

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability) Stock Code: 8448

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This report, for which the directors (the "Directors") of UNIVERSE PRINTSHOP HOLDINGS LIMITED (the "Company") collectively and individually accept full responsibility, includes particulars given in compliance with the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on GEM (the "GEM Listing Rules") for the purpose of giving information with regard to the Company and its subsidiaries (together, the "Group"). The Directors, having made all reasonable enquiries, confirm that, to the best of their knowledge and belief the information contained in this report is accurate and complete in all material aspects and not misleading or deceptive, and there are no other matters the omission of which would make any statement herein or this report misleading.

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Corporate Information

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

Mr. Chau Man Keung *(Chairman)* Mr. Hsu Ching Loi *(Chief Executive Officer)* Mr. Leung Yuet Cheong Mr. Wong Man Hin Joe

Independent Non-Executive Directors

Mr. Wan Aaron Chi Keung, *BBS, JP* Mr. Chan Chun Kit Dr. Sun Yongjing

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Mr. Chan Chun Kit *(Chairman)* Dr. Sun Yongjing Mr. Wan Aaron Chi Keung, *BBS, JP*

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Wan Aaron Chi Keung, *BBS, JP (Chairman)* Mr. Chan Chun Kit Dr. Sun Yongjing Mr. Chau Man Keung

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Dr. Sun Yongjing *(Chairlady)* Mr. Wan Aaron Chi Keung, *BBS, JP* Mr. Chan Chun Kit Mr. Chau Man Keung

RISK MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE

Mr. Chau Man Keung (Chairman) Mr. Wan Aaron Chi Keung, *BBS, JP* Mr. Chan Chun Kit Dr. Sun Yongjing Mr. Hsu Ching Loi

AUTHORISED REPRESENTATIVES (FOR THE PURPOSE OF THE GEM LISTING RULES)

Mr. Chau Man Keung Mr. So Hang Fung

AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE (FOR THE PURPOSE OF THE COMPANIES ORDINANCE)

Mr. Chau Man Keung

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. So Hang Fung

REGISTERED OFFICE

Cricket Square Hutchins Drive P.O. Box 2681 Grand Cayman KY1-1111 Cayman Islands

HEADQUARTERS OF OUR GROUP AND PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

Office F, 12/F Legend Tower No. 7 Shing Yip Street Kwun Tong Kowloon, Hong Kong

LEGAL ADVISER

As to Hong Kong laws Howse Williams (appointed on 1 June 2022)

PRINCIPAL BANKER

Bank of China (Hong Kong) Limited

Corporate Information

AUDITOR

BDO Limited Certified Public Accountants

PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Conyers Trust Company (Cayman) Limited Cricket Square Hutchins Drive P.O. Box 2681 Grand Cayman KY1-1111 Cayman Islands

HONG KONG BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Tricor Investor Services Limited Level 54 Hopewell Centre 183 Queen's Road East Hong Kong

COMPANY'S WEBSITE

http://www.uprintshop.hk/

STOCK CODE

8448



Chairman's Statement

Dear Shareholders,

On behalf of the board of Directors (the "Board"), I am pleased to present the annual report of the Company for the year ended 31 March 2022 ("FY2022").

BUSINESS REVIEW AND OUTLOOK

The Group is principally engaged in providing printing services to customers in Hong Kong. The printing services of the Group included offset printing, ink-jet printing and toner-based digital printing. Other than printing services, the Group also provided other services to customers, which included production of other printing-related products such as pre-ink stamps, plastic name-cards, printed eco-bags and printed plastic folders.

The Group recorded revenue of approximately HK\$113.7 million for FY2022, representing an increase of approximately 10.2% as compared to the revenue of approximately HK\$103.1 million for the year ended 31 March 2021 ("FY2021"). For FY2022, the Group recorded a net loss of approximately HK\$4.4 million in FY2022 as compared to approximately HK\$12.5 million recorded in FY2021. Excluding the impact of oneoff items in the respective financial periods, there was a net operating loss of approximately HK\$4.6 million recorded in FY2022 as compared to approximately HK\$9.4 million in FY2021. The one-off items in FY2021 included a gain on modification of leases for retail shops and machineries of approximately HK\$0.9 million (FY2022: HK\$0.2 million), a gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment of approximately HK\$4,800 (FY2022: nil), government subsidies of approximately HK\$7.8 million (FY2022: nil) and impairment loss on property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets of approximately HK\$11.8 million (FY2022: nil). 2022 was a challenging year for the Group. The outbreak of the novel coronavirus ("COVID-19") leads to the implementation of social distancing measures to reduce the spread of COVID-19 in Hong Kong which affects the business and market activities of the Group's customers. These activities were reduced significantly due to the prolonged COVID-19 outbreak. COVID-19 still persists and there is no guarantee that the number of infected cases in Hong Kong will not bounce back in future thus forcing the Hong Kong Government to redeploy the anti-epidemic measures. The Group will take actions to maintain our profitability and competitiveness in the market.

Looking ahead, there is still a high degree of uncertainty about the COVID-19 pandemic, and the outlook for economic recovery remains uncertain. The Group is exploring market opportunities for horizontal expansion and services diversification. The Group will continue to implement our business plan to enhance the market share, image, recognition and market reputation.

APPRECIATION

I would like to take this opportunity to express my gratitude to all our shareholders, the Board, management and staff of for their dedication and effort over the years. In addition, on behalf of the Board, I would also like to express our most sincere thanks to all our customers and business partners for their continuous support.

Mr. CHAU Man Keung Chairman Hong Kong, 22 June 2022

FINANCIAL REVIEW

Revenue

The total revenue of the Group for FY2022 increased by approximately HK\$10.5 million or approximately 10.2% to approximately HK\$113.7 million as compared to approximately HK\$103.1 million for FY2021. The increase was mainly due to the increase in demand for the Group's printing services as a result of the improved market sentiment.

Costs of sales

The cost of sales primarily consists of raw material cost, sub-contracting fee, manufacturing overhead and staff costs. The total cost of sales increased from approximately HK\$82.8 million in FY2021 to approximately HK\$89.3 million in FY2022 due to the higher volume of sales orders, which was in tandem with the increase in revenue.

Gross profit and gross profit margin

The gross profit of the Group increased from approximately HK\$20.3 million for FY2021 to approximately HK\$24.4 million for FY2022, which was in tandem with the increase in revenue and costs of sales. The gross profit margin was 21.5% for FY2022 (FY2021: 19.7%).

Other income

Other income in FY2022 mainly represents scrap sale income amounting to approximately HK\$1.1 million (FY2021: HK\$0.6 million). The increase was mainly due to the increase in materials price and production activities. Other income in FY2021 mainly represents the government subsidies of approximately HK\$7.8 million (FY2022: nil) granted under the employment support scheme and the retail sector subsidy scheme in response to the COVID-19 pandemic.

Other gains

Other gains in FY2022 mainly represent the gain on derecognition of right-of-use assets and lease liabilities upon lease modification amounting to approximately HK\$0.2 million (FY2021: HK\$0.9 million).

Selling and administrative expenses

Selling and administrative expenses primarily comprise staff costs (including directors' remuneration), depreciation, legal and professional fee, IT development fee, auditors' remuneration, marketing and entertainment, repair and maintenance, consultancy fee, utilities expenses, bank charges and other miscellaneous administrative expenses. The selling and administrative expenses amounted to approximately HK\$28.8 million in FY2022, which represented a decrease of approximately HK\$1.9 million as compared to approximately HK\$30.7 million in FY2021. The decrease in selling and administrative expenses was mainly attributable to (i) the decrease in depreciation due to the impairment losses made on the carrying amounts of certain non-current assets of the Group in FY2021 and the decrease in value of right-of-use assets as a result from the reduced number of retail shops; and (ii) the decrease in marketing and promotion activities.

FINANCIAL REVIEW (CONTINUED)

Impairment loss on property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets

No impairment loss on property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets was recorded for FY2022. For FY2021, the impairment loss mainly represented the impairment on non-current assets (including property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets) of approximately HK\$11.8 million provided to write down their recoverable amounts based on the impairment assessment.

Finance cost

The finance cost of the Group decreased from approximately HK\$0.9 million for FY2021 to approximately HK\$0.7 million for FY2022, which was primarily attributable to the decrease in interest on lease liabilities as a result of the decrease in value of the right-of-use assets throughout the year.

Loss and total comprehensive income for the year attributable to owners of the Company

The loss and total comprehensive income attributable to owners of the Company was approximately HK\$4.4 million in FY2022 as compared to approximately HK\$12.5 million recorded in FY2021. Excluding the impact of one-off items in the respective financial periods, there was a net operating loss of approximately HK\$4.6 million recorded in FY2022 as compared to approximately HK\$9.4 million in FY2021. The one-off items in FY2021 included a gain on modification of leases for retail shops and machineries of approximately HK\$0.9 million (FY2022: HK\$0.2 million), a gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment of approximately HK\$4,800 (FY2022: nil), government subsidies of approximately HK\$7.8 million (FY2022: nil) and impairment loss on property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets of approximately HK\$11.8 million (FY2022: nil).

The outbreak of the COVID-19 pandemic leads to the implementation of social distancing measures to reduce the spread of the virus in Hong Kong which affects the business and market activities of the Group's customers. The Board expects such negative impact to persist in near term which would continue to affect our financial performance. Notwithstanding this, the Group will continue to take actions to maintain our profitability and competitiveness in the market.

Right-of-use assets

As at 31 March 2022, right-of-use assets amounted to approximately HK\$9.3 million, representing an increase of 26.1% as compared with that of approximately HK\$7.4 million as at 31 March 2021, which was primarily attributable to the additions of right-of-use assets in the last quarter of FY2022.

Trade and other receivables, prepayments and deposits

The trade and other receivables, prepayments and deposits of the Group decreased from approximately HK\$8.8 million as at 31 March 2021 to approximately HK\$6.5 million as at 31 March 2022 which was primarily due to the decrease in trade receivables. The trade receivables (net of allowance for doubtful debts) of the Group decreased from approximately HK\$6.6 million as at 31 March 2021 to approximately HK\$4.8 million as at 31 March 2022. The decrease was in tandem with the decrease in revenue in the last quarter of FY2022 due to the decline in the demand for printing services activities resulting from the outbreak of the fifth wave of COVID-19.

Cash and cash equivalents

The cash and cash equivalents of the Group decreased from approximately HK\$23.6 million as at 31 March 2021 to approximately HK\$19.1 million as at 31 March 2022, which was mainly due to the decrease in operating performance as a result of the outbreak of COVID-19.

FINANCIAL REVIEW (CONTINUED)

Trade and other payables and accruals

The trade and other payables and accruals of the Group increased from approximately HK\$14.9 million as at 31 March 2021 to approximately HK\$15.7 million as at 31 March 2022. The increase was mainly due to the increase in the provision of long service payments as a result of the unfavourable performance of the MPF contribution.

Liquidity, financial resources and capital structure

As at 31 March 2022, the Group had net current assets of approximately HK\$4.2 million (31 March 2021: HK\$10.8 million), of which the cash and cash equivalents were approximately HK\$19.1 million (31 March 2021: HK\$23.6 million). The Group's current ratio as at 31 March 2022 was 1.17 (31 March 2021: 1.43).

Total lease liabilities for the Group amounted to approximately HK\$11.7 million as at 31 March 2022 (31 March 2021: HK\$13.3 million). The gearing ratio as at 31 March 2022 was 0.59 (31 March 2021: 0.55) which is calculated on the basis of the Group's total lease liabilities over the total equity. As at 31 March 2022, lease liabilities in the amounts of approximately HK\$7.5 million are due within one year while the amounts of approximately HK\$4.2 million are due after one year. There has been no change in the capital structure of the Group for FY2022.

EMPLOYEES AND EMOLUMENT POLICIES

As at 31 March 2022, the Group employed 101 (31 March 2021: 114) full time employees in Hong Kong. The staff costs of the Group, including directors' emoluments, employees' salaries, retirement benefits schemes contributions and other benefits amounted to approximately HK\$28.8 million (FY2021: HK\$28.6 million). Employees are remunerated in accordance with individual's responsibility and performance, also taking into account the prevailing market rates to ensure competitiveness. Other fringe benefits such as retirement benefits and discretionary bonus are offered to all employees. Training is also provided on a continuing basis to our existing employees on areas such as operation of our machinery, work safety, fire safety and quality control.

DIVIDENDS

The Board does not recommend the payment of a final dividend for the year ended 31 March 2022 (FY2021: nil).

CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

As at 31 March 2022, the Group does not have material capital commitments that have not been disclosed (31 March 2021: HK\$0.1 million).

SIGNIFICANT INVESTMENTS

There was no significant investments held as at 31 March 2022.

MATERIAL ACQUISITIONS AND DISPOSALS

The Group did not have any material acquisition or disposal of associates, joint ventures or subsidiaries during FY2022.

FOREIGN CURRENCY EXPOSURE

Since the Group's business activities are solely operated in Hong Kong and mainly denominated in Hong Kong dollars, the Directors consider that the Group's risk in foreign exchange is insignificant.

KEY RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The Directors are aware that the Group is exposed to various types of risks, including operational risks, market risks, liquidity risks, credit risks and regulatory risks. The following highlights some of the risks which are considered material by our Directors:

The outbreak of COVID-19

The outbreak of COVID-19 has impacted the global business environment since the beginning of 2020. COVID-19 has resulted in significant decrease in sales orders of the Group during the year. The Directors expect that the financial performance of the Group in 2023 might still be affected to a certain extent, which will depend on the new development concerning the global severity of and actions taken to contain the COVID-19 outbreaks that are uncertain.

The business is subject to fluctuation of purchase costs for raw materials and staff costs

The profitability of the Group depends on the control of cost of production and ability to anticipate and respond to fluctuations in purchase costs of raw materials. The availability and costs of our principal raw materials may change due to factors beyond the Group's control such as policies of the government, economic conditions and market competition. In addition, as the labour costs in Hong Kong continue to increase in recent years, the salary level of employees has generally increased as well. The operation and financial performances may be adversely affected if there is any significant increase in staff costs.

Rely on sub-contractors who are printing service providers and their failure to meet the Group's requirements may materially and adversely affect its business and reputation

The Group sub-contracts certain production procedures and printing services to sub-contractors who are printing service providers. It cannot be assured that the management can monitor the performance of the sub-contractors as directly and effectively as monitoring the staff members of the Group. In case the sub-contractors fail to meet the deadlines or required standards, the business and reputation of the Group may be adversely affected.

In addition, if the sub-contractors are in breach of any laws, rules or regulations in matters such as health and safety, environment and employment, they may be subject to prosecution and unable to perform the work of the Group. The Group may then have to locate and appoint another sub-contractor for replacement at additional cost, which lowers the profit margin of the Group.

The Group may face shortage in supply of its raw materials

To deliver printing services with fast turnaround time and meet the expectation of customers, the Group has to be able to procure raw materials in a timely manner. The Group did not enter into any long-term contract with the suppliers. There is no assurance that the Group will continue to be able to secure a stable supply of raw materials at competitive prices in a timely manner or at all. Failure to do so will cause disruption in production or delayed delivery, thereby adversely affecting the Group's business, results of operation and reputation.

CHARGE ON ASSETS

As at 31 March 2022, certain machineries and motor vehicle of the Group with a carrying value of approximately HK\$2.1 million (31 March 2021: HK\$2.8 million) were held under finance leases.

CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The Group had no material contingent liabilities as at 31 March 2022 (31 March 2021: nil).

COMPARISON OF BUSINESS OBJECTIVES WITH ACTUAL BUSINESS PROGRESS

The following is a comparison of the Group's business plan as set out in the prospectus of the Company dated 13 March 2018 (the "Prospectus"), with actual business progress up to 31 March 2022.

Business plan as set in the Prospectus, the First Change in UOP Announcement and the Second Change in UOP Announcement	Progress up to 31 March 2022
Purchase of a five-colour offset press	As disclosed in the announcement of the Company dated 18 October 2018 (the "First Change in UOP Announcement"), the Group entered into the purchase agreement for the acquisition of a six-colour offset press. For the detailed reasons for the change in use of proceeds, please refer to the First Change in UOP Announcement. The set up of the six-colour offset press was completed in May 2019.
Purchase of a hybrid printer	As disclosed in the announcement of the Company dated 23 March 2020 (the "Second Change in UOP Announcement"), the Board resolved to reallocate the proceeds for other purpose. For the detailed reasons for the change in use of proceeds, please refer to the Second Change in UOP Announcement.
Expansion of the Group's store network	As disclosed in the Second Change in UOP Announcement, the Board resolved to reallocate the proceeds for other purpose. For the detailed reasons for the change in use of proceeds, please refer to the Second Change in UOP Announcement.
Lease of four digital printers	As disclosed in the Second Change in UOP Announcement, the Group entered into a finance lease agreement for the lease of four digital printers at a total lease payment of approximately HK\$5 million.
	The set up of the digital printers was completed in June 2020.
Purchase of printing related machines	As at 31 March 2022, the Group acquired printing related machines from an independent third party at approximately HK\$2.0 million.
Upgrade information technology systems	The set up of the Company's website and mobile application was completed in 2020.

USE OF PROCEEDS

On 28 March 2018, the Company's shares were listed on GEM and 225,000,000 new shares of HK\$0.01 each were issued at HK\$0.23 (the "Share Offer"). The net proceeds from the Share Offer was HK\$24.0 million after payment of transaction cost and listing expenses. As disclosed in the First Change in UOP Announcement, the Board resolved to reallocate the use of the Share Offer net proceeds for acquiring a six-colour offset press to replace of one of the Group's existing four-colour offset press (the "First Change in UOP").

Details of the revised allocation of the First Change in UOP up to 22 March 2020 are set out as follows:

	Planned use of the		
	net proceeds as		
	announced on		
	18 October 2018		
	(adjusted according	Utilised net	Unutilised net
	to the actual net	proceeds up to	proceeds up to
	proceeds received)	22 March 2020	22 March 2020
	HK\$ million	HK\$ million	HK\$ million
	(approximately)	(approximately)	(approximately)
Purchase of a six-colour offset press	10.7	10.7	_
Purchase of a hybrid printer	10.5	_	10.5
Expansion of our store network	1.9	_	1.9
Upgrade information technology systems	0.9	0.9	
Total	24.0	11.6	12.4

As disclosed in the Second Change in UOP Announcement, the Board resolved to have a second change with respect to the use of net proceeds (the "Second Change in UOP"). Details of the Second Change in UOP up to 31 March 2022 are set out as follows:

	Planned use of the net proceeds as announced on 23 March 2020 (adjusted according to the actual net proceeds received)	Utilised net proceeds up to 31 March 2022	Unutilised net proceeds up to 31 March 2022	Expected timeline
	HK\$ million	HK\$ million	HK\$ million	of full utilisation
Purchase of a six-colour offset	(approximately)	(approximately)	(approximately)	of the balance
press	10.7	10.7	_	_
Lease of four digital printers	5.0	2.1	2.9	End of 2025
Purchase of printing related				
machines	5.0	3.5	1.5	End of 2022
Working capital	2.4	2.4	—	_
Upgrade information				
technology systems	0.9	0.9	_	_
		10.0		
Total	24.0	19.6	4.4	—

USE OF PROCEEDS (CONTINUED)

As disclosed in the Second Change in UOP Announcement, the Group entered into a finance lease agreement with an independent third party, being the manufacturer of printer and copier, for the lease of four new digital printers at the total lease payment of HK\$5,040,000, of which HK\$5.0 million will be funded by the net proceeds, for a lease term of 60 months. For details, please refer to the Second Change in UOP Announcement. Total lease payment of approximately HK\$2.1 million has been paid out of the net proceeds up to 31 March 2022.

Also as disclosed in the Second Change in UOP Announcement, the Company was in negotiation to purchase approximately HK\$2.0 million of printing related machines from an independent third party supplier and the purchases were subsequently concluded in April and July 2020. The Company purchased approximately HK\$1.5 million of printing related machines from independent third party suppliers in FY2022. Management will periodically assess the needs to replace or acquire additional production machinery and equipment according to the Group's business strategy and operational requirement. It is currently expected that the remaining HK\$1.5 million net proceeds will be fully utilised for purchase of printing related machines by the end of 2022.

The remaining unused net proceeds as at 31 March 2022 were placed as bank balances with licensed banks in Hong Kong and will be applied according to the intended usage stated in the Prospectus, the First Change in UOP Announcement and the Second Change in UOP Announcement.

The business objectives, future plans and planned use of proceeds as stated in the Prospectus were based on the best estimation and assumption of future market conditions made by the Group at the time of preparing the Prospectus while the proceeds were applied based on the actual development of the Group's business and the industry.

FUTURE PLANS FOR MATERIAL INVESTMENTS AND CAPITAL ASSETS

As at 31 March 2022, save as disclosed in the section headed "Future Plans and Use of Proceeds" in the Prospectus, the First Change in UOP Announcement and the Second Change in UOP Announcement, the Group did not have any plans for material investments and capital assets.

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. CHAU Man Keung (周文强), aged 61, is an executive Director and the chairman of our Board. Mr. Chau was a co-founder of our Group and is primarily responsible for the overall management, strategic planning and development of our Group. Mr. Chau was appointed as a Director on 27 April 2017 and was redesignated as an executive Director and appointed as the chairman of the Board on 2 June 2017. He is the compliance officer of the Company, the chairman of the risk management committee and a member of each of the remuneration committee and the nomination committee of our Board. He is also a director of each of the subsidiaries of our Company, namely, Universe Printshop Limited, All In 1 Printing (Group) Limited, Universe Printshop Limited.

Mr. Chau has 34 years of experience in the printing industry in Hong Kong. He co-founded our Group in 2001. Prior to joining our Group, Mr. Chau had accumulated more than 14 years' industry experience through setting up a partnership business with his other business partners to provide printing services in Hong Kong from June 1987 to 2001 prior to co-founding our Group. Mr. Chau attended secondary education in Hong Kong. He completed the Assessor Training course "Printing industry – Electronic Commerce Business" (competency level 4) in May 2017 under the Recognition of Prior Learning (RPL) scheme, aiming to enable practitioners with various backgrounds to receive formal recognition of the knowledge, skills and experience already acquired.

Mr. HSU Ching Loi (許清耐), aged 50, is an executive Director and chief executive officer of our Company. Mr. Hsu was a co-founder of our Group and is principally responsible for overall management of our Group's business operation and development, formulating production procedure, pricing strategy, sourcing of raw materials, and overseeing our Group's human resources department. Mr. Hsu was appointed as a Director on 27 April 2017 and was re-designated as an executive Director and appointed as the chief executive officer of our Company on 2 June 2017. He is a member of the risk management committee of the Board. He is also a director of All In 1 Printing (Group) Limited and Universe Printing Holdings Limited.

Mr. Hsu has 34 years of experience in the printing industry in Hong Kong. He co-founded our Group in 2001. Prior to joining our Group, Mr. Hsu worked in several private printing companies in Hong Kong from 1987 to 2001 prior to co-founding our Group with Mr. Chau. Mr. Hsu is currently the Chairman of The Hong Kong Printers Investment Association (香港印刷業投資協會). Mr. Hsu attended secondary education in the People's Republic of China.

Mr. WONG Man Hin Joe (黃文軒), aged 52, is an executive Director and is principally responsible for overall management of our Group's business and overseeing daily operation, in particular overseeing the inkjet printing operation. Mr. Wong was appointed as a Director on 27 April 2017 and was re-designated as our executive Director on 2 June 2017. He is also a director of Startec Colour Separation Printing Limited.

Mr. Wong has over 29 years of experience in the printing industry in Hong Kong. He joined our Group in March 2002. Prior to joining our Group, Mr. Wong had worked with Mr. Chau's business providing printing services in Hong Kong from 1991 to 2002 as a printing technician. Mr. Wong attended secondary school education in Hong Kong.

