The Group is still negotiating with the shipowners of the remaining six vessels and will try to reach an agreement by the end of 2017.

For the six months ended 30 June 2017, the Group recorded external revenue of HK\$182.34 million (2016: HK\$168.46 million), basically maintaining at the same level as compared with the same period last year. The intelligent car parking and automotive electronics business recorded external revenue of HK\$80.31 million (2016: HK\$96.89 million). The shipbuilding business recorded negative external revenue of HK\$27.59 million (2016: external revenue of HK\$70.99 million). This negative revenue is mainly attributable to the estimated price reduction of HK\$109.23 million (2016: Nil) for ships due to the delayed delivery. The acquisition of steel structure engineering and installation business which the Group just completed in April 2017 recorded revenue of HK\$103.46 million (2016: Nil). During the period under review, the gross loss of the Group amounted to HK\$107.49 million (2016: HK\$59.09 million), representing a sharp increase of 81.91% as compared with last year, which was mainly attributable to the estimated price reduction for ships due to delayed delivery.

The financial cost of the Group rose to HK\$91.90 million from HK\$56.89 million, mainly due to the additional financing in the car parking business and rising financial cost incurred from the financing of the newly-acquired steel structure engineering and installation business.

Overall, the Group recorded a loss attributable to shareholders of HK\$200.11 million (in the first half of 2016: loss of HK\$192.25 million) for the six months ended 30 June 2017, which was basically flat with the same period last year.

SHIPBUILDING BUSINESS

During the period under review, the shipbuilding business recorded negative external revenue of HK\$27.59 million (2016: external revenue of HK\$70.99 million), mainly by the reason of the Group's estimated price reduction of HK\$109.23 million (2016: Nil) for the ships due to delayed delivery. The Group began negotiations with shipowners on the delayed delivery of seven vessels in June 2016. One vessel was delivered to the shipowner after a settlement agreement was reached; and according to the latest negotiation process, the Group estimated that the selling price of the four delayed vessels would be reduced. The Group has formed a special task team in this regard to actively negotiate and resolve the technical disputes with shipowners over the delayed vessels and to strive to resolve all the issues related to delayed delivery by the end of 2017.

To fundamentally solve the problem in heavy losses and limited development of the shipbuilding business, the Group had invested in a state-owned enterprise to establish a large shipbuilding factory in Nantong. With the advantageous geographical location of Nantong and the rich resources of state-owned enterprises, the Group will integrate its shipbuilding business and then transfer surplus production capacity to the manufacturing of parking equipment and special equipment. Moreover, it plans to revitalize surplus assets such as land and wharf to expand into logistics and ship repairing business.



INTELLIGENT CAR PARKING AND AUTOMOTIVE ELECTRONICS BUSINESS

As of 30 June 2017, intelligent car parking and automotive electronics business recorded a total revenue of HK\$80.31 million (in the first half of 2016: HK\$96.89 million), representing a reduction of 17.11% as compared with last year. As the focus of the car parking business has been shifted to car parking investment and operation and many investment projects were still under construction, the business has not achieved remarkable results yet. At the same time, the Group has rolled out its market strategies in the car parking operation business, which will become an important source of profit for the car parking business.

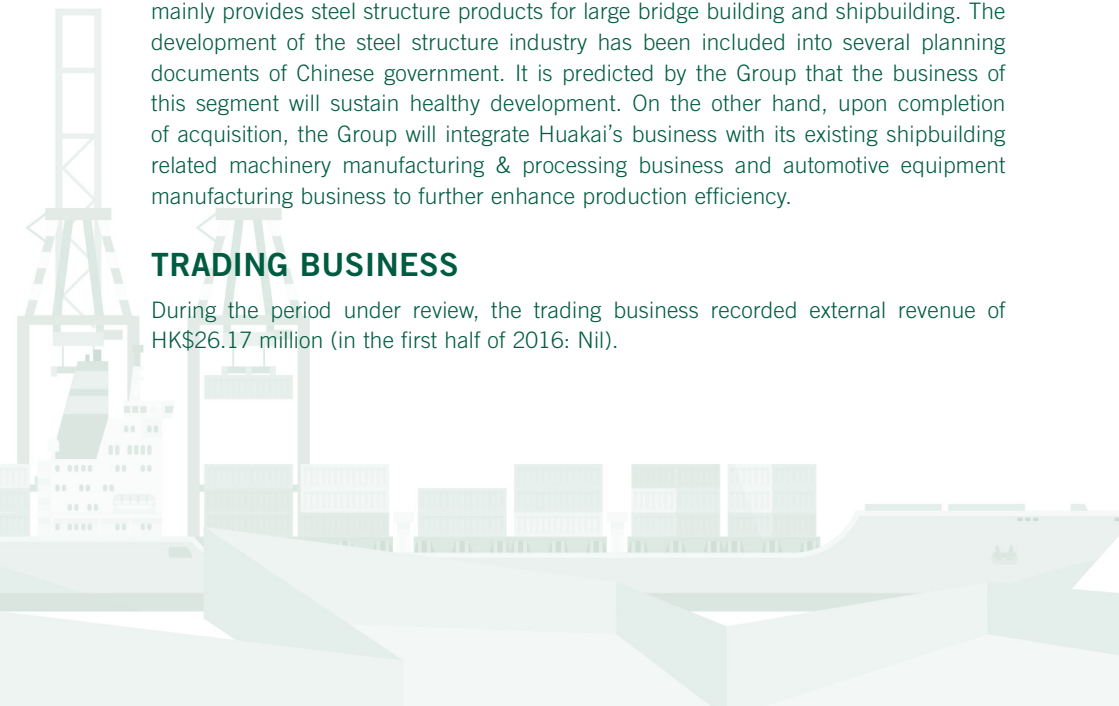
The automotive electronics business has strengthened the development of new products, introduced new Internet-related products and the upgrading of its products has achieved initial results.

