



**Oriental**  
University City  
東方大學城

ANNUAL REPORT  
2018  
年報



Oriental University City Holdings (H.K.) Limited  
東方大學城控股（香港）有限公司  
(incorporated in Hong Kong with limited liability)  
(於香港註冊成立之有限公司)  
Stock code (股票代號) : 8067

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*This report, for which the directors of Oriental University City Holdings (H.K.) Limited (the “Company” and the “Directors”, respectively) collectively and individually accept full responsibility, includes particulars given in compliance with the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on GEM for the purpose of giving information with regard to the Company. The Directors, having made all reasonable enquiries, confirm that to the best of their knowledge and belief, the information contained in this report is accurate and complete in all material respects and not misleading or deceptive, and there are no other matters the omission of which would make any statement herein or this report misleading.*

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## CORPORATE INFORMATION

### BOARD OF DIRECTORS

#### Executive Directors

Mr. Chew Hua Seng (*Chairman*)  
Mr. Liu Ying Chun (*Chief Executive Officer*)

#### Non-executive Director

Mr. He Jun

#### Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. Lam Bing Lun, Philip  
Mr. Tan Yeow Hiang, Kenneth  
Mr. Wilson Teh Boon Piaw

### COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. Kwok Siu Man, *FCS*

### COMPLIANCE OFFICER

Mr. Liu Ying Chun

### AUTHORISED REPRESENTATIVES

Mr. Chew Hua Seng  
Mr. Liu Ying Chun

### AUDIT COMMITTEE

Mr. Lam Bing Lun, Philip (*Chairman*)  
Mr. Tan Yeow Hiang, Kenneth  
Mr. Wilson Teh Boon Piaw

### REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Wilson Teh Boon Piaw (*Chairman*)  
Mr. Chew Hua Seng  
Mr. Tan Yeow Hiang, Kenneth

### NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Tan Yeow Hiang, Kenneth (*Chairman*)  
Mr. Chew Hua Seng  
Mr. Lam Bing Lun, Philip  
Mr. Wilson Teh Boon Piaw

### RISK MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE

Mr. He Jun (*Chairman*)  
Mr. Lam Bing Lun, Philip  
Mr. Wilson Teh Boon Piaw

### STOCK CODE / BOARD LOTS

8067 / 1,000

### COMPANY'S WEBSITE

[www.oriental-university-city.com](http://www.oriental-university-city.com)

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR

BDO Limited  
Certified Public Accountants

### REGISTERED OFFICE

31st Floor  
148 Electric Road  
North Point  
Hong Kong

### HEAD OFFICE AND PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA (THE "PRC")

Levels 1 and 2  
100 Zhangheng Road  
Oriental University City  
Langfang Economic & Technical Development Zone  
Hebei Province 065001  
The PRC

## **CORPORATE INFORMATION**

### **SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE**

Boardroom Share Registrars (HK) Limited  
Room 2103B, 21/F  
148 Electric Road  
North Point  
Hong Kong

### **PRINCIPAL BANKERS**

United Overseas Bank Limited (Hong Kong Branch)  
Bank of Langfang (Development Zone Sub-branch)  
Industrial and Commercial Bank of China  
(Langfang Chaoyang Sub-branch)  
Langfang City Suburban Rural Credit Cooperatives  
(Tongbai Credit Union)

### **LEGAL ADVISOR**

As to PRC law  
Hebei Ruoshi Law Firm

## CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

Dear Shareholders,

On behalf of the board of directors (the “**Board**”) of Oriental University City Holdings (H.K.) Limited (the “**Company**”, and together with its subsidiaries, the “**Group**”), I hereby present to our shareholders (the “**Shareholders**”) the annual report of the Company for the year ended June 30, 2018 (the “**Year**”).

The Group is a leading provider of various education facilities and services, comprising primarily teaching buildings and dormitories, to education institutions in the People’s Republic of China (the “**PRC**”), with operation in Malaysia. Most of our existing education facilities are located in the Oriental University City in Langfang Economic and Technology Development Zone in Langfang city, Hebei Province, the PRC (the “**Campus Site**”). Our Campus Site currently occupies a gross site area of approximately 731 mu (487,268 sq.m.). As of June 30, 2018, we owned teaching buildings with a gross floor area (the “**GFA**”) of approximately 119,453 sq.m. and dormitories with a GFA of approximately 144,490 sq.m. There were nine colleges, universities, schools, education training and corporate entities that leased facilities from us (the “**Contract Colleges**”) for the Year.

The Group recorded revenue of approximately RMB67.3 million for the Year, representing an increase of approximately 11.6% as compared with the revenue for the year ended June 30, 2017. This increase was mainly attributable to the increase of unit rental price of the Contract Colleges. The Group’s net profit for the Year was approximately RMB164.7 million compared to RMB42.6 million in 2017. The increase in net profit was mainly due to fair value gains on investment properties in our Campus Site. The Group experienced healthy profit margins, with earnings per share for the Year of RMB0.91 (2017: RMB0.23). Locally, we remain focused on recruiting more Contract Colleges to our Campus Site, thus increasing revenue and profitability. We are delighted to announce that the Board has recommended the payment of a final dividend of HK\$0.07 per share totalling HK\$12,600,000 for the Year as a reward to our Shareholders.

During the Year, the Group acquired additional 13.58% equity interests in 4 Vallees on an enlarged basis at a cash consideration of approximately RMB26.6 million. Since then, the Group held a 24.61% equity interests in 4 Vallees and it is accounted for as an associate of the Group therefrom. Our overseas investments have made gains for the Group in the Year; the share of results of associates increased to RMB9.0 million, representing an increase of 76.5% as compared to RMB5.1 million in 2017. The Board believes that this overseas investment will bear fruit for the Shareholders over the coming years. Our overseas investments over the past 2 years have given the Group geographical breadth, and we shall continue searching for potential overseas opportunities to grow the Group’s education facilities portfolio.

Finally, I would like to extend my deep appreciation to my fellow Board members for their wise and invaluable counsel. I would also like to thank our Shareholders, investors, staff and all stakeholders for their support. We shall continue to create value and contribute to the Group to benefit all our stakeholders.

**Chew Hua Seng**  
*Chairman*

August 15, 2018

## MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

### FINANCIAL REVIEW

#### Revenue

Our leasing revenue increased by 11.6% to RMB67.3 million for the year ended June 30, 2018 (the “Year”) compared to RMB60.3 million in 2017. This increase was mainly attributable to the increase of unit rental price of the colleges, universities, schools, education training centres and corporate entities that lease education facilities from the Group (the “Contract Colleges”).

#### Operating profit

Our operating profit for the Year was RMB222.2 million compared to RMB36.2 million in 2017, mainly due to the following reasons:

1) *Fair value gains on investment properties*

Fair value gains on investment properties increased by 640.9% to RMB170.4 million for the Year compared to RMB23.0 million in 2017. This increase was mainly due to the increased price of land and buildings in Langfang, the People’s Republic of China (the “PRC”).

2) *Repairs and maintenance fee*

Repairs and maintenance fee decreased by 55.2% to RMB1.3 million for the Year compared to RMB2.9 million in 2017 mainly due to the system of continuous maintenance and upgrading of facilities that had been put in place since 2015.

3) *Legal and consulting fees*

Legal and consulting fees decreased by 10.9% to RMB4.1 million for the Year compared to RMB4.6 million in 2017 mainly due to the absence of legal fee and professional fee arising from overseas acquisition as compared in 2017.

4) *Other gains/(losses), net*

We recorded a net foreign exchange gain of RMB3.9 million mainly arising from the currency conversion of our investment in 4 Valleys Pte. Ltd. (“4 Valleys”), an associate of the Company.

5) *Share of results of associates*

Share of results of associates increased by 76.5% to RMB9.0 million for the Year compared to RMB5.1 million in 2017 mainly due to the increase of profit from Axiom Properties Limited, a company whose shares are listed on the Australian Stock Exchange.

## MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

### Income tax expenses

Since January 1, 2015 (PRC tax assessment year 2015), the corporate income tax of the Group's subsidiary located in the PRC has been levied according to accounting book under the Corporate Income Tax Law of the PRC. We incurred deferred tax expense of RMB51.1 million and corporate income tax expenses of RMB4.5 million for the Year.

### Net profit

Due to the foregoing factors, our net profit for the Year was RMB164.7 million compared to RMB42.6 million in 2017.

### Liquidity and Financial Resources

As June 30, 2018, the Group had total assets of approximately RMB1,299.5 million, which were financed by total liabilities and equity attributable to owner of the Company of approximately RMB149.9 million and RMB1,140.1 million, respectively. The Group's current ratio increased to 1.4 from 1.2 in 2017.

### Gearing Ratio

The Group's gearing ratio as at June 30, 2018 is 1.5% (2017: about 4.9%), which is calculated based on the total bank borrowings (amounting to RMB17.0 million) divided by total equity as at the respective reporting dates.

### Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Group places a high emphasis on risk management, safety and liquidity. Cash in excess of daily operational requirements are placed in fixed deposits. The Group currently does not invest in bonds, bills, structured products or any other financial instruments. As at June 30, 2018, the Group had a cash and cash equivalents balance of approximately RMB26.6 million (June 30, 2017: RMB14.3 million). The cash and cash equivalents were mainly denominated in Renminbi (the "RMB").

### Foreign Exchange Hedging

The Group has limited foreign currency risk as most of the transactions are denominated in the RMB as the functional currency of the operations. Thus, the Group presently does not make any foreign exchange hedging. However, the directors of the Company (the "Directors") monitor the Group's foreign exchange exposure closely and may, depending on the circumstances and trend of foreign currency, consider adopting a significant foreign currency hedging policy in the future, if necessary.



## MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

### BUSINESS REVIEW AND OUTLOOK

We own and leases education facilities, comprising primarily teaching buildings and dormitories to education institutions in the PRC and Malaysia. All of the Group's existing education facilities are located in Oriental University City, Langfang city, Hebei Province, the PRC and Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia respectively.

In order to serve the daily needs of students, the Group also leased commercial spaces to tenants operating a range of supporting facilities, including grocery stores, laundry shops, internet cafes and canteens.

In general, we expect the resident student population of our Contract Colleges and the revenue to be generated from commercial leasing to remain relatively stable in the coming year.

### SIGNIFICANT INVESTMENTS AND FUTURE PLANS FOR MATERIAL INVESTMENTS AND CAPITAL COMMITMENT

As at June 30, 2018, the Group did not hold any significant investment, and had no material capital commitments and no future plans for material investments or purchase of capital assets.

### MATERIAL ACQUISITION OR DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARIES AND AFFILIATED COMPANIES

On June 30, 2017, the Company (as the subscriber) entered into a subscription agreement with 4 Vallees (as the issuer) and Raffles Education Corporation Limited ("REC"), which is the ultimate holding company of the Company (as the covenantor) (the "Subscription Agreement"), pursuant to which the Company shall conditionally subscribe for, and 4 Vallees shall conditionally allot and issue, a total of 4,508,151 new shares in the share capital of 4 Vallees, representing approximately 13.58% shares of the issued share capital of 4 Vallees on an enlarged basis at a total subscription price of SGD5,421,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$30,000,000) (the "Subscription"). The Company, REC and 4 Vallees executed the side letters on August 31, 2017, October 20, 2017 and November 21, 2017 to extend the Long Stop Date (as defined in the Subscription Agreement) to October 20, 2017, November 21, 2017 and December 21, 2017, respectively.

Before the Subscription, REC and the Company owned 87.23% and 12.77% of the equity interest in 4 Vallees, respectively. As REC is the controlling shareholder (as defined in the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on GEM of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "GEM" and the "GEM Listing Rules", respectively)) of each of the Company and 4 Vallees, the further disposal of 13.58% of the equity interest in 4 Vallees by REC to the Company was a connected transaction of the Company under the GEM Listing Rules. On December 15, 2017, a general meeting of the shareholders of the Company (the "Shareholders") was held, at which the resolution regarding the Subscription was passed by the Shareholders. Upon completion, the Company owned in aggregate 8,172,151 shares in 4 Vallees, representing approximately 24.61% of the issued share capital of 4 Vallees. For further information, please refer to the Company's announcements dated June 30, 2017, November 21, 2017 and December 15, 2017 and circular dated November 29, 2017.

## MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

### PROPOSED TRANSFER OF LISTING TO MAIN BOARD

On January 5, 2018, the Company submitted a formal application to The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the “**Stock Exchange**”) (the “**Application**”) for the proposed transfer of the listing of all its issued shares from the GEM to the Main Board of the Stock Exchange (the “**Proposed Transfer of Listing**”) pursuant to Chapter 9A of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange and the relevant provisions of the GEM Listing Rules. For more information, please refer to the Company’s announcement dated January 5, 2018.

On July 6, 2018, the Company announced that as six months had passed since the submission of the Application, the Application had lapsed. The Company will consider whether to re-submit a new application for the Proposed Transfer of Listing at an appropriate time. For more information, please refer to the Company’s announcement dated July 6, 2018.

### CAPITAL REDUCTION

On March 20, 2018, the Company proposed to implement a capital reduction by reducing the credit standing to the share capital account of the Company by an amount of HK\$150,000,000 from HK\$516,320,500 as at February 28, 2018 to HK\$366,320,500 (the “**Capital Reduction**”). The credit arising from the Capital Reduction was intended to be applied to a capital reduction reserve account of the Company which might be used by the Directors to eliminate the accumulated realised losses of the Company standing in the financial statements of the Company and as a distributable reserve in accordance with the articles of association of the Company and the Companies Ordinance (Chapter 622 of the laws of Hong Kong). On May 3, 2018, a general meeting of the Shareholders was held, at which the resolution regarding the Capital Reduction was passed by the Shareholders and the Capital Reduction became effective on June 11, 2018. For further information, please refer to the Company’s announcements dated March 20, 2018 and May 3, 2018 and circular dated April 9, 2018.

The Capital Reduction was completed on June 11, 2018.

### CHANGE OF BOOK CLOSURE DATES AND DIVIDEND PAYMENT DATE

As disclosed in the interim results announcement of the Company for the six months ended December 31, 2017 dated January 23, 2018, the board of Directors (the “**Board**”) had resolved to declare an interim dividend to the Shareholders whose name appeared on the register of members of the Company at the close of business on Friday, March 23, 2018, and the relevant dividend warrants were expected to be despatched on Friday, April 6, 2018. As the Company itself was unable to pay dividend while the accumulated losses existed, the Board proposed to make the payment of the interim dividend only after the effective date of the Capital Reduction. Accordingly, the book closure date and the interim dividend payment date were revised to July 20, 2018 and July 31, 2018, respectively.

## MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

### CHANGE OF DIVIDEND POLICY

On March 20, 2018, the Board resolved to change the dividend policy of the Company such that dividend payments will depend upon the share capital and/or the distributable reserve of the Company and the availability of dividends that the Company received from any of its subsidiaries, and all other matters as disclosed in the paragraph headed “Dividend Policy” under the “Financial Information” section of the prospectus of the Company dated December 31, 2014 (the “Prospectus”) remain unchanged.

### CHARGE ON GROUP’S ASSETS

As at June 30, 2018, pledged bank deposit of RMBNil (2017: RMB20,000,000) and investment properties of RMB74,102,000 (2017: RMB49,181,000) were pledged to secure banking facilities granted to the Group.

### CAPITAL STRUCTURE

There was no change in the capital structure of the Group as at June 30, 2018 as compared with that as at June 30, 2017.

### CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

As at June 30, 2018, the Group and the Company did not have any significant contingent liabilities (June 30, 2017: Nil).

### EMPLOYEES AND REMUNERATION POLICIES

As at June 30, 2018, the Group had a total of 17 full-time employees in the PRC, all of which were located in Langfang city, Hebei Province (June 30, 2017: 17). The Group’s total employee costs were approximately RMB2.5 million for the Year (June 30, 2017: RMB2.3 million). The employees’ remuneration is determined by reference to the market salary of their respective experience and performance. The Company provides training to its employees to improve and upgrade their management and professional skills. As required by the PRC social security regulations, the Company makes contributions to mandatory social security funds for its employees to provide for their retirement and provides medical, unemployment, work-related injury and maternity benefits. The Company has adopted a share option scheme to provide an incentive to the Directors and eligible employees.

### USE OF PROCEEDS FROM THE COMPANY’S PLACING

The net proceeds received by the Company from the listing by way of placing of 45,000,000 ordinary shares of the Company (the “Shares”) at a price of HK\$2.64 each on January 16, 2015 (the “Placing”), after deducting the amounts due to REC, the controlling shareholder (as defined in the GEM Listing Rules) of the Company and a company 36.88% owned by Mr. Chew Hua Seng, the chairman of the Board and an executive Director, for listing expenses as set out in the Prospectus and the total underwriting commission, fees and expenses relating to the Placing paid by the Company, amounted to approximately HK\$75.3 million.

The Directors intend to apply all the above net proceeds for constructing new dormitories on the campus site owned by the Group, housing the Contract Colleges located in Oriental University City in Langfang Economic & Technology Development Zone in Langfang city, Hebei Province, the PRC (the “Campus Site”).

## MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As at June 30, 2018, preparation work for the construction of new dormitories on the Campus Site was still ongoing. The Group has spent approximately HK\$29.7 million in purchasing construction materials, conducting soil testing for the selected sites on the Campus Site and carrying out architectural work for the new dormitories.

After soil testing had been conducted on the selected sites, the architecture firm was of the view that the original architectural design of the new dormitories should be revised and optimized. Thus, the architecture firm took additional 6 months to analyse the soil testing results, the construction methods, additional costing and building dormitories. On September 22, 2016, the architecture firm obtained the approval of building plans from Langfang government. The Company is applying for the construction licence and selecting the contractor. Due to the air pollution in North region of the PRC, the local government has issued order (Lang Kai Zhu Jian [2017] 13) to suspend all construction activities till further notice. The Company will monitor the situation and re-commence the construction of new dormitories once the local government lifts the suspension.

### COMPARISON OF BUSINESS OBJECTIVES WITH ACTUAL BUSINESS PROGRESS

An analysis comparing the implementation plans as set out in the Prospectus with the Group's actual plans for the Year is set out below:

Timetable	Implementation Plans in Prospectus	Actual Plans
June 30, 2018	- Not applicable	- Apply for the construction licence. Due to the air pollution in North region of the PRC, the local government has issued order (Lang Kai Zhu Jian [2017] 13) to suspend all construction activities till further notice. The Company will monitor the situation and re-commence the construction of new dormitories once the local government lifts the suspension.
To be confirmed	- Not applicable	- Complete the construction of the new dormitories; and - Commence and complete the interior decoration of the new dormitories.
To be confirmed	- Not applicable	- Complete the final inspection and obtain the relevant government permit for commencement of use of the new dormitories; - Commence the use of the new dormitories for the 2018 to 2019 academic year; and - Make the final settlement of the construction costs under the relevant construction contracts.

## MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

In summary, the implementation plans of constructing new dormitories on the Campus Site funded by the net proceeds from the Placing will be rescheduled as follows:

	<b>Amount</b> <i>HK\$ million</i>	<b>%</b>
For the Year	29.7	39.4
For the end of December 31, 2019	41.8	55.5
For the end of June 30, 2020	<u>3.8</u>	<u>5.1</u>
Total	<u><u>75.3</u></u>	<u><u>100.0</u></u>

The Group will provide updates to its Shareholders and potential investors on the progress of the implementation plans of constructing new dormitories on the Campus Site as and when required. Save for the above delay in the application of the unused proceeds, the other proposed use of proceeds and their respective implementation plans from the Placing remain unchanged.

## BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

### DIRECTORS

#### Executive Directors

**Mr. Chew Hua Seng (周華盛)**, aged 64, is the founding director of the Company (the “Director”) appointed on June 11, 2012 and was re-designated as an executive Directors and the chairman of the board of Directors (the “Board”) in January 2014. He is also a member of each of the Board’s remuneration committee (the “Remuneration Committee”) and nomination committee (the “Nomination Committee”). Mr. Chew joined the Group in December 2007. He is primarily responsible for the overall strategic planning and management of our Group. He has served as director and chief executive director of 廊坊開發區東方大學城教育諮詢有限公司 (Langfang Development Zone Oriental University City Education Consultancy Co., Limited) (“Langfang Education Consultancy”), a subsidiary of the Company, since October 2011. Mr. Chew is also the founder, director, chairman and chief executive officer of Raffles Education Corporation Limited (“REC”), the controlling shareholder of the Company. He founded the REC Group in 1990 and after REC the Group had achieved an excellent track record of growth, he led it to a highly successful initial public listing on Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited (the “SGX-ST”) in 2002. REC was ranked amongst the Top 200 Asia-Pacific companies on Forbes Asia’s “Best Under a Billion” list for four consecutive years, from 2006 to 2009. Under his astute leadership, Raffles Education Corp has grown to become a premier private education provider.

Mr. Chew holds a Bachelor’s Degree in Business Administration from the University of Singapore (now known as the National University of Singapore) in May 1979 and was awarded the National University of Singapore Business School Eminent Business Alumni Awards in November 2010 for his outstanding achievements. Mr. Chew was also conferred the Public Service Medal by the President of Singapore in 2010 for his contribution to community service.

In 2007, Mr. Chew established the Chew Hua Seng Foundation (the “Foundation”) to further charitable causes, predominantly in education. Commissioned with the motto “Compassion through the Generations”, the Foundation’s mission is aligned with REC’s overarching principle to provide the invaluable gift of education to needy youths, with a special focus to support poor students in the Asia-Pacific region. Mr. Chew does not have any relationship with any Directors and senior management.

