

COLLEG

## Amuse Group Holding Limited 佰悅集團控股有限公司

(incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability) (於開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司) (Stock code 股份代號: 8545)



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### **CORPORATE INFORMATION**

公司資料

#### **Board of Directors**

**Executive Directors** Mr. Li Wai Keung *(Chairman and chief executive officer)* Mr. To Hoi Pan Ms. Lee Kwai Fong

#### Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. Yu Pui Hang Mr. Tung Man Ms. Chow Chi Ling Janice

#### **Company Secretary**

Mr. To Hoi Pan

#### **Compliance Officer**

Mr. To Hoi Pan

#### **Authorised Representatives**

Mr. Li Wai Keung Mr. To Hoi Pan

#### **Audit Committee**

Ms. Chow Chi Ling Janice *(Chairlady of Audit Committee)* Mr. Yu Pui Hang Mr. Tung Man

#### **Remuneration Committee**

Mr. Yu Pui Hang (*Chairman of Remuneration Committee*) Mr. Tung Man Ms. Chow Chi Ling Janice

#### **Nomination Committee**

Mr. Tung Man *(Chairman of Nomination Committee)* Mr. Yu Pui Hang Ms. Chow Chi Ling Janice

#### Auditor

Grand Thornton Hong Kong Limited *Certified Public Accountants* 

#### **Registered Office**

PO Box 1350, Clifton House 75 Fort Street, Grand Cayman KY1-1108

#### 董事會

**執行董事** 李偉強先生 *(主席兼行政總裁)* 杜海斌先生 李桂芳女士

**獨立非執行董事** 余沛恒先生 董文先生 周緻玲女士

**公司秘書** 杜海斌先生

合規主任 杜海斌先生

授權代表 李偉強先生 杜海斌先生

#### **審核委員會** 周緻玲女士 *(審核委員會主席)* 余沛恒先生 董文先生

**薪酬委員會** 余沛恒先生 *(薪酬委員會主席)* 董文先生 周緻玲女士

#### 提名委員會

董文先生 *(提名委員會主席)* 余沛恒先生 周緻玲女士

**核 數 師** 致同(香港)會計師事務所有限公司 *執業會計師* 

**註冊辦事處** PO Box 1350, Clifton House 75 Fort Street, Grand Cayman KY1-1108







#### **CORPORATE INFORMATION** 公司資料

#### Head Office and Principal Place of Business in Hong Kong

Flat A–C, 3A/F, Metex House 24–32 Fui Yiu Kok Street Tsuen Wan Hong Kong

## Principal Share Registrar and Transfer Office

Estera Trust (Cayman) Limited PO Box 1350, Clifton House 75 Fort Street, Grand Cayman KY1-1108 Cayman Islands

## Hong Kong Branch Share Registrar and Transfer Office

Tricor Investor Services Limited Level 54, Hopewell Centre 183 Queen's Road East Hong Kong

#### **Compliance Adviser**

Ample Capital Limited

#### Independent Advisor

ZHONGHUI ANDA Risk Services Limited

#### Legal Advisers as to Hong Kong Law

Patrick Mak & Tse Rooms 901–905 9th Floor Wing On Centre 111 Connaught Road Central Hong Kong

### **Principal Bankers**

Hang Seng Bank Limited

## Company's Website

www.amusegroupholding.com

Stock Code

#### 總辦事處及香港主要營業地點

香港 荃灣 灰窰角街24–32號 美德大廈3A樓A–C室

#### 股份過戶登記總處

Estera Trust (Cayman) Limited PO Box 1350, Clifton House 75 Fort Street, Grand Cayman KY1-1108 Cayman Islands

#### 香港股份過戶登記分處

卓佳證券登記有限公司 香港 皇后大道東183號 合和中心54樓

**合規顧問** 豐盛融資有限公司

**獨立顧問** 中匯安達風險管理有限公司

**香港法律顧問** 麥家榮律師行 香港 干諾道中111號 永安中心9樓 901-905室

**主要往來銀行** 恒生銀行有限公司

公司網站 www.amusegroupholding.com

**股份代號** 8545

### CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT 主席報告

The previous year represents the most challenging year for the Group so far. From the Sino-US trade war at the beginning of last year to the social movements in the mid-year, followed by the outbreak of COVID-19 in this year, many industries have suffered a heavy blow as a result. The Group is no exception. However, despite such serious challenges, I am extremely grateful for the ongoing and unwavering support from everyone towards the Group.

Under such difficult operating environment, not only did the Group refuse to take steps in reduction of production volumes, instead we proactively catered to public demand for collections, acquired more copyrights with high popularity and minimized our cost and selling prices to enhance market recognition of the Group's brand and our market share. In the coming year, we will continue our commitment to high-end design and supreme quality in return for the unlimited support given to our Group.

In order to increase the revenue of the Group, since last year, we have been actively seeking for more appropriate suppliers and identifying more production plants. With regards to sales activities, in addition to the increased number of sales channels, our own B2C (Business to Consumer) direct sales also witnessed an encouraging growth. Looking forward, it is necessary for the Group to recruit more suitable talents, with the expectation to attract more people who are interested in toys to join our Company, and scale new heights for the Group hand by hand. 過去一年是集團有史以來最具挑戰的一年。 由去年年頭開始的中美貿易戰,到年中的社 會運動,之後是今年的2019冠狀病毒病疫情, 都對各行各業帶來極嚴峻的沖擊。本集團亦 不例外。而面對這些極嚴峻的挑戰下,幸得大 家對本集團的支持和不離不棄,實在感激萬分!

在這困難的經營下,本集團並沒有減少出品, 反而更加積極迎合大家對收藏品的要求,取 下更多大家對其熟識的版權,並盡力降低成 本和售賣價格以務求增加市場對本集團品牌 的認知度和市場佔有率。在這未來的一年,我 們會繼續堅持高階的設計和堅守品質,以此 回報大家對本集團的無限支持!

為了增加本集團的收入,從去年開始就積極 搜尋更多合適的供應商,發掘更多的生產工場。 而在銷售方面,除增加了不少銷售渠道外,對 自家B2C(企業直接與消費者交易)直接的銷 售亦有不錯的增長。未來本集團需要搜羅更 多合適的人才,希望更多對玩具有興趣的人 仕能夠加入公司,共同將本集團推向另一高峰!

### MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

管理層討論及分析

#### **Business Review**

Amuse Group Holding Limited (the "Company") is a company incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability under the Companies Law (as revised) of the Cayman Islands. The Company and its subsidiaries (the "Group") are principally engaged in design, marketing, distribution and retail sales of toys and related products.

## Sales of original design manufacturer ("ODM") toys

The sales of ODM toys maintained a healthy growth in Japan, which was instrumental to the sales business of the Group. The Group's two major customers, namely Sentinel Japan and Wing Co., Ltd., have had work with us for over 9 and 13 years respectively, representing the primary revenue source of the sales of ODM toys. During the year ended 31 March 2020 (the "Year"), revenue from sales of ODM toys increased by approximately 32.7% to approximately HK\$136,829,000 (2019: approximately HK\$103,088,000). In light of increased labour costs and costs of raw materials, our suppliers passed some of the increased costs to the Group, which caused a decrease of gross profit margin in the sales of ODM toys of approximately 0.53% during the year, contributing to the main reason for the decrease of the overall gross profit margin for the Year.

#### Distribution of imported toys and related products

The outbreak of 2019 Novel Coronavirus ("COVID-19") since January 2020 resulted in a drop in the demand of the Group's products during the final quarter. On the other hand, there were two new high-end robot figures released and delivered in the year ended 31 March 2019 (the "Prior Year"). As a result, the revenue from distribution of imported toys and related products decreased significantly by approximately 32.5% to HK\$36,669,000 (2019: approximately HK\$54,319,000) during the Year.

#### Sales of own licensed toys and related products

The Group applied the "SENTINEL/千值練", "TOPI" and "FLAME TOYS" brands in developing our own licensed toys and related products over the years. During the Year, the Group introduced a variety of figures of robot-themed characters with good sales performance, resulting in an increase in revenue from sales of own licensed toys and related products during the Year by approximately 32.9% to HK\$33,467,000 (2019: approximately HK\$25,176,000).

#### 業務回顧

佰悅集團控股有限公司(「本公司」)乃根據開 曼群島公司法(經修訂)於開曼群島註冊成立 的有限公司。本公司及其附屬公司(「本集團」) 之主要業務為設計、營銷、分銷及零售玩具及 相關產品。

#### 銷售原設計製造(「ODM」)玩具

日本市場的ODM玩具銷售持續健康增長,對 本集團的銷售業務產生積極影響。本集團的兩 名主要客戶:千值練日本及Wing Co., Ltd.分 別與本集團合作逾9年及13年,為ODM玩具 銷售主要的收益來源。於截至二零二零年三 月三十一日止年度(「本年度」),銷售ODM玩 具之收益增長約32.7%至約136,829,000港元 (二零一九年:約103,088,000港元)。面對勞 工及原材料的成本增加,供應商將部份成本 增幅轉移至本集團,以致本年度之銷售ODM 玩具毛利率下跌約0.53%,成為本年度整體毛 利率下跌的主要原因。

#### 分銷進口玩具及相關產品

二零一九年新型冠狀病毒(「2019冠狀病毒病」) 自二零二零年一月起爆發,使本集團產品的需 求於最後一季下跌。另一方面,截至二零一九 年三月三十一日止年度(「去年」)推出及交付 兩款全新高端機械人手辦玩具。因此,分銷進 口玩具及相關產品的收益於本年度大幅減少 約32.5%至36,669,000港元(二零一九年:約 54,319,000港元)。

#### 銷售自家特許玩具及相關產品

本集團多年來使用「SENTINEL/千值練」、 「TOPI」及「FLAME TOYS」品牌建立自家特許玩 具及相關產品。本年度推出多款機械人主題角 色的手辦玩具,銷情理想,促使銷售自家特許 玩具及相關產品收益在本年度增長約32.9%至 33,467,000港元(二零一九年:約25,176,000 港元)。

### MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

管理層討論及分析

#### **Financial Analysis**

#### Revenue

Revenue is recognised when the customer takes possession of and accepts the products. Revenue is after deduction of any trade discounts.

Revenue increased by approximately 13.4% to approximately HK\$206,965,000 for the Year from approximately HK\$182,583,000 for the Prior Year. The increase in revenue was mainly due to the increase in revenue from (i) sales of own licensed toys and related products; and (ii) sales of ODM toys to license holders.

#### Cost of sales

Our Group's cost of sales, incurred from the ODM toys, distribution of imported toys and related products and own licensed toys and comprising of related products (i) production costs; (ii) license fee; (iii) depreciation of mould and (iv) others.

Cost of sales increased by approximately 19.9% to approximately HK\$164,783,000 for the Year from approximately HK\$137,423,000 for the Prior Year, including the write down of inventory in aggregate of approximately HK\$200,000.

#### Gross profit

Gross profit decreased by approximately 6.6% to approximately HK\$42,182,000 for the Year from approximately HK\$45,160,000 for the Prior Year. The gross profit margin decreased to approximately 20.4% for the Year from approximately 24.7% for the Prior Year. The decrease in gross profit margin is mainly due to the increase of labour and raw materials costs, which led to the increase of the cost of ODM toys and own licensed toys and related products.

#### Other net income

Other net income increased by approximately 90.8% to approximately HK\$6,254,000 for the Year from approximately HK\$3,278,000 for the Prior Year.

#### 財務分析

#### 收益

收益於客戶收到及同意接收產品時確認。收 益已扣除任何貿易折扣。

收益由去年約182,583,000港元增加約13.4% 至本年度約206,965,000港元。收益增加主要 由於(I)銷售自家特許玩具及相關產品;及(II)銷 售ODM玩具予特許持有人的收益增加所致。

#### 銷售成本

本集團ODM玩具、分銷進口玩具及相關產品 及自家特許玩具的銷售成本包括:(i)相關產品 的生產成本:(ii)特許費用;(iii)模具折舊;及(iv) 其他。

銷售成本由去年約137,423,000港元增加約 19.9%至本年度約164,783,000港元,包括存 貨撇減合共約200,000港元。

#### 毛利

毛利由去年約45,160,000港元下跌約6.6%至 本年度約42,182,000港元。毛利率由去年約 24.7%下跌至本年度約20.4%。毛利率下跌主 要由於勞工及原材料成本增加,導致ODM玩 具,自家特許玩具及相關產品成本增加。

#### 其他淨收入

其他淨收入由去年約3,278,000港元增加約 90.8%至本年度約6,254,000港元。





#### **MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS** 管理層討論及分析

#### Selling expenses

Our selling expenses comprises (i) advertising; (ii) staff costs which mainly represents the expenses in salary of staff; (iii) freight, postage and delivery; (iv) commission expense for our consignment sales; and (v) other selling and distribution expenses. Selling expenses increased by approximately 29.7% from approximately HK\$5,306,000 for the Prior Year to approximately HK\$6,882,000 for the Year, mainly due to (i) an increase in the number of sales staff; and (ii) increased postage and delivery fee.

#### Administrative expenses

Our administrative expenses mainly consists of (i) staff costs which mainly represents the expenses in salary and staff benefit payable to our administrative department including our Directors;(ii) operating lease charges for land and building; (iii) travelling and entertainment expenses; (iv) audit fee; (v) depreciation expenses;(vi) legal and professional fee; (vii) insurance expenses mainly in relation to product liability insurance; and (viii) other administrative expenses.

Administrative expenses increased by approximately 45.1% from approximately HK\$19,974,000 for the Prior Year to approximately HK\$28,978,000 for the Year. Such increase was mainly due to (i) bad debts of trade receivables; (ii) increase in staff costs due to increase in salary of staff; and (iii) the additional expenses in respect of the new retail shops in Hong Kong.

#### **Finance costs**

The finance costs arose from our bank loans. Finance costs increased by approximately 102.3% to approximately HK\$348,000 for the year from approximately HK\$172,000 for the Prior Year. The increase was mainly due to the increase in interest on lease liabilities.

#### Income tax expenses

Income tax expenses were decreased by approximately 28.0% to approximately HK\$3,874,000 for the Year, as compared to approximately HK\$5,378,000 for the Prior Year.

## Future plans for material investments and capital assets

Except for those included in the section headed "Future Plans and Use of Proceeds" in the prospectus of the Company dated 18 May 2018 (the "Prospectus"), the Group had no definite future plans for material investments and capital assets.

#### 銷售開支

銷售開支包括(i)廣告:(ii)員工成本,主要為員 工薪金開支:(iii)運費、郵費及送貨:(iv)寄售 佣金開支:及(v)其他銷售及分銷開支。銷售 開支由去年約5,306,000港元增加約29.7%至 本年度約6,882,000港元,主要由於(i)銷售員 工增加;及(ii)郵寄及派遞費用增加。

#### 行政開支

行政開支主要包括(i)員工成本,主要指應付行 政部門(包括董事)的薪金及員工福利開支:(ii) 土地及樓宇經營租賃費用:(iii)差旅及酬酢開支; (iv)審核費用:(v)折舊開支:(vi)法律及專業費 用:(vii)保險開支(主要關於產品責任保險); 及(viii)其他行政開支。

行政開支由去年約19,974,000港元增加約 45.1%至本年度約28,978,000港元。主要原因 為(i)貿易應收款項壞賬;(ii)員工薪酬增加導致 員工成本增加:及(iii)香港新零售店舖的額外 開支。

#### 融資成本

融資成本源於銀行貸款。融資成本由去年約172,000港元增加約102.3%至本年度約348,000港元。成本增加主要由於按揭利率上升。該增加主要由於租賃負債的利息增加所致。

#### 所得税開支

所得税開支由去年約5,378,000港元下跌約 28.0%至本年度約3,874,000港元。

#### 關於重大投資及資本資產的未來計劃

除本公司日期為二零一八年五月十八日的招股章程(「招股章程」)「未來計劃及所得款項用途」一節所載者外,本集團就重大投資及資本 資產並無明確的未來計劃。

#### MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

管理層討論及分析

#### Significant investments held

It has been the Group's strategy to explore new potential projects in order to diversify its business as well as broaden income source of the Group and eventually to maximise the return to the shareholders of the Company (the "Shareholders"). The board of Directors (the "Board") sees an increasing demand and huge business opportunities for medical face masks and protective products in the PRC and Hong Kong as a result of the increasing awareness of health protection due to the recent global wide spread of new COVID-19 outbreak.

On 30 March 2020, one of the direct wholly-owned subsidiary of the Group, Amuse Luck Limited ("Amuse Luck") has entered into the joint venture agreement with Grand View Protective Products Limited ("Grand View") (the "Joint Venture Agreement") pursuant to which Amuse Luck and Grand View agreed to jointly establish a joint venture (the "Joint Venture") in Hong Kong owned as to 30% by Amuse Luck and 70% by Grand View (the "Joint Venture"), which will principally engage in manufacturing and sale of protective products (including medical face masks, infrared thermometer, disinfectant spray, protective clothing, etc.) in Hong Kong and PRC markets.

In accordance with the Joint Venture Agreement, Amuse Luck and Grand View will advance a further investment in aggregate amount of HK\$10 million to the Joint Venture for setting up the medical face masks production lines in proportion to their respective shareholdings, in which Amuse Luck will contribute HK\$3 million to the Joint Venture and Grand View will be responsible for the costs of medical face masks production equipment, its installation and the plant renovation which amount to approximately HK\$7 million.

The Directors are of the view that it is a good opportunity for the Group to invest in a developing industry with potential and the Joint Venture will bring about opportunities for business cooperation with the Group which may diversify the Group's portfolio of businesses.

#### 所持重大投資

本集團的策略是探索新的潛在項目,以使業務日趨多元,並拓寬本集團收入來源,從而使 本公司股東(「股東」)回報達致最高。鑑於近 來2019冠狀病毒病在全球肆虐,民眾的衛生 防護意識提高,董事會預見醫用口罩及防護 用品在中國及香港市場的需求日增、商機無限。

於二零二零年三月三十日,本集團的其中一 間直接全資附屬公司佰好有限公司(「佰好」) 與康鴻防護用品有限公司(「康鴻」)訂立合資 協議(「合資協議」),據此,佰好及康鴻同意 在香港共同成立合資公司(「合資公司」),分 別由佰好及康鴻擁有30%和70%,合資公司 將主要在香港及中國市場從事製造及銷售防 護產品(包括醫用口罩、紅外線探熱器、消毒 噴霧、防護衣等)。

根據合資協議,佰好與康鴻將按照其各自的 股權比例向合資公司進一步投資:總金額為 10,000,000港元,用途為設立醫用口罩生產 線,其中佰好將向合資公司出資3,000,000港 元,而康鴻防護將負責醫用口罩生產設備、安 裝及廠房維修的成本,金額相當於約7,000,000 港元。

董事認為,此乃本集團投資於具潛力的發展 中行業的良機,而合資公司會為本集團帶來 業務合作的機會,從而令本集團的業務組合 更添多元。



#### **MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS** 管理層討論及分析

官理僧討禰仅万例

#### **Gearing Ratio**

Gearing ratio is calculated based on the total loans and borrowings divided by total equity at the respective reporting date. As at 31 March 2020, the Group's gearing ratio was approximately 0.02 times, while it was 0.04 times as at 31 March 2019. The decrease in gearing ratio was mainly due to the increase of reserve during the year ended 31 March 2020. The Group's financial position is sound and strong. With available bank balances and cash, the Group has sufficient liquidity to satisfy its funding requirements.

#### Foreign Exchange Exposure

Certain trade receivables, bank balances and trade payables are denominated in foreign currency of the respective group entities which are exposed to foreign currency risk. Although part of the Group's revenue and cost are in U.S. Dollar ("USD") and Japanese Yen, the Group does not expect any significant movement in the USD and Japanese Yen exchange rate. The Group currently does not have a foreign currency hedging policy. However, management monitors foreign exchange exposure closely and will consider hedging significant foreign currency exposure should the need arise.

#### Charge on the Group's assets

At 31 March 2020, the Group's building with an aggregate carrying value of HK\$6,422,000 were mortgaged to secure banking facilities granted to the Group (31 March 2019: investment property and building approximately HK\$16,899,000).

#### Information on employees

As at 31 March 2020, the Group had 38 employees (31 March 2019: 44) working in Hong Kong. Employees are remunerated according to their performance and work experience. On top of basic salary, commission, discretionary bonus and share option may be granted to eligible staff by reference to the Group's performance as well as individual's performance. The total staff cost (including remuneration of the Directors and mandatory provident funds contributions) for the Year amounted to approximately HK\$13,846,000 (2019: approximately HK\$12,770,000).

#### Dividend

The Board does not recommend the payment of dividend for the year ended 31 March 2020 (2019: Nil).

#### 資產負債比率

資產負債比率乃按各報告日期的總貸款及借 款除以總權益計算。於二零二零年三月三十一 日,本集團的資產負債比率為約0.02倍,而二 零一九年三月三十一日為0.04倍。資產負債比 率下降主要由於截至二零二零年三月三十一 日止年度儲備增加所致。本集團的財務狀況 良好且穩健。憑藉可用的銀行結餘及現金,本 集團有足夠流動資金應付其資金需求。

#### 外匯風險

若干貿易應收款項、銀行結餘及貿易應付款項 乃以各集團實體的外幣計值,從而面臨外幣 風險。儘管本集團的部分收益及成本以美元 (「美元」)及日圓計值,本集團預計美元及日圓 匯率不會出現任何重大變動。本集團目前並 無外幣對沖政策。然而,管理層會密切監控外 匯風險,並將考慮在必要時對沖重大外幣風險。

#### 本集團資產抵押

於二零二零年三月三十一日,總賬面值為 6,422,000港元的本集團樓宇已予按揭,以作 為本集團獲授銀行融資的抵押(二零一九年三 月三十一日:投資物業及樓宇約16,899,000港 元)。

#### 有關僱員的資料

於二零二零年三月三十一日,本集團於香港 聘用38名僱員(二零一九年三月三十一日:44 名)。僱員酬金乃根據彼等的表現及工作經驗 釐定。除基本薪金外,經參考本集團的業績及 個人表現後,合資格員工亦可能獲授佣金、酌 情花紅及購股權。本年度的總員工成本(包括 董事酬金及強積金供款)約為13,846,000港元 (二零一九年:約12,770,000港元)。

#### 股息

董事會不建議就截至二零二零年三月三十一 日止年度派付股息(二零一九年:無)。

#### MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

管理層討論及分析

#### **Use of Proceeds**

The ordinary share(s) of the Company (the "Shares") were listed on GEM on 31 May 2018. The net proceeds from the listing of the Shares on GEM (the "Listing") (after deducting the underwriting fees and related expenses) amounted to approximately HK\$57.9 million. Up to 31 March 2020, the actual use of proceeds and unutilised proceeds were approximately HK\$34.2 million and HK\$23.7 million, respectively. The proceeds from the Listing were applied as follows:

#### 所得款項用途

本公司普通股(「股份」)於二零一八年五月 三十一日在GEM上市。股份於GEM上市(「上 市」)所得款項淨額(經扣除包銷費用及相關開 支後)約為57,900,000港元。截至二零二零年 三月三十一日,所得款項實際使用及未使用 金額分別約為34,200,000港元及23,700,000 港元。上市所得款項使用情況如下:

		Total planned amount to used	Total planned utilised up to amount to used 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年 三月三十一日		Total planned utilised up to bala amount to used 31 March 2020 31 Ma 截至二零二零年 三月三十一日 於二	to used  31 March 2020  31 March 2020 截至二零二零年 三月三十一日   於二零二零年
		<b>計劃使用總金額</b> HK\$'000 千港元	<b>實際金額</b> HK\$'000 千港元	<b>的未使用結餘</b> HK\$'000 千港元		
Expanding our product portfolio of own licensed toys and related products Enhancing our overseas distribution	擴大自家特許玩具產品及 相關產品組合 提升海外分銷網絡	46,200	24,909	21,291		
network	JYE / T / 나무 / T / 가 꼬디 세딩 까디	3,600	3,511	89		
Further strengthening our manpower Further enhancing our information technology system and performing	進一步增強人力資源 進一步改善資訊科技系統 及進行倉庫裝修	6,000	4,612	1,388		
warehouse renovation		2,100	1,200	900		
Total	總計	57,900	34,232	23,668		

The business objectives, future plans and planned use of proceeds as stated in the Prospectus were based on the best estimation and assumption of future market conditions made by the Group at the time of preparing the Prospectus while the proceeds were applied based on the actual development of the Group's business and the industry. 招股章程所載業務目標、未來計劃及所得款 項計劃用途乃根據本集團編製招股章程時對 未來市況作出的最佳估計及假設制定,而所 得款項乃根據本集團業務及行業的實際發展 情況使用。

#### **Contingent Liabilities**

As at 31 March 2020, the Group had no significant contingent liabilities (2019: Nil).

#### 或然負債

於二零二零年三月三十一日,本集團並無任 何重大或然負債(二零一九年:無)。





#### MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS 管理層討論及分析

#### **Event After the Reporting Period**

Following the outbreak of Coronavirus Disease 2019 ("the COVID-19 outbreak") in early 2020, a series of precautionary and control measures have been and continued to be implemented over the world, which has affected the business and economic activities of the Group to certain extent. Pending on the development of the COVID-19 outbreak subsequent to the date of these financial statements, further changes in economic conditions for the Group arising thereof may have impact on the financial results of the Group. The overall financial effect of the above cannot be reliably estimated as of the date of these attention to the development of the COVID-19 outbreak and continue to evaluate its impact on the financial position and operating results of the Group.

#### 報告期後事項

2019冠狀病毒病於二零二零年初爆發(「2019 冠狀病毒病疫情」)以後,一系列防控措施已 經並將繼續於全球範圍內實施,已在一定程 度上影響本集團的業務及經濟活動。該等財務 報告日期後,隨著2019冠狀病毒病疫情的發 展,本集團的經濟狀況由此產生的進一步變 動可能對本集團財務業績造成影響。截至該 等綜合財務報表日期,上述事件的整體財務 影響無法可靠估計。本集團將密切關注2019 冠狀病毒病疫情的進展,並繼續評估其對本 集團財務狀況及經營業績的影響。

董事及高級管理人員簡介

#### **Executive Directors**

Mr. LI Wai Keung (李偉強), aged 40, is a founder of our Group. He is the chairman of the Company (the "Chairman"), a controlling Shareholder (as defined in the GEM Listing Rules) and an executive Director. He is currently responsible for overall business development as well as financial and strategic planning of our Group. Mr. Li is also a director of each of the wholly-owned subsidiaries of our Group. Mr. Li has over 14 years of experience in the ACG toy industry in Hong Kong. Prior to establishing our Group, Mr. Li worked at L. Y. Creative Co., Limited, which was a company engaged in toy industry, from November 2002 to April 2004, with his last position as project engineer. Subsequently, from May 2004 to July 2004, he worked as a project engineer at Hutchison Harbour Ring Co., Limited, which was a company engaged in toy industry. In September 2004, he, among others, established Bestone Creative for designing and manufacturing toys on ODM basis. In December 2008, Mr. Li, among others, established Sentinel Hong Kong with the aim to developing and distributing its own licensed toys of ACG characters. Mr. Li obtained a degree of Bachelor of Engineering in Mechanical Engineering from The Hong Kong Polytechnic University in November 2001.

Mr. Li did not hold other directorship in any other listed or public companies, of which the securities are listed on any securities market in Hong Kong or overseas in the last three years.

#### 執行董事

李偉強先生,40歲,為本集團創始人。彼為本 公司主席(「主席」)、控股股東(定義見GEM上 市規則)及執行董事,現負責本集團整體業務 發展以及財務及策略規劃。李先生亦為本集團 各全資附屬公司的董事。李先生於香港ACG 玩具行業擁有逾14年經驗。成立本集團之前, 李先生於二零零二年十一月至二零零四年四 月曾在從事玩具行業的立人建業有限公司任 職,其最後職位為項目工程師。其後於二零零 四年五月至二零零四年七月,彼於從事玩具 行業的Hutchison Harbour Ring Co., Limited任 職項目工程師。於二零零四年九月,彼(其中 包括)成立盈天創意,按ODM基準設計及製造 玩具。於二零零八年十二月,李先生(其中包 括)成立千值練香港,以開發及分銷其ACG角 色自家特許玩具。李先生於二零零一年十一 月獲得香港理工大學機械工程學工學士學位。

李先生於過往三年並無在其證券於香港或海 外任何證券市場上市之任何其他上市或公眾 公司擔任其他董事職務。

董事及高級管理人員簡介

**Mr. TO Hoi Pan (杜海斌)**, aged 46, is an executive Director and the company secretary of our Company. He is currently responsible for (i) the financial reporting, financial planning, treasury and financial control and company secretarial matters; and (ii) the overall business development of our Group. Mr. To has over 15 years of experience in the field of accounting and financial management. Prior to joining our Group, he worked as chief financial officer at Opes Asia Development Limited (Stock code: 810) (currently known as China Internet Investment Finance Holdings Limited), the shares of which are listed on the Main Board of Stock Exchange. Mr. To joined our Group as a chief financial officer in March 2016, and was appointed as our company secretary in March 2017.

Mr. To obtained a degree of Bachelor of Commerce in Accountancy from the University of Wollongong in Australia in December 1999. Mr. To is currently a certified practising accountant of the CPA Australia and a certified public accountant of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants.

Mr. To did not hold other directorship in any other listed or public companies, of which the securities are listed on any securities market in Hong Kong or overseas in the last three years.

**Ms. LEE Kwai Fong (**李桂芳), aged 34, is an executive Director and our general manager. Ms. Lee joined our Group in August 2006 and was promoted to general manager in November 2011. Ms. Lee is mainly responsible for managing the general operations of our Group.

Ms. Lee did not hold other directorship in any other listed or public companies, of which the securities are listed on any securities market in Hong Kong or overseas in the last three years. 杜海斌先生,46歲,為本公司執行董事及公 司秘書,現負責(i)財務申報、財務規劃、庫務 及財務管理以及公司秘書事務;及(ii)本集團 整體業務發展。杜先生於會計及財務管理領 域已有逾15年經驗。加入本集團之前,彼於 華保亞洲發展有限公司(股份代號:810)(現 稱為中國互聯網投資金融集團有限公司,其股 份於聯交所主板上市)擔任財務總監。杜先生 於二零一六年三月加盟本集團,擔任財務總監, 並於二零一七年三月獲委任為公司秘書。

杜先生於一九九九年十二月在澳洲臥龍崗大 學獲得會計學商學士學位。杜先生現時為澳洲 註冊執業會計師及香港會計師公會執業會計師。

杜先生於過往三年並無在其證券於香港或海 外任何證券市場上市之任何其他上市或公眾 公司擔任其他董事職務。

李桂芳女士,34歲,為執行董事兼總經理。 李女士於二零零六年八月加入本集團,並於 二零一一年十一月晉升為總經理,李女士主 要負責管理本集團的一般營運。

李女士於過往三年並無在其證券於香港或海 外任何證券市場上市之任何其他上市或公眾 公司擔任其他董事職務。

#### DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT PROFILE 董事及高級管理人員簡介

#### Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. YU Pui Hang (余沛恒), aged 40, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 11 May 2018. He is primarily responsible for bringing an independent judgment to ensure the continuing effectiveness of the management of our Company. Mr. Yu is the chairman of our remuneration committee and a member of our audit committee and corporate governance committee.

Mr. Yu obtained a degree of Bachelor of Laws from the King's College London of the University of London in the United Kingdom in July 2001. Mr. Yu was admitted to practice law as a solicitor in Hong Kong in August 2004 and in England and Wales in April 2005. Mr. Yu was appointed as the honorary legal advisor to the Hong Kong Federation of Invention and Innovation in July 2017, the honorary legal advisor to the Institute of Financial Technologies of Asia in January 2018 and the honorary legal advisor to The GHM-Greater Bay Area TECHFIN Association in May 2018. Mr. Yu has also gualifies as a Certified Financial Technologist in 2020.

Mr. Yu worked as assistant solicitor at Kennedys from July 2004 to August 2005. From November 2005 to October 2006, he worked as an associate at a Hong Kong office of Norton Rose (Services) Limited. He then worked as an associate at Freshfields Bruckhaus Deringer from November 2006 to July 2010. Mr. Yu then worked at ICBC International Holdings Limited from July 2010 to December 2015 with his last position as executive director, associate general counsel of legal department. Mr. Yu has been one of the founding partners of the law firm, L&Y Law Office since January 2016. He has also been the sole proprietor of the law firm, Henry Yu & Associates since March 2018.

Mr. Yu has been appointed as an independent non-executive director of Amuse Group Holding Limited, a company whose shares are listed on GEM of the Stock Exchange (stock code: 8545) since May 2018 and an independent non-executive director of Hyfusin Group Holdings Limited, a company whose shares are listed on GEM of the Stock Exchange (stock code: 8512) since July 2018.

#### 獨立非執行董事

余沛恒,40歲,於二零一八年五月十一日獲 委任為獨立非執行董事。彼主要負責為確保 本公司管理的持續有效性提供獨立判斷。余 先生為薪酬委員會主席、審核委員會及企業 管治委員會成員。

余先生於二零零一年七月獲英國倫敦大學倫 敦國王學院頒授法學學士學位。余先生於二 零零四年八月成為香港執業律師,並於二零 零五年四月獲准於英格蘭及威爾斯執業。余 先生於二零一七年七月獲委任為香港發明創 新總會的榮譽法律顧問,於二零一八年一月 獲委任為亞洲金融科技師學會榮譽法律顧問, 並於二零一八年五月起獲委任為粵港澳大灣 區科技金融協會的榮譽法律顧問。余先生亦 於二零二零年獲認證為註冊金融科技師。

余先生自二零零四年七月至二零零五年八月 於肯尼狄律師行擔任助理律師。自二零零五 年十一月至二零零六年十月,彼擔任Norton Rose (Services) Limited 香港辦事處之律師。彼 其後自二零零六年十一月至二零一零年七月 擔任富而德律師事務所之律師。其後,余先生 於二零一零年七月至二零一五年十二月在工 銀國際控股有限公司任職,離職前擔任執行董 事、法律部副總法律顧問。余先生自二零一六 年一月起一直為律師事務所林余律師事務所 的創始合夥人之一。彼自二零一八年三月起 亦為律師事務所Henry Yu & Associates的獨資 經營者。

余先生自二零一八年五月起獲委任為佰悅集 團控股有限公司的獨立非執行董事,(該公司 股份在聯交所GEM上市,股份代號:8545), 並自二零一八年七月起獲委任為凱富善集團 控股有限公司的獨立非執行董事(該公司股份 在聯交所GEM上市,股份代號:8512)。



董事及高級管理人員簡介

Mr. TUNG Man (董文), aged 45, is an independent nonexecutive Director. He is responsible for providing independent judgement on our strategy, performance, resources and standard of conduct. Mr. Tung obtained a degree of Bachelor of Social Science with Honours from The Chinese University of Hong Kong in December 1997. Mr. Tung has over 21 years of experience in the banking and finance industry. From October 1997 to August 2000, Mr. Tung worked at Dao Heng Bank Limited, with his last position as consultant personal financial services. From August 2000 to February 2005, Mr. Tung worked at Chekiang First Bank Limited, and subsequently Wing Hang Bank, Limited (after its acquisition of the former bank), with his last position as senior officer. Mr. Tung subsequently worked at the Hong Kong Branch of Bank of Communications Co., Ltd from February 2005 to October 2015 at which his last position was deputy chief relationship manager of global banking department. Mr. Tung has worked at China Tian Yuan International Finance (Management) Limited since October 2015, and is currently the managing director of the capital management department.

Mr. Tung did not hold other directorship in any other listed or public companies, of which the securities are listed on any securities market in Hong Kong or overseas in the last three years.