STEEL STRUCTURE ENGINEERING AND INSTALLATION BUSINESS

The Group completed the acquisition of the target company Nantong Huakai Heavy Industry Company Limited at the beginning of April 2017, expanding its business scope to the steel structure engineering and installation. The segment recorded revenue of HK\$103.46 million from April to June (in the first half of 2016: Nil). The segment mainly provides steel structure products for large bridge building and shipbuilding. The development of the steel structure industry has been included into several planning documents of Chinese government. It is predicted by the Group that the business of this segment will sustain healthy development. On the other hand, upon completion of acquisition, the Group will integrate Huakai's business with its existing shipbuilding related machinery manufacturing & processing business and automotive equipment manufacturing business to further enhance production efficiency.

TRADING BUSINESS

During the period under review, the trading business recorded external revenue of HK\$26.17 million (in the first half of 2016: Nil).



FINANCIAL LEASING BUSINESS

During the period under review, the financial leasing business didn't achieve any external revenue (in the first half of 2016: HK\$0.58 million). The financial leasing business mainly provides funds for the shipbuilding business and intelligent car-parking business of the Group, with a slight decrease in the external revenue. The Group also shared profits of HK\$10.34 million (in the first half of 2016: HK\$4.09 million) from Zhejiang Ocean Leasing Company Limited and Zhejiang Qiandao Leasing Company Limited, in which the Group holds 20% and 25% equity interests, respectively.

OTHER BUSINESS

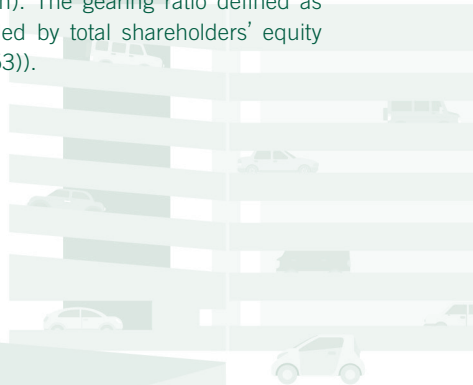
During the reporting period, the Group entered into an acquisition agreement, pursuant which to acquire a steamer transport company in Jiangxi Province. The Group is planning of entering into logistics business by making use of the existing riverbank and wharfs of the Yangtze River of Jiangxi Jiangzhou Union Shipbuilding Co., Ltd. ("Jiangxi Shipbuilding").

INTERIM DIVIDEND

The Board has resolved not to recommend the payment of an interim dividend for the six months ended 30 June 2017 (2016: Nil).

LIQUIDITY AND FINANCIAL RESOURCES

As at 30 June 2017, the Group had bank balances and cash (including pledged bank deposits) of approximately HK\$37.73 million (31 December 2016: HK\$101.79 million) of which HK\$12.10 million (31 December 2016: Nil) was pledged; short-term borrowings of HK\$1,528.29 million (31 December 2016: HK\$1,049.15 million); long-term borrowings of HK\$939.27 million (31 December 2016: HK\$1,039.05 million); convertible bonds payable amounted to approximately HK\$280.24 million (31 December 2016: HK\$348.88 million) represented the fair value of principal amount of HK\$267 million (31 December 2016: HK\$351 million). The gearing ratio defined as non-current liabilities and short term borrowing divided by total shareholders' equity was (4.66) at 30 June 2017 (31 December 2016: (3.53)).



CHARGES ON GROUP ASSETS

As at 30 June 2017, HK\$12.10 million (31 December 2016: Nil) of deposits, HK\$225.11 million (31 December 2016: HK\$148.84 million) of property, plant and equipment and HK\$145.80 million (31 December 2016: HK\$129.87 million) of prepaid lease payments, were pledged to banks for borrowings, guarantees and facilities granted by them to the Group.

As at 30 June 2017, the Company has pledged the entire equity interest of Jiangxi Jiangzhou Union Shipbuilding Co., Ltd to secure a bank borrowing amounted to RMB108,874,000 (31 December 2016: RMB108,015,000).

