

YUNBO

DIGITAL SYNERGY GROUP LIMITED

雲博產業集團有限公司

(incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

Stock Code : 8050

ANNUAL REPORT

2015

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*This report, for which the directors (the “**Directors**”) of Yunbo Digital Synergy Group Limited (the “**Company**”) collectively and individually accept full responsibility, includes particulars given in compliance with the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the GEM (“**GEM Listing Rules**”) of the Stock Exchange for the purpose of giving information with regard to the Company. The Directors, having made all reasonable enquiries, confirm that to the best of their knowledge and belief the information contained in this report is accurate and complete in all material respects and not misleading or deceptive, and there are no other matters the omission of which would make any statement herein or this report misleading.*



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CORPORATE INFORMATION

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Wang Chaoyong
Mr. Wang Xiaoqi
Mr. Yau Hoi Kin
Mr. Kwong Wai Ho, Richard
Dr. Huang Youmin

NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

Mr. Hsu Chia-Chun

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Dr. Chow Ka Ming, Jimmy
Mr. Ngan Yu Loong
Dr. Wong Wing Lit
Mr. Tse Yee Hin, Tony

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. Tung Tat Chiu, Michael
A practicing solicitor in Hong Kong and
a China-Appointed Attesting Officer

COMPLIANCE OFFICER

Mr. Kwong Wai Ho, Richard

AUTHORISED REPRESENTATIVES

Mr. Yau Hoi Kin
Mr. Kwong Wai Ho, Richard

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Mr. Ngan Yu Loong (*Chairman*)
Dr. Chow Ka Ming, Jimmy
Dr. Wong Wing Lit
Mr. Tse Yee Hin, Tony

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Dr. Chow Ka Ming, Jimmy (*Chairman*)
Mr. Ngan Yu Loong
Dr. Wong Wing Lit
Mr. Tse Yee Hin, Tony

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Ngan Yu Loong (*Chairman*)
Dr. Chow Ka Ming, Jimmy
Dr. Wong Wing Lit
Mr. Tse Yee Hin, Tony

AUDITORS

Grant Thornton Hong Kong Limited
Certified Public Accountants

PRINCIPAL BANKERS

Standard Chartered Bank

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STOCK CODE

8050

EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR'S STATEMENT

On behalf of the board (the “**Board**”) of Directors, I hereby present the results of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively the “**Group**”) for the year ended 31 March 2015.

During the year ended 31 March 2015, the Group recorded revenue of approximately HK\$163,853,000, representing an increase of approximately 348% when compared with the last corresponding year. The significant increase in revenue was principally due to the Group having consolidated the business operating performance of China Mobile Payment Technology Group Company Limited (中國支付科技集團有限公司) (“**China Mobile Payment**”) (formerly known as Magic Hour Holdings Ltd. (麥基浩爾控股有限公司)) from 23 December 2014 (the acquisition date) to 31 March 2015. There was also a substantial increase in the trading volume of Gigabit-Passive Optical Network (“**G-PON**”) equipment and Ethernet-Passive Optical Network (“**E-PON**”) equipment in which the Group had generated revenue of approximately HK\$131,218,000 during the year. Loss attributable to owners of the Company for the year ended 31 March 2015 was approximately HK\$2,819,000 as compared to a loss of approximately HK\$10,481,000 for the year ended 31 March 2014.

The general business and operating environment during the reporting period continue to be affected by the prevailing effects of global economic conditions even for markets which historically have recorded high growth rates such as the People's Republic of China (“**PRC**”) market. Although the overall momentum for the PRC market remains positive, slower macro-economic growth is however expected. Moreover, greater and more complex competition have made the telecommunications industry in the PRC significantly more challenging.

Since 2012, management had steered the Company to focus on the telecommunications industry in the PRC market by concentrating our strengths in business and product development in the trading of high-tech software and hardware equipment; developing and establishing online platforms for the distribution of mobile products and value-added services; and setting up joint ventures with multinational companies to introduce and procure mobile application products and services, among others. To facilitate the Group's business endeavors, we established two wholly foreign owned enterprises in the PRC, namely, 廣州韻博信息科技有限公司 (Guangzhou YBDS IT Co., Ltd.*) (“**Guangzhou YBDS**”) and 北京韻博港信息科技有限公司 (Beijing YBDS IT Co., Ltd.*) (“**Beijing YBDS**”).

To ensure the Company is financially stable with sufficient financial resources to implement our proposed projects, the Company, on 5 August 2013, allotted and issued 450,000,000 new shares to Happy On Holdings Limited (“**Happy On**”), the Group's single largest shareholder, raising net proceeds of about HK\$100 million. Immediately after the completion of the subscription (the “**Subscription**”), Happy On held 987,888,771 shares of the Company, representing approximately 72.83% of the total issued share capital of the Company.

In spite of the challenging operating environment in the PRC, the Group has made great strides over the past three years in its business development. In the area of software deployment, the Company had teamed up with ChinaSoft International Limited (中軟國際有限公司) (stock code: 354) (“**ChinaSoft**”), and submitted a tender bid for specific parts of the Wireless City (無線城市) (“**Wireless City**”), a project sponsored and undertaken by China Mobile Group Guangdong Company Limited (“**Guangdong Mobile**”), a subsidiary of China Mobile Limited (stock code: 941) (“**China Mobile**”). Guangdong Mobile embarked on the Wireless City project in 2012 aspiring to develop and construct a wireless infrastructure network for PRC cities such that everyone in these cities will be able to have free Wi-Fi access.

The Company and ChinaSoft had also teamed up together in March 2014 to submit tender to construct phase I of the unified payment system, and for the contracted work relating to the repair and maintenance and operations of the Fetion (飛信) (“**Fetion**”) platform and its related social products and services offering.

EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR'S STATEMENT

Predicated on the three principles of “centralization, standardization, unification”, China Mobile is cooperating with commercial banks in the PRC to establish a national unified payment system platform, offering unified access and uniformed rules and regulations to all payment services at a flat rate. Phase I of the project aims to unify the national payment system at all levels through electronic payment channels and connects China Mobile onto a platform that offers payment services and bill settlement functions. Once implemented, all mobile phone users will concurrently be able to deposit monetary value onto their mobile phone accounts for the purchase of goods and services. The national unified payment system platform will be one of China Mobile’s strategic projects to transform itself from a mobile phone services operator into an internet based services enterprise.

Fetion is a critical part of China Mobile’s mobile internet business strategy which currently has over 320 million registered users. It is already a major mobile internet platform connecting a large number of users between personal computers (“PCs”) and mobile phones in the PRC.

On 7 April 2014, the Company and ChinaSoft entered into a project implementation agreement with respect to the contracted work relating to specific parts of the Wireless Fetion project. Under the formal agreement, ChinaSoft had agreed to pay, and the Company has received, a sum totaling RMB15 million (equivalent to about HK\$18.75 million) in three instalments.

The Company had commenced the trading of hi-tech hardware and equipment in the fourth quarter of 2012. For the year ended 31 March 2015, inclusive of the operating performance of China Mobile Payment from 23 December 2014 (the acquisition date) to 31 March 2015, the Group recorded an increase in the trading of G-PON equipment and E-PON equipment and generated revenue of approximately HK\$131.22 million (HK\$5.52 million for the year ended 31 March 2014). Additionally, during the reporting period, the Group had supplied 天翼電子商務有限公司 (China Telecom Bestpay E-commerce Ltd.*) (“**CT E-commerce**”) with 2,707 sets of points of sale (“**POS**”) terminals for a total contract sum of RMB2.63 million, or approximately HK\$3.31 million.

The Group’s system integration services and other value-added technical consultation services and hardware-related business in Hong Kong continue to be principally facilitated by Nurray Professional Computer Limited, an indirect non wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company.

In other areas of business development, Guangzhou YBDS had, on 21 March 2014, entered into an agency framework agreement (the “**Agreement**”) with Aspire Information Technologies (Beijing) Co., Ltd. (卓望信息技術(北京)有限公司) (“**Aspire**”) under which Guangzhou YBDS was appointed as Aspire’s agent, on a non-exclusive basis, to promote and distribute Aspire’s unified communications businesses, irrespective of whether such businesses are operated by Aspire or not, and provide relevant customer service and support thereunder in each province of the PRC for a term of one year. Aspire, an indirect subsidiary of Aspire Holdings Limited (“**Aspire Holdings**”), was established in 2004 to provide operation and support services for the value added data businesses of China Mobile and is responsible for the operation and support of the central portal monternet (移動夢網). The Agreement has automatically been renewed for a term of one year.

Aspire Holdings, a direct non wholly-owned subsidiary of China Mobile, is the pioneer developer of data products and services for China Mobile. Aspire Holdings actively assists China Mobile to explore, expand, and facilitate businesses in areas of information and communication technology and the Internet. It has developed various super-large business platforms such as Mobile Information Service Centre (“**MISC**”) and Service Information Management System (“**SIMS**”). Aspire also assists China Mobile in the operation and support of mobile data businesses such as mobile newspaper and mobile reading. In addition, through Personal Information Management (“**PIM**”), Aspire facilitates the development of China Mobile’s 139 community, mobile micro-blog, and i-Contact under which its social network brand “Fetion” has a subscriber base of over 320 million registered users. Moreover, it has helped China Mobile to establish the first mobile market (運營商移動應用商場) for carriers and the Center of Mobile Certificate Authority in the PRC.

EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR'S STATEMENT

The link up with Aspire marks a milestone in the Company's history. Cooperation with large-scale state-owned telecommunications operators and upstream/downstream partners in the industry enables the Company to develop and provide new products and services, re-defining and enhancing our business model.

On 31 March 2014, Guangzhou YBDS entered into a strategic cooperation agreement with BesTV New Media Co., Ltd. ("**BesTV**") to collaborate on exploring and developing new media technology and contents on internet protocol television ("**IPTV**"), mobile television, internet television, mobile internet, multimedia stage design and production, and digital media platform research and development, offering such products and services through the smart phones, PCs, televisions and tablets (collectively, the "**4 Screens**").

BesTV is a new media corporation controlled by Radio and Television Shanghai and Shanghai Media Group whose shares are listed on The Shanghai Stock Exchange (stock code: 600637). Its business scope includes research, exploration, design, construction, management, maintaining entire network systems, interactive media application platform, and provision of network-related software and hardware in the field of technology development, technical consulting, technology transfer, technical services, network video production and operations, messaging, network equipment design, leasing, and sales and service. As at 31 December 2014, BesTV had over 20 million IPTV subscribers.

The Directors believe that with the dawning of 4G networks, a new economy driven by new visual media is about to commence. The onset of unified communications will alter how traditional Internet OTT businesses operate. Moreover, mobile users will be able to access more convenient and colorful content benefited from the high bandwidth and low latency characteristics of 4G networks. Similarly, the cooperation with BesTV to develop and operate 4G new media businesses enables the Company to preempt the mainstream of 4G new media businesses onto the 4 Screens' users.

Given our ambitions in the telecommunications industry in the PRC, we have appointed Mr. Ni Guang Nan ("**Mr. Ni**") as the Company's chief science and technology advisor on 7 April 2014. He is advising us on our business activities in the areas of information and telecommunications technology.

Furthermore, the Directors believe the growth in mobile internet has brought forward intense competition across all market segments of the telecommunications industry into an era driven largely by the volume of data throughput. In hindsight, the Group re-defines its core business. Key businesses of the Group have been expanded to include big data, unified communications, cloud computing, network security, software-defined networking ("**SDN**"), 4G new media, top-level designs for e-finance, the software and hardware maintenance and operation in respect of the back end network support systems, design, development, production and manufacturing of the network front end products as well as the business operation of the online and offline payment. As such, the Group is accelerating its efforts in strategic transformation and capacity enhancement to maintain and create its competitive advantages.

On 13 May 2014, Guangzhou YBDS entered into a letter of intent with 中國石油天然氣股份有限公司銷售分公司 (PetroChina Trading Company Limited*) ("**PetroChina Trading**") and CT E-commerce, pursuant to which, the parties agreed to fully cooperate with each other to jointly market the business of payment clearance and recharge of prepaid petrol cards, and promote its development to enhance products competitiveness and enrich their services to customers. CT E-commerce, through their Bestpay (翼支付) platform ("**Bestpay**"), will provide clearance services for non-cash payments enabling customers of 中國石油天然氣股份有限公司 (PetroChina Company Limited's*) ("**PetroChina**") to pay for the purchase of petroleum through prepaid cards at the PetroChina's sales network.

EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR'S STATEMENT

Additionally, CT E-commerce will install compatible POS terminals at PetroChina's sales network to allow Bestpay users to settle payment through their mobile phones. Guangzhou YBDS will be responsible for the provision of POS terminals and relevant support services. As for the recharging of prepaid petrol card business, the parties will work together to establish online, offline and vocal channels to accept recharging requests from customers and provide the relevant support services. The parties will also cooperate together to unravel the market's potential to expand its customer base by launching multimedia marketing campaigns and publicity events.

On 26 August 2014, the Company, China National Travel Service (HK) Group Corporation (中國港中旅集團公司) (the "**HKCTS Group**") and China Telecommunications Corporation (中國電信集團公司) ("**China Telecommunications**") entered into a strategic cooperation agreement, pursuant to which, the parties agreed to cooperate in tourism, hotels, ticketing, mobile payment and other areas within the business scope of the HKCTS Group. China Telecommunications will, through its status as one of the leading mobile communications operators in the PRC, its tremendous users base and CT E-commerce, which has obtained the licence for payment businesses issued by the People's Bank of China, provide online and offline payment and acceptance. The Company will make use of its capability in software development to build a payment platform, providing the HKCTS Group with an overall online and offline solution. The Company will at the same time collaborate with China Telecommunications to, among others, broaden payment channels for tourism, hotels, ticketing and other areas within the business scope of the HKCTS Group, install POS terminals, develop mobile software, and mobile two-dimensional code ticket certification. The parties will, in respect of the sales business within the business scope of the HKCTS Group, jointly establish acceptance channels and customer services channels for, among others, online, offline and vocal business, and provide support and services for the related marketing operation. The parties will also hold joint marketing and promotional activities to explore the potential of their common customers, activate dormant users and expand common user groups.

The HKCTS Group is a key large-scale state-owned enterprise ("**SOE**") directly managed by the Central People's Government of the PRC and regulated by the State-owned Assets Supervision and Administration Commission of the State Council of the PRC. It is also the largest SOE in the tourism industry and one of the four largest Chinese-funded enterprises in Hong Kong. It is now a diversified enterprise with core businesses in tourism and supporting businesses in industrial and commercial investments (iron and steel), real estate, logistics and trading. The HKCTS Group is the only large-scale tourism enterprise in the PRC providing the most comprehensive services throughout the whole value chain in the tourism industry. Moreover, it is the only organisation commissioned by the Ministry of Public Security of the PRC to administer the "Mainland Travel Permit for Hong Kong and Macao Residents" (港澳居民來往內地通行證) and "Mainland Travel Permit for Taiwan Residents" (台灣居民來往大陸通行證). China Travel International Investment Hong Kong Limited (香港中旅國際投資有限公司), a company controlled by the HKCTS Group, is listed on the Stock Exchange (stock code: 308).

China Telecommunications is one of the three largest and leading telecommunications operators in the PRC. China Telecommunications provides its customers with integrated information solutions including products such as mobile communications, broadband Internet access, information technology applications and fixed line phones. China Telecommunications has branch companies in 31 provinces (including autonomous regions and municipalities) of the PRC and major countries in Europe, America, Asia Pacific and other regions. China Telecommunications has the world's largest broadband network and technologically leading mobile communications network, making it capable of providing its customers with cross-border and comprehensive integrated information services and client service channels globally. China Telecom Corporation Limited (中國電信股份有限公司) ("**China Telecom**") is a subsidiary of China Telecommunications, with its H shares listed on the Stock Exchange (stock code: 728). CT E-commerce, as an indirect subsidiary of China Telecommunications, has various channels for payment services such as mobile phones, fixed line telephones and POS terminals to provide safe and convenient financial information services such as "communication plus payment" (通信+支付), "payment plus financial management" (支付+理財) for individual and corporate users.

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On 31 August 2014, the Company, through Guangzhou YBDS, and China Vanguard Group Limited (眾彩科技股份有限公司) (“**CVG**”), a company incorporated in the Cayman Islands, the shares of which are listed on GEM of the Stock Exchange (stock code: 8156), through China Vanguard Corporate Management Limited (眾彩企業管理有限公司) (“**CVCM**”), a company incorporated in the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region of the PRC and a direct wholly-owned subsidiary of CVG, have entered into a strategic cooperative agreement, pursuant to which, subject to CVG having obtained the required approvals from the relevant authorities, Guangzhou YBDS and CVCM will make use of their capability in software and hardware development to connect and integrate POS terminals so that all CVG’s lottery distribution points will be equipped with the Group’s non-cash online and offline payment system, including those on CT E-commerce’s Bestpay platform and other non-cash payment methods, such as mobile payment, contactless payment, the debit cards issued by China UnionPay (中國銀聯) and other financial institutions.

The Group and CVG will utilize their respective advantages in each of their specialized areas to enhance the competitiveness of their businesses. The general public will therefore be able to benefit from the easiness and consumer friendliness of non-cash payment clearance for lottery purchases and for full coverage of online and offline applications in the consumer sectors including those through CVG’s lottery distribution points.

CVG is a comprehensive solutions and related consolidated services provider for both welfare and sports lottery in the PRC. Its core business consists of development of lottery related hardware and software, provision of self-service lottery solutions and launching self-operated and franchise stores. The lottery business currently covers 18 provinces and regions. CVG is a member of the World Lottery Association.

On 23 December 2014, the Company through Able Bloom Technology Limited (“**Able Bloom**”), its indirectly wholly-owned subsidiary, completed the acquisition of the entire equity interest of China Mobile Payment held by Mr. Chan Foo Wing (“**Mr. Chan**”), the controlling shareholder of the Company, at a consideration of HK\$3 million.

The consideration has been settled by way of cash funded by internal resources. China Mobile Payment and its major operating subsidiaries are principally engaged in the trading of residential gateway products, namely, routers, G-PON equipment and E-PON equipment, as well as providing IT network consultation service. Their major customer is China Telecom.

The Directors believe that accelerating in strategic transformation is part and parcel to the Group’s new corporate strategy in broadening its income base and enhancing its growth potential.

Finally, on behalf of the Board, I would like to take this opportunity to express my gratitude to all members of the Board, staff and those who have supported us for their dedication and contribution to the Group. We will continue to put our best efforts to provide a better return to our shareholders.

Yau Hoi Kin
Executive Director

Hong Kong, 12 June 2015

* for identification only

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

BUSINESS REVIEW

The general business and operating environment during the reporting period continue to be affected by the prevailing effects of global economic conditions even for those markets which historically have recorded high growth rates such as the PRC market. Although the overall momentum in the PRC market remains positive, slower macro-economic growth is however expected. Moreover, greater and more complex competition have made the telecommunications industry in the PRC significantly more challenging.

The continued global development of internet technologies and their related applications have evolved into an effectual period of “aggregation and fission”. Emerging production elements such as big data, cloud computing, unified communications, 4G mobile new media, network security SDN and e-finance are quickly becoming production tools of the new economy as traditional businesses at all levels undergo different level and scale of transformations to redefine how they should manage their operations in view of the rapidly changing market conditions.

“雲”, the Chinese character for “cloud” represents the forms of development relating to the “cloud network” in internet cloud computing and its various patterns or the interconnection of cyberspace and whole terminals. Forms of development include interconnected applications such as cloud space, cloud services, cloud search, cloud community, and cloud browsing, among others. Cloud services realize the interconnection between the various end devices. Operating terminals such as PCs, mobile phones, televisions and tablets no longer require strong processing capabilities. All resources used by end users are provided for by an integrated cloud back-office infrastructure equipped with storage facilities and powerful processing capabilities.

“博”, the Chinese character having the meaning of “rich and extensive”, represents the convergence of big data, unified communication, cloud computing, 4G based new media, network security SDN, e-finance, and other new technologies.

“雲博”, or the Group, is quickly being transformed from a traditional company engaged in the provision of system integration services, other value-added technical consultation services and hardware-related business into a company which trades ancillary high-tech software and hardware products, develops and establishes integrated online platforms for distribution of mobile products and provision of value-added services, and sets up joint ventures with multinational companies to introduce and procure mobile application services, to a business with a core focus in the areas of big data, unified communications, cloud computing, network security SDN, 4G new media, e-finance, software and hardware maintenance and operation for back end network support systems, as well as the design, development, production and manufacture of network front end products and operations of online and offline payment systems.

The Group, in 2012, had established two wholly foreign owned enterprises in the PRC, namely, Guangzhou YBDS and Beijing YBDS, to facilitate the Group’s proposed business endeavors and potential joint co-operations in the PRC.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Guangzhou YBDS

Guangzhou YBDS was approved for establishment on 13 August 2012 with the entire equity interest of Guangzhou YBDS being held by Pacific Honour Development Limited, an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company. Guangzhou YBDS presently has a total investment of RMB80 million and a fully paid-up registered capital of RMB40 million.

