



DLC ASIA
DLC ASIA LIMITED
衍匯亞洲有限公司*

(incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

Stock code : 8210

SHARE OFFER

Sole Sponsor



紅日資本有限公司
RED SUN CAPITAL LIMITED

Sole Bookrunner



聯合證券
Head & Shoulders Securities

Joint Lead Manager



聯合證券
Head & Shoulders Securities



一盈證券有限公司
I WIN SECURITIES LTD.

Co-Lead Manager



匯福證券
HF Securities

IMPORTANT

If you are in any doubt about any of the contents of this prospectus, you should seek independent professional advice.



DLCASIA DLC Asia Limited 衍匯亞洲有限公司*

(incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

LISTING BY WAY OF SHARE OFFER ON GEM OF THE STOCK EXCHANGE OF HONG KONG LIMITED

Number of Offer Shares	:	200,000,000 Shares
Number of Placing Shares	:	180,000,000 Shares (subject to reallocation)
Number of Public Offer Shares	:	20,000,000 Shares (subject to reallocation)
Offer Price	:	Not more than HK\$0.3 per Offer Share and expected to be not less than HK\$0.25 per Offer Share plus brokerage of 1%, SFC transaction levy of 0.0027% and Stock Exchange trading fee of 0.005% (payable in full on application in Hong Kong dollars and subject to refund)
Nominal value	:	HK\$0.01 each
Stock code	:	8210

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Hong Kong Exchanges and Clearing Limited, The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited and Hong Kong Securities Clearing Company Limited take no responsibility for the contents of this prospectus, make no representation as to its accuracy or completeness and expressly disclaim any liability whatsoever for any loss howsoever arising from or in reliance upon the whole or any part of the contents of this prospectus.

A copy of this prospectus, having attached thereto the documents specified in the paragraph headed "Documents delivered to the Registrar of Companies in Hong Kong" in Appendix V to this prospectus, has been registered by the Registrar of Companies in Hong Kong as required by section 342C of the Companies (Winding Up and Miscellaneous Provisions) Ordinance (Chapter 32 of the Laws of Hong Kong). The Securities and Futures Commission of Hong Kong and the Registrar of Companies in Hong Kong take no responsibility for the contents of this prospectus or any other documents referred to above.

The Offer Price is expected to be fixed by agreement between the Sole Bookrunner (for itself and on behalf of the Underwriters) and our Company on the Price Determination Date, which is expected to be on or around Monday, 20 August 2018. The Offer Price will not be more than HK\$0.3 per Offer Share and is currently expected to be not less than HK\$0.25 per Offer Share unless otherwise announced. If, for any reason, the Offer Price is not agreed on or before Monday, 20 August 2018 between the Sole Bookrunner (for itself and on behalf of the Underwriters) and our Company, the Share Offer will not proceed and will lapse. In the case of such event, an announcement will be published on the website of the Stock Exchange at www.hkexnews.hk and our Company's website at www.derivaasia.com.

The Sole Bookrunner (for itself and on behalf of the Underwriters) may, with the consent of our Company, reduce the indicative Offer Price range stated in this prospectus (which is HK\$0.25 to HK\$0.3 per Offer Share) at any time on or prior to the morning of the last day for lodging applications under the Public Offer. In such a case, an announcement of the reduction in the indicative Offer Price range will be published on the website of the Stock Exchange at www.hkexnews.hk and our Company's website at www.derivaasia.com not later than the morning of the last day for lodging applications under the Public Offer.

Prior to making an investment decision, prospective investors should carefully consider all the information set out in this prospectus, including but not limited to the risk factors set out in the section headed "Risk factors" in this prospectus.

Prospective investors of the Offer Shares should note that the obligations of the Underwriters under the Underwriting Agreements are subject to termination by the Sole Bookrunner (for itself and on behalf of the Underwriters) upon the occurrence of any of the events set forth in the paragraph headed "Public Offer underwriting arrangements and expenses — Grounds for termination" under the section headed "Underwriting" in this prospectus at any time prior to 8:00 a.m. (Hong Kong time) on the Listing Date. Further details of these termination provisions are set out in the section headed "Underwriting" in this prospectus.

No action has been taken to permit a public offering of the Offer Shares or the distribution of this prospectus and/or the related Application Forms in any jurisdiction other than Hong Kong. Accordingly, this prospectus or the Application Forms may not be used for the purpose of, and does not (and is not intended to) constitute, an offer or invitation, nor is it calculated to invite or solicit offers in any jurisdiction or in any circumstances in which such an offer or invitation is not authorised or to any person to whom it is unlawful to make such an offer or invitation. The distribution of this prospectus or the Application Forms and the offering of the Offer Shares in other jurisdictions are subject to restrictions and may not be made except as permitted under the securities laws of such jurisdiction pursuant to registration with or an authorisation by the relevant securities regulatory authorities or an exemption therefrom. In particular, the Offer Shares have not been offered and sold, and will not be offered or sold, directly or indirectly in the PRC or the U.S., except in compliance with the relevant laws and regulations of each of such jurisdiction.

* For identification purpose only

CHARACTERISTICS OF GEM

GEM has been positioned as a market designed to accommodate small and mid-sized companies to which a higher investment risk may be attached than other companies listed on the Stock Exchange. Prospective investors should be aware of the potential risks of investing in such companies and should make the decision to invest only after due and careful consideration.

Given that the companies listed on GEM are generally small and mid-sized companies, there is a risk that securities traded on GEM may be more susceptible to high market volatility than securities traded on the Main Board and no assurance is given that there will be a liquid market in the securities traded on GEM.

The principal means of information dissemination on GEM is publication on the Internet website operated by the Stock Exchange. Listed companies are not generally required to issue paid announcements in gazette newspaper. Accordingly, prospective investors should note that they need to have access to the website of the Stock Exchange at www.hkexnews.hk in order to obtain up-to-date information on GEM-listed issuers.

EXPECTED TIMETABLE ⁽¹⁾

If there is any change in the following expected timetable, we will issue an announcement to be published on the website of the Stock Exchange at www.hkexnews.hk and our Company's website at www.derivaasia.com.

2018

Latest time to complete electronic applications under
HK eIPO White Form service through the designated
website **www.hkeipo.hk** ⁽²⁾ 11:30 a.m. on Friday,
17 August 2018

Application lists for Public Offer open ⁽³⁾ 11:45 a.m. on Friday,
17 August 2018

Latest time for lodging **WHITE** and **YELLOW**
Application Forms and giving **electronic application**
instructions to HKSCC ⁽⁴⁾ 12:00 noon on Friday,
17 August 2018

Latest time to complete payment of **HK eIPO White Form**
applications by effecting internet banking transfer(s) or
PPS payment transfer(s) 12:00 noon on Friday,
17 August 2018

Application lists for Public Offer close ⁽³⁾ 12:00 noon on Friday,
17 August 2018

Expected Price Determination Date on or before ⁽⁵⁾ Monday,
20 August 2018

Announcement of the final Offer Price, indication of the levels
of interest in the Placing, the levels of applications of the Public Offer,
the basis of allotment and the results of applications in the
Public Offer to be published on our Group's website at
www.derivaasia.com ⁽⁶⁾ and the website of the
Stock Exchange at **www.hkexnews.hk** on or before Friday,
24 August 2018

Announcement of results of allocations in the Public Offer
(with successful applicants' identification document numbers,
where appropriate) to be available through a variety of channels
as described in the paragraph headed "11. Publication of results"
under the section "How to apply for Public Offer Shares"
in this prospectus including the website of our Company
at **www.derivaasia.com** ⁽⁶⁾ and the Stock Exchange
at **www.hkexnews.hk** from Friday,
24 August 2018

EXPECTED TIMETABLE ⁽¹⁾

Results of allocations in the Public Offer will be available at www.tricor.com.hk/ipo/result with a “search by ID” function on Friday, 24 August 2018

Despatch of **HK eIPO White Form** e-Auto Refund payment instructions and despatch/collection of refund cheques in respect of wholly or partially successful applications (if applicable) or wholly or partially unsuccessful applications pursuant to the Public Offer on or before ⁽⁸⁾⁽⁹⁾ Friday, 24 August 2018

Despatch/collection of Share certificates or deposit of the Share certificate into CCASS in respect of wholly or partially successful applications pursuant to the Public Offer on or before ⁽⁷⁾⁽⁸⁾ Friday, 24 August 2018

Dealings in the Shares on GEM to commence 9:00 a.m. on Monday, 27 August 2018

Notes:

1. All times and dates refer to Hong Kong local time, except as otherwise stated. Details of the structure of the Share Offer, including its conditions, are set out in the section headed “Structure and conditions of the Share Offer” in this prospectus.
2. You will not be permitted to submit your application through the designated website at www.hkeipo.hk, after 11:30 a.m. on the last day for submitting applications. If you have already submitted your application and obtained a payment reference number from the designated website prior to 11:30 a.m., you will be permitted to continue the application process (by completing payment of application monies) until 12:00 noon on the last day for submitting applications, when the application lists close.
3. If there is a “black” rainstorm warning or a tropical cyclone warning signal number 8 or above in force in Hong Kong at any time between 9:00 a.m. and 12:00 noon on Friday, 17 August 2018, the application lists will not open on that day. For further details, please see the paragraph headed “10. Effect of bad weather on the opening of the application lists” under the section headed “How to apply for Public Offer Shares” in this prospectus.
4. Applicants who apply for Public Offer Shares by giving electronic application instructions to HKSCC should refer to the paragraph headed “5. Applying by giving electronic application instructions to HKSCC via CCASS” under the section headed “How to apply for Public Offer Shares” in this prospectus.
5. The Price Determination Date is expected to be on or before Monday, 20 August 2018. If, for any reason, the Offer Price is not agreed on or before Monday, 20 August 2018 between our Group and the Sole Bookrunner, the Share Offer will not proceed and will lapse accordingly.
6. None of our website or any of the information contained therein forms part of this prospectus.
7. Share certificates will only become valid at 8:00 a.m. on Monday, 27 August 2018 provided that the Share Offer has become unconditional and the right of termination described in the paragraph headed “Public Offer underwriting arrangements and expenses — Grounds for termination” under the section “Underwriting” in this prospectus has not been exercised. Investors who trade Shares on the basis of publicly available allocation details prior to the receipt of Share certificates or prior to the Share certificates becoming valid certificates of title do so entirely at their own risk.

EXPECTED TIMETABLE ⁽¹⁾

8. e-Auto Refund payment instructions/refund cheques will be issued in respect of wholly or partially unsuccessful applications pursuant to the Public Offer and also in respect of wholly or partially successful applications in the event that the final Offer Price is less than the price payable per Offer Share on application. Part of the applicant's Hong Kong identity card number or passport number, or, if the application is made by joint applicants, part of the Hong Kong identity card number or passport number of the first-named applicant, provided by the applicant(s) may be printed on the refund cheque, if any. Such data would also be transferred to a third party for refund purposes. Banks may require verification of an applicant's Hong Kong identity card number or passport number before encashment of the refund cheque, if any. Inaccurate completion of an applicant's Hong Kong identity card number or passport number may invalidate or delay encashment of the refund cheque, if any.
9. Applicants who apply on **WHITE** Application Forms or through the **HK eIPO White Form** service for 1,000,000 or more Public Offer Shares and have provided all information required by the Application Form may collect any refund cheques and/or Share certificates (where applicable) in person from our Company's Hong Kong Branch Share Registrar, Tricor Investor Services Limited, from 9:00 a.m. to 1:00 p.m. on Friday, 24 August 2018 or such other date as notified by our Company on the website of our Company at www.derivaasia.com or the Stock Exchange at www.hkexnews.hk as the date of despatch/collection of Share certificates/refund cheques/e-Auto Refund payment instructions. Applicants being individuals who are eligible for personal collection may not authorise any other person to collect on their behalf. Applicants being corporations which are eligible for personal collection must attend through their authorised representatives bearing letters of authorisation from their corporation stamped with the corporation's chop. Both individuals and authorised representatives of corporations must produce evidence of identity acceptable to our Company's Hong Kong Branch Share Registrar at the time of collection.

Applicants who apply on **YELLOW** Application Forms for 1,000,000 or more Public Offer Shares and have provided all information required by the Application Form may collect their refund cheques, if any, in person but may not collect their Share certificates as such Share certificates will be issued in the name of HKSCC Nominees and deposited into CCASS for the credit to their or the designated CCASS Participants' stock account as stated in their Application Forms. The procedures for collection of refund cheques for **YELLOW** Application Form applicants are the same as those for **WHITE** Application Form applicants.

Applicants who have applied for Public Offer Shares by giving electronic application instructions to HKSCC should refer to the paragraph headed "14. Despatch/collection of share certificates and refund monies — Personal collection — (c) If you apply via electronic application instructions to HKSCC" under the section headed "How to apply for Public Offer Shares" in this prospectus for details.

Applicants who have applied for less than 1,000,000 Public Offer Shares and any uncollected Share certificates and/or refund cheques will be despatched by ordinary post, at the applicants' risk, to the addresses specified in the relevant applications. Further information is set out in the paragraphs headed "13. Refund of application monies" and "14. Despatch/collection of share certificates and refund monies" under the section headed "How to apply for Public Offer Shares" in this prospectus.

The above expected timetable is a summary only. You should read carefully the sections headed "Structure and conditions of the Share Offer" and "How to apply for Public Offer Shares" in this prospectus for details of the structure and conditions of the Share Offer, including the conditions of the Share Offer and the procedures for application for the Public Offer Shares.

CONTENTS

This prospectus is published solely in connection with the Public Offer, which forms part of the Share Offer. It does not constitute an offer to sell or a solicitation of an offer to buy any security other than the Public Offer Shares offered by this prospectus. This prospectus may not be used for the purpose of and does not constitute an offer to sell or a solicitation of an offer in any other jurisdiction or in any other circumstances. No action has been taken to permit a public offering of the Offer Shares in any jurisdiction other than Hong Kong and no action has been taken to permit the distribution of this prospectus in any jurisdiction other than Hong Kong. The distribution of this prospectus and the offering of the Offer Shares in other jurisdiction are subject to restrictions pursuant to registration with or authorisation by the relevant securities regulatory authorities or any exemption therefrom.

You should rely only on the information contained in this prospectus to make your investment decision. Our Company, the Sole Sponsor, the Sole Bookrunner, the Joint Lead Managers, the Co-Lead Manager and the Underwriters have not authorised any persons to provide you with information that is different from what is contained in this prospectus. Any information or representation not made nor contained in this prospectus must not be relied on by you as having been authorised by us, the Sole Sponsor, the Sole Bookrunner, the Joint Lead Managers, the Co-Lead Manager, the Underwriters, any of their respective directors or affiliates of any of them, or any other persons or parties involved in the Share Offer. The contents on our website at www.derivaasia.com do not form part of this prospectus.

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SUMMARY

This summary aims to give you an overview of the information contained in this prospectus. As this is a summary, it does not contain all the information that may be important to you. You should read this prospectus in its entirety before you decide to invest in the Offer Shares.

There are risks associated with any investment. Some of the particular risks in investing in the Offer Shares are set out in the section headed "Risk factors" in this prospectus. You should read that section carefully before you decide to invest in the Offer Shares.

BUSINESS OVERVIEW

Our Group is an interdealer broker in Hong Kong providing derivatives brokerage services to Professional Investors^(Note) through our wholly-owned subsidiary, De Riva, which is a licensed corporation under the SFO and a HKFE Exchange Participant. De Riva is licensed by the SFC to carry out type 1 (dealing in securities) and type 2 (dealing in futures contracts) regulated activities in Hong Kong for Professional Investors without providing any margin financing services. Under the licensing condition, De Riva can only provide services to Professional Investors.

The principal business of our Group is derivatives brokerage, which involves matching and/or executing and settling derivatives trade orders for our customers. When our customers place a trade order, it usually involves a combination of futures and options and other derivatives products, which are typically viewed as a single product by our customers in the derivatives market. During the Track Record Period, our Group derived all of our revenue from commission income for derivatives brokerage services provided to our customers.

During the Track Record Period, our trade orders involved listed derivatives products which were either executed on the HKEx or the SGX, and non-listed derivatives products which were all executed OTC. Our Group has, through De Riva, entered into arrangements with a number of execution brokers to provide derivative services for SGX listed derivatives and HKEx listed single stock options as De Riva does not have the relevant trading rights. Hence, De Riva acted as an agent to arrange for and match up trade orders without providing any execution, settlement or clearing services, and trading parties are directly responsible for all risks involved in the OTC transactions.

The interdealers brokerage market

In our Directors' view, our customers, who are all Professional Investors, usually trade in sizable volume when trading in the equity derivatives market in order to efficiently achieve their investment goals. Our customers would prefer to remain anonymous throughout the negotiation process to protect their identities and investment strategies. Therefore, they need interdealer brokers to match trades anonymously and in a less open manner on their behalf to avoid the risk of inflicting unexpected influence on and stimulating reactions of the market, either of which might adversely affect the interests of all investors in the market.

Moreover, it could be very time consuming for our customers to achieve their investment goals in the open market as it might not be easy to identify (not to mention successful asking or bidding) the liquidity they need to create or maintain their investment portfolios. Thus, our customers would prefer having interdealer brokers to negotiate, source, and match trades at the desirable amount and price on their behalf in the market to lower the time cost to be incurred, which might adversely affect their investment return and portfolio performance.

Note: For the purpose of this prospectus, such defined term shall have the same meaning as ascribed thereto under Part I of Schedule 1 to the SFO, the excerpts of which are detailed under the paragraph headed "A. Rules and regulations with regards to Hong Kong — Classification of Professional Investors" in the section headed "Regulatory overview" in this prospectus.

SUMMARY

Furthermore, interdealers brokerage services would provide our customers with the confidentiality of their identities and investment strategies and hence protect their interests from their competitors throughout the trading process. Such anonymous matching services would help minimise the chance of exposure of Professional Investors' investment strategies to their counter parties. Our Directors are therefore of the view that interdealers brokerage services would help maintain a healthy market and protect the overall interests of investors in the market by avoiding events such as hostile bidding, asking or manipulative market, either of which might bring significant adverse impact to the interests of investors and the market as a whole.

Our Directors believe that the aforementioned are the major reasons why interdealers brokerage services are important to our customers, who are all Professional Investors.

The table below sets out our revenue breakdown by channel of execution:

	For the year ended 31 March					
	2016		2017		2018	
	HK\$'000	%	HK\$'000	%	HK\$'000	%
HKEx	50,882	84.5	46,681	78.1	64,033	83.4
SGX	7,356	12.2	11,657	19.5	8,016	10.5
OTC	1,968	3.3	1,414	2.4	4,710	6.1
Total	60,206	100.0	59,752	100.0	76,759	100.0

The table below sets out our revenue breakdown by major types of products during the Track Record Period:

	For the year ended 31 March					
	2016		2017		2018	
	HK\$'000	%	HK\$'000	%	HK\$'000	%
HKEx listed futures and options ^(Note)	39,173	65.1	35,032	58.6	37,450	48.8
HKEx listed futures	7,290	12.1	7,750	13.0	11,399	14.8
Single stock options	4,419	7.3	3,899	6.5	15,184	19.8
SGX	7,356	12.2	11,657	19.5	8,016	10.5
OTC	1,968	3.3	1,414	2.4	4,710	6.1
Total	60,206	100.0	59,752	100.0	76,759	100.0

Note: Trade orders were placed, executed and charged as a combination of futures and options.

The table below sets out the breakdown of the number of contracts executed by our Group by major types of products during the Track Record Period:

	For the year ended 31 March		
	2016	2017	2018
	'000	'000	'000
HKEx listed futures and options ^(Note)	2,827	2,941	3,284
HKEx listed futures	632	446	933
Single stock options	1,943	1,974	4,600
SGX	1,343	2,142	1,528
OTC	558,250	192,293	2,049,964

Note: Trade orders were placed, executed and charged as a combination of futures and options.

SUMMARY

The table below sets out the breakdown of average revenue per contract by major types of products of our Group during the Track Record Period:

	For the year ended 31 March		
	2016	2017	2018
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
HKEx listed futures and options ^(Note)	13.9	11.9	11.4
HKEx listed futures	11.5	17.4	12.2
Single stock options	2.3	2.0	3.3
SGX	5.5	5.4	5.3
OTC	0.004	0.007	0.002

Note: Trade orders were placed, executed and charged as a combination of futures and options.

The table below sets out the breakdown of our Group's pricing terms for Hong Kong listed futures and options products during the Track Record Period:

	For the year ended 31 March								
	2016			2017			2018		
	<i>min</i>	<i>max</i>	<i>weighted average</i>	<i>min</i>	<i>max</i>	<i>weighted average</i>	<i>min</i>	<i>max</i>	<i>weighted average</i>
Listed index futures and options									
– per contract (HK\$)	5	50	13.7	5	50	13.6	5	50	12.8
– per notional (bps)	0.2	35	2.7	0.2	30	1.4	0.2	30	1.0
Single stock options									
– per notional (bps)	1	2	1.0	1	2	1.1	1	2	1.1

Note: The pricing terms can vary drastically between different products even for the same customer depending on factors including but not limited to the complexity of the structure and the maturity of the products.

CUSTOMERS

Our customers are all Professional Investors as defined under the SFO, including investment banks, market makers, and funds. As at 31 March 2016, 31 March 2017 and 31 March 2018, our Group had a total of 76, 78, and 85 customers, of which 50, 45 and 44 of them are active customers (*note*), respectively. For each of the three years ended 31 March 2016, 31 March 2017, and 31 March 2018, our largest customer accounted for approximately 8.7%, 10.5% and 10.0% of our total turnover, respectively. Our five largest customers, in aggregate, accounted for approximately 35.9%, 41.0% and 46.1% of our total turnover, respectively. For further details, please refer to the paragraph headed "Our customers" under the section headed "Business" in this prospectus.

Note: For the purposes of this prospectus, active customers are defined as customers who have completed at least one trade (i.e. recorded executed trade order(s)) through our Group in the previous financial year, which our Directors believe to be in line with the industry norm.

SUMMARY

SERVICE PROVIDERS

Our Group does not have any major supplier due to our business nature. However, during the Track Record Period, our Group engaged various service providers for the services necessary for our business operations. As De Riva is not a clearing participant, hence our Group outsources the clearing functions to a service provider which is a Clearing Participant. Our top five service providers include clearing brokers, execution brokers, a market data vendor and a network service provider. For each of the three years ended 31 March 2016, 31 March 2017, and 31 March 2018, our largest service provider accounted for approximately 40.9%, 18.6% and 36.8% of our total other operating expenses, respectively. Our five largest service providers, in aggregate, accounted for approximately 70.4 %, 68.5% and 60.1% of our total other operating expenses respectively. For details, please refer to the paragraph headed “Our service providers” under the section headed “Business” in this prospectus.

COMPETITIVE LANDSCAPE

According to the CIC Report, between 2012 and 2017, the market size of the derivatives brokering industry in terms of brokerage fees income in Hong Kong increased from HK\$2.5 billion to HK\$4.5 billion at a CAGR of 12.1%. Further, the total market size of the derivatives brokerage industry is forecasted to reach HK\$7.1 billion in 2022 at a CAGR of 9.8% from 2017. As of June 2018, there were a total of 9 General Clearing Participants, 160 Clearing Participants, and 22 non-clearing participants on the HKFE with a type 2 licence issued by the SFC, of which 15 of them were providing brokerage services to external parties on derivatives contracts. The competition focuses in the industry that our Group operates include (i) regulatory requirements; (ii) capital requirements; (iii) expertise knowledge; and (iv) IT infrastructure. For further details, please refer to the section headed “Industry overview” in this prospectus.

OUR COMPETITIVE STRENGTHS

Our Directors believe that our competitive strengths comprise (i) experienced and competent senior management with strong customer base; (ii) established customer network and quality services as an interdealer broker in the derivatives market; and (iii) diversified background of our licensed brokers. For further details, please refer to the paragraph headed “Our competitive strengths” under the section headed “Business” in this prospectus.

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Combined statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income

	Year ended 31 March		
	2016 HK\$'000	2017 HK\$'000	2018 HK\$'000
Revenue	60,206	59,752	76,759
Profit before tax	16,147	14,222	7,800
Profit and total comprehensive income for the year attributable to the owners of the Company	13,491	11,857	4,778
Non-HKFRS Measure			
Listing expenses	–	–	10,610
Adjusted net profit ^(Note)	13,491	11,857	15,388

Note: Adjusted net profit represents our profit and total comprehensive income for the year attributable to owners of our Company for the year excluding Listing expenses. Adjusted net profit is not a measure of performance under HKFRSs and accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong. The use of these non-HKFRSs measures has limitations as an analytical tool, and you should not consider it in isolation from, or as substitute for analysis of, our results of operations or financial condition as reported under HKFRSs.

SUMMARY

The decrease in revenue from the year ended 31 March 2016 to the year ended 31 March 2017 was mainly due to decrease in revenue for the HKEx segment and OTC segment and partly offset by the increase in revenue from the SGX segment. The decrease in profit before tax from the year ended 31 March 2016 to the year ended 31 March 2017 was mainly due to the increase in other operating expenses mainly resulting from increase in clearing fees for increased trading volume, in error and facilitation expenses for a non-recurring error trade, and in marketing expenses for building up relationships with our existing and potential customers. The decrease in profit from the year ended 31 March 2016 to the year ended 31 March 2017 was due to the decrease in profit before tax as stated above and more tax effect of expenses not deductible during the year. The increase in revenue from the year ended 31 March 2017 to the year ended 31 March 2018 was mainly due to the increase in revenue from the HKEx segment and the OTC segment offset by the decrease in the SGX segment. The decrease in profit before tax and profit after tax from the year ended 31 March 2017 to the year ended 31 March 2018 was mainly due to the listing expenses of approximately HK\$10.6 million incurred during the respective year.

Combined statements of financial position

	As at 31 March		
	2016 HK\$'000	2017 HK\$'000	2018 HK\$'000
Non-current assets	1,424	1,267	3,302
Current assets	37,724	46,759	53,596
Current liabilities	8,236	9,257	13,351
Net current assets	29,488	37,502	40,245
Net assets/Total equity	<u>30,912</u>	<u>38,769</u>	<u>43,547</u>

The increase in net assets of our Group from approximately HK\$30.9 million as at 31 March 2016 to approximately HK\$38.8 million as at 31 March 2017 was mainly attributable to the profit for the year ended 31 March 2017 and partly offset by the distribution of dividend. The increase in net assets of our Group from approximately HK\$38.8 million as at 31 March 2017 to approximately HK\$43.5 million as at 31 March 2018 was mainly attributable to the deposits paid for acquisition of property and equipment and the increase in trade receivables.

Combined statements of cash flows

	For the year ended 31 March		
	2016 HK\$'000	2017 HK\$'000	2018 HK\$'000
Operating cash flows before movements in working capital	16,462	14,427	7,988
Net cash from operating activities	4,524	10,234	4,028
Net cash used in investing activities	(559)	(41)	(1,618)
Net cash used in financing activities	<u>(860)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(4,000)</u>
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	3,105	10,193	(1,590)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	<u>8,895</u>	<u>12,000</u>	<u>22,193</u>
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	<u>12,000</u>	<u>22,193</u>	<u>20,603</u>

The increase in our cash and cash equivalents for the year ended 31 March 2016 was mainly attributable to the profit for the year and partly offset by the increase in trade receivables, and prepayments, deposits and other receivables, purchase of intangible assets and dividends paid. The increase in our cash and cash equivalents for the year ended 31 March 2017 was mainly attributable to the profit for the year and decrease in

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prepayments, deposits and other receivables and partly offset by the decrease in operating cash flows before movements in working capital due to the decrease in net profit, and other payables and accruals. The decrease in our cash and cash equivalents for the year ended 31 March 2018 was mainly attributable to the deposit paid for the acquisition of property and equipment and the dividend paid to the then shareholders of De Riva, and partly offset by the operating cash outflow before movements in working capital due to the non-recurring listing expenses, and the profit for the year ended 31 March 2018.

Key financial ratios

	For the year ended/As at 31 March			
	2016	2017	2018	2018 (adjusted ^(note))
Profitability ratios				
Return on equity	43.6%	30.6%	11.0%	35.3%
Return on total assets	34.5%	24.7%	8.4%	27.0%
Net profit margin	22.4%	19.8%	6.2%	20.0%
Liquidity ratio				
Current ratio	4.6 times	5.1 times	4.0 times	4.0 times
Capital adequacy ratios				
Interest coverage	N/A	2,032.7 times	206.3 times	485.5 times
Gearing ratio	N/A	N/A	1.7%	1.7%
Debt to equity ratio	Net cash	Net cash	Net cash	Net cash

Note: The ratios are calculated by adjusted net profit the non-recurring listing expenses incurred for the respective year. Adjusted net profit for the year represents our profit for the year excluding listing expenses. Adjusted net profit is not a measure of performance under HKFRSs and accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong. The use of these non-HKFRSs measures has limitations as an analytical tool, and you should not consider it in isolation from, or as substitute for analysis of, our results of operations or financial condition as reported under HKFRSs.

Our return on equity decreased from approximately 43.6% for the year ended 31 March 2016 to approximately 30.6% for the year ended 31 March 2017, mainly attributable to the decrease in profit during the year and the larger equity base as at 31 March 2017. Our return on equity further decreased to approximately 11.0% for the year ended 31 March 2018, mainly attributable to the non-recurring listing expenses of approximately HK\$10.6 million incurred during the year. Our adjusted return on equity for the year ended 31 March 2018 would increase to approximately 35.3% if listing expenses were excluded, mainly due to the increase in net profit (excluding the non-recurring listing expenses as mentioned above) to HK\$15.4 million.

Our return on total assets decreased from approximately 34.5% for the year ended 31 March 2016 to approximately 24.7% for the year ended 31 March 2017, mainly due to the significant increase in cash and cash equivalents and the decrease in profit during the year. Our return on assets for the year ended 31 March 2018 further decreased to approximately 8.4%, mainly attributable to the non-recurring listing expenses incurred during the year as mentioned above. Our adjusted return on assets for the year ended 31 March 2018 would increase to approximately 27.0% if listing expenses were excluded.

Our net profit margin decreased from approximately 22.4% for the year ended 31 March 2016 to approximately 19.8% for the year ended 31 March 2017, mainly due to the increase in our other operating expenses, in particular the clearing fees, error and facilitation expenses and marketing expenses. Our net profit margin further decreased to approximately 6.2% for the year ended 31 March 2018, mainly attributable to the non-recurring listing expenses incurred during the year as mentioned above. Our adjusted net profit margin for the year ended 31 March 2018 would increase to approximately 20.0% if listing expenses were excluded, mainly due to the increase in

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revenue of approximately 28.5% with a decrease in our other operating expenses of approximately 6.4% during the year.

Our current ratio improved from approximately 4.6 times as at 31 March 2016 to approximately 5.1 times as at 31 March 2017, mainly due to the significant increase in cash and cash equivalents, primarily resulting from the profit for the year. Our current ratio decreased to approximately 4.0 times as at 31 March 2018, mainly due to the increase in other payables and accruals from approximately HK\$5.3 million as at 31 March 2017 to approximately HK\$12.0 million as at 31 March 2018, primarily resulting from the increase in unpaid bonus and the accrual of listing expenses offset by settlement of dividend payable of approximately HK\$4.0 million.

Our interest coverage was not applicable for the year ended 31 March 2016 and approximately 2,032.7 times for the year ended 31 March 2017, mainly due to the overdraft interest of approximately HK\$7 thousand incurred during the year ended 31 March 2017. Our interest coverage decreased to approximately 206.3 times for the year ended 31 March 2018, primarily due to the recognition of non-recurring listing expenses incurred during the year as mentioned above. The adjusted interest coverage for the year ended 31 March 2018 would increase to approximately 485.5 times if listing expenses were excluded, mainly due to the finance cost incurred from the bank overdraft during the year.

Our gearing ratio was not applicable as at 31 March 2016 and 31 March 2017 respectively, as there were no loans and borrowings during the respective year. Our gearing ratio was approximately 1.7% as at 31 March 2018, mainly attributable to the bank overdraft of approximately HK\$758 thousand as at 31 March 2018.

Our Group recorded net cash positions as at 31 March 2016, 31 March 2017 and 31 March 2018, respectively, therefore debt to equity ratio was not applicable.

Please refer to the paragraph headed “Key financial ratios” under the section headed “Financial information” in this prospectus for further details on the fluctuations of our Group’s key financial ratios.

SHAREHOLDING OF OUR COMPANY

Immediately following completion of the Share Offer and the Capitalisation Issue (without taking into account any Share which may be allotted and issued upon the exercise of any option which may be granted under the Share Option Scheme), Oasis Green (a company wholly-owned by Pacific Asset, which is wholly-owned by Mr. Yu, our non-executive Director) will be interested in 51.75% of the issued share capital of our Company and is entitled to exercise or control the exercise of 30% or more of the voting power at general meetings of our Company. Besides, Dense Jungle and Beyond Delta which are ultimately and beneficially wholly-owned by Mr. Ng and Mr. Choi, our executive Directors and Pre-IPO Investors, will be interested in 6.75% and 4.5% of the issued share capital of our Company, respectively. Jolly Ocean is wholly-owned by Santo Global, which is wholly-owned by Mr. Lau Ming Hong, Henry (the brother of Mr. Lau, our executive Director) and is one of the Pre-IPO Investors. Jolly Ocean will hold 96,000,000 Shares (representing 12% of the total issued share capital of our Company) immediately following completion of the Share Offer and the Capitalisation Issue (without taking into account any Share which may be allotted and issued upon the exercise of any option which may be granted under the Share Option Scheme). For further details, please refer to the paragraph headed “Pre-IPO Investments” under the section headed “History, Reorganisation and corporate structure” in this prospectus.

RISK FACTORS

There are certain risks involved in our business operations, many of which are beyond our control. Our Directors believe that the major risks that may have a material

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adverse impact on our Group include (i) our revenue was completely dependent on our commission for our derivatives brokerage services, of which a large proportion was generated from a limited number of customers and the number of contracts or notional value traded from our major customers; (ii) our Group may not be able to maintain our brokerage commission rate charged to our customers; (iii) unfavourable or uncertain economic and market conditions could materially and adversely undermine our customers' performances; (iv) our Group may be unable to compete effectively against our competitors; (v) our business operations are dependent on the services provided by our clearing brokers and execution brokers; and (vi) our Group may fail to obtain or maintain or renew licences and permits necessary for our business operations.

INTERNAL CONTROL

We have in place internal control policies and measures for our business activities and we engaged an independent internal control adviser to conduct an internal control review on our Group in May 2017. During the Track Record Period, De Riva identified one material error trade amounted to approximately HK\$1.8 million which adversely affected our profit and which arose from the miscommunication between our Group and our execution broker. For further details please refer to the paragraph headed "Internal control — Error trade" under the section headed "Business" in this prospectus. De Riva has since then established and implemented a number of procedures to prevent any recurrence of error of this nature in the future. In addition, the SFC carried out an inspection in 2017 on De Riva and comments were made in regard to our then internal control procedures. De Riva were required to take measures to rectify the deficiencies and respond to the SFC in writing with the proposed remedial actions. De Riva had also updated our compliance and operation manuals and submitted the summary of our rectifying measures to the SFC. De Riva received a letter from the SFC in November 2017 confirming that there were no further comments regarding our business operations. For further details, please refer to the paragraph headed "Internal control" under the section headed "Business" in this prospectus.

RECENT DEVELOPMENTS

Subsequent to the Track Record Period and up to the date of this prospectus, our Group had continued to focus on providing timely, quality and reliable derivatives brokerage services to our customers, and to strengthen our licensed brokers' force to maintain our business activity, revenue and capture available market opportunities in the ordinary course of our business. As at the Latest Practicable Date, approximately HK\$17.3 million representing approximately 81.6% of our trade receivables outstanding as at 31 March 2018 have been settled. It is currently expected that non-recurring listing expenses of approximately HK\$6.2 million will be recognised as expenses for the year ending 31 March 2019. Our Group also has 2 new customers after the Track Record Period and up to the Latest Practicable Date; and De Riva entered into a tenancy agreement with an Independent Third Party for a bigger office premises in January 2018 and moved to such office premises in April 2018, to accommodate the expansion of our business operations.

OUR BUSINESS STRATEGIES

Our Group intends to further strengthen our position as an interdealer broker in Hong Kong. Our Group plans to continue expanding our customer network in Hong Kong and enhance our competitive strengths to expand our market share. Our Group will continue to strengthen our derivatives brokerage business through expanding our product coverage. Our business strategies include: (i) to apply for becoming a Clearing Participant; (ii) to expand our OTC product coverage; (iii) to expand our office premises to accommodate the expansion of our business operations; and (iv) to enhance the business development of the HKEx segment of our Group. For further details, please refer to the paragraph headed "Our business strategies" under the section headed "Business" in this prospectus.

SUMMARY

REASONS FOR THE SHARE OFFER AND USE OF PROCEEDS

Our Directors believe that the Listing not only will allow us to raise net proceeds to facilitate the execution of our business strategies as set out in the paragraph headed “Our business strategies” in the section headed “Business” in this prospectus, in particular, to provide De Riva with the capital needed for the application of becoming a Clearing Participant, which would, to the best estimates of our Directors, help our Group save approximately HK\$3.4 million for the year ending 31 March 2020, and is expected to reduce the cost in our business operations and thence improve our profitability as a whole; but also will provide a fund raising platform for our future development for further growth when necessary as the Listing will necessitate a broader shareholder base which will therefore provide liquidity in the trading of the Shares. Furthermore, our Directors are of the view that the Listing will enhance and strengthen the corporate image and credibility to our existing customers who are Professional Investors and our potential customers, and expectantly, will increase our revenue by increasing trading volume with our existing customers and onboarding more new customers. For further details, please refer to the section headed “Future plans and use of proceeds” in this prospectus.

The net proceeds from the Share Offer based on the Offer Price of HK\$0.275 per Offer Share, being the mid-point of the indicative Offer Price, after deducting the related expenses, are estimated to be approximately HK\$31.0 million. Our Directors presently intend to apply the net proceeds as follows:

	From the Latest Practicable Date to 30 September 2018 HK\$'000	For the six months ending 31 March 2019 HK\$'000	For the six months ending 30 September 2019 HK\$'000	For the six months ending 31 March 2020 HK\$'000	For the six months ending 30 September 2020 HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
To apply for becoming a Clearing Participant	-	-	12,546	546	546	13,638
To expand our OTC product coverage	-	1,254	2,154	2,418	2,418	8,244
To use for office expansion plan	6,850	-	-	-	-	6,850
To expand our licensed broker team	-	-	756	756	756	2,268
	<u>6,850</u>	<u>1,254</u>	<u>15,456</u>	<u>3,720</u>	<u>3,720</u>	<u>31,000</u>

LISTING EXPENSES

Assuming the Offer Price of HK\$0.275 per Offer Share, being the mid-point of the indicative Offer Price, the total expenses for the Share Offer are estimated to be approximately HK\$24.0 million, of which approximately HK\$10.6 million was recognised as listing expenses in our combined statements of profit or loss during the year ended 31 March 2018. We expected to incur listing expenses of approximately HK\$6.2 million which will be recognised as listing expenses for the year ending 31 March 2019. The balance of approximately HK\$7.2 million is expected to be recognised as a reduction in equity upon Listing. In view of the above, our Directors are of the view that the one-off listing expenses, which are non-recurring in nature, will have a material adverse effect on the financial results of our Group the year ending 31 March 2019. Our Group wishes to emphasise that the aforesaid amount of listing expenses is a current estimate for reference only and the final amount to be recognised in our combined statement of profit or loss for the year ending 31 March 2019 will be subject to adjustments based on audit and changes in variables and assumptions.

SUMMARY

DIVIDENDS

Our Group declared a dividend of approximately HK\$0.9 million for the year ended 31 March 2015 and HK\$4.0 million for the year ended 31 March 2016 on 17 June 2015 and 29 March 2017 respectively to the then shareholders of De Riva, which was fully settled in cash by internal resources in June 2015 and April 2017 respectively. Save as the above, no dividend has been paid or declared by other companies comprising our Group during the Track Record Period and up to the Latest Practicable Date. The declaration, payment and amount of dividends will be at the discretion of our Directors, subject to approval by our Shareholders, and will be dependent upon the factors stated in the paragraph headed "Dividends" under the section headed "Financial information" in this prospectus. Our Group does not currently have any predetermined dividend distribution ratio.

MATERIAL ADVERSE CHANGE

From 1 April 2018 up to the date of this prospectus, our Group has continued to focus on developing our derivatives brokerage business. Our Directors confirm that, save as the listing expenses set out in the paragraph headed "Listing expenses" in this section, since 31 March 2018 and up to the date of this prospectus, there has been no material adverse change in the financial or trading position or prospects of our Group, and there is no event which would materially affect the information shown in the Accountants' Report set out in Appendix I to this prospectus.

Without taking into account the impact of the non-recurring listing expenses, our Group expects net profit for the year ending 31 March 2019 will decrease compared to the previous year due to (i) the uncertainty of the recurrence of any booster similar to the event that led to the unexpected increase in revenue recognised in our HKEx segment for the year ended 31 March 2018 driven by the increase in trading volume of a single stock during the year; and (ii) an estimated increase in office rent for the year ending 31 March 2019 compared to that for the year ended 31 March 2018 as our Group moved to a bigger office premises in April 2018.

SHARE OFFER STATISTICS

	Based on the maximum Offer Price of HK\$0.3 per Offer Share	Based on the minimum Offer Price of HK\$0.25 per Offer Share
Market capitalisation of our Company at Listing ^(Note 2)	HK\$240.0 million	HK\$200.0 million
Unaudited pro forma adjusted combined net tangible assets of our Group attributable to the owners of our Company per Offer Share ^(Note 3)	HK\$0.111	HK\$0.099

Notes:

1. All statistics in this table are based on the assumption that no options are granted under the Share Option Scheme.
2. The calculation of the market capitalisation of our Company at Listing is based on the respective minimum and maximum Offer Price of HK\$0.25 and HK\$0.3 per Offer Share and on the assumption that 800,000,000 Shares will be in issue immediately after completion of the Share Offer and Capitalisation Issue.
3. The unaudited pro forma adjusted combined net tangible assets of our Group attributable to the owners of our Company per Share is arrived at after adjustment for the estimated net proceeds from the Share Offer as described in note 2 and on the basis that a total of 800,000,000 Shares were in issue as at 31 March 2018 (including Shares in issue as at the date of this prospectus and those Shares are expected to be issued pursuant to the Share Offer and the Capitalisation Issue, but not taking into account of any Shares which may be issued upon the exercise of any options which may be granted under the Share Option Scheme).

DEFINITIONS

In this prospectus, unless the context otherwise requires, the following terms shall have the meanings set out below.

“Accountants’ Report”	the accountants’ report on our Group prepared by the reporting accountants for the Track Record Period set out in Appendix I to this prospectus
“AMLO”	Anti-Money Laundering and Counter-Terrorist Financing (Financial Institutions) Ordinance (Chapter 615 of the Laws of Hong Kong)
“Application Form(s)”	WHITE Application Form(s), YELLOW Application Form(s) and GREEN Application Form(s) or where the context so requires, any of them to be used in connection with the Public Offer
“Articles” or “Articles of Association”	the articles of association of our Company conditionally adopted on 30 July 2018 to take effect on the Listing Date, a summary of which is set out in the paragraph headed “Articles of Association” in Appendix III to this prospectus, as amended, supplemented or otherwise modified from time to time
“associate(s)”	has the same meaning ascribed thereto under the GEM Listing Rules
“AUD”	Australian dollars, the lawful currency of Australia
“Beyond Delta”	Beyond Delta Limited, one of our Shareholders, a company incorporated in the BVI with limited liability on 3 November 2017 and wholly-owned by Mr. Choi
“Board” or “our Board”	the board of Directors
“Business Day”	a day (other than a Saturday, Sunday or public holiday in Hong Kong) on which licensed banks in Hong Kong are generally open for normal banking business
“BVI”	British Virgin Islands

DEFINITIONS

“Capitalisation Issue”	the issue of 599,990,000 Shares to be made upon capitalisation of part of the sum standing to the credit of the share premium account of our Company referred to in the paragraph headed “A. Further information about our Company — 3. Written resolutions of our Shareholders passed on 30 July 2018” in Appendix IV to this prospectus
“Cayman Share Registrar” or “Principal Share Registrar”	Conyers Trust Company (Cayman) Limited, the Cayman Islands share registrar of our Company
“CCASS”	the Central Clearing and Settlement System established and operated by HKSCC
“CCASS Clearing Participant”	a person admitted to participate in CCASS as a direct clearing participant or general clearing participant
“CCASS Custodian Participant”	a person admitted to participate in CCASS as a custodian participant
“CCASS Investor Participant”	a person admitted to participate in CCASS as an investor participant who may be an individual or joint individuals or a corporation
“CCASS Operational Procedures”	the operational procedures of HKSCC in relation to CCASS, containing the practices, procedures and administrative requirements relating to the operations and functions of CCASS, as from time to time in force
“CCASS Participant”	a CCASS Clearing Participant, a CCASS Custodian Participant or a CCASS Investor Participant
“CHF”	Swiss franc, the lawful currency of Switzerland
“China” or “PRC”	the People’s Republic of China, but for the purpose of this prospectus only and unless otherwise indicated, excludes Hong Kong, the Macau Special Administrative Region of the PRC and Taiwan
“CIC”	China Insights Consultancy Limited, an independent industry consultant engaged by our Group
“CIC Report” or “Industry Report”	an independent industry report prepared by CIC and commissioned by our Company on the overview of the industry in which our Group operates

DEFINITIONS

“Co-Lead Manager”	HF Securities and Futures Limited, being the co-lead manager to the Share Offer
“clearing broker”	a member of an exchange who acts as a liaison between an investor and a clearing house to ensure the trade order is settled appropriately
“Clearing Participant”	a HKFE Exchange Participant entitled by the HKCC to record, register and clear contracts entered into by itself for its own account and on behalf of its clients
“close associate(s)”	has the same meaning ascribed thereto under the GEM Listing Rules
“Companies Laws”	the Companies Law, Cap. 22 (Law 3 of 1961, as consolidated and revised) of the Cayman Islands, as amended, modified and supplemented from time to time
“Companies Ordinance”	the Companies Ordinance (Chapter 622 of the Laws of Hong Kong) as amended, supplemented or otherwise modified from time to time
“Companies (Winding up and Miscellaneous Provisions) Ordinance”	the Companies (Winding up and Miscellaneous Provisions) Ordinance (Chapter 32 of the Laws of Hong Kong) as amended, supplemented or otherwise modified from time to time
“Company” or “our Company”	DLC Asia Limited, an exempted company incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability on 1 November 2017
“connected person(s)”	has the same meaning ascribed thereto under the GEM Listing Rules
“connected transaction(s)”	has the same meaning ascribed thereto under the GEM Listing Rules
“Controlling Shareholder(s)”	has the meaning ascribed to it under the GEM Listing Rules and, in the context of our Company, refers to Oasis Green, Pacific Asset and its beneficial owner, Mr. Yu
“core connected person(s)”	has the same meaning ascribed thereto under the GEM Listing Rules

DEFINITIONS

“Corporate Governance Code”	the Code on Corporate Governance Practices as set out in Appendix 15 to the GEM Listing Rules
“DCASS”	Derivatives Clearing and Settlement System (DCASS), the clearing and settlement system for derivatives products of the Stock Exchange
“De Riva”	De Riva Asia Limited, a company incorporated in Hong Kong with limited liability on 27 July 2009 and an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of our Company upon completion of the Reorganisation. De Riva is licensed by the SFC to carry out type 1 (dealing in securities) and type 2 (dealing in futures contracts) regulated activities under the SFO in Hong Kong, and is our principal operating subsidiary
“Deed of Indemnity”	the deed of indemnity dated 30 July 2018 and executed by our Controlling Shareholders as indemnifiers in favour of our Company (for itself and as trustee for our subsidiaries) relating to, among other matters, the tax liabilities of our Group, particulars of which are set out in the paragraph headed “E. Other Information — 1. Estate duty, tax and other indemnities” in Appendix IV to this prospectus
“Deed of Non-competition”	the deed of non-competition dated 30 July 2018 and executed by our Controlling Shareholders as covenantors in favour of our Company (for itself and as trustee for our subsidiaries) relating to, among other matters, their respective non-competition undertakings, particulars of which are set out in the paragraph headed “Deed of non-competition undertakings” under the section headed “Relationship with the Controlling Shareholders” in this prospectus
“Dense Jungle”	Dense Jungle Limited, one of our Shareholders, a company incorporated in the BVI with limited liability on 2 November 2017 and wholly-owned by Mr. Ng
“Director(s)”	the director(s) of our Company
“DLS Capital”	DLS Capital Limited, a company incorporated in the BVI with limited liability on 13 October 2017 and a direct wholly-owned subsidiary of our Company upon completion of the Reorganisation

DEFINITIONS

“EUR”	Euro, the lawful currency of the member states of European Union
“EUREX”	Eurex Exchange, an international derivatives exchange headquartered in Eschborn, Germany and operated by Eurex Frankfurt AG and Eurex Zurich AG
“execution broker”	a brokerage firm licensed to process a trade order on behalf of a client
“Futures Commission Merchant”	means a company registered with the HKFE as an Exchange Participant and entitled to trade in futures contracts and/or options contracts on its own account, for the account of other HKFE Exchange Participants and for the account of any other persons
“Futures Exchange” or “HKFE”	Hong Kong Futures Exchange Limited
“GBP”	British Pound, the lawful currency of the United Kingdom
“GDP”	gross domestic product
“GEM”	GEM of Stock Exchange, as amended, supplemented or otherwise modified from time to time
“GEM Listing Rules”	the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on GEM
“General Clearing Participant”	a clearing participant of the HKCC which registers and clears trades for its own account and its clients accounts and on behalf of non-clearing participants
“General Rules of CCASS”	the terms and conditions regulating the use of CCASS, as may be amended or modified from time to time and where the context so permits, shall include the CCASS Operational Procedures
“Government”	the government of Hong Kong
“GREEN Application Form(s)”	the application form(s) to be completed by the HK eIPO White Form Service Provider

DEFINITIONS

“Group”, “our Group”, “we”, “our” or “us”	our Company together with its subsidiaries or, where the context otherwise requires, in respect of the period before our Company became the holding company of its present subsidiaries, the companies which carried on the business of the present Group at the relevant time
“Guidelines on Competence”	the Guidelines on Competence published by the SFC in March 2003, as may be amended, supplemented and/or otherwise modified from time to time
“HK eIPO White Form”	the application for Offer Shares to be issued in the applicant’s own name by submitting applications online through the designated website at www.hkeipo.hk
“HK eIPO White Form Service Provider”	the HK eIPO White Form service provider designated by our Company, as specified on the designated website at www.hkeipo.hk
“HKATS”	Hong Kong Futures Automated Trading System, a transaction-based network system
“HKCC”	HKFE Clearing Corporation Limited, which provide integrated clearing, settlement, depository and nominee activities to HKFE Exchange Participants
“HKCC Participant”	collectively, Clearing Participant and General Clearing Participant
“HKD” or “HK\$” and “cents”	Hong Kong dollars and cents, respectively, the lawful currency of Hong Kong
“HKEx”	Hong Kong Exchanges and Clearing Limited
“HKEx Group”	Hong Kong Exchanges and Clearing Limited and its subsidiaries from time to time, and for the purposes of this prospectus, includes HKSCC, HKCC, HKEx Hosting Services Limited, HKFE, LME and the SEOCH

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“HKFE Exchange Participant(s)”	a licensed corporation to carry on type 2 (dealing in futures contracts) regulated activity under the SFO who, in accordance with the rules of the Futures Exchange, may trade on or through the Futures Exchange and whose name is entered in a list, register or roll kept by the Futures Exchange as a person who may trade on or through the Futures Exchange
“HKFRS(s)”	Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards, including Hong Kong Accounting Standards and Interpretations promulgated by the Hong Kong Accounting Standards Board
“HKICPA”	Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants
“HKSCC”	Hong Kong Securities Clearing Company Limited, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the HKEx
“HKSCC Nominees”	HKSCC Nominees Limited, a subsidiary of HKEx
“Hong Kong Branch Share Registrar”	Tricor Investor Services Limited, the Hong Kong branch share registrar and transfer office of our Company
“Independent Third Party(ies)”	individual(s) or company(ies) and their respective ultimate beneficial owner(s), who/which, to the best of our Directors’ knowledge, information and belief having made all reasonable enquiries, is/are independent of and not connected (within the meaning of the GEM Listing Rules) with any of our Directors, chief executive or substantial shareholders of our Company or our subsidiaries or any of their respective associates within the meaning of the GEM Listing Rules
“Institutional Professional Investor(s)”	persons falling under paragraphs (a) to (i) of the definition of “professional investor” in Section 1 of Part 1 of Schedule 1 to the SFO
“Joint Lead Managers”	Head & Shoulders Securities Limited and I Win Securities Limited, being the joint lead managers to the Share Offer
“Jolly Ocean”	Jolly Ocean Global Limited, one of our substantial Shareholders, a company incorporated in the BVI with limited liability on 31 October 2017 and wholly-owned by Santo Global

DEFINITIONS

“JPY”	Japanese Yen, the lawful currency of Japan
“KOSPI 200”	a South Korean Index, indicative of the top 200 stocks in the Korea Exchange
“Latest Practicable Date”	6 August 2018, being the latest practicable date prior to the printing of this prospectus for the purpose of ascertaining certain information contained in this prospectus
“Listing”	the listing and the commencement of dealings of the Shares on GEM
“Listing Committee”	the listing committee of the Stock Exchange
“Listing Date”	the date on which our Shares are first listed and from which dealings in the Shares are permitted to take place on GEM, which is expected to be on or about Monday, 27 August 2018
“Listing Division”	the listing division of the Stock Exchange (with responsibility for GEM)
“Main Board”	the Main Board of the Stock Exchange
“Memorandum” or “Memorandum of Association”	the memorandum of association of our Company adopted on 30 July 2018 as amended from time to time, a summary of which is set out in the paragraph headed “Memorandum of Association” in Appendix III to this prospectus
“Mr. Choi”	Mr. Choi Man Ho (蔡文豪), one of our executive Directors and the chief executive officer of our Group, also a Responsible Officer accredited to De Riva
“Mr. Fung”	Mr. Fung Wai Yip Patrick (馮偉業), one of our executive Directors and a Responsible Officer accredited to De Riva
“Mr. Lau”	Mr. Lau Ming Yeung Lambert (劉名揚), one of our executive Directors and the Chairman of the Board and a Responsible Officer accredited to De Riva
“Mr. Lee”	Mr. Lee Tik Man Dick (李迪文), one of our executive Directors and a Responsible Officer accredited to De Riva

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“Mr. Ng”	Mr. Ng Yu Fai (吳宇輝), one of our executive Directors and a Licensed Representative accredited to De Riva
“Mr. Yu”	Mr. Yu Kwok Tung (余國棟), our non-executive Director and one of our Controlling Shareholders
“MSCI”	Morgan Stanley Capital International
“Oasis Green”	Oasis Green Ventures Limited, one of our Controlling Shareholders, a company incorporated in the BVI with limited liability on 13 October 2017 and wholly-owned by Pacific Asset
“Offer Price”	the final price per Offer Share in Hong Kong dollars (exclusive of the brokerage of 1%, SFC transaction levy of 0.0027% and Stock Exchange trading fee of 0.005%) which will not be more than HK\$0.3 per Offer Share and is expected to be not less than HK\$0.25 per Offer Share, such price to be fixed on the Price Determination Date
“Offer Shares”	collectively, the Placing Shares and the Public Offer Shares
“Pacific Asset”	Pacific Asset Limited, one of our Controlling Shareholders, and a company incorporated in Hong Kong with limited liability on 22 October 2012 and wholly-owned by Mr. Yu, our non-executive Director
“Placing”	the conditional placing of the Placing Shares at the Offer Price for and on behalf of our Company, as described in the section headed “Structure and conditions of the Share Offer” in this prospectus
“Placing Share(s)”	180,000,000 Shares initially offered for subscription under the Placing (subject to reallocation) as described under the section headed “Structure and conditions of the Share Offer” in this prospectus
“Placing Underwriter(s)”	the underwriter(s) of the Placing Shares who is/are expected to enter into the Placing Underwriting Agreement to underwrite the Placing Shares

DEFINITIONS

“Placing Underwriting Agreement”	the underwriting agreement expected to be entered into on or around the Price Determination Date by, among others, our Company, our Controlling Shareholders, our executive Directors, the Sole Sponsor and the Placing Underwriter(s) relating to the Placing
“Predecessor Companies Ordinance”	the Companies Ordinance (Chapter 32 of the Laws of Hong Kong) prior to its repeal and replacement on 3 March 2014 by the Companies Ordinance and the Companies (Winding up and Miscellaneous Provisions) Ordinance
“Pre-IPO Investments”	the pre-IPO investments in our Group by the Pre-IPO Investors as set out in the paragraph headed “Pre-IPO Investments” under the section headed “History, Reorganisation and corporate structure” in this prospectus
“Pre-IPO Investors”	Santo Global, Mr. Ng and Mr. Choi, which subscribed for the shares of De Riva pursuant to the Pre-IPO Investments, details of which are set out in the paragraph headed “Pre-IPO Investments” under the section headed “History, Reorganisation and corporate structure” in this prospectus
“Price Determination Agreement”	the agreement expected to be entered into between our Company and the Sole Bookrunner (for itself and on behalf of the Underwriters) on or before the Price Determination Date to determine and record the Offer Price
“Price Determination Date”	the date, expected to be on or before Monday, 20 August 2018 or such later date as may be agreed between our Company and the Sole Bookrunner (for itself and on behalf of the Underwriters), on which the Offer Price is to be fixed for the purpose of the Share Offer
“Professional Investor Rules”	the Securities and Futures (Professional Investor) Rules (Chapter 571D of the Laws of Hong Kong)

DEFINITIONS

“Public Offer”	the offer by our Company of the Public Offer Shares for subscription to the public in Hong Kong at the Offer Price on and subject to the terms and conditions stated in this prospectus and the Application Forms as further described under the section headed “Structure and conditions of the Share Offer” in this prospectus
“Public Offer Shares”	the 20,000,000 Shares (subject to reallocation) initially offered by our Company for subscription in the Public Offer, as described under the section headed “Structure and conditions of the Share Offer” in this prospectus
“Public Offer Underwriter(s)”	the underwriter(s) of the Public Offer, whose name is/are set out under the paragraph headed “Public Offer Underwriters” under the section headed “Underwriting” in this prospectus
“Public Offer Underwriting Agreement”	the underwriting agreement dated 10 August 2018 entered into by, among others, our Company, our Controlling Shareholders, our executive Directors, the Sole Sponsor and the Public Offer Underwriter(s) relating to the Public Offer
“Red Sun Capital” or “Sole Sponsor”	Red Sun Capital Limited, a corporation licensed to conduct type 1 (dealing in securities) and type 6 (advising on corporate finance) regulated activities under the SFO, being the sole sponsor to the Share Offer
“Regulation S”	Regulation S under the U.S. Securities Act
“Reorganisation”	the corporate reorganisation of our Group in preparation of the Listing, particulars of which are set out in the section headed “History, Reorganisation and corporate structure” in this prospectus
“Repurchase Mandate”	the general mandate to repurchase Shares given to our Directors by our Shareholders, particulars of which are summarised in the paragraph headed “A. Further information about our Company — 3. Written resolutions of our Shareholders passed on 30 July 2018” in Appendix IV to this prospectus

DEFINITIONS

“Santo Global”	Santo Global Investments Limited, one of our substantial Shareholders, a company incorporated in Hong Kong with limited liability on 21 March 2014 and wholly-owned by Mr. Lau Ming Hong, Henry, brother of Mr. Lau
“SEOCH”	SEHK Options Clearing House Limited
“SFC”	the Securities and Futures Commission of Hong Kong
“SFO”	the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Chapter 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong) as amended, supplemented or otherwise modified from time to time
“SGD”	Singapore dollars, the lawful currency of Singapore
“SGX”	Singapore Exchange, a multi-asset exchange of equity, fixed income and derivatives products based in Singapore
“SGX-DC”	Singapore Exchange Derivatives Clearing Limited
“SGX-DT”	Singapore Exchange Derivatives Trading Limited
“Share(s)”	ordinary share(s) with nominal value of HK\$0.01 each in the share capital of our Company
“Share Offer”	the Public Offer and the Placing
“Share Option Scheme”	the share option scheme conditionally approved and adopted by our Company on 30 July 2018, the principal terms of which are summarised in the paragraph headed “D. Share Option Scheme” in Appendix IV to this prospectus
“Shareholder(s)”	holder(s) of the issued Share(s) from time to time
“Sole Bookrunner”	Head & Shoulders Securities Limited, being the sole bookrunner to the Share Offer
“Stock Exchange” or “SEHK”	The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited
“subsidiary(ies)”	has the same meaning ascribed thereto under the GEM Listing Rules, unless the context otherwise requires

DEFINITIONS

“substantial shareholder(s)”	has the same meaning ascribed thereto under the GEM Listing Rules, and details of our Company’s substantial Shareholders are set out in the section headed “Substantial Shareholders” in this prospectus
“Takeovers Code”	the Hong Kong Codes on Takeovers and Mergers and Share Buy-backs, as approved by the SFC and as amended, modified and supplemented from time to time
“Track Record Period”	the period comprising the three years ended 31 March 2016, 2017 and 2018
“U.S. Securities Act”	the United States Securities Act of 1933 (as amended from time to time)
“Underwriter(s)”	the Public Offer Underwriter(s) and the Placing Underwriter(s)
“Underwriting Agreements”	the Public Offer Underwriting Agreement and the Placing Underwriting Agreement
“United States” or “US” or “USA”	the United States of America
“US\$” or “USD”	United States dollars, the lawful currency of the United States
“WHITE Application Form(s)”	the application form(s) for the Public Offer Shares for use by the public who requires(s) such Public Offer Shares to be issued in the applicant’s or applicants’ own name(s)
“YELLOW Application Form(s)”	the application form(s) for the Public Offer Shares for use by the public who requires(s) such Public Offer Shares to be issued in the name of HKSCC Nominees and deposited directly into CCASS
“%”	per cent.

GLOSSARY OF TECHNICAL TERMS

The glossary of technical terms contains explanations and definitions of certain terms used in this prospectus in connection with us and our business. The terms and their meanings may not correspond to meanings or usage of these terms as used by others.

“Anti-Money Laundering Guideline”	Guidance on Anti-Money Laundering and Counter-Terrorist Financing issued by the SFC and became effective since July 2012
“approved introducing agent”	a licensed corporation approved as such under section 58(4) of the FRR
“bps”	basis points (1 basis point = 0.01%)
“CAGR”	compound annual growth rate, the year-on-year growth rate over a specified period of time
“Code of Conduct”	the Code of Conduct for Persons Licensed by or Registered with the Securities and Futures Commission issued by the SFC, and as amended, supplemented and/or otherwise modified from time to time
“delta”	the ratio of the change in price or theoretical value of a derivative contract with respect to change of price of the underlying asset
“delta one products”	derivatives products that have delta of one or very close to one
“Exchange Traded Funds”	a security that tracks an index, a commodity or a basket of assets like an index fund, but trades like a stock on an exchange
“FIA”	Futures Industry Association, a global trade organisation for the futures, options and centrally cleared derivatives markets
“FOA”	Futures and Options Association, now known as Futures Industry Association Europe, was merged along with FIA and Futures Industry Association Asia into a single organisation FIA on 8 January 2016
“FRR”	the Securities and Futures (Financial Resources) Rules (Chapter 571N of the Laws of Hong Kong), as amended, supplemented or otherwise modified from time to time
“futures”	a contract obligating the buyer and the seller to sell a specified property at a predetermined price and date

GLOSSARY OF TECHNICAL TERMS

“futures contract”	a contract or an option on a contract made under the rules or convention of a futures market
“futures market”	a place where facilities are provided for persons to negotiate or conclude sales and purchases of, or for bringing together on a regular basis sellers and purchasers of, futures contracts
“ICG”	Management, Supervision and Internal Control Guidelines for persons licensed by or registered with the Securities and Futures Commission
“licensed corporation”	has the same meaning given by Section 1 of Part 1 of Schedule 1 to the SFO
“Licensed Representative(s)”	an individual who is granted a licence under section 120(1) or 121(1) of the SFO to carry on one or more regulated activities for a licensed corporation to which he/she is accredited
“Interdealer broker”	a brokerage firm that facilitates transactions between institutional clients and financial institutions in relation to a wide range of financial instruments, including listed securities and futures contracts, listed structured products, unlisted fixed income products and OTC derivatives
“Internet”	the global system of interconnected computer networks that use the protocol to link billions of electronic devices worldwide
“IPO(s)”	initial public offering(s)
“IT”	information technology
“MFA”	Managed Funds Association, a global trade association for the hedge and managed futures fund industry
“notional value”	the value of a derivative contract's underlying assets at the spot price. In the case of an option contract, this is the number of units of an asset represented by the contract, multiplied by the spot price of the asset
“open trade order(s)”	trade order(s) placed on the trading system of the exchange for automatic order matching and execution which remains in effect until it is either canceled, executed or expired

GLOSSARY OF TECHNICAL TERMS

“option”	a contract which gives the holder the right, but not the obligation, to buy or sell a specified asset at a predetermined price and date
“OTC”	over-the-counter
“Professional Investor(s)”	corporates or individuals as ascribed in Part I of Schedule I of SFO
“Responsible Officer(s)”	a Licensed Representative who is also approved as a responsible officer under Section 126 of the SFO to supervise one or more regulated activities of the licensed corporation to which he/she is accredited
“SDD”	simplified customer due diligence

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

We have included in this prospectus forward-looking statements that are not historical facts, but relate to our intentions, beliefs, expectations or predictions for future event and conditions which may not occur. These forward-looking statements are contained principally in the sections headed “Summary”, “Risk factors”, “Industry overview”, “Business”, and “Financial information”, which are, by their nature, subject to risks and uncertainties.

In some cases, you can identify these forward-looking statements by words such as “aim”, “anticipate”, “believe”, “continue”, “could”, “expect”, “intend”, “may”, “might”, “plan”, “potential”, “predict”, “project”, “propose”, “seek”, “should”, “will”, “would” or similar expressions or their negatives. These forward-looking statements include, without limitation, statements relating to:

- our business objectives, implementation plans and use of proceeds;
- the amount and nature of, potential for, future development of our business;
- our operation and business prospects;
- our dividend policy;
- the regulatory environment of our industry in general;
- the future development and trends in our industry; and
- risks identified under the section headed “Risk factors” in this prospectus.

Our Directors confirm that these forward-looking statements are made after due and careful consideration.

These forward-looking statements are subject to risks, uncertainties and assumptions, some of which are beyond our control. In addition, these forward-looking statements reflect our current views with respect to future events and are not a guarantee of future performance.

Additional factors that could cause actual performance or achievements to differ materially include, without limitation, those discussed under the section headed “Risk factors” in this prospectus.

These forward-looking statements are based on current plans and estimates, and speak only as at the date they are made. We undertake no obligations to update or revise any forward-looking statement in light of new information, future events or otherwise. Forward-looking statements involve inherent risks and uncertainties and are subject to assumptions, some of which are beyond our control. We caution you that a number of important factors could cause actual outcomes to differ, or to differ materially, from those expressed in any forward-looking statements.

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

Due to these risks, uncertainties and assumptions, the forward-looking events and circumstances discussed in this prospectus might not occur in the way we expect, or at all. Accordingly, you should not place undue reliance on any forward-looking information. All forward-looking statements contained in this prospectus are qualified by reference to these cautionary statements.

RISK FACTORS

You should carefully consider all of the information in this prospectus, including the risks and uncertainties described below, before making any investment decision in relation to our Company. Our business, financial condition or results of operations could be materially and adversely affected by any of the risks and uncertainties described below. Additional risks and uncertainties not presently known to us, or not expressed or implied below, or that our Company deems immaterial, could also harm our business, financial conditions and results of operations. The trading prices of the Shares could decline due to any of these risks and uncertainties, and you may lose all or part of your investment.

RISKS RELATING TO THE BUSINESS AND OPERATIONS OF OUR GROUP

Our business depends on the continuing efforts of our executive Directors, key senior management and employees

Our business depends on the continuing services of our executive Directors, key senior management and employees including but not limited to Mr. Lau, Mr. Ng, Mr. Choi, Mr. Lee and Mr. Fung. Our executive Directors, supported by our senior management team, are principally responsible for managing our daily operations. In particular, the experience and customer networks contributed by our key executives have played a crucial role in building our success and reputation to date. Therefore, our success is, to a significant extent, attributable to our executive Directors and senior management team. For details, please refer to the paragraph headed “Our competitive strengths — Experienced and competent senior management with strong customer base” in the section headed “Business” in this prospectus.

Our ability to compete in the existing market and expand into new market or develop new business also depends on our ability to retain competent personnel, especially our Licensed Representatives whose established customer networks and rich industry know-how have allowed us to effectively expand our customer base to date. Given that the competition for competent personnel in the industry is intense, our Group may not be able to attract or retain the services of key personnel for our business in the future. If our Group loses any member of our key senior management or key personnel, there is no assurance that our Group will be able to find suitable replacements in a timely manner, or at all. These personnel may even join our competitors which may further intensify market competition. As a result, our operations, prospects and profitability could be materially and adversely affected. Our inability to recruit or retain competent personnel would limit the capacity of our trading team, affect the commercial soundness of our decisions and reduce the effectiveness of our risk identification and control, thereby adversely affecting the performances of our business operations.

Our revenue was completely dependent on our commission from our derivatives brokerage services, of which a large proportion was generated from a limited number of customers. Any significant decrease in the number of contracts or notional value traded by our major customers may materially and adversely affect our financial position and results of operations

During the Track Record Period, our Group derived all revenue from commission income. For the three years ended 31 March 2016, 31 March 2017 and 31 March 2018, our

RISK FACTORS

Group's commission income was approximately HK\$60.2 million, HK\$59.8 million, and HK\$76.8 million, respectively. Our Directors expect that the commission income will continue to be our Group's main source of revenue in the future.

In addition, a large proportion of our revenue was derived from a limited number of customers during the Track Record Period. Revenue attributable to our top 10 customers accounted for approximately 64.4%, 65.6%, and 72.3% of our total revenue for the three years ended 31 March 2016, 31 March 2017 and 31 March 2018, respectively. As these customers do not have any binding long-term commitments with our Group, there is no assurance that our major customers will continue to use our brokerage services and maintain the same level of trading volume with us in the future. If there is a significant decrease in the number of contracts or the notional value traded by our major customers, and our Group is unable to secure other customers of a comparable order size, our financial position and results of operations would be materially and adversely affected.

In addition, in the event that our major customers experience any liquidity problem, it may result in delay in or default of payments to us. In either case the results of operations, financial position and prospects of our Group could be materially and adversely affected.

Our Group may not be able to maintain our brokerage commission rate charged to our customers and the result of which may adversely affect our financial performance and results of operations

During the Track Record Period, our Group did not offer monthly-fixed-charge plans or commission ceiling plans to our customers. Our commission charges were market rates arrived at after arm's length negotiations with our customers on normal commercial terms, and have taken into account the complexity of the trade combinations we could source, match and/or execute for our customers.

Our customers may occasionally request us to provide a better offer such as a lower brokerage commission rate. In determining whether to provide a better offer to our customers, our Group would in general take into account (i) whether such customers will increase their orders to compensate the reduction in brokerage commission rate; (ii) the past level of business with such customers; and (iii) the prevailing market conditions and the competition environment. In the event that we lower our brokerage commission rate charged to our customers and the trading volume from such customers remains unchanged or decreases after such adjustment, our financial performance and results of operations would be materially and adversely affected.

Unfavourable investor sentiment in the derivatives market could materially and adversely undermine our customers' performances and subsequently affect our financial performance, results of operations and prospects

Our customers are mainly investment banks, market makers and funds. Their sentiment in the derivatives market is highly dependent on global and local market conditions. Low turnover or low volatility in the market may materially and adversely influence investor sentiment and subsequently affect our financial performance, results of operations and prospects.

RISK FACTORS

If our Group is unable to compete effectively against our competitors, our financial performance and results of operations may be materially and adversely affected

The industry of interdealer brokerage of derivatives in Hong Kong is highly concentrated with intense competition. Our Group has to compete against our competitors who have greater brand recognition in the market, stronger human and financial resources, a wider range of services and longer operating histories than us. There is no assurance that our Group will be able to maintain our competitive strengths by responding to the rapidly changing business environment or by capturing new market opportunities. Any intensified competition may result in further downward pressure on our brokerage commission rates and fees charged for the services provided by us, which in turn may erode our market share and have material and adverse impact on our profitability and results of operations.

Our business operations are subject to interruptions in the services provided by our clearing brokers and execution brokers as well as human errors in our operations, both of which may have material adverse impact on our operations and our Group may have to bear the losses resulting therefrom

Our business operations are heavily dependent on our service providers, including but not limited to our clearing brokers and our execution brokers. Our Group generally relies on our clearing brokers to clear and settle all trade orders executed by De Riva on behalf of our customers directly under its trading rights as a HKFE Participant. Our Group also relies on our execution brokers to execute trade orders of derivatives for which our Group does not possess the relevant trading rights. Our Group cannot assure that our clearing brokers and execution brokers would not default on their obligations to us as a result of human errors or any other reasons. If our clearing brokers or execution brokers fail to take our instructions and allocate the trade positions to our customers in a timely manner, our customers may refuse to acknowledge the trade and refuse to settle the payment for the trade order, in such event our Group may have to bear all risks and costs with respect to that trade order executed by us.

In addition, De Riva is susceptible to the risks of any operational failure or termination of cooperation by any of the exchanges, banks, or other institutions our Group engaged to facilitate our transactions, which would materially and adversely affect our ability to execute trade orders on behalf of our customers as our Group may not be able to find a replacement in a timely manner. Any disputes or difficulties in cooperating with these institutions could materially and adversely affect our business operations.

During the Track Record Period, the right of De Riva to access the HKATS had once been suspended and therefore De Riva was not allowed to trade on the Futures Exchange in the afternoon session of 23 December 2015, as a result of not having a valid General Clearing Participant to clear the trade orders for us. Such suspension was due to an error of one of our service providers and had been lifted on 24 December 2015. For details, please refer to the paragraph headed “Our business strategies — To apply for becoming a Clearing Participant” in the section headed “Business” in this prospectus.

RISK FACTORS

Furthermore, our derivatives brokerage services are dependent on our ability to accurately execute and monitor a larger number of transactions, which involves complicated operational procedures and requires stable performance of our trading system. There is no assurance that our Group will not experience any human errors in processing our customers' instructions, for instance, input of incorrect derivatives name, quantity of the transaction, buy/sell order, or customers' account number.

During the Track Record Period, there was a material error trade that resulted in an aggregate loss of approximately HK\$1.8 million, of which approximately HK\$0.7 million loss was recognised for the year ended 31 March 2016 and HK\$1.1 million loss was recognised for the year ended 31 March 2017. As confirmed by our Directors, the error trade incident was partly attributable to the misunderstanding between our Group and our execution broker. For details of the error trade incident, please refer to the paragraph headed "Internal control — Error trade" in the section headed "Business" in this prospectus.

Any loss suffered by our Group resulting from error trades would be borne by our Group, and if rectification measures could not cover the loss incurred, our Group may be subject to material loss and the financial position and results of operations of our Group could be adversely affected.

Our operations may be disrupted if De Riva fails to maintain sufficient number of Responsible Officers as required by the SFC

As at the Latest Practicable Date, De Riva had four Responsible Officers. Under the licensing requirements of the SFO, De Riva must at all times maintain at least two Responsible Officers for each of the regulated activities. During the Track Record Period, one Responsible Officer and three licensed brokers departed from De Riva. De Riva may be exposed to operational disruptions should two or more of our Responsible Officers resign or cannot carry out their duties for a prolonged period due to any reasons and that De Riva fails to find suitable replacements in a timely manner. This may result in temporary suspension of the licence or imposition of additional licensing conditions and eventually cessation of our business operations. The occurrence of such event would materially and adversely affect our business and results of operations.

RISK FACTORS

Our Group is subject to extensive regulatory requirements, our operations may be materially and adversely affected if our Group fails to comply with such rules and regulations by the relevant regulatory bodies or if we fail to obtain or maintain or renew licences and permits necessary for our business operations

The industry in which De Riva is operating is highly regulated. Our business and operations are subject to a number of laws and regulations relating to the securities and financial services industry, including the SFO, the subsidiary legislations of the SFO, the Companies (Winding Up and Miscellaneous Provisions) Ordinance, the Rules of Hong Kong Futures Exchange Limited, the Takeovers Code, the GEM Listing Rules, the Rules of the Exchange, the AMLO, and other codes and guidelines published by the regulators from time to time. These laws and regulations set out the licensing requirements, regulate our operational activities and standards, impose the ongoing requirements to maintain a minimum liquid capital and impose other filing and reporting obligations relevant to our business operations. Please refer to the paragraph headed “A. Rules and regulations with regards to Hong Kong” in the section headed “Regulatory overview” in this prospectus for details.

Our business and continuing operations therefore depend upon obtaining and maintaining the necessary approvals, licences and permits granted by regulatory authorities. Our Group is required to comply with the relevant regulatory requirements and licensing conditions prescribed by regulatory authorities, such as the “fit and proper” requirements with respect to our Responsible Officers and Licensed Representatives, financial resources requirements, risk management, corporate governance, professional staff, corporate structure and compliance operations. Our compliance obligations will be subject to scrutiny, in particular when our Group applies for approvals, licences or permits for conducting new businesses or offering new services. If there is any non-compliance with the applicable rules and regulations, our Group would be susceptible to being sanctioned by regulatory authorities including fines, imposed additional licensing conditions, or in the extreme case, disqualified for our existing business by suspension or revocation of some or all of our licences for carrying on our business activities, or rejection of the renewal of our qualifications upon expiry by the regulatory authorities.

Our Group is also subject to regulatory inspection from time to time. During the Track Record Period, the SFC conducted a review on the regulated activities of De Riva, following which it made certain observations in respect of our internal control-related matters. Please refer to the paragraph headed “Internal control — SFC inspection” in the section headed “Business” in this prospectus for further details. De Riva is required to fully cooperate with and respond to enquiries of the SFC from time to time, which may require the devotion of time and resources and would increase our cost of compliance.

With respect to SFC investigations, our Group may be subject to secrecy obligations under the SFO whereby our Group may not be permitted to disclose certain information relating to the investigations. Unless our Group is specifically named as the party that is being investigated under a SFC investigation, our Group generally does not know whether De Riva and/or any of its directors, Responsible Officers, Licensed Representatives or staff is the subject of any investigation. If the results of inspections or investigations reveal misconduct, the SFC may take disciplinary actions against De Riva or the relevant staff.

RISK FACTORS

In respect of any new business that our Group contemplates to develop, there is no assurance that our Group will be able to obtain the relevant approvals, licences or permits from the relevant regulatory authorities before our Group launches such new business or service, as our Group may not possess the required qualification or resources to comply with the relevant regulations. As a result, our Group may fail to develop our new business as planned or may fall behind our competitors in such business or lose our existing customers.

In addition, there might be changes in rules and regulations and regulatory initiatives from time to time in response to the changing regulatory and market environments. Any such changes or initiatives may result in an increase in our cost of compliance and our liquid capital requirements. It might also restrict our business activities or future expansion. Accordingly, our cost of operations may be materially and adversely affected by any change in the regulatory environment.

Our Group's liquidity and financial position may be adversely affected if our customers default on, or delay, their payment obligations

Our customers are all Professional Investors as defined under the SFO, including funds, investment banks and market makers. Our Group generally allows a credit period of 30 days to our trade receivables. Before accepting any new customer, our Group will assess the potential customer's credit quality and determine its credit limits. Credit limits are made to customers with a satisfactory and trustworthy credit history. Our trade receivables turnover days were approximately 78.5 days, 94.7 days, and 87.2 days as at 31 March 2016, 31 March 2017, and 31 March 2018, respectively, which are longer than the credit period of 30 days our Group granted to our customers, mainly due to the long internal procedure for the settlement of the commission payment of our customers. Our Group's collection process is therefore often time-consuming and administratively cumbersome. Our Group cannot assure that our customers will not subsequently default on, or delay, their payment obligations in the future. In the event that our Group's customers default on all or a substantial portion of their payment obligations to our Group, our Group's financial position would be materially and adversely affected, in particular, De Riva, being a corporation licensed to carry on type 1 (dealing in securities) and type 2 (dealing in futures contracts) regulated activities under the SFO, might as a result fail to maintain at all times the minimum required liquid capital of at least HK\$3.0 million.

Our business may be affected by the increase in staff costs in Hong Kong

Our licensed brokers are essential to our operations of providing derivatives brokerage services as our Group relies on their expertise. For the three years ended 31 March 2016, 31 March 2017 and 31 March 2018, our staff costs accounted for approximately three 65.0%, 60.5% and 60.5% of our total expenses, respectively. Our Directors believe that if the competition for competent licensed brokers with considerable experience in the industry intensifies, the costs to retain and recruit our professional staff may increase.

RISK FACTORS

We may be unable to maintain our current level of growth and our expansion plan may not materialise in accordance with the timetable or at all

Our revenue for the year ended 31 March 2018 was approximately HK\$76.8 million, representing an increase of approximately 27.5% compared with that of approximately HK\$60.2 million for the year ended 31 March 2016. Our future business growth beyond the current level depends on the successful implementation of our business objectives, business strategies and future plans, including but not limited to intention to (i) apply for De Riva to become a Clearing Participant; (ii) expand our OTC product coverage; (iii) expand our office premises to accommodate the expansion of our business operations; and (iv) reinforce our human resources management to effectively attract, incentivise and retain talented professionals (for further details, please refer to the section headed “Future plans and use of proceeds” and the paragraph headed “Our business strategies” in the section headed “Business” in this prospectus). Such business strategies and future plans, including our estimation of cost saving by De Riva becoming a Clearing Participant, are based on current assumptions and intentions of our Directors and are subject to uncertainties and risks, for example, capital investment and human resources constraints. We may be unable to achieve the anticipated growth and expansion of our business, in particular, our targeted cost saving of approximately HK\$3.4 million by De Riva becoming a Clearing Participant by the year ending 31 March 2020, due to factors beyond our control such as the general market conditions, the performance of the financial services industry, and the economic and political environment of Hong Kong, the PRC and the world. As such, there is no assurance that we will successfully implement our strategies in accordance with the timetable and the cost saved by De Riva becoming a Clearing Participant will materialise; or that our strategies, even if implemented, will result in the expected achievement of our objectives. Our results of operations and financial position may be materially and adversely affected if our business objectives are not achieved.

Our business operations may be materially and adversely affected if any of our customers being under the definition of “Professional Investor” in the SFO are unable to continue fulfilling the requirements of being a Professional Investor

De Riva’s operating licence requires it to only provide brokerage services to Professional Investors as defined in the SFO. According to the Code of Conduct, De Riva is exempted from complying with certain requirements set out in the Code of Conduct when providing services to Professional Investors if De Riva has complied with the assessment requirements set out in the Code of Conduct.

If De Riva fails to comply with the assessment requirements in screening our new customers as set out by the Code of Conduct for Professional Investors, or breaches the Code of Conduct or provide services to non-Professional Investors, or if any of our customers fail to continue to fulfil the requirements of being a Professional Investor during the annual confirmation exercise carried out by De Riva, De Riva may be subject to severe consequences and penalties by the SFC, including cessation of our business and suspension or revocation of some or all of our licences. Any changes to the relevant rules and requirements set out in the Code of Conduct in relation to the performance of such compliance duties may also materially affect our operating costs.

RISK FACTORS

Misconduct of our staff could harm our reputation and business and is difficult to detect and deter

While our Group has internal control and compliance procedures in place which are designed to prevent and mitigate the risks of fraud, illegal act or misconduct of our Directors, Responsible Officers, Licensed Representatives, customers or other third parties, our Directors cannot assure that our Group would be able to effectively prevent the occurrence of such misconduct, which may involve, among others:

- the carrying on of unauthorised activities resulting in unknown and unmanaged risks or losses;
- improperly using or disclosing confidential or price-sensitive information;
- improper manipulation of prices of futures or options products;
- knowingly making recommendations in respect of futures and options products that are not suitable for customers; and
- engaging in fraudulent acts or otherwise not complying with applicable laws or regulations or our internal control procedures.

Despite of the said internal control and compliance procedures in place as set out in the paragraph headed “Internal control” in the section headed “Business” in this prospectus, there is no assurance that our Directors, Responsible Officers or Licensed Representatives would not commit any fraudulent or illegal acts or other misconduct in the future or that the precautions our Group has taken to prevent and detect such fraud or misconduct would be effective.

Depending on the nature of the misconduct, our Group and/or the relevant staff may suffer from adverse publicity and reputational damage and/or become subject to disciplinary actions, regulatory sanctions, imposition of pecuniary penalties, public or private reprimand, potential lawsuits and risk of suspension or revocation of licence(s). Our Group may also need to incur costs to commence and participate in legal proceedings to recover any material loss suffered by us from the relevant staff, if any. Therefore, any incidence of fraud or misconduct may materially and adversely affect our business, financial position and results of operations.

Our profitability may be affected by any material market fluctuations during our facilitation process

During the Track Record Period, when providing our brokerage services, some of the trade orders might have mismatches between the trading parties in terms of price and/or quantity. Our desk managers might approve to facilitate the trade order by filling in the mismatch on the condition that the estimated facilitation cost could be acceptable by our Group and generally profit could be secured by the commission generated from the trade order. However, our Group cannot guarantee that every facilitation conducted by our Group would be profitable as our facilitation requires our Group to acquire trade

RISK FACTORS

positions directly from the market, which are therefore subject to market risks. In the event that our estimated facilitation costs differ substantially from the actual facilitation costs due to changes in market conditions, our Group may not be able to recover any profits from the commission generated from the trade order. We also cannot guarantee that our Group could immediately close out all trade positions we acquire for the purpose of facilitation as the closing out of our trade positions may also be subject to market conditions. Further details in relation to facilitation are set out in the paragraph headed “Operating procedures — Facilitation” in the section headed “Business” in this prospectus.

For the three years ended 31 March 2016, 31 March 2017 and 31 March 2018, the error and facilitation expenses accounted for approximately HK\$2.8 million, HK\$3.4 million and HK\$2.1 million, respectively. In the event that our Group fails to close out the acquired trade positions in a timely manner or at a reasonable price, our profitability may be materially and adversely affected.

Our brokerage services are dependent on our trading infrastructure, any system failure or cyber-attacks may adversely affect our operations and may lead to our Group losing customers

Our operations depend on the secured processing, storage and transmission of confidential and other information in our computer systems and networks and our Group is vulnerable to unauthorised access such as cyber-attacks, computer viruses, other malicious programs or other events that could lead to a security breach. There is no assurance that our information technology infrastructure would be sufficiently secured to prevent all types of unauthorised access that could disrupt our information technology and operating systems. The occurrence of one or more such events could jeopardise the confidentiality of the information processed by, stored in and transmitted through our computer systems and networks and disrupt our operations, which could result in reputational damage, litigations and financial loss.

Our trading, financial, accounting, data processing or other operating systems and facilities may also fail to operate properly or become disabled as a result of events which are wholly or partially beyond our control, such as human error, natural disasters, power failures, computer viruses, cyber-attacks, spam attacks, other unauthorised access and data loss or leakage.

In addition, the derivatives brokerage industry is characterised by the rapidly changing technology and competition in terms of speed and efficiency in trade execution. If our Group is unable to maintain the competitiveness of our information technology system, in particular in devoting adequate resources in maintaining sufficient bandwidth capacity in our network connections to meet the trading demands of our customers, our Group may lose customers as a result of prolonged or delayed trade execution.

Our Group is exposed to the risk of failure to detect illegal or improper activities including money laundering and counter-terrorist financing activities

Our Group is required to comply with applicable anti-money laundering and counter-terrorist financing laws, regulations and guidelines in Hong Kong. These laws

RISK FACTORS

and regulations require licensed corporations to establish sound internal control policies and procedures to monitor, report and curtail money laundering and terrorist financing activities. Such policies and procedures require our Group to, among other things, establish a customer identification system in accordance with relevant rules, keep proper record of customers' information, record details of customers' activities and report suspicious transactions to the relevant authorities.

While these policies have been adopted and procedures aiming at detecting and preventing our Group from facilitating money laundering activities and terrorist acts are in place, in light of the complexity of money-laundering activities and other illegal or improper activities, such policies and procedures may not completely eliminate the possibility of our Group being used by other parties to engage in money laundering and other illegal or improper activities.

To the extent that our Group fails to comply with the applicable anti-money laundering and counter-terrorist financing laws, regulations and guidelines, the SFC may impose fines and other penalties on us and our Group may suffer from reputational risks and loss of confidence from our customers, in particular when they form the perception that our Group is being used to facilitate money laundering or carry out other illegal or improper activities. Our results of operations and financial position may be materially and adversely affected as a result.

Our business may be affected by any changes in tax laws and regulations

Under the prevailing Hong Kong laws and regulations, the profits generated by De Riva, our key operating subsidiary, is subject to taxation in Hong Kong. There is no assurance that the prevailing tax laws and regulations in Hong Kong (including profit tax rate) will not be revised or amended in the future. Any revision or amendment in tax laws and regulations may have an adverse impact on our business operations and our financial results.

RISKS RELATING TO THE SHARE OFFER

There has been no prior public market for the Shares, and their liquidity and market price following the Share Offer may be highly volatile

Prior to the Share Offer, there has been no public market for the Shares, and there is no assurance that an active trading market for the Shares will develop or be sustained upon completion of the Share Offer.

The market price and trading volume of the Shares may be highly volatile. Factors such as variations in our income, earnings or cash flows, and/or announcements of new investments and strategic alliances could cause the market price of the Shares to change substantially. Any such developments may result in large and sudden changes in the volume and market price at which the Shares will be trading. There is no assurance that these developments will or will not occur in the future and it is difficult to quantify the impact on us and on the trading volume and market price of the Shares. In addition, the Shares may be subject to changes in the market price which may not be directly related to our financial or business performance.

RISK FACTORS

Potential investors could face dilution as a result of future equity financings

Our Group will comply with Rule 17.29 of the GEM Listing Rules, which specifies that no further Shares or securities convertible into equity securities of our Group (subject to certain exceptions) may be issued or form the subject of any agreement to be issued within six months from the Listing Date. Our Group may raise additional funds to finance the future expansion of our existing operations or future acquisitions by way of issuance of new equity or equity-linked securities of our Group other than on a pro-rata basis to existing Shareholders after six months from the Listing Date, in which case the percentage shareholding of the then Shareholders may be diluted or reduced or such new securities may confer rights and privileges that have priority over those conferred by the issued Shares.

Future sales or perceived sales or conversion of substantial amounts of our securities in the public market could have a material and adverse effect on the prevailing market price of our Shares

There is no assurance that our substantial Shareholders or Controlling Shareholders will not dispose of the Shares held by them after the lock-up period. Our Group cannot predict the effect, if any, that any future sales of the Shares by any substantial Shareholder or Controlling Shareholder may have on the market price of the Shares. Sale of a substantial amount of our Shares by any of them, or the market perception that such sale may occur, could materially and adversely affect the prevailing market price of the Shares.

Some facts, forecasts and statistics contained in this prospectus with respect to Hong Kong and overseas and their economies and securities markets are derived from various official or third-party sources and may not be accurate, reliable, complete or up-to-date

Facts, statistical and forecast information relating to the capital market of Hong Kong and overseas contained in this prospectus have been compiled from various publicly available official governmental sources and the market research report prepared by International Monetary Fund. While our Group has taken reasonable care in the reproduction of the information, it has not been prepared or independently verified by us, the Sole Sponsor, the Sole Bookrunner, the Joint Lead Managers, the Co-Lead Manager, the Underwriters or any of our or their respective affiliates or advisers or any other parties involved in the Share Offer, and, therefore, our Group cannot assure you as to the accuracy and reliability of such facts, forecasts and statistics, which may not be consistent with other information compiled inside or outside Hong Kong. Such facts, forecasts and statistics include the facts, forecasts and statistics used in the sections headed "Summary", "Risk factors", "Industry overview" and "Business" in this prospectus. Because of possibly flawed or ineffective collection methods or discrepancies between published information and market practice and other problems, the statistics herein may be inaccurate or may not be comparable to statistics produced for other economies, and investors should not place undue reliance on them. Furthermore, our Group cannot assure that they are stated or compiled on the same basis, or with the same degree of accuracy, as similar statistics presented elsewhere. In all cases, investors should consider carefully how much weight or importance should be attached to or placed on such facts, forecasts or statistics.

RISK FACTORS

Our Shareholders may experience difficulties in effecting service of legal process, enforcing foreign judgments or bringing actions against us or our management and the laws of the Cayman Islands relating to the protection of the interests of minority shareholders are different from those in Hong Kong

Our Company is incorporated under the laws of the Cayman Islands. During the Track Record Period, our businesses, assets and operations were carried out through our operating subsidiary, De Riva, located in Hong Kong. Since our Company is incorporated under the laws of the Cayman Islands, our corporate affairs are governed by the laws of the Cayman Islands, it may not be possible for our Shareholders to bring an action against our Company or against our Directors or officers based on Hong Kong laws in the event that our Shareholders believe that their rights as a shareholder have been infringed. Our corporate affairs are governed by our Memorandum of Association and Articles of Association and by the Companies Law and common law of the Cayman Islands. The laws of the Cayman Islands relating to the protection of the interests of minority shareholders differ in some respects from those established under statutes or judicial precedent in existence in Hong Kong. This may mean that the remedies available to our Group's minority Shareholders may be different from those they would have under Hong Kong laws or the laws of other jurisdictions. A summary of Cayman Islands laws is set out in Appendix III to this prospectus.

Our Group strongly cautions investors not to place any reliance on any information contained in any press or media reports regarding us and the Share Offer

Our Group has not authorised the disclosure of any information in the press or media and our Group wishes to emphasise to prospective investors that our Group does not accept any responsibility for the accuracy of any news published by the press or the media. Our Group makes no representation as to the appropriateness, accuracy, completeness or reliability of any information contained in any press articles or other media about our business or financial projections, share valuation or other information. Accordingly, in all cases, prospective investors should give consideration as to how much weight or importance they should attach to, or place on, such press articles or other media coverage.

Our future results could differ materially from those expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements

This prospectus contains certain statements and information that are "forward-looking" and uses forward-looking terminology such as "anticipate", "believe", "could", "estimate", "expect", "may", "ought to", "should" or "will" or similar terms. Those statements include, among other things, the discussion of our growth strategy and expectations concerning our future operations, liquidity and capital resources. Prospective investors are cautioned that reliance on any forward-looking statements involves risks and uncertainties and that, although our Group believes the assumptions on which the forward-looking statements are based are reasonable, any or all of those assumptions could prove to be inaccurate and as a result, the forward-looking statements based on those assumptions could also be incorrect. The uncertainties in this regard include, but are not limited to, those identified in this section and many of which are not

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within our control. In light of these and other uncertainties, the inclusion of forward-looking statements in this prospectus should not be regarded as representations by our Group that our plans or objectives will be achieved and prospective investors should not place undue reliance on such forward-looking statements. Our Group does not undertake any obligation to update publicly or release any revisions of any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of any new information, future events or otherwise. Please refer to the section headed “Forward-looking statements” in this prospectus for further details.

