

Annual Report 2008



CHARACTERISTICS OF THE GROWTH ENTERPRISE MARKET ("GEM") OF THE STOCK EXCHANGE OF HONG KONG LIMITED (THE "STOCK EXCHANGE")

GEM has been positioned as a market designed to accommodate companies to which a higher investment risk may be attached than other companies listed on the Stock Exchange. Prospective investors should be aware of the potential risks of investing in such companies and should make the decision to invest only after due and careful consideration. The greater risk profile and other characteristics of GEM mean that it is a market more suited to professional and other sophisticated investors.

Given the emerging nature of companies listed on GEM, there is a risk that securities traded on GEM may be more susceptible to high market volatility than securities traded on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange and no assurance is given that there will be a liquid market in the securities traded on GEM.

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This report, for which the directors of abc Multiactive Limited collectively and individually accept full responsibility, includes particulars given in compliance with the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Growth Enterprise Market of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited for the purpose of giving information with regard to abc Multiactive Limited. The directors, having made all reasonable enquiries, confirm that, to the best of their knowledge and belief: (1) the information contained in this report is accurate and complete in all material respects and not misleading; (2) there are no other matters the omission of which would make any statement in this report misleading; and (3) all opinions expressed in this report have been arrived at after due and careful consideration and are founded on bases and assumptions that are fair and reasonable.

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Corporate Information

DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

Mr. Terence Chi Yan HUI Mr. Joseph Chi Ho HUI

Non-executive Director

Mr. Kau Mo HUI

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. Ronald Kwok Fai POON
Mr. Kwong Sang LIU
Mr. Edwin Kim Ho WONG
(appointed on 29 August 2008)
Mr. Clifford Sau Man NG
(resigned on 29 August 2008)

QUALIFIED ACCOUNTANT

Mr. Siu Leong CHEUNG

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. Siu Leong CHEUNG

COMPLIANCE OFFICER

Mr. Terence Chi Yan HUI

AUTHORISED REPRESENTATIVES

Mr. Terence Chi Yan HUI Mr. Siu Leong CHEUNG

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Mr. Ronald Kwok Fai POON
Mr. Kwong Sang LIU
Mr. Edwin Kim Ho WONG
(appointed on 29 August 2008)
Mr. Clifford Sau Man NG
(resigned on 29 August 2008)

BERMUDA RESIDENT REPRESENTATIVE

Mr. John Charles Ross COLLIS

BERMUDA DEPUTY RESIDENT REPRESENTATIVE

Mr. Anthony Devon WHALEY

AUDITORS

HLB Hodgson Impey Cheng Chartered Accountants Certified Public Accountants 31st Floor, Gloucester Tower The Landmark 11 Pedder Street Central, Hong Kong

REGISTERED OFFICE

Clarendon House 2 Church Street Hamilton HM11 Bermuda

HEAD OFFICE AND PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS

17th Floor, Regent Centre 88 Queen's Road Central Central Hong Kong

BERMUDA PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Butterfield Fulcrum Group (Bermuda) Limited Rosebank Centre 11 Bermudiana Road Pembroke Bermuda

HONG KONG BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Tricor Abacus Limited 26/F Tesbury Centre 28 Queen's Road East Hong Kong

PRINCIPAL BANKERS

Hang Seng Bank Limited
The Hong Kong and Shanghai
Banking Corporation Limited
Mevas Bank Limited

STOCK CODE

8131

WEBSITE

http://www.abcmultiactive.com

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Chairman's Statement

Year 2008 was a dramatic year marked with the outbreak of the US sub-prime mortgage crisis which grown into a global financial crisis. With the decline in the Asian stock markets, many brokerage firms have become more conservative in their business expansion and technology investments. As we are secured with a solid customer base and our diversified products range, the Company has been able to maintain our business results for the year.

While the global economic downturn has shaken the confidence of market and put the financial industry on alert over the slowdown in demand and decline in business volume, the Company will continue to provide our clients with cost effective brokerage solution and CRM products to enhance their competitiveness in this market.

Looking forward, we believe that China's long-term economic fundamentals remain sound in spite of the current market. We will continue our market activities in the different Asian markets with a focus on China.

I would like to thank our board of directors, shareholders, customers, and industry partners for their continued support and our employees for their contribution.

Terence Chi Yan Hui

Chairman

Hong Kong, 13 February 2009

Management Discussion and Analysis

Financial Review

The Group recorded a turnover of approximately HK\$17,851,000 for the year ended 30 November 2008, a 2% decrease from approximately HK\$18,194,000 for the same period of the previous year. Of the total turnover amount, HK\$8,615,000 or 48% was generated from software license sales, HK\$2,620,000 or 15% was generated from contract revenue, HK\$5,702,000 or 32% was generated from maintenance services, and HK\$914,000 or 5% was generated from sales of hardware. At 30 November 2008, the Group had approximately HK\$6 million worth of contracts that were in progress. The net loss attributable to shareholders for the year ended 30 November 2008 was HK\$2,214,000, whereas the Group recorded a net loss of approximately HK\$5,395,000 for the same period of the previous year.

The operating expenditures amounted to HK\$13,998,000 for the year ended 30 November 2008, a 2% decrease from HK\$14,338,000 for the corresponding period of the previous year. To maintain sufficient supply of labour force for the Group and to exercise prudent cost control measures by implementing tight expenses measures in its operations, the Group had shifted certain work load of e-Finance projects to PRC Shenzhen office during the year. As a result, a number of headcount in the research and development team increased but average development cost was able to reduced.

As a result of the Group invested additional computer hardware and office equipment during the year 2007, depreciation expenses increased from approximately HK\$285,000 for the year ended 30 November 2007 to approximately HK\$328,000 in the current fiscal year.

The Group did not have any amortisation expenses for the year ended 30 November 2008 due to the write-off of the remaining amounts of goodwill and intellectual property rights at the end of fiscal year 2002.

During the current period, the Group invested approximately HK\$6,081,000 in developing new modules for its OCTO Straight Through Processing ("STP") system.

At 30 November 2008, a provision for impairment of approximately HK\$1,525,000 was carried in the balance sheet for of the long outstanding trade receivables. The directors were uncertain whether the amount would ultimately be collected due to the sluggish economy and considered that it was prudent to make such a provision.

Total staff costs (excluding directors' remuneration) are approximately HK\$13,254,000 for the year ended 30 November 2008, remains stable compared to HK\$13,263,000 for the same period of the previous year.

Operation Review

For the year ended 30 November 2008, e-Finance turnover is HK\$16,733,000, a decrease of 3% when compared to HK\$17,314,000 for the same period of the previous year. During the year, the Group continued to enhance its array of solutions and capabilities through product to improve the internal ability to streamline and automate processing and information flows. For external, the Group continuing to promote its OCTOSTP securities trading solutions to Asia region banks and global securities firms in the Asian regions. As a result, the Group was able to sign new contracts (excluding hardware sales) with total contract sum of approximately HK\$9,212,000 for acquiring and implementing the Group's e-Finance well known OCTOSTP solutions which were included contracts with two Taiwan brokerage firms that has new local operations in Hong Kong. Furthermore, the Group is actively preparing itself to promote its OCTOSTP solutions to China market and closely working with China partners to explore new business opportunities.

Management Discussion and Analysis

During the year, e-Business turnover is HK\$1,118,000, an increase of 27% when compared to HK\$880,000 for the same period of previous year. The increase was attributed to newly version of Maximizer CRM 10 products were launched in the market since November 2007 and the Group had signed a sales contract with a Hong Kong based airline to purchase a high volume of seats of Maximizer products in the third quarter.

During the year, the Group's Shanghai subsidiary had successfully established its resellers network throughout including Shanghai, Nanjing, Guangzhou and Shenzhen to promote Maximizer CRM software. The Group continues its focus on marketing activities in the region and built up the stronger reseller channel in Greater China market. During the year, the Group had participated in the China (Nanjing) International Software Product Expoheld in Nanjing and China High Technology Fair held in Shenzhen in September 2008 and October 2008 respectively.

Capital structure

As at 30 November 2008, the total issued share capital of the Company was HK\$16,059,097 divided into 160,590,967 ordinary shares of HK\$0.10 each.

Liquidity and Financial Resources

The Group operates a conservative set of treasury policies to ensure that no unnecessary risks are taken with the Group's assets. No investments other than cash and other short-term bank deposits are currently permitted.

At 30 November 2008, the Group's borrowings were repayable as follows:

		The G	roup	
	Bank borrowings			
	and ove	rdrafts	Other	loans
	2008	2007	2008	2007
	HK\$′000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Within 1 year	_	_	_	_
Between 1 and 2 years	_	_	27,908	23,535
Between 2 and 5 years			<u>-</u>	
Wholly repayable within 5 years	-	_	27,908	23,535
Over 5 years				
			27,908	23,535

On 27 November 2008, Pacific East Limited had assigned its two promissory notes including interest receivable from the Group in the total amount of HK\$18,205,000 to Active Investments Capital Limited, a related company wholly owned by the chief executive officer of the Company. To cope of this change, the Company had cancelled two promissory notes with Pacific East Limited and reissued a new promissory note in the amount of HK\$18,205,000 payable to Active Investments Capital Limited in the same date under the same terms and conditions as previous promissory notes with Pacific East Limited.

Management Discussion and Analysis

At 30 November 2008, the Group had outstanding borrowings of approximately HK\$6,872,000 representing a current account with Maximizer Software Inc., the ultimate holding company, which was unsecured and interest bearing at the annual Canadian prime rate as quoted by the Hong Kong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited plus 2% compounded monthly (Maximizer Software Inc. has confirmed that it will not demand repayment of the current account within twelve months from 30 November 2008); HK\$4,634,000 representing a loan from Wickham Group Limited, a party connected to a non-executive director of the Company, which was unsecured, interest bearing at the Hong Kong prime rate and maturing on 21 May 2010; CAD\$485,000 representing a loan from Active Investments Capital Limited, a related company wholly owned by the chief executive officer of the Company, which was unsecured, interest bearing at the Hong Kong prime rate and will not be repayable within the next twenty four months of 26 November 2008; and approximately HK\$18,205,000 representing a loan from Active Investments Capital Limited was assigned from Pacific East Limited in 27 November 2008, a related company wholly owned by the chief executive officer of the Company, which was unsecured, interest bearing at the Hong Kong prime rate and maturing on 31 May 2010. The Group expresses its gearing ratio as a percentage of borrowings and long term debts over total assets. As at 30 November 2008, the Group's gearing ratio was 4.19.

Pledge of Assets

The Group did not have any mortgage or charge over its assets at 30 November 2008.

Exposure to fluctuations in exchange rates and related hedges

All the Group's assets, liabilities and transactions are denominated either in Hong Kong dollars, Renminbi, Canadian dollars or Australian dollars. Except for the current account between the Company and its Australian subsidiaries which is denominated in Hong Kong dollars, it is the Group's policy for each operating entity to borrow in local currencies where necessary in order to minimise currency risk.

As at 30 November 2008, the Group did not have any foreign currency investments which have been hedged by currency borrowings and other hedging instruments.

Treasury policy

Cash and bank deposits of the Group are either in HK dollars, Renminbi, Canadian dollars or Australian dollars. The Group conducts its core business transaction mainly in HK dollars, such that the Group did not use any derivative instruments to hedge its foreign currency exposure as the Group considered its foreign currency exposure is insignificant.

Contingent Liabilities

The Group and the Company had no material contingent liabilities as at 30 November 2008.

Significant Investments

The Group has not held any significant investment for the year ended 30 November 2008.

Management Discussion and Analysis

Major Events

As at 30 November 2008, the Group had no material capital commitments and no future plans for material investments or capital assets.

Employee and Remuneration Policy

The directors believe that the quality of its employees is the most important factor in sustaining the Group's growth and improving its profitability. The Group's remuneration package is structured with reference to the individual performance, working experience and prevailing salary levels in the market. In addition to basic salaries and mandatory provident fund, staff benefits include medical coverage scheme and share options. As at 30 November 2008, the Group had employed 48 staffs in Hong Kong and 21 staffs in PRC China. Total staff costs for the year under review amounted to approximately HK\$13,254,000.

Pension scheme

Effective from 1 December 2000, the Group joined the Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme (the "MPF Scheme") for all of its employees employed under the jurisdiction of the Hong Kong Employment Ordinance. The MPF Scheme is registered with the Mandatory Provident Fund Authority under the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance (Chapter 485 of the Laws of Hong Kong) in Hong Kong. The assets of the MPF Scheme are held separately from those of the Group in funds under the control of an independent trustee. Under the rules of the MPF Scheme, the Group and its employees are each required to make contributions to the MPF Scheme at 5% of the employees' relevant income, subject to a cap of monthly relevant income of HK\$20,000.

The retirement benefit scheme cost charged to the income statement represents contributions payable by the Group to the funds and is expensed as incurred. During the year, the retirement benefit scheme contributions borne by the Group amounted to HK\$439,000 (2007: HK\$453,000). No forfeited contribution for the Group is available to reduce the contribution payable in the future years. Contributions to the scheme vest immediately.

Prospects

The Group will continue to focus on the Group's fundamentals to achieve profitability. Considering the keen competition in Hong Kong e-Finance market, the Group will more proactive in seeking for overseas opportunities to promote its financial solutions to overseas customer especially in Greater China region. The directors believed that the Group has well diversified product range that is fitted to the global market needs and it is well equipped to face new challenge from the overseas market.

The Group believes the growth of CRM market in the Asian region especially in Greater China region still under its development stage. Following the launch of new version of Maximizer CRM solutions in the period, the Group will continue to promote Maximizer CRM brand name in the region by attending regional exhibitions and effective marketing campaign.

The directors believe that the Group is well positioned for growth, as the Group's integrated multi-product systems for e-Finance and e-Business will offer customers the tools to expand their operations and services as the economy continues to improve.

Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management

Executive directors

Mr. Terence Chi Yan HUI, aged 45, is the Chairman and Compliance Officer of the Company and is responsible for the strategic direction of the Group. He received his Bachelor Degree in Physics from the University of California - Berkeley in USA and earned a Master Degree in Electrical Engineering from Santa Clara University in USA. Mr. Hui joined the Group in March 2000.

Mr. Hui is also the chairman of Vancouver-based, Maximizer Software Inc. ("MSI"), the major shareholder of the Company. He is the president and chief executive officer of Concord Pacific Group Inc., a leading real estate development company in Canada.

Mr. Joseph Chi Ho HUI, aged 38, joined the Group in November 2000. He received his undergraduate degree in Electrical Engineering from the University of British Columbia in Canada and earned a Master's Degree in Electrical Engineering from Stanford University in USA. Mr. Hui is the Vice President of Research and Development in Maximizer Software Inc. where he is responsible for directing the vision and development of the Maximizer line of products. Mr. Hui is the brother of Mr. Terence Chi Yan Hui.

Non-executive director

Mr. Kau Mo HUI, aged 75, joined the Group in March 2000. He is the executive director of China Railsmedia Corporation Limited is a company listed on the main board of Stock Exchange. Mr. Hui is the father of Mr. Terrence Chi Yan Hui and Mr. Joseph Chi Ho Hui.

Independent non-executive directors

Mr. Ronald Kwok Fai POON, aged 59, is a solicitor and notary public practising in Hong Kong since 1980. Mr. Poon became an independent non-executive director of the Company in March 2000.