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS (CONTINUED)

Mr. LEUNG Yuet Cheong (梁悦昌), aged 60, is an executive Director. He is principally responsible for overall management of our Group's business and overseeing daily operation, in particular sales and marketing of our Group. Mr. Leung was appointed as a Director on 27 April 2017 and was re-designated as our executive Director on 2 June 2017. He is also a director of Print Shop Limited.

Mr. Leung has over 22 years of experience in the printing industry in Hong Kong. He joined our Group in April 2005 and was appointed as a director of Print Shop Limited in September 2005. Mr. Leung also had 20 years of marketing experience prior to joining our Group. Mr. Leung attended secondary education in Hong Kong.

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. WAN Aaron Chi Keung, BBS, JP (尹志強), aged 72, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 26 February 2018 and the chairman of the remuneration committee and a member of each of the audit committee, nomination committee and risk management committee of the Board. Mr. Wan obtained a degree of master of Business Administration from The Chinese University of Hong Kong in 2008 and a degree of master of Buddhist studies from The University of Hong Kong in 2010. Mr. Wan was appointed as a Justice of the Peace (JP) in 1997 and was awarded the Bronze Bauhinia Star (BBS) in the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region 2004 Honours List. Mr. Wan is engaged in the business of property and chattel valuation and auction. Mr. Wan is a fellow of The Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors, an associate of The Institute of Arbitrators and a fellow of The Institute of Administrative Accounting. Mr. Wan is currently an independent non-executive director of Lee & Man Chemical Company Limited (stock code: 746) and CNC Holdings Limited (stock code: 8356), both listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange").

Mr. CHAN Chun Kit (陳俊傑**)**, aged 39, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 26 February 2018, and the chairman of the audit committee and a member of each of the remuneration committee, the nomination committee and the risk management committee of our Board. Mr. Chan has over 15 years of experience in financial advisory, financial reporting, financial management, corporate governance and audit in various listed companies and professional firms. Mr. Chan is currently the corporate advisor of several corporate financial advisory and licensed asset management firms to give professional advice and insights in respect of corporate financing, financial reporting, controls and governance. Mr. Chan also has directorships in other listed companies on a few major stock exchanges. Currently, Mr. Chan serves as an independent non-executive director of GS Holdings Limited, listed on the Singapore Exchange (stock code: 43A) since April 2019.

Mr. Chan's past directorships includes serving as the (i) non-executive director of Raffles Financial Group Limited, listed on the Canadian Securities Exchange (stock code: RICH) from March 2020 to September 2021, (ii) independent non-executive director and chairman of the audit committee of Shenzhen Mingwah Aohan High Technology Corporation Limited (stock code: 8301), the shares of which were delisted from GEM of the Stock Exchange on 6 December 2021, from August 2020 to December 2021, and (iii) independent non-executive director and chairman of the audit committee of Hua Han Health Industry Holdings Limited, listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange (stock code: 0587) from July 2017 to June 2018.

His previous work experience includes holding finance in-charge positions in two other listed companies on the Singapore Exchange. These mainly include (i) the chief financial officer of Sino Grandness Food Industry Group Limited, listed on the Singapore Stock Exchange (stock code: T4B) from April 2020 to May 2020; and (ii) the chief financial officer and company secretary at China Flexible Packaging Holdings Limited, the shares of which were delisted from the Singapore Stock Exchange on 12 December 2017 (stock code: CBCW), from April 2011 to June 2018. Mr. Chan began his career by working in an international audit firm as an auditor in 2007 and held a supervisory auditing position when he left in 2011.

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS(CONTINUED)

Mr. Chan is a Certified Public Accountant and a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. He is also a Chartered Governance Professional and Chartered Secretary, as well as a member of the Chartered Governance Institute and the Hong Kong Chartered Governance Institute. He is also a member of the Singapore Institute of Directors. He graduated from the Hong Kong Polytechnic University with a Master's Degree in Corporate Governance in 2014 and a Bachelor Degree in Accountancy in 2007.

Dr. SUN Yongjing (孫咏菁), aged 50, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 26 February 2018. Being the chairlady of the nomination committee and a member of each of the audit committee, the remuneration committee and the risk management committee of the Board, she is responsible for providing independent judgment to the Group. She has been an assistant professor in the School of Accounting and Finance under the Faculty of Business at The Hong Kong Polytechnic University since 2004, after she completed her Doctor of Philosophy at the City University of Hong Kong. Dr. Sun worked as an assistant lecturer at the Shanghai University of Finance & Economics during the period from September 1993 to August 1997. During the period from September 1997 to August 1999 and July 2002 to October 2004, Dr. Sun served various positions including demonstrator II, senior research assistant and lecturer at the City University of Hong Kong.

SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Mr. SO Hang Fung (蘇恒峯), aged 37, joined the Group in 2018 as a financial controller. Mr. So was appointed as the chief financial officer and company secretary of our Group in February 2021. He is primarily responsible for financial reporting, financial control matters and corporate secretarial matters of our Group. Mr. So has more than 13 years of experience in finance and accounting management since September 2008. Prior to joining our Group, he worked in a managerial grade position in a state-owned enterprise and the assurance department of an international audit firm.

Mr. So obtained a Bachelor of Business Administration in Accounting from the Hong Kong Metropolitan University (formerly known as the Open University of Hong Kong) and a Master's Degree of Corporate Governance from the Hong Kong Polytechnic University. He is a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants, the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants and the Institute of Chartered Accountants of England and Wales. Mr. So is also a Chartered Secretary, a Chartered Governance Professional and a fellow of both The Hong Kong Chartered Governance Institute (formerly known as The Hong Kong Institute of Chartered Secretaries) and The Chartered Governance Institute (formerly known as The Institute of Chartered Secretaries and Administrators).

Mr. WANG Hsiung Yu (王雄育), aged 48, joined our Group as a technician in September 2006 and has been the Production Manager of our Group since 2009. Mr. Wang is primarily responsible for overseeing and supervising workers in printing and further processing stage in production and a technical consultant of our Group. Mr. Wang has over 24 years' experience in the printing industry.

SENIOR MANAGEMENT(CONTINUED)

Ms. LAU Chau King (劉秋琼), aged 51, joined our Group as customer service officer in April 2003 and has been the Sales & Marketing Manager of our Group since 2006. Ms. Lau is primarily responsible for supervising the sales team.

Ms. Lau has over 24 years' experience in printing industry. Prior to joining the Group, Ms. Lau worked in several printing companies in Hong Kong.

Mr. LAM Tsz Ping (林子平), aged 36, joined our Group as technician in June 2004 and has been the information technology and pre-press manager of our Group since 2010. Mr. Lam is primarily responsible for the Group's information system management, colour management and supervising printing production procedure.

Mr. Lam has over 17 years' experience in printing industry. He has also satisfactorily completed a full-time One Year Basic Craft course in the Digital Print Media Publishing Techniques on 8 July 2004 by Vocational Training Council (VTC).

The Board is pleased to submit this report together with the audited consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2022.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The Group is principally engaged in providing printing services to the customers in Hong Kong. The printing services of the Group included offset printing, ink-jet printing and toner-based digital printing. Other than printing services, the Group also provided other services to the customers, which included production of other printing-related products such as pre-ink stamps, plastic name-cards, printed eco-bags and printed plastic folders.

An analysis of the Group's performance for the year ended 31 March 2022 is set out in the "Management Discussion and Analysis" section of this annual report.

RESULTS AND APPROPRIATIONS

The results of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2022 are set out in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income on page 64 of this annual report.

The Directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend for the year ended 31 March 2022.

DONATIONS

Charitable and other donations made by the Group during the year ended 31 March 2022 amounted to nil.

SHARES CAPITAL

Details of movement in the Company's share capital during the year ended 31 March 2022 are set out in Note 24(b) to the consolidated financial statements.

EQUITY LINKED AGREEMENTS

Save as disclosed in the section headed "Share Option Scheme", no equity-linked agreements were entered into by the Company at any time during the year ended 31 March 2022 or subsisted at the end of the year.

DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES

Distributable reserves of the Company as at 31 March 2022 amounted to HK\$8,894,363.

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Company's articles of association, or the laws of the Cayman Islands, which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro-rata basis to existing Shareholders.

FIVE-YEAR FINANCIAL SUMMARY

A summary of the results and of the assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five financial years is set out on page 116 of this annual report. Such summary does not form part of the audited consolidated financial statements.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF SECURITIES

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries has purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities during FY2022 and up to the date of this report.

SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The Company adopted a share option scheme by written resolutions of shareholders passed on 26 February 2018. The purpose of the share option scheme is to attract and retain the best available personnel, to provide additional incentive to employees (full-time and part-time), directors, consultants, advisers, distributors, contractors, suppliers, agents, customers, business partners and service providers of the Group and to promote the success of the business of the Group.

The Board may, at its absolute discretion and on such terms as it may think fit, grant any employee (fulltime or part-time), director, consultant or adviser of the Group, or any substantial shareholder of the Group, or any distributor, contractor, supplier, agent, customer, business partner or service provider of the Group, options to subscribe for such number of shares as it may determine in accordance with the terms of the share option scheme.

The subscription price of a share in respect of any particular option granted under the share option scheme shall be a price solely determined by the Board and notified to a participant and shall be at least the higher of: (i) the closing price of the shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheet on the date of grant of the option, which must be a business day; (ii) the average closing prices of the shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily preceding the date of grant of the option; or (iii) the nominal value of a Share on the date of grant of the option.

The total number of shares issued and to be issued upon the exercise of options granted to any participant (including both exercised and outstanding options) under the share option scheme, in any 12-month period up to the date of grant shall not exceed 1% of the shares in issue. Any further grant of options in excess of such limit must be separately approved by shareholders in general meeting with such grantee and his close associates (or his associates if such grantee is a connected person) abstaining from voting. An offer for the grant of options must be accepted within seven days inclusive of the day on which such offer was made. The amount payable by the grantee of an option to the Company on acceptance of an offer for the grant of option(s) is HK\$1.0.

SHARE OPTION SCHEME (CONTINUED)

An option may be exercised in accordance with the terms of the share option scheme at any time during a period as the Board may determine which shall not exceed ten years from the date of grant subject to the provisions of early termination thereof. The share option scheme will remain in force for a period of ten years commencing on the date of its adoption on 26 February 2018 and will expire at the close of business on 25 February 2028. Under the said scheme, the maximum number of shares of the Company that may be issued upon the exercise of options that may be granted is 90,000,000 shares, representing approximately 10% of the issued share capital of the Company as at the date of this report. No share options were granted under the share option scheme since its adoption.

DEED OF NON-COMPETITION

For the year ended 31 March 2022, Mr. Chau Man Keung, has confirmed to the Company of his compliance with the undertakings provided to the Company under a deed of non-competition entered into between Mr. Chau Man Keung and the Company dated 26 February 2018.

The independent non-executive Directors have reviewed the status of compliance and confirmed that all the undertakings under the deed of non-competition have been complied with by Mr. Chau Man Keung during the year ended 31 March 2022.

DIRECTORS

The Directors during the year ended 31 March 2022 and up to the date of this report were:

Executive Directors

Mr. Chau Man Keung *(Chairman)* Mr. Hsu Ching Loi *(Chief Executive Officer)* Mr. Leung Yuet Cheong Mr. Wong Man Hin Joe

Independent Non-Executive Directors

Mr. Wan Aaron Chi Keung, *BBS, JP* Mr. Chan Chun Kit Dr. Sun Yongjing

DIVIDEND POLICY

The Company has adopted a dividend policy which stipulates that in deciding whether to propose a dividend and in determining the dividend amount, the Board will take into account the results of operations, working capital, financial position, future prospects and capital requirements, as well as any other factors which the Directors may consider relevant. The payment of dividend by the Company is also subject to any restrictions under the Companies Act of the Cayman Islands and the articles of association of the Company.

DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

Each of the executive Directors has entered into a service agreement with the Company which has no fixed terms and is subject to retirement by rotation in accordance with the provisions of the Company's articles of association. Each of the independent non-executive Directors has entered into a letter of appointment with the Company for a fixed term of three years and is subject to retirement by rotation in accordance with the provisions of the Company's articles of association.

In accordance with the provisions of the Company's articles of association, all of the Directors will retire and being eligible, offer themselves for re-election at the Company's forthcoming annual general meeting.

None of the Directors being proposed for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting has a service contract with the Company which is not determinable by the Company within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

DIRECTORS' MATERIAL INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS AND CONTRACTS THAT ARE SIGNIFICANT IN RELATION TO THE COMPANY'S BUSINESS

Other than the related party transaction disclosed in Note 28 to the consolidated financial statements and the section headed "Connected Transactions" below, no transactions, arrangements and contracts of significance in relation to the Group's business to which the Group was a party and in which a Director or an entity connected with a Director had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at anytime during the year ended 31 March 2022.

ARRANGEMENTS TO PURCHASE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

At no time for the year ended 31 March 2022 was the Company, its holding company or any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangements to enable the Directors to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate and none of the Directors, their spouses or children under the age of eighteen, had any rights to subscribe for securities of the Company, or had exercised any such rights during the year.

BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Brief biographical details of directors and senior management are set out on page 12 to 16 of this report.

INTERESTS OF DIRECTORS AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES OF THE COMPANY AND ITS ASSOCIATE CORPORATIONS

The interests and short positions of the Directors and the chief executive of the Company in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO")) which were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange: (a) pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including any interests and short positions in which they are taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO); or (b) pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, to be entered in the register referred to therein (the "Register"); or (c) pursuant to Rules 5.46 to 5.67 of the GEM Listing Rules relating to securities transactions by Directors to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange were as follows:

Long position in Shares as at 31 March 2022

Name of Director	Capacity/Nature of interest	Number of shares held/ interested	Percentage of the issued share capital of the Company (approximate)
Mr. Chau Man Keung	Beneficial Owner	280,400,000	31.16%
Mr. Hsu Ching Loi	Beneficial Owner	110,500,000	12.28%
Mr. Leung Yuet Cheong	Beneficial Owner	66,460,000	7.38%
Mr. Wong Man Hin Joe	Beneficial Owner	30,380,000	3.38%

Long Position in Shares as at the date of this report

Name of Director	Capacity/Nature of interest	Number of shares held/interested	Percentage of the issued share capital of the Company (approximate)
Mr. Chau Man Keung	Beneficial owner	41,366,000	4.60%
	Interest held jointly with another person (Note 1)	465,159,000	51.68%
Mr. Hsu Ching Loi	Beneficial owner	110,500,000	12.28%
	Interest held jointly with another person (Note 1)	396,025,000	44.00%

Note:

1. Pursuant to the deed of acting in concert undertaking dated 4 April 2022 (the "Deed of Acting in Concert Undertaking") entered into among New Metro Inc. ("New Metro"), Mr. Lam Shing Tai (being the sole ultimate beneficial owner of New Metro), Mr. Chau Man Keung and Mr. Hsu Ching Loi (collectively the "Concerted Controlling Shareholders"), each of them is deemed to be interested in the Shares held by the others. As at the date of this report, New Metro is the beneficial owner of 354,659,000 Shares. Accordingly, the Concerted Controlling Shareholders are each interested in 506,525,000 Shares, representing approximately 56.28% of the entire issued share capital of the Company.

Save as disclosed above and so far as is known to the Directors, as at 31 March 2022 and as at the date of this report, none of the Directors nor chief executive of the Company had or was deemed to have any other interests or short positions in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) which were required (a) to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including any interests or short positions which they are taken or deemed to have under provisions of the SFO); or (b) pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO, to be entered in the register referred to therein; or (c) to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the required standards of dealing by directors as referred to in Rules 5.46 of the GEM Listing Rules.

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS AND/OR SHORT POSITIONS IN THE SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES OF THE COMPANY

So far as the Directors are aware, the following persons/entities other than a Director or the chief executive of the Company had interests or short positions in the Shares and underlying Shares, which would fall to be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO, or which were recorded in the register of the Company required to be kept under section 336 of the SFO, or who were directly or indirectly interested in 5% or more of the issued voting shares of the Company:

Long position in Shares as at 31 March 2022

Name of Shareholders	Capacity/Nature of interest	Number of shares held/ interested	Percentage of the issued share capital of the Company (approximate)
Ms. Siu Man Yam (Note 1)	Interest of spouse	280,400,000	31.16%
Ms. Ng Lai Nga (Note 2)	Interest of spouse	110,500,000	12.28%
Ms. Mok Chun Ngor (Note 3)	Interest of spouse	66,460,000	7.38%

Notes:

1. Ms. Siu Man Yam is the spouse of Mr. Chau Man Keung, an executive Director. By virtue of the SFO, Ms. Siu Man Yam is deemed to be interested in all the Shares in which Mr. Chau Man Keung is interested or deemed to be interested under the SFO.

2. Ms. Ng Lai Nga is the spouse of Mr. Hsu Ching Loi, an executive Director. By virtue of the SFO, Ms. Ng Lai Nga is deemed to be interested in all the Shares in which Mr. Hsu Ching Loi is interested or deemed to be interested under the SFO.

3. Ms. Mok Chun Ngor is the spouse of Mr. Leung Yuet Cheong, an executive Director. By virtue of the SFO, Ms. Mok Chun Ngor is deemed to be interested in all the Shares in which Mr. Leung Yuet Cheong is interested or deemed to be interested under the SFO.

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS AND/OR SHORT POSITIONS IN THE SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES OF THE COMPANY (CONTINUED)

Name of Shareholders	Capacity/Nature of Interest	Number of shares held/ interested	Percentage of the issued share capital of the Company (approximate)
Mr. Lam Shing Tai	Interest in controlled corporation (Note 1)	354,659,000	39.40%
	Interest held jointly with another person (Note 2)	151,866,000	16.88%
New Metro	Beneficial owner	354,659,000	39.40%
	Interest held jointly with another person (Note 2)	151,866,000	16.88%
Ms. Fung Chi Kuen	Interest of spouse (Note 3)	506,525,000	56.28%
Ms. Siu Man Yam	Interest of spouse (Note 4)	506,525,000	56.28%
Ms. Ng Lai Nga	Interest of spouse (Note 5)	506,525,000	56.28%

Long Position in Shares as at the date of this report

Notes:

- 1. Mr. Lam Shing Tai holds 100% of the issued share capital of New Metro and is deemed to be interested in the 354,659,000 Shares which New Metro is interested. Under the SFO, Mr. Lam Shing Tai is deemed to be interested in the same number of Shares held by New Metro.
- 2. Pursuant to the Deed of Acting in Concert Undertaking, each of the Concerted Controlling Shareholders is deemed to be interested in the Shares held by the others. As at the date of this report, the Concerted Controlling Shareholders are each interested in 506,525,000 Shares, representing approximately 56.28% of the entire issues share capital of the Company.
- 3. Ms. Fung Chi Kuen is the spouse of Mr. Lam Shing Tai. By vitue of the SFO, Ms. Fung Chi Keun is deemed to be interested in all the Shares in which Mr. Lam Shing Tai is interested or deemed to be interested under the SFO.
- 4. Ms. Siu Man Yam is the spouse of Mr. Chau Man Keung, an executive Director. By virtue of the SFO, Ms. Siu Man Yam is deemed to be interested in all the Shares in which Mr. Chau Man Keung is interested or deemed to be interested under the SFO.
- 5. Ms. Ng Lai Nga is the spouse of Mr. Hsu Ching Loi, an executive Director. By virtue of the SFO, Ms. Ng Lai Nga is deemed to be interested in all the Shares in which Mr. Hsu Ching Loi is interested or deemed to be interested under the SFO.

Save as disclosed above and so far as is known to the Directors as at 31 March 2022 and as at the date of the report, the Directors were not aware of any other persons who had or deemed or taken to have any interests or short positions in the shares or underlying shares which would fall to be disclosed under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO or which were recorded in the register of the Company required to be kept under section 336 of the SFO, or who were directly or indirectly interested in 5% or more of the issued voting shares of the Company.

MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

No contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company were entered into or existed during the year ended 31 March 2022.

MAJOR SUPPLIERS AND CUSTOMERS

The purchases to the five largest suppliers of the Group accounted for approximately 59.8% of the total purchases for the year and the purchases to the largest supplier included therein accounted for approximately 40.8%.

During the year ended 31 March 2022, the percentage of sales attributable to the five largest customers in aggregate is less than 30% of the Group's total revenue.

None of the Directors, their close associates or any shareholder (which to the knowledge of the Directors, who owns more than 5% of the Company's share capital) had an interest in these major suppliers or customers.

KEY RELATIONSHIPS WITH EMPLOYEES AND CUSTOMERS

The Group recognises that the success in the printing industry is dependent on our employees. The principal policies concerning remuneration of employees are determined based on their duties, responsibilities, experience and skills. The Group regularly reviews and determines the remuneration and compensation packages of the employees. The Group is also committed to providing a safe and healthy environment for its employees. The Directors believe that, the management policies, working environment, development opportunities and employee benefits have contributed to employees' satisfaction levels and retention level. The Group organises bonding activities, such as annual staff dinners, to allow employees to strengthen their bonding. During the year ended 31 March 2022, the Group did not experience any strike or labour dispute with our staff which had caused significant disruption to the Group's business operations.

The Group built stable and maintains good relationship with customers. The Group has dedicated sales and marketing department which carries out sales calls to potential customers and customer service department which handles customer general enquiries, complaints and feedback. If there is any complaint from customers, it will be reported to the management and immediate remedial action will be taken and feedback from the customers will be followed till settlement of the complaint. Thereafter, the cause of such compliant will be studied, analysed and evaluated and recommendations will be in place for improvement.

KEY RELATIONSHIPS WITH SUPPLIERS

The Group values sustainable supply of quality products at a high place for long-term business development.

Therefore, the Group's supplier management policy targets supplying quality and sustainable products. The assessment criteria of selecting the suppliers includes meeting the Group's standards for the quality of raw materials, reputation, environmental friendliness, production capacity, financial capability and experience. The Group views suppliers as partners who contribute to our business success.

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

A summary of the significant related party transactions which were conducted in the ordinary course of business are set out in Note 28 to the consolidated financial statements. Certain of which constitute discloseable connected transactions under the GEM Listing Rules. These connected transactions have complied with the requirements under Chapter 20 of the GEM Listing Rules.

The salaries and retirement scheme contribution paid to related parties as mentioned in Note 28 were connected transactions which were exempt from reporting, annual review, announcement and independent shareholders' approval requirements under Chapter 20 of the GEM Listing Rules.

The lease payments made to related companies as mentioned in Note 28 were connected transactions which were subject to reporting and announcement requirements but were exempt from independent shareholders' approval requirements under Chapter 20 of the GEM Listing Rules. For details, please refer to the section headed "Connected Transactions" below.

CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

The following table summarized the connected transactions of the Company during the year ended 31 March 2022 and up to the date of this report:

Agreement	Parties	Date of agreement	Term	Location	Monthly rent payable HK\$	Total rent payable during the term HK\$
Production Site Tenancy Agreement 1	Universe Printing Holdings Limited ("UPHL") (as tenant) and Universe Samfine Limited ("Universe Samfine")* (as landlord)	19 March 2020	2 years from 1 April 2020	Unit B on the 8th Floor, Block 4, Kwun Tong Industrial Centre, 436–446 Kwun Tong Road, Kowloon, Hong Kong	38,000	912,000
		18 February 2022	1 year from 1 April 2022		38,000	456,000
Production Site Tenancy Agreement 2	UPHL (as tenant) and Universe Printing Company Limited ("UPCL")* (as landlord)	19 March 2020	2 years from 1 April 2020	Basement A4, Units A, M, N, Q and R on the 8th Floor and Unit A on the 9th Floor, Block 4, Kwun Tong Industrial Centre, 436–446 Kwun Tong Road, Kowloon, Hong Kong [#]	From 1 April 2020 to 31 March 2021 258,000 From 1 April 2021 to 30 September 2021 [#] 225,379 From 1 October 2021 to 31 March 2022 [#] 202,841	5,665,324
		18 February 2022	1 year from 1 April 2022	Basement A4, Units A, M, N and R on the 8th Floor and Unit A on the 9th Floor, Block 4, Kwun Tong Industrial Centre, 436–446 Kwun Tong Road, Kowloon, Hong Kong	225,000	2,700,000

The leased premises pursuant to the aforesaid tenancy agreements were utilised by the Group as our production site and godown. For further details of the above connected transactions, please refer to the announcements of the Company dated 19 March 2020 and 18 February 2022.