RISK RELATING TO MACROECONOMIC AND POLITICAL CONDITIONS

General macroeconomic conditions, particularly in Hong Kong, may materially and adversely affect our Group’s business, prospects, results of operations and financial position

Our Group’s business and operations are currently based in Hong Kong and the businesses of the majority of our customers are directly affected by the overall performance of the global economy. As an open economy, Hong Kong’s domestic economy is influenced by the global economy and the PRC economy is also becoming more open. The global, PRC and Hong Kong economies are affected by, among other things, legal and regulatory changes, political conditions in global markets, global levels of liquidity and risk aversion, currency and interest rate fluctuations, concerns about natural disasters, terrorism and war, the level and volatility of interest rates and foreign currency exchange rates, concerns over inflation, and changes in investor confidence levels and risk appetities. All of these factors are beyond the control of our Group. If any of the above factors changes unfavorably, our Group’s business, prospects, results of operations and financial position may be materially and adversely affected.

RISK ASSOCIATED WITH THIS PROSPECTUS

Certain statistics and data extracted or derived from various governmental or third-party sources should not be unduly relied upon

Certain statistics and industry data included in this prospectus have been extracted or derived from various governmental sources, the websites of the SFC, the Stock Exchange and other third-party sources. Our Directors believe that the sources are appropriate for such statistics and data and have taken reasonable care in the extraction, compilation and reproduction of such statistics and data. Our Directors have no reason to believe that such statistics and data are false or misleading, or that any fact has been omitted that would render such statistics and data false or misleading. However, neither our Group, the Sole Sponsor, the Underwriters, nor any party involved in the Share Offer has independently verified such statistics and data, and such party or parties do not make any representation as to the accuracy or completeness of such statistics and data, which may be inconsistent with statistics and data derived from other sources. As such, these statistics and data should not be unduly relied upon by investors. As a result of different market practices, differences between published information, possible flawed collection methods or other problems, the statistics and data shown in this prospectus might not be accurate or complete or might not be comparable to statistics and data produced from other sources. Accordingly, prospective investors should give careful consideration as to how much weight or importance they should attach to or place on such statistics and data.

INFORMATION ABOUT THIS PROSPECTUS AND THE SHARE OFFER

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE CONTENTS OF THIS PROSPECTUS

This prospectus, for which the Directors collectively and individually accept full responsibility, includes particulars given in compliance with the Companies (Winding up and Miscellaneous Provisions) Ordinance, the Securities and Futures (Stock Market Listing) Rules (subsidiary legislation 571V of the Laws of Hong Kong) and the GEM Listing Rules for the purpose of giving information with regard to us. The Directors, having made all reasonable enquiries, confirm that to the best of their knowledge and belief, the information contained in this prospectus is accurate and complete in all material respects and not misleading or deceptive, and there are no other matters the omission of which would make any statement herein or this prospectus misleading.

INFORMATION ON THE SHARE OFFER

The Offer Shares are offered solely on the basis of the information contained and the representations made in this prospectus. So far as the Share Offer is concerned, no person is authorised to give any information or to make any representation not contained in this prospectus, and any information or representation not contained herein must not be relied upon as having been authorised by us, the Sole Sponsor, the Sole Bookrunner, the Joint Lead Managers, the Co-Lead Manager, the Underwriters, any of their respective directors (where applicable) or any other parties involved in the Share Offer.

OFFER SHARES ARE FULLY UNDERWRITTEN

This prospectus is published solely in connection with the Public Offer, which forms part of the Share Offer. The Listing is sponsored by the Sole Sponsor. The Public Offer is fully underwritten by the Public Offer Underwriters under the terms and conditions of the Public Offer Underwriting Agreement. The Placing Underwriting Agreement relating to the Placing is expected to be entered on or around the Price Determination Date, subject to agreement on pricing of the Offer Shares between our Group and the Sole Bookrunner (for itself and on behalf of the Underwriters). The Share Offer is managed by the Sole Bookrunner. Further information relating to the Underwriters and the Share Offer and the underwriting arrangements is set out in the section headed "Underwriting" in this prospectus. If, for any reason, the Offer Price is not agreed, the Share Offer will not proceed and will lapse.

OFFER SHARES TO BE OFFERED IN HONG KONG ONLY

Each person acquiring the Offer Shares will be required to confirm or be deemed by his acquisition or subscription of Offer Shares to confirm that he is aware of the restrictions on the offer of the Offer Shares described in this prospectus.

INFORMATION ABOUT THIS PROSPECTUS AND THE SHARE OFFER

As at the Latest Practicable Date, no action has been taken in any jurisdiction other than Hong Kong to permit the offering of the Offer Shares or the distribution of this prospectus. Accordingly, this prospectus may not be used for the purposes of, and does not constitute, an offer or invitation in any jurisdiction or in any circumstance in which such offer or invitation is not authorised or to any person to whom it is unlawful to make an unauthorised offer or invitation.

The distribution of this prospectus and the offering of the Offer Shares in other jurisdictions are subject to restrictions and may not be made except as permitted under the applicable laws or any applicable rules and regulations of such jurisdictions pursuant to registration with or authorisation by the relevant regulatory authorities as an exemption therefrom.

The Offer Shares are offered for subscription solely on the basis of the information contained and the representations made in this prospectus. No person is authorised in connection with the Share Offer to give any information or to make any representation not contained in this prospectus, and any information or representation not contained herein must not be relied upon as having been authorised by our Group, the Sole Sponsor, the Sole Bookrunner, the Joint Lead Managers, the Co-Lead Manager, the Underwriters, any of their respective directors, officers, agents, employees, affiliates and/or representatives or any other persons involved in the Share Offer.

APPLICATION FOR LISTING ON GEM

Application has been made to the Listing Division for the listing of, and permission to deal in the Shares in issue and to be issued pursuant to the Share Offer (including the Shares which may be issued pursuant to the exercise of any options which may be granted under the Share Option Scheme and any Shares to be issued under the Capitalisation Issue).

Save as disclosed herein, no part of the share or loan capital of our Group is listed on or dealt in on any other stock exchange and no such listing or permission to deal in is being or is proposed to be sought in the near future.

Under Section 44B(1) of the Companies (Winding Up and Miscellaneous Provisions) Ordinance, any allotment made in respect of any application will be void if permission for the listing of, and dealing in, the Shares on GEM has been refused before the expiration of three weeks from the date of closing of the application lists or such longer period (not exceeding six weeks) as may, within the said three weeks, be notified to our Group by or on behalf of the Stock Exchange.

Only securities registered on the branch register of members of our Group kept in Hong Kong may be traded on GEM unless the Stock Exchange otherwise agrees.

INFORMATION ABOUT THIS PROSPECTUS AND THE SHARE OFFER

Pursuant to Rule 11.23(7) of the GEM Listing Rules, at the time of listing and at all times thereafter, our Group must maintain the “minimum prescribed percentage” of 25% of the issued share capital of our Group in the hands of the public. A total of 200,000,000 Offer Shares, representing 25% of the enlarged issued share capital of our Group will be in the hands of the public immediately following completion of the Share Offer and the Capitalisation Issue and upon Listing (but without taking into account any Shares which may be issued pursuant to any options which may be granted under the Share Option Scheme).

PROFESSIONAL TAX ADVICE RECOMMENDED

Potential applicants for the Offer Shares are recommended to consult their professional advisers if they are in doubt as to the taxation implications of the subscription for, holding, purchase, disposal of or dealing in the Shares or exercising their rights thereunder. It is emphasised that none of us, the Directors, the Sole Sponsor, the Sole Bookrunner, the Joint Lead Managers, the Co-Lead Manager, the Underwriters, their respective directors or any other person involved in the Share Offer accepts responsibility for any tax effects on, or liabilities of, holders of Shares resulting from the subscription for, holding, purchase, disposal of or dealing in the Shares or the exercise of their rights thereunder.

HONG KONG SHARE REGISTER AND STAMP DUTY

The principal register of members of our Company will be maintained by our principal share registrar, Conyers Trust Company (Cayman) Limited, in the Cayman Islands and a branch register of members of our Group will be maintained by our Hong Kong branch share registrar and transfer office, Tricor Investor Services Limited, in Hong Kong. Unless our Directors otherwise agree, all transfer and other documents of title of Shares must be lodged for registration with, and registered by our Company’s Hong Kong branch share registrar and transfer office.

STRUCTURE AND CONDITIONS OF THE SHARE OFFER

Details of the structure of the Share Offer, including its conditions, are set out in the section headed “Structure and conditions of the Share Offer” in this prospectus, and the procedures for applying for the Public Offer Shares are set out in the section headed “How to apply for Public Offer Shares” in this prospectus and in the relevant Application Forms.

SHARES WILL BE ELIGIBLE FOR ADMISSION INTO CCASS

Subject to the approval of the listing of, and permission to deal in, the Shares on GEM and the compliance with the stock admission requirements of HKSCC, the Shares will be accepted as eligible securities by HKSCC for deposit, clearance and settlement in CCASS with effect from the Listing Date or, under contingent situation, any other date as determined by HKSCC. Settlement of transactions between participants of the Stock Exchange is required to take place in CCASS on the second business day after any trading day.

All activities under CCASS are subject to the General Rules of CCASS and CCASS Operational Procedures in effect from time to time.

INFORMATION ABOUT THIS PROSPECTUS AND THE SHARE OFFER

All necessary arrangements have been made for the Shares to be admitted into CCASS. If you are unsure about the details of CCASS settlement arrangement and how such arrangements will affect your rights and interests, you should seek the advice of your stockbroker or other professional advisers.

COMMENCEMENT OF DEALING IN THE SHARES

Dealings in the Shares on GEM are expected to commence on Monday, 27 August 2018. Shares will be traded in board lots of 10,000 Shares each.

LANGUAGE

If there is any inconsistency between this prospectus and the Chinese translation of this prospectus, this prospectus shall prevail.

EXCHANGE RATE CONVERSION

Solely for your convenience, this prospectus contains translations of certain USD amounts into HKD at specified rates. You should not construe these translations as representations that the USD amounts could actually be, or have been, converted into HKD amounts (as applicable) at the rates indicated or at all. Unless we indicate otherwise, the translations of USD amounts into HKD have been made at the rate of USD1.00 to HK\$7.75.

ROUNDING

Certain amounts or percentage figures included in this prospectus have been subject to rounding adjustments. Accordingly, totals of rows or columns of numbers in tables may not be equal to the apparent total of individual items. Where information is presented in thousands or millions of units, amounts may have been rounded up or down. Any discrepancies in any table between totals and sums of amounts listed therein are due to rounding.

DIRECTORS AND PARTIES INVOLVED IN THE SHARE OFFER
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DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

Name	Address	Nationality
Mr. Lau Ming Yeung, Lambert (劉名揚) (Chairman)	Flat B, 17/F, Tower 2, Tregunter, 14 Tregunter Path, Hong Kong	Chinese
Mr. Choi Man Ho (蔡文豪) (Chief Executive Officer)	Flat G, 26/F, Bohemian House, 321 Des Voeux Road West, Sai Ying Pun, Hong Kong	Chinese
Mr. Lee Tik Man, Dick (李迪文)	Flat H, 11/F, Mandarin Villa, No. 10 Shiu Fai Terrace, Hong Kong	Chinese
Mr. Fung Wai Yip, Patrick (馮偉業)	Flat 1, 5/F, Block B, Winfield Building, 1 Ventris Road, Happy Valley, Hong Kong	Chinese
Mr. Ng Yu Fai (吳宇輝)	Flat K, 23/F, Tower 2, The Avenue, Phase 2, 200 Queen's Road East, Hong Kong	British National (Overseas)

Non-executive Director

Mr. Yu Kwok Tung (余國棟)	Flat C, 6/F, Tower 1, Caldecott Hill, 2 Caldecott Road, Hong Kong	Chinese
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DIRECTORS AND PARTIES INVOLVED IN THE SHARE OFFER
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Name	Address	Nationality
Independent non-executive Directors		
Mr. Voon David Hian-fook (溫賢福)	House 3, Abergeldie, 52 Plantation Road, Hong Kong	Chinese
Mr. Or Kevin (柯衍峰)	Flat A, 26/F, Tower 8, The Wings, No. 9 Tong Yin Street, Tseung Kwan O, Hong Kong	Australian
Mr. Wu Ping Lam Michael David (吳秉霖)	Flat 01, 10/F, Block A, Villa Lotto, 18 Broadwood Road, Happy Valley, Hong Kong	Chinese

For further information on the background of our Directors, please refer to the section headed "Directors and senior management" in this prospectus.

PARTIES INVOLVED IN THE OFFERING

Sole Sponsor	<p>Red Sun Capital Limited <i>A licensed corporation to carry out type 1 (dealing in securities) and type 6 (advising on corporate finance) regulated activities under the SFO</i> Room 3303, 33rd Floor, West Tower, Shun Tak Centre, 168–200 Connaught Road Central, Hong Kong</p>
Sole Bookrunner	<p>Head & Shoulders Securities Limited Room 2511, 25/F, COSCO Tower 183 Queen's Road Central Hong Kong</p>
Joint Lead Managers	<p>Head & Shoulders Securities Limited Room 2511, 25/F, COSCO Tower 183 Queen's Road Central Hong Kong</p>

DIRECTORS AND PARTIES INVOLVED IN THE SHARE OFFER

	<p>I Win Securities Limited Room 1916, Hong Kong Plaza 188 Connaught Road West Hong Kong</p>
Co-Lead Manager	<p>HF Securities and Futures Limited Room 1606, South Tower, Concordia Plaza 1 Science Museum Road Tsim Sha Tsui Hong Kong</p>
Legal advisers to our Group	<p><i>As to Hong Kong law</i> Michael Li & Co. 19/F., Prosperity Tower, No. 39 Queen's Road Central, Central, Hong Kong</p> <p><i>As to Cayman Islands law</i> Conyers Dill & Pearman, Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive, PO Box 2681, Grand Cayman, KY1-1111, Cayman Islands</p>
Legal advisers to the Sole Sponsor and the Underwriters	<p><i>As to Hong Kong law</i> Fairbairn Catley Low & Kong 23/F, Shui On Centre, 6-8 Harbour Road, Hong Kong</p>
Reporting accountants	<p>SHINEWING (HK) CPA Limited <i>Certified Public Accountants</i> 43/F, Lee Garden One, 33 Hysan Avenue, Causeway Bay, Hong Kong</p>

DIRECTORS AND PARTIES INVOLVED IN THE SHARE OFFER
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Industry Consultant

China Insights Consultancy Limited

10/F, Tomorrow Square
399 West Nanjiang Road
Huangpu District
Shanghai
People's Republic of China

Receiving Bank

**Industrial and Commercial Bank of China (Asia)
Limited**

33/F, ICBC Tower,
3 Garden Road,
Central,
Hong Kong

CORPORATE INFORMATION

Registered office	Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive, PO Box 2681, Grand Cayman, KY1-1111, Cayman Islands
Head office and principal place of business in Hong Kong	Units 2601–3 Tai Tung Building, 8 Fleming Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong
Compliance adviser	Red Sun Capital Limited <i>A licensed corporation to carry out type 1 (dealing in securities) and type 6 (advising on corporate finance) regulated activities under the SFO</i> Room 3303, 33rd Floor, West Tower, Shun Tak Centre, 168–200 Connaught Road Central, Hong Kong
Company secretary	Ms. Yui Ka Lee (芮嘉莉), <i>HKICPA</i> Room 2101, Wang Yip House, Wang Tau Hom Estate, Kowloon, Hong Kong
Authorised representatives (for the purpose of the GEM Listing Rules)	Mr. Lau Ming Yeung Lambert (劉名揚) Flat B, 17/F, Tower 2, Tregunter, 14 Tregunter Path, Hong Kong Mr. Choi Man Ho (蔡文豪) Flat G, 26/F, Bohemian House, 321 Des Voeux Road West, Sai Ying Pun, Hong Kong
Compliance officer	Mr. Choi Man Ho (蔡文豪)
Audit committee	Mr. Or Kevin (柯衍峰) (<i>Chairman</i>) Mr. Voon David Hian-fook (溫賢福) Mr. Wu Ping Lam Michael David (吳秉霖)
Remuneration committee	Mr. Voon David Hian-fook (溫賢福) (<i>Chairman</i>) Mr. Wu Ping Lam Michael David (吳秉霖) Mr. Lau Ming Yeung, Lambert (劉名揚)

CORPORATE INFORMATION

Nomination committee	Mr. Wu Ping Lam Michael David (吳秉霖) (<i>Chairman</i>) Mr. Voon David Hian-fook (溫賢福) Mr. Lau Ming Yeung, Lambert (劉名揚)
Cayman Islands Share Registrar and Transfer Office	Conyers Trust Company (Cayman) Limited Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive, PO Box 2681, Grand Cayman KY1-1111, Cayman Islands
Hong Kong Share Registrar and Transfer Office	Tricor Investor Services Limited Level 22, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Hong Kong
Principal Bank	The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited 1 Queen's Road Central, Hong Kong
Company's website	www.derivaasia.com <i>(Contents contained in this website do not form part of this prospectus)</i>

INDUSTRY OVERVIEW

Unless otherwise indicated, the information presented in this section is derived from the Industry Report, which was commissioned by us and is prepared primarily as a market research tool intended to reflect estimates of market conditions based on publicly available resources and trade union surveys. References to the writer of the Industry Report should not be considered as its opinion as to the value of any security or the advisability of investing in our Group. Our Directors believe that the sources of information and statistics are appropriate sources for such information and statistics. Our Directors have no reason to believe that such information and statistics is false or misleading or that any fact has been omitted that would render such information and statistics false or misleading in any material respect. The information set out in this section has not been independently verified by our Group, our Controlling Shareholders, the Sole Sponsor, the Sole Bookrunner, the Joint Lead Managers, the Co-Lead Manager or the Underwriters involved in the Share Offer or their respective directors, officers, employees, advisers and agents, and no representation is given as to its accuracy and completeness. Accordingly, such information should not be unduly relied upon.

SOURCE OF INFORMATION

Our Group has commissioned CIC, an independent industry consultant, to conduct an analysis of, and to report on the derivatives brokerage market in Hong Kong from 2012. The report our Group commissioned, or the CIC Report, has been prepared by CIC independent of our influence. Our Group paid CIC a fee of HK\$560,000 for the preparation of the report, which our Group considers in line with market rates.

CIC's independent research was undertaken through both primary and secondary research approaches. Primary research involved interviewing industry experts and leading industry participants. Secondary research involved analyzing data from various publicly available data sources, such as the SFC, the HKEx, Singapore Exchange, Hong Kong Census and Statistics Department, etc.

The market projections were obtained from historical data analysis as well as underlying market drivers. In preparing the CIC Report, CIC has adopted the following key assumptions: (i) Hong Kong and Singapore's economy development are likely to maintain a steady growth trend throughout the next decade; (ii) relevant key industry drivers are likely to continue driving growth in the Hong Kong and Singapore derivatives markets during the forecast period, including volatility of the global market and underlying assets of derivatives products, limitations and turbulences in the capital market of the mainland China, development in Hong Kong's fund industry, improvement in market efficiency, etc.; and, (iii) there is no extreme force majeure or set of industry regulations in which the market may be affected either dramatically or fundamentally.

Except as otherwise noted, all the data and forecast in this section are derived from the CIC Report. Our Directors confirm that, after taking reasonable care, there is no adverse change in the market information since the date of the CIC Report, which may qualify, contradict or have an impact on the information as disclosed in this section.

HONG KONG DERIVATIVES MARKET OVERVIEW

Exchange traded derivatives market in Hong Kong

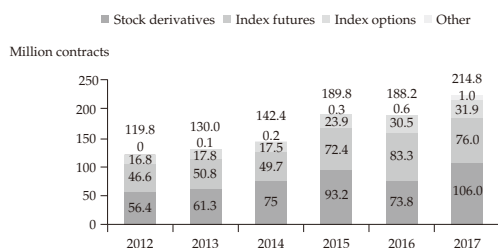
Hong Kong has become one of the most active derivatives markets in Asia. The derivative contracts traded in Hong Kong include equity futures and options, interest rate futures, fixed income futures, and commodity futures depending on the underlying assets. Equity derivatives comprise the majority of the derivatives market in terms of trading volume in Hong Kong.

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The total volume of exchange traded derivatives increased from 119.8 million contracts to 214.8 million contracts at a CAGR of 12.4% from 2012 to 2017. Since the inauguration of the Shanghai-Hong Kong Stock Connect, it has become more convenient for investors from mainland China to invest in equity markets in Hong Kong. A big spike in Asian financial markets in 2015 drove up the trading volume of the Hong Kong derivatives market. Derivatives products became popular in bull markets for the purposes of leveraging, hedging or arbitrage.

According to the SFO, investors can be categorised into professional investors (PIs) and non-professional investors (Non-PIs) based on their portfolio size, total assets, audited financial statement, etc. Professional investors take the majority of the trading volume of exchange traded derivative contracts. In 2017, it is estimated that about 57% of those derivatives contracts were traded by PIs.

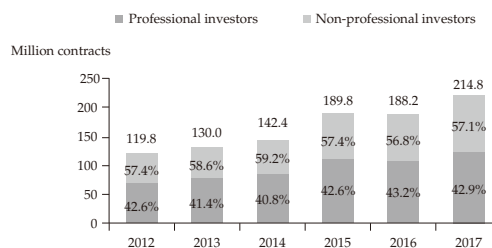
Trading volume of exchange traded derivative contracts, by product type, Hong Kong, 2012-2017



Note: Other underlying assets include currencies, commodities, interest rate, and fixed income.

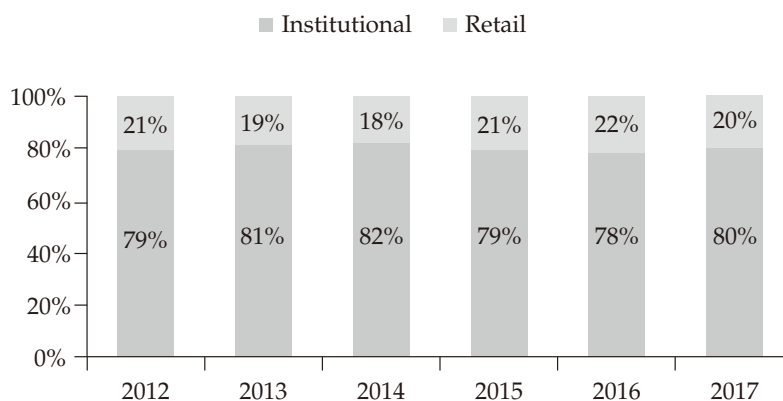
Source: HKEx, CIC

Composition of investors of exchange traded derivative contracts, by investor type, Hong Kong, 2012-2017



Institutional investors dominate exchange traded derivatives in terms of trading volume by contributing nearly 80% towards the total traded contracts. Meanwhile, Exchange Participants' (EP) principal trading (comprising trading as market makers and EP proprietary trading) dominated the turnover in exchange traded derivatives market, accounting for around 50% of total contracts. Due to a strong sensitivity to market changes and lower trading costs, the share of institutional investor traded contracts will sustain at a high level in the future.

Composition of investors of exchange traded derivative contracts, by investor type, Hong Kong, 2012-2017



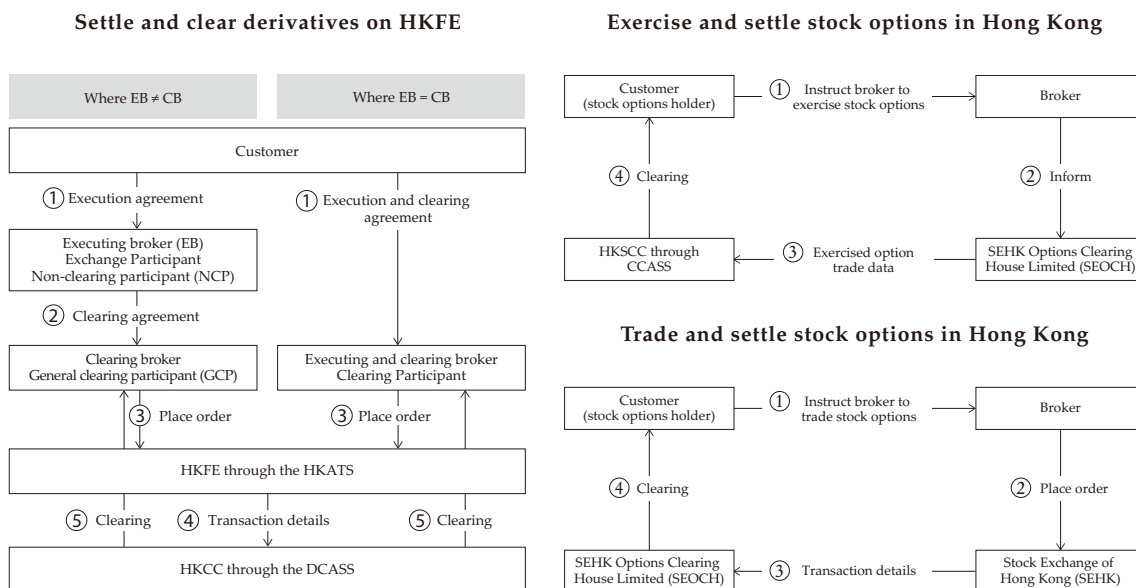
Source: HKEx, CIC

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Most of the Hong Kong listed derivative contracts are executed and cleared on the HKFE (except single stock options) and the process can be broken down into the following five steps: (1) a customer signs an agreement with a broker on the terms regarding the execution of the trade; (2) if an executing broker (EB) is not a clearing participant, it will sign a separate clearing agreement with a clearing broker (CB); (3) a broker places the derivatives trade order through the HKATS and orders are matched based on price and time; (4) the executed order is transmitted to the HKCC for registration and clearing; (5) the HKCC clears the trade with brokers through the DCASS.

Stock options in Hong Kong are of American style, and they can be exercised at any time on or before expiry but only through physical settlement instead of cash settlement. Exercising and settling stock options can be broken down into the following four steps: (1) a customer needs to instruct a broker to exercise his/her stock options; (2) the broker informs SEOCH of the exercise decision, and SEOCH randomly assigns a short open position against the exercised option; (3) SEOCH sends the exercised option trade data to HKSCC for the settlement of underlying securities; and (4) the CCASS is used for clearing the stock transactions resulting from the exercise of stock options.

Stock option trading and settlement in Hong Kong can be broken down into the following four steps: (1) a customer needs to instruct a broker to trade stock options he/she holds; (2) the broker places orders on the SEHK and it will act to match orders; (3) the matched transaction details will be transmitted to SEOCH, which in essence assumes the role of a central counterparty to both sides of the trade; and (4) SEOCH acts to clear the trade of stock options.



Source: CIC

OTC derivatives market in Hong Kong

OTC derivative contracts traditionally refer to those bilateral derivative contracts traded directly between two parties, without the supervision of an exchange. However, driven by the supervision from regional financial regulators, it has become a trend for OTC derivatives to be centrally cleared instead of bilaterally cleared, and get supervised

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by local financial market regulators. The Legislative Council enacted the Securities and Futures (Amendment) Ordinance 2014 (Amendment Ordinance) on 26 March 2014 providing a regulatory framework for the OTC derivatives market in Hong Kong. The Amendment Ordinance is being implemented in stages involving mandatory reporting and clearing of OTC transactions in certain derivative products. Therefore, OTC derivatives market in Hong Kong will be more standardized in the future.

SINGAPORE EXCHANGE TRADED DERIVATIVES MARKET OVERVIEW

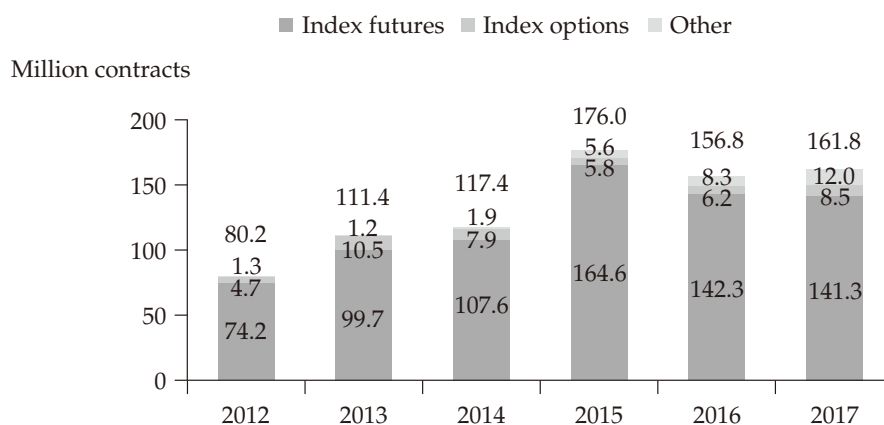
Exchange traded derivatives markets in Singapore

As a main channel connecting Asia financial markets with international financial markets, Singapore Exchange (SGX) is the world's largest offshore Asia equity futures market, providing its customers with opportunities to get exposure to the equities in China, India and Japan. The SGX provides full chain services including trading, settlement, and clearing.

Index futures dominated the derivatives market in Singapore, contributing approximately 90% towards the total trading volume. Between 2012 and 2017, the total amount of index futures traded increased from 74.2 million contracts to 141.3 million contracts at a CAGR of 13.7%, while the growth of the trading volume of index options fluctuated significantly, starting from 4.7 million contracts in 2012 and ending with 8.5 million contracts in 2017. Similar to the market performance in Hong Kong, the total trading volume of exchange traded derivatives in Singapore soared from 117.4 million contracts in 2014 to 176.0 million contracts in 2015.

In 2017, index futures were the most actively traded instrument, accounting for 87% of the total trading volume. The trading volume of other instruments, such as interest rate and currency, was low. Of all equity index products, there is only one index derivatives product linked to the local financial market, while the underlying assets of other index derivatives are of foreign equities. In 2016, China A50 index futures were the most traded product, representing 41.7% of the total trading volume, followed by Nikkei 225 index and Nifty 50 index, representing 13.4% and 13.1%, respectively.

**Trading volume of exchange traded derivative contracts,
by product type, Singapore, 2012-2017**



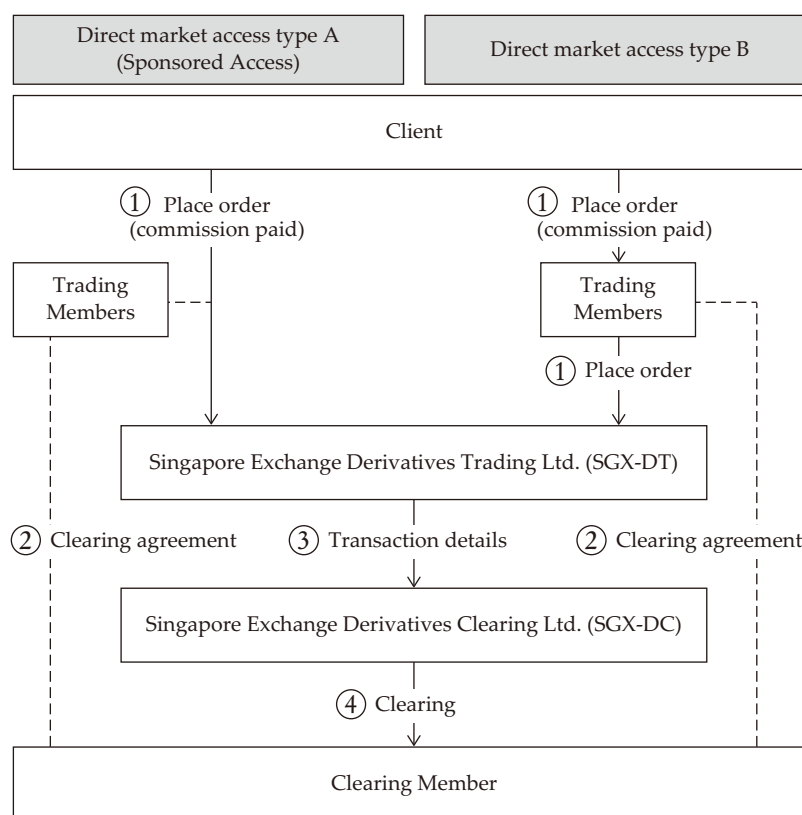
Note: Other underlying assets include currencies, commodities, and interest rate.

Source: SGX

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Derivatives trading and clearing on the Singapore Exchange Derivatives Trading Ltd. (SGX-DT) can be broken down into the following four steps: Firstly, a customer signs an agreement with a broker on the terms regarding the execution of the trade. Trading Members (TMs) can be either General Trading Members or Bank Trading Members. Customers are able to gain access to the SGX-DT through two types of direct market access. Under type A, also called Sponsored Access, a TM permits its customers to use its own member ID to place trade orders with the SGX-DT without the use of the TM's infrastructure. Under type B, customers will submit trade orders electronically to a TM's system, and the TM will place the orders with the SGX-DT for execution. Secondly, the TM signs a clearing agreement with a Clearing Member (CM), who is granted clearing privileges by the Clearing House as contemplated in the Clearing Rules. Thirdly, the SGX-DT forwards transaction details to the Singapore Exchange Derivatives Clearing Ltd. (SGX-DC) for settlements. Fourthly, the SGX-DC clears transactions and sends credit/debit instructions to SGX-DC's settlement banks to instruct them to credit/debit the CM's account for mark-to-market profits/losses and margin calls. CMs are required to report their open positions using Position Change Sheets ("PCS") for each contract to the SGX-DC.

Settle and clear derivatives on SGX-DT



Source: CIC

OTC derivatives market in Singapore

Similar to OTC derivatives in Hong Kong, the Monetary Authority of Singapore (MAS) has undertaken a series of approaches to regulate OTC derivatives activities in Singapore, such as mandatory central clearing and reporting OTC derivatives, introducing a new regulatory regime for trade repositories, etc.

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DERIVATIVES BROKERAGE MARKET OVERVIEW

Overview

There are two segments in derivatives brokerage markets, the customer market and the interdealer market. Customers are end-users such as hedge funds, corporations, institutional investors and retail investors. They normally execute contracts through dealers, most of whom are large financial institutions that have capital and resources to arrange complex, large-value trades. Interdealer brokers play a role in facilitating pricing discovery, and trade execution between dealers. Interdealer brokers do not trade for their own accounts or participate in market making activities. Sometimes, customers such as hedge funds would also approach interdealer brokers to trade contracts more efficiently.

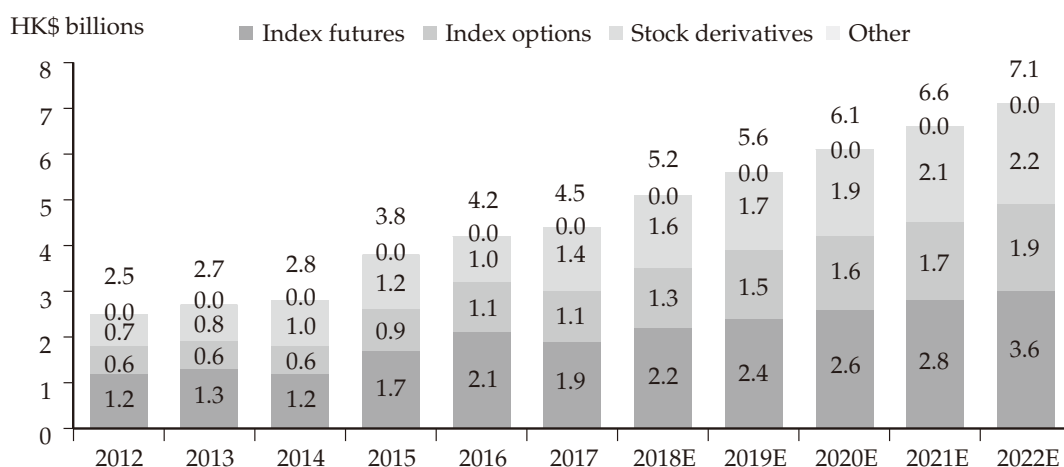
Market size of Hong Kong derivatives broking industry

Between 2012 and 2017, the market size of the derivatives broking industry in terms of brokerage fees income in Hong Kong increased from HK\$2.5 billion to HK\$4.5 billion at a CAGR of 12.1%.

Brokerage fees are derived from the trading volume of derivatives. A significant market expansion from 2014 to 2015 was mainly due to an increase in the total trading volume during the same period. In addition, even though the total trading volume of exchange traded derivatives slightly decreased in 2016 due to a recession in the stock options sector, the continued growth of the broking industry was not disturbed as a result of a flourishing equity index derivatives market. As a result, market sizes of index futures and options sectors grew at CAGRs of 10.3% and 13.5%, respectively, from 2012 to 2017.

Due to the volatility of underlying assets, limitations and turbulences in the capital market of the mainland China, development in Hong Kong's fund industry, and improvement in market efficiency, the total market size of derivatives brokerage industry is forecasted to reach HK\$7.1 billion in 2022 at a CAGR of 9.8% from 2017.

Total amount of brokerage fees income from derivatives broking activities, Hong Kong, 2012-2022E



Note:

- Other underlying assets include currencies, commodities, interest rate, and fixed income.
- The total amount of brokerage fee income from derivatives broking activities might be overestimated since the commission fee of part of EP principal trades are estimated in accordance with industry level which might be lower in practice.

Source: CIC

Drivers of the derivatives brokerage market in Hong Kong

1. *Volatility of underlying assets*

Rising volatility in the global capital market invites active trading in the derivatives market, since futures and options are commonly used financial tools to hedge against risks. Incidents related to monetary policies, exchange rates, and geopolitical relationships, e.g., monetary policies by the U.S. government, remaining problems after the Brexit vote, devaluation of the Chinese yuan, and potential conflicts induced by the Korean THAAD system, are common factors which could induce fluctuations in global financial markets. Increased volatility in underlying assets will stimulate the demand for risk hedging and speculation, and will drive up the trading volume of the corresponding derivatives.

2. *Limitations and turbulences in the capital market of the mainland China*

In the capital market of the mainland China, there are many limitations and turbulences, namely restrictions on daily trading volume of equity index derivative contracts, low-liquidity of real-estate investments, volatile security markets, and deregulated private financing. An increasing amount of mainland investors seek alternative investment opportunities in off-shore capital markets to spread risks by developing diversified portfolios. As further integrations between the economies of mainland China and Hong Kong and bilateral openings of capital markets materialize, Hong Kong is becoming increasingly popular for many mainland investors.

3. *Development in Hong Kong's fund management industry*

As an international asset and wealth management center, Hong Kong's combined assets under management in the fund management business increased from HK\$12,587 billion in 2012 to HK\$24,270 billion in 2017, registering CAGR of 14.0%. The increase was the result of positive market performance and net capital inflows. Investment managers in Hong Kong diversify their portfolios by increasing their allocation into alternatives, derivatives and other investment instruments. Out of assets managed in Hong Kong in 2017, a total of HK\$234 billion was invested in alternatives and derivatives, representing a decrease of 41.1% when compared to last year.

4. *Improvement in market efficiency*

Derivatives are based on underlying assets, and these assets are easily mispriced in inefficient markets, under which case valuation and trading of derivatives will be heavily impeded. Efficient market means higher-level capitalisation, a large number of participants, complete regulatory oversight with high transparency, etc. All of these factors could minimize information asymmetry, promote market efficiency, reduce the gap between the intrinsic value and market value of derivatives products and attract more investors. Thus, the more sophisticated a market is, the more capitalised the local environment is, the more efficient the financial market would be and the more active the derivative trading would be. Places like Hong Kong, which have been well functioning under sophisticated capital markets for multiple years, are well suited for the development of derivatives markets.

Market size of the Singapore derivatives brokerage market

As the SGX derivatives market contains multiple index futures and options of underlying foreign assets such as FTSE China A50, Nikkei 225, Nifty series, etc., the SGX derivatives market is considered as one of the most international financial markets in Asia. Brokers are able to charge higher in commission fees than those of the Hong Kong market. The market size of the derivatives broking industry in terms of brokerage fees income in Singapore increased from HK\$5.4 billion to HK\$10.7 billion at a CAGR of 14.8% from 2012 to 2017.

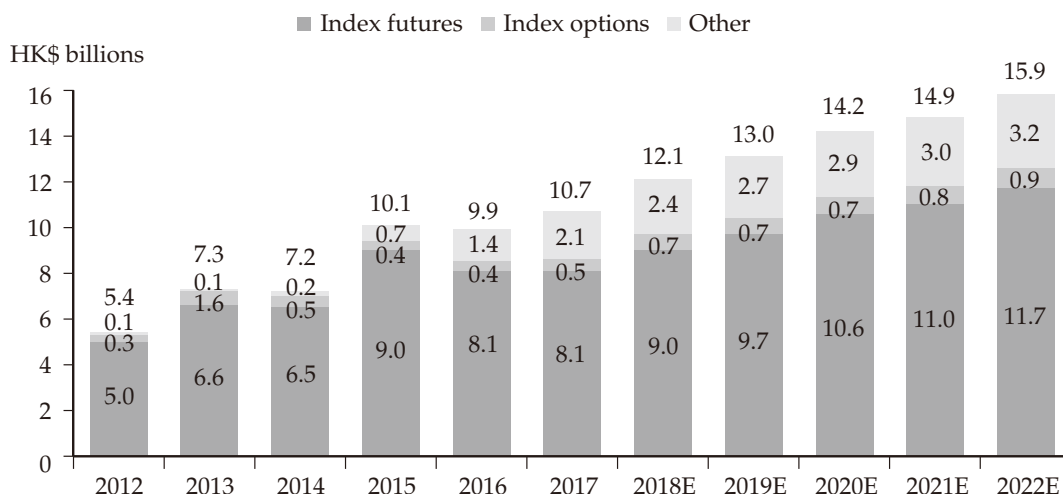
In the regional bull market in Asia in 2015, Singapore was able to attract more attention from investors due to its exposure to various foreign assets. For example, FTSE

INDUSTRY OVERVIEW

China A50, which has become one of the key indexes for foreign investors to speculate on the Chinese stock market, was the largest contributor to the significant growth of the derivatives brokerage market in Singapore.

Owing to the diversity of products in Singapore, it is expected that the market size of the Singapore's derivatives broking industry will reach HK\$15.9 billion in 2022, registering CAGR of 8.1% in the next five years.

Total amounts of brokerage fees income from derivatives brokerage activities, Singapore, 2012-2022E



Note:

1. Other underlying assets of exchange traded derivatives products include foreign exchange, commodities, and interest rate.
2. The total amount of brokerage fee income from derivatives activities might be overestimated since the commission fee of part of EP principal trades are estimated in accordance with industry level which might be lower in practice.

Source: CIC

Drivers of the derivatives brokerage market in Singapore

1. Various derivatives listed on SGX

By now, various derivatives tracking indexes, including China A50, Nikkei, Nifty, MSCI Taiwan, MSCI Thailand, etc., have been listed on SGX, enabling investors to achieve exposure to the financial assets in Southeast Asia, especially in those countries implementing limitations on foreign investments. In November 2016, SGX announced its launching of net total return and price return futures on the MSCI Emerging Markets (EM) and MSCI EM Asia indexes, which makes it the first and only exchange in Asia to offer investor exposure to these fast-growing market segments. Therefore, Singapore derivatives market is estimated to attract more and more investors by its extensive and increasing products range.

2. Developed economy with sophisticated institutions

Singapore has a highly developed and successful free-market economy. It boasts a remarkably open and corruption-free environment, stable prices, and a per capita GDP higher than that of most developed countries. The stable economy provides the base for the prosperity of its financial market, complemented by its comprehensive and sophisticated regulations. Its highly transparent financial market is attractive to global investors.

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3. *Strategically important location*

Singapore is located on the southern tip of the Malay Peninsula in Southeast Asia, between the Indian Ocean and the South China Sea, and it is situated along important shipping routes in Southeast Asia. With its 190 kilometers of coastline and natural deep-water ports, Singapore's trading and commerce are highly developed. Under such condition Singapore is especially important for commodity trading, including crude oil and fuel oil. It has become the trading center of oil in southeast Asia. The prosperity of commodity trading stimulates the transaction volume of related commodity futures.

4. *Cooperation with Chicago Mercantile Exchange (CME)*

SGX and CME have a strategic partnership realized through a Mutual Offset System (MOS). The agreement enables futures positions opened on one participating exchange to be liquidated on the other, creating a single, 24-hour marketplace between both exchanges. Such liquidity and convenience provide more fuel for the development of its derivatives market.

Future outlook of the derivatives brokerage industry in Hong Kong

1. *Market consolidation*

The global derivatives broking industry has seen more frequent merger and acquisition activities in recent years. As many of the global brokers have set up subsidiaries in Hong Kong, transactions happening on the global scale will affect Hong Kong regionally. For example, Tullet Prebon, whose Hong Kong office is a non-clearing participant (NCP), acquired the voice-brokerage business of ICAP Brokers, another company with a Hong Kong NCP branch, in December 2016. BGC Partners, whose Hong Kong branch is not a participant of the HKFE, acquired Sunrise Brokers, a NCP, in the same month. Market consolidation results from strategic considerations. As market participants tend to move towards more standardized products that are exchange-traded or electronically traded, it is crucial for brokers to have a large scale in order to survive. Meanwhile, the number of HKFE Exchange Participants increased from 185 in 2012 to 191 in mid-2018. It is estimated that merger and acquisition activities will continue in the derivatives brokerage industry in the near future.

2. *Electronification*

Electronification has been a big theme of change in the derivatives broking industry with the prevalence of traditional voice brokerage and the number of voice traders declining. Electronification improves efficiency both in quoting and in execution, and it also serves as a secure means for documentation. As electronification continues to unfold, more platforms are likely to emerge, equipped with the ability to host an increasing number of asset classes.

3. *Tightening regulations*

Since the 2008 global financial crisis, global regulators have been administering more stringent rules and laws in the financial services sector. Derivative securities, as a type of more sophisticated financial products, have come under intense scrutiny by watchdogs, both globally and regionally. Policies and standards are introduced to ensure a well-functioning and healthy derivatives market, not only on the direct handling of derivative securities but also on the parties involved. For example, there has been a push worldwide for further regulation on OTC derivatives, including a centrally cleared regime, collateral rules, etc. Locally in Hong Kong, the SFC has proposed a new licensing regime to introduce type 11 and type 12 licenses aimed at supervising OTC derivatives activities, which is largely an unregulated area in the Hong Kong financial market. It is anticipated that more regulations will be announced for the derivatives broking industry in the near future.

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Competitive landscape for the derivatives broking industry in Hong Kong

In order to participate in the Hong Kong derivatives broking industry, companies must obtain a type 2 license, a futures exchange trading right that enables licensees to trade and provide brokerage services on index and commodity futures, and buy and sell futures contracts for customers.

As of June 2018, there were a total of 9 GCPs, 160 CPs, and 22 NCPs on the HKFE with type 2 licenses issued by the SFC, of which 15 of them were providing brokerage services to external parties on derivative contracts. The rest of the corporations either were only engaged in proprietary trading or had ceased providing brokerage services.

A person needs to become a licensed representative if he/she intends to carry out regulated activities under the SFO for a licensed corporation. A licensed representative can apply to become a responsible officer, and thus become entitled to supervise regulated activities for a licensed corporation. The total number of licensed representatives and responsible officers of a licensed corporation provides a good gauge of the potential capacity to deal in derivatives of that entity.

The NCP derivatives brokerage market in Hong Kong is competitive. The top five players all had revenue over HK\$100 million, while our Group, generating over HK\$75 million revenue in 2017, were among top 10.

Rankings of NCPs in terms of total commission revenue, 2017

Ranking		Commission revenue 2017 (HK\$ millions)
1	Competitor A	~175
2	Competitor B	~170
3	Competitor C	~140
4	Competitor D	~110
5	Competitor E	~105
6	Our Group	~75
7	Competitor F	~75
8	Competitor G	~65

Rankings of exchange participants with type 2 license in terms of total commission revenue, 2017

Ranking		Commission revenue 2017 (HK\$ millions)
1	Competitor H	350~370
2	Competitor I	320~350
3	Competitor J	230~260
4	Competitor K	220~250
5	Competitor L	220~240
6	Competitor M	200~220
7	Competitor N	180~200
8	Competitor A	~175
9	Competitor B	~170
10	Competitor O	160~170

Source: SFC, CIC

Barriers to entry for the derivatives broking industry in Hong Kong

1. Regulatory requirements

Dealing in futures contracts is a regulated activity under the SFO. According to Section 116, companies are required to obtain a type 2 license from the SFC so as to carry out regulated activities. Meanwhile, companies interested in trading on and through the HKFE must attain trading rights and participation of the exchange. New entrants who are not able to secure licenses, trading rights, and participation are prohibited from dealing in futures contracts.

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2. Capital requirements

Companies holding a type 2 license and seeking to deal in futures contracts (excluding those which are approved introducing agents, a trader or a future non-clearing trader) are further regulated by the SFO to have a minimum of HK\$5 million in paid-up capital according to Schedule 1 Financial Resources Requirements (FRR) of Cap. 571N Securities and Futures (Financial Resources) Rules. They are also required to abide by a Required Liquid Capital rule, where companies must maintain a minimum of HK\$500,000 or HK\$3 million in liquid capital, respectively depending on whether the company in question is an approved introducing agent, futures non-clearing dealer or trader, or otherwise. Under Cap. 571AI Securities and Futures (Insurance) Rules, type 2 licensed HKFE participants must maintain a single policy of insurance with an insured amount of no less than HK\$15 million.

3. Expertise knowledge

Derivatives are more sophisticated financial products and require more expertise to handle. Human resources are the most important asset of a brokerage firm and experienced professionals are scarce in the industry. Existing market players tend to make efforts to retain their experienced employees. As such, new entrants may struggle to find suitable candidates to join them.

4. IT infrastructure

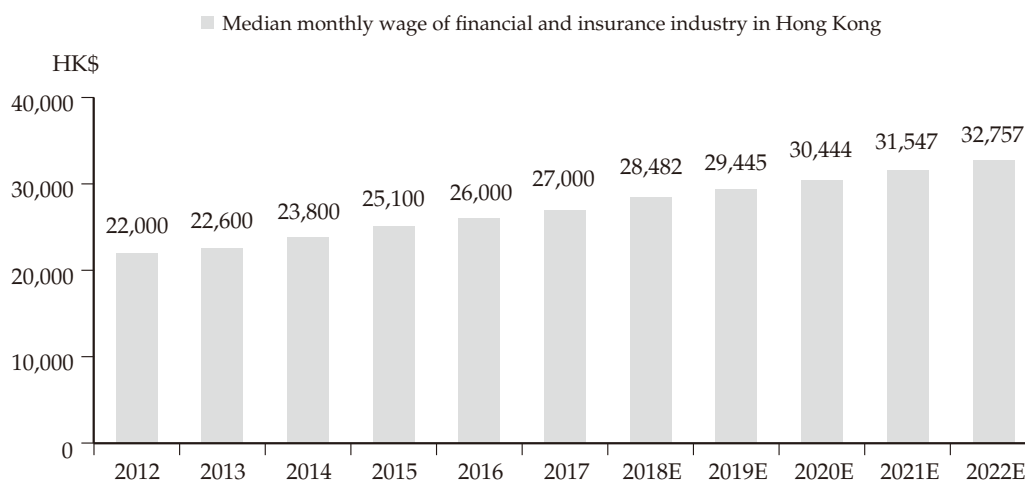
The derivatives broking industry relies heavily on IT technology to run its business. It is of paramount importance for brokers to have a competent IT system in place that ensures connections to various trading systems, including the HKATS, DCASS, OTC Clear (OCASS), etc., and cybersecurity during the course of their business. Such an IT infrastructure requires a significant amount of capital, human labor, and time to set up. New entrants often lack such infrastructure and are not able to enter the industry successfully.

COST ANALYSIS

Human resource cost of the Hong Kong derivatives brokerage market

Between 2012 and 2017, the median monthly wage of financial and insurance in Hong Kong increased from HK\$22,000 to HK\$27,000, registering CAGR of 4.2%. The median monthly wage is forecasted to reach HK\$32,757 by 2022.

Median monthly wage of financial and insurance industry, Hong Kong, 2012-2022E



Source: Hong Kong Census and Statistics Department, CIC

Due to the limited public information available, the median monthly wage here refers to that of the entire financial and insurance industry in Hong Kong.

A. RULES AND REGULATIONS WITH REGARDS TO HONG KONG

This section summarises the principal laws and regulations of Hong Kong which are relevant to our business. As this is a summary, it does not contain and should not be construed as a detailed analysis of the Hong Kong laws which are relevant to our business.

Securities and Futures Commission

Regulation of securities and futures market

The SFC, established in 1989, is an independent statutory body governed by the SFO, setting out its powers, roles and responsibilities. The regulatory objectives of the SFC as set out in the SFO are as follows:

- (i) to maintain and promote the fairness, efficiency, competitiveness, transparency and orderliness of the securities and futures industry;
- (ii) to promote understanding by the public of financial services including the operation and functioning of the securities and futures industry;
- (iii) to provide protection for members of the public investing in or holding financial products;
- (iv) to minimise crime and misconduct in the securities and futures industry;
- (v) to reduce systemic risks in the securities and futures industry; and
- (vi) to assist the Financial Secretary of Hong Kong in maintaining the financial stability of Hong Kong by taking appropriate steps in relation to the securities and futures industry.

The SFC is the only Hong Kong financial regulator given the mandate to educate the investing public. Following the enactment of the Securities and Futures (Amendment) Ordinance 2012, the Investor Education Centre was formed as an SFC subsidiary to educate the public on a broad range of retail financial products and services.

The SFC is divided into 5 operational divisions: Corporate Finance, Enforcement, Investment Products, Supervision of Markets and Intermediaries (including Licensing and Intermediaries Supervision). The SFC is also supported by the Legal Services and Corporate Affairs division.

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Below are participants, including investors, in the securities and futures market that SFC regulates in achieving the regulatory objectives under the SFO:

- Brokers, investment advisers, fund managers and intermediaries carrying out the regulated activities as listed in the sub-paragraph “Licensing regime” below
- Investment products
- Listed companies
- Hong Kong Exchanges and Clearing Limited
- Automated trading service providers
- Approved share registrars
- Investor Compensation Company Limited
- Market participants (including investors)

Licensing regime

The SFC regulates, among others, licensed corporations and individuals carrying on type 1 to type 10 regulated activities under the SFO, investment products offered to the public, listed companies, HKEx, approved share registrars and all participants in trading activities.

The SFC operates a system whereby they authorise corporations and individuals (through licences) to act as financial intermediaries. Under the SFO, a corporation which is not an authorised financial institution (means an authorised institution as defined in Section 2(1) of the Banking Ordinance, Chapter 155 of the Laws of Hong Kong) and is:

- (i) carrying on a business in a regulated activity (or holding out as carrying on a regulated activity); or
- (ii) actively marketing, whether in Hong Kong or from a place outside Hong Kong, to the public any services it provides, which would constitute a regulated activity if provided in Hong Kong,

must be licensed by the SFC to carry out the regulated activities, unless one of the exemptions under the SFO applies.

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Through licensing, the SFC regulates the financial intermediaries of licensed corporations and individuals that are carrying out the following regulated activities under Schedule 5 to the SFO:

- Type 1: Dealing in securities
- Type 2: Dealing in futures contracts
- Type 3: Leveraged foreign exchange trading
- Type 4: Advising on securities
- Type 5: Advising on futures contracts
- Type 6: Advising on corporate finance
- Type 7: Providing automated trading services
- Type 8: Securities margin financing
- Type 9: Asset management
- Type 10: Providing credit rating services

Following the enactment of the Securities and Futures (Amendment) Ordinance (the “**Amended Ordinance**”) two additional types of updated activities, being type 11 (dealing in OTC derivative products or advising on OTC derivative products) and type 12 (providing client clearing services for OTC derivative transactions). The operation of type 11 regulated activities has not begun and the operation of type 12 regulated activities will be implemented gradually.

De Riva is a corporation licensed to carry on type 1 (dealing in securities) regulated activities and type 2 (dealing in futures contracts) under the SFO on condition that De Riva shall only provide services to Professional Investors.

Classification of Professional Investors

The SFO and the Securities and Futures (Professional Investor) Rules (Chapter 571D of the Laws of Hong Kong) set out criteria for persons that can be prescribed as being within the meaning of “professional investor” for the purpose of any provision of the SFO other than Schedule 5. Such criteria form the basis for the classification of professional investors and non-professional investors by De Riva.

The term “professional investor” is defined under the SFO to mean:

- (a) any recognised exchange company, recognised clearing house, recognised exchange controller or recognised investor compensation company, or any person authorised to provide automated trading services under section 95(2) of the SFO;

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- (b) any intermediary, or any other person carrying on the business of the provision of investment services and regulated under the law of any place outside Hong Kong;
- (c) any authorised financial institution, or any bank which is not an authorised financial institution but is regulated under the law of any place outside Hong Kong;
- (d) any insurer authorised under the Insurance Ordinance (Chapter 41 of the Laws of Hong Kong), or any other person carrying on insurance business and regulated under the law of any place outside Hong Kong;
- (e) any scheme which—
 - (i) is a collective investment scheme authorised under section 104 of the SFO; or
 - (ii) is similarly constituted under the law of any place outside Hong Kong and, if it is regulated under the law of such place, is permitted to be operated under the law of such place,or any person by whom any such scheme is operated;
- (f) any registered scheme as defined in section 2(1) of the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance (Chapter 485 of the Laws of Hong Kong), or its constituent fund as defined in section 2 of the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes (General) Regulation (Chapter 485A of the Laws of Hong Kong), or any person who, in relation to any such registered scheme, is an approved trustee or service provider as defined in section 2(1) of the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance (Chapter 485 of the Laws of Hong Kong) or who is an investment manager of any such registered scheme or constituent fund;
- (g) any scheme which—
 - (i) is a registered scheme as defined in section 2(1) of the Occupational Retirement Schemes Ordinance (Chapter 426 of the Laws of Hong Kong); or
 - (ii) is an offshore scheme as defined in section 2(1) of the Occupational Retirement Schemes Ordinance (Chapter 426 of the Laws of Hong Kong) and, if it is regulated under the law of the place in which it is domiciled, is permitted to be operated under the law of such place,

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or any person who, in relation to any such scheme, is an administrator as defined in section 2(1) of the Occupational Retirement Schemes Ordinance (Chapter 426 of the Laws of Hong Kong);

- (h) any government (other than a municipal government authority), any institution which performs the functions of a central bank, or any multilateral agency;
- (i) except for the purposes of Schedule 5 to the SFO, any corporation which is—
 - (i) a wholly owned subsidiary of—
 - (A) an intermediary, or any other person carrying on the business of the provision of investment services and regulated under the law of any place outside Hong Kong; or
 - (B) an authorised financial institution, or any bank which is not an authorised financial institution but is regulated under the law of any place outside Hong Kong;
 - (ii) a holding company which holds all the issued share capital of—
 - (A) an intermediary, or any other person carrying on the business of the provision of investment services and regulated under the law of any place outside Hong Kong; or
 - (B) an authorised financial institution, or any bank which is not an authorised financial institution but is regulated under the law of any place outside Hong Kong; or
 - (iii) any other wholly owned subsidiary of a holding company referred to in subparagraph (ii); or
- (j) any person of a class which is prescribed by rules made under section 397 of the SFO for the purposes of this paragraph as within the meaning of this definition for the purposes of the provisions of the SFO, or to the extent that it is prescribed by rules so made as within the meaning of this definition for the purposes of any provision of the SFO.

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For the purposes of paragraph (j) of the definition of “professional investor” in section 1 of Part 1 of Schedule 1 to the SFO as set out above, the following persons are prescribed under the Securities and Futures (Professional Investor) Rules (Chapter 571D of the Laws of Hong Kong) as within the meaning of that definition for the purposes of any provision of the SFO other than Schedule 5:

- (a) any trust corporation having been entrusted under the trust or trusts of which it acts as a trustee with total assets of not less than HK\$40 million or its equivalent in any foreign currency at the relevant date or—
 - (i) as stated in the most recent audited financial statement prepared—
 - (A) in respect of the trust corporation; and
 - (B) within 16 months before the relevant date;
 - (ii) as ascertained by referring to one or more audited financial statements, each being the most recent audited financial statement, prepared—
 - (A) in respect of the trust or any of the trusts; and
 - (B) within 16 months before the relevant date; or
 - (iii) as ascertained by referring to one or more custodian statements issued to the trust corporation—
 - (A) in respect of the trust or any of the trusts; and
 - (B) within 12 months before the relevant date;
- (b) any individual, either alone or with any of his or her associates on a joint account, having a portfolio of not less than HK\$8 million or its equivalent in any foreign currency at the relevant date or—
 - (i) as stated in a certificate issued by an auditor or a certified public accountant of the individual within 12 months before the relevant date; or
 - (ii) as ascertained by referring to one or more custodian statements issued to the individual (either alone or with the associate) within 12 months before the relevant date;
- (c) any corporation or partnership having—
 - (i) a portfolio of not less than HK\$8 million or its equivalent in any foreign currency; or
 - (ii) total assets of not less than HK\$40 million or its equivalent in any foreign currency,

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at the relevant date, or as ascertained by referring to—

- (iii) the most recent audited financial statement prepared—
 - (A) in respect of the corporation or partnership (as the case may be); and
 - (B) within 16 months before the relevant date; or
- (iv) one or more custodian statements issued to the corporation or partnership (as the case may be) within 12 months before the relevant date; and
- (d) any corporation the sole business of which at the relevant date is to hold investments and which at the relevant date is wholly owned by any one or more of the following persons—
 - (i) a trust corporation that falls within the description in paragraph (a);
 - (ii) an individual who, either alone or with any of his or her associates on a joint account, falls within the description in paragraph (b);
 - (iii) a corporation that falls within the description in paragraph (c);
 - (iv) a partnership that falls within the description in paragraph (c).

Types of intermediaries regulated by the SFC

“Intermediary” means a licenced corporation or a registered institution under Schedule 1 to the SFO and a corporation means a company or other body corporate incorporated either in Hong Kong or elsewhere, but does not include a company or other body corporate which is prescribed by rules made under Section 397 of the SFO for the purposes of this definition as being exempted from the provisions of the SFO, or to the extent that it is prescribed by rules so made as being exempted from any provision of the SFO.

According to the SFC, the types of intermediaries comprise the following:

1. *Licensed corporation*: a corporation (not being an authorised financial institution) which is granted a licence to carry on one or more than one regulated activity under Section 116 of the SFO; and *Temporary licensed corporation*: a corporation (not being an authorised financial institution) which is granted a temporary licence to carry on, for a period not exceeding 3 months, one or more than one regulated activity under Section 117 of the SFO.

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2. *Responsible officer*: a licensed representative who is also approved as a responsible officer under Section 126 of the SFO to supervise the regulated activity of the licensed corporation to which he is accredited.
3. *Licensed representative*: an individual who is granted a licence under Section 120(1) of the SFO to carry on one or more than one regulated activity for a licensed corporation to which he is accredited;

Provisional licensed representative: an individual who is granted a provisional licence under Section 120(2) of the SFO to carry on one or more than one regulated activity for a licensed corporation to which he/she is accredited (prior to the grant of his/her licence under Section 120(1) of the SFO); and

Temporary licensed representative: an individual who is granted a temporary licence under Section 121 of the SFO to carry on, for a period not exceeding 3 months, one or more than one regulated activity for a corporation licensed under Section 116 or 117 to which he is accredited.

4. *Registered institution*: an authorised financial institution which is registered to carry on one or more than one regulated activity under Section 119 of the SFO, where an authorised financial institution means an authorised institution as defined in Section 2(1) of the Banking Ordinance (i.e. a bank, a restricted licence bank or a deposit-taking company).

OTC Reporting Regime

The Amended Ordinance provides a regulatory framework for the OTC derivatives market in Hong Kong.

The Amended Ordinance is being implemented in stages:-

- The first stage came into effect on 10 July 2015, involving mandatory reporting of transactions in certain interest rate swaps (IRS) and non-deliverable forwards and related record keeping obligations together with the general framework of the new regime;
- The second stage involves (i) mandatory clearing of certain transactions of standardised IRS in HKD or one of the G4 currencies (i.e. USD, EUR, GBP or JPY) and related record keeping obligations, together with designation of central counterparties for the purposes of mandatory clearing; and (ii) expanding mandatory reporting so that OTC derivatives under all five key asset classes (namely interest rates, foreign exchange, equities, credit and commodities) are covered. This was implemented on 1 September 2016 and 1 July 2017 respectively;
- Other aspects of the regime will follow in later stages.

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The Amended Ordinance required counterparty to OTC derivatives transactions to report the transactions to HKMA via a designated electronic platform and to comply with the prescribed record keeping obligations. As our Group provides derivative brokerage services and is not a counterparty to any OTC transactions, we are not required to comply with the reporting requirement under the Amended Ordinance.

Licensed Corporation

For application as a licensed corporation, the company has to be incorporated and the licensed corporation has to satisfy the SFC that it has a proper business structure, good internal control systems and qualified personnel to ensure the proper management of risks that it will encounter in carrying on the proposed business as detailed in the business plan submitted to the SFC.

Detailed guidelines to meet the requirements and expectations of the SFC are contained in the following:

- Guidelines on Competence;
- The SFC Code of Conduct;
- The ICG

Responsible Officers

Each licensed corporation must appoint at least two responsible officers to directly supervise the conduct of each type of regulated activities and must have at least one responsible officer available at all times to supervise the business of such regulated activity. The same individual may be appointed to be a responsible officer for more than one regulated activity provided that he is fit and proper to be appointed so with no conflict in the roles assumed. At least one of the responsible officers must be an executive director as defined under the SFO. All executive directors must seek the SFC's approval as responsible officers accredited to the licensed corporation.

Qualification and experience

An applicant who intends to apply to be a responsible officer must demonstrate that he/she fulfills the requirements relating to both competence and sufficient authority to supervise the business of regulated activity within the licensed corporation. He should possess appropriate ability, skills, knowledge and experience to properly manage and supervise the corporation's regulated activities. Accordingly, he/she has to fulfill certain requirements relating to academic and industry qualification, industry experience, management experience and regulatory knowledge as required by the SFC.

Licensed Representative

An individual is required to be a licensed representative if he/she performs a regulated function for his/her principal which is a licensed corporation in relation to a regulated activity carried on as a business or he holds himself out as performing such function.

Qualification and experience

An applicant who intends to apply to be a licensed representative must demonstrate his/her competence required under the SFO and establish his/her requisite basic understanding of the market in which he is to work as well as the laws and regulatory requirements applicable to the industry. In assessing the applicant's competence, the SFC will consider the applicant's academic and industry qualifications as well as regulatory knowledge.

Fit and Proper

Persons applying for licences and registrations under the SFO, including the licensed representatives and the responsible officers, must be, and continue to be after the grant of such licences, fit and proper persons to be so licensed or registered. Section 129(1) of the SFO provides that, in considering whether a person is fit and proper for the purposes of licensing and registration, the SFC shall, in addition to any other matters that the SFC may consider relevant, having regard to the following:

- (i) the financial status or solvency;
- (ii) the educational or other qualifications or experience having regard to the nature of the functions which, if the application is allowed, the person will perform;
- (iii) the ability to carry on the regulated activity competently, honestly and fairly; and
- (iv) the reputation, character, reliability and financial integrity of the applicant.

The above matters must be considered in respect of the person (if an individual), the corporation and any of its officers (if a corporation) or the institution, its directors, chief executive, managers and executive officers (if an authorised financial institution).

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Furthermore, Section 129(2) of the SFO empowers the SFC to consider any of the following matters in considering whether a person is fit and proper:

- (i) decisions made by such relevant authorities as stated in Section 129(2)(a) of the SFO or any other authority or regulatory organisation, whether in Hong Kong or elsewhere, which, in the opinion of the SFC, performs a function similar to the functions of the SFC, in respect of that person;
- (ii) in the case of a corporation, any information relating to:
 - (a) any other corporation within the group of companies; or
 - (b) any substantial shareholder or officer of the corporation or of any of its group companies;
- (iii) in the case of a corporation licensed under Section 116 or Section 117 of the SFO or registered under Section 119 of the SFO or an application for such licence or registration:
 - (a) any information relating to any other person who will be acting for or on its behalf in relation to the regulated activity; and
 - (b) whether the person has established effective internal control procedures and risk management systems to ensure its compliance with all applicable regulatory requirements under any of the relevant provisions;
- (iv) in the case of a corporation licensed under Section 116 or Section 117 of the SFO or an application for the licence, any information relating to any person who is or to be employed by, or associated with, the person for the purposes of the regulated activity; and
- (v) the state of affairs of any other business which the person carries on or proposes to carry on.

The SFC is obliged to refuse an application if the applicant fails to satisfy the SFC that he is a fit and proper person to be licensed. The onus is on the applicant to make out a case that he is fit and proper to be licensed for the regulated activity. In relation to an application to be registered under Section 119 of the SFO by an authorised financial institution, the SFC is also obliged to have regard to the advice given to it by the Hong Kong Monetary Authority as to whether it has been satisfied that the applicant is a fit and proper person and the SFC may rely on such advice wholly or partly.

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Minimum capital requirements

Depending on the type of regulated activity, licensed corporations have to maintain at all times paid-up share capital and liquid capital not less than the specified amount according to the FRR. The FRR sets out the computation of a number of variables in respect of all the liquid assets (the values of which are subject to adjustments to cater for factors such as illiquidity and credit risks as prescribed under Division 3 of Part 4 of the FRR) and ranking liabilities (being the sum of the liabilities on the balance sheet after adjustments to cater for factors such as market risks and contingency as prescribed under Division 4 of Part 4 of the FRR) of a licensed corporation and its liquid assets must exceed its ranking liabilities. If a licensed corporation conducts more than one type of regulated activity, the minimum paid-up share capital and liquid capital that it must maintain shall be the higher or the highest amount required amongst those regulated activities.

Minimum paid-up share capital requirement

The following table summarises the minimum paid-up capital that a licensed corporation is required to maintain for type 1 (dealing in securities) and type 2 (dealing in futures contracts) regulated activities:

Regulated activity	Minimum paid-up share capital
Type 1: Dealing in securities	
(i) in the case where the licensed corporation in question is an approved introducing agent or a trader	Not applicable
(ii) in the case where the licensed corporation in question provides securities margin financing	HK\$10,000,000
(iii) in any other case	HK\$5,000,000
Type 2: Dealing in futures contracts	
(i) in the case where the licensed corporation in question is an approved introducing agent, a trader or a futures non-clearing dealer	Not applicable
(ii) in any other case	HK\$5,000,000

De Riva, being a corporation licensed to carry on type 1 (dealing in securities) and type 2 (dealing in futures contracts) regulated activities under the SFO but does not provide securities margin financing, is required to have a minimum paid-up share capital of HK\$5.0 million.

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Minimum required liquid capital

The following table summarises the minimum required liquid capital that a licensed corporation is required to maintain for type 1 (dealing in securities) and type 2 (dealing in futures contracts) regulated activities:

Regulated activity	Minimum required liquid capital
Type 1: Dealing in securities	
(i) in the case where the licensed corporation in question is an approved introducing agent or trader	HK\$500,000
(ii) in any other case	HK\$3,000,000
Type 2: Dealing in futures contracts	
(i) in the case where the licensed corporation in question is an approved introducing agent, futures non-clearing dealer or trader	HK\$500,000
(ii) in any other case	HK\$3,000,000

Pursuant to the FRR, a licensed corporation which is licensed for 2 or more regulated activities shall maintain a minimum required liquid capital at all times of an amount which is the higher of (a) the amount which is the higher or highest upon comparing the specified amount for each such regulated activity (figures for regulated activities relevant to De Riva are set out in the table above); and (b) its variable required liquid capital, which, for a licensed corporation licensed for any regulated activity other than type 3 regulated activity, means the basic amount, i.e. 5.0% of the aggregate of (i) the sum of the licensed corporation's on-balance sheet liabilities including provisions made for liabilities already incurred or for contingent liabilities but excluding (a) amounts payable to clients in respect of client money held by the licensed corporation in a segregated account in accordance with the Securities and Futures (Client Money) Rules (Chapter 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong) or with an authorised financial institution (to the extent not covered by the preceding) or an approved bank incorporated outside Hong Kong or with a futures or options clearing house or client money held by the licensed corporation with a clearing house other than a futures or options clearing house or a clearing participant or a futures dealer or a securities dealer as margin in respect of outstanding futures contracts and outstanding options contracts held on behalf of its clients and (b) an approved subordinated loan provided to the licensed corporation; (ii) the aggregate of the initial margin requirements in respect of outstanding futures contracts and outstanding options contracts held by the licensed corporation on behalf of its clients; and (iii) the aggregate of the amounts of margin required to be deposited in respect of outstanding futures contracts and

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outstanding options contracts held by the licensed corporation on behalf of its clients, to the extent that such contracts are not subject to payment of initial margin requirements.

Accordingly, pursuant to the FRR, De Riva, being a corporation licensed to carry on type 1 (dealing in securities) and type 2 (dealing in futures contracts) regulated activities under the SFO which is not an approved introducing agent, futures non-clearing dealer or trader, shall also maintain at all times a minimum required liquid capital of at least HK\$3.0 million.

Our Directors confirm that De Riva has at all times complied with each of the above continuing compliance obligations, including FRR and SFC licensing requirements, during the Track Record Period and up to the Latest Practicable Date.

Continuing compliance obligations

Remaining fit and proper

Licensed corporations, licensed persons and registered institutions must remain fit and proper at all times and comply with all applicable provisions of the SFO and its subsidiary legislation as well as the codes and guidelines issued by the SFC.

Submission of audited accounts

A licensed corporation must submit its audited accounts and other required documents in accordance with the requirements under the Securities and Futures (Accounts and Audit) Rules (Chapter 571P of the Laws of Hong Kong). Such rules prescribe the contents of the annual accounts and the auditor's report of such accounts to be submitted by licensed corporations to the SFC. Licensed corporations and associated entities of intermediaries (except for those which are authorised financial institutions) are required to submit their audited accounts and other required documents within four months after the end of each financial year as required under Section 156(1) of the SFO.

Submission of financial resources returns

Licensed corporations are required to submit monthly financial resources returns to the SFC except for those licensed corporations for only type 4 (advising on securities), type 5 (advising on futures contracts), type 6 (advising on corporate finance), type 9 (asset management) and/or type 10 (providing credit rating services) regulated activities and their licences are subject to the condition that they shall not hold client assets. In the latter case, the licensed corporations concerned shall submit semi-annual financial resources returns to the SFC as required under Section 56 of the FRR.

Record keeping requirements

A licensed corporation must keep records in accordance with the requirements under the Securities and Futures (Keeping of Records) Rules (Chapter 571O of the Laws of Hong Kong), which requires licensed corporations to keep

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proper records, it prescribes the records that are to be kept by licensed corporations to ensure that they maintain comprehensive records in sufficient detail relating to their businesses and client transactions for proper accounting of their business operations and clients' assets.

Maintenance of insurance

A licensed corporation must maintain insurance against specific risks for specific amounts in accordance with the requirements under the Securities and Futures (Insurance) Rules (Chapter 571AI of the Laws of Hong Kong).

Payment of annual fees

Under Section 138(2) of the SFO, a licensed corporation, a licensed person and a registered institution shall pay to the SFC annual fees within one month after each anniversary of the date of grant of the licence or certificate of registration (as the case may be), or on such other date as may be approved by the SFC by notice in writing. Details of the annual fees applicable to the four types of the regulated activities engaged by our Group, through De Riva, are as follows:

Type of intermediary	Annual fees for types 1 and type 2 regulated activities
Licensed corporation	HK\$4,740 per regulated activity
Licensed representative (not approved as responsible officer)	HK\$1,790 per regulated activity
Licensed representative (approved as responsible officer)	HK\$4,740 per regulated activity

On 24 March 2016, the SFC issued a circular waiving the annual licensing fee for all licensed corporations, responsible officers and licensed representatives from 1 April 2016 to 31 March 2018.

Notification to the SFC of certain changes and events

A licensed corporation must notify the SFC of certain changes and events, in accordance with the requirements under the Securities and Futures (Licensing and Registration) (Information) Rules (Chapter 571S of the Laws of Hong Kong). Such changes and events which require notification include, among others, changes in the basic information of the licensed corporation, its controlling persons and responsible officers, or subsidiaries that carry out a business in a regulated activity, changes in the capital and shareholding structure of the licensed corporation, and significant changes in business plan.

Continuous professional training

According to the Guidelines on Continuous Professional Training published by the SFC, a licensed corporation is held primarily responsible for designing and implementing a continuous education system best suited to the training needs of the

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individuals they engage which will enhance their industry knowledge, skills and professionalism. A licensed corporation should at least annually evaluate the training needs of the individuals they engage. A licensed individual must undertake a minimum of five continuous professional training hours per calendar year for each regulated activity he/she engages in.

Obligation for substantial shareholders

Under Section 132 of the SFO, a person (including a corporation) has to apply for SFC's approval prior to becoming or continuing to be, as the case may be, a substantial shareholder of a corporation licensed under Section 116 of the SFO. A person who has become aware that he has become a substantial shareholder of a licensed corporation without SFC's prior approval should, as soon as reasonably practicable and in any event within three business days after he/she becomes so aware, apply to the SFC for approval to continue to be a substantial shareholder of the licensed corporation.

Variation of regulated activity specified in licence or certificate of registration

Under Section 127(1) of the SFO, a licensed corporation may apply in the prescribed manner and payment of the prescribed fee to the SFC to vary the regulated activity specified in its licence or certificate of registration. Prior approval would also need to be obtained from the SFC in cases such as addition or reduction of regulated activity, modification or waiver of licensing conditions and change of financial year end.

Modification or waiver of licensing requirements

Under the licensing requirements, a licensed corporation may apply in the prescribed manner and payment of the prescribed fee to the SFC for modification or waiver of the conditions imposed or certain other requirements specified in Section 134 of the SFO.

Employee dealings

As mentioned in the Code of Conduct, a registered person should have a policy which has been communicated to employees (including directors other than non-executive directors) in writing regarding whether employees are permitted to deal for their own accounts in securities. In the event that employees of a registered person are permitted to deal for their own accounts in securities:

- (a) the written policy should specify the conditions on which employees may deal for their own accounts;
- (b) employees should be required to identify all related accounts (including accounts of their minor children and accounts in which the employees hold beneficial interests) and report them to senior management;
- (c) employees should generally be required to deal through the registered person or its affiliates;

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- (d) if the registered person provides services in securities or futures contracts listed or traded on one of the Hong Kong exchanges or in derivatives, including OTC derivatives written over such securities, and its employees are permitted to deal through another dealer, in those securities, the registered person and employee should arrange for duplicate trade confirmations and statements of account to be provided to senior management of the registered person;
- (e) any transactions for employees' accounts and related accounts should be separately recorded and clearly identified in the records of the registered person; and
- (f) transactions of employees' accounts and related accounts should be reported to and actively monitored by senior management of the registered person who should not have any beneficial or other interest in the transactions and who should maintain procedures to detect irregularities and ensure that the handling by the registered person of these transactions or orders is not prejudicial to the interests of the registered person's other customers.

A registered person should not knowingly deal in securities or futures contracts for another registered person's employee unless it has received written consent from that registered person.

Hong Kong Exchanges and Clearing Limited

Apart from the SFC, HKEx also plays a leading role in regulating companies seeking admission to the Hong Kong stock markets and supervising those companies once they are listed.

HKEx is a recognised exchange controller under the SFO. It owns and operates the only securities and futures exchanges in Hong Kong, namely the Stock Exchange and the Hong Kong Futures Exchange Limited, and their related clearing brokers. The duty of HKEx is to ensure orderly and fair markets and that risks are managed prudently, consistent with the public interests and in particular, the interests of the investing public.

In its role as the operator and frontline regulator of the central securities and derivatives marketplace in Hong Kong, HKEx regulates listed issuers; administers listing, trading and clearing rules; and provides services, primarily at the wholesale level, to customers of the exchanges and clearing houses, including issuers and intermediaries — investment banks or sponsors, securities and derivatives brokers, custodian banks and information vendors — who serve the investors directly. These services comprise trading, clearing and settlement, depository and nominee services, and information services.

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HKCC has been established to provide services for the clearing and settlement of transactions on the markets operated by HKFE. Every HKCC Participant must be a HKFE Exchange Participant. HKCC Participantship is not open to anyone other than HKFE Exchange Participants. HKCC Participants may be registered under one of the following categories: General Clearing Participants or Clearing Participants and all HKCC Participants are subject to the Rules of Hong Kong Futures Exchange Limited and the Rules of HKFE Clearing Corporation Limited.

The rules promulgated by the Stock Exchange and the Futures Exchange require any person who wishes to trade on or through their respective facilities to hold a trading right. The trading right confers on its holder the eligibility to trade on or through the relevant exchange. However, the holding of a trading right does not, of itself, permit the holder to actually trade on or through the relevant exchange. In order to do this, it is also necessary for the person to be registered as a participant of the relevant exchange in accordance with its rules, including those requiring compliance with all relevant legal and regulatory requirements.

HKCC has two categories of Participantship, each of which has different conditions and privileges:

- (1) General Clearing Participant - A participant which registers and clears trades for its own and clients accounts and on behalf of Non-Clearing Participants.
 - be a HKFE Exchange Participant.
 - have a liquid capital of not less than the higher of:
 - (a) its required liquid capital under the Financial Resources Rules; or
 - (b) HK\$20,000,000.
 - contribute HK\$7,500,000 Participant Deposit to the Reserve Fund referred to in Chapter VII of the HKCC Rules.
- (2) Clearing Participant – A participant which only registers and clears trades for its own and clients accounts.
 - be a HKFE Exchange Participant.
 - have a liquid capital of not less than the higher of:-
 - (a) its required liquid capital under the Financial Resources Rules; or
 - (b) HK\$5,000,000.

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- contribute HK\$1,500,000 Participant Deposit to the Reserve Fund referred to in Chapter VII of the HKCC Rules.

According to the Rule 401 of the Rules of Exchange, every Exchange Participant shall at all times comply with the FRR and where applicable the financial resources requirements made under Rule 408.

Section 4 of the FRR required that a licensed corporation shall at all times maintain financial resources in the amount required under the Securities and Futures (Financial Resources) Rules.

Section 6 of the FRR states that

- (1) For the purposes of Section 4, a licensed corporation shall at all times maintain liquid capital which is not less than its required liquid capital.
- (2) Subsections (3) and (4) apply in respect of a licensed corporation licensed for one or more of the following
 - (a) Type 1 regulated activity;
 - (b) Type 2 regulated activity;
 - (c) Type 3 regulated activity;
 - (d) Type 8 regulated activity,unless it is
 - (e) in the case of paragraph (a), an approved introducing agent or a trader;
 - (f) in the case of paragraph (b), an approved introducing agent, a trader or a futures non-clearing dealer; or
 - (g) in the case of paragraph (c), an approved introducing agent.
- (3) Subject to subsection (4)
 - (a) on any particular business day on which a licensed corporation's required liquid capital rises above its liquid capital; and

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- (b) where applicable, on any one or more consecutive business days immediately following the day referred to in paragraph (a) on which there continues to be a required liquid capital deficit,

the licensed corporation will be regarded as having complied with subsection (1) if

- (c) it is entitled to draw down an amount not less than the required liquid capital deficit under an approved standby subordinated loan facility; and
 - (d) its required liquid capital on the day that its required liquid capital rises above its liquid capital is at least 20% more than its required liquid capital at the close of business on the previous business day, as a result of
 - (i) an increase in its adjusted liabilities which is attributable to an increase in its dealings in securities for its clients;
 - (ii) an increase in the aggregate of the initial margin requirements, or of the amounts of margin required to be deposited, in respect of outstanding futures contracts or outstanding options contracts held by it on behalf of its clients;
 - (iii) an increase in its aggregate gross foreign currency position;
 - (iv) an increase in its adjusted liabilities which is attributable to an increase in the aggregate of the amounts receivable from its margin clients; or
 - (v) where applicable, the aggregate of the increases described in 2 or more of subparagraph (i), (ii), (iii) or (iv).
- (4) Subsection (3) only applies on a day referred to in subsection (3)(a) or (b) if, during the 60 days immediately preceding that day, the required liquid capital of the licensed corporation has exceeded its liquid capital on 4 or less business days.

Anti-money Laundering and Terrorist Financing

Money laundering covers a wide range of activities and processes intended to alter the identity of the source of criminal proceeds in a manner which disguises their illegal origin. Terrorist financing is a term which includes the financing of terrorist acts, and of terrorist and terrorist organisations. It extends to any funds, whether from a legitimate or illegitimate source.

Licensed corporations are required to comply with applicable anti-money laundering laws and regulations in Hong Kong. The four main pieces of legislation in Hong Kong that are concerned with money laundering and terrorist financing are the Anti-Money Laundering and Counter Terrorist Financing (Financial Institutions) Ordinance (Chapter 615 of the Laws of Hong Kong), the Drug Trafficking (Recovery of Proceeds) Ordinance (Chapter 405 of the Laws of Hong Kong), the Organised and Serious Crimes Ordinance (Chapter 455 of the Laws of Hong Kong) and the United Nations (Anti-Terrorism Measures) Ordinance (Chapter 575 of the Laws of Hong Kong). The SFC has also published (1) Prevention of Money Laundering & Terrorist Financing Guideline (April 2012); and (2) Guideline on Anti-Money Laundering and Counter Terrorist Financing (April 2015) which require licensed corporations to, among other things, adopt and enforce “know-your-clients” policies and procedures. Staff of licensed corporations who know, suspect or have reasonable grounds to believe that a customer might have engaged in money laundering activities must immediately report to the compliance division of its organisation which, in turn, will be reported to the Joint Financial Intelligence Unit.

B. OUR GROUP’S COMPLIANCE

In relation to the aforesaid compliance obligations, our Group has adopted various measures as set out in our Group’s internal manuals to ensure compliance with the applicable ordinances, rules, regulations, code of conducts and relevant guidelines as discussed above.

In particular, our Group’s internal manuals also cover registration and notification requirements with the SFC, know-your-client requirements, anti-money laundering measures and compliance and operational procedures in carrying out the regulated activities.

De Riva is an Exchange Participant of Hong Kong Exchange Limited under the category of Futures Commission Merchants. Accordingly, De Riva is subject to the Rules, Regulations and Procedures of the Futures Exchange.

In relation to our SGX derivatives brokerage business, as all of our SGX related trades are conducted through other execution brokers, accordingly our Group is not subjected directly to the relevant rules and regulations in Singapore.

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In relation to the Eurex MSCI derivatives market which our Group plans to expand into, the trades will be conducted OTC, as such these transactions will not be subject to Eurex regulatory regime.

REGULATORY AND SHAREHOLDERS' APPROVAL REQUIRED FOR REORGANISATION AND LISTING

Our Group has obtained approval from the SFC regarding the change of substantial shareholder in De Riva under the Reorganisation on 31 January 2018. Such changes need to be completed within 6 months after the grant of the approval or else further approval will need to be obtained from the SFC. On 26 July 2018, the SFC granted an extension of the validity of the approval for the change of substantial shareholders of De Riva up to 31 August 2018. Following the Reorganisation, the change of substantial shareholders was completed on 3 August 2018.

For details of the Reorganisation, please refer to the section headed "History, Reorganisation and corporate structure" in this prospectus.

For Shareholders' approval, please refer to the paragraph headed "A. Further information about our Group — 3. Written resolutions of our Shareholders passed on 30 July 2018" in Appendix IV to this prospectus.

HISTORY

Our corporate history

Our Company was incorporated in the Cayman Islands as an exempted company with limited liability on 1 November 2017 in anticipation of the Listing. Following the Reorganisation, our Company became an investment holding company holding the entire shareholding interest in De Riva, our key operating subsidiary, indirectly through the intermediary company, DLS Capital. Details of the Reorganisation are set out in the paragraph headed “Reorganisation” in this section.

Our business can be traced back to 2009 when De Riva, our operating subsidiary, was established by Mr. Wong Nelson, Mr. Ngo Tong-Heng, and Mr. Kabbabe Karim, all of whom are Independent Third Parties. Over the period from 2010 to 2017, Mr. Ngo Tong-Heng acquired the controlling shareholding of De Riva through various transfers, allotments and issues of shares in January 2010, and then Mr. Yu, our Controlling Shareholder and our non-executive Director, through Pacific Asset, acquired the majority shareholding of De Riva from Mr. Ngo Tong-Heng in October 2013 with his personal fund. After that, Mr. Yu, through Pacific Asset transferred part of his shareholding interests in De Riva to Mr. Lau Ming Hong, Henry through Santo Global, and Crystal Dragon Limited (“**Crystal Dragon**”) in 2014. In March 2017, Mr. Wong Nelson and Mr. Ngo Tong-Heng transferred their entire shareholding interests in De Riva to Mr. Ng and Mr. Choi respectively. On 24 August 2017, Crystal Dragon transferred 3% of the then issued share capital of De Riva (representing the entire shareholding interests in De Riva owned by it) to Santo Global, and on 1 November 2017, Pacific Asset transferred 7% of the then issued share capital of De Riva to Santo Global.

Our licensing history

In July 2010, De Riva was registered with the SFC to carry on type 1 (dealing in securities) and type 2 (dealing in futures contracts) regulated activities.

BUSINESS MILESTONE

Our Directors believe that through its years of operations, De Riva has established itself as a reliable and trusted interdealer brokerage firm of derivatives in Hong Kong. Set out below are the key milestones relating to our business over the years:

Year	Key milestones
2009	De Riva was incorporated on 27 July 2009
2010	De Riva obtained its type 1 (dealing in securities) and type 2 (dealing in futures contracts) licences from the SFC and commenced its business on 29 July 2010

HISTORY, REORGANISATION AND CORPORATE STRUCTURE

Year	Key milestones
	De Riva was admitted as a HKFE Exchange Participant under the category of Futures Commission Merchants on 16 August 2010
2013	Mr. Yu, through Pacific Asset, acquired control over De Riva Mr. Choi, Mr. Lee, Mr. Fung, and Mr. Ng joined De Riva French-speaking licensed broker joined De Riva as Licensed Representative so as to further the growth in the revenue base contributed by French-speaking traders in the market by providing the flexibility for De Riva to trade with traders who speak only the very language
2015	Korean-speaking licensed broker joined De Riva as Licensed Representative so as to further the growth in the revenue base contributed by Korean-speaking traders in the market by providing the flexibility for De Riva to trade with traders who speak only the very language
2017	Mr. Lau joined De Riva as managing director
2018	We moved to our new head office and principal place of business in Hong Kong

CORPORATE HISTORY

Upon completion of the Reorganisation, our Group comprises of our Company and its subsidiaries, particulars of which are set out below:

Name of subsidiary	Principal business activities	Date of Incorporation	Interest Attributable to Our Group
DLC Asia Limited	Investment holding	1 November 2017	100%
DLS Capital	Investment holding	13 October 2017	100%
De Riva	Derivatives brokering	27 July 2009	100%

Details of the corporate history of our Group is set out below:

Our Company

Our Company was incorporated in the Cayman Islands under the Companies Law as an exempted company with limited liability on 1 November 2017 and became the holding company of our Group, pursuant to the Reorganisation which was completed on 3 August 2018. Our Group comprises of our Company, DLS Capital and De Riva.

Immediately following the completion of the Share Offer and the Capitalisation Issue (without taking into account of any Shares which may be allotted and issued by our Company pursuant to the exercise of any options which may be granted under the Share Option Scheme), Oasis Green will hold 414,000,000 Shares, representing 51.75% of the issued share capital of our Company as enlarged by the Share Offer and the Capitalisation Issue.

HISTORY, REORGANISATION AND CORPORATE STRUCTURE

For details of changes in the share capital of our Group, please refer to the paragraph headed “A. Further information about our Company — 2. Changes in the share capital of our Company” in Appendix IV to this prospectus.

DLS Capital

On 13 October 2017, DLS Capital was incorporated in the BVI with limited liability and was authorised to issue a maximum of 50,000 shares of a single class, each with a par value of US\$1.00 each.

On 13 November 2017, as part of the Reorganisation, DLS Capital allotted and issued 3,450 shares of US\$1.00 each to Pacific Asset, 800 shares of US\$1.00 each to Santo Global, 450 shares of US\$1.00 each to Mr. Ng and 300 shares of US\$1.00 each to Mr. Choi, all credited as fully paid.

On 31 July 2018, as part of the Reorganisation, DLS Capital allotted and issued 3,450 shares of US\$1.00 each to Pacific Asset, 800 shares of US\$1.00 each to Santo Global, 450 shares of US\$1.00 each to Mr. Ng and 300 shares of US\$1.00 each to Mr. Choi, credited as fully paid, in consideration of the acquisition of the entire issued share capital of De Riva from Pacific Asset, Santo Global, Mr. Ng and Mr. Choi respectively.

On 3 August 2018, as part of the Reorganisation, Pacific Asset, Santo Global, Mr. Ng and Mr. Choi each transferred all of their respective shares in DLS Capital to our Company in consideration of our Company allotting and issuing, credited as fully paid, 3,450 Shares to Oasis Green at the direction of Pacific Asset, 800 Shares to Jolly Ocean at the direction of Santo Global, 450 Shares to Dense Jungle at the direction of Mr. Ng and 300 Shares to Beyond Delta at the direction of Mr. Choi, and crediting as fully paid the nil-paid incorporation Share registered in the name of Beyond Delta for the acquisition of the entire issued share capital of DLS Capital by our Company. Since then, DLS Capital is a 100% owned subsidiary of our Company, principally engaged in investment holding.

De Riva

On 27 July 2009, De Riva was incorporated in Hong Kong as a company with limited liability and is our principal operating subsidiary. At the time of its incorporation, De Riva allotted and issued (i) 100,000 shares at par to Mr. Wong Nelson, an Independent Third Party; (ii) 2,450,000 shares at par to Mr. Ngo Tong-Heng, an Independent Third Party; and (iii) 2,450,000 at par to Mr. Kabbabe Karim, an Independent Third Party.

On 6 January 2010, Mr. Ngo Tong-Heng acquired from Mr. Kabbabe Karim his 2,450,000 shares for a consideration of HK\$2,450,000.

On 26 July 2010, De Riva allotted and issued 1,200,000 shares to Mr. Ngo Tong-Heng for a consideration of HK\$1,200,000.

On 20 October 2010, De Riva allotted and issued 600,000 shares to Mr. Ngo Tong-Heng for a consideration of HK\$600,000.

HISTORY, REORGANISATION AND CORPORATE STRUCTURE

On 24 February 2012, Mr. Wong Nelson acquired from Mr. Ngo Tong-Heng his 240,000 shares for a consideration of HK\$240,000.

On 21 August 2013, Mr. Wong Nelson acquired from Mr. Ngo Tong-Heng his 272,000 shares for a consideration of HK\$272,000.

On 23 October 2013, Pacific Asset acquired from Mr. Ngo Tong-Heng his 5,780,000 shares for a consideration of HK\$10,445,989, which was determined with reference to the unaudited net asset value of De Riva as at 31 January 2013. The consideration was settled in cash by installments made on 2 March 2013 and 18 October 2013 respectively. The acquisition allowed Mr. Yu, who was and is the sole shareholder of Pacific Asset, to invest in De Riva, which already had a derivative brokerage platform in place with contracts signed with major clients in the market. As Mr. Yu had years of acquaintance with Mr. Choi and Mr. Ng and was well aware of their established network and experience in the derivatives brokerage industry, he approached Mr. Choi, Mr. Lee, Mr. Fung and Mr. Ng to discuss their potential joining of our Group after Mr. Yu agreed to become the majority shareholder of De Riva and anticipated that after their joining of De Riva, the business of De Riva would have a promising growth potential, hence decided to make the acquisition through Pacific Asset.

On 8 December 2014, Santo Global acquired from Pacific Asset its 408,000 shares for a consideration of HK\$6,980,000. For details of such acquisition, please refer to the paragraph headed "Pre-IPO Investments" in this section.

