# H.K. JEWELRY CO.

# 2014 ANNUAL REPORT

# Hong Kong Jewellery Holding Limited 香港珠寶控股有限公司

Au750

(Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability 於百慕達註冊成立之有限公司 ) Stock Code 股份代號: 8048

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This report, for which the directors (the "Directors") of Hong Kong Jewellery Holding Limited (the "Company") collectively and individually accept full responsibility, includes particulars given in compliance with the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Growth Enterprise Market of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "GEM Listing Rules") for the purpose of giving information with regard to the Company. The Directors, having made all reasonable enquiries, confirm that to the best of their knowledge and belief the information contained in this report is accurate and complete in all material respects and not misleading or deceptive, there are no other matters the omission of which would make any statement herein or this report misleading. 香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)創業板(「創 業板」)市場之特色

創業板的定位,乃為相比起其他在聯交所上市的 公司帶有較高投資風險的公司提供一個上市的市 場。有意投資的人士應了解投資於該等公司的潛 在風險,並應經過審慎周詳的考慮後方作出投資 決定。創業板之較高風險及其他特色,表示創業 板較適合專業及其他老練投資者。

由於創業板上市公司新興的性質所然,在創業板 買賣之證券可能會較於聯交所主板買賣的證券承 受較大之市場波動風險,同時無法保證在創業板 買賣的證券會有高流通量的市場。

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本報告乃遵照香港聯合交易所有限公司創業板證 券上市規則(「創業板上市規則」)的規定而提供有 關香港珠寶控股有限公司(「本公司」)之資料。本 公司之董事(「董事」)願就本報告所載資料共同 及個別承擔全部責任。董事在作出一切合理查詢 後,確認就其所知及所信,本報告所載資料在各 重要方面均屬準確完備,沒有誤導或欺詐成份, 本報告無遺漏任何事項,足以令致本報告或其所 載任何陳述產生誤導。

## CONTENTS 目錄

- 3 CORPORATE INFORMATION 公司資料
- 5 FINANCIAL SUMMARY 財務概要
- 6 CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT 主席報告
- 7 MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS 管理層討論及分析
- 13 CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT 企業管治報告
- 22 DIRECTORS' REPORT 董事會報告
- 33 PROFILE OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT 董事及高級管理人員履歷
- 39 INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT 獨立核數師報告
- 41 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME 综合損益及其他全面收益表
- 43 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION 综合財務狀況表
- 45 STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION 財務狀況表
- 46 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS 综合現金流量表
- 48 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY 综合權益變動表
- 49 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 財務報表附註

## CORPORATE INFORMATION 公司資料

#### **EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS**

Ms. LI Xia Mr. LIN Di Mr. CHEN Yin Mr. YIP Tin Hung *(Resigned on 18 August 2014)* 

# INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. LAM Tin Faat Ms. LU Haina Mr. FU Ping Man (*Resigned on 1 December 2014*) Ms. NA Xin (*Appointed on 1 December 2014*)

#### **COMPLIANCE OFFICER**

Mr. YIP Tin Hung (Resigned on 18 August 2014) Ms. CHEUNG Yuet Wah, Eva (Appointed on 18 August 2014)

#### **COMPANY SECRETARY**

Dr. TANG Lai Wah (*Resigned on 18 August 2014*) Ms. CHEUNG Yuet Wah, Eva (*Appointed on 18 August 2014*)

#### **AUTHORISED REPRESENTATIVES**

Ms. LI Xia Mr. YIP Tin Hung (*Resigned on 18 August 2014*) Ms. CHEUNG Yuet Wah, Eva (*Appointed on 18 August 2014*)

#### BERMUDA RESIDENT REPRESENTATIVES

Codan Services Limited

#### **AUDIT COMMITTEE**

Mr. LAM Tin Faat *(Chairman)* Ms. LU Haina Mr. FU Ping Man *(Resigned on 1 December 2014)* Ms. NA Xin *(Appointed on 1 December 2014)* 

#### **REMUNERATION COMMITTEE**

Mr. LAM Tin Faat *(Chairman)* Ms. LI Xia Mr. FU Ping Man *(Resigned on 1 December 2014)* Ms. NA Xin *(Appointed on 1 December 2014)* 

#### **NOMINATION COMMITTEE**

Mr. LAM Tin Faat *(Chairman)* Ms. LI Xia Mr. FU Ping Man *(Resigned on 1 December 2014)* Ms. NA Xin *(Appointed on 1 December 2014)* 

#### 執行董事

李霞女士 林迪先生 陳寅先生 葉天雄先生(於二零一四年八月十八日辭任)

#### 獨立非執行董事

林天發先生 陸海娜女士 傅炳文先生(於二零一四年十二月一日辭任) 那昕女士(於二零一四年十二月一日獲委任)

#### 監察主任

葉天雄先生(於二零一四年八月十八日辭任) 張月華女士(於二零一四年八月十八日獲委任)

#### 公司秘書

鄧麗華博士(於二零一四年八月十八日辭任) 張月華女士(於二零一四年八月十八日獲委任)

#### 法定代表

李霞女士 葉天雄先生(於二零一四年八月十八日辭任) 張月華女士(於二零一四年八月十八日獲委任)

#### 駐百慕達代表

Codan Services Limited

#### 審核委員會

林天發先生(*主席)* 陸海娜女士 傅炳文先生(於二零一四年十二月一日辭任) 那昕女士(於二零一四年十二月一日獲委任)

#### 薪酬委員會

林天發先生(*主席*) 李霞女士 傅炳文先生(於二零一四年十二月一日辭任) 那昕女士(於二零一四年十二月一日獲委任)

#### 提名委員會

林天發先生(*主席)* 李霞女士 傅炳文先生(*於二零一四年十二月一日辭任)* 那昕女士(*於二零一四年十二月一日獲委任*)

## CORPORATE INFORMATION 公司資料

#### **AUDITORS**

Grant Thornton Hong Kong Limited Certified Public Accountants Level 12 28 Hennessy Road Wanchai, Hong Kong

#### **PRINCIPAL BANKER**

The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited The Bank of East Asia, Limited

#### PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

MUFG Fund Services (Bermuda) Limited Rosebank Centre 11 Bermudiana Road Pembroke Bermuda

#### HONG KONG BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited Rooms 1712 – 1716, 17th Floor, Hopewell Centre 183 Queen's Road East Hong Kong

#### **REGISTERED OFFICE**

Clarendon House 2 Church Street Hamilton HM11 Bermuda

#### HEAD OFFICE AND PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

Rm A & B, 17/F Fortune House 61 Connaught Road Central Hong Kong

#### **WEBSITE ADDRESS**

www.hkjewelry.net

#### 核數師

致同(香港)會計師事務所有限公司 執業會計師 香港灣仔 軒尼詩道28號 12樓

#### 主要往來銀行

香港上海滙豐銀行有限公司

東亞銀行有限公司

#### 主要股份過戶登記處

MUFG Fund Services (Bermuda) Limited Rosebank Centre 11 Bermudiana Road Pembroke Bermuda

#### 香港股份過戶登記分處

香港中央證券登記有限公司 香港 皇后大道東183號 合和中心17樓1712-1716室

#### 註冊辦事處

Clarendon House 2 Church Street Hamilton HM11 Bermuda

#### 總辦事處及香港主要營業地點

香港 干諾道中61號 福興大廈 17樓A及B室

#### 網址

www.hkjewelry.net

## FINANCIAL SUMMARY **財務概要** for the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

		2010 二零一零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2011 二零一一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2012 二零一二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元	2014 二零一四年 HK\$′000 千港元
RESULTS	業績					
Revenue	收入	280,576	512,900	350,880	579,380	499,375
Profit/(Loss) before income tax Income tax credit/(expense)	扣除所得税前 溢利/(虧損) 所得税抵免/(開支)	4,658 1,281	2,590 (219)	36,462 (1,361)	(14,723) (1,447)	(26,611) (559)
Profit/(Loss) for the year	年內溢利/(虧損)	5,939	2,371	35,101	(16,170)	(27,170)
ASSETS AND LIABILITIES	資產與負債					
Total assets Total liabilities	資產總額 負債總額	186,799 (79,161)	193,798 (77,428)	391,238 (239,280)	358,012 (165,745)	274,874 (111,082)
Total equity	股權總額	107,638	116,370	151,958	192,267	163,792

## CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT 主席報告

Dear Shareholders:

On behalf of the Board of Directors (the "Board") of Hong Kong Jewellery Holding Limited (the "Company"), it is my pleasure to present the 2014 Annual Report of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") for the year ended 31 December 2014.

The franchised and corporate stores under our brand H H.K. JEWELRY had successfully entered the prime district of many of the first and second-tier cities in PRC. The growth rate in number of store was promising compared to the earlier stages, our brand had gained considerable degree of popularity and reputations in the industry. In due accomplishment of our development plans, the Group rapidly expanded its retail outlets in PRC with a series of systematic and methodical retail networks in North-eastern, Northern, Eastern and Southern PRC established, the stores had achieved promising sales results and our further increased brand popularity.

The Group believes that development of a jewellery brand demands long-term investment and commitment of the management. In view of the growing passion and affection of the PRC consumer towards fashion jewellery products, our branding team will further develop and enlarge the market share of **H** H.K. JEWELRY by enhancing our internal management and business structure.

Looking ahead, the Group will strive to fulfil its stakeholders' expectation, strengthen its investment and development through further asset capacity expansion and resource integration, so as to offer attentive, unified, standardised, convenient and comprehensive services to domestic and overseas customers. We shall commit to preserve the beauty of the jewellery industry and forge H H.K. JEWELRY into a world-class jewellery brand and a representative brand of the PRC.

Dear shareholders and fellow colleagues, healthy and rapid development of the Group will be our common expectation and target in 2015. Let's work together to optimize the existing business structure, while aggressively seeking new opportunities for business development and investment.

<b>Li Xia</b>	主席
Chairman	<b>李霞</b>
Hong Kong	香港
17 March 2015	二零一五年三月十七日

#### 各位股東:

本人謹代表香港珠寶控股有限公司(「本公司」)董 事會(「董事會」),欣然呈報本公司及其附屬公司 (以下統稱「本集團」)截至二零一四年十二月三十 一日止年度的二零一四年年報。

本集團旗下 社香港珠寶在國內所經營直營和加 盟專門店已成功進駐全國眾多一線、二線城市商 圈。相較品牌成長初期,門店數量增長速度喜 人,而本集團的品牌在業內亦具有相當程度的知 名度與美譽。本集團在內地迅速擴展零售網點, 在東北、華北、華東、華南建立起一系列系統、 科學的零售網絡,門店銷售業績理想,品牌知名 度更是與日俱增,順利完成本集團預計的發展計 劃。

本集團深信珠寶品牌的發展要求長期的投入與經營,藉內地消費者對於時尚珠寶品牌的喜愛與熱情,集團品牌團隊將透過不斷強化內部管理及業務結構,將<del>]</del>香港珠寶進一步拓展,擴大市場佔 有率。

今後,本集團將不負眾望,通過更進一步的資產 擴容、資源整合,加大投資力度、加快發展步 伐,集中、統一、規範、便捷、全方位地為全國 各地乃至海外客戶提供服務。我們將傳承珠寶行 業的精美工藝,致力將是了香港珠寶打造為世界頂 尖品牌,並成為中國的具代表性品牌。

各位股東、各位同仁,我們二零一五年的共同目 標是本集團能夠持續健康、快速地發展。我們將 繼續對集團現有業務結構進行優化,同時積極尋 求新的業務發展和投資機會。

ANNUAL REPORT 2014

#### FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

For the year ended 31 December 2014, the Group's loss attributable to the owners of the Company amounted to HK\$ 27,019,000 (2013: HK\$14,091,000). It was mainly a result of the growth in staff cost and outsource costs of the IT Products and Services segment and the written off of leasehold improvements following an office relocation of the Jewellery segment.

The Group's turnover for the year ended 31 December 2014 amounted to HK\$499,375,000 (2013: HK\$579,380,000). The sale of gold and jewellery products and franchise income contributed turnover of HK\$70,153,000 during the year (2013: HK\$140,135,000). The sales of enterprise software products dropped by 1% to HK\$129,538,000 (2013: HK\$131,155,000). Revenue on systems integration business decreased by 2% to HK\$259,211,000 (2013: HK\$263,364,000) and revenue on professional services business also decreased by 2% to HK\$40,473,000 (2013: HK\$41,155,000). Revenue on Application Service Provider ("ASP") business is zero (2013: HK\$3,571,000).

#### **OPERATION REVIEW**

The year of 2014 was challenging for the jewellery retail industry. Being affected by the aftermath of global financial crisis, the global economy continued to stall, with gold price in the international markets remaining at a downward track. Slowdown in the PRC economy led to sluggish consumption, with high-end consumption particularly impacted and putting a drag on the domestic jewellery retail market.

#### 財務表現

截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度,本公司 擁有人應佔本集團之虧損為27,019,000港元(二零 一三年:14,091,000港元),主要由於資訊科技產 品及服務業務的員工和外判工作的成本增加及珠 寶產品業務的辦公室搬遷後撇銷租賃物業裝修所 致。

本集團截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度 的營業額為499,375,000港元(二零一三年: 579,380,000港元)。本年內,黃金珠寶產品銷售 及特許加盟收入的營業額為70,153,000港元(二零 一三年:140,135,000港元)。企業軟件產品的銷 售額下跌1%至129,538,000港元(二零一三年: 131,155,000港元)。系統集成業務收入減少2% 至259,211,000港元(二零一三年:263,364,000港 元)及專業服務業務收入亦減少2%至40,473,000 港元(二零一三年:41,155,000港元)。應用軟件 服務供應商業務收入為零(二零一三年:3,571,000 港元)。

#### 業務回顧

二零一四年對珠寶零售行業是具挑戰性的一年, 在國際金融危機後續影響下,全球經濟持續放 緩,國際金價維持低走,以至於在國內經濟下滑 造成消費低迷情況下,高端消費尤其受到打擊, 拖累國內珠寶的零售市場。





二零一四年年報



Challenges to the market also represented an opportunity for the new entrants. In 2014, the Group continued to proactively explore and develop the franchise business of its jewellery retail sector. The establishment of 金香港珠寶(深圳)有限公司 ("Gold Hong Kong Jewellery"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Group based in the PRC, as our PRC operating centre further upgraded the image of H H.K. JEWELRY and expanded its market influence. On product portfolio, H H.K. JEWELRY still focused on gold, platinum, karat gold jewellery and diamond ornaments, and has also promoted other products group such as emerald, ruby and sapphire, pearl and other varieties to cater for the needs of various groups and levels of consumers in the domestic markets.

In the past year, Gold Hong Kong Jewellery continued to recruit new franchisees across the PRC and opened corporate stores in the prime districts of various major cities in order to enhance the brand of H H.K. JEWELRY. The growth in franchised stores was in line with the global development plan of the Group. On market exploration strategy, we have expanded from first and second tier cities to all major provincial capital cities in the PRC, with an aim to expand our market coverage from selected cities to a country-wide network. 市場備受挑戰的同時,也為新加入的品牌造就機 遇。在二零一四年,本集團繼續積極開拓和發展 旗下珠寶產品零售的特許經營業務,透過本集團 內地成立的全資子公司「金香港珠寶(深圳)有限公 司」(下稱「金香港珠寶」)的中國營運中心,進一步 提升₩香港珠寶品牌的形象,擴大市場影響力。 在產品組合方面,₩香港珠寶品牌仍以黃金、鉑 金、K金首飾及鑽石飾品為主銷產品,並對應國內 地區市場不同消費者的需求而適當地配搭推廣其 它類別產品如翡翠、紅藍寶石、珍珠等,以滿足 不同消費群體和不同層面的需求。

在過去一年,金香港珠寶陸續在中國各地招募特 許經營者加盟,並進駐各大城市商圈開設品牌專 營店壯大子子香港珠寶品牌,特許加盟 店增長符合本集團整體發展規劃。在 開拓市場策略方面,更由一、二 線城市拓大範圍至全國各省會城 市,計劃打造由點到面的市場覆 蓋局面。

In order to strengthen business and management, Gold Hong Kong Jewellery encouraged the franchised stores to acquire their gold and jewellery products directly from the designated suppliers. Income became more reliant on the management fees and certification charges on the products sold by the franchised stores than the resale of gold and jewellery products to the franchised stores. Although the revenue decreased as compared with 2013, overall business was not adversely affected and liquidity was improved as a result of reduced investments in inventory and receivables.

On the IT Products and Services segment, 2014 was also a challenging year to the management. Although the overall revenue of the IT Products and Service business only decreased slightly as compared to the previous year, losses were recorded for the full year due to rising operating costs caused by the sharp increase in salaries and turnover of professional technicians both in Hong Kong and the PRC, and changes in the management team resulting from competition for professional technical talents with other peers which necessitated outsourcing arrangements to be made by the management.

為了強化業務和管理,金香港珠寶鼓勵特許加盟 店直接從指定合作供應商進行採購,對比過去偏 重轉售黃金珠寶產品給特許加盟店,收入更為依 賴對特許加盟店出售貨品的管理和認證收費。雖 然銷售收入對比二零一三年有所減少,但對整體 業務並沒有造成負面影響,反而有助減輕庫存及 應收款項的投資,讓流動資金周轉更加靈活。

另外,對於本集團的資訊科技產品及服務業務方 面,二零一四年對管理層同屬困難的一年。雖然 資訊科技產品及服務業務的整體收入較去年只有 略微下跌,但由於香港及內地的專業技術人員工 資及人員流動性急劇增長,加上同業對專業技術 人材的競爭導致管理團隊有一些變動,管理層需 要作出外判安排,令整體營運成本增加以致全年 錄得虧損。



#### LIQUIDITY AND FINANCIAL RESOURCES

As at 31 December 2014, the Group remained in a strong financial position with bank balances and cash of HK\$86,872,000 (2013: HK\$71,355,000).

The Group monitored its capital structure using the gearing ratio which is net debt divided by total equity. For this purpose, the Group defined net debt as debt, which comprised long-term and short-term borrowings, less cash and cash equivalents. Total equity comprised equity attributable to owners of the Company and non-controlling interests stated in the consolidated statement of financial position. The gearing ratio as at 31 December 2014 was zero (2013: zero), as the net debt was also zero.

#### **CAPITAL STRUCTURE**

As at 31 December 2014, the Group's issued shares were 1,188,460,000 shares (2013: 1,188,460,000).

#### INVESTMENT

As at 31 December 2014, the Group invested in the equity securities listed in Hong Kong of HK\$26,945,000 measured at fair value (2013: HK\$26,602,000).

#### 流動資金及財務資源

本集團之財務狀況維持穩健, 於二零一四年十二月三十 一日持有銀行存款及現金 86,872,000港元(二零一三 年:71.355.000港元)。



本集團按淨負債除以股權總額計算負 債比率,以此監控其資本結構。本集團將淨負 債定義為負債(包含長期與短期借貸)扣除現金及 現金等價物。股權總額由綜合財務狀況表中所列 示之本公司擁有人應佔股權及非控股權益組成。 於二零一四年十二月三十一日之負債比率為零(二 零一三年:零),因淨負債亦為零。

#### 資本結構

於二零一四年十二月三十一日,本集團已發行股份 為1,188,460,000股(二零一三年:1,188,460,000 股)。

#### 投資

於二零一四年十二月三十一日,本集團於香港上 市股本證券之投資,按公允價值計為26,945,000 港元(二零一三年:26,602,000港元)。



#### **SEGMENTAL PERFORMANCE**

For the year end 31 December 2014, the turnover of the Jewellery Product and the IT Products and Services segments amounted to HK\$70,153,000 (2013: HK\$140,135,000) and HK\$429,222,000 (2013:HK\$439,245,000) respectively.

# EMPLOYEES AND REMUNERATION POLICIES

As at 31 December 2014, the number of employees of the Group was 574 (2013: 592). Remuneration is determined by reference to market terms and the performance, qualification and experience of individual employee. Year-end bonus based on individual performance will be paid to employees as recognition of and reward for their contributions.

#### **FUTURE PROSPECTS**

As the central government launched a number of measures to stabilize the economy, it is expected that the PRC economy will maintain a stable development in the coming year. After the market adjustment triggered by fluctuations in gold price, the jewellery market is likely to stabilize and may even pick up the growth trend. As a listed company focusing on the long-term development of the brand, the Group remains optimistic about the huge potential for consumption and opportunities in the jewellery market of the PRC.

#### 分部表現

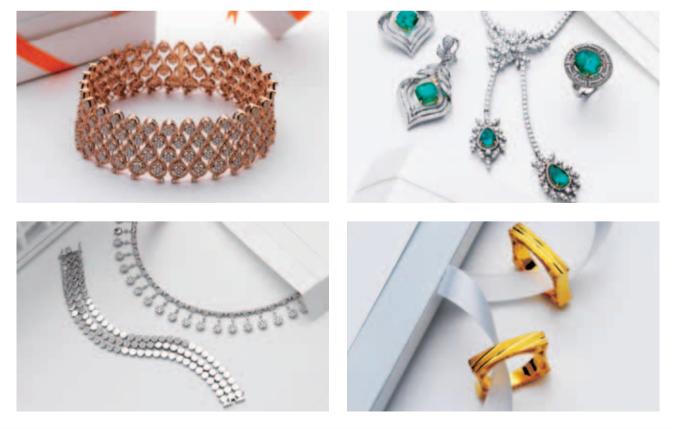
截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度,珠寶產品 業務及資訊科技產品及服務業務之營業額分別為 70,153,000港元(二零一三年:140,135,000港元) 及429,222,000港元(二零一三年:439,245,000港 元)。

#### 僱員及薪酬政策

於二零一四年十二月三十一日,本集團僱員人數 為574人(二零一三年:592人)。有關薪酬乃經 參考市場水平以及個別僱員之表現、資歷及經驗 後釐定。本集團將按個人表現向僱員發放年終花 紅,作為彼等貢獻之嘉許及獎勵。

#### 未來展望

有見近日中央推出多項穩定經濟措施,預期來年 中國內地經濟將會平穩發展,珠寶市場經歷過由 金價波動引起的調整後有望回穩甚至回覆升勢, 作為致力於品牌長期發展的上市公司,本集團依 然繼續看好內地珠寶消費的廣大市場與潛在機遇。



The management continues to hold a cautiously optimistic view towards the IT Products and Services segment. As the IT industry comprises a large number of start-up companies engaged in mobile applications, social media platforms and online composition business, and with the emergence of e-finance and e-business in the domestic market, competition for professional IT talents will remain intense, and it remains a challenge for the management to effectively control operating costs in the foreseeable future.

Overall, the Group will continue to vigorously promote the development strategy of H H.K. JEWELRY. While strengthening our competitive edges and increasing our market share in the jewellery industry, efforts will be made to reduce our reliance on the IT Products and Services segment. With effective internal management and adhering to our usual good practice, the management will enhance corporate governance and further optimize the existing business structure, while aggressively seeking new opportunities for business development and investment. 對於資訊產品及服務業務,管理層仍然審慎樂 觀。面對整個資訊科技行業充斥著林林總總的手 機應用程式、社交媒體以及網上創作的創業和國 內電子金融及交易興起。專業資訊科技人材的競 爭將會維持激烈,在可見未來有效控制成本仍然 是對管理層的一項挑戰。

整體而言,本集團將持續積極推動社香港珠寶品 牌戰略,在增強珠寶行業競爭力和拓大市場佔有 率的同時減輕過去集團業績對資訊科技產品及服 務業務的倚賴,配合有效的內部管理,管理層將 秉承過去,加強企業管理,繼續對集團現有業務 結構進行優化,同時會積極尋求新的業務發展和 投資機會。



#### (1) CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

The Company is committed to the establishment of good corporate governance practices and procedures. The Directors believe that sound and reasonable corporate governance practices are essential for the growth of the Company and for safeguarding the shareholders' interests and the Company's assets.

The Company's code of corporate governance practices was adopted with reference to the code provisions of the Corporate Governance Code (the "Code Provisions") contained in Appendix 15 of the GEM Listing Rules. There is no deviation from the relevant Code Provisions as at 31 December 2014.

#### (2) BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The Board is responsible for overseeing the strategic directions, management, business and financial performance of the Group.

The Board has delegated the day-to-day operational responsibilities of the Group's business to the executive management team under the leadership of Chairman and Chief Executive Officer and various Board committees.

#### **Board Composition**

The Board currently comprises the following members:

Executive Directors: Ms. LI Xia Mr. LIN Di Mr. CHEN Yin Mr. YIP Tin Hung (resigned on 18 August 2014)

Independent Non-executive Directors: Mr. LAM Tin Faat Ms. LU Haina Mr. FU Ping Man (resigned on 1 December 2014) Ms. NA Xin (appointed on 1 December 2014)

#### (1) 企業管治常規

本公司致力設立良好之企業管治常規及程 序。董事相信,可靠而合理之企業管治常 規對本公司增長以及保障股東利益及本公 司資產極為重要。

本公司採納之企業管治常規守則,乃參考 創業板上市規則附錄十五所載之企業管治 守則之守則條文(「守則條文」)而釐定。於 二零一四年十二月三十一日,並無偏離相 關守則條文。

#### (2) 董事會

董事會負責督導本集團之策略方向、管 理、業務及財務表現。

董事會已透過主席與行政總裁及各董事委 員之領導將本集團業務之日常營運責任交 予執行管理團隊。

#### 董事會成員

董事會目前由以下成員組成:

執行董事: 李霞女士 林迪先生 陳寅先生 葉天雄先生(於二零一四年八月十八日辭任)

*獨立非執行董事:* 林天發先生 陸海娜女士 傅炳文先生(於二零一四年十二月一日辭任) 那昕女士(於二零一四年十二月一日獲委任)

#### (2) **BOARD OF DIRECTORS** (Continued)

#### **Board Meeting**

The Board meets at least four times a year to review financial and operating performance and discuss the Group's direction and strategy. Details of the attendance of the Board of Directors are as follows:

#### (2) 董事會(續)

#### 董事會會議

董事會每年最少舉行四次會議,以檢討財 務及營運表現,並且商討本集團之方向及 策略。董事會出席會議之詳情如下:

		<b>17 Mar 2014</b> 二零一四年 三月十七日	<b>9 May 2014</b> 二零一四年 五月九日	<b>11 Aug 2014</b> 二零一四年 八月十一日	<b>11 Nov 2014</b> 二零一四年 十一月十一日
Ms. LI Xia Mr. LIN Di Mr. CHEN Yin Mr. YIP Tin Hung* Mr. LAM Tin Faat Ms. LU Haina Mr. FU Ping Man**	李霞女士 林迪定先生 陳寅廷雄先生* 林天發先生 陸海娜女士 傅炳文先生**	> > > > > > > >	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	/ / / / / /	/ / / / / / /
Ms. NA Xin <sup>#</sup>	那昕女士*	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用

\* Resigned on 18 August 2014

\*\* Resigned on 1 December 2014

# Appointed on 1 December 2014

Directors are given notice of regular Board meetings of at least 14 days in advance. The Directors will receive details of agenda with comprehensive reports on the management's strategic plans, updates by business unit heads on their lines of business, financial objectives, plans and actions at least 3 days before a Board meeting.

All Directors have access to the Company Secretary who is responsible for ensuring that Board procedures are complied with and advises the Board on corporate governance and compliance matters.

The Executive Directors meet every two weeks to review company business pipeline, receivables, and business unit performance. Senior Management meets with Business Unit Management every week to review project status, and business unit issues.

The Company has undertaken several meetings, first with Senior Management, second with the audit committee, and subsequently with the Board, to discuss and review the Group's practice on corporate governance and make specific checks on the Group's compliance via a compliance matrix in accordance to the criteria set forth by the GEM Listing Rule. \* 於二零一四年八月十八日辭任\*\* 於二零一四年十二月一日辭任

# 於二零一四年十二月一日獲委任

董事於定期董事會會議舉行前最少14天獲 得通知,董事將於董事會會議舉行前最少3 天收到會議議程,以及有關管理層策略性 計劃之周詳報告、業務單位主管就彼等之 業務提供之更新資料、財務目標、計劃及 行動。

全體董事均可獲得公司秘書協助,公司秘 書負責確保董事會之程序符合企業管治及 監察事宜,並就此向董事會提供意見。

執行董事每兩星期舉行一次會議,以檢視 公司洽談中的銷售機會、應收款項及業務 單位表現。高級管理層每星期與業務單位 主管舉行一次會議,以檢視項目進度及業 務單位事項。

本公司之高級管理層、審核委員會及董事 會已先後舉行會議,以商討及檢視本集團 之企業管治實務,以及透過根據創業板上 市規則所載標準為監察基礎,就本集團之 表現作出特定檢視。

#### (2) **BOARD OF DIRECTORS** (Continued)

#### **Independence of Directors**

All the directors do not have any financial, business, family or other material/relevant relationship with each other.

The Company confirmed that annual confirmations of independence were received from each of the Company's Independent Non-executive Directors pursuant to Rule 5.09 of the GEM Listing Rules and all Independent Non-executive Directors are considered to be independent.

#### **Directors' Training**

Directors must keep abreast of their collective responsibilities. Every new appointed director should receive induction and subsequent briefing and professional development.

Pursuant to Code A.6.5 of the Code Provisions (which is effective from 1 April 2012), Directors should participate in continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills. This is to ensure that their contribution to the Board remains informed and relevant. During the period, all Directors have participated in appropriate continuous professional development activities by way of reading materials relevant to the Company's business or to the Directors' duties and responsibilities, including but not limited to the changes in respect of the new Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap.622) and latest developments in connected transactions under the GEM Listing Rules.

Mr. Lam Tin Faat, as the Chairman of the Audit Committee, Remuneration Committee and Nomination Committee also attended a number of seminars/courses in relation to continuous professional developments organized by The Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants during the year in 2014.

#### **Directors' Liability Insurance**

Appropriate liability insurance, the coverage of which is reviewed annually, has been arranged to indemnify the Directors' risk exposure arising out of corporate activities.

#### (2) 董事會(續)

#### 董事獨立性

全體董事彼此之間並無任何財務、業務、 家族或其他實質/相關聯繫。

本公司確認,已遵照創業板上市規則第 5.09條,接獲本公司各獨立非執行董事之 獨立性年度確認書,因此所有獨立非執行 董事均被視為獨立人士。

#### 董事培訓

全體董事必須清楚彼等之整體責任。任何 新任董事將獲提供入職介紹,隨後會獲提 供簡介及專業發展計劃。

根據守則條文第A.6.5條(自二零一二年四 月一日起生效),董事須參與持續專業發 展,以發展及更新其知識及技能。此舉可 確保彼等繼續在具備全面資訊及切合所需 的情況下對董事會作出貢獻。期內,全體 董事透過閱讀與本公司業務或董事職責相 關的資料,包括但不限於新香港公司條例 (第622章)的變動及創業板上市規則項下 關連交易的最新發展,參與合適的持續專 業發展活動。

審核委員會、薪酬委員會及提名委員會主 席林天發先生於二零一四年亦出席一系列 由香港會計師公會組織之持續專業發展相 關研討會/課程。

#### 董事責任保險

本公司已為董事安排適當責任保險,為彼 等因公司業務而面對之風險提供賠償保 障,並每年審閱其承保範圍。

#### (3) CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE (3) 主席兼行政總裁 OFFICER

Pursuant to Code A.2.1 of the Code Provisions, the roles of Chairman and Chief Executive Officer should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual, so that there is a clear division of responsibilities between the management of the Board and the day-to-day management of the Company's business to ensure a balance of power and authority.

The Chairman of the Board, Ms. Li Xia provides leadership for the Board to ensure that the Board functions properly in compliance with good corporate governance practices; and the Chief Executive Officer, Mr. Lin Di takes the lead in the Company's operations and business development.

#### (4) AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Audit Committee was established on 11 August 2000. The Audit Committee's principal duties are to review and supervise the financial reporting process and internal control procedures of the Group.

The revised terms of reference of Audit Committee in accordance with Code C.3.3 of the Code Provisions of the GEM Listing Rules was adopted on the Board Meeting held on 21 March 2012.

The members of Audit Committee is currently comprised Mr. Lam Tin Faat, Ms. Lu Haina and Ms. Na Xin, all of whom are Independent Non-executive Directors. Mr. Lam Tin Faat is the Chairman of the Audit Committee. Mr. Fu Ping Man resigned as a member of the Audit Committee on 1 December 2014 and Ms. Na Xin was appointed as a member on 1 December 2014.

The Audit Committee meets four times a year to review with senior management and at least twice a year with the Company's auditors for the Company's audit findings, accounting policies and standards, changes of accounting rules (if any), compliance with listing rules, internal and audit control, and budget and cash flow forecast. 根據守則條文第A.2.1條,主席與行政總裁 之職能須分開,且不應由同一人士出任, 使董事會管理與本公司日常業務管理之職 責清楚劃分,以確保權力和授權之平衡。

董事會主席李霞女士領導董事會,確保董 事會依據良好企業管治常規履行職能,而 行政總裁林迪先生領導本公司之業務營運 及業務發展。

#### (4) 審核委員會

審核委員會已於二零零零年八月十一日成 立。審核委員會之主要工作為檢討與監督 本集團之財務報告流程以及內部監控程序。

遵從創業板上市規則守則條文第C.3.3條的 審核委員會經修訂職權範圍已於二零一二 年三月二十一日舉行的董事會會議上獲採 納。

審核委員會成員現由三位獨立非執行董事 林天發先生、陸海娜女士及那昕女士所組 成。林天發先生為審核委員會之主席。傅 炳文先生於二零一四年十二月一日辭任審 核委員會成員職務,而那昕女士於二零一 四年十二月一日獲委任為委員會成員。

審核委員會與高級管理層每年舉行四次會 議,並與本公司核數師每年最少舉行兩次 會議,就本公司之審核事宜、會計政策及 準則、會計規則變動(如有)、遵守上市規 則事務、內部及審核監控,預算及現金流 量預算進行審閱。

#### (4) AUDIT COMMITTEE (Continued)

The Group's unaudited quarterly and interim results and audited annual results during the year ended 31 December 2014 have been reviewed by the Audit Committee, who is of the opinion that such statements comply with the applicable accounting standards and that adequate disclosures have been made.

Details of the attendance of members at Audit Committee meeting are as follows:

#### (4) 審核委員會(續)

審核委員會已審閲本集團截至二零一四年 十二月三十一日止年度內之未經審核季度 及中期業績及經審核年度業績,審核委員 會認為該等報表已遵從適用之會計準則, 並已作出充份披露。

審核委員會成員出席會議之詳情如下:

		<b>17 Mar 2014</b> 二零一四年 三月十七日	<b>9 May 2014</b> 二零一四年 五月九日	<b>11 Aug 2014</b> 二零一四年 八月十一日	<b>11 Nov 2014</b> 二零一四年 十一月十一日
Mr. LAM Tin Faat Ms. LU Haina Mr. FU Ping Man** Ms. NA Xin#	林天發先生 陸海娜女士 傅炳文先生** 那昕女士#	✔ ✔ ✔ N/A 不適用	✔ ✔ N/A 不適用	✔ ✔ N/A 不適用	✔ ✔ N/A 不適用
** Resigned on 1 December 2014 <sup>#</sup> Appointed on 1 December 2014				9年十二月一日辭1 9年十二月一日獲3	

#### (5) **REMUNERATION COMMITTEE**

The Remuneration Committee was established on 10 May 2005. The Remuneration Committee is to make recommendations to the Board on the Company's policy and structure for all directors and senior management's remuneration.