- * Both Universe Samfine and UPCL are owned as to 45.53% by Mr. Chau Man Keung, an executive Director and 40% by Mr. Hsu Ching Loi, an executive Director, therefore both Universe Samfine and UPCL are associates of Mr. Chau Man Keung and Mr. Hsu Ching Loi, and accordingly are connected persons of the Company.
- The property located at Unit Q on the 8th Floor, Block 4, Kwun Tong Industrial Centre, 436–446 Kwun Tong Road, Kowloon, Hong Kong was disposed of by UPCL to an independent third party on 2 March 2021.

CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

The connected transactions were entered into in the ordinary and usual course of business of the Group, on normal commercial terms or better, and the terms of the connected transactions under the respective agreements are fair and reasonable and in the interest of the Company and the shareholders as a whole.

EMOLUMENT POLICY FOR DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

The emoluments of the Directors and senior management of the Company are reviewed by the remuneration committee of the Board, having regard to the Company's operating results, individual performance and comparable market statistics.

EMPLOYEES AND EMOLUMENT POLICIES

As of 31 March 2022, the Group employed 101 (FY2021: 114) full time employees in Hong Kong. The staff costs of the Group, including directors' emoluments, employees' salaries, retirement benefits schemes contributions and other benefits amounted to HK\$28.8 million (FY2021: HK\$28.6 million).

Employees are remunerated in accordance with individual's responsibility and performance, also taking into account the prevailing market rates to ensure competitiveness. Other fringe benefits such as retirement benefits and discretionary bonus are offered to all employees. Training is also provided on a continuing basis to our existing employees on areas such as operation of our machinery, work safety, fire safety and quality control.

The Group has established a Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme (the "MPF Scheme") for its Hong Kong employees. The assets of the scheme are held separately in funds which are under the control of independent trustees. The retirement benefit scheme contributions charged to profit or loss represent contributions paid or payable by the Group to the scheme at 5% of each of the employees' monthly relevant income capped at HK\$30,000 per month. The total costs charged to profit or loss for FY2022 amounted to approximately HK\$1.1 million (FY2021: approximately HK\$1.2 million) and represented contributions paid or payable to the schemes by the Group in respect of the current accounting period. At the end of the reporting period, there were no forfeited contributions available to reduce future obligations.

COMPETING BUSINESS

For the year ended 31 March 2022, none of the Directors, controlling shareholder of the Company or their respective close associates (as defined in the GEM Listing Rules) has any business or interest that competed or might compete either directly or indirectly with the business of the Group and any other conflicts of interests which any such person had or might have with the Group.

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors as at the date of this report, the Company has maintained the prescribed public float of not less than 25% of the Company's issue shares as required under the GEM Listing Rules during FY2022 and up to the date of this report.

PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISION

A permitted indemnity provision (as defined in section 469 of the Companies Ordinance (Chapter 622 of the Laws of Hong Kong)) for the benefit of the existing directors of the Company is currently in force and was in force throughout the year ended 31 March 2022.

The Company has taken out directors' liability insurance that provides appropriate cover for the Directors.

ENVIRONMENTAL POLICIES AND PERFORMANCE

The environmental policies and performance of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2022 is set out in the section headed "Environmental, Social and Governance Report" on pages 40 to 58 of this annual report.

COMPLIANCE WITH RELEVANT LAWS AND REGULATIONS

The Group recognises the importance of compliance with legal and regulatory requirements and the risk of non-compliance with such requirements. The Group conducts on-going reviews of newly enacted/revised laws and regulations affecting its operations. The Company is not aware of any non-compliance in any material respect with the relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the business and operation of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2022.

RELATIONSHIP WITH EMPLOYEES, SUPPLIERS, CUSTOMERS AND OTHER STAKEHOLDERS

The Group understands that the success of the Group's business depends on the support from its key stakeholders, including employees, customers, suppliers, banks, regulators and shareholders. The Group will continue to ensure effective communication and maintain good relationship with each of its key stakeholders.

EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

CHANGE IN CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDER OF THE COMPANY AND MANDATORY UNCONDITIONAL CASH OFFER

Reference is made to the joint announcements dated 6 April 2022, 27 April 2022 and 20 May 2022 (the "Announcements"), and the composite offer and response document dated 27 April 2022 (the "Composite Document") jointly issued by New Metro Inc. (the "Offeror") and the Company in relation to, among other things, (i) the Offeror (as purchaser) and Mr. Chau Man Keung (an executive Director and the chairman of the Board), Mr. Leung Yuet Cheong (an executive Director), Mr. Wong Man Hin Joe (an executive Director) and Mr. Wang Hsiung Yu (a senior management of the Group) (collectively the "Selling Shareholders") (as vendors) entered into a sale and purchase agreement after trading hours on 4 April 2022, pursuant to which the Selling Shareholders conditionally agreed to sell, and the Offeror conditionally agreed to acquire, the full legal and beneficial title and interest in the sale shares (being an aggregate of 354,354,000 Shares), representing approximately 39.37% of the total issued share capital of the Company; (ii) the Deed of Acting in Concert Undertaking; and (iii) the mandatory unconditional cash offer by Sorrento Securities Limited for and on behalf of the Offeror to acquire all the issued Shares (other than those already owned and/or agreed to be acquired by the Offeror and parties acting in concert with it) (the "Offer").

Immediately before completion of the aforesaid share purchase (the "Completion"), 280,400,000 Shares were held by Mr. Chau Man Keung and 110,500,000 Shares were held by Mr. Hsu Ching Loi (representing approximately 31.16% and 12.28% of the entire issued share capital of the Company, respectively).

Immediately following Completion and before the commencement of the opening for acceptance of the Offer, the Offeror and parties acting in concert with it were interested in 506,220,000 Shares (comprising 354,354,000 Shares which the Offeror beneficially owned, 41,366,000 Shares which Mr. Chau Man Keung beneficial owned and 110,500,000 Shares which Mr. Hsu Ching Loi beneficially owned), representing approximately 56.25% of the entire issued share capital of the Company.

Taking into account the 4 valid acceptances in respect of 305,000 Shares under the Offer (representing approximately 0.03% of the entire issued share capital of the Company), the Offeror and parties acting in concert with it were interested in an aggregate of 506,525,000 Shares, representing approximately 56.28% of the entire issued share capital of the Company after the close of the Offer and as at the date of this annual report.

The following table sets out the shareholding structure of the Company (i) immediately before Completion; (ii) immediately following Completion and before the commencement of the opening for acceptance of the Offer; and (iii) after the close of the Offer and as at the date of this annual report:

	Immediately bef	ore Completion	Immediatel Completion a commencer opening for of the	nd before the ment of the acceptance		close of s at the date of al report
	Number of	Approximate	Number of	Approximate	Number of	Approximate
	Shares	%	Shares	%	Shares	%
The Offeror and parties acting in concert with it – The Offeror	-	-	354,354,000	39.37	354,659,000	39.40
– Mr. Chau Man Keung	280,400,000	31.16	41,366,000	4.60	41,366,000	4.60
– Mr. Hsu Ching Loi	110,500,000	12.28	110,500,000	12.28	110,500,000	12.28
Sub-total	390,900,000	43.44	506,220,000	56.25	506,525,000	56.28
Other Selling Shareholders						
– Mr. Leung Yuet Cheong	66,460,000	7.38	-	-	-	-
– Mr. Wong Man Hin Joe	30,380,000	3.38	-	-	-	-
– Mr. Wang Hsiung Yu	18,480,000	2.05	-	-	-	-
Public Shareholders	393,780,000	43.75	393,780,000	43.75	393,475,000	43.72
Total	900,000,000	100.00	900,000,000	100.00	900,000,000	100.00

For further details of the Offer, please refer to the Announcements and the Composite Document.

AUDITOR

The consolidated financial statements for the years ended 31 March 2021 and 2022 have been audited by BDO Limited who will retire and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-appointment at the forthcoming annual general meeting. A resolution for the re- appointment of BDO Limited as auditor of the Company will be proposed at the forthcoming annual general meeting. There has been no change in auditors of the Company in the preceding three years.

On behalf of the Board Universe Printshop Holdings Limited Mr. Chau Man Keung Chairman and Executive Director

Hong Kong, 22 June 2022

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICE

The Directors recognise the importance of good corporate governance in management and internal procedures so as to achieve effective accountability. The Company's corporate governance practices are based on the principles of good corporate governance as set out in the Corporate Governance Code in Appendix 15 to the GEM Listing Rules (the "CG Code").

The Company has complied with all applicable code provisions as set out in the CG Code during FY2022 and up to the date of this report.

The Board will continue to review and further improve the Company's corporate governance practices and standards, so as to ensure its business activities and decision-making processes are regulated in a proper and prudent manner.

DIRECTORS' SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has adopted a code of conduct regarding securities transactions by the Directors on terms no less exacting than the required standard of dealings concerning securities transactions by the Directors as set out in Rules 5.48 to 5.67 of the GEM Listing Rules (the "Model Code") as its own code governing securities transactions of the Directors. Having made specific enquiry of all the Directors, all of them confirmed that they had fully complied with the required standard of dealings as set out in the Model Code during FY2022 and up to the date of this report.

Pursuant to Rule 5.66 of the GEM Listing Rules, the Directors have also requested any employee of the Company or director or employee of a subsidiary of the Company who, because of his office or employment in the Company or a subsidiary, is likely to possess inside information in relation to the securities of the Company, not to deal in securities of the Company when he would be prohibited from dealing by the Model Code if he were a Director.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The Board is responsible for the overall leadership of the Group, overseeing the Group's strategic decisions and monitoring of the business and performance of the Group. Responsibilities relating to implementing decisions of the Board, directing and coordinating the daily operations and management of the Company are delegated to the management.

As of the date of this report, the Board comprises 7 Directors including 4 executive Directors, 3 independent non-executive Directors, whose names, roles and functions are listed below:

Executive Directors

Mr. Chau Man Keung (*Chairman of the Board*) Mr. Hsu Ching Loi (*Chief Executive Officer*) Mr. Leung Yuet Cheong Mr. Wong Man Hin Joe

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. Wan Aaron Chi Keung, *BBS, JP* Mr. Chan Chun Kit Dr. Sun Yongjing

BOARD OF DIRECTORS (CONTINUED)

There are no financial, business, family or other relevant relationship among our Directors.

The Board, acting in the interest of the Group and its shareholders, is primarily responsible for the matters in relation to strategic formulation, business development, corporate governance, risk management, compliance, internal control systems, dividend policy, board diversity policy, shareholders' relationship, accounting policies and financial statements, and other functions and matters assigned to the Board as set out in the GEM Listing Rules and Articles of Association of the Company.

The Board delegates the daily operational management of the Group's business, execution of business development plan, administrative and operational work and the implementation of risk management and internal controls to the chief executive officer and other senior management of the Group. The Board also conducts regular reviews of the functions and performance of the management. The management of the Group shall obtain the approval of the Board before entering into and arranging any significant transaction/ contract. All Directors were given an opportunity to include any matters in the agenda for regular Board meetings and were also given sufficient time to review documents and information relating to matters to be discussed in Board meetings in advance.

For the financial year ended 31 March 2022, four Board meetings and one general meeting were held and the Directors attended the meetings in person and/or by proxy as follows.

Director	Attendance in person/ Number of Board meeting	Attendance in person/ General Meeting
Executive Directors:		
Mr. Chau Man Keung <i>(Chairman of the Board)</i>	4/4	1/1
Mr. Hsu Ching Loi (Chief Executive Officer)	4/4	1/1
Mr. Leung Yuet Cheong	4/4	1/1
Mr. Wong Man Hin Joe	4/4	1/1
Independent Non-Executive Directors:		
Mr. Wan Aaron Chi Keung, <i>BBS, JP</i>	4/4	1/1
Mr. Chan Chun Kit	4/4	1/1
Dr. Sun Yongjing	4/4	1/1

Our Board believes that it has achieved a balanced compositions, including but not limited to the following measurable objectives in terms of age, gender and length of services.

Age group	No. of Directors and senior management in the category
Below 40 years old	3
Between 41–60 years old	6
Over 60 years old	2
Gender	No. of Directors and senior management in the category
Female	2
Male	9

BOARD OF DIRECTORS (CONTINUED)

As of 31 March 2022, all our Directors have served over 4 years in the Board. The Board considers that all our Directors have sufficient commitments to the Company and the Board.

The Company has also assessed the experience, qualification and attributes that our Directors demonstrate and that they can provide valuable perspectives, skills and experiences to the Board as summarized below.

	No. of Directors
	demonstrating the
Highlighted experience, qualification and attributes	experience, qualification
(including, but not limited to)	and attributes
Business and Management Experience in Printing Industry	4
Corporate Governance & Risk Management	3
Accountancy & Financial Management	2
Public Appointments	1
Valuation & Surveying	1

Note: a Director may hold more than one type of experience, qualification and attributes.

BOARD MEETINGS

Board minutes are kept by the Company Secretary and are open for inspection by the Directors. Every Board member is entitled to have access to Board papers and related materials and has unrestricted access to the advice and services of the Company Secretary and has the liberty to seek external professional advice if so required.

The Board is responsible for maintaining an on-going dialogue with shareholders and in particular, uses annual general meetings or other general meetings to communicate with them and encourage their participation. The Chairman of the Board and the chairmen and members of the audit committee ("Audit Committee"), nomination committee ("Nomination Committee") and remuneration committee ("Remuneration Committee") of the Board shall endeavour to attend the annual general meeting to answer questions and collect views of shareholders.

DIRECTORS' TRAINING

According to code provision C.1.4 of the CG Code, all directors should participate in continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills to ensure that their contribution to the board remains informed and relevant.

All Directors have participated in continuous professional development by way of attending seminars organised by the Company on topics relating to their role as a Director of the Company during the year ended 31 March 2022.

CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

According to the Code Provision C.2.1 of the CG Code, the roles of the chairman and the chief executive should be separate and performed by different individuals to ensure a balance of power and authority so that power is not concentrated in any one individual. Mr. Chau Man Keung, the executive Director, is the chairman of the Board and is responsible for the leadership of the Board while Mr. Hsu Ching Loi, the executive Director, is the chief executive officer and is responsible for managing the Group's business and overall operations.

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

In compliance with the GEM Listing Rules, the Company has appointed three independent non-executive Directors for a term of three years representing not less than one-third of the Board and at least one of whom has appropriate professional qualifications, or accounting or related financial management expertise.

The three independent non-executive Directors are persons of high calibre, with working experience, academic and professional qualifications in the fields of accounting, company secretaryship or management. With their experience gained from various sectors, they provide strong support towards the effective discharge of the duties and responsibilities of the Board.

The Company has received from each of the independent non-executive Directors an annual confirmation of independence and considers each of them to be independent with reference to Rule 5.09 of the GEM Listing Rules.

BOARD COMMITTEES

The Board has established four Board committees to oversee specific aspects of the Group's affairs and help it in the execution of its responsibilities. The Board committees each have specific written terms of reference which clearly outline the committees' authority and duties, and require the Board committees to report back on their decisions or recommendations to the Board. All Board committees are provided with sufficient resources to discharge their duties, including access to management or professional advice if considered necessary.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Company established the Audit Committee with written terms of reference on 26 February 2018. The terms of reference of the Audit Committee is currently made available on the Stock Exchange's website and the Company's website.

The Audit Committee comprises three independent non-executive Directors, they are:

Mr. Chan Chun Kit *(Chairman)* Dr. Sun Yongjing Mr. Wan Aaron Chi Keung, *BBS, JP*

The Audit Committee is chaired by Mr. Chan Chun Kit, who has the appropriate professional qualifications as required under Rules 5.05(2) and 5.28 of the GEM Listing Rules. The primary duties of the Audit Committee are to assist the Board in providing an independent view of the effectiveness of Group's financial reporting process, internal control and risk management systems, to oversee the audit process and to perform other duties and responsibilities as assigned by the Board.

The Audit Committee is also responsible for making recommendation to the Board on the appointment, reappointment and removal of the external auditors, and to approve the remuneration and terms of engagement of the external auditors, and any questions of resignation or dismissal of such auditors; review with the Group's management, external auditors and internal auditor, where an internal audit function exists in the Company, the adequacy of the Group's policies and procedures regarding internal controls (including financial, operational and compliance controls), risk management system and any statement by the directors of the Company to be included in the annual accounts prior to endorsement by the Board.

The Audit Committee had held four meetings for the financial year ended 31 March 2022, which was attended by all the committee members, to review the audited financial statements, quarterly, half-yearly and annual results announcements, quarterly reports, interim report and annual report of the Company for the year ended 31 March 2022 and met with the Company's independent auditor without the presence of management to discuss any potential issues identified by the auditor.

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

The Company established the Remuneration Committee with written terms of reference on 26 February 2018. The terms of reference of the Remuneration Committee is currently made available on the Stock Exchange's website and the Company's website.

The primary duties of the Remuneration Committee include: (i) making recommendations to the Directors on the policy and structure for the remuneration of Directors and senior management and on the establishment of a formal and transparent procedure for developing policies on such remuneration; (ii) making recommendations to the Board on the terms of the individual remuneration package of executive Directors and senior management; (iii) making recommendations to the Board on the terms of the Board on the remuneration of independent non-executive Directors; and (iv) reviewing and approving performance-based remuneration with reference to corporate goals and objectives resolved by our Board from time to time.

Details of the Directors emoluments for the year ended 31 March 2022 are set out in Note 10 to the consolidated financial statements.

The Remuneration Committee comprises three independent non-executive Directors and one executive Director, they are:

Mr. Wan Aaron Chi Keung, *BBS, JP (Chairman)* Mr. Chan Chun Kit Dr. Sun Yongjing Mr. Chau Man Keung

The Remuneration Committee had held one meeting for the year ended 31 March 2022, which was attended by all the committee members, to review the remuneration structure for the executive Directors and senior management and make recommendations on the remuneration of the Directors and senior management.

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

The Company established the Nomination Committee with written terms of reference on 26 February 2018. The terms of reference of the Nomination Committee is currently made available on the Stock Exchange's website and the Company's website.

The key responsibilities of the Nomination Committee include reviewing the structure, size and composition of the Board at least annually and make recommendations on any proposed changes to the Board, assessing the independence of independent non-executive directors of the Company and making recommendations to the Board on the appointment or re-appointment of directors of the Company.

The Nomination Committee comprises three independent non-executive Directors and one executive Director, they are:

Dr. Sun Yongjing *(Chairlady)* Mr. Wan Aaron Chi Keung, *BBS, JP* Mr. Chan Chun Kit Mr. Chau Man Keung

The Nomination Committee had held one meeting for the year ended 31 March 2022, which was attended by all the committee members, to review the independence of independent non-executive Directors and consider the retirement and proposed re-appointment of Directors at the annual general meeting of the Company.

NOMINATION POLICY

According to the directors nomination policy of the Company, the Board and the Nomination Committee will follow established criteria and procedures for selecting and recommending suitable candidates in order to achieve a balanced and diversified Board in terms of skills, experience and perspectives.

The Nomination Committee will consider a variety of factors in the course of identifying, selecting and assessing the suitability of a proposed candidate, including but not limited to the following criteria:

- Direct industry experience;
- Professional and academic backgrounds;
- Achievements and contributions;
- Reputation;
- Independence (for independent non-executive Directors);
- Our board diversity policy;
- any other relevant and material factors as may be considered by the Nomination Committee.

The Board has also established nomination procedures for Directors' nomination pursuant to the GEM Listing Rules and the Company's articles of association as summarized below:

(a) Appointment of New Director

Regarding proposed appointment of new Director, the Nomination Committee must evaluate the proposed candidate based on the selection criteria mentioned above and make recommendations to the Board regarding whether the proposed candidates are qualified and appropriate for directorship.

For directorship nomination proposed by Shareholders at general meetings, the Nomination Committee should also evaluate such candidates in accordance to the same selection criteria and the Board should make recommendation to the Shareholders in respect of the proposed election of Director at the general meetings.

(b) Re-election of Director at General Meeting

Retiring Directors are eligible for nomination by the Board to stand for re-election at general meetings according to the articles of association of the Company.

The Nomination Committee and/or the Board should review the overall contribution, participation and performance of the retiring Director and the Board should then make recommendation to the Shareholders in respect of the proposed re-election of Director at general meetings.

BOARD DIVERSITY POLICY

Pursuant to the CG Code, the Board has adopted a board diversity policy (the "Policy"). The Company recognises and embraces the benefits of having a diverse Board. All Board appointments are made on merits and candidates will be considered against objective criteria, having due regard for the benefits of diversity on the Board. Pursuant to the Policy, the Company seeks to achieve Board diversity through the consideration of a number of aspects, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, professional experience, skills, knowledge and length of service. The ultimate decision will be based on merit and contribution that the selected candidates will bring to the Board taking into account factors based on its own business model and specific needs from time to time and with due regard for the benefits of diversity on the Board.

RISK MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE

The Company established the Risk Management Committee with written terms of reference on 26 February 2018. The terms of reference of the Risk Management Committee is currently made available on the Stock Exchange's website and the Company's website.

The primary duties of the risk management committee are to (i) advise the Board on risk-related issues; (ii) oversee the risk management framework to identify and deal with the risks faced by the Group such as business, financial, legal and regulatory risks; (iii) review reports on risks and breaches of risk policies; and (iv) review the effectiveness of the Company's risk control and/or mitigation plans.

The Risk Management Committee comprises three independent non-executive Directors and two executive Directors, they are:

Mr. Chau Man Keung (Chairman) Mr. Wan Aaron Chi Keung, *BBS, JP* Mr. Chan Chun Kit Dr. Sun Yongjing Mr. Hsu Ching Loi

The Risk Management Committee has held one meeting for the year ended 31 March 2022 to consider appointing an independent external consultant to independently perform internal control review and assess effectiveness and adequacy of the Group's risk management and internal control systems.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE FUNCTIONS

The Company's corporate governance functions are carried out by the Board pursuant to the code provisions as set out in the CG code.

The Board, as a whole, will perform the corporate governance functions in accordance with provision A.2 of the CG Code and has adopted written terms of reference in accordance with provisions of the CG Code which provide for, among others,

- (i) developing and reviewing our Group's policies and practices on corporate governance;
- (ii) reviewing and monitoring the training and continuous professional development of our Directors and senior management;

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE FUNCTIONS (CONTINUED)

- (iii) reviewing and monitoring our Group's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements;
- (iv) developing, reviewing and monitoring the code of conduct and compliance manual (if any) applicable to employees and our Directors; and
- (v) reviewing our Company's compliance with the CG Code and disclosure in the corporate governance reports of our Company.

For the year ended 31 March 2022, the Board held one meeting for reviewing the training and continuous professional development of Directors and senior management, reviewing the Company's compliance with the CG Code and reviewing the Company's disclosure in the Corporate Governance Report.

EMOLUMENT OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Particulars of the Directors' remuneration for the year ended 31 March 2022 are set out in Note 10 to the consolidated financial statements.