Guangzhou YBDS's business scope includes computer software or hardware system integration, external equipment, financial and electronic equipment, automated control systems and related equipment, new models of electronic devices, smart modems, research and development of educational software and hardware, sale of computer software, hardware and ancillary equipment, electronic products, general machinery equipment, specialized equipment, and provision of technical services and support.

Beijing YBDS

Beijing YBDS, a company having a business scope that includes technology development and system integration of computer hardware and software, communication system, network system and automatic control system, educational software development, sale of proprietary products, technical services and technical consultancy. It was approved for establishment on 21 November 2012 with the entire equity interest of Beijing YBDS being held by Able Bloom, an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company. Beijing YBDS presently has a total investment of RMB40 million and a registered capital of RMB20 million, respectively. As at the date of this report, only 20% of the registered capital or RMB4 million has been paid up.

The Company had, in August 2013, raised net proceeds of approximately HK\$100,000,000 by way of allotment and issuance of 450,000,000 new shares of the Company with a par value of HK\$0.10 each in the capital of the Company at a subscription price of HK\$0.225 each to Happy On, a controlling shareholder of the Company. One of the main reasons for the fundraising exercise was to enable the Company to fulfill its obligations to pay up the proposed registered capital of Beijing YBDS.

At the time of the Subscription, the Company had intended to apply to the Bureau of Foreign Trade and Economic Cooperation of Beijing Municipality (北京市對外貿易經濟合作局) to increase Beijing YBDS' registered capital from RMB20,000,000 to RMB40,000,000 and total investment from RMB40,000,000 to RMB80,000,000, respectively. The initiative was intended to enable the Group's subsidiaries to meet the minimum capital threshold requirement when submitting bids for proposed projects offered by the relevant telecommunications service providers in the PRC.

Given the Company has acquired China Mobile Payment during the reporting period, a holding company that owns a subsidiary with the aforesaid threshold requirement for bid submissions, this corporate action is no longer deemed to be necessary. Hence, the Company has commenced the process of deregistering Beijing YBDS and expects the process to be completed sometime in the third quarter of 2015.

In spite of the ever challenging operating environment in the PRC, the Group has made great strides over the past three years in its business development. In the area of software deployment, the Company had teamed up with ChinaSoft. In our first venture together, the two parties entered into a non-legally binding letter of intent on 2 August 2012 whereby both parties agreed to collaborate with each other to submit a tender bid for specific parts of a wireless infrastructure project in the PRC. Wireless City is a project sponsored and undertaken by Guangdong Mobile, a subsidiary of China Mobile. Guangdong Mobile had embarked on the Wireless City project in 2012 as it aspires to develop and construct a wireless infrastructure network for PRC cities such that everyone in these cities will be able to have free Wi-Fi access.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Subsequently on 7 May 2013, MMIM Info. Technology Co., Ltd.* (北京掌中無限信息技術有限公司) (“MMIM”), a wholly-owned subsidiary of ChinaSoft, submitted open tender documents for specific parts of the Wireless City project to Guangdong Mobile. Excellent Master Investments Limited, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, ChinaSoft International (Hong Kong) Limited, a wholly-owned subsidiary of ChinaSoft, the Company and ChinaSoft concurrently entered into a project implementation agreement to implement the specific parts of the Wireless City project in the event that the bid is successful (in which case, MMIM and Guangdong Mobile will enter into a formal project agreement). Under the formal agreement dated 7 April 2014, ChinaSoft had agreed to pay, and the Company has received, a sum totaling RMB15 million (equivalent to about HK\$18.75 million) in three instalments.

The close relationship between the Company and ChinaSoft had strengthened with further collaborations in 2014 as the two parties worked together hand in hand to bid for other projects sponsored by the PRC’s leading telecommunications operators.

In March 2014, the Company and ChinaSoft entered into a non-legally binding letter of intent and submitted a tender for the construction of phase I of the unified payment system (統一支付系統一期工程), a project to be implemented by China Mobile for the establishment of a national unified payment platform in the PRC. The Company and ChinaSoft have also worked together to submit a bid for contracted work relating to the repair and maintenance and operations of China Mobile’s Fetion platform and its related social products and services offering.

Based on the principles of “centralization, standardization, unification”, China Mobile is cooperating with commercial banks in the PRC to establish a national unified payment system platform, offering unified access and uniformed rules and regulations to all payment services at a flat rate. Phase I of the national unified payment system will connect China Mobile with electronic payment channels at all levels onto a platform that offers payment services and bill settlement functions. All mobile phone users will concurrently be able to store monetary value onto their mobile phone accounts for the purchase of goods and services. The national unified payment system platform will be one of China Mobile’s strategic projects to transform itself from a mobile phone services operator into an internet based services enterprise.

Fetion currently estimated to have over 320 million registered users, and is a critical part of China Mobile’s mobile internet business strategy. It is already a major mobile internet platform connecting a large number of users between PCs and mobile phones in the PRC.

When collaborating with ChinaSoft, typically if our tender is successful, ChinaSoft would first enter into a formal project agreement with the relevant company of telecommunications operator, and the Company (or its nominee) will then enter into a project agreement with ChinaSoft to determine the implementation costs as well as setting out the detailed terms of each party’s participation in the relevant project. In general, ChinaSoft shall, at its own costs (but in any event such costs shall not exceed the amount to be stipulated under the project agreement), be responsible for all the technical and construction works of the relevant project (including but not limited to the development, manufacture, testing, construction of the hardware, middleware and software systems necessary for completion, technical services and support etc.); whereas the Company shall, at its own costs, provide business analysis and integrated works in connection with the relevant project.

In the area of trading ancillary high-tech software and hardware equipment, the Company had commenced the trading of G-PON equipment in the fourth quarter of 2012. Additionally, Guangzhou YBDS is an appointed sale and marketing agent for POS terminals manufactured by Fujian Newland Computer Co., Ltd. (福建新大陸電腦股份有限公司). The POS terminal is the modern replacement of the cash register that, when connected to a POS system, can record and track customer orders, process credit and debit cards, connect to other systems in a network, and manage inventory. In short, it is a computer which is supported by application specific programs and I/O devices for the particular environment in which it serves.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

During the reporting period, the Group had supplied CT E-commerce with an additional 2,707 sets of POS terminals for a total contract sum of RMB2,630,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$3,312,000). The Group's system integration services and other value-added technical consultation services and hardware-related business in Hong Kong continue to be principally facilitated by Norray Professional Computer Limited, a subsidiary of the Company.

On 23 December 2014, the Company through Able Bloom, its indirectly wholly-owned subsidiary, completed the acquisition of the entire equity interest of China Mobile Payment held by Mr. Chan, the controlling shareholder of the Company, at a consideration of HK\$3 million.

The consideration has been settled by way of cash funded by internal resources. China Mobile Payment and its major operating subsidiaries are principally engaged in the trading of residential gateway products, namely, routers, G-PON equipment and E-PON equipment, as well as providing IT network consultation service. Their major customer is China Telecom.

LIQUIDITY, FINANCIAL RESOURCES AND CAPITAL STRUCTURE

To ensure that the Company is financially stable with sufficient financial resources to continue the development of its proposed projects, the Company had on 5 August 2013, raised net proceeds of approximately HK\$100 million through the Subscription. Immediately after the completion of the Subscription, Happy On holds 987,888,771 shares of the Company, representing approximately 72.83% of the total issued share capital of the Company.

As stipulated in the circular of the Company dated 11 July 2013, such proceeds were to be applied in the following manner:

- (i) approximately HK\$30,000,000 will be used to pay up the remaining registered capital of Guangzhou YBDS and Beijing YBDS;
- (ii) approximately HK\$50,000,000 will be used as further investment for contribution towards the total investment amounts of Guangzhou YBDS and Beijing YBDS; and
- (iii) the remaining balance as general working capital of the Company.

The Company had previously applied approximately HK\$9,400,000 (or about RMB7,350,000) and approximately HK\$5,500,000 (or approximately RMB4,330,000) of the proceeds to pay up the remaining initial registered capital of RMB20,000,000 and increased registered capital of RMB20,000,000 of Guangzhou YBDS, respectively. During the reporting period, the Company had applied approximately HK\$19,785,000 (or approximately RMB15,670,000) of the proceeds to pay up the outstanding remaining increased registered capital of Guangzhou YBDS.

At the time of the Subscription, only 20% of the registered capital or RMB4 million of Beijing YBDS has been paid up with the remaining 80% or RMB16 million due to be paid on or before 18 December 2014. The Company had intended to apply to the Bureau of Foreign Trade and Economic Cooperation of Beijing Municipality (北京市對外貿易經濟合作局) to increase the registered capital of Beijing YBDS from RMB20 million to RMB40 million and its total investment from RMB40 million to RMB80 million. A sum of approximately HK\$45.5 million from the proceeds of the Subscription was earmarked for paying up the initial registered capital and increased registered capital of Beijing YBDS (the "**Capital Increase**"). The intent of the Capital Increase was to enable the Group's subsidiaries to meet the minimum capital threshold requirement when submitting bids for proposed projects offered by the relevant telecommunications service providers in the PRC.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Given the Company has acquired China Mobile Payment during the reporting period, a holding company that owns a subsidiary with the aforesaid threshold requirement for bids submission, this corporate action is no longer deemed to be necessary. The Company has already commenced the process of deregistration of Beijing YBDS.

Moreover, the Company intends to apply the aforesaid earmarked proceeds of approximately HK\$45.5 million for new potential projects and for general working capital purposes. As at the date of this report, the Company has not identified any potential projects.

FINANCIAL REVIEW

For the year ended 31 March 2015, the Group recorded revenue of approximately HK\$163,853,000, representing an increase of approximately 348% when compared with the last corresponding year. The significant increase in revenue was principally due to having consolidated the operating performance of China Mobile Payment from 23 December 2014 (the acquisition date) to 31 March 2015 and a significant increase in business volume in the trading of G-PON equipment and E-PON equipment in which the Group having generated revenue of approximately HK\$131,218,000 during the year. Loss attributable to owners of the Company for the year ended 31 March 2015 was approximately HK\$2,819,000 as compared to a loss of approximately HK\$10,481,000 for the year ended 31 March 2014.

SEGMENTAL INFORMATION

Business segments

During the year under review, revenue generated from hardware sales increase by approximately 412%, revenue from maintenance services increased by approximately 386% while revenue from consultancy services increase by approximately 96%. Additionally, revenue from software sales increased by approximately 56%.

Geographical segments

The provision of system integration services and other value-added technical consultation services and hardware-related business mainly caters for the PRC market. Revenue from the Hong Kong segment represented approximately 15% of the total revenue (2014: 79%).

FINANCIAL RESOURCES AND LIQUIDITY

As at 31 March 2015, the shareholders' funds of the Group amounted to approximately HK\$140,665,000. Current assets were approximately HK\$445,416,000, mainly comprising cash and cash equivalents of approximately HK\$133,046,000 and trade and other receivables of approximately HK\$246,612,000. Current liabilities mainly comprised trade and other payables of approximately HK\$258,500,000 and zero bank borrowings. The net asset value per share was approximately HK\$0.104. The Group's gearing ratio, expressed as a percentage of bank borrowings and long-term debts over total equity, was nil. The liquidity ratio of the Group, determined as a ratio of current assets over current liabilities, was 1.72:1 (as at 31 March 2014: 14.57:1).

EXPOSURE TO EXCHANGE RATE FLUCTUATION

For the year ended 31 March 2015, the Group was only exposed to limited currency exchange rate fluctuation risks as virtually all of the Group's monetary assets and liabilities were denominated in Hong Kong dollars as it conducts its business transactions principally in this currency. The currency exchange rate risk of the Group is therefore considered to be immaterial, and the Group did not engage in any hedging activity.

COMMITMENTS

As at 31 March 2015, the Group had operating lease commitments in respect of rented premises and equipment of approximately HK\$6,485,000 (2014: HK\$39,716,000). As at 31 March 2015 and 2014, the Group had no significant capital commitment.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

As at 31 March 2015 and 2014, the Group had no material contingent liabilities.

CHARGES ON THE GROUP'S ASSETS

As at 31 March 2015 and 2014, the Group had no charges on the Group's assets.

EMPLOYEES AND REMUNERATION POLICIES

As at 31 March 2015, the Group had 116 employees (including 10 Directors) (2014: 44 employees (including 7 Directors)). The total remuneration paid to employees, including Directors, for the year ended 31 March 2015 was approximately HK\$14,719,000 (2014: HK\$11,364,000). Remuneration is determined by reference to market terms and the performance, qualification and experience of each individual employee. Annual year-end double pay is paid based on each individual employee's performance as recognition of and reward for their contributions. Other benefits accruing to the employees include contributions made to statutory mandatory provident fund scheme and a group medical scheme.

SIGNIFICANT INVESTMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2015, the Group had no significant investment.

FUTURE PROSPECTS AND PLANS FOR MATERIAL INVESTMENTS OR CAPITAL ASSETS

Guangzhou YBDS entered into an agency framework agreement with Aspire on 21 March 2014, pursuant to which Aspire has agreed to appoint Guangzhou YBDS as its non-exclusive agent to promote and distribute their unified communications business, irrespective of whether such businesses are operated by Aspire or not, and provide relevant customer service and support thereunder in each province of the PRC. The Agreement has automatically been renewed for a term of one year.

Aspire, an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of Aspire Holdings, was established in 2004 to provide operation and support services for the value added data businesses of China Mobile and is responsible for the operation and support of the central portal of Monternet.

Aspire Holdings, a direct non wholly-owned subsidiary of China Mobile, is the pioneer developer of data products and services for China Mobile. Aspire Holdings actively assists China Mobile in exploring, expanding, and facilitating businesses in areas such as information and communication technology and the internet. It has developed various super-large business platforms such as MISC and SIMS providing services nationwide. Aspire also assists China Mobile in the operation and support of mobile data businesses such as mobile newspaper and mobile reading. Through PIM, Aspire facilitates the development of China Mobile's Internet businesses such as 139 community, mobile micro-blog, and i-Contact under which its social network brand Fetion has a subscriber base of over 320 million users. In addition, it helped China Mobile to establish the first mobile market for carriers and the Center of Mobile Certificate Authority in the PRC.

The link-up with Aspire marks a milestone in the Company's history. Cooperation with large-scale state-owned telecommunications operators and upstream/downstream partners in the industry enables the Company to develop and provide new products and services, re-define and enhance our business model.

The premise of our cooperation with Aspire together with Fetion's estimated over 320 million registered users creates a solid foundation for the Company and Aspire to jointly develop front end module businesses.

On 31 March 2014, Guangzhou YBDS entered into a strategic cooperation agreement with BesTV to collaborate on exploring and developing new media technology and contents on IPTV, mobile television, internet television, mobile internet, multimedia stage design and production, and digital media platform research and development, offering such products and services through the 4 Screens.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

BesTV is a new media corporation controlled by Radio and Television Shanghai and Shanghai Media Group, and its shares are listed on The Shanghai Stock Exchange (stock code: 600637). Its business scope includes research, exploration, design, construction, management, maintaining entire network systems, interactive media application platform, and provision of network-related software and hardware in the field of technology development, technical consulting, technology transfer, technical services, network video production and operations, messaging, network equipment design, leasing, and sales and service. As at 31 December 2014, BesTV had over 20 million IPTV subscribers.

On 13 May 2014, Guangzhou YBDS entered into a letter of intent with PetroChina Trading and CT E-commerce, pursuant to which, the parties agreed to fully cooperate with each other to jointly market the business of payment clearance and recharge of prepaid petrol cards, and promote its development to enhance products competitiveness and enrich their services to customers. CT E-commerce, through their Bestpay platform, will provide clearance services for non-cash payments enabling PetroChina customers to pay for the purchase of petroleum through prepaid cards at the PetroChina's sales network.

Additionally, CT E-commerce will install compatible POS terminals at PetroChina's sales network to allow Bestpay users to settle payment through their mobile phones. Guangzhou YBDS will be responsible for the provision of POS terminals and relevant support services. As for the recharging of prepaid petrol card business, the parties will work together to establish online, offline and vocal channels to accept recharging requests from customers and provide the relevant support services. The parties will also cooperate together to unravel the market's potential to expand its customer base by launching multimedia marketing campaigns and publicity events.

On 26 August 2014, the Company, the HKCTS Group and China Telecommunications entered into a strategic cooperation agreement, pursuant to which, the parties agreed to cooperate in tourism, hotels, ticketing, mobile payment and other areas within the business scope of the HKCTS Group. China Telecommunications will, through its status as one of the leading mobile communications operators in the PRC, its tremendous users base and CT E-commerce, which has obtained the licence for payment businesses issued by the People's Bank of China, provide online and offline payment and acceptance. The Company will make use of its capability in software development to build a payment platform, providing the HKCTS Group with an overall online and offline solution. The Company will at the same time collaborate with China Telecommunications to, among others, broaden payment channels for tourism, hotels, ticketing and other areas within the business scope of the HKCTS Group, install POS terminals, develop mobile software, and mobile two-dimensional code ticket certification. The parties will, in respect of the sales business within the business scope of the HKCTS Group, jointly establish acceptance channels and customer services channels for, among others, online, offline and vocal business, and provide support and services for the related marketing operation. The parties will also hold joint marketing and promotional activities to explore the potential of their common customers, activate dormant users and expand common user groups.

The HKCTS Group is a key large-scale SOE directly managed by the Central People's Government of the PRC and regulated by the State-owned Assets Supervision and Administration Commission of the State Council of the PRC. It is also the largest SOE in the tourism industry and one of the four largest Chinese-funded enterprises in Hong Kong. It is now a diversified enterprise with core businesses in tourism and supporting businesses in industrial and commercial investments (iron and steel), real estate, logistics and trading. The HKCTS Group is the only large-scale tourism enterprise in the PRC providing the most comprehensive services throughout the whole value chain in the tourism industry. Moreover, it is the only organisation commissioned by the Ministry of Public Security of the PRC to administer the "Mainland Travel Permit for Hong Kong and Macao Residents" (港澳居民來往內地通行證) and "Mainland Travel Permit for Taiwan Residents" (台灣居民來往大陸通行證). China Travel International Investment Hong Kong Limited (香港中旅國際投資有限公司), a company controlled by the HKCTS Group, is listed on the Stock Exchange (stock code: 308).

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

China Telecommunications is one of the three largest and leading telecommunications operators in the PRC. China Telecommunications provides its customers with integrated information solutions including products such as mobile communications, broadband Internet access, information technology applications and fixed line phones. China Telecommunications has branch companies in 31 provinces (including autonomous regions and municipalities) of the PRC and major countries in Europe, America, Asia Pacific and other regions. China Telecommunications has the world's largest broadband network and technologically leading mobile communications network, making it capable of providing its customers with cross-border and comprehensive integrated information services and client service channels globally. China Telecom is a subsidiary of China Telecommunications, with its H shares listed on the Stock Exchange (stock code: 728). CT E-commerce, as an indirect subsidiary of China Telecommunications, has various channels for payment services such as mobile phones, fixed line telephones and POS terminals to provide safe and convenient financial information services such as "communication plus payment" (通信+支付), "payment plus financial management" (支付+理財) for individual and corporate users.

On 31 August 2014, the Company, through Guangzhou YBDS, and CVG, a company incorporated in the Cayman Islands, the shares of which are listed on GEM of the Stock Exchange (stock code: 8156), through CVCM, a company incorporated in the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region of the PRC and a direct wholly-owned subsidiary of CVG, have entered into a strategic cooperative agreement, pursuant to which, subject to CVG having obtained the required approvals from the relevant authorities, Guangzhou YBDS and CVCM will make use of their capability in software and hardware development to connect and integrate POS terminals so that all CVG's lottery distribution points will be equipped with the Group' non-cash online and offline payment system, including those on CT E-commerce's Bestpay platform and other non-cash payment methods, such as mobile payment, contactless payment, the debit cards issued by China UnionPay (中國銀聯) and other financial institutions.

The Group and CVG will utilize their respective advantages in each of their specialized areas to enhance the competitiveness of their businesses. The general public will therefore be able to benefit from the easiness and consumer friendliness of non-cash payment clearance for lottery purchases and for full coverage of online and offline applications in the consumer sectors including those through CVG's lottery distribution points.

CVG is a comprehensive solutions and related consolidated services provider for both welfare and sports lottery in the PRC. Its core business consists of development of lottery related hardware and software, provision of self-service lottery solutions and launching self-operated and franchise stores. The lottery business currently covers 18 provinces and regions. CVG is a member of the World Lottery Association.

