



SHANGHAI JIAODA WITHUB
INFORMATION INDUSTRIAL COMPANY LIMITED*

(a joint stock company incorporated in the People's Republic of China with limited liability)
Stock Code: 8205

The background of the cover features a blue-toned world map with white grid lines, overlaid on a circuit board pattern. The text 'ANNUAL REPORT 2012' is centered in the middle of the page.

ANNUAL REPORT
2012

*for identification purpose only

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This report, for which the directors (the “Directors”) of SHANGHAI JIAODA WITHUB INFORMATION INDUSTRIAL COMPANY LIMITED (the “Company”) collectively and individually accept full responsibility, includes particulars given in compliance with the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Growth Enterprise Market of the Stock Exchange for the purpose of giving information with regard to the Company. The Directors, having made all reasonable enquiries, confirm that, to the best of their knowledge and belief, the information contained in this report is accurate and complete in all material respects and not misleading or deceptive, and there are no other matters the omission of which would make any statement herein or this report misleading.

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Corporate Profile and Highlights

Corporate Profile

上海交大慧谷信息產業股份有限公司 (Shanghai Jiaoda Withub Information Industrial Company Limited*) is principally engaged in the development of business application solutions in the PRC. One of its founders is Shanghai Jiao Tong University, a renowned tertiary education institution in the PRC. The Group utilises the expertise and research capability of Shanghai Jiao Tong University in the information technology sector to develop its core technologies in business application solutions.

The Group's operations encompass the development and provision of business solutions on project basis, the development and sale of application system as off-the-shelf products and sale of distributed products, such as notebook computers and computer related products.

Leveraging on its well-qualified and experienced team of research and development staff as well as its relationship with and on-going technological support from Shanghai Jiao Tong University, the Group is well positioned to become a leading business application solutions developer in the PRC.

Highlights

For the year ended 31 December 2012,

- turnover of the Group amounted to approximately RMB100,336,000 (2011: approximately RMB98,089,000) which represented an increase of 2.29%;
- loss attributable to owners of the Company was approximately RMB2,933,000 (2011: profit of approximately RMB1,283,000); and
- the Directors do not recommend the payment of a final dividend (2011: Nil).

* For identification purpose only

Corporate Information

Executive Directors

Mr. Li Zhan (*Chairman*)
Mr. Mo Zhenxi (*Vice Chairman*)
Mr. Wu Hanyuan (*Vice Chairman*)
Mr. Du Songning
Mr. Wang Yiming (*Chief Executive Officer*)
Mr. Qiao Jin

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. Yuan Shumin
Dr. Cao Guo Qi
Dr. Chan Yan Chong

Supervisors

Mr. Chen Minglong
Mr. Yao Benqiang
Mr. Yu Jiming
Ms. Qin Yan
Ms. Huang Hua

Company Secretary

Ms. Ho Wing Yan *ACIS ACS(PE)*

Audit Committee and Remuneration Committee

Mr. Yuan Shumin (*Chairman*)
Dr. Cao Guo Qi
Dr. Chan Yan Chong

Nomination Committee

Mr. Li Zhan (*Chairman*)
Mr. Yuan Shumin
Mr. Cao Guo Qi

Compliance Officer

Mr. Li Zhan

Legal Address

2nd Floor, Block 7
471 Gui Ping Road
Shanghai
The PRC

Principal Place of Business in Hong Kong

Suites 3306-12, 33rd Floor
Shui On Centre
Nos. 6-8 Harbour Road
Wanchai
Hong Kong

Principal Place of Business in the PRC

Building A
Shanghai Jiaoda Withub Information Park
No. 951 Panyu Road
Shanghai
The PRC

Authorised Representatives

Mr. Li Zhan
Mr. Wang Yiming

Principal Bankers

China Construction Bank
– Shanghai Sub-branch No. 2
Shanghai Bank
– Xu Hui Sub-branch

Auditor

SHINEWING (HK) CPA Limited
43/F, The Lee Gardens,
33 Hysan Avenue, Causeway Bay, Hong Kong.

Legal Advisers

As to PRC law
AllBright Law Offices
Hong Kong Plaza 28th Floor
No. 283 Huaihai Middle Road
Shanghai
The PRC

Hong Kong Share Registrar and Transfer Office

Union Registrar Limited
18th Floor, Fook Lee Commercial Centre
Town Place, 33 Lockhart Road
Wanchai
Hong Kong

Stock Code

8205

Company Website

www.withub.com.cn

Chairman's Statement

To All Shareholders,

On behalf of the Board, I announce the results review on Shanghai Jiaoda Withub Information Industrial Company Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") for the prior year, and also would like to take this opportunity to introduce the future business plan of the Company and business direction which the Company will focus on in the coming financial year.

During the operation process of 2012, Shanghai Jiaoda Withub Information Industrial Company Limited has faced severe external market environment and fierce market competition in the course of our business. Amidst the discouraging circumstance, the Company, based on the existing businesses, has strived to continuously explore new business areas and new direction of development.

In 2013, the Company will still be committed to the four primary operations, including system integration, software development, solutions and product distribution. In respect of market areas, the Company will focus on the development of the court market and mobile e-commerce market in 2013, thereby expecting to promote the Company to explore the new business areas and profit growth point. Besides, the Company intends to increase its business segments, form new business direction and improve the level of profitability by proactively exploring new business and taking appropriate way to enter into new business areas based on its existing operations.

Meanwhile, the Company will continue to strengthen the research and development of its own products to enhance our technical capabilities and market competitiveness in 2013. Besides, the Company will focus on facilitating its "people-oriented" corporate culture to boost staff cohesion. I would like to take this opportunity to express my sincere appreciation to the staff member for their unremitting efforts.

Last but not least, I would like to express my gratitude to our customers and shareholders for their steadfast support and trust, and also thank the members of the Board for their concern and assistance, enabling the Company to maintain its stable development.

By order of the Board

Li Zhan
Chairman

Shanghai, 21 March 2013

Management Discussion and Analysis

RESULTS

For the year ended 31 December 2012, the Group recorded a turnover of approximately RMB100,336,000 (2011: approximately RMB98,089,000), representing an increase of RMB2,247,000 or 2.29% as compared to the last year. The Group recorded a loss of RMB2,936,000, while the profit for the year ended 31 December 2011 was RMB1,280,000.

BUSINESS REVIEW AND FUTURE PROSPECTS

For the entire financial year under review ended 31 December 2012, the total revenue of the Group has increased from RMB98,089,000 to RMB100,336,000. The growth of RMB2,247,000 in revenue represents 2.29% increase of the Group's sales as compared with that in 2011. The Group recorded a profit before tax of RMB1,280,000 for the previous year and a loss before tax of RMB2,936,000 during the year.

Revenue are mainly generated from the sales and distribution of computer and electrical products and accessories which made up of 77.23% of the total sales (or RMB77,490,000), and this is followed by 15.89% of total sales (or RMB15,943,000) for business solutions development and provision, 3.60% (or RMB3,609,000) for application software, 3.28% (or RMB3,294,000) for installation and maintenance of network and data security product. These business segments remain the core services and products for the Company in the past and also for the future.

The sales and distribution of computer and electrical products and accessories has increased by RMB12,840,000 in revenue as compared with RMB64,650,000 last year, representing an increase of 19.86%.

Revenue in business solutions development has decreased by RMB5,084,000 or 24.18% from RMB21,027,000 in the previous year.

Revenue of application software business has decreased by RMB5,319,000 from RMB8,928,000 last year, representing a decrease of 59.58%. Sales from installation and maintenance of network and data security has decreased by RMB190,000 from the previous year of RMB3,484,000, representing a decrease of 5.45%.

The gross profit has decreased from RMB15,669,000 to RMB14,827,000. This represents a decrease of RMB842,000 or 5.37%. The decrease is mainly caused by the increase of the cost of sales. The gross profit margin has decreased from the previous financial year of 15.97% to the current year of 14.78%.

Other revenue has decreased by RMB170,000 or 5.39% to RMB2,984,000 for the current year from the previous year of RMB3,154,000.

Management Discussion and Analysis

The share of losses of associates amounted to RMB2,078,000 for the current year as compared to the profit of RMB167,000 for the previous year, representing a surge of RMB2,245,000.

Distribution cost has decreased by RMB845,000 or 12.84% from RMB6,581,000 for the previous year to RMB5,736,000 during the year.

The Management will be committed to cutting unnecessary expenses and improve the productivity of our managers. The Company will mainly focus on the cost control in the future. For the purpose of current business, the Company will try to expand into new markets, including part of business acquired from new customers through the introduction by the existing customers and the efforts taken by the Management in market promotion.

During the past 2012, the Company recorded a light surplus from its own business operations, while the Group recorded loss in 2012 due to the its investment loss resulting from the termination of business of certain subsidiaries in which the Company made an investment in the past.

LIQUIDITY, FINANCIAL RESOURCES AND CAPITAL STRUCTURE

As at 31 December 2012, shareholders' funds of the Group amounted to approximately RMB80,658,000 (2011: RMB83,468,000). Current assets amounted to approximately RMB94,219,000 (2011: RMB102,360,000), of which approximately RMB58,450,000 (2011: RMB60,101,000) were bank balances and cash. The Group had non-current liabilities amounted to approximately RMB2,160,000 (2011: RMB1,800,000) and its current liabilities amounted to approximately RMB27,141,000 (2011: RMB34,096,000), which mainly comprised of other creditors and accrued expenses. The Group did not have any long-term debts.

WORKING CAPITAL RATIO AND GEARING RATIO

As at 31 December 2012, the Group had a net cash position and its working capital ratio (current assets to current liabilities) was 3.47 (2011: 3.00); and gearing ratio (liabilities to total assets) was approximately 26.65% (2011: 30.07%).

CAPITAL COMMITMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT INVESTMENTS

The Group had no capital commitments and significant investments for the year ended 31 December 2012.

MATERIAL ACQUISITIONS OR DISPOSALS

The Group had no material acquisitions or disposals of subsidiaries and affiliated companies for the year ended 31 December 2012.

SEGMENT INFORMATION

All of the Group's activities are conducted in the PRC and are divided into two business segments namely business application solutions and sales of goods. Accordingly, analysis by business segments is presented in note 6 to the consolidated financial statements.

Management Discussion and Analysis

EMPLOYEE INFORMATION

As at 31 December 2012, the Group had 110 full time employees (2011: 141), comprising 12 in management, finance and administration (2011: 17), 31 in research and development (2011: 45), 49 in application development and engineering (2011: 56), and 15 in sales and marketing (2011: 20). Also, the Group had 3 school staff (2011: 3).

The Group has not experienced any disruption of its normal business operations due to labour disputes or significant turnover of staff. The Directors consider that the Company has maintained a very good relationship with its staff.

Remuneration of employees including Directors' emoluments and all staff related costs for the year ended 31 December 2012 was approximately RMB9,653,000 (2011: RMB10,536,000).

The Group's remuneration and bonus policies are principally determined with reference to the qualification, experience and performance of individual employee.

CHARGES ON GROUP ASSETS

As at 31 December 2012, bank deposits of approximately RMB450,000 (2011: 514,000) were pledged to the bank to secure certain subcontracting projects.

DETAILS OF FUTURE PLANS FOR MATERIAL INVESTMENTS OR CAPITAL ASSETS

The Directors presently do not have any future plans for material investments or capital assets. The management will continue to monitor the industry and review its business expansion plans regularly, so as to take necessary measures in the Group's best interests.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE EXPOSURE

During the year ended 31 December 2012, the Group's monetary assets and transactions are mainly denominated in RMB, HKD and USD. Though the exchange rates between RMB, HKD and USD are not pegged, there are relatively low level of fluctuation in exchange rates among RMB, HKD and USD. The Management noted that the recent appreciation in the exchange rate of RMB to HKD and USD and is of the opinion that it does not currently have a material adverse impact on the Group's financial position. The Group currently does not have a foreign currency hedging policy. However, the management monitors foreign exchange exposure and will consider hedging significant foreign currency exposure should the need arise.

CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

As at 31 December 2012, the Group did not have any significant contingent liabilities (2011: Nil).

Biographical Details of Directors, Supervisors and Senior Management

DIRECTORS

The Company has six executive Directors, and three independent non-executive Directors. Their details are set out below:

Executive Directors

Mr. Li Zhan (“Mr. Li”), aged 51, was appointed as an executive Director and the Chairman of the Company in July 2008 and participated in the positioning of the Company’s overall business direction. He is a Professor and Mentor of doctorate student of Shanghai Jiao Tong University (上海交通大學). He studied in Shanghai Jiao Tong University from 1978 and got a bachelor degree in engineering in 1982, a Master degree in 1984 and a doctorate degree in 1987. Mr. Li worked at Shanghai Jiao Tong University since his graduation and was promoted to Professor in 1992. He visited the Economic School of University of Copenhagen in Denmark from 1993 to 1995. Mr. Li was appointed to work in Hong Kong from 1996 to 2007, and concurrently worked as the General manager of Development Research Department of Shanghai Industrial Investment (Holdings) Co., Ltd. (上海實業(集團)有限公司發展研究部), Deputy General Manager of Corporate Management Department of Shanghai Industrial Group (上海實業集團企業管理部) and the Deputy General Manager of Chairman Office in Shanghai Industrial Holdings Limited (上海實業控股有限公司), and he worked as the Officer of Research Center of Innovation and Entrepreneurship of Shanghai Jiao Tong University (上海交通大學科技創業研究中心) since 2003. Since 2008, Mr. Li has been the Officer of Shanghai Withub Hi-Tech Business Incubator (上海慧谷高科技創業中心). Mr. Li has served as the Vice-president of Shanghai Jiaoda Industrial Investment Management (Group) Limited and the general manager of Shanghai Jiaoda Science and Technology Park Limited since 2009. Mr. Li has profound experience and excels in academic research and has accumulated over 22 years of experience in corporate operation and investment management.

Mr. Mo Zhenxi (“Mr. Mo”), aged 58, joined the Company since April 1998 and is an executive Director and the Vice Chairman of the Company and responsible for the supervision of the Company’s operation and financial activities. Since 1979, he had held several positions including deputy-secretary in 上海汽車配件修配廠支部 (Shanghai Motor Parts Maintenance and Distribution Department), a prosecutor (紀檢員) in Shanghai Disciplinary Correction Section (上海市紀委正科), a department head in a technology and investment company in Shanghai and and an officer of the Office of General Manager in a technology and investment company in Shanghai.

Mr. Wu Hanyuan (“Mr. Wu”), aged 61, joined the Company since July 2011 and is an executive Director and the Vice Chairman of the Company. He is the deputy secretary of the Party Committee, secretary of the Discipline Commission, union president and chief supervisor of Shanghai Xin Xuhui (Group) Limited. From 1984 to 1987, he learned in an amateur university majoring in Chinese Language and Literature and graduated with a college degree. From 1969 to 1973, Mr. Wu was the corporal and platoon sergeant of the 18th Company, 2nd Battalion, 67th Regiment of the Heilongjiang Production and Construction Corps, and was the vice instructor of the 20th Company, 2nd Battalion, 67th Regiment of the Heilongjiang Production and Construction Corps from 1973 to 1978. From 1979 to 1984, Mr. Wu was the trade union officer of Fenglin Industrial Company Limited (楓林工業公司) in Xuhui District. From 1984 to 1993, Mr. Wu held the secretary of the Party Committee, section chief, deputy secretary of Party Committee and secretary of the Discipline Commission in Collective Enterprise Administration in Xuhui District successively; From 1993 to 2001, Mr. Wu held the deputy general manager, general manager and branch secretary in Shanghai Shilong Industrial Zone Joint Development Co., Ltd. From 2001 to August 2011, Mr. Wu held positions as secretary of the Party Committee, secretary of the Discipline Commission, union president in Shanghai Xin Xuhui (Group) Limited successively, and was rewarded for several papers and works published previously.

Biographical Details of Directors, Supervisors and Senior Management

Mr. Wu was the member of the 6th, 11th and 12th National Committee of Xuhui District in Shanghai respectively, and was rewarded and recorded a merit by the Peoples' Government of Xunhui District in Shanghai in 1989. From 2004 to 2005, he was nominated as advanced worker of the Discipline Supervisory System in Xuhui District.

Mr. Du Songning (“Mr. Du”), aged 45, was appointed as the executive director of the Company in July 2011. He is graduated from Shanghai Jiao Tong University, major in Shipping Engineering and Technology Economics. He has engaged in research, investment and business management of securities and futures for a long time, and is familiar with the operation of Chinese securities market. Mr. Du is one of the first futures practicing brokers and securities practicing analysts in the PRC. He has engaged in the work of corporate management for a long period of time, and is familiar with the operation in corporate business, administration and finance. He has served in Shanghai Jiao Tong University, 上海新南洋股份有限公司 (formerly known as 上海南洋國際實業股份有限公司), a company listed on the Shanghai Stock Exchange (stock code: 600661), Shenyin & Wanguo Securities Co., Ltd. and 上海交大產業投資管理(集團)有限公司. He has served as a director for more than 10 companies. Currently, he is the deputy general manager of 上海交大科技園有限公司副總經理.

Mr. Wang Yiming (“Mr. Wang”), aged 45, holds a bachelor degree in electronic and a master degree in business administration from Shanghai Jiao Tong University. He has taught in Shanghai Jiao Tong University since 1989. Prior to the appointment as an executive Director of the Company in September 2004, Mr. Wang was the chief executive officer and an initial management shareholder of the Company and involved in the establishment of the Company in 1998 and has worked for the Company since then. He possesses knowledge and experience in the development and management of network security, electronic communications and modernisation of information infrastructure of government agencies. Mr. Wang is the vice chairman of Shanghai Jiaoda Withub Software Company Limited and Shanghai Withub Duogao Information Construction Company Limited, and an executive director of Shanghai Jiaoda Withub Technology Street Company Limited. Mr. Wang is responsible for the planning and implementation of overall business operations as well as determining the positioning and direction for technological research and development.

Mr. Qiao Jin (“Mr. Qiao”), aged 28, was appointed as an executive Director of our Company on 18 May 2010. Mr. Qiao graduated from the School of Management and Engineering of Shanghai Jiaotong University in 2008 with a master degree in Management. Since 2008, he has served in Ernst & Young (China) Advisory Limited (安永(中國)企業諮詢有限公司), rendering audit services to numerous listed companies. He has worked in 上海徐匯國有資產投資經營有限公司 (Shanghai Xuhui State-owned Assets Management Company) since 2010, engaging in the fields like investment and assets disposition.