Pursuant to code provision E.1.5 of the CG Code, the remuneration of the members of the senior management (other than the Directors) by band is set out below:

Remuneration band	Number of individuals
Nil to HK\$1,000,000	4

AUDITORS'S REMUNERATION

For the year ended 31 March 2022, BDO Limited was engaged as the Group's independent auditors. Apart from the provision of annual audit services, BDO Limited also provided the non-audit services to the Company. The remuneration paid/payable to BDO Limited, the auditors, is set out below:

	HK\$
Audit services – Annual Audit	450,000
Non-audit services	74,000

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. So Hang Fung ("Mr. So") was appointed as the Company Secretary on 9 February 2021. The biographical details of Mr. So are set out in the section headed "Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management". For the year ended 31 March 2022, Mr. So has undertaken not less than 15 hours of relevant professional training in accordance with Rule 5.15 of the GEM Listing Rules.

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

The general meetings of the Company provide an opportunity for communication between the shareholders and the Board. An annual general meeting of the Company shall be held in each year and at the place as may be determined by the Board. Each general meeting, other than an annual general meeting, shall be called an extraordinary general meeting.

Convening an extraordinary general meeting

According to Articles 58 of the articles of association of the Company, the Board may whenever it thinks fit call extraordinary general meetings. Any one or more members holding at the date of deposit of the requisition not less than one-tenth of the paid up capital of the Company carrying the right of voting at general meetings of the Company shall at all times have the right, by written requisition to the Board or the secretary of the Company, to require an extraordinary general meeting shall be held within two (2) months after the deposit of such requisition. If within twenty-one (21) days of such deposit the Board fails to proceed to convene such meeting the requisitionist(s) himself (themselves) may do so in the same manner, and all reasonable expenses incurred by the requisitionist(s) as a result of the failure of the Board shall be reimbursed to the requisitionist(s) by the Company.

Putting enquiries to the Board

Shareholders should direct their questions about their shareholdings to the Company's branch share registrar. Shareholders and the investment community may at any time make a request for the Company's information to the extent such information is publicly available. Any such questions shall be first directed to the company secretary at the Company's principal place of business in Hong Kong at Office F, 12/F, Legend Tower, No. 7 Shing Yip Street, Kwun Tong, Kowloon, Hong Kong.

Putting forward proposals at general meeting

Shareholders should follow the procedures set out in the sub-section headed "Convening an extraordinary general meeting" above for putting forward proposals for discussion at general meetings.

Communication with the Shareholders and investors relations

The Company has adopted a Shareholders' communication policy to ensure the Shareholders have equal access to the information about the Company to enable the Shareholders to exercise their rights in an informed manner and engage actively with the Company. Information will be communicated to the Shareholders through the Company's quarterly reports, interim reports, annual reports, announcements, circulars and general meetings that may be convened as well as all the published disclosures submitted to the Stock Exchange. The Company also maintains a corporate website (www.uprintshop.hk) as a communication platform with Shareholders and investors. The annual general meeting provides a useful forum for shareholders to raise comments and exchange views with the Board. The Company keeps promoting investor relations and enhancing communication with existing Shareholders and potential investors. Those with questions for the Board may send written enquiries by post to the Company's principal place of business in Hong Kong at Office F, 12/F, Legend Tower, No. 7 Shing Yip Street, Kwun Tong, Kowloon, Hong Kong.

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS (CONTINUED)

Voting by Poll

A resolution put to the vote of a meeting shall be decided by way of a poll save that the chairman of the meeting may in good faith, allow a resolution which relates purely to a procedural or administrative matter to be voted on by a show of hands in which case every member present in person (or being a corporation, is present by a duly authorised representative), or by proxy(ies) shall have one vote provided that where more than one proxy is appointed by a member which is a clearing house (or its nominee(s)), each such proxy shall have one vote on a show of hands.

DIRECTORS' AND AUDITORS' RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Board is responsible for presenting a balanced, clear and understandable assessment of annual, halfyearly and quarterly reports, other inside information announcements and other financial disclosures required under the GEM Listing Rules and other statutory requirements.

The Directors acknowledge their responsibility in preparing the consolidated financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 March 2022 which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company. The Directors are not aware of any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt upon the Company's ability to continue as a going concern and accordingly continue to adopt the going concern approach in preparing the consolidated financial statements.

The responsibilities of the Company's auditor on the consolidated financial statements are set out in the independent auditors' report on pages 59 to 63 of this annual report.

RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL

The Board has overall responsibility for the design, implementation, monitor and review of the Group's internal control system including the internal control and risk management for the Company to ensure their effectiveness and efficiency. The objective of internal control is to safeguard the Company's assets and ensure its accounting records are properly maintained, so that all the financial information is accurate and reliable. The Group has adopted a series of internal control policies and procedures designed to provide reasonable assurance for achieving the objectives including effective and efficient operations, reliable financial reporting and compliance with applicable laws and regulations. All employees are committed to continually enhancing the risk management measures to ensure that these measures work in line with the growth of our business strategies and integrated into day-to-day operation of the business. The Board shall at least annually review its risk management and internal control system.

The objectives of the risk management and internal control of the Group include:

- establishing and constantly improving the risks management and internal control system;
- ensuring the Group's risk management and internal control in compliance with the GEM Listing Rules requirements;
- implementing the top-down approach and bottom-up approach that covers every aspect of the business; and
- managing rather than eliminating the risk of failure to achieve business objectives and can only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss.

RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL (CONTINUED)

The Board has a particular focus on determining the nature and extent of significant risks it is willing to take in achieving the business strategies of the Group. Each department of the Group is responsible for identifying its own risks and designing, implementing and monitoring the relevant risk management and internal control systems.

The Company's internal audit department monitors the internal control procedures and systems of the Group and reports its findings and recommendations to management of the Company and the Audit Committee. The internal audit department also assesses risk exposure, formulates audit plan and ensures the audit programs cover key internal control areas of operating subsidiaries on a rotational basis for the review by the Audit Committee.

The Audit Committee reviews the process by which the Group evaluates its control environment and risk assessment process, and the way in which business and control risks are managed through the assistance of the Company's internal audit department. Special review may also be performed on areas of concern identified by management or the Audit Committee from time to time.

The Board considers that the Group has implemented a series of effective and adequate risk management and internal control policies and appropriate procedures to provide reasonable assurance for achieving the objectives including effective and efficient operations, safeguarding the Group's assets, provide reliable financial reporting and compliance of the relevant laws and regulations.

HANDLING AND DISSEMINATION OF INSIDE INFORMATION

The Company has established and maintained the procedures and internal controls for the handling and dissemination of inside information. The Company has adopted a code of conduct for dealing in securities of the Company by the Directors in accordance with Rules 5.46 to 5.67 of the GEM Listing Rules. Other employees of the Group who are likely to be in possession of inside information of the Company are also subject to dealing restrictions. The Group has strictly prohibited unauthorised use of confidential or inside information or any use of such information for the advantage of himself or others. Any inside information and any information which may potentially constitute inside information is promptly identified, assessed and escalated to the Board and for the Board to decide on the need for disclosure. Inside information and other information which is required to be disclosed pursuant to the GEM Listing Rules will be announced on the respective websites of GEM and the Company in due course.

CONSTITUTIONAL DOCUMENTS

The Company adopted the amended and restated Articles of Association effective on the date of listing of the shares of the Company on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited. An up-to-date version of the Articles of Association is available on the respective website of GEM and the Company.

During the year ended 31 March 2022, there have been no changes to the Company's constitutional documents.

ABOUT THIS REPORT

Universe Printshop Holdings Limited (the "Company", "we", together with its subsidiaries, the "Group") strives continuously to incorporate sustainability initiatives into our daily operations and management. While sharing the vision of becoming the preferred choice of our stakeholders, we are committed to improving our Environmental, Social and Governance (ESG) performances by upholding good corporate governance standards, protecting our environment, engaging the community and promoting social integration.

This ESG Report ("the Report") aims to present our key performance indicators and milestones on the sustainability journey for the year ended 31 March 2022 ("FY2022") as compared to the year ended 31 March 2021 ("FY2021") (where applicable). Our reporting covers the business engaged by the operating companies under the Group and is limited to Hong Kong operation unless otherwise specified. All the information disclosed in this Report has been prepared by the ESG working group and confirmed by the Board. The Board is responsible for overseeing sustainable development for all operating companies under the Group and reviewing the progress made against ESG-related goals. We endeavour to provide a balanced, honest and transparent account of our performance.

The Report has complied with the mandatory disclosure requirements and the "comply or explain" provisions set out in the "Environmental, Social and Governance Reporting Guide" under Appendix 20 to the GEM Listing Rules. We value your feedback on the Company's overall sustainability practices and the related review. Please provide your comments by email to <info@123print.com.hk>.

BOARD GOVERNANCE AND INVOLVEMENT

The Board is responsible for overseeing sustainable development for all operating companies under the Group. Information and management on sustainability risks and performance is reported to the Board. The sustainability committee group members meet regularly to exchange information and best practices, manage climate-related risk, reduce costs and engage staff in sustainable development.

The sustainability committee is delegated responsibility by the Board for executing our corporate sustainability strategy and initiatives. In turn, the direct reports in the Company have functional responsibility for carrying out sustainable business practice in specific areas, collecting and monitoring of ESG related data.

The Group has developed its own corporate governance code (the CG Code) according to the principles as set out in the Corporate Governance Code contained in Appendix 15 to the GEM Listing Rules. The CG code sets out the corporate governance principles applied by the Group and is constantly reviewed to ensure transparency, accountability and independence. For details, please refer to Corporate Governance Report section.

Reporting Principles	Application
Materiality	To identify the material ESG-related issues to the Group, we conducted stakeholder engagement to identify and prioritise material ESG issues in our business operations.
Quantitative	Quantitative metrics are disclosed in this report to keep track of and evaluate our ESG performance. We measure and report key performance indicators (KPIs) across our environmental and social performance with the aid of a data monitoring system. Through the reporting of these KPIs and information in our report, we disclose elements that have greatest impact to our business and stakeholders.
Balance	This report provides an unbiased disclosure on the Group's ESG performance by highlighting both achievements and challenges on ESG management.
Consistency	This report is prepared according to the ESG Reporting Guide issued by The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited to provide consistent and comparable disclosures. We would provide explanation to any changes to the calculation methods or Key Performance Indicators ("KPIs") used, if any.

REPORTING PRINCIPLES

STAKEHOLDER ENGAGEMENT

As a responsible business, the Group always believes that meeting stakeholders' expectation is important to gain support and trust. As such, stakeholders are identified and engaged by various channels on regular basis. The stakeholders of the Group include shareholders, customers, employees, business partners and suppliers. Through these engagements, the Group is able to act on strategic development to balance and maximize various stakeholders' interests to the best possible level.

To understand the full spectrum of ESG aspects of the operation, the Company has engaged both the internal and external stakeholders about its potential environmental and social impacts. We engaged our business functions to identify key ESG issues and to assess their materiality to our business and stakeholders, through reviewing our operations, daily business dealings and internal discussions. We also engaged our external stakeholders through meetings, interviews, direct phone call. Material ESG issues we have identified are: emission and energy conservation, material consumption and waste management, natural resources and environment, climate change, employment and labour standard, health and safety, development and training, supply chain management, product and service responsibility, anti-corruption and community investment.

Disclosures relating to the identified material ESG issues are included in this ESG Report pursuant to the disclosure requirements of the Environmental, Social and Governance Reporting Guide.

ENVIRONMENTAL PERFORMANCE

In FY2022, we measured and managed the environmental performance in several aspects throughout our daily operations.

Emission and Energy Conservation

Air pollution is one of the major environmental issues that is of great concern. As offset printing involves the use of ink and chemical solvent, our production inevitably generates volatile organic compounds (VOC). In FY2022, the Company owned 4 motor vehicles (FY2021: 4). The air emissions incurred by the use of fuel is negligible and therefore immaterial.

We have implemented the following measures to minimise air emissions and their effects:

- Appropriate ventilation system at the production sites to reduce employees' exposure to hazardous emissions
- Separation of high emission processes from other operations
- Regular maintenance and cleaning of generators, vehicles and other machinery
- Green driving practices (e.g. drive smoothly, avoid accelerating hard and braking harshly, no idling engine)
- Adoption of shortest routing

Fuel saving measures are supported by management and monitored daily.

Global climate change is a challenge that businesses and organisations around the world must face and address. We are committed to minimising the adverse impact that our operations may have on the environment. Using energy efficiently will definitely help us preserve resources and tackle climate change. We have set the emission reduction target as greenhouse gas emission reduction by 10% by year 2027; and energy use efficiency target as electricity consumption reduction by 10% by year 2027.

Electricity consumption accounts for a major part of our greenhouse gas ("GHG") emissions. To reduce our carbon footprint, we have implemented the following measures:

- Reminders and signs for office equipment (e.g. photocopiers, printer) to be switched to standby mode after use
- Regular maintenance of appliances and equipment as suggested by the relevant instruction manual
- Lighting zone segregation and individual lights made available only after office hours
- Limit access to the operation of air-conditioning units
- More environmentally friendly office temperature (24–26°C)
- Smart casual dress code for work

- Practices of switching off lighting, air-conditioning, computers and encouraging the use of energysaving mode for all the applicable electronic appliances during lunch hours
- Reminders of 'use when necessary' and 'off after use' for lighting and air-conditioning
- Authorized staff switch on/off equipment before/after office hours

In this reporting year, we consumed 1,734,687 kWh of electricity (FY2021: 1,692,818.00 kWh) with an intensity of 15,263.15 kWh/HKD'm revenue (FY2021: 16,414 kWh/HKD'm), equivalent to 696.99 tCO₂e of Scope 2 GHG emissions (FY2021: 656.17 tCO₂e). The total GHG emissions and carbon intensity were 700.74 tCO₂e and 6.17 tCO₂e/HKD'm revenue respectively (FY2021: 656.17 tCO₂e and 6.36 tCO₂e/HKD'm).

In this reporting year, the Group was not aware of any material non-compliance with relevant laws and regulations that would have a significant impact on the Group relating to air and greenhouse gas emissions, discharges into water and land, and generation of hazardous and non-hazardous waste.

Material Consumption and Waste Management

We work diligently in reducing our waste from operations. The Group reckons the importance of waste reduction and waste management (e.g. waste classification at source for better recycling) and has thus implemented various initiatives to tackle the related issues. Our non-hazardous waste reduction target is reduction of paper consumption (other than the raw materials for the production of products) by 10% by year 2032 and our hazardous waste reduction target is year-on-year improvement on recycling rate of hazardous waste.

Offset printing operations generate certain solid and liquid hazardous waste, including chemical solvent, ink residues and its containers. During the year, we returned empty ink containers to manufacturer for reuse or recycling purposes. Liquid chemicals, such as waste plate developer, were collected in labelled containers before handing over to authorized service providers. The Group has been granted with the Registration of Waste Producer under the Waste Disposal (Chemical Waste) (General) Regulation (Cap. 354C) and complied with relevant procedural requirements.

The Group does its utmost to explore and maximise resources reuse and recycle opportunities. Paper and packaging materials constitute a significant portion of resources consumption. To fully utilise precious resources, incoming packaging materials like pallets and carton boxes were reused in the operation whenever possible. Scrap paper bins have also been set up in each shop and on each production floor, enabling convenient drop-off and collection by licensed recycler.

To reduce our raw material consumption and waste generation, we have implemented the following measures:

- Reminders, signs and posters at collection points and prominent areas to encourage waste recycling
- Replacement of photocopying and printing of publications (newsletter/leaflet/report) by e-versions
- More eco-friendly printing practices (e.g. print when necessary, print double-sided, print in black & white)
- Procurement of electrical & electronic equipment only when necessary, and scheduled regular maintenance to prolong life span
- Cartridges of larger volume or longer life-span and recycled by manufacturer
- Box files consumption reduction by reusing old ones or applying electronic filing

- Paper consumption reduction by using e-communication with at least 90% of staff members having email/mobile access
- Broken items repair to avoid waste disposal
- Used furniture recycling by reselling or donation
- Reuse of supplies and stationeries (e.g. envelopes, single-side printed paper)
- Reuse of materials for decorating festive events (e.g. Christmas and Chinese New Year, etc.)
- Resale of unwanted second-hand products
- Conversion/Upgrading of old items into useful ones
- Minimising the use of chemicals (e.g. cleaning agents)
- Use of re-useable containers, dishes, cups and coffee filters in the pantry wherever possible
- Use of shredded waste paper for packaging
- Proper size packaging to avoid using fillers
- Minimising the use of tape and strapping for sealing

We measure different types of materials used to gauge our environmental performance. The following tables present the material consumption in our business operations for FY2022:

Material Consumption	Unit	FY2022	FY2021
Paper Consumption	pieces	24,372,180.00	21,824,844.00
Ink Consumption	kg	21,182.50	18,256.50
Solvent Consumption	L	43,200.00	41,400.00
Zinc Plate Consumption	kg	53,287.33	50,454.63
Toner Consumption	kg	786.98	353.80
Packaging Materials Used	Unit	FY2022	FY2021
Carton Box Consumption	kg	20,964.80	24,211.60

Amount of waste collected by weight for FY2022 and corresponding management approaches are shown in following tables:

Non-hazardous Waste Generated	Treatment	Unit	FY2022	FY2021
Paper	Recycled	tonnes	191.98	159.10
Hazardous Waste Generated	Treatment	Unit	FY2022	FY2021
Ink Residue and Container	Recycled	kg	1,364.00	1,056.0
Zinc Plate	Recycled	kg	55,838.18	45,802.45
Toner	Recycled	kg	6.80	0
Plate Developer	Collected by authorized service provider	L	10,120.00	940.00

Due to the nature of our business operation, our water consumption is not substantial and most of the water we use for our operations is for cooling processes in production and general purpose in daily operation and there were no issues in sourcing water that is fit for purpose.

Natural Resources and Environment

While benefiting from the natural resources, we always bear in mind the responsibilities and the obligations of protecting the environment and natural resources, particularly in terms of paper consumption. We therefore, in our business operations, have taken considerable efforts to monitor and minimise the negative impact on the environment.

In particular, as a paper-based business, we have implemented measures as follows:

- Use of Forest Stewardship Council[®] (FSC[™])-certified/recycled paper, as a sustainably-managed forest source option, for production.
- Use of Forest Stewardship Council[®] (FSC[™])-certified/recycled wood or paper products for our daily administration

Climate Change

The Group realises the importance of the identification and mitigation of significant climate-related issues, therefore, the Group is committed to managing the potential climate-related risks which may impact the Group's business activities. The Group has set up risk management policy in identifying and mitigating different risks including climate-related risks. The Board meets regularly and cooperates closely with key management to identify and evaluates climate-related risks and to formulate strategies to manage the identified risks.

For physical risk, the increased frequency and severity of extreme weather such as typhoons, storms and heavy rains can disrupt the Group's operations by damaging the production centre, print shops, and delayed products delivery from suppliers as well as to customers. To minimise the potential risks and hazards, the Group regularly maintains its facilities as to make sure the damage by extreme weather events are minimized. The Group has also established adverse weather guidance to protect our staffs. The Group will continuously review the potential impact of climate change on our business annually and implement corresponding measures to reduce any potential risks.

SOCIAL PERFORMANCE

Employment and Labour Practices

Employment and Labour Standard

As key enablers in achieving its economic, environmental and social objectives of the Group, our employees are always regarded as the most valuable assets. We believe that creating a workplace that offers a strong sense of belonging can inspire our employees to champion our core values. We strive to create an environment where every employee can work happily and excel to his/her full potential.

We encourage promotions within the Group so that we can gradually train our employees to take up management executives roles. We also do our best to maintain open dialogue with employees and encourage discussion about their career goals.

To retain top-notch talents and attract young professionals, the Group regularly reviews and enhances its employees' remuneration terms and benefits. Competitive remuneration packages are structured to be commensurate with individual responsibilities, qualification, experience and performance. Eligibility requirements of various positions are set forth in written document as minimum entry criteria. The Group upholds the value of equal opportunities in terms of gender, pregnancy, marital status, disability, family status and race. Employees can report on discriminatory practices to the management or Human Resource Department.

The Group believes in equal opportunities and diversity in terms of age, sex, nationality, disability and religion. Any discrimination on race, gender, religion, national origin, physical or mental disability, age, sexual orientation, and gender identity are strictly prohibited during the employment process and workplace.

The Group has established policy to prevent unfair dismissal. An employee cannot be dismissed when she has been confirmed pregnant or after she has given notice of pregnancy. An employee cannot be dismissed when he or she takes a paid sick leave. Each employee that tenders resignation will be interviewed by the Human Resource Department to ascertain the reason for leaving the Group. The dismissed employee shall be given due notice or wages in lieu of notice, and the notice should not be given during his or her annual leave and maternity leave.

The employees of the Group can enjoy statutory holidays, maternity leave, annual leave and work-injury leave.

The Group prohibits the use of child labour and forced or compulsory labour at all its units and supply chain. No employee is made to work against his/her will or work as forced labour, or subject to corporal punishment or coercion of any type related to work. During our recruitment process, applicants are required to report their identity by showing their identity cards during the application for compliance with the statutory age requirements. The Human Resources Department also reviews the attendance records on a regular basis. If overtime work is discovered, investigation will be conducted immediately to ensure that employees are not forced to work overtime.

In case any child labour or forced labour is observed by our employees during daily business operations, our employees shall report to the Human Resources Department directly and senior departments for immediate verification. The Group will report to Labour Department without delay. If suppliers are found to have any employment of child labour and forced labour, immediate cessation of business would be conducted.

The Group strictly complies with relevant laws and regulations, including the Employment Ordinance (Cap. 57), anti-discrimination ordinances implemented by The Equal Opportunities Commission. During FY2022, there was no incident of non-compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the Group relating to compensation and dismissal, recruitment and promotion, working hours, rest periods, equal opportunity, diversity, anti-discrimination and/or other benefits and welfare and the Group did not encounter any issue with non-compliance and/or violate any relevant laws and regulations in respect of the prevention of child or forced labour.

As at 31 March 2022, the Group employed 101 staff in total. Below is the workforce statistic by geographical region, gender, age group, employment type and employment category:

	Staff Number
(a) Breakdown by region Employees — Hong Kong	101
(b) Breakdown by gender Employees — Female Employees — Male	34 67
 (c) Breakdown by age group Employees Age < 30 Employees Age 30–50 Employees Age > 50 	16 47 38
(d) Breakdown by employment type Employees — Part-time Employees — Full-time	0 101
 (e) Breakdown by employment category Employees — General Employees — Middle Level Employees — Senior Employees — Supervisory 	90 4 2 5

Below is the workforce turnover statistic by geographical region, gender and age group:

		Turnover Rate (%)
(a)	Breakdown by region Employees — Hong Kong	40.59
(b)) Breakdown by gender Employees — Female Employees — Male	44.12 38.81
(c)	Breakdown by age group Employees Age < 30 Employees Age 30–50 Employees Age > 50	125.00 27.66 21.05

Health and Safety

Ensuring health and safety of our employees is one of our prime responsibilities. We strive to provide our employees with a safe working environment and reinforce their safety awareness by relevant information and training. The Group has formulated, implemented and regularly reviewed its safety guideline with reference to relevant laws, codes of practice, industry best practices and causes of accident. The comprehensive guideline covers aspects such as general printing process, chemical hazards, emergency plan, and risk assessment. In the event of work-related injury, the Group compensates the injured employee in accordance with the Employees' Compensation Ordinance (Cap. 282).

Reinforcing employees' safety awareness is of crucial importance as prevention is always better than cure. In addition to continuous safety training and affixing safety reminders, frontline staff are also provided with personal protective equipment (e.g. protective gloves) based on their job nature.

In view of the COVID-19 pandemic happened across 2021 and 2022, the Group has implemented corresponding health and safety measures in accordance to the advice from Centre for Health Protection, Department of Health, HKSAR government. An internal epidemic prevention and control structure has been established. For example, masks are provided to our staff for protection. Staff are required to conduct rapid test before work. Public spaces and area are fully disinfected. Body temperature screening is conducted before staff enter their working space. Other requirements are implemented as per government's advice. Operations were resumed in an orderly manner.