The revised terms of reference of Remuneration Committee in accordance with Code B.1.2 of the Code Provisions of the GEM Listing Rules was adopted on the Board Meeting held on 21 March 2012.

The members of Remuneration Committee is currently comprised Mr. Lam Tin Faat and Ms. Na Xin, both are Independent Non-executive Directors, and Ms. Li Xia who is an Executive Director, Mr. Lam Tin Faat is the Chairman of the Remuneration Committee. During the year, Mr. Fu Ping Man resigned as a member on 1 December 2014 and Ms. Na Xin was appointed as a member on 1 December 2014.

The Remuneration Committee should hold at least one regular meeting in a year. During the year under review, the members of Remuneration Committee, Mr. Lam Tin Faat and Ms. Li Xia attended the Remuneration Committee Meeting on 11 November 2014.

(5) 薪酬委員會

薪酬委員會已於二零零五年五月十日成 立。薪酬委員會乃就本公司全體董事及高 級管理人員之薪酬政策及架構向董事會提 供建議。

遵從創業板上市規則守則條文第B.1.2條的 薪酬委員會經修訂職權範圍已於二零一二 年三月二十一日舉行之董事會會議上獲採 納。

薪酬委員會現由獨立非執行董事林天發先 生及那昕女士,以及執行董事李霞女士所 組成。林天發先生為薪酬委員會主席。年 內,傅炳文先生於二零一四年十二月一日 辭任委員會成員職務,而那昕女士於二零 一四年十二月一日獲委任為委員會成員。

薪酬委員會應每年舉行至少一次定期會 議。回顧年度內,薪酬委員會成員林天發 先生及李霞女士於二零一四年十一月十一 日出席薪酬委員會會議。

#### (6) NOMINATION COMMITTEE

The Nomination Committee was established on 21 March 2012. The Nomination Committee is to assist Board of Directors of the Company to deal with matters in relation to appointment of members of the Board.

The written terms of reference of Nomination Committee in accordance with Code A.5.2 of the Code Provisions of the GEM Listing Rules was adopted on the Board Meeting held on 21 March 2012.

The members of Nomination Committee is currently comprised Mr. Lam Tin Faat and Ms. Na Xin, both are Independent Non-executive Directors, and Ms. Li Xia who is an Executive Director, Mr. Lam Tin Faat is the Chairman of the Nomination Committee. During the year, Mr. Fu Ping Man resigned as a member on 1 December 2014 and Ms. Na Xin was appointed as a member on 1 December 2014.

The Nomination Committee should hold at least one regular meeting in a year. During the year under review, the members of Nomination Committee, Mr. Lam Tin Faat and Ms. Li Xia attended the Nomination Committee Meeting on 11 November 2014.

#### (7) COMPANY SECRETARY

All Directors have access to the advice and services of the Company Secretary. Our current Company Secretary is Ms. Cheung Yuet Wah, Eva, appointed on 18 August 2014, is responsible for facilitating the Board process, as well as communications between Board members and the management, and advising the Board and its committees on all governance matters. Dr. Tang Lai Wah resigned on 18 August 2014.

The biographical details of Dr. Tang and Ms. Cheung are set out on page 36 to 37 of this annual report.

#### (6) 提名委員會

提名委員會已於二零一二年三月二十一日 成立。提名委員會乃協助本公司董事會處 理有關委任董事會成員之事宜。

遵從創業板上市規則守則條文第A.5.2條的 提名委員會書面職權範圍已於二零一二年 三月二十一日舉行之董事會會議上獲採納。

提名委員會現由獨立非執行董事林天發先 生及那昕女士,以及執行董事李霞女士所 組成。林天發先生為提名委員會主席。年 內,傅炳文先生於二零一四年十二月一日 辭任委員會成員職務,而那昕女士於二零 一四年十二月一日獲委任為委員會成員。

提名委員會應每年舉行至少一次定期會 議。回顧年度內,提名委員會成員林天發 先生及李霞女士於二零一四年十一月十一 日出席提名委員會會議。

#### (7) 公司秘書

所有董事均可向公司秘書諮詢意見及獲得 服務。現任公司秘書為張月華女士,於二 零一四年八月十八日獲委任,負責促進董 事會程序,以及董事會成員之間及董事會 成員與管理層之間的溝通,並就所有管治 事宜向董事會及其轄下委員會提供意見。 鄧麗華博士已於二零一四年八月十八日辭 任。

鄧博士及張女士之履歷詳情載於本年報第 36至37頁。

#### (8) COMPLIANCE OF CODE FOR DIRECTORS' SECURITIES TRANSACTION

The Company has adopted a code of conduct regarding securities transactions by directors on terms no less exacting than the required standard of dealings set out in Rules 5.48 to 5.67 of the GEM Listing Rules. Having made specific enquiry of all directors, all directors of the Company have complied with the required standard of dealings and the code of conduct regarding securities transactions by directors adopted by the Company throughout the twelve months ended 31 December 2014.

#### (9) AUDITORS' REMUNERATION

For the year ended 31 December 2014, the remuneration for the provision of audit and non-audit services by the auditors to the Group is as follows:

#### (8) 董事進行證券交易遵守守則

本公司已就董事進行之證券交易採納一項 條款不低於創業板上市規則第5.48至5.67 條所載規定買賣準則之操守守則。經向全 體董事作出特定查詢後,本公司全體董事 於截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止十二 個月期間一直遵守規定買賣準則,以及由 本公司所採納有關董事進行證券交易之操 守守則。

#### (9) 核數師酬金

截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度, 本公司的核數師向本集團提供核數及非核 數服務的酬金如下:

		2014 二零一四年 HK\$′000 千港元	2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Fees breakdown by accounting firms	費用按會計師行劃分		
Grant Thornton* Annual audit services Non-audit services	致同會計師事務所* 年度核數服務 非核數服務	1,000 5	1,010
		1,005	1,020
Other professional CPA firms Annual audit services	其他專業執業會計師行 年度核數服務	168	190
Total	總計	1,173	1,210

 \* Grant Thornton (including Grant Thornton and Grant \* 致同會計師事務所(包括致同會計師事 Thornton Hong Kong Limited), hereinafter referred to as "Grant Thornton").
 \* 致同會計師事務所(包括致同會計師事 務所(特殊普通合夥)及致同(香港)會計 師事務所有限公司),以下稱[致同會計 師事務所」。

#### (10) INTERNAL CONTROLS

The Board recognises that a sound and effective internal control system will contribute to the effectiveness and efficiency of operations, the reliability of financial reporting and the Group's compliance with applicable laws and regulations.

Management has established the Group's Internal Control Policies and Guidance for monitoring the internal control system.

The Board has delegated to management the implementation of such systems of internal controls as well as the review of relevant financial, operational and compliance controls and risk management procedures. Qualified personnel and individual business unit heads throughout the Group maintain and monitor the compliance to these controls on an ongoing basis and report variances to senior management.

Based on the assessment and review made by the Board and senior management on the effectiveness of the internal control system, the Audit Committee is satisfied that:

- The internal controls and accounting systems of the Group are designed to provide reasonable assurance that material assets are protected, business risks attributable to the Group are identified and monitored, material transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorisation and the accounts are reliable for publication; and
- There is an ongoing process in place for identifying, evaluating and managing the significant risks faced by the Group.

#### (10) 內部監控

董事會確認,一個健全及有效的內部監控 制度將提高營運的效能和效率,增加財務 報告的可靠性,使本集團更嚴格遵守現行 法例及規例。

管理層已就監察內部監控制度制定本集團 之內部監控政策及指引。

董事會授權管理層推行該等內部監控制度 之執行工作,並檢討有關財務、營運與監 察控制及風險管理之程序。本集團的合資 格人士及個別業務單位主管負責維持及持 續監督符合該等監控制度,並向高級管理 層報告任何變動。

基於董事會及高級管理層就內部監控制度 的效能所作出之評估及檢閱,審核委員會 接納以下兩項:

- 本集團之內部監控及會計制度旨在 合理保證重大資產得到保障、本集 團業務風險受到識別及監督、重大 交易根據管理層授權而執行,以及 賬目可靠地作刊行;及
- 可提供持續識別、評估及管理本集 團所面對之重大風險之程序。

#### (11) COMMUNICATION WITH SHAREHOLDERS

The rights of shareholders and the procedure for demanding a poll on resolutions at general meetings are contained in the Company's Bye-laws. Pursuant to the GEM Listing Rules, and vote of shareholders at a general meeting must be taken by poll. In addition, an announcement on the poll vote results will be made by the Company following the relevant general meeting.

The general meetings of the Company provide an opportunity for communication between the shareholders and the Board.

The Company also communicates with its shareholders through annual reports, interim reports, quarterly reports, announcements and circulars issued by the Company from time to time.

#### (11) 與股東的溝通

股東之權利及於股東大會要求按股數投票 表決之程序,均載於本公司之公司細則 內。遵照創業板上市規則,股東於週年 大會上之任何投票必須按股數表決方式進 行。此外,於有關股東大會結束後,本公 司將會就按股數投票表決之結果發出公佈。

本公司股東大會提供機會給股東與董事會 展開溝通。

本公司亦透過不時刊發之年度報告、中期 報告、季度報告、公告及通函與股東進行 溝通。

#### 二零一四年年報

The Directors have pleasure in submitting their report and audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2014.

#### **PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES**

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding. The principal activities of its principal subsidiaries are set out in note 16 to the financial statements.

#### **RESULTS AND APPROPRIATIONS**

The results of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2014 and the state of affairs of the Group and the Company at that date are set out in the financial statements on pages 41 to 136. The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend.

#### **FINANCIAL SUMMARY**

A summary of the results and of the assets and liabilities of the Group for the past five years is set out on page 5 of the annual report.

#### **SHARE CAPITAL**

Details of the movements in the share capital of the Company are set out in note 32 to the financial statements.

#### **RESERVES**

Details of the movements in the reserves of the Group and the Company during the year are set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity on page 48 and note 33 to the financial statements respectively.

#### **PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT**

Details of the movements in the property, plant and equipment of the Group are set out in note 15 to the financial statements.

#### **PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS**

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Company's Bye-laws, or the laws of Bermuda, which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro-rata basis to existing shareholders.

董事會欣然提呈截至二零一四年十二月三十一日 止年度之董事會報告及經審核財務報表。

#### 主要業務

本公司之主要業務為投資控股。主要附屬公司之 主要業務載於財務報表附註16。

#### 業績及分派

本集團截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度之 業績及本集團與本公司於上述日期之財政狀況, 載於第41頁至第136頁之財務報表。董事不建議 派發股息。

#### 財務概要

本集團於過往五年之業績及資產負債概要載於年 報第5頁。

#### 股本

本公司股本之變動詳情載於財務報表附註32。

#### 儲備

年內本集團及本公司儲備之變動詳情分別載於第 48頁之綜合權益變動表及財務報表附註33。

#### 物業、廠房及設備

本集團物業、廠房及設備之變動詳情載於財務報 表附註15。

#### 優先購買權

本公司之公司細則或百慕達法律均無有關優先購 買權之規定,致令本公司須按比例向現有股東提 呈發售新股。

ANNUAL REPORT 2014

#### PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF 購買、出售或贖回本公司上市證券 THE COMPANY'S LISTED SECURITIES

During the year ended 31 December 2014, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries has purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities.

#### DIRECTORS

The directors who held office during the year and up to the date of this report were:

Executive Directors: Ms. LI Xia (Chairman) Mr. LIN Di (Chief Executive Officer) Mr. CHEN Yin Mr. YIP Tin Hung (Resigned on 18 August 2014)

Independent Non-executive Directors: Mr. LAM Tin Faat Ms. LU Haina Mr. FU Ping Man (Resigned on 1 December 2014) Ms. NA Xin (Appointed on 1 December 2014)

Pursuant Article 83(2) of the Bye-laws of the Company, the Directors shall have the power from time to time and at any time to appoint any person as a Director either to fill a casual vacancy on the Board. Any Director so appointed by the Board shall hold office only until the next following annual general meeting of the Company and shall then be eligible for reelection at that meeting. Pursuant to Article 84(2) any Director appointed pursuant to Article 83(2) shall not be taken into account in determining which particular Directors or the number of Directors who are to retire by rotation. Ms. Na Xin, being a Director appointed by the Board on 1 December 2014, will hold office until the forthcoming annual general meeting and, being eligible, offer herself for re-election.

Pursuant to Article 84 of the Bye-laws of the Company, at each annual general meeting one-third of the Directors for the time being (or, if their number is not three or a multiple of three, the number nearest to but not less than one-third) shall retire from office by rotation provided that notwithstanding anything herein, every Director shall be subject to retirement at least once every three years. Mr. Chen Yin, Mr. Lam Tin Faat and Ms. Lu Haina will retire by rotation at the forthcoming annual general meeting and being eligible, offer themselves for re-election. 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度內,本公 司及其任何附屬公司概無購買、出售或贖回本公 司任何上市證券。

#### 董事

年內及直至本報告日期本公司之董事會成員如下:

執行董事: 李霞女士(主席) 林迪先生(行政總裁) 陳寅先生 葉天雄先生(於二零一四年八月十八日辭任)

獨立非執行董事: 林天發先生 陸海娜女士 傅炳文先生(於二零一四年十二月一日辭任) 那昕女士(於二零一四年十二月一日獲委任)

根據本公司之公司細則第83(2)條,董事應有權不時及隨時委任任何人士為董事,以填補董事會臨時空缺。以此方式獲董事會委任之任何董事之任期直至本公司下屆股東週年大會為止,屆時其應符合資格於該大會上膺選連任。根據第84(2)條,董事會根據第83(2)條委任的任何董事在釐定輪值退任的特定董事或董事數目時不應考慮在內。那 所女士(於二零一四年年十二月一日獲董事會委任為董事)之任期直至應屆股東週年大會為止,其符合資格且願意膺選連任。

根據本公司之公司細則第84條,於每屆股東週年 大會上,當時在任之三分一董事(或如董事人數並 非三或三之倍數,則為最接近但不少於三分一之 數目)須輪值告退,但儘管本文有任何規定,董 事須至少每三年退任一次。陳寅先生、林天發先 生及陸海娜女士將於應屆股東週年大會上輪值告 退,彼等符合資格且願意膺選連任。

#### PROFILE OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

The biographical details of Directors and Senior Management are set out on pages 33 to 38.

#### **DIRECTOR'S SERVICE CONTRACTS**

The Company entered into a service contract with Ms. Na Xin for an initial term of one year from 1 December 2014 and shall be automatically renewed for successive terms of one year subject to retirement by rotation and re-election at annual general meetings of the Company and in accordance with the Bye-Laws of the Company.

None of the Directors proposed for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting has an unexpired service contract which is not determinable by the Company or any of its subsidiaries within one year without payment of compensation (other than statutory compensation).

### DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN THE SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES OF THE COMPANY

At 31 December 2014, the interests and short positions of the Directors and the chief executives of the Company and their associates in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company and its associated corporations, as recorded in the register maintained by the Company pursuant to Section 352 of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO"), or as otherwise notified to the Company and The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") pursuant to Rule 5.46 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Growth Enterprise Market of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "GEM Listing Rules"), were as follows:

#### 董事及高級管理人員履歷

董事及高級管理人員履歷載於第33頁至第38頁。

#### 董事之服務合約

本公司已與那昕女士訂立服務合約,自二零一四 年十二月一日起初步為期一年,其後可自動續約 一年,惟須根據本公司的公司細則於本公司股東 週年大會上輪席退任及膺選連任。

擬於應屆股東週年大會上接受重選之董事概無與 本公司或其任何附屬公司訂有於一年內不支付賠 償(法定賠償除外)而不可終止之未屆滿服務合約。

#### 董事及主要行政人員於本公司之股 份<sup>、</sup>相關股份及債券中持有之權益及 淡倉

於二零一四年十二月三十一日,根據本公司遵照 證券及期貨條例(「證券及期貨條例」)第352條規 定存置之登記冊所載,或根據香港聯合交易所有 限公司(「聯交所」)創業板證券上市規則(「創業 板上市規則」)第5.46條給予本公司及聯交所之通 知,本公司董事及主要行政人員及彼等之聯繫人 士於本公司及其相聯法團之股份、相關股份或債 券中持有之權益及淡倉如下: 香港珠寶控股有限公司

## **DIRECTORS' REPORT** 董事會報告

### **DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN** THE SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES OF THE COMPANY

董事及主要行政人員於本公司之股 份、相關股份及債券中持有之權益及 **淡倉**(續)

Long positions in the ordinary shares of HK\$0.10 each 於本公司每股面值0.10港元普通股之好倉 of the Company

Number of ordina 持有普通				-		_		
Name	of Director		Beneficial Owner	Held by family		Held by controlled rporation	Total	Percentage of the issued share capital of the Company 佔本公司已發行
董事姓	名		實益擁有人	由家族持有	由受持	空公司持有	總計	股本百分比
Ms. L	I Xia	李霞女士	-	-	31	2,606,140 <i>(Note 1) (附註1)</i>	312,606,140	26.30%
Mr. LI	N Di	林迪先生	_	_	14	.8,910,166 <i>(Note 2)</i> <i>(附註2)</i>	148,910,166	12.53%
Mr. C	HEN Yin	陳寅先生	-	-	11	0,303,827 (Note 3) (附註3)	110,303,827	9.28%
Notes					附註:			
(1)	incorporated by Ms. Li .	l in the British Virg	no Eminent Limited, in Islands which is wl Expert Investments itish Virgin Islands.	holly-owned	(1)	限公司持有	,該公司由李霞。	註冊成立之華成有 女士透過在英屬處 限公司全資擁有。
(2)	company ir		Confluence Holdings British Virgin Island		(2)		在英屬處女群島語 有的匯原控股有限	註冊成立並由林迪 2公司持有。
(3)		l in the British Virg	ourish Zone Limited, in Islands which is wl		(3)		在英屬處女群島 育的盛域有限公司	註冊成立並由陳寅 ]持有。
assoc under	iates had a lying shares	ny interests or s	of the Directors hort positions in a of the Company or ecember 2014.	ny shares,	日,董 何相聁	ē事或彼等之	2.聯繫人士概無	年十二月三十一 於本公司或其任 份或債券中擁有

#### **SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS**

At 31 December 2014, the register of substantial shareholders maintained by the Company pursuant to Section 336 of the SFO shows that the following shareholders had notified the Company of relevant interests and short positions in the issued share capital of the Company.

#### 主要股東

於二零一四年十二月三十一日,據本公司遵照證券及期貨條例第336條存置之主要股東名冊所載, 下列股東已知會本公司於本公司已發行股本中擁 有相關權益及淡倉。

Name of shareholder		Notes	Number of issued ordinary shares held 持有已發行	Percentage of the issued share capital of the Company 佔本公司已發行股
股東姓名/名稱		附註	普通股數目	本百分比
	***			00.00%
Sino Eminent Limited	華成有限公司	1	312,606,140	26.30%
Ocean Expert Investments Limited	海通投資有限公司	1	312,606,140	26.30%
Ms. LI Xia	李霞女士	1	312,606,140	26.30%
Confluence Holdings Limited	匯原控股有限公司	1	148,910,166	12.53%
Mr. LIN Di	林迪先生	1	148,910,166	12.53%
Cheung Kong (Holdings) Limited	長江實業(集團)有限公司	2	143,233,151	12.05%
Li Ka-Shing Unity Trustee Company Limited	Li Ka-Shing Unity Trustee Company Limited			
(as trustee of The Li Ka-Shing Unity Trust)	(作為The Li Ka-Shing Unity Trust之信託人)	2	143,233,151	12.05%
Li Ka-Shing Unity Trustcorp Limited	Li Ka-Shing Unity Trustcorp Limited			
(as trustee of another discretionary trust)	(作為另一全權信託之信託人)	2	143,233,151	12.05%
	Li Ka-Shing Unity Trustee Corporation Limited			
(as trustee of The Li Ka-Shing Unity	(作為The Li Ka-Shing Unity			
Discretionary Trust)	Discretionary Trust之信託人)	2	143,233,151	12.05%
Mr. LI Ka-shing	李嘉誠先生	2	143,233,151	12.05%
Flourish Zone Limited	盛域有限公司	1	110,303,827	9.28%
Mr. CHEN Yin	陳寅先生	1	110,303,827	9.28%
Alps Mountain Agent Limited	Alps Mountain Agent Limited	2	71,969,151	6.06%
iBusiness Corporation Limited	准網集團有限公司	2	67,264,000	5.66%
	匹約未営行性ムリ	2	07,204,000	0.00 %

#### **SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS** (Continued)

#### Notes:

附註:

(1)

主要股東(續)

- (1) These shares have been disclosed as Directors' interests held by controlled corporation in the paragraph headed "Directors' and Chief Executive's Interests and Short Positions in the Shares, Underlying Shares and Debentures of the Company".
- (2) Mr. Li Ka-shing is the settlor of each of The Li Ka-Shing Unity Discretionary Trust ("DT1") and another discretionary trust ("DT2"). Each of Li Ka-Shing Unity Trustee Corporation Limited ("TDT1", which is the trustee of DT1) and Li Ka-Shing Unity Trustcorp Limited ("TDT2", which is the trustee of DT2) holds units in The Li Ka-Shing Unity Trust ("UT1") but is not entitled to any interest or share in any particular property comprising the trust assets of the said unit trust. The discretionary beneficiaries of each of DT1 and DT2 are, inter alia, Mr. Li Tzar Kuoi, Victor, his wife and children and Mr. Li Tzar Kai, Richard. Li Ka-Shing Unity Trustee Company Limited ("TUT1") as trustee of UT1 together with certain companies which TUT1 as trustee of UT1 is entitled to exercise or control the exercise of one-third or more of the voting power at their general meetings as they together hold more than one-third of the issued share capital of Cheung Kong (Holdings) Limited ("CKH"). CKH is entitled to exercise or control the exercise of one-third or more of the voting power at the general meetings of Alps Mountain Agent Limited ("Alps") and iBusiness Corporation Limited ("iBusiness").

The entire issued share capital of each of TUT1, TDT1 and TDT2 are owned by Li Ka-Shing Unity Holdings Limited ("Unity Holdco"). Mr. Li Ka-shing and Mr. Li Tzar Kuoi, Victor are respectively interested in one-third and two-thirds of the entire issued share capital of Unity Holdco. TUT1 is only interested in the shares of CKH by reason only of its obligation and power to hold interests in those shares in its ordinary course of business as trustee, when performing its functions, and exercises its power to hold interests in the shares of CKH independently without any reference to Unity Holdco or any of Mr. Li Ka-shing and Mr. Li Tzar Kuoi, Victor as a holder of the shares of Unity Holdco as aforesaid.

By virtue of the SFO, each of Mr. Li Ka-shing, being the settlor and may being regarded as a founder of each of DT1 and DT2 for the purpose of the SFO, TUT1, TDT1, TDT2 and CKH is deemed to be interested in the 143,233,151 shares of the Company of which 71,969,151 shares are held by Alps and 67,264,000 shares are held by iBusiness.

Save as disclosed above, the Company has not been notified of any other interests or short positions in the issued share capital of the Company at 31 December 2014.

- 該等股份已於「董事及主要行政人員於本公司之 股份、相關股份及債券中持有之權益及淡倉」一 段中披露為由受控公司持有之董事權益。
- 李嘉誠先生為The Li Ka-Shing Unity Discretionary (2) Trust(「DT1」)及另一全權信託(「DT2」)之財產授 予人。Li Ka-Shing Unity Trustee Corporation Limited (「TDT1」,為DT1之信託人)及Li Ka-Shing Unity Trustcorp Limited (「TDT2」, 為 DT2之信託人)各自持有The Li Ka-Shing Unity Trust (「UT1」)若干單位,但此等全權信託並無 於該單位任何信託資產物業中具有任何利益或股 份。DT1及DT2之可能受益人包括李澤鉅先生、 其妻子與子女及李澤楷先生。Li Ka-Shing Unity Trustee Company Limited (「TUT1」)以UT1信託 人身份與若干同為TUT1以UT1信託人之身份擁 有在其股東大會上行使或控制行使三分之一以上 投票權之公司共同持有長江實業(集團)有限公司 (「長實」)已發行股本三分之一以上權益。長實於 Alps Mountain Agent Limited (「Alps」)及匯網 集團有限公司(「匯網」)擁有在其股東大會上行使 或控制行使三分之一以上投票權。

TUT1、TDT1及TDT2之 全 部 已 發 行 股 本 由 Li Ka-Shing Unity Holdings Limited ([Unity Holdco])擁有。李嘉誠先生及李澤鉅先生分別 擁有Unity Holdco三分之一及三分之二全部已發 行股本。TUT1擁有長實之股份權益只為履行其 作為信託人之責任及權力而從事一般正常業務; 並可獨立行使其持有長實股份權益之權力而毋 須向Unity Holdco或上文所述之Unity Holdco股 份持有人李嘉誠先生及李澤鉅先生徵詢任何意 見。

根據證券及期貨條例, 李嘉誠先生(彼為DT1 及DT2之財產授予人及就證券及期貨條例而 言, 被視為該兩項信託之成立人)、TUT1、 TDT1、TDT2及長實均各自被視為擁有本公 司143,233,151股之股份權益, 其中包括由 Alps持有之71,969,151股股份及由匯網持有之 67,264,000股股份。

除已於上文所披露外,並無任何人士知會本公司 於二零一四年十二月三十一日持有本公司已發行 股本之任何其他權益或淡倉。

#### **MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS**

During the year, the aggregate turnover attributable to the Group's five largest customers was approximately 65.23% of the Group's total turnover and the Group's largest customer accounted for approximately 44.28% of the Group's turnover.

The aggregate purchases during the year attributable to the Group's five largest suppliers was approximately 75.39% of the Group's total purchases and the Group's largest supplier accounted for approximately 34.99% of the Group's total purchases.

At no time during the year, the Directors, their associates or any shareholder (which to the knowledge of the directors owns more than 5% of the Company's share capital) had any interest in these major suppliers or customers.

#### ARRANGEMENTS TO PURCHASE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

Other than as disclosed above, at no time during the year was the Company, its holding company, or any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangements to enable the Directors of the Company to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate.

#### DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN CONTINUING CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

The Group's continuing connected transactions were mainly made with the companies in which certain directors of the Company have interests in respect of the sales of gold and jewellery and purchase of showcases for the brand H.K. JEWELRY, which constituted continuing connected transactions (the "Continuing Connected Transactions") under the GEM Listing Rules.

On 18 September 2013, 金香港珠寶(深圳)有限公司, a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, entered into the Master Agreement I, the Master Agreement II, the Master Agreement III and Master Agreement IV with Hangzhou Baidi Jewellery Company Limited\* ("Baidi Jewellery"), Shenzhen City Zhong Chuang Union Investment Company Limited\* ("Zhong Chuang"), Shenzhen Didi Jewellery Packaging Company Limited\* ("Didi Packaging") and Hangzhou Didi Commercial Showcases Company Limited\* ("Didi Showcases") respectively.

#### 主要客戶及供應商

年內,來自本集團首五大客戶之營業額合共佔本 集團總營業額約65.23%,而來自本集團最大客戶 之營業額佔本集團營業額約44.28%。

年內,向本集團首五大供應商作出之採購額合共 佔本集團總採購額約75.39%,而向本集團最大供 應商作出之採購額佔本集團總採購額約34.99%。

年內,董事、彼等之聯繫人士或任何股東(據董事 所知擁有本公司股本5%以上者)未曾擁有此等供 應商或客戶之任何權益。

#### 購買股份或債券之安排

除已於上文披露外,年內本公司、其控股公司或 其任何附屬公司概無訂立任何安排致使本公司董 事可透過購買本公司或任何其他法團之股份或債 券而獲得利益。

#### 董事於持續關連交易之利益

本集團之持續關連交易主要為與本公司若干董事 擁有權益之公司就銷售黃金珠寶產品及購買₩香 港珠寶品牌之展櫃而作出之交易,根據創業板上 市規則構成持續關連交易(「持續關連交易」)。

於二零一三年九月十八日,本公司全資附屬公司 金香港珠寶(深圳)有限公司分別與杭州百迪珠寶 有限公司(「百迪珠寶」)、深圳市中創聯合投資有 限公司(「中創」)、深圳迪迪首飾包裝有限公司 (「迪迪包裝」)及杭州迪迪商業展具有限公司(「迪 迪展具」)訂立總協議Ⅰ、總協議Ⅱ、總協議Ⅲ及總 協議Ⅳ。

\* For identification purpose only

#### DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN CONTINUING 董事於持續關連交易之利益(續) CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

Tra	insactions		交易		
	Name of counterparties 交易方名稱	Nature of transactions 交易性質	(a) Date of Agreement (b) Terms (a) 協議日期 (b) 期限	2014 二零一四年 HK\$′000 千港元	2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元
(1)	Hangzhou Baidi Jewellery Company Limited ("Baidi Jewellery") <i>(Note 2)</i> 杭州百迪珠寶有限公司(「百迪珠寶」) <i>(附註2)</i>	Sales of gold and jewellery products 銷售黃金珠寶產品	<ul> <li>(a) 18 September 2013</li> <li>(b) 18 September 2013 – 31 December 2015</li> <li>(a) 二零一三年九月十八日</li> <li>(b) 二零一三年九月十八日</li> <li>至二零一五年</li> <li>十二月三十一日</li> </ul>	4,852	67,518
(11)	Shenzhen City Zhong Chuang Union Investment Company Limited ("Zhong Chuang") (Note 1) 深圳市中創聯合投資有限公司 (「中創」)(附註1)	Sales of gold and jewellery products 銷售黃金珠寶產品	<ul> <li>(a) 18 September 2013</li> <li>(b) 18 September 2013 – 31 December 2015</li> <li>(a) 二零一三年九月十八日</li> <li>(b) 二零一三年九月十八日</li> <li>至二零一五年</li> <li>十二月三十一日</li> </ul>	341	3,573
(   )	Shenzhen Didi Jewellery Packaging Company Limited ("Didi Packaging") (Note 2) 深圳迪迪首飾包裝有限公司(「迪迪包裝」) (附註2)	Purchase of packaging materials for the brand H.K. JEWELRY 購買III 香港珠寶品牌 之包裝材料	<ul> <li>(a) 18 September 2013</li> <li>(b) 18 September 2013 – 31 December 2015</li> <li>(a) 二零一三年九月十八日</li> <li>(b) 二零一三年九月十八日 至二零一五年 十二月三十一日</li> </ul>	699	1,266
(IV)	Hangzhou Didi Commercial Showcases Company Limited ("Didi Showcases") <i>(Note 2)</i> 杭州迪迪商業展具有限公司(「迪迪展具」) <i>(附註2)</i>	Purchase of showcases for the brand H.K. JEWELRY 購買 任 香港珠寶品牌 之展櫃	<ul> <li>(a) 18 September 2013</li> <li>(b) 18 September 2013 – 31 December 2015</li> <li>(a) 二零一三年九月十八日</li> <li>(b) 二零一三年九月十八日</li> <li>至二零一五年</li> <li>十二月三十一日</li> </ul>	844	3,653

#### 二零一四年年報

#### DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN CONTINUING 董事於持續關連交易之利益(續) CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

#### **Relationship between Connected Parties**

Notes:

- (1) Zhong Chuang is owned as to 81% by the brother of Ms. Li Xia. Accordingly, Zhong Chuang is an associate of Ms. Li Xia, and hence a connected person of the Company under Chapter 20 of the GEM Listing Rules; and
- (2) Baidi Jewellery, Didi Packaging and Didi Showcases is owned as to 90%, 65% and 80% by Hangzhou Didi Investment Joint Stock Company Limited respectively, which in turn is owned as to 10% and 90% by Mr. Lin Di and his father, respectively. Therefore, each of Baidi Jewellery, Didi Packaging and Didi Showcases is an associate of Mr. Lin Di, and hence a connected person of the Company under Chapter 20 of the GEM Listing Rules.

Therefore, transactions under Master Agreement (I) to (IV) above constitute Continuing Connected Transactions of this Company under Chapter 20 of the GEM Listing Rules.

The above Continuing Connected Transactions are subject to various annual cap amounts disclosed in the Company's announcement dated 18 September 2013 and the Company's circular dated 25 October 2013. Capitalised terms used in this section shall have the same meanings as those defined in the above announcement and circular unless specified otherwise.

#### **Opinion of the Independent Non-executive Directors**

All the Continuing Connected Transactions above have been reviewed by the Company's Independent Non-executive Directors who have confirmed that: (i) the terms and conditions of each of the Continuing Connected Transactions are on normal commercial terms that are fair and reasonable so far as the independent shareholders are concerned; (ii) the respective proposed annual caps for the Continuing Connected Transactions for the three years ending 31 December 2015 are fair and reasonable so far as the independent shareholders are concerned; and (iii) the Continuing Connected Transactions are concerned; and (iii) the Continuing Connected Transactions are as the independent shareholders are concerned; and (iii) the Continuing Connected Transactions are as the independent of the dransactions are as the independent shareholders are concerned; and (iii) the Continuing Connected Transactions are as the independent of the dransactions are as the independent of the dransactions are as the independent of the dransactions are conducted in the ordinary and usual course of business of the Group and in the interest of the Company and the shareholders as a whole.