**Mr. Liu Ying Chun (劉迎春)**, aged 54, is the chief executive officer of the Group and an executive Director. Mr. Liu joined our Group in June 2010 and was appointed as an executive Director on January 16, 2014. He is primarily responsible for managing the overall operations of the Group. Mr. Liu has served as director of, namely, (i) Langfang Education Consultancy, a subsidiary of the Company since December 2011; and (ii) OUC Malaysia Sdn. Bhd. (formerly known as Diamond Nest Sdn. Bhd.) since May 2016, (iii) OUC (Spain) Pte Limited since October 2016, (iv) OUC (Italy) Pte Limited since October 2016, and (v) Campus Residence S.r.l. since May 2017, all are wholly-owned subsidiaries of the Company. Mr. Liu was appointed as a non-executive director of Axiom Properties Limited, a company listed on the Australian Stock Exchange, since November 25, 2015. Mr. Liu also served as the chairman of Langfang Huaxi Construction Consultancy Company Limited (廊坊市華璽建設工程諮詢有限公司) from September 2000 to June 2010. He worked in the Langfang Audit Office (廊坊市審計局) as the vice-head, and as the head of Construction Centre Department from December 1991 to September 2000. Mr. Liu also worked in the Wenan County Audit Office (文安縣審計局) from July 1983 to November 1991. Mr. Liu obtained a diploma in business economics from the Renmin University of China (中國人民大學) in June 1988. Mr. Liu is registered as a valuer with the China Appraisal Society (中國資產評估協會). He is a qualified auditor accredited by the National Audit Office of the People’s Republic of China (the “PRC”) (中華人民共和國審計署), and is also an engineer in the PRC. Mr. Liu does not have any relationship with any Directors and senior management.

## BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

### Non-executive Director

**Mr. He Jun (何軍)**, aged 56, was appointed as a non-executive Director on January 16, 2014. He is also the chairman of the risk management committee of the Board (the “**Risk Management Committee**”). Mr. He joined WongPartnership LLP in Singapore in February 1997 and is currently the head of its China Practice. Mr. He is a partner in both the Capital Markets Practice and the Corporate/Mergers & Acquisitions (the “**Corporate M&A**”) Practice. His main areas of practice are corporate finance, equity capital market, foreign investment in the PRC, mergers and acquisitions and property development in the PRC. Mr. He is recommended as a leading foreign expert in Singapore and the PRC by Chambers Global Guide since 2012 and Expert Guides — Guide to Leading Practitioners: China, 2011, in the area of Corporate/M&A. He is also recommended by Chambers Asia Pacific Guide 2014 and The Legal 500 2012 for real estate work in the PRC. He has also been ranked as a leading lawyer in Singapore by Best Lawyers 2014 in the area of capital markets, as well as in the PRC by China Law & Practice’s Annual Review 2015 in the areas of capital markets and Corporate/M&A. Mr. He is also recommended as a leading Corporate/M&A lawyer in the PRC by Asialaw Leading Lawyers – The Guide to Asia-Pacific’s Leading Lawyers 2017 and Asialaw Profiles – The Guide to Asia-Pacific’s Leading Domestic Law Firms since 2014.

Mr. He was an independent director of each of (i) Asia Power Corporation Limited (stock code on the SGX-ST: A03:SI), a company previously listed on the SGX-ST, from December 2007 until it was delisted from the SGX-ST in May 2014, and (ii) Devotion Energy Group Ltd. (stock code on the SGX-ST: D08:SI), a company previously listed on the SGX-ST, from December 2007 until it was delisted from the SGX-ST in December 2013. Mr. He graduated with a bachelor’s degree in arts from Yunnan University (雲南大學) in July 1983. He further obtained a master’s degree in law from China University of Political Science and Law (中國政法大學) in July 1989 and from McGeorge School of Law, University of the Pacific in the United States of America (the “**US**”) in May 1993. He also attended the program in American and comparative law for Chinese scholars at the Columbia University School of Law in the US. Mr. He was admitted as a lawyer in the PRC in December 1995. Mr. He does not have any relationship with any Directors and senior management.

## BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

### Independent Non-executive Directors (the “INEDs”)

**Mr. Lam Bing Lun, Philip (林炳麟)**, aged 75, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director (the “INED”) on December 23, 2014. He is also the chairman of the audit committee of the Board (the “**Audit Committee**”) and a member of each of the Nomination Committee and the Risk Management Committee. Mr. Lam began his career in 1963 with Hang Seng Bank Limited in the Accounts Department of its Head Office. He joined the University of Hong Kong in 1975 and served as the director of finance from 1990 to 2012 where he was responsible for overseeing and managing the university’s overall financial affairs. He also spent 3 years in Canada from 1982 to 1985, where he served as the chief accountant and comptroller in the Overseas Bank (Canada), responsible for the creation, development and control of its accounting and reporting systems. Mr. Lam was appointed as senior advisor to the Vice-Chancellor of the University of Hong Kong from July 1, 2012 to June 30, 2014 for financial and investment management and fund-raising matters. He is currently an honorary advisor to the chairman of the HKU Foundation. Mr. Lam is active in community affairs and has served as a member on the Board of Review of the Hong Kong Inland Revenue Department and a member of the Establishment and Finance Committee of the Prince Philip Dental Hospital in Hong Kong. He is currently a board governor of the Canadian International School in Hong Kong and also a board governor of the Centennial College which is wholly owned by the University of Hong Kong. Mr. Lam is also currently an executive director of Chinney Alliance Group Limited (stock code: 385) and also its subsidiary, Chinney Kin Wing Holdings Limited (stock code: 1556), both listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the “**Stock Exchange**”). He was an independent non-executive director of China New Town Development Company Limited, which is listed on both the Main Board of the Stock Exchange (stock code: 1278) and the SGX-ST (stock code on the SGX-ST: D4N.si), from August 2007 to May 2013. Mr. Lam was also a director of Enterpriseasia Limited, a company formerly listed on the London Stock Exchange, and dissolved in the United Kingdom (the “**UK**”) from July 2001 to January 2010.

Mr. Lam obtained a diploma in management studies from the Hong Kong Polytechnic (now known as the Hong Kong Polytechnic University) in July 1974. He has been a fellow of The Chartered Institute of Management Accountants in the UK since April 1993, and a certified management accountant of the Society of Management Accountants of British Columbia, Canada since October 1991, and an associate of each of the Institute of Chartered Secretaries and Administrators in the UK since September 1974, the Chartered Institute of Bankers in the UK since December 1971 and the Hong Kong Society of Accountants (now known as the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants) since October 1981.



## BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

**Mr. Tan Yeow Hiang, Kenneth (陳耀鄉)**, aged 51, was appointed as an INED on December 23, 2014. He is also the chairman of the Nomination Committee and a member of each of the Audit Committee and the Remuneration Committee. Mr. Tan is currently a director of Quintegra Ventures Inc., an investment holding company. He worked at United Overseas Bank Limited in Singapore from September 2008 to May 2015 as its managing director heading various businesses such as the bank's corporate banking franchise in its overseas branches and its overseas financial institutions group. Mr. Tan previously worked at the Singapore Economic Development Board ("EDB") from October 2001 to September 2008, during which period he worked as director of the Services Cluster from 2003 to 2006, and subsequently as the assistant managing director of EDB from December 2007 to September 2008. As director of the Services Cluster, Mr. Tan had worked on a number of EDB's education related projects such as the German Institute of Science and Technology, Singapore — MIT alliance and the Institute of Environmental Sciences and Engineering (Pte) Ltd. Prior to working at EDB, Mr. Tan worked as a banker with a commercial bank in Singapore from February 1999 to April 2001 where his focus areas were in private equity and corporate development. Mr. Tan also served in the Singapore Armed Forces from December 1985 to February 1999. Mr. Tan obtained a master's degree in business administration from the National University of Singapore in August 1995, and a Bachelor of Arts in philosophy, politics and economics from the University of Oxford in June 1989. He was awarded the Singapore Armed Forces Overseas Training Award by the Government of Singapore in 1986.

**Mr. Wilson Teh Boon Piaw (鄭文鏢)**, aged 63, was appointed as an INED on December 23, 2014. He is also the chairman of the Remuneration Committee and a member of each of the Audit Committee, the Nomination Committee and the Risk Management Committee. Mr. Teh has been acting as the chief executive officer and chairman of Chef At Work Pte. Ltd. in Singapore as from October 1, 2015. Chef At Work is a one-stop food and beverage solutions provider with inter-disciplinary expertise. Mr. Teh served as the chairman and chief executive director of TMX International Limited, a new start up company and distributor of kitchen appliances, from May 2013 until November 2014. From August 2007 to October 2012, Mr. Teh served as director of Huhu Studio Ltd., a computer animation studio based in New Zealand, and had served as a director of its investment holding company, Huhu Holdings Pte Ltd., since July 2007. Mr. Teh previously worked at JOST World Group, a manufacturer of components for commercial vehicles, from May 1991 to September 2009, where he served as managing director of JOST Far East Pte Ltd. from May 1991 to September 2008 and was responsible for developing markets and for all sales matters in the Southeast Asia, Taiwan and Hong Kong, as well as setting up a regional logistic hub in Singapore. He served as president, Asia of JOST Asia (Shanghai) Auto Component Co. Ltd. from September 2001 to September 2008 and subsequently as consultant from October 2008 to September 2009, where he led and managed three companies in Asia, and developed and executed their strategy and long-term business plan. Mr. Teh obtained a master's degree in business administration from the University of Dubuque in Iowa, the US in January 1996, a diploma in management study from the Singapore Institute of Management in Singapore in March 1992, and a diploma in shipbuilding and repair technology from Ngee Ann Technical College (now known as Ngee Ann Polytechnic) in Singapore in association with The Polytechnic of Central London in the UK in July 1980.

## BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

### SENIOR MANAGEMENT

**Mr. Liu Ying Chun** is our executive officer. Please refer to the subsection headed “Executive Directors” for his biographical details.

**Mr. Leong Aik Huat**, aged 51, was appointed as the chief financial controller of the Group in February 2016, subsequent to the resignation of Mr. Huang Yi Feng, the former chief financial controller, in February 2016. Mr. Leong is responsible for the accounting and finance aspects of the Group. Prior to joining the Company, Mr. Leong had worked for REC since 2002, during which time he performed various functions from operating and supervising colleges to project development, accounting and finance. Mr. Leong was appointed as the financial controller of REC’s China Headquarters from 2014 and responsible for the accounting and finance of its 11 subsidiaries. Mr. Leong graduated from the National University of Singapore with a Master’s Degree in Science (Real Estate) and has a Certificate in Higher Accounting awarded by the London Chamber of Commerce and Industry. He is a member of Certified Practising Accountant in Australia.

**Mr. Chen Guang (陳光)**, aged 54, was appointed as the chief operating officer of the Group in March 2016, subsequent to the resignation of Mr. Cheng Bing Xu, the former chief operating officer, on February 2016. Mr. Chen is responsible for overseeing the property management and operation matters of the Group, including managing the acquisition, disposal, lease and maintenance of land and buildings and other fixed assets of the Group. Prior to joining the Group, Mr. Chen was the general manager of China Unicom of Yongqing branch of Langfang from December 2008 to June 2013. He was the manager of Administration of China Unicom of Langfang branch from March 2003 to December 2008. He was the general manager of Langfang Hanyi Textile Co., Ltd. (廊坊韓一紡織有限公司) from August 1993 to March 2003. Mr. Chen obtained a diploma in textile from 河北紡織職工大學 (Hebei Textile College) in the PRC in June 1988.

**Mr. Zhang Jian Guang (張建光)**, aged 38, is the director of Human Resources and Administration of the Group. Mr. Zhang joined the Group in May 2011 and is responsible for managing the human resources operations and staff administration of the Group. Mr. Zhang has previously held various positions within the Group, including the vice director of human resources and vice director of the office administration. Prior to joining the Group, Mr. Zhang worked as a lecturer and subsequently as human resources administrator at Langfang Food Engineering Technical School (廊坊食品工程學校) from August 2003 to July 2009. Mr. Zhang obtained a master’s degree in business administration from the Graduate School of the Chinese Academy of Sciences (中國科學院) (now known as University of the Chinese Academy of Sciences (中國科學院大學)) in July 2011.

## REPORT OF DIRECTORS

The board of directors of the Company (the “**Directors**” and the “**Board**”, respectively) present the annual report together with the audited consolidated financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively, the “**Group**”) for the year ended June 30, 2018 (the “**Year**”).

### PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding. The principal activities of the Company’s subsidiaries are leasing education facilities, comprising primarily teaching buildings and dormitories to education institutions in the People’s Republic of China (the “**PRC**”) and Malaysia; and to a much lesser extent, commercial leasing for supporting facilities.

### RESULTS

The results of the Group for the Year and the state of affairs of the Company and of the Group as at that date are set out in the consolidated financial statements and their accompanying notes on pages 54 to 113 of this annual report.

### FINAL DIVIDEND

The Board has resolved to recommend for the approval of the shareholders of the Company (the “**Shareholders**”) at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company (the “**2018 AGM**”) the payment of a final dividend of HK\$7.0 cents (equivalent to approximately RMB5.9 cents) per share of the Company (the “**Share**”) totalling HK\$12,600,000 (equivalent to RMB10,620,000) for the Year (the “**Proposed Final Dividend**”) (2017: HK\$4.0 cents) to the Shareholders whose names appear on the register of members of the Company (the “**Register of Members**”) at the close of business on Monday, October 29, 2018. Subject to the Shareholders’ approval of the Proposed Final Dividend at the 2018 AGM, the relevant dividend warrants are expected to be despatched on or before Friday, November 9, 2018.

### BOOK CLOSE DATES

For the purpose of ascertaining the entitlements to attend and vote at the 2018 AGM and to qualify for the Proposed Final Dividend, the Register of Members will be closed. Details of such closures are set out below:

#### For ascertaining Shareholders’ entitlement to attend and vote at the 2018 AGM

Latest time to lodge transfer documents	4:30 p.m. on October 12, 2018 (Friday)
Closure of register of members	October 15, 2018 (Monday) to October 19, 2018 (Friday) (both days inclusive)
Record date	October 19, 2018 (Friday)

#### For ascertaining Shareholders’ entitlement to the Proposed Final Dividend

Latest time to lodge transfers documents	4:30 p.m. on October 24, 2018 (Wednesday)
Closure of register of members	October 25, 2018 (Thursday) to October 29, 2018 (Monday) (both days inclusive)
Record date	October 29, 2018 (Monday)

## REPORT OF DIRECTORS

During the above closure periods, no transfer of Shares will be registered. To be entitled to attend and vote at the 2018 AGM and to qualify for the Proposed Final Dividend, the non-registered Shareholders must lodge all completed and stamped transfer documents accompanied by the relevant share certificates for registration with the Company's share registrar, Boardroom Share Registrars (HK) Limited of Room 2103B, 21/F., 148 Electric Road, North Point, Hong Kong before the above latest time.

## FINANCIAL SUMMARY

A summary of the results, assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five financial years is set out on pages 115 and 116 of this annual report. This summary does not form part of the audited financial statements.

## INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

All the investment properties of the Group were revalued at June 30, 2018. The net increase in fair value of investment properties amounting to RMB170,406,000 (2017: RMB22,996,000) has been credited directly to the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

Details of movements in the investment properties of the Group during the Year are set out in note 15 to the financial statements.

Details of the properties held by the Group for investment at June 30, 2018 are set out in the section headed "Investment Properties" on page 114.

## PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of movements in the property, plant and equipment of the Group during the Year are set out in note 14 to the financial statements.

## SUBSIDIARIES

Particulars of the Company's principal subsidiaries are set out in note 29 to the financial statements.

## SHARE CAPITAL

Details of the Shares issued in the Year are set out in note 24 to the financial statements.

## PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Company's articles of association (the "Articles of Association") which would oblige the Company to offer new Shares on a pro-rata basis to its existing Shareholders.

## REPORT OF DIRECTORS

### PURCHASE, REDEMPTION OR SALE OF LISTED SECURITIES OF THE COMPANY

The Company did not redeem any of its Shares listed on GEM of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the “Stock Exchange” and the “GEM”, respectively) nor did the Company or any of its subsidiaries purchase or sell any of its Shares during the Year.

### RESERVES AND DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES

Details of movements in the reserves of the Company and the Group during the Year are set out in note 25 to the financial statements and in the consolidated statement of changes in equity on page 58, respectively. The distributable reserves, calculated under Part 6 of the Companies Ordinance (Chapter 622 of the laws of Hong Kong) (the “Companies Ordinance”), details of the distributable reserves of the Company are set out in note 25 to the financial statements.

### MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

The information in respect of the Group’s major customers and suppliers, respectively, during the Year is as follows:

	Percentage of the Group’s total purchase/sales %
The largest customer	64.09
Five largest customers in aggregate	91.79
The largest supplier	74.09
Five largest suppliers in aggregate	100.00

Save as rental income derived from Raffles College of Higher Education Sdn. Bhd. (“Raffles College”), which has one of the five largest customer during the Year, disclosed in note 30 to the financial statements, none of the Directors or their respective close associates (as defined in the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on GEM (the “GEM Listing Rules”)) or any Shareholders (which, to the best knowledge of the Directors, own more than 5% of the issued Shares) had any beneficial interest in the Group’s major largest customers or suppliers referred above.

### REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS AND FIVE INDIVIDUALS WITH HIGHEST EMOLUMENTS

Details of the remuneration of the Directors and the five individuals with the highest emoluments for the Year are set out in notes 10 and 11 to the financial statements, respectively.

### EMOLUMENT POLICY

The remuneration committee of the Board was established for reviewing the Group’s emolument policy and structure for all remuneration of the Directors and senior management of the Group, having regard to the Group’s operating results, individual performance and comparable market practices. The Company has adopted a share option scheme (the “Share Option Scheme”) to provide an incentive to the Directors and eligible employees, details of which are set out in the section headed “Share Option Scheme” below.

## REPORT OF DIRECTORS

### EQUITY-LINKED AGREEMENT

The Group has not entered into any equity-linked agreements during the Year.

### SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors, there has been a sufficient public float of the issued Shares as required under the GEM Listing Rules (i.e. at least 25% of the issued Shares in public hands) throughout the Year and thereafter up to the date of this report.

### DIRECTORS

The Directors during the Year and up to the date of this report were:

#### Executive Directors

Mr. Chew Hua Seng (“**Mr. Chew**”) (*Chairman*)

Mr. Liu Ying Chun (*Chief Executive Officer*)

#### Non-executive Director

Mr. He Jun

#### Independent Non-executive Directors (the “INEDs”)

Mr. Lam Bing Lun, Philip

Mr. Tan Yeow Hiang, Kenneth

Mr. Wilson Teh Boon Piaw

In accordance with article 141 of the Articles of Association, Mr. Tan Yeow Hiang, Kenneth and Mr. Wilson Teh Boon Piaw will retire from office by rotation and being eligible, have offered themselves for re-election at the 2018 AGM.

The Company has received an annual written confirmation of independence from each of the INEDs, namely Mr. Lam Bing Lun, Philip, Mr. Tan Yeow Hiang, Kenneth and Mr. Wilson Teh Boon Piaw, pursuant to Rule 5.09 of the GEM Listing Rules. As at the date of this report, the Company considered all the INEDs independent.

The biographical details of the Directors and the senior management of the Group are set out on pages 12 to 16 of this annual report.

## REPORT OF DIRECTORS

### DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

Mr. Chew has entered into a service contract as the chairman of the Board (the “Chairman”) and an executive Director with the Company for an initial term of three years commencing on December 24, 2014, which automatically continues thereafter until terminated by either party giving not less than three months’ notice in writing to the other.

Mr. Liu Ying Chun has entered into a service contract as an executive Director with the Company for an initial term of three years commencing on January 16, 2014, which automatically continues thereafter until terminated by either party giving not less than three months’ notice in writing to the other.

Mr. He Jun has entered into a letter of appointment as a non-executive Director with the Company for an initial term of three years commencing on January 16, 2014, which automatically continues thereafter until terminated by either party giving not less than three months’ notice in writing to the other.

Each of the INEDs has entered into a letter of appointment with the Company for an initial term of three years commencing on December 23, 2014, which automatically continues thereafter until terminated by either party giving not less than three months’ notice in writing to the other.

None of the Directors being proposed for re-election at the 2018 AGM has a service contract or a letter of appointment with the Company or its subsidiaries, which is not determinable by the Company within one year without payment of compensation other than statutory compensation.

### DIRECTORS OF SUBSIDIARIES

The names of all Directors who have served on the board of directors of the subsidiaries of the Company during the Year to the date of this report are as follows:

#### Name of Subsidiaries

廊坊開發區東方大學城教育諮詢有限公司

(Langfang Development Zone Oriental University City  
Education Consultancy Co., Limited)

OUC Malaysia Sdn. Bhd. (formerly known as Diamond Nest Sdn. Bhd.) (“OUC Malaysia”)

OUC (Spain) Pte Limited

OUC (Italy) Pte Limited

Campus Residence S.r.l.

#### Name of Directors

Chew Hua Seng

Liu Ying Chun

Ho Kah Chuan Kenneth

Liu Ying Chun

Mok Kam Wah

Tho Kwai Kuan

Chew Han Wei

Liu Ying Chun

Chew Han Wei

Liu Ying Chun

Chew Han Wei

Liu Ying Chun

## REPORT OF DIRECTORS

### DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS OR CONTRACTS OF SIGNIFICANCE

Save as otherwise disclosed, no Director had a material interest, either directly or indirectly, in any transactions, arrangements or contracts of significance to the business of the Group to which the Company or its holding company or any of its subsidiaries or fellow subsidiaries was a party during the Year.

### MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

No contracts, other than a contract of service with any Director or any person under the full employment of the Company, concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company were entered into or existed during the Year.

### RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

A summary of the related party transactions entered into by the Group during the Year is contained in note 30 to the financial statements. Certain related party transactions set out in note 30 to the financial statements are regarded as connected transactions and continuing connected transactions of the Company under Chapter 20 of the GEM Listing Rules. Details of such transactions are set out in the section headed “**Connected Transactions and Continuing Connected Transactions**” below.

### CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS AND CONTINUING CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

- 1) On July 7, 2016, a general meeting of the Shareholders was held at which the resolutions regarding (i) the acquisition agreements entered into between OUC Malaysia, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, and Ms. Doris Chung Gim Lian (“**Ms. Chung**”), the wife of Mr. Chew, the Chairman and an executive Director, and Evergreen Plus Sdn. Bhd. (“**Evergreen Plus**”) which is owned as to 99% by Ms. Chung and as to 1% by Madam Yeo Geok Siew (the mother-in-law of Mr. Chew) in relation to the Group’s acquisitions of lands and properties in Malaysia (the “**Acquisition**”); and (ii) the tenancy agreements entered into between Ms. Chung and Evergreen Plus, respectively as landlord, and Raffles College, a company owned as to 49% by Raffles Education Corporation Limited (“**REC**”) which is the immediate holding company of the Company as tenant for the lease of the above properties (the “**Tenancy Agreements**”) were passed by the Shareholders thereat. For further information, please refer to the Company’s announcements dated May 30, 2016, June 5, 2016 and July 7, 2016 and circular dated June 20, 2016.

