



(於開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司) (Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability) (Stock Code 股份代號: 8173)



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This report, for which the directors of Pan Asia Mining Limited (the "Directors") collectively and individually accept full responsibility, includes particulars given in compliance with the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on Growth Enterprise Market of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited for the purpose of giving information with regard to Pan Asia Mining Limited. The Directors, having made all reasonable enquiries, confirm that to the best of their knowledge and belief the information contained in this report is accurate and complete in all material respects and not misleading or deceptive, and there are no other matters the omission of which would make any statement herein or this report misleading.

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BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

Mr. Michael Koh Tat Lee *(Chairman)* Mr. Eng Wee Meng

Non Executive Directors

Mr. Yin Mark Teh-min Mr. Liang Tong Wei

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. Lai Kai Jin, Michael Mr. Chu Hung Lin, Victor Mr. Tong Wan Sze

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. Chan Ming Cho, Joe

AUTHORISED REPRESENTATIVES

For the purpose of the GEM Listing Rules

Mr. Eng Wee Meng Mr. Chan Ming Cho, Joe

COMPLIANCE OFFICER

Mr. Eng Wee Meng

REGISTERED OFFICE

P.O. Box 309 Ugland House South Church Street George Town Grand Cayman Cayman Islands British West Indies

HEAD OFFICE AND PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

Suite 3008, Tower One, Times Square, 1 Matheson Street, Causeway Bay, Hong Kong

SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE IN HONG KONG

Tricor Tengis Limited 26th Floor Tesbury Centre 28 Queen's Road East Wanchai Hong Kong

AUDITOR

RSM Nelson Wheeler 29th Floor, Caroline Centre, Lee Gardens Two, 28 Yun Ping Road, Hong Kong

STOCK CODE

8173

COMPANY WEBSITE

http://www.pamining.com

FINANCIAL REVIEW

The Group's turnover amounted to approximately HK\$331,296,000 (2011: approximately HK\$10,419,000), increased by approximately HK\$320,877,000 as compared to the same period in 2011. The significant increase in sales revenue arose from the new bunker fuel trading business. Gross profit amounted to approximately HK\$2,378,000 (2011: approximately HK\$13,000). Other operating loss amounted to approximately HK\$7,955,000 (2011: approximately HK\$367,000) which arose primarily from unrealized loss in market value of held-for-trading equity and debt securities. Loss for the year increased to approximately HK7,458,904,000 as compared to approximately HK\$90,602,000, as restated, of the same period last year which is mainly attributable to the HK\$7,342,417,000 impairment loss provision for the exploration and evaluation assets. Full details regarding the impairment provision are in note 18 of the financial statements.

CAPITAL STRUCTURE AND LIQUIDITY

As at 31 March 2012, the Company has outstanding zero coupon rate convertible bonds in the carrying value of approximately HK\$525,718,000 (31 March 2011: approximately HK\$446,644,000, as restated) convertible into 68,955,682 (31 March 2011: 68,955,682) ordinary shares of the Company of HK\$0.50 each. The convertible bonds with outstanding principal amount totalling US\$201,474,359 (equivalent to approximately HK\$1,571,500,000) are due for full redemption on 18 December 2018.

As at 31 March 2012, the Group has a current ratio of 2.89 times. (2011: approximately 28.08 times). Gearing ratio, calculated based on non-current liabilities of approximately HK526,059,000 (2011: approximately HK\$516,644,000, as restated) against total equity of approximately HK\$682,365,000 (2011: total equity of approximately HK\$8,143,166,000, as restated) increased from 6.34% for 2011 to 77.09% for 2012 due to the substantial reduction in total equity after the impairment provision.

As at 31 March 2012, the Group has no material contingent liability (31 March 2011: Nil).

As at 31 March 2012, the Group has a capital commitment for acquisition of property of approximately HK\$4,365,000 (31 March 2011: Nil).

MATERIAL ACQUISITIONS AND DISPOSALS

The Group had no material acquisitions or disposals of subsidiaries and associated companies during the year.

EMPLOYEES AND REMUNERATION POLICIES

As at 31 March 2012, the Group has 17 full time employees (2011: 12). Employees are remunerated with reference to market terms and according to their individual work performance, qualification and experience. Remuneration includes monthly basic salaries, retirement benefits under the Mandatory Provident Fund, medical schemes and performance-lined discretionary bonuses.

All qualifying Group employees in Hong Kong participate in the Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme (the "Scheme"). The assets of the Scheme are held separately from those of the Group in funds under the control of trustees. Group contributions were grossly matched by employee contributions.

The Company's policy concerning remuneration of the executive Directors is as follows:

- (i) the executive Directors' remuneration is determined on the basis of his or her experience, responsibility, workload and the time devoted to the Group; and
- (ii) at the discretion of the Board or a committee thereof, the executive Directors may be granted options pursuant to the Share Option Scheme as defined in note 30 to the financial statements and/or any other such schemes of the Company as part of their remuneration package.

BORROWING FACILITIES

During the year, the Group has obtained a credit facilities from a banker up to a maximum amount of US\$2 million and the credit line has not been utilized as at 31st March 2012.

PLEDGE OF ASSETS

At 31 March 2012, certain bank deposits and held-for-trading investments of the Group with carrying value of approximately HK\$113,000 (2011: Nil) and HK\$28,195,000 (2011: Nil), respectively were pledged to secure general banking facilities granted to the Group.

TREASURY POLICIES

The functional currency of the Company and its subsidiaries is mainly denominated in United States Dollar and the majority of the Group's tangible assets are denominated in Hong Kong dollars. The outstanding convertible bonds are denominated in United States dollars and are redeemable or convertible using an agreed fixed rate of HK\$7.8 to US\$1.0. As a result the convertible bonds have no exposure to exchange rate fluctuations. The Group has no other material exposure to exchange rate risks and has not made any arrangement to hedge against expenses, assets and liabilities for exchange rate fluctuation.

The Group adopts a conservative approach towards its treasury policies. The Group strives to reduce exposure to credit risk by all effective means. To manage liquidity risk, the Board closely monitors the Group's liquidity position to ensure that the liquidity structure of the Group's assets, liabilities and commitments can meet its funding requirements.

BUSINESS REVIEW

The Group recognized that customers purchasing metal ore also intake a significant amount of scrap metal as a source of raw material. In September 2011 the Group commenced trading of scrap metals in Singapore where we found geographic competitive advantages over Hong Kong in term of servicing customers from the region. Identified sources of supply in Singapore include local industrial plants, auto dismantlers, building dismantlers, demolition operations, and overseas suppliers from Middle East, Europe and United States of America. On the sales side, potential scrap metal customers are found in PRC, Taiwan, India, Japan, Korea, and Philippines. the Group is striving to expand its business to these locations. Revenue from scrap metal trading amounted to approximately HK\$14 million during the financial year.

In September 2011 the Group also commenced business in trading of bunker fuel. The Group recognized that being one of the busiest port in the world, Singapore has an enormous market of bunker fuel for transoceanic vessels. However, in view of the fluctuating international oil prices, the Group has cautiously entered into the market keeping no or minimal over-nights stock-in-transit. During the financial year ended 31 March 2012 the Group has generated sales of approximately HK\$300 million.

In December 2011 the Group has also commenced the business of trading of coal. The first shipment of approximately 35,000 tons of steam coal from Indonesia to China was completed in February this year. In view of the recent fluctuations of international coal prices the Group has not yet entered into the second shipment of coal trading. During the financial year ended 31 March 2012, sales revenue of approximately HK\$17 million was generated and duly received.

The 2 exploration permits valid from 23 December 2009 and covering an exploration area of approximately 41,094 hectares expired in December 2011. The Group did not carry out any exploration work since then and has submitted application in November 2011 for the renewal of the 2 exploration permits. According to the exploration permit requirements, 10% of the exploration area has to be relinquished annually.

After analyzing the original 41,094 hectares exploration area the Group voluntarily relinquished approximately 21.5% of the area which is mostly covered by coral reef cultures or is unlikely to have sufficient magnetite deposits for commercial exploitation. According to Philippines laws, sea bed area covered by coral reef cultures are not allowed for mining operations. On 22 June 2012, renewal of the 2 exploration permits was approved with total exploration area of approximately 32,258 hectares (the "Renewed EP"). Upon expiration of the 2 Renewed EP in 2 years the Group is eligible to renew the 2 exploration permits for another 2 years.

The Group has been undergoing exploration activities in the mining tenements in The Philippines during the past few years. As at 31 March 2012, the Group has finished drilling of 262 boreholes. The drilling activities covered areas of approximately 1,300 hectares out of the total exploration area of 32,258 hectares under the Renewed EP. The Group is planning the next phase of exploration.

On the other hand, the Group submitted an application to MGB for the mineral production sharing agreement (the "MPSA") in respect of 5,000 hectares within the renewed exploration area on 15 June 2010. The acceptance of the application of the MPSA involves various phases including, among others, the evaluation of feasibility studies, environmental work plan and financial capability of the Group; the obtaining of area status and clearance; and public consultation by regional and central offices of the MGB and the DENR. As of the date of this report, the MPSA was not yet awarded to the Group. The management considers that the Group should have no major difficulties in fulfilling the technical and other requirements for the acceptance of the MPSA application by the MGB.

PROSPECTS

China is the largest importer of metals and coal in the world. Its annual consumption for imported coal in 2011 is approximately 182 million tons. Currently, both Indonesia and Australia are the 2 largest supplier of coal to China. Coal from Indonesia is dominantly steam coal which is used primarily in power generation, while Australian coking coal is mainly used for iron and steel production. Being strategically located in Hong Kong where we have easy access to both the China customers and suppliers in the southern globe, the Group will continue to grow its coal trading business in addition to striving to realize the full potential of the existing mining tenements.

Although bunker fuel trading accounted for 90% of total revenue of the Group, it has only a thin gross margin due to a narrow source of supply when the Group first entered the market. Management believes that bunker fuel is a promising business. According to Sea trade Bunkering Report 2011, Singapore is the busiest bunkering port in the world with a turnover of approximately 40.9 million tons of fuel oil in 2010. However, in our view the bunker fuel market will still be volatile. As a new entrant, we shall try to grow and enhance profitability of this business at a cautious pace in Singapore after balancing risk and rewards.

In addition to the expansion of the existing resource related businesses incepted in the past financial year, the Group will constantly adjust its business and investment composition in relation to the resource industry to seek further improvements of its profit margin. Given the current economic climates of today, the Group's strategy will remain primarily focusing on the continuous economic growth in the China market. To create value propositions for our shareholders, we will continue to seek out sectors where we can create economics value for them including via merger and acquisitions.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

The Company is committed to maintain and ensure high standards of corporate governance practices. Except for the deviations as disclosed in this report, the Company has adopted and complied with the code provisions of the Code on Corporate Governance Practices (the "**CG Code**") contained in Appendix 15 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Growth Enterprise Market (the "**GEM Listing Rules**") throughout the year ended 31 March 2012.

DIRECTORS' SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has adopted the code of conduct for securities transactions by Directors set out in Rules 5.48 to 5.67 of the GEM Listing Rules as its own code of conduct regarding securities transactions by Directors. The Company periodically issues notices to its Directors reminding them of the general prohibition on dealing in the Company's listed securities during the blackout periods before the publication of announcements of quarterly, interim and annual results.

The Company confirms that, having made specific enquiry from all Directors, all Directors have complied with the required standard of dealings set out in Rules 5.48 to 5.67 of the GEM Listing Rules for the year ended 31 March 2012.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The Board of the Company comprises the following members:

Name	Change
Executive Directors	
Mr. Michael Koh Tat Lee (Chairman)	(appointed on 30 Nov 2011)
Mr. Wong Chung Yu, Denny	(resigned on 30 Nov 2011)
Mr. Liu Junqing	(resigned on 15 July 2011)
Mr. Eng Wee Meng	(appointed on 11 Apr 2011)
Non-Executive Directors Mr. Yin Mark Teh-min Mr. Liang Tong Wei	(appointed on 30 Nov 2011)

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. Lai Kai Jin, Michael Mr. Chu Hung Lin, Victor Mr. Tong Wan Sze

The biograhies of the current directors are set out on pages 13 to 15 of this report. The Directors do not have any relationship (including financial, business, family or other material/relevant relationship(s)) with each other except that Mr. Michael Koh Tat Lee is the brother-in-law of Mr. Yin Mark Teh-min and Mr. Wong Chung Yu, Denny.

The Board is responsible for the leadership and control of the Company. It also oversees the Group's business, strategic decisions and directions, and performances including an oversight of the management of the Group. The management of the Group has been delegated with the authority and responsibility by the Board for the general and day-to-day management of the Group. In addition, the Board has also delegated various responsibilities to other committees. Further details of the committees are set out in this report.

The Non-Executive Directors serve the relevant function of bringing independent judgement on the development, performance and risk management of the Group through their contributions in board meetings. They are also serving on audit committee and remuneration committee. Through their active participation, they provide their valuable skills, expertise and experience to the Board and the committees on which they serve so that the management process can be critically reviewed and controlled.

Throughout the year ended 31 March 2012, the Company has complied with Rule 5.05(1) and 5.05(2) of the GEM Listing Rule relating to the appointment of at least three independent non-executive directors with at least one independent non-executive director possessing appropriate professional qualification, or accounting or related financial management expertise. All independent non-executive Directors are considered to be independent by the Board as the Board has received from each independent non-executive Director his annual confirmation on independence as required by Rule 5.09 of the GEM Listing Rules.

The Board meets regularly to review the financial and operating performance of the Company. During the financial year ended 31 March 2012, the Board held 4 regular Board meetings (within the meaning of the CG code) at approximately quarterly interval and 7 other Board meetings which were convened when board-level decisions on particular matters were required. During the regular Board meetings the Directors discuss and formulate the overall strategies of the Company, review and monitor the business and financial performances and discuss the quarterly, half-yearly and annual results, as well as discuss and decide on other significant matters. The attendance record of each member of the Board is set out at **Details of the attendance of each member of the Board and Committees**.

CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

Under code provision A.2.1, the roles of chairman and chief executive officer should be separated and should not be performed by the same individual.

The role of chairman is primarily responsible for leading the Board in setting strategic decision and policies direction and also ensuring the effectiveness of management in execution of the strategy approved by the Board. Responsibilities for general and day-to-day operations of the Group lie with the other executive Directors and management of the Group and each business units thereof.

Subsequent to the resignation of the former chief executive officer on 2 January 2009, the post has been vacant as at 31 March 2012. The Board will keep reviewing the current structure from time to time and will make appointment with suitable knowledge, skill and experience to fill the post as appropriate.

ROTATION OF DIRECTORS

Under code provision of A.4.2., every director should be subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years. Although the existing articles of association of the Company do not have exact provisions to this effect, they do however provide that one-third of the Directors shall retire from office by rotation and the Directors to retire in every year shall be those who have been longest in office since their last election. The actual operation of the aforesaid provisions of the existing articles of association of the Company should in principle result in each Director being subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years. Considered in this perspective, the Company has substantially complied with the CG Code regarding the requirement that every Director should be subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years. In addition, the Board will ensure that the provision of A.4.2 of the CG Code will be complied with in practice.

