

DYNAMIC HOLDINGS LIMITED

達力集團有限公司

(Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability) (在百慕達註冊成立之有限公司) Stock Code 股份代號: 29

ANNUAL REPORT 年報 2016/17



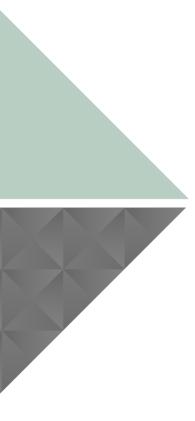
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CORPORATE AND INVESTOR INFORMATION

公司及投資者資料

董事

執行董事

獨立非執行董事

莊劍青 SY Robin Chua 霍錦柱 GO Patrick Lim TAN Kenway Hao

審核委員會

莊劍青 (主席) SY Robin Chua 霍錦柱 GO Patrick Lim

薪酬委員會

莊劍青(*主席*) 陳永涵 陳永杰 SY Robin Chua 霍錦柱

提名委員會

陳永涵 (主席) 陳永杰 莊劍青 SY Robin Chua 霍錦柱

公司秘書

黄愛儀

核數師

德勤 · 關黃陳方會計師行

法律顧問

的近律師行 孖士打律師行 毅柏律師事務所 隆安律師事務所 上海市凱榮律師事務所

主要往來銀行

恒生銀行有限公司 中國工商銀行股份有限公司 招商銀行股份有限公司 中國銀行股份有限公司 交通銀行股份有限公司

DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

TAN Harry Chua, Chairman CHAN Wing Kit, Frank, Chief Executive Officer TAN Lucio Jr. Khao TAN Michael Gonzales PASCUAL Ramon Sy CHUA Joseph Tan CHIU Siu Hung, Allan

Independent Non-executive Directors

CHONG Kim Chan, Kenneth SY Robin Chua FOK Kam Chu, John GO Patrick Lim TAN Kenway Hao

AUDIT COMMITTEE

CHONG Kim Chan, Kenneth, *Chairman* SY Robin Chua FOK Kam Chu, John GO Patrick Lim

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

CHONG Kim Chan, Kenneth, *Chairman* TAN Harry Chua CHAN Wing Kit, Frank SY Robin Chua FOK Kam Chu, John

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

TAN Harry Chua, *Chairman* CHAN Wing Kit, Frank CHONG Kim Chan, Kenneth SY Robin Chua FOK Kam Chu, John

COMPANY SECRETARY

WONG Oi Yee, Polly

AUDITORS

Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu

LEGAL ADVISERS

Deacons Mayer Brown JSM Appleby Longan Law Firm Shanghai Kai-Rong Law Firm

PRINCIPAL BANKERS

Hang Seng Bank Limited Industrial and Commercial Bank of China Limited China Merchants Bank Co., Ltd. Bank of China Limited Bank of Communications Co., Ltd.

CORPORATE AND INVESTOR INFORMATION (Continued) 公司及投資者資料(續)

網址

http://www.dynamic.hk http://www.irasia.com/listco/hk/dynamic

股份代號

29

股份過戶登記處

主要股份登記處

MUFG Fund Services (Bermuda) Limited The Belvedere Building 69 Pitts Bay Road Pembroke HM08 Bermuda

股份登記分處

卓佳登捷時有限公司 香港 皇后大道東183號 合和中心22樓

註冊辦事處

Canon's Court 22 Victoria Street Hamilton HM 12 Bermuda

主要營業地點

香港 銅鑼灣 希慎道8號 裕景商業中心17樓

深圳代表處

中華人民共和國 深圳市人民南路2008號 深圳嘉里中心1321室

WEBSITES

http://www.dynamic.hk http://www.irasia.com/listco/hk/dynamic

STOCK CODE

SHARE REGISTRAR

Principal Share Registrar

MUFG Fund Services (Bermuda) Limited The Belvedere Building 69 Pitts Bay Road Pembroke HM08 Bermuda

Branch Share Registrar

Tricor Tengis Limited Level 22, Hopewell Centre 183 Queen's Road East Hong Kong

REGISTERED OFFICE

Canon's Court 22 Victoria Street Hamilton HM 12 Bermuda

PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS

17th Floor, Eton Tower 8 Hysan Avenue Causeway Bay Hong Kong

REPRESENTATIVE OFFICE IN SHENZHEN

Unit 1321, Shenzhen Kerry Centre 2008 Renminnan Road, Shenzhen The People's Republic of China

財務日誌

股東週年大會 二零一七年十二月四日 最後登記日 二零一七年十二月五日至 暫停過戶日期 二零一七年十二月八日 (首尾兩天包括在內) 股東週年大會 二零一七年十二月八日

二零一七年十二月十八日 末期股息最後 登記日

暫停過戶日期 二零一七年十二月十九日至 二零一七年十二月二十二日 (首尾兩天包括在內)

派發末期股息 二零一八年一月九日

FINANCIAL CALENDAR

Last Registration Date for Annual General Meeting Book-close Dates

Annual General Meeting Last Registration Date for Final Dividend Book-close Dates

Payment of Final Dividend

4 December 2017

5 December 2017 -8 December 2017 (both days inclusive) 8 December 2017 18 December 2017

19 December 2017 -22 December 2017 (both days inclusive)

9 January 2018

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT 主席報告書



CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT (Continued) 主席報告書(續)

本人代表董事會(「**董事會**」或「**董事**」) 欣然 向股東提呈達力集團有限公司(「**本公司**」) 及其附屬公司(「**本集團**」) 截至二零一七年 六月三十日止財政年度之年報。 On behalf of the board of directors (the "Board" or "Directors"), I am pleased to present to the shareholders the annual report of Dynamic Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (the "Group") for the financial year ended 30 June 2017.

業績

截至二零一七年六月三十日止之財政年度,本集團錄得收入港幣101,762,000元(二零一六年:港幣103,870,000元),而毛利為港幣79,700,000元(二零一六年:港幣83,971,000元)。此業績主要源自本集團以人民幣(「人民幣」)結算之投資物業所帶來之穩定租金收入,連同毛利率達78%(二零一六年:81%)。

與此同時,本集團呈報其他收益為港幣16,038,000元(二零一六年:港幣6,266,000元),主要源於假計利息收入。其他收益之大幅增加是由於年內從波動中的人民幣換算港幣(「港幣」)之貶值所產生之兑換淨虧損減少至港幣2,422,000元(二零一六年:港幣12,785,000元),而且,本集團已確認其投資物業公平值之增加合計為港幣92,896,000元(二零一六年:港幣83,076,000元)。

經計入以人民幣為功能貨幣換算至港幣為 呈列貨幣的影響,在年內人民幣兑換港幣 之貶值為2%(二零一六年:8%),本公司擁 有人於本年度應佔溢利為港幣115,591,000元 (二零一六年:港幣95,085,000元),相比去 年,上升22%。而每股基本盈利為港幣0.514 元(二零一六年:港幣0.427元)。

經考慮於綜合財務賬內計入由人民幣換算至港幣為呈列貨幣之匯兑差額之其他全面支出,本年度本公司擁有人應佔總全面收入總額為港幣87,378,000元(二零一六年:總全面支出港幣66,749,000元)。

RESULTS

For the financial year ended 30 June 2017, the Group recorded a total revenue of HK\$101,762,000 (2016: HK\$103,870,000) and gross profit of HK\$79,700,000 (2016: HK\$83,971,000). These results were mainly attributable to the stable rental income of investment properties of the Group all denominated in renminbi ("**RMB**"), together with gross profit margin of 78% (2016: 81%).

In addition, the Group reported other gain of HK\$16,038,000 (2016: HK\$6,266,000) that arose mainly from imputed interest income. It increased significantly due to the reduced net exchange loss and the net exchange loss was HK\$2,422,000 for the year (2016: HK\$12,785,000) arisen from the fluctuation of RMB devalued against Hong Kong dollar ("HK\$"). In addition, the Group recognised an aggregate increase in fair value of its investment properties in the sum of HK\$92,896,000 (2016: HK\$83,076,000).

After accounted for the effect of currency translation from functional currency in RMB to presentation currency in HK\$ that RMB devalued against HK\$ at about 2% (2016: 8%) in the year, the profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company amounted to HK\$115,591,000 (2016: HK\$95,085,000), which rose by 22% from that of the previous year, with basic earnings per share of HK\$0.514 (2016: HK\$0.427).

Taken into account of other comprehensive expense of exchange difference on translation of RMB to presentation currency of HK\$ in the consolidated financial statements, the total comprehensive income attributable to owners of the Company amounted to HK\$87,378,000 (2016: total comprehensive expense of HK\$66,749,000) for the year.

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT (Continued) 主席報告書(續)

股息

董事會議決建議派發末期股息每股港幣3仙(二零一六年:港幣3仙)予於二零一七年十二月二十二日名列本公司股東名冊之所有股東,連同於本年度內已派發予本公司股東之中期股息每股港幣2.5仙,本年度之股息總額將為每股港幣5.5仙。股息單預期將約於二零一八年一月九日寄予各股東,但須持股東在即將於二零一七年十二月八日(星期五)舉行之本公司股東週年大會上通過。

業務回顧

於回顧年度,本集團之經營分類包含中國 大陸之物業租賃及物業銷售。租賃分類乃 位處於北京及上海之投資物業,並為本集 團主要分類資產,均以人民幣結算而且租 金表現平穩,並持續為本集團收入及業績 帶來關鍵及穩固來源。

本集團核心租賃業務之投資物業(為位處 於上海浦東之優質辦公樓及北京朝陽區的 完善購物商場連同停車場)之資產總值合計 為人民幣1,727,800,000元(二零一六年:人 民幣1,646,300,000元),於本年度表現穩步 良好,帶來物業租賃總收入合共為人民幣 89,279,000元 (二零一六年: 人民幣86,270,000 元),相比去年,顯示微升4%。此租賃收 入於財務賬項內總金額為港幣101,762,000 元(二零一六年:港幣103,870,000元),佔 本集團全部(二零一六年:全部)營業額。 此外,該等投資物業之公平值上升總值為 人民幣81,500,000元(二零一六年:人民幣 69,000,000元),換算為港幣92,896,000元(二 零一六年:港幣83,076,000元)。據此,物業 租賃分類業績錄得溢利為人民幣150,118,000 元(二零一六年:人民幣138.623.000元), 相比去年,穩健增長8%,而呈列為港幣 171,108,000元(二零一六年:港幣166,902,000 元)。

DIVIDENDS

The Board has resolved to recommend the payment of a final dividend of 3 Hong Kong cents (2016: 3 Hong Kong cents) per share to the shareholders of the Company whose names appear on the register of members of the Company on 22 December 2017. Together with the interim dividend of 2.5 Hong Kong cents per share which were paid to the shareholders of the Company during the year, the total dividend for the year will amount to a total of 5.5 Hong Kong cents per share. Subject to approval by the shareholders at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company to be held on Friday, 8 December 2017, the warrants for the final dividend are expected to be despatched to those entitled on or about 9 January 2018.

BUSINESS REVIEW

In the year under review, the operating segments of the Group consisted of property rental and property sales in the mainland China. The rental segment of investment properties in Beijing and Shanghai, which was the major segment assets of the Group with modest rental performance denominated in RMB, remained as the key and solid contributor of revenue and results of the Group.

The core rental business of investment properties of the Group, which were quality offices in Pudong in Shanghai and well-established mall together with carparks in Chaoyang District in Beijing with asset value in an aggregate of RMB1,727,800,000 (2016: RMB1,646,300,000), performed steadily in the year with total revenue of property rental of RMB89,279,000 (2016: RMB86,270,000), showing a mild increase of 4% as compared with that of last year. Such rental income presented in the financial statements in the sum of HK\$101,762,000 (2016: HK\$103,870,000) and contributed to all (2016: all) of the total turnover of the Group. Meanwhile, the fair value of these investment properties increased in the total of RMB81,500,000 (2016: RMB69,000,000), translating into HK\$92,896,000 (2016: HK\$83,076,000). As such, the segment results of property rental reported a profit of RMB150,118,000 (2016: RMB138,623,000) with a moderate increment of 8% from that of the last year and depicted in HK\$171,108,000 (2016: HK\$166,902,000).

業務回顧(續)

在北京、儘管在面對網上零售商及新興商場 湧現的強烈競爭下,本集團成熟完備之社區 購物中心(名為「尚街購物中心」)之中檔零 售商戶於年內仍維持高佔用率。商場租賃收 入合計為人民幣29,426,000元(二零一六年: 人民幣30,124,000元),相比去年微跌2%,並 换算為港幣33,541,000元(二零一六年:港幣 36.269.000元), 佔本集團總收入33%(二零一 六年:35%)。於年內,本集團投資物業公 平值升值呈列為港幣2,850,000元(二零一六 年:港幣4.816.000元),顯示升值共為人民 幣2,500,000元(二零一六年:人民幣4,000,000 元)。據此,分類業績(包括物業升值增長 之影響) 錄得溢利為人民幣20.968.000元(二 零一六年:人民幣25.960.000元),相比去年 顯示下調19%,而換算為港幣23,900,000元 (二零一六年:港幣31,255,000元)。

由於本集團僅餘有限住宅單位可供銷售,故「朝陽園」之住宅單位並無(二零一六年:無)銷售收益,從而導致在分類業績產生行政費虧損為港幣173,000元(二零一六年:港幣140,000元)。

在上海,基於國內金融及專業企業於年內 對浦東核心商務區的辦公樓市場需求,故 辦公樓市場仍維持強勁。於年內,本集團 名為「裕景國際商務廣場」的優質辦公樓(位 處於小陸家咀的優越金融區) 在穩健租金 增長下已大致全部佔用。而租金收入總額 為人民幣59.853,000元(二零一六年:人民 幣56,146,000元),相比去年顯示溫和升幅 7%, 該收入換算為港幣68,221,000元(二零 一六年:港幣67,601,000元),並佔本集團總 營業額67%(二零一六年:65%)。該辦公樓 物業公平值已確認升值為人民幣79,000,000 元(二零一六年:人民幣65,000,000元),並 早列為港幣90.046.000元(二零一六年:港幣 78,260,000元。按此,分類業績(包括物業升 值影響)帶來溢利人民幣129,150,000元(二零 一六年:人民幣112,663,000元),相比去年 穩健升幅為15%,並換算為港幣147,208,000 元(二零一六年:港幣135,647,000元)。

BUSINESS REVIEW (Continued)

In Beijing, the well-established community mall of the Group known as "Uptown Mall" with mid-range retailers sustained high occupancy in the year, notwithstanding in the face of strong competition from on-line retailers and emerging malls. The mall rental amounted to RMB29,426,000 (2016: RMB30,124,000), representing a slight drop of 2% as compared with that of the last year. This rental translated into HK\$33,541,000 (2016: HK\$36,269,000) and contributed 33% (2016: 35%) of the total revenue of the Group. The increase in fair value of these investment properties depicted in HK\$2,850,000 (2016: HK\$4,816,000), showing an increase in the sum of RMB2,500,000 (2016: RMB4,000,000) in the year. Consequently, the segment results (including the effect of fair-value appreciation of properties) reported a profit of RMB20,968,000 (2016: RMB25,960,000), showing a drop of 19% from that of the last year and translated into HK\$23,900,000 (2016: HK\$31,255,000).

With limited residential units available for sale by the Group in Beijing, the proceeds from sale of residential units held by the Group at "Chaoyang Garden" were nil (2016: nil), thereby incurring an administrative loss of HK\$173,000 (2016: HK\$140,000) in the segment results.

In Shanghai, office market in core business district in Pudong remained robust due to demand from local financial and professional companies in the year. The quality offices of the Group known as "Eton Place" primely located at prominent financial area of Little Lujiazui were almost taken up in full at moderate rental growth in the year. And the rental revenue amounted to RMB59,853,000 (2016: RMB56,146,000), denoting a moderate increase of 7% from that of the last year. It presented into HK\$68,221,000 (2016: HK\$67,601,000), making up 67% (2016: 65%) of the total turnover of the Group. The fair value of these office properties appreciated in the sum of RMB79,000,000 (2016: RMB65,000,000), depicting in HK\$90,046,000 (2016: HK\$78,260,000). Thereby, the segment results (including the effect of fair-value appreciation of properties) was making a profit of RMB129,150,000 (2016: RMB112,663,000), representing a moderate increment of 15% from the one of the last year and presented into HK\$147,208,000 (2016: HK\$135,647,000).

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT (Continued) 主席報告書(續)

業務回顧(續)

於年內,深圳圳華港灣企業有限公司(「**圳 華**」,本公司持有49%之中外合資經營企業) 持有一幅位處於深圳南山區東角頭的土地 (「土地」,自其經營期屆滿後,已於二零一 六年七月進入強制清算。強制清算是經由 中華人民共和國(「中國」)法院委任之清算 委員會(「**清算委員會**」)執行及由中國法院 監管。

於年內,本集團已在法律顧問的協助下密切監管強制清算程序,並已就圳華對本集團之欠款向清算委員會提出申索(「申索」)。此等申索已經清算委員會審查。與此同時就有關清算事宜及就土地的重新分區、拆選賠償、土地置換及增加可發展面積的提議,本集團仍積極地與清算委員會、相關政府機構及中國合營夥伴共同工作。

依照本集團接獲的中國法律意見,該土地 將會根據中國法律最終經公開拍賣或以其 他適合方式處置,而任何盈餘(經償付所有 相關負債後)將按照合營顆伴雙方權益比例 分派。

由於強制清算圳華所涉及事宜(包括上述事宜)的複雜性,中國法院已接受清算委員會提呈,再進一步延長圳華強制清算六個月之期限至二零一八年一月。

BUSINESS REVIEW (Continued)

During the year, Shenzhen Zhen Wah Harbour Enterprises Ltd. ("Zhen Wah", a sino-foreign equity joint venture in which the Company indirectly holds 49%), which holds a piece of land located in Tung Kok Tau, Nanshan District, Shenzhen ("Land"), entered into compulsory liquidation in July 2016 after the expiry of its operation period. The compulsory liquidation is conducted by a liquidation committee ("Liquidation Committee") appointed by the court of the People's Republic of China (the "PRC") and under the supervision of the PRC court.

In the year, the Group has been closely monitoring the liquidation proceedings with the assistance of its legal advisers and has filed with the Liquidation Committee claims for debts owed by Zhen Wah to the Group ("Claims"). The Claims have been under review by the Liquidation Committee. Meanwhile, the Group continued to work actively with the Liquidation Committee, relevant official authorities and Chinese joint venture partner regarding the liquidation and a proposal for re-zoning, compensation for demolition, relocation and increase of gross developable area of the Land.

Based on PRC legal advice received by the Group, the Land will eventually be sold by way of public auction or disposed of by other applicable means in accordance with PRC laws, and any surplus (after settlement of all relevant liabilities) will be distributed to the joint venture partners in accordance with their equity contributions.

Due to complexity of issues involved in the liquidation of Zhen Wah including the aforesaid matters, the PRC court has accepted the application lodged by the Liquidation Committee to further extend the period of compulsory liquidation of Zhen Wah for six months up to January 2018.

In addition, based on recent PRC legal advice and to further strive for the best interests of the Group, the Group lodged an application for international arbitration with South China International Economic and Trade Arbitration Commission ("Arbitration Commission") in June 2017 to determine the precise entitlement of the Group regarding rent, income and profit generated from the Land, pursuant to a shareholders' agreement entered into between the Group and the Chinese joint venture partner on 20 December 1996 in relation to Zhen Wah. The arbitral application has been accepted by Arbitration Commission in August 2017, and further announcement on the progress and/or result of the arbitration will be made as and when appropriate. Irrespective of the result of the arbitral proceedings between the Group and the Chinese joint venture partner, Zhen Wah will still be wound up in the liquidation process in due course.

財務回顧

資本架構

本集團之財務狀況維持良好及資金流動充 裕。於回顧年度內,本集團融資及財務政策 均以企業層面且審慎態度管理及控制,以 有效地利用集團資金及管理財務風險。於 二零一七年六月三十日,本公司擁有人應 佔權益合共為港幣1,978,078,000元(二零一六 年:港幣1,902,346,000元),而每股資產淨值 為港幣8.79元(二零一六年:港幣8.48元), 本集團有抵押及無抵押之銀行借貸總額合 共為約港幣143,290,000元(二零一六年:港 幣149,593,000元),均為港幣及以浮動利率 基準計算而須於三年內償還。於二零一七年 六月三十日,本集團負債比率約為7%(二零 一六年:8%),該比率乃按本集團負債總值 相對本公司擁有人應佔權益計算。在本年 度內,人民幣兑換港幣的匯率波動風險對 本集團之影響產生淨兑換虧損港幣2,422,000 元(二零一六年:港幣12,785,000元),且於 本年度內概未為對沖目的而採用金融工具。 與此同時,人民幣之波動可能影響本集團 財務表現及狀況,而本集團將會繼續評估 及減低其負面影響。

財政資源及資金流動性

於回顧年度內,上海及北京投資物業租金收入已為本集團帶來充裕現金流量。於二零一七年六月三十日,本集團銀行定期銀行結餘及現金主要為人民幣,總幣為港幣258,278,000元(二零一六年:港幣244,719,000元)。本集團有充裕現金流量,而於二零一七年六月三十日維持尚未動用信貸額合共港幣15,000,000元(二零一六年:港幣11,000,000元),作為流動資金,並以浮動利率計算。

資產抵押及或然負債

於二零一七年六月三十日,本集團為獲得財 務機構的一般性銀行融資,已抵押賬面價 值合共為港幣882,569,000元(二零一六年: 港幣835,410,000元)的物業,轉讓予銀行該 物業所得租金收入及出售款項且抵押本公 司一間全資附屬公司的股份,並已將若干銀 行存款港幣4,610,000元(二零一六年:港幣 14,249,000元) 向銀行作出抵押,作為銀行融 資及本集團房地產項目的住房買家獲授予 住房貸款提供擔保。於呈報期末,本集團已 為於北京住宅項目的住房買家提供銀行住 房貸款擔保。於二零一七年六月三十日,本 集團提供該等擔保住房貸款為港幣2,959,000 元(二零一六年:港幣8,800,000元)。本公司 董事認為由於該等財務擔保合同之借貸比 率 為 低 , 故 有 關 財 務 擔 保 合 同 之 首 次 確 認 及於呈報期末之公平值並不重大。

FINANCIAL REVIEW

Capital Structure

The financial position of the Group remains sound and liquid. During the year under review, the financing and treasury policies of the Group were managed and controlled at the corporate level and prudent manner, to utilise the group funding and to manage the financial risks effectively. At 30 June 2017, the equity attributable to its owners amounted to HK\$1,978,078,000 (2016: HK\$1,902,346,000) with net asset value per share of HK\$8.79 (2016: HK\$8.48). Total unsecured and secured bank borrowings of the Group amounted to about HK\$143,290,000 (2016: HK\$149,593,000), which were in Hong Kong dollars and repayable within three years on floating rate basis. As at 30 June 2017, the gearing ratio of the Group was 7% (2016: 8%) based on the total debt of the Group to its equity attributable to owners of the Company. The exposure to foreign currency fluctuations of RMB against HK\$ affected the Group in the year resulting in net exchange loss of HK\$2,422,000 (2016: HK\$12,785,000) and no financial instruments were used for hedging purpose in the year. Meanwhile, the fluctuation of RMB may affect the financial performance and position of the Group, which the Group will continue to assess and minimise the adverse impact.

Financial Resources and Liquidity

In the year under review, there was sufficient cashflow as generated by rental revenue of investment properties in Shanghai and Beijing. As at 30 June 2017, the Group's fixed bank deposits and bank balance and cash stood at HK\$258,278,000 (2016: HK\$244,719,000), denominated primarily in RMB. With sufficient cashflow, the Group maintained an un-utilised credit facilities of HK\$15,000,000 (2016: HK\$11,000,000) as working capital at floating interest rate as at 30 June 2017.

Pledge of Assets and Contingent Liabilities

As at 30 June 2017, the Group pledged its properties with a total carrying value of HK\$882,569,000 (2016: HK\$835,410,000), an assignment of rental and sale proceeds from such properties and a charge over shares in respect of a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company to financial institution as security against general banking facilities granted to the Group, and also pledged certain of its bank deposits in the sum of HK\$4,610,000 (2016: HK\$14,249,000) to banks to secure banking facilities and home loans granted to the home buyers of property project of the Group. As at the end of the reporting period, the Group provided guarantees in respect of settlement of home loans provided by banks to the home buyers of a property project in Beijing. As at 30 June 2017, the Group provided guarantees in respect of such home loans of HK\$2,959,000 (2016: HK\$8,800,000). The Directors of the Company consider that the fair values of these financial guarantee contracts at their initial recognition and at the end of the reporting period are insignificant on the basis of the low loan ratio.

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT (Continued) 主席報告書(續)

展望

預期在採取官方貨幣政策以穩定人民幣匯率及國內投資下,中國國內經濟將會繼續以平穩步伐增長,而官方國家發展的高端服務業及重點關注國內消費,亦將持續支援辦公樓及零售業的租賃需求。

在上海,預期金融業及專業行業將持續穩 定承接以浦東作為金融樞紐的辦公樓市場。 然而隨着優質辦公樓供應的湧入及辦公樓 次市場的分散,將會限制租金增長。本集團 將會採取具競爭性租賃策略,以維持高佔 用率及固定經常性收入。

鑒於土地基建的不斷優化及周邊地帶的整體提升,本集團將持續積極維護本集團 明華(作為本集團一項重要投資項目)的實 佳利益。本集團將會持續採取最佳可最 措施及權宜行動,包括但不限於上述仲中裁 務求維護本集團在圳華的利益。然而所 明華清算所涉及事宜紛繁複雜,不僅及 中國法院;而且也涉及多個官方機構內會 地有關聯方。就此,概不能保証清算不會遭 受到重大延遲、反對、阻礙以及就圳華及/ 或其資產有進一步爭議及訴訟。

PROSPECTS

It is anticipated that the local economy of China will continue to grow in steady pace and that the official monetary policy will stabilise exchange rate of RMB and local investments, whereas the official national development of high-end service industry and focus on domestic consumption will sustain leasing demand of office and retail sectors.

In Beijing, strong competition from online retailers and increasing supply of retail space will put pressure on retail rental. However, it is expected that the burgeoning middle-class with growing disposable income and expenditure per capita will sustain mid-range and massmarket retailers. In order to maintain high occupancy rate and constant revenue to the Group, the Group will endeavor to proactively enhance leasing and marketing strategies, emphasising an experience-focused brand mix and outlet stores in response to the shifting consumption trends.

In Shanghai, it is expected that take-up of office market will remain stable in Pudong as financial hub and bolstered by demand from financial and professional sectors. But the rental growth will be constrained due to influx of premier office supply and decentralisation of office submarkets. To sustain high occupancy rate and steady recurring revenue, the Group will continue to adopt competitive rental strategies.

The Group will continue to act proactively for safeguarding the best interests of the Group in Zhen Wah as an important investment of the Group in view of the improving infrastructure and upgrading surrounding area of the Land. It will continue to adopt the best available measures and take expedient actions, including but not limited to the abovementioned arbitration, with a view to protecting the Group's interests in Zhen Wah. However, the issues involved in liquidation of Zhen Wah are complex and sophisticated, involving not only the PRC court but also various governmental authorities and other related parties. There is no assurance that the liquidation may not be subject to significant delay, oppositions, obstructions and further dispute or litigation with respect to the matters of Zhen Wah and/or its assets.

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT (Continued) 主席報告書(續)

致意

董事會就於本年度內本集團各股東、來往 銀行、客戶、供應商及其他人士對本集團作 出極為寶貴的支持;以及全體職員對本集 團的重大貢獻,謹此深表謝意。

APPRECIATION

The Board of Directors would like to thank the shareholders, bankers, customers, suppliers of the Group and others who have extended their invaluable support to the Group and all staff of the Group for their considerable contributions to the Group in the year.

主席

陳永涵

香港,二零一七年九月二十九日

TAN Harry Chua

Chairman

Hong Kong, 29 September 2017

PROFILE OF MANAGEMENT 管理人員簡介

根據香港聯合交易所有限公司證券上市規則(「**上市規則**」)規定,每位董事的簡介及按上市規則第13.51B(1)條董事的最新資料(如有)如下:

董事

執行董事

陳永涵先生,現年71歲,於二零一三年獲提 名為董事會主席,並自二零零九年獲委任為 本公司執行董事。彼自二零一三年亦獲委 任為董事會提名委員會的成員及主席以及 董事會薪酬委員會成員。彼主要負責本集 團整體策略性領導及方向。彼具有逾45年之 資深管理經驗,專門從事房地產、銀行、酒 店、啤酒、航空及證券。彼於香港、中國大 陸及菲律賓多間公司出任董事職位,包括但 不限於公眾公司LT Group, Inc. (「LT集團」), 該公司之證券於菲律賓證券交易所(「非律 賓交易所」)上市。此外,彼先前為於菲律 賓交易所其他上市公司PAL Holdings, Inc. (「非律賓航空控股」)、MacroAsia Corporation (「MacroAsia」) 及Philippine National Bank (「非律賓國家銀行」) 之董事。彼持有化學 工程學士學位。彼與本公司其他執行董事 關係為:陳永杰博士之兄弟;以及陳俊望先 生、陳俊禮先生、黃正順先生及蔡育實先生 之叔父。

陳永杰博士,現年68歲,於二零零六年獲委 任為本公司行政總裁及執行董事。彼負責 本集團整體表現。彼亦為董事會薪酬委員 會及提名委員會的成員,以及本公資行 理經驗,專門從事房地產及銀行。過往(「 解」)和Oceanic Bank(在三藩市州立高 程))和Oceanic Bank(在三藩市州立商 不)之行政總裁;及新聯銀行(香港)有限 司(「新聯」)(在香港有限制牌照銀行)之 司(「新聯」)(在香港有限制牌照銀行) 主席。彼持有應用科學學士學位、工本公司 其他執行董事關係為:陳永涵先生之兄弟 以及陳俊望先生、陳俊禮先生、黃正順先生 及蔡育實先生之叔父。 The brief biographical details of each Director under the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules") and updated information (if any) on Directors pursuant to rule 13.51B(1) of the Listing Rules are as follows:

DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

Mr. TAN Harry Chua, aged 71, is the Chairman of the Board nominated in 2013 and has been appointed as an Executive Director of the Company since 2009. He is also a member and the chairman of nomination committee of the Board and a member of remuneration committee of the Board since 2013. He is primarily responsible for overall strategic leadership and direction of the Group. He has over 45 years of senior managerial experience specialising in real estate, banking, hotel, brewery, airline and security. He holds directorships in various companies in Hong Kong, mainland China and the Philippines including but not limited to a public company, LT Group, Inc. ("LT Group"), securities of which are listed on The Philippine Stock Exchange, Inc. ("PSE"). Besides, he previously was directors of other public companies listed on the PSE, PAL Holdings, Inc. ("PAL"), MacroAsia Corporation ("MacroAsia") and Philippine National Bank ("PNB"). He holds a bachelor degree in chemical engineering. He is related to other Executive Directors of the Company being brother of Dr. CHAN Wing Kit, Frank; uncle of Mr. TAN Lucio Jr. Khao, Mr. TAN Michael Gonzales, Mr. PASCUAL Ramon Sy and Mr. CHUA Joseph Tan.

Dr. CHAN Wing Kit, Frank, aged 68, is the Chief Executive Officer and Executive Director of the Company as appointed in 2006. He is responsible for overall performance of the Group. He is also members of the remuneration committee and nomination committee of the Board as well as directors of most subsidiaries of the Company. He has over 31 years of senior managerial experience specialising in real estate and banking. Over the years, he held senior positions as the chief executive officers of Eton Properties (Holdings) Limited ("Eton") in Hong Kong and Oceanic Bank, a state chartered commercial bank in San Francisco and vice chairman of Allied Banking Corporation (Hong Kong) Limited ("Allied"), a restricted licensed bank in Hong Kong. He holds a bachelor degree in applied science, a master degree in business administration and an honorary doctorate in humane letters. He is related to other Executive Directors of the Company being brother of Mr. TAN Harry Chua; uncle of Mr. TAN Lucio Jr. Khao, Mr. TAN Michael Gonzales, Mr. PASCUAL Ramon Sy and Mr. CHUA Joseph Tan.

董事(續)

執行董事(續)

陳俊望先生,現年51歲,於一九九七年獲 委任為本公司執行董事。彼負責本集團業 務發展、投資及管理。彼亦為本公司一間 中華人民共和國(「中國」)附屬公司的董 事。彼擁有約26年之資深管理經驗,專門 從事房地產、銀行、酒店、啤酒、航空、 製煉及證券。彼在LT集團、菲律賓國家銀 行、菲律賓航空控股、MacroAsia及Victorias Milling Company, Inc. (「Victorias」) 其他上 市公司出任董事職位,該等公司之證券均 於菲律賓交易所上市。彼並於菲律賓出任 Tanduay Distillers, Inc.之總裁及董事,以及 Eton Properties Philippines, Inc.之總裁及行政總 裁。彼亦曾於香港、中國大陸及菲律賓多間 公司擔任董事/高級行政職務。彼持有行政 人員工商管理碩士課程之碩士學位,亦持 有土木工程學士學位。彼與其他執行董事 關係為:陳永涵先生及陳永杰博士之侄兒; 陳俊禮先生之異母兄弟; 以及黃正順先生 及蔡育實先生之內兄弟。

陳俊禮先生,現年51歲,於二零一三年獲委 任為本公司執行董事。彼負責本集團業務 發展、投資及管理。彼亦為本公司一間中國 附屬公司的董事。彼具有逾24年之資深管 理經驗,專門從事房地產、銀行、酒店、航 空、製煉及啤酒。彼於不同機構擔任多項高 級職務,現為LT集團的總裁及董事,且於 香港、中國大陸及菲律賓多間公司以及在 菲律賓航空控股、MacroAsia, Victorias及菲律 賓國家銀行其他上市公司出任董事。彼於 較早前曾擔任菲華青年企業家商會的主席, 而現時為菲華商聯總會(「非華商會」)的副 總裁。彼持有土木工程的應用科學學士學 位。彼與本公司其他執行董事關係為:陳永 涵 先 生 及 陳 永 杰 博 士 之 侄 兒 ; 陳 俊 望 先 生 之異母兄弟; 以及黄正順先生及蔡育實先 生之內兄弟。

DIRECTORS (Continued)

Executive Directors (Continued)

Mr. TAN Lucio Jr. Khao, aged 51, is an Executive Director of the Company as appointed in 1997. He is in charge of business development, investment and management of the Group. He is also a director of a subsidiary of the Company in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC"). He has about 26 years of senior managerial experience specialising in real estate, banking, hotel, brewery, airline, milling and security. He holds directorships in other listed companies, LT Group, PNB, PAL, MacroAsia and Victorias Milling Company, Inc. ("Victorias"), securities of which are all listed on PSE. And he is the president and director of Tanduay Distillers, Inc. as well as the president and chief executive officer of Eton Properties Philippines, Inc. in the Philippines. He has held directors/senior executive positions in various companies in Hong Kong, mainland China and the Philippines. He holds a master degree in executive master of business and administration program as well as a bachelor degree in civil engineering. He is related to other Executive Directors of the Company being nephew of Mr. TAN Harry Chua and Dr. CHAN Wing Kit, Frank; half-brother of Mr. TAN Michael Gonzales; and brother-in-law of Mr. PASCUAL Ramon Sy and Mr. CHUA Joseph

Mr. TAN Michael Gonzales, aged 51, is an Executive Director of the Company as appointed in 2013. He is in charge of business development, investment and management of the Group. He is also a director of a subsidiary of the Company in the PRC. He has over 24 years of senior managerial experience specialising in real estate, banking, hotel, airline, milling and brewery. He holds a number of senior positions in various organisations and is the president and director of LT Group, and is directors of various companies in Hong Kong, mainland China and the Philippines as well as other listed companies, PAL, MacroAsia, Victorias and PNB. He previously was the chairman of The Association of Young Filipino-Chinese Entrepreneurs and is currently the vice president of Federation of Filipino-Chinese Chambers of Commerce and Industry, Inc. ("FFCCCI"). He holds a bachelor degree of applied science in civil engineering. He is related to other Executive Directors of the Company, being the nephew of Mr. TAN Harry Chua and Dr. CHAN Wing Kit, Frank; the half-brother of Mr. TAN Lucio Jr. Khao; and brother-in-law of Mr. PASCUAL Ramon Sy and Mr. CHUA Joseph

Mr. PASCUAL Ramon Sy, aged 58, is an Executive Director of the Company as appointed in 2006. He is in charge of business development, investment and management of the Group. He is also a director of a subsidiary of the Company in the PRC. He has over 35 years of senior managerial experience specialising in real estate and manufacturing. He currently holds a senior executive position in Eton, and serves as directors in several companies engaging businesses of real estate, manufacturing and logistics in mainland China, Hong Kong and the Philippines. He holds a bachelor degree in economics. He is related to several Executive Directors, being married to the niece of two other Executive Directors of the Company, namely, Mr. TAN Harry Chua and Dr. CHAN Wing Kit, Frank; and brother-in-law of Mr. TAN Lucio Jr. Khao, Mr. TAN Michael Gonzales and Mr. CHUA Joseph Tan.

PROFILE OF MANAGEMENT (Continued) 管理人員簡介(續)

董事(續)

執行董事(續)

蔡育實先生,現年61歲,於二零一六年獲 委任為本公司執行董事。彼負責本集團業 務發展、投資及管理。彼具有逾31年之資 深管理經驗,專門從事房地產、銀行、航 空、礦業、保險及管理業務。蔡先生於多 間機構擔任多項高級職務, 且於多間上市 公司出任董事職務,彼為LT集團、菲律賓 航空控股、菲律賓國家銀行及MacroAsia之 董事,該等公司之證券均在菲律賓交易所 上市。彼亦為PNB General Insurers Co., Inc.及 Eton Properties Philippines, Inc.之 董 事。 彼 為 Management Association of the Philippines (菲 律 賓管理協會)、Philippine Chamber of Commerce and Industry (菲律賓工商商會)、Chamber of Mines of the Philippines (菲律賓礦業商會)及 German-Philippine Chamber of Commerce and Industry(德國一菲律賓工商商會)之成員。 彼持有經濟學文學學士學位及工商管理理 學學士學位;以及工商管理及國際金融碩 士學位。彼與本公司其他執行董事關係為: 陳永涵先生及陳永杰博士之姪女婿; 陳俊 望先生及陳俊禮先生之姐夫;以及黃正順 先生之內兄弟。

趙少鴻先生,現年59歲,於二零零七年獲委任為本公司執行董事。彼亦為本集團之財務總監,以及本公司大部分附屬公司的董事。彼持有工商管理碩士學位,並具有逾34年之資深管理經驗,專門從事於香港及中國大陸房地產、會計及財務界。彼於一九九三年加入本集團前,曾於主要會計師行服務;及於多間香港地產公司擔任不同之高級會計職位。

獨立非執行董事

莊劍青先生,現年66歲,於一九九四年獲委任為本公司獨立非執行董事。彼亦為董事會審核委員會及薪酬委員會的主席以及提名委員會成員。彼是珠寶業資深人士,具有逾45年珠寶業務資深管理經驗,彼現正管理多間於香港及東南亞國家從事鑽石貿易、珠寶製造、批發及出口業務之公司。現時彼亦為新聯之獨立非執行董事。

DIRECTORS (Continued)

Executive Directors (Continued)

Mr. CHUA Joseph Tan, aged 61, is an Executive Director of the Company as appointed in 2016. He is in charge of business development, investment and management of the Group. He has over 31 years of senior managerial experience specialising in real estate, banking, airline, mining, insurance and general management. Mr. CHUA holds a number of senior positions in various organisations, and holds directorships in several listed companies, LT Group, PAL, PNB and MacroAsia, securities of which are all listed on PSE. He is also a director of PNB General Insurers Co., Inc. and Eton Properties Philippines, Inc. He is a member of the Management Association of the Philippines, Philippine Chamber of Commerce and Industry, Chamber of Mines of the Philippines and German-Philippine Chamber of Commerce and Industry. He holds a bachelor of arts in economics, a bachelor of science in business management and masters of business administration and international finance. He is related to several Executive Directors, being married to the niece of Mr. TAN Harry Chua and Dr. CHAN Wing Kit, Frank; and is the brother-in-law of Mr. TAN Lucio Jr. Khao, Mr. TAN Michael Gonzales and Mr. PASCUAL Ramon Sy.

