

FDG ELECTRIC VEHICLES LIMITED 五龍電動車(集團)有限公司

(Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability)

2017/18 INTERIM REPORT

Stock Code: 0729



E ROAD FORWARD

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The board of directors (the "Board") of FDG Electric Vehicles Limited (the "Company") presents the unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively, the "Group") for the six months ended 30 September 2017 together with the comparative figures for the corresponding period in 2016 as follows:

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS

For the six months ended 30 September 2017

	Note	Six months ended	
		30.9.2017 (unaudited) HK\$'000	30.9.2016 (unaudited) HK\$'000
Revenue	2	284,115	507,130
Cost of sales		(254,612)	(476,336)
Gross profit		29,503	30,794
Other income		35,837	25,933
Other gains and losses, net	3	(7,789)	84,455
Selling and distribution costs		(43,664)	(43,723)
General and administrative expenses		(284,071)	(171,642)
Research and development expenses		(67,162)	(36,190)
Finance costs	4	(174,292)	(166,941)
Other operating expenses	5	(77,884)	–
Amortisation of intangible assets		(89,418)	(95,317)
Share of results of associates		(6,410)	(8,505)
Share of results of joint ventures		(37,741)	(42,508)
Loss before tax	5	(723,091)	(423,644)
Income tax	6	19,358	21,015
Loss for the period		(703,733)	(402,629)
Attributable to:			
Owners of the Company		(546,772)	(276,353)
Non-controlling interests		(156,961)	(126,276)
		(703,733)	(402,629)
Loss per share attributable to owners of the Company		HK cents	HK cents
– Basic and diluted	7	(2.44)	(1.25)

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For the six months ended 30 September 2017

	Six months ended	
	30.9.2017 (unaudited) HK\$'000	30.9.2016 (unaudited) HK\$'000
Loss for the period	(703,733)	(402,629)
Other comprehensive income/(loss) for the period, net of nil tax:		
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:		
Exchange differences on translation of financial statements of foreign operations	212,151	(118,378)
Share of other comprehensive income/(loss) of associates	5,531	(3,909)
Share of other comprehensive income/(loss) of joint ventures	4,451	(3,298)
	222,133	(125,585)
Total comprehensive loss for the period	(481,600)	(528,214)
Attributable to:		
Owners of the Company	(391,971)	(373,048)
Non-controlling interests	(89,629)	(155,166)
Total comprehensive loss for the period	(481,600)	(528,214)

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

As at 30 September 2017

	Note	30.9.2017 (unaudited) HK\$'000	31.3.2017 (audited) HK\$'000
Non-current assets			
Goodwill		1,302,559	1,265,028
Intangible assets	9	812,836	786,104
Property, plant and equipment	10	3,356,666	3,163,023
Interests in leasehold land held for own use under operating leases	10	343,228	332,309
Interests in associates		370,891	371,770
Interests in joint ventures		392,260	425,550
Deposits paid for non-current assets		293,638	144,908
Loan receivable	12	380	398
Other non-current assets		7,258	8,162
		6,879,716	6,497,252
Current assets			
Inventories		749,944	657,967
Trade and bills receivables	11	1,288,657	1,251,782
Loan and other receivables	12	1,041,820	877,684
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		37,813	50,000
Derivative financial instruments	16	22,322	21,233
Pledged bank deposits		51,690	160,163
Cash and cash equivalents		1,215,288	1,321,410
		4,407,534	4,340,239
Current liabilities			
Bank loans and other borrowings	13	(2,358,570)	(1,340,776)
Trade and bills payables	14	(796,717)	(745,544)
Accruals and other payables	15	(910,077)	(740,144)
Tax payables		(37,476)	(36,853)
Obligations under finance leases		(30,563)	(28,394)
Liability components of convertible bonds	16	(123,682)	(514,636)
		(4,257,085)	(3,406,347)

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION *(Continued)*

As at 30 September 2017

	Note	30.9.2017 (unaudited) HK\$'000	31.3.2017 (audited) HK\$'000
Net current assets		150,449	933,892
Total assets less current liabilities		7,030,165	7,431,144
Non-current liabilities			
Receipts in advance	17	(637,594)	(610,235)
Deferred income		(116,513)	(54,067)
Bank loans and other borrowings	13	(1,075,732)	(1,094,483)
Obligations under finance leases		(27,848)	(41,497)
Liability components of convertible bonds	16	(198,355)	(190,199)
Deferred tax liabilities		(162,721)	(180,325)
Obligations under redeemed convertible bonds	18	(760,752)	(760,752)
		(2,979,515)	(2,931,558)
NET ASSETS		4,050,650	4,499,586
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Issued capital	19	224,131	223,985
Reserves		2,365,187	2,724,640
Total equity attributable to owners of the Company		2,589,318	2,948,625
Non-controlling interests		1,461,332	1,550,961
TOTAL EQUITY		4,050,650	4,499,586

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

For the six months ended 30 September 2017

	Unaudited											
	Attributable to owners of the Company											Total equity HK\$'000
	Issued capital HK\$'000	Share premium HK\$'000	Exchange reserve HK\$'000	Contributed surplus HK\$'000	Capital redemption reserve HK\$'000	Equity component of convertible bonds HK\$'000	Share option reserve HK\$'000	Investment revaluation reserve HK\$'000	Accumulated losses HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000	Non-controlling interests HK\$'000	
As at 1 April 2017	223,985	2,057,457	(290,646)	1,419,585	1,868	251,871	36,734	(10,891)	(741,338)	2,948,625	1,550,961	4,499,586
Loss for the period	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(546,772)	(546,772)	(156,961)	(703,733)
Other comprehensive income/(loss) for the period												
- Exchange differences on translation of financial statements of foreign operations	-	-	148,056	-	-	-	-	-	-	148,056	64,095	212,151
- Share of other comprehensive income/(loss) of associates	-	-	(59)	-	-	-	-	3,813	-	3,754	1,777	5,531
- Share of other comprehensive income of joint ventures	-	-	2,991	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,991	1,460	4,451
Total other comprehensive income for the period	-	-	150,988	-	-	-	-	3,813	-	154,801	67,332	222,133
Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the period	-	-	150,988	-	-	-	-	3,813	(546,772)	(391,971)	(89,629)	(481,600)
Proceeds from shares issued upon exercise of share options (Note 19(c))	146	4,860	-	-	-	-	(1,648)	-	-	3,358	-	3,358
Settlement of convertible bonds (Note 16(a))	-	-	-	-	-	(86,075)	-	-	86,075	-	-	-
Share options lapsed	-	-	-	-	-	-	(938)	-	938	-	-	-
Equity-settled share-based payments	-	-	-	-	-	-	29,306	-	-	29,306	-	29,306
As at 30 September 2017	224,131	2,062,317	(139,658)	1,419,585	1,868	165,796	63,454	(7,078)	(1,201,097)	2,589,318	1,461,332	4,050,650

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (Continued)

For the six months ended 30 September 2017

	Unaudited											
	Attributable to owners of the Company											
	Issued capital HK\$'000	Share premium HK\$'000	Exchange reserve HK\$'000	Contributed surplus HK\$'000	Capital redemption reserve HK\$'000	Equity component of convertible bonds HK\$'000	Share option reserve HK\$'000	Investment revaluation reserve HK\$'000	Accumulated losses HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000	Non-controlling interests HK\$'000	Total equity HK\$'000
As at 1 April 2016	219,636	1,843,816	(100,373)	1,419,585	1,868	133,599	31,552	-	(187,156)	3,362,527	729,282	4,091,809
Loss for the period	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(276,353)	(276,353)	(126,276)	(402,629)
Other comprehensive income/(loss) for the period												
- Exchange differences on translation of financial statements of foreign operations	-	-	(91,813)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(91,813)	(26,565)	(118,378)
- Share of other comprehensive income/(loss) of associates	-	-	3,359	-	-	-	-	(6,025)	-	(2,666)	(1,243)	(3,909)
- Share of other comprehensive loss of joint ventures	-	-	(2,216)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(2,216)	(1,082)	(3,298)
Total other comprehensive loss for the period	-	-	(90,670)	-	-	-	-	(6,025)	-	(96,695)	(28,890)	(125,585)
Total comprehensive loss for the period	-	-	(90,670)	-	-	-	-	(6,025)	(276,353)	(373,048)	(155,166)	(528,214)
Issue of new shares (Note 19(a))	4,300	210,700	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	215,000	-	215,000
Capital contribution from non-controlling interests	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	14,115	14,115
Issue of convertible bonds	-	-	-	-	-	119,148	-	-	-	119,148	-	119,148
Conversion of convertible bonds	8	428	-	-	-	(138)	-	-	-	298	-	298
Share options lapsed	-	-	-	-	-	-	(462)	-	462	-	-	-
Equity-settled share-based payments	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,877	-	-	2,877	-	2,877
As at 30 September 2016	223,944	2,054,944	(191,043)	1,419,585	1,868	252,609	33,967	(6,025)	(463,047)	3,326,802	588,231	3,915,033

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the six months ended 30 September 2017

	Six months ended 30.9.2017 (unaudited) HK\$'000	30.9.2016 (unaudited) HK\$'000
Operating activities		
Net cash used in operating activities	(535,653)	(851,923)
Investing activities		
Payments for acquisition of property, plant and equipment	(28,300)	(317,801)
Payments for acquisition of intangible assets	(94,188)	(59,215)
Payment for investment in an associate	–	(393,066)
Payment for investment in a joint venture	–	(19,375)
Receipts of government grants and other subsidies fundings for capital expenditures	69,300	73,674
Decrease/(increase) in pledged bank deposits	113,501	(4,443)
Other cash flows generated from/(used in) investing activities	28,768	(6,050)
Net cash generated from/(used in) investing activities	89,081	(726,276)
Financing activities		
Proceeds from issuance of new shares	–	215,000
Proceeds from issuance of convertible bonds	–	275,000
Capital contribution from non-controlling interests	–	14,115
Proceeds from bank loans and other borrowings	977,294	1,198,243
Repayment of bank loans and other borrowings	(475,601)	(466,870)
Interest paid	(203,613)	(102,827)
Other cash flows (used in)/generated from financing activities	(10,983)	86,067
Net cash generated from financing activities	287,097	1,218,728
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(159,475)	(359,471)
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes	53,353	(16,376)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period	1,321,410	942,015
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	1,215,288	566,168

Major non-cash transactions

During the period, certain convertible bonds were matured and fully settled by a short-term promissory note of HK\$400,000,000 issued by the Company and details of which was disclosed in Note 16(a).

Note: Certain comparative amounts in the condensed consolidated statement of cash flows have been reclassified to conform with the current period's presentation.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. BASIS OF PREPARATION AND PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The interim financial statements are unaudited, condensed and have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Accounting Standard (“HKAS”) 34 “Interim Financial Reporting” issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the “HKICPA”).

The condensed consolidated interim financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Group’s audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017, which have been prepared in accordance with all applicable Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards (“HKFRSs”), which collective term includes all applicable individual HKFRSs, HKASs and Interpretations issued by the HKICPA and the applicable disclosure provisions of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the “Listing Rules”).

The accounting policies and basis of preparation adopted in the preparation of these condensed consolidated interim financial statements are consistent with those used in the Group’s audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017, except in relation to the following amendments to HKFRSs, which have become effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 April 2017, that are adopted for the first time in the current period’s financial statements:

Amendments to HKFRSs
Amendments to HKAS 7
Amendments to HKAS 12

Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2014-2016 Cycle
Disclosure Initiatives
Recognition of Deferred Tax Assets for Unrealised
Losses

The application of these amendments to HKFRSs in the current period has had no material impact on the Group’s financial performance and positions for the current and prior periods and/or disclosures set out in these condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS *(Continued)*

1. BASIS OF PREPARATION AND PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

The Group has not early adopted the following new standards, amendments and interpretations that have been issued but are not yet effective in these condensed consolidated interim financial statements:

HKFRS 9	Financial Instruments
HKFRS 15	Revenue from Contracts with Customers
Amendments to HKFRS 15	Clarifications to HKFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers
HKFRS 16	Leases
Amendments to HKFRS 2	Classification and Measurement of Share-based Payment Transactions
Amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28	Sales or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and Its Associates or Joint Venture
HK (IFRIC) – Int 22	Foreign Currency Transactions and Advance Consideration
HK (IFRIC) – Int 23	Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatments

The Group is in the process of making an assessment of what the impact of these new standards, amendments and interpretations is expected to be in the period of initial application. So far it has concluded that the adoption of them is unlikely to have significant impact on the financial performance and position of the Group.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS *(Continued)*

2. REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION

Revenue represents the aggregate of gross proceeds from sales of electric vehicles, gross proceeds from sales of lithium-ion batteries and its related products, income from leasing of electric vehicles, gross proceeds from sales of cathode materials for nickel-cobalt-manganese (“NCM”) lithium-ion batteries and income from direct investments which includes loan financing, securities trading and asset investment.

	Six months ended	
	30.9.2017 (unaudited) HK\$'000	30.9.2016 (unaudited) HK\$'000
Sales of electric vehicles	64,518	355,867
Sales of lithium-ion batteries and its related products	43,506	41,135
Income from leasing of electric vehicles	1	3
Sales of cathode materials for NCM lithium-ion batteries	169,032	103,782
Income from direct investments	7,058	6,343
Total	284,115	507,130

Operating segments are identified on the basis of internal reports which provide information about components of the Group. These information are reported to and reviewed by the Board, the chief operating decision maker of the Group, for the purposes of resource allocation and performance assessment. The Board considers that the Group is organised into business units based on their products and services, and has reportable operating segments as follows:

- (i) the vehicle design and electric vehicle production segment includes the vehicle design and the research and development, manufacture and sales of electric vehicles;
- (ii) the battery products segment includes the research and development, manufacture and sales of lithium-ion batteries and its related products;
- (iii) the electric vehicle leasing segment represents the provision of leasing service of electric vehicles including operating lease and finance lease;
- (iv) the battery materials production segment, which includes research and development, manufacture and sales of cathode materials for (1) NCM lithium-ion batteries and (2) lithium ferrous phosphate batteries; and
- (v) the direct investments segment represents various investments, including loan financing, securities trading and asset investment.

Reportable segment profit/(loss) before tax represents the profit earned by/(loss from) each segment without the allocation of central administration costs, central finance costs and other income earned which is not attributable to any reportable segment. Reportable segment profit/(loss) before tax also excludes the elimination of inter-segment profit/(loss).

NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2. REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

(a) Segment information

	For the six months ended 30.9.2017 (unaudited)					
	Vehicle design and electric vehicle production HK\$'000	Battery products HK\$'000	Electric vehicle leasing HK\$'000	Battery materials production HK\$'000	Direct investments HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
Revenue from external customers	64,518	43,506	1	169,032	7,058	284,115
Inter-segment revenue	–	10,200	–	–	16,818	27,018
Reportable segment revenue	64,518	53,706	1	169,032	23,876	311,133
Reportable segment profit/(loss) before tax	(325,729)*	(165,734)	(195)	(28,683)	26,298	(494,043)

	For the six months ended 30.9.2016 (unaudited)					
	Vehicle design and electric vehicle production HK\$'000	Battery products HK\$'000	Electric vehicle leasing HK\$'000	Battery materials production HK\$'000	Direct investments HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
Revenue from external customers	355,867	41,135	3	103,782	6,343	507,130
Inter-segment revenue	–	184,405	–	–	16,750	201,155
Reportable segment revenue	355,867	225,540	3	103,782	23,093	708,285
Reportable segment loss before tax	(113,522)**	(23,100)	(802)	(22,660)	(789)	(160,873)

* Included the other operating expenses of HK\$77,884,000 as detailed in Note 5.

