



**AKM Industrial Company Limited**

**安捷利實業有限公司**

*(incorporated in Hong Kong with limited liability under the Companies Ordinance)*

**Stock Code: 8298**

**ANNUAL REPORT  
2011**

# Characteristics of the Growth Enterprise Market (“GEM”) of the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the “Stock Exchange”)

GEM has been positioned as a market designed to accommodate companies to which a higher investment risk may be attached than other companies listed on the Stock Exchange. Prospective investors should be aware of the potential risks of investing in such companies and should make the decision to invest only after due and careful consideration. The greater risk profile and other characteristics of GEM mean that it is a market more suited to professional and other sophisticated investors.

Given the emerging nature of companies listed on GEM, there is a risk that securities traded on GEM may be more susceptible to high market volatility than securities traded on the Main Board and no assurance is given that there will be a liquid market in the securities traded on GEM.

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This report, for which the directors (the “Directors”) of AKM Industrial Company Limited (the “Company”) collectively and individually accept full responsibility, includes particulars given in compliance with the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on GEM of the Stock Exchange (the “GEM Listing Rules”) for the purpose of giving information with regard to the Company. The Directors, having made all reasonable enquiries, confirm that, to the best of their knowledge and belief, the information contained in this report is accurate and complete in all material respects and not misleading or deceptive, and there are no other matters the omission of which would make any statement herein or this report misleading.

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## CORPORATE INFORMATION

### BOARD OF DIRECTORS

#### Executive directors

XIONG Zheng Feng (*Chairman*)

CHAI Zhi Qiang

LI Ying Hong

#### Non-executive director

HAN Li Gang

#### Independent non-executive directors

HUNG Chi Yuen Andrew

(appointed on 17 October 2011)

WU Tak Lung (resigned on 17 October 2011)

LIANG Zhi Li

WANG Heng Yi

### COMPLIANCE OFFICER

LI Ying Hong

### COMPANY SECRETARY

HUNG Ching Yuen (appointed on 13 June 2011)

LAM Sau Yan, FCCA (resigned on 13 June 2011)

### AUTHORISED REPRESENTATIVES

XIONG Zheng Feng

LI Ying Hong

### AUDIT COMMITTEE

HUNG Chi Yuen Andrew (*Committee Chairman*)

(appointed on 17 October 2011)

WU Tak Lung (*Committee Chairman*)

(resigned on 17 October 2011)

LIANG Zhi Li

WANG Heng Yi

### AUDITOR

Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu

*Certified Public Accountants*

### PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN CHINA

63 Huan Shi Road South

Information Technology Park

Nansha District

Guangzhou City

The People's Republic of China

### REGISTERED OFFICE

Rooms 2708-11, 27th Floor

West Tower, Shun Tak Centre

168-200 Connaught Road Central

Hong Kong

### HONG KONG SHARE REGISTRAR & TRANSFER OFFICE

Computershare Hong Kong Investor  
Services Limited

Rooms 1712-1716, 17th Floor

Hopewell Centre

183 Queen's Road East

Hong Kong

### PRINCIPAL BANKERS

Chiyu Banking Corporation Ltd.

Bank of China (Panyu Branch)

Guangzhou Rural Commercial Bank

### GEM STOCK CODE

8298

### COMPANY HOMEPAGE/WEBSITE

[www.akmcompany.com](http://www.akmcompany.com)

## CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

For and on behalf of the board of Directors (the "Board"), I would like to present the annual report of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively the "Group") for the year ended 31 December 2011.

### RESULT ANALYSIS AND BUSINESS REVIEW

2011 was a year in which we underwent consolidation, development and internationalization. During the year, investment made in Nansha new factory by the Group has begun to produce profit, resulting in an increase in sales volume of approximately 35% as compared with the corresponding period of last year. In accordance with market changes and customer's demand, the Group integrated the business of surface mount for flexible printed circuits ("FPC") of the joint venture company, Shenzhen Smart Electronics Co. Ltd. (深圳思碼特電子有限公司), into the Nansha new factory. Upon the completion of construction and relocation of the new factory in Suzhou, sales volume increased by approximately 19% as compared with the corresponding period of last year. The operation of the Group constantly improved during the year and our core competitiveness has been remarkably enhanced. In addition, our efforts in identifying and developing large international clients had received satisfactory results. The management of the Group believed that, with the stable growth of FPC business and enhanced cooperative relationship with international major clients, the Group will be in a secure position to create satisfactory returns for the shareholders.

The turnover of the Group for the year of 2011 amounted to approximately HK\$415.37 million, representing an increase of approximately 20% as compared to that of 2010, while the profit attributable to the owners of the Company amounted to approximately HK\$4.57 million, representing an increase of approximately 110% as compared to that of 2010, substantially achieving the expected operation targets.

In 2012, the Group will focus on the following aspects, i.e. identifying and developing large international clients, securing more sales orders, elevating the production capacity of the Suzhou new factory, enhancing the stability of production technology for high-end FPC and optimizing the corporate value chain. Internal management will be strengthened and our profitability will be continually uplifted.

The Group is dedicated to strengthen its core competence and achieve the Company's profit goal, thereby creating greater value for its shareholders, staffs as well as the community. It is the Group's mission to become a major international supplier of FPC and electronic modules and to become an industry leader in the PRC market. Besides, the Group will further explore the electronic modules business and enhance the capability to meet the customers' demands for one stop services with an aim to provide better services to the fast growing electronic market.

## CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

### APPRECIATION

On 13 June 2011, Mr. Lam Sau Yan resigned as the secretary of the Company and on the same day, Ms. Hung Ching Yuen was appointed as the secretary of the Company. On 17 October 2011, Mr. Wu Tak Lung resigned as independent non-executive director and on the same day, Mr. Hung Chi Yuen Andrew was appointed as independent non-executive director. For and on behalf of the Board, I would like to take this opportunity to thank Mr. Lam and Mr. Wu for their valuable contributions to the Company and warmly welcome Ms. Hung and Mr. Hung in joining our company.

In addition, for and on behalf of the Board, I would like to take this opportunity to thank the management and all staff members of the Group for their dedication and invaluable contributions to the Group in the past year. I would also like to thank our clients, suppliers, business partners and shareholders for their continuous support to the Group. The Group will do its best to achieve good results and secure ideal returns for our shareholders.

**AKM Industrial Company Limited**  
**XIONG Zheng Feng**  
*Chairman*

Hong Kong, 22 March 2012

## DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT OF THE GROUP

Biographical details of the Directors and the senior management of the Group are set out below:

### DIRECTORS

#### Executive Directors

**Mr. Xiong Zheng Feng (熊正峰)**, aged 42, is the chairman of the Company and an executive Director. In July 1992, he graduated from the Department of Computer Science of 南開大學 (Nankai University) and obtained his bachelor degree in science. He then obtained his master degree in economics from 南開大學經濟學院 (Nankai University School of Economics) in July 1995. Mr. Xiong joined 中國北方工業公司 (China North Industries Corporation) in August 1995 and took up the post of deputy general manager of 中國北方工業廈門公司 (China North Industries Xiamen Corporation) from October 1999 to November 2000. From April 2003 to January 2011, he was an alternate director of Raymond Industrial Ltd, a company whose shares are listed on the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong, and is a non-executive director since January 2011. In November 2000, Mr. Xiong joined Silver City International (Holdings) Ltd. (銀華國際(集團)有限公司) (“Silver City”), the controlling shareholder and a substantial shareholder of the Company, as assistant General Manager and was promoted to the position of Deputy General Manager of Silver City in March 2004. He is also a director of Alpha Luck Industrial Limited (安利實業有限公司), the controlling shareholder and a substantial shareholder of the Company, since March 2001. Mr. Xiong is also a director of the subsidiaries of the Group, namely AKM Electronics Industrial (Panyu) Ltd., AKM (Suzhou) FPC Company Limited, AKM Electronic Technology (Suzhou) Company Limited, Giant Rise Technology Ltd. and Ever Proven Investments Limited. Mr. Xiong joined the Company in March 2001 and is responsible for the Group’s corporate policy formulation, business strategies planning, business development and management of the Group. Save as disclosed above, Mr. Xiong does not hold any directorship in other listed companies in the past three years, and does not have any other relationship with any directors, senior management, substantial shareholders, or controlling shareholders of the Company.

**Mr. Chai Zhi Qiang (柴志強)**, aged 51, is an executive Director and the general manager of the Company. In January 1982, he graduated from the 激光技術專業 (Faculty of Laser Technology) of 長春光學精密機械學院 (Changchun Institute of Optics and Fine Mechanics) and obtained his bachelor degree in engineering. He then obtained his 結業證書 (Certificate on continuing education) from the 香港中澳管理學院 (Hong Kong Sino-Australia Management College) in June 2001. From February 1982 to September 1992, Mr. Chai was employed by the 江蘇省揚州市曙光儀器廠 (Shuguang Appliances Factory of Yangzhou City, Jiangsu Province) as engineer and branch-factory manager. He then joined 銀利(廣州)電子電器實業有限公司 (Alpha Luck Electronic & Electric Appliance Industrial (Guangzhou) Ltd.) in October 1992 as project manager. In January 1994, Mr. Chai joined the Company and is responsible for research and development and overall management of the Group. Mr. Chai has over 15 years of experience in the flexible printed circuit production industry. Mr. Chai is a director of the subsidiaries of the Group, namely, AKM Electronics Industrial (Panyu) Ltd., AKM (Suzhou) FPC Company Limited, AKM Electronic Technology (Suzhou) Company Limited, Ever Proven Investments Limited, Giant Rise Technology Limited and New Career Guangzhou Electronics Company Limited. Mr. Chai is also a director of a jointly controlled entity of the Group, Shenzhen Smart Electronics Co. Ltd. Save as disclosed above, Mr. Chai does not hold any directorship in other listed companies in the past three years, and does not have any other relationship with any directors, senior management, substantial shareholders, or controlling shareholder of the Company.

## DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT OF THE GROUP

**Ms. Li Ying Hong (李映紅)**, aged 48, is an executive Director. In July 1985, she obtained her bachelor degree in corporate finance and accounting from 江西財經學院 (Jiangxi College of Finance). In May 2003, she obtained her master degree in international management from Australia National University. During the period from August 1985 to February 2003, Ms. Li was employed as, amongst other roles, deputy chief accountant, deputy general manager and chief accountant of the finance department in 中國萬寶工程公司 (Wanbao China Engineering Corporation). From March 2001 to April 2003, she was a director for 北方國際合作股份有限公司 (Norinco International Cooperation Company Limited), a company listed on the Shenzhen Stock Exchange in China. She is a non-executive director of Raymond Industrial Ltd., a company whose shares are listed on the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong, since July 2008. In June 2003, Ms. Li joined Silver City as a director, deputy general manager and financial controller. At the same time, she joined the Company and is responsible for the Group's corporate policy formulation, business strategies planning, business development and management of the Group. Ms. Li is a director of the subsidiaries of the Group, namely, AKM Electronics Industrial (Panyu) Ltd., AKM Electronic Technology (Suzhou) Company Limited and Ever Proven Investments Limited. Save as disclosed above, Ms. Li does not hold any directorship in other listed companies in the past three years, and does not have any other relationship with any directors, senior management, substantial shareholders, or controlling shareholders of the Company.

### Non-executive Director

**Mr. Han Li Gang (韓立剛)**, aged 50, is a non-executive Director. Mr. Han graduated from Faculty of Mathematic of 北京師範大學 (Beijing Normal University) and obtained his bachelor degree in mathematics in July 1986. He then obtained a master degree in industrial management engineering in 武漢工業大學 (Wuhan University of Industrial Studies) in June 1993. In February 1993, he joined 中國兵工物資總公司 (China Army Industrial Material Company) and took up the position of deputy head of the audit and investment departments. Mr. Han joined 中國北方工業公司 (China North Industries Corporation) in January 2001 as senior economist, and later supervisor of the strategic management department and since November 2010 the general manager of the investment department. He was appointed as a non-executive Director of the Company in March 2004. Mr. Han is also a director of AKM Electronics Industrial (Panyu) Ltd., a subsidiary of the Group. Save as disclosed above, Mr. Han does not hold any directorship in other listed companies in the past three years, and does not have any relationship with any directors, senior management, substantial shareholders, or controlling shareholders of the Company.



## DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT OF THE GROUP

### Independent non-executive Directors

**Mr. Hung Chi Yuen Andrew (洪志遠)**, aged 43, is currently the director of Norton Rowland CPA Limited. He received his professional training in Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu and had worked for UBS Investment Bank as business unit controller for seven years. Mr. Hung was awarded the degree of Bachelor of Arts in Accountancy by The Hong Kong Polytechnic University (formerly known as the Hong Kong Polytechnic) and the degree of Master of Applied Finance by the University of Western Sydney. Mr. Hung is a practicing Certified Public Accountant, an associate member of The Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants, and a fellow member of The Chartered Association of Certified Accountants. Mr. Hung is also an independent non-executive director of CIAM Group Limited (a subsidiary of CITIC International Assets Management Limited), a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange, since 1 July 2008. Mr. Hung was appointed as an independent non-executive director of the Company on 17 October 2011. Save as disclosed above, Mr. Hung does not hold any directorship in other listed companies in the past three years, and does not have any relationship with any other directors, senior management, substantial shareholders, or controlling shareholders of the Company.

**Mr. Liang Zhi Li (梁志立)**, aged 68, is currently a fellow of 中國電子學會 (CIE) and the deputy chief secretary of 中國印制電路行業協會 (CPCA). He graduated from 北京航空航天大學 (Beihang University) in September 1967. He has been highly involved and has accumulated substantial experience in the printed circuit board industry, in particular, the production of double-sided and multi-layer printed circuit boards. Mr. Liang was appointed as an independent non-executive Director in March 2004. Mr. Liang does not hold any directorship in other listed companies in the past three years and does not have any other relationship with any directors, senior management, substantial shareholders, or controlling shareholder of the Company.

**Mr. Wang Heng Yi (王恒義)**, aged 71, is currently the chief engineer for 廣東東碩科技有限公司. He graduated from 上海同濟大學 (University of Tongji of Shanghai) in July 1963. Mr. Wang was previously the chief engineer for 珠海多層電路有限公司 (Zhuhai Multi-layer Circuits Co. Ltd.). He has accumulated over 40 years of experience in the research and development for the production of printed circuit boards. He was appointed as an independent non-executive Director in June 2004. Mr. Wang does not hold any directorship in other listed companies in the past three years, and does not have any relationship with any directors, senior management, substantial shareholders, or controlling shareholders of the Company.

## DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT OF THE GROUP

**Mr. Wu Tak Lung**, aged 46, is currently a director and Head of Investment Banking of Ample Capital Limited, a company licensed by the Securities and Futures Commission of Hong Kong. Mr. Wu had worked in an international audit firm, Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu for five years, and was then employed by several listed and private companies in Hong Kong as head of corporate finance, chief financial officer and/or executive director. Mr. Wu was awarded the degree of Bachelor of Business Administration in Accounting by the Hong Kong Baptist University and the degree of Master of Business Administration jointly by The University of Manchester and The University of Wales. Mr. Wu is a fellow member of The Association of Chartered Certified Accountants, The Hong Kong Institute of Chartered Secretaries and the Taxation Institute of Hong Kong. Mr. Wu is also a Member of the Hong Kong Securities Institute and an associate member of The Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Mr. Wu is an independent non-executive director for China Water Industry Group Limited and Aupu Group Holding Company Limited, both of which are companies listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange. Mr. Wu was appointed as an independent non-executive director of Neo-Neon Holdings Limited, a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange, for the period from November 2006 to 28 November 2011. He was appointed as an independent non-executive director of Apollo Solar Energy Limited (formerly known as "RBI Holdings Limited"), a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange, on 1 May 2008 and had resigned on 13 December 2010. Further, Mr. Wu was an independent non-executive director of iMerchants Limited, a company listed on GEM, on 13 March 2008 and had resigned on 22 November 2011. He was also an independent non-executive director of Finet Group Limited, a company listed on GEM, for the period from February 2004 to 22 September 2010. Save as disclosed above, Mr. Wu does not hold any directorship in other listed companies in the past three years and does not have any relationship with any other directors, senior management, substantial shareholders or controlling shareholders of the Company. Mr. Wu was appointed as an independent non-executive Director in January 2010, and had resigned from his directorship of the Company with effect from 17 October 2011 (Relevant disclosure in relation to Mr. Wu's resignation had been made in the announcement of the Company dated 17 October 2011).

### COMPANY SECRETARY

**Ms. Hung Ching Yuen (洪靜遠)**, aged 32, is the company secretary of the Company. Ms. Hung graduated from the University of Hong Kong and obtained her Bachelor of Laws degree and Postgraduate Certificate in Laws in 2001 and 2002 respectively. She obtained her Master of Laws degree from University College London, University of London in September 2003. Ms. Hung is a solicitor practicing in Hong Kong since 2006 and was appointed as the company secretary on 13 June 2011.

**Mr. Lam Sau Yan (林守仁)**, aged 51, was the company secretary of the Company. Mr. Lam graduated from the University of Hong Kong and obtained his bachelor degree of social sciences in November 1985. He obtained the associate membership of The Association of Chartered Certified Accountants in October 1989 and became a fellow member in October 1994. He has over 10 years of experience in the accounting and finance field. Immediately prior to joining the Group, Mr. Lam was employed by Silver City as an accounting manager in April 1997 for three years and was in charge of the accounting and finance department. He joined the Company in January 2004 as the company secretary and resigned on 13 June 2011.

## MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

### FINANCIAL REVIEW

For the year ended 31 December 2011, the turnover of the Group from continuing and discontinued operations amounted to approximately HK\$415.37 million, representing an increase of approximately 20.07% as compared to that of last year. The increase in turnover was mainly attributed to the increase in the sales of FPC and sourcing and sale of electronic components. The gross profit margin for the year increased to approximately 13.17% (year of 2010: 10.90%) due to the increase in gross profit margin for the sales of FPC.

The profit attributable to the owners of the Company from continuing and discontinued operations for 2011 was approximately HK\$4.57 million, while the profit was approximately HK\$2.17 million for 2010, representing an increase of approximately 110.49%. The increase in profit in last year was attributed to the increase of sales of FPC and a significantly higher production yield ratio.

The other income of the Group from continuing operations for the year ended 31 December 2011 amounted to approximately HK\$4.93 million, representing a decrease of approximately HK\$1.54 million as compared to that of last year. The decrease in other income was due to a smaller amount of government grants for research and development projects received from the relevant PRC government authority as compared to last year.

The distribution costs of the Group from continuing operations for the year ended 31 December 2011 amounted to approximately HK\$8.92 million, representing an increase of approximately 41.27% as compared to that of last year. The increase in distribution costs was mainly due to the increase in write-off of bad debts of HK\$3.86 million and the increase in transportation and miscellaneous costs and expenses and postage expenses in line with the expansion of the scale of operation of the principal activities.

The administrative expenses of the Group from continuing operations for the year ended 31 December 2011 amounted to approximately HK\$23.71 million, representing an increase of approximately 31.01% as compared to that of last year. The increase in administrative expenses was mainly due to the increase in salary and related expenses, the appreciation of RMB and the increase in foreign exchange losses.

The research and development expenses of the Group from continuing operations for the year ended 31 December 2011 amounted to approximately HK\$11.06 million, representing an increase of approximately 13.58% as compared to that of last year. The increase in research and development expenses was due to the increase in research and development projects and activities.

The finance cost of the Group from continuing operations for the year ended 31 December 2011 amounted to approximately HK\$5.84 million, representing an increase of approximately 49.29% as compared to that of last year. The increase in finance costs was due to the increase in interest rates of bank borrowings.

## MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

### BUSINESS REVIEW AND OUTLOOK

#### Business Review

The Group is principally engaged in the manufacture and sale of FPC, which are used in communication, LCD and consumer electronic products such as mobile phones, LCD module, car electronics and cameras. The Group is also engaged in sourcing and sale of electronic components and the encapsulation of Chip On Film (COF) modules.

For the year ended 31 December 2011, the total turnover of the Group from continuing and discontinued operations amounted to approximately HK\$415.37 million, representing an increase of approximately 20% as compared to that of 2010. During the year under review, the turnover for sales of FPC, sourcing of electronic components, sales of electronic modules for liquid crystal display module ("LCM") and the encapsulation of COF modules were approximately HK\$291.23 million, HK\$119.77 million, HK\$2.91 million and HK\$1.46 million respectively. The turnover for sales of FPC, sourcing of electronic components and sales of electronic modules for LCM during the year ended 31 December 2010 were approximately HK\$212.76 million, HK\$98.86 million and HK\$34.32 million respectively. Due to the worsening market condition and unfavourable prospects for the business of the sale of electronic modules for LCM, the Group discontinued such business in the first quarter of the year. The business of encapsulation of COF module was a new operation for the Group in 2011, and therefore no sales was recorded for the same period of last year. In 2011, the profit attributable to the owners of the Company from continuing and discontinued operations amounted to approximately HK\$4.57 million, representing an increase of approximately 110% as compared to that of 2010. The increase in profit was mainly due to the economy of scale brought by the increase in turnover and the benefit of an improved production yield ratio.

During the year under review, the turnover of FPC increased by approximately 36.88% as compared to last year. The gross profit margin of FPC was increased to approximately 17.00% (2010: approximately 14.70%). The turnover for sourcing of electronic components increased by approximately 21.15% as compared to last year, while the gross profit margin decreased to approximately 6.11% (2010: approximately 10.07%). The business of encapsulation of COF modules commenced from the second quarter of 2011 was in the market development stage, and it is expected that the turnover and profitability would improve over time.