The Directors believe that with the dawning of 4G networks, a new economy driven by new visual media is about to commence. The onset of unified communications will alter how traditional Internet OTT businesses operate. Moreover, mobile users will be able to access more convenient and colorful content benefited from the high bandwidth and low latency characteristics of 4G networks. The cooperation with BesTV to develop and operate 4G new media businesses enables the Company to preempt the mainstream of 4G new media businesses onto the 4 Screens' users.

The Directors also believe that the exponential growth in mobile Internet has brought forward intense competition across all market segments of the telecommunications industry into an era driven largely by the volume of data throughput. In hindsight, the Group re-defined its core business. Key businesses of the Group have been expanded to include big data, unified communications, cloud computing, network security SDN, 4G new media, top-level network designs for e-finance platforms, the software and hardware maintenance and operation in respect of the back end network support systems, design, development, production and manufacturing of the network front end products as well as the business operation of the online and offline payment. In hindsight, the Group is therefore accelerating its efforts in strategic transformation and capacity enhancement to maintain and create its competitive advantages.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Given our ambitions in the telecommunications industry in the PRC, Mr. Ni, the former chief science and technology officer of the Lenovo Group, was appointed as the chief science and technology advisor of the Company on 7 April 2014. He advises the Company on its business activities in information and telecommunications technology.

Hence, the entering into of the agency framework agreement with Aspire and strategic cooperation agreement with BesTV are in line with the Group's strategy enabling it to expand its existing services and revenue base and enhance its growth potential. Accordingly, the Directors consider that the entering into of the agency framework agreement and strategic cooperation agreement are in the interest of the Company and its shareholders as a whole.

Moreover, the Directors believe that the mobile phone has become the ultimate terminal for consumer mobile applications globally. The entering into of (i) the letter of intent among the Group, PetroChina Trading and CT E-commerce, (ii) strategic cooperation agreement among the Group, the HKCTS Group and China Telecommunications, and (iii) strategic cooperative agreement between the Group and CVCM will create synergy and enhance cooperation amongst the parties concerned to provide consumer-friendly payment services using the mobile phone as a terminal for mobile applications in business, entertainment, work and in daily life. Irrespective of the transaction amounts involved, the cooperation serves as a stepping stone to expand our coverage for online and offline payment services, which is in line with the Group's strategy of designing, developing, manufacturing and operating leading products for mobile networks as well as online and offline payment services, and is expected to generate further revenue for the Group.

On 23 December 2014, the Company through Able Bloom completed the acquisition of the entire equity interest of China Mobile Payment held by Mr. Chan, the controlling shareholder of the Company, at a consideration of HK\$3 million.

The consideration has been settled by way of cash funded by internal resources. China Mobile Payment and its major operating subsidiaries are principally engaged in the trading of residential gateway products, namely, routers, G-PON equipment and E-PON equipment, as well as providing IT network consultation service. Their major customer is China Telecom.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

The Company has adopted the code provisions (“**Code Provisions**”) set out in the Corporate Governance Code (the “**Code**”) as set out in Appendix 15 to the GEM Listing Rules. The Company has complied with the Code Provisions set out in the Code throughout the year ended 31 March 2015 except for the deviations from Code Provisions A.1.8 and A.2.1 of the Code as explained as follows:

Code Provision A.1.8

Code Provision A.1.8 stipulates that the Company should arrange appropriate insurance cover in respect of legal action against its directors.

During the reporting period, the Board considered that under the current close management situation of the Group and business scale, the possibility of actual litigation against the Directors is very low. The Company will consider reviewing various insurance cover proposals and will make such an arrangement as appropriate.

Code Provision A.2.1

Code Provision A.2.1 stipulates that the roles of chairman and chief executive officer should be separated.

The executive Directors, namely, Mr. Wang Chaoyong, Mr. Wang Xiaoqi, Mr. Yau Hoi Kin, Mr. Kwong Wai Ho, Richard and Dr. Huang Youmin, are focused on evaluating new potential business and investment opportunities and formulating and implementing business strategies to enhance the revenue and growth potential of the Company. Hence, a new chairman and chief executive officer will not be appointed until suitable candidates have been identified for such purpose.

The Board will continue to monitor and review the Company’s corporate governance practices to ensure compliance with the Code.

The Board conducted reviews of the system of internal controls of the Group to ensure an effective and adequate internal controls system is in place. The Board also convened meetings to discuss financial, operational and risk management controls.

In 2015, the Company continued to implement and follow up on those suggestions and recommendations made by Zhonghui Anda Risk Services Limited as part of their 2014 comprehensive review on the internal controls of the Group. As such, the Group’s internal supervision and risk prevention measures continue to improve.

COMPLIANCE OF CODE FOR DIRECTORS’ SECURITIES TRANSACTION

The Company has adopted a code of conduct regarding securities transactions by directors on terms no less exacting than the required standard of dealings set out in Rules 5.48 to 5.67 of the GEM Listing Rules. Having made specific enquiry, all Directors of the Company have complied with the required standard of dealings and the code of conduct regarding securities transactions by directors adopted by the Company throughout the year ended 31 March 2015.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

EFFECTIVE AND EXPERIENCED BOARD

Board Composition

The Board comprised the following members during the year:

Executive Directors:

Mr. Wang Chaoyong (appointed on 7 April 2014)
Mr. Wang Xiaoqi (appointed on 17 March 2015)
Mr. Yau Hoi Kin
Mr. Kwong Wai Ho, Richard
Dr. Huang Youmin

Non-executive Director:

Mr. Hsu Chia-Chun

Independent Non-executive Directors:

Dr. Chow Ka Ming, Jimmy
Mr. Ngan Yu Loong
Dr. Wong Wing Lit
Mr. Tse Yee Hin, Tony (appointed on 15 May 2014)

Board Meeting

The Board meets at least four times a year to, among other matters, review past financial and operating performance and discuss the Group's direction and strategy.

Details of the attendance of the Board are as follows:

		Attendance/Number of Board meetings held during the year	Attendance/Number of General meetings held during the year
Mr. Wang Chaoyong	(appointed on 7 April 2014)	3/10	0/2
Mr. Wang Xiaoqi	(appointed on 17 March 2015)	-/-	-/-
Mr. Yau Hoi Kin		8/10	1/2
Mr. Kwong Wai Ho, Richard		10/10	2/2
Dr. Huang Youmin		10/10	2/2
Mr. Hsu Chia-Chun		5/10	0/2
Mr. Ngan Yu Loong		7/10	1/2
Dr. Chow Ka Ming, Jimmy		8/10	2/2
Dr. Wong Wing Lit		7/10	2/2
Mr. Tse Yee Hin, Tony	(appointed on 15 May 2014)	6/10	1/2

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

Functions of the Board

The Board is responsible for formulating the Group's overall strategy, considering and approving financial statements, material contracts and transactions as well as other significant policy and financial matters. The Board delegates the day to day operation and administration functions to the executive Directors and management, while preserving the right to finally approve key matters and strategic decisions. When the Board delegates certain aspects of its management and administration functions to management, it gives clear directions as to the powers of management, in particular, with respect to the circumstances where management should report back and obtain prior approval from the Board before making decisions or entering into any commitments on behalf of the Company. The Directors do not have any financial, business, family or other material/relevant relationships with each other.

Practices and Conduct of Meetings

Schedules and draft proposed agendas for all Board and committee meetings are normally made available to Directors in advance.

Notice to regular Board meetings is served to all Directors at least 14 business days before the meeting. For other Board and committee meetings, reasonable notice is generally given.

Board papers together with all appropriate, complete and reliable information are sent to all Directors/committee members, to the extent possible, at least 3 days before each Board or committee meeting to keep the Directors or committee members apprised of the latest developments and financial position of the Company enabling them to make informed decisions. The Board and each Director have separate and independent access to senior management whenever it deems necessary.

The secretary of the meeting is responsible to take and keep minutes of all Board and committee meetings. Draft minutes are normally circulated to Directors for comment within a reasonable time after each meeting and the final version is open for Directors' inspection.

According to the current practices of the Board, any material transaction, which involves a conflict of interests relating to a substantial shareholder, Director or Directors, will be considered and dealt with by the Board at a duly convened Board meeting. The Company's articles of association also contains provisions requiring Directors to abstain from voting and not to be counted in the quorum at meetings for approving transactions in which such substantial shareholder, Director or Directors or any of their associates have a material interest.

Appointment, Re-election and Removal of Directors

According to the Company's articles of association, one-third of the Directors are required to retire from office at each annual general meeting, provided that every Director shall be subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years.

According to the Code Provision A.4.1 of the CG Code, non-executive Directors should be appointed for a specific term of service. On 21 June 2012, two of the current independent non-executive Directors, namely Dr. Chow Ka Ming, Jimmy and Dr. Wong Wing Lit, entered into an appointment letter with the Company for a term of three years commencing from 30 January 2012 and 17 February 2012, respectively, and are subject to retirement by rotation as they shall offer themselves for re-election in accordance with the Company's articles of association. On 12 June 2015, each of Dr. Chow and Dr. Wong entered into a new appointment letter with the Company for a term of one year commencing from 30 January 2015 and 17 February 2015, respectively, renewable automatically thereafter until termination by either the Company or the Director giving to the other not less than one month's notice in writing and subject to retirement by rotation as they shall offer themselves for re-election in accordance with the Company's articles of association. Mr. Ngan Yu Loong was appointed as an independent non-executive Director with effect from 2 December 2013. Mr. Ngan entered into a letter of appointment with the Company for a term of three years commencing on 2 December 2013 and is subject to retirement by rotation in accordance with the

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

Company's articles of association of the Company. Mr. Tse Yee Hin, Tony was appointed as an independent non-executive Director of the Company with effect from 15 May 2014. Mr. Tse entered into a letter of appointment with the Company for a term of three years commencing on 15 May 2014 and is subject to retirement by rotation in accordance with the Company's articles of association of the Company.

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

The Company has received annual confirmations from each of the independent non-executive Directors as regards their independence of the Company pursuant to Rule 5.09 of the GEM Listing Rules and considers that each of the independent non-executive Directors to be independent of the Company.

TERM OF OFFICE OF NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

The term of office for Mr. Hsu Chia-Chun, the non-executive Director, is for a period of one year commencing from 24 August 2014.

CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

Code Provision A.2.1 stipulated that the roles of chairman and chief executive officer should be separated.

The executive Directors, namely, Mr. Wang Chaoyong, Mr. Wang Xiaoqi, Mr. Yau Hoi Kin, Mr. Kwong Wai Ho, Richard, and Dr. Huang Youmin, are focused on evaluating new potential business and investment opportunities and formulating a new business strategy to enhance the revenue and growth potential of the Company. Hence, a new chairman and chief executive officer will not be appointed until suitable candidates have been identified for such purpose.

Save as disclosed in the section of "Biographical Information of Directors and Senior Management", there is no financial, business, family or other material and/or relevant relationship between the executive Directors and members of the Board.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The audit committee of the Company (the "Audit Committee") was established in May 2000, and the Company had adopted a revised specific terms of reference as of 2 December 2013 in accordance with Rules 5.28 to 5.33 of the GEM Listing Rules.

During the year, the Audit Committee comprised Mr. Ngan Yu Loong, Dr. Chow Ka Ming, Jimmy, Dr. Wong Wing Lit and Mr. Tse Yee Hin, Tony, all of whom are independent non-executive Directors. Mr. Ngan Yu Loong is the current chairman of the Audit Committee. Mr. Tse Yee Hin, Tony was appointed as a member of the Audit Committee with effect from 15 May 2014.

The primary duties of the Audit Committee are to review the Group's audit findings, accounting policies and standards, changes of accounting rules (if any), compliance to the GEM Listing Rules, internal and audit control, and cash flow forecast.

The Audit Committee has reviewed the audited consolidated results of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2015 and the internal control system of the Group.

During the year, the Group's unaudited quarterly and half-yearly results and audited annual results for the year ended 31 March 2015 have been reviewed by the Audit Committee and have opined such financial statements complied with the applicable accounting standards and that adequate disclosures have been made.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

During the year under review, four meetings of the Audit Committee were held. Details of the members' attendance of the Audit Committee meetings are as follows:

	Attendance/Number of Audit Committee meetings held during the year
Mr. Ngan Yu Loong (<i>Chairman</i>)	4/4
Dr. Chow Ka Ming, Jimmy	4/4
Dr. Wong Wing Lit	4/4
Mr. Tse Yee Hin, Tony (<i>appointed on 15 May 2014</i>)	3/3

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

The remuneration committee of the Company (the "**Remuneration Committee**") was established in November 2005 and the Company had adopted a revised specific terms of reference as of 2 December 2013 in accordance with Rules 5.34 to 5.36 of the GEM Listing Rules and the requirements set out under Code Provision.

During the year, the Remuneration Committee comprised Dr. Chow Ka Ming, Jimmy, Mr. Ngan Yu Loong, Dr. Wong Wing Lit and Mr. Tse Yee Hin, Tony, all of whom are independent non-executive Directors. Dr. Chow Ka Ming, Jimmy is the current chairman of the Remuneration Committee. Mr. Tse Yee Hin, Tony was appointed as a member of the Remuneration Committee with effect from 15 May 2014.

The Remuneration Committee meets at least once annually or on an as needed basis. The primary duties of the Remuneration Committee are to make recommendations to the Board on the remuneration of Directors and senior management and determine on behalf of the Board the specific remuneration packages and conditions of employment for executive Directors and senior management.

During the year ended 31 March 2015, the Remuneration Committee has performed its duties to review the remuneration of Board members and make recommendations to the Board on the remuneration package of Mr. Wang Chaoyong, Mr. Tse Yee Hin, Tony, Mr. Hsu Chia-Chun and Mr. Wang Xiaoqi.

During the year under review, three meetings of the Remuneration Committee were held. Details of the members' attendance of the Remuneration Committee meeting are as follows:

	Attendance/Number of Remuneration Committee meetings held during the year
Dr. Chow Ka Ming, Jimmy (<i>Chairman</i>)	3/3
Mr. Ngan Yu Loong	3/3
Dr. Wong Wing Lit	3/3
Mr. Tse Yee Hin, Tony (<i>appointed on 15 May 2014</i>)	2/3

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

The policies for the remuneration of executive Directors and, if appropriate, independent non-executive Directors are:

- to ensure that none of the Directors should determine their own remuneration;
- the remuneration should be broadly aligned with companies with which the Company competes for human resources;
- the Group should aim to attract and retain executives and to motivate them to pursue appropriate growth strategies whilst taking into account individual performance; and
- the remuneration should reflect the performance, complexity of duties and responsibility of individuals.

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

The nomination committee of the Company (the “**Nomination Committee**”) was established in May 2011 and the Company had adopted a revised specific written terms of reference as of 2 December 2013 in compliance with the Code Provision A.5.

The Nomination Committee comprised Mr. Ngan Yu Loong, Dr. Chow Ka Ming, Jimmy, Dr. Wong Wing Lit and Mr. Tse Yee Hin, Tony all of whom are independent non-executive Directors. Mr. Ngan Yu Loong is the current chairman of the Nomination Committee. He was appointed as a member of the Nomination Committee with effect from 2 December 2013. Mr. Tse Yee Hin, Tony, an independent non-executive Director, was appointed as a member of the Nomination Committee with effect from 15 May 2014.

The primary duties of the Nomination Committee are to identify potential candidates and make recommendations to the Board on relevant matters relating to the appointment or re-appointment of Directors.

During the year ended 31 March 2015, the Nomination Committee has performed its duties to make recommendations to the Board on the re-appointment of Mr. Hsu Chia-Chun as non-executive Director, appointment of Mr. Tse Yee Hin, Tony as independent non-executive Director and appointment of Mr. Wang Chaoyong and Mr. Wang Xiaoqi as executive Directors.

Pursuant to code provision A.5.6 of the Code, the Board has adopted a board diversity policy and the Nomination Committee is responsible for monitoring the achievement of the measurable objectives set out in the policy.

The Company recognizes and seizes the benefits of having a diverse Board to enhance the quality of its performance. With a view to achieving a sustainable and balanced development, the Company sees increasing diversity at the Board level as an essential element in supporting the attainment of its strategic objectives and its sustainable development.

In designing the Board’s composition, board diversity has been considered from a number of aspects, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, professional experience, skills and knowledge. All Board appointments will be based on merit, and candidates will be considered against objective criteria, having due regard for the benefits of diversity on the Board.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

During the year under review, four meetings of the Nomination Committee were held. Details of the members' attendance of the Nomination Committee are as follows:

	Attendance/Number of Nomination Committee meetings held during the year
Mr. Ngan Yu Loong (<i>Chairman</i>)	4/4
Dr. Chow Ka Ming, Jimmy	4/4
Dr. Wong Wing Lit	4/4
Mr. Tse Yee Hin, Tony <i>(appointed on 15 May 2014)</i>	2/3

DIRECTORS' TRAINING

According to the Code Provision A.6.5, all directors should participate in continuous professional development and refresh their knowledge and skills to ensure that their contribution to the board remains informed and relevant. To ensure the Directors' contribution to the Board remain informed and relevant, the Company will be responsible arranging and finding suitable training for Directors.

The Company will provide a comprehensive package of induction materials about the duties, responsibilities and liabilities as well as statutory and regulatory obligations of a director of a listed company.

During the financial year ended 31 March 2015, an individual training record of each Director is set out below:

Name of Director	Attending or Participating in courses/seminars/ conference/workshops relevant to rules and regulations and the Group's business/ directors' duties	Reading materials relating to rules and regulations and discharge of directors' duties and Responsibilities
Executive Directors:		
Mr. Wang Chaoyong <i>(appointed on 7 April 2014)</i>	✓	✓
Mr. Wang Xiaoqi <i>(appointed on 17 Mar 2015)</i>	✓	✓
Mr. Yau Hoi Kin	✓	✓
Mr. Kwong Wai Ho, Richard	✓	✓
Dr. Huang Youmin	✓	✓
Non-executive Director:		
Mr. Hsu Chia-Chun	✓	✓
Independent Non-executive Directors:		
Dr. Chow Ka Ming, Jimmy	✓	✓
Dr. Wong Wing Lit	✓	✓
Mr. Ngan Yu Loong	✓	✓
Mr. Tse Yee Hin, Tony <i>(appointed on 15 May 2014)</i>	✓	✓

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

COMPANY SECRETARY

The Company engaged an external service provider, Mr. Tung Tat Chiu, Michael (“**Mr. Tung**”) as its company secretary. Although Mr. Tung is accessible by all executive Directors and senior management, Mr. Yau Hoi Kin and Mr. Kwong Wai Ho Richard, our executive Directors, are the principal persons with whom Mr. Tung liaises with. For the year ended 31 March 2015, Mr. Tung has received relevant professional training of not less than 15 hours to update his skills and knowledge.

AUDITORS’ REMUNERATION

The consolidated financial statements of the Company for the year were audited by Grant Thornton Hong Kong Limited whose term of office will expire upon the forthcoming annual general meeting. The Audit Committee has recommended to the Board that Grant Thornton Hong Kong Limited will be re-appointed as auditors of the Company for approval by the shareholders of the Company at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

During the year under review, the remuneration paid or payable to the Company’s auditors, Grant Thornton Hong Kong Limited, in respect of its audit and non-audit services was as follow:

Type of Services	HK\$’ 000
Audit services	330
Non-audit services	270
Total	600

During the year under review, all of the auditors’ remuneration for non-audit service assignments was paid to Grant Thornton Hong Kong Limited in relation to reviewing 2014/2015 1st quarterly report of the Company for an amount of HK\$10,000, reviewing 2014/2015 interim report of the Company for an amount of HK\$50,000, reviewing 2014/2015 3rd quarterly report of the Company for an amount of HK\$10,000 and performing assurance work on the compilation of unaudited pro forma financial information included in a circular for an amount of HK\$200,000.

INTERNAL CONTROL

The Board conducted reviews of the system of internal controls of the Group to ensure an effective and adequate internal controls system is in place. The Board also convened meetings to discuss financial, operational and risk management controls.

In 2015, the Company continued to implement and follow up on those suggestions and recommendations made by Zhonghui Anda Risk Services Limited as part of their 2014 comprehensive review on the internal controls of the Group. As such, the Group’s internal supervision and risk prevention measures continue to improve.

DIRECTORS’ AND AUDITORS’ ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

All Directors acknowledge their responsibilities for preparing the audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2015.

The auditors of the Company acknowledge their reporting responsibilities in the auditors’ report contained in this annual report for the year ended 31 March 2015.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

SHAREHOLDER'S RIGHTS

How shareholders can convene an extraordinary general meeting

Pursuant to Article 58 of the articles of association of the Company, any one or more Members holding at the date of deposit of the requisition not less than one-tenth of the paid up capital of the Company carrying the right of voting at general meetings of the Company shall at all times have the right, by written requisition to the Board or the Secretary of the Company, to require an extraordinary general meeting to be called by the Board for the transaction of any business specified in such requisition.