Biographical Details of Directors, Supervisors and Senior Management

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. Yuan Shumin (“Mr. Yuan”), aged 62, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director by the Company in June 2007. He was graduated from School of Accounting of Shanghai University of Finance and Economics in January 1983 with a bachelor degree in Economics, and taught there after graduation. In January 1985, he attended the part-time Postgraduate program in School of Accounting of Shanghai University of Finance and Economics, and graduated in June 1988 with a master degree in Economics. Mr. Yuan became associate professor in 1992, and promoted as professor in 1977. Since 1993, he has been supervisor of teaching department, assistant supervisor and assistant dean of School of Accounting, standing assistant dean and dean of School of Adult Education (成教學院) of Shanghai University of Finance and Economics. He studied in a part-time doctorate program of Management at School of Management of Fudan University from January 1995, and graduated from Fudan University in January 1998 with a doctorate degree in Science. In July 2001, he was appointed as tutor of accounting doctorate program in Shanghai University of Finance and Economics. He has served in School of Accounting in Shanghai Finance University since September 2005, and is currently serving as the president of School of Accounting. Mr. Yuan has written various thesis, studies, teaching material, and served as Chairman of Computerized Accountancy Association for Youth (中青年會計電算化分會) of PRC Accounting Association (中國會計學會).

Dr. Cao Guo Qi (“Dr. Cao”), aged 49, was appointed as an independent non executive Director by the Company on 7 July 2009. He holds a doctorate degree in Economics. He served as the associate professor and deputy department head of Shanghai University of Finance and Economics the EMBA professor of Hunan University, an intern economist of the International Monetary Authority, Economic and Finance Committee of the European Community (now known as “European Union”), a project coordinator of the International Bank and the Vice President of the Board of Directors and Chief Executive Officer of Sui Chong Holdings Limited (瑞昌控股有限公司), a listed company in Hong Kong. He participated in the preparation of the Yangshan Deep-water Port Project, and he was appointed as Director and General Manager of Shanghai Lingang New City Investment and Development Company Limited (上海臨港新城投資開發集團有限公司), and Director of East Sea Bridge Construction Company Limited (東海大橋工程建設有限公司). He is currently the executive director and General Manager of both East Team (China) Limited and Jianhui Investment Company Limited. Mr. Cao has served as the key management and leader of major units and departments from local and abroad for a long period of time. He is specialized in project finance and management, financial management, fund operation and management, merging and acquisition, assets and capital operation, human resources management and project consultation. He also possesses extensive experience in starting a business, and is relatively sensitive towards macroeconomic development and market expansion. Currently, Dr. Cao is the independent non executive director of Dongwu Cement International Limited (stock code:695), a company listed on the Growth Enterprise Market of the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong and an independent director of Inner Mongolia Jinyu Group Stock Company (內蒙古金字集團股份有限公司), a company listed on the Shanghai Stock Exchange (stock code: 600201).

Dr. Chan Yan Chong (“Dr. Chan”), aged 61, was appointed as an independent non executive Director on 7 July 2009. He graduated from Nanyang University in Singapore with a degree in Mathematics. Then he obtained a Master degree in Operational Research at Lancaster University and Doctorate in Management Studies at Manchester University. Currently, Dr. Chan serves as the associate professor at the City University of Hong Kong, the group leader of Centa-City Index (now known as CCI) research group and the economic advisor of Ganzhou City Government in Jiangxi Province. He served as an advisor to the Central Policy Unit of Hong Kong and a council member of Sham Shui Po District Council of Hong Kong. In 2001, Dr. Chan was awarded the Best Commercial Application Research Prize of the City University of Hong Kong. He has published 20 professional books and more than 3,000 articles, and is also a feature column writer for many newspapers and magazines.

Biographical Details of Directors, Supervisors and Senior Management

SUPERVISORS

Mr. Chen Minglong (“Mr. Chen”), aged 47, was appointed by our Company as a supervisor in May 2010. Mr. Chen holds a master degree in Management and is a certified accountant, asset appraiser and tax appraiser. Mr. Chen was the Deputy Section Chief of the Xuhui District Audit Department (徐匯區審計局) and State-owned Assets Management Commission of Xuhui District (徐匯區國資辦資產管理科) and the Section Chief of Asset Management Department of State-owned Assets Supervision and Administration Commission of the State Council of Xuhui District (徐匯區國資委產權管理科). Currently, he is served as the Deputy General Manager of Shanghai Xuhui State Owned Assets Investment & Business Co., Ltd.

Mr. Yao Benqiang (“Mr. Yao”), aged 59, is a supervisor of the Company and responsible for the supervision of the Company’s financial activities. Mr. Yao has over 23 years of experience in financial accounting and auditing. Mr. Yao joined Shanghai Xin Xuhui in 1995 and became the financial controller in 1998. He was awarded 上海市財務總監業務培訓班證書 (the Certificate of Continuing Education of Shanghai Chief Financial Officer) and is the 徐匯區內部審計協會副理事長 (Vice chief counsel of Xuhui District Internal Audit Committee), 區會計學會理事 (council member of District Accountancy Committee) and 市成本研究會會員 (member of the City Costing Research Committee). Mr. Yao was appointed as a supervisor by the Company in December 2001.

Mr. Yu Jiming (“Mr. Yu”), aged 54, is a supervisor of the Company and responsible for the supervision of the Company’s operation and financial activities. Mr. Yu graduated with Bachelor degree in University of Science and Technology Beijing and is a Senior Accountant and a registered accountant. Mr. Yu held various positions in 上海浦東鋼鐵公司 including Administrator, Supervisor and Section Chief of Cost Section of Finance Department (財務處成本科管理員、組長及科長), Deputy Head of Finance Department, Head of Foreign Economic and Trade Department (對外經濟貿易處) and Deputy Chief Accountant. He was also the General Manager of 三網國際貿易公司. Since 1999, Mr. Yu has acted as the Deputy Chief Accountant and Manager of Finance Division of Shanghai Science & Technology Investment Corporation, the chairman of Supervisory Committee of 上海眾恒信息產業有限公司, Head of Supervisors (監事長) of 上海燃料動力汽車有限公司 and a director of 上海中新技術創業投資有限公司, supervisor of 上海申騰資訊技術有限公司 and supervisor of 廣東冠昊生物科技股份有限公司. Mr. Yu was appointed as a supervisor by the Company in July 2005.

Ms. Qin Yan (“Ms. Qin”), aged 38, is the representative of the employees and is a supervisor of the Company. Ms. Qin is the manager of the integration department of the Company responsible for network integration design and wiring design. She graduated with Bachelor degree in 上海理工大學 (University of Shanghai for Science & Technology) specialized in complex machinery and subsequently obtained a master degree specialised in measurement techniques and instruments. Ms. Qin was appointed as a supervisor by the Company in September 2000.

Biographical Details of Directors, Supervisors and Senior Management

Ms. Huang Hua (“Ms. Huang”), aged 52, is appointed as a supervisor by the Company in March 2012. Ms. Huang is graduated from 上海市長寧區業餘大學 and 上海立信會計高等專科學校, specializing in mechanical and equipment profession (機械製造工藝及設備專業) and finance accounting profession (財務會計專業) respectively. She possesses the professional qualifications of a certified accountant and a certified tax agent. From May 2004 to June 2006, she served as the finance manager of 上海交大慧谷軟件有限公司 (Shanghai Jiaoda Withub Software Company Limited*). During July 2006 to February 2012, she served as the accountant of 上海交大慧谷信息產業股份有限公司 (Shanghai Jiaoda Withub Information Industrial Company Limited*). Since March 2012, she has become the manager of human resources of Shanghai Jiaoda Withub Information Industrial Company Limited

SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Ms. Cao Zhen (“Ms. Cao”), aged 43, graduated from Shanghai Jiao Tong University. Ms. Cao is the vice president of the Company and the general manager of the integration business, in charge of the system integration business. Ms. Cao had worked in various positions including 上海交大科外系語言所 (Shanghai Jiaoda Ke Wai System Language Centre) as an engineer, 上海天明科技有限公司 as a manager, 上海瀚英實業發展有限公司 (Shanghai Han Ying Industrial Development Company Limited) as a manager, the general manager of Network Integration Centre (網絡集成中心) of the Company and being a chief project officer of the Company. Ms. Cao was appointed by the Company in May 2005.

Mr. Zhang Yuanyuan (“Mr. Zhang”), aged 40, graduated from Shanghai Jiao Tong University with an MBA. Mr. Zhang is the vice president of the Company, in charge of the business management, human resources management, investment management of subsidiaries, qualification certification management, etc. Mr. Zhang had worked in various positions including Royton Technologies Co. Ltd. as a chief investment officer, 上海三九藥店有限責任公司 (Shanghai San Jiu Yao Dian Company Limited) as a managing director, 江蘇三九醫藥零售有限公司 (Jiangsu San Jiu Yi Yao Retail Company Limited) as a president, 杭州三九醫藥零售有限公司 (Hangzhou San Jiu Yi Yao Retail Company Limited) as a director, 上海三九醫藥有限公司 as a director, 上海價美醫藥零售連鎖有限公司 (Shanghai Jia Mei Yi Yao Retail Chain Company Limited) as a director. Mr. Zhang Yuanyuan was appointed by the Company in May 2005.

Report of the Directors

The Board of Directors is pleased to present the annual report and the audited consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2012.

Principal Activities

The Group is principally engaged in the development and provision of business application solutions which include business solutions, application software, network and data security products and is also engaged in the sales and distribution of computers and electrical products.

Major Customers and Suppliers

During the year under review, the Group's sales to the five largest customers accounted for 26.04% of the Group's turnover for the year, of which the largest customer accounted for 8.61% of the Group's turnover for the year.

Purchases from major suppliers accounted for the following percentages:

The largest supplier:	44.49%
Total percentage of the five largest suppliers:	67.20%

Save as disclosed above, as far as the Directors are aware, neither the Directors or their associates nor any shareholders (which to the knowledge of the Directors own more than 5% of the Company's issued capital) and management shareholders had any material interest in the five largest customers and five largest suppliers.

Results

The Group's results and financial position for the year ended 31 December 2012 are set out in the annual report on pages 31 to 91.

Dividends

The directors do not recommend the payment of any dividends in respect of the year ended 31 December 2012.

Financial Summary

A summary of the results and assets and liabilities of the Group for each of the five years ended 31 December 2012 is set out on page 92 of the annual report.

Plant and Equipment

Details of the movements in the plant and equipment of the Group and of the Company during the year are set out in note 13 to the consolidated financial statements.

Share Capital

Details of movements in the share capital of the Company during the year are set out in note 24 to the consolidated financial statements.

Report of the Directors

Share Option Scheme

The Company conditionally adopted a Share Option Scheme by a resolution of all shareholders of the Company on 7 July 2002. The Share Option Scheme is to enable the Group to grant options to selected participants as incentives or rewards for their contribution to the Group.

The maximum total number of H shares which may be issued upon exercise of all outstanding options granted and yet to be exercised under the Share Option Scheme and any other share option scheme of the Group must not in aggregate exceed 30 percent of the H shares in issue from time to time. The total number of H shares which may be issued upon exercise of all options to be granted under the Share Option Scheme and any other share option scheme of the Group must not in aggregate exceed 13,200,000 H shares, being 10 percent of issued H shares. The total number of H shares issued and which may fall to be issued upon exercise of the options granted or to be granted under the Share Option Scheme and any other share option scheme of the Group to each grantee in any 12-month period up to the date of grant shall not exceed one percent of the H shares in issue for the time being ("Individual Limit"). Any further grant of options in excess of the Individual Limit in any 12-month period up to and including the date of such further grant shall be subject to the issue of a circular to the shareholders and the shareholders' approval in general meeting of the Company with such grantee and his associates abstaining from voting.

An option may be accepted by a participant within 21 days from the date of grant of the option. No eligible participants who are PRC nationals and have taken up any options to subscribe for H shares shall be entitled to exercise any such options until the current restrictions imposed by the relevant PRC laws and regulations restricting PRC nationals from subscribing for and dealing in H shares or any laws or regulations with similar effects (the "H Shares Restrictions") have been abolished or removed. Options may be exercised in accordance with the terms of the Share Option Scheme at any time during a period to be determined and notified by the Directors to each grantee, which period may commence on a day after the date upon which the offer for the grant of options is made but shall end in any event not later than 10 years from the date of grant of the option subject to the provisions for early termination thereof. The subscription price for H shares under the Share Option Scheme shall be a price determined by the Directors, but shall not be less than the highest of (aa) the closing price of the H shares on GEM as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations on the date of the offer of grant, which must be a business day; (bb) the average closing price of the H shares on GEM as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations for the five trading days immediately preceding the date of the offer of grant; and (cc) the nominal value of the H shares.

The Share Option Scheme of the Company has become invalid on 6 July 2012.

During the period from 1 January 2012 to 6 July 2012, none of the Directors or supervisors was granted options to subscribe for H shares of the Company. As at 6 July 2012, none of the Directors or the supervisors had any rights to acquire H shares in the Company.

Reserves

Details of movements in the reserves of the Group and of the Company during the year are set out on page 33 and in note 33 to the consolidated financial statements.

RETIREMENT BENEFITS

Details of the retirement benefit scheme of the Group are set out in note 27 to the consolidated financial statements.

Report of the Directors

DIRECTORS AND SUPERVISORS

The directors and supervisors of the Company during the year and up to the date of this report were:

Executive Directors

Mr. Li Zhan (*Chairman*)
Mr. Mo Zhenxi (*Vice Chairman*)
Mr. Wu Hanyuan (*Vice Chairman*)
Mr. Du Songning
Mr. Wang Yiming (Chief Executive Officer)
Mr. Qiao Jin

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. Yuan Shumin
Dr. Cao Guo Qi
Dr. Chan Yan Chong

Supervisors

Mr. Chen Minglong
Mr. Yao Benqiang
Mr. Yu Jiming
Ms. Qin Yan
Ms. Huang Hua

According to the provisions of the Articles of Association of the Company, the terms of service of all the Directors and the Supervisors are three years. All Directors and the Supervisors (except the representative of the employees) are subject to re-election at a general meeting upon the expiration of their terms of service.

Directors' and Supervisors' Service Contracts

The Company did not enter into any service contract with its executive Directors and independent non-executive Directors and each of the executive Directors, independent non-executive Directors and Supervisors, except Mr. Wang Yiming ("Mr. Wang") disclosed below.

Pursuant to the articles of association of the Company, Mr. Wang is appointed as an executive Director for a term of three years commencing from 30 September 2010. Mr. Wang will not receive any remuneration as an executive Director. However, Mr. Wang has entered into a service contract with the Company for the position of chief executive officer of the Company and he is entitled to an annual salary and a discretionary bonus determined by reference to the overall performance of the Group.

Report of the Directors

Directors', Supervisors' and Senior Executives' Emoluments

Details of the Directors', Supervisors' and senior executives' emoluments and the highest paid individuals are set out in note 8 to the consolidated financial statements.

Disclosure of Change In Information on Directors

Under Rule 17.50A(1) of the GEM Listing Rules, the information of Directors of the Company have been changed. Mr. Wu Hanyuan, an executive Director of the Company, is appointed as the Vice Chairman for a period of three years, effective from 15 May 2012.

Directors', Supervisors' and Chief Executives' Interests and Short Positions in Shares, Underlying Shares and Debentures

As at 31 December 2012, the interests and short positions of the Directors, the Supervisors (as if the requirements applicable to the Directors under the Securities and Futures Ordinance ("SFO") had applied to the Supervisors) or chief executives of the Company in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company and its associated corporation (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) as recorded in the register required to be kept under section 352 of the SFO, or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the required standard of dealings by directors of listed issuers as referred to in Rule 5.46 of the GEM Listing Rules were as follows:

Name of Directors	The Company/ name of subsidiary	Capacity and nature	Number and class of securities (Note 1)	Approximate percentage in the issued share capital of the Company/ subsidiary
Wang Yiming	Company	Beneficial owner	9,840,000 domestic shares (L)	2.05%
	Shanghai Huikang Information Technology Company Limited (Note 2)	Beneficial owner	100,000 shares (L)	1.75%

Notes:

- The letter "L" represents the interests in the shares and underlying shares of the Company or its associated corporations.
- Shanghai Huikang Information Technology Company Limited is one of the subsidiaries of the Company.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2012, none of the Directors, Supervisors or chief executives of the Company had any interests or short positions in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) which were recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 352 of the SFO, or which were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the required standard of dealings by directors of listed issuers as referred to in Rule 5.46 of the GEM Listing Rules.

Report of the Directors

Directors', Supervisors' and Chief Executives' Rights to Acquire Shares or Debentures

At no time during the year were rights to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in or debentures of the Company granted to any Director, supervisor and chief executives of the Company or their respective spouse or minor children, or were any such rights exercised by them; or was the Company, or any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangement to enable the Directors to acquire such rights in any other body corporate.