Mr. Kwong Sang LIU, aged 47, has been practising as certified public accountant in Hong Kong with more than 18 years of experience. Mr. Liu graduated with honours from Hong Kong Polytechnic University with Bachelor degree in Accountancy and obtained the Master in Business Administration degree from the University of Lincoln, United Kingdom. He is an associate member of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales, a fellow member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants, a fellow member of the Institute of Financial Accountants and a fellow member of the National Institute of Accountants, Australia. Mr. Liu is also a fellow member of Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants, a fellow member of the Taxation Institute of Hong Kong, a fellow member of the Society of Registered Financial Planners. Mr. Liu does not hold any other positions in the Company or other members of the Group or its subsidiaries. Mr. Liu is currently the independent non-executive director of Polytec Asset Holdings Limited and China Railsmedia Corporation Limited, which are companies listed on the main board of the Stock Exchange. Mr. Liu became an independent non-executive director of the Company in September 2004.

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Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management

Mr. Edwin Kim Ho WONG, aged 35, graduated in Major of Economics from York University, Toronto. Mr. Wong is currently the key management of one well known Hong Kong textile company especially in OEM export business. Mr. Wong has a solid management experience gained from textile industry and related business more than 10 years. Mr. Wong became an independent non-executive director of the Company in August 2008.

Senior management

Mr. Samson Chi Yang HUI, aged 37, is the Chief executive officer of the Group. He is responsible for initiating and leading negotiations for mergers and acquisitions of the Group, as well as managing the Group's regional sales and marketing activities. He has over 13 years experience in managing real estate, trading, investment and IT businesses. Mr. Hui is the brother of Mr. Terence Chi Yan Hui and Mr. Joseph Chi Ho Hui.

Mr. Siu Leong CHEUNG, aged 36, joined the Company in August 2003. Mr. Cheung is the qualified accountant, company secretary, authorised representative, and authorised representative for the acceptance of process in Hong Kong. Mr. Cheung is an associated member of both the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants and the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. He is responsible for the day-to-day accounting and related matters of the Company. Mr. Cheung had worked in the auditing, accounting, and financial field for more than 12 years.

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Report of the Directors

The directors have pleasure in submitting their report together with the audited financial statements of abc Multiactive Limited (hereinafter referred to as the "Company") and its subsidiaries (hereinafter collectively referred to as the "Group") for the year ended 30 November 2008.

Principal activities

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding. The activities of its subsidiaries are set out in Note 17 to the financial statements. There was no significant change in its activities during the year.

Segment information

An analysis of the Group's performance for the year by business and geographical segments is set out in Note 6 to the financial statements.

Results and appropriation

The results of the Group for the year ended 30 November 2008 and the state of affairs of the Group and the Company at that date are set out in the financial statements on pages 28 to 31.

The directors do not recommended the payment of any dividend in respect of the year ended 30 November 2008 (2007: Nil).

Property, plant and equipment

Details of the movements in property, plant and equipment of the Group during the year are set out in Note 16 to the financial statements.

Share capital and share option

Details of the movements in the Company's share capital during the year and details of the Company's share option scheme are set out in Note 20 and Note 15 to the financial statements.

Distributable reserves

As at 30 November 2008, the Company has no distributable reserve calculated under the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda (as amended) and the Company's bye-laws.

Reserves

Details of movements in the reserves of the Company and the Group during the year are set out in Note 21 to the financial statements and in the consolidated statement of changes in the equity, respectively.

Pre-emptive rights

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Company's bye-laws and there was no restriction against such rights under the laws of Bermuda.

Purchase, sale or redemption of the Company's listed securities

The Company has not redeemed any of its listed securities during the year. Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries has purchased or sold any of the Company's listed securities during the year (2007: Nil).

Report of the Directors

Directors

The directors of the Company during the year and up to the date of this report were:

Executive Directors

Mr. Terence Chi Yan Hui (Chairman)

Mr. Joseph Chi Ho Hui

Non-executive Director

Mr. Kau Mo Hui

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. Ronald Kwok Fai Poon

Mr. Kwong Sang Liu

Mr. Edwin Kim Ho Wong (appointed on 29 August 2008)

Mr. Clifford Sau Man Ng (resigned on 29 August 2008)

In accordance with Bye-laws 87 of the Company's bye-laws, Messr. Kwong Sang Liu and Messr. Kau Mo Hui retire by rotation and, being eligible, offers themselves for re-election.

In accordance with Bye-laws 87 of the Company's bye-laws, Messr. Edwin Kim Ho Wong will retire at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting but, being eligible, offers himself for re-election.

Mr. Ronald Kowk Fai Poon and Mr. Kwong Sang Liu are independent non-executive directors and were appointed for a three year term expiring on 30 June 2009. Mr. Edwin Kim Ho Wong is independent non-executive director and was appointed for a three year term expiring on 28 August 2011.

Directors' services contracts

None of the directors who are proposed for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting has a service contract with the Company which is not determinable by the Company within one year without payment of compensation, other than the statutory compensation.

Directors' interests in contracts

The directors' interests in contracts are set out in Note 26 to the financial statements. Apart from the foregoing, no other contracts of significance in relation to the Group's business to which the Company, its holding companies or its subsidiaries was a party and in which a director of the Company had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

Management contracts

No contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company were entered into or existed during the year.

Biographical details of directors and senior management

Details of biological details of directors and senior management are set out on pages 8 to 9 of this annual report.

Report of the Directors

Connected/related party transactions

Details of the connected/related party transactions of the Group are set out in Note 26 to financial statements.

Directors' and chief executives' interests and short positions in the shares, underlying shares and debentures

At 30 November 2008, the interests and short positions of the directors and chief executives in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company and its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO") as recorded in the register required to be kept under Section 352 of SFO or as otherwise notified to the Company and The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") pursuant to Rule 5.46 to 5.68 of the GEM Listing Rules were as follows:

Long positions in shares

a) The Company:

		Number of or	dinary shares		
Name of director	Personal interests	Family interests	Corporate interests	Total	Percentage of issued share capital
Mr. Kau Mo Hui	_	8,666,710 (1)	_	8,666,710	5.40%

Note:

b) Associated Corporation:

Number of common shares in M	Maximizer Software Inc.
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Name of directors	Personal interests	Family interests	Corporate interests	Total	Percentage of issued share capital
Mr. Terence Chi Yan Hui	2,237,153	-	-	2,237,153	3.57%
Mr. Joseph Chi Ho Hui	17,295	10,000 [1]	-	27,295	0.04%
Mr. Kau Mo Hui	70,000	40,949,625 (2)	_	41,019,625	65.46%

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^{1.} These shares are held by Pacific East Limited, which is wholly owned by The City Place Trust. The City Place Trust is a discretionary trust and its beneficiaries are Mr. Chi Yung Hui and Ms. Yuen Lam Chu. Mr. Chi Yung Hui and Ms. Yuen Lam Chu are, respectively, the son and spouse of Mr. Kau Mo Hui. The interests held by Mr. Chi Yung Hui and Ms. Yuen Lam Chu are deemed to be part of the interest of Mr. Kau Mo Hui.



Report of the Directors

Number of ontions

Notes:

- 1. These shares are held by Mr. Joseph Chi Ho Hui's spouse, Ms. Susanna Chow. The interest held by Ms. Susanna Chow is deemed to be part of the interest of Mr. Joseph Chi Ho Hui.
- 2. These shares are held by The City Place Trust and Multiactive Technologies Partnership.

The City Place Trust holds 36,475,319 shares of Maximizer Software Inc., representing approximately 58.20% of the issued share capital of Maximizer Software Inc.. The City Place Trust is a discretionary trust and its beneficiaries are Mr. Chi Yung Hui and Ms. Yuen Lam Chu. Mr. Chi Yung Hui and Ms. Yuen Lam Chu are, respectively, the son and spouse of Mr. Kau Mo Hui. The interests held by Mr. Chi Yung Hui and Ms. Yuen Lam Chu are deemed to be part of the interest of Mr. Kau Mo Hui.

Multiactive Technologies Partnership holds 4,474,306 shares of Maximizer Software Inc., representing approximately 7.14% of the issued share capital of Maximizer Software Inc.. The interest in Multiactive Technologies Partnership is owned as to 1% by Multiactive Technologies Inc., a company controlled by Mr. Terence Chi Yan Hui and 99% by Adex Enterprises Inc., a company controlled by Ms. Yuen Lam Chu. Mr. Terence Chi Yan Hui and Ms. Yuen Lam Chu are, respectively, the son and spouse of Mr. Kau Mo Hui. The interests held by Ms. Yuen Lam Chu are deemed to be part of the interest of Mr. Kau Mo Hui.

Long positions in underlying shares

a) The Company:

Options in the Company

(Unlisted and physically settled equity derivatives)

				Number of options		5
		Exercise	Exercisable	Outstanding as at 1 December	Lapsed during the year	Outstanding as at 30 November
Name	Date of grant	price	period	2007	•	2008
Director						
Mr. Terence Chi Yan Hui	17 April 2001	HK\$3.625	17 April 2002 to 16 April 2011	480,000	-	480,000
	28 May 2001	HK\$4.675	28 May 2002 to 27 May 2011	48,000	-	48,000
Chief Executive						
Mr. Samson Chi Yang Hui	17 April 2001	HK\$3.625	17 April 2002 to 16 April 2011	172,800	-	172,800
	28 May 2001	HK\$4.675	28 May 2002 to 27 May 2011	17,280	-	17,280

Report of the Directors

These options expire ten years from the date of grant and are exercisable over four years from the date of grant with one quarter of the options granted exercisable on each anniversary date from the date of grant.

No further options can be granted under the Company's share option scheme adopted on 22 January 2001 until the new requirements of Chapter 23 of the GEM Listing Rules are complied with.

b) Associated Corporation:

Options in Maximizer Software Inc.

(Unlisted and physically settled equity derivatives)

Number of outland

				NU	mber of options	
Name of directors	Date of grant	Exercise price	Exercisable period	At 1 December 2007	Lapsed during the year	At 30 November 2008
Mr. Terence Chi Yan Hui	31 August 2006	CAN\$0.10	31 August 2006 to 30 August 2013	350,000	-	350,000
Mr. Joseph Chi Ho Hui	11 December 2002	CAN\$0.14	18 March 2002 to 17 March 2009	25,000	-	25,000
	31 August 2006	CAN\$0.10	31 August 2006 to 30 August 2013	100,000	-	100,000

These options expire seven years from the date of grant and are exercisable over four years from the date of grant, with one quarter of the options granted exercisable on the first anniversary date and the balance exercisable in an equal number monthly over the remaining three years.

Long positions in debentures

No long positions of directors and chief executives in the debentures of the Company and its associated corporations were recorded in the register or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Rule 5.46 of the GEM Listing Rules.

Short positions in shares

No short positions of directors and chief executives in the shares of the Company and its associated corporations were recorded in the register or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Rule 5.46 of the GEM Listing Rules.

Short positions in underlying shares

No short positions of directors and chief executives in the underlying shares of the equity derivatives of the Company and its associated corporations were recorded in the register or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Rule 5.46 of the GEM Listing Rules.

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Report of the Directors

Short positions in debentures

No short positions of directors and chief executives in the debentures of the Company and its associated corporations were recorded in the register.

Save as disclosed above, as at 30 November 2008, none of the directors nor the chief executive of the Company had any interests or short positions in any shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporation (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) which were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests or short positions which they were taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO), or which were required to be recorded in the register kept by the Company under Section 352 of the SFO, or otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Rules 5.46 of the GEM Listing Rules.

Interests disclosable under the SFO and substantial shareholder

At 30 November 2008, the following persons (other than the directors and chief executive of the Company) had interests and short positions in the shares and underlying shares of the Company as recorded in the register required to be kept under Section 336 of the SFO.

Long positions in shares

Name	Capacity	Nature of interest	Number of ordinary shares	Percentage of issued share capital
Maximizer International Limited (note 1)	Beneficial owner	Corporate	90,534,400	56.38%
Maximizer Software Inc. (note 1)	Interest of a controlled corporation	Corporate	90,534,400	56.38%
The City Place Trust (note 2)	Trustee	Corporate	99,201,110	61.78%
Pacific East Limited	Beneficial owner	Corporate	8,666,710	5.40%

Notes:

- 1. Maximizer International Limited is a wholly owned subsidiary of Maximizer Software Inc.
- 2. The City Place Trust holds 36,475,319 shares of Maximizer Software Inc. representing approximately 58.20% of the issued share capital of Maximizer Software Inc. The City Place Trust also wholly owns Pacific East Limited, which directly holds 8,666,710 shares of the Company.

Long positions in underlying shares

No long positions of other persons and substantial shareholders in the underlying shares of equity derivatives of the Company were recorded in the register.

Report of the Directors

Short positions in shares

No short positions of other persons and substantial shareholders in the shares of the Company were recorded in the register.

Short positions in underlying shares

No short positions of other persons and substantial shareholders in the underlying shares of equity derivatives of the Company were recorded in the register.

Apart from the foregoing, no other interests required to be recorded in the register kept under Section 336 of the SFO have been notified to the Company.

Major customers and suppliers

The percentages of sales for the year attributable to the Group's major customers are as follows:

Sales

- the largest customer	13%
– five largest customers combined	37%

The percentages of purchases for the year attributable to the Group's major suppliers are as follows:

Purchases

- the largest supplier	52%
- five largest suppliers combined	96%

Except for software merchandises purchased from Maximizer Software Inc, the major shareholder of the Company, for resale as disclosed in Note 26 to financial statements, none of the Directors, their respective associates and shareholders of the Company (which to the knowledge of the Directors own more than 5% of the issued capital of the Company) had any interest in any of five largest customers and suppliers of the Group for the financial year ended 30 November 2008.

Independence of independent non-executive directors

The Company confirmed that annual confirmations of independence were received from each of the Company's independent non-executive directors pursuant to Rules 5.09 of the GEM Listing Rules and all independent non-executive directors are considered to be independent.

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Report of the Directors

Directors' interest in competing business

Set out below is information disclosed pursuant to Rule 11.04 of the GEM Listing Rules:

Mr. Terence Chi Yan Hui, the Chairman and an executive director of the Company, is also the chairman of MSI. MSI is engaged in the business of the design and development of e-Business and CRM software, and has operations in North America, Europe, and South America. MSI and the Group share the same product lines including, Maximizer, Maximizer Enterprise, Maximizer CRM, ecBuilder and their respective product lines. The directors believe that the business of MSI and possible future businesses conducted by Maximizer International Limited, which is a wholly owned subsidiary of MSI may compete with the business of the Group. In addition, Mr. Terence Chi Yan Hui is involved in a range of business and investment activities that include companies involved in technology investments and incubation. The directors believe that these businesses may, in some respects, compete with the business of the Group.

Save as disclosed above, none of the directors or the initial management shareholders is interested in any business that competes with or is likely to compete with the business of the Group.

Auditors

Messrs HLB Hodgson Impey Cheng will retire, and being eligible, offer themselves for re-appointment. A resolution will be submitted to the annual general meeting to re-appoint Messrs HLB Hodgson Impey Cheng as auditors of the Company.