The procedures by which enquiries may be put to the Board and sufficient contact details to enable these enquiries to be properly directed

Shareholders may send their enquiries and concerns to the Board by addressing them to the principal place of business of Company in Hong Kong at Room 1602, 16/F, AXA Centre, 151 Gloucester Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong by post for the attention of the Board.

Procedures and sufficient contact details for putting forward proposals at shareholders' meetings

Shareholders are welcomed to suggest proposals relating to the operations, strategy and/or management of the Group to be discussed at shareholders' meeting. Proposal shall be sent to the Board by written requisition. Pursuant to the articles of association of the Company, a shareholder or shareholders who wish to put forward a proposal should convene an extraordinary general meeting by following the procedures as set out in paragraph headed "How shareholders can convene an extraordinary general meeting" above.

INVESTOR RELATIONS

The Company has uploaded its memorandum and articles of association on the websites of the Stock Exchange (<http://www.hkexnews.hk/>) and the Company (<http://www.ybds.com.hk/>).

On 23 June 2014, the shareholders of the Company at the annual general meeting approved amendments to certain provisions in the articles of association of the Company to (1) reflect the amendments to the GEM Listing Rules relating to connected transaction requirements and definition of "connected person" and "associate" and to (2) align with the new Companies Ordinance (Chapter 622 of the Laws of Hong Kong) which came into effect on 3 March 2014. Save as disclosed above, there are no other significant changes in the Company's constitutional documents.

BIOGRAPHICAL INFORMATION OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

Mr. Wang Chaoyong (汪超湧) (“**Mr. Wang Chaoyong**”), aged 50, was appointed as an executive Director on 7 April 2014 and re-elected on 23 June 2014. He is founder, chairman and chief executive officer of ChinaEquity Group, one of the leading private equity and venture capital investment firms in China. Founded in 1999, the ChinaEquity Group focuses on high-tech, consumer & retail, media & education, cleantech, and healthcare sectors with over one billion US dollars of assets under management. Mr. Wang Chaoyong is also chairman of Origo Partner Plc, an investment fund listed on the London Stock Exchange (LSE: OPP), an independent director of The9 Limited, a company listed on NASDAQ (NCTY), an independent non-executive director of Yonyou Network Technology Co., Ltd., a company listed on the Shanghai Stock Exchange (SSE: 600588) and a director of several private companies in China. He graduated from Huazhong University of Science and Technology majoring in information management engineering and received his MBA degree jointly from Tsinghua University and Rutgers University. He has over 27 years of working experience in the investment and financial services industry and was previously employed by JP Morgan Chase, Standard & Poor, Morgan Stanley and the China Development Bank. In addition, Mr. Wang Chaoyong has extensive experience in the specialized areas of securitization, initial public offerings, cross-border mergers and acquisitions, privatization and restructuring, private equity and venture capital investments. He has spearheaded over 70 investment projects including Baidu, Sohu, Huayi Brothers as well as other pre-IPO projects such as Tony Studio, Tongji Pharmaceuticals, China Cheng Xin International Credit Rating, Longwen Education, among others. Mr. Wang Chaoyong is an inaugural member of the Yale Asia Development Council, an executive director of WRSA, a director of the China Entrepreneurship Club, among others.

Mr. Wang Chaoyong had previously served as an investment advisor to State Development Bank of China, as an advisor to World Bank on the GEF China Energy Project, the investment & finance sub-committee of the Chinese Academy of Sciences, the Economic & Trade Commission of the Beijing City Government, as a Board Governor and secretary general of the China Venture Capital Association (for the years from 2002 to 2005), as vice chairman of second session of the Council of China Overseas-Educated Scholars Development Foundation, as vice chairman of the WRSA Entrepreneur Alliance and Hubei Chamber of Commerce, as a director of the China Entrepreneur Club, as vice chairman of the China Association for Promoting International Economic & Technical Cooperation, as a director of the China Entrepreneur Yabuli Forum, and as executive chairman of China Sports Marketing Forum.

Mr. Wang Chaoyong is the recipient of numerous accolades including the “Top 20 Most Active Venture Capitalists in China,” “Top 10 Most Successful Western Returned Entrepreneur in China,” and “Great Contribution to Industry in 2012” from the Hurun Report, “Aspen 7 in Brainstorm 2004” from FORTUNE, “Top 50 Best Investors in China 2012” from CBN Weekly, Marine Contribution Award by China Cup 2013 and Title of Knight by Sailing spirit Grand Ceremony 2013. He is an active speaker and a panelist for the global fortune conference, Asia Society as well as many of the domestic and international investment symposiums.

Mr. Wang Chaoyong found the China Team, the first Chinese team ever to compete in the history of the America’s Cup, and is an investor of the China Grand Rally. In philanthropy, he started the Lishizhen Education Charity Fund and is a contributor to the Tsinghua University Endowment Fund and other social entrepreneurship projects.

Save as disclosed above, Mr. Wang Chaoyong does not hold any positions in the Company or any of its subsidiaries and does not hold any directorships in any public companies the securities of which are listed on any securities market in Hong Kong or overseas in the last three years. Save as disclosed above, Mr. Wang Chaoyong is not connected with any Directors, senior management, substantial shareholders or controlling shareholders of the Company.

BIOGRAPHICAL INFORMATION OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Mr. Wang Xiaoqi (王曉琦) (“Mr. Wang Xiaoqi”), aged 36, was appointed as an executive Director on 17 March 2015 and a director of two subsidiaries within the Group. He has been a business manager of Guangzhou YBDS IT Co., Ltd.* (廣州韻博信息科技有限公司), an indirectly wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, since May 2014. He has over 15 years of working experience in the telecommunications industry in China. Prior to joining the Group, Mr. Wang Xiaoqi was the deputy general manager of Hua Strong Network Science and Technology Limited Company* (華天網絡科技有限公司) and Beijing Huaqin World Technology Limited Company* (北京華勤天地科技有限公司), both of which are indirect subsidiary of the Company, from 2000 to 2014. Mr. Wang Xiaoqi has resigned from both companies in April 2014. He obtained a bachelor degree from Beijing University of Technology (北京工業大學) in Computer Controls and Applications. As at the date of this report, Mr. Wang Xiaoqi is interested in 382,000 ordinary shares of the Company, representing approximately 0.028% of the total number of ordinary shares of the Company. Save as disclosed above, Mr. Wang Xiaoqi does not have any interest in the shares or underlying shares of the Company within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Chapter 571 of Laws of Hong Kong) (“SFO”). Save as disclosed above, Mr. Wang Xiaoqi does not hold any positions in the Company or any of its subsidiaries and does not hold any directorships in any public companies the securities of which are listed on any securities market in Hong Kong or overseas in the last three years. Save as disclosed above, Mr. Wang Xiaoqi is not connected with any Directors, senior management, substantial shareholders or controlling shareholders of the Company.

Mr. Yau Hoi Kin (游海建) (“Mr. Yau”), aged 48, was appointed as an executive Director on 30 January 2012 and re-elected on 23 June 2014. Mr. Yau has a wealth of practical experience and extensive knowledge of the business practices, and of the legal and regulatory frameworks in the PRC. He had previously held senior positions in major international houses and spearheaded the listing of various State – and privately owned companies in the PRC. Before that, Mr. Yau was an executive with the investment window company of the Guangzhou City Municipal Government. He had previously held an executive director position at a company listed in Hong Kong. Mr. Yau graduated with a degree in industrial enterprises management from 武漢水運工程學院 (now known as 武漢理工大學 or Wuhan University of Technology) and received his post-graduate certificate in business administration from the Hong Kong Open University. Save as disclosed above, Mr. Yau does not hold any positions in the Company or any of its subsidiaries and does not hold any directorships in any public companies the securities of which are listed on any securities market in Hong Kong or overseas in the last three years. Save as disclosed above, Mr. Yau is not connected with any Directors, senior management, substantial shareholders or controlling shareholders of the Company.

Mr. Kwong Wai Ho, Richard (鄺偉豪) (“Mr. Kwong”), aged 51, was appointed as an executive Director on 30 January 2012 and re-elected on 6 August 2012. Mr. Kwong has expertise and extensive experience in the banking, international finance, and project advisory fields. Previously at a major international bank, he was instrumental in sourcing funding for many large scale infrastructure projects undertaken by window companies of the Guangzhou City Municipal Government, among others. Prior to joining the Company, he was a financial advisor to a number of private and listed companies in the Asia Pacific Region. Mr. Kwong had previously held executive director positions for companies listed in Hong Kong. Mr. Kwong graduated from New York University with a degree of Bachelor of Science in finance. Save as disclosed above, Mr. Kwong does not hold any positions in the Company or any of its subsidiaries and does not hold any directorships in any public companies the securities of which are listed on any securities market in Hong Kong or overseas in the last three years. Save as disclosed above, Mr. Kwong is not connected with any Directors, senior management, substantial shareholders or controlling shareholders of the Company.

BIOGRAPHICAL INFORMATION OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Dr. Huang Youmin (黃友民) (“Dr. Huang”), aged 65, was appointed as an executive Director on 30 January 2012 and re-elected on 8 July 2013. Prior to joining the Company, Dr. Huang was the principal investor and managing partner of a joint venture with the Ministry of Electronics Industry in the PRC. He spearheaded the research and development of automatic fare collection systems with embedded security features uniquely designed for the PRC’s various public transport systems. Dr. Huang previously held various senior managerial positions in window companies of the Guangzhou City Municipal Government that invested and operated large scale infrastructure projects in telecommunications, highways and airports. Before that, he taught chemistry at his alma mater. Dr. Huang graduated from Jinan University with a Bachelor’s degree in organic chemistry. He went to study at the University of California, Los Angeles before earning his Philosophy of Doctorate degree in physical organic chemistry at The University of Hong Kong. Save as disclosed above, Dr. Huang does not hold any positions in the Company or any of its subsidiaries and does not hold any directorships in any public companies the securities of which are listed on any securities market in Hong Kong or overseas in the last three years. Save as disclosed above, Dr. Huang is not connected with any Directors, senior management, substantial shareholders or controlling shareholders of the Company.

Non-executive Director

Mr. Hsu Chia-Chun (徐嘉駿) (“Mr. Hsu”), aged 31, was appointed as a non-executive Director on 24 August 2012 and re-elected on 8 July 2013. He is engaged in film, television, and media-related production in both PRC and United States. He has been a producer of a 3D movie in Los Angeles while pursuing postgraduate studies of Cinematic Arts Film and Television Production at University of Southern California in United States. Mr. Hsu obtained his Bachelor of Arts Degree in English and Chinese Literature from College of Liberal Arts of National Central University in Taiwan. Save as disclosed above, Mr. Hsu does not hold any positions in the Company or any of its subsidiaries and does not hold any directorships in any public companies the securities of which are listed on any securities market in Hong Kong or overseas in the last three years. Save as disclosed above, Mr. Hsu is not connected with any Directors, senior management, substantial shareholders or controlling shareholders of the Company.

Independent Non-executive Directors

Dr. Chow Ka Ming, Jimmy (周嘉明) (“Dr. Chow”), aged 40, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 30 January 2012 and re-elected on 8 July 2013. He is currently the Chairman of the Hong Kong Information and System Security Professional Association, and also a member of the British Computer Society. Dr. Chow has more than 10 years of managerial experience in the information technology, engineering and education fields. His current research interests include mobile robotics, soft-computing, computer networking and Information security and he has published a number of international journal papers in his research fields. Dr. Chow received his BEng (Hons) in Electrical Engineering (First Class Honor) and Doctor of Philosophy in Electrical Engineering from The Hong Kong Polytechnic University in 1997 and 2001 respectively. He was also one of the awardees of the Sir Edward Youde Memorial Scholarships and Sir Edward Youde Memorial Fellowships during his undergraduate and doctoral degree studies respectively. Save as disclosed above, Dr. Chow does not hold any positions in the Company or any of its subsidiaries and does not hold any directorships in any public companies the securities of which are listed on any securities market in Hong Kong or overseas in the last three years. Save as disclosed above, Dr. Chow is not connected with any Directors, senior management, substantial shareholders or controlling shareholders of the Company.

BIOGRAPHICAL INFORMATION OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Dr. Wong Wing Lit (黃榮烈) (“Dr. Wong”), aged 53, was appointed as an Independent non-executive Director on 17 February 2012 and re-elected on 23 June 2014. He is currently teaching actuary science and statistics in a university in Hong Kong. He is the Chairman of The Hong Kong Mathematical Olympiad Association, a statistician and associate actuary. Dr. Wong is a member of a number of professional bodies in Hong Kong including but not limited to Actuarial Society of Hong Kong and Hong Kong Statistical Society, and was conferred the title of Associate of The Society of Actuaries (ASA) in USA since 1993. Dr. Wong graduated from The Chinese University of Hong Kong with a Master of Philosophy degree and a Bachelor’s degree in Statistics. He furthered his studies at the University of Pittsburgh, where he received his Doctorate and Master degree in Statistics and Mathematics. Save as disclosed above, Dr. Wong does not hold any positions in the Company or any of its subsidiaries and does not hold any directorships in any public companies the securities of which are listed on any securities market in Hong Kong or overseas in the last three years. Save as disclosed above, Dr. Wong is not connected with any Directors, senior management, substantial shareholders or controlling shareholders of the Company.

Mr. Ngan Yu Loong (顏裕龍) (“Mr. Ngan”), aged 52, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 2 December 2013 and re-elected on 23 June 2014. He is a certified public accountant of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Mr. Ngan has 20 years of experience in accounting and finance. He has been the principal partner of Y. L. Ngan and Company Certified Public Accountants since 1 July 1996. Save as disclosed above, Mr. Ngan does not hold any positions in the Company or any of its subsidiaries and does not hold any directorships in any public companies the securities of which are listed on any securities market in Hong Kong or overseas in the last three years. Save as disclosed above, Mr. Ngan is not connected with any Directors, senior management, substantial shareholders or controlling shareholders of the Company.

Mr. Tse Yee Hin, Tony (謝宇軒) (“Mr. Tse”), aged 45, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 15 May 2014 and re-elected on 23 June 2014. He holds a Bachelor of Science degree with honors in Finance and Accounting from University of Salford, United Kingdom and a degree in Executive Master of Business Administration from Richard Ivey School of Business, The University of Western Ontario, Canada. Mr. Tse is a member of each of Illinois Certified Public Accountants Society, American Institute of Certified Public Accountants, Institute of Accountants Exchange, Hong Kong Securities and Investment Institute and Hong Kong Securities Professionals Association. Mr. Tse is also an associate member of The Chartered Institute of Management Accountants of the United Kingdom and Hong Kong Institute of Certificate Public Accountants. Mr. Tse has over 18 years of experience in corporate finance and accounting and has worked for several international accounting firms, investment banks and the Stock Exchange. Mr. Tse is currently a managing director of corporate finance department in Essence Corporate Finance (Hong Kong) Limited and acts as its principal under the sponsor regime. Mr. Tse is also a non-executive director of China Oil Gangran Energy Group Holdings Limited (Stock Code: 8132) and Millennium Pacific Group Holdings Limited (Stock Code: 8147). Mr. Tse is a responsible officer licensed under the SFO to carry on Type 1 (dealing in securities) and Type 6 (advising on corporate finance) regulated activities. Save as disclosed above, Mr. Tse does not hold any positions in the Company or any of its subsidiaries and does not hold any directorships in any public companies the securities of which are listed on any securities market in Hong Kong or overseas in the last three years. Save as disclosed above, Mr. Tse is not connected with any Directors, senior management, substantial shareholders or controlling shareholders of the Company.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

The Directors submit herewith the annual report and the audited consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2015.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES AND SEGMENT ANALYSIS OF OPERATIONS

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding. The principal activities and other particulars of the subsidiaries are set out in note 18 to the consolidated financial statements.

During the year ended 31 March 2015, the Group focused to strengthen its business development in the area of trading of high-tech software and hardware equipment; develop and establish online platforms to distribute mobile products and provision of value-added services; and set up joint ventures with multinational companies to introduce and procure mobile application services, among others. There were no significant changes in the nature of the Group's principal activities during the year.

An analysis of the Group's revenue and operating segments for the year under review is set out in note 5 to the consolidated financial statements.

RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

The results of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2015 are set out in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income on pages 40 and 41.

The Directors do not recommend the payment of a final dividend for the year ended 31 March 2015.

SUMMARY FINANCIAL INFORMATION

A summary of the published results and assets, liabilities and non-controlling interests of the Group for the last five financial years, as extracted from the audited consolidated financial statements and restated/reclassified as appropriate, is set out on page 37. This summary does not form part of the audited consolidated financial statements.

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Company's articles of association or the laws of the Cayman Islands which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro rata basis to existing shareholders.

SHARE CAPITAL AND SHARE OPTIONS

Details of the Company's share capital and share options are set out in notes 24 and 25 to the consolidated financial statements respectively.

RESERVES

Details of movements in the reserves of the Group and of the Company during the year are set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity on page 45 and note 26 to the consolidated financial statements respectively.

DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES

As at 31 March 2015, in the opinion of the Directors, the Company's reserve available for distribution to shareholders (comprising share premium) amounted to approximately HK\$101,852,000.

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of movements in the property, plant and equipment of the Group are set out in note 15 to the consolidated financial statements.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF LISTED SHARES

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed shares during the year ended 31 March 2015.

SHARE OPTION SCHEME

A share option scheme was adopted on 1 August 2011 by the shareholders of the Company under which the executive Directors may, at their discretion, grant options to themselves and any employees of the Group entitling them to subscribe for shares representing up to a maximum of 10 per cent of the shares in the Company in issue from time to time. The purpose of the share option scheme is to enable the Company to grant options to participants as incentives and rewards for their contribution to the Company or its subsidiaries.

No options were granted under the share option scheme since its adoption by the Company or outstanding, lapsed, cancelled or exercised at any time during the year ended 31 March 2015.

DIRECTORS

The Directors of the Company during the year and up to the date of this report were:

Executive Directors:

Mr. Wang Chaoyong *(appointed on 7 April 2014)*
Mr. Wang Xiaoqi *(appointed on 17 Mar 2015)*
Mr. Yau Hoi Kin
Mr. Kwong Wai Ho, Richard
Dr. Huang Youmin

Non-executive Director:

Mr. Hsu Chia-Chun

Independent Non-executive Directors:

Dr. Chow Ka Ming, Jimmy
Dr. Wong Wing Lit
Mr. Ngan Yu Loong
Mr. Tse Yee Hin, Tony *(appointed on 15 May 2014)*

Pursuant to Articles 83 and 84 of the articles of association of the Company, Mr. Wang Xiaoqi, Mr. Kwong Wai Ho, Richard, Dr. Huang Youmin and Mr. Hsu Chia-Chun shall retire at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

Mr. Kwong and Dr. Huang will not offer themselves for re-election and will retire from office at the conclusion of the forthcoming annual general meeting. Mr. Wang Xiaoqi and Mr. Hsu will, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

As at the date of this report, the Company has entered into (i) a letter of appointment with the non-executive Director, namely, Mr. Hsu Chia-Chun for a term of one year commencing from 24 August 2014, and (ii) a letter of appointment with each of the current independent non-executive Directors, namely, (a) Dr. Chow Ka Ming, Jimmy for a term of one year commencing from 30 January 2015 renewable automatically thereafter until termination in accordance with the terms of the agreement, (b) Dr. Wong Wing Lit for a term of one year commencing from 17 February 2015 renewable automatically thereafter until termination in accordance with the terms of the agreement, (c) Mr. Ngan Yu Loong for a term of three years commencing from 2 December 2013 and (d) Mr. Tse Yee Hin, Tony for a term of three years commencing from 15 May 2014.

Mr. Yau Hoi Kin, Mr. Kwong Wai Ho, Richard and Dr. Huang Youmin presently do not have a fixed term of service with the Company but are subject to retirement by rotation and re-election at the annual general meeting of the Company in accordance with the articles of association of the Company. The remuneration of Mr. Yau Hoi Kin, Mr. Kwong Wai Ho, Richard and Dr. Huang Youmin is determined with reference to his qualifications, experience and duties and responsibilities in the Group and prevailing market conditions.

Mr. Wang Chaoyong was appointed as an executive Director of the Company with effect on 7 April 2014. He presently does not have a fixed term of service with the Company but is subject to retirement by rotation and re-election at the annual general meeting of the Company in accordance with the articles of association of the Company. The remuneration of Mr. Wang Chaoyong will be determined with reference to his qualifications, experience and duties and responsibilities in the Group and prevailing market conditions.

Mr. Wang Xiaoqi was appointed as an executive Director of the Company with effect on 17 March 2015. He presently does not have a fixed term of service with the Company but will be subject to retirement by rotation and re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company in accordance with the articles of association of the Company. The remuneration of Mr. Wang Xiaoqi will be determined with reference to his qualifications, experience and duties and responsibilities in the Group and prevailing market condition.