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

The remuneration committee of the Company (the "**Remuneration Committee**") was established in March 2006 and currently consists of three members, one of which is a non-executive Director, Mr. Yin Mark Teh-min and the other two are independent non-executive Directors, Mr. Lai Kai Jin, Michael and Mr. Chu Hung Lin, Victor. The chairman of the Remuneration Committee is Mr. Lai Kai Jin, Michael.

The roles and functions of the Remuneration Committee are set out in the written terms of reference of the Remuneration Committee which include the determination of the specific remuneration packages of all executive Directors and senior management, including benefits in kind, pension rights and compensation payments, including any compensation payable for loss or termination of their office or appointment, making recommendations to the Board on the remuneration of the non-executive Directors and to review and approve performance-based remuneration. The terms of reference can be obtained from the website of the Company and the Stock Exchange.

For the financial year ended 31 March 2012, the remuneration of Directors and senior management of the Group was determined with reference to the salaries paid by comparable companies, time commitment and responsibilities and employment conditions elsewhere in the Group. Directors and employees also participate in bonus arrangements determined in accordance with the performance of the Group and the individual's performance.

The Remuneration Committee held three meetings during the financial year ended 31 March 2012. At the said meeting, the Remuneration Committee reviewed and approved the remuneration packages of the Directors. The attendance record of each member of the Committee is set out at **Details of the attendance of each member of the Board and Committees**.

Details of Directors' emoluments for the financial year ended 31 March 2012 are set out in the note 13 to the financial statements.

NOMINATION COMMITTEE AND NOMINATION OF DIRECTOR

The nomination committee of the Company (the "**Nomination Committee**") was established in March 2012 and currently consists of three members, one of which is the chairman, Mr. Michael Koh Tat Lee and the other two are independent non-executive Directors, Mr. Lai Kai Jin, Michael and Mr. Chu Hung Lin, Victor. The chairman of the Nomination Committee is Mr. Michael Koh Tat Lee.

The roles and function of the Nomination Committee are set out in the written terms of reference of the Nomination Committee which include the review of the structure, size and composition (including the skills, knowledge of and experience) of the Board, making recommendations on any proposed changes and on the appointment and re-appointment of and succession planning for directors and to assess the independence of independent non-executive directors. During the year, the Nomination Committee did not hold any meeting. The terms of reference can be obtained from the website of the Company and the Stock Exchange.

Before the formation of Nomination Committee in March 2012 according to the amended GEM listing rules, the Board had the power from time to time and at any time to appoint any person as Director either to fill a casual vacancy or as an addition to the Board. In assessing nomination of a new Director, the Board took into account a nominee's qualifications, ability and potential contribution to the Company. Therefore, nominations of new Directors were made by the Board based on the need of the Company and the expertise, experience and potential contribution of individual candidates. Members of the Board were also invited to nominate suitable candidate for consideration by the Board.

During the financial year ended 31 March 2012, the Board has met twice in connection with the nomination and appointment of Mr. Eng Wee Meng as an executive Director, Mr. Michael Koh Tat Lee as an executive Director and the chairman of the Board and Mr. Liang Tong Wei as a non-executive Director. The attendance record of each member of the Board is set out at **Details of the attendance of each member of the Board and Committees**.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The audit committee of the Company (the "Audit Committee") currently comprises four members of which one is a non-executive Director, Mr. Yin Mark Teh-min and three independent non-executive Directors, Mr. Lai Kai Jin, Michael, Mr. Chu Hung Lin, Victor and Mr. Tong Wan Sze. The chairman of the Audit Committee is Mr. Tong Wan Sze.

The role and functions of the Audit Committee are set out in the written terms of reference of the Audit Committee which includes to oversee the relationship with auditor, to review and supervise the financial reporting system and internal controls procedures of the Group and to review and approve the Company's annual reports and accounts, interim report and quarterly reports to the Board. The terms of reference can be obtained from the website of the Company and the Stock Exchange.

The Audit Committee has reviewed the Group's unaudited quarterly and interim results and annual audited results for the financial year ended 31 March 2012 and also reviewed the system of internal control of the Group in accordance with provision C.2.1 of the CG Code. The Audit Committee was of the opinion that the preparation of such results complied with the applicable accounting standards and requirements and that adequate disclosures have been made and is of the view that the system of internal control of the Group is sufficient to safeguard the interests of the Group.

The Audit Committee held 4 meetings during the financial year ended 31 March 2012. The attendance record of each member of the Committee is set out at **Details of the attendance of each member of the Board and Committees**.

DETAILS OF THE ATTENDANCE OF EACH MEMBER OF THE BOARD AND COMMITTEES:

				Board	
			Remuneration	Meeting for	Audit
		Board	Committee	Appointment of	Committee
Name	Change	Meeting	Meeting	New Directors	Meeting
Executive Directors					
Mr. Michael Koh Tat Lee (Chairman)	(appointed on 30 Nov 2011)	2/2	_	_	_
Mr. Wong Chung Yu, Denny	(resigned on 30 Nov 2011)	9/9	_	2/2	-
Mr. Liu Junqing	(resigned on 15 Jul 2011)	1/4	_	1/1	-
Mr. Eng Wee Meng	(appointed on 11 Apr 2011)	10/10	_	1/1	_
Non-Executive Directors					
Mr. Yin Mark Teh-min		7/11	1/3	1/2	3/4
Mr. Liang Tong Wei	(appointed on 30 Nov 2011)	1/2	_	_	_
Independent Non-executive Direc	tors				
Mr. Lai Kai Jin, Michael		6/11	2/3	1/2	1/4
Mr. Chu Hung Lin, Victor		9/11	3/3	2/2	4/4
Mr. Tong Wan Sze		6/11	_	1/2	4/4

AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

For the year ended 31 March 2012, the total remuneration in respect of audit services and other non-audit services provided by the existing auditor appointed on 3 November 2011 of the Company, RSM Nelson Wheeler, were HK\$500,000 and HK\$50,000 respectively.

Other non-audit services provided by the former auditor of the Company, CCIF CPA Limited, was HK\$421,006.

RESPECTIVE RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND AUDITOR

The Directors acknowledged their responsibilities for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2012, which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the Group and of the Group's result and cash flows for year then ended. In preparing the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2012, the Directors have selected suitable accounting policies and have applied them consistently, adopted appropriate Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") and Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKASs") which are pertinent to its operations and relevant to the financial statements, made judgement and estimates that are prudent and reasonable, and have prepared the accounts on the going concern basis.

The statement of the auditor of the Company, RSM Nelson Wheeler, about their reporting responsibilities on the consolidated financial statements of the Group is set out in the Independent Auditor's Report on pages 23 to 24 of this annual report.

REVIEW OF INTERNAL CONTROL SYSTEM

The Board has overall responsibility for the system of internal controls of the Group and for reviewing its effectiveness and the Board has conducted a review of the effectiveness of the system of internal control of the Group in accordance with provision C.2.1 of the CG Code. The review has covered all materials controls, including financial, operational and compliance controls and risk management functions. In the view of the Board, the system of internal control of the Group is sufficient to safeguard the interests of the Group. The duties of the Audit Committee also includes reviewing and supervising the internal control procedures of the Group.

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Michael Koh Tat Lee ("Mr. Koh"), aged 45, is the chairman of the Company since 30 November 2011 and the chairman of nomination committee since 31 March 2012. Mr. Koh is also the chairman of Black Sand Enterprises Limited and is a director in all subsidiaries and associated companies of the Company. He holds a Master degree of Electrical Engineering and a Master degree of Industrial Engineering from Columbia University in the United States. Mr. Koh possesses more than 10 years of experience in the telecommunications industry and project management. He has worked at Bell South and AT & T in the United States and was promoted to technical director before he left AT & T. Mr. Koh was the vice president of First Pacific Company Limited (stock code: 0142). During his tenure at First Pacific Company Limited from year 1994 to 1997, Mr. Koh founded a private company called Tuntex Telecom in Taiwan and assumed the post of president for the period from year 1995 to 1997. Mr. Koh was an executive director of M Dream Inworld Limited (stock code: 8100) and the chairman of China Railway Logistics Limited (stock code: 8089, formerly known as Proactive Technology Holdings Limited) before joining the Group. Mr. Koh is the brother-in-law of Mr. Yin Mark Teh-min and Mr. Wong Chung Yu, Denny.

Mr. Eng Wee Meng ("Mr. Eng"), aged 45, is an executive Director of the Company since 11 April 2011. Mr. Eng is also the director in all subsidiaries and associated companies of the Company. Mr. Eng holds a bachelor's degree in business administration specializing in accounting, finance, and management science from the University of California, Berkeley, U.S.A. He has accumulated over 18 years of experience in commercial banking, international trade, distribution, retail operations, international fund raising, corporate finance and pharmaceutical developments from various senior positions in different international and regional companies. Before joining the Company he was the General Manager of PDC Pharmaceutical Development (China) Company Limited, a wholly owned foreign entity and medical packaging company that produces intravenous injection solutions packaging located in Zhongshan, Guangdong Province. He was responsible for full profit and loss and strategic development of the company. In 2008 to 2009, he held the position of General Manager, Business Development Department of New-AlKOR Company Limited (currently known as New A-Innovation Company Limited), a biotech company involved in the development of intravenous therapeutic products and was responsible for all matters related to the PRC market which includes liaison with the State Food and Drug Administration, local government departments of its Research and Development and production facility, and identifying investment opportunities in PRC; In 2006 to 2008, he was the Director of Corporate Finance of Advantek Biologics (Hong Kong) Ltd., a biotech company involved in human plasma derived therapeutics products, responsible for mergers and acquisitions, strategic planning, and international fund raising.

NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Yin Mark Teh-min ("Mr. Yin"), aged 42, is a non-executive Director and a member of each of the audit and remuneration committee of the Company since 20 May 2008. Mr. Yin is an independent consultant with over 17 years of experience as an operational sales and marketing executive. He has held executive management and operational roles in the United States and Asia including business planning and management of large scale projects spanning multiple organizations. Prior to his consultancy, he most recently served as a vice president at Infinera Corporation, a manufacturer of telecommunications equipment, where he led the marketing efforts and, later, Asia Pacific sales and market development. Previously, Mr. Yin served as an executive in sales and marketing roles at Lightera Networks, Ciena Corporation and Cisco Systems/Stratacom. Mr. Yin earned a Bachelor of Science in Electrical Engineering at Rutgers University and a Master of Science in Operations Research at Stanford University. Mr. Yin is the brother-in-law of Mr. Michael Koh Tat Lee and Mr. Wong Chung Yu, Denny.

Mr. Liang Tong Wei ("Mr. Liang"), aged 44, is a non-executive Director of the Company since 30 November 2011. He holds a bachelor degree of Industrial and Business Administration and Management from Foshan Radio and Television University (佛山市廣播電視大學) in the People's Republic of China ("PRC"). Mr. Liang possesses about 25 years of experiences in the business administration and management. He has worked at 佛山市奇槎色料廠 and 佛山市宏陶陶瓷集團有限公司 in the PRC and was promoted to sales general manager before he left 佛山市宏陶陶瓷集團有限公司. Mr. Liang has been the chairman and general manager of 佛山市三水宏源陶瓷企業有限公司 since 2004.

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Lai Kai Jin Michael ("Mr. Lai"), aged 42, is an independent non-executive Director, a member of the audit committee and the chairman of the remuneration committee of the Company since 18 February 2008 and a member of the nomination committee since 31 March 2012. Mr. Lai graduated from the National University of Singapore with a LL.B (Hons) Degree in 1994 and was called to the Singapore Bar the following year. He was formerly a partner of Messrs. KhattarWong, one of the largest law firms in Singapore with over 100 professional staff and offices in Singapore, Shanghai, Hanoi and Ho Chih Minh, where he headed the firm's International Trade and Shipping department. Mr. Lai's practice focused on marine insurance, shipping and admiralty law and involved handling legal disputes arising out of international trade and transport. Mr. Lai has acted as lead counsel in numerous cases before the High Court and Court of Appeal of Singapore and in arbitrations. Mr. Lai was formerly the Chairman of the Advisory Body Legal Matters, FIATA and the Legal Counsel for the Singapore Logistics Association. Mr. Lai is currently the Chairman of PVKeez Pte Limited, a joint venture between EOC Limited ("EOC"), Ezra Holdings Limited, Keppel Corporation Limited and PetroVietnam Transportation Corporation set up for the conversion, management and operation of a Floating Production Storage and Offloading ("FPSO") facility in Vietnam's Chim Sao oilfield; a contract worth US\$1 billion, with all options exercised. Mr. Lai sits on the Board of Directors of Select Group Limited, a company whose shares is listed on the Singapore Stock Exchange and Interlink Petroleum Limited, a company whose shares is listed on the Mumbai Stock Exchange. Mr. Lai also holds the position as a non-executive Director of NagaCorp Limited, a company whose shares is listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange").

Mr. Chu Hung Lin, Victor ("Mr. Chu"), aged 44, is an independent non-executive Director and a member of each of the audit committee and remuneration committee of the Company since 1 June 2009 and a member of the nomination committee since 31 March 2012. Mr. Chu has a diversified experience in the industries of film production, land development, private pre-IPO investment and food and catering. During the period from January 2001 to June 2003, he was the deputy chairman and executive director of Climax International Company Limited, shares of which are listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited. Since 2003, he has been actively involved in food and beverage business and has been a shareholder and director of certain private companies. Mr. Chu is responsible for the business development and product development of such companies.

Mr. Tong Wan Sze ("Mr. Tong"), aged 44, is an independent non-executive Director and the chairman of the audit committee of the Company since 29 December 2010. Mr. Tong has over 19 years experience in overseeing financial management, merger and acquisition, investor relations and company secretarial matters. Before joining the Company, Mr. Tong took up the position as the Chief Financial Officer and Company Secretary of Solargiga Energy Holdings Limited, a company listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange"). Previously Mr. Tong was the Financial Controller of two companies listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange and was an auditor at Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu. He is a Fellow of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants, an Associate of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and a Certified Tax Advisor in Hong Kong. Mr. Tong has obtained a Master degree in Business Administration from the University of Strathclyde in the United Kingdom.

The Directors present their annual report and the audited consolidated financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 March 2012.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The Company is an investment holding company. The activities of its subsidiaries are set out in note 36 to the financial statements.

SEGMENT INFORMATION

An analysis of the principal activities and geographical locations of operations of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2012 are set out in note 7 to the financial statements.

RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

The results of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2012 are set out in the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income on page 25.

The Directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend.

FINANCIAL SUMMARY

A summary of the results and of the assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five financial years is set out on pages 87 to 88.

SUBSIDIARIES AND ASSOCIATES

Particulars of subsidiaries and associates of the Group are set out in notes 36 and 19 to the financial statements respectively.

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of movements in property, plant and equipment of the Group during the year are set out in note 16 to the financial statements.

SHARE CAPITAL

Details of movements in the share capital of the Company during the year are set out in note 28 to the financial statements. There was no conversion or subscription rights under any convertible securities, options, warrants or similar rights of the Group being exercised during the year.