EXPOSURE TO FLUCTUATIONS IN EXCHANGE RATES AND ANY RELATED HEDGES

The income and expenditure of the Group were denominated in Renminbi, Hong Kong Dollars, United States Dollars and Euro. As at 30 June 2017, the Group did not hedge its exposure to foreign exchange risk profile as the Group could not find a suitable tool to manage this exposure. The Board will continue to consider the appropriate hedging measures.

NEW BUSINESS, MATERIAL ACQUISITIONS AND DISPOSALS

Completion of very substantial acquisition took place on 10 April 2017 and the financial results of Nantong Huakai Heavy Industry Company Limited * (南通華凱重工有限公司) was consolidated into the financial statements of the Company. (For details refer to the Company's announcement dated 11 April 2017).

Save as disclosed above, there was no new business, material acquisitions and disposals of subsidiaries and associated companies in the period under review.



EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

- (a) On 8 July 2017, being the extended maturity date of the convertible notes in principal amount of HK\$200,000,000 (the “2017 Convertible Notes”), the Company was required to redeem the 2017 Convertible Notes at the amount of HK\$200,000,000, representing the outstanding principal amount of the 2017 Convertible Notes (“Redemption Amount”). However, after negotiating with the investor who was the only registered noteholder (the “Investor”), on 7 July 2017 the Investor agreed to delay the payment of the Redemption Amount by the Company to 21 July 2017. On 17 July 2017, HK\$100,000,000 of the Redemption Amount was repaid by the Company to the Investor.

Up to the date of this interim report, the Company and the Investor has not reached any formal agreement as to the date and manner of repayment of the outstanding Redemption Amount of HK\$100,000,000 under the 2017 Convertible Notes. Details of the repayment of the 2017 Convertible Notes have been disclosed in the Company’s announcement dated 19 July 2017, 27 July 2017 and 14 August 2017, respectively.

- (b) On 26 July 2017, the Company received a Relevant Event Notice (as defined in the Company’s announcement dated 27 July 2017) from the subscriber, being the sole noteholder of the 2018 Convertible Notes (as defined in the Company’s announcement dated 27 July 2017), to require the Company to early redeem all the outstanding 2018 Convertible Notes at 94% of the total amount of such 2018 Convertible Notes held by the subscriber together with unpaid interest on or before 23 August 2017 in the approximate amount of HK\$63,000,000.

Pursuant to the Relevant Event Notice, such amount will be set off against the cash held in the Cash Account (as defined in the Company’s announcement dated 6 December 2016) in accordance with the relevant security documents executed by the Company in favour of the subscriber in relation to the 2018 Convertible Notes. Details of the redemption of the 2018 Convertible Notes have been disclosed in the Company’s announcement dated 27 July 2017.

At the date of this interim report, the 2018 Convertible Notes had been fully repaid to the subscriber.



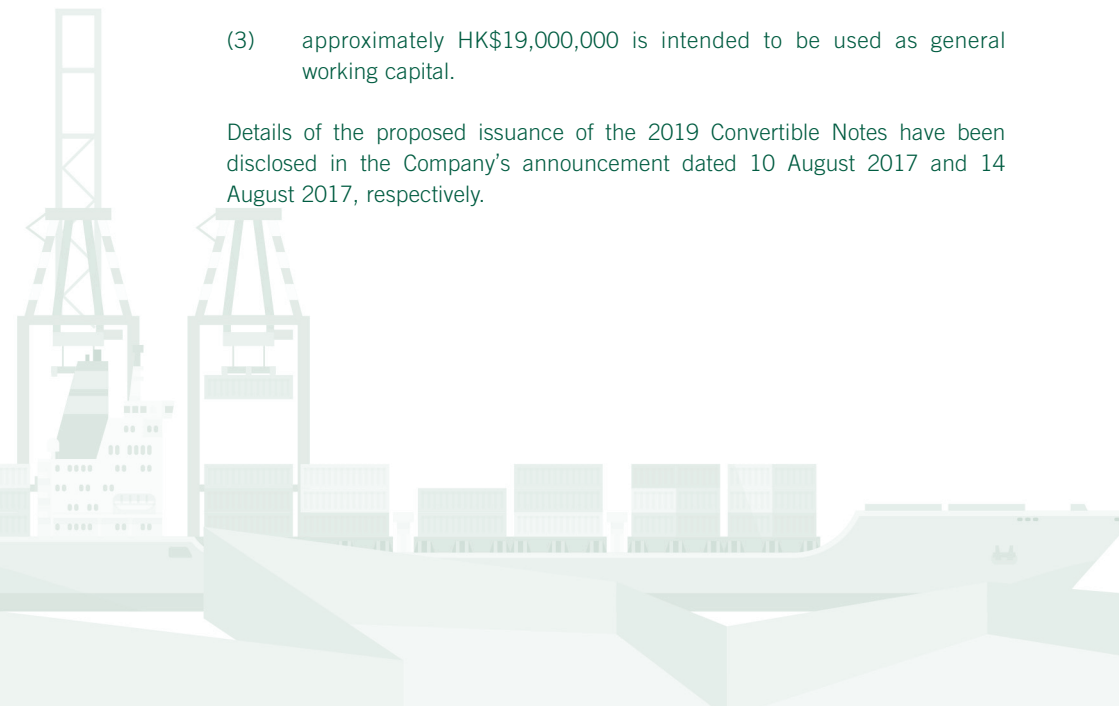
- (c) On 10 August 2017, the Company entered into the subscription agreement with the subscriber pursuant to which the subscriber has conditionally agreed to subscribe for, and the Company has conditionally agreed to issue, the convertible bonds in the aggregate principal amount of HK\$189,000,000 (the “2019 Convertible Notes”).

