

# 恆泰裕集團控股有限公司 HANG TAI YUE GROUP HOLDINGS LIMITED

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands and continued in Bermuda with limited liability) (於開曼群島註冊成立並於百慕達存續之有限公司) (Stock Code 股份代號: 8081)



2024 Annual Report 年報

## CHARACTERISTICS OF GEM OF THE STOCK EXCHANGE OF HONG KONG LIMITED ("STOCK EXCHANGE")

GEM has been positioned as a market designed to accommodate small and mid-sized companies to which a higher investment risk may be attached than other companies listed on the Stock Exchange. Prospective investors should be aware of the potential risks of investing in such companies and should make the decision to invest only after due and careful consideration.

Given that the companies listed on GEM are generally small and mid-sized companies, there is a risk that securities traded on GEM may be more susceptible to high market volatility than securities traded on the Main Board and no assurance is given that there will be a liquid market in the securities traded on GEM.

Hong Kong Exchanges and Clearing Limited and the Stock Exchange take no responsibility for the contents of this report, make no representation as to its accuracy or completeness and expressly disclaim any liability whatsoever for any loss howsoever arising from or in reliance upon the whole or any part of the contents of this report.

This report, for which the directors ("**Directors**", and each a "**Director**") of Hang Tai Yue Group Holdings Limited ("**Company**") collectively and individually accept full responsibility, includes particulars given in compliance with the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on GEM of the Stock Exchange ("**GEM Listing Rules**") for the purpose of giving information with regard to the Company. The Directors, having made all reasonable enquiries, confirm that to the best of their knowledge and belief the information contained in this report is accurate and complete in all material respects and not misleading or deceptive, and there are no other matters the omission of which would make any statement herein or this report misleading.

This report will remain on the "Latest Listed Company Information" page of the website of the Stock Exchange at http://www.hkexnews.hk for a minimum period of seven days from the date of its publication and on the website of the Company at http://www.hangtaiyue.com. 香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交 所」)GEM的特色

GEM之定位,乃為中小型公司提供一個上市 之市場,此等公司相比起其他在聯交所上市的 公司帶有較高投資風險。有意投資者應了解投 資於該等公司之潛在風險,並應經過審慎周詳 之考慮後方作出投資決定。

由於在GEM上市的公司普遍為中小型公司, 在GEM買賣之證券可能會較於主板買賣之證 券承受較大之市場波動風險,同時無法保證在 GEM買賣之證券會有高流通量之市場。

香港交易及結算所有限公司及聯交所對本報告 之內容概不負責,對其準確性或完整性亦不發 表任何聲明,並明確表示概不就因本報告全部 或任何部分內容而產生或因倚賴該等內容而引 致之任何損失承擔任何責任。

本報告之資料乃遵照聯交所《GEM證券上市規 則》(「GEM上市規則」)而刊載,旨在提供有關 恆泰裕集團控股有限公司(「本公司」)之資料; 本公司之董事(「董事」,及各為一名「董事」)願 就本報告之資料共同及個別承擔全部責任。各 董事在作出一切合理查詢後確認,就彼等所深 知及確信,本報告所載資料在各重要方面均屬 準確完備,並無誤導或欺詐成分,且並無遺漏 其他事項,足以令致本報告或其所載任何陳述 產生誤導。

本報告將自其刊發日期起計最少七天載 於聯交所網站http://www.hkexnews.hk 「最新上市公司公告」一頁及本公司網站 http://www.hangtaiyue.com。

# CONTENT 目錄

		page 頁次
Corporate Information	公司資料	3-4
Chairman's Statement	主席報告書	5-7
Management Discussion and Analysis	管理層討論及分析	8-33
Directors Profile	董事簡介	34-36
Directors' Report	董事會報告書	37-53
Environmental, Social and Governance Report	環境、社會及管治報告	54-98
Corporate Governance Report	企業管治報告	99-117
Independent Auditor's Report	獨立核數師報告書	118-128
Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income	綜合損益及其他全面收益表	129-130
Consolidated Statement of Financial Position	綜合財務狀況表	131-132
Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity	綜合權益變動表	133
Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows	綜合現金流量表	134-136
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements	綜合財務報表附註	137-299
Financial Summary	財務摘要	300

## **CORPORATE INFORMATION** 公司資料

#### NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

Mr. Ng Ting Ho (Chairman)

## **EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS**

Ms. Lam Ching Yee (*Chief Executive Officer*) (resigned with effect from 1 January 2025)
Mr. Fong Chak Kiu
Mr. Zhang Hongju (appointed and resigned with effect from 26 April 2024 and 1 January 2025, respectively)

#### INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Wong Siu Keung, Joe Mr. Chan Ming Kit Mr. Tong Hin Sum Paul

## **COMPLIANCE OFFICER**

Mr. Fong Chak Kiu

## AUTHORISED REPRESENTATIVES

Ms. Lam Ching Yee Mr. Fong Chak Kiu

#### COMPANY SECRETARY Ms. Lam Ching Yee, CPA

## AUDIT COMMITTEE

Mr. Wong Siu Keung, Joe *(Committee chairman)* Mr. Chan Ming Kit Mr. Tong Hin Sum Paul

## **REMUNERATION COMMITTEE**

Mr. Wong Siu Keung, Joe *(Committee chairman)* Mr. Chan Ming Kit Mr. Tong Hin Sum Paul

#### NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Wong Siu Keung, Joe *(Committee chairman)* Mr. Chan Ming Kit Mr. Tong Hin Sum Paul

## AUDITOR

McMillan Woods (Hong Kong) CPA Limited 24/F, Siu On Centre 188 Lockhart Road, Wan Chai Hong Kong

# 非執行董事

吳廷浩先生*(主席)* 

## 執行董事

林靜儀女士(行政總裁) (於二零二五年一月一日辭任) 方澤翹先生 張鴻舉先生(分別於二零二四年四月二十六日 獲委任及於二零二五年一月一日辭任)

## 獨立非執行董事

黃兆強先生 陳銘傑先生 湯顯森先生

#### **監察主任** 方澤翹先生

## 授權代表

林靜儀女士 方澤翹先生

公司秘書 林靜儀女士, CPA

## 審核委員會

黃兆強先生*(委員會主席)* 陳銘傑先生 湯顯森先生

## 薪酬委員會

黃兆強先生*(委員會主席)* 陳銘傑先生 湯顯森先生

## 提名委員會

黃兆強先生*(委員會主席)* 陳銘傑先生 湯顯森先生

## 核數師

長青(香港)會計師事務所有限公司 香港 灣仔駱克道188號 兆安中心24樓

#### **CORPORATE INFORMATION** 公司資料

#### **REGISTERED OFFICE**

Clarendon House 2 Church Street Hamilton HM 11 Bermuda

## HEAD OFFICE AND PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS

31/F, Tower Two, Times Square, 1 Matheson Street, Causeway Bay, Hong Kong

# PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Conyers Corporate Services (Bermuda) Limited Clarendon House 2 Church Street Hamilton HM 11 Bermuda

# HONG KONG BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited Shops 1712-1716 17th Floor, Hopewell Centre 183 Queen's Road East, Wan Chai Hong Kong

## **PRINCIPAL BANKERS**

Bank of Communications China Construction Bank (Asia) OCBC Bank (Hong Kong) National Australia Bank

#### WEBSITE ADDRESS

www.hangtaiyue.com

## 註冊辦事處

Clarendon House 2 Church Street Hamilton HM 11 Bermuda

## 總辦事處及主要營業地點

香港銅鑼灣 勿地臣街1號時代廣場 二座31樓

# 主要股份過戶登記處

Conyers Corporate Services (Bermuda) Limited Clarendon House 2 Church Street Hamilton HM 11 Bermuda

# 香港股份過戶登記分處

香港中央證券登記有限公司 香港 灣仔皇后大道東183號 合和中心17樓 1712-1716號舖

## 主要往來銀行

交通銀行 中國建設銀行(亞洲) 華僑銀行(香港) 澳洲國民銀行

#### 網址

www.hangtaiyue.com

Dear Shareholders,

On behalf of the board of Directors ("**Board**"), I hereby present the annual results of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively the "**Group**") for the year ended 31 December 2024. During the year under review, the Group recorded revenue of approximately HK\$68,328,000 (2023: HK\$64,530,000), representing an increase of approximately 6% as compared with that in last year due to the increase in the revenue from provision of hospitality and related services in Australia through its venue located in Victoria, Australia namely the Balgownie Estate Vineyard Resort & Spa Yarra Valley ("**Balgownie**") after the renovation of Balgownie was completed in October 2024. The loss of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2024 was approximately HK\$87,536,000 (2023: profit of HK\$12,452,000).

#### **OVERVIEW**

During the year under review, the Group continued to adopt a diversified business development strategy and the principal activities of the Group were (i) provision of hospitality and related services in Australia; (ii) money lending business; and (iii) assets investments business.

During the year under review, the Group was engaged in the provision of hospitality and related services in Australia through its venue located in Victoria, Australia, namely the Balgownie Estate Vineyard Resort & Spa Yarra Valley ("**Balgownie**"). The Group recorded a revenue of approximately HK\$62,126,000 (2023: HK\$58,773,000) from its segment of provision of hospitality and related services and sales of food and beverage in hotel business in Australia during the year under review, which amounted to an increase of approximately HK\$3,353,000 or approximately 6%. The increase was mainly due to the increase in the number of occupied rooms of Balgownie during the year under review as a result of the Renovation Work (as defined and explained in the paragraph headed "Hospitality and Related Services in Australia" below) which was completed in October 2024.

#### 各位股東:

本人謹代表董事會(「董事會」)謹此呈報本公司 及其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)截至二零二四年 十二月三十一日止年度之全年業績。於回顧 年度,本集團錄得收入約68,328,000港元(二 零二三年:64,530,000港元),較去年上升約 6%,乃由於於博爾基尼酒莊水療度假村(「博 爾基尼」)之裝修於二零二四年十月完成後,透 過位於澳洲維多利亞州的物業(即博爾基尼)自 澳洲提供酒店及相關服務的收入增加。本集 團截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度之 虧損約為87,536,000港元(二零二三年:溢利 12,452,000港元)。

#### 概覽

於回顧年度內,本集團繼續採用多元化業務發 展策略。本集團之主要業務為:(i)於澳洲提供 酒店及相關服務;(ii)借貸業務;及(iii)資產投 資業務。

於回顧年度,本集團在澳洲透過位於澳洲維 多利亞州的物業(即博爾基尼酒莊水療度假 村(「博爾基尼」))從事提供酒店及相關服務 業務。於回顧年度,本集團自其於澳洲提供 酒店及相關服務及於酒店業務銷售餐飲分部 錄得收入約62,126,000港元(二零二三年: 58,773,000港元),增加約3,353,000港元或約 6%。增加主要由於於回顧年度,因裝修工程 (定義及解釋見以下「於澳洲提供酒店及相關服 務」一段)已於二零二四年十月完成導致博爾基 尼入住房間數目增加。 The occupancy rate of Balgownie during the year under review was approximately 72%, which had decreased from approximately 74% in the year ended 31 December 2023. The Group expects that the situation will improve after the completion of the Renovation Work in October 2024.

During the year under review, the Group recorded interest income of approximately HK\$6,164,000 (2023: HK\$5,709,000) from its money lending business. The interest income of the Group increased mainly due to the increase in the loans granted by the Group during the year under review.

During the year under review, the Group's share of losses of associates amounted to approximately HK\$20,573,000 (2023: HK\$14,692,000). The change was primarily attributable to the Group's share of the loss from one of its associates of approximately HK\$17,204,000 for the year ended 31 December 2024 (2023: HK\$12,521,000).

During the year under review, the loss of the Group was approximately HK\$87,536,000 (2023: profit of HK\$12,452,000), which was mainly attributable to the combined effects of (i) the absence of the gain on deemed disposal of subsidiaries of approximately HK\$72,145,000 recognised by the Group for the year ended 31 December 2023, which was resulted from the Group's deemed disposal of a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, 迹象信息技術(上海)有限公司 (in English for identification purpose, Jixiang Information Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.) ("Jixiang") on 31 May 2023; and (ii) the fair value loss on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, net, of approximately HK\$29,567,000 recognised by the Group for the year ended 31 December 2024, as compared with that of approximately HK\$8,558,000 recognised by the Group for the year ended 31 December 2023.

#### PROSPECTS

Looking ahead, it is expected that downside risks including geopolitical tensions, trade fragmentation, uncertainties arising from the recent economic turmoil, the Russo-Ukrainian War, the Israeli-Palestinian conflict and the Iran-Israel conflict, will predominate the global economy. The global economic conditions will remain the key uncertainty in relation to the revival of the global economy. 於回顧年度,博爾基尼入住率由截至二零二 三年十二月三十一日止年度約74%下降至約 72%。本集團預期,有關情況將於裝修工程 於二零二四年十月完成後有所改善。

於回顧年度內,本集團自其借貸業務錄得 利息收入約6,164,000港元(二零二三年: 5,709,000港元)。本集團之利息收入增加乃主 要由於本集團於回顧年度內發放的貸款增加。

於回顧年度內,本集團分佔聯營公司虧損約 20,573,000港元(二零二三年:14,692,000港 元)。變動乃主要由於本集團截至二零二四年 十二月三十一日止年度的分佔其其中一間聯 營公司虧損約17,204,000港元(二零二三年: 12,521,000港元)。

於回顧年度內,本集團的虧損約為87,536,000 港元(二零二三年:溢利12,452,000港元),乃 主要由於以下各項的綜合影響:(i)本集團並未 就截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度確認 視作出售附屬公司之收益約72,145,000港元, 此乃由於本集團於二零二三年五月三十一日視 作出售本公司一間全資附屬公司迹象信息技術 (上海)有限公司(「**边象**」)而導致;及(ii)本集團 確認截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度按 公平值透過損益列賬之金融資產之公平值虧損 約29,567,000港元,而本集團截至二零二三年 十二月三十一日止年度則確認約8,558,000港 元。

# 前景

展望未來,預期包括地緣政治緊張局勢、貿易 碎片化、自近期經濟動盪、俄烏戰爭、以巴衝 突及伊朗-以色列衝突帶來的不確定因素等的 下行風險將主導全球經濟。全球經濟狀況將仍 然為與全球經濟復甦有關的主要不確定因素。 The restaurant at Balgownie is open to off-site customers and inhouse guests staying at Balgownie to enjoy casual and fine dining experiences. With the restaurant (together with the existing function centre) reaching a maximum capacity of approximately 270 customers, the Group provides conference and events services such as hosting weddings and corporate events to broaden the Group's income stream. The Group intends to brand Balgownie as an integrated resort-based travel destination for leisure and eventhosting. Balgownie has a "Wine Club", which is a subscriptionbased membership, offering club members exclusive benefits and early access to Balgownie's wines and resort products and services. As at 31 December 2024, the "Wine Club" has acquired approximately 1,500 club members. The Group believes this will help to generate additional income and growth across the resort's products and services. In October 2024, Balgownie completed the Renovation Work, and it is expected that the occupancy rate of Balgownie will improve and the revenue from the provision of hospitality and related services will increase in 2025.

Going forward, except for the business of provision of services through network media which had been classified by the Group as a discontinued operation, the Group will continue to carry on its existing businesses by formulation and implementation of its own business plans and strategies and leveraging its own business model, competitiveness and strengths so as to develop, maintain and enhance its existing businesses, which will be viable and sustainable and will be able to create value and investment return for the Shareholders.

#### **APPRECIATION**

I would like to take this opportunity to express my gratitude to all valuable Shareholders, investors and clients for their support, and also my thanks to all the staff for their efforts and contributions to the Group.

#### **Ng Ting Ho**

Chairman

31 March 2025

除入住博爾基尼的賓客外,博爾基尼餐廳接受 外部賓客預訂,以享受用餐體驗。餐廳(連同 現有宴會中心)可接待人數達到約270名賓客, 本集團亦提供會議及活動服務,如舉辦婚禮或 企業活動,以擴闊本集團的收入來源。本集團 打算將博爾基尼品牌打造為適合休閒及舉辦活 動的綜合性度假旅游勝地。博爾基尼擁有一個 「葡萄酒俱樂部」,俱樂部為會費模式,為會員 提供專屬福利,並可預先享用博爾基尼葡萄酒 以及度假產品及服務。於二零二四年十二月三 十一日,「葡萄酒俱樂部」已獲得約1,500名俱 樂部成員加入。本集團認為,此將有助產生額 外收入,並推動度假產品及服務增長。於二零 二四年十月,博爾基尼完成翻新工程,預期博 爾基尼入住率將有所改善,而提供酒店及相關 服務之收入於二零二五年將會增加。

日後,除本集團已分類為已終止經營業務之透 過網絡媒體提供服務之業務外,本集團將繼續 通過制定及實施自身的業務計劃與策略,利用 自身的業務模式、競爭力和優勢開展其現有業 務,進而發展、保持並加強現有業務。通過以 上可行且可持續的方式,將可為股東創造價值 及投資回報。

## 致謝

本人謹藉此機會向各位尊貴股東、投資者及客 戶的支持表示衷心謝意,並且感謝全體員工為 本集團之成功作出之努力和貢獻。

*主席* **吳廷浩** 二零二五年三月三十一日

#### **BUSINESS AND FINANCIAL REVIEW**

During the year ended 31 December 2024, the principal activities of the Group were (i) provision of hospitality and related services in Australia; (ii) money lending business; and (iii) assets investments business.

During the year ended 31 December 2024, the loss of the Group was approximately HK\$87,536,000 (2023: profit of HK\$12,452,000). The loss was mainly attributable to the combined effects of (i) the absence of the gain on deemed disposal of subsidiaries of approximately HK\$72,145,000 recognised by the Group for the year ended 31 December 2023, which was resulted from the Group's deemed disposal of a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, 迹象信息技術(上海)有 限公司 (in English for identification purpose, Jixiang Information Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.) on 31 May 2023; and (ii) the fair value loss on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, net, of approximately HK\$29,567,000 recognised by the Group for the year ended 31 December 2024, as compared with that of approximately HK\$8,558,000 recognised by the Group for the year ended 31 December 2023.

## 業務及財務回顧

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度,本集 團之主要業務為:(i)於澳洲提供酒店及相關服 務;(ii)借貸業務;及(iii)資產投資業務。

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度,本集 團虧損約為87,536,000港元(二零二三年:溢 利12,452,000港元)。虧損乃主要由於以下各 項的綜合影響:(i)本集團並未就截至二零二三 年十二月三十一日止年度確認視作出售附屬公 司之收益約72,145,000港元,此乃由於本集 團於二零二三年五月三十一日視作出售本公司 一間全資附屬公司迹象信息技術(上海)有限公 司而導致;及(ii)本集團確認截至二零二四年十 二月三十一日止年度按公平值透過損益列賬之 金融資產之公平值虧損約29,567,000港元, 而本集團截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年 度則確認約8,558,000港元。

#### **Hospitality and Related Services in Australia**

During the year under review, the Group was engaged in the hospitality business through Balgownie.

Balgownie, located in the Yarra Valley, is a famous winery and tourism destination in Victoria, Australia. Balgownie was (i) the winner of "Resort Style Accommodation of the Year" awarded by Tourism Accommodation Australia (Victoria) four years in a row from 2016 to 2019 and in 2022 and 2024; (ii) the 2021 Bronze winner and 2022 Silver Winner of "Business Event Venues" of Victorian Tourism Awards awarded by Victorian Tourism Industry Council; and (iii) awarded as "Hotel Bar of the Year" by Tourism Accommodation Australia in 2022. In addition, the Head Chef and Executive Chef of Balgownie's newest restaurant was the finalist of Tourism Accommodation Australia (Victoria) for Best Chef in 2021 and the winner of Tourism Accommodation Australia (Victoria) for Best Chef in 2019 respectively, which ensures the high quality of the resort's food and beverage offerings. Balgownie consists of a piece of freehold land of approximately 29 hectares with a 7-hectare vineyard growing Pinot and Chardonnay wine grapes and offers 70 luxury accommodation rooms, including a restaurant, cellar door, conference and function facilities, health club facilities and day spa, which generates additional ancillary income from the guests.

Balgownie is partnering with the Spa Partner, which has a network of over 120 day spas in Australia and New Zealand, for the brand-new day spa in Balgownie. Pursuant to the agreement entered between the Group and the Spa Partner, the Group will provide the premises and the Spa Partner will contribute the capital required to fit out the spa. The Group will receive rental income from the Spa Partner on a percentage of the revenue generated by the Spa Partner. In addition, the Group will also sell the Spa Partner's products and services in the spa venues to generate additional income related to the day spa. During the year ended 31 December 2023, the Group launched a new "Wellness Retreat" product/service with the Spa Partner and is the first to provide such product/service in Yarra Valley. The new "Wellness Retreat" was introduced with wellness packages/experiences that include (i) nutrition and nourishment by the provision of curated menus for a healthy diet; and (ii) calming activities such as meditation, yoga, pilates and gigong. The Group intends to leverage the brand and client base of the Spa Partner and gain new visitations in the leisure and corporate segment, and attract more customers to Balgownie.

#### 於澳洲提供酒店及相關服務

於回顧年度,本集團透過博爾基尼從事酒店業務。

博爾基尼位於亞拉河谷,該地區為澳洲維多利 亞受人青睞之釀酒廠及旅游勝地。博爾基尼(i) 於二零一六年至二零一九年連續四年以及於二 零二二年及二零二四年獲澳洲旅遊住宿(維多 利亞)協會頒授「年度度假村住宿獎」;(ii)獲維 多利亞州旅遊業委員會頒發維多利亞旅遊獎 「商業活動場所(Business Event Venues)」二零二 一年銅獎及二零二二年銀獎;及(iii)於二零二 二年獲澳洲旅遊住宿協會頒授「年度酒店酒吧 獎」。此外,博爾基尼新開設餐廳的主廚及行 政主廚分別為二零二一年澳洲旅遊住宿(維多 利亞)協會最佳主廚獎入圍者及二零一九年澳 洲旅游住宿(維多利亞)協會最佳主廚獎得主, 確保度假村優質的餐飲服務供應。博爾基尼包 括一幅面積約為29公頃之永久業權土地,擁 有7公頃種植比諾及霞多麗葡萄酒葡萄的葡萄 園,並提供70間豪華客房,當中包括餐廳、酒 窖、會議及宴會設施、健身會所設施及日間水 療設施,賺取額外輔助收入。

博爾基尼與在澳洲及新西蘭擁有超過120個日 間水療中心的業務網絡的水療合作夥伴就博爾 基尼的全新日間水療中心進行合作。根據本集 團與水療合作夥伴訂立的協議,本集團將提供 場所,而水療合作夥伴將投入裝修水療中心所 需的資金。本集團將按水療合作夥伴所產生收 入之百分比向水療合作夥伴收取租金收入。此 外,本集團亦將於水療中心出售水療合作夥伴 的產品及服務,藉以拓寬日間水療相關收入。 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度,本 集團已與水療合作夥伴推出新的「休閒養生」產 品/服務,成為首家在亞拉河谷提供此類產 品/服務的度假村。新「休閒養生」推出的健康 套餐/體驗包括:(i)提供健康飲食訂制菜單, 補充營養;及(ji)冥想、瑜伽、普拉提及氣功等 靜心活動。本集團打算利用水療合作夥伴的品 牌及客戶基礎,進一步於休閒及企業領域吸引 新客戶到訪,以為博爾基尼吸引更多顧客。

The Group intends to brand Balgownie as an integrated resort based travel destination for leisure and event-hosting. The restaurant accepts bookings from off-site customers and inhouse guests staying at Balgownie to enjoy the dining experience. With the restaurant (together with the existing function centre) reaching a maximum capacity of approximately 270 customers, the Group provides banquet services such as hosting weddings or events to broaden the Group's income stream. The Group believes that the ambience of the restaurants is essential to attract customers to host lavish events and improve their dining experience. In April 2023, Balgownie introduced a new "Wine Club", a club pertaining to the subscription-based model offering members exclusive benefits and access to Balgownie's wines and resort products and services. As at 31 December 2024, the "Wine Club" has acquired approximately 1,500 club members.

The occupancy rate of Balgownie for the year under review was approximately 72% (2023: 74%), which had decreased by approximately 2% comparing with that for last year. Currently, Balgownie has 70 (2023: 70) luxury rooms, a restaurant, a cellar door and a day spa. The Group regularly reviews and refines Balgownie's products, services and interior design, enhances its hardware, and arranges refurbishment if necessary to stay competitive in the market.

In July 2023, the Group entered into a renovation agreement (as amended and supplemented from time to time), pursuant to which a third-party contractor has agreed to carry out renovation work ("**Renovation Work**") for Balgownie. Details of the renovation agreement are set out in the announcements of the Company dated 21 July 2023 and 10 November 2023. The Renovation Work completed in October 2024.

During the year under review, the Group recorded a revenue of approximately HK\$62,126,000 (2023: HK\$58,773,000) from its segment of provision of hospitality and related services and sales of food and beverage in the hotel business in Australia, which amounted to an increase of approximately HK\$3,353,000 or approximately 6%. The increase was mainly due to the increase in the revenue from sales of food and beverage in hotel business by approximately HK\$2,657,000 due to increase in members and sales from the "Wine Club". 本集團打算將博爾基尼品牌打造為休閒及舉辦 活動的綜合性度假旅遊勝地。餐廳接受外部賓 客及入住博爾基尼的賓客預訂,以享受用餐體 驗。隨著餐廳(建同現有宴會中心)可接待人數 達到約270名顧客,本集團亦提供宴會服務, 如舉辦婚禮或活動,以擴闊本集團的收入來 源。本集團認為,餐廳的能力對吸引顧客舉辦 奢華活動及改善彼等用餐體驗至關重要。於二 零二三年四月,博爾基尼引入新「葡萄酒俱樂 部」,為俱樂部會費模式,為會員提供專屬福 利,並可享用博爾基尼葡萄酒及度假產品及服 務。於二零二四年十二月三十一日,「葡萄酒 俱樂部」已獲得約1,500名俱樂部成員加入。

於回顧年度內,博爾基尼的入住率為約72% (二零二三年:74%),與去年相比已減少約 2%。目前,博爾基尼擁有70間(二零二三年: 70間)豪華客房、一間餐廳、一個酒窖及日間 水療中心。為保持市場競爭力,本集團定期檢 討及完善博爾基尼的產品、服務及室內設計, 以及提升硬件,並於必要時進行翻新裝修,保 持市場競爭力。

於二零二三年七月,本集團訂立一份翻新協議 (經不時修訂及補充),據此,第三方承包商已 同意對博爾基尼進行翻新工程(「**翻新工程**」)。 翻新協議的詳情載於本公司日期為二零二三年 七月二十一日及二零二三年十一月十日的公 佈。翻新工程於二零二四年十月完成。

於回顧年度內,本集團就其分別於澳洲提供 酒店及相關服務以及於酒店業務銷售餐飲分 部錄得收入約62,126,000港元(二零二三年: 58,773,000港元),增加約3,353,000港元或約 6%。有關增加乃主要由於「葡萄酒俱樂部」的 成員及銷售增加導致於酒店業務銷售餐飲的收 入增加約2,657,000港元。

#### Provision of services through network media

During the year ended 31 December 2024, the Group exercised a put option to dispose of its interest in Dynamic Indonesia Holdings Limited and the segment of provisions of services through network media was discontinued and no revenue from this segment was recorded. During the year ended 31 December 2023, the Group recorded a revenue of approximately HK\$57,000 from its segment of provision of services through network media.

On 2 June 2022, Noble Tack International Limited ("Second **Subscriber**"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company and a then controlling shareholder of Dynamic Indonesia Holdings Limited ("Dvnamic Indonesia Holdings"), entered into a subscription agreement ("Subscription Agreement") with Dynamic Indonesia Holdings and Dynamic Investment Holdings Limited ("First Subscriber"), a then non-controlling shareholder of Dynamic Indonesia Holdings and a wholly-owned subsidiary of Seamless Group Inc. ("Grantor"), pursuant to which Dynamic Indonesia Holdings agreed to allot and issue 5,000 subscription shares ("Subscription Shares") in five tranches (with each tranche of 1,000 Subscription Shares) for the aggregate subscription price of US\$1,000,000 ("Subscription"). The Subscription Shares represent 20% of the enlarged issued share capital of Dynamic Indonesia Holdings upon completion of the Subscription. Pursuant to the terms of the Subscription Agreement, the Second Subscriber decided not to subscribe for the first tranche of the Subscription and the First Subscriber agreed to subscribe for all the 1,000 Subscription Shares under the first tranche of the Subscription and paid the first tranche subscription price of US\$200,000 to Dynamic Indonesia Holdings immediately after the entering into of the Subscription Agreement. Upon completion of the first tranche of the Subscription, Dynamic Indonesia Holdings was owned as to approximately 51.43% by the First Subscriber and approximately 48.57% by the Second Subscriber, respectively, therefore causing the completion of the first tranche of the Subscription to constitute a deemed disposal (i.e. the Walletku Disposal) pursuant to Rule 19.29 of the GEM Listing Rules. Accordingly, Dynamic Indonesia Holdings and its subsidiaries (including, PT Walletku Indompet Indonesia ("TNG Indompet")) ("Dynamic Indonesia Holdings Group") ceased to be subsidiaries of the Company and the financial results of the Dynamic Indonesia Holdings Group ceased to be accounted for in the consolidated financial statements of the Company. The Group recognised net gain on disposal of subsidiaries of approximately HK\$26,907,000 for the year ended 31 December 2022 upon completion of the first tranche of the Subscription.

#### 透過網絡媒體提供服務

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度,本集 團行使認沽期權出售其於Dynamic Indonesia Holdings Limited之權益,並已終止透過網絡 媒體提供服務之分部,且並無就該分部錄得收 入。截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度, 本集團自其透過網絡媒體提供服務之分部錄得 收入約57,000港元。

於二零二二年六月二日,本公司之全資附屬 公司及Dynamic Indonesia Holdings當時之控 股股東Noble Tack International Limited(「第 二認購人」)與Dvnamic Indonesia Holdings及 Dynamic Indonesia Holdings Limited (**Dynamic** Indonesia Holdings」)當時之非控股股東及 Seamless Group Inc.(「授出人」)之全資附屬公 司Dynamic Investment Holdings Limited (「第一 **認購人**」)訂立認購協議(「**認購協議**」), 據此, Dvnamic Indonesia Holdings同意以總認購價 1,000,000美元分五批(每批1,000股認購股份) 配發及發行5,000股認購股份(「認購股份」)(「認 **購事項」)**。認購股份相當於於認購事項完成後 Dynamic Indonesia Holdings經擴大已發行股本 之20%。根據認購協議的條款,第二認購人 已決定不認購第一批認購事項,而第一認購 人同意認購第一批認購事項下之全部1,000股 認購股份並於訂立認購協議後立即向Dynamic Indonesia Holdings支付第一批認購價200,000 美元。於完成第一批認購事項後,Dynamic Indonesia Holdings由第一認購人及第二認購人 分別擁有約51.43%及約48.57%股權,因此致 使第一批認購事項完成,故根據GEM上市規則 第19.29條構成視作出售事項(即Walletku出售 事項)。因此, Dynamic Indonesia Holdings及其 附屬公司(包括PT Walletku Indompet Indonesia (**「TNG Indompet」**))(**「Dynamic Indonesia** Holdings集團」)不再為本公司之附屬公司,且 Dynamic Indonesia Holdings集團之財務業績不 再併入本公司之綜合財務報表。於完成第一批 認購事項後,本集團於截至二零二二年十二月 三十一日止年度確認出售附屬公司之收益淨額 約26,907,000港元。

On 2 June 2022, the Grantor also entered into an option deed ("Option Deed") with the Second Subscriber, pursuant to which the Grantor agreed to grant to the Second Subscriber an option for the right but not the obligation ("Put Option") to require the Grantor (or its nominee) to acquire all or part of the ordinary shares of Dynamic Indonesia Holdings held by the Second Subscriber ("Option Shares") and all or part of the outstanding shareholder's loans of approximately US\$2,050,000 from the Second Subscriber ("Shareholder's Loans") upon exercise of the Put Option which is exercisable at the discretion of the Second Subscriber in accordance with the terms of the Option Deed. The Second Subscriber has the discretion to determine the number of the Option Shares and the amount of the Shareholder's Loans to be acquired by the Grantor (or its nominee) upon exercise of the Put Option and the Second Subscriber shall notify the Grantor such number of the Option Shares and amount of the Shareholder's Loans to be acquired by the Grantor (or its nominee) in the option notice to be served by the Second Subscriber.

Details of the Walletku Disposal are set out in the announcements of the Company dated 2 June 2022 and 21 July 2022.

Pursuant to the terms of the Subscription Agreement, the Second Subscriber was entitled to subscribe for Subscription Shares under the second, the third, the fourth and the fifth tranches of the Subscription on 3 October 2022, 3 February 2023, 5 June 2023 and 5 October 2023, respectively, but it decided not to proceed with such subscriptions. Upon completion of these four tranches of the Subscription, an aggregate of 4,000 Subscription Shares were allotted and issued to the First Subscriber at an aggregate subscription price of US\$800,000, resulting in the First Subscriber and the Second Subscriber owning Dynamic Indonesia Holdings as to approximately 59.2% and approximately 40.8%, respectively.

On 22 May 2024, the Second Subscriber and the Grantor entered into an agreement to extend the expiry date of the exercise period of the Put Option from 2 June 2024 to 31 August 2024.

於二零二二年六月二日,授出人亦與第二認購 人訂立期權契據(「期權契據」),據此,授出人 同意授予第二認購人權利,但並非責任之期權 (「認沽期權」),以要求授出人(或其代名人)於 認沽期權(可由第二認購人根據期權契據之條 款酌情行使)獲行使後購買第二認購人所持有 的Dynamic Indonesia Holdings的全部或部分普 通股(「期權股份」)及來自第二認購人的全部或 部分未償還股東貸款約2,050,000美元(「股東 貸款」)。第二認購人擁有酌情權釐定於行使認 沽期權後將由授出人(或其代名人)購買的期權 股份數目及股東貸款金額,及第二認購人須於 第二認購人發出的期權通知中知會授出人將由 授出人(或其代名人)購買的該等期權股份數目 及股東貸款金額。

Walletku出售事項之詳情載於本公司日期為二 零二二年六月二日及二零二二年七月二十一日 之公佈。

根據認購協議的條款,第二認購人有權分別於 二零二二年十月三日、二零二三年二月三日、 二零二三年六月五日及二零二三年十月五日認 購第二、第三、第四及第五批認購事項項下的 認購股份,惟其已決定不進行該等認購。於完 成該四批認購事項後,已按總認購價800,000 美元向第一認購人配發及發行共計4,000股認 購股份,致使第一認購人及第二認購人分別 擁有Dynamic Indonesia Holdings約59.2%及約 40.8%股權。

於二零二四年五月二十二日,第二認購人與授 出人訂立協議以將認沽期權行使期的屆滿日期 由二零二四年六月二日延長至二零二四年八月 三十一日。

On 30 August 2024, the Second Subscriber exercised the Put Option, pursuant to which the Second Subscriber disposed of 10,200 shares of Dynamic Indonesia Holdings (representing approximately 40.8% of the issued shares of Dynamic Indonesia Holdings) and the loan granted by the Group to Dynamic Indonesia Holdings ("Shareholder's Loans") in the total amount of US\$2,050,000 to the Grantor at the option price of US\$5,400,000 on the date of completion of such disposal ("Option Completion"), which was settled with the issue of the convertible bonds ("Convertible Bonds") in the principal amount of US\$5,400,000 by the Grantor to the Group. Upon the Option Completion, the Group ceased to have any equity interest in Dynamic Indonesia Holdings, other than those held via its interests in Currenc Group Inc. ("CGI"), formerly known as INFINT Acquisition Corporation, whose shares were listed on the New York Stock Exchange (NYSE:IFIN)), an exempted company incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability and whose shares are listed on the Nasdag Stock Exchange (Nasdag: CURR).

On 30 August 2024, the merger ("**CGI Merger**") of a subsidiary of CGI with the Grantor with the Grantor surviving the merger as a wholly-owned subsidiary of CGI upon closing of the business combination agreement ("**CGI Business Combination Agreement**") dated 3 August 2022 and entered into among CGI, a subsidiary of CGI and the Grantor (as amended by an amendment dated 20 October 2022, an amendment dated 29 November 2022 and an amendment dated 20 February 2023, as such agreement may be further amended from time to time) became effective.

On 30 August 2024, the Convertible Bonds were automatically converted into the shares of the Grantor ("Grantor Shares") at the conversion price (which shall be derived by dividing the principal amount of the outstanding Convertible Bonds to be converted with the number of the conversion shares, which shall be derived by dividing the principal amount of the outstanding Convertible Bonds to be converted with US\$400,000,000 (equivalent to HK\$3,120,000,000), before multiplying it by the number of the then issued shares of the Grantor as enlarged by the issue of the Grantor Shares upon the conversion of the Convertible Bonds) upon the CGI Merger becoming effective in accordance with the terms and conditions of the Convertible Bonds, and as a result, 772,970 Grantor Shares were allotted and issued to the Group. The automatic conversion of the Convertible Bonds on 30 August 2024 constituted an acquisition of interests in the Grantor by the Group. As at 30 August 2024, 772,970 Grantor Shares represented approximately 1.26% of the total issued Grantor Shares.

於二零二四年八月三十日,第二認購人行使認 沽期權,據此,於有關出售事項完成日期(「**期 權完成」**),第二認購人以期權價格5,400,000 美元出售10,200股Dynamic Indonesia Holdings 股份(佔Dynamic Indonesia Holdings已發行股 份約40.8%)及本集團授予Dynamic Indonesia Holdings合共2,050,000美元的貸款(「股東貸 款))予授出人,由授出人向本集團發行本金額 5,400,000美元的可换股債券(「可換股債券」) 作結算。於期權完成後,本集團不再擁有於 Dynamic Indonesia Holdings之任何股權,該 等透過其於Currenc Group Inc.(「**CGI**」,前稱 INFINT Acquisition Corporation,其股份於紐約 證券交易所上市(紐交所: IFIN),為一間於開 曼群島註冊成立之獲豁免有限公司,其股份於 納斯達克證券交易所上市(納斯達克:CURR)) 權益所持有者則除外。

於二零二四年八月三十日,於日期為二零二二 年八月三日的業務合併協議(「CGI業務合併協 議」)終止後及由CGI、CGI附屬公司及授出人 所訂立者(經日期為二零二二年十月二十日之 修訂、日期為二零二二年十一月二十九日之修 訂及日期為二零二三年二月二十日之修訂所修 訂,該協議可不時進一步修訂)生效後,CGI之 附屬公司與授出人合併(「CGI合併」),而授出 人於合併後仍為CGI之全資附屬公司。

於二零二四年八月三十日,根據可換股債券之 條款及條件,於CGI合併生效後,可換股債券 按換股價(於轉換可換股債券時,換股價格須 根據將予轉換之未償還可換股債券本金金額除 以換股股份數目(乃根據將予轉換之未償還可 換股債券本金金額除以400,000,000美元(相當 於3,120,000,000港元))後,再乘以經發行授 出人股份擴大之授出人當時已發行股份數目得 出)自動轉換為授出人股份(「**授出人股份**」), 因此,772,970股授出人股份配發及發行予本 集團。於二零二四年八月三十日,可換股債券 之自動轉換構成本集團收購授出人之權益。於 二零二四年八月三十日,772,970股授出人股 份佔已發行授出人股份總數約1.26%。

Upon the CGI Merger becoming effective (i.e. 30 August 2024), 695,673 Grantor Shares held by the Group were converted into 452,630 shares in CGI ("**CGI Shares**") (representing approximately 0.97% of the total issued CGI Shares) at the conversion rate of 0.6506357 pursuant to the CGI Business Combination Agreement. Such conversion resulted in the disposal of interests in the Grantor by the Group and the acquisition of interests in CGI by the Group.

Further details of the above disposal and acquisitions are set out in the Company's announcement dated 18 November 2024.

#### **Money Lending Business**

The Group is engaged in the money lending business in Hong Kong through its wholly-owned subsidiary, Mark Profit Finance Limited ("**Mark Profit**"), which is a holder of a money lender's licence under the Money Lenders Ordinance (Chapter 163 of the Laws of Hong Kong). During the year under review, the Group recorded interest income of approximately HK\$6,164,000 (2023: HK\$5,709,000) from its money lending business, and interest income of the Group increased mainly due to the increase in the loans granted by the Group during the year under review. The Group has been paying close attention to the market conditions and will continue to monitor its resources to strive for the development of its money lending business with prudent credit procedures in accepting customers. 於CGI合併生效(即二零二四年八月三十日) 後,本集團持有之695,673股授出人股份已根 據CGI業務合併協議按換股比率0.6506357轉 換為452,630股CGI股份(「CGI股份」)(佔已發行 CGI股份總數約0.97%)。該轉換導致本集團 出售於授出人之權益及本集團收購於CGI之權 益。

上述出售事項及收購事項之進一步詳情載於本公司日期為二零二四年十一月十八日之公佈。

#### 借貸業務

本集團透過全資附屬公司百利財務有限公司 (「**百利**」)在香港從事借貸業務。該公司乃根 據放債人條例(香港法例第163章)持有放債 人牌照。於回顧年度,本集團自借貸業務錄 得利息收入約6,164,000港元(二零二三年: 5,709,000港元)。本集團之利息收入增加乃主 要由於本集團於回顧年度發放的貸款增加。本 集團一直密切關注市場狀況及持續監控其資 源,致力發展借貸業務,同時會對客戶採用審 慎的信貸程序。 Mark profit grants loans to both corporate and individual customers as its target clients. Before entering into any loan agreement or before granting any loan extension, the Group carries out credit assessments of the potential borrower's or borrower's ability to make repayments under the loan agreement and have due regard to the outcome of the credit assessment in respect of affordability. In carrying out the credit assessment, the Group considers (i) the potential borrower's or borrower's current income; (ii) the potential borrower's or borrower's ability to make repayments under the loan agreement as they fall due over the life of the loan agreement; and (iii) without the repayments having a significant adverse impact on the potential borrower's or borrower's overall financial situation. In addition, the Group also considers (i) the total amount of the principal and interest payable; (ii) the duration of the term for repayment of the loan; (iii) the frequency and amounts of the repayments; (iv) the interest rate; (v) purpose of obtaining the loan; (vi) the employment or business of the potential borrower or borrower; and (vii) current credit and financial information on the potential borrower or borrower. For loan applications that pass the Group's credit assessment, the loan applications are subject to final approval by the credit committee of the Group. Credit committee members are appointed by the Board and the quorum of the committee is at least 2 committee members.

#### Composition of the credit committee

Operation of the money lending business of the Group is overseen by the credit committee of the Group.

As at the date of this Annual Report, the credit committee of the Group consists of Mr. Fong Chak Kiu, an executive Director, and a director of Mark Profit. Please refer to the section headed "Directors Profile" of this Annual Report for the biography of Mr. Fong Chak Kiu.

百利向企業及個人客戶(作為其目標客戶)發放 貸款。在簽訂任何貸款協議或給予任何貸款延 期之前,本集團對潛在借款人或借款人根據貸 款協議還款的能力進行信貸評估,並適當考慮 有關負擔能力的信貸評估結果。於進行信貸評 估時,本集團考慮(i)潛在借款人或借款人目前 的收入情況;(ii)潛在借款人或借款人根據貸款 協議於貸款協議年期內償還到期款項的能力; 及(iii)還款對潛在借款人或借款人的整體財務 狀況並無造成重大不利影響。此外,本集團亦 考慮(i)應付本金及利息總額;(ii)償還貸款的期 限;(iii)還款次數及金額;(iv)利率;(v)取得貸 款的目的;(vi)潛在借款人或借款人的就業情 況或業務;及(vii)潛在借款人或借款人的現有 信用及財務資料。對於通過本集團信貸評估的 貸款申請,須經本集團信貸委員會最終批准。 信貸委員會成員由董事會委任,委員會的法定 人數為至少兩名委員會成員。

#### 信貸委員會之組成

本集團借貸業務之運營由本集團信貸委員會監 督。

於本年報日期,本集團信貸委員會包括執行董 事方澤翹先生及一名百利董事。有關方澤翹 先生之履歷資料,請參閱本年報「董事簡介」一 節。

#### Credit assessment process

Prior to grant of a loan to a borrower, the Group carries out the credit assessment process on the potential borrower. The credit assessment process comprises three components:

(a) Documents requirement

Verification of identity, income and asset, and address proofs. All the above required documents are required to be up-to-date which generally are issued within three months from the date of application.

(b) General requirement

For unsecured loan, the maximum loan tenor shall be 12 months, extension of which will be subject to a new credit assessment to be conducted by the credit committee.

For secured loan, the maximum loan amount shall be 80% of the value of collateral with maximum loan tenor of 20 years, whereas secured loan refers to loan which is fully secured by real properties, listed shares, vehicles and/or any assets which is marketable with solid value, subject to credit assessment, as collaterals.

In addition, for individual customer, the potential customer should be 21 years old or above.

(c) Credit requirement

For unsecured loan, the following criteria are considered during the credit assessment:

- financial background of the borrower;
- income level, assets owned and repayment ability;
- other financial information and background of corporation (if applicable);
- internal and external credit checking results; and
- any personal/corporate guarantee provided.

#### 信貸評估程序

於向借款人授出貸款前,本集團對潛在借款人 執行信貸評估程序。信貸評估程序包括三個部 分:

(a) 文件要求

核驗身份、收入及資產以及地址證明材 料。上述全部所需文件須為最新狀態, 通常指自申請當日起計三個月內發出 者。

(b) 一般要求

就無抵押貸款而言,最高貸款期限應為 12個月,如欲延期,則須待信貸委員會 進行一次新的信貸評估,方可作實。

就有抵押貸款而言,最高貸款金額應為 抵押品價值之80%,且最高貸款期限應 為20年。有抵押貸款指以房產、上市股 份、汽車及/或任何可按固定價值出售 之資產(須進行信貸評估)全部抵押作抵押 品之貸款。

此外,就個人客戶而言,潛在客戶應年 滿21歲。

(c) 信貸要求

就無抵押貸款而言,於信貸評估時將考 慮以下標準:

- 借款人的財務背景;
- 收入水平、所擁有的資產及還款能力;
- 公司的其他財務資料及背景(如適 用);
- 內部及外部信用調查結果;及
- 所提供的任何個人/公司擔保。

For unsecured personal loan, the affordability assessment of the borrower's ability to make repayments should be performed in accordance with the 15 licensing conditions for money lenders licence as required by the Companies Registry. The following factors are considered (where applicable) during the credit assessment:

- the total amount of the principal and interest payable;
- the duration of the loan;
- the frequency and amounts of the repayments;
- the interest rate;
- the employment or business of the borrower; and
- current credit and financial information of the borrower.

Reasonable steps would be taken to determine the amount, or make a reasonable estimate, of the current income and expenditure of the borrower. Under certain circumstances, the borrower's assets such as savings would also be considered.

Sufficient information would be obtained for the aforesaid affordability assessment. For monitoring purpose, relevant records of such assessment are properly maintained.

For secured loan, the following criteria are considered during the credit assessment:

- valuation of the to-be-pledged collateral;
- land search record (if applicable);
- acceptable and marketable title to the to-be-pledged collateral;
- marketability and liquidity of the to-be-pledged collateral;
- legitimacy of the to-be-pledged collateral;
- the financial background of the borrower;
- the personal background or background of the corporation;
- internal and external credit checking results; and
- legal advice (if necessary).

就無抵押個人貸款而言,應根據公司註冊處規 定的放債人牌照的15項許可條件,對借款人的 還款能力進行負擔能力評估。於信貸評估時將 考慮以下因素(如適用):

- 應付本金及利息總額;
- 貸款的期限;
- 還款次數及金額;
- 利率;
- 借款人的就業情況或業務;及
- 借款人的現有信用及財務資料。

本公司將採取合理步驟以確定借款人目前的收入及開支金額,或對有關金額進行合理估計。 於若干情況下,亦將考慮借款人的資產(如儲 蓄)。

本公司將獲取足夠資料以進行上述的負擔能力 評估。該評估的相關記錄已獲妥善保存,以作 監察效用。

就有抵押貸款而言,於信貸評估時將考慮以下 標準:

- 予以抵押之抵押品估值;
- 土地查冊記錄(如適用);
- 予以抵押之抵押品之可接受及可銷售所 有權;
- 予以抵押之抵押品之市場流通性及流動 性;
- 予以抵押之抵押品之合法性;
- 借款人的財務背景;
- 個人背景或公司背景;
- 內部及外部信用調查結果;及
- 法律意見(如必要)。

恆泰裕集團控股有限公司 | 二零二四年年報 17

#### Determination of major terms of loans

Terms of the loans (such as amount, interest rate and duration) will be determined based on the prevailing interest rates offered by the banks and money lenders in the market, the background of the borrower (in particular, his income and assets, credit history, etc.), the relationship with the borrower, payment record (for repeated borrowers), the duration and amount of the loan and the security provided (if applicable).

In general, repeated borrowers with good payment records and sound financial background would have potentially lower default rate, and would be granted loans with interest rates at the relatively lower end of the range of the prevailing interest rates offered by the money lenders in the market at the time of the grant or renewals.

#### Monitoring of loan recoverability

The designated officer of the Group monitors the repayment of principals and interests of the loans according to the terms of the loan agreements. The Group generally does not continuously monitor the financial position of the borrowers after the grant of the loans, except there is default or potential default of the loan. In case of irregularities in repayment, overdue or default of the loan, the designated officer of the Group would follow up and negotiate with the borrowers for the repayment, and promptly report to the credit committee.

#### Customers

Customers for the money lending business of the Group are business partners or potential business partners of the Group or persons introduced by the business partners, management or staff of the Group. Nevertheless, the management or staff of the Group are not allowed to engage in approving or processing credit transactions or extending credit involving a customer who is his immediate family member.

Other than an age restriction for individual customers (i.e. the potential customer should be 21 years old or above), there are no specific benchmark for target/potential customers of the Group. Notwithstanding the above, potential customers and their loan applications will be assessed on a case-by-case basis during the credit assessment process as detailed above.

#### 釐定貸款的主要條款

貸款條款(如金額、利率及期限)將根據市場上 銀行及放債人提供的現行利率、借款人的背景 (特別是其收入及資產、信用記錄等)、與借款 人的關係、付款記錄(就重複借款人而言)、 貸款的期限及金額以及提供的擔保(如適用)釐 定。

於一般情況下,具有良好付款記錄及良好財務 背景的重複借款人可能違約率較低,並將獲發 放貸款,其利率於發放或續期時市場上放債人 提供的現行利率範圍中相對較低。

#### 監察貸款的可回收性

本集團指定負責人根據貸款協議的條款監察貸款本金及利息的償還情況。本集團一般不會於 貸款發放後持續監察借款人的財務狀況(除出 現拖欠或可能拖欠貸款的情況外)。倘出現違 規還款、貸款逾期或違約,本集團指定負責人 將跟進並與借款人協商還款事宜,並及時向信 貸委員會報告。

#### 客戶

本集團借貸業務客戶為本集團業務夥伴或潛在 業務夥伴或者本集團業務夥伴、管理層或員工 介紹的人士。儘管如此,本集團管理層或員工 不得參與批准或處理客戶為其直係親屬的信貸 交易或信貸展期。

除了對個人客戶的年齡限制(即潛在客戶應年 滿21歲)外,本集團對目標/潛在客戶並無特 殊基準。儘管存在上述規定,潛在客戶及其貸 款申請將於上文詳述的信貸評估程序進行時按 個案基準評估。

#### Loan portfolio as at 31 December 2024

於二零二四年十二月三十一日之貸款組合

The table below sets out the details of the loans which were outstanding as at 31 December 2024:

下表載列於二零二四年十二月三十一日尚未償 還之貸款詳情:

	Principal amount of loan 貸款本金額 (HK\$) (港元)	Date of grant 授出日期	<b>Tenure of</b> <b>the loan</b> <b>貸款期限</b> (Note 1) (附註1)	Interest rate per annum and repayment schedule 年利率及 還款時間表	Outstanding balance as at 31 December 2024 於二零二四年 十二月三十一日 尚未償還結餘 (HK\$) (港元)
Loan 1 (Note 2) 貸款1(附註2)	19,000,000	18/09/2023 二零二三年九月十八日	1 year 一年	12%; Quarterly 12%;每季度	15,282,760
貢款 (的社2) Loan 2 貸款2	3,200,000	二零二二年九月十八日 11/01/2024 二零二四年一月十一日	+ 1 year 一年	12%; Quarterly 12%; 每季度	789,452
Loan 3 貸款3	4,000,000	14/02/2024 二零二四年二月十四日	1 year 一年	12%; Quarterly 12%;每季度	4,000,000
Loan 4 貸款4	1,290,000	28/05/2024 二零二四年五月二十八日	1 year 一年	12%; Quarterly 12%;每季度	1,290,000
Loan 5 貸款5	3,400,000	28/05/2024 二零二四年五月二十八日	1 year 一年	12%; Quarterly 12%;每季度	3,400,000
Loan 6 貸款6	300,000	25/06/2024 二零二四年六月二十五日	1 year 一年	12%; Quarterly 12%;每季度	300,000
Loan 7 貸款7	4,930,000	28/06/2024 二零二四年六月二十八日	1 year 一年	12%; Quarterly 12%;每季度	4,930,000
Loan 8 貸款8	1,196,772	28/11/2024 二零二四年十一月二十八日	1 year 一年	12.5%; Semi-annually 12.5%;每半年	1,196,772
Loan 9 貸款9	2,400,000	28/11/2024 二零二四年十一月二十八日	1 year 一年	12.5%; Semi-annually 12.5%;每半年	2,400,000
Loan 10 貸款10	2,655,020	8/12/2024 二零二四年十二月八日	1 year 一年	12.5%; Quarterly 12.5%;每季度	1,675,024
Loan 11 貸款11	8,079,562	31/12/2024 二零二四年十二月三十一日	1 year 一年	12.5%; Semi-annually 12.5%;每半年	8,079,562

#### Notes:

- (1) The terms of the loan commenced from the drawdown date of the relevant loan.
- (2) This loan is a secured loan.

#### 附註:

(1) 貸款期限自提取有關貸款之日開始。

(2) 該筆貸款為有抵押貸款。

As at 31 December 2024, the Group had 5 (2023: 6) borrowers who were all individuals, with merchant and professional background. The Group's loans and loan interest receivable balance (net of provision) amounted to approximately HK\$41,405,000 (2023: HK\$50,829,000), out of which approximately HK\$41,405,000 (2023: HK\$50,513,000) (representing approximately 100% (2023: 99.4%) of the total loans and loan interest receivables of the Group) was due from the five (2023: five) largest borrowers of the Group and approximately HK\$15,283,000 (2023: HK\$18,844,000) (representing approximately 36.9% (2023: 37.1%) of the total loans and loan interest receivables of the Group) was due from the largest borrower of the Group. All of the borrowers of the loans are independent of the Company and its connected persons (as defined in Chapter 20 of the GEM Listing Rules), have no past business or deals with the Company other than being repeated borrowers (as the case may be).

As at 31 December 2024 and 2023, one of the loans receivables of the Group was secured.

As at 31 December 2024, the loans receivables had a fixed term of 12 months (2023: 12 months), with interest being charged at rates ranging from 12% to 12.5% per annum (2023: 10.5% to 12% per annum).

The Group recorded a provision for impairment loss on loan and interest receivables of approximately HK\$1,581,000 during the year ended 31 December 2024 (2023: HK\$175,000). The increase in provision for impairment loss on loan and interest receivables was due to increased market volatility led uncertainty in recoverability of loan and interest receivables and increased the expected credit loss.

The amount of loss allowance of loans made during the year ended 31 December 2024 was assessed by an independent valuer prepared in accordance with the Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards and Hong Kong Accounting Standards, specifically Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards 9 Financial Instruments, details of which are set out in note 22 to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2024. The amount of loss allowance was determined by multiplying the sum of the loans and the corresponding interest receivable balance by the relevant credit loss rate. The credit loss rates of the loans were determined with an assumption that the market trends and conditions where the Company operates will not deviate significantly from economic forecasts in general and the probabilities of defaults were extracted from public sources by the valuer. 於二零二四年十二月三十一日,本集團有5名 (二零二三年:6名)借款人(均為具商業及專業 背景的個人)。本集團應收貸款及貸款利息結 餘(扣除撥備)約為41,405,000港元(二零二三 年:50,829,000港元),其中約41,405,000港 元(二零二三年:50,513,000港元)(佔本集團 應收貸款及貸款利息總額約100%(二零二三 年:99.4%))為應收本集團五(二零二三年: 五)大借款人款項,而約15,283,000港元(二 零二三年:18,844,000港元)(佔本集團應收 貸款及貸款利息總額約36.9%(二零二三年: 37.1%))為應收本集團最大借款人款項。該等 貸款的所有借款人均獨立於本公司及其關連人 士(定義見GEM上市規則第20章),且與本公司 並無過往業務或交易(作為重複借款人(視情況 而定)除外)。

於二零二四年及二零二三年十二月三十一日, 本集團其中一項應收貸款為有抵押。

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,應收貸款的固 定期限為12個月(二零二三年:12個月),年利 率介乎12%至12.5%(二零二三年:年利率介 乎10.5%至12%)。

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度,本 集團錄得應收貸款及利息減值虧損撥備約 1,581,000港元(二零二三年:175,000港元)。 應收貸款及利息減值虧損撥備增加乃由於市場 波動增加而導致應收貸款及利息的可收回性不 確定因素及預期信貸虧損增加。

於截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度所作 出的貸款虧損撥備金額乃經獨立估值師評估後 根據香港財務報告準則及香港會計準則(特別 是香港財務報告準則第9號「金融工具」)計提, 有關詳情載於截至二零二四年十二月三十一日 止年度之綜合財務報表附註22。虧損撥備金額 乃通過以貸款與相應應收利息結餘之和乘以相 關信貸虧損率而釐定。貸款信貸虧損率之釐定 乃假設本公司營運所在的市場趨勢及條件將不 會大幅偏離整體經濟預測,而違約概率由估值 師摘取自公共來源。 The Company has complied with the requirements set out in Chapter 19 and/or 20 of the GEM Listing Rules when it granted the loans to the borrowers. There was no agreement, arrangement, understanding or undertaking (whether formal or informal and whether express or implied) between the Company and any of its connected persons (as defined in Chapter 20 of the GEM Listing Rules) with respect to the grant of the loans to the borrowers.

#### **Assets Investments Business**

During the year ended 31 December 2024, the Group recorded a segment loss from its assets investment business of approximately HK\$50,592,000 (2023: HK\$31,631,000), and the increase in loss was primarily attributable to the increase in fair value loss on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss ("**FVTPL**") of approximately HK\$21,009,000, the Group recorded fair value loss on financial assets at FVTPL of approximately HK\$29,567,000 (2023: HK\$8,558,000) during the year ended 31 December 2024, which was mainly attributable to the fair value loss of approximately HK\$14,666,000 (2023: HK\$Nil) resulting from the fair value change in listed shares in United States and approximately HK\$5,296,000 (2023: HK\$4,676,000) resulting from the fair value change in Put Option.

During the year ended 31 December 2024, the Group's share of losses of associates of approximately HK\$20,573,000 (2023: HK\$14,692,000).

During the year ended 31 December 2024, the Group recorded fair value loss on financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income ("**FVTOCI**") of approximately HK\$885,000 (2023: fair value gain of HK\$28,054,000).

On 10 May 2023,上海市第三中級人民法院(in English for identification purpose only, Shanghai Third Intermediate People's Court) ("**Shanghai Court**") announced that Shanghai Well C.P.A. Partnership (上海華皓會計師事務所(普通合夥)) has been appointed as the administrator ("**Administrator**") in respect of the insolvent liquidation of Jixiang, a then wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company ("**Liquidation**"), following its acceptance of the application made by LEO Group Co., Ltd. for the liquidation, further details of which have been set out in the Company's announcement dated 7 February 2023. On 15 May 2023, Jixiang received a list from the Administrator, including its assets, seals, and books and records ("**Handover**").

本公司於向借款人發放貸款時已遵守GEM上市 規則第19及/或20章所載規定。本公司與其 任何關連人士(定義見GEM上市規則第20章)之 間並無就向借款人發放貸款訂立任何協議、安 排、諒解或承諾(不論正式或非正式及不論明 示或暗示)。

#### 資產投資業務

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度,本集 團自資產投資業務錄得分部虧損約50,592,000 港元(二零二三年:31,631,000港元),有關虧 損增加主要由於按公平值透過損益列賬(「按 公平值透過損益列賬」)之金融資產之公平值 虧損增加約21,009,000港元,本集團於截至 二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度錄得按公 平值透過損益列賬之金融資產之公平值虧損 約29,567,000港元(二零二三年:8,558,000 港元),主要由於美國上市股份之公平值變 動產生公平值虧損約14,666,000港元(二零二 三年:零港元)及認沽期權公平值變動產生 公平值虧損約5,296,000港元(二零二三年: 4,676,000港元)。

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度,本 集團的分佔聯營公司虧損約為20,573,000港元 (二零二三年:14,692,000港元)。

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度,本集 團錄得按公平值透過其他全面收益列賬(「按公 平值透過其他全面收益列賬」)之金融資產之公 平值虧損約885,000港元(二零二三年:公平值 收益28,054,000港元)。

於二零二三年五月十日,上海市第三中級人民 法院(「法院」)宣佈,在其受理利歐集團有限公 司作出清算申請後,上海華皓會計師事務所 (普通合夥)已就有關本公司當時一間全資附屬 公司迹象之破產清算事項(「清算」)獲委任為管 理人(「管理人」)。有關事項之進一步詳情已載 於本公司日期為二零二三年二月七日之公佈。 於二零二三年五月十五日,迹象從管理人處收 到一份移交物清單,須將包括其資產、印章及 賬簿以及記錄等移交管理人(「移交」)。

Due to the loss of control over Jixiang upon the effective date of the Handover as of 31 May 2023, with effect from such date, Jixiang was deemed to be disposed of by the Group and it has been deconsolidated from the consolidated financial statements of the Company. After the deemed disposal of Jixiang on 31 May 2023, Jixiang ceased to be a subsidiary of the Company and the financial assets at FVTOCI held by Jixiang were deemed to be disposed of by the Group.

Further details of the deemed disposal of Jixiang are set out in the Company's announcement dated 19 May 2023.

The Directors consider securities investments with a carrying amount that accounts for more than 5% of the Group's total assets as at 31 December 2024 as significant securities investments of the Group. Details of the significant securities investments of the Group as at 31 December 2024 are as follows:

#### Luck Key

As at 31 December 2024, the Group held 10,650 ordinary shares of Luck Key, representing 48.33% of the equity interest of Luck Key, the investment cost of which was approximately HK\$56,511,000. As at 31 December 2024, the carrying amount of this investment was approximately HK\$22,942,000 representing approximately 6% of the total assets of the Group as at 31 December 2024. During the year under review, the share of Luck Key's total comprehensive loss of the investment attributable to the Group amounted to approximately HK\$17,345,000 (2023: HK\$12,521,000). No realised or unrealised gain or loss was recorded by the Group with respect to its investment in Luck Key for the year ended 31 December 2024 (2023: Nil). The Group did not receive dividend income from this investment during the year ended 31 December 2024. During the year ended 31 December 2023, the Group received dividend income of approximately HK\$34,314,000 from this investment.

Luck Key together with its subsidiaries, ("Luck Key Group") are principally engaged in the provision of medical diagnostic and health check services. Luck Key Group has commenced its business since 2006 and has a long and well established operating history. Luck Key Group provides a wide range of medical diagnostic and health check services, including high-end imaging and laboratory examinations to the customers through operation of health check centres and laboratories in Hong Kong. As at the date of this Annual Report, Luck Key Group has a considerable scale of operation as it operates eleven health check centres and two laboratories in Hong Kong under various brand names (including "Hong Kong Health Check" (香港體檢)), with its flagship centre located in Jordan, Kowloon.

由於截至二零二三年五月三十一日(移交生效 日期)後對迹象失去控制,迹象被視作被本集 團出售,而其已被終止於本公司綜合財務報表 入賬。於二零二三年五月三十一日視作出售迹 象後,迹象不再為本公司的附屬公司,而迹象 持有的按公平值透過其他全面收益列賬之金融 資產視作由本集團出售。

視作出售迹象的進一步詳情載於本公司日期為 二零二三年五月十九日的公佈。

董事認為面值超過本集團於二零二四年十二月 三十一日資產總值5%的證券投資為本集團的 重大證券投資。於二零二四年十二月三十一 日,本集團之重大證券投資詳情如下:

#### Luck Key

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,本集團持有 10,650股Luck Key普通股,佔Luck Key股權之 48.33%,投資成本約56,511,000港元。於二 零二四年十二月三十一日,該投資之賬面值 約為22,942,000港元,佔本集團於二零二四 年十二月三十一日之總資產約6%。於回顧年 度,本集團應佔Luck Key投資全面虧損總額約 為17,345,000港元(二零二三年:12,521,000 港元)。截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年 度,本集團概無就其於Luck Key之投資錄得已 變現或未變現收益或虧損(二零二三年:無)。 本集團於截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年 度並無收到來自該投資之股息收入。截至二零 二三年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團收到來 自該投資之股息收入約34,314,000港元。

Luck Key(連同其附屬公司統稱「Luck Key集 團」)主要從事提供醫學診斷及體檢服務。Luck Key集團自二零零六年起開始營業,擁有長久 且良好的經營史。Luck Key集團透過於香港運 營體檢中心及實驗室,向客戶提供廣泛的醫 學診斷及體檢服務,包括高端造影及實驗室檢 查。於本年報日期,Luck Key集團經營規模龐 大,在香港以多個品牌(包括「香港體檢」)營運 十一個體檢中心及兩間實驗室,其旗艦體檢中 心位於九龍佐敦。 During the year under review, the revenue of Luck Key amounted to approximately HK\$194,097,000 (2023: HK\$218,216,000), representing a decrease of approximately 11%. The loss attributable to the shareholders of Luck Key for the year under review amounted to approximately HK\$35,597,000 (2023: HK\$25,907,000). Luck Key Group has assembled a professional and experienced group of management personnel with extensive experience and in-depth understanding of the industry. The management of Luck Key will strive to improve the operational efficiency of its health check business so as to enhance its competitiveness in the market and its profitability.

As at 31 December 2024, except for the Group's investment in Luck Key, none of the carrying amount of the investments of the Group accounted for more than 5% of the Group total assets.

The Group will continue to hold the investments in its portfolio, unless there are changes in its investment strategy or potential opportunities in realising its existing investments in securities arise, taking into account the prospects of the issuers of the securities investments, and the Group's objective to optimise the returns from its investment portfolios and create value for the Shareholders.

## PROSPECTS

Looking ahead, it is expected that downside risks including geopolitical tensions, trade fragmentation, uncertainties arising from the recent economic turmoil, the Russo-Ukrainian War, the Israeli-Palestinian conflict and the Iran-Israel conflict, will predominate the global economy. The global economic conditions will remain the key uncertainty in relation to the revival of the global economy. 於回顧年度,Luck Key之收入約為194,097,000 港元(二零二三年:218,216,000港元),減 少約11%。於回顧年度,Luck Key之股東應 佔虧損約為35,597,000港元(二零二三年: 25,907,000港元)。Luck Key集團已組建一支 專業的管理人員團隊,該等管理人員擁有豐富 的經驗,對行業有深入的了解。Luck Key的管 理層將致力提高體檢業務的營運效率,以增強 其市場競爭力及盈利能力。

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,除本集團於 Luck Key之投資外,概無本集團投資賬面值佔 超過本集團資產總值之5%。

經計及證券投資發行公司之前景以及本集團優 化其投資組合回報及為股東創造價值的目標, 除非其投資策略有變或出現變現其現有證券投 資的潛在機會,否則本集團將繼續維持其現有 投資組合。

# 前景

展望未來,預期包括地緣政治緊張局勢、貿易 碎片化、自近期經濟動盪、俄烏戰爭、以巴衝 突及伊朗-以色列衝突帶來的不確定因素等的 下行風險將主導全球經濟。全球經濟狀況將仍 然為與全球經濟復甦有關的主要不確定因素。

The restaurant at Balgownie is open to off-site customers and inhouse guests staying at Balgownie to enjoy casual and fine dining experiences. With the restaurant (together with the existing function centre) reaching a maximum capacity of approximately 270 customers, the Group provides conference and events services such as hosting weddings and corporate events to broaden the Group's income stream. The Group intends to brand Balgownie as an integrated resort-based travel destination for leisure and eventhosting. Balgownie has a "Wine Club", which is a subscriptionbased membership, offering club members exclusive benefits and early access to Balgownie's wines and resort products and services. As at 31 December 2024, the "Wine Club" has acquired approximately 1,500 club members. The Group believes this will help to generate additional income and growth across the resort's products and services. In October 2024, Balgownie completed the Renovation Work, and it is expected that the occupancy rate of Balgownie will improve and the revenue from the provision of hospitality and related services will increase in 2025.

Going forward, except for the business of provision of services through network media which had been classified by the Group as a discontinued operation, the Group will continue to carry on its existing businesses by formulation and implementation of its own business plans and strategies and leveraging its own business model, competitiveness and strengths so as to develop, maintain and enhance its existing businesses, which will be viable and sustainable and will be able to create value and investment return for the Shareholders. 除入住博爾基尼的賓客外,博爾基尼餐廳接受 外部賓客預訂,以享受用餐體驗。餐廳(連同 現有宴會中心)可接待人數達到約270名賓客, 本集團亦提供會議及活動服務,如舉辦婚禮或 企業活動,以擴闊本集團的收入來源。本集團 打算將博爾基尼品牌打造為適合休閒及舉辦活 動的綜合性度假旅游勝地。博爾基尼擁有一個 「葡萄酒俱樂部」,俱樂部為會費模式,為會員 提供專屬福利,並可預先享用博爾基尼葡萄酒 以及度假產品及服務。於二零二四年十二月三 十一日,「葡萄酒俱樂部」已獲得約1,500名俱 樂部成員加入。本集團認為,此將有助產生額 外收入,並推動度假產品及服務增長。於二零 二四年十月,博爾基尼完成翻新工程,預期博 爾基尼入住率將有所改善,而提供酒店及相關 服務之收入於二零二五年將會增加。

日後,除本集團已分類為已終止經營業務之透 過網絡媒體提供服務之業務外,本集團將繼續 通過制定及實施自身的業務計劃與策略,利用 自身的業務模式、競爭力和優勢開展其現有業 務,進而發展、保持並加強現有業務。通過以 上可行且可持續的方式,將可為股東創造價值 及投資回報。

#### Strategic Update

Entering into 2025, both the regional and global markets will unquestionably remain sensitive to geopolitical and macroeconomic uncertainties. The Group's focus will be on (i) maintaining operational resilience in times of unpredictability and challenges; (ii) remaining competitive and forward-thinking, skillfully executing its strategy; and (iii) exploring new opportunities, experimenting and moving steadily and boldly towards greater success.

The Group's focus will remain on the successful execution of its strategic plans and working together with the regulators and other stakeholders to support the prosperity and sustainability of the markets and communities where the Group operates. Also, the Group's commitment to strengthening its competitiveness will remain a core focus in the years ahead. The Group is confident that the efforts it has been making will position it strongly for the next phase of its journey and generate value over the longer term.

#### 策略更新

步入二零二五年,地區及全球市場毫無疑問 地均依然對地緣政治及宏觀經濟不確定性保 持敏感。本集團將聚焦於(i)在不可預測及充滿 挑戰時期保持運營彈性;(ii)保持競爭力及前瞻 性,巧妙實施策略;及(iii)探索新機會,勇敢 嘗試,向更大的成功穩步大膽邁進。

本集團的重點將依然是成功實施策略計劃,並 與監管機構及其他持份者共同努力,支持本集 團營運所在市場及社區的繁榮與可持續發展。 此外,本集團致力提高競爭力仍將是未來幾年 的核心重點。本集團有信心,一直以來所付出 的努力將為下一征程的發展奠定堅實基礎及創 造長遠價值。

#### FINANCIAL RESOURCES AND LIQUIDITY

As at 31 December 2024, the total assets of the Group were approximately HK\$369,409,000 (2023: HK\$441,502,000) including cash and cash equivalents of approximately HK\$10,987,000 (2023: HK\$6,569,000), among which approximately 93% (2023: 47%) were denominated in Hong Kong dollars, 1% (2023: 14%) were denominated in United States dollars and 6% (2023: 39%) were denominated in Australian dollars. As at 31 December 2024, the Group had borrowings repayable within one year (or on demand) of approximately HK\$95,546,000 (2023: HK\$38,439,000). These borrowings bore interest at average rate of 8.3% per annum (2023: 7.7% per annum), among which approximately 30% (2023: 15%) were subject to fixed interest rates. Out of the total borrowings as at 31 December 2024, approximately 75% (2023: 89%) were denominated in Australian dollars and approximately 25% (2023: 11%) was denominated in Hong Kong dollars. As at 31 December 2024, the Group had borrowing facilities to the extent of approximately HK\$104,392,000 (2023: HK\$89,910,000). As at 31 December 2024, approximately HK\$103,091,000 (2023: HK\$65,959,000) of the facilities had been utilised by the Group. There is no seasonality in relation to the borrowing requirements of the Group.

As at 31 December 2024, the Group's gearing ratio (calculated on the basis of total liabilities to total assets) was 0.40 times (2023: 0.28 times) and its net debt-to-equity capital ratio (calculated as the total trade and other payables, accruals and provision, interest-bearing bank and other borrowings, derivative financial liabilities, convertible loans, and lease liabilities less pledged time deposit and cash and cash equivalents, over equity attributable to the Shareholders) was 0.56 times (2023: 0.34 times).

## 財務資源及流動資金

於二零二四年十二月三十一日, 本集團資 產總值約為369,409,000港元(二零二三年: 441,502,000港元),包括現金及等同現金項目 約10,987,000港元(二零二三年:6,569,000港 元),其中約93%(二零二三年:47%)以港元 計值、1%(二零二三年:14%)以美元計值以 及6%(二零二三年:39%)以澳元計值。於二 零二四年十二月三十一日,本集團須於一年 內(或按要求)償還之借貸約為95,546,000港元 (二零二三年:38,439,000港元)。該等借貸按 平均年利率8.3%(二零二三年:年利率7.7%) 計息,其中約30%(二零二三年:15%)按固 定利率計息。於二零二四年十二月三十一日的 借貸總額中,約75%(二零二三年:89%)以澳 元計值及約25%(二零二三年:11%)以港元計 值。於二零二四年十二月三十一日,本集團的 借貸額度為約104,392,000港元(二零二三年: 89,910,000港元)。於二零二四年十二月三十 一日,本集團已動用額度中約103,091,000港 元(二零二三年:65,959,000港元)。本集團並 無季節性的借貸需求。

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,本集團資產負 債比率(按負債總額除以資產總值計算)為0.40 倍(二零二三年:0.28倍)及債務淨額相對股本 比率(按貿易及其他應付款項、應計費用及撥 備、計息銀行及其他借貸、衍生金融負債、可 換股貸款以及租賃負債的總和減已抵押定期存 款及現金及等同現金項目除以股東應佔權益計 算)為0.56倍(二零二三年:0.34倍)。

## CAPITAL STRUCTURE

As at 31 December 2024, the Group had shareholders' equity of approximately HK\$223,276,000 (2023: HK\$317,506,000).

As at 31 December 2024, the Group had borrowings of approximately HK\$103,091,000 (2023: HK\$65,959,000). Certain loans are subject to the fulfilment of covenants commonly found in lending arrangements with financial institutions. If the Group was to breach the covenants, the draw down facilities would become repayable on demand. In addition, the Group's certain loan agreements contain clauses which give the lenders the right at their sole discretion to demand immediate repayment at any time irrespective of whether the Group has complied with the covenants and met the scheduled repayment obligations.

The exposure of the Group's borrowings is as follows:

# 資本架構

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,本集團擁有 股東權益約223,276,000港元(二零二三年: 317,506,000港元)。

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,本集團擁 有借貸約103,091,000港元(二零二三年: 65,959,000港元)。若干貸款須待滿足金融機 構借貸安排常見契約的條件後方可獲得。倘本 集團違反有關契約,所提取之融資將須按要求 償還。此外,本集團之若干貸款協議包含可賦 予貸方權利隨時全權酌情要求立刻還款之條 款,而不論本集團是否已遵守有關契約及已履 行預定還款責任。

本集團之借貸風險如下:

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元 (Audited) (經審核)	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元 (Audited) (經審核)
Fixed-rate borrowings Variable-rate borrowings	固定利率借貸 浮動利率借貸	30,740 72,351	10,188 55,771
		103,091	65,959
Secured Unsecured	有抵押 無抵押	72,567 30,524	55,771 10,188
		103,091	65,959
The carrying amounts of the above borrowings are repayable: Within one year or on demand In the second year In the third to fifth years, inclusive	須於以下日期償還的上述借 貸之賬面值: 一年內或按要求 第二年 第三至第五年(包括首尾兩年)	95,546 7,545 — 103,091	38,439 5,759 21,761 65,959

Note:

附註:

The average effective interest rates per annum on the Group's borrowings are as follows:

本集團借貸之平均實際年利率如下:

		2024 二零二四年	2023 二零二三年
Average effective interest rate: Fixed-rate borrowings Variable-rate borrowings	平均實際利率: 固定利率借貸 浮動利率借貸	10.6% 7.3%	9.5% 7.4%

#### FOREIGN EXCHANGE

# 外匯

During the year under review, the Group mainly generated revenue and incurred costs in Hong Kong dollars and Australian dollars. The Group did not invest in any derivative product for hedging during the year under review. Nevertheless, the Group will keep monitoring its foreign currency risk and when there are uncertainties or material fluctuations in the foreign exchange rates, the Group will consider using appropriate hedging instruments, including futures and forward contracts in managing the Group's exposure in relation to fluctuations in the foreign exchange rates.

## CHARGE ON THE GROUP'S ASSETS

While certain borrowing facilities of the Group as at 31 December 2024 were secured by freehold land, buildings and motor vehicles of approximately HK\$75,611,000, borrowing facilities of the Group as at 31 December 2023 were secured by freehold land and buildings of approximately HK\$85,162,000.

於回顧年度,本集團之收入及成本主要以港元 及澳元計值。本集團於回顧年度並無投資任何 衍生工具產品以作對沖。雖然如此,本集團將 繼續監察其外匯風險,外匯匯率如存有任何不 確定性或出現重大波動,本集團將考慮使用適 當之對沖工具(包括期貨及遠期合約),管理本 集團有關外匯匯率波動之風險。

# 本集團之資產抵押

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,本集團若干 借貸融資已以永久業權土地、樓宇及汽車約 75,611,000港元,而於二零二三年十二月三十 一日,本集團的借貸融資以永久業權土地及樓 宇約85,162,000港元抵押。

## CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

# 資本承擔

Significant capital expenditure contracted for as at 31 December 2024 and 2023 but not recognised as liabilities is as follows:

於二零二四年及二零二三年十二月三十一日, 已訂約但尚未確認為負債的重大資本開支如 下:

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元 (Audited) (經審核)	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元 (Audited) (經審核)
Property, plant and equipment — Renovation of Balgownie	物業、廠房及設備 - 翻新博爾基尼	_	15,166

#### LITIGATION AND CLAIMS

The Group was involved in the following legal proceedings and claims:

(a) On 19 December 2017, Ever Robust Holdings Limited ("Ever Robust"), an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, received a writ of summons with a statement of claim ("Writ") issued in the Court of First Instance of the High Court of Hong Kong ("Court") by Convoy Global Holdings Limited ("Convoy"), Convoy Collateral Limited ("Second Plaintiff") and CSL Securities Limited ("Third Plaintiff", together with Convoy and the Second Plaintiff, collectively as the "Plaintiffs") against, among other defendants, Ever Robust (together with the other defendants, collectively as the "Defendants").

Based on the Writ, the orders sought by the Plaintiffs against Ever Robust are as follows: (i) Convoy sought an order as against, among others, Ever Robust, that the allotment of the shares in Convoy by Convoy to, among others, Ever Robust on 29 October 2015, be set aside; (ii) the Second Plaintiff and the Third Plaintiff sought an order that the financing facilities granted by them, including the loan ("Convoy Loan") in the amount of HK\$129,000,000 granted to Ever Robust by the Second Plaintiff on 9 November 2015, and the margin loan ("Margin Loan") granted to Ever Robust by the Third Plaintiff which amounted to HK\$67,574,473 as at 29 March 2016, be rescinded; and (iii) the Plaintiffs sought against, among others, Ever Robust for (a) general or special damages; (b) interests; (c) costs; and (d) further and/or other reliefs ("Convoy Proceedings"). As at 19 December 2017, Ever Robust had fully repaid the Convoy Loan and the Margin Loan and did not hold any shares in Convoy.

## 訴訟及申索

本集團牽涉下列法律訴訟及申索:

(a) 於二零一七年十二月十九日,本公司之間接全資附屬公司連捷控股有限公司 (「連捷」)接獲康宏環球控股有限公司(「庫 宏」)、康宏財務有限公司(「第二原告人」) 及康證有限公司(「第三原告人」,連同康 宏及第二原告人統稱「原告人」)於香港高 等法院(「法院」)原訟法庭向包括連捷在內 的其他被告人(連同其他被告人統稱「被 告人」)發出的傳訊令狀連同申索書(「令 狀」)。

> 根據令狀,原告人對連捷尋求的命令如 下:(i)康宏向連捷尋求命令(其中包括) 康宏於二零一五年十月二十九日向(其中 包括) 連捷配發的康宏股份予以撤銷;(ii) 第二原告人及第三原告人尋求有關廢止 彼等授出的財務融資的命令,包括由第 二原告人於二零一五年十一月九日向連 捷授出的金額為129,000,000港元的貸款 (「康宏貸款」),及由第三原告人於二零 一六年三月二十九日向連捷授出的金額 為67.574.473港元的召展貸款(「**召展貸** 款」);及(iii)原告人向連捷尋求(其中包括) (a)一般或特定損害賠償;(b)利息;(c)成 本;及(d)進一步及/或其他寬免(「**康宏 訴訟」**)。於二零一七年十二月十九日,連 捷已悉數償還康宏貸款及孖展貸款及並 無持有任何康宏股份。

On 6 March 2018, a case management conference hearing was held before the Honourable Mr. Justice Harris on the Convoy Proceedings. On 9 July 2018, Ever Robust has received an amended writ of summons and an amended statement of claim ("Amended Statement of Claim"). Pursuant to the Amended Statement of Claim, the reliefs sought by the Plaintiffs against Ever Robust are amended as follows: (i) a declaration and order as against among others, Ever Robust, that the allotment of the shares in Convoy by Convoy to, among others, Ever Robust, on 29 October 2015, is null and void, or has been rescinded and set aside (as sought by Convoy); (ii) an account of profits and an order for payment of any sums found to be due, equitable compensation to be assessed, and/or damages to be assessed for breach of fiduciary, common law and/ or statutory duties, dishonest assistance, unlawful means conspiracy and/or lawful means conspiracy, as against, among others, Ever Robust (as sought by Convoy); (iii) an order against, among others, Ever Robust, for an account of profits and an order for payment of any sums found to be due, equitable compensation to be assessed, and/or damages to be assessed for breach of fiduciary, common law and/or statutory duties, dishonest assistance, unlawful means conspiracy and/or lawful means conspiracy (as sought by the Second Plaintiff and the Third Plaintiff); and (iv) against, among others, Ever Robust, for (a) general or special damages; (b) interests; (c) costs; and (d) further and/or other reliefs (as sought by all the Plaintiffs).

On 27 July 2018, Ever Robust received a sealed order ("**Order**") dated 28 June 2018 against, among other Defendants, Ever Robust, in which 11 parties are ordered to join the proceedings as additional defendants. Pursuant to the Order, it is further ordered, among other matters, as to between the Plaintiffs and Ever Robust (among certain other Defendants), that the Plaintiffs do have leave to file and serve the Amended Statement of Claim.

On 30 November 2018, Ever Robust received a copy sealed order dated 1 November 2018 against, among other defendants, Ever Robust, in which a party is ordered to join the proceedings as an additional defendant.

於二零一八年三月六日,夏利士法官就 康宏訴訟進行了案件管理會議聆訊。於 二零一八年七月九日,連捷已接獲經修 訂傳訊令狀及經修訂申索書(「經修訂申索 書」)。根據經修訂申索書,原告人尋求對 連捷的寬免修訂如下:(i)一項針對(其中 包括)連捷的關於康宏於二零一五年十月 二十九日向(其中包括)連捷配發康宏股份 的聲明及命令為無效或已撤回及撤銷(如 康宏所尋求);(ii)交出所得利潤令及一項 就違反授信責任、普通法及/或法定責 任、不誠實協助、非法及/或合法手段 串謀而針對(其中包括)連捷作出的有關支 付任何應付款項、將予評定之衡平補償 及/或將予評定之損害賠償的命令(如康 宏所尋求);(iii)對(其中包括)連捷頒令交 出所得利潤及頒令其因違反授信責任、 普通法及/或法定責任、不誠實協助、 非法及/或合法手段串謀而須支付任何 應付款項、將予評定之衡平補償及/或 將予評定之損害賠償(如第二原告人及 第三原告人所尋求);及(iv)針對(其中包 括) 連捷的(a) 一般或特定損害賠償; (b) 利 息;(c)成本;及(d)進一步及/或其他寬 免(如所有原告人所尋求)。

於二零一八年七月二十七日,連捷接獲 一份針對包括連捷等被告人發出日期為 二零一八年六月二十八日之蓋印命令(「命 令」),當中頒令11名涉事方作為新增被 告人加入有關法律程序。除有關原告人 及連捷(包括若干其他被告人)間的其他事 項外,該命令亦進一步頒令稱原告人已 獲許可存檔及送達經修訂申索書。

於二零一八年十一月三十日,連捷接獲 一份針對包括連捷等被告人發出日期為 二零一八年十一月一日之蓋印命令副 本,當中頒令一名涉事方作為新增被告 人加入有關法律程序。 On 10 December 2018, Ever Robust filed its defence ("**Defence**") to the Plaintiff's claim in the Convoy Proceedings with the Court. Pursuant to the Defence, Ever Robust avers that the Plaintiffs are not entitled to any relief against Ever Robust in the Convoy Proceedings.