RESERVES

Movements in the reserves of the Group and the Company during the year are set out in the Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity and note 35 to the financial statements respectively.

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the articles of association of the Company, or the laws of Cayman Islands, which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro-rata basis to existing shareholders of the Company.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE COMPANY'S LISTED SECURITIES

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities during the year.

RETIREMENT SCHEME

The Group operates a Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme ("MPF Scheme") under the Hong Kong Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance for employees employed under the jurisdiction of the Hong Kong Employment Ordinance. The MPF Scheme is a defined contribution retirement scheme administered by independent trustees. Under the MPF Scheme, each of the employer and employee are required to make contributions of 5% of the employees' relevant income to the scheme, subject to a cap of monthly relevant income of HK\$20,000. Contributions made to the scheme are vested immediately.

The employees of the subsidiaries of the Group in the PRC participate in the retirement schemes operated by the local authorities. The subsidiaries are required to contribute a certain percentage of salaries to these schemes to pay the benefits. The only obligation of the Group in respect to these schemes is the required contributions under the schemes.

For the year ended 31 March 2012, the Group's total contributions to the retirement schemes charged in the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income amounted to approximately HK\$134,000 (2011:HK\$115,000).

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

During the year ended 31 March 2012, the aggregate sales attributable to the Group's five largest customers accounted for approximately 91.82% (2011: Nil) of the Group's total sales and the sales attributable to the Group's largest customer accounted for approximately 52.41% (2011: Nil) of the Group's total sales. During the year ended 31 March 2012, the aggregate purchases attributable to the Group's five largest suppliers accounted for approximately 99.20% (2011: Nil) of the Group's total purchases and the purchases attributable to the Group's largest supplier accounted for approximately 90.70% (2011: Nil) of the Group's total purchases and the purchases attributable to the Group's largest supplier accounted for approximately 90.70% (2011: Nil) of the Group's total purchases.

None of the Directors, their associates or substantial shareholders (which to the best knowledge of the Directors owns more than 5% of the Company's issued share capital) had any beneficial interest in the share capital of any of the five largest customers and suppliers of the Group.

DIRECTORS

The Directors during the year and up to the date of this report were:

Executive Directors

Mr. Michael Koh Tat Lee	(appointed on 30 Nov 2011)
Mr. Wong Chung Yu, Denny	(resigned on 30 Nov 2011)
Mr. Liu Junqing	(resigned on 15 Jul 2011)
Mr. Eng Wee Meng	(appointed on 11 Apr 2011)

Non-Executive Directors

Mr. Yin Mark Teh-min Mr. Liang Tong Wei (appointed on 30 Nov 2011)

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. Lai Kai Jin, Michael Mr. Chu Hung Lin, Victor Mr. Tong Wan Sze

Pursuant to Article 99 of the articles of association of the Company applicable at the relevant time of appointment, Mr. Michael Koh Tat Lee and Mr. Liang Tong Wei shall retire at such forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company and, being eligible, will offer themselves for re-election.

Pursuant to Article 116 of the articles of association of the Company, Mr. Yin Mark Teh-min and Mr. Tong Wan Sze shall retire from office by rotation at such forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company and, being eligible, will offer themselves for reelection.

DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

Both executive Directors, Mr. Michael Koh Tat Lee and Mr. Eng Wee Meng have entered into service contracts with a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company. The service contracts have no fixed termination date but can be terminated by either party by three months' written notice to the other party. They are subject to rotation and re-election provisions in the articles of association of the Company.

Each of the current non-executive Director and independent non-executive Directors has entered into a service contract with the Company with a fixed term of office of 1 year on the date of their appointment. Such service contracts will be automatically renewable for successive terms of one year unless terminated by either party by one month written notice to the other party. They are subject to rotation and re-election provisions in the articles of association of the Company.

Save as disclosed above, no Director being proposed for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company has any service contract which is not determinable by the Group within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

DIRECTORS' BIOGRAPHIES

Biographical details of the Directors of the Group are set out on pages 13 to 15 of this annual report.

EMOLUMENTS OF DIRECTORS AND FIVE HIGHEST PAID INDIVIDUALS

Details of the emoluments of the Directors and the five highest paid individuals of the Group are set out in note 13 to the financial statement.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN CONTRACTS

Save as disclosed in note 34 to the financial statements, there were no contracts of significance in relation to the Group's business to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries was a party and in which a Director had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

INDEPENDENCE CONFIRMATION

The Company has received annual confirmation of independence pursuant to Rule 5.09 of the GEM Listing Rules from each of the independent non-executive Directors and as at the date of this report considers them to be independent.

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVES' INTERESTS IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES

As at 31 March 2012, the interests of each Directors and chief executives of the Company in the shares (the "Shares"), underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meanings of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance, Chapter 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong (the "SFO")) which (i) were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of SFO (including interests and short positions which he was taken or deemed to have under such provisions of SFO); or (ii) were required, pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO, to be entered in the register referred to therein, or (iii) were required, pursuant to Rule 5.46 of the GEM Listing Rules, to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange were as follows:

The Company

Long positions in Shares of the Company

		Approximate	
Name of directors/		percentage of	
chief executive	Number of Shares	shareholding	Capacity
Yin Mark Teh-min	50,000	0.01	Interest of spouse
	7,600		Beneficial owner
Sub-total:	57,600	0.01	(Note 1)

Notes:

 Ms. Wong Shu Wah, Ceci, being the wife of Mr. Yin Mark Teh-min ("Mr. Yin"), has interests in 50,000 Shares. Accordingly, Mr. Yin is deemed to be interested in such 50,000 Shares. Mr. Yin also holds 7,600 Shares as beneficial owner. Therefore, Mr. Yin is interested and deemed to be interested in 57,600 Shares in total.

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVES' SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES

There are no short positions of the Directors and the chief executives in the Shares, underlying Shares and debentures of the Company and its associated corporations that (i) were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests and short positions which they were taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO); or (ii) were required, pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO, to be entered in the register referred to therein; or (iii) were required, pursuant to Rule 5.46 of the GEM Listing Rules, to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange.

INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS OF SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS DISCLOSABLE UNDER THE SFO

As at 31 March 2012, the following persons (other than Directors and chief executives of the Company) had an interest and/or a short position in the Shares or underlying Shares in respect of equity derivatives of the Company that has to be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests and/or short positions which they were taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO):

Long positions in Shares of the Company

		Approximate	
	Number of Shares	percentage of	
Name of shareholder	of the Company	shareholding	Capacity
Kesterion Investments Limited	272,558,400	29.88	Beneficial owner
Wong, Eva	272,558,400	29.88	Interest of controlled corporation
	271,200	0.03	Beneficial owner
Sub-total:	272,829,600	29.91	
Michael Koh Tat Lee	272,829,600	29.91	Interest of spouse (Note 1)
Liang Tong Wei	100,000,000	10.96	Beneficial owner

Notes:

1. Mr. Michael Koh Tat Lee, being the husband of Ms. Eva Wong, is deemed to be interested in such 272,829,600 shares.

Long positions in the underlying Shares of the Company

	Number of underlying Shares in respect of equity derivatives	Approximate percentage of the issued share capital	
Name of shareholder	of the Company	of the Company	Capacity
Kesterion Investments Limited	68,955,682	7.56%	Beneficial owner (Note 2)
Wong Eva	68,955,682	7.56%	Interest of controlled
			corporation (Note 2)
Michael Koh Tat Lee	68,955,682	7.56%	Interest of spouse (Note 2)

Notes:

2. This represents the principal amount of approximately US\$201,474,359 of convertible bonds, which upon conversion in full will result in the allotment and issue of 68,955,682 Shares, which have been issued to Kesterion Investments Limited on 18 December 2008 as part of considerations for the acquisition of First Pine Enterprises Limited. The entire issued share capital of Kesterion Investments Limited is beneficially owned by Ms. Eva Wong ("Ms. Wong"). Ms. Wong, is the sister-in-law of a non-executive Director of the Company Mr. Yin Mark Teh-min. Mr. Michael Koh Tat Lee, being the husband of Ms. Wong, is deemed to be interested in such 68,955,682 shares.

DIRECTORS' RIGHTS TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

Save as disclosed in note 30 to the financial statements, at no time during the year was the Company, or any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangements to enable the Directors to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debt securities including debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate, and none of the Directors or their spouses or children under the age of 18 had any right to subscribe for the securities of the Company, or had exercised any such right.

SHARE OPTIONS SCHEME

Save as disclosed in note 30 to the financial statements, at no time during the year was the Company, or any of its subsidiaries, a party to any arrangements to enable the Directors to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debt securities (including debentures) of, the Company or any other body corporate. No share option was granted to or exercised by the Directors during the year.

CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

Details of the related party transaction disclosed in note 34 to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2012 were constituted connected transactions as defined in Chapter 20 of the GEM Listing Rules. Saved as disclosed therein, there was no other transaction which would need to be disclosed as connected transactions in compliance with the disclosure requirements in Chapter 20 of the GEM Listing Rules.

The Directors consider that the above transaction of the Group was incurred under normal commercial terms and in the ordinary and usual course of business, and the terms are fair and reasonable and in the interests of the shareholders of the Company as a whole.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN COMPETING BUSINESS

None of the Directors, is or was interested in any business apart from the Group's business, that of the Company competes or competed or is or was likely to compete, either directly or indirectly, with the Group's business at any time during the year ended 31 March 2012 and up to and including the date of this report.

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the directors as at the date of this report, the Company has maintained sufficient public float as required under the GEM Listing Rules.

CORPORATE GROVERNANCE

Information on the Company's Corporate Governance Practices is set out in the Corporate Governance Report on pages 7 to 12 of this annual report.

AUDITOR

During the year, CCIF CPA Limited resigned as auditor of the Company and RSM Nelson Wheeler were appointed by the directors to fill the casual vacancy so arising. There have been no other changes of auditors in the past three years.

RSM Nelson Wheeler will retire at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company and, being eligible, offer themselves for reappointment. A resolution for the re-appointment of RSM Nelson Wheeler as auditor of the Company will be proposed at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company.

By Order of the Board

Chairman

Michael Koh Tat Lee

Hong Kong 22 June 2012

RSM: Nelson Wheeler

中瑞岳華(香港)會計師事務所

Certified Public Accountants

TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF PAN ASIA MINING LIMITED (Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Pan Asia Mining Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") set out on pages 25 to 86, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 March 2012, and the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITY

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit and to report our opinion solely to you, as a body, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

OPINION

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group as at 31 March 2012, and of the Group's results and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards and have been properly prepared in accordance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

Material uncertainty relating to the exploration and evaluation assets

Without qualifying our opinion, we draw attention to note 18 to the financial statements. As at 31 March 2012, Mt. Mogan Resources and Development Corporation ("Mogan"), a subsidiary of the Company, owned two exploration permits to explore iron ore and other associated mineral in specified offshore area in the Leyte Gulf and San Pedro Bay off Leyte and Samar Provinces of the Philippines. The carrying amount of the related exploration and evaluation assets amounted to HK\$1,100,000,000 as at 31 March 2012.

On 15 June 2010, Mogan submitted an application to the Mines and Geosciences Bureau (the "MGB") of the Department of Environment and Natural Resources of the Philippines for the conversion of the exploration into a mineral production sharing agreement (the "MPSA") in respect of 5,000 hectares within the exploration area covered by the two exploration permits. A MPSA is an agreement between a contractor and MGB, acting on behalf of the Government of the Philippines, whereby the Government of the Philippines grants the contractor exclusive rights to conduct mining operations to extract and exploit the pre-agreed upon mineral resources in the specified area within a specified time frame. As of the approval date of these financial statements, the MPSA was yet to be awarded to Mogan.

In the impairment assessment of the exploration and evaluation assets, the recoverable amount is determined on the basis that the MPSA would be awarded to Mogan. Accordingly, an impairment loss of HK\$7,342,417,000 in respect of the exploration and evaluation assets is recognised in the Group's consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2012. If the application of the MPSA is unsuccessful, the Group might incur a significant amount of additional impairment loss on the corresponding exploration and evaluation assets, which might have a significant effect on the consolidated financial statements of the Group. However, the directors are of the opinion that Mogan would be able to obtain the MPSA and they do not foresee any circumstances that would trigger their application for MPSA unsuccessful.

RSM Nelson Wheeler Certified Public Accountants Hong Kong 22 June 2012

Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income

	Note	2012	2011
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
			(Restated)
Turnover	8	331,296	10,419
Cost of sales		(328,918)	(10,406)
Gross profit		2,378	13
Administrative expenses		(29,306)	(17,569)
Other operating loss	9	(7,955)	(367)
Loss from operations		(24 002)	(17 000)
	18	(34,883) (7,240,417)	(17,923)
Impairment of exploration and evaluation assets Finance costs	10	(7,342,417) (81,420)	(72,624)
Share of losses of associates	19		
Share of losses of associates	19	(172)	(55)
Loss before tax		(7,458,892)	(90,602)
Income tax expense	11	(12)	_
Loss for the user	10	(7.450.004)	(00,000)
Loss for the year	12	(7,458,904)	(90,602)
Other comprehensive loss for the year, net of tax			
Exchange differences on translation of financial statements			
of overseas subsidiaries		(1,897)	(11)
Total comprehensive loss for the year		(7,460,801)	(90,613)
Loss for the year attributable to:			
Owners of the Company	14	(4,815,119)	(89,907)
Non-controlling interests	17	(4,613,715)	(695)
		(2,040,100)	
		(7,458,904)	(90,602)
Total comprehensive loss for the year attributable to:			
Owners of the Company		(4,816,359)	(89,918)
Non-controlling interests		(2,644,442)	(695)
		(7,460,801)	(90,613)
		НК\$	HK\$
		Πιψ	(Restated)
Loss per share	15		(. 10010100)
Basic		5.28	0.47
Diluted		N/A	N/A

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position *At 31 March 2012*

		At 31 March	At 31 March	At 1 April
	Note	2012	2011	2010
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
			(Restated)	(Restated)
Non-current assets				
Property, plant and equipment	16	4,897	593	1,505
Payments for mining claims	17	109	109	_
Exploration and evaluation assets	18	1,100,000	8,438,360	8,435,670
Interests in associates	19	-	172	227
Loan to a third party	20	6,704		
		1,111,710	8,439,234	8,437,402
Current assets				
Inventories	21	2,818	_	_
Trade and other receivables	22	69,550	1,085	1,111
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	23	28,195	20,806	1,463
Pledged bank deposits	24	113	_	_
Cash and bank balances	24	47,226	206,831	4,267
		147,902	228,722	6,841
Current liabilities				
Trade and other payables	25	19,195	7,819	9,334
Amount due to a shareholder	34(a)	386	196	
Amounts due to associates	19	59	57	57
Amounts due to directors	34(b)	1,368	_	_
Shareholder's loan	34(c)	30,000	_	8,000
Promissory note	34(d)	_	_	184,753
Finance lease payables	26	95	_	
Current tax liabilities		85	74	96
		51,188	8,146	202,240
Net current assets/(liabilities)		96,714	220,576	(195,399)
Total assets less current liabilities		1,208,424	8,659,810	8,242,003
Non-current liabilities	0.4(-)		70.000	
Shareholder's loan	34(c)	-	70,000	
Convertible bonds Finance lease payables	27 26	525,718 341	446,644	379,463
	20			
		526,059	516,644	379,463
NET ASSETS		682,365	8,143,166	7,862,540

