

The background of the cover is a futuristic digital cityscape. It features several tall, blue, translucent skyscrapers of varying heights and widths. The buildings are composed of geometric shapes and are filled with glowing blue and white light effects, including vertical lines of light and small, sparkling particles. The overall color palette is dominated by light blues, whites, and soft pinks, creating a clean, high-tech aesthetic. A large, thin red line forms a large, irregular shape that frames the top-left portion of the page, containing the title text.

Annual Report
2020/2021

nomad
HOLDINGS LIMITED

Nomad Technologies Holdings Limited

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with Limited Liability)

Stock Code: 8645

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*This report, for which the directors (the “**Directors**”) of Nomad Technologies Holdings Limited (the “**Company**”) collectively and individually accept full responsibility, includes particulars given in compliance with the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on GEM of the Stock Exchange (the “**GEM Listing Rules**”) for the purpose of giving information with regard to the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the “**Group**”). The Directors, having made all reasonable enquiries, confirm that to the best of their knowledge and belief the information contained in this report is accurate and complete in all material respects and not misleading or deceptive, and there are no other matters the omission of which would make any statement herein or this report misleading.*

CONTENTS

Pages

| | |
|-----|---|
| 2 | Corporate Information |
| 3 | Chairman's Statement |
| 5 | Management Discussion and Analysis |
| 17 | Directors and Senior Management Profile |
| 21 | Report of the Directors |
| 33 | Corporate Governance Report |
| 47 | Independent Auditor's Report |
| 53 | Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income |
| 54 | Consolidated Statement of Financial Position |
| 56 | Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity |
| 57 | Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows |
| 59 | Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements |
| 112 | Financial Summary |

CORPORATE INFORMATION

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

Dato' Eric Tan Chwee Kuang
Mr. Yu Decai (Appointed on 21 July 2021)
Mr. Saw Zhe Wei (Resigned on 21 July 2021)

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. Chen Youchun (Appointed on 5 July 2021)
Mr. Lim Peng Chuan Terence
Mr. Phua Cheng Sye Charles
Mr. Yau Yeung On (Resigned on 5 July 2021)

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Mr. Lim Peng Chuan Terence (Chairman)
Mr. Chen Youchun (Appointed on 5 July 2021)
Mr. Phua Cheng Sye Charles
Mr. Yau Yeung On (Resigned on 5 July 2021)

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Phua Cheng Sye Charles (Chairman)
Mr. Lim Peng Chuan Terence
Dato' Eric Tan Chwee Kuang

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Chen Youchun (Chairman) (Appointed on 5 July 2021)
Mr. Lim Peng Chuan Terence
Dato' Eric Tan Chwee Kuang
Mr. Yau Yeung On (Chairman) (Resigned on 5 July 2021)

COMPANY SECRETARY

Ms. Wong Po Lam (CPA) (Appointed on 1 January 2021)
Mr. Tam Chun Wai Edwin (CPA) (Resigned on 1 January 2021)

AUTHORISED REPRESENTATIVES

Ms. Wong Po Lam (CPA) (Appointed on 1 January 2021)
Dato' Eric Tan Chwee Kuang
Mr. Tam Chun Wai Edwin (CPA) (Resigned on 1 January 2021)

COMPLIANCE OFFICER

Dato' Eric Tan Chwee Kuang

COMPLIANCE ADVISER

Pulsar Capital Limited
Room 1204, 12/F.
Jubilee Centre
18 Fenwick Street
Wanchai, Hong Kong

HONG KONG LEGAL ADVISER

TC & Co.
Units 2201-2203
22/F, Tai Tung Building, 8 Fleming Road
Wanchai, Hong Kong

AUDITOR

Mazars CPA Limited
Certified Public Accountants
42/F, Central Plaza
18 Harbour Road, Wanchai
Hong Kong

REGISTERED OFFICE IN THE CAYMAN ISLANDS

Windward 3, Regatta Office Park
PO Box 1350, Grand Cayman KY1-1108
Cayman Islands

HEAD OFFICE AND PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

Unit B, 13/F, Winsan Tower
98 Thomson Road, Wanchai
Hong Kong

HEAD OFFICE AND PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN MALAYSIA

No.25, 25-1 & 25-3, Jalan MH 3
Taman Muzaffar Heights
75450 Ayer Keroh
Melaka, Malaysia

PRINCIPAL BANKER

Malayan Bank Berhad
14th Floor, Menara Maybank
100 Jalan Tun Perak, 50050
Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia

CAYMAN ISLANDS PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Ocorian Trust (Cayman) Limited
Windward 3, Regatta Office Park
PO Box 1350, Grand Cayman KY1-1108
Cayman Islands

HONG KONG BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited
Shops 1712-1716
17/F, Hopewell Centre,
183 Queen's Road East, Wanchai,
Hong Kong
(Appointed on 28 July 2021)

Tricor Investor Services Limited
Level 54, Hopewell Centre,
183 Queen's Road East,
Hong Kong
(Resigned on 28 July 2021)

STOCK CODE

8645

WEBSITE OF THE COMPANY

www.nomad-holdings.com

Dear Shareholders,

On behalf of the board of the directors (the “**Board**”) of Nomad Technologies Holdings Limited (the “**Company**”, and together with its subsidiaries, the “**Group**”), I am pleased to present the annual report and the financial statements of the Group for the year ended 30 June 2021.

INTRODUCTION

Ever since the Company's shares (the “**Shares**”) were successfully listed on GEM of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the “**Stock Exchange**”) by way of share offer (the “**Share Offer**”) on 9 December 2019 (the “**Listing**”), the Group are pleased with the reception it has received for the keen interest from the Share Offer. Through the Listing, the Group has obtained public funding to finance its future development and further capturing the opportunities as in line with the Group's long term objective in strengthening our position as one of the major players of Information and Communication Technology (“**ICT**”) industry in Malaysia.

As the Company just started to begin our expansion, we were faced with the global pandemic outbreak forcing many businesses including us to be extra prudent on spending and expansion. According to the latest economic report as excerpt from the World Bank, Malaysia's economy is projected to grow by 4.5 percent in 2021 amid a dramatic resurgence of the COVID-19 virus beginning in mid-April 2021. This recent spike in infections is raising concerns about the overall capacity of Malaysia's health system and the effects of the ongoing cycle of opening and closing the economy on households and firms, according to the World Bank Malaysia Economic Monitor: Weathering the Surge, launched in June 2021. This latest projection is lower than earlier forecasts of 6.0 percent growth, reflecting a slower pathway toward suppressing the pandemic and a slower-than-expected vaccine rollout.

CURRENT ECONOMY OUTLOOK

According to the report, Malaysia's immediate priority must focus on the efficient and sustained management of the ongoing pandemic and its effects on individuals, households, and firms. Protecting the lives and health of citizens – and thereby preventing further strains on the country's health system – is vital to ensure a safe resumption of economic activities and a prevention of a more protracted economic downturn.

“The Special Committee on COVID-19 Vaccine Supply is putting all its resources toward achieving the country's vaccination goal,” says Khairy Jamaluddin, Minister for Science, Technology and Innovation and Coordinating Minister for the COVID-19 National Immunisation Programme. “The panacea to break the painful tradeoff between lives and livelihoods is quite simply, vaccinations. Immunisation works.”

Malaysia's economic recovery hinges on policies to promote immediate relief and on clear, accessible and targeted support programs to enable firms to preserve liquidity. Recovery efforts should include the extension of conditional wage subsidies, improving the predictability of Standard Operating Procedure (SOP) regulations, and expediting approvals and disbursements for existing loans. In the medium and long term, however, deep and structural reforms will be required for a private-led post-pandemic economic recovery.

“Throughout the past year, the World Bank Group's Inclusive Growth and Sustainable Finance Hub in Malaysia has worked closely with the Government to address and monitor the effects of the pandemic on the country's economy. Real-time surveys have shown that Malaysian firms are more vulnerable than their regional peers and that the pandemic is exacerbating issues that the country's private sector was already grappling with before the pandemic,” said Victoria Kwakwa, World Bank Vice President for the East Asia and Pacific Region. “As a post-pandemic recovery will largely be driven by the private sector, efforts should be made to enhance the resilience of this sector over the medium-to-long term.”

REVIEW

It has been a challenging year to our Group and specifically the outbreak of the Novel Coronavirus (“**COVID-19**”) has brought certain impacts on the business operation and overall economy in the global business environment. The year 2020 was a huge black mark for Malaysian businesses. Most sectors took a hit financially, and definitely, all businesses were affected operationally at varying degrees.

However, the struggle did not just end in 2020. For almost two years, the world and Malaysia in particular have been mired in a pandemic that seems to be never ending, with many stops and starts of movement control orders (MCOs). To a certain extent, the outbreak has affected the negotiation of some new and on-going projects due to market uncertainty. Federal Government of Malaysia has implemented a series of measures to contain the epidemic and the new norm is going through normalization process for the community to get used to, which indirectly also impacts our efficiency in delivering projects.

Despite of experiencing the side effect of the pandemic, the Group has managed to steer the business in a steady growth by contributing an increase in the Group performance and overall revenue with 7% higher than previous year. The growth was mainly contributed from the Group strategic business approach by leveraging our experiences, productivity, and efficiency in managing external and internal risk which includes adapting to multi-platforms in reaching the customers. The Group foresees that there will still be challenges in near future due to economic uncertainties that's affecting local markets as the opportunity become smaller for all the players in the industry to grab.

The Group has taken necessary and strategic steps in maintaining its price competitiveness to remain relevant among the active industry players. This however has impacted the Group gross profit by experiencing slight decreased by 5% as many of the customer has still adopting a "wait and see" attitude while Malaysia is still experiencing lockdown and movement control due to pandemic outbreak, most businesses are cutting off significant expenditures by operating in minimal operations. Nevertheless, the Group expects to face more challenges and opportunities in the forthcoming financial year. We will keep a close watch on the development of the situation, continue to refine our management system and make timely adjustments to our operations and sales strategies.

PROSPECT

The Group foresees that there will be challenges in the years ahead due to economic uncertainties that affect many markets at the moment. However, the Group remain positive and optimistic in implementing our business expansion and the Group believes that the financial resources obtained by the Group from the Listing will further strengthen its position and enable the Group to implement business strategies set out in the prospectus dated 25 November 2019 (the "**Prospectus**").

The Group intends to explore markets outside Malaysia and expand its current business of rendering of network support services and network connectivity services into markets in Hong Kong and the People's Republic of China. In July 2021, the Group has acquired the entire equity interests in China Mebugs Technology Holding Limited which together with its wholly-owned subsidiary, 米蟲科技信息(深圳)有限公司 (Mebugs Technology Information (Shenzhen) Co., Limited*) ("**Mebugs (Shenzhen)**"), were incorporated in June 2021 with authorities to carry on the businesses of providing IT services, cloud security, cloud as a service, network security and internet security management. The Group believes that such acquisition will be able to broaden its source of income, facilitate its business growth according to the market conditions with an aim to enhance its financial performance and returns to the Shareholders in the long run. In September 2021, Mebugs (Shenzhen) and 杭州超級科技有限公司 (Hangzhou Super Technologies Co., Limited*) entered into a strategic cooperation agreement, for a term from 1 October 2021 to 31 December 2024, to establish a comprehensive and in-depth strategic partnership in the field of providing internet solutions and products based on cloud computing and blockchain technology for companies which have higher demand for servers and information security. It is expected that the cooperation will bring significant business opportunities to the Group's business expansion in the field on other information technology related businesses, including but not limited to internet security protection business and high-defense server leasing business.

Looking forward, the Group is committed to implement prudent and a cautious approach on the development of the existing businesses and seek for better business opportunities to mitigate the impacts of the market's current volatility and to improve the performance of the Group in order to safeguard the interest of the shareholders of the Company (the "**Shareholders**").

APPRECIATION

On behalf of the Board, I would like to express our sincerest gratitude to our valued Shareholders, customers and business partners for your trust and persistent support. Besides, I would also like to express our deepest thankfulness to our management team and staff for their hard work and dedication throughout the years. We look forward to creating a prosperous future of the Group from the financial year of 2021/2022 onwards.

Dato' Eric Tan Chwee Kuang

Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

Malaysia, 24 September 2021

BUSINESS REVIEW

The Company is an investment holding company and the Group is principally engaged in rendering of (i) network support services mainly encompassing network infrastructure design and hardware installation, network management and security services; and (ii) network connectivity services that focus on providing intranet and internet connectivity solutions and value-added services.

The shares of the Company were successfully listed on GEM of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited by way of Share Offer on 9 December 2019, enhancing our capital strength and reinforcing the resources for future development as in line with the Group's long term objective in strengthening our position as one of the major players in the Information and Communication Technology (“ICT”) industry in Malaysia has been an important milestone for the Group.

COVID-19 THE REALITY OF “THE NEW NORM”

The onset of the COVID-19 has exposed existing weak links across industries, government and in all corners of the world impacting global and local economy. The urgency and importance of addressing these weak links have radically shifted and many decisions and discussions have been brought forward to be in extra caution in every step all the way. The Company is no exception either as frequent meeting with the key management people to understand and see through any existing and new potential threats from employee safety, business growth, operating expenditure and so on.

The COVID-19 started as a health crisis, which quickly evolved into a global economic crisis at a speed and magnitude we have not seen in our lifetime. The ripple effects are still unfolding on a global scale and it is unlikely that the true impact of this pandemic can be measured until the situation stabilizes. As a saying, when things get tough, the tough gets going. The Company is committed to ensure that business is carried on as usual while enduring this challenging times. The Company believes that when this uncertain anxiety passes, customer sentiment will cautiously improve towards recovery post COVID-19.

Business in Malaysia is no exception and has been adversely affected especially with the third wave of the outbreak currently happening in Malaysia. Many businesses have taken a careful step in their expansion and expenditure that resulted in some new and on-going projects being put on hold or delayed due to market uncertainty. The Federal Government of Malaysia has implemented a series of measures to contain the pandemic and the new norm is going through normalisation process for the community to get used to, which indirectly also impacted our efficiency in delivering projects. The Group will stay alert on the development and situation of the COVID-19, continue to assess its impacts on the financial position and operating results of the Group and to take necessary action to maintain stability of the businesses.

On the pandemic front, the Malaysian Government has received international recognition for its efforts regarding testing, contact tracing, quarantine, and treatment of the COVID-19, while keeping first responders safe and providing reliable information and advice to the public, daily updated information on the numbers and rates of infection, fatalities and recoveries and identification of ‘hot spots’ track progress in ‘flattening the curve’.

To break the transmission by restricting movement and contact, the Malaysian Government imposed a Movement Control Order (“MCO”) starting 18 March 2020 which imposed stay-at-home orders, banned outdoor activities which include interstate travel and shut down all businesses except a few designated essential services and the natural resource sectors. The MCO order has been extended multiple times and has, at times, switched to either the Conditional Movement Control Order, or the Recovery Movement Control Order with almost all economic activities and public movements allowed but under strict health and safety Standard Operating Procedures.

However, followed by the number of rising cases of the COVID-19 in Malaysia in early of May 2021, the Malaysian Government has re-imposed MCO starting 10 May 2021 to 14 June 2021. On 15 June 2021, the Prime Minister of Malaysia, Tan Sri Muhyiddin Yassin, unveiled the four-phase National Recovery Plan whereby movement control measures will be gradually eased as Malaysia transitions from one phase to the next phase. The key threshold indicators for the four phases are the COVID-19 infection rate in the community, capacity of the public healthcare system, and vaccination rate.

Although the prolonged market uncertainty will lead to some existing and potential customers considering budget cut or deferring business activities, the Group remains optimistic about the prospects of IT related services. The COVID-19 has exposed the importance of technology and has accelerated technological development especially in aspects of remote working, cloud solutions and telecommunications. Social distancing and remote working have created customer demand for network connectivity services. The Group is progressively on the look out for any creatives endeavour that could add or strengthen further customer engagement by adding or upselling more values.

PROSPECT

The Group foresee that there will be challenges in the years ahead due to economic uncertainties that affect many markets at the moment. The customers are adopting a “wait and see” attitude for the time being. However, we will keep a close watch on the development of the situation, continue to refine our management system and make timely adjustments to our operations and sales strategies.

The Group intends to explore markets outside Malaysia and expand its current business of rendering of network support services and network connectivity services into markets in Hong Kong and the People’s Republic of China. In July 2021, the Group has acquired the entire equity interests in China Mebugs Technology Holding Limited which together with its wholly-owned subsidiary, 米蟲科技信息（深圳）有限公司 (Mebugs Technology Information (Shenzhen) Co., Limited*) (“**Mebugs (Shenzhen)**”), were incorporated in June 2021 with authorities to carry on the businesses of providing IT services, cloud security, cloud as a service, network security and internet security management. The Group believes that such acquisition will be able to broaden its source of income, facilitate its business growth according to the market conditions with an aim to enhance its financial performance and returns to the Shareholders in the long run. In September 2021, Mebugs (Shenzhen) and 杭州超級科技有限公司 (Hangzhou Super Technologies Co., Limited*) entered into a strategic cooperation agreement, for a term from 1 October 2021 to 31 December 2024, to establish a comprehensive and in-depth strategic partnership in the field of providing internet solutions and products based on cloud computing and blockchain technology for companies which have higher demand for servers and information security. It is expected that the cooperation will bring significant business opportunities to the Group’s business expansion in the field on other information technology related businesses, including but not limited to internet security protection business and high-defense server leasing business.

Looking forward, the Group is committed to implement cautious approach on the development of the existing businesses and seek for better business opportunities to mitigate the adverse impacts of the market’s current volatility and to improve the performance of the Group in order to safeguard the interest of the Shareholders.

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The Group is susceptible to material risks associated with the Group’s business, including but not limited to the following:

The Board acknowledges its responsibilities for the establishment and maintenance of adequate and effective risk management and internal control systems to safeguard the Group’s assets against unauthorized use or disposition, and to protect the interests of the Shareholders. Such systems are designed to manage rather than eliminate risk of failure to achieve business objectives, and can only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss.

The Board is the highest level of our risk management and internal control structure. It is ultimately responsible for establishing an effective risk management environment. Its responsibilities include:

- developing the overall risk management targets, risk management policies and internal control systems;
- optimizing the governance structure and authorization hierarchy;
- guiding and defining the limits for specific risk management work; and
- authorizing responsibilities to other departments.

Based on the risk assessments conducted during the year ended 30 June 2021, the details of significant risks and the relevant risk responses are highlighted as follow:

| Risk Categories | Risk Title | Risk Description | Risk Response |
|-----------------|---|---|---|
| Strategic | Failure to anticipate and respond to changes in technologies or needs could adversely affect the Group’s business | This is a high-level and corporate-wide risk, which include market risk and the threat of substitutes | The changes in technologies or needs is not controllable. The Group can only closely monitor the technical advancements to mitigate the risks at the current stage. The Group has established new sources of income, including the provision of Secure Cloud Service and Data Content Management Hub to diversify the concentration risk of the traditional network support services. |

| Risk Categories | Risk Title | Risk Description | Risk Response |
|-----------------|--|--|---|
| Operational | Impact on operation performance due to outbreak of the COVID-19 | A possible source of loss that might arise from shut down of office in accordance with government's anti-pandemic measures/and employee quarantine if there is a suspended or confirmed case | <p>The Group closely monitored the guidelines and health advice issued by government with regards to the pandemic.</p> <p>The Group also mandatorily implemented anti-pandemic measures in offices, including but not limited to wear masks in offices, daily temperature checks, no access to offices was allowed to anyone with symptom of COVID-19 or who was a close contact of COVID-19 patient.</p> |
| | Dependent on major customers for a significant portion of our business and the loss of any of such customers could materially and adversely affect our business and financial position | A possible source of loss that might arise from the loss of key customers | The Group has conducted various marketing activities to attract potential and existing customers. The goal of this promotion strategy in marketing is to increase market awareness and to establish long-term relationship with the customers. The Group had developed new services such as Secure Cloud Service and Data Content Management Hub to attract more business from current and new customers. |
| | The Group business comprises contracts and we may be unable to secure new contracts | A possible source of loss that might arise from the inability to secure new contracts | To attract new contracts, the Group has broadened its product and services offerings, introduced various marketing activities, and provided customized solutions to the customers. |
| | The Group is exposed to payment delays and/or defaults by our customers | Payment delays and/or defaults may lead to liquidity issues in the Group's working capital | The Group generally do not provide a long credit period to new customers unless they are multi-national enterprises with good reputation. In some instances, the Group may also require customers to provide a personal guarantee for such credit limit. To collect overdue trade receivables, the Group monitors overdue payments closely. |
| Financial | The capital expenditure of our Group for the purchase of hardware may result in an increase in our depreciation expenses | Additional depreciation expenses may adversely affect our financial performance in the future | The Group will also consider to lease the equipment if lease is more beneficial than purchase. |

The Board has periodically reviewed the key risk areas and appropriate risk mitigation strategies. Overall, the Board considers the risk management and internal control systems of the Group are effective and adequate. The Board will continue to assess the effectiveness and adequacy of risk management and internal control systems.

For a more comprehensive list of risk factors and explanations, please refer to the section headed “Risk Factors” in the Prospectus.

Further descriptions of the Group’s financial risk (including interest rate risk, foreign currency risk, credit risk, and liquidity risk), management objectives and policies are set out in Note 29 to the consolidated financial statements.

There were no material difference in the identified risks between those disclosed in the Prospectus and this report. An analysis of the Group’s performance during the year using financial key performance indicators is set out in the section headed “Financial Summary” and “Management, Discussion and Analysis” on page 112 and pages 5 to 16 respectively.

Particulars of the significant events of the Group after the end of reporting period and up to the date of this report have been summarised in Note 33 to the consolidated financial statements.

FINANCIAL REVIEW

Revenue

The Group derives its revenue primarily from the provision of comprehensive and customised (i) network support services which includes the revenue from sales of hardware, on-site installation of hardware, network management and securities services, and lease of hardware and (ii) network connectivity services.

Our revenue increased by approximately RM2.7 million or 7.3% from approximately RM37.1 million for the year ended 30 June 2020 to approximately RM39.8 million for the year ended 30 June 2021. Such increase was mainly attributable to the approximately 1.9% increase in the revenue from network support services and the approximately 11.1% increase in the revenue from network connectivity services during the year ended 30 June 2021.

The increase in the revenue generated from network support services was mainly attributable to the combined effects of (i) the increase in revenue generated from sales of hardware and lease of hardware of approximately RM1.7 million or 17.5% from approximately RM9.7 million for the year ended 30 June 2020 to approximately RM11.4 million for the year ended 30 June 2021; partially offset by (ii) the decrease in the revenue generated from on-site installation of hardware of approximately RM0.1 million or 6.7% from approximately RM1.5 million for the year ended 30 June 2020 to approximately RM1.4 million for the year ended 30 June 2021; and (iii) the decrease in the revenue generated from network management and security services of approximately RM1.3 million or 31.0% from approximately RM4.2 million for the year ended 30 June 2020 to approximately RM2.9 million for the year ended 30 June 2021, primarily due to the adverse impact of COVID-19.

Revenue generated from network connectivity services increased by approximately RM2.4 million or 11.1%, from approximately RM21.7 million for the year ended 30 June 2020 to approximately RM24.1 million for the year ended 30 June 2021. The increase was mainly attributable to the subscription fees revenue received from (i) new contracts from our existing customers and (ii) new contracts from new customers.

Cost of sales and services

Our cost of sales and services increased by approximately RM3.3 million or 13.6% from approximately RM24.2 million for the year ended 30 June 2020 to approximately RM27.5 million for the year ended 30 June 2021, which was mainly attributable to the net effect of (i) the increase in cost of telecommunication and network subscription of approximately RM0.8 million, (ii) an increase in cost of network equipment and hardware of approximately RM2.9 million; and (iii) a decrease in depreciation of property, plant and equipment of approximately RM0.4 million.

Other Income

Our other income mainly represented interest income from bank deposits, wage subsidy from the Federal Government of Malaysia under an economic stimulus package announced on 27 March 2020 and others. Other income remained relatively stable at approximately RM0.4 million for the years ended 30 June 2021 and 2020.

Other gain and losses

Our other losses, net was approximately RM0.6 million for the year ended 30 June 2021 which mainly represented provision for impairment loss on trade receivables, net and foreign exchange loss, net, as compared to other losses, net of approximately RM45,000 for the year ended 30 June 2020 which mainly comprised of property, plant and equipment written off partially offset by foreign exchange gain, net.

Selling expenses

Our selling expenses represented commission paid to our sales representatives for securing contracts with new and existing customers. Such cost remained comparable at approximately RM1.0 million for the year ended 30 June 2021 as compared to approximately RM0.9 million for the year ended 30 June 2020.

Administrative and other operating expenses

Our administrative and other operating expenses increased by approximately RM4.5 million or 61.6% from approximately RM7.3 million for the year ended 30 June 2020 to approximately RM11.8 million for the year ended 30 June 2021. The increase was primarily due to (i) an increase in staff cost for administrative and management personnel (including Directors) from approximately RM3.1 million for the year ended 30 June 2020 to approximately RM3.8 million for the year ended 30 June 2021, (ii) an increase in professional fee such as legal fee, secretarial fee and etc after the Listing from approximately RM1.3 million for the year ended 30 June 2020 to approximately RM1.5 million for the year ended 30 June 2021; and (iii) an increase in depreciation of property, plant and equipment from approximately RM1.3 million for the year ended 30 June 2020 to approximately RM4.9 million for the year ended 30 June 2021.