During the year under review, the sales of FPC, which is the core business of the Group, achieved a better progress and the equipment acquired in the second half of the year has been making its contribution, resulting in a surge in the sales volume of FPC. Our Group's FPC production was mainly completed in the Nansha Factory and Suzhou Factory. During the year under review, the Group integrated the SMT business of Shenzhen Smart Electronics Co. Ltd., a joint venture of the Group, into the Nansha new factory to cater the changes in the market and the needs of the customers. This production plant has become the Group's manufacturing base of high-end FPC in Southern China.

During the year under review, the Group's wholly-owned subsidiary, AKM Electronic Technology (Suzhou) Company Limited completed the construction and relocation of the new production plant. The FPC business originally operated by AKM (Suzhou) FPC Company Limited, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Group was transferred to AKM Electronic Technology (Suzhou) Company Limited. The Group is in the process of merging these two companies. After the completion of construction and relocation of the new factory in Suzhou in second quarter of 2011, the sales volume increased by approximately 19% as compared with last year. This production plant has become the Group's manufacturing base of high-end FPC in Eastern China, and it is expected that the market development and production capacity would continue to improve.

## MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

During the year under review, the sale and sourcing of electronic components of the Group achieved a steady growth and sales volume increased in approximately 21.15% as compared with last year. The Group would focus on the steady growth of this business, and would look for a stable sourcing channel with higher efficiency and lower price mainly through improving the business and optimizing the supply chain management of the Group.

During the year under review, the Group restructured the business of New Career Guangzhou Electronics Company Limited, a wholly-owned subsidiary, whereby the subsidiary's business direction was readjusted to the COF modules business.

During the year under review, the Group aimed to cope with the demands of its major international customers in accordance with its corporate development strategy. The Group focused its efforts on developing and securing international clients, improving its technology and production yield ratio, constructing and relocating the Suzhou New Factory as well as the steady growth of the electronic components business. The Group has conducted compliance and internal control effectively, and strengthened the control in receivables and inventories application, in order to minimize the risks in corporate operation. The Group's business has been constantly improving and demonstrating a promising development trend, which shall enhance our profitability.

### Outlook

The Group is dedicated to strengthen its core competence and achieve the Company's profit goal, thereby creating greater value for its shareholders, staffs as well as the community. It is the Group's mission to become a major international supplier of FPC and electronic modules and to become an industry leader in the PRC market.

In light of changes in the market competition and the adjustment to the Group's corporate competing strategies, the Group has shifted its focus to serving large international clients with the provision of high density interconnect FPC and rigid-flex FPC products. At present, the Group has become a qualified supplier of a number of globally renowned electronic manufacturers, which demand more complicated techniques to produce their products. For the coming year, the Group will continue to focus on the following aspects, i.e. identifying and developing major international customers, securing more sales orders, elevating the production capacity of the Suzhou new factory, enhancing the stability of production technology for high-end FPC and optimizing the corporate value chain. Internal management will be strengthened and our profitability will be continually uplifted.

Following the commencement of production of the Group's Nansha and Suzhou new production plant, the Group has established two production bases, situated at Southern China and Eastern China respectively. As a result, the Group's production capacity improved significantly while the scale effect started to take shape, and the Group's concept of offering "one-stop service" to customers can be effectively implemented. The Group is confident that its scale of operation will be further expanded and the benefits of economy of scale will also be achieved.

The Board of Directors is of the opinion that, with the completion of production bases located at Southern China and Eastern China and the expansion in electronic modules business, the Group will be capable of providing services to large international clients and fulfill their personalized needs. Despite the intense competition in the industry which is also suffering from a decline and the continuous increase in labour costs, finance costs and other operating costs in the PRC, the Group is confident that it will be able to achieve scale operation, deliver satisfactory results and offer promising returns to its shareholders in the future to come, through effective market development, strengthening the close cooperative relationship with large international clients and uplifting our internal management standards and business synergies.

## **MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS**

### **LIQUIDITY AND FINANCIAL RESOURCES**

The Group financed its operations primarily with internally generated fund from operating activities and banking facilities currently available. It is anticipated that the Group has sufficient working capital for its present funding requirements. As at 31 December 2011, the Group had outstanding bank borrowings amounting to HK\$103,257,766, of which approximately HK\$1,883,963 and HK\$101,373,803 were trust receipts loans and bank borrowings respectively, and had bank overdrafts amounting to HK\$4,066,603.

### **EMPLOYEES**

As at 31 December 2011, the Group had a total of 1,442 full-time employees (2010: 1,111 employees) based in Hong Kong and the PRC. The total staff costs of the Group, including the Directors' remunerations, for the year ended 31 December 2011 amounted to HK\$53,692,515 (2010: HK\$43,567,271). The Group fixes and reviews the emoluments of its directors and staff based on the qualification, experience, performance and the market rates so as to maintain the remunerations of its directors and staff at a competitive level. The Group participates in various defined contribution retirement plans and insurance schemes in compliance with its statutory obligations under the laws and regulations of the PRC and Hong Kong. The Directors believe that employees are one of the most valuable assets of the Group which significantly contributed to the success of the Group. Apart from the basic remuneration and staff benefits, the Company also provides employees with share option schemes so as to reward their contributions to the Group and to enable the Group to recruit and retain high-calibre employees. The Group recognises the importance of staff training and, hence, regular training is provided to the Group's staff to enhance their technical and product knowledge. Majority of the Group's employees are stationed in the PRC.

### **CAPITAL STRUCTURE**

Since 18 August 2004, the shares of the Company have been listed on GEM and there has been no change in the capital structure of the Company. The capital of the Company comprises only ordinary shares.

### **SIGNIFICANT INVESTMENTS**

There were no significant investments held by the Group as at 31 December 2011.

### **MATERIAL ACQUISITIONS AND DISPOSALS**

The Group did not have any material acquisitions or disposals during the year ended 31 December 2011.

## MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

### FUTURE PLANS RELATING TO MATERIAL INVESTMENT OR CAPITAL ASSETS

In April 2008, AKM Electronic Technology (Suzhou) Co., Ltd. (安捷利電子科技(蘇州)有限公司) (“AKM ET”), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, entered into an agreement to acquire the land use rights of a piece of land with gross area of approximately 58,786 sq.m. situated at East of Liangang Road, Suzhou City, the PRC (the “Suzhou Land”) at a consideration of RMB28,217,660. The Suzhou Land and an adjacent parcel of land (“Adjacent Land”) of gross area of approximately 29,611 sq.m. purchased in June 2007 which are both situated at the Suzhou Gaoxin District will be used by the Group for the purpose of the expansion of the business for FPC production. Relevant disclosure in relation to acquisition of land use rights of the Suzhou Land and the Adjacent Land had been made in the announcement of the Company dated 24 April 2008. The construction of a new production plant had completed on the Suzhou Land and the Adjacent Land and the relocation of the production plant of AKM ET had completed and put into production, with a steady expansion in the scale of operation. The capital commitment in relation to the new production plant was funded by the development support fund (“Development Support Fund”). Relevant disclosure in relation to the grant and receipt of Development Support Fund had been made in the announcement of the Company dated 25 September 2008. It is expected that the Group will continue to increase capital expenditure on the Suzhou new factory in order to elevate its production capacity.

Save as disclosed above, the Group had no other future plans for material investments or capital assets as at 31 December 2011.

### PLEDGE OF ASSETS OF THE GROUP

As at 31 December 2011, bank deposits of approximately HK\$27.13 million (as at 31 December 2010: approximately HK\$2.35 million) and no bills receivables (as at 31 December 2010: nil) of the Group were pledged as collateral to secure the banking facilities granted to the Group.

As at 31 December 2011, land use rights and buildings with carrying amounts of approximately HK\$54.19 million and HK\$64.36 million respectively (as at 31 December 2010: approximately HK\$51.48 million and HK\$63.26 million) were pledged to secure general banking facilities granted to the Group.

### CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

As at 31 December 2011, the Group had no significant contingent liabilities.

### GEARING RATIO

As at 31 December 2011, the Group had a net cash and cash equivalent position of approximately HK\$9,876,862. The Group’s gearing ratio as at 31 December 2011 was approximately 59.01% (31 December 2010: 58.52%) which was calculated based on the Group’s total liabilities of approximately HK\$303,008,569 (31 December 2010: HK\$274,359,681) and total assets of approximately HK\$513,452,529 (31 December 2010: HK\$468,868,383).

## **MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS**

### **EXPOSURE TO FLUCTUATIONS IN EXCHANGE RATES**

The income and expenditure of the Group are mainly received and incurred in US\$ and RMB and the assets and liabilities of the Group are denominated in HK\$ and RMB. The Group is therefore exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from currency exposures, primarily with respect to US\$ and RMB. The results of operations and the financial position of the Group may be affected by any changes in the exchanges rates and the Group has not taken any hedging measures in this connection. Further, the conversion of RMB denominated balances into foreign currencies is subject to the rules and regulations of foreign exchange control promulgated by the government of the PRC. However, taking into account the Group's current operational and capital requirements, the Directors do not consider the Group is significantly exposed to any foreign currency exchange risk.

### **CAPITAL COMMITMENTS**

Details of the Company's capital commitments are set out in note 37 to the consolidated financial statements.



# CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

## INTRODUCTION

Subject to the deviation as disclosed in this report, the Company has complied with all the code provisions on Corporate Governance Practices as set out in the GEM Listing Rules by establishing formal and transparent procedures to protect and maximize the interests of shareholders during the year under review.

## DIRECTORS' SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has adopted a code of conduct regarding Directors' securities transactions on terms no less than the standard of dealings as set out in Rules 5.48 to 5.67 of the GEM Listing Rules. Having made specific enquiry on all Directors, the Directors have complied with such code of conduct and the standard of dealings regarding securities transactions throughout the year ended 31 December 2011.

## BOARD OF DIRECTORS AND BOARD MEETING

The Board currently consists of 3 executive Directors and 4 non-executive Directors of which 3 are independent non-executive Directors:

### Executive Directors:

Mr. Xiong Zheng Feng (*Chairman*)

Mr. Chai Zhi Qiang (*Chief Executive Officer*)

Ms. Li Ying Hong

### Non-executive Director:

Mr. Han Li Gang

### Independent non-executive Directors:

Mr. Hung Chi Yuen Andrew (appointed on 17 October 2011)

Mr. Wu Tak Lung (resigned on 17 October 2011)

Mr. Liang Zhi Li

Mr. Wang Heng Yi

The Board is responsible for the Group's corporate policy formulation, business strategies planning, business development, risk management, major acquisitions, disposals and capital transactions, and other significant operational and financial matters. Major corporate matters that are specifically delegated by the Board to the management include the preparation of annual and interim accounts for the Board's approval before public reporting, execution of business strategies and initiatives adopted by the Board, implementation of adequate systems of internal controls and risk management procedures, and compliance with relevant statutory requirements and rules and regulations.

Details of backgrounds and qualifications of the chairman of the Company and the other Directors are set out on pages 5 to 8 of this annual report. All Directors have given sufficient time and attention to the affairs of the Group. Each executive Director has sufficient experience to hold the position so as to carry out his duties effectively and efficiently. There is no relationship among the members of the Board.

## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

During the year under review and as at the date of this report, the Company maintained the appointment of one non-executive Director and three independent non-executive Directors who have appropriate and sufficient experience and qualification to carry out their duties so as to protect the interests of shareholders. Mr. Han Li Gang is the non-executive Director, Mr. Liang Zhi Li and Mr. Wang Heng Yi are the independent non-executive Directors. Mr. Wu Tak Lung resigned as an independent non-executive Director, a member and the chairman of the audit committee and a member of the remuneration committee with effect from 17 October 2011 and Mr. Hung Chi Yuen Andrew was appointed as an independent non-executive Director, a member and the chairman of the audit committee and a member of the remuneration committee with effect from 17 October 2011. Mr. Han Li Gang and Mr. Liang Zhi Li were first appointed under a letter of appointment by the Company for a term of three years commenced from 19 March 2004, and was then reappointed for a further term of three years commenced from 19 March 2007. Following the expiration of such term, Mr. Han Li Gang and Mr. Liang Zhi Li have been appointed for a further term of three years commenced from 19 March 2010. Mr. Wang Heng Yi was first appointed under a letter of appointment by the Company for a term of three years commenced from 18 June 2004 and was then reappointed for a further term of three years commenced from 18 June 2007. Following the expiration of such term, Mr. Wang Heng Yi had been appointed for a further term of three years commenced from 18 June 2010. Mr. Hung Chi Yuen Andrew has been appointed for a term of three years commenced from 17 October 2011. All of them are subject to retirement by rotation and re-election at the annual general meeting in accordance with the Company's articles of association.

Under the code provision A.4.2, every director should be subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years.

Pursuant to the requirements of the GEM Listing Rules, the Company has received written confirmation from each independent non-executive Director confirming his independence to the Company. Based on such confirmations of independence, the Company considers all of the independent non-executive Directors to be independent.

During the year under review, Mr. Xiong Zheng Feng was the chairman and Mr. Chai Zhi Qiang was the chief executive officer.

The roles of the chairman and chief executive officer are segregated and are not exercised by the same individual during the year under review. The chairman's responsibility is to manage the Board while the chief executive officer's is to manage the business of the Company.

The Board held a full board meeting for each quarter.

## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

Details of the attendance of the meetings of the members of the Board during the year under review are as follows:

<b>Directors</b>	<b>Attendance</b>
Mr. Xiong Zheng Feng	4/4
Mr. Chai Zhi Qiang	4/4
Ms. Li Ying Hong	4/4
Mr. Han Li Gang	4/4
Mr. Wu Tak Lung (resigned on 17 October 2011)	3/3
Mr. Hung Chi Yuen Andrew (appointed on 17 October 2011)	1/1
Mr. Liang Zhi Li	4/4
Mr. Wang Heng Yi	4/4

Apart from the above regular board meetings of the year, the members of the Board will meet on other occasions when a board-level decision on a particular matter is required. The Directors will receive agenda and details of items for decision in advance of each board meeting.

### REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS

The remuneration committee was established in August 2005. During the year under review, the chairman of the committee was Mr. Han Li Gang, a non-executive Director, and other members were Mr. Hung Chi Yuen Andrew and Mr. Wang Heng Yi, both of them are independent non-executive Directors, thus the majority were independent non-executive Directors. In order to comply with the new amendments to the GEM Listing Rules and the Corporate Governance Code which shall be effective from 1 April 2012 onwards, the members of the committee changed to Mr. Liang Zhi Li, Ms. Li Ying Hong and Mr. Wang Heng Yi with effect from 22 March 2012, and Mr. Liang Zhi Li, an independent non-executive director, has been appointed as the chairman of the committee. The majority of the committee are independent non-executive directors.

The role and function of the remuneration committee included the determination of the specific remuneration packages of all executive Directors, including benefits in kind, pension rights and compensation payments, such as any compensation payable for loss or termination of their office or appointment, and make recommendations to the Board on the remuneration of non-executive Directors. The remuneration committee should consider factors such as salaries paid by comparable companies, time commitment and responsibilities of the Directors, employment conditions elsewhere in the Group and desirability of performance-based remuneration.

During the year under review, two meetings of the remuneration committee were held. Details of the attendance of the remuneration committee meeting are as follows:

<b>Members</b>	<b>Attendance</b>
Mr. Han Li Gang	2/2
Mr. Wu Tak Lung (resigned on 17 October 2011)	2/2
Mr. Hung Chi Yuen Andrew (appointed on 17 October 2011)	0/2
Mr. Wang Heng Yi	2/2

## **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT**

The remuneration committee of the Company has considered and reviewed the existing terms of employment contracts of the executive Directors and appointment letters of the independent non-executive Directors. The remuneration committee of the Company considers that the existing terms of employment contracts of the executive Directors and appointment letters of the independent non-executive Directors are fair and reasonable.

### **NOMINATION OF DIRECTORS**

During the year under review, no nomination committee was established by the Company. The Company established the nomination committee on 22 March 2012, the chairman of the committee is Mr. Xiong Zheng Feng, the chairman of the Board, and other members are Mr. Hung Chi Yuen Andrew and Mr. Liang Zhi Li, therefore the majority are independent non-executive directors.

The nomination committee reviewed the structure, size and composition of the Board, including the skills, knowledge, experience, past performance and qualification of each of the directors of the Company in selecting and recommending candidates for directorship.

The nomination committee considered and resolved that all the existing Directors shall be recommended to be retained by the Company. Pursuant to Article 101 of the Articles of Association, at each annual general meeting one-third of the Directors for the time being, or, if their number is not three or a multiple of three, then the number nearest to but not exceeding one-third, shall retire from office, provided that every Director shall be subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years. The Directors to retire in every year shall be those who have been longest in office since their last election. Accordingly, Mr. Xiong Zheng Feng and Mr. Liang Zhi Li will retire and being eligible, offer themselves for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company in accordance with the Articles of Association.

In addition, pursuant to Article 92 of the Articles of Association, the Board shall have power from time to time to appoint any person as a Director either to fill a casual vacancy or as an addition to the Board. Any Director so appointed shall hold office only until the next following annual general meeting and shall then be eligible for re-election. Mr. Hung Chi Yuen Andrew, an independent non-executive Director, appointed by the Board on 17 October 2011, shall retire and being eligible, offer himself for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

### **AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION**

The audit committee of the Company is responsible for considering the appointment of the external auditor and reviewing any non-audit functions performed by the external auditor, including whether such non-audit functions could lead to any potential material adverse effect on the Company. During the year under review, the Group is required to pay an aggregate of approximately HK\$740,000 to the external auditor for their audit service.

## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

### AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Company established an audit committee with written terms of reference in compliance with Rules 5.28 to 5.33 of the GEM Listing Rules. The primary duties of the audit committee are to review and supervise the financial reporting process and internal controls system of the Group and provide advice and comments on the Company's draft annual reports and accounts, half year reports and quarterly reports to Directors. The audit committee comprised three members who were independent non-executive Directors during the year under review. During the year under review, Mr. Wu Tak Lung resigned as the chairman of the audit committee with effect from 17 October 2011, and Mr. Hung Chi Yuen Andrew was appointed as the chairman of the audit committee with effect from the same date. As at the date of this report, the audit committee comprises three members, Mr. Hung Chi Yuen Andrew, Mr. Liang Zhi Li and Mr. Wang Heng Yi. All of them are independent non-executive Directors. The chairman of the audit committee is Mr. Hung Chi Yuen Andrew. The audited consolidated results of the Group for the year had been reviewed by the audit committee.

The audit committee held 4 meetings during the year under review. Details of the attendance of the audit committee meetings are as follows:

Members	Attendance
Mr. Hung Chi Yuen Andrew (appointed on 17 October 2011)	1/1
Mr. Wu Tak Lung (resigned on 17 October 2011)	3/3
Mr. Liang Zhi Li	4/4
Mr. Wang Heng Yi	4/4

The Group's unaudited quarterly and interim results in 2011 and annual audited results for the year ended 31 December 2010 had been reviewed by the audit committee during the year, which was of the opinion that the preparation of such results complied with the applicable accounting standards and requirements and that adequate disclosure had been made. The audited consolidated results of the Group for the year had been reviewed by the audit committee.

### DIRECTORS' AND AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR ACCOUNTS

The Directors' responsibilities for the accounts and the responsibilities of the external auditor to the shareholders are set out on page 30.

### INTERNAL CONTROL

The Company has conducted a review of its system of internal control periodically to ensure an effective and adequate internal control system. The Company convened meetings periodically to discuss financial, operational and risk management control.

### AUDITOR

During the year, the performance of the external auditor of the Company had been reviewed and it is proposed to reappoint the external auditor at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

## **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

The directors of the Company (the "Directors") present their annual report and the audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2011.

### **SEGMENT INFORMATION**

The Group's principal activities are the manufacture and sale of flexible printed circuit, sourcing and sale of electronic components and encapsulation of Chip On Film modules. The business of manufacture and sale of electronic modules for LCM has been discontinued during the first quarter of the year ended 31 December 2011. An analysis of the Group's turnover by geographical market of its customers and operating segments for the year ended 31 December 2011 are set out in note 5 to the consolidated financial statements.

### **PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES**

The Company is an investment holding company and is engaged in sourcing of raw materials and equipment for its subsidiaries and trading of flexible printed circuit. The activities of its principal subsidiaries and jointly controlled entity are set out in notes 15 and 16 respectively to the consolidated financial statements.

### **RESULTS AND APPROPRIATIONS**

The results of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2011 are set out in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income on page 31.

The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend for the year ended 31 December 2011.

### **PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT**

Details of movements during the year in the property, plant and equipment of the Group and the Company are set out in note 13 to the consolidated financial statements.

### **SHARE CAPITAL**

Details of the share capital of the Company are set out in note 29 to the consolidated financial statements.

## DIRECTORS' REPORT

### DIRECTORS

The Directors during the year and up to the date of this report were as follows:

#### Executive Directors:

Mr. Xiong Zheng Feng (*Chairman*)

Mr. Chai Zhi Qiang

Ms. Li Ying Hong

#### Non-executive Director:

Mr. Han Li Gang

#### Independent non-executive Directors:

Mr. Hung Chi Yuen Andrew (appointed on 17 October 2011)

Mr. Wu Tak Lung (resigned on 17 October 2011)

Mr. Liang Zhi Li

Mr. Wang Heng Yi

Pursuant to Article 101 of the Articles of Association, at each annual general meeting one-third of the Directors for the time being, or, if their number is not three or a multiple of three, then the number nearest to but not exceeding one-third, shall retire from office, provided that every Director shall be subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years. The Directors to retire in every year shall be those who have been longest in office since their last election. Accordingly, Mr. Xiong Zheng Feng and Mr. Liang Zhi Li will retire and being eligible, offer themselves for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company in accordance with the Articles of Association.

