

INTCERA High Tech Group Limited



CHARACTERISTICS OF THE GROWTH ENTERPRISE MARKET ("GEM") OF THE STOCK EXCHANGE OF HONG KONG LIMITED (THE "STOCK EXCHANGE")

GEM has been established as a market designed to accommodate companies to which a high investment risk may be attached. In particular, companies may list on GEM with neither a track record of profitability nor any obligation to forecast future profitability. Furthermore, there may be risks arising out of the emerging nature of companies listed on GEM and the business sectors or countries in which the companies operate. Prospective investors should be aware of the potential risks of investing in such companies and should make the decision to invest only after due and careful consideration. The greater risk profile and other characteristics of GEM mean that it is a market more suited to professional and other sophisticated investors.

Given the emerging nature of companies listed on GEM, there is a risk that securities traded on GEM may be more susceptible to high market volatility than securities traded on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange and no assurance is given that there will be a liquid market in the securities traded on GEM.

The principal means of information dissemination on GEM is publication on the internet website operated by the Stock Exchange. Listed companies are not generally required to issue paid announcements in gazetted newspapers. Accordingly, prospective investors should note that they need to have access to the GEM website in order to obtain up-to-date information on GEM-listed issuers.

The Stock Exchange takes no responsibility for the contents of this report, makes no representation as to its accuracy or completeness and expressly disclaims any liability whatsoever for any loss however arising from or in reliance upon the whole or any part of the contents of this report.

This report for which the directors of Inteera High Tech Group Limited ("Directors") collectively and individually accept full responsibility includes particular given in compliance with the requirement of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Growth Enterprise Market of the Stock Exchange. The Directors confirm, having made all reasonable enquiries, that to the best of their knowledge and belief, (i) the information contained in the report are accurate and complete in all material aspects and not misleading; (ii) there are no other facts the omission of which would make any statement herein misleading; and (iii) opinions expressed in this report have been arrived at after due and careful consideration and are founded on bases and assumptions that are fair and reasonable.

HIGHLIGHTS (UNAUDITED)

- The Group recorded a total unaudited turnover of HK\$2,316,000 for the six months ended 30 June, 2002.
- The Group recorded an unaudited loss attributable to shareholders of HK\$16,714,000 for the six months ended 30 June, 2002, which is 19.8% reduced when compared to the same period in 2001.
- The Directors do not recommend the payment of an interim dividend for the six months ended 30 June, 2002.



UNAUDITED INTERIM RESULTS

The Board of Directors of Intera High Tech Group Limited (the "Company") hereby announces the unaudited consolidated results of the Company and its subsidiaries (the "Group") for the three months and six months ended 30 June, 2002 together with the comparative unaudited figures for the corresponding periods in 2001 as follows:

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

| | | Three months ended 30 June | | Six month | |
|-----------------------------------|-------|----------------------------|----------|-----------|----------|
| | | 2002 | 2001 | 2002 | 2001 |
| | Notes | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| Turnover | 2 | 942 | 10,062 | 2,316 | 27,461 |
| Cost of sales | | (3,276) | (7,139) | (5,752) | (21,829) |
| Gross (loss)/profit | | (2,334) | 2,923 | (3,436) | 5,632 |
| Other revenues | 2 | 185 | 1,464 | 388 | 3,345 |
| Selling and distribution expenses | | (333) | (271) | (907) | (501) |
| Administrative expenses | | (4,709) | (10,854) | (8,937) | (21,563) |
| Other net operating expenses | | (1,132) | (3,602) | (484) | (4,554) |
| Operating loss | 3 | (8,323) | (10,340) | (13,376) | (17,641) |
| Finance costs | | (1,607) | (1,746) | (3,338) | (3,209) |
| Loss before taxation | | (9,930) | (12,086) | (16,714) | (20,850) |
| Taxation | 4 | | | | |
| Loss after taxation and | | | | | |
| attributable to shareholders | | (9,930) | (12,086) | (16,714) | (20,850) |
| Basic loss per share (in cents) | 5 | (1.88) | (2.43) | (3.25) | (4.19) |