Substantial Shareholders' and Other Persons' Interests and Short Position in Shares and Underlying Shares in the Company

A. Substantial shareholders

As at 31 December 2012, the following shareholders (other than the Directors and the Supervisors (as if the requirements applicable to the Directors under the SFO had applied to the Supervisors) of the Company) had an interest or a short position in the Shares and underlying shares in the Company as recorded in the register required to be kept under section 336 of the SFO and were directly or indirectly interested in 10 percent or more of the Shares:

Name of shareholders	Capacity and nature	Number and class of shares (Note 1)	Approximate percentage of interest
Shanghai Jiao Tong University	Interest of a Controlled corporation (Note 2)	114,000,000 domestic shares (L)	23.75%
Shanghai Jiaoda Industrial Investment Management (Group) Limited	Interest of a Controlled corporation (Note 2)	114,000,000 domestic shares (L)	23.75%
Shanghai Jiaoda Science and Technology Park Limited	Beneficial owner	114,000,000 domestic shares (L)	23.75%
Shanghai Xin Xuhui (Group) Limited	Beneficial owner	60,000,000 domestic shares (L)	12.50%
Xuhui District Industrial Association	Interest of a Controlled corporation (Note 3)	60,000,000 domestic shares (L)	12.50%
Shanghai Huixin Investment Operation Company Limited	Beneficial owner	57,000,000 domestic shares (L)	11.88%
Shanghai Technology Investment Company	Beneficial owner	57,000,000 domestic shares (L)	11.88%

Report of the Directors

Notes:

1. The letter “L” represents the entity’s interest in the shares of the Company.
2. These 114,000,000 domestic shares are registered and owned by Shanghai Jiaoda Science and Technology Park Limited (“Jiaoda S&T Park”). The major shareholder of Jiaoda S&T Park is Shanghai Jiaoda Industrial Investment Management (Group) Limited (“Jiaoda Industrial”) which owns 55.42% of registered capital in Jiaoda S&T Park. Shareholders of Jiaoda Industrial are Shanghai Jiao Tong University (96.735%) and Shanghai Jiaoda Enterprise Management Centre (3.265%), an entity wholly-owned by Shanghai Jiao Tong University. Both Jiaoda Industrial and Shanghai Jiao Tong University are deemed to be interested in the aggregate of 114,000,000 domestic shares held by Jiaoda S&T Park under the SFO.
3. These 60,000,000 domestic shares are registered and owned by Shanghai Xin Xuhui (Group) Limited, the registered capital of which will be owned as to approximately 74.58% by Xuhui District Industrial Association after the completion of certain capital reorganisation as referred to in the Prospectus. Xuhui District Industrial Association is deemed to be interested in the 60,000,000 domestic shares held by Shanghai Xin Xuhui (Group) Limited under the SFO.

B. Other persons who are required to disclose their interests pursuant to Division 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO

As at 31 December 2012, save for the persons/entities disclosed in sub-section A above, the following persons/entities had an interest or a short position in the shares and underlying shares of the Company as recorded in the register required to be kept under section 336 of the SFO:

Name of shareholder	Capacity and nature	Number and class of shares (Note)	Approximate percentage of interest
Chen Jianbo	Beneficial owner	24,300,000 domestic shares (L)	5.06%

Note: The letter “L” represents the entity’s interest in the shares of the Company.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2012, the Directors are not aware of any other person (other than the Directors or chief executive of the Company) who has interests or short positions in the shares or underlying shares of the Company which would fall to be disclosed to the Company and the Stock Exchange under the provision of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO or which were recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under section 336 of the SFO.

Board Practices and Procedures

Throughout the year ended 31 December 2012, the Company was in compliance with the Board Practices and Procedures as set out in Rule 5.34 of the GEM Listing Rules.

Report of the Directors

CONNECTED TRANSACTION

Licence Agreement

On 1 September 2011, the Company, as licensee, has entered into a licence agreement (the "Licence Agreement") with 上海交通大學資產管理處 (unofficial translation being Shanghai Jiao Tong University Asset Management Office) ("Jiaoda Management"), the asset management office of Shanghai Jiao Tong University ("SJTU"), as licensor, a connected person of the Company, for use of the Premises.

Jiaoda Management is the management office of SJTU, a renowned tertiary education institution in the PRC. SJTU is an indirect holding company of a substantial shareholder of the Company, Shanghai Jiaoda Science and Technology Park Company Limited, which holds 23.75% of the total registered capital of the Company as at the date of this report. As at the date of this report, Shanghai Jiaoda Science and Technology Park Company Limited is owned as to 55.42% by Shanghai Jiaoda Industrial Investment Management (Group) Limited, which is in turn wholly beneficially owned by SJTU. Accordingly, Jiaoda Management is a connected person of the Company under the GEM Listing Rules by virtue of being an associate of Shanghai Jiaoda Science and Technology Park Company Limited, which is a substantial shareholder of the Company. Therefore, the Licence Agreement constitutes a continuing connected transaction for the Company under the Chapter 20 of the GEM Listing Rules.

The term of the Licence Agreement is three years, from 1 September 2011 to 31 August 2014 (both days inclusive) and the annual licence fees are RMB1,693,965 (exclusive of property management fees, water, electricity, internet network and other miscellaneous charges) for the period from 1 September 2011 to 31 August 2012 and the annual licence fees are RMB1,693,965 (exclusive of property management fees, water, electricity, internet network and other miscellaneous charges) for the period from 1 September 2012 to 31 August 2013. The annual licence fees are RMB1,693,965 (exclusive of property management fees, water, electricity, internet network and other miscellaneous charges) for the period from 1 September 2013 to 31 August 2014. Details of the terms of the Licence Agreement including but not limited to maximum aggregate annual value has been disclosed in the Company's announcement dated 31 August 2011.

The Licence Agreement was entered into by both parties after arm's length negotiations having regard to the prevailing conditions of the rental market of properties of similar size and area and in similar location. The Premises provide a suitable premise to be used by the Company as office.

In view of the above, the Directors (including independent non-executive Directors) of the Company are of the opinion that the terms (including the annual licence fees) of the Licence Agreement are on normal commercial terms that are fair and reasonable and in the interests of the Company and its shareholders as a whole. In addition, the terms of the Licence Agreement are no less favourable to the Company than terms available from independent third parties.

Details of related party transactions are set out in note 32 to the consolidated financial statements.

Directors' Interests in Contracts

Save as disclosed in the annual report, no contracts of significance to which the Company, its holding company or any of its subsidiaries was a party and in which a director of the Company had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

Report of the Directors

Closure of Register of Members

The register of members of the Company will be closed from 17 May 2013 to 18 June 2013 (both days inclusive), during which no transfer of shares will be effected. The holders of shares whose name appears on the register of members of the Company at 4:00 p.m. on 16 May 2013 will be entitled to attend and vote at the AGM. In order to qualify for attendance at the above meeting, instruments of transfer accompanied by share certificates and other appropriate documents must be lodged with the Company's H share registrar, Union Registrars Limited at 18th Floor, Fook Lee Commercial Centre, Town Place, 33 Lockhart Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong, not later than 4:00 p.m. on 16 May 2013.

Purchase, Sale or Redemption of Securities

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed any listed securities of the Company during the year ended 31 December 2012.

Competing Interests

None of the Directors or the management shareholders of the Company (as defined in the GEM Listing Rules) had any interest in a business which competes or may compete with the business of the Company.

Public Float

As far as the information publicly available to the Company is concerned and to the best knowledge of the Directors, at least 25% of the Company's issued share capital were held by the public as at the date of the annual report.

Audit Committee

The Company established an audit committee on 7 July 2002 with written terms of reference. The audit committee comprises the three independent non-executive Directors, Mr. Yuan Shumin, Dr. Cao Guo Qi and Dr. Chan Yan Chong.

The Company's consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2012 have been reviewed by the audit committee, who recommended such statements to the Board. The financial reporting process and internal control of the Company have also been reviewed by the audit committee, who were of the opinion that no further improvement was required for the time being. During the year, the audit committee has held four formal meetings.

Auditor

SHINEWING (HK) CPA Limited will retire and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-appointment as auditor of the Group at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company.

On behalf of the Board

Li Zhan
Chairman

Shanghai, the PRC, 21 March 2013

Report of the Supervisory Committee

To All Shareholders,

Shanghai Jiaoda Withub Information Industrial Company Limited has complied with the Company Law of the PRC during the year ended 31 December 2012, requirements of the relevant laws and regulations of Hong Kong and the Articles of Association of the Company, exercised conscientiously its authority, safeguarded the interests of the shareholders and the Company, followed the principles of honesty and trustworthiness and worked cautiously and diligently.

During the year we carefully reviewed the use of the proceeds raised in strict compliance with the plan of use of proceeds disclosed in the prospectus of the Company dated 25 July 2002 for the listing of the Company's H shares on the Growth Enterprise Market of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited. We provided reasonable suggestions and advice on the operations and development plans to the Board and strictly and effectively monitored whether the policies and decisions made had conformed with the state laws and regulations and the Articles of Association of the Company or safeguarded the interests of shareholders.

After investigation, we consider that the financial statements of the Group and of the Company, audited by SHINEWING (HK) CPA Limited, truly and sufficiently reflect the operating results of the Group and asset positions of the Group and of the Company. We also reviewed the Report of the Directors and profit distribution proposal. We consider that the aforesaid report and proposal meet the requirements of the relevant regulations and articles of the Company. We have attended the meeting of the Board. We consider that the members of the Board, the general manager and other officers have strictly complied with the principles of honesty and trustworthiness, worked diligently and sincerely acted in the best interests of the Group. None of the Directors, the general manager and the officers have abused their authorities, caused damage to the interests of the Group and infringed upon the interests of the Group and its staff, nor have they violated any laws, regulations or the Company's Articles of Association.

We are satisfied with the various tasks achieved as well as the cost-effectiveness gained in 2012 and are confident about the prospects and future development of the Group.

On behalf of the Supervisory Committee

Chen Minglong

Chairman of the Supervisory Committee

Shanghai, the PRC, 21 March 2013

Report of Corporate Governance

The Group has complied with most of the code provisions on Corporate Governance Practices as set out in the GEM Listing Rules ("CG Code") other than the deviations as disclosed in this report.

CODE OF CONDUCT REGARDING SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS BY THE DIRECTORS

The Company had adopted a code of conduct regarding securities transactions by the Directors on terms no less exacting than the standard of dealings is Rules 5.48 to 5.67 of the GEM Listing Rules. The Company had made specific enquiry of all Directors and the Company was not aware of any non-compliance with the Stock Exchange's required standard of dealings and its code of conduct securities transactions by the Directors during the year.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The Board comprises nine Directors, of whom six are executive Directors and three are independent non-executive Directors. Details of backgrounds and qualifications of the chairman of the Company and the other Directors are set out in the pages 8 to 10 of the annual report. The participation of independent non-executive Directors in the Board brings independent judgement on issues relating to the Group's strategy, performance, conflicts of interest and management process to ensure that the interests of all shareholders of the Company have been duly considered.

The Company did not enter into any service contract with its executive Directors and independent non-executive Directors except for Mr. Wang Yiming's chief executive officer service contract, which has been discussed in the aforesaid section headed "Directors' and Supervisors' Service Contracts". However, according to article 96 of the Articles of Association of the Company, the terms of the Directors shall be three years. Upon the expiry of the term, the Directors shall be eligible for re-election at the shareholders' general meeting of the Company. Therefore, the terms of Mr. Li Zhan, Mr. Mo Zhenxi, Mr. Wu Hanyuan and Mr. Du Songning all are executive Directors are commencing from 7 July 2011 to 6 July 2014. The terms of Mr. Wang Yiming, executive Director and Mr. Yuan Shumin, independent non-executive Director, are commencing from 30 September 2010 to 29 September 2013 and 22 June 2010 to 21 June 2013 respectively, the terms of Mr. Qiao Jin, an executive Directors, is commencing from 18 May 2010 to 17 May 2016. the terms of Dr. Cao Guo Qi and Dr. Chan Yan Chong, independent non-executive Directors, are commencing from 7 July 2012 to 6 July 2015 respectively.

The Board considers that all of the independent non-executive Directors are independent as to the Company has received from each of them the annual confirmation of independence required by the GEM Listing Rules.

The Board is responsible for the leadership and control of the Company and also approve business plans, evaluate the performance of the Group and oversight of management. The Board also focuses on overall strategies and policies with particular attention paid to the growth and financial performance of the Group.

The Board delegates day-to-day operations of the Group to executive Directors and senior management, while reserving certain key matters for its approval. When the Board delegates aspects of its management and administration functions to the Management, it has given clear directions as to the powers of the Management, in particular, with respect to the circumstances where the Management shall report back and obtain prior approval from the Board before making decisions or entering into any commitments on behalf of the Company.

Report of Corporate Governance

The Board held four regular board meetings during the year ended 31 December 2012. Details of the attendance of the Board are as follows:

Board Meetings	Number of Attendance
Executive Directors	
Mr. Li Zhan (<i>Chairman</i>)	4/4
Mr. Mo Zhenxi (<i>Vice Chairman</i>)	4/4
Mr. Wu Hanyuan (<i>Vice Chairman</i>)	4/4
Mr. Du Songning	4/4
Mr. Wang Yiming (<i>Chief Executive Officer</i>)	4/4
Mr. Qiao Jin	4/4
Independent Non-executive Directors	
Mr. Yuan Shumin	4/4
Dr. Cao Guo Qi	4/4
Dr. Chan Yan Chong	4/4

The Directors will receive details of agenda items for decision and minutes of committee meetings in advance of each board meeting.

During the year ended 31 December 2012, the Company held one Annual General Meeting on 18 June 2012, being 2011 Annual General Meeting of the Company (the "2011 AGM").

2011 Annual General Meeting	Number of Attendance
Executive Directors	
Mr. Li Zhan (<i>Chairman</i>)	1/1
Mr. Mo Zhenxi (<i>Vice Chairman</i>)	1/1
Mr. Wu Hanyuan (<i>Vice Chairman</i>)	1/1
Mr. Du Songning	1/1
Mr. Wang Yiming (<i>Chief Executive Officer</i>)	1/1
Mr. Qiao Jin	1/1
Independent Non-executive Directors	
Mr. Yuan Shumin	1/1
Dr. Cao Guo Qi	0/1
Dr. Chan Yan Chong	0/1

DIRECTORS' TRAINING

According to the code provision A.6.5 of the CG Code, all directors shall participate in a programme of continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills to ensure that their contribution to the board remains informed and relevant. The Company shall be responsible for arranging and funding training, and place appropriate emphasis on the roles, functions and duties of the Directors.

Report of Corporate Governance

During the year and up to the date of this report, the Company had arranged to provide all Directors with the “Guidelines for Directors” and the “Guide for Independent Non-executive Directors” both issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Directors. Each of the Directors had noted and studied the above mentioned guidelines and the Company had received from each of the Directors the confirmations on taking continuous professional training.

CHAIRMAN AND THE CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

In order to maintain the transparency and independence of the corporate governance, the Chairman of the Company is Mr. Li Zhan, the Vice-chairmen of the Company is Mr. Mo Zhenxi and Mr. Wu Hanyu, and the Chief Executive Officer of the Company is Mr. Wang Yiming. The roles of the Chairman, Vice-Chairman and the Chief Executive Officer are segregated and assumed by those separate individuals who have no relationship with each other to strike a balance of power and authority so that the job responsibilities are not concentrated on any one individual. The Chairman of the Board is responsible for the leadership and effective running of the Board, the Vice-chairmen are responsible for the overall business planning of the Group, while the Chief Executive Officer is delegated with the authorities to manage the business of the Group in all aspects effectively. The division of responsibilities between the Chairman, Vice-chairmen and the Chief Executive Officer have been clearly established and set out in writing.

In compliance with the Rules 5.05(1) and 5.05A of the Listing Rules, there are three Independent Non-executive Directors representing one-third of the Board. Among the three Independent Non-executive Directors, one of them has appropriate professional qualifications in accounting or relevant financial management expertise as required by the Rule 5.05(2) of the Listing Rules. The Independent Non-executive Directors bring independent judgment on issues of strategy, performance and risk. The Company has received from each of the Independent Non-executive Directors written confirmations of their independence pursuant to the Rule 5.09 of the Listing Rules. Based upon the said confirmations, the Board considers that all the Independent Non-executive Directors are independents.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Audit Committee was established on 7 July 2002 with written terms of reference. The financial reporting process and internal control of the Company have also been reviewed by the Audit Committee, which were of the opinion that no further improvement was required for the time being.

The Audit Committee comprises three independent non-executive Directors, Mr. Yuan Shumin (Chairman), Dr. Cao Guo Qi and Dr. Chan Yan Chong.

The Audit Committee held four meetings during the year. Number of attendance of the Audit Committee meetings during the year ended 31 December 2012 are as follows:

Meetings of Audit Committee	Number of Attendance
Mr. Yuan Shumin (<i>Chairman</i>)	4/4
Dr. Cao Guo Qi	4/4
Dr. Chan Yan Chong	4/4

Report of Corporate Governance

The Group's unaudited quarterly and interim results and audited annual results during the year ended 31 December 2012 have been reviewed by the Audit Committee, which was of the opinion that the preparation of such results complied with the applicable accounting standards and requirements and that adequate disclosures have been made.

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

The Remuneration Committee was established on 7 July 2005 with written terms of reference and comprising three independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Yuan Shumin (Chairman), Dr. Cao Guo Qi and Dr. Chan Yan Chong.

The role and function of the Remuneration Committee included the determination of the remuneration package of all Directors and senior management of the Company. The principal elements of the remuneration package may include basic salary, discretionary bonus and share option. The determined guidelines are based on their skill, knowledge and involvement in the Company's affairs and which are determined by reference to the Company's performance and profitability, as well as remuneration benchmark in the industry and the prevailing market conditions.

The Remuneration Committee consults the Chairman and Chief Executive Officer about its proposals related to the remuneration of the Directors and senior management of the Company. The Remuneration Committee met one during the year. The following was the number of attendance of the Remuneration Committee meeting for the year ended 31 December 2012:

Meetings of Remuneration Committee	Number of Attendance
Mr. Yuan Shumin (<i>Chairman</i>)	1/1
Dr. Cao Guo Qi	1/1
Dr. Chan Yan Chong	1/1

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

On 20 March 2012, the Company established the Nomination Committee (the "Nomination Committee") with clear written terms of reference as to its authority and duties. The Nomination Committee consists of three Directors and is chaired by Mr. Li Zhan, the Chairman of Board. The Nomination Committee comprises three members, namely, Mr. Li Zhan, Mr. Yuan Shumin and Dr. Cao Guo Qi, the majority of them are the Independent Non-executive Directors.

The Nomination Committee is responsible for electing and recommending candidates for directorship, based on assessment of their professional qualifications and experience and also for assessing the independence of each Independent Non-executive Director.

During the year ended 31 December 2012, no Nomination Committee meeting was held as it was duly constituted in March 2012.

Report of Corporate Governance

Corporate Governance Functions

The terms of reference on corporate governance functions was adopted by the Board on 20 March 2012. The Board is responsible for performing the corporate governance functions to develop and review the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance and make recommendations; to review and monitor the training and continuous professional development of Directors and senior management; to review and monitor the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements; to develop, review and monitor the code of conduct and compliance manual (if any) applicable to employees and Directors; and to review the Company's compliance with the "Corporate Governance Code and Corporate Governance Report" as set out in Appendix 15 of the GEM Listing Rules and disclosure in the Corporate Governance Report contained in the annual report of the Company.

AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

An amount of HK\$420,000 was charged to the Group's consolidated statement for the year ended 31 December 2012 for the auditing services provided by SHINEWING (HK) CPA Limited ("SHINEWING"), the existing auditors of the Company. During the year, the amount charged in respect of non-auditing services provided by SHINEWING was HK\$10,000.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY FOR FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Annual Report and Financial Statements

The Directors acknowledge their responsibility to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group and in presenting the quarterly and annual financial statements, and announcements to shareholders, the Directors aim to present a balanced and understandable assessment of the Group position and prospects.

Accounting Period

The Directors consider that in preparing the financial statements, the Group uses appropriate accounting policies that are consistently applied, and that all applicable accounting standards are followed.

Accounting Records

The Directors are responsible for ensuring that the Group keeps accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy the financial position of the Group and which enable the preparation of financial statements in accordance with the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and the applicable accounting standards.

Going Concern

The Directors, having made appropriate enquiries, consider that the Group has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future and that, for this reason, is appropriate to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

Report of Corporate Governance

Internal Controls

Internal control system, being an integral part of the Group's operations, is a process effected by the Board and management team to provide reasonable assurance on the effectiveness and efficiency of operations in achieving the established corporate objectives, safeguarding Group assets, providing reliable financial reporting, and complying with applicable laws and regulations.

The Board is responsible to ensure that the Company maintains a sound and effective internal controls and risk management procedures in the Group and for reviewing its effectiveness through the Audit Committee on an on-going basis. The Board is responsible to ensure management's implementation of the Group's internal controls covering financial, operational and compliance aspects, as well as risk management procedures. Through the Audit Committee, the Board has regularly reviewed the effectiveness of risk management and internal control activities within the Group's business operations.

THE COMPANY SECRETARY

After entering into the service contracts by the Company and the external service providers, Ms. HO Wing Yan ("Ms. HO") has been appointed as the Company Secretary of the Company. Mr Wang Yiming, our executive director, is the main contact person of Ms Ho at the Company when she fulfills her duties.

As the Company Secretary, Ms. HO supports the Board to ensure a smooth exchange of information within the members of the Board and that the policies and procedures of the Board are followed. She is responsible for advising the Board on corporate governance matters and making arrangements for the directors' induction training and ongoing training as well as professional development.

Ms. HO is an associate member of The Institute of Chartered Secretaries and Administrators and The Hong Kong Institute of Chartered Secretaries. Ms. HO constantly pursues continuing education courses relating to the certificates of corporate governance. She has extensive experience in acting as the company secretary of a listed company and is awarded practitioners professional accreditation by the Hong Kong Institute of Chartered Secretaries. According to Rule 5.15 of the Listing Rules, Ms. HO has attended more than 15 hours of relevant professional training during the year.

SHAREHOLDER'S RIGHTS

The Convening of an Extraordinary General Meeting

Pursuant to the Article 80 of the Articles of Association of the Company, Shareholders who request the convening of an extraordinary general meeting or a class meeting of shareholders shall do so in accordance with the following procedures:

- (1) Two (2) or more shareholders with an aggregate of more than 10% (including 10%) of shares with voting rights at the meeting to be convened may sign one or several written requests in the same format and with the same contents to the board of directors to convene an extraordinary general meeting or class meeting of shareholders and which shall also specify the meeting's agenda. After receiving the aforesaid written request, the board of directors shall promptly convene an extraordinary general meeting or class meeting of shareholders of shareholders. The aforesaid number of shares held by shareholders shall be calculated as at the date of the written request.

Report of Corporate Governance

- (2) If the Board fails to issue notice for convening a meeting within thirty (30) days after receiving the aforesaid written request, the shareholders who raised the request may convene the meeting within four (4) months after the Board received that request. The procedures for convening such a meeting shall be, as much as possible, the same as the procedures for convening a general meeting by the Board.

In the case of shareholders organizing the convening of a meeting as a result of the failure of the Board to convene a meeting as requested above, reasonable expenses incurred on the meeting shall be borne by the Company and shall be deducted from the bank funds of those directors who were negligent in the performance of their duties.

Putting enquiries to the Board

To ensure effective communication between the Board and the Shareholders, the Company has adopted a shareholders' communication policy (the "Policy") on 20 March 2012. Under the Policy, the Company's information shall be communicated to the Shareholders mainly through general meetings, including annual general meetings, the Company's financial reports (interim reports and annual reports), and its corporate communications and other corporate publications on the Company's website and the Stock Exchange's website. Shareholders may at any time make a request for the Company's information to the extent such information is publicly available. Any such questions shall be first directed to the Company Secretary at the Company's head office and principal place of business in Hong Kong.

Putting forward a proposal at a general meeting

Pursuant to the Article 61 of the Articles of Association of the Company, the Board of Directors, the Supervisory Committee and the Shareholder(s) individually or aggregately holding more than 3% of the Shares of the Company may put forward written additional proposals to the shareholders' general meeting. The contents of such additional proposals shall fall within the scope of the shareholder's general meeting and such proposals shall have clear and specific topics for discussion and comply with the relevant provisions of the laws, administrative regulations and the Articles of Association. The proposals shall be served to the Company within thirty (30) days from the issuance of the notice convening the meeting. The person convening such meeting shall give an additional notice in relation to the addition proposals within two (2) days upon receipt of the same. Save for the circumstances mentioned in the preceding paragraphs, no amendment to the proposals or additional proposals shall not be made after the notice of convening a general meeting is delivered. No proposal which has not been set out in the notice of the general meeting or not in compliance with the requirement under the second paragraph of this Article shall be considered and decided at the general meeting.

INVESTOR RELATIONS

The Company continues to pursue a proactive policy in promoting communications with the investors. The Board also recognized that effective communication with investors is the key to establish investor confidence and to attract new investors.

The Company communicates with its investors through the publication of annual and interim reports, press announcements and releases and also the Company's website at <http://www.withub.com.cn:81/index.jsp>. The Group regularly releases corporate information such as awards received, and the latest news of the Group's developments on the Company's website. The public are welcome to give their comments and make their enquiries through the Company's website, and the management will give their prompt response.

Independent Auditor's Report



SHINEWING (HK) CPA Limited
43/F., The Lee Gardens
33 Hysan Avenue
Causeway Bay, Hong Kong

**TO THE MEMBERS OF
SHANGHAI JIAODA WITHUB INFORMATION INDUSTRIAL COMPANY LIMITED**

上海交大慧谷信息產業股份有限公司

(incorporated in the People's Republic of China with limited liability)

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Shanghai Jiaoda Withub Information Industrial Company Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") set out on pages 31 to 91, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2012, the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Directors' responsibility for the consolidated financial statements

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit and to report our opinion solely to you, as a body, in accordance with our agreed terms of engagement, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

Independent Auditor's Report

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group as at 31 December 2012 and of its loss and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards and have been properly prepared in accordance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

SHINEWING (HK) CPA Limited

Certified Public Accountants

Chong Kwok Shing

Practising Certificate Number: P05139

Hong Kong

21 March 2013

Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income

For the year ended 31 December 2012

	NOTES	2012 RMB'000	2011 RMB'000
Turnover	5	100,336	98,089
Cost of sales		(85,509)	(82,420)
Gross profit		14,827	15,669
Other revenue	7	2,984	3,154
Distribution expenses		(5,736)	(6,581)
Administrative expenses		(12,933)	(11,129)
Share of (loss) profit of associates	14	(2,078)	167
(Loss) profit before tax		(2,936)	1,280
Income tax expense	9	-	-
(Loss) profit for the year	10	(2,936)	1,280
Other comprehensive income			
Exchange difference arising on translation		123	253
Total comprehensive (expense) income for the year		(2,813)	1,533
(Loss) profit for the year attributable to:			
Owners of the Company		(2,933)	1,283
Non-controlling interests		(3)	(3)
		(2,936)	1,280
Total comprehensive (expense) income for the year attributable to:			
Owners of the Company		(2,810)	1,536
Non-controlling interests		(3)	(3)
		(2,813)	1,533
(Loss) earnings per share (in RMB)			
Basic and diluted	12	(0.0061)	0.0027

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

As at 31 December 2012

	NOTES	2012 RMB'000	2011 RMB'000
Non-current assets			
Plant and equipment	13	269	359
Interests in associates	14	7,627	10,025
Intangible assets	15	4,969	3,748
Available-for-sale investments	16	2,416	2,416
Pledged bank deposit	21	450	450
		15,731	16,998
Current assets			
Inventories	17	7,152	4,572
Amounts due from customers for contract works	18	8,034	6,202
Trade receivables	19	11,776	17,219
Deposits, prepayments and other receivables	20	7,634	13,311
Amounts due from associates	32	973	191
Amount due from a shareholder	32	200	700
Pledged bank deposits	21	-	64
Bank balances and cash	21	58,450	60,101
		94,219	102,360
Current liabilities			
Trade payables	22	6,714	7,814
Other payables and accrued expenses	23	18,551	25,375
Amount due to a shareholder	32	1,212	365
Amount due to a related party	32	664	542
		27,141	34,096
Net current assets		67,078	68,264
Total assets less current liabilities		82,809	85,262
Non-current liability			
Deferred income	25	2,160	1,800
Net assets		80,649	83,462
Capital and reserves			
Share capital	24	48,000	48,000
Reserves		32,658	35,468
Equity attributable to owners of the Company		80,658	83,468
Non-controlling interests		(9)	(6)
Total equity		80,649	83,462

The consolidated financial statements on pages 31 to 91 were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 21 March 2013 and are signed on its behalf by:

Li Zhan
Director

Wang Yiming
Director

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

For the year ended 31 December 2012

	Attributable to owners of the Company						Total	Non-controlling interests	Total
	Share capital	Share premium	Capital reserve	Statutory reserves	Translation reserve	Accumulated losses			
	RMB'000	RMB'000	(note 33b(i)) RMB'000	(note 33b(ii)) RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
At 1 January 2011	48,000	61,068	16,000	223	439	(43,798)	81,932	(3)	81,929
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	-	1,283	1,283	(3)	1,280
Other comprehensive income for the year									
- Exchange difference arising on translation	-	-	-	-	253	-	253	-	253
Total comprehensive income (expense) for the year	-	-	-	-	253	1,283	1,536	(3)	1,533
At 31 December 2011 and 1 January 2012	48,000	61,068	16,000	223	692	(42,515)	83,468	(6)	83,462
Loss for the year	-	-	-	-	-	(2,933)	(2,933)	(3)	(2,936)
Other comprehensive income for the year									
- Exchange difference arising on translation	-	-	-	-	123	-	123	-	123
Total comprehensive income (expense) for the year	-	-	-	-	123	(2,933)	(2,810)	(3)	(2,813)
At 31 December 2012	48,000	61,068	16,000	223	815	(45,448)	80,658	(9)	80,649

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended 31 December 2012

	2012 RMB'000	2011 RMB'000
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
(Loss) profit before tax	(2,936)	1,280
Adjustments for:		
Amortisation of intangible assets	659	300
Allowance for inventories	890	207
Depreciation of plant and equipment	111	935
Dividend income from an available-for-sale investment	(390)	-
Government grants	(540)	(850)
Impairment losses recognised in respect of trade receivables	2,107	99
Interest income	(1,520)	(1,033)
Loss on disposals of plant and equipment	-	8
Reversal of allowance for inventories	(1,076)	-
Reversal of impairment loss recognised in respect of other receivables	-	(245)
Reversal of impairment losses recognised in respect of trade receivables	(423)	(863)
Share of loss (profit) of associates	2,078	(167)
Operating cash flows before movements in working capital	(1,040)	(329)
Increase in inventories	(2,394)	(1,598)
Increase in amounts due from customers for contract works	(1,832)	(603)
Decrease (increase) in trade receivables	3,750	(177)
Decrease (increase) in deposits, prepayments and other receivables	5,677	(3,472)
Decrease (increase) in amount due from a shareholder	500	(700)
Decrease in trade payables	(1,100)	(630)
(Decrease) increase in other payables and accrued expenses	(6,824)	7,039
NET CASH USED IN OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(3,263)	(470)

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows (Continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2012

	2012 RMB'000	2011 RMB'000 (Restated)
INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Interest received	1,520	1,033
Receipt of government grant	900	150
Dividend received from an available-for-sale investment	390	-
Dividend received from an associate	320	180
Proceeds from disposals of plant and equipment	1	4
Purchase of plant and equipment	(22)	(22)
(Advances to) repayment from associates	(782)	964
Development costs incurred	(1,880)	(1,798)
Placement of time deposits with original maturity of more than three months	(26,588)	(13,983)
Withdrawal of time deposits with original maturity of more than 3 months	17,114	5,150
Placement of pledged bank deposit	-	(514)
Withdrawal of pledged bank deposit	64	-
NET CASH USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(8,963)	(8,836)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Advance from a shareholder	847	-
Advance from a related party	122	532
NET CASH FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	969	532
NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(11,257)	(8,774)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT 1 JANUARY	32,878	41,334
EFFECT OF FOREIGN EXCHANGE RATE CHANGES	132	318
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT 31 DECEMBER, represented by bank balances and cash (note 21)	21,753	32,878

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2012

1. GENERAL

Shanghai Jiaoda Withub Information Industrial Company Limited (the “Company”) was incorporated on 4 May 1998 as a joint stock limited liability company in Shanghai, the People’s Republic of China (the “PRC”). The Company was listed on the Growth Enterprises Market (the “GEM”) of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the “Stock Exchange”) on 31 July 2002 by the placing of 132,000,000 overseas listed foreign shares (“H shares”) of Renminbi (“RMB”)0.10 each at Hong Kong Dollar (“HKD”)0.66 per H share. The placing of 132,000,000 H shares included 120,000,000 new H shares and 12,000,000 H shares converted from domestic shares of the Company.

The address of the registered office of the Company is 2/F, Block 7, 471 Gui Ping Road, Shanghai, PRC and its principal place of business is Building A, Shanghai Jiaoda Withub Information Park, No. 951 Panyu Road, Shanghai, PRC.

The consolidated financial statements are presented in RMB, which is the same as the functional currency of the Company.

The Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the “Group”) are principally engaged in the development and provision of business solutions, application software, and installation and maintenance of network and data security products, and sales and distribution of computer and electrical products and accessories in the PRC. Particulars of the Company’s subsidiaries are set out in note 34.

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (“HKFRSs”)

Application of amendments to HKFRSs

In the current year, the Group has applied the following new and revised HKFRSs issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (“HKICPA”).

Amendments to HKFRS 1	Severe Hyperinflation and Removal of Fixed Dates for First-time Adopters
Amendments to HKAS 12	Deferred Tax: Recovery of Underlying Assets
Amendments to HKFRS 7	Financial Instruments: Disclosures – Transfers of Financial Assets

The application of the amendments to HKFRSs in the current year has had no material impact on the Group’s financial performance and positions for the current and prior years and/or on the disclosures set out in these consolidated financial statements.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2012

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (“HKFRSs”) (Continued)

New and revised HKFRSs issued but not yet effective

The Group has not early applied the following new and revised HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective:

Amendments to HKFRSs	Annual Improvements 2009-2011 Cycle ¹
Amendments to HKFRS 1	Government Loans ¹
Amendments to HKFRS 7	Disclosures – Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities ¹
Amendments to HKFRS 9 and HKFRS 7	Mandatory Effective Date of HKFRS 9 and Transition Disclosures ³
Amendments to HKFRS 10, HKFRS 11 and HKFRS 12	Consolidated Financial Statements, Joint Arrangements and Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities: Transition Guidance ¹
Amendments to HKFRS 10, HKFRS 12 and HKAS 27	Investment Entities ²
HKFRS 9	Financial Instruments ³
HKFRS 10	Consolidated Financial Statements ¹
HKFRS 11	Joint Arrangements ¹
HKFRS 12	Disclosures of Interests in Other Entities ¹
HKFRS 13	Fair Value Measurement ¹
HKAS 19 (as revised in 2011)	Employee Benefits ¹
HKAS 27 (as revised in 2011)	Separate Financial Statements ¹
HKAS 28 (as revised in 2011)	Investments in Associate and Joint Ventures ¹
Amendments to HKAS 1	Presentation of Items of Other Comprehensive Income ⁴
Amendments to HKAS 32	Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities ²
HK (International Financial Reporting Interpretation Committee) – Interpretation (“Int”) 20	Stripping Costs in the Production Phase of a Surface Mine ¹

¹ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013.

² Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2014.

³ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2015.

⁴ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2012.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2012

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (“HKFRSs”) (Continued)

New and revised HKFRSs issued but not yet effective (Continued)

Annual improvements to HKFRSs 2009-2011 Cycle issued in June 2012

The Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2009 – 2011 Cycle include a number of amendments to various HKFRSs. The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013. Amendments to HKFRSs include the amendments to HKAS 16 Property, Plant and Equipment and the amendments to HKAS 32 Financial Instruments: Presentation.

The amendments to HKAS 16 clarify that spare parts, stand-by equipment and servicing equipment should be classified as property, plant and equipment when they meet the definition of property, plant and equipment in HKAS 16 and as inventory otherwise. The directors of the Company do not anticipate that the application of the amendments will have a material effect on the Group’s consolidated financial statements.

The amendments to HKAS 32 clarify that income tax on distributions to holders of an equity instrument and transaction costs of an equity transaction should be accounted for in accordance with HKAS 12 Income Taxes. The directors of the Company anticipate that the amendments to HKAS 32 will have no effect on the Group’s consolidated financial statements as the Group has already adopted this treatment.

Amendments to HKAS 32 Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities and amendments to HKFRS 7 Disclosures – Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities

The amendments to HKAS 32 clarify existing application issues relating to the offset of financial assets and financial liabilities requirements. Specifically, the amendments clarify the meaning of “currently has a legally enforceable right of set-off” and “simultaneous realisation and settlement”.

The amendments to HKFRS 7 require entities to disclose information about rights of offset and related arrangements (such as collateral posting requirements) for financial instruments under an enforceable master netting agreement or similar arrangement.

The amendments to HKFRS 7 are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013 and interim periods within those annual periods. The disclosures should also be provided retrospectively for all comparative periods. However, the amendments to HKAS 32 are not effective until annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2014, with retrospective application required.

