China Singyes New Materials Holdings Limited 中國興業新材料控股有限公司

(Incorporated in the Bermuda with limited liability) (於百慕達註冊成立的有限公司)

Stock Code 股份代碼: 8073





年度報告 ANNUAL REPORT

2017

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CORPORATE INFORMATION

公司資料

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

Mr. Sun Jinli Mr. Zhao Feng Mr. Zhang Chao Mr. Tang Liwen

Non-executive Director

Mr. Liu Hongwei (Chairman)

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. Lee Kwok Tung Louis Mr. Wei Junfeng Dr. Li Ling

COMPLIANCE OFFICER

Mr. Sun Jinli

COMPANY SECRETARY

Ms. Lau Wai Han (CPA)

AUTHORISED REPRESENTATIVES

Mr. Sun Jinli

Ms. Lau Wai Han (CPA)

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Mr. Lee Kwok Tung Louis *(Chairman)*Mr. Wei Junfeng
Dr. Li Ling

董事會

執行董事

孫金禮先生 趙峰先生 張超先生 湯立文先生

非執行董事

劉紅維先生(主席)

獨立非執行董事

李國棟先生 魏軍鋒先生 李玲博士

合規主任

孫金禮先生

公司秘書

劉慧嫺女士(CPA)

授權代表

孫金禮先生 劉慧嫺女士(CPA)

審核委員會

李國棟先生(主席) 魏軍鋒先生 李玲博士

CORPORATE INFORMATION

公司資料

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Wei Junfeng *(Chairman)*Mr. Lee Kwok Tung Louis
Dr. Li Ling

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Liu Hongwei *(Chairman)* Mr. Wei Junfeng Dr. Li Ling

LEGAL ADVISER

Jeffrey Mak Law Firm 1309, 13th Floor, Prince's Building 10 Chater Road, Central Hong Kong

AUDITOR

Ernst & Young 22/F, CITIC Tower 1 Tim Mei Avenue, Central Hong Kong

PRINCIPAL BANKERS

Agricultural Bank of China, Zhuhai South Bay Branch Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited Industrial and Commercial Bank of China (Asia) Limited

REGISTERED OFFICE

Clarendon House 2 Church Street Hamilton HM11 Bermuda

薪酬委員會

魏軍鋒先生(主席) 李國棟先生 李玲博士

提名委員會

劉紅維先生(主席) 魏軍鋒先生 李玲博士

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核數師

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CORPORATE INFORMATION

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PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR

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STOCK CODE

8073

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公司網站

www.syeamt.com

股份代號

8073

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

主席報告

On behalf of the Board, I am pleased to present to you the annual results of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2017.

The year 2017 is the first year which the Group registered at GEM , and also the year which the Group achieved satisfactory results in the new material industry. For the year ended 31 December 2017, the overall business of the Group continued to grow rapidly. The revenue was RMB115.8 million, representing a year-on-year increase of 27.4%. Its profit attributable to shareholders was RMB14.0 million, representing a year-on-year increase of 119.8%. The Board recommended the distribution of a final dividend of HK0.8 cents per share.

PRODUCT APPLICATION

ITO film is the Group's fundamental product, earning the sales revenue of RMB15.4 million in the year 2017. The Group's ITO film has developed mature and stable technique and cost benefits, accounting for more than 30% of the domestic market share.

The sales revenue of smart light-adjusting material was RMB65.0 million, representing a year-on-year increase of 43%, accounting for 56.1% of the total revenue. During the year, the Group completed the construction of smart light-adjusting glass for Hefei Langham Hotel, which is the largest single project in the industry at the present time.

The sales revenue of light-adjusting projection system increased by 19.6% to RMB28.5 million. During the year the Group has revealed its outstanding talent in outdoor multi-media and advertisement aspect such as multi-media glass external wall and light-adjusting projection window, and has completed the outdoor multi-media curtain wall of Shanghai Yaohan (上海八佰伴), as well as demonstrating the first railway platform gate in Dalian Hekou Station.

本人謹代表董事會, 欣然提呈本集團截至二零 一七年十二月三十一日止之全年業績。

二零一七年是本公司於GEM上市的第一年,同時為本集團取得可喜成績的一年。截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止,本集團整體業務保持快速增長,收入同比增長27.4%至人民幣115.8百萬元,股東應佔溢利為人民幣14.0百萬元,同比增長119.8%。董事會建議派發末期股息每股0.8港仙。

產品應用

ITO導電膜是本集團的基礎產品,二零一七年度ITO導電膜銷售收入人民幣15.4百萬元。本集團生產ITO導電膜的工藝技術日趨成熟穩定,並帶來成本優勢,本集團生產的ITO導電膜目前在中國大陸市場佔有率超過30%。

智能調光膜及智能調光玻璃銷售收入同比增長43%至人民幣65.0百萬元,佔總收入56.1%。本年度本集團完成的合肥朗庭酒店智能調光玻璃工程,是目前行業內最大的單體項目。

調光投影系統銷售收入增長19.6%至人民幣 28.5百萬元。本年度,本集團於多媒體玻璃 外牆、調光投影櫥窗等戶外多媒體、廣告市場 嶄露頭角,完成上海八佰伴戶外多媒體幕牆工 程,並於大連地鐵河口站完成首個地鐵屏蔽門 示範應用工程。

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

主席報告

TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT

The Group continues to invest in technology research and development and has established a mutual-research system with Kent State University and China Changshu Liquid Crystal Research Institute (中國常熟液晶研究所) with high-level R&D talents and complete hardware auxiliaries to ensure the Group's R&D capabilities. The Group has strived to increase the efficiency of the existing products, reduce costs and promote the development of heat resistance automotive film and remote control system of light-adjusting projection.

FUTURE PLANS

As the leading manufacture of light-adjusting material in China, the Group will actively adapt to the market development and technological progress. While maintaining the competitive advantage in existing technologies, we will proactively develop new application products such as handwriting conductive film and automotive light-adjusting film, fully utilizing the quality advantage and cost advantage of "Made in China" and actively developing oversea market. We will continuously consolidate and expand existing technology, market and brand advantage and endeavor to optimize and improve the production chain with a target to becoming the leading light-adjusting material supplier in the world.

技術研發

本集團在技術研發方面不斷的投入,並與美國KENT大學、中國常熟液晶研究所建立共同研發體系,高水平的研發人才和完備的硬件配套設施確保了本集團的研發實力。本集團致力提高原有產品性能和降低成本推進新型應用產品(如耐高溫汽車膜、調光投影遠程控制系統)的開發。

未來規劃

作為中國智能調光材料的領先生產商,本集團 將積極應對市場發展及技術進步,保持現有技 術上的競爭優勢同時積極拓展手寫板導電膜、 汽車調光膜等新型應用產品:充分發揮「中國 製造」的質量優勢和成本優勢,開拓海外市 場:不斷鞏固和擴大本集團的技術、市場和品 牌優勢,致力優化及完善產業鏈,目標成為全 球領先的調光材料供應商。

管理層討論及分析

BUSINESS REVIEW

The Group carries out research and development on, and manufactures and sells ITO film, Smart Light-adjusting Film, Smart Light-adjusting Glass and Smart Light-adjusting Projection System. The Group uses ITO film as one of the main materials for the development of downstream products, namely: (i) polymer dispersed liquid crystal film (i.e. Smart Light-adjusting Film); (ii) electronically switchable glass (i.e. Smart Light-adjusting Glass); and (iii) Smart Light-adjusting Projection System. The Group is one of the few integrated manufacturers in the PRC which produces and sells ITO film as well as a range of related downstream products.

ITO film can be applied for use in a variety of products including smart phones, GPS systems and other touch-screen devices and equipment such as automated teller machines. Our ITO film customers are primarily domestic touch-screen device manufacturers. Revenue from sales of ITO film was RMB15,377,000 for the year ended 31 December 2017, which represented an increase of RMB1,648,000 or 12.0%, from RMB13,729,000 for the same period in 2016.

Smart Light-adjusting Film is made from the integration of ITO film (which we manufacture in-house) and polymer dispersed liquid crystals. Smart Light-adjusting Film can be switched from a milky, cloudy, translucent and opaque state into a colourless and transparent state when electricity is applied to it, and may be applied to windows and glass to control the passing-through of light. Our Smart Light-adjusting Film customers are primarily construction companies and contractors of developers. Revenue from sales of Smart Light-adjusting Film was RMB30,709,000 for the year ended 31 December 2017, which represented a significant increase of RMB11,827,000 or 62.6%, from RMB18,882,000 for the same period in 2016.

Smart Light-adjusting Glass is manufactured by placing a layer of Smart Light-adjusting Film between two layers of glass. Smart Light-adjusting Glass permits a user to control the permeability of light through the glass by adjusting the voltage of electricity voltage applied to the Smart Light-adjusting Film fixed therein. Our Smart Light-adjusting Glass customers are primarily construction companies and contractors of developers. Revenue from sales of Smart Light-adjusting Glass was RMB34,256,000 for the year ended 31 December 2017, which represented an increase of RMB7,764,000 or 29.3%, from RMB26,492,000 for the same period in 2016.

業務回顧

本集團從事ITO導電膜、智能調光膜、智能調光玻璃及智能調光投影系統的研發、生產及銷售。本集團使用ITO導電膜作為主要材料之一來開發下游產品,即(i)聚合物分散液晶膜(即智能調光膜):(ii)電控智能調光玻璃(即智能調光玻璃):及(iii)智能調光投影系統。本集團是中國為數不多的生產及銷售ITO導電膜以及一系列相關下游產品的綜合製造商。

ITO導電膜可以應用於多種產品(包括智能手機、GPS系統及自動櫃員機等其他觸摸屏裝置及設備)。我們的ITO導電膜客戶主要為國內觸摸屏設備製造商。截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度的ITO導電膜銷售收入為人民幣15,377,000元,與二零一六年同期的人民幣13,729,000元比較,增長人民幣1,648,000元或12.0%。

智能調光膜透過整合我們內部生產的ITO 導電膜及聚合物分散液晶而製成。通電後,智能調光膜可由乳白色、朦朧、半透明及不透明狀調節成無色及透明狀,可用於窗戶及玻璃,以控制光線穿透。我們的智能調光膜客戶主要為建築公司及開發商的承包商。截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度的智能調光膜銷售收入為人民幣30,709,000元,較二零一六年同期的人民幣18,882,000元大幅增加人民幣11,827,000元或62.6%。

智能調光玻璃透過在兩層玻璃中間放置一層智能調光膜而製成。智能調光玻璃允許用戶透過調節應用於智能調光玻璃內部的智能調光膜的電壓控制透光性。我們的智能調光玻璃客戶主要為建築公司及開發商的承包商。截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度的智能調光玻璃銷售收入為人民幣34,256,000元,較二零一六年同期的人民幣26,492,000元增加人民幣7,764,000元或29.3%。

管理層討論及分析

Smart Light-adjusting Projection System makes use of project technology to project visual images onto projection screens. Such projection screens are manufactured using Smart Light-adjusting Products which is opaque when no power source is applied to it. Our Smart Light-adjust Projection System customers are primarily construction companies and commercial users. Revenue from sales of Smart Light-adjusting Projection System was RMB28,451,000 for the year ended 31 December 2017, which represented an increase of RMB4,663,000 or 19.6%, from RMB23,788,000 for the same period in 2016.

Our Group strives to manufacture and supply high quality products to our customers, and our Directors believe that our Group is a reputable supplier of ITO film and related downstream products in the PRC. Our key operating subsidiary was ranked as the leading manufacturer of Smart Light-adjusting Products and Smart Light-adjusting Projection Systems in the PRC in terms of market share by revenue. Leveraging on our current market position as a leading producer of Smart Light-adjusting Products and Smart Light-adjusting Projection Systems in the PRC in terms of market share, we experienced growth in business during the year ended 31 December 2017. The Group recorded a net profit of RMB14,026,000 for the year ended 31 December 2017, which represented a significant increase of RMB7,645,000 or 119.8%, from RMB6,381,000 for the same period in 2016. After adjusting for the non-recurring Listing expenses of RMB5,523,000 attributable to the relevant period of 2017 (2016: RMB9,696,000), the net profit of the Group amounted to RMB19,549,000 (year ended 31 December 2016: RMB16,077,000).

智能調光投影系統利用投影技術將視覺影像投影至投影屏上。投影屏使用智能調光產品製成,智能調光產品在斷電時呈不透明狀態。我們智能調光投影系統的客戶主要為建築公司及商業用戶。截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度的智能調光投影系統銷售收入為人民幣28,451,000元,較二零一六年同期的人民幣23,788,000元減少人民幣4,663,000元或19.6%。

本集團致力於製造及向客戶供應優質產品,董 事相信本集團是中國ITO導電膜及相關下游產 品的知名供應商。按收入所佔市場份額計算, 我們的主要營運附屬公司在中國智能調光產品 及智能調光投影系統製造商中名列前茅。憑藉 我們目前作為中國智能調光產品及智能調光 投影系統的領先生產商的市場地位(按市場份 額計),我們截至二零一七年十二月三十一日 止年度錄得業務增長。本集團截至二零一七 年十二月三十一日止年度錄得盈利淨額人民 幣14,026,000元,較二零一六年同期的人民 幣 6.381.000 元顯著增長人民幣 7.645.000 元 或119.8%。就二零一七年相關期間應佔之 非經常性上市開支人民幣5,523,000元(二零 一六年:人民幣9,696,000元)作出調整後, 本集團之純利為人民幣19,549,000元(截至 二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度:人民幣 16.077.000元)。

管理層討論及分析

OUTLOOK AND PROSPECTS

Our Directors believe that, as a market participant which is active in the technology sector, it is crucial for the business of our Group to devote substantial resources towards research and development (including identifying new materials and applications) which will advance or sustain its competitiveness in light of evolving market trends and customer preferences and needs. Further, our Directors believe that our Group's current market leading positions in the PRC by market share relating to its Smart Light-adjusting Products and downstream application (namely, the Smart Light-adjusting Projection System) is testimonial of sufficient market demand for its products and it is an opportune time to capitalise and realise its potential in overseas markets. As such, our Group intends to extend its footprint to overseas markets as well as develop production lines which cater for expected demand for its products.

The Shares of the Company were successfully listed on GEM on 21 July 2017 (the "Listing"). Our Directors believe that the net proceeds from the Listing will provide us with additional capital to implement our future plans, which would be conducive to increasing our competitiveness in the market in which we operate which will assist us in securing more customers and in turn assist us in achieving our goal of increasing our market presence and geographical reach both in the PRC and abroad. In addition, our Directors expect the Listing assist us to gain access to the capital market for the future growth of our Group.

FINANCIAL REVIEW

Revenue

Our revenue was RMB115,823,000 for the year ended 31 December 2017, which represented an increase of RMB24,936,000, or 27.4% from RMB90,887,000 for the same period in 2016. The increase was primarily attributable to increase of RMB11,827,000 and RMB7,764,000 in revenue from the sales of Smart Light-adjusting Films and Smart Light-adjusting Glass, respectively, which was driven by the increase in the sales volume.

前景及展望

我們董事認為,作為活躍於技術行業的市場參與者之一,將大量資源投入到研發(包括識別新材料及應用)對本集團的業務至關重要,有鑒於不斷變化的市場趨勢以及客戶偏好及需求,此舉將提升或保持本集團的競爭力。此外,我們董事相信,按與本集團智能調光產品及下游應用(即智能調光投影系統)有關的市場份額計,本集團目前的市場領導地位佐證了其產品的充足市場需求,並且現時是把握並實現其於海外市場潛力的恰當時機。因此,本集團擬將其駐點拓展至海外市場及開發生產線,以迎合其產品的預期需求。

本公司股份於二零一七年七月二十一日於 GEM成功上市(「上市」)。董事相信,上市所 得款項淨額將為我們提供額外資本以實施我們 的未來計劃,將有助於提升我們於我們經營市 場中的競爭力,協助我們取得更多客戶,從而 幫助我們實現我們的目標,增加我們的市場份 額以及在中國及海外的地理覆蓋。此外,董事 預期,上市將協助我們獲取進入資本市場的渠 道以支持本集團的未來增長。

財務回顧

收入

截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度的本集團收入為人民幣115,823,000元,較二零一六年同期的人民幣90,887,000元增加人民幣24,936,000元或27.4%。該增加主要由於銷售智能調光膜及智能調光玻璃收入分別增加人民幣11,827,000元及人民幣7,764,000元,受其銷量增加所推動。

管理層討論及分析

Cost of sales and Gross Profit

Our cost of sales was RMB70,646,000 for the year ended 31 December 2017, which represented an increase of RMB14,562,000, or 26.0%, from RMB56,084,000 for the same period in 2016. The increase in cost of sales mainly reflected our increase in sales of Smart Light-adjusting Glass and Smart Light-adjusting Glass for the year ended 31 December 2017 as compared to the same period in 2016.

Our gross profit increased by RMB10,374,000 or 29.8%, from RMB34,803,000 for the year ended 31 December 2016 to RMB45,177,000 for the year ended 31 December 2017. Our gross profit margin increased slightly from 38.3% for the year ended 31 December 2016 to 39.0% for the year ended 31 December 2017.

Selling and distribution expenses

Our selling and distribution expenses were RMB9,618,000 for the year ended 31 December 2017, which represented an increase of RMB1,511,000, or 19%, from RMB8,107,000 for the same period in 2016. This increase was mainly attributable to increase in remuneration for sales and marketing employees based on sales performances and increase in expenses relating to our marketing efforts in business promotion and participation in exhibitions. As a percentage of revenue, the selling and distribution expenses was 8.3% for the year ended 31 December 2017, which remained steady as compared to 8.9% for same period in 2016.

銷售成本及毛利

截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度的銷售成本為人民幣70,646,000元·較二零一六年同期的人民幣56,084,000元增加人民幣14,562,000元或26.0%。銷售成本增加主要反映與二零一六年同期相比·截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度智能調光膜及智能調光玻璃的銷量增加。

毛利由截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度的人民幣34,803,000元增加人民幣10,374,000元或29.8%,至截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度的人民幣45,177,000元。毛利率由截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度的38.3%略微上升至截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度的39.0%。

銷售及分銷開支

截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度,我們的銷售及分銷開支為人民幣9,618,000元,較二零一六年同期的人民幣8,107,000元增加人民幣1,511,000元或19%。該增加主要由於根據銷售業績增加銷售及營銷員工之報酬增加,以及與我們業務推廣及參與展覽相關的營銷工作開支增加。按收入的百分比計算,截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度的銷售及分銷開支為8.3%,與二零一六年同期的8.9%比較,保持穩定。

管理層討論及分析

Administrative expenses

Our administration expenses were RMB19,885,000 for the year ended 31 December 2017, which represented an increase of approximately RMB1,953,000, or 11%, from RMB17,932,000 for the same period in 2016. The increase was primarily attributable to the increase of RMB1,365,000 in the research costs charged for the year ended 31 December 2017 as compared to the same period in 2016. As a percentage of revenue, the administrative expenses decreased to 17.2% for the year ended 31 December 2017 from 19.7% for the same period in 2016.

Liquidity, Financial Resources and Capital Structure

Our primary use of cash is to satisfy our working capital and capital expenditure needs. Historically, our Group's use of cash has mainly been financed through a combination of cash received from the sales of our products and financial support from our Group's related parties.

As at 31 December 2017, our Group did not have any bank borrowings. Going forward, we believe our liquidity requirements will be satisfied using a combination of cash generated from operating activities, bank borrowings and proceeds from the Listing. Our Directors believe that in the long term, our Group's operation will be funded by internally generated cash flows and, if necessary, additional equity and/or debt financing.

Capitalisation Issue

Pursuant to the resolutions passed by the shareholders of the Company on 23 June 2017, the Directors were authorised to capitalise an aggregate amount of US\$3,599,889 standing to the credit of the share premium of the Company and to appropriate such amount as capital to pay up in full at par 359,988,900 shares for allotment and issue to the persons whose names appear on the register of members of the Company at the close of business on 23 June 2017, in proportion to their then existing shareholdings in the Company, each ranking pari passu in all respects with the then existing issued shares. Capitalisation Issue had been completed immediately following the Listing Date.

行政開支

截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度,我們的行政開支為人民幣19,885,000元,較二零一六年同期的人民幣17,932,000元增加約人民幣1,953,000元或11%。該增加主要由於與二零一六年同期相比,截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度產生的研發開支增加人民幣1,365,000元。行政開支按收入比例由二零一六年同期之19.7%下降至截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度的17.2%。

流動資金、財務資源及資本架構

我們的現金主要用於滿足我們的營運資金及資本開支需要。以往,本集團的現金使用主要透 過綜合從銷售產品及本集團關連方財務支持所 獲得的現金予以撥付。

於二零一七年十二月三十一日,本集團並無任何銀行借貸。展望未來,我們相信,綜合使用營運活動所得現金、銀行借貸及上市之所得款項,我們的流動資金需求將會得到滿足。董事相信,長遠而論,本集團之營運將透過內部所得現金流以及(如必要)額外股本及/或債務融資撥付。

資本化發行

根據本公司股東於二零一七年六月二十三日通 過的決議案,董事獲授權將本公司股份溢價賬 中的進賬額3,599,889美元撥充資本,用於按 面值繳足按照當時所持本公司現有股權的比例 以供配發及發行予於二零一七年六月二十三 日營業結束時名列本公司股東名冊之人士的 359,988,900股股份(每股股份在所有方面與 當時現有已發行股份具有相同權利)。緊接上 市日期,資本化發行已完成。

管理層討論及分析

Initial Public Offering

On 21 July 2017, 120,000,000 ordinary shares of par value US\$0.01 each were issued at a price of HK\$1.00 per share under the Hong Kong Public Share Offer. The proceeds at US\$1,200,000 (equivalent to RMB8,089,800) representing the par value, were credited to the Company's share capital. The remaining proceeds of HK\$110,640,000 (equivalent to RMB96,723,701) before issuing expenses were credited to the share premium account.

Capital Expenditure

For the year ended 31 December 2017, our capital expenditure amounted to RMB5,722,000 and mainly arose from expenditures for purchase of production machinery and test equipment.

Gearing Ratio

The gearing ratio is calculated as net debt (comprises trade payables, other payables and accruals, and tax payable, less cash and cash equivalents and pledged deposits) at the end of the respective year divided by total equity. As at 31 December 2017, the Group's total cash and cash equivalents and pledged bank balances exceeded the total trade payables, other payables and accruals and tax payable. As such, no gearing ratio as at 31 December 2017 is presented. The gearing ratio as at 31 December 2016 was 50.6%.

Capital Commitments

The Group had capital commitments of RMB55,000 as at 31 December 2017 (31 December 2016: RMB10,000) relating to the purchase of plant and machinery.

Contingent Liabilities

As at 31 December 2017, the Group had no significant contingent liabilities (31 December 2016: Nil).

首次公開發售

於二零一七年七月二十一日,根據香港公開股份發售120,000,000股每股面值0.01美元之普通股已按每股1.00港元之價格發行。相當於面值之所得款項1,200,000美元(等於人民幣8,089,800元)已計入本公司之股本。扣除發行開支前之餘下所得款項110,640,000港元(等於人民幣96,723,701元)已計入股份溢價賬。

資本開支

截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度,資本 開支為人民幣5,722,000元及主要產生自購買 生產機器及試驗用設備之開支。

資產負債比率

資產負債比率以各年度末之淨負債(包括貿易應付款項、其他應付款項及應計費用及應付税項減現金及現金等價物及已抵押存款)除權益總額計算。於二零一七年十二月三十一日,本集團之現金及現金等價物總額以及已抵押銀行結餘超出貿易應付款項、其他應付款項及應計費用以及應付税項總額。因此並無呈列於二零一七年十二月三十一日止資產負債比率。於二零一六年十二月三十一日之資產負債比率為50.6%。

資本承擔

於二零一七年十二月三十一日,本集團就採購廠房及設備擁有資本承擔人民幣55,000元(二零一六年十二月三十一日:人民幣10,000元)。

或然負債

於二零一七年十二月三十一日,本集團並無重 大或然負債(於二零一六年十二月三十一日: 無)。

管理層討論及分析

Pledge of assets

As at 31 December 2017, the Group had deposits amounting to RMB1,954,000 (31 December 2016: RMB20,000) pledged for performance guarantee and bills payable.

Significant Investments, Acquisitions and Disposals

During the year ended 31 December 2017, the Group did not make any material acquisition or disposal of subsidiaries and associated companies and significant investments.

Foreign Currency Exposure

The Group's principal businesses are located in the PRC and most of the transactions are conducted in RMB. Most of the Group's assets and liabilities are denominated in RMB, except for those of the overseas subsidiary in Hong Kong and the Company whose functional currency is HK\$ and certain items of cash and cash equivalents and other payables and accruals that are denominated in HK\$ and US\$.

The Group does not consider that it has any significant exposure to the risk of fluctuation in the exchange rates between HK\$, US\$ and RMB as a reasonable possible change of 5% in RMB against HK\$ and US\$ would have no significant financial impact on the Group's profit.

DIVIDEND

The Directors proposed a final dividend of HK0.8 cents per share (2016: Nil). The actual dividend payout ratio in each year will depend on the actual performance of the Group, the general industry and economic environment.

資產抵押

於二零一七年十二月三十一日,本集團有就履約擔保及應付票據之抵押存款約人民幣 1,954,000元(二零一六年十二月三十一日: 人民幣20,000元)。

重大投資、收購及出售

截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度,本集 團並無進行任何重大收購或出售附屬公司及聯 營公司以及重大投資。

外幣風險

本集團的主要業務位於中國,大部分交易以人 民幣進行。本集團大部分資產及負債以人民幣 計值,惟於香港的境外附屬公司及本公司的功 能貨幣並非人民幣及若干現金及現金等價物以 及其他應付款項及應計費用項目以港元及美元 計值。

由於人民幣兑港元及美元匯率的可能合理變動 5%不會對本集團溢利造成重大財務影響,故 本集團認為其並無因港元、美元及人民幣之間 的匯率波動而面臨任何重大風險。

股息

董事建議末期股息每股0.8港仙(二零一六年:無)。各年之實際股息支付率將視乎本集團之實際業績、總體行業及經濟環境而定。

管理層討論及分析

BUSINESS OBJECTIVES AND BUSINESS PROGRESS

Overseas business expansion

We conducted further research regarding market trends and customer preferences and collected market intelligence relating to target overseas markets. In September and October 2017, we visited companies in United States to explore the market opportunities. In November, we participated in an international construction materials exhibition in France.

Research and development of new materials and products

During the year, we successfully developed and tested the new generation of Light-adjusting film with lower haze and wider angles for mass production. We also continued our research and development of new products, including multimedia projection system on metro platform door, Smart Light-adjusting power control, and Light-adjusting film applied on motor vehicles.

Purchase of machinery and equipment for production of antiambient screen

We devised plan for implementation and installation of the fully automatic Light-adjusting film production line. We completed the research, development and testing trial-run of the fully automatic cutting machine. During the year, we also added one automatic production line of Light-adjusting glass.

Enhancement to wide ITO film

We discussed with supplier and confirmed a technical enhancement plan of the ITO sputtering machine. We also enhanced our ITO sputtering machine by addition of online monitoring system to improve the efficiency, and reduce wastage of raw materials, over the sputtering process as well as to improve quality of resulting ITO film.

業務目標及業務進展

海外業務擴張

我們進一步進行有關市場趨勢及客戶喜好研究 以及收集有關目標海外市場市場情報。於二零 一七年九月及十月,我們到訪美國公司,以尋 求市場機遇。於十一月,我們參加法國一個國 際建築材料展覽會。

研發新材料及產品

於年內,我們成功開發並測試新一代霧度更低、視角更廣的調光膜,且可進行批量生產。 我們亦不斷研發新產品,包括地鐵多媒體屏蔽 門投影系統、智能調光電源控制及汽車用調光 膜。

購買生產全天候屏幕的機器及設備

我們計劃實施並安裝全自動調光膜生產線。我 們已完成全自動切割機研發及試運行測試。本 年度,我們亦增設一條調光玻璃自動生產線。

改進寬ITO導電膜

我們與供應商討論並確定ITO濺鍍機的技術改造方案。我們亦透過增設在線監測系統優化ITO濺鍍機,以提高濺鍍工序的效率及減少原材料浪費以及提升所生產的ITO導電膜的質素。

管理層討論及分析

USE OF PROCEEDS FROM THE LISTING

The Shares of the Company were listed on GEM on 21 July 2017 with net proceeds received by the Company from the Share Offer in the amount of HK\$93,500,000 after deducting underwriting commission and all related listing expenses. The net proceeds received from the Share Offer will be used in the manner consistent with that set out in the section headed "Future Plans and Use of Proceeds" of the Prospectus of the Company dated 30 June 2017 ("Prospectus").

An analysis of the utilization of the net proceeds from the listing date up to 31 December 2017 is set out below:

上市所得款項用途

本公司股份於二零一七年七月二十一日於 GEM上市,本公司自股份發售獲得所得款項 淨額93,500,000港元(經扣除包銷佣金及所有 上市相關開支)。股份發售之所得款項淨額將 按本公司日期為二零一七年六月三十日之招股 章程(「招股章程」)「未來計劃及所得款項用途」 一節所載之方式使用。

上市日期至二零一七年十二月三十一日止所得 款項淨額的使用情況分析如下所列:

		Planned use of		
		net proceeds	Actual	Actual
		as stated in the	use of net	balances of
		Prospectus up to	proceeds up to	proceeds up to
		31 December 2017	31 December 2017	31 December 2017
		截至		
		二零一七年	截至	
		十二月三十一日	二零一七年	截至
		招股章程所列	十二月三十一日	二零一七年
		所得款項	所得款項	十二月三十一日
		淨額的計劃	淨額實際	所得款項之
		使用情況	使用情況	實際結餘
		HK\$ million	HK\$ million	HK\$ million
		百萬港元	百萬港元	百萬港元
Overseas business expansion	海外業務擴張	1.1	0.4	0.7
Research and development of	新材料和新產品研發			
new materials and products		1.3	1.3	_
Purchase of machinery and	購買用於生產環境	6.8	4.1	2.7
equipment for production of	光遮蔽螢幕的機器及設備			
anti-ambient screen				
Enhancement to wide ITO film	強化寬ITO導電膜	4.3	_	4.3
Working capital	營運資金	2.9	2.9	-

管理層討論及分析

POSSIBLE RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES FACING THE COMPANY

The Group's financial conditions, results of operations, businesses and prospects may be affected by a number of risks and uncertainties. The following are the key risks and uncertainties identified by the Group. There may be other risks and uncertainties which are not known to the Group or which may not be material now but could turn out to be material in the future.

BUSINESS RISK

A number of factors may affect the business, financial conditions and/or results of operations of the Group, major risks are summarised below.

Competition in the ITO film and Smart Light-adjusting Products industry

ITO film market

In recent years, the ITO film industry in the PRC has experienced rapid growth with the number of market participants exceeding 350. However, key production technologies, manufacturing facilities as well as market share have remained dominated by few market participants. It is expected that more dominant players may expand and consolidate their market share through mergers and acquisitions as well as development of product lines. While the Group accounted for only 2.1% of the ITO film market in the year ended 31 December 2015, in the future it will have to compete with more dominant players not only in terms of pricing and customer base, but also when sourcing upstream products.

本公司面臨的潛在風險及不確定 因素

本集團財務狀況、營運業績、業務及前景可能 受若干風險及不確定因素影響。以下為本集團 識別的主要風險及不確定因素。本集團未知或 目前未必屬於重大但日後可能轉變為重大的其 他風險及不確定因素亦可能存在。

業務風險

多項因素或會影響本集團之業務、財務狀況 及/或經營業績,主要風險概述如下。

ITO導電膜及智能調光產品行業的競爭

ITO導電膜市場

近年來,中國的ITO導電膜行業發展迅猛,擁有逾350家市場參與者。然而,關鍵的生產技術、生產設施及市場份額仍由少數市場參與者主導。預計越來越多的主要參與者或會進行併購及增設生產線,以期擴大及鞏固市場份額。儘管截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團僅佔ITO導電膜市場的2.1%,未來本集團須與更多主要市場參與者在價格、客戶基礎及採購上游產品方面展開競爭。

管理層討論及分析

Smart Light-adjusting Products market

In the Smart Light-adjusting Products market, the Group faces competition from other large domestic PRC manufacturers with substantial market share as well as new entrants to the market. There has been a rapid increase in the number of high-end downstream users of Smart Light-adjusting Products (such as media companies and luxury hotels) given the increasingly broad applications of these products. This has led to pressure on suppliers to cope with demand through mass production, leading to the lowering of production costs as well as increasing price competition. Furthermore, the lack of industry standards and regulations in the PRC relating to "energy-saving" products may lead to the production of inferior and low-quality products which could also result in increased price competition.

Other than pricing, the Company may also need to compete from the technological perspective in order to satisfy different customer needs. Future profitability will largely be determined by a company's ability to offer product customisation and optimisation.

The Company's ability to remain competitive in the markets in which it operates could materially affect its market share or the sales price of its products, which could materially affect its profitability, results of operations and business prospects.

Protection against the intellectual property rights and/or any claims of infringement of intellectual property by third parties

The Directors believe that the protection of the Group's technical and proprietary know-how (including self-developed production techniques, technology and methods, new material composition formulas, blue-prints, designs as well as other core intellectual property know-how) is crucial to its success as the Group operates in a sector where technological innovation and technical skills and capabilities are vital for suppliers to remain competitive, especially in light of evolving customer demands. If the Group's core intellectual property and know-how (whether protected by patent or otherwise) are infringed on or leaked to its competitors, the Group's competitiveness and market position may be materially weakened, which may in turn have a material adverse effect on its sales and financial performance.

智能調光產品市場

在智能調光產品市場,本集團的競爭對手包括 佔據主要市場份額的其他國內大型製造商以及 新加入的參與者。由於智能調光產品用途越來 越廣泛,高端下游用戶(如傳媒公司及豪華酒 店)迅速增多。供應商為滿足需求而進行批量 生產,降低了生產成本,並導致價格競爭加 劇。此外,由於國內尚無制定有關「節能」產 品的行業標準及規例,劣質產品的出現亦可能 導致更激烈的價格競爭。

為滿足不同的客戶需求,除了定價,本集團還可能需在技術層面(如產品及用戶界面的設計及定制以及控制系統的開發)進行競爭。未來盈利將主要由公司定制及優化產品的能力決定。

本集團在經營所在市場保持競爭優勢的能力, 對其產品的市場份額或售價造成重大影響,繼 而對其盈利能力、經營業績及業務前景造成重 大影響。

保護知識產權及/或被第三方提起涉及 侵犯知識產權的申索

董事認為,保護本集團的技術及專有知識(包括自主開發的生產技藝、技術及方法、新材料組成配方、藍圖、設計及其他核心知識產權)對其取得成功尤為關鍵,原因是在其所處行業,特別是在客戶需求不斷演變的情況下,技術創新及技能對供應商保持競爭優勢十分關鍵。倘本集團的核心知識產權及專有知識(無論是否獲專利保護)被競爭對手侵犯或被洩漏予競爭對手,其競爭力及市場地位或會受到嚴重削弱,而這或會對其銷售及財務表現產生重大不利影響。

管理層討論及分析

As the Group aims to gradually increase its market presence in overseas markets, it faces an increased risk of being the subject of intellectual property infringement claims, invalidity or indemnification relating to third parties' proprietary rights, especially where similar technical know-how are registered in the relevant target markets. The validity and scope of claims concerning technologies relating to the manufacturing of ITO film, Smart Light-adjusting Products and Smart Light-adjusting Projection System may involve complex scientific, legal and factual questions and analysis and, as a result, the determination of such claims may be highly uncertain. An adverse determination in any such litigation or proceedings to which the Group becomes a party could result in having to pay damages, seek licenses from third parties, pay on-going royalties for use, redesign its products or become subject to injunctions, each of which could prevent the Group from carrying on some or all of its business, which could results in its customers or potential customers deferring or limiting their purchase or use of its products. This could materially adversely affect the Group's business, financial condition and results of operations.

Reliance on a single production base to manufacture the products

The Group currently carries out its entire production process at a single production base in the PRC which is leased from a subsidiary of Singyes Solar, one of the Group's controlling shareholder.

Any disruptions to the Group's use or occupation of its production base for whatsoever reasons (including damage caused by floods, fires, earthquakes, typhoons and other natural disasters or matters outside the Group's control) may affect its ability to produce and deliver products to the customers on a timely manner and/or in accordance with the terms of agreements entered into with the customers. Such disruptions will materially and adversely affect the Group's business and operations as well as its profitability and financial results (as efforts to restore operations following a disruption may be costly and time-consuming).

FINANCIAL RISK

The financial risk management objectives and policies of the Group are set out in note 30 to the consolidated financial statements.

由於本集團有意逐步於海外市場開拓據點,其 在被提出知識產權侵權索賠、知識產權被判定 無效或在第三方知識產權方面被提起彌償等方 面的風險會增大,而在類似技術知識於相關目 標市場已被註冊的情況下尤為如此。釐定ITO 導電膜、智能調光產品及智能調光投影系統生 產技術申索的合法性及範圍, 涉及到科學、法 律及事實各層面的問題及分析,過程複雜,因 而該等申索的不確定程度很高。倘本集團在所 牽涉的訴訟中被判不利判決,其或須支付賠 償、向第三方取得許可,一直支付技術使用 費、重新設計其產品或被頒發禁止令,該等情 形均可能妨礙本集團推進部分或全部業務,並 可能導致其現有及潛在客戶推遲或減少購買或 使用其產品。這可能對本集團的業務、財務狀 況及經營業績造成重大不利影響。

倚賴單一生產基地製造產品

本集團目前在租賃自其控股股東之一興業太陽 能的一間附屬公司的國內單一生產基地進行整 個生產流程。

倘本集團對生產基地的使用或佔用因任何原因 (包括水災、火災、地震、颱風及其他天災或 本集團無法控制的事宜導致的損壞)而中斷, 可能影響其及時及/或根據與客戶訂立協議的 條款生產及交付產品予客戶的能力。該等中斷 將對本集團的業務及經營以及其盈利能力及財 務業績(乃由於中斷後的恢復經營工作可能產 生高昂成本且耗時長久)造成重大不利影響。

財務風險

本集團之財務風險管理目標及政策載列於綜合 財務報表附註30。

企業管治報告

OVERVIEW

The Board of Directors (the "Directors", collectively referred to as the "Board") of China Singyes New Materials Holdings Limited (the "Company") recognises the importance of incorporating elements of good corporate governance in the management structures and internal control procedures of the Company and its subsidiaries (the "Group") so as to achieve effective accountability. The Directors consider that the Company has applied the principles and complied with all the applicable code provisions set out in the code provisions of the Corporate Governance Code as set out in Appendix 15 of the Rule Governing the Listing of Securities on GEM (the "GEM Listing Rules") since the listing date.

This corporate governance report ("Corporate Governance Report") is to outline the major principles of the Company's corporate governance. Shareholders of the Company are encouraged to make their views known to the Group if they have issues with the Company's corporate governance and to directly raise any matters of concern to the chairman of the Board ("Chairman").

The following is a summary of the work performed by the Board or Board Committees in corporate governance function during the period from the listing date to 31 December 2017:

- (a) review the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance;
- (b) review and monitor the training and continuous professional development of the Directors and senior management of the Group;
- review and monitor the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements;
- (d) review and monitor the code of conduct applicable to employees and the Directors; and
- (e) review the Company's compliance with the CG Code and disclosure in the corporate governance report.

概覽

中國興業新材料控股有限公司(「本公司」)董事會(「董事」,統稱為「董事會」)認為在本公司及其附屬公司(「本集團」)管理架構及內部監控程序引進良好企業管治元素乃非常重要,藉以達致有效的問責性。董事認為,本公司自上市日期起已應用GEM證券上市規則(「GEM上市規則」)附錄15載列之企業管治守則載列之原則及遵守當中載列之所有適用守則條文。

本企業管治報告(「企業管治報告」) 概述本公司企業管治的主要原則。倘本公司股東對本公司企業管治事項有任何問題,可以踴躍向本集團提出觀點,亦可以直接向董事會主席(「主席」) 提出任何受關注的事項。

以下是自上市日期至二零一七年十二月三十一日期間董事會或董事會委員會對企業管治職能 所開展的工作總結:

- (a) 審核本公司有關企業管治的政策和做法:
- (b) 審核及監控本集團董事及高級管理層的 培訓及持續專業發展;
- (c) 審核及監控本公司在遵守法律和監管要求方面的政策及做法:
- (d) 審核及監控適用於員工和董事的行為準 則;以及
- (e) 審核企業管治報告中本公司企業管治守 則的合規及披露情況。

企業管治報告

CODE OF CONDUCT FOR DIRECTORS' SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has adopted a code of conduct regarding securities transactions by directors on terms no less exacting than the required standard of dealings as set out in Rules 5.48 to 5.67 of the GEM Listing Rules. The Company has made specific enquiry of all Directors and all Directors confirmed that they have complied with the required standard of dealings and the code of conduct regarding directors' securities transactions adopted by the Company throughout the period from the listing date to the date of this report.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE COMPANY'S LISTED SECURITIES

As the ordinary shares of nominal value of US\$0.01 each in the share capital of the Company (the "Shares") of the Company were listed on GEM on 21 July 2017, neither did the Company redeem nor did the Company or any of its subsidiaries purchase or sell any of the Company's listed securities after listing and up to the date of this report.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Board Composition

During the period under review and up to the date of this report, the composition of the Board is as follows:

Executive Directors

Mr. Sun Jinli (Chief Executive Officer)

Mr. Zhao Feng

Mr. Zhang Chao

Mr. Tang Liwen

Non-Executive Director

Mr. Liu Hongwei (Chairman)

(re-designated from Director to Non-Executive Director on 23 June 2017)

Independent Non-Executive Directors

Mr. Lee Kwok Tung Louis

(appointed on 23 June 2017)

Mr. Wei Junfeng

(appointed on 23 June 2017)

Dr. Li Ling

(appointed on 23 June 2017)

董事進行證券交易之行為守則

本公司已採納有關董事進行證券交易之行為守則,其條款不遜於GEM上市規則第5.48條至5.67條載列之規定交易準則。本公司已向所有董事作出具體查詢,且所有董事已確認彼等於上市日期至本報告日期止整個期間內一直遵守本公司採納之有關董事證券交易之規定交易準則及行為守則。

購買、出售或贖回本公司之上市 證券

由於本公司股本中每股面值0.01美元之普通股股份(「股份」)於二零一七年七月二十一日於GEM上市,於上市後及直至本報告日期,本公司概無贖回或本公司或其任何附屬公司概無購買或出售本公司任何上市證券。

董事會

董事會組成

於回顧期間及直至本報告日期,董事會之組成如下:

執行董事

孫金禮先生(行政總裁)

趙峰先生

張超先生

湯立文先生

非執行董事

劉紅維先生(主席)

(於二零一七年六月二十三日由董事調任為 非執行董事)

獨立非執行董事

李國棟先生

(於二零一七年六月二十三日獲委任)

魏軍鋒先生

(於二零一七年六月二十三日獲委任)

李玲博士

(於二零一七年六月二十三日獲委任)

企業管治報告

During the period from the listing date to 31 December 2017, two Board meetings and one special general meeting were held and the attendance of each director is set out as follows:

自上市日期至二零一七年十二月三十一日期間,本集團共舉行兩次董事會會議及一次股東特別大會以及各董事之出席情況載列如下:

Attendance

出席

		Board meetings	Special general meeting
Name of Directors	董事姓名	董事會會議	股東特別大會
Executive Directors	執行董事		
Mr. Sun Jinli	孫金禮先生	2/2	1/1
Mr. Zhao Feng	趙峰先生	2/2	0/1
Mr. Zhang Chao	張超先生	2/2	0/1
Mr. Tang Liwen	湯立文先生	2/2	0/1
Non-Executive Director	非執行董事		
Mr. Liu Hongwei	劉紅維先生	2/2	0/1
Independent Non-Executive Directors	獨立非執行董事		
Mr. Lee Kwok Tung Louis	李國棟先生	2/2	0/1
Mr. Wei Junfeng	魏軍鋒先生	2/2	0/1
Dr. Li Ling	李玲博士	2/2	0/1

Since the listing of the Company and up to the date of this report, the Board has complied with the requirements of the GEM Listing Rules to have at least three independent non-executive Directors who represent more than one-third of the Board and with at least one of whom possesses appropriate professional qualifications or accounting or related financial management expertise pursuant to Rule 5.05 of the GEM Listing Rules.