In relation to the provision of a safe working environment and protecting employees from occupational hazards, the Group was not aware of any material non-compliance with relevant laws and regulations that would have a significant impact on the Group. No work-related fatalities in the past 3 reporting years and 0 lost days due to work injury during the reporting year had been reported to our management.

Development and Training

To enable our talents to develop themselves to their fullest potential and to provide them with the essential skill sets to deliver the best, training sessions are arranged for new employees with regard to the skills set required for particular position, company policies, standards, as well as relevant laws.

In addition to on-the-job training upon employment, we provide topic-specific training based on emerging needs and regulation updates from time to time. For example, a training session on FSC Basics and Health and Safety was organised to employee representatives from different departments during the reporting year.

During the reporting year, the breakdown of employees training data are as follows:

	% of
	employees trained
(a) Breakdown by employment category	
Employees —General	4.44
Employees —Middle Level	100.00
Employees — Senior	50.00
Employees —Supervisory	100.00
(b) Breakdown by gender	
Employees — Female	5.88
Employees – Male	17.91
	Average
	training hours
	completed per
	employee
(a) Breakdown by employment category	
Employees —General	0.36
Employees —Middle Level	48.50
Employees —Senior	1.00
Employees —Supervisory	2.40
(b) Breakdown by gender	
Employees — Female	0.12
Employees – Male	3.52

Operating Practice

Supply Chain Management

We are aware of the broader impact of our operations from our supply chain. Addressing the environmental and social risks in our supply chain is one of our major ways of minimising potential negative impacts of our procurement decisions.

In selecting suppliers, rigorous mechanism based on various standards is adopted to evaluate the pricing, quality assurance system, inventory management, production capacity, as well as sustainability risk management of potential suppliers. The Group conducts review on all existing suppliers regularly, and sample production materials for quality inspection when necessary. We will also discontinue relationship with suppliers with poor environmental and social performance.

Environmentally friendly supply chain management is an opportunity to reduce carbon footprint and costs. The Group places high priority on purchasing eco-friendly materials for our printing products. As a paperbased business, we have implemented green procurement measures as follows:

- Use of Forest Stewardship Council[®] (FSC[™])-certified/recycled paper, as a sustainable-managed forest source option, for production.
- Use of Forest Stewardship Council[®] (FSC[™])-certified/recycled wood or paper products for our daily administration

During the reporting year, the breakdown of suppliers are as follows:

	No. of suppliers
Breakdown by geographical region	
Hong Kong	61
Mainland China	2

Product and Service Responsibility

As a responsible company, we are fully aware of the importance to comply with relevant laws and regulations concerning the provision and use of our products and services, in particular intellectual property and confidentiality matters.

We support the protection of intellectual property rights, and strictly abides by all applicable laws, including the Copyright Ordinance (Cap. 528). Upon request for printing service, we will seek customer's confirmation that the printed materials will not infringe copyright of any third party or involve defamation, invasion of privacy, counterfeiting, indecency, or obscenity. If necessary, our relevant staff may ask customers to present authorised proof for verification and reserve the right of not providing the printing service which would connive at the breach of applicable laws.

To protect our customers' confidentiality and privacy, any use of personal information collected by the Group strictly complied with Personal Data (Privacy) Ordinance (Cap. 486). The Group is committed to exercising due diligence in preventing information leakage or transferal to unauthorised parties. Encryption and firewall technologies are deployed, reviewed and updated regularly to prevent unauthorised access. It is also mandatory for all new employees to sign non-disclosure agreement and follow standard documentation procedures.

The Group aims to ensure high quality standards for products we offer. We constantly communicate with our customers to ensure our products are up to standards. Communication and feedback channels are created for quality assurance and recall procedures.

No sold or delivered products were subjected to recalls for copyright or health, safety and environmental reasons during the reporting year.

During FY2022, we have received one service-related complaint and one product-related complaint. In accordance with the complaint handling mechanism, all complaints received were handled by designated staff and settled. We will look for areas of improvement if the complaint stands.

During FY2022, the Group has complied with all relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the Group relating to health and safety, advertising, labelling and privacy matters.

Anti-corruption

We are committed to maintaining high standard of integrity when doing business as we strongly believe that it is essential to meet the expectations of our stakeholders.

To ensure the highest possible standards of openness, probity and accountability, the Group has implemented preventive measures and whistle-blowing procedures. Anti-corruption policy and declaration procedure guideline are set forth in accordance with the Prevention of Bribery Ordinance (Cap. 201) and are communicated to employees through staff handbook. It is an offence for any employee to obtain or accept any benefit for the purpose of seeking personal gain without permission of the Group. Any employee may report suspected misconduct or malpractice in breach of applicable laws to his or her immediate head or independent directors. To further prevent corruption and malpractices in the workplace, practical guide, training materials and information pack published by ICAC are shared with our employees and the board of directors. The Group aims to retain a high ethical standards and staff integrity of business organization.

During FY2022, we did not identify any non-compliance in relation to corruption, bribery, extortion, fraud and money laundering in our Group or employees and there was no legal case regarding corrupt practices brought against our Group or employees, which will have a significant impact on the Group. The Group will regularly review its internal anti-corruption system and improve it when necessary.

Community Investment

We pursue sustainable development of our community by assessing and managing the social impact of our operations and by supporting initiatives that create effective and lasting benefits to the community in which the Group operates.

Through participating in philanthropic activities in the area of sponsorship of charitable sales focusing on areas including education, health and elderly care. the Group hopes to bring more positive effects to the development of the community together with its own growth.

ESG GUIDE CONTENT INDEX

Disclosure, Aspects, General Disclosure and KPIs	Description	FY 2022 ESG Report Reference/ Statement
A. Environmental Aspect A1: Emissions		
General Disclosure	Information on:	Environmental Performance – Emission and Energy
	 (a) the policies; and (b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer 	Conservation – Material Consumption and Waste Management
	relating to air and greenhouse gas emissions, discharges into water and land, and generation of hazardous and non-hazardous waste	
KPI A1.1	The types of emissions and respective emissions data	Not material to the Group's business since our business does not involve any activity that will produce significant amount of air emissions.
KPI A1.2	Direct (Scope 1) and energy indirect (Scope 2) greenhouse gas emissions (in tonnes) and, where appropriate, intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility)	Environmental Performance – Emission and Energy Conservation
KPI A1.3	Total hazardous waste produced (in tonnes) and, where appropriate, intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility)	Environmental Performance – Material Consumption and Waste Management
KPI A1.4	Total non-hazardous waste produced (in tonnes) and, where appropriate, intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility)	Environmental Performance – Material Consumption and Waste Management
KPI A1.5	Description of emission target(s) set and steps taken to achieve them	Environmental Performance – Emission and Energy Conservation
KPI A1.6	Description of how hazardous and non- hazardous wastes are handled, and a description of reduction target(s) set and steps taken to achieve them	Environmental Performance – Material Consumption and Waste Management

Disclosure, Aspects, General Disclosure and KPIs	Description	FY 2022 ESG Report Reference/ Statement
Aspect A2: Use of Resources		
General Disclosure	Policies on the efficient use of resources, including energy, water and other raw materials	Environmental Performance – Emission and Energy Conservation – Material Consumption and Waste Management
KPI A2.1	Direct and/or indirect energy consumption by type (e.g. electricity, gas or oil) in total (kWh in '000s) and intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility)	Environmental Performance – Emission and Energy Conservation
KPI A2.2	Water consumption in total and intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility)	Not material to the Group's business since our business does not involve any activity that will consume significant amount of water
KPI A2.3	Description of energy use efficiency target(s) set and steps taken to achieve them	Environmental Performance – Emission and Energy Conservation
KPI A2.4	Description of whether there is any issue in sourcing water that is fit for purpose, water efficiency target(s) set and steps taken to achieve them	Environmental Performance – Material Consumption and Waste Management
KPI A2.5	Total packaging material used for finished products	Environmental Performance – Material Consumption and Waste Management

Disclosure, Aspects, General Disclosure and KPIs	Description	FY 2022 ESG Report Reference/ Statement
Aspect A3: The Environment		
General Disclosure	Policies on minimising the issuer's significant impact on the environment and natural resources	Environmental Performance – Natural Resources and Environment
KPI A3.1	Description of the significant impacts of activities on the environment and natural resources and the actions taken to manage them	Environmental Performance – Natural Resources and Environment
Aspect A4: Climate Change		
General Disclosure	Policies on identification and mitigation of significant climate-related issues which have impacted, and those which may impact, the issuer	Environmental Performance – Climate Change
KPI A4.1	Description of the significant climate- related issues which have impacted, and those which may impact, the issuer, and the actions taken to manage them.	Environmental Performance – Climate Change
B. Social		
Aspect B1: Employment		
General Disclosure	Information on:	Social Performance:
	 (a) the policies; and (b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer 	Employment and Labour Practices – Employment and Labour Standard
	relating to compensation and dismissal, recruitment and promotion, working hours, rest periods, equal opportunity, diversity, anti-discrimination, and other benefits and welfare	
KPI B1.1	Total workforce by gender, employment type, age group and geographical region	Social Performance: Employment and Labour Practices – Employment and Labour Standard
KPI B1.2	Employee turnover rate by gender, age group and geographical region	Social Performance: Employment and Labour Practices – Employment and Labour Standard

Disclosure, Aspects, General Disclosure and KPIs	Description	FY 2022 ESG Report Reference/ Statement
Aspect B2: Health and Safety		
General Disclosure	Information on: (a) the policies; and	Social Performance: Employment and Labour Practices
	(b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer	– Health and Safety
	relating to providing a safe working environment and protecting employees from occupational hazards	
KPI B2.1	Number and rate of work-related fatalities occurred in each of the past three years including the reporting year	Social Performance: Employment and Labour Practices – Health and Safety
KPI B2.2	Lost days due to work injury	Social Performance: Employment and Labour Practices – Health and Safety
KPI B2.3	Description of occupational health and safety measures adopted, how they are implemented and monitored	Social Performance: Employment and Labour Practices – Health and Safety
Aspect B3: Development and	Training	
General Disclosure	Policies on improving employees' knowledge and skills for discharging duties at work. Description of training activities	Social Performance: Employment and Labour Practices – Development and Training
KPI B3.1	The percentage of employees trained by gender and employee category (e.g. senior management, middle management)	Social Performance: Employment and Labour Practices – Development and Training
KPI B3.2	The average training hours completed per employee by gender and employee category	Social Performance: Employment and Labour Practices – Development and Training

Disclosure, Aspects, General Disclosure and KPIs	Description	FY 2022 ESG Report Reference/ Statement
Aspect B4: Labour Standards General Disclosure	 Information on: (a) the policies; and (b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to preventing child and forced 	Social Performance: Employment and Labour Practices - Employment and Labour Standard
KPI B4.1	labour Description of measures to review employment practices to avoid child and forced labour	Social Performance: Employment and Labour Practices – Employment and Labour Standard
KPI B4.2	Description of steps taken to eliminate such practices when discovered	Social Performance: Employment and Labour Practices – Employment and Labour Standard
Aspect B5: Supply Chain Mai	-	
General Disclosure	Policies on managing environmental and social risks of the supply chain	Social Performance: Operating Practice – Supply Chain Management
KPI B5.1	Number of suppliers by geographical region	Social Performance: Operating Practice – Supply Chain Management
KPI B5.2	Description of practices relating to engaging suppliers, number of suppliers where the practices are being implemented, and how they are implemented and monitored	Social Performance: Operating Practice – Supply Chain Management
KPI B5.3	Description of practices used to identify environmental and social risks along the supply chain, and how they are implemented and monitored	Social Performance: Operating Practice - Supply Chain Management
KPI B5.4	Description of practices used to promote environmentally preferable products and services when selecting suppliers, and how they are implemented and monitored	Social Performance: Operating Practice - Supply Chain Management

Disclosure, Aspects, General Disclosure and KPIs	Description	FY 2022 ESG Report Reference/ Statement	
Aspect B6: Product Responsi	bility		
General Disclosure	Information on:	Social Performance: Operating Practice	
	 (a) the policies; and (b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer 	– Product and Service Responsibility	
	relating to health and safety, advertising, labelling and privacy matters relating to products and services provided and methods of redress		
KPI B6.1	Percentage of total products sold or shipped subject to recalls for safety and health reasons	Social Performance: Operating Practice – Product and Service Responsibility	
KPI B6.2	Number of products and service related complaints received and how they are dealt with	Social Performance: Operating Practice – Product and Service Responsibility	
КРІ В6.3	Description of practices relating to observing and protecting intellectual property rights	Social Performance: Operating Practice – Product and Service Responsibility	
КРІ В6.4	Description of quality assurance process and recall procedures	Social Performance: Operating Practice – Product and Service Responsibility	
KPI B6.5	Description of consumer data protection and privacy policies, how they are implemented and monitored	Social Performance: Operating Practice – Product and Service Responsibility	

Disclosure, Aspects, General		FY 2022 ESG Report Reference/
Disclosure and KPIs	Description	Statement
Aspect B7: Anti-corruption		
General Disclosure	Information on:	Social Performance: Operating Practice
	 (a) the policies; and (b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to 	– Anti-corruption
	bribery, extortion, fraud and money laundering	
КРІ В7.1	Number of concluded legal cases regarding corrupt practices brought against the issuer or its employees during the reporting period and the outcomes of the cases	Social Performance: Operating Practice – Anti-corruption
KPI B7.2	Description of preventive measures and whistle-blowing procedures, how they are implemented and monitored	Social Performance: Operating Practice – Anti-corruption
КРІ В7.3	Description of anti-corruption training provided to directors and staff	Social Performance: Operating Practice – Anti-corruption
Aspect B8: Community Inves	tment	
General Disclosure	Policies on community engagement to understand the needs of the communities where the issuer operates and to ensure its activities take into consideration the communities' interests	Social Performance: Community Investment
KPI B8.1	Focus areas of contribution (e.g. education, environmental concerns, labour needs, health, culture, sport)	Social Performance: Community Investment
KPI B8.2	Resources contributed (e.g. money or time) to the focus area	Social Performance: Community Investment



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TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF UNIVERSE PRINTSHOP HOLDINGS LIMITED

(incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

OPINION

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Universe Printshop Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (the "Group") set out on pages 64 to 115, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 March 2022, and the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 March 2022, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

BASIS FOR OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's "Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants" (the "Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

KEY AUDIT MATTERS

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

BDO Limited, a Hong Kong limited company, is a member of BDO International Limited, a UK company limited by guarantee, and forms part of the international BDO network of independent member firms.

KEY AUDIT MATTERS (CONTINUED)

Impairment assessment of property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets

(Refer to notes 4(h), 5(c) and 13 to the consolidated financial statements)

As at 31 March 2022, the Group had property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets with net carrying amounts of HK\$8,978,774 and HK\$9,305,903 respectively, which are subject to impairment assessment when impairment indicators are identified. Management assessed that as at 31 March 2022, impairment indication existed in respect of the property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets. Accordingly, management performed impairment assessment for these assets in accordance with Group's accounting policies. The property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets were tested for impairment at cash-generating unit ("CGU") level. The recoverable amount of the CGU which is comprised of the above assets is determined using value-in-use calculation.

Based on the value-in-use calculation, no impairment loss was recognised during the year for property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets.

We have identified the impairment assessment of property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets as a key audit matter due to the preparation of the value-in-use calculation requires significant estimation and judgment by the management with respect to the key assumptions adopted in the cash flow projection including future revenue growth and gross profit margin, as well as the adoption of discount rate.

Our procedures in relation to management's impairment assessment on property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets included:

- Understanding the management's key controls over impairment of non-financial assets;
- Checking the mathematical accuracy of the value-in-use calculation;
- Challenging the reasonableness of key assumptions of the cash flow projection of the CGU including revenue growth, gross profit margin and discount rate based on our knowledge of the business and industry;
- Comparing current year's actual results with the figures included in the prior year's cash flow projection to consider whether the key assumptions used by the management had been overoptimistic;
- Checking on a sample basis the accuracy and relevance of the input data used by the management to supporting evidence; and
- Performing sensitivity analysis.

OTHER INFORMATION IN THE ANNUAL REPORT

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Company's annual report, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The directors are also responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process. The Audit Committee assists the directors in discharging their responsibilities in this regard.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. This report is made solely to you, as a body, in accordance with the terms of our engagement, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
 - obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

We communicate with the Audit Committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Audit Committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

From the matters communicated with the directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

BDO Limited *Certified Public Accountants*

Lee Ming Wai Practising Certificate no. P05682 Hong Kong, 22 June 2022

Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income

For the year ended 31 March 2022

		2022	2021
	Notes	HK\$	HK\$
Revenue	6	113,651,958	103,132,516
Cost of sales		(89,255,875)	(82,834,952)
Gross profit		24,396,083	20,297,564
Other income	7	1,232,745	8,778,429
Other gains	7	229,155	919,523
Selling and administrative expenses		(28,814,535)	(30,701,809)
Impairment loss on property, plant and equipment and			
right-of-use assets	13(a)	_	(11,833,694)
Loss from operations		(2,956,552)	(12,539,987)
Finance cost	8(a)	(702,584)	(942,792)
Loss before taxation	8	(3,659,136)	(13,482,779)
Income tax (expense)/credit	9	(787,629)	946,463
Loss and total comprehensive income for the year			
attributable to owners of the Company		(4,446,765)	(12,536,316)
Less new shows	10	HK cents	HK cents
Loss per share Basic and diluted	12	(0.49)	(1.39)
		((1900)

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

As at 31 March 2022

		2022	2021
	Notes	HK\$	HK\$
ASSETS AND LIABILITIES			
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	13	8,978,774	8,862,198
Right-of-use assets	13	9,305,903	7,379,343
Intangible assets	14	36,643	120,771
Deposits paid		1,575,832	1,673,436
Deferred tax assets	22	229,773	804,220
		20,126,925	18,839,968
Current assets			
Inventories	16	2,814,087	2,680,541
Trade and other receivables, prepayments and deposits	17	6,494,995	8,812,267
Prepaid tax		809,209	661,963
Cash and cash equivalents	18(a)	19,112,762	23,645,769
		29,231,053	35,800,540
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables and accruals	19	15,748,679	14,911,848
Contract liabilities	20	1,727,655	2,037,522
Lease liabilities	21	7,448,348	7,859,263
Provision for reinstatement costs	23	140,000	150,000
		25,064,682	24,958,633
Net current assets		4,166,371	10,841,907
Total assets less current liabilities		24,293,296	29,681,875

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

As at 31 March 2022

		2022	2021
	Notes	HK\$	HK\$
Non-current liabilities			
Lease liabilities	21	4,238,027	5,413,024
Deferred tax liabilities	22	233,280	97
		4,471,307	5,413,121
Net assets		19,821,989	24,268,754
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Share capital	24(b)	9,000,000	9,000,000
Reserves	24(c)	10,821,989	15,268,754
Total equity		19,821,989	24,268,754

Approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 22 June 2022.

CHAU Man Keung Director HSU Ching Loi Director

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

For the year ended 31 March 2022

	Share capital (Note 24(b)) HK\$	Share premium (Note 24(c)(i)) HK\$	Capital reserve (Note 24(c)(ii)) HK\$	Accumulated losses HK\$	Total HK\$
At 1 April 2020	9,000,000	29,644,379	20,077,867	(21,917,176)	36,805,070
Loss and total comprehensive income for the year	_		_	(12,536,316)	(12,536,316)
At 31 March and 1 April 2021	9,000,000	29,644,379	20,077,867	(34,453,492)	24,268,754
Loss and total comprehensive income for the year	_			(4,446,765)	(4,446,765)
At 31 March 2022	9,000,000	29,644,379	20,077,867	(38,900,257)	19,821,989

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended 31 March 2022

		2022	2021
	Notes	HK\$	HK\$
Cash flows from operating activities			
Cash generated from operations	18(b)	6,086,043	5,070,331
Tax paid		(127,245)	_
Net cash generated from operating activities		5,958,798	5,070,331
Cash flows from investing activities			
Payment for the purchase of property,			
plant and equipment		(1,696,157)	(3,402,007)
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment		_	14,760
Interest received		32,640	185,124
Net cash used in investing activities		(1,663,517)	(3,202,123)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Capital element of lease payments	18(c)	(8,125,704)	(8,551,560)
Interest element of lease payments	18(c)	(702,584)	(942,792)
Net cash used in financing activities		(8,828,288)	(9,494,352)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(4,533,007)	(7,626,144)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		23,645,769	31,271,913
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	18(a)	19,112,762	23,645,769

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 March 2022

1 GENERAL INFORMATION

Universe Printshop Holdings Limited (the "Company") is a public limited company incorporated in the Cayman Islands on 27 April 2017 as an exempted company and its shares are listed on GEM of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") on 28 March 2018. The Company was incorporated in the Cayman Islands under the Companies Law, Cap. 22 (Law 3 of 1961, as consolidated and revised) of the Cayman Islands. The address of its registered office is Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive, P.O. Box 2681, Grand Cayman KY1-1111, Cayman Islands and its principal place of business is Office F, 12/F Legend Tower, No. 7 Shing Yip Street, Kwun Tong, Kowloon, Hong Kong.

On 4 April 2022, New Metro Inc., a company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands with limited liability, which is wholly owned by Mr. Lam Shing Tai ("Mr. Lam"), entered into a sale and purchase agreement (the "Sale and Purchase Agreement") with certain shareholders (the "Selling Shareholders") of the Company including Mr. Chau Man Keung ("Mr. Chau"), an executive director of the Company, Mr. Leung Yuet Cheong, an executive director of the Company, Mr. Wong Man Hin Joe, an executive director of the Company and Mr. Wang Hsiung Yu, a senior management of the Company. Pursuant to the Sale and Purchase Agreement, New Metro Inc. conditionally agreed to acquire an aggregate of 354,354,000 shares of the Company from those Selling Shareholders, representing approximately 39.37% of the total issued share capital of the Company as at the date of entering into the Sale and Purchase Agreement. Completion of the Sale and Purchase Agreement took place on 4 April 2022 (the "Completion"). After the Completion, Mr. Chau continues to hold 41,366,000 shares, approximately 4.6% of the total number of issued shares of the Company. On the same date, New Metro Inc., Mr. Lam, Mr. Chau, and Mr. Hsu Ching Loi ("Mr. Hsu"), an executive director of the Company, entered into the Deed of Acting in Concert Undertaking (the "Deed"), pursuant to which the parties to the Deed have agreed to consolidate their respective interests, representing approximately 56.25% of the entire issued shares of the Company, and control directly and/or indirectly in the Company and to vote on any resolution to be passed at any shareholders' meeting of the Company in an unanimous manner. The Deed took effect from 4 April 2022. Prior to the Completion of the Sale and Purchase Agreement and Deed being in effect, Mr. Chau was the controlling shareholder of the Company.

The Company acts as an investment holding company. The subsidiaries of the Company (together, the "Group") are principally engaged in the provision of general printing services and trading of printing products. The principal activities of its subsidiaries are set out in note 15.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 March 2022

2 ADOPTION OF HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs")

(a) Adoption of new/revised HKFRSs - effective 1 April 2021

In the current year, the Group has applied for the first time the following new standards, amendments and interpretations issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA"), which are relevant to and effective for the Group's consolidated financial statements for the annual period beginning on 1 April 2021:

Amendments to HKAS 39, HKFRS 7	Interest Rate Benchmark Reform
and HKFRS 9	
Amendments to HKFRS 16	Covid-19-Related Rent Concession
2021 Amendments to HKFRS 16	Covid-19-Related Rent Concession Beyond 30 June
	2021

The adoption of the above new or amended HKFRSs that are effective from 1 April 2021 did not have any significant impact on the Group's accounting policies or financial results and financial position. The Group has not early applied any new or amended HKFRSs that is not yet effective for the current accounting period.