On behalf of the Board

Terence Chi Yan Hui

Executive Director

Hong Kong, 13 February 2009

Corporate Governance Report

It is the belief of the Board of Directors that corporate governance plays a vital part in maintaining the success of the Company. Various measures have been adopted to ensure that a high level of corporate governance is maintained throughout the operation of the Group.

The Company has complied with all the code provisions set out in Appendix 15 – Code on Corporate Governance Practices ("CG Code") of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Growth Enterprise Market of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "GEM Listing Rules") for the financial year ended 30 November 2008.

THE BOARD

During the year ended 30 November 2008, the Board comprised two executive directors, one non-executive director and three independent non-executive directors. The Company has received from each of the independent non-executive directors an annual confirmation of independence pursuant to Rule 5.09 of the GEM Listing Rules and considers that all the independent non-executive directors to be independent.

The Board schedules four meetings a year at approximately quarterly intervals. In addition, special Board meetings are held as necessary. During the financial year ended 30 November 2008, the Board held 5 meetings. Details of the attendance of individual Directors are as follows:

		Attendance
(a)	Executive Directors	
	Mr. Terence Chi Yan HUI	2/5
	Mr. Joseph Chi Ho HUI	1/5
(b)	Non-executive Director	
	Mr. Kau Mo HUI	3/5
(c)	Independent Non-executive Directors	
	Mr. Ronald Kwok Fai POON	2/5
	Mr. Kwong Sang LIU	5/5
	Mr. Edwin Kim Ho WONG (appointed on 29 August 2008)	1/5
	Mr. Clifford Sau Man NG (resigned on 29 August 2008)	1/5

Proposed regular Board meeting dates for a year are informed to each director at the beginning of the year. Formal notice of at least 14 days will be given in respect of a regular meeting. For special Board meeting, reasonable notice will be given. Directors participated, either in person or through other electronic means of communication in the Board meetings.

Corporate Governance Report

Directors are given opportunity to include matters in the agenda for regular Board meeting. Directors have access to the advice and service of the Company Secretary to ensure that board procedures, and all applicable rules and regulations, are followed.

Details of the meeting and the matters considered by the Board and decisions reached, including any concerns raised by directors or dissenting views expressed are record in the Minutes of Board Meetings. Minutes of Board meeting and Board committees meeting are kept by the Company Secretary. Minutes are open for inspection at any reasonable time on reasonable notice by any director. There is a procedure agreed by the Board to enable directors, upon reasonable request, to seek independent professional advice.

ROLES OF DIRECTORS

The Board assumes responsibility for leadership and control of the Company and is collectively responsible for promoting the success of the Group. The principle roles of the Board are:

- to lay down the Group's objectives, strategies and policies;
- to monitor operating and financial performance; and
- to set appropriate policies to manage risks in pursuit of the Group's strategic objectives.

The Board has delegated the day-to-day operation responsibility to the management under the supervision of the Chief Executive Officer and various Board committees.

BOARD PROCESS

The Board of Directors meets regularly at least 4 times every year. The Directors participated in person or through electronic means of communication. All notices of board meetings were given to all Directors, who were given an opportunity to include matters in the agenda for discussion. The finalised agenda and accompanying board papers were sent to all Directors at least 3 days prior to the meeting.

During regular meetings of the Board, the Directors discuss the overall strategy as well as the operation and financial performance of the Group. The Board has reserved for its decision or consideration matters covering overall Group strategy, major acquisitions and disposals, annual budgets, annual and interim results, approval of major capital transactions and other significant operational and financial matters. All Directors are kept informed on a timely basis of major changes that may affect the Group's businesses, including relevant rules and regulations. Directors can also seek independent professional advice in performing their duties at the Company's expense, if necessary. The Company Secretary records the proceedings of each board meeting in detail by keeping detailed minutes, including all decisions by the Board together with concerns raised and dissenting views expressed (if any). All minutes are open for inspection at any reasonable time on request by any Director.

Corporate Governance Report

Directors' Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The following statement, which sets out the responsibility of Directors in relation to the financial statements, should be read in conjunction with, but distinguished from, the Independent Auditor's Report on page 26 which acknowledges the reporting responsibility of the Group's Auditor.

Annual Report and Accounts

The Directors acknowledge their responsibility for the preparation of the Annual Report and financial statements of the Company to ensure that these financial statements give a true and fair presentation in accordance with Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and the applicable accounting standards.

Accounting Policies

The Directors consider that in preparing the financial statements, the Group applies appropriate accounting policies that are consistently adopted and makes judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent in accordance with the applicable accounting standards.

Accounting Records

The Directors are responsible for ensuring that the Group keeps accounting records which disclose the financial position of the Group upon which financial statements of the Group could be prepared in accordance with the Group's accounting policies.

Safeguarding Assets

The Directors are responsible for taking all reasonable and necessary steps to safeguard the assets of the Group and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities within the Group.

CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

The posts of Chairman and Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") are held separately by Mr. Terence Chi Yan HUI and Mr. Samson Chi Yang HUI respectively. This segregation ensures a clear distinction between the Chairman's responsibility to manage the Board and the CEO's responsibility, with support by the senior management, to manage the Company's business, including the implementation of major strategies and initiatives adopted by the Board.

BOARD COMPOSITION

The composition of the Board is set out on page 2 under the paragraph headed "Directors" with category of executive, non-executive and independent non-executive directors.

Biographies, including relationships among members of the Board are shown on pages 8 to 9 under the section on "Biography of Directors and Senior Management".

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Corporate Governance Report

NOMINATION OF DIRECTORS

The Board is responsible for the formulation of nomination policies, making recommendations to shareholders on directors standing for re-election, providing sufficient bibliographical details of directors to enable shareholders to make an informed decision on the re-election, and where necessary, nominating appropriate persons to fill causal vacancies or as additions to the Board. The Chairman from time to time reviews the composition of the Board with particular regard to ensuring that there is an appropriate number of directors on the Board independent of management. He also identified and nominates qualified individuals for appointment as new directors of the Company.

New directors of the Company will be appointed by the Board. The Board will take into consideration criteria such as expertise, experience, integrity and commitment when considering new director appointments

APPOINTMENTS, RE-ELECTION AND REMOVAL OF DIRECTORS

All Directors, including the chairman are required to retire from office by rotation and are subject to re-election by shareholders at annual general meeting at least once every 3 years.

Under the Company's Bye-laws, one-third of the Directors, must retire and be eligible for re-election at each annual general meeting. As such, no director has a term of appointment longer than 3 years.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS

Every newly appointed director, if any, is ensured to have a proper understanding on the operations and business of the Group and fully aware of his responsibilities under the relevant applicable legal and regulatory requirements. The senior management and the Company Secretary will conduct such briefing as is necessary to update the Board with legal and regulatory developments, business and market changes and the strategic development of the Group to facilitate the performance of their duties.

DIRECTORS' SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has adopted the Model Code as set out in rules 5.48 to 5.67 to the GEM Listing Rules as its own code of conduct for dealings in securities of the Company by the Directors (the "Code"). The Company, having made specific enquiry of all Directors, confirms that its Directors have complied with the required standard set out in the Code during the financial year ended 30 November 2008.

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Corporate Governance Report

SUPPLY OF AND ACCESS TO INFORMATION

In respect of regular board meetings, an agenda of the meeting and the accompanying board papers are sent in full to all Directors at least 3 days before the intended date of a meeting. Board papers are circulated to the Directors to ensure that they have adequate information before the meeting for any ad hoc projects.

The Management has obligation to supply the Board and the committees with adequate information in a timely manner to enable it to make informed decisions. Where any director requires more information than is volunteered by management, each director has separate and independent access to the Company's senior management for inquiry or additional information.

All directors are entitled to have access to board papers and related materials. Such materials are prepared to enable the Board to make informed decisions on matters placed before it.

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

The Company established a Remuneration Committee which is primarily responsible for making recommendations to the Board regarding the Group's policy and structure for remuneration of Directors and senior management and determine the specific remuneration packages of all executive directors and senior management of the Company.

The Remuneration Committee comprises Mr. Ronald Kwok Fai Poon, Mr. Clifford Sau Man Ng, Mr. Kwong Sang Liu and Mr. Edwin Kim Ho Wong, and is chaired by Mr. Kwong Sang Liu.

During the financial year ended 30 November 2008, one meeting of Remuneration Committee was held with attendance of individual members as set out below to review and consider the specific remuneration packages of the Company's executive directors and senior management.

Attondance

	Allendance
Mr. Ronald Kwok Fai POON	0/1
Mr. Kwong Sang LIU	1/1
Mr. Edwin Kim Ho WONG (appointed on 29 August 2008)	0/1
Mr. Clifford Sau Man NG (resigned on 29 August 2008)	1/1

FINANCIAL REPORTING

The Management has provided such explanation and information to the Board and will enable the Board to make an informed assessment of the financial and other information put before the Board for approval. The Directors acknowledge their responsibility to prepare the financial statements for each financial year, which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group and of the results and cash flow for that period.

The Board is aware that their responsibility to present a balanced, clear and understandable assessment extends to annual, interim and quarterly reports, and other financial disclosures required under the GEM Listing Rules, and reports to regulators as well as to information required to be disclosed pursuant to statutory requirements.

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Corporate Governance Report

A statement by the auditors about their reporting responsibilities is included in the Independent Auditors' Report on pages 26 to 27.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Pursuant to the GEM Listing Rules, an audit committee, comprising three independent non-executive directors, namely Messrs. Ronald Kwok Fai Poon, Kwong Sang Liu and Edwin Kim Ho Wong, was established on 22 January 2001. Messrs. Ronald Kwok Fai Poon was the audit committee members when it was established on 22 January 2001. At 28 September 2004, Kwong Sang Liu was appointed as independent non-executive director and member of audit committee of the Company. At 29 August 2008, Mr. Edwin Kim Ho Wong was appointed as independent non-executive director and member of audit committee of the Company.

Mr. Clifford Sau Man Ng was the audit committee member when it was established on 22 January 2001. At 29 August 2008, Mr. Clifford Sau Man Ng, resigned as an independent non-executive director, member of audit committee and member of remuneration committee of the Company due to other business engagements which require more of his dedication. On the same date, Mr. Edwin Kim Ho Wong was appointed as an independent non-executive director, member of audit committee and member of remuneration committee of the Company to fill the vacancy cause by the resignation of Mr. Clifford Sau Man Ng.

The written terms of reference which describe the authorities and duties of the audit committee were prepared and adopted with reference to "A Guide for the Formation of an Audit Committee" published by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The audit committee provides an important link between the board of directors and the Company's auditors in matters coming within the scope of the Group audit. It also reviews the financial reporting process and the adequacy and effectiveness of the Group's internal control system.

During the year ended 30 November 2008, the audit committee held four meeting for the purpose of reviewing the Company's reports and accounts, and providing advice and recommendations to the Board of Directors. The minutes of the audit committee meeting are kept by the Company Secretary.

The Group's audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended 30 November 2008 have been reviewed by the audit committee, which was of the opinion that the preparation of such results complied with the applicable accounting standard.

	Attendance
Mr. Ronald Kwok Fai POON	1/4
Mr. Kwong Sang LIU	4/4
Mr. Edwin Kim Ho WONG (appointed on 29 August 2008)	0/4
Mr. Clifford Sau Man NG (resigned on 29 August 2008)	3/4

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Corporate Governance Report

DIRECTORS' AND AUDITORS' RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE ACCOUNTS

The Board is responsible for presenting a balanced, clear and comprehensible assessment of the Group's performance and prospects. The Directors are responsible for the preparation of accounts which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs and of the results and cash flows of the Group on a going concern basis. The Company's accounts are prepared in accordance with all relevant statutory requirements and applicable accounting standards. The Directors are responsible for ensuring that appropriate accounting policies are selected and applied consistently and that judgments and estimates made are prudent and reasonable. The Directors are also responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Group. The responsibilities of the auditors for the accounts are set out in the Independent Auditors' Report on pages 26 to 27 of this Annual Report.

INTERNAL CONTROL

The Directors are responsible for the internal control of the Group and for reviewing its effectiveness.

The internal control system of the Group comprises of a comprehensive organisational structure and delegation of authorities assigned to individuals based on experience and business need.

Control procedures have been designed to safeguard assets against unauthorised use and disposition; ensure compliance with relevant laws, rules and regulations; ensure proper maintenance of accounting records for provision of reliable financial information used within the business or for publication; and to provide reasonable assurance against material misstatement, loss or fraud.

The overall risk management functions of the Group are under responsibility of the Internal Control Committee, comprising the Executive Directors, Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer and Operation Director. There are established control procedures to identify, assess, control and report to each of the four major types of risks consisting of business and market risk, compliance risk, financial and treasury risk and operational risk.

The Group does not have internal audit department, but the Internal Control Review Committee, comprising the Executive Directors and Independent non-executive Directors are responsible to review the effectiveness of the Group's internal control system. In addition, there is regular dialogue with the Group's external auditors so that both are aware of the significant factors which may affect their respective scope of work.

A review of the effectiveness of the Group's system of internal control covering all key controls, including financial, operational and compliance and risk management controls, is conducted annually. For the year ended 30 November 2008, the review based on a framework which assesses the Group's internal control system into revenue and receipt cycle against control environment, risk management and control and monitoring activities on all major business and operational processes. The examination consisted of enquiry, discussion and validation through observation and inspection (if necessary). The result of the review has been report to the Board of Director and areas of improvement have been identified and appropriate measures have been put in place to manage the risks.

Annual Report 2008

Corporate Governance Report

AUDITORS' REMUNERATION

The fees in relation to the audit and other services provided to the Company and its subsidiaries by external auditors of the Group, amounted approximately to HK\$205,000. No non-audit services were provided by external auditors of the Group for the year ended 30 November 2008.

DELEGATION BY THE BOARD

The Board is primarily responsible for overall strategy and direction for the Group and overseeing the Group's businesses and providing leadership in strategic issues. The management is delegated to manage the day-to-day businesses of the Group.

When the Board delegates aspect of its management and administration functions to management, clear directions would be given as to the power of management, in particular, the circumstances where management should report back to the Board before making decisions or entering into any commitments on behalf of the Group.

Principal functions that are specifically delegated by the Board to the management include (i) implementation of corporation strategy and policy initiatives; (ii) provision of management reports to the Board in respect of Group's performance, financial position and prospects; and (iii) day-to-day management of the Group.

BOARD COMMITTEE

The Board established certain Board committees with specific written terms of reference which deal clearly with the committee's authority and duties and require the committees to report back on their decisions or recommendations.

COMMUNICATION WITH SHAREHOLDERS

In respect of each separate issue at the general meeting held during the year ended 30 November 2008, separate resolution has been proposed by the Chairman of that meeting. The Chairman of the Board and member of Audit Committee attended the annual general meeting held on 28 March 2008 to answer questions, if any, at the meeting.

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Independent Auditors' Report



Chartered Accountants
Certified Public Accountants

31/F, Gloucester Tower The Landmark 11 Pedder Street Central Hong Kong

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF abc MULTIACTIVE LIMITED

(incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability)

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of abc Multiactive Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") set out on pages 28 to 79 which comprise the consolidated and company balance sheets as at 30 November 2008, and the consolidated income statement, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated cash flow statement for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes.