Upon completion of the Acquisition, OUC Malaysia has been the landlord of the above properties. Since (i) REC is a substantial shareholder of the Company, it is regarded as a connected person of the Company; and (ii) REC controls at least 30% of the issued shares and voting rights at general meetings of Raffles College, Raffles College is an associate of REC and therefore a connected person of the Company, Accordingly, the transactions contemplated under the Tenancy Agreements are considered to be continuing connected transactions under the GEM Listing Rules, which need to be disclosed herein in compliance with the requirements under Chapter 20 of the GEM Listing Rules.



## REPORT OF DIRECTORS

- 2) On June 30, 2017, the Company (as the subscriber) entered into a subscription agreement with 4 Vallees Pte. Ltd. (“4 Vallees”) (as the issuer) and REC, which is the immediate holding company of the Company (as the covenantor) (the “**Subscription Agreement**”), pursuant to which the Company shall conditionally subscribe for, and 4 Vallees shall conditionally allot and issue, a total of 4,508,151 new shares in the share capital of 4 Vallees representing approximately 13.58% of the issued share capital of 4 Vallees on an enlarged basis at the total subscription price of SGD5,421,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$30,000,000) (the “**Subscription**”). The Company, REC and 4 Vallees executed the side letters on August 31, 2017, October 20, 2017 and November 21, 2017 to extend the Long Stop Date (as defined in the Subscription Agreement) to October 20, 2017, November 21, 2017 and December 21, 2017, respectively.

Before the Subscription, REC and the Company owned 87.23% and 12.77% of the equity interest in 4 Vallees, respectively. As REC is the controlling shareholder (as defined in the GEM Listing Rules) of each of the Company and 4 Vallees, the further disposal of 13.58% of the equity interest in 4 Vallees by REC to the Company was a connected transaction of the Company under the GEM Listing Rules. On December 15, 2017, a general meeting of the Shareholders was held, at which the resolution regarding the Subscription was passed by the Shareholders. Upon completion, the Company owned in aggregate 8,172,151 shares in 4 Vallees, representing approximately 24.61% of the issued share capital of 4 Vallees. For further information, please refer to the Company’s announcements dated June 30, 2017, July 31, 2017, August 15, 2017, August 31, 2017, September 15, 2017, October 20, 2017, November 21, 2017 and December 15, 2017 and circular dated November 29, 2017.

Except for the above, the Group had not entered into any transactions constituted connected transactions (including continuing connected transactions) which are subject to the disclosure requirements under Chapter 20 of the GEM Listing Rules.

## ANNUAL REVIEW OF CONTINUING CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

The INEDs have reviewed the above continuing connected transactions for the Year and confirmed that the above continuing connected transactions were entered into:

1. in the ordinary and usual course of business of the Group;
2. on normal commercial terms or better; and
3. in accordance with the terms of the agreements governing the continuing connected transactions (i.e. the Tenancy Agreements) that are fair and reasonable and in the interests of the Company and the Shareholders as a whole.

BDO Limited (“**BDO**”), Certified Public Accountants, the Company’s independent auditor (the “**Independent Auditor**”), were engaged to report on the Group’s continuing connected transactions in accordance with Hong Kong Standard on Assurance Engagements 3000 (Revised), Assurance Engagements Other Than Audits or Reviews of Historical Financial Information and by reference to Practice Note 740 “**Auditor’s Letter on Continuing Connected Transactions under Hong Kong Listing Rules**” issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. BDO has issued their confirmation letter to the Board containing their findings and conclusions in respect of the Group’s continuing connected transactions disclosed above in accordance with Rule 20.54 of the GEM Listing Rules.

## REPORT OF DIRECTORS

### SHAREHOLDER'S INTERESTS IN CONTRACTS OF SIGNIFICANCE

REC, the controlling shareholder (as defined by the GEM Listing Rules) of the Company, has confirmed that save for its shareholding in the Company, it is neither engaged nor interested in any business which, directly or indirectly, competes or may compete with the Group's business (save as disclosed under the heading "Excluded Businesses" in the section headed "History and Development-Post-Reorganization" of the Company's prospectus dated December 31, 2014 (the "Prospectus")).

### CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS IN CONTRACTS

Save as disclosed in Note 30 to the consolidated financial statements, there was no contract of significance (whether for the provision of services to the Group or not) in relation to the Group's business to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries was a party and in which any controlling shareholder (as defined in the GEM Listing Rules) of the Company or any of its subsidiaries had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the Year or at any time during the Year.

### DEED OF NON-COMPETITION

On December 22, 2014, REC entered into a deed of non-competition and call option in favour of the Company, pursuant to which it has undertaken not to compete with the business of the Company. For further details, please refer to the sub-section headed "Deed of Non-Compete" in the section headed "Relationship with the Controlling Shareholder" of the Prospectus.

REC has made an annual written declaration as to the compliance with the non-competition undertakings in the Deed of Non-Compete (the "Undertakings"). The INEDs have reviewed the same as part of the annual review process and noted that: (a) REC declared that it had fully complied with the Undertakings for the Year; (b) no new competing business was reported by REC during the Year; and (c) there was no particular situation rendering the full compliance of the Undertakings being questionable. In view of the above, the INEDs confirmed that all of the Undertakings were complied with by REC for the Year.

### DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN COMPETING BUSINESS

The Directors have confirmed that saved as disclosed above, as at June 30, 2018, none of the Directors, controlling shareholders or substantial shareholders (as defined in the GEM Listing Rules) of the Company, directors of the Company's subsidiaries or any of their respective close associates (as defined in the GEM Listing Rules) has interest in any business (other than the Group) which, directly or indirectly, competed or might compete with the Group's business.

### BUSINESS REVIEW

Information about a fair review of, and an indication of likely future development in, the Group's business is set out in the "Chairman's Statement" and "Management Discussion and Analysis" of this annual report.

As regards the principal risks and uncertainties facing the Group, please refer to the section headed "Risk Factors" contained on pages 43 to 69 of the Prospectus.

## REPORT OF DIRECTORS

Save for stated below, the Company was not aware of any non-compliance with any relevant laws and regulations that had a significant impact on it:-

1. Breach of Rule 17.78(1) of the GEM Listing Rules pertaining to the alteration of book closing dates, notice of which shall be given at least five business days before such alteration.

The book closure dates for an interim dividend of HK4.0 cents per Share for the six months ended December 31, 2017 (the “**Interim Book Closure Dates**”) was announced on January 23, 2018 and the change of the Interim Book Closure Dates from March 23, 2018 to July 20, 2018 was announced on March 20, 2018 which was less than five business days before the commencement date of the change.

2. Deviation from the provision of the Companies Ordinance, relating to the payment to the Shareholders of a final dividend of HK4.0 cents per Share for the year ended June 30, 2017 on November 10, 2017.

The Company is an investment holding company and it carries on all of its business through its operating subsidiaries in the PRC and Malaysia. The Company had accumulated losses as at June 30, 2017. Although the Group was profitable but the Company itself was unable to pay dividends or undertake any corporate exercise, which required the use of distributable reserves while the accumulated losses existed.

The Board does not identify any important events affecting the Group that have occurred since the end of the Year.

## DIRECTORS’ AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE’S INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES

As at June 30, 2018, the interests or short positions of the Directors and the chief executive of the Company in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance, Chapter 571 of the laws of Hong Kong (the “SFO”), which were required: (a) to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests and short positions which they were taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO), or (b) pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, to be entered in the register as referred to therein, or (c) pursuant to Rules 5.46 to 5.67 of the GEM Listing Rules, to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange were as follows:-

### Long positions

#### (a) Shares in the Company

Name of Director	Capacity/Nature of interest	Number of issued Shares held	Percentage of shareholding <sup>(Note 2)</sup>
Mr. Chew Hua Seng (“Mr. Chew”) <sup>(Note 1)</sup>	Interest of a controlled corporation / Corporate interest	135,000,000	75%

#### Notes:

- (1) Details of the interest in the Company held by Mr. Chew, the Chairman and an executive Director, through REC are set out in the section headed “Substantial Shareholders’ and Other Persons’ Interests and Short Positions in Shares and Underlying Shares” below.
- (2) The percentage of shareholding was calculated based on the Company’s total number of issued Shares as at June 30, 2018 (i.e. 180,000,000 Shares).

## REPORT OF DIRECTORS

### (b) Shares in associated corporation of the Company

Name of Director	Name of associated corporation	Nature of interests	Number of issued shares held	Appropriate percentage of shareholding
Mr. Chew	REC <sup>(Note 1)</sup>	Beneficial owner and interest of spouse	462,907,764	33.58% <sup>(Note 2)</sup>

*Notes:*

- (1) REC, a company incorporated in Singapore and listed on the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited, is the immediate holding company of the Company.
- (2) It includes (a) the 2.47% interest of Ms. Doris Chung Gim Lian (“Ms. Chung”), the wife of Mr. Chew; and (b) the 9.93% joint interest of Mr. Chew and Ms. Chung.

Save as disclosed above, as at June 30, 2018, none of the Directors or the chief executive of the Company had any interests or short positions in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO), which were required to be recorded in the register required to be kept under section 352 of the SFO or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Rules 5.46 to 5.67 of the GEM Listing Rules.

### SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS’ AND OTHER PERSONS’ INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES

As at June 30, 2018, so far as it was known by or otherwise notified to any Directors or the chief executive of the Company, the particulars of the corporations which or persons who (other than a Director or the chief executive of the Company) had 5% or more interests in the Shares and the underlying Shares as recorded in the register required to be kept under section 336 of the SFO were as follows:-

#### Long positions in the Shares

Name of Shareholders	Capacity/Nature of interest	Number of issued Shares held	Percentage of shareholding <sup>(Note 2)</sup>
REC <sup>(Note 1)</sup>	Beneficial owner / Personal interest	135,000,000	75%
Ms. Chung <sup>(Note 1)</sup>	Interest of spouse / Family interest	135,000,000	75%

*Notes:*

1. REC is owned as to (a) 21.17% by Mr. Chew, the Chairman and an executive Director; (b) 9.93% jointly by Mr. Chew and Ms. Chung, the wife of Mr. Chew; and (c) 2.47% by Ms. Chung. Under the SFO, Mr. Chew is deemed to be interested in the Shares in which REC is interested, and Ms. Chung is deemed to be interested and the Shares in which Mr. Chew is interested and is deemed to be interested. In addition, Mr. Chew is a director of REC.
2. The percentage of shareholding was calculated based on the Company’s total number of issued Shares as at June 30, 2018 (i.e. 180,000,000 Shares).

## REPORT OF DIRECTORS

Save as disclosed above, as at June 30, 2018, so far as it was known by or otherwise notified to the Directors or the chief executive of the Company, no other corporations or persons (other than a Director or the chief executive of the Company) had interest or short positions in the Shares and the underlying Shares as recorded in the register required to be kept under section 336 of the SFO.

### COMPLIANCE WITH THE CORPORATE GOVERNANCE CODE

A corporate governance report containing the principal corporate governance practices adopted by the Group is set out on pages 33 to 44 of this annual report.

The compliance officer of the Company is Mr. Liu Ying Chun whose biographical details are set out on page 12 of this annual report. The Company Secretary is Mr. Kwok Siu Man, a fellow member of The Hong Kong Institute of Chartered Secretaries, whose brief particulars are set out under the section headed “COMPANY SECRETARY” of the corporate governance report on page 42.

### USE OF PROCEEDS FROM THE COMPANY’S PLACING

Please refer to section headed “USE OF PROCEEDS FROM THE COMPANY’S PLACING” set out in the “Management Discussion and Analysis” of this annual report for details.

### INTEREST OF THE COMPLIANCE ADVISER

As at April 30, 2018, as notified by the Company’s compliance adviser, BNP Paribas Securities (Asia) Limited (the “Compliance Adviser”), except for the Compliance Adviser agreement dated December 14, 2017 for the six months from November 1, 2017 to April 30, 2018 and entered into between the Company and the Compliance Adviser, neither the Compliance Adviser nor its directors, employees or close associates (as defined in the GEM Listing Rules) had any interests in the securities of the Company, which is required to be notified to the Company pursuant to Rule 6A.32 of the GEM Listing Rules for the above period. The Compliance Adviser agreement was terminated on April 30, 2018.

### SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The Company conditionally approved and adopted the Share Option Scheme on December 17, 2014, which became effective on January 16, 2015 (the “Listing Date”). The following is a summary of the principal terms of the Share Option Scheme:

#### (a) Purpose of the Share Option Scheme

The purpose of the Share Option Scheme is to provide an incentive or reward for the Eligible Participants (defined below) for their contribution or potential contribution to the Company and/or any of its subsidiaries.

#### (b) Participants of the Share Option Scheme

The Directors may, subject to and in accordance with the provisions of the Share Option Scheme and the GEM Listing Rules, at its discretion, grant options to any full-time or part-time employees, consultants or potential employees, consultants, executives or officers (including executive, non-executive and independent non-executive directors) of the Company or its subsidiaries, and any suppliers, customers, consultants, agents and advisers, who in the absolute discretion of the Directors has contributed or will contribute to the Group (collectively, the “Eligible Participants”).

## REPORT OF DIRECTORS

### (c) Maximum number of Shares available for subscription

The maximum number of the Shares in respect of which options may be granted under the Share Option Scheme and any other share option schemes of the Company shall not in aggregate exceed the number of the Shares that shall represent 10% of the total number of the Shares in issue immediately upon completion of the listing of the Company on GEM (the “Scheme Mandate Limit”), which is 18,000,000 Shares. For the purpose of calculating the Scheme Mandate Limit, options which have lapsed in accordance with the terms of the relevant scheme shall not be counted.

The maximum limit on the number of the Shares which may be issued upon exercise of all outstanding options granted and yet to be exercised under the Share Option Scheme and any other share option schemes of the Company must not exceed such number of the Shares as shall represent 30% of the Shares in issue from time to time. No options may be granted if such grant will result in this 30% limit being exceeded.

As at the date of this report, there was no outstanding option under the Share Option Scheme, and the outstanding number of options available for grant under the Share Option Scheme was such number of options, upon exercise, representing 10% of the issued Shares.

### (d) Grant to connected persons, substantial shareholders and independent non-executive directors of the Company

Any grant of options to a connected person (as defined by the GEM Listing Rules) of the Company must be approved by all the INEDs (excluding any INED who is also a proposed grantee of the options, the vote of such INED shall not be counted for the purposes of approving the grant).

Any grant of options to a substantial shareholder or an INED or any of their respective associates shall be subject to, in addition to the approval of the INEDs, the issue of a circular by the Company to its Shareholders and the approval of the Shareholders in general meeting if the Shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of all options already granted and proposed to be granted to him (whether exercised, cancelled or outstanding) in the 12-month period up to and including the date of offer of grant of the option (the “Offer Date”):

- (i) would represent in aggregate more than 0.1%, or such other percentage as may from time to time be provided under the GEM Listing Rules, of the Shares in issue on the Offer Date; and
- (ii) would have an aggregate value, based on the official closing price of the Shares as stated in the daily quotation sheets of the Stock Exchange on the offer Date, in excess of HK\$5,000,000 (or such other amount as shall be permissible under the GEM Listing Rules from time to time).

### (e) Grant to Eligible Participants other than parties mentioned above

- (i) Subject to below paragraph (ii), no Eligible Participant (other than parties mentioned in above paragraph (d)) shall be granted an Option if exercised in full, would result in the total number of Shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of the options granted to such Eligible Participant (other than parties mentioned in above paragraph (d)) (including both exercised and outstanding options) in any 12-month period exceeding 1% of the total number of Shares in issue.

## REPORT OF DIRECTORS

- (ii) Where any further grant of options to an Eligible Participant (other than parties mentioned in above paragraph (d)), if exercised in full, would result in the total number of Shares already issued or to be issued upon exercise of all options granted and to be granted to such Eligible Participant (other than parties mentioned in above paragraph (d)) (including exercised, cancelled and outstanding options) in any 12-month period up to and including the date of such further grant exceeding 1% of the total number of Shares in issue, such further grant must be separately approved by the Shareholders in general meeting with such Eligible Participant (other than parties mentioned in above paragraph (d)) and his close associates abstaining from voting. Our Company must send a circular to the Shareholders and the circular must disclose the identity of the Eligible Participant (other than parties mentioned in above paragraph (d)), the number and terms of the options to be granted and options previously granted to such Eligible Participant (other than parties mentioned in above paragraph (d)) and the information required under the GEM Listing Rules.

### (f) Exercise price

The price per Share at which a grantee may subscribe for Shares upon exercise of an option shall, subject to any adjustment resulting from the alteration of the number of the issued Shares, be a price determined by the Directors but in any event shall be at least the highest of:

- (i) the official closing price of the Shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheets on the Offer Date; and
- (ii) the average of the closing prices of the Shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheets for the five trading days immediately preceding the Offer Date.

### (g) Acceptance and payment on acceptance of option offer

An option may be accepted by an Eligible Participant within 30 days from the Offer Date.

A consideration of HK\$1.00 is payable on acceptance of the offer of the grant of an option.

### (h) Life of the Share Option Scheme

The Share Option Scheme shall be valid and effective for a period commencing on the Listing Date and ending on the tenth anniversary of the Listing Date (both days inclusive), after which time no further option will be granted but the provisions of the Share Option Scheme shall remain in full force and effect in all other respects to the extent necessary to give effect to the exercise of any options granted prior thereto or otherwise as may be required in accordance with the provisions of the Share Option Scheme and the options granted prior thereto but not yet exercised shall continue to be valid and exercisable in accordance with the Share Option Scheme.

No options were granted since the Listing Date. Therefore, no options were exercised or cancelled or lapsed during the Year and there were no outstanding options under the Share Option Scheme as at June 30, 2018.

## REPORT OF DIRECTORS

### ARRANGEMENT FOR DIRECTORS TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

At no time during the Year was the Company or any of its subsidiaries, fellow subsidiaries and holding company a part to any arrangement to enable the Director to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate.

### PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISION

The Company has arranged for appropriate insurance for the Directors' and officers' liabilities in respect of legal actions against its Directors and senior management arising out of corporate activities. The permitted indemnity provision is in force for the benefit of the Directors as required by section 470 of the Companies Ordinance when this report prepared by the Directors is approved in accordance with section 391(1)(a) of the above Companies Ordinance.

### ENVIRONMENTAL POLICY

The Group is committed to nurturing its staff to care about and protect the environment. It conducts its business in a manner that balances the environment and economic needs.

The Group complies with all relevant environment regulations. It works with its partners including customers and suppliers in a connected effort to operate in an environmentally responsible manner by making concerted efforts to be energy-efficient and to practice "Reduce, Reuse and Recycle".

Among others, the Group has taken the following initiatives:-

- Performed minimal renovations, by re-using existing flooring, furniture etc., during the Year.
- Works closely with various local governments in Langfang city, Hebei Province, the PRC to help them promote environment protection strategies.
- Promotes the knowledge of environmental protection to students and staff in its campus and advocates students therein to sort their trash into separate bins.
- Saves power by implementing automatic lights off during non-business hours and providing manual override switches for all non-emergency lighting.
- Adjusts the heat supply system to low settings during the winter vacation period.



## REPORT OF DIRECTORS

### RELATIONSHIPS WITH EMPLOYEES, SUPPLIERS AND CUSTOMERS

#### Employees

All of the Group's employees work in the campus site, owned by the Group, housing the colleges, universities, schools, education training centres and corporate entities that lease education facilities from the Group (the "Contract Colleges"), located in the Oriental University City in Langfang Economic and Technology Development Zone in Langfang city, Hebei Province, the PRC (the "Campus Site"). They perform management, administration and human resources, operation, finance and investors' relation functions respectively. The Group determines the remuneration of its employees by reference to the market salary of their individual experience and performance. The Group will continue to improve and upgrade their management and professional skills. None of the Group's employees is represented by any collective bargaining agreement or labour union. The Group has not experienced any significant problem with its employees or disruption to its operations due to labour dispute, nor has the Group experienced any difficulties in the recruitment and retention of experienced staff.

#### Suppliers

The Group's suppliers provide the Group with a range of services associated with the management and maintenance of the Campus Site, mainly including cleaning, gardening, building maintenance and refurbishing, and campus security. The Directors believe that the Group is able to get access to the service of the suppliers easily as they are all located in Langfang city. The Directors also believe that maintenance of a stable relationship with the Group's major suppliers is important to the Group's operations as this will enable a stable supply of services to the Campus Site.

The Group's property team is responsible for quality control over the selection and performance of the suppliers. In general, the said team selects and evaluates the suppliers based on their pricing, background, industry experience, reputation and ability to deliver quality services. The suppliers are sourced through a tender process for an aggregate contract amount that exceeds RMB50,000.

Apart from those suppliers for the building maintenance and refurbishing services which are determined on an individual project basis, the Group's relationships with other major suppliers are over five years on average. Although the Group does not enter into any long-term contracts with certain of its suppliers, the Group has established a long-term business relationship with them. The Group has not experienced any disruption in the supply of services by suppliers.

#### Customers

The Group's principal customers are the Contract Colleges. For the Year, the Group had nine Contract Colleges. Revenue from the five largest customers using the Group's education facilities, most of which were the Contract Colleges, accounted for over 90% of the Group's total revenue for the Year.

## **REPORT OF DIRECTORS**

### **EVENT AFTER REPORTING PERIOD**

The Group does not have any material subsequent event after the end of the Year and up to the date of this report.

### **CHANGE IN INDEPENDENT AUDITOR IN THE PROCEEDING THREE YEARS**

On May 8, 2015, PricewaterhouseCoopers (“PwC”) resigned as the Independent Auditor. BDO was appointed as the Independent Auditor with effect from May 20, 2015 to fill the casual vacancy following the resignation of PwC.

Save for the above, there has been no change in the Independent Auditor in any of the preceding three years.

### **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR**

The consolidated financial statements of the Group for the Year were audited by BDO, the Independent Auditor. BDO will retire, and being eligible, offer themselves for re-appointment at the 2018 AGM. A resolution for the re-appointment of BDO as the Independent Auditor will be proposed at the 2018 AGM.