The Board has received from each Independent Non-Executive Director ("INED") a written annual confirmation of his independence pursuant to Rule 5.09 and 5.10 of the GEM Listing Rules, and the nomination committee of the Company (the "Nomination Committee") has assessed the independence of each INED and the Company considers that each of their independence is in compliance with 5.05(1) and 5.05(2) and 5.05A of the GEM Listing Rules as at the date of this annual report. Each INED will inform the Company in writing as soon as practicable if there is any change of circumstances which may affect his independence. The Directors do not have financial, business, family or other material/relevant relationships with each other.

自本公司上市始及直至本報告日期,董事會已 遵守 GEM 上市規則之規定,根據 GEM 上市規 則第5.05 條委任最少三位董事成員為獨立非 執行董事,佔董事會人數多於三分之一,其中 最少一位獨立非執行董事具備適當專業資格或 會計或相關財務管理專長。

董事會已收到各獨立非執行董事根據GEM上市規則第5.09及5.10條之規定提交確認其符合獨立性之週年確認函,而本公司提名委員會(「提名委員會」)已於本年報日期評核各獨立非執行董事之獨立性,而本公司認為彼等各自的獨立性符合GEM上市規則第5.05(1)、5.05(2)及5.05A條。倘出現任何可影響其獨立性的變動情況,各獨立非執行董事將於實際可行情況下盡快以書面通知本公司。董事之間概無存有財務、業務、家屬或其他重大/相關的關係。

企業管治報告

After annual assessment by the Nomination Committee, the Board considers the current structure, size and composition of the Board is performing a balanced and independent monitoring function on management practices to complement the Company's corporate strategy. The Directors and their biographical details as at the date of this annual report are set out on pages 52 to 59 of this annual report.

提名委員會進行年度評核後,董事會認為董事 會現時的架構、人數及組成對管理層慣例正發 揮公正及獨立的監察職能,以配合本公司的企 業策略。董事及彼等於本年報日期的履歷詳情 載於本年報第52至59頁。

CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE

The positions of Chairman and Chief Executive Officer are held by Mr. Liu Hongwei and Mr. Sun Jinli respectively. The Chairman provides leadership and is responsible for the effective functioning and leadership of the Board. The Chief Executive Officer focuses on the Company's business development and daily management and operations generally. Their respective responsibilities are clearly defined and set out in writing.

APPOINTMENT AND RE-ELECTION OF DIRECTORS

The current Articles of Association of the Company (the "Articles") provide that at each annual general meeting, one-third of the directors for the time being shall retire from office by rotation and that every director shall be subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years.

All of the Non-Executive Director and Independent Non-Executive Directors are appointed for a specific term of three years from 23 June 2017 but they are subject to retirement by rotation and re-election at the annual general meeting in accordance with the Articles. Each independent non-executive director is required to inform the Company as soon as practicable if there is any change that may affect his independence and must provide an annual confirmation of his independence to the Company. Up to the date of this report, no independent non-executive director has served the Company more than 9 years.

主席及行政總裁

主席及行政總裁職務分別由劉紅維先生及孫金 禮先生擔任。主席提供領導,並負責董事會有 效運作及領導。行政總裁一般專注於本公司業 務發展及日常管理與營運。彼等各自之責任清 晰界定及以書面方式載列。

委任及重選董事

本公司現行章程細則(「細則」) 訂明,於每屆股東週年大會上,當時至少三分之一的董事須輸值告退,且每名董事須至少每3年輸值告退一次。

全體非執行董事及獨立非執行董事以特定任期 獲委任,自二零一七年六月二十三日起為期三 年,惟彼等須根據細則於股東週年大會上輪席 退任及重選。倘出現任何可能影響獨立非執行 董事獨立性的變動,各獨立非執行董事均須盡 快在切實可行的情況下通知本公司,並須向本 公司提供有關其獨立性的年度確認書。截至本 報告日期止,尚無獨立非執行董事服務本公司 超過9年。

企業管治報告

DIVISION OF RESPONSIBILITIES BETWEEN THE BOARD AND MANAGEMENT

While the Board is responsible for directing and approving the Group's overall strategies, the Group also has formed management teams in its business areas, comprising both the Executive Directors and senior officers of the Group, with authority and responsibility for developing and exercising both operational and non-operational duties. The management team members of the Group have a wide range of skills, knowledge and experience necessary to govern the Group's operations. All management team members are required to report directly to the Chairman on a regular basis to report business performance and operational and functional issues of the Group. This will allow the Group's management to allocate resources more efficiently for its decision-making and facilitate its daily operations.

The Board and the Group's management fully appreciate their respective roles and are committed to corporate governance. The Board is responsible for overseeing the processes by which the management identifies business opportunities and risks. The Board's role is not to manage the day-to-day business operations of the Group and the responsibility of which remains vested in the management.

The Board has set up formal procedures for the Board's decisions. Matters which the Board considers suitable for delegation to its committees are contained in the specific terms of reference of its committees. The terms of reference clearly define the powers and responsibilities of the Board Committees. In addition, the Board will receive reports and/or recommendations from time to time from the Board Committees on any matter significant to the Group.

董事會及管理層的責任分工

雖然董事會負責指導及批准本集團的整體策略,本集團亦已在其商業範疇上組成管理隊伍,當中包括本集團執行董事及高級管理人員,並擁有發展及行駛營運及非營運職務的權力及責任。管理隊伍成員具備的廣泛技能、知識及經驗以管理本集團的營運。所有管理隊伍成員必須定期直接向主席匯報本集團的業務表現、營運及職務上的事項,因此可令本集團管理層更有效地分配資源以制定決策及促進日常營運。

董事會及本集團管理層充分認知彼等各自的角色,並忠於良好企業管治。董事會負責監督管理層識別商機及風險的過程。董事會的角色並非管理本集團日常業務,此責任仍然歸屬於管理層。

董事會已為董事會的決策訂立正式程序。董事會認為適合向其委員會授權的事項已載於其委員會的特定職權範圍內。職權範圍明確界定董事會委員會的權力及責任。此外,董事會不時從董事會委員會收到有關對本集團而言屬重大的任何事項的報告及/或建議。

企業管治報告

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Company has established the Audit Committee on 21 July 2017 in compliance with Rule 5.28 of the GEM Listing Rules. Written terms of reference in compliance with paragraph C.3 of the Corporate Governance Code and Corporate Governance Report as set out in Appendix 15 to the GEM Listing Rules has been adopted. Among other things, the primary duties of the Audit Committee are to review and supervise the Company's financial reporting process, internal control system and risk management system and to provide advice and recommendations to the Board on the appointment, reappointment and removal of external auditors.

The Audit Committee consists of three independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Lee Kwok Tung Louis, Mr. Wei Junfeng and Dr. Li Ling. Mr. Lee Kwok Tung Louis is the chairman of the Audit Committee.

During the period from the listing date to 31 December 2017, two meetings of the Audit Committee were held to review the interim results and third quarterly results of the Group. The first meeting was attended by the Company's external auditor so that the members of the Audit Committee could exchange their views and concerns on the financial reporting process of the Group with the auditor.

審核委員會

本公司已遵照GEM上市規則第5.28條於二零一七年七月二十一日成立審核委員會。審核委員會之書面職權範圍已遵照GEM上市規則附錄15所載之企業管治守則及企業管治報告的第C.3段予以採納。其中,審核委員會的主要職責為檢討及監督我們的財務申報過程、內部監控制度及風險管理系統,並就外部核數師的委任、續聘及罷免向董事會提供意見及建議。

審核委員會成員包括三名獨立非執行董事李國 棟先生、魏軍鋒先生及李玲博士。李國棟先生 為審核委員會主席。

於上市日期至二零一七年十二月三十一日期間,審核委員會已舉行兩次會議,審閱本集團的中期業績及第三季度業績。本公司外聘核數師已出席第一次會議,審核委員會成員可與該核數師就本集團財務報告流程交換意見和關切事宜。

企業管治報告

No. of Audit Committee Meetings attended/held 審核委員會

Name of Directors董事姓名會議出席/舉行次數Mr. Lee Kwok Tung Louis (Chairman)李國棟先生(主席)2/2Mr. Wei Junfeng魏軍鋒先生2/2Dr. Li Ling李玲博士2/2

Subsequent to the year under review and up to the date of this report, the Audit Committee has held two meetings and reviewed the accounting principles and practices adopted by the Group and discussed the financial reporting matters with senior management and the auditors of the Company relating to the preparation of the audited consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2017. This report has been reviewed by the Audit Committee, which was of the opinion that the preparation of such results complied with the applicable accounting principles and practices adopted by the Group and that adequate disclosure has been made.

於回顧年度後及截至本報告日期,審核委員會 已舉行兩次會議審閱本集團所採納的會計原則 及慣例,並與本公司高級管理層及核數師討論 與編製本集團截至二零一七年十二月三十一日 止年度的經審核綜合財務報表相關的財務申報 事宜。本報告已經審核委員會審閱,其認為編 製該等業績符合本集團採納的適用會計原則及 常規,並已充分披露。

The Audit Committee had also reviewed the effectiveness of internal controls for the year ended 31 December 2017. Such review covered financial, operational and compliance controls and risk assessment of the Group. The Board was satisfied that the effectiveness of the internal controls of the Group had been properly reviewed by the Audit Committee.

審核委員會已審閱截至二零一七年十二月 三十一日止年度內的內部監控的成效。該審閱 涵蓋本集團的財務監控、營運監控及合規監控 及風險評估。董事會信納本集團內部監控的成 效已由審核委員會妥善審閱。

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

remuneration and compensation is appropriate.

with written terms of reference in compliance with Rules 5.34 and 5.35 of the GEM Listing Rules. The written terms of reference of the remuneration committee was adopted in compliance with paragraph B1.2 of the Corporate Governance Code and Corporate Governance Report as set out in Appendix 15 of the GEM Listing Rules. The primary duties of the Remuneration Committee are, among other things, to make recommendations to the Board on the overall remuneration policy and structure relating to all Directors and senior management of our Group; review and approve the management's remuneration proposals and benefits; and to ensure none of our Directors determine their own remuneration. The remuneration of our Directors will be regularly monitored by our remuneration committee to ensure that the level of

The Company has established the Remuneration Committee on 21 July 2017

薪酬委員會

本公司已於二零一七年七月二十一日成立薪酬委員會,並遵照 GEM 上市規則第 5.34 及 5.35 條制訂其書面職權範圍。薪酬委員會之書面職權範圍已遵照 GEM 上市規則附錄 15 所載之企業管治守則及企業管治報告的第 B1.2 段予以採納。薪酬委員會的主要職責為(其中包括)就與本集團全體董事及高級管理層有關的整體薪酬政策及架構向董事會提出推薦建議:審閱及批准管理層的薪酬提議及福利並確保概無董事自行釐定其薪酬。薪酬委員會將定期監督董事薪酬以確保薪酬及補償水平屬適當。

企業管治報告

The Remuneration Committee consists of three independent non-executive Directors, namely, Mr. Wei Junfeng, Mr. Lee Kwok Tung Louis and Ms. Li Ling. Mr. Wei Junfeng is the chairman of the Remuneration Committee.

During the period from the listing date to 31 December 2017, no Remuneration Committee meeting was held. On 20 March 2018, the Remuneration Committee held a meeting to approve the remuneration packages and performance bonuses for the Directors and senior management of the Company after reviewing of the remuneration policy and structure of the Directors and senior management of the Group and assessment of individual performance of each.

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

The Company has established the Nomination Committee on 21 July 2017 with written terms of reference in compliance with paragraph A.5.2 of the Corporate Governance Code and Corporate Governance Report as set out in Appendix 15 of the GEM Listing Rules. The primary function of the nomination committee is to make recommendations to the Board and senior management regarding appointment of Directors and candidates to fill vacancies on the Board and senior management team.

The Nomination Committee consists of three members, including one non-executive Director, namely, Mr. Liu Hongwei and two independent non-executive Directors, namely, Mr. Wei Junfeng and Ms. Li Ling. Mr. Liu Hongwei is the chairman of the Nomination Committee.

During the period from the listing date to 31 December 2017, no Nomination Committee meeting was held. On 20 March 2018, the Nomination Committee held a meeting to review the structure, size and composition of the Board and concluded that members of the Board have possessed the expertise and independence to carry out the Board's functions and responsibilities.

薪酬委員會由三名獨立非執行董事組成,即魏 軍鋒先生、李國棟先生及李玲女士,魏軍鋒先 生為薪酬委員會主席。

於上市日期至二零一七年十二月三十一日期間,概無舉行薪酬委員會會議。於二零一八年三月二十日,薪酬委員會舉行一次會議,經檢討薪酬政策及本集團董事及高級管理層之架構以及評估各自之個別表現後,批准本公司董事及高級管理層之薪酬組合及表現花紅。

提名委員會

本公司已於二零一七年七月二十一日成立提名 委員會,其書面職權範圍符合 GEM 上市規則 附錄 15 所載企業管治常規守則第 A5.2 條。提 名委員會之主要職能為就委任董事及候選人以 填補董事會及高級管理層團隊之空缺向董事會 提出推薦建議。

提名委員會由三名成員組成,包括一名非執行 董事劉紅維先生以及兩名獨立非執行董事魏軍 鋒先生及李玲女士。劉紅維先生為提名委員會 主席。

於上市日期至二零一七年十二月三十一日期間,概無舉行提名委員會會議。於二零一八年三月二十日,提名委員會舉行一次會議以審閱董事會之架構、規模及組成,並認為董事會成員具備專業知識及獨立身份以履行董事會職能及職責。

企業管治報告

TRAINING

Pursuant to Code Provision A.6.5 of the CG Code, all Directors should participate in continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills. This is to ensure their contribution to the Board remains informed and relevant. During the year ended 31 December 2017, all Directors participated in appropriate continuous professional development activities by ways of attending training and/or reading materials relevant to the Company's business or to the Directors' duties and responsibilities.

培訓

根據企業管治守則的第A.6.5條守則條文,所有董事應參與持續專業發展,發展並更新其知識及技能,以確保其在具備全面資料及切合所需的情況下對董事會作出貢獻。截止二零一七年十二月三十一日年度內,所有董事已透過參加培訓及/或閱讀有關本公司業務或董事職責及責任的材料參與適當的持續專業發展活動。

Attending professional

				Accounting professional
				briefings/seminars/
				conferences relevant
				to directors' duties,
				regulatory updates
		Reading regulatory	Reading materials	and business
		updates and	relating to business	出席有關董事職務、
		directors' duties	and industry	監管規定更新及
		閱讀監管規定更新	閱讀有關業務及	業務的專業簡報會/
		資料及董事職務	行業的資料	研討會/會議
Executive Directors	執行董事			
Mr. Sun Jinli	孫金禮先生	✓	✓	✓
Mr. Zhao Feng	趙峰先生	✓	✓	✓
Mr. Zhang Chao	張超先生	✓	✓	✓
Mr. Tang Liwen	湯立文先生	✓	✓	✓
Non-Executive Director	非執行董事			
Mr. Liu Hongwei	劉紅維先生	✓	✓	✓
Independent	獨立非執行董事			
Non-Executive				
Directors				
Mr. Lee Kwok Tung Louis	李國棟先生	✓	✓	✓
Mr. Wei Junfeng	魏軍鋒先生	✓	✓	✓
Dr. Li Ling	李玲博士	✓	✓	✓
Company Secretary	公司秘書			
Ms. Lau Wai Han	劉慧嫺女士	✓	✓	✓

企業管治報告

COMPANY SECRETARY

Ms. Lau Wai Han was appointed as the company secretary of the Company on 23 June 2017. Please refer to the section headed "Biographical details of Directors and Senior Management" of this annual report for her biographical information.

During the year ended 31 December 2017, Ms. Lau has confirmed that she has taken no less than 15 hours of relevant professional training.

FINANCIAL REPORTING

The management provides to the Board explanation, information and regular updates of the Company's performance, financial position and prospects to enable the Board to make an informed assessment of the financial and other information put before the Board for approval.

The Directors acknowledge their responsibilities (as set out in the Independent Auditor's Report) for preparing the financial statements of the Group that give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group. The Board was not aware of any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that might cast significant doubt upon the Group's ability to continue as a going concern and the Board has prepared the consolidated financial statements on a going concern basis. The responsibility of the external auditor is to form an independent opinion, based on their audit, on those consolidated financial statements prepared by the Board and to report their opinion to the shareholders of the Company. A statement by auditor about their reporting responsibility is set out in the independent auditor's report on pages 78 to 84.

公司秘書

劉慧嫺女士於二零一七年六月二十三日獲委任 為本公司之公司秘書。有關劉女士之履歷資 料,請參閱本年報「董事及高級管理層之履歷 詳情」一節。

截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度,劉女士已確認彼已接受不少於15個小時之相關專業培訓。

財務申報

管理層須就本公司之表現、財務狀況及前景向 董事會提供解釋、資料及定期更新,以便董事 會對提呈董事會審批之財務及其他資料作出知 情評估。

董事知悉彼等編製可真實及公平地反映本集團財務狀況之本集團財務報表之責任(載於獨立核數師報告)。董事會並不知悉與可能使本集團持續經營之能力受到重大質疑之事項或情況相關之任何重大不明朗因素,故董事會已按持續經營基準編製綜合財務報表。外聘核數師之責任為根據其審核對董事會編製之綜合財務報表提出獨立意見,並向本公司股東報告其意見,核數師就其申報責任之聲明載於第78至84頁之獨立核數師報告。

企業管治報告

RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL

The Board is responsible for the Group's risk management and internal control system and reviewing its effectiveness on a periodic basis, at least annually. The review covers all material controls, including but not limited to financial, operational, and compliance controls. During the period from the listing date to 31 December 2017, the Board assessed and reviewed the risk management policies and measures and internal control procedures of the Group. The Group has also engaged external independent professionals to review its risk management and internal control systems. Our Directors considered them effective and adequate, and further enhance the Group's risk management and internal control systems as appropriate.

There is currently no internal audit function within the Group. The Board has reviewed the need for an internal audit function and is of the view that in light of the size, nature and complexity of the business of the Group, it would be more cost effective to appoint external independent professionals to perform internal audit functions for the Group as the need arises. Nevertheless, the Board will continue to review the need for an internal audit function annually.

AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

During the year ended 31 December 2017, the fees paid/payable for the services provided by the Company's auditor are set out as follows:

風險管理及內部控制

董事會負責本公司之風險管理及內部控制系統以及定期(至少每年)檢討其成效。該檢討涵蓋所有重大控制,包括但不限於財務、營運及合規控制。於上市日期至二零一七年十二月三十一日期間,董事會已評估及檢討本集團之風險管理政策及計量以及內部控制程序。本集團亦已委聘外部獨立專業人士審閱其風險管理及內部控制系統。董事認為該等系統為有效及重組,並且(如合適)將進一步強化本集團之風險管理及內部控制系統。

現時本集團並無內部審核職能。董事會已檢討 內部審核職能之需要,彼等認為以本集團之規 模、業務性質及複雜性而言,在需要時外聘獨 立專業人士為本集團進行內部核數工作,更具 成本效益。然而,董事會將持續每年檢討內部 審核職能之需要。

核數師酬金

於截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度,就 本公司核數師提供之服務已付/應付費用載列 如下:

Services rendered	所提供服務	Fees paid/payable 已付/應付費用
Statutory audit services	法定核數服務	RMB1,680,000
		人民幣1,680,000元
Non-statutory audit services as reporting accountant	非法定核數服務	
for listing of the shares of the Company on	(就本公司股份於聯交所	
the GEM of the Stock Exchange	GEM 上市擔任申報會計師)	RMB2,280,000
		人民幣2,280,000元
Non-audit services	非核數服務	RMB16,000
		人民幣 16,000元

企業管治報告

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

Communication with Shareholders

The Board recognises the importance of effective and on-going communications with Shareholders and continues to act in the best interests of the Company and its shareholders. The Company keeps Shareholders and investors informed of its business performance and strategies by adopting a transparent and timely disclosure policy which complies with the GEM Listing Rules and provides all Shareholders equal access to such information. The Company also publishes all documents on the Company's website.

The annual general meeting of the Company (the "AGM") also provides a forum for the Board to dialogue and interact with the Shareholders directly. The Directors and the committee members are available to answer questions during the AGM. Notice of AGM, annual report, financial statements and related papers were posted to Shareholders for their consideration at least 20 clear business days prior to the AGM.

At each general meeting, the chairman of the meeting proposes individual resolutions in respect of each substantially separate matter. All matters at the Company's general meetings are resolved by poll and the procedures for conducting a poll will be explained at the meeting. Independent scrutineer will be engaged to ensure all votes at general meeting are properly counted. Poll vote results will be posted on the websites of the Company and HKEX in a timely manner.

AGM proceedings and policies regarding Shareholders' communication of the Company are continually reviewed in the light of corporate governance best practices.

股東的權利

與股東之溝通

董事會確認與股東有效及持續溝通之重要性,並繼續以本公司及其股東之最佳利益行事。通過採納符合 GEM 上市規則之透明及時之披露政策,本公司持續向股東及投資者知會其業務表現及策略之最新情況,並讓全體股東平等獲得有關資料。本公司亦於本公司網站上刊發所有有關文件。

本公司之股東週年大會(「股東週年大會」)亦為董事會提供與股東直接對話及互動之平臺。董事及各委員會成員可於股東週年大會上回答提問。股東週年大會通告、年報、財務報表及相關文件均於股東週年大會日期前至少足20個營業日寄發予本公司股東,供其考慮。

於每次股東大會上,大會主席就每項獨立的事宜個別提出決議案。本公司股東大會上提呈的所有事項均以投票表決方式議決且進行投票表決的程序會在會議上解釋。本公司將委聘獨立監票員以確保所有選票在股東大會上均適當點算。投票表決結果將及時於本公司及聯交所網站公佈。

就企業管治最佳常規而言,股東週年大會程序 及有關本公司之股東溝通政策將持續檢討。

企業管治報告

Set out below is a summary of certain rights of the shareholders of the Company.

(a) Convening of general meeting on requisition by shareholders

Members holding at the date of deposit of the requisition not less than one-tenth of the paid up capital of the Company carrying the right of voting at general meetings of the Company shall at all times have the right, by written requisition to the Company's registered office in Bermuda at Clarendon House, 2 Church Street, Hamilton, HM11, Bermuda and its principal office in Hong Kong at Unit 3108, 31/F, China Merchants Tower, Shun Tak Centre, 168-200 Connaught Road Central, Hong Kong for the attention of the Board or the Secretary of the Company, to require a special general meeting to be called by the Board for the transaction of any business specified in such requisition; and such meeting shall be held within three (3) months after the deposit of such requisition. If within twenty-one (21) days of such deposit the Board fails to proceed to convene such meeting the requisitionists themselves may do so in accordance with the provisions of Section 74(3) of the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda.

(b) Procedures for putting forward proposals at a Shareholders' meeting

Pursuant to the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda, either any number of the shareholders holding not less than one-twentieth (5%) of the total voting rights of all the shareholders of the Company, or not less than one hundred of such shareholders, can request the Company in writing to (a) give to shareholders entitled to receive notice of the next general meeting notice of any resolution which may properly be moved and is intended to be moved at that meeting; and (b) circulate to shareholders entitled to have notice of any general meeting any statement of not more than one thousand words with respect to the matter referred to in any proposed resolution or the business to be dealt with at that meeting. The requisition signed by all the requisitionists must be deposited at the Company's registered office in Bermuda at Clarendon House, 2 Church Street, Hamilton, HM11, Bermuda and its principal office in Hong Kong at Unit 3108, 31/F, China Merchants Tower, Shun Tak Centre, 168-200 Connaught Road Central, Hong Kong for the attention of the Board on the secretary of

下文載列本公司股東若干權利之概要。

(a) 按股東要求召開股東大會

任何於遞呈要求日期持有不少於本公 司繳入股本(附有於本公司股東大會表 決權利)十分一之股東,有權於任何時 間透過本公司於百慕達註冊辦事處(地 址為Clarendon House, 2 Church Street, Hamilton, HM11, Burmuda)及其香港主 要辦事處(地址為香港干諾道中168至 200號信德中心招商局大廈31樓3108 室)向董事會或本公司秘書發出書面要 求,要求董事會召開股東特別大會,以 處理有關要求中指明的任何事項; 且該 大會應於遞呈該要求後的三(3)個月內 舉行。倘遞呈該要求後的二十一(21)日 內,董事會未有召開該大會,則遞呈要 求人士可自行根據百慕達一九八一年公 司法第74(3)條以同樣方式作出此舉。

(b) 於股東大會上提呈建議的程序

根據百慕達一九八一年公司法,股東持 有任何股份數目不低於本公司全體股東 總投票權之二十分之一(5%),或該等股 東不低於一百名人士可書面要求本公司 (a)向有權收取下屆股東大會通告的股 東發出關於在該會議上可能妥善提出或 計劃提出的任何決議的通告;及(b)將 不超過一千字的有關將在會議上提出的 決議涉及的事項或將在會上處理的事務 説明書,提交給有權收取任何股東大會 通告的股東傳閱。由所有呈請人簽署之 呈請,須在不遲於(倘為要求決議案通 知之呈請)大會舉行前六週或(倘為任何 其他呈請)大會舉行前一週透過本公司 於百慕達註冊辦事處(地址為Clarendon House, 2 Church Street, Hamilton,

企業管治報告

the Company, with a sum reasonably sufficient to meet the Company's relevant expenses and not less than six weeks before the meeting in case of a requisition requiring notice of a resolution and not less than one week before the meeting in the case of any other requisition. Provided that if an annual general meeting is called for a date six weeks or less after the requisition has been deposited, the requisition though not deposited within the time required shall be deemed to have been properly deposited for the purposes thereof.

(c) Enquiries to the Board

Shareholders may put forward enquiries to the Board in writing to the principal office of the Company in Hong Kong or, in the event the Company ceases to have such a principal office, the registered office specifying the objects of the enquiries.

Enquiry Contact:

By email: IR@syeamt.com By post: Unit 3108, 31/F,

China Merchants Tower,

Shun Tak Centre,

168-200 Connaught Road Central,

Hong Kong

Attention: Public Relationship

INVESTOR RELATIONS

The Company has adopted the memorandum of association and bye laws on 23 June 2017 for Listing. Save to above, the Board do not aware of any significant changes in the Company's constitutional documents during the year.

HM11, Bermuda)及其香港主要辦事處 (地址為香港干諾道中168至200號信德中心招商局大廈31樓3108室)送交本公司董事會及/或公司秘書,並須支付足以彌補本公司相關開支之款項。惟倘在遞交呈請後六週或較短期間內之某一日召開股東週年大會,則該呈請雖未有在規定時間內遞交,就此而言亦將被視為已妥為遞交。

(c) 向董事會查詢

股東可向董事會按本公司於香港的主要 辦事處提交書面查詢。或倘本公司終止 不再為相關主要辦事處,註冊辦事處須 載明查詢目的。

查詢聯絡方式:

電郵:IR@syeamt.com

郵寄:香港

干諾道中 168至200號

信德中心 招商局大廈 31樓3108室

收件人:公共關係部

投資者關係

本公司就上市已於二零一七年六月二十三日採納組織章程大綱及細則。除上文所述者外,董事並不知悉本公司之憲章文件於年內有任何重大變動。

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT

環境、社會及管治報告

ABOUT ESG REPORT

The Environmental, Social and Governance Report (the "ESG Report") issued by China Singyes New Materials Holdings Limited (the "Company") illustrates various works of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively, the "Group", "we" or "us") in supporting the sustainable development and performance of social governance from 1 January 2017 to 31 December 2017 (the "Year").

Scopes of Report

The ESG report mainly covers the environmental and social policies of the Group's principal businesses in Mainland China and its performance on environmental and social aspects for the Year. The key performance indicators disclosed for the Year focus on the production headquarters of the Group in Zhuhai, and the Group will gradually promote the disclosure of environmental information to other subsidiaries. For details of corporate governance, please refer to the corporate governance report set out in pages 20 to 33 of the Company's annual report.

Reporting Standard

The ESG Report is prepared in accordance with the Environmental, Social and Governance Reporting Guide in Appendix 20 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on GEM (the "Stock Exchange").

Participation of Stakeholders

The ESG Report was prepared with the participation of colleagues from various departments, giving us a clearer picture of the Group's current development level on environmental and social aspects. The information collected is the summary of the works of the Group related to environmental and social aspects for the Year and the basis for our short and long term sustainable development strategies.

關於 ESG 報告

中國興業新材料控股有限公司(「本公司」)發表的環境、社會及管治報告(「ESG報告」)闡述本公司及其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」或「我們」),於二零一七年一月一日至二零一七年十二月三十一日(「本年度」)內,支持可持續發展方面的各項工作,以及在社會管治方面的表現。

報告範圍

ESG 報告的內容主要闡述本集團於中國內地主要業務的環境及社會政策,以及於本年度在環境及社會層面的表現。本年度披露的關鍵績效指標以本集團位處珠海的生產總部為主,本集團將逐步把環境資料的披露推進至其他附屬公司。有關企業管治的詳情,請參閱本公司年報20至33的企業管治報告。

報告準則

ESG報告依照(「聯交所」)《GEM證券上市規則》 附錄二十《環境、社會及管治報告指引》所編 寫。

持份者參與

有賴各部門同事共同參與,促使我們在撰寫 ESG 報告時更清晰瞭解本集團目前在環境和社 會層面的發展水準。我們收集到的資料,既是 本集團於本年度在環境和社會層面工作的總 結,也是我們制定短期和長期可持續發展策略 的基礎。

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT

環境、社會及管治報告

Information and Feedback

For more detailed information about the environment and corporate governance of the Company, please refer to our official website (http://www.syeamt.com/index.html) and annual report. If you have any opinions or suggestions, please feel free to contact us by:

Tel: (852) 2548 8375 Email: IR@syeamt.com

ABOUT US

The Group entered the sector of optical film materials with a high starting point, high input and high standards in 2010. It is principally engaged in the research and development, manufacture and sales of indium tin oxide (ITO) film, Smart Light-adjusting film, Smart Light-adjusting Glass and Smart Light-adjusting Projection System. The Group has production factories and clean factories in Zhuhai, China, with a gross floor area of 10,000 m² and 4,000 m², respectively. The ITO films produced are mainly used in modern industry such as electronic display screens, flat panel displays and touch screens products; while Smart Light-adjusting film and Smart Light-adjusting Glass are widely used in commercial, residential, healthcare and hospitality industries, and can also be applied in various fields such as construction and decoration, automobile and new energy.

We possess excellent talent team and the most advanced production equipment in pursuit of high quality. We are the first domestic light-adjusting products manufacturer with an integrated ITO substrate-polymer dispersed liquid crystals (PDLC)-Roll to Roll production line, and the only manufacturer capable of producing from upstream of downstream with an aim to provide products with highest quality and best price to customers. We endeavor to satisfy the needs of every client, listen to them and assist them in breaking through the difficulties, as well as improve and make innovations constantly with hard work and wisdom to lead the industry trend. The Group is a

信息及回饋

有關本公司環境及企業管治的詳細資訊,請參閱 我們的官方網站(http://www.syeamt.com/index.html) 及年報。若閣下對此份報告有任何意見或建 議,歡迎通過以下方式與我們聯絡:

電話: (852) 2548 8375 電郵: IR@syeamt.com

關於我們

本集團於2010年以高起點、高投入、高標準的姿態進入光學薄膜材料的領域,主要從事氧化銦錫(ITO)薄膜、智慧調光膜、智慧調光玻璃和智慧調光投影系統的研發、製造和銷售。本集團於中國珠海擁有1萬平方米生產車間和4,000平方米潔淨車間,所生產的ITO 膜主要應用於電子顯示幕、平板顯示器及觸控式螢幕產品等現代化產業,而智慧調光膜及智慧調光玻璃則廣泛運用於商業、住宅、醫療、酒店等不同行業,亦可應用於建築及裝飾、汽車及新能源等多個領域。

我們擁有優秀的人才團隊和最先進的生產設備,高度注重品質的追求,是國內最早從ITO基材到液晶聚合物到卷對卷全線整合的調光產品生產商,也是唯一具備完整垂直一體化生產能力的製造商,致力為顧客提供最優質優價的產品。我們致力關懷每一位元客戶的需求,傾聽客戶的聲音,在協助他們攻破難題的同時,以努力和智慧不斷改善和創新,引領行業潮流。本集團更是一家重視環境保護與可持續發

環境、社會及管治報告

corporate that attaches great importance to environmental protection and sustainable development and committed to balancing the development and interests of all parties. While building a corporate culture that cares for both employees and the society, we continue to develop products that are environmentally friendly, energy-saving and sustainable. We strictly comply with laws and regulations, safeguard intellectual property rights, abide by the management philosophy of honesty and integrity, and work with employees and all parties in the society to create a harmonious and civilized society with sustainable development.

展的企業,致力平衡各方面的發展和利益,在營造關愛員工、關懷社會的企業風氣同時,不斷研發具備環保節能及可持續發展特質的產品。我們嚴格遵守法規,維護智慧財產權,恪守廉潔奉公的經營理念,與員工和社會各方共同創造和諧、文明及可持續發展的社會。

GOING GREEN

Emissions Management

Global warming, climate change, and environmental destruction are all serious problems that countries around the world currently face. As a socially responsible enterprise, we have strictly complied with related laws and regulations, such as the Environmental Protection Law of the People's Republic of China, Law of the People's Republic of China on the Prevention and Control of Atmospheric Pollution, Law of the People's Republic of China on the Prevention and Control of Water Pollution and Law of the People's Republic of China on the Prevention and Control of Environmental Pollution by Solid Waste. With closely following the country's steps, the Group actively fulfills its environmental responsibilities as a corporate citizen and works with the community to improve the environment.

Waste Water

Our country and local governments pay increasing attention to reducing pollution emissions, and the Group is no exception. We formulate measures to control the discharge of pollutants produced in the production process. Our products, such as Smart Light-adjusting Glass, require water for cleaning purposes during production. To reduce the impact of discharging wastewater generated during the cleaning process on the environment, the Group has established a sewage treatment system with a sedimentation function to separate impurities from water. The separated impurities will be collected and discarded to landfill by qualified institutions, while the water will be discharged to relevant agencies for further processing. Since the impurities in the sewage have been separated and the water does not contain other chemicals, the Group did not produce any water pollutants.

綠色前行

排放物管理

全球暖化、氣候轉變及環境破壞等都是當前世界各國共同面對的嚴峻問題,作為一家負責任的企業,我們嚴格遵守《中華人民共和國環境保護法》、《中華人民共和國大氣污染防治法》、《中華人民共和國水污染防治法》及《中華人民共和國固體廢物污染環境防治法》等相關法律法規。本集團緊隨著國家的步伐,積極履行企業公民的環保責任,與社會各界攜手改善環境。

廢水

國家與地方政府愈來愈重視減少污染排放,本集團也不例外,我們在生產過程中制定措施以控制污染物排放。我們的產品如智慧調光玻璃等在生產時都需要用水作清洗用途,為減低清洗過程中所產生的污水在排放後對環境造成的影響,本集團設立具備沉澱功能的污水處理系統,分離雜質與水。收集後的雜質會交由合資格機構收集與填埋,而水則會外排到相關機構作進一步處理。由於污水中的雜質已被分隔,而水中並不含其他化學物,因此本集團並無產生任何水污染物。

環境、社會及管治報告

Exhaust Gas

In terms of gas emissions, although the Group's production lines do not involve direct air pollutant emissions, the solid pollutants produced during the raw materials mixing process will release traces of volatile organic compounds. We conduct regular monitor to ensure that the emission intensities are lower than the emission limits in relevant standards. In addition, the Group's commercial vehicles also produce pollutants when used, including nitrogen oxides, sulphur dioxide and particulate matter. The air pollutant emissions of the Group during the Year are as follows:

廢氣

氣體排放方面,本集團的生產線並不涉及直接 的空氣污染物排放,但在原材料調配工序中產 生的固體污染物會釋出微量揮發性有機物。我 們對此進行定期監測,確保排放濃度低於相關 標準中的排放限值。此外,本集團的商用車在 使用時亦會釋放污染物,包括氮氧化物、二氧 化硫及顆粒物。本集團於本年度的空氣污染物 排放如下:

		Intensity (mg/m³)	Weight(g)
Category	種類	濃度(毫克/立方米)	重量(克)
Volatile organic compounds	揮發性有機物	1.49	/
Nitrogen oxides	氮氧化物	/	7,283
Sulphur dioxide	二氧化硫	/	96
Particulate matter	顆粒物	/	536

Greenhouse Gases

The operation of production machines consumes electricity, and greenhouse gases are emitted from the generation of purchased electricity. In addition, the major sources of greenhouse gases also include the use of vehicles, business trips, paper disposal to landfill, drinking water and sewage treatment within the Group. During the Year, the Group's greenhouse gas emissions amounted to 428 tonnes of carbon dioxide equivalent, and the average emissions per production line was 107 tonnes of carbon dioxide equivalent. In order to effectively control the Group's greenhouse gas emissions, we have adopted a multi-pronged approach and implemented various measures to reduce emissions both in production and daily operations. (For details, please refer to sections headed "Resources Saving" and "Green Office")

溫室氣體

生產機器運作時需要耗用電力,而外購電力的 生產過程中會產生溫室氣體。此外,本集團的 車輛使用、公幹、紙張棄置與堆填、食水及污 水處理都是溫室氣體的主要產生源。本年度, 本集團的溫室氣體排放量為428噸二氧化碳當 量,每條生產線的平均排放量為107噸二氧化 碳當量。為有效控制本集團的溫室氣體排放, 我們多管齊下,不論生產與日常辦公,我們都 實施多項措施以減少排放。(詳情請參閱「節 約資源」及「綠色辦公」部份)

環境、社會及管治報告

Wastes

As for wastes, non-hazardous wastes, such as dust-free paper and glass are generated from the Group's production process. In order to reduce waste, we adhere to the principle of reusing through applying the used dust-free paper in cleaning floor and transporting to a qualified unit for incineration after second use. In addition, some waste glass will be cut into small pieces and used as windscreens for the blasting process, while the remaining non-reusable glass will be collected and discarded to landfill by qualified agencies. The Group's factories and offices also produce general daily waste. We have adopted various measures, such as using recyclable toner cartridges, replacing disposable batteries with rechargeable ones, to not only reduce waste, but to minimize harm of wastes disposal to the environment.

In addition to non-hazardous waste, the Group will generate a small amount of hazardous waste during the production process, including waste organic solvents, waste mineral oil, oily waste, paint-containing dye waste and waste empty barrels. The Group has strictly complied with the requirements under the regulations to entrust qualified units to collect and dispose of all hazardous wastes so as to avoid any harm to the environment. During the Year, the weight and intensity of wastes generated by the Group are as follows:

廢棄物

廢棄物方面,本集團生產過程中會產生無害廢棄物如無塵紙及玻璃。為減少浪費,我們堅持物盡其用的原則,把用後的無塵紙用於地板清潔,在二次利用後會交由合資格單位作焚化。此外,部份廢玻璃會被切成小玻璃塊以用作噴砂工序的擋風玻璃,而其餘不能再利用的玻璃則會由合資格機構收集並堆填。本集團的車間與辦公區亦會產生一般日常垃圾,我們採取多項措施如使用可迴圈再用的碳粉盒、使用充電池代替一次性電池等,在減少廢物量的同時,也降低廢物棄置對環境的危害。

除了無害廢棄物,本集團在生產過程中會產生 少量有害廢棄物,包括廢有機溶劑、廢礦物 油、含油廢物、含塗料染料廢物及廢空桶。本 集團嚴格按照法例規定委託合資格單位收集並 處理所有有害廢棄物,避免對環境造成危害。 本年度,本集團產生的廢棄物重量與密度如 下:

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Category	類別	Weight (tonnes) 重量 (噸)	Intensity (tonnes/ production line) 密度(噸/生產線)
Non-hazardous wastes	無害廢棄物	5.53	1.38
Hazardous wastes	有害廢棄物	2.30	0.58

環境、社會及管治報告

Resources Saving

Reducing resource use at source and avoiding waste are one of the effective ways to improve the environment. The Group's products such as Smart Light-adjusting Glass, increase natural lighting, of which the concept is in itself the evidence that Group advocates smart and effective use of resources.