Mr. CHIU Siu Hung, Allan, aged 59, is an Executive Director of the Company as appointed in 2007. He is also the financial controller of the Group and directors of most subsidiaries of the Company. He holds a master degree in business administration and has over 34 years of senior managerial experience specialising in the field of real estate, accounting and finance in Hong Kong and mainland China. Prior to joining the Group in 1993, he worked at a major accounting firm and held various senior accounting positions in property companies in Hong Kong.

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. CHONG Kim Chan, Kenneth, aged 66, is an Independent Non-executive Director of the Company as appointed in 1994. He is also the chairman of both audit committee and remuneration committee, as well as a member of nomination committee of the Board. He is a veteran in the jewellery business in which he has over 45 years of senior managerial experience. He is managing a number of companies engaged in diamond trading, jewellery manufacturing, wholesaling and exports activities in Hong Kong and South East Asian countries. Currently, he also serves as an independent non-executive director of Allied.

董事(續)

獨立非執行董事(續)

SY Robin Chua博士,現年82歲,於一九九四年獲委任為本公司獨立非執行董事。彼事事會審核委員會、薪酬委員會及提名委員會的成員。彼為菲律賓一間從事船務船主Asian Shipping Corporation之總裁及LT集團之獨立董事,該公司之證券於菲律賓交易所上市。彼亦為一名律師及菲華商會的名譽理事長,並於菲律賓多間公司擔任高級行政職務,該等公司從事造船、修理業務及重型建造器械貿易。

GO Patrick Lim先生,現年59歲,於二零一三年獲委任為本公司獨立非執行董事,彼亦為董事會審核委員會成員。彼為Paramount Life & General Insurance Corporation之行政總裁,亦為新聯之獨立非執行董事。彼具有逾29年之資深管理經驗,專門從事企業財務及私募/公共股權,並曾於瑞士信貸第一波士頓、美國銀行(亞洲)有限公司及美國信孚銀行出任職務。彼亦為於新加坡之世界總裁協會以及新加坡董事學會之成員學中學位及工商管理碩士學位。彼曾在Del Monte Pacific Limited(在新加坡聯合交易所上市)出任董事職位,且曾為Pancake House Inc. (在菲律賓交易所上市)之獨立董事。

TAN Kenway Hao先生,現年54歲,於二零一六年獲委任為本公司獨立非執行董事。彼具有多年之資深管理經驗,專門從事於菲律賓房地產及酒店業務,並參與於中國房地產業務。彼現正於菲律賓管理一間酒店,並為Manila Chinatown Development Council (馬尼拉唐人街發展理事會)的一位成員。

DIRECTORS (Continued)

Independent Non-executive Directors (Continued)

Dr. SY Robin Chua, aged 82, is an Independent Non-executive Director of the Company as appointed in 1994. He is also members of audit committee, remuneration committee and nomination committee of the Board. He is the president of Asian Shipping Corporation, a shipowner engaged in shipping business in the Philippines and an independent director of LT Group, securities of which are listed on PSE. He is also a lawyer and honorary president of FFCCCI. He holds senior executive positions in some companies engaged in shipbuilding and repairing business as well as heavy construction equipment trading field in the Philippines.

Dr. FOK Kam Chu, John, aged 67, is an Independent Non-executive Director of the Company as appointed in 2010. He is also members of audit committee, remuneration committee and nomination committee of the Board. He has over 46 years of senior managerial experience specialising in banking business. Currently, he also serves as an independent non-executive director of Allied. He holds doctor of philosophy in corporate management, a master degree in business administration and a bachelor degree in laws. He is an associate of the Institute of Financial Accountants in United Kingdom, registered financial planner of the Society of Registered Financial Planner in Hong Kong and in mainland China as well as certified risk planner of The Institute of Crisis and Risk Management in Hong Kong.

Mr. GO Patrick Lim, aged 59, is an Independent Non-executive Director of the Company as appointed in 2013. He is also a member of audit committee of the Board. He is the chief executive officer of Paramount Life & General Insurance Corporation and also serves as an independent non-executive director of Allied. He has over 29 years of senior managerial experience specialising in corporate finance and private/public equity having worked for Credit Suisse First Boston, Bank of America Asia Limited and Bankers Trust Company. He is also a member of World Presidents Organisation in Singapore and a member of Singapore Institute of Directors. He holds a bachelor's degree in economics and a master degree in business administration. He was formerly a director of Del Monte Pacific Limited, which is listed on Singapore Exchange Limited and independent director of Pancake House Inc., which is listed on the PSE.

Mr. TAN Kenway Hao, aged 54, is an Independent Non-executive Director of the Company as appointed in 2016. He has years of senior managerial experience specialising in the real estate and hotel industry in the Philippines and engaging in real estate industry in the PRC. He is currently managing a hotel in the Philippines and is a member of Manila Chinatown Development Council.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

企業管治報告書

企業管治常規

達力集團有限公司(「本公司」)董事會(「董事會」)及管理層致力制定及維持良好的企業管治常規及程序。本公司的企業管治原則著重有效的董事會、審慎的風險管理及內部監控系統,以及對其相關持份者(包括股東、客戶、供應商、僱員及公眾)的透明度及問責性。

截至二零一七年六月三十日止之回顧財政 年度內,本公司董事會及管理層不時參照 本地及國際最佳常規,持續檢討及提升本 公司企業管治常規。董事會深信在其努力 不懈提升本公司企業管治的常規下,已對 本公司及其附屬公司(「本集團」)過往年度 業務增長持續作出貢獻。

截至二零一七年六月三十日止年度內,本公司已應用及遵守載列於香港聯合交易所有限公司(「**聯交所**」) 證券上市規則(「**上市規則**」) 附錄十四(經不時修訂)內企業管治守則(「**管治守則**」) 之原則及守則條文,並於適當時履行管治守則所建議之最佳常規,目的為保障本公司及其股東之利益。

本公司亦已制定內部企業管治守則(合規指引)(「**內部管治守則**」),其內容與管治守則一致,並已根據上市規則有關修訂而不時修改。內部管治守則致力促進管治守則之司等,並向本公司董事(「董事」)和本公司高續檢討本公司企業管治常規和程序,以確保管治守則獲得遵守及提升其常規和程序。

董事之證券交易

本公司已採納與上市規則附錄十所載條款相同的董事進行證券交易標準守則(經不時修訂)(「標準守則」)。經向所有董事作出特定查詢後,每名董事已向本公司確認,彼於截至二零一七年六月三十日止整年度已遵守標準守則條文列明的所需標準。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

The Board of Directors (the "Board") and management of Dynamic Holdings Limited (the "Company") strive to establish and uphold good practices and procedures on corporate governance. The corporate governance principles of the Company emphasis an effective Board, prudent risk management and internal control systems, transparency and accountability to its stakeholders including shareholders, customers, suppliers, employees and the public.

During the year ended 30 June 2017, being the financial year under review, the Board and the management of the Company have been continually reviewing and enhancing the corporate governance practices of the Company with reference to local and international best practices from time to time. The Board believes that its continued efforts in enhancing the Company's corporate governance practices have contributed to sustain the business growth of the Company and its subsidiaries (the "**Group**") in the past years.

For the year ended 30 June 2017, the Company has applied the principles and adhered to the code provisions as set out in the Corporate Governance Code (the "CG Code") in Appendix 14 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities (the "Listing Rules") on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") as amended from time to time and where appropriate, met the recommended best practices in the CG Code with an aim to safeguard the interests of the Company and its shareholders.

The Company has also established an internal corporate governance code (compliance guide) (the "Internal CG Code"), the contents of which are in line with the CG Code as revised from time to time according to the relevant amendments to the Listing Rules. The Internal CG Code aims to facilitate compliance with the CG Code and to give guidance to Directors of the Company (the "Directors") and the senior management of the Company in this respect. The Board will continue to monitor and review the corporate governance practices and procedures of the Company to ensure compliance with the CG Code and to enhance its practices and procedures.

DIRECTORS' SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has adopted a code for securities transactions by Directors on the same terms as set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules as amended from time to time (the "Model Code"). Having made specific enquiry of all Directors, each Director has confirmed to the Company that he has complied with the required standard set out in the Model Code throughout the year ended 30 June 2017.

董事會

組成

董事會目前由七名執行董事(「執行董事」) 及五名獨立非執行董事(「獨立非執行董事」) 組成。截至二零一七年六月三十日止年度 內及於二零一七年九月二十九日,董事會 成員如下:

陳永涵先生 陳永杰博士	(主席及執行董事) (行政總裁及 執行董事)
陳俊望先生 陳俊禮先生 黃正順先生 養育先生 趙少鴻先生 莊劍青先生 SY Robin Chua博士 霍錦柱博士	(執行董事) (執行董事) (執行董事) (執行董事) (執行董事) (親行董事) (獨立非執行董事) (獨立非執行董事) (獨立非執行董事)
GO Patrick Lim先生 TAN Kenway Hao先生	(獨立非執行董事) (獨立非執行董事)

本公司目前有五名獨立非執行董事,代表 逾三分之一董事會,而其中多於一名具備 適當專業資格或會計或有關財務管理專長。

責任及問責

董事會負責為本集團制訂整體策略發展及 指引,訂立業務目標及發展計劃,監察業務 及高級管理人員表現,以確保本集團良好 的企業管治,同時監察本集團業務經營之 財務表現、內部監控及風險管理。執行董事 負責本集團之經營運作及管理,以及履行 董事會所採納之策略。

本集團之日常經營則授權予管理層管理, 而各部門主管負責本集團不同範疇之業務 及職能。獨立非執行董事透過彼等在董事 會會議及董事會之委員會會議上提供就本 集團的發展、表現、內部監控、企業管治及 風險管理方面獨立判斷的有關職能。

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Composition

The Board currently comprises seven executive Directors (the "Executive Directors") and five independent non-executive Directors (the "Independent Non-executive Directors"). The members of the Board during the year ended 30 June 2017 and as at 29 September 2017 are as follows:

Mr. TAN Harry Chua	(Chairman and Executive Director)
Dr. CHAN Wing Kit, Frank	(Chief Executive Officer and Executive
	Director)
Mr. TAN Lucio Jr. Khao	(Executive Director)
Mr. TAN Michael Gonzales	(Executive Director)
Mr. PASCUAL Ramon Sy	(Executive Director)
Mr. CHUA Joseph Tan	(Executive Director)
Mr. CHIU Siu Hung, Allan	(Executive Director)
Mr. CHONG Kim Chan, Kenneth	(Independent Non-executive Director)
Dr. SY Robin Chua	(Independent Non-executive Director)
Dr. FOK Kam Chu, John	(Independent Non-executive Director)
Mr. GO Patrick Lim	(Independent Non-executive Director)
Mr. TAN Kenway Hao	(Independent Non-executive Director)

Currently, the Company has five Independent Non-executive Directors representing more than one-third of the Board and more than one of them have appropriate professional qualifications or accounting or related financial management expertise.

Responsibilities and Accountabilities

The Board is responsible for establishing the overall strategic development and direction, setting business objectives and development plans, monitoring the performance of the business and senior management, and ensuring sound corporate governance of the Group. It also monitors the financial performance, the internal controls and risk management of the Group's business operations. Executive Directors are responsible for running and managing the operations of the Group and executing the strategies adopted by the Board.

The day-to-day operations of the Group are delegated to the management with departmental heads responsible for different aspects of the business and functions of the Group. The Independent Non-executive Directors serve the function of bringing independent judgment on the development, performance, internal controls, corporate governance and risk management of the Group through their contributions in the meetings of the Board and committees of the Board.

董事會(續)

責任及問責(續)

截至二零一七年六月三十日止年度內,本公司共舉行了六次董事會會議(包括約每季舉行定期董事會會議)及一次股東週年大會。 於本年度內董事出席該等定期董事會會議 及股東大會的詳情如下:

董事	出席次數/ 應出席 董事會 會議數目	出席次數/ 應出席 股東大會 數目
陳永涵先生	6/6	1/1
陳永杰博士	6/6	0/1
陳俊望先生	6/6	0/1
陳俊禮先生	6/6	0/1
黄正順先生	6/6	1/1
蔡育實先生	6/6	0/1
趙少鴻先生	6/6	1/1
莊劍青先生	6/6	1/1
SY Robin Chua博士	6/6	0/1
霍錦柱博士	6/6	1/1
GO Patrick Lim先生	6/6	1/1
TAN Kenway Hao 先生	6/6	1/1

培訓及發展

每名新委任的董事(如有)於首次被委任時會獲得就職介紹,以確保彼對本集團的業務及經營有適當的認知,且充分明瞭上市規則及有關法定規定的董事責任及義務。

BOARD OF DIRECTORS (Continued)

Responsibilities and Accountabilities (Continued)

During the year ended 30 June 2017, the Company held a total of six Board meetings including regular board meetings at approximately quarterly intervals and an annual general meeting. Details of Directors' attendance record of such regular Board meetings and general meeting during the year are as follows:

Directors	Attendance/ Nos. of Board meetings to be attended	Attendance/ No. of general meeting(s) to be attended
Mr. TAN Harry Chua	6/6	1/1
Dr. CHAN Wing Kit, Frank	6/6	0/1
Mr. TAN Lucio Jr. Khao	6/6	0/1
Mr. TAN Michael Gonzales	6/6	0/1
Mr. PASCUAL Ramon Sy	6/6	1/1
Mr. CHUA Joseph Tan	6/6	0/1
Mr. CHIU Siu Hung, Allan	6/6	1/1
Mr. CHONG Kim Chan, Kenneth	6/6	1/1
Dr. SY Robin Chua	6/6	0/1
Dr. FOK Kam Chu, John	6/6	1/1
Mr. GO Patrick Lim	6/6	1/1
Mr. TAN Kenway Hao	6/6	1/1

Training and Development

For training and continuing professional development of Directors, the Company provides relevant information and publications to all Directors on a regular basis to keep them abreast of the latest changes and development in the industry, commercial, legal, statutory and regulatory environment in which the Group conducts its business, and to refresh their knowledge and skills on the roles, functions and duties of a Director of a listed company to ensure that the Directors' contribution to the Board remains informed and relevant. The Company also updates Directors from time to time on the latest developments regarding the Listing Rules and other applicable regulatory requirements to ensure compliance and enhance their awareness of good corporate governance practices. In addition, all Directors are encouraged to attend external forums or training courses on relevant topics for their continuous professional development. There are arrangements in place for Directors to obtain continuing professional development at the Company's expense whenever necessary.

Each newly appointed Director (if any) receives induction on the first occasion of his/her appointment to ensure appropriate understanding of the business and operations of the Group and full awareness of Director's responsibilities and obligations under the Listing Rules and relevant statutory requirements.

董事會(續)

培訓及發展(續)

根據有關董事培訓及持續專業發展之管治守則的守則條文第A.6.5條所載,全體董事(陳永涵先生、陳永杰博士、陳俊望先生、陳俊禮先生、黃正順先生、蔡育實先生、趙少鴻先生、莊劍青先生、SY Robin Chua博士、霍錦柱博士、GO Patrick Lim先生及TAN Kenway Hao先生),均已參與上述培訓活動,其中包括公司內部簡報、午餐座談、培訓課程及/或專題研討會、自我進修及提供予內部員工之輔導和指導。每名董事已向本公司提供於本年度內的培訓記錄。

主席及行政總裁

本公司主席(「**主席**」)及行政總裁(「**行政總** 裁」)的角色及職責有清楚區分,並分別的 有色及職責有清楚區分,並分別的 有。主席陳永涵先生提供領導及根據良 企業管治常規負責推使董事會的有效運作, 以及監管本集團整體方向及策略計劃。 可 政總裁陳永杰博士主要負責實施經由董事 會批准的目標、政策及策略,以及管理本集 團業務及事務。

非執行董事

目前,本公司所有獨立非執行董事(本公司 現時概無其他非執行董事)的任期為兩年, 並須根據本公司的公司細則(「公司細則」) 輪席告退。公司細則訂明,每名董事至少每 三年須於本公司股東週年大會輪席告退一 次,並可膺選連任。

與此同時,全部獨立非執行董事須每年根據上市規則第3.13條確認其獨立性,並經提名委員會審閱及評估後方可繼續委任,而出任超過9年的,其再委任須由本公司股東以個別決議批准。本公司已接獲各獨立非執行董事之年度書面確認其獨立性,而董事會認為每名獨立非執行董事均符合上市規則第3.13條所載的獨立指引並乃獨立。

BOARD OF DIRECTORS (Continued)

Training and Development (Continued)

In accordance with code provision A.6.5 of the CG Code on Directors' training and continuous professional development, all Directors, Mr. TAN Harry Chua, Dr. CHAN Wing Kit, Frank, Mr. TAN Lucio Jr. Khao, Mr. TAN Michael Gonzales, Mr. PASCUAL Ramon Sy, Mr. CHUA Joseph Tan, Mr. CHIU Siu Hung, Allan, Mr. CHONG Kim Chan, Kenneth, Dr. SY Robin Chua, Dr. FOK Kam Chu, John, Mr. GO Patrick Lim and Mr. TAN Kenway Hao have participated in the training activities described above including, amongst others, in-house briefing, luncheon talks, training courses and/or seminars, as well as self-study and coaching and mentoring provided to internal staff. Each Director has provided a record of training they received during the year to the Company.

CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

The roles and responsibilities of the chairman (the "Chairman") and the chief executive officer (the "CEO") of the Company are segregated and separately undertaken by different officers to ensure a balance of power and authority. Mr. TAN Harry Chua, the Chairman, provides leadership and is responsible for driving effective functioning of the Board in accordance with good corporate governance practice, and overseeing the Group's overall direction and strategic planning. Dr. CHAN Wing Kit, Frank, the CEO, is mainly responsible for implementing objectives, policies and strategies approved by the Board and managing the business and affairs of the Group.

NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Currently, all Independent Non-executive Directors of the Company (the Company has currently no other non-executive Directors) are appointed for a term of two years subject to retirement by rotation in accordance with the bye-laws of the Company (the "Bye-laws"). The Bye-laws stipulate that every Director will be subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years at annual general meeting of the Company, and being eligible for re-election.

Meanwhile, all Independent Non-executive Directors have to confirm their respective independence annually pursuant to rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules for their continuous appointment after reviewed and assessed by Nomination Committee, and those serving for more than 9 years, their further appointment should be subject to a separate resolutions to be approved by the shareholders of the Company. The Company has received from each of the Independent Non-executive Directors an annual written confirmation of his independence and the Board considers that each Independent Non-executive Director meets the independence guidelines set out in Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules and is independent.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued) 企業管治報告書(續)

董事會委員會

董事會已成立三個委員會,即薪酬委員會、 提名委員會及審核委員會,以監督本集團 特定方面之事務。每個委員會已訂明職權 範圍,並已刊載於本公司網站。

薪酬委員會

董事會自二零零五年成立董事會薪酬委員會(「**薪酬委員會**」),其職權範圍符合管治守則第B.1.2段所載的規定。截至二零一七年六月三十日止年度內及於二零一七年九月二十九日,薪酬委員會成員如下:

陳永涵先生 (主席及執行董事) 陳永杰博士 (行政總裁及執行董事)

 莊劍青先生*
 (獨立非執行董事)

 SY Robin Chua博士
 (獨立非執行董事)

 霍錦柱博士
 (獨立非執行董事)

* 薪酬委員會主席

薪酬委員會主要負責檢討、評估及/或向董 事會建議本公司董事及高級管理人員的全 體薪酬政策及架構,並建立正規及具透明度 的程序以制訂此等薪酬政策,以及個別執 行董事及高級管理人員的特定薪酬待遇(如 有)。

截至二零一七年六月三十日止年度內,薪酬委員會的成員按其職權範圍、以全體成員簽署的書面行動及決議案,檢討本公司董事及本集團僱員之薪酬政策及架構,以及建議本公司各董事截至二零一七年六月三十日止年度之薪酬。

據此,截至二零一七年六月三十日止年度 內,薪酬委員會概無召開會議。

BOARD COMMITTEE

The Board has established three committees, namely, the Remuneration Committee, Nomination Committee and Audit Committee for overseeing specific aspects of the affairs of the Group. Each committee is established with defined terms of reference, which are posted on the website of the Company.

Remuneration Committee

The Board has established a remuneration committee of the Board (the "Remuneration Committee") since 2005 with terms of reference, which meet the requirements set out in paragraph B.1.2 of the CG Code. The members of the Remuneration Committee during the year ended 30 June 2017 and as at 29 September 2017 are as follows:

Mr. TAN Harry Chua Dr. CHAN Wing Kit, Frank

Mr. CHONG Kim Chan, Kenneth* Dr. SY Robin Chua Dr. FOK Kam Chu, John (Chairman and Executive Director) (Chief Executive Officer and Executive Director) (Independent Non-executive Director)

(Independent Non-executive Director) (Independent Non-executive Director) (Independent Non-executive Director)

* Chairman of Remuneration Committee

The Remuneration Committee is primarily responsible for reviewing, evaluating and/or recommending to the Board the Company's policy and structure for all remuneration of Directors and senior management; the establishment of a formal and transparent procedure for developing the policy of such remuneration; and the specific remuneration packages (if any) of individual Executive Directors and senior management.

During the year ended 30 June 2017, the members of the Remuneration Committee reviewed the remuneration policy and structure of the Directors of the Company and employees of the Group and recommended the emoluments of the respective Directors of the Company for the year ended 30 June 2017 pursuant to action and resolutions in writing signed by all members in accordance with its terms of reference.

As such, no meetings were held by the Remuneration Committee during the year ended 30 June 2017.

董事會委員會(續)

提名委員會

董事會自二零一二年成立董事會提名委員會(「提名委員會」),其職權範圍符合管治守則第A.5.2段所載的規定。截至二零一七年六月三十日止年度內及於二零一七年九月二十九日,提名委員會成員如下:

陳永涵先生* (主席及執行董事) 陳永杰博士 (行政總裁及執行董事)

 莊劍青先生
 (獨立非執行董事)

 SY Robin Chua博士
 (獨立非執行董事)

 霍錦柱博士
 (獨立非執行董事)

* 提名委員會主席

提名委員會主要職責包括檢討董事會的組 成、架構、人數及多元化;制定和監督提名 董事的政策;就董事委任及繼任計劃事 會提出建議,並評核獨立非執行士量 獨立性。提名委員會在考慮有關人士董事的 商合成為董事時成員多元化政策(「本政策」 採納的準則包括其資歷、經驗、專長、 技知識、種族、年齡及文化背景等。本政策 總結如下。

董事會成員多元化

本政策目的為增加董事會之多元化;提升 董事會之效益及表現質素;及支持達到本 公司之策略目標/計劃以及可持續及平衡 發展。

董事會最佳的組成將按一系列多元化範疇 為基準,包括但不限於董事的地域、行業及 專業經驗、技能及知識、相關服務任期、性 別、年齡、種族、種族特質、文化及教育背 景,以及其他素質。最終將按所選的候選人 可為董事會提供的功績及貢獻而作決定。

BOARD COMMITTEE (Continued)

Nomination Committee

The Board has established a nomination committee of the Board (the "Nomination Committee") since 2012 with terms of reference, which meet the requirements as set out in paragraph A.5.2 of the CG Code. The members of the Nomination Committee during the year ended 30 June 2017 and as at 29 September 2017 are as follows:

Mr. TAN Harry Chua* Dr. CHAN Wing Kit, Frank

Mr. CHONG Kim Chan, Kenneth Dr. SY Robin Chua Dr. FOK Kam Chu, John (Chairman and Executive Director) (Chief Executive Officer and Executive Director)

(Independent Non-executive Director) (Independent Non-executive Director) (Independent Non-executive Director)

* Chairman of Nomination Committee

The principal duties of the Nomination Committee include reviewing the composition, structure, size and diversity of the Board; formulating and monitoring the policy for nomination of Directors; making recommendations to the Board on the appointment and succession planning of Directors and assessing the independence of Independent Non-executive Directors. Criteria adopted by the Nomination Committee in considering whether the relevant personnel are suitable as Directors include their qualifications, experience, expertise, skills and knowledge, ethnical, age, cultural background and so on in view of the provisions of the Listing Rules and the policy of diversity of the Board (the "Policy") as adopted by the Board.

Board Diversity

The purpose of the Policy is to increase diversity at the level of the Board; to enhance the effectiveness of the Board and quality of its performance; and to support the attainment of strategic objectives/plan and sustainable and balanced development of the Company.

The optimum composition of the Board will be based on a range of diversity perspectives, including but not limited to regional, industry and professional experience, skills and knowledge, relevant length of services, gender, age, race, ethnicity, cultural and educational background and other qualities of Directors. The ultimate decision will be based on merit and contribution that the selected candidate(s) will bring to the Board.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued)

企業管治報告書(續)

董事會委員會(續)

提名委員會(續)

董事會成員多元化(續)

提名委員會將監察及檢討本政策及向董事 會提出修訂建議(如適合)。

截至二零一七年六月三十日止年度內,提名 委員會的成員按其職權範圍,以全體成員 簽署的書面行動及決議案,執行以下工作:

- 檢討董事會的人數、組成、架構及多元化,並評估董事會技能的均衡和經驗以及觀點多元化,以適合及有利於本集團的業務要求;
- 2. 檢討獨立非執行董事的獨立性;及
- 3. 檢討董事的退任及重選。

據此,截至二零一七年六月三十日止年度 內,提名委員會概無召開會議。

有關董事會成員的資歷、技能及知識、年齡、種族、有關經驗年資及專長,以及包括彼等之間的商業、財務及家屬關係(如有)以及就主席和行政總裁之間的關係,請分別參閱本年報第12至15頁的「管理人員簡介」及第40至50頁的「董事報告書」內「董事於競爭業務中之權益」的一節。

BOARD COMMITTEE (Continued)

Nomination Committee (Continued)

Board Diversity (Continued)

The Nomination Committee will monitor and review the Policy and recommend any revisions thereof (if appropriate) to the Board.

During the year ended 30 June 2017, the members of the Nomination Committee performed the following works pursuant to action and resolutions in writing signed by all members in accordance with its terms of reference:

- reviewed the size, composition and structure and diversity of the Board, and assessed the balance of skills and experience of the Board as expedient with diversity of perspectives appropriate to the requirements of the business of the Group;
- 2. reviewed the independence of the Independent Non-executive Directors; and
- 3. reviewed retirement and re-election of Directors.

As such, no meetings were held by the Nomination Committee during the year ended 30 June 2017.

For diversity of the members of the Board in terms of qualifications, skills and knowledge, age, ethnicity, relevant years of experience and expertise and relationships (including business, financial and family, if any) among them and between the chairman and chief executive officer, please refer to the "Profile of Management" and the section on "Directors interests in competing business" in the "Directors' Report" on pages 12 to 15 and pages 40 to 50 respectively of this annual report.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued) 企業管治報告書(續)

董事會委員會(續)

審核委員會

董事會自一九九九年成立董事會審核委員會(「審核委員會」),其職權範圍符合管治守則第C.3.3段所載的規定。於年度內,董事會已將企業管治職能及載列於管治守則第D.3.1段的附加職權範圍授權予審核委員會。截至二零一七年六月三十日止年度內及於二零一七年九月二十九日,審核委員會成員如下:

 莊劍青先生*
 (獨立非執行董事)

 SY Robin Chua博士
 (獨立非執行董事)

 電錦柱博士
 (獨立非執行董事)

 GO Patrick Lim先生
 (獨立非執行董事)

* 審核委員會主席

審核委員會主要負責以下職務:

與核數師的關係

- 就外聘核數師的委任、重新委任及罷 免向董事會提供推薦建議;
- 按適用的標準檢閱及監察外聘核數師 的獨立性及客觀性,以及核數程序的 有效性;

財務資料、財務匯報制度、風險管理及內部 監控系統之審閱

- 3. 檢閱及監察本公司財務賬項的完整性 及本公司年度報告、半年度報告及賬 項,並審閱上述報告及賬項所載有關 財務匯報的重大判斷;
- 4. 監督本集團的財務匯報制度、檢討風 險管理及內部監控系統;

與僱員的關係

5. 檢討給予本集團僱員可就財務匯報、 內部監控或其他方面可能發生的不正 當行為提出關注的安排;及

BOARD COMMITTEE (Continued)

Audit Committee

The Board has established an audit committee of the Board (the "Audit Committee") since 1999 with terms of reference, which meet the requirements as set out in paragraph C.3.3 of the CG Code. During the year, the Board has delegated the functions of corporate governance to the Audit Committee with additional terms of reference as set out in paragraph D.3.1 of the CG Code. The members of the audit committee during the year ended 30 June 2017 and as at 29 September 2017 are as follows:

Mr. CHONG Kim Chan, Kenneth* Dr. SY Robin Chua Dr. FOK Kam Chu, John Mr. GO Patrick Lim (Independent Non-executive Director) (Independent Non-executive Director) (Independent Non-executive Director) (Independent Non-executive Director)

* Chairman of Audit Committee

The Audit Committee is primarily responsible for the following duties:

Relationship with the auditors

- 1. to make recommendation to the Board on the appointment, reappointment and removal of the external auditor;
- to review and monitor the external auditor's independence and objectivity and the effectiveness of the audit process in accordance with applicable standards;

Review of the financial information, financial reporting system, risk management and internal control systems

- to review and monitor integrity of financial statements of the Company and the annual report, half-year report and accounts of the Company and to review significant financial reporting judgments contained in them;
- 4. to oversee the financial reporting system and review the risk management and internal control systems of the Group;

Relationship with employees

5. to review arrangement for employees of the Group to raise concerns about possible improprieties of financial reporting, internal control or other matters; and

董事會委員會(續)

審核委員會(續)

企業管治職能

 檢討及監控董事會所轉授的企業管治 職能。

截至二零一七年六月三十日止年度內,審 核委員會依據審核委員會職權範圍舉行了 兩次會議及通過書面決議,並討論其中以 下事項:

- 1. 建議重新委任外聘核數師;並審閱本 集團的財務匯報制度及風險與內部監 控程序;以及截至二零一六年六月三 十日止年度經審核綜合財務賬項;
- 批准聘用外聘核數師審閱中期業績; 及審閱本集團截至二零一六年十二月 三十一日止六個月未經審核簡明綜合 財務賬項;及
- 3. 根據管治守則第D.3.1段,檢討及監察本集團截至二零一六年六月三十日止年度內企業管治報告所載以及於截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止六個月止中期報告內披露有關法律及監管規定合規方面的企業管治政策及常規。

審核委員會成員於本年度內出席審核委員 會會議的詳情如下:

成員	出席次數/ 應出席 會議數目
莊劍青先生	2/2
SY Robin Chua博士	2/2
霍錦柱博士	2/2
GO Patrick Lim先生	2/2

BOARD COMMITTEE (Continued)

Audit Committee (Continued)

Corporate governance function

6. to review and monitor corporate governance functions delegated by the Board.

During the year ended 30 June 2017, two meetings were held and resolutions in writing were passed by the Audit Committee for, amongst others, the following in accordance with the terms of reference of the Audit Committee:

- recommended the re-appointment of the external auditor; and reviewed the financial reporting system and procedures of risks and internal controls of the Group; and the audited consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 30 June 2016;
- approved the engagement of the external auditor for reviewing interim results; and reviewed the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements of the Group for the six months ended 31 December 2016; and
- 3. reviewed and monitored the policies and practices on corporate governance under D.3.1 of the CG Code, and compliance with legal and regulatory requirements as stated in corporate governance report of the Group for the year ended 30 June 2016 and as disclosed in the interim report for the six months ended 31 December 2016.

Details of the attendance record of members in the meetings of Audit Committee during the year are as follows:

Members	Attendance/ Nos. of meetings to be attended
Mr. CHONG Kim Chan, Kenneth	2/2
Dr. SY Robin Chua	2/2
Dr. FOK Kam Chu, John	2/2
Mr. GO Patrick Lim	2/2

核數師酬金

截至二零一七年六月三十日止年度內,本公司的核數師德勤·關黃陳方會計師行(「核數師」)向本集團提供審核及非審核服務。有關該等服務與相關已付及應付酬金的分析列載如下:

已提供服務	金額
	港幣千元

審核服務

 有關本集團截至二零一 七年六月三十日止年度 綜合財務賬項、強制性 公積金及界定供款退休 福利計劃的審核費用

1,241

非審核服務

審閱截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止六個月中期業績及截至二零一七年六月三十日止年度全年業績公告的費用 210
截至二零一七年六月三十日止年度的企業風險管理及環境、社會及管治報告諮詢服務費用 330

審核委員會認為核數師對本集團所提供上 述有限範圍的非審核服務不會影響核數師 的獨立性及客觀性。

於回顧年度內,董事會與審核委員會對甄 選、重新委任、辭任或罷免外聘核數師事宜 概無不一致的意見。

董事及核數師對財務賬項的責任

董事知悉彼等對編製本集團綜合財務賬項 的責任,並已根據法定規定及適用的會計準 則在持續經營的基礎下編製綜合財務賬項。

核數師匯報責任的聲明及本集團重大的不明朗因素(如有)報告列載於本年報「獨立核數師報告書」第51至56頁內。

AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

During the year ended 30 June 2017, audit and non-audit services were provided to the Group by Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu, the auditor of the Company (the "Auditor"). The analysis of services and remuneration paid and payable in connection therewith are as follows:

Services provided	Amount
	HK\$'000

Audit services

 Audit fee for consolidated financial statements, mandatory provident funds and defined contribution retirement benefit scheme of the Group for the year ended 30 June 2017

1,241

Non-audit services

 Fee for reviewing interim results for the six months ended 31 December 2016 and preliminary announcement of final results for the year ended 30 June 2017

210

 Fee for provision of enterprise risk management and environment, social and governance reporting advisory services for the year ended 30 June 2017

330

The Audit Committee is of the view that the Auditor's independence and objectivity will not be affected by the provision of the abovementioned limited scope of the non-audit services to the Group.

There was no disagreement between the Board and the Audit Committee on the selection, re-appointment, resignation or dismissal of its external auditor during the year under review.

DIRECTORS' AND AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Directors acknowledge their responsibility for preparing the consolidated financial statements of the Group and have prepared the consolidated financial statements on a going concern basis in accordance with statutory requirements and applicable accounting standards.

The Auditor's statement of reporting responsibilities and report on material uncertainty (if any) of the Group are set out in the "Independent Auditor's Report" on pages 51 to 56 to this annual report.

企業管治報告書(續)

風險管理及內部監控系統

風險管理及內部監控

本集團的業務及其營運市場存在固有風險。 為管理和監控本公司可能面臨的各種風險 因素,董事會負責制定及持續監管本集團 的風險管理及內部監控系統,確保對風險 管理及內部監控系統的有效性已進行適當 檢討。該等系統持續運作,其主要特質於本 「企業管治報告書」內描述。

風險管治架構

本公司風險管理系統的管治架構如下。各 方具有明確及詳細的職務及責任。

RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL SYSTEMS

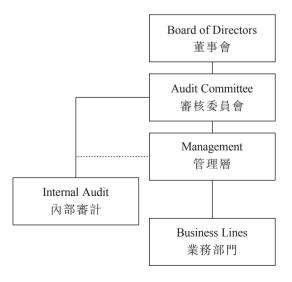
Risk Management and Internal Control

Risk is inherent in the Group's business and the markets in which it operates. To manage and monitor the various risk factors which the Company may be exposed, the Board is responsible for establishing and overseeing the Group's risk management and internal control systems on an ongoing basis, and ensuring the review of the effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems has been properly conducted. The main features of these systems, which continue to operate, were described in this "Corporate Governance Report".

In view of the implementation of the consultation conclusions on risk management and internal control, relating to the Appendix 14 of the Listing Rules, issued by the Stock Exchange in December 2014, the Group has already reviewed its risk management framework and processes and has implemented relevant measures resulting from this exercise that aim to enhance its framework and processes. In particular, the Company has developed, approved and implemented a risk management system, which is defined and supported by its endorsed risk management policy. The terms of reference of the Audit Committee has included its responsibility for an effective system of risk management and internal control.

Risk Governance Structure

The governance structure of the Company for its risk management system is shown below. Each party has well defined and detailed roles and responsibilities.



風險管理及內部監控系統(續)

風險評估方法

本公司的風險評估方法包括五個核心階段 (即風險識別、風險評估及優先排序、風險 反應、風險監控及風險匯報)。該等流程每 年最少進行一次,以就本集團業務環境的 變化作出處理。

其主要涉及:

1. 風險識別

部門主管(統稱為「**業務部門**」)在日常業務中,識別其流程的潛在風險及其認為與本集團整體有關的風險。所有經識別的風險納入風險庫內。

2. 風險評估及優先排序

業務部門使用預先定義的風險評估標準對風險進行評估。使用定性和定量標準來衡量不同方面的風險。執行風險評分及優先排序流程。

3. 風險反應

所有風險庫提交內部審計和管理層審查。為每個選取的風險分配給風險責任人。風險責任人並就識別為重大的 風險及與其責任有關的範疇,制定風 險緩解計劃。

在確定適當風險緩解計劃時,一般可以採用四種類型的風險反應:接受、 降低、分擔及迴避。

4. 風險監控

負責風險緩解計劃的風險責任人負責監控計劃的實施及有效性。風險責任人就風險管理流程的有效性和進展情況,以及風險緩解計劃的監控,向管理層提供定期更新。

5. 風險匯報

管理層應每年向審核委員會及董事會 提交最終風險報告。

RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL SYSTEMS (Continued)

Risk Assessment Methodology

The methodology of the Company for its risk assessment comprises of five core stages (i.e. risk identification, risk assessment and prioritisation, risk responses, risk monitoring and risk reporting). These processes are performed at least once a year to address changes in the Group's business environment.

It mainly involves:

1. Risk Identification

Department heads (collectively referred as "Business Lines") identify potential risks of their processes through daily operations as well as risks they believe are relevant to the Group as a whole. All the identified risks are consolidated into a risk inventory.

2. Risk Assessment and Prioritisation

Risks are evaluated by Business Lines using predefined risk assessment criteria. Both qualitative and quantitative criteria should be used to measure different aspects of the risks. Risk scoring and prioritisation process are performed.

3. Risk Response

All of the risk inventory are submitted to internal audit and management for review. Risk owners are assigned for each selected risk. Risk owners also formulate risk mitigation plans for the significant risks identified and relating to their areas of responsibility.

When determining appropriate risk mitigation plans, four types of risk response can generally be adopted: acceptance; reduction; sharing; and avoidance.

4. Risk Monitoring

Risk owners are responsible for monitoring the implementation and effectiveness of the risk mitigation plans which they are responsible for. Risk owners provide periodic updates on the effectiveness and progresses of the risk management processes and controls over risk mitigation plan to the management.

5. Risk Reporting

The management shall present the final risk report to the Audit Committee and the Board each year.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued)

企業管治報告書(續)

風險管理及內部監控系統(續)

風險管理及內部監控系統有效性的檢討

截至二零一七年六月三十日止年度內,董事會及審核委員會已作出及完成有關本集團風險管理及內部監控系統有效性的檢討。 該檢討於每年進行,涵蓋所有重要監控,包括財務、經營及合規監控,以及風險管理功能。

本集團已聘請德勤咨詢(香港)有限公司就本集團於本年度的風險管理及內部監控系統進行獨立檢討。本集團亦設有內部監控系功能,於檢討過程中概無發現可能影響本公司股東利益之重大監控失誤或須關注之重要事宜或欺詐。

風險管理及內部監控系統可提供用以防止重大錯誤陳述或損失的合理而不絕對的保證,旨在管理而不是除去在達到業務目標過程中失誤的風險。根據年度檢討結果,董事會對本公司目前實施的風險管理及內部監控系統的有效性及充分性,感到滿意及有信心。

公司秘書

截至二零一七年六月三十日止年度內,本公司公司秘書黃愛儀女士已遵守上市規則 第3.29條。

股東權利

為保障本公司股東及投資者之利益,本公司認為,與股東及投資者之間的溝通,本實為別數本集團透明度,及為定期收電過後經與股東保持溝通,包括本公司股東個途經與股東保持溝通、包括本公司股東付國年大會、股東特別大會、年報、股東商通知、公告、新聞和公本公司網站刊登的企業通訊。

RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL SYSTEMS (Continued)

Review on the Effectiveness of Risk Management and Internal Control Systems

For the year ended 30 June 2017, the Board and the Audit Committee have conducted and completed a review in respect of the effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems of the Group. Such review conducts annually and covers all material controls including financial, operational and compliance controls, and risk management functions.