Finance Costs

Our finance cost mainly represented interest expenses on interest-bearing borrowings and bank overdrafts and interest expenses on lease liabilities. Such costs decreased by approximately RM0.3 million or 75.0% from approximately RM0.4 million for the year ended 30 June 2020 to approximately RM0.1 million for the year ended 30 June 2021. The decrease was mainly due to the full repayment of the outstanding balances of certain bank borrowings and finance leases and lease liabilities upon the successful Listing to release the personal guarantee given by Dato' Tan, a Director of the Company and Ms. Kwong Shir Ling ("**Ms. Kwong**"), a shareholder of the holding company of the Company.

Income tax expenses

Our income tax expenses increased by approximately RM0.2 million or 18.2% from approximately RM1.1 million for the year ended 30 June 2020 to approximately RM1.3 million for the year ended 30 June 2021. It was mainly attributable to the increase in deferred tax expenses in relation to the unused tax losses and temporary differences arising from the capital allowances and accelerated accounting depreciation, and provision for contract costs and contract liabilities.

Loss and total comprehensive expenses for the year

Our loss and total comprehensive expenses increased by approximately RM1.7 million or 283.3% from approximately RM0.6 million the year ended 30 June 2020 to approximately RM2.3 million for the year ended 30 June 2021. It was mainly due to the combined effects of the increase in revenue, increase in cost of sales and services, decrease in our gross profit and the increase in administrative and other operating expenses as analysed above.

FINANCIAL POSITION, LIQUIDITY AND FINANCIAL RESOURCES

The Group has funded its liquidity and capital requirements primarily through capital contributions from Shareholders, interest-bearing borrowings, internally generated cash flow and proceeds received from the Shares Offer.

As at 30 June 2021, the Group had bank balances and cash of approximately RM20.3 million (30 June 2020: approximately RM20.3 million) and pledged bank deposits of approximately RM2.6 million (30 June 2020: approximately RM2.6 million).

As at 30 June 2021, the Group recorded interest-bearing borrowings and bank overdrafts of approximately RM0.6 million (30 June 2020: approximately RM1.1 million) and lease liabilities of approximately RM1.7 million (30 June 2020: approximately RM1.2 million).

As at 30 June 2021, the Group's current assets and current liabilities were approximately RM43.5 million (30 June 2020: approximately RM39.6 million) and approximately RM12.3 million (30 June 2020: approximately RM11.4 million), respectively. As at 30 June 2021, the current ratio, being the ratio of current assets to current liabilities, was approximately 3.5 times (30 June 2020: approximately 3.5 times).

As at 30 June 2021, we had unutilised banking facilities for short term financing of approximately RM5.2 million (30 June 2020: approximately RM4.7 million).

The gearing ratio is calculated based on the amount of total interest-bearing borrowings and bank overdrafts and lease liabilities divided by total equity. The gearing ratio of the Group as at 30 June 2021 is approximately 4.4% (30 June 2020: approximately 4.3%). The increase in gearing ratio was mainly attributable to the decrease in total equity.

CAPITAL STRUCTURE

The Shares were listed on GEM of the Stock Exchange on 9 December 2019. There has been no change in the capital structure of the Company since then. As at 30 June 2021, the capital structure of the Group comprised mainly of issued share capital and reserves. As at 30 June 2021, equity attributable to equity holders of the Company amounted to approximately RM51.9 million (30 June 2020: approximately RM54.5 million).

TREASURY POLICY

The Group has adopted a prudent financial management approach towards its treasury policies and had maintained a healthy liquidity position throughout the reporting period. To manage liquidity risk, the Board closely monitors the Group's liquidity position to ensure that the liquidity structure of the Group's assets, liabilities and commitments can meet its funding requirement from time to time.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE EXPOSURE

The Group's revenue, costs, assets and liabilities are primarily denominated in Ringgit Malaysia ("RM"). The Group currently does not have a foreign currency hedging policy. However, the Directors will continuously to monitor the related foreign exchange exposure and will consider hedging significant foreign currency exposure should the need arise.

CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

As at 30 June 2021, the Group did not have any significant contingent liabilities (30 June 2020: Nil).

EMPLOYEES AND REMUNERATION POLICY

As at 30 June 2021, the Group had a total of 59 employees (30 June 2020: 50 employees). The staff costs (including Directors' emoluments) were approximately RM5.9 million for the year ended 30 June 2021 (2020: approximately RM5.2 million). The remuneration package of the employees is determined by various factors such as their qualifications, working experience and job performance, the market condition, industry practice and applicable employment law. Discretionary bonus based on job performance will be paid to employees as recognition of and reward for their contributions.

To provide incentive to the eligible participants (including Directors and employees), the remuneration package has been extended to include share options under the Share Option Scheme. Details of the said Share Option Scheme are set out in the section headed "Share Option Scheme" in the "Report of the Directors" of this report.

The Group encourages and subsidizes employees to enrol and/or participate in development or training courses in support of their career and professional development. The Group also provides in-house training courses for the personal development of the employees.

The Group has participated in the Employees Provident Fund Scheme (the "EPF Scheme") under the Employees Provident Fund Act 1991 for qualifying employees of the Group in Malaysia. The Group has contributed at 13% of relevant monthly salaries for the employees who render monthly salaries of RM5,000 or below; and 12% of relevant monthly salaries for the employees who render monthly salaries of more than RM5,000 to the EPF Scheme. The Group's contributions to the EPF Scheme vest fully and immediately with the employees. Accordingly, there were no forfeited contributions which arose upon employees leaving the scheme before their interests in the Group's contribution became fully vested and thus there were no such forfeited contributions which were available to reduce the Group's existing level of contributions to the EPF Scheme as at 30 June 2021. For the year ended 30 June 2021, the total amount contributed by the Group to the EPF Scheme was approximately RM504,000 (2020: approximately RM540,000).

PLEDGE OF ASSETS

As at 30 June 2021, the Group's interest-bearing borrowings and bank overdrafts and lease liabilities are secured by charges over the following assets of the Group:

| | As at 30 June 2021 RM'000 | As at 30 June 2020 RM'000 |
|--|--|------------------------------------|
| Motor vehicles and internet services equipment | 1,244 | 914 |
| Pledged bank deposits | 2,634 | 2,622 |
| | 3,878 | 3,536 |

DIVIDENDS

The Board does not recommend the payment of a final dividend for the year ended 30 June 2021 (for the year ended 30 June 2020: Nil).

On 17 July 2019 and 18 September 2019, interim dividends of RM12,500 per share with total amount of RM500,000 and RM21,250 per ordinary share with total amount of RM850,000 were declared and paid by a subsidiary of the Group, respectively, to the equity holders of the Company prior to the Listing.

Save as disclosed above, no other dividend has been declared nor paid by the Group for the years ended 30 June 2021 and 2020.

MATERIAL ACQUISITIONS OR DISPOSALS OF SUBSIDIARIES AND AFFILIATED COMPANIES AND SIGNIFICANT INVESTMENTS

There was no material acquisition or disposal of subsidiaries and affiliated companies and significant investments by the Group during the year ended 30 June 2021.

CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

As at 30 June 2021, the Group had capital commitments contracted but not provided for in the consolidated financial statements of approximately RM0.1 million (30 June 2020: approximately RM0.2 million). Details of the capital commitments are set out in Note 32 to the consolidated financial statements.

EVENTS AFTER REPORTING PERIOD

Since January 2020, the outbreak of the COVID-19 has certain adverse impacts on the business operation and overall economy on the business environment. The Federal Government of Malaysia officially promulgated the "Movement Control Order" (the "Order"). To a certain extent, the Order may affect the negotiation of new projects with current customers and the seeking out of new customers due to operation suspension.

Despite the challenges, the Federal Government of Malaysia has implemented a series of measures to contain the epidemic. The Group will stay alert to the development and situation of the COVID-19, continue to assess its impacts on the financial position and operating results of the Group, and take necessary action to maintain stability of the businesses. Up to the date of approving the consolidated financial statement, the assessment of financial impact on the COVID-19 is still in progress.

On 20 July 2021 (after trading hours), Alpha Vision Ventures Limited (“**Alpha Vision**”), the substantial shareholder (as defined under the GEM Listing Rules) of the Company had disposed of an aggregate of 112,500,000 Shares (representing 18.75% of the issued share capital of the Company) to Worldtone Riches Investment Limited at a total consideration of approximately HK\$22,500,000 (the “**Disposal**”). Immediately following the Disposal, Alpha Vision ceased to be a shareholder of the Company. For further details of the Disposal, please refer to the announcement of the Company dated 21 July 2021.

On 26 July 2021, Goodway Max Limited, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, had acquired from an independent third party the entire equity interests in China Mebugs Technology Holding Limited at a consideration of HK\$8,000 (the “**Acquisition**”) which was funded by internal resources of the Group. For further details of the Acquisition, please refer to the announcement of the Company dated 26 July 2021.

Saved as disclosed above and in Note 33 to the consolidated financial statements, there was no other significant event after the reporting period and up to the date of this report.

USE OF PROCEEDS FROM THE SHARE OFFER

The Shares were listed on GEM of the Stock Exchange on 9 December 2019. The proceeds received from the issuance of 150 million ordinary shares (the “**Offer Shares**”) by Share Offer at HK\$0.40 per offer share was HK\$60.0 million. As set out in the section headed “Future Plans and Use of Proceeds” in the Prospectus, the net proceeds after deduction of underwriting fees and related listing expenses were approximately HK\$28.0 million (the “**Net the Proceeds**”) and the Company intends to use the Net Proceeds from the Share Offer for the following purposes:

| Approximate amount of net proceeds | Business strategies |
|------------------------------------|--|
| HK\$4.6 million or 16.4% | Implement cloud-based data content management solution |
| HK\$11.0 million or 39.3% | Acquire additional hardware and software to provide cloud-based internet security services |
| HK\$6.3 million or 22.5% | Establish a disaster recovery centre and becoming a holder of network service provider licence |
| HK\$1.4 million or 5.0% | Establish a branch office and a backup data centre in Kuala Lumpur |
| HK\$2.7 million or 9.6% | Expand and strengthening our manpower to cater for the anticipated expansion plans |
| HK\$2.0 million or 7.2% | Promote our business to capture more market share in the industry |

An analysis of the utilization of the net proceeds up to 30 June 2021 is set out below:

| Business Strategies | Planned use of the net proceeds up to 30 June 2021 HK\$'000 | Actual amount utilised up to 30 June 2021 HK\$'000 | Unutilised net proceeds up to 30 June 2021 HK\$'000 |
|---|--|--|---|
| Implement cloud-based data content management solution | 4,615 | 4,250 | 365 |
| Acquire additional hardware and software to provide cloud-based internet security services | 11,012 | 11,012 | - |
| Establish a disaster recovery centre and a backup data centre and becoming a holder of network service provider license | 6,267 | 4,678 | 1,589 |
| Establish a branch office in Kuala Lumpur | 1,178 | 408 | 770 |
| Expand and strengthening our manpower to cater for the anticipated expansion plans | 1,905 | 1,513 | 392 |
| Promote our business to capture more market share in the industry | 1,647 | 245 | 1,402 |
| | 26,624 | 22,106 | 4,518 |

The Directors will continue to examine the Group's business objectives and may change or modify the plans against the changing market conditions to pursuit business growth of the Group.

The net proceeds have not been fully utilised up to 30 June 2021 as previously disclosed in the Prospectus because of the reasons elaborated below:

- As for the implementation of cloud-based data content management solution, the unutilised portion amounted to approximately HK\$365,000 as at 30 June 2021 was due to lower-than-expected hardware and software maintenance cost, the Group plans to use the unutilized portion for maintenance cost in FY2022;
- As for the establishment of a disaster recovery centre and a backup data centre and becoming a holder of network service provider license, the unutilised portion amounted to approximately HK\$1,589,000 as at 30 June 2021. Due to the outbreak of the COVID-19, the Group's plan to purchase data centre space facilities of a backup data centre has been delayed;
- As for the establishment of a branch office in Kuala Lumpur, the unutilised portion amounted to approximately HK\$770,000 as at 30 June 2021 due to lower-than-expected office rent for the branch office in Kuala Lumpur, the Group plans to use the unutilized portion to rent a branch office in Kuala Lumpur in FY2022;

4. As for expanding and strengthening manpower to cater for the anticipated expansion plans, the unutilised portion amounted to approximately HK\$392,000 as at 30 June 2021 as the Company is still recruiting a suitable candidate with the right skills and experience for the position of compliance manager;
5. As for promoting our business to capture more market share in the industry, the unutilised portion amounted to approximately HK\$1,402,000 as at 30 June 2021 as the outbreak of the COVID-19 led to the cancellation of marketing campaigns that were scheduled to roll out in the year.

As at 30 June 2021, the net proceeds of approximately HK\$4.5 million had not yet been utilised as planned, but is expected to be utilised during the financial year ending 30 June 2022. The Group will continue to apply the net proceeds from the Listing in the same manner as specified in the section headed “Future Plans and Use of Proceeds” set out in the Prospectus.

All the unutilised net proceeds have been placed in licensed banks in Hong Kong and Malaysia.

COMPARISON BETWEEN BUSINESS OBJECTIVES AND ACTUAL BUSINESS PROGRESS

The future plan and the planned amount of usage of Net Proceeds as stated in the “Future Plans and Use of Proceeds” were based on the best estimation and assumption of future market conditions at the time of preparing the Prospectus of the Company dated 25 November 2019 while the proceeds were applied based on the actual development of the Group’s business and the industry. An analysis comparing the business strategies stated in the Prospectus with the Group’s actual business progress is set out below:

| Business strategies | Actual business progress up to 30 June 2021 |
|--|---|
| Implement cloud-based data content management solution | Partly utilized for implementing the cloud-based data content management solution and the remaining will be utilized for hardware and software maintenance during FY2022. |
| Acquire additional hardware and software to provide cloud-based internet security services | Utilized for implementing cloud-based internet security services and for hardware and software maintenance. |
| Establish a disaster recovery centre and becoming a holder of network service provider licence | Partly utilized for purchasing the hardware and software required for establishing a disaster recovery centre as a result of delay due to the outbreak of the COVID-19. The remaining amount for purchasing and maintaining data centre space facilities and backup data centre will be utilized in FY2022. |
| Establish a branch office and a backup data centre in Kuala Lumpur | Partly utilized for paying the rental of the new branch office since Feb 2020. The remaining amount will be utilized for paying the rental of the new branch office in FY2022. |
| Expand and strengthening our manpower to cater for the anticipated expansion plans | Partly utilized for recruiting two IT specialist engineers, one service delivery manager and two senior sales executive in FY2020. The remaining amount will be used for recruiting a compliance manager in FY2022. |
| Promote our business to capture more market share in the industry | Partly utilized for expanding and exploring more effective online marketing strategies via LinkedIn, Facebook and Google ad and by redesigning the Company’s website. The remaining amount will be used to conduct market campaigns for promotion and building up brand awareness in FY2022. |

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Dato' Eric Tan Chwee Kuang ("Dato' Tan"), aged 42, was appointed as a Director on 5 June 2018 and redesignated as an Executive Director and appointed as the Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of the Company on 27 August 2018. Dato' Tan is the co-founder of our Group and a director of each of IP Core and Metro Direct Carrier (M) Sdn Bhd. ("MDC") and a member of the Nomination Committee and the Remuneration Committee. Dato' Tan is also the compliance officer of our Company. Dato' Tan is primarily responsible for the overall business strategy, preparing annual budget proposals, and major business decisions of the Group.

He has more than 20 years of experience in the ICT industry. Before establishing our Group, Dato' Tan held various positions in the information technology sector where he accumulated extensive industry experience. On 1 August 1999, Dato' Tan was employed as a support specialist responsible for providing technical support for clients in V-tech Computers Pte Ltd, an information technology service provider involving in sales of hardware and software, system maintenance, integration and relocation services and information technology support services for multinational and small-to-medium enterprises. In October 2001, he joined Perot Systems (Singapore) Pte. Ltd., an information technology service provider involving in consultancy, system integration and operation and software development in both the public and private sectors, where his last held position was a specialist responsible for providing system access support to clients. Dato' Tan was assigned by Perot Systems (Singapore) Pte. Ltd. to support the information technology infrastructure for Union Bank of Switzerland, where his responsibilities mainly include monitoring and maintenance of global servers, performing remote access management and keeping maintenance records on a real-time basis in case of system failures.

Dato' Tan obtained a Diploma in Computer Studies from the Informatics Institute, Malaysia in April 1998. He has also been certified as a Microsoft Certified Professional and a Microsoft Certified Systems Engineer in May 1998 and September 1998, respectively, under the Microsoft Certification Professional Program.

Mr. Yu Decai (余德才) ("Mr. Yu"), aged 47, was appointed as an Executive Director of the Company on 21 July 2021. Mr. Yu is responsible for the overall business strategy and major business decision of the Group.

Mr. Yu graduated from the Shanghai Institute of International Economic and Technical Education with a Bachelor's Degree in Management and holds the qualification as a qualified funds practitioner which was granted by the Asset Management Association of China. He has more than 10 years of experience in technologies, media and telecommunications sector investment, corporate strategic management, project management, investment business and funds management.

Mr. Yu is a director of Hong Kong Worldtone Riches Fund Management Limited and has been appointed as the chairman of board of supervisors of Shenzhen Sunrise New Energy Co., Ltd. (a company listed on the Shenzhen Stock Exchange, stock code: 002256).

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Chen Youchun (陳友春) (“Mr. Chen”), aged 45, was appointed as an Independent Non-executive Director on 5 July 2021. He is the chairman of the Remuneration Committee and a member of the Audit Committee.

Mr. Chen graduated from the Southwest University of Political Science & Law in 2000 with a Bachelor’s Degree in Laws and another Bachelor’s Degree in Laws from the University of Northumbria in 2011. He also obtained a Master’s Degree in Civil and Commercial Law from the Wuhan University in 2007 and a Doctor of Philosophy in International Law from the Southwest University of Political Science & Law in 2018. Mr. Chen has more than 15 years of experience in corporate finance, private equity, venture capitals, initial public offer listings, and mergers and acquisitions in China and Hong Kong.

Mr. Chen is a foreign lawyer registered with the Law Society of Hong Kong and is a partner in the Shenzhen office of Junzejun Law Offices.

Mr. Chen has served as an independent non-executive director of Central Wealth Group Holdings Limited (a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange, stock code: 139) from October 2014 to October 2019, and Elegance Optical International Holdings Limited (a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange, stock code: 907) from October 2017 to April 2019. Mr. Chen has been appointed as an independent non-executive director of China Tangshang Holdings Limited (a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange, stock code: 674) since December 2016 and an independent director of Nuode Investment Group Co. Ltd (a company listed on the Shanghai Stock Exchange, stock code: 600110) since February 2018.

Mr. Lim Peng Chuan Terence (林炳泉) (“Mr. Lim”), aged 51, was appointed as an Independent Non-executive Director on 11 November 2019. He is the chairman of the Audit Committee and a member of the Nomination Committee and the Remuneration Committee.

Mr. Lim graduated with a Bachelor of Commerce Degree from the University of Western Australia in March 1995, and has been a member of the Certified Practising Accountants of Australia since 1 April 1999.

Mr. Lim has more than 22 years of experience in corporate finance. From 1994 to 1997, he started his career as an audit assistant at Ernst & Young, where he later served as an audit senior and was primarily responsible for the audit of companies in Singapore. In July 1997, he joined See Hup Seng Pte Ltd, a Singapore company primarily engaged in the business of corrosion prevention services for offshore and marine industry and construction industry as a business development manager, and was appointed as business development director in June 1998. During his position as business development director of the company, he oversaw the successful listing of SHS Holdings Ltd (formerly known as See Hup Seng Limited) on the Catalist Board of the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited (“**SGX-ST**”) in November 1998 (SGX stock code: 566) and he had been an executive director of the said publicly listed company until September 2006. Since 2006, he has started his own business and co-founded Paliy Marine Engineering Pte Ltd., an exempted Singaporean private company primarily engaged in the business of building and repairing of ships, tankers and other ocean-going vessels.

Mr. Phua Cheng Sye Charles (潘正帥) (“Mr. Phua”), aged 52, was appointed as an Independent Non-executive Director on 11 November 2019. He is the chairman of the Nomination Committee and a member of the Audit Committee.

Mr. Phua graduated with a Bachelor of Laws (Honours) Degree from the University of Sheffield in the United Kingdom in July 1993. In 1995, he was admitted as advocate and solicitor in Singapore. He has over 24 years of legal practice experience in the field of corporate and civil litigation, including working in Ms. Khatter Wong & Partners as a legal assistant. In 2000, he set up Legalworks Law Corporation, a barristers’ chambers specialising in insurance litigation, which then merged with M/s Tan Kok Quan Partnership in 2007 where he served as a senior partner for six years. In 2014, he joined M/s ComLaw LLC as a director. Since May 2020, Mr. Phua has been appointed as a director of PKWA Law Practice LLC.

SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Ms. Fathim Nur Zaida Binti Zainal Ariffin (“Ms. Fathim”), aged 38, is the head of sales & alliance of the Group, and is primarily responsible for developing and managing business alliance and partnership relationships. She joined the Group in April 2014 as an account manager, and was promoted to her current position in January 2016. She has over 13 years of experience in the network computing and telecommunication industry. She started her career as a business consultant at Macrolynx Sdn. Bhd in 2006. She subsequently served as an account manager at Palette Multimedia Berhad from July 2009 to May 2010, and started working at Patimas Outsourcing Services Sdn. Bhd. from December 2011, where she gained exposure to handling business partnerships and customers by selling technology products and developing business strategies. From September 2012 to March 2014, she was a client sales manager at AIMS Data Centre Sdn. Bhd..

Ms. Fathim obtained a Diploma in Information Technology from the International Islamic College in Malaysia in August 2004. In January 2010, she obtained a Microsoft certification in ASP.NET under the Microsoft Certified Professional Developer Certifications Program. In February 2014, she also successfully completed a Certified Data Centre Professional course offered by Nota Asia (M) Sdn. Bhd..

Ms. Nor Hamimah Binti Ibrahim (“Ms. Nor Hamimah”), aged 33, is the administrative & human resources manager of the Group. Her primary duties included managing our Administrative and Human Resources Department in handling recruitment affairs, employee records and also insurance-related issues in the operations. In September 2011, she obtained a Bachelor’s Degree in Accountancy (Honours) from the National University of Malaysia.

Ms. Nor Hamimah joined the Group in July 2011, and has over nine years of experience in secretarial and accounting work. Prior to taking up her current position, she was the accountant of the Group, and was responsible for managing and preparing our books of accounts, as well as handling tax and auditing matters by liaising with the appropriate professionals.

Ms. See Hui Ting (“Ms. See”), aged 33, is the finance manager of the Group and is responsible for managing our Finance and Procurement Department. Her main duties include managing the Group’s overall financial and accounting affairs by overseeing the Group’s budgetary control and forecasting, as well as managing the working capital and cash flow of our Group. She joined the Group and was appointed to her current position in January 2018. She graduated from the Multimedia University at Melaka, Malaysia with a Bachelor of Accounting (Honours) Degree in July 2011. She was admitted as a member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants (“**ACCA**”) in March 2017. In 2006, she also obtained a Certificate in Book-keeping – Second Level from the London Chamber of Commerce and Industry Examinations Board in the United Kingdom.

Ms. See has over ten years of experience in the accounting and finance industry. After graduating from university, Ms. See served at Ernst & Young as an industrial trainee from October 2010 to April 2011. She then joined A Famosa Resort Hotel as a management trainee in August 2011, and became an internal audit officer in 2012. In August 2012, she joined KPMG PLT in Malaysia as an audit assistant, and left as an audit assistant manager in July 2017. Prior to joining the Group, she also served at KPMG Management & Risk Consulting Sdn Bhd from August 2017.

COMPANY SECRETARY

Ms. Wong Po Lam (黃寶琳) (“Ms. Wong”), aged 31, has been appointed as a company secretary of the Company on 1 January 2021. She has over eight years of experience in auditing, accounting, corporate governance and compliance issues in listed companies in Hong Kong.

Ms. Wong obtained a Bachelor Degree in Accounting from the City University of Hong Kong in November 2012. She is a Certified Public Accountant of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants.

The Directors are pleased to present this report and the audited consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 30 June 2021.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The Company is an investment holding company and the Group is principally engaged in rendering of (i) network support services mainly encompassing network infrastructure design and hardware installation, network management and security services; and (ii) network connectivity services that focus on providing intranet and internet connectivity solutions and value-added services. There were no significant changes in the nature of the Group's principal activities during the year ended 30 June 2021.

BUSINESS REVIEW

Further discussion and analysis of these activities as required by Schedule 5 to the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, including a description of the principal risks and uncertainties facing the Group and an indication of likely future development in the Group's business, can be found in the Management Discussion and Analysis set out on pages 5 to 16 of this report. This discussion forms part of this Directors' Report.

USE OF PROCEEDS FROM THE SHARE OFFER

Details of the use of proceeds from the Share Offer are set out in the section headed "Management Discussion and Analysis" to this report.