Furthermore, the Group implemented various measures in its production and operations. We reuse the cooling water used in the operation of the production machine to reduce the consumption of tap water. We also conduct regular inspections on the operation of energy consumption equipment to eradicate "running, spraying, dripping and leaking" taps, eliminate water flow for a long time, strictly control the warm-up time of equipment, and eliminate energy waste from machines that are not in operation. Besides, the Group has installed solar power system, which helps to significantly reduce the use of non-renewable energy. The air conditioners in factories are also separated into multiple independent systems to enhance the flexibility of use or temperature adjustment, thereby avoiding the situation where air conditioners continue to work in the event that part of production lines have been in suspension. Reducing resource consumption and waste will not only lower the Group's production costs, but also effectively decrease indirect greenhouse gas emissions.

With the Group's efforts, our total energy consumption and total water consumption during the Year were 679 MWh and 593 $\rm m^3$, respectively. The average energy consumption and average water consumption per production line were 170 MWh and 148 $\rm m^3$, respectively.

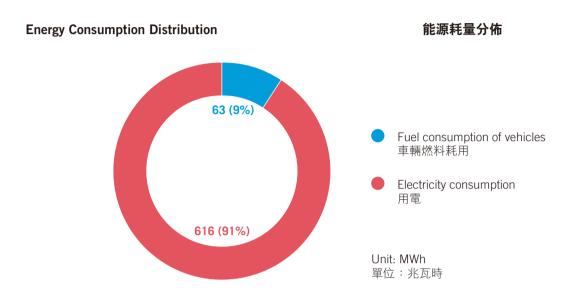
資源節約

從源頭上減少資源使用和避免造成資源浪費是 改善環境其中一項有效方法。本集團的產品如 智慧調光玻璃能增加自然採光,其概念本身已 是本集團宣導善用資源的一大印證。

除此之外,本集團在生產營運上也實行多種措施。我們將生產機器運作時所使用的冷卻水迴圈再用,減少自來水的投入。我們亦對耗能設備運行情況進行定期檢查,杜絕「跑、冒、滴、漏」的情況,消除長期流水現象,同時嚴格控制設備預熱時間,杜絕空車運行等浪費能源的狀況。此外,本集團設有太陽能供電裝置,大大降低不可再生能源的使用。車間內的空調亦分割成多個獨立系統,加強空調開關或溫度調節的彈性,減少空調在生產線局部停運時仍然持續製冷的情況。減少資源耗用與浪費不但令本集團的生產成本降低,同時也有效減少間接的溫室氣體排放。

在本集團的努力下,我們於本年度的總耗能和總耗水量分別為679兆瓦時和593立方米,而每條生產線的平均耗能與平均耗水量則分別是170兆瓦時和148立方米。

環境、社會及管治報告



In addition, the Group also strives to streamline the packaging of its products and actively reduces the use of packaging materials, no matter wood or paper, under the principle of simplification. During the Year, the quantity and intensity of packaging materials used by the Group are as follows:

此外,本集團也致力精簡產品的包裝,不論木 材類或紙質類,我們都以最簡化為原則,積極 減少包裝物料的使用。本年度,本集團所使用 的包裝物料數量及密度如下:

Category	類別	Number (unit)* 數量(個)*	Intensity (unit/ production line) 密度(個/生產線)
Wood	木材	562	141
Paper and paper products	紙及紙質製品	5,592	1,398

^{*} Since the factories are not involved in measuring the weight of the packaging material, there is no relevant weight data for this year.

由於生產車間並無量度包裝物料重量的步 驟,因此本年度沒有相關的重量資料。

環境、社會及管治報告

Green Office

In order to further reduce emissions and consumption and promote environmental protection and greening, the Group has also implemented various measures regarding energy-saving and emission-reduction in the office. We have installed and applied dynamic sensors in places that are not frequently occupied, such as corridors of the office building to reduce the electricity requirements of the lighting system. We use split-type air conditioners with first-grade energy efficiency label and set the minimum temperature of the air-conditioning system at 25.5 degrees Celsius. In addition, electronic devices in the office will shift to automatic standby or sleep mode at idle to reduce power consumption. The Group also strives to reduce paper consumption during ordinary office operation. For example, we have fully adopted the Office Automation (OA) system to replace the paper system for office administration purposes. To reduce the landfill volume of paper, we also set a recycling station in the office to collect waste paper, letters and envelopes.

With regard to daily water consumption, the Group conducts regular leakage tests on hidden pipes and will arrange to fix immediately once leakage is found so as to reduce unnecessary waste. Furthermore, we also post watersaving labels in toilets to remind our employees to close taps after using water in order to cherish water. In respect of business travel, the Group recognizes that flights have a high carbon footprint. Therefore, we require our employees to replace unnecessary overseas business with video conferences as possible. In order to creating a green office, the Group also plants green plants in the office to provide employees with a more comfortable working environment

綠色辦公

為進一步減排降耗,推動環保綠化,本集團在辦公區域也實施多項節能減排的措施。在非經常使用的地方如辦公樓走廊等,我們安裝並使用動態感測器以減少照明系統的電力需求。我們使用取得一級能源效益標籤的分體式冷氣機,並將空調系統的最低溫度設定為25.5攝 氏度。此外,辦公室的電子設備在閒置時會進入自動待機或睡眠模式,減少浪費。本集團也致力減少日常辦公時的紙張耗用,例如我們已全面採用電子辦公系統,取代紙制系統作辦公室行政用途。為減少紙張的堆填量,辦公室內也設置回收站以收集廢紙、信件及信封等。

針對日常耗水,本集團定期進行隱蔽水管滲漏 測試並會在發現滲漏時立即進行維修,減少不 必要的浪費。此外,我們也在各衛生間張貼節 約用水提醒標貼,提醒員工在用水後關緊水 龍頭,珍惜用水。出外公幹方面,本集團明白 乘坐飛機的碳足跡較高,因此我們要求員工儘 量以視訊會議取代非必要的海外公幹。為綠化 辦公區,本集團也在辦公室區域內栽種綠色植 物,為員工提供更舒適的工作環境。

環境、社會及管治報告

PEOPLE ORIENTED

Talents Recruitment

Talent is the core of the Group's operations. Recruiting the most suitable talent for each position is one of the Group's important tasks. In order to recruit talents, the Group will formulate a planning for coming year's human resources and recruitment according to the needs of works at the end of each year. The department for human resources and administration will conduct recruitments through job fair, online recruitment, agencies' recommendation, internal referral and public Wechat account pursuant to the planning. To attract and retain talents, the Group provides employees with competitive remuneration packages.

Candidates must be hired through interview during the recruitment process. Under the principle of multi-person interview and multi-faceted assessment, the Group designates department managers and relevant personnel of the department for human resources and administration to interview candidates. As for the recruitment of personnel in finance and procurement and at middle and high levels, we will also conduct background investigations to ensure that relevant personnel possess good professional ethics. The Group eliminates all discrimination on the basis of sex, age, ethnicity, religion, disability and marital status, to ensure that all applicants are provided with fair employment opportunities. The Group also strictly complies with relevant laws and regulations, such as Labor Law of the People's Republic of China and Labor Contract Law of the People's Republic of China, and establishes a human resources management system to protect the legitimate rights and interests of all employees.

In addition, the Group does not allow the employment of child labor or forced labor. Before new employees' enrollment, we will review their identity documents to prevent the employment of child labor. Labor contracts of employees clearly specify the work time, place, tasks, and main responsibilities, ensuring that they are not required to execute work that is not within their terms of reference. In terms of the resignation or dismissal of employees, the Group also establishes related procedures such as exit interviews, so as to arrange handover and understand the reasons for resignations to improve the Group's policies and prevailing conditions.

以人為本

人才招聘

人才是本集團營運的核心,為每個崗位聘請最適合的人才是本集團其中一項重要的工作。為廣納賢材,本集團在每年年末會根據工作需要規劃下一年度的人力資源與招聘計畫,人事行政部會按照計畫並通過招聘會、網路招聘、仲介公司推薦、內部推薦及微信公眾號推送等進行招聘。為吸引新人入職及挽留人才,本集團為員工提供具競爭力的薪酬待遇。

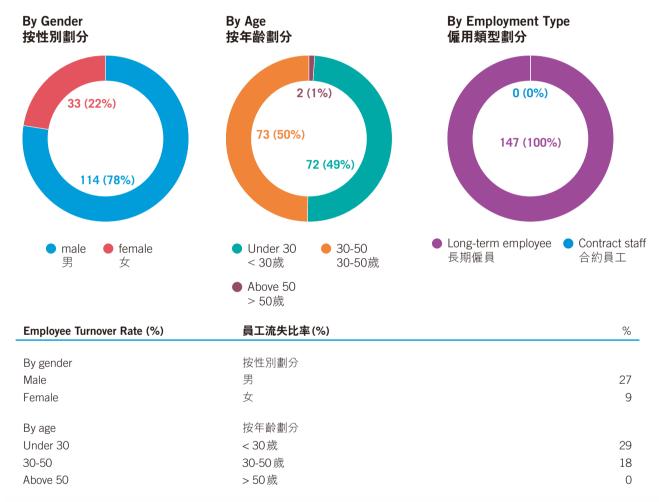
招聘過程中,應聘者須通過面試方能獲聘。本集團堅持多人面談、多方面考核的原則,安排部門經理及人事行政部相關人員對應聘者進行面試。針對財務、採購和中高層以上的招聘,我們更會對其進行背景調查,以確保相關人員擁有良好的職業操守。本集團杜絕一切性別、年齡、民族、宗教、殘疾和婚姻狀況等方面的歧視,確保所有應聘者享有公平公正的應聘機會。本集團亦嚴格遵守《中華人民共和國勞動合同法》等相關法律法規,設立人力資源管理制度,依法保障所有員工的合法權益。

此外,本集團絕不容許聘請童工或強制勞工。 在員工入職前,我們會審核員工的身份證明 檔,防止聘請童工。而每位員工的勞動合同上 都清楚列明其工作時間、地點、任務和主要職 責,保障員工免被安排執行不在其職責範圍內 的工作。對於員工離職或解雇,本集團也設有 離職面談等相關流程,務求在安排交接工作的 同時,瞭解員工離職原因,改善本集團政策與 現況。

環境、社會及管治報告

During the Year, the Group has a total of 147 employees. The number of employees and turnover rate by age, gender and employment type are as follows:

本年度,本集團共聘用147名員工,按年齡、 性別及雇用類型劃分的員工人數和流失率分佈 如下:



Remuneration and Promotion

In order to retain talents and strengthen the initiatives of employees, the Group has established a complete promotion system for employees' career development and salary band management program. In terms of different job types, we have set up technical channel, management channel and operating channel. Each channel is divided into 5 hierarchies. Each hierarchy is further subdivided into different levels so that all employees are provided with equal opportunities for gradual promotion. The salaries of employees will be adjusted for factors such as social inflation, as well as increased with their promotion.

薪酬與晉升

為了挽留人才並強化員工工作的積極性,本集團建立了完善的員工職業發展晉升通道以及工資級別管理方案。根據不同崗位類型,我們共設技術通道、管理通道及作業通道,每條通道都分為5個層級,每層再細分不同級別,讓所有員工都能平等地得到逐步晉升的機會。員工的薪金除了會因社會通貨膨脹等因素而調整外,也會隨著級別的晉升而有所增加。

環境、社會及管治報告

In terms of promotion and salary adjustment, the Group has also established a relevant management system for performance evaluation, which links employees' salaries and positions with their performances, forming an internal talent competition mechanism based on abilities. For employees at different levels, we have developed corresponding assessment content, mainly including task completion indicators, quality of completed work, professional skills, innovative skills, collaboration, responsibility and discipline. Based on the scores from leaders, colleagues and subordinates, the assessment department will calculate the appraisal coefficient for each employee. Additional bonuses are given to those who perform outstandingly at work as a boost in morale.

了績效考核的相關管理制度,實現員工績效與 薪酬及職位掛鉤,形成能上能下的內部人才競 爭機制。針對不同層級的員工,我們定立了相 應的考核內容,當中主要包括任務完成指標、 工作品質、專業職務技能、創新技能、協作配 合性、工作責任心及勞動紀律。根據領導、同 事及下屬的評分,考核部門會計算出各員工的 考核係數,表現優秀者可獲發額外獎金,提升 工作的激勵性。

而作為晉升與薪酬調整的依據,本集團亦制定

Employee Training

As the Group is deeply convinced that the progress of an enterprise is based on the improvement of employees' skills, knowledge and attitude, we attach great importance to the cultivation of talents. We provide a combination of internal and external trainings to employees annually. Before developing the annual training plan, we will understand the real needs of employees in various ways such as research and survey and develop the most suitable training programs for employees in different positions, departments and levels.

During the Year, various departments within the Group conducted a total of 42 training projects, including training for production and quality control personnel, such as materials and craftsmanship introductions, equipment maintenance standards and inspection and operation guides, explanations on quality-based procedures and operations as well as training for sales personnel, such as materials-based sales experience training, installation project management and on-site management. The Group hopes to not only strengthen the capabilities of its employees in all aspects, but also improve the operation efficiency of the organization, thus enabling employees to make mutual progress with the Group. In addition, we also designate relevant employees to attend different types of exhibitions, such as China International Optoelectronic Expo, China Hi-Tech Fair and 2017 Shenzhen International Exhibition of All Touch and Display, in ways that employees can keep up with the development of the industry and gain more inspiration to improve product quality and develop new products.

員工培訓

本集團深信企業的進步建基於員工在技術、知識和態度上的提升,因此我們高度重視人才培育,以結合內部和外部培訓的方式,每年對員工進行培訓。在制定年度培訓計畫前,我們會以各種方式如調研等瞭解員工的真正需要,為不同崗位、部門和層級的員工制定最合適的培訓計畫。

本年度,本集團不同部門合共進行了42項培訓專案,當中包括對生產與品質管制人員的培訓如材料及工藝介紹、設備保養規範及檢驗操作指導、品質按制程式講解與操作等,亦包括對銷售人員的培訓如材料類銷售經驗培訓、安裝工程管理及專案現場管理等。本集團希望為員工加強各方面能力的同時,也提升組織的營運效率,讓員工出席不同類型的展覽會如中國國際光電博覽會、中國國際高新技術成果交易會及2017深圳國際全觸與顯示展等,讓員工緊貼行業發展的步伐,獲得更多啟發以提升產品品質及研發新產品。

環境、社會及管治報告

For employees who participate in various work-related external training and learning, we allow them to reimburse part of the learning fees after qualifying for related assessments, encouraging them to continue their studies. During the Year, the Group conducted training for a total of 95 employees, representing 65% of the Company's total employees.

對於員工自行參加各類與本職工作有關的外部 培訓與學習,我們允許員工在相關考核取得合 格成績後報銷部份學習費用,鼓勵員工持續 進修。本年度,本集團共為95位員工進行培 訓,佔公司總人數65%。

Percentage of total employees

in this group (%)

受訓員工佔該組別

Breakdown of Trainees	員工受訓情況明細表	人數百分比(%)
By Gender	按性別劃分	
Male	男	61
Female	女	76
By level	按員工級別劃分	
Senior	高級	22
Intermediate	中級	53
Junior	初級	73
Others	其他	55

Health and Safety

Only employees with good physical health are able to maximize work efficiency, thus the Group puts safety work as the top priority. We have jointly established an atmosphere of "life-paramount and safety-first" with our employees. We strictly comply with relevant national laws and regulations, such as the Occupational Disease Prevention Law, and provide employees with workplaces that meet the national labor hygiene standards to effectively protect employees' health and safety at work.

健康與安全

員工擁有良好健康的身體狀況才能在工作上發揮最大效益,因此本集團把安全工作放在首要位置。我們與員工共同樹立「生命至上、安全第一」的風氣,嚴格按照國家相關的法律法規如《職業病防治法》等,為員工提供符合國家勞動衛生標準的勞動作業場所,切實保障員工在工作中的健康與安全。

環境、社會及管治報告

The production process is the part with the highest risk for safety hazards or accidents. In this regard, we have established relevant management measures for the production site, which include safety management measures at the production site, such as regular inspections to eliminate safety hazards at the production site, periodic examinations of firefighting facilities, and organizing activities, publicity and education on factories security. Safety education is the top priority as it helps to improve employees' safety awareness and reduce safety hazards and accident rate at the source. During the Year, in compliance with the Zhuhai Municipal Government's plan, our employees are involved in a series of safety education activities entitled "Care for Healthy and Safe Development" to allow them to better understand occupational health, emergency response and emergency care.

The Group also provides qualified labor protection products for all production workers to ensure the safety of employees at work. For emergencies such as natural disasters, water supply interruptions or fires, the Group also formulated relevant emergency measures to minimize the harm of disaster. During the Year, the Group did not experience any work-related injury or fatality.

Benefits and Welfares

The Group treats its employees under the concept of "harmonious Singyes and common development" and provides various benefits that are either statutory or non-statutory to them while safeguarding their basic benefits with a view to boost their sense of belonging, strengthen corporate cohesion and encourage them to provide long-term services. The Group implements a five-day work week regime with 8 hours of work per day. For overtime work, the Group pays wages in strict accordance with relevant laws. We provide statutory holidays according to national regulations. Employees may also be entitled to paid leaves such as marriage leave, maternity leave, care leave, bereavement leave, sick leave, work-related injury leave and annual leave. The Group also provides "five insurances and housing provident fund" to employees in accordance with the Social Security Law of the People's Republic of China.

生產過程是出現安全隱患或意外風險最高的一環,我們為此制定了生產現場的相關管理規範,當中包含了生產現場的安全管理措施如定期檢查排除生產現場安全隱患、定期點檢消防設施、開展車間安全活動、宣傳和教育等。安全教育絕對是重中之重,因其能提高員工的安全意識,從源頭減少安全隱患及事故意外率。本年度,我們配合珠海市政府的計畫,讓員工參與了題為「關愛健康、安全發展」的一系列安全教育活動,使員工更清晰瞭解職業健康、應急處理和緊急救護等知識。

本集團亦為所有車間員工提供合規格的勞動保護用品,保障員工在工作時的安全。對於突發情況如天災、水電供應中斷或火災等,本集團也制定了相關的應急措施,務求把災害減少至最低程度。本年度,本集團並無因工作關係而發生的工傷或死亡事故。

待遇與福利

本集團本著「和諧興業、共同發展」的理念對 待員工,在保障員工基本待遇的同時提供多項 法定內外的福利,旨在加強員工歸屬感,增加 企業凝聚力,鼓勵員工長期為企業服務。本集 團實行一週五天工作制,每天工作8小時。對 於加班情況,本集團嚴格按照相關法例計算工 資。我們根據國家規定執行法定假期,員工亦 同時享有帶薪假期如婚假、產假、看護假、喪 假、病假、工傷假和年假。本集團亦依照《中 華人民共和國社會保障法》為員工提供「五險 一金」。

環境、社會及管治報告

In addition to statutory benefits, employees can also enjoy a number of additional benefits such as working meals, wedding cash gift, holiday relief payments, free medical examinations, and settlement fees for fresh graduate. We also provide employees with transportation, housing, seniority and high temperature subsidies. In order to encourage employees to work hard and engage more in research and development, the Group also provides performance bonuses and rewards for patent and paper completion. Rewards are given to those who perform outstandingly at work and have successfully assisted the Group in obtaining invention patents and publishing papers in provincial publications.

除法定福利,員工亦可享有多項額外福利如工作餐、喜嫁禮金、節日慰問金、免費體檢及應屆畢業生安置費等。我們也為員工提供交通、住房、工齡及高溫補貼等多種補貼。為鼓勵員工努力工作,多作創新研發,本集團亦設有績效獎金及專利論文獎勵,為工作表現傑出、成功協助本集團取得發明專利和在省級刊物上發表論文的員工發放獎金。

HIGH QUALITY OPERATION

Suppliers Management

As a manufacturing company, the quality of the Group's products and even its reputation depend largely on the quality of the raw materials. In order to ensure the quality of suppliers and maintain a healthy and orderly supply chain system, the Group has been committed to improving the management of suppliers and implementing work on the development, selection, evaluation and supervision of suppliers.

The Group has formulated relevant procedures for supplier assessment and control to evaluate and select suppliers, thereby ensuring that they meet the requirements of the Group on raw materials and stabilize the supply of high quality raw materials. We will list suppliers that meet the standards into qualified suppliers for relevant departments as reference by conducting comprehensive assessments on quality and legality and on-site inspections when necessary. In order to ensure that suppliers continue to meet the requirements, we will conduct regular assessments on suppliers, including daily assessments, target assessments and annual assessments. Suppliers whose performances have failed to meet the criteria will be downgraded or disqualified from qualified suppliers. In addition, we will also consider the location of our suppliers during selection, and choose those that are the closest to the Group as possible in order to reduce the greenhouse gases generated in the transportation process. The Group had a total of 49 suppliers during the Year and their regional distributions are as follows:

優質營運

供應商管理

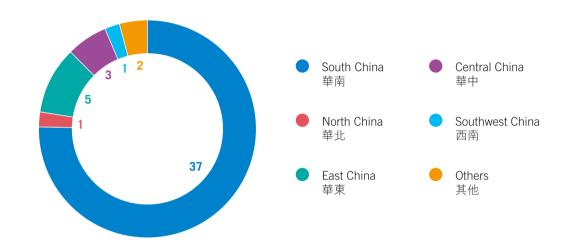
作為一家生產企業,本集團產品的品質以至本 集團的聲譽很大程度上取決於原輔料的品質。 為了確保供應商隊伍的質素,維持健康有序的 供應鍵體系,本集團一直致力於完善供應商的 管理,確切執行供應商的開發、篩選、評估和 監督工作。

本集團制定供應商評估控制的相關程式,對供應商進行評估和篩選,保證其能滿足本集團對原輔料的要求,並穩定高品質原輔料的供應。透過涵蓋品質、合法性等的綜合評估,必要時配以現場考察,我們將表現符合標準的供應商持續達到要求,我們更會對供應商進行定期考核,包括日常考核、目標考核和年度考核。表現未達標的供應商會被降級或取消合格供方資格。此外,我們在選擇供應商時亦會考慮其所處位置,儘量選擇最接近本集團的供應商,以減少運輸過程產生的溫室氣體。本集團於本年度共有49個供應商,其地區分佈如下:

環境、社會及管治報告

The number and regional distribution of the Group's suppliers

本集團供應商數量與地區分佈



Quality Control

In order to properly control the quality of raw materials in stock, semi-finished products and finished products in the production process, and prevent the use or delivery of unqualified products, the Group has established relevant procedures for product monitoring and measurement control to fully supervise and control the quality of products and production process. We have designed thorough incoming inspection, production process inspection and finished product inspection, and specifically defined the responsibilities of different departments and related personnel throughout the process to ensure that all procedures are accurately implemented. Unqualified raw materials or products will be dealt with by relevant personnel according to the procedure for nonconforming product control. The Group will set quality objectives for each department annually, including not only product quality but also the requirements for the purchase qualification rate of the purchasing department, the maintenance timelines of the equipment technology department, and even the customer satisfaction of the sales department, ensuring a strict control in all aspects.

品質管制

為妥善控制在庫原材料、生產過程中的半成品和成品品質,防止不合格品被使用或出廠,本集團制定產品監視和測量控制的相關程式,對產品和生產過程實現全程監視及品質控制。我們設計了仔細的進料檢驗、生產制程核對總和成品檢驗的流程,清楚劃分不同部門與相關人員在整個流程上的各項職責,確保所有程式得以準確執行。對於不合格的原料或產品,相關人員會按不合格品控制程式進行處理。每年,本集團均會為各部門設定品質目標,當中不僅包括產品品質,更對採購部的進料批次合格率、設備技術部的維修及時率、甚或銷售部的客戶滿意度等設下要求,務求在各方面做到嚴格把關。

Customer Services 客戶服務

環境、社會及管治報告

Moreover, the Group also sets stringent requirements for the operating environment, such as temperature and humidity, and implements relevant regulations for warehouse management to ensure that material storage, production process and product quality are not affected by environmental or human factors. Materials and products are labeled based on product identification and traceable control procedures to prevent confusion and misuse when applied and ensure traceability when required.

Although the Group has established a sophisticated internal quality control system, a third-party inspection for its products is conducted when necessary to further ensure the product quality. For example, the Group entrusted the China Quality Certification Centre and SGS to conduct halogen inspections on ITO film and smart light-adjusting film based on the Restriction of Hazardous Substances Directive ("RoHS"). The Group is committed to strictly complying with national and international standards in material use and production, and our products have obtained various quality certifications such as China Compulsory Product (3C) certification and ISO9001 certification.

Customer Services

The Group is not only committed to offering high-quality products, but also strive to provide first-class services to all customers, which can be divided into after-sales services and technical services that mainly include program design, on-site visits and technical services, consultation services and technical training.

此外,本集團也對作業環境如溫濕度等設下嚴格要求,同時執行倉庫管理的相關規範,確保物料儲存、生產過程及產品品質不受環境或人為因素影響。我們亦根據產品標識和可追溯性控制程式對材料和產品進行必要的標識,以防止應用時的混淆、錯用,確保在需要時實現可追溯性。

本集團不但設有精密的內部質控系統,為進一步確保產品質素,我們在必要時也對產品進行協力廠商檢測。例如,本集團委託中國品質認證中心和SGS等對ITO膜、調光膜等產品進行鹵素檢驗及依據危害性物質限制指令(RoHS)進行檢測。本集團承諾在物料使用與生產上嚴格遵從國家及國際標準,而我們的產品已獲得多項品質認證如中國強制性產品(3C)認證、ISO9001認證等。

客戶服務

本集團不但承諾提供高品質的產品,也致力為 所有客戶提供一流的服務,其中可分為售後服 務與技術服務,主要包括方案設計、現場訪問 與技術服務、諮詢服務及技術培訓。

Program Design 方案設計

Professional copywriters provide customers with various engineering design plans to meet their needs 專業文案設計人員為客戶提供多種工程設計方案,致力滿足客戶雲求

On-site Visits and Technical Services 現場訪問與技術服務

Designate technical personnel to guide the installation on the site and solve problems of use according to the actual needs of customers 根據客戶實際需要,派遣技術人員到現場指導

Consultation Services 諮詢服務

Provide details of product and resolve questions regarding to products and applications 提供詳細產品資料、解答有關產品和應用方面的各種問題

Technical Training 技術培訓

Provide training on storage, transportation, installation, fine-tuning and safe use of light-adjusting glasses 提供調光玻璃儲存、運輸、安裝、調試、使用注意事項等培訓

環境、社會及管治報告

While providing services to our customers, we also attach great importance to their opinions made to the Group, in particular of their complaints, for the continuous improvement of the quality of our products and services. In this regard, we have formulated relevant specifications for handling complaints from customers with an aim to establish a systematic process for accepting complaints, investigating the causes, formulating solutions and improvement solutions, and responding to customers. During the Year, the Group has received a total of 14 complaints which were mainly related to product performance and quality. All complaints have been properly handled according to the procedures.

In addition, when promoting products to customers and marketing, employees must comply with relevant laws and regulations, such as the Advertising Law of the People's Republic of China, as well as the specifications and guidelines under the Group's sales system. With a commitment of not to provide false information to its customers, the Group has established a special marketing team, which is fully responsible for promotion works, such as design and preparation of publicity materials, sample management and promotion activities planning. The Group is also determined to protect business or personal information of its customers and incorporates a confidentiality clause into the contracts signed to ensure that all documents and data exchanged between the parties are kept within the scope of confidentiality. We also set relevant procedure for privacy control to prevent leakage.

Protection for Intellectual Property Rights

As the Group has made frequent breakthroughs in the research and development of new products, product patents and intellectual property rights have become the core market competitiveness of the Group. According to the management standards of intellectual property rights of enterprises, we have established a comprehensive intellectual property rights management system to implement the intellectual property rights strategy in an all-round way with a long-term goal to drive our development with technology innovation and become the leading high-tech brand enterprise in the industry. We also implement a series of procedures such as document and record control, internal audit management and management of intellectual property rights funds. The comprehensive system ensures that our intellectual property rights are not violated, and avoids infringing upon others patents and intellectual property rights.

為客戶提供服務的同時,我們亦十分重視客戶 向本集團提出的意見,對於客戶的投訴,我們 更是認真對待,以繼續改善並提升本集團產品 和服務的品質。就此,我們制定了客戶投訴處 理的相關規範,務求建立一套從接納投訴、調 查原因、制定解決和改善方案以至回復客戶的 系統性流程。本年度,本集團共接獲14宗投 訴,主要跟產品性能與品質有關,所有投訴已 按照程式妥善處理。

此外,對客戶作推銷和進行市場推廣時,員工必須遵守《中華人民共和國廣告法》等相關法律法規,並遵從本集團銷售制度內的規範與指引。本集團承諾不向客戶提供虛假資訊,特設專門的市場推廣組,全面負責推廣工作如宣傳資料之設計和製作、樣品管理及推廣活動策劃等。對於客戶的商業或個人資訊,本集團也決心維護,與客戶簽訂的合同內包含保密條款,確保雙方往來的所有檔和資料資料都在保密範圍之內。同時,我們設有保密控制的相關程式,防止洩密行為發生。

智慧財產權維護

本集團在新產品研發上屢有突破,因此產品專利和智慧財產權已成為本集團市場競爭力的核心要素。根據企業智慧財產權的管理規範,我們建立了完善的智慧財產權管理體系,以全面實施智慧財產權戰略,並以科技創新驅動企業發展、以成為行業領先的高新技術品牌企業為長期目標。同時,我們實施檔與記錄控制、內部審核管理及智慧財產權經費管理等一系列程式,以最完善的系統,確保本集團智慧財產權不受侵犯,亦避免侵犯他人之專利與智慧財產權不受侵犯,亦避免侵犯他人之專利與智慧財產權

環境、社會及管治報告

Business Integrity

The Group is committed to building a clean and healthy corporate system and vigorously combating corruption and other improper business practices. We strictly implement laws and regulations such as the Criminal Law of the People's Republic of China, Company Law of the People's Republic of China and Anti-Unfair Competition Law of the People's Republic of China, and specifically stipulate that employees must discharge their duties with loyalty and integrity and shall not abuse their positions to seek any improper interests. We have adopted a clear avoidance system, prohibiting direct leadership relationships among employees who have husband and wife relationship, immediate family relationship and other close family relationships. Employees or any of our partners can report serious negligence or malpractice through the whistle-blowing channel. In order to increase deterrence, the management will take corresponding disciplinary punishment to all employees who engage in malpractice, such as warning, demerit or dismissal.

CARING FOR COMMUNITY

The Group's development since its inception has depended on the support and trust of various communities and society in Zhuhai. Therefore, while providing quality materials and products to customers and the public, we also actively participate in social welfare. As a corporate citizen, the Group fully fulfills its responsibilities and missions, takes concrete actions to care for the community and makes contributions to the society and people.

As the Group is located in Zhuhai and often hit by storms in summer, we are constantly concerned about the disaster in the community and the needs of citizens. In August of the Year, after typhoon hitting Zhuhai, the Group and other companies in the high-tech zone organized a voluntary service team consisting of a number of employees to carry out obstacle clearing in Jinding, Zhuhai. The typhoon brought huge losses to Zhuhai. The Group has never forgotten the kindness from the community and assumed the responsibility of rebuilding its home, while employees made their best efforts to restore the daily life and operation of the community with all concerns converged.

廉潔從業

本集團致力建設廉潔健康的企業體系,大力打擊貪污和其他不正當的經營手法。我們嚴格執行《中華人民共和國刑法》、《中華人民共和國公司法》及《中華人民共和國反不正當競爭法》等法律法規,明確規定員工必須忠於職守,廉潔奉公,不得利用職權謀取任何不當利益。, 們制定明確的回避制度,員工不得與親屬建立直接的上下級領導關係,親屬關係包括夫妻關係、直系血親關係以及近姻親關係等。針對嚴重失職或營私舞弊的行為,員工或任何本集團的合作方可通過舉報管道進行舉報。為提高阻嚇性,所有作出營私舞弊行為的員工,管理層均會予以相應的紀律處罰如警告、記過或辭退。

社區關懷

本集團自成立至今的發展有賴珠海各社區和社會各方的鼎力支持與信賴,因此在提供優質材料及產品予客戶和大眾的同時,我們也積極投身於社會公益事業。本集團全力履行作為一名企業公民所肩負的責任和使命,以實際行動成就社區關懷,回饋社會和人民。

本集團位處珠海,夏季經常受到風暴吹襲,因此我們時刻關注社區的災情和市民的需要。今年8月,珠海受颱風呼襲後,本集團聯同高新區內的其他公司召集了多名員工組成志願服務隊,到珠海金鼎片區進行清障工作。是次颱風給珠海社區帶來了巨大損失,而本集團上下不忘家恩,肩負起重建家園的重任。員工們各盡綿力,為恢復社區日常生活與運作貢獻出無比力量,以點滴關懷成就大愛。

董事及高級管理層之履歷詳情

CHAIRMAN AND NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

Mr. LIU Hongwei (劉紅維) aged 54, is the founder and the Chairman of our Group. He was appointed as the Director of our Company on 28 November 2014 and he was re-designated as our non-executive Director of our Company with effect from 23 June 2017. He is currently also the chairman of the Nomination Committee of our Company. He is primarily responsible for the formulation and execution of our Group's overall business strategies and policies.

Mr. Liu was a director of Singyes New Materials (H.K.) Company Limited ("Singyes HK") from November 2014 to June 2016. He has been a director since November 2003 and further an executive director and the chairman since December 2008 of China Singyes Solar Technologies Holdings Limited, a controlling shareholder of our Company and the shares of which are listed on the main board of HKEx (stock code: 750).

Mr. Liu graduated from Wuhan Industrial University with a bachelor's degree, majoring in inorganic materials engineering, in July 1986. He joined Zhuhai Singyes Safety Glass Co., Ltd. in October 1991, served as a general manager of Zhuhai Singyes Curtain Wall Engineering Co., Ltd. from August 1995 to October 2007.

Mr. Liu is currently the chairman of Guangdong Photovoltaic Energy System Standardization Technology Committee, member of the Standing Committee of the Ninth Session of Zhuhai Municipal People's Congress, and an honorary fellow at the United International College of Beijing Normal University-Hong Kong Baptist University.

Mr. Liu is a senior construction material engineer with approximately 21 years of experience in the curtain wall engineering sector and approximately 12 years of experience in the photovoltaic power generation application sector. Mr. Liu has registered patents under his name in the PRC regarding amorphous silicon photovoltaic building integration and solar power generation system.

主席及非執行董事

劉紅維先生,54歲,為本集團創辦人兼主席。彼於二零一四年十一月二十八日獲委任為本公司董事,並將自二零一七年六月二十三日起調任為本公司非執行董事。彼現時為本公司薪酬委員會成員。彼主要負責制定及執行本集團整體業務策略及政策。

劉先生自二零一四年十一月至二零一六年六月 擔任香港興業新材料有限公司(「香港興業」) 董事。彼自二零零三年十一月起出任中國興 業太陽能技術控股有限公司(「興業太陽能」, 本公司控股股東,其股份於主板上市(股份代 號:750))之董事,並自二零零八年十二月起 擔任其執行董事兼主席。

劉先生於一九八六年七月畢業於武漢工業大學 獲得無機材料工程專業學士學位:自一九九一 年十月進入珠海興業安全玻璃股份有限公司工 作,一九九五年八月至二零零七年十月擔任珠 海興業幕牆工程有限公司總經理。

劉先生現任廣東省光伏能源系統標準化技術委員會主任委員、珠海市第九屆人民代表 大會常務委員會委員、北京師範大學・香港浸會大學聯合國際學院榮譽院士。

劉先生,高級建築材料工程師,在幕牆工程領域有約21年經驗,在光伏發電應用領域有約12年經驗。劉先生以其名下註冊非晶矽光伏建築一體化、太陽能並網發電系統等國家專利。

董事及高級管理層之履歷詳情

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. SUN Jinli (孫金禮) aged 54, is an executive Director, the chief executive officer and compliance officer of our Company. He is primarily responsible for formulating the overall sales and marketing strategies and overseeing the development and operations of our Group. He is also the chairman of the board, the legal representation and a director of Zhuhai Singyes Applicable Materials Company Limited ("Singyes Applicable Materials") since March 2010 and a director of Singyes HK since November 2014.

Mr. Sun graduated from Wuhan Industrial University with a bachelor's degree in July 1986, majoring in inorganic materials engineering. He served as a manager of the production department of Zhuhai Singyes Safety Glass Co., Ltd. from September 1989 to August 1995, and subsequently a project manager and deputy general manager of Zhuhai Singyes Curtain Wall Engineering Co., Ltd. from August 1995 to October 2007. He has served as a general manager of Zhuhai Singyes Renewable Energy Technology Co., Ltd. ("Singyes Renewable Energy") from October 2007 to March 2011 and he has been an executive director of China Singyes Solar Technologies Holdings Limited, a controlling shareholder of our Company and the shares of which are listed on the mainboard of HKEx (stock code: 750) from June 2008 to July 2017.

Mr. Sun is a level one architect certified by the Construction Department of the PRC, with approximately 21 years of experience in the curtain wall engineering sector and approximately 12 years of experience in the photovoltaic power generation sector. He entered the new light-adjusting material sector in 2009 and has accumulated extensive knowledge of vacuum technology, optical film technology, thin film deposition technology and roll-to-roll process and technology. He has been researching the application of magnetron sputtering technology in glass base materials, organic base materials and metal base materials for years and made a series of achievements in the process and technological development relating to ITO film, Smart Light-adjusting Film, Smart Light-adjusting Glass and Smart Light-adjusting Projection System.

執行董事

琢金禮先生,54歲,為本公司執行董事、行 政總裁及合規主任。彼主要負責制定整體 銷 售及營銷策略,並監督本集團發展及營運。彼 自二零一零年三月起亦為珠海興業應用材料科 技有限公司(「興業應用材料」)之董事會主席、 法定代表及董事以及自二零一四年十一月起為 香港興業之董事。

孫先生於一九八六年七月畢業於武漢工業大學並獲得無機材料工程專業學士學位。彼自一九八九年九月至一九九五年八月於珠海興業安全玻璃股份有限公司擔任生產部經理,其後自一九九五年八月至二零零七年十月於珠海興業幕牆工程有限公司先後擔任項目經理、副總經理。彼自二零零七年十月至二零一一年三月擔任珠海興業新能源科技有限公司(「興業新能源」)總經理,彼亦自二零零八年六月至二零一七年七月出任中國興業太陽能技術控股有限公司(本公司控股股東,其股份於主板上市(股份代號:750))之執行董事。

孫先生,中國建設部註冊一級建造師,在幕牆 工程領域擁有約21年經驗,在光伏發電應用 領域有約12年經驗,自二零零九年開始進入 新型調光材料領域,對真空技術、光學薄膜技 術、薄膜成膜技術、卷對卷工藝技術有較深研 究,多年來一直從事磁控濺射技術在玻璃基 材、有機基材、金屬基材應用工作,並在ITO 導電膜、智能調光膜、智能調光玻璃和智能調 光投影系統的相關工藝技術開發方面取得了一 系列的成果。

董事及高級管理層之履歷詳情

Mr. ZHAO Feng (趙峰), aged 52, is an executive Director of our Company. He is primarily responsible for sales and marketing and the growth and development of our Group. He is also a director of Singyes Applicable Materials since May 2015 and Singyes HK since June 2016.

Mr. Zhao graduated from Wuhan Industrial University with a bachelor's degree in July 1987, majoring in inorganic materials engineering. Subsequently he worked at Hubei Province Shashi Construction Materials Scientific Research Institute as an engineer. He has successively held positions including manager of the sales department and deputy general manager of Zhuhai Singyes Green Building Technology Co., Ltd. since December 2002 and served as general manager of Singyes Renewable Energy from March 2011 to March 2012.

Mr. Zhao is a senior construction material engineer with approximately 14 years of experience in the curtain wall engineering sector, and was appointed as a faculty adviser for electrical engineering master degree candidates of Xiangtan University in the PRC in October 2012.

Mr. ZHANG Chao (張超), aged 45, is an executive Director of our Company. He is primarily responsible for business development and the growth and development of our Group. He has also been a director of Singyes Applicable New Materials since May 2015 and Singyes HK since June 2016.

Mr. Zhang graduated from Qiqihar Railway Transportation Employee University with a bachelor's degree in July 1995. From August 1995 to November 2002, he worked at Heilongjiang Province Heihe City Railway (Group) Company as technician, manager of the engineering department and deputy director. He has held positions including manager of the bidding department, manager of the sales department, deputy general manager and general manager of Zhuhai Singyes Green Building Technology Co., Ltd. since December 2002.

Mr. Zhang has approximately 14 years of experience in the curtain wall engineering sector. He was certified as a cost engineer in October 2001, obtained the level one architect in January 2006 and obtained the level one architect certificate in December 2007. He has also obtained a patent under his name in relation to smart photovoltaic controller hubs.

趙峰先生,52歲,為本公司執行董事。彼主 要負責銷售及營銷以及本集團增長及發展。彼 自二零一五年五月起亦為興業應用材料的董事 及自二零一六年六月起為香港興業的董事。

趙先生於一九八七年七月畢業於武漢工業大學,獲授無機材料學工程學士學位。其後彼於湖北省沙市建材科研所擔任工程師。自二零零二年十二月起,彼先後於珠海興業綠色建築科技有限公司擔任多個職務,包括銷售部經理及副總經理,自二零一一年三月至二零一二年三月擔任興業新能源之總經理。

趙先生為高級建築材料工程師,於幕牆工程領域擁有約14年經驗,並於二零一二年十月獲委任為中國湘潭大學電子工程碩士研究生之學院顧問。

張超先生,45歲,為本公司執行董事。彼主要負責業務發展以及本集團增長及發展。彼自 二零一五年五月起亦為興業應用新材料的董事 及自二零一六年六月起為香港興業的董事。

張先生於一九九五年七月畢業於齊齊哈爾鐵路運輸職工大學工業與民用建築專業。自一九九五年八月至二零零二年十一月彼於黑龍江省黑河鐵路集團有限責任公司擔任技術員、工程部經理及副總監。自二零零二年十二月起,彼於珠海興業綠色建築科技有限公司擔任多個職務,包括投標部經理、銷售部經理、副總經理及總經理。

張先生於幕牆工程領域擁有約14年經驗。彼 於二零零一年十月獲認證為造價工程師,於二 零零六年一月取得一級建造師的執業資格,及 於二零零七年十二月獲取一級建造師註冊 證 書。彼亦已就智慧光伏集線控制器取得其名下 之專利。

董事及高級管理層之履歷詳情

Mr. TANG Liwen (湯立文), aged 51, was appointed as an executive Director on 12 September 2016. He is also the general manager of Singyes Applicable Materials and is primarily responsible for the overall operation and management of our Company since June 2014.