None of the Directors who are proposed for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting has a service contract with the Company which is not determinable by the Company within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Biographical details of the Directors of the Company and the senior management of the Group are set out on pages 27 to 30.

DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION

The Directors' remuneration is determined by the Remuneration Committee with reference to their relevant qualifications, experience and duties and responsibilities in the Group and prevailing market conditions.

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

The Remuneration Committee was established in November 2005 and the Company had adopted a revised specific terms of reference as of 2 December 2013 in accordance with Rules 5.34 to 5.36 of the GEM Listing Rules and the requirements set out under Code Provision.

During the year, the Remuneration Committee comprised Dr. Chow Ka Ming, Jimmy, Mr. Ngan Yu Loong, Dr. Wong Wing Lit and Mr. Tse Yee Hin, Tony, all of whom are independent non-executive Directors. Dr. Chow Ka Ming, Jimmy is the current chairman of the Remuneration Committee.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN CONTRACTS

No contracts of significance in relation to the Group's business to which the Company, its subsidiaries or its holding company was a party and in which a Director had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

DIRECTORS' RIGHT TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 March 2015, at no time during the year were rights to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in or debentures of the Company granted to any Director or their respective spouses or minor children, or were any such rights exercised by them; or was the Company or any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangement to enable the Directors to acquire such rights in any other body corporate.

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVES' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN THE SHARES OR UNDERLYING SHARES

As at 31 March 2015, Mr. Wang Xiaoqi is interested in 382,000 ordinary shares of the Company, representing approximately 0.028% of the total number of ordinary shares of the Company. Saved as disclosed above, none of the other Directors or their respective associates and the chief executive of the Company had any interests or short positions in the shares and underlying shares of the Company or its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 352 of the SFO or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the minimum standards of dealing by directors of the Company as referred to in Rule 5.46 of the GEM Listing Rules.

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN THE SHARES OR UNDERLYING SHARES

As at 31 March 2015, so far as the Directors are aware of and having made due enquires, the following persons had an interest or short position in the shares or underlying shares of the Company as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 336 of the SFO and/or were directly or indirectly interested in 5% or more of the issued share capital carrying rights to vote in all circumstances at general meetings of any other members of the Group:

Name of shareholder	Capacity	Number of issued ordinary shares held (Note 2)	Approximate percentage of issued share capital as at 31 March 2015 (Note 3)
Happy On (Note 1)	Beneficial owner	987,888,771 (L)	72.83%
Mr. Chan Foo Wing (" Mr. Chan ") (Note 1)	Interest in a controlled corporation	987,888,771 (L)	72.83%

Notes:

1. As Mr. Chan is the ultimate beneficial owner and the sole director of Happy On, by virtue of the SFO, Mr. Chan is deemed to be interested in the 987,888,771 shares held by Happy On.
2. "L" means long positions in the shares.
3. Based on 1,356,250,000 shares of the Company in issue as at 31 March 2015.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

No contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company were entered into or existed during the year.

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

During the year ended 31 March 2015, the largest and the five largest suppliers of the Group accounted for approximately 55% and 91% of the Group's total purchases respectively. Sales to the largest and the five largest customers of the Group accounted for approximately 80% and 93% of the Group's total sales respectively.

None of the Directors or any of their associates or any shareholders (which, to the best knowledge of the Directors, own more than 5% of the Company's issued share capital) had any beneficial interest in the Group's five largest suppliers and customers.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN COMPETING BUSINESS

During the year ended 31 March 2015, none of the Directors or substantial shareholders or their respective associates (as defined in the GEM Listing Rules) of the Company had an interest in a business which competed with or might compete with the business of the Group.

ACQUISITION OF CHINA MOBILE PAYMENT TECHNOLOGY GROUP COMPANY LIMITED (FORMERLY KNOWN AS MAGIC HOUR HOLDINGS LTD.)

On 23 December 2014, the Company through Able Bloom completed the acquisition of the entire equity interest of China Mobile Payment held by Mr. Chan, the controlling shareholder of the Company, at a consideration of HK\$3 million (the "**Consideration**").

The consideration has been settled by way of cash funded by internal resources. China Mobile Payment and its major operating subsidiaries are principally engaged in the trading of residential gateway products, namely, routers, G-PON equipment and E-PON equipment, as well as providing IT network consultation service. Their major customer is China Telecom.

As disclosed in the announcement and circular of the Company dated 20 August 2014 and 10 November 2014, in the event that actual profit of China Mobile Payment Group for the year ended 31 March 2015 (the "**Actual Profit**") exceeds the guaranteed profit of HK\$3 million (the "**Guaranteed Profit**"), no adjustment shall be made to the Consideration. In the event that the Actual Profit falls short of the Guaranteed Profit, Mr. Chan shall pay the Company an amount equivalent to the difference between the Guaranteed Profit and the Actual Profit. The Directors confirm that the Actual Profit met the Guaranteed Profit.

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors, the Company has maintained a sufficient public float of not less than 25% of the total issued share capital of the Company as required under the GEM Listing Rules throughout the financial period under review and up to the date of this annual report.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Audit Committee was established in May 2000, and the Company had adopted a revised specific terms of reference as of 2 December 2013 in accordance with Rules 5.28 to 5.33 of the GEM Listing Rules.

The Audit Committee comprised Mr. Ngan Yu Loong, Dr. Chow Ka Ming, Jimmy, Dr. Wong Wing Lit and Mr. Tse Yee Hin, Tony, all of whom were independent non-executive Directors. Mr. Ngan Yu Loong is the current chairman of the Audit Committee.



REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Company's corporate governance principles and practices are set out in the corporate governance report on pages 18 to 26 of this annual report.

AUDITORS

For the years ended 31 March 2014 and 2015, the financial statements of the Company had been audited by Grant Thornton Hong Kong Limited whose term of office will expire upon the forthcoming annual general meeting. A resolution to re-appoint Grant Thornton Hong Kong Limited as auditors of the Company will be proposed to the shareholders of the Company for approval at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

On behalf of the Board

Yau Hoi Kin

Executive Director

Hong Kong, 12 June 2015

SUMMARY

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

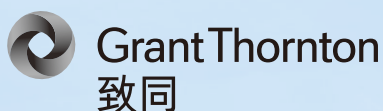
A summary of the published results and of the assets, liabilities and non-controlling interests of the Group for the last five financial years, as extracted from the audited financial statements, is set out below:

FINANCIAL SUMMARY

For the year ended 31 March 2015

	2015 HK\$'000	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000	2012 HK\$'000	2011 HK\$'000
RESULTS					
Revenue	163,853	36,572	53,729	15,727	102,033
(Loss)/Profit before income tax	(1,500)	(10,419)	(11,865)	6,379	(6,762)
Income tax expense	(686)	(8)	(31)	–	(1)
(Loss)/Profit for the year	(2,186)	(10,427)	(11,896)	6,379	(6,763)
Attributable to:					
Owners of the Company	(2,819)	(10,481)	(11,860)	6,233	(6,814)
Non-controlling interests	633	54	(36)	146	51
	(2,186)	(10,427)	(11,896)	6,379	(6,763)
ASSETS AND LIABILITIES					
Total assets	453,708	131,505	61,206	68,367	70,623
Total liabilities	(313,043)	(8,870)	(29,730)	(63,864)	(28,552)
	140,665	122,635	31,476	4,503	42,071
Attributable to:					
Owners of the Company	119,864	122,448	31,343	4,334	41,176
Non-controlling interests	20,801	187	133	169	895
	140,665	122,635	31,476	4,503	42,071

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT



**TO THE MEMBERS OF
YUNBO DIGITAL SYNERGY GROUP LIMITED**
(incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Yunbo Digital Synergy Group Limited (the "**Company**") and its subsidiaries (together, the "**Group**") set out on pages 40 to 94, which comprise the consolidated and the company statements of financial position as at 31 March 2015, and the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the disclosure requirements of the predecessor Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 32), and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

AUDITORS' RESPONSIBILITY

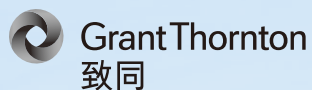
Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit and to report our opinion solely to you, as a body, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT



OPINION

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the Group as at 31 March 2015, and of the Group's loss and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards and have been properly prepared in accordance with the disclosure requirements of the predecessor Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 32).

Grant Thornton Hong Kong Limited

Certified Public Accountants

Level 12
28 Hennessy Road
Wanchai
Hong Kong

12 June 2015

Shaw Chi Kit
Practising Certificate No.: P04834



CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2015

	Note	2015 HK\$'000	2014 HK\$'000
Revenue	5	163,853	36,572
Cost of sales and services		(133,423)	(28,055)
Gross profit		30,430	8,517
Other income	6	2,111	419
Distribution costs		(5,419)	(720)
Administrative expenses		(28,622)	(18,622)
Finance costs	7	-	(13)
Loss before income tax	8	(1,500)	(10,419)
Income tax expense	9	(686)	(8)
Loss for the year		(2,186)	(10,427)
Other comprehensive income			
Exchange differences arising on translation of foreign operations that will be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss		235	336
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax		235	336
Total comprehensive expense for the year		(1,951)	(10,091)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2015

	Note	2015 HK\$'000	2014 HK\$'000
(Loss)/Profit for the year attributable to:			
Owners of the Company	10	(2,819)	(10,481)
Non-controlling interests		633	54
		(2,186)	(10,427)
Total comprehensive (expense)/income for the year attributable to:			
Owners of the Company		(2,584)	(10,145)
Non-controlling interests		633	54
		(1,951)	(10,091)
Loss per share attributable to the owners of the Company			
– Basic (in HK cents)	12	(0.21)	(0.87)
– Diluted (in HK cents)	12	(0.21)	(0.87)

The notes on page 46 to 94 are an integral part of these financial statements.



CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

AS AT 31 MARCH 2015

	Note	2015 HK\$'000	2014 HK\$'000
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	15	3,576	1,234
Intangible assets	16	1,164	1,025
Goodwill	17	3,552	–
		8,292	2,259
Current assets			
Inventories	19	27,823	–
Trade and other receivables	20	246,612	17,134
Financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss	21	37,935	–
Cash and cash equivalents	22	133,046	112,112
		445,416	129,246
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	23	258,500	8,870
Tax payable		1,031	–
		259,531	8,870
Net current assets		185,885	120,376
Total assets less current liabilities		194,177	122,635
Non-current liabilities			
Other payables	23	53,512	–
Net assets		140,665	122,635
Equity			
Equity attributable to the owners of the Company			
Share capital	24	135,625	135,625
Reserves		(15,761)	(13,177)
		119,864	122,448
Non-controlling interests		20,801	187
Total equity		140,665	122,635

Yau Hoi Kin
Director

Kwong Wai Ho, Richard
Director

The notes on page 46 to 94 are an integral part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

AS AT 31 MARCH 2015

	Note	2015 HK\$'000	2014 HK\$'000
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	15	172	243
Investments in subsidiaries	18	75,202	29,050
		75,374	29,293
Current assets			
Prepayments, deposits and other receivables	20	193	113
Cash and cash equivalents	22	41,408	88,764
		41,601	88,877
Current liabilities			
Other payables and accruals	23	592	632
		41,009	88,245
Net current assets			
		116,383	117,538
Total assets less current liabilities			
		116,383	117,538
Net assets			
Equity			
Equity attributable to the owners of the Company			
Share capital	24	135,625	135,625
Reserves	26	(19,242)	(18,087)
		116,383	117,538

Yau Hoi Kin
Director

Kwong Wai Ho, Richard
Director

The notes on page 46 to 94 are an integral part of these financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2015

	Note	2015 HK\$'000	2014 HK\$'000
Cash flows from operating activities			
Loss before income tax		(1,500)	(10,419)
Adjustments for:			
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment		583	348
Bank interest income		(470)	(227)
Interest income from structured deposits		(522)	-
Net realised gain on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		(502)	-
Interest expense		-	13
Written off of property, plant and equipment		34	-
Operating loss before working capital changes		(2,377)	(10,285)
Decrease in inventories		45,586	-
(Increase)/Decrease in trade and other receivables		(58,681)	15,301
Decrease in trade and other payables		(11,812)	(10,829)
Cash used in operations		(27,284)	(5,813)
Interest paid		-	(13)
Income tax paid		(164)	(39)
<i>Net cash used in operating activities</i>		(27,448)	(5,865)
Cash flows from investing activities			
Acquisition of China Mobile Payment	32	84,814	-
Purchase of property, plant and equipment		(79)	(960)
Addition to intangible assets		(136)	(1,025)
Purchases of structured deposits		(60,744)	-
Proceeds from redemption of structured deposits		23,311	-
Interest received		992	227
<i>Net cash generated from/(used in) investing activities</i>		48,158	(1,758)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Repayment of bank borrowings		-	(10,000)
Proceeds from issuance of share capital and warrants		-	101,250
<i>Net cash generated from financing activities</i>		-	91,250
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		20,710	83,627
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		112,112	28,158
Effect on foreign exchange rate changes, on cash held		224	327
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year, represented by cash at banks and in hand	22	133,046	112,112

The notes on page 46 to 94 are an integral part of these financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2015

	Attributable to the owners of the Company						Non-controlling interests HK\$'000	Total equity HK\$'000
	Share capital HK\$'000	Share premium HK\$'000	Warrant reserve HK\$'000	Translation reserve HK\$'000	Accumulated losses HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000		
As at 1 April 2013	90,625	43,685	900	34	(103,901)	31,343	133	31,476
Comprehensive (expense)/income (Loss)/profit for the year	-	-	-	-	(10,481)	(10,481)	54	(10,427)
Other comprehensive income Exchange differences arising on translation of foreign operations	-	-	-	336	-	336	-	336
Total comprehensive income/(expense) for the year	-	-	-	336	(10,481)	(10,145)	54	(10,091)
Transaction with owners: Issue of shares	45,000	56,250	-	-	-	101,250	-	101,250
Total transactions with owners	45,000	56,250	-	-	-	101,250	-	101,250
As at 31 March 2014 and 1 April 2014	135,625	99,935	900	370	(114,382)	122,448	187	122,635
Comprehensive (expense)/income (Loss)/profit for the year	-	-	-	-	(2,819)	(2,819)	633	(2,186)
Other comprehensive income Exchange differences arising on translation of foreign operations	-	-	-	235	-	235	-	235
Total comprehensive income/(expense) for the year	-	-	-	235	(2,819)	(2,584)	633	(1,951)
Transaction with owners: Acquisition of China Mobile Payment (Note 32)	-	-	-	-	-	-	19,981	19,981
Total transactions with owners	-	-	-	-	-	-	19,981	19,981
As at 31 March 2015	135,625	99,935	900	605	(117,201)	119,864	20,801	140,665

The notes on page 46 to 94 are an integral part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2015

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Yunbo Digital Synergy Group Limited (the “**Company**”) was incorporated in the Cayman Islands on 8 May 2000 as an exempted company with limited liability under the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands. The Company’s registered office is situated at Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive, P.O. Box 2681, Grand Cayman KY1-1111, Cayman Islands. The Company’s principal place of business is situated at Room 1602, 16/F, AXA Centre, 151 Gloucester Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong.

The Company’s shares are listed on the Growth Enterprise Market (“**GEM**”) of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the “**Stock Exchange**”). The Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the “**Group**”) are principally engaged in the provision of system integration services and other value-added technical consultation services and hardware-related business. The Group has also expanded into the People’s Republic of China (the “**PRC**”) market in the areas of manufacturing of ancillary high-tech software and hardware products; developing and establishing integrated online platforms for distribution of mobile products and provision of value-added services; and setting up joint ventures with multinational companies to introduce and procure mobile application services, among others.

In the opinion of the directors of the Company, the parent and ultimate holding company of the Company is Happy On Holdings Limited (“**Happy On**”), which was incorporated in the British Virgin Islands.

The financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2015 were approved for issue by the board of directors on 12 June 2015.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

2.1 Basis of preparation

The financial statements on page 40 to 94 have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards (“**HKFRSs**”), which collective term includes all applicable individual Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards, Hong Kong Accounting Standards (“**HKASs**”) and Interpretations issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (“**HKICPA**”) and the disclosure requirements of the predecessor Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 32). These financial statements also include the applicable disclosure requirements of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the GEM of the Stock Exchange (the “**GEM Listing Rules**”).

The significant accounting policies that have been used in preparation of the financial statements are summarised below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented unless otherwise stated. The adoption of new or amended HKFRSs and the impacts on the Group’s financial statements, if any, are disclosed in note 3 to the financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost basis except for financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss. The measurement basis is fully described in the accounting policies below.

It should be noted that accounting estimates and assumptions are used in preparation of the financial statements. Although these estimates are based on management’s best knowledge and judgement of current events and actions, actual results may ultimately differ from those estimates. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements, are disclosed in note 4 to the financial statements.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2015

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.2 Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries (together referred to as “the Group”) made up to 31 March each year.

Subsidiaries are entities controlled by the Group. The Group controls an entity when it is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. When assessing whether the Group has power, only substantive rights (held by the Group and other parties) are considered.

Subsidiaries are consolidated into the consolidated financial statements from the date that control commences until the date that control ceases.

Intra-group transactions, balances and unrealised gains and losses on transactions between group companies are eliminated in preparing the consolidated financial statements. Where unrealised losses on intra-group asset sales are reversed on consolidation, the underlying asset is also tested for impairment from the Group’s perspective.

Non-controlling interests represent the equity in a subsidiary not attributable directly or indirectly to the Company, and in respect of which the Group has not agreed any additional terms with the holders of those interests which would result in the Group as a whole having a contractual obligation in respect of those interests that meets the definition of a financial liability. For each business combination, the Group can elect to measure any non-controlling interests either at fair value or at the non-controlling interests’ proportionate share of the subsidiary’s net identifiable assets. The Group applies the non-controlling interests’ proportionate share of the recognized amounts of the acquiree’s identifiable net assets to account for all its acquisitions.

Non-controlling interests are presented in the consolidated statement of financial position within equity, separately from the equity attributable to the owners of the Company. Non-controlling interests in the results of the Group are presented on the face of the consolidated statement of comprehensive income as an allocation of the total profit or loss and total comprehensive income for the year between non-controlling interests and the owners of the Company.

Changes in the Group’s interests in subsidiaries that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions, whereby adjustments are made to the amounts of controlling and non-controlling interests within consolidated equity to reflect the change in relative interests, but no adjustments are made to goodwill and no gain or loss is recognised.

When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, the profit or loss on disposal is calculated as the difference between (i) the aggregate of the fair value of the consideration received and the fair value of any retained interest and (ii) the previous carrying amount of the assets (including goodwill), and liabilities of the subsidiary and any non-controlling interests. The fair value of any investment retained in the former subsidiary at the date when control is lost is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition for subsequent accounting under HKAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement or, when applicable, the cost on initial recognition of an investment in an associate or a joint venture.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2015

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.2 Basis of consolidation (continued)

In the Company's statement of financial position, subsidiaries are carried at cost less any impairment losses unless the subsidiary is held for sale or included in a disposal group. Cost is adjusted to reflect changes in consideration arising from contingent consideration amendments. Cost also includes direct attributable costs of investment. The results of subsidiaries are accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividends received and receivable at the reporting date. All dividends whether received out of the investee's pre or post-acquisition profits are recognised in the Company's profit or loss.

2.3 Business combinations

Acquisitions of subsidiaries and businesses are accounted for using the acquisition method. The consideration transferred in a business combination is measured at fair value, which is calculated as the sum of the acquisition-date fair values of the assets transferred by the Group, liabilities incurred by the Group to the former owners of the acquiree and the equity interests issued by the Group in exchange for control of the acquiree. Acquisition-related costs are recognised in profit or loss as incurred.

Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date.

Goodwill is measured as the excess of the sum of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree, and the fair value of the acquirer's previously held equity in the acquiree (if any) over the net of the acquisition – date amounts of the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed. If, after assessment, the net of the acquisition-date amounts of the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed exceeds the sum of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree and the fair value on the acquirer's previously held interest in the acquiree (if any), the excess is recognised immediately in profit or loss as bargain purchase gain.

Where the consideration the Group transfers in a business combination includes assets or liabilities resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement, the contingent consideration is measured at its acquisition-date fair value and considered as part of the consideration transferred in a business combination. Changes in the fair value of the contingent consideration that qualify as measurement period adjustments are adjusted retrospectively, with the corresponding adjustments being made against goodwill or gain on bargain purchase. Measurement period adjustments are adjustments that arise from additional information obtained during the measurement period about facts and circumstances that existed as of the acquisition date. Measurement period does not exceed one year from the acquisition date. The subsequent accounting for changes in the fair value of the contingent consideration that do not qualify as measurement period adjustments depends on how the contingent consideration is classified. Contingent consideration that is classified as equity is not remeasured at subsequent reporting dates and its subsequent settlement is accounting for within equity. Contingent consideration that is classified as an asset or a liability is remeasured at subsequent reporting dates in accordance with HKAS 39, or HKAS 37 "Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets", as appropriate, with corresponding gain or loss being recognised in profit or loss.