ENVIRONMENTAL POLICIES AND COMPLIANCE WITH LAW AND REGULATION

The Group is committed to conducting its business in an environmentally conscious manner and minimising the adverse effects caused by its operations on the environment. The Group continues to make every endeavors in saving energy and reducing unnecessary waste by adopting various green measures in its workplace. Such measures include using of energy-efficient light tubes, encouraging use of recycle papers and both sides of papers for printing and copying and keeping office temperature at reasonable level. The Group will review the environmental policy from time to time and will consider implementing further environmentally friendly measures and practices in the operation of the Group's business.

The Board pays attention to the Group's policies and practices on compliance with all significant legal and regulatory requirements essential to its business operations. The Group will seek professional advice from its external legal advisers and consultants to ensure transactions and business to be performed by the Group are in compliance with applicable environmental policies, laws and regulations. During the year ended 30 June 2021, as far as the Company is aware, it has complied in all material respects of the laws or regulations that have a significant impact on the Group's business and operation.

A report on the environmental, social and governance aspects will be prepared in accordance with Appendix 20 to the GEM Listing Rules and will be published on the Company's and the Stock Exchange's websites as close as possible to, and in any event no later than five months after, the end of the financial year ended 30 June 2021.

KEY RELATIONSHIPS WITH THE GROUP'S EMPLOYEES, CUSTOMERS, SUPPLIERS AND OTHER STAKEHOLDERS

The Group believes that employees are instrumental to the success of the Group and that their industry knowledge and understanding of the market will enable the Group to maintain the competitiveness in the market. The Group has developed a desirable working environment and provided a variety of benefits and career development to its employees. Share options may also be granted for the purpose of providing incentives and rewards to eligible participants who contributed to the success of the Group's operations.

The Group also recognizes that maintaining a good and stable relationship with its current and potential customers, suppliers and other stakeholders are the keys to the sustainable development of the Group. Accordingly, the management has kept good communication with its suppliers and customers in order to monitor the credit quality of the customers and to make timely adjustments to its operating strategies to conform to the market trends. In addition, the Group places much effort to build up and maintain good relationships with various commercial banks and financial institutions as the businesses of the Group are capital intensive in nature and require on-going funding to maintain continuous growth.

For the year ended 30 June 2021, there was no serious and material dispute between the Group and its employees, customers and suppliers.

RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

The Group's results for the year ended 30 June 2021 and the Group's financial position at that date are set out in the consolidated financial statements on pages 53 to 111 of this report.

The Board does not recommend the payment of a final dividend for the year ended 30 June 2021 (for the year ended 30 June 2020: Nil).

On 17 July 2019 and 18 September 2019, interim dividends of RM12,500 per share with total amount of RM500,000 and RM21,250 per ordinary share with total amount of RM850,000 were declared and paid by a subsidiary of the Group, respectively, to the equity holders of the Company prior to the Listing.

Save as disclosed above, no other dividend has been declared nor paid by the Group for the years ended 30 June 2021 and 2020. During the year ended 30 June 2021, there was no arrangement under which any shareholder has waived or agreed to waive any dividends.

SUMMARY FINANCIAL INFORMATION

A summary of the results and of the assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five financial years is set out in the "Financial Summary" on page 112 of this report. This summary does not form part of the audited consolidated financial statements.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE COMPANY'S LISTED SECURITIES

For the year ended 30 June 2021, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries has purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities.

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of the movements in property, plant and equipment of the Group during the year ended 30 June 2021 are set out in Note 15 to the consolidated financial statements.

BANK BORROWINGS

Particulars of bank borrowings of the Group as at 30 June 2021 are set in Note 21 to the consolidated financial statements.

SHARE CAPITAL

Details of the movements in the share capital of the Company during the year ended 30 June 2021 are set out in Note 24 to the consolidated financial statements.

DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES

As at 30 June 2021, the reserves of the Company available for distribution, as calculated in accordance with statutory provisions applicable in the Cayman Islands was approximately RM36.6 million (30 June 2020: approximately RM37.9 million).

Details of the movements in the reserves of the Group and the Company during the year ended 30 June 2021 are set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity and Note 25 to the consolidated financial statements, respectively.

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

During the year ended 30 June 2021, sales to the Group's five largest customers accounted for approximately 50.6% (2020: 65.7%) of the total sales for the year and sales to the largest customer included therein amounted to approximately 19.3% (2020: 24.0%). Purchases from the Group's five largest suppliers accounted for approximately 79.6% (2020: 82.2%) of the total purchases for the year ended 30 June 2021 and purchases from the largest supplier included therein amounted to approximately 37.7% (2020: 50.5%).

None of the Directors of the Company or any of their close associates (as defined in the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the GEM of the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "**Stock Exchange**") ("**GEM Listing Rules**")) or any shareholders (which, to the best knowledge of the directors, own more than 5% of the Company's share capital) had any beneficial interest in the Group's five largest customers or suppliers.

FUTURE PLANS FOR MATERIAL INVESTMENTS AND CAPITAL ASSETS

Save as disclosed in the section "Future Plans and Use of Proceeds" of the Prospectus and in the section "Management Discussion and Analysis" of this report, the Group does not have future plans for material investments and capital assets as at 30 June 2021.

DIRECTORS

The Directors during the year ended 30 June 2021 and up to the date of this report were:

Executive Directors

Dato' Eric Tan Chwee Kuang (*Chairman and Chief Executive Officer*)

Mr. Yu Decai (*Appointed on 21 July 2021*)

Mr. Saw Zhe Wei (*Resigned on 21 July 2021*)

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. Chen Youchun (*Appointed on 5 July 2021*)

Mr. Lim Peng Chuan Terence

Mr. Phua Cheng Sye Charles

Mr. Yau Yeung On (*Resigned on 5 July 2021*)

The biographical details of the Directors are set out in “Directors and Senior Management Profile” in this report.

Pursuant to Article 108(a) of the amended and restated articles of association of the Company (the “**Articles of Association**”), at every annual general meeting of the Company, one-third of the Directors for the time being (or, if their number is not three or a multiple of three, then the number nearest to but not less than one-third) shall retire from office by rotation provided that every Director shall be subject to retirement by rotation at an annual general meeting at least once every three years. Accordingly, Mr. Lim Peng Chuan Terence and Mr. Phua Cheng Sye Charles shall retire at the forthcoming annual general meeting and being eligible, offer themselves for re-election.

Pursuant to Article 112 of the Articles of Association, the Directors shall have power from time to time and at any time to appoint any person as a Director either to fill a casual vacancy on the Board or as an addition to the existing Board. Any Director appointed by the Board to fill a casual vacancy shall hold office only until the first general meeting of members after his appointment and be subject to re-election at such meeting; and any Director appointed by the Board as an addition to the existing Board shall hold office only until the next following annual general meeting of the Company and shall then be eligible for re-election. Accordingly, Mr. Yu Decai and Mr. Chen Youchun shall retire at the forthcoming annual general meeting and being eligible, offer themselves for re-election.

The Company has received annual confirmation of independence from each of the Independent Non-executive Directors pursuant to Rule 5.09 of the GEM Listing Rules. As at the date of this report, they are considered to be independent.

CHANGE IN INFORMATION OF DIRECTORS AND CHIEF EXECUTIVES

Mr. Yau Yeung On resigned as an Independent Non-executive Director, a member of the Audit-Committee and the chairman of the Remuneration Committee with effect from 5 July 2021. On 5 July 2021, Mr. Chen Youchun was appointed as an Independent Non-executive Director, a member of the Audit Committee and the chairman of the Remuneration Committee.

Mr. Saw Zhe Wai resigned as an Executive Director with effect from 21 July 2021. On 21 July 2021, Mr. Yu Decai was appointed as an Executive Director.

DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

Each of the Executive Directors has entered into a service contract/letter of appointment with the Company for a fixed term of three years which is subject to termination by either party giving not less than three months' written notice. Each of the Independent Non-executive Directors has entered into a service contract/letter of appointment with the Company for a term of three years from date of appointment, terminated by either party giving not less than one month's letter of appointment written notice.

None of the Director proposed for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting has an unexpired service contract with the Company which is not determinable by the Group within one year without payment of compensation (other than statutory compensation).

EMOLUMENTS OF THE DIRECTORS AND FIVE HIGHEST PAID INDIVIDUALS

The Directors' fees are subject to shareholders' approval at general meetings. Other emoluments are determined by the Company's Board of Directors with reference to Directors' duties, responsibilities and performance and the results of the Group. Details of the emoluments of the Directors and five highest paid individuals during the year ended 30 June 2021 are set out in Notes 9 and 10 to the consolidated financial statements in this report.

PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISION

Pursuant to the Company's Articles of Association, every Directors or other officer of the Company shall be entitled to be indemnified out of the assets and profit of the Company against all losses or liabilities which he or she may sustain or incur in or about the execution of the duties of his or her office or otherwise in relation thereto.

The Company has arranged for appropriate insurance covering the liabilities of its Directors and officers in respect of legal actions that may be brought against them. The Company has maintained appropriate insurance cover for the Directors and officers throughout the period from the Listing Date to 30 June 2021 and are currently in force.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS OR CONTRACTS

Save as disclosed in this report, neither a Director nor a connected entity of a Director had a material interest, either directly or indirectly, in any transactions, arrangements or contracts of significance to the business of the Group to which the holding company of the Company, or any of the Company's subsidiaries was a party during or at the end of the year ended 30 June 2021.

MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

No contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company were entered into or existed during the year ended 30 June 2021.

TAX RELIEF AND EXEMPTION OF HOLDERS OF LISTED SECURITIES

The Company is not aware of any tax relief and exemption available to the Shareholders by reason of their holding of the Company's securities.

NON-COMPETITION UNDERTAKING

The controlling shareholders have confirmed to the Company of their compliance with the non competition undertakings provided to the Company under a deed of non-competition dated 11 November 2019. The Independent Non-executive Directors have reviewed the status of compliance and confirmed that all the undertakings under the deed of non-competition have been complied with by the controlling shareholders and duly enforced since the Listing Date and up to the date of this report.

INTERESTS OF CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDERS IN CONTRACTS

Saved as disclosed in Notes 9 and 27 to the consolidated financial statements in this report, there was no contract of significance between the Company or any of its subsidiaries and a controlling shareholder or any of its subsidiaries during or at the end of the year ended 30 June 2021.

Saved as disclosed in this report, there was no other contract of significance for the provision of services to the Company or any of its subsidiaries by a controlling shareholder or any of its subsidiaries during or at the end of the year ended 30 June 2021.

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S INTERESTS AND/OR SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES

As at 30 June 2021, the interests and short positions of the Directors and Chief Executive of the Company in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (“SFO”)) which were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Division 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests and short positions which they are taken or deemed to have under such provision of the SFO) or which were required, pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, to be entered in the register as referred to therein, or pursuant to Rules 5.46 to 5.67 of the GEM Listing Rules relating to securities transactions by the Directors to be notified to our Company and the Stock Exchange, were as follows:

(i) Long position in the ordinary Shares of the Company

| Name of Directors | Nature of interest and capacity | Number of Shares held/interested (Note 1) | Approximate percentage of shareholding |
|-----------------------------|---|--|--|
| Dato' Tan (Note 2) (Note 3) | Interest in a controlled corporation and interest of spouse | 337,500,000 (L) | 56.25% |

Notes:

- The letter “L” demonstrates long position.
- Dato' Tan beneficially owns the entire issued shares of Advantage Sail Limited (“**Advantage Sail**”), a company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands, which in turn holds 303,750,000 Shares or approximately 50.625% of the issued share capital of the Company. Therefore, Dato' Tan is deemed, or taken to be, interested in all the Shares held by Advantage Sail for the purpose of the SFO.
- Ms. Kwong beneficially owns the entire issued shares of Robust Cosmos Limited (“**Robust Cosmos**”), a company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands, which in turn holds 33,750,000 Shares or approximately 5.625% of the issued share capital of the Company. Therefore Ms. Kwong is deemed, or taken to be, interested in all the Shares held by Robust Cosmos for the purpose of the SFO. Dato' Tan is the spouse of Ms. Kwong. Accordingly, Dato' Tan is deemed, or taken to be, interested in the Shares in which Ms. Kwong is interested for the purpose of the SFO.

(ii) Long position in the ordinary shares of associated corporations

| Name of Directors | Name of associated corporation | Capacity/Nature | Number of shares held | Approximate percentage of interest |
|-------------------|--------------------------------|------------------|-----------------------|------------------------------------|
| Dato' Tan | Advantage Sail | Beneficial owner | 1 ordinary share | 100% |

Save as disclosed above, as at 30 June 2021, none of the Directors nor chief executive of the Company had registered an interest or short position in any shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) which were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests and short positions in which they are taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO) or which will be required pursuant to section 352 of the SFO to be entered in the register referred to therein, or which will be required to notify to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Rules 5.46 to 5.67 of the GEM Listing Rules.

DIRECTORS' RIGHTS TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

Save as disclosed in the paragraph headed "Directors' and Chief Executive's Interests and/or Short Positions in Shares, Underlying Shares and Debentures" above and in the paragraph headed "Share Option Scheme" below, at no time during the year ended 30 June 2021 were rights to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares or underlying shares in, or debentures of the Company granted to any Director or their respective spouses or minor children, or were any such rights exercised by them; or was the Company, its holding company, or any of its subsidiaries or fellow subsidiaries a party to any arrangement to enable the Directors to acquire such rights in any other body corporate.

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' AND OTHER PERSONS' INTERESTS AND/OR SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES OF THE COMPANY

So far as is known to the Directors and the Chief Executive of the Company, as at 30 June 2021, the following persons (other than a Director or Chief Executive of the Company) had, or were deemed to have, interests or short positions in the shares or underlying shares of the Company which would fall to be disclosed to the Company and the Stock Exchange under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO, or, which were required pursuant to section 336 of the SFO to be entered in the register referred to therein or were, directly or indirectly, interested in 10% or more of the nominal value of any class of share capital carrying rights to vote in all circumstance at general meetings of any member of the Group.

Long Position in the ordinary Shares of the Company

| Name | Nature of interest and Capacity | Number of Shares held/interested (Note 1) | Approximate percentage of Shareholding |
|---|---|--|--|
| Dato' Tan (Note 2) (Note 3) | Interest in a controlled corporation and interest of spouse | 337,500,000 (L) | 56.25% |
| Ms. Kwong (Note 4) (Note 5) | Interest in a controlled corporation and interest of spouse | 337,500,000 (L) | 56.25% |
| Advantage Sail (Note 2) | Beneficial owner | 303,750,000 (L) | 50.625% |
| Robust Cosmos (Note 5) | Beneficial owner | 33,750,000 (L) | 5.625% |
| Mr. Foo Moo Teng ("Mr. Foo") (Note 6) | Interest in a controlled corporation | 112,500,000 (L) | 18.75% |
| Alpha Vision Ventures Limited ("Alpha Vision") (Note 6) | Beneficial owner | 112,500,000 (L) | 18.75% |

Notes:

- The letter "L" demonstrates long position.
- Dato' Tan beneficially owns the entire issued shares of Advantage Sail. Therefore, Dato' Tan is deemed, or taken to be, interested in all the Shares held by Advantage Sail for the purpose of the SFO.
- Dato' Tan is the spouse of Ms. Kwong. Accordingly, Dato' Tan is deemed, or taken to be, interested in the Shares in which Ms. Kwong is interested for the purpose of the SFO.
- Ms. Kwong is the spouse of Dato' Tan. Accordingly, Ms. Kwong is deemed, or taken to be, interested in the Shares in which Dato' Tan is interested for the purpose of the SFO.
- Ms. Kwong beneficially owns the entire issued shares of Robust Cosmos. Therefore, Ms. Kwong is deemed, or taken to be, interested in all the Shares held by Robust Cosmos for the purpose of the SFO.
- Mr. Foo beneficially owns the entire issued shares of Alpha Vision. Therefore, Mr. Foo is deemed, or taken to be, interested in all the Shares held by Alpha Vision for the purpose of the SFO.

Interest in other member of the Group

| Name of member of the Group | Name of shareholder | Approximate percentage of shareholding |
|--------------------------------------|---|--|
| IP Core Network Sdn. Bhd. (108744-U) | Ms. Fathim Nur Zaida Binti Zainal Ariffin ("Ms. Zainal Ariffin") | 30% |

Note:

Ms. Zainal Ariffin is one of the members of the Group's senior management.

Save as disclosed above, as at 30 June 2021, the Company had not been notified by any persons (other than Directors or chief executives of the Company) who had interests and/or short positions in the Shares or underlying shares of the Company which would fall to be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO, or which were recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 336 of the SFO.

SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The Company has a share option scheme (the "**Share Option Scheme**") which was approved and adopted by the Shareholders by way of written resolutions passed on 11 November 2019. The terms of the share option scheme are in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 23 of the GEM Listing Rules. The Share Option Scheme enables the Company to grant options to the Directors, the directors of the Group's subsidiaries and employees of any member of the Group and any other persons (including consultants or advisers) (the "**Eligible Participant**") as incentives or rewards for their contributions to the Group. The Board, at its absolute discretion and subject to the terms of the Scheme, shall be entitled, at any time within ten years commencing from the date the Share Option Scheme was adopted, to make an offer for the grant of an option to any Eligible Participant.

As at the date of this report, the total number of shares available for issue under the Share Option Scheme is 60,000,000 shares, representing 10% of the enlarged issued share capital of the Company. The maximum number of shares that may be granted by the Company to any one Eligible Participant shall not exceed 1% of the issued share capital of the Company from time to time.

Upon acceptance of an option to subscribe for shares granted pursuant to the Scheme (the "**Option**"), the Eligible Participant shall pay HK\$1.00 to the Company by way of consideration for the grant. The Option will be offered for acceptance for a period of 21 days from the date on which the Option is granted. The subscription price for the shares subject to Options will be a price determined by the Board and notified to each participant and shall be the highest of: (i) the closing price of the shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheet on the date of grant of the Option, which must be a day on which trading of shares take place on the Stock Exchange (the "**Trading Day**"); (ii) the average closing price of the shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheets for the five Trading Days immediately preceding the date of grant of the Options; and (iii) the nominal value of a Share on the date of grant, provided that in the event that any Option is proposed to be granted within a period of less than five Trading Dates, the new issue price of the Shares shall be used as the closing price for any business day falling within the period before listing of the Shares on the Stock Exchange.

The Company shall be entitled to issue options, provided that the total number of shares which may be issued upon exercise of all Options to be granted under the Share Option Scheme does not exceed 10% of the shares in issue from the date of listing of the Shares on the Stock Exchange. The Company may at any time refresh such limit, subject to the shareholders' approval and issue of a circular in compliance with the GEM Listing Rules, provided that the total number of shares which may be issued upon exercise of all outstanding Options granted and yet to be exercised under all the share option schemes of the Company does not exceed 30% of the shares in issue at the time. An Option may be exercised in accordance with the terms of the Share Option Scheme at any time during a period as the Board may determine which shall not exceed ten years from the date of grant subject to the provisions of early termination thereof.

Further details of the Share Option Scheme are set out in Appendix IV to the Prospectus. Since the adoption of the Share Option Scheme and during the year ended 30 June 2021, no Option has been granted, exercised, lapsed or cancelled, and as at 30 June 2021, no Options under the Share Option Scheme were outstanding.

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There is no provision for pre-emptive rights under the Articles of Association of the Company or the laws of Cayman Island which oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro rata basis to existing Shareholders.

EQUITY-LINKED AGREEMENTS

During the year ended 30 June 2021, save for the share option scheme as set out in the section headed "Share Option Scheme" in the "Report of the Directors" of this report, the Company did not enter into any equity-linked agreements in respect of shares of the Company.

DEBENTURE

No debenture was issued by the Company during the year ended 30 June 2021 and 2020.

COMPETING INTERESTS

During the year ended 30 June 2021, so far as the Directors are aware, none of the Directors, controlling shareholders or substantial shareholders of the Company, neither themselves nor their respective close associates (as defined under the GEM Listing Rules) had held any position or had interest in any businesses or companies that were materially competing or might materially compete with the business of the Group, or gave rise to any concern regarding conflict of interest.

INTERESTS OF THE COMPLIANCE ADVISER

In accordance with Rules 6A.19 of the GEM Listing Rules, the Group has appointed Pulsar Capital Limited (the “**Compliance Adviser**”) as our compliance adviser. As at 30 June 2021, except for the compliance adviser agreement entered into between the Company and the Compliance Adviser dated 22 November 2019, neither the Compliance Adviser nor any of its directors, employees or close associates (as defined under the GEM Listing Rules) had any interest in the securities of the Group (including options or rights to subscribe for such securities) which is required to be notified to the Company pursuant to Rules 6A.32 of the GEM Listing Rules.

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Details of the significant related party transactions undertaken by the Group during the year ended 30 June 2021 are set out in Note 27 to the consolidated financial statements in this report. None of the related party transactions constitutes a connected transaction or continuing connected transaction under Chapter 20 of the GEM Listing Rules.

CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

During the year ended 30 June 2021, the Group has not conducted any “connected transaction” or “continuing connected transaction” (as defined under Chapter 20 of the GEM Listing Rules) which is subject to reporting and annual review requirements under the GEM Listing Rules. It is confirmed that the Company has complied with the disclosure requirements in accordance with Chapter 20 of the GEM Listing Rules.

SIGNIFICANT INVESTMENTS, MATERIAL ACQUISITIONS AND DISPOSALS OF SUBSIDIARIES, ASSOCIATES AND JOINT VENTURES

There were no significant investments held by the Company during the year ended 30 June 2021, nor were there any material acquisitions and disposals of subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures during the year ended 30 June 2021.

DONATION

No charitable donation has been made by the Group during the year ended 30 June 2021 (2020: Nil).

REVIEW BY AUDIT COMMITTEE

The audited consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 30 June 2021 have been reviewed by the Audit Committee. The Audit Committee is of the opinion that the consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 30 June 2021 comply with applicable reporting standards, the GEM Listing Rules, and that adequate disclosures have been made.

CONFIRMATION OF INDEPENDENCE OF INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

The Company had received from each of the INEDs an annual confirmation of independence pursuant to Rule 5.09 of the GEM Listing Rules. The Company considered all of the INEDs are independent.

EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

Details of the significant events of the Group after the reporting period are set out in the section headed “Management Discussion and Analysis” and Note 33 to the consolidated financial statements to this report.

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors, there has been a sufficient public float of the Shares as required under the GEM Listing Rules (i.e. at 25% of the issued shares in public hands throughout the year ended 30 June 2021 and up to the date of this report).

AUDITORS

Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu (“**DTT**”) had been the Auditor of the Company since the Listing until 5 June 2020. On 5 June 2020, DTT resigned as the Auditor of the Company as the Company could not reach a consensus with them on the audit fee for the year ended 30 June 2020. On the same date, Mazars CPA Limited was then appointed as the new Auditor of the Company.

The consolidated financial statements of the Company for the years ended 30 June 2021 and 2020 have been audited by independent auditor, Mazars CPA Limited, who will retire, and being eligible, offer themselves for re-appointment. A resolution for Mazars CPA Limited’s re-appointment as the auditor of the Company will be proposed at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company.

CLOSURE OF REGISTER OF MEMBERS

In order to ascertain the entitlements to attend and vote at the forthcoming annual general meeting on Thursday, 9 December 2021, the register of members of the Company will be closed from Friday, 3 December 2021 to Thursday, 9 December 2021, both days inclusive, during which period no transfer of shares of the Company will be registered. Shareholders of the Company are reminded to ensure all properly executed transfer forms accompanied by the relevant share certificates must be lodged with the Company’s branch share registrar in Hong Kong, Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited, at Shops 1712-1716, 17/F, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen’s Road East, Wanchai, Hong Kong not later than 4:30 pm on Thursday, 2 December 2021.

FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS

This report contains forward looking statements with respect to the financial conditions, results of operations and business of the Group. These forward looking statements represent the Company's expectations or beliefs concerning future events and involve known and unknown risks and uncertainty that could cause actual results, performance or events to differ materially from those expressed or implied in such statements.

APPRECIATION

The Group's continued success depends on all its staff's commitment, dedication and professionalism. The Board would like to thank every member of staff for their diligence and dedication and to express its sincere appreciation to our Shareholders, clients and suppliers for their continuous and valuable support.

On behalf of the Board

Dato' Eric Tan Chwee Kuang

Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

Malaysia, 24 September 2021

INTRODUCTION

Pursuant to Rule 18.44 of the GEM Listing Rules, the Directors are pleased to present this corporate governance report for the year ended 30 June 2021. This report highlights the key corporate governance practice of the Company.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

The Board is committed to ensuring the Company adhere to a good standard of corporate governance.

The Board believes that good corporate governance standards are essential in providing a framework for the Company to safeguard the interests of shareholders, enhance corporate value, formulate its business strategies and policies, and enhance its transparency and accountability.

The Company has adopted and applied the principles as set out in the Corporate Governance Code (the “**CG Code**”) contained in Appendix 15 of the GEM Listing Rules as the basis of the Company’s corporate governance practices.

During the year ended 30 June 2021, to the best knowledge of the Board, the Company has complied with all the applicable code provisions as set out in the CG Code, except for code provision A.1.1 described in the paragraph headed “Attendance Records of Directors” and A.2.1 described in the paragraph headed “Board of Directors – Chairman and Chief Executive Officer”.

DIRECTORS’ SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has adopted the required standards of dealings (the “**Required Standard of Dealings**”) set out in Rules 5.48 to 5.67 of the GEM Listing Rules as the code of conduct regarding securities transactions by the Directors.