董文先生,45歲,為獨立非執行董事。彼負責 就策略、表現、資源及操守標準提供獨立判斷。 董先生於一九九七年十二月獲香港中文大學 頒授社會科學學士(榮譽)學位。董先生於銀 行及金融行業擁有逾21年經驗。自一九九七 年十月至二零零零年八月,董先生於道亨銀 行有限公司任職,其最後職位為個人理財顧問。 自二零零零年八月至二零零五年二月,董先 生於浙江第一銀行有限公司任職,其後於永 亨銀行有限公司(收購前者以後)任職,其最 後職位為高級主任。董先生其後自二零零五 年二月至二零一五年十月於交通銀行股份有 限公司香港分行任職,其最後職位為環球銀 行部副首席客戶經理。自二零一五年十月起, 董先生一百於中國天元國際金融(管理)有限 公司任職,目前為資本管理部的董事總經理。

董先生於過往三年並無在其證券於香港或海 外任何證券市場上市之任何其他上市或公眾 公司擔任其他董事職務。

董事及高級管理人員簡介

Ms. CHOW Chi Ling Janice (周緻玲), aged 37, is an independent non-executive Director. She is responsible for providing independent judgement on our strategy, performance, resources and standard of conduct. Ms. Chow obtained a degree of Bachelor of Commerce from The University of Auckland in New Zealand in May 2004. She subsequently obtained a degree of Master of Commerce in Finance from The University of New South Wales in Australia in September 2005. She has become a certified public accountant of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants since January 2010. Ms. Chow has over 15 years of experience in the auditing and financial management industry. Ms. Chow worked as graduate accountant in audit division at Stirling SCI, chartered accountants, from July 2004 to May 2005. From September 2005 to December 2007, she worked at Wong Lam Leung & Kwok C.P.A Limited, with her last position as accountant II. She subsequently joined Moore Stephens Associates Limited in Hong Kong as audit assistant in January 2008 and worked until September 2012, with her last position as an audit supervisor. From February 2013 to July 2016, she worked as assistant finance manager at Boer Power Holdings Limited (stock code: 1685), the shares of which are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange. From October 2016 to December 2016, she was employed by Sky Business Consultants Limited as consulting manager. Ms. Chow joined Ready Electrical Metal Work Limited, a wholly-owned subsidiary of REM Group (Holdings) Limited ("REM Group" (stock code: 1750), the shares of which are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange) in January 2017, and she is currently serving as the chief financial officer and the company secretary of REM Group.

Ms. Chow did not hold other directorship in any other listed or public companies, of which the securities are listed on any securities market in Hong Kong or overseas in the last three years. **周緻玲女士**,37歲,為獨立非執行董事。彼 負責就策略、表現、資源及操守標準提供獨立 判斷。周女士於二零零四年五月獲新西蘭奧 克蘭大學頒授商學學士學位。彼其後於二零 零五年九月獲澳洲新南威爾斯大學頒授商學 碩士學位(主修金融學)。其自二零一零年一 月起成為香港會計師公會之執業會計師。周 女士於審計及財務管理行業擁有逾15年經驗。 周女士自二零零四年七月至二零零五年五月 於特許會計師Stirling SCI審核部門任職畢業生 會計員。自二零零五年九月至二零零七年十二 月,彼於黃林梁郭會計師事務所有限公司任職, 其最後的職位為二級會計主任。彼其後於二 零零八年一月在香港加入馬施雲聯系有限公司, 擔任審計助理,並任職至二零一二年九月,最 後職位為審計監督。自二零一三年二月至二 零一六年七月,彼擔任博耳電力控股有限公 司(股份代號:1685)之助理融資經理,該公 司之股份於聯交所主板上市。自二零一六年 十月至二零一六年十二月,彼受聘於信佳商 業顧問有限公司為顧問經理。周女士於二零 一七年一月加入全達電器金屬製品有限公司, 該公司為全達電器集團(控股)有限公司(「全 達電器集團」(股份代號:1750),其股份於聯 交所主板上市)的全資附屬公司,彼目前擔任 全達電器集團的財務總監及公司秘書。

周女士於過往三年並無在其證券於香港或海 外任何證券市場上市之任何其他上市或公眾 公司擔任其他董事職務。



董事及高級管理人員簡介

#### **Company Secretary**

**Mr. TO Hoi Pan**, the chief financial officer of the Company, was appointed as company secretary of the Company (the "Company Secretary") in March 2017. The biographical details of Mr. To are disclosed in the section headed "Directors and Senior Management Profile" in this annual report. For the year ended 31 March 2020, the Company Secretary undertook no less than 15 hours of professional training to update his skills and knowledge.

#### **Senior Management**

**Ms. FU Man Yin (傅** 敏賢), aged 34, has joined our Group since July 2014 and was promoted to marketing manager in March 2016. She is mainly responsible for overseeing the sales and marketing activities of our Group. She obtained a degree of Bachelor of Arts from The Chinese University of Hong Kong in December 2009.

Prior joining our Group, Ms. Fu has accumulated experience in marketing in Hong Kong through her employment at Konishi M&E Limited as sales coordinator from August 2009 to April 2012 and BB Technology Limited as assistant to director from August 2013 to December 2013.

Ms. Fu did not hold other directorship in any other listed or public companies, of which the securities are listed on any securities market in Hong Kong or overseas in the last three years.

#### 公司秘書

杜海斌先生,本公司財務總監,於二零一七 年三月獲委任為本公司的公司秘書(「公司秘 書」)。杜先生的履歷詳情披露於本年報「董事 及高級管理人員簡介」一節。截至二零二零年 三月三十一日止年度,公司秘書接受不少於 15個小時的專業培訓以提升其技能及知識。

#### 高級管理人員

傳敏賢女士,34歲,於二零一四年七月起加入本集團及於二零一六年三月升任為營銷經 理。彼主要負責監督本集團的銷售及營銷活動。 彼於二零零九年十二月在香港中文大學取得 文學士學位。

加入本集團前,傅女士於二零零九年八月至二 零一二年四月在小西機電有限公司擔任銷售 統籌及於二零一三年八月至二零一三年十二 月在貝彭有限公司擔任董事助理,受聘期間 在香港累積了營銷經驗。

傅女士於過往三年並無在其證券於香港或海 外任何證券市場上市之任何其他上市或公眾 公司擔任其他董事職務。

### **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT** 企業管治報告

The Company is committed in maintaining high standards of corporate governance ("CG"). The Board believes that commitment in CG practices will definitely benefit the Shareholders in long term. During the Year, the Company has applied the principles and complied with all the applicable code provisions of the Corporate Governance Code (the "CG Code") as set out in Appendix 15 to the GEM Listing Rules in force at that time.

The Board considers that good CG is central to safeguarding the interests of the Shareholders and enhancing the performance of the Group. The Board will continuously review and improve the CG practices and standards of the Company to ensure that business activities and decision making processes are regulated in a proper and prudent manner.

With a view to further improving the Company's CG practices, the following actions were taken in 2020:

- Appointment of Independent Non-executive Directors ("INEDs") with appropriate professional accounting qualifications and financial management experience with regulatory entitles to further broaden the collective knowledge, perspective and skill of the Board.
- All members of the audit committee of the Company ("Audit Committee") are INEDs and at least one of them has appropriate professional accounting qualifications and financial management experience.
- To adopt Board diversity policy to recognise and embrace the benefits of having a diverse Board to enhance the quality of its performance. In designing the Board's composition, Board diversity has been considered from a number of aspects, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, ethnicity, professional experience, skills, knowledge and length of service.

本公司致力於維持高標準的企業管治(「企業 管治」)。董事會相信致力企業管治常規無疑 會為股東帶來長期利益。於本年度,本公司已 採用當時生效的GEM上市規則附錄十五所載 企業管治守則(「企業管治守則」)的原則並遵 守所有適用守則條文。

董事會認為良好的企業管治乃保障股東權益 及提高本集團表現的關鍵。董事會將持續檢 討及改進本公司的企業管治常規及準則,以 確保業務活動及決策制訂過程以適當審慎方 式規管。

為進一步改進本公司的企業管治常規,已在 二零二零年採取以下行動:

- 聘請具備適當專業會計資格及財務管理
   經驗並擁有監管權利的獨立非執行董事
   (「獨立非執行董事」),以進一步拓闊董
   事會的集體知識、觀點及技能。
- 本公司審核委員會(「審核委員會」)全體
   成員均為獨立非執行董事,且其中至少
   有一名具備適當專業會計資格及財務管
   理經驗。
- 採納董事會多元化政策以確定並深信董 事會成員多元化對提升其表現質素裨益 良多。在設計董事會組成時,已從眾多 方面考慮董事會成員多元化,包括但不 限於性別、年龄、文化及教育背景、種族、 專業經驗、技能、知識及服務年期。



#### **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT** 企業管治報告

#### Code of Conduct Regarding Securities Transactions by Directors

The Company has adopted the required standard of dealing, as set out in Rules 5.48 to 5.67 of the GEM Listing Rules ("the Model Code") as the code of conduct regarding securities transactions by Directors. Following specific enquiry by the Company, all the Directors have confirmed that they have complied with the required standard as set out in the Model Code and its code of conduct regarding directors' securities transactions during the Year.

#### The Board

The Board focuses on the overall strategic development and is also responsible for monitoring the financial performance, risk management and the internal controls of the Group. With a wide range of expertise and a balance of skills, the INEDs bring independent judgement on issues of strategic direction, development, performance and risk management through their contribution at Board meetings and committees work.

#### Appointment and re-election of Directors

All of the Directors have service agreements or letters of appointment and the details of their terms are set out in the Report of the Directors on pages 35 to 44 of this annual report. All Directors are subject to re-election by shareholders at the annual general meeting. Retiring Directors are eligible for reelection and re-election of retiring Directors at annual general meetings is dealt with by separate individual resolutions. Where vacancies arise at the Board, candidates are proposed and put forward to the Board by the nomination committee of the Company (the "Nomination Committee") as more fully explained below under the section on Nomination Committee of this annual report.

#### **Board Composition**

As at the date of this report, the Board has three executive Directors and three INEDs, as shown on pages 24 to 27 of this annual report. Biographies of the Company's Directors are shown on pages 13 to 18 of this annual report.

INEDs ensure the Board accounts for the interest of all shareholders and subject matters are considered objectively. The Board considers all of the INEDs to be independent. INEDs have accounted for half of the full Board.

#### 董事進行證券交易的行為守則

本公司已採納GEM上市規則第5.48至5.67條 列載之規定交易標準(「標準守則」),作為董 事進行證券交易的行為守則。本公司進行具 體查詢後,全體董事均已確認彼等於本年度 已遵守標準守則所載的規定準則及其董事進 行證券交易的行為守則。

#### 董事會

董事會專注於整體策略發展,亦負責監察本集 團的財務表現、風險管理及內部監控。憑藉廣 泛的專業知識及均衡的技能,獨立非執行董 事透過在董事會會議及委員會工作中作出貢獻, 對策略方向、發展、績效及風險管理等議題提 供獨立判斷。

#### 委任及重選董事

全體董事均有訂立服務協議或委任函,彼等的 任期詳情載於本年報第35至44頁的董事會報 告書。全體董事均須由股東於股東週年大會 上膺選連任。退任董事合資格膺選連任,且於 股東週年大會上重選退任董事由獨立個別決 議案處理。倘董事會出現空缺,則由提名委員 會(「提名委員會」)提名候選人並提呈董事會, 更多詳情於本年報下文的提名委員會一節所 闡述。

#### 董事會組成

誠如本年報第24至27頁所述,於本報告日期, 董事會有三名執行董事及三名獨立非執行董事。 本公司的董事履歷載於本年報第13至18頁。

獨立非執行董事確保董事會為全體股東的利 益行事,並已客觀考慮標的事項。董事會認為 全體獨立非執行董事均屬獨立。獨立非執行 董事佔董事會全體成員的半數。

#### **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT**

企業管治報告

#### Chairman and the Chief Executive Officer

The Chairman and the chief executive officer of the Company (the "Chief Executive Officer") is Mr. LI Wai Keung.

The Directors recognise the importance of good corporate governance in management and internal procedures so as to achieve effective accountability. During the Year and up to the date of this report, the Group has complied with the CG Code, except for the deviation from the code provision A.2.1 of the CG Code. Mr. Li is the Chairman and the Chief Executive Officer and he has been managing the Group's business and supervising the overall operations of the Group since 2004. The Directors consider that vesting the roles of the Chairman and the Chief Executive Officer in Mr. Li is beneficial to the management and business development of the Group and will provide a strong and consistent leadership to the Group. The Board will continue to review and consider splitting the roles of the Chairman and the Chief Executive Officer at a time when it is appropriate and suitable by taking into account the circumstances of the Group as a whole.

#### Induction, Information and ongoing Development

All the Directors were kept informed on a timely basis of major changes that may have affected the Group's business, including relevant rules and regulations. During the Year, all Directors have participated in continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills in accordance with code provision A.6.5 contained in the CG Code.

#### 主席及行政總裁

主席及本公司行政總裁(「行政總裁」)為李偉 強先生。

董事深明在管理及內部程序方面奉行良好企 業管治以實行有效問責制度的重要性。於本年 度及截至本報告日期,本集團已遵守企業管治 守則,惟偏離企業管治守則的守則條文第A.2.1 條除外。李先生為主席兼行政總裁,自二零零 四年起一直管理本集團業務及監督本集團整 體營運。董事認為,由李先生擔任主席及行政 總裁的角色有利於本集團的管理及業務發展, 並將為本集團提供強而有力及貫徹一致的領導。 董事會將繼續在考慮本集團整體情況後於恰 當及合適時候檢討及考慮區分主席及行政總 裁的角色。

#### 入職培訓、資訊及持續發展

所有董事均保持適時通報可能影響本集團業務的重大變化,包括相關規則及法規。年內, 所有董事均已根據企業管治守則所載守則條 文第A.6.5條參加持續專業發展以發展及更新 其知識及技能。



#### **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT** 企業管治報告

All of the Directors have also provided to the Company their records of training attended or fulfillment of ongoing development for the Year, the information of which has been entered in the register of directors' training records maintained and updated by the Company from time to time. The following summarises the

A.6.5 during the Year:

compliance status of all Directors in respect of code provision

所有董事亦均已向本公司提供其於本年度所 參加的培訓記錄或達到的持續發展,有關資 料已記錄於本公司不時保存及更新之董事培 訓記錄登記冊。以下概述本公司所有董事於 本年度遵守守則條文第A.6.5條之情況:

		In compliance with Code A.6.5 遵照守則
Name of Directors	董事姓名	第A.6.5條
Executive Directors	執行董事	
Mr. LI Wai Keung (Chairman and Chief Executive Officer)	李偉強先生( <i>主席及行政總裁)</i>	1
Mr. TO Hoi Pan	杜海斌先生	1
Ms. LEE Kwai Fong	李桂芳女士	1
Independent Non-executive Directors	獨立非執行董事	
Mr. YU Pui Hang	余沛恒先生	1
Mr. TUNG Man	董文先生	1
Ms. CHOW Chi Ling Janice	周緻玲女士	1
Role and Responsibilities of the Board	董事會之職能及責任	

The Board delegated appropriate aspects of its management and administrative functions to management. It also give clear directions as to the powers of management, in particular, with respect to the matters that management must report back and obtain prior approval from the Board before making decisions or entering into any commitments on behalf of the Company.

To assist in fulfilling its duties and responsibilities, the Board established three committees, namely Audit Committee, Remuneration Committee and Nomination Committee.

董事會將適當管理及行政職能授予管理層。 其亦就管理權力(尤其是管理層須於代表本公 司作出決策或作出任何承諾前向董事會報告 及取得其事先批准之事宜)作出明確指示。

為協助履行其職責及責任,董事會已成立三 個委員會,即審核委員會、薪酬委員會及提名 委員會。

#### **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT**

企業管治報告

#### **Board Process**

All the Directors are regularly updated on the governance and regulatory matters. There is an established procedure for Directors to obtain independent professional advice at the expense of the Company in the furtherance of their duties. The Company has also arranged appropriate director and officer liability insurance to cover any potential legal actions that might be taken against its Directors.

The Board meets regularly throughout the Year to review the overall strategies and monitor the operations as well as the financial performance of the Group. Notice of at least 14 days has been given to all Directors for all regular Board meetings and the Directors can include matters for discussion in the agenda whenever they consider appropriate and necessary. Agenda and accompanying Board paper in respect of regular Board meetings are despatched in full to all Directors within a reasonable time before the meeting. Directors have to declare their direct or indirect interests, if any, in any proposals or transactions to be considered by the Board at Board meetings and abstain from voting as appropriate. Draft minutes of all Board meetings are circulated to Directors for comment within a reasonable time prior to confirmation.

#### 董事會程序

所有董事均定期獲得有關管治及監管等事宜 的更新資訊。董事可按照既定程序,尋求獨立 專業意見,以協助履行其職責,費用由本公司 承擔。本公司亦已就可能針對其董事之任何 潛在法律訴訟安排適當董事及高級人員責任 保險保障。

董事會於本年度內定期舉行會議檢討整體策 略及監督本集團之營運以及財務表現。已就 所有定期董事會會議向所有董事發出至少14 日之通知及董事可於其認為適當及必要時將 有關事宜納入議程以供討論。定期董事會會 議之了辦查事會文件於會議前合理時 間內全部寄發予所有董事。董事須聲明其於 董事會將於董事會會議上考慮之任何建議或 投票。所有董事會會議之草擬會議記錄於確 認前之合理時間內向董事傳閱以供發表意見。





Minutes of Board meetings and meetings of Board committees are kept by the Company Secretary. All Directors have free access to board paper and related materials, enabling the Board to make informed decision on matters place before. During the Year and up to the date of this report, four Board meetings were held and the attendance details are as follows: 董事會會議及董事委員會會議之會議記錄由 公司秘書保管。所有董事可自由查閲董事會 文件及有關資料以令董事會事先就有關事宜 作出知情決定。於本年度及截至本報告日期, 董事會舉行四次會議及出席詳情如下:

		Board
		meeting
		attended
		during the
	F	period covered
		under this
		annual report
		在本年報
		涵蓋的期間
Name of Directors	董事姓名	出席的 董事會會議
Executive Directors		
Mr. LI Wai Keung (Chairman and Chief Executive Officer)	李偉強先生(主席及行政總裁)	4/4
Mr. TO Hoi Pan	杜海斌先生	4/4
Ms. LEE Kwai Fong	李桂芳女士	4/4
Independent Non-executive Directors	獨立非執行董事	
Mr. YU Pui Hang	余沛恒先生	4/4
Mr. TUNG Man	董文先生	4/4
Ms. CHOW Chi Ling Janice	周緻玲女士	4/4
Board's Committees	董事委員會	

The Board has established three committees, namely Audit Committee, Remuneration Committee and Nomination Committee. Each of them has specific terms of reference to consider matters relating to specific areas and to advise the Board on such matters. INEDs play a significant role in these committees to ensure that independent and objective views are taken. The list of the Chairman and members of each Board committee is set out on pages 25 to 27 of this annual report. 董事會已成立三個委員會,即審核委員會、薪 酬委員會及提名委員會。彼等各自均有特定 的職權範圍,以審議有關特定領域的事宜並 就該等事宜向董事會提供意見。獨立非執行 董事在該等委員會中發揮重要作用,以確保 採取獨立及客觀意見。主席及各董事委員會 成員的名單載於本年報第25至27頁。

#### **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT**

企業管治報告

#### Audit Committee

The Audit Committee was established in compliance with Rules 5.28 to 5.33 of the GEM Listing Rules and code provision C.3.3 of the CG Code. The main duties of the Audit Committee are to assist the Board in reviewing the Company's financial information, overseeing the Group's financial reporting system, risk management and internal control systems, reviewing and monitoring the effectiveness of the scope of audit and making recommendation to the Board on the appointment of external auditors.

The Audit Committee currently consists of three members, namely Ms. Chow Chi Ling Janice (the Chairlady of the Audit Committee), Mr. Yu Pui Hang and Mr. Tung Man, all being independent non-executive Directors. No member of the Audit Committee is a member of the former or existing independent auditor of the Company. The Audit Committee has reviewed this annual report, including the audited consolidated results of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2020.

According to the current terms of reference, the Audit Committee shall meet at least four times for a financial year. The Audit Committee held a meeting 23 June 2020 (i) review and approve the annual financial results in respect of the year ended 31 March 2020; (ii) discuss and consider the significant issues on the financial reporting, operational and compliance controls, the effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems; and (iii) review the appointment of external auditors and relevant scope of works. The record of attendance of each member of the Audit Committee is set out as follows:

#### 審核委員會

已遵照GEM上市規則第5.28至5.33條以及企 業管治守則之守則條文第C.3.3條成立審核委 員會。審核委員會之主要職責為協助董事會 審閱本公司之財務資料、監管本集團之財務 申報系統、風險管理及內部監控系統,檢討及 監督審計範圍之效用以及就委任外聘核數師 向董事會作出推薦意見。

審核委員會現時包括三名成員,即周緻玲女士 (審核委員會主席)、余沛恒先生及董文先生(均 為獨立非執行董事)。概無審核委員會成員為 本公司前任或現任獨立核數師之成員。審核 委員會已審閱本年報,包括本集團截至二零 二零年三月三十一日止年度之經審核綜合業績。

根據當前之職權範圍,審核委員會須於某個 財政年度內舉行至少四次會議。審核委員會 於二零二零年六月二十三日舉行會議以(1)審閱 及批准截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 之全年財務業績:(11)討論及考慮有關財務申報、 營運及合規控制、風險管理及內部監控系統 之效用之重大事宜:及(111)檢討外聘核數師之 委任及有關工作範圍。審核委員會各成員之 出席記錄載列如下:

		Meeting attended/ eligible to attend 出席/合資格
Name of members of the Audit Committee	審核委員會成員姓名	出席會議
Ms. Chow Chi Ling Janice	周緻玲女士	4/4
Mr. Yu Pui Hang	余沛恒先生	4/4
Mr. Tung Man	董文先生	4/4





#### **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT** 企業管治報告

#### **Remuneration Committee**

The Remuneration Committee currently consists of three members, namely Mr. Yu Pui Hang (the Chairman of the Remuneration Committee), Mr. Tung Man and Ms. Chow Chi Ling Janice, all being independent non-executive Directors.

The primary duties of the Remuneration Committee are to make recommendation to the Board on the overall remuneration policy and structure relating to all Directors and senior management of the Group; review performance-based remuneration; and ensure none of the Directors or any of his/her associates (as defined in the GEM Listing Rules) determine his/her own remuneration.

The record of attendance of each member of the Remuneration Committee is set out as follows:

#### 薪酬委員會

薪酬委員會現時包括三名成員,即余沛恒先 生(薪酬委員會主席)、董文先生及周緻玲女 士(均為獨立非執行董事)。

薪酬委員會之主要職責為就本集團所有董事 及高級管理層的整體薪酬政策及架構向董事 會作出推薦意見;審閱以表現為基礎的薪酬; 及確保概無董事或其任何聯繫人(定義見GEM 上市規則)釐定其本身薪酬。

薪酬委員會各成員之出席記錄載列如下:

Name of members of the Remuneration Committee	薪酬委員會成員姓名	Meeting attended/ eligible to attend 出席/合資格 出席會議
Mr. Yu Pui Hang Ms. Chow Chi Ling Janice Mr. Tung Man	余沛恒先生 周緻玲女士 董文先生	1/1 1/1 1/1
Details of emoluments of the Directors for the year are set out in note 8 to the consolidated financial statements for the Year in this annual report ("Consolidated Financial Statements").	有關董事於年內之薪酬詳情載於本年報內本 年度綜合財務報表(「綜合財務報表」)附註8。	
The remuneration of member of the senior management (excluding Directors) by band for the year ended 31 March 2020 is set out below:		
Remuneration bands	薪酬範圍	Number of person(s) 人數
HK\$100,000 to HK\$500,000	100,000港元至500,000港元	1

#### **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT**

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#### **Nomination Committee**

The Nomination Committee consists of three members, namely Mr. Tung Man (the Chairman of the Nomination Committee), Mr. Yu Pui Hang and Ms. Chow Chi Ling Janice, all being independent non-executive Directors.

The primary duties of the Nomination Committee are to review the structure, size, composition and diversity of the Board at least annually; identify individuals suitably qualified to become Board members; assess the independence of independent nonexecutive Directors; and make recommendations to the Board on relevant matters relating to the appointment or reappointment of Directors. Upon the establishment of the Nomination Committee, the Board has adopted a policy of diversity of the Board. Accordingly, selection of Board members should be based on a range of diversified perspective, including without limitation, gender, age, cultural and educational background, professional experience, skills, knowledge and length of service.

The record of attendance of each member of the Nomination 提名委員會各成員之出席記錄載列如下: Committee is set out as follows:

#### 提名委員會

提名委員會包括三名成員,即董文先生(提名 委員會主席)、余沛恒先生及周緻玲女十(均 為獨立非執行董事)。

提名委員會之主要職責為至少每年檢討董事 會架構、規模、組成及多元化;物色合資格成 為董事會成員的適任人士;評核獨立非執行 董事的獨立性;及就董事委任或重新委任的 相關事宜向董事會提出建議。於成立提名委 員會後,董事會已採納董事會多元化政策。因 此,應基於多元化角度範圍選擇董事會成員, 包括但不限於性別、年齡、文化及教育背景、 專業經驗、技能、知識及服務年期。

Name of members of the Nomination Committee	提名委員會成員姓名	Meeting attended/ eligible to attend 出席/合資格 出席會議
Mr. Tung Man	董文先生	1/1
Mr. Yu Pui Hang	余沛恒先生	1/1
Ms. Chow Chi Ling Janice	周緻玲女士	1/1





#### **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT** 企業管治報告

#### **Risk Management and Internal Control**

The Company conducts an annual review on whether there is a need for an internal audit department. Given the Group's simple operating structure, as opposed to a separate internal audit department, the Board is directly responsible for the establishment, maintenance and review of the Group's system of internal controls and risk management throughout the Year and their effectiveness. The Company has engaged an external independent professional advisory firm (the "Independent Advisor") to review the effectiveness and adequacy of risk management and internal control systems in Year 2020 so as to ensure the effectiveness and adequacy of risk management and internal controls system. The Independent Advisor had reviewed and analysed all material controls of the Group, including financial, operational and compliance controls and their associated risks. The relevant reports from the Independent Advisor were presented to and reviewed by the Audit Committee and the Board.

The Board considered the risk management and internal control systems of the Group to be adequate and effective for the Year. The Board also conducted a review of the adequacy of resources, qualifications and experience of staff of the Group's accounting and financial reporting function, and their training programs and budget which are considered to be adequate for the Year.

#### **Dividend Policy**

The company formulated the Dividend Policy to set out the principles for the Board to consider before making any dividend distribution. In deciding whether to purpose a dividend and in determining the dividend amount, the Board shall take into account, included but not limited to : (i) the general financial condition of the Group; (ii) working capital and debt level of the Group; (iii) future cash requirements and availability for business operations, business strategies and future development needs; (iv) any other factors that the Board deems appropriate.

After considering the plan and proposal of the management, the Board may, at its discretion, propose or decide to distribute interim dividends. Final dividends shall be proposed to the Shareholders for approval.

#### 風險管理及內部監控

本公司就是否需要內部審核部門進行年度檢討。 鑒於本集團之簡單營運架構,與獨立內部審 核部門相反,董事會於本年度內直接負責制定、 維護及檢討本集團之內部監控及風險管理系 統及其效用。本公司已於二零二零年委聘外 部獨立專業顧問公司(「獨立顧問」)檢討風險 管理及內部監控系統是否有效及充足,以確 保風險管理及內部監控系統之效用及充足性。 獨立顧問已檢討及分析本集團之所有重大控制, 包括財務、營運及合規控制以及其相關風險。 獨立顧問之相關報告已提呈予審核委員會及 董事會並獲其審閲。

董事會認為,於本年度,本集團之風險管理及 內部監控系統屬充足及有效。董事會亦已檢 討於本年度本集團會計及財務申報職能部門 之資源、員工資歷及經驗以及其培訓計劃及 預算之充足性,並認為上述各項均充足。

#### 股息政策

本公司已製定股息政策,列出原則以供董事 會在進行任何股息分派前考慮。於決定是否 提議派息及釐定股息金額時,董事會應考慮 (包括但不限於):(i)本集團的總體財務狀況;(ii) 本集團的營運資金及負債水平;(iii)未來的現 金需求及業務營運、業務策略及未來發展上 的可用現金:(iv)董事會認為適合的任何其他 因素。

在考慮管理層的計劃及建議後,董事會可酌 情提議或決定派發中期股息。末期股息須提 交股東批准。

#### **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT**

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#### **Auditor's Remuneration**

During the year, the remuneration paid to the external auditors of the Company, Grand Thornton Hong Kong Limited, in respect of audit services for the Year amounted to HK\$750,000.

## **Respective Responsibilities of Directors and Auditors**

The Directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements, which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and comply with the requirement of the Companies Ordinance (Chapter 622 of the Laws of Hong Kong) ("Hong Kong Companies Ordinance") and the applicable disclosure provisions of the GEM Listing Rules. The auditors are responsible for forming an independent opinion, based on the audit, on the financial statements prepared by the Directors and reporting the opinion solely to the Shareholders. The Independent Auditor's Report is set out on pages 45 to 56 of this annual report.

#### **Investor and Shareholder Relation**

The Company endeavors to continue maintaining a high level of transparency in communicating with Shareholders and the investment community at large. Briefings and meetings with institutional investors and analysts are conducted regularly. The Company is committed to maintaining an open and effective investor communication policy and to update investors on relevant regulatory requirements.

Financial information and all shareholder corporate communications of the Company are made available on the Company's website at http://www.amusegroupholding.com and updated regularly on a timely basis.

The Board and management shall ensure shareholders' right and all shareholders are treated equally and fairly. The Company will announce and publish its quarterly, interim and annual results in a timely manner, which is well before the time limits set out in the GEM Listing Rules. Separate resolutions will be proposed at the general meetings on each substantially separate issue, including the re- election of individual Directors, if any.

The annual general meeting will provide an opportunity for direct communication between the Board and the Shareholders.

#### 核數師酬金

年內,就本年度的核數服務向本公司的外聘 核數師致同(香港)會計師事務所有限公司支 付的酬金為750,000港元。

#### 董事及核數師各自的責任

董事須負責編製真實而公平地反映本公司事務的財務報表,並遵守香港法例第622章公司條例(「香港公司條例」)的規定及GEM上市規則的適用披露條文。核數師須負責根據審計就董事編製的財務報表形成獨立意見,並僅向股東匯報意見。獨立核數師報告載於本年報第45至56頁。

#### 投資者及股東關係

本公司與股東及投資界溝通時,一直盡量保 持高透明度。本公司定期與機構投資者及分 析家舉行簡報會及會議。本公司致力按相關 監管規定維持公開有效的投資者溝通政策, 並向投資者提供最新資料。

財 務 資 料 及 本 公 司 的 所 有 股 東 企 業 通 訊 均 可 於 本 公 司 網 站 http://www.amusegroupholding.com查閲,並 會及時定期更新。

董事會及管理層須確保股東權利,且全體股 東均獲公平公正對待。本公司將早於GEM上 市規則載列的時限前及時宣佈及刊發其季度, 中期及年度業績。於股東大會上將就每項重 大個別事項提呈個別決議案,包括重選個別 董事(如有)。

股東週年大會將為董事會與股東提供直接溝 通機會。



#### **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT** 企業管治報告

The Company regards the annual general meeting as an important event in which the Chairman and all Directors will make an effort to attend. External auditors shall also be invited to attend the Company's annual general meeting and are also available to assist the Directors in addressing queries from Shareholders relating to the conduct of the audit and the preparation and content of the auditors' report. All Shareholders are given prior notice on a timely basis together with a detailed agenda. The Board, according to the GEM Listing Rules, will conduct voting at the forthcoming annual general meeting ("AGM") by poll. The results of the Company will be declared at the meeting, and announced timely on the Stock Exchange's website and the Company's website.

#### **Shareholders' Rights**

Procedures for convening an extraordinary general meeting and putting forward proposals at Shareholders' meeting.

Any Shareholder(s) individually or collectively holding 10% or more of the Company's total issued share capital shall be entitled to request the Board in writing to convene an extraordinary general meeting. Upon receiving such request, the Board shall issue a notice of extraordinary general meeting within 21 days and hold an extraordinary general meeting within two months from the receipt of such request. If within 21 days of the receipt of such request the Board fails to proceed to convene such meeting, the Shareholder(s) proposing to convene an extraordinary general meeting in writing may himself/herself (themselves) convene an extraordinary general meeting in the same manner.

## Procedures for Shareholders to put enquires to the Board

Shareholders must prove to the Board that they really own the equity interests of the Company (e.g. by proving shareholding documents etc.). The Company suggests Shareholders should submit their enquiries in writing (including by email, facsimile and mail) and provide sufficient contact details so that the Company can process their enquiries in a proper and timely manner.

本公司視股東週年大會為重要事項,主席及全 體董事均盡可能出席。外聘核數師亦獲邀出 席本公司的股東週年大會,並可協助董事應對 股東就核數行為及核數師報告的編製及內容 所提出的查詢。所有股東均獲及時提前通知 並附上詳細的議程。根據GEM上市規則,董 事會將於應屆股東週年大會(「股東週年大會」) 上進行投票表決。本公司將於大會上宣佈業績, 並及時於聯交所網站及本公司網站上公佈。

#### 股東權利

召開股東特別大會並於股東大會上提呈議案 的程序。

任何個別或共同持有本公司已發行股本總額 10%或以上的股東將有權以書面形式要求董 事會召開股東特別大會。於接獲有關要求後, 董事會須於21日內發出股東特別大會通知, 並自接獲有關要求起兩個月內舉行股東特別 大會。倘董事會於接獲有關要求21日內未能 召開有關會議,則書面提呈召開股東特別大 會的股東可以相同方式自行召開股東特別大會。

#### 股東向董事會提出疑諮詢的程序

股東須向董事會證明彼等確實擁有本公司的 股權(例如通過提供股東文件等)。本公司建 議股東應以書面形式(包括通過電子郵件、傳 真及郵寄)提交彼等的諮詢,並提供足夠聯繫 方式,從而讓本公司可適當及時地處理彼等 的諮詢。

#### **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT**

企業管治報告

Shareholders may contact the Company via the following means:

Address:Flat A–C, 3A/F., Metex House<br/>24–32 Fui Yu Kok Street<br/>Tsuen Wan, New Territories<br/>Hong KongEmail:info@amusegroupholding.comTel No.:(852) 3702 3276Fax No.:(852) 3959 0091

#### **Corporate Governance Functions**

The Board is responsible for performing the duties on corporate governance function as set out below:

- To develop and review the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance;
- To review and monitor the training and continuous professional development of Directors and senior management;
- To review and monitor the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements;
- To develop, review and monitor the code of conduct and compliance manual applicable to employees and Directors; and
- To review the Company's compliance with the CG Code and disclosure in the corporate governance report.

股東可透過以下方式與本公司聯繫:

 地址: 香港 新界荃灣 灰窰角街24-32號 美德大廈3A樓A-C室
 電郵: info@amusegroupholding.com
 電話號碼: (852) 3702 3276
 傳真號碼: (852) 3959 0091

#### 企業管治職能

董事會須負責履行下文所載企業管治職能的 職責:

- 制定及審閱本公司有關企業管治的政策
   及常規;
- 檢討及監察董事及高級管理層的培訓及 持續專業發展;
- 檢討及監察本公司有關法律及監管規定
   的合規政策及常規;
- 制定、審閱及監察適用於僱員及董事的 行為守則及合規手冊;及
- 檢討本公司企業管治守則的遵守情況及
   企業管治報告的披露情況。

### **REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS** 董事會報告書

The Board is pleased to present this report and the Consolidated Financial Statements.

#### **Corporate Reorganisation**

The Company was incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability on 16 November 2016. In preparing for the Listing, the Company became the holding company of the companies now comprising the Group which had underwent the Reorganisation (as defined in the Prospectus).

#### **Principal Activities**

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding. The major activities of its principal subsidiaries are set out in note 12 to the consolidated financial statements. There were no significant changes in the nature of the Group's principal activities during the Year.

#### **Business Review**

A review of the Group's business during the Year is provided in the section headed "Management Discussion and Analysis" on pages 6 to 11 of this annual report. The Group's risk management and internal control system is provided in the section headed "Corporate Governance Code" on pages 19 to 31 of this annual report.