Mr. Tang graduated with a bachelor degree in mechanical specialty from the Shanghai Maritime University in July 1989. He obtained a postgraduate degree in business administration from Tsinghua University in October 2001 and is currently reading a doctorate degree in material science at Xiangtan University.

Mr. Tang was an assistant engineer of the department of translation of Guangzhou Port Machinery Plant between July 1989 and February 1991, part of a camera assembling team at Jianeng Zhuhai Limited between March 1991 and January 2002, and the deputy general manager of Zhuhai Special Economic Zone Stone Electronic Limited between February 2002 and December 2004. He was a general manager and legal representative of Zhuhai Mingtian Digital Technology Co. Limited between January 2005 and February 2010, which was deregistered in August 2012 after a joint venture partner of the business voluntarily divested and terminated the joint venture. He was a deputy general manager of Hunan Singyes Solar Technologies Limited between March 2010 and June 2014.

Mr. Tang is an intermediate engineer who has approximately 25 years of experience in the development of electrical appliances and approximately 14 years of experience in technology management. He has led more than 30 development projects in new products and new materials, led research which had led to ten technologies being patented under his name including solar photovoltaic tiles and was awarded a third prize in technological achievement by the Xiangtan Municipal in 2013. He also took part in compiling the local standard for Electroluminescent Smart Light-adjusting Glass" in Guangdong Province in 2015.

湯立文先生,51歲,於二零一六年九月十二 日獲委任為執行董事。彼自二零一四年六月起 亦為興業應用材料總經理及主要負責該公司整 體營運及管理。

湯先生於一九八九年七月畢業於上海海運學院,並獲得機械專業學士學位。彼亦於二零零一年十月獲授清華大學工商管理研究生學位並現時攻讀湘潭大學材料科學博士學位。

湯先生自一九八九年七月至一九九一年二月擔任交通部廣州港口機械廠翻譯部助理工程師,自一九九一年三月至二零零二年一月擔任佳能珠海有限公司相機裝配團隊成員及自二零零二年二月至二零零四年十二月擔任珠海經濟特區石頭電子有限公司副總經理。彼自二零零五年一月至二零一零年二月擔任珠海市鳴天數碼科技有限公司總經理及法定代表人,該公司於合營企業業務夥伴自願剝離終止合營企業後提早於二零一二年八月註銷。湯先生自二零一零年三月至二零一四年六月擔任湖南興業太陽能科技有限公司副總經理。

湯先生為中級工程師,於電器設備開發領域擁有約25年經驗及於技術管理方面擁有約14年經驗。彼在新產品及新材料方面領導實施逾30個開發項目,領導研究並取得其名下包括太陽能光伏片在內的十項技術專利,並於二零一三年獲授湘潭市科技成果三等獎。彼亦於二零一五年參與制定廣東省「電致調光玻璃」地區標準。

董事及高級管理層之履歷詳情

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. LEE Kwok Tung Louis (李國棟), aged 50, joined our Company and was appointed as an independent non-executive Director of our Company on 23 June 2017. He is currently also the chairman of the Audit Committee and a member of the Remuneration Committee of our Company.

Mr. Lee has gained over 25 years of experience with unlisted groups, listed groups and professional firms in finance, accounting and auditing since 1993.

Mr. Lee graduated from Macquarie University, Australia with a bachelor's degree in Economics in 1992. Mr. Lee has been a Certified Practicing Accountant of the Certified Practising Accountants Australia since June 1996 and a Certified Public Accountant of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants since October 1999.

Mr. Lee is currently an independent non-executive director of CGN Mining Company Limited (stock code: 01164), Worldgate Global Logistics Limited (stock code: 08292) and Windmill Group Limited (stock code: 08409), all of which are companies listed on the Stock Exchange. Mr. Lee was an independent non-executive director of Winto Group (Holdings) Limited (stock code: 08238) and Zhong Ao Home Group Limited (stock code: 01538), companies listed on the Stock Exchange, for the periods from January 2015 to May 2016 and from November 2015 to July 2017 respectively.

Mr. WEI Junfeng (魏軍鋒), aged 42, joined our Company and was appointed as an independent non-executive Director of our Company on 23 June 2017. He is currently also the chairman of the Remuneration Committee and a member of the Audit Committee and Nomination Committee of our Company.

Mr. Wei graduated from Zhejiang University of Finance and Economics in July 1999 with a bachelor's degree in taxation. He graduated from the Peking University with a master degree in Economics in July 2002. He later worked in various banking and corporate finance companies, and was a director at Ashe Capital Management Ltd from October 2007 to August 2010. From 2010 to date, Mr. Wei has been an executive general manager at Fosun

獨立非執行董事

李國棟先生,50歲,於二零一七年六月 二十三日加入本公司並獲委任為本公司獨立非 執行董事。彼現時為本公司審核委員會主席及 薪酬委員會之成員。

李先生自一九九三年起於非上市集團、上市集 團及專業事務所的財務、會計及審計方面累積 逾25年經驗。

李先生於一九九二年畢業於澳洲 Macquarie University,取得經濟學學士學位。李先生自一九九六年六月起為澳洲會計師公會之註冊會計師,並自一九九九年十月起成為香港會計師公會之執業會計師。

目前,李先生為中廣核礦業有限公司(股份代號:01164)、中奧到家集團有限公司(股份代號:01538)、盛良物流有限公司(股份代號:08292)及海鑫集團有限公司(股份代號:08409)的獨立非執行董事,該等公司均於聯交所上市。李先生於二零一五年一月至二零一六年五月期間曾是聯交所上市公司惠陶集團(控股)有限公司(股份代號:08238)之獨立非執行董事。

魏軍鋒先生,42歲,於二零一七年六月 二十三日加入本公司及獲委任為本公司獨立非 執行董事。彼現時為本公司薪酬委員會主席及 審核委員會及提名委員會成員。

魏先生於一九九九年七月畢業於浙江財經大學,獲稅收學學士學位。彼於二零零二年七月 畢業於北京大學,獲經濟學碩士學位。彼其後 於多間銀行及企業融資公司任職,及自二零零 七年十月至二零一零年八月為上海阿謝投資管 理有限公司之董事。自二零一零年至今,魏先

董事及高級管理層之履歷詳情

Capital Investment & Management Co., Ltd.. Meanwhile, he is a director at Sichuan Zhongguang Lightning Protection Technologies Co., Ltd, company supervisor at Poten Environment Group Co., Ltd and company supervisor at Chengxin Green Integration Co., Ltd.. Mr. Wei possesses 14 years of experience in merger and acquisitions, listing regulations, capital operation and capital management.

Dr. LI Ling (李玲), aged 57, joined our Company and was appointed as an independent non-executive Director of our Company on 23 June 2017. She is currently also a member of the Remuneration Committee, Audit Committee, and Nomination Committee of our Company.

Ms. Li graduated from Qiqihar Institute of Light Industry with a bachelor degree in synthetic fibre in July 1983. She then graduated from Dalian University of Technology with a master degree in engineering in July 1990. She later graduated from South China University of Technology with a doctoral degree in high molecular material in July 1998. From 1983 to 1987, she worked as a technician in a chemical research institute in Jixi City in Heilongjiang. From 1990 to 1992, she worked as a lecturer at Qiqihar Institute of Light Industry. From 1992 to 1995, she worked as an engineer in the Zhongshan branch of China Academy of Science & Technology Development. From 1998 to 2002, she was an associate research fellow in biomedical engineering research institute at Jinan University. From 2002 to date, she has been a professor and researcher in the college of science and engineering at Jinan University. She has 23 years of experience in the field of material research and has obtained six technology patents under her name.

生為上海复星創富投資管理有限公司之執行總經理。同時,彼為四川中光防雷科技股份有限公司之董事、博天環境集團股份有限公司之公司監事及成信綠集成股份有限公司之公司監事。魏先生於併購、上市規則、資本運作及資本管理方面擁有14年經驗。

李玲博士,57歲,於二零一七年六月二十三日加入本公司及獲委任為本公司獨立非執行董事。彼現時為本公司薪酬委員會、審核委員會及提名委員會成員。

李女士於一九八三年七月畢業於齊齊哈爾輕工學院,獲授合成纖維學士學位。彼其後於一九九零年七月畢業於大連理工大學,獲授工程學碩士學位。彼其後於一九九八年七月畢業於華南理工大學,獲授高分子材料博士學位。自一九八三年至一九八七年,彼於黑龍江雞西市一間化學研究所任職技術員。自一九九零年至一九九二年,彼於齊齊哈爾輕工學院任職講師。自一九九二年至一九九五年,彼於中國科學技術發展戰略研究院中山分院任職工程師。自一九九八年至二零零二年,彼為暨南大學生物醫學工程研究所之助理研究員。自二零零二年至今,彼為暨南大學科學及工程學院之教授及研究員。彼於材料研究領域有23年經驗並已取得其名下六項科技專利。

董事及高級管理層之履歷詳情

SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Ms. LIN Jing (林靜), aged 43, has been the deputy executive general manager of Singyes Applicable Materials since March 2010 and is in charge of product quality and human resources management of our Company.

Ms. Lin graduated with a secretarial specialty from the Minjiang Vocational University in July 1995 and later obtained a bachelor's degree in business administration from Shenzhen University in June 2010. She was the secretary to the general manager, material control manager and information centre manager of Asia Simulation Control System Engineering (Zhuhai) Co., Ltd. between July 1995 and April 2001. She was the human resources manager and assistant to deputy manager of operations of AF Technology Limited between 2001 and 2008. Ms. Lin has 20 years of experience in business administration.

Ms. YANG Yang (楊洋), aged 51, is the chief engineer of Singyes Applicable Materials and is in charge of product development, optimization of production flow and setting of technological standards.

She graduated with a bachelor degree in engineering, majoring in materials science and engineering, from Southeast University in July 1989, completed an internal quality auditor examination from Shenzhen Conformity Certification Consult in March 1998, and later obtained a master's degree in engineering, majoring in computer technology, from Beijing Institute of Technology in October 2002. She was an engineer and director of technology at Zhuhai Nanke Jicheng Electronic Limited between February 2001 and August 2010. Ms. Yang has approximately 15 years of experience in technology management and has worked at Singyes Applicable Materials since August 2010 as manager for quality management, manager for technology, deputy chief engineer and assistant engineer.

高級管理人員

林靜女士,43歲,自二零一零年三月起擔任 興業應用材料常務副總經理,負責本公司產品 質量及人力資源管理。

林女士於一九九五年七月畢業於閩江職業大學 文秘專業,其後於二零一零年六月獲得深圳大 學工商管理學士學位。彼自一九九五年七月至 二零零一年四月為亞洲仿真控制系統工程(珠 海)有限公司總經理秘書、材料控制經理及資 訊中心經理。彼自二零零一年至二零零八年為 廣東亞仿科技股份有限公司人力資源經理及 營運副經理助理。林女士於工商管理方面擁有 20年經驗。

楊洋女士,51歲,為興業應用材料首席工程師,負責產品開發、優化生產流程及制定 技術標準。

彼於一九八九年七月畢業於東南大學材料科學與工程專業,獲得工程學士學位,於一九九八年三月完成深圳市康達信認證諮詢中心之內部質量審核員考試,及其後於二零零二年十月獲授予北京理工大學電腦應用專業工程碩士學位。彼自二零零一年二月至二零一零年八月曾擔任珠海南科集成電子有限公司技術部門工程師及董事。楊女士於技術管理方面擁有約15年經驗並自二零一零年八月起於興業應用材料工作,任職質量管理經理、技術經理、副首席工程師及助理工程師。

董事及高級管理層之履歷詳情

Mr. WU Bing (吳冰), aged 34, has been the chief financial officer of our Company since December 2015, and has overall responsibility for the financial management of our Company.

Mr. Wu obtained his bachelor's degree in accounting from Zhengzhou University in July 2005. From July 2005 to March 2007, Mr. Wu served as project assistant and project manager, involved in a number of listed companies' annual audit, asset evaluation and audit of the state-owned economic enterprises and other work in Zhuhai Hua Tian Certified Public Accountants.

In April 2007, Mr. Wu joined Zhuhai Singyes Green Building Technology Co., Ltd., a member of the Remaining Group and has served as assistant manager of the accounting department, responsible for internal oversight and risk control operations. Mr. Wu was qualified as an assistant accountant and has ten years of experience in risk control and financial management.

Save as disclosed in this report, none of our senior management members has (i) any directorship in any listed companies in the latest three years; (ii) any family relationship with the Directors; and (iii) any relationship with the Controlling Shareholders.

COMPANY SECRETARY

Ms. LAU Wai Han (劉慧嫺), aged 30, was appointed as our company secretary of our Company in 23 June 2017 and is responsible for overall company secretarial matters of our Group. She obtained a Bachelor Degree in Business Administration in Accounting and Finance from the University of Hong Kong in December 2009. She has over 6 years of experience in the areas of accounting, finance and auditing, and has been a member of The Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants since March 2013.

吳冰先生,34歲,自二零一五年十二月至今 擔任本公司首席財務官,全面負責公司的財務 管理。

吳先生於二零零五年七月畢業於鄭州大學獲得會計學學士學位。自二零零五年七月至 二零零七年三月,吳先生在珠海華天會計師事務所擔任專案助理、專案經理,參與多家上市公司年度審計、資產評估及國有企業經濟審計等工作。

吳先生於二零零七年四月加入珠海興業綠色建築科技有限公司,擔任其會計核算部副經理職務,負責內部監督及風險控制工作。彼已取得助理會計師資格,並在風險控制和財務管理方面擁有十年經驗。

除本報告披露者外,我們的高級管理層概無(i) 於過去三年於任何上市公司擔任任何董事職 務:(ii)與董事有任何家庭關係:及(iii)與控股 股東有任何關係。

公司秘書

劉慧嫺女士,30歲,於二零一七年六月二十三日獲委任為本公司之公司秘書,負責本集團的整體公司秘書事務。彼於二零零九年十二月獲授香港大學會計及財務工商管理學士學位。彼於會計、財務及審核領域擁有逾6年經驗。彼自二零一三年三月起為香港會計師公會會員。

董事會報告書

The directors (the "Directors") of China Singyes Solar Technologies Holdings Limited (the "Company") have pleasure to present the annual report together with the audited consolidated financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively the "Group") for the year ended 31 December 2017.

中國興業新材料控股有限公司(「本公司」)董事(「董事」)於然提呈本公司及其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)之截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度的年報連同經審核綜合財務報表。

PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS

The Company was incorporated in Bermuda under the Companies Act as an exempted company with limited liability on 14 November 2014. The registered office of the Company is Clarendon House, 2 Church Street, Hamilton HM11, Bermuda. The Company has established a place of business in Hong Kong at Unit 3108, 31/F China Merchants Tower, Shun Tak Centre, 168-200 Connaught Road, Central, Hong Kong. The Company was registered under Part 16 of the Companies Ordinance (Chapter 622 of the Laws of Hong Kong) on 18 April 2016. Each of Mr. Sun Jinli and Ms. Lau Wai Han has been appointed as the authorised representative of the Company for the acceptance of service of process and notices on behalf of our Company in Hong Kong. The address for service of process on the Company in Hong Kong is the same as its principal place of business in Hong Kong set out above.

As the Company is incorporated in Bermuda, it operates subject to the Companies Act and to its constitution, which comprises the Memorandum of Association and the Bye-laws.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The Company acts as an investment holding company. The Group carries out research and development on, and manufactures and sells ITO film, Smart Light-adjusting Film, Smart Light-adjusting Glass and Smart Light-adjusting Projection System. The Group is one of the few integrated manufacturers in the PRC which produces and sells ITO film as well as a range of related downstream products. The Group principally operated in Mainland China.

Details of the principal activities of the principal subsidiaries are set out in note 1 to the financial statements. There were no significant changes in the nature of the Group's principal activities during the year ended 31 December 2017.

主要營業地點

本公司根據公司法於二零一四年十一月十四日 於百慕達註冊成立為獲豁免有限責任公司。本 公司註冊辦事處為Clarendon House, 2 Church Street, Hamilton HM 11, Bermuda。本公司於 香港干諾道中168-200號信德中心招商局大廈 31樓3108室設立香港主要營業地點。本公司 於二零一六年四月十八日根據公司條例(香港 法例第622章)第16部註冊。孫金禮先生及劉 慧嫺女士各自已獲委任為本公司授權代表,代 表本公司在香港接收傳票及通告。本公司於香 港之傳票送達地址與上文載列之香港主要營業 地點相同。

由於本公司在百慕達註冊成立,因此其營運須 受公司法及其組織章程(包括組織章程大綱及 細則)所規限。

主營業務

本公司為一間投資控股公司。本集團從事ITO 導電膜、智能調光膜、智能調光玻璃及智能調 光投影系統的研發、生產及銷售。本集團是中 國為數不多的生產及銷售ITO導電膜以及一系 列相關下游產品的綜合製造商。本集團主要在 中國大陸營運。

主要附屬公司的主要業務詳情載於財務報表附 註1。於截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年 度,本集團的主要業務性質並無重大變動。

董事會報告書

BUSINESS REVIEW

The business review of the company for the year ended 31 December 2017 has been set out in the section headed "Management Discussion and Analysis" of this report. Discussions and information therein forms part of this Report of the Directors.

RESULTS AND APPROPRIATIONS

The Group's result for the year ended 31 December 2017 and its financial position as at that date are set out in the consolidated financial statements on page 86 to 163 of this report. And the financial position of the Company as at 31 December 2017 is set out in note 31 to the consolidated financial statements.

The Directors recommended a final dividend of HK0.8 cents per share for the year ended 31 December 2017 (2016 final dividend: nil).

SHARE CAPITAL

Details of movements in share capital of the Company during the year ended 31 December 2017 are set out in note 22 to the consolidated financial statements.

RESERVES

Details of movements in reserves of the Group and the Company during the year ended 31 December 2017 are set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity on page 87 of this report and in note 23 to the consolidated financial statements, respectively.

DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES

As at 31 December 2017, the Company's reserve available for distribution, calculated in accordance with the provisions of the applicable law of Bermuda, was approximately RMB5,161,000 standing to the debit of the contributed surplus account.

業務回顧

本公司截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度 之業務回顧載列於本報告「管理層討論及分析」 一節。當中之有關討論及資料構成本董事會報 告書之一部分。

業績及分派

本集團截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度 之業績及其於該日之財務狀況載於本報告第 86至163頁之綜合財務報表。本公司於二零 一七年十二月三十一日之財務狀況載列於綜合 財務報表附註31。

董事建議就截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度派付末期股息每股0.8港仙(二零一六年末期股息:無)。

股本

本公司於截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年 度股本變動之詳情載於綜合財務報表附註22。

儲備

本集團及本公司儲備於截至二零一七年三月 三十一日止年度之變動詳情分別載於本報告第 87頁之綜合權益變動表以及綜合財務報表附 註23。

可分派儲備

於二零一七年十二月三十一日,根據百慕達適 用法律條款計算,本公司可供分派儲備為繳入 盈餘賬之扣賬額為數人民幣5,161,000元。

董事會報告書

Final dividend amounting to RMB3,210,000 was declared out of the distributable reserve. A resolution will be proposed in the forthcoming annual general meeting that the amount of RMB10,000,000 standing to the credit of the share premium account be reduced and that the credit arising therefrom be transferred to the contributed surplus account for distribution of final dividends.

末期股息人民幣3,210,000元已從可分派儲備宣派。本公司將於應屆股東週年大會上提呈決議案,以削減股份溢價賬中的進賬額人民幣10,000,000元及由此產生的進賬轉撥至繳入盈餘以供分派未期股息。

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of movements in the Group's property, plant and equipment during the year ended 31 December 2017 are set out in note 12 to the consolidated financial statements.

FINANCIAL SUMMARY

A summary of the results and of the assets and liabilities of the Group for the last 3 financial years is set out on page 164 of this report.

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

The Group's customers consist of domestic touch-screen device manufacturers, construction companies, contractors of developers, and commercial users. For the year ended 31 December 2017, sales to the Group's top five customers and its largest customer accounted for 36.1% and 10.3% of total revenue, respectively.

The Group procures a majority of the raw materials from third party suppliers based in the PRC who are agents of overseas manufacturers, and procure certain raw materials (including ITO target, protective film, PDLC and projectors) from PRC manufacturers. For the year ended 31 December 2017, purchases from the Group's top five suppliers and its largest supplier accounted for 42.5% and 12.3% of total purchases, respectively.

During the year ended 31 December 2017, none of the Directors, their close associates (as defined in the GEM Listing Rules), or any of the shareholders of the Company (which, to the best knowledge of the Directors, own more than 5% of the Company's issued share capital) had any interest in any of the Group's five largest customers or suppliers.

物業、廠房及設備

截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度,本集團廠房及設備之變動詳情載於綜合財務報表附註 12。

財務概要

本集團於過往三個財政年度之業績、資產及負債之概要載於本報告第164頁。

主要客戶及供應商

本集團之客戶包括國內觸屏設備製造商、建築公司、開發商的承包商以及商業用戶。截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度,對本集團五大客戶及其最大客戶之銷售額分別佔總收入約36.1%及10.3%。

本集團自位於中國的第三方供應商(作為海外製造商的代理)採購我們的大部分原材料,同時本集團亦自中國製造商採購若干原材料(包括ITO靶材、保護膜、PDLC及投影儀)。截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度,自本集團之五大供應商及其最大供應商之採購分別佔採購總額之42.5%及12.3%。

於截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度,概無董事、彼等的緊密聯繫人士(定義見 GEM 上市規則)或本公司任何股東(就董事所知擁有本公司已發行股本5%以上)於本集團之五大客戶或供應商中擁有任何權益。

董事會報告書

DIRECTORS

The Directors of the Company during the year ended 31 December 2017 and up to the date of this report were:

Executive Directors

Mr. Sun Jinli

Mr. Zhao Feng Mr. Zhang Chao

Mr. Tang Liwen

Non-executive Director

Mr. Liu Hongwei (Chairman)

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. Lee Kwok Tung Louis

Mr. Wei Junfeng

Dr. Li Ling

In accordance with Bye-law 84(1) of the Company's bye-laws, Mr. Liu Hongwei, Mr. Sun Jinli and Mr. Lee Kwok Tung Louis will retire by rotation at the forthcoming annual general meeting and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-elections.

DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

Each of the executive Directors has entered into a service contract with the Company commencing from 23 June 2017 for a term of three years unless terminated in accordance with the terms therein. Under the terms of the service contract, the service contract may be terminated by not less than one month prior written notice or otherwise served by either party on the other.

Each of the non-executive Directors and independent non-executive Directors has signed a letter of appointment with the Company for a term of three years commencing from 21 July 2017 (the "Listing Date") unless terminated in accordance with the terms therein. Under the terms of the letter of appointment, the appointment may be terminated by not less than two months' prior written notice or otherwise served by either party on the other.

The term of service of a Director is subject to the provisions on retirement by rotation of Directors as set out in the Bye-laws. None of our Directors has entered into a service contract with any member of the Group (excluding contracts expiring or determinable by the employer within one year without payment of compensation (other than statutory compensation)).

董事

截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度及直至 本報告日期本公司的董事如下:

執行董事

孫金禮先生

趙峰先生

張超先生

湯立文先生

非執行董事

劉紅維先生(主席)

獨立非執行董事

李國棟先生

魏軍鋒先生

李玲博士

根據本公司之細則第84(1)條,劉紅維先生、 孫金禮先生及李國棟先生於應屆股東週年大會 上須輪席退任,並符合資格膺選連任。

董事服務合約

各執行董事已與本公司訂立服務合約,自二零一七年六月二十三日起為期三年,除非合約根據其條款被終止。根據服務合約之條款,服務合約可通過任一方向另一方發出不少於一個月之事先書面通知或其他方式予以終止。

各非執行董事及獨立非執行董事已與本公司簽訂委任函,自二零一七年七月二十一日(「上市日期」)起為期三年,除非根據其條款被終止。根據委任函之條款,委任可通過任一方向另一方發出不少於兩個月之事先書面通知或其他方式予以終止。

董事之任期受細則所載有關董事輪值退任之條 文所規限。概無董事與本集團任何成員公司訂 立任何服務合約,惟不包括於一年內屆滿或僱 主可於一年內不支付賠償(法定賠償除外)而 終止之合約。

董事會報告書

Details of the remuneration of the Directors are set out in note 7 to the financial statements. The emoluments paid to senior management (excluding the Directors) during the period from the listing date to 31 December 2017 were within the following bands:

節疇

有關董事薪酬之詳情載於財務報表附註7。截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度,已支付高級管理人員(董事除外)之薪酬介乎以下範疇:

Number of Senior Management 高級管理人員數目

RMB100.001 to RMB1.000.000

Bands

人民幣 100.001 元至人民幣 1.000.000 元

4

SHARE OPTION SCHEME

On 17 October 2017, the Company adopted a share option scheme (the "Share Option Scheme"). Under the Share Option Scheme, the Board may, at its absolute discretion and on such terms as it may think fit, grant Share Options to the any Eligible Person (who is (i)(a) any director or proposed director (whether executive or non-executive, including any independent non-executive director), employee or proposed employee (whether full time or part time) of, or (b) any individual for the time being seconded to work for, any member of the Group or any substantial shareholder or any company controlled by a substantial shareholder (a "Category A Eligible Person"); or (ii) any person or entity that provides research, development or other technological support or any advisory, consultancy, professional or other services to any member of the Group (a "Category B Eligible Person") and, for the purposes of the Share Option Scheme, shall include any company controlled by one or more persons belonging to any of the above classes of participants, collectively the "Eligible Person") to subscribe at a price calculated in accordance with the Share Option Scheme for such number of Shares as it may determine in accordance with the terms of the Share Option Scheme.

Purpose of the Share Option Scheme

The purpose of the Share Option Scheme is to enable the Company to grant Share Options to the selected Eligible Persons as incentives or rewards for their contribution or potential contribution to the growth and development of the Group.

購股權計劃

於二零一七年十月十七日,本公司採納一項購 股權計劃「購股權計劃」。根據購股權計劃, 董事會可全權酌情及按其認為合適之有關條 款,向任何合資格人士(指「A類合資格人士」 即(i)本集團任何成員公司或任何主要股東或 主要股東控制的任何公司的(a)任何董事或擬 任董事(不論為執行董事或非執行董事,包括 任何獨立非執行董事)、僱員或擬任僱員(不 論為全職或兼職),或(b)當時借調為其工作的 任何個人;或(ii)「B類合資格人士」即向本集 團任何成員公司提供研究、開發或其他技術支 持或任何顧問、諮詢、專業或其他服務的任何 人士或實體; 就購股權計劃而言,包括屬於上 述任何一類參與者的一名或多名人士控制的任 何公司,統稱「合資格人士」)授出購股權,以 按購股權計劃所載方法計算之價格認購董事會 根據購股權計劃條款釐定之有關數目的股份。

購股權計劃之目的

購股權計劃之目的為讓本公司向選定的合資格 人士授予購股權,作為彼等對本集團之發展及 增長所作出或將會作出之貢獻之激勵或獎賞。

董事會報告書

Total number of Shares available under the Share Option Scheme

No share option has been granted since the adoption of the Share Option Scheme till 31 December 2017, and there was no share option outstanding as at 31 December 2017. As at the date of this Annual Report, 21,000,000 share options has been granted under the Share Option Scheme to entitle the holders of these share options to subscribe for a total 21,000,000 Shares, representing 4.375% of the issued Shares of the Company.

Maximum entitlement of each Eligible Participant

The maximum number of Shares issued and to be issued upon the exercise of the Share Options granted under the Share Option Scheme and any other share option schemes of the Company to any Eligible Person(s) (including cancelled, exercised and outstanding Share Options), in any 12-month period up to the date of grant shall not exceed 1% of the number of Shares in issue, unless (i) a circular is despatched to the Shareholders; (ii) the Shareholders approve the grant of the Share Options in excess of the 1% limit referred to in this paragraph; and (iii) the relevant Eligible Person and his associates shall abstain from voting. The number and terms (including the exercise price) of Share Options to be granted to such Eligible Person(s) must be fixed before Shareholders' approval.

Time of exercise of option

A Share Option may be exercised in accordance with the terms of the Share Option Scheme at any time during a period commencing on such date on or after the date on which the Share Option is granted as the Board may determine in granting the Share Options and expiring at the close of business on such date as the Board may determine in granting the Share Options but in any event shall not exceed ten (10) years from the date of grant (which is the date of offer of grant if the offer for the grant of the Share Options is accepted).

Acceptance of offers

An offer for the grant of Share Options must be accepted within thirty (30) days inclusive of the day on which such offer was made. The amount payable by the grantee of the Share Options to the Company on acceptance of the offer for the grant of Share Options is HK\$1.00.

購股權計劃項下可發行的股份總數

自購股權計劃採納日期起至二零一七年十二月三十一日概無授出購股權及於二零一七年十二月三十一日並無尚未行使之購股權。於本年報日期,根據購股權計劃已授出21,000,000份購股權可賦予購股權持有人認購總共21,000,000股股份的權利,即佔本公司已發行股份的4.375%。

各合資格參與人可認購的股份數目上限

根據購股權計劃及本公司任何其他購股權計劃 授予任何合資格人士之購股權(包括已註銷、 已行使及尚未行使之購股權)獲行使時已發行 及將予發行之股份總數,於截至授出當日止 任何十二個月期間,不得超過已發行股份數 目之1%,除非(i)一份通函已寄發予股東:(ii) 股東批准授出超過本段所述之1%上限之購股權:及(iii)有關合資格人士及其聯繫人須放棄 投票。將授予合資格人士之購股權之數目及條 款(包括行使價)必須於股東批准前釐定。

購股權的行使時間

購股權可根據購股權計劃之條款,於董事會授 出購股權時決定之日起及於授出購股權之後 起,直至董事會於授出購股權時決定之日及結 束營業止之期間內隨時行使,惟在任何情況下 該期間不得超過授出當日(倘授出購股權之要 約獲接納則為授出要約當日)起計十(10)年。

接納要約

授出購股權之要約必須在提出該等要約當日起 三十(30)日(包括當日)予以接納。購股權承 授人於接納授出購股權之要約時,須支付本公 司之金額為1.00港元。

董事會報告書

Exercise price per Share for the exercise of a Share Option

The exercise price per Share payable on the exercise of a Share Option is to be determined by the Board provided always that it shall be at least the higher of (i) the closing price of the Shares as stated in the daily quotations sheet issued by the Stock Exchange on the date of grant (which is deemed to be the date of Board meeting for approving the grant of Options), which must be a business day; and (ii) the average closing price of the Shares as stated in the daily quotations sheets issued by the Stock Exchange for the five (5) business days immediately preceding the date of offer of grant, provided that the exercise price per Share shall in no event be less than the nominal amount of the Share.

Remaining life of the Share Option Scheme

The Share Option Scheme will remain in force for a period of ten (10) years commencing on 17 October 2017, the date on which the Share Option Scheme is adopted by Shareholders in general meeting, and shall expire at the close of business on the day immediately preceding the tenth anniversary thereof unless terminated earlier by Shareholders in general meeting.

The Company may by resolution in general meeting or the Board may at any time terminate the Share Option Scheme and in such event no further Share Option shall be offered but the provisions of the Share Option Scheme shall remain in force to the extent necessary to give effect to the exercise of any Share Option granted prior to the termination or otherwise as may be required in accordance with the provisions of the Share Option Scheme. Share Options granted prior to such termination at the time of termination shall continue to be valid and exercisable in accordance with the Share Option Scheme.

行使購股權的每股股份行使價

行使購股權時應付之每股股份的行使價由董事會釐定,惟不得低於以下較高價:(i)在授出當日(該日將被視為批准授出購股權之董事會會議日期)(必須為營業日)股份於聯交所發出之日報表上所報收市價:及(ii)緊接授出要約當日前五(5)個營業日股份於聯交所發出之日報表上所報平均收市價,惟在任何情況下每股股份之行使價不得低於股股份之面值。

購股權計劃的餘下年限

購股權計劃自二零一七年十月十七日(即本公司股東在股東大會上採納購股權計劃當日)起十(10)年期間一直有效,並於緊接十週年前一日營業時間結束時屆滿(股東於股東大會上提早終止者除外)。

本公司可經股東大會通過之決議案或董事會隨時終止購股權計劃,而自此之後再無購股權可予授出,惟購股權計劃之條文仍將維持相當程度之效力,足以令在購股權計劃終止前已授出之任何購股權的行使,或根據購股權計劃之條文規定之其他方面仍然有效。該終止於終止前授出之購股權仍可根據購股權計劃生效及行使。

董事會報告書

INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS OF SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES

As at 31 December 2017, so far as the Directors are aware, the following persons have or are deemed or taken to have an interest and/or short position in the Shares or the underlying Shares which would fall to be disclosed under the provisions of Division 2 and 3 of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO") or which were recorded in the register of the Company required to be kept by the Company under Section 336 of the SFO, or who is, directly or indirectly, interested in 5% or more of the nominal value of any class of share capital carrying rights to vote in all circumstances at general meetings of the Company or any other members of the Group:

主要股東於股份及相關股份的權 益及淡倉

於二零一七年十二月三十一日,就董事所知,以下人士於股份或相關股份中擁有或被視作擁有根據證券及期貨條例(「證券及期貨條例」)第XV部第2及第3分部的條文須作出披露的權益及淡倉,或須載入本公司根據證券及期貨條例第336條所存置的本公司登記冊內的權益及淡倉,或直接或間接擁有附帶權利可於任何情況下在本公司或本集團任何其他成員公司之股東大會上投票之任何類別股本面值5%或以上的權益:

Long position in the Shares 於股份的好倉

Name of shareholders 股東名稱	Capacity/ Nature of interests 身份/權益性質	Number of Shares held 所持股份數目	Approximate percentage of shareholding 概約持股百分比 (Note 4) (附註4)
Top Access Management Limited	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	324,324,325	67.6%
China Singyes Solar Technologies Holdings Limited 中國興業太陽能技術控股有限公司	Interest in a controlled corporation (Note 1) 受控法團權益(附註1)	324,324,325	67.6%
Strong Eagle Holdings Limited	Interest in a controlled corporation (Note 2) 受控法團權益(附註2)	324,324,325	67.6%
	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	4,432,735	0.9%
	Sub-total 小計	328,757,060	68.5%
Mr. LIU Hongwei 劉紅維先生	Interest in a controlled corporation (Note 3) 受控法團權益(附註3)	328,757,060	68.5%

董事會報告書

Notes:

- The entire issued share capital of Top Access Management Limited is legally and beneficially owned by China Singyes Solar Technologies Holdings Limited, which is deemed to be interested in the Shares held by Top Access Management Limited under Part XV of the SFO.
- 2. Strong Eagle Holdings Limited is the legal and beneficial owner of 313,176,750 shares of China Singyes Solar Technologies Holdings Ltd., representing approximately 37.5% of the issued share capital in China Singyes Solar Technologies Holdings Ltd. Strong Eagle Holdings Limited is deemed to be interested in the Shares to which China Singyes Solar Technologies Holdings Ltd. is interested in (through its shareholding in Top Access Management Limited) under Part XV of the SFO.
- 3. Strong Eagle Holdings Limited is legally and beneficially owned by Mr. Liu Hongwei (a controlling shareholder, the non-executive Director and Chairman of the Company), Mr. Sun Jinli (an executive Director of the Company), Mr. Xie Wen, Mr. Xiong Shi and Mr. Zhuo Jianming as to 53%, 15%, 13%, 10% and 9% respectively. Mr. LIU Hongwei is deemed to be interested in the Shares to which Strong Eagle Holdings is interested in (through its indirect shareholding in Top Access Management Limited through China Singyes Solar Technologies Holdings Limited) under Part XV of the SFO.
- The percentage is calculated on the basis of 480,000,000 Shares in issue as at 31 December 2017.

附註:

- Top Access Management Limited 的全部已發 行股本由中國興業太陽能技術控股有限公司 合法及實益擁有,根據證券及期貨條例第XV 部,中國興業太陽能技術控股有限公司被視 為於Top Access Management Limited 持有之 股份中擁有權益。
- 2. Strong Eagle Holdings Limited 為於英屬處女群島註冊成立之有限公司並為中國興業太陽能技術控股有限公司之313,176,750股股份之合法及實益擁有人,佔中國興業太陽能技術控股有限公司已發行股本之約37.5%。根據證券及期貨條例第XV部,Strong Eagle Holdings Limited 被視為於中國興業太陽能技術控股有限公司擁有權益(透過其於Top Access Management Limited之股權)之股份中擁有權益。
- 3. Strong Eagle Holdings Limited 由劉紅維先生(本公司主席及非執行董事)、孫金禮先生(本公司執行董事)、謝文先生、熊湜先生及卓建明先生分別擁有53%、15%、13%、10%及9%權益。劉紅維先生為本公司控股股東及主席及非執行董事。根據證券及期貨條例第XV部,彼被視為於Strong Eagle Holdings Limited 擁有權益(透過中國興業太陽能技術控股有限公司於Top Access Management Limited 之間接股權)之股份中擁有權益。
- 4. 該百分比乃根據於二零一七年十二月三十一日已發行480,000,000股股份計算。

董事會報告書

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2017, according to the register of interests required to be kept by the Company under section 336 of the SFO, there was no person or corporation other than the Directors and the Chief Executives whose interests are set out in the section "Directors' and Chief Executives' interests and short positions in Shares, underlying Shares and debenture of the Company and its associated corporations" below, had any interest or short position in the Shares or underlying Shares of the Company that was required to be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 or Part XV of the SFO.

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVES' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURE OF THE COMPANY AND ITS ASSOCIATED CORPORATIONS

As at 31 December 2017, so far as the Directors are aware, the interests and short positions of the Directors and chief executives of the Company in the Shares, underlying Shares or debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) which have been notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests and short positions which they are taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO) or have been entered in the register maintained by the Company pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO or which were required, pursuant to Rules 5.46 to 5.67 of the GEM Listing Rules, have been notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange, are as follows:—

Long positions in the Shares of the Company

除上文所披露者外,於二零一七年十二月三十一日,根據本公司根據證券及期貨條例第336條所存置的權益登記冊,除其權益已載於下文「董事及最高行政人員於本公司及其相聯法團股份、相關股份及債權證的權益及淡倉」一節的董事及最高行政人員外,概無人士於本公司股份或相關股份中擁有須根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第2及第3分部條文須予披露的任何權益或淡倉。

董事及最高行政人員於本公司及 其相聯法團股份、相關股份及債 權證的權益及淡倉

於二零一七年十二月三十一日,就董事所知,董事及本公司最高行政人員於本公司或其相關法團(定義見證券及期貨條例第XV部)的股份、相關股份或債權證中擁有已根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第7及第8分部知會本公司及聯交所的權益及淡倉(包括根據證券及期貨條例有關條文彼等被當作或視為擁有的權益及淡倉),或已載入本公司根據證券及期貨條例第352條所存置的登記冊內的權益及淡倉,或須根據GEM上市規則第5.46至5.67條已知會本公司及聯交所的權益及淡倉如下:

於本公司股份的好倉

Name of Director(s) 董事姓名	Capacity/ Nature of Interests 身份/權益性質	Number of Shares held 所持股份數目	Approximate percentage of shareholding 概約持股百分比 (Note 2) (附註2)
Mr. LIU Hongwei 劉紅維先生	Interest in a controlled corporation (Note 1) 受控法團權益(附註1)	328,757,060	68.5%

董事會報告書

Notes:

- Mr. LIU Hongwei is a controlling shareholder and Chairman and non-executive Director of the Company. He is deemed to be interested in the Shares to which Strong Eagle Holdings is interested in (through its indirect shareholding in Top Access Management Limited through China Singyes Solar Technologies Holdings Limited).
- The percentage is calculated on the basis of 480,000,000 Shares in issue as at 31 December 2017.

Long positions in the shares of China Singyes Solar Technologies Holdings Limited (Note 1)

附註:

- 1. 劉紅維先生為本公司控股股東及主席及非執 行董事。彼被視為於 Strong Eagle Holdings Limited擁有權益(透過中國興業太陽能技術 控股有限公司於 Top Access Management Limited之間接股權)之股份中擁有權益。
- 2. 該百分比乃根據於二零一七年十二月三十一 日已發行 480,000,000 股股份計算。

於中國興業太陽能技術控股有限公司股份的好倉(附註1)

Name of Director(s) 董事姓名	Capacity/ Nature of Interests 身份/權益性質	Number of Shares held 所持股份數目	Approximate percentage of total registered share capital 概約持股百分比 (Note 5) (附註5)
Mr. Liu Hongwei 劉紅維先生	Interest of a controlled corporation 受控法團權益	313,176,750 (Note 2) (附註2)	37.54%
	Beneficial interest 實益權益	1,379,120 (Note 3)(附註3)	0.17%
	Sub-total 小計	314,555,870	37.71%
Mr. Sun Jinli 孫金禮先生	Beneficial interest 實益權益	1,379,120 (Note 4)(附註4)	0.17%

董事會報告書

Notes:

- China Singyes Solar Technologies Holdings Limited ("Singyes Solar") is listed in the Main Board of the Stock Exchange with stock code: 750. Singyes Solar is a holding company of the Company pursuant to the SFO.
- 313,176,750 shares of Singyes Solar are held by Strong Eagle Holdings Ltd., whose share capital is 53% owned by Mr. Liu Hongwei (the non-executive Director and Chairman of the Company). Mr. Liu Hongwei is deemed to be interested in these shares by virtue of the SFO.
- 3. 1,379,120 share options of Singyes Solar are directly beneficially owned by Mr. Liu Hongwei. Among these share options, 455,082 share options' exercise price is HK\$3.56 per share of Singyes Solar with exercise period from 23 January 2010 to 22 July 2019, 462,019 share options' exercise price is HK\$3.56 per share of Singyes Solar with exercise period from 23 July 2010 to 22 July 2019, 462,019 share options' exercise price is HK\$3.56 per share of Singyes Solar with exercise period from 23 July 2011 to 22 July 2019.
- 4. 1,379,120 share options of Singyes Solar are directly beneficially owned by Mr. Sun Jinli (an executive Director of the Company). Among these share options, 455,082 share options' exercise price is HK\$3.56 per share of Singyes Solar with exercise period from 23 January 2010 to 22 July 2019, 462,019 share options' exercise price is HK\$3.56 per share of Singyes Solar with exercise period from 23 July 2010 to 22 July 2019, 462,019 share options' exercise price is HK\$3.56 per share of Singyes Solar with exercise period from 23 July 2011 to 22 July 2019.
- 5. The percentage is calculated on the basis of 834,073,195 shares in issue of Singyes Solar as at 31 December 2017.