** Included the gain on bargain purchase arising from the acquisition of additional interest in a joint venture, Chanje Energy, Inc. ("Chanje", formerly known as Nohm Inc. or Org EV Solutions, Inc.) of HK\$133,850,000.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS *(Continued)*

2. REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION *(Continued)*

(a) Segment information *(Continued)*

	As at 30.9.2017 (unaudited)					
	Vehicle design and electric vehicle production HK\$'000	Battery products HK\$'000	Electric vehicle leasing HK\$'000	Battery materials production HK\$'000	Direct investments HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
Reportable segment assets	7,293,035	1,470,221	31,769	1,320,639	740,449	10,856,113
Reportable segment liabilities	(3,533,751)	(1,512,528)	(1,109)	(252,126)	(70,711)	(5,370,225)

	As at 31.3.2017 (audited)					
	Vehicle design and electric vehicle production HK\$'000	Battery products HK\$'000	Electric vehicle leasing HK\$'000	Battery materials production HK\$'000	Direct investments HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
Reportable segment assets	6,771,198	1,615,136	25,019	1,305,797	740,897	10,458,047
Reportable segment liabilities	(2,888,614)	(1,432,938)	(1,102)	(246,524)	(68,317)	(4,637,495)

NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS *(Continued)*

2. REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION *(Continued)*

(b) Reconciliations of reportable segment revenue, profit or loss, assets and liabilities

	Six months ended	
	30.9.2017 (unaudited) HK\$'000	30.9.2016 (unaudited) HK\$'000
Revenue		
Reportable segment revenue	311,133	708,285
Elimination of inter-segment revenue	(27,018)	(201,155)
Consolidated revenue	284,115	507,130
Loss		
Reportable segment loss before tax	(494,043)	(160,873)
Elimination of inter-segment loss/(profit)	7,678	(28,129)
Reportable segment loss derived from the Group's external customers	(486,365)	(189,002)
Other income, other gains and losses, net	(13,218)	(35,451)
Depreciation	(768)	(785)
Finance costs	(130,956)	(143,475)
Unallocated corporate expenses	(91,784)	(54,931)
Consolidated loss before tax	(723,091)	(423,644)

NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS *(Continued)*

2. REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION *(Continued)*

(b) Reconciliations of reportable segment revenue, profit or loss, assets and liabilities *(Continued)*

	30.9.2017 (unaudited) HK\$'000	31.3.2017 (audited) HK\$'000
Assets		
Reportable segment assets	10,856,113	10,458,047
Unallocated corporate assets:		
Derivative financial instruments	22,322	21,233
Cash and cash equivalents	112,974	109,369
Other unallocated corporate assets	295,841	248,842
Consolidated total assets	11,287,250	10,837,491
Liabilities		
Reportable segment liabilities	(5,370,225)	(4,637,495)
Unallocated corporate liabilities:		
Bank loans and other borrowings	(1,471,659)	(900,000)
Liability components of convertible bonds	(322,037)	(704,835)
Other unallocated corporate liabilities	(72,679)	(95,575)
Consolidated total liabilities	(7,236,600)	(6,337,905)

NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

3. OTHER GAINS AND LOSSES, NET

	Six months ended	
	30.9.2017 (unaudited) HK\$'000	30.9.2016 (unaudited) HK\$'000
Gain on bargain purchase arising from the acquisition of additional interest in a joint venture (Note)	–	133,850
Impairment on available-for-sale investments	–	(23,884)
Impairment on loan and other receivables	–	(7,658)
Net gains in respect of Smith and Chanje	–	102,308
Exchange losses, net	(14,090)	(27,071)
Net gain on held-for-trading investments	16,148	9,229
Write-down of inventories	(7,854)	–
Impairment on trade receivables	(3,045)	–
Reversal of write-down of inventories	1,185	–
Reversal of impairment on trade receivables	357	–
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	(490)	(11)
	(7,789)	84,455

Note:

The Group and a joint venture partner, Smith Electric Vehicles Corp. ("Smith"), entered into a loan agreement on 11 December 2015 (the "Loan Agreement") pursuant to which the Group granted a secured loan (the "Secured Loan") amounting to US\$2,000,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$15,500,000) to Smith. The repayment date of the Secured Loan was 14 February 2016. The Secured Loan was secured by 10,000,000 common stocks of Chanje owned by Smith (the "Security"), as collateral. As a result of Smith's default in repayment under the Loan Agreement, the Group commenced the foreclosure process on 26 February 2016 and a public secured party auction was conducted on the Security on 1 June 2016 (the "Public Auction"). At the Public Auction, the Group acquired the subject 10,000,000 common stocks of Chanje with a credit-bid of US\$500,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$3,875,000), being credit deducted from the outstanding monies owed by Smith to the Group under the Loan Agreement. During the six months ended 30 September 2016, a gain on bargain purchase arose from the acquisition of this additional interest in the joint venture of HK\$133,850,000 being calculated with reference to the fair value of Chanje based on the valuation report dated 31 May 2016 issued by an independent firm of professional qualified valuers. As the Group cannot control the board of directors of Chanje, Chanje continues to be accounted for as a joint venture of the Group.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS *(Continued)*

4. FINANCE COSTS

	Six months ended	
	30.9.2017 (unaudited) HK\$'000	30.9.2016 (unaudited) HK\$'000
Interest expenses on convertible bonds	18,342	37,070
Interest on finance leases	3,094	459
Interest on bank loans and other borrowings wholly repayable within five years	160,983	113,989
Other borrowing costs	11,817	6,136
Total interest expenses on financial liabilities not at fair value through profit or loss	194,236	157,654
Less: Interest expenses capitalised into construction in progress	(18,855)	(22,143)
Fair value (gain)/loss on derivative financial instruments	175,381 (1,089)	135,511 31,430
	174,292	166,941

NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

5. LOSS BEFORE TAX

Loss before tax is arrived at after (crediting)/charging:

	Six months ended	
	30.9.2017 (unaudited) HK\$'000	30.9.2016 (unaudited) HK\$'000
Interest income	(27,261)	(9,433)
Cost of inventories recognised as expenses		
– included in cost of sales	254,115	475,727
– included in selling and distribution costs	1,616	469
– included in research and development expenses	20,216	2,717
Amortisation of intangible assets	89,418	95,317
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	98,732	54,161
Amortisation of interests in leasehold land held for own use under operating leases	3,906	3,958
Warranty provision	4,581	17,410
Other operating expenses (Note)	77,884	–

Note:

The other operating expenses represent certain indirect operating expenses arising from the temporary under-utilisation of production capacity of the electric vehicle production plants in Hangzhou and Yunnan as the Group has spent certain period of time to upgrade and re-configure the production lines, enhance production efficiency and apply for listing in the new catalogue of new energy automobile models announced by the People's Republic of China (the "PRC") government in order to meet the new specification requirements on electric vehicles under the PRC government new subsidy policies. Such upgrades, re-configurations and applications have been successfully completed in July 2017 and the electric vehicle production plants are gradually increasing production afterwards.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS *(Continued)*

6. INCOME TAX

	Six months ended	
	30.9.2017	30.9.2016
	(unaudited)	(unaudited)
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Overseas current tax charge for the period	612	240
Deferred tax credit	(19,970)	(21,255)
Tax credit for the period	(19,358)	(21,015)

No provision for the Hong Kong profits tax or the PRC enterprise income tax has been made as the Group either sustained losses for taxation purposes or has available tax losses brought forward from prior years to offset against the current period estimated assessable profits in Hong Kong and the PRC for the six months ended 30 September 2017 and 2016. Taxes on overseas profits have been calculated at the rates of taxation prevailing in the jurisdictions in which the Group operates. The deferred tax of HK\$19,970,000 (six months ended 30 September 2016: HK\$21,255,000) that has been credited to the condensed consolidated statement of profit or loss arose from origination and reversal of temporary differences mainly in respect of fair value adjustments arising from acquisition of subsidiaries.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS *(Continued)*

7. LOSS PER SHARE

(a) Basic loss per share

The basic loss per share is calculated based on (i) the consolidated loss for the period attributable to owners of the Company of HK\$546,772,000 (2016: HK\$276,353,000); and (ii) the weighted average number of 22,402,226,000 (2016: 22,051,101,000) ordinary shares in issue during the period.

	Six months ended	
	30.9.2017	30.9.2016
	Weighted average number of ordinary shares (unaudited) '000	Weighted average number of ordinary shares (unaudited) '000
Issued ordinary shares at beginning of the reporting period	22,398,476	21,963,580
Effect of issue of shares pursuant to share subscription	–	86,940
Effect of issue of shares upon conversion of convertible bonds	–	581
Effect of issue of shares upon exercise of share options	3,750	–
Weighted average number of ordinary shares at the end of the reporting period	22,402,226	22,051,101

(b) Diluted loss per share

The calculation of diluted loss per share does not assume the exercise of the Company's outstanding share options or conversion of outstanding convertible bonds which had an anti-dilutive effect and would result in a reduction in loss per share for the six months ended 30 September 2017 and 2016. Therefore, the diluted loss per share is the same as the basic loss per share for both periods.

8. INTERIM DIVIDEND

The Board has resolved not to declare an interim dividend for the period (six months ended 30 September 2016: nil).

NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

9. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

	Patents and patent using rights HK\$'000	Industrial proprietary rights HK\$'000	Technical know-hows HK\$'000	Lease contractual right HK\$'000	Software HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
Cost						
At 1 April 2016 (audited)	3,642,008	54,582	530,249	35,524	–	4,262,363
Additions	34,612	–	–	–	–	34,612
Additions from internal developments	–	–	106,907	–	–	106,907
Exchange adjustments	(119)	(3,352)	(35,206)	(2,182)	–	(40,859)
At 31 March 2017 and 1 April 2017 (audited)	3,676,501	51,230	601,950	33,342	–	4,363,023
Additions	–	–	–	–	8,540	8,540
Additions from internal developments	–	–	85,648	–	–	85,648
Write-off	–	–	–	(34,189)	–	(34,189)
Exchange adjustments	81	2,297	28,733	847	162	32,120
At 30 September 2017 (unaudited)	3,676,582	53,527	716,331	–	8,702	4,455,142
Accumulated amortisation and impairment losses						
At 1 April 2016 (audited)	3,258,584	3,926	123,268	22,505	–	3,408,283
Charge for the year	95,186	1,927	71,335	11,377	–	179,825
Exchange adjustments	(34)	(287)	(9,223)	(1,645)	–	(11,189)
At 31 March 2017 and 1 April 2017 (audited)	3,353,736	5,566	185,380	32,237	–	3,576,919
Charge for the period	48,775	967	38,543	1,133	–	89,418
Write-off	–	–	–	(34,189)	–	(34,189)
Exchange adjustments	30	267	9,042	819	–	10,158
At 30 September 2017 (unaudited)	3,402,541	6,800	232,965	–	–	3,642,306
Carrying amount						
At 30 September 2017 (unaudited)	274,041	46,727	483,366	–	8,702	812,836
At 31 March 2017 (audited)	322,765	45,664	416,570	1,105	–	786,104

As there is no indication that the carrying amount of the intangible assets may not be recovered, the Board believes that no provision for impairment is necessary at the end of the reporting periods.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS *(Continued)*

10. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT AND INTERESTS IN LEASEHOLD LAND HELD FOR OWN USE UNDER OPERATING LEASES

During the period, the Group's additions to property, plant and equipment and interests in leasehold land held for own use under operating leases amounted to HK\$152,703,000 (six months ended 30 September 2016: HK\$505,740,000), including an amount of HK\$37,180,000 (six months ended 30 September 2016: HK\$236,319,000) being transferred from deposits paid for non-current assets.

As at 30 September 2017, certain land and buildings, plant and machinery, construction in progress of the Group with a total carrying amount of HK\$2,476,244,000 (31 March 2017: HK\$2,332,690,000) were pledged as securities for the Group's bank loans (Note 13(a)).

As at 30 September 2017, the carrying amount of plant and machinery held under finance leases was HK\$76,176,000 (31 March 2017: HK\$78,264,000).

11. TRADE AND BILLS RECEIVABLES

	30.9.2017 (unaudited) HK\$'000	31.3.2017 (audited) HK\$'000
Trade receivables	1,306,167	1,291,007
Bills receivable	37,529	10,936
Less: Allowance for doubtful debts	(55,039)	(50,161)
	1,288,657	1,251,782

NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

11. TRADE AND BILLS RECEIVABLES (Continued)

An ageing analysis of trade and bills receivables, based on the invoice date (or date of revenue recognition, if earlier), is as follows:

	30.9.2017 (unaudited) HK\$'000	31.3.2017 (audited) HK\$'000
Within 1 month	65,216	35,721
Over 1 month but within 3 months	88,593	52,386
Over 3 months but within 6 months	58,783	851,732
Over 6 months but within 9 months	7,838	145,784
Over 9 months but within 1 year	766,077	113,734
Over 1 year	302,150	52,425
	1,288,657	1,251,782

Trading terms with customers are either on a cash basis or on credit. For those customers who trade on credit, a credit period generally ranging from one month to six months is allowed. Credit limits are set for those customers. The Group seeks to maintain tight control over its outstanding receivables in order to minimise credit risk. Overdue balances are regularly reviewed by senior management of the Group. The carrying amounts of the receivables approximate their fair values. Certain portion of the above trade receivables will be settled by the PRC government, on behalf of the customers of the Group, for the sales of electric vehicles, by the way of national subsidies in accordance with the Circular on Financial Support Policies for the Promotion and Application of New Energy Vehicles 2016-2020 (Cai Jian [2015] 134) and other relevant and applicable government's notices and policies promulgated by the PRC government, and the sales contracts made between the Group and these customers. As at 30 September 2017, the subsidy receivables from the PRC government amounting to HK\$522,367,000 (31 March 2017: HK\$499,615,000), which are mainly grouped under the age bands of over 9 months of trade receivables, are subject to the relevant subsidy policies and were not past due.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

12. LOAN AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

	30.9.2017 (unaudited) HK\$'000	31.3.2017 (audited) HK\$'000
Loan receivables	233,746	221,507
Other receivables	409,485	323,556
Less: Allowance for doubtful debts	(72,176)	(71,283)
	571,055	473,780
Deposits and prepayments	132,530	123,580
Value-added-tax receivables	338,615	280,722
	1,042,200	878,082
Presented by:		
Non-current assets	380	398
Current assets	1,041,820	877,684
	1,042,200	878,082

13. BANK LOANS AND OTHER BORROWINGS

At 30 September 2017, the bank loans and other borrowings were repayable as follows:

	30.9.2017 (unaudited) HK\$'000	31.3.2017 (audited) HK\$'000
Within 1 year or on demand	2,358,570	1,340,776
After 1 year but within 2 years	400,351	319,917
After 2 years but within 5 years	675,381	774,566
	3,434,302	2,435,259
Presented by:		
Current liabilities	2,358,570	1,340,776
Non-current liabilities	1,075,732	1,094,483
	3,434,302	2,435,259

NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

13. BANK LOANS AND OTHER BORROWINGS (Continued)

At 30 September 2017, the bank loans and other borrowings were secured as follows:

	30.9.2017 (unaudited) HK\$'000	31.3.2017 (audited) HK\$'000
Bank loans		
– secured (Note (a))	1,858,102	1,547,556
– unsecured	282,456	157,696
	2,140,558	1,705,252
Other borrowings		
– secured (Notes (b) and (c))	921,658	697,457
– unsecured	372,086	32,550
	1,293,744	730,007
	3,434,302	2,435,259

Notes:

- (a) As at 30 September 2017, these bank loans were secured by certain land and buildings, machinery and equipment and construction in progress of the Group with a total carrying amount of HK\$2,476,244,000 (31 March 2017: HK\$2,332,690,000) (Note 10), share charges over certain shares of the subsidiaries, bills receivable of HK\$13,534,000 (31 March 2017: nil) and bank deposits of nil (31 March 2017: HK\$55,194,000) of the Group and guaranteed by three executive directors of the Company.
- (b) As at 30 September 2017, secured other borrowings of HK\$700,000,000 (31 March 2017: HK\$697,457,000) were secured by, inter alia, the debentures in favour of the lender by way of the first fixed and floating charges over all the undertaking, property and assets of the Company and its two wholly-owned subsidiaries and a share charge over certain shares of FDG Kinetic Limited (“FKL”, a non-wholly-owned listed subsidiary of the Company), and guaranteed by two executive directors of the Company. When any events of default under the loan agreement has occurred and is continuing, the lender will be entitled to sell 51.41% (31 March 2017: 51.41%) of the issued shares of FKL to satisfy any sum due and payable but unpaid to the lender.
- (c) As at 30 September 2017, secured other borrowings of HK\$150,000,000 (31 March 2017: nil) and HK\$58,845,000 (31 March 2017: nil) were secured by certain shares of FKL and intra-group trade receivables, respectively.
- (d) As at 30 September 2017, bank loans of HK\$2,140,558,000 (31 March 2017: HK\$1,705,252,000) were denominated in Renminbi (“RMB”) and/or Euro and bearing interest at prevailing market interest rates; and other borrowings of HK\$1,293,744,000 (31 March 2017: HK\$730,007,000) were denominated in RMB, Hong Kong dollars and/or United States dollars and bearing fixed interest rates.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

14. TRADE AND BILLS PAYABLES

	30.9.2017 (unaudited) HK\$'000	31.3.2017 (audited) HK\$'000
Trade payables	619,857	578,479
Bills payable	176,860	167,065
	796,717	745,544

An ageing analysis of trade and bills payables, based on the invoice date, is as follows:

	30.9.2017 (unaudited) HK\$'000	31.3.2017 (audited) HK\$'000
Within 1 month	88,820	93,343
Over 1 month but within 3 months	190,447	131,114
Over 3 months but within 1 year	423,623	474,561
Over 1 year	93,827	46,526
	796,717	745,544

The carrying amounts of trade and bills payables approximate their fair values. As at 30 September 2017, bills payable of HK\$57,754,000 (31 March 2017: HK\$127,131,000) were secured by bank deposits of HK\$46,256,000 (31 March 2017: HK\$94,429,000).

NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

15. ACCRUALS AND OTHER PAYABLES

	30.9.2017 (unaudited) HK\$'000	31.3.2017 (audited) HK\$'000
Bills and other payables for acquisition of non-current assets (Note (a))	420,428	386,220
Other payables and accrued expenses	355,458	306,013
Value-added-tax payables	379	1,901
Receipts in advance	71,116	17,577
Warranty provision	34,696	28,433
Amount due to a director (Note (b))	28,000	–
	910,077	740,144

Notes:

- (a) As at 30 September 2017, bills payable for acquisition of non-current assets of HK\$5,170,000 (31 March 2017: HK\$15,045,000) were secured by bank deposits of HK\$5,170,000 (31 March 2017: HK\$10,540,000).
- (b) On 7 July 2017, Mr. Miao Zhenguo, an executive director of the Company, has advanced funding to the Group. The amount is unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand. This transaction constituted a related party transaction and a connected transaction of the Company which is fully exempted from shareholders' approval, annual review and all disclosure requirements under the Listing Rules.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

16. CONVERTIBLE BONDS

	30.9.2017		31.3.2017	
	Liability components (unaudited)	Derivative financial instruments (unaudited)	Liability components (audited)	Derivative financial instruments (audited)
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Convertible bonds due in 2017 (Note (a))	–	–	399,031	(174)
Convertible bonds due in 2018 (Note (b))	123,682	(1,967)	115,605	(1,108)
Convertible bonds due in 2021 (Note (c))	198,355	(20,355)	190,199	(19,951)
	322,037	(22,322)	704,835	(21,233)
Presented by:				
Current assets	–	(22,322)	–	(21,233)
Current liabilities	123,682	–	514,636	–
Non-current liabilities	198,355	–	190,199	–
	322,037	(22,322)	704,835	(21,233)

Notes:

- (a) Convertible bonds due in 2017
On 14 April 2014, the Company issued convertible bonds with an aggregated principal amount of HK\$400,000,000 (the "2017 Due CB") pursuant to an agreement dated 20 March 2014 entered into between the Company and a subscriber, which is an independent third party to the Company. Details of which were disclosed in the 2016/17 annual report of the Company.

The 2017 Due CB were matured on 18 April 2017 and the holder of 2017 Due CB agreed to have the 2017 Due CB fully settled by a short-term promissory note of HK\$400,000,000 issued by the Company. The promissory note is unsecured, bearing interest at 12% to 15% per annum, repayable on 18 December 2017 and included in "bank loans and other borrowings".

NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

16. CONVERTIBLE BONDS (Continued)

Notes: (Continued)

- (a) Convertible bonds due in 2017 (Continued)
The 2017 Due CB have been split as follows:

	Liability component HK\$'000	Equity component HK\$'000	Derivative financial instruments HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
As at 1 April 2016 (audited)	373,666	86,075	(29,731)	430,010
Add: Interest expenses	57,365	–	–	57,365
Less: Interest payable	(32,000)	–	–	(32,000)
Less: Fair value loss on derivative financial instruments	–	–	29,557	29,557
As at 31 March 2017 and 1 April 2017 (audited)	399,031	86,075	(174)	484,932
Add: Interest expenses	2,109	–	–	2,109
Less: Interest paid	(1,140)	–	–	(1,140)
Less: Fair value loss on derivative financial instruments	–	–	174	174
Less: Derecognition upon maturity	(400,000)	(86,075)	–	(486,075)
As at 30 September 2017 (unaudited)	–	–	–	–

None of the 2017 Due CB was converted during the six months ended 30 September 2017 and the year ended 31 March 2017. The equity component of the 2017 Due CB of HK\$86,075,000 was released to accumulated losses upon maturity on 18 April 2017.

- (b) Convertible bonds due in 2018
On 23 February 2015, a voluntary conditional offer made by VMS Securities Limited on behalf of Sinopoly Strategic Investment Limited, a direct wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, to acquire all the issued ordinary shares of FKL and to cancel the options which were outstanding under the share option scheme adopted by FKL was closed and convertible bonds with an aggregated principal amount of approximately HK\$1,432,171,000 (the "2018 Due CB") were issued by the Company. Details of which were disclosed in the 2016/17 annual report of the Company.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

16. CONVERTIBLE BONDS (Continued)

Notes: (Continued)

- (b) Convertible bonds due in 2018 (Continued)
The 2018 Due CB have been split as follows:

	Liability component HK\$'000	Equity component HK\$'000	Derivative financial instruments HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
As at 1 April 2016 (audited)	102,945	47,524	(4,410)	146,059
Add: Interest expenses	14,810	–	–	14,810
Less: Converted during the year	(2,150)	(876)	37	(2,989)
Less: Fair value loss on derivative financial instruments	–	–	3,265	3,265
As at 31 March 2017 and 1 April 2017 (audited)	115,605	46,648	(1,108)	161,145
Add: Interest expenses	8,077	–	–	8,077
Add: Fair value gain on derivative financial instruments	–	–	(859)	(859)
As at 30 September 2017 (unaudited)	123,682	46,648	(1,967)	168,363

During the six months ended 30 September 2017, none of the 2018 Due CB was converted. During the year ended 31 March 2017, holders of the 2018 Due CB converted the 2018 Due CB with an aggregated principal amount of approximately HK\$2,448,000 into approximately 4,896,000 ordinary shares of the Company at the conversion price of HK\$0.50 per share (Note 19(b)).

- (c) Convertible bonds due in 2021
On 25 August 2016, the Company issued convertible bonds with an aggregated principal amount of HK\$275,000,000 (the "2021 Due CB") pursuant to the subscription agreement dated 14 April 2016 entered into between the Company and Advanced Lithium Electrochemistry (Cayman) Co., Ltd. Details of which were disclosed in 2016/17 annual report of the Company.

The 2021 Due CB have been split as follows:

	Liability component HK\$'000	Equity component HK\$'000	Derivative financial instruments HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
Issued during the year ended 31 March 2017	180,878	119,148	(25,026)	275,000
Add: Interest expenses	9,321	–	–	9,321
Less: Fair value loss on derivative financial instruments	–	–	5,075	5,075
As at 31 March 2017 and 1 April 2017 (audited)	190,199	119,148	(19,951)	289,396
Add: Interest expenses	8,156	–	–	8,156
Add: Fair value gain on derivative financial instruments	–	–	(404)	(404)
As at 30 September 2017 (unaudited)	198,355	119,148	(20,355)	297,148

None of the 2021 Due CB was converted during the six months ended 30 September 2017 and the year ended 31 March 2017.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

17. RECEIPTS IN ADVANCE

	30.9.2017 (unaudited) HK\$'000	31.3.2017 (audited) HK\$'000
Funding received for a design project (Note (a))	588,450	563,200
Funding received for acquisition of a land in the PRC (Note (b))	49,144	47,035
	637,594	610,235

Notes:

- (a) The amount of RMB500,000,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$588,450,000) (31 March 2017: HK\$563,200,000) represents the first instalment of funding received by Jasmin International Auto R&D (Beijing) Co., Ltd.* (簡式國際汽車設計(北京)有限公司) ("Jasmin Beijing", an indirect non-wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company), during the year ended 31 March 2017 in connection with an entrustment agreement in which Guizhou Guian Asset Investment Co., Ltd.* (貴州貴安產業投資有限公司), has entrusted Jasmin Beijing to provide electric vehicles research, design and development related services to Guizhou Changjiang Automobile Co., Ltd.* (貴州長江汽車有限公司) ("Guizhou Changjiang", an indirect non-wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company), for a period from 4 November 2016 to 31 December 2021. As the related new product models has yet to be delivered to Guizhou Changjiang, no recognition of such funding as income in the condensed consolidated statement of profit or loss was made for the six months ended 30 September 2017 and 2016.
- (b) The amount represents a grant received by the Group from the PRC government authority for subsidising the Group's acquisition of a land for the construction of a lithium-ion batteries production plant. The grant is subject to certain conditions to be complied with by the Group. Since the related conditions were not yet fulfilled, there was no recognition of such grant as income in the condensed consolidated statement of profit or loss for the six months ended 30 September 2017 and 2016.

* For identification purpose only.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS *(Continued)*

18. OBLIGATIONS UNDER REDEEMED CONVERTIBLE BONDS

On 8 March 2011, the Company issued a redemption notice to Mei Li New Energy Limited (“Mei Li”) which was beneficially wholly-owned by Mr. Winston Chung (formerly known as Chung Hing Ka) (“Mr. Chung”) for the redemption of convertible bonds at total face value of approximately HK\$760,752,000 (the “Redemption Amount”). Legal proceedings have been instituted against Mr. Chung and/or companies which are controlled and/or owned by him (together the “Chung Parties”) (the “High Court Proceedings”). The convertible bonds were issued to Mei Li pursuant to a series of agreements between the Group and the Chung Parties, which are the subject of the dispute in the High Court Proceedings. As supported by an independent forensic accountant report commissioned by the Group, the damages claimed by the Group in the High Court Proceedings (the “Claim Amount”) are estimated to be substantially larger than the Redemption Amount and the Group has sought to set off a portion of the Claim Amount against the Redemption Amount (the “Set-Off”).

On 5 March 2013, the High Court of Hong Kong (the “HK Court”) issued a judgment in favour of the Company, granting the Company unconditional leave to defend the Claim Amount and to argue the Set-Off (the “5 March 2013 Judgment”). Effectively, since 5 March 2013, the Company’s payment obligations under the redeemed convertible bonds is subject to a stay of execution pending determination of the High Court Proceedings.

On 26 May 2016, the HK Court refused Mei Li’s application for leave to appeal the 5 March 2013 Judgment and ordered Mei Li to pay costs to the Company on an indemnity basis.

By reason that the 5 March 2013 Judgment stands and considering the time required for the resolution of the relevant legal proceedings and various interlocutory applications of the parties, the directors of the Company do not expect that the Company will be required to settle the Redemption Amount in the near future. In any event, Mr. Chung was adjudged bankrupt on 27 February 2013 and the property of Mr. Chung became vested in the trustees-in-bankruptcy (the “Trustee”). The Trustee did make an application to take over four companies owned and/or controlled by Mr. Chung, including Mei Li. On 15 September 2017, the HK Court ordered the said four companies to be transferred to the Trustee for further action and the Trustee is in the process of affecting the transfer. By an order of the HK Court on 26 February 2017, Mr. Chung’s bankruptcy has been extended for a period of 4 years from 26 February 2017.

Based on the opinion of the Company’s external counsel, payment of the Redemption Amount would likely not arise for at least 12 months from the end of the reporting period. Under such circumstances, the Board considered it was appropriate to classify the obligations under the redeemed convertible bonds of approximately HK\$760,752,000 as non-current liabilities.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

19. SHARE CAPITAL

	30.9.2017		31.3.2017	
	(unaudited) No. of shares '000	(unaudited) HK\$'000	(audited) No. of shares '000	(audited) HK\$'000
Authorised:				
At beginning and at end of the reporting period				
Ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each	50,000,000	500,000	50,000,000	500,000
Issued and fully paid:				
At beginning of the reporting period				
Ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each	22,398,476	223,985	21,963,580	219,636
Issue of new shares:				
– pursuant to share subscription (Note (a))	–	–	430,000	4,300
– upon conversion of convertible bonds (Note (b))	–	–	4,896	49
– upon exercise of share options (Note (c))	14,600	146	–	–
At end of the reporting period				
Ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each	22,413,076	224,131	22,398,476	223,985

Notes:

- (a) During the year ended 31 March 2017, the Company issued a total of 430,000,000 ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each at the subscription price of HK\$0.50 per share pursuant to the subscription agreement dated 14 April 2016.
- (b) During the year ended 31 March 2017, the convertible bonds with an aggregated principal amount of approximately HK\$2,448,000 were converted at a conversion price of HK\$0.50 per share, resulting in approximately 4,896,000 ordinary shares of the Company of HK\$0.01 each being issued by the Company (Note 16(b)).
- (c) During the six months ended 30 September 2017, share options to subscribe for 14,600,000 ordinary shares of the Company were exercised. The net consideration for the exercise of the share options was HK\$3,358,000 of which HK\$146,000 was credited to share capital account and the balance of HK\$3,212,000 was credited to share premium account. The amount of HK\$1,648,000 was transferred from share option reserve account to share premium account upon the exercise of the share options.