Directors' responsibility for the consolidated financial statements

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation and the true and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. This responsibility includes designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to the preparation and the true and fair presentation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies; and making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances.

Auditors' responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit. This report is made solely to you, as a body, in accordance with Section 90 of the Bermuda Companies Act and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance as to whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

Annual Report 2008

Independent Auditors' Report

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and true and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the Group as at 30 November 2008 and of the loss and cash flows of the Group for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards and have been properly prepared in accordance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

Material uncertainty concerning going concern basis of accounting

Without qualifying our opinion we draw attention to Note 3 in the consolidated financial statements which indicates that the Group incurred a net loss of approximately HK\$2,214,000 during the year ended 30 November 2008 and, as of that date, the Group's total liabilities exceeded its total assets by approximately HK\$36,535,000. These conditions, along with other matters as set forth in Note 3, indicate the existence of a material uncertainty which may cast significant doubt about the Group's ability to continue as a going concern.

HLB Hodgson Impey Cheng

Chartered Accountants
Certified Public Accountants

Hong Kong, 13 February 2009

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Consolidated Income Statement

For the year ended 30 November 2008

	Notes	2008 HK\$′000	200 <i>7</i> HK\$'000
Turnover	7	17,851	18,194
Cost of sales		(5,375)	(6,345)
Gross profit		12,476	11,849
Other revenue	7	7	44
Other income	8	878	-
Software research and development expenses		(6,081)	(6,209)
Selling and marketing expenses		(1,724)	(1,906)
Administrative expenses		(6,193)	(7,175)
Loss from operating activities	8	(637)	(3,397)
Finance costs	9	(1,577)	(1,998)
Loss before taxation		(2,214)	(5,395)
Taxation	10		
Loss for the year		(2,214)	(5,395)
Attributable to equity holders of the Company		(2,214)	(5,395)
Loss per share Basic and diluted	12	HK (1.38) cents	HK (3.36) cents
Dividends	13		

All of the Group's operations are classed as continuing.

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

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Consolidated Balance Sheet At 30 November 2008

				At 30 November 2008
Non-current assets		Notes		
Non-current assets	ASSETS			
Current assets				
Work in progress	Property, plant and equipment	16	634	802
Trade and other receivables	Current assets			
Total assets	Work in progress	18	1,124	1,171
Total assets 8,310 5,821		19		
EQUITY Capital and reserves attributable to the Company's equity holders Share capital 20 16,059 16,059 (52,594) (51,395) (52,594) (51,395) (52,594) (51,395) (36,535) (35,336) (36,535) (35,336) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36	Cash and cash equivalents		5,128	2,021
EQUITY Capital and reserves attributable to the Company's equity holders Share capital 20 16,059 16,059 Reserves 21 (52,594) (51,395) Total equity (36,535) (35,336) LIABILITIES Non-current liabilities Promissory notes and interest payable to a shareholder 22 - 17,245 Promissory notes and interest payable to the related companies 22 27,908 6,290 Amount due to the ultimate holding company 23 6,872 7,847 Current liabilities Trade and other payables 24 6,850 6,678 Deferred revenue 2,048 1,878 Amounts due to customers 18 1,167 1,219 Total liabilities Total liabilities 44,845 41,157			7,676	5,019
Capital and reserves attributable to the Company's equity holders Share capital 20 16,059 16,059 (51,395) (51,395) (51,395) (51,395) (51,395) (51,395) (51,395) (36,535) (35,336) (35,336) (36,535) (35,336) (36,535) (35,336) (36,535) (35,336) (36,535) (35,336) (36,535) (35,336) (36,535) (35,336) (36,535) (36,535) (35,336) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (Total assets		8,310	5,821
Capital and reserves attributable to the Company's equity holders Share capital 20 16,059 16,059 (51,395) (51,395) (51,395) (51,395) (51,395) (51,395) (51,395) (36,535) (35,336) (35,336) (36,535) (35,336) (36,535) (35,336) (36,535) (35,336) (36,535) (35,336) (36,535) (35,336) (36,535) (35,336) (36,535) (36,535) (35,336) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (36,535) (EQUITY			
Share capital 20 16,059 16,059 Reserves 21 (52,594) (51,395) (51,395) (51,395) (51,395) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336) (35,336)				
Reserves 21 (52,594) (51,395) Total equity (36,535) (35,336) LIABILITIES Non-current liabilities Promissory notes and interest payable to a shareholder 22 - 17,245 Promissory notes and interest payable to the related companies 22 27,908 6,290 Amount due to the ultimate holding company 23 6,872 7,847 34,780 31,382 Current liabilities Trade and other payables Deferred revenue 2,048 1,878 Amounts due to customers 18 1,167 1,219 10,065 9,775 Total liabilities 44,845 41,157	the Company's equity holders			
Total equity	Share capital	20	16,059	16,059
LIABILITIES Non-current liabilities 22 - 17,245 Promissory notes and interest payable to the related companies 22 27,908 6,290 Amount due to the ultimate holding company 23 6,872 7,847 Current liabilities 34,780 31,382 Trade and other payables 24 6,850 6,678 Deferred revenue 2,048 1,878 Amounts due to customers 18 1,167 1,219 Total liabilities 44,845 41,157	Reserves	21	(52,594)	(51,395)
Non-current liabilities Promissory notes and interest payable to a shareholder 22 - 17,245 Promissory notes and interest payable to the related companies 22 27,908 6,290 Amount due to the ultimate holding company 23 6,872 7,847 Current liabilities 34,780 31,382 Current ervenue 24 6,850 6,678 Deferred revenue 2,048 1,878 Amounts due to customers 18 1,167 1,219 Total liabilities 44,845 41,157	Total equity		(36,535)	(35,336)
Promissory notes and interest payable to a shareholder 22 - 17,245 Promissory notes and interest payable to the related companies 22 27,908 6,290 Amount due to the ultimate holding company 23 6,872 7,847 34,780 31,382 Current liabilities 31,382 Trade and other payables 24 6,850 6,678 Deferred revenue 2,048 1,878 Amounts due to customers 18 1,167 1,219 10,065 9,775 Total liabilities 44,845 41,157	LIABILITIES			
Promissory notes and interest payable to the related companies 22 27,908 6,290 Amount due to the ultimate holding company 23 6,872 7,847 34,780 31,382 Current liabilities Trade and other payables 24 6,850 6,678 Deferred revenue 2,048 1,878 Amounts due to customers 18 1,167 1,219 Total liabilities 44,845 41,157				
Amount due to the ultimate holding company 23 6,872 7,847 34,780 31,382 Current liabilities 24 6,850 6,678 Deferred revenue 2,048 1,878 Amounts due to customers 18 1,167 1,219 Total liabilities 44,845 41,157		22	-	17,245
34,780 31,382 Current liabilities 24 6,850 6,678 Deferred revenue 2,048 1,878 Amounts due to customers 18 1,167 1,219 Total liabilities 44,845 41,157	the related companies	22	27,908	6,290
Current liabilities Trade and other payables 24 6,850 6,678 Deferred revenue 2,048 1,878 Amounts due to customers 18 1,167 1,219 Total liabilities 44,845 41,157	Amount due to the ultimate holding company	23	6,872	7,847
Trade and other payables 24 6,850 6,678 Deferred revenue 2,048 1,878 Amounts due to customers 18 1,167 1,219 Total liabilities 44,845 41,157			34,780	31,382
Deferred revenue 2,048 1,878 Amounts due to customers 18 1,167 1,219 10,065 9,775 Total liabilities 44,845 41,157	Current liabilities			
Amounts due to customers 18 1,167 1,219 10,065 9,775 Total liabilities 44,845 41,157	Trade and other payables	24	6,850	6,678
10,065 9,775 Total liabilities 44,845 41,157	Deferred revenue		2,048	1,878
Total liabilities 44,845 41,157	Amounts due to customers	18	1,167	1,219
			10,065	9,775
Total equity and liabilities 8,310 5,821	Total liabilities		44,845	41,157
	Total equity and liabilities		8,310	5,821

Annual Report 2008

Consolidated Balance Sheet

At 30 November 2008

N	Notes	2008 HK\$′000	200 <i>7</i> HK\$'000
Net current liabilities		(2,389)	(4,756)
Total assets less current liabilities		(1,755)	(3,954)
Net liabilities		(36,535)	(35,336)

Approved by the Board of Directors on 13 February 2009 and signed on its behalf by:

Terence Chi Yan Hui

Executive Director

Joseph Chi Ho Hui

Executive Director

Balance Sheet

		Balance Sheet At 30 November 2008		
	Notes	2008 HK\$′000	2007 HK\$'000	
ASSETS Non-current assets Investments in subsidiaries	17			
Current assets Trade and other receivables Cash and cash equivalents	19	10 3,626	23	
Total assets		3,636	1,079	
EQUITY Capital and reserves attributable to the Company's equity holders				
Share capital Reserves	20 21	16,059 (40,744)	16,059 (38,948)	
Total equity		(24,685)	(22,889)	
LIABILITIES Non-current liabilities Promissory notes and interest payable to				
a shareholder Promissory notes and interest payable to	22	-	17,245	
the related companies	22	27,908	6,290	
		27,908	23,535	
Current liabilities Other payable and accruals	24	413	433	
Total liabilities		28,321	23,968	
Total equity and liabilities		3,636	1,079	
Net current assets		3,223	646	
Total assets less current liabilities		3,223	646	
Net liabilities		(24,685)	(22,889)	

Approved by the Board of Directors on 13 February 2009 and signed on its behalf by:

Terence Chi Yan Hui Joseph Chi Ho Hui

Executive Director Executive Director

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity For the year ended 30 November 2008

_					
R	_	_	_	-	

		Nose: 105				
	Issued share capital HK\$'000	Share premium HK\$'000	Contributed surplus HK\$'000	Exchange reserve HK\$'000	Accumulated losses	Total HK\$'000
At 1 December 2006 Exchange difference arising on translation of financial statements of	16,059	106,118	37,600	(13,344)	(176,178)	(29,745)
foreign subsidiaries Loss for the year	-			(196)	(5,395)	(196)
At 30 November 2007 and 1 December 2007 Exchange difference arising on translation of financial statements of	16,059	106,118	37,600	(13,540)	(181,573)	(35,336)
foreign subsidiaries Loss for the year	- -		- -	1,015	(2,214)	1,015
At 30 November 2008	16,059	106,118	37,600	(12,525)	(183,787)	(36,535)

Consolidated Cash Flow Statement

or the year ended 30 November 2008

For the year ended 30 No			
	2008	2007	
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
Cash flows from operating activities			
Loss before taxation	(2,214)	(5,395)	
	_/ /	(-,,	
Adjustments for:			
Interest income	(7)	(40)	
Interest expenses	1,577	1,998	
Depreciation	328	285	
Unrealised exchange difference	1,015	(196)	
Impairment loss recognised in respect of trade and	1,010	(170)	
other receivables	29	72	
omer receivables			
Operating anim/lless) before working against abanges	728	12 2761	
Operating gain/(loss) before working capital changes	720	(3,276)	
Degradas /linerages) in work in progress	47	12101	
Decrease/(increase) in work in progress		(319)	
Decrease/(increase) in trade and other receivables	362	(248)	
(Decrease)/increase in amount due to the ultimate holding company	(1,225)	1,499	
(Decrease)/increase in amounts due to customers	(52)	48	
Increase in trade and other payables	172	1,748	
Increase/(decrease) in deferred revenue	170	(178)	
		17071	
Net cash generated from/(used in) operating activities	202	(726)	
Cash flows from investing activities	/T 40\	1077	
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	(148)	(377)	
Interest received	7	40	
	4>	10.071	
Net cash used in investing activities	(141)	(337)	
Cash flows from financing activities			
Advance from a related party through issue of a promissory note	3,046	-	
Net cash generated from financing activities	3,046	-	
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	3,107	(1,063)	
	3,132	(.,,,,,,,,	
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	2,021	3,084	
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	5,128	2,021	
•			
Analysis of the balances of cash and cash equivalents			
Cash and bank balances	5,128	2 02 1	
Cash and bank balances	5,120	2,021	

Notes to Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 November 2008

1. CORPORATE INFORMATION

The Company was incorporated in Bermuda on 2 March 2000 as an exempted company with limited liability under the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda (as amended) and its shares are listed on the Growth Enterprise Market ("GEM") of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange"). The registered office of the Company is located at Clarendon House, 2 Church Street, Hamilton HM 11, Bermuda. The principal place of business of the Company is located at 17/F, Regent Centre, 88 Queen's Road Central, Central, Hong Kong.

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding. The principal activities of its subsidiaries are set out in Note 17 to the financial statements.

The directors consider the Company's ultimate holding company to be Maximizer Software Inc. ("MSI"), which was incorporated in Canada and listed on the Toronto Stock Exchange.

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRS")

In the current year, the Group has applied, for the first time, the following new standards, amendments and interpretations ("new HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the "HKICPA"), which are effective for the Group's financial year beginning 1 December 2007.

HKAS 1 (Amendment)

HKFRS 7

HKFRS 7

Financial Instruments: Disclosures

HKAS 39 & HKFRS 7 (Amendments)

Reclassification of Financial Assets

HK(IFRIC) – Int 11

HKFRS 2 – Group and Treasury Share Transactions

The adoption of above new/revised HKFRSs except HKAS 1 (Amendment) and HKFRS 7 did not result in substantial changes to the Group's accounting policies and has no material impact on the Group's consolidated financial statements.

The Group has applied the disclosure requirements under HKAS 1 (Amendment) and HKFRS 7 retrospectively. Certain information presented in prior year under the requirements of HKAS 32 has been removed and the relevant comparative information based on the requirements of HKAS 1 (Amendment) and HKFRS 7 has been presented for the first time in the current year.

The Group has not early applied the following new and revised standards or interpretations that have been issued but are not yet effective.

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Notes to Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 November 2008

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRS") (CONTINUED)

HKFRSs (Amendments)	Improvements to HKFRSs ¹
HKAS 1 (Revised)	Presentation of Financial Statements ²
HKAS 23 (Revised)	Borrowing Costs ²
HKAS 27 (Revised)	Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements ³
HKAS 32 & 1 (Amendments)	Puttable Financial Instruments and Obligations Arising on Liquidation ²
HKAS 39 (Amendment)	Eligible Hedged Items ³
HKFRS 1 & HKAS 27 (Amendments)	Cost of an Investment in a Subsidiary, Jointly Controlled Entity or Associate ²
HKFRS 2 (Amendment)	Vesting Conditions and Cancellations ²
HKFRS 3 (Revised)	Business Combinations ³
HKFRS 8	Operating Segments ²
HK(IFRIC) - Int 12	Service Concession Arrangements ⁴
HK(IFRIC) - Int 13	Customer Loyalty Programmes ⁵
HK(IFRIC) - Int 14	HKAS 19 – The Limit on a Defined Benefit Asset, Minimum Funding Requirements and their Interaction ⁴
HK(IFRIC) - Int 15	Agreements for the Construction of Real Estate ²
HK(IFRIC) - Int 16	Hedges of a Net Investment in a Foreign Operation ⁶
HK(IFRIC) - Int 17	Distributions of Non-cash Assets to Owners ³

- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1st January, 2009 except the amendments to HKFRS 5, effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1st July, 2009
- ² Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1st January, 2009
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1st July, 2009
- ⁴ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1st January, 2008
- ⁵ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1st July, 2008
- ⁶ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1st October, 2008

The directors of the Company anticipate that the application of these standards, amendments or interpretations will have no material impact on the results and the financial position of the Group and the Company.