On 30 August 2019, Ever Robust filed its amended Defence pursuant to the order of Hon Harris J dated 12 July 2019.

Further details of the Convoy Proceedings are set out in the Company's announcements dated 19 December 2017, 1 June 2018, 7 June 2018 and 25 July 2018.

After seeking the legal opinion, the Group considered that there was no assessed monetary claim by Plaintiffs and it is premature to give opinion on the probable outcome and estimate the ultimate liability.

(b) On 2 January 2018, Ever Robust received a petition ("Petition") issued in the Court by Zhu Xiao Yan ("Petitioner") against, among other respondents, Ever Robust. Based on the Petition, the Petitioner has held and continues to hold 3,234,000 shares in Convoy since around mid-2015, and the Petitioner sought the following orders against, among others, Ever Robust: (i) a declaration that the placement of 3,989,987,999 shares in Convoy by Convoy to, among other placees, Ever Robust, and/or such placed shares are void ab initio and of no legal effect or, alternatively, be set aside; (ii) damages for dilution of the Petitioner's shareholding; (iii) interest; (iv) such further or other relief and all necessary and consequential directions as the Court may think fit; and (v) costs ("Zhu Proceedings"). As at 2 January 2018, Ever Robust did not hold any shares in Convoy.

On 6 March 2018, a case management conference was held on the Zhu Proceedings, in which the Honourable Mr. Justice Harris made an order that the Zhu Proceedings be stayed with liberty to restore, pending the outcome of the Convoy Proceedings.

Further details of the Zhu Proceedings are set out in the Company's announcement dated 2 January 2018.

於二零一八年十二月十日,連捷就康宏 訴訟向法院遞交回應原告人索償之抗辯 書(「抗辯書」)。根據抗辯書,連捷聲明原 告人無權於康宏訴訟中向連捷索取任何 寬免。

於二零一九年八月三十日,連捷根據日 期為二零一九年七月十二日的夏利士法 官命令遞交經修訂抗辯書。

有關康宏訴訟的進一步詳情載於本公司 日期為二零一七年十二月十九日、二零 一八年六月一日、二零一八年六月七日 及二零一八年七月二十五日之公佈。

於尋求法律意見後,本集團認為原告人 並無已評估金錢索償,目前仍無法就潛 在結果作出意見及預測最終責任。

(b) 於二零一八年一月二日,連捷接獲朱曉 燕(「呈請人」)於法院向包括連捷在內的其 他被告人發出的呈請書(「呈請書」)。根據 呈請書,呈請人約自二零一五年中起持 有並將繼續持有3,234,000股康宏股份, 呈請人對(其中包括)連捷尋求的命令如 下:(i)宣佈康宏向包括連捷在內的其他承 配人配售的3,989,987,999股康宏股份, 及/或該等配售股份自始無效且並無法 律效力或予以撤銷;(ii)就攤薄呈請人股 權尋求損害賠償;(iii)利息;(iv)法院可能 認為合適的進一步或其他寬免及所有必 要及相應指示;及(v)成本(「朱氏訴訟」)。 於二零一八年一月二日,連捷並無持有 任何康宏股份。

> 於二零一八年三月六日,就朱氏訴訟舉 行了案件管理會議,於會上,夏利士法 官頒令暫停朱氏訴訟,但有權恢復,以 待康宏訴訟判決結果。

> 有關朱氏訴訟的進一步詳情載於本公司 日期為二零一八年一月二日之公佈。

The Group has sought preliminary opinion on the above legal proceedings from its solicitors (or legal adviser) in Hong Kong, who, based on the information available as of the date of this Annual Report, is of the opinion that:

- there is no assessed monetary claim except the Plaintiffs' claim and the Petitioner's claims against Ever Robust for damages to be assessed;
- it is premature to give opinion on the probable outcome; and
- it is premature to estimate the ultimate liability.

No provision was made for the legal proceedings stated above, as the Group is not able to reliably assess the amount of potential liabilities under such cases. The Company will, in accordance with the applicable laws, make every effort to protect the interests of the Company and the Shareholders, proactively respond to the above cases and defend its position vigorously. The Company will closely monitor the development of the above matters and make further announcements if and when there are any significant developments in relation to each of these legal proceedings.

## CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Save as disclosed in the paragraph headed "Litigation and Claims" in the Management Discussion and Analysis in this Annual Report, as at 31 December 2024, the Group did not have any material contingent liabilities (2023: Nil).

## EMPLOYEES' REMUNERATION POLICIES

As at 31 December 2024, the Group had approximately 119 employees (2023: 130). The increase in the number of employees as at 31 December 2024 as compared with that as at 31 December 2023 was mainly due to the increase in number of trained staff in Balgownie during the year under review, so as to improve the customers' satisfaction in Balgownie. Staff costs (including the Directors' salaries, allowances and bonuses totalled approximately HK\$38,635,000 for the year under review (2023: HK\$37,732,000). The Group continues to maintain and upgrade the capabilities of its workforce by providing them with adequate and regular training.

Remuneration of employee is determined by reference to industry practices and performance, qualifications and experience of individual employees.

本集團已就上述法律程序向其香港律師 (或法律顧問)尋求初步意見,基於截至本 年報可得之資料,其認為:

- 不存在已評估金錢索償,惟不包括
   原告人及呈請人就其待評估損害賠償而向連捷提出的索償;
- 目前仍無法就潛在結果作出意見;
   及
- 目前仍無法預測最終責任。

由於本集團未能可靠地評估有關案件項下有關 的潛在負債金額,因此並無就以上所述的法律 程序作出撥備。本公司將根據適用法律全力保 護本公司及股東之利益,積極應訴及全力抗 辯。本公司將密切留意上述事項的發展,如有 任何與各法律程序有關的重大進展,將會另行 刊發公佈。

# 或然負債

除本年報管理層討論及分析「訴訟及申索」一段 所述外,於二零二四年十二月三十一日,本集 團並無任何重大或然負債(二零二三年:無)。

# 僱員薪酬政策

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,本集團僱用約 119名(二零二三年:130名)僱員。於二零二四 年十二月三十一日的僱員人數較二零二三年十 二月三十一日增加,主要由於回顧年度博爾基 尼之受訓員工數量增加,以提升博爾基尼之僱 客滿意度。回顧年度之員工成本(包括董事之 薪金、津貼及花紅)總額約為38,635,000港元 (二零二三年:37,732,000港元)。本集團通過 向員工提供充足及定期培訓,繼續保持及提升 員工能力。

僱員薪酬乃經參照行業慣例以及僱員之個人表現、資歷及經驗而釐定。

The emolument policies of the Directors are decided by the Board, taking into account the recommendations of the remuneration committee of the Board, having regard to merit, qualifications and competence of the Directors.

On top of regular remuneration, discretionary bonus and share options may be granted to employees and the Directors by reference to the Group's performance as well as individual performance of such employees and/or Directors, and other benefits including contributions to pension scheme and medical scheme are also provided to the employees.

The Company adopted the share option scheme pursuant to an ordinary resolution of all the then Shareholders passed on 4 June 2020, and the Board is authorised, at its absolute discretion, to grant options to eligible participants including any eligible employee, any directors (including non-executive directors and independent non-executive directors) of the Company, any subsidiary of the Company or any invested entity; any supplier of goods or services to any member of the Group or any invested entity, any customer of any member of the Group or any invested entity, any person or entity that provides research, development or other technological support to any member of the Group or any invested entity, any shareholder of any member of the Group or any invested entity or any holder of any securities issued by any member of the Group or any invested entity, any professional adviser, consultant, individual or entity who in the opinion of the Directors has contributed or will contribute to the growth and development of the Group, and any other group or classes of participants who have contributed or may contribute by way of joint venture, business alliance or other business arrangement to the development and growth of the Group. Following the amendments to Chapter 23 of the GEM Listing Rules which came into effect from 1 January 2023, the Group will only grant options to such eligible participants which are permitted under the GEM Listing Rules. There was no share option outstanding as at 31 December 2024 (2023: Nil). Details of the share options outstanding during the year under review are set out in the paragraph headed "Share Option Scheme" in the Directors' Report in this Annual Report.

董事之薪酬政策乃由董事會經考慮董事會轄下 之薪酬委員會的推薦建議,並參照董事之專 長、資歷及能力而釐定。

除定期薪酬外,通過參考本集團及有關僱員 及/或董事之個人表現後,本集團亦將支付僱 員及董事酌情花紅及授予購股權,而其他福利 包括為僱員作出退休金計劃供款及提供醫療計 劃。

本公司根據當時全體股東於二零二零年六月四 日通過之一項普通決議案採納購股權計劃,董 事會獲授權全權酌情向包括以下人士之合資格 參與人士授出購股權:本公司、本公司任何附 屬公司或任何投資實體之任何合資格僱員、任 何董事(包括非執行董事及獨立非執行董事); 向本集團任何成員公司或任何投資實體提供貨 品或服務之任何供應商、本集團任何成員公司 或任何投資實體之任何客戶、向本集團任何成 員公司或任何投資實體提供研究、開發或其他 技術支援之任何個人或實體、本集團任何成員 公司或任何投資實體之任何股東或本集團任何 成員公司或任何投資實體所發行任何證券之任 何持有人、董事認為曾經或將會對本集團之增 長及發展作出貢獻之任何專業顧問、諮詢人、 個人或實體,以及透過合營企業、業務聯盟或 其他業務安排對本集團之發展及增長作出貢獻 或可能作出貢獻之任何其他組別或類別的參 與人士。在GEM上市規則第23章之修訂本於 二零二三年一月一日生效後,本集團將僅向 GEM上市規則所允許的有關合資格參與者授 出購股權。於二零二四年十二月三十一日,並 無尚未行使購股權(二零二三年:無)。於回顧 年度尚未行使購股權之詳情載於本年報中董事 會報告書「購股權計劃」一段。

#### NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

Mr. Ng Ting Ho, aged 40, has been appointed as a nonexecutive Director and the chairman of the Board ("Chairman") with effect from 17 September 2021. Mr. Ng obtained his Bachelor of Commerce in Finance and Financial Economics Degree from the University of New South Wales in 2008. Thereafter, Mr. Ng further completed his Master of Science in Financial Mathematics Degree from the Bayes Business School of the City University of London (formerly known as Cass Business School of the City University of London) in 2014. Mr. Ng is experienced in banking and finance, and previously worked in various banks and financial institutions. Mr. Ng was appointed as an executive director of China Demeter Financial Investments Limited ("China Demeter"), a company whose shares are listed on GEM (Stock Code: 8120), with effect from 3 July 2018. He has also been appointed as the chief executive officer of China Demeter since 1 December 2020. Mr. Ng is the younger brother of Mr. Ng Ting Kit, a substantial shareholder (having the meaning ascribed to it in the GEM Listing Rules) of the Company, who, as at the date of this Annual Report, beneficially owns 497,180,000 shares of the Company ("Shares") and the entire issued share capital of King's Group Capital Limited (which owns 260,800,000 Shares as at the date of this Annual Report).

#### **EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR**

Mr. Fong Chak Kiu (formerly known as Fong Hing Lun), aged 44, has been appointed as an executive Director, the compliance officer and an authorised representative of the Company with effect from 19 August 2021. Mr. Fong obtained a Double Degree of Commerce and Business Systems from the Monash University, Australia in October 2004, and a Master of Finance degree from The Hong Kong Polytechnic University in October 2009. Mr. Fong has more than eight years of experience in business development. Mr. Fong has been a business development manager of a securities company in Hong Kong since April 2017, which is licensed to carry out type 1 (dealing in securities), type 4 (advising on securities) and type 9 (asset management) regulated activities under the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Chapter 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong) ("SFO"). Mr. Fong is also licensed to carry out type 1 (dealing in securities), type 4 (advising on securities) and type 9 (asset management) regulated activities under the SFO.

## 非執行董事

**吴廷浩先生**,40歲,於二零二一年九月十七日 獲委任為非執行董事及董事會主席(「**主席**」)。 吴先生於二零零八年取得新南威爾士大學金融 及金融經濟學商學士學位。此後,吳先生於二 零一四年自倫敦城市大學貝葉斯商學院(前稱 為倫敦城市大學卡斯商學院)取得金融數學理 學碩士學位。吳先生於銀行及金融領域擁有豐 富經驗,曾任職於多間銀行及金融機構。吳 先生獲委任為國農金融投資有限公司(「國農金 融」,其股份於GEM上市,股份代號:8120) 之執行董事,自二零一八年七月三日起生效。 彼亦自二零二零年十二月一日起獲委任為國 農金融之行政總裁。吳先生為本公司主要股 東(具有GEM上市規則所賦予之涵義)吳廷傑 先生之胞弟,於本年報日期,吳廷傑先生實 益擁有497.180.000股本公司股份(「股份」)及 King's Group Capital Limited(於本年報日期擁 有260,800,000股股份)之全部已發行股本。

## 執行董事

**方澤翹先生**(曾用名方慶麟),44歲,於二零二 一年八月十九日獲委任為執行董事及本公司監 察主任及授權代表。方先生於二零零四年十月 獲得澳洲蒙納士大學(Monash University)商貿 及商業系統雙學士學位,其後於二零零九年十 月獲得香港理工大學金融學碩士學位。方先生 於業務拓展方面擁有逾八年經驗。自二零一七 年四月起,方先生在一家香港證券公司擔任業 務發展經理,該公司獲發牌從事香港法例第 571章《證券及期貨條例》(「證券及期貨條例」) 項下第1類(證券交易)、第4類(就證券提供意 見)及第9類(提供資產管理)受規管活動。方先 類(證券交易)、第4類(就證券提供意見)及第9 類(提供資產管理)受規管活動。

#### INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Wong Siu Keung, Joe, aged 60, has been appointed as an independent non-executive Director with effect from 15 December 2011. Mr. Wong holds a Degree of Master of Arts in International Accounting from the City University of Hong Kong and a Master's Degree of Corporate Governance from The Hong Kong Polytechnic University. He is an associate member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and a fellow member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants. Mr. Wong has extensive experience in the taxation, accounting, financing, audit fields and public listed companies for many years. Mr. Wong has been appointed as an executive director and the chairman of DeTai New Energy Group Limited ("DeTai"), a company whose shares are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange (Stock Code: 559). Mr. Wong is also an independent non-executive director of (i) China Water Industry Group Limited (Stock Code: 1129); (ii) Baijin Life Science Holdings Limited (previously known as Affluent Partners Holdings Limited) (Stock Code: 1466); and (iii) Yuk Wing Group Holdings Limited ("Yuk Wing") (Stock Code: 1536), all companies whose shares are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange. He was an independent non-executive director of Worldgate Global Logistics Limited (Stock Code: 8292), a company whose shares are listed on GEM from June 2016 to June 2023. He is the chairman of each of the audit committee, the nomination committee and the remuneration committee of the Company.

## 獨立非執行董事

**黃兆強先生**,60歲,於二零一一年十二月十 五日獲委任為獨立非執行董事。黃先生持有香 港城市大學頒發之國際會計文學碩士學位及香 港理工大學頒發之企業管治碩士學位。彼為香 港會計師公會會員及英國特許公認會計師公會 資深會員。黃先生於稅務、會計、財務及審計 方面以及於公開上市公司擁有多年資深經驗。 黃先生獲委任為德泰新能源集團有限公司(「德 **泰**」,其股份於聯交所主板上市,股份代號: 559)之執行董事兼主席。黃先生亦為以下三家 公司之獨立非執行董事:(i)中國水業集團有限 公司(股份代號:1129);(ii)佰金生命科學控股 有限公司(前稱為錢唐控股有限公司)(股份代 號:1466);及(iii)煜榮集團控股有限公司(股 份代號:1536)(「**煜榮**」),全部公司的股份均 為聯交所主板上市公司。彼曾為盛良物流有限 公司(股份代號:8292,其股份曾於二零一六 年六月至二零二三年六月於GEM上市)之獨立 非執行董事。彼為本公司審核委員會、提名委 旨會及薪酬委員會各自之主席。

Mr. Chan Ming Kit, aged 45, has been appointed as an independent non-executive Director with effect from 2 September 2021. Mr. Chan has more than ten years of experience in the compliance and legal industry. From April 2007 to August 2011, Mr. Chan worked at G2000 (Apparel) Limited and left as a compliance officer. From April 2015 to June 2017, Mr. Chan worked as an assistant solicitor at M.C.A. Lai Solicitors LLP, a law firm. From June 2017 to February 2018, Mr. Chan worked as a consultant solicitor at Chan & Ho Solicitors, a law firm. From March 2018 to June 2022, Mr. Chan worked as a partner at Chan & Ho Solicitors, a law firm. In July 2022, Mr. Chan established Joseph M.K. Chan, Solicitors, a law firm, and works as the principal solicitor. Mr. Chan obtained a bachelor's degree in laws from University of Sheffield in the United Kingdom in June 2005. Mr. Chan obtained a postgraduate certificate in laws from City University of Hong Kong in July 2011. Mr. Chan was called to the barrister in Hong Kong in April 2012 and he was admitted as a solicitor of the High Court of Hong Kong in March 2015. Mr. Chan has been an independent non-executive director of Haina Intelligent Equipment International Holdings Limited, a company whose shares are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange (Stock Code: 1645), since 4 May 2020. Mr. Chan was an independent non-executive director of Nexion Technologies Limited, a company whose shares are listed on GEM (Stock Code: 8420), for the period from 31 May 2017 to 2 November 2020. He is a member of each of the audit committee, the nomination committee and the remuneration committee of the Company.

Mr. Tong Hin Sum Paul, aged 87, has been appointed as an independent non-executive Director with effect from 10 September 2021. Mr. Tong obtained his bachelor's degree in arts from the University of Hong Kong in November 1963. He went to Yale University and obtained a master's degree in sacred theology in July 1971. He then furthered his studies in the University of Cambridge, England, and obtained his bachelor's degree in arts in June 1987. Mr. Tong was called to the bar in Hong Kong in 1989. Mr Tong then further pursued a master's degree in arts in the University of Cambridge, England in February 1991. Mr. Tong was a panel member of the Securities and Futures Appeals Tribunal for the period between April 2009 and March 2011. Mr. Tong was appointed as a life fellow of St. John's College, the University of Hong Kong in 2008. Mr. Tong has been an independent nonexecutive director of Ching Lee Holdings Limited, a company whose shares are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange (Stock Code: 3728), since 10 March 2016. He is a member of each of the audit committee, the nomination committee and the remuneration committee of the Company.

**陳銘傑先生**,45歲,於二零二一年九月二日 獲委任為獨立非執行董事。陳先生於合規及法 律界擁有逾十年經驗。自二零零七年四月至二 零一一年八月,陳先生任職於G2000 (Apparel) Limited,離職前擔任合規主任。自二零一五年 四月至二零一七年六月,陳先生於賴文俊(有 限法律責任合夥)律師行擔任助理律師。自二 零一七年六月至二零一八年二月,陳先生於陳 何律師事務所任職顧問律師。自二零一八年三 月至二零二二年六月,陳先生成為陳何律師事 務所的合夥人。於二零二二年七月,陳先生成 立陳銘傑律師行並任首席律師。陳先生於二零 零五年六月取得英國雪菲爾大學之法學學士學 位,並於二零一一年七月取得香港城市大學之 法學專業證書。陳先生於二零一二年四月於香 港取得大律師資格,並於二零一五年三月取得 香港高等法院之律師資格。陳先生自二零二零 年五月四日起擔任海納智能裝備國際控股有限 公司(其股份於聯交所主板上市,股份代號: 1645)之獨立非執行董事。於二零一七年五月 三十一日至二零二零年十一月二日止期間,陳 先生擔任Nexion Technologies Limited(其股份 於GEM上市,股份代號:8420)之獨立非執行 董事。彼為本公司審核委員會、提名委員會及 薪酬委員會各自之成員。

**湯顯森先生**,87歲,於二零二一年九月十日獲 委任為獨立非執行董事。湯先生於一九六三年 十一月獲得香港大學文學學士學位,其後曾就 讀於耶魯大學並於一九七一年七月獲得神學碩 士學位。彼亦前往英國劍橋大學進修,並於一 九八七年六月獲得文學學士學位。湯先生於一 九八九年於香港取得大律師資格。其後,湯先 生於一九九一年二月取得英國劍橋大學文學碩 士學位。於二零零九年四月至二零一一年三月 期間,湯先生擔任證券及期貨事務上訴審裁處 委員會委員。湯先生於二零零八年獲委任為香 港大學聖約翰學院的終身院士。湯先生自二零 一六年三月十日起擔任正利控股有限公司(其 股份於聯交所主板上市,股份代號:3728)之 獨立非執行董事。彼為本公司審核委員會、提 名委員會及薪酬委員會各自之成員。

The Directors present herewith their report together with the audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2024. The Management Discussion and Analysis in this Annual Report forms part of this Directors' Report.

#### **PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES**

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding. The activities of the Company's principal subsidiaries are set out in note 45 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### **BUSINESS REVIEW**

The Group's revenue for the year under review was derived from its business activities carried on in Hong Kong and Australia. An analysis of the Group's performance for the year ended 31 December 2024 by operating segments is set out in note 6 to the consolidated financial statements.

The business review of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2024 is set out in the paragraph headed "Business and Financial Review" in the Management Discussion and Analysis on pages 8 to 23 in this Annual Report.

#### PRINCIPAL RISK AND UNCERTAINTIES

Risks which are relevant to the Group and its business

#### (i) Provision of hospitality and related services in Australia

The local business risks in Australia in relation to the Group's provision of hospitality and related services in Australia could have material impact on the businesses, financial conditions, results of operations and growth prospects of the Group's provision of hospitality and related services in Australia. The Group is, and may increasingly become, exposed to different and changing political, social, legal, tax, regulatory and environmental requirements at the local, national or international level in Australia. Also, new policies or measures introduced by the governments in Australia, whether fiscal, tax, regulatory or environmental, or other changes taking place which affect market competition, may lead to an increase in the Group's operating expenses and capital expenditures, an increase in market competition, a decrease in the overall investment return of the Group's businesses and may delay or disrupt the commercial operation of a business resulting in a loss of revenue and profit, which may adversely affect the Group's businesses, financial conditions, results of operations and growth prospects.

董事會謹此呈報其報告,連同截至二零二四年 十二月三十一日止年度之經審核綜合財務報 表。本年報之管理層討論及分析構成本董事會 報告書的一部分。

## 主要業務

本公司之主要業務為投資控股。本公司主要附 屬公司之業務載於綜合財務報表附註45。

## 業務回顧

於回顧年度,本集團之收入乃來自於香港及澳 洲進行之業務活動。本集團於截至二零二四年 十二月三十一日止年度之按經營分部劃分之表 現分析載於綜合財務報表附註6。

本集團截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度 之業務回顧載於本年報第8至23頁管理層討論 及分析「業務及財務回顧」一段。

## 主要風險及不確定因素

與本集團及其業務相關的風險

#### (i) 於澳洲提供酒店及相關服務

有關本集團於澳洲提供酒店及相關服務 面臨的澳洲當地業務風險可能會對本集 團於澳洲提供之酒店及相關服務之業 務、財務狀況、經營業績及增長前景構 成重大影響。本集團受澳洲當地、國 內或國際方面不斷變化的各種政治、社 會、法律、稅務、監管及環境規定所規 限,且未來可能受到更多上述約束。此 外, 澳洲政府引進新的政策或措施(不論 是財政、稅務、監管或環境,或其他影 響市場競爭的變化)均可能會導致本集 團經營開支及資本開支增加及市場競爭 加劇,可能會減少本集團業務的整體投 資回報,並可能會令業務的商業化經營 推遲或中斷,從而導致收入及溢利有所 損失,這可能會對本集團的業務、財務 狀況、經營業績及增長前景帶來不利影 響。

#### DIRECTORS' REPORT 董事會報告書

#### (ii) Money lending business

The money lending business of the Group is exposed to possible default from the customers, which involves the risk of loss due to the inability or unwillingness of customers to meet their contractual obligations. If the customers of the money lending business of the Group fail to meet their contractual obligations, the Company may need to incur additional costs to realise the collaterals for the relevant secured loans, if any. The risks of losses will be higher for unsecured loans in the event of default. However, the Group has adopted prudent credit procedures in customers' acceptance so as to minimise the credit risk of the Group.

#### (iii) Assets investments business

For the Group's assets investments business, the Group aims at maximising the profits of the Company for the Shareholders and will revamp its investment strategy and explore investment opportunities with due care and diligence. Due to the volatility and uncertainties of the securities market in Hong Kong, the Group may suffer losses on securities trading in the future if the investment strategy the Group has adopted does not fit the then market conditions. The Group will regularly review its investment portfolio and determine a suitable investment strategy to cater for the changes in the market conditions.

## Risks which are relevant to the industry and market in which the Group operates

The Group may face risks and uncertainties posed by local political, regulatory and religious environments and failure to comply with country-specific regulatory restrictions may expose the Group to fines, penalties and liabilities. There is no assurance that the current government policies, economic and social conditions in the regions where the Group's business operates will not undergo significant changes in the future. Any new rules and regulations introduced and implemented in the future which regulate the business in hospitality and related services in Australia, money lending and assets investments, may adversely affect the business, international expansion and growth prospects of the Group. The Group will from time to time obtain updates on relevant rules and regulations from external professionals to review and ensure the Group is in compliance with the applicable regulations and requirements.

#### (ii) 借貸業務

本集團借貸業務存在客戶違約的潛在風險,當中包括客戶無法或拒絕履行合約 義務而造成損失的風險。若本集團借貸 業務的客戶未履行彼等的合約義務,本 公司可能需於變現相關有抵押貸款(如 有)的抵押品時產生額外的成本。若無 抵押貸款發生違約,將面臨更大的損失 風險。然而,本集團於吸納客戶方面採 納審慎信貸程序,以減低本集團信貸風 險。

#### (iii) 資產投資業務

就本集團的資產投資業務而言,本集團 擬為本公司股東創造更多溢利,並將修 訂其投資策略,同時審慎盡職地尋求投 資機會。由於香港證券市場波動及前景 不明朗,若本集團採取的投資策略不符 合當時市況,本集團日後可能會因證券 交易而蒙受損失。本集團將定期檢討其 投資組合,並釐定合適投資策略以應對 市況變動。

#### 與本集團經營所在行業及市場相關的風險

本集團可能會面臨當地政治、監管及宗教環境 帶來的風險及不確定性,若無法遵守各國的監 管限制,則本集團可能會受到處罰或被處以罰 款及承擔責任的風險。並不保證本集團業務 透所在地目前的政策、經濟及社會狀況不會於 之不嚴生重大變動。倘日後相關政府出台及實 能會對本集團的策務、全球擴張及增長前景 較大大時自外部專業人員取 得相關規則及法規的最新資料,以檢討及確保 本集團符合適用法規及規定。

#### **Foreign Currency Risks**

The results of the Group are reported in Hong Kong dollars but its subsidiaries may receive revenue and incur expenses in other currencies. Any currency fluctuations arising from the translation of the accounts of these subsidiaries, and the repatriation of earnings, equity investments and loans may adversely affect the Group's businesses, financial conditions, results of operations and growth prospects. A depreciation or fluctuation in the currencies in which the Group conducts its operations relative to the Hong Kong dollar could adversely affect the Group's businesses, financial conditions, results of operations and growth prospects.

The Group is in the process of implementing its strategy of achieving a diversified business portfolio to reduce its reliance on revenue and income generated from one single major segment or geographical location, so as to minimise the risks related to fluctuations in the foreign exchange rates. The Group may also consider to use appropriate hedging instruments, including futures and forward contracts in the management of exposure caused by fluctuations in the foreign exchange rates.

#### **Financial Instrument Risks**

The Group is subject to market risks, such as those in relation to currency fluctuations and volatility of interest rates, price risk, credit risk, and liquidity risk in the normal course of the Group's business. Particulars of the nature and extent of financial instrument risks of the Company are set out in note 43 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING YEAR

The Directors are not aware of any significant event after the reporting period for the Group and up to the date of this Annual Report.

#### 外匯風險

本集團的業績乃以港元列賬,但其附屬公司可 能會取得及產生以其他貨幣計值的收入及開 支。因此,任何上述附屬公司賬目換算產生的 幣值波動,及盈利匯回、股權投資及貸款可能 會對本集團的業務、財務狀況、經營業績或增 長前景產生不利影響。本集團經營所在地貨幣 兌港元的貶值或波動可能會對本集團的業務、 財務狀況、經營業績及增長前景產生不利影響。

本集團正落實其多元化業務組合策略,以減少 其對單一主要分部或地理位置所產生收益及收 入的依賴,藉以減低外匯匯率波動相關之風 險。本集團亦會考慮使用適當之對沖工具(包 括期貨及遠期合約),管理外匯匯率波動所產 生之風險。

#### 金融工具風險

本集團於本集團日常業務過程中承受市場風險 (如幣值波動及利率波動有關之風險)、價格風 險、信貸風險及流動資金風險。本公司之金融 工具風險之性質及程度詳情載於綜合財務報表 附註43。

## 報告年度後事項

董事並不知悉本集團於報告期後及直至本年報 日期發生任何重大事項。

## DIRECTORS' REPORT 董事會報告書

#### FINANCIAL SUMMARY

The summary of the consolidated financial results and the consolidated assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five financial years are set out on page 300 in this Annual Report.

#### **RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS**

The results of the Group for the year under review are set out in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income on page 129 and 130. The Board does not recommend the payment of a dividend for the year ended 31 December 2024 (2023: Nil).

#### MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

Sales to the Group's five largest customers accounted for approximately 9.4% of the total sales for the year under review, and sales to the largest customer included therein amounted to approximately 3.6%. Purchases from the Group's five largest suppliers accounted for approximately 67.7% of the total purchases for the year under review, and purchases from the largest supplier included therein amounted to approximately 20.1%.

As far as the Directors are aware, none of the Directors, their close associates or any Shareholders (whom to the knowledge of the Directors own more than 5% of the Company's issued share capital) had any interest at any time during the year under review in any of the Group's five largest customers or suppliers.

#### DONATIONS

Charitable donations made by the Group during the year under review amounted to approximately HK\$49,000 (2023: HK7,000).

#### **SUBSIDIARIES**

Details of the Group's acquisitions and disposals during the year under review and the particulars of the subsidiaries of the Company are set out in notes 34 and 45 to the consolidated financial statements, respectively.

## 財務摘要

本集團過去五個財政年度之綜合財務業績以及 綜合資產及負債概要載於本年報第300頁。

## 業績及股息

本集團於回顧年度之業績載於第129及130頁 綜合損益及其他全面收益表。董事會並不建議 派付截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度股 息(二零二三年:無)。

## 主要客戶及供應商

向本集團五大客戶作出之銷售佔回顧年度銷售 總額的約9.4%,當中計及向最大客戶作出之 銷售約3.6%。向本集團五大供應商作出之採 購佔回顧年度採購總額的約67.7%,當中計及 向最大供應商作出之採購約20.1%。

據董事所知,概無董事、其緊密聯繫人或任何 股東(據董事所知持有本公司已發行股本超過 5%)於回顧年度任何時間於本集團任何五大客 戶或供應商擁有任何權益。

## 捐款

於回顧年度內,本集團所作之慈善捐款金額約 為49,000港元(二零二三年:7,000港元)。

## 附屬公司

於回顧年度,本集團收購及出售事項的詳情及 本公司附屬公司資料詳情分別載於綜合財務報 表附註34及45。

#### PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of movements in property, plant and equipment of the Group during the year under review are set out in note 15 to the consolidated financial statements.

## SHARE CAPITAL

Details of movements in share capital of the Company are set out in note 31 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### RESERVES

Movements in the reserves of the Group and the Company during the year under review are set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity on page 133 in this Annual Report and note 33 to the consolidated financial statements respectively.

#### DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES

As at 31 December 2024. the Company had no distributable income.

As at 31 December 2023, the Company had distributable reserve of approximately HK\$19,092,000 including accumulated losses of approximately HK\$1,169,018,000. Under the Company's memorandum of continuance, the Bye-Laws and the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda (as amended) ("**Companies Act**"), details of the contributed surplus and share premium of the Company as at 31 December 2024 and 2023 are set out in note 44 to the consolidated financial statements.

## 物業、廠房及設備

本集團物業、廠房及設備於回顧年度之變動詳 情載於綜合財務報表附註15。

## 股本

本公司股本變動詳情載於綜合財務報表附註 31。

## 儲備

本集團及本公司於回顧年度之儲備變動分別載 於本年報第133頁之綜合權益變動表及綜合財 務報表附註33。

## 可供分派儲備

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,本公司並無可 供分派收入。

於二零二三年十二月三十一日,本公司擁有可 供分派儲備約19,092,000港元(包括累計虧損 約1,169,018,000港元)。根據本公司組織章程 大綱、細則以及百慕達一九八一年公司法(修 訂本)(「**公司法**」),本公司於二零二四年及二 零二三年十二月三十一日的實繳盈餘及股份溢 價的詳情載於綜合財務報表附註44。

## PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE COMPANY'S LISTED SECURITIES

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's securities listed on the Stock Exchange during the year ended 31 December 2024.

#### CHANGES IN INFORMATION OF DIRECTORS

Up to the date of this Annual Report, there was no matter required to be disclosed in accordance with Rule 17.50A(1) of the GEM Listing Rules in relation to the changes in the information relating to the Directors required to be disclosed pursuant to paragraphs (a) to (e) and (g) of Rule 17.50(2) of the GEM Listing Rules.

## DIRECTORS AND DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

The Directors who held office during the year under review and up to the date of this Directors' Report were:

#### Non-executive Director:

Mr. Ng Ting Ho	(Chairman)	吳廷
Executive Directors:		執行
Ms. Lam Ching Yee	<i>(Chief Executive Officer) (resigned with effect from 1 January 2025)</i>	林靜
Mr. Fong Chak Kiu Mr. Zhang Hongju	<i>(appointed and resigned with effect from 26 April 2024 and 1 January 2025, respectively)</i>	方澤張鴻

#### **Independent non-executive Directors:**

Mr. Wong Siu Keung, Joe Mr. Chan Ming Kit Mr. Tong Hin Sum Paul

## 購買、出售或贖回本公司之上市 證券

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度,本公 司或其任何附屬公司概無購買、出售或贖回任 何本公司於聯交所上市的證券。

## 董事資料變動

截至本年報日期,概無出現有關根據GEM上 市規則第17.50(2)條第(a)至(e)及(g)段須予披 露的董事資料變動而須根據GEM上市規則第 17.50A(1)條予以披露的任何事項。

## 董事及董事之服務合約

於回顧年度及截至本董事會報告書日期止之董 事如下:

非執行董事:

E浩先生 ( 主 )

: 霍董

爭儀女十

<sup>翼</sup>翹先生

鳥舉先生

(分別於二零二四年 四月二十六日 獲委任及 於二零二五年 一月一日辭任)

(行政總裁)(於二零 二五年一月一日

辭任)

獨立非執行董事:

黃兆強先生 陳銘傑先生 湯顯森先生 In accordance with Bye-Law 84 of the Bye-Laws, Mr. Ng Ting Ho and Mr. Fong Chak Kiu will retire and being eligible, will offer themselves for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company.

None of the Directors who are being proposed for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company has a service contract with the Company which is not determinable by the Company or any of its subsidiaries within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

Each of Mr. Ng Ting Ho, Mr. Fong Chak Kiu, Mr. Wong Siu Keung, Joe, Mr. Chan Ming Kit and Mr. Tong Hin Sum Paul, had been re-appointed for a term of 12 months commencing from 1 January 2025 to 31 December 2025 (both days inclusive).

### CONFIRMATION OF INDEPENDENCE

Pursuant to the requirement of the GEM Listing Rules, the Company has received an annual written confirmation of his independence from each of the independent non-executive Directors. The Company considers that all of the independent non-executive Directors are independent in accordance with Rule 5.09 of the GEM Listing Rules.

#### DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN CONTRACTS

Save for disclosed in note 37 to the consolidated financial statements, no Director or an entity connected with a Director had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, in any transaction, arrangement or contract of significance subsisting during or at the end of the year under review.

根據細則第84條,吳廷浩先生及方澤翹先生將 於本公司應屆股東週年大會退任,並符合資格 及願意重選連任。

概無擬於本公司應屆股東週年大會膺選連任之 董事與本公司訂有服務合約,而本公司或其任 何附屬公司不能於一年內在毋須支付賠償(法 定賠償除外)之情況下終止該服務合約。

吴廷浩先生、方澤翹先生、黃兆強先生、陳銘 傑先生及湯顯森先生均獲重新委任,任期自二 零二五年一月一日起至二零二五年十二月三十 一日(包括首尾兩日)止,為期12個月。

## 獨立性確認

根據GEM上市規則之規定,本公司已接獲各 獨立非執行董事向本公司發出有關其獨立地位 之年度書面確認書。遵照GEM上市規則第5.09 條,本公司認為全體獨立非執行董事均屬獨 立。

## 董事於合約之權益

除綜合財務報表附註37所披露者外,概無董事 或與董事有關連的實體於回顧年內或回顧年末 仍存續之任何重大交易、安排或合約中直接或 間接擁有重大權益。

#### DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN COMPETING BUSINESS

Mr. Ng Ting Ho, a non-executive Director, is a director of each of Way Union Finance Limited and Delight Sky Finance Limited, which are principally engaged in the money lending business in Hong Kong, that are wholly-owned subsidiaries of China Demeter.

Save as disclosed above, none of the Directors, controlling Shareholder of the Company or their respective close associates had an interest in any business, apart from the businesses of the Group, which competes or may compete either directly or indirectly, with the businesses of the Group during the year under review.

## MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

No contract concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company was entered into or existed during the year under review.

# DIRECTORS' RIGHTS TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

At no time during or at the end of the year under review was there any arrangement where rights to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in or debentures of the Company granted to any Director or their respective spouse or children under 18 years of age, or were any such rights exercised by them; or was the Company or any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangement to enable the Directors or their respective spouse or minor children to acquire such rights in any other body corporate.

## DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN THE SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES OF THE COMPANY

As at 31 December 2024, none of the Directors of the Company had, or was deemed to have, any interests or short positions in any shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) as recorded in the register required to be kept under Section 352 of the SFO or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the required standard of dealings by the Directors as referred to in Rules 5.48 to 5.67 of the GEM Listing Rules.

## 董事於競爭業務之權益

非執行董事吴廷浩先生亦擔任國農金融之全資 附屬公司偉聯財務有限公司及喜天財務有限公 司(均主要於香港從事借貸業務)之董事。

除上文所披露者外,於回顧年度,概無董事、 本公司控股股東或彼等各自之緊密聯繫人於與 本集團之業務構成或可能構成直接或間接競爭 之任何業務(本集團業務以外)中擁有權益。

## 管理合約

於回顧年度,本公司概無訂立或存續有關於本 公司全部或任何重大部分業務之管理及行政方 面之合約。

## 董事購買股份或債券之權利

於回顧年度任何時間或年度末,概無向任何董 事或彼等各自之配偶或18歲以下之子女授出可 透過購買本公司股份或債券以獲取利益權利之 任何安排,彼等亦無行使任何有關權利,而本 公司及其任何附屬公司亦無訂立任何安排以令 董事或彼等各自之配偶或未成年子女可於任何 其他法人團體獲得有關權利。

## 董事及行政總裁於本公司股份、 相關股份及債券之權益及淡倉

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,概無本公司董 事於本公司或其任何相聯法團(按證券及期貨 條例第XV部之涵義)之股份、相關股份及債券 中,擁有或視作擁有記錄於根據證券及期貨條 例第352條須存置之登記冊之權益及淡倉;或 根據GEM上市規則第5.48至5.67條所指的董事 進行交易之規定準則知會本公司及聯交所之權 益及淡倉。

## SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS

As at 31 December 2024, the following persons (other than Directors or chief executive of the Company) had, or were deemed to have, interests or short positions in the Shares or underlying Shares of the Company as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 336 of the SFO:

# Substantial Shareholders – long position in the shares of the Company

## 主要股東之權益

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,下列人士(董 事或本公司行政總裁除外)於本公司股份或相 關股份中擁有或被視為擁有記錄於本公司根據 證券及期貨條例第336條規定須存置之登記冊 之權益或淡倉:

主要股東一於本公司股份之好倉

Name of Shareholder	Capacity			Number of ordinary shares e "Shares") involved 涉及	Approximate percentage (Note)
股東姓名/名稱	身份			少及 普通股股份 股份」)數目	<b>概約百分比</b> (附註)
<i>Substantial shareholder</i> 主要股東					
Ng Ting Kit (" <b>Mr. Ng</b> ") 吳廷傑(「 <b>吳先生</b> 」)	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人		4	97,180,000	9.64%
	Interest of a controlled co (Note 2) 於受控法團之權益(附註		tion 2	60,800,000	5.06%
<b>Other person</b> 其他人士					
King's Group Capital Limited (" <b>KGCL</b> ") 深盛控股有限公司(「 <b>深盛控股</b> 」)	Beneficial owner (Note 2) 實益擁有人(附註2)	)	2	60,800,000	5.06%
Notes:		附註	:		
1. This is based on the total issued Shares a 5,156,035,108 Shares.	as at 31 December 2024, i.e.	1.			二月三十一日之已 35,108股股份)計
2. Based on the notices of disclosure of in each filed with the Stock Exchange on 2 were held by KGCL, which is a compan As such, Mr. Ng is deemed to be inter KGCL by virtue of the SFO.	27 March 2024, such Shares by wholly-owned by Mr. Ng.	2.	交所各自呈 露的通告, 資擁有)持有	報有關吳先生及 該等股份由深盛 「。因此,根據語	E月二十七日向聯 及深盛控股權益披 發控股(由吳先生全 證券及期貨條例, 持有之股份中擁有
Save as disclosed above, as at 31 Dece no Shareholders or other persons (othe executive of the Company) who had, of interests or short positions in the Share which would fall to be disclosed to the C register as required to be kept under Sect	r than Directors or chief or was deemed to have, es or underlying Shares, Company recorded in the	一日 政總 擁有	,概無股東 (裁除外)於照 (須向本公司) (第336條規)	或其他人士( 股份或相關股 披露及記錄於	四年十二月三十 董事或本公司行 份中擁有或視作 根據證券及期貨 登記冊之權益或

#### DIRECTORS' REPORT 董事會報告書

#### **EMOLUMENT POLICY**

Details of the emolument policy of the Company are set out in the paragraph headed "Employees' Remuneration Policies" in the Management Discussion and Analysis on page 32 to 33 in this Annual Report.

#### SHARE OPTION SCHEME

Under the terms of the Scheme, the Board is authorised, at its absolute discretion, to grant options to eligible participants including any eligible employee, any directors (including nonexecutive directors and independent non-executive directors) of the Company, any subsidiary of the Company or any invested entity; any supplier of goods or services to any member of the Group or any invested entity, any customer of any member of the Group or any invested entity, any person or entity that provides research, development or other technological support to any member of the Group or any invested entity, any shareholder of any member of the Group or any invested entity or any holder of any securities issued by any member of the Group or any invested entity, any professional adviser, consultant, individual or entity who in the opinion of the Directors has contributed or will contribute to the growth and development of the Group, and any other group or classes of participants who have contributed or may contribute by way of joint venture, business alliance or other business arrangement to the development and growth of the Group. Following the amendments to Chapter 23 of the GEM Listing Rules which came into effect from 1 January 2023, the Group will only grant options to such eligible participants which are permitted under the GEM Listing Rules.

The purpose of the Scheme is to provide incentives or rewards for eligible participants' contribution to the Group and/or to enable the Group to recruit and retain high-calibre employees and attract human resources that are valuable to the Group and any invested entity.

The maximum entitlement of each participant would not exceed 1% of the aggregate number of shares for the time being issued and issuable in any 12-month period under the Scheme.

A nominal consideration of HK\$1 is payable on acceptance of the grant of an option and an offer of the grant of option may be accepted within such time as may be specified in the offer (which shall not be later than 21 days from the date of offer ).

## 薪酬政策

本公司薪酬政策之詳情載於本年報第32至33 頁管理層討論及分析「僱員薪酬政策」一段。

## 購股權計劃

根據該計劃之條款,董事會獲授權全權酌情向 以下合資格參與人士授出購股權:本公司、本 公司任何附屬公司或任何投資實體之任何合資 格僱員、任何董事(包括非執行董事及獨立非 執行董事);向本集團任何成員公司或任何投 資實體提供貨品或服務之任何供應商、本集團 任何成員公司或任何投資實體之任何客戶、向 本集團任何成員公司或任何投資實體提供研 究、開發或其他技術支援之任何個人或實體、 本集團任何成員公司或任何投資實體之任何股 東或本集團任何成員公司或任何投資實體所發 行任何證券之任何持有人、董事認為曾經或將 會對本集團之增長及發展作出貢獻之任何專業 顧問、諮詢人、個人或實體,以及透過合營企 業、業務聯盟或其他業務安排對本集團之發展 及增長作出貢獻或可能作出貢獻之任何其他組 別或類別的參與人士。於GEM上市規則第23 章之修訂於二零二三年一月一日生效後,本集 團僅將向GEM上市規則所准許之有關合資格參 與人士授出購股權。

該計劃之目的旨在激勵或獎勵為本集團作出貢 獻的合資格參與人士及/或使本集團能夠招聘 及留聘優秀僱員及吸引對本集團及任何投資實 體有價值的人力資源。

各參與人士在任何十二個月期間根據該計劃可 享有之最高股份數目,不得超過當時已發行及 可發行之股份總數1%。

於接納所授出之購股權時,承授人須支付1港 元之象徵式代價,且授予購股權的要約可於 要約中規定的時間內(不得遲於要約之日起 21 日)予以接受。

#### DIRECTORS' REPORT 董事會報告書

The exercise price will be determined by the Directors, but may not be less than the highest of the closing price of the shares on the GEM on the date of the grant of the option or the average of the closing price of the shares on the GEM for the five trading days immediately preceding the date of the offer of grant of the option or the nominal value of the shares.

The Scheme shall remain in force for the period of 10 years commencing on the adoption date of the Scheme which was 9 June 2020.

The number of options available for grant under the existing Scheme limit as at 1 January 2024 and 31 December 2024 and the maximum number of shares of the Company which may be issued upon exercise of all options that may be granted under the existing Scheme limit is 533,623,510 shares of HK\$0.01 each (representing approximately 10.35% of the issued share capital of the Company as at the date of this Annual Report). During the year ended 31 December 2024, no options have been granted under the existing Scheme limit.

An option may be exercised at any time during the period to be determined and identified by the Board to each grantee at the time of making an offer for the grant of an option, but in any event no later than 10 years from the date of grant but subject to the early termination of the Scheme.

There is no minimum period for which an option must be held or no performance target which must be achieved before any of the options can be exercised.

As at 1 January 2024 and 31 December 2024, there were no share options outstanding, granted, exercised, cancelled or lapsed under the Scheme.

Details of the Scheme are set out in note 32 to the consolidated financial statements.

行使價將由董事釐定,但不可以低於在授出購 股權當日股份在GEM所報收市價或於緊接建議 授出購股權當日前五個交易日股份在GEM所報 平均收市價或股份面值三者中之最高者。

該計劃由採納該計劃日期(即二零二零年六月 九日)起計10年期間內維持有效。

於二零二四年一月一日及二零二四年十二月三 十一日根據現有計劃上限可授出之購股權數 目,以及於根據現有計劃上限可授出之購股權 獲悉數行使後可予發行之本公司股份數目上限 為533,623,510股每股0.01港元之股份(佔本公 司於本年報日期之已發行股本約10.35%)。於 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度,概無 根據現有計劃上限授出購股權。

購股權可於董事會向各承授人提呈授出購股權時所釐定及確定之期間內隨時行使,惟無論如何不遲於授出日期起計10年,但可提早終止該計劃。

於任何購股權可獲行使前,並無任何必須持有 購股權的最短期限或必須達致之表現目標。

於二零二四年一月一日及二零二四年十二月三 十一日,該計劃項下概無已獲授出、行使、註 銷或失效之尚未行使購股權。

有關該計劃詳情載於綜合財務報表附註32。

## ISSUE OF CONVERTIBLE LOANS

In December 2021 and January 2022, Endless Foison Limited ("EFL"), a subsidiary of the Company and an investment holding company that holds 48.33% equity interest of Luck Key, issued convertible loan notes ("Convertible Notes") in the aggregate principal amount of HK\$7,600,000 to parties independent of the Group, for funding the general working capital of the Group. The Convertible Notes will mature on 31 March 2024 ("Maturity Date") and do not carry interest. The Convertible Notes may be convertible into fully paid ordinary shares of EFL at the option of the holders of the Convertible Notes ("Noteholders"), based on the outstanding principal amount of the Convertible Notes, the agreed valuation of the Company and the then number of issued shares of EFL in accordance with the terms and conditions of the Convertible Notes. Based on the outstanding aggregate principal amount of the Convertible Notes of HK\$7,600,000 and the number of issued shares of EFL as at 31 December 2023 and the terms and conditions of the Convertible Notes, the full exercise of the conversion right of such outstanding Convertible Notes will not result in issue of more than 5% of the existing issued shares of EFL. The Noteholders may also request for early redemption of the Convertible Notes by EFL at 105% of the par value of the Convertible Notes during the period from the first business day immediately after 31 March 2023 and the date which is 10 business days immediately before the Maturity Date.

The gross proceeds of the issue of the Convertible Notes of HK\$7,600,000 received by EFL were fully utilized as general working capital of the Group.

During the year ended 31 December 2024, the Convertible Notes of approximately HK\$694,000 (2023: HK\$Nil) were repaid and the maturity date of the remaining Convertible Notes were renegotiated with the corresponding Noteholders which agreed extend to 31 March 2026. During the year ended 31 December 2024, the remaining Convertible Notes were derecognised following a substantial modification when the maturity date of the Convertible Notes was extended and the option to convert them into fully paid ordinary shares of EFL was expired. As a result of the substantial modification, the remaining unpaid portion of these Convertible Notes was reclassified as other borrowings.

Save as disclosed above, there was no conversion or redemption of the Convertible Notes during the year ended 31 December 2024.

## 發行可換股貸款

於二零二一年十二月及二零二二年一月, Endless Foison Limited(「EFL」,本公司之附屬 公司及一間投資控股公司,持有Luck Key的 48.33%股權)向獨立於本集團之相關方發行 本金總額為7,600,000港元之可換股貸款票據 (「可換股票據」),用於提供本集團之一般營運 資金。可換股票據將於二零二四年三月三十一 日(「到期日」)到期且不計息。可換股票據可按 可換股票據持有人(「**票據持有人**」)之選擇,根 據可換股票據之條款及條件,按照尚未行使之 可換股票據之本金額、本公司同意之估值及 EFL當時已發行股份數目,轉換為EFL之繳足普 通股。根據尚未行使之可換股票據之本金總額 7,600,000港元及EFL於二零二三年十二月三十 一日之已發行股份數目以及可換股票據之條款 及條件,悉數行使該等尚未行使可換股票據之 轉換權將不會導致發行之股份超過EFL現有已 發行股份之5%。票據持有人亦可於緊隨二零 二三年三月三十一日後首個營業日起至緊接到 期日前10個營業日當日止期間,要求EFL按可 換股票據面值之105%提早贖回可換股票據。

EFL所收到發行可換股票據之所得款項總額 7,600,000港元已悉數用作本集團之一般營運 資金。

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度,可換 股票據已償還約694,000港元(二零二三年:零 港元),而餘下可換股票據之到期日已與相關 票據持有人重新磋商,並同意延長至二零二六 年三月三十一日。截至二零二四年十二月三十 一日止年度,餘下可換股票據於可換股票據到 期日獲延長時及於轉換為EFL繳足普通股之購 股權屆滿時,於重大修訂後終止確認。由於重 大修訂,將該等可換股票據餘下未償還部分重 新分類為其他借貸。

除上文所披露者外,截至二零二四年十二月三 十一日止年度,概無轉換或贖回可換股票據。

# RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

Save that the related party transactions as disclosed in notes (v) and (vi) to note 37(a) and note 37(b) to the consolidated financial statements constituted continuing connected transaction or connected transaction as defined in Chapter 20 of the GEM Listing Rules of the Company, the related party transactions disclosed in note 37 to the consolidated financial statements do not constitute connected transactions or continuing connected transactions of the Company.

The Directors confirmed that the Company has complied with the disclosure requirements in accordance with Chapter 20 of the GEM Listing Rules.

Save as disclosed in note 37 to the consolidated financial statements, no transactions, arrangements and contracts of significance in relation to the Group's business to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries and fellow subsidiaries was a party and in which a Director and the Director's connected party or a controlling shareholder had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at any time during the year under review.

#### ENVIRONMENTAL POLICIES AND PERFORMANCE

The Group encourages environmental protection and promotes awareness towards environmental protection to its employees. The Group has adopted paperless systems and practices in its daily operations, such as human resources and procurement, as appropriate. Creating a paperless working environment not only alleviates environmental damages but also fits the commercial goals of the Group, which saves physical space, facilitates information sharing via IT networks, and reduces complicated documentation procedures for the Group. Moreover, duplex printing and copying have become the norm within the Group, greatly reducing paper consumption and saving costs. Data on printing is regularly collected and assessed, in order to monitor the efficacy of the Group's paperless environment. Details of the Group's commitments and efforts are summarised in the Environmental, Social and Governance Report in this Annual Report.

## 關聯人士交易及關連交易

除綜合財務報表附註37(a)之第(v)及(vi)項附註 及附註37(b)所披露關聯人士交易構成本公司 持續關連交易或關連交易(定義見GEM上市規 則第20章)之外,於綜合財務報表附註37所披 露的關聯人士交易並不構成本公司關連交易或 持續關連交易。

董事確認本公司遵守GEM上市規則第20章項 下的披露規定。

除綜合財務報表附註37所披露者外,董事及董 事的關聯人士或控股股東概無於由本公司或其 任何附屬公司及同系附屬公司訂立並於回顧年 度內任何時間仍然續存,對本集團業務而言屬 重大之交易、安排及合約中,直接或間接擁有 重大權益。

## 環境政策與表現

本集團鼓勵環保並推動其僱員提升環保意識。 本集團亦於人力資源及採購(倘適用)等日常營 運中,採用無紙化系統及措施。營造無紙化之 工作環境可為本集團節省空間、透過資訊科技 促進資訊互享及削減繁複文書程序,既能減輕 對環境造成破壞,亦合乎本集團商業考慮。另 外,雙面列印及複製已成為本集團之慣常做 法,大大減少紙張消耗及節省成本。本集團定 時收集及評估有關列印之數據,藉此監控本集 團無紙化環境之成效。本集團之承擔及投入之 詳情概述於本年報所載之「環境、社會及管治 報告」一節。

## DIRECTORS' REPORT 董事會報告書

#### **RELATIONSHIPS WITH STAKEHOLDERS**

The Group recognises that employees are valuable assets of the Group. The Group ensures all employees are reasonably remunerated, and continues to improve, regularly review and update its policies on remuneration and benefits, training, occupational health and safety. Employees are encouraged to devote their time to participate in local fund-raising activities.

The Group understands the importance of maintaining a good relationship with its suppliers, customers and business partners to meet its immediate and long-term goals. Based on the Group's business nature, most of the customers are occasional and non-routine. To minimise credit risk, the Group in general does not allow credit sales for individual customers. On the other hand, credit terms ranging from 30 days to 180 days are given to sizable corporate customers and major customers with long-term business relationships with the Group. The Group values the feedback from its customers and always tries to understand their needs through regular communication and business updates.

Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standard ("**HKFRS**") 9 "Financial instruments" the expected credit loss model requires an ongoing measurement of credit risk associated with a financial asset. Under this model, the Group recorded provision for impairment loss of approximately HK\$1,581,000 (2023: HK\$175,000) on accounts receivable, loan and interest receivables and provision for impairment loss of approximately HK\$2,459,000 (2023: HK\$280,000) on deposits and other receivables for the year ended 31 December 2024.

## 與持份者之關係

本集團認識到員工是本集團之寶貴財富。本集 團確保給予全體僱員合理待遇,不斷完善及定 期檢討和更新其薪酬福利、培訓、職業健康與 安全政策。本集團鼓勵僱員投放時間參與地方 籌款活動。

本集團明白與其供應商、客戶及業務夥伴保持 良好關係對達到其短期及長期目標之重要性。 根據本集團業務性質,大部分客戶乃非經常性 及非固定客戶。為減低信貸風險,本集團一般 不會允許個人客戶進行賒銷。另一方面,本集 團會向與本集團有著長期業務關係之大型企業 客戶及主要客戶授予30日至180日之信貸期。 本集團重視客戶之反饋意見,務求透過定期溝 通及更新業務資訊了解客戶之需求。

根據香港財務報告準則(「**香港財務報告準則**」) 第9號「金融工具」,預期信貸虧損模式要求對 金融資產的相關信貸風險持續計量。在此模 式下,於截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止 年度,本集團錄得應收賬款、應收貸款及利 息之減值虧損撥備約1,581,000港元(二零二三 年:175,000港元)以及按金及其他應收款項之 減值虧損撥備約2,459,000港元(二零二三年: 280,000港元)。

## COMPLIANCE WITH LAWS AND REGULATIONS

During the year under review, there was no material breach of or non-compliance with the applicable laws and regulations such as the Companies Ordinance (Chapter 622 of the Laws of Hong Kong) ("**Companies Ordinance**"), the GEM Listing Rules, and other applicable local laws and regulations in various jurisdictions that has a significant impact on the business and operations of the Group.

In addition, the Group is subject to the requirements under various laws in relation to its different business segments. The laws and regulations that have significant impacts on the business and operations of the Group are as follows.

## 遵守法例及法規

於回顧年度,本公司並無嚴重違反或不遵守適用法律法規,如公司條例(香港法例第622章) (「**公司條例」**)、GEM上市規則及會對本集團業務及經營產生重大影響的各司法權區當地的其他適用法律法規。

此外,本集團須受與其不同業務分部相關之不 同法例之規定所規限。對本集團業務及經營有 重大影響之法例及法規如下。

Business 業務	Primary legislation/regulations 主要法律/法規	Implication 詮釋
Provision of hospitality and related services in Australia	Competition and Consumer Act 2010 (Australia)	The Competition and Consumer Act 2010 covers most areas of the business market in Australia including the relationships between suppliers, wholesalers, retailer, and consumers by promoting fair trading and competition and through the provision of consumer protections.
於澳洲提供酒店及相關服務	《2010年競爭及消費者法案》 (澳洲)	《2010年競爭及消費者法案》涵蓋澳洲商業 市場的大多數領域,包括與供應商、 批發商、零售商及消費者之間的關係, 旨在促進公平貿易及競爭,並為消費者 提供保護。

## DIRECTORS' REPORT 董事會報告書

Business 業務	Primary legislation/regulations 主要法律/法規	Implication 詮釋
Provision of hospitality and related services in Australia	Australian Consumer Law (Australia)	The Australian Consumer Law covers general standards of business conduct, prohibits unfair trading practices, regulates specific types of business-to-consumer transactions, provides basic consumer guarantees for goods and services, and regulates the safety of consumer products and product-related services.
於澳洲提供酒店及相關服務	《澳洲消費者法》(澳洲)	《澳洲消費者法》涵蓋商業行為的一般標準, 禁止不公平交易行為,規範特定類型的 企業對消費者的交易,為商品和服務提供 基本的消費者保障,並規範消費品和產品 相關服務的安全。
Money lending business	Money Lenders Ordinance (Chapter 163 of the Laws of Hong Kong)	The Money Lenders Ordinance (Chapter 163 of the Laws of Hong Kong) (i) provides for the control and regulation of money lenders and money-lending transactions and the licensing of persons carrying on business as money lenders; and (ii) provides protection and relief against excessive interest rates and extortionate stipulations in respect of loans. The Group has to carry on its money lending business in compliance with this ordinance, such as the requirements on entering into loan transactions and the restriction on the interest rates of the loans.
借貸業務	《放債人條例》 (香港法例第163章)	《放債人條例》(香港法例第163章)(i)提供了 放債人及借貸交易之管制和規管以及經營 放債人業務之人士領牌事宜之規定; 及(ii)就貸款利率過高及敲詐提供保護及 救濟之規定。本集團須根據本條例從事 其借貸業務,如訂立貸款交易及限制貸款 利率之規定。

#### PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISION

A permitted indemnity provision that meets the requirements specified in section 469(2) of the Companies Ordinance for the benefit of the Directors is currently in force and was in force throughout the year under review. The Company has taken out and maintained directors' liability insurance during the year under review, which provides appropriate cover for the directors of the Group.

## SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors as at the latest practicable date prior to the date of this Annual Report, the Company has maintained sufficient public float under the GEM Listing Rules as at the date of this Annual Report.

#### **PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS**

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Bye-Laws, or the laws of Bermuda, which would oblige the Company to offer new shares of the Company on a pro-rata basis to existing Shareholders.

#### AUDITOR

McMillan Woods (Hong Kong) CPA Limited will retire and being eligible, offer itself for re-appointment. A resolution for the reappointment of McMillan Woods (Hong Kong) CPA Limited as the auditor of the Company is to be proposed at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company.

On behalf of the Board

**Ng Ting Ho** *Chairman* 

31 March 2025

## 獲准許彌償條文

基於董事利益並滿足公司條例第469(2)條規定 之獲准許彌償條文目前已生效且於整個回顧年 度一直有效。於回顧年度,本公司已為董事投 購及維持董事責任保險,為本集團董事提供適 當保障。

## 足夠公眾持股量

根據本公司獲得之公開資料及據董事所知,於 本年報日期前的最後實際可行日期,本公司於 本年報日期仍維持GEM上市規則規定之足夠公 眾持股量。

## 優先購買權

細則或百慕達法例並無對優先購買權作出任何 規定,致使本公司須按比例向現有股東提呈發 售本公司新股份。

## 核數師

長青(香港)會計師事務所有限公司將退任並符 合資格接受續聘。本公司將於即將召開之本公 司股東週年大會上提呈決議案以重新委任長 青(香港)會計師事務所有限公司為本公司核數 師。

代表董事會

*主席* **吳廷浩** 

二零二五年三月三十一日

#### INTRODUCTION TO THE REPORT

This Environmental, Social and Governance report (the "**Report**") provides an overview of the initiatives, plans and performance of Hang Tai Yue Group Holdings Limited (the "**Company**", the "**Group**" or "**We**", together with its subsidiaries) in Environmental, Social and Governance ("**ESG**") and demonstrates its commitment to sustainable development.

#### **REPORTING PERIOD**

This Report describes the ESG activities, challenges and measures taken by the Group during the year ended 31 December 2024 (the "**Reporting Period**", "**Year**", "**2024**", "**FY2024**").

#### **REPORTING SCOPE**

This Report covers the Group's business activities in relation to the provision of hospitality and related services in Australia, money lending business, and asset investment business in Hong Kong. Therefore, this ESG Report encompasses the operating locations of these businesses, including the Balgownie Estate Vineyard Resort & Spa Yarra Valley ("**Balgownie**") and a general administrative office in Hong Kong.

It conducts operations in three primary business sectors: (i) provision of hospitality and related services in Australia; (ii) money lending business; and (iii) assets investments business.

#### **REPORTING FRAMEWORK**

This Report has been prepared in accordance with the ESG Reporting Guide as set out in Appendix C2 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on GEM of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "**Stock Exchange**").

## 報告簡介

本環境、社會及管治報告(「本報告」)概述恆泰 裕集團控股有限公司(「本公司」、「本集團」或 「我們」,連同其附屬公司)在環境、社會及管 治(「環境、社會及管治」)方面的舉措、計劃及 績效,並展示其對可持續發展的承諾。

## 報告期間

本報告描述本集團截至二零二四年十二月三十 一日止年度(「**報告期間」、「本年度」、「二零二** 四年」、「二零二四財年」)進行的的環境、社會 及管治活動、所面對挑戰及採取的措施。

## 報告範圍

本報告涵蓋本集團於澳洲提供的酒店及相關服務以及於香港的借貸業務及資產投資業務的業務活動。因此,該等業務的營運地點,即博爾基尼酒莊水療度假村(「博爾基尼」)及香港的一般行政管理辦公室均會被納入本環境、社會及管治報告中。

其於三個主要業務領域營運業務:(i)於澳洲提 供酒店及相關服務;(ii)借貸業務;及(iii)資產 投資業務。

## 報告框架

本報告乃根據香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交 所」)GEM證券上市規則附錄C2所載環境、社會 及管治報告指引而編製。

#### **REPORTING PRINCIPLES**

During the preparation of this ESG Report, the Group has applied the Reporting principles stipulated in the ESG Reporting Guide as follows:

- "Materiality" A materiality assessment was conducted to identify material issues during the Reporting Period, thereby adopting the confirmed material issues as the focus for the preparation of this ESG Report. The materiality of issues was reviewed and confirmed by the Board.
- "Quantitative" Supplementary notes are added along with quantitative data disclosed in this ESG Report to explain any standards, methodologies, and source of conversion factors used during the calculation of environmental KPI.
- "Balance" This Report aims to provide a holistic and fair view of the sustainability performance of the Group and has not omitted any information related to material ESG topics.
- "Consistency" The approach adopted for the preparation of this ESG Report was substantially consistent with the previous year, and explanations were provided regarding data with changes in the scope of disclosure and calculation methodologies.

#### FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This ESG Report contains forward-looking statements which are based on the current expectations, estimations, projections, beliefs, and assumptions of the Group about the businesses and the markets in which it operates. These forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance and are subject to market risks, uncertainties, and factors beyond the control of the Group. Therefore, actual outcomes may differ from the assumptions made and the statements contained in this ESG Report.

#### CONFIRMATION AND APPROVAL

This Report was endorsed by the ESG Working Group and approved by the Board in March 2025.

## 報告原則

於編製本環境、社會及管治報告時,本集團已 應用環境、社會及管治報告指引所訂明的以下 報告原則:

- 「重要性」-已進行重要性評估以識別報告期間的重要性議題,將已確定的重要性議題作為編製本環境、社會及管治報告的重點。該等議題的重要性由董事會審閱及確認。
- 「量化」-本環境、社會及管治報告所披露的量化數據已附加補充說明,以解釋在計算環境關鍵績效指標時所用的任何標準、方法和轉換系數的來源。
- 「平衡」-本報告旨在全面公正反映本集 團的可持續發展績效,並無遺漏任何與 重大環境、社會及管治主題相關的資 料。
- 「一致性」-編製本環境、社會及管治報告所採納的方法與去年基本一致,並已就披露範圍和計算方法有變之數據提供解釋。

## 前瞻性陳述

本環境、社會及管治報告包含前瞻性陳述,該 等陳述基於本集團對其業務及其經營所在市場 的當前預期、估計、預測、信念及假設。該等 前瞻性陳述並非對未來表現的保證,並受到市 場風險、不確定性和本集團無法控制的因素影 響。因此,實際結果可能與本環境、社會及管 治報告中所作假設及所載陳述有所不同。

## 確認及批准

本報告經環境、社會及管治工作小組核准,並 於二零二五年三月獲董事會批准。

## ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT 環境、社會及管治報告

### CONTACT US

Your feedback is valuable to our continuous improvement, and we welcome any comments and suggestions you may have on this Report or our future ESG strategy in general. Please share any comments or suggestions regarding the Group's ESG performance writing to 31/F, Tower Two, Times Square, 1 Matheson Street, Causeway Bay, Hong Kong.

#### THE ESG GOVERNANCE STRUCTURE

The Group adopts a top-down management approach towards its ESG issues. The Board carries the primary responsibility for overseeing the Group's ESG affairs and remains vigilant about emerging ESG challenges that could influence the Group. It supervises the Group's ESG performance, formulates ESG strategies, and periodically evaluates the Group's progress in meeting ESG objectives. Additionally, the Board determines the priority of the Group's sustainability initiatives and ensures the efficacy of the Group's risk management and internal controls.

Specific individuals within the Group are assigned to systematically identify and tackle ESG issues. These designated personnel ensure the successful implementation of the Group's sustainability measures. They also gather and analyse pertinent ESG data, compare it against set targets, and present their findings to the Board. The Board will review the results and provide feedback and assess whether a follow-up plan and additional effort should be devoted in attaining the ESG goals.

#### THE BOARD STATEMENT

The Board, being ultimately responsible for monitoring the Group's ESG issues, including ESG management approach, strategy, and policies, holds a crucial role in ensuring effective oversight. To comprehensively manage the Group's ESG performance and proactively identify potential risks, the Board conducts materiality assessments, when necessary, with the assistance of the ESG committee. These assessments evaluate and prioritise material ESG-related issues, considering the opinions of stakeholders. Additionally, the Board reviews the progress made against ESG-related goals and targets, establishing a direct connection between these goals and targets and their relevance to the issuer's businesses.

## 聯絡我們

閣下的反饋對我們持續改進十分有價值,我們 歡迎 閣下對本報告或對我們未來環境、社會 及管治整體策略提出任何的意見和建議。如有 關於本集團ESG表現的任何意見或建議,請以 書面方式郵寄至香港銅鑼灣勿地臣街1號時代 廣場二座31樓。

## 環境、社會及管治結構

本集團對其環境、社會及管治問題採納自上而 下的管理方法。董事會就本集團的環境、社會 及管治事務負主要監督責任,並對可能對本集 團產生影響的環境、社會及管治新挑戰保持警 覺。董事會監督本集團在環境、社會及管治方 面的表現,制定環境、社會及管治戰略,並定 期檢討本集團在達成環境、社會及管治目標方 面的進展。此外,董事會亦釐定本集團重大舉 措的優先次序,並確保本集團的風險管理及內 部監控成效。

本集團已指定專人系統性地識別及應對環境、 社會及管治問題。該等指定人員確保本集團重 大措施的有效實行。彼等亦會收集及分析相關 環境、社會及管治數據,與特定目標作出比 較,並向董事會匯報結果。董事會將檢討結果 及提供反饋意見,並評估是否應制定跟進計劃 及加大力度,以實現集團於環境、社會及管治 目標。

## 董事會聲明

董事會最終負責監察本集團的環境、社會及管治議題,包括環境、社會及管治管理方法、策略和政策,在確保有效監督方面發揮著至關重要的作用。為全面管理本集團的環境、社會及管治表現並主動識別潛在風險,董事會在必要時在環境、社會及管治委員會的協助下進,輕大環境、社會及管治相關問題並確定其優先 如果,社會及管治相關問題並確定其優先 或等,此外,董事會檢視環境、社會及管治相關目標所取得的進展,在該等目標及其與發行 人業務的相關性之間建立直接聯繫。

## STAKEHOLDER ENGAGEMENT

The Group is dedicated to fostering a sustainable approach within its ESG strategies to enhance performance in environmental protection and social responsibility. Valuing the input from stakeholders, the Group actively seeks to understand, respond to, and address the primary concerns of various stakeholders through close communication. To facilitate effective communication and incorporate stakeholder feedback into sustainable management and ESG strategy development, a wide array of communication channels has been established.

When formulating operational and ESG strategies, the Group considers stakeholders' expectations through diverse engagement methods and communication channels. These methods and channels are outlined below:

## 持份者參與

本集團致力於在環境、社會及管治策略中納入 可持續發展方針,藉此提高在環境保護及社會 責任方面的表現。本集團重視各界持份者的意 見,透過密切溝通,主動了解、回應及處理持 份者的主要關注事項。為了有效溝通及將持份 者的反饋納入可持續管理及環境、社會及管治 策略的制定,我們已建立多元化的溝通渠道。

在制訂營運及環境、社會及管治策略時,本集 團會以多元化的聯繫方式及溝通渠道,考慮各 界持份者的期望。以下載列相關溝通方式及渠 道:

Stakeholders 利益相關方	Communication channels 參與方式	Expectations 期望
Employees 僱員	<ul> <li>Employee Activities 僱員活動</li> <li>Professional Training 專業培訓</li> <li>Performance Appraisal 績效評估</li> <li>On-site meetings and discussions 現場會議及討論</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Health and Safety 健康與安全</li> <li>Equal Opportunities 平等機會</li> <li>Compensation and Benefits 薪資及福利</li> <li>Career Development 職涯發展</li> <li>Legal rights and interests 法律權益</li> </ul>
Customers 客戶	<ul> <li>Customer Satisfaction Surveys 客戶滿意度調查</li> <li>Customer Service Center 客戶服務中心</li> <li>Complains Review Meeting 投訴審查會議</li> <li>Hotline 專線電話</li> <li>Emails and Website 電郵及網站</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Quality Services 優質服務</li> <li>Personal Safety 個人安全</li> <li>Compliant Operation 合規營運</li> <li>Privacy Protection 私隱保障</li> <li>Seamless Communication 無縫溝通</li> </ul>
Suppliers 供應商	• Supplier Meetings and Events 供應商會議和活動	<ul> <li>Contract Performance 合約履行</li> <li>Business Ethics 商業倫理</li> </ul>

## ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT 環境、社會及管治報告

Stakeholders 利益相關方	Communication channels 參與方式	Expectations 期望
Investors and Shareholders 投資者和股東	<ul> <li>Annual General Meeting 股東週年大會</li> <li>Special Report 特別報告</li> <li>Financial Reporting 財務報告</li> <li>Announcements and Circulars 公佈及通函</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Compliant Operation 合規營運</li> <li>Information Disclosure 資訊披露</li> <li>Financial Performance 財務績效</li> <li>Corporate Governance 企業管治</li> <li>Involvement in the decision-making process 參與決策過程</li> </ul>
Government and Regulators 政府和監管機構	<ul> <li>Written or electronic correspondences 書面或電子通訊</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Compliance with Regulations 遵守法規</li> <li>Security Operations 安全營運</li> </ul>
Community, NGOs, and Media 社區、非政府組織和媒體	<ul> <li>Public and Community Events 公共和社區活動</li> <li>Community Investment Programs 社區投資計劃</li> <li>ESG Reports 環境、社會及管治報告</li> </ul>	• Transparent information disclosure 透明的信息披露

#### MATERIALITY ASSESSMENT

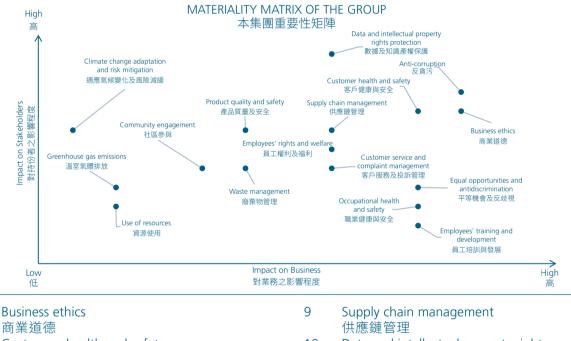
A materiality assessment in the form of surveys was conducted during FY2024, where the Group's stakeholders evaluated the materiality of different ESG issues of the Group based on several criteria, including but not limited to direct financial implications and the level of impact the Group's activities may have on the environment and society. Sustainability factors that were material to the Group's business operations have been reviewed by the Board, management and employees, who are responsible for the key functions of the Group.

The following matrix is a summary of the Group's material ESG issues:

## 重要性評估

於二零二四財年,我們以調查形式進行重要性 評估,本集團持份者根據多項標準評估本集團 不同環境、社會及管治事宜的重要性,包括但 不限於直接財務影響及本集團的活動可能對環 境及社會產生影響的程度。董事會、管理層及 負責本集團核心職能的僱員已審閱對我們業務 營運而言屬重大的可持續發展因素。

以下矩陣是本集團重要環境、社會及管治議題 的概要:



- Customers health and safety
   客戶健康與安全
   Customer service and complaint management
- 客戶服務及投訴管理 4 Employees' rights and welfare 僱員權利及福利
- 5 Anti-corruption
- 反貪污

1

- 6 Occupational health and safety 職業健康與安全
- 7 Employees' training and development 僱員培訓與發展
- 8 Product quality and safety 產品質量及安全
- 10 Data and intellectual property rights protection 數據及知識產權保護 Community engagement 11 社區參與 12 Equal opportunities and anti-discrimination 平等機會及反歧視 13 Waste management 廢棄物管理 14 Climate change adaptation and risk mitigation **滴應氣候變化及風險減緩** Use of resources 15
- 資源使用 16 Greenhouse gas emissions 溫室氣體排放

## ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT 環境、社會及管治報告

#### ENVIRONMENTAL

In line with our commitment to environmental protection, the Group consistently prioritises and promotes the principles of green development. We recognise the significance of minimising the environmental footprint of our operations and strive to implement sustainable practices at every level. Our dedication to environmental management drives us to continually refine and optimise our existing measures. We proactively develop and implement relevant systems that adhere to stringent environmental standards. By enhancing our energy efficiency and adopting innovative technologies, we actively reduce pollution emissions.

#### **Environmental Targets – Our Progress**

In order to support global efforts to address climate change, accelerate the pace of transition to a green and low-carbon economy, resolutely achieve the "2050 carbon neutrality" goals, and assess the effectiveness of the Group's strategies and measures to mitigate the impact of climate change, we had set environmental targets of the Group, using FY2020 as baseline and keeping our figures as the same as or lower than the baseline, as below.

## 環境

本著對環境保護的承諾,本集團一貫重視並推 廣綠色發展原則。我們意識到最大限度地減少 營運中的環境足跡的重要性,並努力在各個層 面實施可持續發展慣例。我們致力於環境管 理,促使我們不斷改進和優化現有措施。我們 積極發展及實施符合嚴格環境標準的相關系 統。透過提高能源效率及採用創新技術,我們 積極減少污染排放。

#### 環境目標-我們的進展

為支持全球應對氣候變化的努力、加快向綠色 低碳經濟轉型的步伐、堅決實現「二零五零年 碳中和」目標以及評估本集團減輕氣候變化影 響的策略及措施的成效,我們已設定本集團的 環境目標,以二零二零財年為基準,並保持我 們的數字與基準相同或低於基準,如下。

Environmental Aspects 環境層面	Units 單位	2020 (baseline) 二零二零年 (基準)	<b>2024</b> 二零二四年	Progress 進展
Greenhouse Gas emissions intensity 溫室氣體排放密度	tCO₂e/million revenue 噸二氧化碳當量/百萬收入	30.76	14.03	↓ 54%
Energy consumption intensity 能源消耗密度	kWh/million revenue 千瓦時/百萬收入	36,387	23,485	↓35%
Water consumption intensity 用水密度	m³/million revenue 立方米/百萬收入	202.96	134.71	↓ 34%
Non-hazardous waste intensity 無害廢棄物密度	tonnes/million revenue 噸/百萬收入	0.43	1.84	↑327%

Setting these objectives, it provides guidance for the Group's business strategy. The steps taken to achieve these goals are detailed below.

設定該等目標,為本集團的業務策略提供指 引。以下詳述為實現該等目標所採取的步驟。

#### A1. EMISSIONS

During the Reporting Period, the Group was not aware of any material non-compliance with environmentalrelated laws and regulations in relation to exhaust gas and greenhouse gas ("**GHG**"), emissions, water and land discharge, and the generation of hazardous and nonhazardous waste that would have a significant impact on the Group. Such laws and regulations include but not limited to the Road Traffic Ordinance, the Waste Disposal Ordinance, the Water Pollution Control Ordinance of Hong Kong, the State Environment Protection Policy (Ambient Air Quality) and the Environment Protection Act 2017 of Victoria, Australia.

#### **AIR EMISSIONS**

To align the global development of the low-carbon economy, the Group pays attention to its air emissions arise from the daily operations. The principles sources of air emissions are the combustion of diesel for company vehicles.

## A1. 排放物

於報告期間,本集團並不知悉任何重大 違反與廢氣及溫室氣體(「**溫室氣體**」)排 放,水、土地排放以及產生有害及無害 廢棄物有關而對本集團有重大影響的環 境相關法律法規。該等法律法規包括但 不限於香港的《道路交通條例》、《廢物處 置條例》、《水污染管制條例》、澳洲維 多利亞州的《環境保護政策(環境空氣質 量)》及《二零一七年環境保護法》。

#### 廢氣排放

為配合全球低碳經濟發展,本集團關注 日常營運中產生的廢氣排放。廢氣排放 的主要來源是公司車輛的柴油燃燒。

Type of Air Pollutants 空氣污染物類型	Unit 單位	<b>2024</b> 二零二四年	2023 二零二三年
Nitrogen oxides (NO <sub>x</sub> ) 氮氧化物(NO <sub>x</sub> )	kg 公斤	34.2	5.17
Sulphur oxides (SO <sub>x</sub> ) 硫氧化物(SO <sub>x</sub> )	kg 公斤	0.14	0.09
Particulate matter ("PM") 顆粒物(「PM」)	kg 公斤	3.16	0.33

#### A1. EMISSIONS (CONT'D)

#### **GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS**

The major sources of the Group's GHG emissions were generated from the combustion of petrol from the use of vehicles (Scope 1), purchased electricity (Scope 2) and paper waste disposal at landfills (Scope 3).

#### Summary of GHG emissions performance:

## A1. 排放物(續)

#### 溫室氣體排放

本集團溫室氣體排放的主要來源乃來自 使用車輛時汽油的燃燒(範圍1)、外購電 力(範圍2)以及於垃圾填埋場處置廢紙(範 圍3)。

#### 溫室氣體排放表現概要:

Types of GHG Emissions <sup>1</sup> 溫室氣體排放類型 <sup>1</sup>	<b>Units</b> ² 單位²	<b>2024</b> 二零二四年	2023 二零二三年
Scope 1 – Direct GHG Emissions			
範圍1-直接溫室氣體排放			
Petrol, Diesel and Natural Gas	tCO <sub>2</sub> e		
Consumptions		<b>34.23</b> <sup>3</sup>	15.99
汽油、柴油及天然氣消耗	噸二氧化碳當量		
Scope 2 – Indirect GHG Emissions			
範圍2-間接溫室氣體排放			
Purchased Electricity	tCO <sub>2</sub> e	920.77	1,418.15
外購電力	噸二氧化碳當量		
Scope 3 - Other Indirect GHG Emissions			
範圍3-其他間接溫室氣體排放	+60 a	E 44	гээ
<ul> <li>Paper Waste Disposed at Landfills 於垃圾填埋場中處置的廢紙</li> </ul>	tCO2e 噸二氧化碳當量	5.44	5.23
於垃圾填生物中處直可廢料 Total GHG Emissions	□項毛口w菌里 tCO₂e	960.45	1,439.37
溫室氣體排放總量	噸二氧化碳當量	500.45	1,400.07
Intensity <sup>4</sup>	tCO <sub>2</sub> e/million revenue (HK\$)	14.03	22.32
·····································	噸二氧化碳當量/百萬收入		
	(港元)		

## A1. EMISSIONS (CONT'D)

#### **GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS (Cont'd)**

#### Summary of GHG emissions performance: (Cont'd)

#### Scope 1 - Direct GHG Emissions

To reduce fuel usage and thus air emission, the Group has implemented the following measures:

- Switch off the engine when the vehicle is idling;
- Plan driving routes ahead of time to optimise fuel consumption and reduce air emissions; and
- Provide regular maintenance service for the vehicles to ensure to optimal engine performance and fuel use.

#### Scope 2 – Indirect GHG Emissions

Electricity consumption accounts for the largest indirect GHG emissions within the Group. The Group has implemented a series of measures to reduce electricity consumption, such measures will be mentioned in the section headed "A2 – Use of Resources".

#### Scope 3 – Other Indirect GHG Emissions

We report on the emissions from the use of paper under Scope 3. Measures for handling paper and other nonhazardous waste will be mentioned in the section headed "Non-Hazardous Waste Handling Method".