Pursuant to Article 92 of the Articles of Association, the Board shall have power from time to time, and at any time to appoint any person as a Director either to fill a vacancy or as an addition to the Board. Any Director so appointed shall hold office only until the next following annual general meeting of the Company and shall then be eligible for re-election at that meeting. Mr. Hung Chi Yuen Andrew, an independent non-executive Director, appointed by the Board on 17 October 2011 will also retire and being eligible, offer himself for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company in accordance with the Articles of Association.

Each of the executive Directors has entered into a service contract with the Company for a term of 3 years and thereafter will continue until being terminated by not less than three calendar months' notice in writing served by either party on the other. Each of the non-executive Directors and independent non-executive Directors has been appointed by the Company under a letter of appointment for a term of three years which is terminable by not less than three calendar month's prior notice in writing served by either party on the other.

Save as disclosed above, none of the Directors has a service contract with the Company or any of its subsidiaries which is not determinable by the Company within one year without payment of compensation other than statutory compensation.

Details of the Directors' remuneration are set out in note 10 to the consolidated financial statements.

## DIRECTORS' REPORT

### SHARE OPTION SCHEMES

Pursuant to written resolutions of the then shareholders of the Company on 6 August 2004, the Company adopted a Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme (the "Pre-IPO Scheme") and another share option scheme (the "Scheme"). Particulars of the Pre-IPO Scheme and Scheme are set out in note 30 to the consolidated financial statements. During the year ended 31 December 2011, no options were granted under the Scheme.

Details of the movements in the number of options during the year which have been granted under the Pre-IPO Scheme are as follows:

Name or category of participant	Date of grant (Note 1)	Exercisable period (Notes 1 & 2)	Exercise price per share HK\$	Number of share options		
				Outstanding at 1.1.2011	Lapsed during the year	Outstanding at 31.12.2011
Directors						
Mr. Xiong Zheng Feng	6.8.2004	18.8.2005 to 6.8.2014	0.4	2,000,000	–	2,000,000
Mr. Chai Zhi Qiang	6.8.2004	18.8.2005 to 6.8.2014	0.4	2,800,000	–	2,800,000
Ms. Li Ying Hong	6.8.2004	18.8.2005 to 6.8.2014	0.4	600,000	–	600,000
				5,400,000	–	5,400,000
Employees	6.8.2004	18.8.2005 to 6.8.2014	0.4	5,500,000	(2,500,000)	3,000,000
Total				10,900,000	(2,500,000)	8,400,000

Notes:

- All dates are shown in the sequence of day.month.year.
- These share options are exercisable, starting from the first anniversary of the listing date at stepped annual increments of 25% of the total options granted, for a period of not later than 10 years from the date of grant.



## DIRECTORS' REPORT

### SHARE OPTION SCHEMES (Continued)

Details of the movements in the number of options during the year which have been granted under the Scheme are as follows:

Name or category of participant	Date of grant (Note 1)	Exercisable period (Notes 1 & 2)	Exercise price per share HK\$	Number of share options		
				Outstanding at 1.1.2011	Lapsed during the year	Outstanding at 31.12.2011
Directors						
Mr. Xiong Zheng Feng	9.7.2007	10.7.2007 to 9.7.2017	0.36	2,000,000	–	2,000,000
Mr. Chai Zhi Qiang	9.7.2007	10.7.2007 to 9.7.2017	0.36	2,000,000	–	2,000,000
Ms. Li Ying Hong	9.7.2007	10.7.2007 to 9.7.2017	0.36	2,000,000	–	2,000,000
Mr. Han Li Gang	9.7.2007	10.7.2007 to 9.7.2017	0.36	1,600,000	–	1,600,000
Mr. Liang Zhi Li	9.7.2007	10.7.2007 to 9.7.2017	0.36	800,000	–	800,000
Mr. Wang Heng Yi	9.7.2007	10.7.2007 to 9.7.2017	0.36	800,000	–	800,000
				9,200,000	–	9,200,000
Employees	9.7.2007	10.7.2007 to 9.7.2017	0.36	11,700,000	(2,500,000)	9,200,000
Total				20,900,000	(2,500,000)	18,400,000

#### Notes:

- All dates are shown in the sequence of day.month.year.
- These share options are exercisable, starting from the day after the date upon which the options were granted, for a period of not later than 10 years from the date of grant.

Save as disclosed above, none of the Directors or their spouses and children under the age of 18 had any right to subscribe for the securities of the Company, or had exercised any such right during the year.

## DIRECTORS' REPORT

### DIRECTORS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES

Save as disclosed below, as at 31 December 2011, none of the Directors and the chief executive and their respective associates had or was deemed to have any interests or short positions in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Cap. 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong) (the "SFO"), as recorded in the register maintained by the Company pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO, or as otherwise notified to the Company and The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") pursuant to Rules 5.46 to 5.68 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Growth Enterprise Market ("GEM") of the Stock Exchange (the "GEM Listing Rules").

#### (a) The Company

##### (i) Interest in shares of the Company

Name	Name of the Company in which interest is held	Class and number of shares of which interested (other than under equity derivatives)	Capacity	Long/short position	Approximate percentage of total issued share capital in the Company
Mr. Xiong Zheng Feng	the Company	2,190,000 ordinary shares	Beneficial owner	Long	0.41

##### (ii) Interest in the underlying shares of the Company through equity derivatives

Name of Director	Name of the Company in which interest is held	Class and number of underlying shares held under physically settled equity derivatives	Notes	Capacity	Long/short position	Approximate percentage of total issued share capital in the Company
Mr. Xiong Zheng Feng	the Company	2,000,000 ordinary shares	1	Beneficial owner	Long	0.37
		2,000,000 ordinary shares	2	Beneficial owner	Long	0.37
Mr. Chai Zhi Qiang	the Company	2,800,000 ordinary shares	1	Beneficial owner	Long	0.52
		2,000,000 ordinary shares	2	Beneficial owner	Long	0.37

## DIRECTORS' REPORT

### DIRECTORS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES (Continued)

#### (a) The Company (Continued)

##### (ii) Interest in the underlying shares of the Company through equity derivatives (Continued)

Name of Director	Name of the Company in which interest is held	Class and number of underlying shares held under physically settled equity derivatives	Notes	Capacity	Long/short position	Approximate percentage of total issued share capital in the Company
Ms. Li Ying Hong	the Company	600,000 ordinary shares	1	Beneficial owner	Long	0.11
		2,000,000 ordinary shares	2	Beneficial owner	Long	0.37
Mr. Han Li Gang	the Company	1,600,000 ordinary shares	2	Beneficial owner	Long	0.30
Mr. Liang Zhi Li	the Company	800,000 ordinary shares	2	Beneficial owner	Long	0.15
Mr. Wang Heng Yi	the Company	800,000 ordinary shares	2	Beneficial owner	Long	0.15

#### Notes:

- The interest of each of Mr. Xiong Zheng Feng, Ms. Li Ying Hong and Mr. Chai Zhi Qiang in the underlying ordinary shares of the Company reflects the share options to subscribe for shares in the Company at a subscription price of HK\$0.40 per share granted to him/her under the Pre-IPO Scheme, which position remains unchanged since the date of grant on 6 August 2004.
- The interest of each of Mr. Xiong Zheng Feng, Ms. Li Ying Hong, Mr. Chai Zhi Qiang, Mr. Han Li Gang, Mr. Liang Zhi Li and Mr. Wang Heng Yi in the underlying ordinary shares of the Company reflects the share options to subscribe for shares in the Company at a subscription price of HK\$0.36 per share granted to him/her under the Scheme, which position remains unchanged since the date of grant on 9 July 2007.
- Mr. Xiong Zheng Feng is, in aggregate, interested in approximately 1.15% of the total issued share capital in the Company, such interest comprises his interests in 2,190,000 issued shares of the Company and 4,000,000 underlying shares held under equity derivatives.
- None of Ms. Li Ying Hong, Mr. Chai Zhi Qiang, Mr. Han Li Gang, Mr. Liang Zhi Li nor Mr. Wang Heng Yi is interested in any securities of the Company other than under underlying shares held under equity derivatives.

## **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

### **DIRECTORS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES** *(Continued)*

#### **(b) The associated corporation**

As at 31 December 2011, to the best knowledge of the Directors, none of the Directors nor chief executive of the Company had or was deemed to have any interests or short positions in the shares or the underlying shares or debentures of any associated corporations of the Company (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) that was required to be recorded pursuant to section 352 of the SFO; or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO and Rules 5.46 to 5.68 of the GEM Listing Rules.

### **ARRANGEMENTS TO PURCHASE SHARES OR DEBENTURES**

Other than the share options disclosed above, at no time during the year was the Company, its holding company, or any of its subsidiaries or fellow subsidiaries, a party to any arrangements to enable the Directors of the Company to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate.

### **DIRECTORS' INTEREST IN CONTRACTS OF SIGNIFICANCE**

No contracts of significance to which the Company, its holding companies, fellow subsidiaries or subsidiaries was a party and in which a Director of the Company had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

### **REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS AND FIVE HIGHEST PAID INDIVIDUALS**

Details of the emoluments of the Directors and the top five highest paid individuals of the Group are set out in note 10 to the consolidated financial statements.

## DIRECTORS' REPORT

### SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS

Save as disclosed below, as at 31 December 2011, no person other than certain Directors or chief executive of the Company had any interests or short positions in the shares and underlying shares of the Company as recorded in the register of substantial shareholders maintained by the Company pursuant to Section 336 of the SFO, or which would fall to be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO or who were directly or indirectly interested in 5% or more of the nominal value of any class of share capital carrying rights to vote in all circumstances at general meetings of any members of the Group.

Name of substantial shareholder	Capacity	Class and number of securities in which interested (other than under equity derivatives) (Note 4)	Long/short position	Approximate percentage of total issued share capital in the Company
Alpha Luck Industrial Ltd. ("Alpha Luck")	Beneficial owner	360,000,000 ordinary shares	Long	66.67
Silver City International (Holdings) Ltd. ("Silver City") (Note 1)	Interest in controlled corporation	360,000,000 ordinary shares	Long	66.67
China North Industries Corporation 中國北方工業公司 ("CNIC") (Note 2)	Interest in controlled corporation	360,000,000 ordinary shares	Long	66.67
Dalmaly International Corporation ("Dalmaly") (Note 3)	Beneficial owner	39,660,000 ordinary shares	Long	7.34

Notes:

- This represents the same block of shares of the Company shown against the name of Alpha Luck. Since Alpha Luck is wholly and beneficially owned by Silver City, Silver City is deemed to be interested in the same number of shares of the Company held by Alpha Luck under Part XV of the SFO.
- As Silver City is wholly and beneficially owned by CNIC, CNIC is deemed to be interested in the same number of shares of the Company which Silver City is deemed to be interested under Part XV of the SFO.
- Dalmaly is beneficially owned by 29 shareholders which consist of various Directors, members of the senior management and employees of the Group. Mr. Xiong Zheng Feng, Mr. Chai Zhi Qiang and Ms. Li Ying Hong are interested in 30%, 28.75% and 6.75% respectively in the issued share capital of Dalmaly.
- None of Alpha Luck, Silver City, CNIC nor Dalmaly is interested in any securities of the Company under equity derivatives.

## **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

### **RESERVES**

The Company's reserves available for distribution to shareholders as at 31 December 2011 comprised the retained profits of HK\$68,000,678.

Details of changes in reserves of the Group and the Company during the year are set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity on page 36 and note 31 to the consolidated financial statements.

### **CONFIRMATIONS OF INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS**

The Company has received, from each of the independent non-executive Directors, an annual confirmation of his independence pursuant to Rule 5.09 of the GEM Listing Rules. Based on such confirmation, the Company considers that all of its independent non-executive Directors are independent.

### **RETIREMENT BENEFITS SCHEMES**

Details of the Group's retirement benefits schemes for the year ended 31 December 2011 are set out in note 38 to the consolidated financial statements.

### **EMOLUMENT POLICY**

The emolument policy of the employees of the Group is set up by the Remuneration Committee on the basis of their merit, qualifications and competence.

The emoluments of the Directors of the Company are decided by the Remuneration Committee, having regard to the Company's operating results, individual performance and comparable market statistics.

The Company has adopted share option schemes as an incentive to Directors and eligible employees, details of the schemes are set out in note 30 to the consolidated financial statements.

### **PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS**

There are no provisions of pre-emptive rights under the Company's articles of association which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro-rata basis to existing shareholders.

### **MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS**

For the year ended 31 December 2011, the aggregate amount of turnover attributable to the Group's five largest customers accounted for approximately 37% of the Group's turnover and the turnover attributable to the Group's largest customer accounted for approximately 11% of the Group's turnover.

For the year ended 31 December 2011, the aggregate amount of purchases attributable to the Group's five largest suppliers accounted for approximately 51% of the Group's purchases and the purchases attributable to the Group's largest supplier accounted for approximately 19% of the Group's purchases.

None of the Directors, their respective associates nor any shareholder (who or which to the knowledge of the Directors owns more than 5% of the issued share capital of the Company) has any interest in the top five customers and top five suppliers of the Group during the year.

## **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

### **PURCHASE, REDEMPTION OR SALE OF LISTED SECURITIES OF THE COMPANY**

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed shares during the year ended 31 December 2011.

### **COMPETING INTERESTS**

None of the Directors nor their respective associates (as defined under the GEM Listing Rules) had any interest in a business which causes or may cause significant competition with the business of the Group.

### **SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT**

The Company has maintained a sufficient public float throughout the year ended 31 December 2011.

### **AUDITOR**

The financial statements for the year have been audited by Messrs. Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu. A resolution will be submitted to the forthcoming Annual General Meeting of the Company to re-appoint Messrs. Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu as the auditor of the Company.

On behalf of the Board

**AKM Industrial Company Limited**

**Xiong Zheng Feng**

*CHAIRMAN*

Hong Kong, 22 March 2012

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

**Deloitte.**

**德勤**

**TO THE MEMBERS OF AKM INDUSTRIAL COMPANY LIMITED**

安捷利實業有限公司

*(incorporated in Hong Kong with limited liability)*

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of AKM Industrial Company Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") set out on pages 31 to 99, which comprise the consolidated and company's statement of financial position as at 31 December 2011, and the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

### **DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### **AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITY**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit and to report our opinion solely to you, as a body, in accordance with section 141 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

### **OPINION**

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the Group as at 31 December 2011 and of the Group's profit and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

**Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu**

*Certified Public Accountants*

Hong Kong  
22 March 2012



**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME**

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

	Notes	2011 HK\$	2010 HK\$ (restated)
<b>Continuing operations</b>			
Revenue	5	<b>412,461,275</b>	311,623,764
Cost of sales		<b>(356,747,349)</b>	(272,455,842)
Gross profit		<b>55,713,926</b>	39,167,922
Other income	6	<b>4,929,133</b>	6,468,254
Distribution costs		<b>(8,915,829)</b>	(6,311,374)
Administrative expenses		<b>(23,714,497)</b>	(18,101,430)
Research and development expenses		<b>(11,055,260)</b>	(9,733,038)
Share of result of a jointly controlled entity		<b>(3,886,784)</b>	(82,129)
Finance costs	7	<b>(5,843,523)</b>	(3,914,101)
Profit before taxation	8	<b>7,227,166</b>	7,494,104
Taxation	9	<b>(391,069)</b>	(2,101,443)
Profit for the year from continuing operations		<b>6,836,097</b>	5,392,661
<b>Discontinued operation</b>			
Loss for the year from discontinued operation	35	<b>(2,864,170)</b>	(2,309,143)
Profit for the year		<b>3,971,927</b>	3,083,518
Other comprehensive income:			
Exchange differences arising on translation		<b>11,963,331</b>	8,814,165
Total comprehensive income for the year		<b>15,935,258</b>	11,897,683
Profit (loss) for the year attributable to:			
Owners of the Company			
– from continuing operations		<b>7,433,517</b>	4,479,985
– from discontinued operation		<b>(2,864,170)</b>	(2,309,143)
		<b>4,569,347</b>	2,170,842
Non-controlling interests		<b>(597,420)</b>	912,676
		<b>3,971,927</b>	3,083,518

**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME**

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

	Notes	2011 HK\$	2010 HK\$ (restated)
Total comprehensive income (expense) attributable to:			
Owners of the Company		<b>17,049,064</b>	10,785,141
Non-controlling interests		<b>(1,113,806)</b>	1,112,542
		<b>15,935,258</b>	11,897,683
Earnings per share	12		
<b>From continuing and discontinued operations</b>			
– basic and diluted		<b>HK 0.85 cent</b>	HK 0.40 cent
<b>From continuing operations</b>			
– basic and diluted		<b>HK 1.38 cents</b>	HK 0.83 cent

**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION**

AT 31 DECEMBER 2011

	Notes	2011 HK\$	2010 HK\$
<b>Non-current assets</b>			
Property, plant and equipment	13	<b>209,428,884</b>	190,535,065
Prepaid lease payments	14	<b>58,564,077</b>	57,438,003
Interest in a jointly controlled entity	16	<b>18,857,509</b>	21,471,188
Deposits for acquisition of property, plant and equipment		<b>2,235,624</b>	2,553,652
		<b>289,086,094</b>	271,997,908
<b>Current assets</b>			
Inventories	17	<b>42,885,969</b>	26,024,069
Trade and other receivables	18	<b>128,770,998</b>	152,793,085
Bills receivables	18	<b>10,335,077</b>	3,203,677
Prepaid lease payments	14	<b>1,304,976</b>	1,251,986
Pledged bank deposits	19	<b>27,125,950</b>	2,353,628
Bank balances and cash	20	<b>13,943,465</b>	11,244,030
		<b>224,366,435</b>	196,870,475
<b>Current liabilities</b>			
Trade and other payables	21	<b>95,195,266</b>	63,745,970
Bills payables	21	<b>11,818,095</b>	11,069,388
Deferred income	22	<b>1,195,397</b>	355,156
Amount due to an intermediate holding company	23	<b>48,000</b>	48,000
Amount due to a fellow subsidiary	23	<b>119,401</b>	731,419
Amount due to a jointly controlled entity	24	<b>1,648,299</b>	1,884,891
Taxation payable		<b>3,332,564</b>	4,625,423
Bank borrowings	25	<b>102,960,123</b>	96,643,630
Loan from a non-controlling shareholder of a subsidiary	26	<b>2,247,500</b>	2,247,500
Loan from ultimate holding company	27	<b>987,167</b>	3,788,327
Bank overdrafts	20	<b>4,066,603</b>	8,194,807
		<b>223,618,415</b>	193,334,511
<b>Net current assets</b>		<b>748,020</b>	3,535,964
<b>Total assets less current liabilities</b>		<b>289,834,114</b>	275,533,872

**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION**

AT 31 DECEMBER 2011

	Notes	2011 HK\$	2010 HK\$
Capital and reserves			
Share capital	29	<b>54,000,000</b>	54,000,000
Reserves		<b>153,118,223</b>	136,069,159
Equity attributable to owners of the Company		<b>207,118,223</b>	190,069,159
Non-controlling interests		<b>3,325,737</b>	4,439,543
Total equity		<b>210,443,960</b>	194,508,702
Non-current liabilities			
Deferred income	22	<b>31,770,576</b>	31,668,048
Loans from an intermediate holding company	23	<b>44,835,000</b>	44,915,000
Loan from ultimate holding company	27	<b>1,974,334</b>	–
Bank borrowings	25	<b>297,643</b>	3,783,788
Deferred taxation	28	<b>512,601</b>	658,334
		<b>79,390,154</b>	81,025,170
		<b>289,834,114</b>	275,533,872

The consolidated financial statements on pages 31 to 99 were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 22 March 2012 and are signed on its behalf by:

**Li Ying Hong**  
DIRECTOR

**Xiong Zheng Feng**  
DIRECTOR

**STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION**

AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2011

	Notes	2011 HK\$	2010 HK\$
<b>Non-current assets</b>			
Property, plant and equipment	13	<b>63,905</b>	98,355
Interests in subsidiaries	15	<b>256,131,573</b>	201,679,233
		<b>256,195,478</b>	201,777,588
<b>Current assets</b>			
Trade and other receivables	18	<b>47,182,904</b>	28,374,654
Amounts due from subsidiaries	15	<b>12,154,546</b>	7,784,520
Pledged bank deposits	19	<b>2,354,109</b>	2,353,628
Taxation receivable		<b>146,659</b>	–
Bank balances and cash	20	<b>752,178</b>	64,797
		<b>62,590,396</b>	38,577,599
<b>Current liabilities</b>			
Trade and other payables	21	<b>15,183,400</b>	2,125,154
Amounts due to subsidiaries	15	<b>44,393,299</b>	6,080,102
Amount due to an intermediate holding company	23	<b>48,000</b>	48,000
Bank borrowings	25	<b>31,617,848</b>	13,773,972
Bank overdrafts	20	<b>4,066,603</b>	8,194,807
		<b>95,309,150</b>	30,222,035
<b>Net current (liabilities) assets</b>		<b>(32,718,754)</b>	8,355,564
<b>Total assets less current liabilities</b>		<b>223,476,724</b>	210,133,152
<b>Capital and reserves</b>			
Share capital	29	<b>54,000,000</b>	54,000,000
Reserves	31	<b>124,344,081</b>	107,434,364
<b>Total equity</b>		<b>178,344,081</b>	161,434,364
<b>Non-current liabilities</b>			
Loans from an intermediate holding company	23	<b>44,835,000</b>	44,915,000
Bank borrowings	25	<b>297,643</b>	3,783,788
		<b>45,132,643</b>	48,698,788
		<b>223,476,724</b>	210,133,152