Assuming the conversion rights attaching to the 2019 Convertible Notes are exercised in full at the initial conversion price of HK\$0.070, a maximum of 2,700,000,000 Conversion Shares (as defined in Company’s announcement dated 10 August 2017) will be allotted and issued. The Conversion Shares, upon issue, shall rank pari passu in all respects with the Company’s ordinary shares then in issue.

The net proceeds from the issue of 2019 Convertible Notes are expected to be approximately HK\$189,000,000. The Company intends to apply such net proceeds as follow:

- (1) approximately HK\$100,000,000 is intended to be used for repayment of the outstanding redemption amount under the 2017 Convertible Notes payable to the relevant noteholder;
- (2) approximately HK\$70,000,000 is intended to be used for repayment of other debts owed by the Group; and
- (3) approximately HK\$19,000,000 is intended to be used as general working capital.

Details of the proposed issuance of the 2019 Convertible Notes have been disclosed in the Company’s announcement dated 10 August 2017 and 14 August 2017, respectively.



LITIGATIONS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

- (a) At 30 June 2017, the Group has not paid the social security fund for and on behalf of its employees which expose the Group to the risk of being imposed the penalty by the relevant government authority. The social security fund accrued up to 30 June 2017 of approximately HK\$42,964,000 (equivalent to RMB37,360,000) in aggregate, were recorded as “Trade and other payables” in the condensed consolidated statement of financial position (2016: HK\$40,206,000 (equivalent to RMB36,221,000)).

A repayment agreement was signed between Jiangxi Shipbuilding, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company and the relevant government authority on 26 January 2015 in respect of the settlement of the unpaid social security fund. Per the agreement, all outstanding amounts should be repaid before December 2019. The Directors considered that if the Group could settle the unpaid social security fund according to the repayment agreement, no penalty would be imposed by the relevant government authority.

- (b) At 30 June 2017, the Group has not paid the housing provident fund contributions for and on behalf of its employees which expose the Group to the risk of being imposed the penalty by the relevant government authority. The housing provident fund contributions accrued up to 30 June 2017 of approximately HK\$6,517,000 (equivalent to RMB5,667,000) in aggregate, were recorded as “Trade and other payables” in the condensed consolidated statement of financial position (2016: HK\$5,483,000 (equivalent to RMB4,940,000)).

The Directors are of the opinion that the possibility to the risk of being imposed the penalty by the relevant government authority is remote.



(c) The Company had recognised the provision in relation to the litigations of approximately RMB13,886,000 (2016: RMB13,812,000) under “Trade and other payables” in the condensed consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2017. The management are of the opinion that it is not probable that these claims would result in an out flow of economic benefits exceeding the provisions made by the Group. Details are set out as follows:

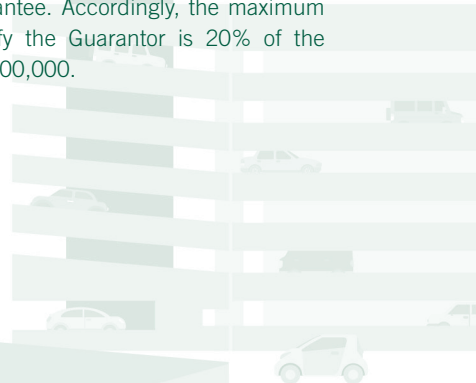
(i) In June 2016, a contractor filed its writ to Jiangxi Province Nanchang County People’s Court against Jiangxi Shipbuilding for the failure to make payment of contracting services. At the end of the reporting period, the litigation was judged and the outstanding payable of the principal payment and the relevant interests accrued of approximately RMB313,000 in aggregate, were recognised under “Trade and other payables” in the condensed consolidated statement of financial position.

(ii) In August 2016, a supplier filed its writ to Gaoyou City People’s Court against Jiangxi Shipbuilding for the failure to make payment of the sale of cable. At the end of the reporting period, the litigation was judged and the outstanding payable of the principal payment and the relevant interests accrued of approximately RMB392,000 in aggregate, were recognised under “Trade and other payables” in the condensed consolidated statement of financial position.