On 8 December 2014, Crystal Dragon acquired from Pacific Asset its 204,000 shares for a consideration of HK\$3,490,000, which was determined taking into account the potential business growth of De Riva as a result of Mr. Yu, through Pacific Asset, becoming the controlling shareholder of De Riva to reinforce the operation of De Riva and the joining of Mr. Lee, Mr. Fung, Mr. Choi and Mr. Ng as senior management. The consideration was settled by way of set-off of a loan made to Pacific Asset by Crystal Dragon on 25 February 2013 which was in substance "earnest money" paid to Pacific Asset with a view to securing an opportunity to acquire 204,000 shares (representing 3% of shareholding interest in De Riva then) in De Riva at a later date. The investment was made taking into account the potential business growth of De Riva after the joining of Mr. Lee, Mr. Fung, Mr. Choi and Mr. Ng and that the investment would serve as a tool for hedging the investment portfolio of the ultimate beneficial owner of Crystal Dragon and the share transfer was effective on 8 December 2014.

On 2 March 2017, Mr. Ng acquired from Mr. Wong Nelson his 612,000 shares for a consideration of HK\$2,400,000. For details of such acquisition, please refer to the paragraph headed "Pre-IPO Investments" in this section.

On 22 March 2017, Mr. Choi acquired from Mr. Ngo Tong-Heng his 408,000 shares for a consideration of HK\$1,200,000. For details of such acquisition, please refer to the paragraph headed "Pre-IPO Investments" in this section.

HISTORY, REORGANISATION AND CORPORATE STRUCTURE

On 24 August 2017, as part of the Reorganisation, Santo Global acquired from Crystal Dragon its 204,000 shares for a consideration of HK\$1,200,000. For details of such acquisition, please refer to the paragraph headed “Pre-IPO Investments” in this section.

On 1 November 2017, as part of the Reorganisation, Santo Global acquired from Pacific Asset its 476,000 shares for a consideration of HK\$2,800,000. For details of such acquisition, please refer to the paragraph headed “Pre-IPO Investments” in this section.

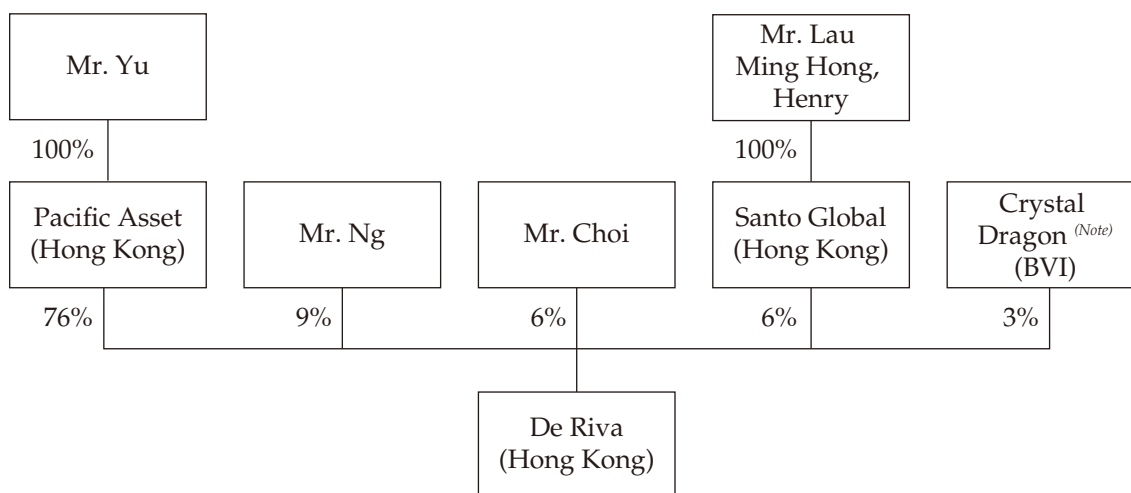
On 31 July 2018, as part of the Reorganisation, DLS Capital acquired the entire issued share capital of De Riva from Pacific Asset, Santo Global, Mr. Ng and Mr. Choi, the consideration of which was satisfied by DLS Capital allotted and issued, credited as fully paid, 3,450 shares of US\$1.00 each to Pacific Asset, 800 shares of US\$1.00 each to Santo Global, 450 shares of US\$1.00 each to Mr. Ng and 300 shares of US\$1.00 each to Mr. Choi respectively.

On 3 August 2018, as part of the Reorganisation, the Company acquired the entire issued share capital of DLS Capital from Pacific Asset, Santo Global, Mr. Ng and Mr. Choi, the consideration of which was satisfied by the Company (i) allotting and issuing 3,450 Shares, 800 Shares, 450 Shares and 300 Shares to the nominees of Pacific Asset, Santo Global, Mr. Ng and Mr. Choi respectively; and (ii) crediting as fully paid the nil-paid incorporation Share registered in the name of Beyond Delta.

Since then, De Riva was wholly and indirectly owned by our Company.

CORPORATE STRUCTURE PRIOR TO THE REORGANISATION

The following chart shows the shareholding and corporate structure of our Group immediately before the Reorganisation, the Share Offer and the Capitalisation Issue.



Note: Crystal Dragon and its ultimate beneficial owner are Independent Third Parties.

REORGANISATION

The companies comprising our Group underwent the Reorganisation in preparation for the Listing, pursuant to which our Company became the holding company of our Group. The Reorganisation involved the following major steps:

1. Acquisition of shares in De Riva from Crystal Dragon by Santo Global

On 24 August 2017, Santo Global purchased from Crystal Dragon the 204,000 shares in the issued share capital of De Riva (representing 3% of the then issued share capital of De Riva) held by Crystal Dragon, at the total consideration of HK\$1,200,000, being approximately 3% of the audited net asset value of De Riva of HK\$38,769,000 as at 31 March 2017. Completion of such transfer took place on 24 August 2017 and the consideration has been fully settled by cash. The disposal of shares in De Riva by Crystal Dragon to Santo Global was for the purpose of streamlining the investment portfolio of the ultimate beneficial owner of Crystal Dragon.

2. Acquisition of shares in De Riva from Pacific Asset by Santo Global

On 1 November 2017, Santo Global purchased from Pacific Asset the 476,000 shares in the issued share capital of De Riva (representing 7% of the then issued share capital of De Riva) held by Pacific Asset, at the total consideration of HK\$2,800,000, being approximately 7% of the audited net asset value of De Riva of HK\$38,769,000 as at 31 March 2017. On 23 October 2017, SFC granted its approval in relation to the application of Santo Global to become a substantial shareholder of De Riva as a result of such acquisition of shares by Santo Global from Pacific Asset. Completion of such transfer took place on 1 November 2017 and the consideration has been fully settled by cash.

3. Incorporation of DLS Capital

On 13 October 2017, DLS Capital was incorporated in the BVI with limited liability, with an authorised share capital of 50,000 shares of a single class of par value of US\$1.00 each.

4. Allotment of new shares in DLS Capital

On 13 November 2017, DLS Capital allotted and issued 3,450, 800, 450 and 300 new shares at par to Pacific Asset, Santo Global, Mr. Ng and Mr. Choi respectively. Thereafter, DLS Capital was held by Pacific Asset, Santo Global, Mr. Ng and Mr. Choi as to 3,450, 800, 450 and 300 shares respectively, representing 69%, 16%, 9% and 6% respectively of the then issued share capital of DLS Capital.

5. Incorporation of our Company

On 1 November 2017, our Company was incorporated as an exempted company in the Cayman Islands under the Companies Law and the initial one nil-paid incorporation Share was issued to the subscriber, an Independent Third Party, on the date of incorporation and was transferred to Mr. Choi at nil consideration on the same day. The authorised share capital of our Company was HK\$380,000 divided into 38,000,000 Shares of a single class each with a par value of HK\$0.01 at the time of incorporation.

6. Transfer of share in our Company from Mr. Choi to Beyond Delta

On 29 November 2017, Mr. Choi transferred his one nil-paid Share at par to Beyond Delta, a company incorporated in the BVI which is beneficially wholly-owned by him.

7. Allotment of new shares in our Company

On 29 November 2017, our Company has allotted and issued 3,450, 800, 450 and 299 new Shares at par to Oasis Green, Jolly Ocean, Dense Jungle and Beyond Delta respectively. Thereafter, our Company was held by Oasis Green, Jolly Ocean, Dense Jungle and Beyond Delta as to 3,450, 800, 450 and 300 Shares respectively, representing approximately 69%, 16%, 9% and 6% respectively of the then issued share capital of our Company.

8. Acquisition of De Riva by DLS Capital

On 31 July 2018, DLS Capital acquired from (i) Pacific Asset its 4,692,000 Shares; (ii) Santo Global its 1,088,000 Shares; (iii) Mr. Ng his 612,000 Shares; and (iv) Mr. Choi his 408,000 Shares, representing the entire issued share capital of De Riva, the consideration of which was satisfied by DLS Capital allotting and issuing 5,000 shares, credited as fully paid, to the shareholders of De Riva as to (i) 3,450 shares to Pacific Asset; (ii) 800 shares to Santo Global; (iii) 450 shares to Mr. Ng; and (iv) 300 shares to Mr. Choi.

9. Acquisition of DLS Capital by our Company

On 3 August 2018, Pacific Asset, Santo Global, Mr. Ng and Mr. Choi transferred their 6,900, 1,600, 900 and 600 shares in DLS Capital respectively, being the entire issued share capital of DLS Capital, to our Company, the consideration of which was settled by our Company allotting and issuing, credited as fully paid, (i) 3,450 Shares to Oasis Green, at the direction of Pacific Asset; (ii) 800 Shares to Jolly Ocean, at the direction of Santo Global; (iii) 450 Shares to Dense Jungle, at the direction of Mr. Ng; and (iv) 300 Shares to Beyond Delta, at the direction of Mr. Choi, and crediting as fully paid the nil-paid incorporation Share registered in the name of Beyond Delta. After completion of the above share transfer, DLS Capital became a direct wholly-owned subsidiary of our Company.

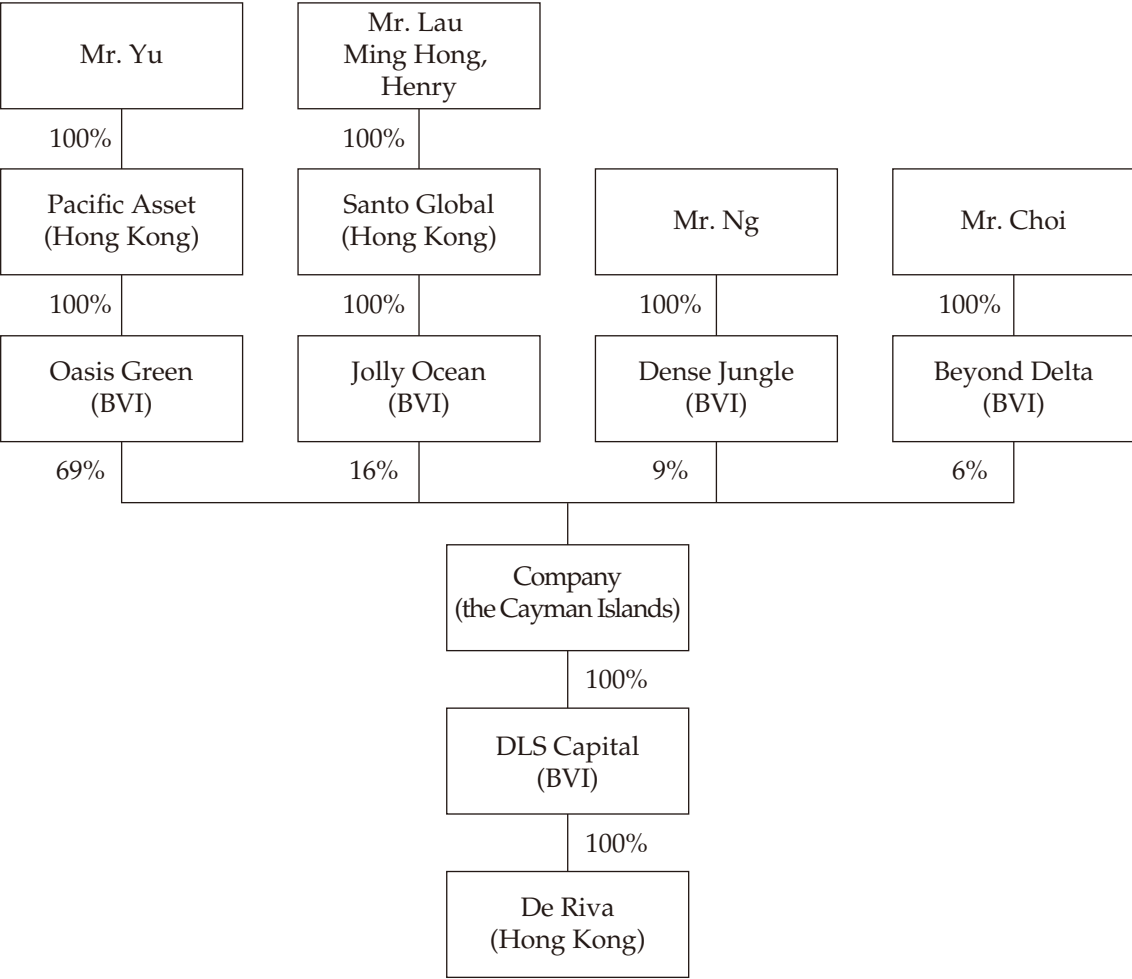
Based on the foregoing arrangements as agreed by the parties, the acquisition of DLS Capital by our Company was properly and legally completed and settled.

Our Directors confirm that the change of shareholding in DLS Capital under the Reorganisation would not require any approval or permit from any relevant government authorities in the Cayman Islands or the BVI.

HISTORY, REORGANISATION AND CORPORATE STRUCTURE

CORPORATE STRUCTURE IMMEDIATELY AFTER COMPLETION OF THE REORGANISATION BUT BEFORE COMPLETION OF THE SHARE OFFER AND THE CAPITALISATION ISSUE

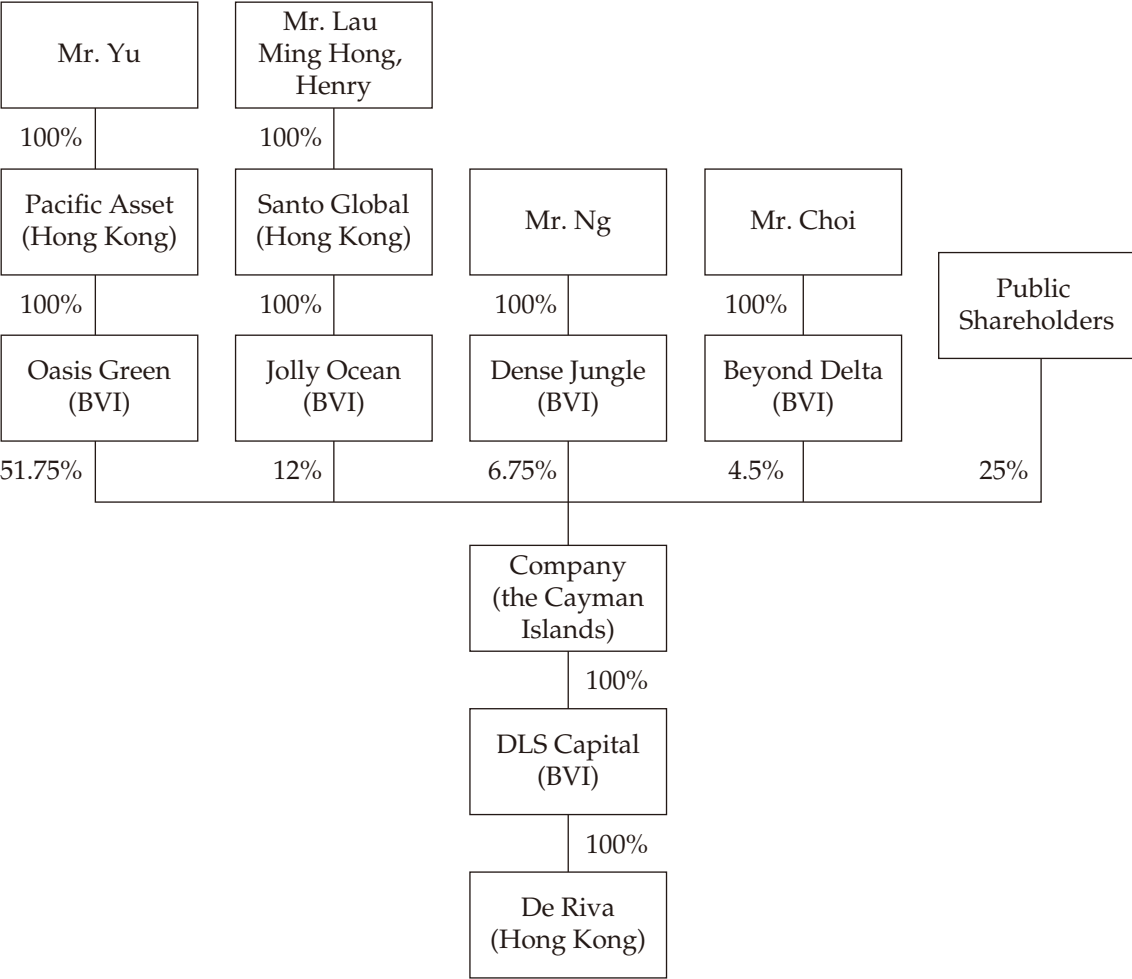
The following chart shows the shareholding and corporate structure of our Group immediately after completion of the Reorganisation but before completion of the Share Offer and the Capitalisation Issue.



HISTORY, REORGANISATION AND CORPORATE STRUCTURE

CORPORATE STRUCTURE IMMEDIATELY AFTER COMPLETION OF THE REORGANISATION, THE SHARE OFFER AND THE CAPITALISATION ISSUE

The following chart shows the shareholding and corporate structure of our Group immediately after completion of the Reorganisation, the Share Offer and the Capitalisation Issue, without taking into account any Shares which may be allotted and issued by our Company pursuant to the exercise of any options which may be granted under the Share Option Scheme.



PRE-IPO INVESTMENTS

Principal terms of the Pre-IPO Investments

Acquisition by Mr. Ng in March 2017

On 2 March 2017, Mr. Ng acquired 612,000 shares, being 9% of the total issued shares of De Riva, from Mr. Wong Nelson for a total consideration of HK\$2,400,000, which was settled on 1 March 2017. The investment was made taking into account the business growth of De Riva after the joining of Mr. Lee, Mr. Fung, Mr. Choi and Mr. Ng himself and that the selling shareholder Mr. Wong Nelson was interested in realising his investment at the time. The principal terms of such acquisition are summarised as below:

Acquired from	Mr. Wong Nelson
Number of shares purchased	612,000 shares of De Riva, representing 9% of the total issued shares of De Riva
Amount of consideration paid	HK\$2,400,000 in cash
Completion date	2 March 2017
Basis of determining the consideration	Mr. Ng confirmed, to the best of his knowledge, that he had considered, together with the selling shareholder, applying the (i) price-to-earnings ratio; (ii) price-to-book ratio; and (iii) consideration of similar transactions in other Type 2 licensed corporations in the Hong Kong market as references to determine the consideration of his Pre-IPO Investment at the time. Nevertheless, given there was not any similar successful transaction in other public Type 2 licensed corporations in Hong Kong available for reference, both parties considered that a meaningful analysis could not be formed by comparing the price-to-earnings ratio with the consideration of similar transactions in other Type 2 licensed corporations in the Hong Kong market. As such, the parties agreed to use the price-to-book ratio as reference. Considering De Riva was not a public company and might have a lack of marketability, both parties agreed to assume the price-to-book ratio to be less than one to determine the consideration.

HISTORY, REORGANISATION AND CORPORATE STRUCTURE

In light of the above, Mr. Ng confirmed the consideration was determined based on arm's length negotiations between the parties taking into account that the selling shareholder wished to realise his investment in De Riva at the time and thus with a discount of approximately 14.3% to the audited net asset value of De Riva as at 31 March 2016 of approximately HK\$30.9 million, which was considered by both parties to be the most fair and reasonable valuation to reflect the actual value of De Riva at the material time.

Investment cost per Share	Approximately HK\$0.045
Discount to the Offer Price range (taking into account the Capitalisation Issue)	A discount of approximately 83.6% (assuming the Offer Price is HK\$0.275, being the mid-point of the indicative Offer Price range, and without taking into account any Shares to be issued upon exercise of the options which may be granted under the Share Option Scheme)
Shareholding in our Company following completion of the Share Offer and the Capitalisation Issue (without taking into account any Shares to be issued upon exercise of options which may be granted under the Share Option Scheme)	6.75%
Use of proceeds from the investment	Not applicable. The investment by Mr. Ng was by way of purchasing the shares of De Riva from Mr. Wong Nelson, a then shareholder of De Riva.

HISTORY, REORGANISATION AND CORPORATE STRUCTURE

Acquisition by Mr. Choi in March 2017

On 22 March 2017, Mr. Choi acquired 408,000 shares, being 6% of the total issued shares of De Riva, from Mr. Ngo Tong-Heng for a total consideration of HK\$1,200,000, which was settled on 31 March 2017. The investment was made taking into account the business growth of De Riva after the joining of Mr. Lee, Mr. Fung, Mr. Ng and Mr. Choi himself and that the selling shareholder Mr. Ngo Tong-Heng was interested in realising his investment at the time. The principal terms of such acquisition are summarised as below:

Acquired from	Mr. Ngo Tong-Heng
Number of shares purchased	408,000 shares of De Riva, representing 6% of the total issued shares of De Riva
Amount of consideration paid	HK\$1,200,000 in cash
Completion date	22 March 2017
Basis of determining the consideration	Mr. Choi confirmed, to the best of his knowledge, that he had considered, together with the selling shareholder, applying the (i) price-to-earnings ratio; (ii) price-to-book ratio; and (iii) consideration of similar transactions in other Type 2 licensed corporations in the Hong Kong market as references to determine the consideration of his Pre-IPO Investment at the time. Nevertheless, given there was not any similar successful transaction in other public Type 2 licensed corporations in Hong Kong available for reference, both parties considered that a meaningful analysis could not be formed by comparing the price-to-earnings ratio with the consideration of similar transactions in other Type 2 licensed corporations in the Hong Kong market. As such, the parties agreed to use the price-to-book ratio as a reference. Considering De Riva was not a public company and might have a lack of marketability, both parties agreed to assume the price-to-book ratio to be less than one to determine the consideration.

HISTORY, REORGANISATION AND CORPORATE STRUCTURE

In light of the above, Mr. Choi confirmed the consideration was determined based on arm's length negotiations between the parties taking into account that the selling shareholder was in great need to realise his investment in De Riva at the time and thus with a discount of approximately 36.8% to the audited net asset value of De Riva as at 31 March 2016 of approximately HK\$30.9 million, which was considered by both parties to be the most fair and reasonable valuation to reflect the actual value of De Riva at the material time.

Investment cost per Share	Approximately HK\$0.033
Discount to the Offer Price range (taking into account the Capitalisation Issue)	A discount of approximately 88% (assuming the Offer Price is HK\$0.275, being the mid-point of the indicative Offer Price range, and without taking into account any Shares to be issued upon exercise of the options which may be granted under the Share Option Scheme)
Shareholding in our Company following completion of the Share Offer and the Capitalisation Issue (without taking into account any Shares to be issued upon exercise of options which may be granted under the Share Option Scheme)	4.5%
Use of proceeds from the investment	Not applicable. The investment by Mr. Choi was by way of purchasing the shares of De Riva from Mr. Ngo Tong-Heng, a then shareholder of De Riva.

Acquisition by Santo Global from Pacific Asset in December 2014

On 8 December 2014, Santo Global acquired 408,000 shares, being 6% of the total issued shares of De Riva, from Pacific Asset for a total cash consideration of HK\$6,980,000 (the "First Investment"). The consideration was settled on 24 January 2013 and the share transfer was effective on 8 December 2014. The payment by Santo Global to Pacific Asset on 24 January 2013 was initially intended for co-investment with Pacific Asset and Mr. Yu on his upcoming business projects and this sum was later applied towards the settlement of the First Investment. Mr. Lau Ming Hong Henry, through his friends and acquaintance came to realise the strong growth potential and prospect of derivative trading in the Hong Kong securities market and was also optimistic about the potential business growth of De Riva following the joining of Mr. Choi, Mr. Lee, Mr. Fung and Mr. Ng.

HISTORY, REORGANISATION AND CORPORATE STRUCTURE

Acquisition by Santo Global from Crystal Dragon in August 2017

On 24 August 2017, Santo Global acquired 204,000 shares, being 3% of the total issued shares of De Riva, from Crystal Dragon, for a total cash consideration of HK\$1,200,000 (the “Second Investment”), which was settled on 4 September 2017. Such consideration was determined with reference to the audited net asset value of De Riva as at 31 March 2017 and the actual performance of De Riva since the First Investment. As Santo Global was interested in further increasing its stake in De Riva, hence the Second Investment.

Acquisition by Santo Global from Pacific Asset in November 2017

On 1 November 2017, Santo Global acquired 476,000 shares, being 7% of the total issued shares of De Riva, from Pacific Asset, for a total cash consideration of HK\$2,800,000 (the “Third Investment”), which was settled on 1 November 2017. Such consideration was determined with reference to the audited net asset value of De Riva as at 31 March 2017 and the actual performance of De Riva since the First Investment. As Santo Global was interested in further increasing its stake in De Riva, hence the Third Investment.

The table below summarises the principal terms of the First Investment, Second Investment and Third Investment by Santo Global:

	First Investment	Second Investment	Third Investment
Acquired from	Pacific Asset	Crystal Dragon	Pacific Asset
Number of shares purchased	408,000 shares of De Riva, representing 6% of the total issued shares of De Riva	204,000 shares of De Riva, representing 3% of the total issued shares of De Riva	476,000 shares of De Riva, representing 7% of the total issued shares of De Riva
Amount of consideration paid	HK\$6,980,000 in cash	HK\$1,200,000 in cash	HK\$2,800,000 in cash

HISTORY, REORGANISATION AND CORPORATE STRUCTURE

	First Investment	Second Investment	Third Investment
Completion date	8 December 2014	24 August 2017	1 November 2017
Basis of determining the consideration	The consideration was determined based on arm's length negotiations with reference to the possible business growth of De Riva since the joining of Mr. Choi, Mr. Lee, Mr. Fung and Mr. Ng	The consideration was determined based on arm's length negotiations with reference to the audited net asset value of De Riva as at 31 March 2017 and the actual performance of De Riva since the First Investment which had already reflected the investment of Mr. Choi, Mr. Lee, Mr. Fung and Mr. Ng	The consideration was determined based on arm's length negotiations with reference to the audited net asset value of De Riva as at 31 March 2017 and the actual performance of De Riva since the First Investment which had already reflected the investment of Mr. Choi, Mr. Lee, Mr. Fung and Mr. Ng
Investment cost per Share	Approximately HK\$0.194	Approximately HK\$0.067	Approximately HK\$0.067
Discount to the Offer Price range (taking into account the Capitalisation Issue)	A discount of approximately 29.5% (assuming the Offer Price is HK\$0.275, being the mid-point of the indicative Offer Price range, and without taking into account any Shares to be issued upon exercise of the options which may be granted under the Share Option Scheme)	A discount of approximately 75.6% (assuming the Offer Price is HK\$0.275, being the mid-point of the indicative Offer Price range, and without taking into account any Shares to be issued upon exercise of the options which may be granted under the Share Option Scheme)	A discount of approximately 75.6% (assuming the Offer Price is HK\$0.275, being the mid-point of the indicative Offer Price range, and without taking into account any Shares to be issued upon exercise of the options which may be granted under the Share Option Scheme)

HISTORY, REORGANISATION AND CORPORATE STRUCTURE

	First Investment	Second Investment	Third Investment
Shareholding in our Company following completion of the Share Offer and the Capitalisation Issue (without taking into account any Shares to be issued upon exercise of options which may be granted under the Share Option Scheme)	4.50%	2.25%	5.25%
Use of proceeds from the investment	Not applicable. The investment by Santo Global was by way of purchasing the shares of De Riva from Pacific Asset, a then shareholder of De Riva.	Not applicable. The investment by Santo Global was by way of purchasing the shares of De Riva from Crystal Dragon, a then shareholder of De Riva.	Not applicable. The investment by Santo Global was by way of purchasing the shares of De Riva from Pacific Asset, a then shareholder of De Riva.
Total shareholding in our Company following completion of the Share Offer and the Capitalisation Issue (without taking into account any Shares to be issued upon exercise of options which may be granted under the Share Option Scheme)		12.00%	
Average investment cost per Share		Approximately HK\$0.114	

HISTORY, REORGANISATION AND CORPORATE STRUCTURE

	First Investment	Second Investment	Third Investment
Average discount to the Offer Price (based on the Offer Price of HK\$0.275 per Share, being the mid-point of the indicative Offer Price range and taking into account the Capitalisation Issue)		Approximately 58.5%	

Background of the Pre-IPO Investors

Mr. Ng and Mr. Choi are our executive Directors. For their backgrounds, please refer to the section headed "Directors and senior management" in this prospectus.

Santo Global is a company incorporated with limited liability in Hong Kong on 21 March 2014. Santo Global is principally engaged in investment holding.

The current holder of the shares of Santo Global is Mr. Lau Ming Hong, Henry, the brother of Mr. Lau, our executive Director. Mr. Lau Ming Hong, Henry has been the sole shareholder of Santo Global since its incorporation. Since 2014, he has been self-employed and involved in managing personal investments through a number of companies in Hong Kong. Prior to 2014, he had worked in the field of business development primarily in agriculture and commodities project in Asia. Mr. Lau Ming Hong, Henry has been engaged in various investment activities in public and private companies in the USA, Hong Kong and Greater China.

Mr. Yu, our Controlling Shareholder, confirmed that he was introduced to Mr. Lau Ming Hong, Henry through social acquaintance where they had the opportunity to share the business prospect and opportunity of our Group.

Save as mentioned above, each of Mr. Ng, Mr. Choi and Mr. Lau Ming Hong, Henry has confirmed that (a) he has never been involved in any dealing or transaction with our Directors, the Controlling Shareholders, any member of our Group and any of their respective associates; (b) he did not acquire interests in our Company with finance provided directly or indirectly by our core connected person(s); and (c) he does not take instructions from our core connected person(s) in relation to the acquisition, disposal, voting or other disposal of his interest in our Company. Pursuant to the terms of the Pre-IPO Investments, none of the Pre-IPO Investors enjoys any special rights in connection with the Pre-IPO Investments.

Lock-up and public float

The Shares held by the Pre-IPO Investors are subject to a lock-up period of six months commencing on the Listing Date pursuant to the terms of the voluntary undertaking given by each of them. As Jolly Ocean, which is wholly owned by Santo Global, is expected to hold more than 10% of the total issued share capital of our Company immediately following the completion of the Share Offer, it will be a substantial Shareholder of our Company upon Listing and hence all Shares held by Jolly Ocean will not be counted as part of the public float for the purpose of Rule 11.23 of the GEM Listing Rules.

As Mr. Ng and Mr. Choi are our executive Directors, all Shares held by Dense Jungle and Beyond Delta, which are ultimately and beneficially wholly-owned companies by Mr. Ng and Mr. Choi respectively, will not be counted as part of the public float for the purpose of Rule 11.23 of the GEM Listing Rules.

Confirmation from the Sole Sponsor

After reviewing the terms of the Pre-IPO Investments and given that the Pre-IPO Investments were completed more than 28 clear days before the date of submission of the application for the Listing, the Sole Sponsor confirms that the Pre-IPO Investments are in compliance with the Guidance Letters HKEx-GL29-12 (January 2012) (Updated in March 2017), HKEx-GL43-12 (October 2012) (Updated in July 2013 and March 2017) and HKEx-GL44-12 (October 2012) (Updated in March 2017) issued by the Stock Exchange.

BUSINESS

OVERVIEW

Our Group is an interdealer broker in Hong Kong providing derivatives brokerage services to Professional Investors through our wholly-owned subsidiary, De Riva, which is a licensed corporation under the SFO and a HKFE Exchange Participant. De Riva is licensed by the SFC to carry out type 1 (dealing in securities) and type 2 (dealing in futures contracts) regulated activities in Hong Kong for Professional Investors without providing any margin financing. Under the licensing condition, De Riva can only provide services to Professional Investors.

The principal business of our Group is derivatives brokerage, which involves matching and/or executing and settling derivatives trade orders for our customers. During the Track Record Period, when our customers place a trade order, it usually involves a combination of futures and options and other derivatives products. These trade combinations are typically viewed as a single product in the derivatives market by our customers. For further details of these trade combinations please refer to the paragraph headed “Our brokerage services — Our major trade combinations” under this section.

Our customers are all Professional Investors as defined under the SFO, including investment banks, market makers and funds. As at 31 March 2016, 31 March 2017 and 31 March 2018, our Group had a total of 76, 78, and 85 customers, of which 50, 45 and 44 of them are active customers (*note*), respectively.

During the Track Record Period, our trade orders involved both listed derivatives products and non-listed derivatives products. For listed derivatives products, the trade orders were either executed on the HKEx or the SGX. For non-listed derivatives products, the trade orders were all executed OTC. For all OTC trade orders, our Group through De Riva acted as an agent to arrange for and match up trade orders, and did not provide any execution, settlement or clearing services. The trading parties are directly responsible for all risks involved in the OTC transactions.

During the Track Record Period, our Group derived all of our revenue from commission income for our derivatives brokerage services provided to our customers. For each of the three years ended 31 March 2016, 2017 and 2018, our total revenue was approximately HK\$60.2 million, HK\$59.8 million and HK\$76.8 million, respectively. Our commission fee is calculated based on either the number of contracts traded or the notional value traded. For further details on the calculation methods of commission fee, please refer to the paragraph headed “Our pricing policy” under this section.

Note: For the purposes of this prospectus, active customers are defined as customers who have completed at least one trade (i.e. recorded executed trade order(s)) through our Group in the previous financial year, which our Directors believe to be in line with the industry norm.

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The table below sets out our revenue breakdown by channel of execution:

	For the year ended 31 March					
	2016		2017		2018	
	<i>HK\$'000</i>	%	<i>HK\$'000</i>	%	<i>HK\$'000</i>	%
HKEx	50,882	84.5	46,681	78.1	64,033	83.4
SGX	7,356	12.2	11,657	19.5	8,016	10.5
OTC	1,968	3.3	1,414	2.4	4,710	6.1
Total	60,206	100.0	59,752	100.0	76,759	100.0

The business operations of our Group are reliant on a number of service providers, including execution brokers, clearing brokers, market data vendor, etc. During the Track Record Period, the major contracts our Group signed with our service providers are the brokerage agreements with our clearing and execution brokers, and a service agreement with a market data vendor. For further details of our service providers, please refer to the paragraph headed “Our service providers” under this section.

During the Track Record Period and up to the Latest Practicable Date, our Group carried out our derivatives brokerage business through our only office in Wanchai, Hong Kong. Our Directors confirm that our Group does not have any other subsidiaries, branches or partnerships outside Hong Kong.

OUR COMPETITIVE STRENGTHS

As an interdealer broker of derivatives, our Group assisted in the negotiation process between the trading parties through acting as an intermediary to facilitate the information flow and the price discovery process in the derivatives market. Our Directors believe the following competitive strengths contributed to our continued success and potential for growth:

Experienced and competent senior management with strong customer base

Our Group is led by a team of experienced professionals. Each of our executive Directors, Mr. Lau, Mr. Choi, Mr. Lee, Mr. Fung, and Mr. Ng, has over 10 years of working experiences in the equity derivatives market, and has established relationships with customers in the derivatives market that allow our Group to source liquidity for various derivatives products. The key executives including our Directors and/or shareholders played a crucial role as a team in the business development of our Group. During the Track Record Period, our executive Directors, namely Mr. Choi and Mr. Ng, have successfully referred 2 customers which, have been served and cultivated by our licensed brokers collectively, have become our Group’s top ten customers for the year ended 31 March 2017, and together contributed approximately HK\$2.6 million, HK\$6.2 million and HK\$4.2 million to our total revenue for the years ended 31 March 2016, 2017 and 2018, representing approximately 4.3%, 10.3% and 5.5% of our total revenue, respectively.

Furthermore, as a team, the current management team has been able to maintain and cultivate the then existing customers of our Group since they joined in 2013, and together with the engagement of new customers, led to an overall increase in our Company's revenue from approximately HK\$44.7 million for the year ended 31 March 2013 to approximately HK\$76.8 million for the year ended 31 March 2018 with a CAGR of approximately 14.5% and a healthier financial position as a whole with an reversal of loss making position to a profit making position from a net loss of approximately HK\$23 thousand for the year ended 31 March 2013 to a net profit (excluding non-recurring listing expenses of approximately HK\$10.6 million) of approximately HK\$15.4 million for the year ended 31 March 2018. Therefore, it is believed that the success of the development of our Company is, to a significant extent, attributable to the existing management team who have joined our Group since 2013. In addition, Mr. Choi, one of our executive Directors, initiated the introduction of brokerage services of SGX derivatives products and the services have been delivered by our licensed brokers collectively to our Group's customers, which contributed approximately HK\$7.4 million, HK\$11.7 million and HK\$8.0 million to the total revenue for each of the three years ended 31 March 2016, 2017 and 2018, representing approximately 12.2%, 19.5% and 10.5% of the total revenue, respectively.

Our Directors believe that, with our team's robust experiences and in-depth knowledge, our Group would be able to continue to provide reliable, efficient and professional brokerage services to our customers. Our Directors also believe that our Group would be able to respond to the rapidly changing market conditions that continuously affect our business operations.

Please refer to the section headed "Directors and senior management" in this prospectus for further details of the experience and qualifications of our Group's management team.

Established customer network and quality services as an interdealer broker in the derivatives market

Our customer network comprises renowned investment banks with global presence and active market makers in Hong Kong. Many of them have already established stable relationships with our Group. Our Directors believe our established customer network is one of our key strengths, as our customers rely on our network to access better liquidity so as to complete their trades. Our Group places great emphasis on maintaining good relationships with our customers by providing them with quality and timely services. Our Directors believe that, through the last four years of business operations, our Group has established ourselves as a reputable and trusted interdealer broker in the derivatives market in Hong Kong.

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Our Directors believe that being a competitive interdealer broker is about providing quality services and sourcing the desirable liquidity at the ideal price to the right party in the shortest time. To achieve that, our licensed brokers have to be well-connected to traders in the market and sensitive to movement of the market environment, so that they would not only be able to provide but also be committed to providing progressive and quality services to our customers with regular analyses of market trends, along with fast and flexible liquidity matching solutions to help our customers to achieve their investment goals and maintain their investment portfolios.

Our Directors are of the view that every successful broker in the industry would have his or her own specialty in certain markets and products, as well as specific professional networks which could not be easily displaced by other brokers since all networks and bonding are established and maintained by each broker individually. Therefore, it is our Directors' belief that our strong and professional broker teams would allow De Riva to respond quickly to our customers' needs by sourcing and matching trade combinations shortly with our broker teams sharing their respective network and intellectual resources and working towards the same goal.

Meanwhile, De Riva has developed stable relationships with our network of customers. Our Directors are of the view that given the internal compliance requirements to be observed when our customers, who are Professional Investors, engage and onboard a new brokerage service provider are getting stricter, it is now getting more cumbersome and difficult for other interdealer brokers to engage new customers in the interdealers brokerage industry nowadays. It is now more difficult for new market players who generally have limited track record and experience to enter the industry. Our Directors are aware that the competition in the interdealers brokerage industry is intense. Nevertheless, it is our Directors' belief that from their experiences, our Group's established relationships with our network of customers and therefore the flexibility to trade with a multitude of Professional Investors was and would be a very crucial competitive edge of De Riva, and by leveraging from our competitive human resources and the robust field experience we possess, our Group would carry on our endeavors to offer quality matching solutions services to our customers in a timely manner. Our Directors therefore believe that our licensed brokers' established networks and industry know-how have facilitated our Group to build up our reputation in the industry and would facilitate our Group to maintain a bunch of loyal customers which make our services not easily replaceable and our business sustainable.

Diversified background of our licensed brokers

As at the Latest Practicable Date, our broker team consisted of twelve Licensed Representatives and four Responsible Officers. Among the twelve Licensed Representatives who are our licensed brokers, two are native Korean, three are native French, one is native British and the rest of them are Chinese. The diversified cultural background and language skills of our licensed brokers have enabled them to communicate and cultivate relationships with dealers of our customers who are from various countries, and thus give us an edge over our competitors to retain and attract customers. In particular, our Korean licensed brokers have been responsible for dealing with Korean-speaking dealers. Our Directors are confident that they would be an invaluable asset to us when our Group expands our business to OTC KOSPI 200 derivatives market.

OUR BUSINESS STRATEGIES

Our Group intends to further strengthen our position as an interdealer broker in Hong Kong. Our Group plans to continue expanding our customer network in Hong Kong and enhance our competitive strengths to further expand our market share. Our Group will continue to strengthen our derivatives brokerage business through expanding our product coverage. Our business strategies are detailed as follows:

To apply for becoming a Clearing Participant

Due to regulatory requirements, clearing of trades on the HKEx must be carried out by a registered clearer. During the Track Record Period, our Group relied on external clearing brokers to provide clearing services to our trade orders completed in our daily operation.

Our clearing fees paid to clearing brokers for the provision of clearing services also constitute the largest part of our other operating expenses, which amounted to approximately HK\$5.5 million, HK\$6.4 million and HK\$5.4 million, and approximately 36.1%, 36.1%, and 32.6% of our other operating expenses for each of the three years ended 31 March 2016, 31 March 2017 and 31 March 2018, respectively.

During the Track Record Period, our Group recorded a one-off short business disruption caused by Service Provider A, a General Clearing Participant then engaged by De Riva. The right of De Riva to access the HKATS was suspended and therefore De Riva was not allowed to directly execute trade orders on the HKFE in the afternoon session on 23 December 2015 as a result of not having a valid agreement with a General Clearing Participant to clear the trade orders for us. As a non-clearing participant of HKCC, De Riva is required to engage a General Clearing Participant who is legitimate to access HKATS, execute and clear De Riva's futures and options trade orders on behalf of De Riva. Since Service Provider A, De Riva's then clearing broker, erroneously submitted a notification of termination of clearing agreement on 23 December 2015, De Riva's access to the HKATS was therefore suspended during the afternoon trading session on 23 December 2015 pursuant to HKFE Rule 530(b). De Riva immediately contacted the HKFE in the afternoon of 23 December 2015 and explained that such termination of clearing agreement was an error submission from Service Provider A. After that, a notification of execution of clearing agreement was submitted to the HKFE to re-confirm Service Provider A would act as De Riva's General Clearing Participant. Subsequently, such suspension was lifted on 24 December 2015. During the period of the suspension, De Riva was able to execute trade orders for our customers through another service provider, who is a Futures Commission Merchant and was able to trade for the account of other HKFE Exchange Participants. Although such temporary suspension did not cause any material disruption to De Riva's business operations and had no material impact on De Riva's results of operations and financial status, our Directors consider that it is necessary for us to have better control on our daily business operations, in particular, to have our own clearing capability.

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Currently, our Group engages Service Provider B to provide clearing services for our Group's customers, and in this connection, Service Provider B makes available to our Group a revolving credit facility of EUR2.5 million for margin financing purpose, on the condition that our Group shall maintain a cash deposit of HK\$4 million with Service Provider B. Our Group knew Service Provider B through the list of HKCC General Clearing Participants published on the HKEx website. Our Directors subsequently approached Service Provider B through publicly available information on the internet and decided to replace Service Provider A with Service Provider B as our Directors are of the view that Service Provider B provides better trade execution and trade reporting services to our Group. The Directors had also considered to directly apply for becoming a Clearing Participant immediately after the disruption caused by Service Provider A, but the plan was subsequently postponed due to our limited resources back then. Our Group therefore intends to apply for De Riva to become a Clearing Participant in the year ending 31 March 2020 after receiving the net proceeds from the Share Offer so as to ensure De Riva would have sufficient financial resources to operate its clearing functions. If and when De Riva becomes a Clearing Participant, our Group will have to source and obtain a replacement credit or banking facility for its business, and such credit or banking facility is expected to require a deposit of approximately HK\$8.0 million, of which approximately HK\$4.0 million shall be funded by the withdrawal of cash deposit of approximately HK\$4.0 million from Service Provider B after the termination of the clearing service agreement when our Group becomes a Clearing Participant (i.e. an additional HK\$4.0 million deposit is required for the credit facility when compared to the current one provided by Service Provider B). Our Directors are of the view that it is reasonable to expect that the bank may require a higher level of cash deposit as pledge, as the level of cash flow which De Riva would require for it to operate its clearing functions in its ordinary course of business after De Riva becomes a Clearing Participant would be higher than having a clearing broker to operate the clearing function on behalf of De Riva and the bank may require additional deposit for security as comfort, given that the bank only provides credit facility services but not both credit facility services and clearing services like Service Provider B who may have more commercial and customer relations consideration when determining the deposit amount and respective leverage for the facility. Our Group therefore intends to apply approximately HK\$4.0 million of the net proceeds from the Share Offer to finance the estimated additional need of cash flow for acting as a Clearing Participant. This HK\$4.0 million additional need of cash flow requirement is based on our Directors' best knowledge and estimation and is not a regulatory requirement.

Our Directors believe that becoming a Clearing Participant would lower our cost of business and allow our Group to have a better control on the daily operation.

De Riva plans to apply for becoming a Clearing Participant, which would provide our Group with the ability to directly clear trade orders executed by ourselves on the HKEx. Our Directors believe that our Group would therefore be able to (i) save a significant amount of clearing cost attributable to our daily operations and thence enhance our overall profitability; and (ii) more importantly, have a better control of our daily clearing procedures.

To expand our OTC product coverage

Our Group intends to expand our product coverage to our customers including OTC Eurex MSCI derivatives market and OTC KOSPI 200 derivatives market. Our Group intends to recruit 2 senior licensed brokers and 1 junior licensed broker for our business development of OTC Eurex MSCI derivatives products.

Eurex is an exchange offering a wide range of products consisting of futures and options on regional and country indexes of which 90 MSCI futures and 19 MSCI options are available covering emerging markets and developed markets in different index types including net total return index future, gross total return and price indexes and different currencies including EUR, USD, GBP and JPY. MSCI indexes are one of the most widely tracked benchmarks, with more than USD 12 trillion linked to them serving as the basis for almost 1,000 Exchange Traded Funds (ETFs). The massive amount of capital benchmarked against MSCI indexes and the improved tradability of index based products via ETFs has led to the increased need for futures and options. The Eurex introduced MSCI derivatives in 2008 and as of 2017, has a repertoire of 88 futures products and 19 options products related to MSCI. These derivatives products covered different markets or regions in the world. The development of MSCI derivatives listed on the Eurex has experienced a rapid growth since 2014.

For the first quarter of 2018, over 4.1 million traded contracts representing a year-on-year growth of 67 percent with a strong presence of Asian underlyings products. In total, the open positions reached EUR 58 billion in MSCI futures and EUR 14 billion in MSCI options as of end of March 2018.

The business development of OTC KOSPI 200 derivatives market will be operated by Mr. Ng, one of our executive Directors. Mr. Ng currently participates in managing and overseeing the operation of the broking team of listed Hong Kong derivatives products.

The Korea Exchange (KRX) is one of the largest derivatives marketplaces around the globe and its flagship product is KOSPI 200 options. In 2016, a total of 337 million KOSPI 200 options contracts were traded around the globe, making it the second most traded index options of the year. The KRX has an extensive sector coverage that spans from traditional blue-chip industries such as electronics, machinery, automobile, and oil refining, to high growth and future-oriented industries such as IT, semiconductors, biotechnology, and entertainment. The KRX enjoys global prominence with a steady growth of foreign investor holdings and continuous increase in terms of the absolute number of global investors as well as the diversity of their nationalities. Our Directors believe that there is great potential in the OTC KOSPI 200 derivatives market due to the growing interests of our customers, therefore the establishment of the OTC KOSPI 200 derivatives products matching services would provide opportunities for our Group to harvest the potential profits from providing such services to our customers who have been actively trading or have the intention to trade OTC KOSPI 200 derivatives products. Our Directors confirm that we are not subject to any laws and regulations for providing matching services on OTC KOSPI 200 derivatives products as they would all be traded OTC. Our Group would only act as an agent to provide trade matching services for all OTC KOSPI 200 derivatives products.

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Our Directors believe the abovementioned development would encourage the growth in our revenue as well as assist our Group to diversify our sources of revenue geographically.

To expand our office premises to accommodate the expansion of our business operations

The head office of our Group moved to a bigger office premises in April 2018 to accommodate our expansion plan. As our business operation level would increase, there is a necessity to upgrade our infrastructure including IT systems, backend servers, trading terminals and setups.

With the new office premises, our Group would be able to expand our trading desks together with the number of brokers and enhance our capability to increase our operation level and to bring in foreseeable increase to our Group's revenue.

Our business operations substantially rely on the stability and quality of the trading platforms employed. Therefore, our Group intends to invest in necessary IT infrastructures and our IT staff would be dedicated to the operations and maintenance of our computer system. Our Group will continue to monitor our investment in these infrastructures to ensure that our Group receives real-time market data for our customers and is able to implement real-time risk management, including the monitoring of abnormal transactions.

Our Group intends to continue upgrading our trading support by taking the following measures:

- to enhance our backup systems, disaster recovery systems and data security in ensuring proper functioning of the trading system in case of individual device failure; and
- to review on a monthly basis by our Directors and senior management and where necessary, adjust our risk management system to prevent risks before occurrence.

To enhance the business development of the HKEx segment of our Group

Our Group's employees are our most important assets in our business. Our success depends to a great extent on our ability to attract, incentivise and retain professionals and experienced personnel and our Group emphasises on recruiting competent and experienced professionals to continuously strengthen our competitiveness and presence in the market. In order to maintain and improve our competitiveness in the market, our Group intends to employ one senior licensed broker for the HKEx segment.

SUSTAINABILITY OF OUR BUSINESS

Our Directors are of the view that our business is sustainable based on the following factors:

Continuous growth of market size

The size of the derivatives brokerage industry in Hong Kong, in terms of brokerage fees income, is expected to continue to grow and such growth would in turn benefit our Group's future business development. According to the CIC Report, the derivatives brokerage industry in Hong Kong, in terms of brokerage fees income, is expected to grow at a CAGR of 9.8% from 2017 to 2022, and is believed to be driven by factors including the volatility in the global financial market and the development in Hong Kong's fund management industry. Please refer to the section headed "Industry overview" in this prospectus for further details.

Our ability to grow

Our Group's existing management (except Mr. Lau) all joined De Riva in 2013. Since then, our Group has been building up its customer base and endeavouring to develop itself as a top equity derivatives interdealer broker in Hong Kong. Our Group's growth and development within the relatively short period of operating history were mainly attributable to the efforts of our executive Directors, in particular, Mr. Choi, Mr. Ng, Mr. Lee and Mr. Fung, each of whom has over 10 years of working experience in the equity derivatives industry and his own established relationships with our customers. Our management has also been striving to widen our brokerage services provided to our customers. For instance, Mr. Choi, our executive Director, initiated the provision of brokerage services for SGX derivatives, which contributed approximately HK\$7.4 million, HK\$11.7 million and HK\$8.0 million to our total revenue for each of the three years ended 31 March 2016, 2017 and 2018, respectively. As part of our Group's future plan, our Directors target to expand our OTC derivatives coverage by introducing OTC KOSPI 200 derivatives products and Eurex MSCI derivatives products to our product categories.

Our ability to grow was also proven by our historical financial performance from the HKEx segment. For the three years ended 31 March 2016, 31 March 2017 and 31 March 2018, our revenue derived from the HKEx segment recorded a CAGR of approximately 8.0%, which is above the CAGR of the total amount of brokerages fees from derivatives brokerage activities in Hong Kong of approximately 5.8% from approximately HK\$3.8 billion in 2015 to an estimation of approximately HK\$4.5 billion in 2017, according to the CIC Report. Although our revenue derived from the HKEx segment decreased by approximately 8.3% for the year ended 31 March 2017, partly due to the reduction in commission rates charged to one of our major customers, its impact on our Group's revenue was able to be compensated by the increase in trading volume in the subsequent years. In particular, for the year ended 31 March 2018, our Group experienced an increase in the total trading volume by approximately 63.0%, which led to an increase in our revenue by 37.0%. Our Directors are of the view that the reduction in our commission rates to accommodate our customers' request is commercially sensible and ultimately beneficial to our Group. Meanwhile, as our other major customers did not make any further request for any revision of the pricing terms for the year ended 31 March 2018, and with reference to CIC's research result, we are of the view that our Group's pricing terms are in line with the market and sustainable.

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OUR BUSINESS

Our Group is an interdealer broker in Hong Kong providing derivatives brokerage services to Professional Investors through our wholly-owned subsidiary, De Riva, which is a licensed corporation under the SFO and a HKFE Exchange Participant. De Riva is licensed by the SFC to carry out type 1 (dealing in securities) and type 2 (dealing in futures contracts) regulated activities in Hong Kong for Professional Investors without providing any margin financing. Under the licensing condition, De Riva can only provide services to Professional Investors.

Our customers are all Professional Investors as defined under the SFO, including investment banks, market makers and funds. As at 31 March 2016, 31 March 2017 and 31 March 2018, our Group had a total of 76, 78 and 85 customers, of which 50, 45 and 44 of them are active customers, respectively.

	As at 31 March		
	2016	2017	2018
Active customers ^(Note)	50	45	44
Inactive customers	26	33	41
Total customers	76	78	85

Note: For the purpose of this prospectus, active customers are defined as customers who have completed at least one trade (i.e. recorded executed trade order(s)) through our Group in the previous financial year, which our Directors believe to be in line with the industry norm.

For the three years ended 31 March 2016, 2017 and 2018, the number of our active customers was 50, 45 and 44, respectively, despite the number of our total customers increased from 76 as at 31 March 2016 to 78 as at 31 March 2017 and further increased to 85 as at 31 March 2018. The main reason for the decrease in the number of our active customers during the Track Record Period was our Group's decision to cease OTC commodities derivatives business during the year ended 31 March 2016 and the cessation of the derivatives trading department of three of our customers as a result of management decisions which our Directors understand from publicly available information.

Set out below is the breakdown of the number of active customers by trading frequency for the three years ended 31 March 2016, 2017 and 2018, respectively^(note 4):

	For the year ended 31 March		
	2016	2017	2018
Monthly ^(note 1)	24	24	30
Quarterly ^(note 2)	13	17	12
Yearly ^(note 3)	13	4	2
Total	<u>50</u>	<u>45</u>	<u>44</u>

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Note:

1. Customers who are defined to trade monthly are those who received over ten monthly invoices in the corresponding financial year.
2. Customers who are defined to trade quarterly are those who received three to ten monthly invoices in the corresponding financial year.
3. Customers who are defined to trade yearly are those who received one to two monthly invoices in the corresponding financial year.
4. Customers with at least one executed trade order recorded in a calendar month would receive the corresponding monthly invoice from De Riva. Since our Group's interdealers brokerage services are tailored in a timely manner according to the erratic market environment and our customers' sporadic investment strategies, the trading frequency of our customers may change from time to time and there is no industry norm in analysing the trading frequency due to the variations among different specialised products and specific services provided among interdealer brokers in the industry. Our Directors believe that it is representative to divide the trading frequency of our active customers into three categories with the respective number of invoices issued to them in the corresponding financial year in order to visualise our customers' trading patterns with us.

For the year ended 31 March 2016, our Group's revenue from the OTC commodities derivatives brokerage was approximately HK\$65 thousand. Our Directors then decided to cease providing brokerage services for OTC commodities derivatives products, with the view that our customers were not particularly interested in trading OTC commodities derivatives given that the revenue contributed by the OTC commodities derivatives segment during the year ended 31 March 2016 was insignificant. Since then, as confirmed by our Directors, our Group has not provided brokerage services for OTC commodities derivatives products and there has been no revenue contributed from OTC commodities derivatives brokerage.

As an interdealer broker, our Group, through De Riva, only provides brokerage services to Professional Investors. Also, during the Track Record Period, our Group did not possess or offer any self-developed online trading platforms to our customers. All trade orders are placed directly by our licensed brokers upon our customers' confirmations.

The interdealers brokerage market

In our Directors' view, our customers, who are all Professional Investors, usually trade in sizable volume when trading in the equity derivatives market in order to efficiently achieve their investment goals. Our customers would prefer to remain anonymous throughout the negotiation process to protect their identities and investment strategies. Therefore, they need interdealer brokers to match trades anonymously and in a less open manner on their behalf to avoid the risk of inflicting unexpected influence on and stimulating reactions of the market, either of which might adversely affect the interests of all investors in the market.

Moreover, it could be very time consuming for our customers to achieve their investment goals in the open market as it might not be easy for them to identify (not to mention successful asking or bidding) the liquidity they need to create or maintain their investment portfolios. Thus, our customers would prefer having interdealer brokers to negotiate, source and match trades at the desirable amount and price on their behalf in the market to lower the time cost to be incurred, which might adversely affect the investment return and portfolio performance.

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Furthermore, interdealers brokerage services would provide our customers with the confidentiality of their identities and investment strategies and hence protect their interests from their competitors throughout the trading process. Such anonymous matching services would help to minimise the chance of exposing the investment strategies of the Professional Investors to their counter parties. Our Directors are therefore of the view that interdealers brokerage services would help to maintain a healthy market and protect the overall interests of investors in the market by avoiding events such as hostile bidding, asking or manipulative market, either of which might bring significant adverse impact to the interests of investors and the market as a whole.

Our Directors believe that the aforementioned are the major reasons why interdealers brokerage services are important to our customers, who are all Professional Investors.

OUR BROKERAGE SERVICES

During the Track Record Period, our Group through De Riva provided brokerage services for both listed and non-listed derivatives. For listed derivatives products, the trade orders were either executed on the HKEx or the SGX. For non-listed derivatives products, the trade orders were all executed OTC. For all OTC trade orders, our Group through De Riva acted as an agent to arrange for and match up trade orders, and our Group does not provide any execution, settlement or clearing services. The trading parties are directly responsible for all risks involved in OTC transactions.

The table below sets out our revenue breakdown by channel of execution and methods of fee calculation:

	For the year ended 31 March											
	2016			2017						2018		
	<i>Fixed</i>		<i>Sub- total</i>	<i>Fixed</i>		<i>Sub- total</i>	<i>Fixed</i>		<i>Sub- total</i>			
	<i>fee</i>	<i>per- centage</i>		<i>fee</i>	<i>centage</i>		<i>fee</i>	<i>centage</i>				
<i>HK\$'000</i>	<i>HK\$'000</i>	<i>HK\$'000</i>	<i>%</i>	<i>HK\$'000</i>	<i>HK\$'000</i>	<i>HK\$'000</i>	<i>%</i>	<i>HK\$'000</i>	<i>HK\$'000</i>	<i>HK\$'000</i>	<i>%</i>	
HKEx	41,704	9,178	50,882	84.5	35,543	11,138	46,681	78.1	34,348	29,685	64,033	83.4
SGX	7,180	176	7,356	12.2	11,231	426	11,657	19.5	7,176	840	8,016	10.5
OTC	90	1,878	1,968	3.3	40	1,374	1,414	2.4	16	4,694	4,710	6.1
Total	48,974	11,232	60,206	100.0	46,814	12,938	59,752	100.0	41,540	35,219	76,759	100.0

1. HKEx

For each of the three years ended 31 March 2016, 2017 and 2018, our HKEx brokerage services generated revenue accounted for approximately 84.5%, 78.1% and 83.4% of our total revenue, respectively. Our HKEx brokerage services covered mainly HKEx listed index futures and options and HKEx listed single stock options. For HKEx listed index futures and options, the trade orders are executed through the HKATS on the HKFE and cleared through the DCASS, a clearing and settlement system of the HKCC for trade orders of exchange-traded derivatives (except single stock options). For HKEx listed single stock options, the trade orders are executed through the HKATS on the SEHK and cleared through the DCASS system, a clearing and settlement system of the SEOCH.

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The table below sets out the breakdown of the number of contracts of HKEx listed derivatives executed by our Group by methods of fee calculation during the Track Record Period:

	For the year ended 31 March		
	2016	2017	2018
	<i>'000,000</i>	<i>'000,000</i>	<i>'000,000</i>
Fixed fee	3.1	2.6	2.7
Fixed percentage	2.3	2.8	6.1
Total	5.4	5.4	8.8

2. SGX

For each of the three years ended 31 March 2016, 2017 and 2018, our SGX brokerage services generated revenue accounted for approximately 12.2%, 19.5% and 10.5% of our total revenue, respectively. Our SGX brokerage services covered mainly delta one products, including rolls on SGX FTSE China A50 Index Futures, MSCI Singapore Index Futures and MSCI Taiwan Index Futures.

Our SGX brokerage services are conducted through other execution brokers, as our Group did not hold any trading right or licence in Singapore. When executing a SGX trade order on behalf of our customers, our licensed brokers would place the trade order through our own client account under our execution brokers, who are licensed corporations that could provide trade execution services on the SGX. The trading positions will first be secured under our account and then transferred to our customer's account before clearance pursuant to a brokerage agreement, namely a give-up agreement, signed among the execution broker, the clearing broker and ourselves.

The table below sets out the breakdown of the number of SGX contracts executed by our Group by methods of fee calculation during the Track Record Period:

	For the year ended 31 March		
	2016	2017	2018
	<i>'000,000</i>	<i>'000,000</i>	<i>'000,000</i>
Fixed fee	1.3	2.0	1.3
Fixed percentage	0.0	0.1	0.2
Total	1.3	2.1	1.5

During the Track Record Period, our SGX trade orders were generally executed through the SGX DT system and cleared through the SGX DC system.

3. OTC

For each of the three years ended 31 March 2016, 2017, and 2018, our OTC brokerage services generated revenue accounted for approximately 3.3%, 2.4% and 6.1% of our total revenue, respectively. Our OTC brokerage services mainly covered index futures and options (with Hang Seng Index or Hang Seng China Enterprises Index as the underlying), and single stock options (with stocks listed in SEHK as the underlying), that were all non-listed derivatives.

Our OTC trade orders are settled in places other than formal and publicly recognised exchanges such as the HKEx and the SGX. The trading parties involved in the OTC transactions are usually exposed to counterparty risks. Counterparty risks refer to the risks that one of the contractual parties defaults or fails to perform its contractual obligations. During the Track Record Period, for all OTC transactions our Group dealt with, our Group acted only as an agent through De Riva to arrange for and match up the trade orders between the trading parties. Our Group was not involved in any execution, settlement nor clearance process, and the trading parties were responsible for all the risks involved in the settlement and clearance process of the OTC transactions. Therefore, in general, our Group was not exposed to any counterparty risks for our OTC brokerage services.

The table below sets out the breakdown of the number of OTC contracts executed by our Group by methods of fee calculation during the Track Record Period:

	For the year ended 31 March		
	2016	2017	2018
	<i>'000,000</i>	<i>'000,000</i>	<i>'000,000</i>
Fixed fee	0.0	0.2	0.0
Fixed percentage	<u>558.3</u>	<u>192.1</u>	<u>2,050</u>
Total	<u><u>558.3</u></u>	<u><u>192.3</u></u>	<u><u>2,050</u></u>

OTC derivatives contracts are usually larger in trading volume compared to listed derivatives contracts because for OTC derivatives contracts, the contract multiplier is usually assumed to be 1, while listed derivatives contracts usually have a contract multiplier larger than 1 depending on the underlying assets. Hence for listed and OTC derivatives contracts with the same underlying assets and notional value, the trading volume of OTC derivatives contracts would generally be much larger than that of listed derivatives contracts. For further details, please refer to the paragraph headed "Our pricing policy" in this section.

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The table below sets out our revenue breakdown by major types of products during the Track Record Period:

	For the year ended 31 March					
	2016		2017		2018	
	<i>HK\$'000</i>	%	<i>HK\$'000</i>	%	<i>HK\$'000</i>	%
HKEx listed futures and options ^(Note)	39,173	65.1	35,032	58.6	37,450	48.8
HKEx listed futures	7,290	12.1	7,750	13.0	11,399	14.8
Single stock options	4,419	7.3	3,899	6.5	15,184	19.8
SGX	7,356	12.2	11,657	19.5	8,016	10.5
OTC	1,968	3.3	1,414	2.4	4,710	6.1
Total	60,206	100.0	59,752	100.0	76,759	100.0

Note: Trade orders were placed, executed and charged as a combination of futures and options

The table below sets out the breakdown of the number of contracts executed by our Group by major types of products during the Track Record Period:

	For the year ended 31 March		
	2016	2017	2018
	<i>'000</i>	<i>'000</i>	<i>'000</i>
HKEx listed futures and options ^(Note)	2,827	2,941	3,284
HKEx listed futures	632	446	933
Single stock option	1,943	1,974	4,600
SGX	1,343	2,142	1,528
OTC	558,250	192,293	2,049,964

Note: Trade orders were placed, executed and charged as a combination of futures and options

The table below sets out the breakdown of average revenue per contract by major types of products of our Group during the Track Record Period:

	For the year ended 31 March		
	2016	2017	2018
	<i>HK\$'000</i>	<i>HK\$'000</i>	<i>HK\$'000</i>
HKEx listed futures and options ^(Note)	13.9	11.9	11.4
HKEx listed futures	11.5	17.4	12.2
Single stock options	2.3	2.0	3.3
SGX	5.5	5.4	5.3
OTC	0.004	0.007	0.002

Note: Trade orders were placed, executed and charged as a combination of futures and options

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Our major trade combinations

During the Track Record Period, when our customers placed a trade order, the trade orders often involved a specific trade combination of index futures and options and/or single stock options, and are typically viewed as a single product by our customers in the derivatives market. Set out below are the trade combinations our Group commonly provided brokerage services for during the Track Record Period:

Types of trade combination	Description	Pay-off diagram
Calendar Spread	Sell a near month call or put and buy a far month call or put at the same strike	Not applicable
Risk Reversal	Buy a call and sell a put at different strike of the same maturity	
Synthetic Futures	Buy a call and sell a put at the same strike of the same maturity	
Straddle	Buy a call and a put at the same strike of the same maturity	
Strangle	Buy a put and buy a call at different strike of the same maturity	
Call Butterfly	Buy a in-the-money call, sell two at-the-money calls at a same higher strike and buy a out-of-the-money call at an even higher strike. All options involved have to be of the same maturity	

BUSINESS

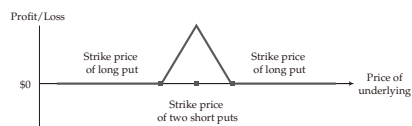
Types of trade combination

Description

Pay-off diagram

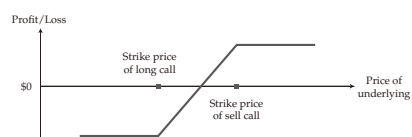
Put Butterfly

Buy a in-the-money put, sell two at-the-money puts at a same higher strike and buy a out-of-the-money put at an even lower strike. All options involved have to be of the same maturity



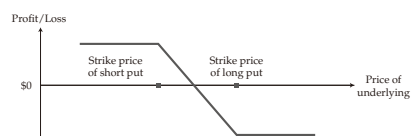
Call Spread

Buy a call and sell a call at different strike of the same maturity



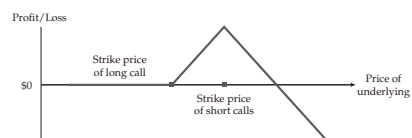
Put Spread

Buy a put and sell a put at different strike of the same maturity



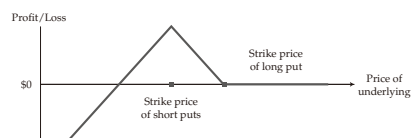
1 x 2 Ratio Call Spread

Buy a call and sell two calls at a different strike. All options involved have to be of the same maturity



1 x 2 Ratio Put Spread

Buy a put and sell two puts at different strike. All options involved have to be of the same maturity



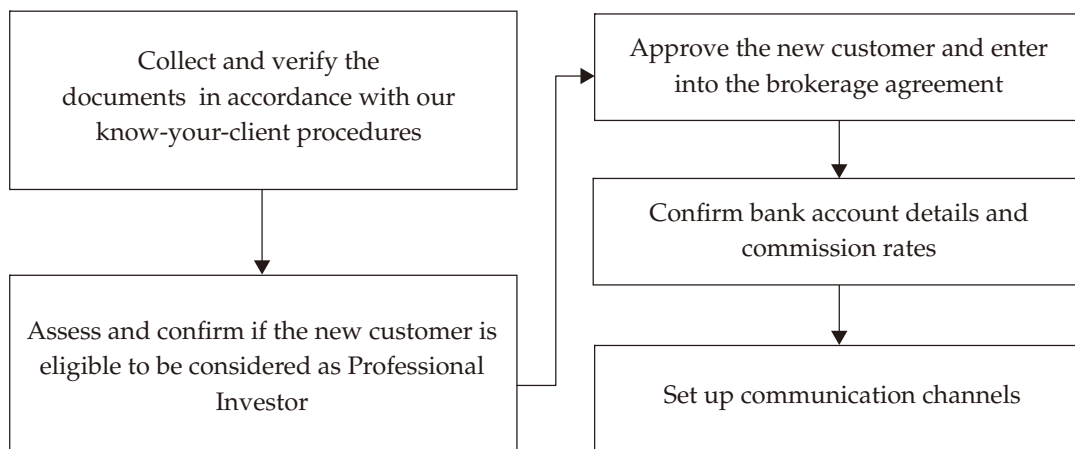
During the Track Record Period, our Group separately set out commission rates for different trade combinations. For further details of our commission rates, please refer to the paragraph headed “Our pricing policy” in this section.

OPERATING PROCEDURES

Our Group’s operating procedures include customer onboarding, trade matching and execution and settlement. Set out below is each of the procedures in detail.

Customer onboarding

The following flowchart illustrates our standard procedures when onboarding a new customer:



Collect and verify the documents from the new customer in accordance with our know-your-client procedures

When onboarding a new customer, our Group will collect documents from the potential customer, including but not limited to its incorporation documents, business registration documents, licensing documents, bank account details and contact information. Our compliance team will also ask for an authorised trader list from the new customer and discuss with its representative to understand the new customer’s investment experience and objectives.

After collecting the required documents from the potential customer, our compliance team will independently review and verify the information provided to ensure all required details are sufficiently and accurately provided by the potential customer.

Assess and confirm if the new customer is eligible to be considered as Professional Investor

Due to our licence constraint, De Riva is only able to provide services to Professional Investors. Therefore, before entering into a contract with the new customer, our Responsible Officers would conduct an assessment to ensure the potential customer is eligible to be considered as Professional Investors.

After the Responsible Officers conducted the assessment, our compliance team will issue a notification to the potential customer if the criteria of being considered as Professional Investor have been fulfilled. If the potential customer is successfully considered as a Professional Investor, our Responsible Officers will grant their approval to engage the new customer.

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If the potential customer is unable to fulfil the criteria set out for Professional Investors, our Group will notify the potential customer that De Riva is not able to provide services to it due to our licence constraint.

Approve the new customer and enter into the brokerage agreement

After confirming the new customer's eligibility to be treated as a Professional Investor, our Group will prepare the brokerage agreement for the new customer. Once the brokerage agreement is endorsed by both parties, pursuant to which De Riva can provide the brokerage services to the new customer. For details of the terms of the brokerage agreement, please refer to the paragraph headed "General terms of the brokerage agreement with our customers" in this section.

Confirm payment details, bank account details and commission rates

After entering into the brokerage agreement with the new customer, our finance department will collect the bank account details from and confirm the commission rates with the new customer. Some of these details may be directly included in the brokerage agreement depending on our customer's usual practice. The schedule of commission rates is usually separately signed and attached to the brokerage agreement.

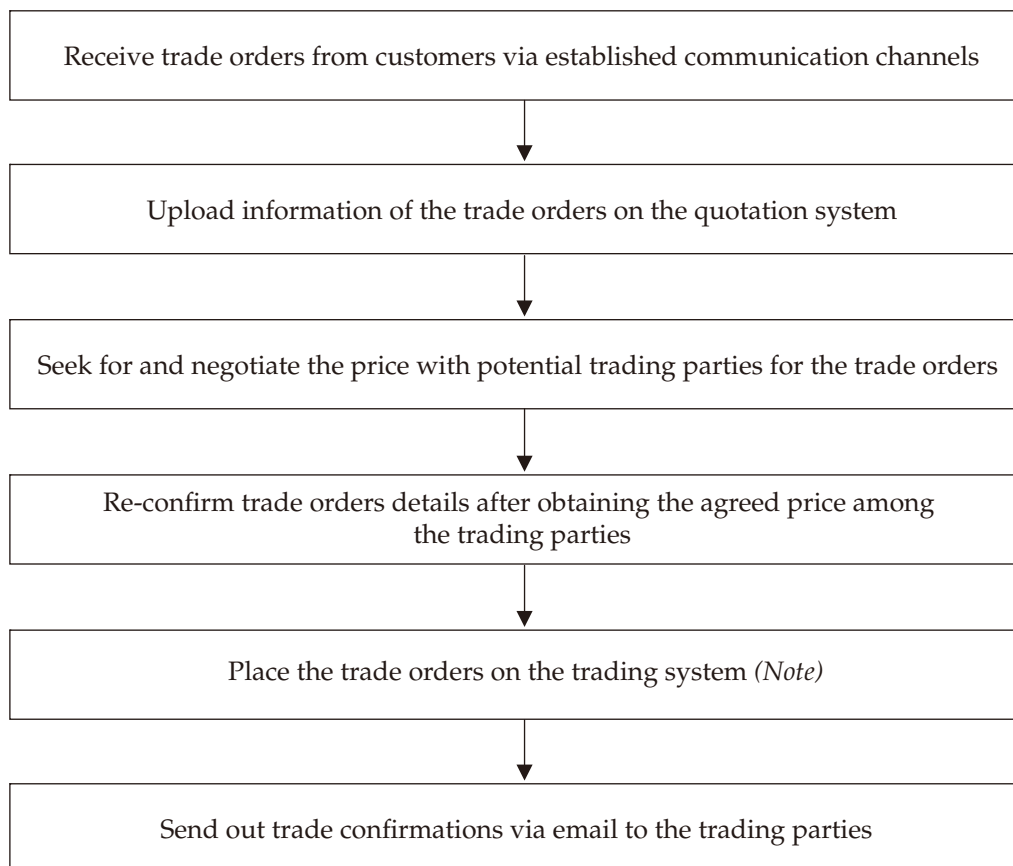
Set up communication channels

After confirming all the details, our Directors would instruct our IT team to set up the communication channels specifically and distinctively for the new customer. Our Group has strict policy in place to require our licensed brokers to use only these designated channels for communicating trade order information with our customers, such as direct-lines set up to our customers' offices, a registered online chatroom service platform provided by Service Provider F and emails. All of the communication records would be stored in our servers for record keeping purpose.

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Matching and execution of trade orders

The following flowchart illustrates the matching and execution procedures of our trade orders:



Note: Only apply to trade orders for listed derivatives

As shown above, our trade orders matching and execution process comprises of a number of steps. When a trade order is received from our customers, our licensed brokers will promptly search for potential trading parties through our customer network to match up the trade order, and continuously liaise and negotiate among the potential trading parties until an agreed price and trading size are matched. After finalising the terms of the trade order, we will send out trade confirmations to the trading parties and execute the trade order.

The matching and execution process of trade orders as illustrated in the flow chart shown above does not apply to open trade orders which are directly placed on the online trading platform of the exchange. For these open trade orders, our licensed brokers directly place the open trade order on the online trading platform and the confirmation will be sent to our customers after the open trade orders are matched and executed on the trading system.

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During the Track Record Period, De Riva generally executed our HKEx futures and options trade orders directly on the HKATS through its own trading right (De Riva is currently a HKFE Exchange Participant). De Riva also has signed an agreement with another execution broker, who offered an online trade execution platform to De Riva for executing our HKEx futures and options trade orders. During the Track Record Period, part of our HKEx futures and options trade orders were executed through our execution broker using the online trade execution platform. The main reason for using an execution broker to execute HKEx futures and options trade orders is that the execution broker could provide us with an alternative source of trade order matching process.

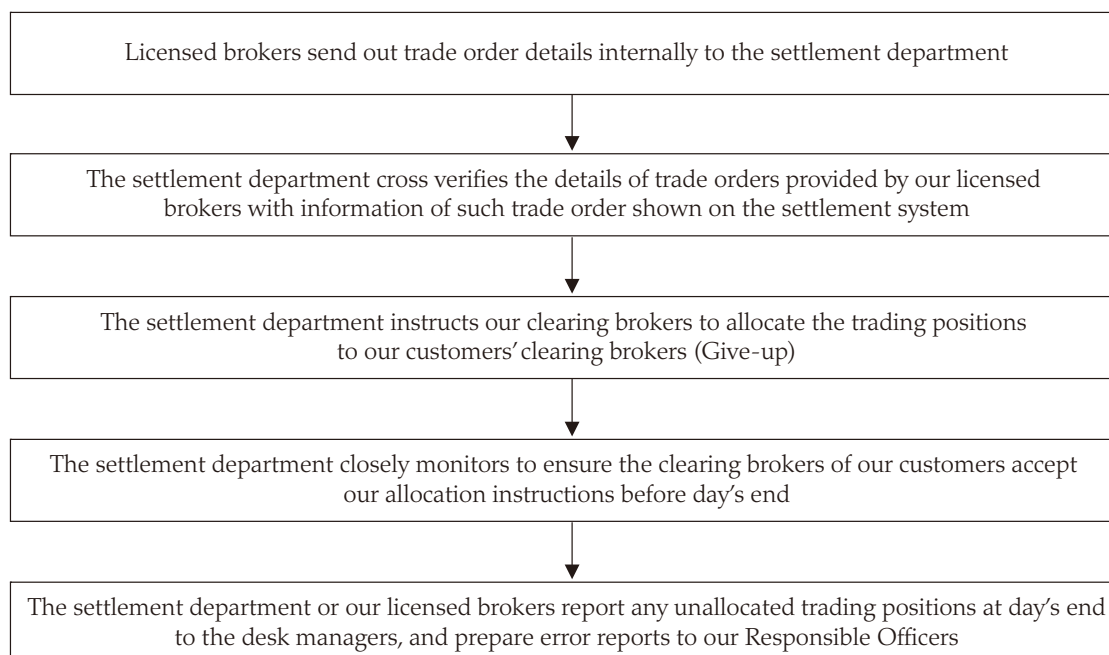
As for single stock options, during the Track Record Period, De Riva executed all single stock options trade orders through our execution broker in Hong Kong.

For derivatives traded on the SGX, De Riva executed the trade orders through our execution brokers who are licensed with the corresponding trading rights. For details of our execution brokers, please refer to the paragraph headed “Our services providers” under this section.

For derivatives traded OTC, De Riva is not involved in any execution. De Riva purely acts as an agent to arrange for and match trade orders for the trading parties, and the trading parties are directly responsible for executing and settling the trade orders themselves.

Settlement

After a trade order is executed, our settlement department will work closely with our licensed brokers to ensure all trade orders are properly recorded and efficiently handled. The following flowchart illustrates our settlement procedures:



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As shown above, our settlement department plays an important role in our risk control. After our licensed brokers execute the trade, our settlement department will cross verify the trade order details provided by our licensed brokers internally to ensure all trade orders are executed correctly. In cases of any execution error, our settlement department will immediately report the error to our licensed brokers who executed the trade, and such licensed brokers will rectify the errors after obtaining our desk manager's approval. Any profits or losses due to such errors will be reported to our desk managers at day's end and acknowledged by our Responsible Officers.

After verifying the trade order details, our settlement department will allocate the trading positions under our accounts to our customers. This allocation process is executed by our settlement department via a specialised clearing, matching and allocation system provided by our clearing brokers and/or execution brokers. Through this allocation system, our settlement department will closely monitor the clearing brokers of our customers to pick up our allocation orders such that the trading positions would be transferred to the account designated by our customers on the same day as the trade is executed. Our allocation orders are also automatically synced to the clearing and settlement system of the clearing house, who is responsible for collecting the payment and clearing the trades. After the clearing brokers of our customers confirm and accept our allocation orders, the trading positions will be transferred to our customers' designated account through the clearing and settlement system of the clearing house (i.e. give-up), and our customers will be responsible for settling the payment of the transactions.

Facilitation

During the Track Record Period, when providing our brokerage services, some of the trade orders may have mismatches between the trading parties in terms of price and/or quantity. Our desk managers might approve to facilitate the trade order by filling in the mismatch on the condition that the facilitation cost could be acceptable by our Group and generally profit could be secured by the commission generated from the trade order. The major reason for providing facilitation services to our customers is to help our customers to complete their trade orders. Our Directors believe our facilitation service is important to our business as it improves our overall services quality and helps us maintain good relationships with our customers.

When facilitating trade orders of price mismatches, our licensed brokers would first calculate the amount of potential loss to be incurred, which is equivalent to the difference in the two prices placed by the trading parties, times the quantity of the trading positions involved plus any transactions fees incurred. The amount of potential loss will then be compared to the commission fees of such trade order, and after confirming that profits could still be retained, our licensed brokers will confirm the trade order with our customers and execute the trade.

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As for trade orders of quantity mismatches, to facilitate the trade order, our licensed brokers will have to acquire trading positions from the open market to fill in the mismatched quantity gap to fulfill the trading positions requested by one side of the trading party so as to fully match up the trade order. Prior to acquiring the trading positions from the open market, our licensed brokers will first look into the market price and estimate the amount of potential loss to be incurred, which is equivalent to the quantity of the trading positions to be acquired times the difference between our purchase price and our selling price to our customers, plus any transactions fees incurred. The loss will then be compared to the commission fees of such trade order, and after confirming that profits could be retained, our licensed brokers would confirm the trade order and immediately acquired the required trading positions from the market to directly fill in the trade order.

Due to the above, it is the general practice of our Group that, when facilitating a trade order, any trading positions directly taken up by De Riva would be immediately closed out at a pre-determined price requested by our customers when the trade order is executed. As such, our Group in general has limited market risks exposure when facilitating a trade order as the facilitation costs are already acknowledged by our licensed brokers before the trade order is executed. However, if there is a substantial change in market conditions between the period we confirm the trade order and we execute the trade order, we might not be able to provide facilitation at the facilitation costs we had estimated. For further details, please refer to the paragraph headed “Our profitability may be affected by any material market fluctuation during our facilitation process” under the section headed “Risk factors” in the prospectus.

During the Track Record Period, our Group, through De Riva, provided facilitations primarily to customers trading HKEx listed derivatives products. When deciding whether to facilitate a trade, our Group would in general take into account (i) our relationship with the customers; (ii) their previous trading volume with our Group; and (iii) whether our Group is able to immediately source an opposite party in the open market to close out the trading position. After completing the facilitation, our actual facilitation costs will be recorded in the error report, which may be different from the costs we estimated due to market volatility as mentioned. In addition, De Riva does not facilitate OTC derivatives products as such facilitation would expose our Group to counterparty risks.

Since both error trades and facilitations were treated by our Group in the same manner in terms of the reporting procedures in the past, our Group did not specifically distinguish facilitations from error trades in our error control reports during most of the Track Record Period. Since 13 December 2017, our Group has implemented a control measure to distinguish between error trades and facilitations, details of which are set out in the paragraph headed “Internal control — Error trade” in this section.

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SALES AND MARKETING

Our Directors consider that due to our proven track record and our established relationships with our existing customers, our Group is able to leverage on our existing customer base, reputation and our years of experience in derivatives brokerage in Hong Kong as an interdealer broker such that our Group does not rely heavily on marketing and promotional activities. Our licensed brokers are generally responsible for liaising and maintaining our relationships with our customers mainly through social events and keeping abreast of market developments and potential business opportunities.

OUR CUSTOMERS

Our customers primarily consist of investment banks, market makers and funds.

The table below sets out our revenue breakdown by types of customers during the Track Record Period:

	For the year ended 31 March					
	2016		2017		2018	
	<i>HK\$'000</i>	%	<i>HK\$'000</i>	%	<i>HK\$'000</i>	%
Investment banks	46,788	77.7	44,528	74.5	60,545	78.9
Market makers	9,051	15.0	9,598	16.1	10,519	13.7
Funds	4,367	7.3	5,626	9.4	5,695	7.4
	<u>60,206</u>	<u>100.0</u>	<u>59,752</u>	<u>100.0</u>	<u>76,759</u>	<u>100.0</u>
Total	<u>60,206</u>	<u>100.0</u>	<u>59,752</u>	<u>100.0</u>	<u>76,759</u>	<u>100.0</u>

During the Track Record Period, our total number of customers slightly increased. The following table sets out the movement of the number of customers during the Track Record Period:

	As at 31 March		
	2016	2017	2018
Total customers maintained at the beginning of the period	57	76	78
New customers intake	19	5	7
Existing customers left or closed accounts	–	(3)	–
	<u>76</u>	<u>78</u>	<u>85</u>
Total customers maintained at the end of the period	<u>76</u>	<u>78</u>	<u>85</u>

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1. 36, 41 and 38 of our active customers as at 31 March 2016, 31 March 2017 and 31 March 2018 were existing customers, respectively, and among which 34 of them remained our active customers during the Track Record Period. These active customers collectively contributed approximately 94.9%, 99.8% and 98.2% of our total revenue for the respective periods; and
2. 14, 4 and 6 of our active customers as at 31 March 2016, 31 March 2017 and 31 March 2018 were new customers, respectively, who onboarded with De Riva within the immediately preceding financial year, and these customers contributed 5.1%, 0.2% and 1.8% of our total revenue for the respective periods.
3. 5, 1 and 1 of our new customers as at 31 March 2016, 2017 and 2018 were inactive customers who only signed engagement with our Group but did not trade or contributed to the total revenue of our Group during the corresponding periods.
4. For the purposes of this prospectus, active customers are defined as customers who have completed at least one trade (i.e. recorded executed trade order(s)) through our Group in the previous financial year, which our Directors believe to be in line with the industry norm.

Our major customers

For each of the three years ended 31 March 2016, 31 March 2017 and 31 March 2018, our largest customer accounted for approximately 8.7%, 10.5% and 10.0% of our total turnover, respectively. Our five largest customers, in aggregate, accounted for approximately 35.9%, 41.0% and 46.1% of our total turnover, respectively.

Set out below is a breakdown of our revenue attributed by our five largest customers during the Track Record Period and their respective background information:

For the year ended 31 March 2016

Customer	Brokerage services provided	Approximate year(s) of business relationship	Credit term	Payment method	Revenue derived from the customer	
					HK\$'000	%
Customer A	HKEx/SGX/OTC	4	One month	Bank transfer	5,268	8.7
Customer B	HKEx/SGX/OTC	4	One month	Bank transfer	4,678	7.8
Customer C	HKEx/OTC	4	One month	Bank transfer	4,026	6.7
Customer D	HKEx/SGX/OTC	4	One month	Bank transfer	3,835	6.4
Customer E	HKEx/SGX/OTC	4	One month	Bank transfer	3,801	6.3
Five largest customers combined					21,608	35.9
All other customers					38,598	64.1
Total					60,206	100.0

BUSINESS

For the year ended 31 March 2017

Customer	Brokerage services provided	Approximate year(s) of business relationship	Credit term	Payment method	Revenue derived from the customer	
					HK\$'000	%
Customer B	HKEx/SGX/OTC	4	One month	Bank transfer	6,230	10.5
Customer D	HKEx/SGX/OTC	4	One month	Bank transfer	5,033	8.4
Customer E	HKEx/SGX/OTC	4	One month	Bank transfer	4,783	8.0
Customer C	HKEx/OTC	4	One month	Bank transfer	4,536	7.6
Customer F	HKEx/SGX	4	One month	Bank transfer	3,898	6.5
Five largest customers combined					24,480	41.0
All other customers					35,272	59.0
Total					59,752	100.0

For the year ended 31 March 2018

Customer	Brokerage services provided	Approximately year(s) of business relationship	Credit term	Payment method	Revenue derived from the customer	
					HK\$'000	%
Customer B	HKEx/SGX/OTC	4	One month	Bank transfer	7,688	10.0
Customer D	HKEx/SGX/OTC	4	One month	Bank transfer	7,609	9.9
Customer E	HKEx/SGX/OTC	4	One month	Bank transfer	7,134	9.3
Customer C	HKEx/SGX/OTC	4	One month	Bank transfer	6,847	8.9
Customer G	HKEx/SGX/OTC	4	One month	Bank transfer	6,123	8.0
Five largest customers combined					35,401	46.1
All other customers					41,358	53.9
Total					76,759	100.0

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Customer A includes various subsidiaries of a France-based group listed on the Euronext Paris and is principally engaged in providing financial services including, retail banking, corporate and investment banking, insurance, private banking and asset management, and offering a wide range of advisory services and tailored financial solutions to individual clients, large corporate and institutional investors, covering over 60 countries with headquarters in Paris. As per the 2017 annual report of the holding company of Customer A, it recorded a gross operating income of approximately EUR6.1 billion.

Customer B includes various subsidiaries of a group which is a global market maker focused on pricing, execution and risk management with offices in Chicago, Sydney, Shanghai, London, Taipei, and Hong Kong with headquarters in Amsterdam. As per the 2017 annual report of the holding company of Customer B, it recorded a trading income of approximately EUR1.1 billion.

Customer C is a subsidiary of a company listed on the New York Stock Exchange, which is a global investment banking, securities and investment management firm that provides a wide range of financial services to a client base that includes corporations, financial institutions, governments and individuals with headquarters in New York. As per the 2017 annual report of the holding company of Customer C, it recorded a net revenue of approximately USD32.1 billion.

Customer D includes various members of a group listed on the New York Stock Exchange, which is a global financial institution operating in more than 60 countries and providing investment banking, financial services for consumers and small businesses, commercial banking, financial transaction processing, and asset management with headquarters in New York. As per the 2017 annual report of the holding company of Customer D, it recorded a total net revenue of approximately USD99.6 billion.

Customer E is a subsidiary of a company listed on the HKEx, the London Stock Exchange, the New York Stock Exchange, the Paris Stock Exchange and the Bermuda Stock Exchange, which is a global banking and financial services organisation providing retail banking and wealth management, commercial banking, global banking and markets, and global private banking covering over 60 countries and territories in Europe, Asia, the Americas, the Middle East and North Africa, with headquarters in London. As per the 2017 annual report of the holding company of Customer E, it recorded a total operating income of approximately USD63.8 billion.

Customer F is a subsidiary of a company listed on the Tokyo Stock Exchange, the Nagoya Stock Exchange, and the New York Stock Exchange, which is a global investment bank with an integrated network, serving the needs of individuals, institutions, corporates and governments through three segments including, retail, asset management and wholesale, covering 30 countries with headquarters in Tokyo. As per the 2017 annual report of the holding company of Customer F, it recorded a net revenue of approximately JPY1,403.2 billion.

BUSINESS

Customer G is a subsidiary of a company listed on the SIX Swiss Exchange and the New York Stock Exchange, which mainly serves its clients through offering comprehensive advice and a wide range of financial solutions to private, corporate and institutional clients, and delivering integrated advisory services and solutions to ultra-high-net-worth, entrepreneur and corporate clients, with operations in about 50 countries and more than 46,000 employees from over 150 different nations with its headquarters in Switzerland. As per the 2017 annual report of the holding company of Customer G, it recorded a net revenue of approximately CHF21.8 billion.

Mr. Lau, one of our executive Directors, joined De Riva as a managing director in June 2017. Before joining De Riva, Mr. Lau worked for Customer C from July 2001 to February 2016 with the last held position as managing director of the securities division. Mr. Lau has more than fifteen years of experience in derivatives trading, and did place and execute trade orders of derivatives through De Riva as an authorised trader when he was working for Customer C.

For the year ended 31 March 2016, 2017 and 2018, the revenue of our Group contributed by Customer C was approximately HK\$4.0 million, HK\$4.5 million and HK\$6.8 million, respectively, which represented approximately 6.7%, 7.6% and 8.9% of our Group's total revenue, respectively. Despite the fact that the revenue from Customer C increased by approximately 51.1% from the year ended 31 March 2017 to the year ended 31 March 2018, our Directors are of the view that such increase in revenue was not particularly related to the joining of Mr. Lau as our other top customers such as Customer D and Customer E also recorded similar percentage increase in revenue during the same period, being 52.0% for Customer D and 47.9% for Customer E, respectively. Our Directors are of the view that our Group has developed a very good business relationship with Customer C, as our Group first started our business relationship with Customer C in 2010 by signing a give-up agreement and the existing management continued the business relationship with Customer C in 2013. Mr. Lau also confirms that he was not involved in our Group's engagement with Customer C for the provision of derivatives brokerage services in 2010. Our Directors consider that Mr. Lau is not responsible for the front line operation at our trading desks nor would he manage our trading with Customer C directly, the joining of Mr. Lau would not and did not have any material impact on either our Group's relationship with Customer C or the revenue attributable to Customer C in the future. For more details of Mr. Lau, please refer to the section headed "Directors and senior management" in this prospectus.

Save as disclosed above, all of our Group's top five customers during the Track Record Period are Independent Third Parties. Our Directors confirm that, to the best of their knowledge and after making reasonable enquiries, none of our Directors, their respective close associates or any Shareholders who, to the knowledge of our Directors, owned more than 5% of our Company's issued share capital as at the Latest Practicable Date, has any interest (direct or indirect) in any of our five largest customers during the Track Record Period.

General terms of the brokerage agreement with our customers

The main terms of agreements entered into between De Riva and our customers were generally standard and prepared in consultation with the FIA, FOA and MFA. Contract terms of the agreements normally include such terms as customer's authorisation for brokers to execute trade orders on their behalf, commission rate, billing method and termination conditions. A summary of the key terms of our brokerage agreements are summarised below:

Trade order execution authorisation

Customers authorise De Riva to execute trade orders for them as transmitted orally, in writing or through an electronic order facility.

Settlement and clearance authorisation

Customers authorise the clearing broker to clear all trade orders executed by and transmitted from De Riva.

Commission rate

The commission rate (i.e. brokerage fee) to be received by De Riva for its services is determined either based on the number of contracts traded or the notional value traded.

Billing method

De Riva generally bills commissions per contract as specified in the addendum or rate schedule in the brokerage agreement on a monthly basis.

Responsibility of contracting parties

Customers are responsible for accurate and valid placement of their trade orders, whether orally, in writing or through an electronic order facility.

The main responsibility of De Riva involves cross verifying that all trade orders are placed and executed by us upon the request and authorisation of our customers. In addition, De Riva is responsible for confirming the terms of the trade orders with our customers if customary and practicable upon the placement of the trade orders; accurate execution of the trade orders; and transmitting executed orders to the clearing broker as soon as practicable, but in no event later than the period mandated by exchange or clearing house rules on which they are executed (if any).

Contractual period and termination

The brokerage agreements with our customers in general do not contain a specified contractual period. Therefore, our brokerage services would normally continue unless our customers confirm with us the termination of the agreement through prior written notice.

During the Track Record Period and up to the Latest Practicable Date, our Group did not have any material disagreements with our customers over the commission rate, the credit terms or the amount payables.

COMPETITIVE LANDSCAPE

According to the CIC Report, between 2012 and 2016, the market size of the derivatives brokering industry in terms of brokerage fees income in Hong Kong increased from HK\$2.5 billion to HK\$4.1 billion at a CAGR of 13.3%. Further, due to the volatility of base financial tools, limitation and turbulence of the mainland's security market, increase in wealthy investors and promotion of market efficiency, the total market size of the derivatives brokerage industry is forecasted to reach HK\$7.1 billion in 2022 at a CAGR of 9.8% from 2017.