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position *At 31 March 2012*

		At 31 March	At 31 March	At 1 April
	Note	2012	2011	2010
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
			(Restated)	(Restated)
Capital and reserves				
Share capital	28	456,092	456,092	76,015
Reserves	29	(161,640)	4,654,719	4,753,475
Equity attributable to owners of the Company		294,452	5,110,811	4,829,490
Non-controlling interests		387,913	3,032,355	3,033,050
TOTAL EQUITY		682,365	8,143,166	7,862,540

Approved by the Board of Directors on 22 June 2012

Michael Koh Tat Lee

Director

Eng Wee Meng

Director

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

			Attr	ibutable to owne	ers of the Cor	npany				
				Foreign		Convertible				
				currency	Share	bonds			Non-	
	Share	Share	Special	translation	option	equity	Accumulated		controlling	Total
	capital	premium	reserve	reserve	reserve	reserve	losses	Total	interests	equity
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
At 1 April 2010, as previously reported	76,015	3,899,993	10,440	19	320	1,263,605	(511,263)	4,739,129	3,033,050	7,772,179
Retrospective restatement (note 3)		(111,123)					201,484	90,361		90,361
At 1 April 2010, as restated	76,015	3,788,870	10,440	19	320	1,263,605	(309,779)	4,829,490	3,033,050	7,862,540
Total comprehensive loss for the year	-	-	_	(11)	-	_	(89,907)	(89,918)	(695)	(90,613)
Issue of shares on rights issue (note 28(c))	380,077	-	-	-	-	-	-	380,077	-	380,077
Transfer	-	-	(10,440)	-	-	-	10,440	-	-	-
Share issuance expenses		(8,838)						(8,838)		(8,838)
Changes in equity for the year	380,077	(8,838)	(10,440)	(11)			(79,467)	281,321	(695)	280,626
At 31 March 2011, as restated	456,092	3,780,032		8	320	1,263,605	(389,246)	5,110,811	3,032,355	8,143,166
At 1 April 2011, as previously reported	456,092	3,891,155	_	8	320	1,263,605	(649,841)	4,961,339	3,032,355	7,993,694
Retrospective restatement (note 3)		(111,123)					260,595	149,472		149,472
At 1 April 2011, as restated	456,092	3,780,032	-	8	320	1,263,605	(389,246)	5,110,811	3,032,355	8,143,166
Total comprehensive loss and										
changes in equity for the year				(1,240)			(4,815,119)	(4,816,359)	(2,644,442)	(7,460,801)
At 31 March 2012	456,092	3,780,032		(1,232)	320	1,263,605	(5,204,365)	294,452	387,913	682,365

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

	2012 HK\$'000	2011 HK\$'000
		(Restated)
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Loss before tax	(7,458,892)	(90,602)
Adjustments for:		
Finance costs	81,420	72,624
Interest income from debt investments	(599)	_
Interest income from loan and receivables	(135)	_
Depreciation	1,232	954
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	(305)	-
Impairment of exploration and evaluation assets	7,342,417	—
Fair value loss on trading of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	9,962	392
Dividend income from listed investments	(681)	(25)
Share of losses of associates	172	55
Operating loss before working capital changes	(25,409)	(16,602)
Increase in inventories	(2,818)	_
(Increase)/decrease in trade and other receivables	(49,135)	26
Increase/(decrease) in trade and other payables	11,376	(1,515)
Cash used in operations	(65,986)	(18,091)
Net payment for purchase/disposal of financial assets		
at fair value through profit or loss	(17,352)	(19,735)
Income tax paid	(2)	(22)
Net cash used in operating activities	(83,340)	(37,848)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Interest received	734	_
Dividend received from listed investments	681	25
Loan from directors	1,368	_
Acquisition of exploration and evaluation assets	(4,057)	(2,690)
Purchases of property, plant and equipment	(5,130)	(43)
Deposits paid for purchases of property, plant and equipment	(19,330)	_
Payments for mining claims	-	(109)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	400	_
Loan to a third party	(6,704)	_
Increase in pledged bank deposits	(113)	
Net cash used in investing activities	(32,151)	(2,817)
		-

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

	2012	2011
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		(Restated)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Shareholder's loan raised	-	2,000
Repayment of shareholder's loan	(40,000)	-
Shareholder's loan interest paid	(2,144)	-
Repayment of promissory note	-	(130,000)
Proceeds from issue of new shares	-	380,077
Share issue expenses	-	(8,838)
Repayment of finance lease payables	(73)	
Net cash (used in)/generated from financing activities	(42,217)	243,239
NET (DECREASE)/INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(157,708)	202,574
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes	(1,897)	(10)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	206,831	4,267
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR	47,226	206,831
ANALYSIS OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		
Cash and bank balances	47,226	206,831

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

The Company was incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability. The address of its registered office is P.O. Box 309, Ugland House, South Church Street, George Town, Grand Cayman, Cayman Islands, British West Indies. The address of its principal place of business is Suite 3008, Tower One, Time Square, 1 Matheson Street, Causeway Bay, Hong Kong. The Company's shares are listed on the Growth Enterprise Market of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited.

The Company is an investment holding company. The principal activities of its subsidiaries are set out in note 36 to the financial statements.

2. ADOPTION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS

In the current year, the Group has adopted all the new and revised Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants that are relevant to its operations and effective for its accounting year beginning on 1 April 2011. HKFRSs comprise Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards; Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKAS"); and Interpretations. The adoption of these new and revised HKFRSs did not result in significant changes to the Group's accounting policies and amounts reported for the current year and prior years.

The Group has not applied the new HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective. The Group has already commenced an assessment of the impact of these new HKFRSs but is not yet in a position to state whether these new HKFRSs would have a material impact on its results of operations and financial position.

3. RETROSPECTIVE RESTATEMENT

The Group's consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2011 have been restated to correct prior period errors. As disclosed in note 27 to the financial statements, the liability component of the convertible bonds is treated as a liability at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method until extinguished on conversion or redemption. However, after initial recognition, the imputed interest on the liability component of the convertible bonds are recognised to the profit or loss using a straight-line basis, which is not in conformity with the effective interest rate method as defined in HKAS 39 "Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement". Consequently, the imputed interest charged, the liability component of the convertible bonds into ordinary shares of the Company in the prior periods since the issue date of the convertible bonds on 18 December 2008 were overstated. In view of the above, the finance costs, the liability component of convertible bonds, share premium and accumulated losses for the year 31 March 2011 were restated accordingly. The effects of the retrospective restatement are summarised below.

3. **RETROSPECTIVE RESTATEMENT** (continued)

Consolidated statement of total comprehensive income for the year ended 31 March 2011:

		Effect of	
	As previously	retrospective	
	reported	restatement	As restated
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Loss from operations	(17,923)		(17,923)
Finance costs	(131,735)	59,111	(72,624)
Share of losses of associates	(55)		(55)
Loss before tax	(149,713)		(90,602)
Income tax expense			
Loss for the year	(149,713)		(90,602)
Other comprehensive loss for the year, net of tax			
Exchange differences on translation of financial statements			
of overseas subsidiaries	(11)		(11)
Total comprehensive loss for the year	(149,724)		(90,613)
Loss for the year attributable to:			
Owners of the Company	(149,018)		(89,907)
Non-controlling interests	(695)		(695)
	(149,713)		(90,602)
Total comprehensive loss for the year attributable to:			
Owners of the Company	(149,029)		(89,918)
Non-controlling interests	(695)		(695)
	(149,724)		(90,613)
	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$
Basic loss per share	0.78	(0.31)	0.47

3. RETROSPECTIVE RESTATEMENT (continued)

Consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 March 2011:

		Effect of	
	As previously	retrospective	
	reported	restatement	As restated
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Total assets less current liabilities	8,659,810		8,659,810
Non-current liabilities			
Shareholder's loan	70,000		70,000
Convertible bonds	596,116	(149,472)	446,644
	666,116		516,644
NET ASSETS	7,993,694		8,143,166
Capital and reserves			
Share capital	456,092		456,092
Reserves	4,505,247	149,472	4,654,719
Equity attributable to owners of the Company	4,961,339		5,110,811
Non-controlling interests	3,032,355		3,032,355
TOTAL EQUITY	7,993,694		8,143,166

3. **RETROSPECTIVE RESTATEMENT** (continued)

Consolidated statement of financial position as at 1 April 2010:

		Effect of	
	As previously	retrospective	
	reported	restatement	As restated
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	0.040.000		0.040.000
Total assets less current liabilities	8,242,003		8,242,003
Non-current liabilities			
Convertible bonds	469,824	(90,361)	379,463
NET ASSETS	7,772,179		7,862,540
Capital and reserves			
Share capital	76,015		76,015
Reserves	4,663,114	90,361	4,753,475
Equity attributable to owners of the Company	4,739,129		4,829,490
Non-controlling interests	3,033,050		3,033,050
TOTAL EQUITY	7,772,179		7,862,540

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with HKFRSs, accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong and the applicable disclosures required by the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Growth Enterprise Market of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited and by the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss which are carried at their fair values.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with HKFRSs requires the use of certain key assumptions and estimates. It also requires the directors to exercise its judgements in the process of applying the accounting policies. The areas involving critical judgements and areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to these financial statements, are disclosed in note 5 to the financial statements.

The significant accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below.

(a) Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries made up to 31 March. Subsidiaries are entities over which the Group has control. Control is the power to govern the financial and operating policies of an entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities. The existence and effect of potential voting rights that are currently exercisable or convertible are considered when assessing whether the Group has control.

Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are de-consolidated from the date the control ceases.

The gain or loss on the disposal of a subsidiary that results in a loss of control represents the difference between (i) the fair value of the consideration of the sale plus the fair value of any investment retained in that subsidiary and (ii) the Company's share of the net assets of that subsidiary plus any remaining goodwill relating to that subsidiary and any related accumulated foreign currency translation reserve.

Intragroup transactions, balances and unrealised profits are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

Non-controlling interests represent the equity in subsidiaries not attributable, directly or indirectly, to the Company. Non-controlling interests are presented in the consolidated statement of financial position and consolidated statement of changes in equity within equity. Non-controlling interests are presented in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income as an allocation of profit or loss and total comprehensive income for the year between the non-controlling shareholders and owners of the Company.

Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling shareholders even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

Changes in the Company's ownership interest in a subsidiary that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions (i.e. transactions with owners in their capacity as owners). The carrying amounts of the controlling and non-controlling interests are adjusted to reflect the changes in their relative interests in the subsidiary. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognised directly in equity and attributed to the owners of the Company.

(b) Associates

Associates are entities over which the Group has significant influence. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policies of an entity but is not control or joint control over those policies. The existence and effect of potential voting rights that are currently exercisable or convertible are considered when assessing whether the Group has significant influence.

Investment in an associate is accounted for in the consolidated financial statements by the equity method and is initially recognised at cost. Identifiable assets and liabilities of the associate in an acquisition are measured at their fair values at the acquisition date. The excess of the cost of acquisition over the Group's share of the net fair value of the associate's identifiable assets and liabilities is recorded as goodwill. The goodwill is included in the carrying amount of the investment and is tested for impairment together with the investment at the end of each reporting period when there is objective evidence that the investment is impaired. Any excess of the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities over the cost of acquisition is recognised in consolidated profit or loss.

The Group's share of an associate's post-acquisition profits or losses is recognised in consolidated profit or loss, and its share of the post-acquisition movements in reserves is recognised in the consolidated reserves. The cumulative post-acquisition movements are adjusted against the carrying amount of the investment. When the Group's share of losses in an associate equals or exceeds its interest in the associate, including any other unsecured receivables, the Group does not recognise further losses, unless it has incurred obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate. If the associate subsequently reports profits, the Group resumes recognising its share of those profits only after its share of the profits equals the share of losses not recognised.

The gain or loss on the disposal of an associate that results in a loss of significant influence represents the difference between (i) the fair value of the consideration of the sale plus the fair value of any investment retained in that associate and (ii) the Group's share of the net assets of that associate plus any remaining goodwill relating to that associate and any related accumulated foreign currency translation reserve.

Unrealised profits on transactions between the Group and its associates are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interests in the associates. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of associates have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

(c) Foreign currency translation

(i) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$"), which is the Company's presentation currency. The functional currency of the Company is United States dollars ("US\$"). The directors consider that choosing HK\$ as the presentation currency best suits the needs of the shareholders and investors, who are mostly located in Hong Kong.

(ii) Transactions and balances in each entity's financial statements

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into the functional currency on initial recognition using the exchange rates prevailing on the transaction dates. Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the end of each reporting period. Gains and losses resulting from this translation policy are recognised in profit or loss.

Non-monetary items that are measured at fair values in foreign currencies are translated using the exchange rates at the dates when the fair values are determined.

When a gain or loss on a non-monetary item is recognised in other comprehensive income, any exchange component of that gain or loss is recognised in other comprehensive income. When a gain or loss on a non-monetary item is recognised in profit or loss, any exchange component of that gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss.

(iii) Translation on consolidation

The results and financial position of all the Group entities that have a functional currency different from the Company's presentation currency are translated into the Company's presentation currency as follows:

- Assets and liabilities for each statement of financial position presented are translated at the closing rate at the date of that statement of financial position;
- Income and expenses for each statement of comprehensive income are translated at average exchange
 rates (unless this average is not a reasonable approximation of the cumulative effect of the rates
 prevailing on the transaction dates, in which case income and expenses are translated at the exchange
 rates on the transaction dates); and
- All resulting exchange differences are recognised in the foreign currency translation reserve.

(c) Foreign currency translation (continued)

(iii) Translation on consolidation (continued)

On consolidation, exchange differences arising from the translation of the net investment in foreign entities and of borrowings are recognised in the foreign currency translation reserve. When a foreign operation is sold, such exchange differences are recognised in consolidated profit or loss as part of the gain or loss on disposal.

Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on the acquisition of a foreign entity are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign entity and translated at the closing rate.

(d) Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are recognised in profit or loss during the period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation of property, plant and equipment is calculated at rates sufficient to write off their cost less their residual values over the estimated useful lives on a straight-line basis. The principal annual rates are as follows:

Furniture and fixtures	30%
Office equipment	30%
Motor vehicles	20%

The residual values, useful lives and depreciation method are reviewed and adjusted, if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

The gain or loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment is the difference between the net sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the relevant asset, and is recognised in profit or loss.

(e) Leases

(i) Operating leases

Leases that do not substantially transfer to the Group all the risks and rewards of ownership of assets are accounted for as operating leases. Lease payments (net of any incentives received from the lessor) are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

(ii) Finance leases

Leases that substantially transfer to the Group all the risks and rewards of ownership of assets are accounted for as finance leases. At the commencement of the lease term, a finance lease is capitalised at the lower of the fair value of the leased asset and the present value of the minimum lease payments, each determined at the inception of the lease.