## A1. 排放物(續)

溫室氣體排放(續)

#### 溫室氣體排放表現概要:(續)

#### 範圍1一直接溫室氣體排放

為減少燃料使用量並因此減少廢氣排 放,本集團已實施以下措施:

- 於停車時關掉引擎;
- 提前規劃行駛路線,以優化燃料消 耗及減少廢氣排放;及
- 為車輛提供定期維護服務,以確保 最佳的發動機性能及燃料使用。

#### 範圍2-間接溫室氣體排放

電力消耗佔本集團內最大的間接溫室氣 體排放量。本集團已實施一系列減少電 力消耗的措施,有關措施將於「A2 一資 源使用」一節中闡述。

#### 範圍3-其他間接溫室氣體排放

我們在範圍3中報告使用紙張所產生的排 放。處理紙張及其他無害廢棄物的措施 載於「無害廢棄物處理方法」一節。

## ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT 環境、社會及管治報告

### A1. EMISSIONS (CONT'D)

#### **GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS (Cont'd)**

#### Summary of GHG emissions performance: (Cont'd)

Notes:

- GHG emissions data is presented in terms of carbon dioxide equivalent and is based on, but not limited to, "The Greenhouse Gas Protocol: A Corporate Accounting and Reporting Standards" issued by the World Resources Institute and the World Business Council for Sustainable Development, "How to prepare an ESG report – Appendix 2: Reporting Guidance on Environmental KPIs" issued by the Stock Exchange, the Global Warming Potential Values from the IPCC Fifth Assessment Report, 2014 (AR5), the CLP 2023 Sustainability Report issued by published by CLP Holdings Ltd. and the National Greenhouse Accounts Factors issued by the Department of the Environment and Energy of Australia.
- 2. tCO<sub>2</sub>e is defined as tonnes of carbon dioxide equivalent.
- 3. In FY 2024, the increased use of vehicles in Australia led to a corresponding rise in the overall number recorded.
- 4. During FY2024, the Group recorded a revenue of approximately HK\$68,482,000 (FY2023: HK\$64,482,000) under the reported segments. This data is also used for calculating other intensity data.

#### **SEWAGE DISCHARGE**

Given the nature of its operations, the Group's business activities do not generate any substantial discharge. Instead, the Group ensures that all wastewater generated is appropriately channeled to local sewage treatment plants for thorough treatment via the municipal sewage network.

## A1. 排放物(續)

溫室氣體排放(續)

#### 溫室氣體排放表現概要:(續)

附註:

- 溫室氣體排放數據按二氧化碳當量呈 列,並以(但不限於)世界資源研究所及 世界可持續發展工商理事會刊發的《溫 室氣體盤查議定書:企業會計與報告標 準》、聯交所刊發的《如何準備環境、社 會及管治報告一附錄2:環境關鍵績效 指標匯報指引》、二零一四年政府間氣 候變化專門委員會(IPCC)第五次評估報 告(AR5)的「全球升溫潛能值」、中電控股 有限公司發佈的《二零二三年可持續發 展報告》及澳洲環境與能源部發佈的《國 家溫室氣體排放係數管理表》為基準。
- 頓二氧化碳當量界定為噸二氧化碳當量。
- 於二零二四財年,於澳洲的車輛使用上 升導致所錄得整體數字的相應上升。
- 於二零二四財年,本集團報告分部項下 錄得收入約68,482,000港元(二零二三財 年:64,482,000港元)。此數據亦用作計 算其他密度數據。

#### 污水排放

鑒於其營運性質,本集團的業務活動不 會產生任何重大排放。相反,本集團確 保產生的所有污水均透過城市污水管網 妥善輸送至當地污水處理廠進行徹底處 理。

#### A1. EMISSIONS (CONT'D)

#### WASTE MANAGEMENT

#### Hazardous Waste Handling Method

Due to the nature of its business, the Group did not generate any hazardous waste during the Reporting Period. The Group has established protocols for the handling and disposal of hazardous waste in accordance with the Hazardous Waste (Regulation of Exports and Imports) Act 1989 of Australia and the Waste Disposal Ordinance of Hong Kong. If any hazardous waste is generated, the Group must engage qualified chemical waste collectors to treat such waste to comply with relevant environmental laws and regulations.

#### Non-hazardous Waste Handling Method

The majority of the non-hazardous waste generated by the Group was cans and bottles. Hotel operations generates a substantial amount of single-use disposable wastes, such as plastic bottles, boxes, containers, glass bottles and cans. The Group has therefore incorporated sustainability measures into the daily operations of Balgownie by introducing a robust recycling system. The Group has engaged one of Australia's largest recyclers to recycle the plastic bottles and paper generated by the Group's operations. The Group is also planning on transitioning away from single-use plastic items, and replacing them with more sustainable alternatives in the future. A policy on reducing wastage is included in the respective Employee Handbooks of the Group's Hong Kong head office and Balgownie. It reminds employees to take extra care during normal duties when handling tools, equipment, supplies and food so that the Group can minimise its non-hazardous waste production.

We actively encourage our employees to participate in waste recycling initiatives and emphasise the importance of reducing, reusing, and recycling waste throughout our operations. By integrating these practices into our day-today activities, we aim to minimise our environmental impact and contribute to the development of a sustainable business model.

## A1. 排放物(續)

#### 廢棄物管理

#### 有害廢棄物處理方法

由於業務性質,本集團於報告期間並無 產生任何有害廢棄物。本集團亦已根據 澳洲的《一九八九年有害廢棄物進出口管 制法》及香港《廢物處置條例》制定有害廢 棄物處理及處置指引。如產生任何有害 廢棄物,本集團必須聘請合資格的化學 廢棄物收集者處理該等廢棄物,以遵守 相關環境法律及法規。

#### 無害廢棄物處理方法

我們積極鼓勵僱員參與廢棄物回收計 劃,並強調在整個營運過程中減少、再 利用和回收廢棄物的重要性。透過將該 等慣例融入我們的日常活動中,我們的 目標是最大限度地減少對環境的影響, 並為可持續商業模式的發展作出貢獻。

# ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT 環境、社會及管治報告

A1. EMISSIONS (CONT'D)

#### WASTE MANAGEMENT (Cont'd)

A1. 排放物(續)

廢棄物管理(續)

#### Non-hazardous Waste Handling Method (Cont'd)

無害廢棄物處理方法(續)

Summary of major non-hazardous waste discharge 主要無害廢棄物排放表現概要: performance:

Categories of Waste 廢棄物類別	Units 單位	2024 二零二四年	2023 二零二三年
Office Paper 辦公用紙	kg 千克	1,134	1,090
General Waste	kg	17,160	15,513
一般廢棄物 Cans and Bottles 罐子及瓶子	千克 kg 千克	99,000	96,800
Wasted Packaging Materials	kg	8,880	8,160
廢棄包裝材料 Total Non-hazardous Waste 無害廢棄物總量	千克 kg 千克	126,174	121,563
Intensity 密度	kg/million revenue (HK\$) 千克/百萬收入(港元)	1,842	1,885

### A2. USE OF RESOURCES

The Group has implemented policies and measures to efficiently manage resource utilisation, aiming to enhance energy efficiency and minimise the consumption of nonessential materials. Our resource management policies and procedures ensure effective control over resource usage. Additionally, we prioritise the management of high-energyconsuming equipment, regulating their operational processes to maximise energy efficiency.

#### WATER CONSUMPTION

As the Group recognises the prevailing global water scarcity, we proactively implement strategies to address this critical issue. We promote a culture of water conservation among employees and have implemented a range of measures to mitigate water usage. The following are some of the water conservation initiatives we have established:

- Water collected from the roofs of Balgownie will be reused for various purposes to reduce reliance on external water supply;
- Effluent treatment systems are installed at Balgownie to capture and treat all waste on-site, water is then reused on irrigation of the vines and landscaping;
- Water-saving slogans and posters are displayed as reminders; and
- Dual flush water cisterns in toilets and faucet aerators in sinks are installed in washrooms.

Summary of water consumption performance:

## A2. 資源使用

本集團實施有效管理資源利用的政策及 措施,旨在提高能源效率並最大限度地 減少耗用非必需材料。我們的資源管理 政策和程序確保有效控制資源使用。此 外,我們優先管理高耗能設備,規範其 運作流程,最大限度地提高能源效率。

#### 水源消耗

由於本集團意識到全球普遍存在水資源 短缺問題,我們積極實施策略來解決此 關鍵問題。我們向僱員提倡節約用水的 文化,並採取一系列措施來減少用水 量。以下是我們制定的部分節水措施:

- 從博爾基尼屋頂收集的水將循環用 於多項途徑,以減少對外部供水的 依賴;
- 博爾基尼已安裝污水處理系統,收 集及處理現場所有廢物,隨後將處 理過的水用於葡萄園的灌溉和景觀 美化;
- 張貼節約用水的標語及海報以作溫 馨提示;及
- 於衛生間安裝雙沖水水箱及於洗手 間安裝水龍頭曝氣器。

用水表現概要:

Indicator 指標	Unit 單位	2024 二零二四年	2023 二零二三年
Total water consumption 總耗水量	m³ 立方米	9,225	10,632
mononity 密度	m <sup>3</sup> /million revenue (HK\$) 立方米/百萬收入(港元)	134.71	164.62

### A2. USE OF RESOURCES (CONT'D)

#### **ENERGY CONSUMPTION**

The Group has implemented key policies and programs focused on energy conservation to oversee and enhance its energy efficiency. All employees are promptly informed about the enforcement of these policies and actions. Periodic evaluations are carried out regarding the organisation's energy goals to ensure ongoing enhancements in energy consumption performance. In cases where energy consumption at any of the Group facilities rises significantly, reminders will be distributed via email to alert the pertinent departments about the importance of energy conservation.

In the office, a number of green measures have been encouraged:

- Purchase energy-efficient equipment to replace retired equipment;
- Switch off unnecessary lightings and electrical appliances when not in use; and
- Set all computer screens and printers to standby mode after a certain period of idling.

At Balgownie, the Group stresses the importance of environmental sustainability, sustainable designs can be observed throughout Balgownie. A number of elements have been incorporated to reduce energy usage, as shown below:

- Power-saving devices have been installed to all units which automatically de-activate all air conditioning and lighting when the units are left unattended;
- Appropriate insulation and shading to the building have been added to optimise temperature control;
- Skylights and glazing are installed to bring more natural light into the facilities;
- Solar heating systems are installed to complement gas heating systems and electric efficient heat pumps; and
- Natural flow through ventilation to all units reduces the reliance on air-conditioning usage.

## A2. 資源使用(續)

#### 能源消耗

本集團已實施以節能為重點的關鍵政策 及計劃,以監督及提高其能源效率。全 體僱員均及時獲悉有關政策及措施的執 行。本集團對其能源目標進行定期評 估,以確保能源消耗表現的持續提升。 倘本集團任何設施的能源消耗顯著上升 時,我們將透過電子郵件發出提醒,提 醒相關部門節約能源的重要性。

在辦公室內,我們鼓勵採取多項環保措施:

- 購買節能設備替換老化設備;
- 不使用時關閉不必要的照明及電器;及
- 將所有電腦屏幕及打印機在閒置一 段時間後均設置為待機模式。

在博爾基尼方面,本集團強調環境可持續性的重要性,在整個博爾基尼均可觀察到可持續性的設計。為降低能源消耗,已加入若干元素,如下文所示:

- 所有房間都安裝了節電裝置,當房 間無人使用時,所有的空調和照明 設備都會自動斷電;
- 建築添置了適當的隔熱和遮陰材料 以優化溫度控制;
- 安裝天窗和玻璃,為設施帶來更多的自然光;
- 安裝太陽能加熱系統,以補充氣體 加熱系統和電動高效熱泵;及
- 所有房間自然通風,減少對空調使
   用的依賴。

## A2. USE OF RESOURCES (CONT'D)

## A2. 資源使用(續)

**ENERGY CONSUMPTION (Cont'd)** 

能源消耗(續)

<b>Types of Energy</b> 能源類型	Unit 單位	<b>2024</b> 二零二四年	2023 二零二三年
 Direct Energy Consumption 直接能源消耗	kWh 千瓦時	<b>134,937.26</b> ⁵	102,762.95
<ul> <li>Diesel</li> <li>柴油</li> </ul>	kWh 千瓦時	17,703.15	3,103.94
<ul><li>Petrol</li><li>汽油</li></ul>	kWh 千瓦時	89,402.78	55,499.02
<ul><li>Natural Gas</li><li>天然氣</li></ul>	kWh 千瓦時	897.99	44,160.00
<ul><li>Town gas</li><li>煤氣</li></ul>	kWh 千瓦時	26,933	44,160
Indirect Energy Consumption 間接能源消耗	kWh 千瓦時	1,473,344.00	1,470,319.00
<ul><li>Electricity</li><li>電力</li></ul>	kWh 千瓦時	1,473,344.00	1,470,319.00
Total Energy Consumption	kWh イ 万味	1,608,281.26	1,573,081.95
能源消耗總量 Intensity 密度	千瓦時 kWh/million revenue (HK\$) 千瓦時/百萬收入(港元)	23,484.73	24,395.68

#### Note:

#### 附註:

5. Due to the increased gasoline consumption by company vehicles and the higher diesel usage for generators in Australia, the overall direct energy consumption has risen significantly.

 由於公司汽車的汽油消耗增加及發電機 於澳洲的柴油使用率上升,故整體的直 接能源消耗顯著上升。

## A2. USE OF RESOURCES (CONT'D)

#### **USE OF PACKAGING MATERIALS**

The Group possesses a vineyard located in Balgownie and has outsourced its wine production to a third-party entity. Packaging materials are used when the Group sells wine to its customers via its Wine Club.

Summary of packaging materials consumption performance:

## A2. 資源使用(續)

#### 包裝材料使用

本集團於博爾基尼擁有葡萄園,並將葡 萄酒生產分包予一名第三方。本集團透 過其葡萄酒俱樂部向客戶銷售葡萄酒時 會使用包裝材料。

#### 包裝材料消耗表現概要:

Indicator 指標	Unit 單位	<b>2024</b> 二零二四年	2023 二零二三年
Total packaging materials consumptions 總包裝材料消耗量	kg 千克	934	1,405
态已表的作为花里 Intensity 密度	↑.元 kg/million revenue (HK\$) 千克/百萬收入(港元)	13.64	21.79

# A3. THE ENVIRONMENT AND NATURAL RESOURCES

The Group prioritises minimising the environmental impact of its business operations and actively implements best practices for environmental protection. In addition to complying with environmental laws and international standards to safeguard the natural environment, the Group integrates principles of environmental and natural resource conservation into its internal management and daily operational activities. The Group continually enhances its environmental monitoring and early warning system and has established an emergency response system to effectively address environmental emergencies.

#### **USE OF OTHER RESOURCES**

During the procurement of furniture and amenities, the Group prioritises sustainability by favoring suppliers that provide responsibly sourced products. In delivering hospitality services in Australia, the Group aims to reduce the reliance on single-use disposable items, evaluate the environmental effects and longevity of purchased goods, and seek out ecofriendly alternatives.

#### **NOISE CONTROL**

The Group recognises that entertainment venue noise may be generated at Balgownie. The Group abides by the State Environment Protection Policy (Control of Music Noise from Public Premises) No. N-2 which is incorporated in the venues' current liquor licences. Balgownie actively controls the music level and limits loud music at the prescribed hours to ensure that guests and neighbours will not be severely disrupted.

## A3. 環境及天然資源

本集團優先考慮最大限度地減少業務營 運對環境的影響,並積極實施環境保護 最佳做法。除遵守環境法律及國際標準 以保護自然環境外,本集團將保護環境 及天然資源的原則融入內部管理及日常 營運活動。本集團不斷完善環境監測預 警系統,建立緊急應變系統,有效應對 突發環境事件。

#### 其他資源的使用

在採購傢俬及設施的過程中,本集團會 優先考慮可持續性,並優先向提供來源 可靠的貨品的供應商採購。就於澳洲提 供酒店服務而言,本集團盡量減少使用 一次性用品,採購產品時評估其環境 影響及可用年期,並探尋更環保的替代 品。

#### 噪音控制

本集團意識到博爾基尼可能會產生娛樂 場所噪音。本集團遵守《州份環保政策 (控制公共場所音樂噪音)第N-2號》,該政 策已納入現時相關場所酒類許可證內。 博爾基尼積極控制音樂聲量,並在規定 的時間限制音量,確保賓客及近鄰不會 遭受嚴重滋擾。

## A4. CLIMATE CHANGE

Frequency of extreme weather conditions is on the rise, with their devastating effects impacting a growing number of people worldwide. The interconnectedness and complexity of the modern world mean that climate disasters have farreaching consequences, affecting lives across the globe. These profound climate impacts necessitate immediate action towards decarbonisation. Necessary steps have been taken to identify and assess the potential climate risks and opportunities, to maximise the positive impacts and minimise the negative impacts.

# A4. 氣候變化

極端天氣狀況的發生頻率正在上升,對 全世界越來越多的人造成破壞性影響。 現代世界的相互關聯性和複雜性意味著 氣候災難會產生深遠的影響,影響全球 各地的生活。該等深遠的氣候影響需要 立即採取脫碳行動。我們已採取必要措 施識別和評估潛在的氣候風險及機會, 以最大限度地發揮正面影響並減少負面 影響。

Climate risks and opportunities 氣候風險及機會		Potential impacts 潛在影響	Mitigation Strategy 緩解策略	
Physical Risks 實體風險	Increased frequency and severity of extreme weather events such as strong typhoons rainfalls, and extreme temperatures 强烈颱風降雨和t極端氣溫 等極端天氣事件的頻率和 嚴重程度增加	<ul> <li>Decreased revenue due to extreme weather events that reduce customer traffic and delay projects. 由於極端天氣事件減少客流量並推遲項目,導致收益減少。</li> <li>Increased capital expenditures for the implementation of mitigation measures required. 實施所需緩解措施的資本支出增加。</li> <li>Increased operational costs due to health and safety incidents. 健康與安全事件導致營運成本增加。</li> <li>Reduced asset value due to the exposure of continuous climate risks. 由於持續面臨氣候風險,資產價值下降。</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Undertake precautionary measures for all employees and workers during typhoon and rainstorm season, such as developing operation continuity plans and conducting emergency drills. 為所有僱員及工人採取颱風和暴雨季 節期間預防措施,例如制定營運連續 性計劃及進行緊急演習。</li> <li>State working instructions to give directions on preventive measures and operational procedures. 說明工作指示,為預防措施及操作程 序提供指導。</li> <li>Carry out climate risk assessment and incorporate climate-resilient designs in new projects. 進行氣候風險評估並將氣候適應型設 計納入新項目。</li> <li>Promote the use of energy-efficient systems 推動使用節能系統。</li> </ul>	

# A4. CLIMATE CHANGE (CONT'D)

# A4. 氣候變化(續)

Climate risks and opportunities 氣候風險及機會		Potential impacts 潛在影響	Mitigation Strategy 緩解策略	
Transition Risks 轉型風險	Tightened requirements and regulations on energy efficiency and green standards 更嚴格的能源效率和綠色 標準要求和法規	<ul> <li>Increased capital expenditures for the procurement of energy-efficient equipment 採購節能設備的資本支出增加。</li> <li>Increased risks of non-compliance with the requirements of green standards 不遵守綠色標準要求的風險增加。</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Commit to Government's schemes to impose energy-saving measures and procure energy-efficient equipment. 承諾政府實施節能措施並採購節能設 備的計劃。</li> </ul>	
	Increased implementation and application of technology 加強技術的實施與應用	<ul> <li>Increased capital expenditures for the procurement of new technologies and R&amp;D.</li> <li>新技術採購和研發的資本支出增加。</li> <li>Long-term opportunities to embrace technology to improve efficiency and branding.</li> <li>採用科技來提高效率和品牌的長期機 會。</li> </ul>	• Source and introduce technological applications. 尋找並引入技術應用。	
	Increased expectation from stakeholders (including banks, investors, among others) 持份者(包括銀行、投資者 等)的期望提高	<ul> <li>Potential negative impacts on share price and investor demands due to lack of climate risk governance and disclosure.</li> <li>由於缺乏氣候風險治理及披露,可能對股價和投資者需求產生負面影響。</li> <li>Possible lowered cost of capital through green finance.</li> <li>透過綠色金融可能降低資本成本。</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Include climate risks and opportunities disclosure in sustainability Reports. 在可持續發展報告中納入氣候風險和機會披露。</li> <li>Actively engage stakeholders including government authorities, NGOs, and professional institutes to understand their expectations in key sustainability areas including climate change. 積極吸引政府當局、非政府組織和專業機構等持份者參與,了解彼等對氣候變化等關鍵可持續發展領域的期 窒。</li> </ul>	

### SOCIAL

#### **B1. EMPLOYMENT**

The Group values its relationship with all of its stakeholders. Creating a shared value for stakeholders provides a competitive edge for sustaining the Group's long-term prosperity. The Group prioritises the health and safety of its employees through comprehensive health and safety guidelines. To effect positive impact on the communities in which the business operates, the Group supports impactful social initiatives to address the needs of the underprivileged.

In FY 2024, the Group was not aware of any material noncompliance that would have a significant impact on the Group, with reference to employment-related laws and regulations including but not limited to the Fair Work Act 2009 and the Workplace Gender Act 2012 of Australia, the Equal Opportunity Act 2010 of Victoria, Australia and the Employment Ordinance, the Minimum Wage Ordinance, the Employees' Compensation Ordinance, the Sex Discrimination Ordinance and the Disability Discrimination Ordinance of Hong Kong.

# 社會

#### B1. 僱傭

本集團重視與所有持份者的關係。為持 份者創造共同價值,為維持本集團的長 期繁榮帶來競爭優勢。本集團透過全面 的健康和安全指引優先考慮僱員的健康 與安全。為對業務經營所在社區產生正 面影響,本集團支持具影響力的社會倡 議,以滿足弱勢群體的需求。

於二零二四財年,本集團並不知悉任何 嚴重違反僱傭相關法律及法規而對本集 團造成重大影響的情況,有關法律及法 規包括但不限於澳洲《二零零九年公平工 作法》及《二零一二年職場性別平等法》、 澳洲維多利亞州《二零一零年平等機會 法》以及香港《僱傭條例》、《最低工資條 例》、《僱員補償條例》、《性別歧視條例》 及《殘疾歧視條例》。

		<b>2024</b> 二零二四年	2023 二零二三年
Total number of employees	僱員總數	110	117
<b>Gender</b> Male Female	<b>性別</b> 男性 女性	44 66	43 74
<b>Age Group</b> Below 30 years old 30 – 50 years old Over 50 years old	<b>年齡組別</b> 30歲以下 30-50歲 50歲以上	42 44 24	58 41 18
<b>Geographical Region</b> Australia Hong Kong	<b>地區</b> 澳洲 香港	94 16	104 13
<b>Employment Type</b> Full-Time Part-Time	<b>僱傭類型</b> 全職 兼職	51 59	47 70

# 社會(續)

B1. 僱傭(續)

B1. EMPLOYMENT (Cont'd)

During FY2024, the Group recorded an overall turnover rate of 54.63%<sup>6</sup>. The breakdown is as follows:

於二零二四財年,本集團總體的僱員流 失率為54.63%<sup>6</sup>。明細如下:

		2024 二零二四年	2023 二零二三年
Gender	性別		
Male	男性	64.4%	58.0%
Female	女性	48.6%	30.2%
Age Group	年齡組別		
Below 30 years old	30歲以下	56.0%	50.5%
30 – 50 years old	30-50歲	65.9%	28.9%
Over 50 years old	50歲以上	28.6%	51.3%
Geographical Region	地區		
Australia	澳洲	41.4%	48.5%
Hong Kong	香港	56.6%	20.7%

Note:

6. Employee turnover rate = Total number of employees left/ Average number of employees in the year x 100%

#### Talent Attraction and Retention

The Group's employees are recruited via a robust, transparent and fair recruitment process based solely on their experience and expertise, without regard to their age, ethnicity, origin, gender identity, marital status, sexual orientation and religion. Employees are assessed by their abilities and potential to fulfil the Group's current and future needs. All employees responsible for the recruitment process will periodically review the selection criteria to ensure that existing policies remain relevant and that the policies do not unlawfully discriminate. Recruitment interviews will also be carried out by more than one person where possible. 附註:

 僱員流失率=離職僱員總人數/本年度 僱員平均人數x 100%

#### 人才吸引及挽留

本集團通過健全、透明及公平的招聘程 序招聘僱員,且僅以僱員的經驗及專業 知識為依據,而不論其年齡、種族、血 統、性別認同、婚姻狀況、性取向及 調根據僱員的才能及其可 滿足本集團現時及未來需要的潛力對其 進行評估。所有負責招聘程序的僱員將 定期檢討甄選標準,以確保現有政策仍 然適用及有關政策不會有非法歧視的內 容。於可能情況下將由一個以上人員進 行招聘面試。

## SOCIAL (CONT'D)

#### B1. EMPLOYMENT (Cont'd)

#### Talent Attraction and Retention (Cont'd)

Promotion and advancement will be based on merits and are in line with the Recruitment and Selection Policy that is formally documented in the Employee Handbook. The Group will conduct an annual performance and salary review to determine any salary adjustments and/or promotion opportunities. Written and verbal performance evaluations will be given to all employees at least once a year, such evaluations are intended to give recognition of the hard work of the employees and provide them with comments for improvement.

#### Employee Rights and Welfare

The Group's basis for remuneration is job-related skills, qualifications and performances. Remuneration packages include annual leave, maternity leave, compassionate leave and community service leave, among others. Also, the Group has formulated policies in determining the working hours and rest periods for employees according to local employment laws.

#### **Compensation and Dismissal**

All compensation made by the Group is given based on the provision of Workmen's Injury Compensation Insurance Policy under the Workplace Injury Rehabilitation and Compensation Act 2013 of Victoria, Australia and the Employees' Compensation Ordinance of Hong Kong, which cover the rehabilitation of injured workers and compensation in relation to injuries or deaths arising out of accidents and diseases in the workplace. Unreasonable dismissal under any circumstances is prohibited. A detailed list of major offences regarded as justifiable reasons for immediate dismissal can be found in the Employee Handbook.

# 社會(續)

B1. 僱傭(續)

#### 人才吸引及挽留(續)

晉升及提拔將任人唯賢,按《員工手冊》 明文規定的招聘及甄選政策進行。本集 團將每年進行表現及薪金檢討,以確定 任何薪金調整及/或晉升機會。每年至 少對所有僱員進行一次書面及口頭表現 評估,評估旨在表彰僱員的辛勤工作及 向彼等提出可加改進的意見。

#### 僱員權利及福利

本集團以工作相關技能、資格及表現為 基準釐定薪酬。薪酬待遇包括年假、產 假、恩恤假及社區服務假等。此外,本 集團已制定政策,根據當地就業法律確 定僱員的工作時間及休息時間。

#### 補償與解僱

本集團的所有賠償均根據澳洲維多利亞 州的《二零一三年工傷康復賠償法》下的 《工傷賠償保險政策》規定及香港的《僱員 賠償條例》作出,有關規定涵蓋因工作場 所發生事故及疾病而導致傷亡的受傷工 人康復及賠償。本集團嚴禁在任何情況 下的不合理解僱。屬於可作為立即解僱 的正當理由的重大違規行為之詳細列表 載於《員工手冊》內。

#### B1. EMPLOYMENT (Cont'd)

#### Equal Opportunities, Diversity and Anti-Discrimination

The Group is committed to strict compliance with all national and local governmental laws and regulations. We uphold a fair, equitable, and transparent recruitment process, establishing policies that prevent discrimination in recruitment. Our aim is to ensure that no individual experiences discrimination based on race, social status, religion, nationality, disability, age, marital status, gender, pregnancy, sexual orientation, trade union membership, or political association. We strive to provide equal and fair treatment to all employees, encompassing areas such as recruitment, remuneration, training, promotion, dismissal, retirement, and other aspects of employment.

If an employee faces intimidation, humiliation, bullying, or harassment, including sexual harassment, they are encouraged to report the matter to their designated employee representative or directly to the general manager. The Group takes such complaints seriously and will employ appropriate measures to address and resolve these issues promptly upon receipt of the complaint.

#### **B2. HEALTH AND SAFETY**

The Group has intensified its dedication to maintaining a secure and healthy workplace for its staff members. An occupational health and safety policy has been established to protect employee well-being. As part of the induction process, employees will receive detailed explanations and/ or documentation of relevant policies and procedures to prevent accidents. These policies are subject to annual review or prompt reassessment following any incidents to ensure their ongoing relevance and effectiveness in safeguarding employees.

During FY2024, the Group was not aware of any material non-compliance that would have a significant impact on the Group, with reference to health and safety related laws and regulations, including but not limited to the Occupational Health and Safety Act 2004 and the Occupational Health and Safety Regulations 2007 of Victoria, Australia and the Occupational Safety and Health Ordinance of Hong Kong.

# 社會(續)

#### B1. 僱傭(續)

#### 平等機會、多元化及反歧視

本集團致力於嚴格遵守所有國家和地方 政府的法律法規。我們秉持公平、公 正、透明的招聘流程,制定防止招聘歧 視的政策。我們的目標是確保任何人都 不會受到基於種族、社會地位、宗教、 國籍、殘疾、年齡、婚姻狀況、性別、 懷孕、性取向、工會成員資格或政治社 等、公平的待遇,涵蓋招聘、薪酬、培 訓、晉升、解僱、退休等就業方面。

如僱員面臨恐嚇、羞辱、欺凌或騷擾(包括性騷擾),我們鼓勵其向指定的僱員代表或直接向總經理報告。本集團嚴肅看待此類投訴,並將在收到投訴後立即採取適當措施處理及解決該等問題。

#### B2. 健康及安全

本集團已加強為其僱員提供安全健康的 工作環境的努力。本集團已制定職業健 康及安全政策,以保障僱員安康。於入 職程序中,僱員將就相關政策及程序的 詳情獲解釋及/或提供文件,以預防事 故的發生。每年或在任何事件發生後不 久均會審查相關政策,以確保所述政策 就保障僱員而言繼續為相關及有效。

於二零二四財年,本集團並不知悉任何 嚴重違反健康及安全相關法律及法規而 對本集團造成重大影響的情況,有關法 律及法規包括但不限於澳洲維多利亞州 的《二零零四年職業健康及安全法》、《二 零零七年職業健康及安全條例》及香港的 《職業安全與健康條例》。

78 Hang Tai Yue Group Holdings Limited | Annual Report 2024

## ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT 環境、社會及管治報告

# SOCIAL (CONT'D)

**Fiscal Year** 

Fatalities due to work

財政年度

### B2. HEALTH AND SAFETY (Cont'd)

No work-related fatalities happened during the past 3 consecutive years:

Unit

單位

Cases

過去連續3年並無發生因工死亡事件:

2023

0

零一三年

2022

二年

0

零一

因工死亡	個案			
Fiscal Year 財政年度		Unit 單位		2024 二零二四年
Lost days due to work injury 因工傷損失的工作天數 Work Injury Rate		Days 日 %		229 78.86
工傷率		%		70.00

Note<sup>.</sup>

7. Work injury rate is calculated by number of work-related injury Lost days/(number of Employee x 22 x 12 (working days)) x 100%. The Group has subscribed employees' compensation insurance for all employees, and it has covered the compensation required due to work-related injury.

## **Occupational Health and Safety**

The Group recognises that employees are its most valuable assets, therefore the Group is keen on providing a safe and pleasant working environment to retain talents and ensure that their well-being is taken care of. Relevant health and safety policies are indicated in the Employee Handbook, said policies are regularly reviewed and/or reviewed upon trigger events to ensure that the provisions continue to provide protection to its employees. At Balgownie, a front office training session has been held to familiarise its employees with various emergency scenarios such as gas leaks, wildlife or bomb threats. Uniform and/or personal protective equipment are provided for relevant employees.

工傷率以因工傷損失的工作天數/(僱員 7. 人數×22×12(工作日))×100%計算。 本集團為所有僱員辦理工傷保險,並保 障因工傷所需的賠償。

# 職業健康及安全

本集團深知僱員為其最寶貴的資產,因 此本集團致力於提供安全舒適的工作環 境以挽留人才及確保其福祉得到保障。 相關健康及安全政策載於《員工手冊》, 本集團定期及/或於發生觸發事件時對 有關政策進行檢討,以確保有關條文持 續為其僱員提供保障。在博爾基尼,本 集團舉辦前臺培訓課程,令僱員熟悉各 種緊急情況的處理,如煤氣洩漏、野生 動物或炸彈威脅。相關僱員均獲提供制 服及/或個人防護設備。

# 社會(續)

B2. 健康及安全(續)

2024

0

二零二四年

附註:

#### B2. HEALTH AND SAFETY (Cont'd)

#### Safety Training and Inspections

The Group utilises safety training and inspections to emphasise the significance of adherence to safety protocols among employees. Each employee receives induction training on pertinent health and safety policies tailored to their role at the outset of their employment, aiming to reduce the occurrence of workplace accidents or injuries. All personnel, whether directly or indirectly affiliated with the Group, are obligated to comply with all relevant laws, regulations, and safety standards mandated by the pertinent government authorities.

Regular occupational health and safety meetings are convened to promptly address concerns and explore potential solutions. Meetings were conducted routinely throughout FY2024, with detailed minutes documented during each session. These meetings are deemed critical for safeguarding the health and safety of both guests and employees, as they facilitate direct issue resolution and the assignment of responsible individuals to oversee the implementation of actions or plans.

#### **B3. TRAINING AND DEVELOPMENT**

Investing in future leaders is essential for ensuring the Group's long-term success and resilience. The Group intends to nurture its talent pipeline to retain high-performers and be equipped with leaders for tomorrow. In view of this, the Group provides them with the right tools and an environment in which they can grow professionally. Employees are continuously motivated to improve and contribute their knowledge and experiences towards shaping the future.

Structured skills development programs are in place across the Group for all employees, who play an integral role in operations. The Group's targeted learning activities aim to address the skills development needs of each core business as well as employees' career development aspirations. The content and structure of its learning programs are continually refreshed to keep pace with market developments and digitalisation requirements.

# 社會(續)

#### B2. 健康及安全(續)

#### 安全培訓及檢查

本集團利用安全培訓及檢查向僱員強調 遵守安全規定的重要性。每位僱員均於 入職時獲提供針對有關職位專設的相關 健康及安全政策的入職培訓,以盡量減 少事故或工傷的發生。不論是本集團直 接或間接僱用的人員,均須遵守相關政 府機構規定的所有適用法律、法規及安 全準則。

本集團定期舉行職業健康及安全會議, 以儘快應對疑慮及找出可行的解決方 案。我們於二零二四財年定期舉行會 議,並於會議中作詳盡會議記錄。會上 將直接處理問題,並指定負責人來監督 行動或計劃的貫徹落實,這對確保客人 及僱員的健康及安全至關重要。

#### B3. 發展與培訓

投資未來領導者對於確保本集團的長期 成功和韌性至關重要。本集團擬培養人 才管道,以挽留高績效人才並為未來配 備領導者。有鑑於此,本集團為彼等提 供合適的工具和環境以便能夠專業成 長。我們不斷鼓勵僱員改進並貢獻知識 和經驗塑造未來。

整個集團為所有僱員制定結構化的技能 發展計劃,僱員在營運中發揮著不可或 缺的作用。本集團具針對性的學習活動 旨在滿足各核心業務的技能發展需求以 及員工的職業發展意願。其學習計劃的 內容和結構不斷更新,以跟上市場發展 及數碼化要求。

#### **B3. TRAINING AND DEVELOPMENT (Cont'd)**

During the Reporting Period, the Group provided around 881 hours of training, with an average training hour of approximately 8.01 hours per trained employee. The breakdown of the employees trained by gender and employment category is as follows:

# 社會(續)

#### B3. 發展與培訓(續)

於報告期間,本集團提供培訓約881小時,每位受訓僱員平均培訓時間約8.01 小時。受訓僱員按性別及僱傭類別劃分 的明細如下:

				Percentage of Employees Trained (%) 受訓僱員百分比 (%)	Average Hours of Training (hour) 平均受訓時數 (小時)
Ge	nder	性別			
Ma		男性		77.27	12.31
Fen	nale	女性		119.70	5.14
Em	ployee Category	僱員類別			
	nior Management	高級管理層		150.00	35.25
Mic	ddle Management	中級管理層		10.53	1.28
Gei	neral Staff	一般員工		769.23	53.00
Not	es:		附言	È:	
8.	Percentage of employees train employees attended the train that category at the end of the	ing/Number of employees in	8.	該類別受訓僱員百 數/本年度完結時 100%	
0	Average bours of training - Nu	under of training bours in that			

9. Average hours of training = Number of training hours in that category/Number of employees in that category at the end of the year x 100%

9. 受訓平均時數=該類別受訓時數/本年 度完結時該類別僱員人數x 100%

#### **B4. LABOUR STANDARDS**

#### Prevention of Child and Forced Labour

The Group has zero tolerance and strictly prohibits the use of child labour, forced labour and hiring of illegal immigrants in our operations. Below measures have been taken to avoid these illegal employment practices.

Prevention of child labour	During the recruitment process, the human resources department will verify the applicant's identity documents and ensure that they have reached the minimum age for employment.
Prohibition of forced labour	The Group specifies overtime compensation provisions in the Employee Handbook. The Group carefully monitors the employee working time and working schedule to ensure they work voluntarily and freely.

In case of any illegal labour practice is discovered, the Group will stop their employments immediately. An investigation will be carried out subsequently and report the case to the relevant authorities.

During the Reporting Period, the Group was not aware of any material non-compliance with child and forced labourrelated laws and regulations, that would have a significant impact on the Group including but not limited to the Child Employment Act 2003, the Fair Work Act 2009 of Victoria, Australia and the Employment Ordinance of Hong Kong.

# 社會(續)

#### B4. 勞工準則

#### 防止僱用童工及強制勞工

本集團絕不容忍並嚴格禁止在營運中使 用童工、強制勞工及僱用非法移民。為 避免此等非法僱傭做法,我們已採取以 下措施。

防止童工 招聘過程中,人力資源 部門將核實應徵者的 身份證明文件,並 確保已達到最低就業 年齡。

禁止強制勞工 本集團在《員工手冊》 中訂明加班補償 規定。本集團認真 監察僱員的工作時 間及工作安排,確 保員工自願、自由 地工作。

一旦發現違法用工行為,本集團將立即 停止僱用。隨後將進行調查並向相關部 門報告案件。

於報告期間,本集團並不知悉任何重大 違反童工及強制勞工而對本集團造成重 大影響的相關法律及法規,包括但不限 於澳洲維多利亞州的《二零零三年兒童僱 用法》、《二零零九年公平工作法》及香港 的《僱傭條例》。

#### **B5. SUPPLY CHAIN MANAGEMENT**

During the supplier selection process, the Group takes into account the supplier's job references, prevailing market price, delivery time and reputation. In addition, the Group also considers suppliers who incorporate ESG issues into their policies and general business development strategies. Preferential consideration will be given to suppliers who utilise recycled or reused materials in their production process. Furthermore, the Group is keen on supporting the local economies, where possible, the procurement is sourced locally in Australia and Hong Kong.

During FY2024, the Group engaged 340 suppliers, and the following breakdown illustrates their distribution:

Location	No. of Suppliers
Australia	326
Hong Kong	14

Procurement policy is present within the Group. Where possible, competitive quotes should be obtained from at least two suppliers. For procurement of a higher value, an additional analysis should be run through beforehand, such as its cost and benefit, presence of other alternatives and implications if the said purchase is not made. The Group strives not to over-rely on a specific supplier in order to ensure the stability of the supply chain.

To monitor the continuous efforts from the suppliers in minimising their environmental and social impacts, regular supplier selection and assessment will be conducted on existing suppliers to ensure compliance with the Group's expectations. The Group monitors the performance of the selected suppliers on environmental and social impacts to ensure that they meet the expectation of the Group and deliver the expected goods or services. Contracts with suppliers may be terminated if the expectation of the Group is not met.

# 社會(續)

#### B5. 供應鏈管理

在選擇供應商的過程中,本集團會考慮 供應商的工作實績、現行市價、交付時 間及聲譽。此外,本集團亦考慮將環 境、社會及管治事宜納入其政策及一般 業務發展策略的供應商。生產過程中 使用循環再用材料的供應商將獲優先考 慮。此外,本集團竭力支持當地經濟發 展,盡可能於澳洲及香港本地進行採 購。

於二零二四財年,本集團委聘340名供應 商,分佈明細如下:

供應商數量	地點
326	澳洲
14	香港

本集團內部訂有採購政策。於可能情況 下,應向至少兩名供應商獲取競爭報 價。對於價值較高的採購,應事先就其 成本及利益、是否存在其他替代方案及 不進行上述採購的影響等因素進行額外 分析。本集團盡量避免過度依賴某一特 定供應商,以確保供應鏈穩定。

為監察供應商是否持續採取措施盡量減 少其對環境與社會的影響,本集團將對 現有供應商進行定期供應商甄選及評 估,以確保符合本集團的期望。本集團 監督選定供應商於環境與社會影響方面 的表現,確保其符合本集團的期望,並 提供預期的產品或服務。如未達到本集 團期望,本集團可能會與供應商終止合 約。

#### **B6. PRODUCT RESPONSIBILITY**

The Group is committed to providing the highest quality of service to its customers, not only because it is crucial to the health and safety of its customers and clients, but also for the purpose of attracting future business opportunities. The Group was not aware of any material non- compliance with laws and regulations that would have a significant impact on the Group, including but not limited to the Privacy and Data Protection Act 2014, the Liquor Control Reform Act 1998 of Victoria, Australia and the Personal Data (Privacy) Ordinance of Hong Kong, concerning health and safety, advertising, labelling and privacy matters relating to products and services and methods of redress during FY2024. During FY2024, the Group did not receive any cases of product or service-related complaints.

#### **Business Ethics**

The Group advocates ethical practices and is determined to mitigate any potential misconduct or poor services in all its business segments. Therefore, the Group has established different policies to better guide its employees and nurture them the importance of upholding ethical practices from the beginning of their professional careers.

#### Product Quality and Safety

To uphold the quality of products originating from the Group's vineyards, stringent standards govern the storage conditions and production facilities. As wine production is outsourced, the Group undertakes quality control inspections upon wine receipt from its subcontractors. Given the nature of the Group's operations, details regarding product recall protocols and quantities of products recalled are not applicable.

#### **Customer Health and Safety**

The Group prioritises customer health and safety by implementing comprehensive policies and guidelines to ensure that employees deliver top-quality and secure services to customers and guests. By adhering to these protocols, the Group aims to prevent unfortunate accidents or illnesses. Employees engaging in activities that jeopardise the health and safety of stakeholders, colleagues, or others will face disciplinary measures.

# 社會(續)

#### B6. 產品責任

本集團致力於向客戶提供最高質量的服務,這不僅關乎顧客及客戶的健康及安全,亦有助於吸引未來的商業機會。於 二零二四財年,本集團並不知悉任何嚴 重違反與產品及服務相關的涉及健康及 安全、廣告、標籤及私隱事宜以及補救 方法的法律及法規而對本集團造成重人 影響的情況,有關法律及法規包括但不 限於澳洲維多利亞州的《二零一四年私 慶數據保護法案》、《一九九八年酒類管 制改革法案》及香港的《個人資料(私隱) 條例》。於二零二四財年,本集團並無接 獲任何有關產品或服務的投訴。

#### 商業道德

本集團提倡符合道德規範的實踐活動並 致力於減少其所有業務分部的任何潛在 不當行為或不佳服務。因此,本集團已 制定不同的政策,以更好地指導僱員並 於其職業生涯開展時教導彼等恪守道德 規範的重要性。

#### 產品質量及安全

為維持本集團葡萄園所生產產品的質 量,本集團對儲存環境及生產設施實施 嚴格規定。由於葡萄酒生產外判,本集 團會於收到其分包商的葡萄酒後進行質 量控制檢查。鑒於本集團的業務性質, 有關產品召回程序及召回產品數量的披 露並不適用。

#### 客戶健康及安全

本集團十分重視客戶的健康及安全,並 已落實全面的政策及指引,確保僱員為 顧客及客人提供最高質量及安全的服 務。通過有關指引,本集團希望可避免 不幸事故或疾病的發生。倘僱員參與危 及有關人士、其同事或其他人士健康及 安全的活動,將對僱員進行紀律處分。

#### B6. PRODUCT RESPONSIBILITY (Cont'd)

#### Marketing and Labelling

The Group conforms with wine labelling guidelines pursuant to the Wine Australia Act 2013. As for alcohol marketing, the Group abides by the requirements set out in the ABAC Responsible Alcohol Marketing Code. Relevant guidelines have been provided to the relevant employees. As the Group sells its Spa Partner's products at its hotel to generate additional income, it requires its Spa Partner to include sufficient labelling on all products being sold.

#### Advertising Management

Guidelines on the special requirements in money lending business advertisements are formally documented. In addition, the Group abides by the stipulated legal requirements that pertain to the Money Lending License under the Money Lenders Ordinance.

#### **Customer Services and Complaint Management**

The Group fosters a culture of openness and receptiveness to feedback and complaints from customers and guests, considering them valuable avenues for service enhancement. Comprehensive procedures for managing complaints are outlined in the Service Handbook for the guidance of pertinent employees. In the event of receiving complaints, the Group is committed to promptly addressing and resolving issues through effective corrective measures.

# 社會(續)

B6. 產品責任(續)

#### 客戶健康及安全

本集團遵守根據《二零一三年澳洲葡萄酒 法案》制定的葡萄酒標籤指引。關於酒類 營銷,本集團遵照《ABAC負責任酒類營 銷守則》所載規定。本集團已向有關僱員 提供相關指引。由於本集團出售其酒店 內的水療合作夥伴的產品以獲取更多收 入,此舉要求其水療合作夥伴對出售的 所有產品貼上足夠標籤。

#### 廣告管理

本集團已正式制定有關借貸業務廣告的 特殊要求指引文件。此外,本集團遵守 與放債人條例項下放債牌照相關的法定 要求。

#### 客戶服務及投訴管理

本集團致力營造對客戶及賓客的反饋及 投訴保持開放及歡迎的文化,並將其視 為改善服務的寶貴機會。服務手冊中詳 細列明有關投訴處理程序,以供有關僱 員參考。倘本集團收到任何投訴,本集 團將努力立刻採取行動,通過有效糾正 措施解決問題。

#### B6. PRODUCT RESPONSIBILITY (Cont'd)

# *Customer Services and Complaint Management (Cont'd)*

The Group's Code of Conduct mandates that employees uphold the confidentiality of information obtained during their employment. Access to sensitive data and the Group's network is granted based on necessity. Employees are prohibited from transmitting highly confidential data via electronic communications due to its lack of complete privacy. The Code of Conduct is regularly reviewed and updated to comply with relevant privacy regulations. Internal audits and reviews are conducted routinely to ensure the protection of confidential information. Monitoring practices are in place to detect unauthorised access to sensitive data, particularly concerning customer information. The Group has implemented and consistently enhances firewall, antivirus, and antispam solutions for its IT systems to fortify the security of confidential data.

#### Protection of Intellectual Protection Rights

Fair and unbiased information is being emphasised in all marketing publications. All promotional materials must be examined by the management to ensure they adhere to all applicable advertising and intellectual property rights laws. To prevent infringement and infringement upon, the Group follows patents and licensing restrictions. The Group has also implemented registration to safeguard its intellectual property rights. During the Reporting Period, there were no incidents of non-compliance concerning marketing communications occurred within the Group.

# 社會(續)

B6. 產品責任(續)

#### 客戶服務及投訴管理(續)

本集團行為守則規定,僱員須對受僱期 間獲得的資料保密。對敏感資料及本集 團網絡的訪問乃以「按需」基準授出。由 於網絡並非完全保密,本集團亦要求授出。在 員不得使團定保密,本集團亦要求得使 其與商部審查及更新行為守,並 對進行內部審訪行一致,並 對進行內部審」及審監控措施以檢測就是 有關客戶數據者。本集團的資訊和郵件 決方案並定期對其進行更新,以保護機 密資料。

#### 知識產權保護

所有營銷出版物均強調公平和公正的資 訊。所有推廣資料必須經過管理層檢 查,確保遵守所有適用的廣告及知識產 權法。為防止侵權和侵害,本集團遵守 專利及許可限制。本集團亦落實註冊以 維護其知識產權。於報告期間,本集團 內並無營銷傳播違規事件。

#### **B7. ANTI-CORRUPTION**

The Board sets a tone of zero tolerance towards fraud and corruption. The Group's Employee Handbook states guidelines that require employees to comply with all applicable rules on conflicts of interest, insider dealing, anticompetition and anti-corruption. It demands strict adherence from every employee to applicable laws, rules, and regulations in the jurisdictions in which the Group operates.

The Anti-corruption Policy provides guidance for employees on recognising and avoiding unethical behaviour in a range of business contexts, including procurement of goods and services, accepting and offering corporate gifts or hospitality, and making political or charitable contributions. Any solicitation or acceptance of an advantage, any form of bribery, extortion, fraud, or money laundering are strictly prohibited.

# Anti-Money Laundering and Counter Financing of Terrorism

As the Group engages in money lending business, the Group may be subjected to the risk of unintentionally engaging in money laundering and financial crimes. Therefore, in addition to the compliance with laws and guidelines set up by regulatory authorities, the Group has set out guidelines to safeguard the interests of the Group, such as conducting background investigation, due diligence and loan approvals for loan financing applications.

#### Whistle-Blowing Mechanism

The Group encourages its employees and other stakeholders, including customers and suppliers, to raise concerns about suspected improprieties, misconduct, or malpractice. A confidential channel is in place for employees and stakeholders to report any suspected incidents.

Following the guidelines outlined in the Whistleblowing Policy, the Group treats every reported incident with utmost confidentiality and ensures that whistleblowers are protected from unfair dismissal, victimisation, or unwarranted disciplinary action. Incidents related to fraud and corruption will be thoroughly investigated.

# 社會(續)

#### B7. 反貪污

董事會對欺詐及貪污採取零容忍態度。 本集團的《員工手冊》規定要求僱員遵守 有關利益衝突、內幕交易、反競爭及反 貪污的所有適用規則的指引,要求每位 僱員嚴格遵守本集團經營所在司法管轄 區的適用法律、規則及法規。

反貪污政策為僱員在一系列商業環境中 識別及避免不道德行為提供指引,包括 採購商品和服務、接受及提供公司禮品 或招待,以及進行政治或慈善捐款。嚴 禁任何索取或接受利益、任何形式的賄 賂、勒索、欺詐或洗黑錢行為。

#### 打擊洗黑錢及恐怖分子籌資活動

由於本集團從事借貸業務,本集團可能 面臨無意中參與洗黑錢及金融罪行的風 險。因此,除遵守監管機構制定的法規 及指引外,本集團已制定相關指引以保 障本集團的利益,例如就貸款融資申請 進行背景調查、盡職審查及貸款審批。

#### 舉報機制

本集團鼓勵其僱員及其他持份者(包括客 戶及供應商)提出對涉嫌不當行為、失當 行為或瀆職行為的憂慮。我們設有保密 渠道,供僱員及持份者報告任何可疑事 件。

遵循舉報政策中概述的指引,本集團對 每宗舉報事件都採取高度保密,確保舉 報人免受不公平解僱、受害或無理紀律 處分。與欺詐及貪污有關的事件將徹底 調查。

#### B7. ANTI-CORRUPTION (Cont'd)

#### Whistle-Blowing Mechanism (Cont'd)

In December 2021, the Group adopted the whistle-blowing policy by amending its Employee Handbook and provided the Group's employees (including directors of members of the Group) with training on the whistle- blowing policy and anti-corruption practices of the Group. During 2024, the Group hosted a training delivered by representative from professional to the Directors and employees of the Group in regard to anti-corruption and integrity to maintain employees' awareness of the best practices on anticorruption.

#### **B8. COMMUNITY ENGAGEMENT**

Demonstrating a dedication to adding value and enriching its community, the Group actively engages in social involvement and financial support initiatives. With a commitment to instilling a culture of social responsibility throughout its organisation, the Group has outlined specific guidelines for community engagement, prioritising contributions to address societal requirements. Employees are motivated to partake in the Group's philanthropic endeavors, emphasising sectors like health and education through financial donations, with associated expenses covered by the Group. The Board conducts regular assessments of its community engagement initiatives and is content with the current level of involvement.

To strengthen the connection with society, the Group has made charitable donations worth of approximately HK\$49,000 (FY2023: HK\$7,000) in the form of vouchers redeemable for the services at the hotel during FY2024.

In addition, the hotel operations actively supported youth development in the region where it operates. Balgownie partners with local schools to provide work experience to students. Students can learn front line hospitality skills or understand how a hotel operates from the back end. It also gives them a taste of what career they would like to achieve when they finish school. During FY2024, the hotel hosted 10 students from local schools and the TAFE (Technical and Further Education), a local system providing education in vocational areas, in its work experience program.

# 社會(續)

#### B7. 反貪污(續)

#### 舉報機制(續)

於二零二一年十二月,本集團修訂了《員 工手冊》,採納舉報政策,並就本集團舉 報政策及反貪污常規向本集團僱員(包括 本集團成員公司的董事)提供相關培訓。 於二零二四年,本集團舉辦一次由專業 代表就反貪污政策及廉潔對董事及本集 團僱員進行的培訓,以維持僱員對反貪 污最佳常規的認知。

#### B8. 社區參與

本集團主動投入於社會參與及財政援助 工作,以展示對為社區帶來價值及豐富 社區的承諾。本集團力求於其企業架構 中激發社會責任感文化,為此本集團已 制定特定社區參與指引,重點回應社會 需求。本集團鼓勵僱員透過捐資參與本 集團專注於健康及教育等領域的慈善事會 亦定期評估其社區參與工作,並對當前 的參與程度表示滿意。

為加強與社會的聯繫,本集團於二零二 四財年以可兌換酒店服務的代用券形式 作出價值約49,000港元(二零二三財年: 7,000港元)的慈善捐獻。

此外,酒店業務積極支持經營所在地區 的青少年發展。博爾基尼與當地學校合 作,為學生提供工作經驗。學生能夠學 習前線接待技能,亦能夠從後勤了解酒 店如何運營。此舉亦可以讓學生了解到 在完成學業後自己想從事的職業。於二 零二四財年,酒店在其工作體驗計劃中 接待10名來自當地學校及TAFE(技術與繼 續教育,當地提供職業領域教育的系統) 的學生。

# CONTENT INDEX OF THE STOCK EXCHANGE ESG REPORTING GUIDE

# 聯交所《環境、社會及管治報告指 引》內容索引

#### Mandatory Disclosure Requirements 強制披露規定

Section/Declaration 章節/聲明

Governance Structure 管治架構 Reporting Principles 匯報原則 Reporting Boundary 匯報範圍 Introduction, Board Statement 簡介、董事會聲明 Reporting Framework 報告框架 Scope of Reporting 報告範圍

#### Subject Areas, Aspects, General Disclosures and KPIs 主要範疇、層面、一般披露及關鍵績效指標

Indicators	Description	Section and Remarks
指標	描述	章節及備註

A. Environmental A. 環境 Aspect A.1: Emissions 層面A.1:排放物		
僧山A.I、狩成物 General Disclosure	<ul> <li>Information on:</li> <li>(a) The policies; and</li> <li>(b) Compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to air and greenhouse gas emissions, discharges into water and land, and generation of hazardous and non-hazardous waste.</li> <li>Note: Air emissions include NO<sub>x</sub>, SO<sub>x</sub>, and other</li> </ul>	Emissions
	pollutants regulated under national laws and regulations. Greenhouse gases include carbon dioxide, methane, nitrous oxide, hydrofluorocarbons, perfluorocarbons and sulphur hexafluoride. Hazardous wastes are those defined by national regulations.	
一般披露	有關廢氣及溫室氣體排放、向水及土地的排 污、有害及無害廢棄物的產生等的: (a) 政策;及 (b) 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及 規例的資料。 附註:廢氣排放物包括NOx、SOx及國家法律及法規 規定的其他污染物。	排放物
	溫室氣體包括二氧化碳、甲烷、一氧化二 氮、氫氟碳化物、全氟化碳和六氟化硫。 有害廢棄物指國家法規界定的廢棄物。	

	Subject Areas, Aspects, General Disclosure 主要範疇、層面、一般披露及關鍵績效	
Indicators 指標	Description 描述	Section and Remarks 章節及備註
KPI A1.1	The types of emissions and respective emissions data.	Emissions – GHG Emissions, Waste Management
關鍵績效指標A1.1	排放物種類及相關排放數據。	排放物一溫室氣體排放、廢棄物管理
KPI A1.2	Direct (Scope 1) and energy indirect (Scope 2) greenhouse gas emissions (in tonnes) and, where appropriate, intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility).	Emissions – GHG Emissions
關鍵績效指標A1.2	直接(範圍1)及能源間接(範圍2)溫室氣體 排放量(以噸計算)及(如適用)密度(如以 每產量單位、每項設施計算)。	排放物一溫室氣體排放
KPI A1.3	Total hazardous waste produced (in tonnes) and, where appropriate, intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility).	Emissions – Waste Management
關鍵績效指標A1.3	所產生有害廢棄物總量(以噸計算)及(如適用) 密度(如以每產量單位、每項設施計算)。	排放物一廢棄物管理
KPI A1.4	Total non-hazardous waste produced (in tonnes) and, where appropriate, intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility).	Emissions – Waste Management
關鍵績效指標A1.4	所產生無害廢棄物總量(以噸計算)及(如適用) 密度(如以每產量單位、每項設施計算)。	排放物一廢棄物管理
KPI A1.5	Description of emission target(s) set and steps taken to achieve them.	Emissions – Air Emissions, GHG Emissions, Waste Management
關鍵績效指標A1.5	描述所訂立的排放量目標及為達到這些目標 所採取的步驟。	排放物一廢氣排放、溫室氣體排放、 廢棄物管理
KPI A1.6	Description of how hazardous and non-hazardous wastes are handled, and a description of reduction target(s) set and steps taken to achieve them.	Emissions – Waste Management
關鍵績效指標A1.6	描述處理有害及無害廢棄物的方法,及描述 所訂立的減廢目標及為達到這些目標所採取 的步驟。	排放物一廢棄物管理

89

Indicators 指標	<b>Description</b> 描述	r指標 Section and Remarks 章節及備註
Aspect A2: Use of Res 層面A2:資源使用	ources	
層面AZ、貝称使用 General Disclosure	Policies on the efficient use of resources, including energy, waste and other raw materials.	Use of Resources
	Note: Resources may be used in production, in storage, transportation, in buildings, electronic equipment, etc.	
一般披露	有關有效使用資源(包括能源、水及其他 原材料)的政策。	資源使用
	附註:資源可用於生產、儲存、運輸、建築物、電 子設備等。	
KPI A2.1	Direct and/or indirect energy consumption by type (e.g. electricity, gas or oil) in total (kWh in '000s) and intensity (e.g. per unit of	Use of Resources – Energy Consumption
關鍵績效指標A2.1	production volume, per facility). 按類型(如電、氣或油)劃分的直接及/或間接 能源總耗量(以兆瓦時計算)及密度(如以 每產量單位、每項設施計算)。	資源使用-能源消耗
KPI A2.2	Water consumption in total and intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume,	Use of Resources – Water Consumption
關鍵績效指標A2.2	per facility). 水資源消耗總量及密度(如以每產量單位、 每項設施計算)。	資源使用-水源消耗
KPI A2.3	Description of energy use efficiency target(s) set and steps taken to achieve them.	Use of Resources – Energy Consumption
關鍵績效指標A2.3	描述所訂立的能源使用效益目標及為達到這些 目標所採取的步驟。	資源使用一能源消耗
KPI A2.4	Description of whether there is any issue in sourcing water that is fit for purpose, water efficiency target(s) set and steps taken to	Use of Resources – Water Consumption
關鍵績效指標A2.4	achieve them. 描述求取適用水源上可有任何問題,以及 所訂立的用水效益目標及為達到這些目標	資源使用-水源消耗

Subject Areas, Aspects, General Disclosures and KPIs 主要範疇、層面、一般披露及關鍵績效指標			
Indicators 指標	Description 描述	Section and Remarks 章節及備註	
KPI A2.5	Total packaging material used for finished products (in tonnes) and, if applicable, with reference to per unit produced.	Use of Resources – Use of Packaging Materials	
關鍵績效指標A2.5	製成品所用包裝材料的總量(以噸計算)及 (如適用)每生產單位佔量。	資源使用-包裝材料使用	
Aspect A3: The Environ 層面A3:環境及天然資源	ment and Natural Resources		
General Disclosure	Policies on minimizing the issuer's significant impacts on the environment and natural resources.	The Environment and Natural Resources	
一般披露	有關減低發行人對環境及天然資源造成重大 影響的政策。	環境及天然資源	
KPI A3.1	Description of the significant impacts of activities on the environment and natural resources and the actions taken to manage them.	The Environment and Natural Resources – Noise Control, Park Greenery	
關鍵績效指標A3.1	描述業務活動對環境及天然資源的重大影響及 已採取管理有關影響的行動。	環境及天然資源-噪音控制、公園綠化	
Aspect A4: Climate Char 層面A4:氣候變化	nge		
General Disclosure	Policies on identification and mitigation of significant climate-related issues which have impacted, and those which may impact, the issuer.	Climate Change	
一般披露	有關識別及應對已經及可能會對發行人產生 影響的重大氣候相關事宜的政策。	氣候變化	
KPI A4.1	Description of the significant climate-related issues which have impacted, and those which may impact, the issuer, and the actions taken to manage them.	Climate Change – Physical Risks, Transition Risks	
關鍵績效指標A4.1	描述已經及可能會對發行人產生影響的重大 氣候相關事宜,及應對行動。	氣候變化-實體風險、轉型風險	

Subject Areas,	Aspects,	General	Disclosures and KPIs
主要範疇	、層面、·	一般披露	及關鍵績效指標

Indicators	Description	Section and Remarks	
指標	描述	章節及備註	

B. Social B. 社會 Employment and Labou 僱傭及勞工常規 Aspect B1: Employment 層面B1:僱傭	r Practices	
General Disclosure	<ul> <li>Information on:</li> <li>(a) The policies; and</li> <li>(b) Compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to compensation and dismissal, recruitment and promotion, working hours, rest Periods, equal opportunity, diversity, anti-discrimination, and other benefits and welfare.</li> </ul>	Employment
一般披露	有關薪酬及解僱、招聘及晉升、工作時間、假 期、平等機會、多元化、反歧視以及其他待遇 及福利的: (a) 政策;及 (b) 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及法 規的資料。	僱傭
KPI B1.1	Total workforce by gender, employment type (for example, full- or part-time), age Group and geographical region.	Employment
關鍵績效指標B1.1	按性別、僱傭類型(如全職或兼職)、年齡組別 及地區劃分的僱員總數。	僱傭
KPI B1.2	Employee turnover rate by gender, age Group and geographical region.	Employment
關鍵績效指標B1.2	按性別、年齡組別及地區劃分的僱員流失 比率。	僱傭

### Subject Areas, Aspects, General Disclosures and KPIs 主要範疇、層面、一般披露及關鍵績效指標

Indicators	Description	Section and Remarks
指標	描述	章節及備註

Aspect B2: Health and Sa 層面B2:健康與安全	afety	
General Disclosure	<ul> <li>Information on:</li> <li>(a) The policies; and</li> <li>(b) Compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to providing a safe working environment and protecting employees from occupational hazards.</li> </ul>	Health and Safety
一般披露	有關提供安全工作環境及保障僱員避免職業性 危害的: (a) 政策;及 (b) 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及法 規的資料。	健康與安全
KPI B2.1	Number and rate of work-related fatalities occurred in each of the past three years including the Reporting year.	Health and Safety
關鍵績效指標B2.1	過去三年(包括匯報年度)每年因工亡故的人數 及比率。	健康與安全
KPI B2.2 關鍵績效指標B2.2	Lost days due to work injury. 因工傷損失工作日數。	Health and Safety 健康與安全
КРІ В2.3	Description of occupational health and safety measures adopted, and how they are implemented and monitored.	Health and Safety – Occupational Health and Safety
關鍵績效指標B2.3	描述所採納的職業健康與安全措施,以及相關 執行及監察方法。	健康與安全-職業健康與安全

Subject Areas, Aspects, General Disclosures and KPIs 主要範疇、層面、一般披露及關鍵績效指標			
Indicators 指標	Description 描述	Section and Remarks 章節及備註	
Aspect B3: Development 層面B3:發展及培訓	t and Training		
General Disclosure	Policies on improving employees' knowledge and skills for discharging duties at work. Description of training activities.	Development and Training	
一般披露	Note: Training refers to vocational training. It may include internal and external courses paid by the employer. 有關提升僱員履行工作職責的知識及技能的政 策。描述培訓活動。 附註:培訓指職業培訓,可能包括由僱主支付的內 部及外部課程。		
KPI B3.1	The percentage of employees trained by gender and employee category (e.g. senior	Development and Training	
關鍵績效指標B3.1	management, middle management). 按性別及僱員類別(如高級管理層、中級 管理層)劃分的受訓僱員百分比。	發展及培訓	
KPI B3.2	The average training hours completed per employee by gender and employee category.	Development and Training	
關鍵績效指標B3.2	按性別及僱員類別劃分,每名僱員完成受訓的 平均時數。	發展及培訓	

#### Subject Areas, Aspects, General Disclosures and KPIs 主要範疇、層面、一般披露及關鍵績效指標

Indicators	Description	Section and Remarks
指標	描述	章節及備註

Aspect B4: Labour Stanc 層面B4:勞工準則	lards	
General Disclosure	<ul> <li>Information on</li> <li>(a) The policies; and</li> <li>(b) Compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to preventing child and forced labour.</li> </ul>	Labour Standards
一般披露	有關防止童工或強制勞工的: (a) 政策;及 (b) 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規 例的資料。	勞工準則
KPI B4.1	Description of measures to review employment practices to avoid child and forced labour.	Labour Standards
關鍵績效指標B4.1	描述檢討招聘慣例的措施以避免童工及強制 勞工。	勞工準則
KPI B4.2	Description of steps taken to eliminate such practices when discovered.	Labour Standards
關鍵績效指標B4.2	描述在發現違規情況時消除有關情況所採取的 步驟。	勞工準則
Operating Practices 營運慣例		
Aspect B5: Supply Chain 層面B5:供應鏈管理	Management	
General Disclosure	Policies on managing environmental and social risks of the supply chain.	Supply Chain Management
一般披露	有關管理供應鏈的環境及社會風險的政策。	供應鏈管理
KPI B5.1 關鍵績效指標B5.1	Number of suppliers by geographical region. 按地區劃分的供應商數目。	Supply Chain Management 供應鏈管理

ndicators 旨標	Description 描述	Section and Remarks 章節及備註
(PI B5.2	Description of practices relating to engaging suppliers, number of suppliers where the practices are being implemented, and how they are implemented and monitored.	Supply Chain Management
氰鍵績效指標B5.2	描述有關聘用供應商的慣例,向其執行有關 慣例的供應商數目,以及相關執行及監察 方法。	供應鏈管理
(PI B5.3	Description of practices used to identify environmental and social risks along the supply chain, and how they are implemented and monitored.	Supply Chain Management
氰鍵績效指標B5.3	描述有關識別供應鏈每個環節的環境及社會 風險的慣例,以及相關執行及監察方法。	供應鏈管理
(PI B5.4	Description of practices used to promote environmentally preferable products and services when selecting suppliers, and how they are implemented and monitored.	Supply Chain Management
閣鍵績效指標B5.4	描述在揀選供應商時促使多用環保產品及服務 的慣例,以及相關執行及監察方法。	供應鏈管理
spect B6: Product Re 雪面B6:產品責任	esponsibility	
eneral Disclosure	<ul> <li>Information on:</li> <li>(a) The policies; and</li> <li>(b) Compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to health and safety, advertising, labelling and privacy matters relating to products and services provides and methods of redress.</li> </ul>	Product Responsibility
一般披露	有關所提供產品和服務的健康與安全、廣告、 標籤及私隱事宜以及補救方法的:	產品責任
	<ul> <li>(a) 政策;及</li> <li>(b) 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規 例的資料。</li> </ul>	

Subject Areas, Aspects, General Disclosures and KPIs 主要範疇、層面、一般披露及關鍵績效指標		
Indicators 指標	Description 描述	Section and Remarks 章節及備註
KPI B6.1	Percentage of total products sold or shipped subject to recalls for safety and health reasons.	Product Responsibility
關鍵績效指標B6.1	已售或已運送產品總數中因安全與健康理由 而須回收的百分比。	產品責任
KPI B6.2	Number of products and service related complaints received and how they are dealt with.	Product Responsibility
關鍵績效指標B6.2	接獲關於產品及服務的投訴數目以及應對 方法。	產品責任
KPI B6.3	Description of practices relating to observing and protecting intellectual property rights.	Product Responsibility – Protection of Intellectual Property Rights
關鍵績效指標B6.3	描述與維護及保障知識產權有關的慣例。	產品責任一知識產權保護
KPI B6.4	Description of quality assurance process and recall procedures.	Product Responsibility – Product Quality and Safety
關鍵績效指標B6.4	描述質量檢定過程及產品回收程序。	產品責任一產品質量及安全
KPI B6.5	Description of consumer data protection and privacy policies, and how they are implemented and monitored.	Product Responsibility – Customer Data Protection and Privacy
關鍵績效指標B6.5	描述消費者資料保障及私隱政策,以及相關 執行及監察方法。	產品責任-客戶數據保護及私隱
Aspect B7: Anti-corrup 層面B7:反貪污	tion	
宿面日 · 反員75 General Disclosure	<ul> <li>Information on:</li> <li>(a) The policies; and</li> <li>(b) Compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to bribery, extortion, found and mean and have a significant.</li> </ul>	Anti-corruption
一般披露	fraud and money laundering. 有關防止賄賂、勒索、欺詐及洗黑錢的: (a) 政策;及 (b) 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規 例的資料。	反貪污

Subject Areas, Aspects, General Disclosures and KPIs 主要範疇、層面、一般披露及關鍵績效指標		
Indicators 指標	Description 描述	Section and Remarks 章節及備註
KPI B7.1	Number of concluded legal cases regarding corrupt practices brought against the issuer or its employees during the Reporting Period and	Anti-corruption
關鍵績效指標B7.1	the outcomes of the cases. 於匯報期內對發行人或其僱員提出並已審結的 貪污訴訟案件的數目及訴訟結果。	反貪污
KPI B7.2	Description of preventive measures and whistle-blowing procedures, and how they are implemented and monitored.	Anti-corruption
關鍵績效指標B7.2	描述防範措施及舉報程序,以及相關執行及 監察方法。	反貪污
KPI B7.3	Description of anti-corruption training provided to directors and staff.	Anti-corruption
關鍵績效指標B7.3	描述向董事及員工提供的反貪污培訓。	反貪污
Community 社區		
Aspect B8: Commun 層面B8:社區投資	nity Investment	
General Disclosure	Policies on community engagement to understand the needs of the communities where the issuer operates and to ensure its activities take into consideration the communities interests.	Community Investment
一般披露	有關以社區參與來了解營運所在社區需要和 確保其業務活動會考慮社區利益的政策。	社區投資
KPI B8.1	Focus areas of contribution (e.g. education, environmental concerns, labour needs, health,	Community Investment
關鍵績效指標B8.1	culture, sport). 專注貢獻範疇(如教育、環境事宜、勞工需求、 健康、文化、體育)。	社區投資
KPI B8.2	Resources contributed (e.g. money or time) to the focus area.	Community Investment
關鍵績效指標B8.2	在專注範疇所動用資源(如金錢或時間)。	社區投資

## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICE

The Company is committed to achieving and upholding good corporate governance practices that promote greater transparency and quality of disclosure as well as more effective internal control.

During the year under review, the Company had adopted the code provisions ("Code Provisions") set out in the Corporate Governance Code contained in Part 2 of Appendix C1 to the GEM Listing Rules then in force as its code of corporate governance. The Board is responsible for performing corporate governance duties including (a) developing and reviewing the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance; (b) reviewing and monitoring the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements; (c) reviewing and monitoring the training and continuous professional development of Directors and senior management; and (d) reviewing the Company's compliance with the Code Provisions. The Board had carried out the said corporate governance functions during the year under review. The Company complied with all the Code Provisions then in force throughout the year ended 31 December 2024

## **REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS**

The emoluments of the Directors are determined by the Board, taking into account the recommendations of the remuneration committee of the Board, having regard to merit, qualifications and competence of the Directors.

Details of the emoluments of the Directors who are also the senior management of the Group and the five highest paid individuals during the year ended 31 December 2024 are set out in note 13 to the consolidated financial statements.

## DIRECTORS' SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company had adopted a code of conduct regarding the Directors' securities transactions on terms no less exacting than the required standard of dealings as set out in Rules 5.48 to 5.67 of the GEM Listing Rules. The Company had also made specific enquiry of all Directors, that the Directors have complied with the required standard of dealings and the code of conduct regarding the Directors' securities transactions during the year ended 31 December 2024.

# 企業管治常規

本公司致力達致及確保良好之企業管治常規, 藉以提升更大透明度及披露質素以及更有效之 內部監控。

於回顧年度,本公司已採納當時生效之GEM 上市規則附錄C1第2部分所載之企業管治守則 列載之守則條文(「守則條文」)作為其企業管治 守則。董事會負責履行企業管治職責,範疇包 括:(a)制定及檢討有關本公司企業管治之政策 及常規;(b)檢討及監察本公司之政策及常規 對法律及監管規定之遵守情況;(c)檢討及監察 董事及高級管理層之培訓及持續專業發展;及 (d)檢討本公司對守則條文之遵守情況。於回顧 年度,董事會已履行上述企業管治職能。截至 二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度,本公司一 直遵守當時有效的所有守則條文。

# 董事薪酬

董事的酬金由董事會經考慮董事會轄下之薪酬 委員會的推薦建議,並參照董事之專長、資歷 及能力而釐定。

董事(彼等亦為本集團高級管理層)及五名最高 薪酬人士於截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止 年度的酬金詳情載於綜合財務報表附註13。

# 董事之證券交易

本公司已採納有關董事證券交易之操守守則, 其條款不遜於GEM上市規則第5.48至5.67條所 載之交易必守標準。於截至二零二四年十二月 三十一日止年度,本公司亦已向所有董事作出 具體查詢,董事已遵守交易必守標準及有關董 事進行證券交易之操守守則。

## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT 企業管治報告

## **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

#### **Board composition**

From 1 January 2024 to 25 April 2024, the Board comprised six members, one of which was a non-executive Director, namely Mr. Ng Ting Ho, two of which were executive Directors, namely Ms. Lam Ching Yee and Mr. Fong Chak Kiu, and the remaining three members being independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Wong Siu Keung, Joe, Mr. Chan Ming Kit and Mr. Tong Hin Sum Paul.

From 26 April 2024 to 31 December 2024, the Board comprised seven members, one of which was a non-executive Director, namely Mr. Ng Ting Ho, three of which were executive Directors, namely Ms. Lam Ching Yee, Mr. Fong Chak Kiu and Mr. Zhang Hongju, and the remaining three members being independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Wong Siu Keung, Joe, Mr. Chan Ming Kit and Mr. Tong Hin Sum Paul.

From 1 January 2025 and up to the date of this Annual Report, the Board comprises five members, one of which is a non-executive Director, namely Mr. Ng Ting Ho, one of which is an executive Director, namely Mr. Fong Chak Kiu, and the remaining three members being independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Wong Siu Keung, Joe, Mr. Chan Ming Kit and Mr. Tong Hin Sum Paul.

Mr. Zhang Hongju, who was appointed and resigned as an executive Director with effect from 26 April 2024 and 1 January 2025 respectively, obtained the legal advice referred to in Rule 5.02D of the GEM Listing Rules on 26 April 2024, and he had confirmed he understood his obligations as a director of a listed issuer.

The members of the Board, who come from different backgrounds, provide a diverse range of business and professional expertise to the Company. The biographical details of the Directors are set out in the "Directors Profile" on pages 34 to 36 in this Annual Report. All Directors are subject to retirement by rotation and re-election at the annual general meeting of the Company at least once every three years in accordance with the Bye-Laws. The Company has arranged appropriate insurance cover for the Directors. As at the date of this Annual Report, save as disclosed in the "Directors Profile" in this Annual Report, none of the Directors has any relationship (including financial, business, family or other material/relevant relationship) with each other.

# 董事會

#### 董事會組成

由二零二四年一月一日起至二零二四年四月二 十五日,董事會由六名成員組成,其中一名為 非執行董事,即吳廷浩先生,兩名為執行董 事,即林靜儀女士及方澤翹先生,而餘下三名 成員為獨立非執行董事,即黃兆強先生、陳銘 傑先生及湯顯森先生。

由二零二四年四月二十六日起至二零二四年十 二月三十一日,董事會由七名成員組成,其中 一名為非執行董事,即吳廷浩先生,三名為執 行董事,即林靜儀女士、方澤翹先生及張鴻舉 先生,而餘下三名成員為獨立非執行董事,即 黃兆強先生、陳銘傑先生及湯顯森先生。

由二零二五年一月一日起及直至本年報日期, 董事會由五名成員組成,其中一名為非執行董 事,即吳廷浩先生,一名為執行董事,即方澤 翹先生,餘下三名成員為獨立非執行董事,即 黃兆強先生、陳銘傑先生及湯顯森先生。

張鴻舉先生於二零二四年四月二十六日起獲委 任為執行董事,並於二零二五年一月一日辭 任,已於二零二四年四月二十六日取得GEM 上市規則第5.02D條所述的法律意見,且彼確 認彼明白其作為上市發行人董事的義務。

董事會成員具有不同背景,向本公司提供廣泛 業務範疇及專業知識。董事之簡歷詳情載於本 年報第34至36頁之「董事簡介」一節。全體董事 須根據細則規定,最少每三年於本公司股東週 年大會上輪值退任及重選連任一次。本公司已 為董事投購適當保險。於本年報日期,除本年 報「董事簡介」一節內所披露者外,董事彼此之 間概無任何關係(包括財務、業務、家庭或其 他重大/有關關係)。

# Roles and responsibilities of the Board and delegation to the management

The Board is responsible for the leadership and control of the Company and oversees the Group's business, strategic decisions and performance, and is responsible for promoting the success of the Company by directing and supervising its affairs. In practice, the Board takes responsibilities for decision making in all major matters of the Company which include approving and monitoring all policy matters, overall strategies, material transactions, appointment of directors and other significant financial and operational matters. The day-to-day management, administration and operation of the Company are delegated to the senior executives who are responsible for implementing the decisions of the Board, the coordination and direction of day-today operation and management of the Company in accordance with the management strategies and plans approved by the Board. Approval has to be obtained from the Board prior to the entering by the Group into any significant transactions. These senior executives provide full support to the Board in order for the Board members to discharge their responsibilities.

#### Practices and conduct of board meetings

The company secretary ("**Company Secretary**") of the Company is responsible to the Board for providing Board papers and related materials, for ensuring that all Board procedures and all applicable laws, rules and regulations are followed, and for reporting to the Chairman on governance matters. All Directors have unrestricted access to the advice and services of the Company Secretary. The Company Secretary also keeps minutes of all meetings of the Board which are available for inspection at any reasonable time on reasonable notice given by any Director.

The Board meets regularly and held 29 board meetings during the year ended 31 December 2024. The Directors attended the meetings in person or through other means of electronic communication in accordance with the Bye-Laws. During the regular Board meetings, the Directors discussed and formulated the overall strategies of the Group, reviewed and approved the annual, interim and guarterly results, as well as discussed and decided on other significant matters of the Group. All Directors have full and timely access to all relevant information as well as the advice and services of the Company Secretary, with a view to ensuring that Board procedures and all applicable laws and regulations are followed. Each Director is normally able to seek independent professional advice in appropriate circumstances at the Company's expense, upon making request to the Board. The Company will, upon request, provide separate independent professional advice to the Directors to assist them to discharge their duties to the Company.

#### 董事會之角色及責任及管理層之授權

董事會負責領導及監控本公司以及監管本集團 之業務、策略方針及表現,並負責透過指導及 監督本公司事務,引領本公司邁向成功。實質 上,董事會負責本公司所有主要事務之決策, 包括批准及監察所有政策事項、整體策略、重 大交易、董事任命及其他重要財務及營事務大交易、董事任命及其他重要財務及營事務及 了。本公司之日常管理、行政及經營事務乃 重會決策、根據董會審批之管理。本 計劃協調及指引本公司日常營運及管理。本 計劃協調及指引本公司日常營運及管理。本 計劃協調及指引本公司日常營運及管理。本 計劃協調及指引本公司日常營運及管理。 計劃協調及指引本公司日常營運及管理。 計劃協調及指引本公司日常營運及管理。 計劃協調及指引本公司日常營運及管理。 計劃協調及指引本公司日常營運及管理。 計劃協調及指引本公司日常營運及管理。 計劃協調及指引本公司日常營運及管理。 書會於履行董事會成員職責時亦獲該 等高級行政人員全力支持。

#### 董事會會議之常規及舉行

本公司之公司秘書(「**公司秘書**」)負責向董事會 提供董事會文件及相關資料以及確保遵照所有 董事會程序及一切適用之法例、規則及規例, 並就管治事宜向主席匯報。所有董事均可不受 限制地向公司秘書尋求意見及服務。公司秘書 亦就所有董事會會議作出會議記錄,任何董事 可在任何合理時段內作出合理通知查閱該等會 議記錄。

董事會定期舉行會議,並於截至二零二四年十 二月三十一日止年度舉行29次董事會會議。董 事親自或根據細則透過其他電子通訊方式出席 會議。董事會定期會議舉行期間,董事討論及 制定本集團之整體策略,並審閱及通過年度 制定本集團之整體策略,並審閱及通過年度 中期及季度業績,以及就本集團之其他重 過定 行討論及予以決策。全體董事可於 更地取得一切相關資料,以及公司秘書之意見 時地取得一切相關資料,以及公司秘書之意見 及規例。各董事一般可於適當情況下向董 會要求尋求獨立專業意見,費用由本公司專 擔。本公司將應要求向董事另行提供獨立專業 意見,以協助彼等向本公司履行職務。

## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT 企業管治報告

In case where a conflict of interest arises involving a substantial Shareholder or a Director, such matter will be discussed through an actual meeting and will not be dealt with by written resolutions. Independent non-executive Directors with no conflict of interest will be present at meetings dealing with such conflict issues. The Board committees, including the audit committee, the remuneration committee and the nomination committee, have all adopted the applicable practices and procedures used in Board meetings for all committee meetings. If considered to be necessary and appropriate by the Directors, they may retain independent professional advisors at the Group's expense.

Individual attendance records of each Director at the respective Board and committee meetings are set out in the table on page 110 of this Annual Report.

#### **Directors' continuing professional development**

All Directors have been updated from time to time on the latest developments and changes in the GEM Listing Rules and other applicable regulatory requirements to ensure the Company's compliance and to enhance the Directors' awareness of good corporate governance practices. The Directors understand the importance of continuous professional development and are committed to participating in any suitable training or to studying relevant materials in order to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills.

Mr. Ng Ting Ho, Ms. Lam Ching Yee, Mr. Fong Chak Kiu, Mr. Wong Siu Keung, Joe, Mr. Chan Ming Kit and Mr. Tong Hin Sum Paul have confirmed that they had complied with Code Provision C.1.4 during the year ended 31 December 2024 by participating in continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills. During the year under review, the Company has provided trainings and relevant materials regarding the GEM Listing Rules to the Directors.

## CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

The Chairman provides leadership to the Board, manages the Board and oversees the strategic planning of the Group, whereas the Chief Executive Officer is responsible for the Group's business development and daily management generally. According to Code Provision C.2.1, the roles of the chairman and the chief executive officer should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual. Mr. Ng Ting Ho has become the Chairman with effect from 17 September 2021 and Ms. Lam Ching Yee has become the Chief Executive Officer with effect from 5 June 2019 and resigned as the Chief Executive Officer with effect from 1 January 2025. 倘主要股東或董事在將予考慮之事宜中存有利 益衝突,有關事宜將於實際會議上討論,且將 不會以書面決議案處理。在有關事宜中並無利 益衝突之獨立非執行董事將會出席處理有關利 益衝突事宜之會議。所有董事委員會(包括審 核委員會、薪酬委員會及提名委員會)均已就 所有委員會會議採納董事會會議之適用常規及 程序。倘董事認為有需要及適當,則彼等可尋 求獨立專業顧問之意見,費用由本集團承擔。

各董事就相關董事會及委員會會議之個別出席 記錄載於本年報第110頁之表格。

#### 董事持續專業發展

本公司不時就GEM上市規則及其他適用監管 規定的最新發展及變動向全體董事提供最新資 訊,以確保本公司合規,並提升董事對良好企 業管治常規之了解。董事知悉持續專業發展之 重要性,並致力參與任何適合的培訓課程或研 讀相關資料,以發展及更新其知識及技能。

吴廷浩先生、林靜儀女士、方澤翹先生、黃兆 強先生、陳銘傑先生及湯顯森先生均已確認, 彼等於截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度 已遵守守則條文第C.1.4條,透過參與持續專 業發展以發展及更新其知識及技能。於回顧年 度內,本公司已為董事提供培訓及有關GEM上 市規則的相關材料。

## 主席及行政總裁

主席領導董事會、管理董事會及監督本集團的 戰略規劃,而行政總裁整體負責本集團之業務 發展及日常管理。根據守則條文第C.2.1條, 主席及行政總裁職務須區分,不得由同一人士 擔任。吳廷浩先生自二零二一年九月十七日起 擔任主席,而林靜儀女士自二零一九年六月五 日起擔任行政總裁,並於二零二五年一月一日 辭任行政總裁。

## INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

The Company has been in compliance with Rules 5.05(1) and (2), and 5.05A of the GEM Listing Rules during the year under review, with the appointment of the three independent non-executive Directors representing at least one-third of the Board and at least one of whom having appropriate professional qualifications, or accounting or related financial management expertise. The Company has received from each of the independent nonexecutive Directors an annual confirmation of his independence, and the Company considers such independent non-executive Directors to be independent in accordance with each and the various guidelines set out in Rule 5.09 of the GEM Listing Rules.