附註:

- 中國興業太陽能技術控股有限公司(「興業太陽能」)於聯交所主板上市,股票代號為:750。根據證券及期貨條例,興業太陽能為本公司的控股公司。
- 2. 313,176,750股 興業太陽能股份由Strong Eagle Holdings Ltd.持有,而本公司主席及 非執行董事劉紅維先生持有Strong Eagle Holdings Ltd.股本之53%。根據證券及期貨 條例,劉紅維先生被視於該等股份中持有權 益。
- 3. 1,379,120份興業太陽能購股權由劉紅維先生直接實益擁有。該等購股權中,455,082份購股權的行使價為每股興業太陽能股份3.56港元,行使期自二零一零年一月二十三日至二零一九年七月二十二日,462,019份購股權的行使價為每股興業太陽能股份3.56港元,行使期自二零一零年七月二十三日至二零一九年七月二十二日,462,019份購股權的行使價為每股興業太陽能股份3.56港元,行使期自二零一一年七月二十三日至二零一九年七月二十二日。
- 4. 1,379,120份興業太陽能購股權由本公司執 行董事孫金禮先生直接實益擁有。該等購股 權中・455,082份購股權的行使價為每股興 業太陽能股份3.56港元,行使期自二零一 零年一月二十三日至二零一九年七月二十二 日,462,019份購股權的行使價為每股興業 太陽能股份3.56港元,行使期自二零一零年 七月二十三日至二零一九年七月二十二日, 462,019份購股權的行使價為每股興業太陽 能股份3.56港元,行使期自二零一一年七月 二十三日至二零一九年七月二十二日。
- 5. 該百分比乃根據於二零一七年十二月三十一 日興業太陽能已發行834,073,195股股份計 算。

董事會報告書

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2017, none of the Directors or chief executives of the Company had any interests or short positions in the Shares, underlying Shares or debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) that was required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests and short positions which was taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO), or which was required to be recorded pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO, or as otherwise required pursuant to Rules 5.46 to 5.68 of the GEM Listing Rules to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange.

RIGHTS TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

Save as disclosed under the section "Directors' and Chief Executives' Interests ad Short Positions in Shares, Underlying Shares and Debentures of the Company and its associated corporations" above, at no time since the Listing Date and up to the date of this report, was the Company or any of its subsidiaries, or any of its fellow subsidiaries, a party to any arrangement to enable the Directors or chief executives of the Company or their respective associates (as defined in the GEM Listing Rules) to have any right to subscribe for securities of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) or to acquire benefits by means of acquisitions of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate.

MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

No contract, other than employment contracts, concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the Company's business was entered into or existed during the year ended 31 December 2017.

PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISION

No permitted indemnity provision existed during the year ended 31 December 2017.

除上文所披露者外,於二零一七年十二月三十一日,概無董事或本公司最高行政人員於本公司或其相關法團(定義見證券及期貨條例第XV部)的股份、相關股份或債權證中擁有須根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第7及8部知會本公司及聯交所的任何權益或淡倉(包括根據證券及期貨條例條文被當作或視為擁有的權益及淡倉),或須根據證券及期貨條例第352條記錄的任何權益或淡倉,或須根據GEM上市規則第5.46條至5.68條另行知會本公司及聯交所的任何權益或淡倉。

收購股份或債權證的權利

除上文「董事及最高行政人員於本公司及其相聯法團的股份、相關股份及債權證的權益及淡倉」一節所披露者外,自上市日期後及截至本報告日期止全部時間,本公司或其任何附屬公司概其任何同系附屬公司概無訂立任何安排,以使董事或本公司最高行政人員或彼等各自的聯繫人(定義見GEM上市規則)以使彼等有權認購本公司或其任何相關法團(定義見GEM上市規則第XV部)的證券,或透過認購本公司或任何其他法人團體的股份或債權證而獲益。

管理合約

除僱員聘任合約外,截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度 沒有就本公司的全部或任何重大部分業務的管理及行政訂立或存在任何合约。

獲准許的彌償條文

截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度 不存在獲准許的彌償條文。

董事會報告書

INTEREST IN COMPETING BUSINESSES

China Singyes Solar Technologies Holdings Limited ("Singyes Solar"), one of the controlling shareholders (as defined under GEM Listing Rules) of the Company, has entered into the deed of non-competition dated 23 June 2017 (the "Deed of Non-competition") in favour of the Company, details of which were set out in the Prospectus. Pursuant to the Deed of Non-competition, Singyes Solar has undertaken to our Company (for ourselves and as trustee for each of our subsidiaries) that with effect from the Listing Date, it shall not, and shall procure each of its close associates (other than our Group) shall not, whether on its own account or in conjunction with or on behalf of any person, firm or company and whether directly or indirectly, whether as a shareholder, director, employee, partner, agent or otherwise (other than being a director or shareholder of our Group or members of our Group), carry on or be engaged in, directly or indirectly, a business which is, or be interested or involved or engaged in or acquire or hold any rights or interest or otherwise involved in (in each case whether as a shareholder, partner, agent or otherwise and whether for profit, reward or otherwise) any business which competes or may in any aspect compete directly or indirectly with the business or which is similar to the business currently and may from time to time be engaged by our Group (including but not limited to the production and sale and businesses ancillary to any of the foregoing).

Since the Listing Date and up to the date of this announcement, none of the Directors, the controlling shareholders of the Company or their respective close associates (as defined under the GEM Listing Rules) had any business or interest in a business which competes or may compete with the business of the Group and any other conflicts of interest with the Group.

The controlling shareholders of the Company have confirmed to the Company that from the Listing Date and up to the date of this announcement, Singyes Solar and its respective close associates (as defined under the GEM Listing Rules) have complied with the undertakings contained in the Deed of Noncompetition.

於競爭業務的權益

本公司控股股東(定義見GEM 上市規則)中國 興業太陽能技術控股有限公司(「興業太陽能」) 已以本公司為受益人訂立日期為二零一七年六 月二十三日的不競爭契據(「不競爭契據」), 其詳情載於招股章程。根據不競爭契據,興業 太陽能已向本公司(就我們及我們不時的各間 附屬公司的受託人)承諾自上市日期起,彼等 將不會,並將促使彼等的緊密聯繫人(本集團 除外)不會(不論就其本身或聯同或代表任何 人士、事務所或公司以及不論直接或間接及不 論作為股東、董事、僱員、合夥人、代理人或 其他(本集團或本集團成員公司的董事或股東 除外))直接或間接進行或從事,於任何方面 與本集團業務或與本集團現時及可能不時從事 的業務(包括但不限於生產及銷售及與任何前 述業務配套的業務)類似的業務構成或可能構 成競爭的任何業務或於當中擁有權益或涉及或 從事受限制業務或收購或於當中持有任何權利 或權益或以其他方式牽涉其中(在各情況下不 論作為股東、合夥人、代理人或其他身份及不 論為換取溢利、回報或其他利益)。

自上市日期起及截至本公佈日期止,概無董事、本公司控股股東或彼等各自的緊密聯繫人(定義見GEM上市規則)擁有任何與本集團業務構成或可能構成競爭的業務,或於當中擁有權益,亦概無與本集團擁有任何其他利益衝突。

本公司控股股東已向本公司確認,自上市日期 起及截至本公佈日期止,彼等及彼等各自的緊 密聯繫人(定義見GEM上市規則)已遵守不競 爭契據所載的承諾。

董事會報告書

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS OR CONTRACTS

Save as disclosed in note 28 to the financial statements headed "Related party transactions and balances" of this annual report, no transactions, arrangements and contracts of significance in relation to our Group's business to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries was a party and in which any Director of the Company or his connected entity had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year ended 31 December 2017.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE COMPANY'S LISTED SECURITIES

Neither the Company nor its subsidiaries have purchased, sold or redeemed any listed securities of the Company during the year end 31 December 2017.

RELATIONSHIPS WITH KEY STAKEHOLDERS

Discussions on the Group's relationships with its employees, customers and suppliers is contained in the section headed "Environmental, Social and Governance Report" on page 34 to 51 of this report.

EMPLOYEES AND REMUNERATION POLICIES

As at 31 December 2017, we had a total headcount of 147 full-time employees. The remuneration package of our employees includes a basic salary, allowances and bonuses. The various allowances cover holidays, social security and housing contributions. We make contributions to all mandatory social security and housing provident funds for our employees.

TAX RELIEF AND EXEMPTION

The Company is not aware of any relief from taxation available to shareholders by reason of their holding of the Company's listed securities.

董事於交易、安排或合約的權益

除本年報財務報表附註28「關連方交易及結餘」所披露,本公司任何董事或其他關連實體 概無本公司或其任何附屬公司所訂立於年結日 或截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度任何 時間仍然有效且對本集團業務屬重大的交易、 安排及合約中直接或間接擁有重大權益。

購買、出售或贖回本公司之上市 證券

截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度,本公司或其任何附屬公司並無購買、出售或贖回本公司任何上市證券。

與主要利益相關者的關係

本集團與其僱員、客戶及供應商之關係之討論 載於本報告第34至51頁之「環境、社會及管 治報告」。

僱員及薪酬政策

於二零一七年十二月三十一日,我們合共有 147名全職僱員。僱員薪酬組合包括基本薪 金、津貼及花紅。各種津貼包括假期、社會保 險及住房供款。我們為僱員向所有法定社會保 險及住房公積金供款。

税務寬減及豁免

本公司概不知悉任何因股東持有本公司上市證券而向彼等提供之稅務寬減。

董事會報告書

COMPLIANCE WITH LAWS AND REGULATIONS

The Directors believe that the Group has implemented sufficiently robust internal control policies and procedures to ensure the on-going compliance with applicable laws and regulations by the Group, the Directors and the senior management. During the year ended 31 December 2017 and up to date of this report, as far as the Company is aware, the Group has complied in material aspects with applicable laws and regulations.

ENVIRONMENTAL POLICIES AND PERFORMANCE

The Group is committed to supporting the environmental sustainability. The Group's environmental policies and performance has been set out in the section of "Environmental, Social and Governance Report" of this report, which forms parts of this Report of the Directors.

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Company's byelaws, or the law of Bermuda, being the jurisdiction in which the Company is incorporated.

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors, the Company has maintained the prescribed public float of at least 25% of the Company's total issued share capital pursuant to the GEM Listing Rules as at the date of this report.

CONTINUING CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

No transactions as set out in the "Related party transactions and balances" in note 28 to the consolidated financial statements are subject to the reporting, annual review, announcement and/or independent shareholders' approval requirements under Chapter 20 of the GEM Listing Rules.

遵守法律及法規

董事認為,本集團已實施充分穩健的內部控制 政策及程序,以確保本集團、董事及高級管理 層持續遵守適用法律及法規。於截至二零一七 年十二月三十一日止年度及截至本報告日期, 據本公司所知,本集團已在重大方面遵守適用 法律及法規。

環境政策及表現

本集團致力支持環境可持續性。本集團之環境 政策及表現載列於本報告「環境、社會及管治 報告」一節,其構成本董事會報告書之一部分。

優先購買權

本公司細則或百慕達(即本公司註冊成立的司 法權區)法例均無有關優先購買權的條文。

足夠公眾持股量

根據本公司可公開獲得的資料及就董事所悉, 於本報告日期,根據GEM上市規則本公司已 維持本公司已發行股本總額至少25%的規定 的公眾持股量。

持續關連交易

綜合財務報表附註28「關連方交易及結餘」所載之交易毋須按照 GEM 上市規則第20章受報告、年度審閱、公告及/或獨立股東批准之限制。

董事會報告書

INTERESTS OF THE COMPLIANCE ADVISER

In accordance with Rule 6A.19 of the GEM Listing Rules, the Company has appointed Octal Capital Limited ("Octal Capital") to be the compliance adviser. As informed by Octal Capital, neither Octal Capital nor any of its directors or employees or associates, has or may have, any interest in the share capital of the Company or any member of the Group (including options or rights to subscribe for such securities), which is required to be notified to the Company pursuant to Rule 6A.32 of the GEM Listing Rules, except for the compliance adviser agreement and the supplemental compliance adviser entered into between the Company and Octal Capital dated 30 August 2016 and 28 June 2017 respectively.

CLOSURE OF REGISTER OF MEMBERS

The register of members of the Company will be closed from Friday, 4 May 2018 to Wednesday, 9 May 2018 (both days inclusive), during which period no transfer of shares of the Company with be effected. In order to entitle to the attendance of the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company, all share transfers documents accompanied by the relevant share certificates must be lodged with the Company's branch share registrar and transfer office in Hong Kong, namely Tricor Investor Services Limited at Level 22, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Hong Kong not later than 4:30 p.m. on Thursday, 3 May 2018.

The register of members of the Company will be closed from Tuesday, 15 May 2018 to Friday, 18 May 2018, both days inclusive, during which period no transfer of shares of the Company will be effected. In order to qualify for the proposed final dividend, all duly completed transfer forms accompanied by the relevant share certificates must be lodged with the Company's share registrars and transfer office in Hong Kong, Tricor Investor Services Limited, at Level 22 Hopewell Centre 183 Queen's Road East, Hong Kong for registration no later than 4:30 p.m. on Monday, 14 May 2018.

Cheques for the final dividend (subject to approval at the annual general meeting mentioned above) will be dispatched to the shareholders of the Company on or before Friday, 22 June 2018.

合規顧問權益

根據GEM上市規則第6A.19條,本公司已委任八方金融有限公司(「八方金融」)為合規顧問。據八方金融表示,除本公司與八方金融訂立的日期分別為二零一六年八月三十日訂立的合規顧問協議及二零一七年六月二十八日的補充合規顧問協議外,八方金融及其任何董事或僱員或聯繫人概無於本公司或本集團任何成員公司的股本中擁有或可能擁有根據GEM上市規則第6A.32條須知會本公司的任何權益(包括購股權或可認購有關證券的權利)。

暫停辦理股份過戶登記

本公司將自二零一八年五月四日(星期五)至二零一八年五月九日(星期三)(首尾兩日包括在內)暫停辦理股份過戶登記,在此期間,本公司概不受理股份過戶登記。為確定股東出席本公司應屆股東週年大會的資格,所有股份過戶文件連同有關股票須於不遲於二零一八年五月三日(星期四)下午四時三十分前送交本公司的股份過戶登記處香港分處卓佳證券登記有限公司,地址為香港皇后大道東183號合和中心22樓。

本公司將自二零一八年五月十五日(星期二)至二零一八年五月十八日(星期五)(首尾兩日包括在內)暫停辦理股份過戶登記。為符合資格收取建議末期股息,所有經正式填妥之股份過戶文件連同有關股票須於不遲於二零一八年五月十四日(星期一)下午四時三十分前送交本公司的股份過戶登記處香港分處卓佳證券登記有限公司,地址為香港皇后大道東183號合和中心22樓。

末期股息(須於上述股東週年大會獲批准)之 支票將於二零一八年六月二十二日(星期五) 或之前派送至股東。

董事會報告書

AUDITOR

The financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2017 were audited by Ernst & Young which will retire at the forthcoming annual general meeting. A resolution for the re-appointment of Ernst & Young as auditor of the Company will be proposed at the forthcoming annual general meeting. The Company have not changed in its external auditor in any of the preceding three years.

EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

There were no significant events of the Group after the year ended 31 December 2017 up to the date of this Annual Report.

By order of the Board

Liu Hongwei

Chairman

Hong Kong, 20 March 2018

核數師

本公司截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度 之財務報表已經安永會計師事務所審核,安永 會計師事務所將於應屆股東週年大會上退任。 本公司於應屆股東週年大會上將提呈一項決議 案續聘安永會計師事務所為本公司核數師。本 公司於前三年概無變更其外部核數師。

報告期後事項

本集團於截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年 度直至本年報日期並無發生重大事項。

承董事會命

主席

劉紅維先生

香港,二零一八年三月二十日

獨立核數師報告

To the shareholders of China Singyes New Materials Holdings Limited

(Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability)

OPINION

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of China Singyes New Materials Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (the "Group") set out on pages 85 to 163, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2017, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2017 and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs") issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

BASIS FOR OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA"). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* (the "Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

致中國興業新材料控股有限公司全體股東

(於百慕達註冊成立的有限公司)

意見

我們已審核中國興業新材料控股有限公司(「貴公司」)及其附屬公司(統稱「貴集團」)載於85至163頁的財務報表,當中包括二零一七年十二月三十一日的綜合財務狀況表,及截至該日止年度的綜合損益及其他全面收益表、綜合權益變動表及綜合現金流量表以及包括主要會計政策概要的綜合財務報表附註。

我們認為, 貴集團綜合財務報表已按照由國際會計準則理事會(「國際會計準則理事會」) 頒佈的國際財務報告準則(「國際財務報告準則」) 以及香港《公司條例》的披露規定真實及公平地反映於二零一七年十二月三十一日 貴集團的財務狀況,及截至該日止年度的 貴集團綜合財務表現及綜合現金流量狀況。

意見基礎

我們已根據香港會計師公會(「香港會計師公會」)所頒佈的香港核數準則(「香港核數準則」)的規定執行審核。我們在該等標準下的責任已詳述於報告中「核數師就審核綜合財務報表承擔的責任」部分。依據香港會計師公會「會計師專業操守」(「會計師專業操守」),我們是獨立於 貴集團的。我們已遵循該等規範及會計師專業操守準則履行職業道德責任。我們相信,我們所獲得的審核證據充足且適當地為我們的意見提供基礎。

獨立核數師報告

KEY AUDIT MATTERS

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. For each matter below, our description of how our audit addressed the matter is provided in that context.

We have fulfilled the responsibilities described in the *Auditor's responsibilities* for the audit of the consolidated financial statements section of our report, including in relation to these matters. Accordingly, our audit included the performance of procedures designed to respond to our assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements. The results of our audit procedures, including the procedures performed to address the matters below, provide the basis for our audit opinion on the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

關鍵審核事項

關鍵審核事項是我們根據專業判斷所決定,在當前時期綜合財務報表審核中最重要的事宜。我們在綜合財務報表審核過程中將該等事宜作為一個整體來對待,並由此形成我們的意見。我們並不對該等事宜各自作出意見。以下我們將分別闡述我們是如何對下述各項事宜進行審核。

我們已履行本報告「核數師就審核綜合財務報表承擔的責任」一節所述的責任,包括有關該等事項的責任。因此,我們的審核包括執行為應對綜合財務報表重大錯誤陳述風險的評估而設的程序。我們審核程序的結果包括處理以下事項的程序,為我們就隨附的綜合財務報表的審核意見提供基礎。

獨立核數師報告

Key audit matter 關鍵審核事項

Impairment assessment of trade receivables 貿易應收款項減值評估

As at 31 December 2017, trade receivables amounted to RMB91,819,000 were material to the Group's consolidated financial statements. The assessment of impairment provision for trade receivables involved significant management's judgement including their assessment of customers' financial positions and expected future cash flows from customers.

於二零一七年十二月三十一日,對 貴集團綜合財務報表而言,貿易應收款項達至人民幣91,819,000元屬重大事項。貿易應收款項減值撥備的評估涉及重大管理層的判斷,包括評估客戶的財務狀況及預期來自客戶的未來現金流量。

The disclosures about the impairment assessment of trade receivables are included in notes 3 and 14 to the consolidated financial statements.

有關貿易應收款項減值評估的披露資料載於綜合財務報表附 註3及14。 How our audit addressed the key audit matter 我們之審計如何處理關鍵審計事項

Our audit procedures included: 我們的審核程序包括:

- evaluated and tested the design and operating effectiveness of the controls over the accounting process of allowance for doubtful accounts and evaluated management's assumption and judgment by comparing to the historical collection trends;
 - 通過與歷史收集趨勢相比較,評估和檢驗控制措施在設 定及操作上的有效性,並評估管理層的假設及判斷:
- checked the accuracy of preparation of the ageing analysis of trade receivables by customer by tracing the data back to the source document;
 - 通過將數據追溯至源文件,檢查客戶應收款項賬齡分析 的準確性:
- checked on a sampling basis, the debtors' historical payment patterns and the bank receipts for the payment received subsequent to year end;
 - 抽樣檢查債務人的歷史支付模式以及年末以後收到的付款的銀行收據;
- checked on a sampling basis, the evidence including correspondence with the debtors for the latest progress of the outstanding amounts and credit status of these debtors by performing company search; and 以取樣本為基礎進行檢查,證據包括通過進行公司調查 與債務人就這些債務人的未償金額和信用狀況的最新進
- assessed the disclosures about the Group's exposure to credit risk in the consolidated financial statements.
 在評估綜合財務報表中 貴集團面臨信貸風險的披露。

展:以及

獨立核數師報告

OTHER INFORMATION INCLUDED IN THE ANNUAL REPORT

The directors of the Company are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report, other than the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE DIRECTORS FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with IFRSs issued by the IASB and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors of the Company are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors of the Company either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

年報所載的其他資料

貴公司董事須對其他資料負責。其他資料包括 年報所載資料(綜合財務報表及我們就此發出 的核數師報告除外)。

我們對綜合財務報表的意見並不涵蓋其他資料,我們亦不會就其發表任何形式的鑒證結 論。

就審核綜合財務報表而言,我們的責任是閱讀 其他資料,及在此過程中,考慮其他資料是否 與綜合財務報表或吾在審核過程中所瞭解的情 況有重大不符,或者似乎有重大錯誤陳述。基 於我們已執行的工作,如果我們認為其他資料 有重大錯誤陳述,我們需要報告有關事實。就 此而言,我們無需報告任何事項。

董事就綜合財務報表須承擔的責 任

貴公司董事須負責根據國際會計準則理事會頒佈的國際財務報告準則和香港公司條例的披露規定,編製及真實公平呈列綜合財務報表,及落實其認為編製綜合財務報表所必要的內部控制,以使綜合財務報表不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述。

在編製綜合財務報表時, 貴公司董事負責評估 貴集團持續經營的能力,並在適用情況下披露與持續經營有關的事項,以及使用持續經營為會計基礎,除非 貴公司董事有意將 貴集團清盤或停止經營,或別無其他實際的替代方案。

獨立核數師報告

The directors of the Company are assisted by the Audit Committee in discharging their responsibilities for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

審核委員會協助 貴公司董事履行監督 貴集 團財務報告過程的責任。

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Our report is made solely to you, as a body, in accordance with section 90 of the Bermuda of Companies Act 1981, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.

核數師就審核綜合財務報表承擔 的責任

我們的目標,是對綜合財務報表整體是否不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的任何重大錯誤陳述取得合理保證,並出具包括我們意見的核數師報告。根據百慕達一九八一年公司法第90節,我們的報告僅為全體股東編製,而並不可作其他目的。我們概不就本報告的內容對其他任何人士負責或承擔責任。

合理保證是高水平的保證,但不能保證按香港 審計準則進行的審核於重大錯誤陳述出現時總 能發現。錯誤陳述可以由欺詐或錯誤引起,如 果按合理預期該等錯誤陳述個別或匯總起來可 能影響該等綜合財務報表使用者所作出的經濟 決定,則有關的錯誤陳述可被視作重大。

我們根據香港審計準則進行審計的工作之一, 是運用專業判斷,在整個審計過程中保持職業 懷疑態度。我們亦:

- 識別和評估由於欺詐或錯誤而導致綜合 財務報表存在重大錯誤陳述的風險,設 計及執行審計程序以應對該等風險,以 及取得充足和適當的審計憑證,作為我 們意見的基礎。由於欺詐可能涉及串 謀、偽造、蓄意遺漏、虛假陳述,或凌 駕於內部控制之上,因此未能發現因欺 詐而導致的重大錯誤陳述的風險高於因 錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述的風險。
- 了解與審計相關的內部控制,以設計適當的審計程序,但目的並非對 貴集團內部控制的有效性發表意見。

獨立核數師報告

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the Audit Committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

- 評價董事所採用會計政策的恰當性及所 作出會計估計和相關披露的合理性。
- 對董事採用持續經營會計基礎的恰當性 及根據所得的審核憑證,可能對 貴集 團持續經營的能力構成重大疑慮的相關 事件或情況是否存在重大不確定性作出 結論。倘我們認為存在重大不確定性, 則我們須在核數師報告中提請使用者對 綜合財務報表中的相關披露資料的關 注,倘有關披露資料不足,則修訂我們 的意見。我們的結論乃基於截至核數師 報告日期止所取得的審計憑證。然而, 未來事件或情況可能導致 貴集團不能 繼續持續經營。
- 評價綜合財務報表(包括披露資料)的整體列報方式、結構及內容,以及綜合財務報表是否公允反映有關交易和事項。
- 就 貴集團中實體或業務活動的財務資料獲取充分及適當的審核憑證,以對綜合財務報表發表意見。我們負責指導、監督及執行集團審核。我們僅對我們之審核意見承擔責任。

我們與審核委員會溝通了計劃的審核範圍、時間安排、重大審核發現等事項,包括我們在審 核中識別出內部控制的任何重大缺陷。

獨立核數師報告

We also provide the Audit Committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the Audit Committee, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Siu Fung Terence Ho.

我們亦向審核委員會提交聲明,説明我們已符合有關獨立性的相關職業道德要求,並與彼等溝通所有可能合理地被認為會影響我們獨立性的關係及其他事項,以及相關防範措施(倘適用)。

從與審核委員會溝通的事項中,我們決定哪些事項對本期間綜合財務報表的審計最為重要, 因而構成關鍵審計事項。我們會在核數師報告 中描述這些事項,惟法律法規不允許對某件事 項作出公開披露,或在極端罕見的情況下,若 有合理預期在我們的報告中溝通某事項而造成 的負面後果將會超過其產生的公眾利益,我們 將不會在此等情況下在報告中溝通該事項。

出具本獨立核數師報告的審計項目合夥人是何 兆烽。

Certified Public Accountants
Hong Kong

20 March 2018

執業會計師 香港

二零一八年三月二十日

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

綜合損益及其他全面收益表

Year ended 31 December 2017 截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度

		Notes 附註	2017 二零一七年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2016 二零一六年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
REVENUE	收入	4	115,823	90,887
Cost of sales	銷售成本		(70,646)	(56,084)
Gross profit	毛利		45,177	34,803
Other income and gains	其他收入及收益	5	3,596	1,065
Selling and distribution expenses	銷售及分銷開支		(9,618)	(8,107)
Administrative expenses	行政開支		(19,885)	(17,932)
Other expenses	其他開支		(1,551)	(1,000)
PROFIT BEFORE TAX	除税前溢利	6	17,719	8,829
Income tax expense	所得税開支	9	(3,693)	(2,448)
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR	年度溢利		14,026	6,381
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME:	其他全面收益:			
Other comprehensive loss not to be	於後續年度將不會			
reclassified to profit or loss in	重新分類至損益之			
subsequent years:	其他全面收益:			
Exchange differences on translation of	換算財務報表的			
financial statements	匯兑差額		(2,323)	(134)
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	本年度全面收益總額			
FOR THE YEAR			11,703	6,247
Profit attributable to:	以下人士應佔溢利:			
Owners of the Company	本公司擁有人		14,026	6,381
Total comprehensive income attributable to:	以下人士應佔全面收益總額:			
Owners of the Company	本公司擁有人		11,703	6,247
EARNINGS PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO ORDINARY EQUITY HOLDERS OF	本公司普通股權益持有人 應佔每股盈利:			
THE COMPANY Basic and diluted	基本及攤薄	11		

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

綜合財務狀況表

31 December 2017 二零一七年十二月三十一日

		Notes 附註	2017 二零一七年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2016 二零一六年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
NON-CURRENT ASSETS	非流動資產			
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	12	39,504	39,889
Payments in advance	預付款	10	-	16
Deferred tax assets	遞延税項資產	19	877	646
Total non-current assets	非流動資產總額		40,381	40,551
CURRENT ASSETS	流動資產			
Inventories	存貨	13	13,112	11,896
Trade and bills receivables	應收貿易款項及應收票據	14	91,819	60,073
Prepayments, deposits and other receivables	預付款、按金及其他應收款項	15	7,119	6,421
Pledged bank balances	已抵押銀行結餘	16	1,954	20
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	16	85,538	7,523
Total current assets	流動資產總額		199,542	85,933
CURRENT LIABILITIES	流動負債			
Trade and bills payables	貿易應付款項及應付票據	17	25,431	23,104
Other payables and accruals	其他應付款項及應計費用	18	24,556	21,948
Tax payable	應付税項	10	2,640	1,801
Provision	撥備	20	1,312	1,192
Total current liabilities	流動負債總額		53,939	48,045
NET CURRENT ASSETS	流動資產淨值		145,603	37,888
TOTAL ASSETS LESS	總資產減流動負債			
CURRENT LIABILITIES			185,984	78,439
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES	非流動負債			
Deferred income	遞延收入	21	721	812
Net assets	淨資產		185,263	77,627
EQUITY	權益			
Equity attributable to owners of the Company	本公司擁有人應佔權益			
Issued capital	已發行股本	22	32,655	1
Reserves	储備	23	152,608	77,626
Total equity	總權益		185,263	77,627

Sun Jinli	Tang Liwen
孩金禮	湯立文先生
Director	Director
<i>董事</i>	<i>董事</i>

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

綜合權益變動表

Year ended 31 December 2017 截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度

Attributable to owners of the Company

		本公司擁有人應佔							
		Issued capital 已發行股本 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (note 22) (附註22)	Share premium account 股份溢價賬 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (note 23(a)) (附註23(a))	Contributed surplus 繳入盈餘 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (note 23(b)) (附註23(b))	Statutory reserve fund 法定儲備金 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (note 23(c)) (附註23(c))	Capital reserves 資本儲備 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (note 23(d)) (附註23(d))	Exchange fluctuation reserve 匯兑波動儲備 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Retained Profits 保留盈利 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total equity 權益總額 RMB'000 人民幣千元
At 1 January 2016	於二零一六年								
, ,	一月一日	1	_	(5,161)	1,318	55,567	9	6,750	58,484
Profit for the year	年度溢利	_	_	_	_	_	_	6,381	6,381
Other comprehensive loss for the year: Exchange differences	年內其他全面 虧損: 換算財務報表的							,	,
on translation of	探昇別份報表的 匯兑差額								
financial statements	些 元左帜	-	-	-	-	-	(134)	-	(134
Total comprehensive	年內全面收益總額								
income for the year	I LITM VIII WIR	_	_	_	_	_	(134)	6.381	6,247
Transfer from retained profits	轉撥自保留溢利				1,850		(104)	(1,850)	0,247
Issue of shares	發行股份	_	12.896		1,000	_	_	(1,000)	12,896
issue of strates	מוצוונואנ		12,030						12,030
At 31 December 2016	於二零一六年								
	十二月三十一日	1	12,896*	(5,161)*	3,168*	55,567*	(125)*	11,281*	77,627
At 1 January 2017	於二零一七年								
	一月一日	1	12,896	(5,161)	3,168	55,567	(125)	11,281	77,627
Profit for the year	年度溢利	-	-	-	-	-	-	14,026	14,026
Other comprehensive loss	年內其他全面								
for the year:	虧損:								
Exchange differences on	換算財務報表的								
translation of financial	匯兑差額								
statements			_	_	_	_	(2,323)	_	(2,323
Total comprehensive income	年內全面收益總額								
for the year		_	_	_	_	-	(2,323)	14,026	11,703
Capitalisation issue of shares	資本化發行股份	24,565	(24,565)	_	_	_	-	-1	_
Issue of shares	發行股份	8,089	95,491	_	_	_	_	_	103,580
Share issue expenses	股份發行開支	_	(7,647)					_	(7,647
Transfer from retained profits	轉撥自保留溢利		771-		3,023	-		(3,023)	-
At 31 December 2017	於二零一七年								
	十二月三十一日	32,655	76,175*	(5,161)*	6,191*	55,567*	(2,448)*	22,284*	185,263

^{*} These reserve accounts comprise the consolidated reserves in the consolidated statement of financial position.

該等儲備賬目包含綜合財務狀況表內之綜合 儲備。

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

綜合現金流量表

Year ended 31 December 2017 截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度

		Notes 附註	2017 二零一七年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2016 二零一六年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	經營活動所得現金流量			
Profit before tax	除税前溢利		17,719	8,829
Adjustments for:	調整如下:		17,713	0,023
Depreciation	折舊	12	5,571	5,058
Impairment loss on trade receivables	貿易應收款項減值虧損	14	1,513	924
Unrealised foreign exchange	未變現匯兑		_,0_0	32.
losses/(gains), net	虧損/(收益),淨額		(64)	98
Loss of disposal of property,	出售物業、廠房及設備			
plant and equipment	之虧損	6	86	47
Bank interest income	銀行利息收入	5	(85)	(17)
Deferred income released to profit or loss	撥至損益的遞延收益	5	(91)	(76)
			24,649	14,863
Increase in inventories	存貨增加		(1,216)	(3,264)
Increase in trade and bills receivables	貿易應收款項及應收票據增	9九0	(33,259)	(36,080)
Increase in prepayments,	預付款項、按金及其他應收		(,,	(,,
deposits and other receivables	款項增加		(3,269)	(3,606)
Increase in trade payables	貿易應付款項增加		2,327	8,612
Increase in other payables and accruals	其他應付款項及應計費用增	9九0	2,862	8,331
Increase in provision for product	產品質保撥備增加淨額		,	,
warranties, net			120	428
Increase in amounts due to related parties	應付關連方款項增加		526	_
Cash used in operations	經營所用現金		(7,260)	(10,716)
Income tax paid	已付所得税		(3,085)	(2,034)
Net cash flows used in operating activities	經營活動所用現金流量淨額	Į	(10,345)	(12,750)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

綜合現金流量表

Year ended 31 December 2017 截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度

			2017	2016
			二零一七年	二零一六年
		Note	RMB'000	RMB'000
		附註	人民幣千元 ————————————————————————————————————	人民幣千元
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING	投資活動所得現金流量			
ACTIVITIES				
Purchases of items of property,	購買物業、廠房及設備項目			
plant and equipment			(4,891)	(3,181)
Decrease in amounts due from related parties	應收關連方款項減少		(2,478)	_
Placement of pledged deposits	存放已抵押存款		(1,934)	_
Proceeds from disposal of items of property,	出售物業、廠房及設備項目			
plant and equipment	之所得款項		_	970
Receipt of government grants related to assets	收取資產相關之政府補助		_	888
Interest received	已收利息		85	17
Net cash flows used in investing activities	投資活動所用現金流量淨額		(9,218)	(1,306)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	融資活動所得現金流量			
Proceeds from issue of shares	發行股份之所得款項		103,580	12,896
Share issue expenses	股份發行開支		(2,598)	_
Increase/(decrease) in amounts due	應付關連方款項			
to related parties	增加/(減少)		(1,081)	1,651
Net cash flows from financing activities	融資活動所得現金流量		99,901	14,547
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND	現金及現金等價物増加淨額			
CASH EQUIVALENTS	20 m 24 20 m 13 15 152 m 10 m		80,338	491
Cash and cash equivalents	年初現金及現金等價物		22,222	
at beginning of year	1 1/4 /0 1/4 // // // // // // // // // // // // /		7,523	7,166
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes, net	外匯匯率變動影響,淨額		(2,323)	(134)
	6-1-10 A 17 10 A 66 (Feb.	100		
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR	年末現金及現金等價物		85,538	7,523
ANALYSIS OF BALANCES OF CASH	現金及現金等價物結餘分析			
AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	- An Transfer of the Inchain the All IV			
Cash and bank balances	現金及銀行結餘	16	85,538	7,523

財務報表附註

31 December 2017 二零一七年十二月三十一日

1. CORPORATE AND GROUP INFORMATION

China Singyes New Materials Holdings Limited (the "Company") is a limited liability company incorporated in Bermuda. The registered office of the Company is located at Clarendon House, 2 Church Street, Hamilton HM 11, Bermuda. The principal place of business of the Company is located at Unit 3108, 31st Floor, China Merchants Tower, Shun Tak Center, 168-200 Connaught Road Central, Hong Kong.

The Company is an investment holding company. During the year, the Company's subsidiaries were involved in the sale and installation of Indium Tin Oxide ("ITO") film, and the research and development, production, sale and installation of Smart Light-adjusting Film, Smart Light-adjusting Glass and Smart Light-adjusting Projection System in the mainland of the People's Republic of China (the "PRC").

In the opinion of the directors of the Company (the "Directors"), the parent company, the intermediate holding company and the ultimate holding company of the Company are Top Access Management Limited ("Top Access"), China Singyes Solar Technologies Holdings Limited ("Singyes Solar") and Strong Eagle Holdings Limited ("Strong Eagle"), respectively. Both Top Access and Strong Eagle were incorporated in the British Virgin Islands. Singyes Solar was incorporated in Bermuda. The shares of Singyes Solar are listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange").

The shares of the Company were listed on GEM on 21 July 2017 (the "Listing").

1. 公司及集團資料

中國興業新材料控股有限公司(「本公司」)為於百慕達註冊成立的有限公司。本公司的註冊辦事處地址為 Clarendon House, 2 Church Street, Hamilton HM 11, Bermuda。本公司主要營業地點位於香港干諾道中 168-200號信德中心招商局大廈31樓3108室。

本公司為一間投資控股公司。年內,本公司之附屬公司於中華人民共和國(「中國」)大陸從事銦錫氧化物(「ITO」) 導電膜的銷售及安裝,以及智能調光膜、智能調光玻璃及智能調光投影系統的研發、生產、銷售及安裝。

本公司董事(「董事」)認為,本公司的母公司、中間控股公司及最終控股公司分別為Top Access Management Limited (「Top Access」)、中國興業太陽能技術控股有限公司(「興業太陽能」)及Strong Eagle Holdings Limited (「Strong Eagle」)。Top Access 及Strong Eagle 於英屬處女群島註冊成立。興業太陽能於百慕達註冊成立。興業太陽能股份於香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)主板上市。

本公司股份於二零一七年七月二十一日 於GEM上市(「上市」)。

財務報表附註

31 December 2017 二零一七年十二月三十一日

1. CORPORATE AND GROUP INFORMATION (Continued)

1. 公司及集團資料(續)

Information about subsidiaries

有關附屬公司之資料

Particulars of the Company's subsidiaries are as follows:

本公司附屬公司之詳情如下:

Name	Place and date of incorporation/ registration and place of operations 註冊成立/ 登記地點及日期	Nominal value of issued ordinary/ registered share capital 已發行普通/註冊	Perce of e attrib to the C Direct 本公i 權益i	Principal activities	
名稱	及營業地點	股本面值	直接	間接	主要業務
Singyes New Materials (H.K.) Company Limited ("New Materials (H.K.)")	Hong Kong 28 November 2014	USD1	100	-	Investment holding
香港興業新材料有限公司 (「香港興業」)	香港 二零一四年 十一月二十八日	1美元			投資控股
Zhuhai Singyes New Materials Company Limited (a) ("Zhuhai New Materials")	PRC/ Mainland China 31 March 2010	RMB62,500,000	-	100	Research, manufacture and sale of photovoltaic products
珠海興業新材料 科技有限公司(a) (「珠海新材料」)	中國/ 中國大陸 二零一零年 三月三十一日	人民幣62,500,000元			研究、製造及 銷售光伏產品
Yan'an Singyes New Materials Company Limited (b) ("Yan'an New Materials")	PRC/ Mainland China 1 December 2017	RMB20,000,000	-	75	Research, manufacture and sale of new materials
延安興業新材料 科技有限公司(b) (「延安新材料」)	中國/ 中國大陸 二零一七年 十二月一日	人民幣20,000,000元			研究、製造及 銷售新材料

- (a) Zhuhai New Materials (formerly known as Zhuhai Singyes Applicable Materials Company Limited) is registered as a whollyforeign-owned enterprise under the PRC law.
- (b) Yan'an New Materials is registered as a Sino-foreign equity joint venture enterprise under the PRC law.
- (a) 珠海新材料(前稱珠海興業應用材料科技有限公司)根據中國法律註冊為外商獨資企業。
- (b) 延安新材料根據中國法律註冊為 中外合資企業。

財務報表附註

31 December 2017 二零一七年十二月三十一日

2.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs"), which comprise standards and interpretations approved by the International Accounting Standards Board (the "IASB"), and International Accounting Standards ("IASs") and Standing Interpretations Committee interpretations approved by the International Accounting Standards Committee that remain in effect and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap.622). They have been prepared under the historical cost convention. These financial statements are presented in Renminbi ("RMB") and all values are rounded to the nearest thousand except when otherwise indicated.

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries (the "Group") for the year ended 31 December 2017. A subsidiary is an entity, directly or indirectly, controlled by the Company. Control is achieved when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee (i.e., existing rights that give the Group the current ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee).

When the Company has, directly or indirectly, less than a majority of the voting or similar rights of an investee, the Group considers all relevant facts and circumstances in assessing whether it has power over an investee, including:

- (a) the contractual arrangement with the other vote holders of the investee;
- (b) rights arising from other contractual arrangements; and
- (c) the Group's voting rights and potential voting rights.