The corresponding liability to the lessor is included in the statement of financial position as finance lease payable. Lease payments are apportioned between the finance charge and the reduction of the outstanding liability. The finance charge is allocated to each period during the lease term so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

Assets under finance leases are depreciated the same as owned assets over the shorter of the lease term and their estimated useful lives.

(f) Payments for mining claims

Mining claims represent all the rights of the Group to explore, develop and utilise in and to magnetite other minerals located in the specified mining area pursuant to the issuance of an exploration permit and mineral production sharing agreement by the relevant authorities of the Philippines. Payments for mining claims, pending the issuance of the exploration permit, are stated at cost and are reclassified as exploration and evaluation assets when the exploration permit is issued.

(g) Exploration and evaluation assets

Exploration and evaluation assets are recognised at cost on initial recognition. Subsequent to initial recognition, exploration and evaluation assets are stated at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. Exploration and evaluation assets include the cost of mining and exploration rights and the expenditures incurred in the search for mineral resources as well as the determination of the technical feasibility and commercial viability of extracting those resources. When the technical feasibility and commercial viability of extracting mineral resources become demonstrable, previously recognised exploration and evaluation assets are reclassified as mining rights and mineral properties under intangible assets and property, plant and equipment respectively.

Impairment of exploration and evaluation assets

The carrying amount of the exploration and evaluation assets is reviewed annually and adjusted for impairment in accordance with HKAS 36 Impairment of Assets whenever one of the following events or changes in circumstances indicates that the carrying amount may not be recoverable:

- the period for which the Group has the right to explore in the specific area has expired during the period or will expire in the near future, and is not expected to be renewed;
- substantive expenditure on further exploration for and evaluation of mineral resources in the specific area is neither budgeted nor planned;
- exploration for and evaluation of mineral resources in the specific area have not led to the discovery of commercially viable quantities of mineral resources and the Group has decided to discontinue such activities in the specific area; or
- sufficient data exist to indicate that, although a development in the specific area is likely to proceed, the carrying amount of the exploration and evaluation asset is unlikely to be recovered in full from successful development of by sale.

An impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss whenever the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount.

(h) Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined using the weighted average basis. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

(i) Recognition and derecognition of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised in the statement of financial position when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

Financial assets are derecognised when the contractual rights to receive cash flows from the assets expire; the Group transfers substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the assets; or the Group neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the assets but has not retained control on the assets. On derecognition of a financial asset, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and the cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in other comprehensive income is recognised in profit or loss.

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the obligation specified in the relevant contract is discharged, cancelled or expires. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid is recognised in profit or loss.

(j) Investments

Investments are recognised and derecognised on a trade date basis where the purchase or sale of an investment is under a contract whose terms require delivery of the investment within the timeframe established by the market concerned, and are initially measured at fair value.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are either investments classified as held for trading or designated as at fair value through profit or loss upon initial recognition. These investments are subsequently measured at fair value. Gains or losses arising from changes in fair value of these investments are recognised in profit or loss.

(k) Trade and other receivables

Trade and other receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market and are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less allowance for impairment. An allowance for impairment of trade and other receivables is established when there is objective evidence that the Group will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of receivables. The amount of the allowance is the difference between the receivables' carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the effective interest rate computed at initial recognition. The amount of the allowance is recognised in profit or loss.

Impairment losses are reversed in subsequent periods and recognised in the profit or loss when an increase in the receivables' recoverable amount can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, subject to the restriction that the carrying amount of the receivables at the date the impairment is reversed shall not exceed what the amortised cost would have been had the impairment not been recognised.

(I) Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents represent cash at bank and on hand, demand deposits with banks and other financial institutions, and short-term highly liquid investments which are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and subject to an insignificant risk of change in value. Bank overdrafts which are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management are also included as a component of cash and cash equivalents.

(m) Financial liabilities and equity instruments

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument under HKFRSs. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Group after deducting all of its liabilities. The accounting policies adopted for specific financial liabilities and equity instruments are set out below.

(n) Borrowings

Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred, and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period.

(o) Convertible loans

Convertible loans which entitle the holder to convert the loans into a fixed number of equity instruments at a fixed conversion price are regarded as compound instruments consist of a liability and an equity component. At the date of issue, the fair value of the liability component is estimated using the prevailing market interest rate for similar non-convertible debt. The difference between the proceeds of issue of the convertible loans and the fair value assigned to the liability component, representing the embedded option for the holder to convert the loans into equity of the Group, is included in equity as convertible bonds equity reserve. The liability component is carried as a liability at amortised cost using the effective interest method until extinguished on conversion or redemption.

Transaction costs are apportioned between the liability and equity components of the convertible loans based on their relative carrying amounts at the date of issue. The portion relating to the equity component is charged directly to equity.

(p) Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables are stated initially at their fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost.

(q) Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the Company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

(r) Revenue recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable and is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the amount of revenue can be measured reliably.

(i) Sales of goods

Revenues from the sales of metals, coals, and bunker fuels are recognised on the transfer of significant risks and rewards of ownership, which generally coincides with the time when the goods are delivered and the title has passed to the customers.

(ii) Interest income

Interest income is recognised on a time-proportion basis using the effective interest method.

(iii) Dividend income

Dividend income is recognised when the shareholders' rights to receive payment are established.

(s) Employee benefits

(i) Employee leave entitlements

Employee entitlements to annual leave and long service leave are recognised when they accrue to employees. A provision is made for the estimated liability for annual leave and long service leave as a result of services rendered by employees up to the end of the reporting period.

Employee entitlements to sick leave and maternity leave are not recognised until the time of leave.

(ii) Pension obligations

The Group contributes to defined contribution retirement schemes which are available to all employees. Contributions to the schemes by the Group and employees are calculated as a percentage of employees' basic salaries. The retirement benefit scheme cost charged to profit or loss represents contributions payable by the Group to the funds.

(iii) Termination benefits

Termination benefits are recognised when, and only when, the Group demonstrably commits itself to terminate employment or to provide benefits as a result of voluntary redundancy by having a detailed formal plan which is without realistic possibility of withdrawal.

(t) Share-based payments

The Group issues equity-settled share-based payments to certain directors, employees and consultants.

Equity-settled share-based payments to directors and employees are measured at the fair value (excluding the effect of non market-based vesting conditions) of the equity instruments at the date of grant. The fair value determined at the grant date of the equity-settled share-based payments is expensed on a straight-line basis over the vesting period, based on the Group's estimate of shares that will eventually vest and adjusted for the effect of non market-based vesting conditions.

Equity-settled share-based payments to consultants are measured at the fair value of the services rendered or if the fair value of the services rendered cannot be reliably measured, at the fair value of the equity instruments granted. The fair value is measured at the date the Group receives the services and is recognised as an expense.

(u) Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are capitalised as part of the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

To the extent that funds are borrowed generally and used for the purpose of obtaining a qualifying asset, the amount of borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation is determined by applying a capitalisation rate to the expenditures on that asset. The capitalisation rate is the weighted average of the borrowing costs applicable to the borrowings of the Group that are outstanding during the period, other than borrowings made specifically for the purpose of obtaining a qualifying asset.

All borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

(v) Taxation

Income tax represents the sum of the current tax and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit recognised in profit or loss because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses or unused tax credits can be utilised. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

(v) Taxation (continued)

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries and associates except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised, based on tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax is recognised in profit or loss, except when it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case the deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the Group intends to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

(w) Related parties

A related party is a person or entity that is related to the Group.

- (A) A person or a close member of that person's family is related to the Group if that person:
 - (i) has control or joint control over the Group;
 - (ii) has significant influence over the Group; or
 - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Company or of a parent of the Company.

(w) Related parties (continued)

- (B) An entity is related to the Group (reporting entity) if any of the following conditions applies:
 - (i) The entity and the Company are members of the same group (which means that each parent, subsidiary and fellow subsidiary is related to the others).
 - (ii) One entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member).
 - (iii) Both entities are joint ventures of the same third party.
 - (iv) One entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity.
 - (v) The entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group. If the Group is itself such a plan, the sponsoring employers are also related to the Group.
 - (vi) The entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (A).
 - (vii) A person identified in (A)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity).

(x) Impairment of assets (excluding exploration and evaluation assets)

At the end of each reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets, except exploration and evaluation assets, investments, inventories and receivables to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of any impairment loss. Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset.

(x) Impairment of assets (excluding exploration and evaluation assets) (continued)

If the recoverable amount of an asset or cash-generating unit is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset or cash-generating unit is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation decrease.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset or cash-generating unit is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of amortisation or depreciation) had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset or cash-generating unit in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the reversal of the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation increase.

(y) Provisions and contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognised for liabilities of uncertain timing or amount when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation arising as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made. Where the time value of money is material, provisions are stated at the present value of the expenditures expected to settle the obligation.

Where it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is disclosed as a contingent liability, unless the probability of outflow is remote. Possible obligations, whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more future events are also disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the probability of outflow is remote.

(z) Events after the reporting period

Events after the reporting period that provide additional information about the Group's position at the end of the reporting period or those that indicate the going concern assumption is not appropriate are adjusting events and are reflected in the financial statements. Events after the reporting period that are not adjusting events are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements when material.

5. KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

The key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are discussed below.

(a) Impairment of property, plant and equipment

The Group assesses annually whether property, plant and equipment have suffered any impairment. Assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of the asset exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amounts of assets or cash-generating units have been determined based on value-in-use calculations. These calculations require the use of estimates, such as discount rates, future profitability and growth rates. Where the actual future cash flows are less than expected, a material impairment loss may arise.

(b) Impairment of exploration and evaluation assets

As set out in the accounting policies in note 4(g) to the financial statements, impairment of exploration and evaluation assets arises where facts and circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be fully recoverable. The impairment assessment requires the use of judgement and estimates. During the year, the directors determined to test the exploration and evaluation assets for impairment based on the recoverable amount of the exploration and evaluation assets with reference to the fair value prepared by an independent professional valuer. In determining the fair value, the valuer has utilised a method of valuation which involves the inputs of subjective assumptions and estimates, including whether the Group is able to obtain the exploitation right in the specific mining area, estimation of mineral resources and prices. Any changes in these assumptions and estimates can significantly affect the estimate of the fair value of the exploration and evaluation assets and the impairment loss thereon. Details of the impairment assessment are set out in note 18 to the financial statements.

(c) Provision for rehabilitation

Provision for rehabilitation is based on estimates of future expenditures to be incurred to undertake rehabilitation and restoration work to magnetite mine which are discounted at a rate reflecting the term and nature of the obligation. Significant estimates and assumptions are made in determining the provision for rehabilitation as there are numerous factors that will affect the ultimate liability payable. These factors include estimates of the extent and costs of rehabilitation activities, technological changes, regulatory changes, cost increases and changes in the discount rate. Those uncertainties may result in future actual expenditure differing from the amounts currently provided. The provision at the end of the reporting period represents management's best estimate of the present value of the future rehabilitation costs required. As at 31 March 2012, the directors considered that no provision for rehabilitation is required as the mining operations have not reached a stage for reliable estimation of the rehabilitation costs.

5. KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (continued)

(d) Environmental contingencies

The Government of the Philippines has moved and may move further towards more rigorous enforcement of applicable laws and towards the adoption of more stringent environmental standards. Environmental liabilities are subject to considerable uncertainties which affect the Group's ability to estimate the ultimate cost of remediation efforts. These uncertainties include: (i) the exact nature and extent of the contamination of various sites including, but not limited to mines, concentrators and smelting plants whether they are operating, closed and sold; (ii) the extent of required cleanup efforts; (iii) varying costs of alternative remediation strategies; (iv) changes in environmental remediation requirements and (v) the identification of new remediation sites. The amount of such future costs is indeterminable due to such factors as the unknown magnitude of possible contamination and the unknown timing and extent of the corrective actions that may be required. Accordingly, the outcome of environmental liabilities under proposed or future environmental legislation cannot be reasonably estimated at present, and could be material.

Up to the approval date of the financial statements, the Group has not incurred any significant expenditure for and is not involved in any environmental remediation. Under existing legislation, the directors believe that there are no probable liabilities that will have a material adverse effect on the financial position or operating results of the Group.

(e) Impairment of receivables

Impairment of receivables is made based on an assessment of the recoverability of receivables including the current credit worthiness and the past collection history for each debtor. The identification of impairment requires management's judgements and estimates. When the actual outcome is different from the original estimates, such differences will impact the carrying amounts of the receivables and impairment loss in the period in which such estimate has been changed.

6. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: foreign currency risk, price risk, credit risk, liquidity risk and interest rate risk. The Group's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance.

(a) Foreign currency risk

The Group mainly operates in Hong Kong, Singapore and Philippines. As most of its business transactions, assets and liabilities are principally denominated in the functional currencies of the group entities, the directors are therefore of the opinion that the Group's exposure to foreign currency risk is not significant. Accordingly no sensitivity analysis on foreign currency risk is presented. The Group currently does not have a foreign currency hedging policy in respect of foreign currency transactions, assets and liabilities. The Group will monitor its foreign currency exposure closely and will consider hedging significant foreign currency exposure should the need arise.

(b) Price risk

The Group's debt and equity investments classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period. Therefore, the Group is exposed to debt and equity security price risk. The directors manage this exposure by maintaining a portfolio of investments with different risk profiles.

The Group's equity investments are listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited. The Group's debt investments are listed on The Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited or traded over-the-counter.

At 31 March 2012, if the prices of the investments increase/decrease by 10%, consolidated loss after tax for the year would have been HK\$2,354,000 lower/higher (2011: HK\$1,737,000), arising as a result of the fair value gain/loss of these investments.

(c) Credit risk

The carrying amount of the cash and bank balances, trade and other receivables and financial assets at fair value through profit or loss included in the consolidated statement of financial position represents the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk in relation to the Group's financial assets.

The Group has no significant concentration of credit risk. It has policies in place to ensure that sales are made to customers with an appropriate credit history.

The Group has no significant concentrations of credit risks on other receivables. The credit quality of the counterparties in respect of other receivables is assessed by taking into account their financial position, credit history and other factors. Given the constant repayment history, the directors are of the opinion that the risk of default by these counterparties is low.

The credit risk on cash and bank balances is limited because the counterparties are banks with sound credit-ratings.

The credit risk on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss is limited because the counterparty is a wellestablished investment bank.

6. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

(d) Liquidity risk

The Group's policy is to regularly monitor current and expected liquidity requirements to ensure that it maintains sufficient reserves of cash to meet its liquidity requirements in the short and longer term.