The directors of the Company anticipate that the application of these amendments to HKAS 32 and HKFRS 7 may result in more disclosures being made with regard to offsetting financial assets and financial liabilities in the future.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2012

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (“HKFRSs”) (Continued)

New and revised HKFRSs issued but not yet effective (Continued)

HKFRS 9 Financial Instruments

HKFRS 9 issued in 2009 introduces new requirements for the classification and measurement of financial assets. HKFRS 9 amended in 2010 includes the requirements for the classification and measurement of financial liabilities and for derecognition.

Key requirements of HKFRS 9 are described as follows:

- All recognised financial assets that are within the scope of HKAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement are subsequently measured at amortised cost or fair value. Specifically, debt investments that are held within a business model whose objective is to collect the contractual cash flows, and that have contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal outstanding are generally measured at amortised cost at the end of subsequent accounting periods. All other debt investments and equity investments are measured at their fair values at the end of subsequent reporting periods. In addition, under HKFRS 9, entities may make an irrevocable election to present subsequent changes in the fair value of an equity investment (that is not held for trading) in other comprehensive income, with only dividend income generally recognised in profit or loss.
- With regard to the measurement of financial liabilities designated as at fair value through profit or loss, HKFRS 9 requires that the amount of change in the fair value of the financial liability that is attributable to changes in the credit risk of that liability is presented in other comprehensive income, unless the recognition of the effects of changes in the liability's credit risk in other comprehensive income would create or enlarge an accounting mismatch in profit or loss. Changes in fair value of financial liabilities attributable to changes in the financial liabilities' credit risk are not subsequently reclassified to profit or loss. Under HKAS 39, the entire amount of the change in the fair value of the financial liability designated as fair value through profit or loss was presented in profit or loss.

HKFRS 9 is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2015, with earlier application permitted.

The directors of the Company anticipate that the adoption of HKFRS 9 in the future may affect the classification and measurement of the Group's available-for-sale investments and may have an impact on amounts reported in respect of the Group's other financial assets and financial liabilities. However, it is not practicable to provide a reasonable estimate of that effect until a detailed review has been completed.

New and revised standards on consolidation, joint arrangements, associates and disclosures

In June 2011, a package of five standards on consolidation, joint arrangements, associates and disclosures was issued, including HKFRS 10, HKFRS 11, HKFRS 12, HKAS 27 (as revised in 2011) and HKAS 28 (as revised in 2011).

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2012

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (“HKFRSs”) (Continued)

New and revised HKFRSs issued but not yet effective (Continued)

New and revised standards on consolidation, joint arrangements, associates and disclosures (Continued)

Key requirements of these five standards are described below.

HKFRS 10 replaces the parts of HKAS 27 Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements that deal with consolidated financial statements. HK(SIC)-Int 12 Consolidation – Special Purpose Entities will be withdrawn upon the effective date of HKFRS 10. Under HKFRS 10, there is only one basis for consolidation, this is, control. In addition, HKFRS 10 includes a new definition of control that contains three elements: (a) power over an investee, (b) exposure, or rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee, and (c) the ability to use its power over the investee to affect the amount of the investor's returns. Extensive guidance has been added in HKFRS 10 to deal with complex scenarios.

HKFRS 11 replaces HKAS 31 Interests in Joint Ventures. HKFRS 11 deals with how a joint arrangement of which two or more parties have joint control should be classified. HK (SIC) – Int 13 Jointly Controlled Entities – Non-monetary Contributions by Venturers will be withdrawn upon the effective date of HKFRS 11. Under HKFRS 11, joint arrangements are classified as joint operations or joint ventures, depending on the rights and obligations of the parties to the arrangements. In contrast, under HKAS 31, there are three types of joint arrangements: jointly controlled entities, jointly controlled assets and jointly controlled operations. In addition, joint ventures under HKFRS 11 are required to be accounted for using the equity method of accounting, whereas jointly controlled entities under HKAS 31 can be accounted for using the equity method of accounting or proportionate consolidation.

HKFRS 12 is a disclosure standard and is applicable to entities that have interests in subsidiaries, joint arrangements, associates and/or unconsolidated structured entities. In general, the disclosure requirements in HKFRS 12 are more extensive than those in the current standards.

In July 2012, the amendments to HKFRS 10, HKFRS 11 and HKFRS 12 were issued to clarify certain transitional guidance on the application of these five HKFRSs for the first time.

These five standards, together with the amendments relating to the transitional guidance, are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013 with earlier application permitted provided that all of these standards are applied at the same time.

The directors of the Company anticipate that the application of these five standards may not have significant impact on amounts reported in the consolidated financial statements.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2012

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (“HKFRSs”) (Continued)

New and revised HKFRSs issued but not yet effective (Continued)

Amendments to HKFRS 10, HKFRS 12 and HKAS 27 Investment Entities

The amendments to HKFRS 10 introduce an exception to consolidating subsidiaries for an investment entity, except where the subsidiaries provide services that relate to the investment entity’s investment activities. Under the amendments to HKFRS 10, an investment entity is required to measure its interests in subsidiaries at fair value through profit or loss.

To qualify as an investment entity, certain criteria have to be met. Specifically, an entity is required to:

- obtain funds from one or more investors for the purpose of providing them with professional investment management services;
- commit to its investor(s) that its business purpose is to invest funds solely for returns from capital appreciation, investment income, or both; and
- measure and evaluate performance of substantially all of its investments on a fair value basis.

Consequential amendments to HKFRS 12 and HKAS 27 have been made to introduce new disclosure requirements for investment entities.

The amendments to HKFRS 10, HKFRS 12 and HKAS 27 are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2014, with early application permitted. The directors of the Company anticipate that the application of the amendments will have no effect on the Group as the Company is not an investment entity.

HKFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement

HKFRS 13 establishes a single source of guidance for fair value measurements and disclosures about fair value measurements. The standard defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value, and requires disclosures about fair value measurements. The scope of HKFRS 13 is broad; it applies to both financial instrument items and non-financial instrument items for which other HKFRSs require or permit fair value measurements and disclosures about fair value measurements, except in specified circumstances. In general, the disclosure requirements in HKFRS 13 are more extensive than those in the current standards. For example, quantitative and qualitative disclosures based on the three-level fair value hierarchy currently required for financial instruments only under HKFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures will be extended by HKFRS 13 to cover all assets and liabilities within its scope.

HKFRS 13 is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013, with earlier application permitted. The directors of the Company anticipate that the application of the new standard may affect certain amounts reported in the consolidated financial statements and result in more extensive disclosures in the consolidated financial statements.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2012

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (“HKFRSs”) (Continued)

New and revised standards, HKFRSs issued but not yet effective (Continued)

Amendments to HKAS 1 Presentation of Items of Other Comprehensive Income

The amendments to HKAS 1 Presentation of Items of Other Comprehensive Income introduce new terminology for the statement of comprehensive income and income statement. Under the amendments to HKAS 1, a ‘statement of comprehensive income’ is renamed as a ‘statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income’ and an ‘income statement’ is renamed as a ‘statement of profit or loss’. The amendments to HKAS 1 retain the option to present profit or loss and other comprehensive income in either a single statement or in two separate but consecutive statements. However, the amendments to HKAS 1 require items of other comprehensive income to be grouped into two categories: (a) items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss; and (b) items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss when specific conditions are met. Income tax on items of other comprehensive income is required to be allocated on the same basis – the amendments do not change the option to present items of other comprehensive income either before tax or net of tax.

The amendments to HKAS 1 are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2012. The presentation of items of other comprehensive income will be modified accordingly when the amendments are applied in future accounting periods.

The directors of the Company anticipate that the application of other new and revised HKFRSs will have no material impact on the results and the financial position of the Group.

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA. In addition, the consolidated financial statements include applicable disclosures required by the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the GEM of the Stock Exchange and by the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in the exchange for goods.

The principal accounting policies are set out below.

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and entities controlled by the Company (its subsidiaries). Control is achieved where the Company has the power to govern the financial and operating policies of an entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities.

Income and expenses of subsidiaries acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income from the effective date of acquisition and up to the effective date of disposal, as appropriate.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2012

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Basis of consolidation (Continued)

Where necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies into line with those used by other members of the Group.

All intra-group transactions, balances, income and expenses are eliminated in full on consolidation.

Non-controlling interests in subsidiaries are presented separately from the Group's equity therein.

Allocation of total comprehensive income to non-controlling interests

Total comprehensive income and expense of a subsidiary is attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

Investments in associates

An associate is an entity over which the Group has significant influence and that is neither subsidiary nor an interest in a joint venture. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but is not control or joint control over those policies.

The results and assets and liabilities of associates are incorporated in these consolidated financial statements using the equity method of accounting. The financial statements of associates used for equity accounting purposes are prepared using uniform accounting policies as those of the Group for like transactions and events in similar circumstances. Under the equity method, investments in associates are initially recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost and adjusted thereafter to recognise the Group's share of the profit or loss and other comprehensive income of the associates. When the Group's share of losses of an associate equals or exceeds its interest in that associate (which includes any long-term interests that, in substance, form part of the Group's net investment in the associate), the Group discontinues recognising its share of further losses. Additional losses are recognised only to the extent that the Group has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of that associate.

Any excess of the cost of acquisition over the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of an associate recognised at the date of acquisition is recognised as goodwill, which is included within the carrying amount of the investment.

Any excess of the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities over the cost of acquisition, after reassessment, is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2012

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Investments in associates (Continued)

The requirements of HKAS 39 are applied to determine whether it is necessary to recognise any impairment loss with respect to the Group's investment in an associate. When necessary, the entire carrying amount of the investment (including goodwill) is tested for impairment in accordance with HKAS 36 Impairment of Assets as a single asset by comparing its recoverable amount (higher of value in use and fair value less costs to sell) with its carrying amount. Any impairment loss recognised forms part of the carrying amount of the investment. Any reversal of that impairment loss is recognised in accordance with HKAS 36 to the extent that the recoverable amount of the investment subsequently increases.

When a group entity transacts with its associate, profits and losses resulting from the transactions with the associate are recognised in the Group's consolidated financial statements only to the extent of interests in the associate that are not related to the Group.

Investments in subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiaries are included in the Company's statement of financial position at cost less any identified impairment loss.

Revenue recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable and represents amounts receivable for goods sold and services provided in the normal course of business, net of discounts and sales related taxes.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the goods are delivered and titles have passed, at which time all the following conditions are satisfied:

- the Group has transferred to the buyer the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods;
- the Group retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold;
- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Group; and
- the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

Revenue generated from the construction contracts is recognised in accordance with the Company's accounting policy as further detailed in the below section headed "Construction contracts".

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2012

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Revenue recognition (Continued)

Service income is recognised when services are provided.

Interest income from a financial asset is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the amount of income can be measured reliably. Interest income from a financial asset is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Dividend income from investments is recognised when the shareholders' rights to receive payment have been established.

Construction contracts

Where the outcome of development and provision of business solutions, application software, and installation and maintenance of network and data security products can be estimated reliably, revenue and costs are recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract activity at the end of the reporting period, measured based on the proportion that contract costs incurred for work performed to date relative to the estimated total contract costs, except where this would not be representative of the stage of completion. Variations in contract work, claims and incentive payments are included to the extent that the amount can be measured reliably and its receipt is considered probable.

Where the outcome of development and provision of business solutions, application software, and installation and maintenance of network and data security products cannot be estimated reliably, contract revenue is recognised to the extent of contract costs incurred that it is probable will be recoverable. Contract costs are recognised as expenses in the period in which they are incurred.

When it is probable that total contract costs will exceed total contract revenue, the expected loss is recognised as an expense immediately.

Where contract costs incurred to date plus recognised profits less recognised losses exceed progress billings, the surplus is shown as amounts due from customers for contract work. For contracts where progress billings exceed contract costs incurred to date plus recognised profits less recognised losses, the surplus is shown as amounts due to customers for contract work.

Amounts received before the related work is performed are included in the consolidated statement of financial position, as a liability, as advances received. Amounts billed for work performed but not yet paid by the customer are included in the consolidated statement of financial position under trade receivables.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2012

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Plant and equipment

Plant and equipment are stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost less subsequent accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost of items of plant and equipment less their residual values over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

An item of plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in profit or loss.

Leasing

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

The Group as lessor

Rental income from operating leases is recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease.

The Group as lessee

Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease. The aggregate benefit of incentives is recognised as a reduction of rental expense over the lease term on a straight-line basis.

Foreign currencies

In preparing the financial statements of each individual group entity, transactions in currencies other than the functional currency of that entity (foreign currencies) are recorded in the respective functional currency (i.e. the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates) at the rates of exchanges prevailing on the dates of the transactions. At the end of each reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date. Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the date when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2012

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Foreign currencies (Continued)

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items, and on the retranslation of monetary items, are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

For the purposes of presenting the consolidated financial statements, the assets and liabilities of the Group's foreign operations are translated into the presentation currency of the Group (i.e. RMB) using exchange rate prevailing at the end of the reporting period. Income and expenses items are translated at the average exchange rates for the year. Exchange differences arising, if any, are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity under the heading of the translation reserve (attributed to non-controlling interest as appropriate).

Government grants

Government grants are not recognised until there is reasonable assurance that the Group will comply with the conditions attaching to them and that the grants will be received.

Government grants are recognised in profit or loss on a systematic basis over the periods in which the Group recognises as expenses the related costs for which the grants are intended to compensate. Specifically, government grants whose primary condition is that the Group should purchase, construct or otherwise acquire non-current assets are recognised as deferred income in the consolidated statement of financial position and transferred to profit or loss on a systematic and rational basis over the useful lives of the related assets.

Retirement benefit costs

Payments to the state-managed retirement benefit scheme are recognised as an expense when employees have rendered service entitling them to the contributions.

Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from "profit before tax" as reported in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2012

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Taxation (Continued)

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax base used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary difference to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and associates, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences associated with such investments are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that there will be sufficient taxable profits against which to utilise the benefits of the temporary differences and they are expected to reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset is realised, based on tax rate (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current tax and deferred tax are recognised in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively. Where current tax or deferred tax arises from the initial accounting for a business combination, the tax effect is included in the accounting for the business combination.

Intangible assets

Intangible assets acquired separately

Intangible assets with finite useful lives that are acquired separately are carried at costs less accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment loss. Amortisation for intangible assets with finite useful lives is provided on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives. The estimated useful life and amortisation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate being accounted for on a prospective basis.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2012

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Intangible assets (Continued)

Internally-generated intangible assets -research and development expenditures

Expenditure on research activities is recognised as an expense in the period in which it is incurred.

An internally-generated intangible asset arising from development activities (or from the development phase of an internal project) is recognised if, and only if, all of the following have been demonstrated:

- the technical feasibility of completing the intangible asset so that it will be available for use or sale;
- the intention to complete the intangible asset and use or sell it;
- the ability to use or sell the intangible asset;
- how the intangible asset will generate probable future economic benefits;
- the availability of adequate technical, financial and other resources to complete the development and to use or sell the intangible asset; and
- the ability to measure reliably the expenditure attributable to the intangible asset during its development.

The amount initially recognised for internally-generated intangible asset is the sum of the expenditure incurred from the date when the intangible asset first meets the recognition criteria listed above. Where no internally-generated intangible asset can be recognised, development expenditure is recognised in profit or loss in the period in which it is incurred. Subsequent to initial recognition, internally-generated intangible asset is measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment loss (if any), on the same basis as intangible assets acquired separately.

Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Costs of inventories are calculated using the weighted average method. Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price for inventories less all estimated costs of completion and costs necessary to make the sale.

Cash and cash equivalents

Bank balances and cash in the consolidated statement of financial position comprise cash at banks and on hand and short-term deposits. For the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and short-term deposits with a maturity of three months or less.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2012

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised in the consolidated statements of financial position when a group entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition.

Financial assets

The Group's financial assets are classified into one of the two categories, including loans and receivables and available-for-sale financial assets. The classification depends on the nature and purpose of the financial assets and is determined at the time of initial recognition. All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognised and derecognised on a trade date basis. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the marketplace.

Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a debt instrument and of allocating interest income over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts (including all fees paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the debt instrument, or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Interest income is recognised on an effective interest basis for debt instruments.

Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. Subsequent to initial recognition, loans and receivables (including trade receivables, deposits and other receivables, amounts due from associates and a shareholder, pledged bank deposits and bank balances and cash) are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any identified impairment loss (see accounting policy on impairment of financial assets below).

Available-for-sale financial assets

Available-for-sale financial assets are non-derivatives that are either designated or not classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, loans and receivables or held-to-maturity investments. The Group designated unlisted equity securities and other debt investment as available-for-sale financial assets on initial recognition.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2012

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Available-for-sale financial assets (Continued)

Dividends on available-for-sale equity instruments are recognised in profit or loss when the Group's right to receive the dividends is established.

For available-for-sale equity investments that do not have a quoted market price in an active market and whose fair value cannot be reliably measured and derivatives that are linked to and must be settled by delivery of such unquoted equity instruments, are measured at cost less any identified impairment losses at the end of the reporting period (see accounting policy on impairment of financial assets below).

Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets are assessed for indicators of impairment at the end of the reporting period. Financial assets are considered to be impaired where there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial asset, the estimated future cash flows of the financial assets have been affected.

For an available-for-sale equity investment, a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of that investment below its cost is considered to be objective evidence of impairment.

For all other financial assets, objective evidence of impairment could include:

- significant financial difficulty of the issuer or counterparty; or
- breach of contract, such as default or delinquency in interest or principal payments; or
- it becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or financial re-organisation; or
- disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties.

For certain categories of financial asset, such as trade and other receivables, assets that are assessed not to be impaired individually are, in addition, assessed for impairment on a collective basis. Objective evidence of impairment for a portfolio of receivables could include the Group's past experience of collecting payments, an increase in the number of delayed payments in the portfolio past the credit period ranging from 90 to 180 days, observable changes in national or local economic conditions that correlate with default on receivables.

For financial assets carried at amortised cost, the amount of the impairment loss recognised is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2012

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

For financial assets carried at cost, the amount of the impairment loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the current market rate of return for a similar financial asset. Such impairment loss will not be reversed in subsequent periods.