On behalf of the Board

**Chew Hua Seng**  
*Chairman*

Singapore, August 15, 2018

## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

The Company is committed to fulfilling its responsibilities to its shareholders (the “Shareholders”) and protecting and enhancing Shareholder value through solid corporate governance.

The Company has complied with the code provisions as set out in the Corporate Governance Code (the “CG Code”) contained in Appendix 15 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the GEM of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the “Stock Exchange” and the “GEM Listing Rules”, respectively) during the year ended June 30, 2018 (the “Year”).

### CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

The Company has complied with provision A.2.1 of the CG Code, which stipulates that the roles of chairman and chief executive officer should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual. Mr. Chew Hua Seng as the chairman of the board of directors of the Company (the “Directors” and the “Chairman”, respectively) is responsible for overseeing the functions of the board of Directors (the “Board”) and formulating overall strategies and policies of the Company. The chief executive officer of the Company (the “CEO”), Mr. Liu Ying Chun, supported by the senior management, is responsible for managing the businesses of the Company and its subsidiaries (the “Group”), implementing major strategies as well as making day-to-day decisions and overall coordination for business operations.

### SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS BY DIRECTORS

The Company has adopted the required standard of dealings regarding securities transactions by the Directors as set out in Rules 5.48 to 5.67 of the GEM Listing Rules (the “Required Standard of Dealings”). The Company had made specific enquiries with all the Directors and each of them confirmed his compliance with the Required Standard of Dealings during the Year.

Specific employees who are likely to be in possession of unpublished price-sensitive information of the Group are also subject to compliance with the Required Standard of Dealings. No incident of non-compliance was noted by the Company during the Year.

### BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The overall management of the Company’s business is vested in the Board which assumes the responsibility for leadership and control of the Company and is collectively responsible for promoting the success of the Company by directing and supervising its affairs. All the Directors make decision objectively in the interests of the Company. The Board has the full support of the executive Directors and the senior management of the Company to discharge its responsibilities.

The day-to-day management, administration and operation of the Company are delegated to the CEO and the senior management. The delegated functions and work tasks are periodically reviewed. Approval has to be obtained from the Board prior to any significant transactions being entered into by the above mentioned officers.

## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

The Board also assumes the responsibilities for maintaining a high standard of corporate governance, including, among others, developing and reviewing the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance, reviewing and monitoring the Company's policies and practices in compliance with legal and regulatory requirements.

As at the date of this report, the Board comprises two executive Directors, one non-executive Director and three independent non-executive Directors (the "INEDs"). The Board delegates certain functions to committees to enable the Board to manage more effectively its stewardship and fiduciary responsibilities. The Board is assisted by four committees, namely the audit committee (the "Audit Committee"), the remuneration committee (the "Remuneration Committee"), the nomination committee (the "Nomination Committee") and the risk management committee (the "Risk Management Committee"). The composition of the Board and its committees are stated below and their respective responsibilities are discussed in this report.

	Board Member	Audit Committee	Remuneration Committee	Nomination Committee	Risk Management Committee
<i>Board of Directors</i>					
<i>Executive Directors</i>					
Mr. Chew Hua Seng ( <i>Chairman</i> )	✓		✓	✓	
Mr. Liu Ying Chun ( <i>CEO</i> )	✓				
<i>Non-executive Director</i>					
Mr. He Jun	✓				✓
<i>INEDs</i>					
Mr. Lam Bing Lun, Philip	✓	✓		✓	✓
Mr. Tan Yeow Hiang, Kenneth	✓	✓	✓	✓	
Mr. Wilson Teh Boon Piau	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

All Directors, including the INEDs, have brought a wide spectrum of valuable business experience, knowledge and professionalism to the Board for the efficient and effective delivery of the Board functions.

Please refer to the section headed "Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management" in this annual report for key information on each Director and member of the senior management.

There was no financial, business, family or other material relationship among the Directors.

The Non-executive Director was appointed for an initial term of three years commencing on January 16, 2014, which automatically continues thereafter until terminated by either party giving not less than three months' notice in writing to the other.

The INEDs were appointed for an initial term of three years commencing on December 23, 2014, which automatically continues thereafter until terminated by either party giving not less than three months' notice in writing to the other.

## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

### Independent Non-executive Directors

The Company had at least three INEDs and at least one of the INEDs had appropriate professional qualifications or accounting or related financial management expertise at all times during the Year. A written annual confirmation on independence as required by Rule 5.09 of the GEM Listing Rules has been received from each of the INEDs. The Company considers all of the INEDs to be independent.

### Board Meetings

The Board meets at least four times a year at approximately quarterly intervals and additional meetings will be convened as and when required. During the Year, four Board meetings as well as an annual general meeting (the “AGM”) and two general meetings (the “GM(s)”) of the Shareholders were held. Details of the attendance of the Directors are as follows:

Board of Directors	Attendance of		
	Board Meetings	AGM	GMs
<i>Executive Directors</i>			
Mr. Chew Hua Seng	4/4	1/1	2/2
Mr. Liu Ying Chun	4/4	1/1	2/2
<i>Non-executive Director</i>			
Mr. He Jun	4/4	1/1	2/2
<i>INEDs</i>			
Mr. Lam Bing Lun, Philip	4/4	1/1	2/2
Mr. Tan Yeow Hiang, Kenneth	4/4	1/1	2/2
Mr. Wilson Teh Boon Piaw	4/4	1/1	2/2

### BOARD DIVERSITY POLICY

The Board values diversity as a factor in selecting candidates to serve on the Board, and believes that the diversity which exists in its composition provides significant benefits to the Board and the Company.

The Board adopted a board diversity policy (the “**Board Diversity Policy**”) which relates to the selection of candidates for the Board. The Board believes that a key success factor of an effective Board is that it comprises a range and balance of skills, experience, knowledge and independence with individuals that work as a team. The Board Diversity Policy was adopted to ensure that diversity in its broadest sense continues to remain a feature of the Board.

The Nomination Committee has been delegated with the responsibilities for the review of the Board Diversity Policy on an annual basis.

## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

### Directors' Induction and Continuing Professional Development

Each newly appointed Director will receive formal, comprehensive and tailored induction on the first occasion of his/her appointment to ensure appropriate understanding of the business and operations of the Company and full awareness of the Director's responsibilities and obligations under the GEM Listing Rules and relevant statutory requirements. The Company is dedicated to arrange appropriate induction for the continuous professional development for all Directors at the Company's expenses to develop, replenish and refresh their knowledge and skills.

The Company will from time to time provide briefings to all Directors to develop and refresh the Directors' duties and responsibilities. All Directors are also encouraged to attend relevant training courses at the Company's expense.

During the Year, all Directors, namely Mr. Chew Hua Seng, Mr. Liu Ying Chun, Mr. He Jun, Mr. Lam Bing Lun, Philip, Mr. Tan Yeow Hiang, Kenneth and Mr. Wilson Teh Boon Piaw have participated in continuous professional development by attending conferences and internal training as regards corporate governance, laws, regulations and the GEM Listing Rules, or reading materials in the above areas and relevant to their duties, responsibilities and the Group's business in order to develop, refresh and update their knowledge and skills.

Training records for the Year have been provided by all Directors to the Company.

### Board Committees

The Board is supported by four Board committees. Each committee has its defined scope of duties and terms of reference and the committee members are empowered to make decisions on matters within their respective terms of reference.

#### (1) Audit Committee

The Company has established the Audit Committee with clear written terms of reference in compliance with the CG Code, which are posted on the respective websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company. The primary duties of the Audit Committee are (a) to review the Group's financial statements and annual, interim and quarterly reports; (b) to discuss and review with the independent auditor of the Company (the "Independent Auditor") on the scope and findings of the audit and the Independent Auditor's management letter; and (c) to review the financial and accounting policies and practices, financial controls and internal controls of the Group.

Currently, the Audit Committee has three members comprising all INEDs, namely Mr. Lam Bing Lun, Philip (chairman of the Audit Committee), Mr. Tan Yeow Hiang, Kenneth and Mr. Wilson Teh Boon Piaw.

## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

The Audit Committee held four meetings with the Independent Auditor during the Year to review and supervise the financial reporting process and system of internal controls and recommend the re-appointment of the Independent Auditor. It had, in conjunction with the Independent Auditor, reviewed the Group's audited annual results for the year ended June 30, 2017 and unaudited first quarterly results for the three months ended September 30, 2017, interim results for the six months ended December 31, 2017 and third quarterly results for the nine months ended March 31, 2018 and recommended the same to the Board for its consideration and approval. The Audit Committee was of the opinion that such results had been prepared in compliance with the applicable accounting standards and requirements and that adequate disclosure had been made. There was no disagreement between the Board and the Audit Committee on the selection and appointment of the Independent Auditor for the Year. The Audit Committee also carried out and discharged its other duties as set out in the CG Code.

The Audit Committee met on August 15, 2018 and among other matters, reviewed the Group's audited consolidated results for the Year.

The attendance of each INED at the Audit Committee meeting during the Year is as follow:

Members	Attendance
Mr. Lam Bing Lun, Philip ( <i>Chairman</i> )	4/4
Mr. Tan Yeow Hiang, Kenneth	4/4
Mr. Wilson Teh Boon Piaw	4/4

### (2) Remuneration Committee

The Company has established the Remuneration Committee according to the relevant provisions of the CG Code of the GEM Listing Rules with specific written terms of reference. Its primary duties are to (a) make recommendations to the Board on the Company's policy and structure for all remuneration of executive Directors and senior management and the remuneration of non-executive Directors; (b) establish formal and transparent procedures for developing a policy on remuneration; (c) review and approve the management's remuneration proposals by reference to the Board's corporate goals and objectives; and (d) make recommendations to the Board on the remuneration packages of individual executive Directors and senior management.

The Remuneration Committee presently comprises an executive Director Mr. Chew Hua Seng, and two INEDs, namely Mr. Wilson Teh Boon Piaw (chairman of the Remuneration Committee) and Mr. Tan Yeow Hiang, Kenneth.

During the Year, the Remuneration Committee held a meeting to, among others, assess the performance and remuneration of the executive Directors and discuss the policy for the remuneration of Directors and senior management.

## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

The attendance of each Director who was a member of the Remuneration Committee at the Remuneration Committee meeting during the Year is as follows:

Members	Attendance
Mr. Wilson Teh Boon Piaw ( <i>Chairman</i> )	1/1
Mr. Chew Hua Seng	1/1
Mr. Tan Yeow Hiang, Kenneth	1/1

The Remuneration Committee met on August 15, 2018 and among other matters, reviewed the remuneration package of all Directors and made recommendation to the Board on the remuneration proposal for all Directors and senior management.

### (3) Nomination Committee

The Company has established a Nomination Committee according to the relevant code provisions of the CG Code with specific written terms of reference which are posted on the respective websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company. Its primary duties are to: (a) review the structure, size and composition (including the skills, knowledge and experience) of the Board at least annually and make recommendations on any proposed changes to the Board to complement the Company's corporate strategy; (b) identify individuals suitably qualified to become Board members and select or make recommendations to the Board on the selection of individuals nominated for directorships; (c) assess the independence of the INEDs; and (d) make recommendations to the Board on the appointment or re-appointment of Directors and succession planning for Directors, in particular the Chairman and the CEO.

The Nomination Committee consists of four members, of which three are INEDs. The members of the Nomination Committee are Mr. Tan Yeow Hiang, Kenneth (chairman of the Nomination Committee), Mr. Lam Bing Lun, Philip, Mr. Wilson Teh Boon Piaw (all INEDs) and Mr. Chew Hua Seng (an executive Director). The Nomination Committee determines the policy for the nomination of Directors, the nomination procedures, process and criteria adopted in the selection and recommendation of candidates for directorship.

During the Year, the Nomination Committee held a meeting and, among other matters, assessed the independence of the INEDs, recommended to the Board for consideration the re-appointment of all the retiring Directors as Directors as well as reviewed and assessed the Board composition on behalf of the Board taking into account the Board Diversity Policy.

In determining the Board's composition, the Nomination Committee has considered a number of aspects, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and education background, ethnicity, professional experience, skills, knowledge and length of service, which have been incorporated in the Board Diversity Policy. The Nomination Committee will also consider factors based on the Company's business model and specific needs from time to time in determining the optimum composition of the Board.



## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

The attendance of each Director who was a member of the Nomination Committee at the Nomination Committee meeting during the Year is as follows:

Members	Attendance
Mr. Tan Yeow Hiang, Kenneth ( <i>Chairman</i> )	1/1
Mr. Chew Hua Seng	1/1
Mr. Lam Bing Lun, Philip	1/1
Mr. Wilson Teh Boon Piaw	1/1

The Nomination Committee met on August 15, 2018 and, amongst other matters, recommended the re-appointment of all the retiring Directors at the forthcoming AGM.

### (4) Risk Management Committee

The Risk Management Committee currently consists of a non-executive Director Mr. He Jun (chairman of the Risk Management Committee), and two INEDs, namely Mr. Lam Bing Lun, Philip and Mr. Wilson Teh Boon Piaw.

The primary duties of the Risk Management Committee are to formulate the appropriate framework, system and policies for managing risks relating to the activities of the Group, and to provide support to the Board on proposed strategic transactions by focusing on risk aspects and implications of the risks for the Group.

During the Year, the Risk Management Committee held two meetings to review the risk management system and discuss risk management-related matters. The terms of reference of the Risk Management Committee have been revised and adopted by the Board on October 27, 2015.

The attendance of each Director who was a member of the Risk Management Committee at the Risk Management Committee meeting during the Year is as follow:

Members	Attendance
Mr. He Jun ( <i>Chairman</i> )	2/2
Mr. Lam Bing Lun, Philip	2/2
Mr. Wilson Teh Boon Piaw	2/2

## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE FUNCTION

The Company has not set up a corporate governance committee and the Board is, therefore, collectively responsible for developing and putting in place policies and practices to ensure compliance with the provisions of the CG Code, for the training and continuous professional development of the Directors and senior management, for the compliance with legal and regulatory requirements, etc.

During the Year, the Board has reviewed the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance as well as the corporate governance report contained in the Company's 2017 annual report in discharge of its corporate governance functions, ensuring compliance with the GEM Listing Rules.

## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

### REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Particulars of the Directors' remuneration for the Year are set out in note 10 to the financial statements. Pursuant to code provision B.1.5 of the CG Code, the remuneration of the members of the senior management (other than the Directors) whose particulars are contained in the section headed "Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management" in this annual report for the Year by band is set out below:

Remuneration band (in RMB)	Number of individuals
Nil to 500,000	3

### DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Directors acknowledge their responsibility for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements of the Group. In preparing the financial statements, the generally accepted accounting standards in Hong Kong have been adopted, appropriate accounting policies have been used and applied consistently, and reasonable and prudent judgments and estimates have been made.

The Board is not aware of any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions which may cast significant doubt over the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. Accordingly, the Board has continued to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements. The Independent Auditor's responsibilities are set out in the "Independent Auditor's Report" of this annual report.

### RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROLS

The Board has overall responsibility for the establishment, maintenance and review of the Group's systems of internal controls and risk management. The Company has an established risk framework under which it identifies risks relevant to the operations and activities of the Group, and assesses these risks in relation to their likelihood and potential impacts. The Group's internal control and risk management systems include a well-defined management structure with limits of authority, which is designed to achieve business objectives, safeguard assets against unauthorized use or disposition, ensure proper maintenance of books and records for the provision of reliable financial information for internal use or publication, and ensure compliance with relevant legislations and regulations. Such systems are designed to manage, rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives, and aims to provide a reasonable, as opposed to an absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss.

The Company does not have an internal audit department. The Board currently takes the view that there is no immediate need to set up an internal audit function in light of the size, nature and complexity of the Group's business. The need for an internal audit function will be reviewed from time to time. However, during the Year, the Company has engaged an external professional internal control consultant firm (the "Internal Control Consultant") to provide internal audit services to the Group on an annual basis. The internal audit report issued by the Internal Control Consultant was reviewed by the Audit Committee and the Board. No major issue was raised for improvement.

The Board has through the Audit Committee and Risk Management Committee reviewed, and is satisfied with, the effectiveness of the systems of internal controls and risk management of the Group.

## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

### DISCLOSURE OF INSIDE INFORMATION

The Group acknowledges its responsibilities under the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Chapter 571 of the laws of Hong Kong) and the GEM Listing Rules and the overriding principle that inside information should be announced immediately when it is the subject of a decision. The procedures and internal controls for the handling and dissemination of inside information are as follows:

- the Group conducts its affairs with close regard to the disclosure requirement under the GEM Listing Rules as well as the “Guidelines on Disclosure of Inside Information” published by the Securities and Futures Commission of Hong Kong in June 2012;
- the Group has implemented and disclosed its policy on fair disclosure by pursuing broad, non-exclusive distribution of information to the public through channels such as financial reporting, public announcements and its website;
- the Group has strictly prohibited unauthorized use of confidential or inside information; and
- the Group has established and implemented procedures for responding to external enquiries about the Group’s affairs, so that only the executive Directors, the Company Secretary and investor relations officers are authorized to communicate with parties outside the Group.

### REMUNERATION OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR

The consolidated financial statements for the Year were audited by BDO Limited (“BDO”) whose term of office will expire at the forthcoming AGM. The Audit Committee has recommended to the Board that BDO be nominated for re-appointment as Independent Auditor at the forthcoming AGM.

The remuneration paid/payable to BDO in respect of the Year is set out below:

Services	Fee paid/payable (RMB)
<b>Assurance services</b>	
Auditing of financial statements	
– BDO	785,000

## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

### COMPANY SECRETARY

The company secretary of the Company (the “**Company Secretary**”) is Mr. Kwok Siu Man (“**Mr. Kwok**”), who has been appointed by the Board since September 30, 2013 and has been so nominated by Boardroom Corporate Service (HK) Limited (“**Boardroom**”) under an engagement letter entered into between the Company and Boardroom. The primary persons of the Company with whom Mr. Kwok has been contacting are Mr. Zhang Jianguang, director of the human resource and administration and Mr. Leong Aik Huat, financial controller, in relation to corporate secretarial matters. As Mr. Kwok was first appointed as the company secretary of a Hong Kong Hang Seng Index constituent stock company in 1991 and has been acting in such capacity for a number of other reputable companies listed on the Stock Exchange for a substantial amount of time. Since then, he was not required to have at least 15 hours of relevant continuous professional development training under the GEM Listing Rules for each of five consecutive years from 2012. Mr. Kwok had received no less than 15 hours of relevant professional training in compliance with Rule 5.15 of the GEM Listing Rules during the Year.

### COMMUNICATION WITH SHAREHOLDERS

The Company communicates with the Shareholders and the potential investors of the Company (the “**Investors**”) mainly in the following ways:

- i the holding of AGMs and GMs, if any, which may be convened for specific purpose and provide opportunities for the Shareholders and the Investors to communicate directly with the Board;
- ii the publication of quarterly, half-yearly and annual reports, announcements and/or circulars as required under the GEM Listing Rules and/or press releases of the Company providing updated information on the Group; and
- iii the latest information on the Group is available on the respective websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company.

### SHAREHOLDERS’ RIGHTS

#### Procedures for Shareholders to convene a GM

The following procedures for Shareholders to convene a GM are subject to the articles of association of the Company (the “**Articles of Association**”), and the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Chapter 622 of the laws of Hong Kong) (both as amended from time to time):

- i any one or more Shareholders representing at least 5 per cent. of the total voting rights of all the Shareholders having a right to vote at general meetings (the “**Eligible Shareholder(s)**”) may request the Board to call a GM;
- ii the request must state the general nature of the business to be dealt with at the meeting; and may include the text of a resolution that may properly be moved and is intended to be moved at the meeting (the “**Written Request**”). Such Written Request may consist of several documents in like form and be sent to the Company in hard copy form in accordance with item iii below or in electronic form (via email at zhangjianguang@oriental-university-city.com); and must be authenticated by the Eligible Shareholder(s) making it;

## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

- iii the Eligible Shareholder(s) who wish(es) to convene a GM must deposit a Written Request signed by the Eligible Shareholder(s) concerned to the registered office of the Company, presently located at 31st Floor, 148 Electric Road, North Point, Hong Kong and its principal place of business in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC") at No. 100 Zhangheng Road, Oriental University City, Langfang Economic & Technical Development Zone, Hebei Province 065001, the PRC for the attention of the Board and/or the Company Secretary;
- iv the Requisition must state clearly the name of the Eligible Shareholder(s) concerned, his/her/their shareholding, the reason(s) to convene a GM and the details of the business(es) proposed to be transacted at the GM, and must be signed by the Eligible Shareholder(s) concerned;
- v the Requisition will be verified with the share registrar of the Company and upon their confirmation that the Requisition is proper and in order, the Board will convene a GM by serving sufficient notice in accordance with the requirements under the Articles of Association to all the registered Shareholders. On the contrary, if the Requisition has been verified as not in order, the Eligible Shareholder(s) concerned will be advised of this outcome and accordingly, the Board will not call for a GM; and
- vi if within 21 days of the deposit of the Requisition, the Board fails to proceed to convene such GM, the Eligible Shareholder(s) himself/herself/themselves may do so, and all reasonable expenses incurred by the Eligible Shareholder(s) concerned as a result of the failure of the Board shall be reimbursed to the Eligible Shareholder(s) concerned by the Company.

### Procedures for Shareholders to put forward proposal at GM

Shareholder(s) representing at least 5 per cent. of the total voting rights of all Shareholders who have a relevant right to vote or at least 50 Shareholders who have a relevant right to vote may request the Company to circulate to the Shareholders entitled to receive notice of a GM, a resolution proposed and a statement of not more than 1,000 words with respect to a matter mentioned in a proposed resolution to be dealt with at that GM.

The request may be sent to the Company in hard copy at the Company's registered office and principal place of business in the PRC or in electronic form (via email at [zhangjianguang@oriental-university-city.com](mailto:zhangjianguang@oriental-university-city.com)); must identify the resolution and any statement to be circulated; and must be authenticated by the shareholder(s) making it.