As of June 2018, there were a total of 9 General Clearing Participants, 160 Clearing Participants, and 22 non-clearing participants on the HKFE with a type 2 licence issued by the SFC, of which 15 of them were providing broking services to external parties on derivatives contracts. The rest of the licensed corporations either were engaged only in proprietary trading or had ceased providing broking services.

The competition focuses in the industry in which our Group operates, including: (i) regulatory requirements; (ii) capital requirements; (iii) expertise knowledge; and (iv) IT infrastructure.

For further information regarding the competitive landscape of the industry in which our Group operates, please refer to the section headed "Industry overview" in this prospectus.

OUR PRICING POLICY

During the Track Record Period, our Group did not offer monthly-fixed-charge plans or commission ceiling plans to our customers. Our commissions charges were market rates arrived at after arm's length negotiations among our Group and our customers and taking into account the prevailing market prices and the complexity of the trade combinations we could source and execute or match for our customers.

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Calculation methods and basis

There are two methods in calculating the fees for the trade orders we execute, which are (i) fixed fee per contract; and (ii) fixed percentage on the notional value traded. For fixed fee per contract, a fixed dollar amount is charged per futures and options contract. For fixed percentage on the notional value traded, the notional value is calculated based on the following equation:

$$\text{notional value} = Q \times C \times P$$

where

- (i) Q represents the trading volume (i.e. the number of the derivatives contracts traded);
- (ii) C represents the contract multiplier which varies for different types of derivatives contracts; and
- (iii) P represents the spot price of the underlying assets, which varies for different derivatives contracts and different trade combinations. For details of the major trade combinations we executed for our customers, please refer to the paragraph headed “Our brokerage services — Our major trade combinations” in this section.

Pricing terms

The tables below set out the breakdown of the general pricing terms by type of products and fee types (i.e. fixed fee per contract or fixed percentage on the notional value traded during the Track Record Period).

HKEx

During the Track Record Period, the Hong Kong listed futures and options products were charged by either (i) fixed fee per contract or (ii) fixed percentage on notional value traded in Hong Kong dollars.

	For the year ended 31 March								
	2016			2017			2018		
	<i>min</i>	<i>max</i>	<i>weighted average</i>	<i>min</i>	<i>max</i>	<i>weighted average</i>	<i>min</i>	<i>max</i>	<i>weighted average</i>
Listed index futures and options									
– per contract (HK\$)	5	50	13.7	5	50	13.6	5	50	12.8
– per notional (bps)	0.2	35	2.7	0.2	30	1.4	0.2	30	1.0
Single stock options									
– per notional (bps)	1	2	1.0	1	2	1.1	1	2	1.1

Note: The pricing terms can vary drastically between different products even for the same customer depending on factors including but not limited to the complexity of the structure and the maturity of the products.

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SGX

During the Track Record Period, the SGX futures products were charged by either (i) fixed fee per contract and (ii) fixed percentage on notional value traded in either USD or SGD.

	For the year ended 31 March					
	2016		2017		2018	
	<i>min</i>	<i>max</i>	<i>min</i>	<i>max</i>	<i>min</i>	<i>max</i>
Listed futures (Note)						
– per contract (USD)	0.25	1	0.25	1	0.2	1
– per notional (bps)	0.3	0.5	0.3	0.5	0.3	1

Note: all commission fees received in terms of SGD during the Track Record Period were converted to USD at market rate and were taken into account in this summary.

OTC

During the Track Record Period, the OTC products were charged by a fixed percentage of the notional value traded in Hong Kong dollars.

	For the year ended 31 March					
	2016		2017		2018	
	<i>min</i>	<i>max</i>	<i>min</i>	<i>max</i>	<i>min</i>	<i>max</i>
OTC products						
– per notional (bps)	0.25	2	0.25	2	0.2	2

Our Directors are of the view that the pricing terms of our Group were comparable to other market players in the industry.

Factors affecting the pricing terms

Our pricing terms are generally affected by (i) the type of underlying; (ii) the type of product (i.e. options, futures, etc.); (iii) the trade combinations; (iv) the maturities of the derivatives; and (v) the channel of execution (i.e. through exchange or OTC). In addition, commission rates also vary for different customers and are generally dependent on their years of relationship and levels of trading volume with our Group.

Brokerage agreement

In the brokerage agreement signed between De Riva and our customers, our customers would specify which calculation method to be used for each type of derivatives. Also, each type of derivatives would be specified with a separate commission rate. The commission rates also vary for the same type of derivatives across different markets.

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Besides type of derivatives, commission rates and calculation methods may also vary for different trade combinations, depending on our customers' requests on the brokerage agreement. As shown in the paragraph headed "Our brokerage services — Our major trade combinations" in this section, these trade combinations often involve a combination of index options, index futures, and/or single stock options with different trading positions, strike prices and expiration dates. As these specific trade combinations are typically viewed as a single product by our customers, our Group usually charges these trade combinations with a separate commission rate specified on our brokerage agreements with our customers.

Due to the above reasons, during the Track Record Period, our commission rates for each derivatives type varied significantly due to differences in the underlying market, the type of derivatives and the trade combinations.

Our customers may occasionally request us to provide a better offer such as lowering the brokerage commission rate offered by our Group. In consideration of whether to provide a better offer to our customers, our Group would in general take into account of (i) whether such customers will increase their orders to compensate the reduction of brokerage commission rate; (ii) the past level of business with such customers; and (iii) the prevailing market conditions and the competition environment. During the Track Record Period, our Group has lowered the brokerage commission rate for certain of our major customers and generally such reduction of brokerage commission rate has been able to be compensated by the increase in trading volume by such customers which resulted in a relatively stable revenue during our Track Record Period.

OUR SERVICE PROVIDERS

Our Group does not have any major supplier due to our business nature. However, during the Track Record Period, our Group engaged various service providers to provide us with the services necessary for our business operations. Our top five service providers include clearing brokers, execution brokers, a market data vendor, and a network service provider.

For each of the three years ended 31 March 2016, 2017 and 2018, our largest service provider accounted for approximately 40.9%, 18.6% and 36.8% of our total other operating expenses respectively. Our five largest service providers, in aggregate, accounted for approximately 70.4%, 68.5% and 60.1% of our total other operating expenses respectively.

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Set out below is a breakdown of our other operating expenses by our five largest service providers during the Track Record Period and their respective background information:

For the year ended 31 March 2016

Service provider	Major services provided	Approximate year(s) of business relationship	Credit term	Payment method	Transaction amount	
					HKS'000	%
Service Provider A	Clearing service	4	One month	Cheque	6,189	40.9
Service Provider D	Execution service	3	10 days/ 2 weeks	Telegraphic transfer/cheque	1,779	11.8
Service Provider F	A business terminal providing financial market information, and communication channels	4	28 days	Telegraphic transfer	1,725	11.4
Service Provider C	Execution service	4	One month	Telegraphic transfer	714	4.7
Service Provider G	Voice line	4	30 days	Cheque	242	1.6
Five largest service providers					10,649	70.4
All other service providers					4,470	29.6
Total other operating expenses					15,119	100.0

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For the year ended 31 March 2017

Service provider	Major services provided	Approximate year(s) of business relationship	Credit term	Payment method	Transaction amount	
					HK\$'000	%
Service Provider A	Clearing service	4	One month	Cheque	3,304	18.6
Service Provider B	Clearing service	1	N/A	Offset deposit account	3,149	17.7
Service Provider D	Execution service	3	10 days/ 2 weeks	Telegraphic transfer/cheque	2,312	13.0
Service Provider F	A business terminal providing financial market information, and communication channels	4	28 days	Telegraphic transfer	1,940	10.9
Service Provider C	Execution service	4	One month	Telegraphic transfer	1,478	8.3
Five largest service providers					12,183	68.5
All other service providers					5,595	31.5
Total other operating expenses					17,778	100.0

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For the year ended 31 March 2018

Service provider	Major services provided	Approximately year(s) of business relationship	Credit term	Payment method	Transaction amount	
					HK\$'000	%
Service Provider B	Clearing service	1	N/A	Offset deposit account	6,125	36.8
Service Provider F	A business terminal providing financial market information, and communication channels	4	28 days	Telegraphic transfer	1,944	11.7
Service Provider C	Execution service	4	One month	Telegraphic transfer	1,197	7.2
Service Provider D	Execution service	3	10 days/ 2 weeks	Telegraphic transfer	376	2.2
Service Provider G	Voice line	4	30 days	Cheque	<u>358</u>	<u>2.2</u>
Five largest service providers					10,000	60.1
All other service providers					<u>6,641</u>	<u>39.9</u>
Total other operating expenses					<u>16,641</u>	<u>100.0</u>

A. Clearing brokers

De Riva is a HKFE Exchange Participant without clearing participantship, and is required by the HKFE to appoint and outsource our clearing functions to a General Clearing Participant who acts as a clearing broker to provide clearing services to De Riva.

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During the Track Record Period, De Riva replaced its clearing broker (i.e. Service Provider A) once. As at the Latest Practicable Date, De Riva's clearing broker is Service Provider B. As confirmed by our Directors, the replacement of our clearing broker from Service Provider A to Service Provider B was due to better terms offered by Service Provider B. Set out below are the major terms of the service agreement with our clearing brokers:

Material terms of agreements with our clearing brokers

De Riva has engaged two clearing brokers for two separate periods. Set out below are the major terms of the service agreements with our clearing brokers:

- (i) **Scope of services:** a specified scope of clearing and settlement services are agreed by the clearing broker to De Riva, which includes the give-up arrangement and the settlement and clearance process.
- (ii) **Agreed fee:** service fees are charged and calculated based on the number of contracts transacted through the clearing brokers. Such fee scale is generally agreed after arm's length negotiations.
- (iii) **Termination:** in general, our agreements with the clearing brokers shall continue to be valid unless the agreements are terminated. A typical agreement may be terminated by either party by giving the other party a prior written notice.
- (iv) **Deposit:** De Riva is contractually obliged by the agreement to pay and maintain a deposit of a specified level in the clearing broker's account as security. The clearing broker is authorised by the agreements to deduct from such deposit any loss, damages, costs, fees, or expenses resulting from or incurred in connection with the agreement. During the Track Record Period, the deposit maintained and paid by our Group to Service Provider A and Service Provider B were HK\$2,000,000 and HK\$4,000,000, respectively.

Our agreements with our clearing brokers generally do not contain any exclusivity clauses restricting them from providing services to their other clients.

During the Track Record Period, our Group paid our clearing brokers (i) clearing fees for settlement and clearance of trade orders on the HKEx; and (ii) exchange fees incurred by our clearing brokers for the error and facilitation of the trade orders. In addition, our Group also paid our clearing brokers to settle our any losses incurred by our clearing brokers on behalf of our Group as a result of our error trades or our facilitations of trade orders.

Service Provider A is a subsidiary of a company listed on the HKEx and the Shanghai Stock Exchange. Service Provider A engages in the provision of broking services of financial products. The fees paid to Service Provider A amounted to approximately HK\$6.2 million, HK\$3.3 million and nil for each of the three years ended 31 March 2016, 31 March 2017 and 31 March 2018, respectively. In September 2016, De Riva has appointed

Service Provider B as a replacement for the provision of clearing services previously provided by Service Provider A. During the Track Record Period, the fees paid by our Group to Service Provider A for the clearing service ranged from HK\$1.0 per lot to HK\$1.5 per lot, and the average fees paid by our Group to Service Provider A for the clearing service is approximately HK\$1.13 and HK\$1.5 per lot for the two years ended 31 March 2016 and 2017 respectively.

Service Provider B includes various subsidiaries of a company listed on the Euronext Amsterdam. Service Provider B engages in the provision of transaction processing, financial logistics and risk management. The fees paid to Service Provider B amounted to nil, approximately HK\$3.1 million and approximately HK\$6.1 million for each of the three years ended 31 March 2016, 31 March 2017 and 31 March 2018, respectively. Service Provider B also provides us with a revolving credit facility of EUR2.5 million by maintaining a deposit of HK\$4.0 million. During the Track Record Period, the facility has been fully utilised once for the settlement of outstanding trade positions that were unable to be allocated to our customer on the same day the trade was executed as a result of certain technical issues of our customer's trading system. The outstanding trade positions were subsequently allocated to our customer on the next trading day. The fees paid by our Group to Service Provider B for the clearing service is HK\$1.0 per lot.

During the Track Record Period, our Directors confirm that none of our clearing brokers were our customers or have any signed brokerage agreement with us other than the abovementioned service agreements.

B. Execution brokers

During the Track Record Period, De Riva has entered into arrangements with a number of execution brokers, including Service Provider C, Service Provider D and Service Provider E, in order to provide derivatives brokerage services for SGX listed derivatives and HKEx listed single stock options as De Riva does not have the relevant trading rights.

Material terms of agreements with our execution brokers

Our execution brokers agreed with De Riva to provide a range of trade orders execution services to our Group in accordance with the terms of their respective service agreements signed with De Riva. Set out below are the key terms of the service agreements:

- (i) **Scope of services:** a specified scope of trade execution services are agreed by the execution brokers to De Riva, which includes details of the trade order execution process, the give-up arrangement, the type of derivatives that are covered and the details of the electronic trading system supported by the execution broker.
- (ii) **Agreed fee:** a commission fee based on the number of contracts executed or the notional value traded is charged by the execution brokers on a monthly basis. Such fee scale is generally agreed after arm's length

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negotiations of our Group with the execution brokers. In addition, De Riva is responsible for any exchange fees and/or clearing house fees incurred in the trade order execution and/or settlement process.

- (iii) Termination: in general, our agreements with the execution brokers shall continue to be valid unless the agreements are terminated. A typical agreement may be terminated by either party giving the other party a prior written notice.

Our agreements with our execution brokers generally do not contain any exclusivity clauses restricting them from providing services to their other clients.

During the Track Record Period, our Group paid our execution brokers clearing fees for the execution and settlement of the trade orders, and exchange fees incurred for our error trades and facilitations of the trade orders. Our Group also settled with our execution brokers the losses incurred by them on behalf of our Group as a result of our error trades or our facilitation of trade orders.

Service Provider C includes various members of a financial holding corporation listed on the Taiwan Stock Exchange, principally engaged in the provision of range of financial services including securities, derivatives and foreign exchange. Service Provider C provides us with the execution service of derivatives traded on the SGX. The fees paid to Service Provider C amounted to approximately HK\$0.7 million, HK\$1.5 million and HK\$1.2 million for each of the three years ended 31 March 2016, 31 March 2017 and 31 March 2018, respectively. During the Track Record Period, the fees paid by our Group to Service Provider C for the clearing service is US\$0.4 per lot for Nikkei index products, US\$0.1 per lot for FTSE China A50 Index products, and US\$0.15 per lot for the other products.

Service Provider D is a subsidiary of a company principally engaged in the provision of clearing and settlement services to the clients which allow them to connect to and trade with derivatives markets in the world. Service Provider D provides us with the execution service of derivatives traded on the HKEx and SGX. The fees paid to Service Provider D amounted to approximately HK\$1.8 million, HK\$2.3 million and HK\$0.4 million for each of the three years ended 31 March 2016, 31 March 2017 and 31 March 2018, respectively. During the Track Record Period, the fees paid by our Group to Service Provider D for the execution service of HKEx listed products is HK\$1.3 per lot plus a trading system fee of US\$0.36 per lot, and for the execution service of SGX listed products is US\$0.16 per lot plus trading system fee of US\$0.36 per lot.

Service Provider E is a subsidiary of an integrated financial services group listed on Bursa Malaysia Berhad and principally engaged in, among others, commercial banking, investment banking, stock broking, asset management. Service Provider E provides us with the execution service of single stock options traded on the SEHK. The fees paid to Service Provider E amounted to approximately HK\$102 thousand, HK\$91 thousand and HK\$331 thousand for each of the three years ended 31 March 2016, 31 March 2017 and 31 March 2018, respectively. During the

Track Record Period, the fees paid by our Group to Service Provider E for the execution service is 2% of the contracted value.

During the Track Record Period, our Directors confirm that none of our execution brokers were our customers or have any signed brokerage agreement with us other than the abovementioned service agreements.

C. Market data vendor

Service Provider F is our market data vendor who runs a specialised business network and business terminal in the financial industry, providing market news and real-time market data that enables our Group to provide market information required by our customers in a timely manner. It also provides a communication platform for our licensed brokers and our customers to directly communicate through a chatroom, which enables our licensed brokers to receive and communicate the details of trade orders with our customers quickly and easily. The fees paid to Service Provider F amounted to approximately HK\$1.7 million, HK\$1.9 million and HK\$1.9 million for each of the three years ended 31 March 2016, 31 March 2017 and 31 March 2018, respectively.

Set out below are the key terms of the service agreements:

- (i) **Scope of service:** the service provider provides a terminal service access (including communications circuits and facilities) which could be used by De Riva at a specific equipment address on a subscription basis. The subscription to the terminal services may be used by only one permitted user through one or more access points. The terminal services shall be made available to De Riva by means of equipment provided by the service provider of authorised computers.
- (ii) **Rights and warranties:** the service provider shall have all rights with respect to the equipment, including but not limited to access, and De Riva shall have all obligations and responsibilities with respect to equipment and authorised computers generally.
- (iii) **Agreed fee:** the terminal and network services are charged at a monthly unit price per subscription account. In addition, installations, upgrades, removals, relocations, conversions, equipment modifications and other changes related to the services will be charged separately at specified rates.
- (iv) **Term:** the service agreement is of a term of two years and shall be automatically renewed for successive two-year periods unless De Riva or the service provider elects not to renew by giving not less than 60 days' prior written notice. Upon termination of the service agreement, the service recipient shall pay any applicable charges including a termination charge based on the balance of the term, and any other fees imposed on the service provider by the provider of any network access.

D. Network Services Provider

Service Provider G is a global network service provider who provides a private extranet to our Group that enables the communication and information exchange among our Group and our major customers through voice lines. For each of the three years ended 31 March 2016, 31 March 2017 and 31 March 2018, the fees paid to Service Provider G amounted to approximately HK\$242 thousand, HK\$342 thousand, and HK\$358 thousand.

Set out below are the key terms of the service agreements:

- (i) Scope of service: the service provider provides network services including the installation of the equipment for commissioning of voice applications, carrying out acceptance tests, and the maintenance and technical support of the network services.
- (ii) Rights and warranties: the service provider warrants it will provide the network services, the equipment and any other services provided under the service agreement with reasonable skill and care. De Riva is solely responsible for the content and security of any data or information which it sends or receives when using the network services. De Riva is also only permitted to use the equipment in connection with the network services and will not acquire any other rights in it. De Riva is also responsible for insuring the equipment.
- (iii) Agreed fee: a fixed charge per voice line is charged on a monthly basis.
- (iv) Term: the service agreement is of a term of 12 months and after the initial term it shall continue and be automatically renewed for periods of 12 months unless De Riva or the service provider terminates the agreement by giving 30 days' prior written notice.

During the Track Record Period and up to the Latest Practicable Date, save as the one-off short business disruption as set out in the paragraph headed "Our business strategies — To apply for becoming a Clearing Participant" in this section, our Group had not experienced any material disruption in using services provided by our top five service providers.

All of our Group's top five service providers during the Track Record Period are Independent Third Parties. Our Directors confirm that, to the best of their knowledge and after making reasonable enquiries, none of our Directors, their respective close associates, or any Shareholders who, to the knowledge of our Directors, owned more than 5% of our Company's issued share capital as at the Latest Practicable Date, has any interest (direct or indirect) in any of our Group's top five service providers during the Track Record Period.

DATA PROTECTION

Our Group has data protection policy in place which assigns different users with different levels of access according to their ranks and needs. Each user is required to keep its password confidential and reset of passwords will be enforced by the system for every 180 days.

Our Directors are responsible for reviewing the access authorities periodically and any changes in access rights must be approved by our Directors. Back-ups of all customers' transactions would be kept for at least seven years and stored at our offices and/or designated places outside our office premises.

IT SYSTEM

Our Directors believe that our IT infrastructure is of fundamental importance to our operations as it provides essential functional support to our daily operations, customer management, and risk management.

Our IT system, equipment and software were developed and maintained by Independent Third Parties. Our Group places strong emphasis on monitoring and upgrading our IT equipment on a timely basis, and for this reason our Group has established an IT department of two staff who are responsible for:

- (i) **supporting our operations:** establishing and maintaining IT systems to facilitate the monitoring of our business operations including, without limitation, reviewing derivatives trading activities, and customer onboarding status and allocating employee authorisation levels for conducting such reviews;
- (ii) **monitoring our IT systems:** monitoring our IT systems in good working order through regular maintenance and repair checks, implementing measures to prevent malfunctions and providing resolutions when malfunctions occur, devising IT emergency and contingency plans as well as managing and carrying out necessary system upgrades;
- (iii) **internet safety and security:** safeguarding our IT facilities (including computer rooms, servers, operating systems and data centres) and devising measures to safeguard the integrity of our IT systems through the establishment of firewalls and other security measures; and
- (iv) **development and enhancement of the provision of our trading services:** work closely with our independent software vendor to develop and enhance the efficiency of our online trading platform, computer screen interface as well as features of the software used on our online trading platform (including those for retrieving market and trade information, execution of trade orders and enhancing internal control measures).

Our information system expenses were approximately HK\$2.2 million, HK\$2.4 million, and HK\$2.4 million for each of the three years ended 31 March 2016, 2017 and 2018, respectively.

INTERNAL CONTROL

Pursuant to the Code of Conduct, a licensed corporation should have internal control policies and measures in place to protect its operations, customers and other licensed or registered persons from financial loss arising from theft, fraud and other dishonest acts, professional misconduct or omissions. Our Group has an internal control system in place for the purpose of the compliance with the Code of Conduct.

Our Directors collect information on the changing regulatory requirements constantly by attending seminars and studying enforcement news of the regulatory bodies. Our Group also has policies and procedures such as employees dealing, segregation of duties, policies on conflict of interests, policies on account opening and dealing practices. Our Responsible Officers periodically review our internal policy to cope with new development of the relevant laws and regulations. Our compliance team and the operational teams discuss and evaluate the needs for improvement in our internal control system from time to time depending on the needs and conditions of the daily operation.

Under the supervision of Mr. Lau and Mr. Choi, our executive Directors, who are responsible for handling compliance matters, internal control standards are set and various control measures are monitored as implemented by each operational department and trading team. The experience and qualifications of Mr. Lau and Mr. Choi are set out in the section headed "Directors and senior management" in this prospectus.

All other operational departments are responsible for the implementation of the internal control measures based on the established policies and procedures. Our Responsible Officers are responsible for overseeing the daily operations of these departments and ensuring that the internal control procedures are being duly implemented.

In preparation of the Listing, we engaged an independent internal control adviser (the "**Internal Control Adviser**") in May 2017 to perform a review of our internal control system (the "**Internal Control Review**"). The work scope of the Internal Control Review included documentation, testing and assessment of our procedures, systems and controls in respect of our operations and corporate governance. Through an initial review during May 2017, our Internal Control Adviser identified certain findings in our internal control system. Our Internal Control Adviser also recommended certain measures to be implemented by us in order to further consolidate our internal control policy. Our Group implemented the measures to improve our internal control system with reference to those recommendations. According to the results of the follow-up review performed by the Internal Control Adviser in October 2017, internal control measures for the key deficiencies have been adopted and implemented in accordance with the corresponding recommendations of the Internal Control Adviser, save for the measure in relation to error trade, for details please refer to the paragraph headed "Error trade" as below.

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Major findings and deficiencies were identified in the internal control review report. The recommendations made by the Internal Control Adviser and the remediation actions taken by our Group are set out in the following table:

Major findings and deficiencies	Recommendations	Remediation actions taken by the Group
<i>Maintenance of chart of accounts</i>		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The chart of accounts can be amended without written approval. Result of regular review has not been recorded to ascertain the appropriateness of the active accounts. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Written approval for initiation and modifications to the chart of accounts should be maintained. Result of periodic review of the chart of accounts should be recorded. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Our Group has established and put into practice chart of accounts amendment form and the result of periodic review is properly recorded. The procedure of maintenance of chart of accounts and regular review has been stipulated in operation manual.
<i>Error trade handling</i>		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> There was a trading error which caused the loss of HK\$1.8 million in March 2016. One of the reasons was both licensed brokers and settlement department were not aware that the open trade order was executed on the trade reporting system on 24 March 2016 before the system was rebooted over the Easter holiday between 25 to 28 March 2016. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The procedures of handling the trade checking process should be clearly stipulated for staff to follow. The licensed broker should double check the trade system if any open order placed overnight is executed in the morning of the following trade day; settlement department should check against the reporting of the trade system and confirm from the clearing broker and/or execution broker. Surprise check should be carried out to ensure the operational procedure is effectively enforced 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The operation manual has been updated and contained the procedures of handling the trade checking process. Also, the operation manual has been disseminated to the relevant staff to raise their awareness and remind them of the importance of such process. The surprise checks have been conducted to ensure the operational procedure is effectively enforced by the relevant staff.

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Major findings and deficiencies	Recommendations	Remediation actions taken by the Group
<i>Payment authorisation</i>		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> A single signature is allowed to execute the cheque payment regardless of the amount. Dual control is not established in this aspect. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Payment approval matrix should be formulated to formalise the approving limits and respective authority for endorsing different activities. Authorisation from two personnel is required to approve a payment. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Payment approval matrix has been formulated with different approving limits and respective authority. The dual approval procedure for cheque payment has been established. Two signatories are required to execute the cheque payment.
<i>Information technology general control</i>		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> There was no password set up for back up tape. There was no business continuity planning and disaster recovery plan prepared for emergencies and disruptions of computer system. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Effective password policy should be put in place for the backup of critical data. There should be business continuity planning and disaster recovery plan of IT facilities. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Our Group has enforced effective password in the backup tapes to ensure that information assets are adequately protected. Our Group has defined the business continuity planning and disaster recovery plan of IT facilities.

To further ensure our compliance with the relevant laws, rules, regulations, and codes in Hong Kong applicable to our business operation as a licensed corporation, our Group engaged an independent compliance service provider to review our compliance policy and provide compliance advices, on a timely basis, to our Directors and senior management.

Error Trade

Our Group's errors trades are generally resulted from unintentional human errors, such as miscommunication between our licensed brokers and our customers on the trade order details or data input errors when executing trade orders. When our licensed brokers become aware of any error trade, they must immediately report the error trade to their respective desk manager and our compliance team, who will then record and rectify the error trades as soon as possible. The licensed broker responsible for the error trade has to fill in an error report describing the event, actions taken, amount of profit or loss sustained by our Group due to the error trades. The error report, along with all supporting

documents, will be reviewed and signed by our Responsible Officers by the end of the trading day that the error trade takes place. The error trade will then be included as other overheads in the profit or loss account in the monthly return form of De Riva as a licensed corporation to the SFC during the Track Record Period.

Besides filing error reports, our Group also has measures in place to monitor the risk exposure of our error trades. In order to ensure all error trades are discovered and rectified in a timely manner, our Group's settlement team will check through all trade orders executed by our licensed brokers from time-to-time during trading hours and will only proceed to give-up the trade orders to our customers after confirming there is no error in that trade order. For trade orders executed through our execution brokers, our settlement team would also closely communicate with our execution brokers to ensure all trade orders executed are correct and are all given up to our customers such that there are no outstanding trade positions left over to De Riva by the end of the trading day.

Since both error trades and facilitations were treated by our Group in the same manner in terms of the reporting procedures in the past, our Group did not specifically distinguish facilitations from error trades in the error control reports during most of the Track Record Period. After the commencement of the preparation for the Listing, the management of De Riva became aware of the importance to distinguish between error expenses and facilitation expenses. Therefore, since 13 December 2017, De Riva has implemented the new error report filings to separately present the amount of error trades and facilitation expenses incurred by De Riva on a daily basis. Our management will also review the total amount of error trades on a regular basis and will review if further trainings are needed for our licensed brokers to ensure that they could minimise their errors in the execution of trade orders and communication with customers.

Our Group provides discretionary bonus to all of our licensed brokers to encourage their performances. The discretionary bonus paid to our licensed brokers are decided by the management with reference to our net profit for the corresponding period and would directly be affected by our costs incurred during the corresponding period including the cost of error trades. Therefore, our licensed brokers, as much as our Directors have always been emphasising, are very cautious about any error trade in the daily operation as that would directly affect their personal interests. Our Directors consider and the Sole Sponsor concurs that this is an effective self-monitoring mechanism to minimise the level of error trades caused by our licensed brokers individually and collectively as well as the overall frequency and amount of error trades of De Riva.

In addition to the newly implemented error report filing system which enables our Directors to identify each error trade in our daily operations, a disciplinary system has also been implemented to further deter the happening of error trades. Our Directors may at their discretion, issue verbal or written warnings to licensed brokers who cause material or repeated error trades. Our Directors reserve the right to immediately terminate his/her employment if they consider the error made to be unacceptable. Our Directors believe and the Sole Sponsor concurs that with the newly adopted disciplinary system, our licensed brokers would be more careful when matching and executing trade orders.

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All error trades are subject to reporting and approval requirements in order to allow the management to monitor the level of error trades on a daily basis effectively. The reporting and approval matrix is shown as below:

Reporting and approval level	Amount (HK\$)	Reporting and approval(s) required
Level 1	Below 10,000	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Desk manager
Level 2	10,001 – 50,000	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Executive Director; and • Desk manager
Level 3	50,001 – 100,000	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Chief executive officer of our Group; • Executive Director; and • Desk manager
Level 4	100,001 and above	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Chairman of the Board; • Chief executive officer of our Group; • Executive Director; and • Desk manager

If the total amount of the error trade is below or equal to HK\$10,000, the error trade is subject to level 1 reporting and approval requirement as shown above. If the error trade amount is between HK\$10,001 and HK\$50,000, the error trade is subject to level 2 reporting and approval requirement, under which additional reporting to and approval from our executive Director is required. Level 3 reporting and approval requirement will be triggered for error trades with an amount between HK\$50,001 and HK\$100,000, under which additional reporting to and approval from our chief executive officer is required. Level 4 reporting and approval requirement will be triggered for error trades with an amount of HK\$100,001 and above, under which additional reporting to and approval from the Chairman of the Board is required. After the reporting is made in accordance with the above matrix, our Directors who have granted the approval in the corresponding level should endorse the error report as our internal record.

Our management will review the total amount of error trades on a regular basis and may provide further trainings from time to time to our licensed brokers in order to minimise the likelihood of the happening of error trades.

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Set out below are the details of our Group's error expenses and facilitation expenses since the implementation of the new error report filings:

	Error expenses	Facilitation expenses
	<i>HK\$'000</i>	<i>HK\$'000</i>
	(unaudited)	(unaudited)
December 2017 (<i>note</i>)	–	73
January 2018	7	150
February 2018	–	181
March 2018	159	131
April 2018	–	206
May 2018	75	96
June 2018	–	190
July 2018	–	126
August 2018 (up to the Latest Practicable Date)	–	45

Note: The new error report filings were put into practice on 13 December 2017.

Our error expense of approximately HK\$159,000 in March 2018 was mainly attributable to an error trade amounting to approximately HK\$136,000. The error was caused by human input error of selling extra 217 Hang Seng Index Futures contracts. Once the error was identified, our licensed brokers closed the over sold position by buying the equivalent quantity of Hang Seng Index Futures contracts in the market. Hence, a loss of approximately HK\$136,000 was resulted from the error trade.

Our error expense of approximately HK\$75,000 in May 2018 was attributable to a human input error of quoting different index reference of Hang Seng China Enterprise Index to different clients and 60 contracts of Hang Seng China Enterprise Index Futures were traded with different index point. Hence, a loss of approximately HK\$75,000 was resulted from the error trade.

After the Listing, for better corporate governance and the interests of our Group as well as our prospective shareholders, our Group will disclose the breakdown of the error expenses and facilitation expenses on a quarterly basis in our regular reports (including quarterly reports, interim reports and annual reports) to update our Shareholders.

The HK\$1.8 million error trade

During the Track Record Period, our Group identified one material error trade amounting to approximately HK\$1.8 million which adversely affected our profit in the Track Record Period. As confirmed by our Directors, the error trade incident was mainly due to miscommunication between our Group and our execution broker. Our Group was also responsible for the error trade as our licensed brokers failed to double check and verify if any open trade orders were executed by our execution broker overnight, and also failed to notify all executions to our customer and its clearing broker in a timely manner due to inadvertent oversight. The trade was an open trade order, being a trade order that

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is placed in the open market and remains in effect until it is canceled or executed when a counter party takes up the trade in the open market. Given the nature of this type of trades, no trade confirmations can be sent to the trading parties before the trade is executed. Therefore, there was not any trade confirmation sent to the customer before the execution of that trade.

De Riva received the error trade order in March 2016, which was an open trade order and contacted our execution broker, who placed the open trade order in the after-hours trading session of the same day. The open trade order was subsequently executed in the market overnight, and we and our customers were supposed to be notified by our licensed brokers about the execution and be allocated to our customer's account by our execution broker before the end of the trading session of the next trading day. However, the licensed broker responsible for such trade order carelessly rebooted the computer without confirming the number of executed and non-executed open trade orders, and failed to check whether there were any executed and non-executed open trade orders since last log-in as the interface showing the done deals were refreshed and all trade records were cleared before the last log-out. Furthermore, our then execution broker of such trade failed to notify us when the trade was executed. Therefore, it was impossible for the customer to take up the relevant trade position by the time we learnt about the execution of such trade order by our then execution broker and hence we had to take up the position ourselves and off load it gradually in the market which eventually led to the HK\$1.8 million material error trade.

De Riva was only notified by our execution broker two trading days after the open order had been executed that the executed trading positions remained unallocated to our customer. We immediately contacted our customer to arrange for the settlement. However, as we did not notify our customer regarding the executed trade order in a timely manner, our customer refused to take up the trading positions. Our execution broker also denied the settlement obligation should be borne by them. As a result, De Riva was eventually forced to take up the trading positions and settle all obligation in relation to the trading positions, which led to a material loss to our Group. To the best understanding of the Directors, neither our licensed broker nor the execution broker involved has been penalised by any regulatory bodies due to the incident up to the Latest Practicable Date.

In order to prevent the recurrence of similar incidents in the future, our Group has established and implemented the following procedures:

Procedures	Implemented in
i. stipulated the procedures of handling the trade checking process clearly in our operation manual and disseminated the operation manual to our licensed brokers and settlement department in order to raise their awareness and remind them of the importance of such procedures;	November 2017

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Procedures	Implemented in
ii. requested our licensed brokers to double check the status of the overnight trade orders in the morning of every trading day before trading hours;	October 2017
iii. requested our settlement department to make sure all information on the trade reports are correct by double checking with the trade orders and confirming with our clearing broker and/or execution broker; and	October 2017
iv. requested our licensed brokers to prepare a daily trading report for all trading allocation orders to our Group for our trade checking process.	October 2017
v. requested our licensed brokers to separately report error trades and facilitations on a daily basis with trade order details	December 2017

Since the implementation of the above procedures and up to the Latest Practicable Date, the amount of error trade incurred by De Riva during the period was approximately HK\$241,000, which was caused by unintentional human errors, such as miscommunication between our licensed brokers and our customers on the trade order details or data input errors when executing trade orders.

Our Directors confirm that error trade at this level of materiality has only happened once during the Track Record Period and our daily business operations will be closely monitored by different levels of staff including our Licensed Representatives, our Responsible Officers, our settlement department and our executive Directors.

Breach of Futures Trading Rules — Block Trade

Pursuant to Rule 815A(2A) of the Rules, Regulations and Procedures of the Futures Exchange (“**HKFE Trading Rules**”), the minimum volume threshold (“**Minimum Volume Threshold**”) for a block trade (“**Block Trade**”), which means any trade executed via the block trade facility (“**Block Trade Facility**”) (i.e. the function of HKATS as specified by the HKEx to be used for Block Trade execution) of stock index futures and stock index options is 100 contracts.

Pursuant to Rule 815(2A)(a) and (c) of the HKFE Trading Rules, an HKFE Exchange Participant cannot aggregate separate orders or combine separate orders to generate a spread or strategy combination Block Trade unless:

- (a) at least one of the separate orders from either side meets the Minimum Volume Threshold; and

- (b) in the case of a spread or strategy combination, at least one of the separate orders comprising an option leg satisfies the applicable Minimum Volume Threshold.

During the Track Record Period, De Riva breached the HKFE Trading Rules once on 14 September 2016 due to a human error in the execution of Block Trades. One of our licensed brokers received a trading order from a customer and immediately performed the matching of the order but mistook the trade order size of the trading party of the other side. Due to the mistake, the Block Trade order was executed with a trading volume below the Minimum Volume Threshold which led to the breach of Rule 815A(2A) of the HKFE Trading Rules.

Due to the incident, De Riva subsequently received a letter from the HKEX on 16 November 2016 (the “**Letter**”), confirming that De Riva was in breach of Rule 815(2A) of the HKFE Trading Rules for its block trade activities on 14 September 2016 as mentioned above. Accordingly, our Responsible Officers and Directors have (i) reminded all of our licensed brokers the requirements for a valid Block Trade as defined under Rule 815 of the HKFE Trading Rules; and (ii) reviewed and strengthened the dealing control procedure which included effective supervisory controls in order to prevent any possible misunderstanding between our licensed brokers and our settlement department in handling customers’ orders, as recommended by the HKEx in the Letter, by segregation of duties. After a licensed broker prepares the trade ticket, two other licensed brokers will independently verify the details on the trade ticket before proceeding to the settlement of the trade order by the settlement department.

Upon our enquiry with the HKEx, De Riva received a letter from the HKEx on 26 October 2017, which confirmed it was not the subject of any HKFE disciplinary proceedings as at the date of the reply letter and that the HKEX considered the matter closed.

SFC inspection

During the Track Record Period, SFC carried out an inspection in 2017 on De Riva and subsequently issued a letter to De Riva after the inspection. Comments were made in regard to De Riva’s then internal control procedures. De Riva was required to take rectifying measures on the deficiencies as detailed below and respond to SFC in writing with the proposed remedial actions.

Set out below is the summary of the comments from the SFC and our rectification actions taken in respect of their comments:

- (i) *Providing services to professional investor*

De Riva provides brokerage services to Professional Investors. However, De Riva did not conduct proper assessment on our customers or maintain documentation of the same to demonstrate that those customers had met with the definition of Professional Investor;

(ii) Customer due diligence

The SFC noted that De Riva had previously classified all institutional customers as Institutional Professional Investors and were eligible entities for the application of SDD. By doing so, De Riva could erroneously apply SDD on certain entities which are not eligible entities for the application of SDD as provided under Section 4(3) of Schedule 2 to the AMLO. In particular, the SFC noted that De Riva did not maintain audit trail to demonstrate the grounds to support the use of SDD on our customers; and

(iii) Authorised trader list

The SFC was given to understand that De Riva would receive trade orders via chatrooms established with our customers on certain terminals providing financial instant data and also via recorded phone lines. However, the SFC noted that De Riva had not taken reasonable measures to verify the identity of the person who would place orders on behalf of our customers.

To ensure our compliance in the future, De Riva established and implemented the following procedures:

Procedures	Implemented in
i. conduct reviews annually on each of our customers to ensure that they meet the necessary requirements under the Code of Conduct as Professional Investors;	November 2017
ii. adopted new control procedures for anti-money laundering and counter-terrorist financing checks for the application of SDD for Institutional Professional Investors with a checklist prepared in accordance with Paragraph 4.10.3 of the Anti-Money Laundering Guideline to check whether SDD can be applied to our customers and maintain a set of records for our easy reference;	August 2017
iii. requested our customers to provide an updated authorised trader list in accordance with Paragraph 1 of Part VII of the ICG for easy reference to our licensed brokers during daily business operations and maintained a database; and	August 2017
iv. updated our compliance and operation manuals and submitted the summary of our rectification measures mentioned above to the SFC.	November 2017

De Riva received a letter from the SFC in November 2017 confirming that the SFC has no further comments in relation to their then enquiries on our business operations after the submission of our responses to them.

Key controls on our interdealers brokerage services

Client management

Our Group will conduct an annual review on each customer and has established a Professional Investor assessment form as a checklist to record the information of asset adequacy test, customer information and assets proof as an audit trail to ensure all of our customers meet the definition of Professional Investor.

Give-up

Our Group has established detailed procedures for give-up arrangement in our operation manual. The procedures are reviewed, approved and updated by the management in accordance with the updated regulatory environment and market conditions.

Employees dealing

According to the Code of Conduct, a licensed corporation should have a policy which has been communicated to its employees in writing on whether its employees are permitted to deal or trade for their own accounts in securities, futures contracts or leveraged foreign exchange contracts, subject to a series of requirements including internal reporting to and monitoring by the senior management of the licensed corporation.

During the Track Record Period, our Group has adopted the following internal control policy to ensure that our Group and our employees are in compliance with the Code of Conduct:

- (i) our written policy specified the conditions on which employees may deal for their own accounts;
- (ii) employees are required to identify all related accounts which includes accounts of their minor children and accounts in which the employees hold beneficial interests and report them to the management;
- (iii) duplicate trade confirmations and statements of the employees' accounts are required to be filed to the management;
- (iv) any transactions for employees' accounts and related accounts are required to be separately recorded and clearly identified in our internal records; and

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- (v) transactions of employees' accounts and related accounts were required to be reported to and actively monitored by our Responsible Officers and the management who do not have any beneficial or other interest in the transactions and who are required to maintain procedures to detect irregularities and ensure that the handling by the licensed or registered person of these transactions or orders are not prejudicial to the interests of our customers.

There was not any financial dispute or breach of the Code of Conduct in our Group or among our employees in relation to employees dealing matters during the Track Record Period.

Record keeping

A licensed corporation should keep, or cause to be kept, proper records on the design, development, deployment and operation of its electronic trading system as required in the Code of Conduct.

Our Directors review and update relevant procedures in our compliance manual to make sure it complies with the current regulatory requirements and request our staff to follow the compliance manual in order to make sure all records of our business operations are duly maintained including the performance of telephone record check. Our staff are also required to retain quotations and documents upon selection of new service providers such as clearing brokers and execution brokers.

Credit risk management

Due to the characteristics of our pure brokerage of derivatives business where our Group did not provide margin financing to any of our customers, we were not subject to any material credit risk nor had we suffered from any loss induced by credit risk during the Track Record Period.

Liquidity risk management

Pursuant to the Securities and Futures (Financial Resources) Rules (Chapter 571N of the Laws of Hong Kong), De Riva is required to maintain at all times the liquid capital which is not less than the minimum requirement. Our accounting department is responsible for the preparation of the financial returns and the computation of liquid capital in accordance with the requirements under the FRR. Monthly financial returns were submitted to our Responsible Officers for their review and approval before submission to the SFC no later than the 21st calendar day of each month as required by the SFC. Our accounting department also conducted liquid capital computation on a daily basis which was reviewed by our Responsible Officers to ensure that De Riva was able to comply with the FRR requirement on an ongoing basis.

During the Track Record Period, De Riva did not have any non-compliance with the minimum liquid capital requirement as required by the SFC.

Information technology policy

Our Group has established information technology policy which controls over our information technology infrastructure. Access controls are practiced so that access to our system are required to be authorised by our Directors. Password policies and standards are also in place to facilitate user authentication and access control. The computer system and information processing facilities of our Group are protected by firewalls and anti-virus softwares to prevent and detect any potential threats by computer viruses and other malicious softwares. Encryption is required when data is stored on portable devices.

To ensure the safety of our data assets, our Group has also established a backup system. Data in the file system is backed up at regular intervals. Our IT manager performs the backup and establishes an off-site archive simultaneously.

In order to maintain the safety and stability of our system and prevent system breakdown, control and safety measures have been implemented by our employees and monitored by our IT department and our Directors. Our Group also established business contingency plan and disaster recovery plan of our IT facilities and incorporated that in our internal operation manual to provide clear guideline for our staff to follow in order to continue their duties when disruption happens. Our IT manager would record and monitor the result of regular restoration test to ensure suitability of the business contingency plan and disaster recovery plan.

For hardware components of the trading system, we maintain the stock of hardware backup components to ensure any hardware failure can be recovered within a short period of time. Furthermore, our trading desks and settlement department are responsible for the close monitoring of the stability and performance of the trading system and, in case of any irregularities, the liaising with our IT department and/or trading system service providers for rectification immediately. Any software/hardware changes/upgrades in our system will be tested during off market period. Last but not the least, the log for our online trading system being accessed by our licensed brokers would be recorded. Both software and hardware firewalls are established for the online trading system to prevent and detect any potential threats from computer viruses and other malicious software.

Save as disclosed above in this section and based on public information available, our Directors and our independent compliance adviser, are not aware of any other comments from the SFC regarding our internal control policies and procedures in connection with our business operations up to the Latest Practicable Date. The Internal Control Adviser conducted a follow-up review in December 2017 and assessed the implementation of the internal control measures recommended by the Internal Control Adviser. Based on the follow-up review of the Internal Control Adviser, the deficiencies in relation to error trade have been rectified. The Sole Sponsor has reviewed the internal control recommendations made by the Internal Control Adviser, the responses and remediation actions taken by our Group and has discussed with the Internal Control Adviser on its follow up review. Based on the independent work performed by Internal Control Adviser, our Group has implemented all major internal control measures recommended. No material deficiencies were identified during the follow-up review in relation to error trade. The Sole Sponsor, after considering the above, concurs with the

views of our Directors that the remediation actions taken by our Group are effective and adequate to address the deficiencies identified in the internal control review including the control on error trades.

ANTI-MONEY LAUNDERING AND COUNTER-TERRORIST FINANCING

In order to detect and prevent money laundering and counter-terrorist financing activities timely, our Group has established internal control policy specifically on the anti-money laundering and counter-terrorist financing matters to ensure compliance with the regulatory requirements as regulated by the AMLO.

Customer due diligence

Our employees are required to identify and verify the identities of each of our customers with reference to data or information available from reliable and independent sources.

Pursuant to Section 4 of Schedule 2 to the AMLO, a licensed corporation may carry out simplified customer due diligence in relation to a customer if it has reasonable grounds to believe that the customer is:

- a. a financial institution;
- b. an institution that
 - (i) is incorporated or established in an equivalent jurisdiction;
 - (ii) carries on a business similar to that carried on by a financial institution;
 - (iii) has measures in place to ensure compliance with requirements similar to those imposed under Schedule 2 of the AMLO; and
 - (iv) is supervised for compliance with those requirements by an authority in that jurisdiction that performs functions similar to those of any of the relevant authorities;
- c. a corporation listed on any stock exchange;
- d. an investment vehicle where the person responsible for carrying out measures that are similar to the customer due diligence measures in relation to all the investors of the investment vehicle is
 - (i) a financial institution;

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- (ii) an institution that
 - (A) is incorporated or established in Hong Kong;
 - (B) has measures in place to ensure compliance with requirements similar to those imposed under Schedule 2 of the AMLO; and
 - (C) is supervised for compliance with those requirements; or
- (iii) an institution that
 - (A) is incorporated or established in an equivalent jurisdiction;
 - (B) has measures in place to ensure compliance with requirements similar to those imposed under Schedule 2 of the AMLO; and
 - (C) is supervised for compliance with those requirements;
- e. the Government or any public body in Hong Kong; or
- f. the government of an equivalent jurisdiction or a body in an equivalent jurisdiction that performs functions similar to those of a public body.

We have set up control procedures and checklist according to the Anti-Money Laundering Guideline to check on a new customer as to whether such customer is eligible for the application of simplified customer due diligence.

On-going monitoring

Our Directors review documents, data and information relating to our customers from time to time in order to monitor activities of our customers and identify unusual transactions. A transaction is considered to be unusual if the transaction involves suspicious and/or sophisticated manipulation, which constitutes a series of transactions which are not commercially sensible and/or the customer's trading instructions deviate significantly from its past trading pattern.

Our desk managers and Responsible Officers are responsible for the on-going monitoring.

Suspicious transaction or source of funding reporting

All employees in our Group are required to report any suspicious trades or events to our Directors at once as stated in our internal control manual. In case of a suspicious transaction or source of funding located, our compliance team will file reports to the Joint Financial Intelligence Unit as soon as practicable after preliminary investigation.

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Record keeping

Our Group records sufficient data and information to trace individual transactions and establish a financial profile of any suspicious account or customer. Our Directors confirm that all of the records would be kept for at least seven years.

During the Track Record Period, we were not aware of any customers or transactions which were suspicious in relation to money laundering and terrorist financing activities.

LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

Our Directors confirm that, as at the Latest Practicable Date, our Group was not subject to any actual litigation, arbitration proceedings or claim of material importance and was not aware of any litigation, arbitration proceedings or claim of material importance pending or threatening against any member of our Group or any of our Directors, that would have material adverse effect on our Group's financial condition.

NON-COMPLIANCE

Our Directors confirm that during the Track Record Period and up to the Latest Practicable Date, there was no material impact non-compliance or systemic non-compliance in respect of any applicable laws and regulations in Hong Kong.

REGULATIONS, LICENCES AND TRADING RIGHTS

The securities and futures market in Hong Kong is highly regulated. The principal regulatory bodies governing our business are the SFC and the HKEx Group. Our business and our staff carrying out regulated activities are subject to laws and regulations as well as rules, codes and guidelines issued by the SFC and the HKEx Group, respectively.

The table below sets out relevant licences and trading rights held by De Riva as at the Latest Practicable Date:

Types of licences and trading rights	Effective period
Type 1 (dealing in securities) ^(Note)	Since 29 July 2010
Type 2 (dealing in futures contracts) ^(Note)	Since 29 July 2010
HKFE Exchange Participant (HKATS code: DRA)	Since 16 August 2010

Note: Licensing condition: The licensee shall only provide services to professional investors. The term "professional investor" is as defined in the Securities and Futures Ordinance and its subsidiary legislation.

The above licences and trading rights have no expiry date and will remain valid unless they are suspended or revoked by the SFC or the Stock Exchange, as applicable.

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Our Directors confirm that our Group has obtained all the necessary licences, permits, certificates and participations which are required to carry on its activities as set out in this prospectus as at the Latest Practicable Date and that all staff members currently performing regulated activities for De Riva are properly registered with the SFC as Responsible Officers or Licensed Representatives accredited to De Riva.

Further, our Directors confirm that:

- (i) De Riva has not experienced any difficulty in renewing any of our licences;
- (ii) none of our licences has been revoked; and
- (iii) we have not received any objection from the SFC or other competent authorities in respect of renewal of any licences or participations.

OUR EMPLOYEES

Responsible Officers and Licensed Representatives

De Riva is licensed to carry out type 1 (dealing in securities) and type 2 (dealing in futures contracts) regulated activities under the SFO. Set out below is a summary of the licences currently held by us and the number of licensed persons in each regulated activity as at the Latest Practicable Date.

Regulated activities	Number of Responsible Officers^(Note)	Number of Licensed Representatives^(Note)
Type 1	4	11
Type 2	4	12

Note: Respective persons may hold multiple licences for different regulated activities.

Under the SFO, at least one of the Responsible Officers must be an “executive director” (defined in the SFO to mean a director who actively participates in, or is responsible for directly supervising, the business of a regulated activities for which the corporation is licensed). In this regard, Mr. Lee was the executive director approved by the SFC as a Responsible Officer in compliance with the SFO.

According to the public register of licensed persons and registered institutions of the SFC, none of our Responsible Officers or Licensed Representatives have been subject to any public disciplinary actions.

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Number of employees by function

Set out below is the number of employees by function as at 31 March 2016, 31 March 2017, 31 March 2018 and the Latest Practicable Date:

	As at 31 March			As at the Latest Practicable Date
	2016	2017	2018	
Directors and senior management	5	5	6	6
Derivatives dealing and brokerage	13	11	12	12
Settlement department	3	3	2	2
Finance, IT, compliance, human resources and administration	3	4	5	5
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
Total	24	23	25	25
	<hr/> <hr/>	<hr/> <hr/>	<hr/> <hr/>	<hr/> <hr/>

Relationship with staff

Our Directors consider that our Group has maintained good relationships with our employees. The Directors confirm that our Group has complied with all applicable labour laws and regulations in Hong Kong.

Our Directors confirm that our Group has not experienced any significant problems with our employees or disruption to our operations due to labour disputes nor has our Group experienced any major difficulties in the retention of experienced staff or skilled personnel during the Track Record Period.

Training and recruitment policies

Our Directors believe that our staff is our most important asset. It is our policy to encourage the development and training of our staff in order to maximise their potential. Our Directors firmly believe that motivating our staff will help align their interests with ours which ultimately benefits our Group and enables both our staff and our Group to develop concurrently.

Our Group provides training to staff to equip them with the relevant skills and knowledge necessary for their respective job functions. Accordingly, the nature of staff training that our Group provides varies with the function that may be performed by the relevant staff.

BUSINESS

Our staff training can be classified into internal training and external training. Internal training of our staff involves on-the-job training (which may be provided during job induction, rotation and over their employment) and internal training sessions.

In terms of external training, our Group encourages our staff to attend external courses and seminars. In particular, our Group strongly encourages our staff to attend training sessions to keep them abreast of latest development of the relevant laws, rules and regulations.

De Riva is a licensed corporation under the SFO and the majority of our employees are licensed as either Responsible Officers or Licensed Representatives. As such, the licensed staff of De Riva have to comply with the continuous professional training requirements. All Responsible Officers and Licensed Representatives are required to undertake sufficient number of hours of continuous professional training in order to maintain their SFC licenses to carry on regulated activities.

From time to time, our Group provides updates on changes or development in the financial industry including the revisions on rules and regulations to keep our relevant staff updated.

Recruitment policy

Our recruitment policy is designed to assist our Group to employ staff through a transparent and fair process. Suitable candidates are sourced through public advertisement, network referrals as well as internal promotions, as appropriate. Our Group will assess each applicant through reviewing their resume and their interview process, based on factors including, among others, academic, professional and technical qualifications, relevant work experience, job knowledge, technical know-how and management experience. Suitable candidates will be offered employment based on the merits and assessment of desk managers, and following approval by our human resources department and senior management.

Staff remuneration and benefits

Our Group aims to offer competitive remuneration to our staff, and consideration is given to market pay levels, pay trends as well as supply and demand in the labour market. The remuneration package of our staff includes a basic salary, medical allowances and discretionary bonuses. Our Group makes contributions to all mandatory provident funds for our staff under the applicable laws in Hong Kong.

RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT

During the Track Record Period and up to the Latest Practicable Date, our Group did not engage in any research and development.

BUSINESS

OUR LEASED PROPERTY

As at the Latest Practicable Date, our Group did not own any real property. During the Track Record Period, our total rental and related expenses incurred were approximately HK\$3.6 million.

Our headquarters and principal place of business is leased from an Independent Third Party pursuant to a tenancy agreement whereby our Group is permitted to have exclusive possession to occupy and use the office premises. Details of the premises are summarised below:

Location	Tenant	Description and tenure	Usage	Term
Units 501-2, Tai Tung Building, 8 Fleming Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong	De Riva	The property comprises two adjoining office units and a total lettable area of approximately 2,359 square feet. This property is leased to De Riva pursuant to a lease.	Office	two years from 2 December 2016 to 1 December 2018

As agreed with the lessor, our Group surrendered the above office premises in May 2018.

In January 2018, De Riva entered into a tenancy agreement with an Independent Third Party for a larger office premises. In April 2018, the head office of our Group moved to such office premises. Details of the premises are summarised below:

Location	Tenant	Description and tenure	Usage	Term
Units 2601-3, Tai Tung Building, 8 Fleming Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong	De Riva	The property comprises three adjoining office units and a total lettable area of approximately 3,754 square feet. This property is leased to De Riva pursuant to a lease	Office	three years from 1 March 2018 to 28 February 2021

OUR INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY

Trade marks

As at the Latest Practicable Date, our Group had applied for the registration of two trademarks in Hong Kong. For further details, please refer to the paragraph headed “B. Further information about our business — 2. Intellectual property rights — (a) Trademarks” in Appendix IV to this prospectus.

Domain names

As at the Latest Practicable Date, our Group had registered one domain name, being www.derivaasia.com. Ownership of such domain name is considered by our Directors as material to the business of our Group. Details are set out in the paragraph headed “B. Further information about our business — 2. Intellectual property rights — (b) Domain name” in Appendix IV to this prospectus.

Our Directors confirm that as at the Latest Practicable Date, our Group had not infringed, and had not been alleged to have infringed, any intellectual property rights owned by third parties and our Group had not been subject to any material intellectual property claims against us or been involved in any material intellectual property dispute.

OUR INSURANCE COVERAGE

During the Track Record Period, we maintained medical insurance for employees and insurance as required under the Securities and Futures (Insurance) Rules. As major aspects of our operations have been covered by insurance, we believe our Group has taken out sufficient insurance coverage over our assets and employees. During the Track Record Period, there were no material insurance claims.

HEALTH, WORK SAFETY, SOCIAL AND ENVIRONMENTAL MATTERS

Our Directors believe that the nature of our business does not involve substantial risks involving the environmental, health and safety matters. During the Track Record Period, our Group has complied in all material respects with all environmental, health and work safety laws and regulations applicable to us.

RELATIONSHIP WITH THE CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDERS

CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDERS

Immediately following the completion of the Share Offer and the Capitalisation Issue (without taking into account any Shares which may be allotted and issued by our Company pursuant to the exercise of any options which may be granted under the Share Option Scheme), (i) Oasis Green, an investment holding company wholly-owned by Pacific Asset; (ii) Pacific Asset, an investment holding company wholly-owned by Mr. Yu; and (iii) Mr. Yu, will together be entitled to directly or indirectly exercise or control the exercise of the voting rights of 51.75% of the enlarged issued share capital of our Company in the general meeting of our Company. In view of the foregoing, Oasis Green, Pacific Asset and Mr. Yu are our Controlling Shareholders for the purpose of the GEM Listing Rules.

For details of Mr. Yu, who is also our non-executive Director, please refer to the section headed “Directors and senior management” in this prospectus.

For details of our Group structure immediately after the completion of the Share Offer and the Capitalisation Issue, please refer to the section headed “History, Reorganisation and corporate structure” in this prospectus.

Save as disclosed above, there is no other person who will, immediately following the completion of the Share Offer and the Capitalisation Issue, be directly or indirectly interested in 30% or more of the Shares then in issue or have a direct or indirect equity interest in any member of our Group representing 30% or more of the equity in such entity.

INDEPENDENCE TO OUR CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDERS

Having considered the following factors, our Directors believe that our Group is capable of operating our business independently of our Controlling Shareholders and their respective close associates (other than our Group) after Listing:

(i) Management independence

Our management and operational decisions are made by the Board and our senior management. The Board comprises five executive Directors, one non-executive Director and three independent non-executive Directors. The day-to-day management and operation of the business of our Group will be the responsibility of all the executive Directors and senior management of our Group and our Group considers that our Board and senior management will be able to function independently from our Controlling Shareholders and their respective close associates taking into account the following:

- (i) as at the Latest Practicable Date, no executive Directors has overlapping roles or responsibilities in any business which competes or is likely to compete, either directly or indirectly, with our business;
- (ii) each of our Directors is aware of his fiduciary duties as a Director which require, among other things, that he acts for the benefit and in the best interests of our Company and does not allow any conflict between his duties as a Director and his personal interest to exist;

RELATIONSHIP WITH THE CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDERS

- (iii) in the event that there is a potential conflict of interest arising out of any transaction to be entered into between our Group and our Directors or their respective close associates, the interested Director(s) shall abstain from voting at the relevant meetings of the Board in respect of such transactions and shall not be counted in the quorum of the relevant meetings of the Board;
- (iv) the Board has established (i) an audit committee; (ii) a remuneration committee; and (iii) a nomination committee. Each committee includes independent non-executive Directors so as to monitor the operation of our Group. Further, our Group believes that our experienced independent non-executive Directors will be able to exercise their independent judgment and provide impartial opinion and professional advice in the decision-making process of the Board to protect the interest of our Shareholders;
- (v) in the circumstances where all our executive Directors are required to abstain from voting on board resolutions due to potential conflict of interest, it will fall to our non-executive Director and independent non-executive Directors to exercise their business judgement to make decision as our Board. Given the experience of our non-executive Director and independent non-executive Directors, details of which are set out in the section headed "Directors and senior management" in this prospectus, our Directors believe that the remaining Board can still function properly in the event that all our executive Directors are required to abstain from voting; and
- (vi) our Group has also employed other senior management members who have the experience and calibre to conduct our Group's business.

Having considered the above factors, our Directors are satisfied that they will be able to perform their roles in our Company independently, and our Directors are of the view that our Group is capable of managing our business independently from our Controlling Shareholders following completion of the Share Offer.

Based on the above, our Directors are satisfied that our Board as a whole together with our senior management team are able to perform the managerial role in our Group independently.

(ii) Operational independence

Our operations are independent of and not connected with any of our Controlling Shareholders and their respective close associates. Having considered the following reasons:

- (i) Our Group has established our own organisational structure comprising individual departments, each with specific areas of responsibilities including business development department, operations department, administrative and financial department;

RELATIONSHIP WITH THE CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDERS

- (ii) our Group has not shared our operational resources, such as customers and general administrative resources with the Controlling Shareholders and/or their close associates;
- (iii) our Group has also established a set of internal controls to facilitate the effective operation of our business;
- (iv) as at the Latest Practicable Date, our Group had independent access to service providers and customers of our Group;
- (v) our Group's executive management team (comprising the five executive Directors) and senior management members, has extensive experience in the derivatives trading industry, details of their experience are set out in the section headed "Directors and senior management" in this prospectus; and
- (vi) our Group, our Controlling Shareholders and their respective close associates did not have any common, nor shared, facilities or resources during the Track Record Period and up to the Latest Practicable Date,

our Directors consider that our Group can operate independently from our Controlling Shareholders and their respective close associates from the operational perspective.

(iii) Administrative independence

Our Group has its own capabilities and personnel to perform all essential administrative functions, including financial and accounting management, invoicing and billing, human resources and information technology.

(iv) Financial independence

Our Group is financially independent of our Controlling Shareholders and their respective close associates. Our Group has sufficient capital to operate our business independently, and have adequate resources to support our daily operations. In addition, our Group has an independent liquidity monitoring system and makes financial decisions according to our own business needs.

Based on the above, our Directors are of the view that our Group is not financially dependent on our Controlling Shareholders or their respective close associates in our business operations and our Group is able to obtain external financing on market terms and conditions for our business operations as and when required.

RELATIONSHIP WITH THE CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDERS

(v) No continuing connected transaction upon Listing

During the Track Record Period, there was no non-exempt connected transactions or continuing connected transactions which would be required to be disclosed pursuant to the GEM Listing Rules. There will also be no continuing connected transaction between our Group and our Controlling Shareholders, their respective close associates and connected persons of our Group upon Listing.

NON-COMPETITION UNDERTAKINGS AND FIRST RIGHT OF REFUSAL

Each of our Directors and our Controlling Shareholders has confirmed that, as at the Latest Practicable Date, none of them or their respective close associates has any interest in a business which competes or may compete, either directly or indirectly, with our Group's business, which would otherwise require disclosure under Rule 11.04 of the GEM Listing Rules.

DEED OF NON-COMPETITION UNDERTAKINGS

To protect our Group from any potential competition, each of our Controlling Shareholders have entered into the Deed of Non-competition in favour of our Company (for ourselves and as trustee of our subsidiaries), pursuant to which each of our Controlling Shareholders has jointly and severally undertaken to and covenanted with our Company (for ourselves and as trustee of our subsidiaries) that with effect from the Listing Date and during the term of the Deed of Non-competition (the "Restricted Period"), he/it shall not, and shall procure that their respective close associates (other than any member of our Group) not to, whether on his/its own account or in conjunction with or on behalf of any person, firm or company, whether directly or indirectly, (i) engage in, participate or hold any right or interest in or render any services to or otherwise be involved in any business (whether as owner, director, operator, licensor, licensee, partner, shareholder, joint venturer, employee, consultant or otherwise) in competition with or likely to be in competition with the existing business carried on by our Group (including but not limited to providing derivatives brokerage services to Professional Investors in Hong Kong and any other country or jurisdiction to which our Group provides such services and/or in which any member of our Group carries on business mentioned above from time to time (the "Restricted Business")); and (ii) take any action which constitutes an interference with or a disruption of the Restricted Business including, but not limited to, solicitation of our Group's customers, service providers or personnel of any member of our Group.

Such non-competition undertaking does not apply with respect to the holding of or any interest in, directly or indirectly, any shares in any company which conducts or is engaged in, directly or indirectly, any Restricted Business, provided that such shares are listed on a recognised stock exchange and:

- (a) the total number of such shares held by any of the Controlling Shareholders and/or their respective close associates does not amount to 10% or more of the issued shares of that class of such company in question; and

RELATIONSHIP WITH THE CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDERS

- (b) any Restricted Business conducted or engaged in by such company (and assets relating thereto) accounts for less than 10% of that company's consolidated turnover or consolidated assets as shown in that company's latest audited accounts.

Pursuant to the Deed of Non-competition, each of our Controlling Shareholders has further undertaken to procure that, during the Restricted Period, any business investment or other commercial opportunity relating to the Restricted Business (the "New Opportunity") identified by or offered to our Controlling Shareholders and/or any of their close associates (other than members of our Group) (the "Offeror") is first referred to our Group in the following manner:

- (a) our Controlling Shareholders are required to, and shall procure that their close associates (other than members of our Group) to, refer, or procure the referral of, the New Opportunity to our Group, and shall give written notice to our Group of any New Opportunity containing all information reasonably necessary for our Group to consider whether (i) the New Opportunity would constitute competition with the core business and/or any other new business which our Group may undertake at the relevant time; and (ii) it is in the interest of our Group to pursue the New Opportunity, including but not limited to the nature of the New Opportunity and the details of the investment or acquisition costs (the "Offer Notice"); and
- (b) the Offeror will be entitled to pursue the New Opportunity only if (i) the Offeror has received a written notice from our Group declining the New Opportunity and confirming that the New Opportunity would not constitute competition with the core business of our Company; or (ii) the Offeror has not received the notice from our Group within 30 Business Days from the receipt of the Offer Notice; the Offeror shall use its best endeavours to procure that such New Opportunity is offered to our Group on terms no less favourable than the terms on which such New Opportunity is offered to the Offeror. If there is a material change in the terms and conditions of the New Opportunity pursued by the Offeror, the Offeror will refer the New Opportunity as so revised to our Group in the manner as set out above.

Upon receipt of the Offer Notice, our Group will seek opinions and decisions from our independent non-executive Directors who do not have a material interest in the matter as to whether (a) such New Opportunity would constitute competition with the core business of our Group; and (b) it is in the interest of our Company and our Shareholders as a whole to pursue the New Opportunity.

Our independent non-executive Directors will be responsible for reviewing, considering and deciding whether or not to exercise the option for the new business opportunities. In assessing whether or not to exercise the option, our independent non-executive Directors will consider a range of factors including any feasibility study, counterparty risk, estimated profitability, the business and the legal, regulatory and contractual landscape and form their views based on the best interest of our Shareholders

RELATIONSHIP WITH THE CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDERS

and our Company as a whole, and if necessary, our independent non-executive Directors will consider to engage an independent third party professional valuer, at the cost of our Company, to evaluate the business opportunity. Our independent non-executive Directors are also entitled to engage an independent financial adviser, at the cost of our Company, in connection with the exercise of the option for the business opportunity.

The obligations of our Controlling Shareholders under the Deed of Non-competition will remain in effect until: (i) the date on which the Shares cease to be listed on the Stock Exchange; or (ii) the date on which our Controlling Shareholders and their close associates, individually or collectively, cease to own 30% or more of the then issued share capital of our Company directly or indirectly or cease to be deemed as Controlling Shareholder of our Company and does not have power to control our Board; whichever occurs first.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE MEASURES

Upon Listing, our Group will be required to comply with stringent requirements concerning internal controls and corporate governance as stipulated under the GEM Listing Rules. In this regard, our Directors confirm that neither they nor their respective close associates have any interest in a business, apart from the business of our Group, which competes or is likely to compete, directly or indirectly, with our business and would require disclosure under Rule 11.04 of the GEM Listing Rules. Each of our Directors has confirmed that he fully comprehends his obligations to act in the best interests of our Company and our Shareholders as a whole.

Our Company will adopt the following corporate governance measures to manage any potential or actual conflict of interests between us and our Controlling Shareholders and to safeguard the interests of our Shareholders:

- our Company adopted the Articles on 30 July 2018, the provisions of which are in compliance with the requirements of the Companies Law and the GEM Listing Rules. Generally, unless otherwise provided in the Articles, a Director is prohibited under the Articles from voting (or being counted in the quorum) on any resolution of our Board in respect of any contract or arrangement or proposal in which he or any of his close associate(s) has/have any material interest, and if he shall do so his vote shall not be counted (and he shall not be counted in the quorum for that resolution);
- our independent non-executive Directors will review, at least on an annual basis, the compliance with the non-compete undertaking by our Controlling Shareholders under the Deed of Non-competition;
- our Controlling Shareholders have undertaken to us that they will, and will procure their respective close associates to provide all information necessary for the independent non-executive Directors to review our Controlling Shareholders' compliance with and the enforcement of the Deed of Non-competition;

RELATIONSHIP WITH THE CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDERS

- our Company will disclose decisions on matters reviewed by the independent non-executive Directors relating to the compliance with and the enforcement of the Deed of Non-competition for disclosure in the annual reports of our Company and endeavours to ensure that the disclosure of information relating to the compliance with the terms of the Deed of Non-competition and the enforcement of it are in accordance with the requirements of the GEM Listing Rules;
- the executive Directors will ensure that any material conflict or material potential conflict of interests involving the proposed investment will be reported to the independent non-executive Directors as soon as practicable when such conflict or potential conflict is discovered and a Board meeting will be held to review and evaluate the proposed investment. The conflicted Directors shall refrain from participating in the Board meetings on which resolutions with material conflict or material potential conflicts of interest are discussed;
- in the event that there is any potential conflict of interests relating to the business of our Group between our Group and our Controlling Shareholders or their respective close associates, the interested Directors would, according to the Articles or the GEM Listing Rules, be required to declare his/its interests and, where required, abstain from participating in the relevant board meeting or general meeting and voting on the transaction and not count as quorum where required;
- our Company has set up an audit committee on 30 July 2018 to review and supervise our Company's financial reporting process and internal control systems of our Group and to monitor any continuing connected transactions, all members of which are independent non-executive Directors; and
- our Group has appointed Red Sun Capital as our compliance adviser, particulars of the terms of appointment are set forth in the paragraph headed "Compliance adviser" under the section headed "Directors and senior management" in this prospectus.

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS

So far as our Directors are aware, immediately following the completion of the Share Offer and the Capitalisation Issue (without taking into account any Shares which may be allotted and issued by our Company pursuant to the exercise of any options which may be granted under the Share Option Scheme), the following persons were expected to have interests or short positions in the Shares or underlying shares of our Company which would fall to be disclosed to us pursuant to the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO, or, who is, directly or indirectly, interested in 10% or more of the nominal value of any class of share capital carrying rights to vote in all circumstances at general meetings of any other member of our Group:

Interests or short positions in our Group:

Name of interested party	Capacity/ Nature of Interest	Shares held immediately following the completion of the Capitalisation Issue and the Share Offer	
		Total number (Note 1)	Percentage
Oasis Green	Beneficial owner (Note 2)	414,000,000 (L)	51.75%
Pacific Asset	Interest of controlled corporation (Note 2)	414,000,000 (L)	51.75%
Mr. Yu	Interest of controlled corporation (Note 2)	414,000,000 (L)	51.75%
Ms. Rowena Yip Shui Chi	Interest of spouse (Notes 2, 3)	414,000,000 (L)	51.75%
Jolly Ocean	Beneficial owner (Note 4)	96,000,000 (L)	12.00%
Santo Global	Interest of controlled corporation (Note 4)	96,000,000 (L)	12.00%
Mr. Lau Ming Hong Henry	Interest of controlled corporation (Note 4)	96,000,000 (L)	12.00%
Ms. Lo Ying	Interest of spouse (Notes 4, 5)	96,000,000 (L)	12.00%
Dense Jungle	Beneficial owner (Note 6)	54,000,000 (L)	6.75%
Mr. Ng	Interest of controlled corporation (Note 6)	54,000,000 (L)	6.75%

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS

Notes:

1. The letter “L” denotes a long position in the relevant Shares.
2. Oasis Green is a company wholly-owned by Pacific Asset which is in turn wholly-owned by Mr. Yu. Accordingly, Mr. Yu is deemed to be interested in all Shares held by Oasis Green through Pacific Asset under Part XV of the SFO.
3. By virtue of being the spouse of Mr. Yu, Ms. Rowena Yip Shui Chi is deemed to be interested in the Shares in which Mr. Yu is interested under Part XV of the SFO.
4. Jolly Ocean is a company wholly-owned by Santo Global which is in turn wholly-owned by Mr. Lau Ming Hong Henry. Accordingly, Mr. Lau Ming Hong Henry is deemed to be interested in all Shares held by Jolly Ocean through Santo Global under Part XV of the SFO.
5. By virtue of being the spouse of Mr. Lau Ming Hong Henry, Ms. Lo Ying is deemed to be interested in the Shares in which Mr. Lau Ming Hong Henry is interested under Part XV of the SFO.
6. Dense Jungle is a company ultimately and beneficially owned by Mr. Ng. Accordingly, Mr. Ng is deemed to be interested in all Shares held by Dense Jungle under Part XV of the SFO.

Save as disclosed in this prospectus, our Directors are not aware of any other person who will, immediately following completion of the Share Offer and the Capitalisation Issue (without taking into account of any Shares which may be issued pursuant to the exercise of any options which may be granted under the Share Option Scheme), have an interest or short position in our Shares or underlying shares, which would fall to be disclosed to us pursuant to the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO, or, who is, directly or indirectly interested in 10% or more of the nominal value of any class of share capital carrying rights to vote in the circumstances at general meeting of any of our subsidiaries. Our Directors are not aware of any arrangement which may at a subsequent date result in a change of control of our Company.

DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

The following table sets forth a summary of information regarding our Directors:

Name	Age	Position	Date of joining our Group	Date of appointment as Director	Roles and responsibilities	Relationship with other Directors, senior management and the Controlling Shareholders
Executive Directors						
Mr. Lau Ming Yeung Lambert (劉名揚)	39	Chairman and executive Director	1 June 2017	1 November 2017	Overseeing the overall strategic development and operations, business development, financial performance, risk management and compliance matters of our Group, formulating and implementing strategic plans and assigning responsibilities to the senior management of our Group	Nil
					Member of our remuneration committee and our nomination committee	
Mr. Choi Man Ho (蔡文豪)	43	Chief executive officer and executive Director	4 March 2013	1 November 2017	Overseeing and monitoring the daily operations, financial performance, risk management and internal control of our Group, handling compliance matters of our Group and managing and overseeing the operation of the broking team for delta one products of De Riva	Nil
Mr. Lee Tik Man Dick (李迪文)	43	Executive Director	4 March 2013	1 November 2017	Overseeing the overall operations of our Group and acting as the co-head of single stocks derivatives team of De Riva	Nil

DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Name	Age	Position	Date of joining our Group	Date of appointment as Director	Roles and responsibilities	Relationship with other Directors, senior management and the Controlling Shareholders
Mr. Fung Wai Yip Patrick (馮偉業)	44	Executive Director	4 March 2013	1 November 2017	Overseeing the overall operations of our Group and acting as the co-head of single stocks derivatives team of De Riva	Nil
Mr. Ng Yu Fai (吳宇輝)	43	Executive Director	16 July 2013	1 November 2017	Managing and overseeing the operations of the broking team for listed Hong Kong derivatives products, managing client accounts with major investment banks, developing new client accounts and overseeing the risk management of De Riva	Nil

Non-executive Director

Yu Kwok Tung (余國棟)	61	Non-executive Director	29 November 2017	29 November 2017	Responsible for advising on issues of strategy, policy, performance, accountability, resources and standard of conduct of our Group	Controlling Shareholder
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Independent non-executive Directors

Voon David Hian-fook (溫賢福)	52	Independent non-executive Director	30 July 2018	30 July 2018	Responsible for providing independent advice on issues of strategy, policy, performance, accountability, resources and standard of conduct of our Group	Nil
					Chairman of our remuneration committee and a member of our audit committee and our nomination committee	

DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Name	Age	Position	Date of joining our Group	Date of appointment as Director	Roles and responsibilities	Relationship with other Directors, senior management and the Controlling Shareholders
Or Kevin (柯衍峰)	46	Independent non-executive Director	30 July 2018	30 July 2018	Responsible for providing independent advice on issues of strategy, policy, performance, accountability, resources and standard of conduct of our Group Chairman of our audit committee	Nil
Wu Ping Lam Michael David (吳秉霖)	36	Independent non-executive Director	30 July 2018	30 July 2018	Responsible for providing independent advice on issues of strategy, policy, performance, accountability, resources and standard of conduct of our Group Chairman of our nomination committee and a member of our audit committee and our remuneration committee	Nil

DIRECTORS

Our Board has the ultimate responsibility for the management of our Company and currently consists of nine Directors, made up of five executive Directors, one non-executive Director and three independent non-executive Directors.

Executive Directors

Mr. Lau Ming Yeung Lambert (劉名揚), aged 39, joined our Group as a managing director of De Riva in June 2017 and was appointed as a Director on 1 November 2017. He was re-designated as an executive Director on 30 July 2018 and appointed as the Chairman of the Board on 4 December 2017. He is also a member of the nomination committee and remuneration committee of our Company. Mr. Lau is responsible for overseeing the overall strategic development and operations, business development, financial performance, risk management and compliance matters of our Group and is responsible for formulating and implementing strategic plans and assigning responsibilities to the senior management of De Riva. During the Track Record Period, Mr. Lau formed part of the management team of De Riva together with our other four executive Directors, namely Mr. Choi, Mr. Lee, Mr. Fung and Mr. Ng.

DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

After graduating from Columbia University in the City of New York in the USA with a degree of Bachelor of Science in Operations Research in 2000, Mr. Lau obtained a degree of Master of Science in Financial Engineering in 2001. Mr. Lau has accumulated more than fifteen years of experience in derivatives trading. The following table highlights Mr. Lau's professional experience prior to joining our Group:

Name of company	Principal business activities	Last position held	Roles and responsibilities	Duration
Goldman Sachs (Asia) L.L.C. (or its affiliates) ("Goldman Sachs")	Global investment banking, investment management, securities, and other financial services including prime brokerage	Managing director, Securities division	Managing businesses across single stock flow derivatives, warrants, convertibles and corporate derivatives, serving on various risks, technology and operational committees within the group and being responsible for risk management and large size pricings for the business	From July 2001 to February 2016

Mr. Lau is currently licensed by the SFC to act as a Responsible Officer to carry out type 1 (dealing in securities) and type 2 (dealing in futures contracts) regulated activities and has been acting as a Responsible Officer of De Riva since 1 November 2017. He passed Series 3 (National Commodity Futures Examination), Series 7 (General Securities Representative Examination) and Series 63 (Uniform Securities Agent State Law Examination), which are qualifying exams administered by The Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc. (FINRA) in the USA in 2001.

Mr. Lau was also an authorised trader of Goldman Sachs and did place and execute trade orders of derivatives through De Riva when he was working in Goldman Sachs.

Mr. Lau is the brother of Mr. Lau Ming Hong, Henry, the sole shareholder of Santo Global, one of our substantial Shareholders.

Save as disclosed in this prospectus, as at the Latest Practicable Date, Mr. Lau (i) had no interests in our Shares within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO; (ii) did not have any other relationship with any Directors, senior management of our Company, substantial Shareholders or Controlling Shareholders; and (iii) did not hold any directorship in any public companies, the securities of which were listed on any securities market in Hong Kong or overseas in the last three years.

DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Mr. Choi Man Ho (蔡文豪), aged 43, joined our Group as a derivatives broker of De Riva in March 2013 and was appointed as a Director on 1 November 2017. He was re-designated as an executive Director on 30 July 2018 and appointed as the chief executive officer of our Group on 4 December 2017. Mr. Choi is responsible for (i) overseeing and monitoring the daily operations, financial performance, risk management and internal control of our Group; and (ii) handling compliance matters of our Group. He is also responsible for managing and overseeing the operation of the broking team for delta one products of De Riva. During the Track Record Period, Mr. Choi acted as a desk manager of De Riva and formed part of its management team together with our other four executive Directors, namely Mr. Lau, Mr. Lee, Mr. Fung and Mr. Ng.

Mr. Choi completed his secondary education in Ireland in 1993. He has since then accumulated more than ten years of experience in derivatives trading. The following table highlights Mr. Choi's professional experience prior to joining our Group:

Name of company	Principal business activities	Last position held	Roles and responsibilities	Duration
BGC Securities (Hong Kong) LLC	Derivatives brokerage	Equity derivatives broker (Asia Pacific excluding Japan)	Acting as a broker dealer of Asia Pacific ex Japan OTC equity derivative delta one products	From January 2008 to February 2013
MF Global Hong Kong Limited	Trading of index futures and options	Equity derivatives broker	Acting as an interdealer broker of Hong Kong OTC equity derivatives products (indices & single stocks)	From December 2005 to January 2008
Asia Netcom Hong Kong Limited (currently known as Telstra Global (HK) Limited)	Providing telephone voice and data communications services	Billing specialist	Testing and launching of system projects and coordinating monthly invoicing	From March 2004 to December 2005

Mr. Choi is currently licensed by the SFC to act as a Responsible Officer to carry out type 1 (dealing in securities) and type 2 (dealing in futures contracts) regulated activities and has been acting as a Responsible Officer of De Riva since 6 August 2018.

DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Save as disclosed in this prospectus, as at the Latest Practicable Date, Mr. Choi (i) had no interests in our Shares within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO; (ii) did not have any other relationship with any Directors, senior management of our Company, substantial Shareholders or Controlling Shareholders; and (iii) did not hold any directorship in any public companies, the securities of which were listed on any securities market in Hong Kong or overseas in the last three years.

Mr. Lee Tik Man Dick (李迪文), aged 43, joined our Group as a derivatives broker of De Riva in March 2013 and is also a director of De Riva. He was appointed as a Director on 1 November 2017 and re-designated as an executive Director on 30 July 2018. Mr. Lee is primarily responsible for overseeing the overall operations of our Group and acting as the co-head of single stocks derivatives team and overseeing the single stocks operation for De Riva. During the Track Record Period, Mr. Lee acted as a desk manager of De Riva and formed part of its management team together with our other four executive Directors, namely Mr. Lau, Mr. Choi, Mr. Fung and Mr. Ng.

After graduating from University of Western Ontario in Canada with a degree of Bachelor of Arts with a major in Economics in 1999, Mr. Lee began his career at Hong Kong Futures Exchange Limited where he worked as a market operator. Mr. Lee has accumulated more than fifteen years of experience in derivatives trading. The following table highlights Mr. Lee's professional experience prior to joining our Group:

Name of company	Principal business activities	Last position held	Roles and responsibilities	Duration
BGC Securities (Hong Kong) LLC	Derivatives brokerage	Manager (Equity derivatives Asia)	Acting as a broker dealer of Hong Kong listed derivatives and a key relationship officer	From February 2008 to February 2013
MF Global Hong Kong Limited	Trading of index futures and options	Sales manager (Asia equity derivatives)	Trading of major Asia index futures and options products and managing client relations	From March 2006 to January 2008
Fimat Hong Kong Limited (also known as Newedge Broker Limited)	Trading of index futures, commodities futures and options products	Sales manager (International market)	Trading of major global futures index, commodities futures and options products	From November 1999 to March 2006
Hong Kong Futures Exchange Limited	A futures exchange in Hong Kong offering a variety of futures and options and contracts	Market operator (Open outcry department)	Conducting price reporting and supervising market trading for Hang Seng Index Futures and options market	From March 1999 to November 1999

DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Mr. Lee is currently licensed by the SFC to act as a Responsible Officer to carry out type 1 (dealing in securities) and type 2 (dealing in futures contracts) regulated activities and has been acting as a Responsible Officer of De Riva since 18 June 2013.

As at the Latest Practicable Date, Mr. Lee (i) had no interests in our Shares within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO; (ii) did not have any other relationship with any Directors, senior management of our Company, substantial Shareholders or Controlling Shareholders; and (iii) did not hold any directorship in any public companies, the securities of which were listed on any securities market in Hong Kong or overseas in the last three years.

Mr. Fung Wai Yip Patrick (馮偉業), aged 44, joined our Group as derivatives broker of De Riva in March 2013 and is also a director of De Riva. He was appointed as a Director on 1 November 2017 and re-designated as an executive Director on 30 July 2018. Mr. Fung is primarily responsible for overseeing the overall operations of our Group and acting as the co-head of single stocks derivatives team and overseeing the single stocks operation for De Riva. During the Track Record Period, Mr. Fung acted as a desk manager of De Riva and formed part of its management team together with our other four executive Directors, namely Mr. Lau, Mr. Choi, Mr. Lee and Mr. Ng.

Mr. Fung graduated from Hawaii Pacific University in the USA with a degree of Bachelor of Science in Business Administration with a major in Computer Information Systems and Finance in 1998. He has accumulated more than ten years of experience in derivatives trading. The following table highlights Mr. Fung's professional experience prior to joining our Group:

Name of company	Principal business activities	Last position held	Roles and responsibilities	Duration
BGC Securities (Hong Kong) LLC	Derivatives brokerage	Manager	Acting as a broker dealer of Hong Kong listed derivatives	From February 2008 to February 2013
MF Global Hong Kong Limited	Trading of index futures and option products	Derivatives sales trader	Acting as a broker dealer of Hong Kong listed derivatives	From November 2007 to January 2008
CLSA Futures Limited	Futures trading	Derivatives sales trader	Acting as a broker dealer of Hong Kong listed derivatives	From April 2007 to September 2007
Hong Kong Exchanges and Clearing Limited	Operation of stock market and futures market	Senior officer (Derivatives market department)	Supervising Hong Kong listed derivatives markets and participating in various projects	From June 2005 to April 2007

DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Name of company	Principal business activities	Last position held	Roles and responsibilities	Duration
Credit Suisse First Boston	Investment banking, capital markets and financial services	Trade support (Equity operations/ middle office)	Performing trade amendments on equity products, assisting the front office with booking, preparing pricing supplement for equity-linked securities and verifying brokerages and fees	January 2005 to April 2005
BNP Paribas	Investment banking, capital markets and financial services	Settlement assistant (Equity derivatives operations department)	Assisting with position reconciliation for Hong Kong listed stocks and stock options, preparing funding for Murex, arranging margin call and withdrawal and preparing and reviewing position limit report	August 2004 to November 2004
Hong Kong Exchange and Clearing Limited	Operation of stock market and futures market	Assistant officer (Derivatives markets development & operations)	Performing OMnet Application Programming Interface certification test for basic and tailor-made functionalities, assisting with the implementation of new systems, handling trading queries and complaints from Exchange Participants and preparing management reports to internal and external auditors and the SFC for review	May 2000 to February 2004

DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Mr. Fung is currently licensed by the SFC to act as a Responsible Officer to carry out type 1 (dealing in securities) and type 2 (dealing in futures contracts) regulated activities and has been acting as a Responsible Officer of De Riva since 29 April 2014.

As at the Latest Practicable Date, Mr. Fung (i) had no interests in our Shares within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO; (ii) did not have any other relationship with any Directors, senior management of our Company, substantial Shareholders or Controlling Shareholders; and (iii) did not hold any directorship in any public companies, the securities of which were listed on any securities market in Hong Kong or overseas in the last three years.

Mr. Ng Yu Fai (吳宇輝), aged 43, joined our Group as index derivatives senior broker of De Riva in July 2013 and was appointed as a Director on 1 November 2017. He was re-designated as an executive Director on 30 July 2018. Mr. Ng is the desk manager of the index listed derivatives team and is primarily responsible for managing and overseeing the operation of the broking team for listed Hong Kong derivatives products. He is also responsible for managing client accounts with major investment banks, developing new client accounts across Asia and Europe and overseeing the risk management of De Riva. During the Track Record Period, Mr. Ng acted as a desk manager of De Riva and formed part of its management team together with our other four executive Directors, namely Mr. Lau, Mr. Choi, Mr. Lee and Mr. Fung.

Mr. Ng completed his secondary education in Hong Kong in 1992 and has accumulated more than fifteen years of experience in derivatives and securities trading. The following table highlights Mr. Ng's professional experience prior to joining our Group:

Name of company	Principal business activities	Last position held	Roles and responsibilities	Duration
BGC Securities (Hong Kong) LLC	Derivatives brokerage	Manager (Equity derivatives Asia)	Acting as a broker dealer of Hong Kong listed derivatives and a key relationship officer	From February 2008 to April 2013
MF Global Hong Kong Limited	Trading of index futures and options	Vice President (Equity derivatives Asia)	Acting as a broker dealer of Hong Kong listed derivatives	From August 2005 to January 2008

Mr. Ng is currently licensed by the SFC to act as a Licensed Representative to carry out type 1 (dealing in securities) and type 2 (dealing in futures contracts) regulated activities and has been acting as a Licensed Representative of De Riva since 22 July 2013.

DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Mr. Ng was previously a director of the following companies, which were dissolved or wound-up (but not due to members' voluntary winding-up), with details as follows:

Name of company	Place of incorporation or establishment	Principal business activity immediately prior to its dissolution/ winding-up	Date of dissolution/ winding-up	Details
Well Booming International Trading Limited	Hong Kong	The company had not commenced any business activity	21 August 2015	This was a Hong Kong incorporated company de-registered under Section 751 of the Companies Ordinance and accordingly dissolved upon de-registration ^(Note 1)
Concept City International Limited	Hong Kong	The company had not commenced any business activity	25 November 2005	This was a Hong Kong incorporated company de-registered under Section 291AA of the Predecessor Companies Ordinance and accordingly dissolved upon de-registration ^(Note 2)

Notes:

1. Under Section 751 of the Companies Ordinance, an application for de-registration can only be made if (a) all the members of such company agreed to such deregistration; (b) such company has never commenced business or operation, or has ceased to carry on business or ceased operation for more than three months immediately before the application; (c) such company has no outstanding liabilities; (d) such company is not a party to any legal proceedings; (e) such company's assets do not consist of any immovable property situated in Hong Kong; and (f) if such company is a holding company, none of the subsidiary's assets consist of any immovable property situated in Hong Kong.
2. Under Section 291AA of the Predecessor Companies Ordinance, an application for deregistration can only be made if (a) all the members of such company agreed to such deregistration; (b) such company has never commenced business or operation, or has ceased to carry on business or ceased operation for more than three months immediately before the application and (c) such company has no outstanding liabilities.

Mr. Ng confirmed that (i) there is no wrongful act on his part leading to the dissolution of the above companies; (ii) he is not aware of any actual or potential claim has been or will be made against him as a result of the dissolution of the above companies; and (iii) the above companies were solvent at the time of their respective dissolution.

Save as disclosed in this prospectus, as at the Latest Practicable Date, Mr. Ng (i) had no interests in our Shares within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO; (ii) did not have any other relationship with any Directors, senior management of our Company, substantial Shareholders or Controlling Shareholders; and (iii) did not hold any directorship in any public companies, the securities of which were listed on any securities market in Hong Kong or overseas in the last three years.

DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Non-executive Director

Mr. Yu Kwok Tung (余國棟), aged 61, one of our Controlling Shareholders, was appointed as a Director on 29 November 2017 and re-designated as a non-executive Director on 30 July 2018. Mr. Yu is primarily responsible for advising our Board on strategy, policy, performance, accountability, resources and standard of conduct.

Mr. Yu graduated from the University of Brighton (formerly known as Brighton Polytechnic) in the United Kingdom with a degree of Bachelor of Science in Combined Sciences in July 1982. The following table highlights Mr. Yu's professional experience prior to joining our Group:

Name of company	Principal business activities	Last position held	Roles and responsibilities	Duration
AP Dow Jones Inc.	Publication of business news and financial information	Business director (Asia Pacific)	Overseeing and managing sales, distribution, business development and human resources in the Asia Pacific region, formulating annual budget, business and strategic planning and managing and coordinating new product development editorial coverage with Dow Jones news wire	1991 to 1997
Telerate Financial Networks Limited	Provision of global real time financial data and news networks services	Sales and account manager	Managing sales and accounts in Hong Kong and China, formulating business development plans and coordinating the installation and launching of new trading platform and system for foreign exchange trading between global banks	1985 to 1990

DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Since 1997, Mr. Yu has been self-employed and involved in managing personal investments through a number of companies in Hong Kong. These companies are principally engaged in the business of property investments, retail and distribution and renewable energy business.

Mr. Yu was previously a director of the following companies, which were dissolved or wound-up (but not due to members' voluntary winding-up), with details as follows:

Name of company	Place of incorporation or establishment	Principal business activity immediately prior to its dissolution/ winding-up	Date of dissolution/ winding-up	Details
Globaltec Group Limited	Hong Kong	Inactive	25 September 2009	This was a Hong Kong incorporated company de-registered under Section 291AA of the Predecessor Companies Ordinance and accordingly dissolved upon de-registration ^(Note)
Pen Gallery Limited	Hong Kong	Retail and wholesale of branded pens and accessories	30 January 2009	This was a Hong Kong incorporated company de-registered under Section 291AA of the Predecessor Companies Ordinance and accordingly dissolved upon de-registration ^(Note)
Linton Corporation Limited	Hong Kong	Property investment	3 November 2006	This was a Hong Kong incorporated company de-registered under Section 291AA of the Predecessor Companies Ordinance and accordingly dissolved upon de-registration ^(Note)

DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Name of company	Place of incorporation or establishment	Principal business activity immediately prior to its dissolution/ winding-up	Date of dissolution/ winding-up	Details
Linton (Asia) Limited	Hong Kong	Trading/retail	4 October 2002	This was a Hong Kong incorporated company de-registered under Section 291AA of the Predecessor Companies Ordinance and accordingly dissolved upon de-registration ^(Note)
Pen Gallery (China) Limited	Hong Kong	Retail and wholesale of branded pens in China	4 October 2002	This was a Hong Kong incorporated company de-registered under Section 291AA of the Predecessor Companies Ordinance and accordingly dissolved upon de-registration ^(Note)
Eastern Regent Limited	Hong Kong	Property investment	22 February 2002	This was a Hong Kong incorporated company de-registered under Section 291AA of the Predecessor Companies Ordinance and accordingly dissolved upon de-registration ^(Note)

Note: Under Section 291AA of the Predecessor Companies Ordinance, an application for deregistration can only be made if (a) all the members of such company agreed to such deregistration; (b) such company has never commenced business or operation, or has ceased to carry on business or ceased operation for more than three months immediately before the application and (c) such company has no outstanding liabilities.

Mr. Yu confirmed that (i) there is no wrongful act on his part leading to the dissolution of the above companies; (ii) he is not aware of any actual or potential claim has been or will be made against him as a result of the dissolution of the above companies; and (iii) the above companies were solvent at the time of their respective dissolution.

DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Save as disclosed in this prospectus, as at the Latest Practicable Date, Mr. Yu (i) had no interests in our Shares within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO; (ii) did not have any other relationship with any Directors, senior management of our Company, substantial Shareholders or Controlling Shareholders; and (iii) did not hold any directorship in any public companies, the securities of which were listed on any securities market in Hong Kong or overseas in the last three years.