#### 與關連方之關係

附註:

- (1) 中創由李霞女士之胞兄持有81%權益。因此, 中創為李霞女士之聯繫人,故根據創業板上市 規則第二十章,其為本公司之關連人士;及
- (2) 百迪珠寶、迪迪包裝及迪迪展具各由杭州迪迪 投資股份有限公司分別擁有90%、65%及80% 權益,而杭州迪迪投資股份有限公司則由林迪 先生及其父分別擁有10%及90%權益。因此, 百迪珠寶、迪迪包裝及迪迪展具均為林迪先生 之聯繫人,故根據創業板上市規則第二十章, 其為本公司之關連人士。

因此,根據創業板上市規則第二十章,上述總協 議(I)至(IV)項下之交易構成本公司之持續關連交 易。

誠如本公司於二零一三年九月十八日之公告及二 零一三年十月二十五日之通函所披露,上述持續 關連交易各自訂有年度上限。除另有説明外,本 節所用詞彙與上述公告及通函所界定者具有相同 涵義。

#### 獨立非執行董事之意見

本公司獨立非執行董事已審閱上文列載的所有持 續關連交易並確認:(i)各持續關連交易之條款及 條件乃按一般商業條款,就獨立股東而言實屬公 平合理;(ii)截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止三 個年度各自之持續關連交易建議年度上限,就獨 立股東而言乃屬公平合理;及(iii)持續關連交易乃 於本集團一般及日常業務過程進行,符合本公司 及股東之整體利益。

#### DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN CONTINUING CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

#### **Opinion of the Auditors**

The Company's auditors were engaged to report on the Group's Continuing Connected Transactions in accordance with Hong Kong Standard on Assurance Engagements 3000 "Assurance Engagements Other Than Audits or Reviews of Historical Financial Information" and with reference to Practice Note 740"Auditor's Letter on Continuing Connected Transactions under the Hong Kong Listing Rules" issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The auditors have issued an unqualified letter containing their findings and conclusions in respect of the Continuing Connected Transactions disclosed by the Group above in accordance with Chapter 20 of the GEM Listing Rules. The auditors have reported to the Directors that the above Continuing Connected Transactions: (1) have received the approval of the Board; (2) are in accordance with the pricing policies of the Company; (3) have been carried out in accordance with the relevant provisions of the agreements governing the transactions; and (4) have not exceeded the relevant annual caps.

#### 董事於持續關連交易之利益(續)

#### 核數師之意見

本公司核數師受託根據香港鑒證業務準則第3000 號「歷史財務資料審核或審閱以外之鑒證工作」並 參考香港會計師公會頒佈之實務説明第740號「關 於香港上市規則項下持續關連交易之核數師函件」 就本集團之持續關連交易作出匯報。核數師已出 具無保留意見函件,當中列載其對本集團根據創 業板上市規則第二十章所披露上述持續關連交易 之發現及總結。就上述持續關連交易,核數師已 向董事報告:(1)已取得董事會批准;(2)符合本公 司價格政策;(3)乃根據交易規管協議之相關條文 而進行;及(4)並無超出相關年度上限。

#### DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN COMPETING 董事於競爭性業務之權益 BUSINESS

At 31 December 2014, none of the Directors, the management shareholders or their respective associates (as defined in the GEM Listing Rules) had an interest in a business which causes or may cause significant competition with the business of the Group.

#### **CONFIRMATION OF INDEPENDENCE**

All the Directors do not have any financial, business, family or other material/relevant relationship with each other.

The Company confirmed that annual confirmations of independence were received from each of the Company's Independent Non-executive Directors pursuant to Rule 5.09 of the GEM Listing Rules and all Independent Non-executive Directors are considered to be independent.

#### 於二零一四年十二月三十一日,董事、管理層股 東或彼等各自之聯繫人士(定義見創業板上市規 則)概無於足以或可能與本集團業務構成重大競爭 之業務中擁有任何權益。

#### 獨立性確認書

全體董事彼此之間並無任何財務、業務、家族或 其他實質/相關聯繫。

本公司確認,彼等已遵照創業板上市規則第5.09 條,接獲本公司各獨立非執行董事之獨立性年度 確認書,因此所有獨立非執行董事均被視為獨立 人士。

#### **AUDIT COMMITTEE**

The Company established an Audit Committee on 11 August 2000 with written terms of reference in accordance with Rules 5.28 to 5.29 of the GEM Listing Rules. The Audit Committee currently comprise three members – Mr. Lam Tin Faat, Ms. Lu Haina and Ms. Na Xin, all of whom are Independent Non-executive Directors. Mr. Lam Tin Faat is the chairman of the Audit Committee. The Audit Committee's principal duties are to review and supervise the financial reporting process and internal control procedures of the Group. The Audit Committee met on a quarterly basis during the year ended 31 December 2014.

#### SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors, at least 25% of the Company's total issued share capital was held by the public as at the date of this annual report.

#### **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE**

The Company is committed to the establishment of good corporate governance. Information on the corporate governance practices adopted by the Company is set out in the Corporate Governance Report on pages 13 to 21.

#### **AUDITORS**

A resolution will be submitted to the forthcoming annual general meeting to re-appoint Messrs. Grant Thornton Hong Kong Limited as the auditors of the Company.

On behalf of the Board

Ms.	Li	Xia	
Chai	irm	nan	

Hong Kong 17 March 2015

#### 審核委員會

根據創業板上市規則第5.28條至第5.29條之規 定,本公司已於二零零零年八月十一日成立審核 委員會,並以書面制定其職權範圍。審核委員會 現由三位獨立非執行董事林天發先生、陸海娜女 士及那昕女士所組成。林天發先生為審核委員會 之主席。審核委員會之主要工作為檢討與監督本 集團之財務報告流程以及內部監控程序。截至二 零一四年十二月三十一日止年度內,審核委員會 已按每季度舉行會議。

#### 足夠公眾持股量

根據本公司公眾可取得資料及據董事所知,於本 年報日期,本公司已發行股本總數至少25%由公 眾持有。

#### 企業管治

本公司致力設立良好之企業管治。有關本公司採納之企業管治常規詳情載於第13頁至第21頁之企業管治報告內。

#### 核數師

應屆股東週年大會上將提呈有關重新委聘致同(香港)會計師事務所有限公司為本公司核數師之決議 案。

代表董事會

*主席* **李霞女士** 

香港 二零一五年三月十七日

## PROFILE OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT 董事及高級管理人員履歷

#### **EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS**

#### Ms. LI Xia (Age 41)

#### Chairman

Ms. Li is the Chairman of Hong Kong Jewellery Holding Limited, who is responsible for leading the work of the Board and setting operation direction and investment strategies for the Company. Ms. Li served in 上海盛久投資發展有限公司, and was appointed as Executive Vice President with her experience and strength in jewellery industry. Ms. Li was responsible for administration and human resource management, marketing operations and brand promotion. With her leadership, the company achieved a healthy growth. At the same time, Ms. Li also served as the Special-commissioned Jewellery Operating Adviser for 杭州百迪 珠寶有限公司 to lead the company to achieve excellent results. which made her the veteran in the jewellery business. Ms. Li graduated from Central Luzon State University, Republic of the Philippines with a degree of Bachelor of Science in Business Administration, and she is currently pursuing her EMBA degree in MBA School of Dongbei University of Finance and Economics. Ms. Li was appointed as an Executive Director of the Group on 3 July 2012.

#### Mr. LIN Di (Age 28)

#### Chief Executive Officer

Mr. Lin is the Chief Executive Officer of Hong Kong Jewellery Holding Limited, who is responsible for the corporate planning and business development of the Company. Mr. Lin graduated from Central Luzon State University, Republic of the Philippines with a degree of Bachelor of Science in Business Administration. Prior to joining the Company, Mr. Lin held important positions in 杭州迪迪投資股份有限公司, 杭州百迪 珠寶有限公司 and 杭州迪迪照明電子有限公司. When serving as the Brand Development Manager and the jewellery Chief Operating Officer for 杭州百迪珠寶有限公司, Mr. Lin promoted the company into the large well-known shopping malls in Jiaxing, Wuxi, Hangzhou, Ningbo, Suzhou and Huzhou in the short term, and achieved excellent results. During the period of working for 杭州迪迪照明電子有限公司, Mr. Lin led a team in jewellery light source design. The LED light designed by his team quickly took a leap into the jewellery market, becoming an irreplaceable light source for high-end branded jewellery counters. Mr. Lin was also invited by 杭州迪迪商業展具有限公司 to design the jewellery counters and light sources, presenting a perfect combination of LED lights and jewellery counters. Mr. Lin was appointed as an Executive Director of the Group on 3 July 2012.

#### 執行董事

#### 李霞女士(41歲)

主席

李女士為香港珠寶控股有限公司主席,主持董事 會工作及制定本公司的經營方針及投資策略。李 女士曾受聘於上海盛久投資發展有限公司,鑒於 珠寶行業的經驗和優勢,被公司任命為常務副 總,負責公司的行政人事、市場營運、品牌推 廣,使該公司得以健康向上發展;於此同時還兼 任杭州百迪珠寶有限公司珠寶營運顧問,帶領公 司取得優異業績,堪稱珠寶業資深人士。李女士 於菲律賓中呂宋國立大學取得工商管理科學學士 學位,目前正在東北財經大學MBA學院攻讀高級 人員工商管理碩士學位。李女士於二零一二年七 月三日獲委任為本集團執行董事。

#### 林迪先生(28歲)

行政總裁

林先生為香港珠寶控股有限公司行政總裁,負 責本公司的企業策劃及業務拓展工作。林先生 於菲律賓中呂宋國立大學取得工商管理科學學 士學位。加入本公司前,林先生曾於杭州迪迪投 資股份有限公司、杭州百迪珠寶有限公司及杭州 迪迪照明電子有限公司擔任要職。林先生分別受 聘於杭州百迪珠寶有限公司品牌拓展部經理及珠 寶營運總監期間,使公司在短期內快速進駐嘉 興、無錫、杭州、寧波、蘇州及湖州等大型著名 商場,取得優異業績。林先生在杭州迪迪照明電 子有限公司任職期間,帶領團隊進行珠寶光源 設計,其設計的LED燈迅速打入珠寶市場,成為 高端名店珠寶專櫃不可替代的光源,林先生亦被 杭州迪迪商業展具有限公司邀請進行珠寶專櫃及 光源設計,將LED燈與珠寶展櫃完美結合。林先 生於二零一二年七月三日獲委任為本集團執行 董事。

## **PROFILE OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT** 董事及高級管理人員履歷

#### **EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS** (Continued)

#### Mr. CHEN Yin (Age 33)

Mr. Chen is an entrepreneur in the Mainland China, who held senior positions in various private companies principally engaged in luxury goods trading business. Mr. Chen obtained the Diploma of Graduate Gemologist, Diploma of Diamonds and Diploma of Colored Stones from the Gemological Institute of America ("GIA"). Mr. Chen was appointed as an Executive Director of the Group on 3 July 2012.

#### Mr. YIP Tin Hung (Age 46)

Mr. Yip possesses over 20 years of experience in the luxury goods retailing sector. From 1999 to 2012, Mr. Yip held managerial positions in three luxury goods retail groups focused in Hong Kong and Mainland China. Mr. Yip graduated from Guangdong School of Engineering, now known as Guangdong University of Technology with a bachelor degree in mechanical engineering in 1991. He obtained a diploma in corporate management from Peking University. Mr. Yip is an accredited jewelry professional recognised by the Gemological Institute of America ("GIA") after obtained the Diploma of Accredited Jewelry Professional. Mr. Yip was appointed as an Executive Director of the Group on 3 July 2012 and resigned on 18 August 2014.

#### 執行董事(續)

#### 陳寅先生(33歲)

陳先生為中國內地之企業家,彼曾於多間主要從 事奢侈品貿易業務之私人公司出任高級職位。陳 先生考獲美國寶石學院(「GIA」)頒發的研究寶石 學家文憑、鑽石文憑及有色寶石文憑。陳先生於 二零一二年七月三日獲委任為本集團執行董事。

#### 葉天雄先生(46歲)

葉先生於奢侈品零售行業擁有逾二十多年豐富經 驗。於一九九九年至二零一二年期間,葉先生於 三間以香港及中國內地為業務重心之奢侈品零售 集團出任管理層職位。葉先生於一九九一年在廣 東工學院(現稱廣東工業大學)機械工程系大學畢 業,曾獲北京大學之企業管理課程文憑,且考獲 美國寶石學院(「GIA」)頒發的專業珠寶家文憑, 為獲GIA認證之珠寶專業人士。葉先生於二零一二 年七月三日獲委任為本集團執行董事,並已於二 零一四年八月十八日辭任。

## **PROFILE OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT** 董事及高級管理人員履歷

# INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

#### Mr. LAM Tin Faat (Age 39)

Mr. Lam holds a bachelor degree of business administration from The Chinese University of Hong Kong. He has more than 10 years of experience in financial audit, accounting and financial management. He is a fellow member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants in the United Kingdom and a member of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales. Mr. Lam is currently the Independent Non-executive Director of China Kingstone Mining Holdings Limited (stock code: 1380) and Golden Shield Holdings (Industrial) Limited (stock code: 2123) of which the shares of both companies are listed on the main board of the Stock Exchange. Mr. Lam is also the sole proprietor of TF Lam & Company, a CPA practice in Hong Kong, and a director of Top Team Secretary Limited. Mr. Lam was appointed as an Independent Non-executive Director of the Group on 3 July 2012.

#### Ms. LU Haina (Age 36)

Ms. Lu possesses over 8 years of experience in education in relation to jewellery design. From 2005 to 2010, Ms. Lu taught at the school of jewellery of Guangzhou Panyu Polytechnic. Since 2010, Ms. Lu has been teaching at Guangzhou International Economics College. Ms. Lu graduated from Sun Yat-Sen University with a bachelor degree in arts and design and is a holder of a jewellery designer certificate verified by All-China Federation of Industry & Commerce. Ms. Lu was appointed as an Independent Non-executive Director of the Group on 3 July 2012.

#### Mr. FU Ping Man (Age 56)

Mr. Fu has more than 10 years of experience in the gold and jewellery industry in Hong Kong, Mainland China and Taiwan and holds managerial position in a gold and jewellery company. Since 2002, Mr. Fu has been the director of Best Billion Jewellery Company Limited. He is a supervisor of Shenzhen Gold & Jewellery Association. Mr. Fu was appointed as an Independent Non-executive Director of the Group on 3 July 2012 and resigned on 1 December 2014.

#### 獨立非執行董事

#### 林天發先生(39歲)

林先生於香港中文大學獲取工商管理學學士學 位。彼於財務核數、會計及財務管理方面積逾十 年經驗。彼為香港會計師公會及英國特許公認會 計師公會之資深會員,同時亦為英格蘭及威爾斯 特許會計師公會會員。林先生現為中國金石礦業 控股有限公司(股份代號:1380)及金盾控股(實 業)有限公司(股份代號:2123)(該兩家公司股份 於聯交所主板上市)之獨立非執行董事。林先生亦 為香港執業會計師林天發會計師行之獨資經營者 及漮誠秘書有限公司之董事。林先生於二零一二 年七月三日獲委任為本集團獨立非執行董事。

#### 陸海娜女士(36歲)

陸女士於珠寶設計等教學方面擁有逾八年豐富經 驗。於二零零五年至二零一零年期間,陸女士於 廣州番禺職業技術學院珠寶學院任教。自二零一 零年起,陸女士一直於廣州涉外經濟職業技術學 院任教。陸女士於中山大學獲得藝術設計專業文 學學士學位,並持有獲中華全國工商業聯合會首 飾業商會認證之首飾設計師證書。陸女士於二零 一二年七月三日獲委任為本集團獨立非執行董事。

#### 傅炳文先生(56歲)

傅先生於香港、中國內地及台灣黃金珠寶行業擁 有逾十年豐富經驗,並於一間黃金珠寶公司出任 管理層職位。自二零零二年起,傅先生一直擔任 美億珠寶有限公司之董事。彼為深圳市黃金珠寶 首飾行業協會之監事長。傅先生於二零一二年七 月三日獲委任為本集團獨立非執行董事,並已於 二零一四年十二月一日辭任。

# **PROFILE OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT** 董事及高級管理人員履歷

# **INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE**

**DIRECTORS** (Continued)

#### Ms. NA Xin (Age 33)

Ms. Na was the chief operating officer of 深圳市九華彩珠寶首 飾有限公司 (Shenzhen Jiuha Cai Jewellery Co., Ltd), a company specialized in qualified jewellery trading business from 2008 to 2012. She was an assistant to chief executive officer for Little Sheep North America (Vancouver) Branch (小肥羊北美 (溫哥華)分公司) from 2012 to 2013. Ms. Na completed her Bachelor's degree in English in the School of Humanities and Social Science of Beijing Jiaotong University (formerly known as the Northern Jiaotong University) in 2003 and has been studying her Master degree in the School of International Trade and Economics of the University of International Business and Economics since September 2009. Ms. Na was appointed as an Independent Non-executive Director of the Group on 1 December 2014.

#### SENIOR MANAGEMENT

#### Dr. TANG Lai Wah, Venus (Age 57)

#### Chief Financial Officer and Company Secretary

Dr. Tang is the Chief Financial Officer and Company Secretary of Hong Kong Jewellery Holding Limited. Dr. Tang has over 30 years of accounting and financial management experience and over 10 years of Company Secretary experience in telecommunication, media and information technology industries. Prior to joining the Group in 2002, she held managerial position of Group Financial Controller in several sizeable listed companies in Hong Kong. Dr. Tang is a fellow member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants in the United Kingdom, a fellow member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and a fellow member of the Hong Kong Institute of Directors. She also obtained the Diploma of Accredited Jewelry Professional from the Gemological Institute of America ("GIA"). Dr. Tang received her degree of Bachelor of Arts with honours in Accountancy, degree of Master of Business Administration (Executive) and degree of Doctor of Business Administration from the City University of Hong Kong. Dr. Tang is appointed as Financial Expert by Hong Kong Council of Accreditation Academic and Vocational Qualification. Dr. Tang has resigned on 18 August 2014.

### 獨立非執行董事(續)

#### 那昕女士(**33**歲)

那女士曾於二零零八年至二零一二年擔任深圳市 九華彩珠寶首飾有限公司(專門從事合資格珠寶貿 易業務的公司)的營運總監。彼曾於二零一二年至 二零一三年擔任小肥羊北美(溫哥華)分公司的行 政總裁助理。那女士於二零零三年完成北京交通 大學(前稱北方交通大學)人文社會科學院英語學 士學位並自二零零九年九月起於對外經濟貿易大 學國際貿易經濟學院攻讀碩士學位。那女士於二 零一四年十二月一日獲委任為本集團獨立非執行 董事。

### 高級管理人員

#### 鄧麗華博士(57歲)

首席財務總監暨公司秘書

鄧博士為香港珠寶控股有限公司之首席財務總監 暨公司秘書。鄧博士於電訊、傳媒及資訊科技行 業,擁有逾三十年會計及財務管理經驗及逾十年 公司秘書經驗。於二零零二年加入本集團之前, 彼曾於香港多間具規模之上市公司擔任集團財務 總監之職位。鄧博士為英國特許公認會計師公會 資深會員、香港會計師公會資深會計師及香港董 事學會資深會員,且考獲美國寶石學院(「GIA」) 頒發的專業珠寶家文憑。鄧博士先後在香港城市 大學獲取會計學榮譽文學士學位、行政人員工商 管理碩士學位及工商管理學博士學位。鄧博士已 數博士已於二零一四年八月十八日辭任。

# **PROFILE OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT** 董事及高級管理人員履歷

### **SENIOR MANAGEMENT** (Continued)

#### Ms. CHEUNG Yuet Wah, Eva (Age 36)

Authorised Representative, Compliance Officer and Company Secretary

Ms. Cheung was appointed as the authorised representative, compliance officer and company secretary of the Company on 18 August 2014. Ms. Cheung is currently a registered solicitor of the High Court of Hong Kong. She was awarded the Common Professional Examination Certificate of England and Wales by the Manchester Metropolitan University external program in 2008 and was awarded her Postgraduate Certificate in Laws by The University of Hong Kong in 2009. She was awarded the Master of Laws in WTO Law by the City University of Hong Kong in 2006. She also holds an Honours of Bachelor of Science degree awarded by the University of Toronto in 2001.

#### Dr. CHU Junying (Age 52)

#### Legal Consultant

Dr. Chu received a doctorate degree from Yunnan University. She served as a lecturer in university for 29 years. She became a qualified lawyer in 1994. She specialises in civil and commercial law and is familiar with the legal matters before and after listing. She worked as a legal consultant in various largescale enterprises in Mainland China and is currently served as the Company's legal consultant.

#### Ms. MA Xiaoming, Mary (Age 45)

#### Director of Administration and Human Resources

Ms. Ma obtained her bachelor degree from Jilin University. She also graduated from Central Luzon State University, Republic of the Philippines with a degree of Bachelor of Science in Business Administration. Ms. Ma held senior management positions in listed companies namely Hong Kong New World Group, Shenzhen branch and Shenzhen Fountain Corporation, responsible for organising and coordinating the operations and management regarding administration and human resources of the group. She has over 15 years of experience in management and is currently served as a director of a subsidiary of the Group. Ms. Ma has resigned on 15 August 2014.

### 高級管理人員(續)

#### 張月華女士(36歲)

法定代表、監察主任及公司秘書

張女士於二零一四年八月十八日獲委任為本公司 法定代表、監察主任及公司秘書。張女士現時為 香港高等法院註冊律師。彼於二零零八年獲曼徹 斯特城市大學外展課程頒發英國法律專業共同試 證書,並於二零零九年獲香港大學頒發法學專業 證書。張女士於二零零六年獲得香港城市大學頒 發的世界貿易組織法法律碩士學位,及於二零零 一年獲得加拿大多倫多大學科學榮譽學士學位。

#### 褚俊英博士(52歲)

法律顧問

褚博士於雲南大學獲取博士學位。在高校任教二 十九年,一九九四年獲取律師資格,擅長於民商 事法律實務,熟悉公司上市前後的法律事項,在 中國內地曾擔任多家大型企業的法律顧問。現為 本公司法律顧問。

### 馬小茗女士(45歲)

行政、人力資源總監

馬女士獲得本科學歷,畢業於吉林大學,並於菲 律賓中呂宋國大學取得工商管理科學學士學位。 馬女士曾在上市公司香港新世界集團深圳分公 司、深圳世紀星源股份公司任職高級管理工作, 負責統籌及協調集團行政、人事的運營管理工 作,具有逾十五年的管理工作經驗,現任本集團 子公司董事。馬女士已於二零一四年八月十五日 辭任。

# PROFILE OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT 董事及高級管理人員履歷

### **SENIOR MANAGEMENT** (Continued)

#### Mr. ZHANG Tuoji (Age 31)

#### Deputy General Manager

Mr. Zhang graduated from Panyu Polytechnic Institute. He is a member of the senior management team of the Company. He worked for Luk Fook Jewellery and 3-D GOLD Jewellery and has almost 9 years of extensive experience in the jewellery industry. He is familiar with the situation of jewellery enterprises and has ample experience in brand marketing, market expansion, and brand planning and promotions. He is responsible for brand marketing and market expansion of the Company.

#### Mr. LAI Kwok Kai, Sunny (Age 46)

#### Product Analyst

Mr. Lai is the product analyst of the Company. He worked for Chow Tai Fook Jewellery and 3-D GOLD Jewellery and has over 15 years of extensive experience in the jewellery industry. He specializes in controlling product turnover rate, regulating the stock-to-sales ratios and trends, organising existing products and planning the styles of future products, adjusting the product styles and prices, fixing the product price and establishing a price adjustment mechanism. Mr. Lai has resigned on 15 August 2014.

### 高級管理人員(續)

#### 張托記先生(31歲)

#### 副總經理

張先生畢業於番禺理工學院。為本公司高級管理 人員,曾在六福珠寶及金至尊珠寶任職,擁有近 九年豐富的珠寶行業的工作經歷,熟悉珠寶企業 狀況,在品牌營運、市場拓展以及品牌策劃推廣 方面經驗豐富,現主要負責本公司品牌營運及市 場拓展。

#### 黎國楷先生(46歲)

#### 貨品分析師

黎先生為本公司貨品分析師,曾在周大福珠寶及 金至尊珠寶任職,擁有逾十五年豐富的珠寶行業 的工作經歷,擅長控制貨品周轉率,規範貨品存 銷比例及走勢,整理現有貨品及規劃未來貨品之 路線,調整貨品款式及價位,制定貨品價格倍 率,設立價格調整機制。黎先生已於二零一四年 八月十五日辭任。

# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT 獨立核數師報告



# To the members of Hong Kong Jewellery Holding Limited (incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability)

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Hong Kong Jewellery Holding Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (together, the "Group") set out on pages 41 to 136, which comprise the consolidated and company statements of financial position as at 31 December 2014, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

# DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### **AUDITORS' RESPONSIBILITY**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit and to report our opinion solely to you, as a body, in accordance with Section 90 of the Bermuda Companies Act 1981, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

#### 致香港珠寶控股有限公司全體股東 (於百慕達註冊成立之有限公司)

本核數師(以下簡稱「我們」)已審核載於第41頁至 第136頁之香港珠寶控股有限公司(「貴公司」)及 其附屬公司(統稱「貴集團」)的綜合財務報表,此 綜合財務報表包括於二零一四年十二月三十一日 之綜合及公司的財務狀況表與截至該日止年度的 綜合損益及其他全面收益表、綜合權益變動表及 綜合現金流量表,以及主要會計政策概要及其他 解釋資料。

## 董事就綜合財務報表須承擔的責任

貴公司董事須負責遵照香港會計師公會頒佈的香 港財務報告準則及香港公司條例的披露規定編製 綜合財務報表,以令綜合財務報表作出真實而公 平的反映,及落實其認為編製綜合財務報表所必 要的內部控制,以使綜合財務報表不存在由於欺 詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述。

### 核數師的責任

我們的責任是根據我們的審核工作的結果,根據 百慕達一九八一年公司法第90條對該等綜合財 務報表作出意見,並僅向全體股東報告。除此以 外,本報告概不可用作其他用途。我們概不就本 報告的內容向任何其他人士負責或承擔任何責任。

我們乃按照香港會計師公會頒佈的香港核數準則 進行審核工作。該等準則要求我們遵守道德規 範,並計劃及進行審核工作,以合理保證此等綜 合財務報表是否不存在任何重大錯誤陳述。

# **INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT** 獨立核數師報告

# AUDITORS' RESPONSIBILITY (Continued)

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### **OPINION**

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the Group as at 31 December 2014 and of the Group's loss and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards and have been properly prepared in accordance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

#### **Grant Thornton Hong Kong Limited**

Certified Public Accountants Level 12 28 Hennessy Road Wanchai Hong Kong

17 March 2015

Chiu Wing Ning Practising Certificate No.: P04920

# 核數師的責任(續)

審核涉及執行程序以取得與綜合財務報表所載金 額及披露事項有關的審核憑證。所選用之程序視 乎核數師的判斷,包括評估綜合財務報表是否存 在因欺詐或錯誤而引起之重大錯誤陳述的風險。 在作出該等風險評估時,核數師考慮與該公司編 製及真實公平地呈列綜合財務報表有關的內部監 控,以制定適當審核程序,但並非為就公司的內 部監控之效能表達意見。審核工作亦包括評估 事所採用的會計政策是否恰當及所作的會計估計 的合理性,以及評估綜合財務報表的整體呈列方 式。

我們相信,我們所取得的審核憑證是充份及適當 的,為我們的審核意見提供基礎。

# 意見

我們認為,綜合財務報表已根據香港財務報告準 則真實及公平地反映 貴公司及 貴集團於二零 一四年十二月三十一日的財務狀況,及 貴集團 截至該日止年度的虧損及現金流量,並已按照香 港公司條例的披露規定妥善編製。

**致同(香港)會計師事務所有限公司** 執業會計師 香港 灣仔 軒尼詩道28號 12樓 二零一五年三月十七日

趙永寧 執業證書編號:P04920

ANNUAL REPORT 2014

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME 綜合損益及其他全面收益表

for the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

		Note 附註	2014 二零一四年 HK\$′000 千港元	2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Revenue Other income Change in inventories Purchase of goods Professional fee Employee benefits expense Depreciation and amortisation Other expenses Finance costs Loss before income tax Income tax expense	<b>收入</b> 其在收益 存買買費品 專員費用 僱 了 費 用 開 支 財 務 費 用	5 7 13 8 9 10	499,375 6,427 (86,830) (223,747) (21,712) (156,810) (4,776) (38,161) (377) (26,611) (559)	579,380 5,016 67,168 (451,230) (21,869) (148,293) (5,599) (38,556) (740) (14,723) (1,447)
Loss for the year	年內虧損		(27,170)	(16,170)
Other comprehensive (expense)/ income for the year, after tax and reclassification adjustments* Items that will be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss: Exchange (loss)/gain on translation of financial statements of foreign operations Reclassification adjustments for the cumulative gain transferred to profit or loss: - release of exchange translation reserve upon deregistration of a subsidiary	年內其他全面(開支)/ 收入,已扣除税項 及重新分類調整* 其後將會重新分類 損益表之項目: 換算的的匯兑(虧損)/ 收益 已轉撥計崩調子 分類調整: 一註銷一間附屬 公面時解除 之匯兑儲備		(1,305)	2,464 (553)
Other comprehensive (expense)/income for the year	年內其他全面(開支)/ 收入		(1,305)	1,911
Total comprehensive expense for the year	年內全面開支 總額		(28,475)	(14,259)
<b>Loss for the year attributable to:</b> Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests	<b>應佔年內虧損:</b> 本公司擁有人 非控股權益	11	(27,019) (151)	(14,091) (2,079)
			(27,170)	(16,170)

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME 綜合損益及其他全面收益表

for the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

	Note 附註	2014 二零一四年 HK\$′000 千港元	2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元
應佔全面開支			
總額:			
本公司擁有人		(28,276)	(12,429)
非控股權益		(199)	(1,830)
		(28,475)	(14,259)
		HK cents	HK cents
		港仙	港仙
本公司擁有人年內			
應佔每股虧損			
	總額: 本公司擁有人 非控股權益 <b>本公司擁有人年內</b>	附註 應佔全面開支 總額: 本公司擁有人 非控股權益 本公司擁有人年內	Note       二零一四年         Note       HK\$'000         所註       千港元         應佔全面開支       (28,276)         總額:       (28,276)         本公司擁有人       (28,475)         日K cents       港仙         本公司擁有人年內       日K cents

income for the years ended 2014 and 2013.

全面收入的組成部份並沒有產生税項影響。

The notes on pages 49 to 136 are an integral part of these financial statements.

第49頁至第136頁的附註構成此等財務報表的一 部份。

ANNUAL REPORT 2014

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION 綜合財務狀況表

as at 31 December 2014 於二零一四年十二月三十一日

		Note 附註	2014 二零一四年 HK\$′000 千港元	2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元
ASSETS AND LIABILITIES	資產及負債			
Non-current assets	非流動資產			
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	15	10,795	14,453
Available-for-sale financial assets	可供出售金融資產	17	-	-
Goodwill	商譽	18	-	-
Development costs	開發成本	19	-	810
Deferred tax assets	遞延税項資產	30	1,307	1,317
			12,102	16,580
0	计乱次文			
Current assets Inventories	<b>流動資產</b> 存貨	20	28,335	115,165
Amounts due from customers	任真 應收客戶合約工程款項	20	20,333	115,105
for contract work		21	44,440	41,394
Trade receivables	應收貿易賬款	22	49,594	35,890
Other receivables, deposits and	其他應收款項、按金及			
prepayments	預付款項	23	26,586	51,026
Financial assets at fair value through	按公允價值計入損益表			
profit or loss	之金融資產	24	26,945	26,602
Bank balances and cash	銀行存款及現金	26	86,872	71,355
			262,772	341,432
			·	<u>.</u>
Current liabilities	流動負債			
Trade payables	應付貿易賬款	27	32,536	50,429
Other payables and accrued charges	其他應付款項及預提費用	28	58,117	46,964
Borrowings	借貸	29	3,964	55,943
Amounts due to customers for	應付客戶合約工程款項	01	40.405	0.000
contract work	<b>佐什芸市</b> お西	21 31	10,165	9,363
Amounts due to directors Tax payables	應付董事款項 應付税項	31	5,355 945	2,540 506
	愿刊优填			
			111,082	165,745
Net current assets	流動資產淨值		151,690	175,687
Total assets less current liabilities	資產總額減流動負債		163,792	192,267
Net assets	資產淨值		163,792	192,267

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION 綜合財務狀況表

as at 31 December 2014 於二零一四年十二月三十一日

		Note 附註	2014 二零一四年 HK\$′000 千港元	2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元
EQUITY	股權			
Share capital	股本	32	118,846	118,846
Reserves	儲備	33	40,335	68,611
Equity attributable to owners of	本公司擁有人應佔股權			
the Company			159,181	187,457
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益		4,611	4,810
Total equity	股權總額		163,792	192,267

Li Xia	李霞	Lin Di	林迪
Director	董事	Director	董事

The notes on pages 49 to 136 are an integral part of these financial statements.

第49頁至第136頁的附註構成此等財務報表的一 部份。

# STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION 財務狀況表

as at 31 December 2014 於二零一四年十二月三十一日

		Note 附註	2014 二零一四年 HK\$′000 千港元	2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元
ASSETS AND LIABILITIES	資產及負債			
<b>Non-current assets</b> Interest in subsidiaries	<b>非流動資產</b> 於附屬公司之權益	16		
<b>Current assets</b> Prepayments Amounts due from subsidiaries Bank balances and cash	<b>流動資產</b> 預付款項 應收附屬公司款項 銀行存款及現金	25 26	299 133,794 242	225 144,414 543
			134,335	145,182
<b>Current liabilities</b> Other payables and accrued charges Amounts due to subsidiaries Amounts due to directors	<b>流動負債</b> 其他應付款項及 預提費用 應付附屬公司款項 應付董事款項	25 31	405 64,753 5,355 70,513	566 64,753  65,319
Net current assets	流動資產淨值		63,822	79,863
Total assets less current liabilities	資產總額減流動負債		63,822	79,863
Net assets	資產淨值		63,822	79,863
<b>EQUITY</b> Share capital Reserves	<b>股權</b> 股本 儲備	32 33	118,846 (55,024)	118,846 (38,983)
Total equity	股權總額		63,822	79,863

Li Xia	李霞	Lin Di	林迪
Director	董事	Director	董事

The notes on pages 49 to 136 are an integral part of these financial statements.