All the new ordinary shares issued and allotted during the above reporting periods rank pari passu in all respects with the then existing issued ordinary shares of the Company.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

20. CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

The Group had the following capital commitments at the end of the reporting period:

	30.9.2017 (unaudited) HK\$'000	31.3.2017 (audited) HK\$'000
Contracted, but not provided for capital commitments in respect of:		
– capital expenditures of the Group's factories in the PRC	728,122	744,413
– capital contribution to a joint venture	38,750	38,750
– capital contributions to associates	162,883	12,278
	929,755	795,441

21. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

In addition to the transactions and balances detailed elsewhere in these unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements, the Group had the following material transactions with related parties during the reporting periods:

(a) Sales/purchase of goods and other transactions

	Six months ended 30.9.2017 (unaudited) HK\$'000	30.9.2016 (unaudited) HK\$'000
Sales of goods to a joint venture	19,682	–
Purchase of goods from an associate	11,770	6,064
Research and development expenses charged by an associate	16,711	–

The transactions were based on the terms mutually agreed between the Group and the joint venture or the associate. In the opinion of directors of the Company, the transactions were conducted in the ordinary course of business.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

21. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

(b) Key management personnel remuneration

The remuneration of directors and other members of key management during the period was as follows:

	Six months ended	
	30.9.2017 (unaudited) HK\$'000	30.9.2016 (unaudited) HK\$'000
Short-term employee benefits	15,655	13,120
Retirement benefit schemes contributions	100	96
Equity-settled share-based payments	27,164	945
	42,919	14,161

(c) Period-end balances arising from sales/purchase of goods and other transactions

	30.9.2017 (unaudited) HK\$'000	31.3.2017 (audited) HK\$'000
Trade receivables from a joint venture	19,771	5,964
Deposits paid to a joint venture	38,750	–
Trade and other payables to associates	(48,141)	(36,483)

The trade receivables from the joint venture arise mainly from sale transactions with credit period generally ranging from one month to two months (31 March 2017: from one month to six months). Deposits paid to the joint venture represent the amount of US\$5,000,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$38,750,000) paid by the Group to subscribe 2,500 common stocks of the joint venture. As at 30 September 2017, the subscription transaction was not yet completed as the joint venture has not fulfilled the terms and conditions of the subscription agreement. The receivables and the deposits paid are unsecured and non-interest-bearing. No provision for doubtful debt has been made on the receivables from and the deposits paid to the joint venture (31 March 2017: nil). The payables to the associates arise mainly from the purchase of raw materials and research and development expenses charged. The payables are unsecured, non-interest-bearing and repayable within one year.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

21. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

(d) Loans to a related party

	30.9.2017 (unaudited) HK\$'000	31.3.2017 (audited) HK\$'000
Loans to a joint venture	52,932	43,714

The movements of loans to a joint venture during the period are as follows:

	Six months ended	
	30.9.2017 (unaudited) HK\$'000	30.9.2016 (unaudited) HK\$'000
Loans to a joint venture:		
At beginning of the reporting period	43,714	6,324
Loans advanced during the reporting period	7,788	22,475
Loan repayments received	–	(6,200)
Interest charged	2,042	227
Interest received	–	(167)
Interest withholding tax provided	(612)	(68)
At end of the reporting period	52,932	22,591

As at 30 September 2017 and 31 March 2017, the balances are due within one year, bearing interest at 8% per annum and secured by a lien on any and all properties, rights and assets of the joint venture, now owned or hereafter acquired. Subsequent to the end of the reporting period, loans to the joint venture of HK\$38,750,000 have been converted as capital injection to the joint venture, and the remaining balance has been settled by a convertible promissory note.

As at 30 September 2017, no provision for doubtful debt has been made on the loans to the joint venture (31 March 2017: nil).

NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS *(Continued)*

22. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

For financial reporting purposes, fair value measurements are categorised into Level 1, 2 and 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, which are described as follows:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date;
- Level 2 inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices included within Level 1, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

Some of the Group's financial assets are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period. The following table gives information about how the fair values of these financial assets under recurring fair value measurements are determined (in particular, the valuation technique(s) and inputs used).

NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

22. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

Financial assets	Fair value as at		Fair value hierarchy	Valuation technique(s) and key input(s)	Significant unobservable input(s)	Relationship of unobservable inputs to fair value
	30.9.2017 (unaudited) HK\$'000	31.3.2017 (audited) HK\$'000				
Held-for-trading investments						
- Listed equity securities	28,968	41,594	Level 1	Quoted bid prices in active markets	N/A	N/A
- Unlisted funds	8,845	8,406	Level 2	Quoted prices in the over-the-counter markets	N/A	N/A
Derivative financial instruments						
- Early redemption and mandatory conversion options embedded in convertible bonds	22,322	21,233	Level 3	Binomial pricing model	Expected volatility	The higher/lower of expected volatility, the higher/lower of fair value

During the six months ended 30 September 2017 and the year ended 31 March 2017, there were no transfer between Level 1 and Level 2, or transfer into or out of Level 3. The Group's policy is to recognise the transfer between levels of fair value hierarchy as at the end of the reporting period in which they occur.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

22. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

The movement during the period in the balance of Level 3 fair value measurement is as follows:

	Six months ended	
	30.9.2017	30.9.2016
	(unaudited)	(unaudited)
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Derivative financial instruments		
At beginning of the reporting period	21,233	34,141
Additions from issue of convertible bonds	–	25,026
Transferred to equity upon conversion of convertible bonds	–	(15)
Changes in fair value recognised in the condensed consolidated statement of profit or loss during the reporting period	1,089	(31,430)
At end of the reporting period	22,322	27,722

The fair value of redemption and mandatory conversion options embedded in convertible bonds is determined using binomial pricing model and the significant unobservable input used in the fair value measurement is expected volatility. The fair value measurement is positively correlated to the expected volatility. As at 30 September 2017, it is estimated that with all other variables held constant, an increase/decrease in the expected volatility by 10% would have decreased the Group's loss by HK\$10,661,000 (six months ended 30 September 2016: HK\$16,656,000)/increased the Group's loss by HK\$8,245,000 (six months ended 30 September 2016: HK\$10,182,000), respectively.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS *(Continued)*

23. LITIGATION UPDATE

LITIGATIONS INVOLVING MR. WINSTON CHUNG

- (1) The Company and two of its subsidiaries are currently involved in litigations with the Chung Parties in the High Court Proceedings, which were instituted against the Chung Parties for, inter alia, breaches of various agreements in relation to the acquisition completed by the Group on 25 May 2010. In the same action, the Chung Parties issued a counterclaim based on certain documents.

After the Group instituted the High Court Proceedings against the Chung Parties, the Chung Parties attempted to claim against a subsidiary of the Company by filing a lawsuit in the Shenzhen Intermediate Court of the PRC (the "SZ Court") for breaches of various agreements in relation to the production of battery products (the "SZ Case"). On 2 June 2015, the SZ Court ruled that the evidence provided by the Chung Parties did not support the Chung Parties' claims, thus dismissed the SZ Case and ordered the Chung Parties to pay the SZ Court's costs (the "SZ Court Order").

- (2) However, on 27 February 2013, the HK Court made an order for bankruptcy against Mr. Chung (the "Bankruptcy"). Despite being adjudged bankrupt, Mr. Chung failed to submit relevant documents to the Trustee as required under the Bankruptcy Ordinance. The HK Court issued a warrant of arrest to apprehend Mr. Chung on 4 September 2014 (the "Warrant of Arrest").

Regarding the Bankruptcy Proceedings, the Trustee made an application to take over four companies owned and/or controlled by Mr. Chung. On 15 September 2017, the HK Court ordered the said four companies to be transferred to the Trustee for further action and the Trustee is in the process of affecting the transfer. However, on 26 February 2017, the HK Court ordered that Mr. Chung's Bankruptcy be extended by 4 years.

Based on legal advice, the directors of the Company do not believe that it is probable that the courts will find against the Group in the High Court Proceedings. In light of the SZ Court Order which casts serious doubt on the Chung Parties' credibility, together with the fact that Mr. Chung has disappeared since the Warrant of Arrest was issued in 2014, the directors of the Company are of the view that the defence and counterclaim of the Chung Parties are frivolous, vexatious and based on unsubstantiated and invalid grounds. In the meantime, the Company is proceeding with the case and no provision has therefore been made in respect of these litigations.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS *(Continued)*

24. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

- (a) On 26 October 2017, Union Grace Holdings Limited (“Union Grace”, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company) gave a conversion notice to convert HK\$540,000,000 principal amount of the convertible bonds issued by FKL at the conversion price of HK\$0.34 per share into 1,588,235,294 new ordinary shares of FKL (the “Conversion”). The Conversion raised the Company’s effective shareholding interest in FKL from approximately 67.12% to approximately 74.89% upon completion on 27 October 2017 and constituted a discloseable transaction of the Company under Chapter 14 of the Listing Rules.
- (b) On 30 October 2017, Union Grace and an independent purchaser entered into a deed pursuant to which the purchaser agreed to purchase and Union Grace agreed to sell the convertible bonds with the principal amount of HK\$110,000,000 issued by FKL, which could be convertible into 323,529,411 new ordinary shares of FKL at a conversion price of HK\$0.34 per share. The consideration of the sale and purchase of the convertible bonds is the aggregate of (i) HK\$110,000,000 has been received on that day by way of cashier’s orders and (ii) in the event the conversion right of any of these convertible bonds is exercised, HK\$0.36 per conversion share so converted payable in cash on the date of such exercise. The Group is in the process of making an assessment on the implication of the sales of the convertible bonds issued by FKL on the Group’s consolidated statement of profit or loss.
- (c) On 15 November 2017, Hangzhou Changjiang Automobile Co., Ltd.* 杭州長江汽車有限公司 (“Hangzhou Changjiang”, an indirect non-wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company), Tianjin Sinopoly New Energy Technology Co., Ltd.* 天津中聚新能源科技有限公司 (“Tianjin Sinopoly”, an indirect non-wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company), the People’s Government of Jianyang* 簡陽市人民政府 (the “First JV Partner”) and Kunlun Stone (Shenzhen) Investment Fund Management Co., Ltd.* 昆侖石(深圳)投資基金管理有限公司 (the “Second JV Partner”, together with the First JV Partner, the “JV Partners”) entered into an agreement in relation to (i) the establishment of an electric vehicle joint venture (the “EV Joint Venture”) by Hangzhou Changjiang and JV Partners in Jianyang, Chengdu, Sichuan Province, the PRC; and (ii) the establishment of a lithium-ion battery joint venture (the “Battery Joint Venture”) by Tianjin Sinopoly and JV Partners in Jianyang, Chengdu, Sichuan Province, the PRC. The total registered capital of the EV Joint Venture and the Battery Joint Venture will be RMB800 million and RMB200 million, respectively. Hangzhou Changjiang and Tianjin Sinopoly will have 51% equity interest in the EV Joint Venture and the Battery Joint Venture, respectively.
- (d) On 28 November 2017, the Company and an independent subscriber entered into a subscription agreement pursuant to which the Company has conditionally agreed to issue and the subscriber has conditionally agreed to subscribe for the three-year secured convertible bonds with the principal amount of HK\$400 million, which bear interest at 8% per annum. On 28 November 2017, the Company entered into a facility agreement with an independent lender, pursuant to which the lender has agreed to provide the Company with a HK\$600 million term loan facility for a period of 36 months from the first day of utilisation of the facility. These transactions were not yet completed on the date of this report.

* For identification purpose only.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

FDG Electric Vehicles Limited (the “Company” or “FDG”) and its subsidiaries (collectively, the “Group”) is a vertically-integrated pure electric vehicle manufacturer. FDG aims to become a globally recognised producer of more economical, greener and more energy-efficient pure electric vehicles. The Group’s core businesses include ground-up research, design and development, and manufacturing and sales of pure electric vehicles; manufacturing and sales of lithium-ion batteries and cathode materials for lithium-ion batteries. FDG Kinetic Limited (“FKL”, stock code: 378) is an indirect non-wholly-owned subsidiary.

MARKET OVERVIEW

The Electric Vehicle Trend Driven by the Desire for Clean Air Globally

In the past years, certain auto industry revelations have triggered stricter regulations worldwide. Research has shown that each vehicle is responsible for an average of 6 tonnes of carbon dioxide (CO₂) emitted into the atmosphere each year, contributing significantly to global warming effects. Nitrogen oxide (NO_x) and particulates (PM2.5) cause smog and acid rain and these emissions have been caused by high temperature combustion process in an Internal Combustion Engine (“ICE”) vehicle. As major countries around the globe have been intensifying their emission regulations, traditional Original Equipment Manufacturers (“OEMs”) race in a competition for alternative ways to serve mobility needs as well as compliance to the new standards. The traditional OEMs are facing the challenge that producing ICE vehicles which comply with the emission standards would be too costly, which is pushing them to shift into producing pure electric vehicles to avoid the huge cost for non-compliance. According to the statistics release by EV Volumes, from January to August 2017, global sales of plug-in vehicles (including pure electric vehicles and plug-in hybrid electric vehicles) were over 649,000 units, 46% higher compared to the same period in 2016. In the second quarter of 2017, 64% of sales were pure electric vehicles and 36% were plug-in hybrids. These figures clearly show that the international market gradually prefers more pure electric vehicles in a conquest for clean air.

Generous Government Support for Electric Vehicles in China

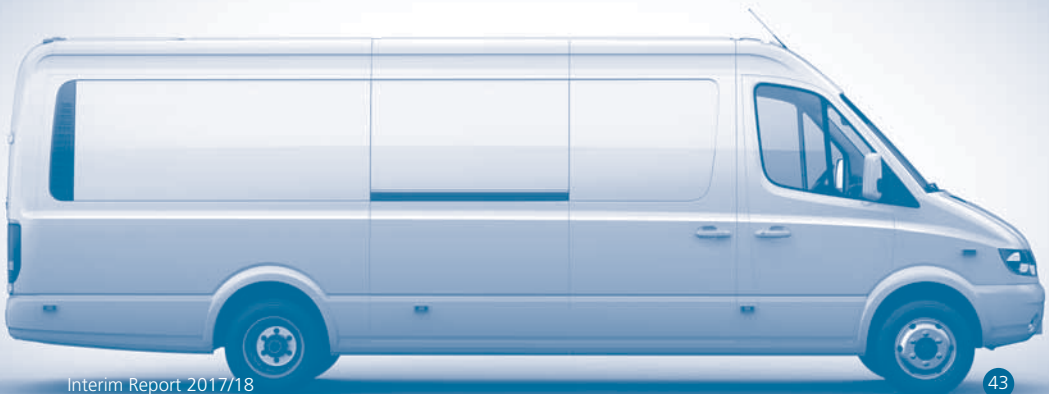
As the world’s largest and fastest growing new energy vehicles market, China experienced the same growing trend as the rest of the world in 2017. According to the statistics from the Ministry of Industry and Information Technology (“MIIT”), sales of new energy vehicles were 398,000 units from January to September 2017, representing a growth of 38% year-on-year. Among those new energy vehicles sold, 325,000 units were pure electric vehicles, up 50% year-on-year; 73,000 units were plug-in hybrids, down 0.6% year-on-year. At the same time, the policy direction of the Chinese Government continues to favour the electric vehicle sector. On 13 September 2017, Mr. Xin Guobin, vice minister of MIIT, announced in an industry forum that the government is considering phasing-out fossil fuel powered vehicles in China. Industry experts believe that this is only the start to electrify the traditional automotive sector, implying that a new era of electric vehicles is emerging. In the long run, the gradual trend for electric vehicles to replace ICE vehicles will become an inevitable situation. We believe that independently developing and designing our own pure electric vehicles from scratch is the right strategy to go ahead.

The recently rolled-out dual-credit scheme in China echoed with this global trend. The “dual-credit scheme”, namely “Parallel Administrative Measures for Passenger Vehicle Corporate Average Fuel Consumption (CAFC) and New Energy Vehicle (NEV) Credits” was issued on 28 September 2017 by MIIT, Ministry of Finance (MoF), Ministry of Commerce (MoC), General Administration of Customs (GAoC) and the Administration of Quality Supervision, Inspection and Quarantine (AQSIQ). The scheme requires automakers to meet certain requirements on fuel efficiency credit for sales of fleets, and generate new energy vehicle credits equivalent to a certain percentage of sales by selling new energy vehicles. With the policy to be implemented by April 2018, automakers in China are under the urgent need to accommodate to these policies, either by producing more new energy vehicles or by buying credits from competitors at a price, or else they will face penalties. As a rising star in manufacturing pure electric vehicles, FDG will benefit most from this policy; at the same time, it is also expected that traditional auto giants used to lead the ICE vehicle segment will be under intense pressure.

Despite short-term effects seen in the beginning of the reporting period by the change in government requirements for subsidies, FDG continued to produce premium electric vehicles that are safe, of high quality and are fully exportable. As a vertically-integrated electric vehicle manufacturer, FDG consistently improves the performance of our products in manufacturing pure electric vehicles, batteries and cathode materials. FDG aims to build the world into a better place by using sustainable energy and to position ourselves to become a world-leading pure electric vehicle manufacturer.