(iii) In September 2015, a contractor filed its writ to Wuhan Marine Court against Jiangxi Shipbuilding for the failure to make payment of provided vessel decoration services. At the end of the reporting period, the litigation was judged and the outstanding payable of the principal payment and the relevant interests accrued of approximately RMB4,636,000 in aggregate, were recognised under “Trade and other payables” in the condensed consolidated statement of financial position.

(iv) In November 2015, a supplier filed its writ to Jiujiang Arbitration Commission against Jiangxi Shipbuilding for the failure to make payment of provided gas services. At the end of the reporting period, the litigation was judged and the outstanding payable of the principal payment and the relevant interests accrued of approximately RMB3,532,000 in aggregate, were recognised under “Trade and other payables” in the condensed consolidated statement of financial position.

- (v) In November 2015, a contractor filed its writ to Shanghai Jinshan District People's Court against Jiangxi Shipbuilding for the failure to make payment of provided vessel decoration services. At the end of the reporting period, the litigation was judged and the outstanding payable of the principal payment and the relevant interests accrued of approximately RMB762,000 in aggregate, were recognised under "Trade and other payables" in the condensed consolidated statement of financial position.
- (vi) In December 2014, a contractor filed its writ to Wuhan Marine Court against Jiangxi Shipbuilding for the failure to make payment of provided vessel decoration services. At the end of the reporting period, the litigation was judged and the outstanding payable of the principal payment and the relevant interests accrued of approximately RMB4,251,000 in aggregate, were recognised under "Trade and other payables" in the condensed consolidated statement of financial position.
- (d) On 3 December 2015, Merge Limited and other shareholders of Zhejiang Ocean as counter guarantors (collectively referred to the "Counter Guarantor") entered into the counter guarantee agreement with Zhoushan Marine Comprehensive Development and Investment Co., Ltd* (舟山海洋綜合開發投資有限公司) (the "Guarantor"), pursuant to which the Counter Guarantors shall, in proportion to their respective shareholding in Zhejiang Ocean and upon demand of the Guarantor, indemnify the Guarantor for all liabilities and expenses which may be incurred by the Guarantor under any guarantee given or to be given by the Guarantor in favour of Zhejiang Ocean during the period from 1 January 2015 to 31 December 2020 in respect of loan agreements and asset securitization agreements entered into by Zhejiang Ocean (the "Guarantee"), up to an aggregate amount of RMB900,000,000, together with any interests, penalty, compensation and related fees and expenses which may be payable by the Guarantor under the Guarantee. Accordingly, the maximum amount which Merge Limited shall indemnify the Guarantor is 20% of the aforesaid aggregate amount, being RMB180,000,000.



- (e) Huakai Heavy had provided corporate guarantees (the “Corporate Guarantee”) to two vessel agency companies (the “Vessel Agency Companies”) in favour of Huatai Heavy Industry (Nantong) Company Limited (“Huatai Heavy Industry”), an independent third party. Due to the failure of two ship owners to fulfill its payment obligation under the relevant shipbuilding contracts, Huatai Heavy Industry had cancelled the relevant export and import cooperation agreements with the Vessel Agency Companies. Pursuant to the terms of the export and import co-operation agreements and the civil mediation agreements, Huatai Heavy Industry was liable to refund the prepaid amount received from the Vessel Agency Companies (the “Prepaid Amounts”).

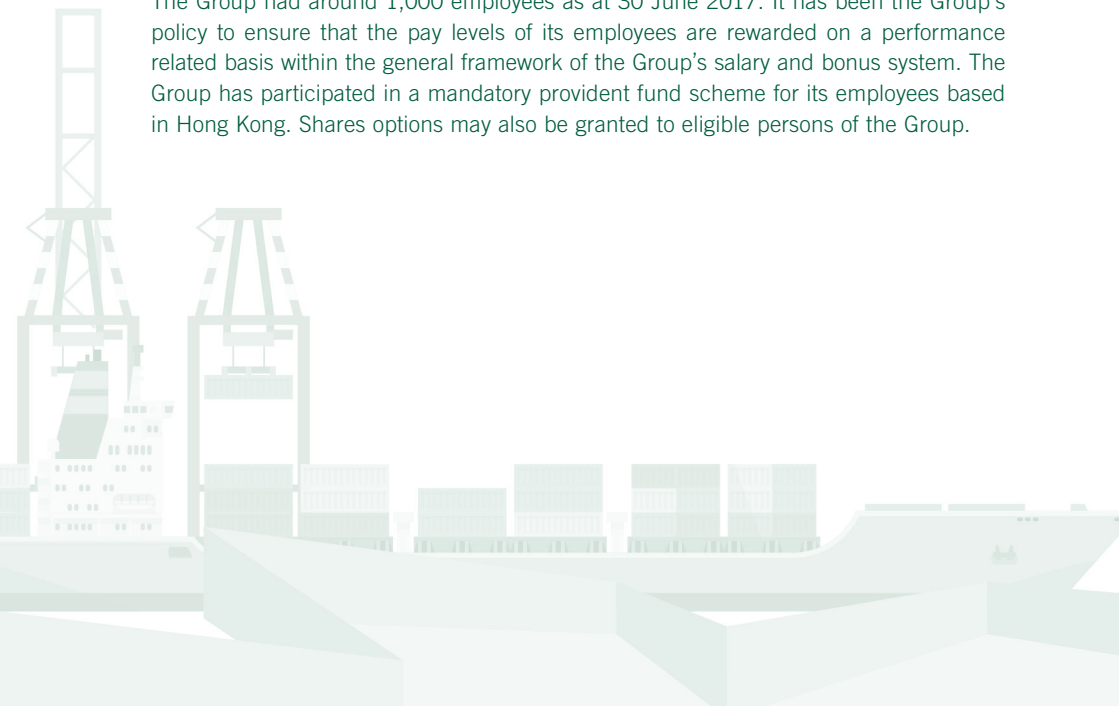
Up to date of this interim report, the aggregated outstanding balances of the Prepaid Amounts are approximately RMB86,446,000.