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

| | Notes | As at 30 June 2002 (unaudited) HK\$'000 | As at 31 December 2001 (audited) HK\$'000 |
|---|-------|---|---|
| Fixed assets | 6 | 153,131 | 134,718 |
| Long-term investments | | 854 | 854 |
| Long-term rental deposits | | 763 | 666 |
| Long-term pledged bank deposits | | 1,580 | 3,971 |
| Current assets Inventories Trade and notes receivables Other receivables, prepayments and deposits Other short-term investments Pledged bank deposits | 7 | 14,656 1,165 2,635 6,178 | 9,884 830 11,691 7,702 71,030 |
| Bank balances and cash | | 72,132 1,238 | 8,156 |
| | | 98,004 | 109,293 |
| Current liabilities Trade and notes payables Other payables and accrued charges Commercial paper Obligations under finance leases Current portion of long-term bank loans — unsecured — secured | 8 | 739 11,191 2,278 9,449 1,192 4,839 | 1,195 5,591 6,576 13,167 2,131 6,386 |
| Short-term bank loans — unsecured — secured | | 12,527 85,061 127,276 | 11,057 71,916 118,019 |
| Net current liabilities | | (29,272) | (8,726) |
| Total assets less current liabilities | | 127,056 | 131,483 |
| Financed by: | | | |
| Share capital | 9 | 301,294 | 200,862 |
| Reserves | | (180,108) | (79,937) |
| Shareholders' funds | | 121,186 | 120,925 |
| Minority interests | | _ | _ |
| Long-term liabilities | | 5,870 127,056 | 10,558 |



CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

| | Share | Share | Exchange | Accumulated | Merger | |
|----------------------------|----------|----------|------------|-------------|----------|----------|
| | Capital | premium | difference | losses | reserve | Total |
| | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| | | | | | | |
| Balance at 1 January, 2001 | 200,862 | 127,878 | (6,898) | (51,208) | 14,968 | 285,602 |
| Exchange differences | _ | _ | (4,096) | _ | _ | (4,096) |
| Loss for the period | _ | _ | _ | (20,850) | _ | (20,850) |
| | | | | | | |
| Balance at 30 June, 2001 | 200,862 | 127,878 | (10,994) | (72,058) | 14,968 | 260,656 |
| | | | | | | |
| Balance at 1 January, 2002 | 200,862 | 127,878 | (8,483) | (214,300) | 14,968 | 120,925 |
| New shares issue | 100,432 | (80,346) | _ | _ | _ | 20,086 |
| Share issue expenses | _ | (1,260) | _ | _ | _ | (1,260) |
| Exchange differences | _ | _ | (1,851) | _ | _ | (1,851) |
| Loss for the period | _ | _ | _ | (16,714) | _ | (16,714) |
| | | | | | | |
| Balance at 30 June, 2002 | 301,294 | 46,272 | (10,334) | (231,014) | 14,968 | 121,186 |
| | | | | | | |

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED CASHFLOW STATEMENT

Six months ended 30 June

| | 2002 HK\$'000 | 2001 <i>HK\$'000</i> |
|--|------------------|-------------------------|
| | 7 | |
| Net cash outflow from operating activities | (12,741) | (18,499) |
| Net cash outflow from investing activities | (10,714) | (55,746) |
| Net cash inflow from financing activities | 19,149 | 48,762 |
| | | |
| | (4,306) | (25,483) |
| | | |
| Decrease/(Increase) in pledged bank deposits | 1,958 | (33,035) |
| | | |
| Decrease in cash and cash equivalents | (2,348) | (58,518) |
| Cash and cash equivalents at 1 January | 1,580 | 100,179 |
| Effect of foreign exchange rate changes | (272) | 1,320 |
| | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents at 30 June | (1,040) | 42,981 |
| | | |
| Analysis of balances of cash and cash equivalents: | | |
| Bank balances and cash | 1,238 | 56,331 |
| Commercial paper | (2,278) | (13,350) |
| | | |
| | (1,040) | 42,981 |
| | | |



1. Basis of preparation

These unaudited condensed consolidated interim accounts ("interim accounts") are prepared in accordance with the Hong Kong Statement of Standard Accounting Practice ("SSAP") No. 25, "Interim Financial Reporting", issued by the Hong Kong Society of Accountants and Rule 18.55 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Growth Enterprise Market of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "GEM Listing Rules").