Independent non-executive Directors

Mr. Voon David Hian-fook (温賢福) (“Mr. Voon”), aged 52, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 30 July 2018. He is also the chairman of our remuneration committee and a member of our audit and nomination committee. Mr. Voon is primarily responsible for providing independent advice on our Group’s strategy, policy, performance, accountability, resources and standard of conduct.

After graduating from University of California, Berkeley in the USA with a degree of Bachelor of Arts with a major in Economics in 1988, Mr. Voon obtained a Juris Doctor degree from Harvard University in 1991. Mr. Voon joined Shearman & Sterling LLP after graduating from Harvard University and thereafter he joined Goldman Sachs (Asia) L.L.C. in 1993. Throughout Mr. Voon’s career in Goldman Sachs (Asia) L.L.C. (or its affiliates). Mr. Voon had been engaged in various roles including Head of Asia ex-Japan Equity Derivatives Sales and Trading Department, Head of Fixed Income, Currency & Commodities and Equities Structured Products and Head of Asia Private Wealth Management Department and was a member of Goldman Sachs Asia Management Committee. The following table highlights Mr. Voon’s professional experience:

Name of company	Principal business activities	Last position held	Roles and responsibilities	Duration
LabyRx Immunologic Therapeutics Limited	Scientific research and development company focused on developing innovative treatments for adenocarcinoma patients	Chief executive officer	Management of overall business, with focus on strategic timelines, financing, personnel and risk control issues	From July 2018 to present
Oski Capital Partners Limited	Taking strategic equity positions in closely-held publicly listed and private companies, primarily in the United States	Chairman and director	Co-founder and key decision-maker of the company	From August 2015 to present
TransAsia Private Capital Limited	Provision of short to medium term trade financing to Asian middle market enterprises	Vice chairman	Acting as strategic advisor on business and risk management issues	From March 2013 to present

DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Name of company	Principal business activities	Last position held	Roles and responsibilities	Duration
The Manhasset Bay Group, Inc.	Investment in high-end, luxury real estate development projects in the New York region	Vice chairman	Acting as strategic advisor on business issues	From April 2013 to present
Goldman Sachs (Asia) L.L.C. (or its affiliates)	Global investment banking, investment management, securities, and other financial services including prime brokerage	Partner	Heading the Asia Private Wealth Management Department	From November 1993 to July 2011
Shearman & Sterling LLP	Provision of legal services	Associate (Corporate finance department)	Providing legal services to clients in connection with equity initial public offerings and private placement of debt securities	From September 1991 to November 1993

Mr. Voon was admitted as a member of the American Bar Association in 1991. He was licensed by the SFC to act as a Responsible Officer to carry out type 1 (dealing in securities), type 2 (dealing in futures contracts), Type 4 (advising on securities), type 5 (advising on futures contracts) and type 9 (asset management) regulated activities. He passed Series 3 (National Commodity Futures Examination) and Series 7 (General Securities Representative Examination) in 1993, and Series 9 (General Securities Sales Supervisor — Options Module Examination) and Series 10 (General Securities Sales Supervisor — General Module Examination) in 2013, which are qualifying exams administered by The Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc. (FINRA) in the USA.

Save as disclosed in this prospectus, as at the Latest Practicable Date, Mr. Voon (i) had no interests in our Shares within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO; (ii) did not have any other relationship with any Directors, senior management of our Company, substantial Shareholders or Controlling Shareholders; and (iii) did not hold any directorship in any public companies, the securities of which were listed on any securities market in Hong Kong or overseas in the last three years.

Mr. Or Kevin (柯衍峰) (“Mr. Or”), aged 46, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 30 July 2018. He is also the chairman of our audit committee. Mr. Or is primarily responsible for providing independent advice on our Group’s strategy, policy, performance, accountability, resources and standard of conduct.

DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

In 1994, Mr. Or graduating from Royal Melbourne Institute of Technology now known as RMIT University in Australia with a degree of Bachelor of Business. He began his career at PricewaterhouseCoopers Limited in 1996 and has since accumulated more than twenty years of experience in the audit field. The following table highlights Mr. Or's professional experience:

Name of company	Principal business activities	Last position held	Roles and responsibilities	Duration
Linkers CPA Limited	Provision of accounting and auditing services	Associate director	Heading the Assurance and Learning & Development Divisions of the firm	From December 2016 to present
PricewaterhouseCoopers Limited	Provision of accounting and auditing services	Senior manager	Provision of assurance services and advising small and medium-sized enterprises, entrepreneurs and companies seeking listing in Hong Kong	From November 1996 to December 2016

Mr. Or was admitted as a certified practising accountant of the Australian Society of Certified Practising Accountants in 1997 and a member of Hong Kong Society of Accountants in 1998.

As at the Latest Practicable Date, Mr. Or (i) had no interests in our Shares within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO; (ii) did not have any other relationship with any Directors, senior management of our Company, substantial Shareholders or Controlling Shareholders; and (iii) did not hold any directorship in any public companies, the securities of which were listed on any securities market in Hong Kong or overseas in the last three years.

Mr. Wu Ping Lam Michael David (吳秉霖) ("Mr. Wu"), aged 36, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 30 July 2018. He is also the chairman of our nomination committee and a member of our audit and remuneration committee. Mr. Wu is primarily responsible for providing independent advice on our Group's strategy, policy, performance, accountability, resources and standard of conduct.

DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

After graduating from Cornell University in the City of New York in the USA with a degree of Bachelor of Arts and Sciences with a major in Economics and Psychology in 2004, Mr. Wu obtained a degree of Masters of Engineering in 2005 also from Cornell University. The following table highlights Mr. Wu's professional experience:

Name of company	Principal business activities	Last position held	Roles and responsibilities	Duration
Veritas Wine Trading Limited	Trading of investment grade wines	Chief executive officer	Formulating and implementing strategic plans of the company and overseeing the overall operations, business development and financial performance of the company	From April 2013 to present
Goldman Sachs (Asia) L.L.C. (or its affiliates)	Global investment banking, investment management, securities, and other financial services including prime brokerage	Executive director (Equities division)	Providing liquidity on options market to hedge funds and domestics institutions through market making activities and managing and hedging proprietary risks of the company using OTC and listed option markets	From July 2005 to February 2014

Mr. Wu passed Series 7 (General Securities Representative Examination) and Series 63 (Uniform Securities Agent State Law Examination) in 2005 and Series 3 (National Commodity Futures Examination) in 2011, which are qualifying exams administered by The Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc. (FINRA) in the USA.

DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Mr. Wu was previously a director of the following company, which was dissolved or wound-up (but not due to members' voluntary winding-up) with details as follows:

Name of company	Place of incorporation or establishment	Principle business activity immediately prior to its dissolution/ winding-up	Date of dissolution/ winding-up	Details
Veritas Wine Management Limited	Hong Kong	Investment holding	17 November 2017	This was a Hong Kong incorporated company de-registered under Section 751 of the Companies Ordinance and accordingly dissolved upon de-registration ^(Note 1)
MDW Investment Limited	Hong Kong	Investment holding	22 June 2018	This was a Hong Kong incorporated company struck off under Section 746 of the Companies Ordinance and accordingly dissolved upon being struck off the Companies Register. ^(Note 2)

Note:

1. Under Section 751 of the Companies Ordinance, an application for de-registration can only be made if (a) all the members of such company agreed to such deregistration; (b) such company has never commenced business or operation, or has ceased to carry on business or ceased operation for more than three months immediately before the application; (c) such company has no outstanding liabilities; (d) such company is not a party to any legal proceedings; (e) such company's assets do not consist of any immovable property situated in Hong Kong; and (f) if such company is a holding company, none of the subsidiary's assets consist of any immovable property situated in Hong Kong.
2. Under Section 746 of the Companies Ordinance, where the Registrar of Companies in Hong Kong has reasonable cause to believe that a company is not carrying on business or in operation, unless cause is shown to contrary, the Registrar of Companies may strike the company's name off the Companies Register after the expiration of a specified period.

Mr. Wu confirmed that (i) there is no wrongful act on his part leading to the dissolution of the above company; (ii) he is not aware of any actual or potential claim has been or will be made against his as a result of the dissolution of the above company; and (iii) the above company was solvent at the time of its dissolution.

DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

As at the Latest Practicable Date, Mr. Wu (i) had no interests in our Shares within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO; (ii) did not have any other relationship with any Directors, senior management of our Company, substantial Shareholders or Controlling Shareholders; and (iii) did not hold any directorship in any public companies, the securities of which were listed on any securities market in Hong Kong or overseas in the last three years.

Disclosure of relationships

Save as disclosed above and elsewhere in this prospectus, each of our Directors confirmed with respect to himself that: (i) apart from our Company, he has not held directorships in the last 3 years in other public companies the securities of which are listed on any securities market in Hong Kong or overseas; (ii) save as disclosed in the paragraph headed “C. Further information about our Directors and substantial Shareholders” in Appendix IV to this prospectus, he does not have any interests in the Shares within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO; (iii) there is no other information that should be disclosed for himself pursuant to Rule 17.50(2) of the GEM Listing Rules; and (iv) to the best of the knowledge, information and belief of our Directors having made all reasonable enquiries, there are no other matters with respect to the appointment of our Directors that need to be brought to the attention of our Shareholders.

BOARD COMMITTEES

Audit Committee

Our Group has established an audit committee pursuant to a resolution of our Directors passed on 30 July 2018 with written terms of reference in compliance with the Corporate Governance Code and Rule 5.28 as set out in the GEM Listing Rules. The primary duties of our audit committee are mainly (i) to make recommendations to our Board on the appointment and removal of external auditors; (ii) to review and revise our Group’s financial statements and render advice in respect of financial reporting; (iii) to oversee internal control procedures and corporate governance of our Group; (iv) to supervise internal control systems of our Group; and (v) to monitor any continuing connected transactions. All members of our audit committee are appointed by the Board. Our audit committee currently consists of all three of our independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Or, Mr. Voon and Mr. Wu. Mr. Or is the chairman of our audit committee.

Remuneration Committee

Our Group has established a remuneration committee pursuant to a resolution of our Directors passed on 30 July 2018 with written terms of reference in compliance with the Corporate Governance Code and Rule 5.34 as set out in the GEM Listing Rules. The primary duties of our remuneration committee are mainly (i) to review and make recommendations to our Board on the overall remuneration policy and structure relating to all Directors and senior management of our Group; (ii) to review other remuneration-related matters, including benefits-in-kind and other compensation payable to our Directors and senior management; and (iii) to review the performance

DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

based remunerations and to establish a formal and transparent procedure for developing policy in relation to remuneration. Our remuneration committee currently consists of Mr. Voon, Mr. Lau and Mr. Wu. Mr. Voon is the chairman of our remuneration committee.

Nomination Committee

Our Group has established a nomination committee pursuant to a resolution of our Directors passed on 30 July 2018 with written terms of reference in compliance with the Corporate Governance Code. The primary duties of our nomination committee are mainly (i) to review the structure, size, composition and diversity of our Board on a regular basis; (ii) to identify individuals suitably qualified to become Board members; (iii) to assess the independence of independent non-executive Directors; (iv) to make recommendations to our Board on relevant matters relating to the appointment or re-appointment of Directors; and (v) to make recommendations to our Board regarding the candidates to fill vacancies on our Board. Our nomination committee currently consists of Mr. Voon, Mr. Wu and Mr. Lau. Mr. Wu is the chairman of our nomination committee.

SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Name	Age	Position	Date of joining our Group	Roles and responsibilities	Relationship with our Directors, other senior management and Controlling Shareholders
Yui Ka Lee (芮嘉莉)	34	Finance manager	August 2013	Review of the finance, accounting and administrative functions of our Group	Nil

Ms. Yui Ka Lee (芮嘉莉) (“Ms. Yui”), aged 34, joined our Group in August 2013. As the finance manager, Ms. Yui is responsible for the review of our Group’s finance and accounting functions, as well as the administrative function. She has over ten years of experience in the accounting field. Prior to joining our Group, Ms. Yui had worked as an accountant in Hutchison Telecommunications (Hong Kong) Limited from April 2013 to July 2013. From December 2012 to March 2013, Ms. Yui worked in Pinestone Capital Group Limited with her last position as senior accountant. She worked in Rifa Securities Limited (formerly known as Daily Growth Securities Limited) with her last position as senior accountant between April 2012 and December 2012. From March 2010 to March 2012, Ms. Yui worked as an accountant in Vision Investment Management (Asia) Limited. She worked in BDO Limited with her last position as senior associate from February 2008 to March 2010. From June 2006 to February 2008, Ms. Yui worked in FTW CPA (Practising) Limited as a trainee accountant. Ms. Yui was admitted as a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants in February 2010. Ms. Yui graduated with a degree of Bachelor of Arts with a major in accountancy and a minor in corporate finance from the Hong Kong Polytechnic University in December 2006.

DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Ms. Yui does not have any current or past directorships in any public companies, the securities of which were listed on any securities market in Hong Kong or overseas in the last three years.

COMPANY SECRETARY

Ms. Yui (芮嘉莉) is the company secretary of our Company. Please refer to the paragraph headed “Senior management” above in this section for details about Ms. Yui’s qualifications and experience.

COMPLIANCE OFFICER

Mr. Choi (蔡文豪) was appointed as the compliance officer (pursuant to Rule 5.19 of the GEM Listing Rules) of our Company on 4 December 2017. Please refer to the paragraph headed “Directors” above in this section for details about Mr. Choi’s qualifications and experience.

AUTHORISED REPRESENTATIVES

Mr. Lau and Mr. Choi are the authorised representatives of our Company.

REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

During the Track Record Period, the aggregate amount of salary, allowances, benefits in kind and defined contribution paid by our Company to our five highest paid individuals (including our Directors) for each of the three years ended 31 March 2016, 31 March 2017 and 31 March 2018 were approximately HK\$17.6 million, HK\$14.7 million and HK\$22.0 million respectively.

The executive Directors are also employees of our Company and receive, in their capacity as employees of our Company, compensation in the form of salaries and other allowances and benefits in kind. Our Company reimburses our Directors for expenses which are necessarily and reasonably incurred for providing services to our Company or executing their functions in relation to the operations of our Company.

During the Track Record Period, the aggregate amount of fees, salaries, allowances, benefits in kind and defined contribution paid by our Company to our Directors for each of the three years ended 31 March 2016, 31 March 2017 and 31 March 2018 were approximately HK\$10.4 million, HK\$10.4 million and HK\$20.5 million respectively.

Each of our executive Directors has entered into a service contract with our Company for an initial term of three years with effect from the Listing Date and each of our non-executive Director and independent non-executive Directors has entered into a letter of appointment with our Company for an initial term from their respective date of appointment and up to three years from the Listing Date, all of which will continue thereafter until terminated by not less than three months’ notice in writing. Further details of the terms of the service contracts and letters of appointment entered into with our Directors are set out in the paragraph headed “C. Further information about our Directors and substantial shareholders — 1. Directors — (b) Particulars of service contracts and letters of appointment” in Appendix IV to this prospectus.

DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

During the Track Record Period, no emolument was paid by our Group to, or receivable by, our Directors or the five highest paid individuals as an inducement to join or upon joining our Group. No compensation was paid by our Group to, or receivable by, our Directors, past directors or the five highest paid individuals for the loss of any office in connection with the management of the affairs of any member of our Group. Our Directors estimate that under the current proposed arrangement, the aggregate basic annual remuneration (excluding payment pursuant to any discretionary benefits or bonus or other fringe benefits) payable by our Group to our Directors will be approximately HK\$6.8 million for the year ending 31 March 2019.

None of our Directors or the five highest paid individuals waived any emoluments during the Track Record Period. Save as disclosed above, no other payments have been paid, or are payable, by our Company or any of our subsidiaries to our Directors and the five highest paid individuals during the Track Record Period.

Remuneration Policy

Our Directors and senior management receive compensation in the form of salaries and other allowances and benefits in kind with reference to those paid by comparable companies, experience, responsibilities and performance of our Group. Our Group also reimburses our Directors and senior management for expenses which are necessarily and reasonably incurred for the provision of services to our Group or executing their functions in relation to the operations of our Group. Our Group regularly reviews and determines the remuneration and compensation packages of our Directors and senior management, by reference to, among other things, market level of remuneration and compensation paid by comparable companies, the respective responsibilities of our Directors and the performance of our Group.

After Listing, the remuneration committee of our Company will review and determine the remuneration and compensation packages of our Directors with reference to their responsibilities, experience and the performance of our Group. Our Directors may also receive options to be granted under the Share Option Scheme.

COMPLIANCE ADVISER

Our Group has appointed Red Sun Capital, as our compliance adviser pursuant to Rule 6A.19 of the GEM Listing Rules. Pursuant to Rule 6A.23 of the GEM Listing Rules, the compliance adviser will advise our Company in the following circumstances:

- (1) before the publication of any regulatory announcement, circular or financial report;
- (2) where a transaction, which might be a notifiable or connected transaction, is contemplated, including but not limited to share issues and share repurchases;
- (3) where our Company proposes to use the proceeds of the Share Offer in a manner different from that detailed in this prospectus or where the business activities, developments or results of our Group deviate from any forecast, estimate or other information in this prospectus; and

DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

- (4) where the Stock Exchange makes an inquiry of our Company regarding unusual movements in the price or trading volume of the Shares pursuant to Rule 17.11 of the GEM Listing Rules.

Pursuant to Rule 6A.24 of the GEM Listing Rules and the compliance adviser agreement entered into between the compliance adviser and our Company, the compliance adviser will, among other things:

- (1) ensure our Company is properly guided and advised as to compliance with the GEM Listing Rules and the Takeovers Code;
- (2) act as one of our principal channels of communication with the Stock Exchange, including accompanying our Company to any meetings with the Stock Exchange, unless otherwise requested by the Stock Exchange;
- (3) in relation to any application by our Company for a waiver from any of the requirements in Chapters 19 and 20 of the GEM Listing Rules, advise our Company on our obligations and in particular the requirement to appoint an independent financial adviser; and
- (4) assess the understanding of all new appointees to the Board regarding the nature of their responsibilities and fiduciary duties as a director of a listed issuer, and, if any inadequacies are identified, recommend necessary remedial steps to our Directors.

Term

The term of appointment of the compliance adviser shall commence on the Listing Date and end on the date on which our Company complies with Rule 18.03 of the GEM Listing Rules in respect of our financial results for the second full financial year commencing after the Listing Date.

Duties of our Company

Our Company shall fully comply with and discharge our responsibilities under the GEM Listing Rules and other applicable laws, regulations and codes relating to securities and corporate governance that are applicable to our Company.

During the term, our Company must consult with and, if necessary, seek advice from the compliance adviser on a timely basis in the circumstances as required under Rule 6A.23 of the GEM Listing Rules.

Termination

The compliance adviser agreement can be terminated by either party upon giving the other party not less than one month's prior written notice.

SHARE CAPITAL

AUTHORISED AND ISSUED SHARE CAPITAL

The authorised and issued share capital of our Company immediately following the completion of the Share Offer and the Capitalisation Issue (without taking into account any Shares which may be allotted and issued by our Company pursuant to the exercise of any options which may be granted under the Share Option Scheme) will be as follows:

<i>Authorised share capital:</i>	<i>HK\$</i>
<u>5,000,000,000</u> Shares	<u>50,000,000</u>
<i>Issued and to be issued, fully paid or credited as fully paid:</i>	
10,000 Shares in issue as at the date of this prospectus	100
599,990,000 Shares to be issued pursuant to the Capitalisation Issue	5,999,900
20,000,000 Shares to be issued pursuant to the Public Offer	200,000
<u>180,000,000</u> Shares to be issued pursuant to the Placing	<u>1,800,000</u>
<u>800,000,000</u> Total issued Shares upon completion of the Share Offer and the Capitalisation Issue	<u>8,000,000</u>

Assumptions

The above table assumes that the Share Offer and the Capitalisation Issue become unconditional and the issue of Shares pursuant thereto are made as described herein. It takes no account of any Shares which may be allotted and issued pursuant to the exercise of any options which may be granted under the Share Option Scheme or any Shares which may be allotted and issued or repurchased by our Company under the general mandates for the allotment and issue or repurchase of Shares granted to the Directors as referred to below or otherwise.

Minimum public float

Pursuant to Rule 11.23(7) of the GEM Listing Rules, at the time of the Listing and at all times thereafter, our Company must maintain the minimum prescribed percentage of 25% of the total issued share capital of our Company in the hands of the public (as defined in the GEM Listing Rules).

Rankings

The Offer Shares will rank equally with all Shares now in issue or to be allotted and issued and will qualify for all dividends or other distributions declared, made or paid after the date of this prospectus save for the entitlements under the Capitalisation Issue.

SHARE CAPITAL

General mandate to allot and issue Shares

Subject to the Share Offer becoming unconditional, our Directors have been granted a general unconditional mandate to allot, issue and deal with Shares not exceeding:

- (1) 20% of the total number of Shares in issue immediately following the completion of the Share Offer and the Capitalisation Issue (excluding Shares which may be allotted and issued pursuant to the exercise of any options which may be granted under the Share Option Scheme); and
- (2) the total number of Shares repurchased by our Company (if any) pursuant to the general mandate to repurchase Shares granted to our Directors referred to below,

provided that if any subsequent consolidation or subdivision of Shares is effected, the maximum number of Shares that may be issued pursuant to the approval herein as a percentage of the total number of issued Shares at the date immediately before and after such consolidation or subdivision shall be the same and such maximum number of Shares shall be adjusted accordingly.

The allotment and issue of Shares under a rights issue, script dividend scheme or similar arrangement in accordance with the Articles or on the exercise of any options which may be granted under the Share Option Scheme do not generally require the approval of the Shareholders in general meeting and the total nominal value of the Shares which our Directors are authorised to allot and issue under this mandate will not be reduced by the allotment and issue of such Shares.

This general mandate will expire at the earliest of:

- the conclusion of the next annual general meeting of our Company; or
- the date by which the next annual general meeting of our Company is required by the Articles or any laws applicable to our Company to be held; or
- when varied, revoked or renewed by an ordinary resolution of our Shareholders in general meeting.

For further details of this general mandate, please refer to the paragraph headed “A. Further information about our Company — 3. Written resolutions of our Shareholders passed on 30 July 2018” in Appendix IV to this prospectus.

General mandate to repurchase Shares

Subject to the Share Offer becoming unconditional, our Directors have been granted a general unconditional mandate to exercise all the powers of our Company to repurchase Shares not exceeding 10% of the total number of Shares in issue immediately following the completion of the Share Offer and the Capitalisation Issue (excluding any Shares which may be allotted and issued pursuant to the exercise of any options which may be granted

SHARE CAPITAL

under the Share Option Scheme), provided that if any subsequent consolidation or subdivision of Shares is effected, the maximum amount of Shares that may be repurchased pursuant to the approval herein as a percentage of the total number of issued Shares at the date immediately before and after such consolidation or subdivision shall be the same and such maximum number of Shares shall be adjusted accordingly.

This mandate only relates to repurchases made on the Stock Exchange, or any other stock exchange on which the Shares are listed (and which is recognised by the SFC and the Stock Exchange for this purpose), and which are in accordance with all applicable laws and the requirements of the GEM Listing Rules. A summary of the relevant GEM Listing Rules is set out in the paragraph headed “6. Repurchases by our Company of our own securities” in the paragraph headed “A. Further information about our Company” in Appendix IV to this prospectus.

This general mandate to repurchase Shares will expire at the earliest of:

- (i) the conclusion of the next annual general meeting of our Company; or
- (ii) at the date by which the next annual general meeting of our Company is required by the any Articles or any applicable laws of the Cayman Islands to be held; or
- (iii) when varied, revoked or renewed by an ordinary resolution of the Shareholders in general meeting.

For further details of this general mandate, please refer to the paragraphs headed “A. Further information about our Company — 3. Written resolutions of our Shareholders passed on 30 July 2018” and “A. Further information about our Company — 6. Repurchases by our Company of our own securities” in Appendix IV to this prospectus.

Share Option Scheme

Pursuant to the written resolutions of our Shareholders passed on 30 July 2018, our Group conditionally adopted the Share Option Scheme. Summary of the principal terms of the Share Option Scheme are respectively set out in the paragraph headed “D. Share Option Scheme” in Appendix IV to this prospectus.

Circumstances under which general meeting and class meeting are required

As a matter of the Companies Law, an exempted company is not required by law to hold any general meeting or class meeting. The holding of general meetings or class meetings is prescribed for under the articles of association of a company. Accordingly, our Company will hold general meetings as prescribed for under the Articles, a summary of which is set out in Appendix III to this prospectus.

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

You should read this section in conjunction with our audited combined financial statements, including the notes thereto, as set out in the Accountants' Report in Appendix I to this prospectus. Our combined financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs"). You should read the entire Accountants' Report and not merely rely on the information contained in this section.

The following discussion and analysis contain certain forward-looking statements that reflect the current views with respect to future events and financial performance. These statements are based on assumptions and analyses made by us in light of our experience and perception of historical trends, current conditions and expected future developments, as well as other factors our Directors believe are appropriate under the circumstances. However, whether actual outcomes and developments will meet our expectations and projections depends on a number of risks and uncertainties over which our Group does not have control. For further information, you should refer to the section headed "Risk factors" in this prospectus.

OVERVIEW

Our Group is an interdealer broker in Hong Kong providing derivatives brokerage services to Professional Investors through our wholly-owned subsidiary, De Riva, which is a licensed corporation under the SFO and a HKFE Exchange Participant. De Riva is licensed by the SFC to carry out type 1 (dealing in securities) and type 2 (dealing in futures contracts) regulated activities in Hong Kong for Professional Investors without providing any margin financing services. Under the licensing condition, De Riva can only provide services to Professional Investors.

Our Group generates all revenue from commission income for matching and/or executing and settling derivatives trade orders for our customers. During the Track Record Period, our Group covered mainly futures and options, that are traded on the HKEx, the SGX or OTC for our derivatives brokerage services.

Our total revenue amounted to approximately HK\$59.8 million for the year ended 31 March 2017, representing a decrease of approximately HK\$0.4 million from approximately HK\$60.2 million for the year ended 31 March 2016. Our revenue amounted to approximately HK\$76.8 million for the year ended 31 March 2018, representing an increase of approximately HK\$17.0 million from approximately HK\$59.8 million for the year ended 31 March 2017.

Our net profit was approximately HK\$11.9 million for the year ended 31 March 2017, representing a decrease of approximately HK\$1.6 million from approximately HK\$13.5 million for the year ended 31 March 2016. Due to the listing expenses of approximately HK\$10.6 million, our Group recorded a net profit of approximately HK\$4.8 million for the year ended 31 March 2018.

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

BASIS OF PRESENTATION

Our Company was incorporated in the Cayman Islands on 1 November 2017 as an exempted company with limited liability. Subsequent to the Reorganisation, our Company became the holding company of the companies now comprising our Group, details of which are set out in the section headed “History, Reorganisation and corporate structure” in this prospectus. Our combined statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, combined statements of financial position, combined statements of changes in equity and combined statements of cash flows for the Track Record Period are included in the Accountants’ Report, the text of which is set out in Appendix I to this prospectus, include the results of operations of the companies comprising our Group. All significant intra-group transactions and balances within our Group has been eliminated on combination.

The financial information has been prepared in accordance with HKFRSs as adopted by the HKICPA. For more information on the basis of preparation and presentation of the financial information included herein, please refer to Note 3 of the Accountants’ Report in Appendix I to this prospectus.

FACTORS AFFECTING OUR RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Our financial condition and results of operations have been and will continue to be affected by a number of factors, including those factors set out in the section headed “Risk factors” in this prospectus. In particular:

Reliance on our top five customers

Our revenue from the top five customers, attributed to approximately 35.9%, 41.0%, and 46.1% of our total revenue for each of the three years ended 31 March 2016, 31 March 2017 and 31 March 2018, respectively. Any material change in the amount of trading from these customers will directly impact on the amount of commission income (our key revenue stream) our Group is able to generate for the relevant financial period. As these customers do not have any binding long-term commitments with our Group, there is no guarantee that these customers will not terminate their relationship with us or materially decrease, or cease, trading of the derivatives. Our inability to compensate for loss of income from reduced trading activities from these customers may materially and adversely affect our results of operations and financial condition.

Our operating income is reliant to a material extent on investor outlook

Our Group is currently reliant on a single source of income, which is the commission fees for our derivatives brokerage services provided to our customers. The amount of commission fees our Group is able to generate for any particular financial period is directly affected by a number of factors, including trading volume, the financial condition, investment appetite and preference of our customers, which may in turn be affected by the market outlook based on prevailing conditions of the economy and/or market as well as other matters (such as fluctuations in interest rates) beyond our control.

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Any general consensus and/or preference among our customers not to trade in some or all derivatives contracts typically traded by them will reduce our revenue and our results of operations and may materially and adversely affect our financial condition.

Our business depends on the continuing efforts of our Directors and key senior management

Our business depends on the continued services of our Directors and key senior management. Our Directors, together with the support of our senior management team, are principally responsible for managing our business development and daily operations. In particular, the experience and customer networks contributed by our key senior management have played a crucial role in building our success and reputation. Therefore, our success is, to a significant extent, attributable to our Directors and senior management team. For further detail, please refer to the section headed “Risk factors” in this prospectus.

Our derivatives brokerage services are dependent on our ability to accurately execute and monitor a larger number of transactions, which involves complicated operational procedures and requires stable performance of our trading system. There is no assurance that our Group will not experience any human errors in processing our customers’ instructions, such as input of incorrect derivatives name, quantity of the transaction or incorrect buy/sell order, or incorrect input of customers’ account number. Upon discovery of any error trades, our Group would take immediate actions to close our error trading positions and recognise gain or losses from such error trades, if any. During the Track Record Period, there was a material trading error that resulted in an aggregate loss of approximately HK\$1.8 million. Our Directors confirmed during the Track Record Period and up to the Latest Practicable Date, our Group was not subject to any regulatory fines or penalties as a result of the error trades. For details of our error trade incidents, please refer to the paragraph headed “Internal control — Error trade” under the section headed “Business” in this prospectus.

Our Group is highly regulated and susceptible to changes in laws, rules and regulations governing the futures industry

Our derivatives brokerage operations constitute licensed activities which are highly regulated in Hong Kong. Our ability to carry out regulated activities will depend on our ability to comply with various ongoing requirements prescribed by regulators in Hong Kong, and any failure to do so may expose us to regulatory scrutiny (including inspections and investigations) as well as possible sanctions, disciplinary actions, proceedings and will risk our licence being suspended or revoked, which may subsequently affect our operations, integrity and reputation.

Further, any change in the laws, rules and regulations governing the future industry may increase our cost of compliance, restrict our existing business activities and adversely affect our business prospects and results of operations.

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Our Group is subject to competition in the derivative brokerage industry

According to the Industry Report, as of June 2018, there were a total of 9 General Clearing Participants, 160 Clearing Participants, and 22 non-clearing participants on the HKFE with a type 2 licenses issued by the SFC, of which 15 of them were providing broking services to external parties on derivative contracts. The rest of the corporations either were only engaged in proprietary trading or had ceased providing broking services. De Riva ranked seventh in terms of total commission revenue generated in 2016 among all non-clearing participants in Hong Kong.

There is no assurance that our Group would be able to effectively and successfully compete with our competitors in terms of, among other things, pricing, resources, technological innovation and quality of services. If our Group fails to maintain our competitive strengths, our Group may lose market share which could materially and adversely affect our results of operations and prospects.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ESTIMATES

The combined financial statements have been prepared in accordance with all applicable HKFRSs which collective term includes all applicable individual Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards, Hong Kong Accounting Standards (HKASs) and Interpretations issued by HKICPA.

The measurement basis used in the preparation of the combined financial statements is the historical cost basis except that financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss are designated at fair value.

The preparation of combined financial statements in conformity with HKFRSs requires us to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Some of the accounting policies require us to make difficult and subjective judgments, often as a result of the need to make estimate of matters that are inherently uncertain. When reviewing our financial information contained herein, you should consider (i) our selection of critical accounting policies; (ii) the judgment and assumptions affecting the application of such policies; and (iii) the sensitivity of reported results to changes in conditions and assumptions.

The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other various factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis of making the judgments about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revisions affects both current and future periods.

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, and represents the amounts receivable for services provided in the normal course of business. Revenue is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to our Group and when revenue can be measured reliably, on the following basis:

- commission income is recognised when the services are rendered; and
- interest income, on an accrual basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Key source of estimation uncertainty

Impairment loss on trade receivables

The policy for making impairment loss on trade receivables of our Group is based on the evaluation of collectability and ageing analysis of accounts and on management's judgement. A considerable amount of judgement is required in assessing the ultimate realisation of these receivables, including the current creditworthiness and the past collection history of each debtor. If the financial conditions of debtors of our Group were to deteriorate, resulting in an impairment of their ability to make payments, additional impairment loss may be required. As at 31 March 2016, 2017 and 2018, the carrying amounts of the trade receivables were approximately HK\$15.6 million, HK\$15.4 million and HK\$21.2 million respectively. No impairment allowance had been recognised during the Track Record Period.

RESULTS OF OPERATION

The following table sets forth our combined statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income and other financial information for each of the three years ended 31 March 2016, 31 March 2017 and 31 March 2018 respectively, as derived from the Accountants' Report set out in Appendix I to this prospectus.

Operating results in any historical period may not be indicative of the results that may be expected in any future period.

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Combined statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income

	For the year ended 31 March		
	2016	2017	2018
	<i>HK\$'000</i>	<i>HK\$'000</i>	<i>HK\$'000</i>
Revenue	60,206	59,752	76,759
Other income and gains, net	66	8	455
Total revenue and other income	60,272	59,760	77,214
Depreciation	(315)	(200)	(151)
Staff costs	(28,691)	(27,553)	(41,974)
Listing expenses	–	–	(10,610)
Other operating expenses	(15,119)	(17,778)	(16,641)
Finance costs	–	(7)	(38)
Profit before tax	16,147	14,222	7,800
Income tax expense	(2,656)	(2,365)	(3,022)
Profit and total comprehensive income for the year attributable to the owners of the Company	13,491	11,857	4,778
Earnings per share	N/A	N/A	N/A

DESCRIPTION AND ANALYSIS OF PRINCIPAL ITEMS FOR THE COMBINED STATEMENTS OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

Revenue

Our Group provides interdealers brokerage services of derivatives through our wholly-owned subsidiary De Riva. During the Track Record Period, our Group derived our revenue all from commission income received from our customers for providing brokerage services on derivative contracts by various execution channels. There were three principal execution channels involved in trade and various products, namely (i) HKEx; (ii) SGX; and (iii) OTC.

During the Track Record Period, our Group covered mainly index futures and options, single stock options and delta one products for our HKEx segment. Our SGX segment covered mainly futures traded on SGX. Our OTC segment covered a wide range of different equity derivatives, mainly single stock options and delta one products.

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The following table sets forth our revenue breakdown during the Track Record Period:

	For the year ended 31 March					
	2016		2017		2018	
	<i>HK\$'000</i>	%	<i>HK\$'000</i>	%	<i>HK\$'000</i>	%
HKEx	50,882	84.5	46,681	78.1	64,033	83.4
SGX	7,356	12.2	11,657	19.5	8,016	10.5
OTC	1,968	3.3	1,414	2.4	4,710	6.1
	<hr/>		<hr/>		<hr/>	
Total	<u>60,206</u>	<u>100.0</u>	<u>59,752</u>	<u>100.0</u>	<u>76,759</u>	<u>100.0</u>

The following sensitivity analysis illustrates the impact of hypothetical fluctuations in our Group's revenue which are all commission income on our Group's profits during the Track Record Period. The hypothetical fluctuation rates are set at 5% and 10% with reference to the revenue fluctuation during the Track Record Period, which are considered reasonable for the purpose of this sensitivity analysis:

Hypothetical fluctuations in revenue

	+5%	+10%	-5%	-10%
	<i>HK\$'000</i>	<i>HK\$'000</i>	<i>HK\$'000</i>	<i>HK\$'000</i>
Change in profit before tax				
Year ended 31 March 2016	3,010	6,021	(3,010)	(6,021)
Year ended 31 March 2017	2,988	5,975	(2,988)	(5,975)
Year ended 31 March 2018	3,838	7,676	(3,838)	(7,676)
Change in profit after tax				
Year ended 31 March 2016	2,513	5,028	(2,513)	(5,028)
Year ended 31 March 2017	2,495	4,989	(2,495)	(4,989)
Year ended 31 March 2018	3,205	6,409	(3,205)	(6,409)

Staff costs

Staff costs mainly comprise of salaries, which accounted for approximately 98.5%, 98.6% and 98.5% of our total staff costs for each of the three years ended 31 March 2016, 31 March 2017 and 31 March 2018, respectively.

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The following is a breakdown of our staff costs during the Track Record Period:

	For the year ended 31 March					
	2016		2017		2018	
	<i>HK\$'000</i>	%	<i>HK\$'000</i>	%	<i>HK\$'000</i>	%
Salaries	28,267	98.5	27,169	98.6	41,356	98.5
Provident fund contribution	317	1.1	327	1.2	337	0.8
Other allowance	107	0.4	57	0.2	281	0.7
	<u>28,691</u>	<u>100.0</u>	<u>27,553</u>	<u>100.0</u>	<u>41,974</u>	<u>100.0</u>

The following sensitivity analysis illustrates the impact of hypothetical fluctuations in our Group's staff costs on our Group's profits during the Track Record Period. The hypothetical fluctuation rates are set at 5% and 10% with reference to the CAGR of approximately 4.3% of the medium monthly wage of financial and insurance in Hong Kong from 2012 to 2016 according to the Industry Report, which are considered reasonable for the purpose of this sensitivity analysis:

Hypothetical fluctuations in staff costs	+5%	+10%	-5%	-10%
	<i>HK\$'000</i>	<i>HK\$'000</i>	<i>HK\$'000</i>	<i>HK\$'000</i>
Change in profit before tax				
Year ended 31 March 2016	(1,435)	(2,869)	1,435	2,869
Year ended 31 March 2017	(1,378)	(2,755)	1,378	2,755
Year ended 31 March 2018	(2,099)	(4,197)	2,099	4,197
Change in profit after tax				
Year ended 31 March 2016	(1,198)	(2,396)	1,198	2,396
Year ended 31 March 2017	(1,151)	(2,300)	1,151	2,300
Year ended 31 March 2018	(1,753)	(3,504)	1,753	3,504

Other operating expenses

Other operating expenses primarily comprised of:

- (i) clearing fees, which represent the fee charged by execution brokers and clearing brokers on the execution and settlement of derivative trades;
- (ii) error and facilitation expenses, which represent the error trades and facilitation paid in order to complete trading orders;
- (iii) information system expenses, which represent the fee charged by service providers on providing real time financial information, telecommunication and other information system services to our Group;

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

- (iv) marketing expenses, which mainly represent the out-of-pocket expenses incurred by our staff in social events for building and maintaining customer relationships;
- (v) office rent, which represent the rental expenses for our Group's office premises;
- (vi) exchange fees, which represent the fees charged by relevant exchanges;
- (vii) insurance, which mainly represents the premium of the insurance policies paid by our Group; and
- (viii) others, which mainly include office administration costs incurred for daily operation and other sundry expenses.

The following table sets out our other operating expenses during the Track Record Period:

	For the year ended 31 March					
	2016		2017		2018	
	<i>HK\$'000</i>	%	<i>HK\$'000</i>	%	<i>HK\$'000</i>	%
Clearing fees – Clearing brokers	3,653	24.1	3,866	21.7	3,586	21.5
Clearing fees – Execution brokers	1,810	12.0	2,558	14.4	1,852	11.1
Error and facilitation expenses	2,826	18.7	3,363	18.9	2,146	12.9
Information system expenses	2,234	14.8	2,443	13.7	2,428	14.6
Marketing expenses	1,355	9.0	2,065	11.6	2,292	13.8
Office rent	881	5.8	905	5.1	1,116	6.7
Exchange fees	495	3.3	547	3.1	445	2.7
Insurance	388	2.6	398	2.2	578	3.5
Others	1,477	9.7	1,633	9.3	2,198	13.2
	<u>15,119</u>	<u>100.0</u>	<u>17,778</u>	<u>100.0</u>	<u>16,641</u>	<u>100.0</u>

Taxation

Taxation represents income tax payable by us, at the applicable tax rates in accordance with the relevant laws and regulations in each tax jurisdiction our Group operates or domiciles. Our Group had no tax payable in other jurisdictions other than Hong Kong during the Track Record Period. Our operations in Hong Kong are subject to a statutory profit tax rate of 16.5% on the estimated assessable profit.

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The following table sets forth a breakdown of our Group's income tax expense during the Track Record Period:

	For the year ended 31 March		
	2016	2017	2018
	<i>HK\$'000</i>	<i>HK\$000</i>	<i>HK\$000</i>
Current tax:			
Hong Kong	2,696	2,385	3,052
Over provision in prior year	(20)	–	–
Tax exemption for the year	(20)	(20)	(30)
	<u>2,656</u>	<u>2,365</u>	<u>3,022</u>

Our Group's effective tax rate, calculated as our taxation for the corresponding year divided by our profit before taxation for the year excluding listing expenses, was approximately 16.4%, 16.6%, and 16.4% for each of the three years ended 31 March 2016, 31 March 2017 and 31 March 2018, respectively.

	For the year ended 31 March		
	2016	2017	2018
	<i>HK\$'000</i>	<i>HK\$000</i>	<i>HK\$000</i>
Profit before tax	<u>16,147</u>	<u>14,222</u>	<u>7,800</u>
Tax at domestic income tax rate of 16.5%	2,664	2,347	1,287
Tax effect of expenses not deductible	–	22	1,756
Tax effect of income not taxable	–*	–*	–*
Tax effect of temporary difference not recognised	32	16	9
Tax effect of tax exemption granted	(20)	(20)	(30)
Overprovision in prior year	(20)	–	–
	<u>2,656</u>	<u>2,365</u>	<u>3,022</u>

* The balance represents an amount less than HK\$500.

No provision for deferred taxation has been recognised in the financial statements as the amount involved is insignificant.

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COMPARISON OF RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Year ended 31 March 2017 compared with year ended 31 March 2016

Revenue

Our total revenue decreased by approximately 0.7% from approximately HK\$60.2 million for the year ended 31 March 2016 to approximately HK\$59.8 million for the year ended 31 March 2017. The decrease in revenue was mainly due to the decrease in revenue for the HKEx segment and OTC segment and partly offset by the increase in revenue from the SGX segment.

HKEx

Our commission income derived from the HKEx segment decreased by approximately 8.3% from approximately HK\$50.9 million for the year ended 31 March 2016 to approximately HK\$46.7 million for the year ended 31 March 2017. The decrease was mainly driven by the decrease in revenue from Customer A and another customer.

The revenue from Customer A dropped from approximately HK\$4.3 million for the year ended 31 March 2016 to approximately HK\$3.0 million for the year ended 31 March 2017. The drop in revenue from Customer A was mainly due to a drop in commission rate since May 2016 as to accommodate the request by Customer A for a better commission rate from 0.4 bps to 0.3 bps since May 2016. The revenue from another customer dropped from approximately HK\$3.3 million for the year ended 31 March 2016 to approximately HK\$1.4 million for the year ended 31 March 2017. The revenue drop from another customer was mainly due to a drop in trading volume of such customer from approximately 304,000 contracts to approximately 137,000 contracts from the year ended 31 March 2016 to 31 March 2017 with consistent commission rate from the year ended 31 March 2016 to the year ended 31 March 2017 which was due to a lower risk appetite of this customer in the year ended 31 March 2017.

SGX

Our SGX segment revenue increased by approximately 58.1% from approximately HK\$7.4 million to approximately HK\$11.7 million between each of the two years ended 31 March 2016 and 31 March 2017, representing approximately 12.2% and 19.5% of the total revenue for each of the two years ended 31 March 2016 and 31 March 2017 respectively.

The substantial revenue increase was mainly driven by the increase in trading volume for the period. From the year ended 31 March 2016 to the year ended 31 March 2017, the number of futures contracts executed on the SGX by De Riva through execution brokers increased by approximately 61.5% from approximately 1.3 million contracts to 2.1 million contracts. The increase was mainly due to the increase in trading volume from Customer F from approximately 74 thousand contracts for the year ended 31 March 2016 to approximately 303 thousand contracts for the year ended 31 March 2017, which was due to the increase in trading of SGX FTSE China A50 Futures. The revenue contributed by Customer F increased from approximately HK\$0.6 million for the year ended 31 March 2016 to approximately HK\$2.4 million for the year ended 31 March 2017.

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OTC

Our OTC segment revenue decreased by approximately 30.0% from approximately HK\$2.0 million to approximately HK\$1.4 million between each of the two years ended 31 March 2016 to 31 March 2017. The decrease was attributable to the decrease in number of customers from 21 customers for the year ended 31 March 2016 to 18 customers for the year ended 31 March 2017. The decrease in the number of customers was mainly due to the cessation of our OTC commodities derivatives services since the year ended 31 March 2016. For further details, please refer to the paragraph headed “Our business” in the section headed “Business” in this prospectus.

Staff costs

Salaries

Our salaries decreased from approximately HK\$28.3 million for the year ended 31 March 2016 to approximately HK\$27.2 million for the year ended 31 March 2017. The decrease was mainly due to the resignation of a senior licensed broker in August 2016 adjusted by the general increase in salaries of staff.

Provident fund contribution

For each of the two years ended 31 March 2016 and 31 March 2017, our provident fund contribution was approximately HK\$0.3 million and HK\$0.3 million, respectively. The contribution remained consistent over the Track Record Period.

Other allowance

Other allowance included miscellaneous expenses such as reimbursement of office expenses paid by our staff. Our other allowance decreased from approximately HK\$107 thousand for the year ended 31 March 2016 to approximately HK\$57 thousand for the year ended 31 March 2017. It was mainly due to less amount spent for staff function.

Other operating expenses

Our other operating expenses increased from approximately HK\$15.1 million for the year ended 31 March 2016 to approximately HK\$17.8 million for the year ended 31 March 2017. The increase was mainly due to the increase in clearing fees, error and facilitation expenses and marketing expenses.

Clearing fees

Our Group recorded an increase in clearing fee from approximately HK\$5.5 million for the year ended 31 March 2016 to approximately HK\$6.4 million for the year ended 31 March 2017. The increase was mainly due to the addition of Service Provider B, which charged approximately HK\$1.6 million clearing fees for the year ended 31 March 2017, and the increase of fees charged by Service Provider C of approximately HK\$0.7 million adjusted by the decrease of fees charged by Service Provider A of approximately HK\$1.4

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million for the year ended 31 March 2017. The introduction of Service Provider B to replace Service Provider A was due to better term offered by Service Provider B. The increase of charges by Service Provider C was mainly associated with the increase in trading volume of SGX products.

Error and facilitation expenses

Our error and facilitation expenses increased from approximately HK\$2.8 million for the year ended 31 March 2016 to approximately HK\$3.4 million for the year ended 31 March 2017. The increase was mainly due to the error trade occurred as at the end of March 2016 which led to the recognition of non-recurring expenses of approximately HK\$0.7 million for the year ended 31 March 2016 and approximately HK\$1.1 million for the year ended 31 March 2017.

During the Track Record Period, our Group identified one material error trade amounted to approximately HK\$1.8 million. De Riva received a trade order in March 2016 and the trade order was executed by our execution broker right before a long public holiday. Since our licensed brokers rebooted the trading system over the holiday and failed to check the executions executed by the execution broker after the holiday, they failed to confirm our customer the executions of the trading order. Our clearing broker also delayed to notify us and therefore our customer refused to accept the late allocation order. De Riva subsequently had to settle the trade order under our own account in March 2016 and April 2016 which led to a material loss.

Information system expenses

Our information system expenses increased from approximately HK\$2.2 million for the year ended 31 March 2016 to approximately HK\$2.4 million for the year ended 31 March 2017. The increase was mainly due to the increase in the fees paid to the largest information system service provider. Our information system expenses to Service Provider F increased from approximately HK\$1.7 million for the year ended 31 March 2016 to approximately HK\$1.9 million for the year ended 31 March 2017. The increase was mainly due to the increase in the usage of the information system for the corresponding period.

Marketing expenses

Our marketing expenses increased from approximately HK\$1.4 million for the year ended 31 March 2016 to approximately HK\$2.1 million for the year ended 31 March 2017. The increase was mainly due to the increase in expenses for social events for building and maintaining customer relationships.

Office rent

Our office rent for each of the years ended 31 March 2016 and 31 March 2017 was approximately HK\$0.9 million and HK\$0.9 million, respectively. Our office rent remained consistent as our Group paid for the same office throughout the corresponding year.

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Exchange fees

For each of the two years ended 31 March 2016 and 31 March 2017, our exchange fee was approximately HK\$0.5 million and HK\$0.5 million, respectively. The charges remained consistent over the corresponding year.

Insurance

For each of the two years ended 31 March 2016 and 31 March 2017, our insurance charges were approximately HK\$0.4 million and HK\$0.4 million, respectively. The charges remained consistent over the Track Record Period.

Others

Our other expenses remained consistent for the years ended 31 March 2016 and 31 March 2017 at approximately HK\$1.5 million and HK\$1.6 million.

Taxation

For each of the two years ended 31 March 2016 and 31 March 2017, the effective tax rate of approximately 16.4% and 16.6% respectively was close to the profit tax rate of 16.5% in Hong Kong.

Profit for the year

As a result of the foregoing, our profit for the period decreased by approximately HK\$1.6 million or 11.9% from approximately HK\$13.5 million for the year ended 31 March 2016 to approximately HK\$11.9 million for the year ended 31 March 2017. Our net profit margin was approximately 22.4% and 19.8% for each of the years ended 31 March 2016 and 31 March 2017 respectively, which is primarily due to the increase in clearing fees and error and facilitation expenses. The clearing fees increased from approximately HK\$5.5 million for the year ended 31 March 2016 to HK\$6.4 million for the year ended 31 March 2017. The error and facilitation expenses increased from approximately HK\$2.8 million for the year ended 31 March 2016 to HK\$3.4 million for the year ended 31 March 2017. Together with the slight decrease in revenue from approximately HK\$60.2 million for the year ended 31 March 2016 to approximately HK\$59.8 million for the year ended 31 March 2017, the combined effect of the abovementioned items led to the decrease in our net profit.

Year ended 31 March 2018 compared with year ended 31 March 2017

Revenue

Our total revenue increased by approximately 28.5% from approximately HK\$59.8 million for the year ended 31 March 2017 to approximately HK\$76.8 million for the year ended 31 March 2018. The increase in revenue was mainly due to the increase in revenue from the HKEx segment and the OTC segment offset by the decrease in the SGX segment.

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HKEx

Our commission income derived from our HKEx segment increased by approximately 37.0% from approximately HK\$46.7 million for the year ended 31 March 2017 to approximately HK\$64.0 million for the year ended 31 March 2018. The increase was driven by the increase in trading volume of single stock option for the year ended 31 March 2018.

The increase in revenue attributable from single stock option was mainly driven by the increase in trading activities for a single stock during the year ended 31 March 2018 as a result of its strong price fluctuation during the period, while the commission rate of our single stock options remained stable for the two years ended 31 March 2017 and 2018. According to the Stock Exchange, the total trading volume of the single stock increased from approximately 4.0 billion from April 2016 to March 2017 to approximately 6.1 billion from April 2017 to March 2018. The revenue attributable to our single stock option from that particular stock was approximately HK\$1.4 million and HK\$8.7 million for the two years ended 31 March 2017 and 31 March 2018 respectively. With the increase in the trading volume of the single stock, the interest of our customers in that single stock increased and the trading volume of our single stock options associated with that single stock followed along and increased with our customers' interest. With the increase in liquidity of that particular stock and hence increase in trading volume and commission received by our Group, the revenue from the HKEx segment increased for the corresponding period.

SGX

Revenue from the SGX segment decreased by approximately 31.6% from approximately HK\$11.7 million for the year ended 31 March 2017 to approximately HK\$8.0 million for the year ended 31 March 2018.

The decrease in revenue was mainly driven by the decrease in trading volume for the period. From the year ended 31 March 2017 to the year ended 31 March 2018, the number of futures contracts executed on SGX by De Riva through execution brokers decreased by approximately 28.6% from approximately 2.1 million contracts to 1.5 million contracts. The decrease was mainly due to the decrease in trading volume from Customer F from approximately 303 thousand contracts for the year ended 31 March 2017 to approximately 16 thousand contracts for the year ended 31 March 2018. To the best knowledge of the Directors, the drop was attributable to the decrease in trading of SGX FTSE China A50 Futures which was attributable to the downsize of Customer F in SGX segment. The revenue contributed by Customer F dropped from approximately HK\$2.4 million for the year ended 31 March 2017 to approximately HK\$70 thousands for the year ended 31 March 2018.

OTC

Our revenue from the OTC segment increased by approximately 235.7% from approximately HK\$1.4 million for the year ended 31 March 2017 to approximately HK\$4.7 million for the year ended 31 March 2018. The increase was attributable to the increase in

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number of customers from 18 for the year ended 31 March 2017 to 27 for the year ended 31 March 2018. To be best knowledge of the Directors, the increase in number of customers participated in OTC segment was due to the internal risk policy of customers in trading HKEx futures and hence executed trades through OTC segment.

Staff costs

Salaries

Our salaries increased from approximately HK\$27.2 million for the year ended 31 March 2017 to approximately HK\$41.4 million for the year ended 31 March 2018. The increase was primarily attributable to the recruitment of an executive Director in June 2017 and a senior licensed broker in October 2017. The increase in salaries was also attributable to the increase in revenue and hence bonus paid to licensed brokers.

Provident fund contribution

For the two years ended 31 March 2017 and 31 March 2018, our provident fund contribution was approximately HK\$0.3 million and HK\$0.3 million, respectively. The contribution remained consistent over the corresponding year.

Other allowance

Other allowance increased from approximately HK\$57 thousand to approximately HK\$281 thousand for the two years ended 31 March 2017 and 31 March 2018. The increase was mainly attributable to recruitment cost incurred for recruitment of licensed brokers.

Other operating expenses

Our other operating expenses decreased from approximately HK\$17.8 million for the year ended 31 March 2017 to approximately HK\$16.6 million for the year ended 31 March 2018. The decrease was mainly due to the decrease in clearing fees and errors and facilitation expenses for the year ended 31 March 2018.

Clearing fees

Our clearing fees decreased from approximately HK\$6.4 million for the year ended 31 March 2017 to approximately HK\$5.4 million for the year ended 31 March 2018. The decrease was attributable to replacement of Service Provider A by Service Provider B as Service Provider A charged our Group at a higher rate than Service Provider B.

Error and facilitation expenses

Our error and facilitation expenses decreased from approximately HK\$3.4 million for the year ended 31 March 2017 to approximately HK\$2.1 million for the year ended 31 March 2018. The decrease was mainly attributable to the recognition of approximately HK\$1.1 million non-recurring error trade for the year ended 31 March 2017, which was absented for the year ended 31 March 2018.

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Information system expenses

Our information system expenses slightly decreased by approximately HK\$15 thousand from the year ended 31 March 2017 to the year ended 31 March 2018, which remained stable during the year.

Marketing expenses

Our marketing expenses slightly increased from approximately HK\$2.1 million for the year ended 31 March 2017 to approximately HK\$2.3 million for the year ended 31 March 2018, which remained stable during the year.

Office rent

Our office rent for the year ended 31 March 2017 and 31 March 2018 was approximately HK\$0.9 million and HK\$1.1 million, respectively. Our office rent slightly increased as our Group entered into a new tenancy agreement in March 2018 while the previous office remained in use for the year ended 31 March 2018.

Exchange fees

For the year ended 31 March 2017 and 31 March 2018, our exchange fee was approximately HK\$0.5 million and HK\$0.4 million, respectively. The charges remained consistent over the corresponding year.

Insurance

For the year ended 31 March 2017 and 31 March 2018, our insurance charges were approximately HK\$0.4 million and HK\$0.6 million, respectively, which was mainly due to revised premium rate of our medical insurance and the increase in our number of staff from 23 to 25 for the two years ended 31 March 2017 and 31 March 2018.

Others

Our other expenses increased from approximately HK\$1.6 million for the year ended 31 March 2017 to approximately HK\$2.2 million for the year ended 31 March 2018. The increase was mainly due to the upgrading of our voice recording system.

Taxation

For the year 31 March 2018, the effective tax rate of approximately 16.4% (excluding listing expenses) was close to the profit tax rate of 16.5% in Hong Kong.

Profit for the year

Our Group recorded profit of approximately HK\$4.8 million for year ended 31 March 2018, as opposite to a profit of approximately HK\$11.9 million for the year ended 31 March 2017, which was mainly due to the recognition of non-recurring listing expenses of

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approximately HK\$10.6 million for the year ended 31 March 2018 (compared to nil for the year ended 31 March 2017). If the non-recurring listing expenses of approximately HK\$10.6 million were excluded, our profit for the year ended 31 March 2018 would be approximately HK\$15.4 million (being higher than the profit of approximately HK\$11.9 million for the year ended 31 March 2017), mainly due to the increase in revenue during the corresponding year as discussed above and our net profit margin would be approximately 20.0% (similar with the net profit margin of approximately 19.8% for the year ended 31 March 2017).

Continuing development and growth of revenues of our Group between 2014 and 2018

Our Group's business continued to develop and grow as shown in the table below:

For the year ended 31 March	Revenue of our Group <i>HK'million</i>
2014	23.3
2015	31.5
2016	60.2
2017	59.8
2018	76.8

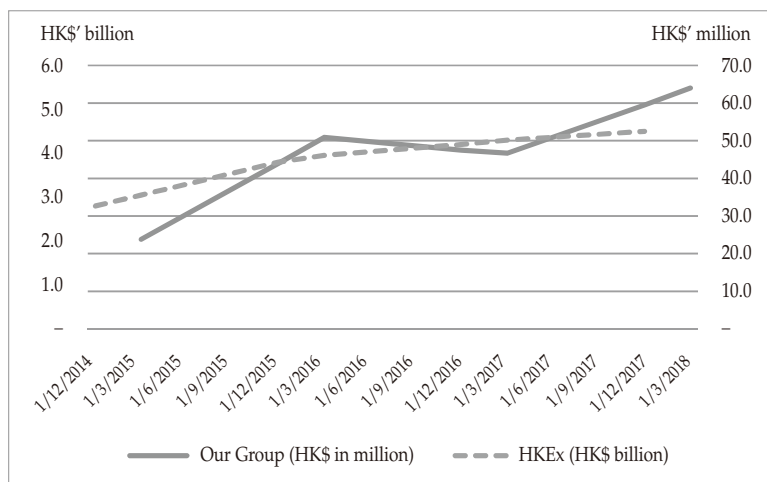
In particular:

- (i) as shown by the table above, the total revenues of our Group have continued to grow from the year ended 31 March 2014 to the year ended 31 March 2018 with a CAGR of approximately 26.9%; and
- (ii) the range of products which were made available by our Group continued to grow over the years, from initially focusing on HKEx brokerage services to introducing SGX brokerage services in 2013, when Mr. Choi, Mr. Lee, Mr. Fung, and Mr. Ng joined De Riva, which is attributable to approximately 12.2%, 19.5% and 10.5% of our total revenue for each of the three years ended 31 March 2016, 31 March 2017 and 31 March 2018 respectively.

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The following tables show that there is somewhat of a correlation between the total amount of brokerage fees generated by HKEx brokerage service of our Group with the total amount of brokerage fees generated from derivatives broking activities in Hong Kong.

Brokerage fees generated by our Group v.s. total amount of brokerage fees from derivatives broking activities, Hong Kong



Source: CIC

The brokerage fees of our Group generated from the HKEx segment increased from approximately HK\$23.8 million for the year ended 31 March 2015 to approximately HK\$64.0 million for the year ended 31 March 2018 at a CAGR of approximately 28.1%. The total amount of brokerage fees generated from Hong Kong derivatives broking activities increased from approximately HK\$2.8 billion for 2014 to approximately HK\$4.5 billion for 2017 at a CAGR of approximately 12.6%. The higher CAGR of brokerage fees of our Group generated from HKEx segment of approximately 28.1% than the CAGR total amount of brokerage fees from derivatives brokerage activities in Hong Kong of approximately 12.6% was mainly due to the growth in business activities of our Group driven by the joining of Mr. Choi, Mr. Lee, Mr. Fung and Mr. Ng in De Riva as senior management in 2013, including the onboarding of new customers and the maintaining of the then existing customers of our Group.

From the year ended 31 March 2015 to the year ended 31 March 2016, our performance was in line with the overall performance of the market, i.e. increased from approximately HK\$2.8 billion in 2014 to approximately HK\$3.8 billion in 2015. Our revenue generated from HKEx segment increased from approximately HK\$23.8 million for the year ended 31 March 2015 to approximately HK\$50.9 million for the year ended 31 March 2016, as to the effort of our Directors and senior management in facilitating the information flow and the price discovery process during matching and/or executing and settling derivatives trade orders for our customers.

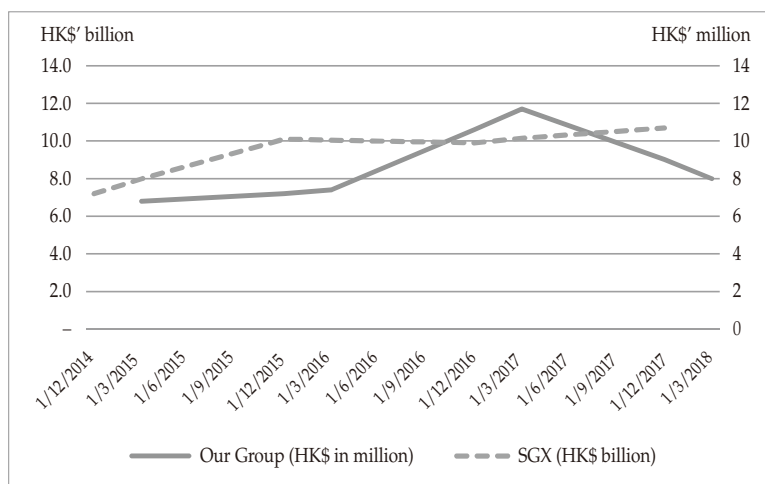
From the year ended 31 March 2016 to the year ended 31 March 2017, the brokerage fees generated by our Group from the HKEx segment declined from approximately

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HK\$50.9 million for the year ended 31 March 2016 to approximately HK\$46.7 million for the year ended 31 March 2017, while total brokerage fees generated from Hong Kong derivatives brokerage activities increased from approximately HK\$3.8 million in 2015 to approximately HK\$4.2 billion in 2016. For further details regarding the decline of our Group's HKEx segment revenue, please refer to paragraph headed "Comparison of results of operations — Revenue" in this section.

From the year ended 31 March 2017 to the year ended 31 March 2018, the brokerage fees generated by our Group from the HKEx segment increased from approximately HK\$46.7 million to approximately HK\$64.0 million, while total brokerage fees generated from Hong Kong derivatives brokerage activities increased from approximately HK\$4.1 billion in 2016 to approximately HK\$4.5 billion in 2017. For further details regarding the increase of our Group's HKEx segment revenue, please refer to paragraph headed "Comparison of results of operations — Revenue" in this section.

Brokerage fees generated by our Group v.s. total amount of brokerage fees from derivatives broking activities, Singapore



Source: CIC

The brokerage fees of our Group generated from the SGX segment increased from approximately HK\$6.8 million for the year ended 31 March 2015 to approximately HK\$11.7 million for the year ended 31 March 2017 at a CAGR of approximately 19.8%. The total amount of brokerage fees from Singapore derivatives broking activities increased from approximately HK\$7.2 billion in 2014 to approximately HK\$9.9 billion in 2016 at a CAGR of approximately 11.2%. The higher CAGR of brokerage fees of the Group generated from the SGX segment of approximately 19.8% than the CAGR total amount of brokerage fees from derivatives brokerage activities in Singapore of approximately 11.2% was mainly due to the growth in business activities of our Group driven by the joining of Mr. Choi, Mr. Lee, Mr. Fung and Mr. Ng in De Riva as senior management in 2013, including the onboarding of new customers and the maintaining of the then existing customers of the Group.

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From the year ended 31 March 2015 to the year ended 31 March 2016, the growth in revenue generated from the SGX segment by our Group from approximately HK\$6.8 million for the year ended 31 March 2015 to approximately HK\$7.4 million for the year ended 31 March 2016 was lower than the growth in revenue generated from derivative brokerage activities in Singapore market from approximately HK\$7.2 billion in 2014 to approximately HK\$10.1 billion in 2015. Our Directors believed that this was mainly due to our Group's focus on the HKEx segment during the period.

From the year ended 31 March 2016 to the year ended 31 March 2017, our Group sustained an increase in revenue generated from the SGX segment from approximately HK\$7.4 million for the year ended 31 March 2016 to approximately HK\$11.7 million for the year ended 31 March 2017, compared to a slight decrease in the brokerage fees of derivatives brokerage activities in Singapore from approximately HK\$10.1 billion in 2015 to approximately HK\$9.9 billion in 2016. The increase was mainly due to the increase in trading volume from Customer F from approximately 74 thousand contracts to approximately 303 thousand contracts which was due to the increase in trading volume of SGX FTSE China A50 Futures.

From the year ended 31 March 2017 to the year ended 31 March 2018, our Group's revenue generated from the SGX segment decreased from approximately HK\$11.7 million to approximately HK\$8.0 million, compared to the continuous increase in the brokerage fees of derivatives brokerage activities in Singapore from approximately HK\$9.9 billion in 2016 to approximately HK\$10.7 billion in 2017, mainly due to the decrease in number of futures contracts executed on SGX by De Riva. To the best knowledge of the Directors, the drop was attributable to the decrease in trading of SGX FTSE China A50 Futures which was attributable to the downsize of Customer F in SGX segment.

To minimise the impact from unpredictable decrease in commission rate of HKEx derivatives, it is the strategies of our Group to expand our product coverage to include OTC KOSPI, OTC Eurex MSCI derivatives. For further details, please refer to the paragraph headed "Our business strategies" in the section headed "Business" in this prospectus. Furthermore, our Directors believe that our Group's SGX products which covered mainly delta one products, including rolls on SGX FTSE China A50 Index Futures, MSCI Singapore Index Futures and MSCI Taiwan Index Futures remain attractive for customers of our Group, for details please refer to the paragraph headed "Derivatives brokerage market overview — Drivers of the derivatives brokerage market in Singapore" in the section headed "Industry overview" in this prospectus.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Cash flow analysis

During the Track Record Period, our Group financed our operations primarily through internally generated cash flows. Following the completion of the Share Offer, our Group expects its capital expenditure and working capital requirement to be funded principally through internally generated cash flows and the net proceeds from the Share Offer. Our Directors believe that in the long term, our Group's operations will be funded by internally generated cash flows and, if necessary, additional equity financing or bank and other borrowings.

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The following table sets out our combined statements of cash flows for the three years ended 31 March 2016, 2017 and 2018, respectively, as derived from the Accountants' Report set out in Appendix I to this prospectus:

	For the year ended 31 March		
	2016	2017	2018
	<i>HK\$'000</i>	<i>HK\$'000</i>	<i>HK\$'000</i>
Operating cash flows before movements in working capital	16,462	14,427	7,988
Net cash from operating activities	4,524	10,234	4,028
Net cash used in investing activities	(559)	(41)	(1,618)
Net cash used in financing activities	(860)	–	(4,000)
	3,105	10,193	(1,590)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents			
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	8,895	12,000	22,193
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	12,000	22,193	20,603

Net cash from operating activities

Our Group derived our cash flow from operating activities primarily through commission fee received from brokerage service. Cash outflow from operating activities primarily comprises of increment in trade receivables, prepayments, deposits and other receivables and payment of other payables and accruals. Our net cash from operating activities reflects our profit before taxation, as adjusted for non-cash items, such as depreciation of property and equipment and the effects of changes in working capital items.

For the year ended 31 March 2016, our Group had net cash from operating activities of approximately HK\$4.5 million. This amount represents the operating cash flows before movements in working capital of approximately HK\$16.4 million, together with the increase in other payables and accruals of approximately HK\$3.0 million adjusted by the increase in trade receivables of approximately HK\$5.2 million, the increase in prepayments, deposits and other receivables of approximately HK\$8.4 million and profit tax paid of approximately HK\$1.3 million. The net working capital outflow was primarily attributable to the increase in trade receivables, prepayments, deposits and other receivables, partially adjusted by the increase in other payables and accruals.

For the year ended 31 March 2017, our Group had net cash from operating activities of approximately HK\$10.2 million. This amount represents the operating cash flows before movements in working capital of approximately HK\$14.4 million, together with the decrease in trade receivables of approximately HK\$0.1 million and the decrease in

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prepayments, deposits and other receivables of approximately HK\$1.4 million adjusted by the decrease in other payables and accruals of approximately HK\$1.0 million and profit tax paid of approximately HK\$4.7 million. The net working capital inflow was primarily attributable to the decrease in prepayments, deposits and other receivables, partially adjusted by the decrease in other payables and accruals.

For the year ended 31 March 2018, our Group had net cash from operating activities of approximately HK\$4.0 million. This amount represents the operating cash flows before movements in working capital of approximately HK\$8.0 million, together with the increase in other payables and accruals of approximately HK\$6.7 million adjusted by the increase in trade receivables of approximately HK\$5.8 million, the increase in prepayments, deposits and other receivables of approximately HK\$2.8 million and tax paid of approximately HK\$2.1 million. The net working capital outflow was primarily attributable to the increase trade receivables and prepayments, deposits and other receivables, partially adjusted by the increase in other payables and accruals.

Net cash used in investing activities

Our cash used in investing activities primarily comprises of purchase of property and equipment, intangible assets and deposits paid for acquisitions of property and equipment.

For the year ended 31 March 2016, our Group had net cash used in investing activities of approximately HK\$0.6 million. This amount primarily represents purchase of intangible assets of approximately HK\$0.5 million and purchase of property and equipment of approximately HK\$0.1 million.

For the year ended 31 March 2017, our Group had net cash used in investing activities of approximately HK\$41 thousand. This amount primarily represents purchase of property and equipment of approximately HK\$43 thousand adjusted by interest received of approximately HK\$2 thousand.

For the year ended 31 March 2018, our Group had net cash used in investing activities of approximately HK\$1.6 million. This amount primarily represents the deposit paid for acquisition of property and equipment of approximately HK\$1.5 million and the purchase of property and equipment of approximately HK\$89 thousand.

Net cash used in financing activities

Our cash from financing activities primarily comprises dividend payment.

For the year ended 31 March 2016, our Group had net cash used in financing activities of approximately HK\$0.9 million. This amount represents the dividend paid to the then shareholders of De Riva.

For the year ended 31 March 2017, our Group did not have financing activities.

For the year ended 31 March 2018, our Group had net cash used in financing activities of approximately HK\$4.0 million. This amount represents the dividend paid to the then shareholders of De Riva.

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DISCUSSION OF SELECTED COMBINED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION ITEMS

The following table sets forth the consolidated statements of financial positions as at 31 March 2016, 31 March 2017, and 31 March 2018, details of which are set out in the Accountants' Report in Appendix I to this prospectus.

	As at 31 March		
	2016 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2017 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2018 <i>HK\$'000</i>
Non-current assets			
Property and equipment	424	267	205
Deposits	–	–	567
Deposits paid for acquisitions of property and equipment	–	–	1,530
Intangible assets	1,000	1,000	1,000
	1,424	1,267	3,302
Current assets			
Trade receivables	15,571	15,445	21,211
Prepayments, deposits and other receivables	10,153	8,790	11,024
Tax recoverable	–	331	–
Cash and cash equivalents	12,000	22,193	21,361
	37,724	46,759	53,596
Current liabilities			
Other payables and accruals	6,241	5,257	11,956
Dividend payable	–	4,000	–
Tax payable	1,995	–	637
Bank overdrafts	–	–	758
	8,236	9,257	13,351
Net current assets	29,488	37,502	40,245
Net assets	30,912	38,769	43,547
Capital and reserves			
Share capital	6,800	6,800	6,800
Reserve	24,112	31,969	36,747
Total equity	30,912	38,769	43,547

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Property and equipment

Our property and equipment comprise mainly computer equipment used for brokerage trading and furniture, fixture, leasehold improvements and office equipment used for our office. The following table sets forth the carrying amount of our property and equipment as at the end of each year of the Track Record Period:

	As at 31 March		
	2016	2017	2018
	<i>HK\$'000</i>	<i>HK\$'000</i>	<i>HK\$'000</i>
Property and equipment			
Computer equipment	229	147	109
Furniture and fixtures	22	12	6
Leasehold improvements	125	80	79
Office equipment	48	28	11
	424	267	205
	424	267	205

The carrying amount of our property and equipment was approximately HK\$0.4 million, HK\$0.3 million, and HK\$0.2 million as at 31 March 2016, 31 March 2017, and 31 March 2018 respectively.

As at 31 March 2017, our property and equipment remained consistent as our Group did not purchase significant property and equipment during the year. The carrying amount dropped from approximately HK\$0.4 million as at 31 March 2016 to HK\$0.3 million as at 31 March 2017 mainly due to depreciation and amortization charged on the assets adjusted by purchase of office equipment.

As at 31 March 2018, our property and equipment remained consistent as our Group did not purchase significant property equipment during the period. The carrying amount remained at approximately HK\$0.2 million, mainly due to depreciation and amortization charged on the assets adjusted by the purchase of computer equipment and leasehold improvements.

Deposits paid for acquisitions of property and equipment

The carrying amount of approximately nil, nil and HK\$1.5 million as at 31 March 2016, 2017 and 2018 respectively were deposits for decoration of new office and acquisitions of property and equipment.

Intangible assets

The carrying amount HK\$1.0 million as at 31 March 2016, 2017 and 2018 were trading rights deposited at HKEx. Trading rights are intangible assets with indefinite useful lives carried at cost less any subsequent accumulated impairment loss. No impairment loss has been recognised during the Track Record Period.

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Trade receivables

Our trade receivables arose from business of dealing in the derivatives contracts during the Track Record Period.

Our balance of trade receivables remained consistent at approximately HK\$15.6 million and HK\$15.4 million as at 31 March 2016 and 2017, respectively. The balance increased to approximately HK\$21.2 million as at 31 March 2018. Despite the decrease of receivable from a customer from approximately HK\$2.5 million as at 31 March 2017 to approximately HK\$0.9 million as at 31 March 2018, the increase was generally in line with the growth in revenue.

Our Group generally allows credit period of 30 days to its trade receivables. Our trade receivables turnover days were approximately 78.5 days, 94.7 days, and 87.2 days as at 31 March 2016, 31 March 2017, and 31 March 2018 respectively, which are longer than the credit period of 30 days our Group granted to our customers, mainly due to the long internal procedure for the settlement of the commission payment of our customers. Given the majority of our customers are reputable and international investment banks, our Directors are of the view that the credit risks and default risks are low, and no bad debt was recorded during the Track Record Period. Before accepting any new customer, our Group will assess the potential customer's credit quality and determines its credit limits. Credit limits are made to customers with a satisfactory trustworthy credit history.

The following is an ageing analysis of trade receivables net of allowance for impairment presented based on the invoice date.

	As at 31 March		
	2016	2017	2018
	<i>HK\$'000</i>	<i>HK\$'000</i>	<i>HK\$'000</i>
Within 30 days	6,329	5,029	7,227
31–60 days	3,146	3,823	5,671
61–90 days	2,127	1,825	3,054
91–120 days	481	477	1,240
Over 120 days	3,488	4,291	4,019
	3,488	4,291	4,019
Total	15,571	15,445	21,211

As at the Latest Practicable Date, approximately HK\$17.3 million representing approximately 81.6% of our trade receivables outstanding as at 31 March 2018 have been settled. For trade receivables outstanding over 120 days as at 31 March 2018, approximately HK\$2.2 million representing approximately 55.0% have been settled up to the Latest Practicable Date. As abovementioned, given the majority of our customers are reputable and international investment banks and no bad debt was recorded during the Track Record Period, our Directors are of the view that the credit risks and default risks are low and the long outstanding balance could be recovered. During the Track Record Period, no material defaults were recorded by our customers.

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Included in our trade receivables balance are debtors with aggregate carrying amount of approximately HK\$9.2 million, HK\$10.4 million and HK\$14.0 million as at 31 March 2016, 31 March 2017 and 31 March 2018 respectively, which are past due as at the reporting date for which our Group has not provided for impairment loss. Our Group does not hold any collateral over these balances.

	As at 31 March		
	2016	2017	2018
	<i>HK\$'000</i>	<i>HK\$'000</i>	<i>HK\$'000</i>
Within 30 days	3,146	3,823	5,671
31–60 days	2,127	1,825	3,054
61–90 days	481	477	1,240
Over 90 days	3,488	4,291	4,019
Total	9,242	10,416	13,984

Trade receivables that were past due but not impaired related to a number of independent customers that have a track record with us. Based on past experience, our Group believes that no allowance for impairment is necessary in respect of these balances as there has not been a significant change in credit quality and the balances are still considered fully recoverable.

The table below sets forth our trade receivables turnover days during the Track Record Period:

	As at 31 March		
	2016	2017	2018
Trade receivables turnover days (<i>Note</i>)	78.5	94.7	87.2

Note: Trade payables turnover days is calculated by dividing the average opening and closing balances of the trade payable for the relevant year by revenue and then multiplied by the number of days in the relevant year.

Our trade receivables turnover days was 78.5 days, 94.7 days, and 87.2 days as at 31 March 2016, 31 March 2017, and 31 March 2018, respectively, the increase in trade receivables turnover days from approximately 78.5 days as at 31 March 2016 to approximately 94.7 days as at 31 March 2017 was mainly due to the slow processing in bill payment by customers. Our Group had actively followed up with customers on bill payment and no bad debt was recorded during the corresponding year.

Our trade receivables turnover days decreased to approximately 87.2 days as at 31 March 2018. It was mainly due to the early settlement of a customer's receivable from approximately HK\$2.5 million as at 31 March 2017 to approximately HK\$0.9 million as at 31 March 2018.

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Prepayments, deposits and other receivables

	As at 31 March		
	2016 HK\$'000	2017 HK\$'000	2018 HK\$'000
Prepayments	687	661	1,522
Deposits			
– Deposits placed in clearing brokers	9,058	7,717	9,083
– Rental deposits	277	303	888
– Others	128	109	91
	9,463	8,129	10,062
Other receivables	3	–	7
	10,153	8,790	11,591
Analysed as:			
Current	10,153	8,790	11,024
Non-current (rental deposit)	–	–	567
	10,153	8,790	11,591

The prepayments, deposits and other receivables decreased from approximately HK\$10.2 million as at 31 March 2016 to approximately HK\$8.8 million as at 31 March 2017. It was mainly attributable to the decrease in deposit with Service Provider D of approximately HK\$1.3 million as at 31 March 2017, which was due to the additional deposit placed to Service Provider D at the end of March 2016 for the one-off material error occurred in late March 2016.

The prepayments, deposits and other receivables increased to approximately HK\$11.6 million as at 31 March 2018. It was primarily due to the increase in prepayment of approximately HK\$0.9 million and the increase in deposits placed in a service provider of approximately HK\$2.0 million. The increase in prepayment was mainly due to increase in prepayment to professional advisers of approximately HK\$0.5 million and medical insurance of approximately HK\$0.2 million.

Other payables and accruals

	As at 31 March		
	2016 HK\$'000	2017 HK\$'000	2018 HK\$'000
Other payables	1,117	465	264
Accruals	5,124	4,792	11,692
	6,241	5,257	11,956
Total	6,241	5,257	11,956

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Our other payables and accruals decreased from approximately HK\$6.2 million as at 31 March 2016 to HK\$5.3 million as at 31 March 2017. The decrease was mainly driven by the decrease in other payables from approximately HK\$1.1 million as at 31 March 2016 to HK\$0.5 million as at 31 March 2017. The decrease in other payables was mainly due to decrease in advance payment from customers. The decrease in other payable and accruals was also driven by the decrease in accruals. The decrease in accruals was mainly due to the full settlement of all outstanding balance of Service Provider A during the year ended 31 March 2017.

Our other payables and accruals increased to approximately HK\$12.0 million as at 31 March 2018. The increase was mainly due to the increase in unpaid bonus of approximately HK\$4.1 million and the accrual of listing expenses of approximately HK\$2.7 million.

NET CURRENT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

The following table sets out our current assets and current liabilities as at the dates indicated:

	As at 31 March			As at 30 June
	2016	2017	2018	2018
	<i>HK\$'000</i>	<i>HK\$'000</i>	<i>HK\$'000</i>	<i>HK\$'000</i> (unaudited)
Current assets				
Trade receivables	15,571	15,445	21,211	17,178
Prepayments, deposits and other receivables	10,153	8,790	11,024	10,076
Tax recoverable	–	331	–	–
Cash and cash equivalents	<u>12,000</u>	<u>22,193</u>	<u>21,361</u>	<u>26,232</u>
	37,724	46,759	53,596	53,486
Current liabilities				
Other payables and accruals	6,241	5,257	11,956	11,339
Dividend payable	–	4,000	–	–
Tax payable	1,995	–	637	1,051
Bank overdrafts	<u>–</u>	<u>–</u>	<u>758</u>	<u>1,873</u>
	<u>8,236</u>	<u>9,257</u>	<u>13,351</u>	<u>14,263</u>
Net current assets	<u><u>29,488</u></u>	<u><u>37,502</u></u>	<u><u>40,245</u></u>	<u><u>39,223</u></u>

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As at 31 March 2017, our Group had net current assets of approximately HK\$37.5 million, compared with the net current assets of approximately HK\$29.5 million as at 31 March 2016, due of the increase in cash and cash equivalents from approximately HK\$12.0 million as at 31 March 2016 to approximately HK\$22.2 million as at 31 March 2017, which mainly was attributed to the increase in net cash from operating activities of our Group.

As at 31 March 2018, our Group had net current assets of approximately HK\$40.2 million, which was mainly due to the increase in prepayments, deposits and other receivables.

As at 30 June 2018, our Group had net current assets of approximately HK\$39.2 million, which remained stable compared to 31 March 2018.

CAPITAL EXPENDITURES

Our capital expenditures for the year ended 31 March 2016, 31 March 2017 and 31 March 2018, were approximately HK\$59 thousand, HK\$43 thousand, and HK\$89 thousand respectively. Our capital expenditures principally comprise expenditures for the purchase of computer equipment and addition of leasehold improvements.

	For the year ended 31 March		
	2016	2017	2018
	<i>HK\$'000</i>	<i>HK\$'000</i>	<i>HK\$'000</i>
– Acquisition of computer equipment	59	43	44
– Addition of leasehold improvements	–	–	45
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

OPERATING LEASE COMMITMENTS AND CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

At the end of each reporting period, our Group had commitments for futures minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases which fall due as follows:

	As at 31 March		
	2016	2017	2018
	<i>HK\$'000</i>	<i>HK\$'000</i>	<i>HK\$'000</i>
Within one year	604	962	2,007
In the second to fifth year inclusive	–	642	3,540
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

Operating lease payments represent rentals payable by our Group for its office premises. Leases are negotiated for an average of three years; and rentals are fixed.

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Save as disclosed above, our Group did not have any outstanding contractual and capital commitments as at the Latest Practicable Date.

INDEBTEDNESS

	As at 31 March			As at 30 June
	2016	2017	2018	2018
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
				(unaudited)
Current				
Bank overdrafts	–	–	758	1,873

As at 31 March 2016, 31 March 2017, 31 March 2018 and 30 June 2018, our Group had bank overdrafts of nil, nil, approximately HK\$0.8 million and HK\$1.9 million, respectively.

	As at 31 March			As at 30 June
	2016	2017	2018	2018
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Bank overdrafts	–	–	1% over the interest rate of the collateral deposit	1% over the interest rate of the collateral deposit

As at 31 March 2016, 31 March 2017, 31 March 2018 and 30 June 2018, our Group had unutilised banking facilities amounted to nil, nil, approximately HK\$0.2 million and HK\$2.1 million, respectively.

As confirmed by our Directors, our Group had not defaulted or delayed any payment, and/or breached any of the finance covenants of its banking facilities during the Track Record Period and up to the Latest Practicable Date.

Contingent liabilities

As at 31 March 2018 and up to the Latest Practicable Date, our Group did not have any guarantees or other material contingent liabilities.

Our Directors confirm that up to the Latest Practicable Date, there had been no material change in our contingent liabilities since 31 March 2018.

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Our Directors confirm that (i) there has not been any material change in our Group's indebtedness and contingent liabilities since 31 March 2018 and up to the Latest Practicable Date; and (ii) our Directors are not aware of any material defaults in payment of our Group's trade and non-trade payables during the Track Record Period and up to the Latest Practicable Date. Save as disclosed in the paragraph headed "Indebtedness" in this section, our Group did not have, at the close of business on 31 March 2018, any loan capital issued and outstanding or agreed to be issued, loans or other similar indebtedness, liabilities under acceptances or acceptance credits, debentures, mortgages, charges, hire purchase commitments, guarantees or other material contingent liabilities.

WORKING CAPITAL

Our Directors believe that after taking into account the financial resources available to our Group, including internally generated funds, available banking facilities and the estimated net proceeds from the Share Offer, our Group has sufficient working capital for our present working capital requirements for at least the next 12 months commencing from the date of this prospectus.

OFF-BALANCE SHEET TRANSACTIONS

As at the Latest Practicable Date, our Group did not have any material off-balance sheet arrangements (including any outstanding, off-balance sheet guarantees or foreign currency forward contracts) or contingencies (except as disclosed under the paragraph headed "Indebtedness — Contingent liabilities" in this section).

KEY FINANCIAL RATIOS

The following table sets out the key financial ratios of our Group during the Track Record Period as at the dates indicated:

	For the year ended/As at 31 March			
	2016	2017	2018	2018 (adjusted ⁽⁸⁾)
Profitability ratios				
Return on equity ⁽¹⁾	43.6%	30.6%	11.0%	35.3%
Return on total assets ⁽²⁾	34.5%	24.7%	8.4%	27.0%
Net profit margin ⁽³⁾	22.4%	19.8%	6.2%	20.0%
Liquidity ratio				
Current ratio ⁽⁴⁾	4.6 times	5.1 times	4.0 times	4.0 times
Capital adequacy ratios				
Interest coverage ⁽⁵⁾	N/A	2,032.7 times	206.3 times	485.5 times
Gearing ratio ⁽⁶⁾	N/A	N/A	1.7%	1.7%
Debt to equity ratio ⁽⁷⁾	Net cash	Net cash	Net cash	Net cash

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Notes:

1. The calculation of return on equity is based on profit for the year divided by total equity and multiplied by 100%.
2. The calculation of return on total assets is based on profit for the year divided by total assets and multiplied by 100%.
3. Net profit margin is calculated by the profit for the year divided by the revenue for the respective year.
4. The calculation of current ratio is based on current assets divided by current liabilities.
5. Interest coverage is based on profit before interest and tax divided by finance costs for the year.
6. The calculation of gearing ratio is based on the total loans and borrowings divided by total equity.
7. Debt to equity ratio is calculated by dividing net debt (total loans and borrowings net of cash and cash equivalents) by total equity at the end of the respective year and expressed as a percentage.
8. The ratios are calculated by adjusted net profit from the non-recurring listing expenses incurred for the respective year. Adjusted net profit for the year represents our profit for the year excluding listing expenses. Adjusted net profit is not a measure of performance under HKFRSs and accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong. The use of these non-HKFRSs measures has limitations as an analytical tool, and you should not consider it in isolation from, or as substitute for analysis of, our results of operations or financial condition as reported under HKFRSs.

Please refer to the paragraph headed “Factors affecting our results of operations” in this section for a discussion of the factors affecting our net profit margin during the Track Record Period.

Return on equity

Our return on equity decreased from approximately 43.6% for the year ended 31 March 2016 to approximately 30.6% for the year ended 31 March 2017. The decrease in return on equity was attributable to the decrease in net profit from approximately HK\$13.5 million for the year ended 31 March 2016 to approximately HK\$11.9 million for the year ended 31 March 2017, and the increase in total equity from approximately HK\$30.9 million as at 31 March 2016 to approximately HK\$38.8 million as at 31 March 2017.

Our return on equity for the year ended 31 March 2018 further decreased to approximately 11.0%. The adjusted return on equity for the year ended 31 March 2018 would be approximately 35.3% if listing expenses were excluded, an increase from 30.6% for the year ended 31 March 2017, mainly due to the increase in net profit (excluding the non-recurring listing expenses of approximately HK\$10.6 million) of HK\$15.4 million.

Return on total assets

Our return on total assets was approximately 34.5% and 24.7% for the two years ended 31 March 2016 and 2017 respectively. The return on total assets decreased mainly due to the significant increase in cash and cash equivalents of approximately HK\$12.0

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million as at 31 March 2016 to HK\$22.2 million as at 31 March 2017 and decrease in profit from approximately HK\$13.5 million for the year ended 31 March 2016 to approximately HK\$11.9 million for the year ended 31 March 2017.

Our return on assets for the year ended 31 March 2018 further decreased to approximately 8.4%. The adjusted return on assets for the year ended 31 March 2018 would be approximately 27.0% if listing expenses were excluded, an increase from 24.7% for the year ended 31 March 2017, mainly due to the increase in net profit (excluding the non-recurring listing expenses of approximately HK\$10.6 million) of HK\$15.4 million.

Net profit margin

Our net profit margin was approximately 22.4% and 19.8% for the two years ended 31 March 2016 and 2017 respectively. Our net profit margin decreased mainly due to the increase in the other operating expenses, in particular the clearing fees, error and facilitation expenses and marketing expenses.

Our net profit margin for the year ended 31 March 2018 further decreased to approximately 6.2%. The net profit margin for the year ended 31 March 2018 would be approximately 20.0% if listing expenses were excluded, an increase from 19.8% for the year ended 31 March 2017, mainly due to the increase in revenue of approximately 28.5% with a decrease in other operating expenses of approximately 6.4% during the year.

Current ratio

Our current ratio improved from approximately 4.6 times as at 31 March 2016 to approximately 5.1 times as at 31 March 2017. The improvement is mainly due to the significant increase in cash and cash equivalents of approximately HK\$12.0 million as at 31 March 2016 to approximately HK\$22.2 million as at 31 March 2017 mainly resulting from the profit in the year ended 31 March 2017.

Our current ratio decreased to approximately 4.0 times as at 31 March 2018, which is mainly due to the increase in other payables and accruals from approximately HK\$5.3 million as at 31 March 2017 to approximately HK\$12.0 million as at 31 March 2018, mainly resulting from the increase in unpaid bonus of approximately HK\$4.1 million and the accrual of listing expenses of approximately HK\$2.7 million offset by settlement of dividend payable of approximately HK\$4.0 million.

Interest coverage

Our interest coverage was not applicable and approximately 2,032.7 times for the two years ended 31 March 2016 and 2017 respectively, due to the overdraft interest of approximately HK\$7 thousand incurred for the year ended 31 March 2017.

Our interest coverage decreased to approximately 206.3 times for the year ended 31 March 2018, primarily due to the recognition of non-recurring listing expenses of approximately HK\$10.6 million for the year ended 31 March 2018. The adjusted interest coverage for the year ended 31 March 2018 would be approximately 485.5 times if listing

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expenses were excluded, a decrease from approximately 2,032.7 times for the year ended 31 March 2017, mainly due to the finance cost incurred from the bank overdraft during the year.

Gearing ratio

Our gearing ratio was not applicable as at 31 March 2016 and 31 March 2017 respectively as there were no loans and borrowings during the period.

Our gearing ratio was approximately 1.7% as at 31 March 2018, which was mainly attributable to the bank overdraft of approximately HK\$758 thousand as at 31 March 2018.

Debt to equity ratio

Our Group recorded net cash positions as at 31 March 2016, 31 March 2017 and 31 March 2018 and therefore debt to equity ratio was not applicable.

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Our Directors confirm that all transactions with related parties described in Note 27 of the Accountants' Report set out in Appendix I to this prospectus were conducted on normal commercial term and/or on terms not less favourable than terms available from Independent Third Parties, which are considered fair, reasonable and in the interest of the Shareholders of our Company as a whole.

Compensation to key management personnel

The remuneration of directors and other key management personnel of our Group during the Track Record Period were as follow:

	Year ended 31 March		
	2016	2017	2018
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Short-term benefits	10,454	10,382	20,400
Post-employment benefits	<u>72</u>	<u>72</u>	<u>86</u>
Total	<u>10,526</u>	<u>10,454</u>	<u>20,486</u>

The remuneration of key management personnel of our Group is determined by our Directors having regard to the performance of the individuals and market trends.

PROPERTY INTERESTS

During the Track Record Period and up to the Latest Practicable Date, our Group did not own any property.

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QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISKS

Our Group is exposed to various types of market risks in the normal course of our business, including credit risk, interest rate risk, currency risk and liquidity risk.

Credit risk

The trade receivables and cash and cash equivalents represent our Group's major exposure to the credit risk arising from the default of the counterparty, with a maximum exposure equal to the carrying amounts of these financial assets in the combined statements of financial position.

In order to minimise the credit risk, our management has delegated a team responsible for determination of credit limits, credit approvals and other monitoring procedures to ensure that follow-up action is taken to recover overdue debts. In addition, our Group reviews the recoverable amount of each individual trade debt at the end of the reporting period to ensure that adequate impairment losses are made for irrecoverable amounts. In this regard, our Directors consider that our Group's credit risk is significantly reduced.

The credit risk on liquid funds is limited because the counterparties are banks with high credit ratings assigned by international credit-rating agencies.

Our Group has no significant concentration of credit risk, with exposure spread over a number of counterparties.

All of the balances with bank were deposited in a reputable large commercial bank with high credit rating.

Interest rate risk

Our Group is exposed to cash flow interest rate risk in relation to its variable-rate bank balances which carrying interest at prevailing market rates.

Our Group currently does not have an interest rate hedging policy. However, management monitors interest rate exposure and will consider other necessary action when significant interest rate exposure is anticipated.

Our Group's exposure to interest rate risk in relation to variable-rate bank balances is minimal as the amount involved is insignificant, hence, no sensitivity analysis is prepared.

Liquidity risk

In the management of the liquidity risk, our Group monitors and maintains a level of cash and cash equivalents deemed adequate by the management to finance our Group's operations and mitigate the effects of fluctuations in cash flows.

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All financial liabilities are non-interest bearing, except for bank overdrafts which are interest bearing, and their maturity dates are either within one year or repayable on demand.

All carrying amounts of financial liabilities are approximate to the undiscounted cash flows due to the short maturity.

Currency risk

During the Track Record Period, our Group had certain bank balances and trade balances denominated in the USD, JPY, SGD, EUR, AUD and GBP.

Our Group currently does not have a foreign currency hedging policy. However, management monitors foreign exchange exposure and will consider hedging significant foreign currency exposure should the need arise. For detailed breakdown of our Group's foreign currency denominated monetary assets and liabilities, please refer to Note 7 of the Accountants' Report in Appendix I to this prospectus.

UNAUDITED PRO FORMA ADJUSTED COMBINED NET TANGIBLE ASSETS

The following statement of unaudited pro forma adjusted combined net tangible assets of our Group is prepared on the basis of the notes set forth below, for the purpose of illustrating the effect of the Share Offer as if it had taken place on 31 March 2018. It has been prepared for illustrative purpose only and, because of its hypothetical nature, may not give a true picture of the financial position of our Group after the Share Offer or at any future dates.