Notes to Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 November 2008

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with all applicable Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards (HKFRSs), which collective term includes all applicable individual Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards, Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKASs") and Interpretations issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA"), accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. These consolidated financial statements also comply with the applicable disclosure provisions of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars and all values are rounded to the nearest thousand (HK\$'000) except otherwise indicated.

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in conformity with HKFRSs requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis of making the judgments about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Judgments made by management in the application of HKFRSs that have significant effect on the financial statements and estimates with a significant risk of material adjustments in the next year are discussed in Note 5 to the financial statements.

A summary of the significant accounting policies followed by the Group in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements is set out below:

Basis of preparation

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost basis except for certain financial instruments, which are measured at fair values, as explained in the accounting policies set out below.

The Group incurred a net loss and accumulated losses of approximately HK\$2,214,000 and HK\$5,395,000 for the year ended 30 November 2008 and 2007 respectively. As at 30 November 2008, the Group's current liabilities exceeded its current assets by approximately HK\$2,389,000 and net liabilities of approximately HK\$36,535,000. Notwithstanding the above results, the consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, the validity of which is dependent upon the success of the Group's future operations, its ability to generate adequate cash flows in order to meet its obligations as and when fall due and its ability to refinance or restructure its borrowings such that the Group can meet its future working capital and financing requirements.

Notes to Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 November 2008

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Basis of preparation (Continued)

The ultimate holding company, MSI, has also confirmed that it will not demand repayment of the amount due of approximately HK\$6,872,000 within the next twelve months of the balance sheet date. Furthermore, the parties connected to a non-executive director of the Company, Wickham Group Limited and Active Investments Capital Limited, have also agreed that they will not demand repayments of the promissory notes and the related interests in the total amounts of approximately HK\$6,645,000 and HK\$21,263,000 respectively within the next twelve months of the balance sheet date. On 27 November 2008, Wickham Group Limited and Active Investments Capital Limited have agreed to extend the maturity dates of the promissory notes with the amounts of HK\$4,634,000 and HK\$18,205,000 to 21 May 2010 and 31 May 2010 respectively. Further details, please refer to Note 22.

The directors are confident that the Group's future operations will be successful and able to generate sufficient cash flows in order to meet its obligations as they fall due over the next twelve months. Accordingly, the directors are satisfied that it is appropriate to prepare the consolidated financial statements on a going concern basis.

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries made up to 30 November 2008. The results of subsidiaries acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated income statement from the effective date of acquisition or disposal, as appropriate.

Where necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies into line with those used by other members of the Group.

All intra-group transactions, balances, income and expenses are eliminated on consolidation.

Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are all entities (including special purpose entities) over which the Company, directly or indirectly, has the power to govern the financial and operating policies generally accompanying a shareholding of more than one half of the voting rights. The existence and effect of potential voting rights that are currently exercisable or convertible are considered when assessing whether the Group controls another entity.

The purchase method of accounting is used to account for the acquisition of subsidiaries by the Group. The cost of an acquisition is measured as the fair value of the assets given, equity instruments issued and liabilities incurred or assumed at the date of exchange, plus costs directly attributable to the acquisition. Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date, irrespective of the extent of any minority interest. The excess of the cost of acquisition over the fair value of the Group's share of the identifiable net assets acquired is recorded as goodwill. If the cost of acquisition is less than the fair value of the net assets of the subsidiary acquired, the difference is recognised directly in the income statement.

Notes to Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 November 2008

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Subsidiaries (Continued)

In the financial statements of the Company, the investments in subsidiaries are stated at cost less provision for impairment losses. The results of subsidiaries are accounted by the Company on the basis of dividend received and receivable.

Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment, comprising leasehold improvements, furniture and fixtures and office equipment, are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight line basis to write-off the cost of items of property, plant and equipment, less their estimated realisable value, if any, over their estimated useful lives. The principal annual rates used for this purpose are 20% to 33.3%.

Major costs incurred in restoring property, plant and equipment to their normal working condition to allow continued use of the overall asset are capitalised and depreciated over their expected useful lives. Improvements are capitalised and depreciated over their expected useful lives to the Group.

The residual values and useful lives of items of property, plant and equipment are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each balance sheet date.

The gain or loss on disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is the difference between the net sale proceeds and the carrying amount of the relevant asset, and is recognised in the consolidated income statement.

Goodwill

Goodwill represents the excess of the cost of an acquisition over the fair value of the Group's share of the net identifiable assets of the acquired subsidiary/associate/jointly controlled entity at the date of acquisition. Goodwill on acquisitions of subsidiaries and jointly controlled entities is included in intangible assets. Goodwill on acquisitions of associates is included in investments in associates. Goodwill is tested annually for impairment and carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses. Gains and losses on the disposal of an entity include the carrying amount of goodwill relating to the entity sold. Goodwill is allocated to cash-generating units for the purpose of impairment testing.

Notes to Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 November 2008

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Software research and development costs

Software research and development costs are expensed as incurred. Costs incurred on development projects relating to the design and testing of new or improved software products are recognised as an intangible asset where the technical feasibility and intention of completing the software product under development has been demonstrated and the resources are available to do so, costs are identifiable and there is an ability to sell or use the asset that will generate probable future economic benefits. Such development costs are recognised as an asset and amortised on a straight-line basis over a period of not more than 5 years to reflect the pattern in which the related economic benefits are recognised. Development costs that do not meet the above criteria are expensed as incurred. Development costs previously recognised as an expense are not recognised as an asset in a subsequent period. During the year, all software research and development costs have been expensed.

Impairment of assets

Assets that have an indefinite useful life are not subject to amortisation, which are at least tested annually for impairment and are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. Assets that are subject to amortisation are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (cash-generating units).

Work in progress

Work in progress is recorded at the amount of the costs incurred plus recognised profits less the sum of recognised losses and progress billings. Where progress billings exceed contract costs incurred plus recognised profits less recognised losses, the surplus is treated as an amount due to customers.

Where the outcome of a construction contract can be estimated reliably, revenue and costs are recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract activity at the balance sheet date, measured based on the proportion of contract costs incurred for work performed to date relative to the estimated total contract costs, except where this would not be representative of the stage of completion.

Trade and other receivables

Trade and other receivables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for impairment of trade and other receivables is established when there is objective evidence that the Group will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of receivables. The amount of the provision is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the effective interest rate. The amount of the provision is recognised in the income statement.

Notes to Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 November 2008

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and on hand, demand deposits with banks and other financial institutions, and short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and have a short maturity of generally within three months when acquired, less bank overdrafts which are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management.

Revenue recognition

- (i) Revenue from the sale of computer software licenses and the provision of related services where there are no significant post-delivery obligations is recognised upon the satisfactory completion of installation, which generally coincides with the time when the computer products are delivered to the customers.
- (ii) Where the Group enters into contracts with customers which entail the development of customised software with significant post-delivery service support, revenue from the development of customised software is recognised in the consolidated income statement by reference to the stage of completion of customisation work, including post-delivery service support, at the balance sheet date.
- (iii) When the outcome of a construction contract can be estimated reliably, revenue from a fixed price contract is recognised using the percentage of completion method, measured by reference to the percentage of contract costs incurred to date to estimated total contract costs for the contract; and revenue from a cost plus contract is recognised by reference to the recoverable costs incurred during the period plus an appropriate proportion of the total fee, measured by reference to the proportion that costs incurred to date bear to the estimated total costs of the contract.
 - When the outcome of a construction contract cannot be estimated reliable, revenue is recognised only to the extent of contract costs incurred that it is probable will be recoverable.
- (iv) Rental income of computer software licenses and customised software is recognised at the due date of the rental income.
- (v) Revenue from the provision of maintenance services is recognised on a straight-line basis over the life of the related agreement.
- (vi) Revenue from the sale of computer hardware is recognised on the transfer of risks and rewards of ownership, which generally coincides with the time when the goods are delivered to customers and the title has passed.
- (vii) Interest income is recognised on a time proportion basis, taking into account the principal amounts outstanding and interest rates applicable.

Notes to Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 November 2008

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Deferred revenue

Deferred revenue represents the proportion of revenue which relates to the unexpired period of the maintenance service agreements as at the year end.

Borrowings costs

Borrowing costs are interests and other costs incurred in connection with the borrowing of funds. All borrowings costs are charged to the income statement in the year in which they are incurred.

Operating leases

Leases in which a significant portion of the risk and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases (net of any incentives received from the lessor) are expensed in the income statement on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

Foreign currencies translation

(i) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates ("the functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in HK dollars, which is the Company's functional and presentation currency.

(ii) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the income statement, except when deferred in equity as qualifying cash flow hedges or qualifying net investment hedges.

Translation differences on non-monetary items, such as equity instruments held at fair value through profit or loss, are reported as part of the fair value gain or loss. Translation difference on non-monetary items, such as equities classified as available-for-sale financial assets, are included in the fair value reserve in equity.

(iii) Group companies

The results and financial position of all the group entities (none of which has the currency of a hyperinflationary economy) that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

(i) assets and liabilities for each balance sheet presented are translated at the closing rate at the date of that balance sheet;

Notes to Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 November 2008

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Foreign currencies translation (Continued)

- (iii) Group companies (Continued)
 - (ii) income and expenses for each income statement are translated at average exchange rates (unless this average is not a reasonable approximation of the cumulative effect of the rates prevailing on the transaction dates, in which case income and expenses are translated at the dates of the transactions); and
 - (iii) all resulting exchange differences are recognised as a separate component of equity.

On consolidation, exchange differences arising from the translation of the net investment in foreign entities, and of borrowings and other currency instruments designated as hedges of such investments, are taken to shareholders' equity. When a foreign operation is sold, such exchange differences are recognised in the income statement as part of the gain or loss on sale.

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events and it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation can be made. Provisions are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate. Where the effect of the time value of money is material, the amount of a provision is the present value of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligations.

Financial instruments

Financial assets in the scope of HKAS 39 are classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, loans and receivables, and available-for-sale financial assets, as appropriate. When financial assets are recognised initially, they are measured at fair value, plus, in the case of investments not at fair value through profit or loss, directly attributable transaction costs. The Group considers whether a contract contains an embedded derivative when the Group first becomes a party to it. The embedded derivatives are separated from the host contract which is not measured at fair value through profit or loss when the analysis shows that the economic characteristics and risks of embedded derivatives are not closely related to those of the host contract.

The Group determines the classification of its financial assets after initial recognition and, where allowed and appropriate, re-evaluates this designation at the balance sheet date.

All regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on the trade date, that is, the date that the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the period generally established by regulation or convention in the market place.

Notes to Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 November 2008

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss include financial assets held for trading. Financial assets are classified as held for trading if they are acquired for the purpose of sale in the near term. Gains or losses on investments held for trading are recognised in the income statement.

Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. Such assets are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Amortised cost is calculated taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and includes fees that are an integral part of the effective interest rate and transaction costs. Gains and losses are recognised in the income statement when the loans and receivables are derecognised or impaired, as well as through the amortisation process.

Held-to-maturity investments

Held-to-maturity investments are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturities that the Group's management has the positive intention and ability to hold to maturity. The Group designated certain debt securities as held-to-maturity investments. At each balance sheet date subsequent to initial recognition, held-to maturity investments are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any identified impairment losses (see accounting policy in respect of impairment loss on financial assets below).

Available-for-sale financial assets

Available-for-sale financial assets are non-derivative financial assets in listed and unlisted equity securities that are designated as available-for-sale or are not classified in any of the other two categories. After initial recognition, available-for-sale financial assets are measured at fair value, with gains or losses recognised as a separate component of equity until the investment is derecognised or until the investment is determined to be impaired, at which time the cumulative gain or loss previously reported in equity is included in the income statement.

When the fair value of unlisted equity securities cannot be reliably measured because (a) the variability in the range of reasonable fair value estimates is significant for that investment or (b) the probabilities of the various estimates within the range cannot be reasonably assessed and used in estimating fair value, such securities are stated at cost less any impairment losses.

Fair value

The fair value of investments that are actively traded in organised financial markets is determined by reference to quoted market bid prices at the close of business at the balance sheet date. For investments where there is no active market, fair value is determined using valuation techniques. Such techniques include using recent arm's length market transactions; reference to the current market value of another instrument which is substantially the same; a discounted cash flow analysis; and other valuation models.

Notes to Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 November 2008

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets

The Group assesses at each balance sheet date whether there is any objective evidence that a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired.

Assets carried at amortised cost

If there is objective evidence that an impairment loss on loans and receivables carried at amortised cost has been incurred, the amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows (excluding future credit losses that have not been incurred) discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate, being the effective interest rate computed at initial recognition. The carrying amount of the asset is reduced either directly or through the use of an allowance account. The amount of the impairment loss is recognised in the income statement.

The Group first assesses whether objective evidence of impairment exists individually for financial assets that are individually significant, and individually or collectively for financial assets that are not individually significant. If it is determined that no objective evidence of impairment exists for an individually assessed financial asset, whether significant or not, the asset is included in a group of financial assets with similar credit risk characteristics and that group is collectively assessed for impairment. Assets that are individually assessed for impairment and for which an impairment loss is or continues to be recognised are not included in a collective assessment of impairment.

If, in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is reversed. Any subsequent reversal of an impairment loss is recognised in the income statement to the extent that the carrying value of the asset does not exceed its amortised cost at the reversal date.

In relation to trade receivables, a provision for impairment is made when there is objective evidence (such as the probability of insolvency or significant financial difficulties of the debtor) that the Group will not be able to collect all of the amounts due under the original terms of an invoice. The carrying amount of the receivables is reduced through the use of an allowance account. Impaired debts are derecognised when they are assessed as uncollectible.

Assets carried at cost

If there is objective evidence that an impairment loss on an unquoted equity instrument that is not carried at fair value because its fair value cannot be reliably measured has been incurred, the amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the current market rate of return for a similar financial asset. Impairment losses on these assets are not reversed.

Notes to Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 November 2008

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Financial instruments (Continued) Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

Available-for-sale financial assets

If an available-for-sale asset is impaired, an amount comprising the difference between its cost (net of any principal payment and amortisation) and its current fair value, less any impairment loss previously recognised in the income statement, is transferred from equity to the income statement. Impairment losses on equity instruments classified as available-for-sale are not reversed through the income statement.

Derecognition of financial assets

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is derecognised where:

- the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired;
- the Group retains the rights to receive cash flows from the asset, but has assumed an obligation to pay them in full without material delay to a third party under a "pass-through" arrangement; or
- the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset and either (a) has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

Where the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset and has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset nor transferred control of the asset, the asset is recognised to the extent of the Group's continuing involvement in the asset. Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Group could be required to repay.

Where continuing involvement takes the form of a written and/or purchased option (including a cash-settled option or similar provision) on the transferred asset, the extent of the Group's continuing involvement is the amount of the transferred asset that the Group may repurchase, except in the case of a written put option (including a cash-settled option or similar provision) on an asset measured at fair value, where the extent of the Group's continuing involvement is limited to the lower of the fair value of the transferred asset and the option exercise price.