The accounting policies and methods of computation used in the preparation of these interim accounts are consistent with those used in the annual accounts for the year ended 31 December, 2001 except that the presentation and classification of items in the cashflow statement have been changed due to the adoption of the requirements of SSAP No. 15 (revised) on "Cashflow Statements" which is effective for accounting periods commencing on or after 1 January, 2002. As a result, cashflows during the period have been classified by operating, investing and financing activities. Certain comparative figures have also been reclassified to conform with the current period's presentation.

2. Turnover, revenue and segment information

| | Three i | months | Six months | | |
|------------------------|----------|----------|---------------|----------|--|
| | ended 3 | 30 June | ended 30 June | | |
| | 2002 | 2001 | 2002 | 2001 | |
| | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | |
| Turnover | | | | | |
| Sales of goods, net of | | | | | |
| discounts, returns | | | | | |
| and business tax | 942 | 10,062 | 2,316 | 27,461 | |
| | | | | | |
| Other revenues | | | | | |
| Interest income | 185 | 1,414 | 388 | 3,293 | |
| Other income | _ | 50 | _ | 52 | |
| | | | | | |
| | 185 | 1,464 | 388 | 3,345 | |
| | | | | | |
| Total revenues | 1,127 | 11,526 | 2,704 | 30,806 | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |

Primary reporting format - business segments

As the entire consolidated turnover and trading results of the Group are derived from the manufacture and sale of ceramic blanks and ferrules, an analysis of the consolidated trading results of the Group by business segments is not presented.

Secondary reporting format - geographical segments

The unaudited geographical segment information for the six months ended 30 June, 2002 and 30 June, 2001 is as follows:

| | Turnover | | Total assets | | Capital expenditure | |
|----------------|----------|----------|--------------|----------|---------------------|----------|
| | 2002 | 2001 | 2002 | 2001 | 2002 | 2001 |
| | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| | | | | | | |
| Taiwan | 1,348 | 16,746 | 98,686 | 195,285 | 1,881 | 13,912 |
| Mainland China | 950 | 876 | 85,106 | 65,412 | 22,156 | 61,700 |
| Hong Kong | _ | _ | 70,540 | 140,733 | _ | 247 |
| Europe | 18 | 9,839 | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| | | | | | | |
| | 2,316 | 27,461 | 254,332 | 401,430 | 24,037 | 75,859 |
| | | | | | | |

3. Operating loss

Operating loss is stated after crediting and charging the following:

| | Three months ended 30 June | | Six m ended 3 | onths 30 June |
|--|----------------------------|----------|------------------|------------------|
| | 2002 | 2001 | 2002 | 2001 |
| | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| Crediting | | | | |
| (Loss)/Gain on sale of other | | | | |
| short-term investments | (297) | 65 | 3,653 | 65 |
| Charging | | | | |
| Unrealised loss on other | | | | |
| short-term investments | 1,300 | _ | 1,300 | _ |
| Interest on borrowings | 1,607 | 1,746 | 3,338 | 3,209 |
| Depreciation | 4,671 | 5,161 | 9,364 | 8,293 |
| Amortisation of intangible assets (included in | | | | |
| administrative expenses) | | 1,378 | | 2,756 |



4. Taxation

No provision for Hong Kong profits tax has been made in the accounts as the Group had no assessable profit in Hong Kong for the six months ended 30 June, 2002 and six months ended 30 June, 2001.

The Taiwan subsidiary had been granted a tax holiday since commencing operation from 1 November, 1999. The profit from sales of its products is exempted from Taiwan income tax for the first five years of profit-making.

No recognition of the potential deferred taxation asset relating to tax losses has been made as the recoverability of this potential deferred taxation assets is uncertain.