### PROCEDURES FOR SHAREHOLDERS TO SEND ENQUIRIES TO THE BOARD

Shareholders may send their enquiries and concerns to the Board by addressing them to the registered office of the Company, presently located at 31st Floor, 148 Electric Road, North Point, Hong Kong by post or by email to Mr. Kwok Siu Man at [seaman.kwok@boardroomlimited.com](mailto:seaman.kwok@boardroomlimited.com) for the attention of the Company Secretary.

The Company treats all Shareholders fairly and equitably. At GMs and AGMs, the Shareholders are provided the opportunities to share their views and to meet the Board, including chairpersons of the Board committees and certain members of senior management.

## **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT**

### **INVESTOR RELATIONS**

The Company discloses all necessary information to the Shareholders in compliance with the GEM Listing Rules and applicable laws and regulations. Updated and key information of the Group is also available on the Company's website. The Company also replies the enquiries from the Shareholders timely. The Directors will host the AGM each year to meet the Shareholders and answer their enquiries.

### **CONSTITUTIONAL DOCUMENTS**

During the Year, there were no changes in the constitutional documents of the Company.

The Articles of Association is available on the respective websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company.

## ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT

### 1. ABOUT THIS REPORT

Oriental University City Holdings (H.K.) Limited (the “Group”) presents the Environmental, Social and Governance (“ESG”) Report (the “ESG Report”) for the year ended 30 June, 2018, which covers environmental and social impacts, policies of the Group and its major subsidiaries to demonstrate our continuous commitment to sustainability. Additional Information in relation to the Group’s corporate governance and financial performance can be found in our 2018 Annual Report.

This ESG report has been prepared in compliance with the “Environmental, Social and Governance Reporting Guide” (the “ESG Reporting Guide”) under Appendix 20 of the GEM Listing Rules 17.103 of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (“SEHK”). Those aspects and Key performance indicators (“KPI”) defined in the ESG Reporting Guide which are considered to be relevant and material to the Group’s businesses and operations will be presented under four subject areas, namely Environmental Protection, Employment and Labour practices, Operating Practices and Community Investment.

In order to define what are relevant and material to our business in relation to sustainability, the key is to understand what issues our stakeholders are mostly concerned with. We define our stakeholders as people who affect our business or who are affected by our business. Our stakeholders include the shareholders, employees, clients, suppliers, customers, environment and community. In our daily business, we actively exchange information with our stakeholders through our transparent platform while we are devoted to continuous improvement of our communication system. We are committed to maintain a long-term partnership with our stakeholders and are actively engaged in addressing their concerns with follow-up actions in a timely manner. If you, as one of our stakeholders, have any questions about the content of the ESG Report or comments on the Group’s sustainability issues, please contact us via [zhangjianguang@oriental-university-city.com](mailto:zhangjianguang@oriental-university-city.com).

### 2. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

#### 2.1 Corporate Environmental Policy

The Group endeavours to protect the environment throughout our operation, and achieve the economic sustainable development. The Group is committed to upholding high environmental standards to fulfill relevant requirements under applicable laws or ordinances during the operation of the business.

#### 2.2 Emissions

The Group upholds the principles of environmental protection management and is committed to the proper handling and disposal of all emissions and wastes. Specific measures have already been taken, which include:

- Maintaining an indoor temperature at an optional level for comfort;
- Installing LED lighting system in the offices. Saves power by implementing automatic lights off during non-business hours and providing manual override switch for all non-emergency lighting;

## ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT

- Encouraging the employees to switch off the computers and monitors when not utilized, setting office machines such as copiers and TV monitors to switch of automatically after office hours;
- Encouraging the employees to make the best use of modern telecommunication system to avoid unnecessary travel arrangement;
- Putting up signage emphasizing the importance of energy saving at offices are in place;
- Performed minimal renovations, by re-using existing flooring, furniture etc.;
- Works closely with various local governments in Langfang city, Hebei Province, to promote PRC environment protection strategies to our tenants; and
- Promotes the knowledge of environmental protection to students and staff in its campus and advocates students therein to sort their trash into separate bins.

### 2.3 NON-HAZARDOUS WASTES

In addition to energy saving initiatives, the Group also promotes other environmental friendly measures to endeavor to generate minimal non-hazardous waste (such as used paper and heat supply system) throughout our operation. For examples, adjusts the heat supply system to low settings during the winter vacation period to reduce heat waste ultimately. Furthermore, all employees are encouraged to reduce paper usage by using double-sided papers and by a frequent use of electronic information systems for material sharing or internal administrative documents as part of our environmental protection campaigns.

In the future, we will continue our commitment in environmental protection and strive to build a greener and healthier environment to fulfil our responsibilities as a member of the community we all live in.

## 3. EMPLOYMENT AND LABOUR PRACTICES

### 3.1 Compliance with Labour Laws

Employees are our valuable asset for our long-term operation and business development. Our employees are mainly located in the PRC. The Group safeguards the rights of our employees by strictly complying with the requirements of the Labour Law of the PRC, we have participated in welfare schemes concerning pension insurance, unemployment insurance, maternity insurance, occupational injury insurance and medical insurance in accordance with the local regulations including the Regulations on the Administration of Housing Provident Funds and the Social Insurance Law of the PRC.



## ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT

### 3.2 Training and Recruitment

We acknowledge the importance of training for the development of our employees. To ensure to provide high quality service for our customer, the Group offers professional training program to our employees including knowledge of their work, good manners, effective communication, human resources, firefighting and so on. Through education and training, the Group can enhance the employees' personal qualities, reinforce their skill-sets and keep up with the most advanced professional knowledge that their position may require.

The Group respect culture and individual diversity, we aim to uphold a fair and equitable human resource policy, in which quality and merit of the candidates are the most important elements to be assessed during the recruitment and promotion processes. The Group offers equal employment opportunities to different genders, age groups and nationalities such that a sound of diversify of human resources can be achieved.

### 3.3 Health and Work Safety

The Group is committed to providing and maintaining a safe and health working environment for all employees.

In order to strengthen employees' work safety awareness and to reduce number and severity of injuries and accidents, the Group has developed health and safety policies including prohibition of smoking in the workplace, abuse of alcohol and drugs, identification and prevention of risks and hazards in our campus, and follow-up actions for accidents or personal injuries. We require our employees to strictly adhere to and comply with such policies, which are set out in our employee handbook.

## 4. OPERATING PRACTICE

### 4.1 Supply Chain Management

As an university city, one of our missions is to provide high quality education facilities to our contract colleges. During our selection process for suppliers and contractors, we not only consider economical and commercial factors in the tendering processes but also make a serious assessment of their compliance with all the applicable laws and regulations; safeguard workers' health and safety; and mitigate environmental impacts. To maintain a good corporate control and governance, the Group has developed a series of management systems and procedures to be aligned with the Corporate Governance required by the Stock Exchange. In addition, the Group encourages all business partners to develop energy-saving and consumption-reducing policies in order to work together in our pursuit of sustainable development.

## ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT

### 4.2 Product Responsibility

The Group's main business is leasing education facilities, comprising primarily teaching buildings and dormitories to education institutions in the PRC and Malaysia. We endeavor to improve our educational facilities to provide a beautiful and livable campus to our Contract Colleges, and create a comfortable and harmonious environment for students.

### 4.3 Data Privacy

We ensure strict compliance with the statutory requirements to fully meet a high standard of security and confidentiality of personal data privacy protection. We highly respect personal data privacy and are firmly committed to preserving the data protection principles during our business operation. We require our employee to strictly follow full procedures of handling company confidential information set out in our confidentiality management policy handbook.

### 4.4 Anti-corruption

We aim to maintain the highest standards of openness, uprightness and accountability and all our staff are expected to observe the highest standards of ethical, personal and professional conduct. We do not tolerate corruption, bribery, extortion, money-laundering and other fraudulent activities in connection with any of our business operations.

In addition to the code of conduct on anti-bribery and anti-corruption mentioned in the Staff Manual, we have issued relevant whistle-blowing procedures in setting up a private communication channel on reporting suspicious fraudulent actions to the Company's management directly. Ongoing review of the effectiveness of the internal control systems is conducted on a regular basis in preventing the occurrence of corruption activities.

## 5. COMMUNITY CONTRIBUTION

The Group is committed to improving the society through continuous community involvement. We support the local community through different means including employee volunteering and personal donations. Both the Group and its employees have put their best effort in helping the local communities and people in need in the society.

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT



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### TO THE MEMBERS OF ORIENTAL UNIVERSITY CITY HOLDINGS (H.K.) LIMITED

(Incorporated in Hong Kong with limited liability)

#### OPINION

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Oriental University City Holdings (H.K.) Limited (the “Company”) and its subsidiaries (hereafter referred to as the “Group”) set out on pages 54 to 113, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2018, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 30 June 2018, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards (“HKFRSs”) issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the “HKICPA”) and have been properly prepared in compliance with the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

#### BASIS FOR OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing (“HKSA”) issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the “Auditor’s Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements” section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA’s “Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants” (the “Code”), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### KEY AUDIT MATTERS

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

### VALUATION OF INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

Refer to Notes 4(f), 5(a) and 15(a) to the consolidated financial statements.

The Group's investment properties were carried at fair value of RMB1,155,987,000 as at 30 June 2018 which was based on valuations performed by an independent firm of professionally qualified valuers.

Investment properties were significant to the consolidated financial statements of the Group. The valuation of investment properties requires significant judgement and estimation in determining the appropriate valuation methodology to be used and in estimating the underlying assumptions to be applied. There is a risk that the carrying amount of investment properties may be significantly changed if the valuation methodology adopted and the key assumptions applied by the valuers are varied.

### OUR RESPONSE:

During our audit, we conducted the following audit procedures, amongst others, to address this key audit matter:

- (i) Evaluating the competence, capabilities and objectivity of the external valuers;
- (ii) Considering the appropriateness of the methodology and assumptions adopted in the valuation with the assistance of our own valuation specialist;
- (iii) Checking, on a sample basis, the accuracy and relevance of the input data used; and
- (iv) Assessing the adequacy of the disclosures made in the consolidated financial statements in respect of the valuation of investment properties including the relationship between the key unobservable input and fair value.

### OTHER INFORMATION IN THE ANNUAL REPORT

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Management Discussion and Analysis (but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon), which we obtained prior to the date of this auditor's report, and Corporate Information, Chairman's Statement, Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management, Report of Directors, Corporate Governance Report, Environmental, Social and Governance Report, Investment Properties and Financial Summary, which are expected to be made available to us after that date.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed on the other information that we obtained prior to the date of this auditor's report, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

When we read Corporate Information, Chairman's Statement, Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management, Report of Directors, Corporate Governance Report, Environmental, Social and Governance Report, Investment Properties and Financial Summary, if we conclude that there is a material misstatement therein, we are required to communicate the matter to the Audit Committee and take appropriate action considering our legal rights and obligations.

### DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors of the Company are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The directors are also responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process. The Audit Committee assists the directors in discharging their responsibility in this regard.

### AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. This report is made solely to you, as a body, in accordance with Section 405 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

We communicate with the Audit Committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Audit Committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

**BDO Limited**

*Certified Public Accountants*

**Chan Tsz Hung**

Practising Certificate Number: P06693

Hong Kong, 15 August 2018

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

	Notes	2018 RMB' 000	2017 RMB' 000
Revenue	6	67,311	60,336
Government grants reversed, net	8	—	(21,015)
Employee costs	9	(2,496)	(2,304)
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	14	(339)	(350)
Fair value gains on investment properties	15	170,406	22,996
Business taxes and surcharges		(323)	(289)
Property taxes and land use taxes		(12,131)	(11,453)
Property management fee		(6,356)	(6,311)
Repairs and maintenance		(1,259)	(2,899)
Legal and consulting fees		(4,105)	(4,601)
Other gains/(losses), net	7	4,232	(1,641)
Other expenses		(3,095)	(861)
Impairment loss on trade receivables	19	—	(491)
Share of results of associates		9,008	5,072
Gain on de-recognition of an available-for-sale financial asset	17	1,335	—
Operating profit		222,188	36,189
Interest expense on bank borrowings		(2,585)	(879)
Interest income		545	38
Profit before income tax	8	220,148	35,348
Income tax	12	(55,402)	7,253
Profit for the year		164,746	42,601
<b>Other comprehensive income</b>			
Items that may be subsequently reclassified to profit or loss:			
Exchange differences from translation of foreign operations		254	(1)
Share of other comprehensive income of associates		(3,398)	1,985
Fair value (losses)/gains on available-for-sale financial asset, net	17	(793)	1,217
Reclassification adjustment on de-recognition of an available-for-sale financial asset	17	(1,335)	—
Other comprehensive income for the year		(5,272)	3,201
Total comprehensive income for the year		159,474	45,802



## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

	Note	2018 RMB' 000	2017 RMB' 000
<b>Profit attributable to</b>			
– Owners of the Company		163,223	42,193
– Non-controlling interests		1,523	408
		<u>164,746</u>	<u>42,601</u>
<b>Total comprehensive income attributable to</b>			
– Owners of the Company		157,951	45,394
– Non-controlling interests		1,523	408
		<u>159,474</u>	<u>45,802</u>
Earnings per share for profit attributable to the owners of the Company during the year	13		
– Basic (RMB per share)		<u>0.91</u>	<u>0.23</u>
– Diluted (RMB per share)		<u>0.91</u>	<u>0.23</u>

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

AS AT 30 JUNE 2018

	Notes	2018 RMB' 000	2017 RMB' 000
<b>Non-current assets</b>			
Property, plant and equipment	14	5,371	5,560
Investment properties	15	1,155,987	981,516
Interests in associates	16	77,928	30,862
Available-for-sale financial asset	17	—	18,869
Prepayments for purchase of property, plant and equipment, investment properties and other investment	18	28,295	51,636
Total non-current assets		<u>1,267,581</u>	<u>1,088,443</u>
<b>Current assets</b>			
Trade and other receivables	19	5,366	8,888
Pledged bank deposit	20	—	20,000
Cash and cash equivalents		26,562	14,278
Total current assets		<u>31,928</u>	<u>43,166</u>
<b>Current liabilities</b>			
Trade and other payables and accruals	21	16,831	15,529
Advances from customers		2,833	1,973
Bank borrowings, secured	22	2,266	19,316
Current tax liabilities		1,139	674
Total current liabilities		<u>23,069</u>	<u>37,492</u>
<b>Net current assets</b>		<u>8,859</u>	<u>5,674</u>
<b>Total assets less current liabilities</b>		<u>1,276,440</u>	<u>1,094,117</u>
<b>Non-current liabilities</b>			
Bank borrowings, secured	22	14,723	29,670
Deferred tax liabilities	23	112,071	60,907
Total non-current liabilities		<u>126,794</u>	<u>90,577</u>
<b>NET ASSETS</b>		<u><u>1,149,646</u></u>	<u><u>1,003,540</u></u>

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

AS AT 30 JUNE 2018

	Notes	2018 RMB' 000	2017 RMB' 000
<b>Capital and reserves attributable to owners of the Company</b>			
Share capital	24	290,136	411,936
Reserves	25	849,963	583,580
		<u>1,140,099</u>	<u>995,516</u>
<b>Non-controlling interests</b>		<u>9,547</u>	<u>8,024</u>
<b>TOTAL EQUITY</b>		<u><u>1,149,646</u></u>	<u><u>1,003,540</u></u>

On behalf of the Board

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**Chew Hua Seng**  
*Chairman and Executive Director*

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**Liu Ying Chun**  
*Chief Executive Officer and Executive Director*

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

	Reserves					Proposed final dividend RMB' 000	Equity attributable to owners of the Company RMB' 000	Non- controlling interests RMB' 000	Total RMB' 000
	Share capital RMB' 000 (Note 24)	Other reserves RMB' 000 (Note 25)	Available for-sale financial asset reserve RMB' 000 (Note 25)	Retained profits RMB' 000	Exchange reserve RMB' 000 (Note 25)				
Balance at 1 July 2016	411,936	(71,025)	911	613,423	1,390	6,166	962,801	7,616	970,417
Profit for the year	—	—	—	42,193	—	—	42,193	408	42,601
Exchange differences from translation of foreign operations	—	—	—	—	(1)	—	(1)	—	(1)
Share of other comprehensive income of an associate	—	—	—	—	1,985	—	1,985	—	1,985
Fair value gain on available-for-sale financial asset	—	—	1,217	—	—	—	1,217	—	1,217
Total comprehensive income for the year	—	—	1,217	42,193	1,984	—	45,394	408	45,802
2016 proposed final dividend paid	—	—	—	(132)	—	(6,166)	(6,298)	—	(6,298)
2017 interim dividend declared and paid (Note 26)	—	—	—	(6,381)	—	—	(6,381)	—	(6,381)
2017 proposed final dividend (Note 26)	—	—	—	(6,278)	—	6,278	—	—	—
Balance at 30 June 2017 and 1 July 2017	411,936	(71,025)	2,128	642,825	3,374	6,278	995,516	8,024	1,003,540
Profit for the year	—	—	—	163,223	—	—	163,223	1,523	164,746
Exchange differences from translation of foreign operations	—	—	—	—	254	—	254	—	254
Share of other comprehensive income of associates	—	—	—	—	(3,398)	—	(3,398)	—	(3,398)
Fair value losses on available-for-sale financial asset	—	—	(793)	—	—	—	(793)	—	(793)
Reclassification adjustment on de-recognition of an available-for-sale financial asset	—	—	(1,335)	—	—	—	(1,335)	—	(1,335)
Total comprehensive income for the year	—	—	(2,128)	163,223	(3,144)	—	157,951	1,523	159,474
Capital reduction (Note 24)	(121,800)	—	—	121,800	—	—	—	—	—
2017 proposed final dividend paid	—	—	—	159	—	(6,278)	(6,119)	—	(6,119)
2018 interim dividend declared (Note 26)	—	—	—	(7,249)	—	—	(7,249)	—	(7,249)
2018 proposed final dividend (Note 26)	—	—	—	(10,620)	—	10,620	—	—	—
Balance at 30 June 2018	290,136	(71,025)	—	910,138	230	10,620	1,140,099	9,547	1,149,646

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

	2018 RMB' 000	2017 RMB' 000
<b>Cash flows from operating activities</b>		
Profit before income tax	220,148	35,348
Adjustments for:		
Interest income	(545)	(38)
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	339	350
Fair value gains on investment properties	(170,406)	(22,996)
Share of results of associates	(9,008)	(5,072)
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	—	(146)
Gain on de-recognition of an available-for-sale financial asset	(1,335)	—
Government grants reversed	—	21,015
Unrealised net foreign exchange gains	(3,876)	—
<b>Operating profit before working capital changes</b>	<b>35,317</b>	<b>28,461</b>
Decrease in trade and other receivables	3,878	8,940
Decrease in trade and other payables and accruals	(5,995)	(3,383)
Increase in advance from customers	860	708
<b>Cash generated from operations</b>	<b>34,060</b>	<b>34,726</b>
Income taxes paid	(3,803)	(3,626)
<b>Net cash generated from operating activities</b>	<b>30,257</b>	<b>31,100</b>
<b>Cash flows from investing activities</b>		
Interest received	545	38
Decrease/(increase) in pledged bank deposit	20,000	(20,000)
Increase in prepayments for the purchase of property, plant and equipment, investment properties and other investment	(3,295)	(36,436)
Purchase of property, plant and equipment, investment properties and other investment	(1,886)	(1,770)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	—	172
Return of capital from an associate	7,775	—
Increase in amounts due from related companies included in other receivables	(356)	—
<b>Net cash generated from/(used in) investing activities</b>	<b>22,783</b>	<b>(57,996)</b>

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

	2018 RMB' 000	2017 RMB' 000
<b>Cash flows from financing activities</b>		
Proceeds from bank borrowings	12,229	49,382
Repayment of bank borrowings	(45,700)	(396)
Increase in amounts due to related companies included in other payables	48	—
Dividends paid	(6,119)	(12,679)
<b>Net cash (used in)/generated from financing activities</b>	<b>(39,542)</b>	<b>36,307</b>
<b>Net increase in cash and cash equivalents</b>	<b>13,498</b>	<b>9,411</b>
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	14,278	4,866
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes, net	(1,214)	1
<b>Cash and cash equivalents at end of year</b>	<b>26,562</b>	<b>14,278</b>
Analysis of the balances of cash and cash equivalents		
Cash at banks and in hand	26,562	14,278

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

30 JUNE 2018

### 1. GENERAL

Oriental University City Holdings (H.K.) Limited (the “Company”) is a limited liability company incorporated in Hong Kong. Its shares are listed on the GEM of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited. The addresses of the registered office and principal place of business of the Company are disclosed in the corporate information section in the annual report. The Group, comprising the Company and its subsidiaries, is mainly engaged in the provision of education facilities leasing services in the People’s Republic of China (the “PRC”) and Malaysia.

The directors of the Company consider that the Company’s ultimate parent is Raffles Education Corporation Limited (“REC”), a company incorporated in Singapore, whose shares are listed on Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited.

### 2. ADOPTION OF HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (“HKFRSs”)

#### (a) Adoption of new/revised HKFRSs – effective 1 July 2017

Amendments to HKAS 7	Disclosure Initiative
Amendments to HKAS 12	Recognition of Deferred Tax Assets for Unrealised Losses
Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2014-2016 Cycle	Amendments to HKFRS 12, Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities

Except as explained below, the adoption of these amendments has no material impact on the Group’s financial statements.

#### *Amendments to HKAS 7 Disclosure Initiative*

The amendments introduce an additional disclosure that will enable users of financial statements to evaluate changes in liabilities arising from financing activities.

The adoption of the amendments has led to the additional disclosure presented in note to the consolidated statement of cash flows, Note 35.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

30 JUNE 2018

### 2. ADOPTION OF HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (“HKFRSs”) – *continued*

#### (b) New/revised HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective

The following new/revised HKFRSs, potentially relevant to the Group’s financial statements, have been issued, but are not yet effective and have not been early adopted by the Group.

Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2014-2016 Cycle	Amendments to HKFRS 1 First-time adoption of Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards <sup>1</sup>
Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2014-2016 Cycle	Amendments to HKAS 28 Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures <sup>2</sup>
Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2015-2017 Cycle	Amendments to HKFRS 3 Business Combinations <sup>2</sup>
Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2015-2017 Cycle	Amendments to HKAS 12 Income Taxes <sup>2</sup>
Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2015-2017 Cycle	Amendments to HKAS 23 Borrowing Costs <sup>2</sup>
HKFRS 9	Financial Instruments <sup>1</sup>
Amendments to HKFRS 9	Prepayment Features with Negative Compensation <sup>2</sup>
HKFRS 15	Revenue from Contracts with Customers <sup>1</sup>
Amendments to HKFRS 15	Clarifications to HKFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers <sup>1</sup>
HKFRS 16	Leases <sup>2</sup>
Amendments to HKAS 40	Transfer of Investment Property <sup>2</sup>
HK(IFRIC) - Int 22	Foreign Currency Transactions and Advance Consideration <sup>1</sup>
HK(IFRIC) - Int 23	Uncertainty Over Income Tax Treatments <sup>2</sup>
Amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28	Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture <sup>3</sup>

1 Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018

2 Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2019

3 The amendments were originally intended to be effective for periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016. The effective date has now been deferred/removed. Early application of the amendments continue to be permitted.



## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

30 JUNE 2018

### 2. ADOPTION OF HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (“HKFRSs”) – *continued*

#### (b) New/revised HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective – *continued*

##### *Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2014-2016 Cycle - Amendments to HKFRS 1, First-time Adoption of Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards*

The amendments issued under the annual improvements process make small, non-urgent changes to standards where they are currently unclear. They include amendments to HKFRS 1, First-time Adoption of Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards, removing transition provision exemptions relating to accounting periods that had already passed and were therefore no longer applicable.

##### *Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2014-2016 Cycle - Amendments to HKAS 28, Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures*

The amendments issued under the annual improvements process make small, non-urgent changes to standards where they are currently unclear. They include amendments to HKAS 28, Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures, clarifying that a Venture Capital organisation’s permissible election to measure its associates or joint ventures at fair value is made separately for each associate or joint venture.

##### *HKFRS 9 – Financial Instruments*

HKFRS 9 introduces new requirements for the classification and measurement of financial assets. Debt instruments that are held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets in order to collect contractual cash flows (the business model test) and that have contractual terms that give rise to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding (the contractual cash flow characteristics test) are generally measured at amortised cost. Debt instruments that meet the contractual cash flow characteristics test are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (“FVTOCI”) if the objective of the entity’s business model is both to hold and collect the contractual cash flows and to sell the financial assets. Entities may make an irrevocable election at initial recognition to measure equity instruments that are not held for trading at FVTOCI. All other debt and equity instruments are measured at fair value through profit or loss (“FVTPL”).

HKFRS 9 includes a new expected loss impairment model for all financial assets not measured at FVTPL replacing the incurred loss model in HKAS 39 and new general hedge accounting requirements to allow entities to better reflect their risk management activities in financial statements.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

30 JUNE 2018

### 2. ADOPTION OF HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (“HKFRSs”) – *continued*

#### (b) New/revised HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective – *continued*

##### *HKFRS 9 – Financial Instruments – continued*

HKFRS 9 carries forward the recognition, classification and measurement requirements for financial liabilities from HKAS 39, except for financial liabilities designated at FVTPL, where the amount of change in fair value attributable to change in credit risk of the liability is recognised in other comprehensive income unless that would create or enlarge an accounting mismatch. In addition, HKFRS 9 retains the requirements in HKAS 39 for derecognition of financial assets and financial liabilities.

Based on the Group’s financial instruments and risk management policies as at 30 June 2018, the directors anticipate that the application of the expected credit loss model of HKFRS 9 may result in earlier recognition of credit losses on the Group’s financial assets measured at amortised cost taking into account the estimated credit risk of customers and other debtors the Group has business with and the actual impairment of receivables experienced. However, it is not practicable to provide a reasonable estimate of the effect of HKFRS 9 until the Group performs a detailed review.

##### *Amendments to HKFRS 9 – Prepayment Features with Negative Compensation*

The amendments clarify that prepayable financial assets with negative compensation can be measured at amortised cost or at fair value through other comprehensive income if specified conditions are met – instead of at fair value through profit or loss.

##### *HKFRS 15 – Revenue from Contracts with Customers*

The new standard establishes a single revenue recognition framework. The core principle of the framework is that an entity should recognise revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods and services. HKFRS 15 supersedes existing revenue recognition guidance including HKAS 18 Revenue, HKAS 11 Construction Contracts and related interpretations.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

30 JUNE 2018

### 2. ADOPTION OF HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (“HKFRSs”) – *continued*

#### (b) New/revised HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective – *continued*

*HKFRS 15 requires the application of a five-step approach to revenue recognition:*

- Step 1: Identify the contract(s) with a customer
- Step 2: Identify the performance obligations in the contract
- Step 3: Determine the transaction price
- Step 4: Allocate the transaction price to each performance obligation
- Step 5: Recognise revenue when each performance obligation is satisfied

HKFRS 15 includes specific guidance on particular revenue related topics that may change the current approach taken under HKFRSs. The standard also significantly enhances the qualitative and quantitative disclosures related to revenue.

Management has performed a preliminary assessment and expects that there is no material change on the revenue recognition in regard of timing and amount on adoption of HKFRS 15 for next financial year. HKFRS 15 is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018 and earlier application is permitted.

*Amendments to HKFRS 15 — Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Clarifications to HKFRS 15)*

The amendments to HKFRS 15 included clarifications on identification of performance obligations; application of principal versus agent; licenses of intellectual property; and transition requirements.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

30 JUNE 2018

### 2. ADOPTION OF HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (“HKFRSs”) – *continued*

#### (b) New/revised HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective – *continued*

##### *HKFRS 16 - Leases*

HKFRS 16, which upon the effective date will supersede HKAS 17 “Leases” and related interpretations, introduces a single lessee accounting model and requires a lessee to recognise assets and liabilities for all leases with a term of more than 12 months, unless the underlying asset is of low value. Specifically, under HKFRS 16, a lessee is required to recognise a right-of-use asset representing its right to use the underlying leased asset and a lease liability representing its obligation to make lease payments. Accordingly, a lessee should recognise depreciation of the right-of-use asset and interest on the lease liability, and also classifies cash repayments of the lease liability into a principal portion and an interest portion and presents them in the statement of cash flows. Also, the right-of-use asset and the lease liability are initially measured on a present value basis. The measurement includes non-cancellable lease payments and also includes payments to be made in optional periods if the lessee is reasonably certain to exercise an option to extend the lease, or not to exercise an option to terminate the lease. This accounting treatment is significantly different from the lessee accounting for leases that are classified as operating leases under the predecessor standard, HKAS 17.

In respect of the lessor accounting, HKFRS 16 substantially carries forward the lessor accounting requirements in HKAS 17. Accordingly, a lessor continues to classify its leases as operating leases or finance leases, and to account for those two types of leases differently.

##### *Amendments to HKAS 40 – Transfers of Investment Property*

The amendments provides guidance on deciding when there is a change in use to transfer a property to or from investment property. The amendments clarify that a change in use occurs when the property meets or ceases to meet the definition of investment property and there is evidence of the change in use.

The amendments also re-characterise the list of evidence provided in the standard as a non-exhaustive list of examples, i.e. other forms of evidence may support a transfer.

##### *HK(IFRIC) – Int 22 – Foreign Currency Transactions and Advance Consideration*

The Interpretation provides guidance on determining the date of the transaction for determining an exchange rate to use for transactions that involve advance consideration paid or received in a foreign currency and the recognition of a non-monetary asset or non-monetary liability. The Interpretations specifies that the date of the transaction for the purpose of determining the exchange rate to use on initial recognition of the related asset, expense or income (or part thereof) is the date on which the entity initially recognises the non-monetary asset or non-monetary liability arising from the payment or receipt of advance consideration.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

30 JUNE 2018

### 2. ADOPTION OF HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (“HKFRSs”) – *continued*

#### (b) New/revised HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective – *continued*

##### *HK(IFRIC) – Int 23 – Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatments*

The Interpretation supports the requirements of HKAS 12, Income Taxes, by providing guidance over how to reflect the effects of uncertainty in accounting for income taxes.

Under the Interpretation, the entity shall determine whether to consider each uncertain tax treatment separately or together based on which approach better predicts the resolution of the uncertainty. The entity shall also assume the tax authority will examine amounts that it has a right to examine and have full knowledge of all related information when making those examinations. If the entity determines it is probable that the tax authority will accept an uncertain tax treatment, then the entity should measure current and deferred tax in line with its tax filings. If the entity determines it is not probable, then the uncertainty in the determination of tax is reflected using either the “most likely amount” or the “expected value” approach, whichever better predicts the resolution of the uncertainty.

##### *Amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28 - Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture*

The amendments clarify the extent of gains or losses to be recognised when an entity sells or contributes assets to its associate or joint venture. When the transaction involves a business the gain or loss is recognised in full, conversely when the transaction involves assets that do not constitute a business the gain or loss is recognised only to the extent of the unrelated investors’ interests in the joint venture or associate.

Except as discussed above, the directors of the Company anticipate that the application of the other new and amendments to HKFRSs and interpretations will have no material impact on the financial statements of the Group in the future.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

30 JUNE 2018

### 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION

#### (a) Statement of compliance

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with all applicable HKFRSs, Hong Kong Accounting Standards (“HKASs”) and Interpretations (hereinafter collectively referred to as the “HKFRSs”) and the provisions of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance which concern the preparation of financial statements. In addition, the financial statements include applicable disclosures required by the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the GEM of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited.

#### (b) Basis of measurement

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost basis except for investment properties and certain financial instruments, which are measured at fair values as explained in the accounting policies set out below.

#### (c) Functional and presentation currency

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Renminbi (“RMB”), which is the same as the functional currency of the Company.

### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### (a) Subsidiary

##### *Consolidation*

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries made up to the end of reporting period. A subsidiary is an entity (including a structured entity) over which the Group has control. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. Subsidiary is consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. It is de-consolidated from the date that control ceases.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

30 JUNE 2018

### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – *continued*

#### (a) *Subsidiary – continued*

##### *Consolidation – continued*

##### (i) *Business combination*

The Group applies the acquisition method to account for business combinations. The consideration transferred for the acquisition of a subsidiary is the fair values of the assets transferred, the liabilities incurred to the former owners of the acquiree and the equity interests issued by the Group. The consideration transferred includes the fair value of any asset or liability resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement. Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date. The Group recognises any non-controlling interest in the acquiree on an acquisition-by-acquisition basis, either at fair value or at the non-controlling interest's proportionate share of the recognised amounts of acquiree's identifiable net assets.

Acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred.

If the business combination is achieved in stages, the acquisition-date carrying value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree is re-measured to fair value at the acquisition date; any gains or losses arising from such re-measurement are recognised in profit or loss.

Any contingent consideration to be transferred by the Group is recognised at fair value at the acquisition date. Subsequent changes to the fair value of the contingent consideration that is deemed to be an asset or liability is recognised in accordance with HKAS 39 either in profit or loss or as a change to other comprehensive income. Contingent consideration that is classified as equity is not remeasured, and its subsequent settlement is accounted for within equity.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

30 JUNE 2018

### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – *continued*

#### (a) *Subsidiary – continued*

##### *Consolidation – continued*

##### (i) *Business combination – continued*

The excess of the consideration transferred the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree and the acquisition-date fair value of any previous equity interest in the acquiree over the fair value of the identifiable net assets acquired is recorded as goodwill. If the total of consideration transferred, non-controlling interest recognised and previously held interest measured is less than the fair value of the net assets of the subsidiary acquired in the case of a bargain purchase, the difference is recognised directly in profit or loss.

Intra-group transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between group companies are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated. When necessary, amounts reported by subsidiaries have been adjusted to conform to the Group's accounting policies.

##### (ii) *Changes in ownership interest in a subsidiary without change of control*

Transactions with non-controlling interests that do not result in loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions, which are transactions with the owners of subsidiary in their capacity as owners. The difference between fair value of any consideration paid and the relevant share acquired of the carrying value of net assets of the subsidiary is recorded in equity. Gains or losses on disposals to non-controlling interests are also recorded in equity.

##### *Separate financial statements*

Investments in subsidiaries are accounted for at cost less impairment. Cost includes direct attributable costs of investment. The results of the subsidiary are accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividend received and receivable.



## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

30 JUNE 2018

### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – *continued*

#### (b) Associates

An associate is an entity over which the Group has significant influence and that is neither a subsidiary nor a joint arrangement. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but not control or joint control over those policies.

Associates are accounted for using the equity method whereby they are initially recognised at cost and thereafter, their carrying amounts are adjusted for the Group's share of the post-acquisition change in the associates' net assets except that losses in excess of the Group's interests in the associates are not recognised unless there is an obligation to make good those losses.

Profits and losses arising on transactions between the Group and its associates are recognised only to the extent of unrelated investors' interests in the associates. The investor's share in the associate's profits and losses resulting from these transactions is eliminated against the carrying value of the associate. Where unrealised losses provide evidence of impairment of the asset transferred they are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Any premium paid for an associate above the fair value of the Group's share of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities acquired is capitalised and included in the carrying amount of the associate. Where there is objective evidence that the investment in an associate has been impaired, the carrying amount of the investment is tested for impairment in the same way as other non-financial assets.

In the Company's statement of financial position, investments in associates are carried at cost less impairment losses, if any. The results of associate are accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividends received and receivable during the year.

#### (c) Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker (the "CODM"). The CODM, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the Company's executive directors, who makes strategic decisions.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

30 JUNE 2018

### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – *continued*

#### (d) Foreign currency translation

##### (i) *Functional and presentation currency*

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency").

##### (ii) *Transactions and balances*

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions or valuation where items are re-measured. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in profit or loss, except when deferred in equity as qualifying cash flow hedges and qualifying net investment hedges.

##### (iii) *Group companies*

The results and financial position of all the group companies (none of which has the currency of a hyper-inflationary economy) that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

- assets and liabilities for each statement of financial position presented are translated at the closing rate at the end of the reporting period;
- income and expenses for each profit or loss items are translated at average exchange rates (unless this average is not a reasonable approximation of the cumulative effect of the rates prevailing on the transaction dates, in which case income and expenses are translated at the rate on the dates of the transactions); and
- all resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

30 JUNE 2018

### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – *continued*

#### (e) Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at historical cost less depreciation and any impairment loss. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation of property, plant and equipment is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate their cost to their residual values over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Buildings	Over the shorter of the lease terms of land and 50 years
Furniture, fittings and equipment	3-7 years
Machinery	10 years

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in profit or loss.

#### (f) Investment properties

Investment properties, principally comprising land use rights and buildings, are held for long-term rental yields or for capital appreciation or both, and that are not occupied by the Group. It also includes properties that are being constructed or developed for future use as investment properties. Land held under operating leases is accounted for as investment properties when the rest of the definition of an investment property is met. In such cases, the operating leases concerned are accounted for as if they were finance leases. Investment properties are initially measured at cost, including related transaction costs and where applicable borrowing costs. After initial recognition, investment properties are carried at fair value, representing open market value determined at each reporting date by external valuers. Fair value is based on active market prices, adjusted, if necessary, for any difference in the nature, location or condition of the specific asset. If the information is not available, the Group uses alternative valuation methods such as recent prices on less active markets or discounted cash flow projections. Changes in fair values are recognised in profit or loss.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

30 JUNE 2018

### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – *continued*

#### (g) Impairment of non-financial assets

Assets that have an indefinite useful life, for example goodwill, are not subject to amortisation and are tested annually for impairment. Assets that are subject to amortisation are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (cash-generating units). Non-financial assets other than goodwill that suffered impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at each reporting date.

#### (h) Financial instruments

##### (i) *Financial assets*

###### Classification

The Group classifies its financial assets as available-for-sale financial asset and loans and receivables. The classification depends on the purpose for which the financial assets were acquired. Management determines the classification of its financial assets at initial recognition.

Available-for-sale financial asset is a non-derivative financial asset that is not included in other categories of financial assets. It is included in non-current assets.

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. They are included in current assets, except for the amounts that are settled or expected to be settled more than twelve months after the end of the reporting period, which are classified as non-current assets. The Group's loans and receivables comprise trade and other receivables and cash and cash equivalents.

###### Recognition and measurement

Regular purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on the trade date, the date on which the Group commits to purchase or sell the assets. Loans and receivables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the investments have been expired or have been transferred and the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership.

Available-for-sale financial asset is recognised initially at fair value. Subsequent to initial recognition, the Group's available-for-sale financial asset is carried at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in other comprehensive income, except for impairment losses which is recognised in profit or loss.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

30 JUNE 2018

### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – *continued*

#### (h) Financial instruments – *continued*

##### (ii) *Financial liabilities*

###### **Classification**

The Group classifies its financial liabilities, depending on the purpose for which the liabilities were incurred. Financial liabilities at amortised costs are initially measured at fair value, net of directly attributable costs incurred.

###### **Recognition and measurement**

Financial liabilities at amortised cost including trade and other payables and accruals and bank borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method. The related interest expense is recognised in profit or loss.

Gains or losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the amortisation process.

##### (iii) *Effective interest method*

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset or financial liability and of allocating interest income or interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts or payments through the expected life of the financial asset or liability, or where appropriate, a shorter period.

##### (iv) *Derecognition*

The Group derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the future cash flows in relation to the financial asset expire or when the financial asset has been transferred and the transfer meets the criteria for derecognition in accordance with HKAS 39.

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the obligation specified in the relevant contract is discharged, cancelled or expires.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

30 JUNE 2018

### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – *continued*

#### (i) Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the statement of financial position when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

#### (j) Impairment of financial assets

##### *Loans and receivables*

The Group assesses at the end of each reporting period whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or group of financial assets is impaired. A financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired and impairment losses are incurred only if there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the asset (a “loss event”) and that loss event (or events) has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or group of financial assets that can be reliably estimated.

Evidence of impairment may include indications that the debtors or a group of debtors is experiencing significant financial difficulty, default or delinquency in interest or principal payments, the probability that they will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation, and where observable data indicate that there is a measurable decrease in the estimated future cash flows, such as changes in arrears or economic conditions that correlate with defaults.

The amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the asset’s carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows (excluding future credit losses that have not been incurred) discounted at the financial asset’s original effective interest rate. The carrying amount of the asset is reduced and the amount of the loss is recognised in profit or loss. If, in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised (such as an improvement in the debtor’s credit rating), the reversal of the previously recognised impairment loss is recognised in the profit or loss.

##### *Available-for-sale financial asset*

Where a decline in the fair value constitutes objective evidence of impairment, the amount of the loss is removed from equity and recognised in profit or loss. For available-for-sale equity investment, any increase in fair value subsequent to an impairment loss is recognised in other comprehensive income.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

30 JUNE 2018

### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – *continued*

#### (k) Trade and other receivables

Trade receivables are amounts due from customers for rental provided in the ordinary course of business. If collection of trade and other receivables is expected in one year or less (or in the normal operating cycle of the business if longer), they are classified as current assets. If not, they are presented as non-current assets.

Trade and other receivables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment.

#### (l) Cash and cash equivalents

In the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents includes cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks.

#### (m) Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

#### (n) Trade and other payables

Trade payables are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers.

Trade and other payables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

30 JUNE 2018

### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – *continued*

#### (o) Current and deferred income tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

##### (i) *Current income tax*

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the end of reporting period in the countries where the entities within the Group operate and generate taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation. It establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

##### (ii) *Deferred income tax*

Deferred income tax is recognised, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. However, deferred tax liabilities are not recognised if they arise from the initial recognition of goodwill, the deferred income tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by end of the reporting period and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

Deferred income tax is provided on temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries and associates, except for deferred income tax liability where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference is controlled by the Group and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.



## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

30 JUNE 2018

### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – *continued*

#### (o) Current and deferred income tax – *continued*

##### (ii) *Deferred income tax – continued*

An exception to the general requirement on determining the appropriate tax rate used in measuring deferred tax amount is when an investment property is carried at fair value under HKAS 40 “Investment Property”. Unless the presumption is rebutted, the deferred tax amounts on these investment properties are measured using the tax rates that would apply on sale of these investment properties at their carrying amounts at the reporting date. The presumption is rebutted when the investment property is depreciable and is held within a business model whose objective is to consume substantially all the economic benefits embodied in the property over time, rather than through sale.

##### (iii) *Offsetting*

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the deferred income tax assets and liabilities relate to income tax levied by the same taxation authority on either the taxable entity or different taxable entities where there is an intention to settle the balances on a net basis.

#### (p) Employee benefits

##### (i) *Pension obligations*

Pursuant to the relevant local regulations in the PRC, the PRC subsidiary of the Group participate in government defined contribution retirement benefit schemes and is required to contribute to the scheme to fund the retirement benefits of the eligible employees. Contributions made to the schemes are calculated based on certain percentages of the applicable payroll costs or fixed sums for each employee with reference to a salary scale, as stipulated under the requirements in the PRC. The Group has no further obligation beyond the required contributions. All contributions made to the schemes are not refundable or forfeitable. The contributions under the schemes are expensed as incurred.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

30 JUNE 2018

### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – *continued*

#### (p) Employee benefits – *continued*

##### (ii) *Termination benefits*

Termination benefits are payable when employment is terminated by the Group before the normal retirement date, or whenever an employee accepts voluntary redundancy in exchange for these benefits. The Group recognises termination benefits when it is demonstrably committed to either: terminating the employment of current employees according to a detailed formal plan without possibility of withdrawal; or providing termination benefits as a result of an offer made to encourage voluntary redundancy based on the number of employees expected to accept the offer. Benefits falling due more than twelve months after the end of reporting period are discounted to present value.

##### (iii) *Employee leave entitlements*

Employee entitlements to annual leave are recognised when they accrue to employees. A provision is made for the estimated liability for annual leave as a result of services rendered by employees up to the end of reporting period.

Employee entitlements to sick leave and maternity leave are not recognised until the time of leave.

#### (q) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events; it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation; and the amount has been reliably estimated. Restructuring provisions comprise lease termination penalties and employee termination payments. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses.

Where there are a number of similar obligations, the likelihood that an outflow will be required in settlement is determined by considering the class of obligations as a whole. A provision is recognised even if the likelihood of an outflow with respect to any one item included in the same class of obligations may be small.