The maturity analysis, based on the undiscounted cash flows, of the Group's financial liabilities is as follows:

	Less than 1 years HK\$'000	Between 1 and 2 years HK\$'000	Between 2 and 5 years HK\$'000	Over 5 years HK\$'000
At 31 March 2012				
Trade and other payables	19,195	_	_	-
Amount due to a shareholder	386	_	_	-
Amounts due to associates	59	_	_	-
Amounts due to directors	1,368	-	-	-
Shareholder's loan	31,800	-	-	-
Finance lease payables	109	109	255	-
Convertible bonds				1,571,500
	52,917	109	255	1,571,500
At 31 March 2011				
Trade and other payables	7,819	_	_	_
Amount due to a shareholder	196	_	_	_
Amounts due to associates	57	_	_	_
Shareholder's loan	4,200	74,200	_	_
Convertible bonds				1,571,500
	12,272	74,200		1,571,500

6. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

(e) Interest rate risk

The Group's loan to a third party, debt investments and shareholders' loan bear interest at fixed interest rates and therefore subject to fair value interest rate risks.

The Group's bank deposits bear interests at variable rates varied with the then prevailing market condition and therefore are subject to interest-rate risk.

At 31 March 2012, if interest rates at that date had been 100 basis points lower/higher with all other variables held constant, consolidated loss after tax for the year would have been approximately HK\$461,000 higher/lower (2011: HK\$2,068,000), arising as a result of the decrease/increase in the interest income arising from bank deposits.

(f) Categories of financial instruments at 31 March

	2012	2011
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		(Restated)
Financial assets:		
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		
- held for trading	19,626	20,806
- designated as such upon initial recognition	8,569	—
Loans and receivables (including cash and cash equivalents)	123,161	207,838
	151,356	228,644
Financial liabilities:		
Financial liabilities at amortised costs	576,726	524,716

6. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

(g) Fair values

The carrying amounts of the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities as reflected in the consolidated statement of financial position approximate their respective fair values.

The following disclosures of fair value measurements use a fair value hierarchy which has 3 levels:

- Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).
- Level 3: inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

The fair values of the financial assets at fair value through profit or loss as at 31 March 2011 and 2012 are measured based on level 1.

7. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Group has four reportable segments as follows:

Mining	_	Mining operations including exploration and exploitation of magnetic sand (The commercial operations have not yet been commenced during the year)
Metals	_	Trading of scrap metals including, aluminum, copper, stainless steel and other ferrous/non-ferrous metals
Coals	_	Trading of coals
Bunker Fuels	_	Trading of vessel fuels

The Group's reportable segments are strategic business units that offer different products and services. They are managed separately because each business requires different technology and marketing strategies.

The accounting policies of the operating segments are the same as those described in note 4 to the financial statements. Segment profits or losses do not include corporate administration costs, other operating loss and income tax expense. Segment assets do not include financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and unallocated corporate assets which used are jointly used by reportable segments. Segment liabilities do not include current tax liabilities, shareholder's loan and unallocated corporate liabilities which are jointly liable by reportable segments.

Information about reportable segment profit or loss, assets and liabilities:

	Mining HK\$'000	Metals HK\$'000	Coals HK\$'000	Bunker Fuels HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
Year ended 31 March 2012					
Revenue from external customers	_	14,193	17,447	299,656	331,296
Segment profit/(loss)	(7,444,228)	443	509	1,082	(7,442,194)
Interest expense	81,408	-	-	-	81,408
Depreciation	8	-	-	-	8
Impairment of exploration and					
evaluation assets	7,342,417	-	-	-	7,342,417
Share of losses of associates	172	-	-	-	172
Additions to segment non-current assets	4,057	-	-	-	4,057
As at 31 March 2012					
Segment assets	1,101,258	26,066	-	49,141	1,176,465
Segment liabilities	527,374	160	-	12,975	540,509
Interests in associates					

7. SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

Information about reportable segment profit or loss, assets and liabilities: (continued)

				Bunker	
	Mining	Metals	Coals	Fuels	Total
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	(Restated)				(Restated)
Year ended 31 March 2011					
Revenue from external customers	_	10,419	_	_	10,419
Segment profit/(loss)	(88,316)	9	_	_	(88,307)
Interest expense	72,624	_	_	_	72,624
Depreciation	71	_	_	_	71
Share of losses of associates	55	_	_	_	55
Additions to segment non-current assets	2,799	_	_	_	2,799
As at 31 March 2011					
Segment assets	8,505,907	_	_	_	8,505,907
Segment liabilities	450,847	_	_	_	450,847
Interests in associates	172				172

7. SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

Reconciliations of reportable segment profit or loss, assets and liabilities:

	2012 HK\$'000	2011 HK\$'000 (Restated)
		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Profit or loss		
Total loss of reportable segments	(7,442,194)	(88,307)
Unallocated amounts:		
Other operating loss	(7,955)	(367)
Depreciation	(1,224)	(883)
Corporate administrative expenses	(7,531)	(1,045)
Consolidated loss for the year	(7,458,904)	(90,602)
Assets		
Total assets of reportable segments	1,176,465	8,505,907
Unallocated amounts:		
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	28,195	20,806
Corporate assets	54,952	141,243
Consolidated total assets	1,259,612	8,667,956
Liabilities		
Total liabilities of reportable segments	540,509	450,847
Unallocated amounts:		
Current tax liabilities	85	74
Shareholder's loan	30,000	70,000
Corporate liabilities	6,653	3,869
Consolidated total liabilities	577,247	524,790

7. SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

Geographical information:

	Reve	enue	Non-current assets	
	2012	2011	2012	2011
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Hong Kong People's Republic of China ("PRC")	3,563	10,419	4,091	555
except Hong Kong	_	_	14	29
The Philippines	-	_	1,100,109	8,438,650
Singapore	327,733		792	
Consolidated total	331,296	10,419	1,105,006	8,439,234

In presenting the geographical information, revenue is based on the locations of the customers.

Revenue from major customers:

	2012	2011
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Bunker fuels segment		
Customer a	173,646	_
Customer b	99,124	
	272,770	

8. TURNOVER

The Group's turnover which represents sales of goods to customers, net of trade discounts, are as follows:

	2012 HK\$'000	2011 HK\$'000
Sales of metals	14,193	10,419
Sales of coals	17,447	_
Sales of bunker fuels	299,656	_
	331,296	10,419

9. OTHER OPERATING LOSS

	2012 HK\$'000	2011 HK\$'000
Fair value loss on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	(9,962)	(392)
Dividend income from listed investments	681	25
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	305	_
Interest income from debt investments	599	_
Interest income from loan and receivables	135	_
Sundry income	287	_
	(7,955)	(367)

10. FINANCE COSTS

	2012	2011
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		(Restated)
Finance lease charges	10	_
Interest on bank overdrafts	2	-
Interest on other borrowings wholly repayable within five years		
- Promissory note (note 34(d))	-	5,247
- Shareholder's loan (note 34(c))	2,334	196
Interest on convertible bonds not wholly repayable within five years (note 27)	79,074	67,181
	81,420	72,624

11. INCOME TAX EXPENSE

	2012	2011
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Current tax – Singapore Income Tax	12	_

No provision for Hong Kong Profits Tax has been made as the Group did not generate any assessable profits for the years ended 31 March 2011 and 2012.

Entities incorporated in other countries are subject to income tax rates of 17% to 30% prevailing in the countries in which such entities operate, based on existing legislation, interpretation and practices in respect thereof.

The reconciliation between the income tax expense and the product of loss before tax multiplied by the weighted average tax rate of the consolidated companies and a reconciliation of the weighted average rate to the effective tax rate, are as follows:

	201	2	201	1
	HK\$'000	%	HK\$'000	%
			(Restated)	
Loss before income tax	(7,458,892)		(90,602)	
Tax at the weighted average tax rate	(19,658)	0.3	(15,277)	16.7
Tax effect of income that is not taxable	(263)	0.1	(46)	0.1
Tax effect of expenses				
that are not deductible	14,916	(0.3)	13,244	(15.4)
Tax effect of temporary				
differences not recognised	(398)	0.1	(2)	0.1
Tax effect of tax concession granted to				
a Singapore subsidiary	(145)	0.1	_	_
Tax effect of tax losses not recognised	5,560	(0.2)	2,081	(1.5)
Income tax expense at effective tax rate	12	0.1		

11. INCOME TAX EXPENSE (continued)

At the end of the reporting period the Group has unused tax losses of HK\$75,043,000 (2011: HK\$42,292,000) available for offset against future profits. No deferred tax assets has been recognised in respect of these tax losses due to the unpredictability of future profit streams. Included in the unrecognised tax losses are losses of HK\$3,661,000 (2011: HK\$2,243,000) that will expire in three years from the year such losses were incurred. Other tax losses may be carried forward indefinitely.

No provision for deferred taxation has been made in the financial statements as the tax effect of temporary differences is immaterial to the Group.

12. LOSS FOR THE YEAR

The Group's loss for the year is stated after charging the following:

	2012	2011
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Depresiation	1 020	954
Depreciation	1,232	904
Operating lease charges in respect of land and buildings	1,906	1,874
Auditor's remuneration		
Audit services	500	300
Non-audit services	50	_
	550	300
Cost of inventories sold	328,918	10,406
Staff costs (including directors' emoluments (note 13))		
Salaries, bonus and allowances	10,016	8,681
Retirement benefits scheme contributions	242	115
	10,258	8,796

13. DIRECTORS' AND EMPLOYEES' EMOLUMENTS

The emoluments of each director for the year ended 31 March 2012 were as follows:

	Fees HK\$'000	Salaries, bonus and allowances HK\$'000	Retirement benefits scheme contributions HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
Executive directors				
Mr. Michael Koh Tat Lee (note (a))	_	1,883	12	1,895
Mr. Eng Wee Meng (note (b))	-	1,005	12	1,017
Mr. Wong Chung Yu, Denny (note (c))	-	776	8	784
Mr. Liu Junqing (note (d))	-	199	-	199
Non-executive directors				
Mr. Yin Mark Teh-min	120	_	_	120
Mr. Liang Tong Wei (note (a))	40	-	-	40
Independent non-executive directors				
Mr. Lai Kai Jin, Michael	120	-	-	120
Mr. Chu Hung Lin, Victor	120	_	-	120
Mr. Tong Wan Sze	120			120
	520	3,863	32	4,415

13. DIRECTORS' AND EMPLOYEES' EMOLUMENTS (continued)

The emoluments of each director for the year ended 31 March 2011 were as follows:

			Retirement	
		Salaries,	benefits	
		bonus and	scheme	
	Fees	allowances	contributions	Total
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Executive directors				
Mr. Wong Chung Yu, Denny	_	1,027	12	1,039
Mr. Liu Junqing	_	545	_	545
Non-executive director				
Mr. Yin Mark Teh-min	120	-	_	120
Independent non-executive directors				
Mr. Lai Kai Jin, Michael	120	_	_	120
Mr. Chan Siu Wing, Raymond (note (e))	80	_	_	80
Mr. Chu Hung Lin, Victor	120	_	-	120
Mr. Tong Wan Sze (note (f))	31			31
	471	1,572	12	2,055

Notes:

(a) Appointed on 30 November 2011

(b) Appointed on 11 April 2011

(c) Resigned on 30 November 2011

(d) Resigned on 15 July 2011

(e) Resigned on 30 November 2010

(f) Appointed on 29 December 2010

13. DIRECTORS' AND EMPLOYEES' EMOLUMENTS (continued)

There was no arrangement under which a director of the Company waived or agreed to waive any emoluments during the year (2011: Nil).

The five highest paid individuals in the Group during the year included three (2011: two) directors whose emoluments are reflected in the analysis presented above. The emoluments of the remaining two (2011: three) individuals are set out below:

	2012	2011
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Salaries, bonus and allowances	2,153	4,611
Retirement benefits scheme contributions	24	36
	2,177	4,647

The emoluments fell within the following bands:

	2012	2011
	Number	Number
	of individuals	of individuals
Nil - HK\$1,000,000	1	1
HK\$1,500,001 - HK\$2,000,000	1	1
HK\$2,500,001 - HK\$3,000,000	-	1

No share options or any other forms of share-based payments were granted to the directors and highest paid individuals during the year (2011: Nil).

During the year, no emoluments were paid by the Group to any of the directors or the highest paid individuals as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office (2011: Nil).

14. LOSS FOR THE YEAR ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF THE COMPANY

The loss for the year attributable to owners of the Company included a loss of approximately HK\$5,179,555,000 (2011: HK\$68,419,000, as restated) which has been dealt with in the financial statements of the Company.

15. LOSS PER SHARE

(a) Basic loss per share

The calculation of the basic loss per share is based on the following:

	2012	2011
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		(Restated)
Loss		
Loss for the purpose of calculating basic loss per share	4,815,119	89,907
Number of shares	2012	2011
Issued ordinary shares at beginning of year	912,184,080	7,601,534,023
Effect of share consolidation (note 28(b))	-	(7,449,503,343)
Effect of rights issue (note 28(c))		38,515,828
Weighted average number of ordinary shares for the		
purpose of calculating basic loss per share	912,184,080	190,546,508

(b) Diluted loss per share

As the exercise of the Group's outstanding convertible bonds would be anti-dilutive and there were no dilutive potential ordinary shares for the Company's outstanding share options for both years, no diluted loss per share was presented in both years.

16. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	Furniture	Office	Motor	
	and fixtures	equipment	vehicles	Total
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Cost				
At 1 April 2010	1,121	482	1,750	3,353
Additions	2	41	_	43
Exchange differences	2			2
At 31 March 2011 and 1 April 2011	1,125	523	1,750	3,398
Additions	8	44	5,582	5,634
Disposal	_	_	(980)	(980)
Exchange differences	67	6	(4)	69
At 31 March 2012	1,200	573	6,348	8,121
Accumulated depreciation				
At 1 April 2010	663	189	996	1,848
Charge for the year	230	199	525	954
Exchange differences	3			3
At 31 March 2011 and 1 April 2011	896	388	1,521	2,805
Charge for the year	184	134	914	1,232
Disposal	-	—	(885)	(885)
Exchange differences	60	12		72
At 31 March 2012	1,140	534	1,550	3,224
Carrying amount				
At 31 March 2012	60	39	4,798	4,897
At 31 March 2011	229	135	229	593

During the year the Group changed the estimated useful lives of motor vehicles from 3 years to 5 years. As a result of this change in accounting estimate, the depreciation charge decreased by HK\$123,000 for the year and will also increase by HK\$123,000 for the following years.

At 31 March 2012, the carrying amount of a motor vehicle held by the Group under finance lease amounted to HK\$778,000 (2011: Nil).

17. PAYMENTS FOR MINING CLAIMS

	2012	2011
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
At beginning of year	109	_
Additions		109
At end of year	109	109

In April 2010, Mt. Mogan Resources and Development Corporation ("Mogan"), a subsidiary of the Company, submitted a new exploration permit application to the Mines and Geosciences Bureau (the "MGB") of the Department of Environment and Natural Resources of the Philippines (the "DENR") for the exploration of iron ore and other associated mineral in an area covering 3,022 hectares offshore Dulag, Leyte of the Philippines (the "Pre-exploration Area").

Pursuant to the Philippine Mining Act 1995 (Republic Act No. 7942) (the "Philippine Mining Act"), the exploration permit grants the holder the right to conduct exploration activities for the specified mineral deposits in the specified area for an initial period of 2 years, which is renewable for two successive periods of 2 years each.