Mr. Wong Siu Keung, Joe, Mr. Chan Ming Kit and Mr. Tong Hin Sum Paul were appointed for a term of 12 months commencing from 1 January 2024 to 31 December 2024 (both days inclusive) and has been re-appointed for a term of 12 months commencing from 1 January 2025 to 31 December 2025 (both days inclusive).

To ensure independent views and input are available to the Board, the Company is required to have at least three independent nonexecutive Directors and has adopted a policy ("**Independent Views Policy**"), pursuant to which the independent nonexecutive Directors are required to, among others,

- keep up-to-date with the Company's business affairs and be involved in scrutinising the Company's performance in achieving agreed corporate goals and objectives, and monitor performance reporting;
- bring independent judgment to bear on the Company's issues of strategy, policy, performance, accountability, resources, key appointments and standards of conduct, help review some of the Board's major decisions and the Company's performance in relation to corporate goals, monitor the Company's performance reporting; and
- (iii) take the lead where potential conflicts of interest arise.

## 獨立非執行董事

於回顧年度,本公司已遵守GEM上市規則第 5.05(1)及(2)條及第5.05A條,委任三名獨立非 執行董事(佔董事會人數最少三分之一),而其 中最少一名人士具備適當專業資格或會計或相 關財務管理專業知識。本公司已接獲各獨立非 執行董事之年度獨立性身份確認,而本公司認 為就GEM上市規則第5.09條所載每項及各項指 引而言,該等獨立非執行董事為獨立人士。

黃兆強先生、陳銘傑先生及湯顯森先生原先的 委任期由二零二四年一月一日起計至二零二四 年十二月三十一日(包括首尾兩日)止,為期12 個月,彼等已獲重新委任,任期自二零二五年 一月一日起至二零二五年十二月三十一日(包 括首尾兩日)止,為期12個月。

為確保董事會可獲得獨立的觀點和意見,本公 司須有至少三名獨立非執行董事,並已採納一 項政策(「**獨立觀點政策**」),據此,獨立非執行 董事須(其中包括):

- (i) 及時了解本公司商業事務,參與審查本 公司在實現協定公司目標及宗旨方面的 表現,並監督表現匯報;
- (ii) 就本公司的策略、政策、表現、問責 性、資源、主要委任及操守準則等方面 作出獨立判斷,協助審查若干董事會重 大決策及本公司在實現公司目標方面的 表現,監督本公司表現匯報;及
- (iii) 於出現潛在利益衝突時發揮牽頭引導作 用。

## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT 企業管治報告

Further, the independent non-executive Directors shall make sufficient time available to discharge their responsibilities and should not accept an invitation to serve as an independent non- executive Director on the Board unless they can devote adequate time and effort to the work involved. Independent nonexecutive Directors sitting on multiple boards of directors of listed companies will need to ensure that they can dedicate adequate attention to each board and board committee.

In addition, the independent non-executive Directors shall at least annually attend meetings with the Chairman without the presence of other Directors to express their opinions openly. The Company also provides the Directors, upon reasonable request, to seek independent professional advice at the Group's expense. The Company will provide separate independent professional advice to Directors to assist them to perform their duties to the Company.

The Company is required to review and has reviewed the Independent Views Policy and its implementation and effectiveness on an annual basis.

## NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

During the year under review, Mr. Ng Ting Ho was appointed as the Chairman and a non-executive Director for a term commencing from 1 January 2024 to 31 December 2024 (both days inclusive) and has been re-appointed for a term of 12 months commencing from 1 January 2025 to 31 December 2025 (both days inclusive). 此外,獨立非執行董事須投入充足時間履行其 職責,且除非彼等能夠為相關工作投入足夠時 間及精力,否則不應接受擔任董事會獨立非執 行董事的邀請。在多家上市公司董事會任職的 獨立非執行董事將需確保彼等能夠對各董事會 及董事委員會給予足夠的關注。

此外,獨立非執行董事須每年在沒有其他董事 出席的情況下與主席至少進行一次會面,公開 地表達彼等的意見。本公司亦應合理要求為董 事提供尋求獨立專業意見的機會,費用由本集 團承擔。本公司將向董事提供個別獨立專業意 見以協助彼等履行對本公司的職責。

本公司須每年審閱獨立觀點政策以及其實施情 況及效能,並已如此行事。

# 非執行董事

於回顧年度內,吳廷浩先生獲委任為主席兼非 執行董事,任期自二零二四年一月一日起至二 零二四年十二月三十一日(包括首尾兩日)止及 已獲重新委任,任期自二零二五年一月一日起 至二零二五年十二月三十一日(包括首尾兩日) 止,為期12個月。

## **BOARD COMMITTEES**

The Board has established three committees, namely the audit committee, the remuneration committee, and the nomination committee, each with its specific terms of reference. Their terms of reference have been approved and reviewed by the Board and have been posted on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company. During the year under review, these committees have adhered to their principles, procedures and arrangements set out in their respective terms of reference. The respective committee secretaries took full minutes of the meetings of these committees and the work of these committees was reported to the Board regularly during the year under review.

#### **Audit Committee**

An audit committee of the Board ("Audit Committee") was established with written terms of reference in compliance with Rules 5.28 and 5.29 of the GEM Listing Rules and Code Provision D.3.3 in force during the year under review. The Audit Committee must consist of a minimum of three members, all of whom must be non-executive Directors, at least one of whom must have appropriate professional qualification or accounting or related financial management expertise. The primary duties of the Audit Committee are mainly to review the Group's financial information, reporting process, internal control procedures, risk management system, audit plan, relationship with external auditors and to review arrangements to enable employees of the Group, in confidence, to raise concerns about possible improprieties in the financial reporting, internal control or other matters of the Group.

From 1 January 2024 to the date of this Annual Report, the Audit Committee comprised three independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Wong Siu Keung, Joe, Mr. Chan Ming Kit and Mr. Tong Hin Sum Paul. Mr. Wong Siu Keung, Joe has been the chairman of the Audit Committee during the year under review and as at the date of this Annual Report.

# 董事委員會

董事會已成立審核委員會、薪酬委員會及提名 委員會三個委員會,其各有特定職權範圍。董 事會已批准及檢討職權範圍,並於聯交所及本 公司網站刊載。於回顧年度內,該等委員會已 貫徹其各自之職權範圍所載之原則、程序及安 排。委員會相關秘書負責為該等委員會撰寫完 整的會議記錄,而該等委員會則於回顧年度定 期向董事會作出工作匯報。

#### 審核委員會

董事會已成立審核委員會(「**審核委員會**」),其 書面職權範圍符合於回顧年度內有效之GEM上 市規則第5.28及5.29條以及守則條文第D.3.3 條。審核委員會最少必須包括三名成員,且全 部成員必須為非執行董事,當中最少一名成員 須具備合適專業資格或會計或相關財務管理專 業知識。審核委員會之主要職務主要為審閱本 集團財務資料、申報程序、內部監控程序、風 險管理制度、審核計劃、與外聘核數師之關 係,以及檢討讓本集團僱員可在保密情況下就 本集團財務報告、內部監控或其他方面可能發 生之不當行為提出關注的相關安排。

由二零二四年一月一日至本年報日期,審核委員會由三名獨立非執行董事組成,即黃兆強先 生、陳銘傑先生及湯顯森先生。於回顧年度及 於本年報日期,黃兆強先生為審核委員會主 席。

## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT 企業管治報告

During the year ended 31 December 2024, the Audit Committee held 4 meetings to review and provide supervision over the financial reporting system and internal control procedures of the Group and to review the Company's annual report and accounts, and half-year report and to provide advice and comments to the Board as to whether such reports were prepared in accordance with the applicable accounting standards and requirements. The Audit Committee also met with the external auditors to discuss auditing, internal control, statutory compliance and financial reporting matters of the Group before recommending the annual financial reports to the Board for approval.

The Group's half-yearly and annual results for the year under review have also been reviewed by the Audit Committee.

#### **Remuneration Committee**

A remuneration committee of the Board ("**Remuneration Committee**") was established with written terms of reference in compliance with Code Provision E.1.2. The principal responsibilities of the Remuneration Committee are to make recommendations to the Board on the Company's policy and structure in relation to the remuneration of all Directors and senior management of the Company and to review and approve management's remuneration proposals with reference to the goals and objectives set by the Board for the Company.

From 1 January 2024 to the date of this Annual Report, the Remuneration Committee comprised three independent nonexecutive Directors, namely Mr. Wong Siu Keung, Joe, Mr. Chan Ming Kit and Mr. Tong Hin Sum Paul. Mr. Wong Siu Keung, Joe has been the chairman of the Remuneration Committee during the year under review and as at the date of this Annual Report. 於截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度,審 核委員會舉行4次會議,以檢討及監察本集團 之財務申報制度及內部監控程序,以及審閱本 公司之年度報告及賬目以及半年度報告,並就 有關報告是否根據適用會計準則及規定而編 製,向董事會提供建議及意見。審核委員會亦 與外聘核數師會面,以於向董事會提呈批准全 年財務報告前討論有關本集團審核、內部監 控、遵守法規情況及財務報告事宜。

本集團於回顧年度的半年度及年度業績已由審核委員會進行審閱。

#### 薪酬委員會

董事會已成立薪酬委員會(「薪酬委員會」),其 書面職權範圍符合守則條文第E.1.2條。薪酬 委員會之主要職責為就本公司有關全體董事及 高級管理層之薪酬政策及架構向董事會作出推 薦建議,並參考本公司董事會設定的目標及宗 旨檢討及批准管理層之薪酬建議。

由二零二四年一月一日至本年報日期,薪酬委 員會由三名獨立非執行董事組成,即黃兆強先 生、陳銘傑先生及湯顯森先生。於回顧年度及 於本年報日期,黃兆強先生為薪酬委員會主 席。 During the year ended 31 December 2024, the Remuneration Committee held 4 meeting and adopted the approach under Code Provision E.1.2(c)(ii) to make recommendations to the Board on the remuneration packages of the Directors and senior management of the Company. The Remuneration Committee had reviewed the policy for the remuneration of the executive Directors, assessed the performance of the executive Directors and had reviewed and approved the appointment letters and/ or the service contracts of the Directors and the terms thereof as well as the remuneration and the discretionary bonus of the Directors during the year under review. No Director was involved in deciding his/her own remuneration.

#### **Nomination Committee**

A nomination committee of the Board ("**Nomination Committee**") was established with written terms of reference in compliance with Code Provision B.3.1. The principal responsibilities of the Nomination Committee are to make recommendations to the Board on the appointment or re-appointment of Directors and succession planning for Directors.

From 1 January 2024 to the date of this Annual Report, the Nomination Committee comprised three independent nonexecutive Directors, namely Mr. Wong Siu Keung, Joe, Mr. Chan Ming Kit and Mr. Tong Hin Sum Paul. Mr. Wong Siu Keung, Joe has been the chairman of the Nomination Committee during the year under review and as at the date of this Annual Report.

During the year ended 31 December 2024, the Nomination Committee held 4 meeting to review the policy for the nomination of Directors, the procedures, process and criteria adopted by the Nomination Committee to select and recommend candidates for directorship, the structure, size and composition of the Board, to recommend candidates for directorship and to assess the independence of the independent non-executive Directors.

The process for the nomination of Directors, which is on merit basis, is led by the Nomination Committee. The Company has adopted a board diversity policy ("**Policy**") which sets out the approach to achieve and maintain diversity of the Board in order to ensure good governance. 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度,薪酬 委員會舉行4次會議,採納守則條文第E.1.2(c) (ii)條項下之方式就本公司董事及高級管理層之 薪酬待遇向董事會作出推薦建議。於回顧年度 內,薪酬委員會已檢討執行董事之薪酬政策, 已評估執行董事之表現,並已審閱及批准董事 委任函及/或服務合約及其條款以及董事之薪 酬及酌情花紅。概無董事參與決定其本身之薪 酬。

#### 提名委員會

董事會已成立提名委員會(「提名委員會」),其 書面職權範圍符合守則條文第B.3.1條。提名 委員會之主要職責為就董事委任或重新委任以 及董事繼任計劃向董事會作出推薦建議。

由二零二四年一月一日至本年報日期,提名委員會由三名獨立非執行董事組成,即黃兆強先 生、陳銘傑先生及湯顯森先生。於回顧年度及 於本年報日期,黃兆強先生為提名委員會主 席。

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度,提名 委員會舉行4次會議,以檢討董事提名政策、 提名委員會就甄選及推薦董事候選人而採納之 程序、過程及標準、有關董事會之結構、規模 及組成,推薦董事候選人及評估獨立非執行董 事之獨立身份。

董事之提名(以才幹為本)程序由提名委員會主 導。本公司已採納董事會多元化政策(「該政 策」),其載列達致及維持董事會多元化之方 法,以確保良好管治。

In designing the Board's composition, Board diversity has been considered from a wide range of aspects, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, ethnicity, professional experience, skills, knowledge and length of service and any other factors that the Board may consider relevant and applicable from time to time. High emphasis is placed on ensuring a balanced composition of skills and experience at the Board level in order to provide a range of perspectives, insights and challenge that enables the Board to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively, support good decision making in view of the core businesses and strategy of the Company and support succession planning and development of the Board. For achieving an optimal Board, additional measurable objectives/specific diversity targets may be set and reviewed from time to time to ensure their appropriateness.

Selection of candidates will be based on the Policy and will take into account this Policy. The ultimate decision will be based on merit and contribution that the selected candidates will bring to the Board, having due regard to the benefits of diversity on the Board and also the needs of the Board without focusing on a single diversity aspect.

For the year ended 31 December 2024, the Directors on the Board came from various background and bring different business and professional experience, skills, knowledge and length of service to the Company and had contributed to the diversity at the Board. For details of the Directors, please refer to pages 34 to 36 of this Annual Report. Diversity at the Board has enabled the Board to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively, supporting good decision making in view of the core businesses and strategy of the Company and support succession planning and development of the Board. In the future, the Company continues to seek to enhance the effectiveness of its Board by embracing the benefits of diversity in the Board.

During the year under review, there was one female Director on the Board. Following the resignation of Ms. Lam Ching Yee as an executive Director with effect from 1 January 2025 and up to the date of this Annual Report, there is no female Director on the Board. With effect from 1 April 2025, Ms. Sun Xiao will be appointed as an independent non-executive Director and the Board will have one female Director.

The Board would ensure that appropriate balance of gender diversity is achieved with reference to stakeholders' expectation and international and local recommended best practices, with the ultimate goal of bringing the Board to gender parity. 於設計董事會之組成時,董事會多元化已從多 方面予以考慮,包括但不限於性別、年齡、文 化及教育背景、種族、專業經驗、技能、知識 及服務年期,以及董事會可能不時認為相關及 適用之任何其他因素。本公司格外強調確保 動、見解及考驗,使董事會能有效履行其觀 點、見解及考驗,使董事會能有效履行其職 責、支持本公司核心業務及策略的良好決策及 董事會的繼任計劃及發展。為達致理想的董 會,本集團或會不時制定及檢討額外可計量目 標/特定多元化目標,以確保其恰當性。

甄別董事人選將會根據該政策進行,並會考慮 該政策。最終決定將會根據相關人選的長處及 其可為董事會作出的貢獻而作出,當中會考慮 對董事會多元化的裨益以及董事會的需要,不 會只側重單一的多元化層面。

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度,董事 會董事具有不同背景,為本公司帶來不同業務 及專業經驗、技能、知識及服務年限,並為董 事會多元化做出貢獻。有關董事詳情,請參閱 本年報第34至36頁。董事會多元化使董事會 能夠有效履行其職責及責任、為對本公司核心 業務及策略作出良好決策提供支持,並為董事 會繼任計劃及發展提供支持。日後,本公司會 繼續通過汲取董事會多元化的益處提升董事會 效能。

於回顧年度,董事會有一名女性董事。隨著林 靜儀女士於二零二五年一月一日辭任執行董事 生效後及直至本年報日期,董事會並無女性董 事。自二零二五年四月一日起,孫遊女士將獲 委任為獨立非執行董事,而董事會將有一名女 性董事。

董事會將因應持份者的期望及參考國際和本地 的建議最佳常規以確保在性別多元化方面取得 適當平衡,並以董事會邁向性別均等為最終目 標。 The Nomination Committee reviews the Policy at least once annually to ensure its effectiveness. The Nomination Committee will discuss any revisions to the Policy that may be required and make recommendation to the Board for approval. The Nomination Committee also monitors the implementation of this Policy by conducting review of the Board's composition at least once annually taking into account the benefits of all relevant diversity aspects and adhering to the Policy when making recommendation on any Board appointments. The Nomination Committee also ensures that Board diversity is considered as part of the evaluation of the Board's effectiveness. During the year ended 31 December 2024, relevant trainings were provided to the Directors from time to time to equip themselves with the attributes and competencies required for the Board in light of the strategic needs of the Group and the environment in which it operates.

The Board also recognises the importance of diversity at the workforce level. As at 31 December 2024, the gender ratio of the workforce of the Group (including senior management) was 1:1.5 male to female.

提名委員會每年至少審閱一次該政策以確保其 有效性。提名委員會將就可能須對該政策作出 的任何修訂進行討論,並向董事會作出推薦建 議以供批准。提名委員會亦透過至少每年進行 一次審閱董事會之組成以監察該政策的執行, 於向董事會任何委任作出推薦建議時,其會考 慮所有相關多元化方面的利益及遵守該政策。 提名委員會亦確保將董事會多元化作為評估 事會有效性的一部分。截至二零二四年十二月 三十一日止年度,鑒於本集團戰略需要及營運 所在地的環境,本公司不時向董事提供相關培 訓以使彼等具備董事會所需的特質及能力。

董事會亦深明員工多元化的重要性。於二零二 四年十二月三十一日,本集團員工(包括高級 管理層)的男性對女性比例為1:1.5。

# DIRECTORS' ATTENDANCE RECORD AT MEETINGS

Details of the attendance of the Directors at the meetings of the Board and its respective committees and general meeting of the Company during the year ended 31 December 2024 are as follows:

# 董事出席會議記錄

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度內各董 事於董事會及其各委員會會議及本公司股東大 會之出席記錄詳情如下:

Name of Directors	董事姓名	Board Meeting Attended/ Eligible to attend 出席/合資格 出席董事會 會議次數	Audit Committee Meeting Attended/ Eligible to attend 出席/合資格 出席審核 委員會會議 次數	Remuneration Committee Meeting Attended/ Eligible to attend 出席/合資格 出席薪酬 委員會會議 次數	Nomination Committee Meeting Attended/ Eligible to attend 出席/合資格 出席提名 委員會會議 次數	General Meeting Attended/ Eligible to attend 出席/合資格 出席股東大會 次數
Number of meetings held during the financial year	於財政年度內舉行之 會議次數	29	4	4	4	1
Non-executive Director Mr. Ng Ting Ho	<b>非執行董事</b> 吳廷浩先生	27/29	0/0	0/0	0/0	1/1
<b>Executive Directors</b> Ms. Lam Ching Yee Mr. Fong Chak Kiu Mr. Zhong Hongju (appointed with effect from 26 April 2024)	<b>執行董事</b> 林靜儀女士 方澤翹先生 張鴻舉先生(於二零二四年 四月二十六日獲委任)	29/29 29/29 3/29	0/0 0/0 0/0	0/0 0/0 0/0	0/0 0/0 0/0	1/1 1/1 0/1
Independent non-executive Directors Mr. Wong Siu Keung, Joe (Committee Chairman) Mr. Chan Ming Kit Mr. Tong Hin Sum Paul	<b>獨立非執行董事</b> 黃兆強先生(委員會主席) 陳銘傑先生 湯顯森先生	27/29 28/29 28/29	4/4 4/4 4/4	4/4 4/4 4/4	4/4 4/4 4/4	1/1 1/1 1/1

### AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

For the year ended 31 December 2024, the fees paid/payable to the Group's external auditor, McMillan Woods (Hong Kong) CPA Limited, for the audit and non-audit services provided to the Group amounted to approximately HK\$700,000 and approximately HK\$120,000 respectively. The total amount of fees paid/payable to other audit firms for providing audit and non-audit services for the year ended 31 December 2024 amounted to approximately HK\$223,000 and approximately HK\$229,000 respectively. The non-audit service fees incurred consist of fees for professional service in relation to the Group's major transaction, taxation services, advisory services, and company secretarial services of approximately HK\$120,000, HK\$137,000 approximately HK\$74,000 and approximately HK\$18,000 respectively.

# DIRECTORS' AND AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Directors acknowledge that it is their responsibility to prepare the accounts of the Group and other disclosures required under the GEM Listing Rules, and management will provide information and explanations to the Board to enable it to make an informed assessment of the financial and other Board decisions.

A statement by the Company's external auditor, McMillan Woods (Hong Kong) CPA Limited, about their reporting responsibilities is included in the Independent Auditor's Report in this Annual Report.

### COMPANY SECRETARY

The Company Secretary is an employee of the Group and has dayto-day knowledge of the Group's affairs. The Company Secretary is responsible to the Board for ensuring the Board procedures are followed and that the Board is briefed on legislative, regulatory and corporate governance developments. During the year under review, the Company Secretary has taken not less than 15 hours of relevant professional training as required by the GEM Listing Rules.

# 核數師酬金

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度,就 向本集團提供審核及非審核服務已/應支付 予本集團之外聘核數師長青(香港)會計師事務 所有限公司的費用分別為約700,000港元及約 120,000港元。截至二零二四年十二月三十一 日止年度,就提供審核及非審核服務而已/應 支付予其他審計公司的費用金額總計分別為約 223,000港元及約229,000港元。所產生之非 審核服務費用包括與本集團主要交易有關之 專業服務費用、稅務服務費用、諮詢服務費 用及公司秘書服務費用分別約120,000港元、 137,000港元、約74,000港元及約18,000港 元。

# 董事及核數師就財務報表之責任

董事確認彼等負責根據GEM上市規則編製本集 團賬目及其他須予披露資料,而管理層將向董 事會提供資料及解釋,以使其可作出知情的財 務評核及其他董事會決策。

本公司外聘核數師長青(香港)會計師事務所有 限公司就彼等之申報責任所作出之聲明已載入 本年報的獨立核數師報告書。

# 公司秘書

公司秘書為本集團僱員,彼對本集團日常事務 有深入認識。公司秘書向董事會負責確保已遵 從董事會程序且董事會已了解法例、規例及企 業管治發展。於回顧年度,公司秘書已按GEM 上市規則之規定接受不少於十五小時之有關專 業培訓。

### **INTERNAL CONTROL**

The Board is responsible for establishing and maintaining the Group's systems of risk management and internal control and for reviewing the effectiveness of these systems. The risk management and internal control systems are designed to meet the particular needs of the Group and to mitigate the risks which it is exposed to. By their nature, however, such risk management and internal control systems are designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives, and can provide only reasonable but not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss. The Board has engaged an independent advisor to review the effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems of the Group, covering all material financial, operating and compliance controls for the year ended 31 December 2024. Such review is conducted annually. The scope of the review has been previously determined and approved by the Board and the Audit Committee. The independent advisor has reported major findings and areas of improvement to the Board. All the recommendations have been properly followed up by the Group to ensure that they will be implemented within a reasonable period of time. The Board is of the view that the Group's current risk management and internal control systems are adequate and effective.

As might be expected of a Group of its size, a key control procedure is the day-to-day supervision of the business by the executive Directors, supported by managers responsible for operations and the key central and divisional support provided by the Group's financial information systems and human resources. Key elements of the risk management and internal control systems of the Group as described below have all been in place throughout the year under review and up to the date of this Annual Report and are reviewed regularly by the Board:

- clearly defined management structure, lines of responsibilities and delegation of authority;
- high recruitment standards and formal career development and training to ensure the integrity and competence of the staff;
- regular and comprehensive information provided to management, covering financial performance and nonfinancial measures;

# 內部監管

董事會負責建立及維護本集團之風險管理及內 部監管系統,並檢討該等系統之有效性。風險 管理及內部監管系統之設計乃為應付本集團之 特別需要以及減輕所面對之風險。然而,鑒於 該等風險管理及內部監管系統之性質,其設計 乃為管理而非消除未能實現業務目標的風險, 並就避免重大錯誤陳述或損失提供合理而非絕 對之保證。董事會已聘用獨立顧問,審閱本集 團截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度之風 險管理及內部監管系統之有效性,包含所有重 大財務、運營及合規監控。相關審閱每年進行 一次。審閱範圍由董事會及審核委員會先行釐 定及批准。獨立顧問已向董事會呈報重大發現 及待改進領域。本集團已妥善跟進所有建議, 以確保彼等於合理時期落實。董事會認為,本 集團目前之風險管理及內部監管系統屬充分及 有效。

誠如與本集團規模相近之集團所預期,由執行 董事監察日常業務、並由負責營運之經理以及 本集團財務資訊系統及人力資源等部門所提供 之中央及部門支持給予支援,乃一項重點監管 程序。下文所載本集團風險管理及內部監管系 統之主要元素於整個回顧年度及直至本年報日 期已全面到位,並由董事會進行定期審查:

- 界定清晰之管理架構、職責分工及權限 授予;
- 高標準招聘以及正規職業發展及培訓, 以確保員工之誠信及能力;
- 向管理層定期提供完備資料,有關資料 涵蓋財務表現及非財務衡量指標;

- procedures for the approval of capital expenditure, investments and acquisitions;
- detailed budgeting process in which top management is involved in budget setting, constant monitoring of key statistics and review of management accounts on a monthly basis, noting and investigating major variances; and
- consideration of progress made against significant business risks at monthly management review meetings, with quarterly briefings to the Board.

The processes used to identify, evaluate and manage significant risks by the Group are summarised as follows:

#### **Risk Identification**

• Identifies risks that may potentially affect the Group's business and operations.

#### **Risk Assessment**

- Assesses the risks identified by using the assessment criteria developed by the management; and
- Considers the impacts of the risks on the business caused by the adverse events associated with the risks and the likelihood of occurrence of these adverse events.

#### **Response to Risks**

- Prioritises the risks by comparing the results of the risk assessments; and
- Determines the risk management strategies and internal control processes to prevent, avoid and mitigate the risks.

#### **Risk Monitoring and Reporting**

- Performs ongoing and periodic monitoring of the risks and ensures that appropriate internal control processes are in place and resolve material internal control defects (if any);
- Revises the risk management strategies and internal control processes in case of any significant change of situation; and
- Reports the results of risk monitoring to management and the Board regularly.

- 資本開支、投資及收購之批准程序;
- 詳盡之預算流程,當中高級管理層參與 制定預算,持續監察重要數據及每月審 閱管理賬目,留意及調查主要歧異之 處;及
- 於每月舉行之管理檢討會議上省覽針對 重大業務風險之進展,並向董事會作出 季度簡報。

本集團用於識別、評估及管理重大風險的程序概述如下:

#### 風險識別

 識別可能對本集團業務及營運構成潛在 影響之風險。

#### 風險評估

- 使用管理層制定之評估標準,評估已識 別之風險;及
- 就與風險有關之不利事件導致的業務風 險影響以及發生該等不利事件之可能性 加以考慮。

#### 風險應對

- 透過比較風險評估之結果,排列風險優先次序;及
- 釐定風險管理策略及內部監管程序,以
   防止、避免或降低風險。

#### 風險監察及匯報

- 持續並定期監察風險,以及確保設有適 當以及可解決重大內部監管錯誤(倘有)的 內部監管程序;
- 於出現任何重大變動時,修訂風險管理
   策略及內部監管程序;及
- 向管理層及董事會定期匯報風險監察的 結果。

#### **Inside Information**

The Group has in place, as an element of its risk management and internal control systems, a policy on disclosure of inside information, to ensure that inside information is handled and disseminated properly and in accordance with the applicable laws and regulations. The finance manager of the Company and the department heads within the Group are responsible for monitoring the changes and developments in their respective areas of operation and report any potential or suspected inside information events to the Board. Based on the information obtained through internal reporting, the Board assesses whether any of the information constitutes inside information which needs to be released to the public. Should public disclosure be required, the Board will determine the scope of information to be disclosed and the timing of disclosure. If and when appropriate, the Board may seek independent professional advice to ensure that the Company complies with the disclosure requirements.

The Board has considered the need for an internal audit function, and concluded that, given the size of the Group and its risk management and internal control systems in place, it is not necessary at present. The Board will review this issue on an annual basis.

#### **DIVIDEND POLICY**

The Company has adopted a dividend policy with effect from 1 January 2019. Dividends may be paid out by means of cash or by other means that the Directors consider appropriate. Declaration and payment of any dividends would require the recommendation of the Board and will be at its discretion. In addition, any dividends for a financial year will be subject to the approval of the Shareholders. A decision to declare or to pay any dividends in the future, and the amount of any dividends, depends on a number of factors, including the financial performance and future funding needs of the Company and other factors the Board may deem relevant.

Declaration and payment of dividends by the Company is subject to compliance with the Bye-Laws and the laws of Bermuda.

The Board will review the dividend policy from time to time and may exercise its sole and absolute discretion to update, amend and/or modify the dividend policy at any time as it deems fit and necessary.

There is no assurance that dividends will be declared or paid in any particular amount for any given period.

#### 內幕消息

 作為其風險管理及內部監管系統之一部 分,本集團已制定披露內幕消息之政 策,以確保內幕消息根據適用法律法規 妥為處置及發佈。本公司之財務經理及 本集團之部門主管負責監察彼等各自營 運版塊之變動及發展,並向董事會匯報 任何潛在及疑似內幕消息之事項。根據 透過內部匯報獲得之資料,董事會評估 任何該等資料是否構成內幕消息而須向 公眾公佈。倘須向公眾披露,董事會將 釐定將予披露之資料範圍及披露時間。 董事會將於適當時候尋求獨立專業意 見,以確保本公司遵守披露規定。

董事會已審議設立內部審核職能之必要性,並 於考慮本集團之規模及其已設立之風險管理及 內部監管系統後確定,目前並無設立之必要。 董事會將每年就此事宜進行檢討。

# 股息政策

本公司已採納一項自二零一九年一月一日起生 效的股息政策。股息可以現金或董事認為合適 的其他方式支付。宣派及支付任何股息應須由 董事會建議並將由董事會酌情而定。此外,任 何財政年度股息均須獲得股東批准。未來是否 宣派或支付任何股息及任何股息金額視乎多項 因素而定,包括本公司的財務表現及未來資金 需求以及董事會可能視作相關的其他因素。

本公司宣派及支付股息須遵守細則及百慕達法律。

董事會將不時審查股息政策,並可在其認為合 適及必要的任何時間,全權酌情更新、修訂 及/或修改股息政策。

概不保證將在任何指定期間宣派或支付任何特定金額的股息。

#### COMMUNICATION WITH SHAREHOLDERS

Communication with the Shareholders is given a high priority by the Company. The Company aims to provide the Shareholders with high standards of disclosure and financial transparency through the publication of annual and interim reports, announcements and circulars made through the websites of the Company and of the Stock Exchange.

The Board also maintains an on-going dialogue with the Shareholders and use general meetings to communicate with the Shareholders. The Company encourages all the Shareholders to attend general meetings of the Company which provide a useful forum for the Shareholders to exchange their views with the Board. The Chairman and members of the relevant Board committees and senior management of the Company are also available to answer the Shareholders' questions in the general meetings.

To safeguard the Shareholders' interests and rights, a separate resolution is proposed for each substantially independent issue at general meetings of the Company, including the election of individual Directors. All resolutions put forward at general meetings of the Company will be voted by poll pursuant to the GEM Listing Rules and the poll results will be posted on the websites of the Company and of the Stock Exchange after each general meeting of the Company.

The Company has reviewed the implementation and effectiveness of its shareholders' communication policy during the year under review.

The Company has established different communication channels with the Shareholders. Shareholders may raise their enquiries in general meetings. During the year ended 31 December 2024, the Company held the annual general meeting of the Company on 27 June 2024 which was attended by members of the Board and the Company's auditor to answer questions from the Shareholders attending the meeting.

In addition, the Company endeavours to disclose all material information about the Group to the Shareholders as effectively and timely as possible, including the publication of annual and interim reports, announcements and circulars, notices of general meetings, monthly returns on movements in the Company's securities for each month, and terms of reference of the committees of the Board. Shareholders may at any time make a request for the Company's information to the extent such information is publicly available. Shareholders may also at any time send their enquiries and concerns to the Board in writing to the Company Secretary at the Company's office in Hong Kong.

In view of the above, the Company considered its shareholders' communication policy effective.

# 與股東溝通

本公司高度重視與股東的溝通。本公司透過在 本公司及聯交所的網站刊登年度及中期報告、 公佈及通函,力求為股東提供高水平的披露及 財務透明度。

董事會亦維持與股東持續對話,並且利用股東 大會的機會與股東溝通。本公司鼓勵全體股東 出席本公司股東大會,而股東大會是股東與董 事會交換意見的有效平台。本公司主席及相關 董事委員會成員與高級管理層亦會出席股東大 會,於會上解答股東的問題。

為保障股東權益及權利,本公司將就各重大獨 立事宜(包括選舉個別董事)於股東大會上提呈 獨立決議案。於本公司股東大會上提呈之所有 決議案將根據GEM上市規則以投票方式表決, 且投票表決之結果將於本公司各股東大會結束 後在本公司及聯交所網站上刊載。

於回顧年度內,本公司已審閱其股東溝通政策 的實施情況及效能。

本公司已設立與其股東溝通的不同渠道。股東 可於股東大會上提問。於截至二零二四年十二 月三十一日止年度,本公司於二零二四年六月 二十七日舉行本公司之股東週年大會,董事會 成員及本公司核數師均已出席以回答出席會議 的股東所提出的問題。

此外,本公司致力盡可能及時有效地向其股東 披露所有有關本集團的重大資料,包括刊發年 度及中期報告、公佈及通函、股東大會通告、 本公司每月的證券變動月報表以及董事委員會 的職權範圍。股東可隨時索取本公司之公開可 得資料。股東亦可隨時將其對董事會的問詢及 查詢寄發至本公司香港辦事處,並註明公司秘 書收。

鑒於上文,本公司認為其股東溝通政策屬有 效。

### **INVESTOR RELATIONS**

The Company keeps on promoting investor relations and enhancing communication with the existing Shareholders and potential investors. It welcomes suggestions from investors, stakeholders and the public. Enquiries to the Board or the Company may be sent by post to the Company's principal place of business in Hong Kong.

During the year ended 31 December 2024, there was no significant change in the Company's memorandum of continuance and the Bye-Laws.

#### SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHT

#### Procedures for Shareholders to convene a general meeting

Pursuant to Bye-Law 58 of the Bye-Laws, any one or more Shareholders holding at the date of deposit of the requisition not less than one-tenth of the paid up capital of the Company carrying the right of voting at general meetings of the Company shall at all times have the right, by written requisition to the Board or the Company Secretary, to require a special general meeting to be called by the Board for the transaction of any business or resolution specified in such requisition; and such meeting shall be held within two (2) months after the deposit of such requisition. If within twenty-one (21) days of such deposit the Board fails to proceed to convene such meeting, the requisitionist(s) himself (themselves) may do so in accordance with the provisions of Section 74(3) of the Companies Act.

Such written requisition (i) must state the object of business or resolution to be transacted at the meeting; (ii) must be signed by the requisitionists; and (iii) must be deposited at the Company's principal place of business in Hong Kong in hard copy form for the attention of the Board or the Company Secretary. The requisition may consist of several documents in like form, each signed by one or more of the requisitionist(s).

# 投資者關係

本公司不斷促進與投資者之關係,並加強與現 有股東及有意投資者之溝通。本公司歡迎投資 者、持份者及公眾人士提供意見。向董事會或 本公司作出之查詢可郵寄至本公司於香港之主 要營業地點。

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度,本公 司之組織章程大綱及細則概無重大變動。

# 股東權利

#### 股東召開股東大會之程序

根據細則第58條,任何一位或以上於遞呈要 求日期持有不少於本公司繳足股本(附有於本 公司股東大會上投票之權利)十分之一的股東 於任何時候有權透過向董事會或公司秘書發出 書面要求,要求董事會召開股東特別大會,以 處理有關要求中指明的任何事務或決議;且該 大會應於遞呈有關要求後兩(2)個月內舉行。 倘遞呈後二十一(21)日內,董事會未有召開大 會,則遞呈要求人士可根據公司法第74(3)條 之條文自行召開大會。

有關書面要求(i)須列明大會上將處理之或決議 事務;(ii)須由遞呈要求人士簽署;及(iii)須以 印本形式遞呈至本公司香港主要營業地點,註 明董事會或公司秘書收。要求可以由若干類似 形式的文件組成,而各份文件須由一名或以上 遞呈要求人士簽署。

#### Putting forward proposals at general meetings

Save for the procedures for the Shareholders to convene a general meeting as set out above and for the Shareholders to nominate a person for election as a Director pursuant to Bye-Law 85 of the Bye-Laws, there are no other provisions allowing the Shareholders to put forward proposals at a general meeting of the Company under the Bye-Laws or under the laws of Bermuda. Shareholders may follow the procedures set out above to convene a special general meeting of the Company for any business or resolution specified in such written requisition.

#### **Shareholders' enquiries**

Shareholders may send their enquiries requiring the Board's attention to the Company Secretary at the Company's principal place of business in Hong Kong. Questions about the procedures for convening or putting forward proposals at an annual general meeting or a special general meeting of the Company may also be put to the Company Secretary by the same means.

#### 於股東大會上提呈建議

除上文所載股東召開股東大會及股東根據細則 第85條提名他人競選董事之程序外,根據細則 或根據百慕達法律,並無其他條文允許股東於 本公司股東大會上提呈建議。股東可依照上文 所載的程序就有關書面要求中列明的任何事項 或決議召開本公司股東特別大會。

#### 股東查詢

股東可將彼等之查詢寄發至本公司之香港主要 營業地點,註明公司秘書收,再代為轉交董事 會。有關召開本公司股東週年大會或股東特別 大會或於大會上提呈建議之程序之查詢,亦可 透過同一方法寄發予公司秘書。

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT 獨立核數師報告書



#### TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF HANG TAI YUE GROUP HOLDINGS LIMITED

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands and re-domiciled and continued on 1 December 2015 in Bermuda with limited liability)

### **OPINION**

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Hang Tai Yue Group Holdings Limited ("**Company**") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "**Group**") set out on pages 129 to 299, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2024, consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of material accounting policy information.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2024, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with HKFRS Accounting Standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("**HKICPA**") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

#### 致恆泰裕集團控股有限公司 各股東

(於開曼群島註冊成立並於二零一五年十二月 一日遷冊至百慕達及於百慕達存續之有限公 司)

# 意見

本核數師(以下簡稱「我們」)已審核列載於第 129至299頁恆泰裕集團控股有限公司(「貴公 司」)及其附屬公司(統稱「貴集團」)之綜合財務 報表,此綜合財務報表包括於二零二四年十二 月三十一日之綜合財務狀況表與截至該日止年 度之綜合損益及其他全面收益表、綜合權益變 動表及綜合現金流量表,以及綜合財務報表附 註(包括重大會計政策資料概要)。

我們認為,綜合財務報表已按照香港會計師公 會(「**香港會計師公會**」)頒佈的香港財務報告準 則會計準則真實而中肯地反映 貴集團於二零 二四年十二月三十一日之綜合財務狀況以及其 截至該日止年度之綜合財務表現及綜合現金流 量,並已按照香港公司條例之披露規定妥為編 製。

# **BASIS FOR OPINION**

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("**HKSAs**") issued by HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants ("**Code**"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

# **KEY AUDIT MATTERS**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. We have determined the matters described below to the key audit matters to be communicated in our report. The key audit matters we identified are:

- (i) Allowance for impairment of loan and interest receivables, deposits and other receivables; and
- (ii) Impairment assessment for property, plant and equipment relating to the provision of hospitality and related services in Australia.

# 意見基礎

我們已根據香港會計師公會頒佈的香港審計準 則(「**香港審計準則**」)進行審核。我們於該等準 則項下的責任於本報告「核數師就審核綜合財 務報表須承擔之責任」一節中進一步詳述。根 據香港會計師公會頒佈的職業會計師道德守則 (「**守則**」),我們獨立於 貴集團,並已遵循守 則履行其他道德責任。我們相信,我們所獲得 的審核憑證充分及適當地為我們之審核意見提 供基礎。

# 關鍵審核事項

關鍵審核事項為根據我們的專業判斷,於本期 綜合財務報表審核中最重要的事項。我們於審 核整體綜合財務報表及就此形成意見時處理此 等事項,而不會就此等事項單獨發表意見。我 們已釐定下文所述事項為我們報告中將予溝通 之關鍵審核事項。我們識別的關鍵審核事項如 下:

- (i) 應收貸款及利息、按金及其他應收款項 之減值撥備;及
- (ii) 與於澳洲提供酒店及相關服務有關的物業、廠房及設備之減值評估。

# 關鍵審核事項(續)

**Key Audit Matter** 

關鍵審核事項

How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter

我們的審核如何處理關鍵審核事項

#### (i) Allowance for impairment of loan and interest receivables, deposits and other receivables

#### 應收貸款及利息、按金及其他應收款項之減值撥備

Reference is made to notes 4(l), 4(m), 4(bb), 5(c) and 5(d) to the consolidated financial statements for the disclosures of the related accounting policies, critical judgements and estimates and notes 22 and 23 to the consolidated financial statements for further information.

請參閱綜合財務報表附註4(I)、4(m)、4(bb)、5(c)及 5(d)對相關會計政策、重大判斷及估計之披露及綜合 財務報表附註22及23之進一步資料。

The net carrying amounts of the Group's loan and interest receivables, deposits and other receivables were approximately HK\$41,405,000 and HK\$50,091,000, respectively, as at 31 December 2024.

於二零二四年十二月三十一日, 貴集團應收貸款 及利息、按金及其他應收款項之賬面淨值分別為約 41,405,000港元及50,091,000港元。 Our procedures in relation to management's assessment of allowance for impairment on loan and interest receivables, deposits and other receivables included:

就管理層對應收貸款及利息、按金及其他應收款項之減 值撥備評估,我們執行的程序包括:

- Obtaining an understanding of control and procedures over the allowance for impairment on loan and interest receivables, deposits and other receivables and evaluating the historical accuracy of the impairment estimation by management, including revision of the loan agreements, validating the controls over the approval, recording and monitoring of loan and interest receivables, deposits and other receivables and assessment of the collectability of the debtors and the borrowers;
- 了解應收貸款及利息、按金及其他應收款項之減值 撥備的監控及程序,並評估管理層過往作出的減值 評估(包括修訂貸款協議、核實對批准、記錄及監控 應收貸款及利息、按金及其他應收款項的控制以及 評估債務及借款的可收回性)之準確性;

Key Audit Matter (Cont'd)

關鍵審核事項(續)

關鍵審核事項(續)

How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter (Cont'd)

#### 我們的審核如何處理關鍵審核事項(續)

#### (i) Allowance for impairment of loan and interest receivables, deposits and other receivables (Cont'd)

#### 應收貸款及利息、按金及其他應收款項之減值撥備(續)

During the year, the Group recognised impairment loss on loan and interest receivables and deposits and other receivables of approximately HK\$1,581,000 and HK\$2,459,000 respectively, in accordance with HKFRS 9. 年內, 貴集團已根據香港財務報告準則第9號分別 就應收貸款及利息以及按金及其他應收款項確認減值 虧損撥回約1,581,000港元及2,459,000港元。

As at 31 December 2024, the Group's impairment allowance on loan and interest receivables and deposits and other receivables amounted to approximately HK\$2,218,000 and HK\$4,069,000, respectively. 於二零二四年十二月三十一日, 貴集團就應收貸款 及利息以及按金及其他應收款項之減值撥備分別為約 2,218,000港元及4,069,000港元。 Working with the auditor's valuation specialists to assess the reasonableness of the Group's expected credit losses ("ECLs") models, including the model input, model design, model performance for significant portfolios. We assessed the reasonableness of the Group's criteria for impairment by assessing if there has been a significant increase in credit risk that allowances for impairment of loan and interest receivables, deposits and other receivables should be measured on a lifetime ECLs basis. We also assessed whether historical experience is representative of current circumstances and of the recent losses incurred in the portfolios and assessed the reasonableness of forward-looking adjustments; 與核數師之估值專家合作評估 貴集團預期信貸虧 損(「**預期信貸虧損**」)模式的合理性,包括重要組合 的模式輸入數據、模式設計、模式表現。我們評 估 貴集團所用的減值準則是否合理,方法為評估 信貸風險是否有顯著增加,而致使應收貸款及利 息、按金及其他應收款項之減值撥備應按全期預期 信貸虧損基準進行計量。我們亦評估歷史經驗是否 能代表當前的情況以及組合中近期損失情況,及評 估前瞻性調整的合理性;

# 關鍵審核事項(續)

Key Audit Matter (Cont'd)

How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter (Cont'd)

#### 我們的審核如何處理關鍵審核事項(續)

#### (i) Allowance for impairment of loan and interest receivables, deposits and other receivables (Cont'd)

#### 應收貸款及利息、按金及其他應收款項之減值撥備(續)

The measurement of allowance for impairment loss, based primarily on ECLs, requires the application of judgement and estimation by the management. The Group's policy for recognition of allowance for impairment on loan and interest receivables, deposits and other receivables is based on the evaluation of recoverability, ageing analysis and on management's judgement. A considerable amount of judgement is required including the current creditworthiness and the past collection history of the debtors and the borrowers. 主要根據預期信貸虧損進行減值虧損撥備的計量要求 管理層運用判斷及估計。 貴集團有關應收貸款及利 息、按金及其他應收款項之減值撥備確認政策乃基於 可收回性評估、賬齡分析及管理層判斷而釐定。所需 大量判斷包括債務人及借款人的現時信譽及過往收款 記錄。

For this reason, we have identified the allowance for impairment of loan and interest receivables, deposits and other receivables as a key audit matter.

因此,我們將應收貸款及利息、按金及其他應收款項 之減值撥備列為關鍵審核事項。

- Assessing the basis of management's assessment of recoverability of loan and interest receivables, deposits and other receivables with reference to the management's evaluation of the debtors or borrowers' creditworthiness, debtors or borrowers' credit history including default or delay in payments, debtors or borrowers' settlement records, subsequent settlements from debtors or borrowers and ageing analysis of each individual debtor or borrower;
- 評估管理層就應收貸款及利息、按金及其他應收款 項之可回收性作出評估的基準,並參考管理層對債 務人或借款人的信譽、債務人或借款人的信貸記錄 (包括拖欠或延付款項)、債務人或借款人的結算記 錄、債務人或借款人的其後結算情況、各項債務或 借款的賬齡分析作出之評估;
- Recalculating the amount of the allowance for impairment under ECLs approach on loan and interest receivables, deposits and other receivables and assessing the sufficiency of the allowance for impairment as at 31 December 2024; and
- 根據預期信貸虧損方法重新計算應收貸款及利息、
   按金及其他應收款項之減值撥備金額,並評估於二
   零二四年十二月三十一日的減值撥備是否足;及
- Reviewing the appropriateness of the disclosures made in the consolidated financial statements in relation to the Group's credit risk exposure.
- 審閱就有關 貴集團信貸風險於綜合財務報表所作 的披露是否適當。

關鍵審核事項(續)

# 關鍵審核事項(續)

Key Audit Matter (Cont'd)

How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter (Cont'd)

#### 關鍵審核事項(續)

我們的審核如何處理關鍵審核事項(續)

(ii) Impairment assessment for property, plant and equipment relating to the provision of hospitality and related services in Australia

#### 與於澳洲提供酒店及相關服務有關的物業、廠房及設備之減值評估

Reference is made to notes 4(aa) and 5(a) to the consolidated financial statements for the disclosures of the related accounting policies, critical judgements and estimates and note 15 to the consolidated financial statements for further information.

請參閱綜合財務報表附註4(aa)及5(a)對相關會計政 策、重大判斷及估計之披露及綜合財務報表附註15之 進一步資料。

As at 31 December 2024, included in the carrying amount of the Group's property, plant and equipment of approximately HK\$164,814,000 was allocated to the provision of hospitality and related services in Australia, which is considered by the management as cash-generating units ("**Hospitality CGU**").

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,計入貴集團物業、廠 房及設備之賬面值約164,814,000港元已分配至在澳洲 提供酒店及相關服務,而管理層將之視為現金產生單 位(「**酒店現金產生單位**」)。 Our procedures in relation to management's impairment assessment of the property, plant and equipment allocated to the Hospitality CGU included:

就管理層對分配至酒店現金產生單位的物業、廠房及設 備之減值評估,我們執行的程序包括:

- Assessing the appropriateness of managements assessment on identification and allocation of assets to the Hospitality CGU;
- 評估管理層於識別及分配資產至酒店現金產生單位 是否恰當;
- Discussing with management and the independent valuer to understand the basis of valuation approach and methodology;
- 與管理層及獨立估值師討論以了解估值方法及技巧 的基準;
- Evaluating the objectivity and competency of the independent valuer;
- 評估獨立估值師的客觀性及能力;
- Challenging the management and the independent valuer on the adoption of the assumptions and estimations in the valuation;
- 就估值中採納的假設及估計盤問管理層及獨立估值
   師;
- Challenging the independent valuer to ensure proper comparables were used;
- 盤問獨立估值師以確保採用適當的可資比較對象;

# 關鍵審核事項(續)

#### Key Audit Matter (Cont'd)

How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter (Cont'd)

#### 關鍵審核事項(續)

#### 我們的審核如何處理關鍵審核事項(續)

(ii) Impairment assessment for property, plant and equipment relating to the provision of hospitality and related services in Australia (Cont'd)

#### 與於澳洲提供酒店及相關服務有關的物業、廠房及設備之減值評估(續)

The recoverable amount of the Hospitality CGU was determined based on higher of value in use and fair value less cost of disposal, which requires significant management's judgements and estimates concerning the estimated future cash flow and other key inputs. 酒店現金產生單位之可收回金額乃根據使用價值及公 平值較高者減出售成本而釐定,乃須就有關估計未來 現金流量及其他主要輸入數據作出重大管理層判斷及 估計。

For this reason, we have identified management's impairment assessment of property, plant and equipment relating to the Hospitality CGU as a key audit matter.

就此而言,我們將管理層就與酒店現金產生單位有關 之物業、廠房及設備之減值評估識別為關鍵審核事 項。

- Working with the auditor's valuation specialists to review the valuation methodology, approach, the accuracy of the calculations in the valuation model and other key inputs used in the valuation;
- 與核數師之估值專家合作,審閱其估值方法、途徑、估值模型中計算方法之準確性及估值所採用之 其他主要輸入數據;
- Recalculating the amount of the impairment on the property, plant and equipment and assessing the sufficiency of the impairment as at 31 December 2024; and
- 重新計算物業、廠房及設備之減值金額及評估於二
   零二四年十二月三十一日之減值充足性;及
- Reviewing the appropriateness of the disclosure in the consolidated financial statements.
- 審閱於綜合財務報表的披露資料是否合適。

### **OTHER INFORMATION**

The directors are responsible for the Other Information. The Other Information comprises all of the information included in the Company's annual report but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the Other Information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the Other Information and, in doing so, consider whether the Other Information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of the Other Information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

# RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND AUDIT COMMITTEE FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRS Accounting Standards issued by HKICPA and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Audit Committee is responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

# 其他資料

董事須對其他資料負責。其他資料包括 貴公 司年報所載的所有資料,惟不包括綜合財務報 表及我們發出的核數師報告。

我們對綜合財務報表的意見並不涵蓋其他資料,我們亦不對其他資料發表任何形式的鑒證 結論。

就審核綜合財務報表而言,我們的責任為閱讀 其他資料,於此過程中,考慮其他資料是否與 綜合財務報表或我們於審核過程中所得知的情 況有重大抵觸,又或是否有重大錯誤陳述。基 於我們已執行的工作,倘我們認為其他資料有 重大錯誤陳述,我們須報告該事實。於此方 面,我們沒有任何報告。

# 董事及審核委員會就綜合財務報 表須承擔之責任

董事須負責根據香港會計師公會頒佈之香港財 務報告準則會計準則及香港公司條例的披露規 定編製真實而中肯之綜合財務報表,及落實董 事認為就編製綜合財務報表而言屬必要之有關 內部監控,以保障綜合財務報表不存在由於欺 詐或錯誤而導致之重大錯誤陳述。

編製綜合財務報表時,董事負責評估 貴集團 持續經營的能力,並在適用情況下披露與持續 經營有關的事項,以及使用持續經營為會計 基礎,除非董事有意將 貴集團清盤或停止經 營,或別無其他實際的替代方案。

審核委員會負責監督 貴集團的財務報告流 程。

# AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. We report our opinion solely to you, as a body, in accordance with section 90 of the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.

# 核數師就審核綜合財務報表須承 擔之責任

我們的目標為合理確定整體綜合財務報表是否 不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的任何重大錯誤 陳述,並發出載有我們意見的核數師報告。 我們根據百慕達一九八一年公司法第90條僅 向 閣下(作為整體)匯報我們的意見,除此之 外,本報告不作其他用途。我們不會就本報告 的內容向任何其他人士負責或承擔任何責任。

合理確定屬高層次核證,但不能擔保根據香港 審計準則進行的審核工作總能發現所有存在的 重大錯誤陳述。錯誤陳述可源於欺詐或錯誤, 倘個別或整體於合理預期情況下可影響使用者 根據綜合財務報表作出的經濟決定時,則被視 為重大錯誤陳述。

根據香港審計準則進行審核時,我們運用專業 判斷,於整個審核過程中保持專業懷疑態度。 我們亦:

- 識別及評估綜合財務報表因欺詐或錯誤 而出現重大錯誤陳述的風險,因應此等 風險設計及執行審核程序,獲得充足及 適當審核憑證為我們的意見提供基礎。
   由於欺詐涉及合謀串通、偽造、故意遺 漏、誤導性陳述或淩駕內部控制,因此
   未能發現由此造成的重大錯誤陳述風險
   較未能發現由於錯誤而導致的重大錯誤
   陳述風險更高。
- 了解與審核有關的內部控制,以設計恰當的審核程序,但並非旨在對 貴集團內部控制的成效發表意見。

# AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT'D)

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Plan and perform the group audit to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business units within the Group as a basis for forming an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and review of the audit work performed for purposes of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the Audit Committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit. 核數師就審核綜合財務報表須承 擔之責任(續)

- 評估所用會計政策是否恰當,以及董事 所作會計估算及相關披露是否合理。
- 總結董事採用以持續經營為基礎的會計法是否恰當,並根據已獲取的審核憑證,總結是否有對 貴集團持續經營的能力構成重大疑問的事件或情況等重大不確定因素。倘我們總結認為存在重大不確定因素,我們需於核數師報告中提請注意綜合財務報表內的相關資料披露,或如果相關披露不足,則修訂我們的意見。我們的結論以截至核數師報告日期所獲得的審核憑證為基礎,惟未來事件或情況可能導致 貴集團不再具有 持續經營的能力。
- 評估綜合財務報表(包括資料披露)的整 體列報、架構及內容,以及綜合財務報 表是否已公允反映及列報相關交易及事 項。
- 計劃及進行集團審計,以就 貴集團內 各實體或業務單位的財務資料獲得充足 恰當的審核憑證,作為對綜合財務報表 發表意見的基礎。我們須負責指導、監 督及審閱為集團審核而執行的審核工 作。我們須為我們的審核意見承擔全部 責任。

我們就(其中包括)審核工作的計劃範圍及時間 安排及重大審核發現(包括我們於審核期間識 別出內部監控的任何重大缺陷)與審核委員會 進行溝通。

# AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT'D)

We also provide the Audit Committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

From the matters communicated with the Audit Committee, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

# 核數師就審核綜合財務報表須承 擔之責任(續)

我們亦向審核委員會提交聲明,說明我們已遵 守有關獨立性的道德要求,並就所有被合理認 為可能影響我們的獨立性的關係及為消除對獨 立性產生威脅的事項所採取的行動或防範措施 (如適用)與審核委員會溝通。

我們從與審核委員會溝通的事項中,確定哪些 事項對本期綜合財務報表的審核工作最為重 要,從而確定關鍵審核事項。除非法律或法規 不容許公開披露此等事項,或於極罕有的情況 下,我們認為披露此等事項可合理預期的不良 後果將超過公眾知悉此等事項的利益而不應於 報告中披露,否則我們會於核數師報告中描述 此等事項。

#### McMillan Woods (Hong Kong) CPA Limited

Certified Public Accountants

#### **Lo Ka Ki** Audit Engagement Director Practising Certificate Number – P06633

24/F., Siu On Centre 188 Lockhart Road, Wan Chai, Hong Kong

31 March 2025

#### 長青(香港)會計師事務所有限公司 執業會計師

**盧家麒** 審核項目董事 執業證書編號:P06633

香港灣仔駱克道188號 兆安中心24樓

二零二五年三月三十一日

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME 綜合損益及其他全面收益表

		Notes 附註	2024 二零二四年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元 (Re-presented) (經重列)
Continuing operations Revenue	<b>持續經營業務</b> 收入	7	68,328	64,530
Cost of sales Other income and gains or losses	收入 銷售成本 其他收入及收益或虧損	7	(10,890) 7,431	(9,613) 2,289
Administrative expenses	行政開支	/	(83,759)	(83,721)
Impairment loss on accounts receivable, loan and interest	應收賬款、應收貸款及 利息之減值虧損			
receivables		22(c)	(1,581)	(175)
Impairment loss on deposits and other receivables	按金及其他應收款項之 減值虧損	23	(2,459)	(280)
Gain on deemed disposal of	視作出售附屬公司之收益		(2,-155)	
subsidiaries (Loss)/gain on disposals of financial	出售按公平值透過損益列賬	34(a)	-	72,145
assets at fair value through profit	(「按公平值透過損益列賬」)		(4,222)	335
or loss (" <b>FVTPL</b> ") Fair value loss on financial	(「按公平值透過損益列賬」) 之金融資產之(虧損)/收益 按公平值透過損益列賬之金融		(1,333)	
assets at FVTPL, net Fair value gain on derivative financial	資產之公平值虧損淨額		(29,567)	(8,558)
liabilities		29	_	402
Share of results of associates Finance costs	分佔聯營公司業績 融資成本	19 9	(20,573) (7,334)	(14,692) (6,493)
(Loss)/profit before tax		8	(81,737)	16,169
Income tax	所得稅	10	(01,757)	
(Loss)/profit for the year from continuing operations	來自持續經營業務之本年度 (虧損)/溢利		(81,737)	16,169
Discontinued operations	<b>已終止經營業務</b>			
Loss for the year from discontinued operation	來自已終止經營業務之本年度 虧損	14	(5,799)	(3,717)
(Loss)/profit for the year	本年度(虧損)/溢利		(87,536)	12,452
Other comprehensive (loss)/	其他全面(虧損)/收益,		(07,000)	
income, net of tax Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss in subsequent periods: Exchange differences arising on translation of financial statements	10年間(第1月)/ 收益/ 10年間(第1月)/ 收益/ 10年間(第1日)/ 10年間 10年間(第1日)/ 10年間 10年間(第1日)/ 10年間 10年間(第1日)/ 10年間/ 10年間(第1日)/ 10年間 10年間(第1日)/ 10年間 10年間(第1日)/ 10年間 10年間(第1日)/ 10年間(第1日)/ 10年間 10年間(第1日)/ 10年間(第1日)/ 10年間 10年間(第1日)/ 10年間(第1日)/ 10年間 10年間(第1日)/ 10年間(第1日)/ 10年間(第1日)/ 10年間(第1日)/ 10年間 10年間(第1日)/ 10年間(第1日)/ 10日)/			
of overseas subsidiaries Reclassification of translation reserve	於視作出售附屬公司時重新歸		(5,642)	1,514
upon deemed disposal of	類匯兌儲備			
subsidiaries Items that will not be reclassified	將不會重新分類至損益之		-	(3,712)
to profit or loss:	項目: 按公平值透過其他全面收益列			
Fair value (loss)/gain on financial assets at fair value through other	振(「按公平值透過其他全面 收益列賬」)之金融資產之公			
comprehensive income (" <b>FVTOCI</b> "), net	收益列賬」)之金融資產之公 平值(虧損)/收益淨額		(885)	28,054
Share of other comprehensive loss of	分佔聯營公司其他全面虧損			20,004
associates			(141)	
Other comprehensive (loss)/income for the year, net of tax	本年度其他全面 (虧損)/收益,扣除稅項		(6,668)	25,856
Total comprehensive (loss)/income for the year	本年度全面(虧損)/收益總額		(94,204)	38,308

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME 綜合損益及其他全面收益表

綜合損益及其他全面收益表 For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

		Note 附註	2024 二零二四年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元 (Re-presented) (經重列)
(Loss)/profit for the year attributable to:	下列人士應佔本年度(虧損)/ 溢利:			
Owners of the Company Continuing operations Discontinued operation	本公司擁有人 持續經營業務 已終止經營業務		(81,732) (5,830)	16,173 (3,529)
			(87,562)	12,644
Non-controlling interests Continuing operations Discontinued operation	非控股權益 持續經營業務 已終止經營業務		(5) 31	(4) (188)
			26	(192)
			(87,536)	12,452
Total comprehensive (loss)/income for the year attributable to: Owners of the Company Continuing operations Discontinued operation	<b>下列人士應佔本年度全面 (虧損)∕收益總額:</b> 本公司擁有人 持續經營業務 已終止經營業務		(88,400) (5,830) (94,230)	42,029 (3,529) 
Non-controlling interests Continuing operations Discontinued operation	非控股權益 持續經營業務 已終止經營業務		(5) 31	(4) (188)
			26	(192)
			(94,204)	38,308
(Loss)/earnings per share For continuing and discontinued operations	<b>每股(虧損)/盈利</b> 持續及已終止經營業務	12		(Re-presented) (經重列)
Basic and diluted (HK cents)	基本及攤薄(港仙)		(1.70)	0.24
From continuing operations Basic and diluted (HK cents)	來自持續經營業務 基本及攤薄(港仙)		(1.59)	0.31
From discontinued operations Basic and diluted (HK cents)	來自已終止經營業務 基本及攤薄(港仙)		(0.11)	(0.07)

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION 綜合財務狀況表

At 31 December 2024 於二零二四年十二月三十一日

		Notes 附註	2024 二零二四年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$′000 千港元
NON-CURRENT ASSETS	非流動資產			
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	15	167,922	172,287
Right-of-use assets	使用權資產	16(a)	669	4,982
Goodwill	商譽	17	-	-
Other intangible assets	其他無形資產	18	-	-
Interests in associates	於聯營公司之權益	19	52,511	86,237
Financial assets at FVTOCI	按公平值透過其他全面收益			2.007
	列賬之金融資產	20	-	2,887
Financial assets at FVTPL	按公平值透過損益列賬之	2.4		20,100
	金融資產 遞延稅項資產	24	-	29,190
Deferred tax assets	· 远延祝頃自産	30	1,059	1,169
Total non-current assets	非流動資產總值		222,161	296,752
CURRENT ASSETS	流動資產			
Inventories	存貨	21	3,712	4,696
Accounts receivable, loan and	應收賬款、應收貸款及利息			
interest receivables		22	41,455	54,255
Prepayments, deposits and other	預付款項、按金及其他			
receivables	應收款項	23	53,501	46,723
Financial assets at FVTOCI	按公平值透過其他全面收益			
	列賬之金融資產	20	1,426	-
Financial assets at FVTPL	按公平值透過損益列賬之			
	金融資產	24	36,167	32,507
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及等同現金項目	25	10,987	6,569
Total current assets	流動資產總值		147,248	144,750
CURRENT LIABILITIES	······ 流動負債			
Contract liabilities	合約負債	26	9,076	10,190
Trade and other payables, accruals	貿易及其他應付款項、			
and provision	應計費用及撥備	27	33,131	34,372
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	16(b)	768	4,629
Interest-bearing bank and	計息銀行及其他借貸			
other borrowings		28	95,546	38,439
Convertible loans	可換股貸款	29	-	8,328
Total current liabilities	流動負債總額		138,521	95,958
NET CURRENT ASSETS	流動資產淨額		8,727	48,792
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES	資產總值減流動負債		230,888	345,544

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION 綜合財務狀況表

#### 綜合財務狀況表 At 31 December 2024 於二零二四年十二月三十一日

		Notes 附註	2024 二零二四年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES	非流動負債			
Interest-bearing bank and	計息銀行及其他借貸	2.2		07 500
other borrowings		28	7,545	27,520
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	16(b)	71	1,044
Total non-current liabilities	非流動負債總額		7,616	28,564
NET ASSETS	 資產淨值		223,272	316,980
CAPITAL AND RESERVES	股本及儲備			
Share capital	股本	31	51,560	51,560
Reserves	儲備	33	171,716	265,946
EQUITY ATTRIBUTABLE TO THE	股東應佔權益			
SHAREHOLDERS			223,276	317,506
NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS	非控股權益		(4)	(526)
TOTAL EQUITY	總權益		223,272	316,980

Approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors (the "**Directors**") of the Company (the "**Board**") on 31 March 2025 and signed on its behalf by:

經本公司董事(「**董事**」)會(「**董事會**」)於二零二 五年三月三十一日批准及授權刊發,並由下列 人士代表簽署:

Ng Ting Ho 吳廷浩 Director 董事 Fong Chak Kiu 方澤翹 Director 董事 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY 综合權益變動表

> For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

				Attributa	ble to the Shareho 本公司股東		npany				
		Share capital	Treasury shares	Contributed surplus*	Translation reserve*	Other reserve*	Fair value reserve of financial assets at FVTOCI (non- recycling)* 按公平值透 過其他全面 收益列賬之 金融資產之	Accumulated losses *	Total	Non- controlling interests	Total equity
		<b>股本</b> HK <b>\$</b> '000 千港元	<b>庫存股份</b> HK <b>\$</b> ′000 千港元	<b>實繳盈餘*</b> HK <b>\$</b> ′000 千港元	<b>匯兌儲備*</b> HK <b>\$</b> '000 千港元	<b>其他儲備*</b> HK <b>\$</b> ′000 千港元	<b>公平值儲備</b> (不可撥回)* HK\$'000 千港元	<b>累計虧損*</b> HK <b>\$</b> ′000 千港元	<b>總計</b> HK <b>\$</b> ′000 千港元	<b>非控股權益</b> HK <b>\$</b> '000 千港元	<b>總權益</b> HK\$′000 千港元
At 1 January 2023 Profit for the year Other comprehensive (loss)/income for the year: Exchange differences related to overseas	於二零二三年一月一日 本年度溢利 本年度其他全面(虧損)/收益: 與海外附屬公司有關的匯兌差額	53,362 _	-	1,203,541 _	(2,786) _	4,733	(225,582) _	(737,029) 12,644	296,239 12,644	(334) (192)	295,905 12,452
subsidiaries Deemed disposal of a subsidiary Deemed disposal of investments in listed equity	視作出售一間附屬公司 視作出售按公平值透過其他全面收益	-	-	-	1,514 (3,712)	-	-	-	1,514 (3,712)	-	1,514 (3,712)
securities at FVTOCI Fair value gain on financial assets at FVTOCI	列賬之上市股本證券投資 按公平值透過其他全面收益列賬	-	-	-	-	-	158,554	(158,554)	-	-	-
	之金融資產之公平值收益	-	-	-	-	-	28,054	-	28,054	-	28,054
Total comprehensive (loss)/income for the year Repurchase of shares Cancellation of shares	本年度全面(虧損)/收益總額 購回股份 註銷股份	- - (1,802)	- (17,233) 17,233	- - (15,431)	(2,198) - -		186,608 - -	(145,910) _ _	38,500 (17,233) –	(192) - -	38,308 (17,233) –
At 31 December 2023 and 1 January 2024	於二零二三年十二月三十一日及 二零二四年一月一日	51,560	-	1,188,110	(4,984)	4,733	(38,974)	(882,939)	317,506	(526)	316,980
At 1 January 2024 Loss for the year Other comprehensive (loss)/income for the year:	於二零二四年一月一日 本年度虧損 本年度其他全面(虧損)/收益:	51,560 _	-	1,188,110 _	(4,984) –	4,733	(38,974) _	(882,939) (87,562)	317,506 (87,562)	(526) 26	316,980 (87,536)
Exchange differences related to overseas subsidiaries Fair value loss on financial assets at FVTOCI	與海外附屬公司有關的匯兌差額 按公平值透過其他全面收益列賬之	-	-	-	(5,642)	-	-	-	(5,642)	-	(5,642)
Disposal of financial assets at FVTOCI	金融資產的公平值虧損 按公平值透過其他全面收益列賬之	-	-	-	-	-	(885)	-	(885)	-	(885)
Share of other comprehensive loss of associates	金融資產之出售 分佔聯營公司其他全面虧損	-	-	-	-	-	38,824 (141)	(38,824) -	- (141)	-	- (141)
Total comprehensive (loss)/income for the year Disposal of a subsidiary	本年度全面(虧損) / 收益總額 出售一間附屬公司	-	-	-	(5,642)	-	37,798	(126,386)	(94,230)	26 496	(94,204) 496
At 31 December 2024	於二零二四年十二月三十一日	51,560	-	1,188,110	(10,626)	4,733	(1,176)	(1,009,325)	223,276	(4)	223,272

\*

\* These reserve accounts comprise the consolidated reserves of approximately HK\$171,716,000 (2023: HK\$265,946,000) in the consolidated statement of financial position.

該等儲備賬包括綜合財務狀況表內所列 的綜合儲備約171,716,000港元(二零二 三年: 265,946,000港元)。

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS 綜合現金流量表

		Notes 附註	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$′000 千港元
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING	來自經營業務之現金流量			
ACTIVITIES	除稅前(虧損)/溢利			
(Loss)/profit before tax Continuing operations	持續經營業務		(81,737)	16,169
Discontinued operations	已終止經營業務		(5,799)	(3,717)
			(87,536)	12,452
Adjustments for:	就下列各項作出調整:		(87,550)	12,452
Interest income	利息收入	7	(305)	(52)
Finance costs	融資成本	9	7,334	6,493
Depreciation of property,	物業、廠房及設備折舊			
plant and equipment		15	8,768	8,055
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	使用權資產折舊	16(a)	3,802	3,864
Share of results of associates	分佔聯營公司業績	19	21,122	16,994
Loss/(gain) on disposals of	出售按公平值透過損益列			
financial assets at FVTPL	賬之金融資產之虧損/ (收益)		1 222	(225)
Fair value loss on	按公平值透過損益列賬之		1,333	(335)
financial assets at FVTPL	金融資產之公平值			
			29,567	8,282
Fair value gain on derivative	衍生金融負債之		25,507	0,202
financial liabilities	公平值收益	29	-	(402)
Impairment loss on loan and	應收貸款及	20		()
interest receivables	利息之減值虧損	22(c)	1,581	175
Impairment loss on deposits	按金及其他應收款項之			
and other receivables	減值虧損	23	2,459	280
Gain on deemed disposals	視作出售附屬公司之			
of subsidiaries	收益	34(a)	-	(72,145)
Gain on deemed disposal of	視作出售一間聯營公司之			
an associate	收益	7	-	(149)
Loss on disposal of an operation	出售一項業務之虧損	14	6,145	-
Loss on disposals of property,	出售物業、廠房及設備之	7	452	
plant and equipment Gain on early termination of	虧損 提早終止租賃之收益	7	152	_
lease	從十於止怕負之收血	7	(16)	_
Gain on disposals of subsidiaries	出售附屬公司之收益	14	(10)	_
Gain on substantial modification	可換股貸款重大修訂之		(0+0)	
of convertible loans	收益	7	(267)	-
Gain on substantial modification	其他借貸重大修訂之收益		(_37)	
of other borrowings		7	(727)	-

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS 綜合現金流量表

		Notes 附註	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$′000 千港元
Operating cash flows before working capital changes Decrease/(increase) in inventories Decrease/(increase) in accounts receivables, loan and interest	營運資金變動前之 經營現金流量 存貨減少/(增加) 應收賬款、應收貸款及 利息減少/(增加)		(7,434) 583	(16,488) (267)
receivables (Increase)/decrease in prepayments, other receivables and	預付款項、其他應收款項及 其他資產(增加)/減少		14,536	(13,546)
other assets (Decrease)/increase in contract	合約負債(減少)/增加		(22,809)	5,563
liabilities Increase in trade and other	貿易及其他應付款項、		(174)	2,009
payables, accruals and provision Purchases of financial assets	應計費用及撥備增加 購買按公平值透過損益列賬		922	9,768
at FVTPL Proceeds from disposals of	之金融資產 出售按公平值透過損益列賬		-	(12,577)
financial assets at FVTPL	之金融資產所得款項		14,057	60,558
NET CASH FLOW (USED IN)/ GENERATED FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	經營活動(所耗)/所得之 現金流量淨額		(319)	35,020
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	來自投資活動之現金流量			
Purchases of items of property, plant and equipment Interest received Proceeds from disposals of financial assets at FVTOCI	購買物業、廠房及設備項目 已收利息 出售按公平值透過其他全面 收益列賬之金融資產之	15	(21,382) 305	(23,382) 52
Capital injection to investment	所得款項 向一間聯營公司投資注資		393	-
in an associate Dividend received from an associate Net cash outflow from deemed	收取一間聯營公司之股息 視作出售附屬公司之	19		(3,500) 9,666
disposal of subsidiaries Net cash outflow from disposal of	現金流出淨額 來自出售附屬公司之	34(a)	-	(11)
subsidiaries Proceeds from disposal of property,	現金流出淨額 出售物業、廠房及設備之	34(b)	(1)	-
plant and equipment	所得款項		384	-
NET CASH FLOW USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES	投資活動所耗現金流量淨額		(20,301)	(17,175)

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS 綜合現金流量表

		Notes 附註	2024 二零二四年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING	來自融資活動之現金流量			
ACTIVITIES Repurchases of ordinary shares	購回本公司普通股			
of the Company	海日本ムリ日進成		-	(17,233)
Repayment of interest-bearing bank	償還計息銀行及其他借貸			
and other borrowings		34(d)	(11,253)	(18,734)
Interest paid	已付利息	34(d)	(6,311)	(5,512)
Capital element of lease rentals paid	已付租金之資本部分	34(d)	(4,306)	(3,804)
Interest element of lease rentals paid	已付租金之利息部分	34(d)	(173)	(368)
Inception of interest-bearing bank and other borrowings	新增計息銀行及其他借貸	34(d)	47,909	
Repayment of convertible loans	償還可換股貸款	29	(694)	25,154
	頃赵·马 沃 欣 貞 朳	25	(0)4)	
NET CASH FLOW GENERATED FROM/(USED IN) FINANCING	融資活動所得/(所耗)現金 流量淨額			
ACTIVITIES			25,172	(20,497)
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	現金及等同現金項目之增加/ (減少)淨額		4,552	(2,652)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	於年初之現金及等同現金項目		6,569	9,313
EFFECT OF FOREIGN EXCHANGE RATE CHANGES	匯率變動之影響		(134)	(92)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR	於年終之現金及等同現金項目		10,987	6,569
ANALYSIS OF BALANCES OF	現金及等同現金項目結餘分析			
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Cash and bank balances	現金及銀行結餘	25	10,987	6,569

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

### 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Hang Tai Yue Group Holdings Limited ("**Company**") was incorporated in the Cayman Islands and was redomiciled and continued on 1 December 2015 in Bermuda with limited liability. The registered office of the Company is located at Clarendon House, 2 Church Street, Hamilton HM11, Bermuda. The principal place of business is 31/F, Tower Two, Times Square, 1 Matheson Street, Causeway Bay, Hong Kong. The Company's shares are listed on GEM of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited ("**Stock Exchange**").

The Company is an investment holding company. The principal activities of its subsidiaries are set out in note 45 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### 2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with HKFRS Accounting Standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("**HKICPA**"). HKFRS Accounting Standards comprise all applicable individual Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards; Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("**HKAS**"); and interpretations. The consolidated financial statements also comply with the applicable disclosure provisions of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on GEM of the Stock Exchange ("**GEM Listing Rules**") and with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. Significant accounting policies adopted by the Group are discussed below.

The HKICPA has issued certain amendments to HKFRS Accounting Standards that are first effective or available for early adoption for the current accounting period of the Group. Note 3 provides information on any changes in accounting policies resulting from initial application of these developments to the extent that they are relevant to the Company and its subsidiaries ("**Group**") for the current and prior accounting periods reflected in the consolidated financial statements.

### 1. 一般資料

恆泰裕集團控股有限公司(「本公司」)為於開曼群島註冊成立並於二零一五年十二月一日遷冊至百慕達及於百慕達存續之有限公司。本公司之註冊辦事處地址為Clarendon House, 2 Church Street, Hamilton HM11, Bermuda,主要營業地點為香港銅鑼灣勿地臣街1號時代廣場二座31樓。本公司股份在香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)GEM上市。

本公司為投資控股公司,其附屬公司之 主要業務載於綜合財務報表附註45。

# 2. 編製基準

綜合財務報表乃根據香港會計師公會(「**香** 港會計師公會」)頒佈之香港財務報告準 則會計準則編製。香港財務報告準則會 計準則包括所有適用的個別《香港財務報 告準則》、《香港會計準則》(「**香港會計準** 則」)及詮釋。綜合財務報表亦符合聯交所 GEM證券上市規則(「**GEM上市規則**」)之 適用披露條文及香港公司條例之披露規 定。本集團採納的主要會計政策於下文 討論。

香港會計師公會已頒佈若干於本集團本 會計期間首次生效或可提早採納之香港 財務報告準則會計準則修訂。附註3載列 因首次應用與本公司及其附屬公司(「本集 團」)有關的新訂及經修訂準則所引致當 前及過往會計期間的任何會計政策變動 的資料,該等變動已於綜合財務報表反 映。

### 3. ADOPTION OF NEW AND REVISED HKFRS ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

# (a) Application of new and revised HKFRS Accounting Standards

The Group has applied the following amendments to HKFRS Accounting Standards and interpretation ("**Int**") issued by the HKICPA for the first time, which are mandatorily effective for the annual period beginning on or after 1 January 2024 for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements:

Amendments to HKAS 1	Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current
Amendments to HKAS 1	Non-current Liabilities with Covenants
Amendments to HKFRS 16	Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback
Hong Kong Int 5 (2020)	Presentation of Financial Statements – Classification by the Borrower of a Term Loan that Contains a Repayment on Demand Clause
Amendments to HKAS 7 and HKFRS 7	Supplier Finance Arrangements

#### Adoption of Amendments to HKAS 1 "Classification of Liabilities as Current or Noncurrent" and Amendments to HKAS 1 "Non-current Liabilities with Covenants" (Collectively the "HKAS 1 Amendments")

As a result of the adoption of the HKAS 1 Amendments, the Group changed its accounting policy for the classification of borrowings as below:

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless, at the end of the reporting period, the Group has a right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period.

Covenants that the Group is required to comply with, on or before the end of the reporting period, are considered in classifying loan arrangements with covenants as current or non-current. Covenants that the Group is required to comply with after the reporting period do not affect the classification.

This new policy did not result in a change in the classification of the Group's borrowings. The Group did not make retrospective adjustments as a result of adopting HKAS 1 Amendments. The Group has provided additional disclosures about its non-current liabilities subject to covenants in Note 43(c).

# 3. 採納新訂及經修訂香港財務 報告準則會計準則

(a) 採用新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則 會計準則

> 本集團已就編製綜合財務報表首次 應用以下由香港會計師公會頒佈並 於二零二四年一月一日或之後開始 的年度期間強制生效的香港財務 報告準則會計準則修訂及詮釋(「**詮** 釋」):

香港會計準則第1號之 修訂	負債分類為流動或 非流動
香港會計準則第1號之 修訂	附帶契諾之非流動負債
香港財務報告準則 第16號之修訂	售後租回之租賃負債
香港詮釋第5號 (二零二零年) (經修訂)	財務報表呈報-借款人對 載有按要求償還條款之 有期貸款之分類
香港會計准則第7號及	仕雁商融資安排

香港曾計準則第7號及 供應商融資安排 香港財務報告準則 第7號之修訂

採納香港會計準則第1號之修訂「負 債分類為流動或非流動」及香港會計 準則第1號之修訂「附帶契諾之非流 動負債」(統稱「香港會計準則第1號 之修訂」)

由於採納香港會計準則第1號之修 訂,本集團已就其借貸分類之會計 政策作出以下變更:

借貸分類為流動負債,除非於報告 期末,本集團有權將負債推遲至報 告期後至少12個月償還。

將附帶契諾的貸款安排分類為流動 或非流動時,會考慮本集團須於報 告期末或之前遵守的契諾。本集團 須於報告期後遵守的契諾不會影響 分類。

該新政策並無導致本集團借貸之分類出現變動。本集團並無因採納香港會計準則第1號之修訂而作出追溯調整。本集團已就其於附註43(c)受契諾所規限的非流動負債提供額外披露。

### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

綜合財務報表附註 For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

# 3. ADOPTION OF NEW AND REVISED HKFRS ACCOUNTING STANDARDS (CONT'D)

# (a) Application of new and revised HKFRS Accounting Standards (Cont'd)

Except for the above, other amendments listed above did not have any material impact on the amounts recognised in prior periods and are not expected to significantly affect the current or future periods.

# (b) New and revised HKFRS Accounting Standards in issue but not yet effective

The Group has not applied any new and amendments to standards that have been issued but are not yet effective for the financial year beginning 1 January 2024. The new and amendments to standards include the following which may be relevant to the Group.

	Effective for accounting periods beginning on or after
Amendments to HKAS 21 and HKFRS 1 – Lack of exchangeability	1 January 2025
Amendments to HKFRS 9 and HKFRS 7 - Classification and measurement of financial instruments	1 January 2026
Annual Improvements to HKFRS Accounting Standards – Volume 11	1 January 2026
Amendments to HKFRS 9 and HKFRS 7 — Contracts referencing nature-dependent electricity	1 January 2026
HKFRS 18 – Presentation and disclosure in financial statements	1 January 2027
Amendments to HK Int 5 – Presentation of Financial statements – classification by the borrower of a term loan that contains a repayment on demand clause	1 January 2027
Amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28 – Sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture	To be determined by the HKICPA

# 採納新訂及經修訂香港財務 報告準則會計準則(續)

#### (a) 採用新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則 會計準則(續)

除上述者所,上文所列之其他修訂 對於過往期間確認之金額並無任何 重大影響,並預期將不會對當前或 未來期間造成重大影響。

#### (b) 已頒佈但尚未生效的新訂及經修訂 香港財務報告準則會計準則

本集團並無採納任何已頒佈但於二 零二四年一月一日開始的財政年度 尚未生效的新訂及準則之修訂。新 訂及準則之修訂包括以下可能與本 集團相關的內容。

於下列日期 或之後開始的 會計期間生效 香港會計準則第21號及香港財 二零二五年 一月一日 務報告準則第1號之修訂 - 缺乏可兑换性 香港財務報告準則第9號及香港 二零二六年 一月一日 財務報告準則第7號之修訂 - 金融工具之分類及計量 香港財務報告準則會計準則之 二零二六年 年度改進 - 第11冊 一月一日 二零二六年 香港財務報告準則第9號及香港 財務報告準則第7號之修訂-一月一日 依賴自然能源生產電力之合約 二零二七年 香港財務報告準則第18號 - 財務報表之呈報及披露 一月一日 香港詮釋第5號之修訂-財務報 二零二七年 表呈報─借款人對載有按要求 一月一日 償還條款之有期貸款之分類 香港財務報告準則第10號及香 有待香港會計 港會計準則第28號之修訂 師公會釐定 - 投資者與其聯營公司或合營 企業之間之資產出售或注資

### 3. ADOPTION OF NEW AND REVISED HKFRS ACCOUNTING STANDARDS (CONT'D)

# (b) New and revised HKFRS Accounting Standards in issue but not yet effective (Cont'd)

The directors of the Company are in the process of making an assessment of what the impact of these new and amendments to standards and interpretation is expected to be in the period of initial application. Except for the below, so far it has concluded that the adoption of them is unlikely to have a significant impact on the consolidated financial statements.

Amendments to the Classification and Measurement of Financial Instruments – Amendments to HKFRS 9 and HKFRS 7

The HKICPA issued targeted amendments to HKFRS 9 and HKFRS 7 to respond to recent questions arising in practice, and to include new requirements not only for financial institutions but also for corporate entities. These amendments:

- clarify the date of recognition and derecognition of some financial assets and liabilities, with a new exception for some financial liabilities settled through an electronic cash transfer system;
- clarify and add further guidance for assessing whether a financial asset meets the solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) criterion;
- add new disclosures for certain instruments with contractual terms that can change cash flows (such as some financial instruments with features linked to the achievement of environment, social and governance targets); and
- update the disclosures for equity instruments designated at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI).

The application of the amendments is not expected to have significant impact on the financial position and performance of the Group.