**Li Ying Hong**  
DIRECTOR

**Xiong Zheng Feng**  
DIRECTOR

**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY**

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

	Attributable to owners of the Company							
	Share capital	Share premium	Translation reserve	Share options reserve	Retained profits	Total	Non-controlling interests	Total
	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$
At 1 January 2010	54,000,000	53,868,328	40,753,684	3,009,109	27,652,897	179,284,018	3,327,001	182,611,019
Exchange differences arising on translation	-	-	8,614,299	-	-	8,614,299	199,866	8,814,165
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	2,170,842	2,170,842	912,676	3,083,518
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	8,614,299	-	2,170,842	10,785,141	1,112,542	11,897,683
Lapse of share options	-	-	-	(89,005)	89,005	-	-	-
At 31 December 2010	54,000,000	53,868,328	49,367,983	2,920,104	29,912,744	190,069,159	4,439,543	194,508,702
Exchange differences arising on translation	-	-	12,479,717	-	-	12,479,717	(516,386)	11,963,331
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	4,569,347	4,569,347	(597,420)	3,971,927
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	12,479,717	-	4,569,347	17,049,064	(1,113,806)	15,935,258
Lapse of share options	-	-	-	(445,029)	445,029	-	-	-
At 31 December 2011	54,000,000	53,868,328	61,847,700	2,475,075	34,927,120	207,118,223	3,325,737	210,443,960

**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS**

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

	2011 HK\$	2010 HK\$
<b>OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>		
Profit before taxation	<b>4,362,996</b>	5,184,961
Adjustments for:		
Interest expense	<b>5,843,523</b>	3,914,101
Interest income	<b>(264,233)</b>	(138,211)
Share of result of a jointly controlled entity	<b>3,886,784</b>	82,129
Allowance for doubtful debts	<b>4,345,543</b>	76,655
Allowance for obsolete inventories	<b>3,540,446</b>	1,746,916
Amortisation of prepaid lease payments	<b>1,277,933</b>	1,228,285
Bad debts directly written off	<b>5,622</b>	–
Bad debts recovered	<b>(375,536)</b>	–
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	<b>20,361,805</b>	16,398,240
Foreign exchange difference on inter-company balances	<b>1,402,215</b>	849,807
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	<b>(37,083)</b>	(102,859)
Deferred income recognised	<b>(1,454,659)</b>	(4,186,701)
Operating cash flows before movements in working capital	<b>42,895,356</b>	25,053,323
Increase in inventories	<b>(19,136,391)</b>	(5,401,260)
Decrease (increase) in trade and other receivables	<b>23,236,089</b>	(45,279,141)
Increase in bills receivables	<b>(6,850,825)</b>	(856,626)
Decrease in amount due to a jointly controlled entity	<b>(182,323)</b>	(649,760)
Increase in trade and other payables	<b>31,215,122</b>	20,186,021
Increase in bills payables	<b>274,391</b>	6,764,185
Government grant received	<b>1,050,605</b>	1,166,956
Cash generated from operations	<b>72,502,024</b>	983,698
Interest paid	<b>(5,843,523)</b>	(4,076,101)
Profits tax paid	<b>(1,593,029)</b>	(67,847)
Income tax paid	<b>(423,419)</b>	(577,681)
<b>NET CASH FROM (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>	<b>64,642,053</b>	(3,737,931)

**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS**

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

	2011 HK\$	2010 HK\$
<b>INVESTING ACTIVITIES</b>		
Interest received	<b>264,233</b>	138,211
Deposits paid for acquisition of property, plant and equipment	<b>(2,701,911)</b>	(2,553,652)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	<b>189,445</b>	5,173,797
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	<b>(30,324,118)</b>	(63,200,694)
Placement of pledged bank deposits	<b>(24,258,955)</b>	(485)
<b>NET CASH USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES</b>	<b>(56,831,306)</b>	(60,442,823)
<b>FINANCING ACTIVITIES</b>		
New borrowings raised	<b>157,960,743</b>	110,231,692
Repayment of bank borrowings	<b>(157,754,256)</b>	(60,971,318)
Increase in amount due to an intermediate holding company	–	48,000
Decrease in amount due to a fellow subsidiary	<b>(629,650)</b>	(1,352,085)
Loans raised from an intermediate holding company	–	6,000,000
Repayment of loan from ultimate holding company	<b>(966,709)</b>	(929,152)
<b>NET CASH (USED IN) FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES</b>	<b>(1,389,872)</b>	53,027,137
<b>NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS</b>	<b>6,420,875</b>	(11,153,617)
<b>CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF THE YEAR</b>	<b>3,049,223</b>	13,693,414
<b>EFFECT OF FOREIGN EXCHANGE RATE CHANGES</b>	<b>406,764</b>	509,426
<b>CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF THE YEAR</b>	<b>9,876,862</b>	3,049,223
<b>REPRESENTING</b>		
Bank balances and cash	<b>13,943,465</b>	11,244,030
Bank overdrafts	<b>(4,066,603)</b>	(8,194,807)
	<b>9,876,862</b>	3,049,223



# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

## 1. GENERAL

The Company is a public limited company incorporated in Hong Kong with limited liability on 9 December 1993. Its parent is Alpha Luck Industrial Limited (“Alpha Luck”) (incorporated in Hong Kong with limited liability) and its ultimate holding company is China North Industries Corporation (“CNIC”), a state-owned enterprise established in the People’s Republic of China (the “PRC”).

The shares of the Company were listed on the Growth Enterprise Market (“GEM”) of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the “Stock Exchange”) with effect from 18 August 2004 (“Listing Date”). The registered office of the Company is situated at Rooms 2708-11, 27th Floor, West Tower, Shun Tak Centre, 168-200 Connaught Road Central, Hong Kong, and the principal place of business of the Company is situated at 63 Huan Shi Road South, Information Technology Park, Nansha District, Guangzhou City, the PRC.

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars while the functional currency of the Company is Renminbi (“RMB”). The reason for selecting Hong Kong dollars as its presentation currency is because the Company is a public limited company in Hong Kong.

The Company is an investment holding company and is engaged in sourcing of raw materials and equipment for its subsidiaries and trading of flexible printed circuit (“FPC”). Its subsidiaries are principally engaged in manufacture and sale of FPC, sourcing and sale of electronic components and encapsulation of Chip On Film modules (“COF”). The business of LCM has been discontinued during the first quarter of 2011 (see note 35). Certain comparative numbers for prior year have been restated for the presentation of such business as discontinued operation.

## 2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (“HKFRSs”)

In the current year, the Group has applied the following new and revised HKFRSs issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (“HKICPA”).

Amendments to HKFRSs	Improvements to HKFRSs issued in 2010
HKAS 24 (as revised in 2009)	Related party disclosures
Amendments to HKAS 32	Classification of rights issues
Amendments to HK(IFRIC) – INT 14	Prepayments of a minimum funding requirement
HK(IFRIC) – INT 19	Extinguishing financial liabilities with equity instruments

The application of the new and revised HKFRSs in the current year has had no material impact on the Group’s financial performance and positions for the current and prior years and/or on the disclosures set out in these consolidated financial statements.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

### 2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Continued)

The Group has not early applied the following new and revised HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective:

Amendments to HKFRS 1	Severe hyperinflation and removal of fixed dates for first-time adopters <sup>1</sup>
Amendments to HKFRS 7	Disclosures – Transfers of financial assets <sup>1</sup> Disclosures – Offsetting financial assets and financial liabilities <sup>2</sup>
HKFRS 9 and HKFRS 7 (Amendments)	Mandatory effective date of HKFRS 9 and transition disclosures <sup>3</sup>
HKFRS 9	Financial instruments <sup>3</sup>
HKFRS 10	Consolidated financial statements <sup>2</sup>
HKFRS 11	Joint arrangements <sup>2</sup>
HKFRS 12	Disclosure of interests in other entities <sup>2</sup>
HKFRS 13	Fair value measurement <sup>2</sup>
Amendments to HKAS 1	Presentation of items of other comprehensive income <sup>5</sup>
Amendments to HKAS 12	Deferred tax – Recovery of underlying assets <sup>4</sup>
HKAS 19 (as revised in 2011)	Employee benefits <sup>2</sup>
HKAS 27 (as revised in 2011)	Separate financial statements <sup>2</sup>
HKAS 28 (as revised in 2011)	Investments in associates and joint ventures <sup>2</sup>
Amendments to HKAS 32	Offsetting financial assets and financial liabilities <sup>6</sup>
HK(IFRIC) – INT 20	Stripping costs in the production phase of a surface mine <sup>2</sup>

<sup>1</sup> Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2011.

<sup>2</sup> Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013.

<sup>3</sup> Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2015.

<sup>4</sup> Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2012.

<sup>5</sup> Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2012.

<sup>6</sup> Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2014.

#### HKFRS 9 Financial instruments

HKFRS 9 issued in 2009 introduces new requirements for the classification and measurement of financial assets. HKFRS 9 amended in 2010 includes the requirements for the classification and measurement of financial liabilities and for derecognition.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

### 2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (“HKFRSs”) (Continued)

#### HKFRS 9 Financial instruments (Continued)

##### Key requirements of HKFRS 9 are described as follows:

HKFRS 9 requires all recognised financial assets that are within the scope of HKAS 39 *Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement* to be subsequently measured at amortised cost or fair value. Specifically, debt investments that are held within a business model whose objective is to collect the contractual cash flows, and that have contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal outstanding are generally measured at amortised cost at the end of subsequent accounting periods. All other debt investments and equity investments are measured at their fair values at the end of subsequent reporting periods. In addition, under HKFRS 9, entities may make an irrevocable election to present subsequent changes in the fair value of an equity investment (that is not held for trading) in other comprehensive income, with only dividend income generally recognised in profit or loss.

The most significant effect of HKFRS 9 regarding the classification and measurement of financial liabilities relates to the presentation of changes in the fair value of a financial liability (designated as at fair value through profit or loss) attributable to changes in the credit risk of that liability. Specifically, under HKFRS 9, for financial liabilities that are designated as at fair value through profit or loss, the amount of change in the fair value of the financial liability that is attributable to changes in the credit risk of that liability is presented in other comprehensive income, unless the recognition of the effects of changes in the liability’s credit risk in other comprehensive income would create or enlarge an accounting mismatch in profit or loss. Changes in fair value attributable to a financial liability’s credit risk are not subsequently reclassified to profit or loss. Previously, under HKAS 39, the entire amount of the change in the fair value of the financial liability designated as at fair value through profit or loss was presented in profit or loss.

HKFRS 9 is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013, with earlier application permitted.

Based on the consolidated statement of financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2011, the directors anticipate that the application of HKFRS 9 is not expected to have a significant impact on the amounts reported in respect of the Group’s financial assets and financial liabilities.

The director of the Group anticipate that the application of the other new and revised HKFRSs will have no material impact on the consolidated financial statements.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA. In addition, the consolidated financial statements include applicable disclosures required by the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on GEM of the Stock Exchange and by the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis.

The principal accounting policies are set out below.

#### **Basis of consolidation**

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and entities controlled by the Company (its subsidiaries). Control is achieved where the Company has the power to govern the financial and operating policies of an entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities.

The results of subsidiaries acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income from the effective date of acquisition or up to the effective date of disposal, as appropriate.

Where necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies in line with those used by other members of the Group.

All intra-group transactions, balances, income and expenses are eliminated in full on consolidation.

Non-controlling interests in subsidiaries are presented separately from the Group's equity therein.

#### *Allocation of total comprehensive income to non-controlling interests*

Total comprehensive income and expense of a subsidiary is attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance (effective from 1 January 2010 onwards).

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(Continued)*

#### **Joint ventures**

##### *Jointly controlled entities*

Joint venture arrangements that involve the establishment of a separate entity in which venturers have joint control over the economic activity of the entity are referred to as jointly controlled entities.

The results and assets and liabilities of jointly controlled entities are incorporated in the consolidated financial statements using the equity method of accounting. Under the equity method, investments in jointly controlled entities are initially recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost as adjusted thereafter to recognise the Group's share of profit or loss and other comprehensive income of the jointly controlled entities. When the Group's share of losses of a jointly controlled entity equals or exceeds its interest in that jointly controlled entity (which includes any long-term interests that, in substance, form part of the Group's net investment in the jointly controlled entity), the Group discontinues recognising its share of further losses. Additional losses are recognised only to the extent that the Group has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of that jointly controlled entity.

Any excess of the cost of acquisition over the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of a jointly controlled entity recognised at the date of acquisition is recognised as goodwill, which is included within the carrying amount of the investment.

Any excess of the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities over the cost of acquisition, after reassessment, is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

The requirements of HKAS 39 are applied to determine whether it is necessary to recognise any impairment loss with respect to the Group's investment in a jointly controlled entity. When necessary, the entire carrying amount of the investment (including goodwill) is tested for impairment in accordance with HKAS 36 "Impairment of assets" as a single asset by comparing its recoverable amount (higher of value in use and fair value less costs to sell) with its carrying amount. Any impairment loss recognised forms part of the carrying amount of the investment. Any reversal of that impairment loss is recognised in accordance with HKAS 36 to the extent that the recoverable amount of the investment subsequently increases.

Upon disposal of a jointly controlled entity that results in the Group losing joint control over that jointly controlled entity, any retained investment is measured at fair value at that date and the fair value is regarded as its fair value on initial recognition as a financial asset in accordance with HKAS 39. The difference between the previous carrying amount of the jointly controlled entity attributable to the retained interest and its fair value is included in the determination of the gain or loss on disposal of the jointly controlled entity. In addition, the Group accounts for all amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to that jointly controlled entity on the same basis as would be required if that jointly controlled entity had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities. Therefore, if a gain or loss previously recognised in other comprehensive income by that jointly controlled entity would be reclassified to profit or loss on the disposal of the related assets or liabilities, the Group reclassifies the gain or loss from equity to profit or loss (as a reclassification adjustment) when it loses joint control over that jointly controlled entity.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(Continued)*

#### **Joint ventures** *(Continued)*

##### *Jointly controlled entities (Continued)*

When a group entity transacts with its jointly controlled entity, profits and losses resulting from the transactions with the jointly controlled entity are recognised in the Group's consolidated financial statements only to the extent of interests in the jointly controlled entity that are not related to the Group.

#### **Investments in subsidiaries**

Investments in subsidiaries are included in the Company's statement of financial position at cost less any identified impairment loss. The results of subsidiaries are accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividends received and receivable.

#### **Revenue recognition**

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable and represents amounts receivable for goods sold in the normal course of business, net of discounts and sales related taxes.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when all the following conditions are satisfied:

- the Group has transferred to the buyer the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods;
- the Group retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold;
- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Group; and
- the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

Interest income from a financial asset is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the amount of income can be measured reliably. Interest income is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount on initial recognition.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(Continued)*

#### **Property, plant and equipment**

Property, plant and equipment including building held for use in the production or supply of goods or services, or for administrative purposes (other than properties under construction as described below) are stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost less subsequent accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost of items of property, plant and equipment other than construction in progress less their residual values over their estimated useful lives, using the straight line method. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation methods are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

Properties in the course of construction for production, supply or administrative purposes are carried at cost, less any recognised impairment loss. Costs include professional fees and, for qualifying assets or buildings borrowing costs capitalised in accordance with the Group's accounting policy. Such properties are classified to the appropriate categories of property, plant and equipment when completed and ready for intended use. Depreciation of these assets, on the same basis as other property assets, commences when the assets are ready for their intended use.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in profit or loss.

#### **Buildings under development for future owner-occupied purpose**

When buildings are in the course of development for production or for administrative purposes, the amortisation of prepaid lease payments provided during the construction period is included as part of costs of buildings under construction. Buildings under construction are carried at cost, less any identified impairment losses. Depreciation of buildings commences when they are available for use (i.e. when they are in the location and condition necessary for them to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management).

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(Continued)*

#### **Leasing**

Leases are classified as finance lease whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

#### *The Group as lessor*

Rental income from operating leases is recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease.

#### *The Group as lessee*

Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

In the event that lease incentives are received to enter into operating leases, such incentives are recognised as a liability. The aggregate benefit of incentives is recognised as a reduction of rental expense on a straight-line basis.

#### **Leasehold land and building**

When a lease includes both land and building elements, the Group assesses the classification of each element as a finance or an operating lease separately based on the assessment as to whether substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of each element have been transferred to the Group, unless it is clear that both elements are operating leases in which case the entire lease is classified as an operating lease. Specifically, the minimum lease payments (including any lump-sum upfront payments) are allocated between the land and the building elements in proportion to the relative fair values of the leasehold interests in the land element and building element of the lease at the inception of the lease.

To the extent the allocation of the lease payments can be made reliably, interest in leasehold land that is accounted for as an operating lease is presented as "prepaid lease payments" in the consolidated statement of financial position and is amortised over the lease term on a straight-line basis. When the lease payments cannot be allocated reliably between the land and building elements, the entire lease is generally classified as a finance lease and accounted for as property, plant and equipment.

#### **Government grants**

Government grants are not recognised until there is reasonable assurance that the Group will comply with the conditions attaching to them and that the grants will be received.

Government grants are recognised in profit or loss on a systematic basis over the periods in which the Group recognises as expenses the related costs for which the grants are intended to compensate. Specifically, government grants whose primary condition is that the Group should purchase, construct or otherwise acquire non-current assets are recognised as deferred income in the consolidated statement of financial position and transferred to profit or loss over the useful lives of the related assets.

Government grants that are receivable as compensation for expenses or losses already incurred or for the purpose of giving immediate financial support to the Group with no future related costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they become receivable.



# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

## 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(Continued)*

### Foreign currencies

In preparing the financial statements of each individual group entity, transactions in currencies other than the functional currency of that entity (foreign currencies) are recorded in the respective functional currency (i.e. the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates) at the rates of exchange prevailing on the dates of the transactions. At the end of the reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items, and on the retranslation of monetary items, are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

For the purposes of presenting the consolidated financial statements, the assets and liabilities of the Group's foreign operations are translated into the presentation currency of the Group (i.e. Hong Kong dollars) at the rate of exchange prevailing at the end of the reporting period, and their income and expenses are translated at the average exchange rates for the year, unless exchange rates fluctuate significantly during the period, in which case, the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of transactions are used. Exchange differences arising, if any, are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity under the heading of translation reserve (attributed to non-controlling interests as appropriate).

### Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those asset until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

### Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position when a group entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(Continued)*

#### **Financial instruments** *(Continued)*

##### **Financial assets**

The Group's and the Company's financial assets are classified as loans and receivables. The classification depends on the nature and purpose of the financial assets and is determined at the time of initial recognition.

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. Subsequent to initial recognition, loans and receivables including trade and other receivables, bills receivables, amounts due from subsidiaries, pledged bank deposits and bank balances and cash are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any identified impairment losses (see accounting policy in respect of impairment of financial assets below).

##### *Effective interest method*

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset and of allocating interest income over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts (including all fees paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial asset, or, where appropriate, a shorter period to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Interest income is recognised on an effective interest basis.

##### **Impairment of financial assets**

Loans and receivables are assessed for indicators of impairment at the end of the reporting period. Loans and receivables are considered to be impaired where there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial asset, the estimated future cash flows of the financial assets have been affected.

Objective evidence of impairment could include:

- significant financial difficulty of the issuer or counterparty; or
- breach of contract, such as default or delinquency in interest or principal payments; or
- it becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or financial re-organisation

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(Continued)*

#### **Financial instruments** *(Continued)*

##### ***Impairment of financial assets*** *(Continued)*

For certain categories of financial asset, such as trade receivables, assets that are assessed not to be impaired individually are, in addition, assessed for impairment on a collective basis. Objective evidence of impairment for a portfolio of receivables could include the Group's past experience of collecting payments, an increase in the number of delayed payments in the portfolio past the credit period of 30 to 120 days, observable changes in national or local economic conditions that correlate with default on receivables.

An impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss when there is objective evidence that the asset is impaired, and is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the original effective interest rate.

The carrying amount of the financial asset is reduced by the impairment loss directly for all financial assets with the exception of trade receivables, where the carrying amount is reduced through the use of an allowance account. Changes in the carrying amount of the allowance account are recognised in profit or loss. When a trade receivable is considered uncollectible, it is written off against the allowance account. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited to profit or loss.

If, in a subsequent period, the amount of impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment losses was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss to the extent that the carrying amount of the asset at the date the impairment is reversed does not exceed what the amortised cost would have been had the impairment not been recognised.

##### ***Financial liabilities and equity instruments***

Financial liabilities and equity instruments issued by a group entity are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability and equity instrument.

##### ***Equity instruments***

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the group after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Group are recognised at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(Continued)*

#### **Financial instruments** *(Continued)*

#### **Financial Liabilities and equity instruments** *(Continued)*

##### *Effective interest method*

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial liability and of allocating interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial liability, or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Interest expense is recognised on an effective interest basis.