The Group has appointed Deloitte Advisory (Hong Kong) Limited to conduct independent review on the risk management and internal control systems of the Group for the year. The Group also has internal audit function and no material control failure or significant areas of concern or fraud which might affect the interests of the shareholders of the Company were identified during the reviews.

The risk management and internal control systems can provide reasonable and not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss, and are designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure in the process of attaining business objectives. Based on the results of the annual review, the Board is satisfied and confident with the effectiveness and adequacy of risk management and internal control systems currently put in place for the Company.

COMPANY SECRETARY

The company secretary of the Company, Ms. WONG Oi Yee, Polly has complied with rule 3.29 of the Listing Rules for the year ended 30 June 2017.

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

The Company regards communication with its shareholders and investors as an important means to enhance the transparency of the Group and regularly collects views and feedback from them, to safeguard the interests of its shareholders and investors. To this end, the Company communicates with its shareholders through various channels, including annual general meetings, special general meetings, annual reports, notices of general meetings, circulars sent to shareholders of the Company, announcements, press releases and other corporate communications available on the website of the Company.

At the annual general meeting of the Company held on 9 December 2016 ("AGM"), management and external auditor of the Company together with the chairman of the Board; and the chairmen and several members of the Board's committees attended the AGM to answer relevant questions raised by and understand the views of the shareholders of the Company thereat. In respect of the year ended 30 June 2017, an annual general meeting of the Company will be held on 8 December 2017, at which the Company will arrange for the Chairmen of the Board and committees of the Board to attend and answer questions and proposals raised by the shareholders of the Company thereat.

股東權利(續)

股東、投資者及媒體均可透過以下聯絡方 法向本公司作出查詢或建議:

電話: (852) 2881 5221 傳真: (852) 2881 5224

郵遞: 香港 銅鑼灣 希慎道8號 裕景商業中心

17樓

網站: http://www.dynamic.hk 電郵: info@dynamic-hk.com

根據一九八一年百慕達公司法第74條(經修 訂),股東可依照以下程序召開股東特別大 會及於大會上提呈建議:

- 1. 無論在公司細則內有任何規定,董事 如收到本公司股東(於呈請日期持有不 少於本公司已繳納股本十分之一並享 有在本公司股東大會之投票權)呈請, 則應隨即正式召開本公司股東特別大 會。
- 2. 請求書必須列明會議目的、由呈請者 簽署及遞交至本公司註冊辦事處, 地 址 為Canon's Court, 22 Victoria Street, Hamilton HM 12, Bermuda,並可由一位 或多於一位呈請者簽署同一格式之多 份文件組成。
- 3. 如董事未能於送達請求書日起二十一 天內正式進行召開該大會,呈請者或 任何持有多於全部呈請者總投票權半 數的呈請者,可以自行召開該大會, 惟任何由此召開的會議不能於所述日 期屆滿三個月後召開。

投資者關係

截至二零一七年六月三十日止年度內,本 公司憲章文件(即於本公司網站登載之組織 章程大綱及公司細則)概無重大變動。

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS (Continued)

Shareholders, investors and the media can make enquiries or proposals to Board of the Company through the following means:

Telephone: (852) 2881 5221
Fax: (852) 2881 5224
Post: 17th Floor
Eton Tower
8 Hysan Avenue
Causeway Bay
Hong Kong

Website: http://www.dynamic.hk Email: info@dynamic-hk.com

By virtue of section 74 of the Companies Act 1981 (Bermuda) (as amended), the procedures for shareholders to convene a special general meeting and to put forward proposals at general meetings are:

- 1. The Directors, notwithstanding anything in the Bye-laws shall, on the requisition of member(s) of the Company holding at the date of the deposit of the requisition not less than one-tenth of the paid-up capital of the Company as at the date of the deposit carries the right of voting at general meetings of the Company, forthwith proceed duly to convene a special general meeting of the Company.
- The requisition must state the purposes of the meeting, and must be signed by the requisitionists and deposited at the registered office of the Company at Canon's Court, 22 Victoria Street, Hamilton HM 12, Bermuda, and may consist of several documents in like form each signed by one or more requisitionists.
- 3. If the Directors do not within twenty-one days from the date of the deposit of the requisition proceed duly to convene a meeting, the requisitionists, or any of them representing more than one half of the total voting rights of all of them, may themselves convene a meeting, but any meeting so convened shall not be held after the expiration of three months from the said date.

INVESTOR RELATIONS

During the year ended 30 June 2017, there were no significant changes in the Company's constitutional document, namely, the memorandum of association and Bye-laws which are posted on the website of the Company.

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT 環境、社會及管治報告書

達力集團有限公司及其附屬公司(「達力」、「本集團」、「我們」或「我們的」) 謹此根據 港聯合交易所有限公司證券上市規則(「聯 二十七所載環境、社會及管治報告指引(「聯 交所環境、社會及管治報告指引」),提呈 二零一六年七月一日至二零一七年六月 十日期間(「呈報期」)之環境、社會及管治份、 (「環境、社會及管治」)報告,旨在向持份 者全面概述我們之環境、社會及管治政策、 方案及績效。

董事會負責我們之環境、社會及管治策略及報告,而我們管理層負責監測及管治理層負責監測及管治管理系統中有關環境、社會及管治管理系統中有關環境、社會及管治問題,落實我們之業務及舉行內部討論、社會及管治問題,在其對我們業務及持份者之重性。會及管治報告已根據環境、社會及管治問題相關之資料。

A. 環境

A1 排放物

本集團自成立以來一直致力於保 護環境。本集團深知,物業項目 開發過程中無可避免會出現氣體 排放及其他排放,因此力求嚴格 指導及監督承包商之環保措施。

此外,本集團已要求物業管理服務提供者於其工作計劃中考慮環境保護。每年評估供應商時,均會考慮環保措施、物業管理人員之環保工作、向租戶/客戶推廣之綠色生活方式等。

憑藉上述方案,加上本集團內部 採購及管理流程顧及環保,本集 團營運產生之污染及能源消耗將 可大幅減少。

於呈報期內,並無注意到有關環保法律及規例之重大不合規情況。

In accordance with the Environmental, Social and Governance Reporting Guide (the "HKEx ESG Guide") as set out in Appendix 27 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited, Dynamic Holdings Limited and its subsidiaries ("Dynamic", the "Group", "we" or "our") hereby presents our Environmental, Social, and Governance ("ESG") Report for the period from 1 July 2016 to 30 June 2017 (the "Reporting Period") with aims to provide stakeholders a comprehensive overview on our ESG policies, initiatives as well as performance.

The Board is responsible for our ESG strategy and reporting while our management is responsible for monitoring and managing ESG-related risks and the effectiveness of our ESG management systems. We have engaged our business functions to identify relevant ESG issues and to assess their materiality to our business as well as our stakeholders, through reviewing our operations and holding internal discussions. Disclosures relating to the material ESG issues identified have been included in this ESG Report pursuant to the General Disclosure requirements of the ESG Guide.

A. ENVIRONMENTAL

A1 Emissions

The Group has committed to environmental protection since its establishment. Knowing the fact that air emissions as well as other discharges are inevitable during property projects development, the Group strive to strictly guide and monitor contractor's environmental protection measures.

In addition, the Group has required its property management service providers to take environmental protection into account in their work plan. Environmental protection measures, property management personnel's environmental protection practices, promotion of green living style to tenants/customers, etc. will be considered during the annual vendor evaluation.

With the abovementioned initiatives, plus the environmental protection considerations in the Group's internal procurement and administration processes, a significant reduction in pollutions and energy consumption from the Group's operations can be achieved.

There were no material non-compliance cases noted in relation to environmental laws and regulations during the Reporting Period.

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued) 環境、社會及管治報告書(續)

A. 環境(續)

A1 排放物(續)

排放及廢棄物管理

由於呈報期內,本集團並無任何 物業發展項目,故於本年度並無 產生任何氣體排放或有害廢棄 物。

我們業務活動所產生之重大無害 廢棄物主要是用於行政之辦公廢 棄物,包括紙張、墨盒、墨粉、 膠樽及即棄餐具。

溫室氣體則主要來自我們於辦公室及物業中之能源使用。我們已制定及實施內部政策,以減少能源消耗,從而減少碳足跡。請參閱以下「A2資源使用」一節。

A2 資源使用

本集團致力於執行一套環保措施,以維持可持續發展,實現綠 色商業運作。本集團確保所有業 務活動及營運均符合節能原則, 並且遵守所有環保相關政策及程 序。

至於物業發展,本集團已將承包 商採用之施工方法及設備納入招 標過程中之承包商評估標準,並 且首選採用綠色施工方法之承包 商。甄選原材料供應商時亦沿用 同樣理念,以優先選擇採用綠色 材料之供應商。

A. ENVIRONMENTAL (Continued)

A1 Emissions (Continued)

Emissions and waste management

Since the Group did not have any property development projects during the Reporting Period, we had neither generated any air emission nor produced any hazardous wastes during the year.

The major non-hazardous wastes produced from our business activities are mainly office wastes for administrative purposes, including paper, ink cartridge, toner, plastic bottle and disposal utensils.

For greenhouse gases, the major source is from the use of energy at our offices and properties. Internal policies have been developed and implemented to reduce energy usage for achieving a smaller carbon footprint. Please refer to the section of "A2 Use of Resources" below.

The Group has reduced the usage and increased the recycling of wastes generated from daily operations to protect natural resources. We have deployed recycling bins with classification at our operation centres and offices' public area to facilitate recycling. Moreover, we have reduced printing and making use of duplex printing for internal documents. We also encouraged teleconference communication to replace business trips travelling.

A2 Use of Resources

The Group is dedicated to executing a set of environmentally friendly measures in order to maintain sustainability and achieve green commercial practices. The Group ensures all of its business activities and operations are in line with the principle of energy conservation, complying with all environmental protection related policies and procedures.

Regarding property development, the Group has incorporated construction methods and equipment adopted by the contractors into the contractor assessment criteria of the tendering process. Contractors adopt green construction practices are more preferable. The same concept will also be applied to raw materials supplier selection such that suppliers with green materials are more preferred.

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued) 環境、社會及管治報告書(續)

A. 環境(續)

A2 資源使用(續)

此外,本集團之房地產項目已將 環保要素納入建築設計,因此已 採用環保建築設備以降低水電用 量。

能源消耗

電力是我們於北京購物中心、上 海辦事處單位及香港辦事處少日常 業務中主要消耗資源。為減少耗 電,我們積極推動採購高能源效 益設備,並要求同事實行綠色辦 公。於呈報期內,我們已實施下 列措施以減少能源消耗:

- 逐漸於辦公室以LED照明代 替老化光管;
- 於午飯時間及離開辦公室前 關掉空調及電器設備;
- 專職人員定期檢查及監督;
- 通過視頻會議及多方電話會 議與客戶及附屬公司進行溝 通;及
- 嚴格按照國家要求設定空調 溫度,並進行定期檢查。

A. ENVIRONMENTAL (Continued)

A2 Use of Resources (Continued)

Furthermore, the Group's real estate projects have embedded environmental protection elements into the building design such that environmentally friendly building equipment have been adopted to reduce electricity and water consumption.

On the other hand, the Group has implemented green management systems internally to improve energy and resources efficiency, and raise staff's awareness in energy and resources conservation. The Group has established energy and resources usage reporting mechanism to monitor the use of resources, and evaluate the effectiveness of environmental protection practices and identify improvement area.

Energy consumption

Electricity is the primary resource we consume in our daily operations in Beijing shopping mall, Shanghai office units and Hong Kong office. In order to reduce such consumption, we actively promote the procurement of energy efficient equipment and have required our colleagues to adopt green office practices. During the Reporting Period, we have implemented the following initiatives to reduce energy consumption:

- Gradually replacing aging light tubes with LED lighting at offices;
- Switching off air-conditioning and electric devices during lunch breaks and before leaving the offices;
- Conducting regular inspections and monitoring by dedicated staff;
- Communicating with clients and subsidiaries through video conferencing and multi-party teleconferencing; and
- Setting air conditioning temperature strictly in line with the national requirements and performing regular inspections.

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued) 環境、社會及管治報告書(續)

A. 環境(續)

A2 資源使用(續)

耗水量

我們之耗水量主要包括僱員日常 用水。為減少耗水量,於呈報期 內,本集團已在洗手盆旁邊貼上 標誌及通告,提高節水意識,並 在水龍頭安裝感應器,以控制耗 水量。

雖然在營運過程中並無使用實質 包裝材料,但我們於客戶櫃檯展 示環保海報,鼓勵客戶自備文件 夾及袋子等。

A3 環境及天然資源

環境影響管理

本集團會於房地產項目建設工程動工前,因應需要外聘專業顧問進行環境評估,並將有關結果 交予承包商,由彼等作出相應回應。

此外,本集團已採用可持續綠色 建築,以減少建築物在營運內對 環境造成之影響。綠色方(例如 起括具能源效益之設計(例及增 牆上大開口,以改善通風徵用 採光)以及綠化及美化特徵 等設計及特徵可提高建築物用 或設施使用者之生活質素。

A. ENVIRONMENTAL (Continued)

A2 Use of Resources (Continued)

Water consumption

Our water consumption mainly comprised daily water usage of employees. To reduce water consumption, the Group has posted signs and notices by the washbasins to raise awareness towards water conservation and installed sensors at the water taps to control water consumption during the Reporting Period.

Although no substantial packaging materials are used during our operations, we have displayed environment protection poster at customer counters to encourage customer bringing their own folder, bags, etc.

A3 The Environment and Natural Resources

Environmental impact management

As the Group's businesses cover major cities in China such as Beijing, Shanghai and Shenzhen, the Group emphasises corporate social responsibility and has input massive resources in environmental protection initiatives so as to reduce the negative impacts on the environment and natural resources caused by the Group's business activities. The Group has strictly complied with all environment-related regulations and international standards. Concept of environmental protection has been assimilated into management. The Group has implemented an environment monitoring system to assess and monitor environmental risks continuously in daily operation.

The Group would engage external professional consultant in performing environmental assessments before the construction work of the real estate projects commences on a needed basis. The environmental assessment results were provided to the contractors for formulating corresponding responses.

Furthermore, the Group has adopted sustainable green architecture to reduce the buildings' impact on the environment during the operation. Examples of green initiatives include energy efficiency design (e.g. large openings on walls for better ventilation and use of daylight) and greening and landscaping features which can benefit the quality of life of the building occupants or users of the facilities

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued) 環境、社會及管治報告書(續)

B. 社會

B1 僱傭

本集團已制定符合中華人民共和國(「**中國**」)及香港僱傭法例之僱 傭政策及指引。

招聘及晉升

本集團聘用及擢升認同本集團價 值及職業道德之員工。本集團珍 視主動、盡責及誠實之僱員,並 以功績作為聘用及晉升標準。

薪酬

於二零一七年六月三十日,本集 團於香港及中國大陸聘用約50名 僱員(包括董事),薪酬與現行市 場水平相若,並包括僱員醫療保 險、公積金計劃及認股權計劃等 福利。

本集團各董事薪酬由本集團薪 酬委員會參考本集團經營業績 企業目標及宗旨、個別工作表現 及職責以及市場可比較統計 護。本集團已採納認股權計劃以 鼓勵董事及合資格僱員。

本集團員工之薪酬及其他福利待 遇參照地方行業平均水平釐定。 經驗及資格亦在考慮之列。釐定 僱員薪金待遇時亦採用關鍵績效 指標(視員工職位而定)衡量員工 表現以作鼓勵。

解僱

解僱乃基於本集團行為守則作 出。所有解僱依照中國勞工法及 香港僱傭條例執行。

B. SOCIAL

B1 Employment

The Group has established employment policies and guidelines that are compliant with the People's Republic of China (the "PRC") and Hong Kong Employment Laws

Recruitment and promotion

The Group hires and promotes staff who share the Group's values and work ethics. The Group treasures those who demonstrate initiative, responsibility and integrity. Hiring and promotion are based on merit.

Emolument

At 30 June 2017, the Group had about 50 employees (including directors) in Hong Kong and the mainland China at prevailing market remuneration with employee benefits such as medical insurance, provident fund schemes and share option schemes.

The emolument policy of the employees of the Group is recommended by the remuneration committee of the Group on the basis of the respective merits, responsibilities and duties, performance, qualifications and competence taking into account of comparable market level, operating results of the Group, corporate goals and objectives of the Board of Directors and relevant legal requirements, provisions, guidelines and recommendations of regularly bodies.

The emoluments of the respective Directors of the Group are recommended by the remuneration committee of the Group, having regard to the operating results of the Group, corporate goals and objectives, individual performance and responsibility and comparable market statistics. The Group has adopted share option schemes as incentive to Directors and eligible employees.

The Group's staff remuneration and other fringe benefits are referenced against local industrial averages. Experience and qualifications are also taken into account. Key Performance Indicators, depending on staff position, are adopted to measure staff performance in determining staff packages to incentivise.

Dismissal

Dismissals are based on the Group's code of conducts. All dismissals are carried out in accordance with the PRC Labour Law and Hong Kong Employment Ordinance.

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued) 環境、社會及管治報告書(續)

B. 社會(續)

B1 僱傭(續)

平等機會、多元化發展及反歧視

本集團著重人力資本多元化,並 反對任何類型歧視。本集團確保 所有人力資源政策及程序均體現 平等機會,而不論性別、懷孕、 婚姻狀況、殘疾、家庭狀況及種 族。

工作時數、假期以及其他待遇及福利

工作時數、假期以及其他待遇及 福利參照地方行業平均水平釐 定。經驗、資格及資歷亦在考慮 之列。本集團確保此等常規依 照本地適用之人力資源(「人力 資源」)相關法規。

於呈報期內,並無注意到任何有 關本集團勞工常規之重大不合規 問題。

B2 健康與安全

工作場所健康與安全

作為盡責僱主,全體員工均享有 各種福利,包括本集團之醫療及 人壽保險,以及其他具競爭力之 福利待遇。

B. SOCIAL (Continued)

B1 Employment (Continued)

Equal opportunity, diversity, anti-discrimination

The Group emphasises human capital diversity, and is against any kind of discrimination. The Group ensures equal opportunities in all of its human resources policies and procedures, regardless of gender, pregnancy, marital status, disability, family status, and race.

Working hours, rest periods, and other benefits and welfare

Working hours, rest periods and other benefits and welfare are determined with reference to local industrial averages. Experience, qualification and seniority are taken into account as well. The Group ensures all these practices are in compliance with the applicable local Human Resources ("HR") related regulations.

There were no material non-compliance issues noted regarding our labour practices during the Reporting Period.

B2 Health and Safety

Workplace health and safety

The Group is committed to providing a safe, healthy, pleasant and effective work environment for its staff. In order to ensure the working environment is healthy and safe, various administrative measures such as workplace safety posters, training courses and guidelines have been implemented. Regardless of seriousness, all cases of injury are required to be reported to the head office for further assessment under the internal policies and procedures so as to ensure proper handling of the cases and execution of preventive measures.

As a responsible employer, all staff are entitled to benefits including Group medical and life insurance as well as other competitive fringe benefits.

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued) 環境、社會及管治報告書(續)

B. 社會(續)

B2 健康與安全(續)

工作場所健康與安全(續)

由於本集團承包商之工作環境 (即建築地盤)屬高危性質,故此 本集團要求所有承包商為其員工 提供充分培訓,並持續監察健康 及安全事宜。本集團亦已對承包 商之健康與安全常規進行定期調 查。

於呈報期內,並無注意到任何有 關健康及安全法律法規之重大不 合規情況。

B3 發展及培訓

僱員發展及培訓

B. SOCIAL (Continued)

B2 Health and Safety (Continued)

Workplace health and safety (Continued)

As for the Group's contractors, in light of the high risk nature of their work environment (i.e. construction sites), the Group requires all contractors to provide adequate and sufficient training to their staff and monitor health and safety issues on an on-going basis. The Group has also performed regular inspections on contractors' health and safety practices.

There were no material non-compliance cases noted in relation to health and safety laws and regulations during the Reporting Period.

B3 Development and Training

Employee development and training

The Group has comprehensive training policy and system to support employees' on-the-job training and education so as to improve employees' knowledge and skills. The Group's training includes new hire orientation, on-the-job training and external training. New hire orientation includes code of conducts, work ethics, organisational structure, workplace health and safety, quality expectation, etc. On-the-job training includes job duties theories and practices. External training includes all professional courses necessary for particular job positions. The costs of all external training courses necessary for the employees in carrying out their job duties are borne by the Group.

The Group offers various career development plan for employees with different career aspirations. Based on the job nature, the Group formulates the most suitable career path and relevant training to cultivate potential staff. In addition, the Group provides rotation opportunities to staff for different functions and positions so as to enrich their horizons and capabilities. We also provide special leave and financial subsidies for employees to attend external training courses, where appropriate.

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued) 環境、社會及管治報告書(續)

B. 社會(續)

B4 勞工準則

反童工及強制勞工

本集團所有附屬公司及辦事處均嚴格遵守當地監管規定,並明確禁止童工及強制勞工。人力資源部門須核實每名求職者之身份證明文件,以確保申請人符合資格。雙方會簽訂僱傭合約以確保相互同意僱傭條款。

此外,本集團與承包商訂立之合約協議條款已規定,承包商人力資源政策及程序須遵守地方人力資源相關法規(例如中國勞工法及香港僱傭條例)。

本集團已對其附屬公司、地方辦 事處及承包商進行定期調查,確 保概無不符合相關法規之情況。

於呈報期內,並無注意到任何有 關法律及法規規定之勞工準則之 重大不合規問題。

B5 供應鏈管理

責任採購

B. SOCIAL (Continued)

B4 Labour Standards

Anti-child and forced labour

All of the Group's subsidiaries and offices strictly comply with the local regulatory requirements, explicitly prohibit child and forced labour. HR departments are required to verify every job applicant's identification document to ensure eligibility. Employment contracts are signed by both parties to ensure mutual agreement on the terms of employment.

Furthermore, the Group has included terms in the contracting agreements requiring that contractors' human resources policies and procedures have to comply with the local HR related regulations (e.g. PRC Labour Law and Hong Kong Employment Ordinance).

The Group has performed regular inspections on its subsidiaries, local offices and contractors to ensure there was no non-compliance in the relevant regulations.

There were no material non-compliance issues noted regarding labour standards as required by related laws and regulations during the Reporting Period.

B5 Supply Chain Management

Responsible procurement

Supply chain management has long been the Group's key step in quality control. The Group implements strict selection criteria in supplier selection. Suppliers have to possess all necessary licenses issued by relevant government authorities. The Group has performed product quality test and on-site inspection on the suppliers before entering into agreement with suppliers. Moreover, terms and conditions regarding environment and social responsibilities are included in the master procurement agreements.

As for contractors, the Group has established a comprehensive tendering system. The system includes a set of assessment criteria for evaluating contractors, including background, size, construction quality, environmental protection, human resources practices, community involvement, etc. This system ensures only contractors meeting our requirements on environmental protection and community contribution can be selected.

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued) 環境、社會及管治報告書(續)

B. 社會(續)

B6 產品責任

產品及服務質素

與此同時,本集團已不斷監控質素及定期評估承包商及供應商資格有明顯整化或出現嚴重質素問題,本集團可停止與相關承包商/供應商進行之交易以確保本集團項目質素。

於呈報期內,並無注意到任何有 關產品與服務質素及資料私隱之 重大不合規問題。

B. SOCIAL (Continued)

B6 Product Responsibility

Product and service quality

The Group exerts itself in providing high quality real estate properties to satisfy customers' needs. The Group maintains proper disclosures for product and service information regarding the construction, procurement, sales and servicing processes; and proper security measures to ensure confidentiality of information. The sales and promotion documents and data produced by the Group are in compliance with relevant regulations (i.e. Hong Kong Trade Descriptions Ordinance and Advertisements Law of PRC). No exaggeration or untrue descriptions are tolerated. The Group has also established comprehensive customer feedback mechanism. Such mechanism ensures customers' advices and opinions on our properties and services can be collected for follow-up accordingly.

Meanwhile, the Group has conducted on-going quality monitoring as well as regular assessments on its contractors and suppliers. If there is substantial change in contractors/suppliers' eligibility or significant quality issues, the Group can halt the transactions with the relevant contractors/suppliers so as to ensure the quality of the Group's projects.

The Group emphasises the importance of protecting the privacy and confidentiality of personal data. It strives to protect the privacy of its customers, ultimate owners of contractors and employees in the collection, processing and use of their personal data. Pursuant to Personal Data (Privacy) Ordinance, we have prohibited the use of any personal information of our customers, ultimate owners of contractors and employees by other parties without explicit and implicit consent.

During the Reporting Period, there were no material noncompliance issues noted regarding product and service quality, and data privacy.

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued) 環境、社會及管治報告書(續)

B. 社會(續)

B7 反貪污

防止貪污及洗黑錢

本集團相信,誠實、誠信及公平 對其業務營運而言至關重之行為 體僱員均須遵守本集團之行助內 則。除本集團行為守則內可不 則內部反貪腐指引外,本集別 設立舉報機制,以為持份者之 設立舉報任何違規或不當行為之指 引。

本集團已進行定期內部審計以識 別內部管理不足之處並作出相應 補救。

於呈報期內,並無注意到任何有 關貪污及洗黑錢之重大不合規問 題。

B8 社區投資

社區項目及捐贈

本集團致力推動社區之和諧及社 區服務,並盡力使用其資源貢獻 社會。

此外,本集團多位董事及資深管理人員已參與公職並盡彼等可己之力。本集團管理層亦主動勵員工參加公益活動,以支持本學園致力於可持續發展之理念。問題不望提升員工關心社區問題之意識,向彼等灌輸在工作及個人生活中服務社會之概念。

B. SOCIAL (Continued)

B7 Anti-corruption

Anti-corruption and money laundering

The Group believes that honesty, integrity and fairness are of vital importance to its business operations. All employees are required to comply with the Group's code of conducts. Other than the internal anti-bribery and corruption guidelines as stipulated in the Group's code of conducts, the Group has also established whistle blowing mechanism to guide stakeholders in reporting any irregularities or misbehaviour.

The Group has performed regular internal audit to identify internal control deficiencies and remedy accordingly.

During the Reporting Period, there were no material noncompliance issues noted regarding corruption and money laundering.

B8 Community Investment

Community programmes and donation

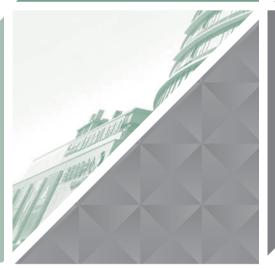
The Group is committed to enhancing the community's well-being and social services. The Group strives to utilise its resources in contributing to the society.

In addition, several Directors and senior management personnel of the Group have engaged in public offices to contribute their efforts. The Group's management also takes initiative in motivating staff to join community activities, which are held in support of its commitment to sustainable development. The Group hopes to raise staff's awareness on the community issues, instil the concept of serving the community in both their work and personal life.

DIRECTORS' REPORT 董事報告書







BUILDING WITH INGENUITY 築具匠心

董事欣然提呈截至二零一七年六月三十日止年度之報告書及經審核綜合財務賬項。

The Directors have pleasure in presenting their report and the audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2017.

主要業務

本公司乃一間投資控股公司,其主要附屬公司之業務為物業投資及物業發展。

主要附屬公司之主要業務載於綜合財務賬項附註第32項內。

業務回顧

本集團的收入主要來自於中國大陸進行的 商業租賃業務。本集團於本年度以經營分 類作表現分析載於綜合財務賬項附註第5項 內。

本集團的中肯業務回顧載於本年報的「主席報告書」內,其中包括運用財務主要表現指標對本集團表現進行的分析、本集團面臨的主要風險及不確定因素、自財政年終後發生影響本集團的重大事項(如有)以及預期日後發展。資本風險管理及財務風險管理詳情分別載於綜合財務賬項附註第29及30項內。

本集團致力於支持環境的可持續發展,及 努力遵守有關環保的法律及法規並採取措 施以達致資源有效利用、節能及減排。本集 團的環境政策及表現的探討載於「環境、社 會及管治報告書」內。

於本年度內,本集團已遵守對本集團經營 有重大影響的相關法律及法規。

本集團致力於與僱員、客戶和供應商建立 密切關係,並加強與業務夥伴的合作。詳情 載於「環境、社會及管治報告書」內。

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The Company acts as an investment holding company. The activities of its principal subsidiaries are property investment and development.

The principal activities of the principal subsidiaries are set out in note 32 to the consolidated financial statements.

BUSINESS REVIEW

The Group's revenue is derived primarily from rental business activities conducted in the mainland China. An analysis of the Group's performance for the year by operating segment is set out in note 5 to the consolidated financial statements.

A fair review of the Group's business, including an analysis of the Group's performance using financial key performance indicators, principal risks and uncertainties facing the Group, the important events (if any) affecting the Group that have occurred since the end of the financial year and the likely future developments, is set out in the "Chairman's Statement" of this Annual Report. Details of capital risk management and financial risk management are set out in notes 29 and 30 to the consolidated financial statements respectively.

The Group is committed to support sustainability of the environment and endeavours to comply with laws and regulations regarding environmental protection and to adopt measurement to achieve efficient use of resources, energy saving and waste reduction. A discussion of the Group's environmental policies and performance is set out in the "Environmental, Social and Government Report".

During the year, the Group has complied with the relevant laws and regulations that have significant impact on the operations of the Group.

The Group is committed to establishing a close and caring relationship with our employees, customers and suppliers and enhancing collaboration with our business partners. Details are set out in the "Environmental, Social and Governance Report".

DIRECTORS' REPORT (Continued) 董事報告書(續)

業績及分配

本集團截至二零一七年六月三十日止年度 之業績載於第57頁之綜合損益及其他全面 收益表內。

於二零一七年一月九日,本公司已向各股 東派發末期股息每股港幣3仙作為於截至二 零一六年六月三十日止年度之末期股息。

本公司已於本年度內向各股東派發中期股息每股港幣2.5仙總額為港幣5,627,000元。董事現建議派發末期股息每股港幣3仙總額為港幣6,752,000元予於二零一七年十二月二十二日名列在本公司股東名冊內股東,截至二零一七年六月三十日止年度之股息總額將合共為每股港幣5.5仙。

物業、機器及設備及投資物業

已撥入綜合損益及其他全面收益表內的投資物業公平值增加合共港幣92,896,000元。

本集團物業、機器及設備以及投資物業之 變動詳情分別載於綜合財務賬項附註第13 及14項內。

股本

本公司之股本於年內之變動詳情載列於綜合財務賬項附註第21項內。

購買、出售或贖回上市證券

於本年度內,本公司或其任何附屬公司概無 購買、出售或贖回本公司之任何上市證券。

獲准許的彌償條文

根據適用法律,本公司每名董事在其執行、職責或與此有關之情況下蒙受之所有訴訟、費用、收費、損失、損害賠償和責任,依照本公司公司細則,應有權獲得本公司獨告保證。該等條文於年內有效,並於本報告日仍然有效。本公司就董事及高級管理人,已因公司業務可能面對之有關法律行動,已安排適當的董事及主要職員責任保險。

RESULTS AND APPROPRIATIONS

The results of the Group for the year ended 30 June 2017 are set out in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income on page 57.

On 9 January 2017, a final dividend of 3 Hong Kong cents per share was paid to the Company's shareholders as a final dividend for the year ended 30 June 2016.

An interim dividend of 2.5 Hong Kong cents per share amounting to HK\$5,627,000 was paid to the shareholders of the Company during the year. The Directors now recommend the payment of a final dividend of 3 Hong Kong cents per share amounting to HK\$6,752,000 payable to the shareholders of the Company whose names appear on the register of members of the Company on 22 December 2017 which, in aggregate, will give a total of dividends for the year ended 30 June 2017 of 5.5 Hong Kong cents per share.

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT AND INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

The increase in the fair value of the investment properties which has been credited to the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income amounted to HK\$92,896,000.

Details of these and other movements in the property, plant and equipment and investment properties of the Group are set out in notes 13 and 14 to the consolidated financial statements, respectively.

SHARE CAPITAL

Details of movement in the share capital of the Company during the year are set out in note 21 to the consolidated financial statements.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF LISTED SECURITIES

During the year, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities.

PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISION

Subject to the applicable laws, every Director of the Company shall be entitled to be indemnified by the Company against all actions, costs, charges, losses, damages and liabilities incurred by him or her in the course of his or her duties or in relation thereto pursuant to its byelaws of the Company. Such provisions were in force during the course of the year and remained in force as at the date of this report. The Company has arranged for appropriate insurance cover for Directors' and officers' liabilities in respect of legal action against its Directors and senior management arising out of corporate activities.

本公司可供分派儲備

本公司於二零一七年六月三十日可供分派 予股東之儲備為港幣83,786,000元之保留溢 利。

畫事

於本年度內及截至本報告書日期,本公司 之董事如下:

執行董事:

陳永涵先生(*主席*) 陳永杰博士(*行政總裁*)

陳俊望先生 陳俊禮先生 黃正順先生 蔡育實先生 趙少鴻先生

獨立非執行董事:

莊劍青先生 SY Robin Chua博士 霍錦柱博士 GO Patrick Lim先生

TAN Kenway Hao先生

根據本公司之公司細則第99條,陳俊望先生、黃正順先生、趙少鴻先生及莊劍青先生 須輪席告退,彼等均願膺選連任。

所有獨立非執行董事均獲委任為期兩年,惟根據本公司之公司細則第99條須輪席告退。同時,彼等已根據香港聯合交易所有限公司(「**聯交所**」)證券上市規則(「**上市規則**」)第3.13條確認其獨立性。

DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES OF THE COMPANY

The Company's reserves available for distribution to shareholders were the retained earnings of HK\$83,786,000 as at 30 June 2017.

DIRECTORS

The Directors of the Company during the year and up to the date of this report were:

Executive Directors:

Mr. TAN Harry Chua, Chairman

Dr. CHAN Wing Kit, Frank, Chief Executive Officer

Mr. TAN Lucio Jr. Khao Mr. TAN Michael Gonzales Mr. PASCUAL Ramon Sy Mr. CHUA Joseph Tan Mr. CHIU Siu Hung, Allan

Independent Non-executive Directors:

Mr. CHONG Kim Chan, Kenneth

Dr. SY Robin Chua Dr. FOK Kam Chu, John Mr. GO Patrick Lim Mr. TAN Kenwey Hao

In accordance with Bye-Law 99 of the Company's Bye-Laws, Mr. TAN Lucio Jr. Khao, Mr. PASCUAL Ramon Sy, Mr. CHIU Siu Hung, Allan and Mr. CHONG Kim Chan, Kenneth will retire by rotation and all being eligible, offer themselves for re-election.

All Independent Non-executive Directors have been appointed, subject to retirement by rotation in accordance with the Company's Bye-Law 99, for a term of two years and they have confirmed their independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities (the "Listing Rules") on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange").

DIRECTORS' REPORT (Continued) 董事報告書(續)

董事之股份權益及淡倉

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES

As at 30 June 2017, the interests and short positions held by the Directors or the chief executive(s) of the Company or any of their associates in the shares of the Company ("Shares"), shares of any of its associated corporations and underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance ("SFO")) as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 352 of the SFO, or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Companies as set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules were as follows:

		本公司已發行	根據認股權的		
		普通股份數目	相關股份		權益總數佔
		個人權益	個人權益		已發行股本的
		(好倉)	(好倉)	權益總數	百份比約數
		Personal	Personal		
		interests in	interests in		Total
		number of	underlying		interests as
		issued ordinary	Shares		approximate
		Shares of	pursuant to		percentage
		the Company	share options	Aggregate	of issued
董事名稱	Name of Director	(long position)	(long position)	interests	share capital
== 4. H III		(iong position)	(附註一)		(附註二)
			(Note i)		(Note ii)
陳永涵先生	Mr. TAN Harry Chua	636,000	1,500,000	2,136,000	0.95%
陳永杰博士	Dr. CHAN Wing Kit, Frank	_	1,650,000	1,650,000	0.73%
陳俊望先生	Mr. TAN Lucio Jr. Khao	_	1,500,000	1,500,000	0.67%
黄正順先生	Mr. PASCUAL Ramon Sy	80,000	1,500,000	1,580,000	0.70%
趙少鴻先生	Mr. CHIU Siu Hung, Allan	1,000,000	_	1,000,000	0.44%
莊劍青先生	Mr. CHONG Kim Chan, Kenneth	_	1,000,000	1,000,000	0.44%
SY Robin Chua博士	Dr. SY Robin Chua	_	1,000,000	1,000,000	0.44%
霍錦柱博士	Dr. FOK Kam Chu, John	650,000	_	650,000	0.29%
GO Patrick Lim先生	Mr. GO Patrick Lim	_	1,000,000	1,000,000	0.44%

董事之股份權益及淡倉(續)

附註:

- 一、董事的相關權益乃本公司根據2001年計劃及2011 年計劃分別於二零一一年十月二十五日及於二零 一五年十一月十日授予之認股權,其詳細資料載 列於綜合財務賬項附註第23項內。
- 二、 計算結果乃來自權益總數佔本公司於二零一七年 六月三十日之已發行股份總數(即225,066,181股份)的百份比。

認股權計劃

本公司認股權計劃的詳情載於綜合財務賬項附註第23項內。

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES (Continued)

Notes:

- The Directors' interests in the underlying Shares are through share options granted by the Company on 25 October 2011 under the 2001 Scheme and 10 November 2015 under the 2011 Scheme respectively, details of which are set out in note 23 to the consolidated financial statements.
- The calculation is derived from the aggregate interests as a percentage of the total number of issued Shares of the Company (i.e. 225,066,181 Shares) as at 30 June 2017.

Save as disclosed above, as at 30 June 2017, none of the Directors, the chief executive(s) of the Company or any of their associates had any interests or short positions in any shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 352 of the SFO, or which were notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers contained in the Listing Rules. Save as disclosed above, none of the Directors, the chief executive(s) of the Company or any of their associates had been granted or exercised any rights to subscribe for any equity or debt securities of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) during the year ended 30 June 2017.