- 採納新訂及經修訂香港財務 報告準則會計準則(續)
  - (b) 已頒佈但尚未生效的新訂及經修訂 香港財務報告準則會計準則(續)

本公司董事正在評估該等新訂及準 則之修訂及詮釋於首次應用期間 預期產生的影響。惟下文所述者除 外,至目前為止,本集團認為採納 該等新訂及準則之修訂不太可能對 綜合財務報表造成重大影響。

#### 金融工具分類及計量之修訂 - 香港 財務報告準則第9號及香港財務報告 準則第7號之修訂

香港會計師公會頒佈對香港財務報 告準則第9號及香港財務報告準則第 7號的針對性修訂,以回應在近期實 踐中出現的問題,並對金融機構及 公司實體提出新要求。該等修訂:

- 就若干金融資產及金融負債澄 清確認及終止確認日期,並針 對若干以電子支付系統結算的 金融負債增加一項豁免規定;
- 對評估一項金融資產是否滿足 僅為本金及未償付本金金額之 利息(SPPI)的支付標準作出澄清 並提供進一步指引;
- 就可能會導致現金流量出現變更的合約條款的若干工具(如若干具備實現環境、社會及管治目標特徵的金融工具)增加新披露要求;及
- 就指定按公平值透過其他全面 收益列賬(FVOCI)的權益工具更 新披露要求。

應用該等修訂預期不會對本集團的 財務狀況及表現產生重大影響。

#### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

綜合財務報表附註 For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

# 3. ADOPTION OF NEW AND REVISED HKFRS ACCOUNTING STANDARDS (CONT'D)

(b) New and revised HKFRS Accounting Standards in issue but not yet effective (Cont'd)

# *HKFRS 18 "Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements"*

HKFRS 18 will replace HKAS 1 "Presentation of financial statements", introducing new requirements that will help to achieve comparability of the financial performance of similar entities and provide more relevant information and transparency to users. Even though HKFRS 18 will not impact the recognition or measurement of items in the consolidated financial statements, HKFRS 18 introduces significant changes to the presentation of financial statements, with a focus on information about financial performance present in the statement of profit or loss, which will affect how the Group present and disclose financial performance in the financial statements. The key changes introduced in HKFRS 18 relate to (i) the structure of the statement of profit or loss. (ii) required disclosures for managementdefined performance measures (which are referred to alternative or non-GAAP performance measures), and (iii) enhanced requirements for aggregation and disaggregation of information.

The directors of the Company are currently assessing the impact of applying HKFRS 18 on the presentation and the disclosures of the consolidated financial statements.

# 採納新訂及經修訂香港財務 報告準則會計準則(續)

(b) 已頒佈但尚未生效的新訂及經修訂 香港財務報告準則會計準則(續)

#### 香港財務報告準則第**18**號「財務報表 之呈報及披露」

香港財務報告準則第18號將取代 香港會計準則第1號「財務報表之呈 列1,引入新規定,將有助於實現類 似實體財務表現的可比性,並為使 用者提供更多相關資料及透明度。 儘管香港財務報告準則第18號並不 影響綜合財務報表項目的確認或計 量,但香港財務報告準則第18號 對財務報表的呈列方式引入重大變 動,聚焦於損益表中呈列的財務表 現資料,其將影響本集團於財務報 表中呈列及披露財務表現的方式。 香港財務報告準則第18號引入的主 要變動涉及:(i)損益表的結構;(ii) 管理層定義的業績計量(即替代或非 公認會計原則業績計量)的披露要 求;及(iii)強化資料彙總及細分的要 求。

本公司董事目前正評估應用香港財 務報告準則第18號對綜合財務報表 之呈列及披露的影響。 NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註 For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

### 3. ADOPTION OF NEW AND REVISED HKFRS ACCOUNTING STANDARDS (CONT'D)

(b) New and revised HKFRS Accounting Standards in issue but not yet effective (Cont'd)

Amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28 "Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture"

The amendments to HKFRS 10 Consolidated Financial Statements and HKAS 28 Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures deal with situations where there is a sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture. Specifically, the amendments state that gains or losses resulting from the loss of control of a subsidiary that does not contain a business in a transaction with an associate or a joint venture that is accounted for using the equity method, are recognised in the parent's profit or loss only to the extent of the unrelated investors' interests in that associate or joint venture. Similarly, gains and losses resulting from the remeasurement of investments retained in any former subsidiary (that has become an associate or a joint venture that is accounted for using the equity method) to fair value are recognised in the former parent's profit or loss only to the extent of the unrelated investors' interests in the new associate or joint venture.

The application of the amendments is not expected to have significant impact on the financial position and performance of the Group.

- 採納新訂及經修訂香港財務 報告準則會計準則(續)
  - (b) 已頒佈但尚未生效的新訂及經修訂 香港財務報告準則會計準則(續)

香港財務報告準則第10號及香港會 計準則第28號之修訂「投資者與其聯 營公司或合營企業之間之資產出售 或注資」

香港財務報告準則第10號綜合財 務報表及香港會計準則第28號對 聯營公司及合營企業投資之修訂處 理投資者與其聯營公司或合營企業 之間資產出售或注資的情況。具體 而言,該等修訂規定,與聯營公司 或合營企業之交易中採用權益法入 賬,不包含業務之附屬公司失去控 制權而產生的收益或虧損,僅在不 相關投資者在該聯營公司或合營企 業中的權益範圍內,方會於母公司 之損益中確認。同樣,將任何前附 屬公司(已成為聯營公司或合營企 業,採用權益法入賬)中保留的投資 進行重新計量所產生之收益及虧損 按公平值計量,僅在不相關投資者 在新聯營公司或合營企業中的權益 的範圍內,方會於前母公司之損益 中確認。

應用該等修訂本預期不會對本集團 的財務狀況及表現有重大影響。

#### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

綜合財務報表附註 For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

# 4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, unless mentioned otherwise in the material accounting policy information below (e.g. certain financial instruments that are measured at fair value).

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with HKFRS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements are disclosed in note 5.

The material accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below.

#### (a) Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries made up to 31 December. Subsidiaries are entities over which the Group has control. The Group controls an entity when it is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. The Group has power over an entity when the Group has existing rights that give it the current ability to direct the relevant activities, i.e. activities that significantly affect the entity's returns.

# 4. 重大會計政策資料

本綜合財務報表乃根據歷史成本法編 製,惟下文重大會計政策資料另有說明 者除外(如按公平值計量之若干金融工 具)。

編製符合香港財務報告準則的財務報表 需要使用若干關鍵會計估計。這亦需要 管理層在應用本集團會計政策過程中作 出判斷。涉及高度判斷或複雜性的範 疇,或假設及估計對綜合財務報表而言 屬重大的範疇於附註5披露。

編製本綜合財務報表所應用的主要會計 政策載列如下。

- (a) 綜合入賬
  - 綜合財務報表包括本公司及其附屬 公司截至十二月三十一日止之財務 報表。附屬公司指本集團擁有控制 權的實體。當本集團透過參與實體 經營活動而承受可變回報的風險力 透過,則本集團控制該實體。當本 團當前擁有的權利使其可指揮實體 的相關經營活動(即對實體回報有 對 影響的經營活動)時,則本集團對 該實體擁有權力。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註 For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

### 4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

#### (a) Consolidation (Cont'd)

When assessing control, the Group considers its potential voting rights as well as potential voting rights held by other parties. A potential voting right is considered only if the holder has the practical ability to exercise that right.

Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are deconsolidated from the date the control ceases.

The gain or loss on the disposal of a subsidiary that results in a loss of control represents the difference between (i) the fair value of the consideration of the sale plus the fair value of any investment retained in that subsidiary and (ii) the Company's share of the net assets of that subsidiary plus any remaining goodwill and any accumulated foreign currency translation reserve relating to that subsidiary.

Intragroup transactions, balances and unrealised profits are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

Non-controlling interests represent the equity in subsidiaries not attributable, directly or indirectly, to the Company. Non-controlling interests are presented in the consolidated statement of financial position and consolidated statement of changes in equity within equity. Non-controlling interests are presented in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income as an allocation of profit or loss and total comprehensive income for the year between the non-controlling shareholders and owners of the Company.

Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling shareholders even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

# 4. 重大會計政策資料(續)

#### (a) 綜合入賬(續)

於評估控制權時,本集團會考慮其 潛在投票權以及其他人士持有的潛 在投票權。潛在投票權僅於持有人 有實際能力行使該權利時方予考 慮。

附屬公司自控制權轉移至本集團之 日起綜合入賬,並於本集團失去控 制權之日起停止綜合入賬。

導致失去控制權的附屬公司出售產 生的盈虧指(i)出售代價公平值加於 該附屬公司保留之任何投資之公平 值與(ii)本公司應佔該附屬公司資產 淨值加與該附屬公司有關之任何餘 下商譽以及累計外幣匯兌儲備兩者 間的差額。

集團內公司間之交易、結餘及未變 現溢利均予以對銷。未變現虧損亦 予以對銷,除非相關交易有證據顯 示所轉讓資產出現減值。附屬公司 的會計政策於必要時作出更改,以 確保與本集團所採納的會計政策一 致。

非控股權益指並非本公司直接或間 接應佔的附屬公司權益。非控股權 益於綜合財務狀況表及綜合權益變 動表的權益內呈列。於綜合損益表 及綜合損益及其他全面收益表內, 非控股權益呈列為年內損益及全面 收益總額在非控股股東與本公司擁 有人之間的分配。

損益及其他全面收益各組成部分歸 屬於本公司擁有人及非控股股東, 即使此舉會導致非控股權益出現虧 絀結餘。

綜合財務報表附註 For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

### 4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

#### (a) Consolidation (Cont'd)

Changes in the Company's ownership interest in a subsidiary that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions (i.e. transactions with owners in their capacity as owners). The carrying amounts of the controlling and non-controlling interests are adjusted to reflect the changes in their relative interests in the subsidiary. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognised directly in equity and attributed to the owners of the Company.

#### (b) Separate financial statements

In the Company's statement of financial position, an investment in a subsidiary is stated at cost less impairment loss, unless the investment is classified as held for sale (or included in a disposal group that is classified as held for sale). Cost includes direct attributable costs of investments. The results of subsidiaries are accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividend received or receivable.

Impairment testing of the investments in subsidiaries is required upon receiving a dividend from these investments if the dividend exceeds the total comprehensive income of the subsidiary in the period the dividend is declared or if the carrying amount of the investment in the separate financial statements exceeds the carrying amount in the consolidated financial statements of the investee's net assets including goodwill.

### 4. 重大會計政策資料(續)

#### (a) 綜合入賬(續)

不會導致本公司失去控制權的附屬 公司所有權權益變動入賬列作權益 交易(即擁有人身份與擁有人進行的 交易)。控股及非控股權益的賬面值 予以調整以反映於附屬公司相關權 益的變動。非控股權益的調整金額 與已付或已收代價公平值之間的任 何差額直接於權益確認,並歸屬於 本公司擁有人。

### (b) 獨立財務報表

於本公司之財務狀況表內,於附屬 公司之投資按成本減減值虧損列 賬,除非該投資分類為持作出售(或 計入分類為持作出售之出售組別)。 成本包括直接應佔投資成本。附屬 公司的業績乃由本公司按已收或應 收股息基準入賬。

倘股息超出附屬公司宣派股息期間 綜合收益總額,或倘獨立財務報表 中投資賬面值超出綜合財務報表所 示投資對象資產淨值(包括商譽)的 賬面值,則須於自該等投資收取股 息時,對於該等附屬公司的投資進 行減值測試。 NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註 For the year ended 31 December 2024

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

### 4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

### (c) Business combination and goodwill

The acquisition method is used to account for the acquisition of a subsidiary in a business combination. The consideration transferred in a business combination is measured at the acquisition-date fair value of the assets given, equity instruments issued, liabilities incurred and any contingent consideration. Acquisition-related costs are recognised as expenses in the periods in which the costs are incurred and the services are received. Identifiable assets and liabilities of the subsidiary in the acquisition are measured at their acquisition-date fair values.

The excess of the sum of the consideration transferred over the Group's share of the net fair value of the subsidiary's identifiable assets and liabilities is recorded as goodwill. Any excess of the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities over the sum of the consideration transferred is recognised in consolidated profit or loss as a gain on bargain purchase which is attributed to the Group.

In a business combination achieved in stages, the previously held equity interest in the subsidiary is remeasured at its acquisition-date fair value and the resulting gain or loss is recognised in consolidated profit or loss. The fair value is added to the sum of the consideration transferred in a business combination to calculate the goodwill.

The non-controlling interests in the subsidiary are initially measured at the non-controlling shareholders' proportionate share of the net fair value of the subsidiary's identifiable assets and liabilities at the acquisition date.

# 4. 重大會計政策資料(續)

### (c) 業務合併及商譽

於業務合併中收購附屬公司使用收 購法入賬。於業務合併中支付之代 價乃按該項資產於收購日期之公平 值、所發行之股本工具、所產生之 負債及任何或然代價計量。收購相 關成本於成本產生及獲得服務之期 間確認為開支。所收購附屬公司的 可識別資產及負債按其於收購日期 的公平值計量。

所支付代價總額超出本集團應佔附 屬公司可識別資產及負債之公平值 淨額之差額乃列作商譽。本集團應 佔可識別資產及負債之公平值淨額 超出所支付代價總額之任何差額乃 於綜合損益內確認為本集團應佔之 議價收購收益。

對於分段進行的業務合併,先前持 有之附屬公司股權按其於收購日期 之公平值重新計量,而由此產生的 收益或虧損於綜合損益內確認。公 平值會加入業務合併中所支付代價 之總和,以計算商譽。

於附屬公司之非控股權益初步按非 控股股東應佔該附屬公司於收購日 期之可識別資產及負債之公平值淨 額比例計量。

綜合財務報表附註 For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

### 4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

#### (c) Business combination and goodwill (Cont'd)

After initial recognition, goodwill is measured at cost less accumulated impairment losses. For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired in a business combination is allocated to each of the cash-generating units ("CGUs") or groups of CGUs that is expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination. Each unit or group of units to which the goodwill is allocated represents the lowest level within the Group at which the goodwill is monitored for internal management purposes. Goodwill impairment reviews are undertaken annually, or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate a potential impairment. The carrying value of the CGU containing the goodwill is compared to its recoverable amount, which is the higher of value in use and the fair value less costs of disposal. Any impairment is recognised immediately as an expense and is not subsequently reversed.

#### (d) Associates

Associates are entities over which the Group has significant influence. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of an entity but is not control or joint control over those policies. The existence and effect of potential voting rights that are currently exercisable or convertible, including potential voting rights held by other entities, are considered when assessing whether the Group has significant influence. In assessing whether a potential voting right contributes to significant influence, the holder's intention and financial ability to exercise or convert that right are not considered.

- 4. 重大會計政策資料(續)
  - (c) 業務合併及商譽(續)

於初始確認後,商譽按成本減累計 減值虧損計量。就減值測試而言, 於業務合併中收購的商譽會分配至 預期可受惠於合併協同效益的各現 金產生單位(「現金產生單位」)或現 金產生單位組別。獲分配商譽之各 單位或單位組別為本集團內就內部 管理目的而監察商譽的最低層次。 商譽每年進行減值檢討,或當有事 件出現或情況改變顯示可能出現減 值時,作出更頻密檢討。包含商 譽之現金產生單位之賬面值與其可 收回金額作比較,可收回金額為使 用價值與公平值減出售成本的較高 者。任何減值即時確認為開支,且 其後不會撥回。

### (d) 聯營公司

聯營公司指本集團對其有重大影響 力的實體。重大影響力指參與實體 的財務及經營政策決策的權力,但 並非控制或共同控制該等政策。 於評估本集團是否具有重大影響力 時,會考慮是否存在現時可行使或 可轉換之潛在投票權(包括其他實體 持有之潛在投票權)及其影響。於 了 估潛在投票權是否對重大影響力有 影響時,不會考慮持有人行使或轉 換該權利的意向及財務能力。 NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 综合財務報表附註 For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

### 4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

#### (d) Associates (Cont'd)

Investment in an associate is accounted for in the consolidated financial statements by the equity method and is initially recognised at cost. Identifiable assets and liabilities of the associate in an acquisition are measured at their fair values as at the acquisition date. The excess of the cost of the investment over the Group's share of the net fair value of the associate's identifiable assets and liabilities is recorded as goodwill which is included in the carrying amount of the investment. Any excess of the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities over the cost of acquisition is recognised in consolidated profit or loss.

The Group assesses whether there is an objective evidence that the interest in an associate may be impaired. When any objective evidence exists, the entire carrying amount of the investment (including goodwill) is tested for impairment in accordance with HKAS 36 as a single asset by comparing its recoverable amount (higher of value in use and fair value less costs of disposal) with its carrying amount. Any impairment loss recognised is not allocated to any asset, including goodwill, that forms part of the carrying amount of the investment. Any reversal of that impairment loss is recognised in accordance with HKAS 36 to the extent that the recoverable amount of the investment subsequently increases.

The Group's share of an associate's post-acquisition profits or losses and other comprehensive income is recognised in consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income. When the Group's share of losses in an associate equals or exceeds its interest in the associate (which includes any longterm interests that, in substance, form part of the Group's net investment in the associate), the Group does not recognise further losses, unless it has incurred obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate. If the associate subsequently reports profits, the Group resumes recognising its share of those profits only after its share of the profits equals the share of losses not recognised.

# 4. 重大會計政策資料(續)

#### (d) 聯營公司(續)

於聯營公司之投資以權益法於綜合 財務報表入賬,並初步按成本確 認。所收購聯營公司之可識別資產 及負債按其於收購日期之公平值計 量。投資成本超出本集團應佔聯營 公司可識別資產及負債之公平值淨 額的部分入賬列作商譽,並計入投 資之賬面值。本集團應佔可識別資 產及負債之公平值淨額超出收購成 本的部分於綜合損益內確認。

本集團評估是否有客觀證據顯示於 聯營公司之權益可能出現減值。倘 存在任何客觀證據,則該項投資的 全部賬面值(包括商譽)會根據香港 會計準則第36號作為單一項資產 行減值即使用價值與公平值減出 較高者)與其賬面值。任何投 認的減值虧損不會分配至構成投商 賬面值一部分的任何資產(包括商 學)。減值虧損的任何撥回乃於該項 投資之可收回金額其後增加時根據 香港會計準則第36號予以確認。

本集團應佔聯營公司於收購後的損益及其他全面收益於綜合損益及其他全面收益於綜合損益及其他全面收益素確認。倘本集團應佔聯營公司虧損等於或超過其於聯營公司之權益(包括實質上構成本集團於聯營公司之投資淨額一部分的證」,則本集團不會確認力,則本集團不會確認有人。 後錄得溢利,則本集團僅於其應佔溢利等於其應佔未確認虧損後,方 會恢復確認其應佔溢利。

綜合財務報表附註 For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

### 4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

#### (d) Associates (Cont'd)

The gain or loss on the disposal of an associate that results in a loss of significant influence represents the difference between (i) the fair value of the consideration of the sale plus the fair value of any investment retained in that associate and (ii) the Group's entire carrying amount of that associate (including goodwill) and any related accumulated foreign currency translation reserve. If an investment in an associate becomes an investment in a joint venture, the Group continues to apply the equity method and does not remeasure the retained interest.

Unrealised profits on transactions between the Group and its associates are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interests in the associates. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of associates have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

#### (e) Foreign currency translation

### (i) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates ("functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$"), which is the Company's functional and presentation currency. 4. 重大會計政策資料(續)

#### (d) 聯營公司(續)

導致失去重大影響力之聯營公司出 售產生的盈虧指(i)出售代價公平值 加於該聯營公司保留之任何投資之 公平值與(ii)本集團應佔於該聯營公 司之全部賬面值(包括商譽)及任何 相關累計外幣匯兌儲備兩者間的差 額。倘於聯營公司之投資成為於合 營企業之投資,則本集團繼續應用 權益法,且不會重新計量保留權 益。

本集團與其聯營公司間交易的未變 現溢利按本集團於聯營公司的權益 對銷。未變現虧損亦予以對銷,除 非交易有證據顯示所轉讓資產出現 減值。聯營公司的會計政策已按需 要作出改變,以確保與本集團所採 納的政策一致。

### (e) 外幣換算

(i) 功能及呈列貨幣

本集團各實體的財務報表所列 項目均以該實體營運所在的 主要經濟環境的貨幣(「功能貨 幣」)計量。綜合財務報表以港 元(「港元」)呈列,而港元為本 公司的功能及呈列貨幣。

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

### 4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

### (e) Foreign currency translation (Cont'd)

# *(ii) Transactions and balances in each entity's financial statements*

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into the functional currency on initial recognition using the exchange rates prevailing on the transaction dates. Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the end of each reporting period. Gains and losses resulting from this translation policy are recognised in profit or loss.

Non-monetary assets and liabilities that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the foreign exchange rates ruling at the transaction dates. The transaction date is the date on which the company initially recognises such non-monetary assets or liabilities. Non-monetary items that are measured at fair value in foreign currencies are translated using the exchange rates at the dates when the fair values are determined.

When a gain or loss on a non-monetary item is recognised in other comprehensive income, any exchange component of that gain or loss is recognised in other comprehensive income. When a gain or loss on a non-monetary item is recognised in profit or loss, any exchange component of that gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss.

- 4. 重大會計政策資料(續)
  - (e) 外幣換算(續)

### (ii) 各實體財務報表所列交易及結 餘

外幣交易於初始確認時按交易 當日的匯率換算為功能貨幣。 以外幣計值的貨幣資產及負債 按各報告期末的匯率換算。此 換算政策產生的收益及虧損均 於損益確認。

以外幣的歷史成本計量的非貨 幣資產及負債乃使用於交易日 期適用的外幣匯率換算。交易 日期為公司初始確認有關非貨 幣資產或負債的日期。以外幣 按公平值計量的非貨幣項目按 釐定公平值當日的匯率換算。

倘非貨幣項目之收益或虧損於 其他全面收益確認,則相關收 益或虧損之任何匯兌部分亦於 其他全面收益確認。倘非貨幣 項目之收益或虧損於損益確 認,則相關收益或虧損之任何 匯兌部分亦於損益確認。

綜合財務報表附註 For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

### 4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

(e) Foreign currency translation (Cont'd)

#### (iii) Translation on consolidation

The results and financial position of all the Group entities that have a functional currency different from the Company's presentation currency are translated into the Company's presentation currency as follows:

- Assets and liabilities for each statement of financial position presented are translated at the closing rate at the date of that statement of financial position;
- Income and expenses are translated at average exchange rates for the period (unless this average is not a reasonable approximation of the cumulative effect of the rates prevailing on the transaction dates, in which case income and expenses are translated at the exchange rates on the transaction dates); and
- All resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the foreign currency translation reserve.

On consolidation, exchange differences arising from the translation of monetary items that form part of the net investment in foreign entities are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the foreign currency translation reserve. When a foreign operation is sold, such exchange differences are reclassified to consolidated profit or loss as part of the gain or loss on disposal.

Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on the acquisition of a foreign entity are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign entity and translated at the closing rate. 4. 重大會計政策資料(續)

- (e) 外幣換算(續)
  - (iii) 綜合入賬時換算

功能貨幣與本公司呈列貨幣不同的本集團旗下所有實體的業績及財務狀況均按以下方式換 算為本公司的呈列貨幣:

- 於各財務狀況表呈列的資 產及負債按財務狀況表日 期的收市匯率換算;
- 收入及開支按期內平均匯 率換算(除非平均匯率並 非有關交易當日匯率累積 影響的合理約數,在該情 況下,收入及開支按有關 交易當日的匯率換算); 及
- 所有由此產生的匯兌差額
   於其他全面收益確認,並
   於外幣匯兌儲備累計。

於綜合入賬時,因換算構成於 海外實體之投資淨額一部分的 貨幣項目而產生的匯兌差額於 其他全面收益確認,並於外幣 匯兌儲備累計。當出售海外業 務時,該等匯兌差額重新分類 至綜合損益,作為出售收益或 虧損的一部分。

收購海外實體所產生的商譽及 公平值調整均視為海外實體的 資產及負債,並按收市匯率換 算。 NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註 For the year ended 31 December 2024

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

### 4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

### (f) Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are held for use in the production or supply of goods or services, or for administrative purposes. Property, plant and equipment are stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost, less subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are recognised in profit or loss during the period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation of property, plant and equipment is calculated at rates sufficient to write off their cost less their residual value over its estimated useful life on a straight-line basis. The principal annual rates are as follows:

Freehold land	Not depreciated
Buildings	40 years
Leasehold improvements	The shorter of remaining lease term and useful life
Plant, machinery and equipment	3 to 10 years
Office and other equipment	3 to 8 years
Furniture and fixtures	4 to 10 years
Motor vehicles and yachts	5 to 6 years

# 4. 重大會計政策資料(續)

### (f) 物業、廠房及設備

物業、廠房及設備乃持有作生產或 供應貨品或服務或作行政用途。物 業、廠房及設備按成本減其後累計 折舊及其後累計減值虧損(如有)於 綜合財務狀況表列賬。

其後成本僅在與該項目有關的未來 經濟效益很可能流入本集團,且該 項目的成本能可靠計量時,方會計 入資產賬面值或確認為獨立資產(如 適用)。所有其他維修及保養成本均 於產生期間在損益確認。

物業、廠房及設備之折舊按足以撇 銷其成本(扣除剩餘價值)的比率, 於其估計可使用年期內以直線法計 算。折舊之主要年率如下:

不予折舊
40年
按餘下租期及可
使用期之較短者
3至10年
3至8年
4至10年
5至6年

綜合財務報表附註 For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

### 4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

#### (f) Property, plant and equipment (Cont'd)

The residual values, useful lives and depreciation method are reviewed and adjusted, if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

The gain or loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment is the difference between the net sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the relevant asset, and is recognised in profit or loss.

### (g) Leases

At inception of a contract, the Group assesses whether the contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. Control is conveyed where the customer has both the right to direct the use of the identified asset and to obtain substantially all of the economic benefits from that use.

#### (i) The Group as a lessee

Where the contract contains lease component(s) and non-lease component(s), the Group has elected not to separate non-lease components and accounts for each lease component and any associated non-lease components as a single lease component for all leases.

At the lease commencement date, the Group recognises a right-of-use asset and a lease liability, except for short-term leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less and leases of low-value assets. When the Group enters into a lease in respect of a low-value asset, the Group decides whether to capitalise the lease on a lease-by-lease basis. The lease payments associated with those leases which are not capitalised are recognised as an expense on a systematic basis over the lease term.

## 4. 重大會計政策資料(續)

#### (f) 物業、廠房及設備(續)

剩餘價值、可使用年期及折舊方法 於各報告期末檢討及按需要作出調 整,而任何估計變動的影響按未來 適用法入賬。

出售物業、廠房及設備之收益或虧 損為出售所得款項淨額與相關資產 賬面值之間的差額,並於損益內確 認。

### (g) 租賃

在合約起始日期,本集團評估合約 是否為租賃或者包含租賃。倘合約 為換取代價而給予在一段時間內控 制可識別資產使用的權利,則該合 約屬租賃或包含租賃。當客戶有權 指導已識別資產的用途並從該用途 中獲得絕大部分經濟效益時,即表 示擁有控制權。

#### (i) 本集團作為承租人

倘合約包含租賃部分及非租賃 部分,本集團已選擇不區分非 租賃部分,並就所有租賃將各 租賃部分及任何相關非租賃部 分入賬列作單一租賃部分。

於租賃開始日期,本集團確認 使用權資產及租賃負債,惟租 期為12個月或以下的短期租 賃及低價值資產租賃除外。當 本集團就低價值資產訂立租賃 時,本集團決定是否按個別租 賃基準將租賃資本化。與未資 本化租賃相關的租賃付款於租 期內按系統基準確認為開支。

Tor the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

### 4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

(g) Leases (Cont'd)

### (i) The Group as a lessee (Cont'd)

Where the lease is capitalised, the lease liability is initially recognised at the present value of the lease payments payable over the lease term, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, using a relevant incremental borrowing rate. Lease payments to be made under reasonably certain extension options are also included in the measurement of the lease liability. After initial recognition, the lease liability is measured at amortised cost and interest expense is calculated using the effective interest method.

Variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or rate are not included in the measurement of the lease liability and hence are charged to profit or loss in the accounting period in which they are incurred.

To determine the incremental borrowing rate, the Group:

- where possible, uses recent third-party financing received by the individual lessee as a starting point, adjusted to reflect changes in financing conditions since third party financing was received;
- uses a build-up approach that starts with a risk-free interest rate adjusted for credit risk for leases held by the group companies, which does not have recent third-party
   financing; and
- makes adjustments specific to the lease, e.g. term, country, currency and security.

# 4. 重大會計政策資料(續)

- (g) 租賃(續)
  - (i) 本集團作為承租人(續)

當租賃資本化時,租賃負債初 步按租期內應付租賃付款的現 值確認,並使用租賃中隱含的 利率貼現,或倘該利率無法會 易釐定,則使用相關增量借款 利牽。根據合理若干延期選員 常本。根據合理若干延期選擇 權作出的租賃付款亦計入負債 的計量中。於初始確認後,租 賃負債按攤銷成本計量,而利 息開支則採用實際利率法計 算。

不取決於指數或利率的可變租 賃付款不計入租賃負債的計 量,因此於其產生的會計期間 自損益扣除。

為釐定增量借款利率,本集 團:

- 在可能情況下,使用個別 承租人最近獲得之第三方 融資為出發點作出調整以 反映自獲得第三方融資以 來融資條件之變動;
- 使用累加法,首先就集團 公司所持有租賃之信貸風 險(最近並無第三方融資) 調整無風險利率;及
- 進行特定於租賃之調整, 例如期限、國家、貨幣及 抵押。

綜合財務報表附註 For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

### 4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

(g) Leases (Cont'd)

### (i) The Group as a lessee (Cont'd)

If a readily observable amortising loan rate is available to the individual lessee (through recent financing or market data) which has a similar payment profile to the lease, then the group entities use that rate as a starting point to determine the incremental borrowing rate.

The right-of-use asset recognised when a lease is capitalised is initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability plus any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, and any initial direct costs incurred. Where applicable, the cost of the rightof-use assets also includes an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located, discounted to their present value, less any lease incentives received. The rightof-use asset is subsequently stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Right-of-use assets in which the Group is reasonably certain to obtain ownership of the underlying leased assets at the end of the lease term are depreciated from commencement date to the end of the useful life. Otherwise, right-ofuse assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of its estimated useful life and the lease term. 4. 重大會計政策資料(續)

#### (g) 租賃(續)

#### (i) 本集團作為承租人(續)

倘個別承租人(通過近期融資或 市場數據)以與租賃類似的付款 方式獲得可觀察的攤銷貸款利 率,則集團實體將以該利率為 出發點來釐定增量借款利率。

於租賃資本化時確認的使用權 資產初步按成本計量,而成本 包括租賃負債的初始金額加於 開始日期或之前作出的任何初 賃付款,以及所產生的任何初 始直接成本。在適用的行用權 資產或人本。在適用的的包括 服資產或的成本亦包括 關資產或其所在場地的估何可 收租賃優惠)。使用權資產或 按成本減累計折舊及減值虧損 列賬。

本集團合理確定於租期結束時 取得相關租賃資產所有權的使 用權資產,自開始日期起至可 使用年期結束期間計提折舊。 否則,使用權資產於其估計可 使用年期或租期(以較短者為 準)內按直線法折舊。

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

### 4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

(g) Leases (Cont'd)

### (i) The Group as a lessee (Cont'd)

Refundable rental deposits paid are accounted under HKFRS 9 and initially measured at fair value. Adjustments to fair value at initial recognition are considered as additional lease payments and included in the cost of right-of-use assets.

The lease liability is remeasured when there is a change in future lease payments arising from a change in an index or rate, or there is a change in the Group's estimate of the amount expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee, or there is a change arising from the reassessment of whether the Group will be reasonably certain to exercise a purchase, extension or termination option. When the lease liability is remeasured in this way, a corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset, or is recorded in profit or loss if the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset has been reduced to zero.

The lease liability is also remeasured when there is a change in the scope of a lease or the consideration for a lease that is not originally provided for in the lease contract ("lease **modification**") that is not accounted for as a separate lease. In this case the lease liability is remeasured based on the revised lease payments and lease term using a revised discount rate at the effective date of the modification. The only exceptions are any rent concessions which arose as a direct consequence of the COVID-19 pandemic and which satisfied the conditions set out in paragraph 46B of HKFRS 16. In such cases, the Group took advantage of the practical expedient set out in paragraph 46A of HKFRS 16 and recognised the change in consideration as if it were not a lease modification.

4. 重大會計政策資料(續)

- (g) 租賃(續)
  - (i) 本集團作為承租人(續)

已付可退回租賃按金根據香港 財務報告準則第9號入賬,並 初步按公平值計量。於初始確 認時的公平值調整視為額外租 賃付款並計入使用權資產成 本。

倘租賃範圍或租賃代價(並非原 先於租賃合約中訂明者)有變動 (「租賃修訂」),且有關變動並 非作為一項單獨租賃入賬,亦 會重新計量租賃負債。在此情 況下,和賃負債根據經修訂和 賃付款及租期使用修訂生效日 期的經修訂貼現率重新計量。 唯一的例外情況為因新型冠狀 病毒疫情直接導致並符合香港 財務報告準則第16號第46B段 所載條件的任何租金減免。在 該情況下,本集團採用香港財 務報告準則第16號第46A段所 載的可行權宜方法確認代價變 動,猶如其並非租賃修訂。

綜合財務報表附註 For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

### 4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

- (g) Leases (Cont'd)
  - (ii) The Group as a lessor

When the Group acts as a lessor, it determines at lease inception whether each lease is a finance lease or an operating lease. A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to the ownership of an underlying assets to the lessee. If this is not the case, the lease is classified as an operating lease.

### (h) Intangible assets (other than goodwill)

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. The cost of intangible assets acquired in a business combination is the fair value at the date of acquisition. The useful lives of intangible assets are assessed to be either finite or indefinite. Intangible assets with finite lives are subsequently amortised over the useful economic life and assessed for impairment whenever there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired. The amortisation period and the amortisation method for an intangible asset with a finite useful life are reviewed at least at each financial year end. The following intangible assets with finite useful lives are amortised from the date they are available for use and their useful lives are as follows:

Wine membership	5 years
Copyright	10 years
Domain name	15 years

Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives are tested for impairment annually either individually or at the cash-generating unit level. Such intangible assets are not amortised. The useful life of an intangible asset with an indefinite life is reviewed annually to determine whether the indefinite life assessment continues to be supportable. If not, the change in the useful life assessment from indefinite to finite is accounted for on a prospective basis. 4. 重大會計政策資料(續)

- (g) 租賃(續)
  - (ii) 本集團作為出租人

對於本集團作為出租人的租 賃,本集團於租賃開始時釐定 各項租賃為融資租賃或經營租 賃。倘租賃將相關資產所有權 附帶的絕大部分風險及回報轉 移至承租人,則租賃分類為融 資租賃。否則,租賃分類為經 營租賃。

(h) 無形資產(商譽除外)

酒會會籍	5年
版權	10年
域名	15年

具無限可使用年期的無形資產每年 會個別或在現金產生單位級別作減 值測試。該等無形資產並不予以攤 銷。具無限年期的無形資產的可使 用年期於每年作評估,以釐定無限 可使用年期的評估是否繼續可靠。 倘不再可靠,則可使用年期的評估 由無限年期更改為有限年期,有關 變動按未來適用法入賬。 NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註 For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

### 4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

#### (i) Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined on the first-in, firstout basis. Net realisable value is based on estimated selling prices less any estimated costs to be incurred to completion and disposal.

### (j) Contract assets and contract liabilities

Contract asset is recognised when the Group recognises revenue before being unconditionally entitled to the consideration under the payment terms set out in the contract. Contract assets are assessed for expected credit losses ("**ECL**") in accordance with the policy set out in note 4(bb) and are reclassified to receivables when the right to the consideration has become unconditional.

A contract liability is recognised when the customer pays consideration before the Group recognises the related revenue. A contract liability would also be recognised if the Group has an unconditional right to receive consideration before the Group recognises the related revenue. In such cases, a corresponding receivable would also be recognised.

For a single contract with the customer, either a net contract asset or a net contract liability is presented. For multiple contracts, contract assets and contract liabilities of unrelated contracts are not presented on a net basis.

When the contract includes a significant financing component, the contract balance includes interest accrued under the effective interest method.

# 4. 重大會計政策資料(續)

#### (i) 存貨

存貨按成本值與可變現淨值兩者中 的較低者列賬。成本值按先入先出 基準釐定。可變現淨值按估計售價 減達致完成及出售將予產生的任何 估計成本計算。

### (j) 合約資產及合約負債

倘本集團於根據合約所載支付條款 無條件享有代價前確認收入,則 確認合約資產。合約資產根據附註 4(bb)所載政策評估預期信貸虧損 (「預期信貸虧損」),並於收取代價 的權利成為無條件時重新分類至應 收款項。

倘客戶在本集團確認相關收入前支 付代價,則確認合約負債。倘本集 團有無條件權利在本集團確認相關 收入前收取代價,亦會確認合約負 債。在此情況下,亦會確認相應的 應收款項。

就與客戶訂立的單一合約而言,將 呈列合約資產淨值或合約負債淨 額。就多份合約而言,不相關合約 的合約資產及合約負債不按淨額基 準呈列。

倘合約包含重大融資成分時,合約 結餘包括按實際利率法累計的利 息。

綜合財務報表附註 For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

### 4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

# (k) Recognition and derecognition of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position when the Group entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at FVTPL) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

The Group derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity. If the Group neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and continues to control the transferred asset, the Group recognises its retained interest in the asset and an associated liability for amounts it may have to pay. If the Group retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a transferred financial asset, the Group continues to recognise the financial asset and also recognises a collateralised borrowing for the proceeds received.

# 4. 重大會計政策資料(續)

#### (k) 確認及終止確認金融工具

當本集團實體成為工具合約條文之 訂約方時,金融資產及金融負債於 綜合財務狀況表確認。

金融資產及金融負債初步按公平值 計量。收購或發行金融資產及金融 負債(按公平值透過損益列賬之金融 資產及金融負債除外)直接應佔的 交易成本於初始確認時加入金融資 產或金融負債之公平值或自金融資 產或金融負債之公平值扣除(如適 用)。收購按公平值透過損益列賬之 金融資產或金融負債直接應佔的交 易成本即時於損益確認。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註 For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

### 4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

# (k) Recognition and derecognition of financial instruments (Cont'd)

The Group derecognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the Group's obligations are discharged, cancelled or have expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognised in profit or loss.

### (I) Financial assets

All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognised and derecognised on a trade date basis. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the marketplace. All recognised financial assets are measured subsequently in their entirety at either amortised cost or fair value, depending on the classification of the financial assets.

#### Debt investments

Debt investments held by the Group are classified into one of the following measurement categories:

 amortised cost, if the investment is held for the collection of contractual cash flows which represent solely payments of principal and interest. Interest income from the investment is calculated using the effective interest method.

# 4. 重大會計政策資料(續)

(k) 確認及終止確認金融工具(續)

當且僅當本集團的責任獲解除、取 消或屆滿時,本集團方會終止確認 金融負債。終止確認的金融負債賬 面值與已付及應付代價(包括任何已 轉讓非現金資產或已承擔負債)之間 的差額於損益確認。

### (I) 金融資產

所有以常規方式購買或出售的金融 資產均於交易日確認及終止確認。 以常規方式購買或出售指須於市場 規則或慣例規定的時間內交付資產 的金融資產購買或出售。所有已確 認金融資產其後整體按攤銷成本或 公平值計量,視乎金融資產的分類 而定。

### 債權投資

本集團持有的債權投資分類為以下 其中一個計量類別:

 倘持有投資的目的為收取純粹 作為本金及利息付款的合約現 金流量,則按攤銷成本列賬。 投資的利息收入採用實際利率 法計算。

綜合財務報表附註 For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

### 4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

(I) Financial assets (Cont'd)

#### Debt investments (Cont'd)

- FVTOCI recycling, if the contractual cash flows of the investment comprise solely payments of principal and interest and the investment is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both the collection of contractual cash flows and sale. Changes in fair value are recognised in other comprehensive income, except for the recognition in profit or loss of expected credit losses, interest income (calculated using the effective interest method) and foreign exchange gains and losses. When the investment is derecognised, the amount accumulated in other comprehensive income is recycled from equity to profit or loss.
- FVTPL if the investment does not meet the criteria for being measured at amortised cost or FVTOCI (recycling). Changes in the fair value of the investment (including interest) are recognised in profit or loss.

#### Equity investments

An investment in equity securities is classified as FVTPL unless the equity investment is not held for trading purposes and on initial recognition of the investment the Group makes an election to designate the investment at FVTOCI (non-recycling) such that subsequent changes in fair value are recognised in other comprehensive income. Such elections are made on an instrument-by-instrument basis, but may only be made if the investment meets the definition of equity from the issuer's perspective. Where such an election is made, the amount accumulated in other comprehensive income remains in the fair value reserve (non-recycling) until the investment is disposed of. At the time of disposal, the amount accumulated in the fair value reserve (non-recycling) is transferred to retained earnings. It is not recycled through profit or loss. Dividends from an investment in equity securities, irrespective of whether classified as at FVTPL or FVTOCI, are recognised in profit or loss as other income.

4. 重大會計政策資料(續)

### (I) 金融資產(續)

### 債權投資(續)

- 倘投資的合約現金流量僅包括本金及利息付款,且投資乃於目的為同時收取合約現金流量及出售的業務模式中持有,則按公平值透過其他全面收益了,則(可劃轉)。公平值變動於其他全面收益確認,惟預期信貸虧損、利息收入(使用實際利定貸款計算)及匯兌收益及虧損於損益確認。當終止確認投資時,於其他全面收益累計的金額從權益劃轉至損益。
- 倘投資不符合按攤銷成本或按 公平值透過其他全面收益列賬 (可劃轉)計量的標準,則按公 平值透過損益列賬。投資的公 平值變動(包括利息)於損益確 認。

#### 股權投資

於股本證券的投資分類為按公平值 透過損益列賬,除非股權投資並非 持作買賣用途,且於初始確認投資 時,本集團選擇指定投資為按公平 值透過其他全面收益列賬(不可劃 轉),以致公平值的後續變動於其 他全面收益確認。有關選擇乃按個 別工具基準作出,惟僅當發行人 認為投資符合權益定義時方可作此 選擇。作出此選擇後,於其他全面 收益累計的金額仍將保留在公平值 儲備(不可劃轉)直至投資被出售為 止。於出售時,於公平值儲備(不可 劃轉)累計的金額轉撥至保留盈利, 不會透過損益賬劃轉。股本證券投 資的股息(不論分類為按公平值透過 損益列賬或按公平值透過其他全面 收益列賬)於損益確認為其他收入。

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

### 4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

#### (m) Accounts receivable and other receivables

A receivable is recognised when the Group has an unconditional right to receive consideration. A right to receive consideration is unconditional if only the passage of time is required before payment of that consideration is due. If revenue has been recognised before the Group has an unconditional right to receive consideration, the amount is presented as a contract asset.

Receivables are stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method less allowance for credit losses.

### (n) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and on hand, demand deposits with banks and other financial institutions, and short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, having been within three months of maturity at acquisition. Bank overdrafts that are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management are also included as a component of cash and cash equivalents for the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flow. Cash and cash equivalents are assessed for ECL.

#### (o) Financial liabilities and equity instruments

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument under HKFRSs. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Group after deducting all of its liabilities. The accounting policies adopted for specific financial liabilities and equity instruments are set out below.

#### (p) Borrowings

Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred, and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless, at the end of the reporting period, the Group has a right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period.

### 4. 重大會計政策資料(續)

#### (m) 應收賬款及其他應收款項

於本集團擁有收取代價的無條件權 利時,確認應收款項。倘代價僅隨 時間推移即會成為到期應付,則收 取代價的權利為無條件。倘收入於 本集團有無條件權利收取代價前經 已確認,則金額呈列為合約資產。

應收款項採用實際利率法按攤銷成 本減信貸虧損撥備列賬。

#### (n) 現金及等同現金項目

現金及等同現金項目包括銀行及手 頭現金、存放於銀行及其他金融機 構的活期存款,以及可隨時轉換為 已知數額現金、價值變動風險時轉換為 及自購入後。就綜合現金流量表而 前,現金及等同現金項目亦包括更 按要求償還及構成本集團現金管現 金項目就預期信貸虧損進行評估。

### (o) 金融負債及股本工具

金融負債及股本工具乃根據所訂立 合約安排之內容及香港財務報告準 則項下金融負債及股本工具之定義 分類。股本工具為證明於本集團經 扣除所有負債後的資產中擁有剩餘 權益的任何合約。就特定金融負債 及股本工具採納的會計政策載於下 文。

(p) 借貸

借貸初步按公平值扣除所產生的交 易成本確認,其後採用實際利率法 按攤銷成本計量。

借貸分類為流動負債,除非於報告 期末,本集團有權將負債推遲至報 告期後至少12個月償還。

綜合財務報表附註 For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

### 4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

#### (p) Borrowings (Cont'd)

Covenants that the Group is required to comply with, on or before the end of the reporting period, are considered in classifying loan arrangements with covenants as current or non-current. Covenants that the Group is required to comply with after the reporting period do not affect the classification at the reporting date.

### (q) Convertible loans

Convertible loans which entitle the holder to convert the loans into equity instruments, other than into a fixed number of equity instruments at a fixed conversion price, are regarded as combined instruments consisting of a liability and derivative components. At the date of issue, the fair value of the derivative components are determined by using an option pricing model; this amount is carried as derivative liability that is subsequently measured at fair value through profit or loss until extinguished on conversion or redemption. The remainder of the proceeds is allocated to the liability component and is carried as a liability at amortised cost using the effective interest method until extinguished on conversion or redemption. The liability component is classified as a current liability when the conversion option, which is classified as a liability derivative, can be exercised at the option of the holders at any time or within 12 months from the end of reporting date.

Transaction costs, if any, are apportioned between the liability and derivative components of the convertible loans based on the allocation of proceeds to the liability and derivative components on initial recognition. The portion related to the derivative component is expensed immediately.

### (r) Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables are recognised initially at their fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost. 4. 重大會計政策資料(續)

#### (p) 借貸(續)

將附帶契諾的貸款安排分類為流動 或非流動時,會考慮本集團須於報 告期末或之前遵守的契諾。本集團 須於報告期後遵守的契諾不會影響 於報告日期的分類。

### (q) 可換股貸款

賦予持有人權利將貸款轉換為股本 工具之可換股貸款(按固定轉換價轉 換為固定數目之股本工具除外)被視 為由負債部分及衍生工具部分組成 之合併工具。於發行日期,衍生工 具部分的公平值採用期權定價模式 釐定;該金額入賬列作衍生工具負 **債**,其後按公平值計入損益計量, 直至轉換或贖回時註銷為止。所得 款項餘額分配至負債部分,並使用 實際利率法按攤銷成本列賬為負 **債**,直至轉換或贖回時註銷為止。 常分類為負債衍生工具之轉換期權 可於任何時間或自報告日期結束起 計12個月內由持有人選擇行使時, 負債部分分類為流動負債。

交易成本(如有)乃根據初始確認時 所得款項分配至負債及衍生工具部 分之比例,於可換股貸款之負債及 衍生工具部分之間分配。與衍生工 具部分有關的部分即時支銷。

### (r) 貿易及其他應付款項

貿易及其他應付款項初步按公平值 確認,其後採用實際利率法按攤銷 成本計量,惟倘貼現的影響並不重 大,則按成本列賬。

### 4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

#### (s) Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidence a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

### (t) Derivative financial instruments

Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value at the date a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured to their fair value at the end of each reporting period.

An embedded derivative is a component of a hybrid contract that also includes a non-derivative host – with the effect that some of the cash flows of the combined instrument vary in a way similar to a stand-alone derivative.

Derivatives embedded in hybrid contracts with a financial asset host within the scope of HKFRS 9 are not separated. The entire hybrid contract is classified and subsequently measured as either amortised cost or fair value as appropriate.

Derivatives embedded in hybrid contracts with hosts that are not financial assets within the scope of HKFRS 9 are treated as separate derivatives when they meet the definition of a derivative, their risks characteristics are not closely related to those of the host contracts and the host contracts are not measured at FVTPL.

If the hybrid contract is a quoted financial liability, instead of separating the embedded derivative, the Group generally designates the whole hybrid contract at FVTPL.

# 4. 重大會計政策資料(續)

### (s) 股本工具

股本工具為證明於實體經扣除所有 負債後的資產中擁有剩餘權益的任 何合約。本公司發行之股本工具按 已收所得款項扣除直接發行成本入 賬。

### (t) 衍生金融工具

衍生工具於訂立衍生工具合約當日 初步按公平值確認,其後於各報告 期末按公平值重新計量。

嵌入式衍生工具為混合合約(亦包括 非衍生主合約)的組成部分,其影響 為合併工具的部分現金流量以類似 於獨立衍生工具的方式變動。

嵌入於香港財務報告準則第9號範圍 內金融資產主體的混合合約的衍生 工具不會單獨呈列。整個混合合約 按攤銷成本或公平值(如適用)分類 及於其後計量。

當嵌入主合約(並非香港財務報告準 則第9號範圍內的金融資產)的混合 合約的衍生工具符合衍生工具的定 義、其風險特徵與主合約的風險特 徵並無密切關係,且主合約並非按 公平值透過損益計量時,該等衍生 工具被視為獨立衍生工具。

如果混合合約是有報價的金融負 債,本集團通常將整個混合合約指 定為按公平值透過損益列賬,而非 將嵌入式衍生工具單獨呈列。

綜合財務報表附註 For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

### 4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

#### (u) Revenue recognition

### Revenue from contracts with customers

Revenue from contracts with customers is recognised when control of goods or services is transferred to the customers at an amount that reflects the promised consideration to which the Group expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services.

When the consideration in a contract includes a variable amount, the amount of consideration is estimated to which the Group will be entitled in exchange for transferring the goods or services to the customer. The variable consideration is estimated at contract inception and constrained until it is highly probable that a significant revenue reversal in the amount of cumulative revenue recognised will not occur when the associated uncertainty with the variable consideration is subsequently resolved.

When the contract contains a financing component which provides the customer with a significant benefit of financing the transfer of goods or services to the customer for more than one year, revenue is measured at the present value of the amount receivable, discounted using the discount rate that would be reflected in a separate financing transaction between the Group and the customer at contract inception. When the contract contains a financing component which provides the Group a significant financial benefit for more than one year, revenue recognised under the contract includes the interest expense accreted on the contract liability under the effective interest method. For a contract where the period between the payment by the customer and the transfer of the promised goods or services is one year or less, the transaction price is not adjusted for the effects of a significant financing component, using the practical expedient in HKFRS 15.

4. 重大會計政策資料(續)

### (u) 收入確認

### 客戶合約收入

客戶合約收入於商品或服務的控制 權轉移至客戶時確認,有關金額反 映本集團預期就交換該等貨品或服 務有權獲得的承諾代價。

當合約中的代價包括可變金額時, 代價金額估計為本集團就向客戶轉 讓貨品或服務而有權獲得的金額。 可變代價於合約開始時估計並受到 約束,直至與可變代價相關的不確 定因素其後得到解決,已確認累計 收入金額極有可能不會發生重大收 入撥回。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註 For the year ended 31 December 2024

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

### 4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

(u) Revenue recognition (Cont'd)

### Revenue from contracts with customers (Cont'd)

(i) Provision of services through network media

Revenue from retail commerce through network media is recognised at a point in time when control of goods or services is transferred to the customers at an amount that reflects the promised consideration to which the Group expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services.

*(ii) Provision of hospitality and related services in Australia* 

Revenue from hotel accommodation and other ancillary services is recognised over time in the accounting period in which the control of the products or the services are transferred to the customer because the customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided by the Group's performance as it performs.

Revenue from sales of hotel supplies and food and beverage in hotel business and food and restaurants operation is recognised at a point in time when the control of the products or the services is transferred to the customers, being when the products are delivered to the customers, there is no unfulfilled obligation that could affect the customers' acceptance of the products and the customer has obtained the physical possession or the legal title of the products and the Group has present right to payment and the collection of the consideration is probable. The Group controls the products in these transactions and, therefore, the Group is the principal and revenue is recognised on a gross basis.

- 4. 重大會計政策資料(續)
  - (u) 收入確認(續)

### 客戶合約收入(續)

(i) 透過網絡媒體提供服務

自透過網絡媒體進行零售商務 的收入於貨品或服務的控制權 轉移至客戶的時間點確認,其 金額反映本集團預期就交換該 等貨品或服務而有權獲得的承 諾代價。

(ii) 於澳洲提供酒店及相關服務

酒店住宿及其他配套服務的收 入於產品或服務的控制權轉移 至客戶的會計期間在一段時間 內確認,原因為客戶於本集團 履約時同時接收並消耗本集團 履約帶來的利益。

綜合財務報表附註 For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

### 4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

(u) Revenue recognition (Cont'd)

### Revenue from other sources

#### Dividend income

Dividend income is recognised at the time when the shareholders' right to receive the dividend have been established.

### Interest income

Interest income is recognised as it accrues using the effective interest method. For credit-impaired financial assets, the effective interest rate is applied to the amortised cost (i.e. gross carrying amount less loss allowance) of the financial asset.

### (v) Employee benefits

#### Employee leave entitlements

Employee entitlements to annual leave and long service leave are recognised when they accrue to employees. A provision is made for the estimated liability for annual leave and long service leave as a result of services rendered by employees up to the end of the reporting period.

Employee entitlements to sick leave and maternity leave are not recognised until the time of leave.

# 4. 重大會計政策資料(續)

(u) 收入確認(續)

其他來源收入

股息收入

股息收入於股東收取股息之權利確 立時確認。

### 利息收入

利息收入於應計時採用實際利率法 確認。就出現信貸減值之金融資 產而言,實際利率應用於金融資產 攤銷成本(即賬面值總額減虧損撥 備)。

### (v) 僱員福利

#### 僱員應享假期

僱員年假及長期服務假於僱員應享 時確認。本集團已就僱員因截至報 告期末所提供服務而享有之年假及 長期服務假計提估計負債撥備。

病假及產假於僱員休假時方予確 認。 NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 综合財務報表附註 For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

### 4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

#### (v) Employee benefits (Cont'd)

#### **Pension obligations**

The Group operates a defined contribution Mandatory Provident Fund retirement benefit scheme ("**MPF Scheme**") under the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance (Chapter 485 of the Laws of Hong Kong) for all of its employees in Hong Kong. Contributions are made based on a percentage of the employees' basic salaries and are charged to the statement of profit or loss as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the MPF Scheme. The assets of the MPF Scheme are held separately from those of the Group in an independently administered fund. The Group's employer contributions vest fully with the employees when it made contribution to the MPF Scheme. No forfeited contribution is available to reduce the contribution payable in future years.

The employees of the Company's subsidiaries in Australia are entitled to benefit from the employee's complying superannuation plan on retirement, disability or death. These subsidiaries are responsible for making contributions to the plan at a certain percentage of employees' wages or salaries. The subsidiaries' legal or constructive obligation is limited to these contributions, which are recognised as an expense as they become payable. No forfeited contribution is available to reduce the contribution payable in future years.

For LSP obligation, the Group accounts for the employer MPF contributions expected to be offsetted as a deemed employee contribution towards the LSP obligation in term of HKAS 19 paragraph 93(a) and it is measured on a net basis. The estimated amount of future benefit is determined after deducting the negative service cost arising from the accrued benefits derived from the Group's MPF contributions that have been vested with employees, which are deemed to be contributions from the relevant employees.

## 4. 重大會計政策資料(續)

#### (v) 僱員福利(續)

### 退休金責任

本集團根據香港法例第485章《強制 性公積金計劃條例》為其所有香港僱 員採用界定供款強制性公積金退休 福利計劃(「**強積金計劃**」)。根據強 積金計劃規則,須按僱員基本薪金 的一定百分比作出供款,並於供款 於應付時自損益表扣除。強積金計 劃的資產與本集團資產分開並出款 於會建基金持有。本集團所作出供款 時全數歸屬於僱員。概無已沒收的 供款可用於減少未來年度的應付供 款。

本公司於澳洲之附屬公司的僱員均 享有僱員遵從退休、殘疾或死亡定 額供款養老金計劃之福利。該等附 屬公司負責按僱員工資或薪金的若 干百分比向該計劃供款。該等附屬 公司的法定或推定責任僅限於該等 供款,於該等供款於應付時確認為 費用。概無已沒收的供款可用於減 少未來年度的應付供款。

就長期服務金義務而言,根據香港 會計準則第19號第93(a)段,本集團 預期將抵銷之僱主強積金供款視為 對長期服務金義務之僱員供款,並 按淨額計量。未來福利之估計金額 乃經扣除本集團已歸屬於僱員之強 積金供款所產生之累算權益之負服 務成本後釐定,有關供款被視為來 自有關僱員之供款。

綜合財務報表附註 For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

### 4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

#### (v) Employee benefits (Cont'd)

#### **Termination benefits**

Termination benefits are recognised at the earlier of the dates when the Group can no longer withdraw the offer of those benefits, and when the Group recognises restructuring costs and involves the payment of termination benefits.

### (w) Share-based payments

The Group issues equity-settled share-based payments to certain employees. Equity-settled share-based payments are measured at the fair value (excluding the effect of non-market based vesting conditions) of the equity instruments at the date of grant. The fair value determined at the grant date of the equity-settled share-based payments is expensed on a straight-line basis over the vesting period, based on the Group's estimate of shares that will eventually vest and adjusted for the effect of non-market based vesting conditions.

The Group issues equity-settled share-based payments to certain directors, employees and consultants.

Equity-settled share-based payments to directors and employees are measured at the fair value (excluding the effect of non-market based vesting conditions) of the equity instruments at the date of grant. The fair value determined at the grant date of the equity-settled share-based payments is expensed on a straight-line basis over the vesting period, based on the Group's estimate of shares that will eventually vest and adjusted for the effect of non-market based vesting conditions. 4. 重大會計政策資料(續)

#### (v) 僱員福利(續)

#### 離職福利

離職福利於本集團不再能取消提供 該等福利時及本集團確認重組成本 並涉及支付離職福利時(以較早者為 準)確認。

### (w) 以股份為基礎之付款

本集團向若干僱員作出以權益結算 以股份為基礎之付款。以權益結算 以股份為基礎之付款按股本工具於 授出日期的公平值(不計入非市場歸 屬條件的影響)計量。以權益結算以 股份為基礎之付款於授出日期釐定 之公平值,根據本集團估計最終將 歸屬的股份數目,按直線法於歸屬 期內支銷,並就非市場歸屬條件的 影響作出調整。

本集團向若干董事、僱員及顧問發 放以權益結算以股份為基礎之付 款。

向董事及僱員作出的以權益結算以 股份為基礎之付款按股本工具於授 出日期的公平值(不計入非市場歸屬 條件的影響)計量。以權益結算以股 份為基礎之付款於授出日期釐定之 公平值,根據本集團估計最終將歸 屬的股份數目,按直線法於歸屬期 內支銷,並就非市場歸屬條件的影 響作出調整。

Tor the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

### 4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

### (w) Share-based payments (Cont'd)

Equity-settled share-based payments to consultants are measured at the fair value of the services rendered or, if the fair value of the services rendered cannot be reliably measured, at the fair value of the equity instruments granted. The fair value is measured at the date the Group receives the services and is recognised as an expense.

### (x) Government grants

A government grant is recognised when there is reasonable assurance that the Group will comply with the conditions attaching to it and that the grant will be received.

Government grants relating to income are deferred and recognised in profit or loss over the period to match them with the costs they are intended to compensate.

Government grants that become receivable as compensation for expenses or losses already incurred or for the purpose of giving immediate financial support to the Group with no future related costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they become receivable.

### (y) Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are capitalised as part of the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

# 4. 重大會計政策資料(續)

### (w) 以股份為基礎之付款(續)

向顧問作出的以權益結算以股份為 基礎之付款按所提供服務的公平值 計量,或倘所提供服務的公平值無 法可靠計量,則按所授出股本工具 的公平值計量。公平值於本集團獲 得服務當日計量,並確認為開支。

### (x) 政府補助

政府補助於合理確定本集團將符合 所附帶條件及將會收到補助時確 認。

與收入有關的政府補助遞延入賬, 並按擬補償的成本產生時間於相關 期間內在損益中確認。

作為已產生開支或虧損的補償或旨 在給予本集團實時財務支持(並無日 後相關成本)而可收取的政府補助, 於可收取的期間於損益中確認。

### (y) 借貸成本

收購、建造或生產合資格資產(即需 要一段頗長時間方能達致其擬定用 途或出售之資產)直接應佔之借貸 成本,撥充為該等資產成本的一部 分,直至該等資產大致上可作其擬 定用途或出售為止。在特定借貸撥 作合資格資產的支出前暫時用作投 資所賺取的投資收入,須自合資格 資本化的借貸成本中扣除。

綜合財務報表附註 For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

### 4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

#### (y) Borrowing costs (Cont'd)

To the extent that funds are borrowed generally and used for the purpose of obtaining a qualifying asset, the amount of borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation is determined by applying a capitalisation rate to the expenditures on that asset. The capitalisation rate is the weighted average of the borrowing costs applicable to the borrowings of the Group that are outstanding during the period, other than borrowings made specifically for the purpose of obtaining a qualifying asset. Any specific borrowing that remain outstanding after the related asset is ready for its intended use or sale is included in the general borrowing pool for calculation of capitalisation rate on general borrowings.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

### (z) Taxation

Income tax represents the sum of the current tax and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit recognised in profit or loss because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. 4. 重大會計政策資料(續)

#### (y) 借貸成本(續)

就於一般情況及用作取得合資格資 產而借入之資金而言,合資格撥充 資本之借貸成本金額乃就該資產之 開支應用資本化率釐定。資本化率 為適用於本集團於期內尚未償還借 (不包括為取得合資格資產而借入 的特定借貸)的借貸成本加權平均 數。於相關資產可作擬定用途或出 售後仍未償還的任何特定借貸計入 一般借貸組合,以計算一般借貸的 資本化率。

所有其他借貸成本於產生期間在損 益確認。

(z) 稅項

所得稅指即期稅項與遞延稅項的總 和。

即期應付稅項乃按年內應課稅溢利 計算。應課稅溢利與於損益確認之 溢利不同,乃由於其他年度應課稅 或可扣稅之收入或開支項目以及毋 須課稅或不可扣減之項目所致。本 集團的即期稅項負債乃按報告期 末已頒佈或實質上已頒佈的稅率計 算。 NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 综合財務報表附註 For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

### 4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

#### (z) Taxation (Cont'd)

Deferred tax is recognised on differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses or unused tax credits can be utilised. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries and associates, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the assets to be recovered.

Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised, based on tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax is recognised in profit or loss, except when it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case the deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

# 4. 重大會計政策資料(續)

#### (z) 稅項(續)

遞延稅項按綜合財務報表內資產及 負債賬面值與計算應課稅溢利所用 相應稅基間之差額確認。遞延稅項 負債一般就所有應課稅暫時性差酮 確認,而遞延稅項可抵扣暫時性差異 確認,而遞延入動用可抵扣暫時性差異 、未動用稅項虧損或未動用稅 輕課稅溢利用 動用稅 。 (業務合併除外)不影響 應課稅溢利及會計溢利之交易中 認 遞延稅項資產及負債。

遞延稅項負債乃就於附屬公司及聯 營公司之投資所產生之應課稅暫時 性差異確認,惟倘本集團可控制暫 時性差異之撥回及暫時性差異於可 見將來很可能不會撥回則除外。

遞延稅項資產的賬面值於各報告期 末檢討,並於不再可能有足夠應課 稅溢利以收回全部或部分資產時作 調減。

遞延稅項乃根據於報告期末已頒佈 或實質上已頒佈之稅率,按於負債 清償或資產變現期間預期適用之稅 率計算。遞延稅項於損益確認,惟 與於其他全面收益或直接於權益確 認的項目有關,則遞延稅項亦於其 他全面收益或直接於權益確認。

綜合財務報表附註 For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

### 4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

#### (z) Taxation (Cont'd)

The measurement of deferred tax assets and liabilities reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

For the purposes of measuring deferred tax for leasing transactions in which the Group recognises the rightof-use assets and the related lease liabilities, the Group first determines whether the tax deductions are attributable to the right-of-use assets or the lease liabilities.

For leasing transactions in which the tax deductions are attributable to the lease liabilities, the Group applies HKAS 12 requirements to the leasing transaction as a whole. Temporary differences relating to right-ofuse assets and lease liabilities are assessed on a net basis. Excess of depreciation on right-of-use assets over the lease payments for the principal portion of lease liabilities resulting in net deductible temporary differences.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the Group intends to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

# 4. 重大會計政策資料(續)

#### (z) 稅項(續)

遞延稅項資產及負債的計量反映按 照本集團預期之方式於報告期末收 回或結算其資產及負債賬面值將會 產生的稅務結果。

就計量本集團確認使用權資產及相 關租賃負債的租賃交易的遞延稅項 而言,本集團首先釐定稅項扣減是 否歸屬於使用權資產或租賃負債。

就稅項扣減歸屬於租賃負債的租賃 交易而言,本集團對租賃交易整體 應用香港會計準則第12號規定。 有關使用權資產及租賃負債的暫時 性差異按淨額基準評估。使用權資 產折舊超過租賃負債本金部分的租 賃付款,導致可扣減暫時性差異淨 額。

當有合法可執行權利將即期稅項資 產與即期稅項負債抵銷,而遞延稅 項資產及負債與同一稅務機關徵收 的所得稅有關且本集團擬按淨額基 準結算其即期稅項資產及負債時, 則遞延稅項資產及負債可互相抵 銷。 NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註 For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

### 4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

#### (aa) Impairment of non-financial assets

Intangible assets that have an indefinite useful life or that are not yet available for use are reviewed for impairment annually and whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying amount may not be recoverable.

The carrying amounts of non-financial assets are reviewed at each reporting date for indications of impairment and where an asset is impaired, it is written down as an expense through the consolidated statement of profit or loss to its estimated recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets. If this is the case, recoverable amount is determined for the cashgenerating unit to which the asset belongs. Recoverable amount is the higher of value in use and the fair value less costs of disposal of the individual asset or the cashgenerating unit.

Value in use is the present value of the estimated future cash flows of the asset/cash-generating unit. Present values are computed using pre-tax discount rates that reflect the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset/cash-generating unit whose impairment is being measured.

Impairment losses for cash-generating units are allocated first against the goodwill of the unit and then prorate amongst the other assets of the cash-generating unit. Subsequent increases in the recoverable amount caused by changes in estimates are credited to profit or loss to the extent that they reverse the impairment.

# 4. 重大會計政策資料(續)

#### (aa) 非金融資產減值

具有無限可使用年期或尚未可供使 用的無形資產每年進行減值檢討, 並於有事件或情況變動顯示賬面值 可能無法收回時進行減值檢討。

非金融資產的賬面值於各報告日期 檢討有無減值跡象,倘資產已減 值,則作為開支透過綜合損益表 減至其估計可收回金額。可收回金額乃就個別資產釐定,除非資產或 產生大致上獨立於其他資產或 產組別的現金流入。在此情況下, 則釐定資產。可收回金額為個別資產 或現金產生單位的使用價值與其公 平值減出售成本兩者中的較高者。

使用價值為資產/現金產生單位的 估計未來現金流量的現值。現值按 反映貨幣時間價值及計量減值之資 產/現金產生單位之特有風險的稅 前貼現率計算。

現金產生單位的減值虧損首先分配 作撇減該單位的商譽,然後按比例 在現金產生單位內的其他資產之間 進行分配。因估計變動而導致的其 後可收回金額增加將計入損益,惟 以撥回減值為限。

綜合財務報表附註 For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

### 4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

#### (bb) Impairment of financial assets and contracts assets

The Group recognises a loss allowance for expected credit losses on investments in debt instruments that are measured at amortised cost or at FVTOCI, lease receivables, trade and other receivables, contract assets and bank and cash balances. The amount of expected credit losses is updated at each reporting date to reflect changes in credit risk since initial recognition of the respective financial instrument.

The Group always recognises lifetime ECL for trade receivables, contract assets and lease receivables. The expected credit losses on these financial assets are estimated using a provision matrix based on the Group's historical credit loss experience, adjusted for factors that are specific to the debtors, general economic conditions and an assessment of both the current as well as the forecast direction of conditions at the reporting date, including time value of money where appropriate.

For all other financial instruments, the Group recognises lifetime ECL when there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. However, if the credit risk on the financial instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group measures the loss allowance for that financial instrument at an amount equal to 12-month ECL.

Lifetime ECL represents the expected credit losses that will result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument. In contrast, 12-month ECL represents the portion of lifetime ECL that is expected to result from default events on a financial instrument that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date.

## 4. 重大會計政策資料(續)

#### (bb) 金融資產及合約資產減值

本集團就按攤銷成本或按公平值透 過其他全面收益列賬計量的債務工 具投資、租賃應收款項、貿易及其 他應收款項、合約資產以及銀行及 現金結餘的預期信貸虧損確認虧損 撥備。預期信貸虧損金額於各報告 日期更新,以反映相關金融工具自 初始確認以來的信貸風險變動。

本集團一貫就貿易應收款項、合約 資產及租賃應收款項確認全期預期 信貸虧損。該等金融資產的預期信 貸虧損乃根據本集團的過往信貸虧 損經驗使用撥備矩陣估計,並就債 務人特定因素、整體經濟環境以及 於報告日期對當前及預測狀況趨勢 的評估(包括貨幣時間價值(如適用)) 作出調整。

就所有其他金融工具而言,本集團 於信貸風險自初始確認以來顯著 增加時確認全期預期信貸虧損。然 而,倘金融工具的信貸風險自初始 確認以來並無顯著增加,則本集團 按相等於12個月預期信貸虧損的金 額計量該金融工具的虧損撥備。

全期預期信貸虧損指於金融工具預 計年期內所有可能發生的違約事件 導致的預期信貸虧損。12個月預期 信貸虧損則指預期於報告日期後12 個月內金融工具可能發生的違約事 件導致的部分全期預期信貸虧損。

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

### 4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

(bb) Impairment of financial assets and contracts assets (Cont'd)

### Significant increase in credit risk

In assessing whether the credit risk on a financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument at the reporting date with the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument at the date of initial recognition. In making this assessment, the Group considers both quantitative and qualitative information that is reasonable and supportable, including historical experience and forward-looking information that is available without undue cost or effort. Forward-looking information considered includes the future prospects of the industries in which the Group's debtors operate, obtained from economic expert reports, financial analysts, governmental bodies, relevant think-tanks and other similar organisations, as well as consideration of various external sources of actual and forecast economic information that relate to the Group's core operations.

In particular, the following information is taken into account when assessing whether credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition:

- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the financial instrument's external (if available) or internal credit rating;
- significant deterioration in external market indicators of credit risk for a particular financial instrument;
- existing or forecast adverse changes in business, financial or economic conditions that are expected to cause a significant decrease in the debtor's ability to meet its debt obligations;

- 4. 重大會計政策資料(續)
  - (bb) 金融資產及合約資產減值(續)

### 信貸風險顯著增加

評估信貸風險自初始確認以來有否 顯著增加時,尤其會考慮以下資 料:

- 金融工具外部(如有)或內部信
   用評級的實際或預期顯著惡
   化;
- 特定金融工具信貸風險的外部 市場指標顯著惡化;
- 業務、財務或經濟狀況的當前 或預測不利變動,預計會導致 債務人償還債務的能力大幅下 降;

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

### 4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

(bb) Impairment of financial assets and contracts assets (Cont'd)

### Significant increase in credit risk (Cont'd)

- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the operating results of the debtor;
- significant increases in credit risk on other financial instruments of the same debtor; and
- an actual or expected significant adverse change in the regulatory, economic, or technological environment of the debtor that results in a significant decrease in the debtor's ability to meet its debt obligations.

Irrespective of the outcome of the above assessment, the Group presumes that the credit risk on a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition when contractual payments are more than 30 days past due, unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information that demonstrates otherwise.

Despite the foregoing, the Group assumes that the credit risk on a financial instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition if the financial instrument is determined to have low credit risk at the reporting date. A financial instrument is determined to have low credit risk if:

- (i) the financial instrument has a low risk of default,
- (ii) the debtor has a strong capacity to meet its contractual cash flow obligations in the near term, and
- (iii) adverse changes in economic and business conditions in the longer term may, but will not necessarily, reduce the ability of the borrower to fulfil its contractual cash flow obligations.

- 4. 重大會計政策資料(續)
  - (bb) 金融資產及合約資產減值(續)

#### 信貸風險顯著增加(續)

- 債務人經營業績的實際或預期 顯著惡化;
- 同一債務人其他金融工具的信 貸風險顯著增加;及
- 債務人的監管、經濟或技術環 境的實際或預期重大不利變 動,導致債務人償還債務的能 力大幅下降。

無論上述評估結果如何,倘合約付 款逾期超過30日,本集團均推定金 融資產的信貸風險自初始確認以來 已顯著增加,除非本集團有合理及 可靠資料證明並非如此則作別論。

儘管如此,若於報告日期金融工具 被確定為具有較低信貸風險,本集 團會假設金融工具的信貸風險自初 始確認以來並未顯著上升。在下列 情況下,金融工具被認為具有較低 信貸風險:

- (i) 金融工具的違約風險較低,
- (ii) 債務人於短期內具備雄厚實力 履行其合約現金流量責任,及
- (iii) 長期經濟及業務形勢的不利變 動可能但未必會降低借款人履 行其合約現金流量責任的能 力。

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

### 4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

- 4. 重大會計政策資料(續)
- (bb) Impairment of financial assets and contracts assets (Cont'd)

### Significant increase in credit risk (Cont'd)

The Group considers a financial asset to have low credit risk when the asset has external credit rating of "investment grade" in accordance with the globally understood definition or if an external rating is not available, the asset has an internal rating of "performing". Performing means that the counterparty has a strong financial position and there is no past due amounts.

For financial guarantee contracts, the date that the Group becomes a party to the irrevocable commitment is considered to be the date of initial recognition for the purposes of assessing the financial instrument for impairment. In assessing whether there has been a significant increase in the credit risk since initial recognition of a financial guarantee contracts, the Group considers the changes in the risk that the specified debtor will default on the contract.

The Group regularly monitors the effectiveness of the criteria used to identify whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk and revises them as appropriate to ensure that the criteria are capable of identifying significant increase in credit risk before the amount becomes past due. (bb) 金融資產及合約資產減值(續)

### 信貸風險顯著增加(續)

倘資產的外部信用評級為「投資級 別」(按照全球理解的定義)或(倘並 無外部評級)資產的內部評級為「良 好」,則本集團認為金融資產的信貸 風險較低。良好指對手方的財務狀 況穩健且並無逾期款項。

就財務擔保合約而言,本集團成為 不可撤銷承諾的一方當日被視為就 金融工具減值評估而言的初始確認 日期。於評估信貸風險自財務擔 保合約初始確認以來有否顯著增加 時,本集團會考慮特定債務人違約 的風險變動。

本集團定期監察用以識別信貸風險 是否顯著增加的標準的成效,並於 適當時候作出修訂,從而確保有關 標準能夠於款項逾期前識別信貸風 險的顯著增加。

綜合財務報表附註 For the year ended 31 December 2024

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

### 4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

(bb) Impairment of financial assets and contracts assets (Cont'd)

### Definition of default

The Group considers the following as constituting an event of default for internal credit risk management purposes as historical experience indicates that receivables that meet either of the following criteria are generally not recoverable:

- when there is a breach of financial covenants by the counterparty; or
- information developed internally or obtained from external sources indicates that the debtor is unlikely to pay its creditors, including the Group, in full (without taking into account any collaterals held by the Group).

Irrespective of the above analysis, the Group considers that default has occurred when a financial asset is more than 90 days past due unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information to demonstrate that a more lagging default criterion is more appropriate.

#### Credit-impaired financial assets

A financial asset is credit-impaired when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of that financial asset have occurred. Evidence that a financial asset is credit-impaired includes observable data about the following events:

- significant financial difficulty of the issuer or the counterparty;
- a breach of contract, such as a default or past due event;
- the lender(s) of the counterparty, for economic or contractual reasons relating to the counterparty's financial difficulty, having granted to the counterparty a concession(s) that the lender(s) would not otherwise consider;

4. 重大會計政策資料(續)

#### (bb) 金融資產及合約資產減值(續)

#### 違約的定義

本集團認為以下情況就內部信貸風 險管理目的而言構成違約事件,因 為過往經驗顯示符合以下任何一項 條件的應收款項一般無法收回:

- 當對手方違反財務契諾時;或
- 內部產生或獲取自外部來源的 資料顯示,債務人不太可能向 其債權人(包括本集團)全額還 款(不計入本集團持有的任何抵 押品)。

無論上述分析結果如何,倘金融資 產逾期超過90天,本集團均認為已 發生違約,除非本集團有合理及可 靠的資料證明較寬鬆的違約標準更 為合適。

#### 出現信貸減值的金融資產

倘發生一項或多項對金融資產估計 未來現金流量有不利影響的事件, 則該金融資產出現信貸減值。金融 資產出現信貸減值的證據包括有關 以下事件的可觀察數據:

- 發行人或對手方出現重大財務
   困難;
- 違反合約,如違約或逾期事 件;
- 對手方的貸款人出於與對手方 財務困難有關的經濟或合約原 因,而向對手方授出貸款人原 本不會考慮的優惠;

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註 For the year ended 31 December 2024

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

## 4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

(bb) Impairment of financial assets and contracts assets (Cont'd)

#### Credit-impaired financial assets (Cont'd)

- it is becoming probable that the counterparty will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation; or
- the disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties.

#### Write-off policy

The Group writes off a financial asset when there is information indicating that the debtor is in severe financial difficulty and there is no realistic prospect of recovery, including when the debtor has been placed under liquidation or has entered into bankruptcy proceedings, or in the case of trade receivables, when the amounts are over two years past due, whichever occurs sooner. Financial assets written off may still be subject to enforcement activities under the Group's recovery procedures, taking into account legal advice where appropriate. Any recoveries made are recognised in profit or loss.

#### Measurement and recognition of ECL

The measurement of expected credit losses is a function of the probability of default, loss given default (i.e. the magnitude of the loss if there is a default) and the exposure at default. The assessment of the probability of default and loss given default is based on historical data adjusted by forward-looking information as described above. As for the exposure at default, for financial assets, this is represented by the assets' gross carrying amount at the reporting date; for financial guarantee contracts, the exposure includes the amount drawn down as at the reporting date, together with any additional amounts expected to be drawn down in the future by default date determined based on historical trend, the Group's understanding of the specific future financing needs of the debtors, and other relevant forward-looking information.

- 4. 重大會計政策資料(續)
  - (bb) 金融資產及合約資產減值(續)

#### 出現信貸減值的金融資產(續)

- 對方很可能破產或進行其他財務重組;或
- 由於財務困難,該金融資產的
   活躍市場消失。

#### 撇銷政策

當有資料顯示債務人陷入嚴重財務 困難,且並無實際收回的可能之時 (包括債務人已清算或已進入破產程 序),或就貿易應收款項而言,當金 額已逾期超過兩年(以較早發生者為 準),本集團會撇銷金融資產。經考 慮法律意見(如適用)後,已撇銷的 金融資產仍可根據本集團的收回程 序進行強制執行。任何收回款項於 損益確認。

#### 預期信貸虧損的計量及確認

綜合財務報表附註 For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

# 4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

- 4. 重大會計政策資料(續)
- (bb) Impairment of financial assets and contracts assets (Cont'd)

#### Measurement and recognition of ECL (Cont'd)

For financial assets, the expected credit loss is estimated as the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Group in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at the original effective interest rate. For a lease receivable, the cash flows used for determining the expected credit losses is consistent with the cash flows used in measuring the lease receivable in accordance with HKFRS 16.

For a financial guarantee contract, as the Group is required to make payments only in the event of a default by the debtor in accordance with the terms of the instrument that is guaranteed, the expected loss allowance is the expected payments to reimburse the holder for a credit loss that it incurs less any amounts that the Group expects to receive from the holder, the debtor or any other party.

If the Group has measured the loss allowance for a financial instrument at an amount equal to lifetime ECL in the previous reporting period, but determines at the current reporting date that the conditions for lifetime ECL are no longer met, the Group measures the loss allowance at an amount equal to 12-month ECL at the current reporting date, except for assets for which simplified approach was used.

The Group recognises an impairment gain or loss in profit or loss for all financial instruments with a corresponding adjustment to their carrying amount through a loss allowance account, except for investments in debt instruments that are measured at FVTOCI, for which the loss allowance is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the investment revaluation reserve, and does not reduce the carrying amount of the financial asset in the statement of financial position. (bb) 金融資產及合約資產減值(續)

#### 預期信貸虧損的計量及確認(續)

就金融資產而言,預期信貸虧損按 根據合約應付本集團的所有合約 現金流量與本集團預期收取的所有 現金流量(按原定實際利率貼現)之 間的差額估算。就租賃應收款項而 言,用於釐定預期信貸虧損的現金 流量與根據香港財務報告準則第16 號計量租賃應收款項時使用的現金 流量一致。

就財務擔保合約而言,由於本集團 根據所擔保工具的條款僅須於債務 人違約時作出付款,故預期虧損撥 備為賠償持有人所蒙受信貸虧損的 預期付款,當中扣減本集團預期自 持有人、債務人或任何其他方收取 的任何金額。

倘本集團於上個報告期間按相等於 全期預期信貸虧損的金額計量金融 工具的虧損撥備,但於當前報告日 期釐定不再符合全期預期信貸虧損 的條件,則本集團於當前報告日期 按相等於12個月預期信貸虧損的金 額計量虧損撥備,惟使用簡化方法 的資產除外。

本集團於損益確認所有金融工具的 減值收益或虧損,並透過虧損撥備 賬對其賬面值作出相應調整,惟按 公平值透過其他全面收益列賬計量 的債務工具投資除外,其虧損撥備 於其他全面收益確認並於投資重估 儲備累計,且並無減少財務狀況表 中金融資產的賬面值。

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

# 4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

#### (cc) Provisions and contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognised for liabilities of uncertain timing or amount when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation arising as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made. Where the time value of money is material, provisions are stated at the present value of the expenditures expected to settle the obligation.

Where it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is disclosed as a contingent liability, unless the probability of outflow is remote. Possible obligations, whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more future events are also disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the probability of outflow is remote.

#### (dd) Events after the reporting period

Events after the reporting period that provide additional information about the Group's position at the end of the reporting period are adjusting events and are reflected in the consolidated financial statements. Events after the reporting period that are not adjusting events are disclosed in the notes to the consolidated financial statements when material.

# 4. 重大會計政策資料(續)

#### (cc) 撥備及或然負債

倘本集團須就已發生的事件承擔現 行法律或推定責任,而履行該責任 可能會導致經濟利益外流,並可作 出可靠的估計,便會就發生時間或 數額不定的負債計提撥備。如貨幣 的時間價值重大,則按預計履行責 任所需支出的現值計提撥備。

倘經濟利益外流的可能性較低,或 無法對有關數額作出可靠估計,則 會將該責任披露為或然負債,惟經 濟利益外流的可能性極低除外。須 視乎某宗或多宗未來事件是否發生 才能確定存在與否的潛在責任,亦 會披露為或然負債,惟經濟利益外 流的可能性極低除外。

#### (dd) 報告期後事項

提供有關本集團於報告期末狀況之 額外資料的報告期後事項為調整事 項,並於綜合財務報表內反映。並 非調整事項之報告期後事項如屬 重大,則於綜合財務報表附註內披 露。

綜合財務報表附註 For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

### 5. CRITICAL JUDGEMENTS AND KEY ESTIMATES

In applying the Group's accounting policies, which are described in note 4, the directors are required to make judgements (other than those involving estimations) that have a significant impact on the amounts recognised and to make estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

#### Critical judgements in applying accounting policies

In the process of applying the accounting policies, the directors have made the following judgements that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the consolidated financial statements (apart from those involving estimations, which are dealt with below).

#### Significant increase in credit risk

As explained in note 4(bb), ECL under general approach are measured as an allowance equal to 12-month ECL for stage 1 assets, or lifetime ECL for stage 2 or stage 3 assets. An asset moves to stage 2 when its credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition. HKFRS 9 does not define what constitutes a significant increase in credit risk. In assessing whether the credit risk of an asset has significantly increased, the Group takes into account qualitative and quantitative reasonable and supportable forward-looking information.

# 5. 重大判斷及主要估計

於應用附註4所述之本集團會計政策時, 董事須作出對已確認金額有重大影響之 判斷(涉及估計者除外),並就未能從其他 來源輕易獲得之資產及負債賬面值作出 估計及假設。該等估計及相關假設乃根 據過往經驗及被視為相關的其他因素作 出。實際業績或會不同於該等估計。

估計及相關假設會持續予以檢討。倘會 計估計的修訂僅對作出修訂的期間產生 影響,則有關修訂只會在該期間內確 認;倘會計估計的修訂對現時及未來期 間均產生影響,則會在作出該修訂期間 及未來期間內確認。

#### 應用會計政策時的重大判斷

於應用會計政策的過程中,董事已作出 以下對綜合財務報表所確認金額有最重 大影響的判斷(涉及估計者除外,其於下 文處理)。

#### 信貸風險顯著增加

如附註4(bb)所述,一般方法項下的預期 信貸虧損就第1階段資產按相等於12個月 預期信貸虧損的撥備計量,就第2階段或 第3階段資產,則按相等於全期預期信貸 虧損的撥備計量。資產在其信貸風險自 初始確認後顯著增加時轉入第2階段。香 港財務報告準則第9號並無界定構成信貸 風險顯著增加的因素。於評估資產的信 貸風險是否顯著增加時,本集團會考慮 合理且可靠的定性及定量前瞻性資料。

# 5. CRITICAL JUDGEMENTS AND KEY ESTIMATES (CONT'D)

#### Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are discussed below.