##### *Financial liabilities*

Financial liabilities including trade and other payables, bills payables, amounts due to subsidiaries, amount due to an intermediate holding company, amount due to a fellow subsidiary, loans from an intermediate holding company, amount due to a jointly controlled entity, loan from a non-controlling shareholder of a subsidiary, loan from ultimate holding company, bank borrowings and bank overdrafts are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method.

##### **Derecognition**

The Group derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity. If the Group neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and continues to control the transferred asset, the Group continues to recognise the asset to the extent of its continuing involvement and recognises an associated liability. If the Group retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a transferred financial asset, the Group continues to recognise the financial asset and also recognises a collateralised borrowing for the proceeds received.

On derecognition of a financial asset in its entirety, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable and the cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity is recognised in profit or loss.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(Continued)*

#### **Financial instruments** *(Continued)*

##### ***Derecognition*** *(Continued)*

On derecognition of a financial asset other than in its entirety, the Group allocates the previous carrying amount of the financial asset between the part it continues to recognise, and the part it no longer recognises on the basis of the relative fair values of those parts on the date of the transfer. The difference between the carrying amount allocated to the part that is no longer recognised and the sum of the consideration received for the part no longer recognised and any cumulative gain or loss allocated to it that had been recognised in other comprehensive income is recognised in profit or loss. A cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in other comprehensive income is allocated between the part that continues to be recognised and the part that is no longer recognised on the basis of the relative fair values of those parts.

The Group derecognises a financial liability when, and only when, the Group's obligations are discharged, cancelled or expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable is recognised in profit or loss.

##### **Impairment loss on tangible assets**

At the end of the reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss, if any. When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. Where a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation can be identified, corporate assets are also allocated to individual cash-generating units, or otherwise they are allocated to the smallest group of cash-generating units for which a reasonable and consistent allocation basis can be identified. Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives and intangible assets not yet available for use are tested for impairment at least annually, and whenever there is an indication that they may be impaired.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(Continued)*

#### **Research and development expenditure**

Expenditure on research activities is recognised as an expense in the period in which it is incurred.

An internally-generated intangible asset arising from development activities (or from the development phase of an internal project) is recognised if, and only if, all of the following have been demonstrated:

- the technical feasibility of completing the intangible asset so that it will be available for use or sale;
- the intention to complete the intangible asset and use or sell it;
- the ability to use or sell the intangible asset;
- how the intangible asset will generate probable future economic benefits;
- the availability of adequate technical, financial and other resources to complete the development and to use or sell the intangible asset; and
- the ability to measure reliably the expenditure attributable to the intangible asset during its development.

The amount initially recognised for internally-generated intangible asset is the sum of the expenditure incurred from the date when the intangible asset first meets the recognition criteria listed above. Where no internally-generated intangible asset can be recognised, development expenditure is charged to profit or loss in the period in which it is incurred. Subsequent to initial recognition, internally-generated intangible asset is measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses (if any), on the same basis as intangible assets acquired separately.

#### **Inventories**

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is calculated using the weighted average method. Net realisable value is determined as the estimated selling price for inventories less all estimated costs of completion and costs necessary to make the sale.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(Continued)*

#### Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income because it excludes items of income and expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's and the Company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax base used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary difference to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary differences arises from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and interests in joint ventures, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences associated with such investments and interests are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that there will be sufficient taxable profits against which to utilise the benefits of the temporary differences and they are expected to reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of the reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset is realised, based on tax rate (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current and deferred tax is recognised in profit or loss, except when it relates to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(Continued)*

#### Share-based payment transactions

##### *Equity-settled share-based payment transactions*

##### *Share options granted to directors and employees of the Company*

The fair value of services received determined by reference to the fair value of share options granted at the grant date is expensed on a straight-line basis over the vesting period or recognised as an expense in full at the grant date when the share options granted vested immediately, with a corresponding increase in equity (share options reserve).

At the end of the reporting period, the Group revises its estimates of the number of options that are expected to ultimately vest. The impact of the revision of the original estimates during the vesting period, if any, is recognised in profit or loss such that the cumulative expense reflects the revised estimate, with a corresponding adjustment to share options reserve.

When the share options are exercised, the amount previously recognised in share option reserve will be transferred to share premium. When the share options are forfeited after the vesting date or are still not exercised at the expiry date, the amount previously recognised in share option reserve will be transferred to retained profits.

#### Retirement benefits contributions

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefits schemes and state-managed retirement benefit schemes are recognised as an expenses when employees have rendered service entitling them to the contributions.

### 4. KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

In the application of the Group's accounting policies which are described in note 3, directors of the Company are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are also discussed below.

#### Estimation of useful lives and residual values of property, plant and equipment

Management estimates the useful lives and residual values of property, plant and equipment. The estimated useful lives and residual values are based on the expected lifespan of those property, plant and equipment. The useful lives and residual values of property, plant and equipment could change significantly as a result of technical obsolescence. When the actual useful lives and residual values of property, plant and equipment are different from their estimated useful lives and residual values due to the change of commercial and technological environment, such differences will cause an impact on the depreciation charges and the amounts of assets written down for future periods.

The carrying amount of property, plant and equipment for the Group and the Company as at 31 December 2011 are HK\$209,428,884 and HK\$63,905 (2010: HK\$190,535,065 and HK\$98,355) respectively.



## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

### 4. KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY *(Continued)*

#### **Estimated impairment loss recognised in respect of property, plant and equipment**

Determining whether property, plant and equipment is impaired requires an estimation of the value in use of the cash-generating units to which the property, plant and equipment has been allocated. The value in use calculation requires the Group to estimate the future cash flows expected to arise from the cash-generating unit and a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value. Where the actual future cash flows are less than expected, a material impairment loss may arise.

The carrying amount of property, plant and equipment at 31 December 2011 is HK\$209,428,884 (2010: HK\$190,535,065 ).

#### **Allowance for doubtful debts**

The management regularly reviews the recoverability and aging of the trade and bills receivables. Allowances are applied to trade and bills receivables where events or changes in circumstances indicated that the balances may not be collectible. The identification of bad and doubtful debts requires the use of judgement and estimates. Allowance for doubtful debts is made based on the estimation of the future cash flow discounted at the financial assets original effective interest rate to calculate the present value. Where the actual future cash flows and expectation is different from the original estimate, such difference will cause an impact on carrying amounts of trade and bills receivables and doubtful debts expenses in the year in which such estimate is changed.

The carrying amount of trade and bills receivables at 31 December 2011 for the Group and the Company are HK\$131,269,343 (2010: HK\$94,610,468), net of allowance for doubtful debts of HK\$6,965,322 (2010: HK\$4,602,333) and HK\$46,648,040 (2010: HK\$27,866,137), net of allowance for doubtful debts of HK\$508,488 (2010: HK\$508,488) respectively.

#### **Allowance for obsolete inventories**

The management of the Group reviews an aged analysis at the end of the reporting period, and makes allowance for obsolete and slow-moving inventory items identified that are no longer suitable for use in production. The management estimates the net realisable value for such finished goods and work in progress based primarily on the latest invoice prices and current market conditions. If the net realisable value of inventories is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the inventories is reduced to its net realisable value.

The carrying amount of inventories for the Group as at 31 December 2011 is HK\$42,885,969 (2010: HK\$26,024,069).

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

### 5. REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION

Revenue represents the net amounts received and receivable for the sales of FPC, electronic components for surface mount technology, encapsulation of COF modules and electronic modules for LCM to external customers, net of discounts and sales related taxes.

#### Segment information

Information reported to the Executive Directors of the Company, being the chief operating decision makers, for the purpose of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance focuses on type of goods delivered.

In 2011, the Group is organised into four operating divisions namely manufacture and sale of FPC, sourcing and sale of electronic components, manufacture and encapsulation of COF modules and manufacture and sale of electronic modules for LCM. The business of manufacture and sale of electronic modules for LCM has been discontinued during the first quarter of 2011. The Group commenced the business of encapsulation of COF modules from the second quarter of 2011 which is a new reportable segment in current year. These divisions are the basis on which the Group reports its segment information.

Principal activities are as follows:

- |  |   |  |
|--|---|--|
| FPC business                               | – | the manufacture and sale of FPC  |
| Sourcing and sale of electronic components | – | the sourcing and sale of electronic components for surface mount technology and electronic modules |
| COF modules business                       | – | encapsulation of COF modules   |
| LCM business                               | – | the manufacture and sale of electronic modules for LCM (discontinued during first quarter of 2011) |

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

### 5. REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

#### Segment revenues and results

The following is an analysis of the Group's revenue and results from continuing operations by reportable segment.

	Segment revenue		Inter-segment sales		Eliminations		Segment profit (loss)	
	2011 HK\$	2010 HK\$ (restated)	2011 HK\$	2010 HK\$ (restated)	2011 HK\$	2010 HK\$ (restated)	2011 HK\$	2010 HK\$ (restated)
<b>Continuing operations</b>								
– FPC business	291,232,194	212,758,855	22,967,219	26,749,310	(22,967,219)	(26,749,310)	29,036,690	19,798,399
– Sourcing and sale of electronic components	119,772,936	98,864,909	29,736,070	29,683,357	(29,736,070)	(29,683,357)	3,848,084	5,312,680
– COF modules business	1,456,145	–	–	–	–	–	(1,473,140)	–
Total from continuing operations	412,461,275	311,623,764	52,703,289	56,432,667	(52,703,289)	(56,432,667)	31,411,634	25,111,079
Interest income							264,233	138,211
Share of result of a jointly controlled entity							(3,886,784)	(82,129)
Central administration costs							(14,718,394)	(13,758,956)
Finance costs							(5,843,523)	(3,914,101)
Profit before taxation (continuing operations)							7,227,166	7,494,104

Revenue reported above represents revenue generated from external customers.

**NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

**5. REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION** *(Continued)***Segment revenues and results** *(Continued)*

The accounting policies of the reportable segments are the same as the Group's accounting policies described in note 3. Segment profit (loss) represents the profit (loss) earned by each segment without allocation of central administration costs, share of result of a jointly controlled entity, interest income and finance costs. This is the measure reported to the Executive Directors, the Group's chief operating decision makers, for the purposes of resource allocation and performance assessment.

**Segment assets and liabilities***Segment assets*

	2011 HK\$	2010 HK\$ (restated)
<b>Continuing operations</b>		
FPC business	<b>418,206,226</b>	382,904,007
Sourcing and sale of electronic components	<b>29,090,596</b>	34,396,021
COF modules business	<b>5,961,787</b>	–
Total segment assets	<b>453,258,609</b>	417,300,028
Assets relating to discontinued operation	<b>266,996</b>	16,499,509
Interest in a jointly controlled entity	<b>18,857,509</b>	21,471,188
Unallocated assets	<b>41,069,415</b>	13,597,658
Consolidated assets	<b>513,452,529</b>	468,868,383

*Segment liabilities*

	2011 HK\$	2010 HK\$ (restated)
<b>Continuing operations</b>		
FPC business	<b>132,399,716</b>	91,160,867
Sourcing and sale of electronic components	<b>9,095,460</b>	16,278,176
COF modules business	<b>132,457</b>	–
Total segment liabilities	<b>141,627,633</b>	107,439,043
Liabilities relating to discontinued operation	–	1,284,410
Unallocated liabilities	<b>161,380,936</b>	165,636,228
Consolidated liabilities	<b>303,008,569</b>	274,359,681

For the purposes of monitoring segment performances and allocating resources between segments:

- all assets are allocated to reportable segments other than pledged bank deposits, bank balances and cash and interest in a jointly controlled entity.
- all liabilities are allocated to reportable segments other than amount due to a fellow subsidiary, amount due to an intermediate holding company, loans from a non-controlling shareholder of a subsidiary, loan from an intermediate holding company, loans from ultimate holding company, bank borrowings, bank overdrafts and current and deferred tax liabilities.

**NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

**5. REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION** (Continued)**Other segment information****2011**

Amounts included in the measure of segment profit or loss or segment assets:

<b>Continuing operations</b>	<b>FPC business HK\$</b>	<b>Sourcing and sale of electronic components HK\$</b>	<b>COF modules business HK\$</b>	<b>Segment total HK\$</b>
Allowance for doubtful debts	186,917	2,291,824	–	2,478,741
Allowance for obsolete inventories	3,076,916	258,602	–	3,335,518
Addition to non-current assets (Note)	31,062,317	12,250	8,203	31,082,770
Amortisation of prepaid lease payments	1,277,933	–	–	1,277,933
Bad debts recovered	(375,536)	–	–	(375,536)
Depreciation	18,755,052	72,129	1,534,624	20,361,805
Government grant for research and development projects	(1,454,659)	–	–	(1,454,659)
Research and development expenses	11,055,260	–	–	11,055,260

Amounts regularly provided to the chief operating decision makers but not included in the measure of segment profit or loss or segment assets:

<b>Continuing operations</b>	<b>FPC business HK\$</b>	<b>Sourcing and sale of electronic components HK\$</b>	<b>COF modules business HK\$</b>	<b>Segment total HK\$</b>
Interest in a joint controlled entity	–	18,857,509	–	18,857,509
Share of loss of a jointly controlled entity	–	3,886,784	–	3,886,784
Interest income	(257,044)	(2,804)	(4,385)	(264,233)
Interest expenses	5,843,523	–	–	5,843,523
Income tax expense	264,586	295,671	–	560,257
Net foreign exchange loss (gain)	860,352	(163,927)	154,045	850,470

Note: Non-current assets represent property, plant and equipment and prepaid lease payments.

**NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

**5. REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION** (Continued)**Other segment information** (Continued)

2010

Amounts included in the measure of segment profit or loss or segment assets:

	FPC business HK\$	Sourcing and sale of electronic components HK\$	Segment total HK\$
<b>Continuing operations</b>			
Allowance for doubtful debts	46,640	30,015	76,655
Allowance for obsolete inventories	1,740,423	6,493	1,746,916
Addition to non-current assets (Note)	58,458,988	397,152	58,856,140
Amortisation of prepaid lease payments	1,228,285	–	1,228,285
Depreciation	15,128,914	13,363	15,142,277
Government grant for research and development projects	(4,186,701)	–	(4,186,701)
Research and development expenses	9,733,038	–	9,733,038

Amounts regularly provided to the chief operating decision makers but not included in the measure of segment profit or loss or segment assets:

	FPC business HK\$	Sourcing and sale of electronic components HK\$	Segment total HK\$
<b>Continuing operations</b>			
Interest in a joint controlled entity	–	21,471,188	21,471,188
Share of loss of a jointly controlled entity	–	82,129	82,129
Interest income	(135,203)	(3,008)	(138,211)
Interest expenses	3,914,083	18	3,914,101
Income tax expense	1,015,369	737,648	1,753,017
Net foreign exchange gains	(133,490)	(301,707)	(435,197)

Note: Non-current assets represent property, plant and equipment and prepaid lease payments.

**NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

**5. REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION** (Continued)**Geographical information**

The Group operates in two principal geographical areas – the People's Republic of China (excluding Hong Kong) (the "PRC") and Hong Kong (country of domicile). The following table provides an analysis of the Group's revenue from external customers by geographical location:

	Revenue from external customers	
	2011 HK\$	2010 HK\$ (restated)
<b>Continuing operations</b>		
– PRC other than Hong Kong	<b>255,139,699</b>	212,156,447
– Hong Kong	<b>132,816,270</b>	72,245,733
– Others	<b>24,505,306</b>	27,221,584
	<b>412,461,275</b>	311,623,764

Substantially all of the Group's non-current assets, including property, plant and equipment, prepaid lease payments and interest in a jointly controlled entity, are located in the PRC. Accordingly, no non-current assets by geographical location is presented.

**Information about major customers**

Revenues from customers of the corresponding years contributing over 10% of the total sales of the Group are as follows:

	2011 HK\$	2010 HK\$
Customer A <sup>1</sup>	<b>42,107,225</b>	47,152,842

<sup>1</sup> Revenue from manufacture and sale of FPC.

**NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

**6. OTHER INCOME**

	2011 HK\$	2010 HK\$
<b>Continuing operations</b>		
Bad debts recovered	<b>375,536</b>	–
Release of government grant for construction of factory on existing land	<b>404,054</b>	–
Government grant for research and development projects	<b>1,050,605</b>	4,186,701
Income from leasing equipment to a jointly controlled entity	–	282,230
Interest income	<b>264,233</b>	138,211
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	<b>37,083</b>	102,859
Rental income	<b>785,732</b>	281,840
Write-back of long outstanding payables	<b>1,911,688</b>	727,720
Net foreign exchange gains	–	435,197
Others	<b>100,202</b>	313,496
	<b>4,929,133</b>	6,468,254

**7. FINANCE COSTS**

	2011 HK\$	2010 HK\$
<b>Continuing operations</b>		
Interests on:		
Bank borrowings wholly repayable within five years	<b>5,627,523</b>	3,866,101
Other borrowings wholly repayable within five years	<b>216,000</b>	210,000
Total borrowing costs	<b>5,843,523</b>	4,076,101
Less: Amounts capitalised	–	(162,000)
	<b>5,843,523</b>	3,914,101

No borrowing costs were capitalised during the year. The borrowing costs capitalised in prior year are calculated by applying a capitalisation rate of 0.78% per annum to expenditure on qualifying assets.



**NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

**8. PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION**

	2011 HK\$	2010 HK\$ (restated)
<b>Continuing operations</b>		
Profit before taxation has been arrived at after charging (crediting):		
Research and development expenses		
Staff costs	991,182	730,983
Other research and development expenses	10,064,078	9,002,055
	<b>11,055,260</b>	9,733,038
Directors' remuneration (Note 10)	735,789	680,831
Other staff costs	50,160,614	37,181,617
Other staff's retirement benefits costs	2,487,488	1,489,236
Total staff costs	<b>53,383,891</b>	39,351,684
Less: Other staff costs included in research and development expenses shown above	<b>(991,182)</b>	(730,983)
	<b>52,392,709</b>	38,620,701
Allowance for doubtful debts	2,478,741	76,655
Amortisation of prepaid lease payments	1,277,933	1,228,285
Auditor's remuneration	740,000	700,000
Bad debts directly written off	5,622	–
Cost of inventories recognised as an expense (Note)	327,351,850	250,917,495
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	20,361,805	15,142,277
Minimum lease payments under operating leases in respect of land and buildings	917,213	894,312
Net foreign exchange losses	850,470	–
Shipping and handling expenses (included in distribution costs)	700,804	668,478

Note: The amount includes allowance for obsolete inventories of HK\$3,335,518 (2010: HK\$1,746,916).

**NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

**9. TAXATION**

	2011 HK\$	2010 HK\$
<b>Continuing operations</b>		
Current tax:		
Hong Kong Profits Tax	<b>(324,207)</b>	(737,544)
PRC Enterprise Income Tax	<b>(268,104)</b>	(1,015,369)
	<b>(592,311)</b>	(1,752,913)
Over(under)provision in prior years:		
Hong Kong Profits Tax	<b>32,054</b>	(104)
	<b>(560,257)</b>	(1,753,017)
Deferred tax:		
Current year (Note 28)	<b>169,188</b>	(348,426)
	<b>(391,069)</b>	(2,101,443)

Hong Kong Profits Tax is calculated at 16.5% of the estimated assessable profit for both years. The income of the PRC subsidiaries neither arises in, nor is derived from, Hong Kong.

The provision for PRC Enterprise Income Tax is based on the estimated taxable income for each PRC subsidiary and at its applicable tax rate. Under the Law of the People's Republic of China on Enterprise Income Tax (the "EIT Law") and Implementation Regulation of the EIT Law, the tax rate of the PRC subsidiaries is 25% from 1 January 2008 onwards.

Pursuant to the relevant laws and regulation in the PRC, AKM (Suzhou) FPC Company Limited ("AKM (Suzhou)") is exempted from PRC income tax for two years commenced from 1 January 2008, followed by a 50% reduction for the next three years.

Pursuant to the relevant laws and regulations in the PRC, the applicable PRC Enterprise Income Tax rate for AKM Electronics Industrial (Panyu) Ltd. ("AKM Panyu") is 25%. On 16 December 2008, AKM Panyu was awarded the Foreign Invested Advanced-technology Enterprise Certificate. AKM Panyu was entitled for a tax reduction from 25% to 15% for three years commenced from 1 January 2008 and had expired on 31 December 2010. The tax rate for AKM Panyu from 1 January 2011 onwards of 25% (2010: 15%) is used.

**NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

**9. TAXATION** *(Continued)*

The taxation for the year can be reconciled to the profit before taxation per the consolidated statement of comprehensive income as follows:

	2011 HK\$	2010 HK\$ (restated)
<b>Continuing operations</b>		
Profit before taxation	<b>7,227,166</b>	7,494,104
Tax at the applicable income tax rate (Note)	<b>(1,806,792)</b>	(1,124,116)
Tax effect of share of result of a jointly controlled entity	<b>(971,696)</b>	(12,319)
Tax effect of income that are not taxable in determining taxable profit	<b>6,885</b>	10,293
Tax effect of expenses that are not deductible in determining taxable profit	<b>(812,067)</b>	(900,513)
Tax effect of deductible temporary differences not recognised	<b>69,210</b>	33,571
Tax effect of tax loss not recognised	<b>(599,991)</b>	(388,479)
Over(under)provision in prior years	<b>32,054</b>	(104)
Effect of different tax rates of subsidiaries operating in other jurisdictions	<b>165,212</b>	(853,662)
Utilisation of tax losses previously not recognised	<b>3,300,868</b>	461,338
Effect of tax concession granted to a PRC subsidiary	<b>40,420</b>	1,015,369
Deferred taxation arising from withholding tax on undistributed profits	<b>169,188</b>	(348,426)
Others	<b>15,640</b>	5,605
<b>Taxation for the year</b>	<b>(391,069)</b>	(2,101,443)

Note: AKM Panyu is the Group's major operating subsidiary and, accordingly, its applicable income tax rate is 25% (2010: 15%).

**NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

**10. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION AND FIVE HIGHEST PAID INDIVIDUALS**

(i) Details of directors' remuneration are as follows:

	Other emoluments				Total emoluments HK\$
	Fees HK\$	Salaries and other benefits HK\$	Retirement benefit scheme contributions HK\$	Performance related incentive payments (Note c) HK\$	
Xiong Zheng Feng	-	-	-	-	-
Li Ying Hong	-	-	-	-	-
Hung Chi Yuen Andrew (Note a)	12,419	-	-	-	12,419
Chai Zhi Qiang	-	507,523	23,411	24,168	555,102
Han Li Gang	-	-	-	-	-
Liang Zhi Li	60,344	-	-	-	60,344
Wang Heng Yi	60,344	-	-	-	60,344
Wu Tak Lung (Note b)	47,580	-	-	-	47,580
<b>Total for 2011</b>	<b>180,687</b>	<b>507,523</b>	<b>23,411</b>	<b>24,168</b>	<b>735,789</b>

	Other emoluments			Total emoluments HK\$
	Fees HK\$	Salaries and other benefits HK\$	Retirement benefit scheme contributions HK\$	
Xiong Zheng Feng	-	-	-	-
Li Ying Hong	-	-	-	-
Chai Zhi Qiang	-	487,805	20,080	507,885
Han Li Gang	-	-	-	-
Liang Zhi Li	57,473	-	-	57,473
Wang Heng Yi	57,473	-	-	57,473
Wu Tak Lung	58,000	-	-	58,000
<b>Total for 2010</b>	<b>172,946</b>	<b>487,805</b>	<b>20,080</b>	<b>680,831</b>

Notes:

- (a) Appointed on 17 October 2011.
- (b) Resigned on 17 October 2011.
- (c) The performance related incentive payments are determined with reference to the Group's operating results and individual performances.

For the year ended 31 December 2011, Mr. Xiong Zheng Feng and Ms. Li Ying Hong waived their nominal salary of HK\$10 (2010: HK\$10) and HK\$10 (2010: HK\$10) respectively. There are no other directors who had waived their remuneration during the years.

**NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

**10. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION AND FIVE HIGHEST PAID INDIVIDUALS***(Continued)***(ii) Employees' remuneration:**

Of the five individuals with the highest emoluments in the Group, one (2010: one) was director of the Company whose emoluments are included in the disclosures in Note 10(i) above. The emoluments of remaining four (2010: four) individuals were as follows:

	2011 HK\$	2010 HK\$
Salaries and other benefits	1,245,846	1,278,754
Performance related incentive payments	725,032	736,864
Retirement benefit scheme contributions costs	101,500	12,000
	<b>2,072,378</b>	2,027,618

Remuneration of each of the employees for both years falls within the band of less than HK\$1,000,000.

During the year, no remuneration was paid by the Group to the directors or the five highest paid individuals as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office.

**11. DIVIDEND**

No dividend was paid or proposed during 2011, nor has any dividend been proposed since the end of the reporting period (2010: nil).

**12. EARNINGS PER SHARE****For continuing and discontinued operations**

The calculation of the basic and diluted earnings per share attributable to owners of the Company is based on the following data:

	2011 HK\$	2010 HK\$
<b>Earnings</b>		
Earnings for the purposes of basic and diluted earnings per share (profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company)	<b>4,569,347</b>	2,170,842

**NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

**12. EARNINGS PER SHARE***(Continued)***For continuing and discontinued operations** *(Continued)*

	Number of shares	
	2011	2010
<b>Number of shares</b>		
Number of ordinary shares for the purposes of basic and diluted earnings (loss) per share	<b>540,000,000</b>	540,000,000

The calculation of diluted earnings (loss) per share for both years does not assume the exercise of share options because their respective exercise prices were higher than the average market price of shares of the Company.

**For continuing operations**

The calculation of the basic and diluted earnings per share from continuing operations attributable to owners of the Company is based on the following data:

	2011	2010
	HK\$	HK\$
<b>Earnings</b>		
Profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company	<b>4,569,347</b>	2,170,842
Adjustment for:		
Loss for the year from discontinued operation	<b>2,864,170</b>	2,309,143
Profit for the purpose of basic and diluted earnings per share from continuing operations	<b>7,433,517</b>	4,479,985

The denominators used are the same as those detailed above for both basic and diluted earnings (loss) per share.

**For discontinued operation**

Basic and diluted loss per share for the discontinued operation is HK 0.53 cent per share (2010: HK 0.43 cent per share), based on the loss for the year from the discontinued operation of HK\$2,864,170 (2010: HK\$2,309,143) and the denominators detailed above for both basic and diluted earnings (loss) per share.

**NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

**13. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT****THE GROUP**

	Buildings	Plant and machinery	Leasehold improvements	Office equipment	Motor vehicles	Construction in progress	Total
	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$
<b>COST</b>							
At 1 January 2010	64,407,463	130,519,177	3,616,178	15,052,888	2,636,206	172,740	216,404,652
Additions	-	25,210,814	1,281,273	1,704,493	529,202	30,267,228	58,993,010
Transfer from construction in progress	-	9,896,416	36,095	-	-	(9,932,511)	-
Disposals	-	(6,047,799)	-	(3,373,113)	(451,890)	-	(9,872,802)
Currency realignment	2,478,090	5,415,480	160,162	551,627	76,587	399,041	9,080,987
At 31 December 2010	66,885,553	164,994,088	5,093,708	13,935,895	2,790,105	20,906,498	274,605,847
Additions	372,376	22,640,598	1,255,532	323,344	399,357	6,091,563	31,082,770
Transfer from construction in progress	20,567,202	6,065,158	798,960	-	-	(27,431,320)	-
Disposals	-	(330,730)	-	(200,836)	(589,934)	-	(1,121,500)
Currency realignment	3,290,956	7,392,653	237,330	595,958	76,937	433,259	12,027,093
At 31 December 2011	91,116,087	200,761,767	7,385,530	14,654,361	2,676,465	-	316,594,210
<b>DEPRECIATION AND IMPAIRMENT</b>							
At 1 January 2010	912,808	60,395,848	1,064,024	5,410,055	2,012,337	-	69,795,072
Provided for the year	1,513,888	11,064,012	1,153,620	2,487,724	178,996	-	16,398,240
Eliminated on disposals	-	(2,160,035)	-	(2,212,534)	(429,295)	-	(4,801,864)
Currency realignment	64,333	2,285,975	64,100	211,349	53,577	-	2,679,334
At 31 December 2010	2,491,029	71,585,800	2,281,744	5,896,594	1,815,615	-	84,070,782
Provided for the year	1,870,276	14,519,598	1,509,928	2,185,601	276,402	-	20,361,805
Eliminated on disposals	-	(258,979)	-	(179,217)	(530,942)	-	(969,138)
Currency realignment	145,244	3,088,954	129,286	289,556	48,837	-	3,701,877
At 31 December 2011	4,506,549	88,935,373	3,920,958	8,192,534	1,609,912	-	107,165,326
<b>CARRYING VALUES</b>							
At 31 December 2011	86,609,538	111,826,394	3,464,572	6,461,827	1,066,553	-	209,428,884
At 31 December 2010	64,394,524	93,408,288	2,811,964	8,039,301	974,490	20,906,498	190,535,065

**NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

**13. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT** *(Continued)*

The above items of property, plant and equipment are depreciated on a straight-line basis after taking into account of the estimated residual values at the following rates per annum:

Buildings	Over the shorter of the term of the lease, and 40 – 50 years
Plant and machinery	5 – 15 years
Leasehold improvements	Over the remaining term of the lease or 4 years, whichever is shorter
Office equipment	5 years
Motor vehicles	4 – 5 years

The Group has pledged buildings with carrying amount of approximately HK\$64,355,001 (2010: HK\$63,261,676) to secure general banking facilities granted to the Group.

The buildings are located on land under medium-term lease in the PRC.

**THE COMPANY**

	<b>Office equipment</b>	<b>Motor vehicles</b>	<b>Total</b>
	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$
<b>COST</b>			
At 1 January 2010	161,580	490,680	652,260
Addition	8,469	53,088	61,557
<b>At 31 December 2010 and 31 December 2011</b>	<b>170,049</b>	<b>543,768</b>	<b>713,817</b>
<b>DEPRECIATION</b>			
At 1 January 2010	102,254	490,680	592,934
Provided for the year	20,316	2,212	22,528
At 31 December 2010	122,570	492,892	615,462
Provided for the year	21,178	13,272	34,450
<b>At 31 December 2011</b>	<b>143,748</b>	<b>506,164</b>	<b>649,912</b>
<b>CARRYING VALUES</b>			
<b>At 31 December 2011</b>	<b>26,301</b>	<b>37,604</b>	<b>63,905</b>
At 31 December 2010	47,479	50,876	98,355



**NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

**14. PREPAID LEASE PAYMENTS**

	2011 HK\$	2010 HK\$
The Group's prepaid lease payments comprise:		
Land in PRC:		
Medium term lease	<b>59,869,053</b>	58,689,989
Analysed for reporting purposes as:		
Current assets	<b>1,304,976</b>	1,251,986
Non-current assets	<b>58,564,077</b>	57,438,003
	<b>59,869,053</b>	58,689,989

The prepayment for land use rights is under medium term lease and is amortised over 50 years on a straight-line basis.

The Group has pledged the land use rights in PRC having a net book value of approximately HK\$54,185,090 (2010: HK\$51,479,280) to secure general banking facilities granted to the Group.

**15. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES/AMOUNTS DUE FROM (TO) SUBSIDIARIES**

	2011 HK\$	2010 HK\$
<b>THE COMPANY</b>		
Capital contribution, at cost	<b>267,186,993</b>	224,534,653
Impairment losses recognised	<b>(11,055,420)</b>	(22,855,420)
	<b>256,131,573</b>	201,679,233

The Company also has amounts due from subsidiaries of HK\$12,154,546 (2010: HK\$7,784,520) included in current assets and amounts due to subsidiaries of HK\$44,393,299 (2010: HK\$6,080,102) included in current liabilities. Impairment losses recognised in respect of interests in subsidiaries and amounts due from subsidiaries as at 31 December 2011 amount to HK\$11,055,420 (2010: HK\$22,855,420) and nil (2010: HK\$4,000,000) respectively.

The amounts due from subsidiaries are unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand.

Amounts due to subsidiaries are trade payables of HK\$44,393,299 (2010: HK\$6,080,102) and all aged within 90 days.

**NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

**15. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES/AMOUNTS DUE FROM (TO) SUBSIDIARIES***(Continued)*

At the end of the reporting period, impairment losses recognised in respect of interests in subsidiaries was based on their value in use calculation and measured as the difference between the carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the expected rate of return of the interests in subsidiaries. The discount rate used in estimating the present value of the future cash flows from the interests in subsidiaries was 7.5% (2010: 7.5%).

Details of the Company's subsidiaries as at 31 December 2011 and 2010 is as follows:

Name of subsidiary	Place of establishment and operation	Form of business structure	Paid-up capital	Attributable equity interest held by the Company		Principal activities
				Directly	Indirectly	
安捷利(番禺)電子實業有限公司 AKM Electronics Industrial (Panyu) Limited	The PRC	Wholly owned-foreign enterprise	US\$21,700,000 (2010: US\$21,700,000)	100% (2010: 100%)	–	Manufacture and sale of FPC
安捷利(蘇州)柔性電路板有限公司 AKM (Suzhou) FPC Company Limited	The PRC	Wholly owned-foreign enterprise	US\$2,642,460 (2010: US\$2,642,460)	100% (2010: 100%)	–	Manufacture and sale of FPC
Ever Proven Investments Limited	British Virgin Islands/ Hong Kong	International business company	US\$100 (2010: US\$100)	75% (2010: 75%)	–	Investment holding
廣州安旭特電子有限公司 New Career Guangzhou Electronics Company Limited (Formerly known as "Guangzhou AKM Flexible Printed Circuits Research Developing Limited 廣州市安捷利柔性電路研究 開發有限公司")	The PRC	Wholly owned-foreign enterprise	US\$549,000 (2010: US\$549,000)	100% (2010: 100%)	–	Encapsulation of COF modules (2010: Manufacture and sale of electronic modules for LCM)
安捷利電子科技(蘇州)有限公司 AKM Electronic Technology (Suzhou) Company Limited	The PRC	Wholly owned-foreign enterprise	US\$10,000,000 (2010: US\$4,520,000)	100% (2010: 100%)	–	Manufacture and sale of FPC
嘉升科技有限公司 Giant Rise Technology Limited	Hong Kong	Limited company	HK\$1,000,000 (2010: HK\$1,000,000)	75% (2010: 75%)	–	Trading of raw materials and FPC, sourcing and sale of electronic components
深圳嘉升宏偉電子有限公司 Shenzhen Giant Rise Electronics Company Limited	The PRC	Wholly owned-foreign enterprise	RMB1,800,000 (2010: nil)	–	100% (2010: nil)	Trading of raw materials and FPC, sourcing and sale of electronic components

None of the subsidiaries had issued any debt securities at the end of both years.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

### 16. INTEREST IN A JOINTLY CONTROLLED ENTITY

As at 31 December 2010 and 2011, the Group had interest in the following jointly controlled entity:

Name of entity	Place of establishment and operation	Form of business structure	Registered capital	Paid-up capital	Proportion of registered capital held by the Group	Principal activities
深圳思碼特電子有限公司 Shenzhen Smart Electronics Co. Ltd. ("Shenzhen Smart")	The PRC	Sino-foreign equity joint venture	HK\$30,000,000 (2010: HK\$30,000,000)	HK\$30,000,000 (2010: HK\$30,000,000)	53% (2010: 53%)	Provision of surface mount technology service
					<b>2011</b>	2010
					<b>HK\$</b>	HK\$
					<b>15,900,000</b>	15,900,000
					<b>(1,585,080)</b>	2,301,704
					<b>4,542,589</b>	3,269,984
					<b>18,857,509</b>	21,471,188

The Group holds 53% (2010: 53%) of the registered capital of Shenzhen Smart. The board of directors of Shenzhen Smart comprises two (2010: two) directors appointed by the Group and one (2010: one) director appointed by the other shareholders. Under the shareholders' agreement, all the resolutions have to be passed with approval by two-third directors of the board of directors. However, under the supplementary shareholders' agreement signed in 2010, all the major operating and financial decision have to be approved by all directors in consensus. Accordingly, Shenzhen Smart is jointly controlled by the Group and the other significant shareholder. Therefore, Shenzhen Smart is classified as a jointly controlled entity of the Group.

**NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

**16. INTEREST IN A JOINTLY CONTROLLED ENTITY** *(Continued)*

The summarised financial information in respect of the Group's interest in a jointly controlled entity is set out below:

	<b>2011</b>	2010
	<b>HK\$</b>	HK\$
Current assets	<b>11,005,995</b>	17,089,988
Non-current assets	<b>27,218,330</b>	33,377,815
Current liabilities	<b>6,286,855</b>	16,446,295
Non-current liabilities	<b>13,079,961</b>	12,550,320
Income	<b>33,937,345</b>	105,314,837
Expenses	<b>37,824,129</b>	105,396,966

**17. INVENTORIES**

	<b>THE GROUP</b>	
	<b>2011</b>	2010
	<b>HK\$</b>	HK\$
Raw materials	<b>19,402,023</b>	15,847,993
Work in progress	<b>9,679,345</b>	4,139,393
Finished goods	<b>13,804,601</b>	6,036,683
	<b>42,885,969</b>	26,024,069

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

### 18. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES/BILLS RECEIVABLES

Trade and other receivables and bills receivables include the following balances of trade and bills receivables:

	THE GROUP		THE COMPANY	
	2011 HK\$	2010 HK\$	2011 HK\$	2010 HK\$
Trade and bills receivables	<b>138,234,665</b>	99,212,801	<b>47,156,528</b>	28,374,625
Less: Allowance for doubtful debts	<b>(6,965,322)</b>	(4,602,333)	<b>(508,488)</b>	(508,488)
	<b>131,269,343</b>	94,610,468	<b>46,648,040</b>	27,866,137
Government compensation receivable (Note a)	–	48,321,542	–	–
Other tax recoverable	<b>2,323,935</b>	7,752,295	–	–
Other receivables (Note b)	<b>5,512,797</b>	5,312,457	<b>534,864</b>	508,517
	<b>139,106,075</b>	155,996,762	<b>47,182,904</b>	28,374,654

Notes:

- (a) The prior year amount represents government compensation receivable as a result of requisition of the land leased by the Group. The amount is fully settled in the current year.
- (b) The amount mainly represents the advances to suppliers. In the opinion of the directors, the amount is expected to be utilised within next 12 months.

The Group and the Company allow a credit period normally ranging from 30 to 90 days to its trade customers. At the discretion of the directors, several major customers were allowed to settle their balances beyond the credit terms up to 120 days.

**NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

**18. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES/BILLS RECEIVABLES** (Continued)

The following is an aged analysis of trade and bills receivables presented based on the invoice date (other than bills receivables which are presented based on the issuance date of relevant bills) at the end of the reporting period:

	THE GROUP		THE COMPANY	
	2011 HK\$	2010 HK\$	2011 HK\$	2010 HK\$
Within 30 days	<b>41,715,295</b>	33,086,990	<b>12,630,660</b>	4,348,932
31 – 60 days	<b>47,138,515</b>	25,824,755	<b>24,104,509</b>	9,135,241
61 – 90 days	<b>17,406,811</b>	19,557,283	<b>3,715,615</b>	9,668,353
91 – 120 days	<b>14,171,292</b>	9,823,407	<b>6,168,538</b>	3,614,680
121 days – 1 year	<b>10,834,891</b>	6,074,202	<b>28,718</b>	1,093,962
Over 1 year	<b>2,539</b>	243,831	–	4,969
	<b>131,269,343</b>	94,610,468	<b>46,648,040</b>	27,866,137

The management has delegated a team responsible to assess the potential customer's credit quality and defines credit limits by customer. Limits and scoring attributed to customers are reviewed twice a year. Approximately 78% (2010: 70%) and 86% (2010: 80%) of the Group's and the Company's trade receivables respectively that are neither past due nor impaired have the best credit scoring attributable under the internal credit scoring used by the Group and the Company.

Included in the Group's trade receivable balance are debtors with aggregate carrying amount of HK\$28,391,254 (2010: HK\$30,366,768) which are past due at the reporting date for which the Group has not provided for impairment loss in view of the satisfactory subsequent settlement. The Group does not hold any collateral over these balances. The average age of these receivables is 147 days (2010: 104 days).

Included in the Company's trade receivable balance are debtors with aggregate carrying amount of HK\$6,675,700 (2010: HK\$5,578,310) which are past due at the reporting date for which the Company has not provided for impairment loss in view of the satisfactory subsequent settlement. The Company does not hold any collateral over these balances. The average age of these receivables is 102 days (2010: 128 days).

**NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

**18. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES/BILLS RECEIVABLES** (Continued)

Ageing of trade receivables presented based on the invoice date which are past due but not impaired

	THE GROUP		THE COMPANY	
	2011	2010	2011	2010
	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$
0 – 30 days	<b>253,058</b>	5,170,288	–	–
31 – 60 days	<b>2,067,989</b>	4,962,682	<b>194,226</b>	101,806
61 – 90 days	<b>4,754,708</b>	4,493,166	<b>284,218</b>	762,893
91 – 120 days	<b>10,596,567</b>	9,422,599	<b>6,168,538</b>	3,614,680
121 days – 1 year	<b>10,716,393</b>	6,074,202	<b>28,718</b>	1,093,962
Over 1 year	<b>2,539</b>	243,831	–	4,969
	<b>28,391,254</b>	30,366,768	<b>6,675,700</b>	5,578,310

**Movement in the allowance for doubtful debts**

	THE GROUP		THE COMPANY	
	2011	2010	2011	2010
	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$
Balance at beginning of the year	<b>4,602,333</b>	11,590,338	<b>508,488</b>	508,488
Impairment losses recognised on receivables	<b>4,345,543</b>	85,615	–	–
Amount written off as uncollectible	<b>(2,181,459)</b>	(7,350,105)	–	–
Amounts recovered during the year	–	(8,960)	–	–
Currency realignment	<b>198,905</b>	285,445	–	–
Balance at end of the year	<b>6,965,322</b>	4,602,333	<b>508,488</b>	508,488

Included in the Group's and the Company's allowance for doubtful debts are individually impaired trade receivables with an aggregate balance of HK\$6,965,322 and HK\$508,488 (2010: HK\$4,602,333 and HK\$508,488) respectively which have either been placed under liquidation or in severe financial difficulties.

**NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

**18. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES/BILLS RECEIVABLES** *(Continued)*

The Group's and the Company's trade and other receivables that are denominated in currencies other than functional currencies of the relevant group entities are set out below:

	THE GROUP		THE COMPANY	
	2011	2010	2011	2010
	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$
United States Dollar ("US\$")	<b>52,144,702</b>	40,720,000	<b>46,648,040</b>	27,866,137

**19. PLEDGED BANK DEPOSITS**

The amounts represent deposits pledged to banks to secure short-term banking facilities granted to the Group and the Company and are therefore classified as current assets.