(b) New or revised HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective

The following new or revised HKFRSs, potentially relevant to the Group's consolidated financial statements, have been issued, but are not yet effective and have not been early adopted by the Group.

Amendments to HKAS 16	Property, Plant and Equipment: Proceeds before Intended Use ¹
Amendments to HKAS 37	Onerous Contracts – Cost of Fulfilling a Contract ¹
Annual Improvements to HKFRSs	Amendments to HKFRS 9 Financial Instruments
2018-2020	and Amendments to Illustrative Examples
	accompanying HKFRS 16 Lease ¹
Amendments to HKFRS 3	Reference to the Conceptual Framework ²
Amendments to HKAS 1	Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-Current ³
HK Interpretation 5 (2020)	Presentation of Financial Statements – Classification
	by the Borrower of a Term Loan that Contains a
	Repayment on Demand Clause ³
Amendments to HKAS 1 and HKFRS	Disclosure of Accounting Policies ³
Practice Statement 2	
Amendments to HKAS 8	Definition of Accounting Estimates ³
Amendments to HKAS 12	Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction ³

¹ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022

² Effective for business combinations for which the date of acquisition is on or after the beginning of the first annual period beginning on or after 1 January 2022

³ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023

The directors anticipate that all of the relevant pronouncements will be adopted in the Group's accounting policy for the first period beginning after the effective date of the pronouncement. The directors have accessed the possible impact of these new or revised standards on the Group's results and financial position in the first year of application. The directors consider that these new or revised HKFRSs are not yet effective are unlikely to have material impact on the Group's results and financial position upon application.

For the year ended 31 March 2022

3 BASIS OF PREPARATION

(a) Statement of compliance

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with HKFRSs, which collective term includes all individual Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards, Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKASs") and Interpretations issued by the HKICPA, accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. These financial statements also comply with the applicable disclosure provisions of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on GEM of the Stock Exchange.

(b) Basis of measurement

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis. The measurement bases are fully described in the accounting policies as set out in note 4.

It should be noted that accounting estimates and assumptions are used in preparation of the consolidated financial statements. Although these estimates are based on management's best knowledge and judgment of current events and actions, actual results may ultimately differ from those estimates. The areas involving a higher degree of judgment or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements are disclosed in note 5.

(c) Functional and presentation currency

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$"), which is the same as the functional currency of the Company.

4 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(a) Business combination and basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries (note 4(b)). Inter-company transactions and balances between group companies together with unrealised profits are eliminated in full in preparing the consolidated financial statements. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of impairment on the asset transferred, in which case the loss is recognised in profit or loss.

The results of subsidiaries acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income from the dates of acquisition or up to the dates of disposal, as appropriate. Where necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies in line with those used by other members of the Group.

For the year ended 31 March 2022

4 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(a) Business combination and basis of consolidation (Continued)

The Group accounts for business combinations using the acquisition method when the acquired set of activities and assets meets the definition of a business and control is transferred to the Group. In determining whether a particular set of activities and assets is a business, the Group assesses whether the set of assets and activities acquired includes, at a minimum, an input and substantive processes and whether the acquired set has the ability to produce outputs.

The cost of an acquisition is measured at the aggregate of the acquisition-date fair value of assets transferred, liabilities incurred and equity interests issued by the Group, as the acquirer. The identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed are principally measured at acquisition- date fair value. The Group's previously held equity interest in the acquiree is re-measured at acquisition-date fair value and the resulting gains or losses are recognised in profit or loss. The Group may elect, on a transaction-by-transaction basis, to measure the non-controlling interests that represent present ownership interests in the subsidiary either at fair value or at the proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. All other non-controlling interests are measured at fair value unless another measurement basis is required by HKFRSs. Acquisition- related costs incurred are expensed unless they are incurred in issuing equity instruments in which case the costs are deducted from equity.

Any contingent consideration to be transferred by the acquirer is recognised at acquisitiondate fair value. Subsequent adjustments to consideration are recognised against goodwill only to the extent that they arise from new information obtained within the measurement period (a maximum of 12 months from the acquisition date) about the fair value at the acquisition date. All other subsequent adjustments to contingent consideration classified as an asset or a liability are recognised in profit or loss.

Subsequent to acquisition, the carrying amount of non-controlling interests that represent present ownership interests in the subsidiary is the amount of those interests at initial recognition plus such non-controlling interest's share of subsequent changes in equity. Total comprehensive income is attributed to such non-controlling interests even if this results in those non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, the profit or loss on disposal is calculated as the difference between (i) the aggregate of the fair value of the consideration received and the fair value of any retained interest and (ii) the previous carrying amount of the assets (including goodwill), and liabilities of the subsidiary and any non-controlling interest. Amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to the subsidiary are accounted for in the same manner as would be required if the relevant assets or liabilities were disposed of.

For the year ended 31 March 2022

4 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(b) Subsidiaries

A subsidiary is an investee over which the Company is able to exercise control. The Company controls an investee if all three of the following elements are present: power over the investee; exposure, or rights, to variable returns from the investee; and the ability to use its power to affect those variable returns. Control is reassessed whenever facts and circumstances indicate that there may be a change in any of these elements of control.

In the Company's statement of financial position, investments in subsidiaries are stated at cost less impairment loss, if any. The results of subsidiaries are accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividend received and receivable.

(c) Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. The cost of property, plant and equipment includes its purchase price and the costs directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. All other costs, such as repairs and maintenance are recognised as an expense in profit or loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.

Property, plant and equipment are depreciated so as to write off their cost net of expected residual value over their estimated useful lives on a straight-line basis. The useful lives, residual value and depreciation method are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period. The useful lives are as follows:

Furniture and equipment	5 years
Computer equipment	5 years
Leasehold improvements	Shorter of lease term and 5 years
Plant and machinery	4 – 10 years
Motor vehicle	3 years

An asset is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if its carrying amount is higher than the asset's estimated recoverable amount (note 4(h)).

The gain or loss on disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is the difference between the net sale proceeds and its carrying amount, and is recognised in profit or loss on disposal.

For the year ended 31 March 2022

4 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(d) Intangible assets

Intangible assets acquired separately are initially recognised at cost. The cost of intangible assets acquired in a business combination is fair value at the date of acquisition. Subsequently, intangible assets with finite useful lives are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses.

Amortisation is provided on a straight-line basis over their useful lives. Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives are carried at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. Software is amortised over of 3 to 5 years. The amortisation expense is recognised in profit or loss and included in administrative expenses.

(e) Inventories

Inventories are initially recognised at cost, and subsequently at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost comprises all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. Cost is calculated using the weighted average method. Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

(f) Leases - the Group as lessee

All leases are required to be capitalised in the consolidated statement of financial position as right-of-use assets and lease liabilities, but accounting policy choices exist for an entity to choose not to capitalise (i) leases which are short-term leases and/or (ii) leases for which the underlying asset is of low-value. The Group has elected not to recognise right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for low-value assets and leases for which at the commencement date have a lease term of 12 months or less. The lease payments associated with those leases have been expensed on straight-line basis over the lease term.

Right-of-use asset

Right-of-use asset is recognised at cost and comprises: (i) the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability; (ii) any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, less any lease incentives received; (iii) any initial direct costs incurred by the lessee; and (iv) an estimate of costs to be incurred by the lessee in dismantling and removing the underlying asset to the condition required by the terms and conditions of the lease, unless those costs are incurred to produce inventories. Except for right-of-use asset that meets the definition of an investment property or a class of property, plant and equipment to which the Group applies the revaluation model, the Group measures the right-of-use assets at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liability.

Right-of-use asset is depreciated over the shorter of the asset's useful life and the lease term on a straight-line basis.

For the year ended 31 March 2022

4 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(f) Leases - the Group as lessee (Continued)

Lease liability

Lease liability is recognised at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the date of commencement of the lease. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease, if that rate can be readily determined. If that rate cannot be readily determined, the Group uses its incremental borrowing rate.

The following payments for the use of the underlying asset during the lease term that are not paid at the commencement date of the lease are considered to be lease payments: (i) fixed payments less any lease incentives receivable; (ii) variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as at commencement date; (iii) amounts expected to be payable by the lessee under residual value guarantees; (iv) the exercise price of a purchase option if the lessee is reasonably certain to exercise that option; and (v) payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the lessee exercising an option to terminate the lease.

Subsequent to the commencement date, the Group measures the lease liability by: (i) increasing the carrying amount to reflect interest on the lease liability; (ii) reducing the carrying amount to reflect the lease payments made; and (iii) remeasuring the carrying amount to reflect any reassessment or lease modifications, e.g. a change in future lease payments arising from change in an index or rate, a change in the lease term, a change in the in-substance fixed lease payments or a change in assessment to purchase the underlying asset.

(g) Financial instruments

(i) Financial assets

A financial asset (unless it is a trade receivable without a significant financing component) is initially measured at fair value plus, for an item not at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL"), transaction costs that are directly attributable to its acquisition or issue. A trade receivable without a significant financing component is initially measured at the transaction price.

All regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on the trade date, that is, the date that the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the period generally established by regulation or convention in the market place.

Financial assets with embedded derivatives are considered in their entirety when determining whether their cash flows are solely payment of principal and interest.

For the year ended 31 March 2022

4 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(g) Financial instruments (Continued)

(i) Financial assets (Continued)

Debt instruments

Subsequent measurement of debt instruments depends on the Group's business model for managing the asset and the cash flow characteristics of the asset. There are three measurement categories into which the Group classifies its debt instruments:

Amortised cost: Financial assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are measured at amortised cost. Financial assets at amortised cost are subsequently measured using the effective interest method. Interest income, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognised in profit or loss. Any gain on derecognition is recognised in profit or loss.

Fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI"): Financial assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows and for selling the financial assets, where the assets' cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest, are measured at FVOCI. Debt investments at FVOCI are subsequently measured at fair value. Interest income calculated using the effective interest method, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognised in profit or loss. Other net gains and losses are recognised in other comprehensive income. On derecognition, gains and losses accumulated in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss.

FVTPL: They include financial assets held for trading, financial assets designated upon initial recognition at FVTPL, or financial assets mandatorily required to be measured at fair value. Financial assets are classified as held for trading if they are acquired for the purpose of selling or repurchasing in the near term. Derivatives, including separated embedded derivatives, are also classified as held for trading unless they are designated as effective hedging instruments. Financial assets with cash flows that are not solely payments of principal and interest are classified and measured at fair value through profit or loss, irrespective of the business model. Notwithstanding the criteria for debt instruments to be classified at amortised cost or at fair value through other comprehensive income, as described above, debt instruments may be designated at fair value through profit or loss on initial recognition if doing so eliminates, or significantly reduces, an accounting mismatch. FVTPL are measured at fair value with changes in fair value and interest income are recognised in profit or loss.

For the year ended 31 March 2022

4 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(g) Financial instruments (Continued)

(i) Financial assets (Continued)

Equity instruments

On initial recognition of an equity investment that is not held for trading, the Group could irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in the investment's fair value in other comprehensive income. This election is made on an investment-by-investment basis. Equity investments at FVOCI are measured at fair value. Dividend income are recognised in profit or loss unless the dividend income clearly represents a recovery of part of the cost of the investments. Other net gains and losses are recognised in other comprehensive income and are not reclassified to profit or loss. All other equity instruments are classified as FVTPL, whereby changes in fair value, dividends and interest income are recognised in profit or loss.

(ii) Impairment loss on financial assets

The Group recognises loss allowances for expected credit loss ("ECL") on debt instruments carried at amortised cost including trade and other receivables and deposits. ECL is measured on either of the following bases: (1) 12-month ECL: these are the ECL that result from possible default events within 12 months after the reporting date; and (2) lifetime ECL: these are ECL that result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument. The maximum period considered when estimating ECL is the maximum contractual period over which the Group is exposed to credit risk.

ECL is a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses. Credit losses are measured as the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Group in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive. The shortfall is then discounted at an approximation to the assets' original effective interest rate.

The Group measures loss allowances for trade receivables using simplified approach and has calculated ECL based on lifetime ECL. The ECL on these assets are assessed individually for designated corporate customers and debtors which are assessed to be credit-impaired and collectively for other customers using a provision matrix that is based on the Group's historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment.

For other debt financial assets, the Group applies general approach to measure ECL based on the 12-month ECL. However, when there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, the allowance will be based on the lifetime ECL.

When determining whether the credit risk of a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition and when estimating ECL, the Group considers reasonable and supportable information that is relevant and available without undue cost or effort. This includes both quantitative and qualitative information analysis, based on the Group's historical experience and informed credit assessment and including forward-looking information.

The Group presumes that the credit risk on a financial asset has increased significantly if it is more than 30 days past due.

For the year ended 31 March 2022

4 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(g) Financial instruments (Continued)

(ii) Impairment loss on financial assets (Continued)

The Group consider a financial asset is credit impaired when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset have occurred. Evidence that a financial asset is credit impaired includes the following observable events:

- significant financial difficulties of the debtor;
- a breach of contract, such as default or delinquency in interest or principal payments;
- it becoming probable that the debtor will enter into bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation; or
- significant changes in the technological, market, economic or legal environment that have an adverse effect on the debtor.

The Group presumes that default does not occur later than when a financial asset is 90 days past due.

The gross carrying amount of a financial asset is written off (either partially or in full) to the extent that there is no realistic prospect of recovery. This is generally the case when the Group determines that the debtor does not have assets or sources of income that could generate sufficient cash flows to repay the amounts subject to the write-off. Subsequent recoveries of an asset that was previously written off are recognised as a reversal of impairment in profit or loss in the period in which the recovery occurs.

Interest income on credit-impaired financial assets is calculated based on the amortised cost (i.e. the gross carrying amount less loss allowance) of the financial asset. For non credit- impaired financial assets interest income is calculated based on the gross carrying amount.

For the year ended 31 March 2022

4 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(g) Financial instruments (Continued)

(iii) Financial liabilities

The Group classifies its financial liabilities, depending on the purpose for which the liabilities were incurred. Financial liabilities at FVTPL are initially measured at fair value and financial liabilities at amortised costs are initially measured at fair value, net of directly attributable costs incurred.

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at FVTPL.

Financial liabilities are classified as held for trading if they are acquired for the purpose of sale in the near term. Derivatives, including separated embedded derivatives, are also classified as held for trading unless they are designated as effective hedging instruments. Gains or losses on liabilities held for trading are recognised in profit or loss.

Where a contract contains one or more embedded derivatives, the entire hybrid contract may be designated as a financial liability at FVTPL, except where the embedded derivative does not significantly modify the cash flows or it is clear that separation of the embedded derivative is prohibited.

Financial liabilities may be designated upon initial recognition as at FVTPL if the following criteria are met: (i) the designation eliminates or significantly reduces the inconsistent treatment that would otherwise arise from measuring the liabilities or recognising gains or losses on them on a different basis; (ii) the liabilities are part of a group of financial liabilities which are managed and their performance evaluated on a fair value basis, in accordance with a documented risk management strategy; or (iii) the financial liability contains an embedded derivative that would need to be separately recorded.

Subsequent to initial recognition, financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value, with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise, except for the gains and losses arising from the Group's own credit risk which are presented in other comprehensive income with no subsequent reclassification to the statement of profit or loss. The net fair value gain or loss recognised in profit or loss does not include any interest charged on these financial liabilities.

Financial liabilities at amortised cost

Financial liabilities at amortised cost including trade and other payables and accruals are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method. The related interest expense is recognised in profit or loss.

Gains or losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the amortisation process.

For the year ended 31 March 2022

4 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(g) Financial instruments (Continued)

(iv) Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset or financial liability and of allocating interest income or interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts or payments through the expected life of the financial asset or liability, or where appropriate, a shorter period.

(v) Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the Company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

(vi) Derecognition

The Group derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the future cash flows in relation to the financial asset expire or when the financial asset has been transferred and the transfer meets the criteria for derecognition in accordance with HKFRS 9 *Financial Instruments* ("HKFRS 9").

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the obligation specified in the relevant contract is discharged, cancelled or expires.

(h) Impairment of assets (other than financial assets)

At the end of each reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of the following assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss or an impairment loss previously recognised no longer exists or may have decreased:

- property, plant and equipment;
- right-of-use assets; and
- intangible assets

If the recoverable amount (i.e. the greater of the fair value less costs of disposal and value in use) of an asset is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised as an expense immediately, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount under another HKFRS, in which case the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation decrease under that HKFRS.

For the purposes of assessing impairment, where an asset does not generate cash inflows largely independent from those from other assets, the recoverable amount is determined for the smallest group of assets that generate cash inflows independently (i.e. a cash-generating unit). As a result, some assets are tested individually for impairment and some are tested at cash-generating unit level.

For the year ended 31 March 2022

4 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(h) Impairment of assets (other than financial assets) (Continued)

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, to the extent that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised as income immediately, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount under another HKFRS, in which case the reversal of the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation increase under that HKFRS.

Value in use is based on the estimated future cash flows expected to be derived from the asset, discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset or cash generating unit.

(i) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash at bank and in hand, demand deposits with banks and short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

(j) Employee benefits

(i) Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are employee benefits (other than termination benefits) that are expected to be settled wholly before 12 months after the end of the annual reporting period in which the employees render the related service. Short-term employee benefits are recognised in the year when the employees render the related service. Non-accumulating compensated absences such as sick leave and maternity leave are not recognised until the time of leave.

(ii) Defined contribution retirement plan

Contributions to defined contribution retirement plans are recognised as an expense in profit or loss when the services are rendered by the employees.

The Group participates in a pension scheme ("MPF Scheme") under the rules and regulations of the Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme Ordinance for all employees in Hong Kong. The contributions to the MPF Scheme are based on minimum statutory contribution requirement of 5% of eligible employees' relevant aggregate income up to a maximum contribution of HK\$1,500 per employee per month. The assets of this pension scheme are held separately from those of the Group in independently administered funds. Other than the contributions, the Group has no further obligation for the payment of retirement and other postretirement benefits of its employees in Hong Kong.

(iii) Termination benefits

Termination benefits are recognised on the earlier of when the Group can no longer withdraw the offer of those benefits and when the Group recognises restructuring costs involving the payment of termination benefits.

For the year ended 31 March 2022

4 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(k) Income tax

Income taxes for the year comprise current tax and deferred tax.

Current tax is based on the profit or loss from ordinary activities adjusted for items that are non- assessable or disallowable for income tax purposes and is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the corresponding amounts used for tax purposes. Except for goodwill and recognised assets and liabilities that affect neither accounting nor taxable profits, deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates appropriate to the expected manner in which the carrying amount of the asset or liability is realised or settled and that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Income taxes are recognised in profit or loss except when they relate to items recognised in other comprehensive income in which case the taxes are also recognised in other comprehensive income or when they relate to items recognised directly in equity in which case the taxes are also recognised directly in equity.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the deferred taxes assets and liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the taxable entity or different taxable entities where there is an intention to settle the balances on a net basis.

(I) Provisions and contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognised for liabilities of uncertain timing or amount when the Group has a legal or constructive obligation arising as a result of a past event, which it is probable will result in an outflow of economic benefits that can be reliably estimated.

Where it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is disclosed as a contingent liability, unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote. Possible obligations, the existence of which will only be confirmed by the occurrence or nonoccurrence of one or more future events, are also disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote.

For the year ended 31 March 2022

4 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(m) Recognition of revenue and other income

Revenue from contracts with customers is recognised when control of goods or services is transferred to the customers at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Group expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services, excluding those amounts collected on behalf of third parties. Revenue excludes value added tax or other sales taxes and is after deduction of any trade discounts.

Depending on the terms of the contract and the laws that apply to the contract, control of the goods or service may be transferred over time or at a point in time. Control of the goods or service is transferred over time if the Group's performance:

- (i) provides all the benefits received and consumed simultaneously by the customer;
- (ii) creates or enhances an asset that the customer controls as the Group performs; or
- (iii) does not create an asset with an alternative use to the Group and the Group has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date.

If the control of the goods or services is transferred over time, revenue is recognised over the period of the contract by reference to the progress towards complete satisfaction of that performance obligation. Otherwise, revenue is recognised at a point of time when the customer obtain control of the goods or service.

When the contract contains a financing component which provides a significant financing benefit to the customer for more than 12 months, revenue is measured at the present value of the amounts receivable, discounted using the discount rate that would be reflected in a separate financing transaction with the customer, and interest income is accrued separately under the effective interest method. Where the contract contains a financing component which provides a significant financing benefit to the Group, revenue recognised under that contract includes the interest expense accreted on the contract liability under the effective interest where the period between the payment and the transfer of the promised goods or services is one year or less, the transaction price is not adjusted for the effects of a significant financing component, using the practical expedient in HKFRS 15 *Revenue from Contract with Customers* ("HKFRS 15").

The principal activities of the Group are provision of general printing services and trading of printing products. Printing services offered to the Group's customers comprise offset printing, toner-based digital printing and ink-jet printing and the printing products include stationery, advertisements, periodicals, directories and catalogues etc. The Group also provides other services to customers which include production of other printing-related products such as pre-ink stamps, plastic name-cards, printed eco-bags and printed plastic folders. Revenue from the provision of general printing services and trading of printing products is recognised a at point in time when the printing products and the printing-related products are delivered to and accepted by customers. Generally there is only one performance obligation in the contracts with the customers. No element of financing is deemed to be as the sales are made with credit terms of 30 to 90 days, which is consistent with the market practice.

Other income mainly include:

- (i) Interest income is accrued on a time basis on the principal outstanding at the applicable interest rate.
- (ii) Scrap sale income is recognised when the scrap materials are delivered to the counterparty.

For the year ended 31 March 2022

4 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(n) Contract assets and liabilities

A contract asset represents the Group's right to consideration in exchange for services that the Group has transferred to a customer that is not yet unconditional. In contrast, a receivable represents the Group's unconditional right to consideration, i.e. only the passage of time is required before payment of that consideration is due.

A contract liability represents the Group's obligation to transfer services to a customer for which the Group has received consideration (or an amount of consideration is due) from the customer.

(o) Government grants

Government grants are recognised when there is reasonable assurance that they will be received and that the Group will comply with the conditions attaching to them. Grants that compensate the Group for expenses incurred are recognised as income in profit or loss on a systematic basis in the same periods in which the expenses are incurred. Government grants that are receivable as compensation for expenses or losses already incurred or for purpose of giving immediate financial support to the Group with no future related costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they become receivable and are recognised as other income.

(p) Related parties

- (1) A person, or a close member of that person's family, is related to the Group if that person:
 - (i) has control or joint control over the Company;
 - (ii) has significant influence over the Company; or
 - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Company or the Company's parent.

For the year ended 31 March 2022

4 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(p) Related parties (Continued)

- (2) An entity is related to the Group if any of the following conditions apply:
 - (i) The entity and the Company are members of the same group (which means that each parent, subsidiary and fellow subsidiary is related to the others).
 - (ii) One entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member).
 - (iii) Both entities are joint ventures of the same third party.
 - (iv) One entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity.
 - (v) The entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group.
 - (vi) The entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (1).
 - (vii) A person identified in (1)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity).
 - (viii) The entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the Company or to the Company's parent.

Close members of the family of a person are those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by, that person in their dealings with the entity and include:

- (i) that person's children and spouse or domestic partner;
- (ii) children of that person's spouse or domestic partner; and
- (iii) dependents of that person or that person's spouse or domestic partner.

(q) Segment reporting

Operating segments, and the amounts of each segment item reported in the consolidated financial statements, are identified from the financial information provided regularly to the Group's most senior executive management for the purposes of allocating resources to, and assessing the performance of, the Group's various lines of business and geographical locations.