2.1 呈列基準

本財務報表根據國際財務報告準則(「國際財務報告準則」)編制,其包括國際會計準則理事會(「國際會計準則理事會」)批準的準則及詮釋、國際會計準則(「國際會計準則」)與國際會計準則委員會批準且仍然有效的常設詮釋委員會之詮釋,以及香港《公司條例》(第622章)之披露規定。該等報表根據歷史成本慣例編製。除另有指明外,該等報表以人民幣元(「人民幣」)呈列且所有數值已四捨五入至最近之千位。

綜合基準

綜合財務報表包括截至二零一七年十二 月三十一日止年度的本公司及其附屬公司(「本集團」)的財務報表。附屬公司為 由本公司直接或間接控制的實體。當本 集團對參與投資對象業務的浮動回報承 擔風險或享有權利以及能透過對投資對 象的權力(如本集團獲賦予現有能力以 主導投資對象相關活動的既存權利)影 響該等回報時,即取得控制權。

倘本公司直接或間接擁有少於投資對象 大多數投票或類似權利的權利,則本集 團於評估其是否擁有對投資對象的權力 時會考慮一切相關事實及情況,包括:

- (a) 與投資對象其他投票持有人的合 約安排;
- (b) 其他合約安排所產生的權利;及
- (c) 本集團的投票權及潛在投票權。

財務報表附註

31 December 2017 二零一七年十二月三十一日

2.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION (Continued)

Basis of consolidation (Continued)

The financial statements of the subsidiaries are prepared for the same reporting period as the Company, using consistent accounting policies. The results of subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which the Group obtains control, and continue to be consolidated until the date that such control ceases.

Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests, even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance. All intra-group assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

The Group reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control described above. A change in the ownership interest of a subsidiary, without a loss of control, is accounted for as an equity transaction.

If the Group loses control over a subsidiary, it derecognises (i) the assets (including goodwill) and liabilities of the subsidiary, (ii) the carrying amount of any non-controlling interest and (iii) the cumulative translation differences recorded in equity; and recognises (i) the fair value of the consideration received, (ii) the fair value of any investments retained and (iii) any resulting surplus or deficit in profit or loss. The Group's share of components previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified to profit or loss or retained profits, as appropriate, on the same basis as would be required if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities.

2.1 呈列基準(續)

綜合基準(續)

附屬公司與本公司的財務報表的報告期間相同,並採用一致會計政策編製。附屬公司業績自本集團獲得對其的控制權之日起合併,並繼續保持合併至該控制權終止之日。

損益及其他綜合收益的每一成分均歸屬 於本公司之所有者及非控股權益,即使 這將導致非控股權益產生赤字差額。所 有與本集團成員間交易相關的集團內資 產及負債、權益、收入、開支及現金流 量在合併時均全部沖銷。

如果事實及情況表明上述三項控制權因 素中的一項或多項發生變動,則本集 團會重新評估其是否仍然控制著投資對 象。一間附屬公司的擁有權權益發生變 動(並未失去控制權),則按權益交易入 賬。

倘本集團失去對一間附屬公司的控制權,則其終止確認(i)該附屬公司的資產(包括商譽)及負債、(ii)任何非控制權益的賬面值及(iii)於權益內記錄的累計交易差額;及確認(i)所收代價的公平值、(ii)所保留任何投資的公平值及(iii)損益賬中任何因此產生的盈餘或虧損。先前確認於其他綜合收益的集團應佔成分,按照本集團直接處置相關資產或負債所需的相同基準,重新分類至損益或保留溢利(如適用)。

財務報表附註

31 December 2017 二零一七年十二月三十一日

2.2 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND **DISCLOSURES**

The Group has adopted the following revised IFRSs for the first time for the current year's financial statements.

Amendments to IAS 7

Disclosure Initiative

Amendments to IAS 12

Recognition of Deferred Tax Assets for

Unrealised Losses

Amendments to IFRS 12 included in Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities: Clarification of the Scope of IFRS 12

Annual Improvements 2014-2016 Cycle

None of the above amendments to IFRSs has had a significant financial effect on these financial statements. Disclosure has been made in note 27 to the financial statements in the 2017 annual report upon the adoption of amendments to IAS 7, which require an entity to provide disclosures that enable users of financial statements to evaluate changes in liabilities arising from financing activities, including both changes arising from cash flows and non-cash changes.

2.3 ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE IFRSS

The Group has not applied the following new and revised IFRSs, that have been issued but are not yet effective, in these financial statements.

2.2 會計政策變動及披露

本集團於本年度財務報表中首次採用以 下經修訂的國際財務報告準則。

國際會計準則第7號(修訂本) 披露動議

國際會計準則第12號(修訂本) 就未變現虧損確認

遞延税項資產

二零一四年至二零一六年週期 在其他實體中的權益 之年度改進中包含的國際

披露:國際財務報告

財務報告準則第12號

準則第12號範圍説明

(修訂本)

該等國際財務報告準則修訂本並無對本 財務報表構成重大財務影響。在採納 國際會計準則第7號(修訂本)時,二零 一七年年報財務報表附註27已作出披 露,其要求實體進行披露,以讓財務報 表的使用者評估財務活動所產生的負債 變動,包括因現金流量所產生的變動和 非現金變動。

2.3 已發佈但尚未生效的國際財 務報告準則

本集團在編制本財務報表時,尚未採用 下述已發佈但尚未生效的任何新制訂和 經修訂的國際財務報告準則。

財務報表附註

31 December 2017 二零一七年十二月三十一日

2.3 ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE IFRSS (Continued)

Amendments to IFRS 2 Classification and Measurement of

Share-based Payment Transactions1

Amendments to IFRS 4 Applying IFRS 9 Financial Instruments

with IFRS 4 Insurance Contracts1

IFRS 9 Financial Instruments1 Amendments to IFRS 9 Prepayment Features with

Negative Compensation² Amendments to IFRS 10 Sale or Contribution of Assets between

and IAS 28 an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture4

IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers1 Amendments to IFRS 15 Clarifications to IFRS 15 Revenue from

Contracts with Customers1

IFRS 16 Leases2

IFRS 17 Insurance Contracts3

Amendments to IAS 28 Long-term Interests in Associates

and Joint Ventures²

Amendments to IAS 40 Transfers of Investment Property¹

IFRIC 22 Foreign Currency Transactions and Advance Consideration1

Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatments²

Amendments to IFRS 3, IFRS 11, IAS 12

Amendments to IAS 19 Employee Benefits²

Amendments to IFRS 1 and IAS 281 Annual Improvements

2014-2016 Cycle

Annual Improvements

IFRIC 23

2015-2017 Cycle and IAS 232

2.3 已發佈但尚未生效的國際財 務報告準則(續)

國際財務報告準則第2號 (修訂本)

國際財務報告準則第4號 (修訂本)

以股份為基礎付款交易 之分類及計量1 同時應用國際財務報告 準則第9號金融工具和

國際財務報告準則第4號 保險合約

投資者及其聯營或合營企業

間的資產出售或注資

國際財務報告準則第9號 金融工具1

帶負補償的預付款特徵2 國際財務報告準則第9號

(修訂本)

(修訂本)

國際財務報告準則第10號及 國際會計準則第28號

(修訂本) 國際財務報告準則第15號 來自客戶合約的收益1

國際財務報告準則第15號

國際財務報告準則 第15號來自客戶 合約的收益的説明

國際財務報告準則第16號 國際財務報告準則第17號 國際會計準則第28號

保險合約3 聯營或合營企業的 長期權益

租賃2

國際會計準則第40號(修訂本) 投資物業的轉換1 國際財務報告詮釋委員會

外幣交易及預付對價1

詮釋第22號

(修訂本)

國際財務報告詮釋委員會

所得税處理的不確定性2

詮釋第23號

國際會計準則第19號(修訂本) 僱員福利2

二零一四年至二零一六年週期 國際財務報告準則第1號

年度改進

及國際會計準則 第28號(修訂本)1

二零一五年至二零一七年週期 國際財務報告準則第3號、 年度改進

國際財務報告準則第11號、 國際會計準則第12號及

國際會計準則第23號 (修訂本)2

- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2019
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2021
- No mandatory effective date yet determined but available for adoption

- 由二零一八年一月一日或之後開始的 年度期間生效
- 由二零一九年一月一日或之後開始的 年度期間生效
- 由二零二一年一月一日或之後開始的 年度期間生效
- 尚未釐定強制生效日期,惟可供採納

財務報表附註

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2.3 ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE IFRSS (Continued)

Further information about those IFRSs that are expected to be applicable to the Group is described below. Of those standards, IFRS 9 and IFRS 15 will be applicable for the Group's financial year ending 31 December 2018 and are expected to have no significant impact upon adoption. Whilst management has performed an assessment of the estimated impacts of these standards, that assessment is based on the information currently available to the Group. The actual impacts upon adoption could be different to those below, depending on additional reasonable and supportable information being made available to the Group at the time of applying the standards.

IFRS 9 Financial Instruments

In July 2014, the IASB issued the final version of IFRS 9, bringing together all phases of the financial instruments project to replace IAS 39 and all previous versions of IFRS 9. The standard introduces new requirements for classification and measurement, impairment and hedge accounting. The Group will adopt IFRS 9 from 1 January 2018. The Group will not restate comparative information and will recognise any transition adjustments against the opening balance of equity at 1 January 2018. During 2017, the Group has performed an assessment of the impact of the adoption of IFRS 9. The expected impacts relate to the classification and measurement and the impairment requirements are summarised as follows:

2.3 已發佈但尚未生效的國際財務報告準則(續)

下述為有關預期適用於本集團的該等國際財務報告準則的進一步資料。在該等準則中,國際財務報告準則第9號及國際財務報告準則第15號將適用於本集團截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止的財政年度,預計在採用時無重大影響。雖然管理層已對該等準則的預計影響。行評估,但該評估乃基於本集團目前可用的信息。採用時產生的實際影響可能與下文不同,而這取決於應用該等準則時,本集團可用的額外合理的及可支援的信息。

國際財務報告準則第9號*金融工* 具

於二零一四年七月,國際會計準則理事會頒佈國際財務報告準則第9號的最終版本,將金融工具項目的所有階段集中在一起以代替國際會計準則第39號等之一起以代替國際會計準則第39號等。該準則引入分類及計量、減值及計量、減值及計量的新規定。本集團將不會重列上,並將確認於二零一八年一月一日起採用國際財務報報之一。本集團將不會重列上日本。本集團將不會重列上日本。於二零一七年,本集團對採用國際財務報益的期初餘額所作的過渡性調整務報益的期初餘額所作的過渡性調整務報益的期初餘額所作的過渡性調整務報益的期間,而減值要求概述如下:

財務報表附註

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2.3 ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE IFRSS (Continued)

IFRS 9 *Financial Instruments* (Continued)

(a) Classification and measurement

The Group does not expect that the adoption of IFRS 9 will have a significant impact on the classification and measurement of its financial assets.

(b) Impairment

IFRS 9 requires an impairment on debt instruments recorded at amortised cost or at fair value through other comprehensive income, lease receivables, loan commitments and financial guarantee contracts that are not accounted for at fair value through profit or loss under IFRS 9, to be recorded based on an expected credit loss model either on a twelve-month basis or a lifetime basis. The Group will apply the simplified approach and record lifetime expected losses that are estimated based on the present values of all cash shortfalls over the remaining life of all of its trade receivables. Furthermore, the Group will apply the general approach and record twelve-month expected credit losses that are estimated based on the possible default events on its other receivables within the next twelve months. The Group has determined that no material further impairment will be provided upon the initial adoption of the standard.

2.3 已發佈但尚未生效的國際財務報告準則(續)

國際財務報告準則第9號金融工 具(續)

(a) 分類與計量

本集團並不預期採納國際財務報告準則第9號將對其金融資產的分類及計量產生重大影響。

(b) 減值

國際財務報告準則第9號要求, 通過其他並非按照國際財務報告 準則第9號項下規定,通過損益 按公平值計量的綜合收益、租賃 應收賬款、貸款承諾和財務擔保 合約等,以攤銷成本或公平值記 錄的債務工具的減值,應每十二 個月或每期根據預期信貸損失模 型進行一次記錄。本集團將採用 該等簡化方法,並記錄根據所有 貿易應收賬款剩餘期間的所有現 金短缺情況現值進行估算的全期 預期損失。此外,本集團將採用 一般方法並根據未來十二個月內 其他應收款項的可能違約事件記 錄十二個月的預期信貸損失。本 集團已確定初步採用該準則時並 無重大的進一步減值。

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31 December 2017 二零一七年十二月三十一日

2.3 ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE IFRSS (Continued)

IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers

IFRS 15, issued in May 2014, establishes a new five-step model to account for revenue arising from contracts with customers. Under IFRS 15, revenue is recognised at an amount that reflects the consideration to which an entity expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring goods or services to a customer. The principles in IFRS 15 provide a more structured approach for measuring and recognising revenue. The standard also introduces extensive qualitative and quantitative disclosure requirements, including disaggregation of total revenue, information about performance obligations, changes in contract asset and liability account balances between periods and key judgements and estimates. The standard will supersede all current revenue recognition requirements under IFRSs. Either a full retrospective application or a modified retrospective adoption is required on the initial application of the standard. In April 2016, the IASB issued amendments of IFRS 15 to address the implementation issues on identifying performance obligations, application guidance on principal versus agent and licences of intellectual property, and transition. The amendments are also intended to help ensure a more consistent application when entities adopt IFRS 15 and decrease the cost and complexity of applying the standard. The Group will adopt IFRS 15 from 1 January 2018 and plans to adopt the transitional provisions in IFRS 15 to recognise the cumulative effect of initial adoption as an adjustment to the opening balance of retained profits at 1 January 2018. In addition, the Group plans to apply the new requirements only to contracts that are not completed before 1 January 2018. The Group expects that the transitional adjustment to be made on 1 January 2018 upon initial adoption of IFRS 15 will not be material. Also, the expected changes in accounting policies will not have a material impact on the Group's financial statements from 2018 onwards.

2.3 已發佈但尚未生效的國際財 務報告準則(續)

國際財務報告準則第15號來*自客* 戶合約的收益

國際財務報告準則第15號(於二零一四 年五月頒佈)建立一個新的五步模式, 以核算於自客戶合約產生的收益。根據 國際財務報告準則第15號,收益按能反 映實體預期就交換向客戶轉讓貨物或服 務而有權獲得的代價金額確認。國際財 務報告準則第15號的原則為計量及確 認收益提供更加系統化的方法。該準則 亦引入廣泛的定性及定量披露規定,包 括分拆收益總額,關於履行責任、不同 期間之間合約資產及負債賬目結餘的變 動以及主要判斷及估計的資料。該準則 將取代國際財務報告準則項下所有現時 收益確認的規定。需在準則初步應用期 間全面追溯性應用準則的全文或修訂版 本。於二零一六年四月,國際會計準則 委員會頒佈國際財務報告準則第15號的 修訂以解決下列事項的實施事項:識別 主體代表的履約責任、應用指引以及知 識產權的牌照及過渡。該等修訂還用於 説明確保實體能夠持續應用國際財務報 告準則第15號,以及減少應用準則的 成本和複雜性。本集團將於二零一八年 一月一日起採用國際財務報告準則第15 號,並計劃採用國際財務報告準則第15 號的過渡性條款,確認初步採用的累積 影響數為於二零一八年一月一日對保留 溢利的期初餘額所作的過渡性調整。另 外,本集團計劃僅對在二零一八年一月 一日前未完成的合約採用新要求。本集 團預計初步採用國際財務報告準則第15 號時,於二零一八年一月一日所作的過 渡性調整並不重大。會計政策的預計變 動亦不會對本集團自二零一八年起的財 務報表產生重大影響。

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2.3 ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE IFRSS (Continued)

IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Continued)

The Group's principal activities consist of the sale and installation of ITO film, Smart Light-adjusting Film, Smart Light-adjusting Glass and Smart Light-adjusting Projection System. During 2017, the Group has performed an assessment on the impact of the adoption of IFRS 15 and concluded that no material financial impact exists.

The presentation and disclosure requirements in IFRS 15 are more detailed than those under the current IAS 18. The presentation requirements represent a significant change from current practice and will significantly increase the volume of disclosures required in the Group's financial statements. Many of the disclosure requirements in IFRS 15 are new and the Group has assessed that the impact of some of these disclosure requirements will be significant. In addition, as required by IFRS 15, the Group will disaggregate revenue recognised from contracts with customers into categories that depict how the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows are affected by economic factors.

2.3 已發佈但尚未生效的國際財 務報告準則(續)

國際財務報告準則第15號來自客 戶合約的收益(續)

本集團主要經營活動包括銷售及安裝 ITO導電膜、智能調光膜、智能調光玻璃及智能調光投影系統。於二零一七年,本集團對採用國際財務報告準則第 15號的影響已進行評估,並斷定並不存在重大財務影響。

國際財務報告準則第15號的呈列及披露 要求比現行國際會計準則第18號更為 詳細。呈列要求對現行做法做出重大變 化,且明顯增加本集團財務報表所需披 露量。國際財務報告準則第15號的許多 披露要求是全新的,並且本集團已評估 出部分披露要求的影響將非常重大。此 外,按照國際財務報告準則第15號規 定,本集團將與客戶簽訂的合約中確認 的收入分解為描述營收及現金流量的性 質、金額、時間及不確定性如何受經濟 因素影響的分類。

財務報表附註

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2.3 ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE IFRSS (Continued)

IFRS 16 Leases

IFRS 16, issued in January 2016, replaces IAS 17 Leases, IFRIC 4 Determining whether an Arrangement contains a Lease, SIC-15 Operating Leases - Incentives and SIC-27 Evaluating the Substance of Transactions Involving the Legal Form of a Lease. The standard sets out the principles for the recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of leases and requires lessees to recognise assets and liabilities for most leases. The standard includes two elective recognition exemptions for lessees - leases of low-value assets and short-term leases. At the commencement date of a lease, a lessee will recognise a liability to make lease payments (i.e., the lease liability) and an asset representing the right to use the underlying asset during the lease term (i.e., the right-of-use asset). The right-of-use asset is subsequently measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses unless the right-of-use asset meets the definition of investment property in IAS 40, or relates to a class of property, plant and equipment to which the revaluation model is applied. The lease liability is subsequently increased to reflect the interest on the lease liability and reduced for the lease payments. Lessees will be required to separately recognise the interest expense on the lease liability and the depreciation expense on the right-of-use asset. Lessees will also be required to remeasure the lease liability upon the occurrence of certain events, such as change in the lease term and change in future lease payments resulting from a change in an index or rate used to determine those payments. Lessees will generally recognise the amount of the remeasurement of the lease liability as an adjustment to the right-of-use asset. Lessor accounting under IFRS 16 is substantially unchanged from the accounting under IAS 17. Lessors will continue to classify all leases using the same classification principle as in IAS 17 and distinguish between operating leases and finance leases. IFRS 16 requires lessees and lessors to make more extensive disclosures than under IAS 17. Lessees can choose to apply the standard using either a full retrospective or a modified retrospective approach.

2.3 已發佈但尚未生效的國際財 務報告準則(續)

國際財務報告準則第16號「租賃」

二零一六年一月發佈的國際財務報告準 則第16號取代國際會計準則第17號/租 賃」、國際財務報告詮釋委員會詮釋第4 號「確定一項安排是否包含租賃」、準則 詮釋委員會詮釋第15號「經營租賃 - 優 惠|以及準則詮釋委員會詮釋第27號「評 估涉及租賃法律形式的交易實質」。該 準則已規定租賃確認、計量、呈列和披 露原則,並要求承租人確認大多數租賃 的資產與負債。該準則包括兩項承租人 可選擇的確認豁免項目 - 低值資產租賃 和短期租賃。於租賃生效日期起,承租 人需確認用於支付租賃費用(即租賃負 債)的負債並確認租賃期內代表標的資 產使用權的資產(即使用權資產)。除非 使用權資產符合國際會計準則第40號中 對投資物業的定義,或涉及應用於重估 模型的一類房產、廠房及設備,否則其 隨後將按照成本減去累計折舊和減值損 失計量。租賃負債隨著租賃負債利息不 斷增加而增長,並在支付租賃費用後減 少。承租人需分別確認租賃負債的利息 支出以及使用權資產的折舊支出。承租 人還需在特殊事件發生時重新計量租賃 負債,如:租賃條款發生改變,或是用 於確定支付金額的相關指標、利率發生 改變造成未來租賃費用發生改變。承租 人需逐步確認租賃負債重新計量金額, 以調節使用權資產。國際財務報告準則 第16號項下規定的承租人會計與國際會 計準則第17號項下規定的並無實質性改 變。承租人將繼續按照與國際會計準則 第17號相同的分類原則對所有租賃進行 分類,並對經營租賃和金融租賃作出區 分。國際財務報告準則第16號要求承租 人和出租人作出比國際會計準則第17號 項下規定的更多的披露。承租人可選擇 採用全面追溯或修訂的追溯方式來應用 該標準。

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2.3 ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE IFRSS (Continued)

IFRS 16 Leases (Continued)

The Group expects to adopt IFRS 16 from 1 January 2019. The Group is currently assessing the impact of IFRS 16 upon adoption and is considering whether it will choose to take advantage of the practical expedients available and which transition approach and reliefs will be adopted. As disclosed in note 24 to the financial statements, at 31 December 2017, the Group had future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases in aggregate of approximately RMB4,243,000. Upon adoption of IFRS 16, certain amounts included therein may need to be recognised as new right-of-use assets and lease liabilities. Further analysis, however, will be needed to determine the amount of new rights of use assets and lease liabilities to be recognised, including, but not limited to, any amounts relating to leases of low-value assets and short term leases, other practical expedients and reliefs chosen, and new leases entered into before the date of adoption.

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Business combinations and goodwill

Business combinations not under common control are accounted for using the acquisition method. The consideration transferred is measured at the acquisition date fair value which is the sum of the acquisition date fair values of assets transferred by the Group, liabilities assumed by the Group to the former owners of the acquiree and the equity interests issued by the Group in exchange for control of the acquiree. For each business combination, the Group elects whether to measure the non-controlling interests in the acquiree that are present ownership interests and entitle their holders to a proportionate share of net assets in the event of liquidation at fair value or at the proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. All other components of non-controlling interests are measured at fair value. Acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred.

2.3 已發佈但尚未生效的國際財務報告準則(續)

國際財務報告準則第16號「租賃」 (續)

本集團預期自二零一九年一月一日起採 納國際財務報告準則第16號。本集團目 前正評估採用國際財務報告準則第16號 的影響,考慮是否會選擇利用現有的實 用替代方法以及採用哪種過渡方法和緩 解措施。如財務報表附註24所披露,於 二零一十年十二月三十一日,本集團在 不可撤銷經營租賃項下的未來最低租賃 付款總額約為人民幣4,243,000元。採 用國際財務報告準則第16號後,其中部 分金額可能需要確認為新的使用權資產 及租賃負債。然而,需要進行進一步分 析以確定新的使用權資產和租賃負債要 確認的數額,包括但不限於涉及低值資 產租賃和短期租賃的任何數額、所選擇 的其他實用替代方法和緩解措施,以及 在採用日期之前訂立的新租約。

2.4 主要會計政策概要

業務合併及商譽

並非共同控制下的業務合併使用收購法 入賬。所轉讓代價按收購日期的公平值 計量,即本集團轉讓的資產、本集團向 原擁有人承擔的負債及本集團為交換 收購方控制權而發行的股權於收購 的公平值總和。就各業務合併而言,本 集團選擇被收購方中屬於現時擁有核 一定份額的非控股權益,按公平值 按佔被收購方的可識別資產淨值的比例 計量。非控股權益的所有其他部分按公 平值確認。收購相關成本於產生時列為 開支。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Business combinations and goodwill (Continued)

When the Group acquires a business, it assesses the financial assets and liabilities assumed for appropriate classification and designation in accordance with the contractual terms, economic circumstances and pertinent conditions as at the acquisition date. This includes the separation of embedded derivatives in host contracts of the acquiree.

If the business combination is achieved in stages, the previously held equity interest is remeasured at its acquisition date fair value and any resulting gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss.

Any contingent consideration to be transferred by the acquirer is recognised at fair value at the acquisition date. Contingent consideration classified as an asset or liability is measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. Contingent consideration that is classified as equity is not remeasured and subsequent settlement is accounted for within equity.

Goodwill is initially measured at cost, being the excess of the aggregate of the (a) consideration transferred, (b) the amount recognised for non-controlling interests; and (c) any fair value of the Group's previously held equity interests in the acquiree over the identifiable net assets acquired and liabilities assumed. If the sum of this consideration and other items is lower than the fair value of the net assets acquired, the difference is, after reassessment, recognised in profit or loss as a gain on bargain purchase.

After initial recognition, goodwill is measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is tested for impairment annually or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may be impaired. The Group performs its annual impairment test of goodwill as at 31 December. For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the Group's cash-generating units, or groups of cash-generating units, that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the Group are assigned to those units or groups of units.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

業務合併及商譽(續)

當本集團收購業務時,其評估財務資產 及所承擔負債,以按照合約條款、收購 日期的經濟情況及相關狀況進行適當分 類及指定。這包括將被收購方主合約中 的嵌入式衍生工具分開。

倘業務合併分階段實現,早前持有的股 權按收購日期的公平值重新計量,因此 產生的任何收益或虧損於損益確認。

收購方將予轉讓的任何或然代價乃按收 購日期的公平值確認。分類為資產或負 債的或然代價按公平值計量,公平值變 動於損益確認。分類為權益的或然代價 不予重新計量,而其後結算於權益入 賬。

商譽初步按成本(即(a)所轉讓代價:(b)就非控股權益確認的金額;及(c)本集團先前於被收購方持有的股權公平值的總額,超出所收購可識別資產淨值及所承擔負債的部分)計量。倘該代價與其他項目的總和低於所收購淨資產的公平值,差額經重新評估後於損益確認為議價購買收益。

於初步確認後,商譽按成本減任何累計減值虧損入賬。商譽每年進行減值測試,倘有事件或情況變化表明賬面值可能減值,則更頻繁地進行減值測試。本集團於十二月三十一日對商譽進行年度減值測試。就減值測試而言,業務合併中收購的商譽自收購日期起分配至預期受益於合併協同效益的本集團各現金產生單位或現金產生單位組別(不論本集團其他資產或負債是否分配予該等單位或單位組別)。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Business combinations and goodwill (Continued)

Merger accounting for business combination under common control

The acquisition of subsidiaries under common control has been accounted for using merger accounting principles. The merger method of accounting involves incorporating the financial statement items of the combining entities or businesses in which the common control combination occurs as if they had been consolidated from the date when the combining entities or businesses first came under the control of the controlling party.

Impairment is determined by assessing the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit (group of cash-generating units) to which the goodwill relates. Where the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit (group of cash-generating units) is less than the carrying amount, an impairment loss is recognised. An impairment loss recognised for goodwill is not reversed in a subsequent period.

Where goodwill has been allocated to a cash-generating unit (or group of cash-generating units) and part of the operation within that unit is disposed of, the goodwill associated with the operation disposed of is included in the carrying amount of the operation when determining the gain or loss on the disposal. Goodwill disposed of in these circumstances is measured based on the relative value of the operation disposed of and the portion of the cash-generating unit retained.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

業務合併及商譽(續)

就共同控制下的企業合併採用合併會計法

收購受共同控制的附屬公司已使用合併會計原則入賬。合併會計法涉及列入發生共同控制形式合併的合併實體或業務的財務報表項目,猶如該等項目自相關合併實體或業務首次受有關控制方控制當日起已綜合處理。

減值透過評估商譽涉及的現金產生單位 (現金產生單位組別)的可收回金額而釐 定。倘現金產生單位(現金產生單位組 別)的可收回金額低於賬面值,則確認 減值虧損。就商譽確認的減值虧損不會 於隨後期間撥回。

倘商譽分配予現金產生單位(或現金產 生單位組別),且該單位內部分經營被 出售,則與被出售經營有關的商譽在 釐定出售收益或虧損時計入經營的賬面 值。在該等情況下,被出售的商譽基於 所出售經營及所保留現金產生單位部分 的相對價值計量。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Fair value measurement

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either in the principal market for the asset or liability, or in the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability. The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Group. The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Group uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1 based on quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 based on valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is observable, either directly or indirectly
- Level 3 based on valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

公平值計量

公平值指於計量日期之市場參與者之間 之有序交易中,就出售資產所收取之價 格或轉讓負債所支付之價格。公平值計 量乃基於假設出售資產或轉讓負債之交 易於資產或負債之主要市場,或在未有 主要市場之情況下,則於資產或負債之 最有利市場進行。主要或最有利市場進 位於本集團能到達之地方。資產或負債 之公平值乃使用市場參與者為資產或負 債定價所用之假設計量(假設市場參與 者依照彼等之最佳經濟利益行事)。

非金融資產之公平值計量乃經計及一名 市場參與者透過使用其資產之最高及最 佳用途或透過將資產出售予將使用其最 高及最佳用途之另一名市場參與者而能 夠產生經濟利益之能力。

本集團使用適用於不同情況之估值技術,而其有足夠數據計量公平值,以盡量利用相關可觀察輸入數據及盡量減少使用不可觀察輸入數據。

於財務報表計量或披露公平值之所有資 產及負債,均根據對公平值計量整體而 言屬重要之最低層輸入數據在下述公平 值等級架構內維行分類:

- 第一層 按同等資產或負債於活躍市場 之報價(未經調整)計算。
- 第二層 按估值技巧計算(藉此直接或間接可觀察對公平值計量而言屬重要之最低層輸入數據)。
- 第三層 按估值技巧計算(藉此觀察不 到對公平值計量而言屬重要之 最低層輸入數據)。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Fair value measurement (Continued)

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Group determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by reassessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

Impairment of non-financial assets

Where an indication of impairment exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required (other than inventories, financial assets and deferred tax assets), the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of the asset's or cashgenerating unit's value in use and its fair value less costs of disposal, and is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets, in which case the recoverable amount is determined for the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

An impairment loss is recognised only if the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. An impairment loss is charged to profit or loss in the period in which it arises in those expense categories consistent with the function of the impaired asset.

An assessment is made at the end of each reporting period as to whether there is an indication that previously recognised impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased. If such an indication exists, the recoverable amount is estimated. A previously recognised impairment loss of an asset other than goodwill is reversed only if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount of that asset, but not to an amount higher than the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of any depreciation/amortisation) had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of such an impairment loss is credited to profit or loss in the period in which it arises.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

公平值計量(續)

就按經常性基準於財務報表確認之資產 及負債而言,本集團於每個報告期末通 過重新評估分類(基於對公平值計量整 體而言屬重大之最低層輸入數據)以決 定等級架構內各層之間是否有轉移。

非金融資產的減值

倘出現減值跡象或須對資產(不包括存貨、金融資產及遞延税項資產)進行年度減值測試,則會估計資產的可收回金額。資產的可收回金額乃資產或現金產生單位使用價值與其公平值減出售成本兩者中的較高者,並且就個別資產釐定,如果資產並不產生大部分獨立於其他資產及資產組合的現金流入,在該情況下,可收回金額則按資產所屬的現金產生單位釐定。

只有資產的賬面金額超過其可收回金額 時,減值虧損方予確認。評估使用價值 時,估計未來現金流量採用反映當前市 場對貨幣時間價值及該項資產的特有風 險的稅前折現率貼現為現值。減值虧損 乃於產生期間計入損益賬中與減值資產 相應的費用類別。

於每個報告期末評估是否有跡象顯示過往已確認的減值虧損可能已不再存在或可能減少。倘出現該等跡象,則會估計資產的可收回金額。只有在用以釐定資產(商譽除外)的可收回金額的估計方法出現變動時,方會撥回該資產過往已已超過假設過往年度並無就該項資產確認減值虧損而釐定的賬面值(扣除任何折舊/攤銷)。撥回的減值虧損乃於其產生期間計入損益。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Related parties

A party is considered to be related to the Group if:

- (a) the party is a person or a close member of that person's family and that person
 - (i) has control or joint control over the Group;
 - (ii) has significant influence over the Group; or
 - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Group or of a parent of the Group;

or

- (b) the party is an entity where any of the following conditions applies:
 - (i) the entity and the Group are members of the same group;
 - (ii) one entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or of a parent, subsidiary or fellow subsidiary of the other entity);
 - (iii) the entity and the Group are joint ventures of the same third party;
 - (iv) one entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity;
 - (v) the entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group;

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

關連方

在以下情況下,一方將被視為本集團的 關連方:

- (a) 有關方為一名人士或該人士之關 係密切家庭成員,而該人士:
 - (i) 控制或共同控制本集團;
 - (ii) 對本集團有重大影響;或
 - (iii) 為本集團或本集團母公司的 主要管理人員的其中一名成 員:

或

- (b) 該方為實體而符合下列任何一項 條件:
 - (i) 該實體與本集團屬同一集團 之成員公司;
 - (ii) 該實體為另一家實體的聯營 公司或合營企業(或另一家 實體的母公司、附屬公司或 同系附屬公司);
 - (iii) 該實體與本集團均為同一第 三方的合營企業;
 - (iv) 該實體為第三方實體的合營 企業,而另一家實體則為該 第三方實體的聯營公司;
 - (v) 實體為本集團或與本集團有 關連之實體就僱員利益設立 的離職福利計劃:

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Related parties (Continued)

- (b) the party is an entity where any of the following conditions applies: (Continued)
 - (vi) the entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a);
 - (vii) a person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity); and
 - (viii) the entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the Group or to the parent of the Group.

Property, plant and equipment and depreciation

Property, plant and equipment, other than construction in progress, are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses. The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment comprises its purchase price and any directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to its working condition and location for its intended use.

Expenditure incurred after items of property, plant and equipment have been put into operation, such as repairs and maintenance, is normally charged to profit or loss in the period in which it is incurred. In situations where the recognition criteria are satisfied, the expenditure for a major inspection is capitalised in the carrying amount of the asset as a replacement. Where significant parts of property, plant and equipment are required to be replaced as intervals, the Group recognises such parts as individual assets with specific useful lives and depreciates them accordingly.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

關連方(續)

- (b) 該方為實體而符合下列任何一項 條件:(續)
 - (vi) 該實體受(a)項所界定人士 控制或受共同控制;
 - (vii) 於(a)(i)項所識別人士對該 實體有重大影響力或屬該實 體(或該實體的母公司)主 要管理層成員:及
 - (viii) 該實體或本集團任何之成 員,向本集團或本集團之母 公司提供主要管理人員服 務。

物業、廠房及設備與折舊

除在建工程以外,物業、廠房及設備按 成本減累計折舊及任何減值虧損列賬。 一項物業、廠房及設備項目的成本包括 其購買價及將資產達至運作狀況及位 置,以作其預定用途所產生的任何直接 應計成本。

物業、廠房及設備項目開始運作後所產生的開支,如維修保養,一般於產生期間在損益中扣除。若滿足確認標準,則重大檢查的開支會於資產賬面值中資本化作為替換。若須定期替換大部份物業、廠房及設備,則本集團會按特定可使用年期確認該部份為個別資產,並據此作出折舊。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Property, plant and equipment and depreciation (Continued)

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis to write off the cost of each item of property, plant and equipment to its residual value (nil to 5% of cost) over its estimated useful life. The estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment are as follows:

Plant and machinery 5-10 years
Motor vehicles 5 years
Office equipment 3-5 years

Where parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, the cost of that item is allocated on a reasonable basis among the parts and each part is depreciated separately. Residual values, useful lives and the depreciation method are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at least at each financial year end.

An item of property, plant and equipment including any significant part initially recognised is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss on disposal or retirement recognised in profit or loss in the year the asset is derecognised is the difference between the net sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the relevant asset.

Construction in progress represents items of property, plant and equipment under construction, which are stated at cost less any impairment losses, and are not depreciated. Cost comprises the direct costs of construction and capitalised borrowing costs on related borrowing funds during the period of construction. Construction in progress is reclassified to the appropriate category of property, plant and equipment when completed and ready for use.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

物業、廠房及設備與折舊(續)

各項物業、廠房及設備折舊乃以直線法 按其估計可使用年期撇銷其成本至其剩 餘價值,即零至5%的成本。物業、廠 房及設備的估計可使用年期如下:

廠房及機器5至10年汽車5年辦公設備3至5年

當一項物業、廠房及設備的各部分有不 同可使用年期時,該項目的成本乃按合 理基準在各部分之間分配,而各部分乃 個別地折舊。剩餘價值、可使用年期及 折舊方法至少應於各財政年結日復核, 並作出調整(如適當)。

物業、廠房及設備項目包括任何初始確認的主要部分於出售或預期其使用或出售不會帶來未來經濟利益時終止確認。 因出售或報廢而於該資產終止確認年度的損益賬內確認的任何盈虧乃有關資產出售所得款項淨額與賬面值的差額。

在建工程指正在建築中的物業、廠房及設備,乃以成本值減任何減值虧損列賬,且並無計提折舊。成本包括建築期間的直接建築成本及建築期間有關借款的資本化借貸成本。在建工程於完工及可作使用時,將重新分類至物業、廠房及設備之適當類別。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Intangible assets (other than goodwill)

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. The useful lives of intangible assets are assessed to be either finite or indefinite. Intangible assets with finite lives are subsequently amortised over the useful economic life and assessed for impairment whenever there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired. The amortisation period and the amortisation method for an intangible asset with a finite useful life are reviewed at least at each financial year end.

Research and development costs

All research costs are charged to profit or loss as incurred.

Expenditure incurred on projects to develop new products is capitalised and deferred only when the Group can demonstrate the technical feasibility of completing the intangible asset so that it will be available for use or sale, its intention to complete and its ability to use or sell the asset, how the asset will generate future economic benefits, the availability of resources to complete the project and the ability to measure reliably the expenditure during the development. Product development expenditure which does not meet these criteria is expensed when incurred.

Operating Leases

Leases where substantially all the rewards and risks of ownership of assets remain with the lessor are accounted for as operating leases. Where the Group is the lessee, rentals payable under operating leases, net of any incentives received from the lessor, are charged to profit or loss on the straight-line basis over the lease terms.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

無形資產(商譽除外)

單獨取得的無形資產於初始確認時按成本計量。無形資產的可使用年期分為有限期或無限期。有限期的無形資產隨後按可使用經濟年期攤銷,並於有跡象顯示無形資產可能出現減值時評估減值。有限可使用年期的無形資產的攤銷期及攤銷方法至少於每個財政年度末檢討一次。

研究及開發成本

所有研究成本於產生時計入損益。

開發新產品項目產生的開支,僅在本集 團能夠證明以下各項時,方予以資本化 及遞延,即:完成無形資產以供使用或 出售的技術可行性;本集團完成資產的 意圖及其使用或出售該資產的能力;資 產日後如何產生經濟利益;能否獲得完 成該項目的資源,以及在開發過程中可 靠計量開支的能力。不符合這些標準的 產品開發開支將於產生時確認為費用。

經營租約

凡資產擁有權的絕大部分回報及風險仍 歸出租人所有的租約,均列作經營租 約。倘本集團為承租人,根據經營租約 的應付租金在扣除自出租人收取的任何 租金優惠後,按直線法於租賃期內於損 益內扣除。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Investments and other financial assets

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets are classified, at initial recognition, as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, loans and receivables and available-for-sale financial investments, as appropriate. When financial assets are recognised initially, they are measured at fair value plus transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial assets, except in the case of financial assets recorded at fair value through profit or loss.

All regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on the trade date, that is, the date that the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the period generally established by regulation or convention in the marketplace.

Subsequent measurement

The subsequent measurement of loans and receivables is as follows:

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. After initial measurement, such assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method less any allowance for impairment. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and includes fees or costs that are an integral part of the effective interest rate. The effective interest rate amortisation is included in other income and gains in profit or loss. The loss arising from impairment is recognised in profit or loss in finance costs for loans and in other expenses for receivables.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

投資及其他金融資產

初始確認及計量

金融資產於初始確認時分類為按公平值 計入損益之金融資產、貸款及應收款項 及可供出售金融投資(如適當)。金融資 產初始確認時,乃按公平值加上收購金 融資產應佔的交易成本計量,惟按公平 值計入損益之金融資產除外。

金融資產之所有一般買賣都在交易日確認,即本集團承諾購買或出售資產之日期。一般買賣指在一般市場規則或慣例指定的期限內交付金融資產之購買或銷售。

後續計量

貸款及應收款項之後續計量如下:

貸款及應收款項是屬於非衍生性質的金融資產,以固定或可斟酌釐定的方式付款(並非在活躍市場上提供報價)。於初始計量後,該等資產其後以實際利息法按攤銷成本減任何減值撥備計量。攤銷成本乃於計及收購之任何折讓或溢價而計算,並包括構成實際利率不可分開部分之費用或成本。實際利率攤銷列入損益的「其他收入及收益」。減值虧損於損益的貸款「融資成本」及應收款項「其他開支」內確認。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Derecognition of financial assets

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognised (i.e., removed from the Group's consolidated statement of financial position) when:

- the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired; or
- the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a "passthrough" arrangement; and either (a) the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the Group has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, it evaluates if and to what extent it has retained the risk and rewards of ownership of the assets. When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset nor transferred control of the asset, the Group continues to recognise the transferred asset to the extent of the Group's continuing involvement. In that case, the Group also recognises an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Group has retained.

Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Group could be required to repay.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

終止確認金融資產

在下列情況下,一項金融資產(可適用 於某項金融資產的一部分,或一組同類 金融資產的一部分)主要終止確認(即自 本集團綜合財務狀況表移除):

- 從資產獲取現金流量的權利已經 屆滿;或
- 本集團已轉讓獲取資產產生的現金流的權利,或已根據一項「過手」安排承擔責任,在無重大延誤的情況下,將有關現金流量全數付予第三方;及本集團(a)轉讓了與此項資產相關的大部分風險與回報,或(b)並無轉讓或保留該項資產絕大部分風險和回報,但已轉讓該項資產的控制權。

倘本集團已轉讓從資產收取現金流量的權利或訂立轉手安排,則評估有否保留資產所有權的風險及回報及保留的程度。倘本集團並無轉讓或保留資產的絕大部分風險及回報,亦無轉讓資產控制權,則該等資產基於本集團的持續參與程度確認。在該情況下,本集團亦確認相關負債。已轉讓資產及相關負債基於本集團所保留權利及責任的基準計量。

所轉讓資產擔保形式的持續參與,以資 產原賬面值與本集團可能被要求償還的 最高代價金額中的較低者計量。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets

The Group assesses at the end of each reporting period whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or group of financial assets is impaired. An impairment exists if one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the asset have an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or the group of financial assets that can be reliably estimated. Evidence of impairment may include indications that a debtor or a group of debtors is experiencing significant financial difficulty, default or delinquency in interest or principal payments, the probability that they will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation and observable data indicating that there is a measurable decrease in the estimated future cash flows, such as changes in arrears or economic conditions that correlate with defaults.