第49頁至第136頁的附註構成此等財務報表的一部份。

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS 綜合現金流量表

for the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

		2014 二零一四年 HK\$′000 千港元	2013 二零一三年 HK\$′000 千港元
<b>Cash flows from operating activities</b> Loss before income tax Adjustments for:	<b>來自經營活動之現金流量</b> 扣除所得税前虧損 調整:	(26,611)	(14,723)
Depreciation Amortisation of development costs Reversal of provision for impairment	™ <sup>正・</sup> 折舊 開發成本之攤銷 應收貿易賬款減值撥備	3,966 810	3,776 1,823
of trade receivables Impairment loss on available-for-sale	滤收員 勿 版	(4)	(9)
financial assets	之減值虧損	-	2,543
Net loss on disposal/written off of property, plant and equipment Fair value (gain)/loss on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	出售/註銷物業、廠房 及設備之淨虧損 按公允價值計入損益表 之金融資產之公允價值	2,768	1,213
Interest expenses Written down of inventories	(收益)/虧損 利息開支 存貨之撇減	(260) 377 –	1,389 740 1,623
Dividend income Interest income Currency translation adjustment	股息收益 利息收益 外匯兑換調整	(1,332) (1,478) (357)	(850) (936) 6,005
Operating (loss)/profit before working capital changes Decrease/(Increase) in inventories Decrease in finance lease receivables (Increase)/Decrease in amounts due from customers for contract work (Increase)/Decrease in trade receivables	營運資金變動前之 經營(虧損)/溢利 存貨減少/(增加) 融資租賃應收款項減少 應收客戶合約工程款項 (増加)/減少 應收貿易賬款(增加)/	(22,121) 86,830 – (3,046)	2,594 (69,951) 187 11,726
Decrease/(Increase) in other receivables,	減少 其他應收款項、按金及	(13,700)	102,727
deposits and prepayments Increase in financial assets at fair value	預付款項減少/(増加) 按公允價值計入損益表之	25,350	(9,318)
through profit or loss Decrease in trade payables Increase in other payables and accrued	金融資產增加 應付貿易賬款減少 其他應付款項及預提	(83) (17,893)	(22,840) (22,698)
charges Increase/(Decrease) in amounts due to	費用增加 應付客戶合約工程款項	11,153	6,174
customers for contract work	增加/(減少)	802	(2,845)
Cash generated from/(used in) operations	經營業務所產生/ (動用)之現金	67,292	(4,244)
Interest paid Income tax paid	已付利息 已付所得税	(110)	(265) (205)
Net cash from/(used in) operating activities	經營活動所產生/ (動用)之現金淨額	67,182	(4,714)

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS 綜合現金流量表

for the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

		<b>2014</b> 二零一四年	2013 二零一三年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
<b>Cash flows from investing activities</b> Purchase of property, plant and equipment	<b>來自投資活動之現金流量</b>	(2.210)	(0.222)
Proceeds from disposal of property,	· 脾貝初末、廠房及設備 出售物業、廠房及	(3,218)	(9,222)
plant and equipment	山 告初来 · 臧厉反 設備所得款項	15	44
Dividend received	已收股息	1,332	850
Interest received	已收利息	504	386
Net cash used in	投資活動所動用之		
investing activities	現金淨額	(1,367)	(7,942)
Cash flows from financing activities	來自融資活動之現金流量		
Proceeds from other borrowings	其他借貸所得款項	-	55,055
Repayment of other borrowings	償還其他借貸	(52,324)	(114,213)
Increase in amounts due to directors	應付董事款項增加	5,355	1,512
Repayment of amounts due to directors	償還應付董事款項	(2,540)	(680)
Return of capital from a deregistered	退回一間已註銷		
subsidiary to non-controlling interests	附屬公司之資本		
	予非控股權益	-	(3,655)
Proceeds from issuance of shares	於配售時發行股份		
upon placement	之所得款項	-	58,959
Share issuing costs	股份發行成本	-	(736)
Net cash used in	融資活動所動用之		
financing activities	現金淨額	(49,509)	(3,758)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and	現金及現金等價物之		
cash equivalents	增加/(減少)淨額	16,306	(16,414)
Cash and cash equivalents at 1 January	於一月一日之現金		
	及現金等價物	71,355	87,763
Effect on foreign exchange rate changes,	匯率變動對所持現金		
on cash held	之影響	(789)	6
Cash and cash equivalents at 31	於十二月三十一日		
December, represented by bank	之現金及現金等價物,		
balances and cash	即銀行存款及現金	86,872	71,355

The notes on pages 49 to 136 are an integral part of these financial statements.

第49頁至第136頁的附註構成此等財務報表的一部份。

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY 綜合權益變動表

for the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

		Equity attributable to owners of the Company 本公司擁有人應佔股權						
		Share capital	Share premium*	Exchange reserve*	Accumulated losses*	Total	Non- controlling interests 非控股	Total equity
		股本 <b>HK\$′000</b> 千港元	股份溢價* <b>HK\$′000</b> 千港元	外匯儲備* <b>HK\$′000</b> 千港元	累計虧損* <b>HK\$′000</b> 千港元	總額 HK\$′000 千港元	// 推益 HK\$′000 千港元	股權總額 <b>HK\$′000</b> 千港元
Balance at 1 January 2013	於二零一三年一月一日的結餘	101,505	179,556	6,013	(145,411)	141,663	10,295	151,958
Issue of shares upon placement, net of issuing costs (note 32) Deregistration of a subsidiary	於配售時發行股份,已扣除 發行成本(附註32) 註銷一間附屬公司	17,341	40,882	-	-	58,223	(3,655)	58,223 (3,655)
Transactions with owners	與擁有人之交易	17,341	40,882			58,223	(3,655)	54,568
Loss for the year Other comprehensive income	年內虧損 其他全面收入	-	-	-	(14,091)	(14,091)	(2,079)	(16,170)
Exchange gain on translation of financial statements of foreign operations Reclassification adjustments for the cumulative gain transferred to profit or loss:	換算海外業務財務報表的 匯兑收益 已轉撥至損益表之累計收益 之重新分類調整:	-	-	2,215	-	2,215	249	2,464
<ul> <li>release of exchange translation reserve upon deregistration of a subsidiary</li> </ul>	註銷一間附屬公司時解除之 匯兑儲備			(553)		(553)		(553)
Total comprehensive expense for the year	年內全面開支總額			1,662	(14,091)	(12,429)	(1,830)	(14,259)
Balance at 31 December 2013 and 1 January 2014	於二零一三年十二月三十一日 及二零一四年一月一日的結餘	118,846	220,438	7,675	(159,502)	187,457	4,810	192,267
Loss for the year Other comprehensive income	年內虧損 其他全面收入	-	-	-	(27,019)	(27,019)	(151)	(27,170)
Exchange loss on translation of financial statements of foreign operations	換算海外業務財務報表的 匯兑虧損			(1,257)		(1,257)	(48)	(1,305)
Total comprehensive expense for the year	年內全面開支總額			(1,257)	(27,019)	(28,276)	(199)	(28,475)
Balance at 31 December 2014	於二零一四年十二月三十一日 的結餘	118,846	220,438	6,418	(186,521)	159,181	4,611	163,792

 These reserves accounts comprise the Group's reserves of \* HK\$40,335,000 (2013: HK\$68,611,000) in the consolidated statement of financial position. 該等儲備賬構成綜合財務狀況表內本集團儲備 為40,335,000港元(二零一三年:68,611,000 港元)。

The notes on pages 49 to 136 are an integral part of these 第49頁 financial statements. 部份。

第49頁至第136頁的附註構成此等財務報表的一

for the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

### **1. GENERAL INFORMATION**

Hong Kong Jewellery Holding Limited (the "Company") is incorporated in Bermuda as an exempted company with limited liability. The address of its registered office is Clarendon House, 2 Church Street, Hamilton HM11, Bermuda and, its principal place of business is Hong Kong. The Company's shares are listed on the Growth Enterprise Market (the "GEM") of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited.

The Company is an investment holding company. Its principal subsidiaries are engaged in the development, sale and implementation of enterprise software and the provision of systems integration, professional services and Application Service Provider ("ASP") services, design and sales of gold and jewellery products and investment holding. The Group's operations are based in Hong Kong and the People's Republic of China (the "PRC").

The financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2014 were approved for issue by the board of directors on 17 March 2015.

# 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### 2.1 Basis of preparation

The financial statements on pages 41 to 136 have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") which collective term includes all applicable individual Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards, Hong Kong Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA"). The financial statements also comply with the applicable disclosure requirements of the predecessor Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 32) for this financial year and the comparative period. The financial statements also comply with the applicable disclosure requirements of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Growth Enterprise Market of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited ("GEM Listing Rules").

#### 1. 一般資料

香港珠寶控股有限公司(「本公司」)乃一 間於百慕達註冊成立之獲豁免有限公司, 其註冊辦事處地址為Clarendon House, 2 Church Street, Hamilton HM11, Bermuda,而主要營業地點為香港。本公 司股份在香港聯合交易所有限公司創業板 (「創業板」)上市。

本公司為一間投資控股公司。其主要附屬 公司從事企業軟件開發、銷售及實施,提 供系統集成、專業服務及應用軟件服務供 應商服務,設計及銷售黃金珠寶產品,以 及投資控股。本集團之營運基地為香港及 中華人民共和國(「中國」)。

截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度之 財務報表已經由董事會於二零一五年三月 十七日批准刊發。

### 2. 主要會計政策概要

#### 2.1 編製基準

第41頁至第136頁之財務報表乃根 據香港會計師公會(「香港會計師公 會」)頒佈之香港財務報告準則(「香 港財務報告準則」)(包括所有適用 之個別香港財務報告準則、香港會 計準則及詮釋)編製。就本財政年度 及比較期間而言,財務報表亦符合 前香港公司條例(第32章)之適用披 露規定。財務報表亦符合香港聯合 交易所有限公司創業板證券上市規 則(「創業板上市規則」)之適用披露 規定。

for the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

# 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 2.1 Basis of preparation (Continued)

The significant accounting policies that have been used in the preparation of these financial statements are summarised below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented unless otherwise stated. The adoption of new or amended HKFRSs and their impact on the Group's financial statements, if any, are disclosed in note 3.

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, except for financial instruments classified as available-for-sale financial assets and financial assets at fair value through profit or loss which are stated at fair values. The measurement bases are fully described in the accounting policies below.

It should be noted that accounting estimates and assumptions are used in the preparation of the financial statements. Although these estimates are based on management's best knowledge and judgement of current events and actions, actual results may ultimately differ from those estimates. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements, are disclosed in note 4.

#### 2.2 Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries made up to 31 December each year.

Subsidiaries are all entities (including special purpose entities) controlled by the Group. The Group controls an entity when it is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. When assessing whether the Group has power over the entity, only substantive rights relating to the entity (held by the Group and others) are considered.

### 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 2.1 編製基準(續)

編製該等財務報表所採用之主要會 計政策概述如下。除另有註明外, 該等政策已於所有呈報年度內貫徹 應用。採納新訂或經修訂香港財務 報告準則及其對本集團財務報表的 影響(如有)於附註3披露。

財務報表乃按歷史成本基準編製, 惟分類作可供出售金融資產及按公 允價值計入損益表之金融資產的金 融工具,則按公允價值呈列。計量 基礎詳述於以下會計政策。

謹請注意,編製財務報表時須作出 會計估計及假設。雖然此等估計乃 按管理層對現存事件及行動之最佳 理解及判斷而作出,惟實際結果最 終可能有別於該等估計。涉及高度 判斷或複雜性、或其假設及估計對 財務報表而言有重大影響之範疇已 於附註4披露。

#### 2.2 綜合之基準

綜合財務報表包括本公司及其附屬 公司截至每年十二月三十一日止之 財務報表。

附屬公司為本集團所控制之所有實 體(包括特別用途實體)。倘本集團 因參與一家實體之業務而可或有權 獲得可變回報,且有能力透過對實 體行使權力而影響其回報,則對該 實體擁有控制權。於評估本集團是 否對該實體擁有控制權時,僅考慮 (由本集團及其他方所持有之)與該 實體相關之實質權利。

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

# 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 2.2 Basis of consolidation (Continued)

The Group includes the income and expenses of a subsidiary in the consolidated financial statements from the date it gains control until the date when the Group ceases to control the subsidiary.

Intra-group transactions, balances and unrealised gains and losses on transactions between group companies are eliminated in preparing the consolidated financial statements. Where unrealised losses on intra-group asset sales are reversed on consolidation, the underlying asset is also tested for impairment from the Group's perspective. Amounts reported in the financial statements of subsidiaries have been adjusted where necessary to ensure consistency with the accounting policies adopted by the Group.

Non-controlling interests represent the equity on a subsidiary not attributable directly or indirectly to the Company, and in respect of which the Group has not agreed any additional terms with the holders of those interests which would result in the Group as a whole having a contractual obligation in respect of those interests that meets the definition of a financial liability. For each business combination, the Group can elect to measure any non-controlling interests either at fair value or at their proportionate share of the subsidiary's net identifiable assets.

Non-controlling interests are presented in the consolidated statement of financial position within equity, separately from the equity attributable to the owners of the Company. Non-controlling interests in the results of the Group are presented on the face of the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income as an allocation of the total profit or loss and total comprehensive income for the year between non-controlling interests and the owners of the Company.

# 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 2.2 綜合之基準(續)

自本集團獲得控制權之日起至其不 再控制附屬公司之日止,本集團將 該附屬公司之收益及開支計入綜合 財務報表。

集團內公司間之交易、結餘及未變 現之交易收益及虧損會於編製綜合 財務報表時予以對銷。倘集團內公 司間資產出售之未變現虧損於綜合 賬目時撥回,相關資產亦會從本集 團角度進行減值測試。附屬公司財 務報表之呈報數額在必要時已予調 整,確保與本集團採納之會計政策 一致。

非控股權益指非由本公司直接或間 接應佔附屬公司的權益,而本集團 未與該等權益的持有人協定任何附 加條款,以使本集團整體上對該等 權益產生符合金融負債定義的合約 責任。就每項業務合併而言,本集 團可選擇以公允價值或按其分佔附 屬公司可識別資產淨值的份額計量 任何非控股權益。

非控股權益在綜合財務狀況表的股 權中呈列,且獨立於本公司擁有人 應佔股權。非控股權益應佔本集團 業績於綜合損益及其他全面收益表 賬面呈列,作為年內溢利或虧損總 額及全面收入總額在非控股權益與 本公司擁有人之間的分配結果。

for the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

# 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 2.2 Basis of consolidation (Continued)

In the Company's statement of financial position, subsidiaries are carried at cost less any impairment loss unless the subsidiary is held for sale or included in a disposal group. Cost includes directly attributable costs of investment. The results of subsidiaries are accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividends received and receivable at the end of the reporting period. All dividends whether received out of the investee's pre or post-acquisition profits are recognised in the Company's profit or loss.

#### 2.3 Business combination

Acquisitions of subsidiaries and businesses are accounted for using the acquisition method. The consideration transferred in a business combination is measured at fair value, which is calculated as the sum of the acquisition-date fair values of the assets transferred by the Group, liabilities incurred by the Group to the former owners of the acquiree and the equity interests issued by the Group in exchange for control of the acquiree. Acquisition-related costs are recognised in profit or loss as incurred.

Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date.

Goodwill is measured as the excess of the sum of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree, and the fair value of the acquirer's previously held equity in the acquiree (if any) over the net of the acquisition– date amounts of the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed. If, after assessment, the net of the acquisition-date amounts of the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed exceeds the sum of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree and the fair value on the acquirer's previously held interest in the acquiree (if any), the excess is recognised immediately in profit or loss as a bargain purchase gain.

### 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 2.2 綜合之基準(續)

於本公司之財務狀況表中,附屬公 司按成本減去減值虧損列賬,除非 該附屬公司為持作待售或包括於出 售組別內。成本包括直接應佔的投 資成本。附屬公司之業績由本公司 按呈報期末之已收及應收股息列 賬。所有股息(無論是從被投資方收 購前或收購後的溢利中獲取)均在本 公司損益表確認。

### 2.3 業務合併

收購附屬公司及業務採用收購法入 賬。於業務合併中轉撥的代價按公 允價值計量,而公允價值按本集團 所轉讓的資產、本集團向被收購方 前股東承擔的負債及本集團用作交 換被收購方的控制權所發行之股權 於收購日之公允價值總和計算。有 關收購的成本於產生時確認於損益 表中。

於業務合併中收購的可識別資產及 承擔的負債及或然負債乃於收購日 初步按其公允價值計量。

商譽乃以已轉撥的代價、任何非控 股權益於被收購方中所佔金額及收 購方過往於被收購方所持股權的公 允價值(如有)之總和,超出所收購 的可識別資產及所承擔的負債於收購 日的淨值之數額計量。倘經過評 估後,所收購的可識別資產與所承 擔的負債於收購日的淨額高於已購 方所持股權的公允價值(如有)之總 和,則超出的數額即時於損益表中 確認為議價收購收益。

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

# 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 2.4 Foreign currency translation

The financial statements are presented in Hong Kong Dollars ("HK\$"), which is also the functional currency of the Company.

In the individual financial statements of the consolidated entities, foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency of the individual entity using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At the end of the reporting period, monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the foreign exchange rates ruling at that date. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and retranslation of monetary assets and liabilities at the end of the reporting period are recognised in profit or loss.

Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the date when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

In the consolidated financial statements, all individual financial statements of foreign operations, originally presented in a currency different from the Group's presentation currency, have been converted into HK\$. Assets and liabilities have been translated into HK\$ at the closing rates at the end of the reporting period. Income and expenses have been converted into HK\$ at the exchange rates ruling at the transaction dates, or at the average rates over the reporting period provided that the exchange rates do not fluctuate significantly. Any differences arising from this procedure have been recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated separately in the exchange reserve in equity.

### 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 2.4 外幣換算

該等財務報表以港元呈列,而港元 亦為本公司之功能貨幣。

於綜合實體之個別財務報表內,外 幣交易按交易當日之匯率換算為個 別實體之功能貨幣。於呈報期末, 以外幣計值的貨幣資產及負債均按 呈報期末的適用匯率換算。因結算 該等交易及重新換算於呈報期末的 貨幣資產及負債而產生的匯兑盈虧 在損益表確認。

按公允價值入賬且以外幣結算之非 貨幣項目,乃按釐定公允價值當日 之適用匯率換算。以外幣及按歷史 成本計算之非貨幣項目不進行重新 換算。

於綜合財務報表內,所有原以本集 團呈報貨幣以外貨幣呈列之海外業 務的個別財務報表,均已折算為港 元。資產及負債已按呈報期末之收 市匯率換算為港元。收入及開支已 按交易當日之匯率,或呈報期之平 均匯率換算為港元,惟前提是延 並無暫大波動。因此而產生之任何 差額均於其他全面收入確認,並於 股權內之外匯儲備獨立累計。

for the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

# 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 2.4 Foreign currency translation (Continued)

Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on the acquisition of a foreign operation on or after 1 January 2005 have been treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign operation and translated into HK\$ at the closing rates. Goodwill arising on the acquisitions of foreign operations before 1 January 2005 is translated at the foreign exchange rate that applied at the date of acquisition of the foreign operation.

On the disposal of a foreign operation (i.e. a disposal of the Group's entire interest in a foreign operation, or a disposal involving loss of control over a subsidiary that includes a foreign operation, or loss of significant influence over an associate that includes a foreign operation), all of the accumulated exchange differences in respect of that operation attributable to the Group are reclassified to profit or loss. Any exchange differences that have previously been attributed to non-controlling interests are derecognised, but they are not reclassified to profit or loss.

In the case of a partial disposal (i.e. no loss of control) of a subsidiary that includes a foreign operation, the proportionate share of accumulated exchange differences are re-attributed to noncontrolling interests and are not recognised in profit or loss. For all other partial disposals (i.e. of associates or joint ventures not involving a change of accounting basis), the proportionate share of the accumulated exchange differences is reclassified to profit or loss.

#### 2.5 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses (note 2.18). The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment comprises its purchase price and any directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to its working condition and location for its intended use.

### 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 2.4 外幣換算(續)

於二零零五年一月一日或以後收購 海外業務而產生的商譽和公允價值 調整已視作海外業務的資產和負債 處理並按照收市匯率換算成港元。 但於二零零五年一月一日之前收購 海外業務而產生的商譽,按照收購 海外業務當日的通行匯率換算。

於出售海外業務(即出售本集團於 海外業務的全部權益,或涉及失去 對包含海外業務的附屬公司之控制 權,或失去對包含海外業務的聯營 公司之重大影響力的出售)時,所有 就本集團應佔的業務已累計的匯兑 差額會重新分類為損益。先前歸屬 於非控股權益的任何匯兑差額會被 剔除確認,但不會被重新分類為損 益。

倘出售擁有海外業務的附屬公司的 部份權益(即並無失去控制權), 則應佔累計匯兑差額的份額會重新 歸類為非控股權益,及不會於損益 表內確認。對於其他部份權益出售 (如聯營公司或合營企業,即不涉及 會計基準變動),應佔累計匯兑差額 的份額會重新分類為損益。

#### 2.5 物業、廠房及設備

物業、廠房及設備按成本減累計 折舊及累計減值虧損列賬(附註 2.18)。物業、廠房及設備項目之成 本包括其購入價及將資產運抵工作 環境及地點作其擬定用途所涉之任 何直接成本。

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

# 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### **2.5 Property, plant and equipment** (Continued)

Depreciation on property, plant and equipment is provided to write off the cost less their residual values over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method, at the following rates per annum:

Leasehold improvements	20 to 331/3%
Computer and office equipment	10 to 50%
ASP software	20%
Furniture and fixtures	20 to 25%
Motor vehicles	25 to 30%

The assets' residual values, depreciation methods and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

The gain or loss arising on retirement or disposal is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in the profit or loss.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. All other costs, such as repairs and maintenance are charged to the profit or loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.

#### 2.6 Goodwill

Goodwill arising in a business combination is recognised as an asset at the date that control is acquired (the acquisition date). Goodwill is measured as the excess of the aggregate of the fair value of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree, and the fair value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree (if any) over the Group's interest in the net fair value of the acquiree's identifiable assets and liabilities measured as at the acquisition date.

### 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 2.5 物業、廠房及設備(續)

物業、廠房及設備之折舊乃按其估 計可使用年期撇銷其成本減其剩餘 價值,以直線法撥備,所按年率如 下:

租賃物業裝修 20至33<sup>1</sup>/3% 電腦及辦公室設備 10至50% 應用軟件服務供應商軟件 20% 傢俬及裝置 20至25% 汽車 25至30%

資產的剩餘價值、折舊方法及可使 用年期於各呈報期末予以檢討,並 於適當時作出調整。

廢棄或出售產生之收益或虧損,按 銷售所得款項與資產賬面值之差額 釐定,並於損益表內確認。

其後成本僅會於與該項目有關的未 來經濟效益可能流入本集團,並且 該項目的成本能可靠計算的情況下 計入資產的賬面值,或確認為一項 獨立資產(倘適用)。已更換零件的 賬面值會被剔除確認。所有其他成 本,例如維修保養費用,則於成本 產生的財政期間計入損益表。

#### 2.6 商譽

業務合併所產生的商譽乃於取得控 制權(收購日)當日確認為資產。商 譽乃以已轉撥代價的公允價值、任 何非控股權益於被收購方中所佔金 額,及收購方過往於被收購方所持 股權的公允價值(如有)之總和,超 出本集團於被收購方的可識別資產 及負債於收購日的公允價值淨額的 權益之數額計量。

for the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

# 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 2.6 Goodwill (Continued)

If, after reassessment, the Group's interest in the fair value of the acquiree's identifiable net assets exceeds the sum of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree and the fair value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree (if any), the excess is recognised immediately in profit or loss as a bargain purchase gain.

Goodwill is stated at cost less accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is allocated to cash-generating units and is tested annually for impairment (see note 2.18).

On subsequent disposal of a subsidiary, the attributable amount of goodwill capitalised is included in the determination of the amount of gain or loss on disposal. Goodwill relating to business combinations prior to 1 January 2001 continues to be held in reserves and will be charged to the retained profits at the time when the business to which the goodwill relates is disposed of or when a cash-generating unit to which goodwill relates becomes impaired.

#### 2.7 Development costs

Costs associated with research activities are expensed in profit or loss as they occur. Costs that are directly attributable to development activities are recognised as intangible assets provided they meet the following recognition requirements:

- demonstration of technical feasibility of the prospective product for internal use or sale;
- there is an intention to complete the intangible asset and use or sell it;
- (iii) the Group's ability to use or sell the intangible asset is demonstrated;

# 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 2.6 商譽(續)

經過評估後,倘本集團於被收購方 可識別資產淨值的公允價值的權益 高於已轉撥的代價、非控股權益於 被收購方中所佔金額,及收購方過 往於被收購方所持股權的公允價值 (如有)之總和,則超出的數額即時 於損益表中確認為議價收購收益。

商譽按成本減累計減值虧損列賬。 商譽分配至現金產生單位,並於每 年作出減值測試(見附註2.18)。

其後出售附屬公司時, 釐定出售損 益時會計入已撥充資本之商譽的應 佔金額。於二零零一年一月一日前 與業務合併有關的商譽繼續保留於 儲備內,並將於出售與商譽有關的 業務之時或當與商譽有關的現金產 生單位出現減值時在保留溢利中扣 除。

#### 2.7 開發成本

與研究活動有關的成本於產生時於 損益表支銷。開發活動的直接應佔 成本在符合下列確認條件的情況下 乃確認為無形資產:

- (i) 展示潛在產品之技術於內部 使用或銷售上屬可行;
- (ii) 有完成此無形資產及可供使用或銷售之意圖;
- (iii) 本集團展示有能力使用或銷 售此無形資產;

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

# 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 2.7 Development costs (Continued)

- (iv) the intangible asset will generate probable economic benefits through internal use or sale;
- (v) sufficient technical, financial and other resources are available for completion; and
- (vi) the expenditure attributable to the intangible asset can be reliably measured.

Direct costs include employee costs incurred on development activities along with an appropriate portion of relevant overheads. The costs of development of internally generated software, products or knowhow that meet the above recognition criteria are recognised as intangible assets. They are subject to the same subsequent measurement method as acquired intangible assets.

All other development costs are expensed as incurred.

After initial recognition of the development costs, intangible assets with finite useful lives are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses. Amortisation for intangible assets with finite useful lives is provided on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives. Amortisation commences when the intangible assets are available for use. The following useful lives are applied:

Capitalised	development	costs	3 years

The assets' amortisation methods and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

Intangible assets are tested for impairment as described below in note 2.18.

# 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 2.7 開發成本(續)

- (iv) 此無形資產將可透過內部使用或銷售帶來經濟利益;
- (v) 具備充足技術、財政及其他 資源以助完成項目;及
- (vi) 此無形資產所屬之開支能可 靠地計量。

直接成本包括開發活動產生的僱員 成本,連同適當部份之相關間接成 本。符合上述確認條件的開發內部 研發軟件、產品或專門知識的成本 乃確認為無形資產,並須按與收購 無形資產的其後相同計量方法計 量。

所有其他開發成本於產生時支銷。

於初步確認開發成本後,具有限可 使用年期之無形資產乃按成本減累 計攤銷及任何累計減值虧損列賬。 具有限可使用年期的無形資產乃以 直線法於其估計可使用年期計提攤 銷,並於無形資產可供使用時開始 攤銷。下列可使用年期會予以應用:

已資本化的開發成本 3年

資產的攤銷方法及可使用年期會於 各呈報期末予以檢討及在適用情況 下予以調整。

如下文附註2.18所述,無形資產會 進行減值測試。

for the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

# 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 2.8 Financial assets

The Group's accounting policies for financial assets other than interest in subsidiaries are set out below.

Financial assets are classified into the following categories:

- Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss
- Loans and receivables
- Available-for-sale financial assets

Management determines the classification of its financial assets at initial recognition depending on the purpose for which the financial assets were acquired and where allowed and appropriate, reevaluates this designation at the end of every reporting period.

All financial assets are recognised when, and only when, the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Regular way purchases of financial assets are recognised on trade date. When financial assets are recognised initially, they are measured at fair value, plus, in the case of investments not at fair value through profit or loss, directly attributable transaction costs.

Derecognition of financial assets occurs when the rights to receive cash flows from the investments expire or are transferred and substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred.

At the end of each reporting period, financial assets other than at fair value through profit or loss are reviewed to assess whether there is objective evidence of impairment. If any such evidence exists, an impairment loss is determined and recognised based on the classification of the financial asset.

### 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 2.8 金融資產

本集團就除於附屬公司之權益以外之金融資產之會計政策載於下文。

金融資產可分為以下類別:

- 按公允價值計入損益表之金
   融資產
- 一 借款及應收款項
- 可供出售金融資產

管理層視乎收購金融資產之目的, 於初步確認時將其金融資產分類, 並於許可及適當情況下,於各呈報 期末重新評估其分類。

所有金融資產僅於本集團訂立工具 之合約條款時確認。按常規方式購 買之金融資產則於交易日確認。金 融資產於初步確認時按公允價值計 算,而並非按公允價值計入損益表 之投資,則加上直接應佔交易成本 計算。

當收取投資現金流量之權利屆滿或 已轉讓及所有權之絕大部份風險和 回報已轉移時,則剔除確認金融資 產。

不論有否出現減值之客觀憑證,於 各呈報期末均須檢討金融資產,惟 按公允價值計入損益表之金融資產 除外。倘存有任何該等憑證,則按 金融資產之分類釐定及確認減值虧 損。

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

# 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 2.8 Financial assets (Continued)

 (i) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

> Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss include financial assets held for trading.

> Financial assets are classified as held for trading if they are acquired for the purpose of selling in the near term, or it is part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that are managed together and for which there is evidence of a recent pattern of short-term profit-taking.

> Subsequent to initial recognition, the financial assets are measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. Fair value is determined by reference to active market transactions. The fair value gain or loss does not include any dividend or interest earned on these financial assets. Dividend and interest income is recognised in accordance with the Group's policies in note 2.16 to these financial statements.

#### (ii) Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. Loans and receivables are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses. Amortised cost is calculated taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and includes fees that are an integral part of the effective interest rate and transaction cost. Interest is recognised in profit or loss.

### 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 2.8 金融資產(續)

(i) 按公允價值計入損益表之金
 融資產

按公允價值計入損益表之金 融資產包括持作買賣之金融 資產。

金融資產之購買目的如屬於 短期內出售,或其屬於集體 管理之已識別金融工具組合 一部份,而證據顯示近期有 短期獲利模式,則分類為持 作買賣金融資產。

初步確認後,此類別之金融 資產乃按公允價值計量, 其公允價值乃參考活量。 認。公允價值乃參考活躍市 場交易釐定。此等公允價值 收益或虧損不包括所賺取之 任何股息或利息。股息及利 息收益根據本財務報表附 註2.16所列之本集團政策確 認。

#### (ii) 借款及應收款項

借款及應收款項指無活躍市 場報價,且具有固定或預訂 付款之非衍生金融資產。借 款及應收款項其後按以實 利率法計算之攤銷成本減 何減值虧損計量。攤銷成本 已計及收購時任何折讓或溢 價,並包括屬實際利率及交 易成本一部份之費用。利息 於損益表中確認。

for the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

# 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 2.8 Financial assets (Continued)

#### (iii) Available-for-sale financial assets

Non-derivative financial assets that do not qualify for inclusion in any of the other categories of financial assets are classified as available-for-sale financial assets.

All financial assets within this category are subsequently measured at fair value. Gain or loss arising from a change in the fair value excluding any dividend and interest income is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated separately in the investment revaluation reserve in equity, except for impairment losses (see the policy below) and foreign exchange gains and losses on monetary assets, until the financial asset is derecognised, at which time the cumulative gain or loss is reclassified from equity to profit or loss. Interest calculated using the effective interest method is recognised in profit or loss.

The fair value of available-for-sale monetary assets denominated in a foreign currency is determined in that foreign currency and translated at the spot rate at the end of reporting period. The change in fair value attributable to translation differences that result from a change in amortised cost of the asset is recognised in profit or loss, and other changes are recognised in other comprehensive income.

For available-for-sale investments in equity securities that do not have a quoted market price in an active market and whose fair value cannot be reliably measured and derivatives that are linked to and must be settled by delivery of such unquoted equity instruments, they are measured at cost less any identified impairment losses at the end of each reporting period subsequent to initial recognition.

### 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 2.8 金融資產(續)

(iii) 可供出售金融資產

不符合列入任何其他金融資 產類別之非衍生金融資產, 乃分類為可供出售金融資 產。

以外幣計值之可供出售貨幣 資產之公允價值以有關外幣 釐定,並以呈報期末之現貨 匯價換算。因資產攤銷成本 變動以致換算差額產生之公 允價值變動在損益表確認, 而其他變動則在其他全面收 入確認。

可供出售之股本證券投資如 無在活躍市場報價,而其公 允價值不能可靠計量,以及 所掛鈎之衍生工具須透過交 付該等無報價股本工具之方 式結算,則於初步確認後之 各呈報期末按成本值減任何 已識別減值虧損計量。

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

# 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 2.8 Financial assets (Continued)

#### Impairment of financial assets

At the end of each reporting period, financial assets other than at fair value through profit or loss are reviewed to determine whether there is any objective evidence of impairment.

Objective evidence of impairment of individual financial assets includes observable data that comes to the attention of the Group about one or more of the following loss events:

- Significant financial difficulty of the debtor;
- A breach of contract, such as a default or delinquency in interest or principal payments;
- It becoming probable that the debtor will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation;
- Significant changes in the technological, market, economic or legal environment that have an adverse effect on the debtor;
- The disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties; and
- A significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of an investment in an equity instrument below its cost.

Loss events in respect of a group of financial assets include observable data indicating that there is a measurable decrease in the estimated future cash flows from the group of financial assets. Such observable data includes but not limited to adverse changes in the payment status of debtors in the group and, national or local economic conditions that correlate with defaults on the assets in the group.

### 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 2.8 金融資產(續)

#### 金融資產之減值

於各呈報期末,除按公允價值計入 損益表的金融資產外,其他金融資 產均需進行檢討,以釐定是否出現 任何客觀之減值憑證。

個別金融資產減值之客觀憑證包括 就本集團所知涉及以下一項或多項 虧損事項之可觀察數據:

- 一 債務人出現重大財政困難;
- 違反合約,如不支付或拖欠
   利息或本金;
- 債務人可能破產或進行其他 財務重組;
- 科技、市場、經濟或法律環 境有重大改變而對債務人有 不利影響;
- 因出現財政困難導致該金融 資產失去活躍市場能力;及
- 股本工具投資之公允價值大 幅或長期下跌至低於其成 本。

一組金融資產出現之虧損事項顯示 該組金融資產之估計未來現金流量 出現可計量之減少的可觀察數據。 該可觀察數據包括但不限於組別內 債務人之還款狀況,以及與組別內 資產拖欠情況有關之國家或地方經 濟狀況之不利變動。

for the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

# 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 2.8 Financial assets (Continued)

#### Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

If any such evidence exists, the impairment loss is measured and recognised as follows:

*(i) Financial assets carried at amortised cost* 

If there is objective evidence that an impairment loss on loans and receivables carried at amortised cost has been incurred, the amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows (excluding future credit losses that have not been incurred) discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate (i.e. the effective interest rate computed at initial recognition). The amount of the loss is recognised in the profit or loss of the period in which the impairment occurs.

If, in a subsequent period, the amount of impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is reversed to the extent that it does not result in a carrying amount of the financial asset exceeding what the amortised cost would have been had the impairment not been recognised at the date the impairment is reversed. The amount of the reversal is recognised in profit or loss of the period in which the reversal occurs.