As of the approval date of these financial statements, the exploration permit in respect of the Pre-exploration Area was not yet been awarded to Mogan. To the best knowledge of the directors, the evaluation and approval process of the application by MGB has reached its final stage. The directors believe that Mogan will be able to obtain the exploration permit.

18. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS

	Exploration rights HK\$'000	Evaluation expenditure HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
Cost			
At 1 April 2010 Additions	8,429,879	5,791 2,690	8,435,670 2,690
At 31 March 2011 and 1 April 2011 Additions	8,429,879	8,481 4,057	8,438,360 4,057
At 31 March 2012	8,429,879	12,538	8,442,417
Accumulated impairment			
At 1 April 2010, 31 March 2011 and 1 April 2011 Impairment losses recognised for the year	7,342,417		7,342,417
At 31 March 2012 Carrying amount	7,342,417		7,342,417
At 31 March 2012	1,087,462	12,538	1,100,000
At 31 March 2011	8,429,879	8,481	8,438,360

As at 31 March 2012, Mogan owned two exploration permits to explore iron ore and other associated mineral in specified offshore area with 41,094 hectares in the Leyte Gulf and San Pedro Bay off Leyte and Samar Provinces of the Philippines (the "Exploration Area"). The exploration permits are granted for an initial period of 2 years and are renewable for two successive periods of 2 years each. According to the terms of the exploration permits, Mogan shall relinquish at least 20% of the Exploration Area during the initial period of 2 years and at least 10% of the Exploration Area annually during renewed exploration periods.

On 22 December 2011, the two exploration permits covering the Exploration Area expired. Mogan has duly filed its application for the renewal of the exploration permits to the MGB during the year. The renewal of the exploration permits was approved by the MGB on 22 June 2012. Pursuant to the terms of the renewed exploration permits, the Exploration Area is reduced to 32,285 hectares.

18. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS (continued)

On the other hand, Mogan submitted an application to MGB for the mineral production sharing agreement (the "MPSA") in respect of 5,000 hectares within the Exploration Area (the "Mining Area") on 15 June 2010. A MPSA is an agreement between a contractor and MGB, acting on behalf of the Government of the Philippines, whereby the Government of the Philippines grants the contractor exclusive rights to conduct mining operations to extract and exploit the pre-agreed upon mineral resources in the specified area for a term of 25 years starting from the execution date and is renewable for another term not exceeding 25 years.

The acceptance of the application of the MPSA involves various phases, including but not limited to, the evaluation of feasibility studies, environmental work plan and financial capability of Mogan; the obtaining of area status and clearance; and public consultation by regional and central offices of the MGB and the DENR. As of the approval date of these financial statements, the MPSA was yet to be awarded to Mogan. To the best knowledge of the directors, the Group should have no major difficulties in fulfilling the technical and other requirements for the acceptance of the MPSA application by the MGB.

Impairment test

During the year, Mogan continued the geotechnical analysis in the Exploration Area. According to additional information obtained from the geotechnical analysis, the estimated value of the mineral content in the whole Exploration Area is expected to be substantially below the carrying value of the exploration and evaluation assets. In addition, the Group relinquished 21.5% of the Exploration Area upon the expiry of the initial exploration period of 2 years on 22 December 2011 in accordance with the terms of the exploration permits. Such facts and circumstances indicated that the Group should test the exploration and evaluation assets for impairment.

In assessing whether impairment is required for the exploration and evaluation assets, its carrying value is compared with its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of the asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use. The directors consider that the mining operations have not reached a stage for reliable estimation of the future production volume and operation costs. Accordingly, the recoverable amount used in assessing the impairment loss is fair value less cost to sell. The Group engaged an independent valuer, Roma Appraisals Limited, to determine the fair value of the exploration and evaluation assets. The fair value of exploration and evaluation assets was determined using the market approach on the basis that the MPSA would be accepted by the MGB.

Other key assumptions adopted for the fair value estimation includes the iron ore prices and the estimated mineral resources based on a technical report prepared by an independent specialist Roma Oil and Mining Associates Limited.

Based on these evaluations, the carrying amount of the exploration and evaluation assets exceeded its recoverable amount at 31 March 2012. Accordingly impairment loss of HK\$7,342,417,000 were recognised for the year ended 31 March 2012 (2011: Nil).

18. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS (continued)

As set out in the above paragraphs, the recoverable amount of the exploration and evaluation assets as at 31 March 2012 is determined on the basis that the MPSA would be awarded to Mogan. If the application of the MPSA is unsuccessful, the Group might incur a significant amount of additional impairment loss on the corresponding exploration and evaluation assets, which might have a significant effect on the consolidated financial statements of the Group. However, the directors are of the opinion that Mogan would be able to obtain the MPSA and they do not foresee any circumstances that would trigger their application for MPSA unsuccessful.

19. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES

	2012	2011
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Unlisted investments outside Hong Kong		
Share of net assets	-	172

The amounts due to associates are unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand. Particulars of the Group's associates as at 31 March 2012 are as follows:

	Place of	Issued and	Group's		
	incorporation/	paid up	effective	Direct/	
Name	operation	capital	holding	Indirect	Principal activity
Belgravia Holdings & Investments, Inc	The Philippines	25,000 ordinary shares of Philippines Peso ("PHP") 100 each	40%	Indirect	Investment holding
Triple Edge Resources Holdings, Inc	The Philippines	25,000 ordinary shares of PHP 100 each	40%	Indirect	Investment holding

19. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES (continued)

Summarised financial information in respect of the Group's associates is set out below:

	2012	2011
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
At 31 March		
Total assets	498	977
Total liabilities	(602)	(547)
Net (liabilities)/assets	(104)	430
Group's share of associate's net assets		172
Year ended 31 March		
Total revenue	11	10
T	(00.1)	(100)
Total loss for the year	(621)	(138)
Croup's share of associates' loss for the year	(170)	(55)
Group's share of associates' loss for the year	(172)	(55)

The Group has not recognised loss for the year amounting to HK\$76,000 (2011: Nil) for Belgravia Holdings & Investments Inc. and Triple Edge Resources Holdings, Inc. The accumulated losses not recognised were HK\$76,000 (2011: Nil).

20. LOAN TO A THIRD PARTY

The loan to a third party is unsecured, bears interest at 6% per annum and repayable on 8 January 2015. The carrying amount of the loan to a third party as at 31 March 2012 is denominated in Singapore dollars ("SGD").

21. INVENTORIES

At as 31 March 2012, the carrying amount of inventories represented finished goods (2011: N/A).

22. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

	2012	2011
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Trade receivables	42,771	-
Rental and other deposits	23,665	527
Prepayments and other receivables	3,114	558
	69,550	1,085

The Group maintains a defined credit policy for its trade customers and the credit terms given vary according to the business activities. The financial strength of and the length of business relationship with the customers, on an individual basis, are considered in arriving at the respective credit terms. The credit terms generally range from 1 to 30 days. Overdue balances are reviewed regularly by management.

As at 31 March 2012, the age of the trade receivables, based on the invoice date, was less than 30 days and all trade receivables were neither past due nor impaired.

The carrying amounts of the Group's trade receivables are denominated in US\$.

23. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

	2012 HK\$'000	2011 HK\$'000
Equity securities listed in Hong Kong, at fair value (note (a)) Debt securities listed outside Hong Kong, at fair value (note (b))	19,626 6,986	
Market value of listed securities	26,612	20,806
Unlisted debt securities, at fair value (note (b))	1,583	
	28,195	20,806

The carrying amounts of the above financial assets are classified as follows:

	2012	2011
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Held for trading	19,626	20,806
Designated as fair value through profit or loss on initial recognition	8,569	_
	28,195	20,806

Notes:

- (a) The equity investments listed on the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited are held-for-trading that offer the Group the opportunity for return through dividend income and fair value gains. They have no fixed maturity or coupon rate. The fair value of listed equity investments are based on current bid prices.
- (b) The listed and unlisted debt investments are designated as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss on initial recognition. Debt investments represent senior notes listed on The Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited or traded over-the-counter. The fair value of the listed senior notes is based on quoted market prices, whilst the fair value of the unlisted senior notes is based on the price quoted by the bank. The senior notes are unsecured, bear interests ranging from 3.8% to 7.5% and are repayable three to five years from the issue date.

23. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS (continued)

Notes: (continued)

(b) (continued)

The carrying amounts of the listed and unlisted debt investments are denominated in the following currencies:

	2012	2011
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Renminbi ("RMB")	5,339	-
SGD	1,647	_
US\$	1,583	-
Total	8,569	-

As at 31 March 2012, the carrying amount of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss pledged as security for banking facilities granted to the Group amounted to HK\$28,195,000 (2011: Nil).

24. PLEDGED BANK DEPOSITS AND CASH AND BANK BALANCES

The Group's pledged deposits represented deposits pledged to banks to secure banking facilities granted to the Group.

Pledged deposits and cash and bank balances are denominated in the following currencies:

	2012	2011
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
HK\$	2,029	206,048
RMB (note)	1,493	84
US\$	42,654	4
SGD	1,100	13
Others	63	682
	47,339	206,831

Note:

Conversion of Renminbi into foreign currencies is subject to the PRC's Foreign Exchange Control Regulations and Administration of Settlement, Sale and Payment of Foreign Exchange Regulations.

25. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

	2012	2011
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Trade payables	12,960	—
Accruals	4,703	2,392
Other payables	1,532	5,427
	19,195	7,819

As at 31 March 2012 the age of the trade payables, based on the date of receipt of goods, is less than 90 days. The carrying amounts of the Group's trade payables are denominated in US\$.

26. FINANCE LEASE PAYABLES

	Minir	num	Present value of minimum		
	lease pa	yments	lease payments		
	2012	2011	2012	2011	
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
Within one year	109	-	95	_	
In the second to fifth years, inclusive	364		341		
	473	-	436	_	
Less: Future finance charges	(37)				
Present value of lease obligations	436		436	_	
Less: Amount due for settlement within					
12 months (shown under current					
liabilities)			(95)		
Amount due for settlement					
after 12 months			341		

It is the Group's policy to lease certain of its motor vehicles under finance leases. The average lease term is 5 years (2011: N/A). At 31 March 2012, the effective borrowing rate was 3.7% per annum (2011: N/A). Interest rates are fixed at the contract dates and thus expose the Group to fair value interest rate risk. All leases are on a fixed repayment basis.

All finance lease payables are denominated in SGD.

The Group's finance lease payables are secured by the lessor's title to the leased assets.

27. CONVERTIBLE BONDS

On 18 December 2008, the Company entered into a subscription agreement with Kesterion Investments Limited ("Kesterion") for the issue of convertible bonds with an aggregate principal amount of US\$655,128,205 (equivalent to approximately HK\$5,110,000,000) (the "Convertible Bonds") in connection with the acquisition of 64% equity interest in Mogan. The Convertible Bonds are convertible, at any time between the issue date and maturity date, and at the option of the holders, into ordinary shares of the Company at a fixed conversion price of HK\$0.70 per conversion share, subject to any anti-dilution adjustments and certain events such as share consolidation, share subdivision, capitalisation issue, capital distribution, rights issue and other equity or equity derivative issued. In 2011, the conversion price of the Convertible Bonds were adjusted to HK\$22.79 per share upon the completion of the capital reorganisation, share consolidation and rights issue as detailed in notes 28(b) and 28(c) to the financial statements.

The Convertible Bonds are unsecured, non-interest bearing and redeemable in part(s) or in full by the Company, using an agreed fixed exchange rate of US\$1 = HK\$7.8, at any time before the maturity date on 18 December 2018. On the maturity date, the Convertible Bonds will be redeemed at par, using an agreed fixed exchange rate of US\$1 = HK\$7.8.

The net proceeds received from the issue of the Convertible Bonds have been split between the liability component and equity component in accordance with the accounting policy as set out in note 4(o) to the financial statements.

The movements of the liability and equity components and principal amount of the Convertible Bonds for the both years are as follows:

		Equity	
	Liability	conversion	Principal
	component	component	amount
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	(Restated)		
At 1 April 2010	379,463	1,263,605	1,571,500
Imputed interest charged for the year (note 10)	67,181		
At 31 March 2011 and 1 April 2011	446,644	1,263,605	1,571,500
Imputed interest charged for the year (note 10)	79,074		
At 31 March 2012	525,718	1,263,605	1,571,500

The imputed interest charged for the year is calculated by applying an effective interest rate of 17.7% (2011: 17.7%) per annum to the liability component.

The imputed interest charged for the year ended 31 March 2011 and the carrying amounts of the liability component as at 1 April 2010 and 31 March 2011 were restated to correct prior period errors, details of which are set out in note 3 to the financial statements.

28. SHARE CAPITAL

		No. of	Nominal
		ordinary	value of
	Note	shares	ordinary shares
			HK\$'000
Authorised:			
Ordinary shares of HK\$0.5 (2011: HK\$0.5) each			
At 1 April 2010		20,000,000,000	200,000
Increase during the year	(a)	10,000,000,000	100,000
Share consolidation	(b)	(29,400,000,000)	_
Capital reorganisation	(b)	1,400,000,000	700,000
At 31 March 2011, 1 April 2011 and 31 March 2012		2,000,000,000	1,000,000
Issued and fully paid:			
Ordinary shares of HK\$0.5 (2011: HK\$0.5) each			
At 1 April 2010		7,601,534,023	76,015
Share consolidation	(b)	(7,449,503,343)	_
Issue of share on rights issue	(C)	760,153,400	380,077
At 31 March 2011, 1 April 2011 and 31 March 2012		912,184,080	456,092

Notes:

- (a) Pursuant to the approval of the Cayman Islands Court on 8 September 2010, the authorised share capital of the Company was increased from HK\$200,000,000, which was divided into 20,000,000 ordinary shares, to HK\$300,000,000, which was divided into 30,000,000,000 ordinary shares, by the creation of additional 10,000,000,000 unissued ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each.
- (b) On 23 February 2011 the Cayman Islands Court approved the following capital reorganisation of the Company which was completed and became effective on 10 February 2011.
 - Every fifty authorised ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each were consolidated into one authorised ordinary share of HK\$0.50 each by cancelling 29,400,000,000 authorised ordinary shares,
 - Every fifty issued ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each were consolidated into one issued ordinary share of HK\$0.50 each by cancelling 7,449,503,343 issued ordinary shares.
 - The authorised ordinary share capital was increased from HK\$300,000,000, which was divided into 600,000,000 ordinary shares, to HK\$1,000,000,000, which is divided into 2,000,000,000 ordinary shares, by the creation of 1,400,000,000 new authorised ordinary shares.

28. SHARE CAPITAL (continued)

(c) Pursuant to the extraordinary general meeting held on 9 February 2011, the Company issued 760,153,400 new ordinary shares under a rights issue at an issue price of HK\$0.50 per share on the basis of five shares for every one ordinary share. The rights issue completed on 15 March 2011 and the Company raised gross proceeds of approximately HK\$380,077,000 before deduction of incidental share issuance expenses.

All of the shares issued during the year ended 31 March 2011 rank pari passu with then existing shares in all respects.