Sales of Automobiles and New Energy Vehicles in China

	(Thousand Units)			
	9M2017	2016	2015	2014
Automobiles	20,230	28,030	24,600	23,490
New Energy Vehicles	398	507	331	75
% of New Energy Vehicles	2.0%	1.8%	1.4%	0.3%



BUSINESS REVIEW

Electric Vehicles Business

FDG is a vertically-integrated pure electric vehicle manufacturer. Every FDG vehicle has been designed, manufactured from the ground up. From designing vehicle parts to the battery management system, and from manufacturing the cathode materials to packing the cells together into a battery pack installed onto the vehicle, every detail matters. We insist on independent research and development while we forward-engineer our vehicles for the future. In order to be well-prepared for future electric vehicles demand, FDG has already been strategically planning forward for the integration both upstream and downstream.

Currently FDG focuses on the commercial electric vehicles market, in particular, the logistics and the transit vehicles segment. Our proprietary research has shown that the segment brings best returns without spending huge marketing costs to attract individual vehicle purchasing desires and spending too much on installing lots of charging hubs throughout the country. Infrastructure-wise, charging for commercial vehicles may not be as critical as for passenger cars, due to the predictability and repeatability of driving patterns of commercial vehicles. Unlike the purchase of passenger cars, commercial vehicles' purchasing decisions are influenced by regulations and economic calculations such as the total cost of ownership of the fleets. FDG identifies that there is a significant gap in demand for fleet electrification and the supply of electric logistics and transit vehicles available in the market. Tightening emissions targets and government policy tilting towards banning diesel engines in many Chinese, European and U.S. urban areas should fast-track electric commercial vehicles adoption. With fast growth in online shopping and delivery services, FDG is confident that key players in the urban last-mile delivery segment with central hub and multiple stops would need to upgrade their fleets. Naturally, they will opt for electric vehicles with lower cost, complete after-sales services and full regulatory compliance.

In the period under review, twenty electric vehicle models manufactured by FDG were included in MIIT "Catalogue of Recommended Models for New Energy Automobile Popularization and Application" (the "Catalogue"). This is a proof that FDG vehicles are of high quality and are eligible for national subsidies.

FDG Products included in the Catalogue by MIIT in 1H 2017

Date	Batch No.	Product	No. of FDG Models Approved
01/04/2017	Batch 3	Pure Electric Vehicle	2
02/05/2017	Batch 4	Pure Electric Vehicle	2
02/05/2017	Batch 4	Pure Electric Vehicle	9
02/06/2017	Batch 5	Pure Electric Vehicle	2
31/07/2017	Batch 7	Pure Electric Vehicle	4
31/07/2017	Batch 7	Pure Electric Vehicle	1

Chanje Energy, Inc., a subsidiary of FDG, is the international brand for FDG's exported pure electric vehicles. The name "Chanje" implies both the revolutionary "Change" as well as the resemblance of the local brand "Changjiang". Chanje is a whole new concept in revolutionizing the Chinese made electric fleets to a localised brand easily understood by international customers. In August 2017, Chanje partnered with the leading commercial fleet management and supply chain solutions provider, Ryder System, Inc. ("Ryder", NYSE: R) to establish exclusive sales channel and service network in the United States. FDG's electric vehicles have obtained U.S. homologations for sales in the United States and the first batch of such vehicles has already been delivered. This is not only a significant milestone for FDG and Chanje, but also a significant milestone for the Chinese and American pure electric vehicle industries.

The U.S. is generally known to have extremely stringent requirements for importing new energy vehicles. The co-developed ground-up electric vehicles are internationally recognised, the qualities are of international standards and the products are fully exportable. These commercial electric vehicles have been homologated in the U.S. and have also been qualified for California's Hybrid and Zero-Emission Truck and Bus Voucher Incentive Project (HVIP) eligibility list, indicating the products have earned full accreditations. This is also the first time we bring commercial electric mobility to American fleets at a meaningful scale for the first time in history.

We wish our production could have been done faster to meet both government policies and market demand. As we adapt to the latest requirements by the government similar to everyone in the market in the electric vehicles industry, it is worthwhile understanding that a ramp up period is inevitable. Since the change in policy requirements was announced in the beginning of 2017, our production has been following the typical "S-curve" in electric vehicles manufacturing. It is important to understand that we have no underlying issues that has halted production. We are confident that this is only a gradual start, it will then grow quickly and ultimately achieve full saturation. We have already seen the lowest point of production in this reporting period and there is no better time than now to steel ourselves. We are at a point to scale up production, heading towards our mission to become a world-class pure electric vehicle manufacturer. With clear roadmap for comprehensive supply chain control in electric vehicle manufacturing, we are in a position to take the lead in this massive paradigm shift in the automobile industry.

Batteries Business

There are not many forward-thinking pure electric vehicle manufacturers in the market that are as advanced and as revolutionary as FDG in plotting our plan upstream in the value chain of electric vehicles, battery cell and battery materials. Batteries are critical for electric vehicles to run and are also a potential source of value-add in the chain. Lithium, a rare metal, is in plentiful supply. Lithium is generally used in making batteries, such as the Lithium-Ferrous-Phosphate (“LFP”) batteries used in our electric vehicles. Although recent prices have gone up, the U.S. Geological Survey estimated it will take 400 years to extract all of the earth’s lithium. LFP batteries are safer to use and do not contain expensive cobalt. With rapid expansion in the electric vehicle boom, it is likely that this would exert a significant influence in the demand in lithium-ion batteries.

Ever since lithium-ion batteries were developed in 1991, energy density has been advancing with better quality cathodes, anodes, separators and electrolytes. Based on the current growing trend of increasing adoption of electric vehicles, this force of demand is extended to lithium-ion batteries. When Phase II of our Tianjin production base is completed, our annual battery capacity would further be increased up to a total of 2.3GWh. Recently the Group has announced a plan for a new battery factory in Jianyang, Sichuan. When the production of the Group’s planned battery factories is fully ramped, the Group would have a total production capacity of 6.3GWh.

The expansion project enables FDG’s subsidiary, Sinopoly Battery Limited (“Sinopoly”), to produce safe and highly efficient batteries with economies of scale so that cost per unit could be lowered. Our expansion also ensures a stable and a quality supply of lithium-ion batteries to FDG’s electric vehicle segment.

Sinopoly continued to focus on innovation relying on independent research and development. In particular, the newly developed battery separator technology has improved safety and performance for our ternary battery products at a world-leading standard. During the period under review, FDG has been awarded with 9 new patents on battery technologies. In respect to the upgrade of LFP batteries, FDG has developed new products with higher performances and the energy density has been improved to over 150Wh/Kg, a leading performance indicator that improves market competitiveness.

As a vertically-integrated electric vehicle manufacturer, batteries inevitably form an indispensable part in the supply chain of FDG’s electric vehicles. FDG believes that our core battery technology directly powers this electric revolution in the automotive industry.

Cathode Material Business

A research suggested that the demand for cathode materials is expected to be more than 100,000 tonnes globally. Driven by the increasing demand for electric vehicles in China and the recent policy shift to higher energy density batteries, ternary lithium batteries are expected to account for a higher market share in the battery market. FDG's two existing production lines in Chongqing have been focusing on manufacturing of Nickel-Cobalt-Manganese ("NCM") 523 products ever since its commencement in 2014. During the period under review, total sales of cathode materials reached 970 tonnes. FDG's Chongqing factory has already produced approximately 5% of the current national supply of NCM523 cathode materials for electric vehicles according to the statistics compiled by a well-known research institute. Two additional new production lines in Chongqing are in the pipeline to manufacture NCM523 and NCM622, a product with superior performance. The expansion project will help FDG capture the strong demand from the cathode materials market and is expected to bring substantial benefits to the Group.

The cathode materials production base of Advanced Lithium Electrochemistry (Cayman) Co., Ltd. ("ALEEES") in Taiwan specialises in producing LFP cathode materials while FDG's Chongqing production base specialises in producing NCM cathode materials. As such, Taiwan ALEEES and the Chongqing production base complements the range of cathode materials the Group offers. The Group now offers LFP cathode materials products for our downstream electric vehicle manufacturing business as well as selling both NCM and LFP cathode materials to third parties. FDG continues to dedicate research and development of new products such as Nickel Cobalt Aluminum Oxide ("NCA") materials and NCM811, which has a higher energy density than NCM622.

Backed by sturdy electric vehicle demand, FDG expanded upstream to manufacture cathode materials through our subsidiary FKL. FKL partnered with Guizhou Guian Asset Investment Co., Ltd.* (貴州貴安產業投資有限公司) and ALEEES to build a plant to manufacture cathode materials with designed annual production of 30,000 tonnes. This project further improves the Group's business layout upstream and enhances the Group's vertically-integrated supply chain. This project broke ground on 22 October 2017 and is expected to be completed by 2019. FDG continues to solidify its position as a leading vertically-integrated electric vehicles manufacturer and continues to expand upstream in cathode materials, batteries and electric vehicles segments.

* For identification purpose only

FINANCIAL REVIEW

Revenue

During the period under review, the Group's revenue significantly decreased by approximately 44.0% to approximately HK\$284.1 million as compared with the revenue of approximately HK\$507.1 million of the last corresponding period.

The substantial decrease was mainly due to a combined effect of (i) the significant decrease in the sales of electric vehicles represented by a revenue of approximately HK\$64.5 million in the current period, a decline of approximately 81.9% as compared to a revenue of approximately HK\$355.9 million of the last corresponding period mainly resulting from the impact of new specification requirements on electric vehicles under the new subsidy policies in the PRC market; (ii) a slight increase in sales of battery products of approximately HK\$2.4 million to external customers as compared to that of the last corresponding period; and (iii) the increase in sales of cathode materials to 970 tonnes from the battery materials production business, represented by a revenue of approximately HK\$169.0 million, an increase of approximately 62.8% as compared with a revenue of approximately HK\$103.8 million of the last corresponding period, which was mainly attributable to the increase in demand of customers.

Gross Profit and Margin

The Group's gross profit decreased to approximately HK\$29.5 million of the current period under review from approximately HK\$30.8 million of the last corresponding period, representing a slight decrease of approximately HK\$1.3 million. The overall gross profit ratio was at approximately 10.4% of the current financial period as compared with approximately 6.1% of the last corresponding period, representing an increase of approximately 4.3%. The Group's gross profit ratio was still in a low position, which was mainly attributable to the lower production volume in both financial periods. However, the Group strived to decrease the production cost per unit by reselecting suppliers in the current financial period.

Selling and Distribution Costs

For the period under review, selling and distribution costs amounted to approximately HK\$43.7 million, which was similar with the last corresponding period of approximately HK\$43.7 million. It included mainly marketing expenses, warranty expenses and selling expenses of the Group. During the period under review, the Group has expanded the sales teams and actively participated in exhibitions and marketing events in order to catch business opportunities.

General and Administrative Expenses

For the period under review, general and administrative expenses amounted to approximately HK\$284.1 million, representing an increase of approximately HK\$112.5 million comparing with the last corresponding period of approximately HK\$171.6 million, which was mainly attributable to (i) the increase in equity-settled share-based payments of approximately HK\$26.4 million mainly arising from approximately 1,018 million share options granted to directors of the Company for the current period; and (ii) the increase in administrative expenditures of approximately HK\$75.4 million incurred by the Group's electric vehicle production segment to support the scale of the electric vehicle business to well-equipped for its future developments. Cost control measures were implemented by the Group to control the expenses and all expenses expected to bring values to the Group.

Research and Development Expenses

For the period under review, research and development expenses amounted to approximately HK\$67.2 million, representing an increase of approximately HK\$31.0 million comparing with the last corresponding period of approximately HK\$36.2 million, was mainly attributable to the increase in the research and development on batteries including battery modules and electric vehicle design with new models and various enhancements.

Finance Costs

For the period under review, finance costs amounted to approximately HK\$174.3 million, representing an increase of approximately HK\$7.4 million comparing with the last corresponding period of approximately HK\$166.9 million, was mainly attributable to (i) the increase in the Group's bank loans and other borrowings; and (ii) the turnaround of fair value loss on derivative financial instruments of approximately HK\$31.4 million during the last corresponding period to a gain of approximately HK\$1.1 million for the period under review.

Other Operating Expenses

For the period under review, other operating expenses amounted to approximately HK\$77.9 million in respect of certain indirect operating expenses was mainly arising from the temporary under-utilisation of production capacity of the electric vehicle production plants in Hangzhou and Yunnan as the Group has spent certain period of time to upgrade and re-configure the production lines, enhance production efficiency and apply for listing in the new catalogue of new energy automobile models announced by the PRC government in order to meet the new specification requirements on electric vehicles under the PRC government new subsidy policies. Such upgrades, re-configurations and applications have been successfully completed in July 2017 and the electric vehicle production plants are gradually increasing production afterwards.

Amortisation of Intangible Assets

For the period under review, amortisation of intangible assets amounted to approximately HK\$89.4 million, representing a decrease of approximately HK\$5.9 million comparing with the last corresponding period of approximately HK\$95.3 million, as some of the intangible assets were fully amortised in the current period.

Share of Results of Joint Ventures

For the period under review, share of net losses of joint ventures amounted to approximately HK\$37.7 million, representing a decrease of approximately HK\$4.8 million comparing with the last corresponding period of approximately HK\$42.5 million, was mainly attributable to a turnaround of the share in the results of a joint venture, Huaneng Shouguang Wind Power Company Limited* 華能壽光風力發電有限公司 to a profit of approximately HK\$3.4 million for the current period from a loss of approximately HK\$2.3 million in the last corresponding period.

Loss for the Period

The Group has widened its loss for the period to approximately HK\$703.7 million from approximately HK\$402.6 million of the last corresponding period, with the combined effects as mentioned above.

Excluding one-off gains and losses, the Group's loss for the period increased by approximately 37.5% to approximately HK\$694.4 million of the current period as comparing with approximately HK\$504.9 million of the last corresponding period. The Group recorded loss before interest, tax, depreciation and amortisation of approximately HK\$355.7 million for the current period, an increase of approximately HK\$221.0 million, comparing with approximately HK\$134.7 million in the last corresponding period. Such increases were mainly attributable to the decrease in revenue and the increase in research and development expenses, general and administrative expenses and other operating expenses incurred.

During the period under review, the Group recorded a loss attributable to owners of the Company of approximately HK\$546.8 million, an increase of approximately HK\$270.4 million, comparing with approximately HK\$276.4 million of the last corresponding period. Such increase was mainly due to the above-mentioned reasons and a one-off gain on bargain purchase arising from the acquisition of additional interest in a joint venture of approximately HK\$133.9 million attributable to the owners of the Company which incurred in last corresponding period which did not recur in the current period.

Goodwill

Goodwill that arising on the acquisition of business are allocated to the Group's cash generating units identified according to the Group's operating segments. During the current period, the increase in goodwill was arising from the exchange rate fluctuations.

Property, Plant and Equipment and Interests in Leasehold Land Held for Own Use under Operating Leases

As at 30 September 2017, property, plant and equipment and interests in leasehold land held for own use under operating leases totally amounted to approximately HK\$3,699.9 million, increased by approximately HK\$204.6 million comparing with last financial reporting date, which was mainly attributable to an addition of property, plant and equipment in relation to the electric vehicle production segment.

* For identification purpose only.

Inventories

Inventories amounted to approximately HK\$749.9 million, increased by approximately HK\$92.0 million for the six months ended 30 September 2017, which was mainly due to the increase in inventories for electric vehicle production segment in order to cope with the product offerings in response to the ever-adjusting subsidy policies. The management regularly assess the conditions of inventories through established inventories control system and take proactive measures in minimising the extent of obsoleted and slow-moving inventories.