# 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 2.8 金融資產(續)

#### 金融資產之減值(續)

若出現任何該等證據,則按以下方式 計量及確認減值虧損:

(i) 按攤銷成本列賬之金融資產

倘有客觀證據顯示按攤銷成 本列賬之借款及應收款項出 現減值虧損,則減值虧損按 該金融資產賬面值與以其原 實際利率(即首次確認時計 算之實際利率)貼現之估計 未來現金流量(不包括尚未 產生之未來信貸虧損)現值 之差額計算。減值虧損於減 值期間於損益表中確認。

倘若其後減值虧損金額減 少,而有關減幅可客觀地 與確認減值後發生之事件聯 ,則需撥回過往確認之減 值虧損,惟於撥回減值當 日,不得導致金融資產賬面 值超未被確認減值之原本 應計之攤銷成本。撥回金集期間 在損益表中 確認。

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

# 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 2.8 Financial assets (Continued)

#### Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

(ii) Available-for-sale financial assets

When a decline in the fair value of an available-for-sale financial asset has been recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity and there is objective evidence that the asset is impaired, an amount is removed from equity and recognised in profit or loss as an impairment loss. That amount is measured as the difference between the asset's acquisition cost (net of any principal repayment and amortisation) and current fair value, less any impairment loss on that asset previously recognised in profit or loss.

Reversals in respect of investment in equity instruments classified as available-for-sale and stated at fair value are not recognised in the profit or loss. The subsequent increase in fair value is recognised in other comprehensive income.

(iii) Financial assets carried at cost

The amount of impairment loss is measured as the difference between the carrying amount of the financial asset and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the current market rate of return for a similar financial asset. The amount of the impairment losses is recognised in profit or loss of the period in which the impairment occurs and are not reversed in subsequent periods.

### 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 2.8 金融資產(續)

#### 金融資產之減值(續)

(ii) 可供出售金融資產

就歸類為可供出售及按公允 價值列賬之股本工具投資之 撥回並不在損益表中確認。 日後公允價值之增加將在其 他全面收入中確認。

(iii) 以成本列值之金融資產

減值虧損之金額按金融資產 之賬面值與估計未來現金流 量按同類金融資產之現行市 場回報率貼現之現值之差額 計量。減值虧損金額於減值 發期間於損益表中確認且於 往後期間不會撥回。

for the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

# 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 2.8 Financial assets (Continued)

#### Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

Impairment losses of financial assets other than financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and trade receivables that are stated at amortised cost, are written off against the corresponding assets directly. Where the recovery of trade receivables is considered doubtful but not remote, the impairment losses for doubtful receivables are recorded using an allowance account. When the Group is satisfied that recovery of trade receivables is remote, the amount considered irrecoverable is written off against trade receivables directly and any amounts held in the allowance account in respect of that receivables are reversed. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously charged to the allowance account are reversed against the allowance account. Other changes in the allowance account and subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off directly are recognised in profit or loss.

Impairment losses recognised in an interim period in respect of available-for-sale equity securities and unquoted equity securities carried at cost are not reversed in a subsequent period. Consequently, if the fair value of an available-for-sale equity security increases in the remainder of an annual period, or in a subsequent period, the increase is recognised in other comprehensive income.

#### 2.9 Inventories

Inventories, which comprise merchandise held for resale, raw materials and finished goods, are carried at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost, which comprises all costs of purchase and, where applicable, other costs that have been incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition, is determined using the first in, first out method. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and applicable selling expenses.

## 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 2.8 金融資產(續)

#### 金融資產之減值(續)

於中期就按成本列賬之可供出售股 本證券及無報價股本證券確認之減 值虧損,不得於往後期間撥回。因 此,倘可供出售股本證券之公允價 值於餘下年度期間或其後期間增 加,有關增加乃於其他全面收入確 認。

#### 2.9 存貨

存貨包括轉售之商品、原材料及製 成品,以成本與可變現淨值兩者中 之較低者列賬。成本包括所有購貨 成本及(如適用)將存貨運抵現時地 點及達至現時環境所產生之其他成 本,採用先進先出法釐定。可變現 淨值為日常業務過程中之估計銷售 價減除產品之估計完工成本及相關 銷售成本。

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

# 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 2.10 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash at bank and in hand and demand deposits with banks.

### 2.11 Financial liabilities

The Group's financial liabilities mainly include trade and other payables, amounts due to directors and other borrowings. They are included in line items in the statement of financial position as trade payables, other payables and accrued charges, amounts due to directors and borrowings under current liabilities.

Financial liabilities are recognised when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. All interest related charges are recognised in accordance with the Group's accounting policy for borrowing costs (see note 2.20).

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires.

Where an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability, and the difference in the respective carrying amount is recognised in profit of loss.

#### Borrowings

Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently stated at amortised cost; any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognised in profit or loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

### 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 2.10 現金及現金等價物

現金及現金等價物包括銀行存款及 現金以及銀行活期存款。

#### 2.11 金融負債

本集團之金融負債主要包括應付貿 易賬款及其他應付款項、應付董事 款項及其他借貸。該等項目在財務 狀況表內之流動負債下列為應付貿 易賬款、其他應付款項及預提費 用、應付董事款項及借貸。

金融負債在本集團成為金融工具合約條文的訂約方時確認。所有與利息相關之支出均根據本集團之會計政策就借貸成本確認(見附註2.20)。

金融負債乃於有關負債承擔被解除 或註銷或屆滿時終止確認。

當現有金融負債為同一貸款人以另 一金融負債替代,而該項負債之條 款與原有負債存在顯著差異,或現 有負債之條款經大幅修訂時,該替 代或修訂被視為終止確認原有負債 及確認新負債,而各賬面值之差額 於損益表內確認。

#### 借貸

借貸最初按公允價值扣除交易成本 確認。其後借貸按攤銷成本列賬; 所得款項(扣除交易成本)與贖回價 值之間之任何差額於借貸期內使用 實際利率法於損益表內確認。

for the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

# 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 2.11 Financial liabilities (Continued)

#### Borrowings (Continued)

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the end of the reporting period.

#### Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables are recognised initially at their fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method.

#### 2.12 Financial guarantees issued

A financial guarantee contract is a contract that requires the issuer (or guarantor) to make specified payments to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because a specified debtor fails to make payment when due in accordance with the terms of a debt instrument.

Where the Group issues a financial guarantee, the fair value of the guarantee is initially recognised as deferred income within trade and other payables. Where consideration is received or receivable for the issuance of the guarantee, the consideration is recognised in accordance with the Group's policies applicable to that category of asset. Where no such consideration is received or receivable, an immediate expense is recognised in profit or loss on initial recognition of any deferred income.

The amount of the guarantee initially recognised as deferred income is amortised in profit or loss over the term of the guarantee as income from financial guarantees issued. In addition, provisions are recognised if and when it becomes probable that the holder of the guarantee will call upon the Group under the guarantee and the amount of that claim on the Group is expected to exceed the current carrying amount, i.e. the amount initially recognised less accumulated amortisation, where appropriate.

### 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 2.11 金融負債(續)

#### 借貸(續)

除非本集團擁有無條件權利延遲至 呈報期末後至少12個月支付負債, 否則借貸歸類為流動負債。

#### 應付貿易賬款及其他應付款項

應付貿易賬款及其他應付款項初步 按公允價值確認,其後則使用實際 利率法按攤銷成本計量。

#### 2.12 已發出之財務擔保

財務擔保合約乃指簽發人(或擔保 人)須因指定債務人未能按照債務工 具之條款償還到期債務致使持有人 蒙受損失時,向持有人償付指定款 項之合約。

當本集團發出一份財務擔保時,該 擔保的公允價值在初始被確認為應 付貿易賬款及其他應付款項內之遞 延收入。因發出財務擔保後收取或 可收取之代價,將按照本集團應用 於該資產類別的政策入賬。當沒有 收到或可收代價時,任何在初步確 認為遞延收入之數額,即以支出於 損益表內列賬。

初始列賬為遞延收入之擔保數額按 擔保年期於損益表內攤銷為所發出 的財務擔保收入。此外,如擔保持 有人可能向本集團行使該擔保及預 期將會對本集團之索償超出現時之 賬面值(即初始列賬數額扣減累計攤 銷)(如適用),則確認撥備。

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

# 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 2.13 Leases

An arrangement, comprising a transaction or a series of transactions, is or contains a lease if the Group determines that the arrangement conveys a right to use a specific asset or assets for an agreed period of time in return for a payment or a series of payments. Such a determination is made based on an evaluation of the substance of the arrangement and is regardless of whether the arrangement takes the legal form of a lease.

#### *(i) Classification of assets leased to the Group*

Assets that are held by the Group under leases which transfer to the Group substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as being held under finance leases. Leases which do not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the Group are classified as operating leases.

#### (ii) Operating lease charges as the lessee

Where the Group has the right to use assets held under operating leases, payments made under the leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the lease terms except where an alternative basis is more representative of the pattern of benefits to be derived from the leased assets. Lease incentives received are recognised in profit or loss as an integral part of the aggregate net lease payments made. Contingent rentals, if any, are charged to profit or loss in the accounting period in which they are incurred.

### 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 2.13 租賃

倘本集團決定於協定時期內將特定 資產使用權出讓以換取一筆或一連 串付款之安排,包括一項交易或一 連串交易之該項安排屬於或包含一 項租賃。該項決定乃基於安排內容 之實質評估而作出,而不論該項安 排是否採取租賃之法律形式。

#### (i) 租予本集團之資產之分類

對於本集團以租賃持有的資 產,倘租賃使所有權的絕大 部份風險及回報轉移至本集 團,有關資產歸類為以融資 租賃持有:倘租賃不會使所 有權的絕大部份風險及回報 轉移至本集團,則歸類為經 營租賃。

(ii) 作為承租人之經營租賃支出

如本集團有權使用經營租賃 持有之資產,則根據租賃期 內作出之付款,以直線法於 租賃期內在損益表中列支 推其他基準能更清於。 租賃資產所產生之收超量 除外。租賃所涉及之租金 優 知 在損益表中確認約。。 計 期間內自損益表扣除。

for the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

# 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 2.14 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation can be made. Where the time value of money is material, provisions are stated at the present value of the expenditure expected to settle the obligation.

All provisions are reviewed at the end of each reporting period and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate.

#### 2.15 Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Share capital is determined using the nominal value of shares that have been issued.

Any transaction costs associated with the issuing of shares are deducted from share premium (net of any related income tax benefit) to the extent they are incremental costs directly attributable to the equity transaction.

#### 2.16 Revenue recognition

Revenue comprises the fair value for the consideration received or receivable for the sales of goods, rendering of services and the use by others of the Group's assets yielding interest, royalties and dividends, net of rebates and discounts. Provided it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the revenue and costs, if applicable, can be measured reliably, revenue is recognised as follows:

### 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 2.14 撥備

若本集團目前因過往發生之事件承 擔責任(法律或推定),並可能須流 出經濟利益以履行責任,而責任金 額能作出可靠估計,則確認撥備。 若貨幣時值重大,則撥備按預期履 行責任支出之現值列賬。

所有撥備均於各呈報期末檢討,並 予調整以反映現時之最佳估計。

#### 2.15 股本

普通股乃分類為股權。股本以已發 行股份面值釐定。

與發行股份相關的任何交易成本均 自股份溢價內扣減(扣除任何相關所 得税優惠),惟有關優惠須為股權交 易直接應佔之遞增成本。

#### 2.16 收入確認

收入包括就銷售貨品及提供服務及 其他人士使用本集團產生利息的資 產、版權及股息而已收或應收代價 (扣除佣金及折扣)之公允價值。如 經濟效益可能流入本集團,而收入 及成本(如適用)能可靠計量,則收 入作如下確認:

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

# 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 2.16 Revenue recognition (Continued)

#### Jewellery Products

Sales of gold and jewellery products are recognised upon transfer of the significant risks and rewards of ownership to the customer. This is usually taken as the time when the goods are delivered and the customer has accepted the goods.

Franchise income in respect of the use of the Group's brand is recognised on an accrual basis over the terms of the relevant franchise agreements.

#### IT Products and Services

In circumstances where the contract price can be allocated on a reasonable basis to the elements of resale of hardware and software products, sales of software licences and development of customised software, revenue is recognised as described below:

- Revenue from resale of complementary hardware and software products is recognised when the goods are delivered and title has been passed;
- (b) Revenue from sales of software licences is recognised upon delivery of the software products to the customer when there are no post-delivery obligations;
- (c) Revenue from the development of customised software is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the customisation work (including post-delivery service support) at the end of the reporting period, as measured by reference to services performed to date as a percentage of total services to be performed in relation to the design and prescribed services as agreed with customers to be rendered in different phases.

## 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 2.16 收入確認(續)

#### 珠寶產品

銷售黃金珠寶產品於所有權之絕大 部份風險及回報已轉移至客戶時確 認。有關情況通常指貨品已付運且 客戶已接納貨品時。

有關使用本集團品牌之特許加盟收 入於相關特許加盟協議之期限按應 計基準確認。

#### 資訊科技產品及服務

若合約價可以合理基準以轉售軟、 硬件產品、銷售軟件授權使用證及 開發自訂軟件等內容分配,則收入 按以下方法確認:

- (a) 轉售配套軟硬件產品收入於 交付貨物及所有權轉移時確 認;
- (b) 軟件授權使用證銷售之收入 在交付軟件予客戶且無任何 交付後責任時確認;
- (c) 開發客戶自訂軟件之收入乃 參考自訂工作之完成階段 (包括交付後提供服務支援) 於呈報期末確認,並參考迄 今所提供之服務相對按與客 户協定將於不同階段提供之 設計及指定服務所提供之服 務總計之百分比計算。

for the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

# 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 2.16 Revenue recognition (Continued)

#### IT Products and Services (Continued)

Where the contract price cannot be allocated into individual elements of the sales of enterprise software products and custom development, revenue from sales of enterprise software products and custom development is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the sales of enterprise software products and custom development (including post-delivery service support) at the end of the reporting period, as measured by reference to the costs incurred to date as compared to the total costs to be incurred under the transaction.

Maintenance service income is recognised on a straight-line basis over the terms of the relevant maintenance service contracts. Where maintenance service income is not separately invoiced, it is unbundled from licence fees and deferred and recognised on a straight-line basis over the period of the relevant maintenance service contracts.

Systems integration income, professional services income and ASP services income are recognised when the services are provided.

#### Other income

Consultancy and management fee income in respect of technical support, consultancy services and management services are recognised in the period when services are rendered.

Interest income is recognised on a time-proportion basis using the effective interest method.

Dividend income is recognised when the right to receive payment is established.

# 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 2.16 收入確認(續)

#### 資訊科技產品及服務(續)

倘合約價未能以銷售企業軟件產品 及開發自訂軟件等相應內容分配, 則來自銷售企業軟件產品及自訂產 品開發之收入,乃按呈報期末銷售 企業軟件及自訂產品開發(包括交付 後服務支援)之完成階段確認,並參 考迄今所產生之成本相對交易將產 生之總成本計算。

保養服務收益以直線法按相關保養 服務合約期限確認。倘保養服務收 益並非獨立開具發票,則不會計算 授權使用證費用,惟按有關保養服 務合約年期以直線法遞延及確認收 益。

系統集成之收益、專業服務之收益 及應用軟件服務供應商服務之收益 於提供服務時確認。

#### 其他收入

有關技術支援、顧問服務以及管理 服務之顧問及管理費收益於服務提 供期間確認。

利息收入採用實際利率法按時間比 例基準確認。

股息收入於收取款項之權利確立時 確認。

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

# 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 2.17 Contract for services

Contract revenue on the rendering of services comprises the agreed contract amount. Costs of rendering services comprise labour and other costs of personnel directly engaged in providing the services and attributable overheads.

Revenue from the rendering of services is recognised based on the percentage of completion of the transaction, provided that the revenue, the costs incurred and the estimated costs to completion can be measured reliably. The percentage of completion is established by reference to the estimated stage of completion (see note 2.16).

Provision is made for foreseeable losses as soon as they are anticipated by management.

Where estimated value of work performed exceeds progress billings, the surplus is treated as an amount due from contract customers for contract work.

Where progress billings exceed estimated value of work performed, the surplus is treated as an amount due to contract customers for contract work.

#### 2.18 Impairment of non-financial assets

The following assets are subject to impairment testing:

- Goodwill arising on acquisition of a subsidiary;
- Developments costs;
- Property, plant and equipment; and
- The Company's interests in subsidiaries

### 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 2.17 服務合約

提供服務之合約收入為協定合約金 額。提供服務之成本包括提供服務 直接產生之勞工成本及其他人員成 本及相關間接成本。

提供服務之收入按交易完工百分比 確認,惟收入及所產生之成本及達 致完成之估計成本須能可靠計量。 完工百分比乃參考估計完成階段設 定(見附註2.16)。

倘管理層預料出現可預見虧損,則 即時就此計提撥備。

若估計已進行工程價值高於進度賬 單金額,則多出部份作為應收客戶 合約工程款項處理。

若進度賬單金額高於估計已進行工 程價值,則多出部份作為應付客戶 合約工程款項處理。

#### 2.18 非金融資產減值

下列資產須進行減值測試:

- 收購附屬公司所產生之商 譽;
- 發展成本;
- 物業、廠房及設備;及
- 本公司於附屬公司之權益

二零一四年年報

for the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

# 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

# 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

# 2.18 Impairment of non-financial assets

#### (Continued)

Goodwill and development costs with indefinite useful lives or those not yet available for use are tested for impairment at least annually, irrespective of whether there is any indication that they are impaired. All other assets are tested for impairment whenever there are indications that the asset's carrying amount may not be recoverable.

An impairment loss is recognised as an expense immediately for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value, reflecting market conditions less costs of disposal, and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset.

For the purposes of assessing impairment, where an asset does not generate cash inflows largely independent from other assets, the recoverable amount is determined for the smallest group of assets that generate cash inflows independently (i.e. a cash-generating unit). As a result, some assets are tested individually for impairment and some are tested at cash-generating unit level. Goodwill in particular is allocated to those cashgenerating units that are expected to benefit from synergies of the related business combination and represent the lowest level within the group at which the goodwill is monitored for internal management purpose and is not larger than an operating segment.

#### 2.18 非金融資產減值(續)

商譽及開發成本如無限定可使用年 期或尚未可以使用,則不論是否出 現任何減值跡象,均須最少每年進 行減值測試。所有其他資產於有跡 象顯示無法收回賬面值時進行減值 測試。

減值虧損乃按資產賬面值超過其可 收回金額之差額,即時確認為開 支。可收回金額為反映市況之公允 價值減出售成本與使用價值較高者 計算。評估使用價值時,估計未來 現金流量時採用税前折現率折現至 其現值,以反映現時市場對貨幣時 值及有關資產特有風險之評估。

就評估減值而言,倘不產生現金流 入之資產大部份獨立於其他資產, 其可收回金額則按可獨立產生現金 流入的最小資產組合(即現金產生現 位)釐定。因此,部份資產個別建金 產」,另有部份則按現金產生單 位測試。具體而言,商譽分配至 該等來協同效應的現金產生單位,即 集團內為內部管理目的監控商譽之 最小單位,且並不大於經營分部。

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

# 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

# 2.18 Impairment of non-financial assets

#### (Continued)

Impairment losses recognised for cash-generating units, to which goodwill has been allocated, are credited initially to the carrying amount of goodwill. Any remaining impairment loss is charged pro rata to the other assets in the cashgenerating unit, except that the carrying value of an asset will not be reduced below its individual fair value less cost of disposal, or value in use, if determinable.

An impairment loss on goodwill is not reversed in subsequent periods. In respect of other assets, an impairment loss is reversed if there has been a favourable change in the estimates used to determine the asset's recoverable amount and only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortisation, if no impairment loss had been recognised.

Impairment losses recognised in an interim period in respect of goodwill are not reversed in a subsequent period. This is the case even if no loss, or a smaller loss, would have been recognised had the impairment been assessed only at the end of the financial year to which the interim period relates.

#### 2.19 Employee benefits

#### Retirement benefits

Retirement benefits to employees are provided through defined contribution plans.

The Group operates a defined contribution retirement benefits scheme (the "MPF Scheme") under the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance, for all of its employees who are eligible to participate in the MPF Scheme. Contributions are made based on a percentage of the employees' basic salaries.

#### 2.18 非金融資產減值(續)

就已分配商譽之現金產生單位確認 之減值虧損,初步計入商譽之賬面 值。除資產賬面值將不會調減至低 於其個別公允價值減出售成本或使 用價值(如可釐定)外,任何剩餘減 值虧損按比例自該現金產生單位之 其他資產扣除。

商譽減值虧損不會於其後期間撥回。至於其他資產,倘用於釐定資 產可收回金額之估計出現有利變動時,減值虧損將予以撥回,但撥回 額不得超過如先前不確認減值,並 計提折舊或攤銷得出之賬面值。

於中期期間就商譽確認之減值虧損 不會在其後期間撥回。縱使在中期 相關之財政年度完結時評估減值, 此時即使不用確認虧損或確認較少 虧損,亦不會撥回減值虧損。

#### 2.19 僱員福利

#### 退休福利

本集團透過定額供款計劃向僱員提 供退休福利。

本集團按照強制性公積金條例,為 其所有合資格參與界定供款之退休 福利計劃(「強積金計劃」)的僱員設 立強積金計劃。供款乃按僱員基本 薪金之百分比計算。

二零一四年年報

for the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

# 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 2.19 Employee benefits (Continued)

#### Retirement benefits (Continued)

The employees of the Group's subsidiaries which operate in the PRC, Malaysia and Singapore are required to participate in the central pension scheme operated by the local municipal government. These subsidiaries are required to contribute certain percentage of their payroll costs to the central pension scheme.

Contributions are recognised as an expense in profit or loss as employees rendered services during the year. The Group's obligations under these plans are limited to the fixed percentage contributions payable.

#### Short-term employee benefits

Employee entitlements to annual leave are recognised when they accrue to employees. A provision is made for the estimated liability for annual leave as a result of services rendered by employees up to the end of the reporting period.

Non-accumulating compensated absences such as sick leave and maternity leave are not recognised until the time of leave.

#### 2.20 Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs incurred, net of any investment income earned on the temporary investment of the specific borrowings, for the acquisition, construction or production of any qualifying asset are capitalised during the period of time that is required to complete and prepare the asset for its intended use. A qualifying asset is an asset which necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale. Other borrowing costs are expensed when incurred.

### 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

# 2.19 僱員福利(續)

#### 退休福利(續)

本集團於中國、馬來西亞及新加坡 營運之附屬公司旗下僱員須參與由 有關地方市政府營運之中央退休金 計劃。該等附屬公司須按薪金成本 若干百分比對退休計劃供款。

於僱員在年內提供服務時,供款乃 於損益表確認為開支。本集團根據 此等計劃之責任僅限於應付之固定 百分比供款。

#### 短期僱員福利

僱員之年假於僱員有權享用時確 認,並已就僱員截至呈報期末按照 其所提供服務而預計應取得的年假 而作計提。

不能累積之補假(如病假及產假 期),於休假時方可確認。

#### 2.20 借貸成本

就收購、建造或生產任何合資格資 產而產生之借貸成本(扣除就特別借 貸的暫時投資所賺取的任何投資收 益),於資產完成及達致其擬定用途 所需期間內撥充資本。合資格資產 是指需要頗長時間方可達致其擬定 用途或出售的資產。其他借貸成本 於產生時支銷。

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

# 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 2.20 Borrowing costs (Continued)

Borrowing costs are capitalised as part of the cost of a qualifying asset when expenditure for the asset is being incurred, borrowing costs are being incurred and activities that are necessary to prepare the asset for its intended use or sale are being undertaken. Capitalisation of borrowing costs ceases when substantially all the activities necessary to prepare the qualifying asset for its intended use or sale are complete.

#### 2.21 Accounting for income taxes

Income tax comprises current tax and deferred tax.

Current income tax assets and/or liabilities comprise those obligations to, or claims from, fiscal authorities relating to the current or prior reporting period, that are unpaid at the end of the reporting period. They are calculated according to the tax rates and tax laws applicable to the fiscal periods to which they relate, based on the taxable profit for the year. All changes to current tax assets or liabilities are recognised as a component of tax expense in profit or loss.

Deferred tax is calculated using the liability method on temporary differences at the end of the reporting period between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and their respective tax bases. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, tax losses available to be carried forward as well as other unused tax credits, to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit, including existing taxable temporary differences, will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses and unused tax credits can be utilised.

### 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 2.20 借貸成本(續)

當資產產生開支、借貸成本產生和 使資產投入擬定用途或銷售所必須 的準備工作進行期間,借貸成本乃 撥充資本作為合資格資產成本的部 份。當使合資格資產投入擬定用途 或銷售所必須的絕大部份準備工作 完成時,借貸成本會停止資本化。

#### 2.21 所得税之會計方法

所得税包括即期及遞延税項。

即期所得税資產及/或負債包括本 期或過往呈報期間(且於呈報期末尚 未支付),向税務當局繳納税款之責 任或來自税務當局之索償,乃根據 年內應課税溢利,按有關財政期間 之適用税率及税務法例計算。即期 税項資產或負債之所有變動均列入 損益表的税項開支。

遞延税項乃按於呈報期末資產及負 債於財務報表之賬面值與其各自之 税基的暫時差額以負債法計算。遞 延税務負債一般就所有應課税暫 差額確認入賬。倘可能出現應課税 溢利(包括現有應課税暫時差額)用 作抵銷可扣減暫時差額、未動用税 項虧損及未動用税項抵免,則就所 有可扣減暫時差額、可結轉之可動 用税項虧損以及其他未動用税項抵 免確認為遞延税項資產。

for the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

# 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **2.21** Accounting for income taxes (Continued)

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither taxable nor accounting profit or loss.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax is calculated, without discounting, at tax rates that are expected to apply in the period the liability is settled or the asset realised, provided they are enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period.

Changes in deferred tax assets or liabilities are recognised in profit or loss, or in other comprehensive income or directly in equity if they relate to items that are charged or credited to other comprehensive income or directly to equity.

Current tax assets and current tax liabilities are presented in net if, and only if:

- (a) the Group has the legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts; and
- (b) intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

The Group presents deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities in net if, and only if:

 (a) the entity has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities; and

### 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 2.21 所得税之會計方法(續)

倘商譽或初步確認(業務合併除外) 某項交易中的資產及負債產生之暫 時差額對應課税及會計損益並無影 響,則不會確認遞延税項資產及負 債。

於附屬公司之投資所產生的應課税 暫時差額須確認為遞延税項負債, 惟本集團可控制暫時差額之撥回及 暫時差額不會在短期內撥回則除 外。

遞延税項不予貼現,並按預期應用 於償還負債或變現資產期間之税率 計算,惟税率於呈報期末須為已頒 佈或實際上已頒佈。

遞延税項資產或負債之變動乃於損 益表中確認,倘與於其他全面收入 或股權直接扣除或計入之項目有 關,則遞延税項資產或負債之變動 於其他全面收入或直接於股權中確 認。

即期税項資產及即期税項負債僅在 以下情況下方會以淨額呈列:

- (a) 本集團依法有强制執行權可 以將已確認金額對銷;及
- (b) 有意按淨額基準結算或同時 變現資產及結清負債。

本集團僅在以下情況下方會以淨額 呈列遞延税項資產及遞延税項負債:

(a) 該實體依法有强制執行權可 以將即期税項資產與即期税 項負債對銷;及

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

## 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 2.21 Accounting for income taxes (Continued)

- (b) the deferred tax assets and the deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either:
  - (i) the same taxable entity; or
  - (ii) different taxable entities which intend either to settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously, in each future period in which significant amounts of deferred tax liabilities or assets are expected to be settled or recovered.

#### 2.22 Segment reporting

The Group identifies operating segments and prepares segment information based on the regular internal financial information reported to the executive directors for their decisions about resources allocation to the Group's business components and for their review of the performance of those components. The business components in the internal financial information reported to the executive directors are determined following the Group's major product and service lines.

The Group has identified the following reportable segments:

- Jewellery Products: design and sales of gold and jewellery products
- IT Products and Services: provision of information technology services and sales of products, including enterprise software products, systems integration, professional services and ASP services

### 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 2.21 所得税之會計方法(續)

- (b) 遞延税項資產與遞延税項負 債與同一課税機關就以下任 何一項徵收之所得税有關:
  - (i) 同一應課税實體; 或
  - (ii) 有意於各段未來期間
     (而預期在有關期間
     內將結清或收回大額
     的遞延税項負債或資
     產)以淨額基準結算
     即期税項負債與資產
     或同時變現資產及結
     清負債的不同應課税
     實體。

#### 2.22 分部呈報

本集團定期向執行董事報告內部財 務資料,以供彼等就本集團業務組 成部份的資源分配作決定,以及供 彼等檢討該等組成部份的表現,而 本集團則根據該等資料劃分經營分 部及編製分部資料。向執行董事報 告之內部財務資料的業務組成部 份,乃依照本集團之主要產品及服 務類別釐定。

本集團已識別出下列可呈報分部:

- 珠寶產品:設計及銷售黃金 珠寶產品
- 資訊科技產品及服務:提供 資訊科技服務及銷售產品,
   包括企業軟件產品、系統集
   成、專業服務及應用軟件服
   務供應商服務

for the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

# 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 2.22 Segment reporting (Continued)

Each of these operating segments is managed separately as each of the product and service lines requires different resources as well as marketing approaches. All inter-segment transfers are carried out at arm's length prices.

The measurement policies the Group uses for reporting segment results under HKFRS 8 Operating Segments are the same as those used in its financial statements prepared under HKFRSs, except that corporate income and expenses which are not directly attributable to the business activities of any operating segment are not included in arriving at the operating results of the operating segment.

Segment assets include all assets but corporate assets which are not directly attributable to the business activities of any operating segment and are not allocated to a segment.

Segment liabilities exclude corporate liabilities which are not directly attributable to the business activities of any operating segment and are not allocated to a segment.

No asymmetrical allocations have been applied to reportable segments.

### 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 2.22 分部呈報(續)

由於各產品及服務類別所需資源及 市場方針不同,故各經營分部乃個 別管理。所有分部間轉讓乃按公平 價格進行。

根據香港財務報告準則第8號經營 分部,本集團用作呈報分部業績的 計量政策與其根據香港財務報告準 則編製的財務報表所用者相同,惟 非直接歸屬於任何經營分部之業務 活動的企業收入及開支,於計算經 營分部之經營業績時並不包括在 內。

分部資產包括所有資產,惟並非直 接歸屬於任何經營分部之業務活動 的企業資產不會分配至任何分部。

分部負債不包括並非直接歸屬於任 何經營分部之業務活動的企業負 債,不會分配予任何分部。

並無對可呈報分部非對稱分配。

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

## 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 2.23 Related parties

For the purposes of these financial statements, a party is considered to be related to the Group if:

- (a) the party is a person, or a close member of that person's family and if that person:
  - has control or joint control over the Group;
  - (ii) has significant influence over the Group; or
  - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Group or the Group's parent.
- (b) the party is an entity and if any of the following conditions applies:
  - The entity and the Group are members of the same group (which means that each parent, subsidiary and fellow subsidiary is related to the others);
  - One entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member);
  - Both entities are joint ventures of the same third party;
  - (iv) One entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity;
  - (v) The entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group;

### 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 2.23 關聯方

- 就該等財務報表而言,倘符合以下 情況,以下人士則被視為與本集團 有關聯:
- (a) 倘符合以下情況,即該人士 或該人士之近親家庭成員與 本集團有關聯:
  - (i) 控制或共同控制本集團;
  - (ii) 對本集團有重大影響 力;或
  - (iii) 為本集團或本集團母 公司主要管理層成 員。
- (b) 倘符合下列任何條件,即該 實體與本集團有關聯:
  - (i) 該實體與本集團屬同 一集團之成員公司
     (即各母公司、附屬 公司及同系附屬公司
     彼此間有關聯);
  - (ii) 一實體為另一實體之
     聯營公司或合營企業
     (或另一實體為成員
     公司之集團旗下成員
     公司之聯營公司或合
     營企業);
  - (iii) 兩實體均為同一第三 方之合營企業;
  - (iv) 一實體為第三方實體
     之合營企業而另一實
     體則為該第三方實體
     之聯營公司;
  - (v) 該實體為本集團或與 本集團有關聯之實體
     就僱員福利設立之離
     職後僱員福利計劃;

for the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 2.23 Related parties (Continued)

- (b) the party is an entity and if any of the following conditions applies: *(Continued)* 
  - (vi) The entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a); or
  - (vii) A person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity).

Close members of the family of a person are those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by, that person in their dealings with the entity.

### 3. ADOPTION OF NEW OR AMENDED HKFRSs

# New and amended HKFRSs that are effective for annual periods beginning or after 1 January 2014

In the current year, the Group has applied for the first time the following new standards, amendments and interpretations (the ''new HKFRSs'') issued by the HKICPA, which are relevant to and effective for the Group's financial statements for the annual period beginning on 1 January 2014:

Amendments to HKFRS 10, HKFRS 12 and HKAS 27 (	Investment Entities 2011)	香港財務報 第10號 準則第12 準則第27
Amendments to HKAS 32	Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities	香港會計準 第32號之
Amendments to HKAS 36	Recoverable Amount Disclosures for Non-Financial Assets	香港會計準 第36號之

### 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 2.23 關聯方(續)

- (b) 倘符合下列任何條件,即該 實體與本集團有關聯:(續)
  - (vi) 該實體受(a)所識別人士控制或共同控制;或
  - (vii) (a)(i)所識別人士對該 實體有重大影響力或 屬該實體(或該實體 之母公司)之主要管 理層成員。

該某人士之近親家庭成員指彼等與 該實體交易時預期可影響該人士或 受該人士影響之家庭成員。

### 採納新訂立或經修訂香港財務報 告準則

# 於二零一四年一月一日或其後開始之 年度期間生效之新訂立及經修訂香港 財務報告準則

於本年度,本集團首次應用以下由香港會 計師公會頒佈、適用於本集團於二零一四 年一月一日開始之年度期間的財務報表及 與之相關的新準則、修訂及詮釋(「新訂香 港財務報告準則」):

ntities	香港財務報告準則 第10號、香港財務報告 準則第12號及香港會計 準則第27號之修訂(二零-	投資實體 ——年)
Assets	香港會計準則	抵銷金融資產及
bilities	第32號之修訂	金融負債
mount	香港會計準則	非金融資產
res for	第 <b>36</b> 號之修訂	可收回金額披露

ANNUAL REPORT 2014

for the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

### 3. ADOPTION OF NEW OR AMENDED HKFRSs (Continued)

Other than as noted below, the adoption of the new HKFRSs had no material impact on how the results and financial position for the current and prior periods have been prepared and presented.

# Amendments to HKFRS 10, HKFRS 12 and HKAS 27 (2011): Investment Entities

The amendments include the definition of 'investment entity' and provide an exception to the consolidation requirements in HKFRS 10. Investment entities are required to measure their subsidiaries at fair value through profit or loss, rather than consolidate them. The amendments also set out disclosure requirements for investment entities. The amendments do not have an impact on the consolidated financial statements as the Company is not an investment entity.

# Amendments to HKAS 32: Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities

The amendments clarify the application of certain offsetting criteria in HKAS 32, including the meaning of 'currently has a legally enforceable right of set-off' and that some gross settlement systems may be considered equivalent to net settlement.