Specific enquiry has been made of all the Directors and all Directors have confirmed that they have complied with the Required Standard of Dealings throughout the year ended 30 June 2021.

The Company has also adopted the Required Standard of Dealings as set out in Rules 5.48 to 5.67 of the GEM Listing Rules as its written guidelines (the “**Employees Written Guidelines**”) in respect of securities dealings by relevant employees who are likely to be in possession of unpublished price-sensitive information of the Company. No incident of non-compliance of the Employees Written Guidelines by the employees was noted by the Company.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The Company is headed by an effective Board which oversees the Group's businesses, strategic decisions and performance and takes decisions objectively in the best interests of the Company.

The Board should regularly review the contribution required from a Director to perform his responsibilities to the Company, and whether the Director is spending sufficient time performing them.

Board Composition

The Board currently comprises five Directors, consisting of two Executive Directors and three Independent Non-executive Directors.

The composition of the Board during the year ended 30 June 2021 and up to the date of this report is set out as follows.

Executive Directors

Dato' Eric Tan Chwee Kuang (*Chairman and Chief Executive Officer*)

Mr. Yu Decai (*Appointed on 21 July 2021*)

Mr. Saw Zhe Wei (*Resigned on 21 July 2021*)

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. Chen Youchun (*Appointed on 5 July 2021*)

Mr. Lim Peng Chuan Terence

Mr. Phua Cheng Sye Charles

Mr. Yau Yeung On (*Resigned on 5 July 2021*)

To the best knowledge of the Board, there are no other relationship (including financial, business, family, and other material/relevant relationships) among the members of the Board as of the date of this report.

The biographical information of the Directors are set out in the section headed "Directors and Senior Management Profile" in this report.

Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

Code provision A.2.1 of the CG Code stipulates that the role of Chairman and Chief Executive Officer should be separated and should not be performed by the same individual.

Under the current management structure of the Company, Dato' Tan is the chairman of the Board (the "**Chairman**") and chief executive officer of the Company (the "**Chief Executive Officer**"). As Dato' Tan has been leading the Group as the Chief Executive Officer and actively involved in the core business of the Group since 2007, and due to his familiarity with the operations of the Group, the Board believes that it is in the best interest of the Group to continue to have Dato' Tan acting as both the Chief Executive Officer and the Chairman for effective and efficient planning and implementation of business decisions and strategies. Further, the Company has put in place an appropriate checks and balances mechanism through the Board and three Independent Non-executive Directors. The management of the Company will consult the Board for any major decisions. Therefore, the Board considers that the current structure of vesting rights of Chairman and Chief Executive Officer in the same person will not impair the balance of power and authority between the Board and the management of the Company the deviation from code provision A.2.1 of the CG Code is appropriate in such circumstances.

Independent Non-executive Directors

During the year ended 30 June 2021, the Board at all times met Rule 5.05(1) and (2), and 5.05A of the GEM Listing Rules relating to the appointment of at least three independent non-executive directors representing more than one-third of the Board, with at least one of whom possessing appropriate professional qualifications or accounting or related financial management expertise.

The Company has received written annual confirmation from each of the Independent Non-executive Directors in respect of their independence in accordance with the independence guidelines set out in Rule 5.09 of the GEM Listing Rules. The Company is of the view that all Independent Non-executive Directors are independent.

Appointment and Re-election of Directors

The Independent Non-executive Directors of the Company are appointed for a specific term of three years commencing from date of appointment, subject to retirement by rotation and re-election at the Annual General Meeting.

Article 112 of the Articles of Association of the Company provides that all Directors appointed to fill a casual vacancy or as an addition to the Board shall be subject to re-election by shareholders at the first general meeting of the Company after appointment.

Under Article 108 of the Articles of Association of the Company, at each annual general meeting, one-third of the Directors for the time being, or if their number is not three or a multiple of three, the number nearest to but not less than one-third, shall retire from office by rotation provided that every Director shall be subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years. A retiring Director shall be eligible for re-election.

Responsibilities, Accountabilities and Contributions of the Board and Management

The Board should assume responsibility for leadership and control of the Company; and is collectively responsible for directing and supervising the Company's affairs.

The Board directly, and indirectly through its committees, leads and provides direction to management by laying down strategies and overseeing their implementation, monitors the Group's operational and financial performance, and ensures that sound internal control and risk management systems are in place.

All Directors, including Independent Non-executive Directors, have brought a wide spectrum of valuable business experience, knowledge and professionalism to the Board for its efficient and effective functioning. The Independent Non-executive Directors are responsible for ensuring a high standard of regulatory reporting of the Company and providing a balance in the Board for bringing effective independent judgement on corporate actions and operations.

All Directors have full and timely access to all the information of the Company and may, upon request, seek independent professional advice in appropriate circumstances, at the Company's expenses, for discharging their duties to the Company.

The Directors shall disclose to the Company details of other offices held by them.

The Board reserves for its decision all major matters relating to policy matters, strategies and budgets, internal control and risk management, material transactions (in particular those that may involve conflict of interests), financial information, appointment of Directors and other significant operational matters of the Company. Responsibilities relating to implementing decisions of the Board, directing and co-ordinating the daily operation and management of the Company are delegated to the management.

Board Meetings

The Board meets regularly at least 4 times each year at quarterly intervals and discusses the Group's business development, operations and financial performance. Additional meeting will be convened when considered necessary by the Board. Notice of at least 14 days is given to all Directors for a regular Board meeting so as to give all Directors an opportunity to attend. For all other board meetings, reasonable notice is generally given. Agenda and meeting materials for each meeting are normally circulated to all Directors at least 3 days before each Board meeting in order to allow the Directors to include any other matters in the agenda that are required for discussion and resolution in the meeting.

All Directors have full and timely access to all information and to the advice and services of the Company Secretary and senior management who are responsible for ensuring the compliance of the Company with the GEM Listing Rules and advising the Board on compliance matters. The Directors may, where appropriate, be provided with access to external professional advice in carrying out their obligations as Directors of the Company. Each Director of the Company is required to make disclosure of his/her interests or potential conflict of interest, if any, in any proposed transactions or issued discussed by the Directors at the Board and Board committees' meetings. Any Director shall not vote on any resolution of the Board and Board committees approving any contract or arrangement or any other proposal in which he/she (or his/her associate) is materially interested nor shall he/she be counted in the quorum present at the meeting.

The Directors use their best endeavor to ensure that minutes of all Board meetings and committees meeting are properly kept by the Company Secretary. All draft minutes of meetings of the Board and the respective Board committees are circulated to all Directors and Board committee members for comments within a reasonable time before submission to the chairmen of the meetings for approval and the final versions are open for inspection by the Directors.

Six board meetings were held throughout the year ended 30 June 2021. Details of Directors' attendance record of the Board meetings are set out as follow:

| Name of Directors | Attendance/ Number of meetings held |
|--|--|
| Executive Directors | |
| Dato' Eric Tan Chwee Kuang (<i>Chairman and Chief Executive Officer</i>) | 6/6 |
| Mr. Yu Decai (<i>Appointed on 21 July 2021</i>) | N/A |
| Mr. Saw Zhe Wei (<i>Resigned on 21 July 2021</i>) | 6/6 |
| Independent Non-executive Directors | |
| Mr. Chen Youchun (<i>Appointed on 5 July 2021</i>) | N/A |
| Mr. Lim Peng Chuan Terence | 6/6 |
| Mr. Phua Cheng Sye Charles | 6/6 |
| Mr. Yau Yeung On (<i>Resigned on 5 July 2021</i>) | 6/6 |

The Board is responsible for maintaining an ongoing dialogue with shareholders and in particular, uses annual general meetings or other general meetings to communicate with them and encourage their participation. The Board notes that the Chairman of the Board and the chairmen or, in their absence, other members of the Audit Committee, Nomination Committee and Remuneration Committee should attend the annual general meeting to answer questions and collect views of shareholders.

One general meeting was held throughout the year ended 30 June 2021. Details of directors' attendance record of the general meetings are set out below:

| Name of Directors | Attendance/ Number of meetings held |
|--|---|
| Executive Directors | |
| Dato' Eric Tan Chwee Kuang (<i>Chairman and Chief Executive Officer</i>) | 1/1 |
| Mr. Yu Decai (<i>Appointed on 21 July 2021</i>) | N/A |
| Mr. Saw Zhe Wei (<i>Resigned on 21 July 2021</i>) | 1/1 |
| Independent Non-executive Directors | |
| Mr. Chen Youchun (<i>Appointed on 5 July 2021</i>) | N/A |
| Mr. Lim Peng Chuan Terence | 1/1 |
| Mr. Phua Cheng Sye Charles | 1/1 |
| Mr. Yau Yeung On (<i>Resigned on 5 July 2021</i>) | 1/1 |

Continuous Professional Development of Directors

All Directors, including Executive Directors and Independent Non-executive Directors, have been reminded to keep abreast of their collective responsibilities as Directors and of the businesses and activities of the Group. Every newly appointed Director will receive a formal, customized and comprehensive induction training on the first occasion of his/her appointment to ensure appropriate understanding of the business and operations of the Company and full awareness of Director's responsibilities and obligations under the GEM Listing Rules and relevant statutory requirements.

Directors should participate in appropriate continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills. All Directors are encouraged to attend relevant training courses at the Company's expenses.

The Group provides briefings and other training to develop and refresh the Directors' knowledge and skills, and updates all Directors on the latest developments regarding the GEM Listing Rules and other applicable regulatory requirements to ensure compliance and to enhance their awareness of good corporate governance code. In addition, the Group also provides detailed director's responsibilities and obligations statement pursuant to the GEM Listing Rules for the Directors to review and study.

The Directors are committed to complying with the code provision A.6.5 on Directors' training. All Directors have participated in continuous professional development and provided a record of training they received for the year ended 30 June 2021 to the Company. Participation of continuous training of the Directors is as follows:

| Name of Directors | Attending internal briefings or trainings, participating seminars or reviewing materials |
|--|--|
| Executive Directors | |
| Dato' Eric Tan Chwee Kuang (<i>Chairman and Chief Executive Officer</i>) | ✓ |
| Mr. Yu Decai (<i>Appointed on 21 July 2021</i>) | ✓ |
| Mr. Saw Zhe Wei (<i>Resigned on 21 July 2021</i>) | ✓ |
| Independent Non-executive Directors | |
| Mr. Chen Youchun (<i>Appointed on 5 July 2021</i>) | ✓ |
| Mr. Lim Peng Chuan Terence | ✓ |
| Mr. Phua Cheng Sye Charles | ✓ |
| Mr. Yau Yeung On (<i>Resigned on 5 July 2021</i>) | ✓ |

BOARD COMMITTEES

The Board has established three committees, namely, the Audit Committee, the Remuneration Committee, and the Nomination Committee, for overseeing particular aspects of the Company's affairs. All Board committees of the Company are established with specific written terms of reference which deal clearly with their authority and duties. The terms of reference of the Audit Committee, Remuneration Committee and Nomination Committee are posted on the Company's website and the Stock Exchange's website and are available to shareholders upon request.

The list of the chairman and members of each Board committee is set out under "Corporate Information" on page 2 of this report.

Audit Committee

The audit committee of the Company (the "Audit Committee") has been established with written terms of reference in compliance with Rules 5.28 and 5.29 of the GEM Listing Rules.

As at the date of this report, the Audit Committee consists of three Independent Non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Chen Youchun, Mr. Lim Peng Chuan Terence and Mr. Phua Cheng Sye Charles. Mr. Lim Peng Chuan Terence is the chairman of the Audit Committee. None of the members of the Audit Committee is a former partner of the existing external auditor of the Company, Mazars CPA Limited.

The terms of reference of the Audit Committee are of no less exacting terms than those set out in the code provision C.3.3 and C.3.7 of CG Code. The main duties of the Audit Committee are to assist the Board in reviewing the financial information, overseeing the financial reporting process, risk management and internal control systems, effectiveness of the internal audit function, scope of audit and appointment of external auditors and arrangements to enable employees of the Company to raise concerns about possible improprieties in financial reporting, internal control, or other matters of the Group.

Four Audit Committee meetings were held throughout the year ended 30 June 2021. Details of changes of the members and members' attendance record of the Audit Committee meetings are set out as follow:

| Name of members | Attendance/ Number of meetings held |
|--|---|
| Mr. Lim Peng Chuan Terence (<i>Chairman</i>) | 4/4 |
| Mr. Phua Cheng Sye Charles | 4/4 |
| Mr. Yau Yeung On (<i>Resigned on 5 July 2021</i>) | 4/4 |
| Mr. Chen Youchun (<i>Appointed on 5 July 2021</i>) | N/A |

The summary of the work of the Audit Committee is as follows:

- (i) reviewed the final results and annual report of the Group for the year ended 30 June 2020, the interim results and report for the six months ended 31 December 2020, the quarterly results and reports for the periods ended 30 September 2020 and 31 March 2021 with a recommendation to the Board for approval and monitored the integrity of such consolidated financial statements;
- (ii) reviewed the Group's financing and accounting policies; and
- (iii) reviewed and recommended appointment of external auditor, improvements on the Group's internal and compliance control system and risk management functions.

On 24 September 2021, the Group's results for the year ended 30 June 2021 have been reviewed by the Audit Committee.

Remuneration Committee

The remuneration committee of the Company (the “**Remuneration Committee**”) has written terms of reference in compliance with Rule 5.34 of the GEM Listing Rules and the CG Code. As at the date of this report, the Remuneration Committee consists of three members, namely Mr. Chen Youchun, Independent Non-executive Director, Dato’ Tan Chwee Kuang, Executive Director and Mr. Lim Peng Chuan Terence, Independent Non-executive Director. Mr. Chen Youchun is the chairman of the Remuneration Committee.

The terms of reference of the Remuneration Committee are of no less exacting terms than those set out in the code provision B.1.2 of the CG Code. The primary functions of the Remuneration Committee include determining/reviewing and making recommendations to the Board on the remuneration packages of individual Directors and senior management, the remuneration policy and structure for all Directors and senior management; and establishing transparent procedures for developing such remuneration policy and structure to ensure that no Director or any of his/her associates will participate in deciding his/her own remuneration.

One Remuneration Committee meeting was held throughout the year ended 30 June 2021. Details of changes of the members and members’ attendance record of the Nomination Committee meeting are set out as follow:

| Name of members | Attendance/ Number of meetings held |
|--|--|
| Mr. Yau Yeung On (<i>Chairman</i>) (<i>Resigned on 5 July 2021</i>) | 1/1 |
| Mr. Chen Youchun (<i>Chairman</i>) (<i>Appointed on 5 July 2021</i>) | N/A |
| Dato’ Eric Tan Chwee Kuang | 1/1 |
| Mr. Lim Peng Chuan Terence | 1/1 |

The summary of the work of the Remuneration Committee is as follows:

- (i) made recommendations to the Board on the Company’s remuneration policy of Directors and senior management;
- (ii) reviewed the remuneration packages of Directors and senior management in relation to the performance and financial position of the Company; and
- (iii) made recommendations to the Board on the remuneration of Independent Non-Executive Directors.

Remuneration of Directors and senior management

Particulars in relation to Directors’ remuneration and the five highest paid employees as required to be disclosed pursuant to Rule 18.30 of the GEM Listing Rules are set out in Notes 9 and 10 to the consolidated financial statements. Pursuant to code provision B.1.5 of the CG Code, the remuneration of Directors and the members of senior management by band for the year ended 30 June 2021 is set out below:

| Remuneration Band | Number of Directors and the members of senior management |
|--------------------------------|---|
| Nil to HK\$1,000,000 | 7 |
| HK\$2,000,001 to HK\$2,500,000 | 1 |

Nomination Committee

The nomination committee (the “**Nomination Committee**”), has written terms of reference in compliance with the CG Code. As at the date of this report, the Nomination Committee consists of three members, namely Mr. Phua Cheng Sye Charles, Independent Non-executive Director, Dato’ Tan Chwee Kuang, Executive Director and Mr. Lim Peng Chuan Terence, Independent Non-executive Director. Mr. Phua Cheng Sye Charles is the chairman of the Nomination Committee.

The terms of reference of the Nomination Committee are of no less exacting terms than those set out in the code provision A.5.2 of the CG Code. The principal duties of the Nomination Committee include reviewing the Board composition, developing and formulating relevant procedures for the nomination and appointment of Directors, making recommendations to the Board on the appointment and succession planning of Directors, and assessing the independence of Independent Non-executive Directors.

In assessing the Board composition, the Nomination Committee will take into account various aspects as well as factors concerning Board diversity as set out in the Company’s Board Diversity Policy. The Nomination Committee will discuss and agree on measurable objectives for achieving diversity on the Board, where necessary, and recommend them to the Board for adoption.

In identifying and selecting suitable candidates for directorships, the Nomination Committee will consider the candidate’s relevant criteria as set out in the Director Nomination Policy that are necessary to complement the corporate strategy and achieve Board diversity, where appropriate, before making recommendation to the Board.

One Nomination Committee meeting was held throughout the year ended 30 June 2021. Details of members’ attendance record of the Nomination Committee meeting are set out as follow:

| Name of members | Attendance/ Number of meetings held |
|--|--|
| Mr. Phua Cheng Sye Charles (<i>Chairman</i>) | 1/1 |
| Dato’ Eric Tan Chwee Kuang | 1/1 |
| Mr. Lim Peng Chuan Terence | 1/1 |

The summary of the work of the Nomination Committee is as follows:

- (i) reviewed the structure, size and composition of the Board;
- (ii) assessed the independence of the Independent Non-Executive Directors; and
- (iii) made recommendations on the retiring directors at the AGM of the Company.

Board Diversity Policy

The Company has adopted a board diversity policy (the “**Board Diversity Policy**”) which sets out the approach to achieve diversity of the Board. The Company recognizes and embraces the benefits of having a diverse Board and considers increasing diversity at the Board level as an essential element in maintaining the Company’s competitive advantage.

Pursuant to the Board Diversity Policy, the Nomination Committee will review annually the structure, size and composition of the Board and where appropriate, make recommendations on changes to the Board to complement the Company’s corporate strategy and ensure that the Board maintains a balanced diverse profile. In relation to reviewing and assessing the Board composition, the Nomination Committee is committed to diversity at all levels and will consider a number of aspects, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, ethnicity, experience, expertise, qualifications, skills and knowledge as well as length of service.

The Company aims to maintain an appropriate balance of diversity perspectives that are relevant to the Company’s business growth and is also committed to ensuring that recruitment and selection practices at all levels (from the Board downwards) are appropriately structured so that a diverse range of candidates are considered.

The Board will consider setting measurable objectives to implement the Board Diversity Policy and review such objectives from time to time to ensure their appropriateness and ascertain the progress made towards achieving those objectives.

In determining the independence of Directors, the Board follows the requirements as set out in the GEM Listing Rules.

The Nomination Committee will review the Board Diversity Policy on a regular basis to ensure its effectiveness.

As at the date of this report, the Board comprises five Directors. The following tables illustrate the diversity of the Directors:

| Name of Directors | Age Group | | |
|----------------------------|-----------|----------|--------------|
| | 41 to 45 | 46 to 50 | 51 and above |
| Dato' Eric Tan Chwee Kuang | ✓ | | |
| Mr. Yu Decai | | ✓ | |
| Mr. Chen Youchun | ✓ | | |
| Mr. Lim Peng Chuan Terence | | | ✓ |
| Mr. Phua Cheng Sye Charles | | | ✓ |

| Name of Directors | Information Technology and Telecommunication | Professional Experience | | |
|----------------------------|--|-------------------------|-----|-----------------|
| | | Accounting and Finance | Law | Fund Management |
| Dato' Eric Tan Chwee Kuang | ✓ | | | |
| Mr. Yu Decai | | | | ✓ |
| Mr. Chen Youchun | | | ✓ | |
| Mr. Lim Peng Chuan Terence | | ✓ | | |
| Mr. Phua Cheng Sye Charles | | | ✓ | |

Director Nomination Policy

The Board has delegated its responsibilities and authority for selection and appointment of Directors to the Nomination Committee of the Company.

The Company has adopted a director nomination policy (“**Director Nomination Policy**”) which sets out the selection criteria and process and the Board succession planning considerations in relation to nomination and appointment of Directors of the Company and aims to ensure that the Board has a balance of skills, experience and diversity of perspectives appropriate to the Company and the continuity of the Board and appropriate leadership at Board level.

The Director Nomination Policy sets out the factors for assessing the suitability and the potential contribution to the Board of a proposed candidate, including but not limited to the following:

- Character and integrity;
- Accomplishment and experience in the business in which the Group is engaged in;
- Qualifications which include professional qualifications, skills, knowledge and experience that are relevant to the Company's business and corporate strategy;
- Diversity in all aspects, including but not limited to gender, age (18 years or above), cultural and educational background, ethnicity, professional experience, skills, knowledge and length of service;
- Requirements of Independent Non-executive Directors on the Board and independence of the proposed Independent Non-executive Directors in accordance with the GEM Listing Rules;
- Commitment in respect of available time and relevant interest to discharge duties as a member of the Board and/or Board committee(s) of the Company;
- Board Diversity Policy of the Company and any measurable objectives adopted by the Nomination Committee for achieving diversity on the Board;
- Number of existing directorships and other commitments that may demand the attention of the candidate; and
- Such other perspectives appropriate to the Company's business.

The Director Nomination Policy also sets out the procedures for the selection and appointment of new Directors and re-election of Directors at general meetings. Where vacancies exist at the Board, candidates will be proposed and their biographical background will be put forward to the Nomination Committee for consideration. The recommendations of the Nomination Committee will then be tendered to the Board for approval based on the selection criteria set out above.

Dividend Policy

The Company has adopted a dividend policy ("**Dividend Policy**") which sets out the approach to maintain a balance between meeting shareholders' expectations and prudent capital management with a sustainable dividend policy. The Company does not have any pre-determined dividend payout ratio. The declaration of dividends is subject to the discretion of the Board. Any declaration of final dividend by the Company shall also be subject to the approval of the shareholders in a shareholders' meeting.

The Directors may recommend a payment of dividends in the future after taking into account the Group's operations and earnings, capital requirements and surplus, general financial condition, contractual restrictions, capital expenditure and future development requirements, shareholders' interests and other factors which they may deem relevant at such time. Any declaration and payment as well as the amount of the dividends will be subject to the Articles of Association of the Company, any applicable laws and regulations, including the Cayman Companies Law. Historical dividend distributions are not indicative of the future dividend distribution. Any distributable profits that are not distributed in any given year will be retained and available for distribution in subsequent years. To the extent profits are distributed as dividends, such portion of profits will not be available to be reinvested in the Group's operations.

Corporate Governance Functions

The Board is responsible for performing the functions set out in the code provision D.3.1 of the CG Code, which includes (i) to develop and review the policies and practice on corporate governance of the Group and make recommendations; (ii) to review and monitor the training and continuous professional development of the Directors and senior management; (iii) to review and monitor the Group's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements; (iv) to develop, review and monitor the code of conduct and compliance manual applicable to the Directors and employees; and (v) to review the Company's compliance with the CG Code and disclosure in the corporate governance report of the Company.

During the year ended 30 June 2021, the Board has reviewed the Company's corporate governance policies and practices, training and continuous professional development of Directors and senior management, the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements, the compliance of the Required Standard of Dealings and Employees Written Guidelines, and the Company's compliance with the CG Code and disclosure in this Corporate Governance Report.

RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROLS

The Board acknowledges its responsibility for the risk management and internal control systems and reviewing their effectiveness. Such systems are designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives, and can only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss.

The Board has the overall responsibility for evaluating and determining the nature and extent of the risks it is willing to take in achieving the Company's strategic objectives, and establishing and maintaining appropriate and effective risk management and internal control systems.

The Audit Committee assists the Board in leading the management and overseeing their design, implementation and monitoring of the risk management and internal control systems.

The Company's risk management and internal control systems have been developed with the following features and processes:

- (a) The processes used to identify, evaluate and manage significant risks by the Group are summarised as follows:

Risk Identification: Identify risks that may potentially affect the Group's business and operations.

Risk Assessment: Assess the risks identified by using the assessment criteria developed by the management; and considers the impact and consequence on the business and the likelihood of their occurrence.

Risk Response: Prioritise the risks by comparing the results of the risk assessment; and determine the risk management strategies and internal control processes to prevent, avoid or mitigate the risks.

Risk Monitoring and Reporting: Perform ongoing and periodic monitoring of the risk and ensure that appropriate internal control processes are in place; revise the risk management strategies and internal control processes in case of any significant change of situation; and report the results of risk monitoring to the management and the Board regularly.

(b) The main features of the risk management and internal control systems are summarised as follows:

Control procedures have been designed to safeguard assets against misappropriation and disposition; ensure compliance with relevant laws, rules and regulations; ensure proper maintenance of accounting records for provision of reliable financial information used within the business or for publication; ensure that unauthorized access and use of inside information are strictly prohibited; and to provide reasonable assurance against material misstatement, loss or fraud.