Trade and Bills Receivables

Trade and bill receivables amounted to approximately HK\$1,288.7 million, increased by approximately HK\$36.9 million for the six months ended 30 September 2017, which was mainly attributable to the increase in sales of cathode materials. The Group generally provides a credit period of one month to six months to its customers. Credit limits are set for those customers. The Group seeks to maintain tight control over its outstanding receivables in order to minimise credit risk. As at 30 September 2017, the trade receivables that were not past due included the subsidy receivables from the PRC government of approximately HK\$522.4 million (31 March 2017: approximately HK\$499.6 million). As at 30 September 2017, trade receivables that were past due but not impaired were approximately HK\$611.0 million (31 March 2017: approximately HK\$429.6 million). It is mainly attributable to the change in the PRC subsidy policies which had direct impact on the customers' ability to settle debts promptly and make payment as a result of the delayed timing in receipt of subsidies by the customers, which in turn delayed their repayment to the Group. Overdue balances are regularly reviewed by senior management of the Group. For those past due customers, the Group has performed a series of additional procedures to assess the recoverability of these overdue amounts.

Convertible Bonds

The Group had issued three tranches of convertible bonds due in 2017, 2018 and 2021, respectively. The liability components of convertible bonds (including non-current portion of approximately HK\$198.4 million representing convertible bonds due in 2021), amounted to approximately HK\$322.0 million as at 30 September 2017, decreased by approximately HK\$382.8 million, comparing with last financial reporting date, which was mainly attributable to the convertible bonds due in 2017 matured and fully settled by a short-term promissory note of HK\$400 million issued by the Group.

Segment Information

Vehicle design and electric vehicle production business

During the period under review, the segment revenue during the period decreased significantly by approximately 81.9% to approximately HK\$64.5 million, comparing with approximately HK\$355.9 million of the last corresponding period. It is mainly attributable to the impact of new specification requirements on electric vehicles under new subsidy policies on electric vehicles, leading to a significant decline in the sale of electric vehicles from April to August 2017. The sales had increased remarkably from September 2017 onwards. The sales of electric vehicles in September represent approximately 58.4% of the total sales of electric vehicles in the current period.

The gross profit ratio from the electric vehicle production business after elimination of inter-segment transactions was approximately 18.0% of the current period comparing with approximately 2.1% of the last corresponding period. The segment loss before tax for the current period was approximately HK\$325.7 million, an increase of approximately HK\$212.2 million as comparing with approximately HK\$113.5 million of the last corresponding period, which was mainly attributable to the other operating expenses of approximately HK\$77.9 million as detailed under the section heading "other operating expenses". Besides, the one-off gain on bargain purchase arising from the acquisition of additional interest in a joint venture of approximately HK\$133.9 million of last corresponding period which did not recur in the current period.

Battery products business

The revenue from battery products business before the elimination of inter-segment transactions decreased from approximately HK\$225.5 million of the last corresponding period to approximately HK\$53.7 million of the current period, representing a decrease of approximately 76.2%. It is mainly attributable to the decrease in internal demand from electric vehicle production business under new energy subsidy policies adjustments. The gross profit ratio from the battery products business from external customers decreased from approximately 37.5% of the last corresponding period to approximately 15.1% of the current period. The Group's battery products are mainly supplied to the downstream business. Such decrease was mainly attributable to the increase in unit cost per battery product as a result of the lower battery production volume as the demand of battery products from the electric vehicle production business was substantially declined because of the impact of the PRC government new subsidy policies on electric vehicles.

During the period under review, the battery products business widened its segment loss before tax to approximately HK\$165.7 million from approximately HK\$23.1 million of the last corresponding period, which was principally attributable to the decrease in sales of battery products and the increase in research and development of battery-related products and its improvements including battery module.

Electric vehicle leasing business

The electric vehicle leasing business was not active during the period under review. The segment loss before tax for the current period was approximately HK\$0.2 million, a decrease of approximately HK\$0.6 million as comparing with approximately HK\$0.8 million of the last corresponding period. The Group will maintain the existing operating and marketing channels to cope with the Group's vertical integration business model. The demand for electric vehicle financing lease services are expected to remain strong in the future under the growing development of the finance leasing industry in the PRC.

Battery materials production business

During the period under review, the sales of cathode materials for NCM lithium-ion batteries in Chongqing factory amounted to approximately HK\$169.0 million, representing an increase of approximately HK\$65.2 million as compared with approximately HK\$103.8 million of the last corresponding period, which was mainly attributable to the recognition of our cathode materials quality and the increase in demand from customers through the release of its full capacity. The segment loss before tax was approximately HK\$28.7 million for the period under review, which included share of loss of an associate, ALEEEES, representing an increase of approximately HK\$6.0 million comparing with approximately HK\$22.7 million of the last corresponding period.

Without taking into account of share of loss of ALEEEES of approximately HK\$6.5 million for the period under review, the battery material production business incurred a loss before tax of approximately HK\$22.2 million during the period under review, representing a decrease of approximately HK\$0.5 million as comparing with the loss before tax of approximately HK\$22.7 million for the last corresponding period. The battery material production business narrowed its losses during the period by increasing sales of cathode materials.

Direct investments business

The interest income from direct investments for the current period was approximately HK\$23.9 million, representing an increase of approximately HK\$0.8 million as compared with approximately HK\$23.1 million of the last corresponding period before the elimination of inter-segment transactions. The segment profit before tax for the current period of approximately HK\$26.3 million, an increase of approximately HK\$27.1 million comparing with the last corresponding period of the loss of approximately HK\$0.8 million, was mainly attributable to the increase in gains from held-for-trading investments.

Liquidity and Financial Resources

As at 30 September 2017, the cash and cash equivalents of the Group amounted to approximately HK\$1,215.3 million (31 March 2017: approximately HK\$1,321.4 million). The amounts were mainly denominated in Hong Kong dollars, RMB and United States dollars.

As at 30 September 2017, the Group recorded net current assets of approximately HK\$150.4 million, representing a decrease of approximately HK\$783.5 million, as compared with net current assets of approximately HK\$933.9 million as at 31 March 2017. The decrease in net current assets was primarily due to the net increase in convertible bonds, bank loans and other borrowings, the net proceeds of which were mainly used for additions of plant and machinery and working capital requirements of the electric vehicle production business.

Total bank loans and other borrowings as at 30 September 2017 were approximately HK\$3,434.3 million (31 March 2017: approximately HK\$2,435.3 million). The increase was mainly attributable to the combined effect of (i) the increase in bank loans in support of the operations of the Hangzhou electric vehicle production base; and (ii) a short-term promissory note of HK\$400 million obtained to finance the settlement of the convertible bonds due in 2017. The Group's bank loans and other borrowings are mostly event driven, with little seasonality. Details of the maturity profile and security of bank loans and other borrowings are set out in note 13 to the interim financial statements.

As at 30 September 2017, the Group's obligations under finance leases amounted to approximately HK\$58.4 million (31 March 2017: approximately HK\$69.9 million), out of which approximately HK\$30.6 million (31 March 2017: approximately HK\$28.4 million), approximately HK\$27.8 million (31 March 2017: approximately HK\$30.1 million) and nil (31 March 2017: approximately HK\$11.4 million) were repayable within one year, within one to two years and within three to five years, respectively. The obligations under finance leases were secured by certain machineries of the Group with an aggregate carrying amount of approximately HK\$76.2 million (31 March 2017: approximately HK\$78.3 million).

As at 30 September 2017, the Group had obligations under redeemed convertible bonds of approximately HK\$760.8 million which was classified as non-current liabilities with details stated in note 18 to the interim financial statements. The Group had remaining two tranches of convertible bonds that will be due in 2018 and 2021.

As at 30 September 2017, the Group's gearing ratio, without taking into account the obligations under redeemed convertible bonds of approximately HK\$760.8 million (31 March 2017: approximately HK\$760.8 million) and the liability components of convertible bonds of approximately HK\$322.0 million (31 March 2017: approximately HK\$704.8 million), was approximately 86.2% (31 March 2017: approximately 55.7%) calculated on the basis of bank loans and other borrowings and obligations under finance leases of total approximately HK\$3,492.7 million (31 March 2017: approximately HK\$2,505.2 million) to total equity of approximately HK\$4,050.7 million (31 March 2017: approximately HK\$4,499.6 million) as at 30 September 2017. On 28 November 2017, the Company entered into the facility agreement with a lender to obtain a HK\$600 million term loan facility and entered into subscription agreement with a subscriber to issue convertible bonds with the principal amount of HK\$400 million, as detailed in note 24(d) to the interim financial statements. Save as above, the Group will consider various capital market activities, including refinancing debts with lower interest costs, to solid its financial status for the benefits of shareholders whenever opportunities arise.

Foreign Exchange Exposure

The Group's transactions were mainly denominated in RMB, Hong Kong dollars and United States dollars. Exchange rates between United States dollars and Hong Kong dollars were pegged with fixed rates and relatively stable during the period under review. The Group has transactional currency exposures in RMB but substantial assets and liabilities of the Group were denominated in RMB and were mutually hedged. The Group has not entered into any foreign currency exchange forward contracts for hedging purposes during the period. The Board will closely monitor the foreign exchange exposure and consider appropriate hedging instruments when necessary.

Capital Structure

The Company has established an employee benefit trust to receive awarded shares to be vested under the employees' share award scheme of the Company, share options to be granted under the share option scheme of the Company and other assets (if applicable) for the benefit of the employees of the Group and other designated persons. Details of the employee benefit trust are set out in the 2016/17 annual report of the Company.

During the six months ended 30 September 2017, (i) 2,118,000,000 share options were granted under the share option scheme of the Company, of which 1,018,000,000 share options were granted to the directors of the Company and 1,100,000,000 share options were granted to FDG EBT (Share Option) Limited which is a company under the employee benefit trust established by the Company; and (ii) a total of 14,600,000 new shares of the Company were issued and allotted upon exercise of share options granted under the Company's share option scheme.

As a result, the number of shares of the Company in issue increased from 22,398,477,108 as at 1 April 2017 to 22,413,077,108 as at 30 September 2017.

As at 30 September 2017, the Company has (i) outstanding share options entitling holders to subscribe for a total of 2,519,700,000 shares of the Company; (ii) outstanding convertible bonds due 2018 in the amount of HK\$129,378,304.80 which could be converted into 258,756,609 shares of the Company based on the initial conversion price of HK\$0.50; and (iii) outstanding convertible bonds due 2021 in the amount of HK\$275,000,000 which could be converted into 550,000,000 shares of the Company based on the initial conversion price of HK\$0.50.

Save as disclosed above, the Group had no other debt securities or other capital instruments as at 30 September 2017.

Material Acquisition and Disposal

During the six months ended 30 September 2017, the Group had no material acquisitions or disposals of subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures.

Pledge of Assets and Contingent Liabilities

There were pledge of assets as at 30 September 2017 and 31 March 2017 with details disclosed under the section heading "Liquidity and Financial Resources" and in note 13 to the interim financial statements. In addition, pledged bank deposits of approximately HK\$51.7 million (31 March 2017: approximately HK\$160.2 million) were pledged to secure mainly for bank loans and bills payables.

The Group had no significant contingent liabilities as at 30 September 2017 (31 March 2017: nil).

Litigation

Details of the litigation updates of the Group are set out in note 23 to the interim financial statements.

Capital Commitments

Details of the capital commitments of the Group are set out in note 20 to the interim financial statements.

Employees and Remuneration Policies

As of 30 September 2017, the Group had 76 employees (30 September 2016: 65 employees) in Hong Kong and 3,016 employees (30 September 2016: 3,088 employees) in the PRC. Total staff costs (including directors' emoluments and equity-settled-share-based payments) during the period amounted to approximately HK\$216.1 million (six months ended 30 September 2016: approximately HK\$179.8 million). The remuneration policies are determined with reference to market conditions and individual performance of staff. The Group participates in Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme in Hong Kong and state-managed retirement benefit schemes in the PRC. The Group has share option schemes, share award schemes and employee benefit trusts for the benefit of its directors and eligible participants.

FUTURE DEVELOPMENT

A report from McKinsey has pointed out that China has already had an impressive 43% of electric vehicles production worldwide in 2016 and has already had the largest number of electric vehicles on the road. For the first time, the number of electric vehicles in China has already overtaken those in the United States. FDG is a true believer in electric vehicles. We believe that one day, electric vehicles will overtake all ICE vehicles which were first developed in the last century. China excels in both the demand dimension as well as the supply dimension in the space of electrification of people's choice of mobility. The big question of which automobile manufacturers would survive in a few years' time after the government's subsidies diminished would heavily depend on whether those particular automobile manufacturers have sufficient economies of scale in order to be able to control cost, quality and their supply-chains. As the up-and-coming electric vehicles manufacturer in the segment, FDG has already strategically crafted the blueprint for future development in scale – a well thought-out development strategy from upstream cathode materials to downstream vehicle manufacturing has already been put in place.

Commercial Electric Vehicle Segment Continues to be the Key Development Area for the Group

The fastest way to breakeven for shareholders lies in penetrating the market quickly without spending an overwhelming cost in doing so. The Group continues to push development in electrifying the commercial vehicle sector as the core of its business given the segment's nature of predictability and repeatability in driving patterns. The zero-fault, zero down-time recorded in the sponsorship of transiting important political figures in the G20 Hangzhou summit in 2016 was truly a solid proof to demonstrate the quality of the Group's products. As a rising star in this race in the growing electric vehicle trend, initially, it is the Group strategy to control not to spend too much on marketing, as well as on infrastructure penetration, such as large scale installation of charging hubs in households. By targeting at the commercial electric vehicle sector, the Group could sell electric vehicles in large batches to fleet managers, versus spending lots of resources on marketing in the mass segment but sales are only made in individual units. Commercial fleet electrification will continue to be the largest segment that the Group would continue to tap into in the second half of 2017.

Electric Vehicles are not Just Environmentally-Friendly, but also Economically-Viable

FDG believes that FDG-made electric vehicles are not only good for the environment, but are also good for the wallets of our end-users. The total cost of ownership of an FDG-made electric vehicle should be lower than an ICE equivalent in the long term. With increasing oil prices, more stringent policy regulations on ICE vehicles, lower maintenance cost and better batteries innovation, the cost per mile driven with an FDG's electric vehicle will be significantly reduced when compared with an ICE equivalent. FDG believes that electrification should not be done merely for compliance, but also for the overall lower cost during the comparable lifetime with an ICE vehicle. In the future, FDG believes that this overall lower cost coupled with solid reliability should become the key driving factor for decision making. Naturally, more and more people would choose to go down the electrification route when faced with the decision on whether one should buy an ICE vehicle or an electric vehicle.

A Vertically-Integrated Electric Vehicle Manufacturer

FDG's strategic vertical development upstream offers significant core advantages to the Group. The expansion of the Guian cathode materials factory, the Tianjin battery factory, the Guian electric vehicle factory, the Jianyang electric vehicle and battery factories etc. put the Group in a valuable position that FDG is strategically ready for economies of scale. As economies of scale becomes feasible, FDG would have a greater control on cost of raw materials and a better control in quality of the heart of an electric vehicle – the battery. The heart itself is also a profitable business from the Group's perspective; thus, such integration with downstream electric vehicles manufacturing enables us to capture the gross profit margin from head to toe. The Group is now in a much better position to understand what the commercial vehicle market demands, and could plan production ahead as market demand transforms. FDG believes that as market consolidation evolves, the electric vehicle manufacturer with a vision to strategically control the supply chain should be the ultimate winner.

Scaling up the Domestic and the International Market

As well as continually tapping into the domestic electric vehicle demand in China, the Group continues to explore development opportunities internationally. The homologation awarded in the United States was only the first milestone that proved FDG's ambition does not only stay within the domestic border; FDG sees ourselves as a world-leading electric vehicle manufacturer in the future.