#### (a) Impairment of property, plant and equipment, other non-financial assets and rights-of-use assets

Determining whether property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets and other non-financial assets are impaired requires an estimation of the value in use and fair value less cost of disposal of the cash-generating units to which the property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets and other non-financial assets have been allocated. The calculation of value in use requires the Group to estimate the future cash flows expected to arise from the cash-generating units and a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value.

Calculation of fair value less cost of disposal approach requires valuation techniques which used prices and other relevant information generated by market transactions involving identical and comparable group of assets and liabilities or business, a suitable discount rate and marketability discount rate. Changing the assumptions and estimates, including the discount rates or the growth rate in the cash flow projections, could materially affect the recoverable amounts.

The carrying amounts of property, plant and equipment, rights-of-use assets and other non-financial assets as at 31 December 2024 were approximately HK\$167,922,000 (2023: HK\$172,287,000), HK\$669,000 (2023: HK\$4,982,000), and HK\$52,511,000 (2023: HK\$86,237,000) respectively.

# 5. 重大判斷及主要估計(續)

#### 估計不明朗因素之主要來源

下文討論有關未來的主要假設及於報告 期末估計不明朗因素的其他主要來源, 該等假設及估計不明朗因素存在導致下 一個財政年度的資產及負債賬面值須作 出重大調整的重大風險。

#### (a) 物業、廠房及設備、其他非金融資 產及使用權資產之減值

釐定物業、廠房及設備、使用權資 產及其他非金融資產是否出現減 值,需要估計獲分配物業、廠房及 設備、使用權資產及其他非金融 資產的現金產生單位的使用價值及 公平值減出售成本。計算使用價值 時,本集團須估計預期將從現金產 生單位產生的未來現金流量及適當 的貼現率,以計算現值。

計算公平值減出售成本法須採用估 值技術,而估值技術使用涉及相同 及可資比較資產及負債組別或業務 的市場交易所得之價格及其他相關 資料、適當之貼現率及市場流通性 貼現率。有關估計及假設之變動(包 括現金流量預測之貼現率或增長率) 可能對可收回金額產生重大影響。

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,物 業、廠房及設備、使用權資產及 其他非金融資產的賬面值分別約為 167,922,000港元(二零二三年: 172,287,000港元)、669,000港 元(二零二三年:4,982,000港元) 及52,511,000港元(二零二三年: 86,237,000港元)。

綜合財務報表附註 For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

# 5. CRITICAL JUDGEMENTS AND KEY ESTIMATES (CONT'D)

#### Key sources of estimation uncertainty (Cont'd)

### (b) Useful lives of property, plant and equipment

The Group determines the estimated useful lives for its property, plant and equipment. This estimate is based on the historical experience of the actual useful lives of property, plant and equipment of similar nature and functions. It could change significantly as a result of technical innovations and management's long-term strategic development. Management will increase the depreciation charge where useful lives are less than previously estimated lives, or it will write off or write down technically obsolete or non-strategic assets that have been abandoned or sold.

The carrying amounts of property, plant and equipment as at 31 December 2024 was approximately HK\$167,922,000 (2023: HK\$172,287,000) and no impairment loss for both of the years.

#### (c) Impairment of accounts and other receivables

The Group estimates the loss allowances for debtors by assessing the ECLs. This requires the use of estimates and judgements. ECLs are based on the Group's historical credit loss experience, adjusted for factors that are specific to the debtors, and an assessment of both the current and forecast general economic conditions at the end of the reporting period. Where the estimation is different from the original estimate, such difference will affect the carrying amounts of receivables and thus the impairment loss in the period in which such estimate will be changed. The Group keeps assessing the ECLs of debtors during their expected lives.

As at 31 December 2024, the carrying amounts of accounts and other receivables were approximately HK\$50,141,000 (2023: HK\$45,519,000).

# 5. 重大判斷及主要估計(續)

#### 估計不明朗因素之主要來源(續)

#### (b) 物業、廠房及設備之可使用年期

於二零二四年十二月三十一日, 物業、廠房及設備的賬面值約為 167,922,000港元(二零二三年: 172,287,000港元)及於兩個年度概 無減值虧損。

### (c) 應收賬款及其他應收款項之減值

本集團評估預期信貸虧損以對應收 賬款的虧損撥備進行估計。此舉需 要使用估計及判斷。預期信貸虧損 評估乃基於本集團過往的信貸虧損 經驗(就債務人的特定因素作出調 整)及於報告期末對當前及未來整體 經濟狀況的評估。倘若估計數額將 影響應收賬款的賬面值,從而影響 估計變動期間的減值虧損。本集團 於應收賬款預計的存續期內對其預 期信貸虧損進行持續評估。

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,應 收賬款及其他應收款項的賬面值約 為50,141,000港元(二零二三年: 45,519,000港元)。 NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 综合財務報表附註 For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

## 5. CRITICAL JUDGEMENTS AND KEY ESTIMATES (CONT'D)

#### Key sources of estimation uncertainty (Cont'd)

#### (d) Impairment of loan and interest receivables

The Group reviews its loan portfolio to assess whether there is any objective evidence that the loan receivable is impaired at least on a yearly basis. In determining whether an impairment loss should be recorded in the consolidated statement of profit or loss, the Group makes judgements as to whether there is any observable data indicating that there is a measurable decrease in the estimated future cash flows from a portfolio of loan receivables before the decrease can be identified with an individual loan in that portfolio. This evidence may include observable data indicating that there has been an adverse change in the payment status of borrowers in the group, or national or local economic conditions that correlate with defaults on assets in the group. Management estimates based on historical loss experience for assets with credit risk characteristics and objective evidence of impairment similar to those in the portfolio when scheduling its future cash flows. The methods and assumptions used for estimating both the amount and timing of future cash flows are reviewed regularly to reduce any differences between loss estimates and actual loss experienced.

As at 31 December 2024, the carrying amounts of loan and interest receivables were approximately HK\$41,405,000 (2023: HK\$50,829,000).

# 5. 重大判斷及主要估計(續)

估計不明朗因素之主要來源(續)

#### (d) 應收貸款及利息之減值

本集團每年至少檢討一次其貸款組 合,以評估是否有任何客觀證據證 明應收貸款出現減值。在確定減值 虧損是否計入綜合損益表時,本集 團對是否有任何可觀察數據顯示應 收貸款組合的估計未來現金流量出 現可衡量的減幅作出判斷,以便辨 識組合中個別貸款的減少。該證據 可包括可觀察數據顯示組別內借款 人的還款狀況、或與組別內資產違 約相關的國家或地方經濟狀況出現 不利變動。管理層於估算其未來現 金流量時,根據與組合內資產具有 類似信貸風險特徵及客觀減值證據 的資產的過往虧損經驗作出估計。 估計未來現金流量的金額及時間所 用的方法及假設會定期檢討,以減 少估計虧損與實際虧損之間的任何 差異。

於二零二四年十二月三十一日, 應收貸款及利息的賬面值約為 41,405,000港元(二零二三年: 50,829,000港元)。

綜合財務報表附註 For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

# 5. CRITICAL JUDGEMENTS AND KEY ESTIMATES (CONT'D)

Key sources of estimation uncertainty (Cont'd)

(e) Fair value of the unlisted equity securities at FVTOCI and unlisted equity investments, unlisted fund and derivative financial assets at FVTPL

The fair value of unlisted equity securities, unlisted equity investments, unlisted fund and derivative financial assets that are not traded in an active market is determined by using valuation techniques. The Group use its judgement to select a variety of methods (such as asset-based approach, discounted cash flow method, Black Scholes Model) and makes assumptions that are mainly based on market conditions existing at the end of each reporting period. Details of the key assumptions used and the impact of changes to these assumptions are disclosed in Note 42(c). Changes in assumptions could affect the carrying amount of the FVTOCI and FVTPL.

As at 31 December 2024, the carrying amounts of the Group's unlisted equity securities at FVTOCI and unlisted equity investments, unlisted fund and derivative financial assets at FVTPL were approximately HK\$1,426,000 (2023: HK\$1,971,000) and HK\$22,747,000 (2023: HK\$48,566,000) respectively.

5. 重大判斷及主要估計(續)

估計不明朗因素之主要來源(續)

(e) 按公平值透過其他全面收益列賬之 非上市股本證券以及按公平值透過 損益列賬之非上市股權投資、非上 市基金及衍生金融資產之公平值

> 並未於活躍市場買賣的非上市股本 證券、非上市股權投資、非上市基 金及衍生金融資產的公平值乃通過 使用估值方法釐定。本集團使用通 對斷以挑選多種方法(如資產基礎 法、貼現現金流量法及布萊克 - 舒 爾斯模型),並作出主要基於各報 開末存在的人方。 新時 設以及該等假設發生變 的詳情於附註42(c)披露。假設 變動或會影響按公平值透過損益列 賬之項目之賬面值。

> 於二零二四年十二月三十一日,本 集團按公平值透過其他全面收益 列賬之非上市股本證券以及按公 平值透過損益列賬之非上市股權 投資、非上市基金及衍生金融資 產的賬面值分別約為1,426,000港 元(二零二三年:1,971,000港元) 及22,747,000港元(二零二三年: 48,566,000港元)。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註 For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

## 5. CRITICAL JUDGEMENTS AND KEY ESTIMATES (CONT'D)

#### Key sources of estimation uncertainty (Cont'd)

#### (f) Net realisable value of inventories

Net realisable value of inventories is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale. These estimates are based on the current market conditions and the historical experience of selling products with similar nature. Any change in the assumptions would increase or decrease the amount of inventories write-down or the related reversals of write-down made in prior years and affect the Group's net assets value. The Group reassesses these estimates at the end of each reporting period.

At the end of reporting period, the Group's inventories of approximately HK\$3,712,000 (2023: HK\$4,696,000) were stated at cost.

# 5. 重大判斷及主要估計(續)

#### 估計不明朗因素之主要來源(續)

#### (f) 存貨之可變現淨值

存貨之可變現淨值指於一般業務過 程中估計售價減估計完成成本及估 計銷售所需成本後之金額。該等估 計乃根據當前市況以及銷售相似性 質產品之歷史經驗作出。該等假設 之任何變動將會增加或減少存貨撒 減金額或過往年度所作撇減之相關 撥回金額,並影響本集團之資產淨 值。本集團於各報告期末重新評估 該等估計。

於報告期末,本集團約有3,712,000 港元(二零二三年:4,696,000港元) 的存貨按成本列賬。

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

# 6. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal report provided to the chief operating decision maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, as have been identified by the Directors.

For management purposes, the Group is organised into business units based on their products and services and has four reportable operating segments as follows:

#### **Continuing operations:**

- Provision of hospitality and related services in Australia
- Money lending business
- Assets investments business

#### **Discontinued operation:**

Provision of services through network media

The Group's reporting segments of provision of services through network media has been presented as discontinued operation following Dynamic Indonesia Holdings Limited, an associate of the Company, engaging in the Group's reporting segments of provision of services through network media, was disposed on 30 August 2024. Details are set out in note 14 to the consolidated financial statements.

# 6. 經營分部資料

經營分部以提供給主要經營決策者的內 部報告一致的方式呈報,主要經營決策 者負責分配資源及評估經營分部(即董事 所確定者)的表現。

為便於管理,本集團按其產品及服務劃 分業務單位並有如下四個可報告經營分 部:

#### 持續經營業務:

- 於澳洲提供酒店及相關服務
- 借貸業務
- 資產投資業務

已終止經營業務:

- 透過網絡媒體提供服務

隨著本公司聯營公司Dynamic Indonesia Holdings Limited(從事本集團透過網絡媒 體提供服務之可報告分部)於二零二四年 八月三十日出售後,本集團透過網絡媒 體提供服務之可報告分部已呈列為已終 止經營業務。詳情載於綜合財務報表附 註14。 NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註 For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

# 6. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONT'D)

For the purposes of assessing segment performance and allocating resources between segments, the Group's chief operating decision maker monitors the results, assets and liabilities attributable to each reportable segment on the following basis:-

- Revenue and expenses are allocated to the reportable segments with reference to sales generated by those segments and the expenses incurred by those segments.
- Assets and liabilities are allocated to the reportable segments excluding unallocated corporate assets and liabilities.
- The measure used for reportable segment profit/(loss) is adjusted profit/(loss) before tax. The adjusted profit/ (loss) before tax is measured consistently with the Group's profit/(loss) before tax except that bank interest income, finance costs, dividend income from the Group's financial instruments, gain on deemed disposal of subsidiaries as well as head office and corporate expenses are excluded from such measurement.

Information regarding the Group's reportable segments as provided to the Group's chief operating decision maker for the purposes of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance for the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023 are set out below:- 6. 經營分部資料(續)

為評估分部表現及分配資源至各個分 部,本集團主要經營決策者按下列基準 監察各個可報告分部的業績、資產及負 債:-

- 收入與開支乃參照可報告分部產生
   之銷售額及產生之開支而分配至該
   等分部。
- 資產及負債分配至可報告分部,惟
   不包括未分配之企業資產及負債。
- 可報告分部溢利/(虧損)以經調整 除稅前溢利/(虧損)計量。經調整
   除稅前溢利/(虧損)按與計量本集
   團的除稅前溢利/(虧損)一致之方
   式計量,惟有關計量並不包括銀行
   利息收入、融資成本、來自本集團
   金融工具之股息收入、出售附屬公司
   之收益淨額以及總辦事處及企業開
   支。

本集團主要經營決策者就截至二零二四 年及二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度 作出資源分配及評核分部表現獲提供有 關本集團可報告分部的資料列載如下:-

6.

綜合財務報表附註

*For the year ended 31 December 2024* 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

# 6. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONT'D)

(i) Segment results

#### Year ended 31 December 2024

(i) 分部業績

經營分部資料(續)

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止 年度

		Cor	ntinuing operations 持續經營業務		Discontinued operation 已終止經營業務	
		Provision of hospitality and related services in Australia 於澳洲提供酒店 及相關服務 HK\$'000 千港元	Money lending business 借貸業務 HK\$'000 千港元	Assets investments business 資產投資業務 HK\$'000 千港元	Provision of services through network media 透過網絡媒體 提供服務 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
Segment revenue Inter-segment revenue	分部收入 分部間收入	62,126	6,164 _	38	-	68,328
Revenue from external customers	外部客戶收入	62,126	6,164	38	-	68,328
Segment results Segment loss	分部業績 分部虧損	(3,832)	(4,825)	(50,592)	(5,799)	(65,048)
Unallocated head office and corporate income and expenses Others (note) Bank interest income Finance costs	未分配總辦事處及 企業收入及開支 其他(附註) 銀行利息收入 融資成本					(8,724) (6,735) 305 (7,334)
Loss before tax Income tax expenses	除稅前虧損 所得稅開支					(87,536)
Loss for the year	本年度虧損					(87,536)
Amounts included in the measure of segment results:	計入分部業績計量之款項:					
Depreciation and amortisation Others Unallocated depreciation and amortisation	折舊及攤銷 其他 未分配折舊及攤銷	(6,438)	(2,734)	-	-	(9,172) (3,070) (328)
Total depreciation and amortisation	折舊及攤銷總額					(12,570)
Share of results of associates	分佔聯營公司業績	-	-	(20,573)	(549)	(21,122)
Gain on disposal of subsidiaries	出售附屬公司之收益	-	-	-	846	846
Loss on disposal of an operation	出售一項業務之虧損	-	-	-	(6,145)	(6,145)
Fair value loss on financial assets at FVTPL	按公平值透過損益列賬之金融 資產之公平值虧損	-	-	(29,567)	-	(29,567)
Impairment loss on loan and interest receivables	應收貸款及利息之減值虧損	-	(1,581)	-	-	(1,581)

Note: Others represent operating segment of medical business which does not meet the quantitative thresholds of reportable segment.

附註: 其他指未達致可報告分部量化 閾值的醫療業務經營分部。 NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註 For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

# 6. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONT'D)

#### (i) Segment results (Cont'd)

Year ended 31 December 2023

6. 經營分部資料(續)

## (i) 分部業績(續)

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止 年度

			Re-presi 經重			
			Continuing operations 持續經營業務		Discontinued operation 已終止經營業務	
		Provision of hospitality and related services in Australia 於澳洲提供酒店 及相關服務 HK\$'000 千港元	Money lending business 借貸業務 HK\$'000 千港元	Assets investments business 資產投資業務 HK\$'000 千港元	Provision of services through network media 透過網絡媒體 提供服務 HK\$'000 千港元 (Re-presented) (經重列)	Total 總計 HK <b>\$</b> ′000 千港元
Segment revenue Inter-segment revenue	分部收入 分部間收入	58,773	5,709 _	48	57	64,587 _
Revenue from external customers	外部客戶收入	58,773	5,709	48	57	64,587
Segment results Segment loss	分部業績 分部虧損	(2,919)	(805)	(31,631)	(3,717)	(39,072)
Unallocated head office and corporate income and expenses Others (note) Gain on deemed disposal of a subsidiary Bank interest income Finance costs	未分配總辦事處及 企業收入及開支 其他(附註) 視作出售一間附屬公司之 收益 銀行利息收入 融資成本					(6,487) (7,693) 72,145 52 (6,493)
Profit before tax Income tax	除稅前溢利 所得稅					12,452
Profit for the year	本年度溢利					12,452
Amounts included in the measure of segment results:	計入分部業績計量之款項:					
Depreciation and amortisation Others Unallocated depreciation and amortisation	折舊及攤銷 其他 未分配折舊及攤銷	(5,639)	(2,755)	-	-	(8,394) (3,144) (381)
Total depreciation and amortisation	折舊及攤銷總額					(11,919)
Share of results of associates	分佔聯營公司業績	-	-	(14,692)	(2,302)	(16,994)
Fair value gain/(loss) financial assets at FVTPL	按公平值透過損益列賬之金融 資產之公平值收益/(虧損)	-	_	(8,558)	276	(8,282)
Impairment loss on loan and interest receivables	應收貸款及利息之減值虧損	-	(175)	_	_	(175)

綜合財務報表附註

*For the year ended 31 December 2024* 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

# 6. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONT'D)

- (ii) Segment assets and liabilities
  - 31 December 2024

# 6. 經營分部資料(續)

#### (ii) 分部資產及負債

二零二四年十二月三十一日

		Provision of hospitality and related services in Australia 於澳洲提供酒店 及相關服務 HK\$'000 千港元	Continuing operations 持續經營業務 Money lending business 借貸業務 HKS'000 千港元	Assets investments business 資產投資業務 HK\$'000 千港元	Discontinued operation 已終止經營業務 Provision of services through network media 透過網絡媒體 提供服務 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
SEGMENT ASSETS Others Corporate and other unallocated assets	分部資產 其他 企業及其他未分配資產	196,815	51,068	87,286	-	335,169 4,272 29,968
Total assets	資產總值					369,409
SEGMENT LIABILITIES Others Corporate and other unallocated liabilities	分部負債 其他 企業及其他未分配負債	98,359	3,173	2,464	-	103,996 3,792 38,349
Total liabilities	負債總額					146,137
Amounts included in the measure of segment assets:	計入分部資產計量之款項:					
Investments in associates	於聯營公司之投資	-	-	52,511	-	52,511
Amounts regularly provided to the chief operating decision maker:	定期向主要經營決策者提供 之款項:					
Additions to property, plant and equipment	添置物業、廠房及設備	21,382	-	-	-	21,382
Total additions to property, plant and equipment	添置物業、廠房及設備總額					21,382
Additions to right-of-use assets	添置使用權資產	86	-	-	-	86
Total additions to right-of-use assets	添置使用權資產總額					86

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註 For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

# 6. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONT'D)

# 6. 經營分部資料(續)

#### (ii) Segment assets and liabilities (Cont'd)

31 December 2023

#### (ii) 分部資產及負債(續)

二零二三年十二月三十一日

			Re-prese 經重 <sup>注</sup>			
		Continuing operations 持續經營業務			Discontinued operation 已終止經營業務	
		Provision of hospitality and related services in Australia 於澳洲提供酒店 及相關服務 HK\$'000 千港元	Money lending business 借貸業務 HK <b>\$</b> 1000 千港元	Assets investments business 資產投資業務 HK\$'000 千港元	Provision of services through network media 透過網絡媒體 提供服務 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
SEGMENT ASSETS Others Corporate and other unallocated assets	分部資產 其他 企業及其他未分配資產	181,932	56,806	153,020	24,987	416,745 7,137 17,620
Total assets	資產總值					441,502
SEGMENT LIABILITIES Others Corporate and other unallocated liabilities	分部負債 其他 企業及其他未分配負債	85,828	2,925	1,412	3,205	93,370 3,926 27,226
Total liabilities	負債總額					124,522
Amounts included in the measure of segment assets:	計入分部資產計量之款項:					
Investments in associates	於聯營公司之投資	-	-	73,225	13,012	86,237
Amounts regularly provided to the chief operating decision maker:	定期向主要經營決策者提供 之款項:					
Additions to property, plant and equipment	添置物業、廠房及設備	23,382	-	-	-	23,382
Total additions to property, plant and equipment	添置物業、廠房及設備總額					23,382
Additions to right-of-use assets Unallocated additions to right-of-use assets	添置使用權資產 未分配添置使用權資產	52	-	-	-	52 1,276
Total additions to right-of-use assets	添置使用權資產總額					1,328

綜合財務報表附註 For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

# 6. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONT'D)

#### (iii) Geographical information

The Group's operations are mainly located in Hong Kong and Australia. The following table sets out information about (i) the Group's revenue from external customers; and (ii) the geographical locations of the Group's non-current assets (excluding financial assets at FVTOCI, financial assets at FVTPL and deferred tax assets) ("**Specified Non-current Assets**"), based on the place of domicile of the relevant group entity.

# 6. 經營分部資料(續)

#### (iii) 地區資料

本集團業務主要位於香港及澳洲。 下表載列有關(i)本集團外部客戶收 入;及(ii)本集團非流動資產(不包括 按公平值透過其他全面收益列賬之 金融資產、按公平值透過損益列賬 之金融資產及遞延稅項資產)(「特定 非流動資產」)之地理位置的資料, 按相關集團實體之所在地劃分。

		continuing from extern 來自持續約	Revenue from continuing operations from external customers 來自持續經營業務之 外部客戶收入		ified ent Assets 流動資產
		2024 二零二四年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Hong Kong Australia	香港 澳洲	6,202 62,126	5,814 58,773	56,195 164,907	97,145 166,361
		68,328	64,587	221,102	263,506

#### (iv) Information about a major customer

During the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023, there was no customer, whose transaction amounted exceeding 10% of the Group's revenue.

#### (iv) 有關一名主要客戶之資料

於截至二零二四年及二零二三年十 二月三十一日止年度,並無客戶之 交易超過本集團收入之10%。

# 7. REVENUE, OTHER INCOME AND GAINS OR LOSSES

The principal activities of the Group were (i) provision of hospitality and related services in Australia; (ii) money lending business; and (iii) assets investments business.

Revenue represents the aggregate of the net invoiced value of goods sold and net amounts received and receivable from third parties for the services rendered by the Group during the year. An analysis of the Group's revenue, other income and gains or losses is as follows:-

# 7. 收入、其他收入及收益或虧損

本集團之主要業務活動包括:(i)於澳洲提 供酒店及相關服務;(ii)借貸業務;及(iii) 資產投資業務。

收入指本年度本集團銷售貨品的發票淨 值與就本集團所提供服務已收及應收第 三方的款項淨額之總額。本集團之收 入、其他收入及收益或虧損分析如下:-

	2024 二零二四年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元 (Re-presented) (經重列)
Continuing operations 持續經營業務 Revenue from contracts with customers 客戶合約收入(附註(a)):		
(note (a)):		
services	35,169	34,473
Sales of food and beverage in hotel 於酒店業務銷售餐飲 business	26,957	24,300
	62,126	58,773
Continuing operations 持續經營業務	02,120	50,775
Revenue from other sources: 來自其他來源的收入: Loan interest income 貸款利息收入 Dividend income arising from financial 來自按公平值透過損益	6,164	5,709
assets at FVTPL 列賬之金融資產的 股息收入	38	48
	6,202	5,757
	68,328	64,530
Continuing operations 持續經營業務		
Other income and gains or losses:       其他收入及收益或虧損:         Interest income       利息收入         Income from provision of administrative       提供隨時間轉移行政及	305	52
and management services transferred   管理服務之收入(附註(a)) overtime (note (a))	4,834	1,228
Gain on deemed disposal of an      視作出售聯營公司之收益		149
associate Gain on substantial modification of 可換股貸款重大修訂之收益		149
convertible loans Gain on substantial modification of     其他借貸重大修訂之收益	267	-
other borrowings	727	-
Gain on early termination of lease 提早終止租賃之收益 (note 16(a)) (附註16(a))	16	-
Loss on disposal of property, plant and 出售物業、廠房及設備之 equipment 虧損	(152)	_
Other income 其他收入	1,434	860
	7,431	2,289

綜合財務報表附註

*For the year ended 31 December 2024* 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

# 7. REVENUE, OTHER INCOME AND GAINS OR LOSSES (CONT'D)

Notes:

(a) Revenue and other income within the scope under HKFRS 15 were approximately HK\$66,960,000 (2023: HK\$60,001,000).

#### **Revenue from contracts with customers**

#### (a) Disaggregated revenue information

# (續)

7. 收入、其他收入及收益或虧損

附註:

(a) 香港財務報告準則第15號範圍內的收入
 及其他收入為約66,960,000港元(二零二
 三年:60,001,000港元)。

#### 客戶合約收入

#### (a) 收入資料明細

		Continuing operations 持續經營業務 Provision of hospitality and related services in Australia 於澳洲提供酒店及相關服務 2024 2023		Discontinued operations 已終止經營業務 Provision of services through network media 透過網絡媒體提供服務 2024 2023		<b>Total</b> 總計 <b>2024</b> 2023	
		二零二四年 HK <b>\$</b> ′000 千港元	二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元	二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元	二零二四年 HK <b>\$</b> ′000 千港元	二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Segments	分部						
<b>Type of goods or services</b> Provision of hospitality and related services Sales of food and beverage in hotel business Provision of services through network media	<b>貨品或服務類型</b> 提供酒店及相關服務 於酒店業務銷售餐飲 透過網絡媒體提供服務	35,169 26,957 -	34,473 24,300 –	- - -	- - 57	35,169 26,957 –	34,473 24,300 57
Total revenue from contracts with customers	客戶合約收入總額	62,126	58,773	-	57	62,126	58,830
<b>Geographical markets</b> Hong Kong Australia	<b>地區市場</b> 香港 澳洲	- 62,126	- 58,773	-	57 -	- 62,126	57 58,773
Total revenue from contracts with customers	客戶合約收入總額	62,126	58,773	-	57	62,126	58,830
Timing of revenue recognition Goods transferred at a point in time Services transferred over time	<b>收入確認之時間</b> 於某一時間點轉移貨品 隨時間轉移服務	26,957 35,169	24,300 34,473		57 -	26,957 35,169	24,357 34,473
Total revenue from contracts with customers	客戶合約收入總額	62,126	58,773	-	57	62,126	58,830

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註 For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

# 7. REVENUE, OTHER INCOME AND GAINS OR LOSSES (CONT'D)

#### Revenue from contracts with customers (Cont'd)

#### (b) Performance obligations

Information about the Group's performance obligations is summarised below:

Provision of hospitality and related services in Australia

Revenue arising from provision of hospitality and related services in Australia is satisfied over time when the hospitality and related services are rendered. Normally, payment in advance from customers is required.

*Sales of food and beverage in hotel business* 

Revenue arising from sales of food and beverage is satisfied at a point in time upon delivery of the foods and beverage to the customers and immediate payment is required.

#### Provision of services through network media

Revenue arising from retail commerce through network media is satisfied at a point in time upon delivery of the goods to the customers and immediate payment is required.

The Group has applied the practical expedient in paragraph 121 of HKFRS 15 such that the above information does not include information about revenue that the Group will be entitled to when it satisfies the remaining performance obligations under the contracts that had an original expected duration of one year or less. 7. 收入、其他收入及收益或虧損 (續)

客戶合約收入(續)

#### (b) 履約責任

有關本集團履約責任之資料概述如 下:

於澳洲提供酒店及相關服務

於澳洲提供酒店及相關服務產生之 收入於提供酒店及相關服務時隨時 間達成。一般要求客戶預先付款。

#### 於酒店業務銷售餐飲

銷售餐飲產生之收入於向客戶交付 餐飲時於某一時間點達成且客戶需 即時付款。

#### 透過網絡媒體提供服務

透過網絡媒體進行零售商務所產生 的收入於向客戶交付貨品的時間點 達成且客戶需即時付款。

本集團已應用香港財務報告準則第 15號第121段的可行權宜方法,因此,上述資料並不包括本集團於履 行原預期期限為一年或以下之合約 項下餘下履約責任時將有權獲得之 收入的資料。

綜合財務報表附註

*For the year ended 31 December 2024* 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

# 8. (LOSS)/PROFIT BEFORE TAX

# 8. 除稅前(虧損)/溢利

(Loss)/Profit before tax is arrived at after charging/(crediting):-

除稅前(虧損)/溢利於扣除/(計入)下列 各項後得出:-

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元 (Re-presented) (經重列)
Continuing operations Cost of sales	<b>持續經營業務</b> 銷售成本		
- Cost of inventories sold	- 銷售存貨成本	10,447	9,377
- Cost of services provided	- 提供服務成本	443 10,890	236 9,613
		10,050	5,015
Auditor's remuneration	核數師酬金		4.425
– Audit services – Other services	- 核數服務 - 其他服務	923 229	1,135 291
other services		1,152	1,426
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment (note 15) Depreciation of right-of-use assets (note 16(a))	物業、廠房及設備折舊 (附註15) 使用權資產折舊 (附註16(a))	8,768 3,802	8,055 3,864
Directors' remuneration (note 13) Staff costs, excluding directors' emoluments	董事酬金(附註13) 員工成本(不包括董事薪酬)	12,570 2,524	11,919 2,401
Other staff salaries and benefits Retirement scheme contributions	其他員工薪金及福利 退休計劃供款	33,215 2,776	32,737 2,594
Net eveloped loss	匯兌虧損淨額	35,991	35,331
Net exchange loss Provision for litigations	匯兄虧預/淨額 訴訟撥備(附註27、38(c)及(d))	3,716	61
(notes 27, 38(c) and (d)) Impairment loss on loan and interest	應收貸款及利息之	-	4,819
receivables (note 22(c)) Impairment loss on deposits and	減值虧損(附註22(c)) 按金及其他應收款項之	1,581	175
other receivables (note 23) Loss/(gain) on disposals of financial assets	減值虧損(附註23) 出售按公平值诱過指益列賬之	2,459	280
at FVTPL Fair value loss on financial	金融資產之虧損/(收益) 按公平值透過損益列賬之金融資	1,333	(335)
assets at FVTPL, net	產之公平值虧損淨額	29,567	8,558
Fair value gain on derivative financial liabilities (note 29)	衍生金融負債之公平值收益 (附註29)	-	(402)
Net gain on deemed disposal of subsidiaries (note 34(a))	視作出售附屬公司之收益淨額 (附註34(a))	-	(72,145)

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

# 9. FINANCE COSTS

#### 融資成本 9.

An analysis of finance costs is as follows:

#### 融資成本之分析如下:

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元 (Re-presented) (經重列)
Continuing operations	<b>持續經營業務</b> 計息銀行及其他借貸之利息		
Interest on interest-bearing bank and other borrowings	訂思報11及其他怕員之利思	6,704	5,512
Interest on lease liabilities (note 16(a))	租賃負債之利息(附註16(a))	173	368
Interest on convertible loans (note 29)	可換股貸款之利息(附註29)	457	613
		7,334	6,493

綜合財務報表附註

*For the year ended 31 December 2024* 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

# **10. INCOME TAX**

The Group's entities operated in Hong Kong are subject to the Hong Kong profits tax rate at 16.5% (2023: 16.5%) on the estimated assessable income. No provision for Hong Kong profits tax has been made for the current year since the Group's entities operating in Hong Kong either had no assessable profit generated for current year or had sufficient tax losses brought forward to set off against current year's assessable profit (2023: Nil).

The Company's subsidiaries operating in Australia are subject to the tax rates at 30% (2023: 30%). No provision for Australia company tax has been made since the Group's entities operating in Australia incurred tax losses for current year (2023: Nil).

(a) The reconciliation of income tax credit for the year to the (loss)/profit before tax as per consolidated statement of profit or loss is as follows:

# 10. 所得稅

本集團於香港經營之實體須就估計應課 稅收入按16.5%(二零二三年:16.5%)稅 率繳納香港利得稅。由於本集團於香港 經營之實體於本年度並無產生應課稅溢 利,亦有足夠結轉稅項虧損用於抵銷本 年度之應課稅溢利(二零二三年:無),故 本年度並無計提香港利得稅撥備。

本公司於澳洲經營之附屬公司須按30% (二零二三年:30%)的稅率繳納稅項。由 於本集團於澳洲經營之實體於本年度產 生稅項虧損,故並無計提澳洲公司稅項 (二零二三年:無)

(a) 本年度之所得稅抵免與綜合損益 表之除稅前(虧損)/溢利的對賬如 下:

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元 (Re-presented) (經重列)
Continuing operations (Loss)/profit before tax	持續經營業務 除稅前(虧損)/溢利	(81,737)	16,169
Notional tax on (loss)/profit before tax, calculated at rates applicable to profits in the countries concerned Tax effect of income that is not taxable	除税前(虧損)/溢利之名義 稅項,按有關國家溢利 適用稅率計算 毋須課税收入之稅務影響	(14,448)	
Tax effect of expenses that are not deductible Tax effect of temporary difference	不可扣減開支之稅務影響 未確認暫時性差異之稅務影響	(9,317) 19,264	(12,237) 4,947
not recognised Tax effect of tax losses not recognised	未確認稅項虧損之稅務影響	364 4,455	316 4,248
Tax effect of utilisation of tax losses previously not recognised Income tax	動用過往未確認稅項虧損之稅 務影響 所得稅	(318)	(216)

綜合財務報表附註

*For the year ended 31 December 2024* 

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

# 10. INCOME TAX (CONT'D)

# 10. 所得稅(續)

- (b) The components of unrecognised deductible temporary differences are as follows:
- (b) 未確認之可抵扣暫時性差異之項目 如下:

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Unrecognised tax losses Other taxable temporary difference,	未確認之稅項虧損 其他應課稅暫時性差異淨額	508,090	495,657
net		933	2,321
Net deductible temporary differences	可抵扣暫時性差異淨額	509,023	497,978

- (i) No deferred tax assets have been recognised on net deductible temporary differences owing to the absence of objective evidence in respect of the availability of sufficient taxable profits that are expected to arise to offset against the deductible temporary differences.
- (ii) The unutilised tax losses accumulated in Hong Kong and Australia of approximately HK\$443,229,000 (2023: HK\$431,102,000) and approximately HK\$64,861,000 (2023: HK\$64,555,000), respectively, which can be carried forward indefinitely.
- (c) As at 31 December 2024, temporary differences relating to undistributed profits of the subsidiaries in Australia were approximately HK\$7,313,000 (2023: HK\$15,369,000). The related deferred tax liabilities attributable to the Group of approximately HK\$2,194,000 (2023: HK\$4,611,000) as at 31 December 2024 in respect of withholding tax that would be payable on the distribution of these retained profits have not been recognised as the Group agrees to the subsidiaries' stated plan of not distributing these retained profits in the foreseeable future.

- (i) 由於並無預期將產生充足之應 課稅溢利以抵銷可抵扣暫時性 差異之客觀證據,因此概無就 可抵扣暫時性差異淨額確認遞 延稅項資產。
- (ii) 於香港及澳洲累計之未動用稅 項虧損分別約為443,229,000港 元(二零二三年:431,102,000 港元)及約64,861,000港元(二 零二三年:64,555,000港元)可 無限結轉。
- (c) 於二零二四年十二月三十一日,有 關澳洲附屬公司的未分派溢利的暫 時性差異約為7,313,000港元(二零 二三年:15,369,000港元)。由於 本集團同意附屬公司計劃於可見將 來不分派該等保留溢利,因此並無 就分派該等保留溢利時應付的預扣 稅確認於二零二四年十二月三十一 日歸屬於本集團之相關遞延稅項負 債約2,194,000港元(二零二三年: 4,611,000港元)。

綜合財務報表附註

*For the year ended 31 December 2024* 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

## 11. DIVIDENDS

The Board does not recommend the payment of a final dividend for the year ended 31 December 2024 (2023: Nil).

## 12. (LOSS)/EARNINGS PER SHARE

The calculation of the basic and diluted (loss)/earnings per share attributable to the shareholders of the Company is based on the following data:

# 11. 股息

董事會不建議就截至二零二四年十二月 三十一日止年度派發末期股息(二零二三 年:無)。

# 12. 每股(虧損)/盈利

本公司股東應佔每股基本及攤薄(虧損)/ 盈利之計算乃根據下列數據作出:

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元 (Re-presented) (經重述)
(Loss)/profit: For continuing and discontinued operations	(虧損)/溢利: 持續及已終止經營業務		
(Loss)/profit for the year attributable to the shareholders of the Company	本公司股東應佔本年度(虧損)/ 溢利	(87,562)	12,644
For continuing operations (Loss)/profit for the year attributable to the shareholders of the Company	<b>持續經營業務</b> 本公司股東應佔本年度 (虧損)/溢利	(81,732)	16,173
For discontinued operations Loss for the year attributable to the shareholders of the Company	<b>已終止經營業務</b> 本公司股東應佔本年度虧損	(5,830)	(3,529)
		<b>2024</b> 二零二四年	2023 二零二三年
Number of shares: Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue for the purpose of calculating basic and diluted (loss)/earnings per share (note)	<b>股份數目:</b> 就計算每股基本及攤薄 (虧損)/盈利而言之已發行 普通股之加權平均數(附註)	5,156,035,108	5,260,699,218

#### Note:

No adjustment has been made to the amount of the basic (loss)/ earnings per share for the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023 in respect of diluted (loss)/earnings per share because there was no potentially dilutive ordinary share in issue during the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023.

#### 附註:

並無對截至二零二四年及二零二三年十二月 三十一日止年度的每股基本(虧損)/盈利金額 作出每股攤薄(虧損)/盈利的調整,原因為截 至二零二四年及二零二三年十二月三十一日 止年度並無已發行潛在攤薄普通股。

## 13. DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS AND EMPLOYEES' EMOLUMENTS

#### (a) Directors' emoluments

Details of emoluments paid by the Group to the Directors in respect of services as directors during the year are as follows:

# 13. 董事酬金及僱員酬金

### (a) 董事酬金

本集團於本年度就董事服務向董事 支付之酬金詳情如下:

		Note	<b>Fees</b> 袍金 HK\$'000	Basic salaries, allowances and other benefit 基本薪金、 津貼及 其他福利 HK\$'000	<b>花紅</b> HK\$'000	Retirement scheme contributions 退休計劃 供款 HK\$'000	<b>Total</b> 總計 HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
2024	二零二四年						
Non-executive Director:	非執行董事:						
Ng Ting Ho	吳廷浩		360	-	-	-	360
Executive Directors:	執行董事:						
Lam Ching Yee	林靜儀	(i)	-	1,272	-	18	1,290
Fong Chak Kiu	方澤翹		-	300	-	15	315
Zhang Hongju	張鴻舉	(ii)	-	163	-	-	163
			360	1,735	-	33	2,128
Independent non-executive Directors:	猫立非執行董事: 猫立非執行董事:						
Wong Siu Keung, Joe	黃兆強		156	-	-	-	156
Chan Ming Kit	陳銘傑		120	-	-	-	120
Tong Hin Sum Paul	湯顯森		120	-	-	-	120
			396	-	-	-	396
			756	1,735	-	33	2,524
2023	二零二三年	i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i					
Non-executive Director:	非執行董事:						
Ng Ting Ho	吳廷浩		360	-	-	-	360
Executive Directors:	執行董事:						
Lam Ching Yee	林靜儀	(i)	-	1,211	101	18	1,330
Fong Chak Kiu	方澤翹		-	300	-	15	315
			360	1,511	101	33	2,005
Independent non-executive Directors:	獨立非執行董事:						
Wong Siu Keung, Joe	黃兆強		156	-	-	-	156
Chan Ming Kit	陳銘傑		120	-	-	-	120
Tong Hin Sum Paul	湯顯森		120	-		_	120
			396	-	-	-	396
			756	1,511	101	33	2,401

204 Hang Tai Yue Group Holdings Limited | Annual Report 2024

綜合財務報表附註

*For the year ended 31 December 2024* 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

# 13. DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS AND EMPLOYEES' EMOLUMENTS (CONT'D)

#### (a) Directors' emoluments (Cont'd)

#### Notes:

- (i) Resigned with effect from 1 January 2025.
- (ii) Appointed with effect from 26 April 2024 and resigned with effect from 1 January 2025.

Bonuses are determined on a discretionary basis by the Board with reference to the Group's operating results for the current financial year and individual performance.

#### (b) Five highest paid individuals

During the year ended 31 December 2024, among the five highest paid individuals, one (2023: one) of them was a Director, being Ms. Lam Ching Yee.

Except for the emolument paid to Ms. Lam Ching Yee, the emoluments (excluding amounts paid or payable by way of commissions on sales generated by the individual) and designated band of the remaining four (2023: four) highest paid, non-director individuals during the year are as follows:

## 13. 董事酬金及僱員酬金(續)

#### (a) 董事酬金(續)

附註:

- (i) 於二零二五年一月一日辭任。
- (ii) 於二零二四年四月二十六日獲委 任並於二零二五年一月一日辭 任。

花紅乃由董事會參考本集團於本財 政年度之經營業績及個人表現而酌 情釐定。

### (b) 五名最高薪人士

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止 年度,於五名最高薪人士中,一名 (二零二三年:一名)為董事,即林 靜儀女士。

除已付林靜儀女士之酬金外,於本 年度剩餘四名(二零二三年:四名) 最高薪非董事人士之酬金(不包括因 個人銷售而以佣金形式已付或應付 之款項)及指定薪酬範圍如下:

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$′000 千港元
Salaries and allowances Performance based bonus Retirement scheme contributions	薪金及津貼 績效花紅 退休計劃供款	2,733 51 145	2,712 164 138
		2,929	3,014

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註 For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

## 13. DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS AND EMPLOYEES' EMOLUMENTS (CONT'D)

### (b) Five highest paid individuals (Cont'd)

The emoluments of the four (2023: four) non-director individuals with the highest emoluments are within the following bands:

# 13. 董事酬金及僱員酬金(續)

### (b) 五名最高薪人士(續)

四名(二零二三年:四名)非董事最 高薪人士之酬金介乎以下範圍:

		2024 二零二四年 Numbers of individuals 人士數目	2023 二零二三年 Numbers of individuals 人士數目
HK\$ Nil = 1,000,000	港元 零至1,000,000	4	4

No emolument was paid by the Group to the Directors or the five highest paid individuals as an inducement to join, or upon joining the Group, or as compensation for loss of office during the year (2023: Nil).

There was no arrangement under which a director or the chief executive of the Company waived or agreed to waive any remuneration during both years.

Save for disclosed in note 37 to the consolidated financial statements, no significant transactions, arrangements and contracts in relation to the Group's business to which the Company was a party and in which a director of the Company and the director's connected party had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

## 14. DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

On 30 August 2024, the Group exercised the put option to dispose its entire shares of an associate, Dynamic Indonesia Holdings Limited ("**Dynamic Indonesia Holdings**"), and the shareholder's loans. Dynamic Indonesia Holdings was engaging in provision of services through network media, which was a separate major line of the Group's businesses. Following the disposal of the Group's interests in Dynamic Indonesia Holdings, the reportable segment of provision of services through network media accordingly be classified as a discontinued operation as from 30 August 2024.

年內本集團並無向董事或五名最高 薪人士支付任何酬金,作為吸引 其加入本集團或加入本集團時之獎 金或作為離職補償(二零二三年: 無)。

於兩個年度內,概無本公司董事或 行政總裁放棄或同意放棄任何薪酬 的安排。

除綜合財務報表附註37所披露者 外,於年末或年內任何時間,本公 司概無訂立與本集團業務有關且本 公司董事及董事之關連人士於其中 直接或間接擁有重大權益之重大交 易、安排及合約。

# 14. 已終止經營業務

於二零二四年八月三十日,本集團行 使認沽期權出售其聯營公司Dynamic Indonesia Holdings Limited(「**Dynamic Indonesia Holdings**」)的全部股份及股 東貸款。Dynamic Indonesia Holdings從 事透過網絡媒體提供服務,此為本集團 一個獨立主要業務。隨著本集團出售於 Dynamic Indonesia Holdings之權益,透過 網絡媒體提供服務之可報告分部已於二 零二四年八月三十日起終止,並因此分 類為已終止經營業務。

綜合財務報表附註

*For the year ended 31 December 2024* 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

## 14. DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (CONT'D)

In light of the above, the comparative figures for the year ended 31 December 2023 under the reportable segment of provision of services through network media, as presented in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, have been re-presented as a discontinued operation. The financial performance of discontinued operation for the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023 is set out below: 14. 已終止經營業務(續)

鑒於以上所述,截至二零二三年十二月 三十一日止年度,呈列於綜合損益及其 他全面收益表之透過網絡媒體提供服務 可報告分部之比較數字已經重列為已終 止經營業務。截至二零二四年及二零二 三年十二月三十一日止年度,已終止經 營業務之財務表現載列如下:

		Notes 附註	2024 二零二四年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Revenue Other income Administrative expenses Fair value gain on financial assets at FVTPL Gain on disposal of subsidiaries Share of results of associates	收入 其他收入 行政開支 按公平值透過損益列賬之 金融資產之公平值收益 出售附屬公司之收益 分佔聯營公司業績	34(b) 19	- 118 (69) - 846 (549)	57 (1,748) 
Profit/(loss) before tax Loss on disposal of Dynamic Indonesia Holdings Income tax	除稅前溢利/(虧損) 出售Dynamic Indonesia Holdings之虧損 所得稅 來自已線止經營業務之		346 (6,145) –	(3,717) _ _
Loss for the year from discontinued operations	來自已終止經營業務之 本年度虧損		(5,799)	(3,717)

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Loss for the year from discontinued operation include the following: Auditor's remuneration	來自已終止經營業務之本年 度虧損包括以下各項: 核數師酬金	-	24

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Cash flows from discontinued operation:	來自已終止經營業務之現金 流量:		
Net cash outflows from operating activities	來自經營業務之現金流出 淨額	(5)	(96)

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

# 15. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT 15. 物業、廠房及設備

		<b>Freehold land</b> <b>永久業權土地</b> HK\$'000 千港元	<b>Buildings</b> 樓宇 HK\$'000 千港元	Leasehold improvements 租賃物業装修 HK\$'000 千港元	Plant, machinery and equipment 廠房、機器 及設備 HK\$'000 千港元	Office and other equipment 辦公及 其他設備 HK\$'000 千港元	Furniture and fixtures 傢俬及裝置 HK\$'000 千港元	Motor vehicles and yachts <b>汽車及遊艇</b> HK\$'000 千港元	<b>Total</b> 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
Cost:	成本:								
At 1 January 2024	於二零二四年一月一日	11,585	90,145	81,283	19,477	4,543	2,018	1,220	210,271
Additions	添置	-	-	17,545	2,880	394	-	563	21,382
Disposals	出售	-	-	-	-	(809)	(21)	(996)	(1,826)
Exchange realignment	外匯調整	(1,083)	(8,424)	(7,945)	(1,992)	(186)	(2)	(75)	(19,707)
At 31 December 2024	於二零二四年十二月三十一日	10,502	81,721	90,883	20,365	3,942	1,995	712	210,120
Accumulated depreciation and impairmen	nt: 累計折舊及減值:								
At 1 January 2024	於二零二四年一月一日	-	16,568	6,886	10,233	2,330	1,078	889	37,984
Charge for the year	本年度扣除	-	2,174	3,342	1,944	765	396	147	8,768
Disposals	出售	-	-	-	-	(545)	(14)	(731)	(1,290)
Exchange realignment	外匯調整	-	(1,680)	(376)	(1,073)	(90)	(2)	(43)	(3,264)
At 31 December 2024	於二零二四年十二月三十一日	-	17,062	9,852	11,104	2,460	1,458	262	42,198
Net carrying amount: At 31 December 2024	賬面淨值: 於二零二四年十二月三十一日	10,502	64,659	81,031	9,261	1,482	537	450	167,922
Cost:	成本:								
At 1 January 2023	於二零二三年一月一日	11,604	88,235	62,525	16,829	4,309	2,018	1,221	186,741
Additions	添置	-	2,003	18,422	2,612	345	-	-	23,382
Written off	撇銷	-	-	(17)	-	(117)	-	-	(134)
Exchange realignment	外匯調整	(19)	(93)	353	36	6	-	(1)	282
At 31 December 2023	於二零二三年十二月三十一日	11,585	90,145	81,283	19,477	4,543	2,018	1,220	210,271
Accumulated depreciation and impairmen	nt: 累計折舊及減值:								
At 1 January 2023	於二零二三年一月一日	-	14,389	3,980	8,449	1,707	679	766	29,970
Charge for the year	本年度扣除	-	2,151	2,892	1,755	734	399	124	8,055
Written off	撇銷	-	-	(17)	-	(117)	-	-	(134)
Exchange realignment	外匯調整	-	28	31	29	6	-	(1)	93
At 31 December 2023	於二零二三年十二月三十一日	-	16,568	6,886	10,233	2,330	1,078	889	37,984
Net carrying amount: At 31 December 2023	賬面淨值: 於二零二三年十二月三十一日	11,585	73,577	74,397	9,244	2,213	940	331	172,287

綜合財務報表附註

*For the year ended 31 December 2024* 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

# 15. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONT'D)

Notes:

(a) As at 31 December 2024, included in the carrying amount of the Group's property, plant and equipment of approximately HK\$164,814,000 allocated to the cash generating units of provision of hospitality and related services in Australia (the "Hospitality CGU") is subject for impairment assessment due to persistent segment loss and deterioration economic conditions.

The Group evaluated the recoverable amounts of the Hospitality CGU by value in use calculation which involved determining present value of expected cash flows as approved by the directors of the Company. Management determined the annual growth rate of revenue in five-year period based on historical performance and market development plan. The discount rate applied reflected specific risks relating to the Hospitality CGU.

Key assumptions adopted in the cash flow projection are as below:

# 15. 物業、廠房及設備(續)

#### 附註:

(a) 於二零二四年十二月三十一日,由於 分部虧損持續及經濟狀況惡化,計入 本集團物業、廠房及設備之賬面值約 164,814,000港元已分配至在澳洲提供 酒店及相關服務之現金產生單位(「酒店 現金產生單位」),須進行減值評估。

> 本集團透過涉及本公司董事批准之預期 現金流量所釐定現值計算使用價值,以 評估酒店現金產生單位之可收回金額。 管理層根據過往表現及市場發展計劃釐 定五年期收入年度增長率。應用貼現率 以反映與酒店現金產生單位有關之特定 風險。

現金流量預測採納之關鍵假設如下:

		2024 二零二四年
Annual growth rate of revenue in five-year period	五年期收入年度增長率	10.0%
Long term growth rate	長期增長率	2.7%
Pre-tax discount rate	稅前貼現率	14.3%

The Group did not recognise any impairment loss for property, plant and equipment for the year ended 31 December 2024 as the recoverable amounts of the Hospitality CGU was higher than the carrying amounts of the Hospitality CGU as at 31 December 2024.

During the years ended 31 December 2023 and 2024, the estate resorts attributable to the Hospitality CGU underwent major renovation works which resulted in significant upgrades to its facilities, enhancing its operational capabilities and overall value. Following the completion of these renovation works during the year ended 31 December 2024, the Group revised its valuation method to discounted cash flows approach. This method was adopted as it provides more accurate and reliable assessment of the recoverable amount by reflecting entity-specific cash flows generated by the Hospitality CGU.

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,由於酒 店現金產生單位之可收回金額較酒店現 金產生單位之賬面值為高,故本集團於 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度 並無就物業、廠房及設備確認任何減值 虧損。

截至二零二三年及二零二四年十二月三 十一日止年度,歸屬於酒店現金產生單 位之房地產度假村進行主要翻新工程, 有關工程令其設施得到顯著升級,增強 其營運能力及整體價值。於該等翻新工 程於截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止 年度完成後,本集團將其估值方法修訂 為貼現現金流量法。採用此方法乃由於 其透過反映酒店現金產生單位產生之體 特定現金流量而對可收回金額提供更準 確可靠的評估。

## 15. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONT'D)

Notes: (Cont'd)

(a) (Cont'd)

The property, plant and equipment attributable to the Hospitality CGU mainly the estate resorts (the "**Estate Resorts**") with the carrying amount of approximately HK\$166,314,000 as at 31 December 2023 which recoverable amount was assessed by an independent professional valuer under the fair value less cost of disposal basis by using direct comparison approach, amounted to approximately HK\$170,032,000. The fair value measurement was categorised into level 3 fair value hierarchy.

The recoverable amount of the Estate Resorts was higher than the carrying amount, and therefore no impairment loss on property, plant and equipment was recognised for the year ended 31 December 2023.

In estimating the recoverable amount of property, plant, equipment attributable to the Hospitality CGU, the highest and best use of these non-financial assets is their current use.

(b) As at 31 December 2024, an aggregate carrying amount of freehold land, buildings and motor vehicle of approximately HK\$75,611,000 (2023: approximately HK\$85,162,000) had been pledged as collaterals for interest-bearing bank borrowings.

#### 16. LEASES

#### The Group as a lessee

The Group has lease contracts for office premises used in its operations. The terms of the leases generally require the Group to pay security deposits and have average lease terms of three years with fixed monthly rentals. Generally, the Group is restricted from assigning and subleasing the leased assets outside the Group.

# 15. 物業、廠房及設備(續)

附註:(續)

(a) (續)

歸屬於的酒店現金產生單位的物業、廠 房及設備主要指房地產度假村(「**房地產** 度假村」),其於二零二三年十二月三十一日 的賬面值約166,314,000港元,房地產度假 村的可收回金額由獨立專業估值師採用 直接比較法按公平值減出售成本之基準 評估,金額為約170,032,000港元。公 平值計量乃分類為公平值層級第三級。

房地產度假村的可收回金額高於賬面 值,因此,截至二零二三年十二月三十 一日止年度,概無確認物業、廠房及設 備之減值虧損。

於估計歸屬於酒店現金產生單位的物 業、廠房及設備之可收回金額時,該等 非金融資產之最高及最佳用途為彼等現 時用途。

(b) 於二零二四年十二月三十一日,賬面總 值約75,611,000港元(二零二三年:約 85,162,000港元)的永久業權土地、樓 宇及汽車已抵押作為計息銀行借貸抵押 品。

# 16. 租賃

#### 本集團作為承租人

本集團就用於其運營之辦公室物業訂立 租賃合約。租賃條款一般要求本集團支 付保證金,平均租期為三年,每月固定 租金。一般而言,本集團不可向本集團 以外人士轉讓及分租租賃資產。

綜合財務報表附註

*For the year ended 31 December 2024* 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

# 16. LEASES (CONT'D)

#### The Group as a lessee (Cont'd)

#### (a) Right-of-use assets

The carrying amounts of the Group's right-of-use assets and the movements for the leasing of office premises during the year are as follows:

# 16. 租賃(續)

本集團作為承租人(續)

#### (a) 使用權資產

本集團於年內就租賃辦公室物業的 使用權資產的賬面值及變動如下:

As at 31 December 2024	於二零二四年十二月三十一日	669
Exchange realignment	外匯調整	(7
Early termination of lease	提早終止租賃	(590
Depreciation charge	折舊開支	(3,802
Additions	添置	86
	二零二四年一月一日	4,982
As at 31 December 2023 and 1 January 2024	於二零二三年十二月三十一日及	
Depreciation charge	折舊開支	(3,864)
Additions	添置	1,328
As at 1 January 2023	於二零二三年一月一日	7,518
		千港元
		HK\$'00

Lease liabilities of approximately HK\$839,000 (2023: HK\$5,673,000) are recognised with related right-ofuse assets of HK\$669,000 (2023: HK\$4,982,000). The lease agreement do not impose any covenants other than the security interests in leased assets that are held by the lessors. Leased assets may not be used as security for borrowing purposes.

Details of total cash outflow of lease is set out in note 34(d).

租賃負債約839,000港元(二零二三 年:5,673,000港元)與相關使用權 資產669,000港元(二零二三年: 4,982,000港元)一併確認。除租賃 資產的抵押權益由出租人持有外, 租賃協議並無施加任何契諾。租賃 資產不得用作借貸的抵押品。

租賃之現金流出總額的詳情載於附 註34(d)。

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Depreciation expenses on right-of-use assets	使用權資產折舊開支	3,802	3,864
Interest expenses on lease liabilities (included in finance costs) (note 9) Gain on early termination of lease	租賃負債之利息開支 (計入融資成本)(附註9) 提早終止租賃之收益(計入	173	368
(included in other income and gains or losses) (note 7)	其他收入及收益或虧損) (附註7)	16	-

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

## 16. LEASES (CONT'D)

# 16. 租賃(續)

The Group as a lessee (Cont'd)

(b) Lease liabilities

本集團作為承租人(續)

(b) 租賃負債

				Present	
			ise payments 賃付款		ise payments 付款現值
		2024 二零二四年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Within one year In the second to fifth years, inclusive	一年內 第二至第五年 (包括首尾兩年)	777 76	4,811 1,053	768 71	4,629 1,044
Total minimum finance lease payments Less: Future finance charges	最低融資租賃付款 總額 減:未來融資費用	853 (14)	5,864 (191)	839 N/A 不適用	5,673 N/A 不適用
Present value of lease obligations	租賃責任之現值	839	5,673	839	5,673
Less: Amount due for settlement within 12 months (shown under current liabilities)	減:須於十二個月 內償付之金額 (於流動負債 下列示)			(768)	(4,629)
Amount due for settlement after 12 months	須於十二個月後償付 之金額			71	1,044

The weighted average incremental borrowing rates applied to lease liabilities is 5% (2023: 5%).

Lease liabilities are denominated in HK\$ and Australian dollars ("**AUD**") of approximately HK\$743,000 (2023: HK\$5,623,000), HK\$96,000 (2023: HK\$50,000) respectively.

租賃負債所採用之加權平均增量借 貸利率為5%(二零二三年:5%)。

租賃負債以港元及澳元(「**澳元**」) 計值,金額分別約為743,000港元 (二零二三年:5,623,000港元)、 96,000港元(二零二三年:50,000港 元)。

綜合財務報表附註

*For the year ended 31 December 2024* 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

# 17. GOODWILL

## 17. 商譽

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
<b>Cost</b> At 1 January and 31 December	<b>成本</b> 於一月一日及十二月三十一日	31,189	31,189
Accumulated impairment losses At 1 January and 31 December	<b>累計減值虧損</b> 於一月一日及十二月三十一日	31,189	31,189
<b>Carrying amount</b> At 31 December	<b>賬面值</b> 於十二月三十一日	-	_

Goodwill acquired in a business combination was allocated at acquisition to the cash generating units ("**CGUs**") that were expected to benefit from that business combination. Before recognition of impairment losses, the gross amount of goodwill allocated to the following CGU is as follows: 於業務合併中收購之商譽乃於收購時分 配至預期將自該業務合併獲益之現金產 生單位(「現金產生單位」)。於確認減值虧 損前,分配至以下現金產生單位之商譽 之總值如下:

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Provision of hospitality and related services in Australia (the " <b>Hospitality</b>	於澳洲提供酒店及相關服務 (「 <b>酒店現金產生單位</b> 」)	20.452	20.452
CGU")		29,453	29,453
Others (note)	其他(附註)	1,736	1,736
		31,189	31,189

#### Note:

Others represent CGU attributable to in other operating unit which does not qualified as a reportable segment. The goodwill of others had been fully impaired during the year ended 31 December 2022.

The Group tested its goodwill annually for impairment, or more frequently if there were indications that goodwill might be impaired.

#### 附註:

其他指不符合列入可報告分部標準之其他經 營單位之現金產生單位。其他之商譽於截至 二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度已悉數減 值。

本集團每年進行商譽減值測試,或倘有 跡象顯示商譽有可能減值時,則更頻密 檢測減值。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

## 17. GOODWILL (CONT'D)

The goodwill for the Hospitality CGU had previously been fully impaired during the year ended 31 December 2018. Accordingly, the Group did not test goodwill for impairment for the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023.

### **18. OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS**

17. 商譽(續)

酒店現金產生單位之商譽於截至二零一 八年十二月三十一日止年度已悉數減 值。因此本集團於截至二零二四年及二 零二三年十二月三十一日止年度並無測 試商譽的減值。

# 18. 其他無形資產

		<b>Copyright</b> 版權 HK\$′000 千港元	Wine membership 酒會會籍 HK\$'000 千港元	<b>Domain</b> name 域名 HK\$'000 千港元	<b>Total</b> 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
Cost: At 1 January 2024 Exchange realignment	成本: 於二零二四年一月一日 外匯調整	4,500 _	2,415 (226)	2,028	8,943 (226)
At 31 December 2024	於二零二四年十二月三十一日	4,500	2,189	2,028	8,717
Accumulated amortisation and impairment: At 1 January 2024 Exchange realignment	累計攤銷及減值: 於二零二四年一月一日 外匯調整	4,500	2,415 (226)	2,028	8,943 (226)
At 31 December 2024	於二零二四年十二月三十一日	4,500	2,189	2,028	8,717
Net carrying amount: At 31 December 2024	賬面淨值: 於二零二四年十二月三十一日	-	-	-	_
Cost: At 1 January 2023 Exchange realignment	成本: 於二零二三年一月一日 外匯調整	4,500	2,419 (4)	2,028	8,947 (4)
At 31 December 2023	於二零二三年十二月三十一日	4,500	2,415	2,028	8,943
Accumulated amortisation and impairment:	累計攤銷及減值:				
At 1 January 2023 Exchange realignment	於二零二三年一月一日 外匯調整	4,500	2,419 (4)	2,028	8,947 (4)
At 31 December 2023	於二零二三年十二月三十一日	4,500	2,415	2,028	8,943
Net carrying amount: At 31 December 2023	賬面淨值: 於二零二三年十二月三十一日	-	_	-	_

綜合財務報表附註

*For the year ended 31 December 2024* 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

# **19. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES**

# 19. 於聯營公司之權益

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Cost of unlisted interests in associates Share of post-acquisition losses and reserves, net of dividends received	聯營公司非上市權益之成本 應佔收購後(虧損)/溢利及儲備, 已扣除所收股息	364,254 (64,742)	380,962 (47,724)
Less: Impairment loss	減:減值虧損	299,512 (247,001)	333,238 (247,001)
		52,511	86,237

Included in the cost of unlisted interests in associates at the end of the reporting period was goodwill arising on acquisition of approximately HK\$242,952,000 (2023: HK\$242,952,000). Among the goodwill was approximately HK\$2,944,000 arising from the acquisition of Luck Key (as defined below). The remaining goodwill of approximately HK\$240,008,000, arose from the acquisition of Something Big Technology Holdings Limited ("**Something Big**"), which had been fully impaired in previous year.

Set out below is the associate of the Group which, in the opinion of the Directors, is material to the Group as at 31 December 2024. The entity listed below has share capital held directly by the Group. The country of incorporation or registration is also its principal place of business, and the proportion of ownership interest is the same as the proportion of voting rights held. Information of insignificant associates are not listed out.

於報告期末於聯營公司非上市權益之成 本包括收購產生之商譽約242,952,000 港元(二零二三年:242,952,000港元)。 其中收購Luck Key(定義見下文)產生之 商譽約2,944,000港元由大事科技控股有 限公司(「**大事科技**」)產生之餘下商譽約 240,008,000港元已於過往年度悉數減 值。

下文載列董事認為於二零二四年十二月 三十一日對本集團而言屬重大的本集團 聯營公司。下列實體的股本由本集團直 接持有。註冊成立或註冊國家亦為其主 要營業地點,而所有權權益比例與所持 投票權比例相同。非重大聯營公司的資 料並無列示。

	Form of business	Place of	Principal place	Percentage of ownership interest held by a	Group's	Measurement	
Name	structure	incorporation	of business	subsidiary 一間附屬公司 所持擁有權	interest	method	Principal activities
名稱	業務架構形式	註冊成立地點	主要營業地點	權益百分比	本集團權益	計量方法	主要業務
Luck Key Investment Limited (" <b>Luck Key</b> ")*	Incorporated	British Virgin Islands	Hong Kong	48.33%	48.33%	Equity method	Provision of medical diagnostic and health
	註冊成立	英屬處女群島	香港	48.33%	48.33%	權益法	check services 提供醫學診斷及體檢服務

## 19. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES (CONT'D)

# 19. 於聯營公司之權益(續)

The summarised financial information in respect of the material associate, Luck Key, as at 31 December 2024 and 2023 is set out below:

重大聯營公司Luck Key於二零二四年及二 零二三年十二月三十一日之財務資料概 要載列如下:

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$′000 千港元
Gross amounts of Luck Key: Current assets Non-current assets Current liabilities Non-current liabilities Total equity Equity attributable to the shareholders of Luck Key	Luck Key總額: 流動資產 非流動資產 流動負債 非流動負債 總權益 Luck Key股東應佔權益	65,584 69,335 (86,219) (9,387) 39,313 41,377	84,476 108,668 (102,574) (14,391) 76,179 77,265
		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Revenue Loss for the year attributable to the shareholders of Luck Key Other comprehensive loss attributable to the shareholders of Luck Key	收入 Luck Key股東應佔年內之 虧損 Luck Key股東應佔其他全面 虧損	194,097 (35,597) (291)	218,216 (25,907) –
Total comprehensive loss for the year attributable to the shareholders of Luck Key Group's interest Share of Luck Key's loss for the year Share of Luck Key's other comprehensive	Luck Key股東應佔年內全面 虧損總額 本集團之權益 應佔Luck Key年內之虧損 應佔Luck Key年內	(35,888) 48.33% (17,204)	(25,907) 48.33% (12,521)

loss for the year	其他全面虧損	(141)	_
Share of Luck Key's total comprehensive loss	應佔Luck Key全面虧損總額	(17,345)	(12,521)
Dividend received from Luck Key	收到Luck Key股息	_	34,314

綜合財務報表附註 For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

## 19. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES (CONT'D)

The dividend received during the year ended 31 December 2023 consists of cash amounting to approximately HK\$9,666,000 and dividend receivable of approximately HK\$9,666,000 and 10,650 shares of an unlisted investment with fair value of approximately HK\$14,982,000, which was recognised as investments in associates.

The Group has not recognised loss of several associates amounting to approximately HK\$1,658,000 (2023: HK\$8,581,000). The accumulated losses of several associates not recognised were approximately HK\$15,590,000 as at 31 December 2024 (2023: HK\$13,932,000).

# Reconciliation of the Group's interests in the material associate, Luck Key

## 19. 於聯營公司之權益(續)

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度 所收取之股息包括現金約9,666,000港 元及應收股息約9,666,000港元及有關 10,650股股份之未上市投資的公平值約 14,982,000港元,該投資確認為於聯營 公司之投資。

本集團於本年度尚未就若干聯營公司確 認虧損約1,658,000港元(二零二三年: 8,581,000港元)。於二零二四年十二月 三十一日,未確認的若干聯營公司累計 虧損約為15,590,000港元(二零二三年: 13,932,000港元)。

### 本集團於重大聯營公司Luck Key之權益 對賬

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Gross amounts of net assets attributable to shareholders of Luck Key Group's interest Group's share of net assets of the associate Goodwill	Luck Key股東應佔資產 淨值總額 本集團之權益 本集團應佔聯營公司資產淨值 商譽	41,377 48.33% 19,998 2,944	77,265 48.33% 37,343 2,944
Carrying amount of the Group's interest in Luck Key	本集團於Luck Key之權益賬面值	22,942	40,287

In the opinion of the Directors, none of the remaining associates of the Group was individually material to the Group as at 31 December 2024 and 2023.

董事認為,於二零二四年及二零二三年 十二月三十一日概無本集團餘下聯營公 司個別對本集團而言屬重大。

## 19. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES (CONT'D)

# Reconciliation of the Group's interests in the material associate, Luck Key (Cont'd)

The following table illustrates the aggregate financial information of the Group's remaining associates that are not individually material:

# 19. 於聯營公司之權益(續)

本集團於重大聯營公司Luck Key之權益 對賬(續)

下表說明本集團個別而言並不重大的餘 下聯營公司的匯總財務資料:

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$′000 千港元
Share of associates' loss for the year	應佔聯營公司年內之虧損		
<ul> <li>Something Big</li> </ul>	- 大事科技	-	-
- Nuada Holdings Limited (" <b>Nuada</b> ")	- 洛爾達控股有限公司 (「 <b>洛爾達」</b> )	_	_
- Supreme China Group Limited	-智華集團有限公司(「智華」)		
("Supreme China")		(42)	20
- French Modern Concept Limited	- French Modern Concept		
("French Modern Concept")	Limited(「 <b>French Modern</b> Concept」)	_	
– Dynamic Indonesia Holdings	– Dynamic Indonesia Holdings	(549)	(2,302)
- Starry Ace Limited (" <b>Starry Ace</b> ")	- Starry Ace Limited	(545)	(2,502)
······································	(「Starry Ace」)	124	726
<ul> <li>Dignity Choice Limited</li> </ul>	- Dignity Choice Limited		
("Dignity Choice")	(「 <b>Dignity Choice</b> 」)	(3,451)	(2,917)
		(3,918)	(4,473)
Share of associates' total comprehensive income	應佔聯營公司全面收益總額		
<ul> <li>Something Big</li> </ul>	- 大事科技	-	-
– Nuada	- 洛爾達	-	-
– Supreme China	- 智華	(42)	20
- French Modern Concept	- French Modern Concept	(540)	(2, 202)
– Dynamic Indonesia Holdings – Starry Ace	<ul> <li>Dynamic Indonesia Holdings</li> <li>Starry Ace</li> </ul>	(549) 124	(2,302) 726
- Dignity Choice	- Dignity Choice	(3,451)	(2,917)
	g ,	(3,918)	(4,473)
Aggregate carrying amount of the Group's investment in the remaining associates	本集團於餘下聯營公司投資之 賬面總值	(0,010)	(1,110)
- Something Big	- 大事科技	_	-
– Nuada	- 洛爾達	-	-
– Supreme China	- 智華	16,605	16,647
- French Modern Concept	- French Modern Concept	-	-
– Dynamic Indonesia Holdings	– Dynamic Indonesia Holdings	4 250	13,012
– Starry Ace – Dignity Choice	– Starry Ace – Dignity Choice	4,350 8,614	4,226 12,065
Digitity Choice	Dignity Choice	29,569	45,950
		29,509	45,550

綜合財務報表附註

*For the year ended 31 December 2024* 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

## 20. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

## 20. 按公平值透過其他全面收益 列賬之金融資產

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Listed equity securities in Hong Kong Unlisted equity securities	於香港之上市股本證券 非上市股本證券	_ 1,426	916 1,971
		1,426	2,887
Less: current portion	減:流動部分	(1,426)	_
Non-current portion	非流動部分	-	2,887

The above equity investments were irrevocably designated at FVTOCI as the Group considers these investments to be strategic in nature.

As at 31 December 2024, the Group's unlisted equity securities represented 7% equity interest in a private company in Australia (the "**Australian Company**"). Based on the Directors' assessment with reference to the net assets value of the Australian Company as at 31 December 2024, the fair value of the Australian Company was approximately HK\$1,426,000 (2023: HK\$1,971,000). There was no significant change in the fair value of the Australian Company during the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023.

上述股本投資不可撤回地指定為按公平 值透過其他全面收益列賬,原因乃本集 團認為該等投資本質上屬戰略性。

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,本集團 非上市股本證券指於一間澳洲私營公司 (「**澳洲公司**」)的7%股權。根據董事參考 澳洲公司於二零二四年十二月三十一日 的資產淨值而作出的評估,澳洲公司的 公平值約為1,426,000港元(二零二三年: 1,971,000港元)。於截至二零二四年及二 零二三年十二月三十一日止年度,澳洲 公司的公平值概無重大變動。

## 20. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (CONT'D)

# 20. 按公平值透過其他全面收益 列賬之金融資產(續)

The carrying amounts of the Group's financial assets at FVTOCI are denominated in the following currencies:

本集團按公平值透過其他全面收益列賬 之金融資產之賬面值乃以下列貨幣計 值:

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
HKD	港元	-	916
AUD	澳元	1,426	1,971 2,887

## 21. INVENTORIES

# 21. 存貨

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Merchandise	商品	3,712	4,696

As at 31 December 2024 and 2023, all the inventories were stated at cost.

於二零二四年及二零二三年十二月三十 一日,所有存貨均按成本列賬。

The analysis of the amount of inventories recognised as an expense and included in profit or loss is as follows:

確認為開支並計入損益的存貨金額分析 如下:

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Carrying amount of inventories sold	已出售存貨的賬面值	10,447	9,377

*For the year ended 31 December 2024* 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

# 22. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE, LOAN AND INTEREST 22. 應收賬款、應收貸款及利息 **RECEIVABLES**

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Accounts receivable within the scope of HKFRS 15	香港財務報告準則第15號 範圍內的應收賬款	50	3,426
Loan receivables Loan interest receivables Less: Impairment	應收貸款 應收貸款利息 減:減值	43,343 280 (2,218)	50,897 569 (637)
		41,405	50,829
		41,455	54,255

The carrying amounts of the Group's accounts receivable, loan and interest receivables are denominated in the following currencies:

本集團應收賬款、應收貸款及利息之賬 面值乃以下列貨幣計值:

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
HKD AUD	港元 澳元	41,405 50	50,835 3,420
		41,455	54,255

## 22. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE, LOAN AND INTEREST RECEIVABLES (CONT'D)

#### Accounts receivable

Accounts receivable represent receivables from travel agents arising from provision of hospitality and related services in Australia. The Group's terms with its customers and travel agents are mainly on credit, except for new customers and travel agents, where payment in advance is normally required. The credit period is generally one month, extending up to three to six months for major customers and travel agents. Each customer and travel agent has a maximum credit limit. The Group seeks to maintain strict control over its outstanding receivables. Overdue balances are reviewed regularly by senior management. As at 31 December 2024, there is no significant concentration of credit risk regarding the accounts receivable balance from the Group's business in Australia. The Group does not hold any collateral or other credit enhancements over its accounts receivable balances, accounts receivable are non-interest-bearing (2023: Nil).

#### Loan and interest receivables

Loan and interest receivables are mainly arising from the money lending business, which are entered with contractual maturity within 12 months (2023: within 12 months). The Group seeks to maintain strict control over its loan and interest receivables in order to minimise credit risk by reviewing the borrowers' financial positions. The loan receivables are interest-bearing at rates mutually agreed between the contracting parties, at a fixed rate of 12% to 12.5% (2023: 10.5% to 12%) per annum. As at 31 December 2024, one of the loan receivables of the Group with carrying amount of approximately HK\$15,283,000 (2023: HK\$19,000,000) was secured by listed shares as collaterals.

# 22. 應收賬款、應收貸款及利息 (續)

#### 應收賬款

#### 應收貸款及利息

應收貸款及利息主要自借貸業務產生, 應收貸款之合約到期日訂為12個月內 (二零二三年:12個月內)。本集團透過 審閱借款人之財務狀況對其應收貸款及 利息維持嚴格監控以盡量降低信貸風 險。應收貸款按合約雙方相互協定的 固定年利率12%至12.5%計息(二零二 三年:10.5%至12%)。於二零二四年 十二月三十一日,本集團其中一項賬 面值約15,283,000港元(二零二三年: 19,000,000港元)之應收貸款以上市股份 作為抵押品抵押。

綜合財務報表附註

*For the year ended 31 December 2024* 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

## 22. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE, LOAN AND INTEREST RECEIVABLES (CONT'D)

(a) Ageing analysis

#### Ageing of accounts receivable

The credit terms given to the customers vary and are generally based on the financial strengths of individual customers. In order to effectively manage the credit risks associated with accounts receivable, credit evaluations of customers are performed periodically. The credit period given to accounts receivable ranged from 30 days to 180 days (2023: from 30 days to 180 days).

The aging analysis of accounts receivable as at the end of the reporting period, based on the invoice date and net of provisions, is as follows:

## 22. 應收賬款、應收貸款及利息 (續)

(a) 賬齡分析

#### 應收賬款之賬齡

給予客戶之信貸期各有不同,一般 以個人客戶之財政實力為基準。為 有效管理與應收賬款有關之信貸風 險,本公司定期評估顧客信貸。應 收賬款之信貸期介乎30日至180日 (二零二三年:介乎30日至180日)。

於報告期末,根據發票日期之應收 賬款之賬齡分析(扣除撥備)如下:

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$′000 千港元
Within 1 month	少於1個月	50	175
1 to 2 months	1至2個月	-	217
2 to 3 months	2至3個月	-	71
Over 3 months	3個月以上	-	2,963
		50	3,426

#### Ageing of loan and interest receivables

The ageing analysis of loan and interest receivables as at the end of the reporting period, based on contractual due date and net of provisions, is as follows:

#### 應收貸款及利息之賬齡

於報告期末根據合約到期日及扣除 撥備後的應收貸款及利息的賬齡分 析如下:

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$′000 千港元
Not yet past due Over 3 months	尚未逾期 3個月以上	26,122 15,283	50,829 _
		41,405	50,829

## 22. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE, LOAN AND INTEREST RECEIVABLES (CONT'D)

#### (b) Impairment

#### Impairment of accounts receivable

An impairment analysis is performed at each reporting date using a provision matrix to measure ECLs. The provision rates are based on days past due for groupings of various customer segments with similar loss patterns (i.e. by geographical region, product type, customer type and rating). The calculation reflects the probability-weighted outcome, the time value of money and reasonable and supportable information that is available at the reporting date about past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions.

Set out below is the information about the credit risk exposure on the Group's accounts receivable using a provision matrix:

#### As at 31 December 2024

# 22. 應收賬款、應收貸款及利息 (續)

#### (b) 減值

### 應收賬款之減值

於各報告日期,減值分析乃藉著使 用撥備矩陣計量預期信貸虧損而進 行。撥備率乃基於逾期日數,就具 有類似虧損模式(即按地域、產品類 型、客戶類別及評級)的不同客戶分 部之組別而釐定。該計算反映概率 加權結果、貨幣時間價值以及於報 告日期可獲得有關過去事件、當前 狀況及未來經濟狀況預測之合理可 靠資料。

下表載列本集團應收賬款使用撥備 矩陣的信貸風險資料:

#### 於二零二四年十二月三十一日

		Past due 已逾期			
		Current 現時	1 to 3 months 一至三個月	Over 3 months 三個月以上	Total 總計
ECLs rate Gross carrying amount (HK\$'000) ECLs (HK\$'000)	預期信貸虧損率 賬面總值(千港元) 預期信貸虧損(千港元)	0% 50 -	- -	- -	50 -

As at 31 December 2023

## 於二零二三年十二月三十一日

			Past 已道		
		Current 現時	1 to 3 months 一至三個月	Over 3 months 三個月以上	Total 總計
ECLs rate Gross carrying amount (HK\$'000) ECLs (HK\$'000)	預期信貸虧損率 賬面總值(千港元) 預期信貸虧損(千港元)	0% 3,426 –	- - -	- -	3,426

### **恆泰裕集團控股有限公司** | 二零二四年年報 225

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

綜合財務報表附註

*For the year ended 31 December 2024* 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

## 22. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE, LOAN AND INTEREST RECEIVABLES (CONT'D)

#### (b) Impairment (Cont'd)

#### Impairment of loan and interest receivables

Set out below is the information about the credit risk exposure on the Group's loan and interest receivables using a provision matrix.

### As at 31 December 2024

22. 應收賬款、應收貸款及利息 (續)

(b) 減值(續)

### 應收貸款及利息之減值

下表載列本集團應收貸款及利息使 用撥備矩陣的信貸風險資料。

### 於二零二四年十二月三十一日

		Past due 已逾期			
_		Current 現時	1 to 3 months 一至三個月	Over 3 months 三個月以上	Total 總計
ECLs rate Gross carrying amount (HK\$'000) ECLs (HK\$'000)	預期信貸虧損率 賬面總值(千港元) 預期信貸虧損(千港元)	7.74%-7.85% 28,340 2,218	- -	0% 15,283 –	43,623 2,218

As at 31 December 2023

於二零二三年十二月三十一日

			Past 已道		
		- Current 現時	1 to 3 months 一至三個月	Over 3 months 三個月以上	Total 總計
ECLs rate Gross carrying amount (HK\$'000) ECLs (HK\$'000)	預期信貸虧損率 賬面總值(千港元) 預期信貸虧損(千港元)	1.18%-1.31% 51,466 637			51,466 637

## 22. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE, LOAN AND INTEREST RECEIVABLES (CONT'D)

(b) Impairment (Cont'd)

# *Impairment of loan and interest receivables* (Cont'd)

For credit exposures for which there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, ECLs are provided for credit losses that result from default events that are possible within the next 12-months (12-month ECLs). For those credit exposures for which there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, a loss allowance is required for credit losses expected over the remaining life of the exposure, irrespective of the timing of the default (lifetime ECLs). At each reporting date, the Group assesses whether the credit risk on loan and interest receivables has increased significantly since initial recognition. When making the assessment, the Group compares the risk of a default occurring on the loan and interest receivables as at the reporting date with the risk of a default occurring on the loan and interest receivables as at the date of initial recognition and considers reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort, including historical and forward-looking information. As at 31 December 2024, except for loan and interest receivables with carrying amount of approximately HK\$15,283,000 (2023: Nil) are classified as stage 3, all loan and interest receivables are classified as stage 1 (2023: stage 1).

As at 31 December 2024, the carrying amount of loan and interest receivables amounting to approximately HK\$15,283,000 (2023: HK\$19,000,000) was secured by listed shares as collaterals which market value was higher than the carrying amount of the loan. The Group did not recognise a loss allowance for the loan and interest receivables after taking into account of these collaterals.

## 22. 應收賬款、應收貸款及利息 (續)

(b) 減值(續)

#### 應收貸款及利息之減值(續)

就自初始確認起信貸風險未有顯著 增加的信貸敞口而言,預期信貸虧 損將就未來12個月內可能發生違約 事件而導致的信貸虧損(12個月預 期信貸虧損)計提撥備。就自初始確 認起信貸風險已顯著增加的信貸敞 口而言,不論何時發生違約,於餘 下風險年期內的預期信貸虧損(全期 預期信貸虧損)均須計提虧損撥備。 於各報告日期,本集團評估應收貸 款及利息的信貸風險自初始確認後 是否顯著增加。於作出評估時,本 集團就應收貸款及利息於報告日期 發生違約的風險與應收貸款及利息 於初始確認當日發生違約的風險進 行比較,並考慮毋須付出不必要的 成本或精力即可獲得的合理且具理 據支持的資料,包括過往及前瞻性 資料。於二零二四年十二月三十一 日,除賬面值約15,283,000港元(二 零二三年:無)的應收貸款及利息分 類為第3階段外,所有應收貸款及利 息分類為第1階段(二零二三年:第1 階段)。

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,賬 面值約15,283,000港元(二零二三 年:19,000,000港元)的應收貸款及 利息以上市股份作為市場價值較貸 款賬面值為高之抵押品抵押。經計 及該等抵押品後,本集團並無就應 收貸款及利息確認虧損撥備。

綜合財務報表附註

*For the year ended 31 December 2024* 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

# 22. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE, LOAN AND INTEREST RECEIVABLES (CONT'D)

(c) Movement of loss allowance

# The movements of loss allowance for accounts receivable

No movements in loss allowance of accounts receivable during the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023.

# The movements of loss allowance for loan and interest receivables

The movements in loss allowance for loan and interest receivables during the year are as follow:

22. 應收賬款、應收貸款及利息 (續)

(c) 虧損撥備變動

#### 應收賬款虧損撥備之變動

截至二零二四年及二零二三年十二 月三十一日止年度,概無應收賬款 虧損撥備之變動。

### 應收貸款及利息虧損撥備之變動

於年內,應收貸款及利息虧損撥備 之變動如下:

At 31 December 2024	於二零二四年十二月三十一日	2,218
At 31 December 2023 and 1 January 2024 Impairment loss recognised	於二零二三年十二月三十一日及 二零二四年一月一日 已確認減值虧損	637 1,581
At 1 January 2023 Impairment loss recognised	於二零二三年一月一日 已確認減值虧損	462 175
		12-month ECLs 12個月預期信貸 虧損 HK\$'000 千港元

## 23. PREPAYMENTS, DEPOSITS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

# 23. 預付款項、按金及其他應收款項

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Prepayments Deposits and other receivables Less: Loss allowance for deposits and other receivables	預付款項 按金及其他應收款項 減:按金及其他應收款項之 虧損撥備	3,410 54,160 (4,069)	4,630 43,703 (1,610)
	准11只1汶 (用	53,501	46,723

The financial assets included in the above balances relate to receivables for which there was no recent history of default and past due amounts.