The Vendors undertake to use the consideration payable to indemnify Huakai Heavy for all losses and liabilities incurred by Huakai Heavy under the Corporate Guarantee.

Other than disclosed above, the Directors are of the opinion that the Group has no other material contingent liabilities at 30 June 2017.

HUMAN RESOURCES

The Group had around 1,000 employees as at 30 June 2017. It has been the Group’s policy to ensure that the pay levels of its employees are rewarded on a performance related basis within the general framework of the Group’s salary and bonus system. The Group has participated in a mandatory provident fund scheme for its employees based in Hong Kong. Shares options may also be granted to eligible persons of the Group.



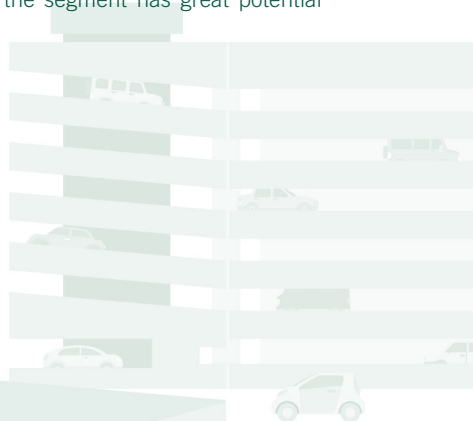
CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

At 30 June 2017, the Group has the following capital commitments:

	30 June 2017 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)	31 December 2016 HK\$'000 (Audited)
Contracted for but not provided in the condensed consolidated financial statements:		
Unpaid registered capital for the associates	77,309	128,787
Unpaid registered capital for the subsidiaries	506,230	308,802
Unpaid registered capital for a joint venture	120,428	116,239
Capital expenditure in respect of the acquisition of property, plant and equipment	10,103	78,977
	714,070	632,805

PROSPECTS

Looking forward, the Group will strive to develop the intelligent car parking and automotive electronics business, increase the investment in the intelligent car-parking, electronic automotive device, and cooperate with partners to provide the package services including car park equipment design & manufacturing, car parks investment, car parks operation and management, and car owner value-added services. With the continuous increase in the number of automobiles and severer difficulty in urban parking in China, the Group expects the business of the segment has great potential and good prospects.



Upon completion of the acquisition of Nantong Huakai Heavy Industry Company Limited, the Group formally enters the steel structure processing industry, which expanded its customer base and source of revenue, and further dispersed relevant risks in the shipbuilding business. The Group will integrate part of Huakai's existing business with its shipbuilding business and car parking business by exploiting the technology and excellent management team of Huakai Heavy. In the meantime, the Group will be able to shift part of the shipbuilding business of Jiangxi Shipbuilding to the coastal area of Nantong which has lower cost, abundant talents and convenient logistics.

Currently, the Group's shipbuilding business is in the transformation stage. On one hand, we will try to solve the late delivery of the remaining six vessels as soon as possible. On the other hand, we will gradually redirect the order taking strategy. In consideration of the relevant geographical position of Jiangzhou Shipbuilding and qualities of the local workers, we will shift to the production of smaller scaled, river sized vessels, in order to cut the production capacity and lessen the production cost to survive through the low ebb of the shipbuilding industry.

Wuxue Yangtze River Bridge will be completed in 2018. Thanks to the advantageous geographical position, the riverbank of the Yangtze River, wharfs and land possessed by the adjacent Jiangxi Shipbuilding will become natural resources essential to the transport and warehouse business. The Group will seize this opportunity to develop relevant business to revitalize the assets of Jiangxi Shipbuilding and to create the maximum benefits for shareholders.



OTHER INFORMATION

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES

As at 30 June 2017, the interests and/or short position of the directors in the shares and underlying shares of the Company or its associated corporations, as defined in Part XV of the SFO and as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 352 of the SFO, or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO and the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") were as follows:

Save as disclosed below, none of the directors or their associates had held any ordinary shares of the Company.