The pledged bank deposits of the Group and the Company carried at interest rates ranging from 0.02% to 3% per annum (2010: 0.02% per annum). The pledged bank deposits will be released upon settlement of the relevant bank borrowings. The pledged bank deposits are denominated in HK\$ and RMB.

**20. BANK BALANCES AND CASH/BANK OVERDRAFTS****Bank balances and cash**

Bank balances comprise short-term bank deposits with original maturity less than three months which carry interest at rates ranging from 0.01% to 0.5% (2010: 0.01% to 1.17%) per annum.

Included in the Group's bank balances are short-term deposits of HK\$12,437,939 (2010: HK\$11,136,435) kept in banks located in the PRC.

In addition, included in the bank balances and cash are the following amounts denominated in currencies other than the functional currency of the relevant group entities are set out below:

	THE GROUP		THE COMPANY	
	2011	2010	2011	2010
	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$
US\$	<b>950,168</b>	3,584,534	<b>25,663</b>	2,525

**Bank overdrafts**

Bank overdrafts are secured by pledged bank deposits and carry interest at market rates of 4% per annum (2010: 4% per annum). The balances are denominated in US\$.



## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

### 21. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES/BILLS PAYABLES

Trade and other payables and bills payables include the following balances:

	THE GROUP		THE COMPANY	
	2011	2010	2011	2010
	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$
Trade and bills payables	<b>82,427,853</b>	52,969,348	<b>13,340,500</b>	307,854
Payables for acquisition of property, plant and equipment	<b>1,717,003</b>	3,978,290	–	–
Accrued staff costs	<b>8,951,220</b>	5,758,412	–	–
Advances from independent third parties (Note)	–	6,286,255	–	–
Construction payables	<b>4,833,379</b>	821,402	–	–
Other taxation payables	<b>1,478,027</b>	573,696	–	–
Other payables and accruals	<b>7,605,879</b>	4,427,955	<b>1,842,900</b>	1,817,300
	<b>107,013,361</b>	74,815,358	<b>15,183,400</b>	2,125,154

Note: The prior year amount represented the one-off cash advances from two independent third parties for operating cash flows of AKM Panyu. The amount was unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand.

The following is an aged analysis by invoice date/bills issued date of trade and bills payables at the end of the reporting period:

	THE GROUP		THE COMPANY	
	2011	2010	2011	2010
	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$
Within 30 days	<b>32,787,434</b>	25,454,463	<b>3,607,203</b>	307,854
31 – 60 days	<b>29,949,478</b>	14,725,828	<b>9,211,851</b>	–
61 – 90 days	<b>14,644,828</b>	11,210,960	<b>511,302</b>	–
91 – 120 days	<b>3,962,291</b>	1,434,169	–	–
121 days – 1 year	<b>1,029,592</b>	99,053	<b>10,144</b>	–
Over 1 year	<b>54,230</b>	44,875	–	–
	<b>82,427,853</b>	52,969,348	<b>13,340,500</b>	307,854

**NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

**21. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES/BILLS PAYABLES** (Continued)

The Group's and the Company's trade and other payables that are denominated in currencies other than functional currencies of the relevant group entities are set out below:

	THE GROUP		THE COMPANY	
	2011 HK\$	2010 HK\$	2011 HK\$	2010 HK\$
US\$	<b>19,590,275</b>	13,684,356	<b>13,340,500</b>	323,155

**22. DEFERRED INCOME**

	THE GROUP	
	2011 HK\$	2010 HK\$
Government grants received in respect of:		
Development of new products (Note 1)	<b>370,187</b>	355,156
Construction of factory on existing lands (Note 2)	<b>32,595,786</b>	31,668,048
	<b>32,965,973</b>	32,023,204
Less: Amounts to be recognised in profit or loss in the following year	<b>(1,195,397)</b>	(355,156)
Amount shown under non-current liabilities	<b>31,770,576</b>	31,668,048

Notes:

- (1) The amounts represent government subsidies received in advance in relation to research and development expenses on certain new products. The amounts will be recognised in the same period as the related research and development expenses are incurred. It had resulted in a credit to income of HK\$1,050,605 (2010: HK\$4,186,701).
- (2) The amount of RMB26,750,000 was received in respect of a development support fund for the construction of factory on the lands owned by the Group located at Suzhou pursuant to "Implementation Measures for Development Support Policies for Advanced Manufacturing Industries in Suzhou Guoxin District". The amount would be released over the estimated useful lives of the constructed factory upon the commencement of operation of the new factory. As the construction of factory was completed and was in use in the current year, HK\$404,054 was released to profit or loss. Details in relation to the grant of the fund had been disclosed in the announcement of the Company dated 25 September 2008.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

### 23. AMOUNT DUE TO AN INTERMEDIATE HOLDING COMPANY/A FELLOW SUBSIDIARY/LOANS FROM AN INTERMEDIATE HOLDING COMPANY

#### THE GROUP

Amount due to a fellow subsidiary is unsecured, interest-free, and repayable on demand.

#### THE GROUP AND THE COMPANY

Amount due to an intermediate holding company is unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand.

Unsecured loans from an intermediate holding company comprise:

	2011 HK\$	2010 HK\$
Loan of US\$2 million (Note a)	<b>15,534,000</b>	15,566,000
Loan of US\$3 million (Note b)	<b>23,301,000</b>	23,349,000
Loan to HK\$6 million (Note c)	<b>6,000,000</b>	6,000,000
	<b>44,835,000</b>	44,915,000

Notes:

- (a) As at 31 December 2010, the loan was unsecured, interest-free and repayable in full in July 2012. During the year ended 31 December 2011, a supplemental agreement was signed to change the terms of the loan to unsecured, interest-free and repayable in full in July 2013.
- (b) As at 31 December 2010, the loan was unsecured, interest-free and repayable in full in July 2012. During the year ended 31 December 2011, a supplemental agreement was signed to change the terms of the loan to unsecured, interest-free and repayable in full in July 2013.
- (c) As at 31 December 2011, the loan was unsecured, bearing interest at 3.6% per annum and repayable in July 2013.

**NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

**24. AMOUNT DUE TO A JOINTLY CONTROLLED ENTITY****THE GROUP**

Amount due to a jointly controlled entity is trade in nature and is unsecured, interest-free and aged within 60 days.

**25. BANK BORROWINGS**

	THE GROUP		THE COMPANY	
	2011 HK\$	2010 HK\$	2011 HK\$	2010 HK\$
Bank loans (Note)	<b>101,373,803</b>	95,104,858	<b>30,031,528</b>	12,235,200
Trust receipts loans (Note)	<b>1,883,963</b>	5,322,560	<b>1,883,963</b>	5,322,560
	<b>103,257,766</b>	100,427,418	<b>31,915,491</b>	17,557,760
Secured	<b>99,473,978</b>	93,326,727	<b>28,131,703</b>	10,457,069
Unsecured	<b>3,783,788</b>	7,100,691	<b>3,783,788</b>	7,100,691
	<b>103,257,766</b>	100,427,418	<b>31,915,491</b>	17,557,760
Carrying amount repayable				
Within one year	<b>102,960,123</b>	96,643,630	<b>31,617,848</b>	13,773,972
More than one year, but not exceeding two years	<b>297,643</b>	3,486,145	<b>297,643</b>	3,486,145
More than two years, but not exceeding five years	–	297,643	–	297,643
	<b>103,257,766</b>	100,427,418	<b>31,915,491</b>	17,557,760

Note: Bank loans are secured by charges over the land use rights, buildings and bank deposits of the Group while the trust receipts loans are secured by charges over the Group's bank deposits (Note 34).

At 31 December 2011, included in the bank loans of the Group are loans of total HK\$99,429,654 (2010: HK\$89,970,349) which bear interest at fixed rates. The remaining bank loans and the trust receipts loans carry interest at prevailing market rates.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

### 25. BANK BORROWINGS (Continued)

The ranges of effective interest rates (which also equal to contracted interest rates) on the Group's and the Company's borrowings are as follows:

	THE GROUP		THE COMPANY	
	2011	2010	2011	2010
Effective interest rates:				
Fixed-rate borrowings	<b>2.75% to 8.2%</b>	3.65% to 5.25%	<b>2.75% to 5%</b>	3.65% to 5.25%
Variable-rate borrowings	<b>3.25%</b>	3.25%	<b>3.25%</b>	3.25%

The Group's and the Company's borrowings that are denominated in currencies other than functional currencies of the relevant group entities are set out below:

	THE GROUP		THE COMPANY	
	2011	2010	2011	2010
	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$
US\$	<b>59,987,305</b>	10,457,069	<b>28,131,703</b>	10,457,069

### 26. LOAN FROM A NON-CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDER OF A SUBSIDIARY

The amount is unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand.

### 27. LOAN FROM ULTIMATE HOLDING COMPANY

The amount represents an interest-free and unsecured loan obtained by AKM Panyu (a wholly owned subsidiary of the Group) from CNIC for the development of a project. The principal of loan is RMB4,000,000, (equivalent to HK\$4,735,409) and it is repayable on five equal instalments of RMB800,000 (equivalent to HK\$966,709) per annum with first instalment due in April 2010. The outstanding balance at 31 December 2011 is RMB2,400,000 (equivalent to HK\$2,961,501).

**NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

**28. DEFERRED TAXATION**

The following deferred tax liability mainly arises from withholding tax on the undistributed profits of the PRC subsidiaries and the PRC jointly controlled entity for the year ended 31 December 2011 and movement thereon during current and prior years:

	HK\$
At 1 January 2010	294,788
Charged to profit or loss	348,426
Currency realignment	15,120
At 31 December 2010	658,334
Credited to profit or loss	(169,188)
Currency realignment	23,455
At 31 December 2011	512,601

At 31 December 2011, the Group has credited HK\$224,847 (2010: HK\$8,213) to profit or loss due to losses incurred for the year which have reduced the undistributed profits of the PRC jointly controlled entity respectively. In addition, the Group has recognised a deferred tax expense of HK\$55,659 (2010: HK\$356,639) which is arisen from the undistributed profits of PRC subsidiaries.

At 31 December 2011 and 2010, the deductibility of the allowance for doubtful debts, allowance for obsolete inventories and impairment loss in respect of property, plant and equipment for taxation purpose have not been agreed with local tax bureau in the PRC. Since it is not probable that the deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses can be utilised in the foreseeable future, deferred tax assets in respect of accumulated allowance for doubtful debts, accumulated allowance for obsolete inventories, impairment loss in respect of property, plant and equipment and unused tax losses of approximately HK\$6,965,000 (2010: HK\$4,602,000), HK\$6,819,000 (2010: HK\$9,681,000), HK\$3,873,000 (2010: HK\$3,873,000) and HK\$39,449,134 (2010: HK\$47,388,000) respectively have not been recognised in the consolidated financial statements.

**29. SHARE CAPITAL**

	Number of shares	Share capital HK\$
Ordinary shares of HK\$0.1 each		
Authorised:		
At 31 December 2010 and 31 December 2011	2,000,000,000	200,000,000
Issued and fully paid:		
At 31 December 2010 and 31 December 2011	540,000,000	54,000,000

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

### 30. SHARE OPTIONS

Pursuant to written resolutions of the then shareholders of the Company on 6 August 2004, the Company adopted both a Pre-IPO share option scheme (the "Pre-IPO Scheme") and a share option scheme (the "Scheme").

#### (a) Pre-IPO Scheme

The purpose of the Pre-IPO Scheme is to, amongst others, give the participants an opportunity to have a personal stake in the Company and help motivate the participants to optimise their performance and efficiency and retain the participants whose contributions are important to the long-term growth and profitability of the Group.

The HK\$0.40 exercise price per share of the above share options granted under the Pre-IPO Scheme is the same as the initial public offering price of the Company's shares. No share options under the Pre-IPO Scheme were exercised since the date of grant and during the year ended 31 December 2011, there were 2,500,000 (2010: 500,000) share options lapsed during this year.

No further share options have been offered or granted under the Pre-IPO Scheme upon the commencement of listing of the Company's shares.

These grants under the Pre-IPO Scheme are exercisable, starting from the first anniversary of the Listing Date at stepped annual increments of 25% of the total options granted, for a period of not later than 10 years from the date of grant on the condition that the participants are still under employment of the Company.

The total number of shares in respect of which share options are issuable under the Pre-IPO Scheme shall not in aggregate exceed 5% of the number of issued shares.

As at 31 December 2011, the total number of shares in respect of which share options are issuable under this scheme is 8,400,000 (2010: 10,900,000) representing approximately 1.56% (2010: 2.02%) of the issued share capital of the Company.

Details of the movements in the number of share options during the year under the Pre-IPO Scheme are as follows:

Type of participants	Date of grant	Exercisable period	Exercise price per share HK\$	Outstanding at 1.1.2010	Lapsed during the year	Outstanding at 1.1.2011	Lapsed during the year	Outstanding at 31.12.2011
Directors	6 August 2004	18 August 2005 to 6 August 2014	0.40	5,400,000	-	5,400,000	-	5,400,000
Employees	6 August 2004	18 August 2005 to 6 August 2014	0.40	6,000,000	(500,000)	5,500,000	(2,500,000)	3,000,000
				11,400,000	(500,000)	10,900,000	(2,500,000)	8,400,000

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

### 30. SHARE OPTIONS *(Continued)*

#### (b) Scheme

The purpose of the Scheme is to provide incentives or rewards to Participants (as defined below) thereunder for their contribution to the Group and/or to enable the Group to recruit and retain high-calibre employees and attract human resources that are valuable to the Group and any entity in which the Company or any of its subsidiaries holds any equity interest (the "Invested Entity").

The directors may, at their discretion, invite any participant (the "Participant") being any executive director, non-executive director or employee (whether full time or part time), shareholder, supplier, customer, consultant, adviser, other service provider, any joint venture partner, business or strategic alliance partner, in each case, of the Company, any subsidiary of the Company or any Invested Entity or any discretionary trust whose discretionary objects may be any executive director, non-executive director or employee (whether full time or part time), shareholder, supplier, customer, consultant, adviser, other service provider, any joint venture partner, business or strategic alliance partner, in each case, of the Company, any subsidiary of the Company or any Invested Entity to take up options to subscribe for shares in the Company.

The Scheme commenced on 18 August 2004, being the date on which the Scheme becomes unconditional, and continues in force until the tenth anniversary of such date.

The total number of shares which may be issued upon exercise of all outstanding options granted and yet to be exercised under the Scheme and any other share option schemes of the Company must not in aggregate exceed 30% of the shares in issue from time to time (the "Scheme Limit").

In addition to the Scheme Limit, and subject to the following, the total number of shares which may be issued upon exercise of all options granted under the Scheme and any other share option schemes of the Company must not in aggregate exceed 10% of the Company's shares in issue as at the Listing Date (excluding any options which have lapsed) (the "Scheme Mandate Limit"). The initial number of shares issuable under the Scheme Mandate Limit will be 54,000,000 shares, representing 10% of the issued share capital of the Company.

Unless approved by shareholders, the total number of securities issued and to be issued upon exercise of the options granted to each Participant (including both exercised and outstanding options) in any 12-month period must not exceed 1% of the Company's shares in issue. Where any further grant of options to a Participant would result in the Company's shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of all options granted and to be granted to such person (including exercised, cancelled and outstanding options) in the 12-month period up to and including the date of such further grant representing in aggregate over 1% of the relevant class of securities in issue, such further grant must be separately approved by the Company's shareholders in general meeting with such Participant and his associates abstaining from voting.



## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

### 30. SHARE OPTIONS (Continued)

#### (b) Scheme (Continued)

The exercise price must be at least the highest of: (a) the nominal value of the Company's share on the date of grant; (b) the closing price of the Company's share as stated in the daily quotations sheet of the Stock Exchange on the date of grant, which must be a business day; and (c) the average closing price of a share as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheets for the five business days immediately preceding the date of grant.

A nominal consideration of HK\$10 is payable by the grantee upon acceptance of an option.

Share options are vested immediately on the date of grant.

An option may be exercised in accordance with the terms of the Scheme at any time during a period to be determined and notified by the Directors of the Company to each grantee of the option which period may commence on a day after the date upon which the option is granted but shall and in any event be not later than ten years from the date of grant. Unless otherwise determined by the Directors of the Company at their sole discretion, there is no requirement of a minimum period for which a share option must be held.

As at 31 December 2011, the total number of shares in respect of which share options are issuable under this scheme is 18,400,000 (2010: 20,900,000) representing approximately 3.41% (2010: 3.87%) of the issued share capital of the Company.

Details of the movements in the number of share options during the year under the Scheme are as follows:

Type of participants	Date of grant	Exercisable period	Exercise price per share HK\$	Outstanding at 1.1.2010	Lapsed during the year	Outstanding at 1.1.2011	Lapsed during the year	Outstanding at 31.12.2011
Directors	9 July 2007	10 July 2007 to 9 July 2017	0.36	9,200,000	-	9,200,000	-	9,200,000
Employees and others	9 July 2007	10 July 2007 to 9 July 2017	0.36	12,200,000	(500,000)	11,700,000	(2,500,000)	9,200,000
				21,400,000	(500,000)	20,900,000	(2,500,000)	18,400,000

The Group recognised total expenses of nil (2010: nil) related to equity-settled share-based payment transactions during the year.

**NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

**31. RESERVES**

	Share premium HK\$	Share options reserve HK\$	Retained profits HK\$	Total HK\$
<b>THE COMPANY</b>				
At 1 January 2010	53,868,328	3,009,109	47,552,031	104,429,468
Profit for the year and total comprehensive income for the year	–	–	3,004,896	3,004,896
Lapse of share options	–	(89,005)	89,005	–
At 31 December 2010	53,868,328	2,920,104	50,645,932	107,434,364
Profit for the year and total comprehensive income for the year	–	–	16,909,717	16,909,717
Lapse of share options	–	(445,029)	445,029	–
At 31 December 2011	53,868,328	2,475,075	68,000,678	124,344,081

**32. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS****Categories of financial instruments**

	THE GROUP		THE COMPANY	
	2011 HK\$	2010 HK\$	2011 HK\$	2010 HK\$
Financial assets				
Loans and receivables (including cash and cash equivalents)	<b>174,204,321</b>	159,866,130	<b>57,968,873</b>	38,069,097
Financial liabilities				
Amortised cost	<b>252,191,770</b>	226,915,943	<b>139,754,893</b>	78,259,523

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

### 32. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

#### Financial risk management objectives

The financial instruments are fundamental to the Group's and the Company's daily operations. The Group's major financial instruments include trade and other receivables, bills receivables, amount due to a jointly controlled entity, pledged bank deposits, bank balances and cash, trade and other payables, bills payables, amount due to a fellow subsidiary, amount due to an intermediate holding company, loans from an intermediate holding company, loan from a non-controlling shareholder of a subsidiary, loan from ultimate holding company, bank borrowings and bank overdrafts. The Company's major financial instruments include trade and other receivables, amount due from (to) subsidiaries, pledged bank deposits, bank balances, trade and other payables, loans from and amount due to an intermediate holding company, bank borrowings and bank overdrafts. Details of these financial instruments are disclosed on the respective notes. The risks associated with the financial instruments and the policies on how to mitigate these risks are set out below. The management manages and monitors these exposures to ensure appropriate measures are implemented on a timely and effective manner.

#### Market risk

##### Foreign currency risk management

Certain trade and other receivables, trade and other payables, loans from an intermediate holding company, borrowings, bank overdrafts and bank balances and cash of the Group and the Company are denominated in US\$, other than the functional currency of the relevant group entities, which expose the Group and the Company to foreign currency risk. The Group and the Company have not used any financial instruments to hedge against currency risk. However, the management monitors foreign currency risk exposure and will consider hedging significant foreign currency exposure should the need arise.

The carrying amounts of the Group's and the Company's foreign currency denominated monetary assets and monetary liabilities at the reporting date are as follows:

	THE GROUP			
	Liabilities		Assets	
	2011	2010	2011	2010
	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$
US\$	122,479,183	71,251,232	53,094,870	44,304,534

	THE COMPANY			
	Liabilities		Assets	
	2011	2010	2011	2010
	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$
US\$	84,373,806	57,890,031	46,673,703	27,868,662

**NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

**32. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS** (Continued)**Financial risk management objectives** (Continued)**Market risk** (Continued)*Foreign currency sensitivity*

The following table details the Group's and the Company's sensitivity to a 5% increase and decrease in RMB against US\$. 5% represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in foreign exchange rates. The sensitivity analysis includes only outstanding foreign currency denominated monetary items and adjusts their translation at the year end for a 5% change in foreign currency rates. The sensitivity analysis represents the trade and other receivables, trade and other payables, loans from an intermediate holding company, borrowings, bank overdrafts and bank balances and cash where the denomination are in US\$, the major foreign currency risk. A positive number indicates an increase in post-tax profit for the year where RMB strengthens against US\$. For a 5% weakening of RMB against US\$, there would be an equal and opposite impact on the post-tax profit for the year, and the balances below would be negative.

	THE GROUP		THE COMPANY	
	2011 HK\$	2010 HK\$	2011 HK\$	2010 HK\$
Increase/decrease in post-tax profit for the year	<b>2,948,833</b>	1,145,235	<b>1,602,254</b>	1,275,908

*Interest rate risk management*

The Group's and the Company's cash flow interest rate risk relates primarily to variable-rate bank balances and cash, bank borrowings and bank overdrafts. The Group and the Company currently do not have an interest rate hedging policy. However, the management monitors interest rate exposure and will consider hedging significant interest rate exposure should the need arise. The management considers the cash flow interest rate risk is insignificant.