5. Loss per share

The calculation of the Group's basic loss per share for the three months and six months ended 30 June, 2002 is based on the Group's loss attributable to the shareholders of HK\$9,930,000 and HK\$16,714,000 (2001: HK\$12,086,000 and HK\$20,850,000) and the weighted average number of 529,129,049 and 513,719,555 shares outstanding (2001: 498,138,844 shares) during the respective periods, after adjustment of the number of shares in issue prior to the rights issue on 3 June, 2002 by the factor 1.24. The basic loss per share for the three months and six months ended 30 June, 2001 has been restated accordingly.

No diluted loss per share has been presented because the exercise of the outstanding potential ordinary shares would have anti-dilutive effect for the period and prior periods.

6. Property, plant and equipment

During the six months ended 30 June, 2002, the Group spent HK\$24,037,000 on additions to plant and equipment (2001: HK\$75,859,000).

7. Trade and notes receiveables

| | 30 June | 31 December |
|-------------------|----------|-------------|
| | 2002 | 2001 |
| | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| | | |
| Trade receivables | 1,090 | 817 |
| Notes receivables | 75 | 13 |
| | | |
| | 1,165 | 830 |
| | | |

As at

As at

The Group's turnover are an open account terms, of which the settlement is generally expected to be repaid within 30 to 90 days of the date of sale.

At 30 June, 2002, the ageing analysis of the trade receivables was as follows:

| | As at | As at |
|-------------------|----------|-------------|
| | 30 June | 31 December |
| | 2002 | 2001 |
| | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| | | |
| Less than 30 days | 539 | 341 |
| 30-60 days | 289 | 450 |
| 61-90 days | 81 | 26 |
| 90-120 days | 181 | _ |
| | | |
| | 1,090 | 817 |
| | | |

8. Trade and notes payables

| | As at 30 June 2002 | As at 31 December 2001 |
|----------------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------------|
| | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| Trade payables Notes payables | 235 504 | 584 611 |
| | 739 | 1,195 |

At 30 June, 2002, the ageing analysis of the trade payables was as follows:

| | As at | As at |
|-------------------|----------|-------------|
| | 30 June | 31 December |
| | 2002 | 2001 |
| | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| | | |
| Less than 30 days | 131 | 372 |
| 30-60 days | 45 | 111 |
| 61-90 days | _ | 101 |
| 90-180 days | _ | _ |
| over 180 days | 59 | _ |
| | | |
| | 235 | 584 |
| | | |



9. Share capital

| | 30 June | 31 December |
|--|----------|-------------|
| | 2002 | 2001 |
| | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| Authorised: 1,000,000,000 (31 December, 2001: 624,000,000) ordinary shares of HK\$0.50 each | 500,000 | 312,000 |
| Issued and fully paid: 602,587,310 (31 December, 2001: 401,724,875) ordinary shares of HK\$0.50 each | 301,294 | 200,862 |

- (a) At the Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company held on 10 May, 2002, the authorised share capital of the Company was approved to increase from HK\$312,000,000 to HK\$500,000,000 by the creation of an additional 376,000,000 new shares of HK\$0.50 each in the capital of the Company.
- (b) On 3 June, 2002, the Company issued 40,172,487 new shares on the basis of one rights share for every ten shares held on 10 May, 2002 at HK\$0.50 per rights share payable in full and 160,689,948 bonus shares on the basis of four bonus shares for every fully paid rights share.

10. Contingent liabilities

As at 30 June, 2002 and 31 December, 2001, the Group did not have any significant contingent liabilities.