	Audited combined net tangible assets of our Group attributable to the owners of our Company as at 31 March 2018 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>(Note 1)</i>	Estimated net proceeds from the Share Offer <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>(Note 2)</i>	Unaudited pro forma adjusted combined net tangible assets of our Group attributable to the owners of our Company as at 31 March 2018 <i>HK\$'000</i>	Unaudited pro forma adjusted combined net tangible assets of our Group attributable to the owners of our Company per Share as at 31 March 2018 <i>HK\$</i> <i>(Note 3)</i>
Based on the Offer Price of HK\$0.3 per Offer Share	42,547	46,360	88,907	0.111
Based on the Offer Price of HK\$0.25 per Offer Share	42,547	36,860	79,407	0.099

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Notes:

1. The audited combined net tangible assets of our Group attributable to the owners of our Company as at 31 March 2018 is based on the audit combined net assets of our Group of approximately HK\$43.5 million as at 31 March 2018 less the intangible assets of our Group of HK\$1.0 million as at 31 March 2018, as extracted from the Accountants' Report as set out in Appendix I to this prospectus.
2. The estimated net proceeds from the Share Offer of 200,000,000 Offer Shares are based on the respective Offer Price of HK\$0.25 per Offer Share and HK\$0.3 per Offer Share (being the low end and the high end of the indicative price range of the Offer Price), after deduction of the underwriting fees and other related expenses payable by our Company in relation to the Share Offer. The calculation of the estimated net proceeds from the Share Offer does not take into account any Shares which may be allotted and issued upon the exercise of any options granted under the Share Option Scheme referred to in the paragraph headed "Statutory and general information — D. Share Option Scheme" in Appendix IV to this prospectus.
3. The unaudited pro forma adjusted combined net tangible assets of our Group attributable to the owners of our Company per Share is calculated based on 800,000,000 Shares in issue immediately following the completion of the Share Offer and the Capitalisation Issue on 31 March 2018 but does not take into account of any Shares which may be allotted and issued upon the exercise of any options that granted under the Share Option Scheme referred to in the paragraph headed "Statutory and general information — D. Share Option Scheme" in Appendix IV to this prospectus.
4. No adjustments have been made to the unaudited pro forma adjusted combined net tangible assets of our Group attributable to the owners of our Company to reflect any trading results or other transactions of our Group entered into subsequent to 31 March 2018.

LISTING EXPENSES

Assuming the Offer Price of HK\$0.275 per Offer Share, being the mid-point of the indicative Offer Price, the total expenses for the Share Offer are estimated to be approximately HK\$24.0 million, of which approximately HK\$10.6 million was recognised as listing expenses in our combined statements of profit or loss during the year ended 31 March 2018. We expected to incur listing expenses of approximately HK\$6.2 million which will be recognised as listing expenses for the year ending 31 March 2019. The balance of approximately HK\$7.2 million is expected to be recognised as a reduction in equity upon Listing.

In view of the above, our Directors are of the view that the one-off listing expenses, which are non-recurring in nature, will have a material adverse effect on the financial results of our Group for the year ending 31 March 2019. Our Group wishes to emphasise that the aforesaid amount of listing expenses is a current estimate for reference only and the final amount to be recognised in our combined statement of profit or loss for the year ending 31 March 2019 will be subject to adjustments based on audit and changes in variables and assumptions.

DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES

Our Company was incorporated on 1 November 2017. As at the Latest Practicable Date, our Company had no reserves available for distribution to our Shareholders.

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DIVIDENDS

Our Group declared a dividend of approximately HK\$0.9 million for the year ended 31 March 2015 and HK\$4.0 million for the year ended 31 March 2016 on 17 June 2015 and 29 March 2017 respectively to the then shareholders of De Riva, which was fully settled in cash by our internal resources in June 2015 and April 2017 respectively. Save as the above, no dividend has been paid or declared by other companies comprising our Group during the Track Record Period and up to the Latest Practicable Date.

The declaration, payment and amount of dividends will be at the discretion of our Directors, subject to approval by our Shareholders, and will be dependent upon our earnings, financial conditions, cash requirements and availability, future prospects, contractual restrictions, applicable laws and provisions and other relevant factors. To the extent profits are distributed as dividends, such portion of profits will not be available to be reinvested in our operations. There is no assurance as to the amount of dividend payment, if any, or the timing of any dividend payment. Our Group does not currently have any predetermined dividend distribution ratio.

MATERIAL ADVERSE CHANGE

From 1 April 2018 up to the date of this prospectus, our Group has continued to focus on developing our derivative brokerage business. Our Directors confirm that, save as the listing expenses set out in the paragraph headed “Listing expenses” in this section, up to the date of this prospectus, there has been no material adverse change in the financial or trading position or prospects of our Group since 31 March 2018 (being the date to which the latest audited combined financial statements of our Group were prepared), and there is no event since 31 March 2018 which would materially affect the information shown in the Accountants’ Report set out in Appendix I to this prospectus.

Without taking into account the impact of the non-recurring listing expenses, our Group expects net profit for the year ending 31 March 2019 will decrease compared to the previous year due to (i) the uncertainty of the recurrence of any booster similar to the event that led to the unexpected increase in revenue recognised in our HKEx segment for the year ended 31 March 2018 driven by the increase in trading volume of a single stock during the year; and (ii) an estimated increase in office rent for the year ending 31 March 2019 compared to that for the year ended 31 March 2018 as our Group moved to a bigger office premises in April 2018.

DISCLOSURE UNDER CHAPTER 17 OF THE GEM LISTING RULES

Our Directors have confirmed that, as at the Latest Practicable Date, they were not aware of any circumstances which would give rise to a disclosure requirement under Rules 17.15 to 17.21 of the GEM Listing Rules.

FUTURE PLANS AND USE OF PROCEEDS

BUSINESS OBJECTIVE AND FUTURE PLANS

Our Directors consider that the Hong Kong derivative market will continue to grow and develop in terms of the market capitalisation, the number of listed derivatives products, and the level of regulation and Professional Investors around the world will be more and more active in derivatives trading in the future. Our Group will endeavour to capitalise the potential growth of the derivative market and plans to proactively participate in the interdealer brokerage business in the Asia Pacific region and based in Hong Kong by continuously providing quality and timely brokerage services to our customers. By adopting the proposed strategies set out in the paragraph headed “Our business strategies” under the section headed “Business” in this prospectus, our Directors believe that our Group would be able to expand our market share, enhance our reputation, and therefore optimise our profitability and returns to our Group and our Shareholders.

Please refer to the paragraph headed “Our business strategies” under the section headed “Business” in this prospectus for details of our future plans.

USE OF PROCEEDS

The net proceeds from the Share Offer based on the Offer Price of HK\$0.275 per Offer Share (“**Net Proceeds**”), being the mid-point of the indicative Offer Price range of HK\$0.25 to HK\$0.3 per Offer Share, after deducting the related expenses in connection with the Listing and the Share Offer are estimated to be approximately HK\$31 million. Our Group intends to apply our Net Proceeds therefrom as follows:

- (i) approximately HK\$13.6 million which equals to approximately 43.8% of our Net Proceeds will be used to prepare De Riva to apply for becoming a Clearing Participant, among which:
 - approximately HK\$5.0 million which equals to approximately 16.1% of our Net Proceeds will be used to fulfill the liquid capital deposit requirement from HKEx;
 - approximately HK\$1.5 million which equals to approximately 4.8% of our Net Proceeds will be used to fulfill the level of reserve fund contributions for futures Clearing Participant deposit;
 - approximately HK\$1.5 million which equals to approximately 4.8% of our Net Proceeds will be used to fulfill the level of reserve fund contributions for stock options Clearing Participant deposit;
 - approximately HK\$4.0 million which equals to approximately 12.9% of our Net Proceeds will be used to fulfill the additional cash flow estimated to be needed for acting as a Clearing Participant; and

FUTURE PLANS AND USE OF PROCEEDS

- approximately HK\$1.6 million which equals to approximately 5.2% of our Net Proceeds will be the ongoing cost used to recruit competent personnel including two operation officers, one software engineer for the development, execution of clearing operation and one external expert for maintenance of clearing operation.

Our Directors estimate that our Group would save approximately HK\$3.4 million for the year ending 31 March 2020 if De Riva becomes a Clearing Participant since the commencement of the year ending 31 March 2020. Such cost saving was estimated with reference to the amount of clearing fees our Group paid to our clearing brokers, which amounted to approximately HK\$3.7 million, HK\$3.9 million and HK\$3.6 million for each of the three years ended 31 March 2016, 31 March 2017 and 31 March 2018, respectively.

- (ii) approximately HK\$8.2 million which equals to approximately 26.5% of our Net Proceeds will be used to expand our business activities and market share in the OTC market by introducing two new OTC product categories, in particular, OTC Eurex MSCI derivatives market and OTC KOSPI 200 derivatives market, among which:

- approximately HK\$6.9 million which equals to approximately 22.3% of our Net Proceeds will be the ongoing cost used to recruit two senior licensed brokers and one junior licensed broker for the business development of OTC Eurex MSCI derivatives market. The below table sets out the position and expected years of experience required for the positions that our Group intends to recruit:

Position	Expected years of experience
Senior licensed broker	three years or above in trading of Eurex MSCI derivatives products or relevant market products
Junior licensed broker	below three years in trading of Eurex MSCI derivatives products or relevant market products

- approximately HK\$1.3 million which equals to approximately 4.2% of our Net Proceeds will be the ongoing cost used to recruit one licensed broker for the business development of OTC KOSPI 200 derivatives

FUTURE PLANS AND USE OF PROCEEDS

market. The below table sets out the position and expected years of experience required for the position that our Group intends to recruit:

Position	Expected years of experience
Senior licensed broker	two years or above in trading of KOSPI 200 derivatives products or relevant market products

(iii) approximately HK\$6.9 million which equals to approximately 22.3% of our Net Proceeds will be used for our office expansion plan, including:

- deposit of rental agreement of approximately HK\$0.9 million
- decoration of new office of approximately HK\$2.1 million
- purchase of furniture and fixture of new office of approximately HK\$0.5 million
- reinstatement cost for office removal of approximately HK\$0.3 million
- removal cost of existing fixed assets of approximately HK\$0.1 million
- IT infrastructure cost of approximately HK\$2.6 million
- IT consultant fee of approximately HK\$0.1 million
- software — in house developed software for record keeping of approximately HK\$0.3 million

Our Group was granted a bank facility with a maximum withdrawal limit of HK\$5.0 million at 1% annual interest rate on 27 November 2017. Based on the bank facility letter, the limit available to our Group as at 31 March 2018 and 30 June 2018 is determined by the value of fixed deposit placed by our Group with the bank for not less than the outstanding of the withdrawal, which amounted to HK\$1.0 million and HK\$4.0 million as at 31 March 2018 and 30 June 2018, respectively. As at 31 March 2018 and 30 June 2018, our Group had already withdrawn approximately HK\$0.8 million out of the HK\$1.0 million and HK\$1.9 million out of the HK\$4.0 million available withdrawal limit, respectively, for paying the deposit of rental agreement, deposit of decoration of new office, deposit of purchase of furniture and fixture of new office and upgrading of IT infrastructure. The terms of the bank facility will be reviewed by the relevant bank annually. The amount to be drawn from the bank facility will be repaid by our Net Proceeds upon Listing.

Up to the Latest Practicable Date, the Directors confirmed that the bank facility has been used for the office expansion plan.

FUTURE PLANS AND USE OF PROCEEDS

- (iv) approximately HK\$2.3 million which equals to approximately 7.4% of our Net Proceeds will be the ongoing cost used for enhancing our business of the HKEx segment as ongoing staff cost by employing one senior licensed broker for the HKEx listed index futures and options. The below table sets out the position and expected years of experience required for the positions that our Group intends to recruit:

Position	Expected years of experience
Senior licensed broker	five years or above in trading of HKEx listed index futures and options or relevant market products

IMPLEMENTATION PLANS

Our Group's implementation plans are set forth below for the period from the Latest Practicable Date up to 31 March 2021. Investors should note that the implementation plan is drawn up based on the current economic environment and market condition and the assumptions as set out below in the paragraph headed "Basis and assumptions" of this section. These basis and assumptions are inherently subject to many uncertainties and unpredictable factors. Please refer to the section headed "Risk factors" in this prospectus for details. There is no assurance that our business plans will be materialised in accordance with the estimated time frame or accomplished at all.

For the period from the Latest Practicable Date to 30 September 2018

Business strategies	Implementation plans
To use for office expansion plan	To repay the loan used for payment of rental deposit and advances of the new office, decoration of new office and purchase of furniture and fixture, pay removal cost of existing equipment, reinstate our existing office, pay IT infrastructure cost, employ IT consultant and develop in-house software

For the six months ending 31 March 2019

Business strategies	Implementation plans
To introduce Eurex MSCI derivatives products	To employ two senior licensed brokers and one junior licensed broker for the business development of OTC Eurex MSCI derivatives market

FUTURE PLANS AND USE OF PROCEEDS

For the six months ending 30 September 2019

Business strategies	Implementation plans
To apply for becoming a Clearing Participant	To fulfill the liquid capital deposit requirement, fulfill the capital requirement for being a futures Clearing Participant, fulfill the capital requirement for being a stock options Clearing Participant, fulfill the cash flow requirement, employ two operation officers, one software engineer and one external expert
To introduce OTC KOSPI 200 derivatives products	To employ one senior licensed broker for the business development of OTC KOSPI 200 derivatives market
To enhance the business development of HKEx segment	To employ one senior licensed broker for replacement of one junior licensed broker in HKEx segment
To introduce Eurex MSCI derivatives products	To retain the two senior licensed brokers and one junior licensed broker for the business development of OTC Eurex MSCI derivatives market

For the six months ending 31 March 2020

Business strategies	Implementation plans
To apply for becoming a Clearing Participant	To fulfill the liquid capital deposit requirement, fulfill the capital requirement for being a futures Clearing Participant, fulfill the capital requirement for being a stock options Clearing Participant, fulfill the cash flow requirement, retain two operation officers, one software engineer and one external expert
To introduce OTC KOSPI 200 derivatives products	To retain the senior licensed broker for the business development of OTC KOSPI 200 derivatives market
To enhance the business development of HKEx segment	To retain the senior licensed broker for replacement of one junior licensed broker in HKEx segment
To introduce Eurex MSCI derivatives products	To retain the two senior licensed brokers and one junior licensed broker for the business development of OTC Eurex MSCI derivatives market

FUTURE PLANS AND USE OF PROCEEDS

For the six months ending 30 September 2020

Business strategies	Implementation plans
To apply for becoming a Clearing Participant	To fulfill the liquid capital deposit requirement, fulfill the capital requirement for being a futures Clearing Participant, fulfill the capital requirement for being a stock options Clearing Participant, fulfill the cash flow requirement, employ two operation officers, one software engineer and one external expert
To introduce OTC KOSPI 200 derivatives products	To retain the senior licensed broker for the business development of OTC KOSPI 200 derivatives market
To enhance the business development of HKEx segment	To retain the senior licensed broker for replacement of one junior licensed broker in HKEx segment
To introduce Eurex MSCI derivatives products	To retain the two senior licensed brokers and one junior licensed broker for the business development of OTC Eurex MSCI derivatives market

The table below sets out our recruitment plan based on the use of proceeds from the Share Offer and the types of recruitment from the Latest Practicable Date to 30 September 2020:

Use of Proceeds	Types of Recruitment			
	Operation officers	Software engineers	Senior Licensed brokers	Junior Licensed brokers
To apply for becoming a Clearing Participant	2	1	–	–
To introduce Eurex MSCI derivatives products	–	–	2	1
To introduce OTC KOSPI 200 derivatives products	–	–	1	–
To enhance the business development of the HKEx segment	–	–	1	–
Total	2	1	4	1

FUTURE PLANS AND USE OF PROCEEDS

During the Track Record Period, our business operations and development were principally financed by the cash generated from our ordinary business operations. We did not apply for any loan from financial institutions during the Track Record Period as we intended to maintain our growth and operations level with a healthy financial position and did not wish to be subject to stringent terms and conditions, such as maintaining significant amount of asset value in our bank accounts for a fixed amount of credit limit, providing personal guarantees from our Controlling Shareholders, providing collaterals and extensive events of defaults, which our Directors believe not to be in the interests of our Group. Therefore, we were able to maintain a low debt level during the Track Record Period. Our Directors had decided to apply for the only facility line from a bank for our recent expansion plan and intend to repay the bank overdraft with the expectable proceeds from the Listing. For details, please refer to the paragraph headed "Use of Proceeds" in this section. In the foreseeable future after Listing, our Directors are unlikely to implement our Group's expansion plans through debt financing.

BASES AND ASSUMPTIONS

Our Directors have adopted the implementation plan up to 31 March 2021 based on the following general assumptions:

- i. there will be no material changes in the existing political, legal, fiscal or economic conditions and environment in Hong Kong, the PRC and any other places in which any member of our Group carries on or will carry on business;
- ii. there will be no material changes in the bases or rates of taxation in Hong Kong or in any other places in which any member of our Group operates or will operate or is incorporated;
- iii. the Listing will be completed in accordance with and as described in the section headed "Structure and conditions of the Share Offer" in this prospectus;
- iv. our Group will be able to retain key employees in the management as well as the licensed brokers;
- v. our Group will not be materially affected by any risk factors set out in the section headed "Risk factors" in this prospectus;
- vi. our Group will be able to continue our operation in substantially the same manner as our Group had been operated during the Track Record Period and our Group will also be able to carry out our implementation plans without disruptions which may adversely affect our operations or business objectives in any way;
- vii. there will be no change in the effectiveness of the licences, permits and qualifications obtained by our Group;

FUTURE PLANS AND USE OF PROCEEDS

- viii. our Group will have sufficient financial resources to meet the planned capital expenditure and business development requirements during the period to which business objectives relate;
- ix. there will be no disasters, natural, political or otherwise, which would materially disrupt our business or operations or cause substantial loss, damage or destruction to its properties or facilities;
- x. the Share Offer will be completed in accordance with the terms as described in the section headed “Structure and conditions of the Share Offer” in this prospectus;
- xi. there will be no material differences between the actual capital requirements for implementing the above plans and the amounts estimated by us; and
- xii. our Group will be able to recruit suitable staff for our expansion when and as necessary.

USE OF NET PROCEEDS

The net proceeds from the Share Offer based on the Offer Price of HK\$0.275 per Offer Share, being the mid-point of the indicative Offer Price range of HK\$0.25 to HK\$0.3 per Offer Share, after deducting the related expenses, are estimated to be approximately HK\$31 million. Our Directors presently intend to apply the net proceeds as follows:

	From the Latest Practicable Date to 30 September 2018 HK\$'000	For the six months ending 31 March 2019 HK\$'000	For the six months ending 30 September 2019 HK\$'000	For the six months ending 31 March 2020 HK\$'000	For the six months ending 30 September 2020 HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
To apply for becoming a Clearing Participant	-	-	12,546	546	546	13,638
To expand our OTC product coverage	-	1,254	2,154	2,418	2,418	8,244
To use for office expansion plan	6,850	-	-	-	-	6,850
To expand our licensed broker team	-	-	756	756	756	2,268
	6,850	1,254	15,456	3,720	3,720	31,000
	6,850	1,254	15,456	3,720	3,720	31,000

FUTURE PLANS AND USE OF PROCEEDS

If the Offer Price is determined at the high-end, the net proceeds received by our Group would increase for approximately HK\$4.8 million to approximately HK\$35.8 million comparing to that of the mid-point. Approximately HK\$1.3 million of the additional proceeds would be used to further upgrade the I.T. infrastructure to an off-site server system which will provide extra security and convenience for remote access. Approximately HK\$3.5 million of the additional proceeds would be used to (i) further expand the licensed broker team by recruiting three senior licensed brokers instead of two and one junior licensed broker for the OTC Eurex MSCI derivatives market; and (ii) strengthen support to our Group's operation by recruiting one finance staff and three operation staff instead of two.

If the Offer Price is determined at the low-end, the net proceeds received by our Group would reduce for approximately HK\$4.7 million to HK\$26.3 million comparing to that of the mid-point. Our Group intends to continue with the planned use of Net Proceeds and would use internal financial resources to complete the implementation plan. To further elaborate, our Group would spend approximately HK\$4.7 million from internal financial resources in expanding the licensed broker team in case that the Offer Price is fixed at the low-end. Save for the application of internal financial resources in expanding the licensed broker team, our Group does not intend to change the planned use of net proceeds for other business strategies.

REASONS FOR THE LISTING

Our Directors believe that the Listing not only will allow us to raise net proceeds of approximately HK\$31 million (assuming an Offer Price of HK\$0.275 per Offer Share, being the mid-point of the indicative Offer Price range of HK\$0.25 to HK\$0.3 per Offer Share and after deducting the underwriting fees and expenses payable by our Group in the Share Offer) to facilitate the execution of our business strategies as set out in the paragraph headed "Our business strategies" under the section headed "Business" in this prospectus, but also will provide a fund raising platform for our future development for further growth when necessary as the Listing will necessitate a broader shareholder base which will therefore provide liquidity in the trading of the Shares.

Due to the capital requirement of becoming a Clearing Participant, our Directors decided, in order to maintain a healthy financial position, to engage external clearers to handle the clearing of the trades in our business operations which naturally incurred a significant amount of cost and affected our profit level in the Track Record Period. Our Directors believe upon Listing, our Group would be able to obtain better financing terms from the banks as they would consider taking our Company's corporate guarantee as security for our Group's banking facilities upon Listing. Such improved financial flexibility and the net proceeds from the Share Offer will directly provide our Group with the capital needed for the application by De Riva to become a Clearing Participant, which is expected to reduce the cost in our business operations and thence improve our profitability as a whole.

FUTURE PLANS AND USE OF PROCEEDS

Our Group's cash balance as at 30 April 2018 was approximately HK\$28.9 million. Considering that (a) our Group has to maintain a minimum cash level of approximately HK\$15.7 million for the working capital in the next three months; (b) a minimum of HK\$3.0 million liquid capital is required to be maintained by De Riva as a licensed corporation for its regulated activities; (c) our Group is required to settle approximately HK\$3.4 million as listing expenses prior to the Listing; (d) our Group's working capital requirement would increase along with our business expansion including (i) our office expansion, (ii) Eurex MSCI derivatives products and KOSPI 200 derivatives products would be introduced to be part of our services; (iii) our business development of the HKEx segment would be enhanced as disclosed under the paragraph headed "Use of proceeds" in this section; (e) approximately HK\$0.2 million of the bank facility remains unutilised; and (f) our Group's liquidity and financial position may be adversely affected by such business risks which our Group may not be able to eliminate or control entirely, as trade competition, unfavourable economic and market conditions, changes in regulatory controls, customers' delay or default in payment and error trades (please refer to the paragraph headed "Risks relating to the business and operation of our Group" in the section headed "Risk Factors" in this prospectus), our Directors are of the view that it is necessary to carefully manage the cash balance of our Group so as to maintain a prudent level of financial capabilities to secure our operations and protect our customers, while the net proceeds of approximately HK\$31.0 million (assuming an Offer Price of HK\$0.275 per Offer Share, being the mid-point of the indicative Offer Price range of HK\$0.25 to HK\$0.3 per Offer Share and after deducting the underwriting fees and expenses payable by our Group in the Share Offer) from the Share Offer will be used to fund our business expansion and development plans.

Furthermore, our Directors are of the view that the Listing will enhance our corporate profile and reinforce brand recognition and corporate reputation, which, our Directors believe, will strengthen the corporate image and credibility to our existing customers who are Professional Investors and our potential customers, and expectedly, will increase our revenue by increasing trading volume with our existing customers and onboarding more new customers.

Our Directors consider that the net proceeds from the Share Offer together with our Group's internal resources will be sufficient to finance the implementation of our Group's business plans as set forth in the paragraph headed "Implementation plans" in this section. Investors should be aware that any part of our Group's business plans may not proceed according to the time frame as described above due to various factors. To cope with the uncertainty in the market, our Directors will evaluate carefully the situation and may adjust the implementation plan according to different market condition and business environment from time to time to maximise the efficiency and effectiveness of our business operation and minimise the risk our Group is potentially exposed to until the relevant business plan(s) materialise.

UNDERWRITING

UNDERWRITERS

Sole Bookrunner

Head & Shoulders Securities Limited

Joint Lead Managers

Head & Shoulders Securities Limited
I Win Securities Limited

Co-Lead Manager

HF Securities and Futures Limited

Public Offer Underwriters

Head & Shoulders Securities Limited
I Win Securities Limited
HF Securities and Futures Limited
Red Sun Capital Limited

Placing Underwriters

Head & Shoulders Securities Limited
I Win Securities Limited

The Public Offer is fully underwritten by the Public Offer Underwriters under the terms of the Public Offer Underwriting Agreement and is subject to our Company and the Sole Bookrunner (for itself and on behalf of the Underwriters) agreeing on the Offer Price.

We expect to enter into the Placing Underwriting Agreement relating to the Placing on or around the Price Determination Date. The Placing will be fully underwritten by the Placing Underwriters under the terms of the Placing Underwriting Agreement to be entered into.

UNDERWRITING

This prospectus is published solely in connection with the Share Offer. The Share Offer is fully underwritten by the Underwriters on a conditional basis.

UNDERWRITING

PUBLIC OFFER UNDERWRITING ARRANGEMENTS AND EXPENSES

Public Offer

The Public Offer Underwriting Agreement was entered into on 10 August 2018. Pursuant to the Public Offer Underwriting Agreement, our Company has agreed to initially offer the Public Offer Shares for subscription by the members of the public in Hong Kong on and subject to the terms and conditions of this prospectus and the Application Forms.

Subject to, among other conditions, the granting of the listing of, and permission to deal in, the Shares in issue and to be issued as mentioned in this prospectus by the Stock Exchange and to certain other conditions set out in the Public Offer Underwriting Agreement, the Public Offer Underwriters have severally agreed to subscribe or procure subscribers for their respective applicable proportions of the Public Offer Shares now being offered which are not taken up under the Public Offer on the terms and conditions of this prospectus, the Application Forms and the Public Offer Underwriting Agreement.

The Public Offer Underwriting Agreement is conditional on and subject to the Placing Underwriting Agreement having been executed, becoming unconditional and not having been terminated in accordance with its terms.

Grounds for termination

The obligations of the Public Offer Underwriters to subscribe or procure subscribers for the Public Offer Shares are subject to termination if certain events, including force majeure, shall occur at any time at or before 8:00 a.m. (Hong Kong time) on the Listing Date. The Sole Bookrunner (for itself and on behalf of the Public Offer Underwriters) has the right, in its sole and absolute determination, to terminate the obligations of the Sole Sponsor, the Sole Bookrunner, the Joint Lead Managers, the Co-Lead Manager and Public Offer Underwriters under the Public Offer Underwriting Agreement upon the occurrence of any of the following events:

- (a) there has come to the notice of the Sole Bookrunner:
 - (i) that any statement contained in this prospectus or the Application Forms, considered by the Sole Bookrunner (for itself and on behalf of the Public Offer Underwriters) in its sole and reasonable opinion to be material in relation to the Share Offer, was, when the same was issued, or has become, untrue, incorrect or misleading in any material respect or that any forecasts, expressions of opinion, intention or expectation expressed in this prospectus, the Application Forms and/or any announcements issued by our Company in connection with the Share Offer (including any supplement or amendment thereto), was, when it was made, not honestly made in any material respect; or
 - (ii) that any matter has arisen or has been discovered which would, had it arisen or been discovered immediately before the date of this prospectus, constitute a misstatement in a material respect or a material omission therefrom as considered by the Sole Bookrunner (for itself and on behalf of the Public Offer Underwriters) in its sole and reasonable opinion to be material to the Share Offer; or

UNDERWRITING

- (iii) any breach of any of the obligations imposed upon any party to the Public Offer Underwriting Agreement or the Placing Underwriting Agreement (other than on any of the Underwriters); or
- (iv) any breach, considered by the Sole Bookrunner (for itself and on behalf of the Public Offer Underwriters) in its sole and reasonable opinion to be material in the context of the Share Offer, of any of the representations, warranties and undertakings given by our Company, our executive Directors and our Controlling Shareholders contained in the Public Offer Underwriting Agreement to be untrue, incorrect, inaccurate or misleading in any material respect; or
- (v) any change or development involving a prospective change in the conditions, business affairs, profits, losses or the financial or trading position or performance of any members of our Group which is considered by the Sole Bookrunner (for itself and on behalf of the Public Offer Underwriters) in its sole and reasonable opinion to be material in the context of the Share Offer; or
- (vi) that approval by the Stock Exchange of the listing of, and permission to deal in, the Shares is refused or not granted, other than subject to customary conditions, on or before the Listing Date, or if granted, the approval is subsequently withdrawn, qualified (other than by customary conditions) or withheld; or
- (vii) that our Company withdraws this prospectus and the Application Forms (and/or any other documents used in connection with contemplated subscription of the Offer Shares) or the Share Offer; or
- (viii) that any person (other than any of the Public Offer Underwriters) has withdrawn or sought to withdraw its consent to being named in this prospectus and the Application Forms or to the issue of this prospectus and the Application Forms; or
- (ix) other than with the approval of the Sole Bookrunner, the issue or requirement to issue by our Company of any supplement or amendment to this prospectus and the Application Forms (or to any other documents used in connection with the contemplated subscription and sale of the Offer Shares) pursuant to the Companies (Winding Up and Miscellaneous Provisions) Ordinance, the GEM Listing Rules, the SFO or any other applicable laws, or any requirement or request of the Stock Exchange and/or the SFC where the matter to be disclosed is, in the sole and reasonable opinion of the Sole Bookrunner (for itself and on behalf of the Public Offer Underwriters), materially adverse to the marketing or implementation of the Share Offer; or
- (x) any prohibition on our Company by a governmental authority for whatever reasons from offering, allotting, issuing or selling of the Offer Shares pursuant to the terms of the Share Offer; or

UNDERWRITING

- (b) there shall develop, occur, exist or come into effect:
- (i) any change or development involving a prospective change, or any event or series of events resulting in or representing a change or development involving a prospective change, in local, national, regional or international, financial, political, military, industrial, economic, fiscal, regulatory, currency or market conditions (including, without limitation, conditions in stock and bond markets, money and foreign exchange markets and inter-bank markets, a change in the system under which the value of the Hong Kong currency is linked to that of the currency of the United States or a revaluation or devaluation of the Hong Kong dollars against any foreign currencies, respectively) in or affecting Hong Kong, the Cayman Islands, the BVI or any relevant jurisdictions (collectively, the “**Relevant Jurisdictions**” and individually, a “**Relevant Jurisdiction**”); or
 - (ii) any new law or regulation or any change or development involving a prospective change in existing law or regulation, or any change or development involving a prospective change in the interpretation or application thereof by any court or other competent authority in or affecting any Relevant Jurisdiction; or
 - (iii) any event or series of events in the nature of force majeure (whether or not covered by insurance or responsibility has been claimed) including, without limitation, acts of government, strikes, lock-outs, fire, explosions, flooding, earthquakes, epidemics, pandemics, outbreaks of infections, diseases, Severe Acute Respiratory Syndrome (SARS), Influenza A (H5N1), Influenza A (H5N9) and any related or mutated forms of infectious diseases, civil commotions, economic sanctions, public disorder, social or political crises, acts of war, acts of terrorism, acts of God, accidents or interruptions or delays in transportation in or affecting any Relevant Jurisdiction; or
 - (iv) any local, national, regional or international outbreak or escalation of hostilities (whether or not war is or has been declared) or other state of emergency or calamity or crisis in or affecting any Relevant Jurisdiction; or
 - (v) (A) any suspension or limitation on trading in shares or securities generally on the Stock Exchange, the New York Stock Exchange, the American Stock Exchange, the NASDAQ National Market, the Tokyo Stock Exchange, the London Stock Exchange, the Shanghai Stock Exchange, the Shenzhen Stock Exchange or the Singapore Stock Exchange or (B) a general moratorium on commercial banking activities in New York, London, Tokyo, Hong Kong, the PRC, Singapore, the BVI or the Cayman Islands declared by the relevant authorities, or a disruption in commercial banking activities or foreign exchange trading or securities settlement or clearance services in or affecting any Relevant Jurisdiction; or

UNDERWRITING

- (vi) any change or development involving a prospective change in taxation or exchange controls, currency exchange rates or foreign investment regulations in any Relevant Jurisdiction adversely affecting an investment in the Shares; or
- (vii) the imposition of economic sanctions, in whatever form, directly or indirectly, by, or for, any Relevant Jurisdiction; or
- (viii) any litigation, legal action or claim being threatened or instigated against any member of our Group; or
- (ix) the commencement by any governmental, law enforcement agency, regulatory or political body or organisation of any action against any Director or any member of our Group or an announcement by any governmental, law enforcement agency, regulatory or political body or organisation that it intends to take any such action; or
- (x) any Director being charged with an indictable offence or prohibited by operation of law or otherwise disqualified from taking part in the management of a company; or
- (xi) the chairman or chief executive officer of our Company vacating his position that leads to the circumstances where the operations of our Group will be materially and is likely, in the sole and absolute discretion of the Sole Bookrunner (acting reasonably for itself and on behalf of the Public Offer Underwriters), be adversely affected; or
- (xii) an order or petition for the winding up of any member of our Group or any composition or arrangement made by any member of our Group with its creditors or a scheme of arrangement entered into by any member of our Group or any resolution for the winding-up of any member of our Group or the appointment of a provisional liquidator, receiver or manager over all or substantive part of the assets or undertaking of any member of our Group or anything analogous thereto occurring in respect of any member of our Group; or
- (xiii) non-compliance of this prospectus (or any other documents used in connection with the contemplated subscription and sale of the Offer Shares) or any aspect of the Share Offer with the GEM Listing Rules, the Articles of Association, the Companies (Winding Up and Miscellaneous Provisions) Ordinance, the Companies Law, the SFO or any other applicable laws by any of the warrantors under the Public Offer Underwriting Agreement; or
- (xiv) a valid demand by any creditor for repayment or payment of any indebtedness of our Company or any member of our Group or in respect of which our Company or any member of our Group is liable prior to its stated maturity; or

UNDERWRITING

- (xv) any change or development involving a prospective change, or a materialisation of, any of the risk factors set out in the section headed “Risk factors” in this prospectus,

which in each case in the sole and reasonable opinion of the Sole Bookrunner (for itself and on behalf of the Public Offer Underwriters):

- (1) is or will or could be expected to have a material adverse effect on the general affairs, management, business, financial, trading or other condition of our Company or our Group or any members of our Group or on any present or prospective Shareholder in his or its capacity as such; or
- (2) has or will have or could be expected to have a material adverse effect on the success, marketability or pricing of the Share Offer or the level of applications under the Public Offer or the level of interest under the Placing; or
- (3) makes it impracticable, inadvisable or inexpedient for the Share Offer to proceed or to market the Share Offer or shall otherwise result in an interruption to or delay thereof; or
- (4) has or will have the effect of making any part of the Public Offer Underwriting Agreement (including underwriting) incapable of performance in accordance with its terms or which prevents the processing of applications and/or payments pursuant to the Share Offer or pursuant to the underwriting thereof.

UNDERTAKINGS GIVEN TO THE STOCK EXCHANGE PURSUANT TO THE GEM LISTING RULES

Undertaking by our Company

Pursuant to Rule 17.29 of the GEM Listing Rules, we have undertaken to the Stock Exchange that save pursuant to the Share Offer, the Capitalisation Issue and the grant and exercise of the options under the Share Option Scheme, and except for the circumstances permitted pursuant to Rule 17.29(1) to (5) of the GEM Listing Rules and the applicable laws: (i) no further Shares or securities convertible into equity securities of our Company (including warrants at other convertible securities whether or not of a class already listed) will be allotted or issued by us; or (ii) grant or agree to grant any options, warrants, or other rights carrying any rights to subscribe for or otherwise convert into, or exchange for any Shares or any other securities of our Company; or (iii) purchase any securities of our Company; or (iv) offer to or agree to do any of the foregoing or announce any intention to do so), within six months from the date on which the Share first commence dealing on GEM (whether or not such issue of Shares or securities will be completed within six months from the commencement of dealings).

UNDERWRITING

Undertaking by our Controlling Shareholders

Pursuant to Rule 13.16A(1) of the GEM Listing Rules (as effective up to 14 February 2018), each of our Controlling Shareholders has undertaken to the Stock Exchange and to our Company that except for the circumstances permitted pursuant to Rule 13.18 of the GEM Listing Rules, he/it will not and will procure that the relevant registered holder(s) will not:

- (a) in the period commencing on the date by reference to which disclosure of he/its shareholding in our Company is made in this prospectus and ending on the date which is six months from the Listing Date, dispose of, nor enter into any agreement to dispose of or otherwise create any options, rights, interests or encumbrances in respect of, any of the Shares in respect of which he/it is shown by this prospectus to be the beneficial owner (whether direct or indirect); and
- (b) in the period of six months commencing on the date on which the period referred to in the paragraph (a) above expires, dispose of, nor enter into any agreement to dispose of or otherwise create any options, rights, interests or encumbrances in respect of, any of the Shares referred to in the paragraph (a) above if, immediately following such disposal or upon the exercise or enforcement of such options, rights, interests or encumbrances, he/it would cease to be a controlling shareholder (as defined in the GEM Listing Rules) of our Company.

Pursuant to Rule 13.19 of the GEM Listing Rules, each of our Controlling Shareholders has undertaken to the Stock Exchange and to our Company that he/it will and will procure that the relevant registered holder(s) will:

- (i) in the event that he/it pledges or charges any direct or indirect interest in the Shares under Rule 13.18(1) of the GEM Listing Rules or pursuant to any right or waiver granted by the Stock Exchange pursuant to Rule 13.18(4) of the GEM Listing Rules, at any time during the relevant periods specified above, inform our Company immediately thereafter, disclosing the details specified in Rule 17.43(1) to (4) of the GEM Listing Rules; and
- (ii) having pledged or charged any interest in the Shares under paragraph (i) above, inform our Company immediately in the event that he/it becomes aware that the predgee or chargee has disposed of or intends to dispose of such interest and of the number of Shares affected.

We have agreed and undertaken to the Stock Exchange that, we shall inform the Stock Exchange as soon as we have been informed of the above matters (if any) by any of our Controlling Shareholders and disclose such matters by way of an announcement to be published in accordance with the GEM Listing Rules as soon as possible.

UNDERWRITING

UNDERTAKINGS PURSUANT TO THE PUBLIC OFFER UNDERWRITING AGREEMENT

Undertaking by our Company

We have undertaken to each of the Sole Sponsor, the Sole Bookrunner, the Joint Lead Managers, the Co-Lead Manager and the Public Offer Underwriters that, except pursuant to the Share Offer and the Capitalisation Issue, our Company will not, and will procure our subsidiaries not to, without the prior written consent of the Sole Bookrunner (for itself and on behalf of the Public Offer Underwriters) and unless in compliance with the requirements of the GEM Listing Rules, at any time from the date of the Public Offer Underwriting Agreement and ending on the date which is six months after the Listing Date (the “**First Six-Month Period**”):

- (a) offer, accept subscription for, pledge, charge, allot, issue, sell, lend, mortgage, assign, contract to allot, issue or sell, sell any option or contract to purchase, purchase any option or contract to sell, grant or agree to grant any option, right or warrant to purchase or subscribe for, make any short sale, lend or otherwise transfer or dispose of, either directly or indirectly, conditionally or unconditionally, or repurchase, any Shares or other securities of our Company or any shares or other securities of other member of our Group or any interest therein (including but not limited to any securities convertible into or exercisable or exchangeable for or that represent the right to receive any such share capital or securities or any interest therein); or
- (b) enter into any swap or other arrangement that transfers to another, in whole or in part, any of the economic consequences of ownership of such share capital or securities or any interest therein; or
- (c) enter into any transaction with the same economic effect as any of the above transactions; or
- (d) offer to or agree to do any of the foregoing or announce any intention to do so,

in each case, whether any of the foregoing transactions is to be settled by delivery of share capital or such other securities, in cash or otherwise and in the event of our Company doing any of the foregoing by virtue of the aforesaid exceptions or during the period of six months immediately following the First Six-month Period (the “**Second Six-month Period**”), our Company will take all reasonable steps to ensure that any such act will not create a disorderly or false market for the Shares or other securities of our Company.

Undertaking by our Controlling Shareholders

Each of our Controlling Shareholders, pursuant to the Public Offer Underwriting Agreement, has jointly and severally agreed and undertaken with each of the Sole Sponsor, the Sole Bookrunner, the Joint Lead Managers, the Co-Lead Manager and the Public Offer Underwriters that, except pursuant to the Share Offer and the Capitalisation Issue, he/it will not, and will procure that his/its relevant registered holder(s) and

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associates will not, without the prior written consent of the Sole Bookrunner (for itself and on behalf of the Public Offer Underwriters) (such consent not to be unreasonably withheld or delayed) and unless in compliance with the GEM Listing Rules,

- (a) at any time during the First Six-Month Period:
 - (i) offer, pledge, charge, sell, contract to sell, sell any option or contract to purchase, purchase any option or contract to sell, grant or agree to grant any option, right or warrant to purchase or subscribe for, lend, make any short sale or otherwise transfer or dispose of (nor enter into any agreement to transfer or dispose of or otherwise create any options, rights, interests or encumbrances in respect of), either directly or indirectly, conditionally or unconditionally, any of the share or debt capital or other securities of our Company or any interest therein (including, but not limited to any securities that are convertible into or exercisable or exchangeable for, or that represent the right to receive, any such capital or securities or any interest therein) whether now owned or hereinafter acquired, directly or indirectly by any of our Controlling Shareholders (including holding as a custodian) or with respect to which any of our Controlling Shareholders has beneficial interest;
 - (ii) enter into any swap or other arrangement that transfers to another, in whole or in part, any of the economic consequences of ownership of any such shares, capital or other securities or any interest therein; or
 - (iii) enter into any transaction with the same economic effect as any transaction described in (i) or (ii) above; or
 - (iv) offer or agree or contract to, or publicly announce any intention to enter into, any transaction described in paragraph (i) or (ii) or (iii) above, whether any such transaction described in paragraph (i) or (ii) or (iii) above is to be settled by delivery of Shares or such other securities, in cash or otherwise;

- (b) at any time during the period of the Second Six-month Period:
 - (i) enter into any of the foregoing transactions in paragraphs (a)(i) or (a)(ii) or (a)(iii) above if, immediately following such transaction, he/it will cease to be a controlling shareholder (as defined in the GEM Listing Rules) of our Company or would together with the other Controlling Shareholders cease to be controlling shareholders (as defined in the GEM Listing Rules) of our Company; and
 - (ii) until the expiry of the Second Six-Month Period, in the event that any of our Controlling Shareholders enters or agrees or contracts to or publicly announce an intention to enter into the foregoing transactions, he/it will take all reasonable steps to ensure that he/it will not create a disorderly or false market in the Shares or other securities of our Company.

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- (c) Each of our Controlling Shareholders has undertaken to our Company that, within the period commencing on the date by reference to which disclosure of his/its shareholding in our Company is made in this prospectus and ending on the date which is 12 months from the Listing Date, he/it will:
 - (i) when he/it pledges or charges any Shares beneficially owned by him/it in favour of an authorised institution (as defined in the Banking Ordinance (Chapter 155 of the Laws of Hong Kong)) pursuant to Rule 13.18 of the GEM Listing Rules, immediately inform our Company of such pledge or charge together with the number of Shares so pledged or charged; and
 - (ii) when he/it receives indications, either verbal or written, from the pledgee or chargee that any of the pledged or charged Shares will be disposed of, immediately inform our Company of such indications.
- (d) Our Company undertakes to and covenants with the Sole Bookrunner and the Public Offer Underwriters that our Company shall forthwith inform the Sole Bookrunner and the Stock Exchange in writing immediately after it has been informed of the matters referred to in paragraph (c) above, and our Company shall disclose such matters by way of an announcement to be published in accordance with the GEM Listing Rules and shall comply with all requirements of the Stock Exchange.

Undertaking by our Relevant Shareholders

Our following Shareholders (the “**Relevant Shareholders**”), namely (i) Jolly Ocean; (ii) Dense Jungle; (iii) Beyond Delta, together with the direct and indirect beneficial owners of the respective Relevant Shareholders pursuant to the Public Offer Underwriting Agreement, have each agreed and undertaken with each of the Sole Sponsor, the Sole Bookrunner, the Joint Lead Managers, the Co-Lead Manager and the Public Offer Underwriters that, except as permitted under the GEM Listing Rule and pursuant to the Share Offer, the Capitalisation Issue and the exercise of the options that may be granted under the Share Option Scheme, they shall not, and shall procure that none of their relevant registered holder(s) and associates shall, without prior written consent of the Joint Lead Managers (for themselves and on behalf of the Public Offer Underwriters) (such consent not to be unreasonably withheld or delayed), at any time during the First Six-Month Period dispose of any of the Shares.

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PLACING

Placing Underwriting Agreement

In connection with the Placing, our Company expects to enter into the Placing Underwriting Agreement with, inter alia, the Placing Underwriters on or around the Price Determination Date, on terms and conditions that are substantially similar to the Public Offer Underwriting Agreement as described above and on the additional terms described below.

Under the Placing Underwriting Agreement, the Placing Underwriters are expected to procure subscribers to subscribe for, or failing which they shall subscribe for, the Placing Shares initially being offered pursuant to the Placing.

It is expected that the Placing Underwriting Agreement may be terminated on similar grounds as the Public Offer Underwriting Agreement.

Potential investors shall be reminded that in the event that the Placing Underwriting Agreement is not entered into, the Share Offer will not proceed. The Placing Underwriting Agreement is conditional on and subject to the Public Offer Underwriting Agreement having been executed, becoming unconditional and not having been terminated. It is expected that pursuant to the Placing Underwriting Agreement, our Company and Controlling Shareholders will make similar undertakings as those given pursuant to the Public Offer Underwriting Agreement as described in the paragraph headed "Undertakings pursuant to the Public Offer Underwriting Agreement" above in this section.

COMMISSION AND EXPENSES

The Underwriters will receive an underwriting commission at the rate of 7.0% of the aggregate Offer Price payable for the Offer Shares, out of which they will pay any sub-underwriting commissions. Such commission, together with the Stock Exchange listing fees, the Stock Exchange trading fees, the SFC transaction levy, legal and other professional fees, printing, and other expenses relating to the Share Offer, is currently estimated to be approximately HK\$24.0 million in aggregate (based on an Offer Price of HK\$0.275 per Offer Share, being the mid-point of the indicative Offer Price range of HK\$0.30 per Offer Share and HK\$0.25 per Offer Share) and is paid or payable by our Company.

UNDERWRITING

UNDERWRITERS' INTERESTS IN OUR COMPANY

Save for the obligation under the Underwriting Agreements, as at the Latest Practicable Date, none of the Underwriters was interested, directly or indirectly, in any shares or securities in any member of our Group or had any right or option (whether legally enforceable or not) to subscribe for, or to nominate persons to subscribe for, any shares or securities in any member of our Group.

COMPLIANCE ADVISER'S AGREEMENT

Under the compliance adviser's agreement made between Red Sun Capital and our Company ("Compliance Adviser's Agreement"), our Company appoints Red Sun Capital and Red Sun Capital agrees to act as the compliance adviser to our Company for the purpose of the GEM Listing Rules for a period from the Listing Date and ending on the date on which our Company complies with Rule 18.03 of the GEM Listing Rules in respect of its financial results for the second full financial year commencing after the Listing Date, or until the Compliance Adviser's Agreement is terminated, whichever is earlier.

SPONSOR'S INDEPENDENCE

The Sole Sponsor satisfies the independence criteria applicable to sponsor as set out in Rule 6A.07 of the GEM Listing Rules.

STRUCTURE AND CONDITIONS OF THE SHARE OFFER

THE SHARE OFFER

The Share Offer comprises:

- (i) the Public Offer of 20,000,000 Public Offer Shares (subject to reallocation as mentioned below) in Hong Kong as described under the paragraph headed “The Public Offer” below; and
- (ii) the Placing of 180,000,000 Placing Shares (subject to reallocation as mentioned below).

Investors may apply for the Offer Shares under the Public Offer or, if qualified to do so, apply for or indicate an interest for the Offer Shares under the Placing, but may not do both.

The Public Offer is open to members of the public in Hong Kong as well as to institutional, professional and other investors in Hong Kong. The Placing Underwriters will solicit from prospective investors indications of interest in acquiring the Offer Shares in the Placing.

The Offer Shares will represent approximately 25% of the enlarged issued share capital of our Company immediately after completion of the Share Offer and the Capitalisation Issue. The number of Offer Shares to be offered under the Public Offer and the Placing, respectively, may be subject to reallocation as mentioned below.

References in this prospectus to applications, Application Forms, application monies or the procedure for application relate solely to the Public Offer.

PRICING AND ALLOCATION

Determination of the Offer Price

The Placing Underwriters are soliciting from prospective investors indications of interest in acquiring the Offer Shares in the Placing. Prospective investors will be required to specify the number of the Offer Shares under the Placing they would be prepared to acquire either at different prices or at a particular price. This process, known as “book-building,” is expected to continue up to, and to cease on or around, the last day for lodging applications under the Share Offer.

Pricing for the Offer Shares for the purpose of the various offerings under the Share Offer will be fixed on the Price Determination Date, which is expected to be on or before Monday, 20 August 2018, and in any event not later than 5:00 p.m. on Monday, 20 August 2018, by agreement between the Sole Bookrunner (for itself and on behalf of the Underwriters) and our Company and the number of Offer Shares to be allocated under the various offerings under the Share Offer will be determined shortly thereafter.

STRUCTURE AND CONDITIONS OF THE SHARE OFFER

Offer Price range

It is expected that the Offer Price will not be more than HK\$0.3 per Offer Share and not less than HK\$0.25 per Offer Share unless otherwise announced, as further explained below, not later than the morning of the last day for lodging applications under the Share Offer. Prospective investors should be aware that the Offer Price to be determined on the Price Determination Date may be, but not expected to be, lower than the indicative Offer Price range as stated in this prospectus.

Change to Offer Price range

The Sole Bookrunner (for itself and on behalf of the Underwriters) may, where considered appropriate, based on the level of interest expressed by prospective investors during the book-building process in respect of the Placing, and with the consent of our Company, change the indicative Offer Price range stated in this prospectus at any time on or prior to the morning of the last day for lodging applications under the Public Offer.

In such a case, our Company will, as soon as practicable following the decision to make such change, and in any event not later than the morning of the last day for lodging applications under the Public Offer, cause there to be published on the Stock Exchange's website at www.hkexnews.hk and our Company's website at www.derivaasia.com an announcement of the change. Upon issue of such an announcement, the revised Offer Price range will be final and conclusive and the Offer Price, if agreed upon with our Company, will be fixed within such revised Offer Price range. Such announcement will also include confirmation or revision, as appropriate, of the working capital statement, the Share Offer statistics, and any other financial information in this prospectus which may change as a result of any such change.

Before submitting applications for the Public Offer Shares, applicants should have regard to the possibility that any announcement of an extension or reduction in the indicative Offer Price range may not be made until the day which is the last day for lodging applications under the Public Offer. Applicants who have submitted their applications for Public Offer Shares before such an announcement is made will be entitled to withdraw their applications unless positive confirmations from the applicants to proceed are received. In the absence of any such announcement being published in relation to a change in the indicative Offer Price range as stated in this prospectus on or before the morning of the last day for lodging applications under the Public Offer, the Offer Price, if agreed upon by the Sole Bookrunner (for itself and on behalf of the Underwriters) and our Company, will under no circumstances be set outside the Offer Price range as stated in this prospectus.

Price Payable on Application

Applicants for Offer Shares under the Public Offer must pay, on application, the maximum Offer Price of HK\$0.3 for each Public Offer Share (plus the brokerage, Stock Exchange trading fee and SFC transaction levy payable on each Offer Share), amounting to a total of HK\$3,030.23 per board lot of 10,000 Offer Shares.

STRUCTURE AND CONDITIONS OF THE SHARE OFFER

If the Offer Price, as finally determined in the manner described above, is lower than the maximum Offer Price of HK\$0.3 per Offer Share, appropriate refund payments (including the related brokerage, the Stock Exchange trading fee and the SFC transaction levy attributable to the excess application monies) will be made to applicants, without interest.

If, for any reason, our Company and the Sole Bookrunner (for itself and on behalf of the Underwriters) are unable to reach agreement on the Offer Price on or before Monday, 20 August 2018 (not later than 5:00p.m.), the Share Offer will not proceed and will lapse.

Further details are set out in the section headed “How to apply for Public Offer Shares” in this prospectus.

ANNOUNCEMENT OF THE OFFER PRICE AND THE BASIS OF ALLOCATIONS

Announcement of the final Offer Price, together with the level of indication of interest in the Placing, the level of applications in the Public Offer and the basis of allocation of the Public Offer Shares are expected to be published on or before Friday, 24 August 2018 on the website of the Stock Exchange at www.hkexnews.hk and our Company’s website at www.derivaasia.com.

CONDITIONS OF THE SHARE OFFER

Acceptance of all applications for the Offer Shares will be conditional upon, among other things, the satisfaction of all the following conditions:

- (i) the Listing Division granting the approval of the listing of, and permission to deal in, the Shares in issue and to be issued pursuant to the Share Offer (including the additional Shares which may be allotted and issued pursuant to the Capitalisation Issue and Shares which may be issued pursuant to the exercise of the options which may be granted under the Share Option Scheme) and such approval not subsequently being withdrawn or revoked prior to the commencement of dealings in the Shares on the Stock Exchange;
- (ii) the obligations of the Underwriters under each of the Underwriting Agreements becoming and remaining unconditional (including, if relevant, as a result of a waiver of any condition(s)) and such obligations not having been terminated in accordance with the terms of the Underwriting Agreements;
- (iii) the Offer Price having been determined and the execution of the Price Determination Agreement on or before the Price Determination Date;
- (iv) the execution and delivery of the Placing Underwriting Agreement on or before the Price Determination Date.

in each case on or before the dates and times specified in the Underwriting Agreements (unless and to the extent such conditions are validly waived on or before such dates and times) and, in any event, not later than the date which is 30 days after the date of this prospectus.

STRUCTURE AND CONDITIONS OF THE SHARE OFFER

The consummation of each of the Public Offer and the Placing is conditional upon, among other things, the other offering becoming and remaining unconditional and not having been terminated in accordance with its terms.

If the above conditions are not fulfilled or waived prior to the times and dates specified, the Share Offer will lapse and the Stock Exchange will be notified immediately. Notice of the lapse of the Public Offer will be published by us on the websites of our Company and the Stock Exchange at www.derivaasia.com and www.hkexnews.hk respectively, on the next business day following such lapse. In such a situation, all application monies will be returned, without interest, on the terms set out in the paragraph headed “Refund of application monies” under the section headed “How to apply for Public Offer Shares” in this prospectus. In the meantime, all application monies will be held in separate bank account(s) with the receiving bank or other bank(s) in Hong Kong licensed under the Banking Ordinance (Chapter 155 of the Laws of Hong Kong) (as amended from time to time).

Share certificates for the Offer Shares are expected to be issued on Friday, 24 August 2018 but will only become valid documents of title at 8:00 a.m. on Monday, 27 August 2018 provided that (i) the Share Offer has become unconditional in all respects; and (ii) the right of termination as described in the paragraph headed “Public Offer underwriting arrangements and expenses — Grounds for termination” under the section headed “Underwriting” in this prospectus has not been exercised at or before that time.

SHARES WILL BE ELIGIBLE FOR ADMISSION INTO CCASS

All necessary arrangements have been made for the Shares to be admitted into CCASS. Subject to the granting of listing of, and permission to deal in, the Shares on the Stock Exchange and our compliance with the stock admission requirements of HKSCC, the Shares will be accepted as eligible securities by HKSCC for deposit, clearance and settlement in CCASS with effect from the date of commencement of dealings in the Shares on the Stock Exchange or under contingent situation, any other date as determined by HKSCC.

Settlement of transactions between participants of the Stock Exchange is required to take place in CCASS on the second business day after any trading day. All activities under CCASS are subject to the General Rules of CCASS and CCASS Operational Procedures in effect from time to time. If you are unsure about the details of CCASS settlement arrangements and how such arrangements will affect your rights and interests, you should seek the advice of your stockbrokers or other professional advisers.

DEALING ARRANGEMENTS

Assuming the Share Offer becomes unconditional at or before 8:00 a.m. in Hong Kong on Monday, 27 August 2018, dealings in the Shares on the Stock Exchange are expected to commence at 9:00 a.m. on Monday, 27 August 2018.

The Shares will be traded in board lots of 10,000 Shares each and the stock code of the Shares will be 8210.

STRUCTURE AND CONDITIONS OF THE SHARE OFFER

THE PUBLIC OFFER

Number of Public Offer Shares initially offered

The Public Offer is a fully underwritten public offer (subject to satisfaction or waiver of the other conditions provided in the Public Offer Underwriting Agreement as described in the paragraph headed “Conditions of the Share Offer” in this section) for the subscription by members of the public in Hong Kong of, initially, 20,000,000 Public Offer Shares at the Offer Price (representing 10% of the total number of the Offer Shares initially available under the Share Offer). Subject to any reallocation of Offer Shares between the Placing and the Public Offer described below, the Public Offer Shares initially offered under the Public Offer will represent 2.5% of our enlarged issued share capital immediately after completion of the Capitalisation Issue and the Share Offer (without taking into account of any Shares which may be allotted and issued by our Company pursuant to the exercise of any options which may be granted under the Share Option Scheme).

Allocation

The Public Offer is open for subscription to all members of the public in Hong Kong as well as to institutional, professional and other investors in Hong Kong. Professional and institutional investors generally include brokers, dealers, companies (including fund managers) whose ordinary business involves dealing in shares and other securities and corporate entities which regularly invest in shares and other securities. The allocation of the Public Offer Shares to investors under the Public Offer will be based solely on the level of valid applications received under the Public Offer at the sole discretion of the Sole Bookrunner.

Each applicant under the Public Offer will also be required to give an undertaking and confirmation in the Application Form submitted by him or her that he or she and any person(s) for whose benefit he or she is making the application have not applied for or taken up, or indicated an interest for, and will not apply for or take up, or indicate an interest for, any Placing Shares in the Placing, and such applicant’s application is liable to be rejected if the said undertaking and/or confirmation is breached and/or untrue, as the case may be, or he or she has been or will be placed or allocated Placing Shares under the Placing.

Allocation of the Public Offer Shares to investors under the Public Offer will be based solely on the level of valid applications received under the Public Offer. The basis of allocation may vary, depending on the number of Public Offer Shares validly applied for by applicants.

When there is over-subscription under the Public Offer, allocation of the Public Offer Shares may involve balloting, which could mean that some applicants may be allotted more Public Offer Shares than others who have applied for the same number of the Public Offer Shares, and those applicants who are not successful in the ballot may not receive any Public Offer Shares.

STRUCTURE AND CONDITIONS OF THE SHARE OFFER

Multiple or suspected multiple applications under the Public Offer and any application for more than 100% of the Public Offer Shares initially available for subscription will be rejected.

THE PLACING

Number of Placing Shares offered

The number of the Offer Shares to be initially offered for subscription under the Placing will be 180,000,000 Placing Shares (subject to reallocation as described below), representing 90% of the total number of Offer Shares initially available under the Share Offer.

The Placing is fully underwritten by the Placing Underwriters on a several basis upon and subject to the terms and conditions of the Placing Underwriting Agreement. Subject to the reallocation of the Offer Shares between the Placing and the Public Offer, the number of Offer Shares initially offered under the Placing will represent 22.5% of our Company's enlarged issued share capital immediately after the completion of the Capitalisation Issue and Share Offer, but without taking into account of any Shares which may be allotted and issued by our Company pursuant to the exercise of any options which may be granted under the Share Option Scheme.

Allocation

The Placing will include selective marketing of Offer Shares to certain institutional and professional investors and/or other investors expected to have a sizeable demand for the Shares in Hong Kong, who generally include brokers, dealers, companies (including fund managers) whose ordinary business involves dealing in Shares and other securities and corporate entities which regularly invest in shares and other securities.

Pursuant to the Placing, the Placing Shares will be conditionally placed on our behalf by the Placing Underwriters or through selling agents appointed by them. The Placing is subject to the Public Offer becoming unconditional.

Allocation of the Placing Shares to investors under the Placing will be determined by the Sole Bookrunner and will be based on a number of factors including the level and timing of demand, total size of the relevant investor's invested assets or equity assets in the relevant sector and whether or not the relevant investor is likely to buy further Offer Shares, and/or hold or sell its Offer Shares after the Listing. Such allocation is intended to result in a distribution of the Shares on a basis which would lead to the establishment of stable professional and institutional shareholder base to the benefit of our Company and our Shareholders as a whole.

The Sole Bookrunner (for itself and on behalf of the Underwriters), may require any investor who has been offered Offer Shares under the Placing and who has made an application under the Public Offer to provide sufficient information to the Sole Bookrunner so as to allow it to identify the relevant applications under the Public Offer and to ensure that such investor is excluded from any application of Offer Shares under the Public Offer.

STRUCTURE AND CONDITIONS OF THE SHARE OFFER

Reallocation

The allocation of the Offer Shares between the Public Offer and the Placing is subject to reallocation after the closing of the application lists on the following basis:

- (a) Where the Placing Shares are fully subscribed or oversubscribed under the Placing:
 - (i) if the Public Offer Shares are undersubscribed, the Sole Bookrunner (for itself and on behalf of the Underwriters) will have the discretion (but shall not be under any obligation) to reallocate all or any unsubscribed Public Offer Shares to the Placing, in such proportions as the Sole Bookrunner (for itself and on behalf of the Underwriters) deems appropriate;
 - (ii) if the Public Offer Shares are not undersubscribed but the number of Public Offer Shares validly applied for under the Public Offer represents less than 15 times the number of the Offer Shares initially available for subscription under the Public Offer, then up to 20,000,000 Offer Shares may be reallocated to the Public Offer from the Placing (as the Sole Bookrunner deems appropriate), so that the total number of the Offer Shares available under the Public Offer will be increased to 40,000,000 Offer Shares, representing 20% of the number of the Offer Shares initially available for subscription under the Share Offer and in such circumstances, the final Offer Price will be fixed at HK\$0.25, being the bottom end of the indicative Offer Price range;
 - (iii) if the number of the Public Offer Shares validly applied for under the Public Offer represents 15 times or more but less than 50 times the number of the Offer Shares initially available for subscription under the Public Offer, then 40,000,000 Offer Shares will be reallocated to the Public Offer from the Placing, so that the total number of the Offer Shares available for subscription under the Public Offer will be increased to 60,000,000 Offer Shares, representing 30% of the number of the Offer Shares initially available for subscription under the Share Offer;
 - (iv) if the number of the Public Offer Shares validly applied for under the Public Offer represents 50 times or more but less than 100 times the number of the Offer Shares initially available for subscription under the Public Offer, then 60,000,000 Offer Shares will be reallocated to the Public Offer from the Placing, so that the total number of the Offer Shares available for subscription under the Public Offer will be increased to 80,000,000 Offer Shares, representing 40% of the number of the Offer Shares initially available for subscription under the Share Offer; and

STRUCTURE AND CONDITIONS OF THE SHARE OFFER

- (v) if the number of the Public Offer Shares validly applied for under the Public Offer represents 100 times or more the number of the Offer Shares initially available for subscription under the Public Offer, then 80,000,000 Offer Shares will be reallocated to the Public Offer from the Placing, so that the total number of the Offer Shares available for subscription under the Public Offer will be increased to 100,000,000 Offer Shares, representing 50% of the number of the Offer Shares initially available for subscription under the Share Offer.
- (b) Where the Placing Shares are undersubscribed under the Placing:
 - (i) if the Public Offer Shares are undersubscribed, the Share Offer will not proceed unless the Underwriters would subscribe or procure subscribers to subscribe for their respective applicable proportions of the Offer Shares being offered which are not taken up under the Share Offer on the terms and conditions of this prospectus, the Application Forms and the Underwriting Agreements; and
 - (ii) if the Public Offer Shares are fully subscribed or oversubscribed irrespective of the number of times the number of the Public Offer Shares initially available for subscription under the Public Offer, then up to 20,000,000 Offer Shares may be reallocated to the Public Offer from the Placing, so that the total number of the Offer Shares available under the Public Offer will be increased to 40,000,000 Offer Shares, representing 20% of the Offer Shares initially available for subscription under the Share Offer, and in such circumstances, the final Offer Price will be fixed at HK\$0.25 being the bottom end of the indicative Offer Price range.

In the event of reallocation of Offer Shares between the Public Offer and the Placing in the circumstances where (xx) the Placing Shares are fully subscribed or oversubscribed and the Public Offer Shares are oversubscribed by less than 15 times under paragraph (a)(ii) above or (yy) the Placing Shares are not fully subscribed and the Public Offer Shares are fully subscribed or oversubscribed under paragraph (b)(ii) above, the final Offer Price shall be fixed at the low-end of the indicative Offer Price range (i.e. HK\$0.25 per Offer Share) stated in this prospectus.

In addition, the Sole Bookrunner may reallocate Offer Shares from the Placing to the Public Offer to satisfy valid applications under the Public Offer. In accordance with Guidance Letter HKEX-GL91-18 issued by the Stock Exchange, if such reallocation is done other than pursuant to Practice Note 6 to the GEM Listing Rules, the maximum total number of Offer Shares that may be reallocated to the Public Offer following such reallocation shall be not more than double the initial allocation to the Public Offer (i.e. 40,000,000 Offer Shares) and in such circumstances, the final Offer Price will be fixed at HK\$0.25, being the bottom end of the indicative Offer Price range.

STRUCTURE AND CONDITIONS OF THE SHARE OFFER

In all cases, the number of Offer Shares allocated to the Placing will be correspondingly reduced, in such number as the Sole Bookrunner (for itself and on behalf of the Underwriters) deems appropriate. In addition, the Sole Bookrunner (for itself and on behalf of the Underwriters) may in its sole and absolute discretion reallocate Offer Shares from the Placing to the Public Offer to satisfy valid applications under the Public Offer. The Offer Shares to be offered in the Public Offer and the Placing may, in certain circumstances, be reallocated as between these offerings at the discretion of the Sole Bookrunner. If the Public Offer Shares are not fully subscribed, the Sole Bookrunner may have the discretion to reallocate to the Placing all or any unsubscribed Public Offer Shares in such numbers as they deem appropriate.

PROFESSIONAL TAX ADVICE RECOMMENDED

Potential investors in the Share Offer are recommended to consult their professional advisers if they are in any doubt as to the taxation implications of subscribing for, holding or disposal of, and dealing in our Shares (or exercising rights attached to them). None of our Group, the Sole Sponsor, the Sole Bookrunner, the Joint Lead Managers, the Co-Lead Manager, the Underwriters, any of their respective directors, agents or advisors or any other person or party involved in the Share Offer accepts responsibility for any tax effects on, or liabilities of, any person resulting from the subscription for, purchase, holding or disposal of, dealing in, or the exercise of any rights in relation to, our Shares.

HONG KONG REGISTER OF MEMBERS

Our principal register of members will be maintained by our Principal Share Registrar, Conyers Trust Company (Cayman) Limited in the Cayman Islands and our Hong Kong branch register of members will be maintained in Hong Kong by Tricor Investor Services Limited, our Hong Kong Branch Share Registrar.

STAMP DUTY

Dealings in our Shares registered in our Hong Kong branch register of members will be subject to Hong Kong stamp duty. The current ad valorem rate of Hong Kong stamp duty is 0.1% on the higher of the consideration for or the market value of the Shares and it is charged on the purchaser on every purchase and on the seller on every sale of the Shares. Therefore a total stamp duty of 0.2% is currently payable on a typical sale and purchase transaction involving the Shares.

HOW TO APPLY FOR PUBLIC OFFER SHARES

1. HOW TO APPLY

If you apply for the Public Offer Shares, then you may not apply for or indicate an interest for the Placing Shares.

To apply for the Public Offer Shares, you may:

- (a) use a **WHITE** or **YELLOW** Application Form;
- (b) apply online via the **HK eIPO White Form** service at www.hkeipo.hk; or
- (c) electronically cause HKSCC Nominees to apply on your behalf.

None of you or your joint applicant(s) may make more than one application, except where you are a nominee and provide the required information in your application.

Our Company, the Sole Bookrunner, the **HK eIPO White Form** Service Provider and their respective agents and nominees may reject or accept any application in full or in part for any reason at their discretion.

2. WHO CAN APPLY FOR THE PUBLIC OFFER SHARES

You can apply for the Public Offer Shares on a **WHITE** or **YELLOW** Application Form if you (or the person(s) for whose benefit you are applying):

- (a) are 18 years of age or older;
- (b) have a Hong Kong address;
- (c) are outside the United States, and are not a United States Person (as defined in Regulation S); and
- (d) are not a legal or natural person of the PRC.

If you apply online through the **HK eIPO White Form** service, in addition to the above, you must also (i) have a valid Hong Kong identity card number; and (ii) provide a valid e-mail address and a contact telephone number.

If you are a firm, the application must be in the individual members' names. If you are a body corporate, the Application Form must be signed by a duly authorised officer, who must state his or her representative capacity, and stamped with your corporation's chop.

If an application is made by a person under a power of attorney, the Company, the Sole Bookrunner or their respective agents and nominees may accept or reject it at its discretion and on any conditions it thinks fit, including evidence of the attorney's authority.

HOW TO APPLY FOR PUBLIC OFFER SHARES

The number of joint applicants may not exceed four and they may not apply by means of **HK eIPO White Form** for the Public Offer Shares.

Unless permitted by the GEM Listing Rules, you cannot apply for any Public Offer Shares if you:

- are an existing beneficial owner of Shares and/or any of its subsidiaries;
- are a Director or chief executive officer of the Company and/or any of its subsidiaries;
- are a connected person or core connected person (as defined in the GEM Listing Rules) of the Company or will become a connected person or a core connected person of the Company immediately upon completion of the Share Offer;
- are an associate or a close associate (as defined in the GEM Listing Rules) of any of the above; or
- have been allocated or have applied for or indicated an interest in any Placing Shares or otherwise participate in the Placing.

3. APPLYING FOR THE PUBLIC OFFER SHARES

Which Application Channel to Use

For Public Offer Shares to be issued in your own name, use a **WHITE** Application Form or apply online through **www.hkeipo.hk**.

For Public Offer Shares to be issued in the name of HKSCC Nominees and deposited directly into CCASS to be credited to your or a designated CCASS Participant's stock account, use a **YELLOW** Application Form or electronically instruct HKSCC via CCASS to cause HKSCC Nominees to apply for you.

Where to Collect the Application Forms

You can collect a **WHITE** Application Form and a copy of this prospectus during normal business hours from 9:00 a.m. on Tuesday, 14 August 2018 until 12:00 noon on Friday, 17 August 2018 from:

- (a) any of the following offices of the Public Offer Underwriters:

Red Sun Capital Limited
Room 3303, 33rd Floor, West Tower,
Shun Tak Centre,
168–200 Connaught Road Central,
Hong Kong

HOW TO APPLY FOR PUBLIC OFFER SHARES

Head & Shoulders Securities Limited

Room 2511, 25/F, Cosco Tower
183 Queen's Road Central
Hong Kong

I Win Securities Limited

Room 1916, Hong Kong Plaza
188 Connaught Road West
Hong Kong

HF Securities and Futures Limited

Room 1606, South Tower, Concordia Plaza
1 Science Museum Road
Tsim Sha Tsui
Hong Kong

- (b) or any of the following branches of Industrial and Commercial Bank of China (Asia) Limited, the receiving bank for the Public Offer:

Hong Kong Island	Queen's Road Central Branch	Basement, Ground Floor and First Floor of 122 QRC, Nos. 122-126 Queen's Road Central, Central, Hong Kong
	Wanchai Branch	117-123 Hennessy Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong
	Causeway Bay Branch	Shop A on G/F, 1/F, Hennessy Apartments, 488 & 490 Hennessy Road, Causeway Bay, Hong Kong
Kowloon	Tsim Sha Tsui Branch	Shop 1&2, G/F, No. 35-37 Hankow Road, Tsimshatsui, Kowloon
New Territories	Shatin Branch	Shop 22J, Level 3, Shatin Centre, New Territories

HOW TO APPLY FOR PUBLIC OFFER SHARES

You can collect a **YELLOW** Application Form and a copy of this prospectus during normal business hours from 9:00 a.m. on Tuesday, 14 August 2018 until 12:00 noon on Friday, 17 August 2018 from:

- (i) the Depository Counter of HKSCC at 1/F, One & Two Exchange Square, 8 Connaught Place, Central, Hong Kong; or
- (ii) your stockbroker.

Time for Lodging Application Forms

Your completed **WHITE** or **YELLOW** Application Form, together with a cheque or a banker's cashier order attached and marked payable to "**ICBC (ASIA) NOMINEE LIMITED — DLC ASIA PUBLIC OFFER**" for the payment, should be deposited in the special collection boxes provided at any of the branches of the receiving bank listed above, at the following times:

Tuesday, 14 August 2018	— 9:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m.
Wednesday, 15 August 2018	— 9:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m.
Thursday, 16 August 2018	— 9:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m.
Friday, 17 August 2018	— 9:00 a.m. to 12:00 noon

The application lists will be open from 11:45 a.m. to 12:00 noon on Friday, 17 August 2018, the last application day or such later time as described in the paragraph headed "10. Effect of bad weather on the opening of the applications lists" in this section.

4. TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF AN APPLICATION

Follow the detailed instructions in the Application Forms carefully; otherwise, your application may be rejected.

By submitting an Application Form or applying through the **HK eIPO White Form** service, among other things, you (and if you are joint applicants, each of you jointly and severally) for yourself or as an agent or a nominee on behalf of each person for whom you act:

- undertake to execute all relevant documents and instruct and authorise our Company, and/or the Sole Bookrunner (or its agents or nominees), as agents of our Company, to execute any documents for you and to do on your behalf all things necessary to register any Public Offer Shares allocated to you in your name or in the name of HKSCC Nominees as required by the Articles of Association;
- agree to comply with the Companies Law, the Companies Ordinance, the Companies (Winding Up and Miscellaneous Provisions) Ordinance and the Articles of Association;

HOW TO APPLY FOR PUBLIC OFFER SHARES

- confirm that you have read the terms and conditions and application procedures set out in this prospectus and in the Application Form and agree to be bound by them;
- confirm that you have received and read this prospectus and have only relied on the information and representations contained in this prospectus in making your application and will not rely on any other information or representations except those in any supplement to this prospectus;
- confirm that you are aware of the restrictions on the Share Offer in this prospectus;
- agree that none of our Company, the Sole Sponsor, the Sole Bookrunner, the Joint Lead Managers, the Co-Lead Manager, the Underwriters, their respective directors, officers, employees, partners, agents, advisers or any other parties involved in the Share Offer is or will be liable for any information and representations not in this prospectus (and any supplement to it);
- undertake and confirm that you or the person(s) for whose benefit you have made the application have not applied for or taken up, or indicated an interest for, and will not apply for or take up, or indicate an interest for, any Offer Shares under the Placing nor participated in the Placing;
- agree to disclose to our Company, the Hong Kong Branch Share Registrar, receiving bank, the Sole Sponsor, the Sole Bookrunner, the Joint Lead Managers, the Co-Lead Manager, the Underwriters and/or their respective advisers and agents any personal data which they may require about you and the person(s) for whose benefit you have made the application;
- if the laws of any place outside Hong Kong apply to your application, agree and warrant that you have complied with all such laws and none of our Company, the Sole Sponsor, the Sole Bookrunner, the Joint Lead Managers, the Co-Lead Manager and the Underwriters nor any of their respective officers or advisers will breach any law outside Hong Kong as a result of the acceptance of your offer to purchase, or any action arising from your rights and obligations under the terms and conditions contained in this prospectus and the Application Form;
- agree that once your application has been accepted, you may not rescind it because of an innocent misrepresentation;
- agree that your application will be governed by the laws of Hong Kong;

HOW TO APPLY FOR PUBLIC OFFER SHARES

- represent, warrant and undertake that (i) you understand that the Public Offer Shares have not been and will not be registered under the U.S. Securities Act; and (ii) you and any person for whose benefit you are applying for the Public Offer Shares are outside the United States (as defined in Regulation S) or are a person described in paragraph (h)(3) of Rule 902 of Regulation S;
- warrant that the information you have provided is true and accurate;
- agree to accept the Public Offer Shares applied for, or any lesser number allocated to you under the application;
- authorise our Company to place your name(s) or the name of the HKSCC Nominees, on our Company's register of members as the holder(s) of any Public Offer Shares allocated to you, and our Company and/or its agents to send any share certificate(s) and/or refund cheque(s) and/or e-Auto Refund payment instructions to you or the first-named applicant for joint application by ordinary post at your own risk to the address stated on the application, unless you have chosen to collect the share certificate(s) and/or refund cheque(s) in person;
- declare and represent that this is the only application made and the only application intended by you to be made to benefit you or the person for whose benefit you are applying;
- understand that our Company and the Sole Bookrunner will rely on your declarations and representations in deciding whether or not to make any allotment of any of the Public Offer Shares to you and that you may be prosecuted for making a false declaration;
- (if the application is made for your own benefit) warrant that no other application has been or will be made for your benefit on a **WHITE** or **YELLOW** Application Form or by giving **electronic application instructions** to HKSCC or to the **HK eIPO White Form** Service Provider by you or by any one as your agent or by any other person; and
- (if you are making the application as an agent for the benefit of another person) warrant that (i) no other application has been or will be made by you as agent for or for the benefit of that person or by that person or by any other person as agent for that person on a **WHITE** or **YELLOW** Application Form or by giving **electronic application instructions** to HKSCC; and (ii) you have due authority to sign the Application Form or give **electronic application instructions** on behalf of that other person as their agent.

Additional Instructions for YELLOW Application Form

You may refer to the **YELLOW** Application Form for details.

HOW TO APPLY FOR PUBLIC OFFER SHARES

5. APPLYING BY GIVING ELECTRONIC APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS TO HKSCC VIA CCASS

General

CCASS Participants may give **electronic application instructions** to apply for the Public Offer Shares and to arrange payment of the monies due on application and payment of refunds under their participant agreements with HKSCC and the General Rules of CCASS and the CCASS Operational Procedures.

If you are a **CCASS Investor Participant**, you may give these **electronic application instructions** through the CCASS Phone System by calling (852) 2979 7888 or through the CCASS Internet System at <https://ip.ccass.com> (using the procedures in HKSCC's "An Operating Guide for Investor Participants" in effect from time to time).

HKSCC can also input electronic application instructions for you if you go to:

Hong Kong Securities Clearing Company Limited

Customer Service Center

1/F, One & Two Exchange Square,

8 Connaught Place, Central,

Hong Kong

and complete an input request form.

You can also collect a copy of this prospectus from this address.

If you are **not a CCASS Investor Participant**, you may instruct your broker or custodian who is a CCASS Clearing Participant or a CCASS Custodian Participant to give **electronic application instructions** via CCASS terminals to apply for the Public Offer Shares on your behalf.

You will be deemed to have authorised HKSCC and/or HKSCC Nominees to transfer the details of your application to our Company, the Sole Bookrunner and the Hong Kong Branch Share Registrar.

Giving Electronic Application Instructions to HKSCC via CCASS

Where you have given **electronic application instructions** to apply for the Public Offer Shares and a **WHITE** Application Form is signed by HKSCC Nominees on your behalf:

- (i) HKSCC Nominees will only be acting as a nominee for you and is not liable for any breach of the terms and conditions of the **WHITE** Application Form or this prospectus;

HOW TO APPLY FOR PUBLIC OFFER SHARES

- (ii) HKSCC Nominees will do the following things on your behalf:
- agree that the Public Offer Shares to be allotted shall be issued in the name of HKSCC Nominees and deposited directly into CCASS for the credit of the CCASS Participant's stock account on your behalf or your CCASS Investor Participant's stock account;
 - agree to accept the Public Offer Shares applied for or any lesser number allocated;
 - undertake and confirm that you have not applied for or taken up, will not apply for or take up, or indicate an interest for, any Offer Shares under the Placing;
 - (if the **electronic application instructions** are given for your benefit) declare that only one set of **electronic application instructions** has been given for your benefit;
 - (if you are an agent for another person) declare that you have only given one set of **electronic application instructions** for the other person's benefit and are duly authorised to give those instructions as their agent;
 - confirm that you understand that our Company, our Directors and the Sole Bookrunner will rely on your declarations and representations in deciding whether or not to make any allotment of any of the Public Offer Shares to you and that you may be prosecuted if you make a false declaration;
 - authorise our Company to place HKSCC Nominees' name on our Company's register of members as the holder of the Public Offer Shares allocated to you and to send share certificate(s) and/or refund monies under the arrangements separately agreed between us and HKSCC;
 - confirm that you have read the terms and conditions and application procedures set out in this prospectus and agree to be bound by them;
 - confirm that you have received and/or read a copy of this prospectus and have relied only on the information and representations in this prospectus in causing the application to be made, save as set out in any supplement to this prospectus;

HOW TO APPLY FOR PUBLIC OFFER SHARES

- agree that none of our Company, the Sole Sponsor, the Sole Bookrunner, the Joint Lead Managers, the Co-Lead Manager, the Underwriters, their respective directors, officers, employees, partners, agents, advisers or any other parties involved in the Share Offer is or will be liable for any information and representations not contained in this prospectus (and any supplement to it);
- agree to disclose your personal data to our Company, our Hong Kong Branch Share Registrar, receiving bank, the Sole Bookrunner, the Joint Lead Managers, the Co-Lead Manager, the Underwriters and/or their respective advisers and agents;
- agree (without prejudice to any other rights which you may have) that once HKSCC Nominees' application has been accepted, it cannot be rescinded for innocent misrepresentation;
- agree that any application made by HKSCC Nominees on your behalf is irrevocable before the fifth day after the time of the opening of the application lists (excluding any day which is a Saturday, Sunday or public holiday in Hong Kong), such agreement to take effect as a collateral contract with us and to become binding when you give the instructions and such collateral contract to be in consideration of our Company agreeing that it will not offer any Public Offer Shares to any person before the fifth day after the time of the opening of the application lists (excluding any day which is a Saturday, Sunday or public holiday in Hong Kong), except by means of one of the procedures referred to in this prospectus. However, HKSCC Nominees may revoke the application before the fifth day after the time of the opening of the application lists (excluding for this purpose any day which is a Saturday, Sunday or public holiday in Hong Kong) if a person responsible for this prospectus under Section 40 of the Companies (Winding Up and Miscellaneous Provisions) Ordinance gives a public notice under that section which excludes or limits that person's responsibility for this prospectus;
- agree that once HKSCC Nominees' application is accepted, neither that application nor your **electronic application instructions** can be revoked, and that acceptance of that application will be evidenced by our Company's announcement of the Public Offer results;
- agree to the arrangements, undertakings and warranties under the participant agreement between you and HKSCC, read with the General Rules of CCASS and the CCASS Operational Procedures, for giving **electronic application instructions** to apply for the Public Offer Shares;

HOW TO APPLY FOR PUBLIC OFFER SHARES

- agree with our Company, for itself and for the benefit of each Shareholder (and so that our Company will be deemed by its acceptance in whole or in part of the application by HKSCC Nominees to have agreed, for itself and on behalf of each of our Shareholders, with each CCASS Participant giving **electronic application instructions**) to observe and comply with the Companies Ordinance, Companies (Winding Up and Miscellaneous Provisions) Ordinance and the Articles of Association; and
- agree that your application, any acceptance of it and the resulting contract will be governed by the Laws of Hong Kong.

Effect of Giving Electronic Application Instructions to HKSCC via CCASS

By giving **electronic application instructions** to HKSCC or instructing your broker or custodian who is a CCASS Clearing Participant or a CCASS Custodian Participant to give such instructions to HKSCC, you (and, if you are joint applicants, each of you jointly and severally) are deemed to have done the following things. Neither HKSCC nor HKSCC Nominees shall be liable to our Company or any other person in respect of the things mentioned below:

- (a) instructed and authorised HKSCC to cause HKSCC Nominees (acting as nominee for the relevant CCASS Participants) to apply for the Public Offer Shares on your behalf;
- (b) instructed and authorised HKSCC to arrange payment of the maximum Offer Price, brokerage, SFC transaction levy and Stock Exchange trading fee by debiting your designated bank account and, in the case of a wholly or partially unsuccessful application and/or if the Offer Price is less than the maximum Offer Price per Offer Share initially paid on application, refund of the application monies (including brokerage, SFC transaction levy and Stock Exchange trading fee) by crediting your designated bank account; and
- (c) instructed and authorised HKSCC to cause HKSCC Nominees to do on your behalf all the things stated in the **WHITE** Application Form and in this prospectus.

Minimum Purchase Amount and Permitted Numbers

You may give or cause your broker or custodian who is a CCASS Clearing Participant or a CCASS Custodian Participant to give **electronic application instructions** for a minimum of 10,000 Public Offer Shares. Instructions for more than 10,000 Public Offer Shares must be in one of the numbers set out in the table in the Application Forms. No application for any other number of Public Offer Shares will be considered and any such application is liable to be rejected.

HOW TO APPLY FOR PUBLIC OFFER SHARES

Time for Inputting Electronic Application Instructions⁽¹⁾

CCASS Clearing/Custodian Participants can input **electronic application instructions** at the following times on the following dates:

9:00 a.m. to 8:30 p.m., Tuesday, 14 August 2018
8:00 a.m. to 8:30 p.m., Wednesday, 15 August 2018
8:00 a.m. to 8:30 p.m., Thursday, 16 August 2018
8:00 a.m. to 12:00 noon, Friday, 17 August 2018

CCASS Investor Participants can input **electronic application instructions** from 9:00 a.m. on Tuesday, 14 August 2018 until 12:00 noon on Friday, 17 August 2018 (24 hours daily, except on Friday, 17 August 2018, the last application day).

The latest time for inputting your **electronic application instructions** will be 12:00 noon on Friday, 17 August 2018, the last application day or such later time as described in the paragraph headed “10. Effect of bad weather on the opening of the application lists” in this section.

Note:

- (1) The times in this paragraph are subject to change as HKSCC may determine from time to time with prior notification to CCASS Clearing/Custodian Participants and/or CCASS Investor Participant.

No Multiple Applications

If you are suspected of having made multiple applications or if more than one application is made for your benefit, the number of Public Offer Shares applied for by HKSCC Nominees will be automatically reduced by the number of Public Offer Shares for which you have given such instructions and/or for which such instructions have been given for your benefit. Any **electronic application instructions** to make an application for the Public Offer Shares given by you or for your benefit to HKSCC shall be deemed to be an actual application for the purposes of considering whether multiple applications have been made.

Section 40 of the Companies (Winding Up and Miscellaneous Provisions) Ordinance

For the avoidance of doubt, our Company and all other parties involved in the preparation of this prospectus acknowledge that each CCASS Participant who gives or causes to give **electronic application instructions** is a person who may be entitled to compensation under Section 40 of the Companies (Winding Up and Miscellaneous Provisions) Ordinance (as applied by Section 342E of the Companies (Winding Up and Miscellaneous Provisions) Ordinance).

HOW TO APPLY FOR PUBLIC OFFER SHARES

Personal Data

The section of the Application Form headed “Personal Data” applies to any personal data held by our Company, the Hong Kong Branch Share Registrar, the receiving banker, the Sole Bookrunner, the Joint Lead Managers, the Co-Lead Manager, the Underwriters and any of their respective advisers and agents about you in the same way as it applies to personal data about applicants other than HKSCC Nominees.

6. APPLYING THROUGH HK eIPO WHITE FORM SERVICE

General

Individuals who meet the criteria in the paragraph headed “2. Who can apply for the Public Offer Shares” in this section, may apply through the **HK eIPO White Form** service for the Public Offer Shares to be allotted and registered in their own names through the designated website at **www.hkeipo.hk**.

Detailed instructions for application through the **HK eIPO White Form** service are on the designated website. If you do not follow the instructions, your application may be rejected and may not be submitted to our Company. If you apply through the designated website, you authorise the **HK eIPO White Form** Service Provider to apply on the terms and conditions in this prospectus, as supplemented and amended by the terms and conditions of the **HK eIPO White Form** service.

Time for submitting applications under the HK eIPO White Form

You may submit your application to the **HK eIPO White Form** Service Provider at **www.hkeipo.hk**. (24 hours daily, except on the last application day) from 9:00 a.m. on Tuesday, 14 August 2018 until 11: 30 a.m. on Friday, 17 August 2018 and the latest time for completing full payment of application monies in respect of such applications will be 12:00 noon on Friday, 17 August 2018 or such later time as specified under the paragraph headed “10. Effect of bad weather on the opening of the application lists” in this section.

No multiple applications

If you apply by means of **HK eIPO White Form**, once you complete payment in respect of any **electronic application instruction** given by you or for your benefit through the **HK eIPO White Form** service to make an application for Public Offer Shares, an actual application shall be deemed to have been made. For the avoidance of doubt, giving an electronic application instruction under **HK eIPO White Form** more than once and obtaining different payment reference numbers without effecting full payment in respect of a particular reference number will not constitute an actual application.

If you are suspected of submitting more than one application through the **HK eIPO White Form** service or by any other means, all of your applications are liable to be rejected.

HOW TO APPLY FOR PUBLIC OFFER SHARES

Section 40 of the Companies (Winding Up and Miscellaneous Provisions) Ordinance

For the avoidance of doubt, our Company and all other parties involved in the preparation of this prospectus acknowledge that each applicant who gives or causes to give **electronic application instructions** is a person who may be entitled to compensation under Section 40 of the Companies (Winding Up and Miscellaneous Provisions) Ordinance (as applied by Section 342E of the Companies (Winding Up and Miscellaneous Provisions) Ordinance).

7. WARNING FOR ELECTRONIC APPLICATIONS

The subscription of the Public Offer Shares by giving **electronic application instructions** to HKSCC is only a facility provided to CCASS Participants. Similarly, the application for Public Offer Shares through the **HK eIPO White Form** service is also only a facility provided by the **HK eIPO White Form** Service Provider to public investors. Such facilities are subject to capacity limitations and potential service interruptions and you are advised not to wait until the last application day in making your electronic applications. Our Company, our Directors, the Sole Sponsor, the Sole Bookrunner, the Joint Lead Managers, the Co-Lead Manager and the Underwriters and their respective advisers and agents take no responsibility for such applications and provide no assurance that any CCASS Participant or person applying through the **HK eIPO White Form** service will be allotted any Public Offer Shares.

To ensure that CCASS Investor Participants can give their **electronic application instructions**, they are advised not to wait until the last minute to input their instructions to the systems. In the event that CCASS Investor Participants have problems in the connection to CCASS Phone System/CCASS Internet System for submission of **electronic application instructions**, they should either (i) submit a **WHITE** or **YELLOW** Application Form; or (ii) go to HKSCC's Customer Service Centre to complete an input request form for **electronic application instructions** before 12:00 noon on Friday, 17 August 2018.

8. HOW MANY APPLICATIONS CAN YOU MAKE

Multiple applications for the Public Offer Shares are not allowed except by nominees. If you are a nominee, in the box on the Application Form marked "For nominees" you must include:

- an account number; or
- some other identification code,

for each beneficial owner or, in the case of joint beneficial owners, for each joint beneficial owner. If you do not include this information, the application will be treated as being made for your benefit.

HOW TO APPLY FOR PUBLIC OFFER SHARES

All of your applications will be rejected if more than one application on a **WHITE** or **YELLOW** Application Form or by giving **electronic application instructions** to HKSCC or through **HK eIPO White Form** service, is made for your benefit (including the part of the application made by HKSCC Nominees acting on **electronic application instructions**). If an application is made by an unlisted company and:

- (a) the principal business of that company is dealing in securities; and
- (b) you exercise statutory control over that company,

then the application will be treated as being for your benefit.

“Unlisted company” means a company with no equity securities listed on the Stock Exchange. “Statutory control” means you:

- control the composition of the board of directors of the company;
- control more than half of the voting power of the company; or
- hold more than half of the issued share capital of the company (not counting any part of it which carries no right to participate beyond a specified amount in a distribution of either profits or capital).

9. HOW MUCH ARE THE PUBLIC OFFER SHARES

The **WHITE** and **YELLOW** Application Forms have tables showing the exact amount payable for the Public Offer Shares.

You must pay the maximum Offer Price, brokerage, SFC transaction levy and Stock Exchange trading fee in full upon application for Shares under the terms set out in the Application Forms.

You may submit an application using a **WHITE** or **YELLOW** Application Form or through the **HK eIPO White Form** service in respect of a minimum of 10,000 Public Offer Shares. Each application or **electronic application instruction** in respect of more than 10,000 Public Offer Shares must be in one of the numbers set out in the table in the Application Form or as otherwise specified on the designated website at www.hkeipo.hk.

If your application is successful, brokerage fee will be paid to the Exchange Participants, and the SFC transaction levy and Stock Exchange trading fee are paid to the Stock Exchange (in the case of the SFC transaction levy, collected by the Stock Exchange on behalf of the SFC).

For further details on the Offer Price, see the paragraph headed “Price payable on application” in the section headed “Structure and conditions of the Share Offer” in this prospectus.

HOW TO APPLY FOR PUBLIC OFFER SHARES

10. EFFECT OF BAD WEATHER ON THE OPENING OF THE APPLICATION LISTS

The application lists will not open if there is:

- (a) a tropical cyclone warning signal number 8 or above; or
- (b) a “black” rainstorm warning,

in force in Hong Kong at any time between 9:00 a.m. and 12:00 noon on Friday, 17 August 2018. Instead they will open between 11:45 a.m. and 12:00 noon on the next business day which does not have either of those warnings in Hong Kong in force at any time between 9:00 a.m. and 12:00 noon.

If the application lists do not open and close on Friday, 17 August 2018 or if there is a tropical cyclone warning signal number 8 or above or a “black” rainstorm warning signal in force in Hong Kong that may affect the dates mentioned in the section headed “Expected timetable” in this prospectus, an announcement will be made in such event.

11. PUBLICATION OF RESULTS

Our Company expects to announce the final Offer Price, the level of the indication of interest in the Placing, the level of applications in the Public Offer and the basis of allocation of the Public Offer Shares on Friday, 24 August 2018 on our Company’s website at **www.derivaasia.com** and the website of the Stock Exchange at **www.hkexnews.hk**.

The results of allocations and the Hong Kong identity card/passport/Hong Kong business registration numbers of successful applicants under the Public Offer will be available at the times and date and in the manner specified below:

- (a) in the announcement to be posted on our Company’s website at **www.derivaasia.com** and the Stock Exchange’s website at **www.hkexnews.hk** by no later than 8:00 a.m. on Friday, 24 August 2018;
- (b) from the designated results of allocations website at **www.tricor.com.hk/ipo/result** with a “search by ID” function on a 24-hour basis from 8:00 a.m. on Friday, 24 August 2018 to 12:00 midnight on Thursday, 30 August 2018;
- (c) by telephone enquiry line by calling (852) 3691 8488 between 9:00 a.m. and 6:00 p.m. from Friday, 24 August 2018 to Wednesday, 29 August 2018 (excluding Saturday, Sunday and public holidays in Hong Kong); and
- (d) in the special allocation results booklets which will be available for inspection during opening hours from Friday, 24 August 2018 to Tuesday, 28 August 2018 at all the receiving bank’s designated branches.

HOW TO APPLY FOR PUBLIC OFFER SHARES

If our Company accepts your offer to purchase (in whole or in part), which we may do by announcing the basis of allocations and/or making available the results of allocations publicly, there will be a binding contract under which you will be required to purchase the Public Offer Shares if the conditions of the Share Offer are satisfied and the Share Offer is not otherwise terminated. Further details are contained in the section headed “Structure and conditions of the Share Offer” in this prospectus.

You will not be entitled to exercise any remedy of rescission for innocent misrepresentation at any time after acceptance of your application. This does not affect any other right you may have.