The amendments have been applied retrospectively in accordance with their transitional provisions. As the Group does not currently present any of its financial assets and financial liabilities on a net basis using the provisions of HKAS 32, these amendments had no material effect on the consolidated financial statements for any period presented.

#### Amendments to HKAS 36: Recoverable Amount Disclosures for Non-Financial Assets

The amendments clarify the requirements to disclose the recoverable amount of an asset (or cash-generating unit) whenever an impairment loss has been recognised or reversed in the period. In addition, they introduce several new disclosures required to be made when the recoverable amount of impaired asset (or cash-generating unit) is based on fair value less costs of disposal. The amendments had no material effect on the consolidated financial statements for any period presented.

## 3. 採納新訂立或經修訂香港財務報 告準則(續)

除下文所述外,採納新訂香港財務報告準 則對本期間及過往期間之業績及財務狀況 的編製及呈列方法並無重大影響。

#### 香港財務報告準則第10號、香港財務報告 準則第12號及香港會計準則第27號之修訂 (二零一一年):投資實體

修訂包括對「投資實體」的界定,並就香港 財務報告準則第10號的綜合入賬規定提供 豁免。投資實體須按公允價值計入損益表 將其附屬公司入賬,而非將附屬公司綜合 入賬。修訂亦載列投資實體之披露規定。 由於本公司並非投資實體,該等修訂不會 對綜合財務報表造成任何影響。

#### 香港會計準則第32號之修訂:抵銷金融資 產及金融負債

修訂澄清香港會計準則第32號若干抵銷標 準之應用(包括「目前具有合法可執行抵銷 權利」的涵義),及部份總額結算機制可能 被視為相當於淨額結算。

修訂已根據其過渡條文獲追溯應用。由於 本集團現時並無採納香港會計準則第32號 條文按淨額基準呈列其任何金融資產及金 融負債,該等修訂並無對任何呈列期間的 綜合財務報表造成任何重大影響。

#### 香港會計準則第36號之修訂:非金融資產 可收回金額披露

修訂澄清於減值虧損於期內確認或撥回時 披露資產(或現金產生單位)可收回金額的 規定。此外,修訂引入若干新披露,須於 減值資產(或現金產生單位)的可收回金額 按公允價值減出售成本釐定時作出。該等 修訂並無對任何呈列期間的綜合財務報表 造成任何重大影響。

for the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

# 3. ADOPTION OF NEW OR AMENDED

#### HKFRSs (Continued)

#### Issued but not yet effective HKFRSs

At the date of authorisation of these financial statements, certain new and amended HKFRSs have been published but are not yet effective, and have not been adopted early by the Group.

The directors anticipate that all of the pronouncements will be adopted in the Group's accounting policy for the first period beginning after the effective date of the pronouncement. The directors are currently assessing the impact of these HKFRSs but are not yet in the position to state whether they would have any material impact on the Group's financial statements.

Information on these new pronouncements that are expected to be relevant to the Group's financial statements is provided below.

E	Effective for accounting	
	periods beginning	
	on or after	
HKFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts	6	
with Customers	1 January 2017	

HKFRS 9 (2014) Financial Instruments 1 January 2018

### 4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

# 3. 採納新訂立或經修訂香港財務報 告準則(續)

#### 已公佈但未生效之香港財務報告準則

於授權刊發此等財務報表當日,若干新訂 及經修訂香港財務報告準則經已頒佈但尚 未生效,且並無被本集團提早採納。

董事預期,所有已公佈之項目,將於公佈生 效日期後開始的首段期間在本集團會計政策 內採用。董事現正評估此等香港財務報告準 則之影響,但現階段未能闡明此等香港財務 報告準則會否對本集團之財務報表構成任何 重大影響。

預期與本集團之財務報表相關之新規定所涉 及之資料載述於下文。

> 於下列日期 或之後開始之

> 會計期間生效

香港財務報告準則第15號 來自客戶合約 之收入 二零一七年一月一日

香港財務報告準則第	第 <b>9</b> 號
(二零一四年)	
金融工具	二零一八年一月一日

### 4. 重要會計估計及判斷

估計及判斷會根據過往經驗及其他因素(包括在現時環境下,對未來事件作出合理之 預期)持續進行評估。

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

### 4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES 4. 重要會計估計及判斷(續) AND JUDGEMENTS (Continued)

# 4.1 Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

The Group makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below:

#### Impairment of property, plant and equipment

If circumstances indicate that the net book value of a long lived asset may not be recoverable, the asset may be considered "impaired" and an impairment loss may be recognised in accordance with HKAS 36 Impairment of Assets. The carrying amounts of long lived assets are reviewed periodically in order to assess whether the recoverable amounts have declined below the carrying amounts. These assets are tested for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that their recorded carrying amounts may not be recoverable. When such a decline has occurred, the carrying amount is reduced to the recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of its fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. It is difficult to precisely estimate fair value less cost of disposal because quoted market prices for the Group's assets are not readily available. In determining the value in use, expected cash flows generated by the asset are discounted to their present value, which requires significant estimation relating to the level of sales volume, selling prices and the amount of operating costs. The Group uses all readily available information in determining an amount that is a reasonable approximation of recoverable amount, including estimates based on reasonable and supportable assumptions and projections of sales volume, selling prices and the amount of operating costs. As at 31 December 2014, the carrying amount of property, plant and equipment was HK\$10,795,000 (2013: HK\$14,453,000).

#### 4.1 重要會計估計及假設

本集團就未來作出估計及假設。根 據其定義,由此得出之會計估計將 甚少與相關實際結果等同。下文論 述具有對下一財政年度內之資產及 負債之賬面值造成重大調整之重大 風險的有關估計及假設:

#### 物業、廠房及設備之減值

倘情況顯示長期資產之賬面淨值可 能無法收回,有關資產則可能會視 為「減值」,並須根據香港會計準則 第36號資產減值確認減值虧損。 長期資產之賬面值會定期審閱,以 評估可收回金額是否下跌至低於賬 面值。當事項或環境變動顯示資產 之記錄賬面值可能無法收回時,有 關資產便會進行減值測試。如果出 現下跌跡象,賬面值便會減至可收 回金額。可收回金額乃以其公允價 值減出售成本與使用價值兩者中之 較高者計算。由於本集團難以獲得 資產之公開市價,因此難以準確地 估計公允價值減出售成本。在釐定 使用價值時,該資產所產生之預計 現金流量會貼現至其現值,因而需 要對銷量水平、售價及經營成本等 作出重大估計。本集團在釐定可收 回金額之合理概約數額時會採用所 有可取得之資料,包括根據合理及 有依據之假設所作出之估計以及銷 量、售價及經營成本之預測。於二 零一四年十二月三十一日,物業、 廠房及設備之賬面值為10,795,000 港元(二零一三年:14,453,000港 元)。



for the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

### 4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES 4. 重要會計估計及判斷(續) AND JUDGEMENTS (Continued)

#### 4.1 Critical accounting estimates and

#### assumptions (Continued)

#### Allowance for bad and doubtful debts

The provisioning policy for bad and doubtful debts of the Group is based on the evaluation of collectability and ageing analysis of trade and other receivables. A considerable amount of estimation and judgement is required in assessing the ultimate realisation of these receivables, including their current creditworthiness, past collection history and financial condition. If the financial conditions of these parties were to deteriorate, resulting in an impairment of their ability to make payments, additional allowance will be required. As at 31 December 2014, the carrying amount of trade receivables was HK\$49,594,000 (2013: HK\$35.890.000).

#### Net realisable value of inventories

Net realisable value of inventories of jewellery products is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs of completion and selling expenses. These estimates are based on the current market condition and the historical experience of manufacturing and selling products of similar nature. It could change significantly as a result of changes in customer taste and competitor actions in response to severe industry cycle. Written down of inventories amounted to HK\$Nil (2013: HK\$1,623,000) was provided for the year ended 31 December 2014. Management reassesses these estimates at the end of each reporting period. As at 31 December 2014, the carrying amount of inventories was HK\$28,335,000 (2013: HK\$115,165,000).

#### 4.1 重要會計估計及假設(續)

#### 呆壞賬撥備

本集團之呆壞賬撥備政策是根據應 收貿易賬款及其他應收款項之可收 回能力與賬齡分析而作出。在評估 此等應收款項之最終變現時,須作 出不少估計和判斷,包括各欠款人 目前信譽、過往還款記錄以及財務 狀況。倘有關人士之財政狀況將會 轉壞,導致其還款能力減損,便須 作出額外撥備。於二零一四年十二 月三十一日,應收貿易賬款之賬面 值為49,594,000港元(二零一三年: 35,890,000港元)。

#### 存貨之可變現淨值

珠寶產品之存貨之可變現淨值為日 常業務過程中的估計售價減估計完 工成本及銷售開支。該等估計乃根 據現行市況以及製造及銷售類同性 質產品之歷史經驗而作出,並會因 客戶喜好之變化及競爭對手因應嚴 峻行業週期所採取之行動而出現更 大一日止年度,存貨之撇減為零 大(二零一三年:1,623,000港 元)。管理層於各呈報期末重估該 等估計。於二零一四年十二月三十 一日,存貨之賬面值為28,335,000 港元(二零一三年:115,165,000港 元)。

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

# 4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES 4. 重要會計估計及判斷(續) AND JUDGEMENTS (Continued)

#### 4.1 Critical accounting estimates and

4.1 重要會計估計及假設(續)

#### assumptions (Continued)

#### Deferred tax

At 31 December 2014, deferred tax assets of HK\$168,000 (2013: HK\$177,000) in relation to unused tax losses have been recognised in the Group's consolidated statement of financial position. No deferred tax asset has been recognised in respect of the remaining tax losses of HK\$71,026,000 (2013: HK\$65,831,000) due to the unpredictability of future profit streams. The realisability of the deferred tax asset mainly depends on whether sufficient future profits or taxable temporary differences will be available in the future. In cases where the actual future profits generated are less or more than expected, a material reversal or further recognition of deferred tax assets may arise, which would be recognised in the profit or loss for the period in which such a reversal or further recognition takes place.

Deferred income tax assets relating to certain temporary differences and tax losses are recognised when management considers it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the temporary differences or tax losses can be utilised. At 31 December 2014, temporary differences relating to the undistributed profits of subsidiaries amounted to HK\$6,082,000 (2013: HK\$6,807,000). Deferred tax liabilities have not been recognised in respect of the tax that would be payable on the distribution of these retained profits as the Company controls the dividend policy of these subsidiaries and it has been determined that it is probable that these profits will not be distributed in the foreseeable future. As at 31 December 2014, the carrying amount of deferred tax assets was HK\$1,307,000 (2013: HK\$1,317,000) (see note 30).

### 遞延税項

於二零一四年十二月三十一日,有 關未動用税項虧損之遞延税項資 產為168,000港元(二零一三年: 177,000港元)已於本集團之綜合財 務狀況表中確認。由於無法預測未 來之溢利來源,故此並無就餘下之 税項虧損71,026,000港元(二零一 三年:65,831,000港元)確認遞延 税項資產。遞延税項資產之可變現 能力主要取決於日後是否有足夠之 未來溢利或應課税暫時差額。倘若 所產生之實際未來溢利少於或多於 預期數額,則可能出現遞延税項資 產之重大撥回或進一步確認,並會 於進行有關撥回或進一步確認之期 間確認於損益表。

與若干暫時差額及税項虧損有關之 遞延所得税資產於管理層認為未來 應課税溢利可用作抵銷暫時差額或 税項虧損時予以確認。於二零一四 年十二月三十一日,附屬公司未分 派溢利之暫時差額為6,082,000港 元(二零一三年:6,807,000港元)。 本公司並未就分派該等保留溢利而 應付之税項確認遞延税項負債,乃 因本公司控制該等附屬公司之股息 政策,且經決定於可見未來該等溢 利很可能不會獲分派。於二零一四 年十二月三十一日,遞延税項資產 之 賬 面 值 為1,307,000港 元(二零 一三年:1,317,000港元)(見附註 30)。

for the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

### 4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES 4. 重要會計估計及判斷(續) AND JUDGEMENTS (Continued)

### 4.2 Critical judgements in applying the entity's accounting policies

#### Development activities

Careful judgment by the Company's management is applied when deciding whether the recognition requirements for development costs have been met. This is necessary as the economic success of any product development is uncertain and may be subject to future technical problems at the time of recognition. Judgments are based on the best information available at the end of each reporting period. In addition, all internal activities related to the development of new software, products or knowhow are continuously monitored by the Company's management.

### 5. REVENUE AND TURNOVER

The Group's principal activities are disclosed in note 1 to these financial statements. Turnover of the Group is the revenue from these activities.

Revenue from external customers from the Group's principal activities recognised during the year is as follows:

# **4.2** 應用實體之會計政策時之重要 判斷

#### 開發活動

本公司管理層在決定開發成本是否 符合確認的規定時必須作出謹慎判 斷,因為任何產品開發的經濟成就 乃屬未知之數,於確認之時或會受 未來技術問題所限制。判斷乃以各 呈報期末可供使用的最佳資料為基 準。此外,本公司管理層持續監察 所有有關開發新軟件、產品或專門 知識的內部活動。

### 5. 收入及營業額

本集團之主要業務在財務報表附註1披露。 本集團之營業額為來自該等業務之收入。

年內已確認來自本集團主要業務之外部客 戶之收入如下:

		2014 二零一四年 HK\$′000 千港元	2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Sales of gold and jewellery products	黃金珠寶產品銷售	69,435	139,877
Franchise income	特許加盟收入	718	258
Enterprise software products	企業軟件產品	129,538	131,155
Systems integration	系統集成	259,211	263,364
Professional services	專業服務	40,473	41,155
ASP services	應用軟件服務供應商服務	-	3,571
Total revenue	總收入	499,375	579,380

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

### 6. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The executive directors, being the chief operating decision maker, have identified the Group's two products and service lines as operating segments as further described in note 2.22.

These operating segments are monitored and strategic decisions are made on the basis of adjusted segment operating results.

### 6. 分部資料

按附註2.22之進一步論述,執行董事(即主 要營運決策者)已識別出本集團兩項產品及 服務類別作為經營分部。

該等經營分部乃根據經調整分部之經營業 績而監控及作出策略決定。

		Jewellery Products 珠寶產品 HK\$'000 千港元	2014 二零一四年 IT Products and Services 資訊科技 產品及服務 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$′000 千港元
Revenue	收入			
- From external customers	一來自外部客戶	70,153	429,222	499,375
Reportable segment revenue	可呈報分部收入	70,153	429,222	499,375
Reportable segment loss before income tax	扣除所得税前可呈報分部虧損	(14,079)	(12,532)	(26,611)
Interest income	利息收益	19	1,459	1,478
Depreciation and amortisation of non-financial assets	非金融資產之折舊及攤銷	(1,534)	(3,242)	(4,776)
Net loss on disposal/written off of property,	出售/註銷物業、廠房及設備	(1,554)	(5,272)	(4,770)
plant and equipment	之淨虧損	(2,768)	-	(2,768)
Fair value gain on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	按公允價值計入損益表之金融資產 之公允價值收益	-	260	260
Reversal of provision for impairment of trade	應收貿易賬款減值撥備之撥回			
receivables Finance costs	財務費用	-	4 (377)	4 (377)
			(011)	(0.17)
Reportable segment assets	可呈報分部資產	305,019	194,809	499,828
Additions to non-current segment assets	年內添置分部非流動資產			
(other than financial instruments and deferred tax assets) during the year	(金融工具及遞延税項 資產除外)	1,301	1,917	3,218
		.,	.,	0,210
Reportable segment liabilities	可呈報分部負債	15,377	320,659	336,036

for the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

#### **SEGMENT INFORMATION** (Continued) 6. 分部資料(續) 6. 2013 二零一三年 Jewellery IT Products Products and Services Total 資訊科技 珠寶產品 產品及服務 總計 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 千港元 千港元 千港元 Revenue 收入 140,135 439,245 579,380 - From external customers - 來自外部客戶 Reportable segment revenue 可呈報分部收入 140,135 439,245 579,380 Reportable segment (loss)/profit before 扣除所得税前可呈報分部 (16,132) 1.409 (14, 723)income tax (虧損)/溢利 Interest income 利息收益 11 925 936 Depreciation and amortisation of non-financial 非金融資產之折舊及攤銷 (5, 599)assets (1, 326)(4,273) Net loss on disposal/written off of property, 出售/註銷物業、廠房及設備 plant and equipment 之淨虧損 (1, 210)(3) (1,213) Fair value loss on financial assets at fair value 按公允價值計入損益表之金融資產 through profit or loss 之公允價值虧損 (1, 389)(1,389) Reversal of provision for impairment of trade 應收貿易賬款減值撥備之撥回 receivables 9 9 Impairment loss on available-for-sale financial 可供出售金融資產之減值虧損 (2,543) assets (2,543) \_ Written down of inventories 存貨之撇減 (1,623) (1,623) Finance costs 財務費用 (740) (740) **Reportable segment assets** 可呈報分部資產 317,101 265,714 582,815 Additions to non-current segment assets 年內添置分部非流動資產 (other than financial instruments and (金融工具及遞延税項 資產除外) 8,318 904 9,222 deferred tax assets) during the year 可呈報分部負債 12,753 377,795 390,548 **Reportable segment liabilities**

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

### 6. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

6. 分部資料(續)

The totals presented for the Group's operating segments reconcile to the Group's key financial figures as presented in the financial statements are as follows: 本集團之經營分部呈列之總額與財務報表 所呈列之本集團主要財務數據之對賬如下:

		2014 二零一四年 HK\$′000 千港元	2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Reportable segment assets Elimination of inter-segment receivables	可呈報分部資產 對銷分部間應收款項	499,828 (224,954)	582,815 (224,803)
Group assets	本集團之資產	274,874	358,012
Reportable segment liabilities Elimination of inter-segment payables	可呈報分部負債 對銷分部間應付款項	336,036 (224,954)	390,548 (224,803)
Group liabilities	本集團之負債	111,082	165,745

The Group's revenue from external customers and its non-current assets (other than financial instruments and deferred tax assets) are divided into the following geographical areas: 本集團之來自外部客戶收入及其非流動資 產(金融工具及遞延税項資產除外)乃按下 列地區劃分:

#### Place of domicile of customer/location of assets

客戶主體所在地/資產所在地

	Revenue from				
		external c	ustomers	Non-curre	nt assets
		來自外部客戶之收入 非流動資產		資產	
		2014	2013	2014	2013
		二零一四年	二零一三年	二零一四年	二零一三年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Hong Kong	香港	120,230	138,297	812	1,464
PRC and Taiwan	中國及台灣	368,124	431,052	9,911	13,688
South East Asia	東南亞	11,021	10,031	72	111
		499,375	579,380	10,795	15,263

During 2014, HK\$221,099,000 or 44.28% of the Group's revenue depended on a single customer in the PRC and Taiwan segment (2013: HK\$156,994,000 or 27.10%). At the end of the reporting period, 16.97% of the Group's trade receivables was due from this customer (2013: 0.11%).

於二零一四年,本集團收入中之 221,099,000港元或44.28%乃倚賴中國 及台灣分部之單一客戶(二零一三年: 156,994,000港元或27.10%)。於呈報期 末,該客戶佔本集團之應收貿易賬款為 16.97%(二零一三年:0.11%)。

for the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

# 7. OTHER INCOME

### 7. 其他收益

		2014 二零一四年 HK\$′000 千港元	2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Other revenue	其他收入	1 470	000
Dividend income from listed equity securities	利息收益 上市股本證券之股息 收益	1,478 1,332	936 850
Consultancy and management fee income Others		3,113 240	2,077 1,144
		6,163	5,007
Other net income	其他收益淨額		
Fair value gain on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Reversal of provision for impairment of	按公允價值計入損益表之金 融資產之公允價值收益 應收貿易賬款減值撥備之	260	-
trade receivables	撥回	4	9
		264	9
		6,427	5,016

# 8. FINANCE COSTS

### 8. 財務費用

		2014 二零一四年 HK\$′000 千港元	2013 二零一三年 HK\$′000 千港元
Interest charges on: Other interest expense, wholly repayable within five years	利息支出: 其他利息支出, 須於五年內全數償還	377	740

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

### 9. LOSS BEFORE INCOME TAX

9. 扣除所得稅前虧損

扣除所得税前虧損已(計入)/扣減:

Loss before income tax is arrived at after (crediting)/ charging:

		2014	2013
		二零一四年	二零一三年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Cost of inventories sold	存貨銷售成本	310,577	384,062
Cost of services rendered*	提供服務成本*	142,155	134,941
Depreciation	折舊	3,966	3,776
Amortisation of development costs	開發成本之攤銷	810	1,823
Auditors' remuneration	核數師酬金	1,173	1,210
mpairment loss on available-for-sale	可供出售金融資產之減值		
financial assets	虧損	-	2,543
Vritten down of inventories	存貨之撇減	-	1,623
let loss on disposal/written off of	出售/註銷物業、廠房及		
property, plant and equipment	設備之淨虧損	2.768	1,213
air value (gain)/loss on financial assets	按公允價值計入損益表之	,	, -
at fair value through profit or loss	金融資產之公允價值		
	(收益)/虧損	(260)	1,389
Reversal of provision for impairment	應收貿易賬款減值撥備之	()	.,
of trade receivables	撥回	(4)	(9)
Vet exchange loss	匯兑淨虧損	564	412
Operating lease charges on land and	有關土地及樓宇之經營		
buildings	租賃支出	10,719	10,016

 Cost of services rendered includes HK\$120,443,000
 (2013: HK\$113,071,000) relating to staff costs, which amount is also included in the total amounts disclosed in note 13. 提供服務成本包括員工成本120,443,000 港元(二零一三年:113,071,000港元), 該金額亦計入附註13所披露之總金額內。

for the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

### **10. INCOME TAX EXPENSE**

Hong Kong profits tax has been provided at the rate of 16.5% on the estimated assessable profits for the year. Pursuant to the income tax rules and regulations of the PRC, the companies comprising the Group in the PRC are liable to PRC enterprise income tax at a rate of 25% during the years ended 31 December 2014 and 2013. Taxation on overseas profits has been calculated on the estimated assessable profits for the year at the rates prevailing in the countries in which the Group operates.

### 10. 所得稅開支

香港利得税已按本年度之估計應課税溢利 以税率16.5%作出撥備。根據中國之所得 税規則及條例,本集團旗下中國成員公司 於截至二零一四年及二零一三年十二月三 十一日止年度須按税率25%繳納中國企業 所得税。海外溢利的税項乃根據年內估計 應課税溢利按本集團經營業務的國家的現 行税率計算。

	2014	2013
	二零一四年	二零一三年
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	千港元	千港元
即期税項		
一香港		
本年度	-	99
一海外		
本年度	559	548
	559	647
遞延税項		
本年度(附註30)	-	800
所得税開支總額	559	1,447
	<ul> <li>一香港 本年度</li> <li>一海外 本年度</li> <li>遞延税項 本年度(附註30)</li> </ul>	二零一四年 HK\$'000 王港元         即期税項 一香港 本年度       -         一海外 本年度       -         559       559         遞延税項 本年度(附註30)       -

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

### **10. INCOME TAX EXPENSE** (Continued)

### 10. 所得稅開支(續)

Reconciliation between tax expense and accounting loss at applicable tax rates:

按適用税率就税項開支及會計虧損進行對 賬:

		2014 二零一四年 HK\$′000 千港元	2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Loss before income tax	扣除所得税前虧損	(26,611)	(14,723)
Tax at the Hong Kong profits tax rate of 16.5% (2013: 16.5%)	按香港利得税税率16.5% (二零一三年:16.5%) 計算之税項	(4,391)	(2,429)
Tax effect of non-taxable revenue	毋須課税收入之税項影響	(4,331)	(2,420)
Tax effect of non-deductible expenses	不可扣減開支之税項影響	2,865	1,295
Tax effect of unrecognised temporary	未確認暫時差額之税項影響		
differences		121	(92)
Tax effect of unrecognised tax losses Utilisation of previously unrecognised	未確認税項虧損之税項影響 使用先前未確認税項虧損	3,118	4,708
tax losses		-	(722)
Effect of different tax rates of subsidiaries	於其他司法權區營運之附屬		
operating in other jurisdictions	公司不同税率之影響	(901)	(1,045)
Others	其他	(23)	(98)
Income tax expense	所得税開支	559	1,447

# 11. LOSS ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS 11. 本公司擁有人應佔虧損 OF THE COMPANY

Of the consolidated loss attributable to owners of the Company of HK\$27,019,000 (2013: HK\$14,091,000), a loss of HK\$16,041,000 (2013: HK\$38,658,000), which include a provision for impairment of amounts due from subsidiaries of HK\$11,038,000 (2013: HK\$32,614,000), which has been dealt with in the financial statements of the Company.

本公司擁有人應佔綜合虧損為27,019,000 港元(二零一三年:14,091,000港元), 包括已於本公司財務報表內列賬之虧損 16,041,000港元(二零一三年:38,658,000 港元),其中包括應收附屬公司款項之減 值撥備11,038,000港元(二零一三年: 32,614,000港元)。

for the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

### **12. LOSS PER SHARE**

The calculation of the basic and diluted loss per share is based on the loss attributable to owners of the Company of HK\$27,019,000 (2013: HK\$14,091,000) and the weighted average number of ordinary shares of approximately 1,188,460,000 (2013: 1,144,751,000) in issue during the year.

Diluted loss per share for the years ended 31 December 2014 and 2013 equate the basic loss per share as there is no potential dilutive ordinary share in existence during the year.

### 12. 每股虧損

每股基本及攤薄虧損乃按本公司擁有 人應佔虧損27,019,000港元(二零一三 年:14,091,000港元)及約1,188,460,000 股(二零一三年:1,144,751,000股)年內已 發行普通股股份之加權平均數目計算。

由於截至二零一四年及二零一三年十二月 三十一日止年度內並無潛在可攤薄之普通 股,故每股攤薄虧損相等於每股基本虧損。

# 13. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS EXPENSE (including directors' emoluments)

### 13. 僱員福利開支(包括董事薪酬)

		2014 二零一四年 HK\$′000 千港元	2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Wages, salaries and other benefits Pension costs – defined contribution	工資、薪金及其他福利 退休金成本一定額供款計劃	142,970	135,842
plans		13,840	12,451
		156,810	148,293

# **NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** 財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

# 14. DIRECTORS', CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S 14. 董事、主要行政人員及高級管 AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT'S **EMOLUMENTS**

# 理人員薪酬

# 14.1 Directors' and chief executive's

#### emoluments

Directors' and chief executive's emoluments, disclosed pursuant to the GEM Listing Rules and section 161 of the predecessor Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 32), is as follows:

#### 14.1 董事及主要行政人員薪酬

董事及主要行政人員薪酬乃根據創 業板上市規則及第32章前香港公司 條例第161條披露如下:

		Note 附註	Directors' fees 董事袍金 HK\$'000 千港元	Salaries and allowances 薪金及津貼 HK\$'000 千港元	Contributions to defined contribution plan 定額供款 計劃供款 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總額 HK\$*000 千港元
2014 Executive directors:	二零一四年					
Ms. Li Xia	<b>執行董事</b> : 李霞女士			580	24	604
Mr. Lin Di	子葭女工 林迪先生	(a)	-	580 440	24 10	604 450
Mr. Chen Yin	陳寅先生	(a)	_	440	23	450
Mr. Yip Tin Hung	葉天雄先生	(b)	_	420	- 25	100
With the first formed by	未八年九上	(0)		100		100
Independent non-executive directors:	獨立非執行董事:					
Mr. Lam Tin Faat	林天發先生		-	180	-	180
Ms. Lu Haina	陸海娜女士		-	120	-	120
Mr. Fu Ping Man	傅炳文先生	(C)	-	100	-	100
Ms. Na Xin	那昕女士	(d)	-	20	-	20
				1,960	57	2,017
2013	二零一三年					
Executive directors:	執行董事:					
Ms. Li Xia	李霞女士		-	600	-	600
Mr. Lin Di	林迪先生	(a)	-	480	-	480
Mr. Chen Yin	陳寅先生		-	456	-	456
Mr. Yip Tin Hung	葉天雄先生		-	360	-	360
Ms. Zee Chan Mei Chu, Peggy	徐陳美珠女士	(e)	-	1,567	5	1,572
Independent non-executive directors:	獨立非執行董事:					
Mr. Lam Tin Faat	林天發先生		-	180	-	180
Ms. Lu Haina	陸海娜女士		-	120	-	120
Mr. Fu Ping Man	傅炳文先生		-	120	-	120
-						
			_	3,883	5	3,888
				0,000	0	0,000

for the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

# 14. DIRECTORS' CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT'S EMOLUMENTS (Continued)

### 14. 董事、主要行政人員及高級管 理人員薪酬(續)

### 14.1 Directors' and chief executive's

#### emoluments (Continued)

Notes:

- (a) Mr. Lin Di is also the chief executive of the Company for both years, and his emoluments disclosed above include those for services rendered by him as the chief executive.
- (b) Mr. Yip Tin Hung resigned as an executive director on 18 August 2014.
- (c) Mr. Fu Ping Man resigned as an independent non-executive director on 1 December 2014.
- (d) Ms. Na Xin is appointed as an independent nonexecutive director on 1 December 2014.
- (e) Ms. Zee Chan Mei Chu, Peggy resigned as an executive director on 30 April 2013.

No emoluments were paid by the Group to any directors as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office during the year (2013: HK\$Nil).

There were no arrangements under which a director waived or agreed to waive any remuneration during the year (2013: HK\$Nil).

#### 14.1 董事及主要行政人員薪酬(續)

附註:

- (a) 林迪先生於兩年內亦為本公司 之行政總裁,故上文披露之薪 酬計及其作為行政總裁提供服 務之薪酬。
- (b) 葉天雄先生於二零一四年八月 十八日辭任執行董事。
- (c) 傅炳文先生於二零一四年十二 月一日辭任獨立非執行董事。
- (d) 那昕女士於二零一四年十二月 一日獲委任為獨立非執行董事。
- (e) 徐陳美珠女士於二零一三年四 月三十日辭任執行董事。

年內,本集團並無向任何董事支付 薪酬作為加入本集團或加入本集團 後之獎勵或作為離職補償(二零一三 年:零港元)。

年內並無董事放棄或同意放棄任何 薪酬之安排(二零一三年:零港元)。

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

# 14. DIRECTORS' CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT'S EMOLUMENTS (Continued)

#### 14.2 Five highest paid individuals

The five individuals whose emoluments were the highest in the Group for the year included none (2013: one) of the resigned director whose emoluments are partly reflected in the analysis presented above. The aggregate of the emoluments aggregate of the remaining five (2013: four) individuals during the year and the emoluments of the resigned director for the period from 1 May 2013 to 31 December 2013 are as follows:

# 14. 董事、主要行政人員及高級管 理人員薪酬(續)

#### 14.2 五名最高薪酬人士

年內,本集團五名最高薪酬人士包 括零名(二零一三年:一名)辭任董 事,其部份薪酬於上列分析反映。 餘下五名(二零一三年:四名)最高 薪酬人士於年內之薪酬總額以及辭 任董事於二零一三年五月一日至二 零一三年十二月三十一日期間之薪 酬如下:

		2014 二零一四年 HK\$′000 千港元	2013 二零一三年 HK\$′000 千港元
Salaries and allowances and benefit-in-kind Contributions to defined contribution plan	薪金、津貼及實物利益 定額供款計劃供款	7,033	7,700
		7,117	7,775

The emoluments fell within the following bands:

薪酬介於以下範圍:

		Number of individuals* 員工人數*		
			2014	2013
		=	零一四年	二零一三年
Emolument band HK\$1,000,001 to HK\$1,500,000 HK\$1,500,001 – HK\$3,000,000	薪酬範圍 1,000,001港元至1,500,000港元 1,500,001港元至3,000,000港元		4 1	4
		×	井大一雨	

Included one resigned director during the year
 ended 31 December 2013.