Name	Long/Short position	Capacity	Number of ordinary shares held	Number of share options held	Approximate percentage of the issued shares held
Li Ming	Long position	Beneficial owner	921,577,954	70,000,000	7.27%
	Long position	Interest of controlled Corporation	514,345,000 <i>(note 1)</i>	-	3.77%
Chau On Ta Yuen	Long position	Beneficial owner	-	49,743,000	0.36%
Wang San Long	Long position	Beneficial owner	-	20,110,600	0.15%
Zhang Shi Hong	Long position	Beneficial owner	227,600,000	107,581,000	2.46%
Liu Jin	Long position	Beneficial owner	-	110,000,000	0.81%
Hu Bai He	Long position	Beneficial owner	-	1,000,000	0.01%
Xiang Siying	Long position	Beneficial owner	-	1,000,000	0.01%
Xiang Ying	Long position	Beneficial owner	-	1,000,000	0.01%

Note 1: Mr. Li Ming is deemed to be interested in the 514,345,000 shares held by Lead Dragon Limited, a company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands whose entire issued share capital is wholly and beneficially owned by Mr. Li Ming.

Save as disclosed in this report, none of the Directors or their associates had any personal, family, corporate or other interests and/or short position in the equity or debt securities of the Company or any of its associated corporations at 30 June 2017.

SHARE OPTION SCHEME

Particulars of the Company's share option schemes adopted on 27 May 2002 (the "Scheme 2002") and 27 June 2012 (the "Scheme 2012") are set out in Note 42 to the consolidated financial statements of the Company's 2016 annual report. The purpose of the Scheme 2002 and Scheme 2012 is to recognise and motivate the contribution of the any employee, adviser, consultant, agent, contractor, client and supplier and/or such other person who in the sole discretion of the Board has contributed or may contribute to the Group and to provide incentives and help the Company in retaining its existing employees and recruiting additional employees and to provide them with a direct economic interest in attaining the long-term business objectives of the Company.

The following table discloses details of the options held by directors, employees and other persons and movements in such holdings during the six months ended 30 June 2017:

Name	As at 1 January 2017	Exercised during the period	As at 30 June 2017	Date of grant	Exercisable period	Exercise price per share
Directors						
Chau On Ta Yuen	4,743,000	-	4,743,000	5 Mar 2008	up to 4 Mar 2018	HK\$5.693
	45,000,000	-	45,000,000	7 May 2014	7 May 2014 to 6 May 2024	HK\$0.211
Zhang Shi Hong	1,581,000	-	1,581,000	5 Mar 2008	up to 4 Mar 2018	HK\$5.693
	16,000,000	-	16,000,000	7 May 2014	7 May 2014 to 6 May 2024	HK\$0.211
	90,000,000	-	90,000,000	4 Nov 2015	4 Nov 2015 to 3 Nov 2018	HK\$0.280
Wang San Long	4,110,600	-	4,110,600	7 May 2008	up to 6 May 2018	HK\$4.523
	16,000,000	-	16,000,000	7 May 2014	7 May 2014 to 6 May 2024	HK\$0.211
Li Ming	70,000,000	-	70,000,000	4 Nov 2015	4 Nov 2015 to 3 Nov 2018	HK\$0.280
Liu Jin	110,000,000	-	110,000,000	4 Nov 2015	4 Nov 2015 to 3 Nov 2018	HK\$0.280
Xiang Siying	1,000,000	-	1,000,000	7 May 2014	7 May 2014 to 6 May 2024	HK\$0.211
Hu Bai He	1,000,000	-	1,000,000	7 May 2014	7 May 2014 to 6 May 2024	HK\$0.211
Xiang Ying	1,000,000	-	1,000,000	7 May 2014	7 May 2014 to 6 May 2024	HK\$0.211
Sub-total	360,434,600	-	360,434,600			
Employees						
(In aggregate)	2,339,880	-	2,339,880	7 May 2008	up to 6 May 2018	HK\$4.523
	50,000,000	-	50,000,000	7 May 2014	7 May 2014 to 6 May 2024	HK\$0.211
	280,000,000	-	280,000,000	4 Nov 2015	4 Nov 2015 to 3 Nov 2018	HK\$0.280
Sub-total	332,339,880	-	332,339,880			
Others						
(In aggregate)	33,675,300	-	33,675,300	7 May 2008	up to 6 May 2018	HK\$4.523
	196,000,000	-	196,000,000	7 May 2014	7 May 2014 to 6 May 2024	HK\$0.211
Sub-total	229,675,300	-	229,675,300			
Total	922,449,780	-	922,449,780			

No share options were exercised, cancelled or lapsed during the six months ended 30 June 2017.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN CONTRACTS OF SIGNIFICANCE

Save as the information disclosed in Note 17 (Related party disclosure) to the unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements, no contract of significance to which the Company or its subsidiaries was a party and in which a director of the Company had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the period or at any time during the period.

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS

As at 30 June 2017, save as disclosed below, no persons, not being a Director or chief executive of the Company, had interests and/or short positions in the shares and underlying shares of the Company as recorded in the register (the "Register") maintained by the Company pursuant to Section 336 of the SFO. Other than as disclosed below, the Company has not been notified of any other interest or short positions in the shares and underlying shares of the Company as at 30 June 2017.