Individually material operating segments are not aggregated for financial reporting purposes unless the segments have similar economic characteristics and are similar in respect of the nature of products and services, the nature of production processes, the type or class of customers, the methods used to distribute the products or provide the services, and the nature of the regulatory environment. Operating segments which are not individually material may be aggregated if they share a majority of these criteria.

For the year ended 31 March 2022

5 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

In the application of the Group's accounting policies, the directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Judgements

In the process of applying the Group's accounting policies, management has made the following judgements, apart from those involving estimations, which have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements:

(a) Exposure to additional tax assessments

In February 2022, certain subsidiaries of the Group received additional tax assessments from the Inland Revenue Department ("IRD") in respect of the year of assessment 2015/16. The amount of additional tax charge is HK\$3.2 million in total. In connection to the additional tax assessments, the Group purchased tax reserve certificates amounting to HK\$350,000 in total in April 2022. In the opinion of the directors, such additional tax assessments are of protective nature and were issued to keep the 2015/16 tax year technically open in view of the statutory time-bar. The Group was also in a view that the IRD had no specific basis in arriving at the profits assessed under the additional assessments, and the case is still in the information collection stage. As a result, the Group is of the view that there is no present obligation and no reliable basis for estimating, and making provision for potential tax liabilities, if any, and the corresponding tax penalty and interest, if any, as at the date of issuance of these consolidated financial statements.

The Group is subject to income tax in which there are many transactions and calculations for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain. The directors have exercised judgment and considered all relevant fact and circumstances for anticipated tax audit issues based on estimates of whether additional taxes will be due, including assessment of the conditions giving rise to the additional tax assessments, reassessment of the Group's tax position by the management and the undertaking from a shareholder to indemnify the Group against such liabilities should all or part of the additional tax assessment (including penalties, fines and interest should they arise) be found conclusive against the Group. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will impact the current and deferred income tax assets and liabilities in the period in which such determination is made.

Estimation uncertainty

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

In addition to information disclosed elsewhere in these consolidated financial statements, other key sources of estimation uncertainty that have a significant risk of resulting a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within next financial year are as follows:

For the year ended 31 March 2022

5 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS (CONTINUED)

(a) Depreciation of property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are depreciated on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives, after taking into account the estimated residual value. The Group reviews the estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment regularly in order to determine the amount of depreciation expense to be recorded during any reporting period. The useful lives are based on the Group's historical experience with similar assets taking into account anticipated technological changes. The depreciation expense for future periods is adjusted if there are significant changes from previous estimates.

(b) Impairment of financial assets

The measurement of impairment losses on receivables under HKFRS 9 across requires significant judgment and estimation, in particular, the assessment of a significant increase in credit risk and credit-impaired financial assets as well as the estimation of the amount and timing of future cash flows when determining impairment losses. These estimates are driven by a number of factors, changes in which can result in different levels of allowances.

At each reporting date, the Group assesses whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk of other receivables for exposures since initial recognition by comparing the risk of default occurring over the expected life between the reporting date and the date of initial recognition. The Group considers reasonable and supportable information that is relevant and available without undue cost or effort for this purpose. This includes quantitative and qualitative information and also, forward-looking analysis.

Details of the key assumptions and inputs used are set out in note 26(a).

(c) Impairment of property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets

The Group assesses whether there are any indicators of impairment for property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets. Management assessed that as at 31 March 2022, there were indications of impairment in respect of these assets. Accordingly, management performed impairment testing for these assets by comparing their carrying amounts with their recoverable amounts following the accounting policy for impairment of non-financial assets (note 4(h)). Property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets were tested for impairment at cash-generating unit ("CGU") level. The recoverable amount of the CGU which is composed of these assets is determined using value-in-use calculation. Based on the valuein-use calculation of the CGU as at 31 March 2022, impairment provision is not required for property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets.

The value-in-use calculation comprises cash flow projection based on financial budget approved by the management. The cash flow projection incorporates a number of key estimates and assumptions about future events and therefore, are subject to uncertainty and might materially differ from the actual results. In making these key estimates and judgments, the directors take into consideration assumptions that are mainly based on market conditions existed at the end of the reporting period. These estimates are regularly compared to actual market data and actual transactions entered into by the Group. The value-in-use calculation also requires the management to exercise judgement to determine an appropriate discount rate for the cash flow projection. Future changes in the events and conditions underlying the estimates and judgement would affect the estimation of recoverable amount and may result in adjustment to their carrying amounts.

Details about the estimates used in assessing the impairment are set out in note 13.

For the year ended 31 March 2022

6 REVENUE AND SEGMENT REPORTING

(a) Revenue

The principal activities of the Group are the provision of general printing services and trading of printing products. The revenue of each printing products is as follows:

	2022	2021
	HK\$	HK\$
Revenue from contracts with customers within		
the scope of HKFRS 15		
Timing of revenue recognition – At a point in time		
– Offset printing	81,991,991	76,445,090
 Toner-based digital printing 	8,413,079	7,100,988
– Ink-jet printing	19,369,230	13,735,644
 Other printing related products 	3,877,658	5,850,794
	113,651,958	103,132,516

The Group's customer base is diversified with no customer with whom the amount of sale transactions has exceeded 10% of the Group's revenue for the year ended 31 March 2022 (2021: Nil).

The Group has applied the practical expedients in HKFRS 15 to recognise revenue and not to disclose the remaining performance obligations for the contract of sales of goods.

(b) Segment reporting

Segment information represents those information reported to the Group's senior executive management who are the chief operating decision makers for the purposes of resources allocation and assessment of performance. The Group is managed based on the financial information of the Group as a whole as reported under HKFRS. Such information does not contain profit or loss information of particular product or service line or geographical area. The Group's senior executive management allocates resources and assesses performance of the Group on an aggregated basis based on such information. Therefore, the Group has only one single reportable segment which is provision of printing services and trading of printing products.

The Group's revenue is solely derived from external customers based in Hong Kong, which is the location at which products are delivered, and the Group's non-current assets are located in Hong Kong.

For the year ended 31 March 2022

7 OTHER INCOME AND OTHER GAINS

	2022 HK\$	2021 HK\$
Other income	Πιτφ	Πιτφ
Interest income	32,640	185,124
Scrap sale income	1,131,347	615,501
Government grant (note)	_	7,806,996
Sundry income	68,758	170,808
	1,232,745	8,778,429
Other gains		
Net exchange gain	43	491
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	-	4,800
Gain on lease modification	229,112	914,232
	229,155	919,523

Note:

During the year ended 31 March 2021, the Group received government grants of HK\$7,806,996 in total under Employment Support Scheme ("ESS") and Retail Sector Subsidy Scheme from the Anti-epidemic Fund launched by the Hong Kong SAR Government. Under the ESS, the Group is required to spend the grant on paying wages to employees and not to implement redundancies during the subsidy period. There were no unfulfilled conditions or obligation relating to these government grants.

8 LOSS BEFORE TAXATION

Loss before taxation is arrived at after charging:

		2022 HK\$	2021 HK\$
(a)	Finance cost		
	Interest on lease liabilities (note 21)	702,584	942,792
(b)	Staff costs (including directors' remuneration)#		
	Salaries, wages and other benefits	27,653,087	27,359,090
	Contributions to defined contribution retirement plan	1,140,573	1,234,624
		28,793,660	28,593,714
(c)	Other items		
	Auditor's remuneration	450,000	430,000
	Cost of inventories recognised as expenses [#]	89,255,875	82,834,952
	Depreciation of property, plant and equipment [#] (note 13)	1,579,581	2,146,933
	Depreciation of right-of-use assets [#] (note 13)	4,842,344	6,691,210
	Amortisation of intangible assets (note 14)	84,128	82,733
	Short-term leases expense	850,369	1,051,491
	Impairment loss recognised on trade receivables (note 17(b))	17,856	162,778

[#] Cost of inventories included the amounts of HK\$10,052,905, HK\$1,251,191 and HK\$2,196,432 (2021: HK\$10,319,274, HK\$1,738,749 and HK\$2,884,185) respectively relating to staff costs, depreciation of property, plant and equipment and depreciation of right-of-use assets, which amounts are also included in the respective total amounts disclosed separately in this note for each of these types of expenses.

For the year ended 31 March 2022

9 INCOME TAX EXPENSE/(CREDIT)

Income tax expense/(credit) in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income represents:

	2022	2021
Current tax	HK\$	HK\$
Hong Kong Profits Tax for the year	_	_
(Over)/Under-provision in respect of prior years	(20,001)	7,353
	(20,001)	7,353
Deferred tax		
Charged/(Credited) to profit or loss (note 22)	807,630	(953,816)
	787,629	(946,463)

Pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Cayman Islands, the Group is not subject to any income tax in the Cayman Islands.

The provision of Hong Kong Profits Tax, is calculated at tax rate of 16.5% on the estimated assessable profits for the year, except for the qualifying entity under the two-tiered profits tax rates regime. The first HK\$2,000,000 of assessable profits of the qualifying entity are taxed at 8.25% and the remaining assessable profits are taxed at 16.5%.

Reconciliation between income tax expense/(credit) and accounting loss at applicable tax rate is as follows:

	2022 HK\$	2021 HK\$
Loss before taxation	(3,659,136)	(13,482,779)
Tax calculated at Hong Kong Profits Tax rate of 16.5%	(603,757)	(2,224,658)
Tax effect of non-deductible expenses	303,773	32,578
Tax effect of non-taxable income	(7,035)	(1,321,108)
Tax effect of tax losses not recognised	1,037,806	2,223,334
Tax effect of other temporary differences not recognised	76,843	336,038
(Over)/Under-provision in respect of prior years	(20,001)	7,353
Income tax expense/(credit)	787,629	(946,463)

For the year ended 31 March 2022

10 DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS

Directors' emoluments disclosed pursuant to section 383(1) of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and Part 2 of the Company (Disclosure of Information about Benefits of Directors) Regulation are as follows:

		Salaries, allowances		Retirement	
	Directors'	and benefits	Discretionary	scheme	2022
	fees	in kind	bonuses	contributions	Tota
	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK
Executive directors					
Mr. Chau	-	960,000	-	18,000	978,000
Mr. Hsu	-	900,000	-	18,000	918,000
Mr. Leung Yuet Cheong	-	744,000	-	18,000	762,000
Mr. Wong Man Hin Joe	-	768,000	-	18,000	786,000
Independent non-executive					
directors					
Mr. Wan Aaron Chi Keung	144,000	-	-	-	144,000
Mr. Chan Chun Kit	144,000	-	-	_	144,000
Dr. Sun Yongjing	144,000	-	-	_	144,000

432,000 3,

3,372,000

		Salaries,			
		allowances		Retirement	
	Directors'	and benefits	Discretionary	scheme	2021
	fees	in kind	bonuses	contributions	Total
	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$
Executive directors					
Mr. Chau	-	944,000	-	18,000	962,000
Mr. Hsu	-	885,000	-	18,000	903,000
Mr. Leung Yuet Cheong	-	731,600	-	18,000	749,600
Mr. Wong Man Hin Joe	-	755,200	-	18,000	773,200
Independent non-executive					
directors					
Mr. Wan Aaron Chi Keung	141,600	-	-	-	141,600
Mr. Chan Chun Kit	141,600	-	-	-	141,600
Dr. Sun Yongjing	141,600	-		-	141,600
	424,800	3,315,800	-	72,000	3,812,600

During the current year and in prior year, no director received any emoluments from the Group as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office during the years. No director waived or agreed to waive any emoluments.

Discretionary bonus is determined with reference to the financial performance of the Group.

72,000

3,876,000

For the year ended 31 March 2022

11 FIVE HIGHEST PAID INDIVIDUALS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT'S EMOLUMENTS

Of the five individuals with the highest emoluments, four (2021: four) are directors whose emoluments are disclosed in note 10. The emoluments in respect of the remaining individual are as follows:

	2022 HK\$	2021 HK\$
Salaries and other allowances and benefits in kind Retirement scheme contributions	778,027 18,000	656,575 18,000
	796,027	674,575

The emoluments of the one (2021: one) non-director individual with the highest emoluments are within the following band:

	2022 Number of individual	2021 Number of individual
Nil to HK\$1,000,000	1	1

The emoluments paid or payable to members of senior management are within the following band:

	2022 Number of individuals	2021 Number of individuals
Nil to HK\$1,000,000	4	4

12 LOSS PER SHARE

(a) Basic loss per share

The calculation of basic loss per share was based on the loss attributable to owners of the Company of HK\$4,446,765 (2021: HK\$12,536,316) and the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue of 900,000,000 during the year (2021: 900,000,000).

(b) Diluted loss per share

The diluted loss per share is the same as the basic loss per share as the Group did not have dilutive potential ordinary shares in issue during the current year and in prior year.

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13 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT AND RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS

Property, plant and equipment

	Leasehold improvements HK\$	Furniture and equipment HK\$	Plant and machinery HK\$	Computer equipment HK\$	Motor vehicle HK\$	Total HK\$
Cost:						
At 1 April 2020	2,783,943	668,576	35,773,580	477,219	485,587	40,188,905
Additions	1,387,438	12,000	2,110,769	-	-	3,510,207
Disposals	(84,402)	-	-	(14,688)	-	(99,090)
At 31 March and 1 April 2021	4,086,979	680,576	37,884,349	462,531	485,587	43,600,022
Additions	166,100	-	1,508,057	22,000	-	1,696,157
Disposals	(4,054)	-	_		-	(4,054)
Transfer from ROU assets (note (b))	-	-	-	_	651,000	651,000
At 31 March 2022	4,249,025	680,576	39,392,406	484,531	1,136,587	45,943,125
Accumulated depreciation and impairment:						
At 1 April 2020	(1,478,366)	(556,167)	(20,802,385)	(436,709)	(360,393)	(23,634,020)
Charge for the year	(474,515)	(46,210)	(1,508,871)	(27,596)	(89,741)	(2,146,933)
Impairment (note (a))	(839,039)	(29,072)	(8,142,147)	(8,055)	(27,688)	(9,046,001)
Written back on disposals	74,442	_	-	14,688	-	89,130
At 31 March and 1 April 2021	(2,717,478)	(631,449)	(30,453,403)	(457,672)	(477,822)	(34,737,824)
Charge for the year	(454,874)	(18,364)	(1,087,191)	(11,387)	(7,765)	(1,579,581)
Written back on disposals	4,054	-	-	-	-	4,054
Transfer from ROU assets (note (b))	_		-		(651,000)	(651,000)
At 31 March 2022	(3,168,298)	(649,813)	(31,540,594)	(469,059)	(1,136,587)	(36,964,351)
Net book value:						
At 31 March 2022	1,080,727	30,763	7,851,812	15,472	-	8,978,774
At 31 March 2021	1,369,501	49,127	7,430,946	4,859	7,765	8,862,198

For the year ended 31 March 2022

13 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT AND RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Right-of-use assets

	Leased properties HK\$	Machineries HK\$	Motor vehicles HK\$	Total HK\$
At 1 April 2020	8,259,752	40,508	47,486	8,347,746
Additions	5,090,426	3,654,900	-	8,745,326
Charge for the year	(5,808,861)	(844,073)	(38,276)	(6,691,210)
(Impairment)/Reversal of impairment				
(note (a))	(2,814,338)	35,855	(9,210)	(2,787,693)
Effect of lease modification	(173,165)	(61,661)	_	(234,826)
At 31 March 2021 and 1 April 2021	4,553,814	2,825,529	_	7,379,343
Additions	1,467,007	_	_	1,467,007
Charge for the year	(4,118,512)	(723,832)	_	(4,842,344)
Effect of lease modification	5,301,897	_	_	5,301,897
At 31 March 2022	7,204,206	2,101,697	_	9,305,903

Details about the leases of the right-of-use assets and the lease liabilities recognised are disclosed in note 21.

Notes:

(a) In respect of last year, the directors assessed that impairment indications existed and thus the Group's property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets were tested for impairment at the end of the reporting period of last year. Based on the manner in which the Group was managed and operated, management assessed that property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets together constitute the business of provision of printing services and trading of printing products and thus those assets were aggregated to form a cash-generating unit ("CGU") for the purpose of impairment assessment. The recoverable amount of the CGU was determined based on value-in-use calculations, which comprised cash flow projections prepared based on the financial budget approved by the management. The period covered by the financial budget was five years.

Based on the result of the impairment assessment, the recoverable amount of the CGU was estimated to be approximately HK\$16,242,000, which was lower than its carrying amount by HK\$11,833,694. Accordingly, impairment loss of HK\$11,833,694 was recognised for the year ended 31 March 2021 which was allocated as to HK\$9,046,001 to property, plant and equipment and HK\$2,787,693 to right-of-use assets. Impairment loss was recognised for property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets during the year ended 31 March 2021 which was mainly due to the prolonged COVID-19 pandemic broken out since January 2020. The demand for the Group's printing service was highly reliant on the level of local business and market activities undertaken by the Group's downstream customers, which was driven by market sentiment. The resulted social distancing measures and the successive waves of COVID-19 case hikes had dragged down those activities as well as the business momentum in the ensuing period. The effects of the pandemic were evolving and changing and there was still a high degree of uncertainty about the pandemic, and the outlook for economic recovery remained uncertain. The Group's financial budget was revised to reflect to current assessment of the economic and market conditions and additional impairment loss of HK\$11,833,694 was resulted from the assessment.

The key assumptions used by the management in the value-in-use calculations of the CGU include: (i) sales growth rates ranged from 4% to 23%; (ii) gross profit margin is maintained at similar level as had achieved during the year ended 31 March 2021; and (iii) pre-tax discount rate of 11.3%. These assumption were determined based on past performance and management's expectations in respect of the market conditions as well as the economy and political changes which had impact on the Group. The pre-tax discount rate used reflects the specific risks related to the business and industry in which the CGU was engaged.

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13 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT AND RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Right-of-use assets (Continued)

Notes: (Continued)

(a) (Continued)

During the current year, impairment indication still existed as the Group was still suffering from operating loss and thus management performed impairment assessment for the Group's property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets at the end of the reporting period of the current year. Consistently the recoverable amount of the CGU was determined based on value-in-use calculations, which comprise cash flow projections prepared based on the financial budget approved by the management. The period covered by the financial budget is five years. The key assumptions used by the management in the value-in-use calculations of the CGU include: (i) sales growth rates ranged from 4.0% to 20.5%; (ii) gross profit margin is maintained at similar level as have achieved during the current year; and (iii) pre-tax discount rate of 13.0%. Based on the result of the impairment assessment, the recoverable amount of the CGU was estimated to be higher than its carrying amount. Accordingly, no further impairment provision was made in the current year.

(b) The Group has acquired a motor vehicle under finance lease arrangements, which was ended on 5 October 2021. The corresponding motor vehicle has been transferred to property, plant and equipment as the Group's own assets.

	Software HK\$
Cost:	
At 1 April 2020, 31 March 2021, 1 April 2021 and 31 March 2022	416,691
Accumulated amortisation:	
At 1 April 2020	(213,187)
Charge for the year	(82,733)
At 31 March and 1 April 2021	(295,920)
Charge for the year	(84,128)
At 31 March 2022	(380,048)
Net book value:	
At 31 March 2022	36,643
At 31 March 2021	120,771

14 INTANGIBLE ASSETS

For the year ended 31 March 2022

15 INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES

The following is a list of subsidiaries of the Group. The class of shares held is ordinary unless otherwise stated.

				on of ownership in	nterest	
Name of the company	Place of incorporation	Particulars of issued share capital	Group's effective interest	Held by the Company	Held by a subsidiary	Principal activities and place of operation
Universe Printshop Limited	Cayman Islands	13,334 shares of United States Dollars 1.00 each	100%	100%	-	Investment holding in Hong Kong
All in 1 Printing (Group) Limited	Hong Kong	10,000,000 shares	100%	-	100%	Investment holding in Hong Kong
Universe Printing Holdings Limited	Hong Kong	10,000,000 shares	100%	-	100%	Provision of general printing services and trading of printing products in Hong Kong
Print Shop Limited	Hong Kong	10,000,000 shares	100%	-	100%	Provision of printing services and solutions in Hong Kong
Startec Colour Separation Printing Limited	Hong Kong	10,000,000 shares	100%	-	100%	Provision of printing services and solutions in Hong Kong
Net Printshop Limited	Hong Kong	100,000 shares	100%	-	100%	Provision of printing services and solutions in Hong Kong

16 INVENTORIES

Inventories in the consolidated statement of financial position comprise:

	2022	2021
	HK\$	HK\$
Raw materials	1,436,010	1,208,948
Work in progress	581,494	345,676
Finished goods	273,948	472,147
Consumable stores	522,635	653,770
	2,814,087	2,680,541

For the year ended 31 March 2022

17 TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES, PREPAYMENTS AND DEPOSITS

	2022 HK\$	2021 HK\$
Trade receivables	5,602,987	7,426,297
Less: Loss allowance (note (b))	(816,344)	(798,488)
	4,786,643	6,627,809
Other receivables and deposits	822,302	607,043
Prepayments	886,050	1,577,415
	6,494,995	8,812,267

Non-credit customers are required to pay sales consideration in full at the time of collecting the printing products. Credit customers are generally given credit period of 30 to 90 days.

(a) Ageing analysis of trade receivables

At 31 March 2022, the ageing analysis of trade receivables, based on invoice date and net of allowance for impairment, is as follows:

	2022	2021
	HK\$	HK\$
Within 1 month	1,520,610	3,988,042
1 to 2 months	1,274,058	970,995
2 to 3 months	677,690	551,235
Over 3 months	1,314,285	1,117,537
	4,786,643	6,627,809

Further details on the Group's credit policy are set out in note 26(a).

(b) Impairment of trade receivables

The movements in loss allowance for impairment of trade receivables during the year are as follows:

	2022 HK\$	2021 HK\$
At the beginning of the year Impairment loss recognised	798,488 17,856	635,710 162,778
At the end of the year	816,344	798,488

The Group measures impairment provision for trade receivables at the amount equal to lifetime ECLs. Further details on the Group's credit policy and credit risk arising from trade receivables are set out in note 26(a).

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18 NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

(a) Cash and cash equivalents comprise:

	2022 HK\$	2021 HK\$
Cash at bank and on hand	19,112,762	23,645,769

Cash at banks earns interest at floating rates based on daily bank deposit rates.

(b) Reconciliation of loss before taxation to cash generated from operations:

		2022	2021
	Note	HK\$	HK\$
Loss before taxation		(3,659,136)	(13,482,779)
Adjustment for:			
Finance cost	8(a)	702,584	942,792
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	8(c)	1,579,581	2,146,933
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	8(c)	4,842,344	6,691,210
COVID-19-related rent concessions	21	_	(286,247)
Amortisation of intangible assets	8(c)	84,128	82,733
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	7	_	(4,800)
Gain on lease modification	7	(229,112)	(914,232)
Impairment loss on property, plant and			
equipment and right-of-use assets	13(a)	_	11,833,694
Interest income	7	(32,640)	(185,124)
Reversal of provision for reinstatement cost	23	(10,000)	(100,000)
Impairment loss recognised on trade receivables	8(c)	17,856	162,778
Provision/(Reversal of provision) for long service			
payments	19	1,178,960	(1,179,522)
		4,474,565	5,707,436
Changes in working capital:			
(Increase)/Decrease in inventories		(133,546)	376,393
Decrease in trade and other receivables,			
prepayments and deposits		2,397,020	211,524
Decrease in trade and other payables		(342,129)	(1,692,424
(Decrease)/Increase in contract liabilities		(309,867)	467,402
Cash generated from operations		6,086,043	5,070,331

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18 NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED)

(c) Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities:

The table below details changes in the Group's liabilities from financing activities, including both cash and non-cash changes. Liabilities arising from financing activities are liabilities for which cash flows were, or future cash flows will be, classified in the Group's consolidated statement of cash flows as cash flows from financing activities.