Changes in the value of the previously held equity interest recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity before the acquisition date are reclassified to profit or loss when the Group obtains control over the acquiree.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2015

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.3 Business combinations (continued)

If the initial accounting for a business combination is incomplete by the end of the reporting period in which the combination occurs, the Group reports provisional amounts for the items for which the accounting is incomplete. Those provisional amounts are adjusted during the measurement period (see above), or additional assets or liabilities are recognised, to reflect new information obtained about facts and circumstances that existed as of the acquisition date that, if known, would have affected the amounts recognised as of that date.

2.4 Foreign currency translation

The financial statements are presented in Hong Kong Dollars (HK\$), which is also the functional currency of the Company.

In the individual financial statements of the consolidated entities, foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency of the individual entity using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At the reporting date, monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the foreign exchange rates ruling at that date. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the reporting date retranslation of monetary assets and liabilities are recognised in profit or loss.

Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the date when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

In the consolidated financial statements, all individual financial statements of foreign operations, originally presented in a currency different from the Group's presentation currency, have been converted into Hong Kong dollars. Assets and liabilities have been translated into Hong Kong dollars at the closing rates at the reporting date. Income and expenses have been converted into Hong Kong dollars at the exchange rates ruling at the transaction dates, or at the average rates over the reporting period provided that the exchange rates do not fluctuate significantly. Any differences arising from this procedure have been recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated separately in the translation reserve in equity.

On the disposal of a foreign operation (i.e. a disposal of the Group's entire interest in a foreign operation, or a disposal involving loss of control over a subsidiary that includes a foreign operation, loss of joint control over a joint venture that includes a foreign operation, or loss of significant influence over an associate that includes a foreign operation), all of the accumulated exchange differences in respect of that operation attributable to the Group are reclassified to profit or loss. Any exchange differences that have previously been attributed to non-controlling interests are derecognised, but they are not reclassified to profit or loss.

2.5 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses.

Cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the asset. Purchased software that is integral to the functionality of the related equipment is capitalised as part of that equipment.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2015

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.5 Property, plant and equipment (continued)

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. All other costs, such as repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate their costs to their residual values over their estimated useful lives, at the following rates per annum:

Leasehold improvements	Over the lease term
Plant and machinery	20–50%
Furniture and fixtures	20–25%
Office equipments	20%

The assets' residual values, depreciation method and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each reporting date.

The gain or loss arising on retirement or disposal is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in profit or loss.

2.6 Goodwill

Set out below are the accounting policies on goodwill arising on acquisition of a subsidiary.

Goodwill arising in a business combination is recognised as an asset at the date that control is acquired (the acquisition date). Goodwill is measured as the excess of the aggregate of the fair value of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree, and the fair value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree (if any) over the Group's interest in the net fair value of the acquiree's identifiable assets and liabilities measured as at the acquisition date.

If, after reassessment, the Group's interest in the fair value of the acquiree's identifiable net assets exceeds the sum of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree and the fair value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree (if any), the excess is recognised immediately in profit or loss as a bargain purchase gain.

Goodwill is stated at cost less accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is allocated to cash-generating units and is tested annually for impairment (see note 2.16).

On subsequent disposal of a subsidiary, the attributable amount of goodwill capitalised is included in the determination of the amount of gain or loss on disposal.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2015

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.7 Intangible assets (other than goodwill) and research and development activities

Intangible assets (other than goodwill)

Intangible assets that are acquired by the Group are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation (where the estimated useful life is finite) and impairment losses. Amortisation of intangible assets with finite useful lives is charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the assets' estimated useful lives. The following intangible assets with finite useful lives are amortised from the date they are available for use and their estimated useful lives are as follows:

Capitalised development costs 5 years

Both the period and method of amortisation are reviewed annually.

Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives are carried at cost less any subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The assets' amortisation methods and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each reporting date.

Intangible assets, with finite and indefinite useful lives, are tested for impairment as described below in note 2.16.

Research and development costs

Costs associated with research activities are expensed in profit or loss as they occur. Costs that are directly attributable to development activities are recognised as intangible assets provided they meet the following recognition requirements:

- (i) demonstration of technical feasibility of the prospective product for internal use or sale;
- (ii) there is intention to complete the intangible asset and use or sell it;
- (iii) the Group's ability to use or sell the intangible asset is demonstrated;
- (iv) the intangible asset will generate probable economic benefits through internal use or sale;
- (v) sufficient technical, financial and other resources are available for completion; and
- (vi) the expenditure attributable to the intangible asset can be reliably measured

Direct costs include employee costs incurred on development activities along with an appropriate portion of relevant overheads. The costs of development of internally generated software, products or knowhow that meet the above recognition criteria are recognised as intangible assets. They are subject to the same subsequent measurement method as acquired intangible assets.

All other development costs are expensed as incurred.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2015

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.8 Financial assets

The Group's financial assets are classified as loans and receivables and financial assets at fair value through profit or loss. Management determines the classification of its financial assets at initial recognition depending on the purpose for which the financial assets were acquired and where allowed and appropriate, re-evaluates this designation at every reporting date.

All financial assets are recognised when, and only when, the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Regular way purchases of financial assets are recognised on trade date. When financial assets are recognised initially, they are measured at fair value, plus, in the case of investments not at fair value through profit or loss, directly attributable transaction costs.

Derecognition of financial assets occurs when the rights to receive cash flows from the investments expire or are transferred and substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred.

At each reporting date, financial assets are reviewed to assess whether there is objective evidence of impairment. If any such evidence exists, impairment loss is determined and recognised based on the classification of the financial asset.

i) Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. Loans and receivables are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses. Amortised cost is calculated taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and includes fees that are an integral part of the effective interest rate and transaction cost.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2015

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.8 Financial assets (continued)

ii) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss include:

- Financial assets held for trading; and
- Financial assets designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets are classified as held for trading if they are acquired for the purpose of selling in the near term, or it is part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that are managed together and for which there is evidence of a recent pattern of short-term profit-taking. Derivatives, including separated embedded derivatives are also classified as held for trading unless they are designated as effective hedging instruments or financial guarantee contracts.

Where a contract contains one or more embedded derivatives, the entire hybrid contract may be designated as a financial asset at fair value through profit or loss, except where the embedded derivative does not significantly modify the cash flows or it is clear that separation of the embedded derivative is prohibited.

Financial assets may be designated at initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss if the following criteria are met:

- the designation eliminates or significantly reduces the inconsistent treatment that would otherwise arise from measuring the assets or recognising gains or losses on them on a different basis; or
- the assets are part of a Group of financial assets which are managed and their performance is evaluated on a fair value basis, in accordance with a documented risk management strategy and information about the Group of financial assets is provided internally on that basis to the key management personnel; or
- the financial asset contains an embedded derivative that would need to be separately recorded.

Subsequent to initial recognition, the financial assets included in this category are measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. Fair value is determined by reference to active market transactions or using a valuation technique where no active market exists. Fair value gain or loss does not include any dividend or interest earned on these financial assets.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2015

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.8 Financial assets (continued)

Impairment of financial assets

At each reporting date, financial assets other than financial assets through profit or loss are reviewed to determine whether there is any objective evidence of impairment.

Objective evidence of impairment of individual financial assets includes observable data that comes to the attention of the Group about one or more of the following loss events:

- Significant financial difficulty of the debtor;
- A breach of contract, such as a default or delinquency in interest or principal payments;
- It becomes probable that the debtor will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation;
- Significant changes in the technological, market, economic or legal environment that have an adverse effect on the debtor;
- The disappearance of an active market for that financial assets because of financial difficulties; and
- A significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of an investment in an equity instrument below its cost.

Loss events in respect of a group of financial assets include observable data indicating that there is a measurable decrease in the estimated future cash flows from the group of financial assets. Such observable data includes but not limited to adverse changes in the payment status of debtors in the group and, national or local economic conditions that correlate with defaults on the assets in the group.

If there is objective evidence that an impairment loss on loans and receivables carried at amortised cost has been incurred, the amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows (excluding future credit losses that have not been incurred) discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate (i.e. the effective interest rate computed at initial recognition). The amount of the loss is recognised in profit or loss of the period in which the impairment occurs.

If, in subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is reversed to the extent that it does not result in a carrying amount of the financial asset exceeding what the amortised cost would have been had the impairment not been recognised at the date the impairment is reversed. The amount of the reversal is recognised in profit or loss of the period in which the reversal occurs.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2015

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.8 Financial assets (continued)

Impairment of financial assets (continued)

Impairment losses on financial assets other than trade receivables that are stated at amortised cost are written off against the corresponding assets directly. Where the recovery of trade receivables is considered doubtful but not remote, the impairment losses for doubtful receivables are recorded using an allowance account. When the Group is satisfied that recovery of trade receivables is remote, the amount considered irrecoverable is written off against trade receivables directly and any amounts held in the allowance account in respect of that receivable are reversed. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously charged to the allowance account are reversed against the allowance account. Other changes in the allowance account and subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off directly are recognised in profit or loss.

2.9 Inventories

Inventories are carried at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined on a first in first out basis. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated cost of completion and applicable selling expenses.

The Group reviews the condition of inventories at each reporting date, and make allowance for inventories that identified as obsolete, slow-moving or no longer recoverable. The Group carries out the inventory review on a product-by-product basis and makes allowances by reference to the latest market prices and current market conditions.

2.10 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash at bank and in hand, demand deposits with banks and short term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

2.11 Financial liabilities

The Group's financial liabilities include trade and other payables. They are recognised when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. All interest related charges are recognised in accordance with the Group's accounting policy for borrowing costs (see note 2.18).

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires.

Where an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability, and the difference in the respective carrying amount is recognised in profit or loss.

Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables are recognised initially at their fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2015

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.12 Leases

An arrangement, comprising a transaction or a series of transactions, is or contains a lease if the Group determines that the arrangement conveys a right to use a specific asset or assets for an agreed period of time in return for a payment or a series of payments. Such a determination is made based on an evaluation of the substance of the arrangement and is regardless of whether the arrangement takes the legal form of a lease.

(i) Classification of assets leased to the Group

Assets that are held by the Group under leases which transfer to the Group substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as being held under finance leases. Leases which do not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the Group are classified as operating leases.

(ii) Operating lease charges as the lessee

Where the Group has the right to use of assets held under operating leases, payments made under the leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over the lease terms except where an alternative basis is more representative of the time pattern of benefits to be derived from the leased assets. Lease incentives received are recognised in profit or loss as an integral part of the aggregate net lease payments made. Contingent rental are charged to profit or loss in the accounting period in which they are incurred.

2.13 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation can be made. Where the time value of money is material, provisions are stated at the present value of the expenditure expected to settle the obligation.

All provisions are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate.

Where it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is disclosed as a contingent liability, unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote. Possible obligations, whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more future uncertain events not wholly within the control of the Group are also disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote.

2.14 Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Share capital is determined using the nominal value of shares that have been issued.

Any transaction costs associated with the issuing of shares are deducted from share premium (net of any related income tax benefit) to the extent they are incremental costs directly attributable to the equity transaction.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2015

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.15 Revenue recognition

Revenue comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods, rendering of services and the use by others of the Group's assets yielding interest, net of returns and discounts. Provided it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the revenue and costs, if applicable, can be measured reliably, revenue is recognised as follows:

- (a) Revenue from the sale of enterprise software and hardware products is recognised on the transfer of risks and rewards of ownership, which generally coincides with the time when the goods are delivered to customers and title has passed.
- (b) Maintenance and consultancy service income is recognised over the life of the agreement on a straight-line basis. The unearned portion of the maintenance service income received is stated as deferred income in the statement of financial position.
- (c) Interest income is recognised on a time-proportion basis using the effective interest method.

2.16 Impairment on non-financial assets

Property, plant and equipment, intangible assets, investments in subsidiaries and goodwill are subject to impairment testing.

Goodwill and intangible assets with indefinite useful life or those not yet available for use are tested for impairment at least annually, irrespective of whether there is any indication that they are impaired. All other assets are tested for impairment whenever there are indications that the asset's carrying amount may not be recoverable.

An impairment loss is recognised as an expense immediately for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value, reflecting market conditions less cost of disposal, and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessment of time value of money and the risk specific to the asset.

For the purposes of assessing impairment, where an asset does not generate cash inflows largely independent from those from other assets, the recoverable amount is determined for the smallest group of assets that generate cash inflows independently (i.e. a cash-generating unit). As a result, some assets are tested individually for impairment and some are tested at cash-generating unit level. Goodwill in particular is allocated to those cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from synergies of the related business combination and represent the lowest level within the Group at which the goodwill is monitored for internal management purpose and not be larger than an operating segment.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2015

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.16 Impairment on non-financial assets (continued)

Impairment losses recognised for cash-generating units, to which goodwill has been allocated, are credited initially to the carrying amount of goodwill. Any remaining impairment loss is charged pro rata to the other assets in the cash generating unit, except that the carrying value of an asset will not be reduced below its individual fair value less cost of disposal, or value in use, if determinable.

An impairment loss on goodwill is not reversed in subsequent periods. In respect of other assets, an impairment loss is reversed if there has been a favourable change in the estimates used to determine the asset's recoverable amount and only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortisation, if no impairment loss had been recognised.

Impairment losses recognised in an interim period in respect of goodwill are not reversed in a subsequent period. This is the case even if no loss, or a smaller loss, would have been recognised had the impairment been assessed only at the end of the financial year to which the interim period relates.

2.17 Employee benefits

Retirement benefits

Retirement benefits to employees are provided through defined contribution plans.

The Group operates a defined contribution retirement benefit plan under the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance, for all of its employees who are eligible to participate in the MPF Scheme. Contributions are made based on a percentage of the employees' basic salaries.

The employees of the Group's subsidiaries which operate in the PRC are required to participate in the central pension scheme operated by the local municipal government. These subsidiaries are required to contribute certain percentage of their payroll costs to the central pension scheme.

Contributions are recognised as an expense in profit or loss as employees render services during the year. The Group's obligations under these plans are limited to the fixed percentage contributions payable.

Short-term employee benefits

Employee entitlements to annual leave are recognised when they accrue to employees. A provision is made for the estimated liability for annual leave as a result of services rendered by employees up to the reporting date.

Non-accumulating compensated absences such as sick leave and maternity leave are not recognised until the time of leave.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2015

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.17 Employee benefits (continued)

Share-based employee compensation

All share-based payment arrangements are recognised in the financial statements. The Group operates equity-settled share-based compensation plans for remuneration of its employees.

All employee services received in exchange for the grant of any share-based compensation are measured at their fair values. These are indirectly determined by reference to the equity instruments awarded. Their value is appraised at the grant date and excludes the impact of any non-market vesting conditions (for example, profitability and sales growth targets).

All share-based compensation is recognised as an expense in profit or loss over the vesting period if vesting conditions apply, or recognised as an expense in full at the grant date when the equity instruments granted vest immediately unless the compensation qualifies for recognition as asset, with a corresponding increase in the share option reserve in equity. If vesting conditions apply, the expense is recognised over the vesting period, based on the best available estimate of the number of equity instruments expected to vest. Non-market vesting conditions are included in assumptions about the number of equity instrument that are expected to vest. Estimates are subsequently revised, if there is any indication that the number of equity instrument expected to vest differs from previous estimates.

At the time when the share options are exercised, the amount previously recognised in the share option reserve will be transferred to share premium. After vesting date, when the vested share options are later forfeited or are still not exercised at the expiry date, the amount previously recognised in the share option reserve will be transferred to retained profit.

2.18 Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs incurred, net of any investment income earned on the temporary investment of the specific borrowings, for the acquisition, construction or production of any qualifying asset are capitalised during the period of time that is required to complete and prepare the asset for its intended use. A qualifying asset is an asset which necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale. Other borrowing costs are expensed when incurred.

Borrowing costs are capitalised as part of the cost of a qualifying asset when expenditure for the asset is being incurred, borrowing costs are being incurred and activities that are necessary to prepare the asset for its intended use or sale are being undertaken. Capitalisation of borrowing costs ceases when substantially all the activities necessary to prepare the qualifying asset for its intended use or sale are complete.

2.19 Accounting for income taxes

Income tax comprises current tax and deferred tax.

Current income tax assets and/or liabilities comprise those obligations to, or claims from, fiscal authorities relating to the current or prior reporting period, that are unpaid at the reporting date. They are calculated according to the tax rates and tax laws applicable to the fiscal periods to which they relate, based on the taxable profit for the year. All changes to current tax assets or liabilities are recognised as a component of tax expense in profit or loss.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2015

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.19 Accounting for income taxes (continued)

Deferred tax is calculated using the liability method on temporary differences at the reporting date between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and their respective tax bases. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, tax losses available to be carried forward as well as other unused tax credits, to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit, including existing taxable temporary differences, will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses and unused tax credits can be utilised.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from goodwill or from initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither taxable nor accounting profit or loss.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries, except where the Company is able to control the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that the temporary differences will not be reversed in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax is calculated, without discounting, at tax rates that are expected to apply in the period the liability is settled or the asset realised, provided they are enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Changes in deferred tax assets or liabilities are recognised in profit or loss, or in other comprehensive income or directly in equity if they relate to items that are charged or credited to other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current tax assets and current tax liabilities are presented net if, and only if,

- (a) the Group has the legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts; and
- (b) intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

The Group presents deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities net if, and only if,

- (a) the entity has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities; and
- (b) the deferred tax assets and the deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either:
 - (i) the same taxable entity; or
 - (ii) different taxable entities which intend either to settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously, in each future period in which significant amounts of deferred tax liabilities or assets are expected to be settled or recovered.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2015

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.20 Segment reporting

The Group identifies operating segments and prepares segment information based on the regular internal financial information reported to the executive directors for their decisions about resources allocation to the Group's business components and for their review of the performance of those components. The business components in the internal financial information reported to the executive directors are determined following the Group's major product and service lines.

The Group has identified the following reportable segments:

- Hardware: Sales of telecommunication and enterprise hardware products
- Software: Sales of enterprise software products
- Services: Maintenance and consultancy service income

Each of these operating segments is managed separately as each of the product and service lines requires different resources as well as marketing approaches. All inter-segment transfers are carried out at arm's length prices.

2.21 Related parties

- (a) A person, or a close member of that person's family is related to the Group if that person:
- (i) has control or joint control over the Group;
 - (ii) has significant influence over the Group; or
 - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Group or of the Group's parent.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2015

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.21 Related parties (continued)

- (b) An entity is related to the Group if any of the following conditions applies:
- (i) The entity and the Group are members of the same group (which means that each parent, subsidiary and fellow subsidiary is related to the others).
 - (ii) One entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member).
 - (iii) Both entities are joint ventures of the same third party.
 - (iv) One entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity.
 - (v) The entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group.
 - (vi) The entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a).
 - (vii) A person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity).

Close members of the family or a person are those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by, that person in their dealings with the entity.

3. ADOPTION OF NEW OR AMENDED HKFRSs

The HKICPA has issued a number of new HKFRSs and amendments to HKFRSs that are first effective for the current accounting period of the Group and the Company. Of these, the following developments are relevant to the Group's financial statements:

Amendments to HKAS 32	Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities
Amendments to HKAS 36	Recoverable Amount Disclosures for Non-Financial

The adoption of the amendments HKFRS have not material impact on how the results and financial position for the current and prior periods have been prepared and presented.

The Group had not applied any new standard or interpretation that is not yet effective for current accounting period.

The following new standards, amendments and interpretations which have been issued by the HKICPA and may be relevant to the Group in future years but are not yet effective for the year ended 31 March 2015.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2015

3. ADOPTION OF NEW OR AMENDED HKFRSs (continued)

Effective for the annual period beginning on 1 April 2015 or after

Amendments to HKFRSs	Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2010-2012 Cycle ¹
Amendments to HKFRSs	Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2011-2013 Cycle ¹
Amendments to HKFRSs	Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2012-2014 Cycle ²
HKFRS 9 (2014)	Financial Instruments ⁴
HKFRS 15	Revenue from Contracts with Customers ³
Amendments to HKAS 16 and HKAS 38	Clarification of Acceptable Methods of Depreciation and Amortisation ²
Amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28	Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture ²
Amendments to HKFRS 11	Accounting for Acquisitions of Interests in Joint Operations ²
Amendments to HKAS 1	Disclosure Initiative ²

Notes:

1. Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2014
2. Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016
3. Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2017
4. Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018

The above standards, amendments and interpretations, if they are relevant to the Group, will be adopted in the annual periods listed. The Group is in the process of making an assessment of the impact of the above standards, amendments and interpretations but is not yet in a position to ascertain their impact on its results of operations and financial position.