## Compliance With the Relevant Laws and Regulations

As the Board is aware, there was no material breach of or non-compliance with the applicable laws and regulations by the Group that has a significant impact on the business and operation of the Group during the Year. 董事會欣然提呈本報告及綜合財務報表。

#### 企業重組

本公司於二零一六年十一月十六日在開曼群 島註冊成立為有限公司。為籌備上市,本公司 成為經重組(定義見招股章程)後現時組成本 集團的公司的控股公司。

#### 主要業務

本公司的主要業務為投資控股。其主要附屬 公司的主要業務載於綜合財務報表附註12。 年內,本集團主要業務的性質並無重大變動。

#### 業務回顧

本集團於本年度的業務回顧於本年報第6至 11頁「管理層討論及分析」一節提供。本集團 的風險管理及內部監控系統則於本年報第19 至31頁「企業管治守則」一節提供。

#### 遵守有關法律及法規

據董事會所悉,年內,本集團並無重大違反或 不遵守適用法律及法規導致本集團的業務及 營運產生重大影響。

#### **REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS** 董事會報告書

#### **Results and Dividends**

The results of the Group for the Year are set out in the Consolidated Financial Statements on pages 57 to 62 of this annual report. The Directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend and resolved not to declare any final dividend in respect of the Year (2019: Nil).

#### **Property, Plant and Equipment**

Details of the movements in property, plant and equipment of the Group are set out in note 11 to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

#### **Financial Summary**

A summary of the results, assets and liabilities of the Group for the latest five financial years is set out on page 148 of this annual report.

#### **Share Capital**

Details of movements in the share capital of the Company during the year are set out in note 20.2 to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

#### **Distributable Reserves**

As at 31 March 2020, the Company's reserves available for distribution, calculated in accordance with the Companies Law, Cap. 22 (Law 3 of 1961, as consolidated and revised) of the Cayman Islands, is approximately HK\$240,000 (2019: approximately HK\$304,000).

#### Reserves

Details of the movements in the reserves of the Company and the Group during the Year are set out in note 20.1 to the Consolidated Financial Statements of the Group and in the consolidated statement of changes in equity on page 60 of this annual report respectively.

#### 業績及股息

本集團於本年度的業績載於本年報第57至62 頁綜合財務報表。董事不建議派付股息,並議 決不就本年度宣派任何末期股息(二零一九年: 無)。

#### 物業、廠房及設備

本集團物業、廠房及設備的變動詳情載於綜 合財務報表附註11。

#### 財務概要

本集團最近五個財政年度的業績、資產及負 債概要載於本年報第148頁。

#### 股本

年內,本公司的股本變動詳情載於綜合財務 報表附註20.2。

#### 可供分派儲備

於二零二零年三月三十一日,本公司根據開 曼群島公司法第22章(一九六一年第3號法 例,經綜合及修訂)計算的可供分派儲備約為 240,000港元(二零一九年:約304,000港元)。

#### 儲備

年內,本公司及本集團的儲備變動詳情分別 載於本集團的綜合財務報表附註20.1及本年 報第60頁綜合權益變動表。





#### **REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS** 董事會報告書

#### Borrowings

Details of bank borrowings of the Group as at 31 March 2020 are set out in Note 17 to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

#### **Major Customers and Suppliers**

During the year ended 31 March 2020, so far as the Company is aware, the aggregate revenue attributable to our five largest customers and the largest customer accounted for approximately 74.9% and 65.9%, respectively, of the Group's total revenue for the financial year. Purchases from the Group's five largest suppliers accounted for approximately 64.1% of the Group's total purchases for the financial year and the purchase from the largest supplier included therein amounted to approximately 24.1%. None of the Directors, or any of his close associates (as defined under the GEM Listing Rules) or Shareholders (which, to the best knowledge of the Directors, own more than 5% of the Company's issued share capital), had any beneficial interest in the Group's five largest customers or suppliers during the financial year.

#### **Pre-Emptive Rights**

There are no pre-emptive rights under the Company's articles of association (the "Articles") or the laws of the Cayman Islands, which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a prorata basis to existing Shareholders.

#### **Sufficiency of Public Float**

Based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors as at the date of this report, the Company has maintained the percentage of public float as prescribed in the GEM Listing Rules for the Year and at any time up to the date of this annual report.

#### 借款

於二零二零年三月三十一日,本集團的銀行 借款詳情載於綜合財務報表附註17。

#### 主要客戶及供應商

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度,據本 公司所知,本集團五大客戶及最大客戶應佔 總收益佔本集團於本財政年度的總收益分別 約為74.9%及65.9%。向本集團五大供應商的 採購量佔本集團於本財政年度的總採購量約 64.1%,其中包括向最大供應商的採購量約 24.1%。於本財政年度,董事或其任何緊密聯 繫人(定義見GEM上市規則)或股東(據董事所 知,擁有本公司已發行股本5%以上)概無於 本集團的五大客戶或供應商擁有任何實益權益。

#### 優先購買權

根據本公司的組織章程細則(「細則」)或開曼 群島法律,概無將強制本公司按比例向現有 股東發售新股的優先購買權。

#### 足夠公眾持股量

根據本公司所得公開資料及據董事所悉,於 本報告日期,本公司已於本年度及直至本年 報日期任何時間維持GEM上市規則規定的公 眾持股量百分比。

## REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

董事會報告書

#### Directors

The Directors of the Company during the Year and up to and including the date of this annual report are:

#### **Executive Directors**

Mr. Li Wai Keung *(Chairman and Chief Executive Officer)* Mr. To Hoi Pan Ms. Lee Kwai Fong

#### Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. Yu Pui Hang Mr. Tung Man Ms. Chow Chi Ling Janice

Pursuant to Article 83(3) of the Articles, the Directors shall have the power from time to time and at any time to appoint any person as a Director either to fill a casual vacancy on the Board or as an addition to the existing Board. Any Director appointed by the Board to fill a casual vacancy shall hold office until the next general meeting of members of the Company after his appointment and be subject to re-election at such meeting and any Director appointed by the Board as an addition to the existing Board shall hold office only until the next following AGM of the Company and shall then be eligible for reelection.

Pursuant to Article 84(1) of the Articles, notwithstanding any other provisions in the Articles, at each AGM, one-third of the Directors for the time being (or, if their number is not a multiple of three (3), the number nearest to but not less than one-third) shall retire from office by rotation provided that every Director shall be subject to retirement at an AGM at least once every three years.

#### 董事

本年度及直至本年報日期(包括該日),本公 司董事為:

#### 執行董事

李偉強先生 *(主席及行政總裁)* 杜海斌先生 李桂芳女士

#### 獨立非執行董事

余沛恒先生 董文先生 周緻玲女士

根據細則第83(3)條,董事應有權不時及於任 何時間委任任何人士為董事,以填補董事會 臨時空缺或作為現有董事會新增成員。任何 獲董事會委任以填補臨時空缺的董事任期將 直至其獲委任後本公司下屆股東大會為止, 並於該大會上進行重選,而任何獲董事會委 任加入現有董事會的董事任期僅至本公司下 屆股東週年大會為止,屆時將合資格進行重選。

根據細則第84(1)條,儘管細則有任何其他條 文,於每屆股東週年大會上,在任董事中的三 分之一(或倘董事人數並非三(3)的倍數,則最 接近但不少於三分之一)人數須輪值告退,惟 每名董事須至少每三年一次於股東週年大會 上退任。

# **REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS** 董事會報告書

# Directors' and Senior Management's Biographies

Biographical details of the Directors of the Company and senior management of the Group as at the date of this annual report are set out on pages 13 to 18 of this annual report.

### **Directors' Service Contracts**

Each of the executive Directors has entered into a service agreement with the Company pursuant to which he or she has agreed to act as an executive Director for an initial term of three years with effect from the Listing date. Either party has the right to give not less than three months' written notice to terminate the service agreement.

Each of the independent non-executive Directors has been appointed for a fixed term of three years with effect from the Listing date. Save for the Directors' fees, none of the independent non-executive Directors is expected to receive any other emolument for holding his or her office as a non-executive Director or an independent non-executive Director.

Save as disclosed above, none of the Directors has proposed or entered into any service agreement or appointment letter with the Company or any of its subsidiaries which is not determinable by the Group within one year without payment of compensation other than the statutory compensation.

# 董事及高級管理層履歷

於本年報日期,本公司董事及本集團高級管 理層的履歷詳情載於本年報第13至18頁。

# 董事服務合約

各執行董事已與本公司訂立服務協議,據此, 彼已同意擔任執行董事,任期自上市日期起 初步為期三年。任何一方均有權發出不少於 三個月的書面通知以終止服務協議。

各獨立非執行董事已按固定任期獲委任,任 期自上市日期起為期三年。除董事袍金外,概 無獨立非執行董事因其擔任非執行董事或獨 立非執行董事預期將收取任何其他酬金。

除上文所披露者外,概無董事與本公司或其 任何附屬公司擬訂立或已訂立本集團不可於 一年內終止而毋須作出賠償(法定賠償除外) 的任何服務協議或委任函。

# **Confirmation of Independency of Independent Non-Executive Directors**

The Company has received from each of the independent nonexecutive Directors a confirmation of independence pursuant to Rule 5.09 of the GEM Listing Rules and considers all the independent non-executive Directors to be independent.

# Directors' Interest in Transactions, Arrangements or Contracts of Significance

No transactions, arrangements and contracts of significance in relation to the Group's business to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries was a party and in which a Director or his connected entity had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the Year or at any time during the Year.

# **Related Party Transaction**

Details of material related party transactions of the Group are set out in note 23 to the consolidated financial statements. None of the material related party transactions disclosed in note 23 to the consolidated financial statements constitute connected transaction or continuing connected transaction (as defined in Chapter 20 of the GEM Listing Rules) of the Company for the Year. Accordingly, the Company has complied with the disclosure requirements in accordance with Chapter 20 of the Listing Rules.

# Purchase, Sale or Redemption of Listed Securities

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries had purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities during the Year.

# **Permitted Indemnity Provisions**

Pursuant to the Articles, the Directors shall be entitled to be indemnified out of the assets or profits of the Company against all losses or liabilities which he/she may sustain or incur in or about the execution of the duties of his/her office or otherwise in relation thereto. The Company has arranged appropriate directors' and officers' liability insurance coverage for the Directors and officers of the Company.

# 確認獨立非執行董事之獨立性

本公司已接獲各獨立非執行董事根據GEM上 市規則第5.09條作出之獨立性確認並認為所 有獨立非執行董事均為獨立人士。

# 董事於重大交易、安排或合約之權 益

於本年度末或於本年度內任何時間,概無存 續本公司或其任何附屬公司就本集團業務所 訂立而董事或其關連實體於其中直接或間接 擁有重大權益之重大交易、安排及合約。

# 關聯方交易

本集團的重大關聯方交易詳情載於綜合財務 報表附註23。綜合財務報表附註23披露的重 大關聯方交易概無構成本公司本年度的關連 交易或持續關連交易(定義見GEM上市規則第 20章)。因此,本公司已根據上市規則第20章 遵守披露規定。

# 購買、出售或贖回上市證券

於本年度,本公司及其任何附屬公司概無購買、 出售或贖回本公司之任何上市證券。

# 獲准許彌償條文

根據細則,董事有權就其執行職務或與此有關 所蒙受或招致之一切損失或責任從本公司資 產或溢利獲得彌償。本公司已為本公司董事 及高級人員投購適當董事及高級人員責任保險。

# **REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS** 董事會報告書

# Emoluments of the Directors and the Five Highest Paid Individuals

Details of the emoluments of the Directors and the five highest paid individuals are set out in notes 8 and 9 to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

# **Emolument Policy**

The executive Directors, the independent non-executive Directors and senior management receive compensation in the form of directors' fees, salaries, benefits in kind and/or discretionary bonuses with reference to those paid by comparable companies, time commitment and performance of the Group. The Group also reimburses the Directors and senior management for expenses which are necessarily and reasonably incurred for provision of services to the Group or executing their functions in relation to the Group's operations. The Group regularly reviews and determines the remuneration and compensation packages of the Directors and senior management by reference to, among other things, market level of remuneration and compensation paid by comparable companies, respective responsibilities of the Directors and performance of the Group.

The Remuneration Committee reviews and determines the remuneration and compensation packages of the Directors with reference to their experience, responsibilities, workload, time devoted to the Group and performance of the Group.

# Directors' Rights to Acquire Shares or Debentures

At no time during the Year were rights to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in or debentures of the Company granted to any Director or their respective spouse or minor children (under 18 years of age), or were any such rights exercised by them; or was the Company, its holding company, or any of its subsidiaries or fellow subsidiaries, a party to any arrangement whose objectives are to enable a Director to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in or debentures of the Company or any other body corporate.

# 董事酬金及五位最高薪酬人士

董事酬金及五位最高薪酬人士詳情載於綜合 財務報表附註8及9。

# 薪酬政策

執行董事、獨立非執行董事及高級管理層以 董事袍金、薪金、實物福利及/或酌情花紅 (參考相若的公司所支付者、彼等投放的時間 及本集團表現)形式收取酬金。本集團亦就董 事及高級管理層向本集團提供服務或就本集 團的營運執行職務所產生的必要合理開支作 出償付。本集團定期檢討及釐定董事及高級 管理層的薪酬及報酬待遇,當中參考(其中包 括)相若的公司所支付薪酬及報酬的市場水平、 董事各自的職責及本集團的表現。

薪酬委員會參考董事之經驗、職責、工作量、 於本集團投放的時間及本集團的表現,檢討 及釐定彼等之薪酬及報酬待遇。

# 董事購買股份或債權證之權利

本公司於本年度任何時間概無授予任何董事 或彼等各自之配偶或18歲以下的未成年子女 可藉購入本公司股份或債權證而獲益之權利, 或彼等亦無行使該等權利;本公司、其控股公 司或其任何附屬公司或同系附屬公司亦無訂 立任何目的為致使董事可藉購入本公司或其 他法人團體之股份或債權證而獲益之安排。

# Interests and Short Positions of Directors and Chief Executive in the Shares, Underlying Shares and Debentures of the Company

As at 31 March 2020, the interests or short positions of the Directors and chief executive of the Company in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO"), Chapter 571), which were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests or short positions which they are taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO), or which were required, pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO, to be entered in the register referred to therein, or which were required, pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO, to be entered in the register referred to therein, or which were required, pursuant to Rules 5.46 to 5.67 of the GEM Listing Rules relating to securities transactions by directors to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange, were as follows:

# 董事及主要行政人員於本公司股 份、相關股份及債權證中的權益及 淡倉

於二零二零年三月三十一日,董事及本公司 主要行政人員於本公司或其任何相聯法團(定 義見第571章證券及期貨條例(「證券及期貨條 例」)第XV部)的股份、相關股份及債權證中, 擁有根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第7及8分部 須知會本公司及聯交所的權益或淡倉(包括彼 等根據證券及期貨條例有關條文被當作或視 為擁有的權益或淡倉),或根據證券及期貨條 例第352條須記錄於該條例所指登記冊的權 益或淡倉,或根據有關董事進行證券交易的 GEM上市規則第5.46至5.67條須知會本公司 及聯交所的權益或淡倉如下:

			Percentage of issued
	Nature of interest/	Number of ordinary	share capital of
Name of Director	Holding capacity	shares held	the Company
			佔本公司已發行
董事姓名/名稱	權益性質/控股身份	所持普通股數目	股本的百分比
			(Note 1)
			(附註1)
Mr. Li Wai Keung ("Mr. Li")	Interest of a controlled corporation	525,000,000 (L)	52.50%
李偉強先生(「李先生」)	受控法團權益	(Notes 2, 3)	
		(附註2、3)	





# **REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS** 董事會報告書

Notes:

- 1. As at 31 March 2020, the Company issued ordinary share capital was HK\$10,000,000 divided into 1,000,000,000 Shares of HK\$0.01 each.
- 2. Infinite Force Holdings Ltd ("Infinite Force"), a company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands on 18 October 2016 and an investment holding company, is wholly and beneficially owned by Mr. Li who is the Chairman and an executive Director. Therefore, Mr. Li is deemed to be interested in the 525,000,000 Shares held by Infinite Force by virtue of his 100% shareholding interest in Infinite Force.
- 3. The letter "L" denotes the person's long position in the Shares.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 March 2020, none of the Directors or chief executive of the Company had any other interest or a short position in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) that was required to be recorded in the register kept by the Company under Section 352 of the SFO, or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Rule 5.46 of the GEM Listing Rules.

附註:

- 於二零二零年三月三十一日,本公司之已發行普通 股本為10,000,000港元(分為1,000,000)股每股面 值0.01港元之股份)。
- Infinite Force Holdings Ltd (「Infinite Force」)為一間於 二零一六年十月十八日在英屬維爾京群島註冊成立 之投資控股公司,其由主席及執行董事李先生全資實 益擁有。因此,由於李先生於Infinite Force擁有100% 股權,彼被視為於Infinite Force持有之525,000,000股 股份中擁有權益。
- 3. 字母「L」指該人士於股份之好倉。

除上文所披露者外,於二零二零年三月三十一 日,董事或本公司主要行政人員概無於本公 司或其任何相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨條例 第XV部)的股份、相關股份或債權證中擁有根 據證券及期貨條例第352條的規定須記入本公 司存置的登記冊內的任何其他權益或淡倉; 或根據GEM上市規則第5.46條須知會本公司 及聯交所的任何其他權益或淡倉。

### Interests and Short Positions of Substantial Shareholders in the Shares, Underlying Shares and Debentures of the Company

As at 31 March 2020, person (other than the directors of the Company) who had interests or short positions in the shares and underlying shares of the Company, being 5% or more of the Company's issued share capital, was recorded in the register required to be kept under section 336 of the SFO were as follows:

# 主要股東於本公司股份、相關股份 及債權證中的權益及淡倉

於二零二零年三月三十一日,除本公司董事外, 根據證券及期貨條例第336條須予存置之登記 冊所記錄,持有佔本公司已發行股本5%或以 上之本公司股份及相關股份之權益或淡倉的 人士載列如下:

Name of Shareholders 股東姓名/名稱	Nature of interest/ Holding capacity 權益性質/控股身份	Nu	mber of ordinary shares held 所持普通股數目	Percentage of issued share capital of the Company 佔本公司已發行 股本的百分比 (Note 1) (附註1)
Infinite Force	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人		525,000,000 (L) <i>(Notes 2, 3)</i> <i>(附註2、3)</i>	52.50%
Ms. Fong Wing Yan ("Ms. Fong") 方頴茵女士(「方女士」)	Interest of spouse 配偶權益		525,000,000 (L) <i>(Note 4)</i> <i>(附註4)</i>	52.50%
Notes:		附言	È:	
	e Company's issued ordinary share capital was to 1,000,000,000 Shares of HK\$0.01 each.	1.		E十一日・本公司之已發行普通 元(分為1,000,000,000股每股面 。
October 2016 and an inve owned by Mr. Li who is th Mr. Li is deemed to be int	P. Infinite Force, a company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands on 18 October 2016 and an investment holding company, is wholly and beneficially owned by Mr. Li who is the Chairman and an executive Director. Therefore, Mr. Li is deemed to be interested in the 525,000,000 Shares held by Infinite Force by virtue of his 100% shareholding interest in Infinite Force.			於二零一六年十月十八日在英屬 Z之投資控股公司,其由主席及 資實益擁有。因此,由於李先生 100%股權,彼被視為於Infinite ,000股股份中擁有權益。
3. The letter "L" denotes the	. The letter "L" denotes the person's long position in the Shares.			股份之好倉。
4. Ms. Fong is the spouse	Ms. Fong is the spouse of Mr. Li. She is deemed to be interested in the		方女士為李先生之配	已偶。根據證券及期貨條例第XV

 Ms. Fong is the spouse of Mr. Li. She is deemed to be interested in the Shares in which Mr. Li is interested under Part XV of the SFO.



部,彼被視為於李先生擁有權益之股份中擁有權益。

# **REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS** 董事會報告書

## **Directors' Interests in Competing Business**

None of the Directors is or was interested in any business apart from the Group's business, that competes or competed or is or was likely to compete, either directly or indirectly, with the Group's business at ay time during the Year and up to and including the date of this annual report.

#### Interests of the Compliance Adviser

In accordance with Rule 6A.19 of the GEM Listing Rules, the Company has appointed Ample Capital Limited ("Ample Capital") to be the compliance adviser. As informed by Ample Capital , neither Ample Capital nor any of its directors or employees or close associates, has or may have, any interest in the share capital of the Company or any member of the Group (including options or rights to subscribe for such securities), which is required to be notified to the Company pursuant to Rule 6A.32 of the GEM Listing Rules, except for the compliance adviser agreement entered into between the Company and Ample Capital dated 10 May 2018.

# **Directors' Indemnities and Insurance**

As permitted by the Articles, a director of the Company may be indemnified out of the assets and profits of the Company from and against all actions, costs, charges, losses, damages and expenses which the director shall or may incur or sustain by or by reason of any act done, concurred in or omitted in or about the execution of his or her duty as a director of the Company, to the extent permitted by law. Such permitted indemnity provision has been in force since the adoption of the Articles and is currently in force at the time of approval of this report.

The Company has also taken out and maintained directors' and officers' liability insurance throughout the year, which provides appropriate cover for certain legal actions brought against its directors and officers.

# 董事於競爭業務之權益

於本年度及直至本年報日期(包括該日),概 無董事於與本集團業務構成或可能構成直接 或間接競爭的任何業務(本集團業務除外)中 擁有任何權益。

## 合規顧問的權益

根據GEM上市規則第6A.19條,本公司已委任 豐盛融資有限公司(「豐盛融資」)為合規顧問。 誠如豐盛融資所告知,豐盛融資及其任何董 事或僱員或緊密聯繫人概無於本公司或本集 團旗下任何成員公司的股本(包括可認購該等 證券的購股權或權利)中擁有或可能擁有根據 GEM上市規則第6A.32條須知會本公司的任何 權益,惟本公司與豐盛融資所訂立日期為二 零一八年五月十日的合規顧問協議除外。

#### 董事之彌償保證及保險

誠如本公司之細則所准許,本公司董事可就 其執行或擬定執行本公司董事職責時因所作出、 作為或不作為或與其有關而招致或蒙受之所 有訴訟、費用、收費、損失、損害及開支從本 公司的資產及溢利中獲得彌償(以法律所准許 者為限)。有關准許彌償保障條文已自細則起 生效及當前於批准本報告時有效。

本公司亦已於整個年度為董事及高級人員投 購責任保險,其為針對其董事及高級人員之 若干法律訴訟提供適當保障。

# **Deed of Non-Competition**

Each of the controlling Shareholders has confirmed to the Company of its/his compliance with the terms and undertakings of the deed of non-competition provided to the Company under the Deed of Non-competition (as defined in the Company's Prospectus). The INEDs have reviewed the status of compliance and confirmed that all the terms and undertakings under the Deed of Non-competition have been complied with by the controlling Shareholders.

### **Corporate Governance**

The Company and its management are committed to maintain good corporate governance with an emphasis on the principles of transparency, accountability and independence to all shareholders. The Company believes that good corporate governance is essential for continual growth and enhancement of shareholder's value. From the listing date to the date of this annual report, the Company has applied and complied with the code provisions stipulated in the Corporate Governance Report as set out in Appendix 15 to the GEM Listing Rules. The Company periodically reviews its corporate governance practices with reference to the latest development in corporate governance. The Group's principal corporate governance practices and compliance with code provisions are set out in the Corporate Governance Report on pages 19 to 31 of this annual report.

# Environmental and Corporate Social Responsibilities

During the Year, the Group is committed to continuously promote the long-term, stable and sustainable development of employees, environmental protection and social responsibilities.

The Environmental, Social and Government Report for the Year containing all information required by the GEM Listing Rules will be published on the respective websites of GEM and the Company in due course.

# 不競爭契據

各控股股東已向本公司確認,其遵守根據不 競爭契據(定義見本公司之招股章程)向本公 司作出之不競爭契據條款及承諾。獨立非執 行董事已審查其遵守不競爭契約的情況,並 確認控股股東已遵守不競爭契據項下所有條 款及承諾。

### 企業管治

本公司及其管理層承諾維持良好的企業管治, 並著重於對全體股東的透明度、問責性及獨 立性的原則。本公司相信良好的企業管治對 達致持續增長及提升其股東價值至關重要。 於上市日期至本年報日期,本公司已應用及 遵守GEM上市規則附錄15所載企業管治報告 所訂明之守則條文。本公司參考企業管治的 最新發展並定期審閱其企業管治常規。本集 團的主要企業管治常規及遵守守則條文的詳 情載於本年報第19至31頁的企業管治報告內。

# 環境及企業社會責任

於本年度,本集團致力於持續推崇僱員的長期、 穩定及可持續發展、環境保護及社會責任。

本年度之環境、社會及管治報告載有GEM上 市規則所規定之所有資料,將於適當時候刊 登於GEM及本公司各自之網站內。



# **REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS** 董事會報告書

# **Audit Committee**

The Audit Committee had reviewed with management the Group's Consolidated Financial Statements, the accounting principles and practices adopted and discussed auditing, internal controls and financial reporting matters.

#### Auditor

On 7 February 2020, KPMG resigned and ceased to act as the auditor of the Company (the "Independent Auditor") and Grant Thornton Hong Kong Limited ("Grant Thornton") was appointed as the Independent Auditor to fill the casual vacancy after the resignation of KPMG (the "Resignation") and to hold office until the conclusion of the next AGM. The Board confirmed that there is no disagreement between the Company and KPMG and it is not aware of any matters or circumstances in respect of the Resignation that need to be brought to the attention of the Shareholders. For details, please refer to the Company's announcement of change of auditor published on 10 February 2020.

On behalf of the Board of Directors

Mr. LI Wai Keung Executive Director and Chairman

Hong Kong, 23 June 2020

# 審核委員會

審核委員會已與管理層審閱本集團綜合財務 報表,所採納的會計原則及慣例,並就審核、 內部監控及財務報告事宜進行討論。

# 核數師

於二零二零年二月七日,畢馬威會計師事務 所辭任及不再擔任本公司核數師(「獨立核數 師」),而致同(香港)會計師事務所有限公司 (「致同」)則獲委任為獨立核數師,以填補畢馬 威會計師事務所辭任(「辭任」)而產生的臨時 空缺,並將留任至下屆股東週年大會結束為 止。董事會確認,本公司與畢馬威會計師事務 所之間不存在意見分歧,亦無發現任何有關 辭任的事項或情況須提請股東注意。詳情請 參閱本公司於二零二零年二月十日刊發的更 換核數師公佈。

代表董事會

*執行董事兼主席* **李偉強先生** 

香港,二零二零年六月二十三日

# **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**



To the shareholders of Amuse Group Holding Limited

(incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

# Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Amuse Group Holding Limited ("the Company") and its subsidiaries ("the Group") set out on pages 57 to 146, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 March 2020, and the consolidated statement of profit and loss, the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated cash flow statement for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 March 2020 and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

# **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants ("the Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

獨立核數師報告



#### 致佰悅集團控股有限公司股東

(於開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司)

#### 意見

吾等已審核載列於第57至146頁之佰悅集團控股有限公司(「貴公司」)及其附屬公司(「貴集團」)之綜合財務報表, 此綜合財務報表包括於二零二零年三月三十一日之綜合財務狀況表,以及截至該日止年度之綜合損益表、綜合 損益及其他全面收益表、綜合權益變動表及綜合現金流量表,以及綜合財務報表附註,包括主要會計政策概要。

吾等認為,該等綜合財務報表已根據香港會計師公會(「香港會計師公會」)頒佈之《香港財務報告準則》(「香港財 務報告準則」)真實而公平地反映了 貴集團於二零二零年三月三十一日之綜合財務狀況及截至該日止年度之綜 合財務表現及綜合現金流量,並已遵照香港《公司條例》之披露要求妥為擬備。

#### 意見基礎

吾等已根據香港會計師公會頒佈之《香港審計準則》進行審計。吾等在該等準則下承擔之責任已在本報告核數師 就審計綜合財務報表承擔之責任部分中作進一步闡述。根據香港會計師公會頒佈之《專業會計師道德守則》(「守則」) 以及與吾等對開曼群島綜合財務報表之審計相關之道德要求,吾等獨立於 貴集團,並已履行這些道德要求以 及守則中之其他專業道德責任。吾等相信,吾等所獲得的審計憑證能充足及適當地為吾等的審計意見提供基礎。

#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

#### Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

#### Timing of revenue recognition

Refer to note 4 to the consolidated financial statements and the accounting policy in note 2.17.

#### The Key Audit Matter

The Group's revenue is principally generated from the sale of Original Design Manufacturing ("ODM") toys to license holders, sale of own licensed toys and related products and distribution of imported toys and related products. Revenue is recognised when control of the goods has been transferred to the customers in accordance with the contractual arrangements and related agreed commercial shipping terms.

During the year ended 31 March 2020, revenue generated from the sale of ODM toys to license holders, sale of own licensed toys and related products and distribution of imported toys and related products are HK\$136,829,000, HK\$33,467,000 and HK\$36,669,000 respectively.

The Group evaluates the contractual and shipping terms of each sales contract in order to determine the appropriate timing for revenue recognition.

We identified the timing of revenue recognition as a key audit matter because each sales contract may have different terms and conditions which increases the risk of error and because revenue is one of the key performance indicators of the Group and could be subject to manipulation to meet targets or expectations.

#### How the matter was addressed in our audit

Our audit procedures to assess the timing of revenue recognition from sale of toys and related products included the following:

- understanding and reviewing the design and implementation of key internal controls over revenue recognition;
- inspecting key customer contracts, on a sample basis, to identify terms and conditions relating to transfer of control of the goods and assessing the Group's timing of revenue recognition with reference to the requirements of the prevailing accounting standards;
- comparing revenue transactions recognised during the year, on a sample basis, with contracts and goods delivery notes with the customers' acknowledgement of receipt and acceptance of the goods or bills of lading and assessing whether revenue was recognised in accordance with the Group's revenue recognition policies;
- comparing, on a sample basis, whether specific revenue transactions recorded before and after the financial year end date with underlying sales invoices and shipping documents to determine whether the related revenue had been recognised in the appropriate financial period; and
- inspecting underlying documentation for manual journal entries relating to revenue which were considered to meet specific risk-based criteria.

#### 關鍵審計事項

關鍵審計事項乃根據吾等之專業判斷,認為對本期綜合財務報表之審計最為重要之事項。此等事項是在吾等審 計整體綜合財務報表及出具意見時進行處理。吾等不會對這些事項提供單獨之意見。

#### 收益確認時間

請參閱綜合財務報表附註4及附註2.17的會計政策。

#### 關鍵審計事項

貴集團的收益主要來自銷售原設計製造(「ODM」)玩具 予特許持有人、銷售自家特許玩具及相關產品及分銷 進口玩具及相關產品。當貨品控制權根據合約安排及 有關經協定的商業運送條款轉移至客戶時,即確認收益。

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度,銷售ODM玩具 予特許持有人、銷售自家特許玩具及相關產品及分銷 進口玩具及相關產品所產生的收益分別為136,829,000 港元、33,467,000港元及36,669,000港元。

貴集團評估各銷售合約的合約及運送條款以釐定收益 ● 確認的適當時間。

由於各銷售合約可能載有會增加錯誤風險的不同條款 及條件,及收益為 貴集團其中一項關鍵表現指標, 並可能受到操縱以達致期望目標,故吾等識別收益確 認時間為關鍵審計事項。

#### 吾等的審計如何處理該事項

吾等處理來自銷售玩具及相關產品之收益確認之時間 之審計程序包括以下各項:

- 了解及審閱關於收益確認之關鍵內部控制之設計
   及實施;
- 抽樣檢查關鍵客戶合約以識別與貨品控制權轉移 有關之條款及條件,以及參照現行會計準則之要 求評估 貴集團之收益確認政策;
- 抽樣比較年內已確認收益交易與合約及帶有客戶 驗收及接納商品證明的發貨單或提單,並評估收 益是否根據本集團之收益確認政策予以確認;
- 抽樣比較在年末前後已入賬之具體收益交易與相 關銷售憑證及商品之運輸檔,以釐定相關收益是 否在適當之年期內予以確認;及
- 檢查與收益有關且被視為符合特定風險條件的手工入賬記錄的相關文件。

# **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

#### Key audit matters (Continued)

#### Impairment assessment on trade receivables

Refer to notes 14 and 21.2 to the consolidated financial statements and the accounting policy in notes 2.8 and 2.9.

The Key Audit Matter	How the matter was addressed in our audit
The Group's major customers primarily include (i) toy licensees or toy intermediaries based in Japan and the US; and (ii) various distributors of the Group's imported	Our audit procedures to assess the impairment assessment on trade receivables included the following:
toys and related products and own licensed toys and related products in Hong Kong, Japan, the US, Mainland China and Taiwan.	<ul> <li>understanding and reviewing the design and implementation of key internal controls over the processes of credit control, collection of trade receivables and follow up of overdue balances;</li> </ul>
The Group's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristics of each customer. Customers located in different jurisdictions are subject to different local risks specific to those jurisdictions in addition to the effects of the global economic climate.	<ul> <li>evaluating the Group's policy for making lifetime ECL allowance for trade receivables with reference to the requirements of the prevailing accounting standards;</li> </ul>
Management assesses the lifetime expected credit loss ("ECL") allowance required at each reporting date after taking into account the ageing analysis and loss rate of trade receivables and any other factors specific to individual debtors concerned and a collective element	• assessing the classification of individual balances in the trade receivables ageing report by comparison with sales invoices and other underlying documentation, on a sample basis;
based on historical experience adjusted for certain current factors.	• obtaining an understanding of the key data and assumptions of the ECL model adopted

As at 31 March 2020, the Group has gross trade receivables of HK\$7,604,000, Management determines the ECL allowance on these trade receivables amounting to HK\$186,000.

We identified the impairment assessment on trade • receivables as a key audit matter because of the significant degree of management judgement involved in determining the lifetime expected credit loss allowance for trade receivables and because of the significance of trade receivables to the consolidated financial statements.

- obtaining an understanding of the key data and assumptions of the ECL model adopted by management, including the basis of the segmentation of the trade receivables based on credit risk characteristics, the historical default data, and the assumptions involved in management's estimated loss rate;
- assessing the reasonableness of management's lifetime ECL allowance estimates by examining the information used by management to form such judgements, including testing the accuracy of the historical default data; and
- inspecting, on a sample basis, bank receipts from customers and other relevant underlying documentation subsequent to the financial year end relating to trade receivable balances at 31 March 2020.

獨立核數師報告

# 關鍵審計事項(續)

#### 貿易應收款項的減值評估

估為關鍵審計事項。

請參閱綜合財務報表附註14及21.2以及附註2.8及2.9的會計政策。

關鍵審計事項	吾等的審計如何處理該事項
貴集團的主要客戶包括(i)在日本及美國的玩具特許持 有人或玩具中間公司;及(ii)於香港、日本、美國、中 國內地及台灣分銷 貴集團的進口玩具及相關產品及	吾等就評估貿易應收款項的減值評估之審計程序包括 以下各項:
自家特許玩具及相關產品的多名分銷商。	<ul> <li>了解及審閱 貴集團有關信貸控制、貿易應收帳 款收回及逾期款項跟進之關鍵控制之設計及實施;</li> </ul>
貴集團的信貸風險主要受各客戶個別特點所影響。除 受到全球經濟氣候的影響外, 位於不同司法權區的客	<ul> <li>參照現行會計準則之規定,評價 貴集團貿易應</li> </ul>
戶亦受到該等司法權區特有的不同地方風險的影響。	• 参照現行會前年則之處定,計價 員果國員勿應 收款項的全期預期信貸虧損撥備之政策;
管理層在考慮貿易應收款項的賬齡分析及虧損率及有	• 透過抽樣比較銷售憑證與其他相關文件,評估貿
關個別債務人的任何其他因素以及根據就若干現行因 素作出調整的歷史經驗得出的綜合因素後,評估各報	易應收帳款帳齡報告之貿易應收帳款分類;
告日期所需的全期預期信貸虧損撥備水平。	<ul> <li>了解管理層採用的預期信用損失模型的關鍵數據</li> <li>及假設(包括根據信用風險特徵、歷史違約數據)</li> </ul>
於二零二零年三月三十一日,本集團貿易應收款項總 額為7,604,000港元。管理層釐定該等貿易應收款項的 預期信貸虧損撥備為186,000港元。	及涉及管理層估計損失率的假設對貿易應收款項 之分部基準);
古公慈宁贸日産此勤百份之期茲期合贷虧倡撥准涉及	<ul> <li>透過檢查管理層得出有關判斷所用之資料(包括 測試歷中海約數據之進確性),五部任管理層件</li> </ul>
由於釐定貿易應收款項的全期預期信貸虧損撥備涉及 的管理層判斷的重大程度,及綜合財務報表的貿易應 收款項的重大性,故吾等識別貿易應收款項的減值評	測試歷史違約數據之準確性),而評估管理層估 計預期信用損失之合理性;及

 抽樣將就二零二零年三月三十一日之貿易應收款 項結餘於財政年度結束後,調查客戶的銀行收據 及其他相關文件。 A.