FDG will continually explore valuable opportunities that bring value to our shareholders, particularly in the United States and in Europe. More international cooperation will be announced when timing is appropriate.

Revenue Continues to Pick up and the Announcement of a Cost Control Program

Although revenue for the first half of 2017 has dropped by 44% year-on-year due to the longer than expected time for the electric vehicle industry to adapt to the new subsidy policy set by the Chinese Government, the Group has already been producing for the new orders including sales to the United States. The Group is confident that the revenue and the number of electric vehicles sold for the full financial year 2017 would surpass those of financial year 2016.

For the past few years, the Group has achieved inorganic growth through mergers and acquisitions to form the blueprint of the vertically-integrated supply chain as seen today. It is inevitable that sales, general and administration expenses as well as finance costs would rise due to the nature of expanding the business inorganically. Senior management is well aware of this and have decided to put in place a Group-wide cost control program. There is no better time than now to start reducing corporate costs given that the Group has just finished transforming itself, and is now strategically ready to scale up after multiple rounds of completed acquisitions.

Outlook

The Group is confident about the future development of electric vehicles market. With clear market positioning strategies, self-developed core technologies and a complete layout of vertical integration in the electric vehicle space, FDG stands out from the crowd. FDG's mission is to help the world to evolve into a better place by bringing high quality, smart and environmentally-friendly electric vehicles. With our proprietary technology, we will bring clean air and blue skies back to our cities!

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES

As at 30 September 2017, the interests and short positions of the directors and chief executive of the Company or their respective close associates in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO")) as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 352 of the SFO or as otherwise notified to the Company and The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") as set out in Appendix 10 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the "Listing Rules") were as follows:

Name of directors	Capacity	Number of ordinary shares of the Company	Number of underlying shares (unlisted and physically settled equity derivatives) of the Company (Note 6)	Total number of ordinary shares and underlying shares of the Company	Approximate percentage of issued ordinary share capital of the Company (Note 7)
Mr. Cao Zhong	Beneficial owner	6,800,000	230,000,000	236,800,000	1.05%
	Interest of controlled corporations	2,651,059,998	–	2,651,059,998 (Note 1)	11.83%
	Interest of other parties to an agreement required to be disclosed under s.317(1)(a) of the SFO	5,104,572,167	523,000,000	5,627,572,167 (Notes 1 and 5)	25.11%
Mr. Miao Zhenguo	Beneficial owner	–	195,000,000	195,000,000	0.87%
	Interest of controlled corporations	1,970,551,043	–	1,970,551,043 (Note 2)	8.79%
	Interest of other parties to an agreement required to be disclosed under s.317(1)(a) of the SFO	5,791,881,122	558,000,000	6,349,881,122 (Notes 2 and 5)	28.33%

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES (Continued)

Name of directors	Capacity	Number of ordinary shares of the Company	Number of underlying shares (unlisted and physically settled equity derivatives) of the Company (Note 6)	Total number of ordinary shares and underlying shares of the Company	Approximate percentage of issued ordinary share capital of the Company (Note 7)
Mr. Tong Zhiyuan	Beneficial owner	–	200,000,000	200,000,000	0.89%
Dr. Chen Yanping	Beneficial owner	–	162,000,000	162,000,000	0.72%
	Interest of controlled corporation	658,125,000	–	658,125,000 (Note 3)	2.94%
	Interest of other parties to an agreement required to be disclosed under s.317(1)(a) of the SFO	7,104,307,165	591,000,000	7,695,307,165 (Notes 3 and 5)	34.33%
Mr. Lo Wing Yat	Beneficial owner	21,179,000	58,200,000	79,379,000	0.35%
Mr. Jaime Che	Beneficial owner	1,000,000	166,000,000	167,000,000	0.74%
	Interest of other parties to an agreement required to be disclosed under s.317(1)(a) of the SFO	7,761,432,165	587,000,000	8,348,432,165 (Notes 4 and 5)	37.25%
Mr. Chan Yuk Tong	Beneficial owner	–	34,900,000	34,900,000	0.16%
Mr. Fei Tai Hung	Beneficial owner	–	34,900,000	34,900,000	0.16%
Mr. Tse Kam Fow	Beneficial owner	–	34,900,000	34,900,000	0.16%
Mr. Xu Jingbin	Beneficial owner	–	22,000,000	22,000,000	0.10%

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES (Continued)

Notes:

1. Mr. Cao Zhong is interested or deemed to be interested in a total of 8,515,432,165 shares and underlying shares of the Company including: (i) 2,311,059,998 shares held by Long Hing International Limited which is wholly owned by Mr. Cao who is a director; (ii) 340,000,000 shares held by Champion Rise International Limited which is wholly owned by Mr. Cao who is a director; (iii) 6,800,000 shares and 230,000,000 share options^(Note 6) held by Mr. Cao; and (iv) 5,104,572,167 shares and 523,000,000 share options^(Note 6) held by the other parties to the Undertaking^(Note 5).
2. Mr. Miao Zhenguo is interested or deemed to be interested in a total of 8,515,432,165 shares and underlying shares of the Company including: (i) 1,806,301,043 shares held by Union Ever Holdings Limited which is wholly owned by Mr. Miao who is a director; (ii) 164,250,000 shares held by Infinity Wealth International Limited which is wholly owned by Mr. Miao who is a director; (iii) 195,000,000 share options^(Note 6) held by Mr. Miao; and (iv) 5,791,881,122 shares and 558,000,000 share options^(Note 6) held by the other parties to the Undertaking^(Note 5).
3. Dr. Chen Yanping is interested or deemed to be interested in a total of 8,515,432,165 shares and underlying shares of the Company including: (i) 658,125,000 shares held by Captain Century Limited which is owned as to 60% by Dr. Chen and 40% by his spouse, Ms. Zhang Lu; (ii) 162,000,000 share options^(Note 6) held by Dr. Chen; and (iii) 7,104,307,165 shares and 591,000,000 share options^(Note 6) held by the other parties to the Undertaking^(Note 5).
4. Mr. Jaime Che is interested or deemed to be interested in a total of 8,515,432,165 shares and underlying shares of the Company including: (i) 1,000,000 shares and 166,000,000 share options^(Note 6) held by Mr. Che; and (ii) 7,761,432,165 shares and 587,000,000 share options^(Note 6) held by the other parties to the Undertaking^(Note 5).
5. On 26 February 2016, CITIC International Assets Management Limited, Star Mercury Investments Ltd., Mr. Cao Zhong, Mr. Miao Zhenguo, Dr. Chen Yanping, Mr. Jaime Che and CITIC Pacific Limited entered into a concert party undertaking to regulate their dealings in the shares of the Company (the "Undertaking"). As such, each party to the Undertaking was deemed to have interests in the shares and/or underlying shares of the Company held by the other parties to the Undertaking under Section 317(1)(a) of the SFO.
6. The interests in the underlying shares of the Company represent interests in options granted to the directors named above to subscribe for shares of the Company, further details of which are set out in the section headed "Share Option Schemes" below.
7. These percentages are calculated on the basis of 22,413,077,108 shares of the Company as at 30 September 2017.

Save as disclosed above, as at 30 September 2017, none of the directors or chief executive of the Company or their respective close associates had or was deemed to have any interests or short positions in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) which had been recorded in the register kept by the Company pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code.

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES OF THE COMPANY

As at 30 September 2017, the persons, other than the directors or chief executive of the Company, who had interests or short positions in the shares or underlying shares of the Company as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 336 of the SFO were as follows:

Name of substantial shareholders	Capacity	Number of ordinary shares of the Company	Number of underlying shares (unlisted and physically settled equity derivatives) of the Company (Note 7)	Total number of ordinary shares and underlying shares of the Company	Approximate percentage of issued ordinary share capital of the Company (Note 8)
CITIC International Assets Management Limited (Notes 1 and 2)	Beneficial owner	451,908,000	–	451,908,000	2.02%
	Interest of controlled corporation	1,022,988,124	–	1,022,988,124	4.56%
	Interest of other parties to an agreement required to be disclosed under s.317(1)(a) of the SFO	6,287,536,041	753,000,000	7,040,536,041	31.41%
CITIC International Financial Holdings Limited (Notes 1 and 2)	Interest of controlled corporations	1,474,896,124	–	1,474,896,124	6.58%
	Interest of other parties to an agreement required to be disclosed under s.317(1)(a) of the SFO	6,287,536,041	753,000,000	7,040,536,041	31.41%
China CITIC Bank Corporation Limited (Notes 1 and 2)	Interest of controlled corporations	1,474,896,124	–	1,474,896,124	6.58%
	Interest of other parties to an agreement required to be disclosed under s.317(1)(a) of the SFO	6,287,536,041	753,000,000	7,040,536,041	31.41%

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES OF THE COMPANY *(Continued)*

Name of substantial shareholders	Capacity	Number of ordinary shares of the Company	Number of underlying shares (unlisted and physically settled equity derivatives) of the Company <i>(Note 7)</i>	Total number of ordinary shares and underlying shares of the Company	Approximate percentage of issued ordinary share capital of the Company <i>(Note 8)</i>
Star Mercury Investments Ltd. <i>(Notes 1 and 3)</i>	Beneficial owner	1,000,000,000	–	1,000,000,000	4.46%
	Interest of other parties to an agreement required to be disclosed under s.317(1)(a) of the SFO	6,762,432,165	753,000,000	7,515,432,165	33.53%
Smooth Way Holdings Inc. <i>(Notes 1 and 3)</i>	Interest of controlled corporation	1,000,000,000	–	1,000,000,000	4.46%
	Interest of other parties to an agreement required to be disclosed under s.317(1)(a) of the SFO	6,762,432,165	753,000,000	7,515,432,165	33.53%
CITIC Pacific Limited <i>(Notes 1 and 3)</i>	Interest of controlled corporations	1,000,000,000	–	1,000,000,000	4.46%
	Interest of other parties to an agreement required to be disclosed under s.317(1)(a) of the SFO	6,762,432,165	753,000,000	7,515,432,165	33.53%
CITIC Limited <i>(Notes 1 and 4)</i>	Interest of controlled corporations	2,474,896,124	–	2,474,896,124	11.04%
	Interest of other parties to an agreement required to be disclosed under s.317(1)(a) of the SFO	5,287,536,041	753,000,000	6,040,536,041	26.95%

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES OF THE COMPANY *(Continued)*

Name of substantial shareholders	Capacity	Number of ordinary shares of the Company	Number of underlying shares (unlisted and physically settled equity derivatives) of the Company <i>(Note 7)</i>	Total number of ordinary shares and underlying shares of the Company	Approximate percentage of issued ordinary share capital of the Company <i>(Note 8)</i>
CITIC Group Corporation <i>(Notes 1 and 4)</i>	Interest of controlled corporations	2,474,896,124	–	2,474,896,124	11.04%
	Interest of other parties to an agreement required to be disclosed under s.317(1)(a) of the SFO	5,287,536,041	753,000,000	6,040,536,041	26.95%
Long Hing International Limited <i>(Note 5)</i>	Beneficial owner	2,311,059,998	–	2,311,059,998	10.31%
Union Ever Holdings Limited <i>(Note 6)</i>	Beneficial owner	1,806,301,043	–	1,806,301,043	8.06%

Notes:

- On 26 February 2016, an undertaking was made between CITIC International Assets Management Limited, Star Mercury Investments Ltd., Mr. Cao Zhong, Mr. Miao Zhenguo, Dr. Chen Yanping, Mr. Jaime Che and CITIC Pacific Limited (collectively referred to as "Concert Parties") to regulate their dealings in the shares of the Company (the "Undertaking"). As such, each party to the Undertaking was deemed to have interests in the shares and/or underlying shares of the Company held by the other parties to the Undertaking under Section 317(1)(a) of the SFO. As at 30 September 2017, the parties to the Undertaking are deemed to be interested in a total of 8,515,432,165 shares and underlying shares of the Company.
- For the purpose of the SFO, CITIC International Assets Management Limited is interested or deemed to be interested in (i) 1,474,896,124 shares of the Company including 451,908,000 shares held by it and 1,022,988,124 shares held by Right Precious Limited; and (ii) 7,040,536,041 shares and underlying shares of the Company held by other parties to the Undertaking^{*(Note 1)*}.

Right Precious Limited is a wholly-owned subsidiary of CITIC International Assets Management Limited of which CITIC International Financial Holdings Limited owns 40%. CITIC International Financial Holdings Limited is wholly-owned by China CITIC Bank Corporation Limited.

Mr. Lo Wing Yat, an executive director of the Company, is a director and chief executive officer of CITIC International Assets Management Limited and a director and chief executive officer of CITIC International Financial Holdings Limited.

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES OF THE COMPANY (Continued)

Notes: (Continued)

3. For the purpose of the SFO, Star Mercury Investments Ltd. is interested or deemed to be interested in (i) 1,000,000,000 shares of the Company held by it; and (ii) 7,515,432,165 shares and underlying shares of the Company held by other parties to the Undertaking^(Note 1).

Star Mercury Investments Ltd. is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Smooth Way Holdings Inc. which, in turn, is a wholly-owned subsidiary of CITIC Pacific Limited.

4. For the purpose of the SFO, CITIC Limited is deemed to be interested in (i) 2,474,896,124 shares of the Company including 1,474,896,124 shares deemed interest of China CITIC Bank Corporation Limited^(Note 2), which is over 60% owned by CITIC Limited through its wholly-owned subsidiaries, and 1,000,000,000 shares deemed interest of CITIC Pacific Limited^(Note 3), which is a wholly-owned subsidiary of CITIC Limited; and (ii) 6,040,536,041 shares and underlying shares of the Company held by other parties to the Undertaking^(Note 1).

CITIC Limited is owned by CITIC Group Corporation as to 58.13% through its wholly-owned subsidiaries, CITIC Polarix Limited and CITIC Glory Limited.

Mr. Wong Kwok Yiu, a non-executive director of the Company, joined CITIC Limited in 1997 and is currently an assistant director of the business development department of CITIC Pacific Limited.

5. Long Hing International Limited ("Long Hing") is wholly owned by Mr. Cao Zhong, an executive director of the Company. The 2,311,059,998 shares of the Company held by Long Hing are deemed to be owned by Mr. Cao who is also a director of Long Hing.
6. Union Ever Holdings Limited ("Union Ever") is wholly owned by Mr. Miao Zhenguo, an executive director of the Company. The 1,806,301,043 shares of the Company held by Union Ever are deemed to be owned by Mr. Miao who is also a director of Union Ever.
7. The interests in the underlying shares of the Company represent interests in options granted under the share option scheme of the Company to the directors of the Company who are also parties to the Undertaking^(Note 1).
8. These percentages are calculated on the basis of 22,413,077,108 shares of the Company as at 30 September 2017.

Save as disclosed above, as at 30 September 2017, the Company had not been notified of any interests or short positions in the shares or underlying shares of the Company which were required to be recorded in the register kept by the Company under Section 336 of the SFO.

SHARE OPTION SCHEMES

(1) Share Option Scheme of the Company

On 28 February 2014, the share option scheme adopted by the Company on 30 March 2004 (the "2004 Scheme") was terminated and a new share option scheme (the "2014 Scheme") was approved and adopted by the shareholders of the Company for the purpose of enabling the Group to grant options to selected participants (i) in recognition of their contribution to the Group; (ii) to attract and retain or otherwise maintain an on-going relationship with them for the benefit of the Group; and (iii) to align their interests with the shareholders of the Company, thereby encouraging them to work towards enhancing the value of the shares of the Company. The options granted under the 2004 Scheme remain exercisable and the 2014 Scheme will be effective for ten years until 27 February 2024.