11. Commitments

Capital commitments for property, plant and equipment

| 30 June, | 31 December, |
|----------|--------------|
| 2002 | 2001 |
| HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| | |
| _ | 12,762 |

12. Related party transactions

The Group has various loan facilities in Taiwan of approximately HK\$67 million (31 December, 2001: HK\$67 million) that were jointly and severally guaranteed by Taiping Enterprises Co., Ltd. ("Taiping"), Mr. Koh Tat Lee and Mr. Tung Tai Yung and/or Mr. Tung Hau Keung (Mr. Tung Tai Yung's father) (the "Parties"). The directors confirm that no security over the assets of the Group has been granted to the Parties for such financial assistance provided by them.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Business Review and Outlook

In the first half of 2002, the Group recorded a turnover of HK\$2,316,000, down 91.6% on the same period in 2001. The Group also recorded a gross loss of HK\$3,436,000 in the first half in 2002, down from a gross profit of HK\$5,632,000 in the corresponding period in 2001. The loss attributable to shareholders of the Group for the six months ended 30 June, 2002 was HK\$16,714,000, an improvement of 19.8% over the loss in the corresponding period in the previous year. The main reason for the loss in the first half was the continuing weakness in the market for ferrules and the on-going changes in production technology that is limiting production. However, the Group has substantially cut costs and improved efficiency. In the first half of 2002, total operating costs were HK\$20,814,000 against HK\$35,830,000 in the corresponding period in 2001. Yields at the Taiwanese facility improved from 79% in the first quarter of 2002 to 85% in the second quarter.

The market itself, while showing few signs of reaching the levels seen in early 2001, has at least stabilised. The Group has received a number of sales enquiries, especially out of China.



Production

During the fourth quarter of 2001, the ferrule polishing line in Taiwan was extensively re-designed so as to eliminate the production problems experienced during 2001. In the first quarter of 2002, the line was reactivated and the results have been rapidly improving. During the first half of 2002, 384,489 ferrules passed through the production process and the Group achieved a production yield of 83% in Taiwan. In the second quarter, the yield improved to 85%, up from 79% in the first quarter. Mass production commenced in the second quarter in Taiwan, although quantity was limited to 120,000 per month in the facility. The Group's customers who have tested the product have stated that they are satisfied with the progress the Group has made and ordering from some of the Group's most important clients has recommenced.

In the third quarter, the Group has begun to produce Angled Physical Contact ("APC") ferrules for customers in Taiwan. Current yields are very good and sales of this product should help to increase margins as these products sell at higher prices.

China plant

Given the production problems faced in Taiwan, the China plant spent much of 2001 focusing on re-working ferrules that had been returned to the Group from customers. The majority of that work is now complete. The Group has now reactivated its polishing line at the China facility incorporating the additional technology improvements achieved in Taiwan. In June, the Group commenced ramping up production. In July, the Group produced over 100,000 ferrules at yield rates of over 80%. The current plan for the China plant is to produce 300,000 pieces per month starting from August rising to 600,000 ferrules per month by the end of the year.

To achieve this level of production, the Group has once again begun employing operators in China. The workforce size has risen to about 100 employees as at the end of June, up from 42 as at the end of March 2002. The Group anticipates that the workforce strength will have to be increased to around 150 by the end of 2002.

Demand and sales

The Group believes that the final market for ferrules has stabilised with worldwide demand still over 30 million pieces per month. There is also some evidence that selective re-stocking has begun. Prices likewise have stabilised, albeit at much lower levels than seen in 2001.

China as a source of demand has become increasingly important, with the Group receiving a number of enquiries from the mainland during the first half. In the second quarter of the year, the Group entered into two long-term supply agreements with mainland Chinese companies. Although the contracts are currently at relatively small volumes, the number of ferrules to be supplied will increase as production at the Chinese facility increases. In addition, the Group has also seen an improvement in the order backlog, especially in Taiwan. Indeed, despite the planned increase in production at the China facility, the Group will not be able to fully satisfy its customers' orders over the next few months.

Manpower

After the dramatic manpower cutbacks experienced as the Group realigned its business to the existing market conditions, the total number of employees fell from a peak of 600 in July, 2001 to a low of 140 in March 2002. As at the end of June 2002, the total number of employees was about 200.

The number of employees at the China facility will expand as the Group ramps up production from a current total of 103 to an estimated 150 workers by the end of 2002.