# **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

#### **Other information**

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises all the information included in the 2020 annual report of the Company, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

### Responsibilities of the directors for the consolidated financial statements

The directors are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the disclosure requirements of Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The directors assisted by the Audit Committee are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

獨立核數師報告

#### 其他資料

董事需對其他信息負責。其他信息包括刊載於本公司二零二零年年報內之全部信息,但不包括綜合財務報表及 吾等之核數師報告。

吾等對綜合財務報表之意見並不涵蓋其他信息,吾等亦不對該等其他信息發表任何形式之鑒證結論。

結合吾等對綜合財務報表之審計,吾等之責任是閱讀其他信息,在此過程中,考慮其他信息是否與綜合財務報 表或吾等在審計過程中所了解之情況存在重大抵觸或者似乎存在重大錯誤陳述之情況。

基於吾等已執行之工作,如果吾等認為其他信息存在重大錯誤陳述,吾等需要報告該事實。在這方面,吾等沒 有任何報告。

#### 董事就綜合財務報表須承擔的責任

董事須負責根據香港會計師公會頒布之《香港財務報告準則》及香港《公司條例》之披露規定擬備真實而中肯之 綜合財務報表,並對其認為為使綜合財務報表之擬備不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致之重大錯誤陳述所需之內部 控制負責。

在擬備綜合財務報表時,董事負責評估 貴集團持續經營之能力,並在適用情況下披露與持續經營有關之事項, 以及使用持續經營為會計基礎,除非董事有意將 貴集團清盤或停止經營,或別無其他實際之替代方案。

由審核委員會協助的董事負責監督 貴集團財務報告之過程。

### **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

#### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. We report our opinion solely to you, as a body, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to
  fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is
  sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement
  resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional
  omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business
  activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible
  for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit
  opinion.

獨立核數師報告

#### 核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔之責任

吾等之目標,是對綜合財務報表整體是否不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致之重大錯誤陳述取得合理保證,並出具 包括吾等意見之核數師報告。吾等之意見僅向全體股東報告而不作其他用途。吾等概不就本報告之內容而向任 何其他人士負責或承擔法律責任。

合理保證是高水平之保證,但不能保證按照《香港審計準則》進行之審計,在某一重大錯誤陳述存在時總能發現。 錯誤陳述可以由欺詐或錯誤引起,如果合理預期它們單獨或匯總起來可能影響綜合財務報表使用者依賴財務報 表所作出之經濟決定,則有關之錯誤陳述可被視作重大。

在根據《香港審計準則》進行審計之過程中,吾等運用了專業判斷,保持了專業懷疑態度。吾等亦:

- 識別和評估由於欺詐或錯誤而導致綜合財務報表存在重大錯誤陳述之風險,設計及執行審計程序以應對這些風險,以及獲取充足和適當之審計憑證,作為吾等意見之基礎。由於欺詐可能涉及串謀、偽造、蓄意遺漏、 虚假陳述,或凌駕於內部控制之上,因此未能發現因欺詐而導致之重大錯誤陳述之風險高於未能發現因錯 誤而導致之重大錯誤陳述之風險。
- 了解與審計相關之內部控制,以設計適當之審計程序,但目的並非對 貴集團內部控制之有效性發表意見。
- 評價董事所採用會計政策之恰當性及作出會計估計及相關披露之合理性。
- 對董事採用持續經營會計基礎之恰當性作出結論。根據所獲取之審計憑證,確定是否存在與事項或情況有 關之重大不確定性,從而可能導致對 貴集團之持續經營能力產生重大疑慮。如果吾等認為存在重大不確 定性,則有必要在核數師報告中提請使用者注意綜合財務報表中之相關披露。假若有關之披露不足,則吾 等應當發表非無保留意見。吾等之結論是基於核數師報告日止所取得之審計憑證。然而,未來事項或情況 可能導致 貴集團不能持續經營。
- 評價綜合財務報表之整體列報方式、結構及內容,包括披露,以及綜合財務報表是否中肯反映交易及事項。
- 就 貴集團內實體或業務活動之財務信息獲取充足、適當之審計憑證,以便對綜合財務報表發表意見。吾
   等負責 貴集團審計之方向、監督和執行。吾等為審計意見承擔全部責任。

# **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

# Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

We communicate with the Audit Committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Audit Committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the Audit Committee, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

#### Grant Thornton Hong Kong Limited

Certified Public Accountants Level 12 28 Hennessy Road Wanchai Hong Kong

23 June 2020

#### Ng Ka Kong

Practising Certificate No.: P06919

獨立核數師報告

#### 核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔之責任(續)

除其他事項外,吾等與審核委員會溝通了計劃之審計範圍、時間安排、重大審計發現等,包括吾等於審計中識 別出內部控制之任何重大缺陷。

吾等還向審核委員會提交聲明, 説明吾等已符合有關獨立性之相關專業道德要求, 並與他們溝通有可能合理地 被認為會影響吾等獨立性之所有關係和其他事項, 以及在適用之情況下, 相關之防範措施。

從與審核委員會溝通之事項中,吾等確定哪些事項對本期綜合財務報表之審計最為重要,因而構成關鍵審計事項。 吾等在核數師報告中描述這些事項,除非法律法規不允許公開披露這些事項,或在極端罕見之情況下,如果合 理預期在吾等報告中溝通某事項造成之負面後果超過產生之公眾利益,吾等決定不應在報告中溝通該事項。

**致同(香港)會計師事務所有限公司** *執業會計師* 香港 灣仔 軒尼詩道28號 12樓

二零二零年六月二十三日

**吳嘉江** 執業證書號碼: P06919

# **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS**

綜合損益表

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

			2020 二零二零年	2019 二零一九年	
		Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
		附註	千港元	千港元	
Revenue	收益	4.1	206,965	182,583	
Cost of sales	銷售成本	13(b)	(164,783)	(137,423)	
Gross profit	毛利		42,182	45,160	
Other net income	其他淨收入	5	6,254	3,278	
Selling expenses	銷售開支		(6,882)	(5,306)	
Administrative expenses	行政開支		(24,515)	(19,665)	
Bad debts of trade receivables	貿易應收款項壞賬		(4,545)	_	
Reversal/(Provision) of ECL allowance	貿易應收款項預期信貸虧損				
on trade receivables	撥備之撥回/(計提)		82	(309)	
Listing expenses	上市開支		-	(2,487)	
Loss on deregistration of	撤銷註冊一間附屬公司之				
a subsidiary	虧損	12	(904)	_	
Profit from operations	經營溢利		11,672	20,671	
Finance costs	融資成本	6(a)	(348)	(172)	
Profit before taxation	除税前溢利	6	11,324	20,499	
Income tax	所得税	7(a)	(3,874)	(5,378)	
Profit for the year	年內溢利		7,450	15,121	
Earnings per share for profit attributable to equity shareholders of the Company	本公司權益股東應佔溢利的 每股盈利				
- Basic and diluted (in cents)	- 基本及攤薄(以仙計)	10	0.75	1.58	

The notes on pages 63 to 146 form part of these financial 第63至146頁的附註組成該等財務報表的一 statements.

部分。



# **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME**

綜合損益及其他全面收益表

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Profit for the year	年內溢利	7,450	15,121
Other comprehensive income for the year (net of nil tax and reclassification adjustments)	年內其他全面收益(扣除零税項 及重新分類調整)		
Item that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:	其後可能重新分類至損益的項目:		
Exchange differences on translation of financial statements of subsidiary outside	換算香港以外附屬公司財務報表 之匯兑差額		
Hong Kong		-	26
Recognition to profit or loss on deregistration of a subsidiary	於撤銷註冊一間附屬公司時在 損益確認	(26)	
Total comprehensive income for the year	年內全面收益總額	7,424	15,147

The notes on pages 63 to 146 form part of these financial 第63至146頁的附註組成該等財務報表的一 statements.

部分。

# **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION**

綜合財務狀況表

At 31 March 2020 於二零二零年三月三十一日

		Notes 附註	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Non-current assets	非流動資產			
Investment property	投資物業	11	-	10,300
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	11	26,299	15,991
Deferred tax assets	遞延税項資產	19(b)	30	28
Other receivables	其他應收款項	14	1,298	538
			27,627	26,857
Current assets	流動資產			
Inventories	存貨	13(a)	3,249	2,633
Trade and other receivables	貿易及其他應收款項	14	57,556	49,061
Current tax recoverable	可收回即期税項	19(a)	1,424	228
Bank deposits and cash	銀行存款及現金	15(a)	115,102	110,970
			177,331	162,892
Current liabilities	流動負債			
Trade and other payables	貿易及其他應付款項	16	22,757	18,971
Bank loans	銀行貸款	17	3,639	6,374
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	18	3,471	_
Current tax payable	應付即期税項	19(a)	1,356	863
			31,223	26,208
Net current assets	流動資產淨值		146,108	136,684
Total assets less current liabilities	總資產減流動負債		173,735	163,541

# **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION**

綜合財務狀況表

At 31 March 2020 於二零二零年三月三十一日

		Notes 附註	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債			
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	18	2,915	_
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債	19(b)	626	771
			3,541	771
Net assets	資產淨值		170,194	162,770
Capital and reserves	資本及儲備			
Share capital	股本	20.2	10,000	10,000
Reserves	儲備		160,194	152,770
Total equity	總權益		170,194	162,770
Approved and authorised for is 23 June 2020.	ssue by the board of directors on	董事會於二? 權刊印。	零二零年六月二十	-三日批准及授

Li Wai Keung	To Hoi Pan
李偉強	杜海斌
Director	Director
<i>董事</i>	董事

The notes on pages 63 to 146 form part of these financial 第63至146頁的附註組成該等財務報表的一 statements.

部分。

# **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY**

綜合權益變動表

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

			Share capital	Share premium	Exchange reserve	Land and buildings revaluation reserve (note 20.3) 土地及樓宇	Merger reserve (note 20.4)	Retained profits	Total equity
			股本	股份溢價	匯兑儲備	重估儲備 <i>(附註20.3)</i>	<b>合併儲備</b> <i>(附註20.4)</i>	保留盈利	總權益
		Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Balance at 1 April 2018	於二零一八年四月一日的結餘		_*	-	-	1,242	129	69,261	70,632
Changes in equity for 2019:	二零一九年權益變動:								
Profit for the year	年內溢利		-	-	-	-	-	15,121	15,121
Other comprehensive income	其他全面收益		-	-	26	-	-	-	26
Total comprehensive income	全面收益總額			-	26	-		15,121	15,147
Issue of shares	發行股份	20.2(iii)	2,500	85,000	-	_	_	-	87,500
Capitalisation issue of shares Transaction costs attributable to	資本化發行股份 發行股份應佔交易成本	20.2(ii)	7,500	(7,500)	-	-	-	-	-
issue of shares			-	(10,509)	-	-	-	-	(10,509)
Balance at 31 March 2019 and 1 April 2019	於二零一九年三月三十一日及 二零一九年四月一日的結餘		10,000	66,991	26	1,242	129	84,382	162,770
Changes in equity for 2020:	二零二零年權益變動:								
Profit for the year Other comprehensive income	年內溢利 其他全面收益		-	-	- (26)	-	-	7,450	7,450 (26)
	六心王间牧重				(20)	_	_		(20)
Total comprehensive income	全面收益總額		<del>-</del>		(26)	<del>.</del>	<del>-</del>	7,450	7,424
Transfer upon disposal of investment property	出售投資物業後轉撥	20.3	-	-	-	(1,242)	-	1,242	-
Balance at 31 March 2020	於二零二零年三月三十一日的 結餘		10 000	66 001			100	02.074	170 104
	<b>疝</b> 跡		10,000	66,991	-	-	129	93,074	170,194

The balances represent amounts less than HK\$1,000.

該結餘金額不足1,000港元。

The notes on pages 63 to 146 form part of these financial 第63至146頁的附註組成該等財務報表的一 statements.

部分。

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

綜合現金流量表

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

		Notes 附註	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
<b>Operating activities</b> Cash generated from operations Hong Kong Profits tax paid	<b>經營活動</b> 經營所得現金 已付香港利得税	15(b)	13,013 (4,724)	11,273 (3,427)
Net cash generated from operating activities			8,289	7,846
Investing activities Interest received Decrease/(increase) in bank deposits	<b>投資活動</b> 已收利息 原到期日為三個月以上的銀		1,230	1,028
with original maturities over three months	行存款減少/(增加)		7,458	(17,458)
Payment for the purchase of equipment, furniture and fixtures Proceeds from disposal of investment	購置設備、傢俱及裝置付款 出售投資物業所得款項		(10,295)	(4,646)
property	山古这頁初末川侍派沒		10,800	_
Net cash generated from/(used in) investing activities	投資活動所得/(所用)現金 淨額		9,193	(21,076)
<b>Financing activities</b> Repayment of bank loans Listing expenses paid	<b>融資活動</b> 償還銀行貸款 已付上市開支	15(c)	(2,735)	(208) (7,413)
Interest paid Proceeds from issuance of shares	已付利息 發行股份所得款項	15(c)	(348)	(172) (172) (172)
Payment of lease liabilities	租賃負債付款	15(c)	(2,809)	_
Net cash (used in)/generated from financing activities	融資活動(所用)/所得現金 淨額		(5,892)	79,707
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物增加淨額		11,590	66,477
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the reporting period	報告期初現金及現金等價物		93,512	27,541
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes	匯率變動影響		_	(506)
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the reporting period	報告期末現金及現金等價物	15(a)	105,102	93,512

statements.

第63至146頁的附註組成該等財務報表的一 部分。 Ser.

综合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

#### **1** General information

Amuse Group Holding Limited (the "Company") is a company incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability under the Companies Law (as revised) of the Cayman Islands. The address of the Company's registered office is P.O. Box 1350, Clifton House, 75 Fort Street, Grand Cayman, KY1-1108, Cayman Islands and the principal place of business of the Company is at Flat A–C, 3A/F, Metex House 24–32, Fui Yiu Kok Street, Tsuen Wan, Hong Kong.

The Company's shares were listed on the GEM of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited on 31 May 2018 (the "Listing").

The Company is an investment holding company. The Company and its subsidiaries (together referred to as the "Group") are principally engaged in design, marketing, distribution and retail sales of toys and related products. The principal activities of the subsidiaries are set out in note 12 to the financial statements.

#### 2 Significant accounting policies

#### 2.1 Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with all applicable Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs"), which collective term includes all applicable individual Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards, Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKASs") and Interpretations issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA"), accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. These financial statements also comply with the applicable disclosure provisions of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the GEM of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "GEM Listing Rules"). Significant accounting policies adopted by the Group are disclosed below.

### 1 一般資料

佰悅集團控股有限公司(「本公司」)乃根 據開曼群島公司法(經修訂)於開曼群 島註冊成立的有限公司。本公司的註冊 辦事處地址位於P.O. Box 1350, Clifton House, 75 Fort Street, Grand Cayman, KY1-1108, Cayman Islands,本公司的主 要營業地點位於香港荃灣灰窰角街24-32 號美德大廈3A樓A-C室。

本公司股份於二零一八年五月三十一日 在香港聯合交易所有限公司GEM上市(「上 市」)。

本公司為投資控股公司。本公司及其附 屬公司(統稱「本集團」)主要從事設計、 市場推廣、分銷及零售銷售玩具及相關 產品。附屬公司的主要業務載於財務報 表附註12。

# 2 主要會計政策

#### 2.1 合規聲明

該等財務報表已根據所有適用香港 財務報告準則(「香港財務報告準則」) 編製,香港財務報告準則包括香港 會計師公會(「香港會計師公會」)頒 佈的所有適用個別香港財務報告準 則、香港會計準則(「香港會計準則」) 及詮釋、香港普遍採納的會計準則 及香港公司條例的披露規定。該等 財務報表亦符合香港聯合交易所有 限公司GEM證券上市規則(「GEM上 市規則」)的適用披露條文。本集團 採納的主要會計政策於下文披露。

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

## 2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

#### 2.1 Statement of compliance (Continued)

The HKICPA has issued certain new and revised HKFRSs that are first effective or available for early adoption for the current accounting period of the Group. Note 2.3 provides information on any changes in accounting policies resulting from initial application of these developments to the extent that they are relevant to the Group for the current and prior accounting periods reflected in these consolidated financial statements.

# 2.2 Basis of preparation of the financial statements

The consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2020 comprise the Company and its subsidiaries.

The measurement basis used in the preparation of the financial statements is the historical cost basis except that the investment property is stated at their fair value as explained in note 2.5.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with HKFRSs requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis of making the judgements about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

#### 主要會計政策(續)

2

# 2.1 合規聲明(續)

香港會計師公會已頒佈若干新訂及 經修訂香港財務報告準則,該等準 則於本集團當前會計期間首次生效 或可供提早採納。附註2.3提供初步 應用該等發展產生的會計政策的任 何變動的資料,惟限於彼等與本集 團於該等綜合財務報表內反映的當 前及過往會計期間有關。

#### 2.2 編製財務報表之基準

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年 度的綜合財務報表包括本公司及其 附屬公司。

編製財務報表使用的計量基準為歷 史成本基準,惟投資物業以附註2.5 所闡述的公平值計算。

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

# 2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

# 2.2 Basis of preparation of the financial statements (Continued)

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Judgements made by management in the application of HKFRSs that have significant effect on the financial statements and major sources of estimation uncertainty are discussed in note 3.

#### 2.3 Adoption of new and amended HKFRSs

New and amended HKFRSs that are effective for annual periods beginning or after 1 April 2019

In the current year, the Group has applied for the first time the following new and amended HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA, which are relevant to the Group's operations and effective for the Group's consolidated financial statements for the annual period beginning on 1 April 2019:

HKFRS 16	Leases	香港財務報告
		準則第16號
Amendments to HKFRS 9	Prepayment Features	香港財務報告
	with Negative	準則第9號
	Compensation	修訂
Amendments to HKAS 19	Plan Amendment,	香港會計準則
	Curtailment or	19號之修訂
	Settlement	
Amendments to HKAS 28	Long-term Interests in	香港會計準則
	Associates and Joint	28號之修言
	Ventures	
Amendments to HKFRSs	Annual Improvements to	香港財務報告
	HKFRSs 2015-2017	準則之修訂
	Cycle	
	5	

# 主要會計政策(續) 2.2 編製財務報表之基準(續)

該等估計及相關假設會持續作出檢 討。會計估計之變動如僅影響當期, 則有關會計估計變動將於當期確認。 如該項會計估計變動影響當期及以 後期間,則有關會計估計變動將於 當期及以後期間確認。

管理層在應用香港財務報告準則時 所作出並對財務報表有重大影響之 判斷,以及導致估算出現不確定性 之主要緣由,於附註3詳述。

#### 2.3 採納新訂及經修訂香港財務 報告準則

於二零一九年四月一日或 之後開始之年度期間生效之 新訂及經修訂香港財務報告 準則 於本年度,本集團已首次應用以下 由香港會計師公會所頒佈與本集團 營運相關且適用於自二零一九年四 月一日起開始之年度期間之本集團 綜合財務報表之新訂及經修訂香港 財務報告準則:

香港財務報告	租賃
準則第16號	
香港財務報告	具負補償特性之
準則第9號之	提早還款
修訂	
香港會計準則第	計劃修訂、縮減
19號之修訂	或結清
香港會計準則第	於聯營公司及合
28號之修訂	營公司之長期
	權益
香港財務報告	香港財務報告準
準則之修訂	則二零一五年
	至二零一七年
	週期之年度改
	進

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

# 2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

# 2.3 Adoption of new and amended HKFRSs (Continued)

New and amended HKFRSs that are effective for annual periods beginning or after 1 April 2019 (Continued)

HK (IFRIC) – Int 23

Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatments

Other than as noted below, the adoption of these new and amended HKFRSs had no material impact on how the results and the financial position for the current and prior periods have been prepared and presented.

#### HKFRS 16 "Leases"

HKFRS 16 "Leases" replaces HKAS 17 "Leases" along with three Interpretations (HK(IFRIC)-Int 4 "Determining whether an Arrangement contains a Lease", HK(SIC)-Int 15 "Operating Leases-Incentives" and HK(SIC)-Int 27 "Evaluating the Substance of Transactions Involving the Legal Form of a Lease"). HKFRS 16 has been applied using the modified retrospective approach, with the cumulative effect of adopting HKFRS 16 being recognised in equity as an adjustment to the opening balance of retained profits for the current period. Prior periods have not been restated.

For contracts in place at the date of initial application, the Group has elected to apply the definition of a lease from HKAS 17 and HK(IFRIC)-Int 4 and has not applied HKFRS 16 to arrangements that were previously not identified as lease under HKAS 17 and HK(IFRIC)-Int 4.

# 2 主要會計政策(續)

#### 2.3 採納新訂及經修訂香港財務 報告準則(續)

於二零一九年四月一日或 之後開始之年度期間生效之 新訂及經修訂香港財務報告 準則(續) 香港(國際財務 所得税處理之不 報告詮釋委員 確定性 會)-詮釋第 23號

除下文所述者外,採納該等新訂及 經修訂香港財務報告準則對本期間 及過往期間之業績及財務狀況之編 製及呈列方式並無重大影響。

*香港財務報告準則第16號「租賃」* 香港財務報告準則第16號「租賃」取 代香港會計準則第17號「租賃」連同 三項詮釋(香港(國際財務報告詮釋 委員會)-詮釋第4號「釐定安排是否 包含租賃」、香港(準則詮釋委員會)-詮釋第15號「經營租賃 - 優惠」及 香港(準則詮釋委員會)-詮釋第27 號「評估涉及法律形式租賃之交易之 內容」)。香港財務報告準則第16號 已使用經修訂追溯法應用,採納香 港財務報告準則第16號之累計影響 已於權益確認為本期間保留盈利之 期初結餘之調整。過往期間未經重列。

就於首次應用日期已存續之合約, 本集團選擇應用香港會計準則第17 號及香港(國際財務報告詮釋委員 會)一詮釋第4號項下之租賃定義, 且對先前並未根據香港會計準則第 17號及香港(國際財務報告詮釋委 員會)一詮釋第4號定義為租賃之安 排並無應用香港財務報告準則第16 號。

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

### 2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

# 2.3 Adoption of new and amended HKFRSs (Continued)

New and amended HKFRSs that are effective for annual periods beginning or after 1 April 2019 (Continued)

HKFRS 16 "Leases" (Continued)

#### As a lessee

The Group has elected not to include initial direct costs in the measurement of the right-of-use asset for operating leases in existence at the date of initial application of HKFRS 16, being 1 April 2019. At this date, the Group has also elected to measure the right-of-use assets at an amount equal to the lease liability adjusted for any prepaid or accrued lease payments that existed at the date of transition.

Instead of performing an impairment review on the right-of-use assets at the date of initial application, the Group has relied on its historic assessment as to whether leases were onerous immediately before the date of initial application of HKFRS 16.

On transition, for leases previously accounted for as operating leases with a remaining lease term of less than 12 months, the Group has applied the optional exemptions to not recognise right-of-use assets but to account for the lease expense on a straight-line basis over the remaining lease term.

On transition to HKFRS 16, the weighted average incremental borrowing rate applied to lease liabilities recognised under HKFRS 16 was 2.95%.

# 2 主要會計政策(續)

# 2.3 採納新訂及經修訂香港財務 報告準則(續)

於二零一九年四月一日或 之後開始之年度期間生效之 新訂及經修訂香港財務報告 準則(續) *香港財務報告準則第16號「租賃」* (續)

作為承租人

就於香港財務報告準則第16號首次 應用日期(即二零一九年四月一日) 已存續之經營租賃,本集團選擇於 計量使用權資產時不計初始直接成 本。於當日,本集團亦選擇按相等 於租賃負債的金額(就於過渡日期存 在之任何預付或應計租金予以調整) 計量使用權資產。

本集團根據其於緊接首次應用香港 財務報告準則第16號日期前所作有 關租賃是否繁重的過往評估,而非 於首次應用日期對使用權資產進行 減值檢討。

於過渡時,就先前按經營租賃入賬 處理且剩餘租期低於12個月之租賃, 本集團採取選擇性豁免,不確認使 用權資產,而是於剩餘租期內以直 線法就租賃開支入賬處理。

於過渡至香港財務報告準則第16號, 根據香港財務報告準則第16號所確 認應用於租賃負債之加權平均增量 借貸利率為2.95%。

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

ontinued) 2	主要會計政策(續)	
(FRSs	2.3 採納新訂及經修 報告準則(續)	訂香港財務
e g or	之後開始之年度	期間生效之
	<i>香港財務報告準則</i> (續)	第16號「租賃」
	作為承租人(續)	
ndsight for options to		
ating lease se liabilities	之經營租賃承擔總	額與於二零一九
		HK\$'000 千港元
租賃承擔總額		3,901
	於12個月之租賃	(261)
		(1,285)
		2,355
率貼現		(47)
		2,308
分類為:		
	KFRSs g or ndsight for options to ating lease se liabilities 於二零一九年三 租認給免: 一餘下租期少 一與已訂約但 日開始的租賃 於貼現前之經營 使用二零一九年 率貼現	KFRSs       2.3 採納新訂及經修         報告準則(續)       於二零一九年四         文後開始之年度       新訂及經修訂香         之後開始之年度       新訂及經修訂香         準則(續)       香港財務報告準則         香港財務報告準則       (續)         ndsight for       於考慮延長及終止和         options to       本集團因使用事後         期而受益。       以下為於二零一九         ating lease       以下為於二零一九         je liabilities       以下為於二零一九         放二零一九年三月三十一日披露之經營       租賃承擔總額         確認豁免:       一錄下租期少於12個月之租賃         一與已訂約但尚未於二零一九年四月一       日開始的租賃有關的承諾         許點現前之經營租賃負債       使用二零一九年四月一日之增量借貸利

1

2,308

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2	Significant accounting policies (Continued)	2	主要會計政策(續)
	2.3 Adoption of new and amended HKFRSs (Continued)		2.3 採納新訂及經修訂香港財務 報告準則(續)
	New and amended HKFRSs that are effective for annual periods beginning or after 1 April 2019 (Continued)		於二零一九年四月一日或 之後開始之年度期間生效之 新訂及經修訂香港財務報告 準則(續)
	HKFRS 16 "Leases" (Continued)		<i>香港財務報告準則第16號「租賃」</i> (續)
	As a lessee (Continued)		作為承租人(續)
	The following table summarises the impact of transition to HKFRS 16 on the Group's consolidated statement of financial position at 1 April 2019:		下表概述過渡至香港財務報告準則 第16號對本集團於二零一九年四月 一日的綜合財務狀況表的影響:

		HK\$'000 千港元
Increase in right-of-use assets presented in	呈列為物業、廠房及設備的使用權資	
property, plant and equipment	產增加	2,308
Increase in lease liabilities (non-current portion)	租賃負債(非流動部分)增加	1,136
Increase in lease liabilities (current portion)	租賃負債(流動部分)增加	1,172

#### As a lessor

Upon initial application of HKFRS 16, the Group is not required to make any adjustment on transition for leases in which the Group is a lessor but account for these leases in accordance with HKFRS 16. Comparative information is not restated.

作為出租人

於首次應用香港財務報告準則第16 號時,本集團毋須對本集團作為出 租人之租賃於過渡時作出任何調整, 惟須按香港財務報告準則第16號將 該等租賃入賬。比較資料並無重列。

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

Significant accounting	policies (Continued)	2	主要會計政策(續)
2.3 Adoption of new and (Continued)	amended HKFRSs		2.3 採納新訂及經修訂香港財務 報告準則(續)
Issued but not yet effec	ctive HKFRSs		已頒佈但尚未生效之香港財 務報告準則
At the date of authorisation of these consolidated financial statements, certain new and amended HKFRSs have been published but are not yet effective, and have not been adopted early by the Group.			於此等綜合財務報表之授權日期, 以下新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準 則經已頒佈但尚未生效,且未獲本 集團提早採納。
HKFRS 17 Amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28	Insurance Contracts <sup>2</sup> Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture <sup>3</sup>		香港財務報告準則第17號 保險合約 <sup>2</sup> 香港財務報告準則第10號 投資者與其聯營 及香港會計準則第28 公司或合營公 號之修訂 司之間之資產 出售或注資 <sup>3</sup>
Amendments to HKFRS 3	Definition of a Business <sup>4</sup>		香港財務報告準則第3號 業務之定義⁴ 之修訂
Amendments to HKFRS 9, HKAS 39 and HKFRS 7	Interest Rate Benchmark Reform <sup>1</sup>		香港財務報告準則第9號、 利率基準改革 <sup>1</sup> 香港會計準則第39號 及香港財務報告準則第 7號之修訂
Amendments to HKAS 1 and HKAS 8	Definition of Material <sup>1</sup>		香港會計準則第1號及香 重大之定議 <sup>1</sup> 港會計準則第8號之 修訂
<sup>1</sup> Effective for annual periods 2020	beginning on or after 1 January		1 於二零二零年一月一日或之後開始之年 度期間生效
<ul> <li><sup>2</sup> Effective for annual periods</li> <li>2021</li> </ul>	beginning on or after 1 January		2 於二零二一年一月一日或之後開始之年 度期間生效
	nations and asset acquisitions for on or after the beginning of the first		<ul> <li>3 生效日期尚未釐定</li> <li>3 適用於收購日期為二零二零年一月一日</li> <li>或之後開始的首個年度期間開始當日或</li> <li>之後的業務合併及資產收購</li> </ul>
The Directors anticipate that will be adopted in the Gro the first period beginning date of the pronounceme	up's accounting policy for on or after the effective		董事預期所有準則將於該等準則生 效日期或之後開始之首個期間之本 集團會計政策中獲採納。採納全部 新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則預

期不會對綜合財務報表造成重大影響。

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statements.

these new and amended HKFRSs are not expected to have material impact on the consolidated financial

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For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

#### 2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

#### 2.4 Basis of consolidation

Subsidiaries are entities controlled by the Group. The Group controls an entity when it is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. When assessing whether the Group has power, only substantive rights (held by the Group and other parties) are considered.

The Group includes income and expenses of a subsidiary in the consolidated financial statements from the date that control commences until the date that control ceases. Intra-group balances, transactions and cash flows and any unrealised profits arising from intragroup transactions are eliminated in full in preparing the consolidated financial statements. Unrealised losses resulting from intra-group transactions are eliminated in the same way as unrealised gains but only to the extent that there is no evidence of impairment.

When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, the profit or loss on disposal is calculated as the difference between (i) the aggregate of the fair value of the consideration received and the fair value of any retained interest and (ii) the previous carrying amount of the assets (including goodwill), and liabilities of the subsidiary and any non-controlling interests. Where certain assets of the subsidiary are measured at revalued amounts or fair values and the related cumulative gain or loss has been recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity, the amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity are accounted for as if the Company had directly disposed of the related assets (i.e. reclassified to profit or loss or transferred directly to retained profits).

In the Company's statement of financial position, an investment in a subsidiary is stated at cost less impairment losses (see note 2.10).

# 主要會計政策(續)

# 2.4 綜合基準

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附屬公司指本集團控制之實體。當 本集團從參與某實體之業務獲得或 有權獲得可變回報,及有能力藉對 實體行使其權力而影響其回報,則 本集團控制該實體。當評估本集團 是否有權力時,只考慮具體權利(由 本集團及其他人士持有)。

於本公司的財務狀況表中,於一間 附屬公司的投資以成本減去減值虧 損列賬(見附註2.10)。

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#### 2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

#### 2.5 Investment property

Investment properties are land and/or buildings which are owned or held under a leasehold or freehold interest to earn rental income and/or for capital appreciation.

Investment properties are stated at fair value. Any gain or loss arising from a change in fair value or from the retirement or disposal of an investment property is recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss. Rental income from investment properties is accounted for as described in the accounting policy set out in note 2.17.

Before the application of HKFRS 16, when the Group holds a property interest under an operating lease to earn rental income and/or for capital appreciation in long term, the interest is classified and accounted for as an investment property on a property-by-property basis. Any such property interest which has been classified as an investment property is accounted for as if it were held under a finance lease.

#### 主要會計政策(續)

## 2.5 投資物業

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投資物業為自有或以租賃持有業權 或持有永久業權的土地及/或樓宇, 用作賺取租金收入及/或資本增值。

投資物業以公平值列賬。任何因投 資物業公平值變動或因棄置或出售 投資物業而產生的收益或損失均於 綜合損益表內確認。投資物業的租 金收入根據附註2.17所載的會計政 策入賬。

採納香港財務報告準則第16號前, 當本集團以經營租賃持有物業權益 賺取租金及/或(長遠而言)資本增 值,其權益按單一物業基準分類及 列賬為投資物業。任何該類物業權 益被分類為投資物業時,猶如融資 租賃一般入賬。

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## 2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

#### 2.6 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment (including right-ofuse assets) are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses (see note 2.10). The cost of right-of-use assets are set out in note 2.7. Depreciation is calculated to write off the cost of items of property, plant and equipment using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives as follows:

Building situated on	Over the shorter of
leasehold land	the unexpired
	term of lease and their
	estimated useful lives,
	i.e. 30–50 years
Leasehold improvements	5 years
Office equipment	5 years
Motor vehicles	30%
Mould	Shorter of the licensed
	period of 2 to 3 years
	or the remaining of
	licensed period

The assets' residual values, depreciation method and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

Gain or loss arising from disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment are determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the item and are recognised in profit or loss on the date of retirement or disposal.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. All other costs, such as repairs and maintenance, are charged to the consolidated statement of profit or loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.

#### 主要會計政策(續)

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#### 2.6 物業、廠房及設備

物業、廠房及設備(包括使用權資產) 乃按成本減去累計折舊及減值虧損 列賬(見附註2.10)。使用權資產的 成本載於附註2.7。折舊乃按其以下 估計可使用年期以直線法計算,撇 銷物業、廠房及設備的成本:

剩餘之租賃年期
及其估計可
使用年期
(即30至50年)
(以較短者為準)
5年
5年
30%
2至3年之特許
期或特許期剩餘
時間(以較短者
為準)

資產剩餘價值、折舊方法及使用年 期於各報告期末審閱及調整(如適用)。

出售或棄用物業、廠房及設備所產 生的收益或虧損指出售所得款項淨 額及其賬面值的差額,並於棄用或 出售當日在損益中確認。

僅於與該項目有關之未來經濟利益 可能流向本集團,而項目成本能可 靠計量時,後續成本方會計入資產 賬面值或確認為一項獨立資產(如適 用)。本集團會終止確認重置部分之 賬面值。所有其他成本(如維修及保 養)乃於其產生之財政期間內在綜合 損益表內扣除。

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#### 2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

#### 2.7 Leases

(a) Definition of a lease and the Group as a lessee

(Policy applicable from 1 April 2019)

For any new contracts entered into on or after 1 April 2019, the Group considers whether a contract is, or contains a lease. A lease is defined as 'a contract, or part of a contract, that conveys the right to use an identified asset (the underlying asset) for a period of time in exchange for consideration'. To apply this definition, the Group assesses whether the contract meets three key evaluations which are whether:

- the contract contains an identified asset, which is either explicitly identified in the contract or implicitly specified by being identified at the time the asset is made available to the Group;
- the Group has the right to obtain substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the identified asset throughout the period of use, considering its rights within the defined scope of the contract; and
- the Group has the right to direct the use of the identified asset throughout the period of use. The Group assess whether it has the right to direct 'how and for what purpose' the asset is used throughout the period of use.