Financial assets carried at amortised cost

For financial assets carried at amortised cost, the Group first assesses whether impairment exists individually for financial assets that are individually significant, or collectively for financial assets that are not individually significant. If the Group determines that no objective evidence of impairment exists for an individually assessed financial asset, whether significant or not, it includes the asset in a group of financial assets with similar credit risk characteristics and collectively assesses them for impairment. Assets that are individually assessed for impairment and for which an impairment loss is, or continues to be, recognised are not included in a collective assessment of impairment.

The amount of any impairment loss identified is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows (excluding future credit losses that have not yet been incurred). The present value of the estimated future cash flows is discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate (i.e., the effective interest rate computed at initial recognition).

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

金融資產減值

在每個報告期末時,本集團評估是否有客觀證據證明金融資產或一組金融資產 減值。當資產初始確認後發生的一件或 多件事件對能可靠估量的金融資產或一 組金融資產的估計未來現金流量產生影 響,則金融資產或一組金融資產被視為 減值。減值證據將會包括有跡象表明債 務人或一組債務人正在經歷重大財政困 難、違約或拖欠利息或本金、將進入破 產或其他財務重組之可能性,及顯示估 計未來現金流量之可衡量下降的可觀察 數據,如與違約相關的拖欠和經濟狀況 的變化。

以攤銷成本列賬的金融資產

對於以攤銷成本列賬的金融資產而言,本集團首先個別評估個別重大金融資產,或集體評估非個別重大金融資產是否存在減值。若本集團決定個別評估金融資產,無論重大與否,不存在任何減值的客觀證據,本集團便將這些資產包括在具有類似信用風險特徵的金融資產組並集體評估減值與否。已作個別減值評估且資產減值損失被確認或將繼續被確認之資產不包括在集體評估減值內。

識別出的任何減值虧損金額按資產的賬面金額與估計未來現金流量現值的差額(不包括尚未發生的未來信貸虧損)計算。估計未來現金流量的現值按金融資產的原實際利率(即初始確認時之實際利率)貼現。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

Financial assets carried at amortised cost (Continued)

The carrying amount of the asset is reduced through the use of an allowance account and the loss is recognised in profit or loss. Interest income continues to be accrued on the reduced carrying amount using the rate of interest used to discount the future cash flows for the purpose of measuring the impairment loss. Loans and receivables together with any associated allowance are written off when there is no realistic prospect of future recovery and all collateral has been realised or has been transferred to the Group.

If, in a subsequent period, the amount of the estimated impairment loss increases or decreases because of an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is increased or reduced by adjusting the allowance account. If a write-off is later recovered, the recovery is credited to other expenses in profit or loss.

Financial liabilities

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as loans and borrowings.

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

The Group's financial liabilities included trade and bills payables, and other payables.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

金融資產減值(續)

以攤銷成本列賬的金融資產(續)

該資產的賬面值可通過使用撥備賬沖減,而有關的虧損則在損益中確認。利息收入繼續以減少後賬面金額及採取就計量減值虧損用以貼現未來現金流量的利率累計。未來收回不現實之情況下,貸款及應收款項連同任何相關撥備則被註銷,所有抵押品已變現或轉讓予本集團。

倘於隨後期間,由於減值確認後某一事件之發生,估計減值虧損金額增加或減少,則先前確認之減值虧損通過調整撥備賬增加或減少。倘註銷於其後收回,該收回計入損益的「其他開支」。

金融負債

初始確認及計量

金融負債於初始確認時分類為貸款及借 貸。

所有金融負債初始按公平值確認,如屬 貸款及借貸,則扣除直接應佔交易成 本。

本集團的金融負債包括應付貿易款項及 應付票據以及其他應付款項。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Financial liabilities (Continued)

Subsequent measurement

The subsequent measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification as follows:

After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the effective interest rate amortisation process.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the effective interest rate. The effective interest rate amortisation is included in finance costs in profit or loss.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled, or expires.

When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and a recognition of a new liability, and the difference between the respective carrying amounts is recognised in profit or loss.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

金融負債(續)

後續計量

金融負債的後續計量取決於其下列分類:

經初始確認後,計息貸款及借款其後以 攤銷成本計量,除非折現影響並不重 大,否則採用實際利率法,反之,則按 成本入賬。負債終止確認時,或通過實 際利率攤銷時,收益及虧損於損益中確 認。

攤銷成本將任何收購折價或溢價和構成 實際利率不可或缺的費用或成本計算 在內。實際利率攤銷計入損益之融資成本。

終止確認金融負債

當金融負債項下的義務被解除、取消或 期滿,則終止確認金融負債。

如一項現有金融負債被來自同一貸款方 且大部分條款均有差別的另一項金融負 債所取代,或現有負債的條款被大幅修 改,此種置換或修改視作終止確認原有 負債並確認新負債處理,而兩者的賬面 值差額於損益中確認。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the statement of financial position if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined on the weighted average basis and, in the case of work in progress and finished goods, comprises direct materials, direct labour and an appropriate proportion of overheads. Net realisable value is based on estimated selling prices less any estimated costs to be incurred to completion and disposal.

Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and demand deposits, and short term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash, are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and have a short maturity of generally within three months when acquired.

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of financial position, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and at banks, including term deposits, which are not restricted as to use.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

抵銷金融工具

倘於現時存在可強制執行的合法權利以 抵銷已確認款額及有意向按淨額基準進 行結算,或同時變現資產及結算負債, 則金融資產及金融負債會予以抵銷,而 淨額會於財務狀況表中記錄。

存貨

存貨按成本或可變現淨值兩者較低者列 賬。成本以加權平均基準釐定,就在製 品和製成品而言,成本包括直接材料、 直接勞工及適當分攤的經常性費用。可 變現淨值按估計售價減任何尚需投入的 完成生產及出售的估計成本計算。

現金及現金等價物

就綜合現金流量表而言,現金及現金等 價物包括手頭現金、活期存款,以及期 限短、流動性強、易於轉換為已知金額 現金、價值變動風險小且一般於收購後 三個月內的較短期限到期的投資。

就綜合財務狀況表而言,現金及現金等 價物包括手頭現金和銀行存款,而銀行 存款包括無限制用途的定期存款。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Provisions

A provision is recognised when a present obligation (legal or constructive) has arisen as a result of a past event and it is probable that a future outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, provided that a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

When the effect of discounting is material, the amount recognised for a provision is the present value at the end of the reporting period of the future expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation. The increase in the discounted present value amount arising from the passage of time is included in finance costs in profit or loss.

Provisions for product warranties granted by the Group on certain products are recognised based on sales and past experience of the level of repairs and returns, discounted to their present values as appropriate.

Income tax

Income tax comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss, either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period, taking into consideration interpretations and practices prevailing in the countries in which the Group operates.

Deferred tax is provided, using the liability method, on all temporary differences at the end of the reporting period between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

撥備

如因過往事件產生現時債務(法定或推定)及未來可能需要有資源流出以償還 債務,而該債務金額能可靠估計,則確 認撥備。

如貼現的影響重大,則就撥備確認的金額為償還債務預期所需未來支出於報告期末的現值。貼現現值因時間流逝而產生的增幅計入損益之「融資成本」。

本集團就若干產品授出之產品質保之撥 備基於銷售以及維修程度及退貨之過往 經驗,貼現至彼等之現值(如適當)確 認。

所得税

所得税包括即期和遞延税項。有關損益 外確認項目的所得税於損益外確認,於 其他全面收益確認或直接在權益確認。

即期税項資產和負按預期自稅務局退回 或支付予稅務局的金額計算,基於報 告期末已訂立或大致訂立的稅率(及稅 法),並計及本集團經營所在國家現行 之詮釋及慣例。

遞延税項採用負債法就於報告期末資產 和負債的税基與兩者用作財務報告的賬 面值之間的各項暫時差異計提撥備。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Income tax (Continued)

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences, except:

- when the deferred tax liability arises from the initial recognition
 of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business
 combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither
 the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; and
- in respect of taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, when the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, the carryforward of unused tax credits and any unused tax losses. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, the carryforward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilised, except:

- when the deferred tax asset relating to the deductible temporary differences arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; and
- in respect of deductible temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, deferred tax assets are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that the temporary differences will reverse in the foreseeable future and taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

所得税(續)

所有應課税暫時差異均被確認為遞延税 項負債,但:

- 於一項交易(該交易並非為業務合併)進行時初始確認的資產或負債 商譽產生的遞延税項負債既不對 會計溢利也不對應課稅溢利或虧 損構成影響的情況除外;及
- 關於附屬公司投資的應課税暫時 差異,如撥回這些暫時差異的時 間可受控制且暫時差異於可預見 將來可能不會撥回的情況除外。

所有可扣減暫時性差額及未動用稅項抵 免與任何未動用稅務虧損結轉,均被確 認為遞延稅項資產。倘可能具有應課稅 利潤抵銷可扣減暫時性差額,以及可動 用結轉之未動用稅項抵免及稅務虧損, 則會確認遞延稅項資產,惟下述情況除 外:

- 由於一項交易(該交易並非為業務 合併)進行時與初始確認的資產或 負債產生的可扣減暫時差異有關 的遞延税項資產,既不對會計溢 利也不對應課税溢利或虧損構成 影響的情況除外:及
- 關於附屬公司的投資產生的可扣減暫時差異,遞延税項資產只限於暫時差異將於可預見將來撥回及應課稅溢利可用以抵扣暫時差異時確認的情況除外。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Income tax (Continued)

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are reassessed at the end of each reporting period and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset if and only if the Group has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets and current tax liabilities and the deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the same taxable entity or different taxable entities which intend either to settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously, in each future period in which significant amounts of deferred tax liabilities or assets are expected to be settled or recovered.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

所得税(續)

遞延税項資產的賬面值於每個報告期末 審閱,並扣減至不再可能有足夠應課税 溢利以動用所有或部分遞延税項資產為 止。相反地,於每個報告期末會重新評 估過往未被確認的遞延税項資產,並在 可能有足夠應課税溢利以動用所有或部 分遞延税項資產時予以確認。

遞延税項資產和負債以資產被變現或負債被清償的期間預期適用的税率衡量,並根據於報告期末已制訂或實際上已制訂的稅率(及稅法)計算。

僅當本集團有可合法執行權利可將即期 税項資產與即期稅項負債抵銷,且遞延 稅項資產與遞延稅項負債與同一稅務機 關對同一應稅實體或於各未來期間預期 有大額遞延稅項負債或資產需要結算或 清償時,擬按淨額基準結算即期稅務負 債及資產或同時變現資產及結算負債的 不同稅務實體徵收的所得稅相關,則遞 延稅項資產與遞延稅項負債可予抵銷。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Government grants

Government grants are recognised at their fair value where there is reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and all attaching conditions will be complied with. When the grant relates to an expense item, it is recognised as income on a systematic basis over the periods that the costs, which it is intended to compensate, are expensed.

Where the grant relates to an asset, the fair value is credited to a deferred income account and is released to profit or loss over the expected useful life of the relevant asset by equal annual instalments.

Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and when the revenue can be measured reliably, on the following bases:

- (a) from the sale of goods, when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred to the buyer, provided that the Group maintains neither managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership, nor effective control over the goods sold; and
- (b) interest income, on an accrual basis using the effective interest method by applying the rate that discounts the estimated future cash receipts over the expected life of the financial instrument to the net carrying amount of the financial asset.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

政府補助

倘有合理保證可獲取政府補助,而所有 附帶條件均可予以遵從,則按公平值確 認政府補助。倘補助與支出項目有關, 則以有系統基準於該項補助所補貼成本 列支之期間確認為收入。

倘補助涉及一項資產,則其公平值記入 遞延收益賬目及於相關資產的預期可 使用年限期間按等同年度金額撥回至損 益。

收入確認

收入於本集團將很有可能獲得經濟利益 並能夠可靠地計算時按以下基準確認:

- (a) 銷售商品於商品擁有權的重大風 險和回報已轉讓予買方後確認入 賬,惟本集團須不再參與通常與 所售出商品擁有權或實際控制權 有關的管理:及
- (b) 利息收入按應計基準,採用將金融工具預計年期內估計未來收取的現金折現至金融資產賬面淨值的貼現率以實際利息法確認。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Employee benefits

(a) Pension scheme

The employees of the Group's subsidiaries in Mainland China are required to participate in a central pension scheme operated by the local government. These subsidiaries and their employees are required to make monthly contributions calculated as a percentage of the employees' wages and salaries, subject to certain ceilings and local practices set by the relevant local governments, to the central pension scheme. Other than the central pension scheme, the Group's subsidiaries in Mainland China have no legal obligation for retirement benefits beyond the contributions made. Contributions to these plans are charged to profit or loss as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the central pension scheme.

(b) Housing fund

Contributions to a defined contribution housing fund administered by the Public Accumulation Funds Administration Centre in Mainland China are charged to profit or loss as incurred.

(c) Share-based compensation

The Company's intermediate holding company, Singyes Solar operates an equity-settled, share-based compensation plan for the purpose of providing incentives and rewards to eligible participants including certain employees of the Company.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

僱員福利

(a) 退休金計劃

(b) 住房公積金

屬於由中國大陸公積金行政中心管理的住房公積金界定供款於產生時自損益扣除。

(c) 以股份為基礎之補償

本公司之中間控股公司興業太陽 能設有一項以股權結算、以股份 為基礎的補償計劃,旨在向合資 格參與人(包括本公司的若干僱 員)提供激勵及獎勵。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Employee benefits (Continued)

(c) Share-based compensation (Continued)

Where share options are awarded to employees, the fair value of the options at the date of grant is charged to profit or loss over the vesting period, with a corresponding increase in equity as a contribution from the holding company. At the end of each reporting period, the Company revises its estimates of the number of options that are expected to become vested. The impact of the revision of original estimates is recognised in profit or loss and a corresponding adjustment is made to the contribution from the holding company over the remaining vesting period.

Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, i.e., assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are capitalised as part of the cost of those assets. The capitalisation of such borrowing costs ceases when the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs capitalised. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred. Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

僱員福利(續)

(c) 以股份為基礎之補償(續)

凡向僱員授出購股權,購股權於 授出當日之公平值於歸屬期間在 損益扣除,相應股權增加作為控股公司之出資。於各報告期末, 本公司修訂其對預期可予以歸屬 目的估計。原估計修訂的影響於損益內確認,並按餘下歸屬期間對控股公司之出資作出相應修訂。

借貸成本

收購、建設或生產合資格資產(即需要較長時間準備作擬定用途或銷售的資產)直接應佔的借貸成本將予以資本化,作為該等資產部分成本。該等借貸成本的資本化於該等資產實質上達到擬定用途或銷售狀態時將終止。擬用作資格資產的開支的特定借貸的暫時投資收益自予以資本化的借貸成本中扣除。所有其他借貸成本於產生期間確認為開支。借貸成本由利息及實體發生的與該項融資借貸相關的其他成本組成。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Dividends

Final dividends are recognised as a liability when they are approved by the shareholders in a general meeting. Proposed final dividends are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

Interim dividends are simultaneously proposed and declared, because the Company's memorandum and articles of association grant the Directors the authority to declare interim dividends. Consequently, interim dividends are recognised immediately as a liability when they are proposed and declared. In the event that the interim dividends are paid out of the share premium account, shareholders' approval at an extraordinary general meeting is needed. When these interim dividends have been approved by the shareholders and declared, they are recognised as a liability.

Foreign currencies

These financial statements are presented in RMB. The functional currency of the Company is HK\$. The Group's presentation currency is RMB because the Group's principal operations are carried out in Mainland China. Each entity in the Group determines its own functional currency and items included in these financial statements of each entity are measured using that functional currency. Foreign currency transactions recorded by the entities in the Group are initially recorded using their respective functional currency rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the functional currency rates of exchange ruling at the end of the reporting period. Differences arising on settlement or translation of monetary items are recognised in profit or loss.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

股息

當末期股息於股東大會上獲股東批准 時,即確認為負債。擬派末期股息已於 財務報表附註披露。

中期股息同時建議派付及宣派,因為本公司的公司組織章程大綱及細則授予董事宣派中期股息的權利。因此,中期股息於建議派付及宣派時即刻確認為負債。倘中期股息從股份溢價賬支付,則需要股東於股東特別大會上批准。當該等中期股息已獲股東批准及宣派時被確認為負債。

外幣

此等財務報表乃以人民幣呈列。本公司 的功能貨幣為港元。本公司的呈列貨幣 為人民幣,原因是本集團主要業務於中 國大陸進行。本集團各實體決定其自身 的功能貨幣,列入各實體財務報表的項 目使用該呈列貨幣計量。本集團內實體 錄得的外幣交易初步使用交易日期的 行功能貨幣匯率入賬。以外幣計值的 幣資產及負債按報告期末的通行外幣匯 率換算。結算或換算貨幣項目時產生的 差額於損益確認。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Foreign currencies (Continued)

Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions. Non-monetary items measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was measured. The gain or loss arising on translation of a non-monetary item measured at fair value is treated in line with the recognition of the gain or loss on change in fair value of the item (i.e., translation difference on the item whose fair value gain or loss is recognised in other comprehensive income or profit or loss is also recognised in other comprehensive income or profit or loss, respectively).

The functional currencies of certain overseas subsidiaries are currencies other than RMB. As at the end of the reporting period, the assets and liabilities of these entities are translated into RMB at the exchange rates prevailing at the end of the reporting period and their profits or losses are translated into RMB at the weighted average exchange rates for the year.

The resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the exchange fluctuation reserve. On disposal of a foreign operation, the component of other comprehensive income relating to that particular foreign operation is recognised in profit or loss.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

外幣(續)

按歷史成本及外幣計量的非貨幣項目使用初步交易日期的匯率換算。以外幣按公平值計量的非貨幣項目,採用釐定公平值當日的匯率換算。換算以公平值計量的非貨幣項目所產生的收益或虧損視為等同於確認該項目公平值變動的收益或虧損(即於其他全面收益或損益確認)。

若干海外附屬公司的功能貨幣為人民幣 以外的貨幣。於報告期末,該等實體的 資產及負債按報告期末的現行匯率換算 為人民幣,其損益按該年內加權平均匯 率換算為人民幣。

交易產生的匯兑差額於其他全面收益確 認並於外滙波動儲備內累計。出售國外 業務時,其他全面收益中與特定國外業 務相關的部分於損益確認。

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and their accompanying disclosures, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that could require a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of the assets or liabilities affected in the future.

Estimation uncertainty

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are described below.

Corporate income tax ("CIT")

The Group's subsidiary operating in Mainland China is subject to PRC CIT. As a result of the fact that certain matters relating to PRC CIT have not been confirmed by the relevant local tax authorities, objective estimates based on currently enacted tax laws, regulations and other related policies are required in determining the provision for PRC CIT to be made. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts originally recorded, the differences will impact the income tax and tax provision in the period in which the final outcome is determined. The carrying amount of PRC CIT payable at 31 December 2017 was RMB2,640,000 (2016: RMB1,801,000).

Impairment of receivables

The provision policy for impairment of receivables of the Group is based on ongoing assessment of the recoverability and the aging analysis of the outstanding receivables and on management's judgement. A considerable amount of judgement is required in assessing the ultimate realisation of those receivables, including the creditworthiness and the past collection history of each customer. If the financial conditions of the customers of the Group were to deteriorate, resulting in an impairment of their ability to make payments, additional allowances might be required. At 31 December 2017, impairment provision for trade receivables amounted to approximately RMB3,814,000 (2016: RMB2,301,000). Further details are given in note 14 to the financial statements.

3. 主要會計估計

財務報表之編製需要管理層作出判斷、 估計及假設,有關估計及假設會影響所 呈報收入、費用、資產及負債之金額及 其相關披露以及或然負債之披露。然 而,由於有關該等假設及估計之不確定 因素,可能導致管理層須就日後受影響 之資產或負債之賬面值作出重大調整。

估計不確定因素

下文討論於報告期末就未來和其他估計不確定因素的主要來源所作出的主要假設,該等假設對下一個財政年度的資產和負債賬面值造成重大調整的重大風險。

企業所得税(「企業所得税」)

本集團的中國大陸附屬公司營運須繳納中國企業所得稅。由於有關中國企業所得稅的若干事宜未被當地相關稅務機構確認,故需要基於目前制定的稅務法律、法規及其他相關政策作出客觀估計,釐定中國企業所得稅撥備。倘該等事宜的最後稅款不同於最初記錄的金額,差額將影響所得稅及於釐定最後稅款期間的稅款撥備。於二零一七年十二月三十一日,應付中國企業所得稅的賬面值為人民幣2,640,000元(二零一六年:人民幣1,801,000元)。

應收款項減值

本集團應收款項減值撥備政策是根據應收款項結餘的可回收性及賬齡分析的持續評估以及管理層判斷作出。評估該等應收款項最終變現時需要作出大量判斷,包括各顧客的信用及過往的收別記錄。倘本集團顧客的財政狀況惡化導致其無力償付,則需要進行額外撥備。於二零一七年十二月三十一日,貿易應收款項的減值撥備約為人民幣3,814,000元(二零一六年:人民幣2,301,000元)。有關的進一步詳情載述於財務報表附註14。

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (Continued)

Estimation uncertainty (Continued)

Useful lives and residual values of property, plant and equipment

In determining the useful lives and residual values of items of property, plant and equipment, the Group has to consider various factors, such as technical or commercial obsolescence arising from changes or improvements in production, or from a change in the market demand for the product or service output of the asset, expected usage of the asset, expected physical wear and tear, the care and maintenance of the asset, and legal or similar limits on the use of the asset. The estimation of the useful life of the asset is based on the experience of the Group with similar assets that are used in a similar way. The depreciation amount will be adjusted if the estimated useful lives and/or the residual values of items of property, plant and equipment are different from the previous estimation. Useful lives and residual values are reviewed at each financial year end date taking into account changes in circumstances.

Net realisable value of inventories

Net realisable value of inventories is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs to be incurred to completion and disposal. These estimates are based on the current market condition and the historical experience of selling products of a similar nature. It could change significantly as a result of changes in customers' interests or competitor actions. Management reassesses these estimates at the end of each reporting period. There was no impairment provision for inventories as at 31 December 2017 (2016: Nil).

Deferred tax assets

Deferred tax assets should be recognised when it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which the deferred tax assets can be utilised. Significant management judgement is required to determine the amount of deferred tax assets that can be recognised, based upon the likely timing and level of future taxable profits together with future tax planning strategies. The carrying amounts of deferred tax assets at 31 December 2017 were RMB877,000 (2016: RMB646,000). Further details are given in note 19 to the financial statements.

3. 主要會計估計(續)

估計不確定因素(續)

物業、廠房及設備的使用年期和剩餘價值

於釐定物業、廠房及設備項目的使用年期和剩餘價值時,本集團須考慮多項產團須考慮多項內良生產程序或因產產的預定用途、預定用途、預測實際損耗、資產無過數分資產用途的方法律或類似資產的沒有變將導致的技術或商業性陳舊。與做資產的經驗估計可使用年期及一或剩份資產的經驗估計可使用年期及一或額將予數時不同,則折舊值與過往付計不同,則折舊值內於各財政年結日因應情況變化作出評估。

存貨之可變現淨值

存貨之可變現淨值乃其於日常業務過程 中之估計售價,扣除完成及出售所產生 之估計成本。該等估計乃根據現行市況 及銷售類似性質產品之過往經驗。其將 因客戶權益或競爭者行動變動大幅變 動。管理層於各報告期末重新評估該等 估計。於二零一七年十二月三十一日, 並無存貨減值撥備(二零一六年:無)。

遞延税項資產

倘將來可能錄得應課税溢利以扣減遞延 税項資產,應確認遞延税項資產。董 事須根據未來應課税溢利的可能時間及 數額以及未來税項規劃策略作出重大 判斷,以釐定可予確認的遞延税項資 產金額。於二零一七年十二月三十一 日,遞延税項資產的賬面值約為人民 幣877,000元(二零一六年:人民幣 646,000元)。有關的進一步詳情載述於 財務報表附註19。

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4. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION AND REVENUE

Revenue represents the net invoiced value of goods, net of various types of government surcharges.

The Group's revenue and contribution to consolidated results are mainly derived from its sale and installation of ITO film, Smart Light-adjusting film, Smart Light-adjusting Glass and Smart Light-adjusting Projection System, which is regarded as a single reportable segment in a manner consistent with the way in which information is reported internally to the Group's senior management for the purpose of resource allocation and performance assessment. In addition, the principal assets employed by the Group are located in Mainland China. Accordingly, no segment analysis is presented other than entity-wide disclosures.

Entity-wide disclosures

Information about products

The following table sets forth the total revenue from external customers by product and the percentage of total revenue by product during the year:

4. 經營分部資料及收入

收入指貨物的發票淨值,扣除各類政府 附加税。

本集團的收入及綜合業績貢獻主要來 自其銷售及安裝ITO導電膜、智能調光 膜、智能調光玻璃及智能調光投影系 統,其被視為單一可呈報分部,與向本 集團高級管理層就分配資源及業績評估 呈報內部資料的方式一致。此外,本集 團使用的主要資產位於中國大陸。因 此,除以整間公司的方式披露外,無須 呈報分部分析。

整間公司的披露

有關產品的資料

下表載列按產品劃分的來自外部客戶的 總收入以及於本年度按產品劃分的總收 入百分比:

		2017		2016	
		二零一	七年	二零一六年	
		RMB'000	%	RMB'000	%
		人民幣千元		人民幣千元	
ITO film	ITO 導電膜	15,377	13.3	13,729	15.1
Smart Light-adjusting Film	智能調光膜	30,709	26.5	18,882	20.8
Smart Light-adjusting Glass	智能調光玻璃	34,256	29.6	26,492	29.1
Smart Light-adjusting	智能調光				
Projection System	投影系統	28,451	24.6	23,788	26.2
Others	其他	7,030	6.0	7,996	8.8
		115,823	100.0	90,887	100.0

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4. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION AND REVENUE (Continued)

Entity-wide disclosures (Continued)

Geographical information

(a) Revenue from external customers

4. 經營分部資料及收入(續)

整間公司的披露(續)

地區資料

(a) 來自外部客戶的收入

		2017		2016	
		二零一	ニ零一七年 ニ零一六		一六年
		RMB'000	%	RMB'000	%
		人民幣千元		人民幣千元	
Domestic – Mainland China*	國內 – 中國大陸 *	112,794	97.4	89,806	98.8
Others	其他	3,029	2.6	1,081	1.2
		115,823	100.0	90,887	100.0

- * The place of domicile of the Group's principal operating subsidiary is Mainland China. The principal revenue of the Group is generated in Mainland China.
- (b) Non-current assets

The Group's non-current assets are all located in Mainland China.

- 本集團主要營運附屬公司的所在地為 中國大陸。本集團的主要收入產生自 中國大陸。
- (b) 非流動資產

本集團的非流動資產均位於中國 大陸。

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4. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION AND REVENUE (Continued)

Entity-wide disclosures (Continued)

Information about major customers

Revenue from each of the major customers, which amounted to 10% or more of the total revenue, is set out below:

4. 經營分部資料及收入(續)

整間公司的披露(續)

有關主要客戶的資料

來自各主要客戶(佔總收入的10%或以上)的收入載列如下:

		2017	2016
		二零一七年	二零一六年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Customer A	客戶A	11,970	不適用
Customer B	客戶B	*	11,745

5. OTHER INCOME AND GAINS

An analysis of other income and gains is as follows:

5. 其他收入及收益

其他收入及收益分析如下:

		2017 二零一七年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2016 二零一六年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Deferred income released to	撥至損益的遞延收益		
profit or loss (note 21)	(附註21)	91	76
Bank interest income	銀行利息收入	85	17
Government grants*	政府補助*	2,000	600
Foreign exchange gains	匯兑收益	1,341	346
Sales of scrap materials	廢料銷售	79	26
		3,596	1,065

^{*} There were no unfulfilled conditions or contingencies relating to these grants.

^{*} 概無有關該等補助的未達成條件或或 然事件。

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6. PROFIT BEFORE TAX

6. 除税前溢利

The Group's profit before tax is arrived at after charging/(crediting):

本集團除税前溢利乃經扣除/(計入)以 下各項:

		2017 二零一七年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2016 二零一六年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Cost of inventories sold	已售存貨成本	70,646	56,084
Employee benefit expense: (including directors' and chief executive's remuneration) (note 7):	僱員福利開支 (包括董事及 行政總裁薪酬)(附註7): 工資、薪金及		
Wages and salaries and relevant benefits	工具、新並及 相關福利	12,462	9,207
Pension scheme contributions	退休金計劃供款	535	419
		12,997	9,626
Depreciation	折舊	5,571	5,058
Research costs	研究成本	3,571	2,206
Minimum lease payments under	經營租賃項下最低		
operating leases	租賃付款	1,205	948
Auditor's remuneration	核數師酬金	1,680	340
Listing fees expensed off	支銷上市開支	5,523	9,696
Impairment loss on trade receivables	貿易應收款項減值虧損	1,513	924
Loss of disposal of property,	出售物業、廠房及設備		
plant and equipment	之虧損	86	47
Exchange losses/(gains), net	匯兑虧損/(收益),淨額	1,341	(346)

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7. DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S REMUNERATION

Directors' and chief executive's remuneration for the year, disclosed pursuant to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "HKSE"), section 383(1)(a), (b), (c) and (f) of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and Part 2 of the Companies (Disclosure of Information about Benefits of Directors) Regulation, is as follows:

7. 董事及行政總裁酬金

根據香港聯合交易所有限公司(「香港聯交所」)證券上市規則、香港公司條例第383(1)(a)、(b)、(c)及(f)條及公司(披露董事利益資料)規例第2部披露的本年度董事及主要行政人員薪酬如下:

	2017	2016
	二零一七年	二零一六年
	RMB'000	RMB'000
	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
袍金	544	_
其他酬金:		
薪金、津貼及實物利益		
	286	72
退休金計劃供款	13	5
	843	77
	其他酬金: 薪金、津貼及實物利益	RMB'000 人民幣千元 袍金 544 其他酬金: 薪金、津貼及實物利益 286 退休金計劃供款 13

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7. DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S REMUNERATION (Continued)

7. 董事及行政總裁酬金(續)

			Salaries,		
			allowances	Pension	
			and benefits	scheme	
			in kind	contributions	Total
		Fees	薪金、津貼	退休金計劃	remuneration
		袍金	及實物利益	供款	酬金總額
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Year ended	截至二零一七年				
31 December 2017	十二月三十一日止年度				
Executive directors:	執行董事:				
Mr. Zhao Feng	趙峰先生	68	_	_	68
Mr. Zhang Chao	張超先生	68	_	-	68
Mr. Sun Jinli*	孫金禮先生*	68	108	-	176
Mr. Tang Liwen	湯立文先生	68	178	13	259
		272	286	13	571
Non-executive directors:	非執行董事:				
Mr. Liu Hongwei	劉紅維先生	68	_	-	68
Ms. Li Ling	李玲女士	68	_	_	68
Mr. Lee Kwok Tung Louis	李國棟先生	68	_	-	68
Mr. Wei Junfeng	魏軍鋒先生	68	_	_	68
		272	_	_	272
		544	286	13	843

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7. DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S REMUNERATION (Continued)

7. 董事及行政總裁酬金(續)

Salaries,

			,		
			allowances	Pension	
			and benefits	scheme	
			in kind	contributions	Total
		Fees	薪金、津貼	退休金計劃	remuneration
		袍金	及實物利益	供款	酬金總額
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Year ended	截至二零一六年				
31 December 2016	十二月三十一日止年度				
Executive directors:	執行董事:				
Mr. Zhao Feng	趙峰先生	_	_	_	_
Mr. Zhang Chao	張超先生	_	_	_	_
Mr. Sun Jinli	孫金禮先生	-	20	2	22
Mr. Tang Liwen	湯立文先生	-	52	3	55
		_	72	5	77
			, _	Ü	,,
Non-executive directors:	非執行董事:				
Mr. Liu Hongwei	劉紅維先生	_	_	_	_
Mr. Xie Wen	謝文先生	_	_	-	_
			72	5	77
		_	/ _	J	//

^{*} Mr. Sun Jinli who acts as an executive director of the Company is also the chief executive officer of the Company.

There was no arrangement under which a director or the chief executive waived or agreed to waive any remuneration during the year.

年內並無任何董事或行政總裁放棄或同 意放棄任何薪酬之安排。

^{*} 孫金禮先生擔任本公司執行董事,亦 為本公司行政總裁。

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8. FIVE HIGHEST PAID EMPLOYEES

The five highest paid employees during the year included one director (2016: one director), details of whose remuneration are set out in note 7 above. Details of the remuneration of the remaining four highest paid employees who are neither a director nor chief executive of the Company, during the year are as follows:

8. 五位最高薪僱員

年內,五位最高薪僱員包括一位董事 (二零一六年:一位),有關其薪酬詳情 載於上文附註7。年內,餘下四位非本 公司董事及非行政總裁的最高薪僱員的 薪酬詳情如下:

		2017	2016
		二零一七年	二零一六年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Salaries, allowances and	薪金、津貼及		
benefits in kind	實物利益	782	653
Pension scheme contributions	退休金計劃供款	28	22
		810	675

The number of non-director and non-chief executive highest paid employees whose remuneration fell within the following band is as follows: 下列薪酬範圍內非董事及非行政總裁最 高薪僱員的數目如下:

Number of employees

僱員數目

		VE 25 3A	-
		2017	2016
		二零一七年	二零一六年
Nil to HK\$1,000,000	零至1,000,000港元	4	4

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9. INCOME TAX

The Group is subject to income tax on an entity basis on profits arising in or derived from the respective jurisdictions in which members of the Group are domiciled and operate.

Pursuant to the rules and regulations of Bermuda, the Group is not subject to any income tax in Bermuda.

The applicable CIT rate for Hong Kong incorporated subsidiary was 16.5% during the year. No provision for Hong Kong profits tax has been made as the Group had no assessable profit derived from or earned in Hong Kong during the year.

During the year ended 31 December 2017, Zhuhai New Materials was entitled to a preferential PRC CIT rate of 15% as it was accredited as "High and New Technology Enterprise" from 10 October 2015 to 10 October 2018.

The major components of income tax expense for the year are as follows:

9. 所得税

本集團須就其成員公司所處及運營的各 自國家或司法權區所產生或賺取的溢 利,按實體基準交納所得稅。

根據百慕達的法律法規,本集團無須繳納百慕達的任何所得稅。

於本年度,於香港註冊成立的附屬公司 的適用企業所得稅率為16.5%。於本年 度,本集團並無於香港產生或賺取任何 應課稅溢利,故並無就香港利得稅計提 撥備。

截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度,由於珠海新材料自二零一五年十月十日至二零一八年十月十日被認定為「高新技術企業」,其有權享有15%的優惠中國企業所得稅稅率。

於本年度所得税開支的主要部分如下:

2017	2016
二零一七年	二零一六年
RMB'000	RMB'000
人民幣千元	人民幣千元
3,924	2,413
(231)	35
3,693	2,448
	二零一七年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 3,924 (231)

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9. INCOME TAX (Continued)

A reconciliation of the tax expense applicable to profit before tax at the applicable tax rates for the jurisdictions in which companies within the Group are domiciled to the tax expense at the effective tax rate is as follows:

9. 所得税(續)

以集團的除税前溢利,按集團內各公司 所在之國家或司法管轄區的適用税率計 算的税項開支,及按集團實際税率計算 的税項開支,兩者對賬如下:

		2017 二零一七年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2016 二零一六年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Profit before tax Add: disallowed expenses	除税前溢利 加:本公司產生	17,719	8,829
incurred by the Company*	不可抵扣開支*	5,765	6,711
Profit before tax generated by Hong Kong and PRC subsidiaries	由香港及中國附屬公司產生 之除税前溢利	23,484	15,540
At the applicable tax rates	按適用税率計算		
- 15%	– 15%	3,559	2,354
- 16.5%	- 16.5%	(40)	(25)
Expenses not deductible for tax	不可扣減税項開支	82	94
Tax losses not recognised	未獲確認的税項虧損	92	25
Tax charge at the Group's	本集團實際税率		
effective tax rate	的税項開支	3,693	2,448

^{*} Expenses incurred by the Company mainly consist of transaction costs relating to the Listing incurred by the Company. These expenses are not expected to be tax deductible.

本公司產生的開支主要包括本公司就 上市引致之交易費用。該等開支預期 不可扣減稅項。

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10. DIVIDEND

At a meeting of the Directors held on 20 March 2018, the Directors recommended a final dividend of HK\$0.8 cents per share for the year ended 31 December 2017 (2016 final dividend: Nil), subject to shareholders' approval at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

11. EARNINGS PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO ORDINARY EQUITY HOLDERS OF THE COMPANY

The calculation of the basic earnings per share amount is based on the profit attributable to ordinary equity holders of the Company for the year of RMB14,026,000 (2016: RMB6,381,000), and on the assumption that 360,000,000 shares of USD0.01 each issued and issuable comprising 11,100 shares in issue and 359,988,900 shares issued pursuant to the capitalisation issue as set out in note 22(a) as if the shares had been in issue throughout the year (2016: 359,999,749 shares, comprising weighted average number of shares in issue of 10,849 shares during 2016 and 359,988,900 shares issued pursuant to the capitalisation issue as set out in note 22(a)), and the weighted average number of 53,917,808 ordinary shares of the Company issued upon the completion of the listing of the Company, as further detailed in note 22(b).

No adjustment has been made to the basic earnings per share amount presented for the year 2017 in respect of a dilution as the Group had no potential dilutive ordinary shares in issue during the year.

10. 股息

於二零一八年三月二十日舉行之董事會議上,董事建議就截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度派付末期股息每股0.8港仙(二零一六年末期股息:無),惟須待股東於應屆股東週年大會上批准。

11. 本公司普通股權益持有人應 佔每股盈利

每股基本盈利金額乃根據本年度本公 司普通股權益持有人應佔溢利人民 幣 14,026,000元(二零一六年:人民 幣6,381,000元)計算,並假設如附註 22(a)所載根據資本化發行已發行及可 發 行360,000,000股 每 股0.01美 元 的 股份(其中包括11.100股已發行股份 及359,988,900股已發行股份),猶如 股份已於整個本年度內發行(二零一六 年:359,999,749股股份,包括如附註 22(a)所載二零一六年已發行10,849股 之加權平均數及根據資本化發行已發 行之359,988,900股股份),及本公司 上市完成後本公司普通股加權平均數 53.917.808 股 普 通 股 (如 附 註 22(b) 詳 述)。

由於本集團於二零一七年年度並無已發 行潛在攤薄普通股,因此本年度所呈列 的每股基本盈利金額未作出攤薄調整。

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12. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

12. 物業、廠房及設備

		Plant and	Motor	Office	Construction	
		machinery	vehicles	equipment	in progress	Total
		廠房及機器	汽車	辦公設備	在建工程	總計
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
31 December 2017	二零一七年十二月三十一日					
Cost:	成本:					
At 31 December 2016	於二零一六年十二月三十一日					
and 1 January 2017	於二零一七年一月一日	56,307	822	71	79	57,279
Additions	添置	5,686	_	36	_	5,722
Reduction in costs	成本減少	(450)	_	_	_	(450)
Disposals	出售	(7)	_	_	(79)	(86)
At 31 December 2017	於二零一七年十二月三十一日	61,356	822	107	_	62,465
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊及減值:					
and impairment:						
At 31 December 2016	於二零一六年十二月三十一日					
and 1 January 2017	於二零一七年一月一日	16,857	504	29	-	17,390
Depreciation provided	本年度折舊撥備					
for the year		5,478	79	14	_	5,571
Disposals	出售	_	_	_	_	
At 31 December 2017	於二零一七年十二月三十一日	22,335	583	43	-	22,961
Net carrying amount:	賬面淨值:					
At 1 January 2017	於二零一七年一月一日	39,450	318	42	79	39,889
At 31 December 2017	於二零一七年十二月三十一日	39,201	239	64	_	39,504

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12. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (Continued)

12. 物業、廠房及設備(續)

		Plant and machinery 廠房及機器 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Motor vehicles 汽車 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Office equipment 辦公設備 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Construction in progress 在建工程 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
31 December 2016	二零一六年十二月三十一日					
Cost: At 31 December 2015	成本: 於二零一五年十二月三十一日					
and 1 January 2016	於二零一六年一月一日	57,424	822	111	1,460	59,817
Additions	添置	-	-	2	976	978
Transfers	調轉	2,357	-	-	(2,357)	-
Reduction in costs	成本減少	(485)	-	-	-	(485)
Disposals	出售	(2,989)	-	(42)	-	(3,031)
At 31 December 2016	於二零一六年十二月三十一日	56,307	822	71	79	57,279
Accumulated depreciation and impairment:	累計折舊及減值:					
At 31 December 2015	於二零一五年十二月三十一日					
and 1 January 2016	於二零一六年一月一日	13,945	379	22	-	14,346
Depreciation provided	本年度折舊撥備					
for the year		4,920	125	13	-	5,058
Disposals	出售	(2,008)	_	(6)	_	(2,014)
At 31 December 2016	於二零一六年十二月三十一日	16,857	504	29	-	17,390
Net carrying amount:	賬面淨值:					
At 1 January 2016	於二零一六年一月一日	43,479	443	89	1,460	45,471
At 31 December 2016	於二零一六年十二月三十一日	39,450	318	42	79	39,889

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13. INVENTORIES

13. 存貨

		2017 二零一七年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2016 二零一六年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Raw materials	原材料	5,820	4,362
Work in progress	在製品	4,411	4,031
Finished goods	產成品	2,881	3,503
		13,112	11,896

14. TRADE AND BILLS RECEIVABLES

14. 貿易應收款項及應收票據

		2017	2016
		二零一七年	二零一六年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Trade receivables	貿易應收款項	95,633	61,605
Less: Impairment	減:減值	(3,814)	(2,301)
		91,819	59,304
Bills receivable	應收票據	_	769
		91,819	60,073

The Group's trading terms with its customers are mainly on credit. The credit periods generally range from one to six months for major customers. Trade receivables from small and new customers are normally expected to be settled shortly after the delivery of goods. No credit period is set by the Group for small and new customers.