Finance and liquidity

As at 30 June, 2002, the Group had total assets of approximately HK\$254,332,000 and bank balances and cash of approximately HK\$1,238,000. Although there is a shortfall of approximately HK\$1,040,000 to the cash and cash equivalents, the Group has secured standby loan facilities from a shareholder totaling HK\$28 million. The Group continues to discuss further long-term funding opportunities with a number



of other investors. On 1 August, 2002, the shareholders approved the placement of HK\$40 million 2% unlisted convertible bonds due 2003 on a fully-underwritten basis. Proceeds from this issue are to be used to repay bank loans, to purchase new machinery and retooling parts, to purchase new raw materials for ramping up production and for general working capital.

As at 30 June, 2002, the Group had bank loans and other borrowings (inclusive of long-term and short-term bank and other borrowings) totalling HK\$119 million and the gearing ratio (i.e. total external borrowing/total assets) of 47%. Bank facilities of HK\$175 million was granted to the Group as at 30 June, 2002. To secure such facilities, fixed assets of HK\$45.8 million and bank deposits of HK\$74 million of the Group were charged to the banks.

Prospects

Management has seen signs of stabilisation in the market for ferrules and, although the market in the United States and Europe remains weak, Management has seen encouraging signs from Asia. In Japan, the fiber-to-the-home initiative by NTT is beginning to gather momentum and in China fiber deployment continues to be strong.

Therefore, the Group plans to continue to increase production in China during the remainder of 2002. This should lead to a significant improvement in turnover in the second half of 2002 over the first half of the year. Nevertheless, given the working capital costs of increasing production in China, the Group considers that the full impact of greater production and the lower cost base will not be fully realized until 2003.

In the longer term, the prospects for the ferrule market remain extremely good. Telecommunication companies still need to replace the copper legacy networks that still account for over 90% of all network infrastructure worldwide. The replacement, for the most part, will be fiber solutions. These replacements will require a massive number of fiber connectors, the number increasing with the complexity of the network. Therefore, Management remains convinced in the attractive long-term prospects of the business.

COMPARISON OF BUSINESS OBJECTIVES WITH ACTUAL BUSINESS PROGRESS

Set out below is a comparison between the Group's actual business progress as at 30 June, 2002 and business objectives as set out in its prospectus dated 27 June, 2000 (the "Prospectus"):

Business objectives as set out in the Prospectus:

Actual business progress as at 30 June, 2002:

Research and development

 Continue to search for new types of ceramic powder mixtures from different suppliers; and There is ample source for powder supply currently.

 Improve the yield rates of miniature ceramic ferrules produced at the Group's production facilities in Taiwan. During the past few months, the Group has modified the production process to meet the more stringent market specification for miniature ferrules and expects to reach 80% of yield rates by the end of 2002

Production facilities

 Complete the installation of additional machinery and equipment and commence the sample operation for the production of ceramic sleeves at the Group's production facilities in Taiwan; The sleeve project was cancelled due to the low market price. It is not profitable to invest additional equipment for the production of sleeves. The Group will focus on both standard and special application ferrules.



 Complete the installation of additional machinery and equipment and complete the sample production of miniature ceramic ferrules at the Group's production facilities in the People's Republic of China; The commercial production plan has been postponed due to the immature market for miniature ceramic ferrules. Its production is currently running at a relatively small scale and the Group is focusing on the further improvement and stabilisation of the production yield rate.

 Commence the commercial production of miniature ceramic ferrules at the Group's production facilities in the People's Republic of China; and Please see the paragraph immediately above.

4. Further increase the total production capacity of the Group's production facilities in the People's Republic of China to approximately 1.9 million ceramic ferrules per month.

The production capacity of the Group's China facilities is currently staying at 750,000 ceramic ferrules per month. After a restructuring exercise beginning of this year, the Group is planning to ramp up production in its China plant to 600,000 per month by the end of 2002.

Sales and marketing

 Search for more distributors to establish a broader customer base; The Group has constantly been in search especially in China for distributors for its products.

 Participate in professional trade shows and conferences such as Optical Fibre Communication Conference; The Group attended the "EXPO COMM China 2002" in Hangzhou, China in May 2002 and will attend the International Optoelecronics Exposition in Taiwan (OPTO Taiwan 2002) in August 2002.