Details of the options and movements in such holdings during the six months ended 30 September 2017 were as follows:

Category of participants	Date of grant	Number of options				Outstanding as at 30.9.2017	Exercise period	Exercise price per option HK\$	Weighted average closing price of the shares immediately before the date on which the options were exercised HK\$
		Outstanding as at 1.4.2017	Granted during the period (Note 2)	Exercised during the period	Lapsed during the period				
Director & Substantial Shareholder									
Mr. Cao Zhong	28.4.2014	10,000,000	-	-	-	10,000,000	28.4.2016 – 27.4.2024 (Note 3)	0.630	-
	31.7.2017	-	220,000,000	-	-	220,000,000	31.7.2017 – 30.7.2027 (Note 6)	0.400	-
Directors									
Mr. Miao Zhenguo	4.9.2013	12,000,000	-	-	-	12,000,000	4.9.2015 – 3.9.2023 (Note 3)	0.450	-
	28.4.2014	3,000,000	-	-	-	3,000,000	28.4.2016 – 27.4.2024 (Note 3)	0.630	-
	31.7.2017	-	180,000,000	-	-	180,000,000	31.7.2017 – 30.7.2027 (Note 6)	0.400	-
Mr. Tong Zhiyuan	31.7.2017	-	200,000,000	-	-	200,000,000	31.7.2017 – 30.7.2027 (Note 6)	0.400	-

SHARE OPTION SCHEMES (Continued)

(1) Share Option Scheme of the Company (Continued)

Category of participants	Date of grant	Number of options				Outstanding as at 30.9.2017	Exercise period	Exercise price per option HK\$	Weighted average closing price of the shares immediately before the date on which the options were exercised HK\$
		Outstanding as at 1.4.2017	Granted during the period (Note 2)	Exercised during the period	Lapsed during the period				
Directors (Continued)									
Dr. Chen Yanping	28.4.2014	12,000,000	-	-	-	12,000,000	28.4.2016 – 27.4.2024 (Note 3)	0.630	-
	31.7.2017	-	150,000,000	-	-	150,000,000	31.7.2017 – 30.7.2027 (Note 6)	0.400	-
Mr. Lo Wing Yat	23.8.2007	14,600,000	-	(14,600,000) (Note 7)	-	-	23.8.2008 – 22.8.2017 (Note 4)	0.230	0.310
	8.5.2009	16,200,000	-	-	-	16,200,000	8.5.2010 – 7.5.2019 (Note 4)	0.061	-
	4.9.2013	8,000,000	-	-	-	8,000,000	4.9.2015 – 3.9.2023 (Note 3)	0.450	-
	28.4.2014	4,000,000	-	-	-	4,000,000	28.4.2016 – 27.4.2024 (Note 3)	0.630	-
	31.7.2017	-	30,000,000	-	-	30,000,000	31.7.2017 – 30.7.2027 (Note 6)	0.400	-
Mr. Jaime Che	4.9.2013	12,000,000	-	-	-	12,000,000	4.9.2015 – 3.9.2023 (Note 3)	0.450	-
	28.4.2014	4,000,000	-	-	-	4,000,000	28.4.2016 – 27.4.2024 (Note 3)	0.630	-
	31.7.2017	-	150,000,000	-	-	150,000,000	31.7.2017 – 30.7.2027 (Note 6)	0.400	-

SHARE OPTION SCHEMES (Continued)

(1) Share Option Scheme of the Company (Continued)

Category of participants	Date of grant	Number of options				Outstanding as at 30.9.2017	Exercise period	Exercise price per option HK\$	Weighted average closing price of the shares immediately before the date on which the options were exercised HK\$
		Outstanding as at 1.4.2017	Granted during the period (Note 2)	Exercised during the period	Lapsed during the period				
Directors (Continued)									
Mr. Chan Yuk Tong	8.5.2009	900,000	-	-	-	900,000	8.11.2010 – 7.5.2019 (Note 5)	0.061	-
	4.9.2013	8,000,000	-	-	-	8,000,000	4.9.2015 – 3.9.2023 (Note 3)	0.450	-
	28.4.2014	4,000,000	-	-	-	4,000,000	28.4.2016 – 27.4.2024 (Note 3)	0.630	-
	31.7.2017	-	22,000,000	-	-	22,000,000	31.7.2017 – 30.7.2027 (Note 6)	0.400	-
Mr. Fei Tai Hung	8.5.2009	900,000	-	-	-	900,000	8.11.2010 – 7.5.2019 (Note 5)	0.061	-
	4.9.2013	8,000,000	-	-	-	8,000,000	4.9.2015 – 3.9.2023 (Note 3)	0.450	-
	28.4.2014	4,000,000	-	-	-	4,000,000	28.4.2016 – 27.4.2024 (Note 3)	0.630	-
	31.7.2017	-	22,000,000	-	-	22,000,000	31.7.2017 – 30.7.2027 (Note 6)	0.400	-

SHARE OPTION SCHEMES (Continued)

(1) Share Option Scheme of the Company (Continued)

Category of participants	Date of grant	Number of options				Outstanding as at 30.9.2017	Exercise period	Exercise price per option HK\$	Weighted average closing price of the shares immediately before the date on which the options were exercised HK\$
		Outstanding as at 1.4.2017	Granted during the period (Note 2)	Exercised during the period	Lapsed during the period				
Directors (Continued)									
Mr. Tse Kam Fow	8.5.2009	900,000	-	-	-	900,000	8.11.2010 – 7.5.2019 (Note 5)	0.061	-
	4.9.2013	8,000,000	-	-	-	8,000,000	4.9.2015 – 3.9.2023 (Note 3)	0.450	-
	28.4.2014	4,000,000	-	-	-	4,000,000	28.4.2016 – 27.4.2024 (Note 3)	0.630	-
Mr. Xu Jingbin	31.7.2017	-	22,000,000	-	-	22,000,000	31.7.2017 – 30.7.2027 (Note 6)	0.400	-
	31.7.2017	-	22,000,000	-	-	22,000,000	31.7.2017 – 30.7.2027 (Note 6)	0.400	-
Employees									
	4.9.2013	146,200,000	-	-	(1,300,000) (Note 7)	144,900,000	4.9.2015 – 3.9.2023 (Note 3)	0.450	-
	28.4.2014	103,400,000	-	-	(1,500,000) (Note 7)	101,900,000	28.4.2016 – 27.4.2024 (Note 3)	0.630	-

SHARE OPTION SCHEMES (Continued)

(1) Share Option Scheme of the Company (Continued)

Category of participants	Date of grant	Number of options				Outstanding as at 30.9.2017	Exercise period	Exercise price per option HK\$	Weighted average closing price of the shares immediately before the date on which the options were exercised HK\$
		Outstanding as at 1.4.2017	Granted during the period (Note 2)	Exercised during the period	Lapsed during the period				
Others	23.8.2007	7,200,000	-	-	(7,200,000) (Note 7)	-	23.8.2008 – 22.8.2017 (Note 4)	0.230	-
	4.9.2013	24,000,000	-	-	(1,000,000) (Note 7)	23,000,000	4.9.2015 – 3.9.2023 (Note 3)	0.450	-
	28.4.2014	12,000,000	-	-	-	12,000,000	28.4.2016 – 27.4.2024 (Note 3)	0.630	-
FDG EBT (Share Option) Limited	31.7.2017	-	1,100,000,000	-	-	1,100,000,000	31.7.2017 – 30.7.2027 (Note 6)	0.400	-
		427,300,000	2,118,000,000	(14,600,000)	(11,000,000)	2,519,700,000			
Weighted average exercise price (HK\$)		0.489	0.400	0.230	0.331	0.416			
Exercisable as at 30.9.2017						18,900,000		0.061	
						111,950,000		0.450	
						79,450,000		0.630	

SHARE OPTION SCHEMES (Continued)

(1) Share Option Scheme of the Company (Continued)

Notes:

- Number of options refers to the number of underlying shares of the Company covered by the options granted under both the 2004 Scheme and 2014 Scheme.
- Options to subscribe for 2,118,000,000 shares of the Company were granted on 31 July 2017. The Company received an aggregate consideration of HK\$11 for the grant of these options. The closing price of the shares of the Company on the trading date immediately before the date on which these options were granted was HK\$0.310.
- Options granted are subject to a vesting period up to five years with half of the options becoming exercisable 24 months after the relevant date of grant and the remainder becoming exercisable 60 months after the relevant date of grant.
- Options granted are subject to a vesting period up to two years with 50%, 25% and 25% of the options becoming exercisable 12 months, 18 months and 24 months after the relevant date of grant respectively.
- Options granted are subject to a vesting period up to two years with half of the options becoming exercisable 18 months after the date of grant and the remainder becoming exercisable 24 months after the date of grant.
- Options granted are subject to vesting conditions of: (1) half of the options becoming exercisable if, as stated in the audited consolidated financial statements of the Company for any financial year within the validity period, (i) revenue and other income exceed HK\$2 billion; or (ii) net profit before tax exceeds HK\$200 million; and (2) the remainder becoming exercisable if, as stated in the audited consolidated financial statements of the Company for any financial year within the validity period, (i) revenue and other income exceed HK\$5 billion; or (ii) net profit before tax exceeds HK\$500 million.
- During the six months ended 30 September 2017, a total of 14,600,000 options were exercised, 1,900,000 vested options and 1,900,000 unvested options lapsed following the cessation of optionholders to be employees of the Company or eligible participants of the 2004 Scheme and/or 2014 Scheme and 7,200,000 vested options lapsed on 23 August 2017 upon the expiry of the exercise period concerned.
- The weighted average fair values of the options granted during the six months ended 30 September 2017 calculated using the Binomial Option-Pricing Model and the inputs into such model were as follows:

	1,320,000,000 options granted on 31 July 2017 and approved in the special general meeting held on 29 August 2017	798,000,000 options granted on 31 July 2017
Weighted average fair value	HK\$0.126	HK\$0.163
Closing price of the shares on approval date/grant date	HK\$0.310	HK\$0.315
Exercise price	HK\$0.400	HK\$0.400
Expected volatility	54.24%	54.36%
Option life	9.9 years	10 years
Risk-free interest rate	1.52%	1.52%
Expected dividend yield	0%	0%

Expected volatility was determined by using the annualised standard deviations of the continuously compounded rates of return on the share prices of the other three comparable companies. The result of the Binomial Option-Pricing Model can be materially affected by changes in these variables and assumptions. Therefore, an option's actual value may differ from the estimated fair value of the options due to limitations of the Binomial Option-Pricing Model. The expected vesting period is based on the expected timing of achieving the performance targets with best estimates by the Board.

- No options were cancelled during the six months ended 30 September 2017.

SHARE OPTION SCHEMES *(Continued)*

(2) Share Option Scheme of FDG Kinetic Limited

Pursuant to the ordinary resolution passed at each of the annual general meetings of FDG Kinetic Limited ("FKL") and the Company both held on 29 August 2017, FKL has adopted the new share option scheme (the "2017 FKL Scheme") and the share option scheme adopted on 12 October 2007 (the "2007 FKL Scheme") was terminated on the same date. The purpose of the 2017 FKL Scheme is to enable FKL to grant options to the eligible participants of FKL (i) in recognition of their contribution to FKL and its subsidiaries (collectively the "FKL Group"); (ii) to attract and retain or otherwise maintain an on-going relationship with them for the benefit of the FKL Group; and (iii) to align their interests with the shareholders of FKL, thereby encouraging them to work towards enhancing the value of the shares of FKL. The 2017 FKL Scheme will remain in force for 10 years from the date of its adoption, unless otherwise cancelled or amended.

During the six months ended 30 September 2017, no share options were held by any of the directors, eligible employees and other participants of FKL under the 2007 FKL Scheme and the 2017 FKL Scheme, and no share options were granted, exercised, cancelled or lapsed under the 2007 FKL Scheme and the 2017 FKL Scheme.

No expenses were recognised by the FKL Group for the six months ended 30 September 2017 (six months ended 30 September 2016: nil).

Details of the 2007 FKL Scheme and the 2017 FKL Scheme were set out in the 2016/17 annual report and the circular dated 24 July 2017 of FKL respectively.

EMPLOYEES' SHARE AWARD SCHEMES

Each of the Company and FKL has adopted an employees' share award scheme. Employees, directors or advisors/consultants of the respective companies and their subsidiaries, or any employee of such advisor or consultant or any other person as determined by the board of directors of respective companies will be entitled to participate. Details of the employees' share award scheme of the Company are disclosed in the announcements of the Company dated 29 June 2015 and 28 November 2016 and details of the employees' share award scheme of FKL are disclosed in the announcement of FKL dated 10 February 2017.

No shares were awarded under the employees' share award scheme of the Company or FKL during the six months ended 30 September 2017.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Company applied the principles of and complied with all the code provisions of the Corporate Governance Code (the "Code") contained in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules throughout the six months ended 30 September 2017 and up to the date of this report, except for the following deviations.

Code Provision A.2.1

Since 28 May 2014, both the roles of chairman and chief executive are vested with Mr. Cao Zhong. This constitutes a deviation from code provision A.2.1 of the Code which requires the roles of the chairman and chief executive to be separated and performed by different individuals. The Board considers that it will be more effective in implementing the Company's business strategies under the current arrangement as the Group has expanded into the electric vehicle sector and that a balance of power and authority is maintained at all times as the Board comprises experienced and high calibre individuals including sufficient number of independent non-executive directors as required under the Listing Rules.

Code Provision F.1.2

Pursuant to code provision F.1.2 of the Code, a board meeting should be held to discuss the appointment of the company secretary and the matter should be dealt with by a physical board meeting rather than a written resolution. The appointments of company secretaries of the Company were dealt with by written resolutions in April 2017 and October 2017. As all directors were individually consulted on the matters without any dissenting opinion prior to the execution of the relevant written resolutions, it was considered that there was no need to approve the matters by physical board meetings.

CHANGES IN DIRECTORS' INFORMATION

Pursuant to Rule 13.51B(1) of the Listing Rules, the changes in information of the directors of the Company since the date of the 2016/17 annual report of the Company are set out below:

- Mr. Tong Zhiyuan has been appointed as a member and Mr. Lo Wing Yat has resigned as a member of the Executive Committee of the Company with effect from 10 October 2017.
- Mr. Jaime Che became a senior vice president of the Company with effect from 16 November 2017.

DIRECTORS' SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has adopted a code for securities transactions by directors (the "Securities Code"), which is largely based on the Model Code set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules. The Securities Code is on terms no less exacting than the required standard set out in the Model Code. All directors of the Company have confirmed, following specific enquiry by the Company, their compliance with the required standard set out in the Model Code and the Securities Code throughout the six months ended 30 September 2017.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE LISTED SECURITIES OF THE COMPANY

During the six months ended 30 September 2017, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries has purchased, sold or redeemed any of the listed securities of the Company.

EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

Events occurred after the reporting period are detailed in note 24 to the interim financial statements.

REVIEW OF INTERIM RESULTS

The Audit Committee of the Company has reviewed with the management the unaudited consolidated interim results of the Group for the six months ended 30 September 2017 and this report.

By order of the Board
FDG Electric Vehicles Limited
Cao Zhong
Chairman & Chief Executive Officer

Hong Kong, 30 November 2017

As at the date of this report, the Board comprises Mr. Cao Zhong (Chairman and Chief Executive Officer), Mr. Miao Zhenguo (Deputy Chairman), Mr. Tong Zhiyuan (Chief Operating Officer), Dr. Chen Yanping (Chief Technical Officer), Mr. Lo Wing Yat and Mr. Jaime Che (Senior Vice President) as executive directors; Mr. Wong Kwok Yiu as non-executive director; and Mr. Chan Yuk Tong, Mr. Fei Tai Hung, Mr. Tse Kam Fow and Mr. Xu Jingbin as independent non-executive directors.

Website: <http://www.fdgev.com>