The carrying amount of the financial asset is reduced by the impairment loss directly for all financial assets with the exception of trade and other receivables, where the carrying amount is reduced through the use of an allowance account. Changes in the carrying amount of the allowance account are recognised in profit or loss. When a trade or an other receivable is considered uncollectible, it is written off against the allowance account. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited to profit or loss.

When an available-for-sale financial asset is considered to be impaired, cumulative gains or losses previously recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss in the period in which the impairment takes place.

For financial assets measured at amortised cost, if, in a subsequent period, the amount of impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment losses was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss to the extent that the carrying amount of the asset at the date the impairment is reversed does not exceed what the amortised cost would have been had the impairment not been recognised.

Impairment losses on available-for-sale equity investments will not be reversed through profit or loss. Any increase in fair value subsequent to impairment loss is recognised directly in other comprehensive income and accumulated in investment revaluation reserve. For available-for-sale debt investments, impairment losses are subsequently reversed through profit or loss if an increase in the fair value of the investment can be objectively related to an event occurring after the recognition of the impairment loss.

Financial liabilities and equity instruments

Debt and equity instruments issued by a group entity are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the group after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Group are recognised at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2012

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial liabilities and equity instruments (Continued)

Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial liability and of allocating interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial liability, or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Interest expense is recognised on an effective interest basis.

Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities including trade payables, other payables and accrued expenses, amounts due to a shareholder and a related party are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method.

Derecognition

The Group derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity. If the Group neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and continues to control the transferred asset, the Group continues to recognise the asset to the extent of its continuing involvement and recognises an associated liability. If the Group retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a transferred financial asset, the Group continues to recognise the financial asset and also recognises a collateralised borrowing for the proceeds received.

On derecognition of a financial asset in its entirety, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable and the cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity is recognised in profit or loss.

On derecognition of a financial asset other than in its entirety, the Group allocates the previous carrying amount of the financial asset between the part it continues to recognise, and the part it no longer recognises on the basis of the relative fair values of those parts on the date of the transfer. The difference between the carrying amount allocated to the part that is no longer recognised and the sum of the consideration received for the part no longer recognised and any cumulative gain or loss allocated to it that had been recognised in other comprehensive income is recognised in profit or loss. A cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in other comprehensive income is allocated between the part that continues to be recognised and the part that is no longer recognised on the basis of the relative fair values of those parts.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2012

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial liabilities and equity instruments (Continued)

Derecognition (Continued)

The Group derecognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the Group's obligations are discharged, cancelled or expire. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable is recognised in profit or loss.

Impairment losses on tangible and intangible assets

At the end of the reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets with finite useful lives to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss, if any.

When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. When a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation can be identified, corporate assets are also allocated to individual cash-generating units, or otherwise they are allocated to the smallest group of cash-generating units for which a reasonable and consistent allocation basis can be identified.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised as an expense immediately in profit or loss.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (or cash-generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised as income immediately in profit or loss.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2012

4. KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

In the application of the Group's accounting policies, which are described in note 3, the directors of the Company are required to make estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and underlying assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

The followings are the key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

Construction contracts

The Group recognised project revenue and profit of development and provision of business solutions, application software, and installation and maintenance of network and data security products according to the management's estimation of the total outcome of the project as well as the percentage of completion of contract works. Notwithstanding that the management reviews and revises the estimates of both contract revenue and costs for the contract as the contract progresses, the actual outcome of the contract in terms of its total revenue and costs may be higher or lower than the estimates and this will affect the revenue and profit recognised.

Estimated impairment of trade and other receivables

The Group makes impairment loss based on assessment of the recoverability of trade and other receivables. Allowances are applied to trade and other receivables where events or change in circumstances indicate that the balances may not be collectible. The identification of doubtful debts requires the use of judgement and estimates. In determining whether impairment loss on receivables is required, the Group takes into consideration the current creditworthiness, the past collection history, age status and likelihood of collection. Specific allowance is only made for receivables that are unlikely to be collected and is recognised on the difference between the estimated future cash flow expected to receive discounted using the original effective interest rate and its carrying value. If the financial conditions of customers of the Group were to deteriorate, resulting in an impairment of their ability to make payments, additional allowance may be required.

As at 31 December 2012, the carrying amount of trade receivables was approximately RMB11,776,000 (2011: RMB17,219,000) net of allowance for doubtful debt of approximately RMB3,758,000 (2011: RMB2,074,000).

As at 31 December 2012, the carrying amount of other receivables was approximately RMB7,128,000 (2011: RMB6,124,000), net of allowance for doubtful debts of approximately RMB505,000 (2011: RMB505,000).

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2012

4. KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (Continued)

Allowance for inventories

The management of the Group reviews ageing analysis at the end of each reporting period and makes allowance for obsolete and slow-moving inventory items identified. The management also estimates the net realisable value for such inventories based primarily on the latest invoice prices and current market conditions which involve judgment in respect of the expectation about the market condition and the future demand for such items in inventory. As at 31 December 2012, the carrying amount of inventories was approximately RMB7,152,000 (2011: RMB4,572,000), net of allowance for inventories approximately RMB2,905,000 (2011: RMB3,091,000).

Estimated impairment of interests in associates

Determining whether the interests in associates are impaired requires an estimation of the future cash flows expected to arise and the expected dividend yield from the associates in order to calculate the present value of estimated cash flows. Where the actual future cash flows are less than expected, a material impairment loss may arise.

In the opinion of the directors of the Company, no further impairment is considered necessary for the years ended 31 December 2012 and 2011. The carrying amount of the Group's interests in associate as at 31 December 2012 was approximately RMB7,627,000 (2011: RMB10,025,000), net of accumulated impairment losses of approximately RMB12,624,000 (2011: RMB12,624,000).

Estimated impairment of assets

At the end of the reporting period, the Group reviews internal and external sources of information to identify indications that the following assets may be impaired:

- plant and equipment;
- intangible assets; and
- available-for-sale investments.

If any such indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. Impairment loss is recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income whenever the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount.

The sources utilised to identify indications of impairment are often subjective in nature and the Group is required to use judgment in applying such information to its business. The Group's interpretation of this information has a direct impact on whether impairment assessment is performed as at the end of any given reporting period.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2012

4. KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (Continued)

Estimated impairment of assets (Continued)

If an indication of impairment is identified, such information is further subject to an exercise that requires the Group to estimate the recoverable amounts, representing the higher of the asset's fair value less cost to sell or its value in use. Depending on the Group's assessment of the overall materiality of the asset under review and complexity of deriving reasonable estimates of the recoverable amounts, the Group may perform such assessment using internal resources or the Group may engage external advisors to assist the Group in making this assessment. Regardless of the resources utilised, the Group is required to make a number of assumptions in such assessment, including the utilisation of such asset, the cash flows to be generated, appropriate market discount rates and the projected market and regulatory conditions. Changes in any of these assumptions could result in a material change to future estimates of the recoverable amount of the relevant asset.

5. TURNOVER

Turnover represents revenue arising from the development and provision of business solutions, application software, and installation and maintenance of network and data security products, and sales and distribution of computer and electrical products and accessories for the year. An analysis of the Group's revenue for the year is as follows:

	2012 RMB'000	2011 RMB'000
Development and provision of:		
- Business solutions	15,943	21,027
- Application software	3,609	8,928
- Installation and maintenance of network and data security products	3,294	3,484
Sales and distribution of computer and electrical products and accessories	77,490	64,650
	100,336	98,089

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2012

6. SEGMENT INFORMATION

Information reported to the directors of the Company, being the chief operating decision maker (the "CODM"), for the purpose of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance focuses on types of goods or services delivered or provided.

Specifically, the Group's reportable and operating segments under HKFRS 8 are as follows.

- Business application solutions: Develop and provide business application solutions services which include business solutions, application software, and installation and maintenance of network and data security products.
- Sales of goods: Sales and distribution of computer and electrical products and accessories.

Information regarding the above segments is reported below.

Segment revenue and results

The following is an analysis of the Group's revenue and results by reportable and operating segments for the years ended 31 December 2012 and 2011:

	Business application solutions		Sales of goods		Consolidated	
	2012 RMB'000	2011 RMB'000	2012 RMB'000	2011 RMB'000	2012 RMB'000	2011 RMB'000
SEGMENT REVENUE						(Restated)
External sales	22,846	33,439	77,490	64,650	100,336	98,089
Segment profit	6,676	9,300	6,235	6,987	12,911	16,287
Share of (loss) profit of associates					(2,078)	167
Interest income					1,520	1,033
Unallocated corporate income					924	1,271
Unallocated operating expenses					(16,213)	(17,478)
(Loss) profit for the year					(2,936)	1,280

The accounting policies of the reportable and operating segments are the same as the Group's accounting policies as described in note 3. Segment profit represents the profit earned by each segment without allocation of corporate income and expenses, interest income, central administration costs, directors' salaries, share of (loss) profit of associates. This is the measure reported to the CODM for the purposes of resources allocation and performance assessment.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2012

6. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

Segment assets and liabilities

The following is an analysis of the Group's assets and liabilities by reportable and operating segment as at the end of the reporting period:

	Business application solutions		Sales of goods		Consolidated	
	2012 RMB'000	2011 RMB'000 (Restated)	2012 RMB'000	2011 RMB'000	2012 RMB'000	2011 RMB'000 (Restated)
Segment assets	22,025	25,170	12,318	15,597	34,343	40,767
Available- for- sale investments					2,416	2,416
Interests in associates					7,627	10,025
Unallocated corporate assets					65,564	66,150
Total assets					109,950	119,358
Segment liabilities	19,911	26,852	4,823	4,887	24,734	31,739
Unallocated corporate liabilities					4,567	4,157
Total liabilities					29,301	35,896

For the purposes of monitoring segment performances and allocating resources between segments:

- all assets are allocated to reportable and operating segments other than available-for-sale investments, interests in associates, amounts due from associates, pledged bank deposits, bank balances and cash and other assets for corporate use including other receivables.
- all liabilities are allocated to reportable segments other than amount due to a shareholder and other payables for which the corporate is liable.

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6. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

Other segment information

	Business application solutions		Sales of goods		Unallocated		Consolidated	
	2012 RMB'000	2011 RMB'000	2012 RMB'000	2011 RMB'000	2012 RMB'000	2011 RMB'000	2012 RMB'000	2011 RMB'000
Amounts included in the measure of segment profit or segment assets:								
Addition to intangible assets	1,880	1,798	-	-	-	-	1,880	1,798
Addition to non-current assets	22	22	-	-	-	-	22	22
Depreciation of plant and equipment	111	935	-	-	-	-	111	935
Amortisation of intangible assets	659	300	-	-	-	-	659	300
Impairment losses recognised in respect of trade receivables	326	78	1,781	21	-	-	2,107	99
Loss on disposal of plant and equipment	-	8	-	-	-	-	-	8
Allowance for inventories	-	-	890	207	-	-	890	207
Reversal of allowance for inventories	-	-	(1,076)	-	-	-	(1,076)	-
Reversal of impairment losses recognised in respect of trade receivables	(413)	(604)	(10)	(259)	-	-	(423)	(863)
Reversal of impairment loss recognised in respect of other receivables	-	(245)	-	-	-	-	-	(245)
Amounts regularly provided to the CODM but not included in the measure of segment profit or segment assets:								
Interests in associates	-	-	-	-	7,627	10,025	7,627	10,025
Share of (loss) profit of associates	-	-	-	-	(2,078)	167	(2,078)	167
Interest income	-	-	-	-	(1,520)	(1,033)	(1,520)	(1,033)

Geographical information

All of the Group's revenue was generated from customers in the PRC during the two years ended 31 December 2012 and 2011 and all of the Group's assets were located in the PRC. Therefore, no geographical segment information is presented.

Information about major customers

There is no customer with whom transactions have exceeded 10% of the Group's total revenue during the two years ended 31 December 2012 and 2011.

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For the year ended 31 December 2012

7. OTHER REVENUE

	2012 RMB'000	2011 RMB'000
Interest income	1,520	1,033
Government grants (note 25)	540	850
Dividend income from an available-for-sale investment	390	-
Rental income	258	472
Others	276	799
	2,984	3,154

8. DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER'S, SUPERVISORS' AND EMPLOYEES' EMOLUMENTS

(a) Directors' and Chief Executive Officer's emoluments

The emoluments of each director and the chief executive officer for the year ended 31 December 2012 is set out below:

Name of director	Fees RMB'000	Salaries and other benefits RMB'000	Contributions to retirement benefits scheme RMB'000	Total RMB'000
Executive directors				
Mr. Li Zhan	-	-	-	-
Mr. Mo Zhenxi	-	-	-	-
Mr. Wang Yiming (note)	-	281	-	281
Mr. Qiao Jin	-	-	-	-
Mr. Wu Hanyuan	-	-	-	-
Mr. Du Songning	-	-	-	-
Independent non-executive directors				
Dr. Cao Guo Qi	40	-	-	40
Dr. Chan Yan Chong	40	-	-	40
Mr. Yuan Shumin	40	-	-	40
	120	281	-	401

Note: The retirement benefit contribution of Mr. Wang Yiming was paid by the Company's indirect shareholder, Shanghai Jiao Tong University. The Group was not required to reimburse the retirement benefit paid by Shanghai Jiao Tong University.

Mr. Wang Yiming is also the chief executive officer of the Company and his emoluments disclosed above include those for services rendered by him as the chief executive officer.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2012

8. DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER'S, SUPERVISORS' AND EMPLOYEES' EMOLUMENTS (Continued)

(a) Directors' and Chief Executive Officer's emoluments (Continued)

The emoluments of each director and the chief executive officer for the year ended 31 December 2011 is set out below:

Name of director	Fees RMB'000	Salaries and other benefits RMB'000	Contributions to retirement benefits scheme RMB'000	Total RMB'000
Executive directors				
Mr. Li Zhan	-	-	-	-
Mr. Cheng Min (note ii)	-	-	-	-
Mr. Mo Zhenxi	-	-	-	-
Mr. Wang Yiming (note iii)	-	240	-	240
Mr. Yuan Tingliang (note ii)	-	210	-	210
Mr. Qiao Jin	-	-	-	-
Mr. Wu Hanyuan (note i)	-	-	-	-
Mr. Du Songning (note i)	-	-	-	-
Independent non-executive directors				
Dr. Cao Guo Qi	40	-	-	40
Dr. Chan Yan Chong	40	-	-	40
Mr. Yuan Shumin	40	-	-	40
	120	450	-	570

Notes:

- (i) Appointed on 7 July 2011.
- (ii) Resigned on 7 July 2011.
- (iii) The retirement benefit contribution of Mr. Wang Yiming was paid by the Company's indirect shareholder, Shanghai Jiao Tong University. The Group was not required to reimburse the retirement benefit paid by Shanghai Jiao Tong University.

Mr. Wang Yiming is also the chief executive officer of the Company and his emoluments disclosed above include those for services rendered by him as the chief executive officer.

No directors waived or agreed to waive their emoluments for the two years ended 31 December 2012 and 2011. No emoluments have been paid by the Group to any director of the Company as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group, or as compensation for loss of office for the two years ended 31 December 2012 and 2011.

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8. DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER'S, SUPERVISORS' AND EMPLOYEES' EMOLUMENTS (Continued)

(b) Supervisors' emoluments

The emoluments of each supervisor for the year ended 31 December 2012 is set out below:

Name of supervisor	Salaries and other benefits RMB'000	Contributions to retirement benefits scheme RMB'000	Total RMB'000
Ms. Qin Yan	133	29	162
Mr. Chen Minglong	-	-	-
Mr. Yao Benqiang	-	-	-
Mr. Yu Jiming	-	-	-
Ms. Huang Hua (note i)	84	27	111
Ms. Zhang Yan (note ii)	43	4	47
	260	60	320

The emoluments of each supervisor for the year ended 31 December 2011 is set out below:

Name of supervisor	Salaries and other benefits RMB'000	Contributions to retirement benefits scheme RMB'000	Total RMB'000
Ms. Qin Yan	131	29	160
Mr. Chen Minglong	-	-	-
Mr. Yao Benqiang	-	-	-
Mr. Yu Jiming	-	-	-
Ms. Zhang Yan	106	25	131
	237	54	291

Notes:

- (i) Appointed in March 2012.
- (ii) Resigned in March 2012.

No emoluments have been paid by the Group to any supervisor of the Company as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group, or as compensation for loss of office for the two years ended 31 December 2012 and 2011.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2012

8. DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER'S, SUPERVISORS' AND EMPLOYEES' EMOLUMENTS (Continued)

(c) The five highest paid individuals

During the year, the five highest paid individuals included one (2011: two) director(s) and the chief executive officer of the Company, whose emoluments have been set out in the directors' emoluments above. The emoluments of the remaining four (2011: three) individuals who are neither a director nor chief executive of the Company as follows:

	2012 RMB'000	2011 RMB'000
Salaries and other benefits	746	555
Contributions to retirement benefits scheme	123	99
	869	654

The emoluments of each of the non-director and non-chief executive highest paid individuals for the two years ended 31 December 2012 and 2011 were within the band of nil to HKD1,000,000 (equivalent to RMB812,000 (2011: RMB829,100)). No emoluments have been paid by the Group to any of the non-director and non-chief executive highest paid individuals of the Company as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group, or as compensation for loss of office for the two years ended 31 December 2012 and 2011.

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9. INCOME TAX EXPENSE

Hong Kong Profits Tax has not been provided for in the consolidated financial statements as there were no assessable profits of the entities in the Group which were derived from Hong Kong during the years ended 31 December 2012 and 2011.

Under the Law of the PRC on Enterprise Income Tax (the "EIT Law") and Implementation Regulation of the EIT Law, the tax rate of the Company and its PRC subsidiaries is 25% from 1 January 2008 onwards.

No provision for Enterprise Income Tax has been made during the years ended 31 December 2012 and 2011 because there was no assessable profit arising during the years 31 December 2012 and 2011.