For credit exposures for which there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, ECLs are provided for credit losses that result from default events that are possible within the next 12-months (12-month ECLs). For those credit exposures for which there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, a loss allowance is required for credit losses expected over the remaining life of the exposure, irrespective of the timing of the default (lifetime ECLs). At each reporting date, the Group assesses whether the credit risk on deposits and other receivables has increased significantly since initial recognition. When making the assessment, the Group compares the risk of a default occurring on the deposits and other receivables as at the reporting date with the risk of a default occurring on the deposits and other receivables as at the date of initial recognition and considers reasonable and supporting information that is available without undue cost or effort, including historical and forward-looking information. Except for deposits and other receivables of approximately HK\$8,316,000 and HK\$4,000 (2023: Nil and HK\$2,557,000) are classified in stage 2 and stage 3 respectively, all other deposits and other receivables are classified as stage 1 and were neither past due nor impaired.

計入上述結餘的金融資產涉及近期並無 違約記錄及逾期的應收款項。

就自初始確認起信貸風險未有顯著增加 的信貸敞口而言,預期信貸虧損將就未 來12個月內可能發生違約事件而導致 的信貸虧損(12個月預期信貸虧損)計提 撥備。就自初始確認起信貸風險已顯著 增加的信貸敞口而言,不論何時發生違 約,於餘下風險年期內的預期信貸虧損 (全期預期信貸虧損)均須計提虧損撥備。 於各報告日期,本集團評估按金及其他 應收款項的信貸風險自初始確認後是否 顯著增加。於作出評估時,本集團就按 金及其他應收款項於報告日期發生違約 的風險與按金及其他應收款項於初始確 認當日發生違約的風險進行比較,並考 慮毋須付出不必要的成本或精力即可獲 得的合理且具理據支持的資料,包括過 往及前瞻性資料。除按金及其他應收款 項約8,316,000港元及4,000港元(二零二 三年: 無及2,557,000港元)分別於第2階 段及第3階段進行分類外,所有其他按金 及其他應收款項分類為第1階段且既無逾 期亦無減值。

綜合財務報表附註

*For the year ended 31 December 2024* 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

## 23. PREPAYMENTS, DEPOSITS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (CONT'D)

23. 預付款項、按金及其他應收款 項(續)

Movement in the loss allowance during the year is as follow:

本年度虧損撥備變動如下:

		12-month ECLs 12個月 預期信貸虧損 HK\$'000 千港元	Lifetime ECLs (not credit impaired) 全期預期 信貸虧損 (無信貸減值) HK\$'000 千港元	Lifetime ECLs (credit impaired) 全期預期 信貸虧損 (信貸減值) HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$′000 千港元
At 1 January 2023 Impairment loss recognised/	於二零二三年一月一日 已確認減值虧損/(撥回 )減点転号)	908	-	422	1,330
(reversal of impairment loss) At 31 December 2023 and 1 January 2024	減值虧損) 	698		(418)	
	二零二四年一月一日	1,606	-	4	1,610
Impairment loss recognised	已確認減值虧損	76	2,383	-	2,459
At 31 December 2024	於二零二四年十二月 三十一日	1,682	2,383	4	4,069

## 24. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

# 24. 按公平值透過損益列賬之金 融資產

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Listed shares at fair value (note a) Unlisted investments at fair value	上市股份(按公平值計量) (附註a) 非上市投資(按公平值計量)	13,420	13,131
(note b) Unlisted investment fund at fair value	(附註b) 非上市投資基金(按公平值計	15,949	29,190
(note c) Derivative financial assets	量)(附註c) 衍生金融資產	6,798	10,797
(notes d)	(附註d)	-	8,579
		36,167	61,697
Less: current portion	減:流動部分	(36,167)	(32,507)
Non-current portion	非流動部分	-	29,190

## 24. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS (CONT'D)

# 24. 按公平值透過損益列賬之金 融資產(續)

The carrying amounts of the Group's financial assets at FVTPL are denominated in the following currencies:

本集團按公平值透過損益列賬之金融資 產之賬面值乃以下列貨幣計值:

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
HKD USD	港元美元	23,673 12,494	45,604 16,093
		36,167	61,697

The above equity investments were classified as financial assets at FVTPL.

Notes:

- (a) Listed shares included in the financial assets at FVTPL were mainly investments in Town Health International Medical Group Limited (Stock Code: 3886) ("Town Health") and Currenc Group Inc. ("CURR") amounting to approximately HK\$7,724,000 and HK\$5,696,000 (2023: HK\$13,131,000 and HK\$ Nil), respectively as at 31 December 2024.
- (b) As at 31 December 2024, the Group's unlisted investments represented 2.06% (2023: 3.32%) equity interest in World Biotech Regenerative Medical Group Limited ("World Biotech") including a profit guarantee.

上述股本投資乃分類為按公平值透過損 益列賬之金融資產。

附註:

- (a) 於二零二四年十二月三十一日,計入按 公平值透過損益列賬之金融資產中的 上市股份主要為於康健國際醫療集團 有限公司(股份代號:3886)(「康健」)及 Currenc Group Inc.(「CURR」)之投資分別約 7,724,000港元及5,696,000港元(二零 二三年:13,131,000港元及零港元)。
- (b) 於二零二四年十二月三十一日,本集團 非上市投資指於環球生物科技再生醫 療集團有限公司(「環球生物科技再生醫 療」)2.06%(二零二三年:3.32%)股權 (包括溢利擔保)。

綜合財務報表附註

## 24. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS (CONT'D)

Notes: (Cont'd)

(b) (Cont'd)

#### **World Biotech**

On 15 October 2021, Absolutely Talent entered into a subscription agreement with World Biotech ("**World Biotech Shares Subscription Agreement**") to subscribe for 50,000 shares of World Biotech, representing approximately 4.65% equity interest of World Biotech, with consideration of HK\$40,000,000. Pursuant to the World Biotech Shares Subscription Agreement, World Biotech guarantees that either the average of the net profits of World Biotech for each of the two financial years ending 30 September 2025 or the valuation of World Biotech on or before 31 December 2025 would not be less than the agreed amounts. In the event of a breach of this guarantee, World Biotech shall be liable to pay compensation to Absolutely Talent.

During the year ended 31 December 2022, the Group has received a dividend from Luck Key, an associate of the Company, additional 10,650 shares which representing 0.99% equity interest of World Biotech. As at 31 December 2022, the Group holds 5.64% equity interest of World Biotech.

During the year ended 31 December 2024, the Group disposed of 13,498 (2023: 25,000) shares of World Biotech to an independent third party for a consideration of approximately HK\$9,719,000 (2023: HK\$20,720,000). This resulted in a loss on disposal of financial assets at FVTPL of approximately HK\$1,333,000 (2023: gain of approximately HK\$335,000) during the year ended 31 December 2024. As at 31 December 2024, the Group held 2.06% (2023: 3.32%) equity interest of World Biotech.

*For the year ended 31 December 2024* 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

# 24. 按公平值透過損益列賬之金 融資產(續)

附註:(續)

(b) (續)

#### 環球生物科技再生醫療

於二零二一年十月十五日, 俊萬與環 球生物科技再生醫療訂立認購協議(「**環 球生物科技再生醫療股份認購協議**」), 以認購50,000股環球生物科技再生醫療股份,佔環球生物科技再生醫療股份,佔環球生物科技再生醫療股權約 4.65%,代價為40,000,000港元。根據 環球生物科技再生醫療擔保,環球生物科技再生醫療擔保,環球生物科技再生醫療擔保,環球生物科技再生醫療於截至二至年九月三 十日止兩個財政年度各年的平均溢利乏 年十二月三十一日或之前的估值均不會 低於協定金額,倘違反該擔保,則環球 生物科技再生醫療須負責向俊萬支付賠 償金。

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止 年度,本集團已自本公司聯營公司 Luck Key收取額外10,650股股份(相當 於環球生物科技再生醫療0.99%股權) 作為股息。於二零二二年十二月三十一 日,本集團持有環球生物科技再生醫療 5.64%股權。

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年 度,本集團出售13,498股(二零二三年: 25,000股)環球生物科技再生醫療股份 予一名獨立第三方,代價約為9,719,000 港元(二零二三年:20,720,000港元)。 其導致截至二零二四年十二月三十一日 止年度按公平值透過損益列賬之金融資 產出售虧損約1,333,000港元(二零二三 年:收益約335,000港元)。於二零二四 年十二月三十一日,本集團持有環球生 物科技再生醫療2.06%(二零二三年: 3.32%)股權。

## 24. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS (CONT'D)

Notes: (Cont'd)

(b) (Cont'd)

#### 2024 valuation

Fair value of the shares of World Biotech was assessed by an independent qualified professional valuer using the market transaction approach. The valuation was based on the transaction price from the transfer of the shares of World Biotech (including the transfer of the derivative financial assets), which occurred between arm's-length parties near to the end of the reporting period. As at 31 December 2024, the aggregate fair value of the equity interest and the derivative financial assets in World Biotech was approximately HK\$15,949,000.

As at 31 December 2024, if the transaction price of market transactions increased or decreased by 5%, the carrying amount of the shares of World Biotech would increase/ decrease by approximately HK\$798,000.

The management of the Company is of the view that the market transaction approach valuation method could reduce dependency on unobservable inputs by incorporating market transaction data, and therefore enhancing the reliability of fair value measurements.

#### 2023 valuation

At at 31 December 2023, the fair value of the shares of World Biotech was evaluated based on the valuations carried out by an independent qualified professional valuer using discounted cash flow method and Black Scholes Model, the aggregate fair value of the equity interest and the derivative financial assets in World Biotech was approximately HK\$29,190,000.

## 24. 按公平值透過損益列賬之金 融資產(續)

附註:(續)

(b) (續)

#### 二零二四年估值

環球生物科技再生醫療股份之公平值乃 由獨立合資格專業估值師使用市場交易 法而作出評估。估值乃根據轉讓環球生 物科技再生醫療股份(包括轉讓衍生金融 資產)之交易價格而作出,有關轉讓於接 近報告期末經訂約方公平磋商而發生。 於二零二四年十二月三十一日,環球生 物科技再生醫療之股本權益及衍生金 融資產的公平值總額約為15,949,000港 元。

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,倘市場 交易之交易價格增加或減少5%,環球 生物科技再生醫療股份之賬面值將增 加/減少798,000港元。

本公司管理層認為,市場交易法估值方 法可透過計入市場交易數據而降低對不 可觀察輸入數據的依賴,並因此增強公 平值計量之可靠程度。

#### 二零二三年估值

於二零二三年十二月三十一日,環球生 物科技再生醫療股份之公平值乃根據 獨立合資格專業估值師使用貼現現金 流量法及布萊克-舒爾斯模型而作出估 值,環球生物科技再生醫療之股本權 益及衍生金融資產的公平值總額約為 29,190,000港元。

綜合財務報表附註

## 24. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS (CONT'D)

Notes: (Cont'd)

(b) (Cont'd)

In applying the calculation of the fair value of World Biotech at the end of reporting period, it was assumed that (a) there is no material change in the existing conditions which might adversely affect the business of World Biotech; (b) the financial projection in respect of World Biotech was prepared on a reasonable basis that reflects estimates that have been arrived at after due and careful consideration by the senior management of the Group; and (c) the economic condition will not deviate significantly from economic forecasts.

The following is the key terms of World Biotech and the profit guarantee in assessing the fair value:

Expiry date 屆滿日期

Valuation date 估值日期

#### Valuation technique

### 估值技術 Remaining period to expiration 屆滿前之剩餘期間 Discount rate 貼現率 Probability of achieving the profit guarantee 實現溢利擔保的概率 Weighted average cost of capital 加權平均資本成本 Discount for lack of marketability 因缺乏可銷售性之折讓

*For the year ended 31 December 2024* 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

## 24. 按公平值透過損益列賬之金 融資產(續)

附註:(續)

(b) (續)

於應用環球生物科技再生醫療於報告期 末之公平值之計算結果時,假設:(a)現 有狀況並無出現可能對環球生物科技再 生醫療業務造成不利影響之重大變動; (b)有關環球生物科技再生醫療之財務預 測乃按合理基準編製,反映本集團高級 管理層經審慎周詳考慮後達致之估計; 及(c)經濟狀況將不會大幅偏離經濟預 測。

以下為評估環球生物科技再生醫療及溢 利擔保公平值時的主要條款:

31 March 2026
二零二六年
三月三十一日
31 December 2023
二零二三年
十二月三十一日
Discounted cash flows
method
貼現現金流量法
2.25 years
2.25年
5.875%
50%
14%
259/
35%

## 24. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS (CONT'D)

## 24. 按公平值透過損益列賬之金 融資產(續)

Notes: (Cont'd)

(Cont'd)

(b)

附註:(續)

(b) (續)

Total fair value of World Biotech as at 31 December 2024 and 2023:

於二零二四年及二零二三年十二月三十 一日,環球生物科技再生醫療之公平值 總額:

		As at 31 December 2024 於二零二四年 十二月三十一日	As at 31 December 2023 於二零二三年 十二月三十一日
The Group's equity interest of World Biotech 本集團於環球生物科技再生醫療的股權		2.06%	3.32%
Fair value of share held by the Group and the profit guarantee 本集團所持股份及溢利擔保之公平值	HK\$'000 千港元	15,949	29,190

(c) During the year ended 31 December 2024, the Group, as a limited partner, invested in a private equity fund called Kingkey Investment Fund SPC – KKDF Selected Investment Fund SP ("Kingkey Fund"). The Kingkey Fund invested in a wide range of instruments, including but not limited to, listed and unlisted equities.

The carrying amount represents interests in unlisted investment funds. The financial assets were classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and measured at fair value under level 2 fair value hierarchy. Details of the above are disclosed in note 42(c) to the consolidated financial statements.

(d) As at 31 December 2024, no derivative financial assets were held by the Group. As at 31 December 2023, the Group's derivative financial assets of approximately HK\$8,579,000 mainly represented the fair values of (i) a put option amounted to approximately HK\$3,283,000 granted by the vendor in connection with the acquisition of a subsidiary of the Company by Dynasty View Limited, an indirect non-wholly owned subsidiary of the Company ("Dynasty View"); and (ii) a put option amounted to approximately HK\$5,296,000 granted by a shareholder of Dynamic Indonesia Holdings in connection with a deemed disposal of Dynamic Indonesia Holdings during year ended 31 December 2022.  (c) 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團(作為有限合夥人)投資於私募股權基金,名為Kingkey Investment Fund SPC - KKDF Selected Investment Fund SP(「Kingkey Fund」)。Kingkey Fund投資於多種工具,包括但不限於上市及非上市股權。

> 賬面值指於非上市投資基金的權益。金 融資產分類為按公平值透過損益列賬之 金融資產,並於公平值層級第二級下的 按公平值計量。上文之詳情於綜合財務 報表附註42(c)披露。

(d) 於二零二四年十二月三十一日,本集團 概無持有衍生金融資產。於二零二三年 十二月三十一日,本集團的衍生金融 資產約8,579,000港元主要指截至二零 二二年十二月三十一日止年度(i)賣方就 本公司之間接非全資附屬公司Dynasty View Limited(「Dynasty View」)收購本 公司一間附屬公司授出的認沽期權約 3,283,000港元的公平值;及(ii) Dynamic Indonesia Holdings之股東就視作出售 Dynamic Indonesia Holdings授出的認沽 期權約5,296,000港元的公平值。

綜合財務報表附註

## 24. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS (CONT'D)

Notes: (Cont'd)

(d) (Cont'd)

#### **Dynasty View**

The derivative financial assets of approximately HK\$3,283,000 represented the fair value of a put option granted by a third party. On 2 July 2021, Dynasty View and a third party ("Vendor") entered into a sale and purchase agreement ("S&P Agreement") pursuant to which the Vendor agreed to sell, and Dynasty View agreed to purchase 51 shares of the total issued share capital of a company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands ("Target Company"), representing 51% of the total issued share capital of the Target Company, at a consideration of HK\$2,500,000. The Target Company and its subsidiaries are principally engaged in, inter alia, microinsurance, micro-lending, digital health care and wellness service, employment and service referral agency, with a keen interest on the un-banked population; in particular, development and operation of IT fintech platform for the retail customers in Hong Kong.

In consideration of the purchaser agreeing to enter into the S&P Agreement, the Vendor granted to and in favour of Dynasty View a put option ("Dynasty View Put Option") which requires the Vendor to purchase all the 51 shares in the Target Company ("Option Shares") from Dynasty View at the purchase price ("Option Purchase Price") which shall be equivalent to the aggregate of (a) the consideration in the amount of HK\$2,500,000, and (b) an amount in Hong Kong Dollars calculated at a rate of 12% per annum on the consideration to be accrued daily from the date of the S&P Agreement up to the date of completion of the sale and purchase of the Option Shares between Dynasty View and the Vendor, if the conditions subsequent are not fulfilled by 15 months after the date of the S&P Agreement ("Long Stop Date"). The above put option shall only become exercisable after the expiry of the Long Stop Date and shall lapse on the day falling six months after the Long Stop Date.

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

# 24. 按公平值透過損益列賬之金 融資產(續)

附註:(續)

(d) (續)

#### **Dynasty View**

衍生金融資產約3,283,000港元指第三方 授出的認沽期權的公平值。於二零二一 年七月二日,Dynasty View與第三方(「賣 方」)訂立一份買賣協議(「買賣協議」), 據此,賣方同意出售,及Dynasty View 同意購買一間於英屬處女群島註冊成立 的公司(「目標公司」)的全部已發行股本 中的51股股份,佔目標公司全部已發行 股本的51%,代價為2,500,000港元。 目標公司及其附屬公司主要從事(其中包 括)小額保險、小額貸款、數字保健及健 康服務、僱傭及服務轉介機構,對無銀 行賬戶的人群有濃厚興趣;特別是為香 港的零售客戶開發及運營IT金融技術平 台。

經考慮買方同意訂立買賣協議,賣方向 Dynasty View授出有利於Dynasty View 的認沽期權(「**Dynasty View認沽期** 權」),要求賣方向Dynasty View購買目 標公司之全部51股股份(「期權股份」), 其購買價(「期權購買價」)將相等於(a)代 價金額2,500,000港元及(b)倘後續條件 於買賣協議日期後15個月(「最後截止日 期」)前未獲達成,則由買賣協議日期起 直至Dynasty View與賣方之間的期權股 份買賣完成之日為止,按該代價的年利 率12%計算的以港元計值的金額。上述 認沽期權於最後截止日期屆滿後方可行 使,並於最後截止日期後六個月當日失效。

## 24. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS (CONT'D)

Notes: (Cont'd)

(d) (Cont'd)

#### Dynasty View (Cont'd)

During the year ended 31 December 2024, the Dynasty View Put Option was exercised by the Group and the Target Company was fully disposed of to the Vendor at consideration of approximately HK\$3,441,000. This resulted in a gain on disposal of subsidiaries of approximately HK\$846,000 during the year ended 31 December 2024.

The fair value of the Dynasty View Put Option as at 31 December 2023 was arrived at, with reference to the valuation carried out by an independent qualified professional valuer not connected to the Group, using the Black Scholes Model. Pursuant to the S&P Agreement, the Vendor shall use his best endeavours to procure that certain conditions shall be fulfilled by Long Stop Date. In applying the calculation of the fair value of the Dynasty View Put Option as at 31 December 2023, it was assumed that (a) interest rates will not differ materially from those presently prevailing; (b) economic conditions will not deviate significantly from economic forecasts; and (c) there is no other unpredictable and force majeure which cause material adverse effect.

#### As at 31 December 2023

Maturity Date 屆滿日期 Time to Expiration 有效期 Valuation technique 估值技術 Risk-Free Interest Rate 無風險利率 Expected volatility 預期波幅

# Fair value of the put option 認沽期權公平值

Note: The exercise price represents the purchase price to be paid by the Vendor to purchase the Option Shares when the put option is exercised.

## 24. 按公平值透過損益列賬之金 融資產(續)

附註:(續)

(d) (續)

#### Dynasty View(續)

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年 度,本集團已行使Dynasty View認沽期 權,而目標公司已悉數出售予賣方,代 價約為3,441,000港元。其導致截至二零 二四年十二月三十一日止年度出售附屬 公司之收益約846,000港元。

Dynasty View認沽期權於二零二三年十 二月三十一日的公平值乃基於與本集團 並無關連的獨立合資格專業估值師經參 考使用布萊克 - 舒爾斯模型進行的估值 而達致。根據買賣協議,賣方須盡其所 能地促使若干條件於最後截止日期前獲 達成。於應用於二零二三年十二月三十 一日計算的Dynasty View認沽期權的公 平值時,假定(a)利率與現行利率並無重 大差異;(b)經濟狀況與經濟預測並無重 大偏差;及(c)並無其他不可預測及不可 抗力因素造成重大不利影響。

#### 於二零二三年十二月三十一日

28 March 2024 二零二四年三月二十八日 0.24 years 0.24年 Black Scholes Model 布萊克一舒爾斯模型 4.89%

70.5%

HK\$′000 千港元 3,283

附註:行使價指當認沽期權獲行使時, 賣方為購買期權股份將予支付的 購買價。

綜合財務報表附註

## 24. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS (CONT'D)

Notes: (Cont'd)

(d) (Cont'd)

#### **Dynamic Indonesia Holdings**

The derivative financial assets of approximately HK\$5,296,000 represented the fair value of a put option granted by a grantor in connection with a deemed disposal of Dynamic Indonesia Holdings. On 2 June 2022, Noble Tack International Limited ("Second Subscriber"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company and the then controlling shareholder of Dynamic Indonesia Holdings, entered into a subscription agreement ("Subscription Agreement") with Dynamic Indonesia Holdings and Dynamic Investment Holdings Limited (formerly known as TNG FinTech Holdings Limited) ("First Subscriber"), the then non-controlling shareholder of Dynamic Indonesia Holdings and a wholly-owned subsidiary of Seamless Group Inc. ("Grantor"), pursuant to which Dynamic Indonesia Holdings agreed to allot and issue 5,000 subscription shares ("Subscription Shares") in five tranches (with each tranche of 1,000 Subscription Shares) for the aggregate subscription price of US\$1,000,000 ("Subscription"). The Subscription Shares represent 20% of the enlarged issued share capital of Dynamic Indonesia Holdings upon completion of the Subscription.

On 2 June 2022, the Grantor also entered into an option deed ("Option Deed") with the Second Subscriber, pursuant to which the Grantor agreed to grant to the Second Subscriber an option ("Put Option") for the right but not the obligation to require the Grantor (or its nominee) to acquire all or part of the ordinary shares of Dynamic Indonesia Holdings held by the Second Subscriber ("Walletku Option Shares") and all or part of the outstanding shareholder's loans of approximately US\$2,050,000 from the Second Subscriber ("Shareholder's Loans") upon exercise of the put option which is exercisable at the discretion of the Second Subscriber in accordance with the terms of the Option Deed. The Second Subscriber has the discretion to determine the number of the Walletku Option Shares and the amount of the Shareholder's Loans to be acquired by the Grantor (or its nominee) upon exercise of the put option and the Second Subscriber shall notify the Grantor such number of the Walletku Option Shares and amount of the Shareholder's Loans to be acquired by the Grantor (or its nominee) in the option notice to be served by the Second Subscriber.

*For the year ended 31 December 2024* 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

# 24. 按公平值透過損益列賬之金 融資產(續)

附註:(續)

(d) (續)

#### **Dynamic Indonesia Holdings**

衍生金融資產約5,296,000港元指授 出人就視作出售Dynamic Indonesia Holdings(授出的認沽期權的公平值。於 二零二二年六月二日,本公司之全資附 屬公司及Dynamic Indonesia Holdings當 時之控股股東Noble Tack International Limited(「**第二認購人**」)與Dynamic Indonesia Holdings及Dynamic Indonesia Holdings當時之非控股股東及Seamless Group Inc.(「授出人」)之全資附屬公司 Dynamic Investment Holdings Limited(前 稱TNG FinTech Holdings Limited)(「第一 **認購人」**)訂立認購協議(「**認購協議**」), 據此, Dynamic Indonesia Holdings同意 以總認購價1,000,000美元分五批(每批 1,000股認購股份)配發及發行5,000股 認購股份(「**認購股份**」)(「認購事項」)。 認購股份相當於於認購事項完成後 Dynamic Indonesia Holdings經擴大已發 行股本之20%。

於二零二二年六月二日,授出人亦與第 二認購人訂立期權契據(「期權契據」), 據此,授出人同意授予第二認購人權 利,但並非責任之期權(「認沽期權」), 以要求授出人(或其代名人)於認沽期權 (可由第二認購人根據期權契據之條款酌 情行使)獲行使後購買第二認購人所持有 的Dynamic Indonesia Holdings的全部或 部分普通股(「Walletku期權股份」)及來 自第二認購人的全部或部分未償還股東 貸款約2,050,000美元(「**股東貸款**」)。第 二認購人擁有酌情權釐定於行使認沽期 權後將由授出人(或其代名人)將予購買 的Walletku期權股份數目及股東貸款金 額,及第二認購人須於第二認購人將予 發出的期權通知中知會授出人將由授出 人(或其代名人)購買的該等Walletku期 權股份數目及股東貸款金額。

## 24. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS (CONT'D)

Notes: (Cont'd)

(d) (Cont'd)

#### Dynamic Indonesia Holdings (Cont'd)

On 22 May 2024, the Second Subscriber and the Grantor entered into an agreement to extend the expiry date of the exercise period of the Put Option from 2 June 2024 to 31 August 2024. On 30 August 2024 (i.e. the day before the extended expiry date of the Put Option), the Second Subscriber, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, exercised the Put Option pursuant to which the Second Subscriber disposed of 10,200 Walletku Option Shares (representing approximately 40.8% of the issued shares of Dynamic Indonesia Holdings) and the Shareholder's Loans in the total amount of US\$2,050,000 to the Grantor at the option price of US\$5,400,000 on the date of completion of the Put Option ("Option Completion Date"), which was settled with the issue of the convertible bonds by the Grantor ("Grantor Convertible Bonds") to Century Harvest Investment Limited ("Century Harvest"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company.

Following the disposal of the Group's interests in Dynamic Indonesia Holdings, the reportable segment of provision of services through network media was ceased and accordingly be classified as a discontinued operation as from 30 August 2024. Details of the above disposal are further disclosed in note 34(c) to the consolidated financial statements.

The fair value of the Put Option as at 31 December 2023 was arrived at with reference to the valuation carried out by an independent qualified professional valuer not connected to the Group, using the Black Scholes Model. In applying the calculation of the fair value of the Put Option as at 31 December 2023, it was assumed that (a) interest rates will not differ materially from those presently prevailing; (b) economic conditions will not deviate significantly from economic forecasts; and (c) there is no other unpredictable and force majeure which cause material adverse effect.

The following is the valuation parameters in assessing the fair value of Dynamic Indonesia Holdings and the Put Option:

## 24. 按公平值透過損益列賬之金 融資產(續)

附註:(續)

(d) (續)

#### Dynamic Indonesia Holdings (續)

於二零二四年五月二十二日,第二認購 人與授出人訂立協議以將認沽期權行使 期的屆滿日期由二零二四年六月二日延 長至二零二四年八月三十一日。於二零 二四年八月三十日(即認沽期權延長屆 滿日期前一日),本公司全資附屬公司 第二認購人行使認沽期權,據此,於認 估期權完成日期(「期權完成日期」),第 二認購人以期權價格5,400,000美元出售 10,200股Walletku期權股份(佔Dynamic Indonesia Holdings已發行股份約40.8%) 及股東貸款合共2,050,000美元予授出 人,由授出人向本公司全資附屬公司福 永投資有限公司(「福永」)發行可換股債 券(「授出人可換股債券」)作結算。

隨著本集團出售於Dynamic Indonesia Holdings之權益,透過網絡媒體提供服 務之可報告分部已於二零二四年八月三 十日起終止,並因此分類為已終止經營 業務。上述出售事項的詳情於綜合財務 報表附註34(c)進一步披露。

認沽期權於二零二三年十二月三十一日 的公平值乃基於與本集團並無關連的獨 立合資格專業估值師經參考使用布萊克 - 舒爾斯模型進行的估值而達致。於應 用於二零二三年十二月三十一日計算的 認沽期權的公平值時,假定(a)利率與現 行利率並無重大差異;(b)經濟狀況與經 濟預測並無重大偏差;及(c)並無其他不 可預測及不可抗力因素造成重大不利影響。

以下為評估Dynamic Indonesia Holdings 及認沽期權公平值的估值參數:

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度 24. 按公平值透過損益列賬之金 24. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH 融資產(續) PROFIT OR LOSS (CONT'D) 附註:(續) Notes: (Cont'd) (d) (Cont'd) (d) (續) Dynamic Indonesia Holdings (Cont'd) Dynamic Indonesia Holdings (續) As at 31 December 2023 於二零二三年十二月三十一日 Maturity Date 2 June 2024 屆滿日期 二零二四年六月二日 Time to Expiration 0.42 years 0.42年 有效期 Valuation technique Black Scholes Model 估值技術 布萊克一舒爾斯模型 **Risk-Free Interest Rate** 5.32% 無風險率 Expected volatility 37.07% 預期波幅 Discount for lack of marketability 43% 因缺乏可銷售性之折讓 Fair value of the put option HK\$'000 5,296 認沽期權公平值 千港元 Note: The exercise price represents the purchase price to be 附註: 行使價指當認沽期權獲行使 時,授出人為購買Walletku期權

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

綜合財務報表附註

paid by the Grantor to purchase the Walletku Option Shares when the Put Option is exercised.

## 25. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

## 25. 現金及等同現金項目

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Cash and bank balances	現金及銀行結餘	10,987	6,569

At 31 December 2024, cash and bank balances of the Group denominated in USD amounted to approximately HK\$Nil (2023: HK\$945,000) and AUD amounted to approximately HK\$671,000 (2023: HK\$2,582,000).

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,本集團 以美元計值之現金及銀行結餘約為零港 元(二零二三年:945,000港元)及以澳元 計值之現金及銀行結餘約為671,000港元 (二零二三年:2,582,000港元)。

股份將予支付的購買價。

## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

## 26. CONTRACT LIABILITIES

# 26. 合約負債

		Notes 附註	2024 二零二四年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$′000 千港元
Contract liabilities Deposits received and deferred income	合約負債 已收按金及遞延收入	(i), (ii)	9,076	10,190

Notes:

- 附註:
- Revenue of approximately HK\$10,190,000 (2023: HK\$8,146,000) recognised for the year ended 31 December 2024 was related to contract liabilities at the beginning of the year.
- (ii) The Group receives payments from customers for the hotel and related services when the customers made reservation of accommodation of hotel rooms. Payments are usually received in advance before the services provided which are mainly from provision of hospitality services and related services in Australia.

## 27. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES, ACCRUALS AND PROVISION

- (i) 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度 確認之收益約10,190,000港元(二零二 三年:8,146,000港元),乃與年初之合 約負債有關。
- (ii) 本集團於客戶預訂酒店房間住宿時就酒 店及相關服務收取客戶款項。一般於提 供服務(主要於澳洲提供酒店服務及相關 服務)前可收到款項。

# 27. 貿易及其他應付款項、應計費 用及撥備

	2024 二零二四年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$′000 千港元
Trade payables 應付貿易賬款 Accruals and other payables 應計費用及其他應付款項	4,842 28,289	5,091 29,281
	33,131	34,372
	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$′000 千港元
Additional provision for litigations 年內額外訴訟撥備	_	4,819
for the year (notes 38(c) and (d)) (附註38(c)及(d)) Provision for litigations derecognised upon 視作出售一間附屬公司後 deemed disposal of a subsidiary 終止確認的訴訟撥備		.,

港元 20,846 澳元 12,285 33,131

The carrying amounts of the Group's trade and other payables, accruals and provision are denominated in the following currencies:

HKD

AUD

本集團貿易及其他應付款項、應計費用 及撥備之賬面值乃以下列貨幣計值:

2024

千港元

二零二四年 HK\$'000

2023 二零二三年

HK\$'000

千港元

17,743

16,629

34,372

AND PROVISION (CONT'D)	用及
Ageing analysis of trade creditors	應付貿

The following is an ageing analysis of trade payables based on the invoice date of the Group as at the end of the reporting period:

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

## 27. 貿易及其他應付款項、應計費 み撥備(續)

#### 貿易賬款賬齡分析

以下為本集團於報告期末根據發票日期 應付貿易賬款之賬齡分析:

恆泰裕集團控股有限公司	二零二四年年報	241

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Within 3 months Over 3 months	3個月之內 3個月以上	2,088 2,754	4,109 982
		4,842	5,091

# 27. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES, ACCRUALS

## 28. INTEREST BEARING BANK AND OTHER BORROWINGS

# 28. 計息銀行及其他借貸

The exposure of the Group's borrowings is as follows:

本集團借貸的風險如下:

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Interest-bearing bank borrowings Interest-bearing other borrowings	計息銀行借貸 其他計息借貸	72,567 30,524	55,771 10,188
Less: Interest-bearing bank and other borrowings classified as current portion	減:分類為流動部分的計息 銀行及其他借貸	103,091 (95,546)	65,959 (38,439)
Non-current portion	非流動部分	7,545	27,520
Fixed-rate borrowings Variable-rate borrowings	固定利率借貸 浮動利率借貸	30,740 72,351	10,188 55,771
		103,091	65,959
Secured Unsecured	有抵押 無抵押	72,567 30,524	55,771 10,188
		103,091	65,959
Analysis into: The carrying amounts of the above borrowings are repayable: Within one year or on demand In the second year In the third to fifth years, inclusive	分析為: 上述借貸賬面值須予償還 時間: 一年內或按要求 第二年 第三至第五年(包括首尾 兩年)	95,546 7,545 –	38,439 5,759 21,761
	Р¥У — Т /	103,091	65,959

The average effective interest rates per annum on the Group's borrowings are as follows:

本集團借貸之平均實際年利率如下:

		2024 二零二四年	2023 二零二三年
Average effective interest rate: Fixed-rate borrowings Variable-rate borrowings	平均實際利率: 固定利率借貸 浮動利率借貸	10.6% 7.3%	9.5% 7.4%

綜合財務報表附註

*For the year ended 31 December 2024* 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

## 28. INTEREST BEARING BANK AND OTHER BORROWINGS (CONT'D)

## 28. 計息銀行及其他借貸(續)

The carrying amounts of the Group's interest bearing bank and other borrowings are denominated in the following currencies: 本集團計息銀行及其他借貸之賬面值乃 以下列貨幣計值:

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$′000 千港元
HKD AUD	港元 澳元	26,189 76,902	7,000 58,959
		103,091	65,959

# 29. CONVERTIBLE LOANS AND DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

In December 2021 and January 2022, a subsidiary of the Company, Endless Foison Limited ("EFL"), issued several convertible loan notes ("Convertible Notes") with aggregate principal amount of HK\$7,000,000 and HK\$600,000 respectively. The Convertible Notes will mature on 31 March 2024 ("Maturity Date") and do not carry interest. The Convertible Notes may be convertible into fully paid ordinary shares of EFL at the option of the holders of the Convertible Notes ("Noteholders") based on the outstanding principal amount of the Convertible Notes, the agreed valuation of the Company and the number of issued shares of EFL in accordance with the terms and conditions of the Convertible Notes. The Noteholders may also request for early redemption of the Convertible Notes by EFL at 105% of the par value of the Convertible Notes during the period from the first business day immediately after 31 March 2023 and the date which is 10 business days immediately before the Maturity Date.

During the year ended 31 December 2024, the Convertible Notes of approximately HK\$694,000 (2023: HK\$Nil) were repaid and the maturity date of the remaining Convertible Notes were renegotiated with the corresponding Noteholders which agreed extend to 31 March 2026. During the year ended 31 December 2024, the remaining Convertible Notes were derecognised following a substantial modification when the maturity date of the Convertible Notes was extended and the option to convert them into fully paid ordinary shares of EFL was expired. As a result of the substantial modification, the remaining unpaid portion of these Convertible Notes was reclassified as other borrowings.

## 29. 可換股貸款及衍生金融負債

於二零二一年十二月及二零二二年一 月,本公司之附屬公司Endless Foison Limited (「**EFL**」)發行若干可換股貸款票 據(「**可換股票據**」),本金總額分別為 7,000,000港元及600,000港元。可换股 票據將於二零二四年三月三十一日(「到期 **日**」)到期且不計息。可換股票據可按可 換股票據持有人(「**票據持有人**」)之選擇, 根據可換股票據之條款及條件,按照尚 未行使之可換股票據之本金額、本公司 同意之估值及已發行EFL股份數目,轉換 為EFL之繳足普通股。票據持有人亦可於 緊隨二零二三年三月三十一日後首個營 業日起至緊接到期日前10個營業日當日 止期間,要求EFL按可換股票據面值之 105%提早贖回可換股票據。

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年 度,可換股票據已償還約694,000港元 (二零二三年:零港元),而餘下可換股 票據之到期日已與相關票據持有人重新 ,並同意延長至二零二六年三月三 十一日。截至二零二四年十二月三十一 日止年度,餘下可換股票據於可換股票 據到期日獲延長時及於轉換為EFL繳足普 通股之購股權失效時,於重大修訂後股 止確認。由於重大修訂,將該等可換股 票據餘下未償還部分重新分類為其他借 貸。

## 29. CONVERTIBLE LOANS AND DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL LIABILITIES (CONT'D)

## 29. 可換股貸款及衍生金融負債 (續)

The proceeds received from the issue of the Convertible Notes have been split between the liability and derivative components as follows: 發行可換股票據收到之所得款項已劃分 為負債及衍生工具部分,如下所示:

		HK\$'000 千港元
<b>Liability component:</b> Liability component at 1 January 2023 Interest charge (note 9)	<b>負債部分:</b> 於二零二三年一月一日的負債部分 利息開支(附註9)	7,715 613
Liability component at 31 December 2023 and 1 January 2024 Interest charge (note 9) Repayment Derecognition upon substantial modification	於二零二三年十二月三十一日及 二零二四年一月一日的負債部分 利息開支(附註9) 償還 於重大修訂時終止確認	8,328 457 (694) (8,091)
Liability component at 31 December 2024	於二零二四年十二月三十一日的負債部分	-
Derivative component:	衍生工具部分:	
Derivative component at 1 January 2023 Change in fair value	於二零二三年一月一日的衍生工具部分 公平值變動	402 (402)
Derivative component at 31 December 2023, 1 January 2024 and 31 December 2024	於二零二三年十二月三十一日、 二零二四年一月一日及二零二四年 十二月三十一日的衍生工具部分	_

The interest charged for the period is calculated by applying effective interest rate ranging from 8.07% to 8.24% to the liability component since the Convertible Notes were issued.

自可換股票據發行起,期內利息支出乃 按負債部分之實際利率介乎8.07%至 8.24%計算。

綜合財務報表附註

*For the year ended 31 December 2024* 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

## 29. CONVERTIBLE LOANS AND DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL LIABILITIES (CONT'D)

The derivative component was measured at its fair value at the date of issue and at the end of each reporting period. The fair values were estimated using Crank Nicolson finitedifference method (level 3 fair value measurements). The key assumptions used are as follows:

## 29. 可換股貸款及衍生金融負債 (續)

衍生工具部分按其於發行日期及各報告 期末的公平值計量。公平值乃使用克蘭 克尼科爾森有限差分法進行估計(第三級 公平值計量)。所使用的主要假設如下:

		31 December 2023 二零二三年 十二月三十一日	Date of issue 發行日期
Weighted average share price	加權平均股價	HK\$1,333港元	HK\$2,394港元
Weighted average exercise price	加權平均行使價	HK\$7,720港元	HK\$7,720港元
Expected volatility	預期波幅	41.90%	62.42 - 62.70%
Expected life	預計年期	0.25 Yr 年	2.251 - 2.292 Yr 年
Risk free rate	無風險利率	4.88%	0.561 - 0.664%
Expected dividend yield	預期股息率	0%	0%

Information about level 3 fair value measurements

#### 有關第三級公平值計量的資料

	Valuation techniques 估值技術	Significant unobservable input 重大不可觀察 輸入數據	<b>Range</b> 範圍	Effect on fair value for increase of inputs 輸入數據增加對公平值 的影響
Derivative component embedded in Convertible Notes	Crank Nicolson finite- difference method	Expected volatility	41.90%	Increase
嵌入可換股票據之衍生工具部分	克蘭克尼科爾森	預期波幅		增加
	有限差分法			

The fair value of derivative component embedded in the Convertible Notes was determined using Crank Nicolson finite-difference method and the significant unobservable input in the fair value measurement is expected volatility. 嵌入可換股票據的衍生工具部分的公平 值乃使用克蘭克尼科爾森有限差分法釐 定,而預期波幅則為公平值計量所採用 的重大不可觀察輸入數據。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

## 30. DEFERRED TAX

# 30. 遞延稅項

An analysis of the deferred tax balances in the consolidated statement of financial position is as follows:

綜合財務狀況表所載之遞延稅項結餘分 析如下:

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$′000 千港元
Deferred tax assets	遞延稅項資產	1,059	1,169

The followings are the deferred tax balances recognised and movements thereon during the year:

下表為年內所確認之遞延稅項結餘及其 變動:

		<b>Tax losses</b> 稅項虧損 HK\$'000 千港元	Decelerated tax allowances 減速免稅額 HK\$'000 千港元	<b>Total</b> 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 January 2023 Exchange realignment	於二零二三年一月一日 外匯調整	256	914 (1)	1,170 (1)
At 31 December 2023 and 1 January 2024	於二零二三年十二月三十一日及 二零二四年一月一日	256	913	1,169
Exchange realignment	外匯調整	(24)	(86)	(110)
At 31 December 2024	於二零二四年十二月三十一日	232	827	1,059

As detailed in note 10(b) to the consolidated financial statements, the Group has unprovided deferred tax in respect of unutilised tax losses and other taxable/deductible temporary differences arising in Hong Kong and Australia that is available for offsetting against future taxable profits.

如綜合財務報表附註10(b)所詳述,本集 團擁有於香港及澳洲產生之未動用稅項 虧損及其他應課稅/可抵扣暫時性差異 之未撥備遞延稅項,可用作抵銷未來應 課稅溢利。

綜合財務報表附註

### *For the year ended 31 December 2024* 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

## 31. SHARE CAPITAL

## 31. 股本

		Number of shares 股份數目	HK\$'000 千港元
Authorised: Ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each at 1 January 2023, 31 December 2023, 1 January 2024 and 31 December 2024	法定: 於二零二三年一月一日、二零二三年 十二月三十一日、二零二四年一月一日 及二零二四年十二月三十一日 每股面值0.01港元之普通股	20,000,000,000	200,000
Issued and fully paid: Ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each at 1 January 2023 Repurchase and cancellation of shares (a)	已發行及繳足股款: 於二零二三年一月一日 每股面值0.01港元之普通股 購回及註銷股份 (a)	5,336,235,108 (180,200,000)	53,362 (1,802)
At 31 December 2023, 1 January 2024 and 31 December 2024	於二零二三年十二月三十一日、二零二四年 一月一日及二零二四年十二月三十一日	5,156,035,108	51,560
(a) The Company acquired 180,20 through purchases on the Stock E	xchange from May to June	本公司於二零二三年五月 聯交所收購其180,200,( 公本日就股份購回西去付	00股自有股

through purchases on the Stock Exchange from May to June 2023. The total amount paid for the shares repurchased was approximately HK\$17,076,000 and related transaction costs incurred of approximately HK\$157,000 have been deducted from contributed surplus.

本公司於二零二三年五月及六月通過 聯交所收購其180,200,000股自有股 份。已就股份購回而支付的總金額約為 17,076,000港元,而相關交易成本約 157,000港元已從實繳盈餘中扣除。

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's securities listed on the Stock Exchange during year ended 31 December 2024. 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度,本 公司或任何其附屬公司概無購買、出售或贖 回任何本公司於聯交所上市的證券。

*For the year ended 31 December 2024* 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

## 31. SHARE CAPITAL (CONT'D)

# 31. 股本(續)

During year ended 31 December 2023, the Group purchased, sold or redeemed the Company's securities listed on the Stock Exchange as shown below:

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年 度,本集團購買、出售或贖回本公司於 聯交所上市的證券如下所示:

		Number of	Price paid per Share 每股支付價格		
Date of Repurchase 購回日期		Shares Repurchased 購回股份數量	<b>Highest</b> 最高 HK\$ 港元	Lowest 最低 HK\$ 港元	Aggregate Consideration 總代價 HK\$ 港元
22 May 2023	二零二三年五月二十二日	1,000,000	0.083	0.083	83,000
23 May 2023	二零二三年五月二十三日	14,000,000	0.085	0.085	1,190,000
24 May 2023	二零二三年五月二十四日	12,000,000	0.086	0.084	1,031,820
25 May 2023	二零二三年五月二十五日	35,700,000	0.089	0.088	3,176,440
29 May 2023	二零二三年五月二十九日	11,000,000	0.093	0.090	1,022,270
31 May 2023	二零二三年五月三十一日	48,000,000	0.095	0.094	4,558,510
02 June 2023	二零二三年六月二日	10,000,000	0.101	0.101	1,010,000
05 June 2023	二零二三年六月五日	15,000,000	0.103	0.102	1,544,880
06 June 2023	二零二三年六月六日	20,000,000	0.104	0.102	2,078,040
07 June 2023	二零二三年六月七日	7,500,000	0.101	0.101	757,500
19 June 2023	二零二三年六月十九日	6,000,000	0.104	0.104	624,000
Total	總額	180,200,000			17,076,460

綜合財務報表附註

#### *For the year ended 31 December 2024* 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

## 31. SHARE CAPITAL (CONT'D)

#### **Capital management**

The primary objectives of the Group's capital management are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern and to maintain healthy capital ratios in order to support its business and maximise shareholders' value.

The Group manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it, in light of changes in economic conditions. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the dividends payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares.

The only externally imposed capital requirement for the Group is that in order to maintain its listing on the GEM of the Stock Exchange, the Group is required to maintain a sufficient public float of the Company's shares. The Group has maintained a sufficient public float to comply with the GEM Listing Rules throughout the year.

The Group monitors capital using a gearing ratio, which is net debt divided by capital plus net debt. Net debt includes trade and other payables, accruals and provision, interestbearing bank and other borrowings, lease liabilities and convertible loans less cash and cash equivalents. Capital includes equity attributable to the shareholders. The gearing ratios as at the end of the reporting period were as follows:

## 31. 股本(續)

#### 資本管理

本集團資本管理的主要目標為保障本集 團按持續基準經營的能力並維持良好資 本比率以支持其業務及最大化股東價 值。

本集團管理其資本架構並根據經濟狀況 的變動對其作出調整。為維持或調整資 本架構,本集團或會調整對股東的股息 派付,向股東返還資本或發行新股份。

本集團需遵守的唯一外部資本要求是為 維持於聯交所GEM的上市地位,本集 團須使本公司股份維持充足的公眾持股 量。本集團於年內一直維持充足的公眾 持股量,以符合GEM上市規則規定。

本集團採用資本負債比率監控資本,比 率乃淨債務除以資本加淨債務計算。淨 債務包括貿易及其他應付款項、應計費 用及撥備、計息銀行及其他借貸、租賃 負債及可換股貸款減現金及等同現金項 目。資本包括股東應佔權益。於報告期 末的資本負債比率如下:

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Trade and other payables, accruals and provision Interest-bearing bank and other borrowings	貿易及其他應付款項、 應計費用及撥備 計息銀行及其他借貸	33,131 103,091	34,372 65,959
Convertible loans	可換股貸款	-	8,328
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	839	5,673
Less: Cash and cash equivalents	減:現金及等同現金項目	(10,987)	(6,569)
Net debt	淨債務	126,074	107,763
Equity attributable to the shareholders	股東應佔權益	223,276	317,506
Capital and net debt	資本及淨債務	349,350	425,269
Gearing ratio	資本負債比率	36%	25%

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註 For the year ended 31 December 2024

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

## 32. SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The Company's share option scheme (the "**Share Option Scheme**") was adopted on 9 June 2020. The purpose of the Share Option Scheme is to provide incentives or rewards for eligible participants' contribution to the Group and/ or to enable the Group to recruit and retain high-calibre employees and attract human resources that are valuable to the Group and any invested entity.

There were no share options outstanding, granted, exercised, cancelled or lapsed during the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023.

Details of the Company's Share Option Scheme is set out on pages 46 to 47 of the Company's Annual Report.

## 33. RESERVES

The amounts of the Group's reserve and the movements therein for the current year are presented in the consolidated statement of changes in equity on page 133 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### (a) Share premium

The share premium account of the Company includes premium arising from the new issue of shares in the current and prior years netted of share issue expenses.

#### (b) Contributed surplus

Under the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda, the contributed surplus account of the Company is subject to compliance with the bye-laws of the Company and the laws of Bermuda, is distributable to the Shareholders under certain circumstances.

#### (c) Translation reserve

The translation reserve comprises all foreign exchange differences arising from the translation of the financial statements of foreign operations. The reserve is dealt with in accordance with the accounting policy adopted for foreign currencies in note 4(e) to the consolidated financial statements.

## 32. 購股權計劃

本公司於二零二零年六月九日採納購股 權計劃(「購股權計劃」)。購股權計劃之目 的旨在激勵或獎勵為本集團作出貢獻的 合資格參與人士及/或使本集團能夠招 聘及留聘優秀僱員及吸引對本集團及任 何投資實體有價值的人力資源。

於截至二零二四年及二零二三年十二月 三十一日止年度,概無尚未行使、已授 出、已行使、註銷或失效的購股權。

本公司購股權計劃之詳情載於本公司年 報第46至47頁。

## 33. 儲備

本集團於本年度之儲備金額及變動於綜 合財務報表第133頁的綜合權益變動表呈 列。

### (a) 股份溢價

本公司之股份溢價賬包括本年度及 過往年度發行新股份產生之溢價(經 扣除股份發行開支)。

#### (b) 實繳盈餘

根據百慕達一九八一年公司法,本 公司之實繳盈餘賬於若干情況下可 分派予股東,惟須遵守本公司之細 則及百慕達法例。

### (c) 匯兌儲備

匯兌儲備包括換算海外業務的財務 報表產生的所有匯兌差額。儲備根 據綜合財務報表附註4(e)所述就外幣 採納的會計政策進行處理。

綜合財務報表附註

*For the year ended 31 December 2024* 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

## 33. RESERVES (CONT'D)

# (d) Fair value reserve of financial assets at FVTOCI (non-recycling)

The fair value reserve of financial assets at FVTOCI (non-recycling) comprises the cumulative net changes in the fair value of equity instruments designated as measured at FVTOCI in accordance with the accounting policy adopted for equity/debt instruments designated at FVTOCI in note 4(k) to the consolidated financial statements.

#### (e) Other reserve

The other reserve mainly represents the difference between the proceed and carrying amount in the equity transaction arising from the partial disposal of equity interest or acquisition of additional equity interest in the subsidiaries without any change in the control of the subsidiaries.

## (f) Distributable reserves

As at 31 December 2024, the Company had distributable reserves of approximately HK\$Nil (2023: HK\$19,092,000) including accumulated losses of approximately HK\$1,225,413,000 (2023: approximately HK\$1,169,018,000). Under the Company's memorandum of association and the Bye-laws and the Company Act 1981 of Bermuda (as amended), the contributed surplus of the Company of approximately HK\$1,188,110,000 (2023: HK\$1,188,110,000) as at 31 December 2024, are distributable to the Shareholders if certain circumstance are met. The Company cannot declare or pay a dividend, or make distribution out of the distribution reserve if:

- (i) the Company is, or would after the payment be, unable to pay its liabilities as they become due; or
- (ii) the realisable value of the Company would thereby be less than the aggregate of its liabilities, its issued share capital and share premium accounts.

## 33. 儲備(續)

#### (d) 按公平值透過其他全面收益列賬之 金融資產之公平值儲備(不可撥回)

按公平值透過其他全面收益列賬之 金融資產之公平值儲備(不可撥回) 包括根據綜合財務報表附註4(k)所述 就指定為按公平值透過其他全面收 益列賬的權益/債務工具採納的會 計政策而指定為按公平值透過其他 全面收益列賬計量的權益工具公平 值的累計變動淨額。

#### (e) 其他儲備

其他儲備主要指部分出售附屬公司 股權或收購附屬公司額外股權(於附 屬公司之控制權未發生任何變動)產 生之股權交易所得款項與賬面值之 間的差額。

### (f) 可供分派儲備

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,本 公司擁有可供分派儲備約零港元 (二零二三年:19,092,000港元)(包 括累計虧損約1,225,413,000港元)(包 括累計虧損約1,225,413,000港元 (二零二三年:約1,169,018,000港 元))。根據本公司組織章程大綱及 細則以及百慕達一九八一年公司法 (修訂本),於二零二四年十二月三 十一日,倘若干情況獲滿足,本公 司的實繳盈餘約1,188,110,000港元 (二零二三年:1,188,110,000港元) 可供分派予股東。在以下情況下, 本公司不得宣派或派付股息,或從 分派儲備中作出分派:

- (i) 本公司現時或派付股息後無法 償還到期負債;或
- (ii) 本公司之可變現價值將因此少 於其負債、已發行股本及股份 溢價賬之總和。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註 For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

# 34. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

#### (a) Deemed disposal of subsidiaries

#### Jixiang

On 10 May 2023,上海市第三中級人民法院 (English is for identification purpose only, Shanghai Third Intermediate People's Court) ("Shanghai Court") announced that Shanghai Well C.P.A. Partnership (上 海華皓會計師事務所(普通合夥)) was appointed as the administrator ("Administrator") in respect of the insolvent liquidation of Jixiang, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company ("Liquidation"), following its acceptance of the application made by LEO Group Co., Ltd. ("Purchaser") for the Liquidation, further details of which have been set out in the Company's announcement dated 7 February 2023. On 15 May 2023, Jixiang received a list from the Administrator for the items that need to be handed over to the Administrator, including its assets, seals, and books and records ("Handover").

Immediately following the Handover which effected on 31 May 2023, Jixiang is no longer controlled by the Company under which Jixiang was deemed to be disposed of by the Group and deconsolidated from the consolidated financial statements of the Company. Immediately following the Handover and deemed disposal, Jixiang ceased to be a subsidiary of the Company.

Further details of the deemed disposal of Jixiang are set out in the Company's announcement dated 19 May 2023.

34. 綜合現金流量表附註

#### (a) 視作出售附屬公司

#### 迹象

於二零二三年五月十日上海市第三 中級人民法院(「法院」)宣佈,在其 受理LEO Group Co., Ltd. (「買方」) 作出清算申請後,上海華皓會計師 事務所(普通合夥)就有關本公司 間全資「清算」)獲委任為管理人(「管 理人」)。有關事項之進一步詳情已 載於本公司日期為二零二三年五月十 五日之公佈。於二零二三年五月十 五日之公佈。於二零二三年五月十 五日之公佈。於二零二三年五月 七日之公佈。於二零二三年五月 七日之公佈。於二零二三年五月 七日之公佈。於二零二三年五月 七日之公佈。於二零二三年五月 七日之公佈。於二零二三年五月 七日之公佈。於二零二三年五月 七日之公佈。於二零

緊隨於二零二三年五月三十一日生 效的移交後,迹象不再由本公司控 制,其中,迹象被視作被本集團出 售,且被終止於本公司綜合財務報 表入賬。緊隨移交及視作出售後, 迹象不再為本公司的附屬公司。

視作出售迹象的進一步詳情載於本 公司日期為二零二三年五月十九日 的公佈。

綜合財務報表附註

*For the year ended 31 December 2024* 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

# 34. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (CONT'D)

(a) Deemed disposal of subsidiaries (Cont'd)

#### Jixiang (Cont'd)

The following table summarises the net liabilities of Jixiang deemed disposed of during the year ended 31 December 2023, and the financial impacts are summarised as follows:

# 34. 綜合現金流量表附註(續)

#### (a) 視作出售附屬公司(續)

#### 迹象 (續)

下表概述截至二零二三年十二月三 十一日止年度視作出售的迹象的負 債淨額,其財務影響概述如下:

		2023 二零二三年 HK\$′000 千港元
Net liabilities deemed disposed of: Financial assets at FVTOCI Prepayments, deposits and other receivables Cash and cash equivalents Accruals and other payables Provision for litigations (note 27) Tax payable Interest-bearing other borrowings	視作出售負債淨額: 按公平值透過其他全面收益列賬之 金融資產 預付款項、按金及其他應收款項 現金及等同現金項目 應計費用及其他應付款項 訴訟撥備(附註27) 應付稅項 計息其他借貸	116,526 402 11 (20,267) (51,982) (56,163) (56,960)
Release of exchange reserve	解除匯兌儲備	(68,433) (3,712)
Net liabilities disposed of Gain on deemed disposal of a subsidiary	出售負債淨額 視作出售一間附屬公司之收益	(72,145) 72,145 –
Net cash outflow arising on deemed disposal: Cash and bank balances being deemed disposed of	因視作出售產生之現金流出淨額: 視作出售之現金及銀行結餘	(11)

#### (b) Disposal of subsidiaries

As detailed in note 24(d) to the consolidated financial statements, during the year ended 31 December 2024, the Group disposed of the Target Company to the Vendor at consideration of approximately HK\$3,441,000. The consideration was settled by way of loan to the Vendor pursuant to an agreement for an interest-bearing loan between the Group and the Vendor entered into on 19 August 2024 ("Loan **Receivable**").

(b) 出售附屬公司

誠如綜合財務報表附註24(d)所詳 述,截至二零二四年十二月三十一 日止年度,本集團向賣方出售目標 公司,代價約為3,441,000港元。代 價乃根據本集團與賣方於二零二四 年八月十九日訂立之計息貸款協議 透過賣方貸款之方式償付(「應收貸 款」)。

# 34. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (CONT'D)

## (b) Disposal of subsidiaries (Cont'd)

The following table summarises the net liabilities of Target Company being disposed of during the year ended 31 December 2024 and the financial impacts are summarised as follows:

# 34. 綜合現金流量表附註(續)

## (b) 出售附屬公司(續)

下表概述截至二零二四年十二月三 十一日止年度出售目標公司之負債 淨額,而財務影響概述如下:

HK\$'000

		千港元
Prepayments, deposits and other receivables	預付款項、按金及其他應收款項	63
Bank balances	銀行結餘	1
Other payables and accruals	其他應付款項及應計費用	(1,248)
		(1,184)
Financial assets at FVTPL derecognised	終止確認按公平值透過損益列賬之	
	金融資產	3,283
Non-controlling interests disposed	出售非控股權益	496
Gain on disposal	出售之收益	846
Satisfied by the Loan Receivable	以應收貸款支付	3,441
Net cash outflow arising on the disposal:	出售產生之現金流出淨額	
Cash and cash equivalents disposed	出售現金及等同現金項目	(1)

#### (c) Major non-cash transaction

# *Dividend received by way of equity interest in Dignity Choice*

During the year ended 31 December 2023, the Group received dividend from an associate by way of 10,650 shares, representing 48.33% equity interest of Dignity Choice.

## Disposal of Dynamic Indonesia Holdings

On 30 August 2024, the Second Subscriber, a whollyowned subsidiary of the Company, exercised the Put Option pursuant to which the Second Subscriber disposed of 10,200 Walletku Option Shares and the Shareholder's Loans in the total amount of US\$2,050,000 to the Grantor at the option price of US\$5,400,000 on the Option Completion Date, which was settled with the issue of the Grantor Convertible Bonds to Century Harvest.

#### (c) 重大非現金交易

#### 以Dignity Choice股權之方式收取股 息

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日 止年度,本集團以10,650股Dignity Choice股份(佔48.33%股權)之方式 收取一間聯營公司股息。

#### 出售Dynamic Indonesia Holdings

於二零二四年八月三十日,本公司 之全資附屬公司第二認購人行使認 沽期權,據此,於期權完成日期, 第二認購人以期權價格5,400,000美 元出售10,200股Walletku期權股份 及股東貸款合共2,050,000美元予授 出人,由向福永發行授出人可換股 債券作結算。

綜合財務報表附註

*For the year ended 31 December 2024* 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

## 34. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (CONT'D)

(c) Major non-cash transaction (Cont'd)

#### Disposal of Dynamic Indonesia Holdings (Cont'd)

On the same date, the Grantor Convertible Bonds were automatically converted into shares of the Grantor in accordance with the terms and conditions of the Grantor Convertible Bonds, and as a result, 772,970 shares of the Grantor ("**Grantor Shares**") were allotted and issued to Century Harvest. These Grantor Shares were further converted to shares of CURR (as defined in note 24(a)) and another unlisted entity in accordance with the terms and conversion price stipulated in a business combination agreement. Details of the disposal of Dynamic Indonesia Holdings and the subsequent conversion of shares are disclosed in the Company's announcement on 18 November 2024.

The loss on disposal of Dynamic Indonesia Holdings resulting from the above serial of transactions is as follows:

# 34. 綜合現金流量表附註(續)

### (c) 重大非現金交易(續)

#### 出售Dynamic Indonesia Holdings (續)

於同日,根據授出人可換股債券之條款及條件,授出人可換股債券自動轉換為授出人股份,因此, 772,970股授出人股份(「**授出人股** 份」)配發及發行予福永。根據業務 合併協議中所訂明的條款及換股 價,該等授出人股份進一步轉換 為CURR(定義見附註24(a))及另一 非上市實體的股份。出售Dynamic Indonesia Holdings及其後股份兌換 的詳情於本公司日期為二零二四年 十一月十八日的公佈披露。

因上述一系列交易而導致出售 Dynamic Indonesia Holdings的虧損 如下:

> HK\$'000 千港元

Carrying amounts of assets being disposed	出售資產之賬面值	
- Investment in Dynamic Indonesia Holdings	- 於Dynamic Indonesia Holdings之投資	12,462
- Shareholder's Loans	- 股東貸款	15,934
		28,396
Consideration received	已收取代價	22,711
Loss from the disposal	來自出售事項之虧損	5,685
Add: transaction cost directly attributable to	加:出售事項直接應佔交易成本	
the disposal		460
Loss on disposal	出售事項之虧損	6,145
Satisfied by:	按以下方式支付:	
Fair value of shares of CURR received by	福永收取CURR股份之公平值	
Century Harvest		22,172
Fair value of shares of an unlisted entity	福永收取非上市實體股份之公平值	
received by Century Harvest		539
		22,711

The Group did not receive any proceeds in cash from the disposal of Dynamic Indonesia Holdings. 本集團並無自出售Dynamic Indonesia Holdings收取任何現金所得款項。 NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 综合財務報表附註 For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

# 34. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (CONT'D)

# (d) Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities

The table below details the changes in the Group's liabilities from financing activities, including both cash and non-cash changes. Liabilities arising from financing activities are liabilities for which cash flows were, or future cash flows will be, classified in the Group's consolidated statement of cash flows as cash flows from financing activities.

# 34. 綜合現金流量表附註(續)

#### (d) 融資活動所產生的負債對賬

下表詳細載列本集團融資活動所產 生負債的變動,包括現金及非現金 變動。融資活動所產生負債為其現 金流量已經或未來現金流量將於本 集團綜合現金流量表內分類為融資 活動所產生現金流量的負債。

		Convertible loans 可換股貸款 HK\$'000 千港元	Lease liabilities 租賃負債 HK\$'000 千港元	Interest- bearing bank and other borrowings 計息銀行及 其他借貸 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$′000 千港元
At 1 January 2024	於二零二四年一月一日	8,328	5,673	65,959	79,960
Changes from financing cash flows:	融資現金流量之變動:				
New borrowings obtained	獲得新借貸	-	-	47,909	47,909
Repayment	償還	(694)	-	(11,253)	(11,947)
Interest paid	已付利息	-	-	(6,311)	(6,311)
Capital element of lease rentals paid	已付租金之資本部分	-	(4,306)	-	(4,306)
Interest element of lease rentals paid	已付租金之利息部分	-	(173)	-	(173)
		(694)	(4,479)	30,345	25,172
Other changes:	其他變動:				
Interest expenses	利息開支	457	173	6,704	7,334
New lease	新租賃	-	86	-	86
Early termination of lease	提早終止租賃	-	(606)	-	(606)
Derecognition upon substantial	於重大修訂時終止確認				
modification		(8,091)	-	-	(8,091)
Recognition upon substantial	於可換股貸款重大修訂時				
modification of convertible loans	確認	-	-	7,824	7,824
Derecognition upon substantial	於其他借貸重大修訂時				
modification of other borrowings	終止確認	-	-	(727)	(727)
Foreign exchange movement	匯兌變動	-	(8)	(7,014)	(7,022)
		(7,634)	(355)	6,787	(1,202)
At 31 December 2024	於二零二四年十二月三十一日	-	839	103,091	103,930

綜合財務報表附註

## *For the year ended 31 December 2024* 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

# 34. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (CONT'D)

# 34. 綜合現金流量表附註(續)

(d) Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities (Cont'd)

(d) 融資活動所產生的負債對賬(續)

At 31 December 2023	於二零二三年十二月三十一日	8,328	5,673	65,959	79,960
		613	1,696	(50,278)	(47,969)
Foreign exchange movement	匯兌變動	-	-	1,170	1,170
Deemed disposal of subsidiary	視作出售一間附屬公司	-	-	(56,960)	(56,960)
New lease	新租賃	-	1,328	-	1,328
Other changes: Interest expenses	兵也愛動 · 利息開支	613	368	5,512	6,493
		-	(4,172)	908	(3,264)
Interest element of lease rentals paid	已付租金之利息部分	-	(368)	-	(368)
Capital element of lease rentals paid	已付租金之資本部分	-	(3,804)	-	(3,804)
Interest paid	已付利息	-	-	(5,512)	(5,512
Repayment of borrowings	償還借貸	-	-	(18,734)	(18,734
Changes from financing cash flows: New borrowings obtained	融資現金流量之變動: 獲得新借貸	_	_	25,154	25,154
At 1 January 2023	於二零二三年一月一日	7,715	8,149	115,329	131,193
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		可換股貸款	租賃負債	其他借貸	總計
		IUdits	liabilities	計息銀行及	TOLAT
		loans	liabilities	borrowings	Total
		Convertible	Lease	bearing bank and other	
				Interest-	

# (e) Total cash outflow for leases included in the consolidated statement of cash flows is as follows:

#### (e) 計入綜合現金流量表的租賃的現金 流出總額如下:

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Within financing activities	於融資活動內	4,479	4,172

綜合財務報表附註 For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

## 35. PLEDGE OF ASSETS

Details of the Group's assets pledged for the Group's interest-bearing bank and other borrowings are included in note 15 to the consolidated financial statements.

# 36. CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

Significant capital expenditure contracted for as at 31 December 2024 and 2023 but not recognised as liabilities is as follows:

# 35. 抵押資產

有關本集團用於抵押其計息銀行及其他 借貸的資產詳情載於綜合財務報表附註 15。

# 36. 資本承擔

於二零二四年及二零二三年十二月三十 一日,已訂約但尚未確認為負債的重大 資本開支如下:

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$′000 千港元	HK\$'000
Property, plant and equipment – Renovation of Balgownie	物業、廠房及設備 - 翻新博爾基尼	-	15,166

綜合財務報表附註

*For the year ended 31 December 2024* 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

# 37. CONNECTED AND RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

# 37. 關連及關聯人士交易

- (a) In addition to the transactions detailed elsewhere in these consolidated financial statements, the Group had the following transactions with related parties during the years:
- (a) 除此等綜合財務報表其他部分所詳 述的交易外,本集團於年內與關聯 人士進行了以下交易:

		Notes 附註	2024 二零二四年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Rental expenses paid to a related company	向一間關聯公司支付 租賃開支	(i)	4,112	3,738
Rental deposit paid to a related company (included in deposits and other receivables (note 23))	向一間關聯公司支付 租賃按金(計入按金 及其他應收款項 (附註23))	(i)	2,432	2,432
Income generated from provision of administrative and management services to a related company	向一間關聯公司提供 行政及管理服務所 產生之收入	(i)	420	1,228
Cost of medical services paid to a related company	向一間關聯公司支 付醫療服務之成本	(i)	341	547
Consultancy fee paid to an associate	向一間聯營公司支付 諮詢費	(ii)	360	400
Loan to an associate (included in deposits and other receivables (note 23))	向一間聯營公司提供 貸款(計入按金 及其他應收款項 (附註23))	(iii)	_	15,933
Loan to an associate (included in deposits and other receivables (note 23))	向一間聯營公司提供 貸款(計入按金及 其他應收款項	(iv)		12,225
Interest receivables from an associate (included in deposits and other receivables (note 23))	(附註23)) 來自一間聯營公司 之應收利息 (計入按金及 其他應收款項	(iv)	7,439	7,439
Interest income from an associate (included in other income (note 7))	(附註23)) 來自一間聯營公司之 利息收入 (計入其他收入	(iv)	432	283
Loan from a related party (included in interest-bearing other	(附註7)) 來自一名關聯人士之 貸款(計入計息	(v)	149	149
borrowings (note 28))	其他借貸 (附註28))	( ))	4,335	3,188
Interest paid to a related party	向一名關聯人士支付 利息 向一間關聯公司提供	(vi) (vii)	248	-
Income generated from provision of administrative and management services to a related company	问一 间 關	(VII)	1,306	

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

## 37. CONNECTED AND RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (CONT'D)

(a) (Cont'd)

Notes:

- (i) The income generated from provision of administrative and management services were received and the cost of medical services and rental expenses were incurred and paid to Hong Kong Health Check and Medical Diagnostic Centre Limited, a subsidiary of the Group's associate for the years ended 31 December 2023 and 2024. In addition, the rental deposit was also paid to this related company.
- (ii) The consultancy fees were paid for the consultancy services provided by Nuada Limited, a subsidiary of the Group's associate.
- (iii) The loan was provided by the Group to Dynamic Indonesia Holdings, a former subsidiary that became an associate after Walletku Disposal in June 2022, and the loan is interest-free and has no fixed term of repayment.
- (iv) The loan was provided by the Group to French Modern Concept, an associate of the Group, and the interest is paid for the loan. The loan has no fixed term of repayment.
- (v) The loan was provided by Mr. Lawrence Tang, a director of certain subsidiaries of the Company, and with interest bearing for the loan during the year ended 31 December 2023 and 2024. The related party transaction constituted a connected transaction as defined in chapter 20 of the GEM Listing Rules.
- (vi) The loan was provided by Mr. Lawrence Tang, a director of certain subsidiaries of the Company in previous years. The interest was paid for the loan during the year ended 31 December 2024. The related party transaction constituted a connected transaction as defined in chapter 20 of the GEM Listing Rules.
- (vii) The income generated from provision of administrative and management services was received from a subsidiary of Starry Ace Limited, an associate of the Group, for the year ended 31 December 2024.
- (b) The remuneration paid to key management personnel, who are the Company's Directors is disclosed in note 13 to the consolidated financial statements.

# 37. 關連及關聯人士交易(續)

(a) (續)

附註:

- (i) 提供行政及管理服務所產生之收 入已予收取,截至二零二三年及 二零二四年十二月三十一日止年 度產生之醫療服務成本及租金開 支已支付予本集團聯營公司之附 屬公司香港體檢及醫學診斷中心 有限公司。此外,租賃按金亦已 支付予該關聯公司。
- (ii) 有關本集團聯營公司之附屬公司 洛爾達控股有限公司所提供諮詢 服務之諮詢費已予支付。
- (iii) 貸款由本集團向Dynamic Indonesia Holdings(一間前附屬公司,並於 二零二二年六月完成Walletku出售 事項後成為一間聯營公司)提供, 貸款為免息,且無固定還款期。
- (iv) 貸款由本集團向French Modern Concept(本集團之一間聯營公司) 提供,貸款利息已予支付。貸款 並無固定還款期。
- (v) 貸款由本公司若干附屬公司的董 事Lawrence Tang先生提供,於截 至二零二三年及二零二四年十二 月三十一日止年度計息。該關聯 人士交易構成關連交易(定義見 GEM上市規則第20章)。
- (vi) 貸款由本公司若干附屬公司的董 事Lawrence Tang先生於過往年度 提供。貸款於截至二零二四年十 二月三十一日止年度的利息已予 支付。該關聯人士交易構成關連 交易(定義見GEM上市規則第20 章)。
- (vii) 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日 止年度,提供行政及管理服務所 產生之收入已由本集團聯營公司 Starry Ace Limited之附屬公司收 取。
- (b) 已付主要管理人員(為本公司董事)之酬 金於綜合財務報表附註13披露。

綜合財務報表附註

#### *For the year ended 31 December 2024* 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

# 38. LITIGATIONS

As at 31 December 2024 and 2023, the Group was involved in the legal proceedings or potential legal proceedings as follows:

### **Convoy Case**

(a) On 19 December 2017, Ever Robust Holdings Limited ("Ever Robust"), an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, received a writ of summons with a statement of claim (the "Writ") issued in the Court of First Instance of the High Court of Hong Kong (the "Court") by Convoy Global Holdings Limited ("Convoy"), Convoy Collateral Limited (the "Second Plaintiff") and CSL Securities Limited (the "Third Plaintiff", together with Convoy and the Second Plaintiff, collectively as the "Plaintiffs") against, among other defendants, Ever Robust (together with the other defendants, collectively as the "Defendants").

Based on the Writ, the orders sought by the Plaintiffs against Ever Robust were as follows: (i) Convoy sought an order as against, among others, Ever Robust, that the allotment of the shares in Convoy by Convoy to, among others, Ever Robust on 29 October 2015, be set aside; (ii) the Second Plaintiff and the Third Plaintiff sought an order that the financing facilities granted by them, including the loan (the "Convoy Loan") in the amount of approximately HK\$129,000,000 granted to Ever Robust by the Second Plaintiff on 9 November 2015, and the margin loan (the "Margin Loan") granted to Ever Robust by the Third Plaintiff which amounted to HK\$67,574,473 as at 29 March 2016, be rescinded; and (iii) the Plaintiffs sought against, among others, Ever Robust for (a) general or special damages; (b) interests; (c) costs; and (d) further and/ or other reliefs (the "Convoy Proceedings"). As at 19 December 2017, Ever Robust had fully repaid the Convoy Loan and the Margin Loan and did not hold any shares in Convoy.

# 38. 訴訟

於二零二四年及二零二三年十二月三十 一日,本集團牽涉下列法律訴訟或潛在 法律訴訟:

#### 康宏案件

(a) 於二零一七年十二月十九日,本公司之間接全資附屬公司連捷控股有限公司(「連捷」)接獲康宏環球控股有限公司(「康宏」)、康宏財務有限公司(「第二原告人」)及康證有限公司(「第二原告人」,連同康宏及第二原告人統稱「原告人」)於香港高等法院(「法院」)原訟法庭向包括連捷在內的其他被告人(連同其他被告人統稱「被告人」)發出的傳訊令狀連同申索書(「令狀」)。

根據令狀,原告人對連捷尋求的命 令如下:(i)康宏向連捷尋求命令(其 中包括)康宏於二零一五年十月二十 九日向(其中包括)連捷配發的康宏 股份予以撤銷;(ii)第二原告人及第 三原告人尋求有關廢止彼等授出的 財務融資的命令,包括由第二原告 人於二零一五年十一月九日向連捷 授出的金額約為129,000,000港元的 貸款(「**康宏貸款**」),及由第三原告 人於二零一六年三月二十九日向連 捷授出的金額為67,574,473港元的 孖展貸款(「**孖展貸款**」);及(iii)原告 人向連捷尋求(其中包括)(a)一般或 特定損害賠償;(b)利息;(c)成本; 及(d) 進一步及/或其他寬免(「**康宏** 訴訟」)。於二零一七年十二月十九 日,連捷已悉數償還康宏貸款及孖 展貸款及並無持有任何康宏股份。

綜合財務報表附註 For the year ended 31 December 2024

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

## 38. LITIGATIONS (CONT'D)

#### Convoy Case (Cont'd)

(a) (Cont'd)

On 6 March 2018, a case management conference hearing was held before the Honourable Mr. Justice Harris on the Convoy Proceedings. On 9 July 2018, Ever Robust has received an amended writ of summons and an amended statement of claim (the "Amended Statement of Claim"). Pursuant to the Amended Statement of Claim, the reliefs sought by the Plaintiffs against Ever Robust were amended as follows: (i) a declaration and order as against among others, Ever Robust, that the allotment of the shares in Convoy by Convoy to, among others, Ever Robust, on 29 October 2015, was null and void, or has been rescinded and set aside (as sought by Convoy); (ii) an account of profits and an order for payment of any sums found to be due, equitable compensation to be assessed, and/ or damages to be assessed for breach of fiduciary, common law and/or statutory duties, dishonest assistance, unlawful means conspiracy and/or lawful means conspiracy, as against, among others, Ever Robust (as sought by Convoy); (iii) an order against, among others, Ever Robust, for an account of profits and an order for payment of any sums found to be due, equitable compensation to be assessed, and/ or damages to be assessed for breach of fiduciary, common law and/or statutory duties, dishonest assistance, unlawful means conspiracy and/or lawful means conspiracy (as sought by the Second Plaintiff and the Third Plaintiff); and (iv) against, among others, Ever Robust, for (a) general or special damages; (b) interests; (c) costs; and (d) further and/or other reliefs (as sought by all the Plaintiffs).

# 38. 訴訟(續)

康宏案件(續)

(a) (續)

於二零一八年三月六日,夏利士法 官就康宏訴訟進行了案件管理會議 **聆訊。於二零一八年七月九日,**連 捷已接獲經修訂傳訊令狀及經修訂 申索書(「**經修訂申索書**」)。根據經 修訂申索書,原告人尋求對連捷的 寬免修訂如下:(i)一項針對(其中包 括)連捷的關於康宏於二零一五年十 月二十九日向(其中包括)連捷配發 康宏股份的聲明及命令為無效或已 撤回及撤銷(如康宏所尋求);(ji)交 出所得利潤令及一項就違反授信責 任、普通法及/或法定責任、不誠 **實協助、非法及/或合法手段串謀** 而針對(其中包括)連捷作出的有關 支付任何應付款項、將予評定之衡 平補償及/或將予評定之損害賠償 的命令(如康宏所尋求);(iii)對(其中 包括) 連捷頒令交出所得利潤及頒令 其因違反授信責任、普通法及/或 法定責任、不誠實協助、非法及/ 或合法手段串謀而須支付任何應付 款項、將予評定之衡平補償及/或 將予評定之損害賠償(如第二原告人 及第三原告人所尋求);及(iv)針對 (其中包括)連捷的(a)一般或特定損 害賠償;(b)利息;(c)成本;及(d)進 一步及/或其他寬免(如所有原告人 所尋求)。

綜合財務報表附註

*For the year ended 31 December 2024* 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

## 38. LITIGATIONS (CONT'D)

#### Convoy Case (Cont'd)

(a) (Cont'd)

On 27 July 2018, Ever Robust received a sealed order (the "**Order**") dated 28 June 2018 against, among other Defendants, Ever Robust, in which 11 parties are ordered to join the proceedings as additional defendants. Pursuant to the Order, it was further ordered, among other matters, as to between the Plaintiffs and Ever Robust (among certain other Defendants), that the Plaintiffs did have leave to file and serve the Amended Statement of Claim.

On 30 November 2018, Ever Robust received a copy of the sealed order dated 1 November 2018 against, among other defendants, Ever Robust, in which a party was ordered to join the proceedings as an additional defendant.

On 10 December 2018, Ever Robust filed its defence ("**Defence**") to the Plaintiff's claim in the Convoy Proceedings with the Court. Pursuant to the Defence, Ever Robust averred that the Plaintiffs were not entitled to any relief against Ever Robust in the Convoy Proceedings.

On 30 August 2019, Ever Robust filed its amended Defence pursuant to the order of Hon Harris J dated 12 July 2019.

Further details of the Convoy Proceedings were set out in the Company's announcements dated 19 December 2017, 1 June 2018, 7 June 2018 and 25 July 2018.

After seeking the legal opinion, the Group considered that there was no assessed monetary claim by the Plaintiffs and it is premature to give opinion on the probable outcome and estimate the ultimate liability.

# 38. 訴訟(續)

#### 康宏案件(續)

(a) (續)

於二零一八年七月二十七日,連捷 接獲一份針對包括連捷等被告人發 出日期為二零一八年六月二十八日 之蓋印命令(「命令」),當中頒令11 名涉事方作為新增被告人加入有關 法律程序。除有關原告人及連捷 (包括若干其他被告人)間的其他事 項外,該命令亦進一步頒令稱原告 人已獲許可存檔及送達經修訂申索 書。

於二零一八年十一月三十日,連捷 接獲一份針對包括連捷等被告人發 出日期為二零一八年十一月一日之 蓋印命令副本,當中頒令一名涉事 方作為新增被告人加入有關法律程 序。

於二零一八年十二月十日,連捷就 康宏訴訟向法院遞交回應原告人索 償之抗辯書(「**抗辯書**」)。根據抗辯 書,連捷聲明原告人無權於康宏訴 訟中向連捷索取任何寬免。

於二零一九年八月三十日,連捷根 據日期為二零一九年七月十二日 的夏利士法官命令遞交經修訂抗辯 書。

有關康宏訴訟的進一步詳情載於本 公司日期為二零一七年十二月十九 日、二零一八年六月一日、二零一 八年六月七日及二零一八年七月二 十五日之公佈。

於尋求法律意見後,本集團認為原 告人並無已評估金錢索償,目前仍 無法就潛在結果作出意見及預測最 終責任。

综合財務報表附註 For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

# 38. LITIGATIONS (CONT'D)

#### Zhu Xiao Yan Case

On 2 January 2018, Ever Robust received a petition (b) (the "Petition") issued in the Court by Zhu Xiao Yan (the "Petitioner") against, among other respondents, Ever Robust. Based on the Petition, the Petitioner has held and continues to hold 3,234,000 shares in Convoy since around mid-2015, and the Petitioner sought the following orders against, among others, Ever Robust: (i) a declaration that the placement of 3,989,987,999 shares in Convoy by Convoy to, among other placees, Ever Robust, and/or such placed shares were void ab initio and of no legal effect or, alternatively, be set aside; (ii) damages for dilution of the Petitioner's shareholding; (iii) interest; (iv) such further or other relief and all necessary and consequential directions as the Court may think fit; and (v) costs (the "Zhu Proceedings"). As at 2 January 2018, Ever Robust did not hold any shares in Convoy.

On 6 March 2018, a case management conference was held on the Zhu Proceedings, in which the Honourable Mr. Justice Harris made an order that the Zhu Proceedings be stayed with liberty to restore, pending the outcome of the Convoy Proceedings.

Further details of the Zhu Proceedings were set out in the Company's announcement dated 2 January 2018.

The Group has sought preliminary opinion on the above legal proceedings from its solicitors (or legal adviser) in Hong Kong, who, based on the information available as of the date on these consolidated financial statements, was of the opinion that:

- there is no assessed monetary claim except the Plaintiffs' claim and the Petitioner's claims against Ever Robust for damages to be assessed;
- it is premature to give opinion on the probable outcome; and
- it is premature to estimate the ultimate liability.

# 38. 訴訟(續)

### 朱曉燕案件

(b) 於二零一八年一月二日, 連捷接獲 朱曉燕(「呈請人」)於法院向包括連 捷在內的其他被告人發出的呈請書 (「呈請書」)。根據呈請書,呈請人 約自二零一五年中起持有並將繼續 持有3,234,000股康宏股份,呈請 人對(其中包括)連捷尋求的命令如 下:(i)宣佈康宏向包括連捷在內的 其他承配人配售的3,989,987,999 股康宏股份,及/或該等配售股份 自始無效且並無法律效力或予以撤 銷;(ii)就攤薄呈請人股權尋求損害 賠償;(iii)利息;(iv)法院可能認為 合適的進一步或其他寬免及所有必 要及相應指示;及(v)成本(「**朱氏訴 訟**」)。於二零一八年一月二日,連 捷並無持有任何康宏股份。

> 於二零一八年三月六日,就朱氏訴 訟舉行了案件管理會議,於會上, 夏利士法官頒令暫停朱氏訴訟,但 有權恢復,以待康宏訴訟判決結 果。

> 有關朱氏訴訟的進一步詳情載於本 公司日期為二零一八年一月二日之 公佈。

> 本集團已就上述法律程序向其香港 律師(或法律顧問)尋求初步意見, 基於截至此等綜合財務報表日期可 得之資料,其認為:

- 不存在已評估金錢索償,惟不 包括原告人及呈請人就其待評 估損害賠償而向連捷提出的索 償;
- 目前仍無法就潛在結果作出意
   見;及
- 目前仍無法預測最終責任。

綜合財務報表附註

#### *For the year ended 31 December 2024* 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

# 38. LITIGATIONS (CONT'D)

#### **Essence Case**

During the years ended 31 December 2020 and 2021, (c) a subsidiary of the Company (the "Borrower") had breached the covenant of a loan (the "Essence Loan") in the original principal amount of RMB79,868,600 granted by Essence Securities Co., Limited (the "Lender"), which is secured by certain of the listed securities ("Pledged Assets") (notes 20 and 24) (the "Essence Case"). On 17 January 2020, the Borrower received the summons (the "Summons") issued by the Lender, as plaintiff, in Shenzhen Intermediate People's Court (the "SZ Court") against the Borrower as defendant. Pursuant to the Summons, the Lender demanded the SZ Court to order the Borrower to: (i) repay to the Lender the outstanding principal amount of the Essence Loan in the sum of approximately RMB70.893.000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$79,216,000); (ii) pay to the Lender interest at the rate of 6% per annum accrued on the outstanding principal amount of the Essence Loan in the sum of approximately RMB70,893,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$79,216,000) from 20 June 2019 to the date of repayment; (iii) pay to the Lender liquidated damages at the daily rate of 0.03%, including liquidated damages on the outstanding interest in the sum of approximately RMB1,042,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$1,164,000) from 16 September 2019 to the date of repayment and liquidated damages on the principal from 19 June 2018 to the date of repayment; (iv) pay to the Lender its legal costs in making the claims in the sum of RMB76,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$85,000); (v) use the proceeds from the realisation of 45,779,220 shares in LEO (i.e. the Jixiang's Shares) (note 20) pledged by the Borrower through discounting, sale or auction firstly to repay to the Lender the outstanding amount of the Essence Loan, the interest, the liquidated damages and the legal costs; and (vi) bear all the litigation costs such as case acceptance fees and security fee of this case. As per the Summons, the aggregate amount of the claims under (i) to (iv) up to 18 November 2019 amounted to approximately RMB85,186,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$95,187,000).