4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

The Group makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are addressed below:

Impairment of trade and other receivables

The Group's management estimates the provision of impairment of trade and other receivables (note 20) by assessing their recoverability. Provisions are applied to trade and other receivables where events or changes in circumstances indicate that the balances may not be collectible and require the use of estimates. Where the expectation is different from the original estimate, such difference will impact carrying value of trade and other receivables and impairment charge in the period in which such estimate has been changed.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2015

4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS (continued)

Allowance for inventories

The Group's management reviews the condition of inventories (note 19) at each reporting date, and makes allowance for inventories that are identified as obsolete, slow-moving or no longer recoverable or suitable for use in production. The Group carries out the inventory review on a product-by-product basis and makes allowances by reference to the latest market prices and current market conditions.

Estimated impairment of goodwill

The Group tests annually whether goodwill (note 17) has suffered any impairment in accordance with the accounting policy stated in note 2.16. The recoverable amounts of cash generating units have been determined based on value-in-use calculations. These calculations require the use of estimates about future cash flows and discount rates. In the process of estimating expected future cash flows management makes assumptions about future revenues and profits. These assumptions relate to future events and circumstances. The actual results may vary and may cause a material adjustment to the carrying amount of goodwill within the next financial year. Determining the appropriate discount rate involves estimating the appropriate adjustment for market risk and for asset specific risk factors.

Revenue recognition

The Group recognises revenue once it has been determined that it is probable the economic benefits will flow to the Group. The Group estimates the likelihood of the recoverability of the consideration, in particular for those contracts with progress payments being long overdue or delayed progress billings.

5. REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION

	2015 HK\$'000	2014 HK\$'000
Revenue:		
Hardware	145,101	28,345
Software	1,346	862
Services	17,406	7,365
	163,853	36,572

Management has determined the operating segments based on the reports reviewed by the executive directors that are used to make operating decisions. Executive directors are considered as the chief operating decision maker ("CODM").

The CODM review the Group's financial information from hardware, software and services perspectives. The reportable segments are classified in a manner consistent with the information reviewed by the CODM.

The CODM assess the performance of the operating segments based on a measure of reportable segment profit/(loss). This measurement basis excludes other income and unallocated expenses.

Segment assets mainly exclude assets that are managed on a central basis. Segment liabilities mainly exclude liabilities that are managed on a central basis.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2015

5. REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

In respect of geographical segment reporting, sales are based on the country in which the customer is located, and non-current assets are based on the country where the assets are located.

The segment results for the year ended 31 March 2015 are as follows:

	Hardware HK\$'000	Software HK\$'000	Services HK\$'000	Unallocated HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
Revenue from external customers	145,101	1,346	17,406	–	163,853
Reportable segment (loss)/profit	(7,432)	(61)	14,791	(10,909)*	(3,611)
Bank interest income					470
Net realised gain on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss					502
Other income					1,139
Loss before income tax					(1,500)
Income tax expense (Note 9)					(686)
Loss for the year					(2,186)
Loss on written off of property, plant and equipment	–	–	–	34	34
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	–	–	–	583	583
Addition to non-current assets	6,424	–	136	79	6,639

* Unallocated expenses mainly include operating lease charges in respect of rented premises and headquarter expenses.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2015

5. REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

The segment results for the year ended 31 March 2014 are as follows:

	Hardware HK\$'000	Software HK\$'000	Services HK\$'000	Unallocated HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
Revenue from external customers	28,345	862	7,365	–	36,572
Reportable segment (loss)/profit	(5,093)	(625)	4,193	(9,300)*	(10,825)
Other income					419
Finance costs					(13)
Loss before income tax					(10,419)
Income tax expense (Note 9)					(8)
Loss for the year					(10,427)
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	–	–	–	348	348
Addition to non-current assets	–	–	1,025	960	1,985

* Unallocated expenses mainly include operating lease charges in respect of rented premises and headquarter expenses.

The segment assets and liabilities as at 31 March 2015 are as follows:

	Hardware HK\$'000	Software HK\$'000	Services HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
Segment assets	232,777	252	1,330	234,359
Unallocated assets*				219,349
Total assets				453,708
Segment liabilities	240,105	50	294	240,449
Unallocated liabilities*				72,594
Total liabilities				313,043

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2015

5. REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

The segment assets and liabilities as at 31 March 2014 are as follows:

	Hardware HK\$'000	Software HK\$'000	Services HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
Segment assets	13,537	238	1,193	14,968
Unallocated assets*				116,537
Total assets				131,505
Segment liabilities	5,208	50	378	5,636
Unallocated liabilities*				3,234
Total liabilities				8,870

* Unallocated assets mainly include, certain other receivables, financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss, and cash and cash equivalents. Unallocated liabilities mainly include certain other payables and accruals.

The revenue from external customers of the Group by geographical segments is as follows:

	2015 HK\$'000	2014 HK\$'000
Revenue:		
Hong Kong	24,963	29,016
PRC	138,890	7,556
	163,853	36,572

One (2014: Three) single external customer contributes more than 10% revenue of the Group. Revenues of approximately HK\$130,418,000 are derived from this customer for the year ended 31 March 2015. These revenues are attributable to hardware segments. For the year ended 31 March 2014, revenues of approximately HK\$7,590,000, HK\$6,350,000 and HK\$5,523,000 were derived from customer A, customer B and customer C respectively. These revenues were attributable to hardware (customer A and C) and services (customer B) segments respectively.

As at 31 March 2015, accounts receivable from this external customer accounted for 86% of the Group's total accounts receivable. As at 31 March 2014, accounts receivable from these three external customers accounted for 90% of the Group's total accounts receivable.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2015

5. REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

An analysis of the non-current assets of the Group by geographical segments is as follows:

	2015 HK\$'000	2014 HK\$'000
Non-current assets:		
Hong Kong	1,122	1,281
PRC	7,170	978
	8,292	2,259

6. OTHER INCOME

	2015 HK\$'000	2014 HK\$'000
Interest income on short-term bank deposits	470	227
Interest income from structured deposits	522	–
Net realised gain on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	502	–
Others	617	192
	2,111	419

7. FINANCE COSTS

	2015 HK\$'000	2014 HK\$'000
Interest on bank borrowings wholly repayable within one year	–	13

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2015

8. LOSS BEFORE INCOME TAX

Loss before income tax is arrived at after charging:

	2015 HK\$'000	2014 HK\$'000
Auditors' remuneration	600	250
Cost of inventories sold	132,674	25,728
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	583	348
Loss on written off of property, plant and equipment	34	–
Employee benefit expense (Note 13)	14,719	11,364
Net foreign exchange loss	113	24
Operating lease charges in respect of rented premises	3,294	1,849
Operating lease charges in respect of rented equipment	14	18

9. INCOME TAX EXPENSE

No provision for Hong Kong profits tax has been made for the year as the Group had incurred losses for taxation purpose (2014: Nil as the Group had incurred losses for taxation purpose). The PRC enterprise income tax has been provided at the rate of 25% (2014: 25%) on the estimated assessable profit for the year.

	2015 HK\$'000	2014 HK\$'000
PRC enterprise income tax		
Current year	686	8
Income tax expense	686	8

Reconciliation between income tax expense and accounting loss at the applicable tax rate is as follows:

	2015 HK\$'000	2014 HK\$'000
Loss before income tax	(1,500)	(10,419)
Tax on loss before income tax, calculated at Hong Kong profits tax rate of 16.5% (2014: 16.5%)	(247)	(1,719)
Tax effect of non-deductible expenses	94	45
Tax effect of non-taxable income	(157)	(35)
Tax effect of unrecognised tax losses	1,063	1,949
Tax effect of unrecognised temporary differences	(10)	(147)
Utilisation of previously unrecognised tax losses	(462)	(88)
Effect of different tax rates of subsidiaries operating in other jurisdictions	405	3
Income tax expense	686	8

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2015

10. LOSS FOR THE YEAR ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF THE COMPANY

The consolidated loss for the year attributable to owners of the Company includes a loss of approximately HK\$1,155,000 (2014: loss of approximately HK\$22,428,000) which has been dealt with in the financial statements of the Company.

11. DIVIDENDS

The board of directors does not recommend the payment of a final dividend for the year ended 31 March 2015 (2014: Nil).

12. LOSS PER SHARE

Basic loss per share for the year is calculated by dividing the loss attributable to owners of the Company of approximately HK\$2,819,000 (2014: loss of approximately HK\$10,481,000) by the weighted average number of 1,356,250,000 (2014: 1,200,907,534) ordinary shares in issue during the year.

Diluted loss per share for the years 2015 and 2014 equals to the basic loss per share as the potential ordinary shares on exercise of warrants were not included in the calculation of diluted loss per share because they are anti-dilutive.

Details of calculation of loss per share:

	2015	2014
Loss attributable to owners of the Company (HK\$'000)	(2,819)	(10,481)
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year (in thousands)	1,356,250	1,200,908
	HK cents	HK cents
Basic loss per share	(0.21)	(0.87)
Diluted loss per share	(0.21)	(0.87)

13. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSE (INCLUDING DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS)

	2015 HK\$'000	2014 HK\$'000
Salaries, wages and other benefits	13,988	11,177
Pension costs – defined contribution schemes	731	187
	14,719	11,364

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2015

14. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT'S EMOLUMENTS

14.1 Directors' emoluments

The emoluments of each director are set out below:

	Fees HK\$'000	Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind HK\$'000	Employer's contribution to defined contribution schemes HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
2015				
<i>Executive directors</i>				
Mr. Yau Hoi Kin	–	2,062	18	2,080
Mr. Kwong Wai Ho, Richard	–	2,062	18	2,080
Dr. Huang Youmin	–	1,100	18	1,118
Mr. Wang Xiaoqi [#]	–	16	–	16
<i>Non-executive director</i>				
Mr. Hsu Chia-Chun	96	–	–	96
<i>Independent Non-executive directors</i>				
Dr. Chow Ka Ming, Jimmy	120	–	–	120
Dr. Wong Wing Lit	120	–	–	120
Mr. Ngan Yu Loong	120	–	–	120
Mr. Tse Yee Hin Tony [*]	105	–	–	105
	561	5,240	54	5,855

* Appointed on 15 May 2014.

Amount represents remuneration to Mr. Wang Xiaoqi in respect of his services as management of a subsidiary of the Company, who was appointed as the Company's director on 17 March 2015.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2015

14. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT'S EMOLUMENTS (continued)

14.1 Directors' emoluments (continued)

	Fees HK\$'000	Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind HK\$'000	Employer's contribution to defined contribution schemes HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
2014				
<i>Executive directors</i>				
Mr. Yau Hoi Kin	–	2,100	15	2,115
Mr. Kwong Wai Ho, Richard	–	2,100	15	2,115
Dr. Huang Youmin	–	1,120	15	1,135
<i>Non-executive director</i>				
Mr. Hsu Chia-Chun	96	–	–	96
<i>Independent Non-executive directors</i>				
Dr. Chow Ka Ming, Jimmy	108	–	–	108
Mr. Liu Zhiquan [#]	78	–	–	78
Dr. Wong Wing Lit	108	–	–	108
Mr. Ngan Yu Loong [*]	40	–	–	40
	430	5,320	45	5,795

* Appointed on 2 December 2013.

Resigned on 19 December 2013.

During the year, no emoluments were paid by the Group to any of the directors of the Company as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office (2014: Nil). None of the directors waived or agreed to waive any remuneration during the year (2014: Nil).

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2015

14. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT'S EMOLUMENTS (continued)

14.2 Five highest paid individuals

The five individuals whose emoluments were the highest in the Group for the year include three (2014: three) directors whose emoluments are reflected in the analysis presented above. The emoluments payable to the remaining two (2014: two) individuals during the year are as follows:

	2015 HK\$'000	2014 HK\$'000
Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind	1,221	1,173
Employer's contributions to defined contribution schemes	35	30
	1,256	1,203

The emoluments fell within the following bands:

	Number of individuals	
	2015	2014
HK\$ Nil – HK\$1,000,000	2	2

During the year, no emoluments were paid to the five highest paid individual as an inducement to join the Group or as compensation for loss of office (2014: Nil).

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2015

15. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	Group				Total HK\$'000
	Leasehold improvements HK\$'000	Plant and machinery HK\$'000	Furniture and fixtures HK\$'000	Office equipments HK\$'000	
At 1 April 2013					
Cost	327	276	1,257	–	1,860
Accumulated depreciation	(34)	(173)	(1,040)	–	(1,247)
Net book amount	293	103	217	–	613
Year ended 31 March 2014					
Opening net book amount	293	103	217	–	613
Exchange differences	5	–	4	–	9
Additions	–	761	8	191	960
Depreciation	(166)	(113)	(48)	(21)	(348)
Closing net book amount	132	751	181	170	1,234
At 31 March 2014 and 1 April 2014					
Cost	332	1,037	1,269	191	2,829
Accumulated depreciation	(200)	(286)	(1,088)	(21)	(1,595)
Net book amount	132	751	181	170	1,234
Year ended 31 March 2015					
Opening net book amount	132	751	181	170	1,234
Exchange differences	7	–	1	–	8
Acquisition of China Mobile Payment	2,757	–	6	109	2,872
Written off	–	(34)	–	–	(34)
Additions	–	58	21	–	79
Depreciation	(306)	(169)	(55)	(53)	(583)
Closing net book amount	2,590	606	154	226	3,576
At 31 March 2015					
Cost	3,833	1,029	1,307	518	6,687
Accumulated depreciation	(1,243)	(423)	(1,153)	(292)	(3,111)
Net book amount	2,590	606	154	226	3,576

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2015

15. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (continued)

	Company			
	Plant and machinery HK\$'000	Office equipments HK\$'000	Furniture and fixture HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
At 1 April 2013				
Cost	95	-	-	95
Accumulated depreciation	(17)	-	-	(17)
Net book amount	78	-	-	78
Year ended 31 March 2014				
Opening net book amount	78	-	-	78
Additions	69	131	8	208
Depreciation	(29)	(13)	(1)	(43)
Closing net book amount	118	118	7	243
At 31 March 2014 and 1 April 2014				
Cost	164	131	8	303
Accumulated depreciation	(46)	(13)	(1)	(60)
Net book amount	118	118	7	243
Year ended 31 March 2015				
Opening net book amount	118	118	7	243
Written off	(34)	-	-	(34)
Additions	-	-	21	21
Depreciation	(27)	(26)	(5)	(58)
Closing net book amount	57	92	23	172
At 31 March 2015				
Cost	98	131	29	258
Accumulated depreciation	(41)	(39)	(6)	(86)
Net book amount	57	92	23	172

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2015

16. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

	Group
	Development costs HK\$'000
<hr/>	
Year ended 31 March 2014	
Additions and Closing net book amount	1,025
<hr/>	
At 31 March 2014	
Cost	1,025
Accumulated amortisation	–
<hr/>	
Net book amount	1,025
<hr/>	
Year ended 31 March 2015	
Opening net book amount	1,025
Exchange difference	3
Additions	136
<hr/>	
Closing net book amount	1,164
<hr/>	
At 31 March 2015	
Cost	1,164
Accumulated amortisation	–
<hr/>	
Net book amount	1,164
<hr/>	

Note: Development costs mainly include online network systems and video software development costs. No amortisation was provided as intangible assets were not available for use as at 31 March 2014 and 2015.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2015

17. GOODWILL – GROUP

The main changes in the carrying amounts of goodwill result from the acquisition of China Mobile Payment. The net carrying amount of goodwill can be analysed as follows:

	2015 HK\$'000	2014 HK\$'000
Net carrying amount at 1 April	–	–
Acquisition of China Mobile Payment (Note 32)	3,552	–
Net carrying amount at 31 March	3,552	–
At end of year Gross and net carrying amount	3,552	–

The carrying amount of goodwill, net of any impairment loss, is allocated to the cash generating unit of China Mobile Payment under the hardware segment.

The recoverable amount for the cash generating unit was determined based on value-in use calculations covering a detailed five-year budget plan followed by an extrapolation of using a zero percent growth rate and 8% pre-tax discount rate. The assumption of pre-tax discount rate of 8% represents an estimate of the rate the market would apply having regard to the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. Management believes that any reasonably possible change in any of these assumptions would not cause the carrying amount of the above unit to exceed the recoverable amount the above unit.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2015

18. INVESTMENTS IN AND AMOUNTS DUE FROM SUBSIDIARIES – COMPANY

18.1 Investments in subsidiaries

	2015 HK\$'000	2014 HK\$'000
Unlisted shares, at cost	1	1
Less: Provision for impairment	–	–
	1	1
Amounts due from subsidiaries (Note 18.2)	98,087	51,935
Less: Provision for impairment (Note 18.2)	(22,886)	(22,886)
	75,201	29,049
	75,202	29,050

Particulars of the principal subsidiaries at 31 March 2015 are as follows:

Name of company	Place of incorporation	Particulars of issued and paid up capital	Effective percentage holding		Principal activities, place of operation
			2015	2014	
<i>Subsidiaries held directly:</i>					
China O2O Business Group Co. Limited (formerly known as "Aion Investments Limited")	The British Virgin Islands ("BVI")*	1 ordinary share of US\$1 each	100%	100%	Investment holding in Hong Kong
Excellent Master Investments Limited	Hong Kong*	1 ordinary share	100%	100%	Financing and provision for payroll and administrative services for group companies in Hong Kong
China Integrated Telecommunications Group Co. Limited (formerly known as "Huge Cyber Technology Limited")	BVI*	1 ordinary share of US\$1 each	100%	100%	Investment holding in Hong Kong
Joy Epoch Limited	BVI*	1 ordinary share of US\$1 each	100%	100%	Investment holding in Hong Kong
YBDS Multi Media Company Limited	BVI*	1 ordinary share of US\$1 each	100%	100%	Online network systems development in Hong Kong

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2015

18. INVESTMENTS IN AND AMOUNTS DUE FROM SUBSIDIARIES – COMPANY (continued)

18.1 Investments in subsidiaries (continued)

Name of company	Place of incorporation	Particulars of issued and paid up capital	Effective percentage holding		Principal activities, place of operation
			2015	2014	
<i>Subsidiaries held indirectly:</i>					
Norray Professional Computer Limited	Hong Kong*	200,000 ordinary shares	70%	70%	Provision of system integration services and other value-added technical consultation services and hardware-related business in Hong Kong
Able Bloom Technology Limited	Hong Kong*	1 ordinary share	100%	100%	Investment holding in Hong Kong
Pacific Honour Development Limited	Hong Kong*	1 ordinary share	100%	100%	Investment holding in Hong Kong
Guangzhou YBDS IT Co., Ltd.	The People Republic of China ("PRC")**	RMB40,000,000 (2014: RMB 24,334,000)	100%	100%	Provision of system integration services and other value-added technical consultation services and hardware-related business in the PRC
Beijing YBDS IT Co., Ltd.	PRC**	RMB4,040,000	100%	100%	Provision of system integration services and other value-added technical consultation services and hardware-related business in the PRC
China Mobile Payment Technology Group Company Limited ("formerly known as Magic Hour Holdings Ltd.")	BVI*	2 ordinary shares of US\$1 each	100%	–%	Investment holding in PRC
Hua Strong Network Science and Technology Limited Company	PRC**	US\$8,000,000	90%	–%	Investment holding in PRC, trading of residential gateway products and IT network consultation service
Beijing Huaqin World Technology Limited Company	PRC**	RMB50,000,000	51%	–%	Trading of residential gateway products
* Limited liability company					
** Wholly foreign owned enterprise					

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2015

18. INVESTMENTS IN AND AMOUNTS DUE FROM SUBSIDIARIES – COMPANY (continued)

18.1 Investments in subsidiaries (continued)

The above table includes subsidiaries of the Company which, in the opinion of the directors, principally affected the results for the year or formed a substantial portion of the net assets of the Group.

The following table lists out the information relating to Norray Professional Computer Limited (“**Norray Professional**”) and Beijing Huaqin World Technology Limited Company (“**Beijing Huaqin**”), the subsidiaries of the Group which has material non-controlling interest (“**NCI**”). The summarised financial information presented below represents the amounts before any inter-company elimination.

	Norray Professional		Beijing Huaqin	
	2015 HK\$'000	2014 HK\$'000	2015 HK\$'000	2014 HK\$'000
NCI percentage	30%	30%	49%	49%
Non-current assets	2	7	2,690	–
Current assets	1,901	6,408	293,561	–
Non-current liabilities	–	–	–	–
Current liabilities	(1,939)	(6,635)	(254,043)	–
Net (liabilities)/assets	(36)	(220)	42,208	–
Carrying amount of NCI	(11)	(66)	20,682	–
Revenue	13,063	23,909	94,900*	–
Profit for the year	184	507	1,560*	–
Total comprehensive income for the year	184	507	1,560*	–
Net profit for the year attributable to NCI	55	152	764*	–
Dividend paid to non controlling interest	–	–	–	–
Net cash (used in)/from operating activities	(4,227)	4,473	31,528*	–
Net cash used in investing activities	–	–	(37,935)*	–
Net cash from financing activities	–	–	–	–

* Amounts represent results of Beijing Huaqin from 23 December 2014 (date when control commenced on (note 32)) to 31 March 2015.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2015

18. INVESTMENTS IN AND AMOUNTS DUE FROM SUBSIDIARIES – COMPANY (continued)

18.2 Amounts due from subsidiaries

The provision was determined on the basis of the amounts recoverable from the subsidiaries with reference to the estimated fair value of the underlying assets held by subsidiaries.