截至二零一三年十二月三十一 日止年度包括一名辭任董事。

for the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

# 15. PROPERTY, PLANT AND15. 物業、廠房及設備-本集團EQUIPMENT - GROUP

		Leasehold improvements 租賃 物業裝修 HK\$'000 千港元	Computer and office equipment 電腦及 辦公室 設備 HK\$'000 千港元	ASP software 應用軟件 服務供應商 軟件 HK\$'000 千港元	Furniture and fixtures 傢俬及 裝置 HK\$'000 千港元	Motor vehicles 汽車 HK\$'000 千港元	<b>Total</b> 總額 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 January 2013 Cost	<b>於二零一三年一月一日</b> 成本	5,454	29,136	7,187	2,163	1,120	45,060
Accumulated depreciation and impairment losses	累計折舊及 減值虧損	(4,130)	(21,911)	(7,187)	(1,274)	(558)	(35,060)
Net book amount	賬面淨值	1,324	7,225	_	889	562	10,000
Year ended 31 December 2013	截至二零一三年十二月						
Opening net book amount Reclassification Exchange differences Additions Disposals/written off Depreciation	三十一日止年度 年初賬預 重新分差額 確定 置 出售 ✓ 注 銷 折 話 畫	1,324 42 3,477 (1,222) (613)	7,225 (30) 180 1,317 (32) (2,434)		889 30 25 4,219 (3) (547)	562 	10,000 
Closing net book amount	年末賬面淨值	3,008	6,226	_	4,613	606	14,453
At 31 December 2013 and 1 January 2014 Cost Accumulated depreciation and impairment losses	於二零一三年十二月 三十一日及二零 一四年一月一日 成本 累計折舊及 減值虧損	7,570 (4,562)	30,959 (24,733)	-	6,427 (1,814)	1,351 (745)	46,307 (31,854)
Net book amount	賬面淨值	3,008	6,226		4,613	606	14,453
Year ended 31 December 2014 Opening net book amount Exchange differences Additions Disposals/written off Depreciation	<b>截至二零一四年十二月 三二零一日止年度</b> 年初見差 不一日淨 定置 二 定 第 出 告 新 新 新	3,008 (25) - (2,768) (93)	6,226 (31) 1,974 (15) (2,552)		4,613 (66) 1,244  (1,130)	606 (5) _ (191)	14,453 (127) 3,218 (2,783) (3,966)
Closing net book amount	年末賬面淨值	122	5,602		4,661	410	10,795
At 31 December 2014 Cost Accumulated depreciation and impairment losses	<b>於二零一四年</b> 十二月三十一日 成本 累計折舊及 減值虧損	4,405 (4,283)	32,390 (26,788)	-	7,589 (2,928)	1,344 (934)	45,728 (34,933)
Net book amount	賬面淨值	122	5,602	-	4,661	410	10,795

ANNUAL REPORT 2014

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

# 16. INTEREST IN SUBSIDIARIES - 16. 於附屬公司之權益-本公司 COMPANY

		2014 二零一四年 HK\$′000 千港元	2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Unlisted shares, at cost of United States Dollars ("US\$") 2 (2013: US\$2)	非上市股份,按成本值 2美元(「美元」) (二零一三年:2美元)		

Particulars of the principal subsidiaries at 31 December 2014 are as follows:

於二零一四年十二月三十一日,主要附屬 公司之詳情如下:

Name of subsidiary 附屬公司名稱	Place of incorporation/ registration 註冊/成立地點	Place of operations 營業地點	Particulars of issued and paid up capital/ registered capital 已發行及 繳足股本/ 註冊資本詳情	Percentage of issued and paid up capital/ registered capital held by the Company 本公司持有 已發行及繳足 股本/註冊資本之 百分比	Principal activities 主要業務
Excel (BVI) Limited	British Virgin	Hong Kong	5,000 shares of	100%#	Investment holding
	Islands* 英屬處女群島*	香港	US\$1 each 5,000股每股面值 1美元之股份		投資控股
Excel China Investment (BVI) Limited	British Virgin Islands*	Hong Kong	5,000 shares of US\$1 each	100%	Investment holding
志鴻中國投資有限公司	英屬處女群島*	香港	5,000股每股面值 1美元之股份		投資控股
Excel Consulting and Solutions Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia*	Malaysia	100,000 shares of Malaysian Ringgit ("MYR") 1 each	100%	Development of computer software and provision of sale and marketing services
	馬來西亞*	馬來西亞	100,000股每股面值 馬來西亞幣(「馬幣」) 1元之股份		開發電腦軟件及 提供銷售及市場 推廣服務
Excel Global IT Services Holdings Limited	British Virgin Islands*	Hong Kong	500,000 shares of US\$1 each	100%	Investment holding
	英屬處女群島*	香港	500,000股每股面值 1美元之股份		投資控股
Excel Global IT Services (HK) Limited	Hong Kong*	Hong Kong	10,000 shares	100%	Provision of professional services
志鴻六維科技(香港)有限公司	香港*	香港	10,000股股份		提供專業服務
		二零一四年	年報		

[零一四年年朝

for the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

# 16. INTEREST IN SUBSIDIARIES - 16. 於附屬公司之權益一本公司(續)

**COMPANY** (Continued)

Name of subsidiary 附屬公司名稱	Place of incorporation/ registration 註冊/成立地點	Place of operations 營業地點	Particulars of issued and paid up capital/ registered capital 已發行及 繳足股本/ 註冊資本詳情	Percentage of issued and paid up capital/ registered capital held by the Company 本公司持有 已發行及繳足 股本/註冊資本之 百分比	Principal activities 主要業務
Excel Investment China Limited	Hong Kong*	Hong Kong	1,000 shares	100%	Investment holding
志鴻投資中國有限公司	香港*	香港	1,000股股份		投資控股
Excel International Limited	Hong Kong* 香港*	Hong Kong 香港	10,000 shares 10,000股股份	100%	Inactive 暫無營業
Excel SSL Investment Limited 志鴻松山湖投資有限公司	Hong Kong* 香港*	Hong Kong 香港	1,000 shares 1,000股股份	100%	Investment holding 投資控股
Excel System (Hong Kong) Limited	Hong Kong*	Hong Kong	200,000 shares	100%	Systems integration
志鴻系統(香港)有限公司	香港*	香港	200,000股股份		系統集成
Excel System Limited	British Virgin Islands*	Hong Kong	100 shares of US\$1 each	100%	Inactive
	英屬處女群島*	香港	100股每股面值 1美元之股份		暫無營業
Excel Technology International (BVI) Limited	British Virgin Islands*	Hong Kong	1 share of US\$1 each	100%	Investment holding
	英屬處女群島*	香港	1股面值 1美元之股份		投資控股
Excel Technology International (Hong Kong) Limited	Hong Kong*	Hong Kong	1,000 shares	100%	Development of computer software, systems integration and provision of maintenance
志鴻科技國際(香港)有限公司	香港*	香港	1,000股股份		services 開發電腦軟件、系統 集成及提供保養服 務
Excelink Development Corporation	British Virgin Islands*	Hong Kong	10,000 shares of US\$1 each	100%	Investment holding
志鴻發展有限公司	与屬處女群島*	香港	10,000股每股面值 1美元之股份		投資控股

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

# 16. INTEREST IN SUBSIDIARIES - 16. 於附屬公司之權益-本公司(續)

**COMPANY** (Continued)

Name of subsidiary	Place of incorporation/ registration	Place of operations	Particulars of issued and paid up capital/ registered capital 已發行及	Percentage of issued and paid up capital/ registered capital held by the Company 本公司持有 已發行及繳足	Principal activities
附屬公司名稱	註冊/成立地點	營業地點	繳足股本/ 註冊資本詳情	股本∕註冊資本之 百分比	主要業務
Excelink Technology Pte Ltd.	Singapore*	Singapore	Singapore Dollar ("S\$") 893,022	100%	Development of computer software and provision of sale and marketing services
	新加坡*	新加坡	新加坡元 (「新加坡元」) 893,022元		開發電腦軟件及提供 銷售及市場推廣服 務
Hong Kong Jewellery Co., Limited	Hong Kong*	Hong Kong	1 share	100%	Investment holding
香港珠寶有限公司	香港*	香港	1股股份		投資控股
HR21 Holdings Limited	British Virgin Islands*	Hong Kong	50,000 shares of US\$1 each	93%	Investment holding
	英屬處女群島*	香港	50,000股每股面值 1美元之股份		投資控股
HR21 Limited	Hong Kong*	Hong Kong	2 shares	93%	Development of computer software and provision of maintenance services
	香港*	香港	2股股份		開發電腦軟件及提供 保養服務
i21 Limited	Hong Kong* 香港*	Hong Kong 香港	14,000 shares 14,000股股份	80.1%	Inactive 暫無營業
Infostar Ltd.	British Virgin Islands*	Hong Kong	1 share of US\$1 each	100%	Investment holding
	英屬處女群島*	香港	1股面值 1美元之股份		投資控股
World Sky International Limited	British Virgin Islands*	Hong Kong	1 share of US\$1 each	100%#	Investment holding
世天國際有限公司	英屬處女群島*	香港	1股面值 1美元之股份		投資控股
Wise Success Ltd.	British Virgin Islands*	Hong Kong	5,000 shares of US\$1 each	100%	Investment holding
	英屬處女群島*	香港	5,000股每股面值 1美元之股份		投資控股

二零一四年年報

for the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

# 16. INTEREST IN SUBSIDIARIES - 16. 於附屬公司之權益-本公司(續)

**COMPANY** (Continued)

Name of subsidiary 附屬公司名稱	Place of incorporation/ registration 註冊/成立地點	Place of operations 營業地點	Particulars of issued and paid up capital/ registered capital 已發行及 繳足股本/ 註冊資本詳情	Percentage of issued and paid up capital/ registered capital held by the Company 本公司持有 已發行及繳足 股本/註冊資本之 百分比	Principal activities 主要業務
北京志鴻英華科技有限公司	PRC***	PRC	US\$2,200,000	65%	Systems integration, development of computer software and provision of maintenance services
	中國***	中國	2,200,000美元		系統集成、開發電腦 軟件及提供保養服 務
金香港珠寶(深圳)有限公司	PRC**	PRC	HK\$87,000,000	100%	Design and sales of gold and jewellery products
	中國**	中國	87,000,000港元		設計及銷售黃金珠寶 產品
深圳志鴻聯匯計算機系統 有限公司	PRC***	PRC	Renminbi ("RMB") 6,000,000	66%	Development of computer software and provision of maintenance services
	中國***	中國	人民幣(「人民幣」) 6,000,000元		開發電腦軟件及提供 保養服務
志鴻軟件(深圳)有限公司	PRC**	PRC	HK\$3,000,000	100%	Development of computer software and provision of maintenance services
	中國**	中國	3,000,000港元		開發電腦軟件及提供 保養服務
志鴻六維軟件科技(上海) 有限公司	PRC**	PRC	US\$1,025,000	100%	Provision of professional services and
	中國**	中國	1,025,000美元		systems integration 提供專業服務 及系統集成
志鴻六維科技(杭州)有限公司	PRC**	PRC	US\$70,000	100%	Provision of professional services
	中國**	中國	70,000美元		提供專業服務

102

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

# 16. INTEREST IN SUBSIDIARIES - 16. 於附屬公司之權益一本公司(續)

**COMPANY** (Continued)

Name of subsidiary	Place of incorporation/ registration	Place of operations	Particulars of issued and paid up capital/ registered capital 已發行及 繳足股本/	Percentage of issued and paid up capital/ registered capital held by the Company 本公司持有 已發行及繳足 股本/註冊	Principal activities
附屬公司名稱	註冊/成立地點	營業地點	註冊資本詳情	資本之百分比	主要業務
新川資訊科技股份有限公司	Taiwan*	Taiwan	New Taiwan Dollar ("NT\$") 11,913,620	100%	Provision of professional services
	ム灣*	台灣	11,913,620新台幣 (「新台幣」)		提供專業服務
東莞志鴻國際金融科技孵化 中心有限公司	PRC**	PRC	RMB10,000,000	100%	Development of computer software and provision of maintenance
r	中國**	中國	人民幣 10,000,000元		services 開發電腦軟件及提供 保養服務
<ul> <li>Issued capital hel</li> <li>imited liability or</li> </ul>	ld directly by the Co	ompany	#	本公司直接持有已發	行股本

\* Limited liability company

\*\* Wholly-owned foreign enterprise

\*\*\* Sino-foreign equity joint venture enterprise

The above table lists the subsidiaries of the Company which, in the opinion of the directors, principally affected the results for the year or formed a substantial portion of the net assets of the Group. To give details of other subsidiaries would, in the opinion of the directors, result in a list of excessive length. \* 有限公司

\*\* 外商獨資企業

\*\*\* 中外合資股份企業

上表列示之本公司附屬公司,乃董事認為 均對本集團年內業績有主要影響或構成本 集團淨資產之重要部份。董事認為列出其 他附屬公司資料將使篇幅過於冗長。

for the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

# 16. INTEREST IN SUBSIDIARIES – COMPANY (Continued)

The following table lists out the information relating to i21 Limited, HR21 Limited and 北京志鴻英華科技有限公司, the subsidiaries of the Group, which have material noncontrolling interests ("NCI"). The summarised financial information presented below represents the amounts before any inter-company elimination.

### 16. 於附屬公司之權益-本公司(續)

下表載列本集團附屬公司i21 Limited、 HR21 Limited及北京志鴻英華科技有限公司之相關資料,該等公司擁有重大非控股權益(「非控股權益」)。下表所載財務資料 概要乃未進行公司間對銷之金額。

		2014		2013			
		二零一四年		二零一三年			
		北京志鴻		北京志鴻		北京志鴻	
		i21	HR21	英華科技	i21	HR21	英華科技
		Limited	Limited	有限公司	Limited	Limited	有限公司
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
NCI percentage	非控股權益百分比	19.9%	7%	35%	19.9%	7%	35%
Current assets	流動資產	816	13,377	65,592	815	15,763	130,055
Non-current assets	非流動資產	-	75	4,352	-	63	4,887
Current liabilities	流動負債	(42,972)	(14,688)	(47,927)	(42,962)	(16,011)	(113,016)
Net (liabilities)/assets	(負債)/資產淨值	(42,156)	(1,236)	22,017	(42,147)	(185)	21,926
Carrying amount of NCI	非控股權益之賬面值	(2,145)	368	7,707	(2,143)	441	7,675
_							
Revenue	收入	-	5,703	277,495	-	6,222	200,970
(Loss)/Profit for the year	年內(虧損)/溢利	(8)	(1,051)	91	127	155	(6,492)
Total comprehensive	全面(開支)/收入						
(expense)/income	總額	(8)	(1,051)	91	127	155	(6,492)
(Loss)/Profit allocated to NCI	分配至非控股權益之						
	(虧損)/溢利	(2)	(73)	32	25	11	(2,272)
Dividend paid to NCI	已付非控股權益股息	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cook flows from (line of in)	<u> </u>						
Cash flows from/(used in)	經營活動所產生/ (執用)之現合流量	0	(504)	F0 070	0	00	
operating activities	(動用)之現金流量	3	(584)	53,376	2	90	54,754
Cash flows used in	投資活動所動用之						
investing activities	現金流量	-	-	-	-	_	(1,255)
Cash flows used in	融資活動所動用之			(50.004)			(50.000)
financing activities	現金流量	-	-	(52,324)	-	-	(53,082)

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

# 17. AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE FINANCIAL 17. 可供出售金融資產-本集團 ASSETS - GROUP

		2014 二零一四年 HK\$′000 千港元	2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Unlisted private equity fund Fair value Less: provision for impairment	非上市私人股票基金 公允價值 減:減值撥備	2,543 (2,543) 	2,543 (2,543)
Unlisted equity investments Cost Less: provision for impairment	非上市股本投資 成本 減:減值撥備	3,900 (3,900)	 3,900 (3,900)
Total available-for-sale financial assets	可供出售金融資產總額		

# **18. GOODWILL – GROUP**

### 18. 商譽-本集團

商譽賬面淨值之分析如下:

The net carrying amount of goodwill can be analysed as follows:

		2014 二零一四年 HK\$′000 千港元	2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元
At the beginning and the end of year	於年初及年末	15,853	15,853
Gross carrying amount	總賬面值	(15,853)	(15,853)
Accumulated impairment	累計減值		–

for the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

### 19. DEVELOPMENT COSTS - GROUP 19. 開發成本 - 本集團

	2014 二零一四年 HK\$′000 千港元	2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元
	37,376 (36,566)	37,376 (34,743)
爭值	810	2,633
長面淨值	810 (810)	2,633 (1,823)
長面淨值	_	810
離銷	37,376 (37,376)	37,376 (36,566) 810
	月一日         難銷         爭值         十二月三十一日止年度         脹面淨值         裏面淨值         二月三十一日         難銷         野値	二零一四年 HK\$'000 千港元         月一日       37,376 (36,566)         難銷       (36,566)         爭値       810         十二月三十一日止年度 賬面淨值       810 (810)         賬面淨值       -         共二月三十一日       37,376 (810)         賬面淨值       -         調当       (37,376)

The development costs represented all direct costs incurred in the development of enterprise software products. The amortisation charge for the year is included in "depreciation and amortisation" in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income. 開發成本指開發企業軟件產品所產生之所 有直接成本。年內之攤銷費用已包括於綜 合損益及其他全面收益表中之「折舊及攤 銷」內。

# **20. INVENTORIES – GROUP**

### 20. 存貨-本集團

		2014 二零一四年 HK\$′000 千港元	2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元
<b>Jewellery Products</b> Raw materials Work in progress Finished goods	<b>珠寶產品</b> 原材料 在製品 製成品	1,664 533 26,049	1,147 1,288 48,494
<b>IT Products and Services</b> Finished goods	<b>資訊科技產品及服務</b> 製成品	28,246 89	50,929 64,236
Total	總計	28,335	115,165

#### ANNUAL REPORT 2014

# **NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** 財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

### **20. INVENTORIES – GROUP** (Continued)

Written down of inventories amounted to HK\$Nil (2013: HK\$1,623,000) was provided for the year ended 31 December 2014.

# 21. AMOUNTS DUE FROM/(TO) 21. 應收/(應付)客戶合約工程款 **CUSTOMERS FOR CONTRACT WORK** - GROUP

Amounts due from customers for contract work represent the excess of the value of work performed over the amount of billing issued to customers.

Amounts due to customers for contract work represents the excess of billing over the value of work performed and the amounts received from customers before the related services have been rendered.

### 20. 存貨-本集團(續)

截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年 度,存貨之撇減為零港元(二零一三年: 1,623,000港元)。

# **項-太集**團

應收客戶合約工程款項指已進行工程價值 高於已向客戶發出之賬單金額之差額。

應付客戶合約工程款項指賬單金額高於已 進行工程價值,及提供相關服務前已收客 戶之金額之差額。

		2014 二零一四年 HK\$′000 千港元	2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Contracts in progress at the end of the reporting period:	於呈報期末之進行中合約:		
profits less recognised losses	已確認虧損	168,717	198,015
Less: progress billings	減:進度賬單金額	(134,442)	(165,984)
		34,275	32,031
Analysed for reporting purposes as: Amounts due from customers for	<b>匯報分析:</b> 應收客戶合約工程款項		
contract work Amounts due to customers for	應付客戶合約工程款項	44,440	41,394
contract work		(10,165)	(9,363)
		34,275	32,031

All the amounts included in amounts due are expected to be billed and recovered/(credited) to the profit or loss within one year.

計入應收/應付之所有金額,預期將於一 年內發出賬單及收回/(計入)損益表。

for the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

### 22. TRADE RECEIVABLES – GROUP

#### 22. 應收貿易賬款-本集團

		2014 二零一四年 HK\$′000 千港元	2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元
<b>Trade receivables</b> From third parties	<b>應收貿易賬款</b> 第三方	47,171	34,884
From a related party		2,610	1,197
Less: provision for impairment	減:應收款項減值撥備	49,781	36,081
of receivables		(187)	(191)
		49,594	35,890

Trade receivables from third parties for IT products and services are due within 14 days to 60 days from the date of billing. Trade receivable from a related party is noninteresting bearing, unsecured and repayable on demand. Debtors with balances that are more than 90 days overdue are requested to settle all outstanding balances before any further credit is granted.

The Group's sales of gold and jewellery products comprised mainly cash sales and credit card sales to retail customers and credit sales to franchisees are due within 0 - 60 days from the date of billing. The directors of the Group considered that the fair values of trade receivables are not materially different from their carrying amounts because these balances have short maturity periods at their inception. All trade receivables are expected to be recovered within one year.

資訊科技產品及服務之應收第三方之貿易 賬款於發單日起計十四日至六十日內到 期。應收一名關聯方之貿易賬款為免息、 無抵押及須按要求償還。逾期超過九十日 之應收貿易賬款結餘應在償還全部未償還 結餘後方可再授出進一步信貸。

本集團之黃金珠寶產品銷售主要包括向零 售客戶之現金銷售及信用卡銷售,以及向 特許加盟商之信貸銷售,信貸期自發單日 起零至六十日內到期。本集團董事認為因 此等款項為短期賬款,故應收貿易賬款之 公允價值與其賬面值並無重大差異。所有 應收貿易賬款預期將於一年內收回。

for the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

### 22. TRADE RECEIVABLES - GROUP 22. 應收貿易賬款 - 本集團(續)

#### (Continued)

Based on the invoice dates (or date of revenue recognition if earlier), the ageing analysis of the trade receivables, net of provision of impairment, was as follows:

根據發票日期(或收入確認日期(倘較 早)),應收貿易賬款(已扣除減值撥備)之 賬齡分析如下:

		2014 二零一四年 HK\$′000 千港元	2013 二零一三年 HK\$′000 千港元
0 – 30 days 31 – 60 days 61 – 90 days Over 90 days	0 – 30日 31 – 60日 61 – 90日 超過90日	35,130 7,983 564 5,917	30,406 2,565 1,764 1,155
		49,594	35,890

At the end of the reporting period, the Group reviews receivables for evidence of impairment on both an individual and collective basis. The amount of impairment loss of impaired receivables, if any, is recognised based on the credit history of the customer, whether the customer is experiencing financial difficulties and was in default or delinquency of payments, and current market conditions. 於呈報期末,本集團會對應收款項作個別 及整體檢討,以確定是否有減值憑證。個 別減值之應收款項(如有)之減值虧損金 額,根據客戶之信用記錄(如客戶是否正面 對財政困難及曾否拖欠或未能如期付款)及 市場現況確認。

The movement in the provision for impairment of trade receivables is as follows:

應收貿易賬款減值撥備之變動如下:

		2014 二零一四年 HK\$′000 千港元	2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元
		干危儿	
Balance at the beginning of the year Reversal of provision for	於年初之餘額 減值虧損撥備之撥回	191	197
impairment losses		(4)	(9)
Exchange differences	匯兑差額	-	3
Balance at the end of the year	於年末之餘額	187	191

for the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

### 22. TRADE RECEIVABLES - GROUP 22. 應收貿易賬款 - 本集團(續)

#### (Continued)

The ageing analysis of the Group's trade receivables based on due date is as follows:

按到期日,本集團應收貿易賬款之賬齡分 析如下:

		2014 二零一四年 HK\$′000 千港元	2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Neither past due nor impaired 1 – 90 days past due Over 90 days past due	未逾期亦無減值 逾期1 – 90日 逾期超過90日	35,564 8,509 5,521	30,166 5,640 84
		49,594	35,890

As at 31 December 2014, trade receivables that were neither past due nor impaired related to a large number of diversified customers for whom there was no recent history of default.

Trade receivables that were past due but not impaired related to a large number of diversified customers that had a good track record of credit with the Group. Based on past credit history, management believe that no impairment allowance is necessary in respect of these balances as there has not been a significant change in credit quality and the balances are still considered to be fully recoverable. The Group did not hold any collateral in respect of trade receivables past due but not impaired. 於二零一四年十二月三十一日,未逾期亦 無減值之應收貿易賬款,乃涉及多名近期 無欠款記錄之不同層面之客戶。

已逾期但無減值之應收貿易賬款,涉及多 名於本集團有良好信貸記錄之不同層面之 客戶。根據過往之信貸記錄,管理層相信 無必要就此等結餘計提減值撥備,原因是 信貸質素並無重大變化,且結餘仍被視為 可全數收回。本集團並無就已逾期但無減 值之應收貿易賬款持有任何抵押品。

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

### 23. OTHER RECEIVABLES, DEPOSITS AND PREPAYMENTS – GROUP

### 23. 其他應收款項、按金及預付款 項一本集團

		2014 二零一四年 HK\$′000 千港元	2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Other receivables Deposits Amount due from the available-for-sale	其他應收款項 按金 應收可供出售金融	2,894 2,108	8,031 2,150
financial assets Prepayments	資產款項 預付款項	9,687 11,897	8,777 32,068
		26,586	51,026

The amount due from the available-for-sale financial assets of HK\$8,159,000 (2013: HK\$8,223,000), which is unsecured, interest bearing at 12% per annum and, repayable within 1 year from the end of the reporting period. During the year ended 31 December 2014, the Group accrued interest income of HK\$1,528,000 (2013: HK\$554,000) for the amount due from the available-for-sale financial assets.

The directors of the Group considered that the fair values of other receivables, deposits and amount due from the available-for-sale financial assets are not materially different from their carrying amounts because these balances have short maturity periods on their inception.

At 31 December 2014 and 2013, the Group has not determined any other receivables as individually impaired and no specific allowance for doubtful debts was recognised.

### 24. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS – GROUP

應收可供出售金融資產款項8,159,000港元 (二零一三年:8,223,000港元)為無抵押、 按年利率12%計息,且須於自呈報期末起 一年內償還。於截至二零一四年十二月三 十一日止年度,本集團就應收可供出售金 融資產之款項預提利息收益1,528,000港元 (二零一三年:554,000港元)。

本集團董事認為因為此等款項為短期賬 款,故其他應收款項、按金及應收可供出 售金融資產款項之公允價值與其賬面值並 無重大差異。

於二零一四年及二零一三年十二月三十一 日,本集團並未釐定任何須作個別減值之 其他應收款項,且並無確認作出特殊呆賬 撥備。

### 24. 按公允價值計入損益表之金融 資產一本集團

		2014 二零一四年 HK\$′000 千港元	2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Listed equity securities at fair value held for trading: Equity securities listed in Hong Kong	按公允價值持作買賣之 上市股本證券: 香港上市之股本證券	26,945	26,602

The fair value of the Group's investments in listed equity securities has been measured as described in note 37.7.

本集團於上市股本證券之投資之公允價值 乃按照附註37.7計量。

for the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

# 25. A MOUNTS DUE FROM/(TO) 25. 應收/(應付)附屬公司款項 SUBSIDIARIES - COMPANY 本公司

		2014 二零一四年 HK\$′000 千港元	2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Amounts due from subsidiaries Cost Less: Provision for impairment	應收附屬公司款項 成本 減:減值撥備	377,594 (243,800)	377,176 (232,762)
		133,794	144,414

The amounts due are unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand. The carrying amount of the amounts due approximates its fair value. 該等款項為無抵押、免息並須按要求償 還。該等款項之賬面值與其公允價值相若。

# 26. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS – 26. 現金及現金等價物 – 本集團及 GROUP AND COMPANY 本公司

			Group 本集團		pany 公司
		2014	<b>2014</b> 2013		2013
		二零一四年	二零一三年	二零一四年	二零一三年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$′000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Bank balances and cash	銀行存款及現金	86,872	71,355	242	543

Included in bank balances and cash of the Group is HK\$33,321,000 (2013: HK\$26,152,000) of bank balances denominated in RMB placed with banks in the PRC and bear interest at an effective interest rate of approximately 0.39% (2013: 0.41%) per annum. RMB is not a freely convertible currency. Under the Mainland China's Foreign Exchange Control Regulations and Administration of Settlement and Sales and Payment of Foreign Exchange Regulations, the Group is permitted to exchange RMB for foreign currencies through banks that are authorised to conduct foreign exchange business.

本集團之銀行存款及現金包括33,321,000 港元(二零一三年:26,152,000港元)為存 放於中國境內銀行以人民幣計值,按實際 年利率約0.39%(二零一三年:0.41%)計 息之銀行存款。人民幣為不可自由兑換貨 幣。根據中國內地之外匯兑換管理條例及 結匯、售匯及付匯條例規定,本集團可獲 准透過獲認可進行外匯兑換業務之銀行將 人民幣兑換為外幣。

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 26. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - 26. 現金及現金等價物-本集團及 **GROUP AND COMPANY** (Continued) 本公司(續)

Included in bank balances and cash of the Group is HK\$2,284,000 (2013: HK\$6,215,000) of bank balances denominated in MYR placed with banks in Malaysia and bear interest at an effective interest rate of approximately 1.59% (2013: 1.31%) per annum. In Malaysia, the Group is permitted to exchange MYR into foreign currencies.

The directors of the Group considered that the fair value of the short term bank deposits is not materially different from their carrying amount because of the short maturity period at their inception.

### **27. TRADE PAYABLES – GROUP**

The Group was granted by its third parties suppliers credit periods ranging from 30 days to 60 days. Based on the invoice dates, the ageing analysis of the trade payables were as follows:

本集團之銀行存款及現金包括2.284.000港 元(二零一三年:6,215,000港元)為存放於 馬來西亞境內銀行以馬幣計值,按實際年 利率約1.59% (二零一三年:1.31%)計息 之銀行存款。本集團獲准於馬來西亞境內 將馬幣兑換為外幣。

本集團董事認為短期銀行存款之公允價值 與其賬面值並無重大差異,原因在於其自 開始起計到期日較短。

### 27. 應付貿易賬款-本集團

第三方供應商給予本集團之信貸期介平三 十日至六十日。根據發票日期,應付貿易 賬款之賬齡分析如下:

		2014	2013
		二零一四年	二零一三年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
0 – 30 days	0-30日	1,381	20,293
31 – 60 days	31 - 60日	200	5,615
61 – 90 days	61 - 90 日	-	-
Over 90 days	超過90日	30,955	24,521
		32,536	50,429

All amounts are short term and hence the carrying values of trade payables are considered to be a reasonable approximation of its fair value.

所有金額屬短期性質,故認為應付貿易賬 款之賬面值為其公允價值之合理約數。

for the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

# 28. OTHER PAYABLES AND ACCRUED 28. 其他應付款項及預提費用一本 CHARGES – GROUP 集團

	2014 二零一四年 HK\$′000	2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000
	 千港元	千港元
Deferred income for maintenance services Deposits from customers and franchisees Other payables Accrued charges	21,039 5,348 7,728 24,002	16,638 4,794 7,022 18,510
	58,117	46,964

All amounts are short term and hence the carrying values of other payables and accrued charges are considered to be a reasonable approximation of its fair value. 所有金額屬短期性質,故認為其他應付款 項及預提費用之賬面值為其公允價值之合 理約數。

### **29. BORROWINGS – GROUP**

#### 29. 借貸-本集團

		Note 附註	2014 二零一四年 HK\$′000 千港元	2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元
From a third party	<b>其他借貸</b> 來自一名第三方 來自一名關聯方(附註35)	(a) (b)	3,964 	3,619 52,324 55,943
			3,964	

- (a) The loan borrowed from a third party is unsecured, interest bearing at 12% (2013: 12%) per annum and repayable within 1 year from the end of the reporting period.
- (b) The loan borrowed from a related party was unsecured, interest-free and was fully repaid during the year ended 31 December 2014. The related party is a company which is controlled by a non-controlling shareholder of a subsidiary of the Group.

The carrying amounts of the amounts due approximate their fair values.

- (a) 來自一名第三方之貸款為無抵押、 按年利率12%(二零一三年:12%)
   計息及須自呈報期末起計一年內償 還。
- (b) 來自一名關聯方之貸款為無抵押、 免息及已於截至二零一四年十二月 三十一日止年度悉數償還。該關聯 方為由本集團一間附屬公司之一名 非控股股東所控制之公司。

該等款項之賬面值與其公允價值相若。

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

### **30. DEFERRED TAXATION – GROUP**

Deferred taxation is calculated on temporary differences under the liability method using a principal taxation rate of 16.5% (2013: 16.5%) for Hong Kong entities and 25% (2013: 25%) on the PRC entities in the Group at the end of the reporting period.

The movement during the year in the deferred tax assets recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position is as follows:

### 30. 遞延稅項-本集團

遞延税項乃於呈報期末根據負債法就本集 團之香港及中國實體分別就暫時差額按 主要税率16.5%(二零一三年:16.5%)及 25%(二零一三年:25%)計算。

年內於綜合財務狀況表確認之遞延税項資 產變動如下:

		2014 二零一四年 HK\$′000 千港元	2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 January Exchange differences Recognised in profit or loss (note 10)	於一月一日 匯兑差額 已於損益表內確認(附註10)	(1,317) 10 	(2,078) (39) 800
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	(1,307)	(1,317)

The movement in deferred tax assets and liabilities (prior to offsetting of balances within the same taxation jurisdiction) during the year is as follows:

年內,遞延税項資產及負債(在同一税項司 法權區內抵銷結餘前)之變動如下:

#### **Deferred tax liabilities**

遞延税項負債

		Accelerated tax depreciation 加速税項折舊 HK\$′000 千港元
At 1 January 2013 Recognised in profit or loss	於二零一三年一月一日 已於損益表內確認	564 (481)
At 31 December 2013 and 1 January 2014 Recognised in profit or loss	於二零一三年十二月三十一日及 二零一四年一月一日 已於損益表內確認	83 (9)
At 31 December 2014	於二零一四年十二月三十一日	74

for the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

#### **30. DEFERRED TAXATION - GROUP**

#### **30. 遞延稅項-本集團**(續)

(Continued)

#### **Deferred tax assets** 遞延税項資產 **Tax losses Provisions** Total 税項虧損 總額 撥備 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 千港元 千港元 千港元 At 1 January 2013 於二零一三年一月一日 (1, 458)(1, 184)(2.642)Exchange differences 匯兑差額 (39)(39) Recognised in profit or loss 已於損益表內確認 1,281 1,281 \_ At 31 December 2013 and 於二零一三年十二月三十一日 (177) 1 January 2014 及二零一四年一月一日 (1,223)(1,400)Exchange differences 匯兑差額 10 10 Recognised in profit or loss 已於損益表內確認 9 9 \_ At 31 December 2014 於二零一四年十二月三十一日 (168) (1, 213)(1,381)

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of financial position, certain deferred tax assets and liabilities have been offset in accordance with HKAS 12 Income Taxes issued by the HKICPA. The amounts recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position are as follows:

就綜合財務狀況表而言,若干遞延税項資 產及負債已根據香港會計師公會所頒佈之 香港會計準則第12號所得税予以抵銷。在 綜合財務狀況表確認之金額如下:

		2014 二零一四年 HK\$′000 千港元	2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Deferred tax assets Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項資產 遞延税項負債	(1,381) 74	(1,400) 83
Net deferred tax assets recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position	已確認於綜合財務狀況表之 遞延税項資產淨額	(1,307)	(1,317)

for the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

### **30. DEFERRED TAXATION – GROUP**

#### (Continued)

#### **Unrecognised deferred tax liabilities**

At 31 December 2014, temporary differences relating to the undistributed profits of subsidiaries amounted to HK\$6,082,000 (2013: HK\$6,807,000). Deferred tax liabilities have not been recognised in respect of the tax that would be payable on the distribution of these retained profits as the Company controls the dividend policy of these subsidiaries and it has been determined that it is probable that these profits will not be distributed in the foreseeable future.

#### **Unrecognised deferred tax assets**

At 31 December 2014, the Group had unused tax losses of approximately HK\$72,044,000 (2013: HK\$66,904,000) to carry forward against future taxable income. A deferred tax asset has been recognised in respect of the tax losses of approximately HK\$1,018,000 (2013: HK\$1,073,000) of such losses. No deferred tax asset has been recognised in respect of the remaining losses of approximately HK\$71,026,000 (2013: HK\$65,831,000) due to the unpredictability of future profit streams.

These tax losses do not expire under current legislation except losses of approximately HK\$23,885,000 (2013: HK\$17,112,000) which will expire as follows:

#### **30. 遞延稅項-本集團**(續)

#### 未確認遞延税項負債

於二零一四年十二月三十一日,附屬公司 未分派溢利之暫時差額為6,082,000港元 (二零一三年:6,807,000港元)。本公司並 未就分派該等保留溢利而應付之税項確認 遞延税項負債,乃因本公司控制該等附屬 公司之股息政策,且決定於可見之未來該 等溢利很可能不會獲分派。

#### 未確認之遞延税項資產

於二零一四年十二月三十一日,本集團有 未動用税項虧損約72,044,000港元(二零一 三年:66,904,000港元)承轉至抵銷未來 應課税收入。已就該等虧損中的税項虧損 約1,018,000港元(二零一三年:1,073,000 港元)確認遞延税項資產。由於無法確定 未來溢利來源,因此概無就剩餘虧損約 71,026,000港元(二零一三年:65,831,000 港元)確認遞延税項資產。

此等税項虧損根據現時法律並無屆滿, 惟虧損約23,885,000港元(二零一三年: 17,112,000港元)將根據下列期間屆滿:

		2014 二零一四年 HK\$′000 千港元	2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元
			T /E//L
Year of expiry:	屆滿年期:		
2014	二零一四年	-	834
2015	二零一五年	835	842
2016	二零一六年	2,487	2,507
2017	二零一七年	2,933	3,057
2018	二零一八年	7,496	9,872
2019	二零一九年	10,134	_

### 31. AMOUNTS DUE TO DIRECTORS - GROUP

The amounts due are unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand. The carrying amount of the amounts due approximates its fair value.