 Obtain purchase order for miniature ceramic ferrules produced by the Group's production facilities in the People's Republic of China; Due to the relatively immature market, the production of miniature ferrules is only carrying on in the Group's Taiwan production facilities. The Group has obtained several orders for miniature ceramic ferrules from Taiwanese customers.

 Continue to advertise the Group's products on selective e-commerce websites and publications related to the fibre optics industry; and The Group continues to advertise on selective websites and in industry publications.

 Visit existing and potential customers and understand their requirements so as to secure more contracts with them.

The Group has been working incessantly with customers to meet with their requirements on more stringent specifications and get feedback from them about our products. To this effect, the Group has engaged sales engineers to head up the sales team in order to better service customers.



INTERIM DIVIDEND

The Board does not recommend the payment of an interim dividend for the six months ended 30 June, 2002 (2001: NiI).

USE OF PROCEEDS

From the rights issue

The Group raised approximately HK\$20 million through the issue of 40,172,487 rights shares at HK\$0.50 per rights share on the basis that one rights share for every ten existing shares held and each rights share carries with it an entitlement for four bonus shares.

After deducting the relevant expenses, the net proceeds of the rights issue are approximately HK\$19 million, of which HK\$13.4 million has been used for repayment of various borrowings and the remaining proceeds of HK\$4.4 million has been used as general working capital for the operations of the Group.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN AND RIGHTS TO SECURITIES

(a) As at 30 June, 2002, according to the register required to be kept under Section 29 of the Securities (Disclosure of Interests) Ordinance ("SDI Ordinance"), the interests of directors of the Company and their associates in shares of the Company were as follows:

| | | r of ordinary sl | hares held | | |
|--------------------------|------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-----------|-------------|
| | Personal | Family | Corporate | Other | Total |
| Name of Director | interests | interests | interests | interests | interests |
| Mr. Tung Tai Yung | 30,337,500 | _ | 156,759,935 (Note 1) | - | 187,097,435 |
| Mr. Koh Tat Lee | 3,300,000 | 3,275,000 (Note 2) | - | - | 6,575,000 |
| Mr. Shih Wen Hao | 1,883,000 | _ | _ | - | 1,883,000 |
| Mr. King Chun Kong, Karl | 5,500,000 | _ | _ | _ | 5,500,000 |

Notes:

- These shares are held through Taiping and Mamcol Taiwan Company Limited ("Mamcol"), which is a subsidiary of Taiping. These shares are attributable to Mr. Tung Tai Yung under the SDI Ordinance, since Taiping is a corporation whose board of directors is accustomed to act in accordance with Mr. Tung Tai Yung's directions or instructions and Taiping in turn holds more than one third of the issued shares in Mamcol.
- 2. These shares are held by the wife of Mr. Koh Tat Lee, Ms. Eva Wong.



Number of aggregate

(b) Pursuant to the Company's share option scheme, certain directors have personal interests in share option to subscribe for shares in the Company. The number of options granted to each director over the shares of the Company up to 30 June, 2002 is as follows:

(Note 1)

4,500,000

| Name of Director | snare options |
|-------------------|---------------|
| Mr. Tung Tai Yung | 600,000 |
| Mr. Koh Tat Lee | Nil (Note 2) |
| Mr. Shin Wen Hao | 5,250,000 |

Notes:

Name of Diverse

Mr. King Chun Kong, Karl

- The number of share options for each director had been adjusted for Rights Issue from 13 May, 2002.
- 2. Mr. Koh Tat Lee resigned as executive director of the Company on 31 October, 2001 and was appointed as non-executive director on 1 November, 2001. Pursuant to the rules of the Company's Share Option Scheme adopted on 21 June, 2000, all options held by Mr. Koh were lapsed on 31 January, 2002, (i.e. 3 months immediately after his resignation as executive director).

No share option was granted or exercised during the period.

Save as disclosed above, as at 30 June, 2002, none of the directors or chief executives of the Company or their respective spouses or children under 18 years of age had any right to subscribe for the shares of the Company or its associated corporations.