Provisions are measured at the present value of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation using a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the obligation. The increase in the provision due to passage of time is recognised as interest expense.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

30 JUNE 2018

### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – *continued*

#### (r) Revenue recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the provision of services in the ordinary course of the Group's activities. Revenue is shown net of discount and after eliminating revenue made between the group companies. The Group recognises revenue when the amount of revenue can be reliably measured; when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity; and when specific criteria have been met for each of the Group's activities, as described below.

#### *Rental income*

Rental income received and receivable from investment properties is recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the term of lease.

#### *Interest income*

Interest income is recognised using the effective interest method.

#### (s) Leases

Leases in which a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases.

#### (i) *The Group is the lessee other than operating lease of land use rights*

Payments made under operating leases (net of any incentives received from the lessor) are charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

#### (ii) *The Group is the lessee under operating lease of land use rights*

Land use rights under operating lease, which mainly comprised land use rights to be developed for self-use buildings, are stated at cost and subsequently amortised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the operating lease periods.

#### (iii) *The Group is the lessor*

Assets leased out under operating leases are included in investment properties.

#### (t) Dividend distribution

Dividend distribution to the Company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the Group's and the Company's financial statements in the period in which the dividends are approved by the Company's shareholders or directors, where appropriate.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

30 JUNE 2018

### 5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

The Group makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are addressed below.

#### (a) Estimated fair value of investment properties and available-for-sale financial asset

The fair value of investment properties and available-for-sale financial asset are determined using valuation technique. Details of the judgments and assumptions have been disclosed in Notes 15, 17 and 34.

#### (b) Estimated provision on the relevant tax liabilities arising from the restructuring and preparation for the listing and corresponding government grant

In preparation for the listing of the Company's shares, all land titles were rationalised amongst the subsidiaries of REC in prior years. The transfers of land titles were subject to taxes. According to an approval circular from the People's Government of Langfang City, the Group was granted with a special fund to subsidise the Group's provision on the relevant tax liabilities arising from the land title transfer with related companies. As a result, the Group recorded provision on the relevant tax liabilities arising from its restructuring and preparation for the listing of RMB21,015,000 included in "Current tax liabilities", and government subsidy receivables of the same amount included in "Trade and other receivables" since prior years.

During the year ended 30 June 2017, the provision on the relevant tax liabilities had been fully reversed because the related outflow of economic benefits became not probable based on the assessment of the directors of the Company with reference to the prevailing tax rules and government notices, and the related tax obligation is disclosed in Note 31. Government subsidy receivables of the same amount had also been fully reversed as at 30 June 2017. This change in accounting estimate has been accounted for prospectively during the prior year.

Significant judgment is required in determining the provision for relevant taxes arising from the land rationalisation and corresponding amount of government grant income. Relevant taxes provisions arising from the transfer of land titles will be filed along with the progression of the land rationalisation. Where the final tax outcome of the land title transfers is different from the recognised amounts, such differences will impact the relevant tax provision and government grant will be adjusted correspondingly, in the period in which such determination is made.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

30 JUNE 2018

### 6. SEGMENT REPORTING AND REVENUE

The executive directors of the Company, who are the CODM of the Group, review the Group's internal reporting in order to assess performance and allocate resources. Management has determined the operating segments based on reports reviewed by the executive directors of the Company that are used to make strategic decisions.

Management regularly reviews the operating results from a service category perspective. The reportable operating segments derive their revenue primarily from education facilities leasing. As the revenue from the commercial leasing for supporting facilities was below 10% of the total revenue during the current and prior years, business segment information is not considered necessary.

As the executive directors consider that most of the Group's revenue and results are derived from education facilities leasing and commercial leasing for supporting facilities in the PRC and no significant consolidated assets of the Group are located outside the PRC, geographical segment information is not considered necessary.

Analysis of revenue by category for the year is as follows:

	2018 RMB' 000	2017 RMB' 000
Revenue:		
– Education facilities leasing	63,800	57,013
– Commercial leasing for supporting facilities	3,511	3,323
	<u>67,311</u>	<u>60,336</u>

#### Information about major customers

The Group's revenue was derived from the following external customers that individually contributed more than 10% of the Group's revenue for the year:

	2018 RMB' 000	2017 RMB' 000
College A	43,138	39,453
College B	8,409	7,545
	<u>51,547</u>	<u>46,998</u>

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

30 JUNE 2018

### 7. OTHER GAINS/(LOSSES), NET

	2018 RMB' 000	2017 RMB' 000
Gains on disposal of property, plant and equipment	—	146
Net foreign exchange gains/(losses)	3,876	(2,132)
Others	356	345
	<u>4,232</u>	<u>(1,641)</u>

### 8. PROFIT BEFORE INCOME TAX

This is arrived at after charging/(crediting):

	2018 RMB' 000	2017 RMB' 000
Auditor's remuneration	785	725
Direct operating expenses arising from investment properties that generated rental income during the year	17,211	16,761
Direct operating expenses arising from investment properties that did not generate rental income during the year	4,889	4,704
Government grants reversed (Note)	—	21,015
Gain on de-recognition of an available-for-sale financial asset	<u>(1,335)</u>	<u>—</u>

Note: During the year ended 30 June 2017, government subsidy receivables of RMB21,015,000 have been reversed. Further details are set out in Notes 5 and 31.

### 9. EMPLOYEE COSTS

	2018 RMB' 000	2017 RMB' 000
Employee costs (including directors' emoluments) comprise:		
Wages and salaries	2,093	2,042
Other allowances and benefits	212	98
Contributions to defined contribution retirement plans	191	164
	<u>2,496</u>	<u>2,304</u>

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

30 JUNE 2018

### 10. DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS

Directors' emoluments disclosed pursuant to Section 383 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, Cap. 622 and the Companies (Disclosure of Information about Benefits of Directors) Regulation, Cap. 622G is as follows:

	Fees RMB' 000	Salaries and other benefits RMB' 000	Contributions to retirement benefits scheme RMB' 000	Total RMB' 000
<b>2018</b>				
<b>Executive Director</b>				
Chew Hua Seng	—	—	—	—
Liu Ying Chun	—	—	—	—
<b>Non-executive Director</b>				
He Jun	143	—	—	143
<b>Independent Non-executive Director</b>				
Lam Bing Lun, Philip	143	—	—	143
Wilson Teh Boon Piaw	143	—	—	143
Tan Yeow Hiang, Kenneth	143	—	—	143
	<u>572</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>572</u>
<b>2017</b>				
<b>Executive Director</b>				
Chew Hua Seng	—	—	—	—
Liu Ying Chun	—	2	—	2
<b>Non-executive Director</b>				
He Jun	154	—	—	154
<b>Independent Non-executive Director</b>				
Lam Bing Lun, Philip	154	—	—	154
Wilson Teh Boon Piaw	154	—	—	154
Tan Yeow Hiang, Kenneth	154	—	—	154
	<u>616</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>618</u>

No director waived any emolument during the years ended 30 June 2017 and 2018.

During the years ended 30 June 2017 and 2018, Mr. Chew Hua Seng, a director of the Company, is also a director of REC, whose emoluments were borne by REC.

During the years ended 30 June 2017 and 2018, Mr. Liu Ying Chun, a director of the Company, whose emoluments were borne by REC.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

30 JUNE 2018

### 11. FIVE HIGHEST PAID INDIVIDUALS

Of the five individuals with the highest emoluments in the Group, two (2017: three) were directors of the Company whose emoluments are included in the disclosures in Note 10 above. The emoluments of the remaining three (2017: two) individuals were as follows:

	2018 RMB' 000	2017 RMB' 000
Salaries and other benefits	690	563
Contributions to defined contribution retirement plans	21	—
	<u>711</u>	<u>563</u>

Their emoluments fell within the following band:

	2018 Number of Individuals	2017 Number of individuals
HK\$Nil to HK\$1,000,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB831,000 (2017: RMB878,000))	<u>3</u>	<u>2</u>

### 12. INCOME TAX

The amount of income tax in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income represents:

	2018 RMB' 000	2017 RMB' 000
Current tax		
– Corporate income tax for the year	4,489	4,301
– Over-provision in respect of prior years	(221)	(583)
– Reversal of provision on tax liabilities arising from restructuring and preparation for the listing previously recognised (Notes 5 and 31)	—	(21,015)
	<u>4,268</u>	<u>(17,297)</u>
Deferred tax (Note 23)	51,134	10,044
Income tax	<u>55,402</u>	<u>(7,253)</u>



## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

30 JUNE 2018

### 12. INCOME TAX – *continued*

#### PRC corporate income tax

The corporate income tax rate applicable to the Group's entity located in the PRC (the "PRC Subsidiary") is 25% pursuant to the Corporate Income Tax Law of the PRC (the "PRC CIT Law").

#### PRC withholding income tax

According to the PRC CIT Law, starting from 1 January 2008, a withholding tax of 10% will be levied on the immediate holding companies outside the PRC when their PRC subsidiaries declare dividend out of profits earned after 1 January 2008. A lower withholding tax rate of 5% may be applied when the immediate holding companies of the PRC subsidiaries are incorporated in Hong Kong and fulfill requirements under the tax treaty arrangements between the PRC and Hong Kong.

#### Hong Kong profits tax

No provision for Hong Kong profits tax has been made in these consolidated financial statements as the Group did not have assessable profit in Hong Kong during the current and prior years.

#### Malaysian income tax

The Malaysian income tax rate applicable to the Group's entity located in Malaysia is 24%.

The income tax for the year can be reconciled to the profit before income tax in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income as follows:

	2018 RMB' 000	2017 RMB' 000
Profit before income tax	220,148	35,348
Tax calculated at applicable domestic tax rates	54,152	8,854
Tax effect of share of results of associates	(2,637)	(837)
Tax effect of expenses not deductible for tax purposes	5,060	7,282
Tax effect of revenue not taxable for tax purposes	(952)	(954)
Over-provision in respect of prior years	(221)	(583)
Reversal of provision on tax liabilities arising from restructuring and preparation for the listing previously recognised	—	(21,015)
Income tax	55,402	(7,253)

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

30 JUNE 2018

### 13. EARNINGS PER SHARE

The calculation of basic earnings per share is based on the profit attributable to owners of the Company and the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year.

	2018 RMB' 000	2017 RMB' 000
<b>Earnings</b>		
Earnings for the purposes of basic earnings per share	<u>163,223</u>	<u>42,193</u>
<b><u>Number of shares</u></b>		
Weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purposes of basic earnings per share	<u>180,000,000</u>	<u>180,000,000</u>

The Company did not have any potential ordinary shares outstanding during the current and prior years. Diluted earnings per share are equal to basic earnings per share.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

30 JUNE 2018

### 14. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	Buildings RMB' 000	Furniture, fittings and equipment RMB' 000	Machinery RMB' 000	Total RMB' 000
<b>Cost</b>				
At 1 July 2016	5,074	4,617	8,782	18,473
Additions	—	139	92	231
Disposals	—	(1,269)	(35)	(1,304)
At 30 June 2017 and 1 July 2017	5,074	3,487	8,839	17,400
Additions	—	3	147	150
Disposals	—	(50)	—	(50)
At 30 June 2018	5,074	3,440	8,986	17,500
<b>Accumulated depreciation</b>				
At 1 July 2016	238	3,811	8,719	12,768
Depreciation	130	188	32	350
Eliminated on disposals	—	(1,269)	(9)	(1,278)
At 30 June 2017 and 1 July 2017	368	2,730	8,742	11,840
Depreciation	130	178	31	339
Eliminated on disposals	—	(50)	—	(50)
At 30 June 2018	498	2,858	8,773	12,129
<b>Net carrying value</b>				
At 30 June 2018	4,576	582	213	5,371
At 30 June 2017	4,706	757	97	5,560

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

30 JUNE 2018

### 15. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

The fair value of investment properties is a level 3 recurring fair value measurement. A reconciliation of the opening and closing fair value balance is as follows:

	2018 RMB' 000	2017 RMB' 000
Fair value		
At beginning of year	981,516	892,183
Additions	1,736	67,796
Exchange realignment	2,329	(1,459)
Change in fair value	170,406	22,996
At end of year	<u>1,155,987</u>	<u>981,516</u>

#### (a) Valuation

Independent valuations of the Group's investment properties were performed by Colliers International Limited ("Colliers"), an independent firm of professionally qualified valuers, to determine the fair value of the Group's investment properties as at 30 June 2018, adopting a valuation method using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3).

The Group's policy is to recognise transfers into and transfers out of fair value hierarchy levels as of the date of the event or change in circumstances that caused the transfer. There were no transfers between Levels 1, 2 and 3 during the years ended 30 June 2017 and 2018.

#### *Valuation basis*

The Group obtains independent valuations from Colliers for its investment properties at least annually. At the end of each reporting period, the directors update their assessment of the fair value of each property, taking into account the most recent independent valuations. The directors determine a property's value within a range of reasonable fair value estimates.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

30 JUNE 2018

### 15. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES – *continued*

#### (a) Valuation – *continued*

##### *Valuation basis – continued*

The best evidence of fair value is current prices in an active market for similar investment leases and other contracts. Where such information is not available, the directors consider information from a variety of sources including:

- (i) Current prices in an active market for properties of different nature or recent prices of similar properties in less active markets, adjusted to reflect those differences.
- (ii) Discounted cash flow projections based on reliable estimates of future cash flows.
- (iii) Capitalised income projections based upon a property's estimated net market income, and a capitalisation rate derived from an analysis of market evidence.

##### *Valuation techniques*

Fair value of completed investment properties are generally derived using the income capitalisation approach.

Income capitalisation approach (term and reversionary method) largely uses observable inputs (e.g. market rent, yield, etc.) and takes into account the significant adjustment on term yield to account for the risk upon reversionary and the estimation in vacancy rate after expiry of current lease.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

30 JUNE 2018

### 15. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES – *continued*

#### (a) Valuation – *continued*

##### *Valuation techniques – continued*

Information about fair value measurements using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3):

Description	Fair value as at 30 June 2018 RMB' 000	Valuation technique	Unobservable inputs	Range of unobservable inputs (probability- weighted average)	Relationship of unobservable inputs to fair value
Completed investment properties in the PRC	1,081,885	Income capitalisation approach	Unit monthly rent (RMB/sq.m.)	Teaching: 20.7 – 24.0 (2017: 18.5 – 21.5) Dormitory: 18.7 – 23.5 (2017: 17.0 – 21.5) Retail: 18.5 (2017: 18)	The higher the unit monthly rent, the higher the fair value
		Reversionary yield	8.5% (2017: 8.5%)	The higher the reversionary yield, the lower the fair value	
Completed investment properties in Malaysia	74,102	Income capitalisation approach	Unit monthly rent (Malaysian Ringgit ("RM")/psf)	3.80 (2017: 3.85 – 5.35)	The higher the unit monthly rent, the higher the fair value
		Yield rate	5% (2017: 4.5%)	The higher the yield, the lower the fair value	

(b) As at 30 June 2018, investment properties of RMB74,102,000 are pledged to secure a banking facility of the Group (2017: RMB49,181,000) (Note 22).

(c) There were no changes to the valuation techniques during the year. The fair value measurement is based on the above properties' highest and best use, which does not differ from their actual use.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

30 JUNE 2018

### 16. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES

	2018 RMB' 000	2017 RMB' 000
Share of net assets other than goodwill	75,276	28,210
Goodwill	2,652	2,652
	<u>77,928</u>	<u>30,862</u>

Details of the associates are as follows:

Name	Place of incorporation, operation and principal activity	Percentage of ownership interest	
		2018	2017
Axiom Properties Limited ("Axiom")	Property investment and development in Australia	19.26%	19.56%
4 Vallees Properties Limited ("4 Vallees")	Leasing of hospitality assets and commercial real estate in Switzerland	24.61%	—

Notwithstanding that the Group's ownership interest in Axiom is less than 20%, the Group had the right to appoint representative on the board of directors of Axiom. The directors of the Company therefore considered the Group had the power to exercise significant influence and accounted for the interest in Axiom as an associate since the date the Group had the significant influence.

During the current year, the Group increased its equity interests in 4 Vallees from 12.77% to 24.61% (enlarged), and 4 Vallees is accounted for as an associate of the Group therefrom. Further details are set out in Note 17.

The primary business of Axiom and 4 Vallees are in alignment with the Group's business of provision of education facilities rental services.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

30 JUNE 2018

### 16. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES – *continued*

For the year ended 30 June 2018

*Reconciled to the Group's interest in associates*

Gross amounts of net assets of the associates

Group's effective interest

Groups share of net assets of the associates

Goodwill

4 Vallees RMB' 000	Axiom RMB' 000	Total RMB' 000
201,294	133,634	
24.61%	19.26%	
49,538	25,738	75,276
—	2,652	2,652
<u>49,538</u>	<u>28,390</u>	<u>77,928</u>

For the year ended 30 June 2017

*Reconciled to the Group's interest in an associate*

Gross amounts of net assets of the associate

Group's effective interest

Groups share of net assets of the associate

Goodwill

Axiom RMB' 000	Total RMB' 000
144,223	
19.56%	
28,210	28,210
2,652	2,652
<u>30,862</u>	<u>30,862</u>



## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

30 JUNE 2018

### 16. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES – *continued*

Summarised financial information of Axiom is as follows:

	2018 RMB' 000	2017 RMB' 000
<b>As at 30 June</b>		
Current assets	<u>60,164</u>	<u>128,223</u>
Non-current assets	<u>76,519</u>	<u>260,674</u>
Current liabilities	<u>(3,049)</u>	<u>(67,249)</u>
Non-current liabilities	<u>—</u>	<u>(177,425)</u>
	2018 RMB' 000	2017 RMB' 000
Revenue	<u>19,289</u>	<u>26,396</u>
Profit for the year	<u>42,711</u>	<u>25,930</u>
Other comprehensive income	<u>(15,178)</u>	<u>10,148</u>
Total comprehensive income	<u>27,533</u>	<u>36,078</u>
Return of capital received by the Group	<u>(7,775)</u>	<u>—</u>

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

30 JUNE 2018

### 16. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES – *continued*

Summarised financial information of 4 Vallees is as follows:

	2018 RMB' 000
<b>As at 30 June</b>	
Current assets	<u>46,378</u>
Non-current assets	<u>238,518</u>
Current liabilities	<u>(6,097)</u>
Non-current liabilities	<u>(77,505)</u>
	<b>Period ended 30 June 2018 RMB' 000</b>
Revenue	<u>5,076</u>
Profit for the period	<u>3,178</u>
Other comprehensive income	<u>(1,930)</u>
Total comprehensive income	<u>1,248</u>
Dividend received from an associate	<u>—</u>

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

30 JUNE 2018

### 17. AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE FINANCIAL ASSET

During the prior year, the Group owned 12.77% equity interests in 4 Vallees, a private company incorporated in Singapore with limited liability and the remaining shares are owned by REC. This was accounted for as an available-for-sale financial asset of the Group as at 30 June 2017.

During the current year, the Group acquired additional 13.58% equity interests in 4 Vallees on an enlarged basis at a cash consideration of SGD5,421,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB26,636,000), and since then, the Group held a 24.61% equity interests in 4 Vallees and it is accounted for as an associate of the Group therefrom. Details of which are set out in Note 16.

Immediate before the acquisition of the additional equity interests in 4 Vallees, the fair value of the then 12.77% equity interests in 4 Vallees was measured by reference to a valuation performed by Colliers at RMB18,076,000. Hence, a fair value loss on available-for-sale financial asset of RMB793,000 was recognised in other comprehensive income during the year ended 30 June 2018. Upon the de-recognition of the Group's equity interest in 4 Vallees as available-for-sale financial asset, the related accumulated fair value changes in available-for-sale financial asset reserve of RMB1,335,000 was charged to the profit or loss.

During the year ended 30 June 2017, the increase in fair value of the Group's available-for-sale financial asset of RMB1,217,000 was recognised in other comprehensive income, resulting in the carrying amount of RMB18,869,000.

### 18. PREPAYMENTS FOR PURCHASE OF PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT, INVESTMENT PROPERTIES AND OTHER INVESTMENT

As at 30 June 2018, included in the balances was an amount of RMB25,000,000 paid for purchase of construction materials for the construction of dormitories; and the remaining balance was a prepayment made in connection with potential acquisition of land in Mongolia of USD500,000 (equivalent to RMB3,295,000).

As at 30 June 2017, included in the balances was an amount of RMB26,636,000 paid for purchase of additional 13.58% equity interest in 4 Vallees by subscription of additional ordinary shares of 4 Vallees. The remaining balance was an amount of RMB25,000,000 paid for purchase of construction materials for the construction of dormitories.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

30 JUNE 2018

### 19. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

	2018 RMB' 000	2017 RMB' 000
Trade receivables (Note (a))	205	2,839
Other receivables (Note (b))	5,161	6,049
	<u>5,366</u>	<u>8,888</u>

Notes:

- (a) Included in trade receivables as at 30 June 2017 was an amount due from a fellow subsidiary of RMB1,309,000, which was unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand. Such amount has been fully settled during the year ended 30 June 2018.
- (b) Included in the balance was an amount due from an associate of RMB356,000 (2017:RMBNil), which was unsecured, interest-free, repayable on demand and non-trade in nature.

The carrying amounts of the Group's trade and other receivables approximate their fair values.

The majority of the Group's revenue is received in advance. Revenue from education facilities leasing and commercial leasing for supporting facilities is settled by instalments in accordance with the payment schedules specified in the agreements. The aging analysis of trade receivables by revenue recognition date is as follows:

	2018 RMB' 000	2017 RMB' 000
Within 3 months	—	1,662
3 months to 6 months	205	777
Over 1 year	—	400
	<u>205</u>	<u>2,839</u>

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

30 JUNE 2018

### 19. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES – *continued*

As of 30 June 2018, trade receivables of RMB205,000 (2017: RMB2,839,000) were past due but not impaired. These relate to independent customers for whom there is no significant financial difficulty and based on past experience, the overdue amounts can be recovered. The aging analysis of these trade receivables is as follows:

	2018 RMB' 000	2017 RMB' 000
1 to 3 months past due	—	1,662
More than 3 months but less than 12 months past due	205	777
More than 12 months past due	—	400
	<u>205</u>	<u>2,839</u>

The following table reconciled the impairment loss on trade receivables for the year:

	2018 RMB' 000	2017 RMB' 000
At 1 July	491	—
Impairment loss recognised	—	491
At 30 June	<u>491</u>	<u>491</u>

As at 30 June 2018, the Group's trade receivables of RMB491,000 (2017: RMB491,000) were individually determined to be impaired. The individually impaired receivables related to customers that were in default in principal payments and management assessed that the receivables are not expected to be recovered.