Name	Long/ Short position	Nature of Interests	Number of shares/ underlying share held	Approximate percentage of the issued shares held at 30 June 2017
Central Huijin Investment Ltd. (Note 1)	Long	Interest of controlled corporation	806,126,561	5.91%
	Short	Interest of controlled corporation	1,491,334,138	10.94%
China Construction Bank Corporation (Note 1)	Long	Interest of controlled corporation	806,126,561	5.91%
	Short	Interest of controlled corporation	1,491,334,138	10.94%
CCB International Group Holdings Limited (Note 1)	Long	Interest of controlled corporation	806,126,561	5.91%
	Short	Interest of controlled corporation	1,491,334,138	10.94%
CCB Financial Holdings Limited (Note 1)	Long	Interest of controlled corporation	806,126,561	5.91%
	Short	Interest of controlled corporation	1,491,334,138	10.94%

Name	Long/ Short position	Nature of Interests	Number of shares/ underlying share held	Approximate percentage of the issued shares held at 30 June 2017
CCB International (Holdings) Limited (Note 1)	Long	Interest of controlled corporation	806,126,561	5.91%
	Short	Interest of controlled corporation	1,491,334,138	10.94%
CCBI Investments Limited (Note 1)	Long	Interest of controlled corporation	806,126,561	5.91%
	Short	Interest of controlled corporation	1,491,334,138	10.94%
Prosper Talent Limited (Note 1)	Long	Beneficial owner	806,126,561	5.91%
	Short	Beneficial owner	1,491,334,138	10.94%
Macquarie Group Limited	Long	Beneficial owner	2,038,888,888	14.95%
Mr. Li Ming (Note 2)	Long	Beneficial owner	991,577,954	7.27%

Notes:

- (1) Prosper Talent Limited is wholly and beneficially owned by CCBI Investments Limited, which in turn is wholly and beneficially owned by CCB International (Holdings) Limited. CCB International (Holdings) Limited is wholly and beneficially owned by CCB International Group Holdings Limited, which is wholly and beneficially owned by China Construction Bank Corporation, which in turn is owned as to approximately 57.26% by Central Huijin Investment Ltd. Therefore, the aforesaid companies were deemed to be interested in the same 806,126,561 shares and 1,491,334,138 short position in shares of the Company directly held by Prosper Talent Limited pursuant to Part XV of the SFO.
- (2) Mr. Li Ming's interest is also disclosed in the above section headed "Directors' Interests in Shares and Underlying Shares".

MODEL CODE FOR SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS BY DIRECTORS

The Company has adopted the Model Code as set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules for securities transactions by directors of the Company. All directors of the Company have confirmed, following specific enquiry by the Company that they have complied with the required standard set out in the Model Code during the six months ended 30 June 2017.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

In the opinion of the directors, the Company has complied with the code on Corporate Governance Practices as set out in Appendix 14 of the Listing Rules throughout the six months ended 30 June 2017.

CHANGE IN INFORMATION OF DIRECTORS

The following Information is set out pursuant to the requirements of Rule 13.51B(1) of the Listing Rules:

- Mr. Li Ming was appointed as an independent non-executive director of Skyworth Digital Holdings (Stock Code: 00751) on 18 March 2017, a company listed on Hong Kong Stock Exchange.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE COMPANY'S LISTED SECURITIES

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities during the period.

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Company's Bye-laws or the laws of Bermuda, which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on pro-rata basis to existing shareholders.

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

The remuneration committee of the Company as at the date of this report comprises three independent non-executive directors, Ms. Xiang Ying, Ms. Xiang Siying and Mr. Hu Bai He and one executive director, Mr. Zhang Shi Hong. The Chairman of the Remuneration Committee is Ms. Xiang Ying.

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

The nomination committee of the Company as at the date of this report comprises three independent non-executive directors, Ms. Xiang Ying, Ms. Xiang Siying and Mr. Hu Bai He and one executive director, Mr. Li Ming. The Chairman of the Nomination Committee is Ms. Xiang Ying.

AUDIT COMMITTEE AND REVIEW OF ACCOUNTS

The audit committee of the Company as at the date of this report comprise Mr. Hu Bai He, Ms. Xiang Siying and Ms. Xiang Ying, all being independent non-executive directors. The unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements for the six months ended 30 June 2017 have been reviewed by the audit committee of the Company.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The Board of the Company as at the date of this report comprises four executive directors, namely, Mr. Li Ming, Mr. Zhang Shi Hong, Mr. Wang San Long and Mr. Liu Jin; one non-executive Director, namely, Mr. Chau On Ta Yuen; and three independent non-executive directors, namely, Ms. Xiang Siying, Mr. Hu Bai He and Ms. Xiang Ying.

By order of the Board
LI Ming
Chairman

Hong Kong, 30 August 2017