The Group has an internal audit function which conducts review on adequacy and effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems of the Group. Such review is conducted annually and cycles reviewed are under rotation basis. During the year ended 30 June 2021, the Company engaged an external independent internal audit consultant to conduct a review of the effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems of the Group. Management has reported findings and areas for improvement to the Audit Committee and the Board. The Board and the Audit Committee are of the view that there are no material internal control defects noted. All recommendations suggested are properly followed up to ensure that they are implemented within a reasonable period of time. The Board and the Audit Committee therefore considered that the Group's risk management and internal control systems are effective and adequate. The Board also is satisfied that there are adequate resources with appropriate qualifications and experience in its accounting and financial reporting team and that sufficient training and budget have been provided.

The Company has developed its Information Disclosure Policy which provides guidelines and procedures to the Company's Directors, senior management and employees in evaluating and handling confidential information, monitoring information disclosure, handling market rumors, leakage of information and responding to enquiries. Control procedures have been implemented to ensure that unauthorized access and use of inside information are strictly prohibited. The Group has in place a restriction-to-access mechanism to ensure that inside information is restricted to authorised persons on a need-to-know basis in accordance with the nature of transactions.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY IN RESPECT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Directors acknowledge their responsibility for preparing the consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 30 June 2021 which reflect a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group and in presenting the quarterly, interim and annual financial statements, and announcements to the shareholders.

The Directors are not aware of any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt upon the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

The statement of the independent auditor of the Company about their reporting responsibilities on the consolidated financial statements is set out in the Independent Auditors' Report on pages 47 to 52.

AUDITOR'S STATEMENT AND REMUNERATION

A statement by the Group's auditors on their reporting obligations in respect of the Group's financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2021 is set out in the "Independent Auditor's Report" section of this report.

During the year ended 30 June 2021, the remuneration paid or payable to Mazars CPA Limited in respect of audit services amounted to approximately RM\$468,000 (2020: approximately RM475,000).

There was no remuneration paid/payable to Mazars CPA Limited in respect of non-audit services during the years ended 30 June 2021 and 2020.

The Audit Committee has expressed its views to the Board that the level of fees paid/payable to the Company's external auditor for annual audit services is reasonable. There has been no major disagreement between the auditor and the management of the Company during the year ended 30 June 2021.

COMPANY SECRETARY

The Company engages an external service provider to provide company secretarial services. Mr. Tam Chun Wai Edwin resigned as company secretary of the Company (the "**Company Secretary**") with effect from 1 January 2021 due to his other business commitment. Ms. Wong Po Lam was appointed by the Board as the Company Secretary on the same date. The biographical details of Ms. Wong are set out under the section headed "Directors and Senior Management Profile" in this report. Ms. Wong is not an employee of the Group and she is responsible for advisory to the Group on corporate governance matters. Dato' Tan, Executive Director, is the person who Ms. Wong can contact for the purpose of code provision F.1.1 of the Code.

Ms. Wong confirmed that she has complied with Rule 5.15 of the GEM Listing Rules by taking no less than 15 hours of relevant professional training during the year ended 30 June 2021.

COMPLIANCE OFFICER

Pursuant to the code provision 5.19 of the GEM Listing Rules, the Company must ensure that, at all times, one of its executive Directors assumes responsibility for acting as the Company's compliance officer. Dato' Eric Tan Chwee Kuang, an executive Director, is acting as the compliance officer of the Company, whose details are disclosed in the section headed "Directors and Senior Management Profile" on page 17 of this report.

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

The Company engages with shareholders through various communication channels.

To safeguard shareholder interests and rights, separate resolution should be proposed for each substantially separate issue at general meetings, including the election of individual Director. All resolutions put forward at general meetings will be voted on by poll pursuant to the GEM Listing Rules and poll results will be posted on the websites of the Company and of the Stock Exchange after each general meeting.

Convening an Extraordinary General Meeting

Pursuant to Article 64 of the Company's Articles of Association, the Board may, whenever it thinks fit, convene an extraordinary general meeting. Extraordinary general meetings shall also be convened on the requisition of one or more Shareholders holding, at the date of deposit of the requisition, not less than one tenth of the paid up capital of the Company having the right of voting at general meetings. Such requisition shall be made in writing to the Board or a Secretary for the purpose of requiring an extraordinary general meeting to be called by the Board for the transaction of any business specified in such requisition. Such meeting shall be held within two months after the deposit of such requisition. If within 21 days of such deposit, the Board fails to proceed to convene such meeting, the requisitionist(s) himself (themselves) may do so in the same manner, and all reasonable expenses incurred by the requisitionist(s) as a result of the failure of the Board shall be reimbursed to the requisitionist(s) by the Company.

Putting Forward Proposals at Annual General Meetings

There is no provision allowing shareholders to move new resolutions at general meeting under the Cayman Islands Companies Law or the Articles of Association of the Company. Shareholders who wish to move a resolution may request the Company to convene a general meeting following the procedures set out in the preceding paragraph.

Putting Forward Enquiries to the Board

Shareholders may send written enquiries and concerns to the Directors and management of the Company by mail to the Company's principal place of business in Hong Kong at Unit B, 13/F, Winsan Tower, 98 Thomson Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong.

INVESTOR RELATIONS

In order to ensure timely, transparent and accurate communications between the Shareholders and the Company, in general, information is communicated to the Shareholders mainly through the Company's quarterly reports, interim reports and annual reports, general meetings, as well as the corporate communications and publications published on the website of the Stock Exchange (www.hkexnews.hk) and on the Company's website (www.nomad-holdings.com).

The annual general meetings and other general meetings of the Company are the primary communication forum between the Company and the Shareholders. Shareholders are encouraged to participate in general meetings in person or to appoint proxies to attend and vote at such meetings for and on their behalf if they are unable to attend.

Board members, in particular, the chairman of the Board Committees or their delegates, appropriate senior executives and external auditor will attend the general meetings to answer the Shareholders' questions.

CONSTITUTIONAL DOCUMENTS

The Company has not made any changes to its Memorandum and Articles of Association since the Listing Date. An up to date version of the Company's Memorandum and Articles of Association is available on the Company's website at www.nomad-holdings.com and the Stock Exchange's website.

On behalf of the Board

Dato' Eric Tan Chwee Kuang

Chairman and Chief Executive Director

Malaysia, 24 September 2021



MAZARS CPA LIMITED

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To the members of
Nomad Technologies Holdings Limited
(incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

OPINION

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Nomad Technologies Holdings Limited (the “**Company**”) and its subsidiaries (hereinafter collectively referred to as the “**Group**”) set out on pages 53 to 111, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position at 30 June 2021, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group at 30 June 2021, and of its financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (“**IFRSs**”) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (the “**IASB**”) and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

BASIS FOR OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing (“**HKSAs**”) issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the “**HKICPA**”). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the “Auditor’s Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements” section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA’s Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (the “**Code**”), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

KEY AUDIT MATTERS

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

KEY AUDIT MATTERS (CONTINUED)

Key audit matter

How our audit addressed the key audit matter

Revenue recognition

Refer to significant accounting policy in Note 2 and the disclosure of revenue in Note 5 to the consolidated financial statements

The Group's revenue is principally generated through (i) sales of hardware; (ii) on-site installation of hardware; (iii) network management and security services; (iv) network connectivity services; and (v) lease of hardware.

In respect of on-site installation of hardware, network management and security services and network connectivity services, the Group recognises revenue over time by reference to the progress towards complete satisfaction of the relevant performance obligation as the Group's performance does not create an asset with an alternative use to the Group and the Group has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date.

The total revenue from contracts with customers recognised over time for the year ended 30 June 2021 amounted to approximately RM28,312,000 (2020: approximately RM27,490,000).

We identified the above matter as a key audit matter because the amount involved is significant and significant management judgements and estimations is required on the allocation of the transaction prices among various performance obligations and to determine the progress towards complete satisfaction of the performance obligation at the reporting date.

Our procedures, among others, included:

- a) obtaining an understanding of and evaluating the design, and implementation of the Group's key internal controls over the contract revenue recognition including the control over recording work done, invoicing and cash receipts;
- b) examining the allocation of transaction prices among various performance obligations and testing the accuracy of revenue recognition on a sample basis;
- c) comparing the value of the transferred goods or services rendered to date relative to the remaining goods or services promised under the contract, on a sample basis, to assess the reasonableness of management's estimation; and
- d) performing substantive testing on the accuracy and occurrence of revenue on a sample basis by examining key terms in contracts (including contract sum, deliverables timetable and milestones), signed user acceptance, billings records, financial records and other relevant supporting documents.

KEY AUDIT MATTERS (CONTINUED)

Key audit matter

How our audit addressed the key audit matter

Recoverability assessment of trade receivables

Refer to significant accounting policy and critical accounting estimate and judgement in Note 2, the disclosures of trade receivables in Note 18 and the disclosures of the financial risk management – credit risk in Note 29 to the consolidated financial statements, respectively

At 30 June 2021, the carrying amount (net of loss allowances) of trade receivables amounted to approximately RM13,153,000 (2020: approximately RM10,717,000).

Management performed credit evaluations for the Group's debtors and assessed expected credit losses ("**ECL**") of trade receivables. These assessments were focused on the debtors' settlement record and historical actual credit loss experience, their current repayment ability and forward-looking information, and also took into account information specific to respective debtor as well as pertaining to the economic environment in which the debtor operates.

We have identified the above matter as a key audit matter because the balances are material to the Group and significant degree of judgements were made by the management in assessing the credit standing of the Group's debtors, and therefore the estimation of ECL of trade receivables.

Our procedures, among others, included:

- a) obtaining an understanding of management's assessment of ECL of trade receivables and assessing the reasonableness of impairment recognised by examining the key underlying information referenced by the management, such as checking the accuracy of the ageing analysis of trade receivables to the relevant sales invoices, on a sample basis;
- b) checking and assessing whether the loss allowance was properly supported by considering available forward-looking information, debtors' ageing analysis, settlement record and history of default; and
- c) in respect of receivables of individual debtor which had not been identified by management as potentially impaired, corroborating management's assessment with the external evidence obtained (e.g. public information available to us), our examination of the debtors' payment records during the current year and subsequent to the end of the reporting period, as well as the historical collection records.

OTHER INFORMATION

The directors of the Company are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the 2021 annual report of the Company, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND THOSE CHARGED WITH GOVERNANCE FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with IFRSs issued by the IASB, and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors of the Company determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors of the Company are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors of the Company either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. This report is made solely to you, as a body, in accordance with our agreed terms of engagement and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSA's will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSA's, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors of the Company.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Mazars CPA Limited

Certified Public Accountants

Hong Kong, 24 September 2021

The engagement director on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is:

Fong Chin Lung

Practising Certificate number: P07321

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

Year ended 30 June 2021

| | Notes | 2021 RM'000 | 2020 RM'000 |
|---|-------|-----------------|----------------|
| Revenue | 5 | 39,753 | 37,124 |
| Cost of sales and services | | (27,484) | (24,175) |
| Gross profit | | 12,269 | 12,949 |
| Other income | 6 | 352 | 396 |
| Other gain and losses | 7 | (602) | (45) |
| Selling expenses | | (1,035) | (910) |
| Administrative and other operating expenses | | (11,832) | (7,270) |
| Listing expenses | | - | (4,286) |
| Finance costs | 8 | (128) | (358) |
| (Loss) Profit before tax | 8 | (976) | 476 |
| Income tax expenses | 11 | (1,348) | (1,124) |
| Loss for the year | | (2,324) | (648) |
| Other comprehensive income | | - | - |
| Total comprehensive expenses for the year | | (2,324) | (648) |
| (Loss) Profit for the year and total comprehensive (expenses) income for the year attributable to: | | | |
| Equity holders of the Company | | (2,602) | (517) |
| Non-controlling interests | 14 | 278 | (131) |
| | | (2,324) | (648) |
| Loss per share attributable to equity holders of the Company | | | |
| Basic and diluted (RM cents) | 12 | (0.43) | (0.10) |

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

At 30 June 2021

| | Notes | 2021 RM'000 | 2020 RM'000 |
|---|-------|----------------|----------------|
| Non-current assets | | | |
| Property, plant and equipment | 15 | 26,016 | 29,776 |
| Deferred tax assets | 23 | 263 | 1,229 |
| | | 26,279 | 31,005 |
| Current assets | | | |
| Inventories | 16 | 2,334 | 3,201 |
| Contract costs | 17 | 1,333 | 1,107 |
| Trade and other receivables | 18 | 14,960 | 11,508 |
| Tax recoverable | | 1,948 | 865 |
| Pledged bank deposits | 19 | 2,634 | 2,622 |
| Bank balances and cash | 19 | 20,267 | 20,305 |
| | | 43,476 | 39,608 |
| Current liabilities | | | |
| Trade and other payables | 20 | 11,550 | 9,995 |
| Interest-bearing borrowings and bank overdrafts | 21 | 387 | 850 |
| Lease liabilities | 22 | 398 | 599 |
| | | 12,335 | 11,444 |
| Net current assets | | 31,141 | 28,164 |
| Total assets less current liabilities | | 57,420 | 59,169 |
| Non-current liabilities | | | |
| Trade and other payables | 20 | 3,741 | 3,842 |
| Interest-bearing borrowings and bank overdrafts | 21 | 231 | 255 |
| Lease liabilities | 22 | 1,321 | 621 |
| | | 5,293 | 4,718 |
| NET ASSETS | | 52,127 | 54,451 |

| | Notes | 2021 RM'000 | 2020 RM'000 |
|--|-------|----------------|----------------|
| Capital and reserves | | | |
| Share capital | 24 | 3,191 | 3,191 |
| Reserves | | 48,716 | 51,318 |
| Equity attributable to equity holders of the Company | | 51,907 | 54,509 |
| Non-controlling interests | 14 | 220 | (58) |
| TOTAL EQUITY | | 52,127 | 54,451 |

These consolidated financial statements on pages 53 to 111 were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 24 September 2021 and signed on its behalf by

Dato' Eric Tan Chwee Kuang
Director

Mr. Yu Decai
Director

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

Year ended 30 June 2021

| | Attributable to equity holders of the Company | | | | | | Non-controlling interests RM'000 | Total equity RM'000 |
|---|---|---|--|-------------------------------|-----------------|----------|-------------------------------------|------------------------|
| | Reserves | | | | Total RM'000 | | | |
| | Share capital RM'000 (Note 24) | Share premium RM'000 (Note 26(a)) | Merger reserve RM'000 (Note 26(b)) | Accumulated profits RM'000 | | | | |
| At 1 July 2019 | - * | 24,754 | (16,314) | 22,929 | 31,369 | 73 | 31,442 | |
| Loss for the year and total comprehensive expenses for the year | - | - | - | (517) | (517) | (131) | (648) | |
| Transactions with equity holders: | | | | | | | | |
| <i>Contributions and distributions</i> | | | | | | | | |
| Capitalisation Issue (Note 24(b)) | 2,393 | (2,393) | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Issue of share capital (Note 24(c)) | 798 | 31,110 | - | - | 31,908 | - | 31,908 | |
| Transaction costs attributable to issue of new shares | - | (6,901) | - | - | (6,901) | - | (6,901) | |
| Dividends to equity holders (Note 13) | - | - | - | (1,350) | (1,350) | - | (1,350) | |
| Total transactions with equity holders | 3,191 | 21,816 | - | (1,350) | 23,657 | - | 23,657 | |
| At 30 June 2020 and 1 July 2020 | 3,191 | 46,570 | (16,314) | 21,062 | 54,509 | (58) | 54,451 | |
| (Loss) Profit for the year and total comprehensive (expenses) income for the year | - | - | - | (2,602) | (2,602) | 278 | (2,324) | |
| At 30 June 2021 | 3,191 | 46,570 | (16,314) | 18,460 | 51,907 | 220 | 52,127 | |

* Represent amount less than RM1,000

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

Year ended 30 June 2021

| Notes | 2021 RM'000 | 2020 RM'000 |
|---|----------------|-----------------|
| OPERATING ACTIVITIES | | |
| (Loss) Profit before tax | (976) | 476 |
| Adjustments for: | | |
| Amortisation of contract costs | 1,035 | 910 |
| Depreciation of property, plant and equipment | 7,647 | 4,363 |
| Finance costs | 128 | 358 |
| Provision for (Reversal of) impairment loss on trade receivables, net | 136 | (18) |
| Interest income from bank deposits | (103) | (306) |
| Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment | (3) | – |
| Write-off of property, plant and equipment | 26 | 215 |
| Operating cash inflows before movements in working capital | 7,890 | 5,998 |
| Changes in working capital: | | |
| Trade and other receivables | (3,588) | 1,552 |
| Inventories | 867 | (2,240) |
| Contract costs | (1,261) | (706) |
| Trade and other payables | 1,454 | 228 |
| Cash generated from operations | 5,362 | 4,832 |
| Income tax paid | (1,465) | (1,140) |
| Net cash from operating activities | 3,897 | 3,692 |
| INVESTING ACTIVITIES | | |
| Interest received | 103 | 306 |
| Purchase of property, plant and equipment | (2,838) | (13,414) |
| Decrease in restricted bank balance | – | 50 |
| Placement of pledged bank deposits | (12) | (935) |
| Proceed from disposal of property, plant and equipment | 15 | – |
| Net cash used in investing activities | (2,732) | (13,993) |

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

Year ended 30 June 2021

| | Notes | 2021 RM'000 | 2020 RM'000 |
|---|-------|----------------|----------------|
| FINANCING ACTIVITIES | | | |
| Interest paid | | (128) | (358) |
| Dividends paid | | - | (1,350) |
| Proceeds from issuance of shares | 24 | - | 31,908 |
| Share issue costs paid | | - | (5,079) |
| Repayment to a director and related parties | | - | (7) |
| New interests-bearing borrowings raised | | - | 300 |
| Repayment of interests-bearing borrowings | | (22) | (1,581) |
| Repayment of lease liabilities | | (588) | (1,583) |
| Net cash (used in) from financing activities | 28(a) | (738) | 22,250 |
| Net increase in cash and cash equivalents | | 427 | 11,949 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the reporting period | | 19,477 | 7,528 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the reporting period | | 19,904 | 19,477 |
| Analysis of the balances of cash and cash equivalents | | | |
| Bank balances and cash | 19 | 20,267 | 20,305 |
| Bank overdrafts | 21(a) | (363) | (828) |
| | | 19,904 | 19,477 |

1. CORPORATE INFORMATION AND BASIS OF PREPARATION

Nomad Technologies Holdings Limited (the “**Company**”) was incorporated as an exempted company with limited liability in the Cayman Islands on 5 June 2018. The Company’s shares were listed on GEM of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the “**Stock Exchange**”) on 9 December 2019 (the “**Listing**”). The registered office of the Company is situated at Windward 3, Regatta Office Park, PO Box 1350, Grand Cayman KY1-1108, Cayman Islands. The Company’s principal place of business is No.25, 25-1 & 25-3, Jalan MH 3, Taman Muzaffar Heights, 75450 Ayer Keroh, Melaka, Malaysia.

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding. The Company together with its subsidiaries (hereinafter collectively referred to as the “**Group**”) are principally engaged in rendering of (i) network support services mainly encompassing network infrastructure design and hardware installation, network management and security services; and (ii) network connectivity services that focus on providing intranet and internet connectivity solutions and value-added services.

In the opinion of the directors of the Company, the immediate and ultimate holding company of the Company is Advantage Sail Limited, which was incorporated in the British Virgin Islands (the “**BVI**”) with limited liability.

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Statement of compliance

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (“**IFRSs**”) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (the “**IASB**”), which collective term includes all applicable individual IFRSs, International Accounting Standards (“**IASs**”) and Interpretations issued by the IASB and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. The consolidated financial statements also comply with the applicable disclosure requirements of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on GEM of the Stock Exchange (the “**GEM Listing Rules**”).

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Malaysian Ringgit (“**RM**”) and all amounts have been rounded to the nearest thousand (“**RM’000**”), unless otherwise indicated.

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a basis consistent with the accounting policies adopted in the 2020 consolidated financial statements except for the adoption of the new/revised IFRSs that are relevant to the Group and effective from the current year as set out below.

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)*Adoption of new/revised IFRSs*

The Group has applied, for the first time, the following new/revised IFRSs that are relevant to the Group.

Amendments to IASs 1 and 8: Definition of Material

The amendments clarify the definition of material and align the definition used across IFRSs.

The adoption of the amendments does not have any significant impact on the consolidated financial statements.

Amendments to IAS 39, IFRSs 7 and 9: Interest Rate Benchmark Reform – Phase 1

The amendments modify some specific hedge accounting requirements to provide relief from potential effects of the uncertainties caused by interest rate benchmark reform (the market-wide reform of an interest rate benchmark, including the replacement of an interest rate benchmark with an alternative benchmark). In addition, the amendments require companies to provide additional information to investors about their hedging relationships which are directly affected by these uncertainties.

The adoption of the amendments does not have any significant impact on the consolidated financial statements.

Amendments to IFRS 3: Definition of a Business

The amendments, among others, revise the definition of a business and include new guidance to evaluate whether an acquired process is substantive.

The adoption of the amendments does not have any significant impact on the consolidated financial statements.

Amendments to IFRS 16: COVID-19-Related Rent Concessions Beyond 30 June 2021

The amendments exempt lessees from having to consider individual lease contracts to determine whether rent concessions occurring as a direct consequence of the COVID-19 pandemic are lease modifications and allow lessees to account for such rent concessions as if they were not lease modifications. It applies to covid-19-related rent concessions that reduce lease payments due on or before 30 June 2022. The amendments do not affect lessors.

These amendments shall be applied for annual periods beginning on or after 1 April 2021 with earlier application permitted. The Group has elected to early adopt the amendments in the current year. In accordance with the transition provisions therein, the amendments have been applied retrospectively by the Group recognising the cumulative effect of initially applying the amendments as an adjustment to the opening balance of accumulated profits (or other component of equity, as appropriate) and therefore the comparative information has not been restated.

The adoption of the amendments does not have any significant impact on the consolidated financial statements.

Amendments Reference to Conceptual Framework in IFRS Standards

The amendments update those pronouncements with regard to references to and quotes from the framework so that those pronouncements refer to the revised conceptual framework.

The adoption of the amendments does not have any significant impact on the consolidated financial statements.

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

A summary of the principal accounting policies adopted by the Group is set out below.

Basis of measurement

The measurement basis used in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements is historical cost.

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of the Company and all of its subsidiaries. The financial statements of the subsidiaries are prepared for the same reporting period as that of the Company using consistent accounting policies.

All intra-group balances, transactions, incomes and expenses and profits and losses resulting from intra-group transactions are eliminated in full. The results of subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which the Group obtains control and continue to be consolidated until the date that such control ceases.

Non-controlling interests are presented, separately from equity holders of the Company, in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income and within equity in the consolidated statement of financial position. The non-controlling interests in the acquiree, that are present ownership interests and entitle their holders to a proportionate share of the acquiree's net assets in the event of liquidation, are measured initially either at fair value or at the present ownership instruments' proportionate share in the recognised amounts of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. This choice of measurement is made on an acquisition-by-acquisition basis. Other types of non-controlling interests are initially measured at fair value, unless another measurement basis is required by IFRSs.

Allocation of total comprehensive income

Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the equity holders of the Company and to the non-controlling interests. Total comprehensive income is attributed to the equity holders of the Company and the non-controlling interest even if this results in the non-controlling interest having a deficit balance.

Changes in ownership interest

Changes in the Group's ownership interest in a subsidiary that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions. The carrying amounts of the controlling and non-controlling interests are adjusted to reflect the changes in their relative interests in the subsidiary. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognised directly in equity and attributed to the equity holders of the Company.

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Basis of consolidation (continued)

Changes in ownership interest (continued)

When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, the profit or loss on disposal is calculated as the difference between (i) the aggregate of the fair value of the consideration received and the fair value of any retained interest determined at the date when control is lost and (ii) the carrying amount of the assets (including goodwill), and liabilities of the subsidiary and any non-controlling interests at the date when control is lost. The amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to the disposed subsidiary are accounted for on the same basis as would be required if the parent had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities. Any investment retained in the former subsidiary and any amounts owed by or to the former subsidiary are accounted for as a financial asset, associate, joint venture or others as appropriate from the date when control is lost.

Subsidiaries

A subsidiary is an entity that is controlled by the Group. The Group controls an entity when it is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. The Group reassesses whether it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the elements of control.

In the Company's statement of financial position, which is presented in Note 25 to the consolidated financial statements, an investment in a subsidiary is stated at cost less impairment loss. The carrying amount of the investment is reduced to its recoverable amount on an individual basis, if it is higher than the recoverable amount. The results of subsidiaries are accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividends received and receivable.

Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. The cost of an item of property and equipment comprises its purchase price and any directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to its working condition and location for its intended use. Repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the period in which they are incurred.

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)*Property, plant and equipment (continued)*

Depreciation is provided to write off the cost less accumulated impairment losses of property, plant and equipment over their estimated useful lives at the annual rate as set out below from the date on which they are available for use and after taking into account their estimated residual values, using the straight-line method. Where parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, the cost of the item is allocated on a reasonable basis and depreciated separately:

| | |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Leasehold land and buildings | Over remaining lease period |
| Staff quarters | 2% |
| Furniture and fittings | 10% |
| Office equipment | 10% |
| Renovation and signboards | 10% |
| Computers | 20%-40% |
| Motor vehicles | 20% |
| Internet services equipment | 17%-50% |

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the item) is included in profit or loss in the period in which the item is derecognised.

*Financial instruments***Financial assets***Recognition and derecognition*

Financial assets are recognised when and only when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments and on a trade date basis.