The tax charge for the year can be reconciled to the (loss) profit before tax per the consolidated statement of comprehensive income as follows:

	2012 RMB'000	2011 RMB'000
(Loss) profit before tax	(2,936)	1,280
Tax at the PRC domestic income tax rate of 25% (2011: 25%)	(734)	320
Tax effect of different tax rate of a subsidiary	47	(27)
Tax effect of expenses not deductible for tax purpose	583	145
Tax effect of income not taxable for tax purpose	(183)	(574)
Utilisation of tax losses previously not recognised	(339)	(52)
Tax effect on tax losses not recognised	107	230
Tax effect of share of loss (profit) of associates	519	(42)
Income tax expense for the year	-	-

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For the year ended 31 December 2012

10. (LOSS) PROFIT FOR THE YEAR

(Loss) profit for the year has been arrived at after charging (crediting):

	2012 RMB'000	2011 RMB'000
Staff costs (including directors', chief executive's and supervisors' emoluments) (note 8(a) and (b)) comprises:		
Salaries and other benefits	8,460	9,342
Contributions to retirement benefits scheme	1,193	1,194
Total staff costs	9,653	10,536
Gross rental income from office premises	(258)	(472)
Less: operating lease charges in respect of office premises	258	472
	-	-
Allowance for inventories (included in cost of sales)	890	207
Reversal of allowance for inventories (included in cost of sales)	(1,076)	-
Cost of inventories recognised as an expense (included in cost of sales)	69,670	57,695
Amortisation of intangible assets (included in administrative expenses)	659	300
Auditors' remuneration	341	348
Depreciation of plant and equipment	111	935
Impairment losses recognised in respect of trade receivables (included in administrative expenses)	2,107	99
Reversal of impairment losses recognised in respect of trade receivables (included in administrative expenses)	(423)	(863)
Reversal of impairment loss recognised in respect of other receivables (included in administrative expenses)	-	(245)
Loss on disposals of plant and equipment	-	8
Exchange loss (gain), net	17	(642)
Research and development expenditures (note)	2,099	2,400
Share of income tax expenses of associates (included in the share of (loss) profit of associates)	197	188
Minimum lease payment under operating leases	2,090	2,000

Note: During the year ended 31 December 2012, research and development costs included staff costs of approximately RMB1,025,000 (2011: RMB1,695,000) for the Group's employees engaged in research and development activities, which are also included in staff costs as above.

11. DIVIDENDS

No dividend was paid or proposed during the two years ended 31 December 2012 and 2011, nor has any dividend been proposed since the end of the reporting period.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2012

12. (LOSS) EARNINGS PER SHARE

The calculation of the basic (loss) earnings per share for the year is based on the loss for the year attributable to owners of the Company of approximately RMB2,933,000 (2011: profit of approximately RMB1,283,000) and the weighted average number of 480,000,000 (2011: 480,000,000) ordinary shares in issue during the year.

Diluted (loss) earnings per share is the same as the basic (loss) earnings per share since the Company has no potential dilutive shares as at 31 December 2012 and 2011.

13. PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	Leasehold improvement RMB'000	Furniture and office equipment RMB'000	Motor vehicles RMB'000	Total RMB'000
COST				
At 1 January 2011	1,555	2,693	1,130	5,378
Additions	-	22	-	22
Disposals	-	(348)	-	(348)
At 31 December 2011 and 1 January 2012	1,555	2,367	1,130	5,052
Additions	-	22	-	22
Disposals	-	(38)	-	(38)
At 31 December 2012	1,555	2,351	1,130	5,036
ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION				
At 1 January 2011	778	2,372	944	4,094
Provided for the year	777	141	17	935
Eliminated on disposals	-	(336)	-	(336)
At 31 December 2011 and 1 January 2012	1,555	2,177	961	4,693
Provided for the year	-	95	16	111
Eliminated on disposals	-	(37)	-	(37)
At 31 December 2012	1,555	2,235	977	4,767
CARRYING VALUES				
At 31 December 2012	-	116	153	269
At 31 December 2011	-	190	169	359

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2012

13. PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (Continued)

The above plant and equipment are depreciated on a straight-line basis at the following rates per annum:

Leasehold improvement	The shorter of the lease terms or 33 $\frac{1}{3}$ %
Furniture and office equipment	20% to 33 $\frac{1}{3}$ %
Motor vehicles	20%

14. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES

	2012 RMB'000	2011 RMB'000
Unlisted investments, at cost	52,317	52,317
Impairment loss recognised	(12,624)	(12,624)
Share of post-acquisition losses and other comprehensive expenses, net of dividends received	(32,066)	(29,668)
	7,627	10,025

Included in the cost of investments in associates is goodwill of approximately RMB2,699,000 (2011: RMB2,699,000) arising on acquisitions of associates in prior years.

The movement of goodwill is set out below:

	RMB'000
COST	
At 1 January 2011, 31 December 2011 and 2012	2,699
ACCUMULATED IMPAIRMENT	
At 1 January 2011, 31 December 2011 and 2012	(2,624)
CARRYING VALUE	
At 31 December 2011 and 2012	75

During the year ended 31 December 2006, the Group recognised impairment loss of approximately RMB2,624,000 in relation to goodwill arising on acquisition of 45% equity interest in the issued ordinary shares of Union Genesis Limited (“UGL”) as UGL and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the “UGL Group”) had continuously incurred substantial losses which significantly impaired the net assets value of the UGL Group. The directors of the Company had significant doubt about the going concern of the UGL Group and were not certain about the probability of improvement in the profitability and solvency of the UGL Group in the foreseeable future and therefore considered that the goodwill in respect of UGL was fully impaired.

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14. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES (Continued)

The summarised financial information in respect of the Group's associates is set out below:

	2012 RMB'000	2011 RMB'000
Total assets	89,815	97,152
Total liabilities	(102,754)	(98,960)
Non-controlling interests	(450)	(300)
Net liabilities	(13,389)	(2,108)
Group's share of net assets of associates	7,552	9,950
Total revenue	53,873	59,652
Total (loss) profit and other comprehensive (expense) income for the year	(9,366)	485
Total Group's share of (loss) profit and other comprehensive (expense) income of associates for the year	(2,078)	167

The Group has discontinued recognition of its share of losses of certain associates, since the Group's share of losses in those associates have exceeded its interests in those associates. The amounts of unrecognised share of those associates, extracted from the relevant management accounts of the associate, both for the year and cumulatively, are as follows:

	2012 RMB'000	2011 RMB'000
Unrecognised share of losses of associates for the year	2,187	38
Accumulated unrecognised share of losses of associates	30,302	28,115

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14. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES (Continued)

As at 31 December 2012 and 2011, the Group had interests in the followings associates:

Name of the entity	Form of entity	Place of incorporation and operation	Class of shares held	Proportion of nominal value of issued share capital / registered capital held by the Group	Proportion of voting power held	Principal activities
				2012 and 2011	2012 and 2011	
Shanghai Withub Duogao Information Construction Company Limited ("Duogao") 上海慧谷多高信息工程有限公司	Private limited liability company	The PRC	Contributed capital	34.00%	34.00%	Design and installation of intelligent household systems
Shanghai Jiaoda Withub Technology Company Limited ("Withub Technology") 上海交大慧谷科技有限公司	Private limited liability company	The PRC	Contributed capital	44.44%	44.44%	Investment holding
Shanghai Tong Tron Information Technology Company Limited ("Shanghai Tong Tron") 上海通創信息技術有限公司	Private limited liability company	The PRC	Contributed capital	43.24%	43.24%	Development and sales of business solutions and computer accessories
Shanghai Jiaoda Science & Technology Park Information Technology (Shangrao) Company Limited 上海交大科技園信息技術(上饒)有限公司	Private limited liability company	The PRC	Contributed capital	40%	40%	Inactive
Shanghai Jiaoda Withub Tong Yong Technology Company Limited ("Tong Yong") 上海交大慧谷通用技術有限公司	Private limited liability company	The PRC	Contributed capital	31.11%	31.11%	Development and sales of business solutions
UGL	Private limited liability company	British Virgin Islands	Ordinary	45%	45%	Investment holding
C-NOVA Microsystems Limited	Private limited liability company	Hong Kong	Ordinary	45%	45%	Design, produce and sales of consumer electronics hardware and software
C-NOVA Microsystems (Shanghai) Limited	Private limited liability company	The PRC	Contributed capital	45%	45%	Design, produce and sales of consumer electronics hardware and software

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15. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

	Acquired trade name RMB'000	Development costs RMB'000	Total RMB'000
COST			
At 1 January 2011	6,000	-	6,000
Additions	-	1,798	1,798
At 31 December 2011 and 1 January 2012	6,000	1,798	7,798
Additions	-	1,880	1,880
At 31 December 2012	6,000	3,678	9,678
ACCUMULATED AMORTISATION			
At 1 January 2011	3,750	-	3,750
Charge for the year	300	-	300
At 31 December 2011 and 1 January 2012	4,050	-	4,050
Charge for the year	300	359	659
At 31 December 2012	4,350	359	4,709
CARRYING VALUES			
At 31 December 2012	1,650	3,319	4,969
At 31 December 2011	1,950	1,798	3,748

As at 31 December 2011 and 2012, development costs are internally-generated assets relating to the development of an information sharing platform project (note 25).

Acquired trade name represents an one-off fee paid to Shanghai Jiao Tong University (上海交通大学) in exchange for the use of the name “交大慧谷” and the right to engage the Electronic Information Institute of Shanghai Jiao Tong University to provide research and development support on a cost reimbursement basis. The total consideration paid for the above contractual rights is RMB6,000,000. The contract term is 10 years and is renewable for a further term of 10 years at the discretion of the Company.

The above intangible assets have finite useful lives. Such intangible assets are amortised on a straight-line basis over the following periods:

Acquired trade name	20 years
Development costs	5 years

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16. AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE INVESTMENTS

	2012 RMB'000	2011 RMB'000
Unlisted investments:		
- Equity interests in PRC private limited liability companies	2,266	2,266
- Other investments	150	150
	2,416	2,416

The equity interests in PRC private limited liability companies are measured at cost less impairment at the end of each reporting period since the range of their reasonable fair value estimates is so significant that the directors of the Company are of the opinion that their fair values cannot be reliably measured.

17. INVENTORIES

	2012 RMB'000	2011 RMB'000
Merchandise for resale	7,152	4,572

18. AMOUNTS DUE FROM CUSTOMERS FOR CONTRACT WORKS

	2012 RMB'000	2011 RMB'000
The gross amount due from customers for contract work is the net amount of:		
Costs incurred plus recognised profits	20,638	21,944
Less: Progress billings	(12,604)	(15,742)
Amounts due from contract customers	8,034	6,202

At 31 December 2012, retention money held by customers for contract works amounted to RMB661,000 (2011: RMB580,000) and advances received from customers for contract work amounted to RMB2,714,000 (2011 : RMB3,283,000).

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19. TRADE RECEIVABLES

	2012 RMB'000	2011 RMB'000
Trade receivables	15,534	19,293
Less: allowance for doubtful debts	(3,758)	(2,074)
	11,776	17,219

The Group allows credit period ranging from 90 to 180 days to its trade customers. The following is an aged analysis of trade receivables net of allowance for doubtful debts presented based on the invoice date at the end of the reporting period, which approximated the respective recognition date:

	2012 RMB'000	2011 RMB'000
0 to 90 days	6,346	10,833
91 to 180 days	913	473
181 to 365 days	197	2,104
Exceeding 365 days	4,320	3,809
	11,776	17,219

Included in the Group's trade receivable balances are debtors with aggregate carrying amount of approximately RMB4,568,000 (2011: RMB4,279,000) which are past due as at the end of the reporting period for which the Group has not provided for impairment loss. The Group does not hold any collateral over these balances. The average age of these receivables is 180 days (2011: 130 days).

Ageing of trade receivables which are past due but not impaired:

	Total RMB'000	Neither past due nor impaired RMB'000	Past due but not impaired		
			91 to 180 days RMB'000	181 to 365 days RMB'000	Exceeding 365 days RMB'000
31 December 2012	11,776	7,208	19	229	4,320
31 December 2011	17,219	12,940	12	458	3,809

Receivables that were past due but not impaired related to a number of customers which have a good track record with the Group. Based on past experiences, the management believes that no impairment allowance is necessary in respect of these balances as there has not been a significant change in credit quality and the balances are still considered fully recoverable.

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19. TRADE RECEIVABLES (Continued)

Movements in the allowance for doubtful debts:

	2012 RMB'000	2011 RMB'000
At 1 January	2,074	2,838
Impairment losses recognised in respect of trade receivables	2,107	99
Reversal of impairment losses recognised in respect of trade receivables	(423)	(863)
Exchange realignment	-	-
At 31 December	3,758	2,074

Included in the allowance for doubtful debts are individually impaired trade receivables with an aggregate balance of approximately RMB3,758,000 (2011: RMB2,074,000) which are due to long outstanding.

20. DEPOSITS, PREPAYMENTS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

	2012 RMB'000	2011 RMB'000
Other receivables	7,633	6,629
Less: Allowance for doubtful debts	(505)	(505)
Deposits and prepayments	7,128 506	6,124 7,187
	7,634	13,311

At the end of each reporting period, the Group's other receivables were individually determined to be impaired. The individually impaired receivables are recognised based on the credit history, such as financial difficulties or default in payments and current market conditions.

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20. DEPOSITS, PREPAYMENTS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (Continued)

The movements of the allowance for doubtful debts are stated as below:

	2012 RMB'000	2011 RMB'000
At 1 January	505	750
Reversal of impairment loss	-	(245)
At 31 December	505	505

Included in the allowance for doubtful debts are individually impaired other receivables with an aggregate balance of approximately RMB505,000 (2011: RMB505,000) which have been long outstanding for more than three years. The Group does not hold any collateral over these balances.

21. PLEDGED BANK DEPOSITS / BANK BALANCES AND CASH

Pledged bank deposits

As at 31 December 2012, the pledged deposit carried interest at market rate of 0.35% per annum (2011: 0.001% to 0.5% per annum) of RMB450,000 (2011: RMB514,000) represents deposits to bank to secure certain subcontracting project in relation to business solutions development. RMB450,000 (2011: RMB450,000) will be settled 12 months after the end of reporting period and are therefore classified as non-current assets.

Bank balances and cash

Bank balances and cash comprise cash held by the Group and both short-term deposits with an original maturity of six months or less (2011: six months or less). The bank balances and deposits carry interest at market rates which range from 0.001% to 5% (2011: 0.001% to 3.05%) per annum.

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21. PLEDGED BANK DEPOSITS / BANK BALANCES AND CASH (Continued)

At 31 December 2012, the Group's bank balances and cash denominated in RMB amounted to approximately RMB51,436,000 (2011: RMB52,407,000). Conversion of RMB into foreign currencies is subject to the PRC's Foreign Exchange Control Regulations and Administration of Settlement, Sale and Payment of Foreign Exchange Regulations.

	2012 RMB'000	2011 RMB'000
Cash and cash equivalents for the purpose of the consolidated statement of financial position	58,450	60,101
Time deposits with an original maturity of more than three months when acquired	(36,697)	(27,223)
Cash and cash equivalents for the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows	<u>21,753</u>	<u>32,878</u>

22. TRADE PAYABLES

The following is an aged analysis of trade payables presented based on the invoice date at the end of the reporting period:

	2012 RMB'000	2011 RMB'000
0 to 90 days	4,087	5,066
91 to 180 days	21	69
181 to 365 days	19	112
Exceeding 365 days	2,587	2,567
	<u>6,714</u>	<u>7,814</u>

The average credit period on purchases of goods is 180 days. The Group has financial risk management policies in place to ensure that all payables are settled within the credit timeframe.

23. OTHER PAYABLES AND ACCRUED EXPENSES

	2012 RMB'000	2011 RMB'000
Other payables and accrued expenses	15,033	21,156
Prepayments received from customers	3,518	4,219
	<u>18,551</u>	<u>25,375</u>

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2012

24. SHARE CAPITAL

	2012 RMB'000	2011 RMB'000
Registered, issued and fully paid:		
132,000,000 H shares of RMB0.1 each	13,200	13,200
348,000,000 domestic shares of RMB0.1 each	34,800	34,800
	48,000	48,000

25. DEFERRED INCOME

The following are the major deferred income recognised and movements thereon during the current and prior years:

	Information sharing platform RMB'000	Innovated project RMB'000	Total RMB'000
At 1 January 2011	1,800	700	2,500
Received during the year	-	150	150
Credited to profit or loss	-	(850)	(850)
At 31 December 2011 and 1 January 2012	1,800	-	1,800
Received during the year	900	-	900
Credited to profit or loss	(540)	-	(540)
At 31 December 2012	2,160	-	2,160

During the year ended 31 December 2011, the Group received government grants of RMB150,000 towards an innovated project. The Group had received RMB850,000 in aggregate for such project and such amount was recognised as other revenue upon the fulfillment of the relevant conditions in respect to such government grants (note 7).

During the year ended 31 December 2012, the Group received government grant of RMB900,000 towards a project for the development of an information sharing platform. The Group received RMB2,700,000 in aggregate in respect of this project and such amount was treated as deferred income in these consolidated financial statements. The amount will be amortised to the Group's profit and loss as other revenue (note 7) on a straight line basis to match with the amortisation of the relevant project development costs capitalised as intangible assets.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2012

26. DEFERRED TAXATION

The following are the major deferred tax assets (liabilities) recognised and movements thereon during the current and prior years:

	Estimated tax losses RMB'000	Deferred income arising from government grant RMB'000	Total RMB'000
At 1 January 2011	625	(625)	-
(Charged) credited to profit or loss	(175)	175	-
At 31 December 2011 and 1 January 2012	450	(450)	-
Credited (charged) to profit or loss	90	(90)	-
At 31 December 2012	540	(540)	-

At the end of the reporting period, the Group has unused tax losses of approximately RMB4,501,000 (2011: RMB5,209,000) available for offset against future profits. A deferred tax asset has been recognised in respect of approximately RMB2,160,000 (2011: RMB1,800,000) of such losses. At 31 December 2012, no deferred tax asset has been recognised in respect of the remaining losses of approximately RMB2,341,000 (2011: RMB3,409,000) due to the unpredictability of future profit streams. At 31 December 2012, approximately RMB1,943,000 (2011: RMB3,297,000) included in the above unused tax losses will expire after five years from the year of assessment to which they related. Other losses may be carried forward indefinitely.

27. RETIREMENT BENEFITS SCHEME

As stipulated by the PRC regulations, the Group maintains defined contribution retirement plans for all of its employees. The Group contributes to a state-managed retirement plan at 22% (2011: 22%) of the basic salary of its employees, and has no further obligation for actual pension payments or post-retirement benefits beyond the annual contributions. The state-managed retirement plan is responsible for the entire pension obligations payable to retired employees. The Group's contributions for the year amounted to approximately RMB1,193,000 (2011: RMB1,194,000).