Capital management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern and to maximise the return to the shareholders through the optimisation of the debt and equity balance.

The Group sets the amount of capital in proportion to risk. The Group manages the capital structure and makes adjustments to it in the light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the payment of dividends, issue new shares, buy-back shares, raise new debts, redeem existing debts or sell assets to reduce debts.

The Group monitors capital on the basis of the debt-to-equity ratio. This ratio is calculated as net debt divided by total equity. Net debt is calculated as total debts (including borrowings and trade and other payables) less cash and cash equivalents. Total equity comprises all components of equity (i.e. share capital, share premium, non-controlling interests, retained profits and other reserves).

The debt-to-equity ratios at 31 March 2011 and 2012 were as follows:

HK\$'000 HK\$'000 (Restated)
(Restated)
577,162 524,716
(47,226) (206,831)
529,936 317,885
682,365 8,143,166
77.7% 3.9%
(47,226) (206,83) 529,936 317,88 682,365 8,143,16

No changes were made in the Group's objectives, policies or processes for managing capital during the years ended 31 March 2011 and 2012.

The only externally imposed capital requirement is that for the Group to maintain its listing on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited, it has to have a public float of at least 25% of the shares.

29. RESERVES

(a) The Group

The amounts of the Group's reserves and the movements therein are presented in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income and consolidated statement of changes in equity on pages 25 and 28 of the financial statements respectively.

(b) Nature and purpose of reserves

(i) Share premium

Under the Companies Law (Revised) of the Cayman Islands, the funds in the share premium account of the Company are distributable to the shareholders of the Company provided that immediately following the date on which the dividend is proposed to be distributed, the Company will be in a position to pay off its debts as they fall due in the ordinary course of business.

(ii) Special reserve

The special reserve of the Group represents the difference between the nominal value of the issued share of subsidiaries acquired over the nominal value of the shares issued by the Company pursuant to the Group reorganisation to rationalise the group structure in preparation of the listing of the Company's shares on the Growth Enterprise Market of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited. The balance of this special reserve was transferred to the accumulated losses of the Group during the year ended 31 March 2011.

(iii) Foreign currency translation reserve

The foreign currency translation comprises all foreign exchange differences arising from the translation of the financial statements of foreign subsidiaries into the presentation currency. The reserve is dealt with in accordance with the accounting policies in note 4(c) to the financial statements.

(iv) Share option reserve

The share option reserve represents the fair value of the actual or estimated number of unexercised share options granted to the employees and consultants of the Group recognised in accordance with the accounting policy adopted for share-based payments in note 4(t) to the financial statements.

(v) Convertible bonds equity reserve

The value of unexercised equity component of convertible bonds issued by the Company is recognised in accordance with the accounting policy adopted for convertible bonds in note 4(o) to the financial statements.

30. EQUITY-SETTLED SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS

The Company adopted a share option scheme on 25 April 2001 ("Share Option Scheme") for the purpose of providing incentives and rewards to the eligible participants who contributed to the growth of the Group. Under the Share Option Scheme, the directors may grant options to eligible full-time or part-time employees, including any executive, non-executive and independent non-executive directors, and consultants or advisers of the Company and/or any of its subsidiaries. The Share Option Scheme was valid and affective for a period of ten years from the adoption date. On 24 April 2012, the Share Option Scheme was expired, after which no further share options shall be granted, but the Share Option previously granted under the Share Option Scheme shall remain in full force and effect in all other respects.

The maximum number of unexercised share options currently permitted to be granted under the Share Option Scheme and other share option schemes of the Company is an amount equivalent, upon their exercise, to 30% of the Company's issued share capital from time to time. The maximum number of shares issuable under share options to any individual within any 12-month period, is limited to 1% of the shares the Company's issued share capital from time to time. Any further grant of shares options in excess of this limit is subject to shareholders' approval in a general meeting.

The offer of a grant of options must be taken up within three days of the date of offer, upon payment of a nominal consideration of HK\$1 in total by the grantee. The share options may be exercised at any time during a period determined by the directors of the Company provided that the exercise period shall not exceed 10 years from the date of grant. No minimum period for which a share option must be held before the exercise of the share option.

The exercise price, which is determined by the directors of the Company is the highest of: (i) the closing price of the Company's share on the date of offer of the share options; (ii) the Company's average closing price for the five business days immediately preceding the date of offer; and (iii) the nominal value of the Company's share at the date of offer.

Details of the share options outstanding at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

		Vesting	Contractual	Exercise	No. of issua	able shares
Categories	Date of grant	conditions	life of options	price	under sha	re options
				HK\$	2012	2011
		Three days from				
Consultant	On 6 March 2007	the date of grant	10 years	3.58	262,800	262,800

The number of shares issuable under the Share Option Schemes and the exercise price were adjusted due to the completion of capital reorganisation and share consolidation and rights issue as detailed in notes 28(b) and 28(c) to the financial statements respectively.

30. EQUITY-SETTLED SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS (continued)

Movements of the outstanding share options and their weighted average exercise prices are as follows:

	20	12	2011		
	Weighted		Weighted		
	average	Number of	average	Number of	
	exercise price	shares options	exercise price	shares options	
	HK\$		HK\$		
Outstanding at beginning of the year Adjustments arising from capital reorganisation,	3.58	262,800	0.188	5,000,000	
share consolidation and rights issue	_	-	3.392	(4,737,200)	
Outstanding at end of the year	3.58	262,800	3.58	262,800	
Exercisable at end of the year	3.58	262,800	3.58	262,800	

The share option outstanding at 31 March 2012 had an exercise price of HK\$3.58 (2011: HK\$3.58) and weighted average remaining contractual life of 5 years (2011: 6 years).

31. NOTES TO STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

Major non-cash transaction

Additions to property, plant and equipment during the year of approximately HK\$504,000 (2011: Nil) were financed by finance leases.

32. LEASE COMMITMENTS

At 31 March 2012 the total future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases are payable as follows:

	2012	2011
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Within one year	1,848	1,263
In the second to fifth years inclusive	465	947
	2,313	2,210

Operating lease payments represent rentals payable by the Group for certain of its offices. Leases are negotiated for terms ranging from one to three years.

33. CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

The Group's capital commitments at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

	2012	2011
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Contracted for but not provided for in the financial statements		
- Exploration and evaluation assets	-	552
- Property, plant and equipment	4,365	
	4,365	552

34. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

In addition to those related party transactions and balances disclosed elsewhere in the financial statements, the Group had the following transactions with its related parties during the years ended 31 March 2011 and 2012 and balances with related parties as at 31 March 2011 and 2012.

(a) Amount due to a shareholder – Kesterion

Kesterion is a shareholder of the Company and is controlled by Ms. Eva Wong, being the spouse of the chairman of the Company, Mr. Michael Koh Tat Lee, the sister-in-law of the non-executive director of the Company, Mr. Yin Mark Teh-min, and the sister of the former chairman of the Company, Mr. Wong Chung Yu, Denny.

The amount due to a shareholder, which represents the interest payable on the shareholder's loan as detailed in note 34(c) to the financial statements below, was unsecured and repayable on 14 September 2012.

(b) Amounts due to directors

The amounts due to directors are unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand.

(c) Shareholder's loan – Kesterion

The shareholder's loan is unsecured, bearing interest at the rate of 6% per annum payable semi-annually and repayable on 14 March 2013.

Pursuant to a debt restructuring agreement dated 22 December 2010 entered into between the Company, Black Sand Enterprises Limited ("BSEL"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, and Kesterion, the total debts of HK\$70,000,000 due to Kesterion by the Group, including the matured outstanding promissory note with the principal amount of HK\$60,000,000 and shareholder's loan of HK\$10,000,000 which was unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand, were restructured into the existing two year term shareholder's loan with principal amount of HK\$70,000,000.

34. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (continued)

(d) Promissory note - Kesterion

On 18 December 2008, BSEL, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, issued HK\$200,000,000 unsecured redeemable promissory note with zero coupon rate to Kesterion in connection with the acquisition of the 64% equity interest in Mogan. The promissory note was repayable in 4 instalments over 1 year from the date of issue or in a lump sum payment payable on 18 June 2010. The promissory note was carried at amortised cost, amortised with effective interest rate of 15.2% per annum, until extinguishment or redemption.

By 18 June 2010, the outstanding promissory note with principal amount of HK\$190,000,000 has matured and become repayable on demand and interest-free. On 22 December 2010, the Group has repaid HK\$130,000,000 and the remaining outstanding principal amount of HK\$60,000,000 was reclassified as shareholder's loan pursuant to the debt restructuring as set out in note 34(c) to the financial statements.

During the year ended 31 March 2011, imputed interest of approximately HK\$5,247,000 was recognised in profit or loss, calculated with the effective interest rate of 15.2% per annum.

(e) Key management personnel remuneration

Remuneration paid/payable to key management personnel of the Group, including the emoluments of the Company's directors and the Group's highest paid individuals as disclosed in note 13 to the financial statements, is as follows:

	2012	2011
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Salaries, bonus and allowances	6,016	6,183
Retirement benefits scheme contributions	56	48
	6,072	6,231

35. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY

	2012	2011
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		(Restated)
		5 570 450
Investments in subsidiaries	574,643	5,579,150
Prepayments and other receivables	54	43
Cash and bank balances	278	137,663
Accruals and other payables	(2,084)	(3,674)
Due to a shareholder	(386)	(196)
Shareholder's loan	(30,000)	(70,000)
Convertible bonds	(525,718)	(446,644)
Net assets	16,787	5,196,342
Financed by:		
Capital and reserves		
Share capital	456,092	456,092
Reserves	(439,305)	4,740,250
	16,787	5,196,342

35. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY (continued)

Reserves

		Share		Convertible		
	Share	option	Contributed	bonds equity Accumulated		
	Premium	reserve	surplus	reserve	losses	Total
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
At 1 April 2010,						
as previously reported	3,899,993	320	25,571	1,263,605	(462,343)	4,727,146
Retrospective restatement	(111,123)				201,484	90,361
At 1 April 2010, as restated	3,788,870	320	25,571	1,263,605	(260,859)	4,817,507
Total comprehensive loss						
for the year	_	_	_	-	(68,419)	(68,419)
Transfer	_	_	(25,571)	_	25,571	_
Share issuance expenses	(8,838)					(8,838)
Changes in equity for the year	(8,838)		(25,571)		(42,848)	(77,257)
At 31 March 2011,						
as restated	3,780,032	320		1,263,605	(303,707)	4,740,250
At 1 April 2011, as previously						
reported	3,891,155	320	-	1,263,605	(564,302)	4,590,778
Retrospective restatement	(111,123)				260,595	149,472
At 1 April 2011, as restated	3,780,032	320	-	1,263,605	(303,707)	4,740,250
Total comprehensive loss and						
changes in equity for the year					(5,179,555)	(5,179,555)
At 31 March 2012	3,780,032	320		1,263,605	(5,483,262)	(439,305)

Note:

The contributed surplus of the Company represents the excess of the net assets of the subsidiaries acquired pursuant to the Group reorganisation, over the nominal value of the Company's shares issued upon listing in The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited. The balance of this contributed surplus was transferred to the accumulated losses of the Company during the year.

36. PARTICULARS OF SUBSIDIARIES

Particulars of the subsidiaries as at 31 March 2012 are as follows:

Name	Place of incorporation/ registration and operation	Issued and paid up capital / registered capital	Percentage of ownership interest / voting power / profit sharing Direct Indirect		Principal activities
Black Sand Enterprises Limited	Hong Kong	300,000 ordinary shares of HK\$1 each	100%	-	Investment holding
Black Sand Resources Trading Limited	British Virgin Islands/ Hong Kong	1 ordinary share of US\$1 each	_	100%	Trading of metals
Black Sand Securities Trading Limited	Hong Kong	1 ordinary share of HK\$1 each	-	100%	Trading of securities
寰亞宏華商貿(北京) 有限責任公司*	PRC	Registered capital of RMB20,056,294	_	100%	Inactive
Black Sand Metal Trading Limited	Hong Kong	10,000 ordinary shares of HK\$1 each	_	80%	Dormant
Service Form Limited	Hong Kong	1 ordinary share of HK\$1 each	100%	_	Dormant
First Pine Enterprises Limited	British Virgin Islands/ Hong Kong	1 ordinary share of US\$1 each	_	100%	Investment holding
Mt. Mogan Holdings Inc.	British Virgin Islands/ Hong Kong	50,000 ordinary shares of US\$1 each	_	100%	Investment holding
Mt. Mogan Resources and Development Corporation	The Philippines	25,000 ordinary shares of PHP100 each	_	64%	Mineral exploration and mining activities
Pan Asia Mining (HK) Limited	Hong Kong	10,000 ordinary shares of HK\$1 each	100%	-	Dormant
Black Sand International (Singapore) Pte. Ltd.	Singapore	2 ordinary shares of SGD1 each	_	100%	Trading of coals and metal
Baxus Petroleum (S) Pte. Ltd.	Singapore	10 ordinary shares of SGD1 each	_	90%	Trading of bunker fuel

* Wholly foreign-owned enterprise established in the PRC.

37. APPROVAL OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 22 June 2012.

Financial Summary For the year ended 31 March 2012

RESULTS

	For the year ended 31 March					
	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
		(Restated)	(Restated)	(Restated)		
Continuing operations						
Turnover	331,296	10,419	14,730	4,287		
Loss from operations	(34,883)	(17,923)	(19,102)	(16,228)	_	
Impairment of exploration and						
evaluation assets	(7,342,417)	_	_	_	_	
Finance costs	(81,420)	(72,624)	(134,105)	(53,097)	_	
Share of losses of associates	(172)	(55)	(35)	(21)		
Loss before tax	(7,458,892)	(90,602)	(153,242)	(69,346)	_	
Income tax expense	(12)		(24)	(73)		
Loss for the year from						
continuing operations	(7,458,904)	(90,602)	(153,266)	(69,419)	_	
Profit/(loss) for the year from						
discontinued operation			25,811	(28,724)	(47,515)	
Loss for the year	(7,458,904)	(90,602)	(127,455)	(98,143)	(47,515)	
Other comprehensive (loss)/						
income for the year, net of tax	(1,897)	(11)	(137)	73	15	
Total comprehensive						
loss for the year	(7,460,801)	(90,613)	(127,592)	(98,070)	(47,500)	
(Loss)/ profit for the year						
attributable to:						
Owner of the Company	(4,815,119)	(89,907)	(127,085)	(98,085)	(48,627)	
Non-controlling interests	(2,643,785)	(695)	(370)	(58)	1,127	
	(7,458,904)	(90,602)	(127,455)	(98,143)	(47,500)	

ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS

	At 31 March				
	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		(Restated)	(Restated)	(Restated)	
Total assets	1,259,612	8,667,956	8,444,243	8,469,933	105,812
Total liabilities	(577,247)	(524,790)	(581,703)	(1,114,934)	(49,888)
Non-controlling interests	(387,913)	(3,032,355)	(3,033,050)	(3,033,383)	(5,192)
	294,452	5,110,811	4,829,490	4,321,616	50,732