A financial asset is derecognised when and only when (i) the Group's contractual rights to future cash flows from the financial asset expire or (ii) the Group transfers the financial asset and either (a) it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, or (b) it neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset but it does not retain control of the financial asset.

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)*Financial instruments (continued)***Financial assets (continued)***Classification and measurement*

Financial assets (except for trade receivables without a significant financing component which are initially measured at their transaction price) are initially recognised at their fair value plus, in the case of financial assets not carried at FVPL, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial assets.

On initial recognition, a financial asset is classified as (i) measured at amortised cost; (ii) debt investment measured at fair value through other comprehensive income; (iii) equity investment measured at fair value through other comprehensive income; or (iv) measured at FVPL.

The classification of financial assets at initial recognition depends on the Group's business model for managing the financial assets and the financial asset's contractual cash flow characteristics. Financial assets are not reclassified subsequent to their initial recognition unless the Group changes its business model for managing them, in which case all affected financial assets are reclassified on the first day of the first annual reporting period following the change in the business model.

Financial assets measured at amortised cost

A financial asset is measured at amortised cost if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated at FVPL:

- (i) it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
- (ii) its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Financial assets at amortised cost are subsequently measured using the effective interest method and are subject to impairment. Gains and losses arising from impairment, derecognition or through the amortisation process are recognised in profit or loss.

The Group's financial assets at amortised cost include trade and other receivables, pledged bank deposits and bank balances and cash.

Financial liabilities*Recognition and derecognition*

Financial liabilities are recognised when and only when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

A financial liability is derecognised when and only when the liability is extinguished, that is, when the obligation specified in the relevant contract is discharged, cancelled or expires.

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Financial instruments (continued)

Financial liabilities (continued)

Classification and measurement

Financial liabilities are initially recognised at their fair value plus, in the case of financial liabilities not carried at FVPL, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the issue of the financial liabilities.

The Group's financial liabilities include trade and other payables, interest-bearing borrowings and bank overdraft and lease liabilities. All financial liabilities are recognised initially at their fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method, unless the effect of discounting would be insignificant, in which case they are stated at cost.

Impairment of financial assets and other items

The Group recognises loss allowances for expected credit losses ("ECL") on financial assets that are measured at amortised cost. Except for the specific treatments as detailed below, at each reporting date, the Group measures a loss allowance for a financial asset at an amount equal to the lifetime ECL if the credit risk on that financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition. If the credit risk on a financial asset has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group measures the loss allowance for that financial asset at an amount equal to 12-month ECL.

Measurement of ECL

ECL is a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses (i.e. the present value of all cash shortfalls) over the expected life of the financial instrument.

For financial assets, a credit loss is the present value of the difference between the contractual cash flows that are due to an entity under the contract and the cash flows that the entity expects to receive.

Lifetime ECL represents the ECL that will result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument while 12-month ECL represents the portion of lifetime ECL that is expected to result from default events on a financial instrument that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date.

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Financial instruments (continued)

Impairment of financial assets and other items (continued)

Measurement of ECL (continued)

Where ECL is measured on a collective basis, the financial instruments are grouped based on the following one or more shared credit risk characteristics:

- (i) past due information
- (ii) nature of instrument
- (iii) nature of collateral
- (iv) industry of debtors
- (v) geographical location of debtors

Loss allowance is remeasured at each reporting date to reflect changes in the financial instrument's credit risk and loss since initial recognition. The resulting changes in the loss allowance are recognised as an impairment gain or loss in profit or loss with a corresponding adjustment to the carrying amount of the financial instrument.

Definition of default

The Group considers the following as constituting an event of default for internal credit risk management purposes as historical experience indicates that the Group may not receive the outstanding contractual amounts in full if the financial asset that meets any of the following criteria.

- (i) information developed internally or obtained from external sources indicates that the debtor is unlikely to pay its creditors, including the Group, in full (without taking into account any collaterals held by the Group); or
- (ii) there is a breach of financial covenants by the counterparty.

Irrespective of the above analysis, the Group considers that default has occurred when a financial asset is more than 90 days past due unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information to demonstrate that a more lagging default criterion is more appropriate.

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Financial instruments (continued)

Impairment of financial assets and other items (continued)

Assessment of significant increase in credit risk

In assessing whether the credit risk on a financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument at the reporting date with the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument at the date of initial recognition. In making this assessment, the Group considers both quantitative and qualitative information that is reasonable and supportable, including historical experience and forward-looking information that is available without undue cost or effort. In particular, the following information is taken into account in the assessment:

- the debtor's failure to make payments of principal or interest on the due dates;
- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the financial instrument's external or internal credit rating (if available);
- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the operating results of the debtor; and
- actual or expected changes in the technological, market, economic or legal environment that have or may have a significant adverse effect on the debtor's ability to meet its obligation to the Group.

Irrespective of the outcome of the above assessment, the Group presumes that the credit risk on a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition when contractual payments are more than 30 days past due.

Low credit risk

A financial instrument is determined to have low credit risk if:

- (i) it has a low risk of default;
- (ii) the borrower has a strong capacity to meet its contractual cash flow obligations in the near term; and
- (iii) adverse changes in economic and business conditions in the longer term may, but will not necessarily, reduce the ability of the borrower to fulfil its contractual cash flow obligations.

As detailed in Note 29 to the consolidated financial statements, restricted bank balance, pledged bank balances and bank balances and cash are determined to have low credit risk.

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)*Financial instruments (continued)****Impairment of financial assets and other items (continued)****Simplified approach of ECL*

For trade receivables without a significant financing components or otherwise for which the Group applies the practical expedient not to account for the significant financing components, the Group applies a simplified approach in calculating ECL. The Group recognises a loss allowance based on lifetime ECL at each reporting date and has established a provision matrix that is based on its historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment.

Credit-impaired financial asset

A financial asset is credit-impaired when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of that financial asset have occurred. Evidence that a financial asset is credit-impaired includes observable data about the following events:

- (i) significant financial difficulty of the issuer or the borrower;
- (ii) a breach of contract, such as a default or past due event;
- (iii) the lender(s) of the borrower, for economic or contractual reasons relating to the borrower's financial difficulty, having granted to the borrower a concession(s) that the lender(s) would not otherwise consider;
- (iv) it is becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation;
- (v) the disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties;
- (vi) the purchase or origination of a financial asset at a deep discount that reflects the incurred credit losses.

Write-off

The Group writes off a financial asset when the Group has no reasonable expectations of recovering the contractual cash flows on a financial asset in its entirety or a portion thereof. The Group expects no significant recovery from the amount written off. However, financial assets that are written off could still be subject to enforcement activities under the Group's procedures for recovery of amounts due, taking into account legal advice if appropriate. Any subsequent recovery is recognised in profit or loss.

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Cash equivalents

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash equivalents represent short-term highly liquid investments which are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, net of bank overdrafts.

Revenue recognition

Rental income

Rental income under operating leases is recognised when the assets are let out and on the straight-line basis over the lease term. Variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate are initially measured using the index or rate at the commencement date and subsequently adjusted when such index or rate changes. Such payments are recognised as income on the straight-line basis over the lease term. Other variable lease payments are recognised as income in the period in which the event or condition that triggers those payments occurs.

Revenue from contracts with customers within IFRS 15

Nature of goods or services

The nature of the goods or services provided by the Group is as follows:

- (i) Sales of hardware;
- (ii) On-site installation of hardware;
- (iii) Network management and security services; and
- (iv) Network connectivity services.

Identification of performance obligations

At contract inception, the Group assesses the goods or services promised in a contract with a customer and identifies as a performance obligation each promise to transfer to the customer either:

- (a) a good or service (or a bundle of goods or services) that is distinct; or
- (b) a series of distinct goods or services that are substantially the same and that have the same pattern of transfer to the customer.

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Revenue recognition (continued)

Revenue from contracts with customers within IFRS 15 (continued)

Identification of performance obligations (continued)

A good or service that is promised to a customer is distinct if both of the following criteria are met:

- (a) the customer can benefit from the good or service either on its own or together with other resources that are readily available to the customer (i.e. the good or service is capable of being distinct); and
- (b) the Group's promise to transfer the good or service to the customer is separately identifiable from other promises in the contract (i.e. the promise to transfer the good or service is distinct within the context of the contract).

Timing of revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised when (or as) the Group satisfies a performance obligation by transferring a promised good or service (i.e. an asset) to a customer. An asset is transferred when (or as) the customer obtains control of that asset.

The Group transfers control of a good or service over time and, therefore, satisfies a performance obligation and recognises revenue over time, if one of the following criteria is met:

- (a) the customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided by the Group's performance as the Group performs;
- (b) the Group's performance creates or enhances an asset (for example, work in progress) that the customer controls as the asset is created or enhanced; or
- (c) the Group's performance does not create an asset with an alternative use to the Group and the Group has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date.

If a performance obligation is not satisfied over time, the Group satisfies the performance obligation at a point in time when the customer obtains control of the promised asset. In determining when the transfer of control occurs, the Group considers the concept of control and such indicators as legal title, physical possession, right to payment, significant risks and rewards of ownership of the asset, and customer acceptance.

Sales of hardware are recognised at a point in time at which the customer obtains the control of the promised asset, which generally coincides with the time when the goods are delivered to customers and the title is passed.

On-site installation of hardware, network management and security services and network connectivity services are recognised over time by reference to the progress towards complete satisfaction of the performance obligation.

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Revenue recognition (continued)

Revenue from contracts with customers within IFRS 15 (continued)

Transaction price: significant financing components

When the contract contains a significant financing component (i.e. the customer or the Group is provided with a significant benefit of financing the transfer of goods or services to the customer), in determining the transaction price, the Group adjusts the promised consideration for the effects of the time value of money. The effect of the significant financing component is recognised as an interest income or interest expense separately from revenue from contracts with customers in profit or loss.

The Group determines the interest rate that is commensurate with the rate that would be reflected in a separate financing transaction between the Group and its customer at contract inception by reference to, where appropriate, the interest rate implicit in the contract (i.e. the interest rate that discounts the cash selling price of the goods or services to the amount paid in advance or arrears), the prevailing market interest rates, the Group's borrowing rates and other relevant creditworthiness information of the customer of the Group.

The Group has applied the practical expedient in paragraph 63 of IFRS 15 and does not adjust the consideration for the effect of the significant financing component if the period of financing is one year or less.

Interest income

Interest income from financial assets is recognised using the effective interest method. For financial assets measured at amortised cost that are not credit-impaired, the effective interest rate is applied to the gross carrying amount of the assets while it is applied to the amortised cost (i.e. the gross carrying amount net of loss allowance) in case of credit-impaired financial assets.

Contract assets and contract liabilities

If the Group performs by transferring goods or services to a customer before the customer pays consideration or before payment is due, the contract is presented as a contract asset, excluding any amounts presented as a receivable. Conversely, if a customer pays consideration, or the Group has a right to an amount of consideration that is unconditional, before the Group transfers a good or service to the customer, the contract is presented as a contract liability when the payment is made or the payment is due (whichever is earlier). A receivable is the Group's right to consideration that is unconditional or only the passage of time is required before payment of that consideration is due.

For a single contract or a single set of related contracts, either a net contract asset or a net contract liability is presented. Contract assets and contract liabilities of unrelated contracts are not presented on a net basis.

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Contract assets and contract liabilities (continued)

For network management and security services and network connectivity services, it is common for the Group to receive from the customers the whole or some of the contractual payments before the services are completed or when the goods are delivered (i.e. the timing of revenue recognition for such transactions). The Group recognises a contract liability until it is recognised as revenue. During that period, any significant financing components, if applicable, will be included in the contract liability and will be expensed as accrued unless the interest expense is eligible for capitalisation.

Contract costs

Contract costs are either incremental costs of obtaining or costs (other than those that are accounted for as inventories, property, plant and equipment, or intangible assets) to fulfil contracts with customers. Capitalised contract costs are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses.

The costs to obtain contracts are capitalised if they are incremental and recoverable. The capitalised costs are amortised on a straight-line basis over the term of the specific existing and anticipated contracts to which the costs relate.

Foreign currency translation

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "**functional currency**"). The Company's functional currency is RM and the consolidated financial statements are presented in RM because the Group's transactions are mainly conducted in RM, which is the functional currency of the major subsidiaries of the Group.

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at period-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in profit or loss.

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Foreign currency translation (continued)

The results and financial position of all the group entities that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency (“**foreign operations**”) are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

- assets and liabilities for each statement of financial position presented are translated at the closing rate at the end of the reporting period;
- income and expenses for each statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income are translated at average exchange rate;
- all resulting exchange differences arising from the above translation and exchange differences arising from a monetary item that forms part of the Group’s net investment in a foreign operation are recognised as a separate component of equity;
- on the disposal of a foreign operation, which includes a disposal of the Group’s entire interest in a foreign operation and a disposal involving the loss of control over a subsidiary that includes a foreign operation, the cumulative amount of the exchange differences relating to the foreign operation that is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the separate component of equity is reclassified from equity to profit or loss when the gain or loss on disposal is recognised;
- on the partial disposal of the Group’s interest in a subsidiary that includes a foreign operation which does not result in the Group losing control over the subsidiary, the proportionate share of the cumulative amount of the exchange differences recognised in the separate component of equity is re-attributed to the non-controlling interests in that foreign operation and are not reclassified to profit or loss; and
- on all other partial disposals, the proportionate share of the cumulative amount of exchange differences recognised in the separate component of equity is reclassified to profit or loss.

Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost, which comprises all costs of purchase and, where applicable, other costs that have been incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition, is calculated using the weighted average cost method. Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

When inventories are sold, the carrying amount of those inventories is recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised. The amount of any write-down of inventories to net realisable value and all losses of inventories are recognised as an expense in the period of the write-down or loss occurs. The amount of any reversal of any write-down of inventories is recognised as a reduction in the amount of inventories recognised as an expense in the period in which the reversal occurs.

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Impairment of other assets

At the end of each reporting period, the Group reviews internal and external sources of information to assess whether there is any indication that the Group's property, plant and equipment, and the Company's investment in subsidiaries may be impaired or impairment loss previously recognised no longer exists or may be reduced. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated, based on the higher of its fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the smallest group of assets that generates cash flows independently (i.e. cash-generating unit).

If the recoverable amount of an asset or a cash-generating unit is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset or cash-generating unit is reduced to its recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recognised as an expense in profit or loss immediately.

A reversal of impairment loss is limited to the carrying amount of the asset or cash-generating unit that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised in prior periods. Reversal of impairment loss is recognised as an income in profit or loss immediately.

Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs incurred, net of any investment income on the temporary investment of the specific borrowings, that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, i.e. assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are capitalised as part of the cost of those assets. Capitalisation of such borrowing costs ceases when the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. All other borrowing costs are recognised as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

Leases

The Group assesses whether a contract is, or contains, a lease at inception of the contract. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

As lessee

The Group applies the recognition exemption to short-term leases and low-value asset leases. Lease payments associated with these leases are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

The Group has elected not to separate non-lease components from lease components, and accounts for each lease component and any associated non-lease components as a single lease component.

The Group accounts for each lease component within a lease contract as a lease separately. The Group allocates the consideration in the contract to each lease component on the basis of the relative stand-alone price of the lease component.

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Leases (continued)

As lessee (continued)

Amounts payable by the Group that do not give rise to a separate component are considered to be part of the total consideration that is allocated to the separately identified components of the contract.

The Group recognises a right-of-use asset and a lease liability at the commencement date of the lease.

The right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost, which comprises:

- (a) the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability;
- (b) any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, less any lease incentives received;
- (c) any initial direct costs incurred by the Group; and
- (d) an estimate of costs to be incurred by the Group in dismantling and removing the underlying asset, restoring the site on which it is located or restoring the underlying asset to the condition required by the terms and conditions of the lease, unless those costs are incurred to produce inventories.

Subsequently, the right-of-use asset is measured at cost less any accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses and adjusted for any remeasurement of the lease liability. Depreciation is provided on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term and the estimated useful lives of the right-of-use asset (unless the lease transfers ownership of the underlying asset to the Group by the end of the lease term or if the cost of the right-of-use asset reflects that the Group will exercise a purchase option – in which case depreciation is provided over the estimated useful life of the underlying asset) as follows:

| | |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Leasehold land and buildings | Over remaining lease period |
| Motor vehicles | 5 years |
| Internet service equipment | 2-6 years |

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date of the contract.

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Leases (continued)

As lessee (continued)

The lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability comprise the following payments for the right to use the underlying asset during the lease term that are not paid at the commencement date:

- (a) fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments), less any lease incentives receivable;
- (b) variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate;
- (c) amounts expected to be payable under residual value guarantees;
- (d) exercise price of a purchase option if the Group is reasonably certain to exercise that option; and
- (e) payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the Group exercising an option to terminate the lease.

The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease, or where it is not readily determinable, the incremental borrowing rate of the lessee.

Subsequently, the lease liability is measured by increasing the carrying amount to reflect interest on the lease liability and by reducing the carrying amount to reflect the lease payments made.

The lease liability is remeasured using a revised discount rate when there are changes to the lease payments arising from a change in the lease term or the reassessment of whether the Group will be reasonably certain to exercise a purchase option.

The lease liability is remeasured by using the original discount rate when there is a change in the residual value guarantee, the in-substance fixed lease payments or the future lease payments resulting from a change in an index or a rate (other than floating interest rate). In case of a change in future lease payments resulting from a change in floating interest rates, the Group remeasures the lease liability using a revised discount rate.

The Group recognises the amount of the remeasurement of the lease liability as an adjustment to the right-of-use asset. If the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset is reduced to zero and there is a further reduction in the measurement of the lease liability, the Group recognises any remaining amount of the remeasurement in profit or loss.

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Leases (continued)

As lessee (continued)

A lease modification is accounted for as a separate lease if:

- (a) the modification increases the scope of the lease by adding the right to use one or more underlying assets; and
- (b) the consideration for the lease increases by an amount commensurate with the stand-alone price for the increase in scope and any appropriate adjustments to that stand-alone price to reflect the circumstances of the particular contract.

When a lease modification is not accounted for as a separate lease, at the effective date of the lease modification,

- (a) the Group allocates the consideration in the modified contract on the basis of relative stand-alone price as described above.
- (b) the Group determines the lease term of the modified contract.
- (c) the Group remeasures the lease liability by discounting the revised lease payments using a revised discount rate over the revised lease term.
- (d) for lease modifications that decrease the scope of the lease, the Group accounts for the remeasurement of the lease liability by decreasing the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset to reflect the partial or full termination of the lease and recognising any gain or loss relating to the partial or full termination of the lease in profit or loss.
- (e) for all other lease modifications, the Group accounts for the remeasurement of the lease liability by making a corresponding adjustment to the right-of-use asset.

The Group has applied the practical expedient provided in Amendments to IFRS 16: COVID-19-Related Rent Concessions and does not assess whether eligible rent concessions occurring as a direct consequence of the COVID-19 pandemic are lease modification. The Group accounts for any change in lease payments resulting from the rent concession the same way it would account for the change applying IFRS 16 if the change were not a lease modification.

The practical expedient applies only to rent concessions occurring as a direct consequence of the COVID-19 pandemic and only if all of the following conditions are met:

- (a) the change in lease payments results in revised consideration for the lease that is substantially the same as, or less than, the consideration for the lease immediately preceding the change;
- (b) any reduction in lease payments affects only payments originally due on or before 30 June 2021; and
- (c) there is no substantive change to other terms and conditions of the lease.

The Group has applied the practical expedient consistently to all eligible rent concessions with similar characteristics and in similar circumstances.

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Leases (continued)

As lessor

The Group classifies each of its leases as either a finance lease or an operating lease at the inception date of the lease. A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of the underlying asset. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

The Group accounts for each lease component within a lease contract as a lease separately from non-lease components of the contract. The Group allocates the consideration in the contract to each lease component on a relative stand-alone price basis.

As lessor – operating lease

The Group applies the derecognition and impairment requirements in IFRS 9 to the operating lease receivables.

A modification to an operating lease is accounted for as a new lease from the effective date of the modification, considering any prepaid or accrued lease payments relating to the original lease as part of the lease payments for the new lease.

Employee benefits

Short term employee benefits

Salaries, annual bonuses, paid annual leave and the cost of non-monetary benefits are accrued in the period in which the associated services are rendered by employees.

Defined contribution plans

The obligations for contributions to defined contribution retirement scheme are recognised as an expense in profit or loss as incurred. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the Group in an independently administered fund.

Taxation

The charge for current income tax is based on the results for the period as adjusted for items that are non-assessable or disallowed. It is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of each reporting period.

Deferred tax is provided, using the liability method, on all temporary differences at the end of each reporting period between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements. However, any deferred tax arising from initial recognition of goodwill; or other asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss is not recognised.

The deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is recovered or the liability is settled, based on tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the end of each reporting period.

Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, tax losses and credits can be utilised.

Deferred tax is provided on temporary differences arising on investment in subsidiaries, except where the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences is controlled by the Group and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Related parties

A related party is a person or entity that is related to the Group, that is defined as:

(a) A person or a close member of that person's family is related to the Group if that person:

- (i) has control or joint control over the Group;
- (ii) has significant influence over the Group; or
- (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Group or of a holding company of the Group.

(b) An entity is related to the Group if any of the following conditions applies:

- (i) the entity and the Group are members of the same group (which means that each holding company, subsidiary and fellow subsidiary is related to the others).
- (ii) one entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member).
- (iii) both entities are joint ventures of the same third party.
- (iv) one entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity.
- (v) the entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group. If the Group is itself such a plan, the sponsoring employers are also related to the Group.
- (vi) the entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a).
- (vii) a person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a holding company of the entity).
- (viii) the entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the Group or to a holding company of the Group.

Close members of the family of a person are those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by, that person in their dealings with the entity and include:

- (a) that person's children and spouse or domestic partner;
- (b) children of that person's spouse or domestic partner; and
- (c) dependants of that person or that person's spouse or domestic partner.

In the definition of a related party, an associate includes subsidiaries of the associate and a joint venture includes subsidiaries of the joint venture.

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Segment reporting

Operating segments, and the amounts of each segment item reported in the consolidated financial statements, are identified from the financial information provided regularly to Group's most senior executive management for the purpose of allocating resources to, and assessing the performance of, the Group's various lines of business and geographical locations.

Individual material operating segments are not aggregated for financial reporting purposes unless the segments have similar economic characteristics and are similar in respect of the nature of products and services, the nature of production processes, the type or class of customers, the methods used to distribute the products or provide the services, and the nature of the regulatory environment. Operating segments which are not individually material may be aggregated if they share a majority of these criteria.

Critical accounting estimates and judgements

Estimates and assumptions concerning the future and judgements are made by the management in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements. They affect the application of the Group's accounting policies, reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses, and disclosures made. They are assessed on an on-going basis and are based on experience and relevant factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Where appropriate, revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period of revision and future periods, in case the revision also affects future periods.

Key sources of estimation uncertainty are as follows:

(i) *Useful lives of property, plant and equipment*

The management of the Group determines the estimated useful lives of the Group's property, plant and equipment based on the historical experience of the actual useful lives of the relevant assets of similar nature and functions. The estimated useful lives could be different as a result of technical innovations which could affect the related depreciation charges included in profit or loss.

(ii) *Impairment of property, plant and equipment*

The management of the Group determines whether the Group's property, plant and equipment are impaired when an indication of impairment exists. This requires an estimation of the recoverable amount of the property, plant and equipment, which is equal to the higher of fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. Estimating the value in use requires the management to make an estimate of the expected future cash flows from property, plant and equipment and also to choose a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value of those cash flows. Any impairment will be charged to profit or loss.

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Critical accounting estimates and judgements (continued)

Key sources of estimation uncertainty are as follows: (continued)

(iii) *Allowance for inventories*

The management of the Group reviews the inventory ageing analysis periodically and makes allowances for inventories that are identified as obsolete, slow-moving or no longer recoverable or suitable for use in production. The Group carries out the inventory review on a product-by-product basis and makes allowance at the end of each reporting period by reference to management's estimation of the net realisable value based on the latest market prices and current market conditions.

(iv) *Loss allowance for ECL*

The management of the Group estimates the loss allowance for trade receivables by using various inputs and assumptions including risk of a default and expected loss rate. The estimation involves high degree of uncertainty which is based on the Group's historical information, existing market conditions as well as forward-looking estimates at the end of each reporting period. Where the expectation is different from the original estimate, such difference will impact the carrying amount of trade receivables.

(v) *Identification of lease*

At the inception of a contract, the Group assesses whether a contract is, or contains, a lease based on the requirements of IFRS 16 and all the relevant facts and circumstances. In particular, the Group assesses whether the contract involves the use of an identified asset by applying the concept of substantive substitution right. Also, the Group assesses whether the Group or the customer has the right to direct the use of the identified asset with reference to determination of which party has the decision-making rights that are most relevant to changing how and for what purpose the asset is used. In cases where such decisions are predetermined, the right to operate the asset or the incorporation of such decisions by means of designing the asset are considered.

(vi) *Revenue recognition*

The Group recognised revenue from on-site installation of hardware, network management and security services and network connectivity services over a period of time by reference to the progress towards complete satisfaction of the performance obligations of each project at the reporting date. The management has to assess the relevancy of performance obligations for each project and to allocate the transaction prices among various performance obligations in order to determine the recognition point(s) of revenue. The recognition of revenue is therefore owing to the inherent risk associated with the management's judgement.