# 38. 訴訟(續)

## 安信案件

於截至二零二零年及二零二一年十 (c) 二月三十一日止年度,本公司一間 附屬公司(「借款人」)違反安信證券 股份有限公司(「貸款人」)授出的原 本金額為人民幣79,868,600元由若 干上市證券(「抵押資產」)(附註20及 24)作抵押的貸款(「安信貸款」)的契 諾(「**安信案件**」)。於二零二零年一 月十七日,借款人已接獲深圳市中 級人民法院(「**深圳法院**」)發出的由 貸款人(作為原告)針對借款人(作為 被告)的傳票(「**傳票」**)。根據傳票, 貸款人要求深圳法院向借款人頒 令:(i)向貸款人償還未償還安信貸 款本金總額約人民幣70,893,000元 (相當於約79.216.000港元);(ii)向貸 款人支付自二零一九年六月二十日 起至償還日期之未償還安信貸款本 金總額約人民幣70.893.000元(相當 於約79,216,000港元)按年利率6% 計算的利息;(iii)向貸款人支付按日 利率0.03%計算的違約賠償金,包 括自二零一九年九月十六日起至償 還日期的總額約人民幣1,042,000 元(相當於約1,164,000港元)未償還 利息的違約賠償金及自二零一八年 六月十九日起至償還日期的本金違 約賠償金;(iv)向貸款人支付其於作 出申索產生的法律費用共計人民幣 76,000元(相當於約85,000港元); (v)使用由借款人抵押的45,779,220 股利歐股份(即迹象之股份)(附註 20) 經折現、出售或拍賣變現的所 得款項,優先向貸款人償還未償還 安信貸款金額、利息、違約賠償金 及法律費用;及(vi)承擔本案的受 理費及保證金等所有訴訟費用。根 據傳票,(i)至(iv)項下的申索總金額 直至二零一九年十一月十八日為 約人民幣85,186,000元(相當於約 95,187,000港元)。

綜合財務報表附註 For the year ended 31 December 2024

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

## 38. LITIGATIONS (CONT'D)

#### Essence Case (Cont'd)

(c) (Cont'd)

On or around November 2020, the Borrower received the judgement ("**Judgement**") issued by the SZ Court in relation to the Summons, pursuant to which:

- (1) the Borrower shall within ten days after the Judgement becoming effective, repay to the Lender (a) the outstanding principal amount of the Essence Loan in the sum of approximately RMB71 million and interest on the outstanding principal amount of the Essence Loan (consisting of (i) interest in the amount of approximately RMB1 million accrued from 20 June 2019 to 16 September 2019; and (ii) interest at the rate of 6% per annum accrued on the outstanding principal amount of the Essence Loan in the sum of approximately RMB71 million from 16 September 2019 to the date of repayment); (b) liquidated damages at the daily rate of 3/10,000 on the outstanding interest in the sum of approximately RMB1 million payable from 16 September 2019 to the date of repayment; and (c) liquidated damages at the daily rate of 3/10,000 on the outstanding principal amount of the Essence Loan (consisting of (i) liquidated damages in the amount of approximately RMB1 million payable from 19 June 2019 to 19 August 2019; and (ii) liquidated damages on the outstanding principal amount of the Essence Loan in the sum of approximately RMB71 million payable from 19 August 2019 to the date of repayment);
- (2) the Lender shall have the right to the Pledged Assets as a chargee and the priority to be compensated with the proceeds from the realisation of the Pledged Assets through discounting, auction or sale; and
- (3) out of the litigation costs (consisting of case acceptance fees and security fee) in the aggregate amount of approximately RMB473,000, approximately RMB465,000 and approximately RMB8,000 shall be borne by the Borrower and the Lender, respectively.

38. 訴訟(續)

安信案件(續)

(c) (續)

於二零二零年十一月或前後,借款 人收到深圳法院就傳票發出之判決 (「**判決**」),據此:

- (1) 借款人須於判決生效後十日 內向貸款人償還(a)未償還 安信貸款本金總額約人民幣 71.000.000元及未償還安信貸 款本金額之利息(包括(i)自二零 一九年六月二十日至二零一九 年九月十六日之累計之利息約 人民幣1,000,000元;及(ii)自二 零一九年九月十六日起至還款 日期就未償還安信貸款本金總 額約人民幣71.000.000元按年 利率6%計算的利息);(b)自二 零一九年九月十六日起至償還 日期就未償還利息總額約人民 幣1,000,000元應付的按日利率 3/10,000計算的違約賠償金; 及(c)按日利率3/10,000計算的 未償還安信貸款本金額違約賠 償金(包括(i)自二零一九年六月 十九日起至二零一九年八月十 九日應付的違約賠償金約人民 幣1,000,000元;及(ii)自二零一 九年八月十九日起至償還日期 就未償還安信貸款本金總額約 人民幣71,000,000元應付的違 約賠償金);
- (2) 貸款人有權作為抵押資產的承 押人,並就以折現、拍賣或出 售方式變現抵押資產的所得款 項優先獲得賠償;及
- (3) 訴訟費用總額為約人民幣 473,000元(包括案件受理費 及保證金),其中約人民幣 465,000元由借款人承擔,約 人民幣8,000元由貸款人承擔。

綜合財務報表附註

#### *For the year ended 31 December 2024* 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

## 38. LITIGATIONS (CONT'D)

#### Essence Case (Cont'd)

(c) (Cont'd)

Save for the above, the orders the Lender demanded the SZ Court to make against the Borrower in the Summons were rejected by the SZ Court.

Further details of the Summons and the Judgement were set out in the Company's announcement dated 18 January 2020 and 20 November 2020.

The Group completed the disposals of Town Health shares on 3 March 2021 and 10 March 2021 to partially repay the Essence Loan and the liabilities owed to the Lender under the Essence Loan as required by the Judgment.

On 10 May 2023, Shanghai Court announced that Shanghai Well C.P.A. Partnership (上海華皓會計師事務 所(普通合夥)) has been appointed as the Administrator in respect of the Liquidation, following its acceptance of the application made by the Purchaser for the Liquidation. Further details of this appointment have been set out in the Company's announcement dated 7 February 2023. On 15 May 2023, Jixiang received a list from the Administrator for the Handover.

The deemed disposal of Jixiang was completed on 31 May 2023, and the Pledged Assets held by Jixiang were deemed to be disposed of.

# 38. 訴訟(續)

#### 安信案件(續)

(c) (續)

除上述者外,貸款人於傳票中要求 深圳法院對借款人作出之命令均被 深圳法院駁回。

有關傳票及判決的進一步詳情載於 本公司日期為二零二零年一月十八 日及二零二零年十一月二十日之公 佈。

本集團於二零二一年三月三日及二 零二一年三月十日完成康健股份出 售事項,以按判決規定償還部分安 信貸款及安信貸款項下結欠貸款人 之負債。

於二零二三年五月十日,法院宣 佈,在其受理買方作出清算申請 後,上海華皓會計師事務所(普通合 夥)已就有關清算獲委任為管理人。 有關該委任之進一步詳情已載於本 公司日期為二零二三年二月七日之 公佈。於二零二三年五月十五日, 迹象從管理人處收到一份移交之清 單。

視作出售迹象於二零二三年五月三 十一日完成,而迹象持有的抵押資 產視作將予出售。

綜合財務報表附註 For the year ended 31 December 2024

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

## 38. LITIGATIONS (CONT'D)

#### LEO Case

(d) On 7 December 2015, Jixiang, a subsidiary of the Company, Mr. Xu Jialiang, Mr. Xu Xiaofeng (collectively, the "Vendors"), 上海智趣廣告有限公 司(in English, for identification purpose, Shanghai Zhiqu Advertisement Co., Ltd.) ("Zhiqu") and LEO Group Co., Ltd. ("LEO") entered into a sale and purchase agreement (as amended and supplemented by a supplemental agreement dated 11 January 2016) (the "Zhiqu SP Agreement"), pursuant to which LEO agreed to acquire, and the Vendors agreed to sell, the entire equity interest of Zhigu (the "Zhigu Disposal"). The Vendors and LEO also entered into the performance compensation agreement (the "Performance Compensation Agreement") in relation to the adjustments to the total consideration for the Zhigu Disposal. The total consideration shall be subject to adjustments (the "Adjustments", each an "Adjustment") in accordance with the Performance Compensation Agreement in the manner as stipulated below:

For the purpose of the Adjustments, the "Audited NOP" is Zhiqu's audited net operating profit after tax, after adjustments for, where applicable, any non-recurring and exceptional gains or losses, whichever is lower, that are not related to the ordinary business of Zhiqu, attributable to shareholders of the parent company of Zhiqu as deduced from the audited consolidated financial statements of Zhiqu for the relevant financial year ended 31 December 2016 ("FY2016"), financial year ended 31 December 2017 ("FY2017") and financial year ended 31 December 2018 ("FY2018") (each a "Guaranteed FY"). The Vendors severally (but among Mr. Xu Jialiang and Mr. Xu Xiaofeng, jointly and severally) undertook to LEO that:

- the Audited NOP of Zhiqu for FY2016 shall be not less than RMB58,000,000 (the "2016 Target NOP");
- the Audited NOP of Zhiqu for FY2017 shall be not less than RMB75,400,000 (the "2017 Target NOP"); and
- (iii) the Audited NOP of Zhiqu for FY2018 shall be not less than RMB98,020,000 (the "2018 Target NOP").

# 38. 訴訟(續)

利歐案件

(d) 於二零一五年十二月七日,本公司之附屬公司迹象、徐佳亮先生、徐曉峰先生(統稱為「賣方」)、上海智趣廣告有限公司(「智趣」)與利歐重協議(經二零一六年一月十一日之補充協議修訂及補充)(「智趣買賣協議(經二零一六年一月十一日之補充協議修訂及補充)(「智趣買賣協議(」),據此,利歐同意收購及賣方同意出售智趣之全部股權(「智趣出售事項總代價之調整訂立表現補償協議」)。總代價有該議(「表現補償協議」)。總代價須根據表現補償協議投下文規定之方式予以調整(「調整」,各為一項「調整」):

就調整而言,「**經審核經營溢利淨** 額」指根據智趣截至二零一六年十 二月三十一日止財政年度(「二零一 **六財年**」)、截至二零一七年十二月 三十一日止財政年度(「**二零一七財 年**」)以及截至二零一八年十二月三 十一日止財政年度(「二零一八財 年」)相關財政年度(各為一個「擔保 **財年**」)之經審核綜合財務報表,就 (倘適用)與智趣之日常業務並不相 關之任何非經常性及特別收益或虧 損(以較低者為準)作出調整後,智 趣母公司股東應佔的智趣經審核除 稅後經營溢利淨額。賣方個別(但徐 佳亮先生及徐曉峰先生共同及個別) 向利歐承諾:

- (i) 智趣二零一六財年之經審核經 營溢利淨額不得少於人民幣 58,000,000元(「二零一六年目 標經營溢利淨額」);
- (ii) 智趣二零一七財年之經審核經 營溢利淨額不得少於人民幣 75,400,000元(「二零一七年目 標經營溢利淨額」);及
- (iii) 智趣二零一八財年之經審核經 營溢利淨額不得少於人民幣 98,020,000元(「二零一八年目 標經營溢利淨額」)。

綜合財務報表附註

#### *For the year ended 31 December 2024* 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

## 38. LITIGATIONS (CONT'D)

#### LEO Case (Cont'd)

(d) (Cont'd)

The Vendors and LEO agreed that the amount of Adjustment (the "**Adjustment Amount**") for each Guaranteed FY shall be settled by the Vendors in the following order:

- (i) firstly, by the consideration shares allotted and issued to Mr. Xu Jialiang and Mr. Xu Xiaofeng, in proportion to the consideration shares allotted and issued to them ("Xu's Shares");
- (ii) if the Xu's Shares shall be insufficient to settle the relevant Adjustment Amount, secondly, in cash by Mr. Xu Jialiang and Mr. Xu Xiaofeng in proportion to the cash consideration received by them ("Xu's Cash");
- (iii) if Mr. Xu Jialiang and Mr. Xu Xiaofeng have not fully compensated LEO, thirdly, by the consideration shares allotted and issued to Jixiang ("Jixiang's Shares");
- (iv) if the Xu's Shares, the Xu's Cash and the Jixiang's Shares shall be insufficient to settle the relevant Adjustment Amount, fourthly, in cash by Jixiang, which is subject to a cap of approximately RMB25,510,000 ("Jixiang's Cash"); and
- (v) if the Xu's Shares, the Xu's Cash, the Jixiang's Shares and the Jixiang's Cash shall be insufficient to settle the relevant Adjustment Amount, finally, in cash by Mr. Xu Jialiang and Mr. Xu Xiaofeng to settle the balance.

# 38. 訴訟(續)

#### 利歐案件(續)

(d) (續)

賣方與利歐協定,各擔保財年的調整金額(「調整金額」)將由賣方以下 列次序償付:

- (i) 首先,以配發及發行予徐佳亮 先生及徐曉峰先生之代價股份 根據彼等獲配發及發行之代價 股份比例償付(「徐之股份」);
- (ii) 倘徐之股份不足以償付相關調整金額,則第二,由徐佳亮先生及徐曉峰先生根據彼等收取之現金代價比例以現金償付(「徐之現金」);
- (iii) 倘徐佳亮先生及徐曉峰先生未 悉數補償利歐,則第三,以迹 象獲配發及發行之代價股份償 付(「**迹象之股份**」);
- (iv) 倘徐之股份、徐之現金及迹象 之股份不足以償付相關調整金 額,則第四,由迹象以限額約 為人民幣25,510,000元之現金 償付(「**迹象之現金**」);及
- (v) 倘徐之股份、徐之現金、迹象 之股份及迹象之現金不足以償 付相關調整金額,則最後,由 徐佳亮先生及徐曉峰先生以現 金償付餘額。

综合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

## 38. LITIGATIONS (CONT'D)

#### LEO Case (Cont'd)

(d) (Cont'd)

Upon the end of each Guaranteed FY and the issue of the special audit report of Zhigu for FY2018, LEO shall engage gualified auditors to conduct asset impairment test and issue a report in respect of any asset impairment. Where the asset impairment of Zhigu as reflected in such report shall be more than the total Adjustment Amount compensated by the Vendors to LEO, the Vendors shall compensate LEO a sum equal to the difference between such asset impairment and the Adjustment Amount then compensated by the Vendors to LEO, which shall be settled first by the consideration shares (the value of which shall be calculated by multiplying such number of consideration shares with the issue price), with payment of cash to settle the balance (if any). All liabilities of Jixiang under the Performance Compensation Agreement shall at all times be capped at the total consideration received by it.

Based on a special audit report of Zhiqu for FY2016 published by LEO on 30 August 2017, the Audited NOP of Zhiqu for FY2016 amounted to approximately RMB32,240,000, which was less than the 2016 Target NOP. Accordingly, the Adjustment Amount for FY2016 shall be approximately RMB83,931,000 and shall be settled by 18,166,915 Xu's Shares (the "**FY2016 Compensation**"). Jixiang was not required to pay any compensation to LEO in respect of the Audited NOP of Zhiqu for FY2016.

As disclosed in LEO's announcement dated 31 August 2017, Mr. Xu Jialiang and Mr. Xu Xiaofeng shall pay additional compensation which comprises (i) an aggregate of 21,993,909 LEO's shares to LEO; and (ii) cash in the aggregate amount of RMB80,000,000 to Zhiqu, on or before 31 December 2017 (the "Additional Compensation"). According to LEO's announcement dated 19 December 2017, such shares were returned to LEO for distribution to its shareholders in December 2017.

38. 訴訟(續)

利歐案件(續)

(d) (續)

根據利歐於二零一七年八月三十 日刊發的二零一六財年智趣特別 審核報告,智趣二零一六財年的 經審核經營溢利淨額約為人民幣 32,240,000元,低於二零一六年 目標經營溢利淨額。因此,二零 一六財年的調整金額約為人民幣 83,931,000元並由18,166,915股 徐之股份結算(「二零一六財年補 償」)。迹象毋須就智趣二零一六財 年的經審核經營溢利淨額向利歐支 付任何補償。

誠如利歐日期為二零一七年八月三 十一日的公佈所披露,徐佳亮先生 及徐曉峰先生於二零一七年十二月 三十一日或之前(i)以共計21,993,909 股利歐股份向利歐作出額外補償; 及(ii)以現金向智趣支付共計人民幣 80,000,000元(「額外補償」)。根據 利歐日期為二零一七年十二月十九 日的公佈,有關股份於二零一七年 十二月歸還予利歐以供分派予其股 東。

綜合財務報表附註

*For the year ended 31 December 2024* 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

### 38. LITIGATIONS (CONT'D)

#### LEO Case (Cont'd)

(d) (Cont'd)

Based on a special audit report of Zhigu for FY2017 published by LEO on 14 December 2018, the Audited NOP of Zhiqu for FY2017 amounted to approximately RMB36,689,000, which was less than the 2017 Target NOP. Accordinaly, the Adjustment Amount for FY2017 shall be approximately RMB126,125,000 and shall be settled by 3,821,856 Xu's Shares and Xu's Cash in the amount of approximately RMB108,468,000 (the "FY2017 Compensation") taking into consideration the Additional Compensation. However, as disclosed in the Company's announcement dated 15 March 2019, according to LEO's announcement dated 15 March 2019, given that the 3.821.856 Xu's Shares were not sufficient to settle the FY2017 Compensation and Mr. Xu Jialiang and Mr. Xu Xiaofeng were unable to provide the Xu's Cash in the amount of approximately RMB108,468,000, in accordance with the settlement mechanism above, the FY2017 Compensation shall be settled by 23,477,822 Jixiang's Shares and Jixiang shall also return the cash dividend in the amount of approximately RMB506,000 received from LEO to an account designated by LEO.

As disclosed in the announcement of the Company dated 29 April 2019, on 29 April 2019, Jixiang received a letter from the Shanghai International Economic and Trade Arbitration Commission (Shanghai International Arbitration Center) ("SHIAC") that LEO had commenced arbitration proceedings against Jixiang to pursue the settlement of the portion of the FY2017 Compensation that Mr. Xu Jialiang and Mr. Xu Xiaofeng were unable to satisfy (the "Unsettled FY2017 Compensation"). As at 31 December 2018, the Company has been preliminarily advised by its legal advisers as to the laws of the PRC that Jixiang should have a good chance to argue in such arbitration proceeding that the demand from LEO for settlement of the Unsettled FY2017 Compensation should not be upheld. The hearing of the arbitration proceeding was held on 24 September 2019 before a panel of three arbitrators.

According to the announcement of LEO dated 8 November 2019, based on the special audit report in respect of the Audited NOP of Zhiqu for FY2018, the Audited NOP of Zhiqu for FY2018 amounted to RMB7,701,500, which was less than the 2018 Target NOP.

# 38. 訴訟(續)

#### 利歐案件(續)

(d) (續)

根據利歐於二零一八年十二月十 四日刊發的二零一七財年智趣特 別審核報告,智趣二零一七財年 的經審核經營溢利淨額約為人民 幣36,689,000元,低於二零一七年 目標經營溢利淨額。因此,經計及 額外補償,二零一七財年的調整金 額約為人民幣126,125,000元並由 3.821.856股徐之股份及金額約為人 民幣108,468,000元徐之現金結算 (「**二零一七財年補償**」)。然而,誠 如本公司日期為二零一九年三月十 五日之公佈所披露,根據利歐日期 為二零一九年三月十五日之公佈, 鑒於3,821,856股徐之股份不足以償 付二零一七財年補償及徐佳亮先生 及徐曉峰先生未能提供金額約人民 幣108,468,000元之徐之現金,根據 上述償付機制,二零一七財年補償 將以23,477,822股迹象之股份償付 及迹象亦將退還自利歐收取之現金 股息約人民幣506,000元至利歐指定 之賬戶。

誠如本公司日期為二零一九年四月 二十九日的公佈所披露,於二零一 九年四月二十九日,迹象收到上海 國際經濟貿易仲裁委員會(上海國 際仲裁中心)(「上海國仲」)之函件, 當中稱利歐已就尋求償付徐佳亮 先生及徐曉峰先生未能償付的部分 二零一七財年補償(「**未償付ニ零一** 七財年補償」)提起針對迹象的仲裁 程序。於二零一八年十二月三十-日,根據本公司中國法律顧問初步 意見,迹象很有機會在相關仲裁程 序中主張利歐清償未償付二零一七 財年補償的要求不應獲得支持。於 二零一九年九月二十四日,由三個 仲裁員組成的小組進行仲裁程序聆 訊。

根據利歐日期為二零一九年十一月 八日之公佈,根據有關智趣二零 一八財年之經審核經營溢利淨額之 特別審核報告,智趣二零一八財 年之經審核經營溢利淨額為人民幣 7,701,500元,少於二零一八年目標 經營溢利淨額。

綜合財務報表附註 For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

# 38. LITIGATIONS (CONT'D)

#### LEO Case (Cont'd)

(d) (Cont'd)

According to the announcement of LEO dated 3 December 2019, in view of the Audited NOP of Zhigu for FY2018 being RMB7,701,500, the Adjustment Amount for FY2018 shall be RMB402,738,467 accordingly. The Adjustment Amount for FY2018 shall be settled by the Xu's Shares, and where such shares are insufficient, by the Xu's Cash received by Mr. Xu Jialiang and Mr. Xu Xiaofeng. Given that Mr. Xu Jialiang and Mr. Xu Xiaofeng no longer hold any consideration shares, they will be required to compensate LEO in cash. LEO will issue a demand notice for compensation to Mr. Xu Jialiang and Mr. Xu Xiaofeng after the compensation proposal in respect of the Adjustment Amount for FY2018 has been approved by the shareholders of LEO. If Mr. Xu Jialiang and Mr. Xu Xiaofeng do not settle the Adjustment Amount for FY2018 in full within 30 days after the issue of the demand notice, Jixiang will be required to settle the Adjustment Amount for FY2018 by 45,779,220 Jixiang's Shares that it holds and, if such shares are insufficient, by Jixiang's Cash. In addition, Jixiang will also be required to return the cash bonus in relation to the Jixiang's Shares that it has received from LEO, the amount of which as determined in accordance with the amount of compensation that Jixiang is required to pay. If there is still a shortfall in the settlement of the Adjustment Amount for FY2018, Mr. Xu Jialiang and Mr. Xu Xiaofeng, who are jointly liable for such settlement, will be required to compensate LEO in cash. LEO will seek approval from its shareholders in respect of the above compensation proposal.

As disclosed in the announcement of the Company dated 6 December 2019, on 6 December 2019, Jixiang received a letter from SHIAC indicating that it has approved LEO's application ("**Application**") to make the following amendments ("**Amendments**") to certain demands made by LEO against Jixiang in relation to the settlement of the Unsettled FY2017 Compensation:

(i) the transfer of 45,779,220 Jixiang's Shares (instead of 23,477,822 Jixiang's Shares) held by the Jixiang to LEO;

# 38. 訴訟(續)

利歐案件(續)

(d) (續)

根據利歐日期為二零一九年十二月 三日之公佈,鑒於智趣二零一八財 年的經審核經營溢利淨額為人民幣 7,701,500元,據此,二零一八財年 調整金額應為人民幣402,738,467 元。二零一八財年調整金額應由 徐之股份結算,而倘相關股份不 足,則透過徐佳亮先生及徐曉峰先 生已接獲之徐之現金結算。鑒於徐 佳亮先生及徐曉峰先生不再持有任 何代價股份,彼等將須以現金補償 利歐。於利歐就補償二零一八財年 調整金額的建議經其股東批准後, 利歐將向徐佳亮先生及徐曉峰先生 發出要求補償通知。倘徐佳亮先生 及徐曉峰先生並未於發出要求通 知後30日內全數償付二零一八財 年調整金額,迹象須以其持有之 45,779,220股迹象之股份及(倘相關 股份不足)迹象之現金償付二零一八 財年調整金額。此外,迹象亦將須 退還就迹象之股份而已收利歐的現 金紅利,有關金額根據迹象須支付 的補償金額釐定。倘仍未能足額償 付二零一八財年調整金額,徐佳亮 先生及徐曉峰先生(彼等就上述償付 承擔連帶責任)將須以現金補償利 歐。利歐將就上述補償建議提交其 股東審議。

誠如本公司日期為二零一九年十二 月六日之公佈所披露,於二零一九 年十二月六日,迹象已接獲上海國 仲之函件,當中表明已批准利歐就 清償未償付二零一七財年補償針對 迹象提出的若干要求而作出以下修 訂(「修訂」)的利歐申請(「申請」):

(i) 向利歐轉讓迹象所持有之
 45,779,220股迹象之股份(而非
 23,477,822股迹象之股份);

綜合財務報表附註

*For the year ended 31 December 2024* 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

# 38. LITIGATIONS (CONT'D)

#### LEO Case (Cont'd)

- (d) (Cont'd)
  - (ii) if Jixiang is unable to transfer the entire 45,779,220 Jixiang's Shares (instead of 23,477,822 Jixiang's Shares) to LEO, the shortfall shall be compensated to LEO by way of cash; and
  - (iii) the return of the cash bonus in the amount of approximately RMB989,000 (instead of approximately RMB506,000) in relation to the 45,779,220 Jixiang's Shares (instead of 23,477,822 Jixiang's Shares) by Jixiang to LEO.

In the Application, further to the above amendments, LEO also demanded Jixiang to pay LEO (i) cash compensation in the amount of approximately RMB25,510,000; and (ii) an amount which is calculated from the date of the Application, based on the amount of unsettled compensation due from Jixiang to LEO times the one-year loan prime rate published on 21 October 2019 as authorised by the People's Bank of China (i.e. 4.20% per annum), as compensation for the loss suffered by LEO.

It was stated in the Application that the Amendments were proposed taking into consideration that (i) the Audited NOP of Zhiqu for FY2018 as reported in the special audit report in respect of the Audited NOP of Zhiqu for FY2018 amounting to approximately RMB7,702,000, was less than the 2018 Target NOP (i.e. RMB98,020,000); and (ii) any party in breach of the Performance Compensation Agreement shall be liable for damages caused to the parties not in default. It was stated in the letter that Jixiang shall provide rebuttal opinion on evidence in respect of the supplemental information attached to the Application ("**Rebuttal**") within five working days after the receipt of the letter.

# 38. 訴訟(續)

#### 利歐案件(續)

- (d) (續)
  - (ii) 倘迹象無法向利歐轉讓全部
     45,779,220股迹象之股份(而非
     23,477,822股迹象之股份),
     則差額須以現金方式補償予利
     歐;及
  - (iii) 迹象向利歐退還有關
     45,779,220股迹象之股份(而非
     23,477,822股迹象之股份)的現
     金紅利約人民幣989,000元(而
     非約人民幣506,000元)。

在申請中,除以上修訂外,利歐亦 要求迹象支付利歐(i)現金補償金額 約人民幣25,510,000元;及(ii)自申 請日期起計,以迹象應付利歐的未 償付補償金額乘以中國人民銀行授 權於二零一九年十月二十一日公佈 的一年期貸款市場報價利率(即每年 4.20厘)計算的金額,以作為利歐遭 受的虧損補償。

申請載述建議修訂乃考慮(i)根據智趣二零一八財年之經審核經營溢利 淨額特別審核報告所載,智趣二零 一八財年之經審核經營溢利淨額約 為人民幣7,702,000元,低於二零 一八年目標經營溢利淨額(即人民 幣98,020,000元);及(ii)任何違反表 現補償協議的訂約方須承擔對未違 反訂約方造成的損失。函件載述迹 象應於接獲函件後五個工作日內對 申請所附的補充資料發表質證意見 (「**質證**」)。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

## 38. LITIGATIONS (CONT'D)

#### LEO Case (Cont'd)

(d) (Cont'd)

On 10 December 2019, Jixiang has instructed its PRC legal adviser to provide the Rebuttal and an objection to the Application ("Objection") to SHIAC. In the Objection, Jixiang requested SHIAC to reject the Application, taking into account that (i) the Application was made too late, which would severely affect the normal process of the arbitration; and (ii) the inclusion of the compensation for the Adjustment Amount for FY2018 into the amended demands under the Application would complicate the case and cause delay to the arbitration proceedings, and more importantly, LEO's claims against Jixiang in relation to the Adjustment Amount for FY2018 are subject to (a) LEO's claims against Mr. Xu Jialiang and Mr. Xu Xiaofeng after the shareholders of LEO have given their approval of the related compensation proposal; and (b) the failure of Mr. Xu Jialiang and Mr. Xu Xiaofeng to settle the Adjustment Amount for FY2018 in full within 30 days after the issue of the demand notice by LEO.

On 19 December 2019, LEO issued a letter to Mr. Xu Jialiang and Mr. Xu Xiaofeng on 19 December 2019 demanding the settlement of the Adjustment Amount for FY2018. In response to the demand letter issued by LEO on 19 December 2019 as mentioned above, Mr. Xu Jialing and Mr. Xu Xiaofeng informed LEO in writing on 20 December 2019 that they were unable to pay the Adjustment Amount for FY2018 due to their financial difficulties. If Mr. Xu Jialiang and Mr. Xu Xiaofeng do not settle the Adjustment Amount for FY2018 in full within 30 days after the issue of the demand letter, Jixiang will be required to settle the Adjustment Amount for FY2018 by way of the 45,779,220 Jixiang's Shares that it holds and, if such shares are insufficient, by way of cash, which is subject to a cap of approximately RMB25,510,000 (being the amount of cash consideration received by Jixiang in relation to the Zhigu Disposal). In addition, Jixiang will also be required to return the cash dividend in relation to the Jixiang's Shares that it has received from LEO, the amount of which as determined in accordance with the amount of compensation Jixiang is required to pay. If there is still a shortfall in the settlement of the Adjustment Amount for FY2018, Mr. Xu Jialiang and Mr. Xu Xiaofeng, who are jointly liable for such settlement, will be required to compensate LEO in cash. LEO will seek approval from its shareholders in respect of the proposal to repurchase and cancel the 45,779,220 Jixiang's Shares held by Jixiang as partial settlement of the Adjustment Amount for FY2018.

# 38. 訴訟(續)

利歐案件(續)

(d) (續)

於二零一九年十二月十日,迹象 已指示其中國法律顧問向上海國 仲提供質證及有關申請的異議(「異 議」)。於異議中,迹象要求上海國 仲駁回申請,理由如下:(i)作出申 請時間過遲,將嚴重影響仲裁的正 常程序;及(ii)將二零一八財年調整 金額之補償納入申請項下的經修訂 要求將使得案情複雜並導致仲裁程 序推遲,及更為重要的是,利歐就 二零一八財年調整金額針對迹象提 出的索償受限於下列情況:(a)利歐 於其股東批准相關補償建議後向徐 佳亮先生及徐曉峰先生提出索償; 及(b)徐佳亮先生及徐曉峰先生於利 歐發出要求通知後30日內未能全數 償付二零一八財年調整金額。

於二零一九年十二月十九日,利歐 於二零一九年十二月十九日向徐佳 亮先生及徐曉峰先生發出函件要求 償付二零一八財年調整金額。因應 上述利歐於二零一九年十二月十九 日發出之要求函件,徐佳亮先生及 徐曉峰先生於二零一九年十二月二 十日書面通知利歐,彼等因財務困 難而未能支付二零一八財年調整金 額。倘徐佳亮先生及徐曉峰先生並 未於發出要求函件後30日內全數 償付二零一八財年調整金額, 迹象 將須以其持有之45,779,220股迹象 之股份及(倘有關股份不足)以現金 (上限為約人民幣25,510,000元, 即迹象就智趣出售事項收取之現金 代價金額)償付二零一八財年調整 金額。此外,迹象亦將須退還就迹 象之股份而已收利歐之現金股息, 有關金額乃根據迹象須支付之補償 金額釐定。倘仍未能足額償付二零 一八財年調整金額,徐佳亮先生及 徐曉峰先生(彼等就上述償付承擔 連帶責任)將須以現金補償利歐。 利歐將就建議回購及註銷迹象所持 45,779,220股迹象之股份以償付部 分二零一八財年調整金額提交其股 東審議。

綜合財務報表附註

#### *For the year ended 31 December 2024* 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

## 38. LITIGATIONS (CONT'D)

#### LEO Case (Cont'd)

(d) (Cont'd)

On 8 February 2021, Jixiang received the arbitral awards ("**Arbitral Awards**") issued by the SHIAC in respect of the demands made by LEO against Jixiang in relation to the settlement of the Unsettled FY2017 Compensation and the Adjustment Amount for FY2018, the details of which are as follows:

- Jixiang shall transfer 45,779,220 Jixiang's Shares it holds to LEO and assist LEO with matters relating to the acquisition and cancellation of such shares;
- (ii) if Jixiang is unable to transfer the entire 45,779,220 Jixiang's Shares to LEO within 45 days from 5 February 2021 (i.e. the date on which the Arbitral Awards were issued by the SHIAC ("Award Date")), the shortfall shall be compensated by Jixiang to LEO by way of cash, the amount of which shall be calculated using the following formula:

Amount of cash compensation to be paid to LEO =  $A \times 16.17/3.5$ 

A, being the number of Jixiang's Shares in shortfall

 (iii) Jixiang shall pay to LEO (a) cash compensation in the amount of RMB9,626,612.92 ("Cash Compensation"); and (b) damages, the amount of which shall be calculated using the following formula:

Amount of cash damages to be paid to  $LEO = 9,626,612.92 \times 3.85\%/365 \times B$ 

B, being the number of days from 4 December 2019 to the date on which the Cash Compensation is fully paid by Jixiang to LEO

(iv) Jixiang shall return the cash bonus in the amount of RMB987,523.17 to LEO;

# 38. 訴訟(續)

#### 利歐案件(續)

(d) (續)

於二零二一年二月八日,迹象接獲 上海國仲就利歐針對迹象提出有關 償付未償付二零一七財年補償及二 零一八財年調整金額之要求而作出 之仲裁裁決(「**仲裁裁決**」),詳情如 下:

- (i) 迹象應向利歐轉讓其持有之 45,779,220股迹象之股份,並 協助利歐處理有關取得及註銷 該等股份之事宜;
- (ii) 倘迹象未能於二零二一年二月 五日(即上海國仲發出仲裁裁決 之日期(「裁決日期」))起計45日 內向利歐轉讓全部45,779,220 股迹象之股份,則差額將由迹 象以現金向利歐作出補償,補 償金額按以下公式計算:

向利歐支付之現金補償金額= A x 16.17/3.5

A為迹象之股份數目差額

 (iii) 迹象應向利歐支付(a)現金補償
 人民幣9,626,612.92元(「現金 補償」);及(b)損害賠償,金額
 按以下公式計算:

> 向利歐支付之現金損害賠償金 額= 9,626,612.92 x 3.85%/365 x B

> B為自二零一九年十二月四日 至迹象向利歐全數支付現金補 償當日期間的天數

(iv) 迹象應向利歐退還現金紅利人 民幣987,523.17元;

综合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

## 38. LITIGATIONS (CONT'D)

### LEO Case (Cont'd)

- (d) (Cont'd)
  - (v) Jixiang shall pay to LEO RMB500,000 of the legal fees incurred by LEO as a result of the disputes with Jixiang over the settlement of the Unsettled FY2017 Compensation and the Adjustment Amount for FY2018 ("**Disputes**"); and
  - (vi) Jixiang and LEO shall bear 70% and 30% of the arbitration fees incurred to settle the Disputes, respectively. Given that LEO has fully settled the entire amount of the arbitration fees of RMB1,632,434, Jixiang shall pay 70% of such fees (i.e. RMB1,142,703.80) to LEO.

The Arbitral Awards set out above are final and they shall be performed by Jixiang within 45 days from the Award Date.

On 20 October 2021, the Shenzhen Stock Exchange issued a disciplinary action advance notification (the "**Notification**") to Jixiang, Mr. Xu Jialiang and Mr. Xu Xiaofeng, indicating that (i) Jixiang, Mr. Xu Jialiang and Mr. Xu Xiaofeng had breached Rules 1.4, 2.3 and 11.11.1 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Shares on the Shenzhen Stock Exchange (November 2018 Revision)\* (深圳證券交易所股票上市規則(2018年11 月修訂)) (the "Shenzhen Listing Rules") and Rule 1.3 of the Guidelines of the Shenzhen Stock Exchange for the Standard Operation of Listed Companies on the Small and Medium-sized Enterprise Board (2015 Revision)\* (深圳證券交易所中小企業板上市公司規範 運作指引(2015年修訂)), given that (a) Mr. Xu Jialiang and Mr. Xu Xiaofeng failed to fully compensate LEO in accordance with the Performance Compensation Agreement; and (b) Jixiang did not pay the compensation of RMB221 million to LEO in accordance with the arbitration judgement made by the SHIAC, whereas Zhigu's audited net operating profit after tax and other prescribed adjustments for the financial years ended 31 December 2016, 2017 and 2018 were less than RMB58,000,000, RMB75,400,000 and RMB98,020,000, respectively; and (ii) the Shenzhen Stock Exchange intends to impose the disciplinary action of the circulation of a criticism notice on Jixiang, Mr. Xu Jialiang and Mr. Xu Xiaofeng, pursuant to Rule 17.2 of the Shenzhen Listing Rules and Rule 27 of the Standards of the Shenzhen Stock Exchange for Imposition of Disciplinary Action on Listed Companies (for Trial Implementation)\* (深圳證券交易所上市公司 紀律處分實施標準(試行)).

# 38. 訴訟(續)

利歐案件(續)

- (d) (續)
  - (v) 迹象應向利歐支付利歐因與迹象就償付未償付二零一七財年補償及二零一八財年調整金額之爭議(「爭議」)而產生之法律費用人民幣500,000元;及
  - (vi) 並象及利歐應分別承擔解決爭議而產生之仲裁費用之70%及 30%。鑒於利歐已全數付清仲 裁費用人民幣1,632,434元, 迹象應向利歐支付該等費用之 70%(即人民幣1,142,703.80 元)。

上述仲裁裁決為終局裁決,迹象須 於裁決日期起計45日內履行。

於二零二一年十月二十日,深圳證 券交易所向迹象、徐佳亮先生及 徐曉峰先生發出紀律處分事先告知 書(「告知書」),當中表示(i)鑒於(a) 徐佳亮先生及徐曉峰先生未能根 據表現補償協議向利歐作出全額補 償;及(b)迹象並無根據上海國仲 作出的仲裁判決向利歐支付補償人 民幣221,000,000元,而智趣截至 二零一六年、二零一七年及二零一 八年十二月三十一日止財政年度扣 除稅項及作出其他規定調整後之經 審核經營溢利淨額分別低於人民幣 58,000,000元、人民幣75,400,000 元及人民幣98,020,000元,故迹 象、徐佳亮先生及徐曉峰先生已 違反深圳證券交易所股票上市規 則(2018年11月修訂)(「**深圳上市規 則**」)第1.4、2.3及11.11.1條以及深 圳證券交易所中小企業板上市公司 規範運作指引(2015年修訂)第1.3 條;及(ii)深圳證券交易所擬根據深 圳上市規則第17.2條及深圳證券交 易所上市公司紀律處分實施標準(試 行)第27條,對迹象、徐佳亮先生及 徐曉峰實施通報批評的紀律處分。

綜合財務報表附註

#### *For the year ended 31 December 2024* 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

## 38. LITIGATIONS (CONT'D)

#### LEO Case (Cont'd)

(d) (Cont'd)

According to the Notification, if Jixiang, Mr. Xu Jialiang and Mr. Xu Xiaofeng fail to submit their statements and pleadings in writing and evidence in relation to the matters set out in the Notification to the Shenzhen Stock Exchange by 27 October 2021, they would be deemed to have waived their rights to make their statements and pleadings.

As at the date of this report, no such written statements and pleadings and evidence have been submitted by Jixiang to the Shenzhen Stock Exchange.

Details of the Notification are set out in the announcement of the Company dated 21 October 2021.

Details of the Zhiqu Disposal and the calculation of the Adjustment Amount for each Guaranteed FY were set out in (i) the announcements of the Company dated 8 December 2015, 11 January 2016, 29 February 2016, 20 May 2016, 5 July 2016, 5 September 2016, 7 September 2016, 31 August 2017, 14 December 2018, 15 March 2019, 9 April 2019, 29 April 2019, 8 November 2019, 3 December 2019, 6 December 2019, 10 December 2019, 27 December 2019, 8 February 2021 and 7 February 2023; and (ii) the circular of the Company dated 11 February 2016.

As a result of the deemed disposal of Jixiang by the Group as set out above, upon completion of the Handover on 31 May 2023, due to loss of control over Jixiang, Jixiang has been deconsolidated from the consolidated financial statements of the Company. Consequently, the provision for the claims made by Jixiang is no longer recorded in the consolidated financial statements of the Company.

Further details of the deemed disposal of Jixiang are set out in the Company's announcement dated 19 May 2023.

# 38. 訴訟(續)

#### 利歐案件(續)

(d) (續)

根據告知書,倘迹象、徐佳亮先生 及徐曉峰先生未能於二零二一年十 月二十七日前就告知書所載事宜向 深圳證券交易所提交其陳述及申辯 書以及證據,彼等將被視為已放棄 其作出陳述及申辯的權利。

於本報告日期,迹象並無向深圳證 券交易所提交陳述及申辯書以及證 據。

告知書之詳情載於本公司日期為二 零二一年十月二十一日之公佈。

智趣出售事項及計算各擔保財年調 整金額之詳情載於(i)本公司日期分 別為二零一五年十二月八日、二零 一六年一月十一日、二零一六年二 月二十九日、二零一六年五月二十 日、二零一六年七月五日、二零一 六年九月五日、二零一六年九月七 日、二零一七年八月三十一日、二 零一八年十二月十四日、二零一九 年三月十五日、二零一九年四月九 日、二零一九年四月二十九日、二 零一九年十一月八日、二零一九年 十二月三日、二零一九年十二月六 日、二零一九年十二月十日、二零 一九年十二月二十七日、二零二一 年二月八日及二零二三年二月七日 之公佈;及(ii)本公司日期為二零一 六年二月十一日之通函。

誠如上文所述,由於本集團視作出售迹 象,故於二零二三年五月三十一日移交 完成後對迹象失去控制,迹象已被終止 於本公司綜合財務報表入賬。因此,迹 象作出申索的撥備不再於本公司綜合財 務報表入賬。

視作出售迹象的進一步詳情載於本公司 日期為二零二三年五月十九日的公佈。 NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註 For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

## **39. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES**

Except for the litigations as disclosed in note 38 to these consolidated financial statements, the Group did not have any other significant contingent liabilities as at 31 December 2024 (2023: Nil).

## 40. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

#### Subsequent events

The Directors are not aware of any significant event after the reporting period for the Group and up to the date of this report.

### 41. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY

The carrying amounts of each of the categories of financial instruments as at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

# 39. 或然負債

除此等綜合財務報表附註38所披露的訴 訟外,於二零二四年十二月三十一日, 本集團並無任何其他重大或然負債(二零 二三年:無)。

# 40. 報告期後事項

#### 期後事項

董事並不知悉本集團於報告期後及直至 本報告日期發生任何重大事項。

# 41. 金融工具之分類

金融工具於報告期末之各分類之賬面值 如下:

		Amoutional	Financial 金融資		
		Amortised cost 攤銷成本 HK\$'000 千港元	FVTPL 按公平值 透過 損益列賬 HK\$'000 千港元	FVTOCI 按公平值 透過 其他全面 收益列賬 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
<b>2024</b> Financial assets at FVTOCI	<b>二零二四年</b> 按公平值透過其他 全面收益列賬之				
	金融資產	-	-	1,426	1,426
Accounts receivable, loan and interest receivables Financial assets included in	應收賬款、應收貸款 及利息 計入預付款項、按金	41,455	-	-	41,455
prepayments, deposits and other receivables Financial assets at FVTPL	及其他應收款項之 金融資產 按公平值透過損益	50,091	-	-	50,091
	列賬之金融資產	-	36,167	-	36,167
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及等同現金項目	10,987	-	-	10,987
		102,533	36,167	1,426	140,126

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

# 41. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY

# 41. 金融工具之分類(續)

		Financial liabilities 金融負債 Amortised cost To 攤銷成本 總 HK\$'000 HK\$'0 千港元 千港	
<b>2024</b> Financial liabilities included in trade and other payables, accruals and provision Interest-bearing bank and other	<b>二零二四年</b> 計入貿易及其他應付款 項、應計費用及撥備之 金融負債 計息銀行及其他借貸	33,131	33,131
borrowings		103,091	103,091
		136,222	136,222

			Financial 金融資		
		Amortised cost	FVTPL	FVTOCI 按公平值	Total
		攤銷成本 HK\$′000 千港元	按公平值 透過 損益列賬 HK\$'000 千港元	透過 其他全面 收益列賬 HK\$'000 千港元	總計 HK\$'000 千港元
2023 Financial assets at FVTOCI	二零二三年 按公平值透過其他 全面收益列賬之				
Accounts receivable, loan and	全融資產 應收賬款、應收貸款	-	-	2,887	2,887
interest receivables Financial assets included in prepayments, deposits and	及利息 計入預付款項、按金 及其他應收款項之	54,255	-	-	54,255
other receivables Financial assets at FVTPL	金融資產 按公平值透過損益	42,093	-	-	42,093
	列賬之金融資產	-	61,697	-	61,697
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及等同現金項目 	6,569	-	-	6,569
		102,917	61,697	2,887	167,501

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註 For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

# 41. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY (CONT'D)

# 41. 金融工具之分類(續)

		Financial liabilities 金融負債		
		Amortised cost 攤銷成本 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$′000 千港元	
2023	二零二三年			
Financial liabilities included in trade and other payables, accruals and provision	計入貿易及其他應付款 項、應計費用及撥備之 金融負債	34,372	34,372	
Interest-bearing bank and other	計息銀行及其他借貸	,	,	
borrowings		65,959	65,959	
Convertible loans	可換股貸款	8,328	8,328	
		108,659	108,659	

# 42. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

# 42. 公平值計量

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The following disclosures of fair value measurements use a fair value hierarchy that categorises into three levels of inputs and the valuation techniques used to measure fair value: 公平值為市場參與者於計量日期在有序 交易中出售資產所收取或轉讓負債所支 付的價格。以下公平值計量披露使用的 公平值層級將用於計量公平值的輸入數 據及估值技術分為三個層級:

Level 1 inputs: 第一級輸入數據:	quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Group can access at the measurement date. 本集團於計量日期可取得之相同資產或負債於活躍市場之報價(未經調整)。
Level 2 inputs: 第二級輸入數據:	inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. 資產或負債直接或間接可觀察之輸入數據(第一級內包括之報價除外)。
Level 3 inputs: 第三級輸入數據:	unobservable inputs for the asset or liability. 資產或負債之不可觀察輸入數據。

The Group's policy is to recognise transfers into and transfers out of any of the three levels as of the date of the event or change in circumstances that caused the transfer.

# (a) Disclosures of level in fair value hierarchy at 31 December:

The carrying amounts and fair values of the Group's financial instruments, other than those with carrying amounts that reasonably approximate to fair values, are as follows:

本集團之政策為於導致轉撥之事件或情 況變動當日確認任何三個層級之轉入及 轉出。

(a) 於十二月三十一日之公平值層級披露:

本集團金融工具之賬面值及公平值 (該等賬面值與公平值合理相若者除 外)如下:

綜合財務報表附註

*For the year ended 31 December 2024* 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

# 42. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (CONT'D)

# 42. 公平值計量(續)

(a) Disclosures of level in fair value hierarchy at 31 December: (Cont'd)

<sup>(</sup>a) 於十二月三十一日之公平值層級披露:(續)

			Fair value measurement as at 31 December 2024 categorised into 分類為以下層級的於二零二四年 十二月三十一日之公平值計量		
		Fair value at 31 December 2024 於 二零二四年 十二月	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Recurring fair value measurements:	經常性公平值 計量:	三十一日 之公平值 HK\$'000 千港元	第一級 HK\$′000 千港元	第二級 HK\$′000 千港元	第三級 HK\$'000 千港元
Financial assets at FVTOCI	按公平值透過其他 全面收益列賬之	4.426			4.425
Financial assets at FVTPL	金融資產 按公平值透過損益 列賬之金融資產	1,426 36,167	- 13,420	_ 22,747	1,426

Fair value measurement as at 31 December 2023 categorised into 分類為以下層級的於二零二三年 十二月三十一日之公平值計量

			I/ J		111 =
		Fair value at			
		31 December			
		2023	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
		於			
		二零二三年 十二月			
Recurring fair	經常性公平值	三十一日			
value measurements:	計量:	之公平值	第一級	第二級	第三級
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Financial assets at FVTOCI	按公平值透過其他				
	全面收益列賬之	2 0 0 7	016		1 071
Financial assets at FVTPL	金融資產 按公平值透過損益	2,887	916	_	1,971
	列賬之金融資產	61,697	13,131	10,797	37,769

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註 For the year ended 31 December 2024

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

## 42. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (CONT'D)

# 42. 公平值計量(續)

- (b) Reconciliation of assets measured at fair value based on level 3:
- (b) 根據第三級按公平值計量之資產之 對賬:

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
<b>Financial assets at FVTOCI:</b> At 1 January Changes in fair value recognised in other comprehensive income	按公平值透過其他全面 收益列賬之金融資產: 於一月一日 於其他全面收益確認之 公平值變動(附註)	1,971	2,102
(note) Exchange realignment	外匯調整	(362) (183)	(131) _
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	1,426	1,971

During the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023, there was no transfer of investment in equity interests of unlisted financial assets at FVTOCI between Level 2 and Level 3.

於截至二零二四年及二零二三年十 二月三十一日止年度,第二級及第 三級之間之按公平值透過其他全面 收益列賬之非上市金融資產之股本 權益投資概無轉撥。

#### Note:

The total loss recognised in other comprehensive income included loss of approximately 362,000 (2023: HK\$131,000) related to assets held at the end of the reporting period are presented in the fair value loss on the financial assets at FVTOCI in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

附註:

於其他全面收益確認之虧損總額包括 於報告期末所持資產相關之虧損約 362,000港元(二零二三年:131,000港 元),乃於綜合損益及其他全面收益表內 按公平值透過其他全面收益列賬之金融 資產之公平值虧損呈列。

綜合財務報表附註

*For the year ended 31 December 2024* 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

## 42. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (CONT'D)

# 42. 公平值計量(續)

(b) Reconciliation of assets measured at fair value based on level 3: (Cont'd)

<sup>(</sup>b) 根據第三級按公平值計量之資產之 對賬:(續)

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Financial assets at FVTPL:	按公平值透過損益列賬之		
At 1 January Disposal	<b>金融資產:</b> 於一月一日 出售	37,769 (11,052)	102,271 (60,223)
Additions Derecognised upon disposal of	添置 於出售附屬公司後終止確	539	-
subsidiaries Changes in fair value recognised in	認 於損益確認之公平值變動	(3,283)	-
profit or loss (note) Transfer out of level 3	(附註) 轉出第三級	(8,024) (15,949)	(4,279)
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	-	37,769

During the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023, except for the fair value measurement of the equity interest and the derivative financial assets in World Biotech (note 24(b)) were transferred from measurement based on level 3 to level 2 as a result of a change in valuation, there was no transfer between financial instruments in Level 1 and Level 2, or transfer into or out of Level 3.

Note:

The total loss recognised in profit or loss included loss of HK\$8,024,000 (2023: loss of HK\$4,279,000) related to assets held at the end of the reporting period are presented in the fair value loss on financial assets at FVTPL in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

於截至二零二四年及二零二三年十 二月三十一日止年度,除估值變動 而導致環球生物科技再生醫療(附註 24(b))的股權及衍生金融資產的公 平值計量由第三級計量轉撥至第二 級外,第一級與第二級金融工具之 間概無轉撥,亦無轉入或轉出第三 級。

#### 附註:

於損益確認之虧損總額包括於報告期末 所持資產相關之虧損8,024,000港元(二 零二三年:虧損4,279,000港元),乃於 綜合損益及其他全面收益表內按公平值 透過損益列賬之金融資產之公平值虧損 呈列。

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註 For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

## 42. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (CONT'D)

Level 2 fair value measurements

# 42. 公平值計量(續)

- (c) Disclosure of valuation process used by the Group and valuation techniques and inputs used in fair value measurements at 31 December:
- (c) 於十二月三十一日,本集團所採用 的估值程序及公平值計量所採用的 估值技術及輸入數據之披露:

#### 第二級公平值計量

Description 描述	Key inputs 主要輸入數據	Fair value Assets 公平值資產		
		2024 二零二四年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元	
Financial assets at FVTPL 按公平值透過損益列賬之金融資產	奎			
Unlisted investment fund at fair va 按公平值計量之非上市投資基金(				
– Kingkey Fund	Based on the net asset value with reference to the prices of underlying investment portfolio quoted by fund administrator. The investment portfolios of the fund are based on the quoted closing price in active market of listed equity securities. 以資產淨值為基礎,經參考基金管理人對相關 投資組合的報價。基金的投資組合乃基於上 市股本證券於活躍市場的所報收市價。	6,798	10,797	
Unlisted investments at fair value ( 按公平值計量之非上市投資(附註				
- World Biotech - 環球生物科技再生醫療	Based on the transaction price from the transfer of the shares of World Biotech (including the transfer of the derivative financial assets), which occurred between arm's-length parties near to the end of the reporting period. 以轉讓環球生物科技再生醫療股份(包括轉讓衍 生金融資產)交易價為基礎,經訂約方於接近 報告期末公平磋商而發生。	15,949	N/A 不適用	

綜合財務報表附註

*For the year ended 31 December 2024* 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

# 42. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (CONT'D)

Level 3 fair value measurements

# 42. 公平值計量(續)

- (c) Disclosure of valuation process used by the Group and valuation techniques and inputs used in fair value measurements at 31 December: (Cont'd)
- (c) 於十二月三十一日,本集團所採用 的估值程序及公平值計量所採用的 估值技術及輸入數據之披露:(續)

## 第三級公平值計量

Description 描述	Valuation technique 估值技術	Unobservable inputs 不可觀察輸入數據	Range 範圍	Effect on fair value for increase of inputs 輸入數據增加 對公平值的影響	Fair value Assets/(Liabilities) 公平值 資產/(負債)	
					2024 二零二四年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Financial assets at FVTOCI 按公平值透過其他全面收益發	列賬之金融資產					
Unlisted equity securities (not 非上市股本證券(附註19)	e 19)					
- Australian Company	Asset-based approach	Discount for lack of marketability	20.4%	Decrease	1,426	1,971
一澳洲公司	資產基礎法	因缺乏可銷售性之折讓	(2023: 20%) (二零二三年: 20%)	減少		
Financial assets at FVTPL 按公平值透過損益列賬之金額	融資產					
Unlisted investments at fair va 按公平值計量之非上市投資(						
- World Biotech	Discounted cash flows method	Weighted average cost of capital	2023: 14%	Decrease	N/A	29,190
- 環球生物科技再生醫療	貼現現金流量法	加權平均資本成本	(二零二三年: 14%)	減少	不適用	
		Discount for lack of marketability 因缺乏可銷售性之折讓	2023: 35% (二零二三年: 35%)	Decrease 減少		
		Probability of achieving the profit guarantee	2023: 50%	Decrease		
		實現溢利擔保的概率	(二零二三年: 50%)	減少		

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註 For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

## 42. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (CONT'D)

# 42. 公平值計量(續)

- (c) Disclosure of valuation process used by the Group and valuation techniques and inputs used in fair value measurements at 31 December: (Cont'd)
- (c) 於十二月三十一日,本集團所採用 的估值程序及公平值計量所採用的 估值技術及輸入數據之披露:(續)

#### 第三級公平值計量(續)

Description	Valuation technique	Unobservable inputs	Range	Effect on fair value for increase of inputs 輸入數據增加	Fair v Assets/(L 公 <sup>고</sup>	iabilities)
描述	估值技術	不可觀察輸入數據	範圍	對公平值的影響	資產 2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	( <b>負債)</b> 2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
<b>Financial assets at FVTPL</b> (Con 按公平值透過損益列賬之金融資	t'd) 資 <b>產</b> (續)					
Derivative financial assets (note 2 衍生金融資產(附註24(d))	24(d))					
- Dynasty View	Black Scholes Model	Expected volatility	N/A (2023: 70.50%)	Increase	-	3,283
	布萊克-舒爾斯模型	預期波幅	不適用 (二零二三年: 70.50%)	增加		
- Dynamic Indonesia Holdings	Black Scholes Model	Expected volatility	N/A (2023: 37.07%)	Increase	-	5,296
	布萊克-舒爾斯模型	預期波幅	(2023: 37.07%) 不適用 (二零二三年: 37.07%)	增加		
		Discount for lack of marketability	N/A (2023: 43%)	Decrease		
		因缺乏可銷售性之折讓	(2023.43%) 不適用 (二零二三年: 43%)	減少		
Derivative financial liabilities 衍生金融負債						
Derivative component embeddec 嵌入可換股票據之衍生工具部分		9)				
- EFL	Crank Nicolson finite difference method	Expected volatility	N/A (2023: 41.90%)	Increase	-	-
	克蘭克尼科爾森 有限差分法	預期波幅	(2023: 41:90%) 不適用 (二零二三年: 41.90%)	增加		

#### Level 3 fair value measurements (Cont'd)

綜合財務報表附註 For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

## 42. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (CONT'D)

(c) Disclosure of valuation process used by the Group and valuation techniques and inputs used in fair value measurements at 31 December: (Cont'd)

The discount for lack of marketability represents the amounts of premiums and discounts determined by the Group that market participants would take into account when pricing the investments.

The expected volatility is based on the historical volatility (calculated based on the expected life of the share options), adjusted for any expected changes to future volatility due to public available information.

During the two years, there were no changes in the valuation techniques used.

The Group's financial controller is responsible for the fair value measurements of assets and liabilities required for financial reporting purposes, including level 3 fair value measurements. The financial controller reports directly to the Board of Directors for these fair value measurements. Discussions of valuation processes and results are held between the financial controller and the Board of Directors at least twice a year.

# *Financial assets at FVTOCI, financial assets at FVTPL and derivate financial liabilities*

The Group's financial assets and liabilities in level 3 of the fair value hierarchy were valued at 31 December 2024 and 2023 by independent and qualified professional valuers not connected to the Group. The valuers hold recognised and relevant professional qualifications and has recent experience to perform similar valuation.

# 42. 公平值計量(續)

(c) 於十二月三十一日,本集團所採用 的估值程序及公平值計量所採用的 估值技術及輸入數據之披露:(續)

> 缺乏可銷售性折讓指本集團確定的 市場參與者為投資定價時所考慮的 溢價及折扣金額。

> 預期波幅乃按歷史波幅(按購股權預 計年期計算)計算,並根據公開可得 資料對未來波幅的任何預期變動調 整。

> 於兩個年度內,所使用的估值技術 並無變化。

> 本集團財務總監負責財務報告所需 的資產及負債公平值計量(包括第三 級公平值計量)。財務總監直接向董 事會匯報該等公平值計量。財務總 監與董事會每年就估值程序及結果 至少進行兩次討論。

### 按公平值透過其他全面收益列賬之 金融資產、按公平值透過損益列賬 之金融資產及衍生金融負債

於二零二四年及二零二三年十二月 三十一日,屬於公平值層級第三級 的本集團金融資產及負債由與本集 團並無關連的獨立合資格專業估值 師進行估值。該估值師持有獲認可 的相關專業資格,並擁有進行類似 估值之近期經驗。

## 43. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The Group's principal financial instruments, comprise interest-bearing bank and other borrowings, convertible loans, cash and bank balances. The main purpose of these financial instruments is to raise finance for the Group's operations. The Group has various other financial assets and liabilities such as accounts receivable, loan and interest receivables and trade and other payables, accruals and provision, which arise directly from its operations.

The main risks arising from the Group's financial instruments are foreign currency risk, credit risk, liquidity risk, interest rate risk and market price risk. The Directors review and agree on policies for managing each of these risks as summarised below.

#### (a) Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates.

The Group currently does not have a foreign currency hedging policy. However, the management will monitor the foreign exchange exposure should the need arise.

At the end of the reporting period, the carrying amounts of monetary assets and monetary liabilities of the Group denominated in currencies other than the functional currencies of the relevant group entities are as follows:

# 43. 金融風險管理目標及政策

本集團主要金融工具包括計息銀行及其 他借貸、可換股貸款、現金及銀行結 餘。該等金融工具主要目的乃為本集團 運營籌集融資。本集團有多類其他金融 資產及負債(如應收賬款、應收貸款及利 息以及貿易及其他應付款項、應計費用 及撥備)由其運營直接產生。

本集團金融工具產生的主要風險為外匯 風險、信貸風險、流動資金風險、利率 風險及市場價格風險。董事審閱並同意 有關管理各該等風險的政策概述如下。

#### (a) 外匯風險

外匯風險為金融工具公平值或未來 現金流量將因匯率變動而波動的風 險。

本集團目前並無外匯對沖政策。然 而,管理層將於必要時監控外匯風 險。

於報告期末,本集團以相關集團實 體的功能貨幣以外的貨幣計值的貨 幣資產及貨幣負債之賬面值如下:

	Ass 資		Liabi 負	lities 債
	2024 二零二四年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$′000 千港元	2024 二零二四年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
United States dollars (" <b>USD</b> ")   美元(「 <b>美元</b> 」) Australian dollars (" <b>AUD</b> ")   澳元(「 <b>澳元</b> 」) HKD     港元	- 4 1	945 4 3	- -	-
	5	952	-	_

綜合財務報表附註

#### *For the year ended 31 December 2024* 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

## 43. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONT'D)

#### (a) Foreign currency risk (Cont'd)

The Group is mainly exposed to the risk of fluctuation of USD, AUD and HKD when such currencies are not the functional currencies of the relevant group entities.

During the year, the Group's foreign currency risk arising from USD is not material as the exchange rate of HKD is pegged against USD. In addition, the monetary assets and monetary liabilities denominated in HKD and AUD are immaterial. Therefore, no sensitivity analysis is disclosed.

#### (b) Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in a financial loss to the Group. The Group's credit risk is primarily attributable to accounts receivable, loan and interest receivable, other receivables, cash and cash equivalents. Management has a credit policy in place and the exposures to these credit risks are monitored on an ongoing basis. As at 31 December 2024, the Group did not provide any guarantee which would expose the Group to credit risk.

Credit evaluations are performed on customers requiring credit terms. These evaluations focus on the customer's history of making payments and current abilities to pay, and take into account information specific to the customer as well as pertaining to the economic environment in which the customer operates. The Group holds collateral against one of the loan and interest receivables in the form of asset charge over listed securities held by the borrower. As at 31 December 2024, except for approximately HK\$15,283,000 gross loan and interest receivables of the Group were secured by asset charge over listed securities, all the gross loan and interest receivables of the Group were unsecured.

The Group's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristics of each customer and therefore significant concentrations of credit risk primarily arise when the Group has significant exposure to individual customers. As at 31 December 2024 and 2023, there has no concentration of credit risk with respect to accounts receivable as the Group has large number of customers. As at 31 December 2024, approximately 35.03% (2023: 37.1%) of the total loan and interest receivables were concentrated in one customer of the Group, and approximately 100% (2023: 99.4%) of the total loan and interest receivables were concentrated in five (2023: five) customers of the Group. 43. 金融風險管理目標及政策 (續)

#### (a) 外匯風險(續)

本集團主要面臨美元、澳元及港元 (當該等貨幣並非相關集團實體的功 能貨幣)的波動風險。

於年內,由於港元兌美元的匯率掛 鈎,故本集團自美元產生的外匯風 險並不重大。此外,以港元及澳元 計值的貨幣資產及貨幣負債並不重 大。因此,並無披露敏感度分析。

#### (b) 信貸風險

信貸風險是指交易對手方就其合約 義務違約而導致本集團面臨財務建 約面導致本集團面臨財務主 源於應收賬款、現金及等同現金項 之信貸風險按持之。 等信貸風險按持續基準進行監控。 於二零二四年十二月三十一日,承 擔信貸風險。

本集團面臨的信貸風險主要受各客 戶的個別特徵影響,因此,信貸風 險過份集中主要在本集團承擔個人 客戶的重大風險時產生。於二零 二四年及二零二三年十二月三十一 日,由於本集團擁有大量客戶,故 並無有關應收賬款的重大信貸集一 日,應收貸款及利息總額約35.03% (二零二三年:37.1%)集中於本集 團的一名客戶,應收貸款及利息總 額約100%(二零二三年:99.4%)集 中於本集團的五(二零二三年:五) 名客戶。 NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註 For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

## 43. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONT'D)

#### (b) Credit risk (Cont'd)

#### Maximum exposure and year-end staging

The tables below shows the credit quality and the maximum exposure to credit risk based on the Group's credit policy, which is mainly based on past due information unless other information is available without undue cost or effort, and year-end staging classification as at 31 December.

The amounts presented are gross carrying amounts for financial assets stated in the following table:

#### 31 December 2024

# 43. 金融風險管理目標及政策 (續)

(b) 信貸風險(續)

#### 最大風險及年末階段

下表根據本集團信貸政策列示信貸 質素及面臨的最大信貸風險,其主 要依據逾期資料及於十二月三十一 日年末階段分類,除非其他資料無 須付出不必要的成本或努力即可獲 得。

下表所呈列金額為所列金融資產的 賬面總值:

#### 二零二四年十二月三十一日

		12-month	Lifetime	9		
		ECLs	ECLs			
		12個月				
		預期信貸				
		虧損	全期預期信貸	資虧損		
					Simplified	
		Stage 1 第1階段 HK\$'000 千港元	Stage 2 第2階段 HK\$'000 千港元	Stage 3 第3階段 HK\$'000 千港元	approach 簡化方法 HK\$′000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
Accounts receivable, loan and interest receivables	應收賬款、應收貸款及利息	28,340	-	15,283	50	43,673
Financial assets included in prepayments, other receivables, and other assets**	計入預付款項、其他應收 款項及其他資產之 金融資產**	45,840	8,316	4	-	54,160
Cash and bank balances	現金及銀行結餘	10,987	-	-	-	10,987
		85,167	8,316	15,287	50	108,820

綜合財務報表附註

*For the year ended 31 December 2024* 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

## 43. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONT'D)

(b) Credit risk (Cont'd)

Maximum exposure and year-end staging (Cont'd)

31 December 2023

- 43. 金融風險管理目標及政策 (續)
  - (b) 信貸風險(續)

#### 最大風險及年末階段(續)

二零二三年十二月三十一日

		12-month ECLs 12個月 預期信貸 虧損	Lifetime ECLs 全期預期信貸			
		Stage 1 第1階段 HK <b>\$</b> '000 千港元	Stage 2 第2階段 HK <b>\$</b> '000 千港元	Stage 3 第3階段 HK\$'000 千港元	Simplified approach 簡化方法 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
Accounts receivable, loan and interest receivables* Financial assets included in prepayments, other receivables,	應收賬款、應收貸款及利息* 計入預付款項、其他應收 款項及其他資產之	51,466	-	_	3,426	54,892
and other assets** Cash and bank balances	款保及共高資産∠ 金融資產★★ 現金及銀行結餘	41,146 6,569	-	2,557	-	43,703 6,569
		99,181	-	2,557	3,426	105,164

- \* For the accounts receivable, the Group applies the simplified approach for impairment, information based on the provision matrix is disclosed in note 22(b) to the consolidated financial statements.
- \*\* The credit quality of the financial assets included other receivables and other current assets are considered to be "normal" when they are not past due and there is no information indicating that the financial assets had a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. Otherwise, the credit quality of the financial assets is considered to be "doubtful" or "loss".
- \* 就應收賬款而言,本集團就減值 應用簡化方法,基於撥備矩陣的 資料於綜合財務報表附註22(b)披 露。
- \*\* 金融資產的信貸質素包括其他應 收款項及其他流動資產,當其並 未逾期且概無資料顯示金融資產 自初始確認以來信貸風險顯著增 加時被認為屬「正常」。否則,金融 資產的信貸質素被認為屬「可疑」或 「虧損」。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註 For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

## 43. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONT'D)

#### (c) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group cannot meet its current obligations as they fall due.

The following table shows the remaining contractual maturities at the end of the reporting period of the Group's non-derivative financial liabilities, which are based on contractual undiscounted cash flows (including interest payments computed using contractual rates or, if floating, based on rates current at the end of the reporting period) and the earliest date on which the Group can be required to pay.

43. 金融風險管理目標及政策 (續)

(c) 流動資金風險

流動資金風險為本集團無法履行現 時到期責任的風險。

下表載列於報告期末本集團非衍生 金融負債的剩餘合約期限,乃基於 合約未貼現現金流量(包括根據合約 利率計算或,倘為浮動利率,則根 據報告期末的現時利率計算的利息 付款)及本集團需要付款的最早日期 計算。

					Carrying
		Within		Total	amount at
		1 year or		undiscounted	31 December
		on demand	1-5 years	cash flows	2024
					於
					二零二四年
				未貼現	十二月
		於一年內		現金流量	三十一日
		或按要求	一至五年	總額	之賬面值
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
2024	二零二四年				
Trade and other payables,	貿易及其他應付款項及				
and accruals	應計費用	33,131	-	33,131	33,131
Interest-bearing bank and	計息銀行及其他借貸				
other borrowings		98,343	8,897	107,240	103,091
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	777	76	853	839
		132,251	8,973	141,224	137,061

綜合財務報表附註

*For the year ended 31 December 2024* 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

## 43. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONT'D)

## 43. 金融風險管理目標及政策 (續)

#### (c) Liquidity risk (Cont'd)

#### (c) 流動資金風險(續)

		86,134	28,890	115,024	114,332
Convertible loans	可換股貸款	8,512	-	8,512	8,328
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	4,811	1,053	5,864	5,673
Interest-bearing bank and other borrowings	計息銀行及其他借貸	38,439	27,837	66,276	65,959
2023 Trade and other payables, and accruals	二零二三年 貿易及其他應付款項及 應計費用	34,372	-	34,372	34,372
		於一年內 或按要求 HK <b>\$</b> '000 千港元	一至五年 HK <b>\$</b> ′000 千港元	未貼現 現金流量 總額 HK <b>\$</b> '000 千港元	————————— 十二月 三十一日 之賬面值 HK\$ <sup>*</sup> 000 千港元
		Within 1 year or on demand	1-5 years	Total undiscounted cash flows	amount al 31 December 2023 於 二零二三年
		Milah in		Tetel	Carrying

#### (d) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Group's fair value and cash flow interest rate risks mainly relate to fixed and variable rates borrowings respectively. In order to exercise prudent management against interest rate risk, the Group continues to review the market trend, as well as its business operations needs and its financial position, so as to arrange the most effective interest rate risk management tools.

The Group's cash flow interest rate risk is mainly concentrated on the fluctuation of the business lending rates in Australia (2023: the business lending rates in Australia). The Group manages its fair value interest rate risk, when it is considered significant, by entering into appropriate swap contracts.

#### (d) 利率風險

利率風險是指由於市場利率變動而 引致金融工具之公平值或未來現金 流量波動之風險。本集團之公平值 及現金流量利率風險乃主要分別與 固定及浮動借貸利率有關。為就利 率風險進行審慎管理,本集團繼續 審閱市場趨勢、其經營業務需求及 其財務狀況,以安排最佳實際利率 風險管理工具。

本集團之現金流量利率風險主要集 中於澳洲商業貸款利率(二零二三 年:澳洲商業貸款利率)浮動。本集 團於其認為風險重大時通過訂立適 當之掉期合約管理其公平值利率風 險。 NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 综合財務報表附註 For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

## 43. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONT'D)

#### (d) Interest rate risk (Cont'd)

The sensitivity analysis below has been determined based on the exposure to interest rates for variablerate interest-bearing bank and other borrowings at the end of the reporting period. The analysis is prepared assuming the amount of liability outstanding at the end of the reporting period has been outstanding for the whole year. A 50 basis point increase or decrease is used which represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in interest rates. If interest rates had been 50 basis points higher/ lower and all other variables were held constant, the Group's loss (2023: profit) for the year ended 31 December 2024 would have increased/decreased (2023: decreased/increased) by approximately HK\$362,000 (2023: HK\$279,000).

#### (e) Market price risk

Market price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument traded in the market will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. The Group manages market prices risk, when it is considered significant, by entering into appropriate derivatives contracts.

The Group is exposed to equity price risk arising from equity investments classified as financial assets at FVTOCI and financial assets at FVTPL.

At 31 December 2024, the Group had financial assets at FVTPL of approximately HK\$36,167,000 (2023: HK\$61,697,000) (note 24) and financial assets at FVTOCI of approximately HK\$1,426,000 (2023: HK\$2,887,000) (note 20), which were exposed to market price risk.

## 43. 金融風險管理目標及政策 (續)

(d) 利率風險(續)

以下敏感度分析乃根據於報告期末 之浮息計息銀行及其他借貸利率風 險釐定。有關分析乃假設於報告期 末尚未償還之負債於整個年度均為 尚未償還而編製。所使用之上升或 下降50個基點乃為管理層對利率合 理可能變動之評估。倘利率上升/ 下降50個基點,而所有其他變量保 持不變,本集團截至二零二四年十 二月三十一日止年度之虧損(二零二 三年:減少/增加)約362,000港元 (二零二三年:279,000港元)。

#### (e) 市場價格風險

市場價格風險是指由於市場價格變 動而引致在市場上交易之金融工具 之公平值或未來現金流量波動之風 險。本集團於其認為風險重大時通 過訂立適當之衍生工具合約管理市 場價格風險。

本集團面臨分類為按公平值透過其 他全面收益列賬之金融資產及按公 平值透過損益列賬之金融資產之股 本投資所產生股價風險。

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,本 集團擁有按公平值透過損益列賬之 金融資產約36,167,000港元(二零二 三年:61,697,000港元)(附註24)及 按公平值透過其他全面收益列賬之 金融資產約1,426,000港元(二零二 三年:2,887,000港元)(附註20), 兩者均面臨市場價格風險。

綜合財務報表附註

*For the year ended 31 December 2024* 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

## 43. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONT'D)

#### (e) Market price risk (Cont'd)

The sensitivity analysis below has been determined based on the exposure to equity price risks as at 31 December 2024.

If the prices of the respective equity instruments had been 10% higher/lower:

- loss (2023: profit) for the year ended 31 December 2024 would decrease/increase (2023: increase/ decrease) by approximately HK\$3,617,000 (2023: HK\$6,170,000) for the Group as a result of the changes in fair value of financial assets at FVTPL; and
- fair value reserve of financial assets at FVTOCI (non-recycling) would increase/decrease by approximately HK\$143,000 (2023: HK\$289,000) for the Group as a result of the changes in fair value of financial assets at FVTOCI.

#### (f) Fair value

The carrying amounts of the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities as reflected in the consolidated statement of financial position that approximate their respective fair values. 43. 金融風險管理目標及政策 (續)

(e) 市場價格風險(續)

下文之敏感度分析乃根據於二零二 四年十二月三十一日之股權價格風 險釐定。

倘相關股本工具價格上升/下降 10%,則:

- 本集團截至二零二四年十二月 三十一日止年度之虧損(二零 二三年:溢利)將減少/增加 (二零二三年:增加/減少)約 3,617,000港元(二零二三年: 6,170,000港元),原因為按公 平值透過損益列賬之金融資產 之公平值出現變動;及
- 本集團按公平值透過其他全面 收益列賬之金融資產之公平值 儲備(不可劃轉)將增加/減少 約143,000港元(二零二三年: 289,000港元),原因為按公平 值透過其他全面收益列賬之金 融資產之公平值出現變動。

(f) 公平值

於綜合財務狀況表所反映之本集團 金融資產及金融負債之賬面值與其 各自之公平值相若。

# 44. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE 44. 本公司財務狀況表 COMPANY

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$′000 千港元
NON-CURRENT ASSETS	非流動資產		
Property, plant and equipment Interests in subsidiaries	物業、廠房及設備 於附屬公司之權益	16 406	24 406
Total non-current assets	非流動資產總值	422	430
CURRENT ASSETS	流動資產		
Amounts due from subsidiaries Prepayments, other receivables and	應收附屬公司款項 預付款項、其他應收款項及	78,125	136,658
other assets	其他資產	4,991	156
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及等同現金項目	1,970	573
Total current assets	流動資產總值	85,086	137,387
CURRENT LIABILITIES	流動負債		
Accruals, deposits and other payables	應計費用、按金及	4 424	2 202
Amounts due to subsidiaries	其他應付款項 應付附屬公司款項	4,424 48,127	2,202 57,963
Short term borrowings	短期借貸	18,700	7,000
Total current liabilities		71,251	67,165
NET CURRENT ASSETS		13,835	70,222
NET ASSETS		14,257	70,652
CAPITAL AND RESERVES	股本及儲備		
Share capital	股本	51,560	51,560
Reserves	儲備	(37,303)	19,092
TOTAL EQUITY	總權益	14,257	70,652

Approved and authorised for issue by the Board on 31 March 2025 and signed on its behalf by: 經董事會於二零二五年三月三十一日批 准及授權刊發,並由下列人士代表簽 署:

Ng Ting Ho 吳廷浩 Director 董事 Fong Chak Kiu 方澤翹 Director 董事

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

## 44. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY (CONT'D)

44. 本公司財務狀況表(續)

Details of the changes in the Company's individual components of equity between the beginning and the end of the year are set out below:

有關本公司個別權益部分於年初與年末 之間的變動詳情載列如下:

The Company 本公司		Treasury shares 庫存股份 HK\$'000 千港元	Contributed surplus 實繳盈餘 HK\$'000 千港元	Accumulated losses 累計虧損 HK\$'000 千港元	<b>Total</b> 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 January 2023	於二零二三年一月一日	-	1,203,541	(1,158,320)	45,221
Loss for the year	本年度虧損	-	-	(10,698)	(10,698)
Repurchase of shares	購回股份	(17,233)	-	-	(17,233)
Cancellation of shares	註銷股份	17,233	(15,431)	-	1,802
At 31 December 2023 and 1 January 2024	於二零二三年十二月三十一日及				
	二零二四年一月一日	-	1,188,110	(1,169,018)	19,092
Loss for the year	本年度虧損	-	-	(56,395)	(56,395)
Repurchase of shares	購回股份	-	-	-	-
Cancellation of shares	註銷股份	-	-	-	-
At 31 December 2024	於二零二四年十二月三十一日	-	1,188,110	(1,225,413)	(37,303)

## 45. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES OF 45. 本公司主要附屬公司之詳情 THE COMPANY

Details of the principal subsidiaries are as follows:

主要附屬公司之詳情如下:

Name 名稱		Place of incorporation/ business and operation 註冊成立/ 營業及經營地點	Type of legal entity 法人類別	Particulars of issued share capital/ registered capital 已發行股本/ 註冊資本詳情	Attributa equity interes the Comp 本公司 持有應佔 Directly 直接	t held by bany ]	Group's effective interest 本集團 實際權益	Principal Activities 主要業務
1.	Balgownie Estate Resort Operations Pty Ltd	Australia 澳洲	Limited liability Company 有限責任公司	AUD 1 1澳元	_	100%	100%	Provision of hospitality and related services in Australia 於澳洲提供酒店及 相關服務
2.	Balgownie Estate Yarra Glen Holdings Pty Ltd	Australia 澳洲	Limited liability Company 有限責任公司	AUD 1 1澳元	-	100%	100%	Investment holding 投資控股
3.	Balgownie Estate Yarra Glen Land Pty Ltd	Australia 澳洲	Limited liability Company 有限責任公司	AUD 1 1澳元	-	100%	100%	Provision of hospitality and related services in Australia 於澳洲提供酒店及 相關服務
4.	Century Harvest Investment Limited 福永投資有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Limited liability Company 有限責任公司	HK <b>\$</b> 1 1港元	-	100%	100%	Investment holding 投資控股
5.	Endless Foison Limited	BVI 英屬處女群島	Limited liability Company 有限責任公司	USD 50,000 50,000美元	100%	-	100%	Investment holding 投資控股
6.	Ensure Profit Limited 智運有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Limited liability Company 有限責任公司	HK <b>\$1</b> 1港元	-	100%	100%	Investment holding 投資控股
7.	Ever Robust Holdings Limited 連捷控股有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Limited liability Company 有限責任公司	HK <b>\$1</b> 1港元	-	100%	100%	Securities investments 證券投資

綜合財務報表附註

*For the year ended 31 December 2024* 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

## 45. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES OF THE COMPANY (CONT'D)

45. 本公司主要附屬公司之詳情 (續)

Name 名稱		Place of incorporation/ business and operation 註冊成立/ 營業及經營地點	Type of legal entity 法人類別	Particulars of issued share capital/ registered capital 已發行股本/ 註冊資本詳情	Attribut equity interes the Com  本公司 持有應佔	st held by pany 회	Group's effective interest 本集團 實際權益	Principal Activities 主要業務
					Directly 直接	Indirectly 間接		
8.	HK Health Maintenance and Preserving Centre Limited 香港健康管理及養生醫 中心有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Limited liability Company 有限責任公司	HK <b>\$</b> 1 1港元	_	100%	100%	Provision of medical services 提供醫療服務
9.	Leisure King Hong Kong Limited 行卓香港有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Limited liability Company 有限責任公司	HK <b>\$</b> 1 1港元	-	100%	100%	Investment holding 投資控股
10.	Mark Profit Finance Limited 百利財務有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Limited liability Company 有限責任公司	HK <b>\$</b> 1 1港元	-	100%	100%	Money lending 借貸
11.	Master Destiny Limited	BVI 英屬處女群島	Limited liability Company 有限責任公司	USD 50,000 50,000美元	-	100%	100%	Investment holding 投資控股
12.	Triple Art Limited 三藝有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Limited liability Company 有限責任公司	HK <b>\$1</b> 1港元	-	100%	100%	Provision of administrative services 提供行政服務
13.	Unique Fortune Limited 怡佳有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Limited liability Company 有限責任公司	HK <b>\$</b> 1 1港元	-	100%	100%	Investment holding 投資控股

The above table lists the subsidiaries of the Company which, in the opinion of the Directors, principally affected the results for the year or formed a substantial portion of the operations and net assets of the Group. To give details of other subsidiaries would, in the opinion of the Directors, result in particulars of excessive length.

## 46. APPROVAL OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The consolidated financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the Board on 31 March 2025.

上表僅列示董事認為主要影響本集團年 內業績或構成業務營運及資產淨值主要 部分的本公司附屬公司的詳情。董事認 為,提供其他附屬公司的詳情將導致篇 幅冗長。

# 46. 批准綜合財務報表

綜合財務報表於二零二五年三月三十一 日獲董事會批准及授權刊發。 A summary of the results and of the assets, liabilities and noncontrolling interests of the Group for the last five financial years, as extracted from the published audited consolidated financial statements and restated/reclassified as appropriate, is set out below. 下文為本集團最近五個財政年度之業績與資 產、負債及非控股權益概要,乃摘錄自本集團 之已公佈經審核綜合財務報表,並經適當重 列/重新分類。

## RESULTS

業績

#### Years ended 31 December 截至十二月三十一日止年度

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元 (Re-presented) (經重列)	2024 二零二四年 HK\$′000 千港元
Revenue	收入	1,050,847	1,799,501	134,373	64,530	68,328
Profit/(loss) for the year	本年度溢利/(虧損)	(104,436)	10,841	9,925	12,452	(87,536)
Attributable to: the Shareholders Non-controlling interests	以下人士應佔: 股東 非控股權益	(72,697) (31,739) (104,436)	55,699 (44,858) 10,841	11,205 (1,280) 9,925	12,644 (192) 12,452	(87,562) 26 (87,536)

## ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

# 資產及負債

#### At 31 December 於十二月三十一日

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$′000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$′000 千港元	2022 二零二二年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK <b>\$</b> ′000 千港元	2024 二零二四年 HK\$′000 千港元
Non-current assets	非流動資產	349,303	399,281	337,013	296,752	222,161
Current assets Deduct:	流動資產 減:	784,747	258,613	257,817	144,750	147,248
Current liabilities	流動負債	(820,882)	(277,300)	(254,982)	(95,958)	(138,521)
Net current assets/(liabilities)	流動資產/(負債)淨額	(36,135)	(18,687)	2,835	48,792	8,727
Total assets less current	資產總值減流動負債					
liabilities		313,168	380,594	339,848	345,544	230,888
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債	(53,123)	(62,783)	(43,943)	(28,564)	(7,616)
Net assets	資產淨值	260,045	317,811	295,905	316,980	223,272