The Group and the Company are also exposed to fair value interest rate risk in relation to the fixed-rate bank borrowings and loans from an intermediate holding company. However, the management considers the fair value interest rate risk on the fixed-rate bank borrowings and loans from an intermediate holding company are insignificant as the bank borrowings are relatively short-term and the interest rate of loans from an intermediate holding company is low. The management monitors interest rate exposure and will consider hedging significant interest rate exposure should the need arise.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

### 32. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS *(Continued)*

#### **Financial risk management objectives** *(Continued)*

##### ***Credit risk***

The Group's and the Company's maximum exposure to credit risk in the event of the counterparties' failure to perform their obligations as at 31 December 2011 and 2010 in relation to each class of recognised financial assets is the carrying amount of those assets as stated in the consolidated statement of financial position and statement of financial position. In order to minimise the credit risk, the management has delegated a team responsible for determination of credit limits, credit approvals and other monitoring procedures to ensure that follow-up action is taken to recover overdue debts. In addition, the Group and the Company review regularly the recoverable amount of each individual trade receivable to ensure that adequate impairment losses are made for irrecoverable amounts. In this regard, the management consider that the Group's and the Company's credit risk is significantly reduced.

The Group has concentrations of credit risk on trade receivables as 11% (2010: 26%) and 49% (2010: 45%) of the total trade receivables was due from the Group's largest customer and the five largest customers (including the largest customer) respectively within the "FPC business" and "sourcing and sale of electronic components" operating segment in the PRC. The management considers, based on the strong financial background and good credibility of those debtors, there are no significant credit risk.

The credit risk in relation to pledged bank deposits and bank balances and cash is limited because the majority of the counterparties are state-owned banks with good reputation in the PRC.

##### ***Liquidity risk***

Liquidity risk reflects the risk that the Group and the Company will have insufficient resources to meet its financial liabilities as they fall due. The Group's and the Company's strategy to manage liquidity risk is to ensure that the Group and the Company have sufficient funds to meet all its potential liabilities as they fall due.

In the management of the liquidity risk, the Group and the Company monitor and maintain a level of cash and cash equivalents deemed adequate by the management to finance the Group's and the Company's operations and mitigate the effects of fluctuations in cash flows. The management also monitors the utilisation of borrowings and ensures compliance with loan covenants.

Liquidity forecasts are produced on a weekly basis, to ensure the utilisation of current facilities is optimised; on a monthly basis to ensure that covenant compliance targets and medium-term liquidity is maintained; and on a long-term projection basis, for the purpose of identifying long term strategic funding requirements. The directors also continually assess the balance of capital and debt funding of the Group and the Company.

The Group and the Company rely on borrowings as one of the source of liquidity. As at 31 December 2011, the Group and the Company had available unutilised short-term loan facilities of approximately HK\$47 million (2010: HK\$27 million) and HK\$13.5 million (2010: HK\$5.7 million) respectively.

**NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

**32. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS** (Continued)**Financial risk management objectives** (Continued)**Liquidity risk** (Continued)*Liquidity tables*

The following table details the Group's and the Company's remaining contractual maturity for its non-derivative financial liabilities based on the agreed repayment terms. The table has been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities based on the earliest date on which the Group and the Company can be required to pay.

The table includes both interest and principal cash flows. To the extent that interest flows are floating rate, the undiscounted amount is derived from interest rate curve at the end of the reporting period.

**THE GROUP**

	Weighted average interest rate %	On demand or less than one month HK\$	1 – 3 months HK\$	4 – 6 months HK\$	7 – 12 months HK\$	1 – 2 years HK\$	Total undiscounted cash flows HK\$	Total carrying amount HK\$
<b>At 31 December 2011</b>								
<b>Non-derivative financial liabilities</b>								
Trade and other payables	-	(11,201,672)	(69,596,782)	(391,151)	-	-	(81,189,605)	(81,189,605)
Bills payables	-	(3,742,647)	(4,789,961)	(3,285,487)	-	-	(11,818,095)	(11,818,095)
Amount due to an intermediate holding company	-	(48,000)	-	-	-	-	(48,000)	(48,000)
Amount due to a fellow subsidiary	-	(119,401)	-	-	-	-	(119,401)	(119,401)
Amount due to a jointly controlled entity	-	(1,648,299)	-	-	-	-	(1,648,299)	(1,648,299)
Loans from an intermediate holding company	0.48	-	-	-	-	(45,186,393)	(45,186,393)	(44,835,000)
Loan from a non-controlling shareholder of a subsidiary	-	(2,247,500)	-	-	-	-	(2,247,500)	(2,247,500)
Loan from ultimate holding company	-	-	-	-	(987,168)	(1,974,334)	(2,961,502)	(2,961,501)
Bank overdrafts	4.00	(4,066,603)	-	-	-	-	(4,066,603)	(4,066,603)
Borrowings:								
- fixed rate bank borrowings	5.61	(42,283,168)	(12,154,990)	(42,977,084)	(1,798,254)	(298,907)	(99,512,403)	(99,429,654)
- variable rate bank borrowings	3.25	-	(1,959,945)	-	-	-	(1,959,945)	(1,944,149)
- variable rate trust receipts loans	3.25	-	(1,899,271)	-	-	-	(1,899,271)	(1,883,963)
		(65,357,290)	(90,400,949)	(46,653,722)	(2,785,422)	(47,459,634)	(252,657,017)	(252,191,770)

**NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

**32. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS** (Continued)**Financial risk management objectives** (Continued)**Liquidity risk** (Continued)*Liquidity tables* (Continued)**THE GROUP** (Continued)

	Weighted average interest rate %	On demand or less than one month HK\$	1 – 3 months HK\$	4 – 6 months HK\$	7 – 12 months HK\$	1 – 2 years HK\$	Total undiscounted cash flows HK\$	Total carrying amount HK\$
<b>At 31 December 2010</b>								
<b>Non-derivative financial liabilities</b>								
Trade and other payables	–	(21,565,284)	(32,043,909)	–	–	–	(53,609,193)	(53,609,193)
Bills payables	–	–	(11,069,388)	–	–	–	(11,069,388)	(11,069,388)
Amount due to an intermediate holding company	–	(48,000)	–	–	–	–	(48,000)	(48,000)
Amount due to a fellow subsidiary	–	(731,419)	–	–	–	–	(731,419)	(731,419)
Amount due to a jointly controlled entity	–	(1,884,891)	–	–	–	–	(1,884,891)	(1,884,891)
Loans from an intermediate holding company	0.48	–	–	–	–	(45,266,393)	(45,266,393)	(44,915,000)
Loan from a non-controlling shareholder of a subsidiary	–	(2,247,500)	–	–	–	–	(2,247,500)	(2,247,500)
Loan from ultimate holding company	–	(3,788,327)	–	–	–	–	(3,788,327)	(3,788,327)
Bank overdrafts	5.25	(8,194,807)	–	–	–	–	(8,194,807)	(8,194,807)
Borrowings:								
– fixed rate bank borrowings	3.88	–	(63,919,963)	(15,312,765)	(7,906,340)	(3,895,414)	(91,034,482)	(89,970,349)
– variable rate bank borrowings	3.25	–	(5,176,227)	–	–	–	(5,176,227)	(5,134,509)
– variable rate trust receipts loans	3.25	–	(5,365,806)	–	–	–	(5,365,806)	(5,322,560)
		(38,460,228)	(117,575,293)	(15,312,765)	(7,906,340)	(49,161,807)	(228,416,433)	(226,915,943)

**NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

**32. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS** (Continued)**Financial risk management objectives** (Continued)**Liquidity risk** (Continued)**Liquidity tables** (Continued)**THE COMPANY**

	Weighted average interest rate %	On demand HK\$	1 – 3 months HK\$	4 – 6 months HK\$	7 – 12 months HK\$	1 – 2 years HK\$	Total undiscounted cash flows HK\$	Total carrying amount HK\$
<b>At 31 December 2011</b>								
<b>Non-derivative financial liabilities</b>								
Trade and other payables	-	(1,166,145)	(13,330,355)	-	-	-	(14,496,500)	(14,496,500)
Amounts due to subsidiaries	-	(44,393,299)	-	-	-	-	(44,393,299)	(44,393,299)
Amount due to an intermediate holding company	-	(48,000)	-	-	-	-	(48,000)	(48,000)
Loans from an intermediate holding company	0.48	-	-	-	-	(45,186,393)	(45,186,393)	(44,835,000)
Bank overdrafts	4.00	(4,066,603)	-	-	-	-	(4,066,603)	(4,066,603)
Borrowings:								
– fixed rate bank borrowings	3.30	(24,303,590)	(899,127)	(899,127)	(1,798,254)	(298,907)	(28,199,005)	(28,087,378)
– variable-rate bank borrowings	3.25	-	(1,959,945)	-	-	-	(1,959,945)	(1,944,150)
– variable-rate trust receipts loans	3.25	-	(1,899,271)	-	-	-	(1,899,271)	(1,883,963)
		(73,977,637)	(18,088,698)	(899,127)	(1,798,254)	(45,485,300)	(140,249,016)	(139,754,893)
<b>At 31 December 2010</b>								
<b>Non-derivative financial liabilities</b>								
Trade and other payables	-	(1,156,000)	(307,854)	-	-	-	(1,463,854)	(1,463,854)
Amounts due to subsidiaries	-	(6,080,102)	-	-	-	-	(6,080,102)	(6,080,102)
Amount due to an intermediate holding company	-	(48,000)	-	-	-	-	(48,000)	(48,000)
Loans from an intermediate holding company	0.48	-	-	-	-	(45,266,393)	(45,266,393)	(44,915,000)
Bank overdrafts	5.25	(8,194,807)	-	-	-	-	(8,194,807)	(8,194,807)
Borrowings:								
– fixed rate bank borrowings	5.00	-	(899,127)	(899,127)	(1,798,254)	(3,895,414)	(7,491,922)	(7,100,691)
– variable-rate bank borrowings	3.25	-	(5,176,227)	-	-	-	(5,176,227)	(5,134,509)
– variable-rate trust receipts loans	3.25	-	(5,365,806)	-	-	-	(5,365,806)	(5,322,560)
		(15,478,909)	(11,749,014)	(899,127)	(1,798,254)	(49,161,807)	(79,087,111)	(78,259,523)



## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

### 32. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS *(Continued)*

#### **Fair value of financial instruments**

The fair value of other financial assets and financial liabilities are determined in accordance with generally accepted pricing models based on discounted cash flow analysis.

The directors of the Company consider that the carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded at amortised cost in the consolidated financial statements approximate their fair values at the end of the reporting period.

No analysis of fair value measurements is presented as the Group and the Company do not have financial instruments that are measured subsequent to initial recognition at fair value in the consolidated financial statement.

#### **Significant accounting policies**

Details of the significant accounting policies and methods adopted, including the criteria for recognition, the basis of measurement and the basis on which income and expenses are recognised, in respect of each class of financial assets, financial liabilities and equity instrument are disclosed in note 3.

### 33. CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group and the Company manage their capital to ensure that entities in the Group and the Company will be able to continue as a going concern while maximising the return to stakeholders through the optimisation of the debt and equity balance. The Group's and the Company's overall strategy remain unchanged from prior year.

The capital structure of the Group and the Company consist of bank borrowings disclosed in note 25, loans from an intermediate holding company disclosed in note 23, loan from a non-controlling shareholder of a subsidiary disclosed in note 26, loan from ultimate holding company disclosed in note 27, net of cash and cash equivalents and equity attributable to owners of the Company, comprising issued share capital, reserves and retained earnings.

The management of the Group and the Company review the capital structure on a continuous basis. The Group and the Company consider the cost of capital and the risks associated with each class of capital, and will balance its overall capital structure through the raise of bank borrowings and the redemption of existing debt.

**NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

**34. PLEDGE OF ASSETS**

At the end of the reporting period, certain bank deposits, buildings and land use rights were pledged to secure the banking facilities granted to the Group and the Company as follows:

	THE GROUP		THE COMPANY	
	2011 HK\$	2010 HK\$	2011 HK\$	2010 HK\$
Bank deposits	<b>27,125,950</b>	2,353,628	<b>2,354,109</b>	2,353,628
Buildings	<b>64,355,001</b>	63,261,676	–	–
Land use rights	<b>54,185,090</b>	51,479,280	–	–
	<b>145,666,041</b>	117,094,584	<b>2,354,109</b>	2,353,628

**35. DISCONTINUED OPERATION**

In the first quarter of 2011, the Group discontinued the LCM business. The results of discontinued operation for the year was as follows:

	2011 HK\$	2010 HK\$
Revenue	<b>2,911,846</b>	34,321,473
Cost of sales	<b>(3,909,214)</b>	(35,773,419)
Distribution costs	–	(807,270)
Administrative expenses	<b>(1,866,802)</b>	(49,927)
Loss for the year attributable to owners of the Company	<b>(2,864,170)</b>	(2,309,143)
Loss for the year from discontinued operation attributable to owners of the Company include the following:		
Allowance for doubtful debts	<b>1,866,802</b>	–
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	–	1,255,963
Other staff costs	<b>283,542</b>	4,105,051
Other staff's retirement benefit costs	<b>25,082</b>	110,536
	<b>308,624</b>	4,215,587
Minimum lease payments under operating leases in respect of land and buildings	<b>138,964</b>	169,279
Cost of inventories recognised as an expense (includes allowance for obsolete inventories of HK\$204,928 (2010: nil))	<b>3,909,214</b>	35,773,419

During the year, the LCM business generated net cash inflows of HK\$5,738,865 (2010: net cash outflows of HK\$5,660,963) in respect of the Group's operating activities, net cash outflows of HK\$nil (2010: HK\$136,870) in respect of investing activities and net cash outflows of HK\$3,464,641 (2010: net cash inflows of HK\$6,107,098) in respect of financing activities.

No provision for taxation is made for the discontinued operation as the LCM business incurred tax losses in both years. At 31 December 2011 and 2010, deferred tax assets in respect of unused tax losses of approximately HK\$8,187,000 (2010: HK\$5,323,000) have not been recognised in the consolidated financial statements due to the unpredictability of future profit streams.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

### 36. OPERATING LEASE COMMITMENTS

#### The Group as lessee

At the end of the reporting period, the Group and the Company had outstanding commitments for future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases in respect of land and buildings which fall due as follows:

	THE GROUP		THE COMPANY	
	2011 HK\$	2010 HK\$	2011 HK\$	2010 HK\$
Within one year	<b>287,337</b>	134,435	<b>120,000</b>	120,000
In the second to fifth years inclusive	<b>20,000</b>	140,000	<b>20,000</b>	240,000
	<b>307,337</b>	274,435	<b>140,000</b>	360,000

Operating lease payments represent rentals payable by the Group and the Company for certain of the factory, office properties and staff quarters. Leases are negotiated for terms ranging from one to three years.

#### The Group as lessor

Property rental income earned during the year was HK\$785,732 (2010: HK\$281,840). All of the properties held have committed tenants for the next three years.

	THE GROUP		THE COMPANY	
	2011 HK\$	2010 HK\$	2011 HK\$	2010 HK\$
Within one year	<b>745,882</b>	330,295	<b>26,664</b>	–
In the second to fifth years inclusive	<b>236,179</b>	399,106	–	–
	<b>982,090</b>	729,401	<b>26,664</b>	–

### 37. CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

	THE GROUP		THE COMPANY	
	2011 HK\$	2010 HK\$	2011 HK\$	2010 HK\$
Capital expenditure in respect of acquisition of property, plant and equipment: – contracted for but not provided in the consolidated financial statements	<b>3,119,094</b>	15,756,186	–	7,146,408

**NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

**38. RETIREMENT BENEFITS SCHEMES**

The Group operates a Mandatory Provident Fund (the "MPF") for all qualifying employees in Hong Kong. The retirement benefits scheme contributions charged to consolidated statement of comprehensive income of HK\$13,533 (2010: HK\$19,232) represent contributions payable to the MPF scheme by the Group, which contribution is matched by employees.

The employees employed in the Group's PRC subsidiaries are members of the state-managed retirement benefits scheme operated by the PRC government. The Group is required to contribute a certain percentage of their payroll to the retirement benefits scheme to fund the benefits. The state-managed retirement benefits scheme contributions charged to the consolidated statement of comprehensive income amounted to HK\$2,522,448 (2010: HK\$1,600,620). The only obligation of the Group with respect to the retirement benefits scheme is to make the required contributions under the scheme.

No forfeited contributions are available to reduce the contribution payable in future years.

**39. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS**

In addition to the balances set out in notes 15, 23, 24, 26 and 27, the Group and the Company entered into the following transactions with related parties during the year:

**THE GROUP**

	2011	2010
	HK\$	HK\$
<b>(i) Transactions with fellow subsidiaries:</b>		
Rentals for office charged to the Group	<b>120,000</b>	120,000
Income from rental of office	<b>13,322</b>	–
Transactions with a jointly controlled entity:		
Subcontracting fee paid by the Group	<b>29,395,499</b>	21,538,347
Sales proceeds on disposal of property, plant and equipment	–	3,525,503
Sales of goods by the Group	<b>1,436,850</b>	873,513
Purchase of goods by the Group	<b>1,509,348</b>	–
Purchases of property, plant and equipment	<b>6,793,169</b>	984,852
Income from leasing equipments	–	282,230
Transactions with an intermediate holding company:		
Interest paid by the Group	<b>216,000</b>	210,000

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

## 39. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

### THE GROUP (Continued)

#### (ii) Transactions/balances with other state-controlled entities in the PRC

The Group operates in an economic environment currently predominated by entities directly or indirectly owned or controlled by the PRC government ("state-controlled entities"). In addition, the Group itself is part of a larger group of companies under CNIC which is controlled by the PRC government.

The Group also conducts business with other state-controlled entities. The directors consider those state-controlled entities to be third parties so far as the Group's business with them are concerned.

In addition, the Group has entered into various transactions, including deposits placements, borrowings and other general banking facilities, with certain banks which are state-controlled entities in its ordinary course of business.

The directors are of the opinion that the transactions with other state-controlled entities are not significant to the Group's operations.

#### (iii) Compensation of key management personnel

The remuneration of key management during the year represented remuneration paid to directors as disclosed in note 10 to the consolidated financial statements.

The remuneration of key management personnel is determined by the Remuneration Committee having regard to the performance of individuals and market trends.

### THE COMPANY

	2011 HK\$	2010 HK\$
<b>(iv) Transactions with subsidiaries:</b>		
Sales of goods by the Company	<b>23,394,709</b>	3,896,824
Sales of equipment by the Company	<b>3,236,207</b>	31,685,210
Commission income received by the Company	<b>1,196,376</b>	1,077,997
Purchases of goods by the Company	<b>98,465,520</b>	61,868,935
Interest income	<b>406,025</b>	564,003
Transactions with fellow subsidiaries:		
Rentals for office charged to the Company	<b>60,000</b>	60,000
Income from rental of office	<b>13,332</b>	–
Transactions with an intermediate holding company:		
Interest paid by the Company	<b>216,000</b>	210,000

## FINANCIAL SUMMARY

RESULTS	Year ended 31 December				
	2011 HK\$	2010 HK\$	2009 HK\$	2008 HK\$	2007 HK\$
Revenue	<b>415,373,121</b>	345,945,237	267,530,512	378,194,134	279,333,118
Cost of sales	<b>(360,656,563)</b>	(308,229,261)	(256,973,076)	(377,610,695)	(281,720,697)
Gross profit (loss)	<b>54,716,558</b>	37,715,976	10,557,436	583,439	(2,387,579)
Other income	<b>4,929,133</b>	6,468,254	58,956,676	950,384	1,652,514
Distribution costs	<b>(13,261,372)</b>	(7,195,299)	(2,867,427)	(6,810,113)	(5,964,088)
Administrative expenses	<b>(21,235,756)</b>	(18,074,702)	(16,077,590)	(17,545,947)	(22,403,899)
Factory relocation costs	–	–	(21,411,502)	–	–
Research and development expenses	<b>(11,055,260)</b>	(9,733,038)	(7,635,300)	(7,852,085)	(7,799,889)
Share of result of a jointly controlled entity	<b>(3,886,784)</b>	(82,129)	(3,040,780)	10,200,962	6,141,109
Finance costs	<b>(5,843,523)</b>	(3,914,101)	(933,218)	(1,058,753)	(719,636)
Profit (loss) before taxation	<b>4,362,996</b>	5,184,961	17,548,295	(21,532,113)	(31,481,468)
Taxation (charge) credit	<b>(391,069)</b>	(2,101,443)	159,586	(1,047,265)	177,495
Profit (loss) for the year	<b>3,971,927</b>	3,083,518	17,707,881	(22,579,378)	(31,303,973)
ASSETS AND LIABILITIES	At 31 December				
	2011 HK\$	2010 HK\$	2009 HK\$	2008 HK\$	2007 HK\$
Total assets	<b>513,452,529</b>	468,868,383	370,670,725	338,087,861	284,208,451
Total liabilities	<b>(303,008,569)</b>	(274,359,681)	(188,059,706)	(174,277,026)	(111,074,707)
	<b>210,443,960</b>	194,508,702	182,611,019	163,810,835	173,133,744
Equity attributable to owners of the Company	<b>207,118,223</b>	190,069,159	179,284,018	159,882,630	172,107,252
Non-controlling interests	<b>3,325,737</b>	4,439,543	3,327,001	3,928,205	1,026,492
Total equity	<b>210,443,960</b>	194,508,702	182,611,019	163,810,835	173,133,744