### 31. 應付董事款項-本集團

該等款項為無抵押、免息並須按要求償 還。該等款項之賬面值與其公允價值相若。

23,885

17,112

for the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

### **32. SHARE CAPITAL**

32. 股本

		<b>2014</b> 二零一四年		20 <sup>.</sup> 二零-	
		Number		Number	
		of shares	HK\$'000	of shares	HK\$'000
		股份數目	千港元	股份數目	千港元
Authorised: Ordinary shares of HK\$0.1 each At 1 January and 31 December	法定: 每股面值0.1港元之普通股 於一月一日及 十二月三十一日	5,000,000,000	500,000	5,000,000,000	500,000
lssued and fully paid: At 1 January Issue of shares upon placement of shares	已發行及繳足: 於一月一日 於配售股份時發行股份	1,188,460,000	118,846	1,015,050,000 	101,505 17,341
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	1,188,460,000	118,846	1,188,460,000	118,846

The holder of ordinary shares are entitled to receive dividends as declared from time to time and are entitled to one vote per share at meetings of the Company. All ordinary shares rank equally with regard to the Company's residual assets.

On 18 March 2013, the Company entered into a placing agreement with the placing agent in respect of the placing of up to a maximum of 203,000,000 new shares at an issue price of HK\$0.34 per share to raise additional general working capital for future business development. On 3 April 2013, the placing was completed and 173,410,000 new shares were placed by the placing agent to not less than six independent placees at an issue price of HK\$0.34 per share resulting in raising proceeds, before expenses, of approximately HK\$58,959,000. The related transaction costs amounting to HK\$736,000 have been recorded in the share premium account. The net proceeds of this placing of approximately HK\$58,223,000 were used for the general working capital of the Group. The Group's outstanding issued shares were 1,188,460,000 shares after the placing of new shares of 173,410,000 as at 31 December 2013.

普通股持有人有權收取不時宣派之股息, 且有權於本公司會議上就每股股份投一 票。所有普通股對本公司之剩餘資產享有 同等地位。

於二零一三年三月十八日,本公司與配 售代理訂立配售協議,按每股0.34港元 之發售價配售最多203,000,000股新股, 以便為未來業務發展籌集額外一般營 運資金。配售於二零一三年四月三日完 成,配售代理以每股0.34港元之發售價將 173,410,000股新股配售予不少於六名獨 立承配人,配售所得收入(扣除費用前)約 為58,959,000港元。736,000港元的相關 交易成本已錄入股份溢價賬內。該配售所 得淨收入約為58,223,000港元,已用作本 集團之一般營運資金。截至二零一三年十 二月三十一日,於配售173,410,000股新 股後,本集團已發行股份為1,188,460,000 股。

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

### 33. RESERVES – GROUP AND COMPANY

#### Group

*(a)* Nature and purpose of reserves

#### (i) Share premium

The share premium represents the difference between nominal value of the shares issued by the Group and the amount of the consideration. The application of the share premium account is governed by section 40 of the Bermuda Companies Act.

#### (ii) Exchange reserve

The exchange reserve comprises all foreign exchange differences arising from the translation of the financial statements that have functional currency other than HK\$. The reserve is dealt with in accordance with the accounting policies set out in note 2.4.

#### (b) Distributability of reserve

The payment of future dividends will be determined by the Group's owners. The payment of the dividends will depend upon the future earnings, capital requirement, financial conditions and general business conditions of the Group.

As of 31 December 2014 and 2013, there was no reserve available for distribution to the owners of the Group.

### 33. 儲備-本集團及本公司

#### 本集團

(a) 儲備之性質及目的

#### (i) 股份溢價

股份溢價指本集團所發行股 份之面值與代價金額之間之 差額。股份溢價賬之運用受 百慕達公司法第40條監管。

(ii) 外匯儲備

外匯儲備包括因換算其功能 貨幣為非港元之財務報表而 產生之所有外匯差額。該儲 備根據附註2.4所載會計政 策處理。

(b) 可供分派儲備

未來股息之支付由本集團擁有人決 定。股息之支付將取決於本集團日 後之盈利、資本需求、財務狀況及 整體營業狀況。

截至二零一四年及二零一三年十二 月三十一日,並無可供分派予本集 團擁有人之儲備。

for the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

### 33. RESERVES – GROUP AND

### 33. 儲備-本集團及本公司(續)

**COMPANY** (Continued)

Company		本公司		
		Share premium 股份溢價 HK\$′000 千港元	Accumulated losses 累計虧損 HK\$′000 千港元	Total 總額 HK\$′000 千港元
At 1 January 2013 Loss and total comprehensive	於二零一三年一月一日 年內虧損及全面開支總額	179,556	(220,763)	(41,207)
expense for the year		-	(38,658)	(38,658)
lssue of shares upon share placement (note 32)	於股份配售時發行 股份(附註32)	41,618	_	41,618
Share issuing costs (note 32)	股份發行成本(附註32)	(736)		(736)
At 31 December 2013 and 1 January 2014 Loss and total comprehensive	於二零一三年 十二月三十一日及 二零一四年一月一日 年內虧損及全面開支總額	220,438	(259,421)	(38,983)
expense for the year			(16,041)	(16,041)
At 31 December 2014	於二零一四年 十二月三十一日	220,438	(275,462)	(55,024)

#### 34. OPERATING LEASE COMMITMENTS 34

#### Group – as lessee

At the end of the reporting period, the total future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases in respect of land and buildings which are payable by the Group are as follows:

### 34. 經營租賃承擔

#### 本集團-作為承租人

於呈報期末,本集團根據不可撤銷之經營 租賃就土地及建築物將要承擔之最低租金 付款於以下期間支付:

		2014	2013
		二零一四年	二零一三年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Within one year	一年內	8,829	12,441
In the second to fifth years	第二至第五年	12,972	33,139
		21,801	45,580

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

### 34. OPERATING LEASE COMMITMENTS 34. 經營租賃承擔(續)

(Continued)

#### Group - as lessee (Continued)

The Group leases the land and buildings under operating leases. The leases run for an initial period of one to four (2013: one to five) years, with an option to renew the lease and renegotiated the terms at the expiry dates or at dates as mutually agreed between the Group and respective landlords. None of the leases include contingent rentals.

#### Company

The Company does not have any significant operating lease commitments as lessee or lessor.

### 35. CONNECTED AND RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

#### **35.1 Connected and related party transactions**

In addition to the transactions/information disclosed elsewhere in these consolidated financial statements, during the year, the Group had the following material transactions with connected and/or related parties:

#### 本集團-作為承租人(續)

本集團根據經營租約租賃土地及建築物。 租約之初步租賃期為一年至四年(二零一三 年:一年至五年),附有選擇權於約滿日期 或本集團與有關業主共同協定之日期續訂 租約及重新議訂條款。租約概不包括或然 租金。

#### 本公司

本公司並無作為承租人或出租人之任何重 大經營租約承擔。

#### 35. 關連方及關聯方交易

#### 35.1 關連方及關聯方交易

除了該等綜合財務報表其他部份所 披露交易/資料外,年內本集團亦 與關連方及/或關聯方進行以下重 大交易:

Connected and/or related parties 關連方及/或關聯方	Nature of transactions 交易性質	2014 二零一四年 HK\$′000 千港元	2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Companies in which directors of the Company have interests 本公司董事擁有權益之公司			
- Hangzhou Baidi Jewellery Company Limited* ("Baidi Jewellery") (notes a, c) 杭州百迪珠寶有限公司(「百迪珠寶」)(附註a、c)	Sales of gold and jewellery products 銷售黃金珠寶產品	4,852	67,518
<ul> <li>Shenzhen City Zhong Chuang Union Investment Company Limited* ("Zhong Chuang") (notes b, c) 深圳市中創聯合投資有限公司(「中創」)(附註b、c)</li> </ul>	Sales of gold and jewellery products 銷售黃金珠寶產品	341	3,573
- Shenzhen Didi Jewellery Packaging Company Limited* ("Didi Packaging") (notes a, c) 深圳迪迪首飾包裝有限公司(「迪迪包裝」)(附註a、c)	Purchase of packaging materials for the brand H.K. JEWELRY 購買日子香港珠寶品牌之 包裝材料	699	1,266
- Hangzhou Didi Commercial Showcases Company Limited* ("Didi Showcases") (notes a, c) 杭州迪迪商業展具有限公司(「迪迪展具」)(附註a、c)	Purchase of showcases for the brand H.K. JEWELRY 購買日子香港珠寶品牌之 展櫃	844	3,653

for the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

### 35. CONNECTED AND RELATED PARTY 35. 關連方及關聯方交易(續)

#### **TRANSACTIONS** (Continued)

#### **35.1 Connected and related party transactions**

#### (Continued)

Notes:

- (a) Baidi Jewellery, Didi Packaging and Didi Showcases are owned as to 90%, 65% and 80% respectively by Hangzhou Didi Investment Joint Stock Company Limited\* (杭州迪迪投資股份有 限公司), which in turn is owned as to 10% and 90% by Mr. Lin Di (a director of the Company) and his father, respectively.
- (b) Zhong Chuang is owned as to 81% by the brother of Ms. Li Xia (a director of the Company).
- (c) The above related party transactions also constitute continuing connected transactions as defined in Chapter 20 of the GEM Listing Rules. The disclosures required by Chapter 20 of the GEM Listing Rules are provided in the Directors' Report.

Sales to or purchases from the connected and/ or related parties stated above were conducted in the Group's normal course of business and at mutually agreed prices and terms.

\* The English names of the PRC companies are translation of their respective Chinese names included for information only and are not their official names.

#### 35.1 關連方及關聯方交易(續)

附註:

- (a) 百迪珠寶、迪迪包裝及迪迪展 具分別由杭州迪迪投資股份有 限公司持有90%、65%及80% 權益,而杭州迪迪投資股份有 限公司由林迪先生(本公司董事 之一)及其父分別持有10%及 90%之權益。
- (b) 中創由李霞女士(本公司董事之 一)之胞兄持有81%權益。
- (c) 上述關聯方交易亦構成持續關 連交易(定義見創業板上市規則 第二十章)。創業板上市規則第 二十章規定之披露載於董事會 報告。
- 與上述關連方及/或關聯方進行之 買賣均於本集團日常業務過程中按 雙方同意之價格及條款進行。
- 該等中國公司之英文名稱乃直 譯自其中文名稱,僅供參考, 並非其正式名稱。

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

### 35. CONNECTED AND RELATED PARTY 35. 關連方及關聯方交易(續)

#### **TRANSACTIONS** (Continued)

#### 35.1 Connected and related party transactions

#### (Continued)

In addition to the transactions/information disclosed elsewhere in these consolidated financial statements, during the year, the Group had the following material outstanding balances with connected and/or related parties. 35.1 關連方及關聯方交易(續)

除了該等綜合財務報表其他部份所 披露交易/資料外,年內本集團與 關連方及/或關聯方之重大未償還 結餘如下。

		2014 二零一四年 HK\$′000 千港元	2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Companies controlled by controlling shareholders Trade receivables Other payables	由控股股東所控制的 公司 應收貿易賬款 其他應付款項	2,610 _	1,197 (3,428)
A company controlled by a non-controlling shareholder of a subsidiary Other borrowings	由一間附屬公司之一名 非控股股東所控制的 公司 其他借貸		(52,324)

#### 35.2 Key management personnel remuneration

Key management personnel of the Group are members of the board of directors, as well as certain senior management personnel. Included in staff costs are key management personnel remuneration which includes the following expenses:

#### 35.2 主要管理人員酬金

本集團主要管理人員為董事會成員 及若干高級管理人員。員工成本包 括主要管理人員酬金,其中包括下 列開支:

		2014 二零一四年 HK\$′000 千港元	2013 二零一三年 HK\$′000 千港元
Short-term employee benefits Post-employment benefits	短期僱員褔利 離職後褔利	6,610 107	7,416 45
		6,717	7,461

for the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

### 36. FINANCIAL GUARANTEE CONTRACTS – GROUP AND COMPANY

At the end of the reporting period, the Company had given corporate guarantee to a third party and a subsidiary of the Company in respect of all monies owed by and/or the obligations and liabilities of the subsidiary due to a third party under a service contract to the extent of HK\$600,000 (2013: HK\$600,000). At the end of the reporting period, no provision for the Group's and the Company's obligation under the guarantee contract has been made as there was no amounts due by the subsidiary to the third party at the end of the reporting period and the directors considered that it was not probable that the service obligations by the subsidiary would not be met. The fair value of the guarantee is immaterial.

### **37. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS**

The Group is exposed to financial risks through its use of financial instruments in its ordinary course of operations and in its investment activities. The financial risks include market risk (including foreign currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk.

The Group actively and regularly reviews and manages its financial risk and takes actions to mitigate such risk. The Group adopts conservative strategies on its risk management and seeks to limit the Group's exposure to these risks to a minimum. The board of directors reviews and agrees policies for managing each of these risks.

There has been no change to the type of the Group's and the Company's exposure in respect of financial instruments or the manner in which it manages and measures the risks.

#### 36. 財務擔保合約-本集團及本公司

於呈報期末,本公司已就旗下一間附屬 公司根據一份服務合約而應付予一名第 三方之所有欠款及/或責任及負債,向 該名第三方及該附屬公司發出金額上限為 600,000港元(二零一三年:600,000港元) 之公司擔保。於呈報期末,由於該附屬公 司於呈報期末並無款項結欠該名第三方, 且各董事認為該附屬公司不可能無法履行 有關服務責任,故並無就本集團及本公司 根據該份擔保合約之責任作出撥備。該擔 保之公允價值並不重大。

### 37. 財務風險管理及金融工具公允 價值

本集團因基於日常業務過程中及於其投資 活動中使用金融工具而承擔財務風險。財 務風險包括市場風險(包括外匯風險、利率 風險及其他價格風險)、信貸風險及流動性 風險。

本集團積極地定期檢討及管理其財務風 險,並採取行動減低有關風險。本集團在 風險管理方面採取較為保守策略,並致力 將本集團承受之此等風險減至最低。董事 會檢討及同意管理各項有關風險之政策。

本集團及本公司所涉及金融工具風險之種 類及其管理及計量有關風險之方法均無變 動。

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

### 37. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

**37. 財務風險管理及金融工具公允** 價值(續)

## 37.1 Categories of financial assets and liabilities

The carrying amounts presented in the statement of financial position relate to the following categories of financial assets and financial liabilities:

#### 37.1 金融資產及負債之類別

財務狀況表所呈列之賬面值涉及以 下類別之金融資產及金融負債:

		Gro 本集	oup 集團	Company 本公司	
		2014	2013	2014	2013
		二零一四年	二零一三年	二零一四年	二零一三年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
<b>Financial assets</b> Available-for-sale financial assets – Unlisted private equity fund, at fair value	<b>金融資產</b> 可供出售金融資產 −非上市私人股票 基金,按公允價值	-	-	-	-
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss – Listed equity securities held for trading	按公允價值計入損益表 之金融資產 一持作買賣之上市 股本證券	26,945	26,602	-	-
Loans and receivables – Trade receivables – Other receivables and deposits – Amounts due from subsidiaries – Bank balances and cash	借款及應收款項 -應收貿易賬款 -其他應收款項及按金 -應收附屬公司款項 -銀行存款及現金	49,594 14,689 _ 	35,890 18,958 _ 71,355	- 	- - 144,414 543
		178,100	152,805	134,036	144,957

for the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

### **37. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT** AND FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL **INSTRUMENTS** (Continued)

37. 財務風險管理及金融工具公允 價值(續)

#### 37.1 Categories of financial assets and 37.1 金融資產及負債之類別(續)

liabilities (Continued)

				Company 本公司	
		2014 二零一四年 HK\$′000 千港元	2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元	2014 二零一四年 HK\$′000 千港元	2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Financial liabilities Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost – Trade payables – Other payables and	<b>金融負債</b> 按攤銷成本計量之 金融負債 一應付貿易賬款 一其他應付款項及	32,536	50,429	-	-
accrued charges – Amounts due to subsidiaries – Amounts due to directors – Borrowings	預提費用 一應付附屬公司款項 一應付董事款項 一借貸	37,078 _ 5,355 3,964	30,326 _ 	405 64,753 5,355 –	566 64,753 
		78,933	139,238	70,513	65,319

#### 37.2 Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk refers to the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. It is the Group's policy for each operating entity to operate in local currencies as far as possible to minimise currency risks. The Group's exposure to foreign currency risk arise from its overseas sales and purchases, which are primarily denominated in US\$, RMB, S\$ and Japanese Yen ("JPY"). These are not the functional currencies of certain Group entities to which these transactions relate.

#### 37.2 外匯風險

外匯風險指因匯率變動而導致金融 工具之公允價值或其未來現金流量 出現波動之風險。本集團就各個經 營實體採取之政策為以當地貨幣經 營,盡可能減低外滙風險。本集團 承受之外匯風險源自其主要以美 元、人民幣、新加坡元及日圓(「日 圓」)計值之海外銷售及採購。此等 貨幣並非涉及此等交易之若干集團 實體之功能貨幣。

## **NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** 財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

### **37. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT** AND FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL **INSTRUMENTS** (Continued)

#### **37.2** Foreign currency risk (Continued)

The following table details of the Group's exposure at the end of the reporting period to foreign currency risk arising from recognised assets and liabilities denominated in a currency other than the functional currency of the entity to which they relate are shown below:

### 37. 財務風險管理及金融工具公允 價值(續)

#### 37.2 外匯風險(續)

下表詳述於呈報期末本集團因以相 關實體功能貨幣以外之貨幣計值之 已確認資產及負債而承受之外匯風 險詳情:

		US\$ 美元 HK\$′000 千港元	RMB 人民幣 HK\$′000 千港元	<b>S\$</b> 新加坡元 <b>HK\$′000</b> 千港元	JPY 日圓 HK\$'000 千港元
At 31 December 2014	於二零一四年 十二月三十一日				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	按公允價值計入 損益表之金融資產	17,180	_	_	_
Trade receivables	應收貿易賬款	1,254	_	_	_
Bank balances and cash	銀行存款及現金	8,812	13,575	148	421
Borrowings	借貸		(3,964)		
Overall net exposure	全面風險淨額	27,246	9,611	148	421
At 31 December 2013	於二零一三年 十二月三十一日				
Financial assets at fair value	按公允價值計入				
through profit or loss Trade receivables	損益表之金融資產	17,664	-	-	-
Bank balances and cash	應收貿易賬款 銀行存款及現金	4,289 17,639	- 6,696	- 162	- 413
Other payables and	其他應付款項及	17,033	0,030	102	415
accrued charges	預提費用	_	(28)	_	_
Borrowings	借貸		(3,619)		
Overall net exposure	全面風險淨額	39,592	3,049	162	413
The Group is mainly expo		of		要承受人民幣 波動影響。	、新加坡元

fluctuation in RMB, S\$ and JPY.

及日圓之波動影響。

for the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

### 37. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

#### 37.2 Foreign currency risk (Continued)

The HK\$ is pegged to US\$ and the amounts denominated in US\$ is considered to be insignificant.

The following table illustrates the sensitivity of the Group's loss after income tax for the year and equity in regards to an appreciation/depreciation in HK\$ against RMB, S\$ and JPY. These rates are the rates used when reporting foreign currency risk internally to key management personnel and represents management's best assessment of the possible change in foreign exchange rates. **37. 財務風險管理及金融工具公允** 價值(續)

#### 37.2 外匯風險(續)

由於港元與美元掛鈎,而以美元計 值之金額並不重大。

下表説明年內本集團扣除所得税後 虧損及權益對港元兑人民幣、新加 坡元及日圓升值/貶值之敏感度。 該等匯率乃內部向主要管理人員呈 報外匯風險時採用之匯率,為管理 層對匯率可能變動之最佳估計。

		Increase/ (Decrease) in foreign exchange rate 匯率上升/ (下降) % %	Effect on loss after income tax 對扣除所得税後 虧損之影響 HK\$′000 千港元	Effect on component of equity 對股權部份 之影響 HK\$'000 千港元
2014	一兩一四左			
<b>2014</b> RMB	<b>ニ零一四年</b> 人民幣	3%	(288)	288
INVID	7 (1)	(3%)	288	(288)
S\$	新加坡元	3%	(4)	4
		(3%)	4	(4)
JPY	日圓	5%	(21)	21
		(5%)	21	(21)
2013	二零一三年	0.07	(0.1)	0.1
RMB	人民幣	3%	(91)	91
S\$	新加坡元	(3%) 3%	91 (5)	(91) 5
ΟΦ	利加火儿	(3%)	(5)	(5)
JPY	日圓	5%	(21)	21
		(5%)	21	(21)

Exposures to foreign exchange rates vary during the year depending on the volume of overseas transactions. Nevertheless, the analysis above is considered to be representative of the Group's exposure to foreign currency risk. 年內之外匯風險取決於海外交易 量。然而,上述分析被認為可反映 本集團所承受之外幣風險。

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

### 37. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

#### **37.3 Interest rate risk**

Interest rate risk relates to the risk that the fair value or cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in the market interest rates. The Group's interest rate risk arises primarily from bank balances, amount due from the available-for-sale financial assets and borrowings. Borrowings bearing fixed rates through the contractual terms of the borrowings. The Group's amount due from the available-forsale financial assets is also stated at fixed rate through the contractual terms. The exposure to interest rates for the Group's short-term bank deposits is considered immaterial. The Group therefore does not have significant exposure to interest rate risk at the end of the reporting period nor in comparative periods.

The Company has no exposure to interest rate risk at the end of the reporting period nor in comparative periods.

#### 37.4 Other price risk

Other price risk relates to the risk that the fair values of equity securities will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than changes in interest rates and foreign exchange rates). The Group is exposed to change in market prices in respect of its investments in listed equity securities classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss.

To manage its market price risk arising from these investments, the Group diversifies its portfolio. Diversification of the portfolio is done in accordance with the decision made by the board of directors. All the investments are equity securities listed in The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited and are valued at quoted market prices at the end of the reporting period.

### **37. 財務風險管理及金融工具公允** 價值(續)

#### 37.3 利率風險

利率風險指金融工具之公允價值或 現金流量因市場利率轉變而出現波 動之風險。本集團的利率風險主要 來自銀行存款、應收可供出售金融 資產款項及借貸。借貸透過訂立借 貸之合約條款支付固定利息。本集 團應收可供出售金融資產款項亦透。 本集團短期銀行存款所承受之利率 風險並不重大。故本集團於呈報期 末或比較期間並無重大利率風險。

本公司於呈報期末或比較期間並無 利率風險。

#### 37.4 其他價格風險

其他價格風險指股本證券公允價值 因市場價格變動(利率與外幣匯率變 動除外)而波動有關之風險。本集團 須承受其於分類為按公允價值計入 損益表之金融資產之上市股本證券 投資之市場價格變動風險。

為管理因此等投資而產生之市場價 格風險,本集團將其組合分散。分 散組合乃根據董事會作出之決定完 成。所有於香港聯合交易所有限公 司上市之股本證券投資以呈報期末 所報市場價格計值。

for the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

### **37. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT** AND FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL **INSTRUMENTS** (Continued)

#### **37.4** Other price risk (Continued)

The sensitivity analyses below have been determined based on the exposure to equity price risks at the end of the reporting period.

### 37. 財務風險管理及金融工具公允 價值(續)

#### 37.4 其他價格風險(續)

下列敏感度分析,根據呈報期末股 本價格風險而釐定。

		Increase/ (Decrease) in price of listed equity securities 上市股本證券之 價格升幅/ (跌幅) %	2014 二零一四年 Effect on loss after income tax 對扣除所得税後 虧損之影響 HK\$'000 千港元	Effect on component of equity 對股權 部份之影響 HK\$'000 千港元
Market price of the listed equity securities	上市股本證券之 市場價格	10%	(2,695)	2,695
		(10%)	2,695	(2,695)
		Increase/ (Decrease) in price of	2013 二零一三年 Effect on	Effect on
		listed equity securities 上市股本證券之	loss after income tax	component of equity
		價格升幅/	對扣除所得税後	對股權 部份之影響
		(跌幅) % %	虧損之影響 HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Market price of the listed equity securities	上市股本證券之 市場價格	%	HK\$'000	HK\$'000

ANNUAL REPORT 2014

reasonably possible change in these security

prices over the next twelve month period.

能變動。

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

### 37. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

#### 37.5 Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that the counterparty to a financial instrument would fail to discharge its obligation under the terms of the financial instrument and cause a financial loss to the Group. The Group's exposure to credit risk mainly arises from granting credit to customers in the ordinary course of its operations and its investing activities.

The Group's maximum exposure to credit risk on recognised financial assets is limited to the carrying amount at the end of the reporting period as summarised in note 37.1.

In respect of credit risk associated with trade and other receivables, management closely monitors all outstanding debts and reviews the collectability of the receivables periodically. As at the end of the reporting period, the credit risk is considered negligible as the counterparties are reputable banks and multi-national companies with high quality external credit ratings.

The Group adopts conservative investment strategies with management monitoring the investment portfolio. Usually investments are in liquid securities quoted on recognised stock exchanges, except where entered into for long term strategic purposes. See note 22 to these financial statements for further details of the Group's exposures to credit risk on trade receivables.

### **37. 財務風險管理及金融工具公允** 價值(續)

#### 37.5 信貸風險

信貸風險指金融工具之交易,在對 方無法履行其於金融工具條款下之 責任,並導致本集團財務損失之風 險。本集團所承受的信貸風險主要 來自於其日常業務過程中提供客戶 信貸及其投資活動。

本集團就已確認金融資產而承受之 最高信貸風險以呈報期末之賬面值 為限,概述於附註37.1。

就與應收貿易賬款及其他應收款項 相關之信貸風險而言,管理層緊密 監察所有未償還債項,及定期審閱 應收款項之可收回情況。於呈報期 末,由於交易對方乃具信譽之銀行 及外來信貸評級優秀之跨國公司, 故信貸風險被視為微不足道。

本集團採納保守投資策略,並由管 理層監控投資組合。通常投資為認 可證券交易所所報之流動證券,惟 訂立作長期策略性投資除外。有關 本集團就應收貿易賬款所承擔信貸 風險之進一步詳情,請參閱該等財 務報表附註22。

for the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

### 37. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

#### 37.6 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk relates to the risk that the Group will not be able to meet its obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The Group is exposed to liquidity risk in respect of settlement of trade payables and its financing obligations, and also in respect of its cash flow management. The Group's objective is to maintain an appropriate level of liquid assets and committed lines of funding to meet its liquidity requirements in the short and longer term.

The Group's prudent policy is to regularly monitor its current and expected liquidity requirements, to ensure that it maintains sufficient reserves of cash and cash equivalents to meet its liquidity requirements in the short term.

When the creditor has a choice of when the liability is settled, the liability is included on the basis of the earliest date on when the Group can be required to pay. Where the settlement of the liability is in instalments, each instalment is allocated to the earliest period in which the Group is committed to pay. At 31 December 2014 and 2013, the Group's contractual maturity for its financial liabilities are within one year or on demand. The carrying amounts of its financial liabilities approximate their contractual undiscounted cash flows.

#### Company

At 31 December 2014 and 2013, the Company's contractual maturity for its financial liabilities are within one year or on demand and the contractual maturity for the financial guarantee contracts is within one year or on demand and the maximum amount is HK\$600,000 (see note 36). The carrying amounts of its financial liabilities approximate their contractual undiscounted cash flows.

### **37. 財務風險管理及金融工具公允** 價值(續)

#### 37.6 流動性風險

流動性風險涉及本集團未能透過交 付現金或其他金融資產方式履行與 其金融負債相關責任之風險。本集 團就清付應付貿易賬款及融資責任 以及其現金流量管理而承受流動性 風險。本集團之目標在於維持流動 資產及承諾資金於適當水平,以滿 足其短期及長期流動資金需求。

本集團之保守政策為定期監控其目 前及預期之流動資金需求,從而保 證其維持足夠現金及現金等價物之 儲備,以滿足其短期流動資金需 求。

若債權人可選擇清付負債之時間, 負債按本集團可能被要求還款之最 早日期記賬。若負債分期償還,則 各分期付款分配至本集團承諾還款 之最早期間。於二零一四年及二零 一三年十二月三十一日,本集團金 融負債的合約到期期限為一年內或 按要求。本集團金融負債的賬面值 與其合約未貼現的現金流量相若。

#### 本公司

於二零一四年及二零一三年十二月 三十一日,本公司金融負債的合約 到期期限為一年內或按要求,而 金融擔保合約之合約到期期限為 一年內或按要求,且最高金額為 600,000港元(見附註36)。本公司 金融負債的賬面值與其合約未貼現 的現金流量相若。

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

### 37. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

### 37.7 Fair value measurements recognised in the statement of financial position – Group

Financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value

#### Fair value hierarchy

The following table presents the fair value of the Group's financial instruments measured at the end of the reporting period on a recurring basis, categorised into the three-level fair value hierarchy as defined in HKFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement. The level into which a fair value measurement is classified is determined with reference to the observability and significance of the inputs used in the valuation technique as follows:

- Level 1 valuations: Fair value measured using only Level 1 inputs i.e. unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities at the measurement date.
- Level 2 valuations: Fair value measured using Level 2 inputs i.e. observable inputs which fail to meet Level 1, and not using significant unobservable inputs. Unobservable inputs are inputs for which market data are not available.
- Level 3 valuations: Fair value measured using significant unobservable inputs.

- **37. 財務風險管理及金融工具公允** 價值(續)
  - **37.7** 於財務狀況表確認之公允價值 計量一本集團

#### 按公允價值計算之金融資產及負債

#### 公允價值層次

下表呈列歸類為香港財務報告準則 第13號公允價值計量所定義之三級 公允價值層次,於呈報期末按經常 性基準計量的本集團金融工具的公 允價值。根據估值方法所採用參數 之可觀察性及對估值之重要性作以 下公允價值計量層次歸類:

- 第一層次估值:僅使用第一 層次參數(即於計算日期, 相同資產或負債在活躍市場 之未經調整報價)計算之公 允價值。
- 第二層次估值:使用第二層 次參數(即不符合第一層次 之可觀察參數,且並未運用 重大不可觀察參數,不可觀 察參數即無法獲得市場數據 之參數)計算之公允價值。
- 第三層次估值:採用重大不 可觀察參數計算之公允價 值。

Hong Kong Jewellery Holding Limited

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 財務報表附註

for the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

### 37. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

**37. 財務風險管理及金融工具公允** 價值(續)

### **37.7 Fair value measurements recognised in the statement of financial position – Group** (Continued)

Financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value (Continued)

Fair value hierarchy (Continued)

The financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value in the consolidated statement of financial position are grouped into the fair value hierarchy as follows:

#### **Recurring fair value measurements**

**37.7** 於財務狀況表確認之公允價值 計量一本集團(續)

> 按公允價值計算之金融資產及負債 *(續)*

公允價值層次(續)

於綜合財務狀況表按公允價值計算 之金融資產及負債分類至如下之公 允價值層次:

#### 經常性之公允價值計量

				Note 附註	2014 二零一四年 Level 1 第一層次 HK\$′000 千港元
va	e <b>ts</b> ncial assets at fair lue through profit loss	<b>資產</b> 按公允價值計入 損益表之 金融資產		(a)	26,945
				Note 附註	2013 二零一三年 Level 1 第一層次 HK\$'000 千港元
va	ets ncial assets at fair lue through profit loss	資產 按公允價值計入 損益表之 金融資產		(a)	26,602
(a)	in HK\$ and US\$. determined by refe	curities are denominated Fair values have been rence to their quoted bid the reporting period.	(a)		券以港元及美元 賈值參考呈報期 ॒。

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 財務報表附許

for the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

### 37. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

37.7 Fair value measurements recognised in the statement of financial position – Group (Continued)

Financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value (Continued)

During the years ended 31 December 2014 and 2013, there were no transfers between level 1 and level 2 or transfer into or out of level 3. The Group's policy is to recognise transfers between levels of fair value hierarchy as at the end of the reporting period in which they occur.

## 37.8 Fair value of financial assets and liabilities carried at other than fair value

The carrying amounts of the Group's and the Company's financial instruments carried at cost or amortised cost are not materially different from their fair values as at 31 December 2013 and 2014.

### **38. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT**

The Group's capital management objectives are to ensure the Group's ability to continue as a going concern and to provide an adequate return for shareholders by pricing goods and services commensurately with the level of risks.

The Group actively and regularly reviews and manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it in light of changes in economic conditions.

- 37. 財務風險管理及金融工具公允 價值(續)
  - **37.7** 於財務狀況表確認之公允價值 計量-本集團(續)

按公允價值計算之金融資產及負債 *(續)* 

於截至二零一四年及二零一三年十 二月三十一日止年度,並無第一層 次與第二層次之間的轉移或移入或 移出第三層。本集團之政策為於發 生轉移之呈報期末確認公允價值架 構中不同層次之間的轉移。

### **37.8** 按非公允價值入賬之金融資產 及負債之公允價值

本集團及本公司按成本或攤銷成本 入賬之金融工具的賬面值與其於二 零一三年及二零一四年十二月三十 一日之公允價值並無重大差異。

#### 38. 資本管理

本集團之資本管理目標為透過因應風險程 度調整貨品及服務定價確保本集團有能力 持續經營業務,向股東提供充分回報。

本集團積極地定期對資本架構進行檢討及 管理,並因應經濟環境之變化對資本架構 作出調整。

for the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

#### **38. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT** (Continued)

Consistent with industry practice, the Group monitors its capital structure using gearing ratio which is net debt divided by total equity. For this purpose, the Group defines net debt as debt, which comprises short-term borrowings, less cash and cash equivalents. Total equity comprises equity attributable to owners of the Company and non-controlling interests stated in the consolidated statement of financial position. During 2014, the Group's strategy remains unchanged from 2013, which is to maintain the gearing ratio of not more than 20% in order to support its business. The gearing ratio at 31 December 2014 and 2013 were as follows:

#### 38. 資本管理(續)

本著業界慣例,本集團按淨負債除以股權 總額計算負債比率,以此監控其資本結 構。本集團將淨負債定義為負債(包括短期 借貸)扣除現金及現金等價物。股權總額由 綜合財務狀況表中所示之本公司擁有人應 佔股權及非控股權益組成。二零一四年期 間,本集團之策略與二零一三年相同,乃 將負債比率維持在不高於20%的水平,以 支援集團之業務。於二零一四年及二零一 三年十二月三十一日,負債比率如下:

		2014 二零一四年 HK\$′000 千港元	2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Total borrowings – Borrowings Less: bank balances and cash	借貸總額-借貸 減:銀行存款及現金	3,964 (86,872)	55,943 (71,355)
Net assets	淨資產	(82,908)	(15,412)
Total equity	股權總額	163,792	192,267
Gearing ratio	負債比率		

#### **39. COMPARATIVE FIGURES**

Certain comparative figures have been adjusted in order to conform to the current year's presentation.

#### 39. 比較數字

若干比較數字已作出調整,以符合本年度 呈列方式。



Hong Kong Jewellery Holding Limited 香港珠寶控股有限公司