For contracts that contains a lease component and one or more additional lease or nonlease components, the Group allocates the consideration in the contract to each lease and non-lease component on the basis of their relative stand-alone prices. 2 主要會計政策(續)

2.7 租賃

(a) 租賃之定義及本集團作為
 承租人
 (自二零一九年四月一日起)

*適用政策)* 就於二零一九年四月一日或之 後訂立之任何新合約,本集團 考慮有關合約是否屬於租賃或 包含租賃。租賃的定義為「以代 價獲得已識別資產(相關資產) 於一段時間內的使用權的一項 合約或合約的一部分」。為應用 該定義,本集團評估有關合約 是否符合三個關鍵評估項,即:

- 合約是否包含已識別資產, 其於合約中明確識別或透 過於資產可供本集團使用
   時識別以隱含方式指定;
- 經考慮其於合約界定範圍 內的權利後,本集團是否 有權於整段使用期間因使 用已識別資產而獲得絕大 部分經濟利益;及
- 本集團於整段使用期間是 否有權指示已識別資產的 使用。本集團會評估其於 整段使用期間是否有權指 示資產的「使用方式及用 途」。

就含有租賃部分以及一項或多 項額外租賃或非租賃部分的合 約而言,本集團將合約代價分 配至各租賃部分及非租賃部分, 以相對獨立價格為基準。

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#### 2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

#### 2.7 Leases (Continued)

(a) Definition of a lease and the Group as a lessee (Continued)

*(Policy applicable from 1 April 2019)* (Continued) Measurement and recognition of leases as a lessee

At lease commencement date, the Group recognises a right-of-use asset and a lease liability on the consolidated statement of financial position. The right-of-use asset is measured at cost, which is made up of the initial measurement of the lease liability, any initial direct costs incurred by the Group, an estimate of any costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset at the end of the lease, and any lease payments made in advance of the lease commencement date (net of any lease incentives received).

Except for those right-of-use assets meeting the definition of investment properties, the Group depreciates the right-of-use assets on a straightline basis from the lease commencement date to the earlier of the end of the useful life of the right-of-use asset or the end of the lease term unless the Group is reasonably certain to obtain ownership at the end of the lease term. The Group also assesses the right-of-use asset (except for those meeting the definition of investment properties) for impairment when such indicator exists.

At the commencement date, the Group measures the lease liability at the present value of the lease payments unpaid at that date, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, the Group's incremental borrowing rate.

#### 2 主要會計政策(續)

- 2.7 租賃(續)
  - (a) 租賃之定義及本集團作為 承租人(續)
     (自二零一九年四月一日起 適用政策)(續)
     作為承租人之租賃的計量及
     確認

於租賃開始日期,本集團於綜 合財務狀況表內確認使用權資 產及租賃負債。使用權資產的 初步計量金額、本集團產生之 任何初步直接成本、於租賃 東時拆除及移除相關資產重 之任何估計成本,及於租賃開 始日期前預付之任何租金(扣除 任何已收租賃優惠)。

除符合投資物業定義之使用權 資產外,本集團按直線基準於 租赁用始日期至使用權資產開始日期至使用權資 使用期結束或租期結束(以 早者為準)期間就使用權資產之較 是折舊,除非可獲得所有權 於租期結束集團亦於出現 於開時 。本集團亦於出現 。 物業定義者除外)之減值。

於租賃開始日期,本集團按當 日未支付租賃付款之現值計量 租賃負債,並使用租賃中隱含 之利率予以貼現,或倘該利率 不能容易釐定,則採用本集團 之增量借貸利率予以貼現。

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#### Significant accounting policies (Continued) 2

#### 2.7 Leases (Continued)

(a) Definition of a lease and the Group as a lessee (Continued)

(Policy applicable from 1 April 2019) (Continued)

Measurement and recognition of leases as a lessee (Continued)

Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability are made up of fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable, variable payments based on an index or rate, and amounts expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee. The lease payments also include the exercise price of a purchase option reasonably certain to be exercised by the Group and payment of penalties for terminating a lease, if the lease term reflects the Group exercising the option to terminate.

Subsequent to initial measurement, the liability will be reduced for lease payments made and increased for interest cost on the lease liability. It is remeasured to reflect any reassessment or lease modification, or if there are changes in insubstance fixed payments. The variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognised as expense in the period on which the event or condition that triggers the payment occurs.

#### 主要會計政策(續) 2

- 2.7 租賃(續)
  - (a) 租賃之定義及本集團作為 承和人(續) (自二零一九年四月一日起 適用政策)(續) 作為承租人之租賃的計量及 確認(續)

計量租賃負債時計入之租賃款 項包括固定款項(包括實質固定 款項)減任何應收租賃優惠、按 指數或價格計量之可變款項及 根據餘下價值保證應付之預期 金額。倘租期反映本集團選擇 終止租賃,則租賃款項亦包括 本集團合理確定將行使之購買 選擇權之行使價及終止租賃之 罰金。

於初始計量後,負債將按已付 租賃款項減少,並按租賃負債 之利息成本增加。為反映任何 重新評估或租賃修訂,或倘實 質固定款項出現變動,負債需 要重新計量。並不取決於指數 或價格之可變租賃款項於觸發 付款之事件或情況發生期間確 認為開支。

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#### 2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

#### 2.7 Leases (Continued)

(a) Definition of a lease and the Group as a lessee (Continued)

*(Policy applicable from 1 April 2019)* (Continued) Measurement and recognition of leases as a

lessee (Continued)

When the lease is remeasured, the corresponding adjustment is reflected in the right-of-use asset, or profit and loss if the right-of-use asset is already reduced to zero.

On the consolidated statement of financial position, right-of-use assets that do not meet the definition of investment property have been included in "property, plant and equipment", the same line as it presents the underlying assets of the same nature that it owns.

Refundable rental deposits paid are accounted for under HKFRS 9 and initially measured at fair value. Adjustments to fair value at initial recognition are considered as additional lease payments and included in the cost of right-of-use assets.

#### 2 主要會計政策(續)

- 2.7 租賃(續)
  - (a) 租賃之定義及本集團作為 承租人(續) (自二零一九年四月一日起 適用政策)(續) 作為承租人之租賃的計量及 確認(續) 於重新計量租賃時,相應調整

於重新訂重祖員時, 柏應調整 於使用權資產中反映,或於使 用權資產已減至零時在損益中 反映。

於綜合財務狀況表,不符合投 資物業之定義之使用權資產已 計入「物業、廠房及設備」,與 呈列與其擁有相同性質之相關 資產之方式一致。

已付可退還租賃按金根據香港 財務報告準則第9號入賬,並 初步按公平值計量。初始確認 時對公平值的調整被視為額外 租賃付款,並計入使用權資產 成本。

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#### 2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

#### 2.7 Leases (Continued)

(a) Definition of a lease and the Group as a lessee (Continued)
 (Policy applicable before 1 April 2019)

An arrangement, comprising a transaction or a series of transactions, is or contains a lease if the Group determines that the arrangement conveys a right to use a specific asset or assets for an agreed period of time in return for a payment or a series of payments. Such a determination is made based on an evaluation of the substance of the arrangement and is regardless of whether the arrangement takes the legal form of a lease.

Assets that are held by the Group under leases which transfer to the Group substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as being held under finance leases. Leases which do not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the Group are classified as operating leases.

#### Operating leases

Where the Group has the right to use of assets held under operating leases, payments made under the leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over the lease terms except where an alternative basis is more representative of the time pattern of benefits to be derived from the leased assets. Lease incentives received are recognised in profit or loss as an integral part of the aggregate net lease payments made. Contingent rental are charged to profit or loss in the accounting period in which they are incurred.

#### 2 主要會計政策(續)

#### 2.7 租賃(續)

 (a) 租賃之定義及本集團作為 承租人(續)
 (自二零一九年四月一日前 適用政策)

> 倘本集團將一項安排(包括一項 交易或一系列交易)釐定為在一 段協定期間轉讓一項或多項特 定資產的使用權,以換取一筆 或多筆付款,則此項安排即為 或包含租賃。釐定時以對有關 安排的實質內容所作評估為準, 而不管有關安排是否採取租賃 的法律形式。

> 本集團根據租賃持有的資產將 絕大部分所有權風險及回報均 轉移至本集團時,則分類為融 資租賃持有的資產。而不會向 本集團轉移絕大部分所有權風 險及回報的租賃則分類為經營 租賃。

#### 經營租賃

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#### 2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

#### 2.7 Leases (Continued)

(b) The Group as a lessor

As a lessor, the Group classifies its leases as either operating or finance leases.

A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of the underlying asset, and classified as an operating lease if it does not.

The Group also earns rental income from operating leases of its investment properties. Rental income is recognised on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

#### 2.8 Financial instruments

Recognition and derecognition

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instruments.

Financial asset is derecognised when the contractual right to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or when the financial asset and substantially all of its risks and rewards are transferred. A financial liability is derecognised when it is extinguished, discharged, cancelled or expires.

#### Financial assets

Classification and initial measurement of financial assets

Except for those trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component and are measured at the transaction price in accordance with HKFRS 15, all financial assets are initially measured at fair value, in case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL"), plus transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset.

#### 2 主要會計政策(續)

#### 2.7 租賃(續)

(b) 本集團作為出租人 本集團作為出租人將租賃分類 為經營租賃或融資租賃。

> 倘租賃將相關資產擁有權附帶 的絕大部分風險及回報轉移, 租賃分類為融資租賃,否則該 租賃分類為經營租賃。

> 本集團亦自其投資物業的經營 租賃賺取租金收入。租金收入 按直線法於租期內確認。

### 2.8 金融工具

確認及終止確認 當本集團訂立金融工具合約協議時, 金融資產及金融負債予以確認。

金融資產於自金融資產收取現金流 量的合約權利屆滿,或當金融資產 及其絕大部分風險及回報轉移時終 止確認。金融負債於其消除、解除、 註銷或到期時終止確認。

金融資產 *金融資產的分類及初步計量* 

除不含重大融資部分且根據香港財 務報告準則第15號按交易價格計量 的該等貿易應收款項外,倘金融資 產並非按公平值計入損益(「按公平 值計入損益」),所有金融資產初步 按公平值計量,加上收購金融資產 直接產生的交易成本。

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#### 2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

## 2.8 Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued) *Classification and initial measurement of financial assets* (Continued) Financial assets are classified into the following categories:

- at amortised cost;
- FVTPL; or
- fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI").

The classification is determined by both:

- the entity's business model for managing the financial asset; and
- the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset.

All income and expenses relating to financial assets that are recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss are presented within finance costs or other net income, except for expected credit losses ("ECL") of trade and other receivables which is presented within administrative expenses.

#### Trade and other receivables

A receivable is recognised when the Group has an unconditional right to receive consideration. A right to receive consideration is unconditional if only the passage of time is required before payment of that consideration is due.

Receivables are stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method less allowance for credit losses (see note 2.9).

When there is any evidence indicating that the trade receivable balances become uncollectible, for instance, when the debtors suffer from liquidation, bankruptcy, having net liabilities or inadequate cash flow, bad debts are recognised and the balances are written off in that period against the corresponding provision for ECL allowance that has previously been made for these balances.

#### 2 主要會計政策(續)

# 2.8 金融工具(續) 金融資產(續) 金融資產的分類及初步計量(續)

金融資產分為以下類別:

- 按攤銷成本;
- 按公平值計入損益;或
- 按公平值計入其他全面收益(「按 公平值計入其他全面收益」)。

分類乃根據以下兩項釐定:

- 實體管理金融資產的業務模式;
   及
- 金融資產的合約現金流量特徵。

所有於綜合損益表確認的金融資產 相關收益及開支均於融資成本或其 他淨收入內呈列,惟貿易及其他應 收款項的預期信貸虧損(「預期信貸 虧損」)於行政開支內呈列。

#### 貿易及其他應收款項

本集團具有無條件權利收取代價時 確認應收款項。在該代價到期支付 前,收取代價的權利僅需經過一段 時間方為無條件。

應收款項利用實際利率法按攤銷成 本減信貸虧損撥備列賬(見附註2.9)。

如有任可證據顯示貿易應收款項的 結餘已不可收回,舉例而言,當債 務人陷入清盤、破產、處於淨負債 或現金流不足,於該期間內已確認 的壞賬和結餘會與先前為該等結餘 作出相應的預期信貸虧損撥備的撇銷。

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綜合財務報表附註

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#### 2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

#### 2.8 Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued) Subsequent measurement of financial assets Debt investments

*Financial assets at amortised cost* Financial assets are measured at amortised cost if the assets meet the following conditions:

- they are held within a business model whose objective is to hold the financial assets and collect its contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms of the financial assets give rise to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

After initial recognition, these are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Interest income from these financial assets is included in other net income in the consolidated statement of profit or loss. Discounting is omitted where the effect of discounting is immaterial. The Group's trade and other receivables and bank deposits and cash fall into this category of financial instruments.

#### **Financial liabilities**

Classification and measurement of financial liabilities

The Group's financial liabilities include bank loans, lease liabilities and trade and other payables.

Financial liabilities (other than lease liabilities) are initially measured at fair value, and, where applicable, adjusted for transaction costs unless the Group designated a financial liability at fair value through profit or loss.

Subsequently, financial liabilities (other than lease liabilities) are measured at amortised costs using the effective interest method.

All interest-related charges are included within finance costs.

Accounting policies of lease liabilities are set out in note 2.7.

#### 2 主要會計政策(續)

#### 2.8 金融工具(續)

金融資產(續) 金融資產的後續計量 債務工具 按攤銷成本列賬的金融資產 倘金融資產符合下列條件,則該資 產按攤銷成本計量:

- 該資產為在目的為持有金融資 產及收取其合約現金流量的業 務模式下持有;及
- 金融資產的合約條款產生的現
   金流量純粹為支付本金及未償
   還本金的利息。

於初步確認後,該等資產採用實際 利率法按攤銷成本計量。該等金融 資產的利息收入計入綜合損益表的 其他淨收入內。倘若貼現影響微乎 其微,則貼現可忽略不計。本集團 的貿易及其他應收款項以及銀行存 款及現金均屬於此類金融工具。

金融負債 *金融負債的分類及計量* 

本集團的金融負債包括銀行貸款、 租賃負債以及貿易及其他應付款項。

金融負債(租賃負債除外)初步按公 平值計量,並在適當情況下就交易 成本作出調整,除非本集團指定金 融負債按公平值計入損益。

其後,金融負債(租賃負債除外)採 用實際利率法按攤銷成本計量。

所有利息相關費用均計入融資成本內。

租賃負債的會計政策載於附註2.7。

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

#### 2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

#### 2.8 Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial liabilities (Continued) Bank loans

Bank loans are recognised initially at fair value less attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, bank loans are stated at amortised cost with any difference between the amount initially recognised and redemption value being recognised in profit or loss over the period of the borrowings, together with any interest and fees payable, using the effective interest method.

Bank loans are classified as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

#### Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables are initially recognised at fair value, and are subsequently stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost.

#### 2.9 Impairment of financial assets

The Group recognises a loss allowance for ECL on the financial assets measured at amortised cost (including bank deposits and cash and trade and other receivables).

#### Measurement of ECL

ECL are a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses. Credit losses are measured as the present value of all expected cash shortfalls (i.e. the difference between the cash flows due to the Group in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the Group expects to receive).

#### 2 主要會計政策(續)

#### 2.8 金融工具(續)

金融負債(續)

#### 銀行貸款

銀行貸款初步按公平值減應佔交易 成本確認。於初步確認後,銀行貸 款按攤銷成本列賬,而初步確認金 額與贖回價值之間的任何差額(連同 任何應付利息及費用)於借款期內採 用實際利率法於損益內確認。

除非本集團有無條件權利將負債的 償付期限延至報告日後最少十二個 月,否則銀行貸款分類為流動負債。

#### 貿易及其他應付款項

貿易及其他應付款項初步按公平值 確認,其後使用實際利息方法按攤 銷成本列賬,惟倘若貼現影響微乎 其微,則會按成本列賬。

#### 2.9 金融資產減值

本集團就按攤銷成本計量的金融資 產(包括銀行存款及現金以及貿易及 其他應收款項)確認預期信貸虧損的 虧損撥備。

#### 計量預期信貸虧損

預期信貸虧損為信貸虧損的概率加 權估計。信貸虧損以所有預期現金 差額的現值(即根據合約應付本集團 的現金流量與本集團預期收取的現 金流量之間的差額)計量。

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## 2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

## 2.9 Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

#### Measurement of ECL (Continued)

The expected cash shortfalls are discounted using the following discount rates where the effect of discounting is material:

- bank deposits and cash, and trade and other receivables: effective interest rate determined at initial recognition or an approximation thereof;
- variable-rate financial assets: current effective interest rate.

The maximum period considered when estimating ECL is the maximum contractual period over which the Group is exposed to credit risk.

In measuring ECL, the Group takes into account reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort. This includes information about past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions.

ECL are measured on either of the following bases:

- 12-month ECL: these are losses that are expected to result from possible default events within the 12 months after the reporting date; and
- lifetime ECL: these are losses that are expected to result from all possible default events over the expected lives of the items to which the ECL model applies.

#### 2 主要會計政策(續)

#### 2.9 金融資產減值(續) 計量預期信貸虧損(續) 倘貼現影響屬重大,預期現金差額 按以下貼現率貼現:

- 銀行存款及現金以及貿易及其
   他應收款項:於初步確認時釐
   定的實際利率或其近似值;
- 浮息金融資產:即期實際利率。

估計預期信貸虧損時所考慮的最長 期間為本集團面臨信貸風險的最長 合約期間。

於計量預期信貸虧損時,本集團會 考慮在無需付出過多成本或努力下 即可獲得的合理可靠資料。此項包 括有關過往事件、現時狀況及未來 經濟狀況預測的資料。

預期信貸虧損將採用以下基準計量:

- 12個月預期信貸虧損:指報告
   日期後12個月內可能發生的違約事件而導致的虧損;及
- 整個有效期的預期信貸虧損: 指預期信貸虧損模型適用項目 之預期年期內所有可能違約事 件而導致的虧損。

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#### 2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

## 2.9 Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

#### Trade receivables

For trade receivables, the Group applies a simplified approach in calculating ECL and recognises a loss allowance based on lifetime ECL at each reporting date. These are the expected shortfalls in contractual cash flows, considering the potential for default at any point during the life of the financial assets. In calculating the ECL, the Group has established a provision matrix that is based on its historical credit loss experience and external indicators, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment.

To measure the ECL, trade receivables have been grouped based on shared credit risk characteristics and the days past due.

## Other financial assets measured at amortised cost

The Group measures the loss allowance for other receivables equal to 12-month ECL, unless when there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, the Group recognises lifetime ECL. The assessment of whether lifetime ECL should be recognised is based on significant increase in the likelihood or risk of default occurring since initial recognition.

In assessing whether the credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial assets at the reporting date with the risk of default occurring on the financial assets at the date of initial recognition. In making this assessment, the Group considers both quantitative and qualitative information that is reasonable and supportable, including historical experience and forward-looking information that is available without undue cost or effort.

#### 2 主要會計政策(續)

#### 2.9 金融資產減值(續) 貿易應收款項

就貿易應收款項而言,本集團應用 簡化法計算預期信貸虧損,並於各 報告日期根據全期預期信貸虧損確 認虧損撥備。考慮到金融資產年期 內任何時間點均可能出現違約事件, 該等虧損為合約現金流量的預期落 差。於計算預期信貸虧損時,本集 團根據其過往信貸虧損經驗及外部 指標建立撥備矩陣,並就債務人及 經濟環境的特定前瞻性因素作出調整。

為計量預期信貸虧損,貿易應收款 項按共同信貸風險特徵及逾期日數 進行分組。

#### 按攤銷成本計量的其他金融 資產

本集團按相當於12個月預期信貸虧 損計量其他應收款項的虧損撥備, 除非自初步確認起信貸風險顯著增 加,則本集團確認全期預期信貸虧 損。評估是否確認全期預期信貸虧 損乃根據自初步確認以來違約的可 能性或風險有否顯著增加。

本集團於評估信貸風險自初步確認 以來是否顯著增加時,會比較金融 資產於報告日期與於初步確認日期 發生違約的風險。於作出該評估時, 本集團會考慮合理和有依據的定量 和定性資料,包括過往經驗及毋須 付出過多成本或努力即可獲得的前 瞻性資料。

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2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

## 2.9 Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

## Other financial assets measured at amortised cost (Continued)

In particular, the following information is taken into account when assessing whether credit risk has increased significantly:

- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the financial instrument's external (if available) or internal credit rating;
- significant deterioration in external market indicators of credit risk, e.g. a significant increase in the credit spread, the credit default swap prices for the debtor;
- existing or forecast adverse changes in business, financial or economic conditions that are expected to cause a significant decrease in the debtor's ability to meet its debt obligations;
- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the operating results of the debtor; and
- an actual or expected significant adverse change in the regulatory, economic, or technological environment of the debtor that results in a significant decrease in the debtor's ability to meet its debt obligations.

- 2 主要會計政策(續)
  - 2.9 金融資產減值(續) 按攤銷成本計量的其他金融 資產(續) 具體而言,評估信貸風險是否顯著 增加時會考慮以下資料:
    - 金融工具外部(如有)或內部信 貸評級的實際或預期顯著惡化;
    - 信貸風險的外部市場指標顯著
       惡化,如信貸利差、債務人的
       信貸違約掉期價格大幅增加;
    - 預期會導致債務人償債能力大
       幅下降的業務、財務或經濟狀
       況的現有或預測不利變動;
    - 債務人經營業績的實際或預期 顯著惡化;及
    - 導致債務人償債能力大幅下降 的債務人監管、經濟或科技環 境的實際或預期重大不利變動。

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#### Significant accounting policies (Continued) 2

#### 2.9 Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

Other financial assets measured at amortised COSt (Continued)

Despite the aforegoing, the Group assumes that the credit risk on a debt instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition if the debt instrument is determined to have low credit risk at the end of each reporting period. A debt instrument is determined to have low credit risk if it has a low risk of default, the borrower has strong capacity to meet its contractual cash flow obligations in the near term and adverse changes in economic and business conditions in the longer term may, but will not necessarily, reduce the ability of the borrower to fulfill its contractual cash flow obligations.

For internal credit risk management, the Group considers an event of default occurs when information developed internally or obtained from external sources indicates that the debtor is unlikely to pay its creditors, including the Group, in full (without taking into account any collateral held by the Group).

Detailed analysis of the ECL assessment of trade receivables and other financial assets measured at amortised cost are set out in note 21.2.

#### 2.10 Impairment of other non-financial assets

Internal and external sources of information are reviewed at the end of each reporting period to identify indications that the investments in subsidiaries and property, plant and equipment may be impaired or an impairment loss previously recognised no longer exists or may have decreased.

#### 主要會計政策(續) 2

2.9 金融資產減值(續) 按攤銷成本計量的其他金融 資產(續) 儘管有上文所述,倘債務工具於各 報告期末釐定為具低信貸風險,則 本集團會假設債務工具的信貸風險 自初步確認以來並無顯著增加。倘 債務工具違約風險為低、借款人具 良好能力於短期內履行其合約現金 流量責任,及較長期的經濟及業務 狀況存在不利變動,可能(但未必) 會削弱借款人履行其合約現金流量 責任的能力,則債務工具的信貸風 險會釐定為低。

> 就內部信貸風險管理而言,本集團 認為,倘內部產生或自外部來源取 得的資料顯示債務人不大可能向其 債權人(包括本集團)悉數還款(不計 及本集團持有的任何抵押品),則視 其為違約事件。

> 貿易應收款項及按攤銷成本計量的 其他金融資產的預期信貸虧損評估 的詳細分析載於附註21.2。

#### 2.10 其他非金融資產減值

於每個報告期末需檢討內部及外部 資料來源,以辨識投資於附屬公司 及物業、廠房及設備是否有可能減 值的跡象,或之前所確認之減值虧 損是否已不再存在或可能已經減少。

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## 2 Significant accounting policies (Continued) 2.10 Impairment of other non-financial assets

#### (Continued)

If any such indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated.

#### - Calculation of recoverable amount

The recoverable amount of an asset is the greater of its fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. Where an asset does not generate cash inflows largely independent of those from other assets, the recoverable amount is determined for the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows independently (i.e. a cash-generating unit).

- Recognition of impairment losses

An impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss if the carrying amount of an asset, or the cash-generating unit to which it belongs, exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment losses recognised in respect of cash- generating units are allocated to reduce the carrying amount of the assets in the unit (or group of units) on a pro rata basis, except that the carrying value of an asset will not be reduced below its individual fair value less costs of disposal (if measurable) or value in use (if determinable).

Reversals of impairment losses

An impairment loss is reversed if there has been a favourable change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount.

A reversal of an impairment loss is limited to the asset's carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised in prior years. Reversals of impairment losses are credited to profit or loss in the year in which the reversals are recognised.

## 主要會計政策(續) 2.10 其他非金融資產減值(續)

若有任何跡象顯示上述情況,則會 估計資產的可收回金額。

- 計算可收回金額

資產的可收回金額為其公平值減出 售成本及使用價值兩者之間的較高 者。於評估使用價值時,估計的乾 環金時間值及資產的特定風險的 於前折現率折現至其現值。倘 資 於就在大致獨立於其他資 了 產生現金流入,則釐定可獨 可 定產生單位)的可收回金額。

一 確認減值虧損

若資產或其所屬現金產生單位的賬 面值超逾其可收回金額,則於損益 表確認其減值虧損。為現金產生單 位而確認之減值虧損,將以減少單 位(或一組單位)內資產之賬面值按 比例而分配,但資產的賬面值不可 減至低於其扣除出售成本後的公平 值減銷售成本(如能計量)或使用價 值(如能確定)。

- 撥回減值虧損

倘據以釐定可收回價值的估計基準 出現有利的變化,則減值虧損將會 撥回。

減值虧損的撥回金額不會超過假設 該資產過往年度從來沒有確認減值 虧損而釐定的賬面值。減值虧損之 撥回將於確認撥回年度內計入損益中。

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## 2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

#### 2.11 Inventories

Inventories are assets which are held for sales in the ordinary course of business.

Inventories are carried at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Cost is calculated using the weighted average cost formula and comprises all costs of purchase and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

When inventories are sold, the carrying amount of those inventories is recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised. The amount of any write-down of inventories to net realisable value and all losses of inventories are recognised as an expense in the period the write-down or loss occurs. The amount of any reversal of any write-down of inventories is recognised as a reduction in the amount of inventories recognised as an expense in the period in which the reversal occurs.

#### 2.12 Contract liabilities

A contract liability is recognised when the customer pays consideration before the Group recognises the related revenue (see note 2.17). A contract liability would also be recognised if the Group has an unconditional right to receive consideration before the Group recognises the related revenue. In such cases, a corresponding receivable would also be recognised (see note 2.8).

#### 2 主要會計政策(續)

#### 2.11 存貨

存貨為於一般業務過程中持作銷售 之資產。

存貨乃按成本及可變現淨值之較低 者列賬。

成本乃按加權平均成本法計算,並 包括所有採購成本及其他使存貨達 至現時所在地點及保持現有狀況所 涉及之成本。

可變現淨值是在日常業務過程中的 估計售價減去銷售之估計所需成本。

在售出存貨後,該等存貨之賬面值 會於確認相關收入之期間確認為銷 售成本。將存貨減值至可變現淨值 之減值金額和所有存貨虧損均在進 行減值或虧損的期內確認為銷售成 本。任何存貨減值撥回金額應在撥 回發生期間沖減銷售成本。

#### 2.12 合約負債

若本集團在確認相關收入前客戶 支付代價則確認合約負債(見附註 2.17)。倘本集團於確認相關收入前 有無條件權利收取代價亦確認合約 負債。在該等情況下,相應應收款 項亦將一併予以確認(見附註2.8)。

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#### 2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

## 2.13 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and on hand, demand deposits with banks having been within three months of maturity at acquisition. Bank overdrafts that are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management are also included as a component of cash and cash equivalents for the purpose of the consolidated cash flow statement. Cash and cash equivalents are assessed for ECL in accordance with the policy set out in note 2.9.

#### 2.14 Employee benefits

Salaries, annual bonuses, paid annual leave, contributions to defined contribution retirement plans and the cost of non-monetary benefits are accrued in the year in which the associated services are rendered by employees. Where payment or settlement is deferred and the effect would be material, these amounts are stated at their present values.

#### 2.15 Accounting for income tax

Income tax for the year comprises current tax and movements in deferred tax assets and liabilities. Current tax and movements in deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognised in profit or loss except to the extent that they relate to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case the relevant amounts of tax are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

Current tax is the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years.

## 主要會計政策(續)

2

#### 2.13 現金及現金等價物

現金及現金等價物包括銀行及手頭 現金、於購入後三個月內到期的存 於銀行活期存款。就綜合現金流量 表而言,按要求償還及構成集團現 金管理不可分割部分的銀行透支亦 計入現金及現金等價物。現金及現 金等價物根據載於附註2.9的政策就 預期信貸虧損進行評估。

#### 2.14 僱員福利

薪金、年度花紅、有薪年假、定額 供款退休計劃的供款及非貨幣福利 的成本於僱員提供相關服務的年度 內產生。當付款或結付獲遞延及影 響屬重大,該等金額按其現值列賬。

#### 2.15 所得税會計處理

年內所得税包括即期税項及遞延税 項資產及負債的變動。即期税項及 遞延税項資產及負債的變動乃於損 益中確認,但在其他全面收益或直 接在權益中確認的相關項目,則相 關税項金額分別在其他全面收益或 直接在權益中確認。

即期税項指採用於報告期末已生效 或大致上已生效的税率就年內應課 税收入計算的預期應繳税項,以及 就過往年度應繳税項作出的任何調整。

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## 2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

#### 2.15 Accounting for income tax (Continued)

Deferred tax assets and liabilities arise from deductible and taxable temporary differences respectively, being the differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and their tax bases. Deferred tax assets also arise from unused tax losses and unused tax credits.

Apart from certain limited exceptions, all deferred tax liabilities, and all deferred tax assets to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the asset can be utilised, are recognised. Future taxable profits that may support the recognition of deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences include those that will arise from the reversal of existing taxable temporary differences, provided those differences relate to the same taxation authority and the same taxable entity, and are expected to reverse either in the same period as the expected reversal of the deductible temporary difference or in periods into which a tax loss arising from the deferred tax asset can be carried back or forward. The same criteria are adopted when determining whether existing taxable temporary differences support the recognition of deferred tax assets arising from unused tax losses and credits, that is, those differences are taken into account if they relate to the same taxation authority and the same taxable entity, and are expected to reverse in a period, or periods, in which the tax loss or credit can be utilised.

## 主要會計政策(續)

2

#### 2.15 所得税會計處理(續)

遞延税項資產及負債分別由可扣税 與應課税的暫時差異產生,即資產 及負債就財務匯報目的之賬面值與 其計税基礎的差異。遞延税項之資 產亦可以由未動用税項虧損及未動 用税項抵免產生。

除若干例外情況外,所有遞延税項 負債及所有遞延税項資產均會確認, 惟遞延税項資產僅可在日後可能取 得之應課税溢利之情況下確認。可 支持確認源自可扣税暫時性差額之 遞延税項資產之日後應課税溢利, 包括該等源自撥回現有應課税暫時 性差額者,惟該等差額須與相同税 務機關及相同應課税實體有關,並 預期於估計撥回可扣税暫時性差額 之同一期間或源自遞延税項資產之 税項虧損可撥回或結轉之期間撥回。 在評定現有應課税暫時性差額是否 支持確認因未動用税項虧損及抵免 產生之遞延税項資產時採用相同之 標準,即倘該等暫時性差額與相同 税務機關及相同應課税實體有關, 並預期於可使用税項虧損或抵免期 間內撥回,則會考慮確認遞延税項 資產。

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## 2 Significant accounting policies (Continued) 2.15 Accounting for income tax (Continued)

The limited exceptions to recognition of deferred tax assets and liabilities are those temporary differences arising from the initial recognition of assets or liabilities that affect neither accounting nor taxable profit (provided they are not part of a business combination), and temporary differences relating to investments in subsidiaries to the extent that, in the case of taxable differences, the Group controls the timing of the reversal and it is probable that the differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future, or in the case of deductible differences, unless it is probable that they will reverse in the future.

Where investment properties are carried at their fair value in accordance with the accounting policy set out in note 2.5, the amount of deferred tax recognised is measured using the tax rates that would apply on sale of those assets at their carrying value at the reporting date unless the property is depreciable and is held within a business model whose objective is to consume substantially all of the economic benefits embodied in the property over time, rather than through sale. In all other cases, the amount of deferred tax recognised is measured based on the expected manner of realisation or settlement of the carrying amount of the assets and liabilities, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

The carrying amount of a deferred tax asset is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and is reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow the related tax benefit to be utilised. Any such reduction is reversed to the extent that it becomes probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available.

## 主要會計政策(續)

2

#### 2.15 所得税會計處理(續)

確認遞延税項資產及負債之有限例 外情況為不影響會計或應課税溢利 之資產或負債之初步確認(前提是其 並不屬於業務合併之一部分),以及 與附屬公司投資相關之暫時差額(如 屬應課税差額,則只限於本集團可 控制撥回時間且在可見將來不大可 能撥回之差額;如屬可扣減差額, 則只限於很可能在將來撥回之差額)。

遞延税項資產的賬面值均會在每個 報告期末檢討。如果預期不再可能 獲得足夠的應課税溢利以供相關税 務利益使用,該遞延税項資產的賬 面值便會調低。倘有可能獲得足夠 的應課税溢利,即撥回任何有關減額。

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

## 2 Significant accounting policies (Continued) 2.15 Accounting for income tax (Continued)

Current tax balances and deferred tax balances, and movements therein, are presented separately from each other and are not offset. Current tax assets are offset against current tax liabilities, and deferred tax assets against deferred tax liabilities if the Group has the legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the following additional conditions are met:

- in the case of current tax assets and liabilities, the Group intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously; or
- in the case of deferred tax assets and liabilities, if they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either:
  - (i) the same taxable entity; or
  - (ii) different taxable entities, which, in each future period in which significant amounts of deferred tax liabilities or assets are expected to be settled or recovered, intend to realise the current tax assets and settle the current tax liabilities on a net basis or realise and settle simultaneously.

#### 主要會計政策(續)

2

#### 2.15 所得税會計處理(續)

即期税項結餘及遞延税項結餘,及 其變動分開列示,並不予抵銷。若 本集團有合法可強制執行權利以即 期税項資產抵銷即期税項負債,即 期税項資產與即期税項負債抵銷, 以及遞延税項資產與遞延税項負債 抵銷,並須符合下列附帶條件:

- 若屬即期税項資產及負債,本 集團擬按淨額基準結算,或同 時變現該資產及清償該負債; 或
- 若屬遞延税項資產及負債,該 資產及負債須與相同税務機關 就以下其中一項徵收的所得税 有關:
  - (i) 相同應課税實體; 或
  - (ii) 不同應課稅實體,計劃在 預期有重大金額的遞延稅 項負債或資產須予清償或 收回的每個未來期間,按 淨額基準變現即期税項資 產及清償即期税項負債, 或同時變現即期税項資產 及清償即期税項負債。

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## 2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)2.16 Provisions and contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a legal or constructive present obligation arising as a result of a past event and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation can be made. Where the time value of money is material, provisions are stated at the present value of the expenditure expected to settle the obligation.

All provision are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate.

Where it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is disclosed as a contingent liability, unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote. Possible obligations, whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more future events not wholly within the control of the Group, are also disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote.

## 主要會計政策(續)

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#### 2.16 撥備及或然負債

倘本集團須就已發生事件承擔法律 或現時推定責任,而履行該等責任 可能會導致經濟利益外流並能就責 任的金額作出可靠估計時,則須計 提撥備。倘貨幣時間值重大,則撥 備會按履行該責任預計所需開支的 現值列賬。

所有撥備將於各報告日期審視,並 會作出調整,以反映當前最佳估算。

倘須流出經濟利益的機會不大,或 無法可靠地估計有關金額,則會將 該責任披露為或然負債,惟經濟利 益外流可能性極低的情況則除外。 倘潛在責任須視乎某宗或多宗本集 團未能全面控制的未來事件是否發 生方可確定是否存在,則該等責任 亦會披露為或然負債,惟經濟利益 外流可能性極低的情況則除外。

綜合財務報表附註

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#### 2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

#### 2.17 Revenue recognition

Revenue arises mainly from the sale of toys and related products.

To determine whether to recognise revenue, the Group follows a 5-step process:

- 1. Identifying the contract with a customer
- 2. Identifying the performance obligations
- 3. Determining the transaction price
- 4. Allocating the transaction price to the performance obligations
- 5. Recognising revenue when/as performance obligation(s) are satisfied

In all cases, the total transaction price for a contract is allocated amongst the various performance obligations based on their relative stand-alone selling prices. The transaction price for a contract excludes any amounts collected on behalf of third parties.

Revenue is recognised either at a point in time or over time, when (or as) the Group satisfies performance obligations by transferring the promised goods or services to its customers.