SHARE OPTION SCHEMES

Particulars of the share option schemes of the Company are set out in note 23 to the consolidated financial statements.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (Continued) 董事報告書(續)

認股權計劃(續)

下列報表披露於本年度內本公司的認股權 繼動:

SHARE OPTION SCHEMES (Continued)

The following table discloses the movements of share options of the Company during the year:

				_	Num	認股權數目 ber of share optic	ons
Grantees Л	承受者 Date of grant	授出日期	每股 行使價 Exercise price per Share 港幣 HKS	於 二零一六年 七月一日 At 1 July 2016	於年度內 行使 Exercised during the year	於 二零一七年 六月三十日 At 30 June 2017	
2001 Scheme	2001年計劃						
Directors	董事						
Mr. TAN Harry Chua	陳永涵先生	25 October 2011	二零一一年十月二十五日	1.13	1,500,000	-	1,500,000
Dr. CHAN Wing Kit,	陳永杰博士	25 October 2011	二零一一年十月二十五日				
Frank	H+ 160 24F H- 11	250 1 2011	-# KID-IZD	1.13	1,650,000	-	1,650,000
Mr. TAN Lucio Jr. Khao	陳俊望先生	25 October 2011 25 October 2011	二零一一年十月二十五日	1.13	1,500,000	-	1,500,000
Mr. PASCUAL Ramon Sy Mr. CHONG Kim Chan,	黄正順先生 莊劍青先生	25 October 2011 25 October 2011	二零一一年十月二十五日 二零一一年十月二十五日	1.13	1,500,000	_	1,500,000
Kenneth	莊劂目兀生	23 October 2011	_令	1.13	1,000,000	_	1,000,000
Dr. SY Robin Chua	SY Robin Chua博士	25 October 2011	二零一一年十月二十五日	1.13	1,000,000	_	1,000,000
Substantial shareholders	主要股東						
Dr. TAN Lucio C.	TAN Lucio C.博士	25 October 2011	二零一一年十月二十五日	1.13	2,190,000	_	2,190,000
Mrs. TAN Carmen K.	TAN Carmen K.女士	25 October 2011	二零一一年十月二十五日	1.13	2,190,000	-	2,190,000
Mr. CHUA Domingo	蔡黎明先生	25 October 2011	二零一一年十月二十五日	1.13	1,800,000	-	1,800,000
Employees in aggregate	僱員合共	25 October 2011	二零一一年十月二十五日	1.13	755,000	(647,500)	107,500
				_	15,085,000	(647,500)	14,437,500
2011 Scheme	2011年計劃						
Director	董事						
Mr. GO Patrick Lim	GO Patrick Lim先生	10 November 2015	二零一五年十一月十日	3.05	1,000,000	-	1,000,000

附註:

- 一、根據2001年計劃於二零一一年十月二十五日授出的認股權,可於二零一一年十月二十五日至二零一九年十月二十四日行使,並無歸屬期。股份於二零一一年十月二十四日(緊接授出日期之前一日)的收市價為每股港幣1.12元。
- 二、根據2011年計劃於二零一五年十一月十日授出的 認股權,可於二零一五年十一月十日至二零一九 年十月二十四日行使,並無歸屬期。股份於二零 一五年十一月九日(緊接授出日期之前一日)的收 市價為每股港幣3.05元。
- Notes:
- The share options granted on 25 October 2011 under 2001 Scheme may be exercised from 25 October 2011 to 24 October 2019 with no vesting period. The closing price of the Shares on 24 October 2011 (the date immediately before the date of grant) was HK\$1.12.
- The share options granted on 10 November 2015 under 2011 Scheme may be exercised from 10 November 2015 to 24 October 2019 with no vesting period. The closing price of the Shares on 9 November 2015 (the date immediately before the date of grant) was HK\$3.05.

董事購買股份或債券之權利

除於綜合財務賬項附註第23項及於「董事之股份權益及淡倉」及「認股權計劃」章節內時明外,本公司或其任何附屬公司於本年之的人。 一七年六月三十日並無訂司司。 一七年六月三十日並無可司司司司。 一七何安排,可使本公司董事藉購買本公司司司 任何其他法人團體之股份或債券而獲益。 於本年度內,本公司董事、彼等配偶或18歲 以下子女概無任何權利、或行使任何該等權利以認購本公司之證券。

董事於競爭業務中之權益

於本年度內及截至本報告日期,根據上市 規則,本公司以下董事被視為在與本集團 業務直接或間接有競爭或可能有競爭之業 務中擁有權益。

陳永涵先生、陳永杰博士、陳俊望先生、陳 俊禮先生、黄正順先生及蔡育實先生均於 香港及/或中國大陸從事物業投資及發展 之公司中持有權益及/或擔任董事職務。

由於董事會乃獨立於上述公司之董事會, 故本集團能獨立於該等公司之業務運作, 並基於各自利益公平地經營其業務。

董事於重大合約中之權益

除披露於綜合財務賬項附註第28項外,本公司或其任何附屬公司於年終或本年度內訂立之重大合約中,本公司各董事概無直接或間接之重大權益存在。

管理合約

於本年度內,概無訂立或存在由一位人士 承擔有關本集團全部或任何重大部分業務 管理及經營之合約。

董事之服務合約

所有擬於應屆股東週年大會上膺選連任之 董事,與本公司或其任何附屬公司概無訂 立不可於一年內被本集團終止而毋須作出 賠償(法定賠償除外)之服務合約。

DIRECTORS' RIGHTS TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

Other than as described in note 23 to the consolidated financial statements and under sections of "Directors' interests and short positions in Shares" and "Share Option Schemes", at no time during the year and as at 30 June 2017 was the Company or any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangements to enable the Directors of the Company to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate, at no time during the year, subsisted such arrangement(s) as aforesaid and none of the Directors of the Company, their spouses or children under the age of 18, had any rights to subscribe for securities of the Company, or had exercised any such rights during the year.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN COMPETING BUSINESS

During the year and up to the date of this report, the following Directors of the Company are considered to have interests in businesses which compete or are likely to compete, either directly or indirectly, with the businesses of the Group pursuant to the Listing Rules.

Mr. TAN Harry Chua, Dr. CHAN Wing Kit, Frank, Mr. TAN Lucio Jr. Khao, Mr. TAN Michael Gonzales, Mr. PASCUAL Ramon Sy and Mr. CHUA Joseph Tan held interests and/or directorship in companies engaged in the businesses of property investment and development in Hong Kong and/or the mainland China.

As the Board of Directors is independent from the boards of the said companies, the Group is capable of carrying on its businesses independently of, and at arm's length from, the businesses of such companies.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN CONTRACTS OF SIGNIFICANCE

Save as disclosed in note 28 to the consolidated financial statements, no contract of significance, to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries was a party and in which a Director of the Company had material interests, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

No contract concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Group to be undertaken by a person was entered into or existed during the year.

DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

None of the Directors proposed for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting has a service contract with the Company or any of its subsidiaries which is not determinable by the Group within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

主要股東之股份權益及淡倉

於二零一七年六月三十日,就任何董事或最高行政人員所知悉,擁有本公司股份或相關股份權益或淡倉且記載於按該條例第336條公司須備存之登記冊內的人士(本公司董事或最高行政人員除外)如下:

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES

As at 30 June 2017, so far as is known to any Director or chief executive(s) of the Company, persons (other than the Directors or the chief executive(s) of the Company) who had interests or short positions in the Shares or underlying Shares of the Company as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 336 of the SFO were as follows:

名稱	Name	身份	Capacity	已發行 普通股份及 根據認股權的 相關股份股數 (好倉) Number of issued ordinary Shares and underlying Shares pursuant to share options (long position)	權益總數 (好倉) Total interests (long position)	權益總數估 已發行股本的 百分比約數 Total interests as approximate percentage of issued share capital (附註五) (note v)
陳永栽博士	Dr. TAN Lucio C.	私人全權信託之 成立人 實益擁有人(<i>附註一)</i>	Founder of a private discretionary trust Beneficial owner (note i)	89,321,279 2,190,000	93,701,279	41.63%
		家族權益(附註一)	Family interests (note i)	2,190,000		
TAN Carmen K.女士	Mrs. TAN Carmen K.	家族權益(<i>剛註二</i>) 實益擁有人(<i>剛註二</i>)	Family interests (note ii) Beneficial owner (note ii)	91,511,279 2,190,000	93,701,279	41.63%
Dynamic Development Corporation	Dynamic Development Corporation	實益擁有人	Beneficial owner	89,321,279	89,321,279	39.69%
Carnation Investments Inc.	Carnation Investments Inc.	私人全權信託之 信託人(<i>開註三</i>)	Trustee of a private discretionary trust (note iii)	89,321,279	89,321,279	39.69%
蔡黎明先生	Mr. CHUA Domingo	公司權益(<i>附註四)</i> 實益擁有人(<i>附註四)</i>	Corporate interests (note iv) Beneficial owner (note iv)	89,321,279 5,800,000	95,121,279	42.26%

Notes:

附註:

- 一、 陳永栽博士實益持有2,190,000股相關股份的衍生權益。其配偶TAN Carmen K. 女士持有2,190,000股相關股份的衍生權益,根據該條例陳博士已被視為或被當作為以家族權益(當中TAN Carmen K. 女士持有權益)身份持有該股份權益。
- 二、 TAN Carmen K.女士實益持有2,190,000股相關股份的衍生權益。其配偶陳永栽博士以私人全權信託之成立人身份持有本公司89,321,279股份權益及2,190,000股相關股份的衍生權益,根據該條例TAN女士已被視為或被當作為以家族權益(當中陳永栽博士持有權益)身份持有該股份權益。
- Dr. TAN Lucio C. beneficially held 2,190,000 underlying Shares as derivative interests. Dr. TAN, being the spouse of Mrs. TAN Carmen K. who was interested in 2,190,000 underlying Shares as derivative interests, was deemed or taken to be interested in such Shares as family interests in which Mrs. TAN Carmen K. was interested under the SFO.
- ii. Mrs. TAN Carmen K. beneficially held 2,190,000 underlying Shares as derivative interests. Mrs. TAN, being the spouse of Dr. TAN Lucio C. who was interested in 89,321,279 Shares of the Company as a founder of a private discretionary trust and 2,190,000 underlying Shares as derivative interests, was deemed or taken to be interested in such Shares as family interests in which Dr. TAN Lucio C. was interested under the SFO.

主要股東之股份權益及淡倉(續)

附計:(續)

- 三、 Carnation Investments Inc. 以私人全權信託之信託人身份持有Dynamic Development Corporation的全部已發行股本,故Carnation Investments Inc.已被當作為持有本公司89,321,279股份權益。
- 四、 蔡黎明先生之公司權益乃透過Dynamic Development Corporation而持有,而Carnation Investments Inc.則全資擁有Dynamic Development Corporation。蔡黎明先生乃Carnation Investments Inc.唯一股東及董事。蔡黎明先生實益持有4,000,000股份及1,800,000股相關股份的衍生權益。
- 五、 計算結果乃來自權益總數佔本公司於二零一七年 六月三十日之已發行股份總數(即225,066,181股份)的百份比。
- 六、 有關陳永栽博士、TAN Carmen K.女士、蔡黎明 先 生、Dynamic Development Corporation及Carnation Investments Inc.於本公司持有權益或被當作為持有 權益的89,321,279股份均為同一批股份。

除上文所披露者外,於二零一七年六月三十日,本公司記載於按該條例第336條公司 須備存之登記冊內,概無其他人士(本公司 董事或最高行政人員除外)擁有股份及相關 股份任何權益或淡倉。

薪酬政策

於二零一七年六月三十日,本集團於香港及中國大陸聘用約50名僱員(包括董事),薪酬與現行市場水平相若,並包括僱員福利如醫療保險、公積金計劃及認股權計劃。

本集團之僱員薪酬政策由本公司薪酬委員 會建議,基準為各自功績、責任及職責、表 現、資歷及能力,並考慮到市場可比較水 平;本集團經營業績;董事會之企業目標及 宗旨;以及相關法律規定、條文、指引及監 管團體的建議。

本公司之各董事薪酬由本公司薪酬委員會 考慮本集團經營業績;企業目標及宗旨;個 別工作表現及職責以及市場可比較統計而 建議。

本公司已採納認股權計劃以鼓勵董事及合 資格僱員。計劃詳情已列載於綜合財務賬 項附註第23項。

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES (Continued)

Notes: (Continued)

- iii. Carnation Investments Inc. was taken to be interested in 89,321,279 Shares in the Company as the entire issued share capital of Dynamic Development Corporation was held by Carnation Investments Inc. as trustee for a private discretionary trust.
- iv. The corporate interests of Mr. CHUA Domingo were held through Dynamic Development Corporation. Dynamic Development Corporation is wholly-owned by Carnation Investments Inc. Mr. CHUA Domingo is the sole shareholder and director of Carnation Investments Inc. Mr. CHUA Domingo beneficially held 4,000,000 Shares and 1,800,000 underlying Shares as derivative interests.
- The calculation is derived from the aggregate interests as a percentage of the total number of issued Shares of the Company (i.e. 225,066,181 Shares) as at 30 June 2017
- vi. The references to 89,321,279 Shares in the Company in which Dr. TAN Lucio C., Mrs. TAN Carmen K., Mr. CHUA Domingo, Dynamic Development Corporation and Carnation Investments Inc. were interested or taken to be interested relate to the same block of Shares.

Save as disclosed above, as at 30 June 2017, no other person (other than the Directors and the chief executive(s) of the Company) had any interests or short positions in the Shares and underlying Shares recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 336 of the SFO.

EMOLUMENT POLICY

At 30 June 2017, the Group had about 50 employees (including Directors) in Hong Kong and the mainland China at prevailing market remuneration with employee benefits such as medical insurance, provident fund schemes and share option schemes.

The emolument policy of the employees of the Group is recommended by the remuneration committee of the Company on the basis of the respective merits, responsibilities and duties, performance, qualifications and competence taking into account of comparable market level, operating results of the Group, corporate goals and objectives of the Board of Directors and relevant legal requirements, provisions, guidelines and recommendations of regulatory bodies.

The emoluments of the respective Directors of the Company are recommended by the remuneration committee of the Company, having regard to the operating results of the Group, corporate goals and objectives, individual performance and responsibility and comparable market statistics.

The Company has adopted share option schemes as incentive to Directors and eligible employees. Details of the schemes are set out in note 23 to the consolidated financial statements.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (Continued) 董事報告書(續)

主要客戶及供應商

於本年度內,本集團五大客戶之總收入佔本集團總收入百份比不超過27%,而本集團五大供應商之採購總額佔本集團直接成本總額百份比不超過46%。

優先購買權

本公司之公司細則概無優先購買權之規定, 或百慕達法例亦無強制規定本公司須按股 權比例配售新股份予現時股東。

充足公眾持股量

於本報告日期,按本公司所取得的公眾資料並就本公司董事所悉,本公司於截至二 零一七年六月三十日止年度內已維持充足 公眾持股量。

企業管治

本公司於截至二零一七年六月三十日止年 度內已遵守上市規則附錄十四企業管治守 則及企業管治報告所載的守則條文(於「企 業管治報告書」所載偏離除外)。本公司所 採納的企業管治常規資料列載於第16至29 頁的「企業管治報告書」內。

環境、社會及管治報告書

本公司根據上市規則附錄二十七所編製的環境、社會及管治報告書列載於第30至39頁內。

核數師

本公司擬於即將召開之股東週年大會上提 呈決議案,重聘德勤·關黃陳方會計師行為 本公司之核數師。

代表董事會 *董事兼行政總裁*

陳永杰

香港,二零一七年九月二十九日

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

During the year, the percentage of the revenue attributable to the Group's five largest customers in aggregate was less than 27% of the total revenue of the Group and the percentage of purchases attributable to the Group's five largest suppliers in aggregate was less than 46% of the total direct costs of the Group.

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Company's Bye-Laws, or the laws of Bermuda which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro-rata basis to existing shareholders.

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors of the Company, as at the date of this report, the Company has maintained a sufficient public float throughout the year ended 30 June 2017.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Company has complied throughout the year ended 30 June 2017 with the code provisions of the Corporate Governance Code and Corporate Governance Report as set out in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules save for the derivation as disclosed in the "Corporate Governance Report". Information on the corporate governance practices adopted by the Company is set out in "Corporate Governance Report" on pages 16 to 29.

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT

The Environment, Social and Governance Report of the Company prepared in accordance with Appendix 27 to the Listing Rules is set out on pages 30 to 39.

AUDITOR

A resolution will be submitted to the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company to re-appoint Messrs. Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu as auditor of the Company.

On behalf of the Board

CHAN Wing Kit, Frank

Director and Chief Executive Officer

Hong Kong, 29 September 2017

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT 獨立核數師報告書

Deloitte.

德勤

致達力集團有限公司列位股東

(在百慕達註冊成立之有限公司)

意見

我們已審核列載於達力集團有限公司(以下 簡稱「貴公司」)及其附屬公司(以下合稱「貴 集團」)的綜合財務賬項第57至133頁,此綜 合財務賬項包括於二零一七年六月三十日 的綜合財務狀況表與截至該日止年度的綜 合損益及其他全面收益表、綜合權益變動 表和綜合現金流量表,以及綜合財務賬項 附註,其中包括主要會計政策概要。

我們認為,該等綜合財務賬項已根據由香港會計師公會(「香港會計師公會」)頒佈的香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報告準則」),真實而公平地反映 貴集團於二零一七年六月三十日的綜合財務狀況及其截至該日止年度的綜合財務表現及綜合現金流量,並已按照香港公司條例之披露要求妥為編製。

意見的基礎

TO THE MEMBERS OF DYNAMIC HOLDINGS LIMITED

(incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability)

OPINION

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Dynamic Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") set out on pages 57 to 133, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2017, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 30 June 2017, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("the HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

BASIS FOR OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (the "Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

關鍵審計事項

關鍵審計事項是根據我們的專業判斷,認為對本年度綜合財務賬項的審計最為重要的事項。這些事項是在我們審計整體綜合財務賬項及出具意見時進行處理的,而我們不會對這些事項提供單獨的意見。

KEY AUDIT MATTERS

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key audit matter 關鍵審計事項

How our audit addressed the key audit matter 我們的審計如何處理關鍵審計事項

Valuation of investment properties 投資物業估值

We identified the valuation of investment properties as a key audit matter due to the significance of the balance to the consolidated financial statements as a whole, combined with significant judgements associated with determining the fair value.

我們認為投資物業估值為關鍵審核事項,乃由於投 資物業在整體綜合財務賬項中所佔之金額重大,加 上釐定公平值時涉及重大判斷。

The investment properties of the Group represented commercial and car parking portion and office units located in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC"). As at 30 June 2017, the Group's investment properties amounted to HK\$1,990,736,000, representing approximately 76% of the Group's total assets. During the year, an increase in fair value of investment properties of HK\$92,896,000 was recognised in profit or loss.

貴集團的投資物業乃位於中華人民共和國(「**中國**」)的商業及停車場部分以及辦公樓。於二零一七年六月三十日,本集團投資物業總額為港幣1,990,736,000元,佔本集團資產總值約76%。於年度內,投資物業公平值增加港幣92,896,000元已於損益內確認。

Our procedures in relation to the valuation of investment properties included:

就投資物業估值,我們執行的程序包括:

- Evaluating the competence, capabilities and objectivity of the independent qualified professional valuers;
- 評估獨立合資格專業估值師的技能程度、能力和客觀性;
- Understanding the independent qualified professional valuers' valuation process and methodologies, the performance of the property markets, significant assumptions adopted, critical judgmental areas and key inputs used in the valuations;
- 了解獨立合資格專業估值師於估值時所使用的估值流程和方法、物業市場的表現、所採用的重要假設、重大判斷範圍及主要輸入元素;

關鍵審計事項(續)

KEY AUDIT MATTERS (Continued)

Key audit matter 關鍵審計事項

How our audit addressed the key audit matter 我們的審計如何處理關鍵審計事項

Valuation of investment properties *(Continued)* 投資物業估值 *(續)*

The Group's investment properties were carried at fair value based on the valuations mainly performed by the independent qualified professional valuers. Details of the valuation techniques, significant assumptions and key inputs used in the valuations are disclosed in note 14 to the consolidated financial statements. The valuations of investment properties (excluding carparks being valued under the direct comparison approach) were dependent on certain key inputs that involve the independent qualified professional valuers' judgments, including capitalisation rates and market unit rents of individual units.

貴集團投資物業的公平值乃按照主要由獨立合資格 專業估值師進行之估值。估值技術詳情、估值時使 用的重要假設和主要輸入元素於綜合財務賬項附註 第14項內披露。投資物業估值(不包括以直接比較 法估值的停車場)取決於涉及獨立合資格專業估值 師作出判斷的若干主要輸入元素,包括個別單元的 資本化比率和市場單元租金。

- Evaluating the reasonableness of the methodology and assumptions applied in the valuation by comparing with industry norms; and
- 通過與行業標準比較,評估估值時應用的方 法和假設之合理性;及
- Assessing the reasonableness of key inputs used in the valuations by comparing to relevant market information on market unit rents achieved and capitalisation rates adopted in other comparable properties in the neighbourhood.
- 通過與市場單元所達到租金的相關市場資料 及鄰近其他類似物業所採用的資本化比率比 較,評估估值時使用的主要輸入元素的合理 性。

其他信息

貴公司董事須對其他信息負責。其他信息 包括刊載於年報內所載的所有信息,但不 包括綜合財務賬項及我們列載於其中的核 數師報告。

我們對綜合財務賬項的意見並不涵蓋其他 信息,我們亦不對該等其他信息發表任何 形式的鑒證結論。

就我們對綜合財務賬項的審計,我們的責任 是細閱其他信息,在此過程中,考慮其他信 息是否與綜合財務賬項或我們在審計過程 中所了解的情況存在重大抵觸或者看似存 在重大錯誤陳述。基於我們已執行的工作, 如果我們認為其他信息存在重大錯誤陳述, 我們需要報告該事實。在這方面,我們就此 並沒有任何報告。

OTHER INFORMATION

The Directors of the Company are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

董事及管治層就綜合財務賬項承擔 的責任

貴公司董事須負責根據香港會計師公會頒佈的香港財務報告準則及香港公司條例的披露要求編製真實而公平的綜合財務賬項,並對其認為為使綜合財務表的編製不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述所需的內部控制負責。

在編製綜合財務賬項時,董事負責評估 貴 集團持續經營的能力,並在適用情況下披 露與持續經營有關的事項,以及使用持續 經營為會計基礎,除非董事有意將 貴集團 清盤或停止經營,或別無其他實際的替代 方案。

管治層須負責監督 貴集團的財務滙報過 程。

核數師就審計綜合財務賬項承擔的 責任

RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND THOSE CHARGED WITH GOVERNANCE FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the Directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the Directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion solely to you, as a body, in accordance with Section 90 of the Bermuda Companies Act, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

核數師就審計綜合財務賬項承擔的 責任(續)

在根據香港審計準則進行審計的過程中,我 們運用了專業判斷,保持了專業懷疑態度。 我們亦:

- 了解與審計相關的內部控制,以設計 適當的審計程序,但目的並非對 貴 集團內部控制的有效性發表意見。
- 評價董事所採用會計政策的恰當性及 作出會計估計和相關披露的合理性。
- 評價綜合財務賬項的整體列報方式、 結構和內容,包括披露以及綜合財務 賬項是否公允反映交易和事項。

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the
 consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error,
 design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks,
 and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate
 to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a
 material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one
 resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery,
 intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of
 internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the
 consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures,
 and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the
 underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves
 fair presentation.

核數師就審計綜合財務賬項承擔的 責任(續)

 就 貴集團內實體或業務活動的財務信息獲取充足、適當的審計憑證, 以便對綜合財務賬項發表意見。我們 負責 貴集團審計的方向、監督和執行。我們為審計意見承擔全部責任。

除其他事項外,我們與管治層溝通了其中 計劃的審計範圍、時間安排、重大審計發現 等,包括我們在審計中識別出內部控制的 任何重大缺陷。

我們亦向管治層提交聲明,說明我們已符合有關獨立性的相關專業道德要求,並與他們溝通有可能合理地被認為會影響我們獨立性的所有關係和其他事項,以及相關防範措施(如適用)。

從與管治層溝通的事項中,我們確定那些 事項對本期綜合財務賬項的審計最為重要, 因而構成關鍵審計事項。我們在核數師報告 中描述這些事項,除非法律法規不允許公 開披露這些事項,或在極端罕見的情況下, 如果合理預期在我們報告中溝通某事項造 成的負面後果超過產生的公眾利益,我們 決定不應在報告中溝通該事項。

出具本獨立核數師報告的審計項目合夥人 是姜道蔚。

德勒·關黃陳方會計師行 執*業會計師* 香港 二零一七年九月二十九日

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

• Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in the independent auditor's report is Keung To Wai, David.

Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu

Certified Public Accountants Hong Kong 29 September 2017

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME 綜合損益及其他全面收益表

截至二零一七年六月三十日止年度 For the year ended 30 June 2017

		附註	二零一七年	二零一六年
		NOTES	2017	2016
			港幣千元 HK\$'000	港幣千元 HK\$'000
ulter 1	D	5		
收入 直接成本	Revenue Direct costs	5	101,762 (22,062)	103,870 (19,899)
且以从个	Direct costs			(17,077)
毛利	Gross profit		79,700	83,971
其他收益及虧損	Other gains or losses	6	16,038	6,266
投資物業公平值之增加	Increase in fair value of investment	14	02.007	02.076
行政弗 田	properties		92,896	83,076
行政費用 銷售費用	Administrative expenses Selling expenses		(26,959) (789)	(25,698) (792)
融資成本	Finance costs	7	(4,016)	(4,243)
合營企業之虧損分攤	Share of loss of a joint venture	,	(10,197)	(9,812)
除税前溢利	Profit before taxation	8	146,673	132,768
税項	Taxation	10	(29,995)	(36,652)
本年度溢利	Profit for the year		116,678	96,116
本年度其他全面支出	Other comprehensive expense for the year			
隨後將不會重新分類至	Item that will not be reclassified			
損益之項目:	subsequently to profit or loss:			
換算呈列貨幣之	Exchange differences on translation			
匯兑差額	to presentation currency	_	(28,723)	(164,681)
本年度全面收入	Total comprehensive income (expense)			
(支出)總額	for the year	_	87,955	(68,565)
本年度溢利應佔:	Profit for the year attributable to:			
本公司擁有人	Owners of the Company		115,591	95,085
非控股權益	Non-controlling interests		1,087	1,031
			116,678	96,116
本年度全面收入	Total comprehensive income (expense)			
(支出)總額應佔:	attributable to:			
本公司擁有人	Owners of the Company		87,378	(66,749)
非控股權益	Non-controlling interests		577	(1,816)
			87,955	(68,565)
每股盈利(港幣:仙)	Earnings per share (Hong Kong cents)	12		
基本	Basic Basic		51.4	42.7
## 注	Dilutad		40.0	40.7
攤薄	Diluted	_	48.8	40.7

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

綜合財務狀況表

於二零一七年六月三十日 At 30 June 2017

		附註 NOTES	二零一七年 2017 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二零一六年 2016 港幣千元 HK\$'000
非流動資產	Non-current Assets			
物業、機器及設備	Property, plant and equipment	13	2,214	1,743
投資物業	Investment properties	14	1,990,736	1,926,240
合營企業權益	Interest in a joint venture	15	86,974	71,570
合營企業欠款	Amount due from a joint venture	15	218,549	235,184
其他資產	Other asset	_	1,382	1,404
		_	2,299,855	2,236,141
流動資產	Current Assets			
待售物業	Properties held for sale	16	15,675	15,947
貸款應收賬款	Loan receivables	17	-	_
貿易及其他應收賬款	Trade and other receivables	18	35,438	16,185
非控股股東欠款	Amount due from a non-controlling shareholder	18	881	895
銀行抵押存款	Pledged bank deposits	27	4,610	14,249
銀行定期存款	Fixed bank deposits	18	130,035	161,121
銀行結餘及現金	Bank balances and cash	18	128,243	83,598
			314,882	291,995
流動負債	Current Liabilities			
貿易及其他應付賬款	Trade and other payables	19	62,269	61,670
應付税項	Tax payable		93,744	96,800
銀行貸款一	Bank loans –	20		
須於一年內償還	due within one year	_	7,770	149,593
			163,783	308,063
流動資產(負債)淨值	Net Current Assets (Liabilities)		151,099	(16,068)
資產總值減流動負債	Total Assets less Current Liabilities		2,450,954	2,220,073

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (Continued) 綜合財務狀況表(續)

於二零一七年六月三十日 At 30 June 2017

		附註 NOTES	二零一七年 2017 港幣千元 HKS'000	二零一六年 2016 港幣千元 HK\$'000
資本及儲備 股本 儲備	Capital and Reserves Share capital Reserves	21	225,066 1,753,012	224,419 1,677,927
本公司擁有人應估權益非控股權益	Equity attributable to owners of the Company Non-controlling interests		1,978,078 34,731	1,902,346 34,154
總權益	Total Equity		2,012,809	1,936,500
非流動負債	Non-current Liabilities			
銀行貸款- 須於一年後償還	Bank loans – due after one year	20	135,520	_
遞延税項負債	Deferred tax liabilities	22	302,625	283,573
			438,145	283,573
			2,450,954	2,220,073

載於第57至133頁之綜合財務賬項已於二零一七年九月二十九日由董事會批核及授權刊印,並由下列董事代表簽署:

The consolidated financial statements on pages 57 to 133 were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 29 September 2017 and are signed on its behalf by:

董事	董事	TAN Harry Chua	CHAN Wing Kit, Frank
陳永涵	陳永杰	DIRECTOR	DIRECTOR

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

綜合權益變動表

截至二零一七年六月三十日止年度 For the year ended 30 June 2017

					At	本公司擁 tributable to own		pany					
		股本	股份溢價	特別儲備	資本贖回 儲備 Capital	匯兑儲備	認股權 儲備 Share	其他儲備	法定儲備	保留溢利	小計	- 非控股 權益 Non-	總計
		Share Share Special reapital premium reserve 港幣千元 港幣千元 港幣千元 HKS 000 HKS 000 (附註甲) (Note a)			redemption Translation option Other Statutory Retained reserve reserve reserve reserve profits Sub-tote 港幣千元 港幣千元 港幣千元 港幣千元 港幣千元 港幣千元 港幣千元 港幣千元			Sub-total 港幣千元 HK\$'000		Total 港幣千元 HKS'000			
於二零一五年七月一日	At 1 July 2015	219,404	426,759	55,018	1,644	394,584	8,100	92,451	8,287	768,547	1,974,794	36,572	2,011,366
年度溢利 匯兑產生之換算差額	Profit for the year Exchange differences arising	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	95,085	95,085	1,031	96,116
	on translation				-	(161,834)		_			(161,834)	(2,847)	(164,681
年度全面(支出) 收入總額 以權益結算股份為基礎	Total comprehensive (expense) income for the year Recognition of equity-settled	-	-	-	-	(161,834)	-	-	-	95,085	(66,749)	(1,816)	(68,565
以惟益品异成切為基礎 付款之確認 行使認股權之	share-based payments Issue of shares upon exercise	-	=	-	=	-	930	-	-	-	930	-	930
股份發行 認股權失效	of share options Lapse of share options	5,015 -	2,533	-	- -	-	(1,881) (563)	-	-	- 563	5,667	- -	5,66
専撥 非控股股東之	Transfer Cash dividend to a non-	-	-	=	-	-	-	-	1,155	(1,155)	-	-	
現金股息 現金股息 <i>(附註第11項)</i>	controlling shareholder Cash dividends (note 11)	-	-	-	-	-	-	- -	-	(12,296)	(12,296)	(602)	(12,29)
於二零一六年六月三十日	At 30 June 2016	224,419	429,292	55,018	1,644	232,750	6,586	92,451	9,442	850,744	1,902,346	34,154	1,936,50
F度溢利 配兑產生之換算差額	Profit for the year Exchange differences arising	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	115,591	115,591	1,087	116,67
医见性生之揆异左領 Exchange differences arising on translation	-	-	-	-	(28,213)	-	-	-	-	(28,213)	(510)	(28,72	
F度全面(支出) 收入總額 F使認股權之	Total comprehensive (expense) income for the year Issue of shares upon exercise	-	-	-	-	(28,213)	-	-	-	115,591	87,378	577	87,95
股份發行 見金股息 <i>(附註第11項)</i>	of share options Cash dividends (note 11)	647	327	-	-	-	(243)	-	-	- (12,377)	731 (12,377)	-	73 (12,37
於二零一七年六月三十日	At 30 June 2017	225,066	429,619	55,018	1,644	204,537	6,343	92,451	9,442	953,958	1,978,078	34,731	2,012,80

附註:

- (甲) 本集團之特別儲備乃有關先前集團重組所收購之 附屬公司當時之股本、股份溢價、一般儲備及保 留溢利之總值與本公司就收購事項所發行之股份 面值間之差額產生。
- (乙) 本集團之其他儲備乃視作來自本公司權益持有 人之供款,於截至二零零六年六月三十日止年度 內,由已付及應付代價之公平價值與透過收購附 屬公司所收購之可資識別資產、負債及或然負債 之淨公平價值間之差額所產生。
- (丙) 從保留溢利轉撥至法定儲備是按適用於本公司於中華人民共和國(「中國」)的附屬公司之中國相關法律及法規所規定。除非總額超過註冊資本的50%,記錄於法定財務賬項的金額不得少於稅後溢利的10%。

Notes:

- (a) The special reserve of the Group arose from the difference between the aggregate amount of the then share capital, share premium, general reserve and retained profits of the subsidiaries acquired, and the nominal amount of the Company's shares issued for the acquisition in relation to a previous group reorganisation.
- (b) The other reserve of the Group represents deemed contributions from equity holders of the Company which arose from the difference between the fair value of consideration paid and payable and the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities acquired through acquisition of the subsidiaries during the year ended 30 June 2006.
- (c) The statutory reserve transferred from retained profits are required by relevant People's Republic of China ("PRC") laws and regulations applicable to the Company's PRC subsidiary. The amount should not be less than 10% of the profit after tax as recorded in the statutory financial statements unless the aggregate amount exceeds 50% of the registered capital.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

綜合現金流量表

截至二零一七年六月三十日止年度 For the year ended 30 June 2017

		二零一七年 2017 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二零一六年 2016 港幣千元 HK\$'000
經營業務	OPERATING ACTIVITIES	11114 000	11114 000
除税前溢利	Profit before taxation	146,673	132,768
調整:	Adjustments for:		
利息收入	Interest income	(16,979)	(17,195)
投資物業公平值增加	Increase in fair value of investment properties	(92,896)	(83,076)
折舊	Depreciation	289	184
出售/撇銷物業、機器及	Loss (gain) on disposal/write off of property,		
設備虧損(收益)	plant and equipment	40	(14)
應收賬款中之減值虧損	Impairment loss recognised (reversed) in		
確認(撥回)	respect of receivables	39	(110)
以股份為基礎之付款支銷	Share-based payment expense	-	930
融資成本	Finance costs	4,016	4,243
合營企業之虧損分攤 未變現之匯兑虧損淨額	Share of loss of a joint venture Unrealised exchange loss, net	10,197 2,466	9,812 13,661
不爱况之匪允虧損伊領	Officentsed exchange loss, liet	2,400	13,001
營運資金變動前之	Operating cash flows before movements in		
經營現金流量	working capital	53,845	61,203
貿易及其他應收賬款增加	Increase in trade and other receivables	(20,018)	(3,957)
貿易及其他應付賬款增加	Increase in trade and other payables	1,566	4,396
來自經營之現金	Cash generated from operations	35,393	61,642
已付中國所得税款	PRC Income Tax paid	(8,473)	(10,623)
來自經營業務之現金淨額	NET CASH FROM OPERATING		
	ACTIVITIES	26,920	51,019
投資活動	INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
已收利息	Interest received	3,951	3,524
收回貸款賬款	Loan receivables recovered	_	110
出售物業、機器及設備	Proceeds on disposal of property, plant and		
所得款項 本 1 78 年 18 年 18 年 18 日 18 日 18 日 18 日 18 日 1	equipment	_	35
存入銀行抵押存款	Placement of pledged bank deposits	(12.522)	(7,553)
存入銀行定期存款	Placement of fixed bank deposits	(13,522)	(13,775)
添置物業、機器及設備 退回銀行定期存款	Purchase of property, plant and equipment Withdrawal of fixed bank deposits	(822)	(84)
返回銀行	Withdrawal of pledged bank deposits	41,841 9,320	5,145
來自(用於)投資活動之	NET CASH FROM (USED IN) INVESTING		
水目(用於)投資伯則之 現金淨額	ACTIVITIES	40,768	(12,598)
小 水 红 脉	TO TIVITIES	70,700	(12,390)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (Continued) 綜合現金流量表 (續)

截至二零一七年六月三十日止年度 For the year ended 30 June 2017

		二零一七年 2017 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二零一六年 2016 港幣千元 HK\$'000
融資活動	FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
行使認股權之股份發行	Issue of shares upon exercise of share options	731	5,667
新造銀行貸款款項	New bank loan raised	143,290	_
償還銀行貸款款項	Repayment of bank loans	(149,593)	(23,000)
已付股息	Dividends paid	(12,377)	(12,296)
已付利息	Interest paid	(4,038)	(3,842)
已付非控股股東股息	Dividends paid to a non-controlling shareholder	_	(602)
用於融資活動之現金淨額	NET CASH USED IN FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(21,987)	(34,073)
現金及現金等值增加淨額	NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	45,701	4,348
年初之現金及現金等值	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE YEAR	83,598	84,985
外匯兑換率變動之影響	EFFECT OF FOREIGN EXCHANGE RATE CHANGE	(1,056)	(5,735)
年終之現金及現金等值,	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE YEAR,		
以銀行結餘及現金表示	represented by bank balances and cash	128,243	83,598

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

綜合財務賬項附註

截至二零一七年六月三十日止年度 For the year ended 30 June 2017

1. 概述

達力集團有限公司(「本公司」)乃在百慕達註冊成立之受豁免有限公司(「聯股份在香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)主板上市。本公司註冊辦事處及主要營業地點已載列於年報內標題為「公司及投資者資料」一節。

本公司為一間投資控股公司,其附屬公司之主要業務詳情載於附註第32項內。

本公司之功能貨幣為人民幣(「**人民** 幣」)。本公司董事考慮本公司上市地 點而認為港幣(「**港幣**」)為最適合之呈 列貨幣,故綜合財務賬項以港幣呈列。

2. 應用新訂及經修訂香港財務報 告準則(「香港財務報告準則」)

本年度強制生效之香港財務報告準則 修訂本

本集團已應用以下由香港會計師公會 (「**香港會計師公會**」)頒佈之經修訂香 港財務報告準則:

香港會計準則第1號	披露動議
(修訂本)	
香港會計準則第16號及	澄清折舊及攤銷之
香港會計準則第38號	可接受方式
(修訂本)	
香港會計準則第16號及	農業:生產性植物
香港會計準則第41號	
(修訂本)	
香港財務報告準則(修訂本)	香港財務報告準則
	二零一二年至
	二零一四年週期之
	年度改進
香港財務報告準則第10號、	投資實體:應用綜合
香港財務報告準則第12號	入賬之例外情況
及香港會計準則第28號	
(修訂本)	
香港財務報告準則第11號	收購共同營運之
(修訂本)	會計方法

於本年度應用香港財務報告準則之修 訂本對本集團本年度及過往年度之財 務表現及狀況及/或該等綜合財務賬 項所載之披露並無構成重大影響。

1. GENERAL

Dynamic Holdings Limited (the "Company") was incorporated in Bermuda as an exempted company with limited liability and its shares are listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange"). The address of the registered office and principal place of business of the Company are disclosed in the section headed "Corporate and Investors Information" in the annual report.

The Company acts as an investment holding company. Details of the principal activities of its subsidiaries are set out in note 32.

The Company's functional currency is Renminbi ("RMB"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$") as the Directors of the Company consider that Hong Kong dollar is the most appropriate presentation currency in view of the Company's place of listing.

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs")

Amendments to HKFRSs that are mandatorily effective for the current year

The Group has applied the following amendments to HKFRSs issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the "HKICPA"):

Disclosure Initiative
Clarification of Acceptable Methods of Depreciation and Amortisation
Agriculture: Bearer Plants
Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2012–2014 Cycle
Investment Entities: Applying Consolidated Exception
Accounting for Acquisitions of Interests in Joint Operations

The application of the amendments to HKFRSs in the current year has had no material impact on the Group's financial performance and positions for the current and prior years and/ or on the disclosures set out in these consolidated financial statements.