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2012

28. SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The Company has conditionally adopted a share option scheme in July 2002 (the “Share Option Scheme”).

The maximum number of H shares which may be issued upon exercise of all outstanding options granted and yet to be exercised under the Share Option Scheme and any other share option scheme of the Group must not in aggregate exceed 30 percent of the H shares in issue from time to time. The total number of H shares which may be issued upon exercise of all options to be granted under the Share Option Scheme and any other share option scheme of the Group must not in aggregate exceed 13,200,000 H shares, being 10 percent of issued H shares. The total number of H shares issued and which may fall to be issued upon exercise of the options granted or to be granted under the Share Option Scheme and any other share option scheme of the Group to each grantee in any 12-month period up to the date of grant shall not exceed one percent of the H shares in issue for the time being (“Individual Limit”). Any further grant of options in excess of the Individual Limit in any 12-month period up to and including the date of such further grant shall be subject to the issue of a circular to the shareholders and the shareholders’ approval in general meeting of the Company with such grantee and his associates abstaining from voting.

An option may be accepted by a participant within 21 days from the date of the offer of grant of the option. No eligible participants who are PRC nationals and have taken up any options to subscribe for H shares shall be entitled to exercise any such options until the current restrictions imposed by the relevant PRC laws and regulations restricting PRC nationals from subscribing for and dealing in H shares or any laws or regulations with similar effects (the “H Shares Restrictions”) have been abolished or removed. Options may be exercised in accordance with the terms of the Share Option Scheme at any time during a period to be determined and notified by the Directors to each grantee, which period may commence on a day after the date upon which the offer for the grant of option is made but shall end in any event not later than 10 years from the date of offer for the grant of the option subject to the provisions for early termination thereof. The subscription price for H shares under the Share Option Scheme shall be a price determined by the Directors, but shall not be less than the highest of (a) the closing price of the H shares on GEM as stated in the Stock Exchange’s daily quotations on the date of the offer of grant, which must be a business day; (b) the average closing price of the H shares on GEM as stated in the Stock Exchange’s daily quotations for the five trading days immediately preceding the date of the offer of grant; and (c) the nominal value of the H shares.

The Share Option Scheme of the Company has become invalid on 6 July 2012. As at 31 December 2011 and during the period from 1 January 2012 to 6 July 2012, none of the directors or supervisors of the Company were granted options to subscribe for H shares of the Company. As at 6 July 2012, none of the directors or the supervisors of the Company had any rights to acquire H shares in the Company.

Since 6 July 2012, no new share option scheme was adopted by the Company.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2012

29. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

(a) Categories of financial instruments

	2012 RMB'000	2011 RMB'000 (Restated)
Financial assets		
Loans and receivables (including pledged bank deposits and bank balances and cash)	78,977	84,849
Available-for-sale investments	2,416	2,416
	81,393	87,265
Financial liabilities		
At amortised cost	22,840	28,821

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Group's major financial instruments include trade receivables, deposits and other receivables, pledged bank deposits, bank balances and cash, trade payables, other payables and accrued expenses and amounts due from / to a related party / associates / shareholders. Details of the financial instruments are disclosed in respective notes. The risks associated with these financial instruments include market risk (currency risk and interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The policies on how to mitigate these risks are set out below. The management manages and monitors these exposures to ensure appropriate measures are implemented on a timely and effective manner.

Market risk

Currency risk

The Group mainly operates in the PRC. Revenue and majority of its operating costs and cost of sales are denominated in RMB. Certain bank balances of the Group are denominated in the USD and HKD. Such USD and HKD denominated bank balances are exposed to fluctuations in the value of RMB against USD and HKD in which these bank balances are denominated. Any significant appreciation/depreciation of the RMB against these foreign currencies may result in significant exchange gain/loss which would be recorded in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

The Group manages its foreign currency risk by closely monitoring the movements of foreign currency exchange rates. The Group currently has not entered into any foreign currency forward contracts to hedge against foreign currency risk. Management will consider hedging foreign currency exposure should the need arise.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2012

29. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Market risk (Continued)

Currency risk (Continued)

The Group's bank balances that are denominated in currency other than the functional currency of the relevant Group entities are as follows:

	2012 RMB'000	2011 RMB'000
Assets		
USD	4,770	4,847

Sensitivity analysis

The following table details the Group's sensitivity to a 5% (2011: 5%) increase and decrease in RMB against relevant foreign currencies. 5% (2011: 5%) is the sensitivity rate used when reporting foreign currency risk internally to key management personnel and represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in foreign currency rates. The sensitivity analysis includes only outstanding foreign currency denominated monetary items and adjusts their translation at the year end for 5% (2011: 5%) change in foreign currency rates. A positive (2011: negative) number indicates an increase in loss (2011: decrease in profit) where RMB strengthens 5% (2011: 5%) against the relevant foreign currencies. For a 5% (2011: 5%) weakening of RMB against the relevant currency, there would be an equal but opposite impact on the (loss) profit for the year.

	2012 RMB'000	2011 RMB'000
USD		
(Loss) profit for the year	239	(242)

Interest rate risk

The Group is exposed to cash flow interest rate risk in relation to its variable-rate deposits with bank and is also exposed to fair value interest rate risk in relation to fixed-rate bank deposits. To mitigate the impact of interest rate fluctuations, the Group continually assesses and monitors the exposure to interest rate risk.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2012

29. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Market risk (Continued)

Sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analysis below has been determined based on the exposure to interest rates for non-derivative instruments at the end of the reporting period. The analysis is prepared assuming the financial instruments outstanding at the end of the reporting period were outstanding for the whole year. A 100 basis points (2011: 100 basis points) increase or decrease is used when reporting interest rate risk internally to key management personnel and represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in interest rates.

If interest rates had been 100 basis points (2011: 100 basis points) higher/lower and all other variables were held constant, the Group's loss for the year ended 31 December 2012 (2011: profit for the year) would increase/decrease by approximately RMB122,000 (2011: RMB263,000). This is mainly attributable to the Group's exposure to interest rates on its variable-rate deposits with bank.

Credit risk

As at 31 December 2012, the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk which will cause a financial loss to the Group due to failure to discharge an obligation by the counterparties is arising from the carrying amounts of the Group's respective recognised financial assets as stated in the consolidated statement of financial position.

The Group limits its exposure to credit risk by vigorously selecting counterparties. The Group mitigates its exposure to risk relating to trade receivables by dealing with selected government agencies with sound financial standing. Also, certain new customers were required to place cash deposits with the Group to mitigate the maximum exposure to credit risk. In addition, the Group reviews the recoverable amount of each individual trade debt at the end of the reporting period to ensure the adequate impairment losses are made for irrecoverable amounts. In this regard, the directors of the Company consider that the Group's credit risk is significantly reduced.

The Group has no significant concentration of credit risk, with exposure spreading over a number of counterparties and customers.

The bank balances were deposited in banks with high credit rating, thus the credit risk on these balances is limited.

The Group's concentration of credit risk by geographical locations is mainly in the PRC with exposure spread over a number of customers, which accounted for 100% (2011: 93%) of the total trade receivables as at 31 December 2012.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2012

29. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Liquidity risk

The purpose of liquidity management is to ensure sufficient cash flow to meet all financial commitment and to capitalise on opportunities of business expansion. Liquidity is managed on a daily basis by the management which ensures the Group has adequate liquidity for all operations and monitor local and international market for the adequacy of funding and liquidity. The Group manages liquidity risk by holding sufficient liquid assets such as cash to ensure short-term funding requirement are covered with prudent limit. As at 31 December 2012 and 2011, the financial liabilities including trade payables, other payables and accrued expenses, amounts due to a related party and a shareholder are all due for settlement contractually within one year.

(c) Fair value

The fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities are determined in accordance with generally accepted pricing models based on discounted cash flow analysis.

The carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded at amortised cost in the consolidated financial statements approximate their fair values due to their immediate or short-term maturities.

30. CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group manages its capital to ensure that entities in the Group will be able to continue as a going concern while maximising the return to shareholders through the optimisation of the debt and equity balance. The Group's overall strategy remains unchanged from prior year.

The capital structure of the Group consists of equity attributable to owners of the Company, comprising issued share capital and reserves.

The directors of the Company review the capital structure on an annual basis. As part of this review, the directors of the Company consider the cost of capital and risks associated with each class of capital. Based on recommendations of the directors of the Company, the Group will balance its overall capital structure through the payment of dividends, new share issues and share buy-backs.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2012

31. OPERATING LEASE COMMITMENTS

The Group as lessee

	2012 RMB'000	2011 RMB'000
Minimum lease payments paid under operating leases in respect of land and buildings	1,966	1,872

At the end of the reporting period, the Group had commitments for future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases which fall due as follows:

	2012 RMB'000	2011 RMB'000 (Restated)
Within one year	1,937	1,897
In the second to fifth year inclusive	1,226	1,129
	3,163	3,026

Operating lease payments represented rentals payable by the Group for certain of its office premises. Leases are negotiated for an average of three years and rentals are fixed for an average of three years. All operating lease contracts contain market review clauses in the event that the Group exercises its option to renew. The Group does not have an option to purchase the leased asset at the expiry of the lease period.

The above commitments have included the commitment to an indirect shareholder (note 32(iii) and note 7).

The Group as lessor

Property rental income earned during the year was RMB258,000 (2011: RMB472,000) (note 7).

At the end of the reporting period, the Group had contracted with tenants for the following future minimum lease payments:

	2012 RMB'000	2011 RMB'000
Within one year	258	258

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2012

32. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTION

i) Significant related party balances at the end of the reporting period are:

a) Amounts due from associates

	2012 RMB'000	2011 RMB'000
Tong Yong	423	191
Duogao	550	-
	973	191

The amounts are unsecured, non-interest bearing and repayable on demand.

b) Amount due from a shareholder

	2012 RMB'000	2011 RMB'000
上海交大科技园有限公司 ("上海交大科技园")	200	700

The amount is unsecured, non-interest bearing and repayable on demand.

c) Amount due to a related party

Name of related parties	Relationship	2012 RMB'000	2011 RMB'000
Shanghai Huikang Information Technology Company Limited 上海慧康信息技术 有限公司 ("慧康信息")	Company controlled by a director of the Company	664	542

The amount is unsecured, non-interest bearing and repayable on demand.

d) Amount due to a shareholder

	2012 RMB'000	2011 RMB'000
Shanghai Jiao Tong University	1,212	365

The amount is unsecured, non-interest bearing and repayable on demand.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2012

32. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

(ii) Significant related party transactions during the year are:

	Relationship	2012 RMB'000	2011 RMB'000
(a) Project income generated from			
- 慧康信息	Controlled by a director of the Company	733	593
- 上海交大科技园	Shareholder	-	1,150
- Duogao	An associate	2,490	-
(b) Operating lease payments to			
- Shanghai Jiao Tong University	An indirect shareholder	1,694	1,694
(c) Rental income from			
- Tong Yong	An associate	258	258

The directors are of the opinion that the above transactions were conducted in accordance with the terms of contracts entered between the Group and the related parties in the ordinary course of the Group's business.

(iii) At the end of the reporting period, the Group had commitments for future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases to Shanghai Jiao Tong University which fall due as follows:

	2012 RMB'000	2011 RMB'000
Within one year	1,694	1,694
In the second to fifth year inclusive	1,129	2,823
	2,823	4,517

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2012

32. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

- (iv) Remuneration for key management personnel, including amounts paid to the directors, supervisors and highest paid employees as disclosed in note 8, is as follows:

	2012 RMB'000	2011 RMB'000 (Restated)
Short-term benefits	1,407	1,362
Post-employment benefits	184	153
	1,591	1,515

The remuneration of directors and key executive is determined by the remuneration committee having regard to the performance of individuals and market rate.

- (v) The related party transaction in item (ii) (b) constitutes a continuing connected transaction as defined in Chapter 20 of the GEM Listing Rules.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2012

33. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY

	NOTES	2012 RMB'000	2011 RMB'000
Non-current assets			
Plant and equipment		269	359
Interests in associates		4,855	8,596
Intangible assets		4,969	3,748
Available-for-sale investments		2,416	2,416
Pledged bank deposits		450	450
Unlisted investments in subsidiaries		-	-
		12,959	15,569
Current assets			
Inventories		7,152	4,571
Amounts due from customers for contract works		8,034	6,202
Trade receivables		11,776	16,066
Deposits, prepayments and other receivables		7,631	13,309
Amounts due from subsidiaries	a	65	65
Amounts due from associates	a	973	191
Amount due from a shareholder	a	200	700
Pledged bank deposits		-	64
Bank balances and cash		51,429	52,400
		87,260	93,568
Current liabilities			
Trade payables		6,605	7,705
Other payables and accrued expenses		18,248	25,071
Amount due to a shareholder	a	1,212	365
Amount due to a related party	a	664	542
		26,729	33,683
Net current assets		60,531	59,885
Total assets less current liabilities		73,490	75,454
Non-current liability			
Deferred income		2,160	1,800
Net assets		71,330	73,654
Capital and reserves			
Share capital (note 24)		48,000	48,000
Reserves	b	23,330	25,654
Total equity		71,330	73,654

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2012

33. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY (Continued)

Note:

- (a) Balances with the subsidiaries / associates / shareholders / a related party

The balances are unsecured, non-interest bearing and repayable on demand.

- (b) Reserves

	Share premium RMB'000	Capital reserve (note (i)) RMB'000	Statutory reserves (note (ii)) RMB'000	Accumulated losses RMB'000	Total RMB'000
At 1 January 2011	61,068	16,000	223	(52,473)	24,818
Profit and total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-	836	836
At 31 December 2011 and 1 January 2012	61,068	16,000	223	(51,637)	25,654
Loss and total comprehensive expenses for the year	-	-	-	(2,324)	(2,324)
At 31 December 2012	61,068	16,000	223	(53,961)	23,330

- (i) Capital reserve

The Company, in the early stage of its incorporation, obtained technology know-how from a promoter of the Company, Shanghai Jiao Tong University at nil consideration. In February 2000, the Company injected this technology know-how, being the Courts Management Information System into Withub Technology, at a value of RMB16,000,000 in exchange for 44.44% equity interest in Withub Technology. The value of the contributed technology know-how by Shanghai Jiao Tong University was booked in the capital reserve of the Company.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2012

33. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY (Continued)

(b) Reserves (Continued)

(i) Capital reserve (Continued)

The capital reserve is non-distributable.

(ii) Statutory reserve

The transfers to statutory surplus reserve are based on the net profit under the financial statements prepared using the PRC accounting standards. The PRC Company Law requires the annual appropriation of 10% of the profit after taxation of relevant entities in the Group to the statutory surplus reserve until the balance reaches 50% of the registered share capital. Under normal circumstances, the statutory surplus reserve shall only be used for making up losses, capitalisation into share capital and expansion of the Company's production and operation. In the event of the capitalisation of the statutory surplus reserve into share capital, the remaining amount of such reserve after capitalisation shall not be less than 25% of the registered share capital.

34. PARTICULARS OF SUBSIDIARIES OF THE COMPANY

Particulars of the Company's subsidiaries are as follows:

Name of company	Place of incorporation and operation	Class of shares held	Registered / issued capital	Percentage of equity interest directly attributable to the Company		Principal activities
				2012	2011	
Shanghai Withub Zhirui Hi-Tech Co., Limited* 上海慧谷智睿 高新科技有限公司	The PRC	Contributed capital	RMB5,000,000	82%	82%	Inactive
Shanghai Withub Information and Professional Training School (the "School")** 上海慧谷信息 人才專修學院	The PRC	Contributed capital	RMB1,000,000	100% (note (i))	100% (note (i))	Inactive
Jiaoda Withub (Hong Kong) Limited*** 交大慧谷(香港)有限公司	Hong Kong	Ordinary	HKD12,000,000	100%	100%	Development and sales of business solutions and software

* private limited liability company (domestic joint equity)

** private unincorporated entity

*** private limited liability company

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2012

34. PARTICULARS OF SUBSIDIARIES OF THE COMPANY (Continued)

Note:

The School is a non-profit making entity with a paid-up capital of RMB1,000,000. According to the articles of association of the School and the relevant regulations in the PRC governing educational institutions, all earnings and receipts from the School can only be used to improve its internal facilities and training standard and cannot be used for any other purposes or be distributed to its organiser.

35. COMPARATIVES

Certain comparatives have been restated to conform to the presentation of the current year. However, such reclassification has no impact on the Group's profit for the year ended 31 December 2011 and has not affected the consolidated statement of financial position at 1 January 2011 and 31 December 2012.

Five-Year Financial Summary

RESULTS

	Year ended 31 December				
	2012 RMB'000	2011 RMB'000	2010 RMB'000	2009 RMB'000	2008 RMB'000
Turnover	100,336	98,089	85,622	84,608	87,642
Profit (loss) before tax	(2,936)	1,280	(16,126)	2,707	334
Income tax expense	-	-	-	-	-
Profit (loss) for the year	(2,936)	1,280	(16,126)	2,707	334
Attributable to:					
- Owners of the Company	(2,933)	1,283	(16,123)	2,707	334
- Non-controlling interest	(3)	(3)	(3)	-	-
Dividends	-	-	-	-	-
Earnings (loss) per share (in RMB)					
- Basic and diluted	(0.0061)	0.0027	(0.0336)	0.0056	0.0007

ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

	Year ended 31 December				
	2012 RMB'000	2011 RMB'000	2010 RMB'000	2009 RMB'000	2008 RMB'000
Non-current assets	15,731	16,998	19,568	34,013	32,754
Current assets	94,219	102,360	92,016	100,916	86,353
Total assets	109,950	119,358	111,584	134,929	119,107
Current liabilities	27,141	34,096	27,155	36,235	24,096
Non-current liability	2,160	1,800	2,500	891	-
Total liabilities	29,301	35,896	29,655	37,126	24,096
Total net assets	80,649	83,462	81,929	97,803	95,011
Share capital	48,000	48,000	48,000	48,000	48,000
Reserves	32,658	35,468	33,932	49,803	47,011
	80,658	83,468	81,932	97,803	95,011
Non-controlling interest	(9)	(6)	(3)	-	-
	80,649	83,462	81,929	97,803	95,011