Movements in the provision for impairment of amounts due from subsidiaries are as follows:

	2015 HK\$'000	2014 HK\$'000
At 1 April	22,886	–
Recognised during the year	–	22,886
At 31 March	22,886	22,886

The carrying amounts of the amounts due from subsidiaries approximate their fair values.

The amounts due from subsidiaries are unsecured, interest-free and have no fixed terms of repayment.

19. INVENTORIES – GROUP

	2015 HK\$'000	2014 HK\$'000
Finished goods - residential gateway products	27,823	–
	27,823	–

20. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

	Group		Company	
	2015 HK\$'000	2014 HK\$'000	2015 HK\$'000	2014 HK\$'000
Bill receivables	55,605	–	–	–
Trade receivables	146,215	13,943	–	–
Total bill and trade receivables	201,820	13,943	–	–
Prepayments, deposits and other receivables	44,792	3,191	193	113
	246,612	17,134	193	113

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2015

20. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (continued)

The credit period granted by the Group to its customers generally ranged from 0 to 90 days. At the reporting date, the ageing analysis of the Group's trade and bill receivables (net of provision for impaired receivables) based on invoice date is as follows:

	Group	
	2015 HK\$'000	2014 HK\$'000
0–30 days	137,219	847
31–60 days	11,486	384
61–90 days	16,778	135
91–180 days	18,770	4
181–365 days	1,295	12,566
Over 365 days	16,272	7
	201,820	13,943

The ageing analysis of the Group's trade and bill receivables based on due date is as follows:

	Group	
	2015 HK\$'000	2014 HK\$'000
Neither past due nor impaired	111,269	–
1–30 days past due	25,950	847
31–60 days past due	11,486	384
61–90 days past due	16,778	135
91–180 days past due	18,770	4
181–365 days past due	1,295	12,566
Over 365 days past due	16,272	7
	90,551	13,943
	201,820	13,943

Receivables that were neither past due nor impaired related to customers for whom there were no recent history of default. Receivables that were past due but not impaired related to customers that have a good track record of credit with the Group.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2015

20. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (continued)

As at 31 March 2015 and 2014, no trade and bill receivables were impaired and no provision for impairment was recognised for the years ended 31 March 2015 and 2014. The impairment was firstly assessed individually for individual significant or long outstanding balances, and the remaining balances were grouped for collective assessment according to their ageing and historical default rates as these customers were of similar credit risk characteristics.

All amounts are short term and hence the carrying values of the Group's bill, trade and other receivables are considered to be a reasonable approximation of fair values. The other receivables were neither past due nor impaired. The Group did not hold any collateral as security or other credit enhancements over the trade and other receivables.

All bill receivables were denominated in Renminbi and are primarily notes received from third parties and banks for the year ended 31 March 2015 (2014: Nil) for settlement of trade receivable balances. At 31 March 2015, all bill receivables have maturities of 9 months or less from 31 March 2015.

21. FINANCIAL ASSETS DESIGNATED AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS – GROUP

	2015 HK\$'000	2014 HK\$'000
Structured deposits	37,935	–

During the year ended 31 March 2015, the Group entered into short term investments linked structured deposits that were denominated in RMB30,000,000 (equivalent to HK\$37,935,000) (2014: Nil) with banks with maturity periods of 50 days.

Interest rates of the structured deposits vary depending on the return rate of the relevant short term bonds, money market investment fund and bank deposits.

Structured deposits are carried at fair value determined according to the inputs other than quoted market prices (note 30.3).

22. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	Group		Company	
	2015 HK\$'000	2014 HK\$'000	2015 HK\$'000	2014 HK\$'000
Cash at banks and in hand	133,046	112,112	41,408	88,764

As at 31 March 2015, the Group had bank balances and cash of approximately HK\$41,278,000 (2014: HK\$2,963,000) which were denominated in Renminbi. The remittance of these funds out of the PRC is subject to the exchange control restrictions imposed by the PRC government.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2015

23. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

	Group		Company	
	2015 HK\$'000	2014 HK\$'000	2015 HK\$'000	2014 HK\$'000
Current liabilities				
Trade payables	240,155	4,818	–	–
Other payables and accruals	16,714	3,234	592	632
Sales deposits received	1,631	818	–	–
	258,500	8,870	592	632
Non-current liabilities				
Other payables	53,512	–	–	–

The long-term payables were mainly cash advances from third parties, which are unsecured, interest free and not payable within one year. Other than the long-term payables, all amounts are short term and hence the carrying values of the Group's trade and other payables are considered to be a reasonable approximation of fair values.

The ageing analysis of the Group's of trade payables based on invoice date is as follows:

	Group	
	2015 HK\$'000	2014 HK\$'000
0–30 days	23,797	918
31–60 days	15,926	3,761
61–90 days	12,356	30
91–180 days	58,073	49
181–365 days	69,133	–
Over 365 days	60,870	60
	240,155	4,818

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2015

24. SHARE CAPITAL

	Authorised Ordinary shares of HK\$0.10 each	
	Number of shares (in thousands)	HK\$'000
As at 31 March 2014 and 31 March 2015	2,000,000	200,000

	Issued and fully paid Ordinary shares of HK\$0.10 each	
	Number of shares (in thousands)	HK\$'000
As at 31 March 2013	906,250	90,625
Issue of shares	450,000	45,000
As at 31 March 2014 and 31 March 2015	1,356,250	135,625

Note: On 5 August 2013, the Company had completed an issuance of 450,000,000 new shares of HK\$0.10 each in the capital of the Company at a subscription price of HK\$0.225 each to Happy On pursuant to a subscription agreement dated on 2 June 2013.

30,000,000 warrants issued on 4 June 2012 and 60,000,000 warrants issued on 26 July 2012 have initial subscription prices of HK\$0.185 per share and HK\$0.141 per share respectively for one ordinary share of the Company exercisable for a period of five years. As at 31 March 2015, 90,000,000 (2014: 90,000,000) warrants remained unexercised.

25. SHARE OPTIONS

Pursuant to an ordinary resolution passed at an annual general meeting of the Company held on 1 August 2011 ("**Adoption Date**"), the Company adopted the new share option scheme ("**New Scheme**") on the Adoption Date. The major terms of the New Scheme are summarised as follows:

- (a) The purpose of the New Scheme is to enable the Group to grant options to selected participants as incentives or rewards for their contribution to the Group.
- (b) The participants included any employee (or consultant, advisor, agent, contractor, client or supplier of the Company or any subsidiary who in the sole opinion of the board of directors have contributed or are expected to contribute to the Group ("**Participant**").
- (c) The maximum number of shares to be issued upon the exercise of all outstanding options granted and yet to be exercised under the New Scheme and any other share option scheme of the Group must not in aggregated exceed 30% of the issued share capital of the Company from time to time.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2015

25. SHARE OPTIONS (continued)

- (d) The initial total number of shares which may be issued upon exercise of all options (excluding, for this purpose, options which have lapsed in accordance with the terms of the New Scheme and any other share option scheme of the Group) to be granted under the scheme and any other share option scheme of the Group must not in aggregate exceed 10% of the shares in issued at the day on which the New Scheme is approved and such limit might be refreshed by shareholders in general meeting.
- (e) The total number of shares issued and which may fall to be issued upon exercise of the options granted under the New Scheme and any other share option scheme of the Group to each Participant in any 12-month period shall not exceed 1% of the issued share capital of the Company for the time being (the “**Individual Limit**”). Any further grant of options in excess of the Individual Limit in any 12-month period up to and including the date of such further grant shall be subject to the issue of a circular to the shareholders and the shareholders’ approval in general meeting of the Company with such Participant and his associates abstaining from voting.
- (f) Unless the directors otherwise determined and stated in the offer of the grant of options to a grantee, a grantee is not required to achieve any performance targets before any options granted under the New Scheme can be exercised.
- (g) An offer of the grant of the option may be accepted by a Participant within 28 days from the date of the offer of grant of the option. A nominal consideration of HK\$1 is payable on acceptance of the grant of an option.
- (h) The subscription price for shares under the New Scheme will be a price determined by the directors, but shall not be less than the higher of:
- the closing price of shares as stated in the Stock Exchange’s daily quotations sheet on the date of the offer of grant, which must be a business day;
 - the average closing price of shares as stated in the Stock Exchange’s daily quotations for the five trading days immediately preceding the date of the offer of grant; and
 - the nominal value of the shares.
- (i) The New Scheme will remain in force for a period of 10 years commencing on the date on which the New Scheme is adopted.

No share options were granted by the Company or outstanding at any time during the year ended 31 March 2015 (2014: Nil).

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2015

26. RESERVES – COMPANY

	Share premium HK\$'000	Warrant reserve HK\$'000	Accumulated losses HK\$'000	Total reserves HK\$'000
As at 1 April 2013	45,602	900	(98,411)	(51,909)
Comprehensive expense				
Loss for the year	–	–	(22,428)	(22,428)
Total comprehensive expense for the year	–	–	(22,428)	(22,428)
Issue of shares	56,250	–	–	56,250
As at 31 March 2014 and 1 April 2014	101,852	900	(120,839)	(18,087)
Comprehensive expense				
Loss for the year	–	–	(1,155)	(1,155)
Total comprehensive expense for the year	–	–	(1,155)	(1,155)
As at 31 March 2015	101,852	900	(121,994)	(19,242)

(a) Share premium

Share premium represents the excess of the net proceeds from issuance of the Company's shares over its par value.

(b) Translation reserve

The translation reserve of the Group comprises all foreign exchange differences arising from the translation of the financial statements of foreign operations. The reserve is dealt with in accordance with the accounting policy set out in note 2.4.

(c) Warrant reserve

Warrant reserve represents the unexercised equity element of warrants issued by the Company.

(d) Distributable reserve

As at 31 March 2015, in the opinion of the directors, the Company's reserve available for distribution to owners amounted to approximately HK\$101,852,000 (2014: HK\$101,852,000).

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2015

27. DEFERRED INCOME TAX

Deferred income tax liabilities:

No deferred income tax liabilities have been recognised in the financial statements as the Group and the Company did not have material temporary difference arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts as at 31 March 2015 and 2014.

Deferred income tax assets:

No deferred income tax assets have not been recognised in the financial statements in respect of tax losses available to offset future profits due to the uncertainty of future profit streams against which the asset can be utilised. At the reporting dates, the unrecognised tax losses of the Group and of the Company are as follows:

	Group		Company	
	2015 HK\$'000	2014 HK\$'000	2015 HK\$'000	2014 HK\$'000
Tax losses	43,600	39,508	22,374	21,220

28. OPERATING LEASE COMMITMENTS

Group – as lessee

At the reporting dates, the total future minimum lease payments payable by the Group under non-cancellable operating leases in respect of rented premises and equipment are as follows:

	2015 HK\$'000	2014 HK\$'000
Within one year	3,588	25,692
In the second to fifth year inclusive	2,897	14,024
	6,485	39,716

The Group leases a number of premises and equipment under operating leases. The leases run for an initial period of one to five years, with an option to renew the leases and renegotiate the terms at the expiry date.

During the year ended 31 March 2015, an online platform lease agreement has been terminated by mutual agreement with no penalty imposed.

Company – as lessee

The Company does not have any significant operating lease commitments as lessee as at 31 March 2015 and 2014.

29. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Other than as disclosed in note 32, during the years ended 31 March 2015 and 2014, the Group has not entered into significant transactions with related parties.

No transactions have been entered with the directors of the Company (being the key management personnel) during the year other than the emoluments paid to them (being the key management personnel compensation) as disclosed in note 14.1.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2015

30. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance.

30.1 Categories of financial assets and liabilities

The carrying amounts presented in the statement of financial position relate to the following categories of financial assets and financial liabilities:

	Group		Company	
	2015 HK\$	2014 HK\$	2015 HK\$	2014 HK\$
Financial assets				
<i>Loans and receivables</i>				
– Trade and other receivables	241,832	15,122	80	–
– Cash and bank balances	133,046	112,112	41,408	88,764
	374,878	127,234	41,488	88,764
Financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss – structured deposits	37,935	–	–	–

	Group		Company	
	2015 HK\$	2014 HK\$	2015 HK\$	2014 HK\$
Financial liabilities				
<i>Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost</i>				
– Trade and other payables	310,381	8,052	592	632
	310,381	8,052	592	632

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2015

30. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (continued)

30.2 Foreign risk factors

Exposure to market risk (including foreign exchange, interest rate and price risks), credit risk and liquidity risk arises in the normal course of business. The risks are minimised by the financial management policies and practices described below:

30.2.1 Market Risk

(i) Foreign exchange risk

Foreign exchange risk mainly arises from future commercial transactions, recognised assets and liabilities and net investments in foreign operations.

The management of the Group considers the foreign exchange risk of the Group is not significant, and thus does not have any active policies to hedge against the foreign exchange risk.

(ii) Price risk

The Group is not exposed to significant price risk.

(iii) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk relates to the risk that the fair value or cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Group does not have any significant exposure to interest rate risk as the Group currently has no financial assets and liabilities with floating interest rates.

30.2.2 Credit risk

The Group's credit risk is primarily attributable to bill, trade and other receivables, financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss and bank balances.

The Group's maximum exposure to credit risk which will cause a financial loss to the Group due to failure to discharge an obligation by the counterparties is the carrying amount of the respective recognised financial assets as stated in the consolidated statement of financial position.

In order to minimise credit risk, management has delegated a team to be responsible for the determination of credit limits, credit approvals and other monitoring procedures to ensure that follow-up action is taken to recover overdue debts. In addition, management reviews the recoverable amount of each individual bill, trade and other receivables regularly to ensure that adequate impairment losses are recognised for irrecoverable amounts.

As at 31 March 2015, the Group's bill receivables with carrying amount of HK\$55,605,000 (2014: Nil) are unconditional orders in writing issued by or negotiated from banks or customers of the Group which entitle the Group to collect a sum of money from banks or other parties.

The credit risk on liquid funds is limited because the Group's time deposits and bank balances are deposited with banks of high credit ratings in Hong Kong and the PRC.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2015

30. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (continued)

30.2 Foreign risk factors (continued)

30.2.3 Liquidity risk

Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and marketable securities. The Group regularly reviews its major funding positions to ensure that it has adequate financial resources in meeting its financial obligations.

The following tables detail the Group's contractual maturity for its financial liabilities. The tables have been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities based on the earliest date on which the Group can be required to pay. The tables include both interest and principal cash flows.

	Less than 3 months HK\$'000	3-6 months HK\$'000	6 months to 1 year HK\$'000	1-2 years HK\$'000	Total undiscounted cash flow HK\$'000	Carrying amount at 31 March HK\$'000
2015						
Non-derivative financial liabilities						
Trade and other payables	20,218	236,651	-	53,512	310,381	310,381
2014						
Non-derivative financial liabilities						
Trade and other payables	8,052	-	-	-	8,052	8,052

As at 31 March 2015, the Group and the Company did not have any derivative financial liabilities (2014: Nil).

The Company's non-derivative financial liabilities equal their carrying balances as the impact of discounting is not significant.

30.3 Financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value

The following table presents financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value in the statement of financial position in accordance with the fair value hierarchy. The hierarchy groups financial assets and liabilities into three levels based on the relative reliability of significant inputs used in measuring the fair value of these financial assets and liabilities. The fair value hierarchy has the following levels:

- Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets and liabilities;
- Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices); and
- Level 3: inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

The level in the fair value hierarchy within which the financial asset or liability is categorised in its entirety is based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2015

30. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (continued)

30.3 Financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value (continued)

The financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value in the statement of financial position are grouped into the fair value hierarchy as follows:

	Group Level 2	
	2015 HK\$	2014 HK\$
Assets		
Financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss:		
– Structured deposits	37,935	–
	37,935	–

The structured deposits is not publicly traded, the fair values presented are determined by calculating the present value of the estimated cash flows upon maturity of these financial assets. Future cash flows are estimated based on the contracted interest rates, discounted at a rate that reflects the credit risk of the Group or the counterparties, as appropriate. Interest rates of the structured deposits vary depending on the return rate of the relevant short term bonds, money market investment fund and bank deposits.

There were no transfers among Levels 1, 2, and 3 during the year ended 31 March 2015 and 2014.

30.4 Fair value of financial assets and liabilities carried at other than fair value

The carrying amounts of the financial instruments carried at amortised cost are not materially different from their fair values as at 31 March 2015 and 2014.

31. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for equity holders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to equity holders, return capital to equity holders, issue new shares or reduce debt.

The Group monitors capital on the basis of the gearing ratio. This ratio is calculated as a percentage of bank borrowings and long-term debts over total equity. Total capital is calculated as 'equity', as shown in the consolidated statement of financial position.

As at 31 March 2015, the Group's gearing ratio was Nil (2014: Nil).

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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32. ACQUISITION OF CHINA MOBILE PAYMENT TECHNOLOGY GROUP COMPANY LIMITED ("CHINA MOBILE PAYMENT") (FORMERLY KNOWN AS MAGIC HOUR HOLDINGS LTD.)

On 20 August 2014, an indirectly wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company entered into an agreement with the vendor, Mr. Chan Foo Wing who controls Happy On, to acquire 100% equity interest in China Mobile Payment and its subsidiaries for a cash consideration of HK\$3,000,000. The acquisition was completed on 23 December 2014. The principal business of China Mobile Payment and its subsidiaries include research and development of computer software auxiliary equipment, broadband network equipment, communications transmission equipment, multimedia communications systems; production of computer software, system integration, sale of the self-manufactured products and provision of technical consulting services.

Acquisition-related costs amounting to HK\$2.7 million have been excluded from the consideration transferred and have been recognised as administrative expenses in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

The receivables acquired (which principally comprised trade and other receivables) in these transactions with a fair value of HK\$170.8 million had gross contractual amounts of HK\$170.8 million. At acquisition date, no contractual cash flows were expected to be not collectable.

The acquisition has been accounted for using the acquisition method.

The net assets acquired and goodwill arising on the acquisition date are as follows:

	Carrying amounts and fair values HK\$'000
Cash and cash equivalents	87,814
Trade and other receivable	170,797
Inventories	73,409
Property, plant and equipment, net	2,872
Trade and other payables	(314,954)
Tax payable	(509)
Net assets acquired	19,429
Non-controlling interests	(19,981)
Goodwill arising on acquisition	3,552
Total consideration	3,000
Total consideration satisfied by:	
Cash paid on acquisition	3,000
Net cash inflow arising on acquisition:	
Cash paid on acquisition	(3,000)
Cash and cash equivalents acquired	87,814
	84,814

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2015

32. ACQUISITION OF CHINA MOBILE PAYMENT TECHNOLOGY GROUP COMPANY LIMITED ("CHINA MOBILE PAYMENT") (FORMERLY KNOWN AS MAGIC HOUR HOLDINGS LTD.) (continued)

Goodwill arose in the acquisition of China Mobile Payment as the cost of the acquisition included a control premium. In addition, the consideration paid for the acquisition effectively included amounts in relation to the benefit of expected synergies, revenue growth, future market development and the assembled workforce. These benefits are not recognised separately from goodwill because they do not meet the recognition criteria for identifiable intangible assets.

None of the goodwill arising on the acquisition is expected to be deductible for tax purposes.

In the event that actual profit of China Mobile Payment Group for the year ended 31 March 2015 exceeds the guaranteed profit of HK\$3 million, no adjustment shall be made to the consideration. In the event that the actual profit falls short of the guaranteed profit, the vendor, shall pay the Company an amount equivalent to the difference between the guaranteed profit and the actual profit. At the acquisition date and as at 31 March 2015, the management of the Company estimates that fair value of the contingent consideration receivables was approximately Nil as China Mobile Payment Group's profit for the year ended 31 March 2015 met the guaranteed profit amount.

During the period from the acquisition date to 31 March 2015, China Mobile Payment has contributed a total revenue of HK\$94.6 million and a net profit of HK\$1.3 million.

If the acquisition had occurred on 1 April 2014, the consolidated revenue and net profit of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2015 would have been HK\$354.1 million and HK\$1.9 million respectively. The proforma financial information is for illustrative purpose only and does not necessarily reflect the Group's revenue and operating results if the acquisition has been completed on 1 April 2014 and could not serve as a basis for the forecast of future operation result.