截至二零一七年六月三十日止年度 For the year ended 30 June 2017

應用新訂及經修訂香港財務報 告準則(「香港財務報告準則 |) (續)

已頒佈但尚未生效之新訂及經修訂香 港財務報告準則

本集團並無提早採用下列已頒佈但尚 未生效之新訂及經修訂香港財務報告 準則:

香港財務報告準則第9號 香港財務報告準則第15號

金融工具2 客戶合約之收入及 相關修訂2

香港財務報告準則第16號 香港(國際財務報告詮釋 委員會)-詮釋第22號 香港(國際財務報告詮釋 委員會) - 詮釋第23號

租賃3 外幣交易及預收 預付對價2 所得税不確定性的 處理3 披露動議

(修訂本) 香港會計準則第12號 (修訂本)

香港會計準則第7號

就未變現虧損確認 遞延税項資產1

投資物業轉撥2

香港會計準則第40號 (修訂本)

香港財務報告準則 香港財務報告準則 (修訂本) 二零一四年至

二零一六年週期之 年度改進5

香港財務報告準則第2號 (修訂本)

以股份為基礎之 付款交易之分類及

計量2

香港財務報告準則第4號 (修訂本)

與香港財務報告準則 第4號保險合約一併 應用之香港財務報 告準則第9號2

香港財務報告準則第10號及 投資者與其聯營公司 香港會計準則第28號 (修訂本)

或合營公司之間之 資產出售或投入4

- 於二零一七年一月一日或之後開始之年度 期間生效
- 於二零一八年一月一日或之後開始之年度 期間生效
- 於二零一九年一月一日或之後開始之年度 期間生效
- 於待釐定日期或之後開始之年度期間生效
- 於二零一七年一月一日或二零一八年一月 一日(如適用)或之後開始之年度期間生效

APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Continued)

New and amendments to HKFRSs in issue but not yet effective

The Group has not early applied the following new and amendments to HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective:

HKFRS 9 Financial Instruments² HKFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers and the Related Amendments² HKFRS 16 Leases³ HK(IFRIC) - Int 22 Foreign Currency Transactions and Advance Consideration² HK(IFRIC) – Int 23 Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatments3 Amendments to HKAS 7 Disclosure Initiative1 Amendments to HKAS 12 Recognition of Deferred

Tax Assets for Unrealised Losses Amendments to HKAS 40 Transfers of Investment Property²

Amendments to HKFRSs Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2014-2016 Cycle⁵

Amendments to HKFRS 2 Classification and Measurement of Share-based Payment Transactions²

Amendments to HKFRS 4 Applying HKFRS 9 Financial Instruments with HKFRS 4 Insurance Contracts²

Amendments to HKFRS 10 Sale or Contribution of Assets and HKAS 28 between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture4

- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2017
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2019
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after a date to be determined
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2017 or 1 January 2018, as appropriate

截至二零一七年六月三十日止年度 For the year ended 30 June 2017

2. 應用新訂及經修訂香港財務報 告準則(「香港財務報告準則」)

香港財務報告準則第9號「金融工具」

香港財務報告準則第9號引入有關金融 資產、金融負債、一般對沖會計方法 之分類及計量之新規定,以及金融資 產之減值規定。

香港財務報告準則第9號之主要規定概述如下:

- 於香港財務報告準則第9號範圍 內已確認之金融資產,其後按攤 銷成本或公平值計量。具體而 言,旨在為以收取合約現金流量 之業務模式下持有之債務投資; 及該合約現金流量主要用作支付 本金及未付本金之利息之債務投 資,一般於其後之會計報告日按 攤銷成本計量。旨在為同時收回 合約現金流及出售金融資產之業 務模式內持有之債務工具,以及 其合同條款以致於指定日期產生 之現金流量僅為支付尚未償還本 金額之本金和利息之債務工具, 乃按公平值於其他全面收入(「其 他全面收入之公平值」)計量。 所有其他債務投資及股本權益投 資於其後報告日按公平值計量。 此外,根據香港財務報告準則第 9號,實體可作出不可撤回之選 擇,於其他全面收入中呈列股本 權益投資(非持作買賣)其後公平 值之變動,惟僅股息收入一般確 認於損益中。

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Continued)

HKFRS 9 "Financial Instruments"

HKFRS 9 introduces new requirements for the classification and measurement of financial assets, financial liabilities, general hedge accounting and impairment requirements for financial assets.

Key requirements of HKFRS 9:

- all recognised financial assets that are within the scope of HKFRS 9 are required to be subsequently measured at amortised cost or fair value. Specifically, debt investments that are held within a business model whose objective is to collect the contractual cash flows, and that have contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal outstanding are generally measured at amortised cost at the end of subsequent accounting periods. Debt instruments that are held within a business model whose objective is achieved both by collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets, and that have contractual terms that give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding, are generally measured at fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVTOCI"). All other debt investments and equity investments are measured at their fair value at the end of subsequent accounting periods. In addition, under HKFRS 9, entities may make an irrevocable election to present subsequent changes in the fair value of an equity investment (that is not held for trading) in other comprehensive income, with only dividend income generally recognised in profit or loss.
- with regard to the measurement of financial liabilities designated as at fair value through profit or loss, HKFRS 9 requires that the amount of change in the fair value of the financial liability that is attributable to changes in the credit risk of that liability is presented in other comprehensive income, unless the recognition of the effects of changes in the liability's credit risk in other comprehensive income would create or enlarge an accounting mismatch in profit or loss. Changes in fair value attributable to a financial liability's credit risk are not subsequently reclassified to profit or loss. Under HKAS 39, the entire amount of the change in the fair value of the financial liability designated as fair value through profit or loss is presented in profit or loss.

截至二零一七年六月三十日止年度 For the year ended 30 June 2017

應用新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報告準則」)

香港財務報告準則第9號「金融工具」 (續)

- · 就金融資產減值而言,與根據香港會計準則第39號按已產生信貸虧損模式計量相反,香港財資虧損模式計量。預期信貸虧損模式計量。預期信貸虧損侵實體於各報告日將預規定實體於各報告日將預之實虧損及該等預期信貸虧損之數,以反映信貸風險自首與險自以來之變動。換言之,毋須貸虧損。

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Continued)

HKFRS 9 "Financial Instruments" (Continued)

- in relation to the impairment of financial assets, HKFRS 9 requires an expected credit loss model, as opposed to an incurred credit loss model under HKAS 39. The expected credit loss model requires an entity to account for expected credit losses and changes in those expected credit losses at each reporting date to reflect changes in credit risk since initial recognition. In other words, it is no longer necessary for a credit event to have occurred before credit losses are recognised.
- the new general hedge accounting requirements retain the three types of hedge accounting mechanisms currently available in HKAS 39. Under HKFRS 9, greater flexibility has been introduced to the types of transactions eligible for hedge accounting, specifically broadening the types of instruments that qualify for hedging instruments and the types of risk components of non-financial items that are eligible for hedge accounting. In addition, the retrospective quantitative effectiveness test has been removed. Enhanced disclosure requirements about an entity's risk management activities have also been introduced.

Based on the Group's financial instruments and risk management policies as at 30 June 2017, application of HKFRS 9 in the future may have a material impact on the classification and measurement of the Group's financial assets. The Group's available-for-sale investments, including those currently stated at cost less impairment, will either be measured as fair value through profit or loss or be designated as FVTOCI (subject to fulfillment of the designation criteria). In addition, the expected credit loss model may result in early provision of credit losses which are not yet incurred in relation to the Group's financial assets measured at amortised cost.

截至二零一七年六月三十日止年度 For the year ended 30 June 2017

2. 應用新訂及經修訂香港財務報 告準則(「香港財務報告準則」)

香港財務報告準則第15號「客戶合約之 收入」

香港財務報告準則第15號已經頒佈, 其制定一項單一全面模式供實體用 作將自客戶合約所產生之收入入賬。 於香港財務報告準則第15號開始生效 時,其將取代現時之收入確認指引, 包括香港會計準則第18號「收入」、香 港會計準則第11號「建築合約」及相關 詮釋。

香港財務報告準則第15號之核心原則,為實體所確認向客戶轉讓承諾貨品或服務之收入金額,應為能反映該實體預期就交換該等貨品或服務有權獲得之代價。具體而言,該準則引入五個確認收入之步驟:

• 第一步: 識別與客戶之合約

• 第二步: 識別合約中之履約責任

• 第三步: 釐定交易價格

• 第四步: 分攤交易價格至合約中之

履約責任

• 第五步: 於實體完成履約責任時

(或就此)確認收入

根據香港財務報告準則第15號,實體 於完成履約責任時(或就此)確認收 入,即於特定履約責任相關之貨品 服務之「控制權」轉讓予客戶時。香港 財務報告準則第15號已就特別情況之 處理方法加入更明確指引。此外,香 港財務報告準則第15號規定作出更廣 泛披露。

於二零一六年,香港會計師公會頒佈香港財務報告準則第15號之澄清,其有關履約義務之辨認、主理人與代理人之考量及授權之應用指引。

本公司董事預期,日後應用香港財務報告準則第15號可能導致更多披露,然而,本公司董事並未預期應用香港財務報告準則第15號將會對在相關呈報期內確認收入的時間和金額構成重大影響。

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Continued)

HKFRS 15 "Revenue from Contracts with Customers"

HKFRS 15 was issued which establishes a single comprehensive model for entities to use in accounting for revenue arising from contracts with customers. HKFRS 15 will supersede the current revenue recognition guidance including HKAS 18 "Revenue", HKAS 11 "Construction Contracts" and the related interpretations when it becomes effective.

The core principle of HKFRS 15 is that an entity should recognise revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for goods and services. Specifically, the standard introduces a 5-step approach to revenue recognition:

- Step 1: Identify the contract(s) with customer
- Step 2: Identify the performance obligations in the contract
- Step 3: Determine the transaction price
- Step 4: Allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract
- Step 5: Recognise revenue when (or as) the entity satisfies a performance obligation

Under HKFRS 15, an entity recognises revenue when (or as) a performance obligation is satisfied, that is when "control" of the goods or services underlying the particular performance obligation is transferred to the customer. Far more prescriptive guidance has been added in HKFRS 15 to deal with specific scenarios. Furthermore, extensive disclosures are required by HKFRS 15.

In 2016, the HKICPA issued Clarifications to HKFRS 15 in relation to the identification of performance obligations, principal versus agent considerations as well as licensing application guidance.

The Directors of the Company anticipate that the application of HKFRS 15 in the future may result in more disclosures, however, the Directors of the Company do not anticipate that the application of HKFRS 15 will have a material impact on the timing and amounts of revenue recognised in the respective reporting periods.

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應用新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報告準則」)

香港財務報告準則第16號「租賃 |

香港財務報告準則第16號就辨認出租 人及承租人之租賃安排及會計處理引 入一個全面模式。倘香港財務報告準 則第16號生效時,其將取代香港會計 準則第17號「租賃」及其相關詮釋。

香港財務報告準則第16號根據可識別 之資產是否由客戶控制來區分租賃及 服務合約。經營租賃及融資租賃之差 異自承租人會計處理中移除,並直 租人須就所有租賃確認使用權資產及 其相應負債之模式替代,惟短期租賃 及低價值資產租賃除外。

使用權資產初步按成本計量,其後以 成本(惟若干例外情況除外)減累計折 舊及減值虧損計量,並就租賃負債之 任何重新計量而作出調整。租賃負債 初步按當日尚未支付之租賃款項之現 值計量。其後,因應利息及租賃款項 以及租賃修訂之影響等而對租賃負債 作出調整。就現金流量分類而言,本 集團目前將有關自用之租賃土地和該 等分類為投資物業之租賃土地之前期 預付土地租賃款項呈列為投資現金流 量,其他經營租賃款項則呈列為經營 現金流量。根據香港財務報告準則第 16號,有關租賃負債之租賃款項將分 配至本金及利息部分,並以融資現金 流量呈列。

根據香港會計準則第17號,本集團已確認融資租賃安排之一項資產,以及租賃土地之預付租賃款項(本集團為承租人)。應用香港財務報告準則第16號可能導致該等資產在分類上的潛在變動,取決於本集團個別或一併呈列使用權資產,即在擁有對應相關資產情況下所獲呈列者。

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Continued)

HKFRS 16 "Leases"

HKFRS 16 introduces a comprehensive model for the identification of lease arrangements and accounting treatments for both lessors and lessees. HKFRS 16 will supersede HKAS 17 "Leases" and the related interpretations when it becomes effective

HKFRS 16 distinguishes lease and service contracts on the basis of whether an identified asset is controlled by a customer. Distinctions of operating leases and finance leases are removed for lessee accounting, and is replaced by a model where a right-of-use asset and a corresponding liability have to be recognised for all leases by lessees, except for short-term leases and leases of low value assets.

The right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost (subject to certain exceptions) less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, adjusted for any remeasurement of the lease liability. The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at that date. Subsequently, the lease liability is adjusted for interest and lease payments, as well as the impact of lease modifications, amongst others. For the classification of cash flows, the Group currently presents upfront prepaid lease payments as investing cash flows in relation to leasehold lands for owned use and those classified as investment properties while other operating lease payments are presented as operating cash flows. Under HKFRS 16, lease payments in relation to lease liability will be allocated into a principal and an interest portion which will be presented as financing cash flows.

Under HKAS 17, the Group has already recognised an asset for finance lease arrangement and prepaid lease payments for leasehold lands where the Group is a lessee. The application of HKFRS 16 may result in potential changes in classification of these assets depending on whether the Group presents right-of-use assets separately or within the same line item at which the corresponding underlying assets would be presented if they were owned.

截至二零一七年六月三十日止年度

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2. 應用新訂及經修訂香港財務報 告準則(「香港財務報告準則」)

香港財務報告準則第16號「租賃」(續)

相對於承租人會計處理,香港財務報告準則第16號大致轉承了香港會計準則第17號之出租人會計處理規定,並繼續要求出租人將其租賃分類為經營租賃或融資租賃。

此外,香港財務報告準則第16號規定 更全面之披露。

香港會計準則第7號(修訂本)「披露動 議 |

該修訂本於二零一七年一月一日或之 後開始之未來的年度期間應用,惟 會 說提早應用。該修訂本的應用將會 致需對本集團的融資活動作出額外的 披露,特別是於應用時將須於綜合財 務狀況表中提供就融資活動所產生的 期初及期末負債結餘的對賬。

除此之外,董事預期應用其他新訂及 經修訂香港財務報告準則將不會對財 務表現及狀況及/或本集團綜合財務 賬項之披露構成重大影響。

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Continued)

HKFRS 16 "Leases" (Continued)

In contrast to lessee accounting, HKFRS 16 substantially carries forward the lessor accounting requirements in HKAS 17, and continues to require a lessor to classify a lease either as an operating lease or a finance lease.

Furthermore, extensive disclosures are required by HKFRS 16.

As at 30 June 2017, the Group has non-cancellable operating lease commitments of HK\$1,402,000. A preliminary assessment indicates that these arrangements will meet the definition of a lease under HKFRS 16, and hence the Group will recognise a right-of-use asset and a corresponding liability in respect of all these leases unless they qualify for low value or short-term leases upon the application of HKFRS 16. In addition, the application of new requirements may result changes in measurement, presentation and disclosure as indicated above. However, it is not practicable to provide a reasonable estimate of the financial effect until the Group performs a detailed review.

Amendments to HKAS 7 "Disclosure Initiative"

The amendments require an entity to provide disclosures that enable users of financial statements to evaluate changes in liabilities arising from financing activities including both changes arising from cash flows and non-cash changes. Specially, the amendments require the following changes in liabilities arising from financing activities to be disclosed: (i) changes from financing cash flows; (ii) changes arising from obtaining or losing control of subsidiaries or other businesses; (iii) the effect of changes in foreign exchange rates; (iv) changes in fair values; and (v) other changes.

The amendments apply prospectively for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2017 with earlier application permitted. The application of the amendments will result in additional disclosures on the Group's financing activities, specifically reconciliation between the opening and closing balances in the consolidated statement of financial position for liabilities arising from financing activities will be provided on application.

Other than that, the Directors anticipate that the application of other new and amendments to HKFRSs will have no material impact on the financial performance and position and/or the disclosures of the Group's consolidated financial statements.

截至二零一七年六月三十日止年度 For the year ended 30 June 2017

3. 主要會計政策

本綜合財務賬項乃根據香港會計師公 會所頒佈之香港財務報告準則編製。 此外,綜合財務賬項已包括聯交所證 券上市規則及香港公司條例所規定的 適用披露。

本綜合財務賬項乃根據歷史成本法編 製,惟以公平值計量之投資物業則除 外,其會計政策闡述如下。

歷史成本一般乃根據貨物或服務交易 代價的公平值。

公平值為於計量日期在市場參與者之 間進行的完整交易所出售資產可收取 或轉讓負債須支付的價格,不論該價 格是否直接觀察或使用另一估值技術 估計所得。在釐定一項資產或負債的 公平值時,本集團會考慮該等市場參 與者於計量日期對資產或負債定價時 所考慮的資產或負債的特點。於綜合 財務賬項中作計量及/或披露用途的 公平值乃按此基準釐定,惟屬於香港 財務報告準則第2號「以股份為基礎之 付款 | 範疇的以股份為基礎付款交易、 屬於香港會計準則第17號「租賃」範疇 的租賃交易以及其計量與公平值存在 一些相似之處但並非公平值(例如香港 會計準則第2號「存貨」的可變現淨值 或香港會計準則第36號「資產減值」的 使用價值)除外。

非金融資產的公平值計量計入市場參與者透過使用其資產的最高及最佳用 途或透過將資產出售予將使用其最高 及最佳用途的另一名市場參與者,而 能夠產生經濟利益的能力。

此外,就財務申報目的而言,公平值計量根據公平值計量輸入數據的可觀察程度及輸入數據對公平值計量的整體重要性劃分為第一、第二或第三級,描述如下:

- 第一級輸入數據為實體可於計量 日期獲取的相同資產或負債於活 躍市場的報價(未經調整);
- 第二級輸入數據為資產或負債的 可直接或間接觀察所得輸入數據 (第一級包括的報價除外);及
- 第三級輸入數據為資產或負債的 不可觀察所得輸入數據。

主要會計政策載列如下。

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA. In addition, the consolidated financial statements include applicable disclosures required by the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange and by the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for investment properties that are measured at fair values, as explained in the accounting policies set out below.

Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods or services.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Group takes into account the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. Fair value for measurement and/or disclosure purposes in these consolidated financial statements is determined on such a basis, except for share-based payment transactions that are within the scope of HKFRS 2 "Share-based Payment", leasing transactions that are within the scope of HKAS 17 "Leases", and measurements that have some similarities to fair value but are not fair value, such as net realisable value in HKAS 2 "Inventories" or value in use in HKAS 36 "Impairment of Assets".

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

In addition, for financial reporting purposes, fair value measurements are categorised into Level 1, 2 or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, which are described as follows:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date;
- Level 2 inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices included within Level 1, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

The principal accounting policies are set out below.

截至二零一七年六月三十日止年度 For the year ended 30 June 2017

3. 主要會計政策(續)

綜合基準

綜合財務賬項包括本公司及受本公司 及其附屬公司控制之個體之財務賬 項。倘本公司符合以下條件時,即可 取得控制權:

- 可對被投資方行使權力;
- 自參與被投資方營運所得的可變 回報須承擔風險或擁有權利;及
- 能夠運用其權力以影響其回報金額。

倘有事實及情況顯示上述三項控制元 素有一項或以上出現變動,則本公司 再評估其是否控制被投資方。

倘本集團於投資對象之投票權少於大 多數,而投票權足以賦予本集團實際 能力可單方面指示投資對象之相關 業務時,本集團即對投資對象擁有權 力。在評估本集團於投資對象之投票 權是否足以賦予其權力時,本集團考 慮所有相關事實及情況,其中包括:

- 本集團持有投票權之規模相對於 其他選票持有人持有投票權之規 模及分散性;
- 本集團、其他選票持有人或其他 人士持有的潛在投票權;
- 其他合約安排所產生之權利;及
- 於需要作出決定(包括先前股東 大會上之投票模式)時表明本集 團當時擁有或並無擁有能力指示 相關活動之任何額外事實及情 況。

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and entities controlled by the Company and its subsidiaries. Control is achieved where the Company:

- has power over the investee;
- is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee; and
- has the ability to use its power to affect its returns.

The Company reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control listed above.

When the Group has less than a majority of the voting rights of an investee, it has power over the investee when the voting rights are sufficient to give it the practical ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee unilaterally. The Group considers all relevant facts and circumstances in assessing whether or not the Group's voting rights in an investee are sufficient to give it power, including:

- the size of the Group's holding of voting rights relative to the size and dispersion of holdings of the other vote holders;
- potential voting rights held by the Group, other vote holders or other parties;
- rights arising from other contractual arrangements; and
- any additional facts and circumstances that indicate that the Group has, or does not have, the current ability to direct the relevant activities at the time that decisions need to be made, including voting patterns at previous shareholders' meetings.

Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the Group obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiary. Specifically, income and expenses of a subsidiary acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income from the date the Group gains control until the date when the Group ceases to control the subsidiary.

截至二零一七年六月三十日止年度 For the year ended 30 June 2017

3. 主要會計政策(續)

綜合基準(續)

損益及其他全面收益各項目歸屬於本公司擁有人及非控股權益。附屬公司 之全面收入總額歸屬予本公司擁有人 及非控股權益,即使這導致非控股權 益出現赤字差額。

於有需要時,附屬公司之財務賬項會 作出調整,以使其會計政策與本集團 其他成員公司所採納一致。

所有集團內公司間之資產及負債、權益、收入、開支以及有關本集團成員 間交易之現金流量均於綜合賬目時悉 數撤銷。

附屬公司的非控股權益與本集團的權 益分開呈列。

合營企業權益

合營企業指一種合營安排,對安排擁 有共同控制權之各訂約方據此對合營 安排之淨資產擁有權利。共同控制是 一項安排所共有之控制,共同控制僅 在當相關活動要求享有控制權之各訂 約方作出一致同意之決定時存在。

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

Basis of consolidation (Continued)

Profit or loss and each item of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests. Total comprehensive income of subsidiaries is attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

Where necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies into line with those used by other members of the Group.

All intra-group assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

Non-controlling interests in subsidiaries are presented separately from the Group's equity therein.

Interest in a joint venture

A joint venture is a joint arrangement whereby the parties that have joint control of the arrangement have rights to the net assets of the joint arrangement. Joint control is the contractually agreed sharing of control of an arrangement, which exists only when decisions about the relevant activities require unanimous consent of the parties sharing control.

The results and assets and liabilities of a joint venture are incorporated in the consolidated financial statements using the equity method of accounting. Under the equity method, an investment in a joint venture is initially recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost and adjusted thereafter to recognise the Group's share of the profit or loss and other comprehensive income of the joint venture. When the Group's share of losses of a joint venture equals or exceeds its interest in that joint venture, the Group discontinues recognising its share of further losses. Additional losses are recognised only to the extent that the Group has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of that joint venture.

截至二零一七年六月三十日止年度 For the year ended 30 June 2017

3. 主要會計政策(續)

合營企業權益(續)

於投資不再為合營企業當日起或投資 (或其中一部分)被分類為持作出售 時,本集團終止採用權益法。

當集團實體與本集團之合營企業進行交易時,與合營企業之交易所產生的損益乃按本集團無關的合營企業所佔之權益為準而在本集團綜合財務賬內確認。

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

Interest in a joint venture (Continued)

An investment in a joint venture is accounted for using the equity method from the date on which the investee becomes a joint venture. On acquisition of the investment in a joint venture, any excess of the cost of the investment over the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities of the investee is recognised as goodwill, which is included within the carrying amount of the investment. Any excess of the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities over the cost of the investment, after reassessment, is recognised immediately in profit or loss in the period in which the investment is acquired.

The requirements of HKAS 39 "Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement" are applied to determine whether it is necessary to recognise any impairment loss with respect to the Group's investment in a joint venture. When necessary, the entire carrying amount of the investment (including goodwill) is tested for impairment in accordance with HKAS 36 "Impairment of Assets" as a single asset by comparing its recoverable amount (higher of value in use and fair value less costs to sell) with its carrying amount. Any impairment loss recognised forms part of the carrying amount of the investment. Any reversal of that impairment loss is recognised in accordance with HKAS 36 to the extent that the recoverable amount of the investment subsequently increases.

The Group discontinues the use of the equity method from the date when the investment ceases to be a joint venture, or when the investment (or a portion thereof) is classified as held for sale

When a group entity transacts with a joint venture of the Group, profits or losses resulting from the transactions with the joint venture are recognised in the Group's consolidated financial statements only to the extent of interests in the joint venture that are not related to the Group.

截至二零一七年六月三十日止年度 For the year ended 30 June 2017

3. 主要會計政策(續)

投資物業

投資物業為持作賺取租金收入及/或作資本增值的物業。

投資物業首次按成本(包括任何直接應 佔支出)計量。於首次確認後,投資物 業乃採用公平值模式計量其公平值。 投資物業因公平值變動所產生之損益 列入所產生期間之溢利或虧損。

當投資物業出售時,或當永不再使用 該投資物業且預期在出售時將不會產 生任何未來經濟利益時,則終止確認 入賬。因終止確認資產時產生之任何 收益或虧損(按其出售時所得款項之淨 金額和資產賬面值之差額計算),於該 項目終止確認之期間內計入損益中。

租賃

當租賃條款將絕大部分擁有權之風險及回報轉移予承租者,該租賃均被分類為融資租賃。所有其他租賃均分類為經營租賃。

本集團為出租者

經營租賃之租金收入乃於相關租賃年 期內按直線基準於損益內確認。來自 經營租賃的或然租金於賺取期間確認 為收入。

倘訂立經營租賃可以獲得租賃優惠, 該等優惠被確認為資產。優惠成本總 額以直線法確認為租金收入減少,除 非有另一系統化基準更能反映租賃資 產減少經濟利益之時間模式。

本集團為承租者

經營租賃付款乃在租賃年期內按直線 基準確認為開支。

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

Investment properties

Investment properties are properties held to earn rentals and/or for capital appreciation.

Investment properties are initially measured at cost, including any directly attributable expenditure. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are measured at their fair values using the fair value model. Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of investment property are included in profit or loss for the period in which they arise.

An investment property is derecognised upon disposal or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefits are expected from its disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in profit or loss in the period in which the item is derecognised.

Leasing

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

The Group as lessor

Rental income from operating leases is recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease. Contingent rentals arising under operating leases are recognised as income in the period in which they are earned.

In the event that lease incentives are granted to enter into operating leases, such incentives are recognised as assets. The aggregate cost of incentives is recognised as a reduction of rental income on a straight-line basis, except where another systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the leased asset are diminished.

The Group as lessee

Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

截至二零一七年六月三十日止年度 For the year ended 30 June 2017

3. 主要會計政策(續)

租賃土地及樓宇

倘能可靠分配租賃款項,作為營運租 賃入配租賃款項」,作為營運租 賃入賬之租賃土地權益於綜合財務 提表內呈列為「預付租賃款項」並 線法於租賃期內攤銷,被歸類為 以公平值模式列 數當租賃款項未能於土地及 外。當租賃款項未能於土地 發一股 分之間可靠分配時,整份租 賃器 分之 類為融 衛入賬。

借貸成本

與收購、建造或生產合資格資產(合資格資產(合資格資產指需要一段較長期間方能在開始的資產)直接有關之時, 定用途或銷售的資產之成本,直接有關至 資成本計入該等資產之成本或銷售的資產之成本 等資產已大致可作擬定用途或到售資 上。於特定借貸暫時投資賺取之投 收益視乎該借貸用作合資格資本化之借貸成本 中扣除。

所有其他借貸成本均於產生期間的損 益內確認。

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

Leasehold land and building

When a lease includes both land and building elements, the Group assesses the classification of each element as a finance or an operating lease separately based on the assessment as to whether substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of each element have been transferred to the Group, unless it is clear that both elements are operating leases in which case the entire lease is classified as an operating lease. Specifically, the minimum lease payments (including any lump-sum upfront payments) are allocated between the land and the building elements in proportion to the relative fair values of the leasehold interests in the land element and building element of the lease at the inception of the lease.

To the extent the allocation of the lease payments can be made reliably, interest in leasehold land that is accounted for as an operating lease is presented as "prepaid lease payments" in the consolidated statement of financial position and is amortised over the lease term on a straight-line basis except for those that are classified and accounted for as investment properties under the fair value model. When the lease payments cannot be allocated reliably between the land and building elements, the entire lease is generally classified as a finance lease and accounted for as property, plant and equipment.

Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit and loss in the period in which they are incurred.

截至二零一七年六月三十日止年度 For the year ended 30 June 2017

3. 主要會計政策(續)

待售物業

待售物業按成本及可變現淨值兩者中 之較低額入賬。成本包括於租賃土地 之物業權益和發展成本,後者包括應 佔資本化借貸成本。

可變現淨值指估計售價扣減所有估計 完成成本及達到銷售所需成本。

收入確認

收入乃按於一般業務過程中所提供的 貨物及服務的已收或應收代價的公平 值計量及代表應收款項(扣除折扣及相 關銷售稅項)。

當收入金額能夠可靠地計量、而未來經濟利益乃很可能流入本集團,且符合以下本集團各業務的特定準則時,本集團便會確認收入。

物業銷售

在日常業務進行下的銷售物業所得收 入會於下列所有條件達成時確認:

- 本集團已將物業擁有權之重大風險及回報轉移予買方,指當相關物業的建築工程已完成而物業已交付予買方,並可合理確定收取有關應收款項的可能性時;
- 本集團並無保留一般與擁有權有關之銷售物業持續管理權或實際控制權;
- 收入金額能可靠地計量;
- 與交易相關之經濟利益將很可能 流入本集團;及
- 交易已產生或將產生之成本能可 靠地計量。

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

Properties held for sale

Properties held for sale are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost comprises the property interest in leasehold land and development costs including attributable borrowing costs capitalised.

Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price less all estimated costs of completion and costs necessary to make the sale.

Revenue recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable and represents amounts receivable for goods sold and services provided in the normal course of business, net of discounts and sales related taxes.

Revenue is recognised when the amount of revenue can be reliably measured; when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the Group and when specific criteria have been met for each of the Group's activities, as described below.

Sales of properties

Revenue arising from the sale of properties in the ordinary course of business is recognised when the following conditions are satisfied:

- the Group has transferred to the buyer the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the properties, which is when the construction of relevant properties has been completed, upon delivery, and collectability of related receivables is reasonably assured;
- the Group retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the properties are sold;
- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Group; and
- the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

截至二零一七年六月三十日止年度 For the year ended 30 June 2017

3. 主要會計政策(續)

收入確認(續)

物業銷售(續)

在符合上述所有收入確認條件前自買 方收取的定金及供款已於綜合財務狀 況表之流動負債內入賬。

其他

營運租賃的租金收入乃根據直線法於 相關租賃年期內於損益內確認。或然 租金於賺取期間內確認為收入。

服務收入於服務提供時確認。

税項

所得税支出指現時應付税項及遞延税 項總額。

現時應付稅項乃按本年度應課稅溢利 計算。應課稅溢利與綜合損益及其他 全面收益表中所呈報之「除稅前溢利」 不同,乃由於應課稅溢利不包括於其 他年度應課稅之收入或抵扣之開支, 亦不包括永不須課稅或獲抵扣之項 目。本集團的現時應付稅項負債佈之 於呈報期末已頒佈或大體上已頒佈之 稅率計算。

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

Revenue recognition (Continued)

Sales of properties (Continued)

Deposits and instalments received from purchasers prior to meeting all the above criteria for revenue recognition are included in the consolidated statement of financial position under current liabilities.

Others

Rental income from operating leases is recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease. Contingent rentals are recognised as income in the period in which they are earned.

Service income is recognised when services are provided.

Interest income from a financial asset is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the amount of income can be measured reliably. Interest income from a financial asset is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from the "profit before taxation" as reported in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

截至二零一七年六月三十日止年度 For the year ended 30 June 2017

3. 主要會計政策(續)

税項(續)

遞延税項資產之賬面值乃於呈報期末 進行檢討,並予以相應扣減,直至並 無足夠應課稅溢利可供全部或部分資 產可予收回為止。

遞延税項資產及負債根據於呈報期末 已頒佈或大體上已頒佈之税率(及税 法)按預期於償還負債或資產變現期間 適用之税率計算。

遞延税項資產及負債之計量反映本集 團於呈報期末,預期將要收回或償還 其資產及負債的賬面值之稅務後果。

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

Taxation (Continued)

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax base used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary difference to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and interest in a joint venture, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences associated with such investments and interests are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that there will be sufficient taxable profits against which to utilise the benefits of the temporary differences and they are expected to reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of the reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset is realised, based on the tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

截至二零一七年六月三十日止年度 For the year ended 30 June 2017

3. 主要會計政策(續)

税項(續)

即期及遞延稅項在損益內確認,惟與於其他全面收入或直接自權益確認之項目相關者除外,於該情況下,即期及遞延稅項亦會分別於其他全面收入或直接於權益中確認。

外幣

因結算貨幣項目及重新換算貨幣項目所產生之匯兑差額於產生期間在損益內確認。重新換算按公平值列賬之非貨幣項目產生之匯兑差額計入該期內之損益中。

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

Taxation (Continued)

For the purposes of measuring deferred tax liabilities or deferred tax assets for investment properties that are measured using the fair value model, the carrying amounts of such properties are presumed to be recovered entirely through sale, unless the presumption is rebutted. The presumption is rebutted when the investment property is depreciable and is held within a business model whose objective is to consume substantially all of the economic benefits embodied in the investment property over time, rather than through sale. If the presumption is rebutted, deferred tax liabilities and deferred tax assets for such investment properties are measured in accordance with the above general principles set out in HKAS 12 (i.e. based on the expected manner as to how the properties will be recovered).

Current and deferred tax are recognised in profit or loss, except when it relates to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case the current and deferred tax are also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

Foreign currencies

In preparing the financial statements of each individual group entity, transactions in currencies other than the functional currency of that entity (foreign currencies) are recorded in its functional currency (i.e. the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates) at the rates of exchanges prevailing on the dates of the transactions. At the end of the reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date. Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the date when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items, and on the retranslation of monetary items, are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise. Exchange differences arising on the retranslation of non-monetary items carried at fair value are included in profit or loss for the period.

截至二零一七年六月三十日止年度 For the year ended 30 June 2017

3. 主要會計政策(續)

外幣(續)

退休福利計劃成本

香港及中華人民共和國(「中國」)之 界定供款退休福利計劃及香港強制性 公積金計劃(「強積金計劃」)之供款於 僱員提供服務使其符合資格獲得供款 時,作為支出扣除。

金融工具

金融資產及金融負債於本集團成為工 具訂約條文之一方時於綜合財務狀況 表內確認。

金融資產及金融負債初步以公平值計量。購置或發行金融資產或金融負債 時直接產生之交易成本於初步確認時 從該金融資產或金融負債(視情況而 定)之公平值加進或扣減。

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

Foreign currencies (Continued)

For the purposes of presenting the consolidated financial statements, the assets and liabilities of the group entity with functional currency of Renminbi are translated into the presentation currency of the Group (i.e. Hong Kong dollars) at the rate of exchange prevailing at the end of the reporting period, and their income and expenses are translated at the average exchange rates for the year, unless exchange rates fluctuate significantly during the period, in which case, the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of transactions are used. Exchange differences arising, if any, are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity under the heading of translation reserve (attributed to non-controlling interests as appropriate).

Retirement benefits costs

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefits plans in Hong Kong and the People's Republic of China (the "PRC") and the Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme (the "MPF Scheme") in Hong Kong are charged as expenses when employees have rendered service entitling them to the contributions.

Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets or financial liabilities are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition.

截至二零一七年六月三十日止年度 For the year ended 30 June 2017

3. 主要會計政策(續)

金融工具(續)

金融資產

本集團之金融資產為貸款及應收賬款。分類視乎金融資產之性質及目的 而定,並於初步確認時釐定。所有以 正常途徑買或銷售之金融資產乃按 結算日期基準確認及終止確認。正常 途徑買賣或銷售乃要求於市場法規或 慣例所確定之時間框架內交付資產之 金融資產買賣或銷售。

實際利息法

實際利息法乃計算金融資產攤銷成本及將利息收入按有關期間予以分預配之方法。實際利率為於金融資產之預計可使用年期或於首次確認之賬計可較短期間(如適用)內,將估計未來現金收入(包括所支付或收取構成本際利率的所有費用及基點、交易成本人其他溢價或折扣)準確貼現的利率。

利息收入按實際利率基準確認。

貸款及應收賬款

貸款及應收賬款為於活躍市場並無報價且附帶固定或可釐定付款之非衍生金融資產。於初步確認後,貸款及應收賬款(包括合營企業欠款、貸款應收賬款、貿易及其他應收賬款、非控股股東欠款、銀行存款及銀行結餘)乃採用實際利率法按攤銷成本減任何減值列賬(見下文有關金融資產之減值虧損之會計政策)。

利息收入乃採用實際利率確認,惟確認利息並不重大之短期應收款項除外。

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets

The Group's financial assets are loans and receivables. The classification depends on the nature and purpose of the financial assets and is determined at the time of initial recognition. All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognised and derecognised on a settlement date basis. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the marketplace.

Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset and of allocating interest income over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts (including all fees paid and points or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial asset, or, where appropriate, a shorter period to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Interest income is recognised on an effective interest basis.

Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. Subsequent to initial recognition, loans and receivables (including amount due from a joint venture, loan receivables, trade and other receivables, amount due from a non-controlling shareholder, bank deposits and bank balances) are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment (see accounting policy on impairment loss on financial assets below).

Interest income is recognised by applying the effective interest rate, except for short-term receivables where the recognition of interest would be immaterial.

截至二零一七年六月三十日止年度 For the year ended 30 June 2017

3. 主要會計政策(續)

金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

金融資產減值

金融資產於呈報期末就指示減值跡象 作出評估。倘有客觀證據證明,因一 項或多項於首次確認金融資產後發生 之事件,導致金融資產之估計未來現 金流量受影響,該等金融資產即出現 減值。

減值之客觀證據可能包括:

- 發行人或交易對手出現嚴重財政 困難;或
- 違反合約如未能償還或拖欠利息 及本金款項;或
- 借款人可能會進行破產或財務重組。

當有客觀證據證明資產出現減值時,則減值虧損會於損益內確認,並按財務資產賬面值與按財務資產原實際利率貼現之估計未來現金流量現值兩者之差額計量。

就按攤銷成本計量之金融資產而言, 如於往後期間減值虧損數額減少可客觀地與於確認減值後 生之事件相連,則過往確認之減值值 損透過損益撥回,惟該資產於減值撥 回當日之賬面值不得高於未確認減值 之攤銷成本。

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets are assessed for indicators of impairment at the end of the reporting period. Financial assets are impaired where there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial asset, the estimated future cash flows of the financial assets have been affected.

Objective evidence of impairment could include:

- significant financial difficulty of the issuer or counterparty; or
- breach of contract, such as default or delinquency in interest and principal payments; or
- it becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or financial re-organisation.

An impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss when there is objective evidence that the asset is impaired, and is measured as the difference between the financial asset's carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate.

The carrying amount of the financial asset is reduced by the impairment loss directly for all financial assets with the exception of loan receivables and trade and other receivables, where the carrying amounts are reduced through the use of allowance accounts. Changes in the carrying amounts of the allowance accounts are recognised in profit or loss. When loan receivables and trade and other receivables are considered uncollectible, they are written off against the allowance accounts. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited to profit or loss.

For financial assets measured at amortised cost, if, in a subsequent period, the amount of impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss to the extent that the carrying amount of the asset at the date the impairment is reversed does not exceed what the amortised cost would have been had the impairment not been recognised.

截至二零一七年六月三十日止年度 For the year ended 30 June 2017

3. 主要會計政策(續)

金融工具(續)

金融負債及權益工具

由集團實體發行之債務及權益工具乃 根據所訂立合約安排之性質,以及金 融負債和權益工具之定義而分類為金 融負債或股本權益。

實際利息法

實際利息法是計算金融負債攤銷成本及將利息費用按有關期間予以分預之方法。實際利率為於金融負債之預計可用年期(如適用)或較短期間內,將估計未來現金付款(包括構成實際利率組成部分之所有已支付或已收取之實限及基點、交易成本以及其他溢質可折讓)實際貼現至於首次確認之賬面淨值之利率。

利息支出按實際利率基準確認。

金融負債

金融負債(包括貿易及其他應付賬款及銀行貸款)為其後採用實際利息法按攤銷成本計算。

股本權益工具

股本權益工具乃任何合約可證明本集 團於扣減所有負債後在資產中擁有剩 餘權益。由本公司發行之股本權益工 具乃按已收所得款項(扣除直接發行成 本)入賬。

財務擔保合約

財務擔保合約乃規定發行者須支付特定款項以補償持有者因特定債務者未能按照債務票據原定或經修訂條款於到期時支付款項所蒙受損失之合約。

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial liabilities and equity instruments

Debt and equity instruments issued by a group entity are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial liability and of allocating interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial liability, or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Interest expense is recognised on an effective interest basis.

Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities (including trade and other payables and bank loans) are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method.

Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Group after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

Financial guarantee contracts

A financial guarantee contract is a contract that requires the issuer to make specified payments to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because a specified debtor fails to make payment when due in accordance with the original or modified terms of a debt instrument.

截至二零一七年六月三十日止年度 For the year ended 30 June 2017

3. 主要會計政策(續)

金融工具(續)

財務擔保合約(續)

本集團發行且非透過損益按其公平價值處理之財務擔保合約,最初按保公平價值處理之財務擔保合約,最初按保保在 約個關之交易成本確認。於最初準則 後,本集團按(i)根據香港會計準則第 37號「撥備、或然負債及或然資產」 定按照合同責任之金額;及(ii)最計 定按照合同責任之金額;及(ii)最計 定接額之金額減(如適用)確認之累計 額,以兩者之較高者計量財務擔保合 約。

終止確認

本集團僅於自財務資產獲取現金流之合約權利到期時終止確認財務資產。

於終止確認金融資產時,資產賬面值 與已收及應收代價金額之差額於損益 內確認。

當或只有本集團之責任獲解除、取消或到期時,本集團之金融負債方終止確認。已終止確認之金融負債賬面值與已付或應付代價之差額於損益內確認。

物業、機器及設備

物業、機器及設備乃按成本減去其後 累積折舊及累積減值虧損(如有)於綜 合財務狀況表內入賬。

物業、機器及設備項目成本之撤銷在考慮到其估計剩餘值後,乃以直線基準在估計可使用期內確認為折舊。估計可使用年期及折舊方法會在各呈報期末檢討,任何估計變動之影響按預計基準列賬。

物業、機器及設備項目會在出售或預期持續使用該資產不會帶來未來經濟利益時終止確認。出售或棄置該物業、機器及設備項目時所產生的任何損益以出售所得款項與該資產之賬面值之差額計算,並於損益內確認。

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial guarantee contracts (Continued)

A financial guarantee contract issued by the Group and not designated as at fair value through profit or loss is recognised initially at its fair value less transaction costs that are directly attributable to the issue of the financial guarantee contract. Subsequent to initial recognition, the Group measures the financial guarantee contract at the higher of: (i) the amount of obligation under the contract, as determined in accordance with HKAS 37 "Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets"; and (ii) the amount initially recognised less, when appropriate, cumulative amortisation recognised.

Derecognition

The Group derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire.

On derecognition of a financial asset, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable is recognised in profit or loss.

The Group derecognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the Group's obligations are discharged, cancelled or expire. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable is recognised in profit or loss.

Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost less subsequent accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost of items of property, plant and equipment over their estimated useful lives and after taking into account of their estimated residual value using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in profit or loss.

截至二零一七年六月三十日止年度 For the year ended 30 June 2017

3. 主要會計政策(續)

有形資產減值

可收回金額乃公平價扣除銷售成本與 使用價值之較高者。在評估使用價值 時,估計未來現金流量將使用稅前貼 現率貼現至其現值,以反映目前資金 時間值之市場估量及有關未來現金流 估計之資產之未調整風險。

倘估計資產或現金產生單位之可收回 金額低於其賬面值,則將該資產或現 金產生單位賬面值撇減至其可收回金 額。減值虧損隨即確認為支出。

於回撥減值虧損時,資產(或現金產生單位)之賬面值可調高至重新釐定之估計可收回金額,惟不可高於該資產(或現金產生單位)於過往年度未計減值虧損前之賬面值。撥回之減值虧損可即時被確認為收入。

或然資產

或然資產乃不獲確認,直至收入變現 為實質確定,則有關資產並非或然資 產及其確認為適當的。

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

Impairment on tangible assets

At the end of the reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss, if any. When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. Where a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation can be identified, corporate assets are also allocated to individual cash-generating units, or otherwise they are allocated to the smallest group of cash-generating units for which a reasonable and consistent allocation basis can be identified.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or a cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or a cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised as an expense immediately.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or a cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (or a cash-generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised as income immediately.

Contingent asset

A contingent asset is not recognised until the realisation of income is virtually certain, then the related asset is not contingent asset and its recognition is appropriate.

截至二零一七年六月三十日止年度 For the year ended 30 June 2017

3. 主要會計政策(續)

以股份為基礎之付款安排

授予僱員及提供類似服務的顧問之認 股權

參考認股權公平值而釐定的所獲服務 公平值在認股權在授出日期授出及享 有即時以股份為基礎之付款支銷,並 在認股權儲備作出相應增加。

當認股權獲行使時,過往於認股權儲備內確認之金額將會轉撥至股份溢價。當認股權於歸屬日期後遭沒收或於屆滿日期仍未行使,則過往於認股權儲備內確認之金額將轉撥至保留溢利。

4. 重大會計判斷及估計不確定因 素之主要來源

於應用附註第3項內所述本集團之會計政策時,本公司董事須就並不容易從其他來源顯示之資產及負債之賬面值作出判斷、估計及假設。估計及相關假設乃根據過往經驗及其他被認為相關之因素作出。實際結果可能與該等估計不同。

本集團就估計及相關假設持續予以檢 討。倘會計估計之修訂僅對估計修訂 之期間構成影響,則有關修訂於此期 間確認,或倘有關修訂對本期間及未 來期間均構成影響,則修訂乃於檢討 及未來期間確認。

應用本集團會計政策之重大判斷

以下為本公司董事於應用本集團會計 政策時所作出對於綜合財務賬項確認 的金額構成最重大影響之重大判斷, 涉及估計(見下文)除外。

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

Share-based payment arrangements

Share options granted to employees and consultants providing similar services

The fair value of services received determined by reference to the fair value of share options granted and vested at the grant date is expensed as share-based payment expenses immediately on the date of grant, with a corresponding increase in share option reserve.

When share options are exercised, the amount previously recognised in share option reserve will be transferred to share premium. When the share options are forfeited after the vesting date or are still not exercised at the expiry date, the amount previously recognised in share option reserve will be transferred to retained profits.

4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

In the application of the Group's accounting policies, which are described in note 3, the Directors of the Company are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Critical judgements in applying the Group's accounting policies

The following are the critical judgements, apart from those involving estimations (see below), that the Directors of the Company have made in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies and that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the consolidated financial statements.

截至二零一七年六月三十日止年度 For the year ended 30 June 2017

4. 重大會計判斷及估計不確定因 素之主要來源(續)

應用本集團會計政策之重大判斷(續)

投資物業遞延稅項

未售物業分類為待售物業

於年度內,本公司管理層在日常業務進行中,積極推銷可供出售的所有未出售待售物業。於二零一七年六月三十日,賬面值為港幣13,019,000元(二零一六年:港幣11,562,000元)的若干待售物業單元已暫時出租。本公司董事有意持有該等待售物業,因此,該等單元於綜合財務賬項中仍分類為待售物業。

估計不確定性之主要來源

於呈報期末,就有關日後及其他估計 不明朗因素主要來源,具有存在重大 風險,而導致下一財政年度內資產和 負債賬面值出現重大調整的主要假設 概述如下。

4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (Continued)

Critical judgements in applying the Group's accounting policies (Continued)

Deferred taxation on investment properties

For the purposes of measuring deferred tax liabilities or deferred tax assets arising from investment properties that are measured using the fair value model, the Directors have reviewed the Group's investment property portfolios and concluded that the Group's investment properties located in the PRC are not held under a business model whose objective is to consume substantially all of the economic benefits embodied in the investment properties over time. Therefore, in measuring the Group's deferred taxation on investment properties, the Directors have determined that the presumption that the carrying amounts of investment properties measured using the fair value model are recovered entirely through sale is not rebutted. As a result, the Group has recognised the deferred taxes on changes in fair value of investment properties as the Group is subject to Land Appreciation Tax ("LAT") and Enterprise Income Tax ("EIT") on disposal of its investment properties.

Classification of unsold properties as properties held for sale

During the year, the management of the Company has actively marketed its unsold properties for all properties held for sale which are available for sale in the ordinary course of business. As at 30 June 2017, certain units of properties held for sale with carrying amount HK\$13,019,000 (2016: HK\$11,562,000) have been rented out temporarily. The Directors of the Company have intention to hold these properties for sale, and accordingly, these units are still classified as properties held for sale in the consolidated financial statements.

Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are discussed below.

截至二零一七年六月三十日止年度 For the year ended 30 June 2017

4. 重大會計判斷及估計不確定因 素之主要來源(續)

估計不確定性之主要來源(續)

投資物業公平值

呆賬撥備

本集團根據對貸款應收賬款及貿易及 其他應收賬款可收回程度的評估確認 呆賬撥備。

倘出現事件或情況變動顯示結餘可能 無法收回,則會就貸款應收賬款及貿 易及其他應收賬款作出撥備。呆賬的 確定須使用判斷及估計。當貸款應收 賬款、貿易及其他應收賬款實際可收 回現金流量與先前估計不符時,有關 差異將影響貸款應收賬款、貿易及其 他應收賬款的賬面值及呆賬支出。於 二零一七年六月三十日,貿易及其他 應收賬款的賬面值為港幣36,820,000元 (減去呆賬撥備港幣3,726,000元)(二零 一六年:港幣17,589,000元(減去呆賬撥 備港幣3,739,000元))。而貸款應收賬款 賬面值為港幣零元(減去呆賬撥備港幣 1,537,000元) (二零一六年:港幣零元 (減去呆賬撥備港幣1,560,000元))。

4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (Continued)

Key sources of estimation uncertainty (Continued)

Fair value of investment properties

At the end of the reporting period, the Group's investment properties are carried at a total fair value of HK\$1,990,736,000 (2016: HK\$1,926,240,000) based on the valuations performed by independent qualified professional valuers and the Directors of the Company. The valuations of investment properties (excluding carparks being valued under the direct comparison approach) were arrived at by reference to market evidence of recent transaction prices for similar properties and/or on the basis of discounted cash flow projections based on estimates of future rental income from properties using current market rentals and yields as inputs. In relying on the valuation, management has exercised its judgment and is satisfied that the method of valuation is reflective of the current market conditions. Favourable or unfavourable changes to these assumptions would result in changes in the fair value of the Group's investment properties and corresponding adjustments to the amount of gain or loss recognised in profit or loss.

Allowance for doubtful debts

The Group recognises allowance for doubtful debts based on an assessment of the recoverability of loan receivables and trade and other receivables.

Allowances are applied to loan receivables and trade and other receivables where events or changes in circumstances indicate that the balances may not be collectible. The identification of doubtful debts requires the use of judgement and estimates. Where the actual cash flows relating to loan receivables and trade and other receivables are different from the previous estimate, such difference will impact the carrying value of loan receivables, trade and other receivables and the doubtful debts expense. As at 30 June 2017, the carrying amounts of trade and other receivables and loan receivables are HK\$36,820,000 (net of allowance for doubtful debts of HK\$17,589,000 (net of allowance for doubtful debts of HK\$17,589,000) (2016: hts.) and nil (net of allowance for doubtful debts of HK\$1,537,000) (2016: nil (net of allowance for doubtful debts of HK\$1,560,000)) respectively.

截至二零一七年六月三十日止年度 For the year ended 30 June 2017

5. 收入及分類資料

為了分配資源及評估分類表現,於呈報予本公司董事會(「**董事會**」)(即主要經營決策者)的資料中,已集中於物業租賃及銷售的物業所在地。

物業租賃分類包括於中國的物業租賃 經營。本集團的物業投資組合主要包 括位於中國上海及北京的辦公樓、購 物商場及停車場。物業銷售分類包括 本集團於中國北京的貿易物業銷售。

本集團按照香港財務報告準則第8號「經營分類」之規定呈報,以明確的地理位置基準分析物業租賃及物業銷售之分類資料。

(甲) 分類收入及業績

本集團於本年度之收入及業績按 可報告及經營分類分析如下:

5. REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION

Information reported to the board of Directors (the "Board") of the Company, being the chief operating decision maker, for the purpose of resource allocation and assessment of performance focused on the location of the properties for property rental and property sales.

The property rental segment includes property leasing operation in the PRC. The Group's investment properties portfolio, which mainly consists of offices, shopping mall and carparks, are located in Shanghai and Beijing, the PRC. The property sales segment includes sales of the Group's trading properties in Beijing, the PRC.

These divisions, property rental and property sales analysed based on distinct geographical locations, are the basis on which the Group reports its segment information under HKFRS 8 "Operating Segments".

(a) Segment revenues and results

The following is an analysis of the Group's revenue and results by reportable and operating segment for the year:

			物業 Propert			物業 Proper			
		北京 Beijing		上海 Shanghai		北京 Beijing		総合 Consolidated	
		二零一七年 2017 <i>港幣千元</i> HKS'000	二零一六年 2016 <i>港幣千元</i> HK\$'000	二零一七年 2017 <i>港幣千元</i> HK\$'000	二零一六年 2016 <i>港幣千元</i> HK\$'000	二零一七年 2017 <i>港幣千元</i> HKS'000	二零一六年 2016 <i>港幣千元</i> HK\$'000	二零一七年 2017 <i>港幣千元</i> HKS'000	二零一六年 2016 <i>港幣千元</i> <i>HK</i> \$'000
分類收入	SEGMENT REVENUE								
收入 對外銷售	REVENUE External sales	33,541	36,269	68,221	67,601	_		101,762	103,870
分類業績	SEGMENT RESULT	23,900	31,255	147,208	135,647	(173)	(140)	170,935	166,762
未分配其他收入 未分配公司支出 融資成本 合營企業之虧損分攤	Unallocated other income Unallocated corporate expenses Finance costs Share of loss of a joint venture							15,018 (25,067) (4,016) (10,197)	4,865 (24,804) (4,243) (9,812)
除税前溢利	Profit before taxation							146,673	132,768

綜合財務賬項附註(續)

截至二零一七年六月三十日止年度 For the year ended 30 June 2017

5. 收入及分類資料(續)

(甲) 分類收入及業績(續)

經營分類之會計政策與本集團的會計政策於附註第3項所述相同。分類業績指各分類之治類之治利(虧損),而並無分配中央行政成本、銀行利息收入、兑換虧損入及虧資成本。此乃就分配資源及評估表現向董事會呈報之計量準則。

(乙)分類資產及負債

5. REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

(a) Segment revenues and results (Continued)

The accounting policies of the operating segments are the same as the Group's accounting policies described in note 3. Segment result represents the profit (loss) from each segment without the allocation of central administration costs, bank interest income, exchange loss, imputed interest income on amount due from a joint venture and finance costs. This is the measure reported to the Board of Directors for the purposes of resources allocation and performance assessment.

(b) Segment assets and liabilities

			物業 Propert	租賃 y rental			銷售 ty sales		
			京 ijing	上海 Shanghai		北京 Rejijng		北京 綜合 Beijing Consolid	
		二零一七年	二零一六年	二零一七年	二零一六年	二零一七年		二零一七年	二零一六年
		2017		2017		2017		2017	2016
		港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
資產 分類資產 分類資產 合營企業權益 合營配企業次該 未分配企業資產 綜合資產總值	ASSETS Segment assets Interest in a joint venture Amount due from a joint venture Unallocated corporate assets Consolidated total assets	648,485	656,350	1,348,726	1,278,401	21,434	22,100	2,018,645 86,974 218,549 290,569 2,614,737	1,956,851 71,570 235,184 264,531 2,528,136
- 小口只庄心田	Consolidated total assets							2,014,757	2,320,130
負債 分類負債 未分配企業負債	LIABILITIES Segment liabilities Unallocated corporate liabilities	6,294	6,945	34,417	30,758	12,073	12,536	52,784 549,144	50,239 541,397
綜合負債總值	Consolidated total liabilities							601,928	591,636

為監控不同的分類表現及資源分配:

- 除合營企業權益、合營企業 欠款、銀行存款、銀行結餘 及現金以及其他企業資產 外,全部資產乃分配為經營 分類;及
- 一 除於貿易及其他應付款內欠 一間有關聯公司之款項、應 付稅項、銀行貸款、遞延稅 項負債及其他企業負債外, 全部負債乃分配為經營分 類。

For the purposes of monitoring segment performances and allocating resources between segments:

- all assets are allocated to operating segments other than interest in a joint venture, amount due from a joint venture, bank deposits, bank balances and cash and other corporate assets; and
- all liabilities are allocated to operating segments other than amount due to a related company included in trade and other payables, tax payable, bank loans, deferred tax liabilities and other corporate liabilities.

截至二零一七年六月三十日止年度

For the year ended 30 June 2017

收入及分類資料(續)

5. REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION

(Continued)

(丙) 其他分類資料

(c) Other segment information

			物業和 Property			物業的 Propert							
			京 jing		·海 nghai		ijing		總計 nt Total		分配 ocated	₩ Consol	
		二零一七年 2017 <i>港幣千元</i> HKS'000	二零一六年 2016 <i>港幣千元</i> HK\$'000	二零一七年 2017 <i>港幣千元</i> HKS'000	二零一六年 2016 <i>港幣千元</i> HK\$'000	二零一七年 2017 <i>港幣千元</i> HKS'000	. 二零一六年 2016 <i>港幣千元</i> HK\$'000	二零一七年 2017 <i>港幣千元</i> HKS'000	二零一六年 2016 <i>港幣千元</i> HK\$'000	二零一七年 2017 <i>港幣千元</i> HKS'000	二零一六年 2016 <i>港幣千元</i> HK\$'000	二零一七年 2017 <i>港幣千元</i> HKS'000	二零一六年 2016 <i>港幣千元</i> HK\$*000
包括在計算分類 業績或分類資產 及負債之金額	Amounts included in the measure of segment result or segment assets and liabilities												
資本支出	Capital expenditures	_	_	-	_	30	15	30	15	792	69	822	84
折舊 有關應收賬款的 減值虧損確認	Depreciation Impairment loss recognised (reversed) in respect of	-	-	-	-	109	119	109	119	180	65	289	184
(接回) 淨額 投資物業公平值	receivables, net Increase in fair value of	39	(110)	-	-	-	-	39	(110)	-	-	39	(110)
之增加	investment properties	2,850	4,816	90,046	78,260			92,896	83,076			92,896	83,076

(丁) 地域分類

本集團來自對外客戶的全部收入 乃位於中國(香港除外)。

按資產位處之地域分析非流動資 產賬面值如下:

(d) Geographical information

All of the Group's revenue from external customers are located in the PRC (other than Hong Kong).

The following is an analysis of the carrying amount of non-current assets analysed by the geographical area in which the assets are located:

		Carrying a	非流動資產賬面值 Carrying amount of non-current assets		
		二零一七年 二零一六			
		2017	2016		
		港幣千元	港幣千元		
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000		
中國(香港除外)	PRC (other than Hong Kong)	1,992,124	1,927,768		

本集團上述非流動資產不包括金 融工具。

(成)由於本集團概無單一客戶佔有本 集團超過10%的收入,故並無主 要客戶。

The Group's non-current assets above exclude financial instruments.

The Group does not have major customers as no single customer contributes more than 10% of the Group's revenue.

截至二零一七年六月三十日止年度 For the year ended 30 June 2017

6. 其他收益及虧損

6. OTHER GAINS AND LOSSES

		二零一七年 2017 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二零一六年 2016 <i>港幣千元</i> <i>HK\$'000</i>
其他收益及虧損包括:	Included in other gains or losses are:		
銀行利息收入 兑換虧損淨額 其他應收賬款之	Bank interest income Exchange loss, net Imputed interest income on other	3,262 (2,422)	3,524 (12,785)
假計利息收入 合營企業欠款之	receivables Imputed interest income on amount due	1	3
假計利息收入	from a joint venture	13,716	13,668

7. 融資成本

7. FINANCE COSTS

		二零一七年 2017 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二零一六年 2016 港幣千元 HK\$'000
銀行借貸利息	Interest on bank borrowings	4,016	4,243

8. 除税前溢利

8. PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION

		二零一七年 2017 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二零一六年 2016 港幣千元 HK\$'000
除税前溢利已扣除(計入) 下列各項:	Profit before taxation has been arrived at after charging (crediting):		
核數師酬金	Auditor's remuneration	1,655	1,496
折舊	Depreciation	289	184
出售/撇銷物業、機器及	Loss (gain) on disposal/write off of		
設備虧損(收益)	property, plant and equipment	40	(14)
辦公室之經營租賃租金	Operating lease rentals in respect of	2.020	2 000
員工成本(包括呈列於附註	office premises Staff costs (including Directors'	3,028	2,908
第9(甲)項之董事酬金)	remuneration shown in note 9(a))	13,883	13,680
應收賬款之減值	Impairment loss recognised (reversed)	10,000	12,000
虧損確認(撥回)	in respect of receivables	39	(110)
已收及應收經營租賃租金	Net operating lease rentals received and		
淨額	receivable		
投資物業總租金	Gross rents from investment		
	properties	(101,978)	(108,550)
減:投資物業所產生	Less: Direct expenses from	21.025	10.545
直接支出	investment properties	21,925	19,745
		(80,053)	(88,805)

截至二零一七年六月三十日止年度 For the year ended 30 June 2017

9. 董事及僱員酬金

9. DIRECTORS' AND EMPLOYEES' EMOLUMENTS

(甲) 董事酬金

(a) Directors' emoluments

		二零一七年 2017 港幣千元 HKS'000	二零一六年 2016 港幣千元 HK\$'000
董事袍金	Directors' fees		
執行董事	Executive	1,800	1,840
獨立非執行董事	Independent Non-executive	1,640	1,560
其他酬金	Other emoluments		
薪金及其他福利	Salaries and other benefits	_	450
退休福利計劃供款	Contributions to retirement		
	benefits scheme	90	107
以股份為基礎之付款	Share-based payments	-	930
		3,530	4,887

已付或應付予十二名(二零一六年:十四名)董事之各自酬金如下:

The emoluments paid or payable to each of the twelve (2016: fourteen) Directors were as follows:

				二零一七年 2017		
		袍金	薪金及 其他福利 Salaries	退休福利 計劃供款 Contributions	以股份為 基礎之付款 Share-based	總額
		Fees 港幣千元 HKS'000	and other benefits 港幣千元 HKS'000	to retirement benefits scheme 港幣千元 HKS'000	snare-based payments 港幣千元 HK\$'000	Total 港幣千元 HKS'000
執行董事	Executive Directors					
陳永涵先生	Mr. TAN Harry Chua	280	-	14	-	294
陳永杰博士(<i>附註一)</i>	Dr. CHAN Wing Kit, Frank (note i)	240	-	12	-	252
陳俊望先生	Mr. TAN Lucio Jr. Khao	200	-	10	-	210
陳俊禮先生	Mr. TAN Michael Gonzales	240	-	12	-	252
黄正順先生	Mr. PASCUAL Ramon Sy	280	-	14	-	294
蔡育實先生	Mr. CHUA Joseph Tan	200	-	10	-	210
趙少鴻先生	Mr. CHIU Siu Hung, Allan	360	-	18	-	378
獨立非執行董事	Independent Non-executive Directors					
莊劍青先生	Mr. CHONG Kim Chan, Kenneth	360	-	-	-	360
SY Robin Chua博士	Dr. SY Robin Chua	320	-	-	-	320
霍錦柱博士	Dr. FOK Kam Chu, John	360	-	-	-	360
GO Patrick Lim先生	Mr. GO Patrick Lim	360	-	-	-	360
TAN Kenway Hao先生	Mr. TAN Kenway Hao	240	_	_	_	240
		3,440	-	90	_	3,530

截至二零一七年六月三十日止年度 For the year ended 30 June 2017

9. 董事及僱員酬金(續)

9. DIRECTORS' AND EMPLOYEES' EMOLUMENTS (Continued)

(甲) 董事酬金(續)

(a) Directors' emoluments (Continued)

			薪金及	退休福利	以股份為	
		袍金	其他福利	計劃供款	基礎之付款	總額
			Salaries	Contributions	11 1/2 11 1/1	,,O, H)/
			and other	to retirement	Share-based	
		Fees	benefits	benefits scheme	payments	Total
		港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
執行董事	Executive Directors					
陳永涵先生	Mr. TAN Harry Chua	280	_	14	_	294
陳永杰博士 (附註一)	Dr. CHAN Wing Kit, Frank (note i)	240	_	12	_	252
陳俊望先生	Mr TAN Lucio Jr Khao	280	_	14	_	294
陳俊禮先生	Mr. TAN Michael Gonzales	200	_	10	_	210
黄正順先生	Mr. PASCUAL Ramon Sy	280	_	14	_	294
蔡育實先生	Mr. CHUA Joseph Tan	120	_	6	_	126
趙少鴻先生	Mr. CHIU Siu Hung, Allan	360	_	18	_	378
張志明先生 <i>(附註二)</i>	Mr. CHEUNG Chi Ming (note ii)	80	_	2	_	82
黄世達先生(附註三)	Mr. WONG Sai Tat (note iii)	-	450	17	-	467
獨立非執行董事	Independent Non-executive Directors					
莊劍青先生	Mr. CHONG Kim Chan, Kenneth	360	_	_	_	360
SY Robin Chua博士	Dr. SY Robin Chua	320	_	_	_	320
霍錦柱博士	Dr. FOK Kam Chu, John	360	_	_	_	360
GO Patrick Lim 先生	Mr. GO Patrick Lim	360	_	_	930	1,290
TAN Kenway Hao 先生	Mr. TAN Kenway Hao	160	-	-	-	160
		3,400	450	107	930	4,887

附註:

- 一、陳永杰博士亦為本公司行政總裁, 以上披露之薪酬包括其擔任行政總 裁所提供服務的薪酬。
- 二、 張志明先生於二零一五年十二月十 一日退任本公司執行董事。
- 三、 黄世達先生於二零一五年七月十三 日辭任本公司執行董事。
- 四、 上列執行董事酬金主要是就彼等管 理本公司及本集團事務所提供的服 務。
- 五、 上列獨立非執行董事酬金主要是就 彼等作為本公司董事所提供的服務。

Notes:

- Dr. CHAN Wing Kit, Frank is also the Chief Executive of the Company and his emoluments disclosed above include those for services rendered by him as the Chief Executive.
- Mr. CHEUNG Chi Ming retired as Executive Director of the Company on 11 December 2015.
- Mr. WONG Sai Tat resigned as Executive Director of the Company on 13 July 2015.
- iv. The Executive Directors' emoluments shown above were mainly for their services in connection with the management of the affairs of the Company and the Group.
- The Independent Non-executive Directors' emoluments shown above were mainly for their services as Directors of the Company.

截至二零一七年六月三十日止年度 For the year ended 30 June 2017

9. 董事及僱員酬金(續)

9. DIRECTORS' AND EMPLOYEES' EMOLUMENTS (Continued)

(乙) 僱員酬金

於兩個年度內,概無董事被納入 為五名最高薪酬人士。董事酬 金詳情載於上文附註第9(甲)項 內。五名最高薪酬人士之酬金如 下:

(b) Employees' emoluments

No Directors were included in the five highest paid individuals for both years. Details of Directors' emoluments are set out in note 9(a) above. The emoluments of the five highest paid individuals are as follows:

		二零一七年 2017 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二零一六年 2016 港幣千元 HK\$'000
薪金及其他褔利 退休褔利計劃	Salaries and other benefits Retirement benefits scheme	4,696	4,354
供款	contributions	225	205
		4,921	4,559

彼等之酬金介乎下列組別:

The emoluments were within the following bands:

			數目 femployees
		二零一七年 2017	二零一六年 2016
少於港幣1,000,001元 港幣1,000,001元至	Less than HK\$1,000,001	3	3
港幣2,000,000元	HK\$1,000,001 to HK\$2,000,000	2	2

截至二零一七年六月三十日止年度 For the year ended 30 June 2017

10. 税項

10. TAXATION

		二零一七年 2017 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二零一六年 2016 <i>港幣千元</i> <i>HK\$</i> '000
税項支出(計入)包括:	The tax charge (credit) comprises:		
現時中國所得税 (香港除外) 本年度 過往年度超額準備	Current tax in the PRC (other than Hong Kong) Current year Overprovision in prior years	7,049 (186)	12,909 (255)
遞延税項(附註第22項)	Deferred taxation (note 22)	6,863 23,132 29,995	12,654 23,998 36,652

由於本集團於兩年度內概無應課稅溢 利,故於綜合財務賬項內並無香港所 得稅準備。

根據中華人民共和國企業所得税法 (「企業所得稅法」)及企業所得稅法 實施規例,本集團中國實體之稅率為 25%。

本公司在香港及英屬處女群島成立的若干附屬公司受預扣税約束,為該等公司在中國應課税租金收入、管理費收入及利息收入的10%至25%。

遞延税項負債詳情載列於附註第22項 內。

企業所得税法亦規定自二零零八年一月一日起,獲分派中國企業所賺取的溢利時須繳交5%的預扣税。於呈報期末,就此溢利產生的臨時差額已於綜合財務賬項內計提遞延税項為港幣2,493,000元(二零一六年:港幣2,602,000元)。

No provision for Hong Kong Profits Tax has been made in the consolidated financial statements as the Group has no assessable profit for both years.

Under the Law of the People's Republic of China on Enterprise Income Tax (the "EIT Law") and Implementation Regulation of the EIT Law, the tax rate of the Group's PRC entity is 25%.

Certain subsidiaries of the Company incorporated in Hong Kong and the British Virgin Islands are subject to withholding tax ranging from 10% to 25% on their taxable rental income, management fee income and interest income in the PRC.

Details of the deferred tax liabilities are set out in note 22.

The EIT Law also requires withholding tax upon distribution of profits earned by the PRC entities since 1 January 2008 at 5%. At the end of the reporting period, deferred taxation of HK\$2,493,000 (2016: HK\$2,602,000) has been provided for in the consolidated financial statements in respect of the temporary differences attributable to such profits.

截至二零一七年六月三十日止年度 For the year ended 30 June 2017

10. 税項(續)

10. TAXATION (Continued)

本年度內税項支出可與綜合損益及其 他全面收益表之除稅前溢利對賬如下: The tax charge for the year can be reconciled to the profit before taxation per the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income as follows:

		二零一七年 2017 港幣千元 HKS'000	二零一六年 2016 <i>港幣千元</i> <i>HK\$'000</i>
除税前溢利	Profit before taxation	146,673	132,768
按適用率25%之所得税支出 (二零一六年:25%) 計算税項時不可扣減支出之	Income tax expense at the applicable rate of 25% (2016: 25%) Tax effect of expenses not deductible	36,668	33,192
税務影響 計算税項不需課税收入之	for tax purpose Tax effect of income not taxable for tax	1,067	8,038
税務影響	purpose	(3,633)	(4,091)
未被確認税務虧損之税務影響 合營企業虧損分攤之	Tax effect of tax losses not recognised Tax effect of share of loss of a joint	4,317	4,025
税務影響	venture	2,549	2,453
過往年度超額準備	Overprovision in prior years	(186)	(255)
動用以往未確認的可扣減	Utilisation of deductible temporary	, ,	, ,
暫時差額	difference previously not recognised	(1,282)	_
有關預提税之不同税率 對附屬公司之影響	Effect of different tax rate for subsidiaries in respect of		
	withholding tax	(24,274)	(22,372)
中國附屬公司已付股息收入之	Withholding tax on dividend income		570
預提税(附註)	paid by a PRC subsidiary (note)	-	572
附屬公司未分配溢利之預提稅 所產生之遞延税項負債	Deferred tax liabilities resulting from withholding tax on undistributed		
	profits of a subsidiary	(69)	5
土地增值税對投資物業之影響	Effect of LAT on investment properties	14,766	14,962
其他	Others	72	123
所得税支出	Income tax expense	29,995	36,652

附註:

Note:

除於附註第22項內所述未分配利潤的遞延稅項負債外,本集團已支付截至二零一六年六月三十日止年度內來自中國附屬公司溢利的股息分配之預提稅。

In addition to the deferred tax liabilities for undistributed earnings set out in note 22, the Group paid withholding tax on dividend distributed from profit during the year ended 30 June 2016 by a PRC subsidiary.

截至二零一七年六月三十日止年度 For the year ended 30 June 2017

11. 股息

11. DIVIDENDS

		二零一七年 2017 <i>港幣千元</i> HK\$'000	二零一六年 2016 港幣千元 HK\$'000
有關截至二零一六年六月三十日 止年度已派發末期股息每股港 幣3仙(二零一五年:港幣3仙) 有關截至二零一七年六月三十日 止年度已派發中期股息每股 港幣2.5仙(二零一六年:	Final dividend paid in respect of year ended 30 June 2016 of 3 Hong Kong cents (2015: 3 Hong Kong cents) per share Interim dividend paid in respect of year ended 30 June 2017 of 2.5 Hong Kong cents (2016: 2.5 Hong Kong cents) per	6,750	6,706
港幣2.5仙)	share	5,627	5,590
		12,377	12,296

本公司董事已建議截至二零一七年六 月三十日止年度末期股息每股港幣3 仙,合共港幣6,752,000元,惟須待股東 於股東週年大會上通過。

12. 每股盈利

本公司擁有人應佔每股基本及攤薄盈 利乃根據以下資料計算: The final dividend in respect of 3 Hong Kong cents per share totalling HK\$6,752,000 for the year ended 30 June 2017 has been proposed by the Directors of the Company and is subject to approval by the shareholders in the annual general meeting.

12. EARNINGS PER SHARE

The calculation of the basic and diluted earnings per share attributable to the owners of the Company is based on the following data:

		二零一七年 2017 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二零一六年 2016 <i>港幣千元</i> <i>HK\$'000</i>
盈利	Earnings		
用作計算每股基本及攤薄盈利的 盈利(本公司擁有人年度內應佔 溢利)	Earnings for the purposes of basic and diluted earnings per share (profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company)	115,591	95,085
	Company)	113,371	95,085

		二零一七年 2017	二零一六年 2016
股份數目	Number of shares		
用作計算每股基本盈利之 普通股加權平均數目	Weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purpose of basic earnings per share	224,933,065	222,940,826
認股權潛在攤薄普通股之 影響	Effect of dilutive potential ordinary shares on share options	11,882,019	10,736,214
計算每股攤薄盈利之 普通股數目	Number of ordinary shares for the purpose of diluted earnings per share	236,815,084	233,677,040

截至二零一七年六月三十日止年度 For the year ended 30 June 2017

13. 物業、機器及設備

13. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

		租賃土地 及樓宇 Leasehold land and building 港幣千元 HK\$'000	車輛 Motor vehicles 港幣千元 HK\$'000	辦公室 設備及其他 Office equipment and others 港幣千元 HK\$'000	總額 Total 港幣千元 HKS'000
成本	COST				
於二零一五年七月一日	At 1 July 2015	1,798	5,770	3,458	11,026
兑换調整	Exchange realignment	(139)	(385)	(99)	(623)
添置	Additions	-	_	84	84
出售/撇銷	Disposals/written off		(310)	(37)	(347)
於二零一六年六月三十日	At 30 June 2016	1,659	5,075	3,406	10,140
兑换調整	Exchange realignment	(25)	(59)	(56)	(140)
添置	Additions	_	784	38	822
出售/撇銷	Disposals/written off		_	(382)	(382)
於二零一七年六月三十日	At 30 June 2017	1,634	5,800	3,006	10,440
折舊	DEPRECIATION				
於二零一五年七月一日	At 1 July 2015	676	5,338	3,000	9,014
兑换調整	Exchange realignment	(54)	(352)	(69)	(475)
本年度準備	Provided for the year	81	_	103	184
於出售撇除/撇銷	Eliminated on disposals/written off		(293)	(33)	(326)
於二零一六年六月三十日	At 30 June 2016	703	4,693	3,001	8,397
兑换調整	Exchange realignment	(10)	(61)	(47)	(118)
本年度準備	Provided for the year	74	118	97	289
於出售撇除/撇銷	Eliminated on disposals/written off		_	(342)	(342)
於二零一七年六月三十日	At 30 June 2017	767	4,750	2,709	8,226
賬面值	CARRYING AMOUNTS				
於二零一七年六月三十日	At 30 June 2017	867	1,050	297	2,214

本集團租賃土地及樓宇之賬面值包括 位於中國的物業。由於租賃款項不能 於土地及樓宇部分之間進行可靠分 配,故整項租賃分類為融資租賃。

在考慮到其估計剩餘值後,上述物 業、機器及設備項目按下列年率折舊:

租賃土地及樓宇 於租賃期及20年 (以較短者為準)

車輛 15%至20% 辦公室設備及其他 10%至33.3% The carrying amount of the Group's leasehold land and building comprises property situated in the PRC. As the lease payments cannot be allocated reliably between the land and building elements, the entire lease is classified as finance lease.

The above items of property, plant and equipment are depreciated at the following rates per annum after taking into account of their estimated residual values:

Leasehold land and building
Over shorter of lease term
and 20 years
Motor vehicles
15% to 20%
Office equipment and others
10% to 33.3%

截至二零一七年六月三十日止年度 For the year ended 30 June 2017

14. 投資物業

14. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

		港幣千元 HK\$'000
公平值	FAIR VALUE	
於二零一五年七月一日	At 1 July 2015	2,000,101
兑换調整	Exchange realignment	(156,937)
公平值增加於損益內確認	Increase in fair value recognised	
	in profit or loss	83,076
於二零一六年六月三十日	At 30 June 2016	1,926,240
兑換調整	Exchange realignment	(28,400)
公平值增加於損益內確認	Increase in fair value recognised	
	in profit or loss	92,896
於二零一七年六月三十日	At 30 June 2017	1,990,736

本集團以經營租賃持有而獲取租金收 入或資本增值之投資物業於兩個年度 均以公平值方法計量。 The fair value of the Group's investment properties as at 30 June 2017 and 2016 has been arrived at on the basis of valuations carried out by Savills Valuation and Professional Services Limited, an independent firm of qualified professional valuers not connected with the Group with appropriate qualification and recent experience in the valuation of similar properties in the relevant locations. The valuation was arrived at with adoption of the direct comparison approach by making reference to comparable sales transactions as available in the market and where appropriate, adopted the investment method by capitalising the rental incomes of the properties derived from the existing tenancies with due allowance for the reversionary income potential of the properties. The revaluation gave rise to a net gain arising from increase in fair value of HK\$92,896,000 (2016: HK\$83,076,000) which has been recognised in profit or loss. All the investment properties are situated in the PRC.

The investment properties of the Group held under operating leases to earn rentals or for capital appreciation purposes are measured using the fair value model for both years.

截至二零一七年六月三十日止年度 For the year ended 30 June 2017

14. 投資物業(續)

在收入資本化估值法下,用於評估投 資物業的主要不可觀察輸入元素(除位 於中國北京的停車場部分外) 乃使用 資本化比率及個別單位的市場單元租 金。考慮到潛在租金收入的資本化、 物業的性質、普遍市場情況,使用資 本化率範圍由4.50%至5.25%(二零一六 年:4.50%至5.25%),表示為重大的不 可觀察輸入元素。增加使用資本化比 率會導致公平值減少,反之亦然。從 可比物業的市場租金來自的個別單位 市場單元租金,範圍由每月每平方米 人民幣91元至人民幣205元(二零一六 年:每平方米人民幣87元至人民幣188 元),表示為另一個重大的不可觀察輸 入元素。增加市場單元租金會導致公 平值增加,反之亦然。

過往年度採用的估值方法概無變動。 於估計物業公平值時,物業的最高及 最佳用途為其現時用途。

本集團投資物業估值分類為公平值等 級之第三級。於兩個年度內,第三級 概無轉入或轉出。

14. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (Continued)

The key unobservable inputs used in valuing the investment properties (except for carparks portions in Beijing, the PRC) under the income capitalisation approach were the capitalisation rate used and market unit rent of individual unit. The capitalisation rate used, taking into account of the capitalisation of rental income potential, nature of the property, prevailing market condition, ranging from 4.50% to 5.25% (2016: 4.50% to 5.25%) represents the significant unobservable input. An increase in the capitalisation rate used would result in a decrease in fair value and vice versa. Market unit rent of individual unit used, derived from the market rentals from comparable properties with a range of RMB91/sq.m. to RMB205/sq.m. (2016: RMB87/sq.m. to RMB188/sq.m.) per month represents another significant unobservable input. An increase in the market unit rent would result in an increase in fair value and vice versa.