### 20. PLEDGED BANK DEPOSIT

As at 30 June 2017, pledged bank deposit was pledged to secure a banking facility of the Group (Note 22).

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

30 JUNE 2018

### 21. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES AND ACCRUALS

	2018 RMB' 000	2017 RMB' 000
Trade payables	3,001	6,015
Other payables and accruals (Note (a))	13,830	9,514
	<u>16,831</u>	<u>15,529</u>

Note:

- (a) Included in other payables as at 30 June 2018 were (i) interim dividend payable of RMB7,249,000 (2017: RMBNil); and (ii) amounts due to related companies of RMB48,000 (2017:RMBNil), which were unsecured, interest-free, repayable on demand and non-trade in nature.

Trade payables are generated by the daily maintenance costs for the education facilities. The aging analysis of the trade payables based on invoice date is follows:

	2018 RMB' 000	2017 RMB' 000
Within 3 months	1,483	3,344
3 months to 6 months	1,403	1,411
6 months to 12 months	58	1,231
Over 1 year	57	29
	<u>3,001</u>	<u>6,015</u>

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

30 JUNE 2018

### 22. BANK BORROWINGS, SECURED

	2018 RMB' 000	2017 RMB' 000
Bank borrowings due for repayment:		
– Within one year	2,266	19,316
– After one year but within two years	2,266	1,582
– After two years but within five years	3,378	4,747
– After five years	9,079	23,341
	<u>14,723</u>	<u>29,670</u>
	<u>16,989</u>	<u>48,986</u>

#### Notes:

- (a) Bank borrowings are interest-bearing at floating rates. The interest rates of the Group's bank borrowings as at 30 June 2018 granted under banking facilities ranged from 4.95% to 6.22% (2017: 5.80% to 5.96%) per annum.
- (b) As at 30 June 2017 and 2018, the banking facilities of the Group were secured by certain investment properties of the Group (Note 15) and corporate guarantee of the Company.
- (c) As at 30 June 2017 the banking facilities of the Group were secured by pledged bank deposit (Note 20).
- (d) As at 30 June 2017 and 2018, the carrying amount of bank borrowings granted from a bank in Malaysia that is not repayable within one year from the end of the reporting period but contains repayment on demand clause amounted to RMB14,723,000 (2017: RMB29,670,000).

The directors of the Company have obtained legal opinion that, in accordance with the case laws established in Malaysia, the mere inclusion of a repayment on demand clause in a term loan agreement governed under the laws of Malaysia would not allow the banks to early terminate the facilities granted and to seek immediate repayment from the borrower unless there is a breach by the borrower, as the clause would not override other terms and conditions provided in the term loan agreement.

Accordingly, the liability associated with the bank borrowings of the Group raised in Malaysia that contained a repayment on demand clause is classified as current and/or non-current liability as at 30 June 2017 and 2018 in accordance with other terms and conditions as stated in the term loan agreement.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

30 JUNE 2018

### 23. DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES

Details of the deferred tax liabilities recognised and movements during the current and prior years are as follows:

	Revaluation of investment properties RMB' 000
At 1 July 2016	50,863
Charged to profit or loss (Note 12)	10,044
	<hr/>
At 30 June 2017 and 1 July 2017	60,907
Charged to profit or loss (Note 12)	51,134
Exchange realignment	30
	<hr/>
At 30 June 2018	<u>112,071</u>

No withholding income tax have been recognised as at 30 June 2017 and 2018 in respect of the unremitted earnings of the Group's PRC Subsidiary as the Group currently does not have any plan to declare or distribute dividends from the PRC Subsidiary.



## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

30 JUNE 2018

### 24. SHARE CAPITAL

The share capital as at 30 June 2017 and 2018 represented the issued share capital of the Company as follows:

	Number of ordinary shares	Share capital HK\$	Share capital RMB
Issued and fully paid	Shares		
As at 1 July 2016, 30 June 2017 and 1 July 2017	180,000,000	516,320,500	411,936,000
Capital reduction (note (a))	—	(150,000,000)	(121,800,000)
As at 30 June 2018	<u>180,000,000</u>	<u>366,320,500</u>	<u>290,136,000</u>

Note:

- (a) Pursuant to a resolution passed in the general meeting held on 3 May 2018, regarding the reduction of the issued share capital of the Company by HK\$150,000,000 (equivalent to RMB121,800,000) (the “Capital Reduction”), the credit arising from the Capital Reduction has been applied towards offsetting the accumulated deficit of the Company as at the effective date (i.e. 11 June 2018), thereby reducing the accumulated deficit of the Company.

### 25. RESERVES

#### The Group

The reconciliation between the opening and closing balances of each component of the Group’s consolidated equity is set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity.

The following describes the nature and purpose of reserves within owners’ equity:

Reserve	Description and purpose
Other reserves	On consolidation, the reserves mainly arose from group reorganisation in prior years.
Available-for-sale financial asset reserve	Gains or losses arising on recognising financial assets classified as available-for-sale at fair value.
Exchange reserve	Gains or losses arising on retranslating the net assets of foreign operations into presentation currency.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

30 JUNE 2018

### 25. RESERVES – *continued*

#### The Company

Details of the changes in the Company's individual components of equity between the beginning and the end of the year are set out below:

	Available- for-sale financial asset reserve RMB' 000	(Accumulated losses)/ retained profits RMB' 000	Proposed final dividend RMB' 000	Total RMB' 000
Balance at 1 July 2016	911	(47,811)	6,166	(40,734)
Loss for the year	—	(5,574)	—	(5,574)
Fair value gain on available-for-sale financial asset	1,217	—	—	1,217
2016 proposed final dividend paid	—	(132)	(6,166)	(6,298)
2017 interim dividend declared and paid	—	(6,381)	—	(6,381)
2017 proposed final dividend	—	(6,278)	6,278	—
Balance at 30 June 2017 and 1 July 2017	2,128	(66,176)	6,278	(57,770)
Profit for the year	—	944	—	944
Reclassification adjustment on de- recognition of an available-for-sale financial asset	(793)	—	—	(793)
Fair value loss on available-for-sale financial asset	(1,335)	—	—	(1,335)
Capital reduction (Note 24)	—	121,800	—	121,800
2017 proposed final dividend paid	—	159	(6,278)	(6,119)
2018 interim dividend declared	—	(7,249)	—	(7,249)
2018 proposed final dividend	—	(10,620)	10,620	—
Balance as at 30 June 2018	—	38,858	10,620	49,478

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

30 JUNE 2018

### 26. DIVIDENDS

	2018 RMB' 000	2017 RMB' 000
2018 Proposed final dividend – HK7.0 cents (equivalent to approximately RMB5.9 cents) per share	10,620	—
2018 Interim dividend declared – HK5.0 cents (equivalent to approximately RMB4.1 cents) per share	7,249	—
2017 Proposed final dividend – HK4.0 cents (equivalent to approximately RMB3.5 cents) per share	—	6,278
2017 Interim dividend declared and paid – HK4.0 cents (equivalent to approximately RMB3.5 cents) per share	—	6,381

The proposed final dividend is subject to the approval of the shareholders of the Company at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company.

The proposed final dividend in respect of the year declared subsequent to 30 June 2018 has not been recognised as a liability as at 30 June 2018.

### 27. LEASES

#### Operating leases – lessor

The Group's investment properties are leased to tenants under operating leases with lease term ranging from one to ten years. The minimum rent receivables under non-cancellable operating leases are as follows:

	2018 RMB' 000	2017 RMB' 000
Not later than one year	11,507	13,288
Later than one year but not later than five years	20,261	30,305
More than five years	4,180	3,996
	<u>35,948</u>	<u>47,589</u>

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

30 JUNE 2018

### 28. COMPANY'S STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

	Notes	2018 RMB' 000	2017 RMB' 000
<b>Non-current assets</b>			
Investments in subsidiaries	29	335,133	335,063
Investments in associates		62,951	21,495
Prepayment for purchase of other investment		3,295	26,636
Available-for-sale financial asset		—	18,869
		<u>401,379</u>	<u>402,063</u>
<b>Current assets</b>			
Other receivables		356	—
Amounts due from subsidiaries		47,058	30,290
Cash and cash equivalents		20,716	3,531
		<u>68,130</u>	<u>33,821</u>
<b>Current liabilities</b>			
Other payables and accruals		9,060	1,919
Amount due to a subsidiary		120,835	62,065
Bank borrowings, secured		—	17,734
		<u>129,895</u>	<u>81,718</u>
<b>Net current liabilities</b>		<u>(61,765)</u>	<u>(47,897)</u>
<b>NET ASSETS</b>		<u>339,614</u>	<u>354,166</u>
<b>Capital and reserves</b>			
Share capital	24	290,136	411,936
Reserves	25	49,478	(57,770)
<b>TOTAL EQUITY</b>		<u>339,614</u>	<u>354,166</u>

On behalf of directors

\_\_\_\_\_  
**Chew Hua Seng**  
*Chairman and Executive Director*

\_\_\_\_\_  
**Liu Ying Chun**  
*Chief Executive Officer and Executive Director*

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

30 JUNE 2018

### 29. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES

The following list contains the particulars of the subsidiaries which principally affected the results, assets or liabilities of the Group during the year ended 30 June 2018:

Name	Form of business structure	Place of establishment/operation and principal activity	Description of paid-up registered capital	Percentage of ownership interest, voting rights and profit share
Langfang Development Zone Oriental University City Education Consultancy Co., Ltd. # 廊坊開發區東方大學城教育諮詢有限公司	Corporation	Provision of education facilities rental services in the PRC	RMB263,500,000	99%
OUC Malaysia Sdn. Bhd.	Corporation	Provision of education facilities rental services in Malaysia	RM2,000,000	100%

# The English name of the subsidiary represented the best effort by management of the Company in translating its Chinese name as it does not have official English name.

### 30. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Group is controlled by REC and Mr. Chew Hua Seng, the founding shareholder of REC, is the ultimate beneficial owner of the Group.

#### (a) Transactions with related parties

In addition to the transactions and balances disclosed elsewhere in the consolidated financial statements, the Group entered into the following related party transactions:

	2018 RMB' 000	2017 RMB' 000
<b>Rental income received from fellow subsidiaries:</b>		
Raffles College of Higher Education Sdn. Bhd.	3,441	1,960
Langfang Development Zone Shenglong Property Management Service Co., Ltd.# 廊坊開發區盛隆物業服務有限公司	76	76
	<u>3,517</u>	<u>2,036</u>

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

30 JUNE 2018

### 30. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS – *continued*

#### (a) Transactions with related parties – *continued*

The transactions were carried out in the normal course of the business activities of the Group and were conducted at terms mutually agreed by the respective parties.

# The English name of the company represented the best effort by management of the Company in translating its Chinese name as it does not have official English name.

#### (b) Compensation of key management personnel

The emoluments of the key management personnel during the year comprised only the directors whose remuneration is set out in Note 10.

### 31. TAX MATTER

As further detailed in Note 5, during the year ended 30 June 2017, the provision on the relevant tax liabilities of RMB21,015,000 had been fully reversed because the related outflow of economic benefits became not probable based on the assessment of the directors of the Company with reference to the prevailing tax rules and government notices, which the time bar of three years for collection of the relevant tax liabilities by the tax authorities from the date of acknowledgement by the relevant tax authorities. For special cases, it might be extended to five years. In the event that the Group is required by the tax bureau to settle the related tax liabilities, the Group would be granted with a special fund of the same amount to subsidise the Group's relevant tax liabilities.

### 32. CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

As at 30 June 2017 and 2018, the Group did not have any significant capital commitment.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

30 JUNE 2018

### 33. SUMMARY OF FINANCIAL ASSETS AND FINANCIAL LIABILITIES BY CATEGORY

The following shows the carrying amount and fair value of financial assets and liabilities:

	2018 RMB' 000	2017 RMB' 000
<b>Financial assets</b>		
Available-for-sale financial asset, at fair value	—	18,869
Loans and receivables, at amortised cost		
– Trade and other receivables	5,366	8,888
– Pledged bank deposit	—	20,000
– Cash and cash equivalents	<u>26,562</u>	<u>14,278</u>
<b>Financial liabilities</b>		
Financial liabilities, at amortised cost		
– Trade and other payables	16,049	12,916
– Bank borrowings, secured	<u>16,989</u>	<u>48,986</u>

### 34. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

#### (a) Financial risk factors

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group's overall risk management program focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance.

##### (i) Credit risk

Credit risk is the potential financial loss resulting from the tenants defaulting to pay rental fees when due, resulting in a loss to the Group. During the year ended 30 June 2018, the Group provided education facilities leasing and commercial leasing for supporting facilities to five largest customers (2017: five) which accounts to 91.8% (2017: 92.2%) of the Group's total revenue. As at 30 June 2018, none (30 June 2017: 31%) of trade receivables due from these five customers.

Cash and fixed deposits are placed with licensing banks which are all high-credit-quality financial institutions. Management expects the counterparty would be able to meet its obligations.

The maximum exposure to credit risk is mainly represented by the carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents and trade and other receivables.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

30 JUNE 2018

### 34. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT— *continued*

#### (a) Financial risk factors – *continued*

##### (ii) Liquidity risk

Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and cash equivalents and the availability of funding. Management believes that liquidity risk has been mitigated during the years ended 30 June 2017 and 2018.

To manage the liquidity risk, management monitors rolling forecasts of cash and cash equivalents on the basis of expected cash flows. The Group expects to fund its future cash flow needs through internally generated cash flows from operations and equity funding.

The following table details the remaining contractual maturities of the Group's non-derivative financial liabilities, which is based on contractual undiscounted cash flows (including interest payments computed using contractual rates, if floating, based on rates current at the year-end dates) and the earliest date the Group can be required to pay.

	Carrying amount RMB' 000	Total contractual undiscounted cash flow RMB' 000	Within one year RMB' 000	More than one year but less than two years RMB' 000	More than two years but less than five years RMB' 000	More than five years RMB' 000
<b>As at 30 June 2018</b>						
Trade and other payables	16,049	16,049	16,049	—	—	—
Bank borrowings, secured	16,989	19,257	4,111	2,504	3,563	9,079
	<u>33,038</u>	<u>35,306</u>	<u>20,160</u>	<u>2,504</u>	<u>3,563</u>	<u>9,079</u>
<b>As at 30 June 2017</b>						
Trade and other payables	12,916	12,916	12,916	—	—	—
Bank borrowings, secured	48,986	61,089	19,849	2,722	7,812	30,706
	<u>61,902</u>	<u>74,005</u>	<u>32,765</u>	<u>2,722</u>	<u>7,812</u>	<u>30,706</u>



## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

30 JUNE 2018

### 34. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT— *continued*

#### (b) Capital risk management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce any unnecessary cost of capital.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt.

As of 30 June 2018, the Group has bank borrowings amounted to RMB16,989,000 (2017: RMB48,986,000). The capital structure of the Group consists of equity attributable to the owners of the Company, comprising issued share capital and reserves amounted to RMB1,140,099,000 (2017: RMB995,516,000).

#### (c) Fair value estimation

The carrying amounts of the Group's financial assets including cash and cash equivalents, trade and other receivables and trade and other payables approximate their fair values.

Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;

Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices); and

Level 3: Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

#### *Information about Level 3 fair value measurement*

As at 30 Jun 2017, the fair value of the Group's unlisted equity investment in 4 Vallees is based on cash flows discounted using a rate based on the required rate of return specific to the unlisted securities. The directors believe that the estimated fair values resulting from the valuation technique, which are recorded in the consolidated statement of financial position, and the related changes in fair values, which are recorded in other comprehensive income, are reasonable, and that they were the most appropriate values at the end of the reporting period. As at 30 June 2017, it is estimated that with all other variables held constant, a decrease/increase in required rate of return by 0.05% would have increased/decreased the Group's other comprehensive income by RMB737,000.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

30 JUNE 2018

### 34. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT – *continued*

#### (c) Fair value estimation – *continued*

##### *Information about Level 3 fair value measurement – continued*

The following table provides an analysis of financial instruments carried at fair value by level of fair value hierarchy as at 30 June 2017:

	Level 1 RMB' 000	Level 2 RMB' 000	Level 3 RMB' 000	Total RMB' 000
Available-for-sale financial asset				
– Unlisted equity investment	—	—	18,869	18,869

There was no transfer between levels during the current and prior years.

The movements during the year in the balance of the Level 3 fair value measurements are as follows:

Unlisted equity investment	Available-for-sale financial asset	
	2018 RMB' 000	2017 RMB' 000
At beginning of year	18,869	17,652
Total gain or loss:		
– in profit or loss (included gain on de-recognition of an available-for-sale financial asset)	1,335	—
– in other comprehensive income (included fair value losses and reclassification adjustment on de-recognition of an available-for-sale financial asset)	(2,128)	1,217
De-recognition of an available-for-sale financial asset	(18,076)	—
At end of year	—	18,869

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

30 JUNE 2018

### 35. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

#### (a) Major non-cash transactions

During the year ended 30 June 2018, prepayment of RMB26,636,000 as at 30 June 2017 was capitalised as interests in associates upon the subscription of 13.58% equity interest of 4 Vallees on an enlarged basis as detailed in Notes 16 and 17. In addition, carrying amount of an available-for-sale financial asset of RMB18,076,000 was reclassified to interests in associates.

During the year ended 30 June 2018, capital reduction of HK\$150,000,000 (equivalent to RMB121,800,000) has been applied towards offsetting the accumulated deficit of the Company as detailed in Note 24(a).

During the year ended 30 June 2017, the Group acquired investment properties of RMB64,800,000 which was set off against prepayments for purchase of property, plant and equipment and investment properties in the same amount.

#### (b) Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities:

	Amounts due to related companies (Note 21(a)) RMB' 000	Dividend payable (Note 21(a)) RMB' 000	Bank borrowings (Note 22) RMB' 000
At 1 July 2017	—	—	48,986
Changes from cash flows:			
Proceeds from bank borrowings	—	—	12,229
Fund transfer, net	48	—	—
Dividend paid	—	(6,119)	—
Repayment of bank borrowings	—	—	(45,700)
	<u>48</u>	<u>(6,119)</u>	<u>(33,471)</u>
Other changes:			
Dividends declared	—	13,527	—
Exchange difference	—	(159)	1,474
At 30 June 2018	<u>48</u>	<u>7,249</u>	<u>16,989</u>

## INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

At June 30, 2018

Name and Location	Lease Expiry	Usage	Approximate Gross Floor Area (square metres)	Group's Interest (%)
Various land and buildings at Oriental University City, Langfang Economic and Technology Development Zone, Langfang City, Hebei Province, the People's Republic of China	Medium term	Teaching buildings	121,256	99%
		Student and staff dormitories	144,490	
		Retail	42,505	
		Ancillary facilities	3,119	
			<u>311,370</u>	
		Land	<u>487,268</u>	
Various Land and buildings at Section 88A Town of Kuala Lumpur, District of Kuala Lumpur, State of Wilayah Persekutuan Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia.	Medium term	Teaching buildings	<u>3,754</u>	100%
		Land	<u>5,336</u>	

## FINANCIAL SUMMARY

The financial information relating to the year ended June 30, 2018 included in this financial summary does not constitute the Company's statutory annual consolidated financial statements for that year but is derived from those financial statements. Further information relating to these statutory financial statements required to be disclosed in accordance with Section 436 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, Cap. 622 (the "Companies Ordinance") is as follows:

	For the year ended				
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
	RMB' 000	RMB' 000	RMB' 000	RMB' 000	RMB' 000
<b>RESULTS</b>					
Revenue	59,643	61,588	68,619	60,336	67,311
Operating profit	42,723	58,217	71,045	36,189	222,188
Interest income	1,235	210	737	38	545
Interest expense on bank borrowings	—	—	—	(879)	(2,585)
Profit before income tax	43,958	58,427	71,782	35,348	220,148
Income tax credits/(expenses)	(3,133)	(15,777)	(18,301)	7,253	(55,402)
Profit for the year	40,825	42,650	53,481	42,601	164,746
Attributable to:					
Owners of the Company	40,405	42,128	52,913	42,193	163,223
Non-controlling interests	420	522	568	408	1,523

## FINANCIAL SUMMARY

	As at June 30				2018 RMB' 000
	2014 RMB' 000	2015 RMB' 000	2016 RMB' 000	2017 RMB' 000	
<b>ASSETS AND LIABILITIES</b>					
Non-current assets	816,979	884,082	1,019,345	1,088,443	1,267,581
Current assets	95,413	123,408	43,709	43,166	31,928
Current liabilities	(82,198)	(39,240)	(41,774)	(37,492)	(23,069)
Total assets less current liabilities	830,194	968,250	1,021,280	1,094,117	1,276,440
Non-current liabilities	(20,404)	(35,771)	(50,863)	(90,577)	(126,794)
Net assets	<u>809,790</u>	<u>932,479</u>	<u>970,417</u>	<u>1,003,540</u>	<u>1,149,646</u>
<b>CAPITAL AND RESERVES</b>					
Share capital	331,898	411,936	411,936	411,936	290,136
Reserves	<u>471,366</u>	<u>513,495</u>	<u>550,865</u>	<u>583,580</u>	<u>849,963</u>
Equity attributable to owners of the Company	803,264	925,431	962,801	995,516	1,140,099
Non-controlling interests	<u>6,526</u>	<u>7,048</u>	<u>7,616</u>	<u>8,024</u>	<u>9,547</u>
Total equity	<u>809,790</u>	<u>932,479</u>	<u>970,417</u>	<u>1,003,540</u>	<u>1,149,646</u>

The Company will deliver the financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2018 to the Registrar of Companies as required by Section 662(3) of, and Part 3 of Schedule 6 to, the Companies Ordinance.

The Company's respective auditors have reported on those financial statements. The auditor's reports were unqualified; did not include a reference to any matters to which the auditors drew attention by way of emphasis without qualifying their reports; and did not contain a statement under Sections 406(2), 407(2) or (3) of the Companies Ordinance.

# ANNUAL REPORT

2018



**Oriental**  
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