Income is classified by the Group as revenue when it arises from the sale of toys and related products. Revenue is recognised when control over a product is transferred to the customer, at the amount of promised consideration to which the Group is expected to be entitled, excluding those amounts collected on behalf of third parties. Revenue is after deduction of any trade discounts.

Further details of the Group's revenue and other income recognition policies are as follows:

## 2 主要會計政策(續)

#### 2.17 收益確認

收益主要來自銷售玩具及相關產品。

為確定是否確認收益,本集團遵循 五個步驟程序:

- 1. 識別客戶合約
- 2. 識別履約責任
- 3. 釐定交易價格
- 4. 將交易價格分配至履約責任
- 5. 於/隨著履約責任達成時確認 收益

在所有情況下,合約的總交易價格 乃根據其相對獨立售價分配至各項 履約責任。合約的交易價格不包括 代第三方收取的任何款項。

當(或隨)本集團透過將所承諾貨品 或服務轉移予其客戶而履行履約責 任時,即於一個時間點或一段時間 內確認收益。

當出售玩具及相關產品產生收益時, 該收益被本集團歸類為收入。當產 品的控制權轉移予客戶,本集團按 照預期有權獲得的承諾代價數額確 認收入,但數額不包括代表第三方 收取的數額。收益需扣除任何貿易 折扣。

本集團收益及其他收入確認政策的 進一步詳情如下:

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#### 2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

#### 2.17 Revenue recognition (Continued)

#### Sale of toys and related products

Revenue is recognised at a point in time when the customer takes possession of and accepts the products.

#### Rental income

Accounting policies for rental income are set out in note 2.7.

#### Interest income

Interest income is recognised as it accrues under the effective interest method using the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset. For financial assets measured at amortised cost that are not creditimpaired, the effective interest rate is applied to the gross carrying amount of the asset. For credit-impaired financial assets, the effective interest rate is applied to the amortised cost (i.e. gross carrying amount net of loss allowance) of the asset (see note 2.9).

#### Management fee income

Revenue is recognised at a point in time when the Group has performed its performance obligation to the customer.

#### 2.18 Translation of foreign currencies

In the individual financial statements of the consolidated entities, foreign currency transactions during the year are translated at the foreign exchange rates ruling at the transaction dates. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies and non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are stated at fair value are translated at the foreign exchange rates ruling at the end of the reporting period. Exchange gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss.

#### 2 主要會計政策(續)

## 2.17 收益確認(續)

玩具及相關產品銷售 收益於客戶管有並接納產品時,於 某一個時間點確認。

#### 租賃收入

租賃收入的會計政策載於附註2.7。

#### 利息收入

利息收入根據實際利率法使用為將 估計未來現金收入透過金融資產預 期壽命準確地折現為金融資產的總 賬面值之利率確認。就並無信貸減 值之按攤銷成本計量的金融資產而 言,實際利率適用於資產總賬面值。 就出現信貸減值的金融資產而言, 實際利率應用於資產的攤銷成本(即 扣除減值撥備的賬面總值)(見附註 2.9)。

#### 管理費收入

於本集團履行對客戶的履約義務時 確認收入。

#### 2.18 外幣換算

在綜合實體個別財務報表內,年內 外幣換算乃按交易日期當時的匯率 換算。按公平值列賬的以外幣計值 之貨幣資產及負債及以外幣計值非 貨幣資產及負債乃按報告期末當日 的匯率換算。匯兑收益及虧損於損 益中確認。

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

#### 2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

#### 2.18 Translation of foreign currencies (Continued)

Non-monetary assets and liabilities that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the foreign exchange rates ruling at the transaction dates. The transaction date is the date on which the Company initially recognises such nonmonetary assets or liabilities.

In the consolidated financial statements, the results of foreign operations are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the exchange rates approximating the foreign exchange rates ruling at the dates of the transactions. Statement of financial position items are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the closing foreign exchange rates at the end of the reporting period. The resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated separately in equity in the exchange reserve.

On disposal of a foreign operation, the cumulative amount of the exchange differences relating to that foreign operation is reclassified from equity to profit or loss when the profit or loss on disposal is recognised.

#### 2.19 Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred.

#### 2.20 Related parties

For the purposes of these consolidated financial statements, a party is considered to be related to the Group if:

- (a) A person, or a close member of that person's family, is related to the Group if that person:
  - (i) has control or joint control over the Group;
  - (ii) has significant influence over the Group; or
  - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Group or the Group's parent.

# 主要會計政策(續) 2.18 外幣換算(續)

以外幣過往成本計量的非貨幣資產 及負債乃按交易日適用的外匯匯率 換算。交易日期為本公司初步確認 該等非貨幣資產或負債的日期。

在綜合財務報表內,海外業務的業 績乃按於交易日相若的匯率換算為 港元。財務狀況表的項目按報告期 末的收市匯率換算為港元。所產生 的匯兑差額乃於其他全面收益內確 認,並於匯兑儲備的權益內獨立累計。

於出售海外業務時,有關該海外業 務的匯兑差額的累計金額乃於確認 出售損益時自權益重新分類至損益。

#### 2.19 借貸成本

借貸成本於產生期間支銷。

- 2.20 關聯方 就本綜合財務報表而言,符合以下 條件者將被視為本集團關聯方:
  - (a) 倘屬以下人士,即該人士或與 該人士關係密切的家庭成員與 本集團有關連:
    - (i) 控制或共同控制本集團;
    - (ii) 對本集團有重大影響;或
    - (iii) 為本集團或本集團母公司 之主要管理層人員。

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## 2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

#### 2.20 Related parties (Continued)

- (b) An entity is related to the Group if any of the following conditions applies:
  - (i) The entity and the Group are members of the same group.
  - (ii) One entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member).
  - (iii) The entity and the Group are joint ventures of the same third party.
  - (iv) One entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity.
  - (v) The entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group.
  - (vi) The entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a).
  - (vii) A person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity).
  - (viii) The entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the Group or to the Group's parent.

Close members of the family of a person are those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by, that person in their dealings with the entity.

#### 2 主要會計政策(續)

#### 2.20 關聯方(續)

- (b) 倘符合下列任何條件,即該實 體與本集團有關連:
  - (i) 該實體與本集團屬同一集團之成員公司。
  - (ii) 一間實體為另一實體的聯 營公司或合營企業(或另 一實體為成員公司之集團 旗下成員公司之聯營公司 或合營企業)。
  - (iii) 實體與本集團均為同一第三方的合營企業。
  - (iv) 一間實體為第三方實體的 合營企業,而另一實體為 該第三方實體的聯營公司。
  - (v) 該實體為本集團或與本集 團有關連之實體就僱員利 益設立的離職福利計劃。
  - (vi) 該實體受於(a)所述的界定 之人士控制或受共同控制。
  - (vii) 於(a)(i)所述的界定之人士 對該實體有重大影響力或 屬該實體(或該實體的母 公司)主要管理層成員。
  - (viii) 該實體或其所屬集團任何 成員公司向本集團或本集 團的母公司提供主要管理 人員服務。

與該人士關係密切的家庭成員是指 他們在與實體進行交易時,預期可 能會影響該人士或受該人士影響的 家庭成員。

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## 2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

#### 2.21 Segment reporting

Operating segments, and the amounts of each segment item reported in the consolidated financial statements, are identified from the financial information provided regularly to the Group's most senior executive management for the purposes of allocating resources to, and assessing the performance of, the Group's various lines of business and geographical locations.

Individually material operating segments are not aggregated for financial reporting purposes unless the segments have similar economic characteristics and are similar in respect of the nature of products and services, the nature of production processes, the type or class of customers, the methods used to distribute the products or provide the services, and the nature of the regulatory environment. Operating segments which are not individually material may be aggregated if they share a majority of these criteria.

#### 3 Key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the Group's accounting policies, which are described in Note 2, the directors of the Company are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and underlying assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimates are revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

## 主要會計政策(續)

2.21 分部報告

2

本集團為了分配資源予本集團各項 業務和各個地區以及評估各項業務 和各個地區的業績,而定期向本集 團最高級行政管理層提供財務資料。 從這些資料中,可找出在綜合財務 報表中報告的經營分部和每一分部 項目的金額。

個別而言屬於重大的經營分部不會 在財務報告中予以匯總,除非這些 分部擁有相若的經濟特性,而且其 產品和服務性質、生產流程性質、 客戶的類型或類別、用以分銷產品 或提供服務的方法以及監管環境的 性質均相若。如果個別而言並非屬 於重大的經營分部擁有以上大部分 特徵,可能匯總成一分部列示。

## 3 估計不確定性的主要來源

應用在附註2所敍述的本集團會計政策時, 本公司董事須就未能即時輕易從其他來 源得知的資產及負債賬面值作出判斷、 估計及假設。有關估計及相關假設乃根 據過往經驗及被視為有關的其他因素作 出。實際結果可能有別於該等估計。

有關估計及相關假設將持續進行審閲。 倘修訂僅影響修訂估計的期間,則於該 期間確認會計估計的修訂,或倘修訂同 時影響現時及未來期間,則於修訂期間 及未來期間確認會計估計的修訂。

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## 3 Key sources of estimation uncertainty (Continued)

The key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities, are described below.

#### 3.1 Estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment

The Group estimates the useful lives of its property, plant and equipment based on the periods cover which the assets are expected to be available for use. The Group reviews annually their estimated useful lives, based on factors that include asset utilisation, the expected physical wear and tear, environmental factors and anticipated use of the assets tempered by related industry benchmark information. It is possible that future results of operation could be materially affected by changes in these estimates brought about by changes in factors mentioned. A reduction in the estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment would increase depreciation charges and decrease the carrying amount of property, plant and equipment.

#### 3.2 Impairment of trade and other receivables

The Group estimates the loss allowances for trade and other receivables by assessing the ECL. This requires the use of estimates and judgements. ECL are based on the Group's historical credit loss experience, adjusted for factors that are specific to the debtors, and an assessment of both the current and forecast general economic conditions at the end of reporting period. As at 31 March 2020, the aggregate carrying amounts of trade and other receivables amounted to HK\$58,854,000 (net of ECL allowance of HK\$186,000) (2019: HK\$49,599,000 net of ECL allowance of HK\$407,000). Where the estimation is different from the original estimate, such difference will affect the carrying amounts of trade and other receivables and thus the impairment loss in the period in which such estimate is changed.

## 3 估計不確定性的主要來源(續)

以下為於報告期間末有關未來的主要假 設及估計不明朗因素的其他主要來源, 對資產及負債的賬面值出現重大調整的 重大風險。

#### 3.1 物業、廠房及設備估計可使 用年期

#### 3.2 貿易及其他應收款項減值

本集團透過評估預期信貸虧損估計 貿易及其他應收款項的虧損撥備。 這需要使用估計及判斷。預期信貸 虧損乃基於本集團的過往信貸虧損 經驗,就債務人的特定因素,以及 於報告期末對當前及預測整體經濟 環境的評估作出調整。於二零二零 年三月三十一日,貿易及其他應收 款項的賬面總值為58,854,000港元 (扣除預期信貸虧損撥備186,000港 元)(二零一九年:49,599,000港元, 扣除預期信貸虧損撥備407.000港 元)。倘估計有別於原先估計,則該 差額將影響貿易及其他應收款項的 賬面值,從而影響該估計變化期間 的減值虧損。

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<ul> <li>evenue and segment reporting</li> <li>1 Revenue</li> <li>The principal activities of the Group marketing, distribution and retail sales related products.</li> </ul>	4.1 are design,	<b>益及分部報告</b> 收益 本集團的主要活動為該 分銷及零售玩具及相關產	
Disaggregation of revenue Disaggregation of revenue from con customers which are recognised at a poin major products is as follows:		收益劃分 於某一個時間點確認的 益按主要產品劃分如下	
		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Revenue from contracts within the scope of HKFRS 15	香港財務報告準則第15號 範圍內的合約收益		
5	銷售ODM玩具予特許持有 分銷進口玩具及相關產品		103,088
products Sales of own licensed toys and related	銷售自家特許玩具及	36,669 33,467	54,319 25,176
products	相關產品		

Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers by geographic markets is disclosed in note 4.3.

客戶合約收益按地區市場的劃分於 附註4.3披露。

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#### 4 **Revenue and segment reporting** (Continued)

#### 4.1 Revenue (Continued)

#### Disaggregation of revenue (Continued)

The Group's customers are primarily distributors based in Japan. The percentage of revenue contributed by the Group's five largest customers for the year ended 31 March 2020 amounted to approximately 75% (2019: 74%).

The Group manages its business by three divisions, namely sale of ODM toys, sale of own licensed toys and related products and distribution of imported toys and related products. In a manner consistent with the way in which information is reported internally to the Group's most senior executive management for the purposes of resource allocation and performance assessment, the Group has identified the following three reportable segments, which are sale of ODM toys to license holders, distribution of imported toys and related products respectively. No operating segments have been aggregated to form the following reportable segments.

For the purpose of assessing segment performance and allocating resources between segments, the Group's senior executive management monitors the results based on the revenue and expenses which are allocated to the reportable segments with reference to revenue generated by those segments and the expenses incurred by those segments or which otherwise arise from the depreciation or amortisation of assets attributable to those segments.

Segment assets, segment liabilities and other segment information is not reported or used by the Group's most senior executive management.

#### 收益及分部報告(續)

## 4.1 收益(續)

4

收益劃分(續) 本集團的客戶主要為日本分銷商。 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年 度的本集團五大客戶產生的收益百 分比為約75%(二零一九年:74%)。

本集團按三個分部管理其業務,即 銷售ODM玩具、銷售自家特許玩具 及相關產品及分銷進口玩具及相關 產品。按照內部就資源分配及表相關 產品。按照內部就資源分配及表報 資料個同方式,本集團已識別以 下三個可呈報分部,即銷售ODM玩 具予持有人、分銷進口玩具和 相關產品。概無匯總經營分部以 構成以下可呈報分部。概無匯總經 營分部以構成以下可呈報分部。

就評估分部表現及分部間資源分配 而言,本集團的高級行政管理層基 於分配至可呈報分部的收益及開支 監控業績,當中計及該等分部產生 的收益以及該等分部產生的開支, 或應計入該等分部的資產折舊或攤 銷所產生的開支。

本集團最高行政管理層並無呈報或 使用分部資產、分部負債及其他分 部資料。

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#### 4 Revenue and segment reporting (Continued)

#### 4.1 Revenue (Continued)

#### Disaggregation of revenue (Continued)

Information regarding the Group's reportable segments as provided to the Group's most senior executive management for the purposes of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance for the year ended 31 March 2020 and 2019 is set out below:

## 收益及分部報告(續)

## **4.1** 收益(續)

4

收益劃分(續)

截至二零二零年及二零一九年三月 三十一日止年度,就分配資源及分 部表現評估向本集團最高行政管理 層提供有關本集團可呈報分部的資 料列載如下:

		Sales of	ODM toys	import	ution of ed toys d products	license	of own ed toys d products	Tc	tal
		銷售O	DM玩具	分銷進口玩」	具及相關產品	銷售自家特許現	元具及相關產品	總	計
		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$ <sup>;</sup> 000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Revenue from external customers Inter-segment revenue	外部客戶收益 分部間收益	136,829 270	103,088 -	36,669 7,056	54,319 8,671	33,467 28,062	25,176 17,551	206,965 35,388	182,583 26,222
Reportable segment revenue	可呈報分部收益	137,099	103,088	43,725	62,990	61,529	42,727	242,353	208,805
Reportable segment profit/(loss)	可呈報分部溢利 <u>/</u> (虧損)	4,498	10,008	4,315	5,348	(2,491)	4,524	6,322	19,880
Depreciation for the year	年內折舊	1,181	420	1,325	148	5,290	3,168	7,796	3,736
Additions to non-current segment assets (other than financial instruments and deferred tax assets) during the year	年內增加非流動分部資產 (金融工具及遞延税項資產 除外)	510	50	3.430	2.216	13.242	2.380	17,182	4,646

# Revenue expected to be recognised in the future arising from contracts with customers in existence at the reporting date

The Group has applied the practical expedient in paragraph 121 of HKFRS 15 to its sales contracts for goods such that the above information does not include information about revenue that the Group will be entitled to when it satisfies the remaining performance obligations under the contracts for sales of goods that had an original expected duration of one year or less. 與報告日期現有客戶的合約 所產生的預期於日後確認的 收益

本集團已應用香港財務報告準則第 15號第121段的可行權宜方法至其 商品銷售合約,以使上述資料不包 括本集團於履行商品銷售合約(原定 預計持續時間為一年或更短)項下的 剩餘履約責任時有權獲得的收益之 資料。

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#### 4 Revenue and segment reporting (Continued)

4 收益及分部報告(續)

4.2 Reconciliations of reportable segment profit

## 4.2 可呈報分部溢利對賬

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Profit	溢利		
Reportable segment profit derived from	源於本集團外部客戶的可		
the Group's external customers	呈報分部溢利	6,322	19,880
Other net income	其他淨收入	6,254	3,278
Listing expenses	上市開支	-	(2,487)
Loss on deregistration of a subsidiary	撤銷註冊一間附屬公司之		
	虧損	(904)	_
Finance costs	融資成本	(348)	(172)
Consolidated profit before taxation	綜合除税前溢利	11,324	20,499

#### 4.3 Geographic information

#### 4.3 地區資料

The following table sets out information about the geographic location of (i) sale of ODM toys, (ii) distribution of imported toys and related products and (iii) sale of own licensed toys and related products. The geographical location of customers is based on the location at which the goods were delivered.

下表列載有關(i)銷售ODM玩具:(ii) 分銷進口玩具及相關產品及(iii)銷售 自家特許玩具及相關產品的地區資 料。客戶所在地區乃根據貨品交付 地點而定。

		Revenue from external customers 外部客戶收益	
		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Hong Kong (place of domicile)	香港(所在地)	21,793	33,286
Japan The United States People's Republic of China ("PRC") Taiwan Others	日本 美國 中華人民共和國(「中國」) 台灣 其他	137,387 10,786 13,229 10,072 13,698	104,205 4,708 15,321 8,036 17,027
		185,172	149,297
		206,965	182,583

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#### 4 **Revenue and segment reporting** (Continued)

4.4 Information about major customers

## 4 收益及分部報告(續) 4.4 主要客戶的資料

#### Revenue from customers during the year contributing over 10% of the Group's revenue are as follows:

年內佔本集團收益逾10%的客戶的
收益列載如下:

		2020 二零二零年	2019 二零一九年
		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Group's largest customer	本集團最大客戶	136,390	104,200

## 5 Other net income

## 5 其他淨收入

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Bank interest income	銀行利息收入	1,313	1,028
Compensation income	補償收入	1,113	569
Net exchange gain/(loss)	匯兑收益/(虧損)淨額	605	(23)
Freight charge income	運費收入	576	386
Gain on disposal of investment property	出售投資物業之收益	500	_
Management fee income	管理費收入	1,838	959
Rental income	租金收入	114	240
Sundry income	雜項收入	195	119
		6,254	3,278

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#### 6 Profit before taxation

#### 6 除税前溢利

Profit before taxation is arrived at after charging:

除税前溢利乃經扣除以下各項後達致:

				2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
(a)	Finance costs Interest on bank loans Interest on lease liabilities	(a)	<b>融資成本</b> 銀行貸款利息 租賃負債利息	169 179	172 –
				348	172
(b)	Staff costs (excluding directors' remuneration)	(b)	員工成本(不包括董事 酬金)		
	Salaries, wages and other benefits Contributions to defined		薪金、工資及其他福利 定額供款退休計劃供款	8,534	7,808
	contributions retirement plans			8,877	8,145
(c)	Other items	(c)	其他項目	0,011	0,110
(0)	Depreciation: – Owned assets – Right-of-use assets	(0)	折舊: - 擁有資產 - 使用權資產	4,635 3,161	3,736
	Total depreciation		折舊總額	7,796	3,736
	<ul> <li>Lease charges:</li> <li>Operating lease charges for land and buildings</li> <li>Short term leases and leases with lease term shorter than 12 months as at initial application</li> </ul>		租賃費用: - 土地及樓宇經營租賃 費用 - 短期租賃及首次應用香 港財務報告準則第16 號時租期短於12個月	-	2,138
	of HKFRS 16		的租賃	261	
	Total lease charges		租賃費用總額	261	2,138
	Auditors' remuneration Bad debts of trade receivables Gain on disposal of investment		核數師酬金 貿易應收款項壞賬 出售投資物業之收益	750 4,545	1,400 _
	property Loss on deregistration of a		撤銷註冊一間附屬公司之	(500)	_
	subsidiary (Reversal of)/Provision for ECL		服朝註回 间附屬公司之 虧損 貿易應收款項預期信貸虧	904	_
	allowance on trade receivables Provision for inventories		損撥備之(撥回)/計提 存貨撥備	(82) 200	309 50

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## 7 Income tax in the consolidated 7 綜 statement of profit or loss

#### / 綜合損益表內的所得税

(a) Income tax in the consolidated statement of profit or loss represents:

(a) 綜合損益表內的所得税指:

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Current tax – Hong Kong Profits Tax	即期税項 - 香港利得税		
Provision for the year	年內撥備	4,454	4,855
(Over)/Under provision in respect of	過往年度(超額撥備)/撥		
prior years	備不足	(433)	527
		4,021	5,382
Deferred tax	遞延税項		
Origination and reversal of temporary	暫時性差異之產生及撥回		
differences (note 19(b))	(附註19(b))	(147)	(4)
		3,874	5,378

The provision for Hong Kong Profits Tax for 2020 is calculated at 16.5% (2019: 16.5%) of the estimated assessable profits for the year, except for one subsidiary of the Group which is a qualifying corporation under the two-tiered profits tax rates regime. Under the two-tiered profits tax rates regime, the first HK\$2 million of profits of qualifying entities are taxed at 8.25%, and the profits above HK\$2 million are taxed at 16.5%. The provision for Hong Kong Profits Tax for this subsidiary was calculated at the same basis in 2019.

The provision for Hong Kong Profits Tax for 2020 has also taken into account a reduction granted by the Hong Kong SAR Government of 75% of the tax payable for the year of assessment 2019–20. The Company is eligible for the maximum reduction of HK\$20,000 (2019: a maximum reduction of HK\$20,000 was granted for the year of assessment 2018-19 and was taken into account in calculating the provision for 2019).

除本集團一間附屬公司屬利得税兩級制 的合資格企業外,二零二零年香港利得 税撥備按預計年內應課税溢利的16.5% 計算(二零一九年:16.5%)。根據利得税 兩級制,合資格實體首2,000,000港元溢 利按8.25%的税率徵税,2,000,000港元 以上的溢利則按16.5%的税率徵税。上述 附屬公司的香港利得税撥備以二零一九 年的相同基準計算。

二零二零年度香港利得税撥備亦計及香 港特別行政區政府於二零一九年至二零 二零年課税年度授出的應付税項減免 75%。本公司合資格獲最多減免20,000 港元(二零一九年:就二零一八年至二零 一九年課税年度最多減免20,000港元, 於計算二零一九年度撥備時已考慮在內)。

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## 7 Income tax in the consolidated statement of profit or loss (Continued)

## 7 綜合損益表內的所得税(續)

- (b) Reconciliation between tax expense and accounting profit at applicable tax rates:
- (b) 所得税開支與按適用税率計算的會 計溢利對賬如下:

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Profit before taxation	除税前溢利	11,324	20,499
Notional tax on profit before taxation, calculated at the rates applicable to	除税前溢利名義税,按相關 司法權區的溢利適用税率		0.010
profits in the jurisdictions concerned Tax effect of non-deductible expenses	計算 不可扣税開支的税務影響	1,704 2,565	3,916 531
Tax effect of non-taxable income Tax effect of unused tax losses not	不可和杭州又的杭奶影響 毋須課税收入的税務影響 未確認未動用税務虧損的税	(176)	(32)
recognised	務影響	286	74
(Over)/Under-provision in prior years	過往年度(超額撥備)/撥備 不足	(433)	527
Others	其他	(72)	362
Actual tax expense	實際税項開支	3,874	5,378

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綜合財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)(除另有指明外,均以港元列示)

#### 8 Directors' emoluments

Directors' emoluments disclosed pursuant to the Listing Rules, section 383(1) of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and Part 2 of the Companies (Disclosure of Information about Benefits of Directors) Regulation are as follows: 8 董事酬金

根據上市規則、香港公司條例第383(1)條 及公司(披露董事利益資料)規例第2部, 董事酬金披露如下:

		Directors' fees	Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind 薪金、	Discretionary bonuses (note v)	Retirement scheme contributions	Total
		<b>董事袍金</b> HK\$'000 千港元	<b>津貼及 實物福利</b> HK\$'000 千港元	<b>酌情花紅</b> <i>(附註v)</i> HK\$'000 千港元	<b>退休計劃</b> 供款 HK\$'000 千港元	<b>總計</b> HK\$'000 千港元
2020	二零二零年					
Executive Directors – Mr. Li Wai Keung (Chief Executive Officer) – Mr. To Hoi Pan	<ul> <li>執行董事</li> <li>一李偉強先生</li> <li>(行政總裁)</li> <li>一杜海斌先生</li> </ul>	-	1,797 994	1,200	18 18	3,015 1,012
– Ms. Lee Kwai Fong	- 李桂芳女士	-	496	50	18	564
<i>Non-executive director</i> – Mr. Na Zhiming <i>(note (ii))</i>	<i>非執行董事</i> - 那智銘先生 <i>(附註(ii))</i>	-	-	-	-	-
Independent Non-executive Directors	獨立非執行董事					
- Ms. Chow Chi Ling Janice	— 周緻玲女士 <i>(附註(iii))</i>	100				100
<i>(note (iii))</i> – Mr. Yu Pui Hang <i>(note (iii))</i> – Mr. Tung Man <i>(note (iii))</i>	- 余沛恒先生 <i>(附註(iii))</i> - 董文先生 <i>(附註(iii))</i>	120 120 120	-	-	6 6 6	126 126 126
		360	3,287	1,250	72	4,969
<b>2019</b> Executive Directors	<b>二零一九年</b> 執 <i>行董事</i>					
– Mr. Li Wai Keung – Mr. To Hoi Pan	- 李偉強先生 - 杜海斌先生	-	1,870 845	1,000	18 18	2,888 863
– Ms. Lee Kwai Fong	- 李桂芳女士	-	461	80	18	559
<i>Non-executive director</i> – Mr. Na Zhiming <i>(note (ii))</i>	<i>非執行董事</i> 一 那智銘先生 <i>(附註(ii))</i>	-	-	-	-	-
Independent Non-executive Directors	獨立非執行董事					
- Ms. Chow Chi Ling Janice	— 周緻玲女士 <i>(附註(iii))</i>	100			F	105
<i>(note (iii))</i> – Mr. Yu Pui Hang <i>(note (iii))</i>	— 余沛恒先生 <i>(附註(iii))</i>	100 100	_	-	5 5	105 105
– Mr. Tung Man (note (iii))	- 董文先生(附註(iii))	100	-	-	5	105
		300	3,176	1,080	69	4,625

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)(除另有指明外,均以港元列示)

#### 8 Directors' emoluments (Continued)

Notes:

- (i) During the year, there was no amount paid or payable by the Group to the directors or any of the five highest paid individuals as set out in note 9 below as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office. And, there was no arrangement under which a director has waived or agreed to waive any emolument during the year.
- Mr. Na Zhiming was appointed as a non-executive director of the Company on 16 November 2018 and retired on 13 August 2019.
- (iii) Ms. Chow Chi Ling Janice, Mr. Yu Pui Hang and Mr. Tung Man were appointed as independent non-executive directors of the Company on 11 May 2018.
- (iv) The Company did not have any share option scheme for the purchase of ordinary shares in the Company during the year.
- (v) Discretionary bonus are determined by the remuneration committee of the Company from time to time by reference to prevailing market conditions, the performance of the Company as well as individual performance.

8 董事酬金(續) <sup>附註:</sup>

- () 於年內,本集團並無向董事或任何五名最高薪 酬人士(如下文附註9所載)支付或應付彼等任 何款項,作為加入本集團的聘金或離職補償。 再者,於年內概無董事豁免或同意豁免任何酬 金的安排。
- (ii) 那智銘先生於二零一八年十一月十六日獲委 任為本公司非執行董事,並於二零一九年八月 十三日退任。
- (iii) 周繳玲女士、余沛恒先生及董文先生於二零
   一八年五月十一日獲委任為本公司獨立非執行
   董事。
- (iv) 年內本公司並無任何購股權計劃可供購買本公司普通股。
- (v) 酌情花紅由本公司薪酬委員會不時根據當時市場情況、本公司業績及個人業績而釐定。

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(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)(除另有指明外,均以港元列示)

#### Individuals with highest emoluments 9

#### 最高薪酬人士 9

Of the five individuals with the highest emoluments, three (2019: three) are directors whose emoluments are disclosed in note 8. The aggregate of the emoluments in respect of the other two (2019: two) individuals are as follows:

於五名最高薪酬人士當中,三名(二零 一九年:三名)董事的薪酬於附註8披露。 以下為餘下兩名(二零一九年:兩名)人 士的薪酬總額:

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Salaries and other emoluments	薪金及其他酬金	750	718
Discretionary bonuses	酌情花紅	100	100
Retirement scheme contributions	退休計劃供款	35	34

The emoluments of the two (2019: two) individuals with the highest emoluments are within the following band:

兩名(二零一九年:兩名)最高薪酬人士 的薪酬在以下範圍之內:

885

852

		2020 二零二零年	2019 二零一九年
HK\$Nil – HK\$1,000,000	零港元至1,000,000港元	2	2

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(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)(除另有指明外,均以港元列示)

#### 10 Earnings per share

10 每股盈利

The calculation of basic earnings per share is based on the profit attributable to ordinary equity shareholders of the Company of HK\$7,450,000 (2019: HK\$15,121,000) and weighted average of 1,000,000,000 ordinary shares in issue during the year ended 31 March 2020 (2019: 958,904,110 shares).

The weighted average number of ordinary shares is calculated as follows:

每股基本盈利乃根據截至二零二零年三 月三十一日止年度本公司普通權益股東 應佔溢利7,450,000港元(二零一九年: 15,121,000港元)及已發行普通股加權 平均數1,000,000,000股(二零一九年: 958,904,110股)計算。

普通股加權平均數計算如下:

Capitalisation issue on 31 May 2018 於二零一八年五月三十一日 資本化發行		
資本化發行	00,000,000	20,000
	_	749,980,000
Effect of shares offer on 31 May 2018 於二零一八年五月三十一日 股份發售之影響	-	208,904,110
Weighted average number of shares 已發行股份加權平均數		
in issue 1,0	00,000,000	958,904,110

In order to present a meaningful earnings per share, the capitalisation took place on 31 May 2018 (note 20.2) is deemed to be completed on 1 April 2018 and the weighted average number of shares in 2019 has been adjusted accordingly. There was no difference between basic and diluted earnings per share as the Company did not have any dilutive potential shares outstanding during the years ended 31 March 2020 and 2019.