Notes to Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 November 2008

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Derecognition of financial assets (Continued)

Financial liabilities and equity

Financial liabilities and equity instruments issued by the Group are classified accordingly to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

An equity instrument is a contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Group after deducting all of its liabilities. The Group's financial liabilities are generally classified into financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss and financial liabilities at amortised costs.

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are classified into (i) financial liabilities held for trading and (ii) those designated as at fair value through profit or loss on initial recognition.

A financial liability other than a financial liability held for trading may be designated as at fair value through profit or loss upon initial recognition if:

- Such designation eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency that would otherwise arise; or
- The financial liability forms part of a group of financial assets or financial liabilities or both which is managed and its performance is evaluated on a fair value basis, in accordance with the Group's documented risk management or investment strategy, and information about the grouping is provided internally on that basis; or
- It forms part of a contract containing one or more embedded derivatives, and HKAS 39 permits the entire combined contract (asset or liability) to be designated as at fair value through profit or loss.

At each balance sheet date subsequent to initial recognition, financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value, with changes in fair value recognised directly in the income statement in the period in which they arise.

Financial liabilities at amortised cost

Financial liabilities including trade and other payables and interest-bearings loans advanced from shareholders are initially stated at fair value less directly attributable transaction costs and are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost.

Gains and losses are recognised in the income statement when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the amortisation process.

Notes to Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 November 2008

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Derecognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. The difference between the carrying value of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid is recognised in the income statement.

When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and a recognition of a new liability, and the difference between the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the income statement.

Related parties transaction

A party is considered to be related to the Group if:

- (i) the party, directly or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, (a) controls, is controlled by, or is under common control with, the Group; (b) has an interest in the Group that gives it significant influence over the Group; or (c) has joint control over the Group;
- (ii) the party is an associate;
- (iii) the party is a jointly-controlled entity;
- (iv) the party is a member of the key management personnel of the Group or its parent;
- (v) the party is a close member of the family of any individual referred to in (i) or (iv);
- (vi) the party is an entity that is controlled, jointly controlled or significantly influenced by or for which significant voting power in such entity resides with, directly or indirectly, any individual referred to in (iv) or (v); or
- (vii) the party is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of the employees of the Group, or of any entity that is a related party of the Group.

Notes to Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 November 2008

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Income tax

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit before tax as reported in the income statement because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years, and it further excludes income statement items that are never taxable or deductible.

Deferred tax is the tax expected to be payable or recoverable on differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit, and is accounted for using the liability method. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which deductible temporary difference can be utilised. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from goodwill (or negative goodwill) or from the initial recognition (other than a business combination) of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences arising on investment in subsidiaries and associates, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each balance sheet date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the liability is settled or the asset realised. Deferred tax is charged or credited to the income statement, except when it relates to items charged or credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in equity.

Contingent liabilities and assets

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events and whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Group. It can also be a present obligation arising from past events that is not recognised because it is not probable that outflow of economic resources will be required or the amount of obligation cannot be measured reliably. A contingent liability is not recognised but is disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. When a change in the probability of an outflow occurs so that outflow is probable, they will then be recognised as a provision.

Notes to Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 November 2008

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Contingent liabilities and assets (Continued)

A contingent asset is a possible asset that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain events not wholly within the control of the Group. Contingent assets are not recognised but are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements when an inflow of economic benefits is probable. When inflow is virtually certain, an asset is recognised.

Retirement benefits scheme

- (i) Salaries, annual bonuses, paid annual leave, leave passage and the cost to the Group of non-monetary benefits are accrued in the year in which the associated services are rendered by employees of the Group. Where payment or settlement is deferred and the effect would be material, these amounts are stated at their present values.
- (ii) The Group operates a defined contribution Mandatory Provident Fund retirement benefits scheme (the "MPF Scheme") under the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance for those employees who are eligible to participate in the MPF Scheme. The MPF Scheme has operated since 1 December 2000. Contributions are made based on a percentage of the employees' basic salaries and are charged to the consolidated income statement as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the MPF Scheme. The assets of the MPF Scheme are held separately from those of the Group in an independently administered fund.
- (iii) Termination benefits are recognised when, and only when, the Group demonstrably commits itself to terminate employment or to provide benefits as a result of voluntary redundancy by having a detailed formal plan which is without realistic possibility of withdrawal.
- (iv) The Company and its ultimate holding company, MSI, each operates a share option scheme for the purpose of providing incentives and rewards to eligible participants who contribute to the success of group's operation comprising the companies and their respective subsidiaries. The fair value of the employee services received in exchange for the grant of the options is recognised as expense. The total amount to be expensed over the vesting period is determined by reference to the fair value of the options granted. At each balance sheet date, the Company revises its estimates of the number of share options that are expected to become exercisable. It recognises the impact of the revision of original estimates, if any, in the income statement, and a corresponding adjustment to equity in the balance sheet will be made over the remaining vesting periods.

The proceeds received, net of any directly attributable transaction costs, are credited to share capital and share premium accounts when the share options are exercised and when the restricted share awards are vested.

Share options granted under the Company's share option scheme are not expensed as the options were all vested and not subject to requirements of HKFRS 2. Further details of the new policy are set out in Note 15.

Notes to Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 November 2008

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Segment reporting

A business segment is a group of assets and operations engaged in providing products or services that are subject to risks and returns that are different from those of other business segments. A geographical segment is engaged in providing products or services within a particular economic environment that are subject to risks and return that are different from those of segments operating in other economic environments.

In accordance with the Group's internal financial reporting, the Group has determined that business segments be presented as the primary reporting format and geographical segments as the secondary reporting format.

Segment revenue, expenses, results, assets and liabilities include items directly attributable to a segment as well as those that can be allocated on a reasonable basis to that segment. Segment revenue, expenses, assets, and liabilities are determined before intra-group balances and intra-group transactions are eliminated as part of the consolidation process, except to the extent that such intra-group balances and transactions are between group enterprises within a single segment. Inter-segment pricing is based on similar terms as those available to other external parties.

Segment assets consist primarily of property, plant and equipment, intangible assets, inventories, work in progress, receivables and operating cash. Segment capital expenditure is the total cost incurred during the period to acquire segment assets (both tangible and intangible) that are expected to be used for more than one year.

Unallocated items mainly comprise financial and corporate assets, interest-bearing loans, borrowings, tax balances, corporate and financing expenses.

Sales are based on the country in which the customer is located. Total assets and capital expenditure are based on where the assets are located.

Notes to Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 November 2008

4. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

(a) Categories of financial instruments

	2008 HK\$′000	2007 HK\$'000
Financial assets		
Loans and receivables (including cash and cash equivalents)	6,097	3,397
Financial liabilities Amortised cost	38,408	35,648

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies

The main risks arising from the Group's financial instruments are market risk (including interest rate risk and foreign exchange risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The management reviews and agrees policies for managing each of these risks and they are summarised below.

Market risk

The Group's activities expose it primarily to the financial risks of changes in interest rates, foreign currency exchange rates and equity prices.

Market risk exposures are measured by sensitivity analysis.

There has been no change to the Group's exposure to market risks or the manner in which it manages and measures the risk.

Interest rate risk management

The Group's interest rate risk arises from interest-bearing borrowings. Borrowings issued at fixed rates expose the Group to fair value interest rate risk and those at variable interest rates expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk. The Group did not enter into interest rate swap to hedge against its exposures to changes in fair values of the borrowings.

The Group considers that there is no significant cash flow interest rate risk as the Group does not have variable-rate borrowings.

The Group's exposures to interest rates on financial liabilities are detailed in the liquidity risk management section of this note.

Notes to Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 November 2008

4. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued) Market risk (Continued)

Foreign exchange risk management

The Group operates mainly in Hong Kong, primarily with respect to the Hong Kong dollars ("HKD") and Renminbi ("RMB"). The Group is exposed to foreign currency risk arising from translating the intercompany balance with its foreign subsidiaries, which are denominated in Australian dollars ("AUD") and Canadian dollars ("CAD") other than the functional currency of the Group. The Group currently does not have a foreign currency hedging policy. However, the management monitors foreign exchange exposure and will consider hedging significant foreign currency exposure should the need arise.

The carrying amounts of the Group's foreign currency denominated monetary assets and monetary liabilities at the balance sheet date are as follows:-

	2008	2007
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Assets		
AUD	183	297
CAD	3,046	-
Liabilities		
AUD	1,961	3,783
CAD	7,956	5,454

Sensitivity analysis on foreign exchange risk management

The following table details the Group's sensitivity to a 5% increase and decrease in Hong Kong dollars against the relevant foreign currency. 5% is the sensitivity rate used when reporting foreign currency risk internally to key management personnel and represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in foreign exchange rates. The sensitivity analysis includes outstanding foreign currency denominated monetary items, and adjusts their translation at the year end for a 5% change in foreign currency rates. A negative number below indicates a decrease in profit where the Hong Kong dollars strengthen 5% against the relevant currency. For a 5% weakening of the Hong Kong dollars against the relevant currency, there would be an equal and opposite impact of the profit and the balance below would be positive.

Notes to Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 November 2008

4. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)Market risk (Continued)

Foreign exchange risk management (Continued)

	2008	2007
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Impact of AUD		
Profit or loss (note (i))	89	174
Impact of CAD		
•	0.47	0.70
Profit or loss (note (ii))	246	273

Notes:

- (i) This is mainly attributable to the exposure outstanding on bank balances and amount due to the ultimate holding company denominated in AUD.
- (ii) This is mainly attributable to the exposure outstanding on bank balances, promissory note payable and amount due to the ultimate holding company denominated in CAD.

Credit risk

As at 30 November 2008, the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk which will cause a financial loss to the Group due to failure to discharge an obligation by the counterparties is arising from the carrying amount of the respective recognised financial assets as stated in the consolidated balance sheet.

In order to minimise the credit risk, the management of the Group has delegated a team responsible for determination of credit limits, credit approvals and other monitoring procedures to ensure that follow-up action is taken to recover overdue debts. The Group has set the policies in place to ensure that transactions are made to customers with an appropriate credit history. In addition, the Group reviews the recoverable amount of each individual trade debt and debt investments at each balance sheet date to ensure that adequate impairment losses are made for irrecoverable amounts. In this regard, the directors of the Company consider that the Group's credit risk is significantly reduced.

Notes to Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 November 2008

4. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued) Credit risk (Continued)

In order to minimise the credit risk of the Company on the amounts due from subsidiaries, the management of the Company closely monitored the recoverability of the amounts due. In this regard, the directors of the Company consider that the Company's credit risk on it is significantly reduced.

The Group and Company's bank balances and cash are deposited with banks in Hong Kong, Australia and the PRC. The credit risk on liquid funds is limited because the counterparties are banks with good credit-rating.

Other than concentration of credit risk on liquid funds, the Group does not have any other significant concentration of credit risk. Trade receivables consist of a large number of customers, spread across diverse industries and geographical areas.

Liquidity risk

Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and marketable securities. Internally generated cash flow and advances from shareholder and related company are the general source of funds to finance the operation of the Group. The Group had net liabilities of approximately \$36,535,000 as at 30 November 2008. The Group regularly reviews its major funding positions to ensure it has adequate financial resources in meeting its financial obligations. The Group has also obtained financial support from its shareholder and the ultimate holding company.

The Group has laid down an appropriate liquidity risk management framework for the management of the short, medium and long-term funding and liquidity management requirements, which is reviewed regularly by the Directors. The Group manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate reserves and banking facilities, by continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows and maintains a conservative level of long-term funding to finance its short-term financial assets.

Notes to Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 November 2008

4. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued) Liquidity risk (Continued)

The following tables detail the Group's remaining contractual maturity for its financial liabilities which are included in the maturity analysis provided internally to the key management personnel for the purpose of managing liquidity risk. For non-derivative financial liabilities, the table reflects the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities based on the earliest date on which the Group can be required to pay. The tables include both interest and principal cash flows.

	Weighted average effective interest rate %	Within 1 year HK\$'000	1 to 5 years HK\$'000	Over 5 years HK\$'000	Total undiscounted cash flows HK\$'000	Total carrying amount HK\$'000
At 30 November 2008 Non-derivative financial liabilities Promissory notes and interest						
payable to the related companies	5.48	-	27,908	-	27,908	27,908
Amount due to the ultimate holding	7.04	_	6,872	_	6,872	6,872
company Trade and other payables	7.04	3,628	0,072	_	3,628	3,628
nade and onter payables						
		3,628	34,780		38,408	38,408
At 30 November 2007						
Non-derivative financial liabilities						
Promissory notes and interest						
payable to a shareholder	7.65	-	17,245	-	17,245	17,245
Promissory notes and interest payable to a related company	7.65	_	6,290	_	6,290	6,290
Amount due to the ultimate holding	7.03		0,270		0,270	0,270
company	8.04	_	7,847	-	7,847	7,847
Trade and other payables	-	4,266	-	-	4,266	4,266
					-	
		4,266	31,382	-	35,648	35,648

Notes to Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 November 2008

4. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued) Fair value of financial instruments

The fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities are determined as follows:

- (i) the fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities (including derivative instruments) with standard terms and conditions and traded on active liquid markets are determined with reference to quoted market bid prices and ask prices respectively; and
- the fair value of other financial assets and financial liabilities (including derivative instruments) are determined in accordance with generally accepted pricing models based on discounted cash flow analysis using prices or rates from observable current market transactions as input. For an option-based derivative, the fair value is estimated using option pricing mode (for example, Black-Scholes model and Binomial option pricing model).

The directors consider that the carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded in the consolidated financial statements approximate their fair values.

(c) Capital risk management

The Group manages its capital to ensure that its subsidiaries will be able to continue as a going concern while maximising the return to shareholders through the optimisation of the debt and equity balance.

The capital structure of the Group consists of debt (which includes promissory notes and interest payable to a shareholder/the related companies and amount due to the ultimate holding company), and equity attributable to equity holders of the Company, comprising issued share capital, reserves and accumulated losses as disclosed in the consolidated financial statements.

The directors of the Company review the capital structure annually. As part of this review, the directors of the Company assess the annual budget prepared by management of the Company. Based on the proposed annual budget, the directors of the Company consider the cost of capital and the risks associated with each class of capital. The directors of the Company also balance its overall capital structure through the issue of new promissory note payable to its related companies.



Notes to Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 November 2008

5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGMENTS

Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

The Group makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below.

- (i) Impairment of assets
 - The Group tests annually whether the assets have suffered any impairment. The recoverable amount of an asset or a cash generating unit is determined based on value-in-use calculations which require the use of assumptions and estimates.
- (ii) Trade receivables

The aging profile of trade receivables is reviewed on a regular basis to ensure that the trade debtor balances are collectible and follow up actions are promptly carried out if the agreed credit periods have been exceeded. However, from time to time, the Group may experience delays in collection. Where recoverability of trade receivables balances are called into doubts, specific provisions for bad and doubtful debts are made based on credit status of the customers, the aged analysis of the trade receivable balances and write-off history. Certain receivables may be initially identified as collectible, yet subsequently become uncollectible and result in a subsequent write-off of the related receivable to the income statement. Changes in the collectibles of trade receivables for which provisions are not made could affect the results of operations.