Key unobservable input used in valuing the carparks portions in Beijing, the PRC amounting to HK\$167,988,000 (2016: HK\$165,327,000) under direct comparison approach was the market unit sales rate with adjustment on other factors, such as time and location. Market unit sales of carparks used, derived from the markets unit sales comparables with a range of RMB130,000 to RMB200,000 (2016: RMB130,000 to RMB190,000) per unit, represents the significant unobservable input. An increase in the market unit sales used would result in an increase in fair value and vice versa.

There has been no change from the valuation technique used in prior year. In estimating the fair value of the properties, the highest and best use of the properties is their current use.

The valuation of the Group's investment properties is classified as Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy. There were no transfers into or out of Level 3 during both years.

綜合財務賬項附註(續)

截至二零一七年六月三十日止年度 For the year ended 30 June 2017

15. 合營企業權益/合營企業欠款

15. INTEREST IN A JOINT VENTURE/AMOUNT DUE FROM A JOINT VENTURE

		二零一七年 2017 港幣千元 HKS'000	二零一六年 2016 港幣千元 HK\$'000
投資成本,非上市 收購後虧損及儲備的分攤	Cost of investment, unlisted Share of post-acquisition losses and reserves	162,265 (75,291)	136,345 (64,775)
		86,974	71,570
合營企業欠款	Amount due from a joint venture	218,549	235,184

附註:

深圳圳華港灣企業有限公司(「**圳華**」)為中外合資經營企業,並由本公司間接持有。本集團可於合營企業內行使50%投票權,投票權按本集團代表佔圳華的董事會比例決定。

於過往年度,本集團與中方合營夥伴就圳華的股權權益爭議提出國際仲裁呈請。兩項仲裁已進行 聆訊,而中國國際經濟貿易仲裁委員會已於二零 零八年及二零一零年作出仲裁裁決。

在裁決前,本集團向圳華注入人民幣42,840,000元作為投資成本,佔圳華股權權益的80%。根據二零零八年仲裁裁決,圳華之註冊資本確認為人民幣21,000,000元,其中本集團及中方合營夥伴分別出資人民幣10,290,000元及人民幣10,710,000元,而本集團及中方合營夥伴分別持有圳華之股權權益49%及51%。本集團在提供增加資本人民幣32,550,000元時已考慮作為本集團向圳華作出的墊數。

此外,二零一零年仲裁裁決內支持本集團按股東協議條款分配來自圳華持有位於中國深圳東角頭的一幅土地重新發展前有關收入之80%利潤。

自二零零九年六月三十日止年度,本集團按其持 有圳華股權權益49%以權益法計入於圳華淨資產 及業績之分攤,圳華已被視為合營企業,而圳華 之資產與負債已被解除綜合入賬。

從有關收入所產生的利潤分配是按權益法計算(本集團佔49%圳華權益)。由於本公司董事認為裁決結果乃取決於中方合營夥伴的一致同意,故直至二零一七年六月三十日,其中額外分佔31%合共港幣10,368,000元(二零一六年:港幣10,368,000元)並未予以確認。

Note:

Shenzhen Zhen Wah Harbour Enterprises Ltd. ("Zhen Wah") was a sino-foreign equity joint venture company and indirectly held by the Company. The Group was able to exercise 50% voting power in the joint venture, which was determined by the proportion of the Group's representatives in the board of directors of Zhen Wah

The Group had lodged petitions for international arbitrations in respect of the dispute with the Chinese joint venture partner as to the percentages of equity interest held in Zhen Wah in prior years. Two arbitral proceedings were heard and two arbitral awards were made by China International Economic and Trade Arbitration Commission in 2008 and 2010.

Before the arbitrations, the Group injected RMB42,840,000 as investment cost to Zhen Wah, representing 80% of equity interests in Zhen Wah. Pursuant to the arbitral award made in 2008, the registered capital of Zhen Wah was confirmed to be RMB21,000,000, of which RMB10,290,000 and RMB10,710,000 were contributed by the Group and the Chinese joint venture partner, respectively, and that the equity interests of Zhen Wah were held by the Group and the Chinese joint venture partner as to 49% and 51%, respectively. The additional capital contribution of RMB32,550,000 by the Group was considered as advances to Zhen Wah by the Group.

Also, the arbitral award made in 2010 supported the distribution of profit arising from relevant income generated from a piece of land held by Zhen Wah located in Tung Kok Tau, Shenzhen, the PRC before re-development entitled by the Group should be 80%.

The assets and liabilities of Zhen Wah were deconsolidated and the Group's share of net assets and results in Zhen Wah had been accounted for as a joint venture under the equity method based on the Group's 49% equity interest in Zhen Wah since the year ended 30 June 2009.

The distribution of profit arising from relevant income was accounted for under the equity method based on the Group's 49% equity interest in Zhen Wah. The additional share of 31% up to 30 June 2017 which has not been recognised by the Group amounted to HK\$10,368,000 (2016: HK\$10,368,000), as the Directors of the Company consider the result of the arbitration is subject to the agreement of the Chinese joint venture partner.

綜合財務賬項附註(續)

截至二零一七年六月三十日止年度 For the year ended 30 June 2017

15. 合營企業權益/合營企業欠款

附註:(續)

圳華的經營期已於二零一四年一月十六日屆滿。 圳華合營夥伴雙方已決定不延續其經營期,並於 過往年度提呈清算圳華之申請。中國法院於本年 度接納清算圳華之申請及於中國委任一間律師事 務所作為圳華的清算委員會。

根據中國法律和法規,以及本集團聘用之外部中國法律顧問提供的相關釋義,在經營期屆滿後及甚至在清算過程中,圳華的法人實體仍然存在,其淨資產將會於清算完成後按照合營夥伴雙方的權益分配予合營夥伴雙方。本公司董事預計清算過程預期將不會於一年內完成。據此,本公司董事繼續以權益法計算該等綜合財務賬項,圳華被視為本集團的合營企業。

合營企業欠款為無抵押及須於自呈報期末起接下十二個月後償還。該欠款以每年6%(二零一六年:6%)實際利息按攤銷成本計算。

本公司董事已評估,合營企業權益及合營企業 欠款總額於二零一七年六月三十日分別為港幣 86,974,000元及港幣218,549,000元的可收回能力。 根據圳華最近期的財務賬項及淨資產的公平值, 本公司董事斷定該等金額將會完全收回。

於二零一六年及二零一七年六月三十 日的合營企業詳情如下:

15. INTEREST IN A JOINT VENTURE/AMOUNT DUE FROM A JOINT VENTURE (Continued)

Note: (Continued)

The operation period of Zhen Wah expired on 16 January 2014. Both joint venture partners of Zhen Wah determined not to extend its operation period and an application was lodged to liquidate Zhen Wah in prior year. The PRC court accepted the application for liquidation of Zhen Wah and appointed a law firm in the PRC as the liquidation committee of Zhen Wah in the current year.

Based on the PRC laws and regulations and the related interpretations by an external PRC legal counsel engaged by the Group, after the expiry of the operation period and even during the liquidation process, the legal identity of Zhen Wah still exists and the net assets of Zhen Wah will be distributed to the joint venture partners based on their equity contributions after the completion of the liquidation. The Directors of the Company expect that the liquidation process is not expected to complete within one year. Accordingly, the Directors of the Company continue to account for Zhen Wah as a joint venture of the Group using the equity method of accounting in these consolidated financial statements.

The amount due from a joint venture is unsecured and to be repayable after the next twelve months from the end of the reporting period. The amount is carried at amortised cost at an effective interest rate of 6% (2016: 6%) per annum.

The Directors of the Company have assessed the recoverability of interest in a joint venture and amount due from a joint venture amounting to HK\$86,974,000 and HK\$218,549,000, respectively as at 30 June 2017. Based on the latest financial information and fair value of net assets of Zhen Wah, the Directors of the Company have concluded that the amounts will be fully recoverable.

Particulars of the joint venture as at 30 June 2016 and 2017 are as follows:

合營企業名稱 Name of joint venture	成立地區 Place of establishment	本集團持有權益 The Group's equity interest	主要業務 Principal activity
深圳圳華港灣企業有限公司 Shenzhen Zhen Wah Harbour	中國 PRC	49% 49%	終止經營 (附註) Operation ceased (Note)
Enterprises Ltd.			

附註: 圳華經營期於二零一四年一月十六日屆 滿。之後, 圳華終止其經營及現正進行清 算。 Note: The operation period of Zhen Wah expired on 16 January 2014. Thereafter, Zhen Wah ceased its operation and is now in the process of liquidation.

截至二零一七年六月三十日止年度 For the year ended 30 June 2017

15. 合營企業權益/合營企業欠款 (續)

根據香港財務報告準則採用權益法編 製本集團合營企業的財務資料摘要如 下:

15. INTEREST IN A JOINT VENTURE/AMOUNT DUE FROM A JOINT VENTURE (Continued)

Summarised financial information prepared in accordance with HKFRSs in respect of the Group's joint venture which is accounted for using the equity method is set out below:

		二零一七年 2017 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二零一六年 2016 <i>港幣千元</i> HK\$'000
非流動資產 流動資產 流動負債 非流動負債	Non-current assets Current assets Current liabilities Non-current liabilities	221,264 42,216 (11,586) (218,549)	228,831 45,583 (11,436) (235,184)
		33,345	27,794

上述資產及負債金額包括如下:

The above amounts of assets and liabilities include the followings:

		二零一七年 2017 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二零一六年 2016 港幣千元 HK\$'000
現金及現金等值	Cash and cash equivalents	32,913	37,449
非流動金融負債(不包括 貿易及其他應付賬款 及準備)	Non-current financial liabilities (excluding trade and other payables and provision)	(218,549)	(235,184)
		二零一七年 六月三十日 止年度 Year ended 30 June 2017 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二零一六年 六月三十日 止年度 Year ended 30 June 2016 港幣千元 HK\$'000
收入	Revenue	_	
本年度虧損	Loss for the year	(20,811)	(20,025)
本年度其他全面支出	Other comprehensive expense for the year	(650)	(3,394)
本年度全面支出總額	Total comprehensive expense for the year	(21,461)	(23,419)

截至二零一七年六月三十日止年度 For the year ended 30 June 2017

(續)

15. 合營企業權益/合營企業欠款 15. INTEREST IN A JOINT VENTURE/AMOUNT DUE FROM A JOINT VENTURE (Continued)

上述年度虧損包括如下:

The above loss for the year include the followings:

		二零一七年 六月三十日 止年度 Year ended 30 June 2017 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二零一六年 六月三十日 止年度 Year ended 30 June 2016 港幣千元 HK\$'000
折舊及攤銷	Depreciation and amortisation	4,077	4,264
利息收入	Interest income	460	697
利息支出	Interest expense	13,716	13,668

調節上述財務資料摘要計入綜合財務 賬項內確認的合營企業權益的賬面值:

Reconciliation of the above summarised financial information to the carrying amount of the interest in a joint venture recognised in the consolidated financial statements:

		二零一七年 2017 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二零一六年 2016 港幣千元 HK\$'000
合營企業淨資產 本集團於合營企業權益的	Net assets of joint venture Proportion of the Group's ownership	33,345	27,794
百分比	interest in a joint venture	49%	49%
視作為提供資本-假計利息	Deemed capital contribution –	16,339	13,619
收入	imputed interest income	70,635	57,951
本集團合營企業權益的 賬面值	Carrying amount of the Group's interest in a joint venture	86,974	71,570

截至二零一七年六月三十日止年度 For the year ended 30 June 2017

16. 待售物業

本集團待售物業乃位於中國。於呈 報期末,若干待售物業單元金額為 港幣13,019,000元(二零一六年:港幣 11,562,000元)已出租。本公司董事一直 積極推銷所持有未出售的待售物業, 及有意持有該等物業用作出售,而並 非為了租賃和/或資本增值。

17. 貸款應收賬款

16. PROPERTIES HELD FOR SALE

The properties held for sale of the Group are situated in the PRC. At the end of the reporting period, certain units of properties held for sale, amounting to HK\$13,019,000 (2016: HK\$11,562,000), have been rented out. The Directors of the Company have been actively marketing the unsold properties held for sale and have intention to hold these properties for sale rather than for rental and/or capital appreciation.

17. LOAN RECEIVABLES

		二零一七年 2017 港幣千元 HKS'000	二零一六年 2016 港幣千元 HK\$'000
貸款應收賬款 減:呆賬撥備	Loan receivables Less: Allowance for doubtful debts	1,537 (1,537)	1,560 (1,560)

貸款應收賬款乃無抵押及免息。於呈 報期末,該等金額皆已全部過期。

呆賬撥備變動

The loan receivables were unsecured and interest-free. The amounts were all past due at the end of the reporting period.

Movement in allowance for doubtful debts

		二零一七年 2017 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二零一六年 2016 港幣千元 HK\$'000
於年初 兑換調整 減值虧損撥回	At the beginning of the year Exchange realignment Impairment loss reversed	1,560 (23)	1,807 (137) (110)
於年終	At the end of the year	1,537	1,560

截至二零一七年六月三十日止年度 For the year ended 30 June 2017

18. 其他金融資產

18. OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS

貿易及其他應收賬款

Trade and other receivables

		二零一七年 2017 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二零一六年 2016 港幣千元 HK\$'000
貿易應收賬項 其他應收賬項、存款及 預付款	Trade receivables Other receivables, deposits and prepayments	9,459 29,705	11,794 8,130
減:呆賬撥備	Less: Allowance for doubtful debts	39,164 (3,726)	19,924 (3,739)
		35,438	16,185

於二零一七年六月三十日,其他應收 賬款結餘包括買家不履行向銀行償還 款項而由本集團接管貸款之應收賬款 港幣31,000元(二零一六年:港幣46,000 元),以實際年利率6.15%(二零一六 年:6.15%)為攤銷成本。除住房貸款 外,本集團物業銷售允許買家之平均 信貸期為30日(二零一六年:30日)。 來自租客之租金應收賬款及客戶之服 務收入應收賬款於出示發票時即付。

於呈報期末,以發票日期為基準所呈列貿易應收賬款港幣9,459,000元(二零一六年:港幣11,794,000元)(扣減呆賬準備港幣3,430,000元(二零一六年:港幣3,443,000元))之賬齡分析如下:

At 30 June 2017, the balance of other receivables include receivables from home buyers who defaulted on repayment to banks, representing the loans taken over by the Group, of HK\$31,000 (2016: HK\$46,000) which are measured at amortised cost at an effective interest rate of 6.15% (2016: 6.15%) per annum. For property sales, the Group allows an average credit period of 30 days (2016: 30 days) to the buyers. Rentals receivable from tenants and service income receivables from customers are payable on presentation of invoices.

The following is an aged analysis of trade receivables of HK\$9,459,000 (2016: HK\$11,794,000) net of allowance for doubtful debts of HK\$3,430,000 (2016: HK\$3,443,000) presented based on invoice date at the end of the reporting period:

		二零一七年 2017 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二零一六年 2016 港幣千元 HK\$'000
0日至60日內 61日至90日內 90日以上	0–60 days 61–90 days More than 90 days	4,335 116 1,578	8,074 - 277
		6,029	8,351

截至二零一七年六月三十日止年度 For the year ended 30 June 2017

18. 其他金融資產(續)

貿易及其他應收賬款(續)

本集團在接受新客戶前對其信貸進行評估,並評估有潛質客戶信貸質素而釐定客戶信貸額。客戶可取得之信貸額亦定期審閱。其中貿易應收賬款之59%(二零一六年:71%)並非過期或減值,且有良好還款結算記錄。

本集團貿易應收賬款包括賬面值港幣2,481,000元(二零一六年:港幣2,464,000元)之債務者,該款項於報告日已過期,而本集團並未作出減值虧損撥備。由於信貸質素未有重大改變,故管理層認為該款項乃可收回。本集團並未持有為該等結餘之任何擔保。該等應收賬款平均過期賬齡為過期92日(二零一六年:50日)。

已過期但未作出減值之賬齡分析

18. OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS (Continued)

Trade and other receivables (Continued)

Before accepting any new customer, the Group carries out assessment on the creditability of the new customer and assesses the potential customer's credit quality and defines credit limits by customer. Limits attributed to customers are reviewed regularly. 59% (2016: 71%) of the trade receivables are neither past due nor impaired and have good settlement repayment history.

Included in the Group's trade receivable balances are debtors with a carrying amount of HK\$2,481,000 (2016: HK\$2,464,000) which are past due at the reporting date for which the Group has not provided for impairment loss. There has not been a significant change in credit quality and the management considers that the amounts are still recoverable. The Group does not hold any collateral over these balances. The average overdue age of these receivables is 92 days (2016: 50 days) overdue.

Aging of past due but not impaired trade receivables

		二零一七年 2017 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二零一六年 2016 港幣千元 HK\$'000
逾期:	Overdue:		
0日至30日內	0–30 days	622	1,380
31日至60日內	31–60 days	165	807
61日至90日內	61–90 days	116	_
90日以上	More than 90 days	1,578	277
		2,481	2,464

截至二零一七年六月三十日止年度 For the year ended 30 June 2017

18. 其他金融資產(續)

18. OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS (Continued)

貿易及其他應收賬款(續)

Trade and other receivables (Continued)

呆賬撥備變動

Movement in the allowance for doubtful debts

		二零一七年 2017 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二零一六年 2016 港幣千元 HK\$'000
於年初 兑換調整 減值虧損確認	At the beginning of the year Exchange realignment Impairment loss recognised	3,739 (52) 39	4,027 (288)
於年終	At the end of the year	3,726	3,739

在釐定貿易債務者的償還能力時,本 集團考慮貿易債務者從最初給予其貸 款日至本報告日的信貸質素之任何變 動。董事認為無需在呆賬撥備以外再 作額外信貸準備。

呆賬撥備包括獨立已減值虧損的貿易 應收賬款合共結餘共港幣3,430,000元 (二零一六年:港幣3,443,000元)。該應 收款有嚴重財務困難並且欠款長期過 期。本集團並未持有為該等結餘之任 何擔保。

非控股股東欠款

該款項概無抵押、免息及須按要求時 償還。

銀行定期存款

原到期超過三個月的銀行定期存款按 1.42%至1.75%(二零一六年:0.95%至 2.00%)之市場年息率計算。

銀行結餘及現金

銀行結餘及現金包括本集團持有之現金及原到期為三個月或少於三個月的不限用途之銀行存款。銀行結餘按0.01%至0.30%(二零一六年:0.01%至0.30%)之市場年息率計算。

In determining the recoverability of a trade debtor, the Group considers any change in the credit quality of the trade debtor from the date credit was initially granted up to the reporting date. The Directors believe that there is no further credit provision required in excess of the allowance for doubtful debts.

The allowance for doubtful debts of HK\$3,430,000 (2016: HK\$3,443,000) are individually impaired trade receivables which are in severe financial difficulties with long outstanding balances overdue. The Group does not hold any collateral over these balances.

Amount due from a non-controlling shareholder

The amount is unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand.

Fixed bank deposits

Fixed bank deposits with original maturity more than three months carry interest at market rates ranging from 1.42% to 1.75% (2016: 0.95% to 2.00%) per annum.

Bank balances and cash

Bank balances and cash comprise cash held by the Group and deposits with banks which are not restricted in use with the original maturity of three months or less. Bank balances carry interest at market rates ranging from 0.01% to 0.30% (2016: 0.01% to 0.30%) per annum.

截至二零一七年六月三十日止年度 For the year ended 30 June 2017

19. 貿易及其他應付賬款

於二零一七年六月三十日,貿易及其 他應付賬款結餘包括港幣2,526,000元 (二零一六年:港幣1,951,000元)之貿 易應付賬款。於呈報期末,以發票日 期為基準所呈列貿易應付賬款之賬齡 分析如下:

19. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

At 30 June 2017, the balance of trade and other payables included trade payables of HK\$2,526,000 (2016: HK\$1,951,000). The following is an aged analysis of trade payables based on the invoice date at the end of the reporting period:

		二零一七年 2017 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二零一六年 2016 港幣千元 HK\$'000
0日至60日內 60日以上	0–60 days Over 60 days	2,057 469 2,526	1,951

其他應付賬款主要包括租金按金款項港幣29,628,000元(二零一六年:港幣29,307,000元)及預收款項港幣5,645,000元(二零一六年:港幣3,454,000元)。

The other payables mainly include rental deposits of HK\$29,628,000 (2016: HK\$29,307,000) and receipt in advance of HK\$5,645,000 (2016: HK\$3,454,000).

20. 銀行貸款

20. BANK LOANS

		二零一七年 2017 港幣千元 HKS'000	二零一六年 2016 港幣千元 HK\$'000
有抵押銀行貸款	Secured bank loans	143,290	149,593
應償還賬面值 (根據貸款協議所載 預定償還日期):	Carrying amount repayable (based on the scheduled repayment dates set out in the loan agreements):		
一年內	Within one year	7,770	149,593
一年後但不超過兩年 兩年後但不超過五年	More than one year but not exceeding two years More than two years but not exceeding	7,761	-
加于仅色小园边立于	five years	127,759	-
		143,290	149,593
減:列作流動負債而須於 一年內償還款項	Less: Amounts due within one year shown under current liabilities	(7,770)	(149,593)
列作非流動負債款項	Amounts shown under non-current liabilities	135,520	_

截至二零一七年六月三十日止年度

For the year ended 30 June 2017

20. 銀行貸款(續)

銀行貸款以位於中國上海的投資物業 及若干銀行存款作抵押。銀行貸款以 港幣結算。

該等貸款根據香港銀行同業拆息(「同 **業拆息**」)加上1.45%(二零一六年: 2.08%) 之浮動年利率計息。

20. BANK LOANS (Continued)

The bank loans are secured by the investment properties situated in Shanghai, the PRC and certain bank deposits. The bank loans are denominated in HK\$.

The loans carried interest at variable rate of 1.45% (2016: 2.08%) over Hong Kong Inter-bank Offered Rate ("HIBOR") per annum.

21. 股本

21. SHARE CAPITAL

	股份數目 Number of shares	Amount 港幣千元 HK\$'000
Ordinary shares of HK\$1.00 each		
Authorised:		
At 1 July 2015, 30 June 2016 and		
30 June 2017	300,000,000	300,000
Issued and fully paid: At 1 July 2015	219,403,681	219,404
Issue of shares upon exercise of share options (Note)	5,015,000	5,015
At 30 June 2016 Issue of shares upon exercise of share ontions (Note)	224,418,681	224,419
At 30 June 2017	225,066,181	225,066
	Authorised: At 1 July 2015, 30 June 2016 and 30 June 2017 Issued and fully paid: At 1 July 2015 Issue of shares upon exercise of share options (Note) At 30 June 2016 Issue of shares upon exercise of share options (Note)	Ordinary shares of HK\$1.00 each Authorised: At 1 July 2015, 30 June 2016 and 30 June 2017 Issued and fully paid: At 1 July 2015 Issue of shares upon exercise of share options (Note) At 30 June 2016 Issue of shares upon exercise of share options (Note) At 30 June 2016 Issue of shares upon exercise of share options (Note) 647,500

註: 截至二零一七年六月三十日止年度內,本 公司於認股權行使時發行647,500股(二零 一六年:5,015,000股普通股)每股港幣1元 之普通股。認股權的行使價於本年度內為 每股港幣1.13元(二零一六年:每股港幣 1.13元)。新普通股與當時現有股份於各方 面享有同等權益。

Note: During the year ended 30 June 2017, the Company issued 647,500 ordinary shares (2016: 5,015,000 ordinary shares) of HK\$1 each upon exercise of share options. The exercise price of the share options during the year was HK\$1.13 per share (2016: HK\$1.13 per share). The new ordinary shares rank pari passu with the then existing shares in all respects.

截至二零一七年六月三十日止年度 For the year ended 30 June 2017

22. 遞延税項負債

以下為本年度及過往報告期間本集團 確認之主要遞延稅項負債及有關變動:

22. DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES

The major deferred tax liabilities recognised by the Group and movements thereon during the current and prior reporting periods are as follows:

		中國實體 未分配溢利 Undistributed earnings of PRC entities 港幣千元 HK\$'000	投資物業 Investment properties 港幣千元 HK\$'000	總額 Total 港幣千元 HK\$'000
於二零一五年七月一日	At 1 July 2015 Exchange realignment Charge to profit or loss	2,815	279,236	282,051
兑換調整		(218)	(22,258)	(22,476)
在損益內扣除		5	23,993	23,998
於二零一六年六月三十日	At 30 June 2016 Exchange realignment (Credit) charge to profit or loss	2,602	280,971	283,573
兑換調整		(40)	(4,040)	(4,080)
在損益內(計入)扣除		(69)	23,201	23,132
於二零一七年六月三十日	At 30 June 2017	2,493	300,132	302,625

於二零一七年六月三十日,本集團可用作抵銷未來溢利而未使用税項虧損為港幣155,208,000元(二零一六年:港幣137,941,000元)。因未能確定未來溢利流,故未有確認遞延税項資產。該税項虧損可無限期結轉。

於二零一七年六月三十日,本集團有關投資物業的可扣減暫時差額為港幣 38,768,000元(相等於人民幣33,647,000元)(二零一六年:港幣44,634,000元)(相等於人民幣38,147,000元)。由於可動用扣減暫時差額之可使用應課稅溢利未能確定存在,故概無遞延稅項資產就該可扣減暫時差額被確認。

At 30 June 2017, the Group has unused tax losses of HK\$155,208,000 (2016: HK\$137,941,000) available for offset against future profits. No deferred tax asset has been recognised due to the unpredictability of future profit streams. Such tax losses may be carried forward indefinitely.

At 30 June 2017, the Group has deductible temporary difference in relation to investment properties of HK\$38,768,000 (equivalent to RMB33,647,000) (2016: HK\$44,634,000 (equivalent to RMB38,147,000)). No deferred tax asset has been recognised in relation to such deductible temporary difference as it is not probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary difference can be utilised.

截至二零一七年六月三十日止年度

For the year ended 30 June 2017

23. 認股權計劃及以股份為基礎之 付款

本公司於二零零一年十二月二十一日 採納認股權計劃(「2001年計劃 |)。 於二零一一年十二月九日本公司股東 週年大會上,獲股東通過一項普通決 議案,批准採納新認股權計劃(「2011 **年計劃**」),該計劃將於二零二一年十 二月八日屆滿;並同時於二零一一年 十二月九日起終止2001年計劃。採納 2001年計劃及2011年計劃皆旨在為董 事、僱員及合資格參與者提供獎勵。

根據2001年計劃及2011年計劃,本公 司董事會可向本公司及其附屬公司董 事、僱員及合資格參與者(按其條款由 本公司董事會酌情釐定)授予可認購 本公司股份(「股份 |) 之認股權(「認股 權」)。每股份的認購價格不少於以下 三者之較高者(i)股份於授予相關認股 權當日(須為營業日)在聯交所日報表 所列之收市價;(ii)股份於緊接授予相 關認股權日期前五個營業日在聯交所 日報表所列之平均收市價;及(iii)股份 面值。

根據認股權計劃可授予可於行使時發 行的認股權股份數目最多為本公司於 批准有關認股權計劃當日之已發行股 份10%。 根據2011年計劃,該10%相 等於21.910.368股份乃佔本公司於本年 報日期已發行股份約10%。倘該行使 會導致董事、僱員或合資格參與者在 任何十二個月內可認購總額超逾本公 司於新授予日期已發行股本1%,他或 她均不可行使獲授予認股權。可行使 授予認股權期間為本公司董事會通知 期限,惟不得超過自授予之日起計十 年。承受者接納每項授予須支付代價 港幣1元。授出認股權可於授出日期二 十八日內接納。

23. SHARE OPTION SCHEMES AND SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS

The Company previously adopted a share option scheme on 21 December 2001 (the "2001 Scheme"). On 9 December 2011, an ordinary resolution was passed by the shareholders at the annual general meeting of the Company approving the adoption of a new share option scheme (the "2011 Scheme") which will expire on 8 December 2021 and the simultaneous termination of the 2001 Scheme with effect from 9 December 2011. Both the 2001 Scheme and 2011 Scheme were adopted for the purpose of providing incentives to Directors, employees and eligible participants.

Under both the 2001 Scheme and 2011 Scheme, the Board of Directors of the Company may grant share options ("Options") to Directors, employees of the Company and its subsidiaries and such eligible participants at the discretion of the Board of Directors of the Company pursuant to the terms thereof, to subscribe for shares of the Company ("Shares"), at a price per Share not less than the highest of (i) the closing price of a Share as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheets on the date of grant of the relevant Option, which must be a trading day; (ii) the average of the closing price of a Share as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheets for the five trading days immediately preceding the date of grant of the relevant Option; and (iii) the nominal value of a Share.

The maximum number of Shares which may be issued upon exercise of all options to be granted under the share option schemes shall not in aggregate exceed 10% of the issued share capital of the Company at the date of the adoption of the relevant share option scheme. Under the 2011 Scheme, such 10% represents 21,910,368 shares, which continue to represent about 10% of the issued share capital of the Company as at the date of this annual report. No Director, employee or eligible participant may exercise option(s) granted to him or her under the share option scheme if such exercise would result in him or her subscribing for more than 1% of the issued share capital of the Company as at the date of such new grant in any 12-month period. The option period for which the options granted are exercisable, shall be such period as notified by the Board of Directors of the Company, save that it shall not be more than ten years from the date of grant. A nominal consideration of HK\$1 is payable by the grantee on acceptance of each grant. The offer of a grant of share options may be accepted within 28 days from the date of the offer.

截至二零一七年六月三十日止年度 For the year ended 30 June 2017

23. 認股權計劃及以股份為基礎之付款(續)

於二零一七年六月三十日,按2001年計劃及2011年計劃已授出及尚未行使的認股權相關股份數目分別為14,437,500股(二零一六年六月三十日:15,085,000股)及1,000,000股(二零一六年六月三十日:1,000,000股),相等於本公司於批准2001年計劃及2011年計劃當日之已發行股本6.6%(二零一六年六月三十日:6.9%)及0.5%(二零一六年六月三十日:0.5%)。

根據2011年計劃,一部分認股權於截至二零一六年六月三十日止年度內授予。該認股權之公平值以二項模式計算。模式所用輸入如下:

23. SHARE OPTION SCHEMES AND SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS (Continued)

As at 30 June 2017, the number of Shares in respect of which Options had been granted and remained outstanding under the 2001 Scheme and the 2011 Scheme were 14,437,500 (30 June 2016: 15,085,000) Shares and 1,000,000 (30 June 2016: 1,000,000) Shares respectively, representing 6.6% (30 June 2016: 6.9%) and 0.5% (30 June 2016: 0.5%) of the Shares of the Company in issue as at the date of approval of the 2001 Scheme and 2011 Scheme.

One tranche of Options under the 2011 Scheme was granted during the year ended 30 June 2016. Fair value of these Options was calculated using the binominal model. The inputs into the model were as follows:

	於二零一五年
	十一月十日
	授出的認股權
	Options
	granted on
	10 November
	2015
₩ ₩ 山口 ₩ W ル → Œ	111202.05

於授出日的股份收市價	Closing Share price on the date of grant	HK\$3.05
		港幣3.05元
每股份行使價	Exercise price per Share	HK\$3.05
		港幣3.05元
預期年期	Expected life	3.96 years
		3.96年
預期波幅	Expected volatility	43.19%
預期股息率	Expected dividend yield	1.75%
無風險利率	Risk-free interest rate	1.018%

截至二零一六年六月三十日止年度 內,所授予認股權之公平值為港幣 930,000元。 The fair value of the Options granted during the year ended 30 June 2016 as at the date of grant was HK\$930,000.

綜合財務賬項附註(續)

截至二零一七年六月三十日止年度 For the year ended 30 June 2017

23. 認股權計劃及以股份為基礎之 23. SHARE OPTION SCHEMES AND SHARE-付款 (續)

BASED PAYMENTS (Continued)

下表披露認股權資料:

The following tables disclose details of the Options:

截至二零一七年六月三十日止年度

Year ended 30 June 2017

				N	認股權數目 umber of Option	18	
授出日期 Date of grant	每股行使慣 Exercise price per Share <i>港幣</i> <i>HK</i> \$	可行使期 Exercisable period	於 二零一六年 七月一日 尚未行使 Outstanding at 1 July 2016	於年度內 授出 Granted during the year	於年度內 行使 Exercised during the year	於年度內 失效 Lapsed during the year	於 二零一七年 六月三十日 尚未行使 Outstanding at 30 June 2017
2001年計劃 2001 Scheme							
二零一一年十月二十五日	1.13	二零一一年十月二十五日至 二零一九年十月二十四日					
25 October 2011	1.13	25 October 2011 to 24 October 2019	15,085,000		(647,500)	-	14,437,500
於年終時可行使 Exercisable at the end of the year 加權平均行使價(港幣) Weighted average exercise price (Hi	K\$)		1.13	-	1.13	-	14,437,500
2011年計劃 2011 Scheme							
二零一五年十一月十日	3.05	二零一五年十一月十日至 二零一九年十月二十四日					
10 November 2015	3.05	10 November 2015 to 24 October 2019	1,000,000			-	1,000,000
於年終時可行使 Exercisable at the end of the year 加權平均行使價(港幣)							1,000,000
Weighted average exercise price (Hi	K\$)		3.05	_	_	-	3.05

綜合財務賬項附註(續)

截至二零一七年六月三十日止年度 For the year ended 30 June 2017

23. 認股權計劃及以股份為基礎之 付款(續)

23. SHARE OPTION SCHEMES AND SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS (Continued)

截至二零一六年六月三十日止年度

Year ended 30 June 2016

				1	認股權數目 Number of Options	3	
			於 二零一五年				於 二零一六年
				於年度內	於年度內	於年度內	六月三十日
授出日期	每股行使價 Exercise	可行使期	尚未行使 Outstanding	授出 Granted	行使 Exercised	失效 Lapsed	尚未行使 Outstanding
	price		at	during	during	during	at
Date of grant	per Share <i>港幣</i> <i>HK</i> \$	Exercisable period	1 July 2015	the year	the year	the year	30 June 2016
2001年計劃 2001 Scheme							
二零一一年十月二十五日	1.13	二零一一年十月二十五日至 二零一九年十月二十四日					
25 October 2011	1.13	25 October 2011 to 24 October 2019	21,600,000		(5,015,000)	(1,500,000)	15,085,000
於年終時可行使 Exercisable at the end of the 加權平均行使價 (港幣) Weighted average exercise pr			1.13	_	1.13	_	15,085,000
2011年計劃 2011 Scheme							
二零一五年十一月十日	3.05	二零一五年十一月十日至 二零一九年十月二十四日					
10 November 2015	3.05	10 November 2015 to 24 October 2019		1,000,000			1,000,000
於年終時可行使 Exercisable at the end of the 加權平均行使價(港幣)	year						1,000,000
Weighted average exercise pr	rice (HK\$)		-	3.05	-	-	3.05

於截至二零一七年六月三十日止年 度內,行使認股權導致發行647,500股 份。有關股份在緊接認股權行使日期 之前的加權平均收市價為每股港幣4.74 元。

Options exercised during the year ended 30 June 2017 resulted in 647,500 Shares being issued. The related weighted average closing price of the Shares immediately before the dates on which the Options were exercised was HK\$4.74 per Share.

截至二零一七年六月三十日止年度 For the year ended 30 June 2017

23. 認股權計劃及以股份為基礎之付款(續)

截至二零一六年六月三十日止年度 (續)

有關於二零一一年十月二十五日授出的認股權,以二項模式釐定每認股權 於授出日期之公平值為港幣0.375元。

除披露者外,按2001年計劃及2011年 計劃自採納日起,概無授予其他認股權。

截至二零一六年六月三十日止年度 內,所授予及於損益內確認之認股 權公平值為港幣930,000元。由於一位 獲授予認股權的董事退任,故港幣 563,000元之認股權於截至二零一六年 六月三十日止年度內失效及轉撥至保 留溢利。

24. 或然負債

本集團曾為中國北京一房地產項目的 住房買家提供銀行住房貸款償還擔保。 於二零一七年六月三十日,本集團提 供該等擔保住房貸款為港幣2,959,000元 (二零一六年:港幣8,800,000元)。本公 司董事認為由於該等財務擔保合同之 借貸相對價值比率為低,故有關財務 擔保合同之首次確認及於呈報期末之 公平值並不重大。

25. 租賃承擔

本集團為承租者:

於呈報期末,本集團就租用辦公樓之 物業所訂立不可撤銷經營租賃而將來 應付最低租賃款項總額如下:

23. SHARE OPTION SCHEMES AND SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS (Continued)

Year ended 30 June 2016 (Continued)

For the Options granted on 25 October 2011, the fair value of each Option determined as at the date of grant using the binomial option pricing model was HK\$0.375.

Save as disclosed above, no other option was granted under the 2001 Scheme and 2011 Scheme since their adoption.

The fair value of the Options granted and recognised in profit or loss during the year ended 30 June 2016 was HK\$930,000. Due to retirement of a Director with Options granted, Options of HK\$563,000 lapsed and were transferred to retained earnings during the year ended 30 June 2016.

24. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The Group has given guarantees in respect of the settlement of home loans provided by banks to the home buyers of a property project in Beijing, the PRC. At 30 June 2017, the Group had given guarantees in respect of such home loans of HK\$2,959,000 (2016: HK\$8,800,000). The Directors of the Company consider that the fair values of these financial guarantee contracts at their initial recognition and at the end of the reporting period are insignificant on the basis of the low loan to value ratio.

25. LEASE COMMITMENTS

The Group as lessee:

At the end of the reporting period, the Group had total future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases in respect of rented premises for offices as follows:

		二零一七年 2017 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二零一六年 2016 港幣千元 HK\$'000
於一年內 於第二至第五年內	Within one year In the second to fifth year inclusive	1,402	2,774 1,192
		1,402	3,966

租賃協議平均為期三年(二零一六年: 三年),而租賃年期內之租金乃固 定的。 Leases are negotiated for an average term of three years (2016: three years) and rentals are fixed over the term of the leases.

截至二零一七年六月三十日止年度 For the year ended 30 June 2017

25. 租賃承擔(續)

本集團為出租者:

或然租金收入計算基準乃根據佔用部分物業的承租者之相關經營收入若干百分比超出每月固定租金之差額。截至二零一七年六月三十日止年度內,所賺取之或然租金收入為港幣6,395,000元(二零一六年:港幣7,348,000元)。

於呈報期末,以下資產按經營租賃租 出:

25. LEASE COMMITMENTS (Continued)

The Group as lessor:

Contingent rental income was calculated based on the excess of certain percentage of revenue of the relevant operation of the lessees who occupied certain of the properties over the fixed portion of the monthly rentals. Contingent rental income earned during the year ended 30 June 2017 is HK\$6,395,000 (2016: HK\$7,348,000).

At the end of the reporting period, the following assets were rented out under operating leases:

		二零一七年 2017 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二零一六年 2016 <i>港幣千元</i> <i>HK</i> \$'000
投資物業	Investment properties	1,795,451	1,793,141
待售物業	Properties held for sale	13,019	11,562

該等資產平均租賃期為三年(二零一六年:三年),而承租者有權續租,惟續租年期不超過兩年(二零一六年:兩年)。

於呈報期末,本集團與租客簽訂不可 撤銷經營租賃而將來應收最低租賃款 項總額如下: These assets were leased out for average term of three years (2016: three years) with renewal options given to the lessees for further periods not exceeding two years (2016: two years).