The Group does not hold any collateral or other credit enhancements over its trade receivable balances. Trade receivables are non-interest-bearing.

本集團與客戶間的貿易條款以信貸交易 為主。本集團一般授予主要客戶介乎一 至六個月的信貸期。來自小型及新增客 戶的貿易應收款項通常預期在緊隨交付 貨品之後立即結算。本集團未就小型及 新增客戶設定信貸期。

本集團並無就貿易應收款項餘額持有任何抵押品或其他信貸加強措施。貿易應收款項為免息。

財務報表附註

31 December 2017 二零一七年十二月三十一日

14. TRADE AND BILLS RECEIVABLES (Continued)

An aging analysis of the trade and bills receivables as at the end of the reporting period, based on the billing date and net of impairment, is as follows:

14. 貿易應收款項及應收票據

於報告期末,按照賬單日期及扣除減值 基準計算的貿易應收款項及應收票據賬 齡分析如下:

		2017	2016
		二零一七年	二零一六年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Within 3 months	三個月內	42,778	30,263
3 to 6 months	三至六個月	28,098	18,636
6 to 12 months	六至十二個月	10,806	9,745
1 to 2 years	一至兩年	10,137	1,429
		91,819	60,073

At 31 December 2017, retentions held by customers for contract works included in trade receivables amounted to approximately RMB2,227,000 (2016: RMB1,424,000).

The movements in provision for impairment of trade receivables are as follows:

於二零一七年十二月三十一日,貿易應 收款項中包括的客戶所持承包工程保留 金約為人民幣2,227,000元(二零一六 年:人民幣1,424,000元)。

貿易應收款項之減值撥備變動如下:

		2017 二零一七年 RMB'000	2016 二零一六年 RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
At beginning of year	於年初	2,301	1,377
Impairment loss recognised (note 6)	已確認減值虧損(附註6)	1,513	924
		3,814	2,301

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31 December 2017 二零一七年十二月三十一日

14. TRADE AND BILLS RECEIVABLES (Continued)

The individually impaired trade receivables relate to customers that were in financial difficulties or were in default in interest or principal payment or both and only a portion of the receivables is expected to be recovered. The Group does not hold any collateral or other credit enhancements over these balances.

The aging analysis of the trade and bills receivables that are not individually impaired and trade receivables that are considered partially impaired is as follows:

14. 貿易應收款項及應收票據

個別已減值的貿易應收款項與多名出現 財政困難或拖欠利息或本金付款或兩者 兼具的客戶有關,且預期僅可收回部分 該等應收款項。本集團並無就該等結餘 持有任何抵押品或其他信貸加強措施。

並未出現個別減值的貿易應收款項及應 收票據以及被認為部分出現減值的貿易 應收款項的賬齡分析如下:

		2017	2016
		二零一七年	二零一六年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Neither past due nor impaired	未逾期亦未減值	37,470	14,071
Past due but not impaired:	已逾期但未減值:		
Less than 6 months past due	逾期不足六個月	40,653	35,760
6 to 12 months past due	逾期6至12個月	4,789	9,088
Over 12 months past due	逾期12個月以上	8,907	1,154
		91,819	60,073

Receivables that were neither past due nor impaired relate to a large number of diversified customers for whom there was no recent history of default.

Receivables that were past due but not impaired relate to a number of independent customers. The Directors are of the opinion that no provision for impairment is necessary in respect of these balances as there has not been a significant change in credit quality and the balances are still considered fully recoverable. The Group does not hold any collateral or other credit enhancements over these balances.

未逾期亦未減值的應收款項乃與大量近 期並無違約記錄的多名客戶有關。

已逾期但未減值的應收款項乃與多名獨立客戶有關。由於信貸質素並無出現重大變動,且有關結餘仍被視為可全數收回,本公司董事認為毋須就該等剩餘結餘作出進一步減值撥備。本集團並無就該等結餘持有任何抵押品或其他信貸加強措施。

財務報表附註

31 December 2017 二零一七年十二月三十一日

15. PREPAYMENTS, DEPOSITS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

15. 預付款項、按金及其他應收款項

		2017	2016
		二零一七年	二零一六年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Prepayments to suppliers	應付供應商款項	3,104	2,584
Deposits	按金	55	_
Deferred listing fees*	遞延上市費用*	-	3,084
Due from related parties (note 28(c))	應收關連方款項(附註28(c))	2,478	_
Other receivables	其他應收款項	1,482	753
		7,119	6,421

^{*} Deferred listing fees represent legal and other professional fees relating to the Listing and they have been deducted from equity when the Company completed the Listing.

16. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND PLEDGED DEPOSITS

16. 現金及現金等價物以及抵押存款

		2017	2016
		二零一七年	二零一六年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Cash and bank balances	現金及銀行結餘	87,492	7,543
Less: Pledged deposits for	減:就以下各項之抵押存款		
Performance guarantee	履約擔保	(20)	(20)
Bills payable	應付票據	(1,934)	
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	85,538	7,523

^{*} 遞延上市費用指與上市有關之法律及 其他專業費用,本公司完成上市時其 已從股權內扣除。

財務報表附註

31 December 2017 二零一七年十二月三十一日

16. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND PLEDGED DEPOSITS (Continued)

The Group's cash and bank balances and time deposits denominated in the following currencies:

16. 現金及現金等價物以及抵押存款(續)

2017

本集團現金及銀行結餘以及定期存款以 下列貨幣列值:

2010

		2017	2016
		二零一七年	二零一六年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
RMB equivalent amount:	人民幣等值金額:		
RMB	人民幣	82,440	7,107
HK	港元	2,881	33
US\$	美元	217	383
		85,538	7,523

The RMB is not freely convertible into other currencies. However, under Mainland China's Foreign Exchange Control Regulations and Administration of Settlement, Sale and Payment of Foreign Exchange Regulations, the Group is permitted to exchange RMB for other currencies through banks authorised to conduct foreign exchange business.

Cash at banks earns interest at floating rates based on daily bank deposit rates. Time deposits are made for varying periods of between one day and three months depending on the immediate cash requirements of the Group, and earn interest at the respective short term time deposit rates. The bank balances are deposited with creditworthy banks with no recent history of default.

人民幣不可自由地兑換為其他貨幣。然 而,根據中國大陸的外匯管理條例及結 匯、售匯及付匯管理規定,本集團獲准 通過獲授權經營外匯業務的銀行將人民 幣兑換為其他貨幣。

銀行現金按每日銀行存款利率之浮動利率計息。定期存款之存款期介乎一日至三個月,視本集團之即時現金需求而定,並按相關短期定期存款利率計息。銀行結餘和抵押存款已存入近期沒有不良拖欠記錄、信譽良好的銀行中。

財務報表附註

31 December 2017 二零一七年十二月三十一日

17. TRADE AND BILLS PAYABLES

An aging analysis of the trade and bills payables as at the end of the reporting period, based on the purchase recognition date, is as follows:

17. 貿易應付款項及應付票據

於報告期末,基於確認購買日期計算貿易應付款項及應付票據的賬齡分析如下:

		2017	2016
		二零一七年	二零一六年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Within 6 months	六個月內	19,047	18,079
6 to 12 months	六至十二個月	3,219	4,376
1 to 2 years	一至兩年	2,904	384
2 to 3 years	兩至三年	91	109
Over 3 years	三年以上	170	156
		25,431	23,104

The trade and bills payables are non-interest-bearing and are normally settled on three-month terms.

As at 31 December 2017, the Group's bills payable totalling RMB1,726,000 were secured by the pledged deposits amounting to RMB1,934,000 (2016: Nil).

該等貿易應付款項及應付票據為免息並 通常按三個月期限結算。

二零一七年十二月三十一日,本集團合計人民幣1,726,000元之應付票據由金額為人民幣1,934,000元的抵押存款所擔保(二零一六年:無)。

18. OTHER PAYABLES AND ACCRUALS

18. 其他應付款項及應計費用

		2017 二零一七年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2016 二零一六年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Advances from customers	客戶墊款	2,120	2,977
Accrued expenses	應計開支	1,250	3,827
Payroll and welfare payable	應付工資及福利	1,781	1,407
Tax and surcharge payables	應付税項及附加費	15,376	9,332
Payables related to property,	物業、廠房及設備有關		
plant and equipment	之應付款項	2,052	1,751
Due to related parties (note 28(c))	應付關連方款項(附註28(c))	1,432	1,987
Other payables	其他應付款項	545	667
		24,556	21,948

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31 December 2017 二零一七年十二月三十一日

19. DEFERRED TAX

19. 遞延税項

The movements of deferred tax assets during the year are as follows:

遞延税項資產於年內之變動如下:

Deferred tax assets

遞延税項資產

		Impairment on trade receivables 貿易應 收款項減值 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Impairment on property, plant and equipment 物業、廠房及 設備減值 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Others 其他 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
At 1 January 2016	於二零一六年一月一日	207	290	114	611
Deferred tax credited/(charged) to profit or loss during the year (note 9)	計入/(扣除自)年內 損益之遞延税項 (附註9)	139	(290)	186	35
At 31 December 2016 and at 1 January 2017	於二零一六年 十二月三十一日及 二零一七年一月一日	346	-	300	646
Deferred tax charged to profit or loss during the year (note 9)	扣除自年內損益之 遞延税項(附註9)	227	-	4	231
At 31 December 2017	於二零一七年 十二月三十一日	573	1000 to Ta	304	877

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31 December 2017 二零一七年十二月三十一日

20. PROVISION

20. 撥備

		2017	2016
		二零一七年	二零一六年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
)		
At beginning of year	於年初	1,192	764
Additional provision	額外撥備	345	964
Amounts utilised during the year	於年內已動用金額	(225)	(536)
At end of year	於年末	1,312	1,192

The Group provides 6-month to 2-year warranties to its customers on certain of its products, under which default products are repaired or replaced. The amount of provision for warranties is estimated on sales and past experience of the level of repairs and returns. The estimation basis is reviewed on an ongoing basis and revised as appropriate.

本集團就其若干產品向其客戶提供6個 月至2年的質保,據此有缺陷產品可予 維修或退換。質保之撥備金額基於銷售 以及維修程度及退貨之過往經驗估計。 估計基準持續檢討及按適用情況予以修 訂。

21. DEFERRED INCOME

21. 遞延收入

		2017	2016
		二零一七年	二零一六年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
At beginning of year	於年初	812	_
Government grants received	年內已收政府補助		
during the year		_	888
Released to profit or loss (note 5)	撥至損益(附註5)	(91)	(76)
		721	812

Deferred income represented government grants received by the Group in respect of the import of equipment and is released to profit or loss by annual instalment to match with the expected useful lives of the relevant assets.

遞延收入指本集團進口設備已收取之政 府補助並通過年度分期撥至損益以匹配 相關資產之預期可使用年期。

財務報表附註

31 December 2017 二零一七年十二月三十一日

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			CAL	

22. 股本

Shares 股份

		2017 二零一七年	2016 二零一六年
		US\$'000	US\$'000
		千美元	千美元
Authorised:	法定:		
10,000,000,000	10,000,000,000股		
(31 December 2016:	(二零一六年十二月三十一日:		
1,000,000) ordinary shares	1,000,000股)每股面值0.01美元		
of US\$0.01 each	之普通股	100,000	10
Issued and fully paid:	已發行及繳足:		
480,000,000	480,000,000 股		
(31 December 2016: 11,100)	(二零一六年十二月三十一日:		
ordinary shares of US\$0.01 each	11,100股)每股面值0.01美元		
	之普通股	4,800	0.1
Equivalent to approximately RMB'000	等於約人民幣千元	32,655	1

During the year, the movements in issued capital were as follows:

年內已發行股本變動如下:

		Number of	Issued
		shares in issue	capital
		已發行	
		股份數目	已發行股本
			RMB'000
			人民幣千元
At 1 January 2016	於二零一六年一月一日	10.000	1
Issue of Shares	發行股份	1,100	-
	Execution 1		
At 31 December 2016 and	於二零一六年十二月三十一日及		
1 January 2017	二零一七年一月一日	11,100	1
Capitalisation Issue (note (a))	資本化發行(附註(a))	359,988,900	24,565
Initial Public Offering (note (b))	首次公開發售(附註(b))	120,000,000	8,089
At 31 December 2017	於二零一七年十二月三十一日	480,000,000	32,655

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31 December 2017 二零一七年十二月三十一日

22. SHARE CAPITAL (Continued)

Shares (Continued)

Notes:

(a) Capitalisation Issue

Pursuant to the resolutions passed by the shareholders of the Company on 23 June 2017, the Directors were authorised to capitalise an aggregate amount of US\$3,599,889 standing to the credit of the share premium of the Company and to appropriate such amount as capital to pay up in full at par 359,988,900 shares for allotment and issue to the persons whose names appear on the register of members of the Company at the close of business on 23 June 2017, in proportion to their then existing shareholdings in the Company, each ranking pari passu in all respects with the then existing issued shares ("Capitalisation Issue"). Capitalisation Issue had been completed immediately following the Listing Date.

(b) Initial Public Offering

On 21 July 2017, 120,000,000 ordinary shares of par value of US\$0.01 each were issued at a price of HK\$1.00 per share under the Hong Kong Public Share Offer. The proceeds of US\$1,200,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB8,089,000) representing the par value, were credited to the Company's share capital. The remaining proceeds of HK\$110,640,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB95,491,000) before share issue expenses of RMB7,647,000, were credited to the share premium account.

22. 股本(續)

股份(續)

附註:

(a) 資本化發行

根據本公司股東於二零一七年六月二十三日通過的決議案,董事獲授權將本公司股份溢價賬中的進賬額3,599,889美元撥充資本,用於按面值繳足按照當時所持本公司現有股權的比例以供配發及發行予於二零一七年六月二十三日營業結束時名列本公司股東名冊之人士的359,988,900股股份(每股股份在所有方面與當時現有已發行股份具有相同權利)(「資本化發行」)。緊接上市日期後,資本化發行已完成。

(b) 首次公開發售

於二零一七年七月二十一日,根據香港公開股份發售120,000,000股每股面值0.01美元之普通股已按每股1.00港元之價格發行。相當於面值之所得款項1,200,000美元(等於約人民幣8,089,000元)已計入本公司之股本。扣除股份發行開支人民幣7,647,000元前之餘下所得款項110,640,000港元(等於約人民幣95,491,000元)已計入股份溢價賬。

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31 December 2017 二零一十年十二月三十一日

23. RESERVES

The amounts of the Group's reserves and the movements therein for the current and prior year are presented in the consolidated statement of changes in equity on page 87 of the financial statements.

(a) Share premium

During the year ended 31 December 2017, the movements in share premium account were resulted from the Capitalisation Issue and the Initial Public Offering as described in notes 22(a) and 22(b) above.

(b) Contributed surplus

The contributed surplus resulted from the reorganisation of the Group before the Listing, represents the difference between (i) the distribution to the then parent company of RMB55,161,000 for the acquisition of its 100% equity interest in Zhuhai New Materials by the Group pursuant to the reorganisation and (ii) the nominal value of the paid-up capital of Zhuhai New Materials of RMB50,000,000.

(c) Statutory reserves

Pursuant to the relevant laws and regulations in the PRC, a portion of profits as determined in accordance of the Generally Accepted Accounting Principles of the PRC of subsidiaries established in the PRC has been transferred to reserves funds. Such reserve funds are non-distributable except in the event of liquidation and subject to certain restrictions set out in the relevant PRC regulations. They can be used to offset accumulated losses or capitalised as paid-up capital.

(d) Capital reserves

Capital reserves consist of (1) the deemed contribution from the Company's intermediate holding company, Singyes Solar with respect to share options granted by Singyes Solar; (2) and the advance received from Top Access in 2015 amounting to RMB55,161,000, which was waived by Top Access during the same year.

23. 儲備

本集團本年度及過往年度之儲備金額及 相關變動載於財務報表第87頁綜合權益 變動表內。

(a) 股份溢價

於截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度,股份溢價賬變動乃由於上文附註22(a)及22(b)所述的資本化發行及首次公開發售而產生。

(b) 繳入盈餘

繳入盈餘乃由於上市前本集團重組而產生,指(i)本集團根據重組收購其於珠海新材料100%股權而向當時的母公司作出的分派人民幣55,161,000元;及(ii)珠海新材料的繳足股本面值人民幣50,000,000元。

(c) 法定儲備

根據中國的相關法律法規,根據中國公認會計原則釐定於中國成立的一間附屬公司的部分溢利已轉撥至儲備金。該等儲備金不可分派(除非發生清盤)並受限於中國相關法規所載的若干限制。該等儲備可以用於抵銷累計虧損或資本化為繳足股本。

(d) 資本儲備

資本儲備包括(1)本公司的中間控股公司興業太陽能就興業太陽能 授予購股權的視作出資:(2)及二零一五年Top Access金額為人民幣55,161,000元的墊款,該墊款已於同年獲Top Access免除。

財務報表附註

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24. OPERATING LEASE ARRANGEMENTS

As lessee

The Group leases certain of its office and factory under operating lease arrangements. Leases for properties are negotiated for terms ranging from one to five years (2016: one to three years). As at 31 December 2017, the Group had total future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases falling due as follows:

24. 經營租約安排

作為承租人

本集團根據經營租約安排租用若干辦公室及工廠。該等物業租約協定租期為一至五年(二零一六年:一至三年)。於二零一七年十二月三十一日,本集團根據於下列年期到期的不可撤銷經營租約的未來最低應付租金總額如下:

		2017	2016
		二零一七年	二零一六年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Within one year	一年內	866	1,122
In the second to five years, inclusive	第二至第五年(包括首尾兩年)	3,377	775
		4,243	1,897

25. COMMITMENTS

In addition to the operating lease commitments detailed in note 24 above, the Group had the following capital commitments at the end of the reporting period:

25. 承擔

除上文附註24詳述之經營租約承擔外, 於報告期末,本集團有下列資本承擔:

		2017	2016
		二零一七年	二零一六年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Contracted, but not provided for:	已訂約但未撥備:		
Plant and machinery	廠房及機器	55	10

26. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

As at 31 December 2017, the Group had no significant contingent liabilities.

26. 或然負債

於二零一七年十二月三十一日,本集團 並無任何重大或然負債。

財務報表附註

31 December 2017 二零一七年十二月三十一日

27. NOTE TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF 27. 綜合現金流量表附註 CASH FLOWS

Changes in liabilities arising from financing activities

因融資活動產生的負債變動

Due to related parties 應付關連方款項 RMB'000

人民幣千元

At 1 January 2017	於二零一七年一月一日	1,987
Changes from operating activities	經營活動產生的變動	526
Changes from financing cash flows	融資現金流量產生的變動	(1,081)
At 31 December 2017	於二零一七年十二月三十一日	1,432
At 1 January 2016	於二零一六年一月一日	336
Changes from financing cash flows	融資現金流量產生的變動	1,651
At 21 December 2016	·· /	1.007
At 31 December 2016	於二零一六年十二月三十一日	1,987

28. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES

28. 關連方交易及結餘

Details of the Company's principal related parties are as follows:

本公司主要關連方的詳情如下:

Company name	Relationship
公司名稱	關係
Top Access	Parent company 母公司
Singyes Solar 興業太陽能	Intermediate holding company 中間控股公司
Zhuhai Singyes Green Building Technology Co., Ltd. ("Zhuhai Singyes")	Fellow subsidiary
珠海興業綠色建築科技有限公司(「珠海興業」)	同系附屬公司
Singyes Energy-saving Technologies Co., Ltd. ("Singyes Energy-saving")	Fellow subsidiary
興業節能科技有限公司(「興業節能」)	同系附屬公司
Zhuhai Singyes Electronic Technology Co., Ltd. ("Singyes Xinye") (\[Singyes Xinye\])	Fellow subsidiary 同系附屬公司

財務報表附註

31 December 2017 二零一七年十二月三十一日

28. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES (Continued)

(a) In addition to the transactions and balances detailed elsewhere in the financial statements, the Group had the following material transactions with related parties during the year:

28. 關連方交易及結餘(續)

(a) 除財務報表其他地方詳述的交易 及結餘外,年內本集團擁有下列 與關連方的重大交易:

 2017
 2016

 二零一七年
 二零一六年

 RMB'000
 RMB'000

 人民幣千元
 人民幣千元

Operating lease rental expenses:經營租約租金開支:Singyes Energy-saving興業節能931

The Directors consider that the operating lease rental expenses paid by the Group to related parties as determined under the tenancy agreements were based on market rates for similar premises in similar locations.

根據租賃協議釐定的經營租約租 金開支乃基於類似地點類似物業 的市場費率。

董事認為,本集團向關連方支付

Meal expenses:餐費開支:Singyes Energy-saving興業節能449378

Singyes Energy-saving provides meal services to the employees of the Group at the rate of RMB3 per breakfast per person and RMB11 per lunch/dinner per person as determined under the service agreements. The Directors consider that the rates in respect of the provision of meal services by Singyes Energy-saving were determined on normal commercial terms.

興業節能向本集團的僱員提供就 餐服務,按服務協議釐定的費率 為每人每次早餐人民幣3元及每 人每次中餐/晚餐人民幣11元。 董事認為,就興業節能提供就餐 服務的費率乃按一般商業條款釐 定。

財務報表附註

31 December 2017 二零一七年十二月三十一日

28. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES (Continued)

28. 關連方交易及結餘(續)

(b) Other transactions with related parties:

(b) 與關連方的其他交易:

		2017	2016
		二零一七年	二零一六年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Advances from:	來自以下各方的墊款:		
Zhuhai Singyes	珠海興業	_	1,461
Singyes Xinye	Singyes Xinye	_	26
Singyes Solar	興業太陽能		3,945
Singyes Energy-saving	興業節能		790
- Chilgyes Energy Saving	77. AL 16.		750
		_	6,222
Repayment of advances to:	向以下各方償還墊款:		
Zhuhai Singyes	珠海興業	118	1,493
Singyes Xinye	Singyes Xinye	_	81
Singyes Solar	興業太陽能	963	2,997
		1,081	4,571
Advances to:	墊款予:		
Singyes Energy-saving	興業節能	5,000	_
Zhuhai Singyes	珠海興業	963	_
Singyes Solar	興業太陽能	1,514	_
		7,477	_
Repayment of advances from:	下列各方償還墊款:		
Singyes Energy-saving	興業節能	5,000	ft

財務報表附註

31 December 2017 二零一七年十二月三十一日

28. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES (Continued)

28. 關連方交易及結餘(續)

(c) Outstanding balances with related parties

(c) 關連方未償還結餘

		2017 二零一七年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2016 二零一六年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Due from the related parties:	應收關連方款項:		
Non-trade in nature	非貿易性質		
Singyes Solar	興業太陽能	1,514	_
Zhuhai Singyes	珠海興業	964	_
		2,478	-
Due to related parties:	應付關連方款項:		
Trade in nature	貿易性質		
Singyes Energy-saving	興業節能	526	
Non-trade in nature	非貿易性質		
Singyes Solar	興業太陽能	_	963
Zhuhai Singyes	珠海興業	_	118
Singyes Energy-saving	興業節能	906	906
		906	1,987

Balances with the related parties are interest-free, unsecured and have no fixed terms of repayment.

關連方結餘為免息、無抵押及並 無固定還款期限。

財務報表附註

31 December 2017 二零一七年十二月三十一日

28. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES (Continued)

28. 關連方交易及結餘(續)

(d) Compensation of key management personnel of the Group

(d) 本集團主要管理人員的薪酬

		2017 二零一七年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2016 二零一六年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Salaries, allowances and	薪金、津貼及		
benefits in kind	實物利益	1,018	946
Pension scheme contributions	退休金計劃供款	43	42
		1,061	988

Further details of directors' and the chief executive's emoluments are included in note 7 to the financial statements.

有關董事及行政總裁酬金的進一步詳情載於財務報表附註7。

29. TRANSFERS OF FINANCIAL ASSETS

Transferred financial assets that are not derecognised in their entirety

29. 金融資產轉讓

未完全終止確認的已轉讓金融資 產

2017	2016
二零一七年	二零一六年
RMB'000	RMB'000
人民幣千元	人民幣千元

Gross amount of assets that continued to be recognised:

繼續確認的資產總額:

財務報表附註

31 December 2017 二零一七年十二月三十一日

29. TRANSFERS OF FINANCIAL ASSETS (Continued)

Transferred financial assets that are not derecognised in their entirety (Continued)

At 31 December 2016, the Group endorsed certain bills receivable accepted by banks in Mainland China (the "Endorsed Bills") with a total carrying amount of RMB50,000 to certain of its suppliers in order to settle the trade payables due to such suppliers. The Endorsed Bills had a maturity of one to six months at 31 December 2016. In the opinion of the Directors, the Group has retained the substantial risks and rewards, which include default risks relating to the Endorsed Bills, and accordingly, it continued to recognise the full carrying amounts of the Endorsed Bills and the associated trade payables settled. Subsequent to the endorsement, the Group did not retain any rights on the use of the Endorsed Bills, including sale, transfer or pledge of the Endorsed Bills to any other third parties. The aggregate carrying amount of the trade payables settled by the Endorsed Bills during the vear to which the suppliers have recourse were RMB50.000 as at 31 December 2016. As at 31 December 2017, there was no outstanding endorsed bills receivable.

Transferred financial assets that are derecognised in their entirety

As at 31 December 2017, the Group endorsed certain bills receivable accepted by certain reputable banks in Mainland China to certain of its suppliers in order to settle the trade payables due to such suppliers, with carrying amounts in aggregate of RMB7,101,000 (referred to as the "Derecognised Bills", 2016: RMB6,626,000). The Derecognised Bills had a maturity from one to six months at 31 December 2017. In accordance with the Law of Negotiable Instruments in the PRC, the holders of the Derecognised Bills have a right of recourse against the Group if the PRC banks default (the "Continuing Involvement"). In the opinion of the Directors, the Group has transferred substantially all risks and rewards relating to the Derecognised Bills. Accordingly, it has derecognised the full carrying amount of the Derecognised Bills. The maximum exposure to loss from the Group's Continuing Involvement in the Derecognised Bills and the undiscounted cash flows to repurchase these Derecognised Bills is equal to their carrying amounts. In the opinion of the Directors, the fair value of the Group's Continuing Involvement in the Derecognised Bills is not significant.

29. 金融資產轉讓(續)

未完全終止確認的已轉讓金融資 產(續)

於二零一六年十二月三十一日,本集團 將中國大陸銀行接受的總賬面值分別為 人民幣50.000元的若干應收票據(「背書 票據」) 背書予其若干供應商,以結算應 付該等供應商的貿易應付款項。於二零 一六年十二月三十一日,背書票據的到 期時間為一至六個月。董事認為,本集 團已保留大部分風險及回報(包括背書 票據違約風險),因此繼續確認背書票 據及相關已結算貿易應付款項的全部賬 面值。背書後,本集團並無保留使用背 書票據的任何權利,包括向任何其他第 三方出售、轉讓或抵押背書票據。年內 以供應商有追索權的背書票據結算的貿 易應付款項於二零一六年十二月三十一 日的總賬面值為人民幣50,000元。於二 零一七年十二月三十一日,並無任何未 償還的應收背書票據。

已完全終止確認的已轉讓金融資 產

於二零一十年十二月三十一日,本集團 將中國大陸若干知名銀行接受的總賬面 值為人民幣7,101,000元(二零一六年: 人民幣6,626,000元)的若干應收票據 (「終止確認票據」) 背書予其若干供應 商,以結算結欠該等供應商的貿易應付 款項。於二零一七年十二月三十一日, 終止確認的票據的到期時間為一至六個 月。根據中國票據法,如中國銀行違 約,終止確認票據持有人有權向本集團 追索(「持續參與」)。董事認為,本集團 已轉讓與終止確認票據有關的絕大部分 風險及回報。因此,本集團已終止確認 終止確認票據的全部賬面值。本集團持 續參與終止確認票據及購回該等終止確 認票據的未貼現現金流量面臨的最高損 失風險等於其賬面值。董事認為,本集 團持續參與終止確認票據的公平值並不 重大。

財務報表附註

31 December 2017 二零一十年十二月三十一日

29. TRANSFERS OF FINANCIAL ASSETS (Continued)

Transferred financial assets that are derecognised in their entirety (Continued)

During the year, the Group has not recognised any gain or loss on the date of transfer of the Derecognised Bills (2016: Nil). No gains or losses were recognised from the Continuing Involvement, both during the year or cumulatively. The endorsement has been made evenly throughout the year.

30. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The Group's principal financial instruments comprise trade and bills receivables, other receivables, trade and other payables, interest-bearing bank loans and cash and cash equivalents. The main purpose of these financial instruments is to raise finance for the Group's operations.

The main risks arising from the Group's financial instruments are interest rate risk, foreign currency risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The board of Directors reviews and agrees policies for managing each of these risks and they are summarised below.

Interest rate risk

The Group does not have any significant exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates as the Group does not have any significant long term receivables and loans which are subject to floating interest rate.

29. 金融資產轉讓(續)

已完全終止確認的已轉讓金融資 產(續)

於本年度,本集團並無於已終止確認票 據轉讓日期確認任何收益或虧損(二零 一六年:無)。並無因持續參與而於年 內或累計確認任何收益或虧損。於整個 年度內背書已平均作出。

30. 財務風險管理目的及政策

本集團的主要金融工具包括貿易應收款項及應收票據、其他應收款項、貿易及其他應付款項、計息銀行貸款以及現金及現金等價物。該等金融工具的主要用途是為本集團的經營籌集資金。

本集團金融工具所產生之主要風險為利 率風險、外幣風險、信貸風險及流動資 金風險。董事會復核及商議管理各類風 險的政策,有關政策概述如下。

利率風險

本集團並無面臨市場利率的任何重大變 動風險,因本集團並無受浮息利率規限 的任何重大長期應收款項及貸款。

財務報表附註

31 December 2017 二零一七年十二月三十一日

30. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

Foreign currency risk

The Group's principal businesses are located in the PRC and most of the transactions are conducted in RMB. Most of the Group's assets and liabilities are denominated in RMB, except for those of the overseas subsidiary in Hong Kong and the Company whose functional currency is HK\$ and certain items of cash and cash equivalents and other payables and accruals that are denominated in HK\$ and US\$.

The Group does not consider that it has any significant exposure to the risk of fluctuation in the exchange rates between HK\$, US\$ and RMB as a reasonable possible change of 5% in RMB against HK\$ and US\$ would have no significant financial impact on the Group's profit.

Credit risk

The carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents, pledged deposits, trade and bills receivables, and other financial assets represent the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk in relation to financial assets. Substantially all of the Group's cash and cash equivalents are held in major financial institutions located in Mainland China, which management believes are of high credit quality.

The Group trades only with recognised and creditworthy third parties. It is the Group's policy that all customers who wish to trade on credit terms are subject to credit verification procedures. In addition, receivable balances are monitored on an ongoing basis and the Group's exposure to bad debts is not significant.

30. 財務風險管理目的及政策

外幣風險

本集團的主要業務位於中國,大部分交易以人民幣進行。本集團大部分資產及負債以人民幣計值,惟於香港的境外附屬公司及本公司的功能貨幣並非人民幣及若干現金及現金等價物以及其他應付款項及應計費用項目以港元及美元計值。

由於人民幣兑港元及美元匯率的可能合理變動5%不會對本集團溢利造成重大財務影響,故本集團認為其並無因港元、美元及人民幣之間的匯率波動而面臨任何重大風險。

信貸風險

現金及現金等價物、抵押存款、貿易應 收款項及應收票據以及其他金融資產的 賬面值代表本集團所承受與金融資產有 關的最高信貸風險。本集團絕大多數現 金及現金等價物由管理層認為具有高信 貸質素的中國大陸大型金融機構持有。

本集團僅與獲認可及享有信譽的第三方 人士交易。本集團的政策是,所有擬按 信用條款交易的客戶須經過信用驗證程 序。此外,應收款項餘額均持續監控, 而本集團所承受的壞賬風險並不重大。

財務報表附註

31 December 2017 二零一七年十二月三十一日

30. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

Credit risk (Continued)

The Group had certain concentrations of credit risks arising from the total trade receivables due from the Group's largest customer and the Group's five largest customers as follows:

30. 財務風險管理目的及政策

信貸風險(續)

本集團有若干信貸風險集中之風險,為 應收本集團最大客戶及本集團五大客戶 貿易款項總額如下:

	2017	2016
	二零一七年	二零一六年
	%	%
Due from the Group's largest customer 應收本集團最大客戶	15.3	21.6
Due from the Group's 應收本集團五大客戶	15.5	21.0
five largest customers	45.4	55.7

All of these customers have good credit quality by taking into account of their credit history, and long-term business relationship has been established between the Group and these customers. The Group has delegated a team responsible for determination of credit limits and monitoring procedures to ensure that there will be follow-up action to recover overdue debts.

Liquidity risk

The Group monitors its risk to a shortage of funds using a recurring liquidity planning tool. This tool considers the maturity of both its financial instruments and financial assets (e.g., trade and bills receivables) and projected cash flows from operations.

The liquidity of the Group is primarily dependent on its ability to maintain a balance between continuity of funding and flexibility through the settlements from customers and the payments to vendors.

透過計及該等客戶的信貸歷史,所有該等客戶均擁有良好的信貸質素,且雙方已建立長期的業務關係。本集團已委派一支團隊負責釐定信貸限額及監控程序,以確保將採取後續行動收回逾期壞賬。

流動資金風險

本集團運用循環流動資金計劃工具監察 其資金短缺的風險。該工具計及其金融 工具及金融資產(例如貿易應收款項及 應收票據)的到期日以及預計經營業務 現金流量等因素。

本集團的流動資金主要取決於在資金持續性及其透過客戶付款與付款予供應商兩者的靈活性之間取得平衡的能力。

財務報表附註

31 December 2017 二零一七年十二月三十一日

30. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

Liquidity risk (Continued)

The maturity profile of the Group's financial liabilities as at the end of the reporting period, based on the contractual undiscounted payments, is as follows:

30. 財務風險管理目的及政策

流動資金風險(續)

於報告期末,基於已訂約但未貼現的付款,本集團之金融負債到期情況如下:

20	17	
-零-	一七年	

		二零一七年			
				3 to less	
				than 12	
			Less than	months	
		On demand	3 months	三至少於	Total
		於要求時	少於三個月	十二個月	總計
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Trade and bills payables	貿易應付款項及應付票據	19,047	3,219	3,165	25,431
Other payables and accruals	其他應付款項及應計費用	3,556	_	291	3,847
Due to related parties	應付關連方款項	1,432	_	_	1,432
		24,326	3,219	3,165	30,710
			20	16	
			_零-		
				3 to less	
				than 12	
			Less than	months	
		On demand	3 months	三至少於	Total
		於要求時	少於三個月	十二個月	總計
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Trade and bills payables	貿易應付款項及應付票據	18,132	4,972	_	23,104
Other payables and accruals	其他應付款項及應計費用	5,146	_	1,099	6,245
Due to related parties	應付關連方款項	1,987	_		1,987
		25,265	4,972	1,099	31,336

財務報表附註

31 December 2017 二零一七年十二月三十一日

30. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

Fair values

Fair value estimates are made at a specific point in time and are based on relevant market information and information about the financial instruments. These estimates are subjective in nature and involve uncertainties and matters of significant judgement and therefore cannot be determined with precision. Changes in assumptions could significantly affect the estimates.

The carrying amounts of the Group's financial instruments approximated to their fair values due to the short term to maturity at the end of the reporting period.

Capital management

The Group's objectives of its capital management are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, so that it can continue to provide returns for the shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders, and to provide an adequate return to shareholders by pricing services and products commensurately with the level of risk.

The Group sets the amount of capital in proportion to risk. The Group manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it in light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debts.

The Group monitors capital using a gearing ratio, which is net debt divided by total equity plus net debt. Net debt comprises trade payables, other payables and accruals, and tax payable, less cash and cash equivalents and pledged deposits. Capital represents equity attributable to owners of the Company.

The Group's strategy is to maintain the gearing ratio at a healthy capital level in order to support its businesses. The principal strategies adopted by the Group include, but are not limited to, reviewing future cash flow requirements and the ability to meet debt repayment schedules when they fall due, maintaining a reasonable level of available banking facilities and adjusting investment plans and financing plans, if necessary, to ensure that the Group has a reasonable level of capital to support its business. As at 31 December 2017, the Group's total cash and cash equivalents and pledged bank balances exceeded the total trade payables, other payables and accruals and tax payable. As such, no gearing ratio as at 31 December 2017 is presented. The gearing ratio as at 31 December 2016 was 50.6%.

30. 財務風險管理目的及政策

公平值

公平值乃在某一特定時間按相關的市場 資料及有關金融工具的資料作出估計。 由於估計屬於主觀性質,並涉及不肯定 因素和主要判斷之事項,故不能準確地 釐定。倘若假設發生變動,或會對此等 估計造成重大影響。

於報告期末,由於短期到期性質,本集 團金融工具的賬面值與其公平值相若。

資本管理

本集團的資本管理目標是保全本集團持續經營的能力,以致其可繼續為股東提供回報並為其他利益相關者提供福利,並通過與風險水平相當的服務及產品的定價向股東提供足夠回報。

本集團按風險比例制訂資本金額。本集團管理其資本結構並根據經濟狀況變動及相關資產的風險特點加以調整。為了維持或調整資本結構,本集團可調整已付股東的股息金額,向股東退還資本,發行新股或出售資產以減債。

本集團以槓桿比率監控資本,該比率為 淨債務除以總權益加淨債務。淨債務包 括貿易應付款項、其他應付款項及應計 費用及應付稅項,減去現金及現金等價 物及抵押存款。資本指本公司擁有人應 佔權益。

財務報表附註

31 December 2017 二零一七年十二月三十一日

31. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE 31. 本公司財務狀況表 COMPANY

Information about the statement of financial position of the Company at the end of the reporting period is as follows:

有關報告期末本公司財務狀況表的資料 載列如下:

		2017	2016
		二零一七年	二零一六年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
NON-CURRENT ASSETS	非流動資產		
Investment in a subsidiary	於一間附屬公司之投資	-	_
CURRENT ASSETS	流動資產		
Prepayments, deposits and	預付款、按金及其他應收款項		
other receivables		_	3,133
Due from the intermediate	應付中間控股公司款項		
holding company		3,057	511
Due from a subsidiary	應收一間附屬公司款項	151,130	74,167
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	1,599	_
Total current assets	流動資產總額	155,786	77,811
CURRENT LIABILITIES	流動負債		
Other payables and accruals	其他應付款項及應計費用	70	2,232
Due to a subsidiary	應付一間附屬公司款項	3,802	6,630
Total current liabilities	流動負債總額	3,872	8,862
Net assets	淨資產	151,914	68,949
EQUITY	權益		
Issued capital	已發行股本	32,655	1
Reserves (note)	儲備(附註)	119,259	68,948
Total equity	總權益	151,914	68,949
· ·		•	•

財務報表附註

31 December 2017 二零一七年十二月三十一日

31. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE 31. 本公司財務狀況表(續) COMPANY (Continued)

Note: 附註:

A summary of the Company's reserves is as follows:

本公司的儲備概述如下:

		Share		Exchange		
		premium		fluctuation		
		account	Capital	reserve	Accumulated	
		股份	reserve	匯兑波動	losses	Total
		溢價賬	資本儲備	儲備	累計虧損	總計
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
At 1 January 2016	於二零一六年一月一日	-	55,161	3,279	-	55,161
Total comprehensive loss	年內全面虧損總額					
for the year		_	_	4,323	(6,711)	(2,388)
Issue of shares	發行股份	12,896	_	_	_	12,896
At 31 December 2016	於二零一六年十二月三十一	日				
and 1 January 2017	及二零一七年一月一日	12,896	55,161	7,602	(6,711)	68,948
Total comprehensive loss	年內全面虧損總額					
for the year		_	_	(7,203)	(5,765)	(12,968)
Capitalization issue of shares	資本化發行股份	(24,565)	_	_	_	(24,565)
Issue of shares	發行股份	95,491	_	_	_	95,491
Shares issue expenses	股份發行開支	(7,647)	_	_	_	(7,647)
At 31 December 2017	於二零一七年十二月三十一	目 76,175	55,161	399	(12,476)	119,259

32. APPROVAL OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

32. 批准刊發財務報表

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 20 March 2018. 財務報表已於二零一八年三月二十日經 董事會批准及授權刊發。

FINANCIAL SUMMARY

財務概要

Year ended 31 December

截至十二月三十一日止年度

2016

2017

2015

		二零一五年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	二零一六年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	二零一七年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
RESULTS	業績			
Revenue	收入	60,477	90,887	115,823
Profit before tax	除税前溢利	9,408	8,829	17,719
Profit for the year	年內溢利	7,696	6,381	14,026
Profit attributable to:	以下人士應佔溢利:			
Owners of the Company	本公司擁有人	7,696	6,381	14,026
		2015	As at 31 Decembe 於十二月三十一日 2016	
		二零一五年	二零一六年	二零一七年
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
ASSETS AND LIABILITIES	資產及負債			
Total assets	資產總額	89,753	126,484	239,923
Total liabilities	負債總額	31,269	48,857	54,660

The summary of the consolidated results of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2015 and the consolidated assets and liabilities of the Group as at 31 December 2015 have been extracted from the Prospectus. Such summary is presented on the basis as set out in the Prospectus.

本集團截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年 度之綜合業績及本集團於二零一五年十二月 三十一日之綜合資產及負債之概要乃摘錄自招 股章程。有關概要乃按招股章程所載基準呈 列。 China Singyes New Materials Holdings Limited 中國興業新材料控股有限公司