Notes to Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 November 2008

6. SEGMENT INFORMATION

Segment information is presented by way of two segment formats: (i) on a primary segment reporting basis, by business segment; and (ii) on a secondary segment reporting basis, by geographical segment.

The Group's operating businesses are structured and managed separately, according to the nature of their operations and the products and services they provide. Each of the Group's business segments represents a strategic business unit that offers products and services which are subject to risks and returns that are different from those of other business segments. Summary details of the business segments are as follows:

- (a) eFinance; and
- (b) eBusiness.

In determining the Group's geographical segments, revenues and results are attributed to the segments based on the location of the customers, and assets are attributed to the segments based on the location of the assets.

(a) Business segments

	eFine	ance	eBus	iness	Consolidated		
	2008 HK\$'000	2007 HK\$'000	2008 HK\$'000	2007 HK\$'000	2008 HK\$'000	2007 HK\$'000	
Turnover	16,733	17,314	1,118	880	17,851	18,194	
Segment results	5,284	4,482	(644)	(749)	4,640	3,733	
Other revenue Exchange gain/(loss) Unallocated expenses					7 878 (6,162)	44 (952) (6,222)	
Loss from operating activities Finance costs					(637) (1,577)	(3,397)	
Loss before taxation Taxation					(2,214) -	(5,395)	
Loss for the year					(2,214)	(5,395)	

Notes to Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 November 2008

6. SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

(a) Business segments (Continued)

	eFind	ance	eBus	iness	Consol	Consolidated		
	2008	2007	2008	2007	2008	2007		
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000		
Segment assets Unallocated assets	4,045	3,750	415	803	4,460 3,850	4,553 1,268		
Total assets					8,310	5,821		
Segment liabilities Unallocated liabilities Total liabilities	11,738	11,789	4,766	5,384	16,504 28,341 44,845	17,173 23,984 41,157		
Other segment information: Depreciation Capital expenditure	309 140	268 359	19 8	1 <i>7</i> 18	328 148	285 377		

(b) Geographical segments

The Group's turnover, segment results, segment assets, segment liabilities and capital expenditure for the year, analysed by geographical market, are as follows:

	Segment turnover HK\$'000	Segment loss HK\$′000	2008 Segment assets HK\$'000	Segment liabilities HK\$'000	Capital expenditure HK\$'000
Hong Kong and other Asian countries Australia and	1 <i>7,</i> 851	(2,017)	8,128	41,894	148
New Zealand		(197)	182	2,951	
	17,851	(2,214)	8,310	44,845	148

Notes to Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 November 2008

6. SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

(b) Geographical segments (Continued)

			2007		
	Segment turnover	Segment loss	Segment assets	Segment liabilities	Capital expenditure
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Hong Kong and					
other Asian countries Australia and	18,194	(4,921)	5,524	37,374	377
New Zealand		(474)	297	3,783	
	18,194	(5,395)	5,821	41,157	377

7. TURNOVER AND OTHER REVENUE

The Group is principally engaged in the designing and sale of computer software and the provision of professional and maintenance services for such products. An analysis of the Group's turnover and other revenue is as follow:-

	2008 HK\$'000	200 <i>7</i> HK\$'000
Turnover:		
Sales of computer software licences, software rental and		
provision of related services	8,615	7,846
Provision of maintenance services	5,702	5,013
Contract revenue	2,620	2,160
Sales of computer hardware	914	3,175
	17,851	18,194
Other revenue:		
Bank interest income	7	40
Sundry income	-	4
	7	44

Notes to Financial Statements For the year ended 30 November 2008

8. LOSS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

	2008 HK\$′000	2007 HK\$'000
Loss from operating activities is stated after charging:		
Auditors' remuneration	205	195
Impairment loss recognised in respect of trade and other receivables	29	72
Depreciation on owned property, plant and equipment	328	285
Operating lease payments in respect of		
– land and buildings	1,236	974
– plant and equipment	29	30
Staff costs (excluding directors' remuneration)	10.015	10010
salaries and allowancesretirement benefit costs	12,815 439	12,810 453
Cost of computer hardware sold	740	2,334
Exchange loss	-	952
and after crediting:		
Other income:		
Exchange gain	878	-
FINANCE COSTS		
	2008	2007
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Interest on promissory notes		
– wholly repayable within five years	1,327	1,727
Interest on amount due to the ultimate holding company	0.50	071
– wholly repayable within five years	250	271
	1,577	1,998
	1,3//	1,448

9.

Notes to Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 November 2008

10. TAXATION

No provision for Hong Kong profits tax has been made as the Group had either no estimated assessable profits or had estimated tax losses brought forward to set off the estimated assessable profit for the year (2007: Nil).

No Australian income tax has been provided by the Australian subsidiaries of the Group as they had estimated tax losses brought forward to set off the estimated assessable profit for the year (2007: Nil).

The Group has tax losses arising in Hong Kong of approximately HK\$71,552,000 (2007: HK\$70,121,000) that are available indefinitely for offsetting against future taxable profits of the companies in which the losses arose. Deferred tax assets have not been recognised due to the unpredictability of the future profit streams.

The charge for the year can be reconciled to the loss per consolidated income statement as follows:

	2008								
	Hong	Kong	Austr	Australia		The PRC		Total	
	HK\$'000	%	HK\$'000	%	HK\$'000	%	HK\$'000	%	
Loss before taxation	(766)		(197)		(1,251)		(2,214)		
Tax at applicable tax rate in the respective jurisdictions	(126)	(16.5)	(59)	(30)	(321)	(25.7)	(506)	(22.8)	
Estimated tax effect of income and expenses not taxable or deductible									
in determining profits tax Estimated tax effect of unrecognised	(20)	(2.6)	45	22.9	-	-	25	1.1	
temporary differences	20	2.6	(6)	(3.1)	9	0.8	23	1.0	
Estimated tax effect of unrecognised tax losses	204	50.1	20	10.2	210	24.9	716	32.3	
Estimated tax effect of utilisation of	304	50.1	20	10.2	312	24.7	/10	32.3	
unrecognised tax losses from prior									
periods	(258)	(33.6)					(258)	(11.6)	
Tax charge at the Group's effective									
rate for the year		<u> </u>				_		<u> </u>	

Notes to Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 November 2008

10. TAXATION (CONTINUED)

				200	7			
	Hong Kong		Australia		The PRC		Total	
	HK\$'000	%	HK\$'000	%	HK\$'000	%	HK\$'000	%
Profit/(loss) before taxation	(35,495)		30,907		(807)		(5,395)	
Tax at applicable tax rate in the								
respective jurisdictions	(6,212)	(17.5)	9,272	30	(266)	(33)	2,794	51.7
Estimated tax effect of income and expenses not taxable or deductible								
in determining profits tax	5,576	15.7	726	2.3	(5)	(0.6)	6,297	116.7
Estimated tax effect of unrecognised								
temporary differences	5	0.01	(27)	(0.1)	4	0.5	(18)	(0.3)
Estimated tax effect of unrecognised								
tax losses	684	1.93	(9,971)	(32.2)	267	33.1	(9,020)	(167.2)
Estimated tax effect of utilisation of unrecognised tax losses from prior								
periods	(53)	(0.14)				_	(53)	(0.9)
Tax charge at the Group's effective								
rate for the year	_	_		_		_		_

11. NET LOSS FOR THE YEAR ATTRIBUTABLE TO SHAREHOLDERS

The net loss for the year attributable to shareholders includes a loss of HK\$1,796,000 (2007: loss of HK\$3,257,000) which has been dealt with in the financial statements of the Company.

12. LOSS PER SHARE

The calculation of basic loss per share is based on the following data:

	2008	2007
Loss for the year for the purpose of basic loss per share (in HK\$'000)	(2,214)	(5,395)
Weighted average of ordinary shares for the purpose of basic loss per share	160,590,967	160,590,967
Basic loss per share	HK(1.38) cents	HK(3.36) cents

Diluted loss per share equal basic loss per share because there were no potential dilutive shares outstanding during the last two years.

Notes to Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 November 2008

13. DIVIDENDS

The directors do not recommend the payment of any dividend in respect of the year ended 30 November 2008 (2007: Nil).

14. DIRECTORS' AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT EMOLUMENTS

(a) Directors' emoluments

The aggregate amounts of emoluments paid or payable to the directors of the Company during the year are as follows:

	2008 HK\$′000	2007 HK\$'000
Directors' fees Independent non-executive directors	60	60
Executive directors: - Basic salaries, allowances and benefits in kind - Contribution to provident fund	- -	
	60	60

No executive directors received individual emolument for the year ended 30 November 2008 (2007: No executive director received individual emoluments).

Notes to Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 November 2008

14. DIRECTORS' AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT EMOLUMENTS (CONTINUED)

(a) Directors' emoluments (Continued)

The emoluments, pension and compensation arrangements paid/payable to the directors and past directors for their services on the Company were as follows:

Name of Director	Fees HK\$'000	Salaries and allowances HK\$'000	Contribution to pension scheme HK\$'000	Total HK\$′000
2008:				
Executive directors				
Mr. Terence Chi Yan Hui	-	-	-	-
Mr. Joseph Chi Ho Hui	-	-	-	_
Non-executive director				
Mr. Kau Mo Hui	-	-	-	-
Independent non-executive				
directors				
Mr. Ronald Kwok Fai Poon	20	-	_	20
Mr. Kwong Sang Liu Mr. Edwin Kim Ho Wong	20	-	-	20
(appointed on 29 August 2008)	10	_	_	10
Mr. Clifford Sau Man Ng	. •			
(resigned on 29 August 2008)	10			10
	60			60
2007:				
Executive directors				
Mr. Terence Chi Yan Hui	-	-	-	-
Mr. Joseph Chi Ho Hui	-	-	-	-
Non-executive director				
Mr. Kau Mo Hui	-	-	-	-
Independent non-executive directors				
Mr. Ronald Kwok Fai Poon	20	_		20
Mr. Clifford Sau Man Ng	20	_		20
Mr. Kwong Sang Liu	20	-	_	20
	60	-	_	60

Notes to Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 November 2008

14. DIRECTORS' AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT EMOLUMENTS (CONTINUED)

(a) Directors' emoluments (Continued)

No directors of the Company waived any emoluments during the years ended 30 November 2008 and 2007.

During the years ended 30 November 2008 and 2007, no emoluments were paid by the Group to the directors as inducement to join or upon joining the Group, or as compensation for loss of office.

During the year, no options were granted to the executive directors under the share option scheme approved by the shareholders of the Company on 22 January 2001. Details of the share option scheme were set out in Note 15 to the financial statements.

(b) Five highest paid individuals

No director of the Company was included in the five highest paid individuals in the Group for the year (2007: Nil). The emoluments payable to the five (2007: five) individuals (the "Employees") during the year are as follows:

Basic salaries and allowances
Contribution to provident fund

2008	2007
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
2,961	3,070
60	60
3,021	3,130

During the years ended 30 November 2008 and 2007, no emoluments were paid by the Group to any of the Employees as inducement to join or upon joining the Group.

The number of the Employees whose emoluments fell within the following bands is as follow:

Nil to HK\$1,000,000 HK\$1,000,001 to HK\$1,500,000

Number	of	emp	loyees
--------	----	-----	--------

2008	2007
5	5
5	5

Notes to Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 November 2008

15. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

Retirement Benefit Scheme

Effective from 1 December 2000, the Group joined the Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme (the "MPF Scheme") for all of its employees employed under the jurisdiction of the Hong Kong Employment Ordinance. The MPF Scheme is registered with the Mandatory Provident Fund Authority under the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance (Chapter 485 of the Laws of Hong Kong) in Hong Kong. The assets of the MPF Scheme are held separately from those of the Group in funds under the control of an independent trustee. Under the rules of the MPF Scheme, the Group and its employees are each required to make contributions to the MPF Scheme at 5% of the employees' relevant income, subject to a cap of monthly relevant income of HK\$20,000. No forfeited contribution is available to reduce the contribution payable in the future years. Contributions to the scheme vest immediately. Contributions totalling HK\$35,000 (2007: HK\$34,000) were payable to the funds at year end and are included in other payables.

Equity compensation benefits

Share Option

On 22 January 2001, the shareholders of the Company approved a share option scheme (the "Scheme") under which its board of directors may, at its discretion, invite full-time employees of the Company or any of its subsidiaries, including directors, who spend not less than twenty-five hours per week in providing services to the Group, to take up options to subscribe for ordinary shares in the Company. The maximum number of shares in respect of which options may be granted under the Scheme shall not exceed 10% of the issued share capital of the Company from time to time. No employee can be granted an option under the Scheme which, if exercised in full, would result in such an employee becoming entitled to subscribe for such number of shares that would exceed 25% of the aggregate number of shares for the time being issued and issuable under the Scheme. The subscription price will be determined by the Company's board of directors and will be the highest of (i) the nominal value of the shares, (ii) the quoted closing price of the Company's shares on the trade day immediately preceding the date of offer of the options, and (iii) the average of the quoted closing price of the Company's shares on the five trading days immediately preceding the date of offer of the options. The Scheme was adopted on 22 January 2001 (the "Adoption Date") and is valid and effective for a period of ten years commencing on the Adoption Date. Any options granted under the Scheme expire ten years from the date of grant ad are exercisable over four years with one quarter exercisable on each anniversary date from the date of grant. A nominal value of HK\$1.00 is payable on acceptance of each grant of options.

No further options can be granted under the Scheme until the new requirements of Chapter 23 of the GEM Listing Rules are complied with.

Notes to Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 November 2008

15. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

Equity compensation benefits (Continued)

Share Option (Continued)

Details of the share options granted by the Company pursuant to the Scheme and the options outstanding as at 30 November 2008 were as follows:

	Date of grant	Exercise price	Exercisable period	Options held as at 1 December 2007	Lapsed during the year	Options held as at 30 November 2008
Executive directors	17 April 2001	HK\$3.625	17 April 2002 to 16 April 2011	480,000	-	480,000
	28 May 2001	HK\$4.675	28 May 2002 to 27 May 2011	48,000	-	48,000
Continuous contracts employees	17 April 2001	HK\$3.625	17 April 2002 to 16 April 2011	919,260	(44,160)	875,100
op.o,000	28 May 2001	HK\$4.675	28 May 2002 to 27 May 2011	79,156	(4,416)	74,740

These options expire ten years from the date of grant and are exercisable over four years from the date of grant, with one quarter of the options granted exercisable on each anniversary date from the date of grant.

No further options can be granted under the Company's share option scheme adopted on 22 January 2001 until the new requirements of Chapter 23 of the GEM Listing Rules are complied with.

The exercise in full of the above options outstanding as at 30 November 2008 would, under the present capital structure of the Company, result in the issue of 1,477,840 additional ordinary shares of HK\$0.10 each.

According to the transitional provision of HKFRS 2, Share-based Payment, the Group applies HKFRS 2 to share options granted after 7 November 2002 and had not yet vested on 1 December 2005. The adoption of this standard did not result in any significant changes to the amounts of disclosures in the financial statements as the share options outstanding on 30 November 2008 were granted before 7 November 2002 and vested in ten years from the date of granted.

According to the transitional provision of HKFRS 2, Share-based Payment, the Group applies HKFRS 2 to share options granted after 7 November 2002 and had not yet vested on 1 December 2005. The adoption of this standard did not result in any significant changes to the amounts of disclosures in the financial statements as all share options outstanding on 30 November 2008 were granted before 7 November 2002 and vested before the annual periods beginning on 1 December 2007.