3. FUTURE CHANGES IN IFRSs

At the date of approving the consolidated financial statements, the IASB has issued the following new/revised IFRSs that are not yet effective for the current year, which the Group has not early adopted:

| | |
|---|--|
| Amendments to IAS 39, IFRSs 4, 7, 9 and 16 | Interest Rate Benchmark Reform – Phase 2 ^[1] |
| Amendments to IAS 16 | Proceeds before Intended Use ^[2] |
| Amendments to IAS 37 | Cost of Fulfilling a Contract ^[2] |
| Amendments to IFRS 3 | Reference to the Conceptual Framework ^[2] |
| Annual Improvements to IFRSs | 2018-2020 Cycle ^[2] |
| Amendments to IAS 1 | Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current ^[3] |
| Amendments to IAS 1 and IFRS Practice Statement 2 | Disclosure of Accounting Policies ^[3] |
| Amendments to IAS 8 | Definition of Accounting Estimates ^[3] |
| Amendments to IAS 12 | Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction ^[3] |
| IFRS 17 | Insurance Contracts ^[3] |
| Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28 | Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture ^[4] |

^[1] Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2021

^[2] Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022

^[3] Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023

^[4] The effective date to be determined

The management of the Group does not anticipate that the adoption of the new/revised IFRSs in future periods will have any material impact on the Group's consolidated financial statements.

4. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Group's operating activities are attributable to a single operating segment focusing on network management and security services and network connectivity services in Malaysia during the years ended 30 June 2021 and 2020. This operating segment has been identified on the basis of internal management reports prepared in accordance with accounting policies conform to IFRSs that are regularly reviewed by the executive directors of the Company, being identified as the chief operating decision maker. They review the results of the Group as a whole in order to assess financial performance and allocation of resources. Accordingly, the operation of the Group constitutes only one single operating segment and no further analysis of this single segment is presented.

Geographical information

The Group's operation is mainly located in Malaysia.

The following sets out information about the geographical location of (i) the Group's revenue from external customers; and (ii) the Group's property, plant and equipment (the "**Specified Non-current Assets**"). The geographical location of the Specified Non-current Assets is based on the physical location of the assets.

(a) Revenue from external customers

All the Group's revenue from external customers is derived from Malaysia for the years ended 30 June 2021 and 2020.

(b) Specified Non-current Assets

At 30 June 2021 and 2020, all the Specified Non-current Assets of the Group are located in Malaysia.

Information about major customers

Revenue from customers individually contributing 10% or more of the total revenue of the Group for the years ended 30 June 2021 and 2020 is as follows:

| | 2021 RM'000 | 2020 RM'000 |
|------------|----------------|----------------|
| Customer A | 9,029 | 8,926 |
| Customer B | 7,562 | 6,561 |
| Customer C | 4,153 | 5,228 |

5. REVENUE

| | 2021 RM'000 | 2020 RM'000 |
|--|----------------|----------------|
| Revenue from contracts with customers within IFRS 15 | | |
| Sales of hardware | 5,717 | 3,582 |
| Rendering of services | | |
| – On-site installation of hardware | 1,360 | 1,540 |
| – Network management and security services | 2,903 | 4,228 |
| – Network connectivity services | 24,049 | 21,722 |
| | 34,029 | 31,072 |
| Revenue from other sources | | |
| Revenue from lease of hardware under operating lease with fixed lease payments | 5,724 | 6,052 |
| | 39,753 | 37,124 |
| Timing of revenue recognition under IFRS 15 | | |
| At a point in time | 5,717 | 3,582 |
| Over time | 28,312 | 27,490 |
| | 34,029 | 31,072 |

Unsatisfied or partially unsatisfied performance obligations

The amount of transaction price allocated to the performance obligations that are unsatisfied (or partially unsatisfied) at 30 June 2021 is approximately RM31,227,000 (2020: approximately RM31,772,000), of which approximately RM16,924,000, and RM14,303,000 are expected to be recognised as revenue within 12 months and over 1 year up to 5 years, respectively (2020: approximately RM18,221,000 and RM13,551,000 are expected to be recognised as revenue within 12 months and over 1 year up to 5 years, respectively).

6. OTHER INCOME

| | 2021 RM'000 | 2020 RM'000 |
|------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| Interest income from bank deposits | 103 | 306 |
| Government subsidies (Note) | 79 | 23 |
| Others | 170 | 67 |
| | 352 | 396 |

Note: In the opinion of the management of the Group, there was no unfulfilled condition or contingency relating to the government subsidies.

7. OTHER GAIN AND LOSSES

| | 2021 RM'000 | 2020 RM'000 |
|---|----------------|----------------|
| Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment | 3 | – |
| (Provision for) Reversal of impairment loss on trade receivables, net | (136) | 18 |
| Write-off of property, plant and equipment | (26) | (215) |
| Foreign exchange (loss) gain, net | (443) | 152 |
| | (602) | (45) |

8. (LOSS) PROFIT BEFORE TAX

This is stated after charging:

| | 2021 RM'000 | 2020 RM'000 |
|--|----------------|----------------|
| Finance costs | | |
| Interest expenses on interest-bearing borrowings and bank overdrafts | 68 | 246 |
| Interest expenses on lease liabilities | 60 | 112 |
| | 128 | 358 |
| Staff costs (including directors' emoluments) | | |
| Salaries, discretionary bonus, allowances and other benefits in kind | 5,433 | 4,702 |
| Contributions to defined contribution plans | 504 | 540 |
| | 5,937 | 5,242 |
| Other items | | |
| Auditors' remuneration | 468 | 475 |
| Amortisation of contract costs | 1,035 | 910 |
| Cost of inventories | 5,472 | 2,605 |
| Depreciation of property, plant and equipment | 7,647 | 4,363 |
| Lease payment of premises under short-term leases | – | 8 |

9. INFORMATION ABOUT THE BENEFITS OF THE DIRECTORS**(a) Directors' remuneration**

Directors' and chief executive's remuneration for the year, disclosed pursuant to the Listing Rules, section 383(1)(a), (b), (c) and (f) of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and Part 2 of the Companies (Disclosure of Information about Benefits of Directors) Regulation, is as follows:

Certain directors of the Company received remuneration from the Group during the years ended 30 June 2021 and 2020 for their appointment as employees of these entities. The aggregate amounts of remuneration received and receivable by the directors of the Company during the years ended 30 June 2021 and 2020 are set out below.

9. INFORMATION ABOUT THE BENEFITS OF THE DIRECTORS (CONTINUED)
(a) Directors' remuneration (continued)
Year ended 30 June 2021

| | Directors' fees RM'000 | Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind RM'000 | Discretionary bonus RM'000 | Contributions to defined contribution plans RM'000 | Total RM'000 |
|--|---------------------------|---|----------------------------------|--|-----------------|
| <i>Executive directors</i> | | | | | |
| Dato' Eric Tan Chwee Kuang | 175 | 848 | 114 | 107 | 1,244 |
| Mr. Saw Zhe Wei ³ | 35 | 196 | 25 | 25 | 281 |
| <i>Independent non-executive directors</i> | | | | | |
| Mr. Lim Peng Chuan Terence | 95 | - | - | - | 95 |
| Mr. Phua Cheng Sye Charles | 95 | - | - | - | 95 |
| Mr. Yau Yeung On ² | 95 | - | - | - | 95 |
| | 495 | 1,044 | 139 | 132 | 1,810 |

Year ended 30 June 2020

| | Directors' fees RM'000 | Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind RM'000 | Discretionary bonus RM'000 | Contributions to defined contribution plans RM'000 | Total RM'000 |
|--|---------------------------|---|----------------------------------|--|-----------------|
| <i>Executive directors</i> | | | | | |
| Dato' Eric Tan Chwee Kuang | 104 | 776 | 50 | 89 | 1,019 |
| Mr. Saw Zhe Wei | 21 | 190 | 52 | 27 | 290 |
| <i>Independent non-executive directors</i> | | | | | |
| Mr. Lim Peng Chuan Terence ¹ | 57 | - | - | - | 57 |
| Mr. Phua Cheng Sye Charles ¹ | 57 | - | - | - | 57 |
| Mr. Yau Yeung On ¹ | 57 | - | - | - | 57 |
| | 296 | 966 | 102 | 116 | 1,480 |

¹ Appointed on 11 November 2019

² Resigned on 5 July 2021

³ Resigned on 21 July 2021

During the years ended 30 June 2021 and 2020, no emoluments were paid by the Group to any of these directors as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group, or as a compensation for loss of office. There was no arrangement under which a director waived or agreed to waive any remuneration during the years ended 30 June 2021 and 2020.

9. INFORMATION ABOUT THE BENEFITS OF THE DIRECTORS (CONTINUED)*(b) Loans, quasi-loans and other dealings in favour of directors*

There were no loans, quasi-loans or other dealings in favour of the directors that were entered into or subsisted during the years ended 30 June 2021 and 2020.

(c) Directors' material interests in transactions, arrangements or contracts

After consideration, the directors are of the opinion that no transactions, arrangements and contracts of significance in relation to the Company's business to which the Company was a party and in which a director of the Company, or an entity connected with the directors, had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the years ended 30 June 2021 and 2020.

10. FIVE HIGHEST PAID INDIVIDUALS

An analysis of the five highest paid individuals during the years ended 30 June 2021 and 2020 is as follows:

| | Number of individuals | |
|--------------|-----------------------|------|
| | 2021 | 2020 |
| Director | 2 | 2 |
| Non-director | 3 | 3 |
| | 5 | 5 |

Details of the remuneration of the above highest paid non-director individuals are as follows:

| | 2021 | 2020 |
|---|--------|--------|
| | RM'000 | RM'000 |
| Salaries, allowances and other benefits in kind | 512 | 479 |
| Discretionary bonus | 50 | 56 |
| Contributions to defined contribution plans | 84 | 99 |
| | 646 | 634 |

10. FIVE HIGHEST PAID INDIVIDUALS (CONTINUED)

The number of these non-director individuals whose emoluments fell within the following emoluments band is as follows:

| | Number of individuals | |
|--|-----------------------|------|
| | 2021 | 2020 |
| Nil to Hong Kong Dollar (“HK\$”) 1,000,000 | 3 | 3 |

During the years ended 30 June 2021 and 2020, no remuneration was paid by the Group to any of these highest paid non-director individuals as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group, or as a compensation for loss of office. There was no arrangement under which any of these highest paid non-director individuals waived or has agreed to waive any emoluments during the years ended 30 June 2021 and 2020.

11. INCOME TAX EXPENSES

| | 2021 RM'000 | 2020 RM'000 |
|---|----------------|----------------|
| Current tax | | |
| Malaysia Corporate Income Tax (“CIT”) | | |
| Current | 320 | 448 |
| Under provision in prior years | 62 | 1 |
| | 382 | 449 |
| Deferred tax | | |
| Changes in temporary differences (<i>Note 23</i>) | 966 | 675 |
| Total income tax expenses for the year | 1,348 | 1,124 |

The group entities established in the Cayman Islands and the BVI are exempted from income tax.

No provision for Hong Kong profits tax has been made as the Group had no assessable profits arising in or derived from Hong Kong.

Malaysia CIT is calculated at the rate of 24% (2020: 24%) of the Group’s estimated assessable profits arising from Malaysia during the years ended 30 June 2021 and 2020.

11. INCOME TAX EXPENSES (CONTINUED)*Reconciliation of income tax expenses*

| | 2021 RM'000 | 2020 RM'000 |
|---|----------------|----------------|
| (Loss) Profit before tax | (976) | 476 |
| Income tax at statutory tax rates applicable in respective tax jurisdiction | (84) | 178 |
| Tax effect on non-taxable income | (255) | (59) |
| Tax effect on non-deductible expenses | 1,625 | 1,004 |
| Under provision in prior years | 62 | 1 |
| Income tax expenses for the year | 1,348 | 1,124 |

The applicable tax rate is the weighted average of rates prevailing in the territories in which the Group's entities operate against profit or loss before tax. The change in applicable tax rate is caused by changes in the taxable results of the Group's subsidiaries in the respective countries in which the Group operates.

12. LOSS PER SHARE

The calculation of basic loss per share attributable to equity holders of the Company is based on the following information:

| | 2021 RM'000 | 2020 RM'000 |
|---|------------------|----------------|
| Loss for the year attributable to equity holders of the Company, used in basic and diluted loss per share calculation | (2,602) | (517) |
| | Number of shares | |
| | 2021 | 2020 |
| Weighted average number of ordinary shares for basic and diluted loss per share calculation | 600,000,000 | 534,016,000 |

The weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purpose of calculating basic loss per share has been determined on the assumption that the Reorganisation and the Capitalisation Issue (as defined in Note 24(b)) had been effective on 1 July 2019.

Diluted loss per share is the same as basic loss per share as there are no dilutive potential ordinary shares in existence during the years ended 30 June 2021 and 2020.

13. DIVIDENDS

On 17 July 2019 and 18 September 2019, interim dividends of RM12,500 per share with total amount of RM500,000 and RM21,250 per ordinary share with total amount of RM850,000 were declared and paid by a subsidiary of the Group, respectively, to the equity holders of the Company.

No other dividend has been declared nor paid by the Group for the years ended 30 June 2021 and 2020.

14. SUBSIDIARIES

Details of the subsidiaries at the end of each reporting period are as follows:

| Name of subsidiary | Place and date of incorporation/ establishment | Paid up/ registered capital | Attributable equity interest held by the Company | | Principal activities/place of operation |
|------------------------------------|--|------------------------------------|--|------|---|
| | | | 2021 | 2020 | |
| <i>Directly held</i> | | | | | |
| Top Quantum Limited | The BVI, 16 April 2018 | United States Dollar ("USD") 10 | 100% | 100% | Investment holding, The BVI |
| <i>Indirectly held</i> | | | | | |
| Nomad (HK) Limited | Hong Kong, 8 May 2018 | HK\$1 | 100% | 100% | Inactive, Hong Kong |
| IP Core Sdn. Bhd | Malaysia, 13 June 2007 | RM500,000 | 100% | 100% | Information, communication and technology, Malaysia |
| Metro Direct Carrier (M) Sdn. Bhd | Malaysia, 19 June 2013 | RM200,000 | 100% | 100% | Information, communication and technology, Malaysia |
| IP Core Network Sdn. Bhd. ("IPCN") | Malaysia, 16 July 2018 | RM500,000 | 70% | 70% | Information, communication and technology, Malaysia |

14. SUBSIDIARIES (CONTINUED)*Financial information of subsidiaries with individually material non-controlling interests ("NCI")*

The following table shows the information relating to the non-wholly owned subsidiary, IPCN, that has material NCI. The summarised financial information represents amounts before inter-company eliminations.

| | 2021 | 2020 |
|---|---------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Proportion of NCI's ownership interests | 30% | 30% |
| | At 30 June 2021 RM'000 | At 30 June 2020 RM'000 |
| Non-current assets | 27 | 128 |
| Current assets | 13,882 | 2,880 |
| Current liabilities | (13,176) | (3,202) |
| Net assets (liabilities) | 733 | (194) |
| Carrying amount of NCI | 220 | (58) |
| | 2021 RM'000 | 2020 RM'000 |
| Revenue for the year | 15,824 | 1,692 |
| Expenses for the year | (14,898) | (2,128) |
| Profit (Loss) for the year and total comprehensive income (expenses) for the year | 926 | (436) |
| Profit (Loss) for the year and total comprehensive income (expenses) for the year attributable to NCI | 278 | (131) |
| Net cash flows (used in) from: | | |
| Operating activities | (64) | 731 |
| Investing activities | (18) | - |
| Financing activities | 3,323 | 677 |
| | 3,241 | 1,408 |

15. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

| | Leasehold land and buildings RM'000 | Staff quarters RM'000 | Furniture and fittings RM'000 | Office equipment RM'000 | Renovation and signboards RM'000 | Computers RM'000 | Motor vehicles RM'000 | Internet services equipment RM'000 | Construction in progress RM'000 | Total RM'000 |
|--|--|-----------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|---|---------------------|-----------------------------|---|---------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Cost | | | | | | | | | | |
| At 1 July 2019 | 838 | 1,556 | 120 | 53 | 374 | 118 | 3,115 | 9,061 | - | 15,235 |
| Adoption of IFRS 16 | 43 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 43 |
| Additions | 179 | - | - | 10 | 68 | 19,785 | 359 | 3,127 | 3,000 | 26,528 |
| Write-off | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | (2,023) | - | (2,023) |
| Transfer to inventories | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | (452) | - | (452) |
| At 30 June 2020 and 1 July 2020 | 1,060 | 1,556 | 120 | 63 | 442 | 19,903 | 3,474 | 9,713 | 3,000 | 39,331 |
| Additions | 342 | - | 2 | 4 | 232 | 64 | 1,093 | 2,444 | - | 4,181 |
| Transfer of construction in progress | - | - | - | - | - | 3,000 | - | - | (3,000) | - |
| Disposal | (18) | - | - | (2) | - | (7) | (407) | - | - | (434) |
| Write-off | (12) | - | - | - | - | (12) | - | (3,052) | - | (3,076) |
| At 30 June 2021 | 1,372 | 1,556 | 122 | 65 | 674 | 22,948 | 4,160 | 9,105 | - | 40,002 |
| Accumulated depreciation | | | | | | | | | | |
| At 1 July 2019 | 44 | 13 | 43 | 17 | 140 | 96 | 1,820 | 4,827 | - | 7,000 |
| Charge for the year | 81 | 31 | 12 | 6 | 39 | 453 | 663 | 3,078 | - | 4,363 |
| Write-off | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | (1,808) | - | (1,808) |
| At 30 June 2020 and 1 July 2020 | 125 | 44 | 55 | 23 | 179 | 549 | 2,483 | 6,097 | - | 9,555 |
| Charge for the year | 113 | 31 | 12 | 7 | 58 | 4,136 | 566 | 2,724 | - | 7,647 |
| Disposal | (19) | - | - | (1) | - | (2) | (150) | - | - | (172) |
| Write-off | (6) | - | - | - | - | (12) | - | (3,026) | - | (3,044) |
| At 30 June 2021 | 213 | 75 | 67 | 29 | 237 | 4,671 | 2,899 | 5,795 | - | 13,986 |

15. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONTINUED)

| | Leasehold land and buildings RM'000 | Staff quarters RM'000 | Furniture and fittings RM'000 | Office equipment RM'000 | Renovation and signboards RM'000 | Computers RM'000 | Motor vehicles RM'000 | Internet services equipment RM'000 | Construction in progress RM'000 | Total RM'000 |
|----------------------|---|-----------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|---------------------|-----------------------------|---|---------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Net carrying amounts | | | | | | | | | | |
| At 30 June 2020 | 935 | 1,512 | 65 | 40 | 263 | 19,354 | 991 | 3,616 | 3,000 | 29,776 |
| At 30 June 2021 | 1,159 | 1,481 | 55 | 36 | 437 | 18,277 | 1,261 | 3,310 | - | 26,016 |

At 30 June 2021, the carrying amount of the Group's hardware included equipment held by the Group for leasing to customers under operating lease arrangement amounted to approximately RM3,310,000 (2020: approximately RM3,616,000).

At 30 June 2021, the Group has motor vehicles with carrying amount of approximately RM1,177,000 (2020: approximately RM495,000) held in trust under the name of a director.

16. INVENTORIES

| | 2021 RM'000 | 2020 RM'000 |
|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| Finished goods | 2,334 | 3,201 |

17. CONTRACT COSTS

| | 2021 RM'000 | 2020 RM'000 |
|---------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| Costs to obtain contracts | 1,333 | 1,107 |

Costs to obtain contracts relate to incremental commission fees paid to sales representatives as a result of obtaining contracts. The costs are amortised on a straight-line basis over the contract period. During the year ended 30 June 2021, approximately RM1,035,000 (2020: approximately RM910,000) has been recognised in profit or loss as selling expenses.

At 30 June 2021, the contract costs that are expected to be recognised in profit or loss as selling expenses after more than 12 months are approximately RM629,000 (2020: approximately RM546,000).

18. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

| | Notes | 2021 RM'000 | 2020 RM'000 |
|--|-------|----------------|----------------|
| Billed trade receivables | | | |
| – Goods and services | | 6,451 | 4,078 |
| – Operating lease receivables | | 1,261 | 1,430 |
| Less: Loss allowances | 29 | (379) | (348) |
| | | 7,333 | 5,160 |
| Unbilled trade receivables (Note) | | | |
| – Goods and services | | 2,958 | 3,196 |
| – Operating lease receivables | | 2,862 | 2,361 |
| | | 5,820 | 5,557 |
| Total trade receivables | 18(a) | 13,153 | 10,717 |
| Other receivables | | 265 | 208 |
| Refundable deposits | | 90 | 89 |
| Prepayments | | 1,452 | 494 |
| | | 14,960 | 11,508 |

Note: Unbilled trade receivables represent the remaining balances of receivables for services rendered but not yet billed at the end of the reporting period.

Information about the Group's exposure to credit risks and loss allowances for trade and other receivables is included in Note 29 to the consolidated financial statements.

18. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (CONTINUED)*(a) Trade receivables from third parties*

The Group normally grants credit period of 30 days, from the date of issuance of invoices, to its customers.

The ageing analysis of trade receivables, net of loss allowances, based on invoice date at the end of the reporting period is as follows:

| | 2021 RM'000 | 2020 RM'000 |
|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| Within 30 days | 2,232 | 2,133 |
| 31 to 60 days | 1,644 | 1,516 |
| 61 to 90 days | 1,540 | 622 |
| Over 90 days | 1,917 | 889 |
| | 7,333 | 5,160 |
| Not yet billed | 5,820 | 5,557 |
| | 13,153 | 10,717 |

At the end of the reporting period, the ageing analysis of the trade receivables, net of loss allowances, by due date is as follows:

| | 2021 RM'000 | 2020 RM'000 |
|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| Not yet due | 8,052 | 7,690 |
| Past due: | | |
| Within 30 days | 1,644 | 1,516 |
| 31 to 60 days | 1,540 | 622 |
| 61 to 90 days | 815 | 802 |
| Over 90 days | 1,102 | 87 |
| | 5,101 | 3,027 |
| | 13,153 | 10,717 |

19. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

| | Note | 2021 RM'000 | 2020 RM'000 |
|------------------------|-------|----------------|----------------|
| Pledged bank deposits | 19(a) | 2,634 | 2,622 |
| Bank balances and cash | | 20,267 | 20,305 |
| | | 22,901 | 22,927 |

(a) Pledged bank deposits

Pledged bank deposits are used for securing the interest-bearing borrowings of the Group. At 30 June 2021, pledged bank deposits of approximately RM88,000 (2020: approximately RM76,000) are held in trust under the name of a director.

The fixed deposits with licensed banks bearing annual interest rates ranging from 1.0% to 2.9% (2020: 2.1% to 3.1%) during the year ended 30 June 2021.

20. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

| | Notes | 2021 RM'000 | 2020 RM'000 |
|--|-------|----------------|----------------|
| Trade payables to third parties | 20(a) | 4,298 | 4,185 |
| Contract liabilities | 20(b) | 7,864 | 7,787 |
| Other payables | | | |
| Other payable | | 1,654 | 688 |
| Accrued expenses | | 1,272 | 1,081 |
| Sales and services tax payable | | 203 | 96 |
| | | 3,129 | 1,865 |
| | | 15,291 | 13,837 |
| Current | | 11,550 | 9,995 |
| Non-current | | 3,741 | 3,842 |
| | | 15,291 | 13,837 |

20. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES (CONTINUED)**(a) Trade payables to third parties**

The trade payables are interest-free and with normal credit terms ranging from 30 to 60 days.

At the end of the reporting period, the ageing analysis of the trade payables based on invoice date is as follows:

| | 2021 RM'000 | 2020 RM'000 |
|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| Within 30 days | 1,621 | 4,078 |
| 31 to 60 days | 666 | 88 |
| 61 to 90 days | 300 | – |
| Over 90 days | 1,711 | 19 |
| | 4,298 | 4,185 |

(b) Contract liabilities

Contract liabilities related to rendering of network management and security services and network connectivity services represents the receipts from customers based on contract terms and exceed the revenue recognised up to the end of the reporting period.

The Group typically receives six months to two years of service fee in advance from customers on acceptance of contracts. The advance payment schemes result in contract liabilities being recognised throughout contracted service period.

The movements (excluding those arising from increases and decreases both occurred within the same reporting period) of contract liabilities from contracts with customers within IFRS 15 during the years ended 30 June 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

| | 2021 RM'000 | 2020 RM'000 |
|--|----------------|----------------|
| At the beginning of the reporting period | 7,787 | 6,988 |
| Receipt of advanced payments | 3,810 | 6,747 |
| Recognised as revenue | (3,733) | (5,948) |
| At the end of the reporting period | 7,864 | 7,787 |

At 30 June 2021, the contract liabilities that are expected to be settled after more than 12 months are approximately RM3,741,000 (2020: approximately RM3,842,000).