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDER'S INTERESTS

As at 30 June, 2002, according to the register required to be kept under Section 16(1) of the SDI Ordinance, the following company (in addition to the interest of Mr. Tung Tai Yung disclosed above) was interested in 10 per cent. or more of the issued share capital of the Company:

(Note 2)

| | | Percentage of issued share | |
|-----------------------------|------------------|----------------------------|--|
| Name of Shareholder | Number of shares | | |
| Taiping Enterprise Co., Ltd | 156,759,935 | 26.01 | |
| | (Note 1) | | |

Notes:

- These shares are held as to 156,017,435 directly by Taiping and as to 742,500 through Mamcol, which is a subsidiary of Taiping.
- The percentage of issued shares has been arrived at on the basis of a total of 602,587,310 shares of the Company in issue as at 30 June, 2002.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE COMPANY'S LISTED SECURITIES

The Company has not redeemed any of its shares during the period. Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries has purchased or sold any of the Company's shares during the period.

INTEREST OF SPONSOR

To the best knowledge of the Company's sponsor, Shenyin Wanguo Capital (H.K.) Ltd. ("Shenyin Wanguo Capital"), its directors, employees or associates, did not have any interest in the securities of the Company or any member of the Group, or



any right to subscribe for or to nominate persons to subscribe for the securities of the Company or any member of the Group as at 30 June, 2002.

Pursuant to the sponsorship agreement entered into between the Company and Shenyin Wanguo Capital on 11 September, 2001, Shenyin Wanguo Capital has been appointed as sponsor of the Company for the period commencing on 11 September, 2001 and ending 31 December, 2002 and the Company shall pay an agreed amount of fee to Shenyin Wanguo Capital for its provision of services as sponsor to the Company as required under the GEM Listing Rules.

OUTSTANDING SHARE OPTIONS

As at 30 June, 2002, options to subscribe for an aggregate of 50,420,616 shares of the Company granted pursuant to the Company's share option scheme were outstanding. Details of the breakdown are set out as follows:

(Note 2)

Ontion period

| | | Option period |
|----------------------|----------------|-------------------------------------|
| | | (commencing from the date |
| (Note 1) | (Note 1) | of grant and terminating |
| No. of share options | Exercise price | ten years thereafter) |
| 17,715,000 | HK\$0.731 | 20 July, 2000 to 19 July, 2010 |
| 10,800,000 | HK\$0.789 | 10 October, 2000 to 9 October, 2010 |
| 2,405,616 | HK\$0.738 | 22 April, 2001 to 21 April, 2011 |
| 19,500,000 | HK\$0.500 | 10 July, 2001 to 9 July, 2011 |

Notes:

- The number of share options and its exercise price had been adjusted for Rights Issue from 13 May, 2002.
- The options may be exercised at any time within the option period provided that the
 options have been vested. Generally, the options are vested in different tranches and
 may be exercised within the option period.

Save as disclosed above, as at 30 June, 2002, none of the directors or chief executives of the Company or their respective sponses or children under 18 years of age had any right to subscribe for securities of the Company or its associated corporations, or had exercised any such rights.

COMPETING INTERESTS

As at 30 June, 2002, none of the directors or the management shareholders of the Company or their respective associates (as defined in the GEM Listing Rules) had an interest in a business that competed with or might compete with the business of the Group.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

As required by Rule 5.23 of the GEM Listing Rules, the Company has established an audit committee with written terms of reference which deal clearly with its authority and duties. The audit committee's principal duties are the review and supervision of the Company's financial reporting process and internal control systems. The audit committee meets at least once a quarter.

The audit committee comprises two members, namely Mr. Domingo Chen and Mr. Henry Goldstein, both being independent non-executive Directors of the Company.

COMPLIANCE WITH RULE 5.28 TO 5.39 OF THE GEM LISTING RULES

The Company has complied with the board practices and procedures as set out in Rules 5.28 to 5.39 of the GEM Listing Rules for the Half-Yearly Period.

By Order of the Board
Intcera High Tech Group Limited
Tung Tai Yung
Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

Hong Kong, 13 August, 2002