12. CIRCUMSTANCES IN WHICH YOU WILL NOT BE ALLOTTED PUBLIC OFFER SHARES

You should note the following situations in which the Public Offer Shares will not be allotted to you:

(a) If your application is revoked:

By completing and submitting an Application Form or giving **electronic application instructions** to HKSCC or **HK eIPO White Form** Service Provider, you agree that your application or the application made by HKSCC Nominees on your behalf cannot be revoked on or before the fifth day after the time of the opening of the application lists (excluding for this purpose any day which is a Saturday, Sunday or public holiday in Hong Kong). This agreement will take effect as a collateral contract with our Company.

Your application or the application made by HKSCC Nominees on your behalf may only be revoked on or before such fifth day if a person responsible for this prospectus under Section 40 of the Companies (Winding Up and Miscellaneous Provisions) Ordinance (as applied by Section 342E of the Companies (Winding Up and Miscellaneous Provisions) Ordinance) gives a public notice under that section which excludes or limits that person’s responsibility for this prospectus.

If any supplement to this prospectus is issued, applicants who have already submitted an application will be notified that they are required to confirm their applications. If applicants have been so notified but have not confirmed their applications in accordance with the procedure to be notified, all unconfirmed applications will be deemed revoked.

If your application or the application made by HKSCC Nominees on your behalf has been accepted, it cannot be revoked. For this purpose, acceptance of applications which are not rejected will be constituted by notification in the press of the results of allocation, and where such basis of allocation is subject to certain conditions or provides for allocation by ballot, such acceptance will be subject to the satisfaction of such conditions or the results of the ballot, respectively.

HOW TO APPLY FOR PUBLIC OFFER SHARES

(b) If our Company or our agents exercise their discretion to reject your application:

Our Company, the Sole Bookrunner, the **HK eIPO White Form** Service Provider and their respective agents and nominees have full discretion to reject or accept any application, or to accept only part of any application, without giving any reasons.

(c) If the allotment of the Public Offer Shares is void:

The allotment of the Public Offer Shares will be void if the Stock Exchange does not grant permission to list the Shares either:

- (i) within three weeks from the closing date of the application lists; or
- (ii) within a longer period of up to six weeks if the Listing Division notifies our Company of that longer period within three weeks of the closing date of the application lists.

(d) If:

- (i) you make multiple applications or suspected multiple applications;
- (ii) you or the person for whose benefit you are applying have applied for or taken up, or indicated an interest for, or have been or will be placed or allocated (including conditionally and/or provisionally) Public Offer Shares and Placing Shares;
- (iii) your Application Form is not completed in accordance with the stated instructions;
- (iv) your electronic application instructions through the **HK eIPO White Form** Service Provider are not completed in accordance with the instructions, terms and conditions on the designated website;
- (v) your payment is not made correctly or the cheque or banker's cashier order paid by you is dishonoured upon its first presentation;
- (vi) the Underwriting Agreements do not become unconditional or are terminated;
- (vii) our Company or the Sole Bookrunner believes that by accepting your application, it would violate applicable securities or other laws, rules or regulations; or
- (viii) your application under the Public Offer is for more than 100% of the Public Offer Shares initially offered under the Public Offer.

HOW TO APPLY FOR PUBLIC OFFER SHARES

13. REFUND OF APPLICATION MONIES

If an application is rejected, not accepted or accepted in part only or if the Offer Price as finally determined is less than the maximum Offer Price of HK\$0.3 per Offer Share (excluding brokerage, SFC transaction levy and the Stock Exchange trading fee thereon), or if the conditions of the Public Offer are not fulfilled in accordance with the section headed “Structure and conditions of the Share Offer” in this prospectus or if any application is revoked, the application monies, or the appropriate portion thereof, together with the related brokerage, SFC transaction levy and Stock Exchange trading fee, will be refunded, without interest or the cheque or banker’s cashier order will not be cleared.

Any refund of your application monies will be made on Friday, 24 August 2018.

14. DESPATCH/COLLECTION OF SHARE CERTIFICATES AND REFUND MONIES

You will receive one share certificate for all Public Offer Shares allotted to you under the Public Offer (except pursuant to applications made on **YELLOW** Application Forms or by **electronic application instructions** to HKSCC via CCASS where the share certificates will be deposited into CCASS as described below).

No temporary document of title will be issued in respect of the Shares. No receipt will be issued for sums paid on application. If you apply by **WHITE** or **YELLOW** Application Form, subject to personal collection as mentioned below, the following will be sent to you (or, in the case of joint applicants, to the first-named applicant) by ordinary post, at your own risk, to the address specified on the Application Form:

- (a) share certificate(s) for all the Public Offer Shares allotted to you (for **YELLOW** Application Forms, share certificates will be deposited into CCASS as described below); and
- (b) refund cheque(s) crossed “Account Payee Only” in favour of the applicant (or, in the case of joint applicants, the first-named applicant) for (i) all or the surplus application monies for the Public Offer Shares, wholly or partially unsuccessfully applied for; and/or (ii) the difference between the Offer Price and the maximum Offer Price per Offer Share paid on application in the event that the Offer Price is less than the maximum Offer Price (including brokerage, SFC transaction levy and Stock Exchange trading fee but without interest). Part of the Hong Kong identity card number/ passport number, provided by you or the first-named applicant (if you are joint applicants), may be printed on your refund cheque, if any. Your banker may require verification of your Hong Kong identity card number/passport number before encashment of your refund cheque(s). Inaccurate completion of your Hong Kong identity card number/passport number may invalidate or delay encashment of your refund cheque(s).

HOW TO APPLY FOR PUBLIC OFFER SHARES

Subject to arrangement on despatch/collection of share certificates and refund monies as mentioned below, any refund cheques and share certificates are expected to be posted on or before Friday, 24 August 2018. The right is reserved to retain any share certificate(s) and any surplus application monies pending clearance of cheque(s) or banker's cashier order(s).

Share certificates will only become valid at 8:00 a.m. on Monday, 27 August 2018 provided that the Share Offer has become unconditional and the right of termination described in the paragraph headed "Public Offer underwriting arrangement and expenses — Grounds for termination" in the section headed "Underwriting" in this prospectus has not been exercised. Investors who trade Shares prior to the receipt of Share certificates or the Share certificates becoming valid do so at their own risk.

Personal Collection

(a) If you apply using a WHITE Application Form

If you apply for 1,000,000 or more Public Offer Shares and have provided all information required by your Application Form, you may collect your refund cheque(s) and/or share certificate(s) from our Company's Hong Kong Branch Share Registrar, Tricor Investor Services Limited at Level 22, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Hong Kong, from 9:00 a.m. to 1:00 p.m. on Friday, 24 August 2018 or such other date as notified by us.

If you are an individual who is eligible for personal collection, you must not authorise any other person to collect for you. If you are a corporate applicant which is eligible for personal collection, your authorised representative must bear a letter of authorisation from your corporation stamped with your corporation's chop. Both individuals and authorised representatives must produce, at the time of collection, evidence of identity acceptable to the Hong Kong Branch Share Registrar.

If you do not collect your refund cheque(s) and/or share certificate(s) personally within the time specified for collection, they will be despatched promptly to the address specified in your Application Form by ordinary post at your own risk.

If you apply for less than 1,000,000 Public Offer Shares, your refund cheque(s) and/or share certificate(s) will be sent to the address on the relevant Application Form on Friday, 24 August 2018, by ordinary post and at your own risk.

(b) If you apply using a YELLOW Application Form

If you apply for 1,000,000 Public Offer Shares or more, please follow the same instructions as described above for collection of refund cheque(s). If you have applied for less than 1,000,000 Public Offer Shares, your refund cheque(s) will be sent to the address on the relevant Application Form on Friday, 24 August 2018, by ordinary post and at your own risk.

HOW TO APPLY FOR PUBLIC OFFER SHARES

If you apply by using a **YELLOW** Application Form and your application is wholly or partially successful, your share certificate(s) will be issued in the name of HKSCC Nominees and deposited into CCASS for credit to your or the designated CCASS Participant's stock account as stated in your Application Form on Friday, 24 August 2018, or upon contingency, on any other date determined by HKSCC or HKSCC Nominees.

(i) *If you apply through a designated CCASS Participant (other than a CCASS Investor Participant)*

For Public Offer Shares credited to your designated CCASS Participant's stock account (other than CCASS Investor Participant), you can check the number of Public Offer Shares allotted to you with that CCASS Participant.

(ii) *If you are applying as a CCASS Investor Participant*

We will publish the results of CCASS Investor Participants' applications together with the results of the Public Offer in the manner described in "11. Publication of results" above. You should check the announcement published by our Company and report any discrepancies to HKSCC before 5:00 p.m. on Friday, 24 August 2018 or any other date as determined by HKSCC or HKSCC Nominees. Immediately after the credit of the Public Offer Shares to your stock account, you can check your new account balance via the CCASS Phone System and CCASS Internet System.

(c) *If you apply via Electronic Application Instructions to HKSCC*

Allocation of the Public Offer Shares

For the purposes of allocating the Public Offer Shares, HKSCC Nominees will not be treated as an applicant. Instead, each CCASS Participant who gives **electronic application instructions** or each person for whose benefit instructions are given will be treated as an applicant.

Deposit of share certificates into CCASS and refund of application monies

- If your application is wholly or partially successful, your share certificate(s) will be issued in the name of HKSCC Nominees and deposited into CCASS for the credit of your designated CCASS Participant's stock account or your CCASS Investor Participant stock account on Friday, 24 August 2018 or on any other date determined by HKSCC or HKSCC Nominees.
- Our Company expects to publish the application results of CCASS Participants (and where the CCASS Participant is a broker or custodian, our Company will include information relating to the relevant beneficial owner), your Hong Kong identity card number/passport

HOW TO APPLY FOR PUBLIC OFFER SHARES

number or other identification code (Hong Kong business registration number for corporations) and the basis of allotment of the Public Offer Shares in the manner specified in “11. Publication of results” above on Friday, 24 August 2018. You should check the announcement published by our Company and report any discrepancies to HKSCC before 5:00 p.m. on Friday, 24 August 2018 or such other date as determined by HKSCC or HKSCC Nominees.

- If you have instructed your broker or custodian to give **electronic application instructions** on your behalf, you can also check the number of Public Offer Shares allotted to you and the amount of refund monies (if any) payable to you with that broker or custodian.
- If you have applied as a CCASS Investor Participant, you can also check the number of Public Offer Shares allotted to you and the amount of refund monies (if any) payable to you via the CCASS Phone System and the CCASS Internet System (under the procedures contained in HKSCC’s “An Operating Guide for Investor Participants” in effect from time to time) on Friday, 24 August 2018. Immediately following the credit of the Public Offer Shares to your stock account and the credit of refund monies to your bank account, HKSCC will also make available to you an activity statement showing the number of Public Offer Shares credited to your CCASS Investor Participant stock account and the amount of refund monies (if any) credited to your designated bank account.
- Refund of your application monies (if any) in respect of wholly and partially unsuccessful applications and/or difference between the Offer Price and the maximum Offer Price per Offer Share initially paid on application (including brokerage, SFC transaction levy and Stock Exchange trading fee but without interest) will be credited to your designated bank account or the designated bank account of your broker or custodian on Friday, 24 August 2018.

(d) If you apply through the HK eIPO White Form service

If you apply for 1,000,000 Public Offer Shares or more and your application is wholly or partially successful, you may collect your Share certificate(s) from the Hong Kong Branch Share Registrar, Tricor Investor Services Limited, at Level 22, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen’s Road East, Hong Kong, from 9:00 a.m. to 1:00 p.m. on Friday, 24 August 2018 or such other date as notified by our Company on the website of the Stock Exchange at www.hkexnews.hk or the website of our Company at www.derivaasia.com as the date of despatch/collection of Share certificates/e-Auto Refund payment instructions/refund cheques.

If you do not collect your Share certificate(s) personally within the time specified for collection, they will be sent to the address specified in your application instructions by ordinary post at your own risk.

HOW TO APPLY FOR PUBLIC OFFER SHARES

If you apply for less than 1,000,000 Public Offer Shares, your Share certificate(s) (where applicable) will be sent to the address specified in your application instructions on Friday, 24 August 2018 by ordinary post at your own risk.

If you apply and pay the application monies from a single bank account, any refund monies will be despatched to that bank account in the form of e-Auto Refund payment instructions. If you apply and pay the application monies from multiple bank accounts, any refund monies will be despatched to the address as specified in your payment instructions in the form of refund cheque(s) by ordinary post at your own risk.

15. ADMISSION OF THE SHARES INTO CCASS

If the Stock Exchange grants the listing of, and permission to deal in, the Shares and we comply with the stock admission requirements of HKSCC, the Shares will be accepted as eligible securities by HKSCC for deposit, clearance and settlement in CCASS with effect from the date of commencement of dealings in the Shares or, under contingent situation, any other date HKSCC chooses. Settlement of transactions between Exchange Participants (as defined in the GEM Listing Rules) is required to take place in CCASS on the second Business Day after any trading day.

All activities under CCASS are subject to the General Rules of CCASS and CCASS Operational Procedures in effect from time to time.

Investors should seek the advice of their stockbroker or other professional adviser for details of the settlement arrangement as such arrangements may affect their rights and interests.

All necessary arrangements have been made enabling the Shares to be admitted into CCASS.

The following is the text of a report, prepared for inclusion in this prospectus, received from the independent reporting accountants of the Company, SHINEWING (HK) CPA Limited, Certified Public Accountants, Hong Kong.



SHINEWING (HK) CPA Limited
43/F., Lee Garden One
33 Hysan Avenue
Causeway Bay, Hong Kong

ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON HISTORICAL FINANCIAL INFORMATION TO THE DIRECTORS OF DLC ASIA LIMITED AND RED SUN CAPITAL LIMITED

INTRODUCTION

We report on the historical financial information of DLC Asia Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (together, the "Group") set out on pages I-4 to I-34, which comprises the combined statements of financial position as at 31 March 2016, 2017 and 2018, the combined statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the combined statements of changes in equity and the combined statements of cash flows for each of the three years ended 31 March 2016, 2017 and 2018 (the "Track Record Period"), statement of financial position of the Company as at 31 March 2018 and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (together, the "Historical Financial Information"). The Historical Financial Information set out on pages I-4 to I-34 forms an integral part of this report, which has been prepared for inclusion in the prospectus of the Company dated 14 August 2018 (the "Prospectus") in connection with the initial listing of shares of the Company on GEM of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange").

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES FOR HISTORICAL FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of Historical Financial Information that gives a true and fair view in accordance with the basis of preparation and presentation set out in note 2 to the Historical Financial Information, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of Historical Financial Information that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

REPORTING ACCOUNTANTS' RESPONSIBILITY

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on Historical Financial Information and to report our opinion to you. We conducted our work in accordance with Hong Kong Standard on Investment Circular Reporting Engagements 200 "Accountants' Report on Historical Financial Information in Investment Circulars" issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the "HKICPA"). This standard requires that we comply with ethical standards and plan and perform our work to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Historical Financial Information is free from material misstatement.

Our work involved performing procedures to obtain evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the Historical Financial Information. The procedures selected depend on the reporting accountants' judgement, including the assessment of risk of material misstatement of the Historical Financial Information, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the reporting accountant considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of Historical Financial Information that gives a true and fair view in accordance with the basis of preparation and presentation set out in note 2 to the Historical Financial Information in order to design procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Our work included evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the Historical Financial Information.

We believe that the evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

OPINION

In our opinion the Historical Financial Information gives, for the purpose of the accountants' report, a true and fair view of the Group's financial position as at 31 March 2016, 2017 and 2018, of the Group's financial performance and cash flows for the Track Record Period and of the financial position of the Company as at 31 March 2018 in accordance with the basis of preparation and presentation set out in note 2 to the Historical Financial Information.

REPORT ON MATTERS UNDER THE RULES GOVERNING THE LISTING OF SECURITIES ON THE GEM OF THE STOCK EXCHANGE AND THE COMPANIES (WINDING UP AND MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS) ORDINANCE

ADJUSTMENTS

In preparing the Historical Financial Information, no adjustments to the Underlying Financial Statements as defined on page I-4 have been made.

DIVIDENDS

We refer to note 16 to the Historical Financial Information which states that an interim dividend has been declared or paid by a Company's subsidiary during the Track Record Period.

No dividend was paid or declared by the Company during the Track Record Period nor has any dividend been proposed since the end of each reporting period.

NO HISTORICAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF THE COMPANY

As at the date of this report, no statutory financial statements have been prepared for the Company since its date of incorporation.

Yours faithfully,

SHINEWING (HK) CPA Limited

Certified Public Accountants

Wong Chuen Fai

Practising Certificate Number: P05589

Hong Kong

14 August 2018

A. HISTORICAL FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Preparation of Historical Financial Information

Set out below is the Historical Financial Information which forms an integral part of this accountants' report.

The Historical Financial Information in this report was prepared based on the audited financial statements of De Riva Asia Limited ("De Riva") for each of the three years ended 31 March 2016, 2017 and 2018, the management accounts of the Company for the period from 1 November 2017 (date of incorporation) to 31 March 2018 and DLS Capital Limited for the period from 13 October 2017 (date of incorporation) to 31 March 2018 (collectively known as "Underlying Financial Statements"). The Underlying Financial Statements are prepared in accordance with the accounting policies which conform with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the HKICPA.

The Historical Financial Information is presented in Hong Kong dollars and all values are rounded to the nearest thousand (HK\$'000) except when otherwise indicated.

Combined Statements of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income

	<i>Notes</i>	Year ended 31 March		
		2016	2017	2018
		<i>HK\$'000</i>	<i>HK\$'000</i>	<i>HK\$'000</i>
Revenue	8	60,206	59,752	76,759
Other income and gains, net	10	66	8	455
Total revenue and other income		60,272	59,760	77,214
Depreciation		(315)	(200)	(151)
Staff costs		(28,691)	(27,553)	(41,974)
Listing expenses		–	–	(10,610)
Other operating expenses		(15,119)	(17,778)	(16,641)
Finance costs	11	–	(7)	(38)
Profit before tax	12	16,147	14,222	7,800
Income tax expense	13	(2,656)	(2,365)	(3,022)
Profit and total comprehensive income for the year attributable to the owners of the Company		13,491	11,857	4,778
Earnings per share	17	N/A	N/A	N/A

Combined Statements of Financial Position

	Notes	The Group			The Company
		As at 31 March			As at
		2016	2017	2018	31 March
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Non-current assets					
Property and equipment	18	424	267	205	–
Deposits	21	–	–	567	–
Deposits paid for acquisitions of property and equipment		–	–	1,530	–
Intangible assets	19	1,000	1,000	1,000	–
		<u>1,424</u>	<u>1,267</u>	<u>3,302</u>	<u>–</u>
Current assets					
Trade receivables	20	15,571	15,445	21,211	–
Prepayments, deposits and other receivables	21	10,153	8,790	11,024	–*
Tax recoverable		–	331	–	–
Cash and cash equivalents	22	12,000	22,193	21,361	–
		<u>37,724</u>	<u>46,759</u>	<u>53,596</u>	<u>–*</u>
Current liabilities					
Other payables and accruals	23	6,241	5,257	11,956	–
Dividend payable		–	4,000	–	–
Tax payable		1,995	–	637	–
Bank overdrafts	22	–	–	758	–
		<u>8,236</u>	<u>9,257</u>	<u>13,351</u>	<u>–</u>
Net current assets		<u>29,488</u>	<u>37,502</u>	<u>40,245</u>	<u>–</u>
Net assets		<u>30,912</u>	<u>38,769</u>	<u>43,547</u>	<u>–</u>
Capital and reserves					
Share capital	24	6,800	6,800	6,800	–*
Reserve		24,112	31,969	36,747	–
Total equity		<u>30,912</u>	<u>38,769</u>	<u>43,547</u>	<u>–*</u>

* The balance represents an amount less than HK\$500.

Combined Statements of Changes in Equity

	Attributable to the owners of the Company		
	Share capital <i>HK\$'000</i>	Retained profits <i>HK\$'000</i>	Total <i>HK\$'000</i>
At 1 April 2015	6,800	11,481	18,281
Profit and total comprehensive income for the year	–	13,491	13,491
Dividend recognised as distribution (<i>note 16</i>)	–	(860)	(860)
At 31 March 2016 and 1 April 2016	6,800	24,112	30,912
Profit and total comprehensive income for the year	–	11,857	11,857
Dividend recognised as distribution (<i>note 16</i>)	–	(4,000)	(4,000)
At 31 March 2017 and 1 April 2017	6,800	31,969	38,769
Issue of shares of the Company (<i>note 24</i>)	–*	–	–*
Profit and total comprehensive income for the year	–	4,778	4,778
As at 31 March 2018	<u>6,800</u>	<u>36,747</u>	<u>43,547</u>

* The balance represents an amount less than HK\$500.

Combined Statements of Cash Flows

	Year ended 31 March		
	2016 HK\$'000	2017 HK\$'000	2018 HK\$'000
OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Profit before tax	16,147	14,222	7,800
Adjustments for:			
Depreciation of property and equipment	315	200	151
Interest income	–*	(2)	(1)
Interest paid	–	7	38
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Operating cash flows before movements in working capital	16,462	14,427	7,988
(Increase) decrease in trade receivables	(5,233)	126	(5,766)
(Increase) decrease in prepayments, deposits and other receivables	(8,419)	1,363	(2,801)
Increase (decrease) in other payables and accruals	3,008	(984)	6,699
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Cash generated from operations	5,818	14,932	6,120
Hong Kong Profits Tax paid	(1,294)	(4,691)	(2,054)
Interest paid	–	(7)	(38)
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	<u>4,524</u>	<u>10,234</u>	<u>4,028</u>
INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Deposits paid for acquisitions of property and equipment	–	–	(1,530)
Purchase of property and equipment	(59)	(43)	(89)
Purchase of intangible assets	(500)	–	–
Interest received	–*	2	1
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
NET CASH USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES	<u>(559)</u>	<u>(41)</u>	<u>(1,618)</u>

	Year ended 31 March		
	2016	2017	2018
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Issue of shares of the Company (note 24)	-	-	-*
Dividends paid	<u>(860)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(4,000)</u>
NET CASH USED IN FINANCING ACTIVITIES	<u>(860)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(4,000)</u>
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	3,105	10,193	(1,590)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF YEAR	<u>8,895</u>	<u>12,000</u>	<u>22,193</u>
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF YEAR	<u><u>12,000</u></u>	<u><u>22,193</u></u>	<u><u>20,603</u></u>
Analysis of components of cash and cash equivalents:			
Cash and cash equivalents	12,000	22,193	21,361
Bank overdrafts	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(758)</u>
	<u><u>12,000</u></u>	<u><u>22,193</u></u>	<u><u>20,603</u></u>

* The balance represents an amount less than HK\$500.

NOTES TO THE HISTORICAL FINANCIAL INFORMATION

1. CORPORATE INFORMATION

The Company was incorporated in the Cayman Islands under the Companies Law, Chapter 22 (Law 3 of 1961, as consolidated and revised) of the Cayman Islands as an exempted company with limited liability on 1 November 2017 in preparation for the listing of the Company's shares on the GEM of the Stock Exchange. Its parent is Oasis Green Ventures Limited ("Oasis Green"), a company with limited liability incorporated in the British Virgin Islands ("BVI"). Its ultimate beneficial owner during the Track Record Period is Mr. Yu Kwok Tung.

The addresses of the registered office and the principal place of business of the Company are stated in the "Corporate Information" section of the Prospectus.

Pursuant to a group reorganisation (the "Reorganisation") as detailed in the section headed "History, Reorganisation and Corporate Structure" in the Prospectus, the Company became the holding company of the companies now comprising the Group upon the completion of the Reorganisation on 3 August 2018.

The Company is an investment holding company. The Company and its subsidiaries were involved in the business of dealing in securities and futures contracts as a futures non-clearing dealer.

The Historical Financial Information is presented in Hong Kong Dollars ("HK\$"), which is also the functional currency of the Company.

At the date of this report, the Company had direct or indirect interests in the following subsidiaries, all of which are private limited liability companies (or, if incorporated outside Hong Kong, have substantially similar characteristics to a private company incorporated in Hong Kong), the particular of which are set out below:

Name of subsidiaries	Place and date of incorporation/operation	Issued and fully paid share capital/registered capital	Percentage of equity interest attributable to the Group			At the date of this report	Principal activities
			2016	31 March 2017	2018		
De Riva Asia Limited ("De Riva")	Hong Kong 27 July 2009	HK\$6,800,000	100%	100%	100%	100%	Provision of services of dealing in securities and futures contracts as a futures non-clearing broker
DLS Capital Limited	British Virgin Islands 13 October 2017	USD5,000	N/A	N/A	100%	100%	Investment Holdings

The statutory financial statements of De Riva for the years ended 31 March 2016 and 2017 were prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the HKICPA and were audited by Morison Heng CPA Limited, a Certified Public Accountant registered in Hong Kong.

The statutory financial statements of De Riva for the years ended 31 March 2018 were prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the HKICPA and were audited by SHINEWING (HK) CPA Limited, a Certified Public Accountant registered in Hong Kong.

No audited statutory financial statements have been prepared for the Company and DLS Capital Limited since their respective dates of incorporation as they were incorporated in jurisdictions where there are no statutory audit requirements.

2. GROUP REORGANISATION AND BASIS OF PREPARATION OF HISTORICAL FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Pursuant to the Reorganisation, the Company became the holding company of the companies now comprising the Group on 3 August 2018. The Group, comprising the Company and its subsidiaries, resulting from the Reorganisation, was directly and/or beneficially owned by the same ultimate beneficial owner, Mr. Yu Kwok Tung, before and after the Reorganisation.

As such, this Reorganisation is effectively interspersing a shell company over the subsidiaries and there was a continuation of risks and benefits to the ultimate beneficial owner. Accordingly, the Group comprising the Company and its subsidiaries resulting from the Reorganisation is regarded as a continuing entity. The Historical Financial Information of the Group has been prepared on the combined basis as if the Company had always been the holding company of the companies comprising the Group throughout the Track Record Period.

The combined statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the combined statements of changes in equity and the combined statements of cash flows included the results and cash flows of the companies now comprising the Group as if the current group structure had been in existence throughout the Track Record Period. The combined statements of financial position of the Group as at 31 March 2016, 2017 and 2018 has been prepared to present the assets and liabilities of the companies comprising the Group using the carrying amounts as if the current group structure had been in existence as at those dates. No adjustments are made to reflect fair values, or recognise any new assets or liabilities as a result of the Reorganisation.

3. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HKFRSs

For the purpose of preparing and presenting the Historical Financial Information of the Track Record Period, the Group has consistently adopted all applicable Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKASs"), HKFRSs, amendments and interpretations issued by the HKICPA which are effective for the accounting periods beginning on 1 April 2017 throughout the Track Record Period.

The Group has not early applied the following new and revised HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective:

HKFRS 9 (2014)	Financial Instruments ¹
HKFRS 15	Revenue from Contracts with Customers ¹
HKFRS 16	Lease ²
HKFRS 17	Insurance Contracts ³
Amendments to HKFRS 4	Applying HKFRS 9 Financial Instruments with HKFRS 4 Insurance Contracts ¹
Amendments to HKFRS 9	Prepayment Features with Negative Compensation ²
Amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28	Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture ⁴
Amendments to HKAS 28	Long-term Interests in Associates and Joint Ventures ²
Amendments to HKAS 40	Transfers of Investment Property ¹
Amendments to HKFRS 2	Classification and Measurement of Share-based Payment Transactions ¹
Amendments to HKFRSs	Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2014–2016 Cycle ¹
Amendments to HKFRSs	Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2015–2017 Cycle ²
HK(IFRIC)-Int 22	Foreign Currency Transactions and Advance Consideration ¹
HK(IFRIC)-Int 23	Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatments ²

¹ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018.

² Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2019.

³ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2021.

⁴ Effective date not yet been determined.

The directors of the Company anticipate that, except as described below, the application of the new and revised HKFRSs will have no material impact on the results and the financial position of the Group.

HKFRS 9 (2014) Financial Instruments

HKFRS 9 issued in 2009 introduces new requirements for the classification and measurement of financial assets. HKFRS 9 was amended in 2010 and includes the requirements for the classification and measurement of financial liabilities and for derecognition. In 2013, HKFRS 9 was further amended to bring into effect a substantial overhaul of hedge accounting that will allow entities to better reflect their risk management activities in the financial statements. A finalised version of HKFRS 9 was issued in 2014 to incorporate all the requirements of HKFRS 9 that were issued in previous years with limited amendments to the classification and measurement by introducing a "fair value through other comprehensive income" ("FVTOCI") measurement category for certain financial assets. The finalised version of HKFRS 9 also introduces an "expected credit loss" model for impairment assessments.

Key requirements of HKFRS 9 (2014) are described as follows

- All recognised financial assets that are within the scope of HKFRS 9 (2014) to be subsequently measured at amortised cost or fair value. Specifically, debt investments that are held within a business model whose objective is to collect the contractual cash flows, and that have contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal outstanding are generally measured at amortised cost at the end of subsequent reporting periods. Debt instruments that are held within a business model whose objective is achieved both by collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets, and that have contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding, are measured at FVTOCI. All other debt investments and equity investments are measured at their fair values at the end of subsequent reporting periods. In addition, under HKFRS 9 (2014), entities may make an irrevocable election to present subsequent changes in the fair value of an equity investment (that is not held for trading) in other comprehensive income, with only dividend income generally recognised in profit or loss.
- With regard to the measurement of financial liabilities designated as at fair value through profit or loss, HKFRS 9 (2014) requires that the amount of change in the fair value of the financial liability that is attributable to changes in the credit risk of that liability is presented in other comprehensive income, unless the recognition of the effects of changes in the liability's credit risk in other comprehensive income would create or enlarge an accounting mismatch in profit or loss. Changes in fair value of financial liabilities attributable to changes in the financial liabilities' credit risk are not subsequently reclassified to profit or loss. Under HKAS 39, the entire amount of the change in the fair value of the financial liability designated as fair value through profit or loss was presented in profit or loss.
- In the aspect of impairment assessments, the impairment requirements relating to the accounting for an entity's expected credit losses on its financial assets and commitments to extend credit were added. Those requirements eliminate the threshold that was in HKAS 39 for the recognition of credit losses. Under the impairment approach in HKFRS 9 (2014) it is no longer necessary for a credit event to have occurred before credit losses are recognised. Instead, expected credit losses and changes in those expected credit losses should always be accounted for. The amount of expected credit losses is updated at each reporting date to reflect changes in credit risk since initial recognition and, consequently, more timely information is provided about expected credit losses.
- HKFRS 9 (2014) introduces a new model which is more closely aligned hedge accounting with risk management activities undertaken by companies when hedging their financial and non-financial risk exposures. As a principle-based approach, HKFRS 9 (2014) looks at whether a risk component can be identified and measured and does not distinguish between financial items and non-financial items. The new model also enables an entity to use information produced internally for risk management purposes as a basis for hedge accounting. Under HKAS 39, it is necessary to exhibit eligibility and compliance with the requirements in HKAS 39 using metrics that are designed solely for accounting purposes. The new model also includes eligibility criteria but these are based on an economic assessment of the strength of the hedging relationship. This can be determined using risk management data. This should reduce the costs of implementation compared with those for HKAS 39 hedge accounting because it reduces the amount of analysis that is required to be undertaken only for accounting purposes.

HKFRS 9 (2014) will become effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018 with early application permitted.

The directors of the Company has performed a detailed analysis of the Group's financial instruments as at 31 March 2018 based on the fact and circumstances existing at that date. The directors of the Company have assessed the impact of adoption of HKFRS 9 (2014) on the Group's results and financial position, including the classification categories and the measurement of financial assets, and disclosures, as follows:

(a) *Classification and measurement*

The directors of the Company expect to continue recognising initially at fair value for all financial assets which are subsequently measured at amortised costs. The directors of the Company anticipate that the adoption of HKFRS 9 (2014) will not have a material impact on the classification and measurement of the financial assets.

(b) *Impairment*

The directors of the Company expect to apply the simplified approach and record lifetime expected credit losses that are estimated based on the present value of all cash shortfalls over the remaining life of all of its trade receivables and other receivables. The application of the expected credit loss model may result in earlier recognition of credit losses for trade and other receivables and increase the amount of impairment allowance recognised for these items.

The Group will apply HKFRS 9 from 1 April 2018, with the practical expedients permitted under the standard, and accordingly will not restate comparative periods in the year of initial application. The directors of the Company expect that the adoption of HKFRS 9 (2014) will not have other material impact on amounts reported on the Group's results and financial position.

HKFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers

The core principle of HKFRS 15 is that an entity should recognise revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. Thus, HKFRS 15 introduces a model that applies to contracts with customers, featuring a contract-based five-step analysis of transactions to determine whether, how much and when revenue is recognised. The five steps are as follows:

- i) Identify the contract with the customer;
- ii) Identify the performance obligations in the contract;
- iii) Determine the transaction price;
- iv) Allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations; and
- v) Recognise revenue when (or as) the entity satisfies a performance obligation.

Under HKFRS 15, an entity recognised revenue when (or as) a performance obligation is satisfied, i.e. when "control" of goods or services underlying the particular performance obligation is transferred to the customer. Far more prescriptive guidance has been adopted in HKFRS 15 to deal with specific scenarios. Furthermore, extensive disclosures are required by HKFRS 15.

HKFRS 15 also introduces extensive qualitative and quantitative disclosure requirements which aim to enable users of the financial statements to understand the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows arising from contracts with customers.

HKFRS 15 will supersede the current revenue recognition guidance including HKAS 18 Revenue, HKAS 11 Construction Contracts and the related interpretations when it becomes effective.

HKFRS 15 will become effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018 with early application permitted.

The major sources of revenue of the Group are provision of services. Under HKFRS 15, revenue is recognised for each of the performance obligations when control over a good or service is transferred to a customer. The directors of the Company have assessed each type of the performance obligations and consider that the performance obligations are similar to the current identification of separate revenue components under HKAS 18 Revenue. Furthermore, HKFRS 15 requires the transaction price to be allocated to each performance obligation on a relative stand-alone selling price basis, which may affect the timing and amounts of revenue recognition, and results in more disclosures in the consolidated financial statements.

The Group plans to adopt the new standard using modified retrospective approach which means that the cumulative impact of the adoption will be recognized in the opening retained earnings at 1 April 2018 and comparative information for the year ended 31 March 2018 will not be restated. Apart from providing more extensive disclosures on the Group's revenue transaction, the directors of the Company expect that the adoption of HKFRS 15 will not have a material impact on the timing and amounts of revenue recognised based on the existing business model of the Group as at 31 March 2018.

HKFRS 16 Leases

HKFRS 16 provides a comprehensive model for the identification of lease arrangements and their treatment in the financial statements of both lessors and lessees.

In respect of the lessee accounting, the standard introduces a single lessee accounting model, requiring lessees to recognise assets and liabilities for all leases with the lease term of more than 12 months, unless the underlying asset has a low value.

At the commencement date of the lease, the lessee is required to recognise a right-of-use asset at cost, which consists of the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability, plus any lease payments made to the lessor at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received, the initial estimate of restoration costs and any initial direct costs incurred by the lessee. A lease liability is initially recognised at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at that date.

Subsequently, the right-of-use asset is measured at cost less any accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of the lease liability. Lease liability is subsequently measured by increasing the carrying amount to reflect interest on the lease liability, reducing the carrying amount to reflect the lease payment made, and remeasuring the carrying amount to reflect any reassessment or lease modifications or to reflect revised in-substance fixed lease payments. Depreciation and impairment expenses, if any, on the right-of-use asset will be charged to profit or loss following the requirements of HKAS 16 *Property, Plant and Equipment*, while interest accrual on lease liability will be charged to profit or loss.

In respect of the lessor accounting, HKFRS 16 substantially carries forward the lessor accounting requirements in HKAS 17 *Leases*. Accordingly, a lessor continues to classify its leases as operating leases or finance leases, and to account for those two types of leases differently.

HKFRS 16 will supersede the current lease standards including HKAS 17 *Leases* and the related interpretations when it becomes effective. HKFRS 16 will become effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2019 with early application permitted provided that the entity has applied HKFRS 15 *Revenue from Contracts with Customers* at or before the date of initial application of HKFRS 16.

As at 31 March 2016, 2017 and 2018, the Group has non-cancellable operating lease commitments of approximately HK\$604,000, HK\$1,604,000 and HK\$5,547,000 respectively as disclosed in note 26. Out of this balance, amounts of approximately HK\$Nil, HK\$642,000 and HK\$3,540,000 respectively represent operating leases with original lease terms of over one year in which the Group will recognise right-to-use assets and corresponding lease liabilities unless they are exempt from the reporting obligations under HKFRS 16. The directors of the Company expect that, apart from the changes in the measurement, presentation and disclosure as indicated above, the adoption of HKFRS 16 will not have other material impact on amounts reported in the Group's results and financial position.

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Historical Financial Information has been prepared in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA. In addition, the Historical Financial Information includes applicable disclosures required by the GEM Listing Rules and by the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

The Historical Financial Information has been prepared under the historical cost basis. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for services.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants in the principal (or most advantageous) market at the measurement date under current market conditions (i.e. an exit price) regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. Details of fair value measurement are explained in the accounting policies set out below.

The principal accounting policies are set out below.

Basis of combination

The Historical Financial Information incorporates the financial statements of the entities to be controlled by the Company upon the Reorganisation. Control is achieved when the Company:

- has the power over the investee;
- is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee; and
- has the ability to use its power to affect its returns.

The Group reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control stated above.

Combination of a subsidiary begins when the Group obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiary. Specifically, income and expenses of a subsidiary acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the combined statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income from the date the Group gains control until the date when the Group ceases to control the subsidiary.

Where necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies into line with those used by other members of the Group.

All intra-group assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on combination.

Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, and represents the amounts receivable for services provided in the normal course of business. Revenue is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and when revenue can be measured reliably, on the following basis:

- Commission income is recognised when the services are rendered; and
- Interest income, on an accrual basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount on initial recognition; and

Leasing

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

The Group as lessee

Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the terms of the relevant leases, except where another systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the leases asset are consumed.

Property and equipment

Property and equipment are stated in the combined statements of financial position at cost less subsequent accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost of items of Property and equipment less their residual values over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

An item of Property and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in profit or loss.

Intangible assets

Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives that are acquired separately are carried at cost less any subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

Impairment losses on tangible assets and intangible assets

At the end of the reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible assets and with finite useful lives to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss, if any.

Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives and intangible assets not yet available for use are tested for impairment at least annually, and whenever there is an indication that they may be impaired.

Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. Where a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation can be identified, corporate assets are also allocated to individual cash-generating units, or otherwise they are allocated to the smallest group of cash-generating units for which a reasonable and consistent allocation basis can be identified.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or a cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised as an expense immediately in profit or loss.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (or cash-generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised as income immediately in profit or loss.

Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from "profit before tax" as reported in the combined statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the Historical Financial Information and the corresponding tax base used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences associated with such investments and interests are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that there will be sufficient taxable profits against which to utilise the benefits of the temporary differences and they are expected to reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset is realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current and deferred tax are recognised in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively. Where current tax or deferred tax arises from the initial accounting for a business combination, the tax effect is included in the accounting for the business combination.

Foreign currencies

In preparing the financial statements of each individual group entity, transactions in currencies other than the functional currency of that entity (foreign currencies) are recorded in the respective functional currency (i.e. the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates) at the rates of exchanges prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At the end of the reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date. Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at the date when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

For the purposes of presenting the Historical Financial Information, the assets and liabilities of the Group's foreign operations are translated into the presentation currency of the Group (i.e. HK\$) using exchange rates prevailing at the end of each reporting period. Income and expenses items are translated at the average exchange rates for the year. Exchange differences arising, if any, are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity under the heading of exchange reserve.

Employee benefits

Short term employee benefits and contributions to defined contribution retirement plans

Salaries, annual bonuses, paid annual leave, contributions to defined contribution retirement plans and the cost of non-monetary benefits are accrued in the year in which the associated services are rendered by employees. Where payment or settlement is deferred and the effect would be material, these amounts are stated at their present values.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash in the combined statements of financial position comprise cash at banks and on hand and short-term deposits with a maturity of three months or less.

For the purpose of the combined statements of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents represent cash as defined above, net of outstanding bank overdrafts.

Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale.

Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised in the combined statements of financial position when a group entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition.

Financial assets

The Group's financial assets are classified into loans and receivables. The classification depends on the nature and purpose of the financial assets and is determined at the time of initial recognition. All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognised and derecognised on a trade date basis. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the marketplace.

Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a debt instrument and of allocating interest income over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the debt instrument, or, where appropriate, a shorter period to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Interest income is recognised on an effective interest basis.

Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. Subsequent to initial recognition, loans and receivables (including trade receivables, deposits and other receivables and cash and cash equivalents) are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any identified impairment losses (see accounting policy on impairment of financial assets below).

Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets are assessed for indicators of impairment at the end of each reporting period. Financial assets are considered to be impaired where there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial asset, the estimated future cash flows of the financial assets have been affected.

Objective evidence of impairment could include:

- significant financial difficulty of the issuer or counterparty; or
- breach of contract, such as default or delinquency in interest or principal payments; or
- it becoming probable that the borrower will enter into bankruptcy or financial re-organisation; or
- the disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties.

For certain categories of financial assets, such as trade receivables, assets that are assessed not to be impaired individually are, in addition, assessed for impairment on a collective basis. Objective evidence of impairment for a portfolio of receivables could include the Group's past experience of collecting payments, an increase in the number of delayed payments in the portfolio as well as observable changes in national or local economic conditions that correlate with default on receivables.

For financial assets carried at amortised cost, the amount of the impairment loss recognised is the difference between the assets' carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the financial assets' original effective interest rate.

For financial assets carried at cost, the amount of the impairment loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the current market rate of return for a similar financial asset. Such impairment loss will not be reversed in subsequent periods.

The carrying amount of the financial asset is reduced by the impairment loss directly for all financial assets with the exception of trade receivables, where the carrying amount is reduced through the use of an allowance account, if applicable. Changes in the carrying amount of the allowance account are recognised in profit or loss. When an account or loan receivable is considered uncollectible, it is written off against the allowance account. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited to profit or loss.

For financial assets measured at amortised cost, if, in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss to the extent that the carrying amount of the asset at the date the impairment is reversed does not exceed what the amortised cost would have been had the impairment not been recognised.

Financial liabilities and equity instruments

Debt and equity instruments issued by a group entity are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

The Group's financial liabilities are classified into other financial liabilities.

Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities including other payables and accruals, dividend payable and bank overdrafts are subsequently measured at the amortised cost, using the effective interest method.

Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial liability and of allocating interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial liability, or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Interest expense is recognised on an effective interest basis.

Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by a group entity are recognised at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

Derecognition

A financial asset is derecognised only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity.

On derecognition of a financial asset in its entirety, the difference between the assets' carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable and the cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity is recognised in profit or loss.

A financial liability is derecognised when, and only when, the Group's obligations are discharged, cancelled or expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable is recognised in profit or loss.

5. KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

In the application of the Group's accounting policies, which are described in note 4 above, the directors of the Company are required to make estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Key source of estimation uncertainty

The followings are the key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

Impairment loss on trade receivables

The policy for making impairment loss on trade receivables of the Group is based on the evaluation of collectability and ageing analysis of accounts and on management's judgement. A considerable amount of judgement is required in assessing the ultimate realisation of these receivables, including the current creditworthiness and the past collection history of each debtor. If the financial conditions of debtors of the Group were to deteriorate, resulting in an impairment of their ability to make payments, additional impairment loss may be required. As at 31 March 2016, 2017 and 2018, the carrying amounts of the trade receivables were approximately HK\$15,571,000, HK\$15,445,000 and HK\$21,211,000 respectively. No impairment allowance had been recognised during the Track Record Period. More details are given in note 20 to the Historical Financial Information.

6. CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

Capital comprises of share capital and reserves stated in the Group's statement of financial position. The Group's primary objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, so that it can continue to provide returns for the shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders, by pricing commensurately with the level of risk and by securing access to finance at a reasonable cost.

The Company manages capital by regularly monitoring its current and expected liquidity requirements. Neither the Company nor subsidiaries, except for De Riva is subject to externally imposed capital requirements. De Riva is regulated by the Securities and Futures Commission ("SFC") and is required to comply with certain minimum capital requirements according to the Securities and Futures Ordinance.

The management monitors De Riva's liquid capital daily and to ensure it meets the minimum liquid capital requirement in accordance with the Securities and Futures (Financial Resources) Rules ("FRR") adopted by the SFC. Under the FRR, De Riva must maintain its liquid capital in excess of HK\$3,000,000. The required information was filed with SFC on a monthly basis. De Riva was in compliance with the capital requirements imposed by FRR during the Track Record Period.

7. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

a) Categories of financial instruments

	As at 31 March		
	2016 HK\$'000	2017 HK\$'000	2018 HK\$'000
Financial assets			
Loans and receivables (including cash and cash equivalents)	37,037	45,767	52,641
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Financial liabilities			
Financial liabilities at amortised cost	6,241	9,257	12,714
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

b) Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Group's major financial instruments include trade receivables, deposits and other receivables, cash and cash equivalents, other payables and accruals and dividend payable.

Details of the financial instruments are disclosed in respective notes. The risks associated with these financial instruments included credit risk, interest rate risk and liquidity risk. The policies on how to mitigate these risks are set out below. The management of the Group manages and monitors those exposures to ensure appropriate measures are implemented on a timely and effective manner.

(i) Credit risk

The trade receivables and cash and cash equivalents represent the Group's major exposure to the credit risk arising from the default of the counterparty, with a maximum exposure equal to the carrying amounts of these financial assets in the combined statements of financial position.

In order to minimise the credit risk, the management has delegated a team responsible to determination of credit limits, credit approvals and other monitoring procedures to ensure that follow-up action is taken to recover overdue debts. In addition, the Group reviews the recoverable amount of each individual trade debt at the end of the reporting period to ensure that adequate impairment losses are made for irrecoverable amounts. In this regard, the directors of the Company consider that the Group's credit risk is significantly reduced.

The credit risk on liquid funds is limited because the counterparties are banks with high credit ratings assigned by international credit-rating agencies.

The Group has no significant concentration of credit risk, with exposure spread over a number of counterparties.

All of the balances with bank were deposited in a reputable large commercial bank with high credit rating.

(ii) Interest rate risk

The Group is exposed to cash flow interest rate risk in relation to its variable-rate bank balances which carrying interest at prevailing market rates.

The Group currently does not have an interest rate hedging policy. However, management monitors interest rate exposure and will consider other necessary action when significant interest rate exposure is anticipated.

The Group's exposure to interest rate risk in relation to variable-rate bank balances is minimal due to the amount involved is not significant, hence, no sensitivity analysis is prepared.

(iii) Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk of loss due to adverse movements in foreign exchange rates relating to financial instruments denominated in foreign currency. During the Track Record Period, the Group had certain bank balances and trade balances denominated in the United States dollars ("USD"), Japanese Yen ("JPY"), Singapore dollars ("SGD"), Euro ("EUR"), Australian dollars ("AUD") and British Pound ("GBP").

The Group currently does not have a foreign currency hedging policy. However, management monitors foreign exchange exposure and will consider hedging significant foreign currency exposure should the need arise.

The carrying amounts of the Group's foreign currency denominated monetary assets and liabilities, mainly including bank balances and trade receivables during the Track Record Period are as follows:

	Assets			Liabilities		
	As at 31 March			As at 31 March		
	2016	2017	2018	2016	2017	2018
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
JPY	943	998	1,060	–	–	–
SGD	1,554	1,134	1,625	–	–*	–
USD	7,724	14,005	14,227	319	218	301
EUR	3	2	3	–	–	–
AUD	–*	–*	15	–	–	–
GBP	2	2	2	14	166	253
	<u>2</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>14</u>	<u>166</u>	<u>253</u>

* The balance represents an amount less than HK\$500.

The management considered that the currency between HK\$ and USD are subject to a sensitivity rate of 1%. The sensitivity analysis includes only outstanding USD denominated monetary items, and adjusts their translation at the end of the reporting period for a 1% change in USD rates. A positive number below indicates an increase in post-tax profit and equity where Hong Kong dollars weaken against the USD. For a 1% strengthening of Hong Kong dollars against the USD, there would be an equal and opposite impact on the post-tax profit and equity and the numbers below would be negative. As at 31 March 2016, 2017 and 2018, the increase in post-tax profit was approximately HK\$62,000, HK\$115,000 and HK\$116,000 respectively.

The following table details the Group's sensitivity to a 5% change in Hong Kong dollars against the respective foreign currencies. 5% is the sensitivity rate used when reporting foreign currency risk internally to key management personnel and represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in foreign exchange rates. The sensitivity analysis includes only outstanding foreign currency denominated monetary items, and adjusts their translation at the end of the reporting period for a 5%

change in foreign currency rates. A positive number below indicates a increase in post-tax profit and equity where Hong Kong dollars weaken against the respective foreign currencies. For a 5% strengthening of Hong Kong dollars against the relevant currency, there would be an equal and opposite impact on the post-tax profit and equity and the numbers below would be negative.

	Year ended 31 March		
	2016 HK\$'000	2017 HK\$'000	2018 HK\$'000
Increase (decrease) in post-tax profit			
JPY impact	39	42	44
SGD impact	65	47	68
EUR impact	—*	—*	—*
AUD impact	—*	—*	1
GBP impact	(1)	(7)	(10)

* The balance represents an amount less than HK\$500.

(iv) *Liquidity risk*

In the management of the liquidity risk, the Group monitors and maintains a level of cash and cash equivalents deemed adequate by the management to finance the Group's operations and mitigate the effects of fluctuations in cash flows.

All financial liabilities are non-interest bearing, except for bank overdrafts which are interest bearing, and their maturity dates are either within one year or repayable on demand.

All carrying amounts of financial liabilities approximate to the undiscounted cash flows due to the short maturity.

c) **Fair value measurements recognised in the combined statement of financial position**

The directors of the Company consider that the carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded at amortised cost in the combined financial statements approximate to their corresponding fair value due to short-term maturities.

8. **REVENUE**

Revenue represents the amounts received and receivable for services provided in the normal course of business. An analysis of the Group's revenue for the Track Record Period is as follows:

	Year ended 31 March		
	2016 HK\$'000	2017 HK\$'000	2018 HK\$'000
Commission income from dealing in securities and futures contracts as a futures non-clearing broker	60,206	59,752	76,759

9. SEGMENT INFORMATION

HKFRS 8 requires operating segments to be identified on the basis of internal reports about components of the Group that are regularly reviewed by the chief operating decision maker (the directors of the Company) in order to allocate resources to the segment and to assess its performance.

Information reported to the directors of the Company, being the chief operating decision maker, for the purpose of resource allocation and assessment of segment performances focuses on brokerage service. During the Track Record Period, the Group focused on provision of brokerage service and all the assets and major revenue are located and derived in Hong Kong. Accordingly, no segment analysis is prepared.

Information about major customers

Revenue from major customers, each of them accounted for 10% or more of the Group's revenue, are set out below:

	Year ended 31 March		
	2016 HK\$'000	2017 HK\$'000	2018 HK\$'000
Customer A	N/A*	6,230	7,688

No customer accounted for 10% or more of the Group's revenue for the year ended 31 March 2016.

* The corresponding revenue did not contribute over 10% of total revenue of the Group for the respective reporting period.

10. OTHER INCOME AND GAINS, NET

	Year ended 31 March		
	2016 HK\$'000	2017 HK\$'000	2018 HK\$'000
Bank interest income	–*	2	1
Exchange gain, net	66	6	265
Sundry income	–	–	189
	<u>66</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>455</u>

* The balance represents an amount less than HK\$500.

11. FINANCE COSTS

	Year ended 31 March		
	2016 HK\$'000	2017 HK\$'000	2018 HK\$'000
Overdraft interest	–	7	38

12. PROFIT BEFORE TAX

	Year ended 31 March		
	2016 HK\$'000	2017 HK\$'000	2018 HK\$'000
Profit for the year has been arrived at after charging:			
Directors' emoluments (<i>note 14</i>)			
Fees	–	–	–
Emoluments	975	1,099	20,400
Contributions to retirement benefits scheme (<i>note</i>)	18	18	86
	<u>993</u>	<u>1,117</u>	<u>20,486</u>
Other staff costs	27,399	26,127	21,237
Contributions to retirement benefits schemes (<i>note</i>)	299	309	251
	<u>27,698</u>	<u>26,436</u>	<u>21,488</u>
Total staff costs	28,691	27,553	41,974
Auditor's remuneration	65	80	80
Depreciation	315	200	151
Operating lease rental payments for rented premises	881	905	1,116

Note: The Group operates a Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme (the "MPF Scheme") for all qualifying employees in Hong Kong. The assets of the MPF Scheme are held separately from those of the Group, in funds under the control of trustees. The Group contributes 5% of relevant payroll costs capped at HK\$1,500 per month to MPF Scheme, which contribution is matched by employees.

13. INCOME TAX EXPENSE

	Year ended 31 March		
	2016 HK\$'000	2017 HK\$'000	2018 HK\$'000
Current tax:			
Hong Kong	2,696	2,385	3,052
Overprovision in prior year	(20)	–	–
Tax exemption for the year	(20)	(20)	(30)
	<u>2,656</u>	<u>2,365</u>	<u>3,022</u>

Hong Kong Profits Tax is calculated at 16.5% on the estimated assessable profits during the Track Record Period.

The income tax expense for the years ended 31 March 2016, 2017 and 2018 can be reconciled to the profit before tax per the combined statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income as follows:

	Year ended 31 March		
	2016 HK\$'000	2017 HK\$'000	2018 HK\$'000
Profit before tax	16,147	14,222	7,800
Tax at domestic income tax rate of 16.5%	2,664	2,347	1,287
Tax effect of expenses not deductible	–	22	1,756
Tax effect of income not taxable	–*	–*	–*
Tax effect of temporary difference not recognised	32	16	9
Tax effect of tax exemption granted	(20)	(20)	(30)
Overprovision in prior year	(20)	–	–
Income tax expense for the year	2,656	2,365	3,022

* The balance represents an amount less than HK\$500.

Tax exemptions represented reduction of Hong Kong Profits Tax for the year of assessment of 2015/2016 and 2016/2017 and 2017/2018 by 75%, subject to a ceiling of HK\$20,000, HK\$20,000 and HK\$30,000 per case respectively.

As at 31 March 2016, 2017 and 2018, the Group has deductible temporary differences of approximately HK\$281,000, HK\$380,000 and HK\$431,000 respectively.

14. DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS

The emoluments paid or payable to the director of the Company during the year ended 31 March 2016 was as follows:

	Fees HK\$'000	Salaries and other allowances ⁽ⁱⁱ⁾ HK\$'000	Discretionary Bonus ⁽ⁱ⁾ HK\$'000	Retirement benefits scheme contributions HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
<i>Executive director:</i>					
Mr. Lee Tik Man Dick	–	738	237	18	993

The emoluments paid or payable to the director of the Company during the year ended 31 March 2017 was as follows:

	Fees HK\$'000	Salaries and other allowances ⁽ⁱⁱ⁾ HK\$'000	Discretionary Bonus ⁽ⁱ⁾ HK\$'000	Retirement benefits scheme contributions HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
<i>Executive director:</i>					
Mr. Lee Tik Man Dick	–	753	346	18	1,117

The emoluments paid or payable to the directors of the Company (including emoluments for the services as employees of the group entities prior to becoming directors of the Company) during the year ended 31 March 2018 was as follows:

	Fees HK\$'000	Salaries and other allowances ⁽ⁱⁱ⁾ HK\$'000	Discretionary Bonus ⁽ⁱ⁾ HK\$'000	Retirement benefits scheme contributions HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
<i>Executive directors:</i>					
Mr. Lee Tik Man Dick	-	813	2,843	18	3,674
Mr. Fung Wai Yip Patrick	-	677	2,843	18	3,538
Mr. Lau Ming Yeung Lambert	-	1,500	400	14	1,914
Mr. Choi Man Ho	-	1,320	3,469	18	4,807
Mr. Ng Yu Fai	-	1,620	4,915	18	6,553
<i>Non-executive director</i>					
Mr. Yu Kwok Tung	-	-	-	-	-
	-	5,930	14,470	86	20,486

Notes:

- (i) The discretionary bonus is determined based on the financial results of a subsidiary.
- (ii) No directors or chief executive waived or agreed to waive any emoluments during the Track Record Period.
- (iii) No emoluments were paid by the Group to the directors or the chief executive of the Company as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office during the Track Record Period.
- (iv) Mr. Lau Ming Yeung Lambert, Mr. Choi Man Ho and Mr. Ng Yu Fai, the employees of De Riva during the Track Record Period, were appointed as the Company's executive directors on 1 November 2017. Mr. Lee Tik Man Dick and Mr. Fung Wai Yip Patrick, the directors of De Riva during the Track Record Period, were appointed as the Company's executive directors on 1 November 2017. During the Track Record Period, the executive directors have not yet been appointed.
- (v) Mr. Yu Kwok Tung, the controlling shareholder of De Riva during the Track Record Period, was appointed as the Company's director on 29 November 2017 and re-designated as a non-executive director on 30 July 2018. During the Track Record Period, the non-executive director has not yet been appointed.
- (vi) Mr. Voon David Hian-fook, Mr. Or Kevin and Mr. Wu Ping Lam Michael David were appointed as the Company's independent non-executive directors on 30 July 2018. During the Track Record Period, the independent non-executive directors have not yet been appointed and did not receive any remuneration.

15. EMPLOYEES' EMOLUMENTS

Of the five individuals with the highest emoluments in the Group, none of them were directors of the Company for each of the two years ended 31 March 2016 and 2017 and four of them were directors of the Company for the year ended 31 March 2018. The emoluments of the individuals other than the directors of the Company for the Track Record Period were as follows:

	Year ended 31 March		
	2016	2017	2018
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Salaries, allowances, and other benefits	6,504	5,205	900
Discretionary bonuses	10,957	9,447	2,500
Contributions to retirement benefits scheme	90	90	18
	<u>17,551</u>	<u>14,742</u>	<u>3,418</u>

Their emoluments were within the following bands:

	Year ended 31 March		
	2016	2017	2018
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Nil to HK\$1,000,000	–	–	–
HK\$1,000,001 to HK\$2,000,000	2	1	–
HK\$2,000,001 to HK\$3,000,000	1	3	–
HK\$3,000,001 to HK\$4,000,000	–	–	1
HK\$4,000,001 to HK\$5,000,000	–	–	–
HK\$5,000,001 to HK\$6,000,000	2	1	–
	<u>2</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>–</u>

During the three years ended 31 March 2016, 2017 and 2018, no emoluments were paid by the Group to the five highest paid individual, including the directors and chief executive of the Company, as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group, or as compensation for loss of office.

16. DIVIDENDS

	Year ended 31 March		
	2016	2017	2018
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
2015 Final – HK\$0.13 per share	860	–	–
2016 Final – HK\$0.59 per share	–	4,000	–
	<u>860</u>	<u>4,000</u>	<u>–</u>

A final dividend for the year ended 31 March 2015 of HK\$860,000 declared and fully paid by De Riva on 17 June 2015. For the year ended 31 March 2016, HK\$4,000,000 final dividend has been declared on 29 March 2017 and fully paid by De Riva on 18 April 2017.

The rate of dividend and the number of shares ranking for the above dividend are not presented as such information is not meaningful having regard to the purpose of this report.

No dividend was paid or proposed subsequent to the end of the reporting period and up to the date of this report.

17. EARNINGS PER SHARE

No earnings per share information is presented as its inclusion, for the purpose of this report, is not considered meaningful due to the Reorganisation and the preparation of the results of each of the three years ended 31 March 2016, 2017 and 2018 on a combined basis as disclosed in note 2 of Section A above.

18. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

	Computer equipment <i>HK\$'000</i>	Furniture and fixtures <i>HK\$'000</i>	Leasehold improvements <i>HK\$'000</i>	Office equipment <i>HK\$'000</i>	Total <i>HK\$'000</i>
COST					
At 1 April 2015	950	105	735	833	2,623
Additions	59	–	–	–	59
At 31 March 2016 and 1 April 2016	1,009	105	735	833	2,682
Additions	43	–	–	–	43
At 31 March 2017 and 1 April 2017	1,052	105	735	833	2,725
Additions	44	–	45	–	89
At 31 March 2018	<u>1,096</u>	<u>105</u>	<u>780</u>	<u>833</u>	<u>2,814</u>
ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION					
At 1 April 2015	615	64	565	699	1,943
Charged for the year	165	19	45	86	315
At 31 March 2016 and 1 April 2016	780	83	610	785	2,258
Charged for the year	125	10	45	20	200
At 31 March 2017 and 1 April 2017	905	93	655	805	2,458
Charged for the year	82	6	46	17	151
At 31 March 2018	<u>987</u>	<u>99</u>	<u>701</u>	<u>822</u>	<u>2,609</u>
CARRYING VALUES					
At 31 March 2016	<u>229</u>	<u>22</u>	<u>125</u>	<u>48</u>	<u>424</u>
At 31 March 2017	<u>147</u>	<u>12</u>	<u>80</u>	<u>28</u>	<u>267</u>
At 31 March 2018	<u>109</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>79</u>	<u>11</u>	<u>205</u>

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost of property and equipment less their residual value, if any, using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives and at the rates per annum as follows:

Computer equipment	20%
Furniture and fixtures	20%
Leasehold improvements	20%
Office equipment	20%

19. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

	Total <i>HK\$'000</i>
Trading Rights	
COST	
At 1 April 2015	500
Additions	500
	<hr/>
At 31 March 2016, 1 April 2016, 31 March 2017, 1 April 2017 and 31 March 2018	1,000
	<hr/>
CARRYING VALUES	
At 31 March 2016	1,000
	<hr/> <hr/>
At 31 March 2017	1,000
	<hr/> <hr/>
At 31 March 2018	1,000
	<hr/> <hr/>

Trading rights in the Hong Kong Exchanges and Clearing Limited with indefinite useful life.

The trading rights held by the Group are considered by the directors of the Company as having indefinite useful lives because they are expected to contribute net cash inflows indefinitely. The trading rights will not be amortised until their useful lives are determined to be finite. Instead, they will be tested for impairment annually and whether there is an indication that they may be impaired.

No impairment loss on intangible assets is recognised during the year ended 31 March 2016, 2017 and 2018.

20. TRADE RECEIVABLES

The Group's trade receivables arose from business of dealing in securities and the futures contracts during the Track Record Period.

The Group allows an average credit period of 30 days to its trade receivables. Before accepting any new customer, the Group will assess the potential customer's credit quality and defines its credit limits. Credit limits are made to customers with a satisfactory trustworthy credit history.

The following is an ageing analysis of trade receivables net of allowance for impairment presented based on the invoice date. There is no allowances of impairment during the Track Record Period.

	As at 31 March		
	2016 HK\$'000	2017 HK\$'000	2018 HK\$'000
Within 30 days	6,329	5,029	7,227
31-60 days	3,146	3,823	5,671
61-90 days	2,127	1,825	3,054
91-120 days	481	477	1,240
Over 120 days	3,488	4,291	4,019
Total	<u>15,571</u>	<u>15,445</u>	<u>21,211</u>

Included in the Group's trade receivables balance are debtors with aggregate carrying amount of approximately HK\$9,242,000, HK\$10,416,000 and HK\$13,984,000 as at 31 March 2016, 2017 and 2018 respectively, which are past due as at the reporting date for which the Group has not provided for impairment loss. The Group does not hold any collateral over these balances.

The aged analysis of the trade receivables which are past due but not impaired is set out below:

	As at 31 March		
	2016 HK\$'000	2017 HK\$'000	2018 HK\$'000
Within 30 days	3,146	3,823	5,671
31-60 days	2,127	1,825	3,054
61-90 days	481	477	1,240
Over 90 days	3,488	4,291	4,019
Total	<u>9,242</u>	<u>10,416</u>	<u>13,984</u>

Trade receivables that were past due but not impaired related to a number of independent customers that have a good track record with the Group. Based on past experience, management believes that no allowance for impairment is necessary in respect of these balances as there has not been a significant change in credit quality and the balances are still considered fully recoverable.

21. PREPAYMENTS, DEPOSITS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

	As at 31 March		
	2016 HK\$'000	2017 HK\$'000	2018 HK\$'000
Prepayments	687	661	1,522
Deposits			
– Deposits placed in clearing brokers	9,058	7,717	9,083
– Rental deposits	277	303	888
– Others	128	109	91
	<u>9,463</u>	<u>8,129</u>	<u>10,062</u>
Other receivables	<u>3</u>	<u>–</u>	<u>7</u>
	<u>10,153</u>	<u>8,790</u>	<u>11,591</u>
Analysed as:			
Current	10,153	8,790	11,024
Non-current (rental deposit)	<u>–</u>	<u>–</u>	<u>567</u>
	<u>10,153</u>	<u>8,790</u>	<u>11,591</u>

22. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents include the following for the purposes of the consolidated statement of cash flows:

	As at 31 March		
	2016 HK\$'000	2017 HK\$'000	2018 HK\$'000
Cash and cash equivalents			
Bank overdrafts	12,000	22,193	21,361
	<u>–</u>	<u>–</u>	<u>(758)</u>
	<u>12,000</u>	<u>22,193</u>	<u>20,603</u>

Cash at banks earn interest at prevailing market rates which range from 0.01% to 0.28% per annum based on daily bank deposit rates during the Track Record Period.

Bank overdrafts carry interest at market rates of 1.28% per annum during the Track Record Period.

23. OTHER PAYABLES AND ACCRUALS

	As at 31 March		
	2016 HK\$'000	2017 HK\$'000	2018 HK\$'000
Other payables	1,117	465	264
Accruals	5,124	4,792	11,692
	<u>6,241</u>	<u>5,257</u>	<u>11,956</u>

24. SHARE CAPITAL

The Group

For the purpose of presenting the share capital of the Group prior to the completion of the Reorganisation in the combined statements of financial position, the share capital presented in the combined statements of financial position as at 31 March 2016, 2017 and 2018 represented the share capital of De Riva and the Company.

The Company

The Company was incorporated on 1 November 2017 and had an authorised share capital of HK\$380,000 divided into 38,000,000 shares of HK\$0.01 each, of which one nil-paid Share was allotted and issued. On 29 November 2017, the Company allotted and issued 4,999 shares at HK\$0.01 each.

25. RETIREMENT BENEFITS SCHEME

The Group operates a MPF Scheme under the Hong Kong Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance for all qualifying employees in Hong Kong. Under the MPF Scheme, the Group is required to make contributions to the scheme at 5% of the employees' relevant income, subject to a cap of monthly relevant income of HK\$30,000. Contributions to the scheme vest immediately. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the Group, in funds under the control of trustees.

The total cost charged to profit or loss of approximately HK\$317,000, HK\$327,000 and HK\$337,000 represents contributions payable to retirement benefits scheme contributions by the Group in respect of the three years ended 31 March 2016, 2017 and 2018 respectively.

26. OPERATING LEASE COMMITMENTS

At the end of the reporting period, the Group had commitments for future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases in respect of rented premises which fall due as follows:

	As at 31 March		
	2016 HK\$'000	2017 HK\$'000	2018 HK\$'000
Within one year	604	962	2,007
In the second to fifth years inclusive	–	642	3,540
Total	<u>604</u>	<u>1,604</u>	<u>5,547</u>

Leases are negotiated for an average of three years; and rentals are fixed.

27. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Compensation to key management personnel

The remuneration of directors and other key management personnel of the Group during the Track Record Period were as follow:

	Year ended 31 March		
	2016 HK\$'000	2017 HK\$'000	2018 HK\$'000
Short-term benefits	10,454	10,382	20,400
Post-employment benefits	<u>72</u>	<u>72</u>	<u>86</u>
Total	<u>10,526</u>	<u>10,454</u>	<u>20,486</u>

The remuneration of key management personnel of the Group is determined by the directors of the Company having regard to the performance of the individuals and market trends.

28. RECONCILIATION OF LIABILITIES ARISING FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES

The tables below detail changes in the Group's liabilities arising from financing activities, including both cash and non-cash changes. Liabilities arising from financing activities are those for which cash flows were, or future cash flows will be, classified in the consolidated statement of cash flows as cash flows from financing activities.

	1 April 2015 HK\$'000	Non-cash change		31 March 2016 HK\$'000
		Financing cash flow HK\$'000	Dividend declared HK\$'000	
Dividend payable (Note 16)	<u>-</u>	<u>(860)</u>	<u>860</u>	<u>-</u>

	1 April 2016 HK\$'000	Non-cash change		31 March 2017 HK\$'000
		Financing cash flow HK\$'000	Dividend declared HK\$'000	
Dividend payable (Note 16)	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>4,000</u>	<u>4,000</u>

	1 April 2017 HK\$'000	Non-cash change		31 March 2018 HK\$'000
		Financing cash flow HK\$'000	Dividend declared HK\$'000	
Dividend payable (Note 16)	<u>4,000</u>	<u>(4,000)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

29. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD**(i) Reorganisation**

The Group comprising the Company and its subsidiaries underwent a reorganisation to rationalise the Group's structure in preparation for the listing of the Company's shares on the GEM of the Stock Exchange. Details of the Reorganisation are set out in the section headed "History, Reorganisation and Corporate Structure" in the Prospectus. As a result of the Reorganisation, the Company became the holding company of the Group on 3 August 2018.

(ii) Post-IPO Share Option Scheme

The Company adopted a share option scheme on 30 July 2018, a summary of terms and conditions of which are set out in Appendix IV to this Document.

B. SUBSEQUENT FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

No audited financial statements have been prepared by the Group, the Company or any of the companies now comprising the Group in respect of any period subsequent to the year ended 31 March 2018.

APPENDIX II UNAUDITED PRO FORMA FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The information set out in this appendix does not form part of the Accountants' Report prepared by SHINEWING (HK) CPA Limited, Certified Public Accountants, Hong Kong, the Company's reporting accountant, as set out in Appendix I to this prospectus and is included herein for information only.

This appendix should be read in conjunction with the section headed "Financial Information" and the Accountants' Report set out in Appendix I to this prospectus.

A. THE STATEMENT OF UNAUDITED PRO FORMA FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The following is an unaudited pro forma statement of adjusted combined net tangible asset of the Group (the "Unaudited Pro Forma Financial Information") prepared in accordance with paragraph 7.31 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on GEM of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") for illustrative purpose only, and is set out below to illustrate the effect of the proposed listing of the Company's shares on the Stock Exchange (the "Share Offer") on the Group's combined net tangible assets attributable to the owners of the Company as at 31 March 2018 as if the Share Offer had taken place on 31 March 2018.

The Unaudited Pro Forma Financial Information has been prepared based on the judgments, estimates and assumptions of the Directors, and because of its hypothetical nature, it may not give a true picture of the combined net tangible assets of the Group as at 31 March 2018 or any further dates following the Share Offer.

	Audited combined net tangible assets of the Group attributable to the owners of the Company as at 31 March 2018 HK\$'000 (Note 1)	Estimated net proceeds from the Share Offer HK\$'000 (Note 2)	Unaudited pro forma adjusted combined net tangible assets of the Group attributable to the owners of the Company as at 31 March 2018 HK\$'000	Unaudited pro forma adjusted combined net tangible assets of the Group attributable to the owners of the Company per Share as at 31 March 2018 HK\$ (Note 3)
Based on the Offer Price of HK\$0.3 per Offer Share	42,547	46,360	88,907	0.111
Based on the Offer Price of HK\$0.25 per Offer Share	42,547	36,860	79,407	0.099

APPENDIX II UNAUDITED PRO FORMA FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Notes:

1. The audited combined net tangible assets of the Group attributable to owners of the Company as at 31 March 2018 is based on the audited combined net assets of the Group of approximately HK\$43,547,000 as at 31 March 2018 less the intangible assets of the Group of HK\$1,000,000 as at 31 March 2018, as extracted from the Accountants' Report as set out in Appendix I to this prospectus.
2. The estimated net proceeds from the Share Offer of 200,000,000 Offer Shares are based on the respective Offer Price of HK\$0.25 per Offer Share and HK\$0.3 per Offer Share (being the low end and the high end of the indicative price range of the Offer Price), after deduction of the underwriting fees and other related expenses payable by the Company in relation to the Share Offer. The calculation of the estimated net proceeds from the Share Offer does not take into account any shares which may be allotted and issued upon the exercise of any options granted under the Share Option Scheme referred to in the paragraph headed "D. Share Option Scheme" in Appendix IV to this prospectus of the Company dated 14 August 2018.
3. The unaudited pro forma adjusted combined net tangible assets of the Group attributable to the owners of the Company per Share is calculated based on 800,000,000 Shares in issue immediately following the completion of the Share Offer and the capitalisation issue on 31 March 2018 but does not take into account of any shares which may be allotted and issued upon the exercise of any options that granted under the Share Option Scheme referred to in the paragraph headed "D. Share Option Scheme" in Appendix IV to this prospectus of the Company dated 14 August 2018.
4. No adjustments have been made to the unaudited pro forma adjusted combined net tangible assets of the Group attributable to the owners of the Company to reflect any trading results or other transactions of the Group entered into subsequent to 31 March 2018.

B. INDEPENDENT REPORTING ACCOUNTANTS' ASSURANCE REPORT ON THE COMPILATION OF UNAUDITED PRO FORMA FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The following is the text of a report received from the reporting accountants, SHINEWING (HK) CPA Limited, Certified Public Accountants, Hong Kong, for the purpose of incorporation in this prospectus.



SHINEWING (HK) CPA Limited
43/F., Lee Garden One
33 Hysan Avenue
Causeway Bay, Hong Kong

14 August 2018

The Board of Directors
DLC Asia Limited

We have completed our assurance engagement to report on the compilation of unaudited pro forma financial information of DLC Asia Limited (the “Company”) and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the “Group”) by the directors of the Company for illustrative purposes only. The unaudited pro forma financial information consists of the unaudited pro forma statement of adjusted combined net tangible assets of the Group as at 31 March 2018 and related notes as set out on pages II-1 to II-2 of the prospectus of the Company (the “Prospectus”) dated 14 August 2018 in connection with the proposed public offer and placing of the shares of the Company on GEM of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the “Share Offer”). The applicable criteria on the basis of which the directors of the Company have compiled the unaudited pro forma financial information are described in Appendix II to the Prospectus.

The unaudited pro forma financial information has been compiled by the directors of the Company to illustrate the impact of the Share Offer on the Group’s net tangible assets as of 31 March 2018 as if the Share Offer had taken place at 31 March 2018. As part of this process, information about the Group’s financial position has been extracted by the directors of the Company from the Group’s financial information for the three years ended 31 March 2016, 31 March 2017 and 31 March 2018, on which an accountants’ report has been included in the Appendix I to the Prospectus.

Directors’ Responsibility for the Unaudited Pro Forma Financial Information

The directors of the Company are responsible for compiling the unaudited pro forma financial information in accordance with paragraph 31 of Chapter 7 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on GEM of the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the “GEM”) Rules and with reference to Accounting Guideline 7 “Preparation of Pro Forma Financial Information for Inclusion in Investment Circulars” (“AG7”) issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the “HKICPA”).

Our Independence and Quality Control

We have complied with the independence and other ethical requirement of the Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants issued by the HKICPA, which is founded on fundamental principles of integrity, objectivity, professional competence and due care, confidentiality and professional behavior.

Our firm applies Hong Kong Standard on Quality Control 1 “Quality Control for Firms that Perform Audits and Reviews of Financial Statements, and Other Assurance and Related Services Engagements” and accordingly maintains a comprehensive system of quality control including documented policies and procedures regarding compliance with ethical requirements, professional standards and applicable legal and regulatory requirements.

Reporting Accountants’ Responsibilities

Our responsibility is to express an opinion, as required by paragraph 31(7) of Chapter 7 of the GEM Rules, on the unaudited pro forma financial information and to report our opinion to you. We do not accept any responsibility for any reports previously given by us on any financial information used in the compilation of the unaudited pro forma financial information beyond that owed to those to whom those reports were addressed by us at the dates of their issue.

We conducted our engagement in accordance with Hong Kong Standard on Assurance Engagements 3420 “Assurance Engagements to Report on the Compilation of Pro Forma Financial Information Included in a Prospectus” issued by the HKICPA. This standard requires that the reporting accountants plan and perform procedures to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the directors of the Company have compiled the unaudited pro forma financial information in accordance with paragraph 31 of Chapter 7 of the GEM Rules and with reference to AG7 issued by the HKICPA.

For purposes of this engagement, we are not responsible for updating or reissuing any reports or opinions on any historical financial information used in compiling the unaudited pro forma financial information, nor have we, in the course of this engagement, performed an audit or review of the financial information used in compiling the unaudited pro forma financial information.

The purpose of unaudited pro forma financial information included in an investment circular is solely to illustrate the impact of the Share Offer on unadjusted financial information of the Group as if the Share Offer had been undertaken at an earlier date selected for purposes of the illustration. Accordingly, we do not provide any assurance that the actual outcome of the Share Offer at 31 March 2018 would have been as presented.

A reasonable assurance engagement to report on whether the unaudited pro forma financial information has been properly compiled on the basis of the applicable criteria involves performing procedures to assess whether the applicable criteria used by the directors of the Company in the compilation of the unaudited pro forma financial

information provide a reasonable basis for presenting the significant effects directly attributable to the event or transaction, and to obtain sufficient appropriate evidence about whether:

- the related unaudited pro forma adjustments give appropriate effect to those criteria; and
- the unaudited pro forma financial information reflects the proper application of those adjustments to the unadjusted financial information.

The procedures selected depend on the reporting accountants' judgment, having regard to the reporting accountants' understanding of the nature of the Group, the event or transaction in respect of which the unaudited pro forma financial information has been compiled, and other relevant engagement circumstances.

The engagement also involves evaluating the overall presentation of the unaudited pro forma financial information.

We believe that the evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion:

- (a) the unaudited pro forma financial information has been properly compiled on the basis stated;
- (b) such basis is consistent with the accounting policies of the Group; and
- (c) the adjustments are appropriate for the purposes of the unaudited pro forma financial information as disclosed pursuant to paragraph 31(1) of Chapter 7 of GEM Rules.

SHINEWING (HK) CPA Limited

Certified Public Accountants

Wong Chuen Fai

Practising Certificate Number: P05589

Hong Kong

APPENDIX III SUMMARY OF THE CONSTITUTION OF THE COMPANY AND CAYMAN ISLANDS COMPANY LAW
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Set out below is a summary of certain provisions of the Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Company and of certain aspects of Cayman company law.

The Company was incorporated in the Cayman Islands as an exempted company with limited liability on 1 November 2017 under the Companies Law, Cap 22 (Law 3 of 1961, as consolidated and revised) of the Cayman Islands (the “Companies Law”). The Company’s constitutional documents consist of its Memorandum of Association (the “Memorandum”) and its Articles of Association (the “Articles”).

1. MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION

- (a) The Memorandum states, inter alia, that the liability of members of the Company is limited to the amount, if any, for the time being unpaid on the shares respectively held by them and that the objects for which the Company is established are unrestricted (including acting as an investment company), and that the Company shall have and be capable of exercising all the functions of a natural person of full capacity irrespective of any question of corporate benefit, as provided in Section 27(2) of the Companies Law and in view of the fact that the Company is an exempted company that the Company will not trade in the Cayman Islands with any person, firm or corporation except in furtherance of the business of the Company carried on outside the Cayman Islands.
- (b) The Company may by special resolution alter its Memorandum with respect to any objects, powers or other matters specified therein.

2. ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

The Articles were conditionally adopted on 30 July 2018 with effect from the Listing Date. The following is a summary of certain provisions of the Articles:

(a) Shares

(i) Classes of shares

The share capital of the Company consists of ordinary shares.

(ii) Variation of rights of existing shares or classes of shares

Subject to the Companies Law, if at any time the share capital of the Company is divided into different classes of shares, all or any of the special rights attached to the shares or any class of shares may (unless otherwise provided for by the terms of issue of that class) be varied, modified or abrogated either with the consent in writing of the holders of not less than three-fourths in nominal value of the issued shares of that class or with the sanction of a special resolution passed at a separate general meeting of the holders of the shares of that class. To every such separate general meeting the

provisions of the Articles relating to general meetings will mutatis mutandis apply, but so that the necessary quorum (other than at an adjourned meeting) shall be two persons holding or representing by proxy not less than one-third in nominal value of the issued shares of that class and at any adjourned meeting two holders present in person or by proxy (whatever the number of shares held by them) shall be a quorum. Every holder of shares of the class shall be entitled to one vote for every such share held by him.

Any special rights conferred upon the holders of any shares or class of shares shall not, unless otherwise expressly provided in the rights attaching to the terms of issue of such shares, be deemed to be varied by the creation or issue of further shares ranking *pari passu* therewith.

(iii) Alteration of capital

The Company may by ordinary resolution of its members:

- (i) increase its share capital by the creation of new shares;
- (ii) consolidate all or any of its capital into shares of larger amount than its existing shares;
- (iii) divide its shares into several classes and attach to such shares any preferential, deferred, qualified or special rights, privileges, conditions or restrictions as the Company in general meeting or as the directors may determine;
- (iv) subdivide its shares or any of them into shares of smaller amount than is fixed by the Memorandum; or
- (v) cancel any shares which, at the date of passing of the resolution, have not been taken and diminish the amount of its capital by the amount of the shares so cancelled.

The Company may reduce its share capital or any capital redemption reserve or other undistributable reserve in any way by special resolution.

(iv) Transfer of shares

All transfers of shares may be effected by an instrument of transfer in the usual or common form or in a form prescribed by The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") or in such other form as the board may approve and which may be under hand or, if the transferor or transferee is a clearing house or its nominee(s), by hand or by machine imprinted signature or by such other manner of execution as the board may approve from time to time.

The instrument of transfer shall be executed by or on behalf of the transferor and the transferee provided that the board may dispense with the execution of the instrument of transfer by the transferee. The transferor shall be deemed to remain the holder of the share until the name of the transferee is entered in the register of members in respect of that share.

The board may, in its absolute discretion, at any time transfer any share upon the principal register to any branch register or any share on any branch register to the principal register or any other branch register.

The board may decline to recognise any instrument of transfer unless a fee (not exceeding the maximum sum as the Stock Exchange may determine to be payable) determined by the Directors is paid to the Company, the instrument of transfer is properly stamped (if applicable), it is in respect of only one class of share and is lodged at the relevant registration office or registered office or such other place at which the principal register is kept accompanied by the relevant share certificate(s) and such other evidence as the board may reasonably require to show the right of the transferor to make the transfer (and if the instrument of transfer is executed by some other person on his behalf, the authority of that person so to do).

The registration of transfers may be suspended and the register closed on giving notice by advertisement in any newspaper or by any other means in accordance with the requirements of the Stock Exchange, at such times and for such periods as the board may determine. The register of members must not be closed for periods exceeding in the whole thirty (30) days in any year.

Subject to the above, fully paid shares are free from any restriction on transfer and free of all liens in favour of the Company.

(v) Power of the Company to purchase its own shares

The Company is empowered by the Companies Law and the Articles to purchase its own shares subject to certain restrictions and the board may only exercise this power on behalf of the Company subject to any applicable requirements imposed from time to time by the Stock Exchange.

Where the Company purchases for redemption a redeemable share, purchases not made through the market or by tender must be limited to a maximum price determined by the Company in general meeting. If purchases are by tender, tenders must be made available to all members alike.

(vi) Power of any subsidiary of the Company to own shares in the Company

There are no provisions in the Articles relating to ownership of shares in the Company by a subsidiary.

(vii) Calls on shares and forfeiture of shares

The board may from time to time make such calls upon the members in respect of any monies unpaid on the shares held by them respectively (whether on account of the nominal value of the shares or by way of premium). A call may be made payable either in one lump sum or by installments. If the sum payable in respect of any call or instalment is not paid on or before the day appointed for payment thereof, the person or persons from whom the sum is due shall pay interest on the same at such rate not exceeding twenty per cent. (20%) per annum as the board may agree to accept from the day appointed for the payment thereof to the time of actual payment, but the board may waive payment of such interest wholly or in part. The board may, if it thinks fit, receive from any member willing to advance the same, either in money or money's worth, all or any part of the monies uncalled and unpaid or installments payable upon any shares held by him, and upon all or any of the monies so advanced the Company may pay interest at such rate (if any) as the board may decide.

If a member fails to pay any call on the day appointed for payment thereof, the board may serve not less than fourteen (14) clear days' notice on him requiring payment of so much of the call as is unpaid, together with any interest which may have accrued and which may still accrue up to the date of actual payment and stating that, in the event of non-payment at or before the time appointed, the shares in respect of which the call was made will be liable to be forfeited.

If the requirements of any such notice are not complied with, any share in respect of which the notice has been given may at any time thereafter, before the payment required by the notice has been made, be forfeited by a resolution of the board to that effect. Such forfeiture will include all dividends and bonuses declared in respect of the forfeited share and not actually paid before the forfeiture.

A person whose shares have been forfeited shall cease to be a member in respect of the forfeited shares but shall, notwithstanding, remain liable to pay to the Company all monies which, at the date of forfeiture, were payable by him to the Company in respect of the shares, together with (if the board shall in its discretion so require) interest thereon from the date of forfeiture until the date of actual payment at such rate not exceeding twenty per cent. (20%) per annum as the board determines.

(b) **Directors**

(i) *Appointment, retirement and removal*

At each annual general meeting, one third of the Directors for the time being (or if their number is not a multiple of three, then the number nearest to but not less than one third) shall retire from office by rotation provided that every Director shall be subject to retirement at an annual general meeting at least once every three years. The Directors to retire by rotation shall include any Director who wishes to retire and not offer himself for re-election. Any further Directors so to retire shall be those who have been longest in office since their last re-election or appointment but as between persons who became or were last re-elected Directors on the same day those to retire will (unless they otherwise agree among themselves) be determined by lot.

Neither a Director nor an alternate Director is required to hold any shares in the Company by way of qualification. Further, there are no provisions in the Articles relating to retirement of Directors upon reaching any age limit.

The Directors have the power to appoint any person as a Director either to fill a casual vacancy on the board or as an addition to the existing board. Any Director appointed to fill a casual vacancy shall hold office until the first general meeting of members after his appointment and be subject to re-election at such meeting and any Director appointed as an addition to the existing board shall hold office only until the next following annual general meeting of the Company and shall then be eligible for re-election.

A Director may be removed by an ordinary resolution of the Company before the expiration of his period of office (but without prejudice to any claim which such Director may have for damages for any breach of any contract between him and the Company) and members of the Company may by ordinary resolution appoint another in his place. Unless otherwise determined by the Company in general meeting, the number of Directors shall not be less than two. There is no maximum number of Directors.

The office of director shall be vacated if:

- (aa) he resigns by notice in writing delivered to the Company;
- (bb) he becomes of unsound mind or dies;
- (cc) without special leave, he is absent from meetings of the board for six (6) consecutive months, and the board resolves that his office is vacated;

- (dd) he becomes bankrupt or has a receiving order made against him or suspends payment or compounds with his creditors;
- (ee) he is prohibited from being a director by law; or
- (ff) he ceases to be a director by virtue of any provision of law or is removed from office pursuant to the Articles.

The board may appoint one or more of its body to be managing director, joint managing director, or deputy managing director or to hold any other employment or executive office with the Company for such period and upon such terms as the board may determine and the board may revoke or terminate any of such appointments. The board may delegate any of its powers, authorities and discretions to committees consisting of such Director or Directors and other persons as the board thinks fit, and it may from time to time revoke such delegation or revoke the appointment of and discharge any such committees either wholly or in part, and either as to persons or purposes, but every committee so formed must, in the exercise of the powers, authorities and discretions so delegated, conform to any regulations that may from time to time be imposed upon it by the board.

(ii) Power to allot and issue shares and warrants

Subject to the provisions of the Companies Law and the Memorandum and Articles and to any special rights conferred on the holders of any shares or class of shares, any share may be issued (a) with or have attached thereto such rights, or such restrictions, whether with regard to dividend, voting, return of capital, or otherwise, as the Directors may determine, or (b) on terms that, at the option of the Company or the holder thereof, it is liable to be redeemed.

The board may issue warrants conferring the right upon the holders thereof to subscribe for any class of shares or securities in the capital of the Company on such terms as it may determine.

Subject to the provisions of the Companies Law and the Articles and, where applicable, the rules of the Stock Exchange and without prejudice to any special rights or restrictions for the time being attached to any shares or any class of shares, all unissued shares in the Company are at the disposal of the board, which may offer, allot, grant options over or otherwise dispose of them to such persons, at such times, for such consideration and on such terms and conditions as it in its absolute discretion thinks fit, but so that no shares shall be issued at a discount.

Neither the Company nor the board is obliged, when making or granting any allotment of, offer of, option over or disposal of shares, to make, or make available, any such allotment, offer, option or shares to members or

others with registered addresses in any particular territory or territories being a territory or territories where, in the absence of a registration statement or other special formalities, this would or might, in the opinion of the board, be unlawful or impracticable. Members affected as a result of the foregoing sentence shall not be, or be deemed to be, a separate class of members for any purpose whatsoever.

(iii) Power to dispose of the assets of the Company or any of its subsidiaries

There are no specific provisions in the Articles relating to the disposal of the assets of the Company or any of its subsidiaries. The Directors may, however, exercise all powers and do all acts and things which may be exercised or done or approved by the Company and which are not required by the Articles or the Companies Law to be exercised or done by the Company in general meeting.

(iv) Borrowing powers

The board may exercise all the powers of the Company to raise or borrow money, to mortgage or charge all or any part of the undertaking, property and assets and uncalled capital of the Company and, subject to the Companies Law, to issue debentures, bonds and other securities of the Company, whether outright or as collateral security for any debt, liability or obligation of the Company or of any third party.

(v) Remuneration

The ordinary remuneration of the Directors is to be determined by the Company in general meeting, such sum (unless otherwise directed by the resolution by which it is voted) to be divided amongst the Directors in such proportions and in such manner as the board may agree or, failing agreement, equally, except that any Director holding office for part only of the period in respect of which the remuneration is payable shall only rank in such division in proportion to the time during such period for which he held office. The Directors are also entitled to be prepaid or repaid all travelling, hotel and incidental expenses reasonably expected to be incurred or incurred by them in attending any board meetings, committee meetings or general meetings or separate meetings of any class of shares or of debentures of the Company or otherwise in connection with the discharge of their duties as Directors.

Any Director who, by request, goes or resides abroad for any purpose of the Company or who performs services which in the opinion of the board go beyond the ordinary duties of a Director may be paid such extra remuneration as the board may determine and such extra remuneration shall be in addition to or in substitution for any ordinary remuneration as a Director. An executive Director appointed to be a managing director, joint managing director, deputy managing director or other executive officer shall receive such remuneration

and such other benefits and allowances as the board may from time to time decide. Such remuneration may be either in addition to or in lieu of his remuneration as a Director.

The board may establish or concur or join with other companies (being subsidiary companies of the Company or companies with which it is associated in business) in establishing and making contributions out of the Company's monies to any schemes or funds for providing pensions, sickness or compassionate allowances, life assurance or other benefits for employees (which expression as used in this and the following paragraph shall include any Director or ex-Director who may hold or have held any executive office or any office of profit with the Company or any of its subsidiaries) and ex-employees of the Company and their dependents or any class or classes of such persons.

The board may pay, enter into agreements to pay or make grants of revocable or irrevocable, and either subject or not subject to any terms or conditions, pensions or other benefits to employees and ex-employees and their dependents, or to any of such persons, including pensions or benefits additional to those, if any, to which such employees or ex-employees or their dependents are or may become entitled under any such scheme or fund as is mentioned in the previous paragraph. Any such pension or benefit may, as the board considers desirable, be granted to an employee either before and in anticipation of, or upon or at any time after, his actual retirement.

(vi) Compensation or payments for loss of office

Pursuant to the Articles, payments to any Director or past Director of any sum by way of compensation for loss of office or as consideration for or in connection with his retirement from office (not being a payment to which the Director is contractually entitled) must be approved by the Company in general meeting.

(vii) Loans and provision of security for loans to Directors

The Company must not make any loan, directly or indirectly, to a Director or his close associate(s) if and to the extent it would be prohibited by the Companies Ordinance (Chapter 622 of the laws of Hong Kong) as if the Company were a company incorporated in Hong Kong.

(viii) Disclosure of interests in contracts with the Company or any of its subsidiaries

A Director may hold any other office or place of profit with the Company (except that of the auditor of the Company) in conjunction with his office of Director for such period and upon such terms as the board may determine, and may be paid such extra remuneration therefor in addition to

any remuneration provided for by or pursuant to the Articles. A Director may be or become a director or other officer of, or otherwise interested in, any company promoted by the Company or any other company in which the Company may be interested, and shall not be liable to account to the Company or the members for any remuneration, profits or other benefits received by him as a director, officer or member of, or from his interest in, such other company. The board may also cause the voting power conferred by the shares in any other company held or owned by the Company to be exercised in such manner in all respects as it thinks fit, including the exercise thereof in favour of any resolution appointing the Directors or any of them to be directors or officers of such other company, or voting or providing for the payment of remuneration to the directors or officers of such other company.

No Director or proposed or intended Director shall be disqualified by his office from contracting with the Company, either with regard to his tenure of any office or place of profit or as vendor, purchaser or in any other manner whatsoever, nor shall any such contract or any other contract or arrangement in which any Director is in any way interested be liable to be avoided, nor shall any Director so contracting or being so interested be liable to account to the Company or the members for any remuneration, profit or other benefits realised by any such contract or arrangement by reason of such Director holding that office or the fiduciary relationship thereby established. A Director who to his knowledge is in any way, whether directly or indirectly, interested in a contract or arrangement or proposed contract or arrangement with the Company must declare the nature of his interest at the meeting of the board at which the question of entering into the contract or arrangement is first taken into consideration, if he knows his interest then exists, or in any other case, at the first meeting of the board after he knows that he is or has become so interested.

A Director shall not vote (nor be counted in the quorum) on any resolution of the board approving any contract or arrangement or other proposal in which he or any of his close associates is materially interested, but this prohibition does not apply to any of the following matters, namely:

- (aa) any contract or arrangement for giving to such Director or his close associate(s) any security or indemnity in respect of money lent by him or any of his close associates or obligations incurred or undertaken by him or any of his close associates at the request of or for the benefit of the Company or any of its subsidiaries;
- (bb) any contract or arrangement for the giving of any security or indemnity to a third party in respect of a debt or obligation of the Company or any of its subsidiaries for which the Director or his close associate(s) has himself/themselves assumed responsibility in whole or in part whether alone or jointly under a guarantee or indemnity or by the giving of security;

- (cc) any contract or arrangement concerning an offer of shares or debentures or other securities of or by the Company or any other company which the Company may promote or be interested in for subscription or purchase, where the Director or his close associate(s) is/are or is/are to be interested as a participant in the underwriting or sub-underwriting of the offer;
- (dd) any contract or arrangement in which the Director or his close associate(s) is/are interested in the same manner as other holders of shares or debentures or other securities of the Company by virtue only of his/their interest in shares or debentures or other securities of the Company; or
- (ee) any proposal or arrangement concerning the adoption, modification or operation of a share option scheme, a pension fund or retirement, death, or disability benefits scheme or other arrangement which relates both to Directors, his close associates and employees of the Company or of any of its subsidiaries and does not provide in respect of any Director, or his close associate(s), as such any privilege or advantage not accorded generally to the class of persons to which such scheme or fund relates.