為令呈列每股盈利具有意義,於二零 一八年五月三十一日進行之資本化(附註 20.2)被視作於二零一八年四月一日完成 及於二零一九年之股份加權平均數已作 相應調整。由於本公司於截至二零二零 年及二零一九年三月三十一日止年度並 無任何發行在外之潛在攤薄股份,每股 基本及攤薄盈利並無差異。

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)(除另有指明外,均以港元列示)

# 11 Investment property and other property, plant and equipment 11 投資物業及其他物業、廠房及設備

	Buildings	Leasehold improvements	Office equipment	Motor vehicles	Moulds	Sub-total	Investment property	Total
	<b>樓宇</b> HK\$'000 千港元	<b>租賃裝修</b> HK\$'000 千港元	<b>辦公室設備</b> HK\$'000 千港元	<b>汽車</b> HK\$'000 千港元	<b>模具</b> HK\$'000 千港元	<b>小計</b> HK\$'000 千港元	<b>投資物業</b> HK\$'000 千港元	<b>總計</b> HK\$'000 千港元
成本或估值:								
	13,788			987			10,300	38,835
	-			-			-	4,646
進兄調整	-	(5)	-	-	-	(5)	-	(5)
於二零一九年三月三十一日	13,788	2,992	841	987	14,568	33,176	10,300	43,476
於二零一九年四月一日	13,788	2,992	841	987	14,568	33,176	10.300	43,476
	-,	1			,	,	.,	-, -
第16號之影響 <i>(附註2.3)</i>	2,308	-	-	-	-	2,308	-	2,308
	16.006	0.000	0/1	007	14 560	25 101	10.200	45,784
						-		40,784 17,182
	0,007		211	-		,		(10,300)
	-		-	-	-		(10,000)	(1,569)
		()				()		())
於二零二零年三月三十一日	22,983	3,453	1,118	987	22,556	51,097	-	51,097
<b>罗</b> 計折萑 ·								
	1 716	843	329	987	9.575	13 450	_	13,450
	,			-			-	3,736
匯兑調整	-		-	-	-	,	-	(1)
於二零一九年三月三十一日	2,001	1,103	427	987	12,667	17,185	-	17,185
於一零一九年四日一日	2 001	1 103	497	987	12 667	17 185	_	17,185
						-		7,796
	0,010	000	100		0,002	1,100		1,100
	-	(183)	-	-	-	(183)	-	(183)
於二零二零年三月三十一日	5,676	1,289	587	987	16,259	24,798	-	24,798
	17 007	0.404	F04		c 007	00.000		00.000
☆―───────────────────────────────────	17,307	2,164	531	-	0,297	26,299	-	26,299
	於二零一八年四月一日         添置         座見調整         於二零一九年三月三十一日         於二零一九年四月一日         首次應用香港財務報告準則         第16號之影響(附註2.3)         3         於二零一九年四月一日         防二零一九年四月一日         第16號之影響(附註2.3)         3         於二零一九年四月一日         「数二零二零年三月三十一日         第二零一八年四月一日         座見調整         於二零一九年三月三十一日         於二零一九年四月一日         座月調整         於二零一九年三月三十一日         於二零一九年四月一日         於二零一九年四月一日         於二零一九年四月一日         於二零一九年四月一日         於二零一九年四月一日         於二零一九年四月一日         於二零一九年四月一日         於二零一九年四月一日         於二零一九年四月一日         前註冊一間附屬公司後對銷	線字 HK\$'000 干港元       成本或估值:       放二零一八年四月一日       13,788       添置       一       放二零一九年三月三十一日       13,788       首次應用香港財務報告準則 第16號之影響(附註2.3)       2,308       砂二零一九年四月一日       的經調整結餘       16,096       添置       6,887       出售       二       放二零一九年四月一日       1,716       年內扣除       腔上零一九年三月三十一日       22,983       緊計折舊:       於二零一九年三月三十一日       22,983       「放二零一九年三月三十一日       次二零一九年三月三十一日       次回       次二零一九年三月三十一日       次回       次二零一九年三月三十一日       2,001       於二零一九年三月三十一日       次回       次二零十二年四月一日       次二零一九年三月三十一日       2,001       於二零一九年三月三十一日       次回       次二零十二年       2,001       於二零一九年三月三十一日       3,675       撤銷註冊一間附屬公司後對銷       一       次二零二零年三月三十一日       次       第二零二零年三月三十一日       次       第二零二零年三月三十一日       次       第二零二零年三月三十一日       第二零       第二       第二	Buildings         improvements           機宇         租賃装修           HK\$'000         干港元           成本或估值:         13,788         989           添置         2,008         2,008           歴見調整         -         2,008           歴見調整         -         (5)           放二零一九年三月三十一日         13,788         2,992           放二零一九年四月一日         13,788         2,992           放二零一九年四月一日         16,096         2,992           添置         2,030         -           白炊二零一九年四月一日         16,096         2,992           添置         2,030         -           加二零一九年四月一日         -         (1,569)           放二零一九年四月一日         1,716         843           年內扣除         285         261           歴見調整         -         (1)           於二零一九年三月三十一日         2,001         1,103           旅日澤         -         (1)           放二零一九年三月三十一日         2,001         1,103           旅日二零一九年三月三十一日         2,001         1,103           旅日二零一九年三月三十一日         5,676         1,289           騰田子         -         (183)           上二零二零年三月三十一日         5,676 <td< td=""><td>Buildings         improvements         equipment           健宇         租賃業修         難公室設備 HK\$'000 干港元         難公室設備 HK\$'000 干港元           成本或估値:         次二零一八年四月一日         13,788         989         552           添置         -         2,008         289           正         2,008         289         -           放二零一九年三月三十一日         13,788         2,992         841           放二零一九年四月一日         13,788         2,992         841           放二零一九年四月一日         13,788         2,992         841           放二零一九年四月一日         13,788         2,992         841           放二零一九年四月一日         16,096         2,992         841           添置         -         -         -           約 二零一九年四月一日         16,096         2,992         841           添置         -         -         -           第         1,609         2,992         841           添置         -         -         -           第         1,716         843         329           年内扣除         2,201         1,103         427           於二零一九年三月三十一日         2,001         1,103         427           茶二零一九年三月三十一日         2,67</td><td>Buildings         improvements         equipment         vehicles           株字 HKS000 子志元         租賃裝修 HKS000 子志元         弊公室設備 HKS000 子志元         汽車 HKS000 子志元           成年或估値: 次二零一八年四月一日         13,788         989         552         987           漆置 正見調整         -         2,008         289         -           次二零一八年四月一日         13,788         2,992         841         987           放二零一九年四月一日         13,788         2,992         841         987           方流県雨香港胡務報告準則 第16號之影響(府捉2.3)         2,308         -         -         -           シニ零一九年四月一日 的提調整結婚         16,096         2,992         841         987           う流県雨香港胡務報告準則 第16號之影響(府捉2.3)         2,308         -         -         -           シン二零一九年四月一日 的提調整結婚         16,096         2,992         841         987           香菜園主日一日間         2,903         3,453         1,118         987           小二零一九年四月一日         1,716         843         329         987           年為和第         1,716         843         329         987           正素一八年四月一日         1,716         843         329         987           正素一八年四月一日         1,103         427         9867</td><td>Buildings improvements         equipment         vehicles         Moulds           使早         租賃数修         投公室設備         汽車         視集           片本5000         千港元         千港元         千港元         千港元         千港元         千港元           京本或位目:         シニマー八年四月一日         13,788         989         552         987         12,219           済星         一         13,788         989         552         987         12,219           済星         一         13,788         9.899         552         987         14,568           広ママー九年三月三十一日         13,788         2,992         841         987         14,568           広東市新浩浩前務最近 御信         2,992         841         987         14,568           広東市高浩浩前務低当         16,096         2,992         841         987         14,568           広東市高浩浩前務低当         16,096         2,992         841         987         14,568           広東田市         13,788         2,903         2,77         -         -           かご零一九年四月一日         16,096         2,992         841         987         14,568           添置         6,887         2,030         2,77         -         -</td><td>Buildings         improvements         equipment         velticles         Moulds         Sub-total           ###         #45000</td><td>Buildings improvements         equipment         vehicles         Mouds         Sub-total         property           様年         租賃業券         租賃業券         単気気00         ドボス00         ドボス0         ドボス00         ドボス00         ドボス00         ドボス0         ・</td></td<>	Buildings         improvements         equipment           健宇         租賃業修         難公室設備 HK\$'000 干港元         難公室設備 HK\$'000 干港元           成本或估値:         次二零一八年四月一日         13,788         989         552           添置         -         2,008         289           正         2,008         289         -           放二零一九年三月三十一日         13,788         2,992         841           放二零一九年四月一日         13,788         2,992         841           放二零一九年四月一日         13,788         2,992         841           放二零一九年四月一日         13,788         2,992         841           放二零一九年四月一日         16,096         2,992         841           添置         -         -         -           約 二零一九年四月一日         16,096         2,992         841           添置         -         -         -           第         1,609         2,992         841           添置         -         -         -           第         1,716         843         329           年内扣除         2,201         1,103         427           於二零一九年三月三十一日         2,001         1,103         427           茶二零一九年三月三十一日         2,67	Buildings         improvements         equipment         vehicles           株字 HKS000 子志元         租賃裝修 HKS000 子志元         弊公室設備 HKS000 子志元         汽車 HKS000 子志元           成年或估値: 次二零一八年四月一日         13,788         989         552         987           漆置 正見調整         -         2,008         289         -           次二零一八年四月一日         13,788         2,992         841         987           放二零一九年四月一日         13,788         2,992         841         987           方流県雨香港胡務報告準則 第16號之影響(府捉2.3)         2,308         -         -         -           シニ零一九年四月一日 的提調整結婚         16,096         2,992         841         987           う流県雨香港胡務報告準則 第16號之影響(府捉2.3)         2,308         -         -         -           シン二零一九年四月一日 的提調整結婚         16,096         2,992         841         987           香菜園主日一日間         2,903         3,453         1,118         987           小二零一九年四月一日         1,716         843         329         987           年為和第         1,716         843         329         987           正素一八年四月一日         1,716         843         329         987           正素一八年四月一日         1,103         427         9867	Buildings improvements         equipment         vehicles         Moulds           使早         租賃数修         投公室設備         汽車         視集           片本5000         千港元         千港元         千港元         千港元         千港元         千港元           京本或位目:         シニマー八年四月一日         13,788         989         552         987         12,219           済星         一         13,788         989         552         987         12,219           済星         一         13,788         9.899         552         987         14,568           広ママー九年三月三十一日         13,788         2,992         841         987         14,568           広東市新浩浩前務最近 御信         2,992         841         987         14,568           広東市高浩浩前務低当         16,096         2,992         841         987         14,568           広東市高浩浩前務低当         16,096         2,992         841         987         14,568           広東田市         13,788         2,903         2,77         -         -           かご零一九年四月一日         16,096         2,992         841         987         14,568           添置         6,887         2,030         2,77         -         -	Buildings         improvements         equipment         velticles         Moulds         Sub-total           ###         #45000	Buildings improvements         equipment         vehicles         Mouds         Sub-total         property           様年         租賃業券         租賃業券         単気気00         ドボス00         ドボス0         ドボス00         ドボス00         ドボス00         ドボス0         ・

*Note:* At 31 March 2020, the Group's Buildings with an aggregate carrying value of HK\$6,422,000 (2019: aggregate carrying value of investment property and building amounting to HK\$16,899,000) were mortgaged to secure banking facilities granted to the Group.

附註:於二零二零年三月三十一日,總賬面值為 6,422,000港元(二零一九年:投資物業及樓 宇總賬面值16,899,000港元)的本集團樓宇 已予按揭,以抵押本集團獲授的銀行融資。

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(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)(除另有指明外,均以港元列示)

# 11 Investment property and other property, plant and equipment (Continued)

#### 11 投資物業及其他物業、廠房及 設備(續)

As at 31 March 2020, included in the net carrying amount of property, plant and equipment are right-of-use assets as follows: 於二零二零年三月三十一日,計入物業、 廠房及設備的賬面淨值的使用權資產如下:

		HK\$'000 千港元
Building carried at cost	按成本列賬之樓宇	
As at 1 April 2019 (upon initial application	於二零一九年四月一日(首次應用香港財務報	
of HKFRS 16)	告準則第16號後)	2,308
Additions	添置	6,887
Depreciation for the year	年內折舊	(3,161)
At 31 March 2020	於二零二零年三月三十一日	6,034

During the year ended 31 March 2020, the total additions to right-of-use assets included in buildings, amounting to HK\$6,887,000. The details in relation to these leases are set out in note 18.

#### 11.1 Fair value measurement of property

#### Fair value hierarchy

The fair value measurement of the Group's investment property at the end of the reporting period on a recurring basis is categorised into the three-level fair value hierarchy as defined in HKFRS 13, Fair value measurement. The level into which a fair value measurement is classified is determined with reference to the observability and significance of the inputs used in the valuation technique as follows:

- Level 1 valuations: Fair value measured using only Level 1 inputs i.e. unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities at the measurement date.
- Level 2 valuations: Fair value measured using Level 2 inputs i.e. observable inputs, either directly or indirectly, which fail to meet Level 1, and not using significant unobservable inputs. Unobservable inputs are inputs for which market data are not available.
- Level 3 valuations: Fair value measured using significant unobservable inputs.

於截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度, 樓宇項下的使用權資產的增加總額為 6,887,000港元。有關該等租賃的詳情載 於附註18。

#### 11.1 物業的公平值計量

公平值層級

本集團投資物業於報告期末根據經 常基準的公平值計量分類為香港財 務報告準則第13號公平值計量中所 定義的三個級別公平值層級。公平 值計量的歸類級別取決於被用於下 列估值技術的輸入數據的可觀察程 度及重要性:

- 第一級估值:僅用第一級輸入 數據(即相同資產或負債在活躍 市場中於測定日的未調整報價) 測定公平值。
- 第二級估值:直接或間接使用 第二級的輸入數據(即未能符合 第一級別的可觀察輸入數據),
   而且不使用重大不可觀察的數 據測量公平值。不可觀察的數 據乃無法取得市場資料之數據。
- 第三級估值:使用重大不可觀 察的輸入數據測量公平值。

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)(除另有指明外,均以港元列示)

#### 11 Investment property and other property, plant and equipment (Continued)

#### 11.1 Fair value measurement of property (Continued)

#### Fair value hierarchy (Continued)

The investment property was revalued at 31 March 2019 by an independent firm of surveyors, BMI Appraisals Limited. They have staff with recognised professional qualifications and relevant experience in the location and category of investment properties being revalued. The Company's management has discussion with the surveyors on the valuation assumptions and valuation results when the valuation is performed at each interim and annual reporting date.

At 31 March 2019, the Group's investment property falls into Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy as described above.

Information about Level 3 fair value measurements

#### 11 投資物業及其他物業、廠房及 設備(續)

#### 11.1 物業的公平值計量(續)

公平值層級(續)

投資物業於二零一九年三月三十一 日由一間獨立測量師行中和邦盟評 估有限公司重新估值。該等公司職 員擁有認可專業資格及於重估的投 資物業地點及類別擁有相關經驗。 本公司管理層已於各中期及年度報 告日估值完成時與測量師就估值假 設及估值結果進行討論。

於二零一九年三月三十一日,本集 團所有投資物業均屬於上文公平值 層級的第三級。

第三級公平值計量的資料

Location of properties 物業地點	Valuation techniques 估值技術	Unobservable input 不可觀察輸入數據	Range 範圍
Hong Kong – Commercial property	Direct comparison approach	(Discount)/premium on quality of the buildings	31 March 2019: (3.8%) to 9.7%
香港一商業物業	直接比較法	樓宇質素(折讓)/溢價	二零一九年三月三十一日:(3.8%)至9.7%

The fair values of investment property located in Hong Kong are determined by using direct comparison approach with reference to the market price of comparable properties and adjusted for building quality and timing of the reference transactions. Higher premium for investment property will result in a higher fair value measurement.

During the year, the Group disposed of a commercial property in Hong Kong to a third party, which was classified as level 3 recurring fair value measurements of approximately HK\$10,300,000. The gain on disposal of this property of HK\$500,000 was recognised in consolidated statement of profit or loss during the year.

位於香港的投資物業公平值使用直 接比較法釐定,當中參考可比較物 業的市價及就樓宇質素及參考交易 的時間調整。投資物業溢價較高, 則公平值計量較高。

年內,本集團出售一項香港商業物 業予獨立第三方,其歸類為第三級 經常性公平值計量,約為10,300,000 港元。年內出售該物業收益500,000 港元已於綜合損益表中確認。

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#### 11 Investment property and other property, plant and equipment (Continued)

#### 11 投資物業及其他物業、廠房及 設備(續)

11.2 根據經營租賃出租的資產

### 11.2 Asset leased out under operating lease

The Group leased out investment property under operating lease. The lease typically run for an initial period of 2 years, with an option to renew the lease after that date at which time all terms are renegotiated. The lease does not include contingent rentals.

Total future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating lease are receivable as follows: 不可撤銷經營租賃項下的總未來最 低租賃款額應於以下期間收取:

本集團根據經營租賃出租投資物業。

該等租賃起初一般為期兩年,其可 於該日後選擇重續租賃及重新磋商

所有條款。租賃並不包括或然租金。

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Within 1 year	一年內	_	242
After 1 year but within 5 years	一年後但五年內	-	20
		_	262

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#### 12 Investments in subsidiaries

The following list contains the particulars of subsidiaries which affected the results, assets or liabilities of the Group. The class of shares held is ordinary unless otherwise stated.

#### 12 於附屬公司的投資

下表載列主要影響業績、資產或負債的 本集團的附屬公司詳情。除另有所指外, 所持股份類別指普通股。

	Place of		Group's		of ownership 有權權益比例			
Name of company 公司名稱	incorporation and business 註冊成立及 營業地點	Particulars of issued and paid up capital 已發行及繳足 股本詳情	effective interest 本集團的 實際權益	由本	e Company 公司 持有	由附	a subsidiary 屬公司 寺有	Principal activity 主要業務
דווע ני א	百天心圣	IN T IT IT	莫你惟血	2020	2019	, 2020 二零二零年	2019	上文禾1//
Amuse International Investment Limited 佰悅國際投資有限公司	British Virgin Islands 英屬維爾京群島	US\$20,000 20,000美元	100%	100%	100%	-	-	Investment holding 投資控股
Amuse Luck Limited 佰好有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$1 1港元	100%	-	-	100%	100%	Sale and marketing of toys 銷售及營銷玩具
Shenzhen Hundred Good Trade Co. Ltd <i>(note (i))</i>	The PRC	HK\$680,000	100%	-	-	-	100%	Sale and marketing of toys
深圳百好貿易有限公司(附註(1))	中國	680,000港元						銷售及營銷玩具
Bestone Creative Development Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$10,000	100%	-	-	100%	100%	Design and sale of toys and related products
盈天創意發展有限公司	香港	10,000港元						設計及銷售玩具及相關產品
Sentinel International Co. Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$12,000	100%	-	-	100%	100%	Design and sale of toys and related products
千值練國際有限公司	香港	12,000港元						設計及銷售玩具及相關產品
Lai Ga Toys Co. Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$10,000	100%	-	-	100%	100%	Design and sale of toys and related products
禮嘉玩具有限公司	香港	10,000港元						設計及銷售玩具及相關產品
D4 Toys Co., Limited	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$10,000 10,000港元	100%	-	-	100%	100%	Sale and marketing of toys 銷售及營銷玩具
Moon One Toys Co., Limited 月一玩具有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$10,000 10,000港元	100%	-	-	100%	100%	Sale and marketing of toys 銷售及營銷玩具
D4 Toys (oversea) Co., Ltd.	British Virgin Islands 英屬維爾京群島	US\$50,000 50,000美元	100%	-	-	100%	100%	Dormant 並無業務
Amuse Development Ltd. <i>(note 间)</i> 佰悅發展有限公司 <i>(附註间)</i>	British Virgin Islands 英屬維爾京群島	US\$50,000 50,000美元	100%	100%	-	-	-	Investment holding 投資控股
Amuse Capital Ltd. <i>(note 间) (附註间)</i>	British Virgin Islands 英屬維爾京群島	US\$50,000 50,000美元	100%	100%	-	-	-	Dormant 並無業務
Sentinel International (US) Company Ltd. <i>(note (iij)</i>	The United Stated of America	US\$10,000	100%	-	-	100%	-	Dormant
千值練國際(美國)有限公司(附註(例)	美利堅合眾國	10,000美元						並無業務

Notes:

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# 12 Investments in subsidiaries (Continued)

#### 12 於附屬公司的投資(續)

附註:

(i) On 30 July 2019, the Group applied to deregister a wholly owned subsidiary, Shenzhen Hundred Good Trade Co, Ltd. The deregistration was completed on 7 August 2019.

Assets and liabilities derecognised at the date of deregistration was approximately HK\$878,000. Loss on deregistration of subsidiaries is approximately HK\$904,000.

於二零一九年七月三十日,本集團全資附屬公 (i) 司深圳百好貿易有限公司申請撤銷註冊。該撤 銷註冊已於二零一九年八月七日完成。

> 於撤銷註冊日期終止確認的資產及負債為約 878,000港元。撤銷註冊附屬公司的虧損為約 904.000港元。

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	1,386
Other payables	其他應付款項	(456)
Accumulated loss	累計虧損	(1,808)
Capital deficiency	資本虧絀	(878)
Recognition to profit or loss on deregistration of a	撤銷註冊一間附屬公司時於損益確認	
subsidiary		(26)
Loss on deregistration of a subsidiary	撤銷註冊一間附屬公司的虧損	(904)

(ii) Newly established during the year ended 31 March 2020. (ii) 於截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度新成立。

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#### **13 Inventories**

13 存貨

(a) 於綜合財務狀況表內之存貨包括:

(a) Inventories in the consolidated statement of financial position comprise:

2020 2019 二零二零年 二零一九年 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 千港元 千港元 持作銷售商品 3,249 2,633 Merchandise held for sale (b) 確認為開支及計入損益的存貨金額 (b) The analysis of the amount of inventories recognised as an expense and included in the profit or loss is as 分析列載如下: follows: 2019 2020 二零一九年 二零二零年 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 千港元 千港元 已售存貨之賬面值 164,583 137,373 Carrying amount of inventories sold 存貨撇減 Write down of inventories 200 50

**164,783** 137,423

# 14 Trade and other receivables

#### 14 貿易及其他應收款項

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Trade receivables	貿易應收款項		
Trade receivables – gross	貿易應收款項總額	7,604	19,539
Less: ECL allowance	減:預期信貸虧損撥備	(186)	(407)
Trade receivables – net	貿易應收款項淨額	7,418	19,132
Other receivables	其他應收款項		
Other receivables – gross	其他應收款項總額	4,584	1,694
Less: ECL allowance	減:預期信貸虧損撥備	-	
Other receivables – net	其他應收款項淨額	4,584	1,694
Deposits and prepayments	按金及預付款項	46,852	28,773
		58,854	49,599
Less: Portion due over one year included	減: 計入非流動資產項下的		
under non-current assets	一年後到期部分	(1,298)	(538)
		57,556	49,061

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#### 14 Trade and other receivables (Continued)

Apart from the above, all of the prepayments, deposits and other receivables are expected to be recovered or recognised as expenses within one year.

#### Ageing analysis

Details of the ageing analysis of trade receivables (net of ECL allowance), based on the invoice date, as of the end of the reporting period are as follows:

#### 14 貿易及其他應收款項(續)

除上文所述,所有預付款項、按金及其 他應收款項預期於一年內收回或確認為 開支。

#### 賬齡分析

於報告期末根據發票日期的貿易應收款 項(扣除預期信貸虧損撥備)賬齡分析詳 情如下:

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Less than 30 days	少於30日	5,451	8,652
31 to 60 days	31至60日	705	33
61 to 90 days	61至90日	1,203	840
Over 91 days	超過91日	59	9,607

Trade debtors are due within 0 to 60 days from the date of billing. Further details on the Group's credit policy and credit risk arising from trade debtors are set out in note 21.2.

貿易應收賬項於發票日期起計0至60日 內到期。有關本集團信貸政策及貿易應 收賬項信貸風險的更多詳情載於附註 21.2。

7,418

19,132

The movement in the ECL allowance is as follows:

預期信貸虧損撥備的變動如下:

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
At the beginning of the year	於年初	407	98
ECL allowance recognised	已確認預期信貸虧損撥備	4,548	309
Amount written off during the year	年內已撇銷金額	(4,684)	_
Reversal of ECL allowance recognised	已確認預期信貸虧損撥備		
	撥回	(85)	
At the end of the year	於年末	186	407

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#### 15 Bank deposits and cash

#### 15 銀行存款及現金

(a) Cash and cash equivalents comprise:

# (a) 現金及現金等價物包括:

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Cash at bank and on hand	銀行及手頭現金 原到期日為三個月內的	60,235	56,512
Bank deposits with original maturities within three months	尿到期口為二個月內內 銀行存款	44,867	37,000
Cash and cash equivalents in the consolidated cash flow statement Bank deposits with original maturities	綜合現金流量表的現金及 現金等價物 原到期日為超過三個月的	105,102	93,512
over three months	銀行存款	10,000	17,458
		115,102	110,970

(b) Reconciliation of profit before taxation to cash generated from operations:

(b) 除税前溢利與經營所得現金的對賬:

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Profit before taxation	除税前溢利	11,324	20,499
Adjustments for: Depreciation Interest income from bank deposits Interest on bank loans Interest on lease liabilities Gain on disposal of investment property Foreign exchange loss Loss on deregistration of a subsidiary Bad debts of trade receivables (Reversal of)/Provision for ECL allowance on trade receivables, net Provision for inventories	就以下各項調整: 折舊 銀行存款利息收入 銀行貸款利息 租賃負債利息 出售投資物業收益 外匯虧損 撤銷註冊一間附屬公司之虧損 貿易應收款項壞賬 貿易應收款項預期信貸虧損 撥備之(撥回)/計提淨額 存貨撥備	7,796 (1,313) 169 179 (500) - 904 4,545 (82) 200	3,736 (1,028) 172 - 536 - - 309
Changes in working capital: Increase in inventories Increase in trade and other receivables Increase in trade and other payables	營運資金變動: 存貨增加 貿易及其他應收款項增加 貿易及其他應付款項增加	23,222 (816) (13,635) 4,242	24,224 (907) (18,742) 6,698
Cash generated from operations	經營所得現金	13,013	11,273

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#### 15 Bank deposits and cash (Continued)

# (c) Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities

The table below details changes in the Group's liabilities from financing activities, including both cash and non-cash changes. Liabilities arising from financing activities are liabilities for which cash flows were, or future cash flows will be, classified in the Group's consolidated statement of cash flows as cash flows from financing activities.

# 15 銀行存款及現金(續) (c) 融資活動所產生負債的對賬

下表詳述本集團融資活動所產生負 債的變動(包括現金及非現金變動)。 融資活動所產生負債為現金流量或 未來現金流量已經或將於本集團綜 合現金流量表分類為來自融資活動 的現金流量的負債。

		Lease liabilities 租賃負債 HK\$'000 千港元	<b>Bank loans</b> 銀行貸款 HK\$'000 千港元	<b>Total</b> 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 April 2018	於二零一八年四月一日	_	6,582	6,582
Changes from financing cash flows:	融資現金流變動︰			
Repayment of bank loans Interest paid	償還銀行貸款 已付利息		(208) (172)	(208) (172)
Total changes from financing cash flows	融資現金流量變動 總額	_	(380)	(380)
Other change: Interest on bank loans (note 6(a))	<b>其他變動:</b> 銀行貸款利息 <i>(附註6(a))</i>	_	172	172
Total other change	其他變動總額	_	172	172
At 31 March 2019 as originally presented	於二零一九年三月 三十一日 (按原先呈列)	_	6,374	6,374
Impact on initial application of HKFRS 16 (note 2.3)	首次應用香港財務 報告準則第16號之 影響 <i>(附註2.3)</i>	2,308	_	2,308
Adjusted balance at 1 April 2019	於二零一九年四月一日 的經調整結餘	2,308	6,374	8,682
Changes from financing cash flows:	融資現金流變動︰			
Repayment of lease liabilities Repayment of bank loans Interest paid	償還租賃負債 償還銀行貸款 已付利息	(2,809) _ (179)	_ (2,735) (169)	(2,809) (2,735) (348)
Total changes from financing cash flows	融資現金流量變動總額	(2,988)	(2,904)	(5,892)
Other changes: Interest on bank loans (note 6(a))	<b>其他變動:</b> 銀行貸款利息 <i>(附註6(a))</i>	-	169	169
Interest on lease liabilities (note 6(a)) Additions from entering into new	租賃負債的利息 <i>(附註6(a))</i> 訂立新租賃的額外款項		-	179
Total other changes	其他變動總額	6,887	- 169	6,887 7,235
At 31 March 2020	※ 尼交 刧 秘 限 於二零二零年三月 三十一日	6,386	3,639	10,025

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#### 16 Trade and other payables

#### 16 貿易及其他應付款項

				2020 ≹二零年 IK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Cor	de payables <i>(note 16(a))</i> htract liabilities <i>(note 16(b))</i> er payables and accrued expenses	貿易應付款項 <i>(附註16(a))</i> 合約負債 <i>(附註16(b))</i> 其他應付款項及應計開支		3,653 15,919 3,185	7,571 6,751 4,649
				22,757	18,971
(a)	Ageing analysis The Group was granted by its superiods ranging from 30–60 days. A reporting period, the ageing analysis based on the invoice date, is as follow	s of the end of the of trade payables,	▲集團獲 日的信貸	其供應商約 期。於報台	合予介乎30至60 告期末,根據發 欢項賬齡分析如
				2020 \$二零年 <b>∃K\$'000</b> 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
	Less than 30 days 31 to 60 days 61 to 90 days Over 91 days but within one year	少於30日 31至60日 61至90日 超過91日但於一年內		2,269 15 1,361 8	5,752 103 1,289 427

7,571

#### (b) Movement in contract liabilities

When the Group receives a trade deposit before the goods deliver, this will give rise to contract liabilities at the start of a contract, until the revenue recognised exceeds the amount of the deposit. The amount of deposit is negotiated on a case by case basis with customers.

All contract liabilities are expected to be recognised as revenue within one year.

Revenue amounting to HK\$6,751,000 (2019: HK\$1,213,000) recognised during the year ended 31 March 2020 relates to contract liabilities outstanding at the beginning of the reporting date.

(b) 合約負債的變動

倘本集團於商品交付前收取貿易按 金,其將導致於合約開始時產生合 約負債,直至已確認收益超出按金 的金額。按金的金額按個別情況與 客戶磋商。

3,653

所有合約負債預期於一年內確認為 收益。

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年 度確認的收益6,751,000港元(二零 一九年:1,213,000港元)與於報告 期初未償還合約負債相關。

<sup>122</sup> Amuse Group Holding Limited Annual Report 2020

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HK\$16,899,000).

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)(除另有指明外,均以港元列示)

#### 17 Bank loans

17 銀行貸款

At 31 March 2020, the bank loans were repayable as follows:

於二零二零年三月日	三十一日,	銀行貸款
須按下文所述償還:		

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Portion of mortgage loan from bank repayable within 1 year	須於一年內償還的銀行按揭 貸款部分	171	202
Portion of mortgage loan from bank due for repayment after 1 year which contains a repayable on demand clause	須於一年後償還的銀行按揭 貸款部分,設有按要求 償還條款		
<ul> <li>– after 1 year but within 2 years</li> </ul>	- 一年後但兩年內	176	208
– after 2 years but within 5 years	- 兩年後但五年內	539	655
– after 5 years	- 五年後	2,753	5,309
		3,468	6,172

Total bank loans	銀行貸款總額	3,639	6,374
At 31 March 2020, the ba mortgages over buildings v value of HK\$6,422,000 (2 value of investment property	vith an aggregate carrying 019: aggregate carrying	於二零二零年三月三十一日 以賬面總值6,422,000港元(二 <sup>5</sup> 投資物業及樓宇的賬面總值為 港元)的樓宇按揭作抵押。	零一九年:

綜合財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)(除另有指明外,均以港元列示)

#### **18 Lease liabilities**

18 租賃負債

The following table shows the remaining contractual maturities of the Group's lease liabilities:

下表列示本集團租賃負債的餘下合約到 期情況:

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000
		千港元
Total minimum lease payments:	最低租賃付款總額: 	
Due within one year	於一年內到期	3,603
Due in the second to fifth years	於第二至第五年到期	2,460
Due after the fifth years	於第五年後到期	506
		6,569
Future finance charges on lease liabilities	租賃負債的未來融資費用	(183)
Present value of lease liabilities	租賃負債現值	6,386
Present value of minimum lease payments:	最低租賃付款現值:	
Due within one year	於一年內到期	3,471
Due in the second to fifth years	於第二至第五年到期	2,412
Due after the fifth years	於第五年後到期	503
	⊯··↓】 法新舟 <i>佳</i> 石工 孙	6,386
-		(3.471)
Less: Portion due within one year included under current liabilities	減:計入流動負債項下於 一年內到期部分	6,386 (3,471)
Portion due after one year included	計入非流動負債項下於一年後到期部分	

under non-current liabilities

2,915

The Group initially applied HKFRS 16 using the modified retrospective approach and adjusted the opening balances at 1 April 2019 to recognise lease liabilities relating to leases which were previously classified as operating leases under HKAS 17. Comparative information as at 31 March 2019 has not been restated. Details for transitions to HKFRS 16 are set out in note 2.3.

As at 31 March 2020, no lease liabilities are effectively secured by the related underlying assets as the rights to the leased asset would be reverted to the lessor in the event of default by repayment by the Group.

During the year ended 31 March 2020, the total cash outflows for the leases are HK\$3,249,000.

本集團已採用經修訂追溯法首次應用香 港財務報告準則第16號,並調整於二零 一九年四月一日的年初結餘以就先前根 據香港會計準則第17號分類為經營租賃 的租賃確認租賃負債。於二零一九年三 月三十一日的比較資料並未重列。過渡 至香港財務報告準則第16號的詳情載於 附註2.3。

於二零二零年三月三十一日,並無租賃 負債實際上以相關資產作抵押,原因為 倘若本集團拖欠還款,租賃資產的權利 將會復歸予出租人。

於截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度, 租賃的現金流出總額為3,249,000港元。

綜合財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)(除另有指明外,均以港元列示)

#### 18 Lease liabilities (Continued)

#### Details of the lease activities

# 18 租賃負債(續)

# 租賃活動詳情

As at 31 March 2020, the Group has entered into leases for offices and retail shops.

於二零二零年三月三十一日,本集團已 訂立辦公室及零售店舖租賃。

Types of right-of-use assets 使用權資產類別	Financial statements items of right-of-use assets included in 計入使用權資產的財務報表項目	Number of leases 租賃數目	Range of remaining lease term 餘下租期範圍	Particulars 詳情
Office	Buildings in "property, plant and equipment"	3	1.4 to 2 years	<ul> <li>No option to renew the lease after the end of the contract</li> </ul>
辦公室	「物業、廠房及設備」項下樓宇		1.4至2年	合約結束後並無續租權
Retail shops	Buildings in "property, plant and equipment	4	2 to 3 years	• No option to renew the lease after the end of the contract
零售店舖	「物業、廠房及設備」項下樓宇		2至3年	<ul> <li>合約結束後並無續租權</li> <li>Three of the contracts contain turnover rent, which will be paid if the monthly gross sales turnover exceeds the monthly basic rent of each calender month</li> </ul>

19 Income tax in the consolidated statement of financial position

financial position represents:

(a) Current taxation in the consolidated statement of

## 19 綜合財務狀況表的所得税

(a) 綜合財務狀況表的即期税項指:

將予以支付

該等合約中有三份包含營業額 租金,若每月總銷售營業額超 過每個曆月的每月基本租金,

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Provision for Hong Kong Profits Tax	年內香港利得税撥備		
for the year		4,454	4,855
Provisional Profits Tax paid	已付暫時利得税	(4,522)	(4,220)
		(68)	635
Representing:	代表:		
Current tax recoverable	可收回即期税項	(1,424)	(228)
Current tax payable	應付即期税項	1,356	863
		(68)	635

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)(除另有指明外,均以港元列示)

#### 19 Income tax in the consolidated statement of financial position (Continued)

#### **19** 綜合財務狀況表的所得税(續)

(b) Deferred tax assets/liabilities recognised:

(b) 已確認遞延税項資產/負債:

The component of deferred tax (assets)/liabilities recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position and the movements during the year are as follows:

年內,綜合財務狀況表內已確認遞 延税項(資產)/負債部分及變動如 下:

			Depreciation allowances in excess of related depreciation 折舊撥備超出 相關折舊 HK\$'000 千港元
Deferred tax arising from:	遞延税項源於:		
At 1 April 2018	於二零一八年四月	]一日	747
Charged to profit or loss	於損益扣除		(4)
At 31 March 2019 and 1 April 2019	於二零一九年三月	]三十一日及	
	二零一九年四月	一日	743
Credited to profit or loss	於損益計入		(147)
At 31 March 2020	於二零二零年三月	]三十一日	596
		2020	2019
		二零二零年	二零一九年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Representing:	代表:		
Deferred tax assets	遞延税項資產	(30)	(28)
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債	626	771
		596	743

#### (c) Deferred tax assets not recognised

In accordance with the accounting policy set out in note 2.15, the Group has not recognised deferred tax assets in respect of cumulative tax losses of HK\$2,182,000 (2019: HK\$446,000) as it is not probable that future taxable profits against which the losses can be utilised will be available in the relevant tax jurisdiction and entity. The tax losses do not expire under current tax legislation.

- (c) 尚未確認的遞延税項資產
  - 根據附註2.15所載的會計政策,本 集團並無就累計税務虧損確認遞延 税項資產2,182,000港元(二零一九 年:446,000港元),因為於相關税 務管轄區及實體產生未來應課税溢 利並可用之與虧損抵銷的可能性不 大。根據現行税法,該税項虧損不 會屆滿。

綜合財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)(除另有指明外,均以港元列示)

#### 20 Capital and reserves

#### 20 資本及儲備

# 20.1 Movements in components of equity

The reconciliation between the opening and closing balances of each component of the Group's consolidated equity is set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity. Details of the changes in the Company's individual components of equity between the beginning and the end of the year are set out below:

本集團綜合權益各部分的期初及期 末結餘的對賬載於綜合權益變動表。 本公司個別權益部分於年初至年末 的變動詳情載於下文:

		Notes 附註	Share capital 股本 HK\$'000 千港元	Share Premium 股份溢價 HK\$'000 千港元	<b>Merger</b> reserve 合併儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	Retained profits 保留盈利 HK\$'000 千港元	<b>Total</b> 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
Balance at 1 April 2018	於二零一八年四月一日 的結餘		*_	_	155	974	1,129
Changes in equity for year:	年內權益變動:						
Loss and total comprehensive income for the year	年內虧損及全面收益 總額		-	_	-	(670)	(670)
Issue of shares	發行股份	20.2(iii)	2,500	85,000	-	-	87,500
Capitalisation of shares	資本化股份	20.2(ii)	7,500	(7,500)	-	-	-
Transaction costs attributable to issue of shares	發行股份應佔交易成本		-	(10,509)	-	_	(10,509)
Balance at 31 March 2019 and 1 April 2019	於二零一九年三月 三十一日及 二零一九年四月一日 的結餘		10,000	66,991	155	304	77,450
Changes in equity for year:	年內權益變動:						
Loss and total comprehensive income for the year	年內虧損及全面收益 總額		-	-	_	(64)	(64)
Balance at 31 March 2020	於二零二零年三月 三十一日的結餘		10,000	66,991	155	240	77,386

\* The balances represent amounts less than \$1,000.

該等結餘金額不足1,000元。

綜合財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)(除另有指明外,均以港元列示)

#### 20 Capital and reserves (Continued)

# 20 資本及儲備(續)

20.2 Share capital

20.2 股本

		Number of shares 股份數目	Amount 金額 HK\$ 港元
Authorised ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each:	每股面值0.01港元的法定 普通股:		
At 1 April 2018 Increase in authorised share capital	於二零一八年四月一日 法定股本增加 <i>(附註(</i> ))	38,000,000	380,000
(note (i))		9,962,000,000	99,620,000
At 31 March 2019, 1 April 2019 and 31 March 2020	於二零一九年三月三十一日、 二零一九年四月一日及 二零二零年三月三十一日	10,000,000,000	100,000,000
At 1 April 2018 Capitalisation issue on 31 May 2018	於二零一八年四月一日 於二零一八年五月三十一日	20,000	200
<i>(note (ii))</i> Issuance of shares on 31 May 2018	資本化發行 <i>(附註(ii))</i> 於二零一八年五月三十一日	749,980,000	7,499,800
(note (iii))	發行股份 <i>(附註(iii))</i>	250,000,000	2,500,000
At 31 March 2019, 1 April 2019 and 31 March 2020	於二零一九年三月三十一日、 二零一九年四月一日及		
	二零二零年三月三十一日	1,000,000,000	10,000,000

The holders of ordinary shares are entitled to receive dividends as declared from time to time and are entitled to one vote per share at meetings of the Company. All ordinary shares rank equally with regard to the Company's residual assets. 普通股持有人有權收取不時宣派的 股息,並有權於本公司大會上就每 股股份投一票。在本公司餘下資產 方面,所有普通股享有同等地位。

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)(除另有指明外,均以港元列示)

#### 20 Capital and reserves (Continued)

#### 20.2 Share capital (Continued)

Notes:

- Pursuant to the resolutions in writing of the shareholders passed (i) on 11 May 2018, the authorised share capital of the Company was increased from 38,000,000 shares to 10,000,000,000 shares by creation of additional 9,962,000,000 shares, ranking pari passu with the shares in all respects with shares in issue as at the date of passing of the written resolution.
- (ii) Pursuant to the resolutions in writing of the shareholders passed on 11 May 2018, subject to the share premium account of the Company being credited as a result of the Listing, the directors were authorised to allot and issue a total of 749,980,000 shares to the holders of shares on the register of members of the Company as of 11 May 2018 in proportion to their respective shareholdings, credited as fully paid at par by way of capitalisation of the sum of HK\$7,499,800 standing to the credit of the share premium account of the Company, and the shares to be allotted and issued pursuant to this resolution shall rank pari passu in all respects with the shares in issue (the "Capitalisation issue"). Such Capitalisation issue has been completed on 31 May 2018.
- (iii) On 31 May 2018, the shares of the Company were listed on the GEM of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited. In connection with the Listing, the Company issued 250,000,000 shares at a price of HK\$0.35 each for gross proceeds of HK\$87,500,000.