At the end of the reporting period, the Group had contracted with tenants for the following future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases:

		二零一七年 2017 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二零一六年 2016 <i>港幣千元</i> <i>HK\$'000</i>
於一年內 於第二至第五年內 五年以上	Within one year In the second to fifth year inclusive Over five years	89,478 92,831 2,274 184,583	86,333 84,788 2,893 174,014

截至二零一七年六月三十日止年度 For the year ended 30 June 2017

26. 退休福利計劃

(甲) 於二零零零年十二月一日前,本 集團為所有合資格董事及僱員界定 供款退休語劃」)。界定供款退休 計劃之資產由獨立受託者理。 計劃之資產由獨立受所處理, 董事及僱員於可取得悉數供款 退出界定供款退休計劃,則本集 團將可以動用該放棄供款以 本集團日後之供款。

> 由界定供款退休計劃及強積金計 劃而引致於損益內確認的退休福 利計劃供款,乃本集團按該等計 劃規例訂明之比率而作出應付供 款。

> 僱員因終止界定供款退休計劃而 放棄之供款於兩個年度均為港幣 零元,該款項可用作減低本集團 根據界定供款退休計劃規定在未 來年度應付供款。

(乙) 根據有關中國法例及規則,中國附屬公司及合營企業須根據北京及深圳當地政府規定,分別將訂明薪金之20%及9%,作為退休福利計劃中該等公司僱員退休福利的供款。

於本年度內,退休福利供款港幣 621,000元(二零一六年:港幣557,000 元)已計入損益內。

26. RETIREMENT BENEFIT SCHEMES

(a) Prior to 1 December 2000, the Group operated a defined contribution retirement benefit scheme ("Defined Contribution Scheme") for its qualifying Directors and employees in Hong Kong. The assets of the Defined Contribution Scheme are held separately from those of the Group in funds under the control of an independent trustee. Where there are Directors and employees who leave the Defined Contribution Scheme prior to vesting fully in the contributions, the amount of the forfeited contributions will be used to reduce future contributions payable by the Group.

Effective from 1 December 2000, the Group has set up a MPF Scheme. Members of the Defined Contribution Scheme were given one-time option to choose to transfer to the MPF Scheme or remain in the existing scheme. The MPF Scheme is registered with the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Authority under the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance. The assets of the MPF Scheme are held separately from those of the Group in funds under the control of an independent trustee. Under the rules of the MPF Scheme, the employer and its employees are each required to make contributions to the scheme at rates specified in the rules. No forfeited contributions are available to reduce the contribution payable in the future years by the employer.

The retirement benefit scheme contributions arising from the Defined Contribution Scheme and the MPF Scheme recognised in profit or loss represent contributions payable to the funds by the Group at rates specified in the rules of the schemes.

There are no forfeited contributions in both years which arose upon employees leaving the Defined Contribution Scheme and which are available to reduce the contributions payable by the Group under Defined Contribution Scheme in the future years.

(b) According to the relevant laws and regulations in the PRC, the PRC subsidiary and joint venture are required to contribute 20% and 9% of the stipulated salary set by the Beijing and Shenzhen local governments, respectively, to the retirement benefits schemes to fund the retirement benefits of their employees.

During the year, the retirement benefits scheme contributions recognised in profit or loss are HK\$621,000 (2016: HK\$557,000).

截至二零一七年六月三十日止年度 For the year ended 30 June 2017

27. 資產抵押

除附註第24項所披露本集團就銀行授予若干買家之住房貸款所提供之擔保外,本集團亦已將其銀行存款港幣2,876,000元(二零一六年:港幣3,696,000元)抵押予銀行,作為授予住房買家之該等住房貸款之抵押品。存款按平均0.30%(二零一六年:0.33%)之浮動年息率計息,並會於(i)發出房地產權証以及相關物業已抵押予銀行;及(ii)住房買家悉數償還抵押貸款(以較前者為準)後解除。

於二零一七年六月三十日,本集團已向銀行抵押位於中國上海的投資物業,其賬面值為港幣882,569,000元(二零一六年:港幣835,410,000元);若干銀行結餘及銀行存款港幣1,734,000元(二零一六年:港幣10,553,000元);轉讓該投資物業所得租金收入及出售款項;以及抵押本集團持有智啟國際有限公司(本公司間接全資擁有附屬公司)100%股權權益之股份,以獲得授予本集團一般銀行融資。銀行抵押結餘及存款按1.17%(二零一六年:1.07%)之年息率計息。

28. 與有關聯者之交易

除於綜合財務賬項其他部分所披露者 外,本集團與有關聯公司於本年度內 已達成下列交易:

27. PLEDGE OF ASSETS

In addition to the guarantees given by the Group for home loans provided by banks to certain buyers as disclosed in note 24, the Group has also pledged its bank deposits of HK\$2,876,000 (2016: HK\$3,696,000) to banks to secure such home loans granted to the home buyers. The deposits carry floating interest rate of 0.30% (2016: 0.33%) per annum on average and will be released upon the earlier of (i) issuance of the real estate ownership certificate and the relevant property pledged to the bank; and (ii) the full repayment of mortgaged loan by the home buyers.

At 30 June 2017, the Group had pledged its investment properties situated in Shanghai, the PRC, with a carrying amount of HK\$882,569,000 (2016: HK\$835,410,000), certain bank balances and bank deposits of HK\$1,734,000 (2016: HK\$10,553,000), an assignment of rental and sale proceeds from the investment properties and a charge over share in respect of the Group's 100% equity interest in Move On International Limited, an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, to the bank to secure general banking facilities granted to the Group. The pledged bank balances and deposits carry interest rate of 1.17% (2016: 1.07%) per annum.

28. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Other than those disclosed elsewhere in the consolidated financial statements, during the year, the Group has entered into the following transactions with related companies:

		二零一七年 2017 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二零一六年 2016 港幣千元 HK\$'000
已收其他收入	Other income received	460	441
已付租金	Rental paid	2,757	2,670
已付管理費	Management fees paid	436	346
已付顧問服務費	Consultancy service fees paid	1,000	1,000
已付代理費	Agency fees paid	735	722

截至二零一七年六月三十日止年度 For the year ended 30 June 2017

28. 與有關聯者之交易(續)

於二零一七年及二零一六年六月三十日,下列有關聯公司之其他未償還結餘(該等款項為無抵押、免息及須按要求時償還)載列如下:

28. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

Other outstanding balances with the following related companies, which are unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand at 30 June 2017 and 2016 are as follows:

		二零一七年 2017 港幣千元 HKS'000	二零一六年 2016 <i>港幣千元</i> HK\$'000
納入其他應收賬款之 有關聯公司按金欠款	Deposits due from related companies included in other receivables	522	522
納入其他應收賬款之 有關聯公司欠款	Amounts due from related companies included in other receivables	1,884	1,305
納入其他應付賬款之 欠有關聯公司款項	Amount due to a related company included in other payables	801	1,286
非控股股東欠款	Amount due from a non-controlling shareholder	881	895

有關聯公司乃為本公司若干董事控制 的公司。

本集團主要管理人事為所有董事,彼 等薪酬詳情在附註第9(甲)項內披露。

29. 資本風險管理

本集團的資本管理旨在透過債務與權益結餘作出最佳平衡,以確保本集團的實體可持續經營,並為股東締造最高回報。本集團整體策略跟去年度保持不變。

本集團之資本架構由債務淨值(包括在 附註第20項內披露的銀行借貸)、扣減 現金及現金等值及本公司擁有人應佔 權益(包括已發行股本、保留溢利及其 他儲備)所組成。 The related companies are companies controlled by certain Directors of the Company.

The Group's key management personnel are all Directors, details of their remuneration are disclosed in note 9(a).

29. CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group manages its capital to ensure that entities in the Group will be able to continue as a going concern while maximising the return to shareholders through the optimisation of the debt and equity balance. The Group's overall strategy remains unchanged from prior year.

The capital structure of the Group consists of net debt, which includes the bank loans as disclosed in note 20, net of cash and cash equivalents and equity attributable to owners of the Company, comprising issued share capital, retained profits and other reserves.

截至二零一七年六月三十日止年度 For the year ended 30 June 2017

29. 資本風險管理(續)

本公司董事定期檢閱資本架構。作為 此檢閱工作之一部分,本公司董事 閱年度預算,並考慮資金的準備。 據經營預算,董事考慮資本成本及各 資本類別之相關風險,並透過派發股 息、發行新股份、發行新債務或贖回 現有股份,以平衡其整體資本架構。

30. 金融工具

(甲) 金融工具類別

29. CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

The Directors of the Company review the capital structure periodically. As part of this review, the Directors of the Company review annual budgets taking into account the provision of funding. Based on the operating budgets, the Directors consider the cost of capital and the risks associated with each class of capital and balance its overall capital structure through the payment of dividends, new share issues as well as the issue of new debt or the redemption of existing debt.

30. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

(a) Categories of financial instruments

		二零一七年 2017 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二零一六年 2016 港幣千元 HK\$'000
金融資產 以攤銷成本計算之貸款 及應收賬款(包括現金 及現金等值)	Financial assets Loans and receivables at amortised cost (including cash and cash equivalents)	488,121	501,019
金融負債 以攤銷成本計算之負債	Financial liabilities Liabilities at amortised cost	179,258	186,393

(乙)金融風險管理目標及政策

本集團之主要金融工具包括合 營企業欠款、貿易及其他應收賬 款、非控股股東欠款、銀行存款 及銀行結餘、貿易及其他應付賬 款及銀行貸款。該等金融工具之 詳情披露於相關附註內。

管理層監察及管理本集團有關財 務風險,並透過內部風險評估分 析風險影響程度及幅度。

這些財務風險包括市場風險(包括利率風險和貨幣風險)、信貸風險和流動資金風險。管理層對該等風險進行管理及監察,以確保適當措施於適時及有效地實施。

本集團之該等種類風險或其管理 與釐定風險方式與過往年度並無 變動。

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Group's major financial instruments include amount due from a joint venture, trade and other receivables, amount due from a non-controlling shareholder, bank deposits and bank balances, trade and other payables and bank loans. Details of these financial instruments are disclosed in respective notes.

Management monitors and manages the financial risks relating to the Group through internal risk assessment which analyses exposures by degree and magnitude of risks.

These financial risks include market risk (including interest rate risk and currency risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. Management manages and monitors these exposures to ensure appropriate measures are implemented on a timely and effective manner.

There has been no change to the Group's exposure to these kinds of risks or the manner in which it manages and measures the risks from the prior year.

截至二零一七年六月三十日止年度 For the year ended 30 June 2017

30. 金融工具(續)

(乙)金融風險管理目標及政策(續)

(i) 市場風險

本集團業務涉及之金融風險 主要為利率及外幣兑換率之 變動。

利率風險分析

本集團現金流量利率風險 主要與浮動利率銀行貸款 和銀行存款及銀行結餘 有關,其金額分別為港幣 143,290,000元 (二零一六年: 港幣149,593,000元)及港幣 262,815,000元(二零一六年: 港幣258,887,000元)。由於銀 行存款主要是短期存款及銀 行結餘的利率波動有限,所 以銀行存款及銀行結餘的利 率風險被認為不重大。浮動 利率銀行貸款的原到期供款 期由一年至三年。利率增加 會導致利息支出上升。本集 團目前並無利率對沖政策, 然而,管理層會監察有關利 率風險動態,並於需要時考 慮對沖重大利率風險。

若其他變數維持不變,而利:100基點(二零一六年元年100基點)增加或25基點(二零一六年:25基點)降低二零一六年:25基點)降低年二十日上半年,在1435,000元(二零一分,在一一次。258,000元(二零。258,000元(二零。258,000元(二零。258,000元(二零。258,000元(二零。258,000元(三零。258,000元)。258,000元(258,000元)。25

30. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

(i) Market risk

The Group's activities expose it primarily to the financial risks of changes in interest rates and changes in foreign exchange rate.

Interest rate risk analysis

The Group's cash flow interest rate risk relates primarily to its variable-rate bank loans and bank deposits and bank balances amounting to HK\$143,290,000 (2016: HK\$149,593,000) and HK\$262,815,000 (2016: HK\$258,887,000), respectively. The interest rate risk of bank deposits and bank balances are considered insignificant as the bank deposits are substantially short-term deposits and fluctuation in interest rate of bank balances is limited. The variable-rate bank loans with original maturity instalments range from one year to three years. An increase in interest rates would increase interest expenses. The Group currently does not have interest rate hedging policy, however, management monitors interest rate exposure on dynamic basis and will consider hedging significant interest rate exposure should the need arise.

The sensitivity analyses below have been determined based on the exposure to interest rates for non-derivative instruments, excluding bank deposits and balances, at the end of the reporting period. For variable-rate bank loans, the analysis is prepared assuming the amount of liability outstanding at the end of the reporting period was outstanding for the whole year. A 100 basis points (2016: 100 basis points) increase or a 25 basis points (2016: 25 basis points) decrease is used as it represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in interest rates.

If interest rates had been 100 basis points (2016: 100 basis points) higher or 25 basis points (2016: 25 basis points) lower and all other variables were held constant, the Group's profit for the year ended 30 June 2017 would decrease by HK\$1,433,000 (2016: HK\$1,496,000) or increase by HK\$358,000 (2016: HK\$374,000). This is mainly attributable to the Group's net exposure to interest rates on its variable-rate bank borrowings.

截至二零一七年六月三十日止年度 For the year ended 30 June 2017

30. 金融工具(續)

(乙)金融風險管理目標及政策(續)

(i) 市場風險(續)

貨幣風險

本集團以外幣計算之貨幣資產及貨幣負債(主要包括銀行貸款)於報告日賬面值如下:

30. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

(i) Market risk (Continued)

Currency risk

The Group undertakes certain transactions denominated in foreign currencies, hence exposures to exchange rate fluctuation arise. The Group currently does not use any derivative contracts to hedge against its exposure to currency risk. The management manages its foreign currency risk by closely monitoring the movement of the foreign currency rate and will consider hedging significant foreign currency exposure should the need arise.

The carrying amount of the Group's foreign currency denominated monetary assets and monetary liabilities (mainly include bank loans) at the reporting date are as follows:

		二零一七年 2017 港幣千元 HKS'000	二零一六年 2016 港幣千元 HK\$'000
資產 港幣 美金(「 美金 」) 英磅(「 英磅 」)	Assets HK\$ United States dollars ("US\$") Pound Sterling ("GBP")	1,911 9,988 501	1,950 9,673 20
負債 港幣	Liabilities HK\$	145,433	152,763

外幣風險敏感度分析

下表表示於呈報期末因外匯 兑換率之合理可能變動而導 致本集團的溢利或虧損大概 變動,而本集團所承受外匯 兑換率之重大風險。

Foreign currency sensitivity analysis

The following table indicates the approximate change in the Group's profit or loss in response to reasonably possible changes in the foreign exchange rates to which the Group has significant exposure at the end of the reporting period.

The sensitivity analysis includes only outstanding foreign currency denominated monetary items and adjusts their translation at the year end for a 5% (2016: 5%) change in foreign currency rates. A (negative) positive number below indicates a (decrease) increase in profit where HK\$, US\$ and GBP strengthens against RMB for 5%. For a 5% (2016: 5%) weakening of HK\$, US\$ and GBP against RMB, there would be an equal and opposite impact on the pre-tax profit for the year.

截至二零一七年六月三十日止年度 For the year ended 30 June 2017

30. 金融工具(續)

(乙) 金融風險管理目標及政策(續)

(i) 市場風險(續)

外幣風險敏感度分析(續)

30. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

(i) Market risk (Continued)

Foreign currency sensitivity analysis (Continued)

		對損益的影響 Effect on profit or loss
		二零一七年 二零一六年
		2017 2016
		港幣千元 港幣千元
		HK\$'000 HK\$'000
港幣	HK\$	(7,176) (7,54)
美金	US\$	499 484
英磅	GBP	25

(ii) 信貸風險

於二零一七年六月三十日, 本集團因交易對方未能履行 責任及本集團提供財務擔保 而引致財務虧損的最大信貸 風險來自:

- 於綜合財務狀況表內 所載已確認來自金融 資產之賬面值;及
- 於附註第24項內所披露有關本集團提供財務擔保之或然負債金額。

(ii) Credit risk

As at 30 June 2017, the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk which will cause a financial loss to the Group due to failure to discharge an obligation by the counterparties and financial guarantees provided by the Group is arising from:

- the carrying amount of the respective recognised financial assets as stated in the consolidated statement of financial position; and
- the amount of contingent liabilities in relation to financial guarantees issued by the Group as disclosed in note 24.

In order to minimise the credit risk, the management of the Group has delegated a team responsible for determination of credit limits, credit approvals and other monitoring procedures to ensure that follow-up action is taken to recover overdue debts. In addition, the Group reviews the recoverable amount of each individual debt at the end of each reporting period to ensure that adequate impairment losses are made for irrecoverable amounts. In this regard, the Directors of the Company consider that the Group's credit risk is significantly reduced.

截至二零一七年六月三十日止年度 For the year ended 30 June 2017

30. 金融工具(續)

(乙) 金融風險管理目標及政策(續)

(ii) 信貸風險(續)

由於交易對方皆是擁有國際 信貸評級機構指定為高度信 貸評級之銀行或是中國的國 有銀行,流動資金的信貸風 險有限。

有關合營企業欠款及非控股 股東欠款,經考慮其財務狀 況,本公司董事認為信貸風 險有限。

本集團信貸風險主要地域集中於中國。除信貸風險集中於流動資金及地域位置外,本集團並無任何其他重大集中性信貸風險。貿易應收賬款包括大量顧客,分散至不同交易對方中。

30. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

(ii) Credit risk (Continued)

The credit risk on liquid funds is limited because the counterparties are banks with high credit-ratings assigned by international credit-rating agencies or state-owned banks in the PRC.

With respect to the amounts due from a joint venture and a non-controlling shareholder, having considered their financial standings, the Directors of the Company are of the view that the credit risk is limited.

The Group's concentration of credit risk by geographical location is in the PRC. Other than concentration of credit risk on liquid funds and by geographical location, the Group does not have any other significant concentration of credit risk. Trade receivables consist of a large number of customers, spreading across diverse counterparties.

The Group has provided guarantees to banks in connection with the customers' borrowing of mortgage loans to finance their purchase of the properties for an amount up to 70% of the purchase price of the individual property. If a purchaser defaults on the payment of its mortgage loan during the period of guarantee, the bank holding the mortgage may demand the Group to repay the outstanding loan and any interest accrued thereon. Under such circumstances, the Group is able to resell the repossessed properties. Therefore, management considers it would recover any loss incurred arising from the guarantee to the customers.

截至二零一七年六月三十日止年度 For the year ended 30 June 2017

30. 金融工具(續)

(乙) 金融風險管理目標及政策(續)

(iii) 流動資金風險

在管理流動資金風險方面, 本集團監控並維持現金及現 金等值之水平,以達至管理 層認為足以應付本集團 務,並減少現金流量波動之 影響水平。管理層監控銀行 貸款之運用情況,並確保遵 守貸款契約。

下表詳列本集團之非衍生金 融負債剩餘約定到期情況。 該表以本集團最早須還款之 期間為基準,根據金融負債 之未貼現現金流量編製。

該表同時包括利息及本金現 金流量。在利息流量為浮動 利率的部分,未貼現金額乃 來自本集團於呈報期末參照 同業拆息的加權平均利息之 浮動利率財務負債。

於二零一六年及二零一七年 六月三十日,本集團概無可 隨時要求償還條款的定期貸 款。銀行貸款及其他非衍生 金融負債的到期乃按約定還 款期編製。

30. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

(iii) Liquidity risk

In the management of the liquidity risk, the Group monitors and maintains a level of cash and cash equivalents deemed adequate by the management to finance the Group's operations and mitigate the effects of fluctuations in cash flows. The management monitors the utilisation of bank borrowings and ensures compliance with loan covenants.

The following tables detail the Group's remaining contractual maturity for its non-derivative financial liabilities. The tables have been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities based on the earliest period on which the Group can be required to pay.

The table includes both interest and principal cash flows. To the extent that interest flows are floating rate, the undiscounted amount is derived from the weighted average interest rate by reference to the HIBOR of the Group's variable-rate financial liabilities at the end of the reporting period.

As at 30 June 2016 and 2017, the Group does not have term loan with repayment on demand clause. The maturity dates for bank borrowings and other non-derivative financial liabilities is prepared based on the scheduled repayment dates.

綜合財務賬項附註(續)

截至二零一七年六月三十日止年度 For the year ended 30 June 2017

30. 金融工具(續)

30. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(乙)金融風險管理目標及政策(續)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

(iii) 流動資金風險(續)

(iii) Liquidity risk (Continued)

流動資金風險表

Liquidity risk tables

		加權平均 利率 Weighted average interest rate %	按要求時或 少於一個月 On demand or less than 1 month 港幣千元 HKS'000	一至 三個月 1-3 months <i>港幣千元</i> HKS'000	三個月 至一年 3 months to 1 year 港幣千元 HKS '000	一年 至兩年 1-2 years <i>港幣千元</i> HKS'000	二年 至五年 2-5 years 港幣千元 HKS'000	未貼現現金 流量總額 Total undiscounted cash flows <i>港幣千元</i> HKS'000	於 二零一七年 六月三十日 的賬面值 Carrying amount at 30 June 2017 港幣千元 HKS'000
二零一七年 貿易及其他應付賬款 銀行貸款一浮動利率* 財務擔保合約	2017 Trade and other payables Bank loans – variable rate * Financial guarantee contracts	- 1.89 -	9,271 227 2,959 12,457	2,323 2,450 ————————————————————————————————————	24,314 7,975 — 32,289	10,481	130,160 - 130,160	35,908 151,293 2,959 190,160	35,968 143,290 - 179,258

		加權平均 利率 Weighted average interest rate % %	按要求時或 少於一個月 On demand or less than 1 month 港幣千元 HK\$'000	一至 三個月 1-3 months <i>港幣千元</i> HK\$'000	三個月 至一年 3 months to 1 year 港幣千元 HK\$ '000	一年 至兩年 1-2 years 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二年 至五年 2-5 years 港幣千元 HK\$`000	未貼現現金 流量總額 Total undiscounted cash flows 港幣千元 HK\$'000	於 二零一六年 六月三十日 的賬面值 Carrying amount at 30 June 2016 港幣千元 HK\$'000
二零一六年 貿易及其他應付賬款 銀行貸款一浮動利率* 財務擔保合約	2016 Trade and other payables Bank loans – variable rate * Financial guarantee contracts	2.34	9,453 292 8,800 18,545	1,078 2,580 - 3,658	26,269 150,269 — 176,538	- - - -	- - -	36,800 153,141 8,800 198,741	36,800 149,593 ————————————————————————————————————

就本集團的計息借款而言, 加權平均利息代表加權平 均的同業拆息加上1.45%(二 零一六年:同業拆息加上 2.08%) 。

For the Group's interest bearing borrowings, weighted average interest rate represents the weighted average of HIBOR plus 1.45% (2016: HIBOR plus 2.08%).

截至二零一七年六月三十日止年度 For the year ended 30 June 2017

30. 金融工具(續)

(乙) 金融風險管理目標及政策(續)

(iii) 流動資金風險(續)

如果可變利率的變動與於呈 報期末確定的利率估值存在 差異,則可變利率工具的上 述金額都將發生變化。

(丙) 金融工具之公平值計量

金融資產及金融負債之公平值根 據普遍採納之價格模式並按貼現 現金流量分析釐定。

本公司董事認為,於綜合財務賬 項內確認之金融資產及金融負債 與其相應公平值相約。

30. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

(iii) Liquidity risk (Continued)

The amounts included above for financial guarantee contracts are the maximum amounts the Group could be required to settle under the arrangement for the full guaranteed amount if that amount is claimed by the counterparty to the guarantee. Based on expectations at the end of the reporting period, the Group considers that it is more likely than not that no amount will be payable under the arrangement. However, this estimate is subject to change depending on the probability of the counterparty claiming under the guarantee which is a function of the likelihood that the financial receivables held by the counterparty which are guaranteed suffer credit losses.

The amounts included above for variable interest rate instruments are subject to change if changes in variable interest rates differ to those estimates of interest rates determined at the end of the reporting period.

(c) Fair value measurements of financial instruments

The fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities are determined in accordance with generally accepted pricing models based on discounted cash flow.

The Directors of the Company consider that the carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities recognised in the consolidated financial statements approximate their corresponding fair values.

截至二零一七年六月三十日止年度 For the year ended 30 June 2017

31. 本公司財務狀況表

31. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY

本公司於呈報期末財務狀況表包括:

Statement of financial position of the Company at the end of the reporting period:

		二零一七年 2017 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二零一六年 2016 港幣千元 HK\$'000
非流動資產	Non-current Assets		
於附屬公司權益	Interests in subsidiaries	374,430	380,495
物業、機器及設備	Property, plant and equipment	8	8
附屬公司貸款	Loans to subsidiaries	724,996	703,423
		1,099,434	1,083,926
流動資產	Current Assets		
其他應收款項及預付款	Other receivables and prepayments	174	178
銀行結餘及現金	Bank balances and cash	2,388	3,138
		2,562	3,316
流動負債	Current Liability		
其他應付賬款	Other payables	3,668	4,168
流動負債淨值	Net Current Liability	(1,106)	(852)
資產總值減流動負債	Total Assets less Current Liability	1,098,328	1,083,074
資本及儲備	Capital and Reserves		
股本	Share capital	225,066	224,419
儲備(附註)	Reserves (Note)	650,047	647,925
總權益	Total Equity	875,113	872,344
非流動負債	Non-current Liability		
欠附屬公司款項	Amounts due to subsidiaries	223,215	210,730
		1,098,328	1,083,074

截至二零一七年六月三十日止年度 For the year ended 30 June 2017

31. 本公司財務狀況表 (續) 31. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY (Continued)

附註:儲備 Note: Reserves

		股份溢價 Share premium	資本贖回 儲備 Capital redemption reserve	匯兑儲備 Translation reserve	認股權 儲備 Share option reserve	保留溢利 Retained profits	總計 Total
		港幣千元 HK\$'000	港幣千元 HK\$'000	港幣千元 HK\$'000	港幣千元 HK\$'000	港幣千元 HK\$'000	港幣千元 HK\$'000
於二零一五年 七月一日	At 1 July 2015	426,759	1,644	212,380	8,100	24,348	673,231
年度溢利 匯兑產生之	Profit for the year Exchange differences arising	-	-	=	=	55,443	55,443
換算差額	on translation	_	-	(70,035)	-	_	(70,035)
年度全面(支出) 收入總額 以權益結算股份為	Total comprehensive (expense) income for the year Recognition of equity-settled	-	-	(70,035)	-	55,443	(14,592)
基礎付款之確認 行使認股權之	share-based payments Issue of shares upon exercise	_	-	-	930	_	930
股份發行 認股權失效 現金股息	of share options Lapse of share options Cash dividends	2,533	-	- -	(1,881) (563)	563	652
(附註第11項)	(note 11)	-	_	_	_	(12,296)	(12,296)
於二零一六年 六月三十日	At 30 June 2016	429,292	1,644	142,345	6,586	68,058	647,925
年度溢利 匯兑產生之	Profit for the year Exchange differences arising	-	-	-	-	28,105	28,105
換算差額	on translation	_	-	(13,690)	-	_	(13,690)
年度全面(支出) 收入總額 行使認股權之	Total comprehensive (expense) income for the year Issue of shares upon exercise of	_	-	(13,690)	-	28,105	14,415
行便認放権之 股份發行 現金股息	share options Cash dividends	327	-	=	(243)	=	84
(附註第11項)	(note 11)	-	-	_	_	(12,377)	(12,377)
於二零一七年 六月三十日	At 30 June 2017	429,619	1,644	128,655	6,343	83,786	650,047

截至二零一七年六月三十日止年度 For the year ended 30 June 2017

32. 主要附屬公司詳情

32. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL **SUBSIDIARIES**

於二零一七年及二零一六年六月三十 日,主要附屬公司之詳情如下:

Particulars of principal subsidiaries as at 30 June 2017 and 2016 are as follows:

附屬公司名稱 Name of subsidiary	成立/註冊/經營地區 Place of incorporation/ registration/operation		已發行及缴足股本/註冊資本 Issued and paid up share capital/registered capital			本公司持有 已發行股本/註册 資本面值百份比 Proportion of nominal value of issued/ registered capital held by the Company	主要業務 Principal activities
rame of substituty	registration/operation		通股	ļ	其他	neid by the company	11 meipai activities
		Ord	inary ————————————————————————————————————	Others		→# L.b.#	
		二零一七年		二零一七年		二零一七年及 二零一六年 2017 and	
		2017		2017		2016	
雅典企業有限公司 Ardent Enterprises Limited	香港 Hong Kong	港幣1,200元 HK\$1,200	港幣1,200元 HK\$1,200	-	-	100% 100%	投資控股 Investment holding
北京利暉房地產開發有限公司	中國 <i>(附註一)</i>	-	-	美金30,000,000元 (附註一)	美金30,000,000元 (附註一)	95%	物業投資及發展
Beijing Longfast Property Development Co., Ltd.	PRC (Note i)	-	-	US\$30,000,000 (Note i)	US\$30,000,000 (Note i)	95%	Property investment and development
秉旋投資有限公司 Billion Stock Investment Limited	香港 Hong Kong	港幣2元 HK\$2	港幣2元 HK\$2	-	-	100% 100%	提供信託服務 Provision of nominee services
Broad Capital Investments Limited	英屬處女群島 British Virgin Islands	美金1元 US\$1	美金1元 US\$1	-	-	100% 100%	投資控股 Investment holding
中盈置業有限公司 China Gain Properties Limited	香港 Hong Kong	港幣2元 HK\$2	港幣2元 HK\$2	-	-	100% 100%	物業投資 Property investment
達力有限公司 Dynamic (B.V.I.) Limited	英屬處女群島 British Virgin Islands	美金50,000元 US\$50,000	美金50,000元 US\$50,000	-	-	100% 100%	投資控股 Investment holding
達力管理(北京)有限公司 Dynamic Management (Beijing) Limited	英屬處女群島 British Virgin Islands	港幣7元 HK\$7	港幣7元 HK\$7	-	-	100% 100%	融資 Financing
達力管理服務有限公司 Dynamic Management Services Limited	香港 Hong Kong	港幣2元 HK\$2	港幣2元 HK\$2	-	-	100% 100%	提供管理服務 Provision of management services
Dynamic (Nominees) Limited	香港 Hong Kong	港幣2元 HK\$2	港幣2元 HK\$2	-	-	100% 100%	提供管理服務 Provision of management services
達力房地產(中國)諮詢管理 有限公司	英屬處女群島	美金1元	美金1元	-	-	100%	管理諮詢
Dynamic Real Estate (China) Management Consultancy Limited	British Virgin Islands	US\$1	US\$1	-	-	100%	Management consultancy
Glory Diamond Inc.	英屬處女群島 British Virgin Islands	美金10元 US\$10	美金10元 US\$10		-	100% 100%	投資控股 Investment holding

綜合財務賬項附註(續)

截至二零一七年六月三十日止年度 For the year ended 30 June 2017

32. 主要附屬公司詳情(續)

32. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

附屬公司名稱 Name of subsidiary	成立/註冊/經營地區 Place of incorporation/ registration/operation		已發行及繳足股本/註冊資本 Issued and paid up share capital/registered capital		本公司持有 已發行股本/註冊 資本面值百份比 Proportion of nominal value of issued/ registered capital held by the Company	主要業務 Principal activities	
		普通 Ordi		其何 Othe			
		二零一七年		二零一七年		二零一七年及 二零一六年 2017 and	
		2017		2017		2016	
浩域投資有限公司 Harvic Investment Limited	香港 Hong Kong	港幣2元 HK\$2	港幣2元 HK\$2	-	-	100% 100%	投資控股 Investment holding
高偉投資有限公司 High Grand Investments Limited	英屬處女群島 British Virgin Islands	美金1元 US\$1	美金1元 US\$1	-	-	100% 100%	投資控股 Investment holding
智啟國際有限公司 Move On International Limited	香港 Hong Kong	港幣1元 HK\$1	港幣1元 HK\$1	-	-	100% 100%	物業投資 Property investment

附註:

- 一、在中國成立之北京利暉房地產開發有限公司(「北京利暉」)註冊為中外合作經營公司。北京利暉之註冊股本為美金30,000,000元。上述於兩個年度所披露之美金30,000,000元乃本集團所繳足之股本。然而,本集團經同意可攤佔北京利暉95%利潤及淨資產。
- 二、除達力有限公司及Glory Diamond Inc.由本公司直接全資擁有外,所有附屬公司均為間接擁有。
- 三、本公司董事認為以上報表所列明為主要影響本集團業績或資產之本公司附屬公司,並認為列明其他附屬公司資料將造成篇幅過多。
- 四、 各附屬公司於年終或本年度內任何時間概 無發行任何債務證券。

Notes:

- i. Beijing Longfast Property Development Co., Ltd. ("Beijing Longfast") established in the PRC is registered as sino-foreign co-operative joint venture. Beijing Longfast had a registered capital of US\$30,000,000. The amount of US\$30,000,000 disclosed in both years above represents capital paid by the Group. However, the Group's entitlement to share the profit and net assets in Beijing Longfast was agreed to be at 95%.
- Other than Dynamic (B.V.I.) Limited and Glory Diamond Inc., which are wholly-owned directly by the Company, all subsidiaries are held by the Company indirectly.
- iii. The above table lists the subsidiaries of the Company which, in the opinion of the Directors of the Company, principally affected the results or assets of the Group. To give details of other subsidiaries would, in the opinion of the Directors of the Company, result in particulars of excessive length.
- None of the subsidiaries had issued any debt securities at the end of the year, or at any time during the year.

FIVE-YEAR FINANCIAL SUMMARY 五年財務摘要

綜合業績

CONSOLIDATED RESULTS

		截至六月三十日止年度 Year ended 30 June				
		二零一三年 2013 港幣千元 HK\$ '000 (經重列) (Restated)	二零一四年 2014 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二零一五年 2015 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二零一六年 2016 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二零一七年 2017 港幣千元 HKS'000
收入	Revenue	124,504	106,215	103,437	103,870	101,762
年度本公司擁有人 應佔溢利	Profit for the year attributable to the owners of the Company	123,166	94,972	101,586	95,085	115,591
每股基本盈利 (港幣:仙)	Basic earnings per share (Hong Kong cents)	56.2	43.3	46.3	42.7	51.4
每股攤薄盈利 (港幣:仙)	Diluted earnings per share (Hong Kong cents)	54.1	40.9	43.5	40.7	48.8

綜合資產、負債及權益

CONSOLIDATED ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND **EQUITY**

		二零一三年 2013 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二零一四年 2014 <i>港幣千元</i> <i>HK</i> \$'000	於六月三十日 At 30 June 二零一五年 2015 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二零一六年 2016 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二零一七年 2017 港幣千元 HKS'000
物業、機器及設備 投資管企業權益 合營企業欠款 銀行抵資產 銀行政資產 其他資產	Property, plant and equipment Investment properties Interest in a joint venture Amount due from a joint venture Pledged bank deposits Current assets Other asset	2,049 1,867,428 85,614 236,927 - 258,412 1,506	1,979 1,930,079 76,235 252,355 - 278,459 1,511	2,012 2,000,101 94,467 239,924 2,278 289,743 1,521	1,743 1,926,240 71,570 235,184 - 291,995 1,404	2,214 1,990,736 86,974 218,549 - 314,882 1,382
資產總值	Total assets	2,451,936	2,540,618	2,630,046	2,528,136	2,614,737
本公司擁有人應佔權益非控股股東權益	Equity attributable to the owners of the Company Non-controlling interests	1,781,014 32,851	1,871,313 34,466	1,974,794 36,572	1,902,346 34,154	1,978,078 34,731
總權益	Total equity	1,813,865	1,905,779	2,011,366	1,936,500	2,012,809
銀行貸款 一須於一年後償還 遞延税項負債 流動負債	Bank loans – due after one year Deferred tax liabilities Current liabilities	261,041 377,030	191,192 272,312 171,335	164,592 282,051 172,037	283,573 308,063	135,520 302,625 163,783
負債總值	Total liabilities	638,071	634,839	618,680	591,636	601,928
		2,451,936	2,540,618	2,630,046	2,528,136	2,614,737

PROFORMA COMBINED BALANCE SHEET OF AFFILIATED COMPANY 聯屬公司之備考合併資產負債表

於二零一七年六月三十日,本公司給予一間聯屬公司超出資產比率(定義見香港聯合交易所有限公司證券上市規則(「上市規則」) 第13.16條)所界定8%的墊款資料如下: Details of advances given to an affiliated company as at 30 June 2017, which exceeded 8% under the assets ratio as defined under rule 13.16 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules") are as follows:

聯屬公司	Affiliated company	本集團持有 權益百分比 Percentage of equity held by the Group	墊款金額 Amount of advances 港幣千元 HK\$'000
深圳圳華港灣企業有限公司 (「 圳華 」) (附註)	Shenzhen Zhen Wah Harbour Enterprises Ltd. (" Zhen Wah ") (Note)	49%	218,549

附註: 圳華經營期於二零一四年一月十六日屆滿。之 後, 圳華終止其經營及現正進行清算。

本集團給予圳華墊支款項已納入合營企業 欠款,詳情於綜合財務賬項附註第15項內披

墊款金額為無抵押及須自呈報期末起接下 十二個月後償還。

根據上市規則第13.22條的持續披露規定, 於二零一七年六月三十日,圳華的備考合 併資產負債表及本集團在圳華中應佔權益 披露如下:

聯屬公司備考合併資產負債表

Note: The operation period of Zhen Wah expired on 16 January 2014. Thereafter, Zhen Wah ceased its operation and is now in the process of liquidation.

The advances to Zhen Wah by the Group have been accounted for as amount due from a joint venture, details of which are disclosed in note 15 to the consolidated financial statements.

The amount of advances are unsecured and to be repayable after the next twelve months from the end of the reporting period.

Pursuant to the continuing disclosure requirements under rule 13.22 of the Listing Rules, the proforma combined balance sheet of Zhen Wah and the attributable interest of the Group in Zhen Wah as at 30 June 2017 are disclosed as follows:

PROFORMA COMBINED BALANCE SHEET OF AFFILIATED COMPANY

		備考合併 資產負債表 Proforma combined balance sheet 港幣千元 HK\$'000	本集團 應估權益 Group's attributable interest 港幣千元 HK\$'000
非流動資產 流動資產 流動負債 非流動負債	Non-current assets Current assets Current liabilities Non-current liabilities	221,264 42,216 (11,586) (218,549)	108,419 20,686 (5,677) (107,089)
淨資產	Net assets	33,345	16,339

ANALYSIS OF PROPERTIES HELD 所持有物業分析

於二零一七年六月三十日,所持有待售物 Particulars of properties held for sale at 30 June 2017: 業之詳情如下:

位置	種類	地盤面積 約數	已發展樓面 面積約數 Approximate developed	竣工階段	本集團權益	預期竣工 日期 Expected
Location	Туре	Approximate site area	gross floor area	Stage of completion	Group's interests	date of completion
中華人民共和國 北京 朝陽區甘露園 南里二十五號 朝陽園 第二期及第三期 之未售出部分	住宅	不適用	第二期: 9,699平方呎 第三期: 19,143平方呎	已落成	95%	不適用
Unsold portion of Phase II and Phase III of Chaoyang Garden No. 25 Nan Lane Ganlouyuan Chaoyang District Beijing The People's Republic of China	Residential	N/A	Phase II: 9,699 sq.ft. Phase III: 19,143 sq.ft.	Completed	95%	N/A

於二零一七年六月三十日,所持有投資物 Particulars of properties held for investment at 30 June 2017: 業之詳情如下:

位置 Location	用途 Usage	租賃年期 Lease term
中華人民共和國 上海 浦東新區 東方路六十九號 裕景國際商務廣場西塔樓 七樓至二十二樓(不設十三樓及十四樓)	辦公樓	中期
Levels 7 to 22 (without levels 13 and 14) West Tower, Eton Place No. 69 Dongfang Road Pudong New Area Shanghai The People's Republic of China	Office	Medium
中華人民共和國 北京 朝陽區甘露園 南里二十五號 第一期、第二期及第三期停車場 及第三期商業部分	商業/停車場	中期
Car parking spaces in Phase I, II, III and commercial portion of Phase III No. 25 Nan Lane Ganlouyuan Chaoyang District Beijing The People's Republic of China	Commercial/ Car-parking	Medium