(c) Proceedings of the Board

The board may meet for the despatch of business, adjourn and otherwise regulate its meetings as it considers appropriate. Questions arising at any meeting shall be determined by a majority of votes. In the case of an equality of votes, the chairman of the meeting shall have an additional or casting vote.

(d) Alterations to constitutional documents and the Company's name

The Articles may be rescinded, altered or amended by the Company in general meeting by special resolution. The Articles state that a special resolution shall be required to alter the provisions of the Memorandum, to amend the Articles or to change the name of the Company.

(e) Meetings of members

(i) Special and ordinary resolutions

A special resolution of the Company must be passed by a majority of not less than three-fourths of the votes cast by such members as, being entitled so to do, vote in person or, in the case of such members as are corporations, by

their duly authorised representatives or, where proxies are allowed, by proxy at a general meeting of which notice has been duly given in accordance with the Articles.

Under the Companies Law, a copy of any special resolution must be forwarded to the Registrar of Companies in the Cayman Islands within fifteen (15) days of being passed.

An ordinary resolution is defined in the Articles to mean a resolution passed by a simple majority of the votes of such members of the Company as, being entitled to do so, vote in person or, in the case of corporations, by their duly authorised representatives or, where proxies are allowed, by proxy at a general meeting of which notice has been duly given in accordance with the Articles.

(ii) Voting rights and right to demand a poll

Subject to any special rights or restrictions as to voting for the time being attached to any shares, at any general meeting on a poll every member present in person or by proxy or, in the case of a member being a corporation, by its duly authorised representative shall have one vote for every fully paid share of which he is the holder but so that no amount paid up or credited as paid up on a share in advance of calls or installments is treated for the foregoing purposes as paid up on the share. A member entitled to more than one vote need not use all his votes or cast all the votes he uses in the same way.

At any general meeting a resolution put to the vote of the meeting is to be decided by way of a poll save that the chairman of the meeting may in good faith, allow a resolution which relates purely to a procedural or administrative matter to be voted on by a show of hands in which case every member present in person (or being a corporation, is present by a duly authorised representative), or by proxy(ies) shall have one vote provided that where more than one proxy is appointed by a member which is a clearing house (or its nominee(s)), each such proxy shall have one vote on a show of hands.

If a recognised clearing house (or its nominee(s)) is a member of the Company it may authorise such person or persons as it thinks fit to act as its representative(s) at any meeting of the Company or at any meeting of any class of members of the Company provided that, if more than one person is so authorised, the authorisation shall specify the number and class of shares in respect of which each such person is so authorised. A person authorised pursuant to this provision shall be deemed to have been duly authorised without further evidence of the facts and be entitled to exercise the same powers on behalf of the recognised clearing house (or its nominee(s)) as if such person was the registered holder of the shares of the Company held by that clearing house (or its nominee(s)) including, where a show of hands is allowed, the right to vote individually on a show of hands.

Where the Company has any knowledge that any shareholder is, under the rules of the Stock Exchange, required to abstain from voting on any particular resolution of the Company or restricted to voting only for or only against any particular resolution of the Company, any votes cast by or on behalf of such shareholder in contravention of such requirement or restriction shall not be counted.

(iii) Annual general meetings and general meetings requisitioned by shareholders

The Company must hold an annual general meeting of the Company every year within a period of not more than fifteen (15) months after the holding of the last preceding annual general meeting or a period of not more than eighteen (18) months from the date of adoption of the Articles, unless a longer period would not infringe the rules of the Stock Exchange.

Extraordinary general meetings may be convened on the requisition of one or more shareholders holding, at the date of deposit of the requisition, not less than one-tenth of the paid up capital of the Company having the right of voting at general meetings. Such requisition shall be made in writing to the board or the secretary for the purpose of requiring an extraordinary general meeting to be called by the board for the transaction of any business specified in such requisition. Such meeting shall be held within 2 months after the deposit of such requisition. If within 21 days of such deposit, the board fails to proceed to convene such meeting, the requisitionist(s) himself/herself (themselves) may do so in the same manner, and all reasonable expenses incurred by the requisitionist(s) as a result of the failure of the board shall be reimbursed to the requisitionist(s) by the Company.

(iv) Notices of meetings and business to be conducted

An annual general meeting must be called by notice of not less than twenty-one (21) clear days and not less than twenty (20) clear business days. All other general meetings must be called by notice of at least fourteen (14) clear days and not less than ten (10) clear business days. The notice is exclusive of the day on which it is served or deemed to be served and of the day for which it is given, and must specify the time and place of the meeting and particulars of resolutions to be considered at the meeting and, in the case of special business, the general nature of that business.

In addition, notice of every general meeting must be given to all members of the Company other than to such members as, under the provisions of the Articles or the terms of issue of the shares they hold, are not entitled to receive such notices from the Company, and also to, among others, the auditors for the time being of the Company.

Any notice to be given to or by any person pursuant to the Articles may be served on or delivered to any member of the Company personally, by post to such member's registered address or by advertisement in newspapers in accordance with the requirements of the Stock Exchange. Subject to compliance with Cayman Islands law and the rules of the Stock Exchange, notice may also be served or delivered by the Company to any member by electronic means.

All business that is transacted at an extraordinary general meeting and at an annual general meeting is deemed special, save that in the case of an annual general meeting, each of the following business is deemed an ordinary business:

- (aa) the declaration and sanctioning of dividends;
 - (bb) the consideration and adoption of the accounts and balance sheet and the reports of the directors and the auditors;
 - (cc) the election of directors in place of those retiring;
 - (dd) the appointment of auditors and other officers;
 - (ee) the fixing of the remuneration of the directors and of the auditors;
 - (ff) the granting of any mandate or authority to the directors to offer, allot, grant options over or otherwise dispose of the unissued shares of the Company representing not more than twenty per cent (20%) in nominal value of its existing issued share capital; and
 - (gg) the granting of any mandate or authority to the directors to repurchase securities of the Company.
- (v) *Quorum for meetings and separate class meetings*

No business shall be transacted at any general meeting unless a quorum is present when the meeting proceeds to business, but the absence of a quorum shall not preclude the appointment of a chairman.

The quorum for a general meeting shall be two members present in person (or, in the case of a member being a corporation, by its duly authorised representative) or by proxy and entitled to vote. In respect of a separate class meeting (other than an adjourned meeting) convened to sanction the modification of class rights the necessary quorum shall be two persons holding or representing by proxy not less than one-third in nominal value of the issued shares of that class.

(vi) Proxies

Any member of the Company entitled to attend and vote at a meeting of the Company is entitled to appoint another person as his proxy to attend and vote instead of him. A member who is the holder of two or more shares may appoint more than one proxy to represent him and vote on his behalf at a general meeting of the Company or at a class meeting. A proxy need not be a member of the Company and is entitled to exercise the same powers on behalf of a member who is an individual and for whom he acts as proxy as such member could exercise. In addition, a proxy is entitled to exercise the same powers on behalf of a member which is a corporation and for which he acts as proxy as such member could exercise if it were an individual member. Votes may be given either personally (or, in the case of a member being a corporation, by its duly authorised representative) or by proxy.

(f) Accounts and audit

The board shall cause true accounts to be kept of the sums of money received and expended by the Company, and the matters in respect of which such receipt and expenditure take place, and of the property, assets, credits and liabilities of the Company and of all other matters required by the Companies Law or necessary to give a true and fair view of the Company's affairs and to explain its transactions.

The accounting records must be kept at the registered office or at such other place or places as the board decides and shall always be open to inspection by any Director. No member (other than a Director) shall have any right to inspect any accounting record or book or document of the Company except as conferred by law or authorised by the board or the Company in general meeting. However, an exempted company must make available at its registered office in electronic form or any other medium, copies of its books of account or parts thereof as may be required of it upon service of an order or notice by the Tax Information Authority pursuant to the Tax Information Authority Law of the Cayman Islands.

A copy of every balance sheet and profit and loss account (including every document required by law to be annexed thereto) which is to be laid before the Company at its general meeting, together with a printed copy of the Directors' report and a copy of the auditors' report, shall not less than twenty-one (21) days before the date of the meeting and at the same time as the notice of annual general meeting be sent to every person entitled to receive notices of general meetings of the Company under the provisions of the Articles; however, subject to compliance with all applicable laws, including the rules of the Stock Exchange, the Company may send to such persons summarised financial statements derived from the Company's annual accounts and the directors' report instead provided that any such person may by notice in writing served on the Company, demand that the Company sends to him, in addition to summarised financial statements, a complete printed copy of the Company's annual financial statement and the directors' report thereon.

At the annual general meeting or at a subsequent extraordinary general meeting in each year, the members shall appoint an auditor to audit the accounts of the Company and such auditor shall hold office until the next annual general meeting. Moreover, the members may, at any general meeting, by special resolution remove the auditor at any time before the expiration of his terms of office and shall by ordinary resolution at that meeting appoint another auditor for the remainder of his term. The remuneration of the auditors shall be fixed by the Company in general meeting or in such manner as the members may determine.

The financial statements of the Company shall be audited by the auditor in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards which may be those of a country or jurisdiction other than the Cayman Islands. The auditor shall make a written report thereon in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and the report of the auditor must be submitted to the members in general meeting.

(g) Dividends and other methods of distribution

The Company in general meeting may declare dividends in any currency to be paid to the members but no dividend shall be declared in excess of the amount recommended by the board.

The Articles provide dividends may be declared and paid out of the profits of the Company, realised or unrealised, or from any reserve set aside from profits which the directors determine is no longer needed. With the sanction of an ordinary resolution dividends may also be declared and paid out of share premium account or any other fund or account which can be authorised for this purpose in accordance with the Companies Law.

Except in so far as the rights attaching to, or the terms of issue of, any share may otherwise provide, (i) all dividends shall be declared and paid according to the amounts paid up on the shares in respect whereof the dividend is paid but no amount paid up on a share in advance of calls shall for this purpose be treated as paid up on the share and (ii) all dividends shall be apportioned and paid pro rata according to the amount paid up on the shares during any portion or portions of the period in respect of which the dividend is paid. The Directors may deduct from any dividend or other monies payable to any member or in respect of any shares all sums of money (if any) presently payable by him to the Company on account of calls or otherwise.

Whenever the board or the Company in general meeting has resolved that a dividend be paid or declared on the share capital of the Company, the board may further resolve either (a) that such dividend be satisfied wholly or in part in the form of an allotment of shares credited as fully paid up, provided that the shareholders entitled thereto will be entitled to elect to receive such dividend (or part thereof) in cash in lieu of such allotment, or (b) that shareholders entitled to such dividend will be entitled to elect to receive an allotment of shares credited as fully paid up in lieu of the whole or such part of the dividend as the board may think fit.

The Company may also upon the recommendation of the board by an ordinary resolution resolve in respect of any one particular dividend of the Company that it may be satisfied wholly in the form of an allotment of shares credited as fully paid up without offering any right to shareholders to elect to receive such dividend in cash in lieu of such allotment.

Any dividend, interest or other sum payable in cash to the holder of shares may be paid by cheque or warrant sent through the post addressed to the holder at his registered address, or in the case of joint holders, addressed to the holder whose name stands first in the register of the Company in respect of the shares at his address as appearing in the register or addressed to such person and at such addresses as the holder or joint holders may in writing direct. Every such cheque or warrant shall, unless the holder or joint holders otherwise direct, be made payable to the order of the holder or, in the case of joint holders, to the order of the holder whose name stands first on the register in respect of such shares, and shall be sent at his or their risk and payment of the cheque or warrant by the bank on which it is drawn shall constitute a good discharge to the Company. Any one of two or more joint holders may give effectual receipts for any dividends or other moneys payable or property distributable in respect of the shares held by such joint holders.

Whenever the board or the Company in general meeting has resolved that a dividend be paid or declared the board may further resolve that such dividend be satisfied wholly or in part by the distribution of specific assets of any kind.

All dividends or bonuses unclaimed for one year after having been declared may be invested or otherwise made use of by the board for the benefit of the Company until claimed and the Company shall not be constituted a trustee in respect thereof. All dividends or bonuses unclaimed for six years after having been declared may be forfeited by the board and shall revert to the Company.

No dividend or other monies payable by the Company on or in respect of any share shall bear interest against the Company.

(h) Inspection of corporate records

Pursuant to the Articles, the register and branch register of members shall be open to inspection for at least two (2) hours during business hours by members without charge, or by any other person upon a maximum payment of HK\$2.50 or such lesser sum specified by the board, at the registered office or such other place at which the register is kept in accordance with the Companies Law or, upon a maximum payment of HK\$1.00 or such lesser sum specified by the board, at the office where the branch register of members is kept, unless the register is closed in accordance with the Articles.

(i) Rights of minorities in relation to fraud or oppression

There are no provisions in the Articles relating to rights of minority shareholders in relation to fraud or oppression. However, certain remedies are available to shareholders of the Company under Cayman Islands law, as summarised in paragraph 3(f) of this Appendix.

(j) Procedures on liquidation

A resolution that the Company be wound up by the court or be wound up voluntarily shall be a special resolution.

Subject to any special rights, privileges or restrictions as to the distribution of available surplus assets on liquidation for the time being attached to any class or classes of shares:

- (i) if the Company is wound up and the assets available for distribution amongst the members of the Company shall be more than sufficient to repay the whole of the capital paid up at the commencement of the winding up, the excess shall be distributed *pari passu* amongst such members in proportion to the amount paid up on the shares held by them respectively; and
- (ii) if the Company is wound up and the assets available for distribution amongst the members as such shall be insufficient to repay the whole of the paid-up capital, such assets shall be distributed so that, as nearly as may be, the losses shall be borne by the members in proportion to the capital paid up, or which ought to have been paid up, at the commencement of the winding up on the shares held by them respectively.

If the Company is wound up (whether the liquidation is voluntary or by the court) the liquidator may, with the authority of a special resolution and any other sanction required by the Companies Law divide among the members in specie or kind the whole or any part of the assets of the Company whether the assets shall consist of property of one kind or shall consist of properties of different kinds and the liquidator may, for such purpose, set such value as he deems fair upon any one or more class or classes of property to be divided as aforesaid and may determine how such division shall be carried out as between the members or different classes of members. The liquidator may, with the like authority, vest any part of the assets in trustees upon such trusts for the benefit of members as the liquidator, with the like authority, shall think fit, but so that no contributory shall be compelled to accept any shares or other property in respect of which there is a liability.

(k) Subscription rights reserve

The Articles provide that to the extent that it is not prohibited by and is in compliance with the Companies Law, if warrants to subscribe for shares have been issued by the Company and the Company does any act or engages in any transaction which would result in the subscription price of such warrants being reduced below the par value of a share, a subscription rights reserve shall be established and applied in paying up the difference between the subscription price and the par value of a share on any exercise of the warrants.

3. CAYMAN ISLANDS COMPANY LAW

The Company is incorporated in the Cayman Islands subject to the Companies Law and, therefore, operates subject to Cayman Islands law. Set out below is a summary of certain provisions of Cayman company law, although this does not purport to contain all applicable qualifications and exceptions or to be a complete review of all matters of Cayman company law and taxation, which may differ from equivalent provisions in jurisdictions with which interested parties may be more familiar:

(a) Company operations

As an exempted company, the Company's operations must be conducted mainly outside the Cayman Islands. The Company is required to file an annual return each year with the Registrar of Companies of the Cayman Islands and pay a fee which is based on the amount of its authorised share capital.

(b) Share capital

The Companies Law provides that where a company issues shares at a premium, whether for cash or otherwise, a sum equal to the aggregate amount of the value of the premiums on those shares shall be transferred to an account, to be called the "share premium account". At the option of a company, these provisions may not apply to premiums on shares of that company allotted pursuant to any arrangement in consideration of the acquisition or cancellation of shares in any other company and issued at a premium.

The Companies Law provides that the share premium account may be applied by the company subject to the provisions, if any, of its memorandum and articles of association in (a) paying distributions or dividends to members; (b) paying up unissued shares of the company to be issued to members as fully paid bonus shares; (c) the redemption and repurchase of shares (subject to the provisions of Section 37 of the Companies Law); (d) writing-off the preliminary expenses of the company; and (e) writing-off the expenses of, or the commission paid or discount allowed on, any issue of shares or debentures of the company.

No distribution or dividend may be paid to members out of the share premium account unless immediately following the date on which the distribution or dividend is proposed to be paid, the company will be able to pay its debts as they fall due in the ordinary course of business.

The Companies Law provides that, subject to confirmation by the Grand Court of the Cayman Islands (the "Court"), a company limited by shares or a company limited by guarantee and having a share capital may, if so authorised by its articles of association, by special resolution reduce its share capital in any way.

(c) Financial assistance to purchase shares of a company or its holding company

There is no statutory restriction in the Cayman Islands on the provision of financial assistance by a company to another person for the purchase of, or subscription for, its own or its holding company's shares. Accordingly, a company may provide financial assistance if the directors of the company consider, in discharging their duties of care and acting in good faith, for a proper purpose and in the interests of the company, that such assistance can properly be given. Such assistance should be on an arm's-length basis.

(d) Purchase of shares and warrants by a company and its subsidiaries

A company limited by shares or a company limited by guarantee and having a share capital may, if so authorised by its articles of association, issue shares which are to be redeemed or are liable to be redeemed at the option of the company or a shareholder and the Companies Law expressly provides that it shall be lawful for the rights attaching to any shares to be varied, subject to the provisions of the company's articles of association, so as to provide that such shares are to be or are liable to be so redeemed. In addition, such a company may, if authorised to do so by its articles of association, purchase its own shares, including any redeemable shares. However, if the articles of association do not authorise the manner and terms of purchase, a company cannot purchase any of its own shares unless the manner and terms of purchase have first been authorised by an ordinary resolution of the company. At no time may a company redeem or purchase its shares unless they are fully paid. A company may not redeem or purchase any of its shares if, as a result of the redemption or purchase, there would no longer be any issued shares of the company other than shares held as treasury shares. A payment out of capital by a company for the redemption or purchase of its own shares is not lawful unless immediately following the date on which the payment is proposed to be made, the company shall be able to pay its debts as they fall due in the ordinary course of business.

Shares purchased by a company is to be treated as cancelled unless, subject to the memorandum and articles of association of the company, the directors of the company resolve to hold such shares in the name of the company as treasury shares prior to the purchase. Where shares of a company are held as treasury shares, the

company shall be entered in the register of members as holding those shares, however, notwithstanding the foregoing, the company is not be treated as a member for any purpose and must not exercise any right in respect of the treasury shares, and any purported exercise of such a right shall be void, and a treasury share must not be voted, directly or indirectly, at any meeting of the company and must not be counted in determining the total number of issued shares at any given time, whether for the purposes of the company's articles of association or the Companies Law.

A company is not prohibited from purchasing and may purchase its own warrants subject to and in accordance with the terms and conditions of the relevant warrant instrument or certificate. There is no requirement under Cayman Islands law that a company's memorandum or articles of association contain a specific provision enabling such purchases and the directors of a company may rely upon the general power contained in its memorandum of association to buy and sell and deal in personal property of all kinds.

Under Cayman Islands law, a subsidiary may hold shares in its holding company and, in certain circumstances, may acquire such shares.

(e) Dividends and distributions

The Companies Law permits, subject to a solvency test and the provisions, if any, of the company's memorandum and articles of association, the payment of dividends and distributions out of the share premium account. With the exception of the foregoing, there are no statutory provisions relating to the payment of dividends. Based upon English case law, which is regarded as persuasive in the Cayman Islands, dividends may be paid only out of profits.

No dividend may be declared or paid, and no other distribution (whether in cash or otherwise) of the company's assets (including any distribution of assets to members on a winding up) may be made to the company, in respect of a treasury share.

(f) Protection of minorities and shareholders' suits

The Courts ordinarily would be expected to follow English case law precedents which permit a minority shareholder to commence a representative action against or derivative actions in the name of the company to challenge (a) an act which is ultra vires the company or illegal, (b) an act which constitutes a fraud against the minority and the wrongdoers are themselves in control of the company, and (c) an irregularity in the passing of a resolution which requires a qualified (or special) majority.

In the case of a company (not being a bank) having a share capital divided into shares, the Court may, on the application of members holding not less than one fifth of the shares of the company in issue, appoint an inspector to examine into the affairs of the company and to report thereon in such manner as the Court shall direct.

Any shareholder of a company may petition the Court which may make a winding up order if the Court is of the opinion that it is just and equitable that the company should be wound up or, as an alternative to a winding up order, (a) an order regulating the conduct of the company's affairs in the future, (b) an order requiring the company to refrain from doing or continuing an act complained of by the shareholder petitioner or to do an act which the shareholder petitioner has complained it has omitted to do, (c) an order authorising civil proceedings to be brought in the name and on behalf of the company by the shareholder petitioner on such terms as the Court may direct, or (d) an order providing for the purchase of the shares of any shareholders of the company by other shareholders or by the company itself and, in the case of a purchase by the company itself, a reduction of the company's capital accordingly.

Generally claims against a company by its shareholders must be based on the general laws of contract or tort applicable in the Cayman Islands or their individual rights as shareholders as established by the company's memorandum and articles of association.

(g) Disposal of assets

The Companies Law contains no specific restrictions on the power of directors to dispose of assets of a company. However, as a matter of general law, every officer of a company, which includes a director, managing director and secretary, in exercising his powers and discharging his duties must do so honestly and in good faith with a view to the best interests of the company and exercise the care, diligence and skill that a reasonably prudent person would exercise in comparable circumstances.

(h) Accounting and auditing requirements

A company must cause proper books of account to be kept with respect to (i) all sums of money received and expended by the company and the matters in respect of which the receipt and expenditure takes place; (ii) all sales and purchases of goods by the company; and (iii) the assets and liabilities of the company.

Proper books of account shall not be deemed to be kept if there are not kept such books as are necessary to give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs and to explain its transactions.

An exempted company must make available at its registered office in electronic form or any other medium, copies of its books of account or parts thereof as may be required of it upon service of an order or notice by the Tax Information Authority pursuant to the Tax Information Authority Law of the Cayman Islands.

(i) Exchange control

There are no exchange control regulations or currency restrictions in the Cayman Islands.

(j) Taxation

Pursuant to the Tax Concessions Law of the Cayman Islands, the Company has obtained an undertaking:

- (1) that no law which is enacted in the Cayman Islands imposing any tax to be levied on profits, income, gains or appreciation shall apply to the Company or its operations; and
- (2) that the aforesaid tax or any tax in the nature of estate duty or inheritance tax shall not be payable on or in respect of the shares, debentures or other obligations of the Company.

The undertaking for the Company is for a period of twenty years from 5 December 2017.

The Cayman Islands currently levy no taxes on individuals or corporations based upon profits, income, gains or appreciations and there is no taxation in the nature of inheritance tax or estate duty. There are no other taxes likely to be material to the Company levied by the Government of the Cayman Islands save for certain stamp duties which may be applicable, from time to time, on certain instruments executed in or brought within the jurisdiction of the Cayman Islands. The Cayman Islands are a party to a double tax treaty entered into with the United Kingdom in 2010 but otherwise is not party to any double tax treaties.

(k) Stamp duty on transfers

No stamp duty is payable in the Cayman Islands on transfers of shares of Cayman Islands companies except those which hold interests in land in the Cayman Islands.

(l) Loans to directors

There is no express provision in the Companies Law prohibiting the making of loans by a company to any of its directors.

(m) Inspection of corporate records

Members of the Company have no general right under the Companies Law to inspect or obtain copies of the register of members or corporate records of the Company. They will, however, have such rights as may be set out in the Company's Articles.

(n) Register of members

An exempted company may maintain its principal register of members and any branch registers at such locations, whether within or without the Cayman Islands, as the directors may, from time to time, think fit. A branch register must be kept in the same manner in which a principal register is by the Companies Law required or permitted to be kept. The company shall cause to be kept at the place where the company's principal register is kept a duplicate of any branch register duly entered up from time to time.

There is no requirement under the Companies Law for an exempted company to make any returns of members to the Registrar of Companies of the Cayman Islands. The names and addresses of the members are, accordingly, not a matter of public record and are not available for public inspection. However, an exempted company shall make available at its registered office, in electronic form or any other medium, such register of members, including any branch register of members, as may be required of it upon service of an order or notice by the Tax Information Authority pursuant to the Tax Information Authority Law of the Cayman Islands.

(o) Register of Directors and Officers

The Company is required to maintain at its registered office a register of directors and officers which is not available for inspection by the public. A copy of such register must be filed with the Registrar of Companies in the Cayman Islands and any change must be notified to the Registrar within sixty (60) days of any change in such directors or officers.

(p) Beneficial Ownership Register

An exempted company is required to maintain a beneficial ownership register at its registered office that records details of the persons who ultimately own or control, directly or indirectly, more than 25% of the equity interests or voting rights of the company or have rights to appoint or remove a majority of the directors of the company. The beneficial ownership register is not a public document and is only accessible by a designated competent authority of the Cayman Islands. Such requirement does not, however, apply to an exempted company with its shares listed on an approved stock exchange, which includes the Stock Exchange. Accordingly, for so long as the shares of the Company are listed on the Stock Exchange, the Company is not required to maintain a beneficial ownership register.

(q) Winding up

A company may be wound up (a) compulsorily by order of the Court, (b) voluntarily, or (c) under the supervision of the Court.

The Court has authority to order winding up in a number of specified circumstances including where the members of the company have passed a special resolution requiring the company to be wound up by the Court, or where the company is unable to pay its debts, or where it is, in the opinion of the Court, just and equitable to do so. Where a petition is presented by members of the company as contributories on the ground that it is just and equitable that the company should be wound up, the Court has the jurisdiction to make certain other orders as an alternative to a winding-up order, such as making an order regulating the conduct of the company's affairs in the future, making an order authorising civil proceedings to be brought in the name and on behalf of the company by the petitioner on such terms as the Court may direct, or making an order providing for the purchase of the shares of any of the members of the company by other members or by the company itself.

A company (save with respect to a limited duration company) may be wound up voluntarily when the company so resolves by special resolution or when the company in general meeting resolves by ordinary resolution that it be wound up voluntarily because it is unable to pay its debts as they fall due. In the case of a voluntary winding up, such company is obliged to cease to carry on its business (except so far as it may be beneficial for its winding up) from the time of passing the resolution for voluntary winding up or upon the expiry of the period or the occurrence of the event referred to above.

For the purpose of conducting the proceedings in winding up a company and assisting the Court therein, there may be appointed an official liquidator or official liquidators; and the court may appoint to such office such person, either provisionally or otherwise, as it thinks fit, and if more persons than one are appointed to such office, the Court must declare whether any act required or authorised to be done by the official liquidator is to be done by all or any one or more of such persons. The Court may also determine whether any and what security is to be given by an official liquidator on his appointment; if no official liquidator is appointed, or during any vacancy in such office, all the property of the company shall be in the custody of the Court.

As soon as the affairs of the company are fully wound up, the liquidator must make a report and an account of the winding up, showing how the winding up has been conducted and how the property of the company has been disposed of, and thereupon call a general meeting of the company for the purposes of laying before it the account and giving an explanation thereof. This final general meeting must be called by at least 21 days' notice to each contributory in any manner authorised by the company's articles of association and published in the Gazette.

(r) Reconstructions

There are statutory provisions which facilitate reconstructions and amalgamations approved by a majority in number representing seventy-five per cent. (75%) in value of shareholders or class of shareholders or creditors, as the case may be, as are present at a meeting called for such purpose and thereafter sanctioned by the Court. Whilst a dissenting shareholder would have the right to express to the Court his view that the transaction for which approval is sought would not provide the shareholders with a fair value for their shares, the Court is unlikely to disapprove the transaction on that ground alone in the absence of evidence of fraud or bad faith on behalf of management.

(s) Take-overs

Where an offer is made by a company for the shares of another company and, within four (4) months of the offer, the holders of not less than ninety per cent. (90%) of the shares which are the subject of the offer accept, the offeror may at any time within two (2) months after the expiration of the said four (4) months, by notice in the prescribed manner require the dissenting shareholders to transfer their shares on the terms of the offer. A dissenting shareholder may apply to the Court within one (1) month of the notice objecting to the transfer. The burden is on the dissenting shareholder to show that the Court should exercise its discretion, which it will be unlikely to do unless there is evidence of fraud or bad faith or collusion as between the offeror and the holders of the shares who have accepted the offer as a means of unfairly forcing out minority shareholders.

(t) Indemnification

Cayman Islands law does not limit the extent to which a company's articles of association may provide for indemnification of officers and directors, except to the extent any such provision may be held by the Court to be contrary to public policy (e.g. for purporting to provide indemnification against the consequences of committing a crime).

4. GENERAL

Conyers Dill & Pearman, the Company's special legal counsel on Cayman Islands law, have sent to the Company a letter of advice summarising certain aspects of Cayman Islands company law. This letter, together with a copy of the Companies Law, is available for inspection as referred to in the paragraph headed "Documents available for inspection" in Appendix V to this prospectus. Any person wishing to have a detailed summary of Cayman Islands company law or advice on the differences between it and the laws of any jurisdiction with which he is more familiar is recommended to seek independent legal advice.

A. FURTHER INFORMATION ABOUT OUR COMPANY**1. Incorporation of our Company**

Our Company was incorporated in the Cayman Islands under the Companies Law as an exempted company with limited liability on 1 November 2017. Our Company's registered office is at the offices of Conyers Trust Company (Cayman) Limited, Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive, PO Box 2681, Grand Cayman, KY1-1111, Cayman Islands. Our Company has established its principal place of business in Hong Kong at Units 2601-3, Tai Tung Building, 8 Fleming Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong, and has been registered with the Registrar of Companies in Hong Kong as a non-Hong Kong company under Part 16 of the Companies Ordinance on 1 December 2017. In connection with such registration, Mr. Lau and Mr. Choi have been appointed as the authorised representatives of our Company for the acceptance of service of process and notices on behalf of our Company in Hong Kong.

As our Company is incorporated in the Cayman Islands, it operates subject to the laws of the Cayman Islands and its constitution comprises the Memorandum and the Articles. A summary of various provisions of our Company's constitution and certain relevant aspects of the Companies Law is set out in Appendix III to this prospectus.

2. Changes in the share capital of our Company

- (a) The authorised share capital of our Company as of the date of its incorporation was HK\$380,000 divided into 38,000,000 Shares of HK\$0.01 each, of which one nil-paid Share was allotted and issued to the initial subscriber on the date of incorporation and was transferred to Mr. Choi on the same day at nil consideration.
- (b) On 29 November 2017, Mr. Choi transferred his one nil-paid Share at par to Beyond Delta.
- (c) On 29 November 2017, our Company allotted and issued, credited as fully paid, (i) 3,450 Shares to Oasis Green; (ii) 800 Shares to Jolly Ocean; (iii) 450 Shares to Dense Jungle; and (iv) 299 Shares to Beyond Delta.
- (d) On 3 August 2018, our Company acquired from (i) Pacific Asset, its 6,900 shares; (ii) Santo Global, its 1,600 shares; (iii) Mr. Ng, his 900 shares and (iv) Mr. Choi, his 600 shares in DLS Capital, being the entire issued share capital thereof, in consideration of which, our Company allotted and issued, credited as fully paid, (i) 3,450 Shares to Oasis Green, at the direction of Pacific Asset; (ii) 800 Shares to Jolly Ocean, at the direction of Santo Global; (iii) 450 Shares to Dense Jungle, at the direction of Mr. Ng; and (iv) 300 Shares to Beyond Delta, at the direction of Mr. Choi, and credited the one nil-paid incorporation Share registered in the name of Beyond Delta as fully paid.

- (e) Pursuant to the written resolutions of our Shareholders passed on 30 July 2018, the authorised share capital of our Company was increased from HK\$380,000 divided into 38,000,000 Shares of HK\$0.01 each to HK\$50,000,000 divided into 5,000,000,000 Shares of HK\$0.01 each by the creation of an additional 4,962,000,000 Shares.
- (f) Pursuant to the Capitalisation Issue, our Company will allot and issue 599,990,000 Shares, to be held as to (i) 413,993,100 Shares by Oasis Green; (ii) 95,998,400 Shares by Jolly Ocean; (iii) 53,999,100 Shares by Dense Jungle; and (iv) 35,999,400 Shares by Beyond Delta.
- (g) Immediately following completion of the Share Offer and the Capitalisation Issue, the authorised share capital of our Company will be HK\$50,000,000 divided into 5,000,000,000 Shares of HK\$0.01 each and the issued share capital of our Company will be HK\$8,000,000 divided into 800,000,000 Shares of HK\$0.01 each, all fully paid or credited as fully paid and 4,200,000,000 Shares will remain unissued.
- (h) Save as aforesaid and as mentioned in the paragraph headed “A. Further information about our Company — 3. Written resolutions of our Shareholders passed on 30 July 2018” in this appendix, there has been no alteration in the share capital of our Company since incorporation.
- (i) Save as disclosed in this prospectus, our Directors do not have any present intention to issue any part of the authorised but unissued share capital of our Company and, without prior approval of the Shareholders at general meeting, no issue of Shares will be made which would effectively alter the control of our Company.

3. Written resolutions of our Shareholders passed on 30 July 2018

On 30 July 2018, written resolutions of the Shareholders were passed pursuant to which, among others:

- (a) the authorised share capital of our Company was increased from HK\$380,000 divided into 38,000,000 Shares of HK\$0.01 each to HK\$50,000,000 divided into 5,000,000,000 Shares of HK\$0.01 each by the creation of an additional 4,962,000,000 Shares ranking *pari passu* with each other in all respects;
- (b) our Company approved and adopted the Memorandum with immediate effect and the Articles with effect from the Listing Date;
- (c) conditional on (A) the Stock Exchange granting the listing of, and permission to deal in, the Shares in issue and the Shares to be issued as mentioned herein (including any Shares which may be issued pursuant to the Share Offer, the Capitalisation Issue or the exercise of any options

which may be granted under the Share Option Scheme) and (B) the obligations of the Underwriters under the Underwriting Agreements becoming unconditional and not being terminated in accordance with the terms of the Underwriting Agreements or otherwise, in each case on or before the date determined in accordance with the terms of the Underwriting Agreements (unless and to the extent such conditions are validly waived on or before such dates and times) and, in any event, not later than the date which is 30 days after the date of this prospectus:

- (i) the Share Offer was approved and our Directors were authorised to allot and issue the Offer Shares pursuant thereto upon the terms and conditions as set out in this prospectus and the Application Forms; and
 - (ii) the rules of the Share Option Scheme, the principal terms of which are set out in the paragraph headed "D. Share Option Scheme" in this appendix, were approved and adopted and the Directors were authorised to approve any amendments to the rules of the Share Option Scheme as may be acceptable or not objected to by the Stock Exchange, and at their absolute discretion to grant options to subscribe for Shares thereunder and to allot, issue and deal with Shares upon the exercise of options which may be granted under the Share Option Scheme and to take all such steps as may be necessary, desirable or expedient to carry into effect the Share Option Scheme;
- (d) conditional upon the share premium amount of our Company being credited as a result of the Share Offer, our Directors were authorised to capitalise the amount of HK\$5,999,900 from the amount standing to the credit of the share premium account of our Company and applying such sum to pay up in full at par 599,990,000 Shares for allotment and issue to our Shareholders whose name appeared on the register of members of our Company at the close of business on 3 August 2018 and so that the Shares to be allotted and issued pursuant to this resolution shall rank *pari passu* in all respects with the existing Shares in issue and the Directors be authorised to give effect to such capitalisation and distribution;
- (e) a general unconditional mandate was given to our Directors to allot, issue and deal with (otherwise than by way of a rights issue or any scrip dividend schemes or similar arrangements in accordance with the Articles or the Share Offer or the Capitalisation Issue, or an issue of Shares upon the exercise of any options which may be granted under the Share Option Scheme) Shares not exceeding 20% of the total number of Shares in issue immediately following completion of the Share Offer and the Capitalisation Issue (excluding Shares which may be issued pursuant to the exercise of any options that may be granted under the Share Option Scheme), until the conclusion of the next annual general

meeting of our Company, or the date by which the next annual general meeting of our Company is required by the Articles or any laws applicable to our Company to be held, or the passing of an ordinary resolution by our Shareholders revoking or varying the authority given to our Directors, whichever occurs first, PROVIDED that if any subsequent consolidation or subdivision of Shares is effected, the maximum amount of Shares that may be issued pursuant to the approval in paragraph (e) of this resolution as a percentage of the total number of issued Shares at the date immediately before and after such consolidation or subdivision shall be the same and such maximum number of Shares shall be adjusted accordingly;

- (f) a general unconditional mandate was given to our Directors to exercise all powers of our Company to repurchase Shares not exceeding 10% of the total number of Shares in issue immediately following completion of the Share Offer and the Capitalisation Issue (excluding Shares which may be issued pursuant to the exercise of any options that may be granted under the Share Option Scheme), until the conclusion of the next annual general meeting of our Company, or the date by which the next annual general meeting of our Company is required by the Articles or any laws applicable to our Company to be held, or the passing of an ordinary resolution by our Shareholders revoking or varying the authority given to our Directors, whichever occurs first, PROVIDED that if any subsequent consolidation or subdivision of Shares is effected, the maximum amount of Shares that may be repurchased pursuant to the approval in paragraph (f) of this resolution as a percentage of the total number of issued Shares at the date immediately before and after such consolidation or subdivision shall be the same and such maximum number of Shares shall be adjusted accordingly; and
- (g) the general unconditional mandate mentioned in paragraph (e) above was extended by the addition to the total number of Shares which may be allotted, issued, or dealt with by our Directors pursuant to or in accordance with such general mandate of an amount representing the total number of Shares repurchased by our Company pursuant to or in accordance with the mandate to repurchase Shares referred to in paragraph (f) above.

4. Corporate reorganisation

The companies comprising our Group underwent the Reorganisation in preparation for the listing of our Shares on the Stock Exchange. For information relating to the Reorganisation, please refer to the section headed "History, Reorganisation and corporate structure" in this prospectus.

5. Changes in the share capital of subsidiaries of our Company

Our Company's subsidiaries are referred to in the Accountants' Report in this prospectus. Save for the subsidiaries mentioned in the Accountants' Report and in the section headed "History, Reorganisation and corporate structure" of this prospectus, our Company has no other subsidiaries.

Save for the alterations disclosed in the section headed "History, Reorganisation and corporate structure" in this prospectus, there were no other alteration in the authorised or issued share capital of our subsidiaries which took place within two years immediately preceding the date of this prospectus.

6. Repurchases by our Company of our own securities

This paragraph contains information required by the Stock Exchange to be included in this prospectus concerning the repurchase by our Company of its own securities.

(a) Provisions of the GEM Listing Rules

The GEM Listing Rules permit companies whose primary listing is on GEM to repurchase their securities on the Stock Exchange subject to certain restrictions, the most important of which are summarised below:

(i) Shareholders' approval

All proposed repurchases of securities (which must be fully paid up in the case of shares) by a company listed on GEM must be approved in advance by an ordinary resolution of the shareholders, either by way of general mandate or by specific approval of a particular transaction.

Note: Pursuant to the written resolutions passed by our Shareholders on 30 July 2018, a general unconditional mandate was given to our Directors authorising any repurchase by our Company of Shares on GEM or on any other stock exchange on which the securities of our Company may be listed and which is recognised by the SFC and the Stock Exchange for this purpose, of up to 10% of the total number of Shares in issue immediately following completion of the Share Offer and the Capitalisation Issue (excluding Shares which may be issued pursuant to the exercise of any options that may be granted under the Share Option Scheme), such mandate to expire at the conclusion of the next annual general meeting of our Company, or the date by which the next annual general meeting of our Company is required by the Articles or applicable laws of the Cayman Islands to be held, or the passing of an ordinary resolution by Shareholders in general meeting revoking or varying the authority given to our Directors, whichever occurs first.

(ii) *Source of funds*

Repurchases must be funded out of funds legally available for the purpose in accordance with a company's constitutive documents and the laws of the jurisdiction in which the company is incorporated or otherwise established. A listed company may not repurchase its own securities on GEM for a consideration other than cash or for settlement otherwise than in accordance with the trading rules of the Stock Exchange from time to time. Under the Cayman Islands laws, any repurchase by our Company may be made out of profits of our Company, out of the share premium account or out of the proceeds of a fresh issue of Shares made for the purpose of the repurchase. Any premium payable on a redemption or purchase over the par value of the Shares to be repurchased must be provided for out of either or both of the profits or the share premium account of our Company. Subject to satisfaction of the solvency test prescribed by the Companies Law, a repurchase may also be made out of capital.

(iii) *Trading restrictions*

Our Company may repurchase up to 10% of the total number of Shares in issue immediately following the completion of the Share Offer and the Capitalisation Issue (excluding Shares which may be issued pursuant to the exercise of any options which may be granted under the Share Option Scheme). Our Company may not issue or announce a proposed issue of the Shares for a period of 30 days immediately following a repurchase of Shares without the prior approval of the Stock Exchange. Our Company is also prohibited from repurchasing the Shares on the Stock Exchange if the repurchase would result in the number of listed Shares which are in the hands of the public falling below the minimum percentage required by the Stock Exchange. The broker appointed by our Company to effect a repurchase of the Shares is required to disclose to the Stock Exchange any information with respect to a share repurchase as the Stock Exchange may require. Our Company shall not repurchase Shares if the purchase price is higher than 5% or more than the average closing market price for the 5 preceding trading days on which the Shares were traded on GEM.

(iv) *Status of repurchased shares*

All repurchased Shares (whether on the Stock Exchange or otherwise) will be cancelled and the certificates for those Shares must be cancelled and destroyed. Under the Cayman Islands law, a company's shares repurchased may be treated as cancelled and the amount of the company's issued share capital shall be reduced by the aggregate nominal value of the shares repurchased accordingly although the authorised share capital of the company will not be reduced.

(v) *Suspension of repurchase*

Repurchase of Shares are prohibited after inside information has come to the knowledge of our Company until such information has been made publicly available. In particular, during the period of one month immediately preceding the earlier of (aa) the date of the Board meeting (as such date is first notified to the Stock Exchange in accordance with the GEM Listing Rules) for the approval of the results of our Company for any year, half-year or quarter-year period or any other interim period (whether or not reported under the GEM Listing Rules); and (bb) the deadline for our Company to announce its results for any year, half-year or quarter-year period under the GEM Listing Rules or any other interim period (whether or not required under the GEM Listing Rules), our Company may not repurchase its securities on GEM unless the circumstances are exceptional. In addition, the Stock Exchange reserves the right to prohibit repurchase of Shares on the Stock Exchange if our Company has breached the GEM Listing Rules.

(vi) *Reporting requirements*

Certain information relating to repurchase of securities on GEM or otherwise must be reported to the Stock Exchange no later than 30 minutes before the earlier of the commencement of the morning trading session or any pre-opening session on the following business day. In addition, our Company's annual report and accounts are required to disclose details regarding repurchases of Shares made during the financial year under review, including the number of Shares repurchased each month (whether on the Stock Exchange or otherwise) and the purchase price per Share or the highest and lowest prices paid for all such repurchases, where relevant, and the aggregate prices paid. The directors' report is also required to contain reference to the repurchases made during the year and the directors' reasons for making such repurchases.

(vii) *Core connected persons*

According to the GEM Listing Rules, a company is prohibited from knowingly repurchasing securities on the Stock Exchange from a "core connected person", that is, a Director, chief executive or substantial shareholder of our Company or any of its subsidiaries or any of their close associates and a core connected person shall not knowingly sell his/her/its securities to our Company on the Stock Exchange.

(b) Reasons for repurchases

Our Directors believe that it is in the best interests of our Company and our Shareholders for our Directors to have general authority from its Shareholders to enable our Company to repurchase Shares in the market. Such repurchases may, depending on market conditions and funding arrangements at the time, lead to an enhancement of the net asset value of our Company and/or earnings per Share and will only be made if our Directors believe that such repurchases will benefit our Company and our Shareholders.

(c) Funding of repurchases

In repurchasing securities, our Company may only apply funds legally available for such purpose in accordance with the Memorandum, the Articles and the applicable laws of the Cayman Islands.

On the basis of the current financial position of our Group as disclosed in this prospectus and taking into account the current working capital position of our Group, our Directors consider that, if the Repurchase Mandate is to be exercised in full, it might have a material adverse effect on the working capital and/or the gearing position of our Group as compared with the position disclosed in this prospectus. However, our Directors do not propose to exercise the Repurchase Mandate to such an extent as would, in the circumstances, have a material adverse effect on the working capital requirements of our Group or the gearing levels which in the opinion of our Directors are from time to time appropriate for our Group.

The exercise in full of the Repurchase Mandate, on the basis of 800,000,000 Shares in issue immediately after the Listing, would result in up to 80,000,000 Shares being repurchased by our Company during the period in which the Repurchase Mandate remains in force.

(d) General

None of our Directors nor, to the best of their knowledge and belief having made all reasonable enquiries, any of their respective close associates currently intends to sell any Shares to our Company or its subsidiaries.

Our Directors have undertaken to the Stock Exchange that, so far as the same may be applicable, they will exercise the Repurchase Mandate in accordance with the GEM Listing Rules and the applicable laws of the Cayman Islands.

No core connected person of our Company has notified our Company that he has a present intention to sell his Shares to our Company, or has undertaken not to do so if the Repurchase Mandate is exercised.

If as a result of any securities repurchase pursuant to the Repurchase Mandate, a Shareholder's proportionate interest in the voting rights of our Company increases, such increase will be treated as an acquisition for the purpose of the Takeovers Code. Accordingly, a Shareholder, or a group of Shareholders acting in concert, depending on the level of increase of the Shareholder's interest, could obtain or consolidate control of our Company and become obliged to make a mandatory offer in accordance with Rule 26 of the Takeovers Code as a result of any such increase. Our Directors are not aware of any other consequences which may arise under the Takeovers Code if the Repurchase Mandate is exercised.

If the Repurchase Mandate is fully exercised immediately following completion of the Share Offer and the Capitalisation Issue (without taking into account of any Shares which may be issued pursuant to the exercise of any options which may be granted under the Share Option Scheme), the total number of Shares which will be repurchased pursuant to the Repurchase Mandate shall be 80,000,000 Shares, being 10% of the issued share capital of our Company based on the aforesaid assumptions. The percentage shareholding of our Controlling Shareholders will be increased to approximately 57.5% of the issued share capital of our Company immediately following the full exercise of the Repurchase Mandate. Any repurchase of Shares which results in the number of Shares held by the public being reduced to less than the prescribed percentage of our Shares then in issue could only be implemented with the approval of the Stock Exchange to waive the GEM Listing Rules requirements regarding the public float under Rule 11.23 of the GEM Listing Rules. However, our Directors have no present intention to exercise the Repurchase Mandate to such an extent that, in the circumstances, there is insufficient public float as prescribed under the GEM Listing Rules.

B. FURTHER INFORMATION ABOUT OUR BUSINESS

1. Summary of material contracts

The following contracts (not being contracts in the ordinary course of business of our Group) have been entered into by us or any members of our Group within two years immediately preceding the date of this prospectus and are or may be material to our business:


- (a) an agreement for sale and purchase dated 31 July 2018 and entered into among Pacific Asset, Santo Global, Mr. Ng, Mr. Choi and DLS Capital, pursuant to which Pacific Asset, Santo Global, Mr. Ng and Mr. Choi have agreed to sell and DLS Capital has agreed to purchase the entire issued share capital of De Riva in consideration of the allotment and issue of (i) 3,450 new shares in DLS Capital to Pacific Asset; (ii) 800 new shares in DLS Capital to Santo Global; (iii) 450 new shares in DLS Capital to Mr. Ng; and (iv) 300 new shares in DLS Capital to Mr. Choi, credited as fully paid;

- (b) an agreement for sale and purchase dated 3 August 2018 and entered into among Pacific Asset, Santo Global, Mr. Ng, Mr. Choi and the Company, pursuant to which Pacific Asset, Santo Global, Mr. Ng and Mr. Choi have agreed to sell and the Company has agreed to purchase the entire issued share capital of DLS Capital in consideration of the allotment and issue of (i) 3,450 new Shares to Pacific Asset; (ii) 800 new Shares to Santo Global; (iii) 450 new Shares to Mr. Ng; and (iv) 300 new Shares to Mr. Choi, or their respective nominees, credited as fully paid, and the crediting as fully paid of the nil-paid incorporation Share registered in the name of Beyond Delta;
- (c) the Deed of Indemnity;
- (d) the Deed of Non-competition; and
- (e) the Public Offer Underwriting Agreement.

2. Intellectual property rights

(a) Trademarks

As at the Latest Practicable Date, our Group was the registered owner of the following trademarks in Hong Kong:

Trademark	Registered owner	Class	Trade Mark No.	Date of Registration	Expiry date
	De Riva	16, 36	304298563	11 October 2017	10 October 2027
					
	De Riva	16, 36	304339620	17 November 2017	16 November 2027
					

(b) Domain Name

As at the Latest Practicable Date, our Group was the registered proprietor of the following domain name:

Domain name	Registered owner	Date of Registration	Expiry date
www.derivaasia.com	De Riva	27 July 2009	27 July 2019

Information contained in the above website does not form part of this prospectus.

Save as disclosed above, there are no other trade or service marks, patents, other intellectual or industrial property rights which are material to the business of our Group.

C. FURTHER INFORMATION ABOUT OUR DIRECTORS AND SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS

1. Directors

(a) Interests and short positions of our Directors and the chief executive of our Company in the Shares, underlying Shares and debentures of our Company and our associated corporations

Immediately following completion of the Share Offer and the Capitalisation Issue (without taking into account any Shares that may be allotted and issued upon the exercise of any options that may be granted under the Share Option Scheme), the interests or short positions of each of our Directors and the chief executive of our Company in the Shares, underlying Shares and debentures of our Company and our associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) which, once the Shares are listed, will have to be notified to our Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests and short positions which he is taken or deemed to have taken under such provisions of the SFO) or which will be required, pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO, to be entered in the register required to be kept therein or which, once the Shares are listed, will be required pursuant to Rules 5.46 to 5.67 of the GEM Listing Rules to be notified to our Company and the Stock Exchange are set out as follows:

(i) *Our Company*

Name of Director	Capacity/ Nature of interest	Number of Shares/ underlying Shares held ⁽¹⁾	Percentage of shareholding
Mr. Yu	Interest of controlled corporation ⁽²⁾	414,000,000(L)	51.75%
Mr. Ng	Interest of controlled corporation ⁽³⁾	54,000,000(L)	6.75%
Mr. Choi	Interest of controlled corporation ⁽⁴⁾	36,000,000(L)	4.50%

(ii) *Associated corporations of our Company*

Name of Director	Name of associated corporation	Capacity/Nature of interest	Number of share(s) held	Percentage of shareholding
Mr. Yu	Pacific Asset ⁽²⁾	Beneficial interest	1(L)	100%
Mr. Yu	Oasis Green ⁽²⁾	Interest of controlled corporation	1(L)	100%

Notes:

1. The letter "L" denotes a long position in the relevant shares.
2. Oasis Green is a company wholly-owned by Pacific Asset which is in turn wholly-owned by Mr. Yu. Accordingly, Mr. Yu is deemed to be interested in all Shares held by Oasis Green through Pacific Asset under Part XV of the SFO.
3. Dense Jungle is a company wholly-owned by Mr. Ng. Accordingly, Mr. Ng is deemed to be interested in all Shares held by Dense Jungle under Part XV of the SFO.
4. Beyond Delta is a company wholly-owned by Mr. Choi. Accordingly, Mr. Choi is deemed to be interested in all Shares held by Beyond Delta under Part XV of the SFO.

(b) Particulars of service contracts and letters of appointment

Each of the executive Directors has entered into a service contract with our Company which will become effective on the Listing Date. The terms and conditions of each of such service contracts are similar in all material respects. The service contracts are initially for a fixed term of three years commencing from the Listing Date and will continue thereafter until terminated by not less than three months' notice in writing served by either party on the other. Each of our Executive Directors is entitled to a basic salary set out below (subject to an annual increment at the discretion of our Directors). The executive Directors are also entitled to a bonus in respect of each financial year of our Company in an amount to be determined by the Board in its absolute discretion. An executive Director is required to abstain from voting and is not counted in the quorum in respect of any resolution of the Directors regarding the amount of the salary and the discretionary bonus payable to him. The annual remuneration payable to the executive Directors under each of the service contracts are as follows:

Name	Amount
Mr. Lau	HK\$120,000
Mr. Choi	HK\$120,000
Mr. Lee	HK\$120,000
Mr. Fung	HK\$120,000
Mr. Ng	HK\$120,000

Each of the non-executive Director and the independent non-executive Directors has entered into a letter of appointment with our Company. The terms and conditions of each of such letters of appointment are similar in all material respects. Each of the non-executive Director and the independent non-executive Directors is appointed for an initial term from their respective date of appointment and up to three years from the Listing Date subject to termination in certain circumstances as stipulated in the relevant letters of appointment. The annual remuneration payable to the non-executive Director and the independent non-executive Directors under each of the letters of appointment are as follows:

Name	Amount
Mr. Yu Kwok Tung	HK\$0
Mr. Voon David Hian-fook	HK\$120,000
Mr. Or Kevin	HK\$120,000
Mr. Wu Ping Lam Michael David	HK\$120,000

Such remuneration is to accrue from the Listing Date.

Save as disclosed above, none of our Directors has or is proposed to have any service contract with our Company or any of its subsidiaries (other than contracts expiring or determinable by the employer within one year without payment of compensation other than statutory compensation).

(c) *Remuneration of our Directors*

The Company's policies concerning remuneration of executive Directors are as follows:

- (i) the amount of remuneration payable to the executive Directors is determined by our Company on a case-by-case basis with reference to duties and level of responsibilities of each executive Director and the remuneration policy of our Company and the prevailing market conditions;
- (ii) non-cash benefits may be provided at the discretion of the Board to the executive Directors under their remuneration package; and
- (iii) the executive Directors may be granted, at the discretion of the board of Directors, share options under the Share Option Scheme as part of their remuneration package.

The aggregate remuneration paid and benefits in kind granted by our Group to our Directors in respect of the year ended 31 March 2018 was approximately HK\$20.5 million.

Under the arrangements currently in force, it is estimated that the aggregate remuneration payable by our Group to, and benefits in kind receivable by, our Directors (excluding discretionary bonus) for the year ending 31 March 2019 will be approximately HK\$6.8 million.

Save as disclosed in Appendix I to this prospectus, no Director received any remuneration or benefits in kind from our Group for the Track Record Period.

None of our Directors or any past directors of any member of our Group has been paid any sum of money for the Track Record Period (i) as an inducement to join or upon joining the Company or (ii) for loss of office as a director of any member of our Group or of any other office in connection with the management of the affairs of any member of our Group.

There has been no arrangement under which a Director has waived or agreed to waive any emoluments for the Track Record Period.

2. Substantial Shareholders

So far as our Directors are aware, immediately following completion of the Share Offer and the Capitalisation Issue (without taking into account any Shares which may be allotted and issued upon the exercise of any options which may be granted under the Share Option Scheme), the following persons (other than our Directors and chief executives of our Company) will have or be deemed or taken to have an interest and/or short position in our Shares or the underlying Shares which would be required to be disclosed to our Company under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO or which would be recorded in the register of the Company required to be kept under Section 336 of the SFO or who are directly or indirectly interested in 10% or more of the issued voting shares of any other member of our Group:

Name of Shareholder	Capacity/Nature of interest	Number of Underlying Shares/ Underlying Shares ⁽¹⁾	Percentage of shareholding
Oasis Green ⁽²⁾	Beneficial owner	414,000,000(L)	51.75%
Pacific Asset ⁽²⁾	Interest of controlled corporation	414,000,000(L)	51.75%
Ms. Rowena Yip Shui Chi ^(2, 3)	Interest of spouse	414,000,000(L)	51.75%
Jolly Ocean ⁽⁴⁾	Beneficial owner	96,000,000(L)	12.00%
Santo Global ⁽⁴⁾	Interest of controlled corporation	96,000,000(L)	12.00%
Mr. Lau Ming Hong Henry ⁽⁴⁾	Interest of controlled corporation	96,000,000(L)	12.00%
Ms. Lo Ying ^(4, 5)	Interest of spouse	96,000,000(L)	12.00%
Dense Jungle ⁽⁶⁾	Beneficial owner	54,000,000(L)	6.75%

Notes:

1. The letter "L" denotes a long position in the share capital of our Company.
2. Oasis Green is a company wholly-owned by Pacific Asset, which is in turn wholly-owned by Mr. Yu. Accordingly, Mr. Yu is deemed to be interested in all Shares held by Oasis Green through Pacific Asset under Part XV of the SFO.
3. By virtue of being the spouse of Mr. Yu, Ms. Rowena Yip Shui Chi is deemed to be interested in the Shares in which Mr. Yu is interested under Part XV of the SFO.

4. Jolly Ocean is a company wholly-owned by Santo Global, which is in turn wholly-owned by Mr. Lau Ming Hong Henry. Accordingly, Mr. Lau Ming Hong Henry is deemed to be interested in all Shares held by Jolly Ocean through Santo Global under Part XV of the SFO.
5. By virtue of being the spouse of Mr. Lau Ming Hong Henry, Ms. Lo Ying is deemed to be interested in the Shares in which Mr. Lau Ming Hong Henry is interested under Part XV of the SFO.
6. Dense Jungle is a company wholly owned by Mr. Ng. Accordingly, he is deemed to be interested in all Shares held by Dense Jungle under Part XV of the SFO.

3. Related party transactions

Details of the related party transactions are set out in Note 27 of the Accountant's Report in Appendix I to this prospectus.

D. SHARE OPTION SCHEME

Summary of terms of the Share Option Scheme

The following is a summary of the principal terms of the Share Option Scheme but does not form part of, nor was it intended to be, part of the Share Option Scheme nor should it be taken as affecting the interpretation of the rules of the Share Option Scheme:

(a) Purpose of the Share Option Scheme

The purpose of the Share Option Scheme is to enable our Company to grant options to the employee, adviser, consultant, service provider, agent, customer, partner or joint-venture partner of our Company or any subsidiary (including any director of our Company or any subsidiary) who is in full-time or part-time employment with or otherwise engaged by our Company or any subsidiary at the time when an option is granted to such employee, adviser, consultant, service provider, agent, customer, partner or joint-venture partner or any person who, in the absolute discretion of our Board, has contributed or may contribute to our Group (the "Eligible Participants") as incentive or reward for their contribution to our Group to subscribe for our Shares thereby linking their interest with that of our Group.

(b) Grant and acceptance of options

Subject to the terms of the Share Option Scheme, our Directors may, in its absolute discretion make offer to the Eligible Participants. An offer shall be made to an Eligible Participant in writing (and unless so made shall be invalid) in such form as our Directors may from time to time determine either generally or on a case-by-case basis, specifying the subscription price, the number of Shares and the Option Period (as defined in the Share Option Scheme) in respect of which the offer is made and further requiring the

Eligible Participant to undertake to hold the option on the terms on which it is to be granted and to be bound by the provisions of the Share Option Scheme and shall remain open for acceptance by the Eligible Participant concerned (and by no other person, including his personal representative(s)) for a period of 21 days from the date upon which it is made provided that no such offer shall be open for acceptance after the 10th anniversary of the adoption date of the Share Option Scheme or the termination of the same or after the Eligible Participant to whom such offer is made ceased to be an Eligible Participant.

An offer shall be deemed to have been accepted by an Eligible Participant concerned in respect of all Shares which are offered to such Eligible Participant when the duplicate letter comprising acceptance of the offer duly signed by the Eligible Participant with the number of Shares in respect of which the offer is accepted stated therein, together with a non-refundable remittance in favour of our Company of HK\$1.00 by way of consideration for the grant thereof is received by our Company within such time as may be specified in the offer (which shall not be later than 21 days from, and inclusive of, the date of offer).

Any offer may be accepted by an Eligible Participant in respect of less than the total number of Shares which are offered provided that it is accepted in respect of a board lot for dealing in our Shares on the Stock Exchange or an integral multiple thereof and such number is clearly stated in the duplicate letter comprising acceptance of the offer duly signed by such Eligible Participant and received by our Company together with a non-refundable remittance in favour of our Company of HK\$1.00 by way of consideration for the grant thereof within such time as may be specified in the offer (which shall not be later than 21 days from, and inclusive of the date, which must be a business day, on which an offer is made to an Eligible Participant).

(c) Price of our Shares

The subscription price per Share at which a grantee may subscribe for Shares on the exercise of an option under the Share Option Scheme shall be determined at the discretion of our Directors and notified to an Eligible Participant to whom an offer is made, provided that it shall not be less than the highest of (a) the closing price of our Shares on the Stock Exchange as shown in the daily quotations sheet of the Stock Exchange on the offer date of the grant of the particular option, which must be a business day; (b) the average of the closing prices of our Shares as shown in the daily quotations sheets of the Stock Exchange for the five business days immediately preceding the offer date of that particular option; and (c) the nominal value of a Share on the offer date of the particular option.

(d) Maximum number of Shares

- (i) Subject to (iii) below, the maximum number of Shares in respect of which options may be granted at any time under the Share Option Scheme together with options which may be granted under any

other share option schemes for the time being of our Group shall not exceed such number of Shares as equals 10% of the issued share capital of our Company at the date of approval of the Share Option Scheme. On the basis of a total of 800,000,000 Shares in issue as at the Listing Date, the relevant limit will be 80,000,000 Shares which represent 10% of the issued Shares on the Listing Date. Options lapsed in accordance with the terms of the Share Option Scheme will not be counted for the purpose of calculating the 10% limit. Our Company may seek approval by our Shareholders in general meeting to refresh the 10% limit provided that the total number of Shares available for issue under options which may be granted under the Share Option Scheme and any other schemes of our Group in these circumstances must not exceed 10% of the issued share capital of our Company at the date of approval of refreshing of the limit. Options previously granted under the Share Option Scheme and any other share option schemes of our Group (including those outstanding, cancelled, lapsed in accordance with the Share Option Scheme or any other share option schemes and exercised options) will not be counted for the purpose of calculating the limit as refreshed. The Company must send a circular to our Shareholders containing such information as may be required under the GEM Listing Rules from time to time.

- (ii) Our Company may seek separate approval by our Shareholders in general meeting for granting options beyond the 10% limit provided the options in excess of the limit are granted only to Eligible Participant specifically identified by our Company before such approval is sought. Our Company must send a circular to our Shareholders containing a generic description of the specified Eligible Participant who may be granted such options, the number and terms of the options to be granted, the purpose of granting options to the specified Eligible Participant with an explanation as to how the terms of the options serve such purpose, and such information as may be required under the GEM Listing Rules from time to time.
- (iii) The limit on the number of Shares which may be issued upon exercise of all outstanding options granted and yet to be exercised under the Share Option Scheme and any other options granted and yet to be exercised under any other share option schemes of our Group must not exceed 30% of our Shares in issue from time to time. No options may be granted under the Share Option Scheme or any other share option schemes of our Group if this will result in the limit being exceeded.
- (iv) If our Company conducts a share consolidation or subdivision after the 10% limit has been approved in general meeting, the maximum number of Shares that may be issued upon exercise of

all options to be granted under all of the share option schemes (including the Share Option Scheme) of our Company under the 10% limit as a percentage of the total number of Shares at the date immediately before and after such consolidation of subdivision shall be the same.

- (v) Unless approved by our Shareholders in the manner set out below, the total number of Shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of the options granted to each grantee (including both exercised and outstanding options) in any 12-month period must not exceed 1% of our Shares in issue. Where any further grant of options to an Eligible Participant would result in our Shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of all options granted and to be granted to such person (including exercised, cancelled and outstanding options) in the 12-month period up to and including the date of such further grant representing in aggregate over 1% of our Shares in issue, such further grant must be separately approved by our Shareholders in general meeting with such Eligible Participant and his close associates (or his associates if the Eligible Participant is a connected person) abstaining from voting. Our Company must send a circular to our Shareholders and the circular must disclose the identity of the Eligible Participant, the number and terms of the options to be granted (and options previously granted to such Eligible Participant), and such information as may be required under the GEM Listing Rules from time to time. The number and terms (including the subscription price) of options to be granted to such Eligible Participant must be fixed before our Shareholders' approval and the date of meeting of our Board for proposing such further grant should be taken as the date of grant for the purpose of calculating the subscription price.

The exercise of any option shall be subject to our Shareholders in general meeting approving any necessary increase in the authorised share capital of our Company. Subject thereto, our Directors shall make available sufficient of the then authorised but unissued share capital of our Company to allot our Shares on the exercise of any option.

(e) Exercise of options

An option may be exercised at any time during the period to be determined and notified by our Board to each grantee at the time of making an offer for the grant of an option, but in any event no later than 10 years from the date of grant but subject to the early termination of the Share Option Scheme.

Subject to terms of the Share Option Scheme, an option shall be exercisable in whole or in part in the circumstances by giving notice in writing to our Company stating that the option is thereby exercised and the number of

Shares in respect of which it is so exercised. Each such notice must be accompanied by a non-refundable remittance for the full amount of the subscription price for our Shares in respect of which the notice is given. Within 21 days after receipt of the notice and, where appropriate, receipt of the auditors' certificate, our Company shall accordingly allot the relevant number of Shares to the grantee (or in the event of an exercise of option by a legal personal representative, to the estate of the grantee) credited as fully paid.

Though there is no specified minimum period under the Share Option Scheme for which an option must be held or the performance target which must be achieved before an option can be exercised under the terms and conditions of the Share Option Scheme, our Directors may make such grant of options, subject to such terms and conditions in relation to the minimum period of such options to be held and/or the performance targets to be achieved as our Directors may determine in their absolute discretion.

(f) Restrictions on the time of grant of options

No option shall be granted by our Directors under the following circumstances:

- (i) after inside information has come to the knowledge of our Directors until such inside information has been announced pursuant to the requirements of the GEM Listing Rules; and
- (ii) during the period commencing one month immediately preceding the earlier of:
 - (aa) the date of the Board meeting (as such date is first notified to the Stock Exchange under Rule 17.48 of the GEM Listing Rules) for approving our Company's results for any year, half-year or quarter-year period or any other interim period (whether or not required under the GEM Listing Rules); and
 - (bb) the deadline for our Company to announce its results for any year, half year or quarter-year period under Rule 18.49, 18.78 or 18.79 of the GEM Listing Rules or any other interim period (whether or not required under the GEM Listing Rules),

and ending on the date of the results announcements.

For the avoidance of doubt, no option may be granted during any period of delay in the publication of a results announcement.

(g) Rights are personal to grantees

An option shall be personal to the grantee and shall not be assignable and no grantee shall in any way sell, transfer, charge, mortgage, encumber or create any interest whatsoever in favour of any third party over or in relation to any option or enter into any agreement to do so. Any breach of the foregoing by a grantee shall entitle our Company to cancel any option or any part thereof granted to such grantee to the extent not already exercised.

(h) Rights on ceasing employment

The option period in respect of any option shall automatically terminate and that option (to the extent not already exercised) shall automatically lapse on the date on which the grantee ceases to be an Eligible Participant by reason of a termination of his employment or directorship on any one or more of the grounds that he has been guilty of persistent or serious misconduct, or has become bankrupt or has become insolvent or has made any arrangement or composition with his creditors generally, or has been convicted of any criminal offence (other than an offence which in the opinion of our Directors does not bring the grantee or any member of our Group into disrepute).

In the event of the grantee ceasing to be an Eligible Participant by resignation, retirement, expiry of employment contract or termination of employment for any reason other than any of the events specified in the paragraph below or paragraph (i) before exercising the option in full, the option (to the extent not already exercised) shall lapse on the date of cessation or termination and not be exercisable unless our Directors may determine otherwise in which event the grantee or as appropriate, his personal representative(s), may exercise the option (to the extent not already exercised) in whole or in part within a period of three months following the date of such cessation or termination or, if any of the events referred to in paragraph (l) or (m) occurs during such period, exercise the Option pursuant to paragraph (l) or (m) respectively.

In the event of the grantee who is an employee of our Group ceasing to be an Eligible Participant for any reason other than his death, ill-health or retirement in accordance with his contract of employment or by reason of the termination of his employment on one or more of the grounds specified in paragraph (u)(iv) below before exercising the option in full, the option (to the extent not already exercised) shall lapse on the date of cessation or termination and not be exercisable unless the Directors may determine otherwise in which event the grantee may exercise the option (to the extent not already exercised) in whole or in part in accordance with the provisions of the Share Option Scheme within a period of three months following the date of such cessation or termination or, if any of the events referred to in paragraph (l) or (m) occurs during such period, exercise the option pursuant to paragraph (l) or (m) respectively.

(i) *Rights on death*

In the event of the grantee ceasing to be an Eligible Participant by reason of his death before exercising the option in full and where the grantee is any employee of our Group at the time of his death, none of the events which would be a ground for termination of his employment under paragraph (u)(iv) below arises, his personal representative(s) may exercise the option (to the extent not already exercised) in whole or in part in accordance with the provisions of the Share Option Scheme within a period of 12 months following the date of death, or such longer period as our Directors may determine.

(j) *Cancellation of options*

Our Board may, with the consent of the relevant grantee, at any time at its absolute discretion cancel any option granted but not exercised.

Where our Company cancels options and offers new options to the same option holder, the offer of such new options may only be made under the Share Option Scheme with available options (to the extent not yet granted and excluding the cancelled options) within the limit approved by our Shareholders as mentioned in paragraph (d) above.

(k) *Effect of alterations to share capital*

In the event of any alteration in the capital structure of our Company whilst any option remains exercisable or the Share Option Scheme remains in effect, and such event arises from a capitalisation of profits or reserves, rights issue or other offer of securities to holders of Shares (including any securities convertible into share capital or warrants or options to subscribe for any share capital of our Company, but excluding options under the Share Option Scheme and options under any other similar employee share option scheme of our Company), repurchase, consolidation, sub-division or reduction of the share capital of our Company or otherwise howsoever (excluding any alteration in the capital structure of our Company as a result of an issue of Shares as consideration in respect of a transaction to which our Company is a party), then, in any such case (other than in the case of capitalisation of profits or reserves) our Company shall instruct the auditors to certify in writing:

- (A) the adjustment, if any, that ought in their opinion fairly and reasonably to be made either generally or as regards any particular grantee, to:
 - (aa) the number or nominal amount of our Shares to which the Share Option Scheme or any option(s) relates (insofar as it is/they are unexercised); and/or
 - (bb) the subscription price; and/or

(cc) the maximum number of Shares referred to in the above paragraph (d)(i); and/or

(dd) the method of the exercise of the option(s),

or any combination thereof, and an adjustment as so certified by the auditors shall be made, provided that:

(1) any such adjustment must give a grantee the same proportion of the equity capital as that to which that person was previously entitled;

(2) any such adjustment shall be made on the basis that the aggregate subscription price payable by a grantee on the full exercise of any option shall remain as nearly as possible the same (but shall not be greater than) as it was before such event;

(3) no such adjustment shall be made the effect of which would be to enable a Share to be issued at less than its nominal value;

(4) the issue of securities of our Company as consideration in a transaction shall not be regarded as a circumstance requiring any such adjustment; and

(5) to the advantage in any respect of the grantee without specific prior approval of our Shareholders.

(B) in respect of any such adjustment, other than any made on a capitalisation issue, the auditors must confirm to our Directors in writing that the adjustment so made satisfies the requirements set out in the above and Rule 23.03(13) (including the note thereof) of the GEM Listing Rules.

(l) Rights on a general offer

If a general or partial offer whether by way of take-over offer, share re-purchase, or scheme of arrangement or otherwise in like manner is made to all the holders of Shares, or all such holders other than the offeror and/or any person controlled by the offeror and/or any person acting in association or concert with the offeror, our Company shall use all its reasonable endeavours to procure that such offer is extended to all the grantees on the same terms, mutatis mutandis, and assuming that they will become, by the exercise in full of the options granted to them, our Shareholders. If such offer becomes or is declared unconditional or such scheme of arrangement is formally proposed to our Shareholders, the grantee shall, notwithstanding any other term on

which his options were granted, be entitled to exercise the option (to the extent not already exercised) to its full extent or to the extent specified in the grantee's notice to our Company in accordance with the terms of the Share Option Scheme at any time thereafter and up to the close of such offer (or any revised offer) or the record date for entitlements under the scheme of arrangement, as the case may be.

(m) Rights on winding up

In the event a notice is given by our Company to its members to convene a general meeting for the purposes of considering, and if thought fit, approving a resolution to voluntarily wind-up our Company, our Company shall on the same date as or soon after it despatches such notice to each member of our Company give notice thereof to all grantees (containing an extract of the provisions of this paragraph) and thereupon, each grantee or his personal representative(s) shall be entitled to exercise all or any of his options (to the extent not already exercised) at any time not later than two business days prior to the proposed general meeting of our Company by giving notice in writing to our Company, accompanied by a remittance for the full amount of the aggregate subscription price for our Shares in respect of which the notice is given whereupon our Company shall as soon as possible and, in any event, no later than the business day immediately prior to the date of the proposed general meeting referred to above, allot and issue the relevant Shares to the grantee credited as fully paid.

(n) Rights on a compromise or arrangement

Other than a general or partial offer or a scheme of arrangement contemplated in paragraph (l) above and paragraph (o) below, in the event of a compromise or arrangement between our Company and its members or creditors being proposed for the purpose of or in connection with a scheme for the reconstruction or amalgamation of our Company, our Company shall give notice thereof to all grantees on the same date as it gives notice of the meeting to its members or creditors to consider such a scheme or arrangement and any grantee or his personal representative(s) may by notice in writing to our Company accompanied by a remittance of the full amount of the subscription price in respect of which the notice is given (such notice to be received by our Company not later than two business days prior to the proposed meeting) exercise the option (to the extent not already exercised) either to its full extent or to the extent specified in such notice and our Company shall as soon as possible and in any event no later than the business day immediately prior to the date of the proposed meeting, allot and issue such number of Shares to the grantee which falls to be issued on such exercise of the option credited as fully paid and register the grantee as holder thereof.

(o) *Rights on a scheme of arrangement*

If a general or partial offer by way of scheme of arrangement is made to all the holders of Shares, or all such holders other than the offeror and/or any person controlled by the offeror and/or any person acting in association or concert with the offeror, our Company shall use all its reasonable endeavours to procure that such offer is extended to all the grantees on the same terms, mutatis mutandis, and assuming that they will become, by the exercise in full of the options granted to them, our Shareholders. If such scheme of arrangement is formally proposed to our Shareholders, the grantee shall, notwithstanding any other term on which his options were granted, be entitled to exercise the option (to the extent not already exercised) to its full extent or to the extent specified in the grantee's notice to our Company at any time thereafter and the record date for entitlements under the scheme of arrangement.

(p) *Ranking of Shares*

Shares to be allotted and issued upon the exercise of an option will be subject to all the provisions of the Articles for the time being in force and will rank *pari passu* in all respects with the existing fully paid Shares in issue on the date on which the option is duly exercised or, if that date falls on a day when the register of members of our Company is closed, the first day of the reopening of the register of members (the "Exercise Date") and accordingly will entitle the holders thereof to participate in all dividends or other distributions paid or made on or after the Exercise Date other than any dividend or other distribution previously declared or recommended or resolved to be paid or made if the record date therefor shall be before the Exercise Date. A Share allotted upon the exercise of an option shall not carry voting rights until the name of the grantee has been duly entered onto the register of members of our Company as the holder thereof.

(q) *Duration and administration of the Share Option Scheme*

The Share Option Scheme shall be valid and effective commencing from the adoption date of the Share Option Scheme until the termination date as provided therein (which being the close of business of our Company on the date which falls ten years from the date of the adoption of the Share Option Scheme), after which period no further options will be granted but the provisions of the Share Option Scheme shall remain in force to the extent necessary to give effect to the exercise of any options granted or exercised prior thereto or otherwise as may be required in accordance with the provisions of the Share Option Scheme. The Share Option Scheme shall be subject to the administration of our Directors whose decision on all matters arising in relation to the Share Option Scheme or its interpretation or effect

shall (save as otherwise provided in the Share Option Scheme and in the absence of manifest error) be final and binding on all persons who may be affected thereby.

(r) Alterations to the terms of the Share Option Scheme

Subject to the GEM Listing Rules, the Share Option Scheme may be altered from time to time in any respect by a resolution of our Directors except that the following alterations shall require the prior sanction of an ordinary resolution of our Shareholders in general meeting (with all grantees, prospective grantees and their close associates abstaining from voting and the votes taken by poll):

- (i) alterations of the provisions relating to the matters set out in Rule 23.03 of the GEM Listing Rules cannot be altered to the advantage of the Eligible Participant without the prior approval of our Shareholders in general meeting;
- (ii) any alteration to the terms and conditions of the provisions of the Share Option Scheme which are of a material nature or any change to the terms of options granted must be approved by our Shareholders in general meeting, except where the alterations take effect automatically under the existing terms of the Share Option Scheme; and
- (iii) any change to the authority of our Directors or administrator of the Share Option Scheme in relation to any alteration to the terms of the Share Option Scheme must be approved by our Shareholders in general meeting.

The amended terms of the Share Option Scheme or the options must still comply with the relevant requirements of the GEM Listing Rules and any guidance/interpretation of the GEM Listing Rules issued by the Stock Exchange from time to time.

(s) Conditions of the Share Option Scheme

The Share Option Scheme is conditional upon:

- (i) the Listing Committee granting the listing of, and permission to deal in, any Shares to be issued by our Company pursuant to the exercise of options in accordance with the terms and conditions of the Share Option Scheme;
- (ii) commencement of dealings of Shares on GEM; and
- (iii) the passing of the necessary resolution to approve and adopt the Share Option Scheme by our Shareholders in general meeting or

by way of written resolution and to authorise our Directors to grant options at their absolute discretion thereunder and to allot, issue and deal in Shares pursuant to the exercise of any options granted under the Share Option Scheme.

(t) Grant of options to core connected persons or any of their associates

Each grant of options to any of our Directors, chief executive of our Company or substantial Shareholder or an independent non-executive Director, or any of their respective associates must be approved by the independent non-executive Directors (excluding the independent non-executive Director who is the proposed grantee of the option (if any)). Where any grant of options to a substantial Shareholder or an independent non-executive Director, or any of his associates, would result in our Shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of all options already granted and to be granted (including options exercised, cancelled and outstanding) to such person in the 12-month period up to and including the date of such grant:

- (i) representing in aggregate over 0.1 per cent. of our Shares in issue; and
- (ii) having an aggregate value, based on the closing price of our Shares at the date of each grant, in excess of HK\$5 million,

such further grant of options must be approved by our Shareholders. Our Company must send a circular to our Shareholders. All the grantee, his close associates and all core connected persons must abstain from voting at such general meeting. Our Company must comply with Rules 17.47A, 17.47B and 17.47C of the GEM Listing Rules. Any vote taken at the meeting to approve the grant of such options must be taken on a poll. The circular must contain:

- (i) details of the number and terms (including the subscription price) of the options to be granted to each Eligible Participant, which must be fixed before our Shareholders' meeting and the date of the meeting of our Board for proposing such further grant should be taken as the date of grant for the purpose of calculating the subscription price. For the avoidance of doubt, the description of the terms of the options must include the information required under Rules 23.03(5) to 23.03(10) of the GEM Listing Rules;
- (ii) a recommendation from the independent non-executive Directors (excluding any independent non-executive Director who is the proposed grantee of the options) to the independent Shareholders as to voting; and
- (iii) the information as may be required under the GEM Listing Rules from time to time.

Shareholders' approval is also required for any change in the terms of options granted to an Eligible Participant who is a substantial Shareholder or an independent non-executive Director, or any of their respective associates.

(u) Lapse of option

The Option Period (as defined in the Share Option Scheme) in respect of any option shall automatically terminate and that option (to the extent not already exercised) shall automatically lapse on the earliest of:

- (i) subject to paragraph (i) above, the expiry of the Option Period;
- (ii) the expiry of any of the periods referred to in paragraphs (i) or (n) or subparagraph (iv) below, where applicable;
- (iii) subject to the court of competent jurisdiction not making an order prohibiting the offeror from acquiring the remaining shares in the offer, the expiry of the period referred to in paragraph (l);
- (iv) the date on which the grantee ceases to be an Eligible Participant by reason of a termination of his employment or directorship on any one or more of the grounds that he has been guilty of persistent or serious misconduct, or has become bankrupt or has become insolvent or has made any arrangement or composition with his creditors generally, or has been convicted of any criminal offence (other than an offence which in the opinion of our Directors does not bring the Grantee or any member of our Group into disrepute);
- (v) the date on which our Directors shall exercise our Company's right to cancel the option by reason of a breach of paragraph (g) by the grantee in respect of that or any other option;
- (vi) the date of the commencement of the winding-up of our Company;
- (vii) the date on which the grantee commits a breach of paragraph (g);
or
- (viii) the date on which the option is cancelled by our Board as set out in paragraph (j).

(v) *Termination*

Our Company by an ordinary resolution in general meeting may at any time terminate the operation of the Share Option Scheme and in such event no further options will be offered but in all other respects the provisions of the Share Option Scheme shall remain in force to the extent necessary to give effect to the exercise of any options granted prior thereto or otherwise as may be required in accordance with the provisions of the Share Option Scheme and options granted prior to such termination shall continue to be valid and exercisable in accordance with the Share Option Scheme.

(w) *Miscellaneous*

Any dispute arising in connection with the number of Shares of an option, any of the matters referred to in paragraph (k) above shall be referred to the decision of the auditors who shall act as experts and not as arbitrators and whose decision shall, in the absence of manifest error, be final, conclusive and binding on all persons who may be affected thereby.

(x) *Present status of the Share Option Scheme*

Application has been made to the Listing Committee for the approval of the Share Option Scheme, the subsequent grant of options under the Share Option Scheme and the listing of, and permission to deal in, our Shares to be issued pursuant to the exercise of any options which may be granted under the Share Option Scheme which shall represent 10% of our Shares in issue upon completion of the Share Offer and the Capitalisation Issue.

As at the date of this prospectus, no options have been granted or agreed to be granted under the Share Option Scheme.

(y) *Value of options*

Our Directors consider it inappropriate to disclose the value of options which may be granted under the Share Option Scheme as if they had been granted as at the Latest Practicable Date. Any such valuation will have to be made on the basis of certain option pricing model or other methodology, which depends on various assumptions including, the exercise price, the exercise period, interest rate, expected volatility and other variables. As no options have been granted, certain variables are not available for calculating the value of the options. Our Directors believe that any calculation of the value of the options as at the Latest Practicable Date based on a number of speculative assumptions would not be meaningful and would be misleading to investors.

Our Board confirms that our Board will not approve the exercise of any option if as a result of which our Company will not be able to comply with the public float requirements under the GEM Listing Rules.

E. OTHER INFORMATION

1. Estate duty, tax and other indemnities

Each of our Controlling Shareholders (collectively, the "Indemnifiers") pursuant to the Deed of Indemnity referred to in the paragraph headed "B. Further information about our Business — 1. Summary of material contracts" of this appendix, has given joint and several indemnities in respect of, among other things, the amount of any and all taxation falling on any member of our Group resulting from or by reference to any income, profits or gains earned, accrued or received on or before the Listing Date or any event or transaction entered into or occurring on or before the Listing Date whether alone or in conjunction with any circumstances whenever occurring and whether or not such taxation is chargeable against or attributable to any other person, firm or company.

The indemnity contained above shall not apply:

- (i) to the extent that full provision or reserve has been made for such taxation in the audited accounts of our Group or any member thereof for each of the financial years ended 31 March 2016, 2017 and 2018; or
- (ii) to the extent that such taxation or liability would not have arisen but for some act or omission of, or transaction entered into by any member of our Group (whether alone or in conjunction with some other act, omission or transaction, whenever occurring) without the prior written consent or agreement of the Indemnifiers, other than any such act, omission or transaction carried out or effected in the ordinary course of business or in the ordinary course of acquiring or disposing of capital assets on or before the Listing Date or carried out, made or entered into pursuant to a legally binding commitment created on or before the Listing Date or pursuant to any statement of intention made in this prospectus; or
- (iii) to the extent that any provision or reserve made for taxation in the audited accounts of our Group or any member thereof for each of the financial years ended 31 March 2016, 2017 and 2018 which is finally established to be an over-provision or an excessive reserve, in which case the Indemnifiers' liability (if any) in respect of taxation shall be reduced by an amount not exceeding such provision or reserve, provided that the amount of any such provision or reserve applied pursuant to the Deed of Indemnity to reduce the Indemnifiers' liability in respect of taxation shall not be available in respect of any such liability arising thereafter; or

- (iv) to the extent that such taxation liability or claim arises or is incurred as a result of the imposition of taxation as a consequence of any retrospective change in the laws, rules or regulations or the interpretation or practice thereof by the Inland Revenue Department in Hong Kong or any other relevant authority (whether in Hong Kong or any part of the world) coming into force after the date of the Deed of Indemnity or to the extent that such taxation claim arises or is increased by an increase in rates of taxation after the date of the Deed of Indemnity with retrospective effect.

Under the Deed of Indemnity, the Indemnifiers have also given indemnities in favour of our Group whereby they would jointly and severally indemnify and at all times keep each member of our Group fully indemnified on demand from and against, among others, all claims, actions, demands, proceedings, judgments, losses, liabilities, damages, costs, charges, fees, expenses and fines of whatever nature suffered or incurred by any member of our Group (i) as a result of directly or indirectly or in connection with, or in consequence of any non-compliance with or breach of any applicable laws, rules or regulations of any jurisdiction by any member of our Group on or before the Listing Date; (ii) as a result of directly or indirectly or in connection with any litigation, proceeding, claim, investigation, inquiry, enforcement proceeding or process by any governmental, administrative or regulatory body which (a) any member of our Group and/or their respective directors or any of them is/are involved; and/or (b) arises due to some act or omission of, or transaction voluntarily effected by, our Group or any member of our Group (whether alone or in conjunction with some other act, omission or transaction) on or before the Listing Date.

The indemnity contained above shall not apply to the extent that provision has been made for such claim in the audited accounts of our Group or the audited accounts of any member of our Group for each of the financial years ended 31 March 2016, 2017 and 2018.

Our Directors have been advised that no material liability for estate duty is likely to fall on any member of our Group in the Cayman Islands, Hong Kong and other jurisdictions in which the companies comprising our Group are incorporated.

2. Litigation

As at the Latest Practicable Date, no member of our Group was engaged in any litigation or arbitration of material importance and no litigation or claim of material importance is known to our Directors to be pending or threatened by or against any member of our Group which would have a material adverse effect on our business, result of operations or financial conditions.

3. Sole Sponsor

Red Sun Capital Limited has made an application on behalf of our Company to the Stock Exchange for the listing of, and permission to deal in, the Shares in issue and Shares to be issued as mentioned herein.

The Sole Sponsor is independent from our Company pursuant to Rule 6A.07 of the GEM Listing Rules.

The sponsor's fees payable by us in respect of Red Sun Capital Limited's services as sole sponsor for the Listing is HK\$5.3 million (excluding any disbursements).

4. Preliminary expenses

The preliminary expenses of our Company are approximately HK\$16,849 and have been paid by our Company.

5. Promoter

Our Company has no promoter. Save as disclosed in this prospectus, within the two years immediately preceding the date of this prospectus, no cash, securities or other benefit had been paid, allotted or given, nor are any such cash, securities or other benefit intended to be paid, allotted or given, to any promoter of our Company in connection with the Share Offer or the related transactions described in this prospectus.

6. Qualifications of experts

The following are the qualifications of the experts who have given opinion or advice which are contained in this prospectus:

Name	Qualification
Red Sun Capital Limited	Licensed to conduct type 1 (dealing in securities) and type 6 (advising on corporate finance) regulated activities under the SFO
SHINEWING (HK) CPA Limited	Certified Public Accountants
Conyers Dill & Pearman	Cayman Islands attorneys-at-laws
China Insights Consultancy Limited	Independent industry consultant

7. Consents of experts

Each of the experts referred to under the paragraph headed “E. Other information — 6. Qualifications of experts” in this appendix has given and has not withdrawn its written consent to the issue of this prospectus with the inclusion of its report and/or letter and/or the references to its name included herein in the form and context in which they are respectively included.

8. Compliance adviser

In accordance with the requirements of the GEM Listing Rules, our Company has appointed the Sole Sponsor as our compliance adviser to provide advisory services to our Company to ensure our compliance with the GEM Listing Rules for a period commencing on the Listing Date and ending on the date on which our Company complies with Rule 18.03 of the GEM Listing Rules in respect of our financial results for the second full financial year commencing after the Listing Date or until the agreement is terminated, whichever is the earlier.

9. Agency fees or commission received

The Underwriters will receive an underwriting commission, and the Sole Sponsor will receive a documentation/advisory fee, as referred to in the paragraph headed “Commission and expenses” under the section headed “Underwriting” in this prospectus.

Save as disclosed herein, no commissions, discounts, brokerages or other special terms were granted in connection with the issue or sale of any capital of any member of our Group within the two years preceding the date of this prospectus.

10. Disclaimers

Save as disclosed in this prospectus:

- (a) none of our Directors nor any of the persons whose names are listed in the paragraph headed “E. Other information — 6. Qualifications of experts” in this appendix is interested in the promotion of our Company, or in any assets which have been within the two years immediately preceding the issue of this prospectus, or are proposed to be, acquired or disposed of by or leased to any member of our Group nor will any Director apply for the Offer Shares either in his own name or in the name of a nominee;
- (b) none of our Directors nor any of the persons whose names are listed in the paragraph headed “E. Other information — 6. Qualifications of experts” in this appendix is materially interested in any contract or arrangement subsisting at the date of this prospectus which is significant in relation to the business of our Group;
- (c) save in connection with the Underwriting Agreements, none of the parties whose names are listed in the paragraph headed “E. Other information — 6. Qualifications of experts” in this appendix: (i) is interested legally or beneficially in any securities of any member of our Group; or (ii) has any right (whether legally enforceable or not) to subscribe for or to nominate persons to subscribe for securities in any member of our Group;
- (d) none of our Directors or chief executives of our Company has any interest or short position in our Shares, underlying shares or debentures of our Company or any of its associated corporation (within the meaning of the SFO) which will have to be notified to our Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO or which will be required, pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO, to be entered in the register referred to therein, or which will be required to be notified to our Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Rules 5.46 to 5.67 of the GEM Listing Rules relating to securities transactions by directors once our shares are listed;
- (e) save as disclosed in this prospectus, and taking no account of Shares which may be taken up under the Share Offer, none of our Directors knows of any person (not being a Director or chief executive of our Company) who will, immediately following completion of the Share Offer, have an interest or short position in our Shares or underlying Shares of our Company which would fall to be disclosed to our Company under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of SFO or be interested, directly or indirectly, in 10% or more of the nominal value of any class of share capital carrying rights to vote in all circumstances at general meetings of any member of our Group; and

- (f) so far as is known to our Directors as of the Latest Practicable Date, none of our Directors, their respective close associates (as defined under the GEM Listing Rules) or Shareholders of our Company who are interested in more than 5% of the issued share capital of our Company has any interests in the five largest customers or the major service providers of our Group.

11. Miscellaneous

Save as disclosed in this prospectus:

- (a) within the two years immediately preceding the date of this prospectus:
 - (i) no share or loan capital of our Company or any of our subsidiaries has been issued or agreed to be issued fully or partly paid either for cash or for a consideration other than cash;
 - (ii) no commissions, discounts, brokerages or other special terms have been granted or agreed to be granted in connection with the issue or sale of any capital of our Company or any of our subsidiaries; and
 - (iii) no commission has been paid or payable (excluding commission payable to sub-underwriters) for subscription, agreeing to subscribe, procuring subscription or agreeing to procure subscription of any shares in our Company;
- (b) no founders, management or deferred shares of our Company or any of our subsidiaries have been issued or agreed to be issued;
- (c) no share or loan capital of our Company or any of our subsidiaries is under option or is agreed conditionally or unconditionally to be put under option;
- (d) there has not been any interruption in the business of our Group which has had a material adverse effect on the financial position of our Group in the 24 months preceding the date of this prospectus;
- (e) no company within our Group is presently listed on any stock exchange or traded on any trading system;
- (f) our Company has no outstanding convertible debt securities;
- (g) all necessary arrangements have been made to enable the Shares to be admitted into CCASS for clearing and settlement;

- (h) there are no arrangements in existence under which future dividends are to be or agreed to be waived;
- (i) our Directors confirm that, up to the date of this prospectus, there has been no material adverse change in our financial or trading position or prospects since 31 March 2018 (being the date to which the latest audited combined financial statements of our Group were made up);
- (j) as at the Latest Practicable Date, there is no restriction affecting the remittance of profits or repatriation of capital of our Company into Hong Kong from outside Hong Kong; and
- (k) in case of any discrepancies between the English language version and the Chinese language version of this prospectus, the English language version shall prevail.

12. Binding effect

This prospectus shall have the effect, if an application is made in pursuance hereof, of rendering all persons concerned bound by all of the provisions (other than the penalty provisions) of sections 44A and 44B of the Companies (Winding Up and Miscellaneous Provisions) Ordinance (Cap 32) so far as applicable.

13. Share registrar

The principal register of members of our Company will be maintained in the Cayman Islands by Conyers Trust Company (Cayman) Limited and a branch register of members of our Company will be maintained in Hong Kong by Tricor Investor Services Limited. Unless our Directors otherwise agree, all transfer and other documents of title of Shares must be lodged for registration with and registered by our Company's share registrar in Hong Kong and may not be lodged in the Cayman Islands.

APPENDIX V DOCUMENTS DELIVERED TO THE REGISTRAR OF COMPANIES AND AVAILABLE FOR INSPECTION

DOCUMENTS DELIVERED TO THE REGISTRAR OF COMPANIES IN HONG KONG

The documents attached to the copy of this prospectus delivered to the Registrar of Companies in Hong Kong for registration were a copy of each of the **WHITE, YELLOW** and **GREEN** Application Forms, the written consents referred to in the paragraph headed “E. Other information — 7. Consents of experts” in Appendix IV to this prospectus and a copy of each of the material contracts referred to in the paragraph headed “B. Further information about our business — 1. Summary of material contracts” in Appendix IV to this prospectus.

DOCUMENTS AVAILABLE FOR INSPECTION

Copies of the following documents will be available for inspection at the office of Michael Li & Co. at 19/F, Prosperity Tower, 39 Queen’s Road Central, Central, Hong Kong, during normal business hours up to and including the date which is 14 days from the date of this prospectus:

- (a) the Memorandum and the Articles;
- (b) the Accountant’s Report of our Group prepared by SHINEWING (HK) CPA Limited, the text of which is set out in Appendix I to this prospectus;
- (c) the audited financial statements of our Group for each of the financial years ended 31 March 2016, 31 March 2017 and 31 March 2018;
- (d) the report on unaudited pro forma financial information prepared by SHINEWING (HK) CPA Limited, the text of which is set out in Appendix II to this prospectus;
- (e) the letter prepared by Conyers Dill & Pearman summarising certain aspects of Cayman Islands company law referred to in Appendix III to this prospectus;
- (f) the Companies Law;
- (g) the service contracts and letters of appointment referred to in the paragraph headed “C. Further information about our Directors and substantial shareholders — 1. Directors — (b) Particulars of service contracts and letters of appointment” in Appendix IV to this prospectus;
- (h) the rules of the Share Option Scheme referred to in the paragraph headed “D. Share Option Scheme” in Appendix IV to this prospectus;
- (i) the material contracts referred to in the paragraph headed “B. Further information about our business — 1. Summary of material contracts” in Appendix IV to this prospectus;
- (j) the written consents referred to in the paragraph headed “E. Other information — 7. Consents of experts” in Appendix IV to this prospectus; and
- (k) the industry report prepared by China Insights Consultancy Limited referred to in the section headed “Industry overview” in this prospectus.



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