#### 20.3 Land and buildings revaluation reserve

In previous year, a property with carrying amount of HK\$6,558,000 which was included in buildings held for own use was transferred to investment property as the property was leased out. The difference between its fair value and carrying amount at the date of transfer of HK\$1,242,000 was credited to land and buildings revaluation reserve.

The investment property was disposed during the year ended 31 March 2020. The land and buildings revaluation reserve was therefore transferred to retained profits on the date of disposal.

# 20 資本及儲備(續)

20.2 股本(續)

- 附註:
- 根據股東於二零一八年五月十一日通 (i) 過的書面決議案,本公司法定股本透 過增設9,962,000,000股額外股份從 38,000,000股增加至10,000,000,000股。 額外股份於通過書面決議案日期與已發 行股份在所有方面享有同等地位。
- 根據股東於二零一八年五月十一日通過 (ii) 的書面決議案,待本公司的股份溢價賬 因上市而取得進賬後,董事獲授權將本 公司股份溢價賬進賬額7,499,800港元撥 充資本,按面值以入賬列為繳足方式配 發及發行合共749,980,000股股份予截至 二零一八年五月十一日名列本公司股東 名冊的股份持有人,比例按彼等當時各 自的股權而定,而根據此決議案將配發 及發行的股份將於各方面與現有已發行 股份享有同等地位(「資本化發行」)。該 資本化發行已於二零一八年五月三十一 日完成。
- 於二零一八年五月三十一日,本公司股 (iii) 份於香港聯合交易所有限公司GEM上市。 就上市而言,本公司按每股0.35港元的 價格發行250,000,000股股份,所得款項 總額為87,500,000港元。

#### 20.3 土地及樓宇重估儲備

於去年,一項賬面值6,558,000港 元並計入持作自用樓宇的物業轉讓 至投資物業作為物業租出。其於轉 讓當日的公平值與賬面值差額為 1,242,000港元,已入賬至土地及樓 宇重新估值儲備。

有關投資物業已於截至二零二零年 三月三十一日止年度出售。因此, 土地及樓宇重估儲備已於出售日期 轉撥至保留盈利。

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)(除另有指明外,均以港元列示)

#### 20 Capital and reserves (Continued)

#### 20.4 Merger reserve

The merger reserve represents the aggregate amount of the excess of the nominal value of shares of Amuse International Investment Ltd. over the nominal value of shares of the Company exchanged, and the excess of the nominal value of shares of Amuse International Investment Ltd. over the nominal values of shares of Bestone Creative Development Limited, Sentinel International Co. Limited, Lai Ga Toys Co. Limited, D4 Toys Co., Limited and Moon One Toys Co., Limited exchanged as part of the Reorganisation.

#### 20.5 Dividends

The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend for the years ended 31 March 2020 and 2019.

20 資本及儲備(續)

## 20.4 合併儲備

合併儲備即佰悅國際投資有限公司 股份面值超出本公司已交換股份面 值的合共差額,而佰悅國際投資有 限公司股份面值超出盈天創意發展 有限公司、千值練國際有限公司、 禮嘉玩具有限公司、D4 Toys Co., Limited及月一玩具有限公司作為重 組一部份已交換股份面值的差額。

#### 20.5 股息

董事並不建議派付截至二零二零年 及二零一九年三月三十一日止年度 的股息。

标合划防和衣附社

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)(除另有指明外,均以港元列示)

#### 20 Capital and reserves (Continued)

#### 20.6 Capital management

The Group's primary objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, so that it can continue to provide returns for shareholders, by pricing services commensurately with the level of risk and by securing access to finance at a reasonable cost.

The Group actively and regularly reviews and manages its capital structure to maintain a balance between the higher shareholders returns that might be possible with higher levels of borrowings and the advantages and security afforded by a sound capital position, and makes adjustments to the capital structure in light of changes in economic conditions affecting the Group.

During the year, the Group's strategy in monitoring its capital structure, which was unchanged from 2019, was to maintain a sufficient cash level to meet its liquidity requirements.

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries are subject to externally imposed capital requirements.

# 21 Financial risk management and fair value measurement

The Group's major financial instruments include trade and other receivables, bank deposits and cash, trade and other payables and bank loans. Details of these financial instruments are disclosed in respective notes. The risks associated with these financial instruments and the policies on how the Group mitigates risks are set out below. The management manages and monitors these exposures to ensure appropriate measures are implemented on a timely and effective manner.

# 20 資本及儲備(續)

# 20.6 資本管理

本集團管理資本的主要目標為確保 本集團持續經營的能力,根據風險 水平來對服務定價並按合理的成本 獲得融資,繼續為股東帶來回報。

本集團積極及定期審閱及管理其資 本結構,以維持股東的較高回報(可 透過較高借貸水平達致)與穩健資本 狀況所帶來的優勢及保障的平衡, 並因應影響本集團的經濟狀況變動 調整資本結構。

於年內,本集團監察資本架構的策 略自二零一九年起維持不變,即維 持足夠現金水平以應付流動資金需要。

本公司及其任何附屬公司概無受到 外來施加的資本規定所規限。

#### 21 財務風險管理及公平值計量

本集團的主要財務工具包括貿易及其他 應收款項、銀行存款及現金、貿易及其 他應付款項及銀行貸款。該等財務工具 詳情於相關附註披露。與該等財務工具 相關的風險及本集團如何減低風險的政 策載於下文。管理層管理及監察該等風 險以確保及時有效實施適當措施。

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)(除另有指明外,均以港元列示)

#### 21 Financial risk management and fair value measurement (Continued)

#### 21 財務風險管理及公平值計量(續)

#### 21.1 金融資產及負債類別

21.1 Categories of financial assets and liabilities

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Financial assets	財務資產		
Financial assets at amortised cost	按攤銷成本列賬的金融資產		
Trade and other receivables*	貿易及其他應收款項*	13,394	21,913
Bank deposits and cash	銀行存款及現金	115,102	110,970
	스 패 슈 <i>建</i>	128,496	132,883
Financial liabilities Financial liabilities at amortised cost	<b>金融負債</b> 按攤銷成本列賬的金融負債		
	貿易及其他應付款項**	6 020	12,220
Trade and other payables** Bank loans	員勿反共他應內承項 銀行貸款	6,838 3,639	6,374
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	6,386	

Prepayment is excluded

Contract liabilities are excluded

#### 21.2 Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in a financial loss to the Group. The Group's credit risk is primarily attributable to trade receivables. The Group's exposure to credit risk arising from bank deposits and cash is limited because the counterparties are banks and financial institutions with high credit rating for which the Group considers to have low credit risk.

#### 21.2 信貸風險

撇除預付款項

撇除合約負債

信貸風險指對手方違反其合約責任 導致本集團承受財務虧損的風險。 本集團的信貸風險主要源自貿易應 收款項。本集團源自銀行存款及現 金的信貸風險有限,是因為對手方 為具高信貸評級的銀行及金融機構, 就此本集團認為信貸風險不高。

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)(除另有指明外,均以港元列示)

# 21 Financial risk management and fair value measurement (Continued)

#### 21.2 Credit risk (Continued)

#### Trade receivables

The Group's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristics of each customer rather than the industry or country in which the customers operate and therefore significant concentrations of credit risk primarily arise when the Group has significant exposure to individual customers. At the end of the reporting period, 53% (2019: 13%) and 56% (2019: 34%) of the total trade receivables was due from the Group's largest customer and the five largest customers respectively.

Individual credit evaluations are performed on all customers requiring credit over a certain amount. These evaluations focus on the customer's past history of making payments when due and current ability to pay, and take into account information specific to the customer as well as pertaining to the economic environment in which the customer operates. Trade receivables are due within 0 to 60 days from the date of billing. Normally, the Group does not obtain collateral from customers.

The Group measures loss allowances for trade receivables at an amount equal to lifetime ECL, which is calculated using a provision matrix. As the Group's historical credit loss experience does not indicate significantly different loss patterns for different customer segments, the loss allowance based on past due status is not further distinguished between the Group's different customer bases.

#### 21 財務風險管理及公平值計量(續)

#### 21.2 信貸風險(續)

貿易應收款項 本集團之信貸風險主要受各客戶個 別特點所影響,而非受客戶經營所 在行業或國家所影響。因此,重大 集中信貸風險主要來自本集團對個 別客戶承擔之重大風險。於報告期 末,貿易應收款項總額中53%(二零 一九年:13%)及56%(二零一九年: 34%)分別來自本集團最大客戶及五 大客戶。

我們就所有要求超過若干信貸金額 的客戶進行個別信貸評估。該等評 估主要針對客戶過往到期付款的司 錄及目前的付款能力,並考慮到有 關特定客戶及客戶經營業務所在之 經營環境的資料。貿易應收款項須 於發票日期起計0至60日內支付。 一般而言,本集團不會向客戶索取 抵押品。

本集團按等於全期預期信貸虧損的 金額,使用撥備矩陣計算貿易應收 款項的虧損撥備。由於本集團的過 往信貸虧損經驗並無顯示不同客戶 分部的虧損模式存在重大差異,故 此本集團並無就不同客戶基礎進一 步區分基於逾期狀態而劃分的虧損 撥備。

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)(除另有指明外,均以港元列示)

# 21 Financial risk management and fair value measurement (Continued)

# 21 財務風險管理及公平值計量(續)

#### 21.2 Credit risk (Continued)

21.2 信貸風險(續)

Trade receivables (Continued) The following table provides information about the Group's exposure to credit risk and ECL for trade receivables as at 31 March 2020 and 2019: 貿易應收款項(續) 下表載列本集團於二零二零年及二 零一九年三月三十一日的信貸風險 及貿易應收款項預期信貸虧損的資 料:

As at 31 March 2020	於二零二零年三月 三十一日	Expected loss rate 預期虧損率 % %	Gross carrying amount 賬面總值 HK\$'000 千港元	Individually impaired 個別減值 HK\$'000 千港元	Loss allowance 虧損撥備 HK\$'000 千港元	Total allowance 總撥備 HK\$'000 千港元
Current (not past due)	即期(無逾期)	0%	5,433	-	-	-
1–30 days past due	逾期1至30日	0%	1,833	-	-	-
31–60 days past due	逾期31至60日	0%	5	-	-	-
61–90 days past due	逾期61至90日	0%	93	-	-	-
More than 90 days past due	逾期超過90日	6.0%	240	(183)	(3)	(186)
			7,604	(183)	(3)	(186)
			Gross			
As at 31 March 2019	於二零一九年三月	Expected	Gross carrying	Individually	Loss	Total
As at 31 March 2019	於二零一九年三月 三十一日	loss rate	Gross carrying amount	Individually impaired	Loss allowance	Total allowance
As at 31 March 2019		loss rate 預期虧損率	Gross carrying amount 賬面總值	Individually impaired 個別減值	Loss allowance 虧損撥備	Total allowance 總撥備
As at 31 March 2019		loss rate 預期虧損率 %	Gross carrying amount 賬面總值 HK\$'000	Individually impaired 個別減值 HK\$'000	Loss allowance 虧損撥備 HK\$'000	Total allowance 總撥備 HK\$'000
As at 31 March 2019		loss rate 預期虧損率	Gross carrying amount 賬面總值	Individually impaired 個別減值	Loss allowance 虧損撥備	Total allowance 總撥備
As at 31 March 2019 Current (not past due)	三十一日 	loss rate 預期虧損率 %	Gross carrying amount 賬面總值 HK\$'000	Individually impaired 個別減值 HK\$'000	Loss allowance 虧損撥備 HK\$'000	Total allowance 總撥備 HK\$'000
	三十一日 即期(無逾期) 逾期1至30日	loss rate 預期虧損率 % %	Gross carrying amount 賬面總值 HK\$'000 千港元	Individually impaired 個別減值 HK\$'000	Loss allowance 虧損撥備 HK\$'000	Total allowance 總撥備 HK\$'000
Current (not past due)	三十一日 	loss rate 預期虧損率 % % 0%	Gross carrying amount 賬面總值 HK\$'000 千港元 7,103	Individually impaired 個別減值 HK\$'000	Loss allowance 虧損撥備 HK\$'000	Total allowance 總撥備 HK\$'000

6.0%

6,811

19,539

Expected loss rates are based on actual loss experience over the past 3 years. These rates are adjusted to reflect differences between economic conditions during the period over which the historic data has been collected, current conditions and the Group's view of economic conditions over the expected lives of the receivables.

逾期超過90日

預期虧損率乃基於過去三年的實際 虧損經驗。該等比率已作調整,以 反映收集過往數據期間經濟情況、 當前情況與本集團對應收款項預期 年期內經濟情況的觀點之間的差異。

(407)

(407)

(407)

(407)

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More than 90 days past due

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)(除另有指明外,均以港元列示)

# 21 Financial risk management and fair value measurement (Continued)

#### 21.2 Credit risk (Continued)

Other financial assets at amortised cost

Other financial assets at amortised cost include other receivables and deposits and bank balances and cash. In order to minimise the credit risk, the management of the Group would make periodic collective and individual assessment on the recoverability of other receivables and deposits based on historical settlement records and past experience as well as current information. Other monitoring procedures are in place to ensure that follow-up action is taken to recover overdue debts. In these regards, the credit risk of other receivables and deposits are considered to be low. Besides, the management is of opinion that there is no significant increase in credit risk on these other receivables and deposits since initial recognition as the risk of default is low and, thus, the ECL for other receivables and deposits are minimal under the 12-month ECL method.

The credit risk for bank balances and short-term bank deposits is considered negligible as the counterparties are reputable banks.

#### 21.3 Liquidity risk

The Group's policy is to regularly monitor its liquidity requirements and its compliance with lending covenants, to ensure that it maintains sufficient reserves of cash and adequate committed lines of funding from major financial institutions to meet its liquidity requirements in the short and longer term.

#### 21 財務風險管理及公平值計量(續)

#### 21.2 信貸風險(續)

其他按攤銷成本列賬的金融 資產

其他按攤銷成本列賬的金融資產包 括其他應收款項及按金和銀行結餘 及現金。為將信貸風險降至最低, 本集團管理層會根據過往結付記錄 及以往經驗以及現有資料對其他應 收款項及按金的可收回性進行定期 集中及個別評估。本集團制訂其他 監督程序,以確保採取跟進行動收 回逾期債務。就此而言,其他應收 款項及按金的信貸風險被視為低。 此外,管理層認為此等其他應收款 項及按金的信貸風險自初步確認以 來並未顯著增加,因為違約風險低, 故此,其他應收款項及按金的預期 信貸虧損根據12個月預期信貸虧損 法計量屬微平其微。

銀行結餘及短期銀行存款的信貸風 險被視為微不足道,因為對手方為 具信譽的銀行。

#### 21.3 流動資金風險

本集團的政策為定期監察流動資金 需求及遵守借貸契諾的情況,確保 維持足夠現金儲備及主要財務機構 提供足夠承諾信貸額,以應付短期 及長期的流動資金需求。

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)(除另有指明外,均以港元列示)

# 21 Financial risk management and fair value measurement (Continued)

#### 21.3 Liquidity risk (Continued)

The Group's liquidity position and compliance with loan covenants are monitored closely by the management of the Group. The following table details the Group's contractual maturity for its financial liabilities at the end of the reporting period. The table has been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities based on the earliest date on which the Group can be required to pay. The table includes both interest and principal cash flows.

#### 21 財務風險管理及公平值計量(續)

#### 21.3 流動資金風險(續)

本集團的流動資金狀況及貸款契諾 遵守情況由本集團管理層密切監察。 下表詳列本集團於報告期末財務負 債的合約到期情況。有關列表乃根 據本集團可能被要求付款的最早日 期釐定的財務負債未貼現現金流量 編製。有關列表包括利息及現金流 量本金。

#### Contractual undiscounted cash flow 合約未貼現現金流量 More than More than Within one year two years but less one year but Carrying or on than less than More than amount at demand two years five years five years Total Discount 31 March 於三月 一年以上 兩年以上 於一年內 三十一日 或按要求 但兩年以內 但五年以內 五年以上 總計 貼現 的賬面值 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 千港元 千港元 千港元 千港元 千港元 千港元 千港元

2020	二零二零年							
Bank loans subject to	附帶按要求償還條							
repayment on demand	款的銀行貸款:							
clauses: scheduled	議定還款							
repayments		243	243	730	3,550	4,766	(1,127)	3,639
Trade payables	貿易應付款項	3,653	-	-	-	3,653	-	3,653
Other payables and accrued	其他應付款項及							
expenses	應計費用	3,185	-	-	-	3,185	-	3,185
		7,081	243	730	3,550	11,604	(1,127)	10,477

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)(除另有指明外,均以港元列示)

#### 21 Financial risk management and fair value measurement (Continued)

# 21 財務風險管理及公平值計量(續)

# 21.3 Liquidity risk (Continued)

# 21.3 流動資金風險(續)

					l undiscount			
			N4 11		可未貼現現金	江重		
			More than	More than				
			one year	two years				
		Within	but	but				Carrying
		one year or	less than	less than	More than			amount at
		on demand	two years	five years	five years	Total	Discount	31 March
								於三月
		於一年內	一年以上	兩年以上				三十一日
		或按要求	但兩年以內	但五年以內	五年以上	總計	貼現	的賬面值
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
2019	二零一九年							
Bank loans subject to	附帶按要求償還條	Ę						
repayment on demand	款的銀行貸款:							
clauses: scheduled	議定還款							
repayments		363	363	1,089	6,720	8,535	(2,161)	6,374
Trade payables	貿易應付款項	7,571	-	-	-	7,571	-	7,571
Other payables and accrued	其他應付款項及							
expenses	應計費用	4,649	-	-	-	4,649	_	4,649
		10 500	000	1 000	0 700	00 755	(0.1.01)	10 504
		12,583	363	1,089	6,720	20,755	(2,161)	18,594

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)(除另有指明外,均以港元列示)

# 21 Financial risk management and fair value measurement (Continued)

#### 21 財務風險管理及公平值計量(續)

#### 21.4 Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Group's interest rate risk arises primarily from bank loans. Borrowings issued at variable rates expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk. The Group monitors the level of its variable rate borrowings and manages the contractual terms of the interest-bearing financial liabilities. The Group's interest rate profile as monitored by management is set out below.

#### 21.4 利率風險

利率風險為金融工具的公平值或未 來現金流量將因市場利率變動而波 動的風險。本集團的利率風險主要 源於銀行貸款。浮息借貸令本集團 承受現金流量利率風險。本集團監 察其浮息借貸水平及管理計息財務 負債的合約條款。本集團由管理層 監察的利率組合載於下文。

Interest rate profile	利率組合
The Group	本集團

		2020		2019		
		二零二零	零年	二零一九年		
		Effective		Effective		
		interest		interest		
		rate	Amount	rate	Amount	
		實際利率	金額	實際利率	金額	
			HK\$'000		HK\$'000	
			千港元		千港元	
Variable rate borrowings:	浮息借貨:					
Bank loans	銀行貸款	3.43%	3,639	2.70%	6,374	

#### Sensitivity analysis

At 31 March 2020, it is estimated that a general increase/decrease of 50 basis points in interest rates, with all other variables held constant, would have decreased/increased the Group's profit after taxation and retained profits by approximately HK\$15,000 (2019: HK\$27,000). Other components of consolidated equity would not be affected in response to a general increase/decrease in interest rates.

#### 敏感度分析

於二零二零年三月三十一日,估計 利率整體上升/下降50個基點,在 所有其他變量保持不變的情況下, 本集團的除税後溢利及保留盈利將 減少/增加約15,000港元(二零一九 年:27,000港元)。其他綜合權益部 分將不會因利率整體上升/下降而 受到影響。

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)(除另有指明外,均以港元列示)

# 21 Financial risk management and fair value measurement (Continued)

#### 21.4 Interest rate risk (Continued)

Sensitivity analysis (Continued)

The sensitivity analysis above indicates the annualised impact on the Group's interest expense that would arise assuming that the change in interest rates had occurred at the end of the reporting period and had been applied to the secured bank loans which exposes the Group's to cash flow interest rate risk at that date. The analysis is performed on the same basis as 2019.

#### 21.5 Currency risk

The Company's and its subsidiary functional currency and presentation currency are Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$").

The Group is exposed to currency risk primarily through sales and purchases which give rise to receivables, payables and cash balances that are denominated in a foreign currency, i.e. a currency other than the functional currency of the operations to which the transactions relate. The currencies giving rise to this risk are primarily United States dollars ("USD"), Euros ("EUR"), Japanese Yen ("JPY") and Renminbi ("RMB").

As the HK\$ is pegged to the USD, the Group does not expect any significant movements in the USD/HK\$ exchange rate.

#### 21 財務風險管理及公平值計量(續)

#### 21.4 利率風險(續)

敏感度分析(續) 假設利率變動於報告期末時已經發 生,並已用於該日本集團面臨現金 流量利率風險之有抵押銀行貸款上, 上述敏感度分析顯示本集團將出現 的利息開支的年度化影響。有關分 析按二零一九年之相同基準進行。

#### 21.5 貨幣風險

本公司及其附屬公司的功能貨幣及 呈列貨幣為港元(「港元」)。

本集團面對之貨幣風險主要來自因 買賣而產生之應收款項、應付款項 及現金結餘,該等項目乃按外幣(即 交易所涉業務之功能貨幣以外之貨 幣)計值。產生有關風險之貨幣主要 為美元(「美元」)、歐元(「歐元」)、 日圓(「日圓」)及人民幣(「人民幣」)。

由於港元與美元掛鈎,本集團預期 美元/港元匯率不會有任何重大變動。

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(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)(除另有指明外,均以港元列示)

# 21 Financial risk management and fair value measurement (Continued)

#### 21.5 Currency risk (Continued)

#### Exposure to currency risk

The following table details the Group's exposure at the end of the reporting period to currency risk arising from recognised assets or liabilities denominated in a currency other than the functional currency of entity to which they relate. For presentation purposes, the amounts of the exposure are shown in HK\$, translated using spot rate at the year end date.

# 21 財務風險管理及公平值計量(續)

#### 21.5 貨幣風險(續)

承受之貨幣風險

下表詳列本集團於報告期末以有關 實體之功能貨幣以外之貨幣計值之 已確認資產或負債所產生之貨幣風 險。有關風險承擔之金額乃按年度 結算日之即期匯率換算為港元,以 作呈列之用。

#### Exposure to foreign currencies (expressed in Hong Kong dollars) 承受的外匯風險 (以港元呈列)

			202	0			201	9	
			二零二	零年			_零-	九年	
		USD	EUR	JPY	RMB	USD	EUR	JPY	RMB
		美元	歐元	日圓	人民幣	美元	歐元	日圓	人民幣
		HK\$'000							
		千港元							
Trade and other receivables	貿易及其他								
	應收款項	11,480	36	223	443	29,896	37	874	282
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	27,732	111	8,575	6,280	14,549	115	8,382	6,658
Trade and other payables	貿易及其他								
	應付款項	(4,754)	-	(502)	-	(12,794)	-	(683)	(715)
Net exposure arising from	已確認資產及								
recognised assets and	負債所產生之								
liabilities	風險淨額	34,458	147	8,296	6,723	31,651	152	8,573	6,225

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)(除另有指明外,均以港元列示)

# 21 Financial risk management and fair value measurement (Continued)

#### 21.5 Currency risk (Continued)

#### Sensitivity analysis

The following table indicates the instantaneous change in the Group's profit after tax (and retained profits) and other components of consolidated equity that would arise if foreign exchange rates to which the Group has significant exposure at the end of the reporting period had changed at that date, assuming all other risk variables remained constant. In this respect, it is assumed that the pegged rate between the HK\$ and the USD would be materially unaffected by any changes in movement in value of the USD against other currencies.

# 21 財務風險管理及公平值計量(續)

#### 21.5 貨幣風險(續)

敏感度分析

下表列示本集團於報告期末面對重 大風險之匯率如於該日出現變動將 可能導致本集團除税後溢利(及保留 盈利)和其他綜合權益部分出現之即 時變動(假設所有其他風險可變動因 素維持不變)。就此而言,乃假設港 元與美元之聯繫匯率不會因美元兑 其他貨幣之任何價值變動而受到重 大影響。

The Group

		2020 零二零年	2019 二零一九年		
	Increase	/ Effect on	Increase/	Effect on	
	(decrease) in	n profit after	(decrease) in	profit after	
	foreign ta	tax and	foreign tax	tax and	
	exchange	e retained	exchange	retained	
	rate	s profits	rates	profits	
		對除税後		對除税後	
	匯率上升/	~ 溢利及保留	匯率上升/	溢利及保留	
	(下跌	) 盈利的影響	(下跌)	盈利的影響	
		HK\$'000		HK\$'000	
		千港元		千港元	
EUR	次元 <b>5%</b>	6	10%	14	
	(5)%	(6)	(10)%	(14)	
JPY E	日圓 5%	347	10%	854	
	(5)%	(347)	(10)%	(854)	
RMB	人民幣 5%	281	10%	630	
	(5)%	<b>(281)</b>	(10)%	(630)	

本集團

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)(除另有指明外,均以港元列示)

# 21 Financial risk management and fair value measurement (Continued)

#### 21.5 Currency risk (Continued)

Sensitivity analysis (Continued) Results of the analysis as presented in the above table represent an aggregation of the instantaneous effects on each of the Group entities' profit after tax and equity measured in the respective functional currencies, translated to the HK\$ at the exchange rate ruling at the end of the reporting period for presentation purposes.

The sensitivity analysis assumes that the change in foreign exchange rates had been applied to remeasure those financial instruments held by the Group which expose the Group to foreign currency risk at the end of the reporting period. The analysis is performed on the same basis for 2019.

#### 21.6 Fair value measurement

The carrying amounts of the Group's financial instruments carried at amounts were not materially different from their fair values as at 31 March 2020 and 2019.

#### 21 財務風險管理及公平值計量(續)

#### 21.5 貨幣風險(續)

敏感度分析(續) 上表呈列之分析結果總結了本集團 各實體以相關功能貨幣計量之除税 後溢利及權益之即時影響,有關影 響以報告期末之匯率換算為港元呈報。

敏感度分析乃假設匯率變動已用於 重新計量本集團所持有令本集團於 報告期末承受外匯風險之財務工具。 有關分析按二零一九年之相同基準 進行。

#### 21.6 公平值計量

於二零二零年及二零一九年三月 三十一日,本集團金融工具的賬面 值與其公平值並無重大差異。

綜合財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)(除另有指明外,均以港元列示)

#### 22 Commitments

#### 22 承擔

# 22.1 Lease commitments22.1 租賃承擔The Group as lessee本集團作為承租人At the reporting date, the lease commitments for<br/>short-term leases (2019: total future minimum lease<br/>payments payable by the Group under non-cancellable<br/>operating leases) are as follows:22.1 租賃承擔如下:本集團作為承租人<br/>於報告日期,短期租賃的租賃承擔(二<br/>零一九年:本集團根據不可撤銷之<br/>經營租賃所應支付的未來最低租賃<br/>付款總額)如下:

		2020	2019
		二零二零年	二零一九年
		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Within 1 year	一年內	_	2,558
After 1 year but within 5 years	一年後但五年內	_	1,343

The Group is the lessee in respect of properties held under leases which were previously classified as operating leases under HKAS 17. The Group has initially applied HKFRS 16 using the modified retrospective approach. Under this approach, the Group adjusted the opening balances at 1 April 2019 to recognise lease liabilities relating to these leases (see note 2.3). From 1 April 2019 onwards, future lease payments are recognised as lease liabilities in the consolidated statement of financial position and the details regarding the Group's future lease payments are disclosed in note 18. 本集團為根據租賃所持物業的承租 人,該等租賃先前根據香港會計準 則第17號分類為經營租賃。本集團 已採用經修訂追溯法初步採納香港 財務報告準則第16號。根據此方法, 本集團已調整二零一九四月一日的 期初結餘,藉此確認有關租賃的負 債(見附註2.3)。由二零一九年四月 一日開始,未來租賃付款將於綜合 財務狀況表確認為租賃負債;有關 本集團的未來租賃付款,其詳情於 附註18披露。

3,901

綜合財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)(除另有指明外,均以港元列示)

#### 22 Commitments (Continued)

22 承擔(續) 22.2 資本承擔

22.2 Capital commitments

# 2020 2019 二零二零年 二零一九年 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 千港元 千港元 Contracted but not provided for capital injection to a joint venture 已訂約但未撥備的合資公 可注資 3,000

This represents capital commitment for capital contribution for 30% equity interest on the paid-up capital of Grand Amuse Development Limited, a private company incorporated in Hong Kong, under the joint venture agreement signed on 30 March 2020. Further details are set out in the Company's announcement dated on 30 March 2020.

#### 這代表就康佰發展有限公司已繳足 資本出資30%股權的資本承擔, 該公司為一間根據二零二零年三月 三十日簽立的合資公司協議於香港 註冊成立的私人公司。更多詳情載 於本公司日期為二零二零年三月 三十日之公告。

#### 23 Material related party transaction

(a) Key management personnel remuneration Remuneration for key management personnel of the Group, including amounts paid to the Company's directors as disclosed in note 8, is as follows:

# 23 關連方的重大交易

(a) 主要管理人員薪酬 本集團主要管理人員的薪酬(包括附 註8所披露支付予本公司董事的金額) 載列如下:

		2020 二零二零年	2019 二零一九年
_		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Short-term employee benefits Post-employment benefits	短期僱員福利 離職後福利	4,897 72	4,656 70

#### (b) Balance with related party

#### (b) 與關連方的結餘

4.969

4,726

		2020 一 <b>一</b> 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一	2019
		二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Amount due to director <i>(Note i)</i>	應付董事款項(附註i)	746	755

Note:

(i)

The balance will be repayable on demand.

該結餘將按要求償還。

附註:

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)(除另有指明外,均以港元列示)

# 24 Company-level statement of financial 24 公司層面財務狀況表 position

			2020	2019
		Note	二零二零年 HK\$'000	二零一九年 HK\$'000
		附註	币K3 000 千港元	<b>FK</b> 000 千港元
Non-current assets	非流動資產			
Investments in subsidiaries	於附屬公司的投資		933	545
Current assets	流動資產			
Deposit and other receivables	按金及其他應收款項		146	-
Amounts due from subsidiaries	應收附屬公司款項		71,128	91,479
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物		10,928	2,265
			82,202	93,744
Current liabilities	流動負債			
Amounts due to subsidiaries	應付附屬公司款項		5,624	16,823
Other payables and accrued	其他應付款項及應計開支		0,021	10,020
expenses			125	16
			5,749	16,839
Net current assets	流動資產淨值		76,453	76,905
Net assets	資產淨值		77,386	77,450
Capital and reserves	資本及儲備			
Share capital	股本	20.2	10,000	10,000
Share premium	股份溢價	20.1	66,991	66,991
Merger reserve	合併儲備	20.1	155	155
Retained profits	保留盈利	20.1	240	304
Total equity	總權益		77,386	77,450

Approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 23 June 2020.

董事會於二零二零年六月二十三日批准 並授權刊發。

LI Wai Keung 李偉強 Director 董事

TO Hoi Pan 杜海斌 Director 董事

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)(除另有指明外,均以港元列示)

# 25 Immediate parent and ultimate controlling party

At 31 March 2020, the directors consider the Company's immediate parent and ultimate controlling party to be Infinite Force Holdings Limited, a limited company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands and Mr. Li Wai Keung respectively.

#### 26 Events after the reporting date

Following the outbreak of Coronavirus Disease 2019 ("the COVID-19 outbreak") in early 2020, a series of precautionary and control measures have been and continued to be implemented over the world, which has affected the business and economic activities of the Group to certain extent. Pending on the development of the COVID-19 outbreak subsequent to the date of these financial statements, further changes in economic conditions for the Group arising thereof may have impact on the financial results of the Group. The overall financial effect of the above cannot be reliably estimated as of the date of these attention to the development of the COVID-19 outbreak and continue to evaluate its impact on the financial position and operating results of the Group.

#### 25 直接母公司及最終控股方

於二零二零年三月三十一日,董事認為 本公司的直接母公司及最終控股方分別 為Infinite Force Holdings Limited (於英屬 維爾京群島註冊成立的有限公司)及李偉 強先生。

#### 26 報告期後事項

2019冠狀病毒病於二零二零年初爆發 (「2019冠狀病毒病疫情」)以後,一系列 防控措施已經並將繼續於全球範圍內實 施,已在一定程度上影響本集團的業務 及經濟活動。該等財務報告日期後,隨 著2019冠狀病毒病疫情的發展,本集團 的經濟狀況由此產生的進一步變動可能 對本集團財務業績造成影響。截至該等 就合財務報表日期,上述事件的整體財 務影響無法可靠估計。本集團將密切關 注2019冠狀病毒病疫情的進展,並繼續 評估其對本集團財務狀況及經營業績的 影響。

# PARTICULARS OF PROPERTIES

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物業附表

Pro 物業	perty ٤		Percentage interest of the Group 本集團 佔有權益之 百分比	<b>Floor Area</b> <b>樓面面積</b> (sq.ft) (平方呎)	Usage as at 31 March 2020 於二零二零年 三月三十一日 之用途
1	Flat C on 59th Floor of Tower 2 The Dynasty No. 18 Yeung Uk Road Tsuen Wan, New Territories Hong Kong	香港 新界荃灣 楊屋道18號 御凱 2座59樓C室	100%	744	Director's quarter 董事宿舍
2	Workshop No. 1 on 14/F Wang Lung Industrial Building No. 11 Lung Tak Street Tsuen Wan, New Territories Hong Kong	香港 新界荃灣 龍德街11號 宏龍工業大廈 14樓1號車間	100%	1,759	Warehouse 倉庫

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# **FINANCIAL SUMMARY** 財務概要

A Summary of the results and of the assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five financial years extracted from the audited financial statements in this annual report and the prospectus of the Company dated 18 May 2018, is as follows:

本集團於過去五個財政年度的業績以及資產 及負債(摘錄自本年報經審核財務報表及本公 司日期為二零一八年五月十八日的招股章程) 概要如下:

		2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
		二零二零年	二零一九年	二零一八年	二零一七年	二零一六年
		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Revenue	收益	206,965	182,583	132,025	136,888	123,154
Cost of sales	銷售成本	(164,783)	(137,423)	(95,733)	(96,766)	(90,942)
Gross profit	毛利	42,182	45,160	36,292	40,122	32,212
Operating expenses	經營開支	(30,858)	(24,661)	(15,522)	(24,383)	(10,115)
Profit before tax	除税前溢利	11,324	20,499	20,770	15,739	22,097
Income tax expenses	所得税開支	(3,874)	(5,378)	(3,860)	(4,467)	(3,838)
Profit for the year	年內溢利	7,450	15,121	16,910	11,272	18,259
Earnings per share	每股盈利					
Basic and diluted (in cents)	基本及攤薄(以仙計)	0.75	1.58	2.25	1.50	2.43
Assets and liabilities	資產及負債					
Non-current assets	非流動資產	27,627	26,857	25,408	22,968	18,989
Current assets	流動資產	177,331	162,892	66,885	64,679	75,304
Current liabilities	流動負債	31,223	26,208	20,891	27,272	40,880
Total assets less current	總資產減流動負債					
liabilities		173,735	163,541	71,402	60,375	53,413
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債	3,541	771	770	653	963
Net assets	資產淨值	170,194	162,770	70,632	59,722	52,450
Capital and reserves	資本及儲備					
Share capital	股本	10,000	10,000	-	-	129
Reserves	儲備	160,194	152,770	70,632	59,722	52,321
Total equity	總權益	170,194	162,770	70,632	59,722	52,450