Notes to Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 November 2008

16. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

The Group

	Leasehold Improvements HK\$'000	Furniture and fixtures HK\$'000	Office equipment	Total HK\$'000
Cost:				
At 1 December 2006 Additions	134	346	5,911 358 ———	6,391
At 30 November 2007				
and 1 December 2007	134	365	6,269	6,768
Additions	_	6	142	148
Exchange realignment		1		14
At 30 November 2008	134	372	6,424	6,930
Accumulated depreciation:				
At 1 December 2006	79	333	5,269	5,681
Charge for the year	33	5	247	285
At 30 November 2007	112	338	5,516	5,966
Charge for the year	22	8	298	328
Exchange realignment		1	1	2
At 30 November 2008	134	347	5,815	6,296
Net book value:				
At 30 November 2008		25	609	634
At 30 November 2007	22	27	753	802

Notes to Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 November 2008

17. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES

	The C	ompany
	2008	2007
	HK\$′000	HK\$'000
Unlisted shares, at cost	61,686	61,686
Less: Impairment loss recognised in respect of the investments costs	(61,686)	(61,686)
	-	_
Amounts due from subsidiaries	67,582	67,682
Less: Impairment loss recognised in respect of amounts due		
from subsidiaries (Note b)	(67,582)	(67,682)
	_	_

Notes:

- (a) The amounts due from subsidiaries are unsecured, interest-free and have no fixed terms of repayment. The directors of the Company considered that the carrying amounts of amounts due from subsidiaries approximate to their fair value.
- (b) The movements in provision for impairment loss in respect of amounts due from subsidiaries are as follows:

The C	Company
2008	2007
HK\$′000	HK\$'000
67,682	98,150
683	2,758
(783)	(33,226)
67,582	67,682
	2008 HK\$'000 67,682 683 (783)

Note: The directors of the Company had reviewed the net asset values of the Company's subsidiaries for the year ended 30 November 2008 and considered provision for impairment in values be made in respect of the amount due from subsidiaries to their net recoverable values.

Notes to Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 November 2008

17. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (CONTINUED)

Particulars of subsidiaries as at 30 November 2008 are as follows:

	Place of incorporation/	Particulars of issued share	nomino	rtion of al value d shares	
Name of subsidiary	operation	capital	held by the Directly	e Company Indirectly	Principal activities
abc Multiactive (Hong Kong) Limited	Hong Kong	300,000 ordinary shares of HK\$1.00 each	100%	-	Design and sales of computer software and provision of maintenance services
ABC Enterprise Limited	Hong Kong	1 ordinary share of HK\$1.00 each	100%	-	Dormant
Maximizer Asia Limited	Hong Kong	10,000 ordinary shares of HK\$1.00 each	100%	-	Sale of computer products and provision of maintenance services
Multiactive Software Pty. Limited ("abc Australia")	Australia	100,000 ordinary shares of A\$1.00 each	99.99%	0.01%	Dormant
Maximizer Software Pty. Limited	Australia	1 ordinary share of A\$1.00 each	-	100%	Dormant
abc Multiactive (Shenzhen) Limited (Note a)	The People's Republic of China	Registered capital HK\$100,000	-	100%	Design and sales of computer software and provision of maintenance services
Maximizer Asia (Shanghai) Limited (<i>Note a</i>)	The People's Republic of China	Registered capital RMB100,000	-	100%	Sales of computer products and provision of maintenance services

Note (a): abc Multiactive (Shenzhen) Limited and Maximizer Asia (Shanghai) Limited were formed as a wholly-owned foreign enterprise in the People's Republic of China.

Notes to Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 November 2008

18. CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS

	2008 HK\$′000	2007 HK\$'000
Amounts due from customers for contract work Amounts due to customers for contract work	1,124 (1,167)	1,171 (1,219) ———
	(43)	(48)
	The	Group
	The 2008 HK\$′000	Group 2007 HK\$'000

The Group

(43)

The Company

(48)

At 30 November 2008 and 2007, No retentions held by customers for contract works. Advances received from customers for contract work amounted to HK\$3,208,000 (2007: HK\$2,400,000).

The Group

19. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

1110	Cloop	The company	
2008	2007	2008	2007
HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
969	1,376	-	-
455	451	10	23
1,424	1,827	10	23
	2008 HK\$'000 969 455	HK\$'000 HK\$'000 969 1,376 455 451 — —	2008 2007 2008 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 969 1,376 - 455 451 10

Notes to Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 November 2008

19. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (CONTINUED)

The analysis of trade receivables were as follows:

	The	Group
	2008	2007
	HK\$′000	HK\$'000
Trade receivables	2,494	2,872
Less: Impairment loss recognised in respect of trade receivables	(1,525)	(1,496)
At 30 November	969	1,376

The Group's trading terms with its customers are mainly based on product delivery and user acceptance. The Group allows an average credit period of 0 day to 30 days to its contract customers.

The following is an aged analysis of the trade receivables, net of provision of impairment loss:-

	The	Group
	2008	2007
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Current	215	156
31 – 60 days	14	640
61 – 90 days	10	42
Over 90 days	730	538
	969	1,376

Included in the Group's trade receivables balance are debtors with a carrying amount of approximately HK\$754,000 (2007: HK\$1,220,000) which are past due at the reporting date for which the Group has not provided for impairment loss. The Group does not hold any collateral over these balances. The Group seeks to maintain strict control over its outstanding trade receivables. Overdue balances are reviewed regularly by the management.

Notes to Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 November 2008

19. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (CONTINUED)

The movements in provision for impairment loss on trade receivables were as follows:-

	The	Group
	2008	2007
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
At 1 December 2007/2006	1,496	1,520
Written back during the year	-	(96)
Impairment loss recognised in respect of trade receivables	29	72
At 30 November 2008/2007	1,525	1,496

Included in provision for impairment loss recognised in respect of trade receivables are individually impaired trade receivables with balance of approximately HK\$29,000 (2007: HK\$72,000). The individually impaired receivables related to customers that were in financial difficulties and the directors assessed that the amounts are not expected to be recovered.

The movements in provision for impairment loss in respect of prepayment, deposits and other receivables are as follows:

	The Group	
	2008 HK\$′000	200 <i>7</i> HK\$'000
Prepayment, deposits and other receivables Less Impairment loss recognised in respect of prepayments, deposits	865	861
and other receivables (Note)	(410)	(410)
At 30 November 2008/2007	455	451

Note:

The directors of the Group had assessed the recoverability of prepayment, deposits and other receivables for the year ended 30 November 2008 and considered no provision for impairment in respect of prepayment, deposits and other receivables to their recoverable values.

Notes to Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 November 2008

20. SHARE CAPITAL

	2008		2007	
	Number of shares	Amount HK\$′000	Number of shares	Amount HK\$'000
A IL · I	or snares	HK\$ 000	or snares	UK\$ 000
Authorised: Ordinary shares of HK\$0.10 each	10,000,000,000	1,000,000	10,000,000,000	1,000,000
Issued and fully paid: Ordinary shares of HK\$0.10 each	160,590,967	16,059	160,590,967	16,059

Note:

The Company operates a share option scheme, further details of which are set out under the heading "Equity compensation benefits" in Note 15 to the financial statements.

21. RESERVES

The Group

The amounts of the Group's reserves and the movements therein for the current and prior years are presented in the consolidated statement of changes in equity on page 32 of the financial statements.

The contributed surplus arises from a share for share exchange in acquiring a subsidiary. The amount represents the difference between the nominal value of the Company's shares issued and the fair value of net assets of the subsidiary. Under the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda (as amended), the contributed surplus shall not be distributed to the shareholders if there are reasonable grounds for believing that:

- (i) the Company is, or would after the payment be, unable to pay its liabilities as they become due; or
- (ii) the realisable value of the Company's assets would thereby be less than the aggregate of its liabilities and its issued share capital and share premium account.

The Company

	Share premium HK\$'000	Contributed surplus HK\$'000	Accumulated losses HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
At 1 December 2006 Loss for the year	106,118	37,600	(179,409) (3,257)	(35,691) (3,257)
At 30 November 2007 and 1 December 2007 Loss for the year	106,118	37,600	(182,666)	(38,948)
At 30 November 2008	106,118	37,600	(184,462)	(40,744)

Notes to Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 November 2008

22. PROMISSORY NOTES AND INTEREST PAYABLE TO A SHAREHOLDER/THE RELATED COMPANIES

As at 30 November 2008, the promissory notes of HK\$25,885,000 payable to the related companies are interest bearing at Hong Kong prime rate (2007: Hong Kong prime rate).

On 26 November 2008, the Company had issued a promissory note in the amount of CAD\$485,000 payable to Active Investments Capital Limited, a related company owned by the chief executive officer of the Company, which was unsecured, interest bearing at the Hong Kong prime rate and will not be repayable within the next twenty four months of 26 November 2008.

On 27 November 2008, two old promissory notes of amount HK\$9,500,000 and HK\$3,000,000 and their related interests with the amount of HK\$5,705,000 payable to Pacific East Limited were cancelled and a new promissory note was issued by the Company in favour of Active Investments Capital Limited in the principal loan amount of HK\$18,205,000 under the original terms and conditions, which was unsecured, interest bearing at the Hong Kong prime rate (2007: Hong Kong prime rate) and will not repayable on or before 31 May 2009. Active Investments Capital Limited have also agreed that it will not demand repayment of the two promissory notes and interests related to the promissory notes in the total amount of approximately HK\$21,263,000 within the next twelve months of the balance sheet date. On 27 November 2008, Active Investments Capital Limited had agreed to extend the maturity date of the promissory note in the amount of HK\$18,205,000 to 31 May 2010.

Furthermore, the parties connected to the non-executive director of the Company, Wickham Group Limited have also agreed that it will not demand repayment of the promissory note and the interest related to the promissory note in the amount of approximately HK\$6,645,000 within the next twelve months of the balance sheet date. On 27 November 2008, Wickham Group Limited had agreed to extend the maturity date of the promissory note in the amount of HK\$4,634,000 to 21 May 2010.

The carrying amounts of the non-current borrowings are as follows:

Promissory notes and interest payable to a shareholder Promissory notes and interest payable to the related companies

The Group and	me company
2008	2007
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
-	17,245
27,908	6,290
27,908	23,535

The Group and the Company

The directors of the Company considered that the carrying amounts of long-term borrowings approximate to their fair values.

Notes to Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 November 2008

23. AMOUNT DUE TO THE ULTIMATE HOLDING COMPANY

The amount due to the ultimate holding company represents mainly payables for development costs, purchases of software merchandise, royalty fee and expenses paid on behalf of the Group. The balance is unsecured and HK\$3,829,000 of which carries interest at the annual Canadian prime rate as quoted by the Hong Kong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited plus 2% compounded monthly (2007: Annual Canadian prime rate as quoted by the Hong Kong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited plus 2% compounded monthly). The ultimate holding company has confirmed that it will not demand repayment within the next twelve months of the balance sheet date.

24. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

	The	Group	The Company	
	2008	2007	2008	2007
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Trade payables	12	1	_	-
Accruals	2,644	3,092	291	308
Receipts in advance	3,222	2,412	_	-
Other payables	972	1,173	122	125
	6,850	6,678	413	433

As at 30 November 2008, the aged analysis of the trade payables was as follows:

0 -	30	day	S
		, D dc	

The Group				
2008	2007			
HK\$'000	HK\$'000			
12	-			
-	1			
12	1			

Notes to Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 November 2008

25. OPERATING LEASES COMMITMENTS

The Group

The Group leases its office under operating leases arrangements for its office and certain office equipment. Leases and rentals for its office were negotiated and fixed for a term of two years.

As at 30 November 2008, the Group had total future aggregate minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases in respect of land and buildings and office equipment as follows:

Within one year	
In the second to fifth years, inclusive	

2008	2007
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
1,687	705
1,227	125
2,914	830

The Company

The Company did not have significant operating lease commitment as at 30 November 2008 (2007: Nil).

26. MATERIAL RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

In additions to the transactions and balances detailed elsewhere in the financial statements, during the year ended 30 November 2008, the Group had entered into the following significant related party transactions which, in the opinion of the directors, were carried out on normal commercial terms and in the normal course of the Group's business:

(a) Key management personnel remuneration

Remuneration for key management personnel, including amounts paid to the Group's directors as disclosed in Note 14 is as follows:

	2008	2007
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Directors' emoluments	60	60

Notes to Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 November 2008

26. MATERIAL RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

	2008 HK\$′000	2007 HK\$'000
Software merchandises purchased from MSI for resale		
(Note (i))	204	182
Interest payable to a shareholder on promissory notes		
payable (Note 22)	961	1,266
Interest payable to the related companies on promissory		
notes payable (Note 22)	366	462
Interest payable to MSI (Note 23)	250	270
Consultancy fee payable to a related party	48	48
Operating leases payable to Jinjiang Wing Hong (Note (ii))	39	36

Notes:

(b)

(i) The Group purchased software, in the normal course of business, from MSI for re-sale in accordance with a Products Sales Agreement and a Supplemental Products Sales Agreement entered into between the Company and MSI on 5 February 2004 and 28 June 2004 respectively. The Supplemental Products Sales Agreement was expired on 31 May 2006. Subsequent to the expire date, MSI has confirmed that the pricing of the product cost remains at 25% of the gross license revenue, that is in accordance with the terms and conditions specified in the 5 February 2004 Product Cost Agreement and the subsequent 28 June 2004 Amendment (the "Product Cost Agreements") entered into between the Company and MSI.

Mr. Terence Chi Yan Hui had interests in the transactions with MSI to the extent that he is the chairman of MSI and that approximately 70% of the issued shares of MSI are indirectly owned by his family through a trust agreement, partnership interest and personal holdings.

(ii) Monthly rental fee for Shanghai Office payable to Shanghai Jinjiang Wing Hong Contracting Co. Limited ("Jinjiang Wing Hong"). Mr. Hui Kau Mo and Mr. Liu Kwong Sang are the executive director and the independent non-executive director of China Railsmedia Corporation Limited (formerly known as Wing Hong (Holdings) Limited), which is the ultimate holding company of Jinjiang Wing Hong.

27. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The Group and the Company had no material contingent liabilities as at 30 November 2008 (2007: Nil).

28. AUTHORISATION FOR ISSUE OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 13 February 2009

Financial Summary

Five Year Financial Summary

The following table summarised the audited results, assets and liabilities of the Group for the five years ended 30 November 2008, 2007, 2006, 2005 and 2004.

Results

	Year ended 30 November				
	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	(Audited)	(Audited)	(Audited)	(Audited)	(Audited)
Turnover	23,050	22,094	16,210	18,194	17,851
Net profit/(loss) for the year	564	(3,820)	(1,211)	(5,395)	(2,214)

Assets and Liabilities

As at 30 November

	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$′000
	(Audited)	(Audited)	(Audited)	(Audited)	(Audited)
Total assets	5,844	8,063	6,297	5,821	8,310
Total liabilities	(30,493)	(34,269)	(36,042)	(41,157)	(44,845)
Shareholders' deficits	(24,649)	(26,206)	(29,745)	(35,336)	(36,535)