21. INTEREST-BEARING BORROWINGS AND BANK OVERDRAFTS

At the end of the reporting period, the details of interest-bearing borrowings and bank overdrafts of the Group are as follows:

| | Notes | 2021 RM'000 | 2020 RM'000 |
|---------------------------------------|-------|----------------|----------------|
| Bank overdrafts – secured | 21(a) | 363 | 828 |
| Interest-bearing borrowings – secured | 21(b) | 255 | 277 |
| | | 618 | 1,105 |
| Current | | 387 | 850 |
| Non-current | | 231 | 255 |
| | | 618 | 1,105 |

(a) *Bank overdrafts – secured*

At 30 June 2021, bank overdrafts bear interest at Malaysia Base Lending Rate (“BLR”) plus 1% per annum (2020: BLR plus 1% per annum) and are expected to be settled within 12 months.

(b) *Interest-bearing borrowings*

| | 2021 RM'000 | 2020 RM'000 |
|---|----------------|----------------|
| Carrying amounts of the above borrowings are repayable: | | |
| Within one year | 24 | 22 |
| More than one year, but not exceeding two years | 26 | 24 |
| More than two years, but not exceeding five years | 92 | 83 |
| Over five years | 113 | 148 |
| | 255 | 277 |
| Less: amounts shown under current liabilities | (24) | (22) |
| | 231 | 255 |

21. INTEREST-BEARING BORROWINGS AND BANK OVERDRAFTS (CONTINUED)*(b) Interest-bearing borrowings (continued)*

The interest-bearing borrowings represent amounts due to various banks in Malaysia which are repayable over five years (2020: over five years) since its inception. The amounts due are presented based on scheduled repayment dates set out in the loan agreements.

At 30 June 2021, interest-bearing borrowings bear interest at BLR plus 1.0% to 1.3% per annum (2020: BLR plus 1.0% to 1.3% per annum). The effective interest rate on interest-bearing borrowings at 30 June 2021 is 7.6% (2020: 5.5%) per annum.

At 30 June 2021, the interest-bearing borrowings and bank overdrafts are secured by:

- (i) fixed bank deposits of approximately RM2,634,000 (2020: approximately RM2,622,000), as set out in Note 19 in the consolidated financial statements; and
- (ii) corporate guarantee by the Company and a subsidiary of the Group (2020: corporate guarantee by the Company and a subsidiary of the Group).

22. LEASES*The Group as lessor***Operating lease**

The Group leases certain of its internet services equipment (including in property, plant and equipment) to third parties under operating leases, which generally had an initial non-cancellable lease term of 1 to 3 years. The leases do not include purchase or termination options.

Below is a maturity analysis of undiscounted lease payments to be received from the hardware subject to an operating lease.

| | 2021 RM'000 | 2020 RM'000 |
|--------|----------------|----------------|
| Year 1 | 3,836 | 4,708 |
| Year 2 | 2,240 | 2,708 |
| Year 3 | 1,013 | 1,219 |
| Year 4 | 832 | 499 |
| Year 5 | - | 387 |
| | 7,921 | 9,521 |

The Group purchased internet services equipment with warranty included to protect it against any loss that may arise from accidents or physical damages.

22. LEASES (CONTINUED)
Right-of-use assets

| | Leasehold land and buildings RM'000 | Motor vehicles RM'000 | Internet services equipment RM'000 | Total RM'000 |
|--|--|-----------------------------|---|-----------------|
| Cost | | | | |
| At 1 July 2019 | – | – | – | – |
| Adoption of IFRS 16 | 43 | 1,241 | 732 | 2,016 |
| Additions | 179 | 359 | – | 538 |
| Capitalised as property, plant and equipment | – | (627) | – | (627) |
| At 30 June 2020 and 1 July 2020 | 222 | 973 | 732 | 1,927 |
| Additions | 342 | 1,093 | – | 1,435 |
| Disposal | (18) | – | – | (18) |
| Write-off | (12) | – | – | (12) |
| At 30 June 2021 | 534 | 2,066 | 732 | 3,332 |
| Accumulated depreciation | | | | |
| At 1 July 2019 | – | – | – | – |
| Charge for the year | 72 | 522 | 425 | 1,019 |
| Capitalised as property, plant and equipment | – | (156) | – | (156) |
| At 30 June 2020 and 1 July 2020 | 72 | 366 | 425 | 863 |
| Charge for the year | 104 | 456 | 307 | 867 |
| Disposal | (18) | – | – | (18) |
| Write-off | (6) | – | – | (6) |
| At 30 June 2021 | 152 | 822 | 732 | 1,706 |
| Net carrying amounts | | | | |
| At 30 June 2020 | 150 | 607 | 307 | 1,064 |
| At 30 June 2021 | 382 | 1,244 | –* | 1,626 |

* Represent amount less than RM1,000.

The Group as lessee

| | 2021 RM'000 | 2020 RM'000 |
|--------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| Lease liabilities | | |
| Current | 398 | 599 |
| Non-current | 1,321 | 621 |
| | 1,719 | 1,220 |

At 30 June 2021 and 2020, the Group leases various buildings, motor vehicles and internet services equipment for its operation. Lease contracts are entered into for fixed term of more than 1 to 7 years. Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of different terms and conditions. In determining the lease term and assessing the length of the non-cancellable period, the Group applies the definition of a contract and determines the period for which the contract is enforceable.

22. LEASES (CONTINUED)*The Group as lessee (continued)*

The Group has recognised the following amounts relating to leases during the years ended 30 June 2021 and 2020:

| | 2021 RM'000 | 2020 RM'000 |
|---|----------------|----------------|
| Lease payment of premises under short-term leases | – | 8 |
| Interest expenses on lease liabilities | 60 | 112 |
| Depreciation of right-of-use assets | 867 | 1,019 |

The total cash outflow for leases was approximately RM588,000 (2020: RM1,591,000) for the year ended 30 June 2021.

23. DEFERRED TAXATION

The movements in the Group's deferred tax assets (liabilities) for the reporting period were as follows:

| | 2021 RM'000 | 2020 RM'000 |
|---|----------------|----------------|
| At the beginning of the reporting period | 1,229 | 1,904 |
| Charged to profit or loss (Note 11) | (966) | (675) |
| At the end of the reporting period | 263 | 1,229 |

Recognised deferred tax assets (liabilities) at the end of the reporting period represent the following:

| | Contract costs RM'000 | Contract liabilities RM'000 | Capital allowances RM'000 | Accelerated accounting depreciation RM'000 | Tax losses RM'000 | Total RM'000 |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------|---|-------------------------|-----------------|
| At 1 July 2019 | (195) | 1,676 | – | 238 | 185 | 1,904 |
| Credited (Charged) to profit or loss | 133 | 192 | 735 | (1,707) | (28) | (675) |
| At 30 June 2020 | (62) | 1,868 | 735 | (1,469) | 157 | 1,229 |
| (Charged) Credited to profit or loss | (54) | 19 | (735) | (126) | (70) | (966) |
| At 30 June 2021 | (116) | 1,887 | – | (1,595) | 87 | 263 |

At 30 June 2021, the Group had unused tax losses of approximately RM363,000 (2020: approximately RM654,000) and deductible temporary differences arising from contract liabilities of approximately RM7,863,000 (2020: approximately RM7,788,000) that are available for offsetting against future taxable profits of the companies in which the losses arose. At 30 June 2021, the unused tax losses arising in Malaysia of approximately RM363,000 (2020: approximately RM654,000) can be carried for another 7 consecutive years of assessment (i.e. from year of assessment 2022 to 2028 (2020: from year of assessment 2021 to 2027)).

24. SHARE CAPITAL

| | Notes | Number of shares | HK\$ | Equivalent to RM'000 |
|--|-------|-----------------------|--------------------|----------------------|
| Ordinary share of HK\$0.01 each | | | | |
| Authorised: | | | | |
| At 1 July 2019 | | 38,000,000 | 380,000 | 210 |
| Increase | (a) | 9,962,000,000 | 99,620,000 | 55,010 |
| At 30 June 2020, 1 July 2020 and 30 June 2021 | | 10,000,000,000 | 100,000,000 | 55,220 |
| Issued and fully paid: | | | | |
| At 1 July 2019 | | 40 | -* | -* |
| Capitalisation Issue | (b) | 449,999,960 | 4,499,999 | 2,393 |
| Issuance of shares by share offer | (c) | 150,000,000 | 1,500,000 | 798 |
| At 30 June 2020, 1 July 2020 and 30 June 2021 | | 600,000,000 | 6,000,000 | 3,191 |

* Represent amount less than HK\$1 or RM1,000

- (a) On 11 November 2019, the authorised share capital of the Company was increased to HK\$100,000,000 by the creation of additional 9,962,000,000 shares of HK\$0.01 each.
- (b) On 9 December 2019, 449,999,960 shares of HK\$0.01 each were issued and allotted to the existing shareholders, credited as fully paid at par by way of capitalisation of the sum of HK\$4,499,999 (equivalent to approximately RM2,393,000 standing to be credit of the share premium account of the Company (the "Capitalisation Issue").
- (c) On 9 December 2019, the shares of the Company were listed on GEM of the Stock Exchange and 150,000,000 shares of HK\$0.01 each were issued and allotted at HK\$0.4 each by way of share offer.

25. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY

Pursuant to the disclosure requirement of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, the statement of financial position of the Company and the movements in its reserves is set out below:

| Notes | 2021 RM'000 | 2020 RM'000 |
|------------------------------|-----------------|----------------|
| Non-current asset | | |
| Investments in subsidiaries | 17,014 | 17,014 |
| Current assets | | |
| Amount due from subsidiaries | 30,869 | 31,879 |
| Bank balances and cash | 593 | 613 |
| | 31,462 | 32,492 |
| Current liabilities | | |
| Amount due to subsidiaries | 8,735 | 8,439 |
| Net current assets | 22,727 | 24,053 |
| NET ASSETS | 39,741 | 41,067 |
| Capital and reserves | | |
| Share capital | 24 3,191 | 3,191 |
| Reserves | 25(a) 36,550 | 37,876 |
| TOTAL EQUITY | 39,741 | 41,067 |

The statement of financial position of the Company was approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 24 September 2021 and signed on its behalf by

Dato' Eric Tan Chwee Kuang
Director

Mr. Yu Decai
Director

25. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY (CONTINUED)**(a) Movement of the reserves**

| | Notes | Share premium RM'000 (Note 26(a)) | Accumulated losses RM'000 | Total RM'000 |
|---|-------|---|---------------------------------|-----------------|
| At 1 July 2019 | | 24,754 | (5,527) | 19,227 |
| Loss for the year and total comprehensive expenses for the year | | – | (3,167) | (3,167) |
| Transactions with equity holders: | | | | |
| <i>Contributions and distributions</i> | | | | |
| Capitalisation Issue | 24(b) | (2,393) | – | (2,393) |
| Issue of share capital | 24(c) | 31,110 | – | 31,110 |
| Transaction costs attributable to issue of new shares | | (6,901) | – | (6,901) |
| Total transactions with equity holders | | 21,816 | – | 21,816 |
| At 30 June 2020 and 1 July 2020 | | 46,570 | (8,694) | 37,876 |
| Loss for the year and total comprehensive expenses for the year | | – | (1,326) | (1,326) |
| At 30 June 2021 | | 46,570 | (10,020) | 36,550 |

26. RESERVES**(a) Share premium**

Share premium represents the excess of the net proceeds from issuance of the Company's shares over its par value. Under the law of the Cayman Islands and the Company's Articles of Association, it is distributable to the Company's shareholders provided that the Company is able to pay its debts as they fall due in the ordinary course of business.

(b) Merger reserve

For the consolidated statement of financial position of the Group and the statement of financial position of the Company, merger reserve represents the aggregate amount of the issued and paid-up share capital of the entities now comprising the Group before completion of the reorganisation, which carried out in the preparation of the listing of the Company's shares, and the Company, respectively, less consideration paid to acquire the relevant interests (if any) upon completion of the reorganisation.

27. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

In addition to the transactions/information disclosed elsewhere in the consolidated financial statements, during the years ended 30 June 2021 and 2020, the Group had the following transactions with related parties:

Remuneration for key management personnel (including directors) of the Group:

| | 2021 RM'000 | 2020 RM'000 |
|--|----------------|----------------|
| Salaries, discretionary bonus, allowances and other benefits in kind | 1,929 | 1,602 |
| Contributions to defined contribution plans | 162 | 145 |
| | 2,091 | 1,747 |

Further details of the directors' remuneration are set out in Note 9 to the consolidated financial statements.

28. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ON THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS*(a) Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities*

Details of the changes in the Group's liabilities arising from financing activities are as follows:

| | At 1 July 2020 RM'000 | Net cash flows RM'000 | Non-cash changes | | At 30 June 2021 RM'000 |
|---|-----------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|------------------------------|
| | | | Addition RM'000 | Termination RM'000 | |
| Year ended 30 June 2021 | | | | | |
| Interest-bearing borrowings | 277 | (22) | - | - | 255 |
| Leases liabilities | 1,220 | (588) | 1,093 | (6) | 1,719 |
| Total liabilities from financing activities | 1,497 | (610) | 1,093 | (6) | 1,974 |

| | At 1 July 2019 RM'000 | Net cash flows RM'000 | Non-cash changes | | At 30 June 2020 RM'000 |
|---|-----------------------------|--------------------------|---|--------------------|------------------------------|
| | | | Adjustment on transition to IFRS 16 RM'000 | Addition RM'000 | |
| Year ended 30 June 2020 | | | | | |
| Interest-bearing borrowings | 1,558 | (1,281) | - | - | 277 |
| Leases liabilities | - | (1,583) | 2,265 | 538 | 1,220 |
| Obligations under finance leases | 2,222 | - | (2,222) | - | - |
| Amounts due to a director and related parties | 7 | (7) | - | - | - |
| Total liabilities from financing activities | 3,787 | (2,871) | 43 | 538 | 1,497 |

(b) Major non-cash transactions

In addition to the information disclosed elsewhere in the consolidated financial statement, the Group has following major non-cash transactions:

During the year ended 30 June 2021, the Group recognised right-of-use assets by incurring lease liabilities of approximately RM1,093,000 (2020: approximately RM581,000).

29. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The Group's financial instruments comprise pledged bank deposits, bank balances and cash, interest-bearing borrowings and bank overdrafts and lease liabilities. The Group has various other financial instruments such as trade and other receivables and trade and other payables, which arise directly from its business activities.

The main risks arising from the Group's financial instruments are interest rate risk, foreign currency risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group generally adopts conservative strategies on the Group's risk management and limits the Group's exposure to these risks to a minimum. The board of directors reviews and agrees policies for managing each of these risks and they are summarised below.

Interest rate risk

The Group's exposure to market risk for changes in interest rates relates primarily to the Group's interest-bearing borrowings and bank overdrafts with floating interest rates of approximately RM618,000 (2020: approximately RM1,105,000) at 30 June 2021. The Group currently does not have a policy to hedge against the interest rate risk as the management of the Group does not expect any significant interest rate risk at the end of the reporting period.

At the end of the reporting period, if interest rates had been 50 basic point higher / lower and all other variables were held constant, the Group's pre-tax results would decrease / increase by approximately RM3,100 (2020: approximately RM5,500) for the year ended 30 June 2021.

The sensitivity analysis above has been determined assuming that the changes in interest rate had occurred throughout the year and had been applied to the exposure to interest rate risk for the closing balance of interest-bearing borrowings and bank overdrafts in existence at the end of the reporting period. The stated changes represent management's assessment of a reasonably possible change in interest rates over the reporting period.

29. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)*Foreign currency risk*

The Group's transactions are mainly denominated in RM.

Certain financial assets and financial liabilities of the Group are denominated in currencies other than the functional currency of the respective group entities and therefore exposed to foreign currency risk. The carrying amounts of those financial assets and liabilities are analysed as follows:

| | Financial assets | | Financial liabilities | |
|------|------------------|----------------|-----------------------|----------------|
| | 2021 RM'000 | 2020 RM'000 | 2021 RM'000 | 2020 RM'000 |
| HK\$ | 9,982 | 13,838 | 655 | 578 |

The following table indicates the approximate change in the Group's pre-tax results if exchange rates of RM had changed against the above foreign currencies of the respective group entities by 5% and all other variables were held constant at the end of the reporting period.

| | 2021 | | 2020 | |
|------|--|---|--|---|
| | Increase (decrease) in foreign exchange rates | Effect on profit before tax RM'000 | Increase (decrease) in foreign exchange rates | Effect on profit before tax RM'000 |
| HK\$ | 5% (5%) | 466 (466) | 5% (5%) | 663 (663) |

The sensitivity analysis has been determined assuming that the changes in foreign exchange rates had occurred at the end of each reporting period and had been applied to the Group's exposure to currency risk for financial instruments in existence at that date, and that all other variables, in particular interest rates, remain constant.

The stated changes represent management's assessment of reasonably possible changes in foreign exchange rates over the period until the end of the next reporting period.

In the opinion of the management of the Group, the sensitivity analysis is unrepresentative of the inherent foreign exchange risk because the exposure at the end of the reporting period does not reflect the exposure during the reporting period.

The Group does not have a foreign currency hedging policy in respect of its foreign currency assets and liabilities. The Group will closely monitor its foreign currency exposure and will consider using hedging instruments in respect of significant foreign currency exposure as and when appropriate.

29. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)*Credit risk*

Credit risk refers to the risk that debtors will default on their obligations to repay the amounts due to the Group, resulting in a loss to the Group. The Group's credit risk is mainly attributable to trade and other receivables, pledged bank deposits and bank balances and cash. The Group limits its exposure to credit risk by selecting the counterparties with reference to their past credit history and/or market reputation. The Group's maximum exposure to the credit risk is summarised as follows:

| | 2021 RM'000 | 2020 RM'000 |
|-----------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| Trade and other receivables | 13,508 | 11,014 |
| Pledged bank deposits | 2,634 | 2,622 |
| Bank balances and cash | 20,267 | 20,305 |
| | 36,409 | 33,941 |

Trade receivables

The Group trades only with recognised and creditworthy third parties. It is the Group's policy that all customers who wish to trade on credit terms are subject to credit verification procedures. The Group limits its exposure to credit risk from trade receivables by establishing a maximum payment period of 30 days.

The Group's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristics of each customer. The default risk of the industry and country in which customers operate also has an influence on credit risk but to a lesser extent. Credit quality of a customer is assessed based on an extensive credit rating and individual credit limit assessment which is mainly based on the Group's own trading records.

At 30 June 2021, the Group had a concentration of credit risk as approximately 28% (2020: 36%) of the total trade receivables was due from the Group's largest customers, and approximately 73% (2020: 76%) of the total trade receivables was due from the Group's five largest customers.

29. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)*Credit risk (continued)***Trade receivables (continued)**

The Group's customer base consists of a wide range of customers and the trade receivables are categorised by common risk characteristics that are representative of the customers' abilities to pay all amounts due in accordance with the contractual terms. The Group applies a simplified approach in calculating ECL for trade receivables and recognises loss allowances based on lifetime ECL at each reporting date and specifically estimated the ECL for each debtor by reference to its historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment. There was no change in the estimation techniques or significant assumptions made during the years ended 30 June 2021 and 2020.

The information about the exposure to credit risk and ECL for trade receivables using a provision matrix at 30 June 2021 and 2020 are summarised below.

At 30 June 2021

| | Expected loss rate % | Gross carrying amount RM'000 | Loss allowances RM'000 | Net carrying amount RM'000 | Credit- impaired |
|--------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------|
| Trade receivables | | | | | |
| Not past due | 0.01% | 8,053 | (1) | 8,052 | No |
| 1 – 30 days past due | 0.06% | 1,645 | (1) | 1,644 | No |
| 31 – 60 days past due | 0.06% | 1,541 | (1) | 1,540 | No |
| 61 – 90 days past due | 0.12% | 816 | (1) | 815 | No |
| Over 90 days due | 25.39% | 1,477 | (375) | 1,102 | No |
| | | 13,532 | (379) | 13,153 | |

At 30 June 2020

| | Expected loss rate % | Gross carrying amount RM'000 | Loss allowances RM'000 | Net carrying amount RM'000 | Credit- impaired |
|--------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------|
| Trade receivables | | | | | |
| Not past due | 0% | 7,690 | – | 7,690 | No |
| 1 – 30 days past due | 0% | 1,516 | – | 1,516 | No |
| 31 – 60 days past due | 0% | 622 | – | 622 | No |
| 61 – 90 days past due | 0.25% | 804 | (2) | 802 | No |
| Over 90 days due | 79.91% | 433 | (346) | 87 | No |
| | | 11,065 | (348) | 10,717 | |

29. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)*Credit risk (continued)***Trade receivables (continued)**

The Group does not hold any collateral over trade receivables at 30 June 2021 (2020: Nil).

At 30 June 2021, the Group recognised the loss allowances of approximately RM379,000 (2020: approximately RM348,000) on the trade receivables. The movement in the loss allowances for trade receivables during the years ended 30 June 2021 and 2020 is summarised below.

| | 2021 RM'000 | 2020 RM'000 |
|--|----------------|----------------|
| Balance at the beginning of the reporting period | 348 | 366 |
| Increase (Decrease) in allowance | 136 | (18) |
| Write-off | (105) | – |
| Balance at the end of the reporting period | 379 | 348 |

Other receivables

The Group considers that the other receivables have low credit risk based on the borrowers' strong capacity to meet its contractual cash flow obligations in the near term and low risk of default. Impairment on other receivables is measured on 12-month ECL and reflects the short maturities of the exposures.

In estimating the ECL, the Group has taken into account the historical actual credit loss experience and the financial position of the counterparties by reference to, among others, their management or audited accounts and available press information, adjusted for forward-looking factors that are specific to the debtors and general economic conditions of the industry in which the counterparties operate, in estimating the probability of default of these financial assets, as well as the loss upon default in each case. There was no change in the estimation techniques or significant assumptions made during the year.

Pledged bank deposits and bank balances and cash

The management of the Group considers the credit risk in respect of pledged bank deposits and bank balances and cash is minimal because the counter-parties are authorised financial institutions with high credit ratings.

29. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)*Liquidity risk*

The Group's objective is to maintain a balance between continuity of funding and flexibility. The Group has no specific policy for managing its liquidity. The undiscounted contractual maturity profile of the Group's financial liabilities at the end of each reporting period, based on the contractual undiscounted payments, is summarised below:

| | Total carrying amount RM'000 | Total contractual undiscounted cash flow RM'000 | On demand or less than 1 year RM'000 | 1 to 2 years RM'000 | 2 to 5 years RM'000 | Over 5 years RM'000 |
|---|---------------------------------|--|---|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| At 30 June 2021 | | | | | | |
| Trade and other payables | 7,224 | 7,224 | 7,224 | - | - | - |
| Interest-bearing borrowings and bank overdrafts | 618 | 709 | 407 | 44 | 131 | 127 |
| Lease liabilities | 1,719 | 1,871 | 452 | 445 | 769 | 205 |
| | 9,561 | 9,804 | 8,083 | 489 | 900 | 332 |
| At 30 June 2020 | | | | | | |
| Trade and other payables | 5,954 | 5,954 | 5,954 | - | - | - |
| Interest-bearing borrowings and bank overdrafts | 1,105 | 1,215 | 870 | 43 | 129 | 173 |
| Lease liabilities | 1,220 | 1,304 | 645 | 253 | 406 | - |
| | 8,279 | 8,473 | 7,469 | 296 | 535 | 173 |

30. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

The carrying amount of the financial assets and liabilities carried at amortised cost in the consolidated financial statements approximate their fair values at the end of the reporting period due to the relative short-term maturity of these financial instruments.

31. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The objectives of the Group's capital management are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern and to provide returns for equity owners of the Company. The Group manages its capital structure and makes adjustments, including payment of dividend, call for additional capital from equity owners of the Company or sale of assets to reduce debts. No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes during the years ended 30 June 2020 and 2021.

32. CAPITAL EXPENDITURE COMMITMENTS

| | 2021 RM'000 | 2020 RM'000 |
|--|----------------|----------------|
| Contracted but not provided for acquisition of property, plant and equipment | 106 | 165 |

33. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

On 26 July 2021, Goodway Max Limited, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company has acquired from an independent third party the entire equity interests in China Mebugs Technology Holding Limited (the "Target Company") at a consideration of HK\$8,000.

The Target Company is principally engaged in provision of IT services, cloud security, cloud as a service, network security and internet security management.

FINANCIAL SUMMARY

A summary of the results and assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five financial years, as extracted from the audited consolidated financial statements and the Prospectus, is set out below.

RESULTS

| | For the year ended 30 June | | | | |
|------------------------------|----------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| | 2021 RM'000 | 2020 RM'000 | 2019 RM'000 | 2018 RM'000 | 2017 RM'000 |
| Revenue | 39,753 | 37,124 | 41,353 | 36,632 | 21,444 |
| (Loss) Profit before tax | (976) | 476 | 6,616 | 9,862 | 5,882 |
| Income tax (expenses) credit | (1,348) | (1,124) | 1,925 | (195) | 151 |
| (Loss) Profit for the year | (2,324) | (648) | 8,541 | 9,667 | 6,033 |

ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

| | As at 30 June | | | | |
|-------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| | 2021 RM'000 | 2020 RM'000 | 2019 RM'000 | 2018 RM'000 | 2017 RM'000 |
| Total assets | 69,755 | 70,613 | 50,617 | 32,055 | 20,605 |
| Total liabilities | (17,628) | (16,162) | (19,175) | (17,044) | (12,561) |
| Total equity | 52,127 | 54,451 | 31,442 | 15,011 | 8,044 |