	Lease liabilities
At 1 April 2020	HK\$ 14,513,826
Changes from financing cash flows:	
Capital element of lease payments	(8,551,560)
Interest element of lease payments	(942,792)
	(0.11)
Total changes from financing cash flows	(9,494,352)
Other changes:	
Increase in lease liabilities from entering into new leases	8,745,326
Decrease in lease liabilities from lease modification	(1,149,058)
COVID-19-related rent concessions	(286,247)
Finance cost on lease liabilities	942,792
Total other changes	8,252,813
At 31 March and 1 April 2021	13,272,287
Changes from financing cash flows:	
Capital element of lease payments	(8,125,704)
Interest element of lease payments	(702,584)
Total changes from financing cash flows	(8,828,288)
Other changes:	
Increase in lease liabilities from entering into new leases	1,467,007
Increase in lease liabilities from lease modification	5,072,785
Finance cost on lease liabilities	702,584
Total other changes	7,242,376
At 31 March 2022	11,686,375

For the year ended 31 March 2022

19 TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES AND ACCRUALS

	2022	2021
	HK\$	HK\$
Trade payables	10,129,705	10,110,373
Other payables and accruals	1,764,246	1,724,982
Accrual for staff costs	2,158,768	2,391,281
Provision for long service payments	1,695,960	685,212
	15,748,679	14,911,848

As of the end of the reporting period, the ageing analysis of trade payables, based on the invoice date, is as follows:

	2022 HK\$	2021 HK\$
Within 1 month	6,375,986	5,647,280
1 to 2 months	2,047,262	3,420,782
2 to 3 months	1,692,443	1,028,297
Over 3 months	14,014	14,014
	10,129,705	10,110,373

The movements in provision for long service payments are as follows:

	2022 HK\$	2021 HK\$
At the beginning of the year	685,212	1,926,935
Payment for long services payments	(168,212)	(62,201)
Provision/(Reversal of provision) for long services payments	1,178,960	(1,179,522)
At the end of the year	1,695,960	685,212

According to Part VB of the Hong Kong Employment Ordinance ("the Ordinance"), the Group is liable to make long service payments to employees who are employed under the jurisdiction of the Ordinance and have completed the required number of years of service on termination of their employment, where the termination of employment meets the required circumstances as specified in the Ordinance.

A provision has been made by the Group based on the best estimate of the long service payments that are required to be made to these employees in respect of their service to date, less any amounts that would be expected to be met out of the Group's contributions to its defined contribution retirement schemes and mandatory provident funds.

A portion of the above provision is expected to be utilised after more than one year. However, it is not practicable to segregate this amount from the amounts payable within the next year.

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20 CONTRACT LIABILITIES

	2022 HK\$	2021 HK\$
Contract liabilities arising from sales of printing products	1,727,655	2,037,522

Movements in contract liabilities are as follows:

	2022 HK\$	2021 HK\$
At the beginning of the year	2,037,522	1,570,120
Decrease in contract liabilities as a result of recognising revenue during the year that was included in the contract liabilities at the beginning of the year	(2,037,522)	(1,570,120)
Increase in contract liabilities as a result of billing in advance of		
delivering the printing products	1,727,655	2,037,522
At the end of the year	1,727,655	2,037,522

Contract liabilities represent deposits received or advance billing from customers for provision of general printing services and trading of printing products. The amount of contract liabilities at the end of the reporting period is expected to be recognised as revenue in twelve months.

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21 LEASE LIABILITIES

The Group leases retail shops, production workshops, office premises, car parks, machineries and motor vehicles for use in its operation. The periodic rent is fixed over the lease term, and the leases are generally negotiated for an initial period of one to five years (2021: one to five years) for leased properties and motor vehicles and five years (2021: five years) for machinery, with some leases of properties which initial lease period is one year or less and thus not being capitalised. Some of the leases contain early termination option, which is not reflected in the measurement of lease liabilities.

At 31 March 2022, the carrying amounts of lease liabilities are not reduced by the amount of payments that would be avoided from exercising early termination option because it was considered reasonably certain that the Group would not exercise its right to terminate the lease. Total lease payments of HK\$3,566,450 (2021: HK\$3,651,250) are potentially avoidable if the Group were to exercise the options at the earliest opportunity.

The movements of the right-of-use assets of these leases are disclosed in note 13. The movements of lease liabilities in respect of these leases are as follows:

	Leased		Motor	
	properties	Machinery	vehicles	Total
	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$
At 1 April 2020	11,199,361	3,092,591	221,874	14,513,826
Additions	5,090,426	3,654,900	_	8,745,326
Lease modification	(234,826)	(914,232)	_	(1,149,058)
COVID-19-related rent concessions (note)	(286,247)	_	_	(286,247)
Finance cost	580,714	353,518	8,560	942,792
Lease payments	(8,019,860)	(1,328,020)	(146,472)	(9,494,352)
At 31 March 2021 and 1 April 2021	8,329,568	4,858,757	83,962	13,272,287
Additions	1,467,007	_	_	1,467,007
Lease modification	5,072,785	-	_	5,072,785
Finance cost	388,612	312,492	1,480	702,584
Lease payments	(7,271,877)	(1,470,969)	(85,442)	(8,828,288)
At 31 March 2022	7,986,095	3,700,280	_	11,686,375

The Group's lease liabilities are secured by the underlying machineries with carrying value of HK\$2,101,697 as at 31 March 2022 (2021: HK\$2,825,529).

For the year ended 31 March 2022

21 LEASE LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

Future lease payments are due as follows:

			Present
	Minimum		value of minimum
	lease	Finance	lease
	payment	cost	payments
	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$
As at 31 March 2022			
Within one year	7,934,485	(486,137)	7,448,348
After one year but within two years	2,872,921	(231,852)	2,641,069
After two years but within five years	1,650,255	(53,297)	1,596,958
	12,457,661	(771,286)	11,686,375
			Present

			Present
			value of
	Minimum		minimum
	lease	Finance	lease
	payment	cost	payments
	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$
As at 31 March 2021			
Within one year	8,537,538	(678,275)	7,859,263
After one year but within two years	3,239,885	(282,968)	2,956,917
After two years but within five years	2,627,677	(171,570)	2,456,107
	14,405,100	(1,132,813)	13,272,287

Total cash outflow for leases for the year amounted to HK\$9,678,657 (2021: HK\$10,545,843).

For the year ended 31 March 2022

21 LEASE LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

The present value of future lease payments are analysed as follows:

	2022 HK\$	2021 HK\$
Current liabilities Non-current liabilities	7,448,348 4,238,027	7,859,263 5,413,024
	11,686,375	13,272,287

Note:

The Group had elected to apply the practical expedient introduced by the amendments, to HKFRS 16 to all rent concessions that satisfy the criteria. All of the rent concessions entered into during the year ended 31 March 2021 satisfied the criteria to apply the practical expedient. The application of the practical expedient had resulted in the reduction of total lease liabilities of HK\$286,247 for the year ended 31 March 2021. The effect of this reduction had been recorded in profit or loss for the year ended 31 March 2021 in which the event or condition that triggers those payments occurred.

22 DEFERRED TAXATION

The movements of the components of deferred taxation and the amounts of deferred tax assets/ (liabilities) recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

		Temporary difference related to property, plant and equipment and right-of-use	
	Tax losses	assets	Total
	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$
At 1 April 2020	1,892,279	(2,041,972)	(149,693)
(Charged)/Credited to profit or loss (note 9)	(1,775,734)	2,729,550	953,816
At 31 March and 1 April 2021	116,545	687,578	804,123
Charged to profit or loss (note 9)	(262)	(807,368)	(807,630)
At 31 March 2022	116,283	(119,790)	(3,507)

For the year ended 31 March 2022

22 DEFERRED TAXATION (CONTINUED)

	2022 HK\$	2021 HK\$
Represented by:		
Deferred tax assets	229,773	804,220
Deferred tax liabilities	(233,280)	(97)
	(3,507)	804,123

As at 31 March 2022, the Group had estimated unused tax losses of approximately HK\$36,302,000 (2021: approximately HK\$30,062,000) available for offset against future profits. The tax losses have no expiry date under the current tax legislation. Deferred tax asset in respect of tax losses of approximately HK\$705,000 (2021: HK\$706,000) has been recognised. Deferred tax assets have not been recognised for tax losses of approximately HK\$35,597,000 (2021: HK\$29,356,000) as in the opinion of the directors, it is not probable that taxable profits will be available for utilising such losses.

23 PROVISION FOR REINSTATEMENT COSTS

	2022	2021
	HK\$	HK\$
At the beginning of the year	150,000	200,000
Addition of provision for reinstatement costs	_	50,000
Reversal of provision for reinstatement costs	(10,000)	(100,000)
At the end of the year	140,000	150,000

Under the terms of certain leases in respect of properties entered into by the Group, the Group is required to reinstate the properties to the original physical conditions at the end of the respective leases. Provision is therefore made for the best estimate of the expected costs that related to the restoration of the alternations made to the properties.

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24 CAPITAL AND RESERVES

(a) Movements in the Company's share capital and reserves

	Share capital HK\$	Share premium HK\$	Accumulated losses HK\$	Total equity HK\$
At 1 April 2020	9,000,000	29,644,379	(17,282,603)	21,361,776
Loss and total comprehensive income for				
the year	_	-	(1,668,661)	(1,668,661)
At 31 March and 1 April 2021	9,000,000	29,644,379	(18,951,264)	19,693,115
Loss and total comprehensive income for				
the year	_	-	(1,798,752)	(1,798,752)
At 31 March 2022	9,000,000	29,644,379	(20,750,016)	17,894,363

(b) Share capital

	Par value HK\$	Number of shares	Amount HK\$
Authorised: At 1 April 2020, 31 March 2021 and 31 March 2022	0.01	2,000,000,000	20,000,000
Issued and fully paid: At 1 April 2020, 31 March 2021 and 31 March 2022	0.01	900,000,000	9,000,000

For the year ended 31 March 2022

24 CAPITAL AND RESERVES (CONTINUED)

(c) Nature and purpose of reserves

(i) Share premium

The share premium account is governed by the Company Law of the Cayman Islands and may be applied by the Company subject to the provision, if any, of its memorandum and articles of association in paying distributions or dividends to equity shareholders.

No distribution or dividend may be paid to the equity shareholders out of the share premium account unless immediately following the date on which the distribution or dividends is proposed to be paid, the Company will be able to pay its debts as they fall due in the ordinary course of business.

(ii) Capital reserve

The capital reserve represented the difference between the par value of the Company's shares issued and the equity of Universe Printshop Limited acquired pursuant to a reorganisation completed on 8 June 2017 in connection with the listing of the Company's share on GEM of the Stock Exchange (the "Reorganisation"). Pursuant to the Reorganisation, the Company issued 13,333 shares of HK\$0.01 each to the then shareholders of Universe Printshop Limited in consideration of acquiring their equity interests held in Universe Printshop Limited. The difference between the then shareholders' equity of Universe Printshop Limited over the par value of the shares issued by the Company was transferred to the capital reserve at the date of reorganisation.

(d) Capital management

The Group's primary objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, so that it can continue to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders, by pricing products and services commensurately with the level of risk and by securing access to finance at a reasonable cost.

The Group defines "capital" as total equity. The Group actively and regularly reviews and manages its capital structure to maintain a balance between the higher shareholders returns that might be possible with higher levels of borrowings and the advantages and security afforded by a sound capital position, and makes adjustments to the capital structure in light of changes in economic conditions.

The Group is not subject to externally imposed capital requirements in either the current or prior year.

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25 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY

The carrying amounts of each of the categories of financial instruments at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

	2022	2021
	HK\$	HK\$
Financial assets		
Financial assets measured at amortised cost		
Trade and other receivables and deposits	7,060,277	8,783,788
Cash and cash equivalents	19,112,762	23,645,769
	26,173,039	32,429,557
Financial liabilities		
Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost		
Trade and other payables and accruals	14,052,719	14,226,636
Other financial instruments		
Lease liabilities	11,686,375	13,272,287

The carrying amounts of the Group's financial assets and liabilities carried at amortised cost are not materially different from their fair values as at the end of the reporting period.

26 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES

The Group mainly exposes to credit and liquidity risks arising from the normal course of its business. The Group's exposure to these risks and the financial risk management policies and practices used by the Group to manage these risks are described below.

(a) Credit risk

The Group's credit risk is primarily attributable to bank deposits and trade and other receivables and deposits (note 17). The carrying amounts of bank deposits and trade and other receivables and deposits represent the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk in respect of these items. The Group has a credit policy in place and the exposures to these credit risks are monitored on an ongoing basis.

Cash is deposited with financial institutions with sound credit ratings and the Group has exposure limit to any single financial institution. Given their high credit ratings, management consider it is remote that any of these financial institutions and counterparties will fail to meet their obligations.

In respect of trade receivables, individual credit evaluations are performed on all customers requiring credit over a certain amount. These evaluations focus on the customer's past history of making payments when due and current ability to pay, and take into account information specific to the customer as well as pertaining to the economic environment in which the customer operates. Credit customers are generally given credit period of 30 to 90 days. Normally, the Group does not obtain collateral from customers.

For the year ended 31 March 2022

26 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES (CONTINUED)

(a) Credit risk (Continued)

The Group measures loss allowances for trade receivables at an amount equal to lifetime ECL. Except for the designated corporate customers and debtors which are assessed to be credit-impaired and thus are assessed for impairment individually, trade receivables are grouped under a provision matrix by reference to historical data on default experience of the debtors. The expected credit losses also incorporate forward looking information with reference to general macroeconomic conditions that may affect the ability of the debtors to settle the trade receivables. Trade receivables have been grouped based on shared credit risk characteristics and the days past due.

In the provision matrix, the ECL rates adopted to different age groups of the trade receivables which are subject to collective assessment are as follow:

		2022	
		Gross	
		carrying	Loss
	ECL rate	amount	allowance
		HK\$	HK\$
Not past due	0%	2,047,934	_
Past due:			
– 30 days or below	0.03%	1,043,498	330
– 31 days to 90 days	0.03%	1,141,153	343
– 91 days to 2 years	5.49%	586,948	32,217
– Over 2 years	100%	783,454	783,454

	5,002,007	010,044
	2021	
	Gross	
	carrying	Loss
ECL rate	amount	allowance
	HK\$	HK\$
0%	4,296,508	_
0.03%	893,303	262
0.03%	412,459	120
5.57%	1,086,441	60,520
100%	737,586	737,586
	7,426,297	798,488
	0% 0.03% 0.03% 5.57%	2021 Gross carrying ECL rate amount HK\$ 0% 4,296,508 0.03% 893,303 0.03% 412,459 5.57% 1,086,441 100% 737,586

ECLs rates are based on the past credit loss experience of the debtors. These rates are adjusted to reflect differences between economic conditions during the period over which the historic data has been collected, current conditions and the Group's view of economic conditions over the expected lives of the trade receivables.

5.602.987

816.344

For the year ended 31 March 2022

26 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES (CONTINUED)

(a) Credit risk (Continued)

The Group has adopted general approach to measure ECLs on financial assets including other receivables, deposits and other financial assets at amortised costs as disclosed in note 4(g) (ii). Under the general approach, the Group applies the "3-stage" impairment model for ECLs measurement based on change in credit risk since initial recognition as follows:

- Stage 1: If the credit risk of the financial instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the financial instrument is included in Stage 1.
- Stage 2: If the credit risk of the financial instrument has increased significantly since its initial recognition but is not deemed to be credit impaired, the financial instrument is included in Stage 2.
- Stage 3: If the financial instrument is credit impaired, the financial instrument is included in Stage 3.

The ECLs for financial instruments in Stage 1 are measured at an amount equivalent to 12-month ECLs whereas the ECLs for financial instruments in Stage 2 or Stage 3 are measured at an amount equivalent to lifetime ECLs. When determining whether the risk of default has increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group considers reasonable and supportable information that is relevant and available without undue cost or effort. This includes both quantitative and qualitative information and analysis, based on the Group's historical experience and informed credit risk assessment and including forward-looking information. In particular, the following information is taken into account when assessing whether credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition:

- actual or expected significant adverse changes in business, financial or economic conditions that are expected to cause a significant change in the debtors' ability to meet their debt obligations;
- actual or expected significant changes in the operating results of the debtors;
- significant changes in the expected performance and behaviour of the debtors, including changes in the payment status of debtors; and
- actual or expected significant adverse change in the regulatory, economic, or technological environment in which the debtors operate that results in a significant change in the debtors' ability to meet their debt obligations.

The Group presumes that the credit risk on a financial asset has increased significantly if it is more than 30 days past due.

The credit risk of the Group's other receivables and deposits as at the end of the reporting period has not increased significantly since initial recognition and the amounts of ECLs were insignificant and no provision was made accordingly.

For the year ended 31 March 2022

26 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES (CONTINUED)

(b) Liquidity risk

The Group's policy is to regularly monitor current and expected liquidity requirements and to ensure that it maintains sufficient reserves of cash and adequate committed funding lines from major financial institutions to meet its liquidity requirements in the short and longer term.

The following tables show the remaining contractual maturities at the end of the reporting period of the Group's financial liabilities and lease liabilities, which are based on contractual undiscounted cash flows and the earliest date the Group can be required to pay:

	Carrying amount HK\$	Total contractual undiscounted cash flow HK\$	Within 12 months or on demand HK\$	More than 1 year but less than 2 years HK\$	More than 2 years but less than 5 years HK\$
As at 31 March 2022					
Trade payables,					
other payables and accruals	14,052,719	14,052,719	14,052,719	-	-
Lease liabilities	11,686,375	12,457,661	7,934,485	2,872,921	1,650,255
	25,739,094	26,510,380	21,987,204	2,872,921	1,650,255
As at 31 March 2021					
Trade payables,					
other payables and accruals	14,226,636	14,226,636	14,226,636	-	-
Lease liabilities	13,272,287	14,405,100	8,537,538	3,239,885	2,627,677
	27,498,923	28,631,736	22,764,174	3,239,885	2,627,677

For the year ended 31 March 2022

27 CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

Capital commitments outstanding at the reporting date not provided for in the consolidated financial statements were as follows:

	2022	2021
	HK\$	HK\$
Contracted for acquisition of accounting software and printers	_	124,500

28 MATERIAL RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

In addition to the transactions and balances disclosed elsewhere in these consolidated financial statements, the Group entered into the following material related party transactions.

(a) Key management personnel remuneration

All members of key management personnel are the directors of the Group and their remuneration is disclosed in note 10.

(b) Transactions with related parties

	2022 HK\$	2021 HK\$
Lease payments made to the following related companies which are controlled by the same controlling shareholder:		
– Universe Printing Company Limited – Universe Samfine Limited	2,569,324 456,000	3,096,000 456,000
Salaries and retirement scheme contribution paid to:		
– Ms. NG Lai Nga, spouse of a director	315,000	309,750
– Ms. SIU Man Yam, spouse of a director	100,800	99,120

For the year ended 31 March 2022

29 SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The Company adopted a share option scheme by written resolutions of shareholders passed on 26 February 2018. The purpose of the share option scheme is to attract and retain the best available personnel, to provide additional incentive to employees (full-time and part-time), directors, consultants, advisers, distributors, contractors, suppliers, agents, customers, business partners and service providers of the Group and to promote the success of the business of the Group.

The subscription price of a share in respect of any particular option granted under the share option scheme shall be a price solely determined by the directors and notified to a participant and shall be at least the higher of: (i) the closing price of the Company's shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheet on the date of grant of the option, which must be a business day; (ii) the average closing prices of the Company's shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheets for the five business days immediately preceding the date of grant of the option; or (iii) the nominal value of a share on the date of grant of the option.

The total number of shares issued and to be issued upon the exercise of options granted to any participant (including both exercised and outstanding options) under the share option scheme, in any 12-month period up to the date of grant shall not exceed 1% of the Company's shares in issue. Any further grant of options in excess of such limit must be separately approved by shareholders in general meeting with such grantee and his close associates (or his associates if such grantee is a connected person) abstaining from voting. An offer for the grant of options must be accepted within seven days inclusive of the day on which such offer was made. The amount payable by the grantee of an option to the Company on acceptance of an offer for the grant of option(s) is HK\$1.0.

An option may be exercised in accordance with the terms of the share option scheme at any time during a period as the directors may determine which shall not exceed ten years from the date of grant subject to the provisions of early termination thereof. The share option scheme will remain in force for a period of ten years commencing on the date of its adoption on 26 February 2018 and will expire at the close of business on 25 February 2028. Under the said scheme, the maximum number of shares of the Company that may be issued upon the exercise of options that may be granted is 90,000,000 shares, representing approximately 10% of the issued share capital of the Company at the end of the reporting period. No share options were granted under the share option scheme since its adoption.

For the year ended 31 March 2022

30 DIVIDEND

No dividend was paid or proposed during the year, nor has any dividend been proposed since the end of the reporting period (2021: Nil).

31 EVENTS AFTER THE END OF THE REPORTING PERIOD

As disclosed in note 1, there was a change in the controlling shareholder of the Company on 4 April 2022.

In addition, on 9 June 2022, the Hong Kong Legislative Council passed the Employment and Retirement Schemes Legislation (Offsetting Arrangement) (Amendment) Bill 2022 (the "Bill") to abolish the MPF offsetting mechanism. It is envisaged that the cancellation of mechanism will not come into effect until 2025 at the earliest. The abolishment of the MPF offsetting mechanism will not have retrospective effect, and the Bill will not change the rate and maximum payment of statutory severance payments or long service payments, which is currently calculated as 2/3 of the employee's last monthly wages (capped at HK\$22,500), and subject to the maximum limit of HK\$390,000. The Group has already commenced an assessment of the impact of the Bill to the Group. The Group is not yet in a position to state whether the abolishment of the MPF offsetting mechanism will result in substantial change to the Group's financial statements.

For the year ended 31 March 2022

32 STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF HOLDING COMPANY

	Notes	2022 HK\$	2021 HK\$
ASSETS AND LIABILITIES			
Non-current assets			
Investment in a subsidiary	15	133	133
Current assets			
Other receivables		191,611	190,414
Amount due from subsidiaries		36,664,737	38,401,241
Cash and cash equivalents		71,251	117,311
		36,927,599	38,708,966
Current liabilities			
Accruals		349,341	286,482
Amounts due to subsidiaries		18,684,028	18,729,502
		19,033,369	19,015,984
Net current assets		17,894,230	19,692,982
Net assets		17,894,363	19,693,115
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Share capital	24	9,000,000	9,000,000
Share premium	24	29,644,379	29,644,379
Accumulated losses	24	(20,750,016)	(18,951,264)
Total equity		17,894,363	19,693,115

Approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 22 June 2022.

CHAU Man Keung Director HSU Ching Loi Director

Financial Summary

For the year ended 31 March 2022

A summary of the results and the assets, liabilities and equity of the Group for the last five financial years, as extracted from the audited financial statements in this annual report and prior year financial statements are as follows:

	Year ended 31 March				
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Revenue	113,652	103,133	133,428	152,725	142,583
	·	·	·	·	
Gross profit	24,396	20,298	25,069	28,335	35,157
Loss and total comprehensive					
income for the year	(4,447)	(12,536)	(15,511)	(5,335)	(9,154)
			at 31 March		
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Non-current assets	20,127	18,840	27,280	24,003	12,660
Current assets	29,231	35,801	43,980	55,239	87,818
Total assets	49,358	54,641	71,260	79,242	100,478
Current liabilities	25.065	24.050	27 220	25 167	20.450
	25,065	24,959	27,320	25,167	39,450
Non-current liabilities	4,471	5,413	7,135	1,759	3,376
Total liabilities	29,536	30,372	34,455	26,926	42,826
Total equity	19,822	24,269	36,805	52,316	57,652